# PRACTICAL <br> JUNE 1972 <br> $20 p$ 

# 12W Recond Player 

## Extelle

## RZC HIGH-FIDELITY STEREO PACKAGE <br> $\star$ TA12 AMPLIFIER

$\star$ SUPER 30 AMPLIFIER $(15+15$ watt) in veneered housing $\star$ GARRARD SP25 MK III TurnGable on Plinth with cover GOLDRING G850 Magnetic cartridge with diamond stylus

* PAIR OF STANWAY II Speaker Units
Special Total Price Carr. $£ 1 \cdot 50$
Carr. 21.50 U Terms: Deposit $£ 12.75$ and 9 monthly payments $£ 9.37$ (Total $£ 97.08$ )
$\star$ Super 30 Amplifier ( $15+15$ watt in veneered housing
* Goldring GL69 II Iranscription Turntable on Plinth as illustrated - Goldring Magnetic P.U. Cartridge
* Pair of Stanway II f00.75 Carr speaker units
Special Total Price LUU. J £1-50
Terms: Deposit , $\mathbf{1 1 4 . 7 5}$ and 9 monthly payments $£ 10 \cdot 62$ (Total $£ 110 \cdot 33$ ).


Matching as recommended for optimum performance.
Package prices apply providing all individual units are purchased
$6.5+6.5$ watt in veneered housing

* GARRARD SP25 MK III Player unit on Plinth
* GOLDRING CS90 Ceramic P.U Cartridge with diamond stylus
$\star$ PAIR OF DORCHESTER Loudspeaker Units Special Total Price Or Deposit 59 and
 9 monthly payments
 Trans. Plastic Cover $£ 3 \cdot 15$ extra. PACKAGE AS ABOVE but with Garrard 3000 Autochanger and Sonotone 9TA Ceramic Cartridge in lieu of SP25 and CS90 Carr. $£ 1 \cdot 25$ Or Deposit $£ 8$ and 9 monthly payments $£ 5 \cdot 58$ (Total $£ 58 \cdot 22$ ) Trans. Plastic cover $£ 3 \cdot 15$ extra


Individual Ganged Controls: Bass, Treble, Volume and Balance. Printed circuit construction employing 10 Transistors plus Diodes. Output rating I.H.F.M. Frequency range 20-20,000 c.p.s. Bass Control $\pm 12 \mathrm{db}$. Treble Control $\pm 13 \mathrm{db}$. Selector switch impedances of 3 to 15 ohms. For standard $200-$ 250 v . A.C. mains operation. Attractive Black and Silver finished metal facia plate and matching coatal lnome COMPLETE EIT OF PARTS INCLUDING FULLY WIRED PRIMTED CIECUIT and $\begin{array}{ll}\text { comprehensive witing } \\ \text { diagram and instructions }\end{array} \quad \& \| .50 \quad$ Carr.

Of FACTORY BUILT IN TEAK FENEERED CABINET as illustrated $\mathbf{8 1 4 . 9 9}$ or dep. $£ 2 \cdot 20$ and 9 monthly payments $£ 1 \cdot 70$ (Total $£ 17 \cdot 50$ ).
AUDIOTRINE HI-FI SPEAKER SYSTEMS
Consisting of matched 12 in . 11,000 line 15 Watt 15 ohm high quality speaker, cross-over unit and tweeter. Smooth response and extended frequency range ensure surprisingly realistic reproduction. OR SENIOR 15 WATT INCLUDING HF126 15,000 LINE SPEAKER

## AUDIOTRINE HIGH FIDELITY SPEAKERS

Heary construction. Latest high efficiency ceramic magnets. Treated Cone surround. " $D$ "indicates Tweeter Cone providing 8-15 ohms. PLEASE STATE CHOICE. Exceptional porformance at low cost
HF808T $8^{\prime \prime}$ 10W 88.88 FIF120D $12^{\prime \prime}$ 15W 84.75


## FANE 807 HIGH FIDELITY SPEAKER

A fun range sin. 10 watt unit for excellent sound quality, in suitable enclosure. Cast chassis Roll P.V.C. cone surround and long throw voice coil to achieve very low fundamental resonance of 30 c.p.s. Treeter cone is ftted to extend high note response. Frequency range 25 Hz tr 15 KHz. Gauss 10,000 . Impedance 3 or $8-15 \Omega$. STATE $£ 3.85$ WHEN ORDERING


## HIGH FIDELITY LOUDSPEAKER UNITS

Cabinets latest style Satin Teak veneer. Acoustically lined or filled
acoustic damping. Ported where appropriate. Credit terms available.
DORCHESTER (Illustrated) Size $16 \times 11 \times 9 \mathrm{in}$. appr. Range 45-15,000
c.p.s. Rating 8 -10 watts. Fitted High flux $13 \times 8$ in. $\mathbf{4 9 . 4 5}$
Dual Cone speaker. Irop. 3 or 15 ohms.
with highly flil Size $20 \times 10 \frac{4}{} \times 9$ inin. approx. Rating 10 watts. Inc. $13 \times 8 \mathrm{in}$. speaker with highly flexible cone surround, long throw voice coil and 10,000 line magnet. High flux tweeter. Handsome Scandinavian design cabinet. Range 35-20,000 c.p.s. Imp. 8 ohms. Gives smooth realistic sound output. See 'package offers' for 117.85
illustration
R.S.C. TAI2 MKIII $6.5+6.5$ WATT STEREO AMPLIFIER FULLY TRAHSISTORISED, SOLID STATE CONSFRDCRION HIGH FIDELITY OUTPUT OF 6.5 WATTS PER CEANNEL
Designed for optimum performance with any crystal or ceramic Gram. P.U. cartridge, Radio tuner, Tape recorder etc. $\$ 3$ separate switched input sockets on each channel * Separate Bass and Treble controls * Slide Switch for mono use $\star$ Speaker Output
 $3-15$ ohms $\star$ For $200-250 \mathrm{v}$. A.C. Mains $\star$ Frequency
Response $20-20,000$ c.p.s. $-2 \mathrm{~dB} \star$ Harmonic Distor-
 tion $0.3 \%$ at 1,000 c.p.s. Hum and Noise -70 dB 大 Sensitivities (1) 50 mV (2) 400 mV COMPLETE KY
 Deposit $£ 3$ and 9 mthly pymts $£ 2 \cdot 15$ (Total $422 \cdot 35$ ). Or in Teak veneer housing 123 Dep. 88 \& 9 mthly payments $£ 2 \cdot 55$ (Total $£ 25 \cdot 95$ ). Send S.A.E. for leaffet.

## HI-FI SPEAKER ENCLOSURES MODERN DESIGN

Teak veneer finish. Acou
Carr. 35 p. per enclosure.
JES Size $16 \times 11 \times 9 \mathrm{in}$. Pressurised. SE8 For optimum performance Gives pleasing results with
any 8 in . $\mathrm{Hi}-\mathrm{Fi}$ speaker. Ported.
SE10 For outstanding results SE12 For exclnt primene with 12 in


R.S.C. BATTERY/MAINS CONVERSION UNITS

TYPE BM1. An all-dry battery eliminator. Size $5 \frac{1}{2} \times 4 \frac{1}{2} \times 2 \mathrm{in}$. approx. Completely replaces batteries supplying 1.5 v and 90 v COMPLETE KIT $£ 3.25$ ASSEMBLED READY 43.75


## R.S.C. TA6 6 Watt HI-FI AMPLIFIER

200-250v. AC mains operated. Frequency Response $30-20,000$ c.p.s.
$\sqrt{6}+x_{0}$ Treble 'lift and cut' controls. 3 input sockets for Mike, Gram, Radio
$\leq-2$ or Tape. Input selector switch. Output for $\mathbf{3 . 1 5}$ ohm spkrs. Max. sensitivity 5 mV Output rating I.H.F.M. Fully enclosed enamelled case, $9 \frac{2}{2} \times 28 \times 52 \mathrm{in}$. Attractive brushed silver fimish facia plate $10 \frac{1}{4} \times 3 \frac{1}{i}$ in. and matching knobs. Complete kit of parts with full wiring diagrams and instractions. OR FACTORY BUILT WITH 12 MONTHS' GUARANTEE $£ 9 \cdot 75$

## R.S.C. MkIII SUPER 30 HIGH FIDELITY STEREO AMPLIFIER

A COMPLETELY NEW DESIGN FURTHER IMPROVED IN BOTH APPEARANCE and PERFORMANCE. REPRESENTING VALUE FAR HIGHER THAN THE PRICES SUGGEST. Only high grade components leading manufacturers: COMPLETE KIT OFF PARTS $\mathcal{L} G$ Or FACTORY BULLT with 12 months guarantee. Dep. $£ 5 \cdot 75$ and 9 months payments $£ 3.50$ (Total $£ 37 \cdot 25$.)
Or FACTORY BUILT in cabinet tus 7 Or FACTORY BUILT in cabinet as
 TRANSISTORS. FOUR DIODES,
FOUR RECTIFIERS


* SATIN SILVER METAL FACIA with black letter ing. Black edged knobs with bright silver centres * NEON INDICATOR
* JACK SOCKET FOR HEADPHONES
* CABINETED MODEL VENEERED IN SATIN TEAK. SUITAELE FOR ANY MODERN PICK. UP CARTRIDGE CERAMIC OF MAGNETIC,
REGARDLESS OF PRICE. WE RECOMMEND REGARDLESS OF PRICE. WE RECOMMEND USE WITH THE BEST ANCILLA
MENT THAT CAN BE AFFORDED.

OUTPUT: 15 watts R.M.S. (Continuous) into 8 ohms. TECHNICAL DETALLS (Applying to each channel where appropriate)


CN. 240/2 Miniature soldering iron 15 watt 240 volts, fitted with nickel plated 3/32" bit and packed in transparent display box. Also available for 220 volts. Price $£ 1.70$
CN. 240 Miniature soldering iron 15 watt 240 volts, fitted with iron coated 3/32" bit. Up to 18 interchangeable spare. bits obtainable. This iron can also be supplied for 220, 110,50 or 24 volts. Price $£ 1.70$
G. 240 Miniature soldering iron 18 watt 240 volts extensively used by H.M. Forces. Suitable for high speed soldering and fitted with iron coated 3/32" bit. Also available for 220 volts. Spare bits $1 / 8^{\prime \prime}, 3 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ and $1 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ are obtainable. Price $£ 1.83$.


CCN. 240 New model 15 watt 240 volts miniature soldering iron with ceramic shaft to ensure perfect insulation ( $4,000 \vee$ A.C.). Will solder live transistors in perfect safety: fitted with $3 / 32^{\prime \prime}$ iron coated bit. Spare bits $1 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ $3 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ and $1 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ available. Can also be supplied for 220 volts.
Price $\mathbf{f 1 . 8 0}$
CCN.240/7 The same soldering iron fitted with our new 7-star high efficiency bit for very high speed soldering The triple-coated bits are iron, nickel and chromium plated. Price $£ 1.95$

## E. 240

20 watt $240 . v$ olts soldering iron fitted with $1 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ iron coated bit. Spare bits 3/32", 1/8" and 3/16" available. Can also be supplied for 220 and 110 volts. Price $£ 1.80$.
ES. 24025 watt 240 volts soldering iron fitted with $1 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ iron coated bit. Spare bits $3 / 32^{\prime \prime}, 3 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ and $1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ available. Can also be supplied for 220 and 110 volts. Price $£ 1.83$


SK. 1
SOLDERING KIT
The kit contains a 15 watt 240 volts soldering iron fitted with a 3/16" bit, nickel plated spare bits of $5 / 32^{\circ \prime}$ and $3 / 32^{\prime \prime}$, a reel of solder, heat sink.

[^0]
## SK. 2 SOLDERING KIT

This kit contains a Name $\qquad$
Address 15 watt 240 volts soldering iron fitted with a $3 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ bit, nickel plated spare bits of $5 / 32^{\prime \prime}$ and $3 / 32^{\prime \prime}$, a reel of solder, Heat Sink, 1 amp fuse and booklet
Price £2.40. 'How to Solder'


## MES. 12

A battery operated 12 volts 25 watt soldering iron complete with $15^{\circ}$ lead, two crocodile clips for connection to car battery and a booklet "How to Solder" packed in a strong plastic wallet. Price $£ 1.95$.


## The Unique

MULT-MINI TWIN-VICE


An extra "Pair of hands" for those tricky jobs ASSEMBLY-SOLDERING-GLUING-WIRING-DRILLING ETC

- INDEPENDENT ADJUSTMENT OF THE TWO VICE HEADS TO ANY ANGLE WITH POSITIVE LOCKING.
- JAWS WILL FIRMLY GRIP, ROUND. FLAT. SQUARE, OR HEXAGONAL PARTS.
TWIN VICE: $\mathbf{6 5 . 9 0 ( 2 5 p ~ P ~ \& ~ P ) ~}$ alSO AVallable
SINGLE VICE: $\mathbf{E 3 . 3 7 \frac { 1 } { 2 }}$ (21p P \& P) COVENTRY MOVEMENT CO LTD. BURNSALL ROAD, COUVENTRY CV5 6BU

STD 02O3-74363

FRANSISTORISED F.M. tumer hocad wizt A.M. gang, slow mation cluive. 98-108Mcs, with circuit diagram, E/2.10p.
B.F.W. 10 Fct. Nevt (เanmarked) 5 for fil -0口p,

## SWITCHED JACK SOCKEY

 STEREG. Cliromerblach with white front washer, 30p each.
## Yall iterns post-paid in

CREAT ERITAIN
P.C BOARDS (hOE tomputer
panels].
1 oll E transistors simgle wave band
1 off 4 transistor ántio
1 oft al transistor
E1-50 the three
Encapsulated bridge rectifier (itt usd 3 simdh) 100 FlV 2 amps 50 p vach
E.M.f. Recordiry J̌ape in litrary pack.
1 oा $3^{n} 175 \mathrm{fl}$.
1 off $4^{*}$ scolt.
1 of $5^{x}$ b03ft.
Sirigle play.
$\mathbf{\$ 1} \cdot 25$ p the tiree
SURPLECTRONIGS
246 LEAGRAVE ROAD,
LUTON, LU3 1JD, EEDS.
 4-Station Transiator Intercom problems with this 3 Subs), in de-tuxe plastic cabinets for desk or wall mounting. Call/talk/listen from Haster to Sabs and Subs to Master, Ideally suitable for Business, Surgery, Schools, Hospital, Office and Home. Operates Complete witn 3 connecting wires each 66 ft and other accessories. P. \& P. £0.40.

```
MAINS INTERCOM
```

No batteries-no wires. Just plug in the mains for instant two-way, loud and clear communication On off switch and volume control. Price $£ 12 \cdot 40$


OUR PRICE
ONLY $£ 3.35$ game as 4-stakion in ercom for two-way inatant communication. Ideal as Baby Alarm and Door Phone. Complete with 6ift. connecting wire
Battery 14p. P. \& P. Et.s.i.
battery iap. P. \& P. EO.

ciency with this incredible De-luse Telephone Ampli fior. Take down long telephone messages or converge without holding the handset, A useful offle aid. On/ of switch, Volume Control. Battery 14p. extra. P. \& P. 22p. Full price refunded if not aatisfled in 7 days. 169 KGISINGTON HIGH STREMT, LONDOM, W. 8


## 3/ CARRY OUT OVER

 40 EXPERIMENTS ON BASIC ELECTRONIC CIRCUITS \& SEE HOW THEY WORK, including :valve experiments, transistor experiments amplifiers, oscillators, signal tracer, photo electric circuit, computer circuit, basic radio receiver, electronic switch, simple transmitter, ac. experiments, d.c. experiments, simple counter, time delay circuit, servicing procedures.

This new style course will enable anyone to really understand electronics by a modern. practical and visual method-no maths, and a minimum of theory -no previous knowledge required. It will also enable anyone to understand how to test, service and maintain all types of electronic equipment, radio and TV receivers, etc.


## special free gift also to all our students

## The largest selection

NEW LOW PRICE TESTED S．C．R．＇S



SIL．RECTS．TESTED

|  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathfrak{p}$ | $\mathrm{Epp}^{2}$ | 现 |
| 50040 | 0.05 | 0.05 |
| 1000.04 | 008 | 0.05 |
| 2000.05 | 0.09 | 0.06 |
| 4000.06 | 013 | 0.07 |
| 51000007 | 0.16 | $0 \cdot 10$ |
| 8000.10 | $0 \cdot 17$ | ． 0.13 |
| 10000.11 | $0-25$ | 0.15 |
| 1200 | 0.38 |  |


UNIJUNCTION OT46．Eqvi RN2646
Fqvt．TIS43．BEN3000 $\begin{array}{ll}17 \mathrm{p} \\ 27 & \text { each．} \\ 25-99 & 25 \mathrm{p}\end{array}$ 100 UP 20 p ．

NPN SILTCON PLANAR $\mathrm{BCI} 10 / 1108,10 \mathrm{p}$ each：
$50-999 \mathrm{p} ; 100$ un， 8p each： 1.000 off 7 p each．Fully－teste
and corled TO－18 case．

## FREE

One 50p Pals of your
own choice iree with
orders valued f4 or over．

## SPECIAL OFFER


CADMIUM CELLS OfP12 43p
ORP60，ORP61 40p each GENERAL PURPOSE NPN SILICON SWITCE－ ING TRANS．TO－18 $27 / 28 / 95 \mathrm{~A}$ ．All usable devices no open or thert ABLE in PNP Sim．to 2 A 2906 ，BCY70．When ordering please state preference NPN：or PNP

|  | F |  |
| ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 20 | For | 0.50 |
| 50 | For | 1.00 |
| 100 | For | 1.75 |
| 500 | For | 7.50 |
| 1000 | For | 13.00 |

## PHOTO TRANS．

OCP71 Type．43p

SIL．G．P．DIODES Ep 300 mW W0．0．50 $\begin{array}{ll}\text { 40PIV（Min．）} & 100 \cdot .150 \\ \text { Sub－Min．} & 500.5 \cdot 00\end{array}$ Full Tested 1,000 0．00 Ideal for Organ Builders．

D13D1 Silicon Unilateral switch 50p ecah．
A Silicon Planar，mono－ lithic integrated circuit trical characteristics elec－ with an anode gates．but built－in＂Zener＂and a built－in＂Zener＂diode between pate and application circuita a arail－ sle on request．

FULL RANGE OF ZENER DIODES RANGE 2－38V $400 \mathrm{Tn} V$（DO－7 Case）18p ea． $1 \frac{1}{2} W$（Top－
Hat） 18 p ea． 10 W （SO－10 Stuil） 25 p ea．All fully
testel $\delta \%$ tol．and
marked．State voltage tested ．$\%$ marked．State voltage
required． I0 amp POTTED
BRIDGE RECTIFIER
on heat sink．

| 1－5． | 3A | 10 A | A |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| £ | Ep | 的 | Ep |
| $0-67$ | 0.14 | 0.21 | 047 |
| 0－13 | 0.16 | 0.23 | 075 |
| 0.14 | 0.20 | 0－24 | 1.00 |
| 0.20 | 0.27 | 0.37 | 1.25 |
| 0.23 | 0.34 | 0.45 | 1.86 |
| 0.25 | 037 | 0.55 | 2.00 |
| $0 \cdot 30$ | 0－46 | $0 \cdot 63$ | 2.50 |
| 0.38 | 0.57 | 0.75 |  |
| FUL |  | ANGE | OF |
| ZEN | PR DI | DES |  |
| VOL | rage | － | ANGE |
| 2－38 | V． | 0 m V | D0－7 |
| Case | 13p | ． $1 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{~W}$ | （Top－ |
| Hat | 18p | 10W | （80－10 |
| Stu | 25p | ea．$A$ | fully |
| tes | $1{ }^{\circ}$ | ${ }^{\text {t }}$ | nd |
|  |  | te | uge |
|  |  |  |  |
|  | 0 am | 0 |  |
|  | IDGE | RECTI | ER |
|  | h | si |  |
|  | PIV | $90 \mathrm{p}$ | ch |

## JUMBO

 COMPONENT
## PAKS

 MIXED ELECTRONIC COMPONENTS Exceptionally good value Resistors，capacitors．pots，electrolytics and colla plus many other useful itema．Approxi－ mately 3 lhs in weight．
Price incl．P．\＆ P ． 81.50 only Plus your ratiefaction
money back gunrantee．

BRAND NEW TEXAS GERM．TRAMBISTORS Coded and Guaranteed Pak No．EQVT $\begin{array}{llll}\text { TI } & 8 & 2 G 3713 & 0 C 71 \\ \text { T2 } & 8 & \text { DI3T4 } & 0 \mathrm{OH}^{7} 5\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{llll}\text { T3 } & 8 & \text { D13i4 } & 0 \mathrm{OC75} \\ \text { T3 } & 8 & \text { D1216 } & \text { OC81D }\end{array}$ T4 8 2G3A1T 0 OC81


 $\begin{array}{lll}\text { T9 } \\ \text { T10 } & 8 & 2 G 399 A \\ 2 G 417 & \text { AF117 }\end{array}$ All 50p each pak 2N2060 NPN SIL．DUAL TRANS．CODE D1699 each．

120 VCB MIXIE DRIVER TRANSISTOR．Sim． FULLY TESTED AND CODED ND $120.1-24$
17 p each．TO：5 N．P．N． 25 up 15 p each．

Sil．trans．suitahle for Eqvt．ZTX 300 5p each． Any Qty．

## NEW LINE

Plastic Encspsulated 2 Amp．BRIDGE RECTS． 50 V RMS 32 p each 400 v RMA 47 p, Size $1.5 \mathrm{~mm} \times 6 \mathrm{gmim}$
－

KING OF THE PAKS Unequalled Value and Quality SUPER PAKS NEN Belipak UNTESTED

NEW QUALITY TESTED PAKS Pak Description

```
20 Recd apot trans. PNP AF.
16 White spot R.F.
4 Mratched trans OC44/45/81/81D
.6 Matched trans. OC
4 OC75 transistors
4 ACl28 trans. PNP high gain
    AC125 trans. PNP
    O Oc81 type trane.
    10
3 3 AF116 type trans.
    3 OC171 H F trans.
Q14 3 OC171 H.F. type trans.
    $15 o 2N2926 sil. epoxy trans. .....
    3 NPN 1 ST141 & 2 8T140
Q24
Q22 10 OA:202 sil. diodes sub-min.
Q24
Q25 6 INS14 sil. diodes 75PIV T5MA _...
Q25}66\mathrm{ INS14 sil. diodes 75PIV T5mA _...
Q427 ⿻丷 10A 600PIV siL. rects. 1S45 
Q2R 
```



```
        f Sil.smitch trane. 2N70% PNP
```



```
        M & sil. trans. 2 x 2N113T,
Q3# 3 gil. NPN trans. 2N1711. .%......
Q34 7 Stl. NPN trank. EN2369, 500MMHZ..
        1\times2N2005 ..................
    7 2NP946 TO-18 plistic
```



```
        PNP&Tans. 4 < 2N3703, 3 x 2N3702 0-50
        NPN trans. 4\times2N3704, 3\times2N3705
        Plom. 4x2N370%,3\times3N370s.
        3 Plastic NPN TO-18 2N3904.
    7 BC107 NPN trans
        NPN trang 4 x BCLOs.3 x BCiog
        BC115 NPN TO-18 trans
        6 NPA high gain 3 < BG157, 3\times BClB8
        4 BCY70 NPN trans. TO-18.
        BEY28 NPN-switch TO-18
        BSY9SA NPN trans. 300MH2
25 SiL. & germ. trans. mixed ail
```

    3 Madt's 2 MAT 101 & 1 MAT 121
    ```
    3 Madt's 2 MAT 101 & 1 MAT 121
Q20 4 OC44 germ. trans. A.F.
Q20 4 OC44 germ. trans. A.F.
```

1 MAT 120

```
1 MAT 120
4 Mart's: MAT 100 & 2 MAT 120
4 Mart's: MAT 100 & 2 MAT 120
36 7 2NSh46 TO-18 plistic 300MH2
......
```



```
69.- 0.50
    TOC81 tope trans.
25 Sil．\＆germ．trans．mixed ail
```

PRINTED CIRCUITS-EX-COMPUTER
Packed with semiconductors and components.
10 beards $i$ ive a guaranted 30 trans and 30 diodes.
Our price 10 hoards. 50p Plun 10 p P. \& P. 100
Our price 10 boards. 50p
Boards Es. P. \& P. 30p.

## $\underset{\substack{\text { Pitice } \\ \text { sp }}}{\text { Pr }}$

0.50
0.50

PRINTED CIRCUITS－EX－COMPUTER

Our price 10 boards．${ }^{\text {Soards \＆s．P．\＆P．} 30 \mathrm{p} .}$

Satisfaction GCARANTEEN in Every Pak，or money back． Pak No．

$\begin{array}{lll}U 6 & 30 & \text { Silicon planar transistors NPN sim. BSY95A. } 2 \mathrm{NF} 706 . . . . . \\ \mathrm{U} 7 & 0.50\end{array}$


U11 30 PNP siticon planar transistors TO-5 sim, en 1132
U13 25 PNP-NPN ail. transistors 0 C200 \& 2 SiO
U14 150 Mixed silicon and germanium diodes
U15 25 NPN Silicon planar transistors TO.5 sim. 2N697

| U15 |
| :--- |
| U16 |
| 10 S-Amp silicon recticersantud type up to 1000 PIV ........ |
| U17 |
| U18 Germaniom PNP AF transistors TO-5 like ACY $17-22$ |


| U15 |
| :--- |
| U16 |
| 10 S-Amp silicon recticersantud type up to 1000 PIV ........ |
| U17 |
| U18 Germaniom PNP AF transistors TO-5 like ACY $17-22$ |

U18 $\quad 86$-Amp silicon rectiflers BYZ 13 type up to 600 PIV.
U19 25 Silicon NPN transistors like BC108
U20 121.5 Amp silicon rectilers Top-Hat up to 1,000 PIV
$\begin{array}{lll}\text { U20 } & 121.5 \text { Amp ailicon rectilers Top-Hat up to } 1,000 \text { PIV } \ldots \text {. } \\ \text { U21 } & 30 \text { A.F. germanium alloy transistors } 2 \mathrm{G} 300 \text { series \& OC71 }\end{array}$

| U21 | 30 A.F. germaniuni alloy transigtors 2 G 300 ser |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| U23 | 30 Madt'x like MAT qeries PNP transistors. |

$\begin{array}{ll}\text { V23 } & 30 \text { Madt'в like MAT series PNP transistors. } \\ \text { U24 } 20 \text { Germanium I-Amp rectifiers GJM up to }\end{array}$

| U 24 | 20 Germanium 1-Amp rectifiers GJM up to 300 PI |
| :--- | :--- |
| U 25 | $25300 \mathrm{Me} / \mathrm{s}$ NPN Eflicon transistors 2N708, BSY2 |



| U26 | 30 Fast switching silicon diodes like IN914 micro-min |
| :--- | :--- |
| U29 | 10 1-Arup BCR"s T0-5 can up to 600 PIV CEASV1/25-600. . |


U99 10 1-AIMp BCR"s T0-5 can up to 600 PIV CESI/25-600......... 1 1-00
U31 20 Sil. Planar NPN trans. low noise anp SN3707.
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { U32 } & 25 \text { Zener ditodes } 400 \mathrm{~mW} \text { D } 07 \text { case mixed volts, } 3 \text {-18. . } \\ \text { U33 } & 15 \text { Piastic case } 1 \mathrm{amp} \text { gilicon rectifiers IN } 4000 \text { serief. }\end{array}$

| C33 | 15 Piastic case 1 amp silicon rectifiers IN4000 seri |
| :--- | :--- |
| C34 | 30 Sll. PNF alloy trans, TO-5 BCY26, $2 \$ 302 / 4$ | | U33 | 15 Plastic case 1 amp silicon rectifiers IN4000 series．． |
| :--- | :--- |
| C34 | 30 SUl．PNP alloy trans，TO－5 BCY26，2S302／4．．．． | U35 25 Sil．planar trans．PNP TO．18 2N2906．

 U37 30 sil．alloy trans．80－2 PNP，OCQ00 2532 E ． प38． 20 Fant switching ail，trans．NPN， $400 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s} 2 \mathrm{~N} 3011$ U39 30 RF germ．PNP trans． 2 N 1303 5 TO－5
U40 10 Dual trans． 6 lead TO－5 2N2060．
U41 25 RF germ．trans．TO－1 OC45 NKT7
U41 25 RF germ．trans TO－1 OC45 NKT72．．．．．．．．
U42 10 VHF germ．PNP trans．TO－1 NKT667．AFil
U43 25 Sil．trans plustic TO－18 A．F．BC113／114
$\overline{\mathrm{U} 44} 20$ Sil．trans．plastic TO－5 BC115／116
$\overline{\mathrm{U} 45} \quad 7$ 3A SCR＇s TO－66 up to 600 Pir．

Code Nos．mentioned above are given as a guide to the type of derice in the Pak．The devices themselves are normally unmarked．

| ZA！ |  |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | ADI61 |
|  | ADI62 |
|  |  |
|  |  |
| 2N3055 |  |
|  | ${ }^{\text {ate }}$ |
| （ex |  |
|  | citiol |
|  |  |
|  |  |

RTL MICROLOGIC GIRCUITS

## Price．each

Epoxy TO－5 case 1－04 25－99 100 up uL900．Buffer 35p 33p 27p uL914 Dual $2 \mathrm{i} / \mathrm{p}$
$\underset{\text { Rate }}{\text { uL914 Dual 2i／p }} \quad$ 35p $\quad$ 38p $\quad 27 \mathrm{p}$
$\begin{array}{cccc}\text { Rate } & 35 p & 38 p & 27 \mathrm{p} \\ \mathrm{uL} 923 \mathrm{~J} \text {－K flip－flop } & 50 \mathrm{p} & 47 \mathrm{p} & 45 \mathrm{p}\end{array}$
Date and Circuits Booklet for IC＇s
Price 7p．

DUAL IN LINE SOCKETS． 1.4 \＆ 16 Lead Sockets for use with

DUAL－IN－LINE LC＇B．TWO Ranges PROFESSIONAL \＆NEW LOW COST． $\begin{array}{lllll}\text { PROF TYPE No．} & 1-94 & 25-99 & 100 \mathrm{np} \\ \text { TSO } & 14 \text { pin type } & 80 \mathrm{p} & 27 \mathrm{p} & 25 \mathrm{p}\end{array}$ | TSO 14 pin type | 30 p | 27 p | 25 p |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| TSO | 16 | ,$\quad$, | 35 p | 32 p | TSO 16

## LOW COST No．

 BPS 14BPS 16

SILICON PHOTO TRAN－
SISTOR．TO－18 Lens end
NPN Sim．to BPX 25 and P21．
BRAND NEW．Fruly data
available．Fully guaranteed．
Qty． $1 \cdot 242599100$ up
Price each 45p $40 \mathrm{p} \quad 35 \mathrm{p}$

F．E．T．＇S

| 2N3819 | ${ }^{3} 5$ | 2N540̄8 | 50p |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2N3820 | 500 | 2N5459 | 409 |
| 2N3821． | 35p | BFW10 | 40p |
| 2N3823 | 30p | MPF105 | 408 |

## NEW EDITION 1971

## TRANSISTOR EQUIVALENTS

 and equivalents book for Europeane American and Japanese Transis－ tors．Exclusive to BI－PAK 90 D each．A LARGE RANGE OF TECHNICAL AND DATA BOOKS ARE NOW AVAILABLE EX，STOCK． SEND FOR FREE LIST．

OUR STOCKS of individual device are now too numerous to mention in this Advertisement．Send S．A．E． for our listing of over 1,000 Semiconductors．All available Ex－

# -the lowest prices! 

## 74 Series T.T.L. I.C'S DOWN AGAIN IN PRICE

Check our 74 Series List before you buy any I.C's. Our prices are
the lowest possible. All devices ex-stock. Full spec. guaranteed


LINEAR I.C's-FULL SPEC.
Type No. $\quad 1-24 \quad \begin{gathered}\text { Price } \\ 25-99\end{gathered} 100 \mathrm{up}$ BP 201C-SL201C 63p 53p 45p
 BP 702C-8L702C BP 702-7270.
BP709—72709 BP709-72799 BP 709P-
BP $710-72710$ $\mathrm{BP} 710-72710$

$\mathrm{BP} 711-\mu A 711$ | BP $711-14 A 711$ |
| :--- |
| BP $741-72741$ |
| 1030 | MA703C- $\mu \mathrm{A}$

TAA 293-
S.G.S. EA10002.63

## ROCK BOTTOM PRICES

LOGIC DTL 930 Series

| Type | Price |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| No. | 1-24 | -99 | 100 up |
| BP930 | 12 p | 11p | 10p |
| BP932 | 13p | 12p | $11 p$ |
| BP933 | 13p | 12p | 11p |
| 13P935 | 13p | 12p | $11 p$ |
| BP936 | 13p | 12p | 11p |
| BP944 | 13p | 12p | 11p |
| BP945 | 25p | 24p | 22p |
| RP946 | 120 | 11p | 10p |
| BP948 | 25p | 24p | 22 p |
| BP951 | 65 p | 60 p | 55 p |
| BP962 | 12p | 11p | 10p |
| BP9093 | 40p | 38p | 351 |
| BP9094 | 40 p | 38p | 35p |
| BP9097 | 40p | 38p | 35 p |
| BP9099 | 40p | 88p | 35p |
| Devices quantit on appl | Ixed | qual | ify for prices only) |

Devices may be mixed to qualify for
quantity price. Larger auantity prices on application. (DTL 930 Series only).

## NUMERICAL INDICATOR TUBES



| MODEL | CD66 | GR116 | $\begin{gathered} 3015 F \\ \text { Minitron } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Anode voltage (Vdc) | 170 min | 175 min | 5 |
| Cathode Current (mA) | $2 \cdot 3$ | 14 | 8 |
| Numerical Height (mm) | 16 | 13 | 9 |
| Tube Height (mm) | 47 | 32 | 22 |
| Tube Diameter (mm) | 19 | 13 | 12 wide |
| I.C. Driver Rec. | ${ }_{141}^{\mathrm{BP} 41} \text { or }$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { BP41 or } \\ 141 \end{gathered}$ | BP47 |
| Price Eacm | 81.70 | ¢1.55 | 81.00 |

## STOP PRESS! NOW OPEN

BI-PAKS NEW COMPONENT SHOP
A wide range of all types of electronic components and equipment 18, BALDOCK ST. (AlO), WARE, HERTS. Tel.: 61593 OPEN 9.15-6 TUES. to SATS. FRIDAYS UNTIL. 8 p.m.

# BI-PAK DO IT AGAIN! 50W pk 25w (RMS) 

$0.1 \%$ DISTORTION! HI-FI AUDIO AMPLIFIER THE AL50
$\star$ Loan-3, 4, 8 or 16 ohms.
$\star$ Distortion-better than $-1 \%$ at 1 KHz .
$\star$ Signal to noise ratio 80 dB .
$\star$ Frequency Re 100,000- 1 dB .
ONLY
15 Hz to
£3.25p each
$\star$ Supply voltage $10-35$ Volts.
$\star$ Overall size 63 mm $105 \mathrm{~mm} \times 13 \mathrm{~mm}$.
Response 15
or 16 ohms.


Tailor maide to the most strimgent specifications using top quality components and incorporating the latent solid state circuitry and ALSO was conceived to fll the need for all your AF. amplification needs.
FULLY BUILT - TESTED -GUARANTEED.

## STABILISED POWER MODULE

AP80 is especiatly designen to power 2 of the AL50 Amplisers, up to 15 watt (rma) per channel, simultaneously. This module embodies the latest components and circuit techniques ideorporating complete short circuit protection. With the addition of the Mains Transformer MT80, the unit will
These units enable you to build Audio Systems of the highest quality at a hitherto unobtainable price. Also ideal for many other applications including: Disco Systems, Public Address, Intercon Units etc. Handbook available 10p.
STABILISED POWER MODULE SPM80 £2.95
TRANSFORMER BMT80 £1.95 p. \& p. 25p.
SPECIAL COMPLETE' KIT COMPRISING 2, AL50's, 1, SPM80 \& 1, BMT80 ONLY £11 FREE p. \& p.

## DTL \& TTL INTEGRATED CIRCUITS

Manufacturers' "Fall outs"-out of spec. devices including functional units and part Manufacturers Fail outs - out of spec. from the manufacturers' very rigid specifica.
tions. Ideal for learning about Y.C's and experimental work.


Pacisg cannot be oplit but 24 Agsorted Pieces (our nux) is available as Pack UICX 9 Data Booklet available for the BP930 Serits, PRICE 13p
UTC00-12 $\times 7400 \mathrm{~N} \quad 50 \mathrm{p}$ UIC46 $=5 \times 7446 \mathrm{~N} \quad 50 \mathrm{p}$ UICO1 $=12 \times 7401 \mathrm{~N} \quad 50 \mathrm{p} \quad$ UIC47 $=5 \times 7447 \mathrm{~N} \quad 50 \mathrm{p}$ UIC02 $=12 \times 7402 \mathrm{~N} \quad 50 \mathrm{p} \quad$ UIC48 $5 \times 7448 \mathrm{~N} \quad 50 \mathrm{D}$ UIC03 $=12 \times 7303 \mathrm{~N}$
 UIC1 $0=12 \times 7405 \mathrm{~N}$ $\mathrm{ICl} a=8 \times 7410 \mathrm{~N}$ $\mathrm{UIC} 20=12 \times 7413 \mathrm{~N}$ UC40 $=12 \times 7420 \mathrm{~N}$ UC40 $=12 \times 7440 \mathrm{~N}$ UIC41 $=5 \times 7441 \mathrm{AN} 50 \mathrm{p}$ UIC42 $=5 \times 7449 \mathrm{~N}$ TIC43 $=5 \times 7442 \mathrm{~N}$ U1C43-5 $\times 7443 \mathrm{~N} 50 \mathrm{p}$ TCA4 $=5 \times 7444 \mathrm{~N}$

Par No.
UIC948
${ }_{\text {VIC948 }}=8 \times 14048$
$=8 \times \mu A 9$
$\begin{aligned} & 8 \times \mu A 948 \\ = & 5 \times \mu A 95 \\ = & 12 \times \mu A 961 \\ = & 5 \times \mu A\end{aligned}$
UIC9093 $=5 \times \mu$ A 9093
UIC9094 $=5 \times \mu \mathrm{A} 9094$
UIC9097 $=5 \times \mu \mathrm{A} 9097$
50 p
$\mathbf{5 0 p}$
50 p
50 p
50 p
50 p
50 p
50 p
50 p
50 p
50 p
50 p
81.50

UIC45 $=5 \times 7445 \mathrm{~N} \quad 50$

All pricies quoted in new pence Giro No. 388-7006
Please send all orders difect to warehouse and despatch department

P.O. BOX 6, WARE• HERTS

Postage and päcking add 7p. Overseas add extra for airmail. Minimum.order 50p, Gash with order please. Guaranteed Satisfaction or Money Back


## TOKAI/TUNER AMPLIFIER

AM/FM MULTIPLEX
20 RMS PER CHANNEL ade to sell over $£ 100$ Only $£ 60 \cdot 00$

## MAIL ORDERS ONLY

CARTRIDGES

Audio technical AT66

HEADPHONES

## UNDIG

CLEARANC
$\pm 100.00$
$\begin{array}{lrl}\text { SV } & 85 & £ 100 \cdot 00\end{array}$
Yacht Boy 210 £33.00

## ECO

HSW330
Baffle Unit Power Retail $£ 20$-22
Our Price $£ 15.00$

Baffle Uni
Freq. Response $48-25,000 \mathrm{~Hz}$ Power Handling 20 watts RMS Retail $£ 16 \cdot 65$

[^1] for fast, easy
refiable soldering
Ersin Muiticore Solder contains 5 cores of non-corrosive flux, instantly cleaning heavily oxidised surfaces. No extra flux is required

## IDEALFOR HOME CONSTRUCTORS



Size 1 cartons all at 25 peach in 40/60,60/40,
or Savbit alloys in 7 gauges.

## BIB WIRE STRIPPER AND CUTTER



Model 3A. Strips insulation from cable or flex without nicking wire. 4 different settings, 4\&6BAspanner ends, ground cuttingedges Price 32p. Also available, de luxe Model $8 . \quad$ Price 58p.
From Electrical and Hardware Shops. If unobtainable, write to: Multicore Solders Ltd., Hemel Hempstead, Herts.

## MINIATURE POWER DRILLS

Capabie of Drilling Mild Steel
IDEAL FOR PRINTED CIRCUITS PRECISION DRILLING, CUTTING, GRINDING

12 volt D.C.; $\underset{\text { PROM }}{\substack{\text { PRICES } \\ \text { fu'U0 }}}$

EXPO DRILLS LTD.,
DEPT. PW1, 62 NEAL STREET, LONDON, w.c. 2 TRADE DISTRIBUTOR N. Rose (Electrical) Ltd., London, W.C.1.

## AERIAL BOOSTERS

We make four types of Aerial Boosters. L45
L11 U.H.F. R.F., L12
Lid
V.H.F. TV.
S. Price L445, L12 \& L11 82.95, L10

## VALVE BARGAINS

## Any $5=45 \mathrm{p}, 10=70 \mathrm{p}$ :

ECCR2. FCL80, EF80, EF85, EF183, EF184, EBF89, EB91, EY86, PCC84, PCC893, PC97, PCF80, PCF86, PCL82, PY82, PY800, PY801, 30L15, PYCl5, PY30L, PY800, PY801, $30 \mathrm{~L} 15,30 \mathrm{Cl}$.
6.

## 19" TV £6.50

$19^{\circ} 405$ Slimline Televisions in good working order, with complete set of Price 86.50 .

## AERIAL BOOSTERS KITS $\$ 1.60$

Complete kit with all parts and case Will cover from 30 mcs . to 300 mes .

## 500MFD CAPACITORS

 $500 \mathrm{mfd}-25 v / \mathrm{w}$ Brand New Electrolytic with long leads. 11 p each.POST \& PACKING under s1-5p 0ver 21-10p. S.A.E. for leaflets on all items. Money back guarantee if not completely satisfled.


62A Bridge Street, Ramsbottom, Bury, Lancs.

## FANTASTIC!

WHARFEDALE BARGAINS
SAVE 68.90
ON DENTON 2 Sold in matehed pairs. Each Denton contains
an gin. bass unit with an gin. bass unit with
3 in. pressure wnit,
coupled by Wharfecoupled by a Wharfedale crossover
work. Rated
 18 wates maxd input: quency response: 65 $17,000 \mathrm{~Hz}$. Impedance: gain ohms. $\times 14$ in. 8 in

## LINTON 2 Pair

MELTON 2 each
DOVEDALE 3 each
ROSEDALE each.
UNIT 3 each
UNIT 4 each

## DIGITAL CLOCK

SCOOP
EXCLUSIVELY
FROM LASKYS The lock meas. ures $4 \frac{3}{4} \mathrm{~W} \times 1 \frac{1}{4} \mathrm{H}$
$\times 3 \mathrm{C}^{2} \mathrm{D}$ foverait
 drum zo back of switeh). SPEC. : $210 / 240 \mathrm{~V}$ a.c. $50 \mathrm{~Hz}_{2}$ operation; switch raking $250 V$ OFAP Complete with
inscructions. HUNDREDS OFAPPLCATIONS COMPLETE WITH KNOBS. FEATURES: - MAINS OPERATION OITHO "SLEEP SWITCH ORALARM MINUTES AND SECONDS READ-OFF
FORWARD AND BACKWARD TIME ADJUSTMENT AND BALENT OPRDATIME
SHOCK AND VIBRATION PROOF - BUILTIIN ALARM BUZZER SPECIALQQUOTES LASKYS $\mathbf{E 6 . 5 0}$ C\&P 25p
FOR QUANTITIES PRICE

## BSR TD8S

8 TRACK STEREO
The unit is switched on

and off by the insertion
of the cartridge: The TDBS is
stereo amplifiers and delivers a pre-amp output of 125 mW . Power reouirements: $210 / 250 \mathrm{~V} A C, 50 \mathrm{~Hz}$. Frequency response: 50 Hz -10K Hz. 4 pole dynamically
balanced synchronous motor maintains unwavering balanced synchronous motor mainains fluctuations. Compact in size the TOBS is housed in black and woodgrain plastic cabinet. Size: $8 \frac{1}{2}(W) \times 3 \frac{7}{3}(H) \times 10 \frac{1}{4}$
(D) in
$\begin{array}{llll}\text { Pist } & \text { LASKYS } & \text { PASK } & \text { P17.95 } \\ \text { P\& } & \text { C\&P } \\ 35 p\end{array}$

## BELTEX

 8 TRACK Stereo carPlayer
Accepts all standard pre-recorded 8 track stereo cartridges and other features include automatic head cleaner.
channelselect and

channel select and
channel repeat push but-
channel repeat push but-
tons, slider type volume and tone controls, channel tons, slider type volume and tone controls, channel

balance control. Tech spec. max output 10 W ( 5 warts per channel, frequency response $(H) \times 6 \frac{1}{2}(D)$ in. Operates on $12 V$ DC negative earth systems. Beautifully styled with black ivory and chrome trim Finish. | plete with mounting | player complete wit |
| :--- | :--- |
| brackets and 8-track | pair SP24 speakers | brackets and 8-track

pre-recorded demon-pre-recorded dem
419.75 C\&P 25p each
624.95

Beltek SP24 speakers are available perfectly match-
ing the C5700 in performance and finish specially Beltek the C5700 in performance and finish specially
designed for optimum performance in heavily damped car interior. Size: $7 \frac{1}{2} i n(W) \times \operatorname{in}(\mathrm{D}) \times 4 \frac{3}{3} \mathrm{in}$.
rear, 2 tin front $(\mathrm{H})$. Comp with connecting leads. $\$ 5.95$ Pair Cap $^{25 p}$

## TM-I TEST METER

1000 ohms/volt
Lasky s new look rop value TM-I is a really tiny pocket multimeter providing bige. meter and maye. ment calibrated to $+3 \%$ of full scale. Click stop range selection switch. Beautifully designed and made impact resistant black case with white and metalic red/green
 figuring Ohms zero adjustment.
1000 's IN USE. SIZE ONLY
 0-10-50-250-1000 as $1 \mathrm{~K} / \mathrm{ohms} / \mathrm{V}$. OC Current: $0-1 \mathrm{~mA}, \quad 100 \mathrm{~mA}$. Resistance: $0-150 \mathrm{~K}$ ohms.

0 Decibels: $-10+22 \mathrm{~dB}$. Complete with test - Decibels: $-10+22 \mathrm{~dB}$. Complete with test | leads |
| :--- |
| PRICYS |

41.85
C.\&P. 15p

## TM-5 TEST METER

5000 ohms/volt
Another pocket multimeter Another pocker
from Lasky's. The "slimeline"
inpart resistant case-size impact resistant case-size
 Readability is superior on all low ranges, making this an excellent instrument for ser-
vicing transistrorised equipment. Zero ohms adjustment. Buff
 finish with cryscal ciear meter 200 ат 5 K ohms/ $V$. cover. AC/V: 6-30-300-600 at 2.5K/ohms/V. ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{DC}$ Current: $0-300 \mathrm{HA}, 0-300 \mathrm{~mA}$. Resistance: $0-10 \mathrm{~K} /$
ohms. $0-1 \mathrm{M} / \mathrm{hms}$. ${ }^{2}$ Decibels: 10 dB to 16 dB . ads batrery and instructions $\begin{array}{lll}\text { LASKYS } \\ \text { PRICE } & \mathbf{1 2 . 5 5} \quad \text { C.\&.P } 35 \text { p }\end{array}$

## BSR MCDONALD MP60

## High precision low-

## masscouncer- balanced pick-up

## arm, heavy balanced

 operate controls, viscous cartridge carrier, 4 pole mo
## 



BSR McDONALD UNITS \& PACKAGES A. Chassis only. B. Complete with Lasky's plinth and cover. C. Complete with Lasky's plinth. cover and AD76K cartridge. A. Comp. wired on
BSR plinth with cover. E. As D plus AD76K

MODEL
MP. 60
HT 70
HT. 70
510
510
310
$\begin{array}{cc}A & B \\ 10.95 & 15.50 \\ 15.90 & 19.90 \\ 14.50 & 18.75 \\ 12.10 & 16.50 \\ 9.75 & 14.00\end{array}$
$C$
$18 \cdot 50$
23.50
23.00
18.85
16.50
$D$
18.
23.
22.
20.
17.
17.
MP. 60 TPD2 Styrene base
210.90
99.95

## FANTA RADIO

## Wi/700

A new two medium and long wavebands with slide switch wave change. Large easy to grip controls. Hluminated dial with "easy to read" lining scale. Externally adjust able aerial trimmer ensures maximum output Powerful output stage gives perfect reproduction through either one or two speakers. Operates on all 2 volt D.C. system. Negative or positive earth
Standard size 6 tin $(W) \times 4 \frac{2}{2} i n(D) \times 2 i n(H)$. Black with chrome trim. Complete with speaker. baffle, leads, mounting brackets and instructions. Fully guaranteed. Complete with speaker, baffle \& mount
ing bracket.
$\underset{\text { PRICE }}{\text { LASKYS }} \mathbf{4 7 . 5 0}$

C.\&P. 25 p

## TAPE SCOOP

EMI 2,400ft Professional Tape on $10 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in}$ metal NAB spoals. Fully guaranteed brand new.
Todays value over $\mathbf{~} 5 \cdot 00$ each
$\mathbf{\epsilon 1 . 2 5}$ each 5 for $\mathbf{£ 5 . 0 0} \quad \begin{gathered}\text { C.8.P. each } \\ 20 \text { p } 5 \text { for } 50 p\end{gathered}$

## LEAK BARGAINS

STEREO 30 PLUS amplifier (cased) List Price LASKY'S E45.00 $\underset{\text { E1.00 }}{c}{ }^{\&}{ }^{p}$ E62.50 PRICE
STEREO 70 amplifier (cased)
$\underset{\substack{\text { List } \\ 755.00}}{\text { Price }} \underset{\text { PRICE }}{\text { LASKY'S }} \mathbf{E 5 5 . 0 0} \underset{\text { E1.00 }}{c} \&$ LEAK TEAK CASES
Teak case for Stereo 30 or Stereo 70, please state which is required.
 E7.37 PRICE
Teak case for Stereofetic tuner only. List Price LASKY's $\mathbb{E 2} \cdot \mathbf{5 0} \underset{\text { 35p }}{C}$ \& $P$ Double case for 30 or 70 and stereoferic tuner
 ${ }^{\text {List }} 10.37$ PRICE
LEAK TRUSPEED TURNTABLE SYSTEM List $£ 69.50$ Lasky's Price $\mathbf{6 4 7} .50 \mathrm{C}$ \& P \&1.50

## CAR RADIOS

 MODEL
## FROM PHILIPS

## RN214 is a criumph or

RN214 is a triumph of
micro-miniaturisation.
So compact and light, ar ar an mounted on its spindles only, it needs no real sup port. The RN214 can be fixed quickly and easily.
Spec: Power supply: 13 volt D.C. negative earth Spec: Power supply: 13 volt D.C. negative earth ranges: Medium wave: $185 \mathrm{~m}-586 \mathrm{~m}(1622-512 \mathrm{kHz})$. anges: Medium wave: $185 \mathrm{~m}-286 \mathrm{~m}(1622-5)$, Incz Long wave: $1030 \mathrm{~m}-2000 \mathrm{~m}$ Size: $290 \mathrm{kHz} \times 1-6 \mathrm{in} \times 3 \cdot 6 \mathrm{in}$ EN889]/05 general purpose mounting kit with

 Model RN 314/15 The RN314 gives you
big sound because of the high sensitivity can be mounted without any rear support. Spec power supply: 12 V DC neg earth only. Power out put: 5 watts RMS. Wave ranges: Medium
$(1622-512 \mathrm{kHz})$ : Long $1030 \mathrm{~m}-2000 \mathrm{~m}(290-150 \mathrm{kHz})$. ( $1622-512 \mathrm{kHz}$ ): Long $1030 \mathrm{~m}-2000 \mathrm{mz}$. $7 \mathrm{in} \times 1-6 \mathrm{in} x$ intermediate frequency: 470 kHz . Size:
$3 \cdot$ Gin. EN8893/05 general purpose mounting kit with loudspeaker ©2.70 extra.
LASKYS C.\&.P. $\begin{array}{llll}\text { List } \\ \text { Price } 525.25 & \text { PASKYS ERICE } & \text { E2 } 00 & \text { C.\&.P. } \\ \text { 25p }\end{array}$


## BARGAIN

 SCOOPPYES.W
RADIO
CADVERTER High quality transistorised and ultra compact Shortwave Converter for use with
any suitable MW(AM) Car Radio. Self powered for any suitable MW(AM) Car Radio. Self powered Tor use on 2549 is simply connected to the radio via the aerial socket and provides shortwave covering in 9 push button selected band spreaded with the normai $25.31,41,49.60 \&$
radio tuning to give full comer from $3 \cdot 2 \mathrm{MHz}-21-75$ MHz. On/off switch and by-pass switch for normal M.W. radio use. Complete with mounting bracket fitting and alignment instructions. Black hammer crackle finished case-size: $6(\mathrm{~W}) \times 1 \frac{1}{8}(\mathrm{H}) \times 3 \mathrm{H}(\mathrm{D})$ in. Made to sell at Approx. $£ 20 \cdot 00$
LASKYS 68.75


## AUDIO TRONICS

NEW REVISED EDITION
The great new 1972 edition of Lasky's famous on request. The 44 newspaper size pages-many in full colour-3re packed with 1,000 's of items from the largest stocks in Great Britain of everything for the Radio and $\mathrm{Hi}-\mathrm{Fi}$ enthusiast, Electronics hobbyist. Serviceman and Communications Ham.
Over half the pages are devoted exclusively to every Over half the pages are devoted exclusively to every aspect of Hi-Fi (including Lasky's budget Ster Audia accessaries and don't miss LASKY'S Autio accessories and don't miss CASK CREDIT CARD SCHEME offering holders one months interest free credit up to $£ 50$. Send your name and address
and I 5p for post and inclusion

##  <br> \section*{Broncties}

207 EDGWARE ROAD, LONDON. W. 2 Tel: 017233271.
33 TOTTENHAM CT. RD. LONDON. W.I Tel: 01.6362605
Open oll doy. 9 om -bp.m. Mondoy to Solurday
The Home of High Fidetity
42-45 TOTTENHAM CI.RD.. LONDON. W. Tel: 01-580 2573

152/3 FLEET STREET, LONDON.E.C. 4 Tel: 01353 2833
Open all doy $90 . \mathrm{m}$. - b p.m. Monday lo Soturdoy
NEW CITY BRANCH NOW OPEN
Open oll doy Thursdoy, early closing 1 p.m. Soturdoy Open oll doy Thurstoy warly closing $l_{\rho, m}$ Solurd oy
ALL MAIL ORDERS ANO CORRESPONDENCE TO: 3-15 CAVELL ST., TOWER HAMLETS, LONOON. E. 1 Tel.: 01-790 4821

# BROADWAY ELEOTRONIOS <br> 92 MITCHAM ROAD, TOOTING BROADWAY, LONDON. S.W.I7 01-672 3984 <br> (Nr. Töoting Broadway. Underground Station) <br> (Closed all Wednesday) 

## SPEAKERS

E.M.I. $13 \frac{1}{2} \times 8 \mathrm{in} ; 3$ ohm $\mathbf{6 2} \mathbf{5 0}$, 15 ohm P. \& P. 30np. E.M.I. $13 \frac{1}{4} \times$

8in: fitted two $2 \frac{1}{4}$ in. tweeters, 15 ohm $\mathbf{E 4}$ :50. P. \& P. 30np. E.M.I
$13 \frac{1}{2} \times 8 \mathrm{in}$. ( 15 ohm ) Hi-Fi quality $66 \cdot \mathbf{2 5}$. P. \& P. 30np. Bakers 12 in
25 watt 8 and 15 ohms E7. P. \& P. 30np. Eagle. Crossover 98 p .
P. \& P. 7p.

## CARTRIDGES-Stereo

Sonotone 9TA H/C Diamond $\mathbf{E 1} \cdot \mathbf{4 0}$. Ronette SI05 Medium Output, £1.40. S106 High Output $£ 1 \cdot 40$. Acos GP93/I Sapphire, $\mathbf{\text { EI }} \cdot \mathbf{9 0}$. GP94 I Sapphire, 62 . TA700 equivalent to B.S.R. SXIM, $£ 1 \cdot 75$. Japanese equivalent to B.S.R. TC8s, £l-75. P. \& P. 7np on each.

## CARTRIDGESMono

GP. 91 Stereo Compatible €1.25. Acos GP67/2 will replace Collaro and Garrard Mono cartridges, 95np. T.T.C. Crystal High Gain, 75np. B.S.R. TC8H Jap. equivalent £I-25. P. \& P. 7np.

FARRADAY
$5 \frac{3}{4}{ }^{\prime \prime} \times 11^{\prime \prime} \times 4 \frac{3}{4}$ coyered in White, Green or Black rexine or Teak cloth with Silver coloured metal front E2.90 P \& P 25p


## VYNAIR

Widths from 50 to $54 \mathrm{in} ., 75 \mathrm{np}$ yd. off roll. P. \& P. 10 np , $\frac{1}{2}$ yard 40np. P. \& P. 1Onp. Send 5 np stamps for samples.

## ELF



An extension speaker of quality; $9 \times 5 \frac{1}{2} \times 3 \frac{1}{2} i n$. veneered in natural teak with smart gold and mottled Vynair front 3 ohm speaker. The baffle is half inch thick. A real bargain at $£ 1 \cdot 92 \frac{1}{2}$. Post and packing. $37 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{p}$.

## SPEAKER MATCHING <br> TRANSFORMERS $3,7,15$ ohms,

8 watt, 70np. P. \& P. I7np.

## HI-FI STEREO HEADPHONES

Padded ear cushions seal out room noise. Perfect coupling between reproducer and ears assure full response impedance 8 ohms. frequency range $30-15,000 \mathrm{~Hz} 6 \mathrm{ft}$. cord and standard stereo plug. Only $£ 2 \cdot 57 \frac{1}{2}$. P. \& P. $27 \frac{1}{2} p$.


STEREO HEADPHONE JUNCTION BOX
Simple unit connects direct to amplifier and speakers to give attenuated headphone output has 3 position switch to give headphones only, speakers only, speakers and headphones. Only f1-50. P. \& P. 13p.

## NOCTURNE 73 STEREO SYSTEM



Tochiba HI-FI STEREO AMPLIFIERS

We are now supplying a printed circuit board (for the pre-amplifier circuit) to achieve instant success with this fabulous amplifier kit.


Typical distortion level at $1,000 \mathrm{~Hz}$ for 20 watts mean power is approximately $0.3 \%$ of third harmonic.
Tone controls: 15 dB (typical) cut and lift in bass and treble regions.
Input sensitivity; suitable for 4 mV magnetic pickup.
Output: 20 watts (RMS).
Coshba -TH9013P 20 watt Hi-Fi Power Amplifier £4.57 each

Coshba -TH9014P. Pre-Amplifier. Voltage gain 75 dB (typical). Output noise voltage 0.1 mV (typical) $£ 1.50$ each. Printed Circuit Board £1.50 each
Complete Kits of all Capacitors \& Resistors,
\& Ganged Potentiometers
$\mathbf{E 6 . 9 5}$ each
Transformer Kit (Including Rectifier) .. ... $£ 5 \cdot \mathbf{0 0}$ each
Comprehensive instructions, circuit diagrams \& suggested layout etc., supplied with each kit. SEND LARGE S.A.E. FOR DATA


Officially appointed distributors for ERIE, MULLARD, Etc. HAWNT \& CO. LTD., DEPT. PW2 112-114 Pritchett Street,
Birmingham B6 4EN Telephone 0213594301

THE ULTIMATE IN COMMuNICATIONS REEEVERS سrinminithetw

Brings INSTANT WORLD-WIDE RECEPTION at the press of a button. Mensational scoop purctuase of this just-releared model euables us to offer a truly adsanced communications receiver at a previously unhear of price (Similar models can cost 8120 or more) The WAVEBANDS enables you to cover the world at the press of a button. You might even pick up a world bcoop on thla world wide receiver! As well as Local Radio Stations (including neve stations ret to be introduced). *Pop Pirates. Aircraft (control to pilot-pilot to control). EShipping. *Taxis *RAC.
 100s more too numerous to list. from Australia, Africa, America. Indis, Europe. You'll get hour after hour of enjoyable listening on this superb recefver 24 hours a day- 7 days a Heek. A complete hobby In itself. Enjoy the exciting cross-talk between
control towers and airline pilots-..listen to the control towers and airline pilotg--listen to the
progress of an ambulance on its way to an accidenthear the deep-sea trawler captain"s shin-to-ship and ship-to-shore conversations. PLUS many more exciting and absorbing Public Service Band transmissions we are not allowed to mention. This set has been manufactured by one of the most advanced companies in radio and electronic communications and carries


## cisitis £29.50

$+50 p$ p. a p. or sent for $\mathbf{£ 7 . 5 0}$ deposit and 50 p . $p$ and 6 monthly payments of $£ \mathbf{4} \mathbf{4 0}$ (Total £33.90) their FULL WRITTEN GUARANTEE. Attractively finished in Leatherette and stainless steel tn aild quality and distinction to any living-room. Completely portable using standard batteries (obtainable anywhere)-or car be plugged directly into mains. 14 Transistors, 9 diodes,
I thermistor, internal ferrite rod antenna and external Telescopic Antenna. Tone, volnme I thermistor, internal ferrite rod antenna and external Telescopic Antenna, lone, vonme and tuning controls. very latest keyboard push-outon waveband selector. Disi light (enabing correct time in any country of the world (essential for world listening). Hi-fidelity earphone automaticaliy cuts out main speaker when in use. Freqs. Long Wave $150-350 \mathrm{Kcs}$. Medium $535-1605 \mathrm{~K}$ cs. Marine $1.6-4.5 \mathrm{Mcs}$. Short Wave $4 \cdot 12 \mathrm{Mes}$. Short Wave $12 \cdot 24$ Mes FM/VHF 88.108 Mcs. AIRCRAFT 10S-135 Mcs. PUBLIC SERVICE BANDS $135-174$ Mcs.

## SCIENTIFIC AND TECHNICAL <br> (PW6) 507-5II LONDON ROAD, WESTCLIFF, ESSEX

NOTE.-The Ministry of Posts \& Telecommunications state a Licence (not generally available to the public) is required for the reception of transmissions by Fire Brigade, Aircraft, Shipping, etc., but there is no tiansmissions yy beded to buy.

## 

USED EXTENSIVELY BYINDUSTRY, GOVERNMENT D
LOW COST QUICKDELIVERY OVER 200RA


## MULTMETERS for

round scale type pencil tester MODEL TS. 68


Completely portable, simple to use pocket sized tester. and DC at 2,000 o.p.r. Resistance 0.20 K ohms. ONLY $£ 1.97$ P. \& P. 13p


370 WTR MULTI-


TE22 SINE SQUARE WAVE AUDIO GENERATORS
 Sine: 20cpe to 200 $\mathrm{kc} / \mathrm{s}$ on 4 bands. Square: 20cps to
$30 \mathrm{ke} / \mathrm{s}$. Ontput $30 \mathrm{ke} / \mathrm{s}$. Output
impedance 5,000 impedance 5,000 .
ohms, $200 / 250 \mathrm{~V}$. A.C. operation. supplied brand new and guaranteed with instruction manval and leads. $\mathbf{x} 17 \cdot 50$. Carr. 37tp.

## TE-20D RF SIGNAL GENERATOR



Accurate wide range signal generator covering
$120 \mathrm{Kc} / \mathrm{s}-500 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$ on $120 \mathrm{Kc} / \mathrm{s}-500 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$ on
6 bands. Directly cali6 bands. Directly cali-
brated Variable R.F. attenuator, audio output. Xtal socket for calibration. $220 / 240 \mathrm{~V}$. A.C. Brand new with instrue-
tions. \&15. Carr. $37 \frac{1}{2}$ p. tions. 815. Carr.
Size $140 \times 215$
$\times 170$ mm.

BELCO DA-20 SOLID STATE DECADE AUDIO OSCILLATOR


New high quality portable instrument. Sine
1
Hz to 100 kHz . ${ }_{\text {Square }}^{1} \mathrm{~Hz} 20 \mathrm{~Hz}$ to 20 kHz . Square 20 Hz to 20 EHz
Output
max
Opera $\begin{array}{cc}(10 \mathrm{~K} \\ \text { tion ohms). Opera. } \\ 220 / 240 \mathrm{v} . & \text { A.C. }\end{array}$ Size $215 \mathrm{~mm} \times 150 \mathrm{~mm} \times$ ${ }^{120 \mathrm{mmm}}$ Price E 27.50 . Carr. 25 p .

$240^{\circ}$ Wide Angle 1 mA Meters $\begin{array}{ll}\text { MW1-6 60mm square } & \$ 3 \cdot 87 \frac{1}{2} \\ \text { MW1-8 80mm square } & 84.97 \frac{1}{3}\end{array}$ P. \& P. extra

TRANSISTORISED L.C.R. A.C Measuring bridge


A new portable bridge offering excellent range and cost. Ranges: R . $1 \Omega-11 \cdot 1$ meg $\Omega$ $1 \Omega-11 \cdot 1$ meg $\Omega$
6 Ranges $\pm 1 \%$ HENRYS 6 Ranges $2=\% \mathrm{C} .10 \mathrm{pF}+1110 \mathrm{mFd}$ 6 Ranges $\pm 2 \%$. TURNS RATIO $1: 1 / 1000-$ 1:11100. 6 Ranges $\pm 1 \%$. Bridge voltage at $1,000 \mathrm{cps}$. Operated from 9 Folts. $100 \mu \mathrm{~A}$. Meter indication. Attractive 2 tone meta case. Size 7s $\times 5 \times 2$ in. 220 . P. \& P. 25 p

## 230V/240V SMITES SYNCHRONOUS

## GEARED MOTORS

Built in gearbor. All brand new and boxed. 60 RPM CW; 30 RPH CW; $2 R / H R$
ACW; 2R/HR CW; 8R/ ACW; 2R/HR CW; 8R/
DAY CW; 10 RPM CW; DAY CW; 10 R
20R/HR ACW

## GUGRY purposel



HIOZI MODEL 720X
Overload protection 5/25/100/500/1000 VDC. 10/50/250/1000 V AC. $50 \mathrm{uA} / 250 \mathrm{~mA} .20 \mathrm{~K} / 2 \mathrm{meg}$
$0 \mathrm{hm} .-5$ to +62 db ohm.
£4.97. P. \& to
P. 15 p

MOdeLS-100TRMOLTMEETER/TRANSISTOR TESTER. 100,000o.p.V. mirror scale/overload protection.0/-12
$1 \cdot 6 / 3 / 12 / 30 / 120 / 600$ VDC. $0 / 6 /$ $30 / 120 / 600 \mathrm{VAC} .0 / 12 / 600 / 4 \mathrm{~A}$ $30 / 120 / 600$ VAC. $0 / 12 / 600 / 2$ A/
$12 / 300 \mathrm{~mA} / 12$ AMP DC. $0 / 10$ K/1MEG/100MEG. $-20 \operatorname{to}_{o}+50$ db. 0.01-2 MFD. Transistor tester measures Alpha, beta and Ico. Complete with batteries, instructions and leads.
 \$13.50. P/P 25p.


MODEL 500 30,000 O.P.V with overload protection with overload sekle $0 / 5 / 2 \cdot 5 / 10 / 25$ $100 / 250 / 500 / 1,000 \mathrm{v}$. D.C $0 / 2.5 / 10 / 25 / 100 / 250 / 500 /$ $1,000 \mathrm{~V}$. A.C. $0 / 50 \mu \mathrm{~A} / 5 / 50$ 500ma. 12 amp. D.C. 0/60/K/6 Meg./60 Meg $\Omega$. 88.87\%. Post paid.

## HT100B4 MULTI-METER

 Features A.C. current airrot Scale, Overlnad protection.0/•5/2•5/10/50/250/500/ 1000 V DC. $0 / 2 \cdot 5 / 10 / 50 / 250 / 1000 \mathrm{~V}$
O/10/250uA/2 $5 / 25 / 250$


MA/10 Amp DC

$-20+62 \mathrm{db}$. $£ 12 \cdot 50$, P. \& P. 25p.

## RUSSIAN 22 RANGE MULTIMETER

 Model U437A first class
10,000 o.p.v.
vereatile in strument manufactured in U.S.S.R. to the highest standards. Ranges: 2-5/10/ $10 / 50 / 250 / 500 / 1000 \mathrm{v}$ DC Carrent $100 \mathrm{wA} / 1 / 10 j$ $100 \mathrm{~mA} / 1 \mathrm{~A}$. Resistance 300 ohms/3/30/300K/3m $\Omega$. Complete with batteries. test leada, instructions and sturdy steel carrying case.
OUR PRICE 85.97
P. \& P. $25 p$.

## TO-3 PORTABLE OSCILLOSCOPE

 3 in . tube, Y amp. Sensitiv$\begin{array}{ccc}\text { ity } 0.1 \mathrm{l} \\ \text { width } & \mathrm{p}-\mathrm{p} / \mathrm{CM} .5 & \mathrm{Band} \\ \mathrm{cps}-1-5 & \mathrm{MHz}\end{array}$ Input imp. 2 meg $\Omega 25 \mathrm{pF}$ $X$ amp. sensitivity $0.9 \mathrm{\nabla}$ $\mathrm{p}-\mathrm{p} / \mathrm{CM}$. Bandwidth 1.5 cps
-800 kHz Input Imp. ${ }_{2}$
InF. Time base. meg $\Omega 20 \mathrm{pF}$. Time base. Synchronization. Internal/ external. Illuminated scale $140 \times 215 \times 330$ man. Weig the handbook. $840 \cdot 00$. Carr. 50p.

## HONEYWELL

DIGITAL

## VT. 100

Can be panel or bench mounted
Basic meter mea

$$
\text { sures } 1 \text { volt } D \sim
$$


but can be used to measure a wide range of AC and DC volt, current and ohms with optional plug in cards. Specification: Accu racy: $\pm 0 \cdot 2, \pm 1$ digit. Resolution: 1 mV Number of digits: 3 pius fourth overrange digit. Overrange: $100 \%$ (up Measuring cycle: impedance: 1 Adjustment: Automatic zero ing, full scale adjustment against an interna reference voltage. Overload: to 100 v . D.C Input: Fully floating ( 3 poles). Input power $110-230 \mathrm{v}$. A.C. $50 / 60$ cycles. Overall rize 5 年道, $\times 2$ 13/16in. $\times 8$ 3/16in. AVAILABLE BRAND NEW AND FULLY GUARANTEED AT APPROX. HALF PRICE 849-972. Carr. 50p.

G, W. SMITH \& CO (RADIO) LTD. Also see next two pages

## GEMIICONDUCTORS/VALVES

## ALL DEVICES BRAND NEW AND FULLY GUARANTEED

\begin{abstract}
Transistors 2G302
2G303
2G306 2G303
2G306
2G308 2G309
2G371 2G371
2 G 374 2 G 381
2N388A 2N388A
2N404
N696 2N404
2N696
2N697
2N698 $2 N 698$
2 N 709 2N706A 2N708
2N709 $2 N 709$
$2 N 718$
$2 N 718 \mathrm{~A}$ 2N718A 2N727 2N918
2N918 2 N 918
2N 229
2 2N930
2N987 2N987
2N1090 2N1091 $2 N 1132$
$2 N 1302$ 2N130 ${ }_{2}^{2 N 13}$

ज
ors 20 p
20 p 3416
2 N 3417
2 N 3439



- | $\mathrm{BCl18}$ |
| :--- |
| $\mathrm{BC119}$ |
| $\mathrm{BC121}$ |

BC 225
BCl 25
$\mathrm{BC125}$
$\mathrm{BC126}$
BC 134
BC 35
BC 13 $\mathrm{BC13}$
$\mathrm{BC136}$
$\mathrm{BC137}$
BCl 38 $\mathrm{BC138}$
BC 140 $\mathrm{BC141}$
BC 147 $\mathrm{BC147}$
BC 148 BC148
BC149 $\xrightarrow{\mathrm{BC152}} \mathrm{BC153}$ BC154 BC154
BC157
BC158
BC15 $\mathrm{BC158}$
$\mathrm{BC159}$

| $\mathrm{BC1} 160$ |
| :--- |
| $\mathrm{BC167}$ |
| $\mathrm{BC1}$ | BC1688 BC169 BC171

BC172 $\underset{ }{\mathrm{BCl} 172} \mathrm{BC175}$ $\mathrm{BC178}$
$\mathrm{BC179}$
$\mathrm{BC18}$ $\mathrm{BC182}$
$\mathrm{BC182}$ Nは

$$
\begin{array}{|l}
\text { BC183 } \\
\text { BC183L } \\
\text { BC18i }
\end{array}
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { BC183L } \\
& \text { BC184 } \\
& \text { BC184L }
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { BC184L } \\
& \text { BC186 }
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \mathrm{BC187} \\
& \mathrm{BC} 212
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \mathrm{BC} 212 \mathrm{~L} \\
& \mathrm{BC} 2131 \\
& \mathrm{BC} \mathbf{C} 214 \mathrm{~L}
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\begin{array}{|l|l}
\hline \text { BC214L } \\
\hline \text { BCY10 } \\
\hline \text { BCY30 } \\
\hline & \text { BCY31 } \\
\hline & \text { BCY32 }
\end{array}
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { BCY32 } \\
& \text { BCY33 } \\
& \text { BCY34 }
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { BCY34 } \\
& \text { BCY } 38
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \mathrm{BCY}_{38} \\
& \mathrm{BCY}_{39} \\
& \mathrm{BCY}_{40}
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { P } \\
& \hline
\end{aligned} \text { BCY } 89
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { BCX } 43 \\
& \text { P } \\
& \text { BCY } 54
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { BCY59 } \\
& \text { BCY600 }
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { BCY60 } \\
& \text { BCY70 } \\
& \text { BCY71 } \\
& \text { BCY72 } \\
& \mathbf{R C y 7 8}
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 8 \mathrm{CY} 72 \\
& 8 \mathrm{BY} 78 \\
& \mathrm{BCY} 79 \\
& \mathrm{BCZ} 10
\end{aligned}
$$






Integrated
Circuits


 | CA3000 180p | FJH141 | 25 p |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| CA3005 | 117 p | FJH151 |

 \begin{tabular}{ll|ll|l|l|}
\hline CA3011 \& 75 D \& FJH F <br>
\hline

 

CA3012 \& 88 p \& FSH181 \& 25 p \& SN7448 \& 125p

 

CA3013 \& 105 p \& FJH221 \& 25 D \& SN7450 \& 20 p <br>
CA3014 \& 124 p \& FJH231 \& 25 p \& SN 7451 \& 20 p <br>
SA3018 \& 84 p \& FJH241 \& 25 p \& SN7453 \& 20 p
\end{tabular} CA3018

CA3012
CA3 3020
CA
CA3


| 5 p | BSY5 |
| :--- | :--- |
| 2p | BSY |
| RSY |  |






VALYES


## HI-F/ EQUIPPMENT SAVE UPTO 33노우 OR MORE SEND S.A.E. FOR. DISCOUNT PRICE LISTS AND PACKAGE OFFERS! <br> 

Compares with amplifers up to $\mathrm{f40}$
OUR PRICE £24, Carr. $37 \% \mathrm{p}$.
TAPE CASSETTES
Top quality in plastic library boxes.
C60 $60 \mathrm{~min} 30 \mathrm{p}, 3$ for $75 \mathrm{p}, 10$ for $\mathbf{2 2 . 3 5}$ C90 $90 \mathrm{~min} 42 \mathrm{p}, 3$ for 31.0510 for $82-80$ C120 $120 \mathrm{~min} 52 \mathrm{p}, 3$ for $£ 1-3510$ for $\mathbf{2 4 . 2 0}$ Cassette Head Cleaner 80p. F. \& P. 10p. Extr

## $\star$ TRANSISTORISED FM TUNER



6GRANSIGTOR
HIGH QUALITY
TUNER, SIZE TUNER, SIZE
ONLY $6 \times 4 \times 2$ in. 3 I.F. stages. Double tuned dis output to feed most amplifiers. Operates on 9 V battery. Coverage
$88 \rightarrow 108 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$. Ready built ready for use. Fan tastie value for money. $£ 6-87 \mathrm{~s}$. P . \& P .121 p . Stereo multiplex adaptors $£ 4 \cdot 97 \frac{1}{2}$.

attery operated,
 11 meg input, 26 mirror scale. Size
 DC VOLTS 0.3-$3-300 \mathrm{~V}$ RMS. $8.0-$ 800 V P-P'DCCURReststance up to 2000 M ohm. Decibels -20 to +51 db . Complete with leads/instruc--20 to +51 db. Complete
tions. $£ 17-50$, P. $\&$ P. 20 p.

##  <br> RELAYS

Brand new. 3 gets of 5 changeover contacts at P. \& P. 10 p ( 100 lots $£ 40$ ) P. Pantities available. SEND NOW

ONLY


Inleal for home. office, stores, fac-
tories, etc. Supplied tories, etc. Supplied teries, cable and free instructions.
2 Station. $82 \cdot 97,3$ station $85 \cdot 25$, P. \& P. 15 p . 4 Station $\mathbf{6 6 . 6 2 ,}$, P. \& P. 17p


## CinI LODDSPEAKERS Model $350.13^{\prime \prime} \times 8^{\prime \prime}$

single tweeter/crossover. 20 $20,000 \mathrm{~Hz}, 15$ watt RMS. Avallable 8 or 15 ohms. $87 \cdot 50$ each P. i P. 370 .
Model $450.13^{*} \times 8^{\prime \prime}$ with twin $\mathrm{Hz}, 8$ watt RMS. Available 8 or 15 ohms. $88 \cdot 50$ each. P. \& P. 25 p .


MP MIXER PREAMPLIFIER

| $6$ | 5 microphone inputs each with individual gain controls enabling complete mixing |
| :---: | :---: |
| facilities, Patters operatel. $9 \frac{1}{2 \prime \prime}^{\prime \prime} \times 5^{\prime \prime} \times 3^{\prime \prime}$. |  |
| Inputs Mics: $3 \times 3$ IIV $50 \mathrm{~K} ; 2 \times 3 \mathrm{mV} 600 \mathrm{obn}$. |  |
| Phono meg. 4mV 50K. Phono ceramic |  |
| onv I meg Output |  |

HOSIDEN DHO-25 STEREO HEADPHONES




1081 STEREO LIBTEMING
For balancing and gain selection of
loudspeakers with additional facility for stereo headphone off slide switch, steren

SPECIAL OFFER! SINCLAIR PROJECT 60 STEREO FM TUNER

## H.andrev

The firct tuner in the world to use the phas lock loop principle-as used for receiving signals from space cratt because of its vastly
prover sigual to noise ratio. Provides fantastic nesulta even in difficult areas. fantastic resulta even in difficult areas.
Tuning range 87.5 to 108 MHz . Automatic stereo indicator. Sensitivity: $2 \mu \mathrm{~V}$. AFC range $\pm 200 \mathrm{KHz}$. Signal to noise ratio: 65 dB , Output voltage $2 \times 150 \mathrm{mV}$. Oper ating voltage $25-30 \mathrm{~V}$ DG. Size $98 \times 40 \times$ 207 mn . REC. LIST PRICE 225.
OUR PRICE \& E
ONL Tnrepeatable offer-buy now and save abor s.


UR-1A SOLID STATE COMMUNICATION RECEIVER
4 Bunds covering $550 \mathrm{kc} / \mathrm{s}-30 \mathrm{me} / \mathrm{s}$. FET S. Meter. Variable BFO for SSB, Built-in Speaker, Bandspread, Sensitivity 12.240 . A.C. or $12 v$. D.C. $124^{\prime \prime} \times 44^{\prime \prime} \times 7^{\prime \prime}$ Brand new with instructions. 285 . Carr. 37 F p .

LAFAYETTE HA-800 SOLID STATE RECEIVER
 Ceneral coverage $150-400 \mathrm{kc} / \mathrm{s}$, 550 ke/s-30me/s. FET
front end. 2 mech front end. 2 meeh
filters, product detector, variable er. S. Meter, Bantepread. RF Gain. 15" $\times$ $9 \times 8 \mathrm{t}^{\mathrm{t}}$. $18 \mathrm{lbs}, 220 / 240 \mathrm{y}$. A.C. or 12 v . D.C.
Brand new with instructions, $\mathbf{f} 50$. Carr. 50 p .

U4812 MULTLMETER
Extremely sturdy instrument for general electrical use. 667 o-p.v.
$0 / 3 / 1 \cdot 5 / 7-5 / 30 / 60 / 150 / 300 /$ $600 / 900 \mathrm{VDC}$ and 75 mV $0 / \cdot 3 / 1 \cdot 5 / 7 \cdot 5 / 30 / 60 / 150 / 300$ $600 / 900$ VAC.
$0 / 300 \mu \mathrm{~A} / 1 \cdot 5 / 6 / 15 / 60 / 150$ 600MA/1 5/6 AMP. D.C. $0 /]-5 / 6 / 15 / 60 / 150 / 60031 A /$ ${ }_{0} / 200$ S $\Omega / 3 \mathrm{~K} / 30 \mathrm{~K} \Omega$.
$0 / 200 \Omega / 3 K / 30 \mathrm{~K} \Omega$.
Aceuracy DC $1 \%$ AC $1-\overline{0} \%$
 headphone sockets $6^{\prime \prime} \times 4^{\prime \prime} \times 2^{\prime \prime \prime}$. $22 \cdot 25$ P. \& P. 10p.

E.H.T. TESTER 0-30KV
 robust construction. An essential for colour television servicing, etc. Size 360 mm Iong. 50 mm dia. $86.85^{\circ}$ P. \& P, 25 .

## POWER RHEOSTATS

High quality ceramie construction. Windings embedfed In vitreou
enamel. Heavy duty brush wiper. Continnous rating. Wide rang ex-stock. Single hole fixing, tin. dia, shafts. Bulk quantitien availsble 25 WATT. $10 / 95 / 50 / 100 / 250 / 500 / 1000 / 2500$ or 5000 ohms, 24. P, P. \& P. 7 50 WATT. $10 / 25 / 50 / 100 / 250 / 500 / 1000 / 2500$ or 5000 ohms, 81.05 P. \& P. $7 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{p}$.
100 WATT. $1 / 5 / 10 / 25 / 50 / 100 / 250 / 500 / 1000$ or 2500 ohnis, $81-37 \frac{1}{2}$ P. \& P. $7 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{P}$.
"YAMABISHI" VARIABLE VOLTAGE TRANSFORMERS Excelkent quality. Low price. Immediate delivery ges Panel Mounting


Please add postage Please add postas INPUT $230 V 50 / 60$ CYCLES OUTPUT VARTABLE $0-260$
VOLTS Special discounts for quantity

## teghnical training in radio television and electronics

Whether you are a newcomer to radio and electronics, or are engaged in the industry and wish to prepare for a recognized examination, ICS can further your technical knowledge and provide the specialized training so essential to success. ICS have helped thousands of ambitious men to move up into higher paid jobs-they can help you too! Why not fill in the coupon below and find out how?

## Many diploma and examination courses available, including expert coaching for:

```
- C. \& G. Teiecommunications Techns'. Certs.
- Radio Amateurs' Examination
- General Radiocommunications Certificate
- C. \& G. Radio Servicing Theory
- General Certificate of Education, etc.
Now available Colour T.V. Servicing
```

Examination Students coached until successful

## NEW SELF-BUILD RADIO COURSES

Learn as you build. You can learn both the theory and practice of valve and transistor circuits, and servicing work while building your own 5 -valve receiver, transistor portable, and high-grade test instruments-all under expert tuition. Transistor Portable available as separate course.

## POST THIS COUPON TODAY

for full details of ICS courses in Radio, T.V. and Electronics
Accredited by the CACC.
Member of the ABCC.

Please send me the ICS prospectus_free and without obligation.
(state Subject or Exam)
NAME
(BLOCK CAPITAL PLEASE)
ADDRESS

AGE............OCCUPATION
INTERNATIONAL CORRESPONDENCE SCHOOLS Dept. LA28 Intertext House, Stewarts Road, London, S.W. 8 4UJ



## RADIO BARGAINS <br>  <br> Grundig Mariner 865 £35.00 Grundig Solo Boy Grundig Party Boy Grundig Music Boy Grundig TR600 £17-50 £22.50 Grundig Elite Boy Grundig Yacht Boy Grundig Satellit Univ. $\quad £ 112.00$ Grundig Melody Boy $\quad £ 41 \cdot 50$ Grundig 3005 £64.00 Koyo KTR1661 8w.b. £ $40 \cdot 25$ Koyo KTR 1664 8w.b. £47.50 Koyo KTR1770 11 w.b. £66.00 Aiwa AR158 $£ 31 \cdot 00$ Toshiba IC70 £16.50 Hitachi WH1160 £22.50 ITT/KB Goif £26.50 <br> £45.00

 to Broadcasting Stations" (160 pages)Practical wireiss elebrronic IGHition SYSTEW


This Capacitor-discharge Electronic ignition system was recently described in Practical Wireless and has proved extremely popular We are able to offer the kit in two forms; the ponents only, enabling the customer to comthese to his own layout, or the De-luxe version containing a ready-drilled roller-trimmed printed circuit board and fully machined die-cast case with electrical connection block Each kit is supplied with a custom wound transformer, first-grade components and full construction details. Suitable for 12 V , systems only, pos, or neg. earth. All components Complete assembly and wiring $\times 3 \frac{3}{4} \times 2$ refundable on purchase of kit. Price: Standard kit $\quad . \quad \begin{array}{lll}\mathbf{~} 7.25 & \text { post free } \\ \text { Denluxe } & \text {.. } & . \\ \mathbf{E B} .75 & \text { post free }\end{array}$ Trade enquiries invited. Mail order only, Stafe pos. or neg. earth when ordering.

## DABAR ELECTRONIC PRODUCTS

98a, LICHFIELD STREET, WALSALL, STAFFS. WSI IUZ Tel. Walsall 34365

##  WORLD-WIDE RECEPTION



Famong for over 35 years for Bbort-Waye EquipFamong for over 35 years for Bhort-Wave Equip-
ment of quality, "H.A.C" Were the Original suppliers of Short-Wave Receiver Kits for the amateur constructor. Over 10,000 getiafted curtomers-including Technical Colleges, Hospitals, Public Schools, R.A.F:, Army, Hams, etc. HEW "DX" REGEIVER
Improved one-valve model "DX' mark 2
Comproved one-valve model
Colt-price 88.30 (post $\&$ packing 20 p. ). Customer writes: "Australia, India and Amerien at loud volume." -- "I am 14 years of age and have logged over 130 stations, plus countless Amsteurs from all over the world. Siend S.A.E. for test report.
This kit contains all genuine short-wave eomponents, drilled chassis, valve, accessories and full instructions. Ready to assemble, and of course, as all our products-fully guaranteed. Full range of other S.W. kits, including the famous model Kespatched and K plus (iulustrated above). All order dow for tree descriptive cotail order only.), Send
"H.A.C." SHORT-WAYE PRODUCTS 29 Old Bend Street, London W.I

## BSR LATEST SUPERSLIM STEREO AND MONO <br> Playe 12", $10^{\prime \prime}$ or ${ }^{7 \prime \prime}$ records Auto or Manual. A high goliability with 12 months' varantee. Ac $200 / 250 \mathrm{v}$ siz* $131 \times 11 \frac{1}{5} \mathrm{in}$. Abope motor hoard 33 in below motor board 2 in With STEREO End MOOHO XTAL HONO-COMPATIBLE $£ 8.75$ Post $24_{\mathrm{p}}$. teys all records

RCS 3 WATT AMPLIFIER, Ready made tested. 2-stage triode pentode valve UCL82. 3 watts output. Tone and high performance Loudspeaker.
$\frac{\text { Response } 50-12.000 \text { eps. Sensitivity } 200 \mathrm{mV} \text {. Post } 25 y}{\text { R.C.S. PORTABLE PLAYER CABINET }}$

## $£ 4$

25p.


Really smart appearance with space for R.C.S. Amplifiers and most modern autochangers. Size $18 \times 15 \times 8 \mathrm{in}$. Metal nithags. Carrying handie. Popular
Two-tone rexine covered.

GARRARD SINGLE PLAY TA MK II Complete with $\mathcal{I} \mid 0$
stereo mono plug in head. Ideal Discotheque or Hi-Fi. GARRARD AUTOCHANGERS with Sonotone Cartridges Model 3500 Stereo and Mono Aithe. Mor 14 Post 25.

BSR JUNIOR SINGLE PLAYER
, motor and separate pick-up
EMI PICK-UP ARM with mono xtal and stylus \&1. 25 . Hi-Fi PICK-UP CA RTRIDGES. Diamond LP: Stereo Sapphire Mono GP91 \&1.50; Power-point LP/78. 60p.
E.M.I. WOOFER AND

### 65.75 Post 25p

Comprising a fine example of a Woofer $0 ; \times 6$ in. with a massive Ceramic Aluminium Cone centre to improve middle and top response, Also the E.M.I. Tweeter 31 in . square has a special lightw weight paper cone and magnet fux 0.000 lines.
mpedance Standard .......... 8 ohms Usefui Response . . . . . 35 to 18,000 eps Bass Resonance ................ 45 eps SUITABLE ENCLOSURE $20 \times 13 \times 9 \mathrm{in}, \mathbf{4 9}$ POST 25 p

WEYRAO P5O-TRANSISTOR COILS RA2W Ferrite Aerial. . 72
 F. P50/2CC $470 \mathrm{kc} / \mathrm{s}$. P51/i or $951 / 2$ $50 / 3 \mathrm{~V}$ Spare Cores . Printed Cireust, Pcal B. Tuning Gan OPTI
Mullard Ferrite Rod $8 \times 3 \mathrm{in} .20 \mathrm{p}, 6 \times \frac{3}{2} \mathrm{in} .20 \mathrm{p}$.
VOLUME CONTROLS $/ 800 \mathrm{~mm}$ Coax 4 p. yd. Long spindies, Midget Size LIN. L/S 15p. D.P. 25p. TEREO L/S 55p. D.P. 75p, BRITISH AERL AERAXIAL-AKR SPACED 40 yd. $£ 1 \cdot 40 ; 60$ yd. 52 FRINGE LOW LOSS 0 Op yd.
Ideal 625 and colour.

## 8in ELAC

## HIF|SPEAKERS

Dual cone plasticised roll urround. Large ceramio magresonance 55 $\begin{aligned} & \text { resonance } 55 \\ & \begin{array}{l}\text { cps. } 8 \text { ohm im- } \\ \text { pedance. } \\ \text { watts } \\ \text { power. music }\end{array}\end{aligned}=54=1$
 $957 ; 15 \times 14 \mathrm{in} .99 p ; 11 \times 3 \mathrm{in}$. $50 \mathrm{p} ; 18 \times 10 \mathrm{in}$. 18
 $14 \times 3 \mathrm{in} .16 \mathrm{p} ; 10 \times 7 \mathrm{in} .19 \mathrm{p} ; 12 \times 5 \mathrm{in} .20 \mathrm{p} ; 12 \times 8 \mathrm{in} .28 \mathrm{p}$,
$16 \times 6 \mathrm{in} .28 \mathrm{p} ; 14 \times 6 \mathrm{n} .34 \mathrm{p} ; 12 \times 12 \mathrm{in} .40 \mathrm{p} ; 16 \times 10 \mathrm{in} 50 \mathrm{p}$.

14 inch DIAMETER WAVE-CHANGE SWITCHES 25p.
2p. 2-way, of 2 p. 6-way or 3 p. 4 -way 25 peach. 1 p. 12-way

"THE INSTANT" BULK TAPE ERASER A HEAD DEMAGNETISER 200/250v. A.C.
Leaflet S.A.E. $\mathbf{L 2}^{2}$ Post
HI-FI STOCKISTS RETURN OF POST DESPATCH
R.C.S. STABILISED POWER PACK KITS All parts and instructions with Zener Diode, Printed Cirenit,
Bridge Rectifers and Double Wound Mains Transiormer Bridge Rectiters and Double Wound Mains Transiormer inpnt $200 / 240 \%$. AC. Outpat voltages qvailable 6 or 9 or
12 or 15 or 18 or 20 . DC at 100 m or less 12 or 15 or 18 or 20 F DC at 100 mA or less.

GENERAL PURPOSE TRANSISTOR
PRE - AMPLIFIER BRITISH MADE


 $\begin{array}{lll}\text { For use with valve or transistor eqnipment. } \\ \text { Full instructions supplied. Details S.A.E. } & \text { 90p } & \text { Post } \\ 10 p\end{array}$ HEW TUBULAR ELECTROLYTICS |  | $1 / 2 W 0 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | $100 / 25 \mathrm{~V} \quad 10 \mathrm{p} \mid 32+32 / 350 \mathrm{~V} 25 \mathrm{p}$

$1.2,4.5,8,16.25,30,50,100,200 \mathrm{mF} .15 \mathrm{~V} .10 \mathrm{p}$.
$500 \mathrm{mF} .12 \mathrm{~V} .15 \mathrm{p} ; 25 \mathrm{~V}, 20 \mathrm{p} ; 50 \mathrm{~V} .30 \mathrm{p}$.
$1000 \mathrm{mF} .12 \mathrm{~V} .17 \mathrm{p} ; 25 \mathrm{~V} .35 \mathrm{p}$; $50 \mathrm{p} .47 \mathrm{p} ; 100 \mathrm{~V} .70 \mathrm{p}$.
 $5000 \mathrm{mF}, 6 \mathrm{~V} .25 \mathrm{p} ; 12 \mathrm{~V} .42 \mathrm{p} ; 25 \mathrm{~V} .75 \mathrm{p} ; 35 \mathrm{~V}, 85 \mathrm{p} ; 50 \mathrm{~V} .95 \mathrm{p}$.
CERAMIC 1pF to $0.01 \mathrm{mF}, 4 \mathrm{p}$. Silver Mica 2 to $5000 \mathrm{pF}, 4 \mathrm{p}-$ PAPER 350V-0.1 4p, 0.518 p ; 1mF 15p; 2mF 150 V 15 p . $500 \mathrm{y}-0-001$ to $0.05 \mathrm{4p} ; 0.15 \mathrm{p}: 0.25 \mathrm{8p} ; 0.4725 \mathrm{p}$. SILVER MICA. Close tolerance $10 ; 2-2-500 \mathrm{pF} 8 \mathrm{p} ; 500-2 \cdot 200$ pF 10p; 2,700-5.600pF 20p; 6,800pF-0.01, mid 30p; each TWIN GANG. " $0-0$ " $208 \mathrm{pF}+176 \mathrm{pF}$, 65p; Slow motion drive $365+385$ with $25+25 \mathrm{pF}, 50 \mathrm{p} \quad 500 \mathrm{pF}$ slow motion, standard 45 p ; small 3-gang 500pF si - 60 .
SHORT WAVE, SINGLE. 10pF 30p: 25pF 55p: 50pF 55p NEON PANEL INDICATORS 250 V AC/DC Red or Amber 20 p RESISTORS, ${ }_{4}$ w., $\frac{1}{2} w, 20 \% 1_{p} ; 2 \mathrm{w} .5 p 10$ ohms to 10 meg HIGH STABILITY. $\frac{2}{2}$ w. $2 . a 10$ ohms to 1 meg., 10 p . Ditto $5^{\circ}$; Preferred values 10 ohms to 10 meg., $4 p$ WIRE-WOUND RESISTORS 5 watt, 10 watt. 15 watt
10 obms to 100 K .10 p eaeh; $2 \frac{1}{2}$ watt. 1 ohm to $8 \cdot 2 \mathrm{ohms} 10 \mathrm{p}$

## DECCA DECCADEC GARRARD

MOTOR UNIT MKII
Single play Stere
Mono Deram transcription head and arm Fonr speeds. Anti-r tumble filter Bias compensa tion.
Laboratorymotor


## Speciat £18-50 ?

METAL PLINTH \& PLASTIC COVER Cut out ready for Garrard or
B.S.R. Will play with coverin
position. Latest design. \& Covered in black leatherette. Post $25 p$ ALSO AVAILABLE IN SOLID NATURAL MAHOGANY WAX POLISHED FINISH AT SAME PRICE

MAIAS TRANSFORMERS ALL POST


 MINIATURE $200 \mathrm{\nabla} .20 \mathrm{~mA}$, $63 \mathrm{~B}, 1 \mathrm{a} .2 .2 \times 21 \times 2 \mathrm{in}$. MIDGET $220 \mathrm{~F}, 45 \mathrm{~mA}, 6.3$ v. 2 a . $24 \times 2 \% \times 2 \mathrm{in}$. HEATER TRANS 8.3 mA .
 Ditto tapped sec. 1.47, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6.3 7.12 amp. at $2 \mathrm{amp}, 3,4,5,6,8,8,10,12,15,18,24$ and 30 v . 22.25 1 amp.; $6,8,10,12,16,18,20,24,30,36,40,48,60,92 \cdot 25$
2 amp. $6,8,10,12,16.18,20,24,30,36,40,48,60,53 \cdot 25$ $5 \mathrm{amp} .6,8,10,12.18,18,20,24,30,36$. $40,48,60.58,75$ AUTO TRANSFORHIGRS 115v, to 230v. OF 230 v . to 115 v 1b0w. 仅 25; 500w. £6.25; 750w. $210 ; 1000 \mathrm{w}$. 114
 6 or 12v. outputs, $1 \frac{\mathrm{amp} .40 \mathrm{p} ; 2 \mathrm{amp} \text {. } 55 \mathrm{p}: 4 \mathrm{amp} .85 \mathrm{p}, ~}{\text { a }}$ LUCAS 2DS500 Bridge 70\% 5 amp fl .

E.M I. $13 \frac{1}{2} \times 8 \mathrm{in}$. LOUDSPEAKERS
 State 3 or 8 or 15 ohma.

Pont 15
With fared tweeter cone and ceramie magnet. 10 watts. luy 10,000 gauss. 8 tate 3 or 8 or 15 ohm.

Teak Cabinet Size $16 \times 10 \times$ gin. Post 25 p MINIMUM POST AND PACKING $15 p$
SPECIALISTS

AIL models "baker speakers" in stock

$30-14,500$ c.p.4., 12 in . double cone, woofer and weeter cone together with a BAKER cersmic magnet assembly having fux density of 14,000 gauas and tutal liux of 145,000 Maxwells. Bass resonance 40 c.p.s. Rated
20 watts. Volce coils 3 or 8 or 15 ohms. Post Free Module kit. 30-17,000 e.p.s. ith tweeter, crossover affle añ $\in|\mid .50$
 3 or 8 ur 15 ohm 3 or 8 or 15 oh w 80 or 15 ohm TEAK HI-FI SPEAKER CABITETS. Fluted wood front

 LOUDSPEAKER OABINET WADDINGisin. wide, 15 p ft .

GOODMANS $6 \frac{1}{2}$ in. HI-FI WOOFER 8 ohm, 10 watt. Large ceramic magnet. speciai cambric cone surround. Frequency $\mathrm{Hi}-\mathrm{Fi}$ Enclosures $\$ \mathrm{~s}$ stems, etc. $£ 4$


## ELAC CONE TWEETER

The moriag coid diaghragm gives z good raidetion pattern to the higher trequancies and a smoth extension of total respons
 or 15 ohm models. $\leq 1.90$ Post 10p
speaker covering materials. Samplea Large s.a.e. Horn Tweeters $2-18 \mathrm{kc} / \mathrm{s}, 10 \mathrm{~W} 8 \mathrm{ohm}$ or 15 ohm 21.50. DWO-WAY 3000 cps CROSSOVERR 8 or 8 or 150 hm 95 p .

 $15 \mathrm{ohm}, 8 \mathrm{in}$.
3 ohm. 2 inin. 3in. $5 \times 8$ in.

 RICHARD ALLAN TWIN CONE LOUDSPEAKERS. 8 8in. dia. 4 watt; 10in. dia. 5 watt 12 in . di
VALVE OUTPUT TRANS. 25p; MIKE TRANS. 60:1 25 p . 5 WATT MULTI-RATIO, 3,8 and 15 ohms 80 p.


BARGAIN AM TUNER. Medium Wave.
£4.50
Transistot Superhet. Ferite zerial. 8 wolt. dd masical highlights and sound effects to recordugs Will miz Microphone, records, tape and tuner $\quad £ 3.50$ With soparate controts into single output.
BARGAIN FM TUNER $88-108 \mathrm{Me} / \mathrm{s}$ Six Transistor, 9 volt Printed Circuit. Calibrated slide dial tuning.
Walnut Cabinet. Size $7 \times 5 \times 4.50 .50$ Walnut Cabinet. Size $7 \times 5 \times 4$ inch
68.85

BARGAIN 3 WATT AMPLIFISR. 4 Trangistor
$£ 3.50$
COAXIAY PLUG 6p. PANEL SOCKETS 6p. HINE 18p. OTTLET BOXES, SUREACE OR FLUSH 26p. BALANCED N Wh JACK SOCKET Std. open-circuit 14p, cloged circuit 28p; ACK PLUGS Std. Chrome 15p: 3.5 mm Chrome 14 p . DIN
 3-pin 18p; 5-pin 25p. DIN PLUGS 3-pin 18p; 5 -pin 25 p .

E.M.1. TAPE MOTORSPost 15
 136 mA . 8pindle $0.187 \times 0.75 \mathrm{in} . \quad<1.25$ Size $3 \frac{1}{2} \times 2 \pm 24 i n$ (illustrated),
BALFORTOR 120v. or 240v. A.C. $1,200 \mathrm{r} . \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m} .4$ polo
 CUSTOMERS FREE CAR PARK CALLERS WELCOME 337 WHITEHORSE ROAD, CROYDON Open 9-6 (Wednesdays 9-1 p.m. Saturdars 9-5 p.m.) (Export: Remit cash and extra postage.) Buses $50,68,159$ Rail Selhurst. Tel. 0l-684-1665

Radio and TV Components (Acton) Litd., 21 c High Street, Acton, London W3 6NG, 323 Edgware Road, London, W2. Mail orders to Acton. Terms C.W.O. All enquiries S.A.E.

# SOUND 50 

## 50 WATT AMPLIFIER \& SPEAKER SYSTEM



The Sound Fifty valve amplifier and speakers are sturdily constructed with smart housings and thoroughly tested electronics. They are designed to last-to withstand the knocks and bumps of life on the road. Built for the small and medium sized gig, they are easy to handle and quick to set up and can be relied upon to come over with all the quality and power you need.
Output Power: 45 watts R.M.S. (Sine wave drive). Frequency response: -3 dB points 30 Hz at 18 KHz . Total distortion: less than $2 \%$ at rated output. Signal to noise ratio: better than 60 dB .
output. Signal to noise ratio: better than $\begin{aligned} & \text { Spass Control Range: } \pm 13 \mathrm{~dB} \text { at }\end{aligned}$ Speaker Impedance: 3,8 or 15 ohms. Bass 10 KHz . Inputs: 4 inputs at
60 Hz . Treble Control Range: $\pm 12 \mathrm{~dB}$ at 10 KHz 50 Hz . Treble Control Range: $\pm$ into 470 K . Each pair of inputs controlled by separate volume 5 mV into 470 K . Each pair of inputs c.
control. 2 inputs at 200 mV into 470 K .
To protect the output valves, the incorporated fail safe circuit will enable the amplifier to be used at half power.
SPEAKERS! Size $20^{\prime \prime} \times 20^{\prime \prime} \times 10^{\prime \prime}$ incorporating $12^{\prime \prime}$ heayy duty 25 watt high flux, quality loudspeaker with cast frame. Cabinets attractively finished in two tone colour scheme-Black and grey.

## COMPLETE SYSTEM <br> £50 <br> $\underset{£ 6}{ }{ }_{f}$ <br> Sound 50 amp and 2 speakers <br> P. \& P .

or available separately.
Amplifier $£ 28.50$ plus $£ 1.50 \mathrm{P}$. \& P .
Speakers $£ 12.50$ each plus $£ 2.25$ P. \& P.

## TOURIST mast car Ranoo

ALL TRANSISTOR
Beautifully designed to blend with the interiors of all cars. Permeability tuning and long wave loading coils ensure excellent tracking, sensitivity and selectivity on both wave bands. R.F. sensitivity at 1 MHz is better than 8 micro volts. Power output into 3 ohm speaker is 3 watts. Pre-aligned I.F. module and tuner together with comprehensive instructions guarantees success first time. 12 volts negative or positive earth. Size 7 in $\times 2$ in $\times 4 \frac{1}{2} i n$ deep.

## SET OF PARTS

22 plus P. \& P. Circuit diagram 13p. Free with parts 50p.
 extra plus 25p. p. \& p. Postage tree when ordered with parts.

CONTINENTAL 4 TRACK, 3 SPEED TAPE DECK
with high impedance heads R.C. 74 tape deck. Three
 speeds $-7 \frac{1}{2}$. $3 \frac{7}{4}$ and $1 \frac{7}{6}$ ips. 4-track record/playback head. Plus 4-track erase head. Positive pressure pad system. Takes any tape spool up to and including 7". The R.C. 74 is driven by a powerful $200 / 250 \mathrm{~V} 50$-cycle A.C. motor. A heavy, accurately balanced. flywheel brings wow and flutter levels down to approx. $0.3 \%$ total at $3 \frac{3}{4}$ and $7 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ips}$. Fast rewind in both directions.
Controls couldn't be simpler! Just five push buttons that interlock to cut out accidental tape damage. Efficient servo-action type braking. Easy drop-in tape loading.
The R.C. 74 comes with an attractive moulded deck cover. which has positions for tone and volume controls. The unit is built into a rigid die-cast freme, and overall size of the whole unit is $12 \frac{7}{8} \times 11 \frac{3}{4} \times 6$ inches Every single deck fully tested before dispatch. Spools not supplied.
$£ 15 \cdot 00$. Plus 75p P. \& P.

## DUETTO mk. II I.C.

STEREO AMPLIFIER.


Sophisticated styling combined with up-to-date electronics means $\mathrm{Hi}-\mathrm{Fi}$. This is what the Duetto Mk.II offers at a realistic price. Mullard built stereo pre-amplifier/tone control module and the highly efficient I.C. monollthic power chips ensure: reliability, very low distortion at all power levels, correct operation in all ambient temperatures, full power over the audio spectrum etc.
Inputs : P.U. 150 mV . @ 2.2 Meg (for cer. cartridge)
Auxiliary 100 mV . @ 1 Meg (for radio, tape etc.)
Outputs : 5 watts rms per channel into $8-15 \Omega$ speakers.
Switched stereo headphone socket with power correction.
Controls : Mono/stereo switch, selector switch, treble, bass, volume, balance and on/off switch. Neon indicator.
Tone Controls : Treble $\pm 14 \mathrm{db}$ @ 15 KHz
Bass $\pm 14 \mathrm{db} @ 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$
Power Bandwidth : $\pm 2 \mathrm{db} 20 \mathrm{~Hz}-25 \mathrm{KHz}$ Size $12!^{\prime \prime} \times 6^{\prime \prime} \times 37^{\prime \prime}$
£10.50
plus P. \& P. 60p

## 60\% <br> sictan £17:95

Garrard SP25 Mk. III
Goldring G800
Teak plinch and tinted cover. All leads supplied.
Please add $£ \mathbf{I}-25$ for $P$ \& $P$.

## TURNTABLES

Please add 75p for P
Garrard SP25 Mk. || Garrard AP76
Garrard Arrard SL65B
Garrard 401
Garrard Zero 100 (Auto)
Garrard Zero 100 (Single)
Garrard SL72
Garrard SL75B
GSR MP60
Goldring GL72
Goldring GL72IP
Goldring GL75
Goldring GL751P
Whariedale Linton \& cart.
Thorens TDI25AS
$\begin{array}{lr}\text { Thorens TD } 25 A S \\ \text { Thorens TD } 150 \mathrm{Mk} . ~ I I ~ & £ 88.00 \\ \mathbf{E 2 7 . 2 5}\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { Thorens } \\ \text { Thorens TDI50A Mk. II } & \mathbf{E 3 7} \text {. } \mathbf{2 5} \\ \mathbf{E 3 3}\end{array}$

## AMPLIFIERS

Please add 75p P. \& P.
Amstrad 8000 Mk .
Amstrad iC2000
Armstrong 521 (teak cased)
Alpha Highgate 212
Alpha Highgate FA400
Ferrograph F307 Mk. I
(Wood cased)
Ferrograph F307
(Meral
Mk. II
(Meral cased)
Leak Delta 30
Metrosound ST20E
Metrosound ST60
Pioneer SA600
Pioneer \$A700
Pioneer SAB00
Pioneer SA900
Pioneer SA900
Pioneer SA1000
Pioneer SAlbrook (Chassis)
Rogers R/biol
Rogers R/brook (Cased)
Rogers R/bourne (Chassis)
Rogers R/bourne (Chassis)
Rogers R/bourne (Cased)
Rogers R/bourne (Cased)
Sinclair PRO60 $2 \times$ Z30/PZ5
Sinclair PRO60 $2 \times$ Z30/PZ5
Sinclair PRO60 $2 \times$ Z30JPZ 6
Sinclair PRO60 $2 \times$
Sinclair PRO $602 \times$
Sinclair AFU (Filter Unit) Sinclair 605
Sinclair 2000 Mk . II
Sinclair 3000 Mk II
Wharfedale Linton
Goodmans Max Amp
Teleton SAQ206B
Teleton SAQ3068
Europhon $10+10$


TUNERS
Please add 75p P. \& P. Armstrong 253
Armstrong 524
Armstrong 524
Rogers Ravensbrook FET Rogers Ravensbrook FET4
(Chassis) (Cased)
Rogers Ravenbourne FET Rogers Ravenbourne FET4
(Chassis)
Rogers Ravensbourne FET4
(Cased)
Sinclair PRO60 (Madule)
Sinclair PRO60 (Module)
Sinclair 2000/3000 Tuner
Philips RH690
Philips RH690 (Cased)
Leak Delta FM (Cas Leak Deta
TUNER/AMPLIFIERS
Please add 75p for P. \& P.
Alpha Highgate 150
Alpha Highgate R500
Armstrong 525 (Teak cased)
Armstrong 526 AM/FM
Arinstrong 526 AM/FM 667.95
(Teak cased)
(77.95
Leak Delta 75
Philips RH781
Philips RH 882 (+ cass head)
Philips RH 882 (+ cass head
Philips RH702
Teleton 2100
Teleton 2100
Goodmans One Ten
Goodmans One Ten
Rogers R/brook (Teak)
Rogers R/brook (Chassis)
639.00
630.50

## SPEAKERS

Please add © 1 -25 P. \& P. perpair
Amstrad 138
Wharfedale Denton 2
Wharfedale Linton 2
Wharfedale Melton 2
Wharfedale Dovedale
Wharfed ale Dovedale
Celestion Ditton 15
Celestion Ditton 25
Goodmans Double Maxim
Goodmans Mezzo 3
Goodmans Magister
Sinclair Q16 127.25
650.00
672.00


Plus 35p p. \& p
Finished in teak yeneer with tinted dust cover fully assembled. For
Garrard Sp25: 2025 TC . 3000 : $\begin{array}{lll}\text { Garrard SP25; 2025TC; } & 3000 ; \\ \text { AT60; } 2000: 2500 ; & 3500 ; & 5100 ;\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{ll}\text { A160; } & 2000: \\ 1025 ; & \text { SL65B; Also for BSR }\end{array}$ MeDonald MP60 and others. FGr AP76; AP75; SL72B; SL75
SL95R: \&4.20 plus 55 P. \& P. SL95R: E4•20 plus $55 p$ P. \& P. Also finished in walnut to match
lapanese equipment-at no extra. Japanese equipm
CARTRIDGES
Please add 10 p for $P$. \& $P$
Goldring G850
Goldring G800
Goldring G800E
Goldring G800E
Goldring G800 Super E


Shure M3D
Shure M4
Shure M44E
Shure M75E Type 2
Sonotone 9TAHE ${ }^{2}$
IDBIL AUID
DEEDUUU WITETOUSES
Dept. T74 Pentonville Road, London, N1. Telephone 01-2781769
Or: 4 High View Parade, Redbridge Iane East, Woodford avenue,
Uford, Essex. Tel: 01-550 1086.
Open Monday to Saturday 9.30 a.m. to 6 p.m. LATE HMT FRIDAY 7 p.m. MAL OPDERS. Order with contidence. Send Postal Order, Cheque. Mail. CALLERS: Please note that cheques can only be accepted'rogether with cheque cards (not Barclay Card).

## VALVES

SAME DAY SERVICE NEW! TESTED! GUARANTEED!


| 185 | -28 | 30 Cl | -28 | 802 | -30 | EL500 | -62 | Polles | . 32 | Uatic80 | -32 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 183 | -22 | 30 Cl 5 | . 58 | EABCAO | - 32 | EMso | -38 | PCLs3 | . 57 | UAFt2 | $\checkmark 50$ |
| 174 | $\cdot 16$ | 30 Cl 7 | . 76 | EAF42 | . 50 | EM81 | -38 | PCLB4 | . 34 | 1-BC41 | - 52 |
| 384 | -28 | $30 \mathrm{C18}$ | . 81 | Eb9] | -10 | EM84 | -32 | PCLSS | - 38 | UBF80 | -34 |
| 384 | -47 | 30 Fs | . 64 | EbC33 | 40 | EM87 | -34 | PCLAK | . 38 | UBF89 | . 82 |
| 5046 | . 31 | $30 \mathrm{FL}]$ | -81 | EbC41 | . 54 | 1:581 | - 36 | PCLE8 | -65 | UCCV8 | -82 |
| $5 \times 46$ | -35 | 30 FL 12 | . 69 | EbC90 | -22 | EY86 | -29 | PCL800 | -75 | UCCA5 | -35 |
| 5830T | . 34 | 30FLi4 | . 88 | Ebp80 | . 38 | EZ40 | . 43 | PENA4 | . 77 | ccreb | - 29 |
| 5249 | -35 | 30 LI | . 29 | ERF89 | . 29 | EZZ41 | . 43 | PEN36C | $\cdot 70$ | UCH42 | . 58 |
| 6/30La | - 54 | 30 L 15 | -57 | ECC81 | $\cdot 17$ | FZ880 | . 22 | PFLEMO | . 52 | UCH81 | . 32 |
| BAL5 | -11 | 30 LI 17 | -67 | ECC82 | - 20 | EZ81. | 28 | PL36 | . 49 | UCLs2 | - 32 |
| 6AMB | -18 | 30 P 4 | .57 | ECC83 | -35 | O230 | - 34 | PL81 | $\cdot 44$ | LCLs3 | - 55 |
| 8495 | -22 | 30P12 | . 28 | ECC85 | $\cdot 34$ | G232 | . 40 | PL8iA | $\cdot 47$ | UF41 | - 56 |
| 6AT6 | . 20 | 30 P 19 | . 57 | Eccso4 | . 54 | Gzas | -48 | PL88 | -31. | UF89 | . 30 |
| BAUt | - 20 | 30 PL | . 60 | ECFPQ | . 31 | KT41 | -77 | PL83 | -33 | C゙L, 41 | $\cdot 57$ |
| $6 \mathrm{BA6}$ | - 20 | 30 Pl 13 | . 88 | ECFS2 | -26 | KT61 | . 55 | PLS4 | -30 | UL84 | -80 |
| 6BE6 | $\cdot 21$ | 30PL14 | -65 | ECH35 | . 55 | KT66 | . 78 | 1 1.600 | -63 | UM84 | -22 |
| 6BJ6 | - 41 | $35 \mathrm{L6GT}$ | 43 | ECH42 | . 59 | LN319 | . 63 | ${ }^{\prime} \mathrm{L} 504$ | . 68 | TY41 | 89 |
| 6B67? | -52 | 4.5 W 4 | . 25 | ECH81 | . 29 | LN349 | . 78 | PM84 | . 38 | UY85 | - 25 |
| 6 Fl 14 | -40 | 35Z4 ${ }^{\text {S'T }}$ | . 25 | F2CH83 | . 40 | LN339 | -63 | PX25 | . 95 | VP4 ${ }^{\text {P }}$ | $\cdot 7 ?$ |
| 6F23 | -88 | 807 | . 45 | ECF84 | . 36 | N-8 | -87 | PY32 | -55 | W77 | $\cdot 48$ |
| 6F25 | -53 | AC/VP2 | . 77 | ECL80 | .35 | PABC80 | .34 | PY33 | . 55 | 277 | -22 |
| 6. 576 | -24 | H349 | , 65 | ECL82 | . 31 | PCA6 | $\cdot 47$ | PY81 | . 25 | Trangiri |  |
| 6 KF G | $\cdot 12$ | B72 | -62 | ECLA6 | -35 | PC88 | $\cdot 47$ | ${ }^{\text {PY82 }}$ | -25 | AC107 | $\cdot 17$ |
| 6K84 | . 17 | CCH35 | . 47 | EF39 | . 38 | PC98 | -42 | ${ }^{\text {PY83 }}$ | -28 | $\mathrm{ACl}^{\text {Cl2 }}$ | -18 |
| 607G | - 35 | CY31 | . 30 | EP41 | . 60 | PCO7 | $\cdot 39$ | PY88 | -33 | Abl40 | $\cdot 87$ |
| 68N76T | . 80 | DAF91 | . 22 | EF80 | .23 | Pcgon | -31 | PY800 | 234 | AFI15 | -20 |
| 8 VBC | . 28 | ${ }^{\text {1) AFP6 }}$ | -38 | EFP5 | . 28 | PCCR4 | -29 | PY801 | $\cdot 34$ | ${ }_{\text {AFll }}{ }^{\text {a }}$ | -20 |
| GVbGT | . 28 | DF33 | . 38 | EF'86 | . 30 | PCC85 | -25 | R19 | $\cdot 30$ | AFl17 | - 20 |
| $0^{1} X_{4}$ | . 23 | DF91 | -18 | EF89 | -26 | P P C88 | . 40 | R20 | . 56 | AF118 | -48 |
| 6xbat | . 28 | DF96 | . 36 | EFP1 | -13 | PCC89 | . 45 | U25 | . 64 | AF123 | $\cdot 17$ |
| 10P1S | - 58 | LH77 | -20 | EF99 | - 30 | Pccis9 | . 48 | U46 | 56 | AF127 | -17 |
| 12A H | 2.95 | 1, $\mathrm{K}^{23}$ | -38 | Er94 | $\cdot 65$ | PCrat | . 56 | U47 | -64 | $\mathrm{OCP}^{6}$ | + 25 |
| 12AT: | $\cdot 17$ | Јк91 | . 28 | EF183 | -28 | PCFs0 | . 28 | U49 | $\cdot 56$ | OC.4 | -12 |
| 1UAC7 | -20 | DK92 | $\cdot 50$ | EFIS4 | . 31 | PCF88 | .33 | U52 | + 31 | OC45 | -12 |
| 19AX7 | . 22 | DK96 | . 45 | EH90 | - 35 | PCPs6 | . 48 | U78 | . 24 | $0 \times 71$ | -12 |
| 19 BCtik | -80 | DL35 | . 40 | EI.i3 | $\cdot 55$ | P(PF\%00 | . 58 | U191 | - 59 | $0 \mathrm{OC72}$ | $\cdot 12$ |
| $20 \mathrm{F2}$ | . 87 | DLG2 | - 26 | EL34 | . 45 | PCP801 | -28 | U193 | -42 | OC75 | . 12 |
| 20 F 3 | $\cdot 77$ | DL64 | 47 | ELtal | . 54 | PCPPS02 | 40 | U251 | -64 | OC81D | . 12 |
| 20P4 | . 02 | 1)L96 | . 38 | EI.84 | -23 | PCPP805 | . 61 | U301 | -38 | $0 \mathrm{C82}$ | . 12 |
| 25 L6et | -19 | 1)Y86 | . 84 | EL90 | -26 | PCF806 | -58 | U329 | -68 | OC82D | . 12 |
| 25U4GT | . 57 | DY87 | . 24 | 5 | 433 | PCFB08 | . 68 | U801 | . 80 | 0C170 | -23 |

## READERS RADIO

85 TORQUAY GARDENS, REDERIDGE, ILFORD. ESSEX. n post/packing on 1 valve 7p., on
(3p. per. valve extra)
Any parcel insured against damage in transit $3 p$ extra.


2 minutes from KING'S CROSS. EUSTON \& ST PANCRAS
on main road leading to the East and West Country
Build yourselfa TRANSISTOR RADID NEW! ROAMER 10 WITH VHF INCLUDING AIRCRAFT 10 TRANSISTORS. 9 TUNABLE WAVEBANDS, MW1, MW2, LW, SW1, SW2, SW3, TRAWLER BAND. VHF AND LOCAL STATIONS AND AIRCRAFT BAND
Bullt in Ferrite Rod Aerial for MW/LW. Retractable, chrome 7 section Telescopic Aerial, for peak short wave and VHF listening. Push Pull output using 600 mw Transistors, 10 Transiators plus 3 Diodes. $8^{*} \times 2 t^{\circ}$ Speaker A VHF section. Yoiume onfofl, Wave Change and Tone Control, Tuning Condenser with with silver blocking. Size $9^{*} \times 7^{\prime \prime} \times 4^{*}$, Easy to Control. Attractive Case in black Parts price list and easy build plans $\mathbf{8 0 p}$ (FREF with parts).
Total building cost 88.50
P. P. \& Ins. 50p


ROAMER EIGHT Mk I

## Now with

 variable TONE CONTROL
## 7 Tunable Wayebands: MW1, MW2, LW, SW1, sw2.

 SW3 and Trawler Band. Built in Ferrite Rod derial for MW and LW. Metractable ohrome plated Telescopic aerial for Short Waves. Push pull output using$600 \mathrm{~m} W$ Selectivity switch. Switched earpiece socket complete. with earplece. 8 transistors plus 3 diodes. $\left.8^{\circ} \times 2\right)^{\circ}$ Speaker. Air spaced ganged tuning condenser. Volume/ on/oft, tuning, wave change and tone controls. Attractive case in rich chestnut shade with gold blocking. Size $9 \times 7 \times 4 \mathrm{in}$. approx. Easy to tollow Build Plans and (Fiagrams, Parts Price List and Eesy Build Plans 25p (FREE with parts).


## POCKET FIVE <br>  $-4=2 x+2$

3 Tnnable Wavebands: MW, LW, Trawler Band With extended M.W.
band for easier tuming
7 stages-5 transistors and 2 diodes, aupersensitive ferrite rod aerial, flae tone moving coll speaker. Attractive black and gold case. Bize of $\times 1$ I $\times 3$ in. Easy build plans and
parts price list 10p (FREE with parts). Earpiece with plug and awitched socket, for private listening 30p

Total building costs
(Overseas $P . \& P .63 p$ )

## 5 TRANSISTORS

 AND 2 DIODES3 Tunable Wavebands: MW, LW and Trawler Band 7 stage- 5 transistors and 2 diodes, ferrite rod aerial. tuning condenser volume control, fine tone moving coll speaker. Attractive case with red speaker
grille. Bize $6 ; \times 4 \frac{1}{2} \times 1+i n$. Easy build plans and
 parts price list 10p (FREE with parts). Earpiece with
plug and switched socket for private listening 30p extra.

TRANSONA FIVE (Overseas P. \& P. 63p) -2 010 Ins. 22p


7 Tupable Witvebands: MW1, MW2, SW' 3 SN1 8 g2, Band. Extra Medium Band. Extra Medium waveband provides easier tuning of Radio Luxembourg, etc. Built in ferrite rod aerial
for MW and LW. Retractable 4 section 24in. chrome plated telescopic aerial for $\mathbb{S W}$. Socket for Car Aerial. Powerful push-pull output. 7 translators and 2 diodes, ncluding Micro-Alloy R.F. Transistors. $8^{\prime \prime} \times 2$ 2in $^{\prime \prime}$ speaker. Air spaced ganged tuning condenser. Volume/ on/of, tuning and wave change controls. Attractive case with carrying handle. size $9 \times 7 \times 4 \mathrm{in}$. approx.
Easy to follow instructions and dagrams. Parts price list and easy build plans 15p (FREE Farts price Earpiece with plug and switched socket for privete listening, 80p extra.


## RADIO EXCHANGECO

§61 HIGH STREET, BEDFORD. Tel. 023452367 "
EUILD RADIOS, AMPLIFIERS, ETC. EROM EASY STAGE OIAGRAMS. FIVE CONSTRUCT
Tuning Condenser: 2 Volurae Controls: 2 Slider Switches: $\mathbf{4}^{*} \mathbf{x 2 \frac { 1 } { * }}$ Bpeaker: Terminal Strip: Ferrite Rod Aerial: 3 Plugg and Sockets: Battery Clips: 4 Tag
Boards: Balanced Armature Unit Neq Diode: :Resistors: Capacitors: Three ${ }^{\prime \prime}$ " Knohs: Units once constructed are detachable stored for future use, Ideal for Schools, Educational Authorities and all those interested in radio construction.



STEREO AMPLIFIERS
ALBA UA 700 .............
AMSTRAD Stereo 8000 Mk 2
AMSTRAD I.C. 2000
ARMSTRONG
DULCl 207....
FERROGRAPH F307 Mk. il (cased)
FERROGRAPH F307 MII (Metal case)
GOODMANS Maxamp.
LEAK Dolta 70 (cased)
METROSOUND ST20E
METROSOUND ST
PHILIPS RH 591
PHILIPS RH 590
PHILIPS RH 580
PIONEER SA500A
PIONEER SA600
PIONEER SA600.
PIONEER SA800.
PIONEER SA800.
PIONEER SA 900
PIONEER SA900
PIONER SA1000
PIONEER OL600 Quadraphonic co..
PIONEER QL600 Quadraphonic
RANK Rotel 210
RANK Rotel 310
RANK Rotel 610
ROGERS Ravensbourne
ROGERS Ravens bourne (cased) ROGERS Ravensbrook Mk. $\begin{aligned} & \text { ROGERS Ravensbrook (cased) Mk.il }\end{aligned}$
 SINCLAIR PROJECT $60 / 2 \times 250 /$ PZ8/trans
SINCLAIR PRÖJECT 605
SINCLAIR AFU .i.
SINCLAIR Neoterle
TELETONSAO
TELETON 307
WHARFEDALE Linton Amplifler
TELETON GA202 15 watt RMS
P.Chan. Spec Price $28 \cdot 50$

## TUNERS

*ARMSTRONG 523 AM/FM
*ARMSTRONG 524 FM.
ARMSTRONG M8 De
*DULCI FMT. 7 FM
DULCI FMT.7S Stereo
LEAK Delta FM
LEAK Delta FMMIFI
LEAK Delta AMIFI
PHILIPS RH 690 ...
PHILIPS RH 691
PIONEER TX500 AMM/FM
PIONEER TX600 AM/FM
RANK ROTEL 320 ...............
ROGERS Ravensbourne in teak case
ROGERS Ravensbrook chassis ..
ROGERS Ravensbrook (cased)
SINCLAIR 2000
SINCLAIR 3000
SINCLAIR Project 60 tuner (stereo.
All above Tuners are complete with MPX Stereo Decoder except where starred.

TUNER/AMPLIFIERS
 where decoder is extra as listed.

Rec. Retail Comet $\begin{array}{ll}\text { Price } & \text { Price } \\ 37.93 & 24.95 \\ 37.75 & 25.95\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{ll}37.75 & 25.95 \\ 27.95 & 14.95\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{ll}27.95 & 14.95 \\ 42.95 & 27.50 \\ 59.00 & 44.95 \\ & 16.50\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{ll}59.00 & 44.95 \\ 26.00 & 16.50 \\ 32.00 & 19.50 \\ 84.00 & 46.95\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{ll}64.00 & \mathbf{4 6} \cdot 95 \\ 60.00 & 42.95 \\ 54.00 & 34.95 \\ 65.00 & 48.25\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{ll}65.00 & 34.25 \\ 79.50 & 58.95 \\ 39.50 & 24.95\end{array}$

79
79
79 70.0
79.0
52.0
29.0
58.
89.
119. 29.
58.
89.
119.

\section*{. 14} | 147. |
| :---: |
| 94. |
| 51 |
|  | | 34 |
| :--- |
| $\cdots \quad 47$ | 47

74
64 69
50
55
35 2̈5 $\begin{array}{r}34 \\ 29 \\ 5 \\ \hline\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{rr}34 \cdot 86 & 21 \cdot 95 \\ 29 \cdot 95 & 20 \cdot 25 \\ 5 \cdot 98 & 4 \cdot 25 \\ 61 \cdot 95 & 42 \cdot 93 \\ 45 \cdot 00 & 29 \cdot 50 \\ 3 \cdot 00 & 19 \cdot 50 \\ 33 \cdot 90 & 20 \cdot 95 \\ 60 \cdot 00 & 42.95 \\ \text { Spec Price } 28 \cdot 5\end{array}$
 ※3

## -



EMPIRE 999TE/X.
EMPRRE $999 S E / X$.
EMPIRE 9g9E/X
EMPIRE 909E/X
EMPIRE 90EEIX

ORTOFON M15E
SHURE M3DM.
SHURE M31E
SHURE M32E
SHURE M32-3
SHURE M32-3
SHURE M44-5
SHURE M44-G
SHURE M44-7
SHURE M-44G
SHURE M44E
SHURE M75G
SHURE M75EJ
SHURE M75E
SHURE M75E/95G
SHURE V15E/95G
SONOTONE 9TAHC Diam/Saph..
Starred cartridges above are ceramic. All $\quad 3 \cdot 1$

## PICKUP ARMS

GOLDRING Lenco 75
GOLDRING Lenco L69
$\begin{array}{llll}\text { SME } 3009 \text { with S2 Shell } \ldots . . . . . . . . . . & 32.34 & 24 \cdot 50 \\ \text { SME } 3012 \text { with S2 Shell } \ldots . . . . . . & 34.44 & 26.50\end{array}$
TURNTABLES
The following Turntables are complete with base, plinth, perspex cover and cartridge.
Fully wired and ready for use. At at special
prices.
GARRARD SP25 Mk It with Goldring G.800 GARRARD SP25 Mk II with Shure N. 4477 GARRARD SP25 Mk lil with Shure M.44/E GARRARD SP25 Mk lil with Shure Mi44/E GARRARD AP76 with Goldring G800 GARRARD AP76 with Special Price £29.90 GARRARD AP76 with Shure Mpecial Price £32.95 GARRARD AP76 with Shure M75EJ GARRARD 2025 with Sonotone 9TAHC GOLDRING 705/P with G850
GOLDRING GL75 with G800 $£ 26.00 \quad £ 10.95$ 1 Special Price 539.95 THORENS 150 AB complete with TXII
cover Shure M55E cartridge $£ 60.46 \quad$ £47.95

GARRARD SP25 MK
GARRARD SP25 M
GARRARD SL65 B
GARRARD SL. 95
GARRARD SL95
GARRARD 401
GARRARD SL72 B
GARRARD Zero 100A
GARRARD Zero 100 S
GARRARO WB4 base MK IIZ to fit
Zero and Cover to fit GARRARD
AP25. SL55, SL65B.............Special Price 3.60 GARRARD 40B ........................ 13.63 10-95

GARRARD AP76
GOLDRING GL69 Mk.ili
GOLDRING GL69P Mk.
GOLDRING GL69P
GOLDRING GL75P
GOLDRING Covers tor 69 and $72 . . . . .$.
Cover for 75P Deluxe
GOLDRING C99-plinth and cover
for G99
GOIDRIN
GOLDRING G99.
GOLDRING GL72 Ch
GOLDRING GL72P
GOLDRING GL85
GOLDRING GL85P
LEAK Delta
McDONALD
MP.
Mo
MCDONALD MP60
MCDONALD $610 .$.
McDONALD HT 70
McDONALD
HT70 inc. plinth $\&$ cov.
Base and Cover for MP60 and
PHILPS 202 Electronic ................
PHILIPS 308 transerlotion unit com-
PHILIPS 308 transeription unit com-
PIONEERPL12AC with base \& cover
THORENS TX25 cover
THORENS TD125
THORENS TD125AB
THORENS TD150 Mk.
THORENS TD150 Mk. "1
THORENS TDi50A Mk.
THORENS TD150A Mk.
THORENS TX11 Cover .............
WHARFEDALE Linton with base
and cover and Shure M44/7 cart.

## SPEAKERS

AMSTRAD 138 (pair) $13^{*} \times 8^{\prime \prime}$ twin
AKAI SW 155 .
B \& W Model 70
$B \& W$ DM2...
B \& W DM2
B \& DM3
B. \& WDM1 (pair)

CELESTION Ditton 120 (palr)
CELESTION Ditton 15
CELESTION DItton 25
CELESTION Ditton 44
GELESTION GOODMANS Minister (pair)
GOODMANS Havant (pair)
GOODMANS Magister
GOODMANS Double Maxim
GOODMANS Mezzo 3
GOODMANS Magnum K2
GOODMANS DImenston 8
KELETRON KN400 2-speaker Sys-
tem (pair).
KN600 3-speaker Šystem (pair)
KN800 3-speaker System
KN1100 4-speaker System
KN1600 3-speaker System
KN2100 3-speaker System
LEAK 250 (pair)
LEAK 600 .
MEAK 600 OUNO HFS 103 (parr)
METROSOUND 202
METROSOUND Duplex 15
METROSOUND Duplex 25
PHILIPS RH 411 (pair)
PHILIPS RH 411 (pair)
PHILIPS RH 402 (pair).
PHILIPS 406.
SINCLAIR OIG
STE-MA 450 .
TANDBERG TAN 7 (pali)
TANDBERG Tan 11
TANDBERG Tan 12 teak (pair)
TANDEERG Tan 25 teak (pair)

Rec. Retail Come
Price

| Price | Price |
| :---: | :---: |
| $28 \cdot 44$ | 19.50 |
| $26 \cdot 86$ | 18.50 |
| $35 \cdot 23$ | 25.25 |
| $39 \cdot 06$ | $23 \cdot 25$ |
| $47 \cdot 43$ | 35.25 |
| $4 \cdot 36$ | 3.75 |
| 4.88 | $3 \cdot 95$ |
| 10.75 | 9.75 |
| 27.90 | 19.50 |
| 27.90 | 22.50 |
| 27.90 | 20.95 |
| 36.27 | $29 \cdot 25$ |
| 69.03 | 46.50 |
| 70.80 | 54.75 |
| $67 \cdot 50$ | 54.75 |
| 14.80 | 10.25 |
| 18.79 | 14.50 |
| 20.68 | $15 \cdot 25$ |
| 29.89 | 22.50 |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { Spec Pric } \\ 64 \cdot 65 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 3.95 \\ 54.75 \end{array}$ |
| $36 \cdot 55$ | 28.25 |
| 47-15 | $36 \cdot 25$ |
| $8 \cdot 26$ | $6 \cdot 60$ |
| $73 \cdot 78$ | 58.25 |
| $112 \cdot 14$ | 91.95 |
| 33.64 | $28 \cdot 25$ |
| $43 \cdot 09$ | $33 \cdot 50$ |
| $45 \cdot 63$ | $38 \cdot 25$ |
| 4-13 | $3 \cdot 75$ |
| 34.50 | 27.25 |

[^2]
## PRICES!

## COMET <br> III III ITII <br> 14

# OVER 1000 ITEMS ALWAYS IN STOCK ALL FULLY GUARANTEED WITH AFTER-SALES SERVICE 


 FERROGRAPH 704/W 4-track tape deck
ERROGRAPH 722
ERROGRAPH 724
GRUNDIG C200 Do Luxe Caseotte
GRUNDIG TK 121 twin track
GRUNDIG TK 141 4-track
GRUNDIG TK 146 4-track Auto
GRUNDIG TK 147 4-track Auto
PHILIPS R.R. 392 MW/VHF Radio
and Cassette Recorder
PHILPS 2204 cassette, battery/mains PHILIPS 2202 cassette
PHILIPS 4302 cassette
PHiLIPS 4308 De luxe 4 -track........ PHILIPS 4404 4-track stereo recorde PHILIPS 44074 -track stereo record or
deck $1 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .$. PHILIPS 2503 Cassette Stereo
tape deck
PHILIPS 2400
L/S
PYE 9109 cassette ........
PYE 9118
TANDBERG 1841 -track stereo
tape deck $\ldots$ ANDBERG $3021 \times$ twin track stereo
TANDBERG $3041 \times$ 4-track stereo.. TANDBERG $4021 \times$ twin track etereo TANDBERG $4041 \times 4$-track stereo.. TANDBERG $6041 \times$ 4-track stereo.. TELETON TC110 cassette battery? mains.................................... VHF/AM radio battery/malns... WHARFEDALE Dolby DC9 casBette stereo tape deck
GARRARD WBi Base. GARRARD SPC1 Cove
GARRARD SPC4 Cove
Special offer of Base and Cover to if GARRARD SP25, SL55, SL65B and 3500
GARRARD WB4 hase Mk IIZ to fit Zera $100 \&$ Zero $100 S$
GOLDRING Plinth 75 GOLDRING Plinth 69 GOLDRING Covers for 69 P and $\mathbf{7 2 P}$ Cover for 75P De luxe $\ldots \ldots . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . ~$
 THORENS TX11 Cover...... SME PlInt System 2000 with motor board

Complete Price List FREE on request!

Open daily to the public from
$9-0$ a.m. until $9-0 \mathrm{a}$ a.m. until
$5-30 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. Mon. $9-0$ a.m. uneil 1-0 p.m. Tues. 9-0 a.m. until $8-0$ p.m. Wed. 9.0 a.m: until 8-0 p.m. Thurs. 9-0 a.m. until 8-0 p.m. Fri. $9.0 \mathrm{a} . \mathrm{m}$. unti 5-30 p.m. Sat. Customers are welcome to call Ample car parking facilities

## COEAET HIGH FIDELITY DISCOUNT WAREHOUSES

(Dent. P.W.) Reservoir Rd., Clough Rd., Hull HU6 79D Tel. 46441 ( 6 lines)
(Dept. P.W.) 78 Armiey Rd., Leeds LSI2 2EF Tel. 4055; (10 lines) (Dept. P.W.) Teesway, Portrack Lane, North Teesside Industrial Estate, Teesside, (Dept. P.W.) Heeley Road, Selly Oak, Birmingham B29 6EY Tel. 021-4726181 (Dept. P.W.) Tivoli Shopping Centre, 1570.1572 Coventry Road, Yardley. Birmingham (Dept. P.W.) Tel. 021-706 0684
Deost. P.W. 1, Newhaven Road, Edinburgh EH6 50X Tel. 554850 (Dept. P.W.) Corner of Well i' th' Lane and Queensway, Rochdale Tel. 50606
Comet guarantees that all prices quoted are genulne. All items offered available at these prices at the time this issue closed for press. Add 75p for Sosturicor delivery required add Ei-T5 only. Make cheques, Money Orders payable to "COMET"


## COMPLETE HI-FI SYSTEMS

Completely wired mounted and ready for use

Rec. Retail Comet GOODMANS AUDIO SUITE, Goodmans Maxamp stereo ampliFM Tuner with decoder. Pair of Goodmans Magnum K2 speakers, Garrard AP76 turntable in base, complete with cover and Goldring G800 Cartridge. Beautifully
finished in walnut ............. THORENS TD 150AB Mk, II with TX11 dust cover, SHURE M55E Cartrldge. LEAK Delta 70 Ampli-
fier, 2 Wharfedale Dovedale 3 fier, 2 Wharfedale Dovedale 3
Speakers ....................... PHILIPS 790 tuner/amp 20 watts
RMS per channel. FM/MW/LW RMS per channel. FM/MW/LONic
SW \& Stereo decoder. Electronic touch luning. Goldring G175 turntable on plinth with cover and G800 magnetic cartridge, fully
wired. 2 Mezzo lil speakers.... $269.19 \quad 158.95$ GARRARD AP76 with base cover and Shure M55E cartridge
Arena 2600 AM/FM and $S W$ Tuner/ Arena 2600 AM/FM andSW Tuner/
Amp and 2 Goodmans Havant
 GOODMANS Module 80 Tunerl Ampllfler, Garrard AP76 Turnridge and 2 Goodmans Havant Speakers ..........................
LEAK Delta 30 amp In teak case. 15 watts RMS channel. Garrard AP76 transcription deck with cartridge, fully wired. 2 Ditton 15 speakers ........................ $189.36 \quad 126.95$
LINTON System with Wharfedale Lint on Ampllfier, Linton Turntable $\begin{array}{lll}\text { of Linton Mk II Speakers.............. } & 143.50 & 106.95\end{array}$ AMSTRAD I.C. 2000 integrated ler channel amp., Garrard Sp 25 turntable with plinth, cover \& Goldrling G800 magnetic cartridge, fully wired. 2 Wharfedale Denton Soeakers
AMSTRAD 8000 Mk . It Ampllfler, 7 watts RMS per channel. Garrard SP25 with G800 cartridge including base, pllnth and cover and pair of
Amstrad $1388^{\prime \prime} \times 8^{*}$ twin cone teak
finish speakers.....................
GOLDRING 705P Turntable, fully wired complete with Golding 850 cartridge. Amstrad stereo 8000
amplifier and 2 Amstrad $138,13^{\circ}$ $\times 8^{\prime}$ twin cone speakers......... $79.95 \quad 39.95$

$86 \cdot 95 \quad 48 \cdot 50$

##  <br> SOLE AGENT REQUIRED

The Amtron range of products will shortly be available in the U.K. and a sole agent is required to handle distribution. These are just four examples from their extensive range of equipment.

## TV SWEEP GENERATOR

Variable frequency signal generator for T.V. alignment; both frequency and amplitude can be modulated.
Output voltage 100 mV - Frequency range: 34 to 50 MHz - Attenuator: Continuous variation - Amplitude modulation: at 1 kHz depth $30 \%$. Can be operated on 120, 160, 220 and 240 V A.C. Power Supplies.


## CRYSTAL CALIBRATOR MARKER GENERATOR

When a sweep signal is applied to a circuit the curves obtained on an oscilloscope are easier to analyse if they have the precise frequency reference. The UK740 marker generator provides an answer to this problem.
Ratings and characteristics; Radio frequency output voltage; 100 mV Output frequency: $27 \cdot 5$ to 47 MHz fundamental 55 to 94 MHz second harmonic: 84 to 140 MHz third harmonic: 140 to 345 MHz fifth harmonic.
Attenuator: continuous variation - Amplitude modulation: internal 1000 Hz with possibility of cutting out the external one by UK 495 - Crystal calibrator - Output frequency: $5 \cdot 5 \mathrm{MHz}$ - Output

## UK 470

 voltage at $5.5 \mathrm{MHz}: 100 \mathrm{mV}$ - Power: 9 V battery - Transistors used: $2 \times \mathrm{AF} 106$-AC 128.



## ELECTRONIC VOLTMETER

Using FET transistors which give better stability than the conventional valve instrument. Can be used with a 9 V battery.
Ratings and Characteristics - Continuous voltage range: from 20 mV to 300 V D.C. Bandwidth 20 Hz to 1 MHz


## BAR GENERATOR

The UK 495 can be used for setting up TV sets without the help of the broadcast test pattern.
Vertical bars: variable from 8 to 16 ; duration: $0.5 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ approx. Horizontal bars: variable from 7 to 13; duration $200 \mu$ s approx. Line synchronism: repetition rate $64 \mu \mathrm{~s}(15625 \mathrm{~Hz})$; duration: $5 \mu$ s approx. Frame synchronism: repetition rate: $20 \mathrm{~ms}(50 \mathrm{~Hz})$, duration: $600 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ approx. - Power: 9V D.C.

Applications are invited from well established companies able to offer distribution facilities throughout the U.K.
Please write with full details to :-
Box No. 102
Advertisement Dept., Practical Wireless, Fleetway House, Farringdon Street, London EC4 4AD.


## All the Winners!

BY a unanimous decision, the panel of judges, comprising the Editor and editorial staff of P.W., selected as the winner of the Project Autumn competition the following article:

1. Digital Frequency Counter/Timer, by J. ThorntonLawrence (September-December 1971).

Congratulations are therefore due to author John Thornton-Lawrence for the design, construction and preparation of his most successful project since he started writing for us. Apart from the opinion of the judges, the Digital Frequency Counter/Timer has enjoyed a great success with readers, as confirmed by correspondence. John will soon be travelling to London to officially receive the Designer's Trophy and we hope that he has cleared a prominent space on the sideboard to display the cup!

The selection of runners-up was more difficult. There were twelve nominations to be considered and placed in order of merit. In the event, these were the articles selected:
2. Linear Ohmmeter, J. N. Watt (Sept. 71)
3. Quality Hi-fi System, C. R. Bradley (Feb.-April 72)
4. Gate Dip Oscillator, B. Wood (February 72)
5. Cube Radio, R. F. Graham (March 72)
6. Modular Audio Mixing System, F. C. Judd (Oct.Dec. 71)

While congratulating the runners-up, we must also offer our sympathy to the several authors who very nearly squeezed into the final list-some by a very narrow margin.

As mentioned last month, and detailed elsewhere in this issue, our next writer's competition is restricted to those who have never written for P.W. before. This should provide a keen incentive to readers who have hitherto felt that the opposition might be too strong!

We will, of course, continue to publish articles by our established authors, but they will not be eligible for the competition itself. In this way, if we achieve nothing else, it will be seen that the pages of P.W. are open to anyone producing the right kind of material. A study of the winning articles in the last competition will be helpful in assessing chances and will also show that a long and complex article is not necessarily the route to a prize. And for new writers who need a little guidance on preparing articles for publication, some handy notes are available from this office on request. Now it is up to you!
W. N. STEVENS-Editor.

## NEWS AND COMMENT

Leader ..... 121
News . . . News . . . News . . . ..... 122
Mobile Rally Diary ..... 149
Letters ..... 153
CQ! CQ! CQ! ..... 156
MW Column by Charles Molloy ..... 156
Electronotes by S. Ginsberg ..... 157
Practically Wireless by Henry ..... 158
On the Short Waves by Malcolm Connah and David Gibson, G3JDG ..... 169
CONSTRUCTIONAL
Estelle 12-Watt Record Player by H. T. Kitchen ..... 124
Modifications to the Transistorised Oscilloscope by J. Ransome ..... 130
Constructing the P.W. Electronic Ignition System, Part 1 , by D. G. Fripp ..... 133
Take 20, No. 37, Burglar Alarm by Julian Anderson ..... 142
The Texan $20+20 \mathrm{~W}$ IC Stereo Amplifier, Part 2, by Richard Mann ..... 144
MW/IF Wobbulator by A. J. Birkinshaw ..... 150
Test Bench Amplifier by E. Buckland ..... 154
OTHER FEATURES
Transistor Circuitry for Beginners, Part 8 by H. W. Hellyer and Michael Hollier ..... 161
IC of the Month RCA CA3090Q Stereo Decoder by L. A. J. Ireland 173Going Back by Colin Riches andArthur Dow175
JULY ISSUE WILL BEPUBLISHED ON JUNE 2nd

[^3]
# NEWS... 

Push-bution wonder


It's a "wonder" because it's a push-button car radio in kit form retailing for only $£ 7$ ! Step-by-step assembly instructions are provided with the kit, and the manufacturers, Radio \& TV Components Limited, maintain that anyone with a little experience in wielding a soldering iron can complete the unit in an evening-or if you go to bed very early, two evenings! An integrated circuit and a printed circuit board simplify construction and cut down the number of components to be soldered. The "Tourist" car radio, as it has been called, features five push buttons which can be tuned to four preset medium wave stations. The fifth button is for use on long wave. Spun aluminium knobs are used and the tuning scale is illuminated.

Permeability tuning is employed and r.f. sensitivity is said to be better than $15!\mathrm{V}$ at 1 MHz . Power output into an $8 \Omega$ speaker is better than $2 \cdot 5 \mathrm{~W}$. The i.f. module and the tuner are pre-aligned and

the kit is suitable for 12 V positive or negative operation.

Also announced by Radio \& TV Components is the $£ 25$ stereo system designated Unisound 505. This comprises pre-assembled units which can be wired together in about an hour by means of a screwdriver (no soldering iron being needed). Basically the units used in this system are the Mullard Unilex modules modified by the addition of ATES integrated circuits on the amplifier output stages to provide increased output. The turntable supplied is a Garrard 2025 TC and speakers are dual cone $13 \times$ in. elipticals in kit form, manufactured by EMI.

Further information on both of these units may be obtained from Radio \& TV Components, (Acton) Limited, 21 High Street, Acton, London, W. 3 .

## Saba radio



One receiver in the new Saba range is the Transeuropa Automatic G Radio mains/battery/car portable radio. Waveband ranges are: f.m. $87 \cdot 5 \mathrm{MHz}-104 \mathrm{MHz}$, SW1
$6 \cdot 8 \mathrm{MHz}-18 \cdot 9 \mathrm{MHz}$, SW2 $15 \mathrm{MHz}-$ $15 \cdot 5 \mathrm{MHz}$, SW3 $5 \cdot 9 \mathrm{MHz}-6 \cdot 23 \mathrm{MHz}$, SW4 $\quad 2 \cdot 8 \mathrm{MHz}-7 \cdot 5 \mathrm{MHz}, \quad$ MW1 $510 \mathrm{kHz}-1220 \mathrm{kHz}$, MW2 1180 kHz $1630 \mathrm{kHz}, \mathrm{LW} 150 \mathrm{kHz}-300 \mathrm{kHz}$.

Twelve transistors are used and the f.m. tuner employs two transistors and vari-cap diode tuning. There are common i.f. stages for a.m. and f.m.: 460 kHz $10 \cdot 7 \mathrm{MHz}$.

A five transistor audio amplifier provides $3 \cdot 6 \mathrm{~W}$ and 6 W when operating from 12 V car battery. There are $2 \times 5$ Ohm speakers- 7 \& $2^{1}{ }_{2}$ in.-the $2^{1}{ }_{2}$ in. speaker is switchable. Treble and base controls are provided amongst many other features. Recommended retail price is $£ 55$. U.K. Distributors are Lampitt Electronics Limited, Manchester.

## Burnt fingers

We mentioned it once before, and we're mentioning it again because it's useful stuff. Burneze, priced at 39 p, is an aerosol preparation which gives instant relief to minor burns. Available through all branches of Boots and most good chemists, it should have a place in every workshop, or home first aid kit, ready for instant action the moment you grab hold of the wrong end of the soldering iron!

## Hacker power

The VP408 is a fully-stabilized power unit designed to plug into the mains electricity supply and give a d.c. output adjustable from 6 to 18 volts.

Selection of the voltage required by the equipment to be operated is very simple. Set flush in the underside of the unit is a circular control which may readily be turned by a small screwdriver until the pointer on the control is in line with the voltage indicated on the scale.


The VP408 is intended primarily as an alternative to batteries as the power source for Hacker portable radios, but its wide range of stabilized voltages makes it an ideal power source for portable radios generally, some cassette tape recorders and other equipment requiring low voltage d.c. current within the capabilities of the unit. The VP408 costs £6•90p. Hacker Radio Limited, Norreys Drive, Cox Green, Maidenhead, Berks.

## NEWS... NEWS... NEWS...

## Record rack

The record rack shown on the front cover was kindly loaned to us by Civil Service Stores, Strand, London.

## TRAC amplifier

Acoustico Enterprises Ltd., inform us that they now have stocks of Teac equipment and in the picture we show the Teac Amplifier type AS-200S, retailing at $£ 170 \cdot 48$. This is an all silicon transistor stereo amplifier having a rated power of 60 W per channel $\pm 0 \cdot 5 \mathrm{~dB}$ into a $4 \Omega$ load or 50 W per channel $\pm 0 \cdot 5 \mathrm{~dB}$ in an $8 \Omega$ load. Harmonic distortion is under $0.5 \%$, rated output, under $0 \cdot 1 \%, 30 \mathrm{~W}$ output and under $0 \cdot 1 \% \quad 100 \mathrm{~mW}$. Frequency response is $20-80,000 \mathrm{kHz}+0 \mathrm{~dB}$ -1 dB and power bandwidth is $20-30,000 \mathrm{~Hz}$. Input impedance is $25 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ or more and sensitivity is 0.7 V for rated output.

Elimination of capacitance from the output circuit plus the very stable dual p.s.u. results in an 'unprecedented' flat frequency response which is very noticeable in the low frequency ranges.

A precision 3 dB step selection tone control is employed to eliminate any tonal imbalance between channels.

So that the speakers are protected from surge voltage when the unit is first switched on, Teac have included a muting circuit that prevents any current flow to the speakers until the unit has stabilized-usually 3-4 seconds after switch-on.

A matching and very smart looking a.m./f.m. stereo tuner designated AT-200S is also available from Acoustico for $£ 220 \cdot 41$. For further information on Teac equipment contact Acoustico Enterprises Ltd., 6-8 Union Street, Kingston Upon Thames, Surrey.


## Drills for printed circuit boards



Last October we gave details of two miniature electric drills, made by Expo (Drills) Ltd., which have proven very useful indeed to constructors faced with the problem of drilling a multitude of small holes in circuit boards. The Reliant, and its big brother the Titan Super, are intended to run from a 12 V battery or a mains rectifier unit. Now a drillstand-cumlathe bed is available capable of accommodating either drill. The drill is attached to the stand by a fixed clamp, the work table rising up to the drill by means of a small hand lever against a spring action.


Holes are provided in the stand body to enable it to be screwed down to a bench or to a moveable wooden base. The stand can also be screwed down with the drill and main post horizontal when it may be used as a simple lathe bed for polishing, grinding or cutting. Apart from standard twist drills various cutters, burrs and saws are available as accessories. All these can be accommodated in a set of three collets with a maximum capacity of $\mathbf{1}_{\mathrm{z}} \mathrm{in}$. A three jaw chuck of unique design is expected to be available in the near future. Details from Expo Ltd., 62 Neal Street, London, W.C.2.

## Texan transformers

Gardners Transformers Limited announce a new range of lowprofile transformers which are designed to overcome the transformer problems associated with the modern tendency towards slimmer electronic equipment.

Use of a Solo Series Transformer (Gardners Type SL 20) in the "Texan" stereo-amplifier designed by Richard Mann, of Texas Instruments, enabled the designer to achieve a remarkably compact design.

Further details of the new SOLO Series (Drawing A.3869) are readily available to industrial users, while a separate Advance Technical Data Sheet (AT.23)
describing the Texan 20W transformer will gladly be forwarded upon request to Gardners Transformers Limited, Christchurch, Hampshire. RH23 3PN.



THIS is a project that really got out of hand! Originally I had an old Garrard 4HF turntable that had seen better days and the intention was to put it in a home-made cabinet with a simple mono amplifier and hand it over to my daughter Estelle for her birthday. Her chief criterion of quality is the level obtainable, "the louder the better"!

In the end a second hand Garrard SP25 deck was fitted carrying a ceramic cartridge of unknown history. The "simple" amplifier finished up with ten transistors and at least "mid-fi" performance. The relatively small eliptical speaker in the cabinet has
become more of a monitor speaker, the amplifier output being taken to a larger external speaker better able to handle the amplifier output of 12 W r.m.s.

## THE PREAMPLIFIER

A pre-amplifier performs two basic functions. It must raise the usually low voltages fed into it to a level suitable for feeding the power amplifier, and it must be capable of altering the frequency response of the signals passing through it to fulfil two essential requirements. First, to equalise or com-


Fig. 1: The circuit of the preamplifier and tone control sections.
pensate the frequency dependent characteristics of the cartridge so that the output from the pre-amp is substantially "flat". This is achieved by providing the pre-amp with a response that is the reverse of the cartridge. Secondly, to provide a variable frequency response so that the flat response can be altered at will. Paradoxical perhaps, but a necessary requirement nevertheless.
The first requirement is a fixed frequency response to the RIAA standard. The second requirement is to provide a variable frequency response, the limits of which follow long established practice. The paradox referred to earlier is a necessary one, for the flat ideal response may result in a sound output from the loudspeaker that is aurally totally unacceptable. The variable frequency response that results from the use of correctly designed tone controls allows the user to modify the response so that a more pleasing sound can be obtained from the loudspeaker, even though a graph of the same response may well depart, perhaps greatly, from the theoretically "correct" flat line response.
Fig. 1. shows the circuit of the pre-amp used in the present design. Considering the various ways possible of loading a ceramic cartridge to provide the required correction, the simplest is by working it into a high resistance, typically $2 \mathrm{M} \Omega$, and this is the value of the gate resistor of the f.e.t. used as the input device. R2 is the drain load, the drain current of $600 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ being set by the source resistor R3, which is decoupled to a.f. by Cl. The low drain current assists in maintaining a low noise level in Tr1, an essential requirement, since the following stages will amplify this noise as weil as the wanted signal.

Trl feeds the volume control VRI at the earthy end of which is a low value resistor, R4, allowing a low level signal from the loudspeaker whilst a record is being played with the volume control at minimum.

This is purely a safety measure, intended to forestall the user from turning the volume right down when. for example, answering the telephone, and then forgetting all about the record player. The value of R 4 is best found experimentally.

The output of the volume control feeds the tone controls which are of the well known and highly regarded Baxandall configuration. A further stage of amplification follows the tone controls before the signal is ready to be passed on to the power amplifier. The degree of amplification required is quite modest but nevertheless two transistors are allotted to this task. The configuration of Tr 2 and Tr 3 however, allows the overall gain (of the two) to be closely controlled, and is therefore far superior to a single transistor. Direct coupling from Tr2 collector to Tr3 base goes a long way towards eliminating low frequency phase shifts which can occasionally prove troublesome.

Base bias for Tr 2 is derived from the emitter of $\operatorname{Tr} 3$, improving d.c. stability. Feedback from $\operatorname{Tr} 3$ collector to the junction of R11, R12, and C10, controls the a.c. gain and is dependent on the ratio of R16 to R12. Thus, if R16 is, for example, $20 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ and R 12 is $1 \mathrm{k} \Omega$, the gain will be 20 times. We can therefore control the gain within wide limits simply by varying the ratio of R12 and R16. This is a most useful facility. Since the output of ceramic cartridges can vary from around 30 mV for a better class cartridge, to around a volt for the cheaper "crystal" type, it is clearly useful to be able to vary the gain somewhere in the amplifier to compensate. If this is done, then the gain can be individually "tailored", assuming the cartridge type remains unaltered, so that full output is only available with the volume control fully advanced.

A further advantage of the two transistor circuit is the ability to "tailor" the a.c. feedback such that it becomes frequency selective. This can be effected by


Fig. 2: The circuit of the main amplifier.
shunting R16 with a capacitor, C13. The higher the capacity of C13, the lower the frequency at which it becomes effective. C13 can be selected by purely subjective means, using a cut and try approach in conjunction with listening tests.

## THE POWER AMPLIFIER

The circuit of the power amplifier, shown in Fig. 2., is entirely conventional, based upon well established and proven techniques. Several versions, both $3 \Omega$ and $15 \Omega$ output impedance, having been built and all having performed faultlessly.

Tr4, the input transistor, is a simple voltage amplifying stage with base bias provided by the potential divider R18 and R19. The collector of $\operatorname{Tr} 4$ is directly coupled to the base of Tr5. Feedback from the centre point of the amplifier to Tr 4 emitter, via VR4, establishes the d.c. working conditions throughout the whole amplifier. Since transistors and other components are subject to manufacturing "spreads", it is necessary to include VR4 to compensate for deviations in the working conditions caused by these "spreads". VR4 is the only component used in setting up the power amplifier.

From $\operatorname{Tr} 5$ the signal passes to the bases of an n.p.n.-p.n.p. pair of transistors, $\operatorname{Tr} 6$ and $\operatorname{Tr} 7$. Diode D1 assists in maintaining correct bias levels. At this junction an emphatic warning must be sounded, if partially or irretrievably damaged transistors are not to be the order of the day. D1 is part of the bias network for the output transistors, and must be correctly wired into circuit. Suspect or "surplus" diodes must not be used in this application. Failure to observe these requirements may result in trouble.

Capacitor C16 introduces a degree of high frequency attenuation, in order to protect the output transistors from high level, high frequency, long duration, signals. The h.f. response of the germanium transistors used is very limited, and an excessive continuous h.f. signal can destroy them by overheating the junctions. Under what may be termed normal conditions, these problems should not arise; however, readers possessing a.f. signal generators will no doubt wish to carry out appropriate tests, and then there is a very real danger of an increased mortality rate among power transistors if due care is not exercised.

Cross-over distortion, caused as the output transistors alternately conduct and cut off, can sound most unpleasant if remedial procedures are not

## components list

| Resistors |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| R1 | 2.2MS | R12 | $1 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | R23 | $470 \Omega$ |
| R2 | 10k $\Omega$ | R13 | 1-2kS | R24 | $1.5 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ |
| R3 | $1 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | R14 | $1 \cdot 5 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | R25 | $270 \Omega$ |
| R4 | see text | R15 | $27 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | R26 | 150, |
| R5 | $4.7 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | R16 | 27 k \& | $R 27$ | $3 \cdot 3 \Omega$ |
| R6 | $4.7 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | R17 | $3 \cdot 9 k \Omega$ | R28 | $150 \Omega$ |
| R7 | $4.7 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | R18 | 330 k 人 | R29 | $0.5 \Omega 10 \%$ WW |
| R8 | $4.7 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | R19 | $56 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | R30 | 0.5R $10 \%$ WW |
| R9 | $4.7 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | R20 | $15 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | R31 | $390 \Omega 5 \%$ W |
| R10 | 27k $\Omega$ | R21 | f50 |  |  |
| R11 | $4 \cdot 7 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | R22 | $33 \Omega$ |  |  |
| All $\frac{1}{2} \mathrm{~W} 5 \%$ carbon film except as noted. |  |  |  |  |  |
| VR1 | $25 \mathrm{k} \Omega \mathrm{log}$ |  | VR3 10 | k $\Omega$ |  |
| VR2 | 100 kS hi |  | VR4 5k | skel | ton pre-set |
| Capacitors |  |  |  |  |  |
| C1 | $100 \mu \mathrm{~F} 15$ |  | C13 | 820pF | polystyrene |
| C2 | $25 \mu \mathrm{~F} 15 \mathrm{~V}$ |  | C14 | 125 $\mu$ F | 15 VW |
| C3 | $100 \mu \mathrm{~F} 15$ |  | C15 | 100 HF | 15 VW |
| C4 | $0.01 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ |  | C16 | 1500 p | $F$ polystyrene |
| C5 | 0.014 F |  | C17 | $50 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ | 15VW |
| C6 | $0.022 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ |  | C18 | 100 aF | 15VW |
| C7 | $0.022 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ |  | C19 | $2500 \mu$ | F 25 VW |
| C8 | $8 \mu \mathrm{~F} 15 \mathrm{~V}$ |  | C20 | $2500 \mu$ | F 25 VW |
| C9 | $8 \mu \mathrm{~F} 15 \mathrm{~V}$ |  | C21 | 1500 | F 60VW |
| C10 | $100 \mu \mathrm{~F} 15$ |  | C22 | $8 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ | 5 VW |
| C11 | $100 \mu \mathrm{~F} 15$ | W | C23 | 1000 | F 60VW |
| C12 | $25 \mu \mathrm{~F} 15 \mathrm{~V}$ |  | C24 | $0 \cdot 1 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ | 500 V . |

Note: C21 and C23 must have an a.c. ripple rating of 1A for mono or 2A for stereo.

Semiconductors

| Tr1 | 2N3820 | Trs | 2N1305 | Tr9 | NKT404 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Tr2 | 2N1305 | Tr6 | 2N1305 | Tr10 | NKT404 |
| Tr3 | 2N1305 | Tr7 | 2N1304 | D1 | OA10 |
| Tr4 | NKT264 | Tr8 | NKT404 | D2 | ZL30 30V 1.5 W |
|  |  | D3 to 6 | 1N4004 |  |  |

## Miscellaneous

T1, mains transformer $240 \mathrm{~V} / 30 \mathrm{~V} 750 \mathrm{~mA}$ (mono). Fuses and holders (2). $\$ 1 a-b, 2$ pole rotary on-off. Knobs etc. PC board $7 \times 3 \mathrm{in}$. Veroboard 0.1 in .

taken. The standard remedy is to apply a small forward bias to the output transistors. Emitter resistors R29 and R30 perform this function in the present design.

To reduce the loading on the pre-driver stage, it is customary to increase the input resistance of the driver stage. This is effected by means of a "boot-strap" capacitor, C 17 in the amplifier.

A disconcerting, though normally harmless effect found on some power amplifiers, is a loud "plop" when the amplifier is first switched on. The loudspeaker is here fed from a single output capacitor of some $2000 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ from the centre point, and the


Fig. 3 : The power supply circuit.


Fig. 4: The circuit board for the main amplifier viewed from the component side.
"plop" is caused by the capacitor charging up to half the supply potential via the "upper" output transistor and the loudspeaker, which are effectively in series.

In the present design this effect is greatly minimised by the use of two output capacitors in series, with the loudspeaker connected from the centre point to the junction of the capacitors. We now effectively have a bridge circuit, in which $\operatorname{Tr} 8$ and Tr 9 form one side and C 19 and C 20 form the other. Initial surge currents now tend to flow more symmetrically and steadier nerves should result.

A further important advantage of the symmetrical output configuration, perhaps outweighing the plop

reducing properties, is that supply ripple voltages will also flow symmetrically, resulting in a reduced hum level from the 'speaker, not that the hum level requires much reduction!

## THE POWER SUPPLY

The amplifier was originally designed for a $15 \Omega$ output, as one of a stereo pair. The mains transformer was therefore bought with a 30 V secondary to provide a rectified supply, at the quiescent current rating, of 42 V . Since the present amplifier requires a supply of 30 V , a series transistor in the power supply drops the surplus 12 V .

The secondary of the mains transformer feeds a bridge rectifier comprising diodes D3 to D6, Fig. 3. Capacitor C24 is a bypass capacitor, intended to reduce overvoltage spikes and mains-borne noise. C23 is the reservoir capacitor. Tri0 is the series regulating transistor, the base of which is held a constant 30 V by the zener diode D 2 .

## CONSTRUCTION

The power amplifier, as already mentioned, was originally conceived as one of a stereo pair, the two amplifiers being laid out on one sheet of copper clad laminate as a mirror image pair. For this application, the sheet was split in half, shown from the component side in Fig. 4. The pre-amp was, to save time, built on a piece of $0 \cdot 1 \mathrm{lin}$. matrix plain Veroboard, shown in Fig. 5. together with its mounting bracket.

Clearly, there is no reason why both units should not be built upon the same type of board either separately, as here, or in an integrated form. The power amplifier is not unduly critical of layout, but the straight line type of construction is undoubtedly best. The pre-amp carries and "processes" some quite low level signals, and if the signal-to-noise ratio and hum level are not to suffer, care in layout must be exercised.
The power supply is integrated to the extent of having all its components mounted on and around the mains transformer. A piece of $1_{16 i n}$. aluminium $5 \times 2 \mathrm{in}$. is bolted to one end of the mains transformer, but spaced from it by $\mathbf{i}_{2}$ in. by means of $3_{4}$ in. 4 BA bolts. In the centre of this panel is

Fig. 5: The component layout and mounting bracket for the preamplifler.
mounted Tr10 with an insulating mica washer. D2, R31 and C22 are grouped round the pins of Tr10. The ends of the aluminium panel protrude either side of the mains transformer body, and carry C21 and C23, one at each end.

The end of the transformer, remote from the power transistor heat sink, Fig. 6, carries a small panel of s.r.b.p. on to which are mounted eight tags.


Fig. 6: The heatsink for the outpui Iransisiors made from 16 s.w.g. aluminium.

Diodes D3 to D6 are soldered to these turret tags, the interconnections being on the reverse side. Since the current demands are heavy (relatively speaking) wire of a suitably heavy gauge must be used such as $14 / \cdot 01 \mathrm{in}$.

## COMPONENTS

It must be borne in mind that the power amplifier and the latter two transistors of the pre-amp are directly coupled; any faulty transistors, or transistors well outside the published specifications, can lead to fault conditions developing. At best these conditions will prevent correct operation of the equipment; at worst they will cause the destruction of the power transistors. The "cure" is to buy only new transistors from a reputable supplier.

With the exception of R29, R30, and R31, all the resistors used are $5 \% \quad{ }_{2} \mathrm{~W}$ carbon film types since these are now freely and inexpensively available from many suppliers. The use of these resistors makes subsequent fault finding very much easier, should the need arise, since any deviation from correct operation can almost certainly be attributed to the semiconductors whose manufacturing "spreads" are so much wider than those of the resistors.

The mains transformer, as already explained, was purchased with a 30 V secondary. If the expense of the simple series stabiliser is unacceptable, then the conventional power supply (transformer-rectifiercapacitor) can be used. Under these conditions, the transformer should be rated at 18 to 20 V at 800 mA for a single amplifier, or at 1.5A for a stereo pair. Since smoothing is now dependent upon C23 alone, it should be increased in value to $2000 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ or $2500 \mu \mathrm{~F}$. An anti-surge resistor of about $1 \Omega$ should be interposed between the rectifiers and C23.

When the amplifier is delivering its full rated power, transistors $\operatorname{Tr} 8, \operatorname{Tr} 9$. and $\operatorname{Tr} 10$ get very hot under sustained drive conditions, and adequately rated heat sinks are necessary. Under normal conditions, when music is being reproduced at a reasonable level, through speakers of average efficiency, the heat generated is very much less, and smaller


A view of preamplifier.


The main amplifier. The wires to the output transistors can be seen at the top.


The power supply.
heat sinks can be used, providing an adequate air flow is ensured.

When the various units are completed, they must be thoroughly checked over; wiring errors, shorting wires, etc., can be disastrous, so time spent in careful checking is time well spent.

The first item to be checked can be the power supply. Assuming a series stabiliser is used with a transformer having a 30 V secondary, the voltages should agree closely with those shown in Fig. 3.
Having allowed C21 ample time to discharge completely, the power amplifier can be connected to the power supply. A fairly high wattage resistor of some 10 to $20 \Omega$ should be connected in series with the negative line to limit the maximum current that can be drawn in the event of the power amplifier having a fault condition. Power can now be applied.


Fig. 7: The interconnection of the individual sections.
An accurate voltmeter should be connected to the centre point and VR4 adjusted to provide a centrepoint voltage of approximately 18 V . The remaining voltages can also be checked and should agree with those shown in Fig. 2. If voltages differ considerably from those shown, or if the centrepoint cannot be set to 18 V , then a semiconductor is the most likely cause, and the easiest course of action is to remove them all from circuit and have them checked on a reliable tester. It is no good pressing on in the hope that the fault will "go away". It won't, it will remain or get worse. If all appears to be well, the series resistor can now be removed.
The centre point voltage, under quiescent conditions, is set to exceed half the supply voltage by a small margin, so that at maximum drive the centre


Fig. 8 : The general layout employed in the prototype.
point falls to exactly half the supply voltage. Limiting, under conditions of excess drive, will therefore be symmetrical.
If an audio oscillator and oscilloscope are available, VR4 can be set even more accurately. A 1 kHz
signal is injected into the base of Tr4, and the oscilloscope is connected from the centrepoint to earth. The input from the generator is increased to the point where limiting becomes visible on the oscilloscope. VR4 is then adjusted until the limiting become symmetrical, i.e. positive and negative peaks are evenly clipped. Since VR4 has an effect upon the overall gain of the amplifier, the input signal may require altering to compensate.
As explained earlier, the output transistors are liable to be damaged, or even completely destroyed if indiscriminate high power testing is indulged in. For this reason, sine wave testing at full power must not be attempted beyond 1 or 2 kHz . High frequency testing can be attempted, but at greatly reduced power outputs. Even then, a series ammeter should be used to continuously monitor the current consumption. If this is done at a carefully chosen output then it will become apparent that $I^{2} R$ as a function of actual power output, and $\mathrm{I}^{2} \mathrm{R}$ as a function of power consumed, are two very different quantities, the power consumed being, of course, greater than the power output, the difference increasing with an increase in frequency.
When the power amplifier has been satisfactorily set up, attention can be turned to the pre-amp. Again, an audio oscillator and oscilloscope are invaluable. A voltage at 1 kHz ., equal to the peak output of the cartridge to be used, is fed into the input of the pre-amp and R16 is selected such that, with the volume control fully advanced, the output waveform from the power amplifier just starts to limit. This will ensure that distortion due to overloading cannot occur, even at maximum output.

## CONNECTING UP

AC currents of over ${ }_{2}$ A flow through the output stages under maximum drive conditions and incorrect earthing can result in instability or the formation of hum loops. Some thought to interconnections must therefore be given, the circuit of Fig. 7 having been found satisfactory. The pickup lead should only be earthed at the pre-amp, the other end being left disconnected. The turntable should be earthed separately to the main earth.On the prototype, a separate mains on-off switch is used, sited well away from pre-amp to preclude any possibility of mains induced hum. This switches the mains to the player as well as to the amplifier power supply.

Although the amplifier has been described as a mono or single channel unit, reference has occasionally been made to stereo operation. This is, of course, quite possible. All that is required is a doubling up of everything, with a revised physical layout. Separate heat sinks should be used for the two power amplifiers, and if continual high power operation is envisaged, these should be of the commercially produced extruded type.
The power supply will require revision, since a single NKT404 will probably be overrun. Its maximum collector dissipation in the present application is in the region of 8 W and this will be doubled for stereo. The easiest course, if a regulator is desired, is to replace the NKT404 with a 2 N 3055 in the positive side, and to turn the power supply circuit "up side down". The 2 N3055 must be mounted on an extruded heat sink to dissipate the heat generated safely, this being mounted in a position where an adequate air flow is possible.

# MODIFICATIONS TO THE TRANSISTORISED OSCILLOSCOPE 

## FEBRUARY-MARCH 1972

SINCE publication of the constructional details of the Transistorised Oscilloscope in the February and March editions of Practical Wireless, many readers have written in to say that they have had difficulty in obtaining the VCR 139A cathode ray tube. When the unit was first designed, stocks of this tube appeared to be adequate to meet the anticipated demand, but the response to the article has been very much greater than expected and consequently the VCR 139A has become a very rare specimen! In reply to readers' requests several alternative tubes have been tried but, to date, only two which are readily available in quantity have proved to be satisfactory-the surplus 2A P1 and the Mullard DG 7-5.

The 2A Pl can be used as a direct electrical replacement with only one circuit modification (change R12) but suffers from two mechanical disadvantages:

1. The tube face is only 2 in . diameter rather than $2^{3}{ }_{4} \mathrm{in}$. of VCR 139A.
2. Some versions are slightly too long to be accommodated into the original chassis design. Early versions of the tube are just over 10 in . long and will require extensive modificaion to the metalwork before they can be used. The later, and fortunately much more common version, is $7^{1}{ }_{2} \mathrm{in}$. long and fits perfectly well into the cradle as designed.
The pin connections for the 2A P1 are shown in Fig. 1 together with the corresponding connections for the VCR 139A. The only electrical modification is the changing of R12 (Fig. 5 page 887 of February issue) which should now be $10 \Omega 5$ watt.

The Mullard DG $7-5$ is listed by its makers (Philips of Eindhoven) as being obsolete, but, on checking with wholesalers, it still seems to be very widely stocked throughout the country and should be available to special order from any good component retailer. This tube works very well in the revised circuit and gives, if anything, a slightly brighter and better focussed trace than the VCR 139A.

The modified display unit is shown in Fig. 2 and this should be compared with the original circuit (Fig. 5-page 887). As will be seen the main change to the original circuit is the provision of a negative supply for the tube grid. This supply is required because the heater and the cathode of the DG 7-5 are internally connected, so that instead of being able to take the grid to chassis and running the cathode at a positive potential with respect to the chassis, we are obliged to hold the cathode at chassis potential and make the grid negative. The additional components required for this modification are prefixed with the figure 4 in the revised circuit diagram.

The major points concerning construction and testing are unaffected by this modification and the few additional components are easily accommodated on the tag-strips mounted on the back panel.
000669


|  | 2AP1 | VCR139A |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Heater | 1,11 | 3,4 |
| Cathode | 2 | 1 |
| Grid | 10 | 2 |
| Focus <br> electrode | 4 | 5 |
| Anode | 7 | 9 |
| $X$ plates | 3,8 | 8,10 |
| Y plates | 9,6 | 7,11 |

Fig. 1 : Pins connections of the 2AP1.


Fig. 2: Circuit changes when using the DG 7-5 tube


Fig. 3: Modification of the sync circuit.
Many readers have expressed a preference for a more conventional synchronisation circuit than the gated system used in the prototype. The most obvious method is to feed negative going pulses into $\mathrm{B}_{2}$ of Tr9 (Fig. 11 page 1001) but unfortunately this seems to have a rather distressing effect on linearity. A simple and effective circuit is shown in Fig. 3-the only disadvantage being a lack of sensitivity to very fast pulses.


# If you can use a soldering iron and follow simple instructions, you can assemble any of these high performance products in a fewhours. And save a lot of money 

Heathkit have the world's widest range of top quality electronic products designed specifically for home assembly.

Of which we show just 4 above.
The AD110 is our new stereo cassette recorder. It gives you cassette convenience, reel
performance and Heathkit
quality. Designed to complement various other Heathkit Hi Fi products, it costs only $£ 74 \cdot 80+$ $£ 8.45$ for twin matched stereo mikes.
Another new product, the
Tiger transistor radio kit

costs $£ 10 \cdot 90$. It gives long life from every large PP9 battery, weighs just 3 lbs , and gives really good reception on Long \& Medium wavebands.


And, as you can see, it looks pretty good too.
Costing just £ 18.45 complete with speaker and aerial, the CRl car radio gives unsurpassed reception. A 6 transistor, 2 diode circuit gives 4 watts output, preassembled and aligned tuning unit makes assembly easy, and push-button controls give instant selection.
The AAl4 30 watt stereo amplifier is an established
product, proven in use by thousands of satisfied customers. Featuring a 17 transistor, 6 diode circuit, it costs $£ 30 \cdot 00$ less cabinet.
These products and all the others in the Heathkit range are easily assembled by anyone who can use a soldering iron and follow our superbly clear, step-by-step instructions. Furthermore, in the unlikely event that you get stuck, we guarantee to help you out.
Find out more. Send for our free 1972


You can make it if you try.
Please send me the FREE New 1972 Heathkit catalogue.
Name

Address
$\qquad$

LINDAR

## TANGENTIAL HEATER

Silently driven by a shaded pole Mycalex motor. Compact, powerful and quiet ronning with aluminium voltage. PLUS matching heater unlt with spiral element. May be switched for 500 or 1,000 watts. PRICE ONLX P, \& P. 40p

## SYNCHRONOUS AUTO-RESET PROCESS TIMER <br> 

By LONDEX LIMITED
Type IMP Mk. 2. Brand New and Boxel. These well known timers are already in world-wide use and are perfect for Industrial Electronic Timing. Researeh and for all machine control timing problems. Bepetitive accurscy better than $0.6 \%$ of full scale setting. Two or of processes, $230 / 250 \mathrm{v}$. 50 Hz , also OUR PRICE scale, 15 secs. per division. Driven by selif-starting bync. motor. Contact rating 6 amp at 250 v . a.c. In cor porates solenold operated clutch Also, lever actuster micro switches. Normal price prohably in excess of , Complete with multi-pin con

## ONLY

£650

This is the only way way we could illustrate this fabulous item.
NORPLEX
the tamous American Abreclass copper-clad laminate. Alass base of Epoxy-resin. Excelleat tyech and elec. conductive properties. Heat Resistant. Ideal for P.Cs., etc. THIS IS A 8PECTAL PURCHASE AND ONLY AYAILABLE WHILE STOCKS LAST.
 with ticknegses of ${ }^{1} / 89^{*}, 3 / 64^{*}, 1 / 10^{" 3} / a^{*}$, also Double aided $1 / 32^{*}$. $1 / 16^{\prime \prime}$, $3 / 32^{\prime \prime}$
PRICEONLY £1 per sq. th. 88 per full sheet. Over 4 sq. it. (cut sizes only) Post FREEE. Full sheets post by rail G.B. only il one or more sheets.

## MICR O-LITES

Wonderful engineering-micro miniature incandescent lamp small enough
to pass through the eye of a needled to pass through the eye of a needle
1,000 's of uses. Will operate from the output of a transistor. Rating: $1.5 \mathrm{v}, 10-15 \mathrm{ma}$. Size
$4-4 \times 1.4 \mathrm{~mm}$. dia. Leads a.2mm. These fantastic lampa have ${ }^{8}$ life
expectancy of $1,000 \mathrm{hrs}$. expectancy of

## F2m

per doz.
NEW AND UNUSED
Poatal or carriage charges are for areat Britain only. We welcome orders from establighed companies. educbtionsl depts., etc. All orders under 52.50 , cash with order please.

SILVANA
MAGNETIC SWITCH
YOW COMPLETE WITH REEEREECE MAGNET! A magnificently activated switch. Vacuum sealed in a glass envelope. Silver
contacts
normally closed, rated 3 amp 120 v . 13 ampat 240 v . Size (approx.) $\mathrm{I}^{7 / 18^{*}}$ lo dia. Ideal for Burglar Alarms. Becurity systeme.


PROGRAMMER TIMER BY HONEYWELL


A bank of 15 Thicro-switches are each independenthy ally adjustable to give switching periods of zero to 12 meconds with inflnitely variable comblnations. A nains sydehronous motor drivee the cam shatt at 1 rev vendin machines at a cost of $815 \cdot 00$ plus. Many applications where conplus. Many applications where con-
tinuous sequence progranmes are required, such as lighting effects etc. required, such as maghting efrects etc.
New in original makers cartons. First class value at \&5•75 plus 25 p P. \& P .

301 EDAWARE ROAD, LONDON W2. Tel ; 01-262 2251. Open 9 a.m.-6 p.m. MON to SAT


## NEW - NEW - NEW

*YOUR FEARS! - ARE THEY GROUNDLESS? PARTRIDGE, THE PIONEERS OF THE SPACE-AGE COMPACT, VERSATILE, WORLD RECORD AWARD WINNING

## JOYSTICK V.F.A.

REGD.
ANNOUNCE THE INTRODUCTION OF TWO MORE PIONEER PRODUCTS FOR THE TRANSMITTING AMATEUR AND S.W.L. (utilising our well-known small plastic containers).

1. *THE JOYMATCH ARTIFICIAL EARTH: BANDSWITCHED, EFFECTIVELY REPLACES OUTDOOR EARTH SYSTEMS. FITS COMPLETELY INSIDE THE SHACK. FAN. TASTIC RESULTS. $64 \cdot 50$ (plus 30 p P/P).
2. THE JOYMATCH AERIAL BANDSWITCH: A COMPLETE foolproof indoor or outdoor AERIAL SYSTEM suitable for ALL TYPES of RADIO RECEIVERS. FULL SW Suitable for ALL TYPPES of RADINE RECEIVERS. FULL SW control function switch brings that signal roaring in. $£ 4.50$ (plus 30 p P/P)
3. For the D.I.Y. SWL \& TRANSMITTING AMATEUR:

A triple purpose 6 band A.T.U. in Kit form, easily assembled (using step-by-step instructions) in 45 mins. Tunes communications RXs and TXs (300W P.E.P.-PA input) 160 thru 10 m on TX and $1 \cdot 2$ to 32 mHz on Receive. Most attractive appearance $\mathbf{£ 4 . 5 0}$ (plus $30 \mathrm{p} \mathrm{P/P)}$ or ready assembled and tested. $\mathbf{£ 5} \mathbf{5 0}$ (pius 30p P/P).
4. JOYSTICK V.F.A. latest model now $E 11 \cdot 00$ plus 30 p P/P (goid stove enamel) or $\mathbf{£ 8 . 0 0}$ plus $\mathbf{3 0} \mathrm{p}$ P/P (white stove enamelearlier model).
NATURAL GROUND SYSTEMS-DETAILS ON REQUEST. 5. JOYMATCH III (one-eleven) now $£ 11.00$ plus 40 p P/P.
6. JOYMATCH TX LO-Z500 now $£ 16 \cdot 00$ plus 40 p P/P.

Send 3 p stamp for full details to:
PARTRIDGE ELECTRONICS LTD. (PF) BROADSTAIRS, KENT, ENGLAND.
Telephone (Thanet) 084362535 (C.O.D. orders accepted by telephone). Cheap telephone period-Ring $0843 \quad 62839$ 7-8 p.m. Monday-Friday.

## constructing THE PW ELECTRONIC


#### Abstract

Last June we published a short auticle on the PW Electronic lgnition System little realising the tremendous interest it would arouse. Thousands of these units have been built but many readers wrote in saying "I ve got all the parts, what do 1 do next?, Here is all the information they could possibly need, based on the experiences of a reader.


THE advantages of an electronic ignition system are now quite well known, and of the various systems available perhaps the "capacitor discharge" system is the most widely popular. This constructional article deals with such a system and follows closely the circuitry as described under this heading in the June 1971 issue in which most of the advantages were fully explained with the exception of one fact of paramount importance to the constructor; as this system uses the contact breaker as already fitted to the car, it in no way alters the timing; thus in the unlikely event of a component failure, a quick rearrangement of the connecting leads taking less than thirty seconds enables the car ignition to be returned to normal and the journey resumed.



Unlike many other systems employing specialised components which are not always readily available even from agents without some delay, this system with its inherent safety factor of easy reversion has much to commend it, as no doubt anyone who has been strandéd by an ignition fault would hasten to agree.

## SOME ADVANTAGES

Some not quite so obvious advantages not previously mentioned may be of interest to would be constructors, not least of which is the fact that owing to the more powerful spark delivered to the plugs by this electronic ignition unit-this may vary from 20 per cent to 40 per cent depending on the coil used-the firing of the petrol-air mixture is ensured, thus a slightly weaker mixture can often be used to enhance the economy already achieved by this form of ignition due to more complete combustion. This of course means that as up to 25 per cent more of the fuel used is burnt in the engine, where it develops more power, there is a correspondingly significant decrease in the pollution emission in the form of unburnt exhaust gases. In these days of a growing awareness of the desirability of reducing the amount of pollution, as is typified by the lowering of the limits of exhaust emission which must be complied with for the importation of cars into the U.S.A. in the near future, it would seem that the future of electronic ignition may well be assured if only from this one important aspect.
Another advantage of this type of ignition is that because of the faster rise time (as against conventional inductive systems) there is much less time for the current to leak away through any leakage paths which may exist on any of the insulated parts of the ignition components such as plug insulators, leads, distributor cap, rotor arm, and coil h.t. stack, also any conductive deposits which may have accumulated on the plug firing points. Thus plug fouling is virtually eliminated and therefore the heat range grading can be ignored. From this it can be
seen that a vehicle using this electronic ignition unit, which is driven under widely varying conditions, should not exhibit any plug trouble even if it were prone to with normal ignition, assuming plugs of reasonable condition.
Largely because of the reasons just mentioned at least one well known plug manufacturer has developed a plug specifically for use with electronic ignition. This plug has an annular gap, which has the effect of greatly increasing the mass of the outer electrode, so its erosion should be slower. It should be realised that the effect of a high energy spark is likely to cause more erosion of the electrodesespecially the outer-although this seems to be offset to some degree by using wider gaps as is advocated later in this article, and is probably nullified by the fact that this high energy spark is of much shorter duration-approximately one fifth of a conventional system-and contains nearly equal positive and negative half cycles so that metal migration of the plug firing electrodes should be very much less.
Certainly these conditions would appear to prolong spark plug life, and this is borne out by one such car fitted with new plugs when one of these ignition units was installed, as careful examination of the plugs over 5,000 miles later showed no observable deterioration of the firing electrodes.

From this it can be seen that the normal plugs as quoted by the car manufacturer can be used with confidence, provided that they are in reasonable condition and the gaps are reset.

## POLARITY

The unit as shown is the one as used for positive earth supply, but the method of construction and the placing of components is identical for the negative


Fig. 1 Drilling details for the lid of the box on which all the components are mounted.

## components list


earth type except for the transistor types and the polarity of the associated diodes as has been explained in the original article. The actual connections from the unit to the coil and contact breaker remain the same in both models as the polarity of the pulse fed to the ignition coil is identical.

When wiring in the unit see that the pulse feed from the discharge capacitor is connected to that terminal on the coil marked positive, as this terminal should correspond to the single end of the primary winding whilst the terminal marked negative should be the end of the primary winding which is common with the earthy end of the secondary on a correctly marked coil.

## CONSTRUCTION

This unit has been designed to be as compact as possible without undue cramping of the specified components, but there is little room to spare; high voltage points are adequately spaced and their positions relative to other components considered so the constructor is urged to follow the layout as closely as possible.

Having made a box and lid to the required dimensions, Fig. 1 or purchased a ready made one the lid is marked out to the dimensions given in Fig. 1 and all the holes drilled. Extra holes may be required in the box and lid if extra self tapping screws will be needed to hold the unit together when the box is mounted in the car owing to the possible inaccessibility of the one screw top and bottom provided on the ready made box.

At this stage it is prudent to ascertain the mounting position of the unit and the method to be adopted. Pan head self-tapping screws straight through the back of the box, or alternatively small pieces of aluminium angle may be affixed to the sides of the box to secure fixing points. Whichever

SUPERSOUND 13 HI-FI MONO AMPLIFIER


A superb solid
state a udio
annpliter. Brand
and anpliter, Brand
new conponents throughont. silicon transistors
plus 2 power outplus 2 power output transistors in push-pull.
wave
rect ification 0 Otpat r.m.s. into 8 ohm. Frequency response $12 \mathrm{~Hz}-30 \mathrm{OKHz}$ $\pm \begin{aligned} & \text { 3db. Fully integrated pre-amplifier stage with separate } \\ & \text { Volume Bass boost and Treble cut controls. Suitable for }\end{aligned}$ 8-15 ohns speakers. Input for ceramic or crystal cartridge. Sensitivity appros. 401 NX ' for full output. Supplied ready built and tested, with ktiobs. escutcheon patel, input and
output pluss. Overall size $3^{\prime \prime}$ high $\times 6^{\prime \prime}$ wide $\times 7_{2^{*}}$ deep. output plugs.


A.C. mains $\mathrm{U}_{\mathrm{L}}^{200-240} \mathrm{~s}=$ Us ing
hearyduty hearyduty
fully isolayuly isola-
transtorm-
trat transform-
er with fuli wave rectification giving ade-
quat $u t$
 wible bum Valve line up:-2 $\times$ ECL86 Triode Pentodes. $1 \times$ EZKO as rectifier. Two duai potentionineters are provided for bass and trebte control, giving bass and treble boost and cut. A dual volunie econtrol is used. Balanee of the left and right, hand channels can be atjusted by means of a separate 'Balance' control nitted at the rear of the chassis. Input sensitivity is approximatels $300 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{v}$ for iull peak output of 4 watts per channel $(8$ vatts moun, into 3 ohm speakers. Full negative feedback in a caremtily calculatent
circult, allows high volume levels to be used with nealis circut, ailows high volume levels thbe used withegigible
distortion. Supplied complete with knots, chassis size $11^{\prime \prime}$ vx $\times 4^{\prime \prime} d$. Overall height including yalves $\overline{5}^{\prime \prime}$. Ready oht \& testert a hign standard. PRICE 28.52 1.d P. 4o
SPECLAL PURCHASE OF MANUFACTURERS SURPLUS! All Transistor F.M tuner bead with twin A.M. Gang incorporated. Jeautifully engineered with precision geared reduction drive. FM RFTransistor, of inlator/mixer
and Drst I.F. stage ( $10.7 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$ outand first I.F. stage ( 10.7 Mc/s out-
put) with optional AFC colnection put) with optional AFC conmectionfuily screened. Extremely stable fully screened. Extremely stable
 A.M. Gang fitted with trinmers which can be competed to standard
A.M. aerial and oscillator cirrusits Only e2. 25 post free. Connection details supplied.

BLACK ANODISED 16g. ALUMINIUR HEAT SINKS. For TO3, complete with mica's and bushes. Size $z^{3 \prime} \times$ $3^{\prime \prime}$ approx. 25p pair. P. \& P. $5 p$.

HIGH GRADE COPPER LAMINATE BOARDS. $8 \times 6 \times \frac{1}{\text { tin. FIVE for } 50 p . P . ~ \& P .13 p . ~}$

TELESCOPIC AERIALS WITH SWIVEL JOINT. Ca be angled and rotated in any direction. 6 seetion Laequered Brass. Extends from Gin. to 22tin, approx. Maximum diameter $\frac{1}{2}$ in. 25 p eacts. P. \& P. $\overline{\overline{3}} \mathrm{p}$.

BRAND NEW MULTI-RATIO MAINS TRANSFORBRARS. Giving 13 alternatives. Primary: $0-210-240 \mathrm{v}$.
 half ware at 1 amp. or $10-0-10,20-0-20,30-0-30 \%$. at
2 amps full wave. Size 3 , in. long $\times 3$ itin. wide $\times 3 i n$. deep. 2 amps full wave. Size 3in.
Price $\$ 1-25$ P. \& P. 30p.
Mangs TRANSFORRER For transistor power supplies. Pri. 200/240v. Sec. 12-0-12 at 1 amp. 88p. P. \& P 13p. Pri. 200/240v. Sec. $10-0-10$ at 2 amp . $21-38$. F. \& P. 30 p .
 new. For 6 or $12 \%$ - 240 v - Primary- Secondary rolts rins $3^{*}$. Weight 3ibs. Limited number 24 E1-35. P. \& P. $3 \mathbf{3} \mathbf{3} \mathbf{p}$

## HAMPBOOK OF TRAISTSTOR


A must for servicinen snd bome constructors.
Including many 1000's of British, U.S.A., Buropean Including many 1000's of British, E.S.A., European
and Japanese transistors. ONLY 40p. Post 5p.

4-SPEED RECORD PLAYER BARGAINS Mains models. All brand new in maker's packing Mains models. All brand new in maker's packing.
LATEST B.S.R. C109/C129 4-SPEED AUTOCHANGER. With latest mono compatible cartridge $\mathbf{2 6} \cdot \mathbf{g}^{7}$ Carr. 50 p . LATEST GARRARD MODELS. S.A.E. for latest Prices ! PRECISION ENGINEERED PLIMTHS
Beautifully constructed in beavy gauge "Colorcoat" plastic coated steel. Resonance free. Desighed to take Garrard 1025. 2000, 2025 TC , $2500,5000,3500$. 5100 , SPQ5 II and III, SL65B. AT60 etc. or B.S.R. C109, grain finish. Size $12 \frac{2^{\prime \prime}}{2^{\prime \prime}} \times 14 \frac{1}{\prime \prime}^{\prime \prime} \times 33^{\prime \prime}$ high tapprox. $7 \frac{1}{2 " ~}^{\prime \prime}$ high, including rigid snioked acrylic coser).
PR1CE \&5.50. P. \& P. 60p.
LATEST ACOS GP91/ISC mono compatible cartridge with t/o rtylus for LP/EP/\%8. Universal mounting bracket. $£ 1.50$ P. \& P. 8 p .
SONOTONE 9TAHC COMPATIBLE STEREO CARTRIDGE T/O strlus Dianont Stereo LP thd Sapphire 78.
ONLY 22.50 P . \& $P$.
 LATEST RONETTE T/O STEREO/COMPATIBLE LATEST RONETTE T/O STEREO/COMPATIBLE
CARTRIDGE for FP/LP/Stereo/7B. $£ 1.63$ P. \& R. 10p. CARTRIDGE for EP/LP/BLereo 8 . E1-68 P. \& R. 10p.
LATEST RONETTE T/O MONO COMPATIBLE CARTRIDGE for playing EP/IR 78 muno or stereo records on mono equipment. Only $\& 1.50 \mathrm{P}$. \& P . 10 a .

QUALITY RECORD PLAXER AMPLIFIER ME II A top quality record player anplifier employing heayy duty double wound raniss transformer, ECC83, EL84, and rectifier. Separate Bass, Treble and Volume cuntrols. Complete with output transformer matched for 3 ohm
speaker. Size 7 in. wide $\times$ Sin. deep $\times$ bin. high. Ready speaker. Size 7in. wide $\times$ Sin. deep $\times 6 \mathrm{in}$. hish. Ready
built and testet. PRICE 83.75 F . $\$$ P. 40 p built and testect PRICE 83.75 P . $\$$ P. 40 p with output
ALSO AVAALABLE monnted on board wither ALSO AVAlLABLE mounted on transformer and speaker ready to fit into cabinte below. transiormer and speaker read
PRICE 84.88 P . $\&$ P. 50 p .
DELUXE QUALITY PORTABLE R $P$ CABINET MK II. Uncut motor buard size 14 a $\times 12$ in, elearance 2 in. below, 5in. above. Will take above amplifier and any R.S.R. or
GARRARD eltanger or simgle Player excepi ATGO and $\$ \mathrm{P} 25$ ). Size $18 \times 15 \times$ Nin. PR1CE $\times 4 \cdot 75$, P. $\mathbb{*}$ P. 50p.

## SPECIAL OFFER ! HI-FI LOUDSPEAKER SYSTEMS

 Beautifully made teak finish enclosure with most Widex $5^{2}$ deep. Fitted with E.M. C. Ceranic Magnet
$1 s^{\prime \prime} \times 8^{\circ}$ bass unist, wo F.F. tuecter units and crossover, lower handinus 10 watts. Available 3 or
© or 15 rimp
OUR PRICE 18.40 Carr. 65p
Gabinet Available Separately $£ 4.50$ Carr 60 p Also avallable in 8 ohms with EMI 13" $x 8^{\prime \prime}$ bass

| LOUDSPEAKER BARGAINS |
| :--- |
| 5 in .3 hmm |
| $2.05, \mathrm{I}^{3} . \$ \mathrm{P} .75 \mathrm{p} .7 \times 4 \mathrm{in} .3 \mathrm{hhm}$ |


 E.M.I. $184 \times$ sin. 3 ohn with high flux ceramic magnet
 or 15 ohm witin two inbuilt tweeters and erossuyer net-
work $£ 4.20, P$. P . 30 T . $\mathrm{E} . \mathrm{M.1.13} \times 8$ in. twin cone (parasitic twecter) 8 ohm $22-25$, P. \& $P$. 30 p .
BRAND NEW. 1 Rin. 15 w . H/D Speakers, 3 or 15 ohms. Current prodnction by well-known British maker. Now with Hifux eeramic ferrobar magnet assembly $£ 8 \cdot 25$, Guitar models: HJw. E6-50. 3ōw. £8-50. P. \& P. 38p
E.M.I. 3:in. HEAVY DUTY TWEETERS. POFerful E.M.I. 3nin. HEAV
ceramic magnet. Avallable in 3 or 8 or 15 ohms 98 p each. P. P \& P. $1 \mathrm{Bi}_{\mathrm{i}}$.
12in. "RA" TWIN CONE LOUDSPEAKER. 10 Fatt peak handling. 3, 8 or 15 ohn! £2-20, P. \& P. 30p. 35 ohm SPEAKERS 3in. onls 63p P. \& P. 1sp. "POLY PLANAR" WAFER-TYPE, WIDE RANGE ELECTRO-DYNAMIC SPEAKER
 hancling 20 W r.ta.s. ( 40 W prak). Impedance 8 ohm only. Response $40 \mathrm{Hz-a0KHz} \mathrm{} .\mathrm{Can} \mathrm{be} \mathrm{mounted} \mathrm{on} \mathrm{ceilings}$, walls, doors, under tables. ete., and used with or without
bafte. Semi S.A.E. tur full details. Only 8575 each. batte. Send S.A.E. dive full details. Only 85.75 each
P. \& 25 D . VYNAIR \& REXINE SPEAKERS \& CABINET FABRICS


## HI-FI STEREO HEADPHONES

Adjustable headband with comfortable texifoam earmuffs. Wired and fitted with standard stereo ${ }^{3}$ in jack
plug. Frequency response $80-15.000 \mathrm{~Hz}$. Matehing plug. Frequency response sily converted for sfono PRICE 82-95, P. \& P. $15 p$.
HIGII IMPEDANGE CRYSTAL STICX MIKES. OER PRICE £1-05, P. \& P. 80

GENERAL PORPOSE HIGH STABILITY PRANSISTOR PRE-AMPLEFIEE For P.U. Tape. Mike, Guitar, etc. and suitable for use with valve or transistor equipment. $9-18 \mathrm{v}$,
battery or from H.T. line $200 / 800 \mathrm{v}$. Frequency
 response sulation size $1 z^{*} \times 11^{*} \times{ }^{*}$. Brand new complete

 iopla. Por bainace or toming. Approx. size $1^{-1} \times$ deep. Limited number. 75p. P. \& P. 10 p .


HEW PURTGER IMPROVED MODEL WITE Higher outre ind incon Modicic high QUALTYY READY DRILLED FIBRE GLASS
PRINTED CIRCOIT BOARD WITHE COMPOENT PRINTED CIRCOIT BOARD WITE COMPONENA
DEFTIPICATIOA CLEARLY MARKED FOR EVEN easier coystruction
A really tirst-class Hi-Fi Stereo Amplifier Kit. Uses 14 transiators including gilicon Transistors in the first five stages on each channel resulting in even lower nois leve! with improved sersitivity. Integrated pre-amp with wass, Treble and two with Ceramic or Crystal cartridges. Output stage for any with Ceramic or crystal caririges. Oactedesign. all parts speakers from 5 tied including drilled metal work. high quality ready drilled printed circuit board, attractive front panel knobs, wire, solder, muts, bolts-no extras to buy Simple step by step instructions enable any constructo to build an amplifier to be proud of. Brief specification: Power output: 14 watts r.m.s. per channel into 5 ohms Frequency respouse $\pm 313$ better better than 80 mV into $1 \mathrm{M} \Omega$. Full power bandwidh
$+3 \mathrm{~dB} \quad 12-15.000$ liz. Bass boost approx. to $\pm 12 \mathrm{~dB}$ Treble cut approx. to Bass honst abprox. 16 d . Negative feedback 18 dB over main amp. Power requirements 3 av. at 1.0 amp. Overall Size $12^{*} w$. $x 8^{*}$ d. $\times 27^{*} h$.
Fully detailed 7 page construction manual and parts list free with kit or send $18 p$ plus large S.A.E. PRICES
AMPLIFIER KTT . .. $\mathbf{£ 1 0 . 5 0}$ P. \& P. 15 POWER PACK KIT
210.50
23 $\begin{array}{ll}\mathbf{2} 3.00 & \text { P. \& P. } 80 \mathrm{P}\end{array}$

> (Post Free if all units purchased at same time Full after sales service

Also available ready buitt and tested $\mathbf{5 2 0 \cdot 5 0}$. Post Free. Note: The above amplifier is suitable for feeding two mono sources into inputs (e.g. mike, radio, viln verord decks, etc.)
and will then provide mixing and fading facilifies for medand will then provide mixing and fading
ium powered $H$ i Fi Discotheque use, etc.


3-VALVE AUDIO
AMPLIFIER HA34 MK
AMPLIFIER HA34 MK II. Designed for Mi-Fi reproduc. tion of records. A.C. Mains
operation. Peady bilt on operation. Ready bnilt on
plated heary gauge metal
 Chassis, size ${ }^{2} \mathrm{~h}$. Yneorporates ECC83,
ELS4, EZ80 valves. Heavy EL84, EZ80 valves. Heavy duty, double wound mains
transformer and output transformer matched for 3 ohm speaker. Separate volume control and now with improved
wide range tone controls giving bass and treble lift and wide range tone controls giving bass and treble lift and cut. Negative feedback line. Output 4 $\frac{1}{\text { watts. Front }}$
panel can be detached and leads extended for remote manel can be detached and leads extended var remote mounting of controis. Complete with knols, tested for only $\pm 4 * 75$. P. \& P. 35 p . HSL "FOOR" AMPLIFIER KIT. Similar in appearance to HA34 above but eruploys entirely different and advaneed circuitry. Complete set of parts, etc. 83.98 . P. \& P. 40 p .

HARYERSON'S SUPER MONO AMPLIFIER A super quality gram amplifier using a double wound fully isolated mains transformer, rectifier and ECL82 triode pentode vaive as audio amplifier and power ontput stage. Impedance 3 ohms. Output approx. 3.5 watts. Volune and tone controls. Chassis size only 7 in . Wide $\times$ 3in. deep $\times 6$ 6in. high overall. AC mains $200 / 240 \mathrm{v}$. Supplied absolutely hrand New completely wired and FEW ONLY. 4275 P. \& P.
FWW ONLY.
BARGALN PRICE
10/14 WATT HT-FI AMPLIFIER EIT A stylishly finished monaural amplifit with an output
14 watts from ${ }^{14}$ WLatts from Super reprothetion of both music and speech, with negligible bum. Separate inputs for mike and gram allow reeords
and announcements and announcements
to follow each other.
 Fully shrouded section
Fully shrouded section wound output transformer to and separate base and treble controls are provided giving good lift and cut. Valve hne-up 2 ELB4s, HCC83, EF86 and EZ80 rectitier Simple instruction boaklet $13 p$ (Free with parts). All parts sold separately- ONLY
8.97 P .8 P .55 p.


## Saturday

Early closing Wed. I p.m.
4 faw mintutes from South Wimbledon Tube Station.

## (Please write clearly)



 extra.

# WOW』 A FAST EASY WAY TO LEARN BASIC RADIO \& ELECTRONICS 


#### Abstract

Build as you learn with the exciting new TECHNATRON Outfit! No mathematics. No soldering-you learn the practical way.


Learn basic Radio and Electronics at home-the fast, modern way, Give yourself essential technical "know-how"-like reading circuits assembling standard components, experimenting, building-quickly and without effort, and enioy every moment. B.I.E.T.'s Simplified Study Method and the remarxable TECHNATRON Self-Build Outfit take the mystery out of the subject, making learning easy and interesting.

Even if you don't know the first thing about Radio now, you'll build your own Radio set within a month or so!
. . . and what's more, you will understand exactly what you are doing. The TECHNATRON Outfit contains everything you nced, from tools to transistors-even a versatile Multimeter which we teach you to use. All you need give is a little of your spare time and the surprisingly low fee, payable monthly if you wish. And the equipmient remains yours, so you can use it again and again.

You LEARN-but it's as fascinating as a hobby
Among many other interesting experiments, the Radio set you build-and it's a good one-is really a bonus. This is first and last a teaching course, but the training is as fascinating as any hobby and it could be the spring-board for a career in' Radio and Electronics.


## BRITISH INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING TECHNOLOGY

A 14-year-old could understand and benefir from this Course-but it teaches the real thing. The easy to understand, practical projectsfrom a burglar-alarm to a sophisticated Radio set-help you master basic Radio and Electronics-even if you are a "non-technical" type. And, if you want to make it a career, B.I.E.T. has a fine range of Courses up to City and Guilds standards.

## New Specialist Booklet

If you wish to make a career in Electronics, send for Your FREE copy of "OPPORTUNITIES IN TELECOMMUNICATIONS / TV AND RADIO". This brand new booklet-just out-tells you all about TECHNATRON and B.I.E.T.'s full range of courses.


Dept. B8, ALDERMASTON COURT, READING RG7 4PF

## POST THIS COUPONFOR FREEBOOK

To B.I.E.T. Dept. B8 Aldermaston Court, Reading RG7 4PF Please send book and full information - FREE and withous obligation.
 Accredited by the C.A.C.C.
way is used, remember that any metal protrusions in the shape of screw or rivet heads must be shallow and positioned only in close proximity to earthed parts of the circuit, and also that the unit relies on its mounting for earth return operation which keeps the number of leads to a minimum and the reversionary facility less confusing.

The three heat sink fins, having been made to the sizes given in Fig. 2, are then mounted by means of $3_{8}^{\prime \prime} \times 4 \mathrm{BA}$ screws as is also the transformer (five leads toward transistors), the two-way tag strip, the three-way centre earth leg tag strip and the discharge capacitor clip which is made from a piece of thin scrap aluminium. The eight-way tag strip is not mounted at this stage as it is more easily fitted after the tag panel.


Fig. 2. These three heat sink fins are fitted to the lid of the box.
When mounting the heat sink fins and the transformer it is a sound idea to give those sides which come in contact with the chassis a smear of silicone grease to ensure thermal conductivity. Likewise the transistors when they are mounted.

To obtain a professional finish to the unit now is the time to give it a few coats of matt black paint after masking the transistor mounting positions with two small pieces of masking tape or something similar cut to the required shape using the actual transistors as templates. One of the popular aerosols is ideal for this job and the results are well worth the small effort involved, not only as regards the final appearance of the unit but this process effectively assists the even dissipation of heat besides preventing corrosion.

The paxolin strips and washers are next prepared as in Fig. 3 and assembled to form the tag panel in the manner indicated not forgetting to include a soldering tag under the nuts of connectors marked coil,+- , and CB and the earth tag of the eightway tag strip under the nut of the remaining connector marked $I G / S W$., the nut on that side of the transformer being removed to take the other earth tag of the eight-way tag strip which should have the adjacent tag completely removed as reference to Fig. 4 makes clear.

The two transistors of the type required for the particular polarity unit being constructed should
next be mounted (with silicone grease on mating surfaces) and also the thyristor heat sink by soldering the doubled over tag in the position indicated in Fig. 4. This heat sink may either be made from thin springy brass or copper $0 \cdot 020^{\prime \prime}$ thick to the dimensions given in Fig. 5 or it can be formed from a commercial heat sink as supplied for OC81 type transistors as was done in the prototype. It serves as a convenient anchorage for the s.c.r. as well as providing a safety factor which, although not absolutely necessary, is an added precaution.

Wiring can now be begun and is largely achieved with the wire ends of the components. The long wire from the discharge capacitor should be well insulated with plastic sleeving and dressed as in Fig. 4. Careful checks especially on the polarity of the various diodes and the use of a heat sink is strongly recommended whilst soldering operations are in progress.

With regard to the components around the transistors, which were soldered into circuit so as to preclude any intermittent contacts which might occur with spring contacts on transistor holders (imagine an ignition fault impairing performance whilst overtaking), it may be found advantageous to solder the components together one by one so that the final connection to the appropriate transistor pin consists of only one wire end which simplifies construction, replacement of transistors should this ever be necessary, or if the unit is ever altered to the opposite polarity working.


Fig. 3. Assembly details of tag panel.
The next few paragraphs may be ignored by the competent constructor, but are included for those who prefer to work from a step by step outline.

NOTE: The following instructions refer to a unit with a positive earthed vehicle. They also apply to the construction of a unit for negative earth use if the reference to polarities of D1, D2, D4, ZD1, ZD2 are reversed, D5 is not required, and of course TR1 and TR2 are of the type specified in the components list. The gate and cathode connections are also reversed for the negative earth unit.

Start by terminating the two black wires of the transformer to the third and fourth tag of the eightway tag strip (counting earth tags and removed tag from transformer towards IG/SW connector) followed by blue transformer lead and one side of R1 to right tag, and yellow transformer lead and one side of R4 to left tag of three-way strip on transistor side of transformer.

Connect one side of $\mathrm{R} 2, \mathrm{R} 3$ and positive side of ZD1, ZD2 to the central earth tag of the same threeway strip; join free end of R2 to free end of R1 fairly close to R1 body in a T form thus leaving the wire from Rl full length, then using this tee technique again join the positive end of Dl to the RI wire, the end of this R1 wire is now formed into a small loop to fit on the Base pin of $\operatorname{Tr} 1$. By using this method there is only one connection to be made to Tr base pin with the advantages already mentioned.
Repeat this process with R3, R4, and D2 to Base pin of Tr2. Connect the free end of DI (negative) to the free end of ZDl (negative) and also green lead of T1 using same T method, again forming small loop on the ultimate wire of these junctions for connection to emitter pin of Trl.

Repeat with D2, ZD2, red transformer lead and emitter pin of Tr2. The four BY100 which form bridge rectifier D3 are next wired in position, Fig. 4. by joining two negative wires of two BY100's together and to the earth tag on strip held by T1 bolt, one positive going to tag 3 where black T1



Fig. 4. Complete wiring diagram for a positive earth unit which may be compared with the photograph, below left.
lead joins. The other positive goes to tag 4 where the other black TI lead has been soldered and from this point is connected the negative of the third BY100. Its positive wire goes to tag 5 as also does the positive of the fourth BY100 together with one side of R8. The negative of the fourth BY100 is returned to tag 3, upper half of tag. Use the lower half of tags for all previous connections except the earth one.


Fig. 5. Heat sink for the SCR made from springy brass or copper.
The two-way tag strip should now be mounted by means of the central heat sink fin fixing bolt and a short piece of wire soldered from the unit tag marked Coil negative to the earth tag on the two-way strip, in the form of a bus bar. Several earth joints can then be comfortably accommodated the first of which is the free end of R8.

To the lower half of tag 7 solder one end of R5 and the negative end of D5, the other end of R5 and the positive end of D5 are then earthed at the bus bar.

## PISTRIBUTION FATSIEIE

tor work beach or lab. $4 \times 13$ amp sockets in metal bor to take standard 13 amp fused plugs and on/ off switch with neon warning light. Supplied complete with 6 feet of flex cable. Wired up ready to work. 82.25 plus 23p P. \& I. Six speeds are available 500,850 and $1,100 \mathrm{r} . \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$, and 8,$000 ; 12,000$ $230 / 240 \mathrm{~V}$. Its speed may be further controlled with the use of our Thyristor controller. Very powerful and useful motor, size approx. 2 in dia. $\times 5$ in long. Price 88p plus 23p postage and


MAINS MOTOR Precision made - as used in record decks deal also for extractor an, blower, heaters, etc. New and perfect. Snip at 50 p . Postage 15p for frat one then

LEPHONE HAND SET Ex.G.P.O.
50 peach plas 20 p p. \&

## 12 VOLT $1 \frac{1}{2}$ AMP

POWER PACK
This comprises double-wound 230/240V mains transformer With full wave rectifier and
$2000 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{i} / \mathrm{d}^{*}$ gmoothing. Price $2000 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{i} / \mathrm{d}^{*}$ gmoothing. Price

## NEW LIGHT DIMMER

This uses the latest technique from America, a seit triggering device known as the thermo tab and has enabled us to produce a really reliable dimmer 10 tor $£ 22.50$. 10 tor 282.50

## ROCKER SWITCHES

3 new types to offer this month, all
gaap in fixing into oblong holes Prype in fixing into oblong holes. Size approx. $1 \frac{1}{2} \times$ 年". Made by $^{\text {s. }}$ Arrow electric. ( 93 series). Price $12 \pm$ each. 10 for $\$ 1.68$.
Type 2 D.P. on/off 10 amp 250 V with neon indicator in the lever. Agsin Arrow 93 series. Price 5 p each or 10 for 22.25 .
Type 3 Double pole change over spring return, made by the French Russenberg Company. Bi CAprox. ${ }^{\prime}{ }^{\prime}$ Price 15p each 10 for EPERATED SAFE all electronic part to make this 54.59 AMPLIFIER CASE
Teak veneer on $\frac{2^{\prime \prime}}{2}$ ply. modern appearance and quantity $s i-25$ each plus 25 p poest and insurance MUSICON TAPE
A further buy enables us to offer these st an even lower price-namely 63p each or 5 for $\$ 2 \cdot 50$. Sen Oor list of titles, We can't repeat when sold out

## RESSURE SWITCH

Made by Bailey and Macaey Ltd. Type 108R. Adjustable up to 151 b . per square inch. (Instruc changeover switch rated at 5 samp 250 v A.C. with re-set button. Electrical oonnections in hox with conduit entry. Price 81.50 each plus 20 p post and 20 WATT INVERTER
Smart and Brown-For van lighting or camping te. Win light a $24 t$. 20 watt standard fuorescent tube from a 12 V ear battery, current approx. 2A. $111^{\prime \prime} \times \mathbf{2}^{\prime \prime} \times$ 1寺" $^{\prime \prime}$. Price $\mathbf{8 6 5 0}$ complete with lamp

## FLEX CABLE SNIP

3 core heavy eircular T.R.S. waterproof flex, ideal or running down the garden to pool of shed. 1 -5mm cores ( 5 amp ) 100 yard coils $54 \cdot 25$ plus carriage 75p up to 200 miles. 81 - 300 miles. $£ 1-50$ 000 miles.

## DOOR INTERCOM

Know who is calling and speak to them without leaving bed. microphone with call push button, connectors and master intercom. Simply plugs to gether, Originally sold at $\pm 10$. Speciai snip price $83 \cdot 50$ plu
20 p postage.

## AUTO-ELECTRIC CAR

AERIAL
with dashboard control switch-fully extendable to 40 in or fully retractable. Suitable for 12V positive or with fitting instructions and ready wired dashboard awitch. $\mathbf{5 5 \%} \%$ plus
25 p post and insurance.
NEED A SPECIAL SWITCH , doz. Plastic pushrod, 6up


NUMICATOR TUBES
For digital instruments, counters, timers, 10 for 89.


24-HOUR TIME SWITCH
Made by Smiths, these are AC mains operated, NOT CLOCKWORK. Iteal for mounting on rack or shelt or can be built into box with 13 A socket. Two com pletely adjustable time periods per 24 hours, 5 A changeover contacts will switch circuit on or off during these periods. f2.50 post and ins. 20 . Additional tlme contacts 50 p pair.
TREASURE TRACER MARK II
Complete Kit (except woovien battens) to make the
metal detector similar to the circuit in Practical
wireless August issue. E2-95 plus 20p post and
insurance.

MULLARD IF MODULE
This is a fully screened intermediate frequency module for smplification sad detection of fim. signols at
10.7 MHz and a.m. signals at 470 kHz The first stage is used as an i.f. amplifier for 1.mi. and a self oscllating mixer for a.m. operation, in conjunction with an ex ternal osciliator coll. 75p each. 10 tor 86.75 .100 for 862.50p. With connection dig.

COMPUTER TAPE


2,400ft of the Best Magnetic Tape money can buy-users ciaim good results with Video and sound. lin wide $21-00$ plus 33 p post
and insurance with cassette. 7 in wide s1-00 plus $30 p$ post and
 insurance with cassette. $\frac{1}{2}$ in wide 85 p plus 35 p post and insur.
ance whith cassette. Spare spools and cassettes-1in 75 p , $\frac{1}{3}$ in 75 p ERGOTROL UNHITS
These units made by the Mulard Group are for operating and controlling d.c. Motora and equipment from A.C. mains.
Thyristors are used and these supplya variable d.c. resulting in motor speed The und operating effeiency far superior to most other methods. The units are contained in wall mounting abinets with front control panel on which are fuses-push buttons for on
variable thytor fring control.
4 models are avallable-all are brand new
makers cases:
Model 2410 for up to 5 amps 817.50 Model 2411 for up to 10 anips $\$ 29760$ Model 2415 for up to 80 amps $895-00$
Note: 2415 is a floor mounting 3 phase unit.


## THIS MONTH'S SNIP

## HONEYWELL THERMOSTAT

Made by Honeywell for normal air temperatures $40^{\circ}-30^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ ( $5-25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. This is a precision instrument with $1.5^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$. A mercury switch breaks on temp. rise-the switch is operated by a coiled bi-metal element and adjustable heater is incorporated for heat anticipation. Elegantly styled and encesed in an fyory plastic case With clear plastic windows thermometer above and switch setting scale below-rize approx $3 \cdot 8^{*} \times 1 \times 2^{\prime \prime} \times$
$1 \cdot 4^{*}$ deep-can be mounted on conduit box or directly on wall. Price $\$ 1-25$ each or ten for $\$ 11.25$.


## CENTRIFUGAL FAN

Mains operated, turbo-blower type. Pressed steel Housing contains motor and aluminium impeller. Motor is $1 / 10 \mathrm{th} \mathrm{hp}$ giving considerable air flow
but virtually no noise. Approx. dimensions $100^{\prime \prime}$ but virtually no noise. Approx. dimenaions 1012"
wide by $12^{\prime \prime}$ dia. Outiet into trunking 10 wide by $12^{\prime \prime}$ dia. Outiet into trunking $10 y^{*} \times 4 \frac{1}{*}^{\prime \prime}$, THE FULLL-FI STEREO SIX


## THE AMPLIFIER

SEASATION OF THE YEAR fullnets of reproduction and at the added qualities your records or. tuner will reproduce Built into metal chassis ready for ases an integrated solid gtate clrcuit with an outpat power of 6W R.M.S. aplit over the two channels. The ampliter is ideal for use with normal pick-ups and tuners, it has a double wound mains transformer and ganged volume and tone contrcls-also switching for Mono to Stereo, tuner or pick-up. UNREPEATABLE PRICE is 56.50 plus 20 p post and insarance. Simulated Teak cabinet ready for mounting amplifier 81.50 (posted free when ordered with chassis).

## F GEMINI

Dual purpose twin 30 watt
stereo amplifier for excep.
kit of parts less case $\$ 45$
or reprint of data \& parts


MULLARD. AUDIO AMPLIFIER MODULE Uses 4 transistors, and has an output of 500 mW into 8 ohms speakers. Input suitable for erystal mic. or
pick-up 9 V batcery operated. Size gin long $\times$ lin wide
$\times$ lin high. . SPECIAL SNIP PRICE 800 each. 10 for $£ 5.40,100$ f
CAPACITOR DISCHARGE CAR IGNITION


This system which has proved to be amazingly ELECTRONHC IEMTHO Wireles* Forld about a year ago. We can supply Wireles* World about a year ago. We can supply
kit of parts for an improved and even more efficient version (Praclical Wireless, Sune). Price $55-95$ plus 20 p post. When ordering please state whether for positive or negative systems. 20p post. When ordering printed clrcuit board etc. f8.95. De-lux model including printed cir
RADIO STETHOSCQPE
gasiest way to faulf find-traces signal from aertal to speaker Easiest way to faulf find-traces signal from aertal to speaker
-when signal stops you've found the fault. Use it on Radio, TWhen signal stops you've found the fault. Use it on Radio, TV amplifer, anything-complete kit comprises two
special transistors and all parts including probe tube and erystal earpiece. 42 -twin stethoset instead of earpiece 75 p extra-post and ins. 20 p .


QUICK CUPPA
Mini Immersion Heater. 350w. $200 / 240 \mathrm{v}$. Hoils full cup in about. two minutes. Use any socket or hamp holder. Hare at bedside for tea, baby's lood, etc. $51-25,12 \mathrm{v}$. cat model also available same price. Jug heater x 1.50 (mains only


## MAINS OPERATED SOLENOIDS


 MAlis
MAINS RELAY BARGAIN
Special this month are some single,
double and treble pole changeover double and treble pole changeover Operating coil wound for 240 V . A.C. Good Britigh Make. Unused. Size approx. 14" $\times 1^{\prime \prime}$. Open con-
struction.
Single pole 25p each 10 for \$2-25
Double pole 359 each 10 for $\mathbf{\$ 3} \cdot 15$
 able. $\mathbf{5 2 \cdot 2 5}$ plus 13 p poat $\& \mathrm{p}$. SLIDE SWITCHES


Slide Switch. 2-pole changeover panel mounting by two 6B.A. screws. Size 6 p each. 10 for $54 \mathrm{p}, 100$ for 5510,500 for 224 . Ditto as above but for printed circult 5p each 10 for $45 \mathrm{p}, 100$ for $84-25$. Sub Miniature Slide Spitch, DPDT 19 mm (ain approx.) bet ween fixing centres,
12 p . each or 10 for $\& 1.08$.


LIGHT CELL
Almost zero resistant in sunlight increases to 10 K . Ohms in dark or dulk Hignt, epoxy resin sealed. Size approx. Iin dia. by tin thick. Rated at 500 MW , wire ended. 43D with circuit.
Also ORP12 light cell 45p. Also ORP

## TELESCOPIC

AERIAL for portable, car radio 88p. KNuCle in hotton for 6 B .A. screw.


DIGITAL CLOCK
As featured this issue, send for parts list.

## MICRO SWITCH



## MINIAT URE

WAFER SWITCHES
2 pole, 2 way-4 pole, 2 way-
3 pole, 3 way-4 pole, 3 way- 2 pole, 4 way -3 pole, 4 way- 2 pole
6 way- 1 pole. 12 way. All at $20 p$ cach $81-80$ for ten, your assortment

[^4]J. BULL (ELECTRICAL) LTD.
(Dept. P.W.), 7 Park Street, Croydon CRO IYD Callers to: 102/3 Tamworth Road. Croydon.


Only minor amendments have been made to the orlginal circuit. This one is for POSITIVE earth vehicles.

One end of R6, the negative end of D4, and one end of C2 are soldered to the free tag on the twoway strip; the free end of R6 and the positive end of D4 are then connected to the unit tag marked CB as is also one side of R7, the other side of R7 and the white Tl lead solder to the earth tag 8 which is unit tag marked IG/SW.

The free end of C2 connects to lower half of tag 7 on eight-way strip.

Capacitor Cl fixing clamp should now be fixed in position and Cl secured by means of the clamping bolt-not forgetting to use a small piece of aluminium as a crush guard. One end of Cl connects to unit tag marked coil positive and the other end covered with good quality plastic sleeving and dressed as in Fig. 4 and connected to tag 5 on eightway strip.

The thyristor heat sink is then fixed by bending both upper and lower portions of tag 6 (on eightway strip) in such a manner as to form an almost complete wrap around the strip, the slot in the heat sink is then pushed down centrally over this wrap and soldered in position as shown in Fig. 4.

The last component to be fitted is the thyristor

SCR and reference to Fig. 4. clearly shows how this is connected, namely anode to tag 5 cathode to tag 7 on eight-way strip whilst the gate is connected to the earth bus bar adjacent to unit tag marked Coil negative.

The TAG $1 / 500$ has proved eminently suitable for use with most ignition coils as fitted to British cars and far superior to those s.c.r.'s obtained from other sources, in freedom from breakdown, but some foreign-made ignition coils require the TAG $1 / 600$ to be used owing to the primary inductance generating excessive oscillatory peaks. However, this subject is too extensive to go into in this article and the foregoing remarks can be taken as a reliable guide.

## TESTING

When the unit is complete it should be tested by applying the car battery to connectors IG/SW and -ve (IG/SW to live feed and - ve to that pole of the battery which is earthed on the particular car and unit) when a whistle should be heard indicating that the oscillator section is working. The voltage

This circuit is for NEGATIVE earth vehicles. Certain diode polarities are reversed as well as the gate and cathode connections to the SCR. Diode D5 is omitted.

across the bridge rectifier is then measured and should be approximately 450 V , this reading may increase to approximately 480 V when the connections to the ignition coil are made but it depends on coil characteristics.

Assuming these initial tests to be satisfactory the unit is then fixed to the car in a suitable place, all connections checked, and the unit is ready for use.

## CONNECTING UP

The connections of the ignition unit to the vehicle are quite simple but are given here in full for guidance of any constructor who may be doubtful.

After mounting the unit (preferably on side of wing or bulkhead so as to keep leads from the unit to the lgnition coil as short as practicable) remove the existing ignition switch to ignition coil wirethat is the thin lead which does not go to the contact breaker-and connect to unit tag marked IG/SW (see notes in text about ballast resistor if cold start coil is fitted).

Remove the thin lead from the ignition coil which connects to the contact breaker, and connect this lead to unit tag marked 'CB'.

Two short extra leads are now required and are connected one lead from unit tag marked 'coil negative' to ignition coil terminal marked 'negative,' the other lead goes from unit tag marked 'coil positive' to ignition coil terminal marked 'positive.' These connections are identical for both negative and positive earthed vehicles.

For coils marked SW and CB, this corresponds to positive and negative respectively-see circuit diagram.

Should the reversionary facility be required-due to component fault, although this should not occur if the recommended components are used-simply remove the two short leads connecting the unit tags marked 'coil positive' and 'negative' to the ignition coil positive and negative.

Remove the lead from the unit tag marked CB and connect it to the ignition coil terminal which is the same polarity as that terminal of the battery which is earthed to the chassis.

The remaining lead which is left on the unit tag marked IG/SW is removed and connected to the remaining free terminal on the ignition coil.

## PLUGS

It is recommended that the sparking plug gaps be reset to around $0 \cdot 050^{\prime \prime}$ instead of the usual gap which is about $0.025^{\prime \prime}$, as the higher resistance load thus presented enables the greater output available from the electronic ignition unit to be used to the fullest advantage.
The prototype of this unit is in use on the writer's car and has proved a worthwhile accessory.

NEXT MONTH Part 2 reviews the various types of ignition coil available today and how they can be used with the PW Electronic Ignition System plus information on using your tachometer with this unit. Finally, a discussion of the various advantages of the PW unit as obtained in actual road tests.


## Practical Wireless

 Designer's Traphy$$
1972
$$

To encourage new authors, entries for the 1972 Trophy will be restricted to readers who have not previously had an article published in PW. This leaves the field wide open for those wanting to try their hand at wrlting technical constructional articles. Contestants will not be in competition with well-known authors, only with other newcomers, so the cup can only be won by a new writer. It Could Be You.

## TURN YOUR CONSTRUCTIONAL PROJECT INTO CASH-AND MAYBE WIN THE CUP! RULES

1. The winning entry will be chosen by a panel of judges from among articles published in issues of PW dated September 1972 to August 1973 inclusive. The Editor's decision on all matters arising will be final.
2. The winner of the competition will receive and retaln outright the PW Designer's Trophy 1972. Other prizes will be awarded to the best runners-up. Articles will be paid for shortly after publication.
3. The competition is open only to authors who have not previously had any work published in PW.
4. Articles submitted for the competition should conform to the general style of material published in PW and must describe the operation and construction of a piece of radio, audio or test equipment that has been designed and built by the author.
5. Articles should, preferably, be typed using double spacing, leaving wide margins, on one side only of each sheet. Circuit diagrams and any other drawings must be separate and numbered to agree with the text. Author's roughs must be clear enough to permit re-drawing. Components list must also be separate and laid out to the standard PW format.
6. Photographs of the equipment are desirable and should be in black and white, sharp and clear. Photographs may be identified by sticking a label on the reverse instead of writing on the back of the photograph itself.
7. Components used in the design must be readily available from retail sources.
8. Articles should be sent to the Editor. Practical Wireless, Old Fieetway House, Farringdon Street, London, E.C.4. Authors will be advised as soon as possible of the acceptance or rejection of their articles. Equipment, the subject of an article, must not be sent to the Editor until advised to do so.
9. Employees and staff of PW are not eligible for entry to this competition.

## JULIAN ANDERSON

No. 37
burglar alarm

## A series of simple transistor projects, each using less than twenty components and costing less than one pound to build.

MAGAZINES such as Practical Wireless require a continual supply of new ideas and new articles in order to attract readers; this is not always easy as new and original projects are rare. There is one field however which seems to have been almost ignored-that of burglar and security alarms. A few have been published but I can only recall three in the past ten years.
This is all the more extraordinary when one considers how useful (and how simple) a burglar alarm can be. Admittedly the electronics side is only the tip of the iceberg as the hard part is the fitting and wiring of the alarm circuit rather than the construction of the alarm itself. This can present problems but some guides will be'given.

The circuit of the alarm itself is shown in Fig. 1. This is a simple, but reliable audio oscillator whose output is fed to a loudspeaker. The alarm circuit wire is shown as a shorting link between the base and emitter of Trl; this cuts off the transistor. This link will, of course, be very long; it may be up to 100 yards but even so its resistance will not be more than a few ohms assuming that reasonable quality wire is used. This will have virtually no effect on the circuit and may, for our purposes, be considered as a dead short.

When this link is broken $\operatorname{Tr} 1$ will be biased by R1 and when conducting this will in turn provide bias for $\operatorname{Tr} 2$ causing a considerable current to be passed through the primary of the transistor output transformer T1 and so to the speaker. However the inclusion of Cl causes this current to appear as a series of pulses and this sounds like an audio note in the speaker.

When the alarm circuit is closed the only current passing will be that through R1 plus the tiny leakage currents through the transistors. This will be below $20 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ in total and this sort of current can be taken from a battery almost indefinitely; it will decay of old age before running down.

Note that the output of the speaker, while being more than sufficient to scare off a burglar, is not all that high and so an efficient speaker should be used. This excludes the use of miniature types and the larger the diameter, the greater will be the output.

The construction of this circuit should present few problems but a suggested layout on a small tagboard is shown in Fig. 2.

The alarm circuit comprises a single wire running between the doors and windows to be protected. The contacts can take many forms. Microswitches can be used, most of these have changeover contacts and so can be arranged to break the circuit when a window or door is opened. A springy metal can also be used to make the contacts. All of the switches must be in series of course so that if any one of them is opened the alarm will sound.

(cKG139)
Fig. 1: The circuit of the Take 20 Burglar Alarm.


Fig. 2: A suggested component layout on tagboard.


In addition to acting as a burglar alarm, this arrangement will also provide a rapid check to ensure that all the necessary windows and doors are shut. It is also a fail-safe circuit; any faults in the circuit will cause the alarm to sound.

Although battery operation is perfectly satisfactory if the battery is replaced regularly, it is far better to operate this circuit from a mains power supply. In the long run this will be cheaper and more reliable.

## PRAGTIGAL Whielws



## 2 METREEEET.CONVERTER



This simple 4-transistor crystal controlled converter permits reception of the entire 2 metre amateur band ( $144-146 \mathrm{MHz}$ ) on any receiver capable of covering from 4 to 6 MHz . A suitable choice of crystal frequency allows direct frequency read-out on 2 metres from the calibration on the main receiver.

# 2O+20 WATT I.C. STERED AMPLIFIER 

## PART 2

Note: Switch section S1A in Fig. 2 (last month) should have been in the closed position. In the specification, the dynamic range should have been given as $+38 d B$ and in Fig. 7 the + and - terminals should be reversed. Under the heading "Quiescent Current Setting" on page 56, reference is made in the text to R28. This should have been R24. In the components list the BZY88C15 was specified for ZD1 and ZD2. Although this device is quite suitable for the TEXAN the Texas 1S2150A zener is now specified for ZD1/ZD2.

## Equalisation

The input selector switch has three positions-for radio, magnetic pickup and an auxiliary position. The radio position gives a flat response to the input stage from $<5 \mathrm{~Hz}$ to 500 kHz and the input sensitivity is 30 mV for 20 watts output into $8 \Omega$. This is probably over sensitive for some tuners but the Texan has a good overload margin of some 38 dB so that even


Fig. 13 : Magnetic pickup characteristic (measured-solid curve, theoretical-dotted curve).

500 mV from the tuner could be handled comfortably
The pickup equalisation characteristic is shown in Fig. 13. In this position the overall gain of the amplifier is 74 dB at 1 kHz giving a sensitivity of 2.5 mV for full output. Also plotted is the theoretical RIAA curve which is formed from three time constants- $3180 \mu \mathrm{~S}, 318_{\mu} \mathrm{S}$ and $75 \mu \mathrm{~S}$. Assuming thal R 6 is $270 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ (exactly!) this gives the following values for R7, C7 and C8 respectively: $21 \cdot 76866390 \mathrm{k} \Omega$, $3 \cdot 730376467 \mathrm{nF}$ and $10 \cdot 087777777 \mathrm{nF}$-approximately! The values given last month in Fig. 2 are the nearest standard values and in the prototype gave a maximum error of about 1 dB in the audible range. However, these theoretical values are quoted only for the theorist.

The beauty of operational amplifiers, of course, is that given the near-perfect component value you will get a near-perfect response.

This brings up the question of crystal and ceramic pickups which many people will undoubtedly wish to use. There are several ways of tackling this:

For the cheaper cartridge giving an output of several hundred millivolts a high impedance attenuator such as shown in Fig. 14 could be used. With such a high signal there will be little lost in signal/noise performance and the $1 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ load will give a fairly flat output without further correction. This means that R7, C7 and C8 should be omitted and R6 changed to about $10 \mathrm{k} \Omega$.

Cartridges giving outputs of tens of millivolts cannot be treated this way as the signal would be attenuated too heavily since it is necessary to keep the 'earthy' resistance down to about $5 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ to avoid damping the rumble filter. The rumble filter could be omitted leaving only R2 which would be returned to pin 2 of ICl instead of ground. It would then be bootstrapped so that the input impedance would rise to several meg. ohms. Again R7, C7 and C8 would be omitted and R 6 reduced to


The complete Texan amplifier. The power supply section is to the left of the dividing screen.
approximately $1 \mathrm{k} \Omega$. However it seems a pity to lose the rumble filter especially as ceramic cartridges are more likely to be used with the sort of turntables which require a rumble filter most.

Therefore, the best approach is to use a low impedance loading circuit on the ceramic cartridge such as shown in Fig. 15. This will give a characteristic which approximates to the velocity characteristic of a magnetic cartridge and the output level will also be similar so that the amplifier can be used without modification to its feedback components. This circuit allows some variation of the shunt capacitor to improve the linearity of the response and some manufacturers will quote the circuit values which give the best "magnetic" characteristic from their particular cartridge. If this approach is adopted the constructor can wire the attenuator quite neatly across the pins of the DIN pickup socket.

## Input Impedance

In the specification the input impedance of the amplifier is quoted as $47 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ at 1 kHz . This nominal figure is modified when the rumble filter is inserted in circuit partly due to the shunting effect of R1 and partly to the series reactance of C 1 and C 2 . This will not normally have any effect on a magnetic pickup cartridge but it may have some loading effect if a ceramic/magnetic conversion network is used so the variation of input impedance is plotted in Fig. 16.


## Auxiliary

The Texan was originally designed to give an equalized output directly from a tape head without external amplifiers. For this reason the circuit shows R8, R9 and C9 and the printed circuit board is laid out to take these components. However, the present


Fig. 14 : (far left) Equalisation circuitry for high output crystal/ceramic pickup cartridges.

Fig. 15: (left) Equalisation circuitry for low output crystal/ceramic cartridges.

Fig. 16 : (above) Variation of input impedance with frequency (rumble filter in).


Fig. 17: Tape repiay characteristic (direct from head).
day tendency is for a separate tape unit, having internal amplifiers. If it is intended to use such a unit, R8 and C9 should be omitted and R9 reduced to approximately $1 \cdot 2 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ giving a flat characteristic and sensitivity similar to that of the radio position.

Nevertheless I feel that many home constructors may be interested in a tape head facility so the following table gives the appropriate values for a few of the standard replay characteristics.

TABLE 1

|  | \%\% | $8 \mathrm{R}$ | Cg | Standard time constants |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| DiM 5110 s | 3 | Sgotaz | 3 gnF | 1590/3 3180.4 |
|  | S3ikz | 82015 | 3.98 F | $3180 \mu 5120 \mu 5$ |
| D. $\mathrm{N}^{\text {c }} 74 \mathrm{los}$ | 20 k 9 |  | $3.3 n \mathrm{~F}$ | - 70.5 |
| N. A B E 21.10 \% | 1560 | 1 wh | $3 \cdot 3 \mathrm{nF}$ | $3180 \mu \mathrm{~S} 50 \mu \mathrm{~S}$ |
| N, A, ${ }^{\text {a }}$, ins | 27 k 82 | 1, M2 | 3.3nF | $3180 \mu 5$ 90, 5 |
| N. A.B. $17 \mathrm{l} \mathrm{p}^{5}$ |  | As to | 32 los A | A.B. |

The overall response of the amplifier when using components for DIN $3^{5}{ }_{4}$ i.p.s. is shown in Fig. 17. The sensitivity of the amplifier with this characteristic was 1 mV approx. Once more the very high loop gain of the operational amplifier is valuable for producing the large amount of bass boost which is required.

## Performance

A number of facts and figures have already been quoted regarding the performance of the Texan so that distortion is the main topic left for discussion.

Apart from the money the other good thing about writing an article is the opportunity it gives for liberating a few proverbial bees from one's bonnet. My personal "bee" is concerned with the vicious
circle of "эpecmanship" which sets Hi-Fi designers chasing each others ${ }^{*}$ tails (or should it be "tales"). Now I am all in favour of pickups which track, noise reduction systems for tape recorders, f.m. broadcasting and electrostatic loudspeakers-on the whole I am sure that they are worth the money. But I cannot see much point in paying more and more for better and better amplifiers when they are already too good for the transducers coupled to them. When the most experienced ears can barely detect $0.1 \%$ distortion on pure tones why spend money struggling for $0.01 \%$, especially when all transducers and recording media introduce about 2 or $3 \%$ in themselves. This is a generalisation, of course. and it is always easy to find a specific flaw in such an argument. However, I feel the basic principle is good. Namely, consider the system as a whole and don't spend a lot more money unless you are going to hear the difference. With that said, here are a few more figures:

TABLE 2


Distortion: Harmonic distortion was measured using a Radford Low Distortion Oscillator and a Hewlett Packard 3590A Wave Analyzer with a 3593A Sweeper.

This measurement technique is far more accurate and gives more useful information due to the subjective nature of harmonic distortion. The harmonics


Fig. 18: Wave analysis for input frequencies of 900 Hz and $1 \cdot 1 \mathrm{kHz}$.


Fig. 19: Wave analysis for input frequencies of 9 kHz and 11 kHz


Fig. 20: Test set-up that was used for measurements of intermodulation products (I.P.).
are therefore tabulated in some detail in Table 2 along with total harmonic distortion figures. So you pays your money and you takes your choice. The harmonics are quoted in dB below the fundamental. The total harmonic figures are given as a percentage and calculated from

$$
\text { T.H.D. }=\sqrt{V_{2}^{2}+V_{3}^{2}+V_{4}^{2}} \ldots
$$

where $V_{2}, V_{3}, V_{4}$ etc are the percentage values of the harmonic components.

It can be seen that the percentage T.H.D. does not leap up at the levels where crossover distortion would be apparent so the amplifier has a good clean sound.

The Texan is primarily designed to work into $15 \Omega$ or $8 \Omega$ speakers but, for interest, some distortion figures are also quoted for $4 \Omega$ loads.

All the measurements were made on the complete amplifiers so they include any distortion due to the preamplifier.

## Intermodulation Distortion

The intermodulation products (I.P.) in an amplifier's output result from non linearity of the transfer characteristic which causes multiplication of the components of a complex input waveform so that a spectrum of sum and difference frequencies may be produced across the entire amplifier bandwidth. Thus with only two sinusoidal inputs with frequencies $A$ and $B$ we may get I.P.'s at frequencies of $A+B, A-B, 2 A+B, 2 A-B, A+2 B, A-2 B$ etc. If the spectrum is analyzed there will also be components at $2 \mathrm{~A}, 2 \mathrm{~B}, 3 \mathrm{~A}, 3 \mathrm{~B}$ which are due to harmonic distortion in the signal source and those harmonics produce their own I.P.s resulting in the general mish-mash shown in Figs. 18 and 19.

However, after a bit of mental arithmetic, it is fairly easy to sort out the I.P.s which really count. The total intermodulation distortion is calculated from:

$$
\text { I.D. }=\frac{\sqrt{\mathrm{IP}_{1}^{2}+\mathrm{IP}_{2}^{2}+\mathrm{IP}_{3}^{2}}}{\mathrm{~A}+\mathrm{B}} \times 100 \%
$$

where I.P., etc are the amplitudes of the intermodulation products $A$ and $B$ are the amplitudes of the input waveforms.

Therefore any I.P. which is 10 to 20 dB below the major I.P. in level can virtually be ignored.

The method of measurement was as follows: With the apparatus shown in Fig. 20, oscillator A was temporarily disconnected and the level from oscillator $B$ was adjusted to give $12 \cdot 6$ volts across the $8 \Omega$ load (ie 20 watts). The $B$ attenuator was then set back 3 dB . This procedure was repeated for oscillator A alone. The two inputs were then mixed together and the output checked on the true r.m.s. meter to ensure that the power was still 20 watts.

The input frequencies were 900 Hz and $1 \cdot 1 \mathrm{kHz}$ in one case (Fig. 18) and 9 kHz and 11 kHz in the other case (Fig. 19). The analyzer was set to sweep from 200 Hz to 5 kHz for the low frequency test and from 2 kHz to 50 kHz for the higher frequency test with an analyzer bandwidth of 100 Hz in each case.

Fig. 18 shows that with inputs 900 Hz and 1.1 kHz the predominant I.P.s occur at $2 \mathrm{kHz}(\mathrm{A}+\mathrm{B}), 2 \cdot 9 \mathrm{kHz}$ $(2 A+B)$ and $3 \cdot 1 \mathrm{kHz}(A+2 B)$. These components give a percentage I.D. of $0 \cdot 19 \%$ approximately.

At the higher frequencies it is easier to pick out I.P.s due to the amplifier and again it can be seen
from Fig. 19 that the dominant components are at $20 \mathrm{kHz}, 29 \mathrm{kHz}$ and 31 kHz . The difference frequency I.P.s are also clearly seen at 2 kHz ( $\mathrm{B}-\mathrm{A}$ ) , $4 \mathrm{kHz}(2 \mathrm{~B}-2 \mathrm{~A})$ etc but they are insignificant compared with the sum products so that an I.D. figure of $1.0 \%$ is obtained.

These distortions may seem rather high but the method of measurement was rather unkind since the peak voltage for the combined waveform is $\sqrt{2}$ times greater than the peak voltage for a pure sine input due to the beating of the two waves. The peak output voltage is thus $25 \cdot 2$ volts giving a peak power of 80 watts instead of 40 watts.

## Noise and Crosstalk

The wave analyzer which was used for the distortion measurements is also a very valuable instrument for measuring noise and crosstalk. It gives more accurate and meaningful results and since one has only to insert the graph paper and push the button it appeals to my lazy nature.

The noise versus frequency plot shown in Fig. 21 was made with the Texan switched to the radio input and the volume control turned up to nearly maximum so that the input sensitivity was exactly 30 mV . The input was then grounded via $600 \Omega$ and the wave analyzer was connected across the amplifier output.

Between 20 Hz and 1 kHz an ana. lyzer bandwidth of 10 Hz was used, necessitating an automatic sweep rate of $1 \mathrm{~Hz} / \mathrm{Sec}$. To avoid spending six hours or so completing the plot to 25 kHz , the bandwidth was increased to 100 Hz after 1 kHz . This allowed the sweep rate to be increased to $10 \mathrm{~Hz} / \mathrm{Sec}$.
The ordinate scaling of the graph is relative to the full output voltage ( 12.6 V ) and it can be seen that between 20 Hz and 1 kHz the mean level is approximately -110 dB . Above 1 kHz the level jumps by 10 dB since noise is proportional to $\sqrt{ }$ Bandwidth

$$
\text { (and } 20 \log _{10} \frac{100}{10}=10 \mathrm{~dB} \text { ) }
$$

However, the absolute noise/root cycle is still the same, about $38 \mu \mathrm{~V} / \sqrt{ } \mathrm{Hz}$. To get a full bandwidth signal/noise ratio we must add 33 dB to the plotted level:

$$
\text { (i.e. } 20 \log _{10} \frac{20 \mathrm{kHz}}{10 \mathrm{~Hz}} \text { ) giving a figure of } 77 \mathrm{~dB} \text {. }
$$

The wave analyzer allows the hum components to be measured separately since peaks are obvious at 50 Hz and particularly at the odd harmonics of 50 Hz indicating that they originate in the power supply. Adding these components together gives a separate


Fig. 21: Noise v. frequency.


Fig. 22: Interchannel crosstalk v. frequency.
figure of 75 dB for the signal/hum ratio.
More subjectively I have found that for normal listening in domestic surroundings one has to put an ear fairly close to the loudspeaker to decide if the amplifier is switched on or not and that is really the acid test.

To measure crosstalk versus frequency the b.f.o. output of the wave analyzer was used to provide a 30 mV input to one channel of the amplifier. The input of the other channel was grounded via $600 \Omega$ and the balance control was set to its mid-way position. The volume control was adjusted to give 20 watts into one load so that any extra coupling via the power supply would be included. The analyzer input was then connected to the output of the other channel. A continuous sweep was made between

60 Hz and 25 kHz at a bandwidth of 100 Hz . The ordinates of the plot are again relative to full output voltage giving an inter-channel crosstalk figure of -65 dB at 1 kHz and -48 dB at 10 kHz . The crosstalk figures quoted in the specification were measured with an r.m.s. voltmeter at full bandwidth-hence the difference of 14 dB at 1 kHz . This shows the merit of using a selective voltmeter at low signal levels if other spurious signals are likely to be present. At 10 kHz the crosstalk becomes the predominant signal so that the specification figure is not in error at this frequency.

## Power response

The frequency response of the Texan was plotted with the selector switch in the flat radio position and with the input and gain adjusted to give a power output of 20 watts at 1 kHz into an $8 \Omega$ resistive load. The response is almost identical to the low level response shown in Fig. 5 (part 1). This indicates that the gain of the amplifier is still determined by the passive feedback components in the circuit and is not effected by changes in the parameters of the transistors in the power stage. The phase advance capacitor Cl8 produces a smooth roll-off outside the audio band to eliminate r.f. signals from the output which could cause intermodulation problems with stereo multiplex decoders, tape oscillators and


Fig. 23: Power response ( 20 W into $8 \Omega$ resistive load).
so-forth. In response to numerous enquiries, readers are reminded that all components for the Texanincluding drilled fibre glass p.c. board, drilled and punched metalwork, finished front panel, will be available from Henry's Radio Limited.

Kits will also contain pre-formed wire packs to facilitate assembly and complete hardwear-in fact everything will be included even down to the last nut and bolt.

A slimline version of the teak sleeve-slimmer than the type shown in the photographs will be available during July/August.

Henry's Radio Limited are the sole U.K. distributors for the "TEXAN", to the trade and retail outlets.


May 7- Spalding "Tulip Time" at picnic site, Surfleet, 4 miles north of Spalding on the A16 Spalding - Boston road. Talk-in stations will be G3VPR/P on top band $(1980 \mathrm{kHz})$. Something for all the family. Free admittance.
May 21- Northern Mobile Rally, at Moore Grange School, Parkstone Avenue, off Ring Road, West Park, Leeds. Refreshments will be available. Further details from D. Binns, G3MGI, 80 Gipton Wood Road, Leeds 8, Yorkshire.
May 28- Chiltern Mobile Rally, organized by the Chiltern Amateur Radio Club, and held in the grounds of Sir Francis Dashwood, at West Wycombe, near High Wycombe, on the same day as an annual steam rally. Talk-in on 160 m and 2 m . Further details from: P. Perkins, G3OUV, Loakes House, Loakes Park, High Wycombe, Bucks. High Wycombe (0494) 21612.

May 28- Hull \& District Amateur Radio Society held in grounds of the East Riding College of Education, Bishops Burton, on the A. 1079 York to Beverley. Further information from L. D. Colley, G3AGX, Micasa, Ferry Road.

## MOBILE RALLY DIARY

Wawne, Hull, Yorkshire.
June 11- Third Elvaston Castle, Elvaston Castle Countryside Park, Nr. Derby.
June 18- Anglian Mobile Rally, at the Suffolk Show Ground, Ipswich. Further details from D. W. Thomas, G3ZLN, The old Peoples Home, 9 Burlington Road, Ipswich, Suffolk.
June 25- Bristol City \& County RSGB Group, at Longleat, Warminster, Wilts.
June 25-West of England Mobile Rally, at Longleat, near Warminster, Wiltshire. Information from D. Iles, G3COP, 23 Dryleaze Road, Stapleton, Bristol.
July $2-$ South Shields \& District Amateur Radio Club.
July 9- Cornish Mobile Rally, organized by the Cornish Radio Amateur Club, will be held at the Truro Rugby Football Ground. Talk-in stations will be operational
on $1 \cdot 875 \mathrm{kHz}$ a.m. and 2 m a.m.
July 16- Upton-on-Severn Mobile Rally organised by the Worcester \& District Amateur Radio Club. Further information from B. A. Jones, G8ASO, 12 Woodside Road, Larkill, Worcester.
August 6- Woburn Abbey Rally.
August 13- Torbay Amateur Radio Society Mobile Rally at Newton Abbot Rugby Ground.
August 13- Annual Derby Mobile Rally at Rykneld Schools. Details from T. Darn, G3FGY, 1, Sandham Lane, Ripley, Derby.
August 20- Saltash \& District Amateur Radio Club Rally at Saltash Grammar School, with side-shows etc. Ample free parking on site. Details from: 1 Aldridge, G4AJU, 302 St. Peter's Road, Manadon, Plymouth, Devon, PL5 3DU.
August 26-2\%- Stratford-on-Avon Radio Club Mobile Rally at the National Agricultural Centre, Kenilworth, Warwickshire. Hq. of the Royal Agricultural Society of England. Further details M. J. W. Webb, G300Q, 14 Townsend Road, Tiddington, Stratford-onAvon, Warwickshire. Or ring Stratford-on-Avon 5973.

# MW/IF 


A.J.BIRKINSHAW

AWOBBULATOR is a signal generating oscillator which is frequency modulated by the sawtooth timebase sweep of an oscilloscope. The band of frequency swept is designed to cover the pass band of tuned radio frequency coupled circuits such as the intermediate frequency transformers of a superhet receiver.

## THE REQUIREMENT

The response curve of an i.f. amplifier may be plotted by gradually shifting the frequency of a calibrated signal generator of constant amplitude applied to the amplifier input and recording the detector output voltage relative to input frequency as in Fig. 1.
We could use a pen recorder to trace output voltage on a moving paper chart if there were a mechanical linkage from chart drive to the tuning control of the oscillator with linear rotation relative to frequency.
One would plot many graphs before deciding which give the best or required performance and as preset controls on i.f. transformers are not designed to give an indication of electromechanical value and in some instances a certain amount of hysteresis between electrical and mechanical value may exist, the process of resetting may become somewhat tedious.
Most of us have at some time or other taken the easy way out and tuned for maximum aural response which is reasonably effective under the circumstances because we do not have the manufacturers resources in the way of special equipment

designed to set-up a particular model.
However, because radio receivers depend largely on their i.f. response curves for the quality of reproduction, both bandwidth and amplitude have to be considered. We are in deeper trouble if we have just substituted a transformer of higher $Q$ where maximum amplitude may lead to instability. So we require to see the behaviour of the circuit during adjustment.

We can display the band-pass response on an oscilloscope screen during alignment operations if we automatically sweep the signal in synchronism with the 'scope's time base using the detector output voltage for vertical deflection of the trace, Fig. 2.

Sweep may be obtained if the time base voltage controls the reactance of the oscillatory circuit of the signal generator to swing its resonant frequency a known amount equally above and below a mean value, the mean being the dial frequency setting of the generator.

Frequency modulated signal generators which, with the aid of a cathode ray oscilloscope, were designed for the visual examination of band-pass response curves and the alignment and testing of radio receivers have used various methods to obtain the required sweep as technology advanced. First the motor driven condenser, then the Miller reactance valve and nowadays we have the much


Fig. 2: The arrangement used for displaying the curve shown in Fig. 1.
simpler semiconductor diode whose reverse bias capacitance varies with voltage.

The author is indebted to D. Bollen who described, in the January 1970 issue of Practical Wireless, how the common silicon power rectifier shows useful varactor properties. The author has found by experiment that we may dispense with the bias battery for the oscillator application.

For amateur receiver projects the wobbulator to be described will repay its simple cost even if the oscilloscope required as an accessory has to be borrowed. Its output is 100 to 370 mV peak to peak over the tuning range of 370 kHz to $1 \cdot 2 \mathrm{MHz}$ which covers normal intermediate and medium-wave frequencies.

The minimum requirements of the oscilloscope are moderate, a vertical sensitivity of $0 \cdot 1$ to $1 V$ per centimeter and a time base speed range covering 10 mS to 1 mS per centimeter being all that is required.

## THE CIRCUIT

A single OC44 germanium PNP transistor is used in a circuit configuration popularly employed as a common base oscillator found as part of self-oscillating mixers in medium-wave superhet transistor radios. The emitter resistor is smaller in value than usually employed to allow for greater r.f. output.

The diode requires a negative reverse bias which is not apparent by first examination of the circuit diagram shown in Fig. 3. The bias is provided by rectification of oscillatory power developed across R4 and R5.


Fig. 3: The circuit of the m.w./i.f. wobbulator.
The $X$ input in a sawtooth waveform is applied via C6 to preserve the waveshape. Sawtooth amplitude should be in the region of 20 V peak to peak which is required to swing the diode capacitance and thereby frequency modulate the oscillator.

A lead via a 20 pF capacitor connects to the signal input of the receiver being examined. A screened lead from the detector load connects to the $Y$ input of the oscilloscope in use (screening is essential to avoid instability).

With the Denco coil specified, a twin gang 500pf tuning capacitor connected in parallel covers the

## components list


range depicted in Fig. 4. A twin 365 pF unit may be substituted with an acceptable shift of frequency coverage.

## CALIBRATION

The dial can be an engraved knob marked every two degrees from 0 to $180^{\circ}$, an alternative is to use a small protractor and pointer knob. With the case removed, connect the battery and place near a broadcast receiver tuned to the medium wave-

band. Select a programme of known frequency and rotate the wobbulator tuning control to obtain a beat whistle. Check with the calibration graph shown in Fig. 4 and adjust the core of the coil to obtain a similar calibration.

Construction should present no problems and the layout adopted by the author may be seen from the photographs. The Denco coil is best mounted on a B9A valveholder, this will avoid the necessity of soldering directly to the pins.

The simple wobbulator project can be put to further use by the addition of an audio modulating
oscillator operating at about 440 Hz . We do not of course require modulation when using the wobbulator but there are many occasions where a modulated oscillator with reasonably pure sine wave characteristics is an asset, having successfully


An internal view of the prototype.


Fig. 5: A simple modulator circuit which may be added.
aligned our receiver i.f. stages we may prefer to adjust the signal r.f, stages and also to note the aural response through the amplifiers driving the loudspeaker. A tunable modulated oscillator enables us to do this, conversion is a simple matter for if we do not apply a sawtooth input, the r.f. oscillator provides c.w. output which may be base modulated by a single transistor oscillator as shown in Fig. 5.

The additional stage may be constructed on a small piece of Veroboard, this and a single pole changeover switch may easily be accommodated in the space at the rear of the cabinet.

Modulation depth may be adjusted by altering the value of the $100 \Omega$ emitter resistor but the value given is a reasonable compromise to allow sufficient tolerance in the performance of the component parts. Reducing the value gives overmodulation and poor waveform, increasing the value decreases modulation amplitude but provides a sine wave without distortion.


## On the bottle

Like your four correspondents of March ' 72 "Letters" I, too, was bottle-fed on valves. However, they should try to recapture the spirit of adventure and voyage into the New World of electronics. More than 50 years ago valves were also unreliable (and costly) remember? but we persevered until better days came along. Now transistors and other solid state devices have opened the door very widely indeed. Transistors unreliable? Not any more when properly used and treated. A transistor radio designed and built in 1958 by the writer is still working 100 per cent without any breakdowns. Blame the faults on designers and manufacturers of commercially made equipment built to a price-profit formula; to the lack of a new kind of servicing expertise which many persons cannot be bothered to acquire. The craze for making equipment for ordinary purposes smaller and yet smaller, added to the profit motive regardless, one must expect shoddy goods. No, Valvers, the day of the bottles-good as they were and blessed their memory-is gone forever. Space travel, satellite communications, etc, would not have been possible without solid state devices-nor would there have been any moon walk on television. Greatest boon of all is possibly the contributions these devices have made to Medical electronics.-A. V. Nash, (London, S.W.12).

## N.Z. prices

I have just read a letter in your magazine, from K. B. Moore, dated December, 1971, and I feel I must point out that the prices for the items listed are as follows: BC109 transistor- $\$ 0 \cdot 84 \mathrm{c}$ (42np) not $\$ 1 \cdot 85 \mathrm{c}$. BCl 69 C transistor$\$ 1 \cdot 10 \mathrm{c}$ (55np) not $\$ 2 \cdot 25 \mathrm{c}$. $5 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ 12 V capacitor-. 14 c (7np) not -20c. $1 \cdot 5 \mathrm{M}$ resistor-.05c ( $2{ }_{2}{ }_{2} \mathrm{np}$ ) not $\cdot 10 \mathrm{c}$. If Mr. Moore was actually charged the prices he mentions, I would suggest that next time he buys components, he shops around first.

As you will see from the corrected list, semiconductors are about 4 to 5 times their cost in
the U.K., but passive components are very similar in price. The major reason for the difference is that the N.Z. Government places a rather large import duty and sales tax on all semi-conduc-tors.-A. R. Millar, (Auckland 10, New Zealand).

## Fight Back

As a human being, I am open to susceptance, and it is with great reluctance that $I$ resist a tirade against "bottles," induced by the first four letters in your March issue. However, as an unbiased electronics enthusiast it would be wrong to omit to mention that valves have their uses. Indeed, only a fool would suggest using transistors in the output stages of a high power radio transmitter, for example. But semiconductor devices also have a place. Who, for instance, would even consider building a computer of valves, or even of discrete components?

In his Ietter in the March issue Mr. Martin gives no evidence against transistors, nor any in support of valves; it would be interesting to know the reasons for his electronic reactionism! By comparison, Mr Freeby gives difficulty of servicing as his reason for preferring valves. He mentions "transistor radios which almost fall to pieces when you try to service them," but this is the fault of their physical construction, not the transistors therein. However, he does conclude "or blow up half a dozen transistors when searching for one faulty one", and this 'fault' can be cured by practise on the serviceman's part.
"Valves are best for starting people off on electronics," writes Mr. Watton, but here I must beg to differ, for the following reasons:
(i) Transistors are very cheapthose used by beginners that is, which can be obtained for less than $1 p$ each (the transistors, not the beginners!)
(ii) There is no risk of electric shock or of burns in beginner's transistors circuits.
(iii) The electrical fragility of transistors encourages care on the part of the constructor, surely
an important part of electronics.
Finally, Mr. Wode's only argument seems to be the average size of loudspeakers in transistor radio sets gviing poor tone. I am sure we all agree that large loudspeakers are essential for good quality sound, but where do transistors come in? Admittedly, transistors are electrically fragile, and a transistor class $B$ amplifier needs careful design, for it to be successful, but the fact that all the audio amplifiers I know of on the market today are transistor amplifiers, prove that, in this field at least, transistors are supreme!-R. D. Broome, (Warwickshire).

## U.S.A. - 1940

Further to your Leader in the March issue, your younger readers may be interested to know that prior to 1940 , reception of U.S.A. stations in the S.W. Bands was so good that the London evening newspapers used to print the radio programmes of Boston, New York, Schenectady etc. in addition to B.B.C.G. Snewin, (London, E.17).

## Quality speakers

British beaches may soon have no sand judging by the number of people who seem to be building the Quality Hi-Fi speakers! But here's a useful bit of information which may help readers.

The SI-1020A hybrid amplifier specified for the system has been discontinued but may be replaced by the SI-1025A which is for all practical purposes identical in performance and mounting. The plinth specification is unchanged. Amplifers available from Photain Controls Ltd., Randalls Road, Leatherhead. Tel. 2776.-Caleb Bradley, (Essex).

## Company policy

I couldn't agree more with the many views on poor workmanship and bad after-sales service that have been published in Practical Wireless. It's about time that high standards of the above were adopted as company policy to ensure value for money.-Ian Vine, (Middlesex).


ANYONE who has more than a passing interest in the construction of radio and electronic projects will have acquired a fair number of items of test gear. A multimeter is essential but an r.f. and a.f. signal generator will also be found very useful. These items, plus others which will be required for one's own particular field of interest, are used mainly to test and trouble-shoot finished or partially finished equipment.

One of the most useful items in the author's opinion, however, is none of the above but a simple straightforward audio amplifier; this is rarely considered as an item of test gear. This is surprising when one considers how useful it can be.

A high proportion of the projects published in this magazine are fitted with an amplifier as the final stage; a quick check shows that 30 of the last 36 projects featured on the cover of P.W. either used an audio amplifier or were designed to feed one. This gives a rough indication of how often a test bench amplifier could be used for checking that either the early stages of such a project are operating properly or even that an amplifier is working correctly. The circuit shown here can equally well be used as a signal tracer at audio frequencies.
To be of maximum use such an amplifier has to meet certain requirements. Portability was considered important and so the circuit is battery operated. Small size was also high on the list of priorities as this will mean less shelf space and will make it easy to carry around in a brief case for instance. It had to be of reasonable quality, at least good enough to be able to distinguish between correct and incorrect operation of the equipment to which it is coupled. High input impedance and high sensitivity are also desirable features for such a circuit. The output level is of less importance as long as it is to be used mainly as a monitor. The output is in the order of 200 mW but small speakers are not very efficient and this output is less than it sounds. Even so, this compares favourably with the output from normal small transistor radios using the same type of battery and has been found to be more
than adequate for the intended purpose. In fact many of the design features were controlled by the use of a PP3 battery. This is used to meet the requirements of portability and small physical size. The permissible current drain from this battery limits the output to the level mentioned above.

All the components used are widely available and the cost of this project is not high-certainly not over $£ 2$ in total.

## THE CIRCUIT

The circuit of the Test Bench Amplifier is shown in Fig. 1. The input is applied directly across the volume control VR1 which is rather higher in value than one would normally encounter in a circuit of this type. This high value has the advantage here of presenting a high impedance input at low volume control settings-this approaches $500 \mathrm{k} \Omega$, though this is somewhat reduced for high volume settings where


Fig. 1 : The complete circuit of the Test Bench Amplifier.
the input impedance of the first transistor is in parallel with the volume control.

The slider connects to the base of the first transistor via the d.c. blocking capacitor Cl. Trl and Tr2 are connected as a Darlington Pair, a configuration which gives very high gains and also a higher input impedance than a conventional commonemitter amplifier would present.
This stage drives the output pair $\operatorname{Tr} 3$ and $\operatorname{Tr} 4$. These are conventionally connected as a complementary output pair; one is an NPN and the other a PNP with the bases connected together by R2, a $10 \Omega$ resistor. This is necessary to provide a small bias to avoid cross-over distortion.

When $\operatorname{Tr} 2$ is conducting heavily (when it is driven on by a positive swing in the signal), $\operatorname{Tr} 4$ is driven into conduction. When Tr2 approaches cut-off (due to a negative going swing) the voltage at the base of Tr 3 rises (R3 providing the bias) and it conducts. This explanation is far from complete but descriptions of the operation of this type of output stage are described more completely from time to time in other articles.

Note that $\operatorname{Tr} 3$ and $\operatorname{Tr} 4$ must be a matched pair of transistors but are not otherwise critical. Any similar complementary pair of germanium transistors can be substituted without any circuit modifications.

The bias for the Darlington Pair is provided by R1 which also introduces both a.c. and d.c. feedback. If difficulty is experienced in making the circuit work, a slight change in this value may be helpful. However four prototypes have been built of this circuit and this value has proved satisfactory in each case.
The low value of C2 certainly reduces the bass response but this makes very little difference in practice-miniature loudspeakers are not normally renowned for their good bass response; there seems little point in providing a signal which cannot be handled by the speaker. This smaller value than one would normally find has the added advantage that it is physically small.

## CONSTRUCTION

The majority of the components are mounted on


An internal view of the prototype.

(x) Mounting holes
-
(cK6097)

Fig. 2: The component layout on Veroboard.

## $\star$ components list

|  |  |
| :---: | :---: |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |

## Miscellaneous

L.S. Miniature $8 \Omega$ toudspeaker

B1 PP3 battery, 9V
Battery clip; Veroboard $0-15 i n$. matrix, $13 \times 11$ holes; metal or plastic case-see text; Jack plug and socket; Crocodile clips.


Fig. 3: The wiring details. The wires marked A to $D$ connect to the appropriate points on the circuit board.
a small piece of Veroboard, $0 \cdot 15$ in matrix, $13 \times 11$ holes. One end is left free of components to leave room for a small mounting bracket. The components layout is shown in Fig. 2. The copper conducting
strip has to be cut away around the mounting holes for obvious reasons but other than this only one additional break is needed.

Due to the low output and the protection afforded the output pair by R4 and R5, heatsinks are not really necessary on $\operatorname{Tr} 3$ and $\operatorname{Tr} 4$ when operating from the specified battery.

The circuit can be fitted into almost any small case. The author originally built his into a plastic case but this was dropped several times and eventually broke. For this reason it was replaced by a small metal case which proved much more satisfactory. The one used in the prototype was $4 \times 2^{1}{ }_{2}$ $x 2 \mathrm{in}$. fitted with a lid; this is available by mail order from Henry's Radio.

The lid carries the components and a wiring diagram for the final connections is shown in Fig. 3. Of course, any convenient case can be used. The loudspeaker is glued to the face; this method of fixing has been found to be very simple and quite strong enough.

The input to the amplifier is through a jack socket and two wires from the associated jack plug can be fitted with croc clips for rapid connection to any circuit. A band of tape was wound around one of these wires to identify the "earthy" connection.

Proper distortion and frequency response figures have not been taken from this circuit but the amplifier introduces no noticeable distortion and the frequency response has proved to be quite adequate for the designated purpose.


[^5]

THINGS are hotting up in the television field. Hitachi have launched a 20 in . colour tube with $110^{\circ}$ deflection angle and with a 29 mm neck. The Japanese market version of the tube will have a black matrix but because of Zenith patents the one for Europe will not. Hitachi have plans to follow this tube up with smaller versions in 18 in . and 16 in . One interesting thing about the Hitachi tubes is a change in the approach to avoid a form of distortion.
A problem with many $110^{\circ}$ tubes is that the static convergence at the edges of the tube is upset because of the large convergence angle near the edges of the tube. The electrons passing through the aperture in the shadowmask do not land accurately on the corners of an equilateral triangle and thus colour purity is degraded. While some people might claim that corrective action during tube manufacture tends to eliminate this defect, Hitachi claims that these remedies are inadequate.
Hitachi are fabricating tubes to match this electron distortion rather than trying to correct the placing of the electron beam itself. The resultant tube permits components such as those used with $90^{\circ}$ tubes to be used rather than require special deflection coils and special components.
Back to computers. Memories are very much in the news but perhaps the most interesting one is not a semiconductor memory nor a magnetic core. It is a ferroelectric one which, if researchers are right, will pack some $10^{13}$ bits of information. The idea came originally from holograms. These are three-dimensional images. It. was reasoned that perhaps information could be stored in three dimensions, one layer behind the other. Now comes the idea that this could be done with ferroelectric materials and the suggestion is for one called barium titanate which has been doped with impurities. The doping causes the individual crystals to become photosensitive besides being transparent. Thus they could be used to record the interference waves from a holographic image. They could easily be "read out" by using a beam of light and they can also be erased and new information "written" in. So it looks like another twist in the memories stakes with a serious competitor for the memory elements; semiconductor, hologram, plated wire, magnetic core etc.

RCA are recorded as having done some work on ferroelectric crystals but this method used a great deal of heat (some $300^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ required for erasure) and there were few problems. The newer method just announced, using barium titanate, uses only an electric filed for erasure and thus looks promising. Experiments, incidentally, are taking place in France.

## Would YOU pay 50 pence for a components catalogue? <br> 

A components catalogue is so vital to any keen constructor that it simply does not pay to make do with less than the best. True, the best may cost a little more . . but it's the cheapest in the end. So invest in a Home Radio Components Catalogue, listing over 8,000 items, more than 1,500 of them illustrated. If you call at our shop the catalogue is yours for just 50 pence. If you order by post-70 pence, including postage and packing. You also get 10 Vouchers, each worth 5 pence when used as instructed-so you can get the cost of the catalogue back in any case!
Send the Coupon today, with your cheque or P.O. for 70p.


# practically Wireless commentary by HENRY 

SHATTERED, not a little disabused, Henry sits hunched in the corner of his workshop trying to work out where he went wrong.

No, it is not another classic case of diagnosing power supply, regulator and control circuit malfunction when the heat-fuse in the mains transformer had parted. Not a mere inability to restring a dial drive cord that goes twice round the town hall and back between tuning gang and pointer pulley. Not even, not especially, another case of reading nano for micro or milli for Meg.

Worse than that, Henry has been accused by a close colleague -nay, a collaborator-of being too literary, not factual enough. 'People pick up $P W$,' he says, 'to be informed, not to be led through the pages of the dictionary.'

Oh dear-I plead guilt. Mea culpa, and all that. Verbal diarrhoea has afficted your scribe.

There-you see? Put into plainsong, the foregoing should read: Henry talks too much, and to little effect.
'Tis true, 'tis true. Which is why Henry, in this lazy month between Spring and Summer, wants to acquaint you with a few of the


Large frightening sparks.
facts he has stumbled upon during a recent browse through the trade and enthusiast magazines.

In the April 1972 issue of Studio Sound there are two equipment reviews. First is of a Crown DC 300 amplifier, imported from Indiana, U.S.A. A cool 600 watts into 4 ohms, is all. Or, to be a little more realistic, 150 W RMS per channel into 8 ohms. The reviewer, P. A. Lomas, had little to say about it except that it 'exceeded specification' for every test made. And, believe me, those specifications are very impressive, as one would expect for a bit of hardware costing $£ 360$.

What interests Henry more is the methods he used to determine how good this amplifier really was. . . . Harmonic distortion of $0.008 \%$ at 500 Hz , Crosstalk at $10 \mathrm{kHz}, 95 \mathrm{~dB}$ below full output, and noise at -113 dB , forsooth!

He does report-and Henry applauds the touch of humanity -'Short circuit tests merely produced large frightening sparks, pitted screwdrivers and a shaking hand.'

But the accompanying review was rich. It dealt with the Edison Phonograph, and could have been better if a perfectly straight-faced approach had been maintained. Instead, we read such specifications as:-Wow and Flutter: dependent on alcohol level in blood of operator. (The Phonograph is a cylindrical-scan tinfoil clad machine operated by a hand crank, or hadn't you guessed?)
In fact, the review goes into nice detail about the construction, with diagrams, and nowhere does T. T. Wittering mention April 1. If David Kirk, the Editor of Studio Sound, intends to continue with the April Fool insert, as Radio-Electronics used to do (still does?), T. T. W. will have to get together with Henry Scruggs or George Izzard O'Veering and write about the Super-Crown.

On second thoughts, he need only quote from some specifications as boldly published by the


The 'ultimate' Hi-Fi system.
makers of system audio equipment. And if he wants more power, what about the Marantz at 250 watts, or the Phase Linear, 750 watts?

Power alone isn't everything, as any owner of an earache generator can tell you. But it does seem to be the tendency for makers of powerful amplifiers to make, also, equipment that performs to the highest standards.

Bert Whyte's piece in the February Audio talks about Joe Audiophile, in his seventh heaven because his Aunt Nelly remembered him in her will. He purchases the 'ultimate' hi-fi system, super megawatt amplifiers, preamps with a plethora of controls, which can be corrective or creative, digital readout tunernaturally, Joe's system is quadrophonic - and ultra-wide range speakers with low frequency response down in the subbasement.

Developing his theme, Bert describes that Joe's aim is to listen to his 15 ips copies of classical masters. 'The first faint susurations (sic) of Ravel's "Daphnis and Chloe" are heard from the speakers . . . molto pianissimo . . and Joe is in a transport of delight.' no tape hiss -but then-WHUMP! RUMBLE'

Joe has been the victim of monitoring techniques. The discs made from those master tapes have been 'rolled off rapidly' below 60 Hz .

So many of the components you need for PW designs are in the new 1972 Electrovalue catalogue. Bigger, better than ever-Post free-10p.

# ELEGTROMLIE Electronic Component Specialists 

TRANSISTORS

|  |  | Highest guality and reli |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Ho. | Trpe | Purpose | Price |
| 278697 | gil. NPN | General | 18p |
| $2 \mathrm{2m1804}$ | Ger. NPN | " | 26 p |
| 2\%1805 | FNP | - | 26 |
| $2{ }^{2} 2646$ | git. UJT | Oscillator, gCR driver | 47p |
| 2T2086 | NPN | Small sig. amp | 119 |
| 2.88065 | NPF | High power | 50 p |
| 2188702 | PNP | Low power | 10p |
| 2178704 | NPN | Low power | 10p |
| AC128 | Ger, PNP | Small sig./driver | 23p |
| AC128 | PNP | Low power | 20 p |
| AC176 | NPN | Low power | ${ }^{16 p}$ |
| AD149 | PNP | High power | 58p |
| AD181 | NPN | Med. power | 335 |
| ${ }^{\text {A ADIER }}$ | PNP | Med. power | 36p |
| $8 \mathrm{BC108}$ | 8il. NPN | Small signal | $11 p$ |
| BC109 | NPN | Low noise | 12p |
| BC168 | NPN | Small signa | 10p |
| BC189 | NPN | Low noibe | $11 p$ |
| BF194 | NPN | RFamp. | 14 p |
| BFYE1 | NPN | Med. current | 20 p |
| OA80 | Ger. diode | RF detector | ${ }^{68}$ |
| 0 A91 | " " | General | 5p |
| SD1 | , | Sillicon Rectifer 1 amp | 109 |
| W02 | D161/AD169 | Silicon bridge 1 amp | 300 $60 p$ |

## RESISTORS 10\% - 5\% - 2\%

Code Power Tolerance Range Values 1 to 9 10 to 99100 up


> MINITRON DIGITAL INDICATOR

> TYPE 3015F Seven seg ment indicator comlogic modules and power supplies. Figs, 0-9 from well illuminated alament aegments to give character of 9 mm height plus decimal point. Power requirement 8 mA from 5 V D.C. per segment. A In 16 lead dil case

> Suitable BCD decoder
> $£ 2.00$
> £1.36 Dil Socket: 16 lead 30p.
> No. 8015 G showing +02 - and fig. 1 snd decimal point 32.00

## RIVLIN PRECISION RESISTORS

$0.1 \%$ to $0.01 \%$ tolerance. Prices and delivery 100 K , between $\& 1$ and $\$ 2$ nett.

## SLIDE

POTENTIOMETERS


Robust construction, smooth silent action In values from 47 K to 1 megohm , linear or log, each 28p. Yellow/Blue/Lt. Grey/Dark Grey or White each 59.

## BAXANDALL SPEAKER

As designed by P. J. Baxandall and originally described in Wirless Worl kit (18** $\times 12^{*} \times 10^{*}$ ) cut to size 10 wat


Speaker unit and equaliser kit with instructions 84.81 Paek flat cabinet assembly (all cut to shape) natural teak finish 89.00 .

## MISCELLANEOUS

CARBON SEGLETOR PRE-EETS
Small high gqality, type PR linear only: $100 \Omega, 220 \Omega$, $470 \mathrm{~K}, \mathrm{TM} 2 \mathrm{M} 2 \mathrm{KM}, 10 \mathrm{M} \Omega$. Vertical 10 horizonta monnting, 5 p each.
ZENEER DIODES $5 \%$ full range E24 values: 400 mW : $2-7 \mathrm{~V}$ to $36 \mathrm{~V}, 14 \mathrm{p}$ esch; $1 \mathrm{~W}: 6.8 \mathrm{~V}$ to 82 V , 27 p each .6W:
ciid to increase $1.6 W$ rating to 3 watts (type 266.F) 40
HINTATURE TOGGLE SWITCEES
2A/250V. DP/DT, 48p
MALA LIHE AMPLIFTER KITS
70 watt power amp. nodule kit, 512.60 natt. Power supply kdt, $\mathbf{8 6} \mathbf{0 0}$ nelt. Matching pre-amp kit, 83.80 nett. (Above prices for mono.) Sterso Kit. 2 power amps. preamp kit, power supply kit and matched conkols fo building your own cabinet, $888 \cdot 40$ nett.

## SIEMENS CAPACITORS

 Poltcabbonate-5\% tolerance250 V. up to $0.1 \mu \mathrm{~F}: 100 \mathrm{~V} / 0 \cdot 1 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ and above
$0.01 ; 0.012 ; 0.015 ; 0.018 ; 0.022 ; 0.027 ; 0.033 ; 0.047$; 0.056 each $3 p$.
$0.068: 0.082 ; 0.1 ; 0.12 ; 0.15$ each 4 p
$0.18 ; 0.22$; each 6 p
ELECTROLTITC CAPACLTORS (values in $\mu \mathrm{E} / \mathrm{V}$ ) $0.47 / 100 ; 1 / 100 ; 2 \cdot 2 / 63 ; 47 / 35 ; 10 / 25 ; 22 / 16 ; 47 / 10$; 47/25; 100/10; 22/3-each 5p. $100 / 25 ; 220 / 6 ; 220 / 10$; $220 / 16 ; 470 / 3$ each 6 p .
$47 / 50 ; 47 / 63 ; 100 / 35 ; 470 / 10$ each 7p.
100/50; 220/35; each 9 p : $100 / 63 ; 470 / 25 ; 100 / 10$ each 10p. $220 / 68 ; 470 / 35 ; 1000 / 16 ;$ each 14p.
$1000 / 25-16 \mathrm{p}$ : $470 / 63 ; 1000 / 35$ each 10p: 2000/200-99p. 1000/73: 2,200/35; 4,700/16-each 88p
Catalom sud 1972

## 1972 ELECTROVALUE CATALOGUE (NO.6)

Now enlarged to 96 pages plus cover. More items, more Now enlarged to 96 pages plus cover. More items, more
information, more diagrams then ever. Post free- 10 p.

We are official distributors for SOLDERSTAT SRLDER
As appointed diatributors for well known Eiremco: HMS in 16 or 24 watt, ratings $220 / 240 \mathrm{~V}$ a.c. 41.87

INFINITEEY VARIABLE TEMPERATURE CONTROLLED SOLDER IRON
Designed essentially for micro-miniature and printed circuit board assemblies. Temperature is adjusted as required by control on base and remains constan
whether iditig or on load. Although for working to very delicate standards, the iron is of rugged con ettruction and tis exceptionalif retiable.
Price, complete with base, nett $\quad \mathbf{£ 9 . 2 0}$ Price, complete with base, nett

DE-SOLDER BRAID
The efflinat money saving way to de-solder $\quad 50$ p
solder jointa. per 6 ft . length, nett

## SIEMENS TTL INTEGRATED CIRCUITS

| LH101 | (7400) | 20 p | FLJ121 | (7473) | $p$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| FLH201 | (7401) | 20p | FLJ141 | (7474) | 45 |
| FLE101 | (7402) | 20p | FLJ151 | (7476) | 45p |
| FLH291 | (7403) | 20p | FLJ131 | (7476) | 45p |
| FLH2]1 | (7404) | 25 p | FLH221 | (7480) | 68p |
| FLH271 | (7405) | 259 | PLH231 | (7482) | 87 p |
| FLH381 | (7408) | 25p | FLE24] | (7483) | 1.32 |
| FLF391 | (7409) | 25p | FLH341 | (7486) | 839 |
| FLHL11 | (7410) | 20 P | FLJ161 | (7490) | 809 |
| FLH351 | (7413) | 35p | FLJ221 | (7491 |  |
| FLH121 | (7420) | 20p |  | AN) | 1.28 |
| FLEI31 | (7430) | $20 p$ | FLJ171 | (7492) | 857 |
| FLH141 | (7440) | 247 | FLJ181 | (7493) | $80 p$ |
| FLLI01 | (7414) | $1 \cdot 22$ | FLJ231 | (7494) | 1.13 |
| FLH281 | (7442) | $1-16$ | FTV191 | (7495) | 878 |
| FLH361 | (7443) | 1.45 | FLJ261 | (7496) | 1.48 |
| FLH371 | (7444) | 1.45 | F'LJ301 | (74100) | $1 \cdot 64$ |
| FLH151 | (7450) | 20p | FLJ281 | (74104) | 43p |
| FLE16L | (7451) | 20p | FInJ271 | (74107) | 52p |
| FLH171 | (7453) | 20p | FLK101 | (74121) | 48p |
| FLH181 | (7454) | 20p | FLJ201 | (74190) | $1 \cdot 80$ |
| FLY701 | (7466) | 20 p | FLJ211 | (74101) | $1 \cdot 80$ |
| FLJ101 | (7470) | 45p | FIM241 | (74192) | 1.74 |
| FJJ111 | (7472) | 32 p | FLJ 251 | (74193) | $1 \cdot 74$ |

NEWMARKET LINEAR I.Cs
LTC 709C/14 Dasl in line-84p.
LO5 $74 \mathrm{C} / 42$ Dual in line- 40

## CARBON TRACK <br> POTENTIOMETERS

long spindles. Bouble wipers for low noise.
Sifans GAig linear $100 \Omega$ to $22 \mathrm{M} \Omega, 12 \mathrm{p}$; Single gang log. $4-7 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ to $2.2 \mathrm{M} \Omega$. $12 \mathrm{p} ;$ Dasi gang linear $4.7 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ to $2-2 \mathrm{M} \Omega$, $42 \mathrm{p} ;$ Dual $\mathrm{gsing} \log , 4 \cdot 7 \mathrm{~K} \Omega$ to $2 \cdot 2 \mathrm{M} \Omega, 42 \mathrm{p}$; Log/antilog, $10 \mathrm{~K}, 22 \mathrm{~K}$. $47 \mathrm{~K}, 1 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ only 48p, Dual antilog, 10 K only,
D. $\mathrm{P}, \mathrm{mains}$ switeb. 12 p extra.
Only decades of $10,22 \& 47$ availsble in ranges quoted. DJAL COFCEHTRIC in any combination of above values, 60p; witb switch, 72p.

## DISCOUNTS

$10 \%$ on orders 25 to 815 . Fo diseotert on thems mariced
15\% on orteri over E15. No discount on htems

## POSTAGE AND PACKING

Free on orders over \&2. Please add $10 p$ if orders under $£ 2$. Overseas orders: carr. \& insurance charged at cost. U.S.A. CUSTOnGas ate invited to contact atan PA 19081.

# Shopertunities save 

 IIISSLCHWORID BEATER!
mportant: this very latest model imcorPORATES ALE THE LATEST TECHNOLOGICAL IMPROVEMENS AND SUPERSEDES ALL EARLIEA MODELS: DESIGNED FOR WORLDWLDR RECEP-TION-it"I probably make your pretent radio seem like "cryntal ret": It even incorporates A special IMARINE WAVEBAND to receive apolen commmajcationt from ship-to-ghore.
 price! Compare performance witrear rank "pinpoint" gtation aflection. The Ruseiman have really turpassed themvelves thil time, proviag again their ablity in the feld of space communcations. Yes, 8 separate wavebanis, including standard Long. Medinm and Short Waves to cover the world. PLUS special "ship-to-shore" MARNEE BAND! Thounand of different trangmintiona and stations, including sbips at sea, etc., and messagea frotrall all over the world. You nust, hear it to believe it! Superb sweet tone-from a whigper to a
roart Push-pull output! Separate 0 ONOFF volume $\&$ Treble/Bass tone controla 1 Preas roar! Pumb-pull output! Separate ON/OFF volume \& Treble/Bass tone controls! Press batton Jisl illumination! Take it anywhere-runs on erandard batiteries or throghg hattery
eliminator from 220/240v. AO mains. Internal ferrite rod plus telescopic aerial. It's aloo a
 give years of service. WHITTEN G'TEE, manual with instructions \& circuit diagram. ONLY 213.87 ( $\mathbf{F}$ ith mains/battery eliminator $£ 1 \cdot 48$ extra). POST 50p. standard batterien 38p extra. Can Also be used through extension ampifief, tape recorder or publice address syhtem. (sozRy -we cannot exchange these radios for any eartier mode alrealy purchased!) NOTE.-The Minitry of Posts \& Telecommunioations has pointed out that a Licence (not generally availabla to the pot.
Brigade, Aircraft, shipping, otc.


## SHOPERTUNITIES LTD. STL

## you tet's and tet's 

FANTASTIC (even by our standards!) Brand new-the latest sensation in the world of sound! First class makers! Not only a fabulous VHF AM/FM Radio AND Cassette Tapo Recorder and Player combined, but in also FUns off standard batteries or mains (simply plug in 220 yorel You can even tape direct from the Radio as you listen! RECOMMENDED RETAIL PRICE GENUINELY E44 YET WE OFFER AT ALMOST HALF PRICE! Just look at these wonderful fearures:-*Press-button Keyboard Control
panel or latest MASTER SWITCH CONTROL "MAGIC EYE" Visual panel or latest MASTER SWITCH CONTROL Battery check/recording level indicator or buit-in automatic eveler!
*Separate ON/OFF, and HInLO volume controlsi Heavy duty built-in * Separate ON/OFF, and HiwLO volume contronstoring"') and extension speakerl Earphone for personal listening or monitoring and extension
speaker socketst Remote control microphonel Buitain swivel celescopic extenslon aerial (24in approx)! Magnificently mado case, with carry handle (DESIGNS VARY SLIGHTLY). Takes standard 30. 60, 90 or 120 minute Philips Casserce Tapes obtainable everywhere. But wait, the amming built-in full circuit VHF AM/FM Radio gives you superb clarity of tone and incredible station selection-Unique rotating Station Selector Dial Nger all local city and regional stations in every part of the country plus BBC National VHF- Picks up dozens of foregn stations. Also fabulaus ALONE! ONLY E23.75, carr. ete. $\mathbf{3 5 p}$. Complete with simple instructions, remote control microphone with on/off switch and mierophone stand. WITH WRITTEN GUARANTEE. BONUS OFFER-Standard Batteries and Cassette Tape 25p extra if required. Send quickly or call.

ASTRONOMTCAL REDUCTION! Frustrated import order mast be turned into cash! Brand New, from first class makers-we must not mention name! Absolutely the ultimate in luxury car equipment! The sort of offer that you can only drearn about, but wais is true! Yes, for tne incredible price of e1t: 97 carr, etc., 33p, you can have this magnificent complete 8 -track stero system. Snperb Cartridge caseette player beautifully made-go
 truker all standard 8 -track Cartridge cassettes - glver hours of continnous playing) and
 programme selector. Separate thumbwheel volume and treble/bass tone controls, Bliding bslance control. Outstandtug 80-10,000 c/s frequency response! Circult- 10 Tr , OTh sytem! Playbank system-R-track 4 channcis 1 Speaker impedance-4- 8 ohms each chandel I Output pown speakers, each tim. ham. approx plas alloutions. WRITTEN GUARANTEE. Yes, evergthing for $£ 15.97$ oarz., etc. 33 p but pleare hurry-limited stock onlyl Refund G'tee. ADDITIONAL STOP PRESS OFFER. Bqpe? Deluxe with FAST FORWARD and antomatic track changer INDICATOR-only 82 extra.
Dept. WP/19, 164 UXBRIDGE ROAD (facing Shepherds Bush Green), LONDON WI2 8AQ. (Thurs. I, Fri. 7). Also at $37 / 39$ HIGH HOLBORN topposite Chancery Lane), LONDON, W.C.I. (Thurs. 7 p.m.).
BOTH STORES OPEN FROM MONDAY TO SATURDAY 9 a.m. -6 p.m.

## poly-planar

20-Watt Full Range Speaker
Completely replaces the conventional cone speaker Super-thin construction
 permits new installation ideas.
Power capability: 20 watts peak. Frequency range: $40 \mathrm{~Hz}-20 \mathrm{KHz}$ Sensitivity: $85 \mathrm{~dB} / \mathrm{M}$ for 1 watt electrical input. Input impedance: 8 ohms. Operating temperature range: $-20^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ to $+175^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$. Size
(wxDxL) : $4 \cdot 7 / 16^{\prime \prime} \times 11^{\prime} 3 / 4^{\prime \prime} \times 14 \cdot 11 / 16^{\prime \prime \prime}$. Weight: 19 ounces.
$£ 6.50$ each Stereo pair £12.50 post free

## web europa

P.O. Box 162, Watford WD1 1AA

## WILSIC SOUND EFFECTS KITS

WAH-WAH PEDAL KIT (Illustrated) Kit comprises a SELECTIVE AMPLIFIER MODULE KIT to convert the FOOT VOLUME CONTROL PEDAL (as photo) to Wah-Wah operation. Amplifier module $\mathbf{1 1} \cdot 75$, pedal unit $\mathbf{5 5} \cdot 13$, COMPLETE KIT $66 \cdot 50$ add 38 p for assembly of module, but please note we cannot supply kits fully built.
REVERBERATION UNIT KIT. For dimension effect. Connecrs berween sound source, mic., etc., and amplifier. Battery powered. COMPLETE KIT $£ 9.50$ (excluding case $£ 7.50$ ). Assembled and tested $\mathbf{6 1 2 . 5 0}$. VIBRATO UNIT KIT. Foot pedal unit with variable speed and depth controls. COMPLETE KIT $\mathbf{E 5} 25$.
SEND ISp for the WILSIC PLANS BOOK, with full details of these kits; circuits, drawings and price lists.

LATEST CATALOGUE 5p (stamps)
WILSIC ELETRONICS LTD.
6 COPLEY ROAD, DONCASTER, YORKS.


# TRAMSISTOR CIREUIRYY torneginmers <br> H.W. HELLYER \& MICHAEL HOLLIER 

## Buffer links

It has become obvious in recent months, from the polite noises made over the editorial hot-line, and correspondence we have received, that our chosen method of dealing with simple transistor circuitry meets with some approval.

Simplicity can be deceptive. This month, for instance, we have chosen as our subject a singletransistor collector-follower circuit. One transistor, a few components, a little bit of board, and a few moments of your time. But if we were to cover, fully, all the parameters affecting the calculated performance of this 'simple' circuit, half the adverts would be squeezed out of $P W$. More important, such an approach would frighten off the beginnerand he's the chap at whom this series was aimed, remember?


Fig. 39. (a) A single channel of a typical radiogram 'tape' outlet showing the presence of $R_{\text {out }}$ which affects the matching. (b) is the equivalent of (a).

The buffer-link can be used between two pieces of equipment when discrepancies of impedance and voltage are such that gain as well as matching is needed. A typical example is the case of the tape recorder connected to the 'Tape' outlet of a radiogramophone. Quite often, specifications make it appear that the simple connecting lead will do the job adequately. The significant point omitted from those specifications (or, at best, skated over), is that the impedance of the load drastically affects the available signal voltage from the radiogram. A glance at Fig. 39 shows why this should be.

To prevent the load (i.e., the tape recorder) from robbing the main equipment of some signal voltage and to save the extra cost of a properly designed feed stage, such as we have already described, a fairly high resistor is used to connect the signal take-off point to the socket.

If a direct connection is now made to the socket, the relatively low impedance of the tape recorder will not affect the performance of the radiogram. But, and it's a big but, a potential devider is now formed, with the smaller resistance section being the tape recorder, so the available voltage is reduced in proportion to the two resistors.

If there is not enough voltage available, we are not going to be able to make decent recording. No amount of ingenuity with external resistive networks will produce sufficient modulation. What we need is a little amplifier between the radiogram and the tape recorder. We need, in fact, a buffer to prevent interaction of one upon the other and a link to join their circuits together-a buffer-link.

## Simple circuit

Emitter-follower circuits make excellent buffers, but do not allow us to obtain any voltage improvement. A two-stage circuit would do the trick, maybe; like the Darlington Pair of Part 6; or even more elaborate circuitry, like the single-double device of Part 7. Here, we can obtain the gain we require and make a suitable match with the very simple circuit of Fig. 40.

This is the single-transistor collector follower stage. If you have read Part 5, page 913 , it should
not be necessary for me to explain those terms. Such a stage has a medium impedance input, certainly lower than the emitter follower we previously discussed, but still not too low for our purpose. It has a fairly high output impedance, but again, not too high for our purpose. Component changes can modify the performance to suit our requirements, as we shall show. Voltage gain is quite reasonable, and the signal inverts $180^{\circ}$ between input and output. All these are conditions that we want.


Fig. 40. Sasic buffer-link circuit. Essentially a collector-follower the emitter is taken directly to the negative line.

R1 and R2 form the potential divider to give us base bias, just as we have seen in previous months. $\mathbf{R}_{r}$ is the collector load resistor, and this time, our a.c. signal is developed across this load. The emitter in our first example is taken directly to chassis.

The input signal to the base is coupled by $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{in}}$, with $C_{\text {nut }}$ performing its coupling function at the other end of the stage, taking the signal to the input of the tape recorder.

## Recap

Recapping a little: previous dealings with the emitter follower and Darlington circuits have taught us that the output signal is a little less than the signal voltage fed in to the circuit. In technical terms, the gain is less than unity. This time, we have acquired a bit of gain, and the price we pay is an input impedance lower than before, and an output impedance higher than before. In addition, we now have a phase inversion, which the emitter follower did not have. A signal at the input of the stage is inverted, i.e., receives a phase change of $180^{\circ}$. If the input signal is positive-going, the output signal will be negative-going. This doesn't much matter to us in our present application, but can be quite important for some applications.

On the subject of impedance, the terms high, low and medium are, of course, only relative. Impedance is the resistance to an a.c. signal, usually at a specified frequency. Where no frequency is specified, as in the case of an amplifier, it is assumed that the impedance is constant over the frequency range of interest: example, 20 Hz to 20 kHz . A reference frequency of 1 kHz is generally assumed, except in the case of microphones and loudspeakers, when 400 Hz is more often employed. In general, an a.c. resistance of $1 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ and below would be called low, up to $100 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ would be medium and above $100 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ referred to as 'high impedance'.

## Circuit details

We should begin with some modest requirements. bearing in mind that a wide variation of performance can be expected with certain circuit changes. Battery supply-again 9 volts, allowing for 1 volt being dropped across the decoupling resistor, so the stage supply $\mathrm{V}_{\text {er }}$ is 8 V . The collector current we shall choose is $\operatorname{lm} A$. And with these simple starters we can choose a transistor.

Our choice is determined by the need more for low noise than high gain, although it is nice to have both. So, to get the best of both worlds, back to old faithful, BC109. Referring to Figs 41 and 42, we can work out the more detailed figures.

The transistor will be operating at a collector current of 1 mA , and the voltage between collector and emitter, $V_{C E}$, will be about 5 volts. (Refer to previous articles in this series for reasons for these quoted figures-an expansion of the argument). From Fig. 41, we can see that the a.c. current gain. $h_{i e}$, can be determined at somewhere around 450. Similarly, from Fig. 42, we find that the d.c. current gain, $\mathrm{h}_{\mathrm{FE}}$, is around 380 .


Fig. 41. (top) Graph to deternine $h_{\text {fe. }}$ the a.c. current gain. Fig. 42 (bottom) is the graph to find the d.c. current gain hfe.

The base current of the transistor is determined by the formula:

$$
\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{h}}=\frac{\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{c}}}{\mathrm{~h}_{\mathrm{FE}}}
$$

We have determined $h_{\text {FE }}$ and the $I_{c}$ we chose, for best conditions and easy working, to be 1 mA . Putting these figures in the above formula, we arrive at the conclusion $\mathrm{I}_{1}=2 \cdot 6$, A.
 BY ATES • EMIHUS • FAIRCHILD • FERRANTI • I.T.T. • MULLARD - NEWMARKET P PHILIPS • R.C.A. . TEXAS

## TRANSISTORS <br> A SELECTION FROM OUR LIST



## HENRY'S \&\%w Internate Mrraurs

QUANTITY OFFERS! FROM STOCK

## BRAND NEW FULL SPECIFICATION TTL74 SERIES BRANDED FAIRCHILD, I.T.T. AND TEXAS



No.
7400 Quadruple 2-input Deseription
7400
7401
7402
7403 Hextupie inverters
Hex inverters with open coll
Triple 3-input NAND gates
Dual 4-input Schnitt triggers
Dual 4-input NAND gatea
Single 8 -input NAND gates
Dual 4 -input NAND buffer gate BCD-Decitral decoder/Nixie driver Excens 3-Decingsl decoder TTLL outputs BCD-Decimsd 7 seg. decoder/indicator drive Expand dual 2-input AND-OR-INVERT gate Dual 2 -wide 2 -ipput AND-OR-IN VERT gates Quad 2-input expand AND-OR-IN VERT 4-wlae 2 -input AND-OR
Dual 4 -input expanderg
Dual 4-input expandera $\quad$.
gingle J-K fip-flop (gated inputs)
Single J-K dip-flop (gated inputs)
Single J-K flip flop (gated inputs)
Dual J-K fip fiop
Quadruple bistable latch
7478 Dual J-K fistillops with Preset and Clear 7480 Gated Full Adder

26-bit read/writc memory
2-bit binary Full Adder
16-bit RAN with gated write inputs
Quadruple 2 -input Ex
7490 BCD decade counter
7492 Divide twelve counter
$\begin{array}{ll}7498 & \text { 4-blt binary counter } \\ 7494 & \text { Dus entry } 4 \text {-bit shitt regist }\end{array}$
7495 4-bIt up-down shitt register
7496 5-bit parallel/gerial in/out shift register
41008 -bit bistable latch
74121 Mextuple Set-Reset latohes
74141 BCD-Dectral decoder/Nixle driver
74145 BCD-Decimal decoder (1-4-line) TTL O/P

75151 8-bit data relector/multiplexer
74153 Dusl 4 -Ine to 1 -llne data selector muitiplexe
4154 16-bit decoder/demuitiplexer
74155 Dual 2 -line to 4 -line decoder/demultiplexer
74190 Sync decade up-down counter, 1-Ilne mode
34191 sync 4 -bit up-down counter, 1 -line mode
74192 Sync decade up-down counter, 2-line mode
74193 Sync 4-hit up-down counter, 2-line mode
74198 Asynchronous presettable decade counter
$\begin{array}{lllllll}74197 & \text { Asynchronous presettable 4-bit binary counter } 21.50 & 81.40 & 81.30 & 81.10 & 51.00\end{array}$ Complete data on the above in booklet 20 pages. Ref. 29 , issue 2 at 15 p post paid. Integrated elrcult sockets 14 pla D.I.L. 25p; 16 gin D.I.L. 30p.

| INTEGRATED CIRCUITS |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| MFC40001 | 55p |
| MFC4010P | ${ }^{60} \mathrm{p}$ |
| $1 \mathrm{Cl2}$ | 82-50 |
| PA246 | £1.50 |
| TAD100 | 81.50 |
| TAD110 | E1.50 |
| MC724P | $50 p$ |
| 702 C (TO3) | 75p |
| 709 C (TO5) | 45p |
| 709C (D.I.L.) | 45 |
| 723C(TO5) | 81.00 |
| 741C(TOS) | 80 p |
| MC1803P | 22.00 |
| MCl304P | 82.25 |
| SL403D | 21.50 |
| 741C(DIL) | $75 p$ |
| 914 (TO5) | 40p |
| 923(TO5) | 40p |
| TOSHIBA |  |
| 20 watt amp. | 44.47 |
| TOEHIBA |  |
| Pre amp | 81.50 |



## TRIACS <br> stud with accessories

 Type $\underset{\text { Polts }}{\text { v.I. Current }}$ 1-1 $0 A 20210$$25+8 p$
$100+7 p$
$500+6 p$
$1000+5 p$

0 028 Mullard 60p $\begin{array}{llll}\text { SC35D } & 400 & 3 \mathrm{amps} & 80 \mathrm{p}\end{array}$ SC40A 100.6 amps 90 p SC40B $200 \quad 6$ amps $£ 1.05$ \begin{tabular}{llll}
SC40D \& 400 \& 6 ampg \& $£ 1.00$ <br>
SC45A \& 100 \& 10 ampg \& <br>
\hline 1.05

 

SCA5A <br>
SCA5B 200 \& 10 amps <br>
amps \& E1. 15 <br>
\hline
\end{tabular} SCA6D $400 \quad 10 \mathrm{amps} 81 \cdot 25$ $\begin{array}{ll}\text { SC50 A } 100 & 15 \mathrm{amps} 81.35 \\ \text { sC50B } 900 & 15 \mathrm{amps} \\ \mathrm{E} 1.45\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{llll}\text { SCSOB } & 200 & 15 \mathrm{amps} & £ 1.45 \\ \text { SC50D } & 400 & 15 \mathrm{amps} & £ 1.75\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lll}\text { SC50D } & 400 & 15 \mathrm{amps} \\ \text { SC40E } & 500 \quad 6 \mathrm{amps} & \mathrm{El} .25\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{llll}\text { SC4bE } & 500 & 10 \mathrm{amps} & 21 \cdot 45\end{array}$ SC4bE 50010 amps

SC $50 \mathrm{E} \cdot 5001.45$
15 amps
$£ 1.95$ DIAC SD2

| SILICON RECTIFIERS <br> 1 AMP MITIATURE PLASTIC WIRE ENDED |  |  |  |  |  |  | BRIOGE RECTIFIERS Miniature Potted silicon $\mathrm{l}^{\prime \prime} \times \mathbf{1}^{*} \times \mathbf{3}^{*}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Type $\mathbf{P}$. | , | 1-49 | $50+$ | $100+$ | $500+$ | $1000+$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| IN4001 | 50 | 69 | $5 p$ | 4ip | 4 p | 3 ${ }^{\text {p }}$ | Type | P.I.V. | rent | 1-12 |  | P.I. | , | 1-11 |
| IN4002 | 100 | 7 D | 6p | 5 p | 4tp | 4 p | 1002 | 100 | 23 | $55 p$ | 4004 | 400 | 4a | 75 |
| IN 4003 | 200 | 8 p | 7 p | 8 p | 5 p | 4tp | 2002 | 200 | 2 a | 65 | 6004 | 600 | 43 | 80 |
| IN4004 | 400 | 8 p | 7 D | 6p | 5 p | 410 | 4002 | 400 | 2a | 76p | 1006 | 100 | 6a | 70 |
| 1N4005 | 600 | 10p | 9 p | 8 p | 7 p | 6 p | 6002 | 600 | $2 a$ | 80p | 2006 | 200 | 68 | 75 |
| IN4006 | 800 | 12p | 10p | 8 p | 8 p | 7 p | 1004 | 100 | 42 | 65 | 4006 | 400 | 68 | \$1.00 |
| 1N4007 | 1000 | 15p | 12p | 10p | 9p | 8p | 2004 | 200 | 4 a |  | 6006 | 600 |  |  |

OUR RANGE IS ALWAYS EXPANDING - Enquiries invited for new types arriving daily ADDITIONAL DISCOUNTS - $10 \%$ 12+: $15 \% 25+: 20 \% 100+$ - DELIVERY IS FROM STOCK

# WICKS <br> <br> FOR <br> <br> FOR BARGAINS 

ELAC SPEAKERS<br>BN $8^{\prime \prime}$ Round<br> f1-00. P. \& P. 20a.

## E.A. STEREO AMPLIFIER:

 All transistor. 5 watts per channel; in attractive teak veneered sleave. frequency response 40-20.000 Hz $\pm 3 \mathrm{~dB}$. Controis: On-of volume: Bass: Trebie: Balance: Seiector: Headphone Jack. Cerantic or Magnetic PU. Radlo and Tape inputs: Tape output and 8 ohm speake 6 months free service. SIze $14 t^{\circ} W \times$ Sifs $^{\circ} \mathrm{D} \times$ if $^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{H}$ approx.approx.
ع16.50 Jic. post.
Special Offer!
Grundig GDM312
Dynamic Micro-
phones. List $£ 7.35$
OUR PRICE $£ 3$.
P\&P30p

Hi-Fi Stereo
Headphones
(Value $\mathbf{5 5} .00$ )
Only $£ 2 \cdot 25$ inc. post.

## Speaker Cloth

Best quallity. Width 550 per yd. Biack with sifver fleck. will blend with any room setting. End of stock line, yds and yds must go Send S.A.E. for other samples.

## Plugs, Sockets

and Leads.
Phono plugs; 3p each
$30 p$ per dozen.
2 pin Din spkr. plugs
10p each.
3 pin Din pluge.
5 pin Din
130 each.
5 pin Din sockets
(chassis) 7p each.
Stereo Jack Sockets
c/cct. 13 p each.
Phono sockets
(chassis) 2 way 3p; 3
way 4p; 4 way 5 p .
6 ft. stereo lead 5 pin
6 6tt. stereo lead 5 pln 6ft to open end. 45p
phono to open end. 37p
phono to open end. 37 p
Din to open end. 40 p .
Please add P\&P 5p.

100 Mixed
Resistors
$\frac{1}{2}$ watt $10 \%$ all best qualty (no ex government) 40 p .

## Pots

$100 \mathrm{~K} \times 100 \mathrm{~K}$ IIns \& Logs. stereo. 35 p lnc. post. 100K DP switch stereo $\log .45 \mathrm{p}$ inc. post,
50 K single Baiance. $15 p$ inc. post.

4 B.A. brass nuts 50 for 25 p inc. post.

2 WAY SPEAKER SYSTEM :
Ideal for use with above amplifler. $8^{\prime \prime}$ twin cone Bass speaker and $3^{\prime \prime}$ tweeter, fitted In extremefy elegant teak veneered cabinet. Size: 10: $2 \mathrm{H} x$ 107.50 . 8.80 hms handle 10 watts. £7. 50 each inc. Cafr.
STEREO PACKAGE DEAL
E.A. Stereo Ampiffier with pair of $2-w a$ Speaker Systems (detailed above) plus Garrard 2025TC with slereo cartridge, teak plinth and lead $\$$ and plugs
ONLY E44.00. CARR. PAID.

GARRARD OFFERS
Garrard SPRE Mk III (Res. Price $\mathbf{5 1 5 . 8 5}$ Our Price E11-25 Carr. 50p.
Garrard SP2s Mk III ready wired in beautifut eak plinth with tinted perspex cover. (Fitted choice). (Rec. Price £23•19). Our Price Ef6. Carr. 75 p .
Or with choice of fitted cartridges.
SP25 Mk III/Senotone OTAHC (Rac. Price £27-29) Our Price 玉18. Carr. 75p.
 Our Price \&20. Carr. 75p.
SP25 MK Itl/Goldring G800 (Rec. Price E36-19) Our Price E21. Carr. 75p
SP25 Mk III/Shure M55E (Rec. Price £35-16) Our Price e21. Carr. \& Ins. 75p.
Notei Garpard SL65B (Automatle Changer version of $\$ P 25 \mathrm{Mk}$ III) alternatively supplied-
please add $£ 3$ to above prices.
Garrard AP76(Rec. Price 527 -85)
Huprice Eig 85. Carr. a las. 00 .
Garrard AP76 ready wired in beautiful teak pllnth with perspex cover (fitted with 5 pin DIN or Phono plugs). Please state cholce, Carr. \& Ins. 75 p .

OR WITH CHOICE OF FITTED CARTRIDGES.
Garrard AP76/Shure M3D (Rec. Price 247.26) Our Price £29.94. Carr. \& Ins. 75p
Garrard AP 78/Shure Bin5E (Rec. Price E52•82),
Our Price \&32 35. Carr. \& Ins. 75p. Garrard AP76/Golding Otes (Rec. Price E59. 日2) Our Price $£ 32 \cdot 35$. Carr. \& Ins. 75p. Garrard 2025 TC Alted with stereo/mono cartridge. £8.99. Carr, Paid.

TEAKPLINTHAPERSPEXCOYER Ready cut to take 2025TC, SP25 III, SL658 avallable at $\mathbf{5 4} 99$. Carr. \& Ins. 35 p .

## STEREO DIAMOND

## CARTRIDGES

SHURE M3DM E5•00; M44-7 £6•97: M44E E7-50: M55E 29.50 ; M75EJ $£ 16 \cdot 60$

## SONOTONE 9TAHCD £1-99

GOLDRING 85055.50 ; 800 £9.00; $800 E \mathrm{E12} \cdot 50$; P. \& P. 180 any type.

| SPECIAL PURCHASE! <br> GRUNDIG HI-FI TAPE IN LIBRARY BOXES <br> CL15. 57*: LP 1204 f. <br> (Rec. Price E1-97) <br> OUR PRICE E1-25, Past 10p (3 or more post free) |
| :---: |
|  |  |
|  |  |

- Guaranteed all brand new best quality goods. - All enquiries SAE please.

[^6]
## LOWE ELECTRONICS

119 CAVENDISH ROAD, MATLOCK, DERBYSHIRE. DE4 3HE

TEL. MATLOCK 2817 or 24309 a.m.-9 p.m.

## G3UBO \& G3MME

For the few who have learnt the rather bitter lesson that "fantastic and fabulous bargains" usually carry a built-in catch, that for iunk prices you usually get junk, and that the nice dealer isn't really giving you somerhing for nothing. To those few who feel that if they get what they pay for they haven't done too badly, we would like to mention that in the field of Amateur Communications and allied equipment, our name is top of the list.

We are the actual importers of Yaesu Musen Amateur Band Receivers, Transmitters and Transceivers, along with a wide range of accessories such as Aerials (beams, verticals, mobile whips) Filters (mechanical, crystal, high pass, low pass). Digital Voltmeters, Digital clocks, Digital frequency meters. Headsets. Morse keys, Electronic keyers, Microphones, Valves, R.F. wattmeter/dummy loads to mention just a few. We have a very good second-hand selection of the best Amateur equipment and can service your communications equipment for you. Everything we sell carries a full money-back guarantee.
To mention just one specific piece of equipment that we feel is unbeatable:-Yaesu YC. 305 Counter. A frequency meser counting to over 30 MHz and reading to cycles, mains or battery, 5 digit readout. A professional piace of laboratory equipment at a very low price. Brand new $\mathbf{\text { E }} 97.50$.
SEND us a LARGE s.a.e. and we'll fill it with guff on all our gear* For Amateur Radio products of high quality at fair prices-you Want us. Psst!! You want earth shattering bargains? Free gifts? Enormous discounts? Try further down the road, sir.

Hours: Tuesday to Saturday 9-5.30 (closed for lunch I-2 and all day Monday).

## RSGB BOOKS FOR YOU

## RADIO DATA <br> REFERENCE BOOK <br> Third (1972) edition

Compiled by G. R. Jessop, CEng, MIERE, G6JP Completely revised and updated
An invaluable source of essential radio data conveniently gathered into one hard-bound volume. 150 pages
£1 post paid

## VHF-UHF MANUAL

By G. R. Jessop, CEng, MIERE, G6JP
Transmitters, receivers and test equipment for use at vhf and uhf are all fully covered on a practical basis in this second edition. £1.80 post paid

## RADIO COMMUNICATION HANDBOOK

832 pages of everything in the science of radio communication. The Handbook's U.K. origin ensures easy availability of components. Complete coverage of the technical $\&$ constructional fields. A superb hard-bound volume. $\quad \mathbf{\& 4} \cdot \mathbf{1 0}$ post paid These are three of a complete range of technical publications, log books and maps, all obtainable from:

RADIO SOCIETY OF GREAT BRITAIN 35 DOUGHTY STREET, LONDON, WCIN 2AE

Referring again to our previous arguments, we say that the current flowing in the base bias chain, R1 and R2, should be about five times the base current of the transistor. In our circuit, we have the emitter taken directly to the negative line, and we know that the base-emitter voltage of a silicon transistor is normally 0.6 V . So we can calculate the value of R1, since the voltage across it must be 0.6 V and the current through it five times the base current of $2 \cdot 6 \mu \mathrm{~A}$. If we do our sums correctly, the answer will be:

$$
\mathrm{R} 1=\frac{0 \cdot 6 \mathrm{~V}}{5 \times \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{b}}(2 \cdot 6 \mu \mathrm{~A})}=\frac{0 \cdot 6 \times 10^{\mathrm{h}}}{13}=46,154 \Omega .
$$

The nearest preferred value in the $5 \%$ range will be $47 \mathrm{k} \Omega$.
The voltage across R 2 will be the supply voltage, 8 volts, minus the base voltage of $0.6 \mathrm{~V}=7.4 \mathrm{~V}$. The current will be six times $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{b}}$, that is the current in R1 plus the original base current. So:

$$
\mathrm{R} 2=\frac{\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{cc}}-\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{b}}}{6 \times \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{b}}}=\frac{8-0.6}{15.6 \times 10^{-6}}=\frac{74 \times 10^{6}}{156}=474,359 \Omega
$$

The nearest preferred value is $470 \mathrm{k} \Omega$.

## Input resistance

We have talked before about input resistance and our own experiences in trying to match equipment, about which manufacturers have given inadequate information, show that this is a difficult field. 'Fings ain't always wot they seem ter be!'

The input resistance of the transistor (looking into its base and ignoring R1 and R2) is $\mathrm{h}_{\mathrm{ie}}$. Fig. 43 shows that Mullard graph for the BC109, idealised for the conditions under which we are using the transistorthat is, with unnecessary information omitted. We have done this here, at Michael's insistence, because, to the layman, there is nothing more confusing than a graph filled with curves and references he is not called upon to use.

Here, we have indicated that the $h_{i e}$ is a little over $10 \mathrm{k} \Omega$. If we had no graph, we should have to calculate:

$$
h_{i \mathrm{ie}}=r_{\mathrm{e}} \times h_{\mathrm{fe}} \text { where } \mathrm{r}_{\mathrm{e}}=\frac{25 \Omega}{\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{c}}(\mathrm{~mA})}
$$

so $h_{i e}=\frac{25}{1} \times 450$ or $11 \cdot 25 \mathrm{k} \Omega$, which is reasonably near the plotted figure in this case.


Fig. 43. This graph will give the input resistance, $h_{i e}$ of the transistor.

The input resistance of the stage, and not just the $h_{i e}$, is the latter shunted by the parallel combination of R1 and R2. This is as far as a.c. is concerned. (In parallel, because to a.c. signals, by reason of the low impedance of $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{de}}$, the top of R 2 is effectively connected to the bottom of R1.)

So we calculate for $h_{i e}, \mathrm{R} 1$ and R 2 in parallel, arriving at:

$$
\frac{1}{11 \mathrm{k} \Omega}+\frac{1}{47 \mathrm{k} \Omega}+\frac{1}{470 \mathrm{k} \Omega}=8 \cdot 7 \mathrm{k} \Omega \text { approx. }
$$

If there are to be 5 volts between collector and emitter, then we must have a voltage drop across $R_{c}$ of $8-5\left(\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{CC}}-\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CE}}\right)$. This works out to 3 volts and if the collector current is chosen to be 1 mA , the resistance of the load $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{c}}$ :

$$
\frac{3 \text { volts }}{\operatorname{lmA}}=\frac{3,000}{1}
$$

The nearest preferred value to a $3 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ resistor we shall get in the $5 \%$ range is $2 \cdot 7 \mathrm{k} \Omega$. That's near enough.

## Gain

Stage voltage gain ( $A_{v}$ ) is equal to $R_{0}$ divided by the emitter resistance. In this case we are concerned with the effective internal emitter resistance, $r_{e}$, which you will remember, caused some confusion earlier, and is calculated from the formula:

$$
r_{e}=\frac{25}{I_{0}(m A)}=25 \Omega
$$

The stage gain, $A_{r}$, becomes:

$$
\frac{\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{c}}}{\mathrm{r}_{\mathrm{e}}}=\frac{2,700}{25}=108
$$

We made some comment on the principle of selecting transistors so this may be the place to underline the importance of parameter variations on the validity of some associated calculations. In this case, if $I_{c}$ changes, so does $r_{e}$. We chose our collector current and took a 'typical' $\mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{FE}}$ from the graph. But collector current (actual) depends on base current and actual $h_{\mathrm{FE}}$. So if the selected transistor has an $h_{\text {Fe }}$ that differs, $I_{0}$ will differ, $r_{e}$ will be affected and the stage gain may be quite different from that calculated. Hard world, isn't it?

## Adding an external $R_{e}$

In the previous case, that of Fig. 40, we had the emitter firmly strapped to 'earth' so the emitter voltage was the same as the negative supply line. What happens to the stage and its performance if we now insert a resistance in this emitter, in the position $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{e}}$ of Figs 44 (a and b)?

Quite simply, the stage gain is altered and at the same time the input resistance, $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{IN}}$, is increased.

Basing our calculations on some of the factors we have already, we can choose a convenient value of resistor for $R_{e}$ and work out what differences it will make. First, $\mathrm{V}_{\text {cc }}$ is $8 \mathrm{~V} ; \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{c}}, 1 \mathrm{~mA} ; \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{c}}, 2.7 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ and our $R_{e}$ will be, let us say $47 \Omega$. Then $V_{e}=I_{e} \times R_{e}=1 \mathrm{~mA} \times 47$ ohms $=0.047 \mathrm{~V}$.
The emitter current is the collector current plus base current, or $I_{e}=I_{c}+I_{b}$. Since the base current of the transistor $(2 \cdot 6 \mu \mathrm{~A})$ is very small in comparison with the collector current of 1 mA , it is convenient to ignore it, satisfied that there will be only a negligible amount of error. So we can say, effectively,


Fig. 44. (a) Theoretical collector follower circuit, showing voltage and current distribution. ( $b$ ) shows the symbolic representation with R1 and R2 values indicated relative to $I_{b}$.
$\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{b}}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{o}}+\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{be}}$ (Note:-the base-emitter voltage of a silicon transistor, when it is forward biased, as in normal operation, is about 0.6 V ). Thus, $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{b}}=0.047+$ $0.6=0.65 \mathrm{~V}$, which is also the voltage across R1.

$$
\mathrm{R} 1=\frac{\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{h}}}{5 \times \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{b}}}=\frac{0.65}{5 \times 2.6 \times 10^{-6}}=50 \mathrm{k} \Omega \text {, approx. }
$$

To the nearest preferred value in the $5 \%$ range, we can choose $47 \mathrm{k} \Omega$.

$$
\mathrm{R} 2=\frac{\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{cc}}-\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{b}}}{6 \times \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{b}}}=\frac{8-0.65}{15 \cdot 6 \times 10^{-6}}=471 \cdot 154 \mathrm{k} \Omega
$$

Again, we choose the nearest preferred value, and settle for $470 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ in the $5 \%$ range.

Having added $\mathbf{R}_{0}$, we now have to take account of its presence in the voltage gain formula, $\mathrm{A}_{\mathrm{Y}}$ :

$$
\frac{\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{c}}}{\left(\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{e}}+\mathrm{r}_{\mathrm{e}}\right)}=\frac{2,700}{47+25}=37.5
$$

## Input impedance

We were content to deal with $h_{i e}$ previously, the input resistance (impedance) of the transistor, looking into the base with R1 and R2 ignored. Now that we have added $R_{e}$, we must allow for it in calculating the input impedance, and we shall be dealing with $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{in}}$ :
$\mathrm{R}_{\text {in }}=\left(\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{e}}+\mathrm{r}_{\mathrm{e}}\right)\left(\mathrm{h}_{\mathrm{fe}}+1\right)=(47+25)(450+1)=32 \cdot 472 \mathrm{k} \Omega$
The shunting effect of R1 and R2 has to be considered again, as far as a.c. is concerned, so the stage input resistance $R_{I N}$ is calculated as before:

$$
\frac{1}{\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{IX}}}=\frac{1}{\mathrm{R} 1}+\frac{1}{\mathrm{R} 2}+\frac{1}{\substack{\mathrm{R}_{\text {in }} \\=18 \cdot 3 \mathrm{k} \Omega, \text { approx. }}}=\frac{1}{47 \mathrm{k} \Omega}+\frac{1}{470 \mathrm{k} \Omega}+\frac{1}{32 \mathrm{k} \Omega}
$$

Negative feedback enters into matters at this point. We have not fitted any bypass capacitor across
the emitter resistor. This has allowed series negative feedback to take place, and the gain of the stage is reduced by the negative feedback. As it effectively changes the value of $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{e}}+\mathrm{r}_{\mathrm{e}}$, the stage input resistance is also affected. This feature is widely used in transistor circuitry, where negative feedback is employed to set the stage gain, alter the input impedance, improve the frequency response and reduce harmonic distortion.
To demonstrate the differences that are obtained when $R_{e}$ is inserted, and then altered, the accompanying table has been prepared. Calculations which back these figures are based on the foregoing formulae, as worked out for an $R_{e}$ of $47 \Omega$, which we have used. We are assuming a $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{ce}}$ of 8 V , and $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{c}}$ of $2.7 \mathrm{k} \Omega$, using a BC109 transistor. We have taken the figures calculated and measured for no $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{e}}$ and for four different resistive values.

| $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{e}} \Omega$ | 0 | 47 | 100 | 220 | 470 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Output impedance | <2.7k | 2.7k | 2.7k | 2.7k | 2.7k |
| R1 (kS) | 47 | 47 | 47 | 56 | 82 |
| R2 (kS) | 470 | 470 | 470 | 470 | 390 |
| $\mathrm{RiN}_{\text {( }}(\mathrm{k} \Omega$ ) measured | $8 \cdot 6$ | $19 \cdot 5$ | 26 | $36 \cdot 3$ | 52 |
| $\mathrm{R}_{\text {IN }}(\mathrm{k} \Omega$ ) calculated | 8.7 | $18 \cdot 3$ | 25 | 34-3 | 52 |
| $\mathrm{A}_{\mathrm{v}}$ (voltage gain) measured | 120 | 35 | 19 | $10 \cdot 5$ | 5.4 |
| $A_{v}$ calculated | 108 | $37 \cdot 5$ | $21 \cdot 6$ | 11 | 5.74 |

Table Indicating the changes in the circuit characteristics with different values of $R_{e}$.

Finally, a paragraph on coupling and decoupling.
We have already stated that $\mathrm{R}_{\text {dee }}$ is dropping IV and we know that the approximate current through it will be 1 mA so from this we can calculate its value,

$$
\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{dec}}=\frac{1 \mathrm{~V}}{1 \mathrm{~mA}}=1 \mathrm{k} \Omega
$$

We can take it that the decoupling capacitor, $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{a} e \mathrm{c}}$ is as before, that is $100 \mu \mathrm{~F}$. Cout is similar, at $10 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ and $\mathrm{Cin}_{\text {in }}$ will vary with the stage input resistance for optimum value. Using the rule-of-thumb method, $1 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ into $100 \mathrm{k} \Omega$, and applying this to measured values of $R_{\text {IT }}$, we can see that this will vary from a mere $0 \cdot 1 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ (actual value $0.086 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ ) to greater than $0.5 \mu \mathrm{~F}$.

TO BE CONTINUED

## Back Numbers

We regret to inform readers that owing to the closure by the Company of the department concerned it will no longer be possible to supply back numbers of Practical Wireless and Television.

To ensure obtaining regular copies of these magazines readers are strongly urged to place a regular order with their local newsagent, or to take out an annual postal subscription.

Reference to past issues of the magazines may sometimes be obtained at certain public libraries who may hold bound volumes. A few libraries are said to offer a photostat service. Alternatively, we are always willing to insert a free request for specific back numbers in our "CQ" column which appears in most issues.

| TRANSISTORS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 C 301 | 20 p | ${ }^{2} \mathrm{~N} 3404$ | 32 ${ }^{2}$ p | 40310 | 45 p | BC212L | 18p | BSX28 | 32 | NKT2R1 |  |
| 2G302 | 20 p | 2 N 3405 | 45 p | 40311 | 5p | BCY30 | $27 \frac{1}{1}$ | BSX60 | 82 | NKT401 | $87 \frac{1}{}$ |
| 26303 | 20p | 2 P 3414 | 22 p | 40312 | 47 p | BCY31 | ${ }^{30 \mathrm{p}}$ | HSXXI | 62.5 | NKT402 | 900 |
| 9 cc 306 | 42 | 2 N 3415 | 22］p | 40314 |  |  |  | BSX76 | 22 | NKT403 | 75p |
| 2G308 | 30 p | 2 N 3416 | 371p | 403：0 | 47 p | BCY33 | 25p | BSX77 | 27 | NKT404 | 62 ¢ |
| ${ }^{2} \mathrm{G} 309$ | ${ }^{30 \mathrm{p}}$ | 2 N 3417 | ${ }^{371 p}$ | ${ }^{40323}$ | ${ }^{329} 9$ | BCYY ${ }^{\text {b4 }}$ | ${ }^{30 \mathrm{p}}$ | RSX78 | 27 | NKT405 | ${ }^{75}$ |
| 2 c 371 | 15p | $2 \times 3570$ | 81．25 | 40324 | 471p | BCY38 | 40p | BSY 10 | 27 | NKT406 |  |
| 26374 | ${ }^{20} \mathrm{p}$ | 2N3 | 7 p | 4032 | 37 |  | ${ }^{60}{ }^{\text {p }}$ | BSY11 | 27 | NKT451 | 62tp |
| $2 \mathrm{G381}$ | 22.1 | 2N3605 | 27 1p | 40329 | 30p | BCY40 | 50p | BSY24 | 15p | NKT452 |  |
| 2 N 404 | 22：$\frac{1}{2}$ | 2N3606 | 27p | 40344 | 274 | BCY4？ | 15p | B8Y25 | 15p | NKT453 | 471 ${ }^{\text {P }}$ |
| 2N696 | ${ }^{20 p}$ | ${ }^{2 N 3607}$ | 22 p | 40347 | 57 tap | BCY43 | 15p | B8Y26 | ${ }^{17} \mathbf{7} \mathbf{D}$ | NKT603F | 32tp |
| ${ }^{2}$ N697 | 17p | $2 \times 3702$ | 11 p | 40348 | $52 \frac{1}{2}$ | BCY54 | 321p | BEY27 |  | NKT613F | 32¢p |
| ${ }^{2} \mathrm{~N} 698$ | 25p | －13703 | 10 p | 40360 | 42 p | BCY58 | $22 \ddagger$ p | BSY28 | $1{ }^{1}$ | NKF674 | 30p |
| 2N706 | 12／p | 2 N 3704 | 11p | 40361 | 47 p | BCY59 | 221 p | BSY29 | 174p | NKT677F |  |
| 2 Y 05 5 | 12 p | 2N：3705 | 10 p | 40362 | 571 p |  | 97 p | BSY32 |  | NKT713 |  |
| $2 \mathrm{N708}$ | 15p | 2N3706 | 09p | 40370 | $32 \ddagger$ | BCY70 | 20 p | BSY 3 | 25p | NKT781 |  |
| 2N709 |  | 2N3707 | 11 p | 40406 | 57 p | BeY71 | 25p | BSY37 | 25p | NKT10419 | 930 p |
| 2．N718 | 25 p | 2N3708 | 07p | 40407 | 40 p | BCY72 | 172p | BSY38 | $22 \frac{1}{2}$ |  |  |
| 2N726 | ${ }^{30}{ }^{\text {p }}$ | －$\times$ 3769 | 09p | 40408 | $52 \frac{1}{}$ | BCzio | $27!$ p | bsy39 | 22 p |  | 371p |
| $\cdots$－ 3747 | ${ }^{30 \mathrm{p}}$ | $2 \times 3710$ | 09p | 40410 | 623 p | BCZ11 | 421 p | BSY40 | $32 \dagger p$ | NKT19519 |  |
| $2 \times 914$ | 17 p | $\cdots \times 3711$ | 12 p | 40467A | 57 p | BD116 | \＆1．12t | BSY51 | 32 |  | 2 p |
| 2N916 | 1710 | 2N3715 | ¢1．25 | 40468 A | 35 D | BDI21 | 65 p | 8SY5 ${ }^{\text {d }}$ | 3210 |  |  |
| 2N918 | 30p | $2 \times 3716$ | £1．30 | 40600 | 573 p | BD123 | 82łp | BSY53 |  |  | ${ }^{47} \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{p}$ |
| 2 N 929 | 224 | 2N3791 | 22．06 | AC107 | $3{ }^{\text {p }}$ | BD124 | ${ }^{60} \mathrm{p}$ | B8Y54 | 40p | NKT20339 |  |
| 2 N 930 | 27 p | 2N3819 | 35p | $\mathrm{ACl}^{\text {a }}$ S | ${ }^{20 \mathrm{p}}$ | ${ }^{\text {BDI31 }}$ | 75 p | BSY56 | ${ }^{90}{ }^{\text {p }}$ |  | ${ }^{37} \frac{1}{} \mathrm{p}$ |
| $\bigcirc \times 1690$ | ${ }^{22}$ | 2N3823 | 971p | $\mathrm{ACl}^{2} 7$ | ${ }^{25 p}$ | BD132 | 85p | BSY78 | 477 D | NKT801 |  |
| ${ }^{2 \times 1091}$ | 223 p | 2 N 38.54 | $27 \%$ p | AC128 | 20 p | BDY10 | ${ }^{21} 1371$ | BSY79 | 45 p |  | P |
| －$\times 1131$ | 250 | 2N8854A | 27 p | AClis ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 23 2p | BDY11 |  | ${ }_{\text {BSY8 }}$ | 52. | NKT80112 |  |
| ${ }_{2}^{251132}$ | 25p | 2N3855 |  |  | 25p | BDY17 | ${ }_{81} 1.50$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { PSY } 90 \\ & \text { BSY } 95 \mathrm{~A} \end{aligned}$ | ${ }^{571} \mathrm{p}$ |  | ${ }^{97}{ }^{18} \mathrm{p}$ |
| 2N1302 | ${ }^{174}{ }^{\text {p }}$ p | $2 \times 3855 \mathrm{~A}$ | ${ }^{30 \mathrm{p}}$ | $\mathrm{ACl187}^{4 \mathrm{Cl} 88}$ | ${ }^{62}$ \％ p | BDY18 | ${ }_{81}^{81.75}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { BSY95A } \\ & \text { BSW44 } \end{aligned}$ | ${ }_{42} 12 \mathrm{p}$ | NKT80113 | $13$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & 2 \mathrm{~N} 1303 \\ & 2 \mathrm{~N} 1304 \end{aligned}$ | ${ }^{175}$ | 2N3856 | 30p | ${ }_{\text {ACl88 }} \mathrm{ACY} 7$ | ${ }_{275}^{378}$ | BDY19 | ${ }_{\text {E1 }}^{1.127}$ | －${ }^{\text {ESWW71 }}$ | ${ }_{27}^{427 p}$ |  | $\ldots 1 \cdot 12$ |
| 2N1305 | 22hp | － 3 3 5.58 | 25p | ACY18 | 25 p | BDY 98 | 972p | 0111 | 75 |  | 92tp |
| 2N1306 |  | 2N3858 | 30p | ACY19 | 25 p | BDY60 | ¢1．25 | （4．24 | 27 p |  |  |
| 2N1307 | 25 p | 2N：3859 | 27］p | $\mathrm{ACY}^{2}$ | 25 p | BDY61 | £1．25 | C425 |  |  |  |
| 2N1308 | 30p | 2 N 3859 A | 32 | ACrer | 25 p | BnY62 | \＆1．00 | C426 | 40 p | NKT80213 |  |
| 2N1309 | 30p | － 38860 | 30 p | ACY22 | 20 p | BFI15 | 25p | ${ }^{\text {C428 }}$ | 37 p |  | p |
| 2N1507 | 177 d | 2N3886 | 150 | ACYY 8 | 20 p | ${ }^{\text {RF117 }}$ | 4778 | C744 | 30 p | NKT80214 |  |
| 2 N 1613 | 25 p | 2N3877 | 40p | ACY40 | 20p | BF163 | 37 p | n16P1 | 37\％${ }^{\text {p }}$ |  | 92ı ${ }^{1}$ |
| ${ }^{9} \mathrm{~N} 163 \mathrm{~s}$ |  | 2N387／A | D | ACY4］ | $25 p$ | BF167 | 18 p | D16P2 | 40 p |  |  |
| 2）163： | 30p | 2－3900 | $37 \pm$ | ACY44 | 40p | BF173 | 19p | Dife3 | 377 p |  | $92 \pm$ |
| $2 \times 1638$ | 27 \％ | 2 N 3900 A | 40p | AD740 | 52 p | BF177 | 30p | Di6P4 | 40 p | NKT80216 |  |
| 2\％1639 | 2715 | 2－399nl | 971p | A 11149 | 57 \％ | BFi79 | 30p | GET102 | ${ }^{30} \mathrm{p}$ |  |  |
| －N16718 | ¢1．00 | － N 3903 |  | AD150 | 62 p | BF179 | 30p | GET113 | 20p | OC20 | 75p |
| 2 N 1711 | 25p | 2マ3904 | 5 p | AD161 | 37 p | BF180 | 35p | GET114 | 20 p | OC22 | 50 p |
| $2 \times 1889$ | 2015 | 2－ 33905 | 仡 | A 1616 | 37 p | BF181 | 10 | GET118 | 0 | OC23 | $0_{0} 0$ |
| －N1893 | ${ }^{37 \%}$ | 2×3096 | $37 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{p}$ | AF106 | 42 p | BF184 | 25p | GET119 | 20p | OC24 | 0p |
| 2 N 2147 | $82!p$ | 2 N 4058 | 171p | AF114 | 25 p | BF185 | 42 p p | GET120 | ${ }_{52}{ }^{1} \mathrm{p}$ | OC25 | 50p |
| 2N2148 | 57 ${ }^{5}$ | －2 4059 | 10p | AF115 | 25p | BF194 | 17 p | GET873 | 12xp | Ociph | 27 p |
| 2N＊2160 | 57 p | 2N4060 | 12tp | Afil6 | 25p | BF195 | 15p | GET880 | 30p | 0 C 28 | 621p |
| 2N 2193 | 40 p | 2N4061 | 12\％p | AF17 | 25p | BF196 | 42 t | GET887 | 20 p | OC29 | 62.5 |
| 2N2193A |  | 2 N 406 S | 12 p | AF118 | 62.1 p | BF197 | 42tp | GET889 | 223p | 0 O 35 | 50p |
| 2N2194A | 30 p | 2N4244 | $47 \frac{1}{}{ }^{\text {p }}$ | AF119 | 20 p | BF198 | 42 fp | GET890 | 22 | 0¢36 | 62\％${ }^{\text {p }}$ |
| 2 N 2217 | $27 \frac{12}{}{ }^{2}$ | 2 N 4285 | ${ }^{17} 1{ }^{1} \mathrm{p}$ | AF124 | $22 \frac{1}{}$ | BF200 | 52 ¢ | GET896 | $22 i p$ | Oc41 | 22；p |
| 2N2：19 | 23 n | 2N 11286 | 17ip | AF125 | ${ }^{\text {p }}$ | BF2\％4 | 14 p | GET897 | 22tp | 0 C 42 | 8．5p |
| 2N2219 | 23p | 2N4287 | 171 ${ }^{\text {d }}$ | AF126 | 20p | $\mathrm{BF}^{\text {B25 }}$ | 19p | GET898 | 22 | 0 C 44 | 20 p |
| $\cdots \mathrm{N}$ | 25 p | 2 N 4288 | ${ }^{171} \mathrm{p}$ | ${ }_{4} \mathrm{Fl}^{1}+7$ | ${ }^{17} 1$ | BF237 | 23p | MJ400 | 21.071 | ${ }_{0} \mathrm{OC45}$ | 124 p |
| 2N2221 | ， | 2N4289 | $17 \frac{1}{}$ | AF138 | $37 \%$ | BF 238 | 23p | MJ420 | ${ }^{11} 121$ | 0 C 46 | 50 |
| － $\mathrm{NSOLP2}^{2}$ | 30p | 2 N 4290 | 17 tp | AF178 | 42 ${ }^{\text {p }}$ | BF244 | 23p | MJ421 | 81.121 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} 70$ | 15p |
| ${ }^{2 \mathrm{~N} 29} 70$ | 4715 | 2N4291 | ${ }^{173} \mathrm{p}$ | AF179 | ${ }^{72} 2$ | BFW61 | ${ }^{471} \mathrm{p}$ | MJ43n | ${ }^{11} 1021$ | 0.71 | $12{ }^{1} \mathrm{p}$ |
| $2 \mathrm{2N} 2297$ | ${ }^{30}$ | － N 19922 | $12{ }^{18}$ | AF180 | 52 | BFX12 | 2225 | MJ 440 |  |  | 121 p |
| ${ }_{2 N} \mathbf{N} 23688$ | 17 jp | 2ヘ4303 | 471 p | AF181 | $421 p$ | BFX13 | 22 p | MJ480 | 9710 | ${ }^{0} 74$ | 32 p |
| 2N2369 | 17 | ${ }^{2 N 5007}$ | ${ }_{57}^{591}$ | AF ${ }^{2} 39$ $\mathrm{AF}^{2} 279$ | 42 p | BFX29 | 30 p | M． 481 | ${ }_{61} 1.25$ |  |  |
| 2N 23369 | ${ }_{42} 17 \mathrm{BD}$ | 2N5028 | ${ }_{47}^{57}$ p | AF2799 | 47 F | BFX 30 | 30 p | M 3490 | £1．00 | OC | $22{ }^{2}$ |
| 2 N 2410 | 42 y | 25029 | ${ }^{471} \mathrm{p}$ | AFP80 | 62. | BFX 4 ？ | ${ }^{37}$ ； | MJ491 | E1 $87 \frac{1}{4}$ | Or | ${ }^{30}{ }^{\text {p }}$ |
| 2N2483 | ${ }^{275}$ | $2 \times 5030$ | ${ }^{421}{ }^{2}$ | AF211 | 32 p | BFX44 | 375 | M． 11800 \＆ | ¢2． 171 | $0 \mathrm{C81}$ | 20 p |
| $2 \mathrm{~N}^{2} 484$ | 32 ${ }^{\text {p }}$ | 2N5172 | 12 ${ }^{\text {p }}$ | ASY26 | 25 p | BFX 68 | 671 p | MJE340 | 82 ${ }^{\text {P }}$ | $0 \mathrm{C81D}$ | 22 ${ }^{\text {p }}$ |
| 2N2539 | 22 p | Nablit | ${ }^{52 \%} \mathrm{p}$ | ASY27 | ${ }^{371 \pm}$ | BFX 84 | 25p | MJE5 0 | 60 p | OC83 | 25 p |
| ${ }^{2 \times 2540}$ | 22.8 | $\frac{2 N 5175}{2 N 5176}$ | ${ }_{5}^{5215}$ | AsY28 | ${ }_{27}^{271 \mathrm{p}}$ | ${ }_{\text {BFX }}^{\text {B6F }}$ | 324p | MPFiod | ${ }_{428}^{738}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r}250 \\ 327 \\ \hline 8\end{array}$ |
| 2N2614 | 30 p | ${ }_{2} \times 5232 \mathrm{~A}$ | ${ }_{80 \mathrm{p}}$ | ${ }_{\text {ASY }}$ | 275p | ${ }_{\text {BFX }}$ | 275 | MPFF102 | ${ }_{375}^{42}$ | OC149 | ${ }_{32 \pm}^{32+p}$ |
| 2N2646 | $52+5$ | 2 N 5245 | 45 p | ASY50 | 25 p | BFX 88 | ${ }^{255}$ | MPFP104 | 3715 | OC17\％ | 30 D |
| 2N－696 | 32 ${ }^{\text {p }}$ | \％ $2 \times 546$ | 4212 | ASY51 | $32 \leq$ | BFX 89 | $62 \geq \mathrm{p}$ | MPF105 | 371 p | 0 Cl 17 | 30p |
| ${ }^{2} \mathrm{~N} 2711$ | 25p | 2N5249 | 671 p | ASY54 | 25p | BFX932 | 70p | MPS3638 | 32 p | oczan． | 40 n |
| 2 N 2712 |  | 2N5965 | ¢3．25 | ASY86 | 322 p | BFY10 | 32tp | NKT0013 |  | OC20］ | ${ }^{60}{ }_{p}$ |
| 2N2713 | 2780 | ${ }^{2} \times 5456$ | ¢2．75 | AC103 | ¢1．25 | BFY11 | 42 p | NKT124 | 42 p | OC302 | 75 p |
| 2N2714 | 30p | 2N5：267 | $22.62 \frac{1}{2}$ | ASZ21 | $42^{2} \mathrm{p}$ | BFY17 | 22 p | NKT12n | 27\％ | ${ }^{\text {OC203 }}$ | $42^{2} 0$ |
| 2N2865 | 62 tp | 2N5305 | 37p | BC107 | 10 p | BFY18 | 32 ${ }^{\text {p }}$ | NKT196 | 27\％ | 0 O 204 | 421］ |
| $2 \mathrm{~N}^{2904}$ | 30 p | ${ }^{2} 55306$ | ${ }^{40} \mathrm{p}$ | BC108 | ${ }^{10}$ | BFY19 | 32＋p | NKT128 | 27p | ocons | 900 |
| 2 N 2904 A | 32 $\ddagger$ | 2N5307 | 371p | BC109 | 10p | bFYea | $21 \cdot \mathrm{BO}$ | NKT135 | 27sp | OC：07 | 75 p |
| 2 N 2905 | 37\％p | 9N5398 | 378p | $\mathrm{BCl}^{13}$ | 15 | BFY21 | 42 p | NKT137 | 32， p | OCP71 | 421p |
| ${ }_{2}^{2 N} 2905 \mathrm{~A}$ | 40p | －${ }_{\text {2N5309 }}^{\text {2N } 5310}$ | ${ }^{621}{ }^{2} \mathrm{p}$ | ${ }_{\text {RC1 }}{ }^{\text {RC1 }}$ | ${ }^{15 p}$ | ${ }_{\text {BFY } 25}$ | 45p | NKT210 | ${ }^{30 p}$ | ORP19 | ${ }^{50 \mathrm{p}}$ |
|  | ${ }_{27 \mathrm{p}}^{25 \mathrm{p}}$ | 2N5310 | ${ }^{42} 5$ | ${ }_{\text {BC118 }}$ | ${ }_{10 \mathrm{p}}^{15}$ | ${ }_{\text {BFY }}{ }^{\text {BFY } 26}$ | ${ }_{20 \mathrm{p}}^{25}$ | NKTV11 | 30 D | ${ }_{\text {PRP46A }}$ | 5015 |
| 2N2907 | 30 p | 2N5355 | ${ }_{27}{ }^{\frac{1}{p}}$ | RC121 | 20 p | BFY29 | 50 p | NKTE13 | ${ }_{30 \mathrm{D}}$ | TTSS34 | 68.10 |
| 2 V 1903 | 15p | －Y5356 | 32.1 p | BC12e2 | 20 p | BFY30 | 50 p | NKT214 | 291 p | TIS43 | 270 |
| $2 \mathrm{~N} 29: 24$ | 159 | 2N5365 | $47 \frac{1}{p}$ | BC125 | 20p | BFY41 | 50p | NKT215 | 22tp | TTS44 | ${ }^{10} \mathrm{p}$ |
| 2N2925 | 15p | ${ }_{2}^{2 N 5366}$ | ${ }^{381 p}$ | ${ }^{\text {BCl }}$ B6 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 20 p | PFY43 | 62 p | NKTP16 | \％ | TTS45 | 10p |
| 2N2926 |  | 2N5367 | 57 p | ${ }^{\mathrm{BCl}} \mathrm{Cl}_{19}$ | ${ }^{371} \mathrm{p}$ | BFY50 | ${ }^{238}$ | NKT217 | \％ |  |  |
| Green |  | 2N5457 | 3718 | ${ }_{\text {BC1 }}{ }^{\text {d }}$ | 10 p | BFY51 | 20 p | NKT219 | 30p | TTS47 | 11p |
| Yellow | $12{ }^{\text {p }}$ p | ${ }^{2} 5005$ | 75 p | ${ }^{\text {BCl4 }}$ | 10 p | BFY52 | 23p | NKT223 | 2\％1p | TTS48 | 121 p |
| Orang | 12 ${ }^{12} \mathrm{p}$ | ${ }_{2}^{25020}$ | £2．00 | BC149 | 12 p | BFY53 | ${ }^{179}$ | NKT224 | 250 | TTS49 | 124 |
| ${ }^{2} \mathrm{Nan} 11$ | $3{ }^{30 p}$ | ${ }_{2 S 109}^{2 S 109}$ | 50 p | ${ }^{\text {BC152 }}$ | $17 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{p}$ | BFY56A | 57 p | NKT225 | 22ip | Ttis50 | 179 |
| ${ }^{2} \mathrm{~N} 3 \mathrm{BOL}$ | 321 ${ }^{1}$ | 2 S 103 | 25 p | BC157 | 20 p | BFY75 | 30 p | NKT229 | 30p | $\mathrm{Trasi}^{\text {che }}$ | 12\％ |
| 2 N 3053 | ${ }_{48 \mathrm{p}}$ | ${ }_{2}^{2 S 104}$ | 25 p | ${ }^{\text {BC158 }}$ | ${ }^{11} \mathrm{p}$ | BFY76 | ${ }^{42} 5$ | NKT237 | ${ }^{85} 5$ | TY852 | 1210 |
| 2N3054 | 46p | $\stackrel{2 S 501}{ }$ | 32,5 | ${ }^{\text {BC159 }}$ | 12 p | BFY77 | 57\％ | NKT238 | 25 | TTA53 | 2210 |
| － 3 3055 | ${ }_{30 \mathrm{p}}^{62}$ | ${ }_{2 S 503}^{2 S .302}$ | －35p | ${ }_{\text {BC16 }}{ }^{\text {BC1 }}$ | ${ }_{10}^{62}$ | BFYY90 | ${ }^{6751}$ | NKT ${ }^{\text {2 }}$ | 87810 |  | 224 D |
| 2N3133 2N 3134 | ${ }_{30 \mathrm{p}}^{30}$ | 2S503 $3 \mathrm{~N} \times 3$ | 271 p 40 p | ${ }_{\text {BC168B }}^{\text {BC1 }}$ | ${ }_{10 \mathrm{p}}^{11}$ | ${ }_{\text {BFWW59 }}$ | ${ }^{2758}$ | NKT241 | ${ }^{2710}$ | TTS61 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { 250 } \\ 274 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |
| 2N 3135 | 25 | 3N128 | 70p | BC168C | 11 p | BFW60 | 25 p | NKT243 | 62 to | TIP29A | 50 p |
| 2N3136 | 25 p | 3 N 140 | $77{ }^{2} \mathrm{p}$ | BC159B | 11 p | BPX 25 | ${ }^{21} 1.85$ | NKT244 | 17 p | TTP90A | 60 D |
| ${ }^{2} \mathrm{~N} 3390$ | 25 p | 3 3N141 | $72{ }_{2}^{1}$ | BC169C | 12p | BPX29 | £1．80 | NKT245 | 200 | TIPR1A | 62：p |
| 9N3391 | 20p | 3N142 | 55p | BC170 | $12{ }^{1}$ | BPY10 | £1．45 | NKT261 | ${ }^{20}$ | titpeza |  |
| 2 N 3391 A | 30p | 3N143 | 6715 | ${ }^{\text {BC171 }}$ | ${ }^{15 p}$ | BRY39 | 37 p | NKT－62 | 300 |  |  |
| 2N3392 2 F 3893 | ${ }^{175 p}$ | 3 N 152 R．C．A． | ${ }_{52} 87$ | ${ }_{\text {BC172 }}$ | ${ }^{15 p}$ | BSX 19 | ${ }^{1771}$ | NKT284 | 20 p |  | －0240 |
| 2 73293 2N3894 | 15 p 15 p | P．C．A． | 52.8 | ${ }_{\text {BC1 }}{ }^{\text {BC17 }}$ | ${ }^{22} 1 \mathrm{pp}^{\text {p }}$ | BSX20 | ${ }^{171}$ | NKT271 | ${ }_{8}^{80}$ | TTP34A | 22．05 |
| ${ }^{\text {2N }}$ 2N3394 | ${ }_{22 \% \mathrm{p}}^{15}$ | 40050 | ${ }_{325 p}^{55}$ |  | ${ }^{109}$ | ${ }_{\text {BSX }}^{\text {BS }}$－ | ${ }^{375 p}$ | NKT279 | ${ }_{20 \mathrm{p}}^{20 \mathrm{p}}$ | TTP35A |  |
| 2N3403 | $22 \frac{1}{1} \mathrm{p}$ | 40309 | $32 \cdot 1$ | BC184 | 11p | BSx97 | 4718 | NKT275 | 20p |  |  |
| Post \＆Packing 13p per order．Europe 25p．Commonwealth（Air）65p（MIN．） Matching charge（audio transistors only）15p extra per pair． <br> Prices subject to alteration without prior notice． |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

TTL．LOGIC I．C．NEW PRICES

|  | －11 12－34 |  |  | 1－11 12－24 |  |  | 1－11 12－24 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\chi^{1}$ | ${ }^{\text {fip }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | 0.75 |  |  |  |
| 74 | 0.20 | 0.18 | SN743 |  | 0.06 | SN7473 | 0.4 | 0.41 |
| \＄7403 | 0.20 | 0.18 | SN7440 | 0.23 | 0.21 | SN747 | 0 | 0.44 |
| 77405 | 0.20 | 0.18 | SN7441 | 0.87 | 0.83 | SN747 |  | 0.44 |
| SN7406 | 0.80 | 0.75 | SN7442 | 0.85 | 0.81 | SN7480 | 0.70 |  |
| SN7407 | 0.80 | 0.75 | SN7443 | $2 \cdot 88$ | 2．70 | SN7481 | 1.40 | 1.38 |
| F7408 | $0 \cdot 20$ | 0.18 | SN7444 | $2 \cdot 86$ | 2.70 | SN7482 | 0.87 | 0.88 |
| F709 |  | 0.18 | SN7445 | 2.50 | 2.40 | SN7483 | 0.87 | 0.8 |
| 7410 | 0.20 | 0.18 | SN7446 | 1.00 | 0.95 | SN74 | 200 | 1－8 |
| SN7411 | 0.23 | 0.21 | SN7447 | 1.00 | 0.95 | SN7485 | $3 \cdot 62$ | $3 \cdot 40$ |
| SN7412 | 48 | 0.46 | SN7448 | 1.00 | 0.95 | SN7486 | 0.33 |  |
| 7413 | 0.40 | $0 \cdot 38$ | SN7449 | 1.00 | 0.85 | SN7490 | 0.87 | 0.84 |
| \＄7420 | 0.20 | 0.18 | SN7450 | 0.20 | 0.18 | SN7491AN | 1.21 | $1 \cdot 10$ |
| 77423 | 0.51 | 0.47 | SN7451 | 020 | 018 | SN7492 | 0.87 | 0.8 |
| SN7427 | $0 \cdot 48$ | 0.45 | SN7453 | $0 \cdot 20$ | 0.18 | SN7493 | 0.87 |  |
| SN742R | 0.80 | 0.75 | SN7454 | 0.20 | 0.18 | SN7494 | 0.87 | 0.84 |
| SN7430 | $0 \cdot 23$ | 0.15 | SN7460 | 0.20 | 0.18 | SN7495 | 0.87 | 0.84 |
| SN7432 | 0.48 | 0.42 | SN7470 | $0 \cdot 4$ | 0.88 | SN7496 | 0.87 | 0.84 |

## MULLARD SUB－MIN ELECTROLYTIC

## 0425 range axial lead

 5／25： $24 / 20 ; 8 / 40 ; 10 / 16 ; 10 / 64 ; 12 \cdot 5 / 25 ; 16 / 40 ; 20 / 16 ; 20 / 64 ; 25 / 64 ;$ 80；95；100／64；125／10；125：16：200／10．

## SILICON RECTIFIERS

| PIV | 50 | 100 | 200 | 400 | 690 | 800 | 1000 | 1200 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1A | 8p | 9p | 10p | $11 p$ | 19p | 15p | 20p |  |
| 3A | 15p | 17p | 20 p | 22 p | 25 p | 27p | 80p | 35p |
| 6 A |  |  | 25p | 30p | 32 p | 35p |  |  |
| 10A | － | $52 \frac{1}{2}$ | 571 p | 65p | 771 p | 86 p | 8715 | 21.25 |
| 15A | －－ | 57 ¢p | 62 $\frac{1}{2} \mathrm{p}$ | 7712 | 90p | 971 ${ }^{\text {p }}$ | 21－20 | 21．571 |
| 1 amp and 3 amp |  | 801 | 90p | \＄1－00 | ¢1－25 | 51.50 | 22．50 | － |
|  |  | plast | encap | lation． |  |  |  |  |

## DIODES \＆RECTIFIERS

| IN34A | 10p | AA119 | 7 D | BAXIf | 12ip | FST3／4 | 22ıp |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| IN914 | 7 p | AA129 | 15p | BAY18 | 17¢ | OA5 | 17p |
| IN916 | 7 p | AAZ13 | 12 p | BAY31 | ${ }^{7} \mathrm{p}$ | OA10 | 20p |
| IN4007 | 20 p | AAZ15 | 12p | BAY38 | 25p | OA9 | 10D |
| IS44 | 7 p | AAZ17 | 10 D | BY 100 | 15p | OA47 | 8 p |
| 1s113 | 15p | BA100 | 15p | BY103 | 22p | 0470 | 78 |
| IS120 | 12p | BA102 | 25 p | BY 122 | 47 p p | $0 \mathrm{OA}^{\text {a }}$ | 10p |
| IS121 | 14p | Ballo | 25 p | BY 124 | 15p | 0 O 79 | 7 p |
| IS130 | 8p | BA114 | 15p | BY 126 | 150 | OA81 | 8p |
| IS131 | 10 p | BA115 | 7 p | BY127 | 17p | OA82 | 10p |
| IS132 | 12 p | BA141 | 17p | BY164 | 57p | OA90 | 7 p |
| IS920 | 7 p | BA142 | 17 p | BYX10 | 22p | 0 O91 | 7 p |
| IS922 | 8p | BA144 | 12p | BYZ10 | 35p | 0 A95 | 7 D |
| IS923 | 12p | BA145 | 17 p | BYZ11 | 32］ | OAR20 | 7 p |
| IS940 | 5p | BA154 | 12p | BYZ12 | 30p | OAR202 | 10p |
|  |  | BAX13 | 5p | BYZ13 | 25p | TIV307 | 60p |

## OPTOELECTRONICS

MINITRON 3015F 7－SEGMENT INDICATOR（ 6 PIN DIL）£2．00
May be driven by SN7447

GNP－7AH COLD CATHODF TrBE SIDE VIEWING． $0-9$ and driven by SN7447N．75p

TIL 209 LIGHT EMITTING （Red）35p

B9900 PHOTORESISTOR 38p

## VEROBOARD

$\underset{\sim}{0.15} 0.1$

|  |  | Macri | Matit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 3 in | 17 p | 23p |
|  | Sin | 25p | 25p |
|  | 3 in | 25p | 25p |
|  | 5 in | 30 p | 29p |

Vero Pins（Bag of 36）20p
Vero Cutter 45p
Pin insertion Tools（ $\cdot 1$ and $\cdot 15$
matrix）at 55 p．
＂SCORPIO＂CAP
DISCHARGE IGNITION
SYSTEM
（As published in P．E．Nov．
＇71）．Complete kit $£ 10 \cdot 00$
P．\＆P．50p．

## RESISTORS

$\frac{1}{1}$ watt $5 \%, 1 \mathrm{p} . \quad 1 \mathrm{~W}, 1 \mathrm{~W} \& 2 \mathrm{~W}$
watt $5 \%, 1 \mathrm{p}$
Watt $5 \%, 1 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{~F}$
Watt $2 \%$, M $/ \mathrm{O}$
Watt $2 \%$, M／O
watt $10 \%, 2 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{p}$
1 watt $10 \%, 2 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{p}$
2 watt $10 \%, 6 p$

BRIDGE RECTIFIERS

| A．Piy |  | A．PIV |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 100 | 87p | 4 | 50 | 60 p |
| $1 \cdot 4140$ | 57p | 4 | 100 | 70p |
| 50 | 32p | $\stackrel{4}{6}$ | 500 | ${ }_{820}$ |
| 200 | 41p | 6 | 200 | 80 p |
| 400 | 46p | 6 | 400 | \＆1．10 |

## MAPLARD CR

$0.01,0.022,0.033,0.0473 \mathrm{pach}$ $\begin{aligned} 0.068,0 \cdot 10 & \cdots & . . & 4 p \text { eac } \\ 0 \cdot 15,0 \cdot 22,0.33 & \cdots & . . & 5 p\end{aligned}$ 0.15,
0.47
0.68 0.47
0.68
$1 \mu F$
$1.5 \mu \mathrm{~F}$
$2.2 \mu \mathrm{~F}$
WIRE－WOUND RESISTORS 2.5 watt $5 \%$（up to 270 ohms 5 only）．7p（up to $8.2 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ only）， 9 10 watt $5 \%$（up to $26 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ only）．
10 p

POTENTIOMETERS
Carbon：
Log．or Lin．，less switeh， 16 p Wog．or Lin．，With switch， 26 p Twin Ganged Stereo Pots，Log．

PRESETS（CARBON）
0.1 Watt 6 p VERTICA $\begin{array}{ccc}0.2 \text { Watt } & \text { 6p } & \text { OR } \\ 0.3 \text { Watt } & \text { 7⿺辶 } \\ 0.2 & \text { HORIZONTAL }\end{array}$

P．W．Digital Clock


Tel．01－452 0161／2／3
A．MARSHALL \＆SON
Send 15 for Comprenensivive price lists
CALLERS WELCOME Telex 21492


## CAPACITOR DISCHARGE IGNITION KIT

PW JUNE 71

A comprehensive kit of parts with detailed constructional details, ready drilled diecast case, screws, leads, terminals etc.


Available in both 6 and $12 v$ versions. State whether positive or negative earth.
$\mathbf{8 8} \mathbf{7 5}$ incl. p. \& p.
De-coupling kit for impulse tachometer and interference suppression. £1.00 incl. p. \& p. All our kits use guaranteed quality components and have been approved by the Author.

## MAGTOR LTD.

68 DALE ST., MANCHESTER, M1 2HS.

## C. T. ELECTRONICS <br> 267 ACTON LANE, LONDON, W. 4 01-994 6275

OUR RETAIL COMPONENT SHOP IS NOW OPEN FROM 9.30 a.m. -6 p.m. MON-SAT.

FREE COMPONENT PRICE LISTS NOW AVAILABLE PLEASE SEND LARGE S.A.E.

HUNDREDS OF SURPLUS BARGAINS FOR THE PERSONAL CALLER


Bensham Manor Road Passage, Thornton Heath, Surrey, 01-684-1665

MONTHLY NEWS FOR OX LISTENERS

HE first reporter this month is Hugh Cocks of Mayfield in Sussex who has a Unica UNR-30 receiver and a 70 foot long-wire. Hugh sent in a special log of South American stations as follows:
9515 R. Roquete, Pinto, Brazil at 2200.
9530 R. Calendario, Venezuela at 2230.
9595 R. Cultura de Bahia, Brazil at 2130.
9620 R. Novo de Julho, Brazil at 2150.
9635 R. Aparecida, Brazil at 2225.
9665 R. Nac. Brasilia, Brazil at 2230.
9705 R. Maua, Brazil at 2100.
11720 R. Nac. Brasilia, Brazil at 2100.
11785 R. Guaiba, Brazil at 2058.
11795 R. Nac. Rio, Brazil at 2100.
11805 R. Globo, Brazil at 2100.
11865 R. Cl. de Pernambuco, Brazil at 2100.
11875 R. Soc. de Bahia, Brazil at 2100.
11915 R. TV. Gaucha, Brazil at 2115.
11925 R. Bandeirantes, Brazil at 2200.
11950 R. Min. Educaco, Brazil at 2130.
15105 R. Rural Brasileira, Brazil at 2200.
15145 R. Jornal do Comercio, Brazil at 2150.
15155 R. Dif. de Sao Paulo, Brazil at 2200.
15190 R. Inconfidencia, Brazil at 2230.
15415 R. Cl. Ribeirao, Brazil at 2130.
Ian Howes of Lowestoft used a TV antenna with his R209 Mk. 2 receiver to log the following very interesting stations:
4500 Urumchi, China with music at 0010.
4665 Pathet Lao, Laos in Laotion at 1545.
4790 R. Ondas Portenas Venezuela at 0010.
4800 AIR, Hyderabad, India at 1545.
4840 AIR, Bombay, India at 1510.
4965 R. Santa Fe, Colombia news at 0000.
9680 VLH/R9 ABC, Melbourne, Australia at 1100.
11875 R. Dif. Nacional, Nicaragua at 0000.
11880 R. Splendid, Argentina in Spanish at 0045.
Peter Herman of New South Wales, Australia has an equinment line-up which includes a Trio 9R-59DS receiver, a 9 MHz . dipole, a 15 MHz . dipole, and a Hitachi SCT-I150R 3-band radio/cassette with a telescopic and 12 foot long.wire antenna. Peter's log included:
3322 R. Bongainville, N. Guin at 1143.
4820 R. Gambia at 1800.
6145 AIR, India at 1540.
7100 R. Budapest, Hungary at 1630.
7235 All India Radio at 1500.
7285 R. Berlin International at 1730.
7290 R. Kuwait at 1630.
11920 R. Abidjan, Ivory Coast at 1830.
D. A. Hairon of St. Clement, Jersey has sent in another report using the usual equipment, this time he has heard:
9570 ABC, Australia in English at 1015.
9625 Israel B.C. in English at 2130.

11730 R. Nederland, Bonaire at 0525.
11760 R. Habana, Cuba, sign off at 0200.
11815 TWR, Bonaire in English at 0045.
11860 BBC, Ascension 1s. relay at 0815.
11875 R. Nacional, Nicaragua, Spanish at 0130.
15160 R. Ankara in Arabic at 0530.
15532 R. Bangldesh in English at 1245.
17855 NHK, Japan in English at 0900.
21605 R. Kuwait in Arabic at 1100.
Alastair Nimmo is only eleven years old but this extract from his log, using a Meridian 10 transistor portable and 100 foot long-wire shows distinct promise :
5960 HCJB, Quito, Ecuador, English at 0830.
6040 VOA, Rhodes relay at 2100 .
9515 R. Ankara in English at 2200.
9525 RSA, South Africa in English at 2215.
9530 AIR, Delhi in English at 1900.
9530 VOA, Monrovia relay, English at 2230.
In order to mention as many reporters as possible I will end this article with a few short extracts from the many received:

Richard Coyle, Glasgow, Lafayette KT340:
4965 R. Santa Fe, Colombia at 0550.
4970 R. Rumbos, Venezuela at 0345.
4990 R. Barquisimeto, Venezuela at 0400.
5038 R. Bangui, Ident. in French at 0500.
5075 R. Sutatenza, Colombia at 0100.
Adrian Pell, Wareham, Dorset:
12025 Voice of Vietnam, English at 2015.
15165 Danish Radio in Danish at 1400.
15295 TWR, Bonaire in Norwegian at 2145.
15370 VOA, Greenville in French at 2200.
Ian Newbold, Birmingham, R209 Mk. 2, 95 foot aerial:
3340 R. El Mar, Equador at 2000.
4550 R. Nacional, Colombia at 2005.
9735 NHK, Japan in Japanese at 2018.
15170 ELWA, Liberia in French at 2007.
Fred Wall, E.17, PR155, 20 foot long-wire:
3380 R. Malawi in English at 1800.
9510 R. Barquisimeto, Venezuela at 2350.
9520 R. New Zealand in English at 0900.
11930 Windward Is. B.S. cricket at 2120.
Philip Sokell, Barnsley, Romer 10, telescopic antenna:
6125 VOA noted at 1610.
6185 Radio Australia at 2045.
7215 Radio Cairo, Egypt at 0254.
7230 Radio Kiev, Ukraine at 0045.
Reports should arrive by the 15th of the month and be addressed to me at 5 Ranelagh Gardens, Cranbrook, Ilford, Essex.


IN theory, it should have been a very good month for keen listeners since almost every log sent in was for bands which were at either end of the r.f. spectrum. Quite a few queries in the post bag, many asking questions which would require a text book, blackboard and a couple of years at evening classes to answer. Many people who have queries have a very simple way out-join the nearest radio club. You can ask a question and get an immediate answer. There is nearly always someone at the club who specialises in an area where your question is aimed at. If one person doesn't know the full answer, then it is virtually certain that someone else will.

Join the R.S.G.B., too. This organisation will give you all the help you need, and will also tell you the name and address of the secretary of your nearest radio club. The Society also publishes a number of "booklets" especially for the radio enthusiast and some are aimed specifically at the beginner.

Having joined a club̀, you will get a chance to visit other people's 'stations' and see gear which, at present, is only a number, like PR40 or R107. Better still, you can have a twiddle with the gear and make up your own mind as to whether a particular piece of equipment is very good or just mediocre.

So you don't hear any DX in spite of all those lovely logs you read in Practical Wireless? One way to latch on to some DX is to listen for a DX net which has European stations either in it or even running it. Listen for a good European station calling a DX station. Once you have found the right frequency it is highly probable that other stations will come up also calling the DX station. Eighty metres is a common hunting ground for this type of DX net.

Combined efforts of the Ipswich and Colchester clubs will result in the Anglian Mobile rally to be held at Ipswich on June 18. Talk-in stations on 160, 80, 4 and 2 metres. Colchester club also runs slow morse practice sessions. Anyone in the area might like to drop to Hon. Sec. a line at 26 Pondfield Road, Colchester, Essex. See you at the rally?
An appeal from Sam EIsdon for Amateur stations to use "standard" phonetics. I agree. Only way seems to be to make an accepted phonetic alphabet compulsory and written into all Amateur licences throughout the world. Sam has just finished off the CQ2 v.h.f. receiver which appeared in the September edition of Practical Wireless back in 1969. He runs a CR70A and PR40 plus a 310 ft end-fed. A listen on eighty metres s.s.b. raised: DJ9NW, PJ4AQ, W5ILR/TF, XE1CV, 9H1D. Log for 20 metres reads: BY4AP, EA3AKE, FG7TC, IS1KLO, VE3MR, VK2AVA, VK3OEL, VK5OB, VO4HW, ZS5KY, 4X4DK, 7X2PK, 7X3ORU.

Kevin Lamb has seen thirteen summers pass and resides at Ashford. Gear consists of a two-valve homebrew receiver, a.t.u. (also homebrew) and a 50 ft end-fed. Goodies heard on topband include: HB9CM, OK1FT, OK1MAC, OL1APC, 4U1ITU.

## THE AMATEUR BANDS David Gibson, G3JJG

## Frequencies in kHz - Times in GMT

Twenty metres using an R107 (that's cheating) raised: CX2XA, EA8GZ, EA8DI, HK5ASM, PY7AZQ, VK3ALL, VK4NB, VK4UC, VK5FH, VK6HE, VP9GK, ZL1HD, ZL3AH, ZL3AR, ZL3HA. Kevin asks about some four metre activity. This is a band which the Amateur could so easily lose unless there is a lot more activity. If the two metre addicts would come down, the G8 plus threes take the trouble to learn c.w., and the h.f. DX types go up another band, we might just save it-or is it worth the effort?

One hundred and thirty-two feet of wire stretching into the sunset but anchored to the aerial terminal of an R107 is a feature at a house in Melbourne Road, Chester. Mike Purcell loiters thereabouts and heard the following on $3 \cdot 5 \mathrm{MHz}$ s.s.b.: CR4BS, CTIUN, HB9LQS, VE1QM, VP2LAT, VO1CU, WB0FFG/TF, WlAA, 4X4UF.

Another CQ2 v.h.f. receiver builder is David Lawley (Gravesend). He has heard a fair number of Amateur two-metre stations already but although he is only ten miles from the beacon station GB3VHF, he can't hear it at all. (V-e-r-y interesting.) Ten metres is the band which has brought a lot of stations in for David using the School Radio Society's B40 plus 500 ft long, long, long wire. Log reads: JA8GWA, JR1INC. OD5HI, PZ1DV, VE3DOR, VE7HC, VU2JM, K1BCD, hoards of $W$ stations, ZC4BJ, 4X4GH, $4 \mathrm{X} 4 \mathrm{HK}, 9 \mathrm{X} 5 \mathrm{MS}$ all mostly on s.s.b.

Down on topband, David reports signals from: EI9J, GM3YOR, GW3UCB, GW3UPK, GW4AHN/A, HB9CM, HB9NL, OLIAOH, OL5ANJ, PA0PN. These were all on c.w. but PAOPN is on most Sunday mornings on s.s.b.

Eighty-three W stations start off the eight metre log of Richard Coyle (Glasgow). Additional appearances from: VE1ANZ, VE2WA, VE3GCS, VE3VE, ZL3GS, 6W8DY.

Fifty-nine $W$ stations in the ten-metre $\log$ from an unknown listener at Henrietta Street, Girvan in Ayrshire. OK, don't sign your name, but I know you've got a CR70A and a ten-metre dipole. Incidentally, it is surprising how many logs don't get in because no receiver is mentioned, or the aerial hasn't been divulged or the whole list is not in alphabetical order. (Hint! hint!!)

John Guy (Wimborne), B40C, 70 ft end-fed, 28 MHz , mode unspecified: CR4BS, CR611, ET3USA, FL8MM, HC2GG/P, KP4DHD, VS6DO, YV1AMX, YV3SZ, 7Q7BC, 8R1G.

More news from John Stevenson (Woking) about his d.c. (direct conversion) receiver. A number of mods have given a large increase in sensitivity. Log for 14 MHz s.s.b. reads: CTIBZ, HRIRS, HV3SI, KP4BSA, PY1CAD, PY2YRS, PY4AS, VK2NN, VK2RV, VQ9R, ZL1BE, 3A2CP, 4X4BL, 4X4NJ, 4Z4TV, 9H1CZ.

Happenings for the merry month of May include: $6-7,432 \mathrm{MHz}$ contest; 21,2 metres contest. June: $3-4$, National Field Day; 10-11, 4 metre contest.


Your enquiries we/comed
EFFECTS PROJECTORS
DISCO COLT, 150 watt
LIQUIMATIC MINI, 50 watt QI with $6^{\prime \prime}$ wheel
DISCOWHEEL, 50 watt QI with quick change Cassette GNOME 150,150 watt Q1 with Cassette
LIQUIMATIC, 150 watt QI with $6^{\prime \prime}$ wheel
PLUTO TUTOR-2, 250 watt QI with Cassette and $6^{\prime \prime}$ wheel
TUTOR-2, with Liquisplode Tank KALEIDOSCOPE LENS (for Tutor-2) $6^{\prime \prime}$ Liquid Wheel and Crystal Wheel
Liquid Cassette and Moire (24 different types to choose from) Portable Hi-Power Strobes


## DISCOTHEDUE EOUIPMENT PASOUNDELATHNG from 4 Spe:HALISED DSED STUDIOS

OISCO SUPER. Two high quality turntables, pre-amp. cross-fade between decks, pre-fade and listen facillties,mic over-ride, aux inputs, fuli controls for all facilities, deck inputs via break-jacks. And VU meter for visual monitoring of inputs and oulputs. Headphone monitor socket. Output 100 watts f.m.s. DJ 30 L Mk. II Sound to Light Unit incorporated. Also avalable DISCO.PLINTH, DISCO-IMP, DISCO MINI and DISCOSTANDARD, as 'Super' less Light Unit. 100 watts r.m.s.
DISCO SUPREME, 3 turntable version of 'Super', 100 watts r.m.s. Power output can be increased in multiples DJ DISCO AMPLIFIER, 100 requirements.
SOUND CONTROLLED PSYCHEDELIC LIGHT UNIT DJ SOL Mk. II 1,000 watts per channel over three channels- bass. mid. and treble
PSYCHEDELIC SOUND TO MIGHT CONTROL UNIT DJ 30L MK. II $\uparrow, 000$ watts per channel over three channels -bass, mid, and treble
70WATT P.A. MIXER.AMP DJ 70S. One of the finest available $-30-20,000 \mathrm{~Hz} \pm 3 \mathrm{db}$
CONSORT SPEAKER, $2 \times 12^{\prime \prime} 100$ watt system
MHCRDPHONES STANDS \& EODMS EFFECTS PROJECTORS SPARES \& ACCESSORIES STROBES COLOUR DISPLAYS MIXERS AMPLIFIERS AND ALL P.A. DISCOTHEQUE GEAR - DESIGNEO AND ESPECIALLY MADE TO GET THE BEST FRDM YOUR MOBILE OR PERMANENT INSTALLATION.
 LITERATURE AND QUOTATIONS ON REQUEST.

# Discoscene <br> 536, Sutton Road. <br> Southend, Essex. (0702) 611577 <br> 122, Balls Pond Road, London, N. 1. (01) 2545779 <br> <br> \section*{Discosound} 

 <br> <br> \section*{Discosound}}

Discosound
(Birmingham) Ltd.
494, Bristol Road,
Selly Oak, B'ham 29.
(021) 4721141

Henry
309, Edgware Road, London, W. 2. (01) 7236963

## P. E. 'GEMINI' STEREO AMPLIFIER

30 Watts (R.M.S.) per Channel Into 8 Ohms !!
Total Harmonic Distortion $0 \cdot 62 \%$ !!
Frequency Response ( -3 dB ) $20 \mathrm{~Hz}-10 \mathrm{kHz}$ !
This high quality Stereo Ampllfier for the Home Constructor was describad in a serles of articles in Practical Electronics, from November 1970 to and is certainly equal to anything one can buy, no matter what the cost but la well within the capabilities of the ambitious constructor.
We can now supply a reprint of the articles In bookiat form, price 55 plus ip postage, with free complete component. price list.
For free price I/st only, or a complete free specification, please send a foolscap size S.A.E.
All Perts avallable separately.


ELEGTRO SPARES
21 BROOKSIDE BAR
CHESTERFIELD DEREYSHIRE.
QUALTY SERVICE VALUE

## REED COILS

3,6,9,12,24V Miniature
Small
Standard
$P \& P .7 p$ on all orders.

## REED PUSH BUTTON

 SWITCHES
## Momentary Action

1 contact
2 contacts
$\begin{array}{r}\text { \& } 1.25 \\ \hline\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { Illuminated } 1 \text { contact } & £ 1.30 \\ \text { Illuminated } 2 \text { contacts } & E 1.55\end{array}$

## REED SWITCHES <br> Large range of many sizes, types and manufacture Popular types: <br> E Small n/o $\quad 10$ for 50p A Miniature n/o 24p each Standard c/o dop each <br> REED RELAYS <br> Many versions available, popular types: $3,6,9,12,24 \mathrm{~V}$ <br> Miniature $1 / A$ normally open 56p Small 2/E I contact 36p 2/EE 2 contacts $\quad 44 \mathrm{p}$ 2/EEE 3 contacts 52p

REELS OF ENAMELLED COPPER WIRE
20 s.w.g. to 47 s.w.g. 50, $100 \& 200$ grams. Send for prices
C.B.M. ELECTRONIC COMPONENTS LTD. 26 Avon Trading Estate. Avonmore Road, London, W. 14

## BETTER GET'SET



## FAMOUS BC. 221 <br> FREAUENCY METER

 $125 \mathrm{KHz}-20 \mathrm{MHz}$. Completo with valves crystal and charts. No. 22 TM/RC. No. 22 TM/RC. $2.8 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{a}$. Complete with 12 Y. D.C. P.B. U, headPhones, mikeCarr. 2.50 .

CRYSTAL CALIBRATOR
No. 10 Crystal contralled heterodyne wave-meter covering $500 \mathrm{~K} \mathrm{Hz-10} \mathrm{MHz}$ (Harmonics up to 30 MHz ). Power required 300 V . D.C. 15 mA . 12 V . $0-3$ D. D. T. Test equipment OFFER 88.50. P. \& P. 50 p .
 Carr.

R. 209 MES II COMMOUTICAKIOM RECEIVBRS, 11 valve. Covers $1-20$ Me/s. 4 banda. AM/FM. CW. BFO.
12 V DC. Internal Power Supply. 12 V DC. Internal Power Supply.
As New. Tested. $\$ 18 \cdot 50$. Carr. $\$ 1-50$.
MARCONI BOIA SIGNAL GENERATOR 10-310 MHz. In origlaal transit case. A5. Carr. $22 \cdot 50$ AERIAL MAST
EQUIPMENT
OO 20 THLESCOPIC MABTS $5^{\prime} 2^{*}$ Extension Sections to fit bottom of above mast to increase height. E1. 85 each (any number supplied). 85' hastr ( $7-5{ }^{\prime} 2^{\prime \prime}$ interlocking sections) with base plate and 12 nylon gays with \&18-60. Carr. $£ 1 \cdot 50$. $70^{\prime}$ hasch. Ditto. 16 gays, block
and tackle. 487.50 . Carr. $£ 2.50$


AERIAL RODS 3ft. Screw-in $I^{*}$ dia. sections, Brand New, green inish. Suitable for many other uses. 10 lor 28. Carr, 50 p. 25 tor 55 . Carr. Paid.
R.F. ANTENNA TUNER (A.T.U.)


Cylinder design $10^{*}$ I 4 ta $^{*}$. Precision calibrated scale. Suitable
for tuning most aerials for increased sjgasi strength. A must for serious operators for RC or TM. Full instructions. ONLY \&8.00. P. \& p. 26p.
R.F. ANTENNA TUNER (A.T.U.) OPEN TYPE Mounted on ceramic former and feet. "Roller Coaster' design 16 G silver or silver plated wheel traversing siver plated whee fraversin
on wire on ceramic former. W
handie considerable R.F. handie considerable R.F.
In origibal packing. As psed In origibal packing. As used ONLI E3.00. P. \& P. 50p
No. 17 SET TRANSMITTER RECEIVER Rebuilt. Complete station with PRU, Cables, Mic, Aerial, etc. 6. Carr. 2. No. 19 SET 500UA METERS scaled 0-600 and 0-15V. Brand new,
boxed 81.25 Post Paid. (Quantity boxed 81.25 Post Paid. (Quantity
prices on request.) तो
R.F. AMPLIFIEAR. To increase output of No. 19 Set. ONLT $83 \cdot 75$. Cart. el. 25.
Instruction Book for AF Amp instruction Book
871 p Post Paid.
H2L No. 19 SPARES IN STOCK
Complete instuction book
with cuits for No. 19 Equipment. 87ip Post Paid.
HEAVY DUTY
BATTERIES
New in metal cases with

carrying handles. $100 / 125 A H$. $15^{*} \times 11^{*} \times 7^{*}$ e5.50. Carr. $\$ 1 \cdot 25$.
 LIEUID PRISMATIC

## ©OMPASSES

LOMPASSES
$2^{*}$ diameter 47 .50, p. \& p. 25p FAMOUS $47 \cdot 50$, p. \& p. 26p
FELE 'F' FAMOUS TELE 'F' Suitable for Farms, Buillding Sites etc. Communication up
to 5 miles or more. Rugged construction, will last a lifetime.
(Twin telephone wire for above avallable-ask for price.) Many other Ex-Govt. Surplus Eguipment iterns in stock. Reccivers etc. in small quantitiea too numerous to mention. Enquiriss invited. LIST 85p Poat Paid. (Refwndable against purchases over \&3.)
C.W.O. Carriage charges apply to Mainland only.
nimum Export Order 25

## Surplus Electronic Trading

DRIVERS END LANE, CODICOTE, HITCHIN, HERTS, SG4 8TP
Hours of business: 8-5 Mon.-Fri., 8-12 Sat. Telephone: Codicote 242 for appointment


6 or 12 Watt Q UALITY AMPLIFIERS Look at our specia! Summer Prices! This powerful range of Stereo Amplifiers, currently being used in O.E.M's production equipments, are geniuine high quality low
distoftion (averaging $0.2 \%$ ) units using high grade components, based on the well proven Plessey integrated circuit amplifiers. Each is fully tested and assembled on a silk screened printed circuit board with sone control pre-amp section and power amplifiers. The circuitigatures printed circuit mounted controls for volume, rectifier arid smoothing capacitor and only needs-extra: 13 to $15 y$ A.C. from any transformer rated at about iA $2 A$ for $\$ 2$ watt. models). Input sensitivity ( 100 mV at full gain) and impedance aro chosen to suit erystal pick-ups and tuners to provide a fexel. frequency response from 50 to 601 Amplifier, $3+3$ watts r.m.s. for $8 \Omega$ load. With treble control, Size: Front
$81^{\prime \prime} \times 2 \frac{7}{\prime \prime}^{\prime \prime} \times 2 \frac{1}{2 \prime \prime}^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{d}$ $82^{\prime \prime} \times 27^{\prime \prime} h \times 2 \frac{1}{2}^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{d}$
602 Amplifier, $3+3$ wats rmice for $80.90^{+}$ load, with separate bass arid treble con trols, size: Front $5 \frac{1}{2}{ }^{\prime \prime} \times 1 \frac{1}{4}^{\prime \prime} h \times 6 \frac{1}{2}^{\prime \prime}{ }^{\prime}$ d
1202 Amplifier, $6+6$ watts rims for $15 \Omega$ with separate bass and treble controls size: Front $5 \frac{1}{2}^{\prime \prime} \times \mathbf{2} \mathbf{2}^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{h} \times \mathbf{6} \frac{1}{1 "}^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{d}$. $\mathbf{P r i c e} \mathbf{£ 1 0 . 5 0 ^ { \circ }}$ Mains transformers:
for use with 600 series amplifiers Price 98p for use with 1200 series amplifiers.
Also available in KIT form for price of Amplifier less $12 / 5 \%$.
Chedues, P.O.s, plus 16 per item post and packing.

THE AUTOTRON COMPANY, HIXON, STAFFOMD
Discount quotations for quantity orders, 5 to 1000. Trade enquiries invited.

## TRANSFORMERS

DOUGLAS GDARARTEED
Optput V. \& Ampr. $\quad \begin{gathered}18 \text { or } 84 \text { valta } \\ \text { Ref. No. }\end{gathered} \quad$ Price $P$. \&
 $12 \mathrm{~V} \times 200 \mathrm{~mA} \times 2 \mathrm{MTII13CC}^{+} \dagger+\cdots$ - 80.019 p

 $\begin{array}{ll}12 V \times 2 & 4 \mathrm{~A} \times 2 \\ 12 \mathrm{~V} \times 2 & 6 \mathrm{~A} \times 2\end{array}$ MT 70 AT $20.9716 p$
$\cdots$

MT 108 AT
 out- $\quad \begin{aligned} & 80 \text { Folt. All tapped nt } 0-12-1 \bar{\sigma}-20-24-30 \mathrm{~V} \\ & \text { Ref. }\end{aligned}$ Out- Ref. No. Price P.P. Out-Ref. No. Price P.P. put paps. \& put

 2A MT 3AT 2.28 30p SA MT 51 AT 4.81 42p b0 Follt. All tapped at 0-19-25-33-40-80V. LA MT 103 AT 8.00 32p 4AMT106ATS.06 41 p $2 A$ M' 104 AT 8.10 32p 6AMT 107AT7.47 50p
 ADTO-TVOUR RAEGB P Power Winding tapped at Ref. No. Price P. \& P
 160 VA $\quad 0-1163-2000-220-240$ MT AAT 48.16 32P
 C-D Ignition system by R. M. Marston Pates 29 p Fegq.


 $0-20 \times 2$
$0-8.9 \times 2$ $0-15-20 \times 2$ $300 \times 2$ $\begin{array}{ll}0-15.27 \times 2 & 500 \mathrm{~mA} \times 2 \\ 0.15 .27 \times 2 & 1 \mathrm{~mA} \times 2\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{ll}0.15-27 \times 2 & 500 \mathrm{~mA} \times 2 \\ 1 \mathrm{~A} \times 2 & \text { MT } 203 \mathrm{AT} \\ 0 & \text { MT } 204 \mathrm{AT}\end{array}$ $10-12-0-12-20700 \mathrm{~mA}$ (d.c.) MT $221 \mathrm{AT}^{(4)}$ \&1.11 30 p AT indicates open universal fixing with tags; CT is open U-clamp fixing with tags; CS fe open U-clamp fixing with P.C. spills; *With interwinding gereen; tuntapped 240 V Primary; $\ddagger$ Primary tappen at $210-240 \mathrm{~V}$ other Primaries tapped at 200-220-240V.
Over 200 types in atock through agents or direct. Send for list.

DODGLAS ELECNRONICS INDUSTRIES ETD. (Dept. MO8PW)., Thamen Street, LOUKA, Lincs.


MULLARD UNILEX
EP9000 Amp E2-4t. EP9001 Pre-amp se-40. Unilex Booklet $\mathrm{EO} \cdot 25$.

SINCLAIR SUPER ICI2


Complete with free printed
44 page Instruction book.

## IC12 KITS



S-DECS AND T-DECS
The breadboards for the transistor age.
S-DECS

*2.80


All orders from this section are pott free and $15 \%$ if over $\mathrm{E} 15-00$. Official credit orders from educational estabilshments welcome.

SINCLAIR PROJECT 80


PROJECT 60 KIT
Our extremely popular kit contalns the extra capacltors, DiN plugs and sockets, cables and fuse holder needed to com

## SWANLEY ELECTRONICS

32 Goldsel Rd., Swanley, Kent.
Mall order only. Postage 37p per order on ofder: containing one or more items with prices marked with an*. Postage on other orders 40p.


## Number 30

## RCA CA3090Q Stereo Decoder

IN AUGUST 1970 this column reported on the introduction of a stereo decoder i.c., the Motorola type MC 1303 . In the interval this unit has proved very successful and certain commercial concerns are marketing decoder units based on this device. However, technology does not stand still; it was recognised that the elimination of the set of coils required in a standard stereo decoder would facilitate the assembly of units on a commercial basis.

Successful decoding demands the selection of the 19 kHz pilot tone from the audio signal developed by the discriminator stage of the f.m. tuner, followed by the reconstruction of the 38 kHz carrier by frequency doubling without degrading the phase relationship with the pilot tone. Replacement of the carrier into the 38 kHz sideband permits demodulation of the "difference" signal; the audio components of the discriminator output provide the "sum" signal.

The final stage in decoding is the reconstruction of the separate right and left channels from the "sum" and "difference" signals supplied. To reduce noise in the subcarrier $(38 \mathrm{kHz})$ regeneration process, it is desirable that sharply tuned circuits be used to reduce the bandwidth about 19 kHz when determining the pilot tone. This however, is in conflict with the requirement of phase coherence, since then slight detuning can introduce significant phase shift. Remembering that a channel separation of at least 20 dB is the minimum acceptable in a stereo decoder and that less than $10^{\circ}$ of phase shift in each of the three inductors alone can cause a reduction in channel separation approaching this figure, the care necessary in designing and aligning the coils can be estimated, even with a sound basic system such as the MCl303.

At this point it may be recalled that the introduc-


Fig. 1 : The R.C.A. type CA3090Q phase-locked loop i.c. stereo decoder block diagram and applications circuit. In domestic tuner systems the f.m. discriminator is applied across the $0.22 \mu F$ capacitor.


Fig. 2: Various methods of light indication (a) using a light emitting diade (b) PNP lamp driver (c) NPN lamp driver.
tion of monolithic silicon technology has opened an alternative route to the operation of tuned circuits, capable of eliminating to a great extent the requirements for precision LC circuits. It is, of course, the phase-locked loop circuit, first dealt with in "I.C. of the Month" in July 1971. Here, a local oscillator, whose operating frequency can be shifted by a limited amount by the application of an external voltage bias, drives a phase comparison circuit. The other input to the comparator is the external reference signal. The comparator output, a measure of frequency and phase separation of the local and the reference signal, feeds back to the local oscillator as an error voltage, correcting the local oscillator frequency.

The phasc-locked loop i.c. considered last July was the Signetics NE561B system, suitable as an a.m./f.m. demodulator. This month exactly the same circuit concept is applied to the stereo decoder problem in the new R.C.A. Type CA3090Q. It is perhaps unnecessary to point out that by a phase-lock method, the problem of phase-shift degradation of channel separation is clearly avoided, and the need for design compromise between subcarrier circuit bandwidth and signal/noise ratio circumvented.

In the CA3090Q the loop local oscillator operates at a centre frequency of 76 kHz and is followed by bistable frequency dividers, producing the 38 kHz subcarrier at first division and 19 kHz , the pilot tone frequency, at the second division. The frequency and phase comparison operation is carried out at 19 kHz by reference to the received pilot tone, and the d.c. error voltage fed back to the local oscillator to maintain phase lock. Unlike the Signetics unit, the voltage controlled local oscillator of the CA3090Q is an LC oscillator, but the coil for this circuit is the only inductor required in the whole stereo decoder system, and even then alignment is non-critical. In point of fact, a 4 kHz shift in local oscillator freerunning frequency requires a correction voltage representing some $10^{\circ}$ total subcarrier phase shift; the 40 dB . channel separation figure then achieved is highly satisfactory, Fig. 1.

Signals at 19 kHz are derived from the local oscillator by division independently for the phase comparator already mentioned and for a stereo signal presence detector circuit. When the pilot tone exceeds a preset value, corresponding to an f.m. detector output (i.e. the "composite" stereo signal comprising a.f. "sum" signal, 19 kHz pilot tone and 38 kHz suppressed carrier "difference" signal) of 40
mV , a Schmitt trigger operates, switching the i.c. into stereo mode, with demodulation of the 38 kHz signal and matrixing for channel separation, together with a suitable stereo reception signal. External indication of stereo operation is therefore directly available in a dial light, with the attractive possibility that this may be an l.e.d. solid state indicator, rather than a mere bulb, Fig. 2. A manual override to the automatic mono/stereo switching operation may be incorporated; the control voltage to secure this function is applied at pin 4 (shown earthed in Fig. 1).

The circuit incorporates an internal voltage regulator, a feature widely accepted in complex function i.c.'s since it eliminates the need for external decoupling of power supply lines, a decoupling which could well be ineffective anyway due to internal "crosstalk" on the chip. Further, in a complex circuit, the availability of pins for external connections is often a limiting factor, and economically more significant in production than a few extra transistors on the chip, which require consideration once and for all only at the design stage. The effectiveness of the internal regulation is indicated by the capability of the unit to function over a power supply voltage range of 10 to 16 volts.

Design of the actual decoder can be based on Fig. 1, which shows the actual circuit for a phase locked loop automatic stereo decoder with function indicator lamp. The coil is a 2 mH unit, and may be wound on an adjustable pot core. The complexity of the unit can be judged by the fact that it has 128 transistors! Clearly an itemised analysis of circuit function would not find a place in this note, so Fig. 1 also provides a block diagram to assist the constructor who wishes to study the system more fully. For the majority of readers, though, it will be sufficient that in this i.c. there is available a first-rate stereo decoder which is simple to apply even if highly sophisticated in design.

The unit is supplied in a 16 -pin quad-in-line plastic package, i.e. differing from the d.i.p. package in that alternate pins are displaced to provide four lines each of four pins. This facilitates the design and construction of suitable p.c. boards; it is recommended that an earth strip be left down the centre of the i.c., screening contacts on one side of the i.c. from those on the other. However, no difficulty should be experienced, even by the relative newcomer to construction, in achieving success with this unit.

#  

## TITANIC DISASTER - PART 2

Mr. Cyril Evans, examined by the Solicitor-General at the Court of Enquiry on the disaster, stated that he was the sole Marconi operator in the Californian. At 5.35 p.m. New York time, or 7.30 ship's time, he received a message from the steamship Antillian that an hour before she had seen three large icebergs to the southward. A little later he heard from the Titanic and offered her the report about the ice, and she replied. "All right, I heard the same thing from the Antillian". At 9.5 New York time, or 11 o'clock ship's time, the captain directed him to tell the Titanic that the Californian was stopped and surrounded by ice. He sent the message to the Titanic and got the reply, "Keep out." That was because the Titanic was at that moment in communication with Cape Race, and his message had caused an interruption. The Titanic, however, must have heard what he had said about the ice, because his signals were much stronger than the Cape Race signals. He next heard the Titanic say to Cape Race,
"Sorry, please repeat". The messages from the Titanic to Cape Race were private messages from the passengers.

Mr. John Durrant, Marconi operator of the Mount Temple, was another witness. In reply to the Solici-tor-General, he stated that the range of his wireless installation was 150 miles by day and 200 miles by night. On the evening of Saturday, April 13th-the day before the foundering of the Titanic-he got

H. T. Coitam, wireless operator on board the "Carpathia".


Map showing the approximate positions of the Titanic and other ships.
an official message from the captain of the Mount Temple that ice had been seen. This was the only message he received in regard to ice before the wreck.

The witness then proceeded to give from his logbook the various calls he heard sent by the Titanic and the replies to them by ships which they reached.

The first thing he heard of the Titanic was at 11 minutes past 12 o'clock (ship's time) on Sunday night, when he got the message "C.Q.D." from the Titanic, giving her position, and adding, "Come at once. Struck berg. Advise captain." He told his captain at once. After the lapse of ten minutes he had the entry, "Titanic still calling C.Q.D.", that she was asked by the Carpathia what was wrong, and replied, "Struck iceberg. Come to our position," which was given. At 12.26 a.m. he made the entry"Titanic still calling C.Q.D." At this time the Mount Temple had altered her course, and was speeding to the assistance of the Titanic. This had been done about 15 minutes after getting the first signal. At 12.34 he heard the Frankfurt answering the Titanic and the Titanic giving her position to the Frankfurt. The Titanic asked, "Are you coming to our assistance?" The Frankfurt said, "What is the matter with you?" and the Titanic answered, "Have struck an iceberg. Sinking. Come to oar help. Tell captain." The Frankfurt then said, "O.K. Will tell bridge at once", and the Titanic replied, "O.K. Yes. Quick." At 12.42 he heard the Titanic calling "S.O.S."

At a quarter to 1 o'clock he heard the Titanic sending out both calls. She then got into touch with the Caronia, and next with the Virginian.

The Solicitor-General then asked if Mr. Durrant had broken in and talked to the Titanic would he
have interrupted her messages to other ships? Yes, I never said a word after I got her position. The first rule in wireless telegraphy is "Never Interfere".

The witness, continuing the narrative from his log-book, said the Titanic called the Olympic at 12.43 a.m. The Olympic replied at 1.06 a.m. and got the message, "Get your boats ready. Going down fast by the head." At 1.11 the Frankfurt sent a message to the Titanic, "Our captain will go for you". At 1.13 he heard the Titanic working the Baltic.

The witness said the Titanic answered the Olympic, "We are putting the women off in the boats". At 1.29 the Titanic sent out a general call. "C.Q.D. Engine-room flooded". The Titanic also informed the Olympic that the sea was clear and calm. At 1.31 he heard the Frankfurt say to the Titanic, "Are there any boats round you already?" and to this the Titanic made no reply. At 1.33 he heard the Olympic send a message to the Titanic asking whether the Titanic was steering south to meet the Olympic and the reply of the Titanic was simply the code word for "Received". That was the last message that he heard from the Titanic. The messages from the Titanic did not get fainter towards the end. When the messages ceased, he thought the flooding of the engine-room had put the wireless out of condition. Most ships, including his own, carried storage batteries for use when power could not be obtained from the dynamos, and the wireless apparatus could be changed from the dynamos to the storage batteries in a minute; but the range of a wireless using storage batteries would be less than that of a wireless using dynamos.

At $1.41 \mathrm{a} . \mathrm{m}$. he heard the Frankfurt and the Russian ship, the Birma, calling the Titanic and there was no reply. At 1.56 the Olympic, the Frankfurt, and the Baltic called, and again there was no


[^7]answer from the Titanic. At 2.11 the Birma informed the Frankfurt that she was 70 miles from the Titanic. At 2.36 he made the entry, "All quiet now. The Titanic has not spoken since 1.33." At 3.11 he heard the Carpathia say, "If you are there, we are firing rockets." At 3.26 the Carpathia again called the Titanic. At 3.44 the Birma told the Frank. furt that he thought he heard the Titanic and calling her, said, "Steaming full speed to you. Shall arrive 6 in the morning. Hope you are safe. We are only 50 miles away." At 3.46 he heard the Carpathia calling again. At 4.40 he made the entry. "All quiet. We are stopped away. Pack ice." At 5.11 the Californian called "C.Q.", and he answered telling her that the Titanic had struck an iceberg and sunk, and he gave her the position. At 5.26 he heard the Californian speaking to the Frankfurt, and she replied to the same effect. His last entry was, " 8 a.m. Heard from Carpathia that she had rescued 20 boatloads".

## 羽.fll. Co. Comments

The Right Honourable Herbert Samuel, M.P., Postmaster-General, referring to the disaster at the dinner of the London Chamber of Commerce on April 18th, 1912, said:
"Those who had been saved had been saved through one man, Mr. Marconi, whose wonderful invention was proving not only of infinite social and commercial value, but of the highest humanitarian values as well." He had seen it stated that in the United States of America the efficiency of the wireless telegraphy service had been impaired by lack of regulation. He did not know whether that was well founded or not, but as Postmaster-General he could assure them that such disturbance was impossible here. Parliament had given the Post-master-General a complete control over the use of wireless telegraphy, and no one could operate or establish a station without the Postmaster-General's licence, which was only very sparingly given, and for purposes of experiment and research and under such conditions which precluded disturbance of commercial or humanitarian messages. Round the coast, in charge of his department, there was a girdle of wireless stations which were in constant communication with the telegraphic services of the country and with the life-saving stations. No fewer than 400 liners had been equipped with wireless apparatus, including a certain number of cargo vessels. All the operators on these ships were required to hold a Post Office Certificate of Efficiency, and to answer immediately any signals of distress, and under conditions which, as far as possible, precluded interference with one another.

## Thaid Sarnoff

David Sarnoff was on duty at the Marconi Wireless Telegraph Co. of America station at Saisconset on Nantucket Island. On the night of April 14, 1912, he picked up the messages that told of Titanic's distress signals and he stayed on duty continuously for 72 hours so that he could relay messages from the rescue ship to the rest of the world.

Brig. General David Sarnoff, born in a small village near Minsk in Russia, in 1891, and former Chairman of the Board of R.C.A. passed away on December 12th, 1971.

# See the world as a skilled technician. 

## 250 apprenticeships available

Apply now for a skilled technician apprenticeship in the Royal Navy. You'll be given just about the finest technician training - with the opportunity to take your O.N.C.

Within a few years you'll be maintaining and operating vital Navy equipment: radar, missiles, electronic systems, computers, gas turbines, aircraft.

Completion of training will bring you a salary over $£ 2,000$ a year. With plenty more to come.

You'll have a great time, with world travel, sport and adventure.

And, with your training, you'd be sure to get a good job when you return to civilian life.

So, if you're $15 \frac{1}{2}-21$, and of ' $O$ ' level standard in Maths, and Science or English - or have a good C.S.E. in certain subjects - there's a great future for you in the Navy. Send now for the free booklet.

Our next Apprentice entry is in September.



BELLING LEE INSULATED TERMINALS. Red or Black, 5 amp. max. 10 p pair, pp $3 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{p}$ BERCOSTAT WIREWOUND RHEOSTAT. 50 volt, $800 \Omega 25$ watts, $2^{\prime \prime}$ dia. 25p. pp $7 \frac{1}{4} \mathrm{p}$
FINNED ALUMINIUM HEATSINK $9^{\prime \prime}$ i $13^{3 \prime \prime}$, Readiy Drilled. 20p, pp $6 \frac{1}{2} p$
SMITHS CIRCULAR TAPE POSITION INDICATORS Resetable, $50 \mathrm{p}, \mathrm{pp} 5 \mathrm{p}$.
G.E.C. 5 AMP 240 VOLT A.C. CIRCUIT BREAKER. 75p, pp $10 \frac{5}{2} p$.
SUB MIN CROC CLIPS. Red or Black, insulated 4 p . Min. quantity, 6 pp. $3 \frac{1}{2} p$
GARRARD MAG TAPE DECKS : $17 \mathrm{ips}, 50 \mathrm{v}$ solenoid operated brakes etc., Mains voltage motors $£ \% \cdot 50$ each, pp $£ 1 \cdot 23$.
42" ${ }^{\prime \prime}$ PLANNAIR FANS. Coniplete, capacitor, exequip. 2,800 r.p.m. $£ 3.50$, pp 40 p .
ELECTRIC MOTORS, HOOVER OR CROMPTON PARKINSON. 250 v . Single Phase A.C.
$\frac{1}{4}$ h.p. $\quad 1,440$ r.p.m. $£ 3.75$ pp $£ 1 \cdot 00$
$\frac{1}{3} \mathrm{~h} . \mathrm{p} .1,495$ r.p.m. or 2,800 r.p.m. $\mathbf{~} 6 \cdot 75$ ppel-25

AUDIO CONNECTORS
3 pin Din Plug
$13 p$ each
5 pin Din Plug A trpe, $B$ type
2 pin Din Speaker Piug/socket
3 pin Din Line Socket
$\mathbf{3 . 5 m m}$ Jack Plug Screened
Standard Jack Plug
Screened Standard Jack Plugs
Stereo Jaok Plug
Screened Stereo Jack Plug 18 p
10 p

Phono Plugs: Red or Black 3p each.
pp on above items $3 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{p}$.
B.S.R. MNI AUTO-CHANGER.
B.S.R. MINI AUTO-CHANGER
Mono Cartridge $24 \cdot 75 \mathrm{pp} 30 \mathrm{p}$.

Mono Cartidge
MAINS NEONS.
Red or Qreen. Size: $\frac{1}{2}{ }^{\prime \prime} \times 1 \frac{1^{\prime \prime}}{} 15 \mathrm{p}$, pp $3 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{p}$ :
LEVER AOTION P. 0.1000 TYPE SWITCHES.
Loek 4-pole changeover 15p, pp ${ }^{\frac{1}{2}} \mathrm{p}$. (ex-equip.)
Lock 2 Pole Changeover 10p pp $3 \frac{\mathrm{~L}}{2} \mathrm{p}$. (ex-equip.)
AUDIO LEADS
Screened Phono Leads $46^{\prime \prime}$ long, $15 p$
$3 \cdot 5 \mathrm{~mm}$ JACK $/ 3 \cdot 5 \mathrm{~mm}$ JACK $7^{\prime} 6^{\prime \prime}$ long 40 p
5-Pin Din A Type, 5-PIN A TYPE. Approx 5'long
70p. pp above items $5 \frac{1}{2} p$.
PIEZO DYNAMIC MICROPHONE
MULLARD SCREW TERMINAL CAPACTIORS. MULLARD SCREW TERMINAL CAPACTTORS. 4,500 uf 64 v . 7100 uf 40 v . 50 p each pl 10 p .
BELLING LEE 15 amp
interference suppressor $25 p \mathrm{pp}$
8 p . interference suppressor 25p pp 8 p .
RUBBER 3 PIN 5 AMP NON REVERSIBLE CABLE CONNECTORS 20p pp $5 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{p}$.
FIBRE GLASS TAPE $3^{\prime \prime}$ wide 50 yd. roll. 50 p pp 20 p .
SOLENOIDS 12 VOLT PULL ACTION
$2^{\prime \prime} \times 1^{\prime \prime} \times$ al $^{\prime \prime} 40 \mathrm{p}$ pp 8p.
STC SEALED RELAYS DOUBLE POLE
CHANGEOVER
quip. 15p pp 5p.
SIEMENS MINIATURE RELAY. Double pole changeover dust cover/base $48 \mathrm{v} 250050 \mathrm{p} \mu \mathrm{p} 5 \mathrm{p}$ new. STC MINLATURE RELAY $280 \Omega$ Perspex Cover $6-15 \mathrm{v}$ new, 35 p pp 5 p .
GARDNER'S POTTED TRANSFORMER $0-250 \mathrm{v}$ Input: $18 \mathrm{v} 500 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{n} 50 \mathrm{v} 150 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{a}, 6 \mathrm{v} 250 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{a}$ Output, Size $3^{\prime \prime} \times \because_{1} \times 21^{\prime \prime}, £ 1 \cdot 00$, pp 20 p . Ex equip tested. TELESCOPIC AERIALS
Chromed $\mathfrak{F}^{\prime \prime}$ closed $28^{\prime \prime}$ extended 6 section ball jointed base 23p pp 8p new.
MULLARD 4 DM 160 INDICATORS in plastic holder/cover ex-equip. size approx. $13^{\prime \prime} \times 12^{1 / 2} \times \frac{1^{\prime \prime}}{8}$ 36p pp 8p.
PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARD/19 ACY 19's 100 A200 Diodes: 1 reed relay; 1 AZ 229 zenner ass. capacitor/
resistors. Power supply $22 \mathrm{v} 250 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{A}$ DC. Output 240 v . AC $£ 1$ pp 20 p ex-equip.
TOGGLE SWITCHES. Single pole Double Throw ex-equip. new condition. 50 p doz. pp 13 p .
PAINTON PLUG SOCKETS Type 159 series working voltage 350 s AC/DC ourrent max. $3 \mathrm{amp} \mathrm{AC} / \mathrm{DC}$ 7 pin plug \& socket 50p pp $6 p .1 \bar{p}$ pin plug \& socket
£1 pp 6p. 31 WAY PLUG \& SOCKET. £1.50. x1 pp
po 6 p. CASH WITH ORDER PLEASE

## FIELD <br> ELECTRIC LIMITED

3 Shenley Road,
Borehamwood, Herts.
Adjacent Elstree Mainline Station Tel: 01-953 6009.

## C. HADLEY 24, WOODHILL, HARLOW, ESSEX <br> Add 5p. P. \& P, Price list 10 p or free with orders.

All our stocks are brand new with money back guarantee

| AC107 ${ }^{15 \mathrm{p}}$ | BC108 | 8 p | BFY51 | ${ }^{12 \mathrm{p}}$ | OC81 | ${ }_{12 p}$ | 2646 | 47p | AD161, AD162 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ACLEt 13p | BC109 | 8 p | BSY95A | 15p |  | 13 p | 2N2926 | 10 p |  |  |
| ACl27 17p | BC154 | 20p | ME0402 | 18p | OC81D | 13p | $2 \mathrm{~N} 30 \overline{3}$ | 20p |  |  |
| ACL 8 13p | ${ }^{\text {BC168 }}$ | 10p | ME0404 | 14 p | OC83 | 20 p | 2N30̄ö | 49p | 10 plus | 55p |
| AC176 25p | BC169 | 11p | ME4101 | 10 p | Oc170 | 24 p | 2 N 3702 | 13p |  |  |
| ACl4 K ${ }^{\text {a }}$ 20 | BCL 812 | 8 p | ME4102 | 12 p |  | ${ }_{25 p}^{25 p}$ | 2N3704 | 13p |  |  |
| ACl43K 20 p | BC183L | 8 p | ME6002 | 14 p | OC201 |  | 40251 | 49p |  |  |
| AD1昂 40p | BC184L | $8 \mathrm{8p}$ | ME6101 | 14 D |  | 28p | 40636 | 55p | BCl07 |  |
| ADLEO 4 4p | BC212L | 8 p | ME6102 | 15 p | OC25 |  | IN4001 | 4 p |  |  |
| ${ }_{\text {AD161 }}{ }_{\text {AD16 }} \mathbf{M} / \mathrm{P} 58 \mathrm{p}$ |  | 89p | MP8111 | ${ }^{32 \mathrm{p}}$ | OC29 | ${ }^{36 p}$ | IN4002 | $4 \mathrm{4p}$ |  |  |
|  | ${ }^{\text {EDP16 }}$ | 79p | MP8511 | ${ }^{34 \mathrm{p}}$ |  | ${ }^{28 p}$ | IN 1003 | ${ }^{5 p}$ |  | ${ }_{6 \mathrm{p}}$ |
| $\begin{array}{ll}\text { AL102 } \\ \text { AL103 } & \text { 59p } \\ 498\end{array}$ | ${ }^{\text {BDI } 130}$ | 66p | ${ }_{\text {OLP5 }}$ | 45 p 13 p | ${ }^{\text {OC3F }}$ | 86p | IN4004 OA90 | ${ }_{6 p}^{7 p}$ |  |  |
| AU103 85p | BD131 | 59p | OC44 | 13p | -N1171 | 24p | OA91 | 6 p |  |  |
| AV111 95p | BF194 | 15p | 0 C 45 | 13p | 2N1304 | 25 p | IN4148 |  | BC182L range |  |
| BC107 8p | BFY50 | 15p | 0 C 71 | 12p | 2N1305 | 25 p | w02 | 32p |  |  |
|  ${ }_{3}^{2} \frac{1}{\mathrm{p}}$. $1 \mu \mathrm{~F}, 4 \mathrm{p} \cdot 0 \cdot 15 \mu \mathrm{~F} \cdot 0 \cdot 22 \mu \mathrm{~F}, 5 \mathrm{p} .0 \cdot 33 \mu \mathrm{~F}, 6 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{p} \cdot 0 \cdot 47 \mathrm{~F}_{\mathrm{F}}, 8 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{p} \cdot 0 \cdot 68 \mu \mathrm{~F}, 11 \mathrm{p} .1 \cdot 0 \mu \mathrm{~F}, 13 \mathrm{p}$. $1 \cdot 5 \mu \mathrm{~F}, 20 \mathrm{p} .2 \cdot 2 \mu \mathrm{~F}, 24 \mathrm{p}$. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }_{10}^{1-9}$ plus |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Miniature Fixed Ceramic Plate. C333 series, 3p each. <br> 63 V dc wkg. $1.8 \mathrm{pF}, 3 \cdot 2 \mathrm{pF}, 2.7 \mathrm{pF}, 3.3 \mathrm{pF}, 3.9 \mathrm{pF}, 4.7 \mathrm{pF}, 5.6 \mathrm{pF}, 6.8 \mathrm{pF}, 8.2 \mathrm{pF}, 10 \mathrm{pF}$ <br> $12 \mathrm{pF}, 15 \mathrm{pF}, 18 \mathrm{pF}, 224 \mathrm{pF}, 22 \mathrm{pF}, 33 \mathrm{pF}, 39 \mathrm{pF}, 47 \mathrm{pF}, 56 \mathrm{pF}, 68 \mathrm{pF}, 82 \mathrm{pF}, 100 \mathrm{pF}$, <br> 120 p F. $150 \mathrm{pF}, 180 \mathrm{pF}, 220 \mathrm{pF}, 27 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{FF}, 330 \mathrm{pF}$. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 10 plus | ${ }_{30 \mathrm{p}}^{32 \mathrm{p}}$ |
| ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITORS MULLARD C426 SERIES 6p each $(\mu \mathrm{F} / \mathrm{V}) 10 / 2 \cdot 5,40 / 2 \cdot 5,80 / 2 \cdot 5,160 / 2 \cdot 5,320 / 2 \cdot 5,500 / 2 \cdot 5,8 / 4,32 / 4,64 / 4,125 / 4,250 / 4$, 400/4, $6 \cdot 4 / 6 \cdot 4.25 / 6 \cdot 4,50 j \% \cdot 4,100 / 6 \cdot 4,200 / 6 \cdot 4,320 / 6 \cdot 4.4 / 10.16 / 10,32 / 10,64 / 10$ $125 / 10,200 / 10,2 \cdot 5 / 16,10 / 16,20 / 16,40 / 16,80 / 16,125 / 16,1 \cdot 6 / 25,6 / 4 / 25,125 / 25$, $25 / 25,50 / 25,80 / 25,1 / 40,4 / 40,8 / 40,10 / 40,32 / 40,50 / 40,0 \cdot 64 / 64,2 \cdot 5 / 64,5 / 64,10 / 64$, 20/64, 32/64. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 10 plus | 28 p |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| MULLARD C437 SERIES <br> $100 / 40,160 / 25.250 / 16,400 / 10,640 / 6 \cdot 4,800 / 4,1000 / 2.5,9 p .100 / 64,160 / 40,-250 / 25$, <br> $400 / 16,640 / 10.1250 / 4,1000 / 6 \cdot 4,1600 / 2 \cdot 5,12 \mathrm{p} .160 / 64,250 / 40,400 / 2 \cdot 5,540 / 16$, <br> $2000 / 4,1000 / 10,1600 / 6 \cdot 4.2500 / 2 \cdot 5,15$ p. $250 / 64,400 / 40,640 / 25,3200 / 4,1000 / 16$, <br> $1600 / 10,2500 / 6 \cdot 4,4000 / 2 \cdot 5,18 \mathrm{p}$. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{1-9}$ |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 10 plus | 6p |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| RESISTORS |  |  |  | BARGAIN TTL's |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 watt to ${ }^{1} 0^{\circ} \mathrm{c}$ carbon |  |  | 1p each | 7400 , | $01,02,03,04,10,20,30.40,50,$ |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{lr} 1-9 & 10 \mathrm{p} \\ 10 \text { plus } & 8 \mathrm{p} \end{array}$ |  |
| i watt $10 \%$ car range 2.20 hms to |  |  | 1 peach | 51, 53 7442, | $\begin{aligned} & 54 \\ & 70,72,73, \end{aligned}$ | $4,76$ | $86 . \quad 35 \mathrm{p}$ | each |  |  |
| triple ratert $\frac{1}{2}-\frac{1}{2}-\frac{1}{2}$, tin oxide $\pm 2 \%$ range 10 ohms to 1 meg . |  |  |  | $\star$ Super Low Priced Linear I.C's |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | DILT099 |  |  |  |  |  |
| MINIATURE NEON LAMPS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 741 c |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | 741 c |  |  |  |  | 10 plus |  |
| SB1725 0.6 mA | or 115\% |  |  | 747 e | DIL |  |  |  |  |  |



## LOUDSPEAKER

## BARGAINS

Fane Pop 100 watt $18^{\prime \prime} 8.15$ ohm
Fane Pop 60 watt $15^{\prime \prime} 8 / 15$ ohm
Fane Pop 50 watt $12^{\prime \prime} 8 / 15$ ohm
Fane Pop 25/2 $12^{\prime \prime} 25$ watts
Fane Pop $1512^{\prime \prime} 10$ watts
Top $2012^{\prime \prime} 25$ watt 8 ot 15 ohm
Hiten $10^{\prime \prime} 10$ watt 8 or 15 ohm
Baker Group $2512^{\prime \prime} 25$ watt 8
Baker Group $2512^{\prime \prime} 25$ watt 8 or $15^{\circ} \mathrm{ohm}$.
EMI $13 \times 8,3,8$ or 15 ohm
EMI $13 \times 8,3,8$ or 15 ohm
EMI $13 \times 8$ twin tweeter 3,8 or 15 ohm
Celestion $8^{\prime \prime}$ Round 15 ohm
Celestion PS8 for Unilex
Richard Allan $8^{\prime \prime} 3$ or 15 ohm
Fane $8^{\prime \prime}$ dual cone 8 ohm
Elac $6 \frac{1^{\prime \prime}}{2}$ dual cone 8 ohm Cer. mag
Philips $\mathrm{Hi}-\mathrm{Fi} 20$ watt type EL7032 dual
cone $12^{\prime \prime} 35-17000 \mathrm{hz}$.
cone 12" $35-17000 \mathrm{hz}$.
Eac 59RM109
$7 \times 4,3$ or 8 oh'
7
$10 \times 6,3,8$ ot 15 ohms
Elac $8 \times 5$ 58E/172 3 ohm
Goodmans 8P, 8 or 15 ohm
Good mans top, 8 or 15 ohm
Good mans 12P; 8 or 15 ohm
Goodmans 15P, 8 or 15 ohm
Goodmans $18 \mathrm{P}, 8$ or 15 ohm
$12^{\prime \prime}$ round 3 or 15 ohms
FREE with orders over $\mathbf{5 6 - ' H i - F i}$ Loudspeake Enclosures' book.

All units guaranteed new and perfect.


AUDIO, M. o. Dept.
10 Swan St., Wilmslow, Cheshire, SK9 1HF

## U.H.F. T.V. AERIALS

 sUITABLE For Colour and mono.
 aisd uins buck ment reffector. LOFT MOUNTING ARRAYS 7 element $2 \cdot 25$. 11 element 2.75 . W element 3.25 . 18 element 3.75 .
WALL MOUNTING C/W 7 element $3 \cdot 25$. 11 element $3 \cdot 75$. 14 element 4:25. 18 element $4 \cdot 75$. CHMMNEYMOUNTING ARRAYS c/w MAST \& LASHING KIT. 7 element $4 \cdot 00$. 11 element $4 \cdot 50$.
14 element $4 \cdot 75$. 18 element $5 \cdot 25$. MAST 14 element $4 \cdot 75$. 18 element $5 \cdot 25$. MAST 11 element $2 \cdot 75$. 14 element $3 \cdot 25$. 18 element $3 \cdot 75$. Complete assembly instructions with every aerial. LOW LOSS coaxial cable 9mp Yd. KING TELEBOOSTERS from $3 \cdot 75$. LABGEAR all band V.H.F.-U.H.F.-F.M. radio mains operated pre-amps 7-50. State clearly channel number required on all orders. P.p. on all aerials 50 np . Accs. 15 np C.W.O. Min. C.O.D. charge $25 n \mathrm{n}$. BBC-ITV-FM AERIALS
BBC (band 1) Wall S/D $2 \cdot 00$. LOFT inverted 'T' $1 \cdot 25$. EXTERNAL 'H' array only $3 \cdot 00$. ITV band 3) 5 element loft array 2.50 . 7 element $3 \cdot 00$. COMBINED BBC-ITV,
loft $1+52 \cdot 75.1+73 \cdot 50$. WALL \& CHIMNEY UNITS ALSOAVAILABLE. Pre-amps from 3.75. COMBINED U.H.F. ${ }^{2}$ V.H.F. aerials $1+5+9 \quad 4 \cdot 00.1+5+14$
$1+7+145 \cdot 00$. F.M. RADIO loft S/D
4•50. 3 element $3 \cdot 25$. 4 element 3.50 . Standard coaxial plugs 9np. Coaxial cable 5 np yd.
Outlet box 30np. P.p. all aerials 50 mp . Outlet box 30np. P.p. all aerials 50np.
Accs. 30np. C.W.O. Min. C.O.D. charge Accs. 30np. C.W.O. Min. C.O.D. charge
25 np . Send 5 np for fully illustrated lists. CALLERS WELCOMED
OPEN ALL DAY SATURDAY
K.V.A. ELECTRONICS

40-41 MONARCH PARADE, LONDON ROAD, MITCHAM, SURREY Telephone 01-648 4884
E.M.I. $13 \frac{1}{2} \times$ 8in LOUDSPEAKERS

10 watts, 8 ohms with crossover and two tweeters
GOODMANS AXIOM 301
20 watts, 8 ohms, $12^{\prime \prime} 30-16 \mathrm{kc} / \mathrm{s}$.
E21-00. P. \&P. 50p. Limited number. Cancelied export order.
7" E.M.I. PROFESSIONAL LONG
PLAY TAPE 1,200 ft
£1-25. P. \& P. 25p.
FANE 13" $\times 8^{\prime \prime}$
15 watt. 8 ohms. Dual cone
$£ 3.00$. P. \& P. $40_{0}$.

## BUSH ARENA HI-FI <br> STEREO AMPLIFIER

10 watts R.M.S. per channel. ${ }^{25-20,000 H z}$. - 3 db . Harmonic distortion less than $1 \%$.
$£ 32.00$. P. \& P. 75 p .

TRIO AMPLIFIERKA 2000A
£37.50. P. \& P. 75p.

## TRIO KT 1000A TUNER

£56.50. P. \& P. 75p.
TRIO KT 2001 TUNER
f63-50. P. \& P. 75p.

## TRIO KA 4002 AMP.

£57.50. P. \& P. 75p.

## E.M.I. SPEAKERS

$13^{\prime \prime} \times 8^{\prime \prime}+$ Tweeters. Fitted in Teak cabinets. 10 watts, 8 ohms.
£22-50 Pair. P. \& P. 75p.

## 100 WATT ALL-PURPOSE AMPLIFIER

$\star 100$ watts continuous sine wave output into 8 ohms. $\star 4$ high impedance inputs, allowing mixing facilities for all types of equipment to match any signal Input 2100 mV cartridge radio tuner, etc ceramic input 2100 mV , cartridge radio tuner, etc
Input 35 mV Suitable for all mics and guitars. Input 45 mV \} Input impedance 100 K . $\star$ Separate volume controls on each input. $\star$ Master volume, treble and bass controls. $\star 40 \mathrm{db}$ variation on treble control at 12 KHz . 40 db variation on bass control at 60 Hz . $\star$ Frequency response $20 \mathrm{~Hz}-25 \mathrm{KHz} \pm \mathbf{2 d b}$ $\star$ Short and open circuit protection on output stage $\star$ Standard $240 \mathrm{~V}-120 \mathrm{~V}$ mains operation. £54-20. Post paid.

## 50 WATT ALL-PURPOSE AMPLIFIER

$\star 50$ watts continuous sine wave output into $8-15 \mathrm{ohms}$. *One dual input high galn channel with individual volume control, matches any mic, guitar, etc.
Sensitivity 5 mV into 500 K .
*One dual input low gain channel with individual volume control, matches crystal or ceramic cart-
ridge, radio tuner, etc. Sensitivity 100 mV into 500 K . * Master volume, treble and bass controls. $\star 35 \mathrm{db}$ variation on treble control at 12 KHz . 34 db variation on bass control at 60 Hz . $\star$ Frequency response $20 \mathrm{~Hz}-30 \mathrm{KHz} \pm 2 \mathrm{db}$. $\star$ Short and open circuit protection on output $\star$ Standard 240 volt mains operation. $\star \begin{aligned} & \mathrm{E} 6.65 \text {. Post paid. }\end{aligned}$

AMSTRAD 8000 MK 11 £16.50. P. \& P. 50p.

## AMSTRAD IC2000

£27.50. P. \& P. 50p.

## H.L. AUDIO SA707

E16-50. P. \& P. 50p.
AMSTRAD 138 SPEAKER SYSTEM £18-00 Pair. P. \& P. £1-25

PLYNTHS \& COVERS
For SP25, MP60, 2025, SL65B, 3000. £3-20. P. \& P. 35 p.

## STEREO HEAD PHONES

Binatone $\mathrm{ER}^{2} 60$.
 Post free.
E.M.I. $13^{\prime \prime} \times 8^{\prime \prime}$ BASS SPEAKERS 12 watts R.M.S. 8 ohms with cross over.
$\mathrm{x5} .00$. P. \& P. 50 p.

- P. \&P. 50p.


## ELAC

10 watts. With $8^{\prime \prime}$ round metal tweeter. 8 ohms.
£3.00. P. \& P. 40 p. £3.00. P. \& P. 40p.

SP25 MK I!
£12.00. P. \& P. 50p.
2025T/C
with cartridge. £9.00. P. \& P. 50p.
S.A.E. FOR LEAFLETS

## Limunale Radio

© 48 HOE STREET LONDON E. 17 01-520-7546


ELECTRONIC ORGAN

imply blow atir over mouthoctronic organs thai Fully transistorised, SELF CONTATNED LODDSPEAKER. Fafteen separate keys span Texas", play "Silent Night", "Flay "Aulat Rose of Texas", play "Silent Night", play "Auld Lang
Syne" elc. etc. You have the thrill and excitement of building it together with the pleasure of playing a real, live, portable electronic organ. Jo PREVIODS KNOWLEDGE OF ELECTRONRCS NEEDED. No soldering necessary, Simple as ABC to make. Anyone over nine years can build it easily in one thort evening follouving the fully illuztrated
step-by-step, simple instructions. ONLY 88.25 ep-oy-step, simple instructions. ONLY $£ 8 \cdot 25$
$+\quad 25 \mathrm{p}$. \& p. for kit. including case $+25 \mathrm{p} p$. ${ }^{\&} \mathrm{p}$. for kit, including case, nuts, standard battery (parts available eeparately). Have all the pleasure of making it yourseli, finish with an exciting gift for someone.
Find buried treasure with this READY BUILT \& TESTED TREASURE LOCATOR MODULE
onis $£ 4 \cdot 95$ F ULLE
TRANSI TORISED PRINTED OIRCUIT

## METAL DETEC

TOR MODULE. Ready outh
and teated-just plug in a PP3 battery and phones and it's worising. Prit it in a case screw a handle on and YOD EAVE A
PORTABLE TREASDRE LOCATOR EASILY WORTH ABODT £20! Extremely sensitive -penetrates through earth, sand, rock, water, etc- EABILY LOCATES COINS, GOLD, SILVER, JEWELLERY, HISTORI CAL RELICS, BURIED PIPES, ETC. Signals exact location by "beep" pitch increasing as you near buried metallic objects. So sersittive it will detect certain GROUND buried SEVERAL FEET BELOW GROUND I GIVES CLEAR SIGNAL ON (High quality Danish Stethoscope head phones quality Danish Stethoscope headEXAMIME AT HOME FOR 7 DAYs. FOUR MONEY REFDNDED IT FULL IF NOT $100 \%$ DELIGETED.


CONCORD ELECTRONICS

PIND BURIED TREASURE!
Transistorised Treasure Locator
This fully portable transis torised metal locator detects
and tracks down buried metal and tracks down buried metal objects-it signals exact loca-
tion with loud audible sonnd (no phones used)-uses any tranaistor radio which flts inside-no connections needed. FINDS GOLD, SILVER, COINS, JEWELLEA X,
ARCEAEOLOGICAL PIECES ARCEAEOLOGICAL PIECES ENC. EXC. Eatremely sensi-
tive, will signal presence of certain objects buried ONLX.
PO.
ledge of radio or elec. for 0 ronies required. Can be suilt with eate in one short evening by anybody rom nine years of age upwards, with the clear, easy to follow, step-by-step, fully illustrated instructions-Uses standard PP3 battery, No soldering necessary. Kit ncludes
$22 \cdot 85+25 \mathrm{p}$ p. p . p. (Eectional handle as illustrated 05p extra). Parts avallable teparately. Made up looks worth \&151
Etvesdrop on the exciting world
of Aircraft Communications of Aircraft Communications
VAI.F. AIRCRAFT BAND ONLX CONVERTOR forgh Listen in to AIRJETPLANES. Eavesdrop on -xciling cross talk between pilots, cround approach control, airport tower, Hear for yourself the disciplined voices hiding tenseneas on talk downs. Be with them when ther have to take nerve the international diatress frequency, Covers the aircraft frequency band including WEATHROW, GATWICK, LDTON, EINGA BELL. This fantastic fully transistorised instrument can be buill by anyone over nine in under two hours. No soldering necessary. Fully illustrated simple instructions take you step-by-step. Uses standard PP3 battery, All you do is extend rod aerial, place close to any ordinary medium wave radio (even
tiny portables). NO CONR EVER NERDED SEND ONLY $82.85+$ $20 \mathrm{p} p$, $\&$ p. for kit including case, nuts, screws, wire, etc. etc. (parts available eeparately).

SOOTHE YOUR NERVES. RELAX WITH THIS AMAZING RELAXATRON

## CUTS OUT NOISE POL-

 LUTION-SOOTHES YOUR estimate the Doses of this fanestimate the uses of this fanRELAXATRON Is basically a pink noise generator, Besides extrancous unwanted sounds extraneous unwanted sounds, properties. For instance, many people find a rainstorm mysteriously relaxing, a large directly traced to the sound of falling rain-drops!-a well known type of pink noise. IF YOU WORK IN NOISY OR DIS: TRACTING SURROVNDINGS, IF YOU HAVE TROUBLE CONCENTRATING, JF YOU FEEL TENGED, UNABLE TO RE-LAX-then build this fantastic Relaxatron. Once used you will never want to be without dt-TAKE IT ANYWHERE. Uses standard PP3 batteries (current used so stral BE EASILY BUILT BY ANYONE OVER 12 YEARS OF AGE using our unique, step-bystep, fully illuatrated plans. No soldering necessary, All parts including case, a pair of crystal phones. Components, nuts, screws, wire, etc. no soldering.BUILD 5 RADIO AND
ELECTRONIC PROJECTS

## mil $£ 2: 45$




## unitsat lowest prices?"..

## TOP VA\&UE • TBP RUAMGY ACCESSORIES THAT EVERY HI-FI ENTHUSIAST NEEDS TO COMPLETE HIS SYSTEM


R. 328 Stereo headphone If you're starting in hi-fi, and you discovel the need for a pair of really good stereo headprice you can aflord Thay hav price you can aflord. Thay have

Every item shown here is the best of its kind within its price range. Buy them separately or at the samedime as the other top-value audio products listed. plug. Frequency range a $30-1500 \mathrm{cos}$ cord and jack plug. Frequency range $30-15.000 \mathrm{~Hz}$. Impedance 8 ohrms per channel. ROC PRICE £2.95

## EAGLE SE-30 HEADPHONE

 HEADPHONE This made is for the more discriminating listener. For astart the ffequancy range ex-
tends from 30 to $16,000 \mathrm{~Hz}$ And
can adjust the volums of each earpiece independenily. There's also a mono/stereo switch. For maximum comfort. the ear cushions
covered in soft leathers. ROC PRICE


## TEC HR-007 PHONE RAOIO

 When you want to listen to the radia all by yourself. Then this will solve the problem. Separate volume and tuning controls with easy-to-use knobs. Frequency range is 535 to 1605 kHz medium wave band. Maximum output is 300 mW .Normal Price 99.45 RDC PRICE f5-80


EAGLE
8-TRACK
8-TRACK
CAR
STEREO PLAYER, CS. 8 Drive to the sound of music - with this fabulous 8. Track Cartidge Player. It gives you superb tone and power to fill the car with stereo sound. Ideal for use with R. 151 or R. 152 speakers. Complete with all mounting accessories. For negative earth alectrical systems only. Output: 2.5 watts per channel. Frequency range: 70.90 .000 Hz . Wow and flutter: less than $0.3 \%$. Tape speed: $3.5 \mathrm{~cm} / \mathrm{sec}$. Channal salector: automatic with manual over-nde. Mounting dimensions: $5 \frac{31^{\prime \prime}}{2} \times 5 \frac{1}{2}{ }^{17} \times$ $24 \mathrm{t}^{\circ}$ ROC PRICE f 27.20

## "'WATTS'"

RECORO CLEANERS
The original "Dust Bug"
Automatic Record Cleaner
keeps your-records clean as
they play. f1.20 watts Disc (3) f- new records like new -相 $\begin{aligned} & \text { for perfect } \\ & \text { dustion. } 35 \text { p }\end{aligned}$

## - R. 307 TRANSI IZED STERE

IZED STERE
PhE-AMPLIFIER
PBE-AMPLIFFER
Now your amplifier
Now your amplifier
that could only reprod
that could only reproduce
ceramic or cfystal pick-up cartridges, c ridges! The A .307 stens up signal cartridges: The R. 307 steps up signals from between $5-20 \mathrm{mV}$ to $200-800 \mathrm{mV}$. Input:
$5-20 \mathrm{mV}$. Equalisation: RIAA Dutput: $5-20 \mathrm{mV}$. Equalisation: RIAA. Dutput: $200-800 \mathrm{mV}$ flat, Frequency range: 20 -
 Supply: 240 VAC. ROC PRICE 4.92 -15-FDOT STEREO HEADPHONE Fr. Fitted with haavy duty , $\Rightarrow 3$-circuit sterao plug at one end and a matching stereo socket at the other. ROC PRICE $£ 4.30$ STEREO HEADPMONE " $Y$ " AOAPTOR R. 361 Enables you to use two sets of stereo hioadphones from a single socket. Fitted with male plug and two female
sockets. ROC PRICE 130

R. 186 STERED HEAD. PHONE JUNCTION BOX of headghones you want easy, fingertip control fof headphones and loudspeakers, here's the idea solution to the problem. All you do is connect
it to your speakers and amplifier, plug in your headphones-and you're ready to take over! At the hick of a slide switch, you can have headphones alons, or speakers alone, or both together. Input: suitable for use with amplifiers rated
 ROC PRICE 5950
R. 151 STERED CAR SPEAKERS Smart black, tough. plastic cases. each containing a high flux 110 mm diamater speaker unit. Just what you need to 90 with the Cartridge Player or any other cer stereo system. Fitted with over throe yards of connecting cable. Dimensions: $6 t^{\prime \prime} \times 5 \frac{37^{\prime \prime}}{} \times 3 \frac{1}{2}^{2}$. Impedper speaker. ROC PRICE E3.72

## R. 152 STERED CAR

SPEAKERS
These sloping front
speakers match the CS. 8 Cartridge Player or any
other car stereo system. Fitted with high Flux 110 mm diameter speaker unit, and over threa yards of connecting cable. Oimensions: $6 \mathrm{H}^{\prime \prime} \times$ $6 \frac{12^{\prime \prime}}{} \times 35^{\prime \prime \prime}$. Impedance: 8 ohims per speaker. Rating: 5 watts max, per speaker.
ROC PAICE 5496
EAGLE LC. 05 STEREO MAGNETIC CARTRIDGE For fabulous reproduc-
tion at a very low price, tion at a very low price,
. you'll find it hard to beat you'll find it hard to beat.
0.7 mil diamond stylus. put: 6 mV per channel. Frequency range $30.18,000 \mathrm{~Hz}$ Channel balance: $\pm 1.5 \mathrm{~dB}$ Channel separation: 20 dB . Recommended stylus pressurs: $2-4$ grams. Compliance:
$9 \times 10.6 \mathrm{~cm} / \mathrm{dyne}$. ROC PRICEE475
 to own e transcription cartridge for the price of a ceramic! Is specially designed to match top quality tone arms, and to gat the very best from your hi-fi amplifier 0.7 mil diamond stylus. Dutput: 7 mV per channel. Frequency range: 20-21,000 Hz . Channel helance: $\pm 1 \mathrm{~dB}$. Channel separa. tion: 28 dB . Compliance: $12 \times 10.6 \mathrm{~cm} / \mathrm{dy}$. $\begin{array}{r}\text { ROC PRICE f.6.37 } \\ \hline\end{array}$

R.OAB
MATCHED
STEREO STEREO
IOUD-STOUD-
SPEAKERS Here's real
valua in stereo speakers! Each unit comes complete with 10 -foot lead and phono plug, and look really smart. Power handling par Frequency range: 40-16 woits peak deasity. 8500 oues. density: 8.500 gauss. Impedatce: 8 ohms Cimensions: $9^{" 7}$ high, $5 \frac{1}{2}$ " wide. $4 \frac{3^{\prime \prime}}{}$ deep. ROE PRICE 9.50 pair

ROCELEOTRONIOSLTD
M.JORY.Esq. 193 EDGWARE RD, LONDON, W2 1ET.01-723 6231. CALLERS WELCOME 9-6 MON TO SAT, LATE NIGHT THURSDAY 7 PM

Beturn-of-post mail order service. Orders over f10 post fres (UK only) Add 25p for $p \& p$ to orders under $£ 10$.

## spreilla.

 Punchaise,Offerbe at even LOWER PRICES! EXCLUSIVETO ROC
 The A-3000 looks as good as it sounds! Giving you a big performance this suparb oudio amplifier has a full range of facilities on the front and rear panels. On the front all the controls you're ever fikeiy to nead ignal inputs, speaker outputs and a line use for circuit protection.
Specifications: 18 watts ims per chanmel into 8 ohms. Frequency response 20.35,000 $\mathrm{Hz}( \pm 2 \mathrm{db})$ Inpuls Magnetic. Ceramic, $345 \mathrm{~mm} \times 300 \mathrm{~mm} \times 130 \mathrm{~mm}$. Normal Price £ 30.70 . ROC PRICE E 28.00


R-200 20-WATT AM/FM/MPX STEREO TUNER AMPLIFIER What more could a hi.fi enthusiast want! The R-200 gives you top quality reproduction of both AM and FM programmes, including all the sterea broadcasts now available on FM. And you stered broadcasts now avaflable on FM. And you
have built-in facilities for recording your favourite have built-in facilities for recording your lavourite programmes on an external tape recorder. The front panel is carefully designed, with the latest slider controls for bass. trable, volume and balance Alongside the dial afe a meter for accurate tuning and a stareo indicator lamp that automatically lights up when you re tuned in to e stereo signal. Dozens of other brilliant faciilities including main and remote spaaker tarminals.
Specifications: 10 watts rms per channel into 8 ohms. Frequency response : $25-40,000 \mathrm{~Hz}$ ( $\pm 2 \mathrm{db}$ )
Inputs: Magnetic, Ceramic, Tape, Aux. Tape Play Inputs: Magnetic. Ceramic. Tape, Aux. Tape Play
Siza: $398 \mathrm{~mm} \times 267 \mathrm{~mm} \times 106 \mathrm{~mm}$. Normal Price Siza: $398 \mathrm{~mm} \times 267 \mathrm{~mm} \times 106 \mathrm{~mm}$. Normal Price.
£ 50.00 . ROC PRICE $£ 42 \cdot 00$ filters.
Specific
 trouble-free performance, this Sterea Cassatte Deck has a fantastic range of facilities, making it a real value-for-money unit. Left and right level meters for recording, the latest slider controls for record level, latest slider controls for record level,
switchable playback noise filter. aux/mic switch, mic input sockets, piano-key controls for record, rewind, play. fast-forward, and stop/eject. Index counter with reset button. stop/eject. Index counter with reset button.
Specifications: Frequency response: 35 . $12,000 \mathrm{~Hz}$. Wow and flutter less than $0 \cdot 25 \%$. Inputs: Mike, Aux. Din Socket. Size: 345 mmx $300 \mathrm{~mm} \times 100 \mathrm{~mm}$, Normal Price $\mathbf{5} 39-50$

SAQ-501 50-WATT SOLID STATE STEREO AMPLIF1ER A TEally powerful unit with all the facilities you need for home entertainment - inputs for magnetic cartridge. tape, radio tuner and auxiliary.
Controls for bass. treble. Controls for bass, treble,
balance and volume. Headphone socket on the fromp panel tor easy access. Loudness switch. Rumble and scratch
Specifications: 25 watts tms
per channel into 8 ohms. Inputs
 Magnetic, Tuner. Tape/Aux. Tape play. Frequency respons $20.20 .000 \mathrm{~Hz}( \pm 1 \mathrm{db})$. Size: $333 \mathrm{~mm} \times 102 \mathrm{~mm} \times 285 \mathrm{~mm}$. Normal Price £ 33.60 . ROC PRICE $£ 26.40$

##  <br> SOLID STATE <br> STEREO AMPLIFIER

With the A-5000, you're in the big-saund class 30 watts rms per channal into 8 ohms! The circuit is all-silicon-transistor, giving you top quality saund and a mere $0.2 \%$ distortion at 25 watts output. And optimum tereo input balance is derived from the use of an ic (integrated circuit). There's no need to worry about overload or shart-circuiting the output - the A-5000 has built-in protection, Specifications: 30 watts rms per channel into 8 ohms. Frequency response $15-40.000 \mathrm{~Hz}$ $\pm 2 \mathrm{db}$ ) Inputs Masnetic. Tuner Tapa/Aux Tape Play Normal Price f 43.40 . ROC PRICE $\mathrm{f} 34-00$


R-150 12-WATT AM/FM/MPX STEREO TUNER AMPIIFIER You couldn't gat batter valus-for-money in Stereo Tuner Ampifiers anywhere! Just look at all the facititios the R-150 gives you - bass, treble. balance, volume, switchable AFC for drift-less recep fion on FM, socket for headphones on the front penel. A tuning meter. Stereo indicator. Tape autput. so that you can racord your favourite programmes. To name but a few. AM section covers the medium waveband 535.1605 kHz . and the FM band 88.108 MHz . Specifications: 6 watts ims per channel into 8 ohms. Frequency rasponse: $40-20,000 \mathrm{~Hz}$ ( $\pm 2 \mathrm{db}$ ) Inputs: Magnetic. Ceramic, Aux. Size: $107 \mathrm{~mm} \times 385 \mathrm{~mm} \times$ 263 mm . Normal Price $\mathbf{f} 38 \cdot 30$. ROC PRICE $£ 29-90$


MR-15 AM/FM/MPX STERED TUNER AMPLIFIER Here's a baautifully styled AM/FM Sterea Tuner Amplifiar. Featuring FET (Field Effect Transistor) front end FM tuner. and dual-channal IC equalizer for perfect balance, the MR-15 incorparates professional style vertical sliding controls for bass and trable. All the input/output facilities you need. Covers FM $88-108 \mathrm{MHz}$. AM $535-1605 \mathrm{kHz}$. Dutput 16 watts rins per channel into 8 ohms. Inpuls Magnetic. Taper Aux, Tape Play. Siz日: $467 \mathrm{~mm} \times 458 \mathrm{~mm} \times 130 \mathrm{~mm}$. Noimál Price f67.60, ROC PRICE £54-00

[^8]Compars our prices with any other unit on the
hi-fi market, and you'll find you won't beat ROC unit prices. No matter where you live. London of Land's End!
Take a good look at all these super audio equipment bargains. Theyre all on demonstration at our Shop from 9 to 6 p.m. Monday to Saturday, are night Thursday until 7 p.m. But don t wory ervice is a! your disposal. With Mail clusive ROC equipment - and at the same super value-for-money prices! HP terms available for callars


## FELSTEAD ELECTRONICS (PW 57)

 LONGLEY LANE, GATLEY, CHEADLE, CHES. SK8 4EE Selection from our List, sent free for stamped addressed envelope. (Free overseas). Cash with Order only - No C.O.D. or Caller service. Charges (Min. 6p) in brackets atter all items apply to G.B. \& Eire only. Regret Orders under 2sp plus charges unacd
 90 p. ( 7 po on $5^{\prime \prime}$ and $5 i^{\prime *}, 9 \mathrm{p}$ on $7^{\circ}$ ). Other sizes, Casettes and accessories in List CARTRIDGES. All with standard fittings and stylii. Stereo-compatible Mono GP91/SC E1.10; STEREO GP93 E1.40; Stereo Ceranic GP94 $£ 1.95$. (All at 6 p each.) Comparatives shown in List, with more types incl. Sonotone 9 TA HC, Stereo Ceramic Diamond 81.97\% (6p) DIAMOND STYLII: single tip types: Acos GP37, GP59, GP65/67, GP71, BSR

 TONE 19TY20T ALL AT 40p each (6p). SAPPHIRE (7in (6p). Double-tip turn-over types (78 sap. on other side). For ACOS GP73, GP91 (IOr cartridges GP93, GP94 etc.) GONOTONE 8 TAA, 9TA, 9TAHC. PHILIPS 3309 ( $3310,3224,3228 / 22$, GP280). GARRARD GCM21, 22 , GCSE3, GKS25 and 26, GCM21T and 22 T , GKM24T, GCS23才, GKS25TS, \& 26 T , GCMB1, GC36, GCS 35 , GCS38, KS40A, KS41B ETC. ALL AT' 75 p ( 6 p ). 8APPFIRE 35p (6p). DOUBLE DIAMOND STYLII: (Same dia. tip each qide: no 78) AH
trpes $\& 1.50$ (fp). SAPPHTRE DOUBLE ST/LP, TIPPED 40p (fp). PICK-UP WIRE:

 CM20 Cream Plastic hand 52p: "STICR'" 60 \&1.02: CM70 "PLANET" Metal, tapered, with neck cord. adaptor for stand $£ 1$ - 471 : "MIC 91" hand/desk 81 p : "MMC 45" Curved metal

 mesh ball $50 \mathrm{~K} / 600 \Omega$ jack plug, cable, adaptor, $84.80:$ DM1 60 , omni-dir. Ball mesh. 50 K , cable adaptor jack plug $23-87 \% 27 \frac{1}{2}$ each). SPEAKERS. Very popular $12^{\prime \prime}$ ROUND, fitted tweeter, 3 or 15 ohms (state which) $£ 1.871$ ( 271 p p)-or pair for stereo 84.25 , charges paid. SMALL' $2 \mathrm{t}^{-} 3 \Omega$ or $8 \Omega$, (state which) 37 yp ( 6 p ). More ppeakers in List. HEADPHONES: High resistance $2000 \Omega$ adjustable: $92 \frac{1}{2}$ ( 104 p ). EARPIECES. With lead and min . 2.5 mm or 3.5 mm (state which) jack plug. MAGNETIC 9p. CR YSTAL (3.5mm plug only) 24p (Op to 3 for 6 p any type). SOLDERING IRON. Slim, modern, Britigh high speed.
 Sub-min $11 \times 11 \times 12 \mathrm{~mm}$, oUTPUT (3S for Oc72, etc.) 14 p or DRIVER 15 p (Up to 12 for
6p). CONNECTING WIRE. Packs of 5 coils, each coil 5 yds. asstd. cols. SOLID CORF 14p. FLEXIBLE or SUPER THIN for transistor wiring, etc. either 18 p (Any pack 8p), 14p. FLEXIBLE or sUPER THIN for transistor wiring, etc. either 16p (Any pack 8p), 12 ft 39 p . With phono plug/phono socket other end 6 ft . 25 p . 22 ft . 42 zt ( 6 p lead any type). VIBRATORS. $12 v^{\prime} / 4$ pin non-synch $\left.121 \mathrm{HD} 4,2\right\}^{\prime \prime}$ ex. pins, 27 tp . SAME but $31^{* *}$ ex pins, USA, 20 p . $12 \mathrm{v} / 7$ pin, synch. ( 12887 ) $2 z^{\prime \prime}$ ex pins, 62 tp ( 61 t any type). TRAFSISTORS, etc. AC/126 12tp AF115 20p, AF116 15p, AF117 20p, OA 10 DO , OA10 10p, OA81 $10 \mathrm{p}, \mathrm{OC44}$ $14 \mathrm{p}, 0 \mathrm{C} 45$, OC71, OC72, OC75, OCB1D, OC82D, all at 12tp each, OC81 15p. OC170 20 p , OCi71 $12 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{p}$. BYi $00 / 800$ ply 14, Many, more itcl. powe types thyristors, etc. in List ( 6 D ap to 12). MAINS NEONS, fly leads 10p. NEON SCREWDRTVER (pocket tester) 171p (AD either). MAINS BATTERY ELIMINATOR. Input $240 \mathrm{v} \cdot \mathrm{AC}$. Output $3,4 \frac{1}{2}, 6,7 \frac{1}{4}, 9$ and 12 volt D.C. by switch selector.
cassete recorders. ment table, many unrepeatable Special Offers, and cable, croc. clips, Volume controls Din plugs, Co-Ax, standard, miniature, phono plugs, sockets and adaptors, Tape Recording and Record Player accessories, panel and Test meters and equipment, Multimeters, min, motors, test prods, switches-rotary, toggle, slide, cabinet, lamp, etc., electrolytics, terminals. Veroboard, valve holders, extending aerials for cars and portable sets, ind. lamps and bulbs,
dials, mikes, telephone amplifers and pick-ups, drive cord, inter-coms, condenser and dials, mikes, telephone amplifiers and piek-ups, drive cord,
resigtance testers, stereo Headphones ete elc.

## PHOTOELECTRIC KIT

CONTENTS. 2 P.c. Chassis Boards, Chemicals, Etching Manual, Tnfra-Red Phototransistor, Latching Relay, 2 Transistors, 3 Diodes, Resistors, Gain Control, Terminal Block, Elegant Case, Screws, etc. In fact everything you need to build a Steedy-Light
photo-Switch/Counter/Burylar Alarm, etc. (Project No. 1) which can be modified for Photo-Switch/Counter/Burglar Alarm, ete. (Project No. 1) which can be modified for modulateil-limht oferat int


PHOTOELECTRIC KIT $£ 2.60$
Postage and Pack. 150 (UK)
Commonwealth: SURFACE MAIL $25 p$ AIR MAIL £1.40 Australia, New Zealand, Aiso Essential Data Circuits Flans for Building

## INVISBLE BEAM OPTICAL KIT

averything needed (except plywood) for building: 1 Invisible-Beam Projector and 1 Photocell Reen as illustrated). Suitable for all Photoelectric Burglar Alarms, Counters, Door Openers etc.
CONTENTS: 2 lenses, 2 mirrors, 245 degree wooden blocks. Infra.red filter, proCommonwealth: Surface Mail 20p, Air Mail 50p.
LONG RANGE INVISBLE BEAM OPTICAL KIT
Price 85 . £1-15.
JUNIOR PHOTOELECTRIC KIT
Versatile Invisible-beam, Relay-less, Steady-light Photo-Switch, Burglar Alarm, Door Opener, Counter, etc., for the Experimenter.
CONTENTS: Infra-Red Sensitive Phototransistor, 3 Transistors, Chassis, Plastic Case, Resistors, Serews, etc. Full Size Plans, Instructions, Data Sheet " 10 Advanced Photoelectric Designs".

## JUNIOR OPTICAL KIT

CONTENTS: 2 Lenses, Inira-red Pilter, Lampholder, Bracket, Plans, etc. Everything (except plywood) to bulld 1 miniature invisible beam projector and photocell receiver
for use with Junior Photoelectric Kit. Price *5p. Post. and Pack. 10p (U.K.). Commonwealth: Surface Mail20p; Air Mail 50p.

YORK ELECTRICS Mail Order Dept. 335 BATTERSEA PARK RD., LONDON S.W. 11
Send'S.A.E. for full details, a brief deseription of all Kits and Projects

Replesenting reatly exception iah vaine:
$\star$ A modestly priced solid state unit.
$\star$ The Silver Facia with black lettering enhanced by matching control knobs, provides a high standard of appearance.

* Suitable for crystal or ceramic Gram. Pick-up cartridges, and Radio input.
* A wide range of tone variation is provided by the separate Bass and Treble 'lift' and 'cut' controls.
* A selector switch permits instantaneous selection of Gram. or Radio.
$\star$ Speaker impedances between 3 and 15 ohms are PRINTED CIRCUIT CONSTRUCTION suitable.


## TECHNICAL DETAILS

Eass Control $\pm 12 \mathrm{~dB}$ at 40 Hz .
Treble Control $\pm 12 \mathrm{~dB}$ at 14 KHz . Sensitivities Mag, P.U. 3.5 m.v. into 47 K ohm R.I.A.A. Ceramic A.U. $35 \mathrm{~m} . \mathrm{V}$. Nto 100 M . 10 K . Radio Amp. $100 \mathrm{~m} . \mathrm{v}$. into 100 K Radio Crosstalk 53 dB .
Hum and Noise-75 dB min. vol. -65 dB max. vol. Total Harmonic Distortion $0.1 \%$ at 1 watt nto 15 ohms. Output (per channel) 6.5 watts I.H.F.M.

## TECHNICAL DETAILS

Frequency Range 20 Hz to 20 KHz
Output (per channel) 5 watts I.H.F.M.

Bass Control $\pm 12 \mathrm{~dB}$ at 60 Hz . Treble Control $\pm 14 \mathrm{~dB}$. at 14 KHz .
$\star$ Individual Bass and Treble Controls. $\star$ Frequency Response $\pm 1 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{~dB}$ 20 Hz to 65 KHz .
$\star$ Outputs for Speaker impedances between 3 and 15 ohms. * Stereo/Mono Switch.

* Input Selector Switch.
$\star$ Solid State Circuitry.
$\star$ Attractive silver finished metal facia and matching control knobs.


## Wholesale and Retail enquiries to the Manufacturers



Recommended Retail Price $0-200-250 \mathrm{v} .50 \mathrm{~Hz}$ A.C £17.50

## PADGETTS RADIO STORE OLD TOWN HALL, LIVERSEDGE, YORKS WF15, 6PQ TEL. HECKMONDWIKE 4285

Few only Famous Receiver Type 1155B. Fitted with N type S M. Drive Com Few only Famous Receiver Type 1155B. Fitted with $N$ typ
plete Clean Condition. but untested. \&8. Carriage \& ins. f1.
Valve Voltmeter. Type CT54. Ohms Range iK To 10 Meg in 5 Ranges. Volts Range 2.5 To 480 V AC DC. Untested Clean Condition, Less Batteries. $£ 5$ Carriage \& ins. £1
Amplifier Type A413. Complete with 5Z4 \& 6V6gt Valves. 250/230 Volt Transformer. Clean Condition. Untested. $£ 1 \cdot 25 p$. Carriage 75p.
Latest Air Ministry Release Radio Receiver. Type R4187. 2.8 To 18 MHZ In Three Bands. Complete with 17 Miniature Valves. 26 Volt Motor, Power supply Motor and Manually Tuned, Very Clean, But not tested. £5. Carriage and Ins. 75p. Control Unit. Type 4190. Complete with three miniature valyes. $1 \frac{1}{2}{ }^{\prime \prime} 500 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ meter. Six relays. model makers motor with gears. 24 press buttons. Lots of spares. Clean condition. £1-50. Carriage and ins. 75p.
Every one loves a bargain. And these T.V. sets we offer are the best you will find at the price.
Complete untested T.V, sets with all valves back and knobs BBC1 and ITV. $17^{\prime \prime} 90 \%$ tube $£ 2.17^{\prime \prime} 110 \%$ tube $£ 3.19^{\prime \prime}$ s!im $£ 5$. Carriage and ins. $£ 1.50$.
We are now breaking up many Slimline Sets. Send S.A.E. and please quote model and serial number and part you require.
For example tested L.O.P.T. £ $1 \cdot 45$. Fireball Tuners with Valves 75p. Droppers all types 50p.
Breaking up Ferguson Type 506T. Tested L.O.P.T. £1-45. Post paid. Fireball Tuner Unit with Valves less knobs 75p post paid. S.A.E. for other spares for this set.
Reclaimed T.V. Tubes, All with 12 months guarantee.
AW43/88, 天1-50. AW43/80 £1-50. MW43/69 £1. Special Offer, Brand New Brimar Tubes C17PM £1. Many older types in stock. Carriage and ins. on any tube £1-50. Vaive list efi equipment. All valves tested on a Mullard valve tester before despatched. 3 months guarantee on all valves. Single valves P/P 3p. Over post paid.

| ARP12 |  | 5p | PCC84 | 5p | U191 | 20p |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| EB91 |  | 4 p | PCF80 | 5p | U251 | 12p |
| EF80 |  | 8p | PCL82 | 12p | 6BW/7 | 10p |
| EF85 |  | 12p | PCL83 | 12p | 6 U 4 | 10p |
| EBF80 |  | 12p | PCL84 | 12p | 20 PI | 20p |
| EBF89 |  | 12p | PL36 | $20 p$ | 20P3 | 10p |
| ECC81 |  | 10 p | PL81 | 17p | 20D1 | 10p |
| ECC82 |  | 12p | PY81 | 8p | 30 P 4 | 20p |
| ECC83 |  | 12 p | PY33 | 17p | 30F5 | 10p |
| ECL80 |  | 8p | PY82 | 8p | 30 P 12 | 20p |
| EY86 |  | 20p | PL82 | 8p | $30 \mathrm{FL1}$ | 20p |
| EP50 | 60p per | doz. | PL83 | 8p | 6/30L2 | 20p |

## Train for television

Course commences 6th September, 1972

This is your opportunity to train as a television and radio engineer on our full-time Two-Year College Diploma Course specially designed to cover the examinations of the City and Guilds Radio, Television and Electronics Technicians' Certificate. Full theoretical and practical instruction on all types of modern receivers-including the latest colour sets.

Minimum entrance requirements are Senior
Cambridge or ' $O$ ' Level, or equivalent in Mathematics and English.

Please send free prospectus to: Name

## Address

Add__

$\qquad$
THE PEMBRIDGE COLLEGE OFELECTRONICS
(Dept. PW9) 34a Hereford Rd., London W2 5AJ

## Sinclair Project 60

## The World's leading range of high fidelity modules



## New!

## Project 605

The easy way to buy and build Project 60


Project 605 is one pack containing: one PZ5. two Z30's, one Stereo 60 and one Masterlink. This new module contains all the input sockets and output components needed together with all necessary leads cut to length and fitted with neat little clips to plug straight on to the modules. Thus all soldering and hunting for the odd part is eliminated. You will be able to add further Project 60 modules as they become available adapted to the Project 605 method of connecting.
Complete Project 605 pack with $\mathbf{2 9} 9.95$
All you need for a superb 30 watt high fidelity
stereo amplifier.

Sinclais Radionics Limited, London Road.
St. Ives. Huntingdonshire PE174HJ.
Tel:St. Ives (048 06) 4311



Project 60 offers more advantage to the constructor and user of high fidelity equipment than ny other system in the world.
Performance characteristics are so good they hold their own with any other available system irrespective of price or size.
Project 60 modules are more versatile - using them you can have anything from a simple record player or car radio amplifier to a sophisticated and powerful stereo tuner-amplifier. Either power amplifier can be used in a wide variety of applications as well as high fidelity. The Stereo 60 pre-amplifier control unit may also be used with any other power amplifier system, as can the AFU filter unit. The stereo FM tuner operates on the unique phase lock loop principle to provide the best ever standards of sensitivity and audio quality. Project 60 modules are very easily connected together by following the 48 page manual supplied free with all Project 60 equipment. The modules are great space savers too and are sold individually boxed in distinctive white and black cartons. With all these wonderful advantages, there remains the most attractive of all - price. When you choose Project 60 you know you are going to get the best high fidelity in the world, yet thanks to Sinclair's vast manufacturing resources (the largest in Europe) prices are fantastically low and everything you buy is covered by the famous Sinclair guarantee of reliability and satisfaction.

## Typical Project 60 applications

| System | The Units to use | together with | Cost of Units |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Simple battery record player | 2.30 | Crystal P.U., 12V battery volume control | ¢4.48 |
| Mains powered record player | Z.30, PZ. 5 | Crystal or ceramic P.U. volume control etc. | £9.45 |
| $20+20 \mathrm{~W}$. stereo amplifier for most needs | $\begin{aligned} & 2 \times 2.30 \mathrm{~s}, \text { Stereo } 60, \\ & \text { PZ. } 5 \end{aligned}$ | Crystal. ceramic or mag. P.U., F.M. Tuner, etc. | £23.90 |
| $20+20 \mathrm{~W}$ stereo amplifier with high performance spkrs. | $\begin{aligned} & 2 \times 2.30 \text { s, Stereo 60, } \\ & \text { PZ. } 6 \end{aligned}$ | Hıgh quality ceramic or magnetic P.U.. F.M. Tuner, Tape Deck, etc. | £26.90 |
| $40+40$ W. R.M.S. <br> de-fuxe stereo amplifier | $2 \times$ Z.50s, Stereo 60 PZ.8, mains trsfrmr | As above | £34.88 |
| Indoor P.A. | Z.50, PZ.8, mains transformer | Mic., guitar, speakers, etc.. controis | £19.43 |

F.M. Stereo Tuner ( $\mathbf{£ 2 5}$ ) \& A.F.U. Filter Unit ( $\mathbf{£ 5 . 9 8}$ ) may be added as required.


The phase lock loop principle was used for receiving signals from space craft because of its vastly improved signal to noise ratio. Now. Sinclair have applied the principle to an F.M. tuner with fantastically good results. Other original features include varicap diode tuning, printed circuit coils, an I.C. in the specially designed stereo decoder and squelch circuit for silent tuning between stations. In terms of a high fidelity this tuner has a lower level of distortion than any other tuner we know. Stereo broadcasts are received automatically as the tuning control is rotated, a panel indicator lighting up as the stereo signal is tuned in. This tuner can also be used to advantage with most other high fidelity systems.
SPECIFICATIONS-Number of transistors: 16 plus 20 in I.C. Tuning range: 87.5 to 108 MHz . Capture ratio: 1.5 dB . Sensitivity: $7 \mu \mathrm{~V}$ for lock-in over full deviation. Squelch level: $20 \mu \mathrm{~V}$. Signal to noise ratio: $>65 \mathrm{~dB}$. Audio frequency response: $10 \mathrm{~Hz}-15 \mathrm{KHz}$ ( $\pm 1 \mathrm{~dB}$ ). Total harmonic distortion: $0.15 \%$ for $30 \%$ modulation. Stereo decoder operating level : $2 \mu \mathrm{~V}$. Crose talk: 40 dB . Output voltage: $2 \times 150 \mathrm{mV}$ R.M.S. Operating voltage: $25-30 \mathrm{VDC}$
Indicators: Stereo on; tuning. Size: $93 \times 40 \times 207 \mathrm{~mm}$.

## Stereo 60 Pre-amp/control unit



Designed for Project 60 range but suitable for use with any high quality power amplifier. Again silicon epitaxial planar transistors are used throughout, achieving a really high signal-to-noise ratio and excellent tracking between channels. Input selection is by means of push buttons and accurate equalisation is provided for all the usual inputs.
SPECIFICATIONS-Input sensitivities: Radio - up to 3 mV . Mag. p.u. 3 mV : correct to R.I.A.A curve $\pm 1 \mathrm{~dB}: 20$ to $25,000 \mathrm{~Hz}$. Ceramic p.u. - up to 3 mV : Aux - up to 3 mV . Output: 250 mV . Signal to noise ratio : better than 70 dB . Channel matching: within 1 dB . Tone controls: TREBLE +12 to -12 dB at $10 \mathrm{KHz}:$ BASS +12 to -12 dB at 100 Hz . Front panel: brushed aluminium with black knobs and controls. Size: $66 \times 40 \times 207 \mathrm{~mm}$.

## A.F.U. High \& Low Pass Filter Unit

Built tested and guaranteed.
$£ 5.98$


For use between Stereo 60 unit and two 2.30 s or $Z .50$ s, and is easily mounted. It is unique in that the cut-off frequencies are continuously variable, and as attenuation in the rejected band is rapid (12dB/octave), there is less loss of the wanted signal than has previously been possible. Amplitude and phase distortion are negligible. The A.F.U. is suitable for use with any other amplifier system. Two filter stages - rumble (high pass) and scratch (low pass). Supply voltage -15 to 35 V . Current 3 mA . H.F. cut-off ( -3 dB ) variable from 28 KHz to 5 KHz . L.F. cut-off ( -3 dB ) variable from 25 Hz to 100 Hz . Distortion at 1 KHz ( 35 V . supply) $0.02 \%$ at rated output. Size: $66 \times 40 \times 90 \mathrm{~mm}$.
Z. 30 \& Z. 50 power amplifiers

The $Z .30$ and $Z .50$ are of advanced design using silicon epitaxial planar transistors to achieve unsurpassed standards of performance. Total harmonic distortion is an incredibly low $0.02 \%$ at $15 \mathrm{w}(8 \Omega)$ and all lower outputs. Whether you SPECIFICATIONS (Z.50 units ars interchengesb/e Power Outputs
2.30 15 watts R.M.S. into 8 ohms using 35 volts: 20 watts R.M.S. into 3 ohms using 30 volts.
Z.50 40 watts R.M.S. into 3 ohms using 40 volts:
Z.50 40 watts R.M.S. into 3 ohms using
30 watts R.M.S. into 8 ohms using 50 volts.

Frequency response: 30 to $300,000 \mathrm{~Hz} \pm 1 \mathrm{~dB}$.
use $Z .30$ or $Z .50$ amplifiers in your Project 60 system will depend on personal preference, but they are the same size and may be used with other units in the Project 60 range equally well.
with 2.30 s in a/fapplications).
Distortion: $0.02 \%$ into 8 ohms.
Signal to noise ratio: better than 70dB unweighted. Input sensitivity: 250 mV into 100 Kohms (for 15 w into $8 \Omega$ )
For speakers from 3 to 150 hms impedance. Size: $14 \times 80 \times 57 \mathrm{~mm}$.

## Power Supply Units



Designed special for use with the Project 60 system of your choice. Use PZ. 5 for normal 2.30 assemblies and PZ. 6 where a stabilised supply is essential.

PZ.530volts unstabilised $£ 4.98$
PZ.635 voits stabilised $£ 7.98$
PZ. 845 volts stabilised
(less mains transformer) $£ 7.98$
PZ.8 mains transformer $£ 5.98$

## Guarantee

If within 3 months of purchasing Project 60 modules directly from us. you are dissatisfied with them. we will refund your monevat once. Each module is guaranteed to work perfectly money at once. Each module is guaranteed to work perfecur
and should any defect arise in normal use we will service it at and should any defect arise in normal use we whoul to any cost to you whatsoever provided that it is returned to us within 2 years of the purchase date. There will be a small charge for service thereafter. No charge for postage by surface mail. Air-mailcharged at cost.


TO: SINCLAIR RADIONICS LTD LONDON ROAD ST. IVES HUNTHGDONSHIRE PE17 4HJ

| Please send | Name |
| :--- | :--- |
|  |  |

## Practical Wireless Classified Advertisements

## Miscellaneous



$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Build your own units or even a } \\
& \text { complete sound machine from our } \\
& \text { circuit assemblies. These include } \\
& \text { IC Ring Modulator, Phasing amps, } \\
& \text { White Sound effects, auto Waa- } \\
& \text { Waa, an amazing V-C oscillator, } \\
& \text { and many others. Send 10p for } \\
& \text { catalogue; mail-order ony. } \\
& \text { Taylor Electronic Music Devices } \\
& \text { Greyfriars House, Chester }
\end{aligned}
$$

BUILD Tr in a DEWBOX quality cabinet. 2in $x 2^{1}{ }_{2}$ in $x$ any length. D.E.W. Ltd., Ringwood Road, FERNDOWN, Dorset. S.A.E. for leaflet. Write now-Right now.

## NO NEED TO WORRY ABOUT

## A TRANSMITTING LICENCE

because this GPO approved transmitter/receiver Your transmissions will be virtually SECRET since they won't be heard by conventional means. Actually it's TWO KITS IN ONE because you get all the printed-circuit boards and comp, nents for both the transmitter AND receiver. You're going to find Ehis Projeet REALLY FUN-TO-BUILD with the flexible design with quite an AMAZING RANGE-. has obvious applications for SCHOOL PROJECTS, LANGUAGE LABORATORIES, SCOUT CAMPS, ere

GET YOURS : SEND $\mathbf{6 5 . 5 0}$ NOW
'(S.A.E. for details)'
TO: 'BOFFIN PROJECTS'
4 CUPT. KW2010
STONELEIGH, EWELL. SURREY

> JOHN SAYS..
> RING MODULATOR by Dewtron is professional, transformerless, D-transister,
has adjustable FI/F2 rejection. Module 87 , Unit E8.90. WAA-WAA Pedal kit of ali parts, incl. all mechanics \& instr. Only modules. STO RHYYHM from Dewtron modules. Simple unit for waltz, foxtrot etc. costs under 20 in modules. SYNTHE-
SISER MODULES Send 15 p for illust. list. D.E.W. Litd., 254 Firndown, Dorset. Ringwood Road,

RECORD TV SOUND using our loudspeaker isolating transformer. ProVides safe connection to recorder. Instructions included. £1 post free. CROWBOROUGH ELECTRONICS (P.W.), Eridge Road, Crowborough, Sussex.
"WORLD RADIO TV HANDBOOK,", £2-80; "SWL Address Book," Stations' QSL Policy, $£ 1 \cdot 37$. "Confidential Frequency List," published shortly, thousands of private stations, £1-55. "How to Listen to the World,"' £I.35. IRC/3p for price list (Mail only). Under $£ 2$, carriage 10p, E \& OE. McGarva, Chambers Street Union, Edinburgh 1.

Classified advertisements 9p per word (minimum 12 words). Semidisplay setting $£ 6.50$ per single column inch. Advertisements must be prepaid and addressed to Classified Advertisement Manager sified Advertisement Manager,
PRACTICAL WIRELESS, IPC PRACTICAL WIRELESS, IPC Marringdon Street, London EC4A Farringdon Street, London EC4A
4AD. All cheques, postal orders, etc., to be made payable to PRAC, "TICAL WIRELESS and crossed "Lloyds Bank Ltd."


## THE NEW <br> ELECTRONIC MUSIC FOR YOU

Then how about making yourself an elecric organ? Constructional data avaitable 5 full circuits, drawings and notes! It has 5 octaves. 2 manuals and pedals with 24
stops-uses 41 valves. With its variable stops-uses 41 valves. With its variable
ettack you cam play Classics and Swling. Write Now for free leatlet and further Darlington, Durham. $\quad 20$ Maude Street,
Send 21 p stamp.

## TAPE HEADS PICK-UP CARTRIDGES

Service manuals for Pre 1958 H.M.V. and E.M.I. MODELS. Radio and Record Player Manuals 25 p each. Television Manuals $37 \mathrm{I}_{2} p$ each. Send C.W.O. stating model required.
Send stamp for comprehensive lists of transformers, condensers, resistors, cartridges and tape heads.

> R.D.I. LT: T,

Chilton Works, Garden Road, Richmond, Surrey.

## -TOP TRANSISTORS

Brand New and Individually Tested Transistors supplied unmarked, but packed separately for identification and guaranteed to be within their correct specification or money refunded. All at \%p. each or

Any 25 transistors for only $\$ 1-90$

| ACr22 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BCl08 | BFY52 | OC202 | 2N3703 |
| BC109 | BSY 27 | ZTX300 | 2N3705 |
| 8 Cl 168 | OC45 | 2N706 | 2N3706 |
| 8C169 | OC7I | 2N2926 | 2N3708 |
| Money back guarantee, P. \& P. 10 p . |  |  |  |
| 1. M. KING (B) |  |  |  |
| 17 B | Port |  |  |

ALUMINIUM SHEET, Cut sizes 20 swg 33p square foot and min. charge. CWO. Postage 15p per order. OPEN SATURDAY. Berkshire Metals, 10-12 Armour Road, Tilehurst, Reading.

## Miscellaneous



Beat power cuts. Be independent. Ideal for caravans, tents, emergency lighting, etc. Works anywhere where 12 v . is available. Guaranteed for six months.
READY TO USE at
12 ins. 8 watt $£ 3.60$ post paid
21 ins. 13 watt $£ 4$ " 60 post paid
SALOP ELECTRONICS,
23 Wyle Cop, Shrewsbury, Shropshire
Callers welcome. For Lists or enquiries Ige, s.a.e.

## PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARD <br> In 6 standard widths: $2 \mathrm{in}, 2 \mathrm{zin}, 3 \mathrm{in}, 3 \mathrm{in}$, 4 in , and sin $x$ any length. $1 / 10$ in Fintreglass, single sided, 2 p per 3 sq. inches. Doublesided, 1 p per Eq. inch. P. \& P. 5 p per order. SAE. Quotations for other sizes and quantity discounte. <br> J. KNOPP, 11 Connaught Gardens, Braintree, Easey, CMi 6LY. Tel. Braintree 25254.

CHROMASONIC ELECTRONICS is well and living at 56 Fortis Green Road, London N 10 HHN .40 page illustrated catalogue 20p post free.

##  <br> CAR RADIOS

12 Volt Neg/Pos earth complete with speaker and fixing kit. E8-50 P \& P 50p Retractable aerials wave superhete radios bult and tosted $\mathbb{E} 4 \cdot 50$ P \& P 25p Mail order only Written Guarantee.
D. WESTON, 6 Eyron Rd., Eastfield Park, Swadlincote, Burton-on-Trent.


## Ladders

LADDERS. Timber 20ft, $£ 7 \cdot 80$; 29ft, £11-20. Carr. 80p. Brochure (Dept, WLS), Home Sales, Baldwin Road, Stourport, Worcs. Callers Welcome Phone 02-993 5222. Ansafone installed.

## Educational

## TRAIN FOR SUCCESS WITHICS

Study at home for a progressive post in Radio, TV \& Electronics. Expert tuition for C \& G (Telecoms Techn's Cert and Radio Amateurs') RTEB, etc. Many non-exam courses including Colour TV Servicing, Numerical Control and Computers. Also self-build kit courses-valve and transistor. Write for FREE prospectus and find out how ICS can help you in your carcer.

ICS, DEPT. 541 INTERTEXT HDUSE,
STEWARTS RD., LONDON, SW8 401

## TELEVISION TRAINING (MONOCHROME AND COLOUR)

This private College provides theoretical and practical training in Radio and TV Servicing. Courses of 16 months' duration, with daily attendance, are available for beginners and shorter courses for men with previous training in Electronics and Radio. Next course commencing September 11th. Training courses in Marine Radiocommunication and Radar are also available. Write for prospectus to: London Electronics College, Dept. A/6, 20 Penywern Road, Earls Court, London SW5 9SU. Tel. 01-373 8721.

Go TO SEA as a Radio Officer. Write: Principal, Nautical College, Broadwater, Fleetwood FY7 8JZ.

CIE, AMSE, City \& Guilds, etc, Thousands of exam successes. Postal Courses in all branches of EngineerCourses in all branches of Engsineerof interest: BIET (Dept H,8), Alderof interest: BIET (Dept H,8), Alder-
maston Court, Reading RG7 4PF. Accredited by CACC.

RADIO, TV, RTEB CERTS., City and Guilds, Computers, Radio Amateurs Cert., Practical Electronics (with kit). Thousands of successes. Details of home study courses and illustrated book FREE: BIET (Dept. H.7), Aldermaston Court, Reading RG7 4PF. Accredited by CACC.

## For Sale



## MORSE MADE EASY!!

FACT NOT FICTION. If you start RIGHT you will be reading amateur and commercial Morse within a month (normal progress to be expected).

Using scientifically prepared 3 -speed records you automatically learn to recognise the code RHYTHM automatically learn to recognse the cone translating. You can't help it, it's as easy as learning a tune. is W.P.M, in 4 weeks guaranteed.

Complete Course 84.50 (Overseas $21 \cdot 00$ extra) details only, 4 p stamp. 01-660 2896.
GBHSG (Box 19), 45 GREEN LANE, PURLEY, SURREY
SEEN MY CAT? 5,000 items. Mechanical \& Electrical Gear, and materials. S.A.E. K. R. WHISTON, Dept. PW, NEW MILLS, Stockport.

TELEPHONE ANSWERING machines. New and Reconditioned. $£ 55 / 160$. STAM Co., 182a New North Road, NI. 01-286 6119.

PANDA CUB TRANSMITTER. Mike stand and key, £20. Pye International Receiver, £20. Exchange for grood oscilloscope or Test Equipment. Box 104.

ELECTRONIC COMPONENTS, very cheap. Clearing laboratory. For details write: G. Smith, 3 Hart Road, Old Harlow, Essex.

## Situations Vacant

## RADIO OPERATORS

DO YOU HAVE PMGI, PMG II, MPT 2 YEARS OPERATING EXPERIENCE? Possession of one of these qualifies you for consideration for a Radio Operator post with the Composite Signa
On satisfactory completion of a 7-month specialist training course, successful applicants are paid on scale rising to $£ 2365$ pa; commencing salary according to age-25 years and over $£ 1664$ pa. During training salary also by age, 25 and over $\mathbf{\$} 1238$ pa with free accommodation.
The future holds good opportunities for established (i.e. pensionable) status, service overseas and promotion. Training courses commence every January, April and September. Earliest possible application advised.
Applications only from Britishborn UK residents up to 35 years of age ( 40 years if exceptionally well qualified) will be considered. Full details from:
RECRUITMENT OFFICER, GOVERNMENT COMMUNICATIONS HEADQUARTERS,
Room A/1105, Dakley Priors Road,
CHELTENHAM, GIOS. GL52 5AJ
(Telephone: Cheltenham 21491, Ext. 2270)


Now for the first time anybody (no special qualifications are needed) can train outside the computer industry for an exciting career as a computer operator in only 4 weeksand can earn $£ 2,000++$ p.a. JOBS GALORE! 144,000 new operators will be needed over the next 5 years alone! Write, without obligation for FREE details or telephone TODAY.

London Computer Operators Training Centre
E89. Oxford House, $9 / 15$, Oxtord Street, London W.1.
Telephone: 01-734 2874
127 The Piazza, Dept. E89,
Piccadilly Plaza, Manchester 1, Telephone: 061 2362935

## Aerials

BAINES for HIGE FREQUENCY AERIALS Postage paid on all serials inland MULTIBEAMS UHF
MBM $10 £ 1.90$. MBM $18 £ 2 \cdot 65$. MBM $30 £ 3.60$ MBM $38 £ 5 \cdot 10$. MBM 46 £5.50. $2 \mathrm{MBM} 46 £ 12 \cdot 50$. 4MHM 46 £ 28 -50. Log Perodic $\pm 4 \cdot 50$.
GHE AERIALS \&2.70. ITA 5 Element e2.f00. ITA 8 Element $22-70$. FM H eq. 00 .
ACCESSORIES: SAE for full List.
Pre-amps: Masthead mains $\pm 6.00$. Colourbooster $\mathbf{~} 3.88$ Co-Ax. 5 p and 9 p . UHF Diplexers 65p.
Please state channels on all orders.
R. BAINES, 11 Dale Cres., Tupton Chesterteld S42 6DR AERIALS
UHF 8e £1.90, 14e £2.25, 18e £3.25,
BBC Dipole $£ 1.75$, H £2. 40 , X £2-15.
TA 5е £1.95, 8e £2.70 $11 \mathrm{e} £ 3 \cdot 30$, $13 \mathrm{e} £ 4.05$ Combined $1+5$ £ $2 \cdot 70, \mathrm{H}+5$ £ $4 \cdot 10$. $\mathrm{X}+5 \mathrm{E} 4 \cdot 50$. FM dipole $£ 1 \cdot 13,2 \mathrm{el} \mathcal{E} 2$, Зe $\mathfrak{E} 3 \cdot 75$,
Battery powered. Mains models $£ 2$ extra Boosters, FM £4-35. UHF '£ 3.75, VHF £3.75 Low loss coax 6p/yd, plugs 8p. SAE enquiries. Full catalogue $10 p$ refundable. BAKER. BONTNEWYDT. CARDS. SY2S 4JH


Tape Recorders

## ROBIN HOOD

(NOTTM) LTD.
Special Offer-Post Free. First Class British Made Non-stretch Mylar Tapes


23 Wadham Road, Woodthorpe, Nottingham
Amplifiers

[^9]
## Books and Publications

# PICTURE BOOK WAY OF LEARNING <br> BASIC ELECTRICITY 5 Vols. $£ 4 \cdot 50$ post paid. BASIC ELECTRONICS 6 Vols, $£ 5 \cdot 40$ post paid. OVER $1,000,000$ PARTS ALREADY SOLD <br> Available on our $100 \%$ Guarantee Money Back if not completely satisfied. <br> IIIustrated Prospectus Free on request. <br> SELRAY BOOK COMPANY, 60, Hayes Hill, Bromley BR2 7HP 

## Wanted

WE BUY New Valves, Transistors and clean new components, large or small quantities, all details, quotation by return. WALTON'S. 55 Worcester Street, Wolverhampton.

TOP PRICES PAID for NEW VALVES popular T.V. and Radio types.
KENSINGTON SUPPLIES (C),
367 Kensington Street, Bradford 8, Yorkshire.

HIGHEST POSSIBLE cash prices for Akai, B. \& O., Brenell, Ferrograph, Revox, Sanyo, Sony, Tandberg, Uher Vortexion, etc. 9.30-5.00. 01-242' 7401 .

CASH PAID for New Valves. Payment by return. WILLOW VALE, ELECTRONICS, 4 The Broadway, Hanwell, London, W.7. 01-567/5400-2971.'

WANTED. Murphy A 74 or A 78C. Condition immaterial, but must be complete. Box No. 103.

## Service Sheets

SERVICE SHEETS (1925-1972) for Televisions, Radios, Transistors, Tape Recorders, Record players, etc, by return corders, Record Players, etc, by return
post, with free Fault-Finding Guide. post, with free Fault-Finding Guide. avallable. Catalogue 13p. Please send S.A.E. with all orders/enquiries. Hamil${ }^{\text {ton }}$ Radio, 54 London Road, Bexhill, Sussex. Telephone Bexhill 7097,

## LARGE SUPPLIER OF <br> SERVICE SHEETS

(T.V., RADIO, TAPE RECORDERS, RECORD PLAYERS, TRANSISTORS, STEREOGRAMS, RADIOGRAMS, CAR RADIOS) Only 40p each
"Please enclose large s.A.E. WITH ALL ENQUIRIES \& ORDERS" Otherwise cannot be attended to (Uncrossed P.O.'s please, original returned if service sheots not available.)

## C. CARANNA 71 beaufort park LONDON, N.W. 11

We have the largest supplies of Service Sheets (strictly by return of post). Please state make and model number alternative.
Free TV fault tracing chart or TV list on request with order.
Mail order only.

## Service Sheets

## A.L.S. SERVICE SHEET SERVICE

OUR STOCKS NOW COVER OVER 10,000 MAKES AND MODELS 1972 TV list covering mono and colour-price 25 p , plus SAE
1972 Radio, Tape, Record Players, etc. List price 25 , plus SAE Service Sheets-price 25 p. PO and LARGE SAE. Manuals for many makes Enquiries welcome but please-a SAE
Always state make, model number and whether TV, radio, tape, etc. BARGAIN CORNER

Bag of $1001_{2}$ watt Resistors (our selection) 25p.
Bag of 501 watt Resistors (our selection) 25 p .
Metal box containing Heavy Duty 12V 2PCO Relay OC35 (type) transistor and other components (originally fluid level control
unit) price 50 p . unit) price 50 p .

MAIL ORDER ONLY
A.L.S.

21c Dryden Chambers, 119 Oxford Street, London W1R 1PB

Send S.A.E. for Free IISTS of Practical and Techrical Books on Radio ${ }^{8}$ Television now available to


* Albert Place, Harrogate, Yorks. Tel. 0423-86844

SERVICE SHEETS. Radio, TV etc. 8,000 models. List 10p. S.A.E. enquiries. TELRAY, 11 Maudiand Bank, Preston.
Receivers and Components


MINI MAINS PACK KIT. Safe doublewound mini transformer, silicon rectifiers, $1,000 \mathrm{uF}$ smoothing, instructions. Buildable to size of PP6 etc. $9 \mathrm{~V}, 120 \mathrm{~mA}$ 90 p , UK post 5 p . Mail order only. Amatronix Ltd., 396 Selsdon Road, South Croydon, Surrey CR2 ODE.


BRAND NEW COMPONENTS By return. Electrolytics 15 or $25 \mathrm{~V} 1,2,5$, 10 mfds. $3 \cdot 5$; $25,50-4 \mathrm{p} ; 100-5 \mathrm{p}$. Mylar
 miniature Carbon Film resistors E. 12 series $I_{5} W$ l $1 \Omega-10 \mathrm{M} \Omega 8$ for $5 p$. Insured
 postage $8 p$. The C.R. Supply

## Receivers and Components



As illustrated above, our all-wave band one valve easy to build kit. This kit contains the very best in components. Drilled chassis, Bandspread tuning, step-by-step Bandspread tuning, step-by-step instructions, plus a bonus: one medium plug-in coil and of fied.
£3.75 $+15 p$ P \& $P$. Cheques and postal orders to:
GALLEON TRADING CO.,
12 Burrs Way, Corringham,
Stanford-le-Hope, Essex.

IMPROVE THE SSB AND DX PERFORMANCE OF YOUR B40 OR G2B RECEIVER All components, hardware, and step-bypaid PRODUCT DETECTOR KIT Type A B for $\mathrm{B} 40 \mathrm{~B} / \mathrm{C}$ and 6 B \& $\mathrm{A}^{2} .50$. B for $\mathrm{B40B/C}$ and 62 B £2.50. VERNIER Fine-TUNING KIT. Includes handsome S/M weak DX. AI models (except B40D) $\quad$ 2. $2 \cdot 10$. Weak DX. All models (except B40D $82 \cdot 10$. With $1.7^{\prime \prime}$ mete. $\mathrm{e}^{2-95}$. With $2^{\prime \prime}$ meter E 3.20 . S-METER KIT. Type B for B40B/C/D and 62 B . With $1.7^{\prime \prime}$ meter $\mathbf{E}^{\prime 2.75}$. With $2^{\prime \prime}$ meter £3.95. Duplicated NOTES/CCTS: B40A/B/C 75 p , 62 B 75 p . I specialise in surplus naval RX's. Send SAE for list of these and other items including B40D, B41, CR150, CR300. CAT R209, G1392. ${ }^{\text {R }}$

Glen Tor, Torrington, G3EDW
RADIOSPARES COMPONENTS specified for projects in this, and other fied for projects in this, and other mithazines supplied onquiries. The request. Shop, 32 The Parade, Cwmbran Town Centre, 32 The Parade, C
Cwinbran, Mon.

## WITWORTH <br> TRANSFORMERS

TV LINE OUT-PUT TRANSFORMERS
Manufacturers of the largest range in the country. All makes supplied.

Free catalogue
Modern BAIRD, BUSH, GEC, PHILIPS
Replacement types ex-stock.
For "By-return" service, contact:
London: 01-948 3702
Tidman Mail Order Ltt., Dept. PW,
236 Sandycombe Rd., Richmond, Surrey TWS REQ
Valves, Tubes, Condensers, Resistors,
Rectifiers and Frame out-put Transformers Rectifiers and Frame out-put Transformers
also stocked. also stocked.

CALLERS WELCOME

## JUST TWO

of our many bargains, S.A.E. lists at giveaway prices, 1 WATT 5 transistor Amplifiers, com plementary output 3-250hm. $9+12 \mathrm{~V}$ supply Measures $1 \frac{1}{2}^{\prime \prime} \times 2 \frac{1}{2}^{\prime \prime}$ approx. Only $£ 1.25$ each. ZENERS-3-12v 400 mw types 5p each, 50p doz. Mâil order only. P. \& P. 10p.
A. J. MANLEY, 13 Randisbourne Gardens, Eromley Road, London S.E.6.

```
EX COMPUTER PRINTED CIRCUIT PANELS 2 in \(\times 4\) in packed with semi-conductors and top quality resistors, capacitors, didedes, etc. Our teed miniuum of 35 transistors. Data on transistors included.
SPECIAL BARGAIN PACK. 25 boards for 51 P. \& P. \(22_{\text {p }}\). With a guaranteed minimum of Ba transistors. Data on transistors includel
PANELS with 2 power transistory similar to OC28 on each board--components 2 buards ( \(4 \times\) OC28) 50p, P. \& P. 6p.
9 OA5. 3 OA10, 3 pot Cores, 26 Resistors, 14
Gapacitors, 3 GET 872,3 GET \(872 \mathrm{~B}, 1\) GET 875, All long leaded on paiels 13 in \(\times 4 \mathrm{in}\). 4 for El ,
P. \& P. 25p.
709C OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIER 7058 lead 1.C. 1 off 50 p ; 50 off 35 p ; 100 of 20 p .
250 MIXED RESISTORS 62p \(1 \&\) \& watt.
62p
SO MIXED HI STABS
QUARTZ HALOGEN BULBS
with long leads. 12 V 55 W for car suot lights,
With long leads. 12 y pach for car syot
projectors, etc. 50 p each. P. \& P. F .
GPO EXTENSION TELEPHONES
with dial but withont bell.
\({ }_{81} 95 \mathrm{p}\) for f , P. P. \& P. \({ }^{50 \mathrm{p} \text {. }}\)
BARGAIN RELAY OFFER
Single pole change over silver contacte 25 F to \(50 \mathrm{~V}, 2 \mathrm{bk} \Omega\) coil. \(\&\) for 50 p . P. \& P. 5 p
KEYTRONICS mail order only 44 EARLS COURT ROAD, LONDON W. \(8 \quad\) OI-478 8499
```

B.H. COMPONENT FACTORS LTD. For Eagle, Sinclair, Data Books and Components. $1_{4} \mathrm{~W} 5 \%$ resistors 1 p , or 50p/100. Electrolytic C426 $4 / 40,8 / 40$, $10 / 16, \quad 32 / 10,25 / 25, \quad 100 / 6 \cdot 4$, all 4 p . IN914 6p, 100 V IA Bridge 35p. Panel neon 15p. Mains Transformers $32-0-32$ at 150 mA .50 p .150 V at 25 mA and 8 v at 650 mA 75 p . Electrolytic $100 / 5010 \mathrm{p}$, $500 / 50 \quad 12 \mathrm{p}, \quad 1000 / 12 \quad 12 \mathrm{p}$. $1,000 / 25 \quad 25 \mathrm{p}$. $1,000 / 50$ 35p. uL914 30p. $7,400 / 01 / 10 / 50$ 15 p . Free list, CWO. pp UK 10p. Discount $£ 10-10 \%$. Money back guarantee. Brand new to spec. PO Box 18, Luton, Beds, LU1 1 SU.

ELECTRONIC COMPONENTS. Send SAE for list. Radnor Supplies, 23 SAE for list, Radnor Supplies, 23

SOUND SUPPLIES
(LOUGHTON) CO. LTD.
for Eagle International and International Rectifier Products. TOA P.A. Equipment and Mikes. Capacitors, Resistors, Plugs, Sockets Cables, Audio Leads, Semiconductors, Valves Vero Board, etc., for the constructor

ELECTRONICS DEPARTMENT.
12 Smarts Lane, Loughton, Essex.
Hours: 9.30 a.m.-1 p.m. 2-6 p.m. Mon., Tues., Closed a.m. ${ }^{-1}$ p.m. ${ }^{2-5.30}$ p.m. Sat
Closed all day Thurs.


## NEW <br> 15 watitivini apliffe £3.75 <br> 7 TRANSISTORS GUARANTEED PRINTED CIRCUIT-TESTED DISIGN BUILT: INSTRUCTIONS

A great new 15 watt HiFi amplifier is now available at the low cost of $£ 3 \cdot \% 5$. Just look at the specification -Power 15 Watts R.M.S., frequency response $15-\mathrm{cs}$ 19000 cs . Signal to noise ratio better than 70 db , Harmonic distortion $0.1 \%$, Input sensitivity 750 mv into 2 k . These factors make the H Electronics HiFi amplifier the best at its price-order now.

## HELECTRONICS. <br> 105,Grange Road, London. S.E. 25

EX-RENTAL TV's (UNTESTED)
Cumplete with 13 channel tupers. Good cabtncta. Carriage $21 \cdot 50$ extra

|  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $23^{\prime \prime}$ slimline |  |  | 27.50 |
| $19^{*} \mathrm{BBC} 2$ sets |  |  | 214-50 |

TUBES EX EQUIPMENT (Tested)


All tubes atd il carriage.
VALVES EX EQUIPMENT

| E891 | 5 p | 30 L 15 | 12ıp | PL36 | 22.5 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| EBF89 | 12 ${ }^{\frac{1}{2} \mathrm{p}}$ | 30 P 4 | $12 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{p}$ | PL81 | 1749 |
| ECC82 | 1219 | PC97 | $17 \frac{1}{2}$ | PY81 | 15p |
| EC180 | $7 \frac{18}{}$ | PCF86 | 17 p | PY800 | 15p |
| EF80 | $12 \frac{1}{}$ | PC84 | $7 \pm 0$ | PY82 | 7 p |
| EF85 | 1212 | PCF80 | 7 2p | PY33 | 22t |
| EF188 | 12.5 | PCO89 | 12tp | U191 | 17\% |
| EF184 | 12 LD | PCL85 | $22 \frac{1}{2}$ p | $66^{2} 23$ | 171p |
| EY86 | 17is | PCL82 | 1710 | 30PL1 | 224 |
| 30 PL 13 | 20 p | PCL8 8 | 17 ta | 30 Pl 12 | 20 p |
| 680 LZ | 1212p | PCL83 | 121p | 30F5 | 10p |

Add 2 gh per valve $\mathrm{p} . \&$ p., orders over $\& 1 \mathrm{p} . \& \mathrm{p}$. free

## UHF TUNERS

Fnr Ferguson 850900 chassis. Adaptable for moat CHE Chassis $22 \cdot 50$, p. \& p. 50p.

## SLOT METERS

Smiths reconditioned switchmaster MK III. Decinalized Perfect working order. 12 for 825 delivered. For sample send 22.50 c.w. 0 .

## TRADE DISPOSALS (Dept. PW/TS) <br> Thornbury Roundebout, Lzeds Rd., Bradiord.

Telephone 02\%4/665670

## HARDWARE AND <br> COMPONENTS

AVAILABLE from ONE Supplier
FACIA PANELS: CHASSIS BRACKETS : NUTS \& BOLTS WIRE $\qquad$
LARGE STOCK of COMPONENTS Resistors, Transistors, Capacitors

CRYSLON INDUSTRIES
Rother St., Stratford-upon-Avon, Warwickshire

## Receivers and Components


ELECTRONICS CENTRE HARROGATE

Components, test meters, Hi Fi, SW receivers

48 DRAGON AVENUE. Tel. 60259


## New Branded Guaranteed Top Quatity <br> MICROCIRCUITS \& TRANSISTORS

All complete with Data
2N2926-red and orange 6p; green 8 p ; BC109C 9p; 2N3055 48p; 741 33p; 723 75p; BFY 50/51/52 10p; ME0412 19p; ME4101 10p; MP811l 33p; SOLDERCON I.C. Pin Sockets 0.7 p per pin.

## JEF ELECTRONICS (P.W.5)

York House, 12 York Drive, Grappenhall, Warrington, WA4 2EJ. Mail Order Only. Money back if not satisfied. Discounts begin at 10 off. List free on application.

RECEIVERS, test gear, meters, government surplus equipment, valves, masts, rotator crystals, components, Selsey, Chichester, Sussex.

AARVAK ELECTRONICS Soundlight. Convertors 3 Channel $1 \cdot 2 \mathrm{~kW}$ £17. 3 kW
 Mail or call, 74 Bedford Ave., Barnet, Herts. 01-449 1268 .

## INCOMPARABLE V.H.F. KIT

Johnsons CV2-unique triple-purpose (Converter, Receiver, Tuner-Feeder) kit for the Amateur enthusiast. Fantastic transistorized performance, World Wide Sales. Complete kit of top grade parts with coils covering kit of to p grade parts with coils covering
$80-180 \mathrm{mHZ}$, plus easy/build diagrams and instructions. $£ 4$ direct from makers or S.A.E. for free literature.

JOHNSONS (RADIO) ST. MARTINS GATE WORCESTER WRI 2DT
Est. 1943 Tel. 24864
(A division of the G-BAN Organization)
OF THE WORLD FAMOUS GLOBE-KING S.W. KIT \& CRYSTAL SET KITS IS IMMINENT.

## 

All Brand New, to spec. Money Back Guaranteed. DIL SOCKETS. Plastic, 14 \& 16 pin 12p 40kcs ULTRASONIC TRANSDUCER. Max $100 y d$. transmit/ receive $£ 2$ data $9 p$. Nixie $£ 1 \cdot 25$. Numerical Indicator $0-9 \mathrm{DP} 5 \mathrm{v} 8 \mathrm{~mA}$ bar $£ 1 \cdot 89$. LIGHT EMITTING DIODES: Visible Red 2 v 6\%p. Infrared $£ 1 \cdot 49$. IC Photo Detector/amp 44p. 1A RECTS: 50v 6p. 400 v 9 p . 50 v bridge 31p. 2N3055, 44p. BC107 7p. BC108 7p. BC109 7p. 2N3702/ B/4/5/6/7. 11p. 2N5708/9/10/11 9p. ME 0404-2 17p. ME 0411 18p. ME 0412 19p.
 ME 4001 12 p . ME 410211 p . BC1 Zeners
 400 mW 12 p .3 .5 WATT IC AUDIO AMP
$\&$ data. Hi Fi etc. £1.49. 741 0P AMP 33p. SCR 400v 4A 59p. CAPACITORS: C426 range $16 / 25 / 40 \mathrm{v} 5 \mathrm{p}$. Mini $5 / 10 / 50 /$ 100 uf 6 p . Mylar 01 to. 2 uf 6 p . Resistors $11_{2} \mathbf{p}$. SANWA JP5D Multimeter £5.99. STEREO AMPLIFIERS complete in case. $8 \mathrm{w}(4+4 \mathrm{w}) £ 13.6710 \mathrm{w}(5+5 \mathrm{w})$ 14.99 p . FREE CATALIST, SAE. C.W.O. P. \& P. UK 7p. Discount $10+$ one type $10 \%$. P.O. BOX 29, BRACKNELL, BERKS.

NEW VALVES!
Guaranteed and Tested 24-HOUR SERVICE

| $1 \mathrm{R5}$ | . 25 | DF96 | 35 | EF91 | . 12 | PFL200 | -51 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 185 | .21 | DK91 | . 25 | EF92 | - 28 | PL36 | -47 |
| 1 T 4 | $\cdot 14$ | DK92 | . 47 | EF183 | - 26 | PL81 | -43 |
| 3S4 | - 24 | DK96 | -43 | EF184 | 28 | PL82 | -29 |
| 3 V 4 | . 48 | DL92 | . 24 | EL33 | - 64 | PL83 | -81 |
| 6/30L2 | - 53 | DL94 | 46 | FL $\mathbf{L} 4$ | -22 | PL84 | 29 |
| $6 \mathrm{AQ5}$ | . 21 | DL96 | . 38 | EY51 | - 38 | PL500 | 61 |
| 6 BW 7 | . 50 | DY86 | $\cdot 28$ | EY86 | - 28 | PL504 | . 61 |
| 6 F 1 | -57 | DY87 | 23 | EZ80 | . 20 | PY81 | 28 |
| 6 F 23 | $\cdot 67$ | DY802 | 30 | EZ81 | $\cdot 1$ | PY82 | -24 |
| 6 F 25 | - 51 | EABC80 | 30 | KT61 | - 54 | PY800 | -82 |
| 6SN7GT | . 28 | Eb91 | 9 | KT66 | $\cdot 75$ | PY801 | -32 |
| 25 LGGGT | . 18 | EBC33 | . 38 | N78 | . 85 | R19 | 29 |
| $30 \mathrm{C15}$ | . 56 | EBF89 | $\cdot 27$ | PC86 | $\cdot 45$ | U25 | . 68 |
| 30017 | . 75 | ECC81 | -15 | PC88 | -45 | U26 | 65 |
| 30C18 | -59 | ECC82 | . 18 | PC900 | -30 | U191 | 67 |
| $30 \mathrm{F5}$ | -63 | ECC83 | - 21 | PCC84 | - 28 | U951 | 63 |
| 30FL1 | -59 | ECF82 | 28 | PCC89 | . 48 | U329 | 65 |
| 30 FL 14 | -67 | ECH35 | . 58 | PCC189 | $\cdot 47$ | U801 | 8 |
| 30 L 15 | - 56 | ECH42 | . 58 | PCF80 | . 27 | UBF89 | -29 |
| $30 \mathrm{Ll7}$ | -66 | ECH81 | 26 | PCF86 | -48 | UCC85 | . 34 |
| 30 P 4 | - 56 | ECL 80 | . 35 | PCF801 | -27 | UCH81 | $\cdot 30$ |
| 30 P 19 | . 56 | ECL83 | - 29 | PCF802 | . 38 | UCL8\% | 31 |
| 30 PL 1 | - 58 | ECL86 | 34 | PCF805 | - 59 | T1489 | 28 |
| 30 PL 13 | -87 | EF39 | . 36 | PCL82 | $\cdot 30$ | UL84 | 29 |
| $30 \mathrm{PL14}$ | -63 | EF80 | 22 | PCL 83 | - 55 | UY41 | 37 |
| DAF91 | -21 | EF85 | -26 | PCL 84 | . 38 | UY85 | 24 |
| DAF96 | . 35 | EF86 | . 28 | PCL85 | -37 | W77 | 42 |
| DF91 | -14 | EF89 | . 24 | PCL86 | $\cdot 37$ | Z77 | 18 |
| Post/Packing on 1 valve $7 \mathrm{p} .$, plus 3 p . per valve on each extra, valve Any parcel insured against damage in transio 3p. extra. Office aduress. no callers. <br> GERALD BERNARD |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 83 OSBALDESTON ROAD, STOKE NEWINGTON, LONDON N.I6 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

BARGAIN PRICE
BRAND NEW HARTLEY OSCILLOSCOPES CT316 in orisinal packing. Band width up to $5 \mathrm{Me} / \mathrm{s}$. Mains supply. Price $£ 40$, p. \& p. $£ 1 \cdot 50 \mathrm{p}$.

NEW 8in. SPEAKERS 150 hms 75p, p. \& p. 10p,
BARGAIN PARCELS 141b at $\mathbf{5 1} 45$ plus 322 p p.p.; 381 b at £2.75 plus 521 p p.p.; 56 lb at $\mathbf{£ 4} \mathbf{5 0}$ plus $\mathbf{~} \mathbf{1 1} \cdot \mathbf{2 5}$ p.p. Contain pots, Res, Valves, Diodes, Tagboards, Chassis, Valveholders, etc. Good value save £ffs. Lucky Dip Service.

FANTASTIC BARGAIN. New 6 inch tubes. E450 4/B/1A 4VH, medium Persistance, green. Ideal scope tube. List price £5. Our price $£ 1.40$ carriage paid.
$600 \mu$ AMP METERS. Approx. $1_{1}^{17}$ on panel with plug and switch ex new equip. 75p p. \& p. paid.

NEW HEAYY COAX CABLE dia. $\frac{3}{8}{ }^{* \prime} 70$ ohms approx 50 ft . lengths $\$ 1 \cdot 40, \mathrm{p} . \& \mathrm{p} .30 \mathrm{p} .100 \mathrm{ft}$. leugth $82 \cdot 70$, p. \& p. 60p. AERIALS. New Condition Whip Type, 4ft. 20p; 11ft.
75 p, all collapsible type. P. \& p. 4 ft . $\mathrm{T0}, \mathrm{p}, 11 \mathrm{ft}$. 15 p . New bases on adjustable clamp for the above, $62 \frac{1}{2}$, p. \& p. 25p. New natching unit coax connection for abore, 30p, p. \& p. 5p.

CRYSTALS AS NEW: He 612, 5,345; 5,030; 5,005; 4,945; 4,$875 ; 4,840 ; 4,795 ; 4,580 ; 4,660 ; 4,520 ; 4,510 ; 2,300$; 2,295 Kc/s. 50 p each plus 8 p . p.p.

BRAND NEW CARBON RESISTORS. $1-\frac{1}{2}$ watt $10 \%$ tolerance, mixed. 250 for $87!$ p. p. \& , $2!\frac{1}{2}$ p. 500 for $\$ 160$ (you save 15p), p. \& p. 20 p

TRIMMER BARGAINS. These are IOPF sub-min airspaced trinmers on hoard with min. wire ended X tal Brand new. No details: Contents 12 trimmers, some $250 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}, 25 \overline{5} \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$. No choice.
Trimmers without Xtal--60p per doz. plus $17 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{p}$ p.p. Trimmers with Xtal-75p per doz. plus $17 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{p}$ p.p.

ANY HEIGHT AERIAL TUBULAR SECTIONS ${ }^{\frac{7}{\delta}}$ dia $x 3 \mathrm{ft}$. long. Brass screw in ends, copper coated and palnt ed. Good condition. $20 \mathrm{p}, \mathrm{p}, \& \mathrm{p} .5 \mathrm{p}$ each. Mimimum order 6 .

AS NEW AERIAL TUNER UNIT No. 6 RF, consigting of $1 \frac{1}{2}$ inch 500 nicolampmeter 3 gang tuner 75 PF geared BNC type socket size $51^{\prime \prime} \times 4^{\circ \prime \prime} \times 5^{\prime \prime}$. Price $£ 150$ carriage paid.

Huge release of valves for the 62 set TX/RX, in original rubber packing consisting of QV04/7 $\times 61 \mathrm{M}, \mathrm{ARP} 12$ etc. rubber packing consisting of QV04/7 $\times 61 \mathrm{M}$,
10 valyes in all at the bargain price as seen
$\quad 87 \frac{1}{2} p$ plus $17 \frac{1}{2}$ p p.p
R209. Set of valves 62ip. p.p. 25p.
NEW AERIAL WIRE ON BOARDS 7/22 UNCOVERED. $75 \mathrm{ft} .40 \mathrm{p}, 90 \mathrm{ft}$. $47 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{p}, 100 \mathrm{tt} .56 \mathrm{p}, \mathrm{p} . \&$ p. 20 p .

MOIRHEAD DECADE A.F. SIGNAL GENERATOR.
This precision instrument can be used:

1. To Measure Gain up to 50 dbs .

To Measure Gain up to 45 dbs .
3. To compare Power levels (A.F.).
4. As an Audio Frequency Generator covering 100 Hz . to 41 kHz . With a dial setting accuracy of $\pm 0.5 \mathrm{~Hz}$. Output :-1 M/W into 600 sL. Complete with mains power unit. Tested. Good Condition. $812, \mathrm{p}$ \& p. 75 p .

AERIAL MAST POLES approx. 5it high $2^{\prime \prime}$ dia. Inter -
locking ends. Minimuini order three. New condition. \&1 each section. Carriage 35p each section.
${ }^{1 \prime \prime} 75$ ohms Coax in 50 ft coils with BNC plitgs goont condition. price $21+30$ p. p.p.

NEW BOXED AMP METERS $1 \frac{3}{3}{ }^{n}$ 20-0-20 dc. 65p, p. \& p. 5 p.

AS NEW UNUSED REJECTOR UNITS for rejecting $\begin{array}{ll}\text { AS NEW UNUSED REJECTOR } \\ \text { unwanted } \\ \text { signals. Four ranges } \\ 1-2-10 & \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s} \quad \mathrm{EI} \cdot 50\end{array}$ p. $\&$ p. 20 p each.

AS NEW UNUSED AERIAL VARIOMETER. Cylinder design $10^{\prime \prime} \times 4 \frac{1}{2}^{\prime \prime}$, suitable for tuning most aerials for signal strength. $21 \cdot 50$ p. \& p. 25 p .

NEW HEADPHONES AND MIKE RUBBER mufit typo low impedance $97 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{p}$. \& p. $17 \frac{1}{\mathrm{t}} \mathrm{p}$.
TF1449 SIGNAL GENERATORS. Good condition $\mathbf{f 1 2}$ p. \& p. $£ 1 \cdot 50$
C.W.o. CARRTAGE CHARGES MAINLAND ONLY

WOULD CUSTOMERS PLEASE ENSURE THAT ALL ORDERS ARE PRINTED IN BLOCK CAPITALS AND INCLUDE YOUR ADDRESS.

# In just 2 minutes,find out how you can qualify for promotion or a better job in Engineering ... 

That's how long it will take you to fill in the coupon below. Mail it to B.I.E.T. and we'll send you full details and a free book. B.I.E.T. has successfully trained thousands of men at home - equipped them for higher pay and better, more interesting jobs. We can do as much for YOU. A low-cost B.I.E.T. Home Study Course gets results fast - makes learning easier and something you look forward to. There are no books to buy and you can pay-as-you-learn.

If you'd like to know how just a few hours a week of your spare time, doing something constructive and enjoyable, could put you out in front, post the coupon today. No obligation.

## WHICH SUBJECT WOULD INTEREST YOU?

Mechanical
A.M.S.E. (Mech.)

Inst. of Engineers
Mechanical Eng.
Maintenance Eng.

## Welding

General Diesel Eng Sheet Metal Work
Eng. Inspeetion
Eng. Metallurgy
C. : G. Eng. Crafts
C. \& G. Fabrication

Draughtsmanship
A.M.1.E.D.

Gen. Draughtsmanship
Dic \& l'ress Tools Elec. Draughtsmanship Jig \& Tool Design Design of Elec. Machines Technical Drawing Building

Electrical \& Electronic
A.M.S.E. (Elec.)
C. \& G. Elec. Eng. Gencral Elec. Eng. Installacions \& Wiring Electrical Maths. Electrical Science Computer Electronics Electronic Eng.

Radio \& Telecomms.
C. \& G. Telecomms. C. \& G. Radio Servicing Radio Amatcurs' Exam.
Radio Opcrators' Cert.
Radio \& TV Engincering
Radio Servicing
Practical Television
TV Servicing
Colour TV
Practical Radio \&

## Auto \& Aero <br> A.M.I.M.I.

MAA/IMII Diploma C. \& G. Auto Eng. General Auto Eng. General Auto Eng A.R.B. Certs. A.R.B. Certs.
Gen. Aero Eng.

## Management \&

Production
Computer l'rogramming Inst. of Marketing A.C.W.A.

Works Management Work Mana
Work Study Production Eng. Storckeeping Estimating Personnel Management Quality Control Electronic Data Processing Numerical Control Numerical Control
Planning Enginccring Matcrials Handling Operational Research Metrication
Constructional A.M.S.E. (Civ.) C. \& G. Structural Road Enginecring Civil Engincering Building
Air Conditioning Heating \& Ventilating Carpentry \& Joinery Clerk of W'orks Building Drawing Surveying Painting and Decorating. Architecture Builders' Quantities

## General

C.E.I.

Petroleum Tech.
Practical Maths.
Refrigerator
Scrvicing.
Rubber Technology
Sales Engineer
Timber Trade
Farm Science
Agricultural Eng.
General Plastics
General Certificate
of Education
Chouse from 42
' O ' and ' A ' Level
subjects including:
English
Chemistry
General Science
Geology
Mathematics
Mathematics
Technical Drawing
French
Grench
German
Russiait
Spanish
Biology
B.I.E.T. and its
associated schools haqe recorded well over 10,000 G.C.E. staccesses at ' $O$ ' and

WE COVER A WIDE
RANGE OF TECHNICAL AND PROFESSIONAL EXAMINATIONS.

Over 3.000 of our Students have obtained City \& Guilds Certificates. Thousands of other exam successes.

## THEY DID ITSO COULD YOU

${ }^{6}$ My income has almost trebled . . . my life is fuller and happier." - Case History G/321.
'In addition to having my salary doubled, my future is assured.' - Case History H/493.
${ }^{6}$ Completing your Course meant going from a job I detested to a job I love.' Case History B/461.

## FIND OUT FOR YOURSELF

These letters - and there are many more on file at Aldermaston Court - speak of the rewards that come to the man who has given himself the specialised knowhow employers seek. There's no surer way of getting ahead or of opening up new opportunities for yourself. It will cost you a stamp to find out how we can help you.

## 7ree!

Why not do the thing that really interests you? Without losing a day's pay, you could quietly turn yourself into something of an expert. Complete the coupon (or write if you prefer not to cut the page). We'll send you full details and a FREE illustrated book. No obligation and nobody will call on you . . . but it could be the best thing you ever did.


Dept B2, Aldermaston. Court, Reading RG7 4PF.
(Write if you prefer not to cut this page)


# HANBY'S BADIO LIMाTED ENGLAND'S LEADING ELECTRONIC CENTRES 


$20+20$ WATT I.C. STEREO AMPLIFIER As feotured by "Practical Wireless" May/June 1972 DEVELOPED BY "TEXAS" ENGINEERS FOR PERFORMANCE, RELIABILITY AND POWER FEATURES INCLUDE: Low profile with specially designed Gardners Transformer. 6-I.C.'s, 10 Transistors, 4 Diodes, 2 Zeners. fibreglass P.C. pane!. Multi protection. Stabilised supply. DiN input/output. Complete chassis work.
FUNCTIONS: Separate Treble/Bass/Volume/Balance controls. Input selector, Mag. pu, Radio, Tape in and out. Headphone sockee. Scratch and rumble filters. Mono/Stereo switch.
SLIM DESIGN WITH SILVER TRIM—Chassis size overall $14 \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2}^{\prime \prime} \times 6^{\prime \prime} \times \mathbf{2}^{\prime \prime}$ max. $\mathbf{f 2 8 . 5 0}$ Post TOTAL COST TO BUILD L28.50 45p. (Optional teak sleeve available July/August) TEXAS-HENRY'S VALUE \& PERFORMANCE Henrys are sole U.K. trade and retail suppliers of the Texan--enquiries invited.

## LATEST EDITION gATALOGUE



## PLUS! FIVE 10 PVOUCHERS FOR USE WITH PURCHASES

Send to this address-Henry's Radio Ltd., (Dept. PW). 3 Albemarle Way, London, E.C.1-for catalogue by post only. All other mail and callers to " 303 " see below

TEST EQUIPMENT Huge range in stock-too
much to list here. It's all in much to list here. It's all in
the latest catalogue- ${ }^{\text {prices- }}$ the latest catalogue - prices-
specifications etc. Also Panel Merers and Edge Merers.


GARRARD
McDONAL

MCDONALD GOLDRING CHASSIS (Post 50p) | SP25/3 | 10.50 |
| :--- | :--- |
| MP60 | HT70 10.40 |
| MP610 |  |
| 15.00 |  |
| 15.15 |  | MP60 £18.85 Zero 100 s (15 Wish PINTHICOVER 75 With PLINTH/COVER (Post 70p)

MP60 PC $£ 17 \cdot 20$ TRI50 AB/
HL75 PC $£ 21.60$ PLI $2 A C-75$ HT70 PC $£ 35.25$ PLI $£ 35.25$
 CART/PLINTHICOVER GL72PC/G800 (HL)AP76/G800 HT70 PC/G800 MP60 PC/SCSM $\quad 17-25$ (HL) 2025 TC/ 9 TAHCD $E 18.50$

## ULTRASONIC

Operate at $40 \mathrm{kc} / \mathrm{s}$ up to 100 yds. Ideal remore switching and signalling. Complete with data and circuits.
PRICEPAIR $£ 5.90$ Post 10 p
POWER INTEGRATED cIRCUITS
SL403D-3 watt with 8 page data, layouts $\&$ circuirs $f 1.50$ P.C. Board 60p; Heat Sink 14p IC $12-6$ watt with data and
circuirs fI .80 TH9013P-20 wa
TH9013P-20 Watt Power
 Data/Circuits Book for above No. 42 10p
TEXAS PUBLICATIONS 1-100 watt Mmplifiers and Preamplifier. Layouts and
data $1-25$ (Free List No.48A) 700 page IC Data Book (No. 2) (All TTL. IC's) 60 p ( Na 420 page Transistor Data (No. 3) 60 p
340 Page Transistor Data (No. 4) 60 p
(Post etc. 20p each.)
7 SEG \& NIXIE TUBES ${ }^{\text {(Post }} \mathbf{5 p}$ Der 1 to 6 ) view, with data 85p.
view with data 85p.
GNP.
N with decimal poirits data 95p with decimal poirits data $95 p$
$3015 F$. 7 -segment $\& 7$ per 4
with data. Nixie and 7 segment, Ref. No. $31,15 \mathrm{p}$, IC'S etc. Free TRANSTSTORS, IC'S etc. Free
list No. 36 on request

PUBLIC ADDRESS, LIGHTING \& DISCOTHEQUE EQUIPMENT
DJIO5S 30 watt rms Amplifier, 4 inputs, master tone and volume controls etc. 8 ohm output. Cased portable. E33.50. Post 40p.
DJ70S 70 watt rms version. Cased portable. E49-75. Post 40 p
DISCOAMP 100 watt rms to 8 ohms. 4 inputs, separate bass and treble controls, PFL, etc. Cased for cabinet or rack mounting 667.50 . Post 40p.
MC5MD AA Post 70 cartridge to match above amplifiers. $\mathrm{E} 17 \cdot 25$.
D 130 LIf 3 changing light control unit for above ampli-
 P. 35p. DJ40L as 30L plus mike £37.50 EFFECTS PROJECTORS-Coloured rotating light patterns.

## $696_{6}^{6} 6$

SPECIAL!! Anti-Feedback Microphone designed and made for Henry's for all PA/Disco Equipment. Ell:50
LIGHT GUIDE 64 fibres sheathed Mono ( $0.01^{\circ}$ ) 41.50 per 25 metre reel, DISCO COLT 150 watt $\quad \begin{aligned} & \text { Complete } \\ & \text { of Disco/PA/ }\end{aligned}$

 |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| LIQ $150-150$ watt Q.1. | 632.50 | play at " 309 " |

## LOW COST HI-FI SPEAKERS

 TYPE $150{ }^{2} \times 8 \frac{1}{2}$. Large Cer TYPE 150 Thms 62 . Post 22p. TYPE 450 . 45 Post 22p. TYPE 45010 watt with twin tweeters and crossover. 3, 8 TYPE 35020 watt with tweeter and crossover. 8 and 15 ohms. and crossover. 8 and 15 ohms.
 POLISHED CABINETS FOr 150, 150 TC and 450 e4.60. HIGH POWER AMPLIFIER MODULES
 Quality transformerless iow noise amplifiers Modern compact designs. PA25 and PAs50 supplied with plug harness for use with MU442 Power Supply. MPA12/3 18v. O.8A. J2W. 3-4 ohm. 44.50 MPA12/15 30v. 0.5 A . 12 W . $12-16$ ohm. MU24/40 Mains unit for 1 or 2 MPA/2/3 or $15 . \$ 4.50$ un
 PA50 $22-0.22 \mathrm{~V}$. 2A. 50 W . $3-4$ ohm. 69.50 $\xrightarrow[\text { Mu50. } 60.00]{\text { MUnit for } 1 \text { or } 2 \text { PA25 or } 1 \text { only }}$ PA25 Past 20p per unit
ALL SILICON-FET PREAMPLIFIFR AND MIXER
 SELF POWERED All inputs, A djustable input and output. DIN sockets. phe in and out. Microto 4-PA25 or 2-PA50.

$$
\text { Price } \boldsymbol{£ 1 0 . 5 0} \begin{gathered}
\text { Post } \\
30_{\mathrm{p}}
\end{gathered}
$$

300mW TRANSISTOR AMPLIFIER MODEL 4-300 Fully assembled STR Amplifier. Size $5 \frac{1}{2} x$ $1 \% \frac{z}{4}$ in. $1-10 \mathrm{mV}$ adjustable sensitivity. 9 volt operated. Thousands of uses plus
Price f1.7
(or 2 for $£ 3 \cdot 25$, p.p. I 5p)
BUILD THIS VHF FM TUNER 5 TRANSISTORS $300 \mathrm{kc} / \mathrm{s}$ BAND. WIDTH, PRINTED CIRCUIT, HIGH FIDELITY REPRODUCTION. MONO AND STEREO
A popular VHF FM Tuner for quality and reception of mono and stereo. There is no doubt about it-VHF FM gives the REAL sound. All parts sold
separately. Free Leaflet No. 3 . 7 . separately. Free Leaflet No. ${ }^{3}$ \&
fl 20 . Decoder Kit 65.97.
Mains unit (optional) Model PS900 ©2.47. Post 20p
Mains unit optional) Model PS900 £2.47. Post 20p
Mains unit for Tuner and Decoder PSI200 £2.62. Post 20p

## SINCLAIR PROJECT 60 MODULES

## -SAVE POUNDS!

230 63.57; 250 44.37 STEREO PZ5 $£ 3.97$ $\begin{array}{rrrr}60 & \text { £7.97; PZB } \mathbf{4 4 . 7 7}\end{array}$ PZ6 £6.37;
Transformer for PZ8 $\quad \mathbf{~ 2 . 9 5}$
Active Filzer Unit $\mathbf{E 4 . 4 5}$
Stereo FM Tuner $\leq 16.95$
ICI2 $£ 1 \cdot 80$; Q16's $£ 15$ pr
Post etc. 20p per item
ALSO IN STOCK
2000 E23.50; 3000 £ 30.95 Post 50p each

## "BANDSPREAD" PORTABLETO BUILD

Printed circuic all transistor design using Mullard RF/IF Module. Medium and Long Wave bands plus Medium Wave Bandspread for extra selectivity. Also slow motion geared tuning, 600 covered cabinet, car aerial. Atrracrive covered cabinet, car aerial. Attractive TOTAL COST TO BUILD E7.98, p.p. 32p. (Battery 22p). All parts sold separately-Leaflet No. 2 '7T' MEDIUM AND LONG WAVE PORTABLE (as previously advertised) $£ 6.98$, p.p. 35 p from stock-Leaflet No. 1. SLIDER CONTROLS
Top quality. $60 \mathrm{~mm} /$ singles and ganged. Complete with knobs. $5 \mathrm{~K}, 10 \mathrm{~K}, 25 \mathrm{~K}, 50 \mathrm{~K}, 100 \mathrm{~K}, 500 \mathrm{~K}$, i meg, Log and Lin. 45p each. $10 \mathrm{~K}, 25 \mathrm{~K}, 50 \mathrm{~K}, 100 \mathrm{~K}, \mathrm{Log}$ and Lin ganged.
MORE OF EVERYTHING AT LOW PRICES ALWAYS AT HENRY'S
Send large s.A.E. with list for parts quote for your circuit or get a Catalogue-it's all in ther
Electronic Components,
Audio and Test Gear Centre
356 EDGWARE ROAD,
LONDON, W. 2.
High Fidelity Sales \& : P.A., Disco
Demonstrations Centre
354 EDGWARE ROAD,
LONDON, W. 2.
\& Lighting Centre
309 EDGWARE ROAD
LONDON, W.2.
Onders. Special Bargain
Shop, Industrial Sales
303 EDGWARE ROAD.
LONDON, W.2:
Tel: 01-402-5854 Tel:01-723 6963
Telz 01-723 1008/9


[^0]:    cleaning pad, stand and booklet "How
    Price $£ 2.75$ to Solder". Also available for 220 volts.

[^1]:    SOUTHERN AUDIO SERVIGES
    43, High Street, Kingston-On-Thames, Surrey Tel: 01-549 3194 (3 lines)
    All equifpment guaranteed new and in makers' own boxes. Finest after sales services, First year, parts and labour free. Money credited within 7 days if not satisfied. Majority orders by return post.

    POST GRAD. DIPLOMA IN ELECTRONICS (SOUTHAMPTON)

[^2]:    
    

[^3]:    ©IPC Magazines Limited 1972. Copyright In all drawings, photographs and articles published in "Practicai Wireless" is fully protected, and reproduction or Imitations In Whole or in part are expressly forbidden. All reasonable precautions are taken by "Practical Wireless" to "ensure that the advice and data given to readers are reliable. We cannot, however, guarantee It, and we cannot accept legal responsibility for it. Prices are those current as we go to press. All correspondence intended for the Editor should be addressed to Fleetway House, Farring don Street, London, EC4A 4AD. Queries must be accompanied by a
    dence regarding advertisements to Advertisement Manager, Fleetway House, Farringdon Street, London. ECSA $4 A D$.

[^4]:    Where postage is not stated then orders Where postage is not 8tated then orders
    over $£ 5$ are post tree. Below $\mathbf{5 5}$ add 20 p Semiconductors add 5 p post. Over $\& 1$ post free. S.A.E. with enquiries please.

[^5]:    BOOKS WANTED
    ...Mullard Circuits for Audio Amplifiers. Second Edn. 1962.-George W. Saunders. ..Any volumes 3 to 10 "Wireless World", RSGB $\%$ R Bulletin, July 1933 (with covers, RSGB 1928 Annual Log Book. "History of Radio Telegraphy \& Telephony' Blake, 1927.-Allan Herridge, G31DG, 96 George Street, Basingstoke, Mants. Rowan Chalet, Lower Road, Postcombe, Oxford, OX9 7DU.
    "Simple , Lower Road, Postcombe, oxford, OX9 7DU.
    Burntwood, Walsall, Staffs. andbook a copy of the Radio Communication Handbook about
    Harpenden, Herts.

    ## INFORMATION AVAILABLE

    ...! have in my possession an Italian Magazine dated the Year 1959 called "Bolletino Tecnico Jeloso, it aiso has English Translation of contents. I would be pleased ${ }^{*}$ to send to any reader who may have a need for it, if they send S. A.E. $12^{\prime \prime} \times 4^{\prime \prime}$. It has full diagrams, of circuits and components, for the following: TRANS: $9,212-T R$, TRANS: $9,222-T R$, REC: 9,209-R.-R. Peel, 57 Tangmere Drive, Castle Vale, Birmingham, 35.

    ## EXCHANGE

    .P.E. April, 70 to Nov, 70 \& March 71 to Dec. 71. Also P.T. Jan, 71 to Oct. 71. 27 issues. All good condition. Would exchange all these for Vol. 43 \& 44 P.W.G. J. David, 32 Trebeferad, Llantwit Major, Glam.
    $\ldots$... have the Aug. 1966 edition of $P$.W. twice so am willing to exchange one copy or any interesting bit of electronic junk,-L. Cook, 7 Plum Tree Close, Eccleston Park, Prescot, Lancs., L35 7JT.
    .." Swap, buy or sell P.W. back issues. Large quantity for disposal. S.A.E. for ists. -R. Forsbert, 23 Harestone Hill, Caterham, Surrey, CR3 6DL.
    Oxford, OX 2 , July and Aug. 1968 issues of P.E.-S. Tucker, 8 Hawkswell Gardens,
    ..May 1971 issue of P.W.-C. H. Cheah, 17 Hargrave Road, Archway, London, Nig 5 SH .
    ...Aug. 1968 P.W. or photocopy of Portable Keyless Organ.-G. E. Dutton, Buck-th-Vine-Inn, Burscough Street Ormskirk, L39 2 EG, Lancs.
    ش.P.W. Volume 45 (May 69-Aprid 70), P.W. Volume 47 No. 7 (Nov, 71), P.E. Volume 5 (Jan. 69-Dec. 69 inc.).-M. Ridger, 25 Broomfield Crescent, Leeds, LS 6 3DD. \#.P.W. for Jan. 1971 with Part 1 of the Stereo Tape Recorder.-R. W. Andrews Bracken Grove, wellington, Salop.
    oublished circa 1964. - A. A. L . L . Brown circuits, operating info. for the electric organ ,..The blueprint for the P.W. $35 W$, 9 Rullion Road, Penicuik, Midiothian. Avenue, Handsworth Wood, Birming Guitar Amplifier.-P, Winkley, 96 Leopold ..July 1971 issue and any 1969 issugham, 20. Holt, Chilworth, Gulldford, Surrey

[^6]:    D. T. WICKS \& CO. 49 North Station Rd, Colchester, Essex.

    Tel: (0206) 78807
    CALLERS WELCOME-Monday-Saturday--9 a.m. to 1 p.m., 2.15 p.m. to 6 p.m., Thursclays, 9 a.m. to 1 p.m.

[^7]:    Mr. John Durrant, operator on the "Mount Temple".

[^8]:    When you invest in ROC equipment, you're getting much more than an exclusive product unbeatable. ROC unlts are bought direct from the manufacturer, and ALL the savings ROC derive from this are passed on to you! AI ROC Electronics, we take extra care to select only the best buys. We check everything before you do - and it's fully guaranteed whether you buy at the shop or by Mail Order.

[^9]:    Made by Clarke \& Smith, these sensitive amplifiers with vol. and tone controls use $2 \times$ ECC83, EL84, EZ80, and give 2 watts into $7 \mathrm{in} x$ 4 in 3 ohm speaker. Contained in oak-faced cabinet with non-standard deck using single a.c. motor. Only $£ 3+£ 1$ carr. Complete with Circuit diagram.

    GREENWELD ELECTRONICS
    (PW1)
    24 Goodhart Way, West Wickham, Kent.

