## PRAGNGALC

## ":" Wirderess

## COMBINED RADIO AND TABLE LAMP


oontente

## REFLEXING TRȦNSISTORS

 TRANSCRIPTION RECORD PLAYER CIRCUITS FOR ACORN VALVES USING PORTABLESIN-THE CAR
SW. LISTENERS LOG ETC., ETC., ETC.



211 STREATHAM ROAD, MITCHAM, SURREY
Special 24 Hour Express Mail Order Service

| OZ4 | 519 | 6CH6 | 121. | 10 C 2 | 2710 | 32 13/6 | CCH3S | 21 | ECL83 | 1216 | H2300 |  | 82 | 1116 | U251 | 17'6 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| las | $6 \%$ | 6ESGT | 101. | IOFI | 2612 | 35AS 18\% | CL4 | $12 / 6$ | EF9 | 211. |  | $10 / 6$ | PCL83 | 1216 | U281 | $20 \%$ |
| IA7 | 1416 | 6 FI | 1516 | 10F3 | 176 | 3St6GT 10'6 | CL33 | 1816 | EF22 | 1716 | HL4 ${ }^{1}$ | 1216 | PENA 4 | 1716 | U282 | $22^{\prime}$ |
| IDS | 14. | $6 \mathrm{F6}$ | 619 151 | $10 \mathrm{F9}$ | 1216 | $35 W 481$. | CYI | 1519 | EF36 | 716 | HL4ID |  | PENB4. | 1716 | U301 | 2216 |
| 106 | $10 \%$ | $6 \mathrm{F7}$ | 151- | 10LD3 | 1216 | $35 Z 3101-$ | CY31 | 1519 | EF37 | 816 |  | 1316 | PEN4D |  | U329 | 1716 |
| 1D6 | $10 / 6$ | 6 Fl 2 | 419 | 10LDII | 151. | $3524 \quad 76$ | D41 | 1216 | EF37A | 816 | HL42D |  |  | $22 / 6$ | U339 | $19 \%$ |
| 5 | $10 / 6$ | 6 Fl 3 | 176 | 10P13 | 211. | $35 Z 5 \quad 96$ | D42 | $12 / 6$ | EF39 | $4 \%$ |  | 1316 | PL33 | 1816 | $\cup 403$ | 1116 |
| N5 |  | 6 Fl 4 | 1716 | 10P14 | 201. | 40SUA 151. | D63 | 316 | EF40 | 15. | HY90 | 81- | PL38 | 23'9 | U404 | 101. |
| NS | $10^{\prime \prime}$ | 6FIS | 1419 | IID3 | 1716 | 41STH 23'6 | D77 | 516 | EF41 | 913 | W4/350 | 50101. | PL81 | 14'9 | U801 | 291. |
|  | $10 \%$ | $6 \mathrm{FI7}$ | 121. | 1105 | 1716 | 42 15\%. | D152 | 61. | EF42 | 1016 | IW4/500 | 0101. | PL82 | 81. | U4020 | $15 / 6$ |
| 4 | 916 | $6 F 33$ | 516 | 12 A 6 | 616 | 43 15\%. | DAC32 | 10'6 | EF50(E) | 316 | KBC32 | 116 | PL83 | 1016 | UABC8 | 3081. |
| IS5 | 816 | 6H6 | 216 | 12AH8 | $10^{\prime}=$ | 50C5 15\% | DAF91 | 716 | EF50, A) | 41. | KF3S | 816 | PL820 | 211. | UAF42 | 916 |
| 4 | $91-$ | 615GT | 416 | 12AT6 | 91. | 50CD6G | DF33 | $10 \cdot 6$ | EF80 | 61. | KL32 | $10 \cdot 6$ | PM2A | 12'6 | UB4I | 1. |
| 114 105 | 10'. | 615 | 716 | 12 AT7 | 8. | $21^{\prime}$ | DF91 | $1 \cdot$ | L. 185 | 616 | KLL32 | 1116 | PM2HL | 14'. | UBC41 | 16 |
| 2D21 | 816 | 6JFGJ | 16 31. | 12 aU7 | $9 \cdot$ | 5016 G 9'. | DF92 | 7. | EF96 | 11. | KL 35 | 916 | PM22A | 1316 | UBF80 | 916 |
| $2 \times 2$ | $5{ }^{\prime}$. | 6K7GT | $10^{\prime} 6$ | 12 BA 6 | $9 \cdot$ | S15PT 17\% | กF97 | 916 |  | $10 \%$ | KT32 | $10^{\circ}$ | PM202 | 2161. | UCC85 | 816 101. |
| 3 A5 | $12^{\prime \prime} 6$ | 6K8GT | $12^{\prime \prime} 6$ | 12BE6 | 9.6 | $62 B T \quad 176$ | DH63 | $10^{\prime}-$ | F92 | ) | KT33C | $10^{\circ}$ | PY31 | 1616 | UCH42 | \% 1. |
| 3 D 6 | $14 / 6$ | 6 K 25 | 1916 | 12 E 1 | 17.6 | 51 7126 | [H16 | 176 | ${ }_{\text {EF93 }}$ | 716 | KT36 | 2816 | PY 32 | 1516 | UCH81 | ! 1. |
| $3 \mathrm{Q4}$ | $8{ }^{81}$ | 6 L 1 | 1516 | 1217GF | 916 | 711216 | DH177 | $8{ }^{16}$ | L195 | 151. | KT41 | $2 \lambda .6$ | PY80 | $81-$ | UC182 | 1216 |
| 3 Q 5 | 1016 | 6 L 6 | 716 | 12 K 7 GI | Y $8^{\prime \prime} 6$ | 18 12'6 | [) H 107 | 1316 | F! 31 | 1216 | KT44 | $13 / 6$ | PY81 | 716 | UCI 83 | 1316 |
| 354 | $8 \%$ | 6 L 18 | $12 / 6$ | 12 K 8 G | T12'6 | 80 10'. | [H119 | 716 | FL 32 | 51. | KT55 | 22 '6 | PY82 | 81. | UF41 | 91. |
| 3 V 4 | 91. | 6 L 19 | 211. | 12Q7G | 「 816 | $854212{ }^{\prime}$ | OK91 | $9 \cdot$ | EL33 | 12/6 | KT61 | 1816 | PY83 | 816 | UF 42 | 1116 |
| SR4GT | 91. | 6 L 34 | $10 \%$ | 12547 | $8{ }^{81}$ | $15082 \quad 1216$ | DK 92 | $9 / 6$ | EL35 | 1216 | KT63 | 816 | P 230 | 1816 | UF80 | 91. |
| 5 4 4 G | 416 | 6/30L2 | $10 \%$ | 125 C 7 | 81. | 15083151 | DK96 | $10 \%$ | EL37 | 1216 | KT66 | 1716 | QP25 | 1416 | UF85 | 1. |
| 5 V 4 | $8 \%$ | 6L.D3 | 916 | $125 G 7$ | 816 | 1858 T 32'- | DL 33 | 91. | EL38 | 2319 | KT7 | 91. | QP230 | 1716 | UF89 | 81 |
| SY3GT | 816 | 6LD20 | 1516 | $12 \mathrm{SH7}$ | 41. | 303716 | DL35 | $12 / 6$ | EL38 | 2319 1016 | KT74 | 1216 | QP21 | 1216 | UL41 | 81. |
| 523 | 101. | 6N7GT | 716 | 12517 | 41. | 304716 | DL92 | 816 | EL4 4 | $10 \%$ | KT76 | 1216 | R10 | 211. | UL44 | $24 / 6$ |
| 524G | 101. | 6MI | 1016 | $125 \mathrm{K7} 7$ | 81. | $305 \quad 716$ | DL94 | 91. | EL42 | 1419 | KTIOI | 251. | R19 | 1916 | UL46 | 211. |
| 6 67 | 1816 | 6M2 | 1016 | 12507 | 11/6 | $328 \quad 716$ | DL96 | 916 | EL84 | 1419 | KTW62 | 716 | SD6 | 816 | UL. 84 | 916 |
| 648 | 10\% | 6P1 | 1716 | $12 \mathrm{SN7}$ | 1716 | 329 716 | EASO | ${ }^{21}$ | EL84 | 1176 | KTW63 | 716 | SP4 | 1416 | UU6 | 2011 |
| 6AB8 | 91. | 6P25 | 1916 | 1223 | 15\%. | 8071716 | EABC80 | 716 | EL90 | 1016 816 | KTZ41 | 81. | 5P41 | 316 | UU7 | 15\%. |
| 6AJ8 | 916 | ${ }^{6 P 28}$ | 2610 | 13 D 3 | $12 / 6$ | 955 | EAC91 | 716 | EL91 | $81 \%$ $5 \%$ | KTZ63 | 101 | 5P42 | 1216 | UU8 | 26\% |
| 6AK5 | 81. | 6Q7GT | 1016 | $14 \mathrm{H7}$ | 1216 | 57631716 | EAF42 | $10 \%$ | EM80 | $10 \%$ | L63 | 419 | SP61 | 316 | UY21 | $15 / 6$ |
| 6AK8 | 716 | 6SA7GT | 716 | 14 R 7 | 1216 | 9002716 | EB41 | 716 | EM80 | $10 \%$ | LN309 | 151. | T41 | $22 / 6$ | UYA1 | 716 |
| 6AL5 | 61. | $65 G 7$ | 716 | 1457 | 211. | 9003716 | E891 | 5!- | EM81 | $10 \%$ | LZ319 | $12^{\prime \prime}$ | TDD4 | 1716 | UY85 | 716 |
| 6AMS | $5 \%$. | 65 $\mathrm{H}_{7}$ | 616 | $15 \times 2$ | 1716 | AC4/PEN | EBC33 | 41. | EY81 | 1016 | MH4 | 816 | T0013C |  | $\checkmark$ P2B | 1716 |
| 6AM6 | 41. | 6517 | 516 | 15D2 | 2319 | 25\%. | EBC41 | 916 | EY84 | 1016 | MHD4 | 1716 | C | $17 / 6$ | $\checkmark$ V4B | 1716 |
| 6ANS | 716 | 6SK7 | 716 | 19 AQS | 1016 | AC5/PEN | EBF80. | 916 | EY86 | 916 | MHL | 10\% | TH41 | 2319 | W17 | 816 |
| 6AQ5 | 813 | 6SL7GT | 616 | 198G6G |  | 2216 | EBF89 | 91. | EY9 | 91. |  | 5/7) | TP22 | 1716 | W76 | 71. |
| 6AQ8 | 913 | 6SN7GT | 516 |  | $24 / 4$ | AC6 211. | EBL2I | 22'. | E 235 | 71. |  | 1716 | TP25 | 1716 | W77 | 51. |
| 6AT6 | 813 | 6U4GT | 1116 | 2001 | 1216 | ACTP 32'. | EBL31 | 2116 | EZ40 | $7 / 6$ | MS4B | 1716 | U14 | 1519 | W81 | $6 \%$ |
| 6 6U6 | 10\%. | 6U5 | 716 | 20D2 | 231. | ACHL 12/6 | EC90 | 916 | 80 | 16 | MSP4 | 1716 | U16 | 10\%. | W142 | $9 \%$ |
| $6 \mathrm{B7}$ | $10^{\prime}$. | 6U7 | 716 | 20F2 | $26 \cdot 6$ | AC/PEN | EC91 | 916 | 80 |  | MUl4 | 91. | U18/20 | 10\% | W719 | 716 |
| 688 | 41. | 6V6G | 51. | 2011 | 2616 | $17 / 6$ | ECC31 | 10'. | EZ81 | 716 | MX40 | 1716 | U22 | $10^{1 \%}$ | W727 | 716 |
| 6 BA 6 | 716 | 6V6GT | 81. | 20PI | 261 | ACTHI 34'9 | ECC32 | 10'. | EZ90 | 716 | Ni8 | 81. | U24 | 2916 | $\times 18$ | 1116 |
| 68E6 | 716 | $6 \times 4$ | 51. | 20P3 | 2315 | ACVPI 1716 | ECC33 | $5{ }^{1}$. | FC2 | 211. | N19 | $8 \%$ | U25 | 141. | $\times 61 \mathrm{M}$ | 211. |
| 68G6G | 2110 | 6×5GT | 51. | 20P5 | $22 / 6$ | ACVP2 1716 | ECC34 | 15'- | FCI3 | 1716 | N37 | 1816 | U26 | 1216 | +65 | 2319 |
| 6916 | 716 | 787 | 81. | 25L6GT | 916 | AC2, PEN | ECC35 | 81. | FCI3C | 21\%. | N78 | 1716 | U31 | 916 | + | $21 \%$ |
| 68R7 | 151- | 7 C 5 | 81 | $25 Y 5$ | $10 \%$ | 21\% | ECC40 | 211. | FW4,500 |  | N108 | $18 \%$ | U33 | $21 \%$ | +78 | $21 \%$ |
| 6BW6 | 816 | 7 C 6 | 81. | $25 Z 4$ | 916 | AC2/ | ECC8I | 81. |  | 10\%. | N142 | 186 | U35 | $21 \%$ | + $\times 79$ | $21 \%$ |
| 6BW7 | 616 | 7 D 5 | 151. | 2525 | 916 | PENDD21:- | ECC82 | 916 | 4,800 |  | N147 | 1816 | U37 | 25\%. | Y61 | 1016 |
| $68 \times 6$ | 61. | $7 \mathrm{D6}$ | 151. | 2526 | 1016 | AZI 1516 | ECC83 | 916 |  | 10\%. | Niso | $10 \%$ | U45 | $21 \%$ | Y63 | 91. |
| $6 \mathrm{BY7}$ | 716 | $7 \mathrm{D8}$ | 15\%. | 2750 | 1716 | A $231 \quad 10{ }^{\prime} 6$ | ECC84 | 916 | GZ30 | 1016 | N153 | 1116 | $\cup 47$ | 21\% | Z21 | $12 / 6$ |
| 6C4 | 616 | $7 \mathrm{H7}$ | 81. | 30 | 1316 | 836 21\% | ECC85 | 916 | GZ32 | 1116 | N309 | 1116 | U50 | 816 | Z63 | 716 |
| 6CSGT | 81. | $7 K 7$ | 1016 | 30 Cl | 1216 | 865 816 | ECC91 | 516 | GZ34 | $13 / 6$ | N329 | 101. | U52 | 71. | Z66 | 1916 |
| 6C6 | 616 | 787 | 1116 | 30FS | 1116 | 8152816 | ECF80 | 1216 | H30 | 516 | N727 | 716 | U76 | 716 | Z77 | 419 |
| 6C9 | 1216 | 7 F 7 | 12'- | 30FLI | $10^{\prime} 6$ | B309 9/6 | ECF82 | $12 / 6$ | H63 | 916 | N729 | $8 \%$ | U78 | 71. | Z152 | 816 |
| 6C10 | $12^{\prime \prime}$ | 757 | $10 / 6$ | 30LI | 116 | 8329 916 | ECH21 | 22\%. | H8C90 | 916 | P2 | 101 | U142 | 81. | Z719 | 716 |
| 6CD6G | $27 / 6$ | 7Y4 | 716 | 30 P 4 | 21. | $8339 \quad 916$ | ECH42 | 10\%. | HL92 | 616 | PCC84 | 916 | U145 | 15\%. | ZD152 | 916 |
| 6D1 | 81. | 8 D 3 | 4. | 30P12 | $11 / 6$ | B719 96 | ECH8I | 91. | HLI33D | D | PCC89 | 10. | U147 | $7 \%$ |  |  |
| 6 D 2 | $5{ }^{5}$. | $9 \mathrm{~B}^{1 / \mathrm{N}} 6$ | $14 / 9$ | 30P16 | $10 \%$ | CBLI 1716 | ECH83 | $12 / 6$ |  | $10 \%$ | PCF80 | 1016 | U153 | 916 |  |  |
| 6 D 3 | 151 | 10 Cl | 181. | 30PLI | 15'. | CBL31 21\%. | ECL80 | 91. | HL23 | $12 / 6$ | PCF82 | 16 | U191 | 201. |  |  |

METAL RECTIFIERS

| RMI | $6 \%$ | I8RA | 8-1 | 416 | 16RE 2-1-8-1 | 6 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| RM2 | 81. | 18RA | 1-1-16-1 | 816 | I8RA 1-2-8-1 | 111. |
| RM3 | 91. | 16RC | 1-1-16-1 | 816 | 14 A86 | 171. |
| RM4 | 1616 | 14RA | 1-2-8-2 | 181. | 14 A97 | 2316 |
| RM5 | 221. | 14 RA | 1-2-8-3 | 211. | 14 A 100 | 24. |

[^0]
## SPECIAL OFFER

IT4 4/-, 6K8 8/,, 6K7G 3/-, 6V6G 5/\%, EBC33 4/-, EF39 4/-, EF80 6/-, EF91 4/9 $6 \times 5 \mathrm{G} 5 /-, 5 \cup 4 G 4 / 6$



3In oscilloscope tube American!made Type No. 3FP7. Octal base 8.3 v. 0.6 amp heater, electrostatic deflection. Brand new and guaranteed. 151- each. plus 1/8 post and insurance Com plete with circuit diagram

Suppressor Condenser


Stop you drillor other apinterfer
Ing with your or your nelghbours radio or television. Simple instrucWelding Transformer

Output $2 / 3$ volts by htgh and low switch. ConHnuous rating
250 amps. Intermittent for spot welding exceeds 2.000 amps. Unused slightly solled. but perfect £3.10.0 pius $3 / 6$ carriaize.

## TV Workshop Aids

E.H.T. SEALER. ADply. With soidering tron. Stops corona discharge. etc. $2 / 8$ per stick. for E.E.T. insulation up io 25 kV .51 Ser 12ft. roll. STRIP. In. x tin. For sealing or cushloning, gd. per foot. ANTI-STATIC SCREENCLEA NER For TV rubes and screens. Perspex or 3/-per tube.
CELLULOSE CEMENT. Specially prepared for radio gluing of metal.
glass. ceramic, wood. fabrics. $4 / 6$
1960 ALL Mains Amplifier


Undoubtedly finest value obtalnable in amplifers-poweriu three valve Complete with valves, mains, transformers, volume and tone controls, but less chassis, speaker and cabinet. Price only 29/6, plus $2 / 6$ post and ins. Data free with parta or avallable separately 1/6.

Pockft 5. much louder uses four bransizlors and diode. complete cost 6\%/8. plus $2 / 0$ postarte and ins Each complete to last nut and bolt whth froper canmet. With proper tuning contenser and miniature Ionuspeaker. Batteries avallable (10d, extra) and solder ( $1 /-$ ) are definitely only other items needed Our cirruits are completels portable and do not mered any aerrat able s in lill ISAVALLABLE SHOD TIES. Demonstrations aladly Monev back quaranteed.
S.A.E. for adilitonal detalls.

## PHILIPS TRANSCRIPTION UNIT

Philids AG 2009 Record Player ${ }^{4}$ the enthusiast. Plek-uparm wir. ed tor stereo. fine adjustment on all iour speeds. Continuously varlable ptek-up welght ( 2.128 ms .) Suppled with Philips Hi-Ft crystal type AG3019 for microgroove and 78 r.p.m. Frequency response $30-15.000$ cis. Pick-up litting and lowering device. Individ-
ually balanced heavy turntable. Muting switch. Can be used with any amplifier or radio sel. Complete with monaural pick-upi0.10.0. or 2 kradeposit and a ort head. dlamond or sapphire stylus. Prices on request.

The Taylor Meter Model 127A


A pocket size meter but with a bur scale and a sensitivity of 20.000 Onms per volt D.C. therefore ab ideal unit for Lelevision servicing - robustiy made and complete with leads and prods-20 ranges is follows: D.C. curreat 30 mtc o-amps. to 1 Ano. D.C. voltacea- $0-1.000$ volt in seven ranges ( 25 KV ) with external probe. optlonal extra.
Volte A.C. -0.2 .500 in $31 x$ rances.
Ohms- $0-20$ meg Ohm in Seli-contained $34 n$ movement. Pmes 10 or $10 i$ deposit and 23 fortnighty payments of 101 -. Noncallers add 51 - carrtage and insurance.


अ以

## Connecting Wire


P.V.C. covered in loort. colls-9/9 a coll or four colls different colours. 10\%. post free.

## Yaxley Switches



## Rectifier Bargains


seseruam rectifier type 12. 5x0 v. if Al nall-wave easily rebullt into full wave or muitiple type. contains 35 mm , discs. Price 8/6. olus $1 / 6$ post. Type 13. 36 volt 9 amp, easily rebuilt into six lull wave charger rectifers suitable for 6 or 12 volt batteries 3 amps , contains 2484 mrn . disos. Real baryaln at 19/6. plus 1/6 post.

## Morganite Potentiometers

Sincle and --gang trpes avajlable. standard size with sood iength splndle. all $\begin{array}{lllll}n & e & w & a & n \\ b & 0 & x & e & d \\ d\end{array}$ singip tropes. each. values aval!
 25 K . 50 K . $100 \mathrm{~K} .250 \mathrm{~K}, 1 \mathrm{meg} .2 \mathrm{meg}$. Gane type $3 /$-each-values avallable: Gangtype 3 -each-values avallabla: $5 \mathrm{~K}+5 \mathrm{~K} .100 \mathrm{mt}$
2 meg .2 mes

## ว

## Crystal Mike by Acos



Morel 3911, this is ideal tor tape or seneral amplifiers, complete with Transistor Set Cabinet


Very modern crearm cabinet, size $5 t x \quad 3 x$ lifn, with chrome handle, tuning knob and scale. Prlce $7 / 6$, plus 1/6 postage and packing.

TV Service Sheets


200 shoets covering the most popular post-war Televisors by leading makers-Cossor, Ekco, Ferguson, re, etc. Giving if diagram otc. £2, post free.

## Miniature <br> <br> Microphone

 <br> <br> Microphone} American mado. Dynamic type real bargain at
## Speaker Bargain



123n. Hi-fldelity loudspeaker. Htgh flux, Permanent magnet type with standard ${ }^{3}$ ohm speech coll. Will by lamous maker. Price 39/6. plus $3 / 6$ dost and insurance.
"Dim and Full" Switch Particularly useful for controlling photofiood lamps which have only a short lite at ful briliance. This the fist position puts series at half brilliance for setting up the second position is off setting third position fuil britlience for the operation shots. Also userul for controling night lights, heaters for tc. Price $3 / 9$ each, post 9 d , Circult dingram included.


Fluorescent Light Bargain Kit of parts comprising: choke, two ampholders, starter holder and star2er, post and insurance.

## Components for Transistor Sets

Parts tor "Practical Wremess" Pocket Transistor ltadios aveliade send or lists. Suls-miniature Electrolytice. 1 mid 18 se .2 .5 m m $6 \mathrm{v} .4 \mathrm{matd} 6 \mathrm{v}, 8 \mathrm{mfd}$ ov. $5 \mathrm{mid} 12 \mathrm{~m}, 10 \mathrm{rata} 6 \mathrm{v}, 25$ mid ov. 30 mid $3 v .50 \mathrm{mfd}$ zv 20 mid . All $1 / 9$ eazh. Transintor Ferritp kod Aerial with mediutn and dony wavo coils with ercult. Price $7 / 6$.
Obeillithor tinll and set of 3 L.F. transformers for transistor set with circuit. Price $23 / 6$.
Midget in. 1'. M. lamdshiatier for transistor set. 3 ohm or 80 ohm coll Price 18/6.
Miuket zus pt + Jis pr two-gang Tuning Condenser with trimmers. \& spindie drilled and tapped. Price $9 /$ - plus 1 - post.
Push-buil (Hutput Transformers, for transistors OC78. etc. Sub-miniature. Price 8/6, plus 1/- post, Pusti-puil input Transformer to mateh the above Output Transtormer, $\partial / 6$.
$0.04 t^{5}$ mfd single Tuning Condenser. Solid dielectric tin. spindle for transistor or crystal set. 3/8: ditto with spindle tapped $6 \mathrm{BA}, 4 /-$ -
Fully Tested Transistors, Set of six for Superhet uncludes matched pair, Mullard £3.10.0, ditto unbranded. $45 /-\mathrm{i}$ sultable as mixers, $12 / 6$ each. Suitable as I.F. amplifiers, 12/6, sultable for R.F. and Regen, circuits, 6/6: matched pairs for Pushpull Output $16 /-$ per paitr. High gain for single ended output, 7/6. Ordinary white spot, 3/9; red spot. 3/6.
Resistors, mintature quarter watt type for transistor sets, All popular valves, 51. each. Minature ceramic condensers 8id. each. . 04 Midgets 9d. each. 1.1 Midgets $1 /$ - each

## Another Battery Charger Bargain

 Components Would Cost MoreCar Battery Charger-ready-made high output battery charger in stove enamelled sheet steel louvred case. Rated at 12 v. 5 amps. and variable rate selector for trickle charging, also a meter to show charging rate. Suitable for $230 / 250$ A.C. mains. Special snip price of $65 / \%$ plus $3 / 6$ Dost and ins.

## Motor Snip

Mintature motor 2 hin. long $x$ $1 ; 1 n$. diameter, laminated poles and armature, separate winding ror reversing. Operates of $20-30 \mathrm{~V}$.
 Dtepdown transformer. Original cost at least $£ 3$ each.
 Snip price for one month only 8/6, plus $1 / 6$ postage
and insurance. and insurance.

## Component Storage

## Drawers

Stout board construction these drawers are dieal tor small parts. Supplied complete with simple erection
 drawers each $6 \times 21 \times$ xin. $13 / 6$. Dost $2 /$-.


Band III Convertors Suitable Wales. London. Midlands, North. Scotland. etc. All the parts including 2 EF80 valves, coils, the tuner, contrast control. condensers und resistors. (Metal case avalable as an extra.
post and jusurance. Data tree.

## INFRA-RED HEATERS


for 750 watt element and instructions $15 / 6$, plus $2 / 6$ post and insurance.

## SPECIAL THIS MONTH

Twin Twisted Lighting Flexequivalenc 14/36. rubber insulated cot ton covered. 12.6 per 100 yard call

## Hoving (on lieter:

0-5u microamp … 2in. Ansh . $17 / 6$ 25th-0-25n microamp 2tin. surface 27/6 750 microamp . . . . . 2tan, suriace 178


 0-50 muliamp....... . . 2tin. Gush ..15/-

Unbreakable Maing Lead type of lead fitted to electric razors makes fine lead for test meters and any other devices where sublect to continuous bending. I win figure elght construcNormally costs $2 /$ per yard. Three 6 [t. leads for $2 /$ -
Filament Transformer, 6.3 v., 11 amp. 6/6.
0.3 Amp Dropper-tappings marked 290/220/250, 3/6.

Auto-Transformer. totally enclosed primary 200-250, secondary $110-120 \mathrm{v}$.. 200 w. normally 27/6. Price 19/6. plus $\overline{3}$ - post.
Output Transformer-standard pen" tode-4/6, multi ratio, 6/6.
Bi-metal Striy with heavy duty con-tact-ideal for thermostat, fire lamp, etc. 2/6.
Neon Lamp-midget wire ended, ideal mains tester, etc. 2/-, ex-Govt., 1/6.
5 amp. 12 v. full-wave Charger Rectlfier, normal price 17/6. Prioe $10 /-$, Dlus $1 / 6$ post and ins.
Install those extra polatg 3.029 twin Hat T.R.S. cable. Blg purchese enables us to sell this at $45 /$ per 100 yds. carriage $8 / 6$.
Head Phones, DLR5. Ideal aryptal sets, etc., 8/6. plus $2 /$-post.

## STOP FHEEZE UPS !

Wrap our heater wire around the pipes in Your loft, to prevent Ireeze for up to 501 t . of plpe, 10/- post fres. With instructions.
Cold Cathode Valve CV413. Voltage regulator or trigger switch-unused but ex-equipment, $2 / 8$ each.
The Fanels. Ideal for constructors. experimental circuits, etc., 3 of each of 12 different types, $5 /-$, post $1 / 6$.
Belling Lee 2BA fully Insulated terminals for mounting through metal panels, 1/6 each.
Terminal Ilends, insulated 4BA. 2/doz. J. 1 mifd. 350 v. Small tubular metal cased condensers made by Dubiller. $2 / 6$ doz
at Assorted IResistors. Well mixed and uselul values i and watt, 5/-lor 30. Ditto. but 1 wate. $6 / 6$ tor 50.

Mainq Transformer. Standard 230 V , Input 250-0-250 at 80 mA ., 6.3 V . at 5 A., 12/6, post $1 / 6$.
Toggle switeh. Standard metal body type with round dolly,fixing ring and on/off indicating plate. $1 / 3$ or $12 /=$ doz.
Metal Rectifier. 250 v. $60-80 \mathrm{milli}-$ amps., ideal for mains set or instruvalve, $4 / 6$. tererned Cable, Rubber covered fexible with metal braiding, ideal for microphone or gramophone extensions, 41. per yd., 30/- per 100 yds.

## ELECTRONIC PRECISION EQUIPMENT LTD.

* Orders received by post are despatched from our warehouse Dept. 7. 66 Grove Road, Eastbourne, and to save time, please post your order to this address. Please include enough for postage. Callers, however, should use one of the following addresses:


Halt day Thursday
R-f6 Windmill Hill.
266 London Read,
Croyilon.
Phone: CRO 6558
Finstury Gipen IRd.,
Finsbury Park. .a.
Phone: RUTSLLP 5780
Hall day Wednesday
Half day Wednesday
Half day Thursday

#  

We offer a really efficient Mail Order Service on all items stocked. All cash orders are dealt with on the day of receipt. Hire purchase orders are subject to slight delay but this is kept to the absolute minimum.

## Three JASON FM TUNER KITS

avalableto $F$.M. Tuner kits with variable tuning are now nd our to theme constructor, Briel detalls are eiven here IIOSTIMPORTATET. We take zreat pains to see that every item needed is inctuded in our kits and also that a 1 items are entireiv suitable in every way. This should be eorne in mind when conparing orices.
Hine purchase Terms are available on any kit
INSTRUCTION MANUAIS. All our kits include the thatruction manual, but this can be supplied separately if required Data publications bootlet describiny FMT1, \& and 3, 2/10 J.T.V.2, $3 / 10$ : Mercury $2.3 / 10$. Alı post tree.

## STANDARD TUNERS

FMTI. Supplled complete with a chassis-panes assembly fitied with a gold nammer finsshed panel and glass dial. Fous EF91 valves are used and an external power supply is required Complete kit \&6.18.6. Power Pack Kıt 22.12.6.
FMTT2. This is a new version of the FVTI and is supplied with a coroplete cabinet-chassis assembly whtch can be mounted in a cabinet or stood on a shell. The cu cuit employe four EF8o
valves and the power supply can be buil into the cabinet if valves and the power supply can be buili into the cabinet if
desired. Compiete Kit less power supply $£ 8.9 .6$. Kjr with desired Compiete K
power supply $£ 10.9 .6$.

## FRINGE TUNER

FMT3. This is a fringe tuner using the same cabinet assembly as the FMT2 described above. The tuner is fitted with vartable AFC and uses flve EF80 and one ECC81 valres. Kit less power supply £10.9.6. Kit with power supply £12.7.6.

## F.M./TV SWITCHED TUNERS

Kits for two new Jason F.M./ITV Sound switched tuners are now avallable. Both incorporate the latest "Fireball"' Turret Tuner which gives switch positions for the three BBC Pro-
grammes as well as BBC and ITA TV Sound. A.F.C. is fitted grammes as will as BBC and
to ensure freedom from drift.
to ensure freedom from drift. which can be used either tor shell or cabinet mounting Which can be used
MERCUHY2. This is similar to the JTV2 but has no provision for a power supply. it is mounted on a small chassis with printed front panel and is intended for cabinet fixins. Complete
Kit £11.7.h.
essential to give the TV Corins and F.M. stations required on the tuner.

## GRAMOPHONE EQUIPMENT.

ALI LATEST MODELS
Casn Price Hire Purchase ALL POST FREE

Cast Pmes Deposit Mthly/Pmus. RECORD CHANGERS
COLLARO Conquest
(Studio O PU T
GARIAR
ser
S.S.R. EAl4 Monarch
R.S.R. U.A8 Nonaren
B.S.R. UA
£7.19. 8 £1.12. 0
29.19. 6 £1.19.
\&゙.15. 0 \& 1.11 .0
12 of $12 / 3$
B.S.R. UAl4 Vonareh
£\%. 5. 0 世1. 9.
e8.18. 0 £1.16. $0 \quad 12$ of 13/6
SINGLE IRECORD PLAVERE
GARRARDTA GC8 PU) \&8.10. 0 H1.14. O 12 of $13 /-$ IB.S.R. TU4 (TCQ PU)
collarg rppo
E.V.I.
. \&8.18. 9 el.18. 9 ol $18 /=$
(Acos Stereo/Mono PU). £6.15. 0 £2. \%. 0 12 of $10 / 8$
COLLAROTRP594
COITARO 4T/200
(TX88 PU)
COF.LARO ATR/200
GA!RARD HH
(GCBPU) ..
\$13.18. is 22.16 .312 of 22.0 .4 Gramophone Equipment supphed for st

## NEW ILLUSTRATED LISTS

| NOW READY |
| :--- |
| Illustrated lists are available on LOUD- |
| SPEAKERS, TAPE DECKS, TEST GEAR |
| RECORDINGTAPES, GRAMOPHONE |
| EQUIPMENT. Any wilJ be sent free on request. |

## BLANK CHASSIS

The very ia cest bank chassis tor the home constructor. Packed flat tor easy and sate posting. These are made in bright tinplate and have the rop piate and lout side channeis packed is complately that for easy drilithg before assembly. Earth connections can be made directly by soldering: Available 10



## MULLARD CATHODE RAY TUBES

RADIANT AILAE VEW HEDUCED PRICLS RADLANT StREAR. The very finest plcture tube avallable Screen tube, but using reclatmed glass bulbs. Every other part is brand new


## STEREO COMPONENTS

 arcuits. Lot/Anti-Log, 500 k , 1 mes., 2 meg. Log/Log. 250 k . , Denco Chasis Das Amplitier Chissis. 24/6. Set of switches for Pre-Amp $34 / 8$. Pick-up cartridges ${ }^{24 / 6 .} 5$ ot §3.18.6. Both are turn-over types for Stereo. LP and is records. Liet of all somponents for Mullard sitereo Desion- is a vailable.

| AV0 Moder ${ }^{\text {d }}$ | Cash Price | Hir Purchase Devosit Mtbypipmts £4.14, $0 \quad 120$ oi 1.14 .6 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |
| Avosther carrying case | ¢19.10. 0 |  |
| Avo Model i with |  |  |
| A $\begin{gathered}\text { leather carrving } \\ \text { Aultiminor }\end{gathered}$ |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| leathar carrying case | 21. 8. | 22. 5. 012 of 17\% |
| CAYLOR Moded 12t | 10. | ${ }^{2} 2.0 .012$ of 15\% |
| CABY B-\%0 | ¢6.10. | ¢2. ¢2. 0 |
| uld leralle ot any ot | the zbove aup | nlied ree on request. |

## TAPE DECKS

Hire Purch3se

## B.S.R. TIB:

 Casb Price Deposit Murchase Mits. Cash Price ©i E12.18. 6 t2.12. 6 12 of Al carriage ireeamponents in stock for the Muhard Tape "C" Pre-Amplifier Kit Fully detailed list avaliable

## SEIVICE

## RECORDING TAPE

## DOUBLE PLAY

I3, A.S.F, $300 \mathrm{It}\left(3^{*}\right), 14 /-; 600 \mathrm{ft}$ (4*). 25/=: 1200ft (5). 45/*; 1800ft ( $\left.58^{\circ}\right), 58 /-; 2400 \mathrm{ft}$ (7) $^{\circ}$ ), 77/6.
BIRAND FIY'E, $1200 \mathrm{ft}\left(5^{\circ}\right), 37 / 6$; $2400 \mathrm{ft}\left(7^{\circ}\right), 60 /=$
ENITAPE 100. 400ft (3*), 1\%/-: 1200ft (5"), 45/=; 2400ft (7*). 80/-.
SCOTCH HOY 200. 400ft (3). 27/-: 1200ft (5*), 45/-: 2400ft 7 ), 801
TELEFUNKEN. 1200ft (5*) in plastic contajner, $40 /=$ : $1800 \mathrm{ft}\left(5^{2^{\prime \prime}}\right)$ in plastic container, $50 \%^{\circ} ; 2400 \mathrm{ft}\left(7^{*}\right)$. $75 \%$.

## LONG PLAY

B.A.S.F. 210rt, (3), 9/=; 850ft, (59), 29/=; 1200rt. (519). 35/-: 1800 it. ( $7=$ ). $50 /=$
BRAND FIFE. g00ft (5"), 18/6; 1200ft (51"), 23/6; 1800ft ( $7^{\circ}$ ). 351-.
EMITAPE 99. 99/3 250ft (3*), 9/6: 99/3N 250ft (3**), 9/6;
 99/9, 99/12 and 99/18 avalable in Finicase. 2/6 extra.
SCOTCH HRAND 150. 300ft (34*), 9/6: gouft (5*). 28/=;


## TAPE ACCESSORIES

BIB Tape splicer, 18/6. Post 9d.
IVEARITE De-fluxer, 50/-. Post 1/3.
Full tape list including special offers of standard tapes available free.

## LOUDSPEAKERS

|  | Cash Price | Deposit | Purchase <br> Mthly/Pmts. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| GOOD.IANS |  |  |  |
| Axiom 110. $10^{\circ} \ldots$ | E5. 0. 0 | £1.10.0 | 301 £1. 6. 8 |
| A xiom 113, $10^{*}$ | £8.10. 0 | £1.14, 0 | 6 of £1, 6, 0 |
| Axirtte. 8 * | £6.12, 1 | 21. \%. 1 | 6 of ¢1. 0.10 |
| A xiout 3u0. $12^{\prime \prime}$ | £11. 5. 9 | £2, 5. 8 | 12 ot $16 / 8$ |
| Axiom fiow 12* | £16. 1. 0 | £3. 4. 0 | 12 of £1. 3. 7 |
| Audiont 60 [3ass. $12{ }^{-}$ | 29.12. 9 | 81.18. 9 | 12 of 14/6 |
| Trelbax Tweelar | 86. 4. 0 | \$1. 5. 0 | 6 Ot 19/10 |
| CX3000 Cross-uver unit | $\text { £1.19. } 0$ |  |  |
| WHITEIEFY |  |  |  |
| FElu16. $10^{\circ}$ | £7.12. 3 | 21.11. 3 | 6 of £1. 3. 6 |
| $11 F 161 \% 0^{\circ}$ | ¢4.15. 0 | £1.10, 0 | 3 of £1. 5. 9 |
| HFsic $8^{*}$ | £6.10. 6 | £1. 8. 6 | 6 ol £1. 0. 8 |
| T816. ${ }^{\text {8 }}$ | £6. 3.8 | £1. 3. 8 | 6 of £1, 0. 0 |
| Tlu Tweeter | ¢4. 4. 0 | £1. 4. 0 | 3 of 21. 3. 4 |
| CN3000 Cross-over unit | ¢1.13.3 |  |  |
|  | £1.10.0 | - | - |
| CX 1500 Cross-over unit | £1.18. 3 | - | - |

## GILSON

W0696A, W0696B, 50/8, post $2 /$-. W0710, W0710/8K, 55/6, post $2 /$-. Wu892, 62/3, posit free: Wu767, 27/-, pust 1/6.

## Palltilidge

P3567, 52/6, post 2/-; P4014. 98/6, post free; P4131, 60/-, post free; 'P3591A, 99/-, post free; P5202, P5203, 95/-, post free. PARKEKO. P $2641,27 /$-, post $1 / 6$. P2643, $41 / 3$, post $2 /$ ELSTONE. OT3. 25/-, post 1/6: OT/ML. 45/-, post 2/-.

## AMPLIFIER KITS

We have full stocks of all components for the Mullard 510 , Mullard 2 and 3 valve Pre-Amplifters. GEC 912 Plus. Fully detalled ist on any of these sent upon request Instruction Manuals Mullard. Al Mullard Audio Circuits in "Circuits for Audio Amplitiers", 9/5. GEC 912, 4/6. All post free.

## HIRE PURCBASE TERMS

are avallable on any item. Repayments may be spread over 3,6 or 12 months. Details as tollows: Three months: Deposit 6)- in the 2 . Service charge 5 per cent but minimum char'ge of 10/. Six and Twelve months: Deposit $4 /=$ in the 5 . Service charye 10 yer cent, but mialmuro charge $20 /$-.

## TEIRMS OF RUSINES

Cash with order or C.O.D. We charge C.O.D. orders as follows. Up to $£ 3$, minimum 2/8. Over $£ 3$ and under $£ 5,1 / 6$. Over $£ 5$ and under $£ 10,1 / 8$. Over £10, no charge. Postage extra on CAsH orders under $\mathbf{8} 3$ excent where stated.

## BE TRANSISTOR-WISE! BE POCKET-WISE!

"RECO" TRANSONA-3 (3 transistork)

M/L waves. Ferrite rod zerial. Tuning condenser. Home, Light and Radio Luxembourg too. Complete kit with easy-build plans and "Sonotone" miniature earpiece. 55\%-. With "Min. speaker," 4916. Post etc $2 / 6$.


## NEW! "RECO" PUSH-PULL SIX KIT

(6 Ediswan transistors and 2 diodes)


M/L waves. Sensitivity of a super-het (2 RF stages). Tonal quality of a TRF, Performance as Transigen-3 but full loudspeaker strength. 9.000 lines 3in. ioudspeaker with full-tone outpur. Without doubt the finest value in transistor kits today. Comperitively priced at c6/ly/6, post ecc. $2 / 6$. (Case $6 \frac{1}{2} \times 4 \frac{1}{2} \times 1 \frac{1}{2}$ in. approx.)
"RECO" TRANSIGEN-3
(3 Ediswan transistors)
M/L waves and T.B. High-gain errite rod aerial. XAl04 (Ediswan) RF stage. On test (50 miles London) tuned in Home, Light, Third, AFN, Radio Luxembourg and many others at good
headphone strength. A really fine transistor kit complete with easy-build diagrams, and "Sonotone". min. earpiece 69/6. If reception conditions warrant a 3 in, speaker may be fitted under speaker grille. (Case as P.P.5.)

## "RECO" PUSH-PULL FOUR <br> (Ediswan transistors)

M/L waves with 2 S/W coils free upon request. 3in. HIGHGRADE speaker affording fine tonal quality. Ferrite rod aeríal. Bias sensitivity volume control. Complere kit with easy-build diagrams $£ 4 / 19 / 6$. Post ecc. 2/6. Uses $4 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{v}$. flashlamp battery.


## "RECO" PUSH-PULL FIVE

## (5 Ediswan transistors)

M/L waves and T.B. Indoors or outdoors "this brilliant radio brings Home and Continental stations to your finger tips. 3 in. Golden - Tone Speaker. 6 in. Ferrite Rod Aerial. EDISWAN $\times C 101$ 's ( 350 mw ). Push-pull output stage. Gleaming pale blue styrene case with speaker grille in red. Completa kit with easy-build diagrams $\mathbf{6} / 19 / 6$. Post etc. $2 / 6$. Dorset customer writes:-"Makes fine car radio."
"RECO" SUPER TRANSIGEN-4 (4 transistors)
As Transigen-3 but with 3 in. speaker. Complete kit $\mathbf{E 4 / 1 9 / 8 .}$ Post etc. 2/6. (XA104, XB|I3, XCIOI, XCIO1).

## "RECO" AMAZON-3

## ( $\mathbf{3}$ transistors)

Medium waves with 2 S/W coils upon request. Tonal quality above average. Sensitive reflex circuit. Complete kit with super B.A. reproducer and attractive plastic case 45/-, post etc. 2/6. All transistors used in our kits are EDISWAN FIRST GRADE.
Overseas customers please add $3 / 6$ extra for post. Circuits only and parts price list $2 / 6$ for 6.

AFTER SALES SERVICE
Radio Exchange Company
27 HARPUR STREET, BEDFORD.
(Opposite Co-op). Phone 2367.
Closed Sat. I p.m.

## BENTLEY ACOUSTIC CORPORATION LTD.

38 CHALCOT ROAD, CHALK FARM, LONDON, N.W.I.
Telephone: PRIMROSE 9090

## FOR IMMEDIATE DESPATCH PHONE PR:MROSE 9OYO AND ASK FOR "CASH ON DEL,VERY SEAVICE. ALL POST ORDERS CLEARED SAME DAY AS RECEIVED. PLEASE ENQUIRE FOR ANY TYPE NOT LISTED WITH S.A.E

| C |  | 6F6G |  |  |  | 30PLI | D |  | Er37 516 |  | PLठ3 |  | 04 |  | $\times 109$ 17'3 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 3 - | 6 F 11 | 17/3 | 10 Cl | 131. | 30PLI3 12'6 | DF | 91. | EF40 15\%. | HVR2 20\%. | PL8 | 1218 | U801 | 29110 | XDil.5, 616 |
| 145 |  | $6 F 12$ | 46 | IOC2 | 2615 | 35A5 21'3 |  | 616 | EF41 91. | HVR2A 6'. | PL820 | 1817 | $\cup 4020$ | 167 | XFGI 181. |
| 1 A7C | 121. | 6F13 | 1116 | 10D2 | 121. | 35L6GT 9'6 | DH76 | 51. | EF12 10'6 | KF35 816 | PM2B | $12 / 6$ | $\cup A B C$ | 91. | Y12 916 |
| 1 | $12^{\prime} 6$ | $6 F 1$ | $26 / 6$ | IOF | 2616 | $35 W 4716$ | DH77 | 71. | EF50(A) 71. | KL 35 816 |  | 616 | UAF42 | 916 | YF34 1716 |
| 106 | 1016 | 6F15 | 1513 | 10F9 | 11.6 | $35 Z 3 \quad 1016$ |  | 2816 | EF50(E) 5\%. | $\begin{array}{lll}\text { KLL } 32 & 2417\end{array}$ | PMI2M | 616 | UB4 | $12 /$. | XHil.5) 616 |
| $1{ }^{166}$ | 1716 | 6F15 | 916 | 10LD3 | 816 | 35Z4GT 6'. | DH107 | 311 | EF54 5'- | KT2 5\%. | PM24M | 2113 | $\cup B C_{41}$ | 816 | (1.5) $6^{\prime \prime} 6$ |
| 1 | $10 / 6$ | 6 Fl 7 | $12 / 6$ | IOLDII |  | 35Z5GT 9\%- |  | $12^{\prime}$. | EF73 10'6 | KT33C 10' | PX | 10.6 | UBC81 | 11.4 | 116 |
| 11.4 | $3 / 6$ | $6 F 23$ | $10^{\prime} 6$ |  | 15111 | 43 101. | DK40 | 2113 | EF3) 61. | KT36 29110 | P $\times 25$ | 5918 | UBF80 | 91. | Z63 716 |
| ILDS | 5. | $6 F 32$ | $10^{\prime} 6$ | 10 | 151. | 50 CS 10\%. | DK | 616 | EF85 61- | KT41 12'6 |  | $16^{\prime} 7$ | UBF89 | 916 | $\begin{array}{ll}\text { Z66 } 66 & 17 / 6\end{array}$ |
|  | 51. |  | 716 | IDPI4 | 1913 | 50CD6G |  | 91. | EFB6 1016 | KT44 12'6 | PY32 | 1116 | UBL21 | 2313 | Z77 416 |
| IN5G | $10 / 6$ | 6G5 | 616 | $1 \cdot 2 A 6$ | 5. | 3616 | DK96 | $8 / 6$ | EF89 91- | KT61 12'6 | PYB0 | 716 | UCC84 | 1417 | Transistors |
| IR | 616 | 6H6C | 31. | I2AC6 | $5 / 3$ | 50L6GT 9'6 | DL 33 | 916 | EF91 416 | KT63 7\% | PY81 | $8 / 6$ | UCC85 | 91. | and miodes |
| 15 | 91. | 615 | 51. | 12 AD | $17 / 3$ | 53KU 19'11 |  | 1716 | EF92 4/6 | KT66 151. | PY82 | 71. | UCF80 | $16 / 7$ | $3,4,5$ |
| 15 | 61. | 616 | 516 | I2AES | 1311 | $72 \quad 46$ | DL68 | 151. | EF97 13'3 | KT88 24. | PY83 | 816 | UCH2! | $23 / 3$ | $6,8$ |
| IT4 | $3 / 6$ | 617G | $6^{\prime}$. | $12 \mathrm{AH7}$ | 81. | 77 81. | DL82 | 4615 | EF98 13'3 | KTNGI 616 | PZ. 30 | 19'11 | UCH42 | 916 | A70 41. |
| 11 | 61. | 6J7GT | $10 \% 6$ | 12 A48 | $12 / 6$ | 78 6 66 | DL92 | 71. | EF183 187 | KTW62 76 |  | $7{ }^{\prime}$ | UCH81 | 916 | OA73 4\% |
| 2P | 2616 | 6K7G | 51. | $12 A T 6$ | 116 | 33 9\% | DL94 | 716 | F184 18'7 | KTW63 6'6 | $2 P 25$ | 146 | UCL82 | 11.6 | OA79 4\% |
| $2 \times 2$ | $4 / 6$ | 6K7GT. | 6 | 12AT7 | 6 | 33 1 | DL | 716 | ¢K32 8'6 | KTZ41 81. | OSI50 | $5$ | UCL83 | $19 / 3$ | OASI 4'. |
|  |  | 6K8GT | 1016 | $12 A \cup 6$ | 2313 | $35 \mathrm{~A} 2 \quad 15$ | DM7 | 716 | EL32 51. | KTZ63 716 |  |  |  | 91. | OA36 6\% |
| 3 A | $10^{\prime} 6$ | 6K8G | 616 | $12 A \cup 7$ | 616 | $150 B 215$ | E8J. | 20. | EL33 12'6 | L63 6\% | R | 91. | UF42 | 216 | OA91 |
|  | $12 / 6$ | 6K25 | 19'11 | I2AVG | $12^{\prime} 8$ | 161 | EA50 | 27. | Et34 15, | MH4(C) 7'. | R | 141. | U | $10 / 6$ | OA95 51. |
| 30 |  |  | 23/3 | $12 \mathrm{~A} \times 7$ | 716 | $185 \mathrm{BT} 33 / 2$ | EABC8 | 416 | EL38 26'6 | MHL4 716 |  | 1111 | UF35 | 91. | OA210 25: |
|  | 716 | 6L6G | 81. | 12BA6 | 8'. | 185BTA 3312 | JAC91 | 416 | EL41 9\%. | MHLD6 12 '6 | RK3 | 716 | UF96 | 711 | OA211 40\%. |
| 3 | 916 | 6L6M | 916 | 12 | 91 | 3041016 | EAF42 | 91. | EL42 10'6 | ML4 816 | S130 | 15 | UF89 | $9{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{O}$ | 16 54! |
| 35 |  | 6L7G | 716 | 12 BH | $21 / 3$ | $30510 / 6$ |  | 216 | EL81 12'6 | MS4B $\quad 23 / 3$ | 5P41 | 1416 |  | 91. | 41. |
| 3 V | 7.6 | 6L18 | 131. | 12 El | 301. | 807716 | EB41 | 816 | EL83 19111 | MU12/14 81. | SP41 | 316 | UL44 | 2616 | OC2, 871 |
| 5R4G | 1716 | 6L19 | 23'3 | $1215 G T$ | 4 | 956 3\% |  | 41. | EL34 716 | N37 2313 | SP | 1218 | UL46 | 1416 | OC26 441. |
| SU4G | 616 | 6L | 816 | 1217 GT | 916 | 1821167 |  | 2313 | EL85 13'11 | N78 19111 |  | 316 | UL84 | 816 | 28 251. |
| $5 V 4 \mathrm{G}$ | 101. | 6LD | 11 | $12 \mathrm{K5}$ | 17111 | $576312 / 6$ | E8C33 | 51. | EL86 1713 | N108 2313 | SU25 | $26 / 6$ | UM4 | 1713 | OC35 48\%. |
| 5Y3G | 616 | 6N7 | 81. | 12K7GT | T 516 | 7475716 | EBC41 | 816 | EL91 51. | N308 2017 | SU61 | 91. | UM8: | 153 | OC44 261. |
| 523 | $12 / 6$ | 6P25 | $12 / 6$ | 12K8GT | T 141. | 9002516 | EBC81 | 1. | EL95 10'6 | N339 151. | T 41 | 2313 | URIC | $9^{\prime \prime}$ | OC45 231. |
| 5Z4C | 91. | 6P28 | 2616 | 12Q7GT | T ${ }^{1} 1$. | AC/PEN | EBF80 | 91. | EM34 976 | P61 3/6 | TDD | $12 \cdot 6$ | UU6 | 19711 | OC65 22/6 |
| 6 A 7 | 1016 | 6Q7G | 6.6 | $125 A 7$ | 816 | S-pin 23/3 | EBF83 | 13111 | EM71 23/3 | PABC80 | TH | 2616 | UU7 | 167 | OC66 251. |
| 6 ABG | 91. | 6Q7G | 11.- | $125 C 7$ | 816 | 7-d + n 151. | EBF89 | 916 | EM80 9\% | 13111 | TH233 | $33 / 2$ | UUB | $26 / 6$ | OC70 14. |
|  | \% | 6R7G | 10'. | 12SG7 | 7 | AC2PEN | EBL21 | $23 / 3$ | EM81 9'. | PCC84 81. | TH2321 | $120{ }^{\circ}$ | UU9 | 716 | OC7 141. |
|  | 41. | 6SA7G | 816 | $12 \mathrm{SH7}$ |  | D $12 \prime 6$ | EBL31 | 2313 | EM84 10'6 | PCC85 216 | TP2 | 15\%. | UYIN | 1817 | OC72 171. |
| 6AG5 | 516 | 6SC7 | 716 | 12517 |  | ACSPEN 7.6 | -C52 | 516 | EN31 37\%. | PCC88 101 | TP25 | 15 | UY21 | 3111 | OC73 20\% |
| 6AK5 | 81. | 6SG7GT | ( 81. | 125 K 7 | 61. | AC'TP 3312 | EC54 | . | 91. | 89 11'6 | TP2620 | 3312 | UY41 | 76 | 75 151. |
|  | $4 \cdot$ | $6 S H 7 G T$ | T $8^{\prime \prime}$ |  | 1116 | $\triangle$ TP4 51- | E | 12 | EY83 1617 | PCF80 81. | TY86F | $13 / 3$ | UY85 | 7: | OC76 151. |
| 6A | 416 | 6SJ7GT | 8'- | $12 S R 7$ | 816 | $\begin{array}{ll}A Z 1 & 187\end{array}$ | EC92 | 1313 | EY84 141. | PCF82 1016 | U12/14 | 816 | VMS4B | 15\%. | OC77 211. |
|  | 716 | 6SK7GT | 6- | $12 Y 4$ | $10 / 6$ | AZ31 10\% | ECC3 | 516 | EY86 91. | PCF86 151. | U16 | $10 \%$ | VP2(7) | $12 / 6$ | OC78 171. |
|  | 71. | 6SL7GT | 616 | 1457 | 27'10 | AZ41 13'11 | 33 | 816 | EZ35 6\%- | PCL82 '10\% | U18/20 | 816 | VP4 | 151. | OC78D 17. |
| 6AU6 | 101. | 65N7GT | T 516 | 18 | 23:3 | B36 15'. | ECC34 | $24^{\prime} 7$ | EZ40 7\%. | PCL83 1016 | U22 | 81. | VP2 ${ }^{\text {B }}$ | 141 | OC81 18. |
| 6AV6 | $12 / 8$ | 6SQ7GT | T 91- |  | 1016 | BL63 716 | 35 | 816 | EZ41 | $84 \quad 1216$ | U24 | 29110 | VP4B | $23 / 3$ | 70 35\%. |
| 688G | 51. | 6SS7GT | $8^{\prime \prime}=$ |  |  | Cl 12 | ECC40 | $23 / 3$ | EZ80 | PCL85 1617 | U25 | 17111 | VPI3C | 71. | $1 O C 200541$ |
| 6BA6 | 716 | 6U4GT | $12^{\prime} \mathrm{C}$ | 20D1 | 1513 | CIC 1216 | ECC81 | $61=$ | EZ81 7', | PENA4 1216 | U26 | $10^{\prime}-$ | VP23 | 616 | OC203 581. |
| 6BE6 | 61. | 6U5G | 716 | $20 F 2$ | 2616 | CBLI $26{ }^{\prime} 6$ | ECC82 | $6 \cdot 6$ | FC2A $24 / 7$ | PENB4 $26 / 6$ | U31 | 916 | VP4I | 61. | TJI 40\%. |
| 68G6C | $23 / 3$ | 6U7G | 816 | 20 LI | 2616 | CBL31 233 | C83 | - 716 | FC4 15 | PEN4DD | U33 | 2616 | VR105 | 81. | T12 451. |
| 6BH6 | 81. | 6 V 6 G | 71. | 2091 | $26 \cdot 6$ | CCH35 23/3 | ECC94 | 91 | FC13 2616 | 2616 | U35 | 2616 | VRI50 | 76 | T13 50\% |
| 6 B | $6^{\prime}$ | 6V6GT | G $\mathrm{B}^{\prime}$ | 20 P 3 | 23 | CK506 616 | 5 | 816 | FC13C 2616 | PEN25 416 | U37 | 2616 | VT6IA | - | TPI 401. |
|  |  | $6 \times 4$ |  | 20P4 | 26 | CL33 19'3 | ECC88 | 181. | $F W 4 / 500^{\circ}$ | PEN40DD | $\cup 43$ | 91. | VT501 |  | TP2 40, |
| 6BR7 | 151 | $6 \times 5 \mathrm{GT}$ | 81. | 20P5 | 2313 | CV63 10'6 | E | 516 | $8 / 6$ | $25!$ | $\cup 45$ | 91. | W6IM | $26^{\prime} 6$ | TSI 10\%. |
| 6857 | 251. | 6. 30 L 2 | 10. | $\angle 5 A 6 G$ | 10.6 | EYI 1817 | ECF80 | 1016 | FW4/800 | PEN44 2616 | U50 | 616 | W76 | $5 / 6$ | TS2 12'6 |
| 6BW6 | $\mathrm{B}^{\prime}$ | 7 A 7 | $12^{\prime}$ | 25L6GT | T $10 \%$ | CY31 1617 |  | 10 | 8 | PEN45 1916 | U52 | 616 | N8IM |  | TS3 151. |
| $6 \mathrm{BW7}$ |  | 786 | $21 / 3$ | $25 Y 5$ | 10 | D1 3?- | ECH3 | $26^{\prime} 6$ | GZ30 9'- | PEN4SDD | $\cup 54$ | 19111 | $\text { W } 107$ | 1817 | TS4 24. |
| $6 \mathrm{~B} \times 6$ | 6 | 787 | 816 | 25Y「G | 101. | Dis 10/6 |  | 2313 | GZ32 10'. | 2676 | U76 | 61. | W729 | 9111 |  |
| $6 \mathrm{C4}$ | 51. | $7 \mathrm{C5}$ | $8{ }^{\prime}$ | 25Z4G | 916 | 263 5'- | 35 | 616 | GZ33 1911 | PEN46 716 | U78 | 51. | $\times 24 \mathrm{M}$ | $24 / 7$ |  |
| 6C5G | 616 | 7C6 | $3^{\prime}-$ | $25 Z 5$ | 96 | D77 12- | ECH42 | 91. | GZ34 141- | PEN 3832313 | U107 | $16: 7$ | $\times 41$ | $11^{\prime}$ |  |
| 6C6 | 616 | 7D6 | $10 / 6$ | 25Z6G | $10^{\circ}=$ | DAC32 1016 | ${ }_{5}^{5 C H 81}$ | 91. | H63 12'6 | PEN453DD | U191 | 1617 | $\times 61 / \mathrm{Cl}$ | $12 / 6$ | Speciaf sffer |
| 6 C 9 | $13 / 6$ | 7H7 | $8{ }^{\prime}$ | $275 \cup$ | 1911 | DAF91 | ECH83 | 311 | HABC80 | 13'2 | U291 | 1617 | $\times 61 \mathrm{M}$ | 2616 | 3-PCL83 |
| $6 C 10$ | $91-$ | 787 | 1216 | 2807 | $7 \%$ | DAF96 8'6 | -CL80 | 91. | $\begin{array}{r}13 / 6 \\ \hline 162\end{array}$ | PEN/DD | U251 | 14' | $\times 63$ | 91. | 3-PCC84 |
| 6CD6C | $36 \cdot 6$ | 7S7 | 916 | 1 CCl | mi. | 2041 13:11 | ECL82 | 1916 | HL2 716 | $402033 / 2$ | $\cup 281$ | 19.11 | $\times 65$ | 1216 | I-PL81 |
| 6CH6 | H' | 7 V 7 | 916 | 30F5 | 61. | DeT25 716 | ECL83 | 1913 | HL230D 7'6 | PL33 19 | U282 | $22^{\prime} 7$ | $\times 66$ | 1216 | 2-EF80 |
| 6 | $19^{\prime \prime} 11$ | 7Y4 | 716 | 35FLI | $10^{\prime \prime}$ | DF33 1016 | F | 2313 | HL4IDD | PL36 12'* | U301 | $23 / 3$ | $\times 76 M$ | $14^{\prime}$. |  |
|  | $6 \cdot 6$ | 8 C 2 | 36 | 30 LI | $1{ }^{31}$ | DF66 15\% | EF22 | 14. | HL4200 1913 | PL38 2616 | U329 | 1417 | $\times 78$ $\times 78$ | 213 | valves 63 |
|  | $12 ' 6$ | 803 | 46 | 301. 15 | 11.6 | DF70 - 15. | EF36 | 41. | HL42DD | PL81 1016 <br> 16  | U339 U40? | 1617 | $\times 78$ $\times 101$ | 93/3 | post free |
|  | 26 | N | $5 / 3$ | 130 PI 12 |  |  | 37 A |  | 19 | 16 | ? | 167 | 101 | $33 / 2$ |  |

ALL ITEMS OFFERED ARE NEW FULLYGUARANTEED, ANDPRODUCTSOF ONLYTHE BEST MANUFACTURERS WE DO NOT STOCK JAPANESE GOODS, NOR ANY DISMANTLED FROM USED SETS.

VOLUME CONTROLS
All with Long spindie and Doublepole Switch. $4 / 6$ each.
$10 \mathrm{~K} \quad 25 \mathrm{~K} \quad 50 \mathrm{~K} \quad 100 \mathrm{~K}$

METAL RECTIFIERS full List with ratings free tor S.A.E

JUST OUT: MIDGET SILICON RECTIFIERS. OUTPUT 120 VOLTS AT AMP TWO iN SERIES GIVE 240 VOLTS
AT AMP. NO LARGER THAN A ,RESISTOR $1 \% 6$ EACH
Standard Can
ELECTROLYTIC CONDENSERS
$16 \times 8 \times 8500 \mathrm{v}$.
$32 \times 32 \mathrm{mid} 450 \mathrm{v} \quad 7 /$.

$1 / 9$
$1 / 9$
$2 / 9$
$3 / 9$
$8 \times 8$ mid. 450 V Any parcel insured against damage in transit for oniv 6d. aztra. Shop Hours 8.30.5.30. Earlv Closing Saturdav

## * POST HASTE $₹$

## JASON F.M. TUNER KITS

We are the Authorised Jason Dealer and the whole kit is as supplied by them. You can therefore safely return to Jason for alignment without them rejecting it for non-standard components.
We can also align for the standard charge, to our kits only.
FMTI is the standard variable tuner for cabinet mounting, unpowered. Supplied complete with four EF9I valves
t7.10. 0
Hire purchase Deposit $\dddot{\&} \mid \cdot 10,0$ and 6 monthly Instruction book, 2/6 extra.
FMTI Power pack kit with ready drilled chassis
E2.14. 0
FMT2 is a new tuner in a modern case, green, which can be used for shelf or cabinet mounting. and has space for power supplies if required. Supplied complete with four EF80 valves Hire purchase Deposit $£ 1.14 .6$ and 6 monthly
FMT2 With power. Complete kit $\qquad$ Hire purchase Deposit $\mathbf{6 2 . 4 . 0}$ and 8 monthly Instruction book $2 / 6$ extra.
FMT3 is the fringe version and should be used when farther than 70 miles from the transmitter. Supplied complete with 6 valves
and $8 \ddot{m}$ monthly
48.12. 6
t1. 6. 4
\&10.14. 0
\&1. 3. 9
flo.12. 6
t1. 3.
FMT3 With power. Complete kit ...
\&12.13. 0 Hire purchase Deposit $\mathbf{£ 2 . 1 3 . 0}$ and 8 monthly Instruction book 2/6 extra.

## NEW JASON SWITCHED TUNERS

The JTV/2 and Mercury 2 are both of the pre-set station type with the addition of BBC and ITA sound. They use the latest "Fireball" turret and the A.F.C. ensures freedom from drift. The Mercury 2 is for cabinet mounting with external power supplies. The JTV/2 has the same tuning hearc, with power supplies mounted in a case. This again can be used for shelf or cabinet mounting. The JTV/2 cannot be supplied less power.
JTV/2 Complece with valves and book
\&16.14. 9 Hire purchase Deposit $£ 3.14 .9$ and 12 monthly $£ 1.3 .10$ Mercury 2 Complete with valves and book... ... $\leq 12.0 .0$ Hire purchase Deposit $£ 2.8 .0$ and 8 monthly $£ 1.6$. 6 Power pack Kit for Mercury 2 with drilled chassis C2. 14.0 Inttruction book for all switched cuners, $3 / 6$.

REQUIRED CHANNELS MUST BE SPECIFIED FOR SWITCHED TUNERS

All Jason kits can be supplied less valves. To find the cash price deduct $7 / 6$ for each valve.
A more detailed list can be sent upon request.
ALL JASON TUNERS ARE ON DEMONSTRATION

## GRAMOPHONE EQUIPMENT

All these units are brand new
and boxed Cash Deposit Mehly pmts.
B.S.R. Monarch TCBH,
cartridge, UA14...
COLLARO Conquest 0 cartridge...
67. 5.0
t1. 9.0
6
£1.2.8

GARRARD TA/Mk.2,
GC8, cartridge ...
E8. 10.0
£1.14.0 $\quad$ £ 1.6 .0
GARRARD 4HF, GC8,
cartridge ...
f18. 9.9
43.19.9. 12
61.6 .7

PHILIPS AG2009, AG3016
cartridge...
£ 10.10 .0
C2. 2.08
€1.3.6
For further information please write for manufacturers' list.

## * POST FREE

COLLARO STUDIO DECK. 3 speed, 3 motors, 7in. spools. Pause control, space for third head, piano keys, counter.
List price E17.10.0.
OUR PRICE
\&13.10. 0
Hire purchase Deposit $£ 3.0 .0$ and 12 monthly
19. 3

TAPE AMPLIFIER for Studio deck, with two printed circuit boards, control and input panels, mains and output transformers, complete with knobs and plans, EF86, ECC83, EM84, EZ80, OA8 and two EL84, 4 watts output. Magic eye, Radio and Mic inputs, Mixing and Superimposing facilities, EX L.S. socker, low level output, tone control. Can be used as amplifier. CASH PRICE
and 8 monthly

E11.12. 6
Hire purchase Deposit $\mathbf{E 2 . 6 . 6}$ and 8 monthly
E1. 5. 9
TAPE RECORDER CASE to house the above deck and amplifier. Two-tone Grey...
45. 5. 0
E.M.I. Speaker to fit case $10 \times \operatorname{Sin}$. ... ... ...
C.1. 5. 0

1200fr Brand Five tape 25'-; Crystal Mic Stan Kelly Screened Jack Plugs, $4 / 6$ each. Spare $7 i n$. tape spool The above recorder complete to PERSONAL SHOPPERS ONLY for $\qquad$ E1.7. 0
 Hire purchase Deposit 27.0 .0 and 12 monthly This machine is a first-class job and normally sells for £41.0.0

SEND FOR MAKER'S ILLUSTRATED LEAFLET
B.S.R. Monardeck TD2 ${ }_{3} \frac{7}{3} \mathrm{i} / \mathrm{s}, 5 \frac{3}{4} \mathrm{in}$. spools.

List price E12.12.0.
OUR PRICE
E7. 9.6

## FERRODYNAMICS "BRAND FIVE"

Magnetic Recording Tape. Made in U.S.A. Fully guaranteed. High Grade Acetate base and boxed.
600fe. Sin. Standard $16 /=$
1200ft. 7in. Standard
$25 t^{-}$
$900 f$ t. 5in. L. play $1816 \quad 1800 \mathrm{ft}$. 7in. L. play
35
1200fr. 53 in in. L. play $23 / 6$
SEND FOR MANUFACTURERS' LEAFLET
Also stocked SCOTCH BOY, EMITAPE and BASF. LIST ON REQÚEST.

## TRANSISTORS

 The above cransistors, which are offered below the list price, are all as supplied to set makers, and are not sub-standard. The last four types are at Mullard list price. Matched pairs of OC7I and OC72 can be supplied at no extra cost.

## "PRACTICAL WIRELESS" POCKET SUPERHET

OSMOR set of Ferrite rod, IFTs and Osc. Coil, 3216; REPANCO TT9, 12/6: TTIO, 12/6; J.B. Gang, 11/-; ARDENTE volume control, 10/6; Wavechange, S.W., 3/9; CELESTION $2 \frac{1}{2}$ in. L.Sen 26/9; OA8I diode, 4/-
"TRANS TONIC"

## TRANSISTOR KIT by BRAYHEAD

A new educational kit to build four radio receivers. M. and L. wave, and three short-range transmitters. Comprehensive instructions. NO SOLDERING REQUIRED. Send for BRAYHEAD leaflet. Complete kit ... 5 E.4.8.

WE PAY ALL POSTAGE AND INSURANCE
ALL ORDERS DESPATCHED SAME DAY
MONEY WILL BE REFUNDED IF REQUESTED

SURBITON PARK RADIO
(Established over 30 yèars) 48 SURBITON ROAD KINGSTON UPON THAMES, SURREY

Telephone: KIN 5549
Hours: 9 a m. to 6 p.m. 1 pm. Wed.
We do not close for lunch Open all day Saturday

## R.S.C. HI-FI TAPE RECORDER KIT

REALISM AT INCREDIBLY LOW COST, CAN BE ASSEMBLED IN HALF AN BOUR The Recorder incorporates the Latest Collaro Studlo Tape Transcriptor. The Linear LTts X Hieh Quality Tape Amplifer listed E12.12.0. High Flux P.M. Speaker listed 30/-, empty Tape Spool, a Reel of



## HIGH FIDELITY 12-14 WATT AMPLIFIER TYPE A11

PUSH-PULL ULTRA LINEAR OUTPUT "BUILT-IN" TONE CONTROL PRE-AMP STAGES Two input sockets with associated controls ailow mixing of " milke" and fram. as in Alo. High sensitivity,
Includes 5 vaives, ECC83, ECC83, EL84, EL84, 5 Y3. Hish Qualty seotionally wound output transformer specially designed for Ulra Linear operatlon, and rellable small condensers of ctrrent manufacture. INAND TREBLE "Lift" and "Cut." Frequency response $\pm 3$ D.B. $30-30,000$ o/cs. Six negative feedback loons millivolts INPUT required for FULL
 OUTPUT. Sulable for use with all makes and ryves of prck-ups and miorophones, Comparable with the very best designs. For STANDARD or LONG PLAYING RECORDS For MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS such as STHING BASS, GUITARS, erc., OUTPUT 8OCKET W1th plug provides 300 v . 30 mA and $8.3 \nabla 1.5$ a. For supply of a RADIOFEEDER UNIT. Size approx. 12-9-71n. For A.C. mains $200-250 \% .50$ c.p.8. Output for 3 and 15 ohms speakers. Kit is complete to last nut. Chassis if fully punched. Full instructions and point-to-polnt wiring diagrams supplied. only 8 Cns. Carr.
(Or factory built $45 /-$ extra).
If required louvred metal cover with 2 carrying handles can be supplied for 18/9, TERMS ON ASSEMBLED UVITS, DEPOSIT 24/3, and 9 monthly payments of $24 / 3$, Send 8.A.E. for illustrated leaflet detalling R
phones. etc., with cash and oredit terms.
R.S.C. STEREO/TEN HIGH QUALITY AMPLIFIER

A complete set of parts for the construction of a stereophonio araplifier giring 5 watts bigh quallity output on each channel (totel 10 watts). Sensitivity is 50 milluvolts, suitable for all crystal stereo heads. Ganged Bass and Treble Controls give equal varlation of Falve Lne-up ECC83. ECC83. ELB4, ELB4. EZ81. Outputs for 23 ohm wat amplis. and instructions supplied.

8 Gns. Send S.A.E. for leafiat. Full constructional detalls and price list 2/8.

Cerr. 10/DEAFAIDEARPIECES, High Impodance complete with lead, 16/6. MICROPHONE LNSERTS. Crystal type, 6/9.

## 25 <br> Cart. <br> 17/9

H.P. TERMS. Deposit e5.7.8 and 12 monthly payraents of 2 gng Cash prios if settled in 3 months.

## TELEVISION RECTIFIERS. 250 v

 200 mA , small size. Only $6 / 8$ each RE-ENTRANT SPEAKERS. Tannoy 8 watt. 7.5 ohms. Only $92 / 6$ each.Parmeko Hora Type, 10 watt, 15 and
 15 ohms or 200 ohms, 6 gns .

COLLARO RCA57 4 SPEED MIXER AUTO-CHANGERS. Turnover Studia Carr. $4 / 6$.

THE SKYFOUR T.R.F. RECEIVER A destgn of a 3-valve Long and Medium Wave $200-250$ F. A.C. Malas recelver with selenium rectiner. High gain H.F. stage and low distortion detector. Power pentode output. Valve line-up BK7. SP61. 6V60. Selectivity and quality excellent. Simple to construct. Point-Lo-Point Wiring diasrams. instructions and parts $115 t, 1 / 9$. maximum building costs 94.19 .6 cablnet $12 x^{6}$. 511 n . 12 . e. mains of a dartially driled meta case, mains and fuses Change Direction switch varl able speed regulator and ciroult. For $200-250 \mathrm{~V}$. A.C. madns. Suitable for Electrio Trains. Límited number avallable at $33 / 9$

## R.S.C. BATTERY CHARGING EQUIPMENT

All for A.C. Malns 200-250 vo 50 ccs Guaranteed 12 montis.


R SC MAINS TRANSFORM
Interieaved and Imbrernated. Prim. Cop simold
 $250-0-350$ v. $30 \mathrm{~mA}, 6.3$ v. 2 a. 5 \%. 2 a.. $17 / 9$ $250-0-250 \mathrm{v} .100 \mathrm{~mA}, 6.3 \mathrm{v} .2$ a. 3 v. 1 a... $18 / 9$ $250-0-250 \mathrm{\nabla} .100 \mathrm{~mA}, 6.3$ v. 3.5 a, с.T... $18 / 9$ $250-0-250$ v. 100 mA .8 .3 v. 4 a . 5 v. 3 a a... $25 / 9$ $360-0-350$ v. 100 mA .6 .3 v. 4 a. 5 v. 3 a... $25 / 8$ $250-0.350$ v. 100 mA, B.3 v. 4 v. 4 a. C.T.
 FULIT SHROUDED UPRIGET $50-250$ v. $60 \mathrm{~mA}, 8.3$ v. 2 a. 5 v. 2 a Midget type $21-3-3 \mathrm{in}$.
$250-0-250$ v. 100 mA .6 .3 v. 4 a. 5 - .8 a... $17 / 11$ $300-0-300$ v 100 mA . 8.3 v. $4 \mathrm{a}, 5$ v. 3 a... 26/9 $350-0-350$ v. $100 \mathrm{~mA}, 6.3$ v. 4 a .5 v. 3 a.. 28/9 $200-300 \mathrm{~V} .130 \mathrm{~mA}, 6.3 \nabla 4 \mathrm{a}, 8.3 \mathrm{v} .1 \mathrm{a}$, for Mullard 510 Amplifier
$850 \mathrm{~m}-35 \mathrm{C}$ จ. 150 mA, A.3 จ. 4 a, 5 จ. 3 a .. $35 / 8$



BATTERY CHARGER KITS

ASGEMBLED CHRGER - $\nabla$. or $12 \quad \nabla$ 2 amps.
Fhited Ammeter and seleotor ${ }_{12}{ }^{12}$ ug for 6 vouvred metal case anished artractive hammer attractive hammer blue. With mains and output leads. Double Fused Only
Carr. $3 / 9$.

49/9 former F F Mains Trans Rectifler, well ventllated steel case. Fuses. Fuse-holders, Grommets. panels and arciil Carr. 3/6 extra. 6 v. or $12 v$, 1 amp. ........ $24 / 8$ ${ }_{6} \mathrm{As}$ above. with Ammetor.. 32/8 6 v. or 12 ® 2 amps......... $31 / 8$ 6 y. or 12 v. 2 amps. inciu- $31 / 6$ sive of Ammeter. ........ $42 / 9$ 6 8 or ${ }^{4}$ arnps........... 53/8 Ammeter and variable charge rate selector. $58 / 9$.
CHARGER ABMMETERS. $\begin{array}{llll}0-1.5 & \text { a.. } 0-3 & \text { a.. } \\ 0-25 & \text { a.. } \\ 0-7 & \text { a. }\end{array}$

FULLY singly or in any quantit
TRANSFORMEIRS Anl with $200-200$. $50 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{s}$. Drimarieg $8.3 \nabla$ $1.5 \mathrm{a}, 5 / 9: 8.3$ ๆ. $2 \mathrm{a}, 7 / 8: 0-4-6.3$ V. 2 a. 7/9:
 17/8; 12 v. 1.5 a twice, $17 / 6$.
OUTPUT TIRANSFORMEIRS
Midget Battery Pentode 66:1 for Smail Pent
Small Pentode. 50000 to $3 \Omega$
Smandard Pentode 5,000 to to 3 a Standard Pentode $7 / 8,000$ n to 30 $10,000 \Omega$ to $3 \Omega$
Push-Pull 10-12 watts 6 vis to 30 or
Push $15 \Omega \dot{\mathrm{P}} \mathrm{H} 110 \ddot{-12}$ watts to maton $6 \dot{\mathrm{~V}} \dot{\mathrm{~s}}$ to $3-5-8$ or 15 a
Push-Pull Ets4 to 3 or $150 \quad \therefore \quad \therefore 18 / 9$ Push-Pull 15-18 watts, 6L6. KTib6 $\quad . \quad$ 22/8 Push-Pull for Mullard 610 Ultra Push-Pull ö wäte. ${ }^{\circ}$ sectionaliy wound 6L8. KT88. eto., to 8 to 15 月.. 47/8

# ELIMINATUR TRANSFORMERS 

120 v. $40 \mathrm{~mA}-250 \nabla .50 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{s}$
120 V. $40 \mathrm{~mA} .4-00-5 \mathrm{\nabla} .1 \mathrm{a}$. 40 m .
. 15/9
SWOOTIIVG CHOKES
$150 \mathrm{~mA} .7-10 \mathrm{H} 250 \mathrm{ohms}$.
100 mA .10 H 200 ohms $80 \mathrm{~mA} \cdot 10 \mathrm{H} \quad 350 \mathrm{ohmg}$


CHARGER TRANSFORMERS
All with $200-230-250$ v. $50 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{s}$ Primarles; $0-9-15$ v. 1\% \&. 11/8; 0-9-15 v. 2 a., 14/9; 0-9-15 $0-9-15$ v. 11 a. 11/8; 0-9-15 v. 2 a.i 14/9; 0-9-15 6 a, $23 / 9$; $0-9-15$ v. 8 a, $28 / 9$.

AUTO (Sten up/Step down) TRANs/ $0-110 / 120-230 / 250$ v. $50-80$ watts, $13 / 01$

MICROPHONE TRANSFORMERS
120:1 hleh grade, olamped. 8/9; 120:1


#### Abstract

R.S.C. Al2 STEREOPHONIC AMPLIFIER KIT A complete set of parts to construct a Stereo amplifier with an Outputs ior matched $2-3$ ohm speakers. Sensitivity itu m.v. Ganged Vol. and Tone Controls. Preset balance control. Full instructions and point-to-point wiring diaprams supplied. Oniy good qualicy Carr. and pkg. $5 /$. components and latest high grade valves used. Exceptionaily realistic reproduction can be obtained at ample volume tor the home. as can be demonstrated in typical surroundings at our County Arcade premises. A really sensational offer. surroundings at our County Arcade premises. A really sensational offer.


STEIREO
Comprising AUUIPMEVT
OFFER.
matched Bin. LiSpeakers. ${ }^{2}$. 6.19 .6 and Acos TIU Stereo head

Carr. with
ups.
PICK-LP AKMS complete with $\mathrm{H}_{1}-\mathrm{Fl}$ turnover crystal head. Acos GP54. Limlted number brand new. perlect. at approx. half price. Oniy $35 / a$

ACOS CRI s'TAL M1CHOPHONES. $39-1$ Stick type. Listed $5 \mathrm{gns}$. Ouly $39 / 6$.

## R.S.C. 30 WATT ULTRA LINEAR HIGH FIDELITY AMPLIFIER AIO

A highly sensitive Push-Pull high output unit with self-contained Pre-arnp. Tone Control Stages, Certifled performance figures compare equally with most expensive amplifiers available. Hum jevel 70 db , down. Frequency response -3 db . 30-30.000 c/s. A specially designed sectionally wound ultra linear output transformer is used with 807 output yaves. All components are chosen lor
reliabilty. Six valves are used EF86. rehability, Six valves are used EF86, Bass and Treble Controls are provided, Minimum input required jor full output is only 12 millivolts so that ANY KiNis OF MICIROPHONF OIf PICK-LT IS SUITABLE. The unit is designed for CLUBS, SCHOOLS, THEATHEA,
DANCE HALLS OR GUTUOUR FUNCE TigNs, etc, For use with Electronic ORGAN, GITITAK, sIRING HAAN, etc. For standard or lonk-playing records. H.T. tor \& RALIU FEFINER LiNIT An extra input with associaced vol. control is provided so that two separate inputs such as Gram and 'Mike' can be mixed. Amplifier operates on $200-250 \mathrm{v}$. $B 0$ c/cs. A.C. Mains and has output tor 3 and 15 ohm speakers. Complete kit of perts with fully punched
gns. chassis and point-to-point wiring diagrams and in-
structions If required structions If required
cover as for A8 cgn be cover as for A8 can be
suppled for $18 / 9$. The Carr. 10 suppied for act be supplied, factory bult amplifier can be supplied, factory buit With 12 months guarantee, $10 r$ 213.18.0. peyments of $31 / 9$.
FLLL RANGE OF LINEAR AMPLI FIERS ALWAYS in stock.

GUAAR LA5 MINATCRE A/5 WVATT use with any record playing unit, and 12 do. Separate Bass and Treble Contruls. For A.C. mains input of $200-250 \mathrm{~V} .50 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{cs}$. Output tor $2-3$ ohm speaker. Three minature Mullard valves used. Size of unit
only $7-5-51 \mathrm{n}$. high. Guaranteed tor 12 only $7-5-5$ hin. high. Guaranteed tor 12
months. Only
i5.19.6. Send S.A.E. 10 or illustrated leafet. Terms. Deposit 22/6 and 5 monthly payments of $22 / 6$.

and $y$ monthy payments of posi and monthy payments of $11 / 3$. LOLDIPPAKERS IN CABINETS. Size 18 x $18 \times 18 i n$. Finishas above. Terms: Deposit
$17 / 9$ and 9 monthly Dayments of $17 / 9$.



ATT A5 HIGH-GAIN AMPLIFIER
A hightbesensitive t-valye quality amplifier for the home, small cluh, ete. Grily 50 millionts input is rea quired for full onf put so that it is suitable for use with the latest hifh fidojity piek-up heads, in addition to Separate bass of pich-ups atad practically abl mikes. Phparate Bass and Tretole Controls are mrovided. Hum level is neglighble leeing fidib. dovin, ludb. of Nefative feedtract is usell. H.T, or so0 vo 25 inA that L.'t. of tis v. las a, is availatile for the supply of a hadhereder init, or Tape-jeck preamplifier. For A.C.
 basejutate) with ioplete thamber tinish and point-io-point wiring diagrams and instructions. Fxreptional value at only 24.15 .0 . or asspmbledready for use 25/-extra,


## R.S.C. PORTABLE GUITAR

 AMPLIFIERJuniors Watts High Quality output. Separate Bass and Treble cut and "Boost' controls. Sensitivity 15 m.v., Twilt-1n Hander in. Loudspeaker bullt-1n' Handsome, strongly made in Polichrome, and in polichrome and handosit ol end 9

Carr. 7/6.
monthily pegments of el.
Senior 10 witts High Fidelity output. 'Boost' controls. Tress and Treble 'Cut' and controlied high gatn inputs so that two instruments such as Guitar and String Buss can be used at the same time. Two loudspenkers are incorporated, a high Flux 12in. for Bass notes and a 7 x 4 m . elliptical for Treble. Cabinet is Foll made and finished Polichrome, Blze approz. 18 z 18 x 181 n H.P. Terms, Deposit $34 / 9$ and 15
8 monthly payments of $34 / 9$. 9 monthly payments of $34 / 9$. © $818=$
Both models for $200-250 \mathrm{~V}$. Carr. $10 /$ Both model
A.C. mains.

TSI Brimar, Brand new. Periect. 3 for $10 / 9$
ISCONERSIONUNITS

## R.S.C. BATTERY TO MAINS CONVERSION UNITS

Type BM1, An all-dry battery eliminator. size $5 \neq \mathrm{y}$ 4 x 2 zin .
approx. Completely replaces battery supplylag $1,4 \mathrm{~V}$. and 90 V . phyere A.C. mains 200 . 250 v. $50 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{s}$ is avallable. Sultable for all batters portabje receivers requiring
1.4 v . and 90 v . This includes latest low consumption types.
Complete kit with diagrams. 39/9, or


Yype BM2. Size $8 \times 5 \%$
$x$ 2tin. Supplies $120 \%$. 90 v , and $60 \mathrm{v} ., 40 \mathrm{~mA}$. and 2 v .0 .4 a . to 1 amp . tuly smoothed. There by completely replacing toth H.T. 3 accumatators When connectrd to
A.C. mains supply


## ready to use, $46 / 9$ <br> R.S.C. ${ }^{3-4}$ WATT AT

HIGH-GAIN AMPLIFIER For 200/250 v. 30 e/s. Mairs input. Appearance and Specifteation, with exception of outpit wattage as
ampintior. complete

CRKs normally using $2 v$. accumulator. Complete kit of parts with diagrams and
instructions. $49 / 9$, or ready 10 r use, $\mathbf{5 g / 6}$. COLLAR! dUNIOR 4-speed single player units and Hi-Fil erystal pick-up With turnover head, es.19.6. AUTOCIIA.NGERS with StereofMonaural pick-
up head, ty.19.6. Carr. $5 \%$

AMFM RADIOGIRAM CHASSIS for 200-250 v. A.C. mains only. 3 wavebands, V.H.F.. Medium and Long. Built in Ferrite rod aerial. Attractive glass dial size
 EZ80. High quality output of up to 4 watts. Overall size $16 \ddagger$ in. $x$ itin. x 5in. Oniy 212.9.6. Carriage 10/-.

PLFANEY DUAI CONGENTRIC 121n. 15 ohms IIGME FLDELITE SPEAKER ( 12.000 lines) with built-in tweeter (corapietely separate elliptical speaker with ordinarily realistic reproduction when used with our A8 or similar amplifer. Rates 10 watts. Price only e5.19.6.
Hi-Fi CRYSTAL PICK-UP HEADS. (Turnover type with sapphire stylus). rard and B.S.R. B.S.R. Ful-f Garrard GC2, 19/9. B.S.R. Stereo/Monaural 39/11 P.I1. SPEAKFKS. $2 \sqrt{3} \mathrm{hm}$, 2tin. Perdio $81 / 9.5 \operatorname{n} .117 / 9.61 \mathrm{n} .16 / 9.81 \mathrm{n} .19 / 9$. 8 x 51 n . 25/9. $101 \mathrm{n} .26 / 9$. "x. "Sin. 29/9. 3 or 15 ohms type HF10i2 10 watts, hll fdelity type. Recommended for use with our AB Amplifier, $\mathbf{f 4}^{4.10 .9 \text {. 12in. Plessey }}$ Bohms 10 watts ( 12,000 lines), $59 / 6$. -1, GISA MINIATEHE G-3 WATT GRAM AMPlIFIER. For use with any single or auto-change unit, output tor $2-3$ ohm speaker. For $200-250$ v. $50 \mathrm{c} . \mathrm{p.s}$. A.C. mains.
Over-all size $11 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{x} 24 \times$ 2tin. Controls: Over-all slze $11 \frac{x}{2} 2 h \times 2 h i n$ Controls:
Vol. and Tone with $s w i t c h$. Guaranteed Vol. and Tone with sw
12 months. Only $59 / 8$.
$\frac{12 \text { months. Only } 59 / 8 \text {. }}{\text { SUPERHET FEEDER CNIT. Design of }}$ a high quality Radio Tuner Unit (specially suitable for use with any of our Amplifiers). Delayed A.V.C. employed. The W.Ch. Sw. incorporates Gram position. Controls are Tuning, W.Ch. and Vol. only required from amplifier. Size of unit aprequired from amplifier. Size of unit apcedure, Point-to-Point wiring diagrams. cedure Point-to-Point Wiring diagramgt instructions and priced parts inding wont Total building cost £4.15.0. For descriptive leaflet send S.A.E.

COLLAR0 CONQUEST ARSPED AUTO-CHANGER with high indelity Studio pick-up. Latest model. For
$200-250$ v. 50 c.p.s. A.C. mains, Our $200-250$ V. 50 c.p.s. A.
prtce $£ 6.19 .6$. Carr. $5 / 6$.

[^1]
# THE word MAXI Q <br> IS THEREGISTERED TRADEMARK <br> OF DENCO (CLACTON) LIMITED IT IS AlSO A GUARANTEE OF <br> WORKMANSHIP \& TECHNICAL PERFORMANCE 

OUR RANGE OF PRO. DUCTS IS SO GREAT THAT WE NOW HAVE TO REQUEST THE AMOUNT OFI/4d. FOR OURGENERAL CATALOGUE AND TO SAVE YOU POSTAL ORDER POUNDAGE CHARGE WE REQUEST SEND $1 / 4 \mathrm{~d}$. IN STAMPS.


MODULATED TEST OSCILLATOR MTO. I

* Provides a modulated signal suitable for I.F. alignment, atso trimming and tracking R.F. circuits.
* Frequency is continuously variable from $170-475 \mathrm{kc} / \mathrm{s}$ and $550-1,600 \mathrm{kc} / \mathrm{s}$.
* Suitable for the alignment of transistor receivers.
* Operates from a single 9-volt grid-bias battery (not supplied) which is housed within the unit.
* The case is manufactured from stee' and is finished in silver hammer. The front panel is gloss black bearing white lettering. Dimensions are $5 / / / 6 \mathrm{in} . \times$ 4 1/16in. x 3in.
- Supplied with full operating instructions.

PRICE E3/17/6
PLEASE SEND S.A.E. WITH ALL ENQUIRIES

## DENCO (CLACTON) LTD.

(DEPT. W.W.)
$357 / 9$ OLD ROAD, CLACTON-ON-SEA, ESSEX

## STOP PRESS

Components for the "BRIMAR CRYSTAL CONTROLLED F.M. TUNER". Completely punched aluminium Chassis and gold hammer finished Fronr Panel, $10^{\prime} 10$. $B X / 1 F T$. I (L5, L'6), 7'6. BX/IFT. 2 (L7, L8), 7/6. BX/RDT (L9, L10, LII), $12 / 6$. BX/L3 (L3), 4/3. BX/LI-2 (LI, L2), 2'9. BX/L 4 (L4), $2 / 3$.


Have you sent for your copy? ENGINEERING OPPORTUNITIES is a highly informative I 56-page guide to the best paid engineering posts. In tells you how you can quickly prepare at home for a recognised engineering qualification and outlines a wonderful range of modern Home Study Courses in all branches of Engineering. This unique book also gives full details of the Practical Radio \& Electronics Courses, administered by our Specialist Electronics Training Divisionthe B.I.E.T. School of Electronics, explains the benefits of our Employment Dept. and shows you how to qualify for five years promotion in one year.
We definitely Guarantee "NO PASS - NO FEE"
Whatever your age or experience, you cannot afford to miss reading this famous book. If you are egring lens than fio a week, send for your today-FREE.

## practical EQUIPMENT

## WHICH IS YOUR

 PET SUBJECT?
## Mechanical Eng. <br> Electrical Eng.,

 CivII Engineering, Radio Ensineoring, Automoblle Eng.. Aeronauticai Eng., Production EnE.. Building, Plastics, Draughtsmanship. elevision, otc.GET SOME Letters after YOUR NAME!
A.M.IMech.E.
A.M.I.C.E.
A.M.I.Prod.E.
A.M.I.M.I.
A.F. O.B.
A.F.R.Ae.
B.Sc.
A.M.Brit.i.R.E. Gen. Cert. of Education Etc., otc.

## BRITISH INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING

 TECHNOLOGY (Incorporating E.M.I. Institutes) (Dept. SE/21), 29 Wright's Lane, London, W. 8Basic Practical and Theoretic Courses for beginners in
Radio, T.Y., Electronics, Etc.,
A.M.Brit.I.A.E. City \& Guilds

Radio Amateurs' Exam. R.T.E.B. Certificate P.M.G. Certificate
hadio a Television Servlei Practical Electronics Electronics Engineering Automation

- Please send me your free 156 -page

NAME
ADDRESS

## INCLUDING TOOLS! <br> The specialist Elec-

 ironics Division of ing E.M.I. Institures) NOW offers you a reallaboratory training at home with practical equipment. Ask for derails.B.I.E.T.

SCHOOL OF electronics
 "engineering opportumities
(Write if you prefer not to cut page)
$\qquad$



162 HOLLOWAY ROAD，LONDON，N． 7 18 TOTTENHAM COURT ROAD，W．I 99 CHEAPSIDE，LONDON E．C． 2

## THE COMPONENT

SPECIALISTS

OPEN：Tottenham Court Rd．， and Cheapside： $9 \mathrm{a} . \mathrm{m}$ ．to 6 p．m． Mon．to Fri．，Sat．I p．m．Hollo－ way Rd．： 9 a．m．to 6 p．m．daily． Thurs．I p．m．Sat， 5.30 p．m． Our Advantageous H．P．and Credit Sale Terms are avall－ able on any single item over 65．Your enquiries invited． Please print your name and address

NEW！the＂RAGFBGY＂

## －TR．PもBTABL゙

Completely portable－
Completely portabe－No External An amazing littie An amazing isttie
receiver with built recelver with built small enough to be held in the palm ol the hand． wave ceplion at wonderiu． volume， No tiddly； tuning！
condenser tuned！
 supplied with drined chassis and colour coded com－ ponents．Easily assembled with the ald of the easy－to－tollow assembly instructions provided．Total cost of all necessary components，including transistors．wiring wire and even solder．ONLY $32 / 6$ ，plus $1 / 6 \mathrm{P}, \& \mathrm{P}$ Battery s／－extra．Ardente type dear－ and earptece complete with cord and pluge $12 / 6$ extra．Parts price list and Easy Lay－out plans 1／－post iree． Callers welcome to hear this set demonstrated at any of our branches． Our reputation is your guarantee．

## RADIO DACK

Covers local medium wave stations variably tuned．Compact self con－ tained unit requiring only connection to aerial（no power supplies reqd．） for 1st class reception when used in conjunction with your tape recorder or high gain amplifier．All necessary parts avarlable at a special inciusive price of ONL， $19 / 6$ P．\＆P．1／6．

Futt rallge al usual competinve prifes．Interesimk H．F．Racilitaes． COLLARO JCNOK t－speed turn－
 pick－up plek－up
complete with crys－ tal cart sapphire
styll． SPECIAL olus $2 / 6 \mathrm{P}$ ．${ }^{75 / 5}$ JUST ARRIVEID：
LATES＇I（AAIBKARI）MODDEL $\geqslant 10$. Four－speed manual of automatic． loin．and 12 in ．records of same speed can be mixed in any order．wired for stereo．attractive white colour scheme，Price 101 gns．，plus 3／6P．\＆P J．ATLES H．S．K．UA4．q－speed． Attractive appearance Wired for stereo．Fully g＇teed $77.19 .8 .3 / 6$ P．\＆P． Few only at $£ 7.19 .6$ ．plus $3 / 6 P$ ，\＆P． Few only at £7．19．6．plus
 wired for stereo．Brand new．ez．19．e． wired for stereo．Brand new．27．19．0．
P．\＆P． $3 / 6$ ．

A doNsrRUCTOR＇SMEST Bi The latest＂Pitco＂Instrument Bit Soldering Iron With integral Stand and bualt－in Spot－light for illuming ting work． $200 / 250 \mathrm{v}$ ．ONLY 22／6．P．胥 PA） $1 / 6$. As new guaranteed periect，by leading manulacturers．5in．9／8：6tin．10／8； 8in．13／6：also 10in．whi ormer（ 5.000 ohms）， $17 / 6$.
All 3 hm speech coil，also 8 hn ，avall able．in attractive cloth covered cabl－ Each item plus $1 / 6 \mathrm{D}$, \＆D Complete lisc of new speakers on request．



The "STUDIO TWIN" 40 GNS. NOW ONLY

GNS Quality Twin Speaker Tape Recorder at amazing low price. 7 in . Standard reels. Latest Studio $3-5$ peed Deck. I章, $3 \frac{3}{4}, ~ 7 \frac{1}{2}$ I.P.S. Includes Twin Track reverse counter. Pause control and magic eye recording indicacor. Volume and tone concrol, superimpose switch. Two matched speakers. 3 watts output. Attractive cabinet in Beige. Size; $19 \times 13 \times$ 8in. Fully guaranteed. Ins. and Carr. $12 / 6$. Mike $27 / 6$ extra. Tapes $25 /$.

## TAPE RECORDER AMPLIFIER

Compact, well designed 5 -valve amplifier.
£7.19.6
Compact, well designed 3.5 watts. Valve line up, ECC83.
Double triode first audio amplifiers. ECL82 triode pentode further audio amplifier and output valve. GBW6 bIas and erase oscillator. EM84 record level indicator. EZ80 H.T rectifier. Input for mike, radio and gram. Controls: record, playback volume and on/off playback tone. Dia: $8 \frac{1}{2} \dot{x} 3 \times 4 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{In}$. Ins, and Carr. $4 / 6$. Terms. Extras: Knobs $2 / 6$ per set. Beautiful Perspex dial plate. complete with sockets for mike, radio and superimposed switch. 3/6.

## 17" TV's

only $17 \frac{1}{2}$ gns.
MODERN CHASSIS, MODIFIED
Complete 17 in . tube. VALVES - SPEAKER KNOBS. Tuned -ITV/ BBC. Ready to use. Fully guaranteed tubes 12 months, valves three months. Cabinet to fis, El.11.6 if ordered with set. Salvage Set, tube, cabinet, despatched separately. Carr and ins. on set, fl.5.0; on


## TAPE RECORDER

29 gns. NOW 18 gns. FAMOUS MANUFACTURER UNREPEATABLE VALUE
Huge purchase allows us to offer at this amazing price. Beautifullystyledrexinecovered
 caoinets. Colours: Red. Grey Black. Storage space for 4 tapes, mike and tead. incorporating latest B.S.R. deck. LOOK AT THESE EXPENSIVE FEATURES. Record playback swisch and rewind with interiocking device to prevent accidental erasure. Tone and volume controls. Supertmpose and electronic eye. Small overall size $14 \frac{1}{2} \times 14 \frac{1}{2} \times 7 \frac{1}{2} 1 \mathrm{n}$. Lightwerght, 21 lbs . 5isin. standard cape. Fully guaranteed. Terms: Carr. and Ins. 126 . Mike 27/6 extra Tape: 1919.

## DE LUXE TAPE RECORDER 31 gns. OUR 22 gns.

Beautifully styled rexine covered cabinet in Red/Beige, with carrying handle. Size: $14 \frac{1}{2} \times 13 \times 9 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in}$. Storage space in lid for tapes and mike. Speed 3tin. per second. Compact set using latest 5 -valve amplifier with 4 stage amplification, and separate valve for Bias osc. 2 controls. Contains $7 \times 4 \mathrm{in}$. elliptical speaker, and incorporating B.S.R. Tape Deck. $5 \frac{3}{4}$ in. standard tape. Fully guaranteed. Ins. and Carr. 12/6. Terms.
RECORD PLAYER CABINET R.P. 9 19/6
Exceptionai offer. A lightweight portable player Cabinot in two tone Rust and Cream.j Famous manufacturer. Size: $14 \frac{1}{2} \times 11 \frac{1}{2}$ $\times 6 \mathrm{in}$. Complete with moulded deck board ofiattractive design. Takes B.S.R. TUG single player: 2 control amplifier; 5 in . round speaker P. \& P. 4/6.

## EXTENSION SPEAKERS 19/9

8in. P.M. Speakers fitted into polished cabinets. Standard matching to any recelver. (Complete). Switch and Flex included. P. \& P. 3/9.

## JANUARY SPEAKERS SALE!

BARGAIN SPEAKER, 5/9 8in. P.M. Repaired cone defect not affecting reproduction quality.
8in. P.M. SPEAKER. 8/9. As above but without transformer. 8in. P.M. SPEAKER, 9/9. Perfect quality. Fitted output transiormer.
ELLIPTICAL SPEAKERS, 15'9. $8 \times 3$ lin. and $7 \times 4 i n$. Brand New
Also $9 \times 4 \mathrm{in}$. at $19 / 9$. P. \& P. on each $2 / 9$.
B.S.R. MONARCH, 4-spead autochanger............... $\mathbf{£ 6 . 1 9 . 6}$ $\begin{array}{ll}\text { T.U.9. B.S.R. 4-speed singie player....................... } & 9916 \\ \text { COILARO CONQUEST }\end{array}$
PLESSEY TV CHASSIS FOR SPARES 9/6
56 resistances, 54 condensers. 13 valve holders, 4 transformers, Chokes 250 mA . Metal rectifiers, 300 volts at 250 mA . Fusepanel, focus magnets, plugs. sockets. Carr. $7 / 6$.

VALVES SALVAGED. Over 100 types to be CLEARED at 9d. each. |
REPLACEMENT, REBUILT TV TUBES
12 MONTHS' GUARANTEE
Terms available over 10 weeks
Carr. and Ins. 15/*


## BAKELITE CABINETS 2/9

Brand new. Colour brown. Attractive design. Size: $12 \times 7 \times 5 \frac{1}{2} i n$. Ideal small receivers, converters, etc. P. \& P. 3/9.

## TELEPHONE SETS

$7 / 9$
Ex W.D Wireless remote control unit. E.M.K.II (ZA1 1954). Including morse tapper, switches, lack plugs, etc. Less phone. Ins. and Carr. $3 / 6$.

## DJTE $B$ (LONDON) Manor Park, E.12. LTD. ILF $6001 / 3$.



BEFORE YOU BUY -YOU SHOULD HEAR THESE RECORDERS. THEY ARE COMPARABLE TO THE MUCH HIGHER-PRICED MODELS MODEL CR3/S
COILARO" "un Incorporates the New
COLLARO"S'LU1O" TWINTRACK 3-speed Deck $£ 39.10 .0$ e2.17.11.
MODEL CR3/T Incorporates the very popular 3-speed COLLAARO Mk. IV "TRANSCRIPTOR'" Deck
which has both upper and lower rape tracks.
£47.10.0 H.P. Terms: Deposit $£ 9.10 .0$ and 12 months of $£ 3.9 .8$.

MODEL TR3/Mk. VI Incorporates the New £49.10.


All prices quoted provide for the COMPLETE RECORDER Inclu) and 1.200 ft . Spool of Tape.


There are no better value-formoney Tape Recorders on the market-lt you can't call and o hear them, send S.A.E. for fully

## losesosonosonasonas

MODEL HF/G2A-D
A complete sclf-contained Tape Recorder chassis inoorporating Loudspeaker and comprising onneoted to the Garrard Tapo Deck Operates at 34 in sec peed and supplied fully tested and ready for immediate operaHon, designed for easy fxing into a portable case or cabinet only four fixing screws being required.
PRICES25.0.0 CIncluding a Long Play Tape.) Terms, Dep. E5.0.0. 12 bonths E1.16.8.
Alternatively we offer Complete Kit of the ASSEMBLED AND TESTED GARRARD TAPE DECK for S22.0.0 4.8.0. 12 months 21.12.3.

The model HF/G2A is avallable separately (8) COMPLETE KIT OF PARTS $£ 11.0 .0$

at 31n./sec. speed, connects into sockets of existing Amplifier or pick-up Chassis. COMPLETE Amplifier or Radio containing 4in. spool of Long Play I'ade. PRICE 223.15 .0
Terms, Dep. £4.15.0. 12 months £1.14.10.
Alternatively we offer Complete Kit of Parts to buld the HF/G2P Pre-ampliffer with the DECK tor 220.15.0

MODELHF/G2P-D THF IDEAL "LINK" TO ADD FULL 'ГAPE
ADOL RECORDIAG FACI-
LITIES TO HIGH QNSALATY HOME RADIOGRAMS. etc. Comprises the HF/ fitted to the Garrard ape Deck. operates Terms, Dep, £4.3.0, 12 ,

MODEL HF/TR3 TAPE AMPLIFIER
Mullard Type "A" desticn) A very high quality Amplifier incorporating 3 -speed treble equalisation, using the latest
FUROXCUBE POT CORE FEROXCUBE POT CORE INDUCTOR, FOR COLLARO-TRUVOX-BRENELL-WEARhas GILSEN Output Trans. former. Includes separate Power Supply Unit separate

 H.P. Deposit E3.6.0 and 12 months at El.4.2

## FOR THE HOME CONSTRUCTOR

SPECIAL 'COMBINED ORDER' PRICES
(8) The COLLARO "gTUDIO" TAPE DECK and our Mullard Type "C" PRE-AMPLIFIER and Power Unit Assembled and Tested
£29.10.0

(b) As adove but
(c) The COLLARO Mk. IV TAPE DECK and tie MULLARD TYPE, CC: PRE-AMPLIFIER and power Unit assembled, tested.
£26.10.0
£35.0.0
(4) As (c) but Type "Cow as COMPLETE KIT OF
(0) The TRUVOX Mk Vi DECK and the assembied Ty'pe "C" Pre-ampilifer and Power Unt.
(f) As Above but Type , , and as complete KIT OF
(*) The BRENELLCMEV DECK and Lhe assembied Type "C. PRE-AMPLIFIER and POWFR UNIT

THE WEAFTE 4A DECK with TYPE "C"

£32.0.0
£40.0.0
£36.10.0
£46.0.0
£43.0.0 £56.0.0 (Catriage and insurance on above oyotes 10t eitra
FACH CF THE ABOVE CAN BE SUPPLIED IN A PORTABLE AMPLIFIER. (FULLMING A COMPLETE PORTABLE PREAMPLIFIER. (FULL DETAALS ON REDUFST

[^2]

Price $£ 29.15 .0$
H.P. Terms, Deposit £6.0.0. and 12 monthe

The Pre-amplifler Model HF/G2P is avallable separately for
(a) Complete Kit of Parts $£ 9.10 .0$ (b) Assembled $£ 11.5 .0$.

MणाA A (1) TYP: •・ー 1.AIE PIRB-A.M1LLFLLIRcisAst: UNII 'l'he "Hi-Fi' link to add full tape Fidetity home installacions. Incorporates FEROXCUBE POT
CORE PUSH PULL OSCILLATOR and thend treble equairal Cy FEROXCUBE POT CORE INDUCTOIR FOR WEARINF COLLARO-TRUVOX-GRENELL OFD MUTEK TAPE DECKS Includes separate power Supply Unit. OK ASSEMBLED
 (Excluding power unit $£ 11.15 .0$ and $£ 14.10 .0$ respectively).
(a) COMPLETE KIT D bulld che FiFTRis Ampufier $\overline{\mathbf{2 5} .10 .0}$

(c) COMPLETE KIT Lo buud and 12 months £2.2.8. with the Mk IV COLLARO "TRANSCRIPTOR"
TAPE DECK
(£1 extra it we are reunired to wire up Dick Sowirch kanks.
 As above but HF/TR's suppiied ASSEMBLED and £34.10.0 Ii.P. Deposit \&\% 0.0 and iz months \&2.io. 5
(e) extra to we are required to wire up neck Switch Renks.)

(1) As above but HFiThes suppiied ASSEMBLED and $£ 39.10 .0$


(h) Asabove but HFFTRis suppled ASSEMBLED and $\quad £ 45.0 .0$
(1) THE WEARTTE EA.0.0. and 12 months e3.6.0. Lested HFMRRS Amplinicr wich assembled and Head P. Deposit \& 11.0 .0 . and 12 monins e. i.o...
Carriage and Insurance on earh above is 101 - extra.
ALtractive PORTAABIIE CARE is available to accommodate the ROLA/CELESTIMAR TAPE DECKS And We ofle to together with

GTERI RADIOLID.

## STERNS WUTHRD DESTGIS

## 

COMPLETE KIT OF PARTS
MULLARD " $5-10$ " MAIN AMPLIFIER For use with the MULLARD 2-vave pie-annphater when tained. Wo supply specIFISD COMPKNHiNG AND NLIV


 Trans. 1.
Alternatively we supply AssisMHbIVID
C11.10.0

and TH゙MREH.

## MULLARD'S PRE-AMPLIFIER TONE CONTROL UNIT

Employing two EF8G yalves and destrned to operate with the MULLARD IIAIN AMiPliricirs, but also per-

rectly sultable for other makes.
PRICE COMPLETE $\mathbf{8 6 . 6 . 0}$ ASSEMBLED AND TESTED 88.0 .0


- Lquallsatlon for the iatest R.I.A.A. characteristic
- mput (a) Durect from Huph Imp. Iape Head. (b) From a Tape Amplifier or Pre-amplifior.
 ABOVIE fincororatine PARTRIDGE OUTPUY TRANS. £1.8.0 extra
 COMPLETE MULLARD "3-3"

 UF PARTS $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dius b'6 carrlage and insurance) H. TB. Terms: Deposit eg.0.0 }\end{aligned}$ and 8 Months at \&1.0.0. Complate to MULLARD'S SPECIFICATION including Muliard valves and a PARMEKO


## STEREO "3-3" MAIN AMPLIFIER

tho Malla Ampliners on one chassls. Operates with MULLARD STEREO PRE-AMPLIFIER. Output
 COMPLETE STEREO AMPLIFIER
Meets the many requests for a low priced but qoud quanty stereo Mhonlc Amplifier. Output power is 4 watts and sultabie tor crystal KITOFPARTS £8.10.0 OR ASSEMBLED $£ 10.10 .0$ !! RECORD PLAYERS !!
the latest models are in stock, many at reduced prices senis A. A. For hilustirated ldealiner A.S.R. MOXARCH UAB 4 -speed mixer Autochanger $£ 6.19 .6$ with Crystal Plck-up noneir up 594 4-spead Single $\quad £ 9.18 .9$ Mecord Player. Studio Cartride.
 £7.10.0 studio Piok-up. The collalio 4 -speed Single Record Piayer.
 £6.9.6 THENMHERR MOder, $£ 8.7 .6$ M1XER aUTOCHANGEle incorporating the B.S.s. $\mathbf{\$ 1 0 . 1 0 . 0}$ Striked lick-lilh plays L. P and 78 Records. Player Gited higR
 speeds. High output. Crystal Pick-up.
 MEGYMTVE LEAFIETAAD

## 


 - range of MULLAKD Sell powered wit range of well with any make AM1L/HiLhs but will also operato ${ }^{250}$ m Volts. OFPARTS 12.10 .0 AND TESTED model 1.L. one microphone input matched for moving coll or MULLARD FOUR CHANNEL MIXER UNIT

PRICE REDUCTIONS
(a) The KIT UF PABTS to bulla both the $\begin{aligned} & \text { 2valve PRE-AMP CON- } £ 15.15 .0 \\ & \text { THOL }\end{aligned}$ THOL UNIT. (b) The "5-10" and the 2 2-stage PREH.P Dep $\pm 3.16 .0$ and $12 £ 18.18 .0$ months of 81.7 .8 ........ 18.18 .0 (0) The KIT OF PARTS to bulld the and the DUAL-CHANNEL PREEAMPLIFIER CON- $£ 21.10 .0$ (d) The DUAL-CHANNEL *3-3" PRE-AMPLIFIER CONTROL UNIT BUTH ASSEMBLED and $£ 25.0 .0$ H.P. Terme: Deposit $\$ 5$ and 12 months (e) ${ }^{\text {el }}$ I $16.16 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{K}} \mathrm{KIT}$ OF PARTS to bulld one "T-10" MAIN CHANNEL and the DUAL-CHANNEL PRE- £21.10.0 (1) ONE "5-10" AMPLIFIER and the
DUAL-CHANNEL PRE-AMPLIFIER both ASSEMBLED and $£ 25.0 .0$ TESTED
H.P. Terms: Deposit 85.12 months of E1. 16.9 . (IIAN OF Parts to build Two "5-10" Parmelamplifrers (incordorating the cho output transiormers) and the DUal Channel pre-
ANPLTFIEK CONTROL $£ 31.0 .0$ (h) Two CONTROL UNIT BOTH $£ 36.0 .0$ ASSEMBLED C Terms: Deposit R7.4.0. 12 months ${ }^{\text {R.P.12.0. }}$
Carrlage and Insurance 7/8 extra. Prices quoted are sub Transformer.
extra for Partidge Trand

## STEREO PRE-AMPLIFIER

This model incorporates two Mullard 2-valve Precomplifers
 into a Single ait unit ens be used for both STRGROPIIGNIC or BIONA UKAL operation. It is designed primarlly to operate with our

## EASY AS A.B.C. TO BUILD

The new oxciting De
Luxe "Gold Star" Poc-
ket Radio in beatiful
moulded plastic caseThis model is a highly sensitive, selfwaves. Uses modern miniature "button-base" valve and spectally designed high efficiency coll. Exceptionally easy to build from our step-by-step plans-the case fs supplied ready drilled! Size of radio only 4 in. $x$
 2inn. x lin.!
-and bat. teries fit inside. We can supply cludinecase, detachable struction book. wire. screws, etc. foronly 37/6. and $2 / 6$ Pack ing. C.O.D. 2/-extra. (Parts sold separately,
priced parts inst $1 / 6$.)


Our engineers have designed a novel Wrist Watch Radio using latest Transistor Techniques. Size only 1yin. x in. x fin. ! ! -personal-phone reception over all medium waves. Tiny battery inside lasts monthscosts 5d. No snass, anyone can build it in an hour or two using our pictorial step-by-step simple plans. All parts supplied (including Case and strap) for only 29/6 (add 2/6 Post. etc.). C.O.D. 2/- extra. (All parts sold separately. priced parts list 1/6.) Send Now!



The ansadional "Slivertone" modell A highly compact self-contained miniature "button-base" valve pocket radio at absolute "rockbottom" building cost! Covers all the medium waves with the very latest circuitry bringing
in stations from all over Europe-without fuss. Easy as A.B.C. to assemble. using our step-by-step instruction manuai. Size only 4in. x 2in. x 1inn.-a fascinatins ittle pocket radio. We can Supply all the parts including beautiful twotone case, detachable aerial, for only $29 / 6$ (plus $2 /$ - post and packinc). C.O.D. $2 /$-extra. (Parts sold separately. priced parts Ilst $1 / 9$.
 $\begin{array}{ll}\text { Anyone } & 3 \\ \mathrm{c} & \mathrm{a} \\ \mathrm{b} & \mathrm{n} \\ \mathrm{t} & \mathrm{n} \\ \mathrm{d} & \mathrm{s}\end{array} \mathrm{B}$ beautiful precision Pocket Radio in an knowledge whatever needed. Our simple pletorial plans take you step-bv-step! Remarkably sensitive waves. Inc, Luxembourg. Home. Light. Size only $21 n . x$ Bin. $x$ 5tin.-Not a Toy: Rut a Aeal, Personal-phone, Valve ROR BED Detachable Aerial! IDEAL supply ALL parts necessary, together With plans. etc., for the special price of 39/6, plus $2 / 6$ post and packing. (C.O.D. $2 \%$ extra.) BUILD YOURS NOW! (All parts sold separately. priced parts list 1/8.) Send Today! Money turned intact within 7 days.


THIS TRANSISTGR
SET Can Be Butlt For
Only $29 / 8$. The ${ }^{\text {is Sky }}$
Scout ${ }^{*}$ Pocket stage transistor set, size only 11 n . x 31 n n. $x 41 n$. Covers all medium waves and battery which costs 6 diny penlight case. All parts tested before despate Can be built for 29/6. plus 2/-Post and Packing, INCLUDING CASE. TRANSISTOR, STEP-BY-STEP PLANS FOR ABSOLUTE BEGINNERS, nuts bolts, etc. (C.O.D. 2\% extra.) Parts sold separately, priced parts list and plans 1/6. VERY SIMPLE TO BUILD.
 kno radio
 specially made case with
gold dial with stations printed, Size of radio only Gilin. $x$ sin. $x$ 3in. Covers all medium and long wayes. H.T. consumption only 1 to 1.5 mA . Ideal for Bedroom, Garden, Hollday, Totc. BUILD THE "SKY-ROMA" NOW! the last nut and bolt everything down to 2/-)-with full set of clear (Postage, etc.. nlans. (Parts sold separatal. easy-to-follow ians. Parts sold separatply. Priced parts
list and plans 1/6.) C.O.D. $2 /$-extra. WAICDOT


This arnazing "TTYng-TMm" model-no largor than a match box-costs nothing to run-ever No battertes! No Valves! No
complete electricity! Wlli never run down or burn out. USES the latest TRANSISTOR TYPE GERMANIUM DIODE, receives local stations any Where-without extra aerial. Clear, Crisp Tone. No snags, anyone can build it within an hour for only 1-/6 plus 2/ Post and pan book. etc. 2f- extra) (Parts 2/-Post and Packing (C.O.D. list $1 / 9$. . (Parts sold separately, priced parts
 waves, has razor-edge selectivity and includes ready drilled and punched chassis, set of simple-to-follow plansin fact everythinet petrow plansbefore despatch! Uses standard octal base valves. (Low running coste approximately 18 watts.) Size $12 i n$. $x$ $61 \mathrm{n} x$ sin. Build this long-range powerful midget NOW, TOTAL BUILDING COST INCLUDING PLANS. ETC., 55/7/6. (Post and Packing 3/6), Parts sold separately. Priced parts $11 s t$ and plans 1/9. C,Ô,D. 2/- extra.

45/-
TWO-TRAN NGETGGR POCKET SET, Can Be Bult
for $45 /+$ BUIL,
 VEST-POCKET TWO TRANSISTOR RADIO superb gives a
mance and is highly and is under 7 ozs.-vet it is a THREE-STAGE recelver covering all medium waves, workEng entirely of a "penlight" pattery; SPECI part tested before despatch: ABSOLUTE BEGINNERS. Total building cost including case, transistors everything down to the last nut and boltPostage, etc. 2/- (CD.D 2/- extra) (Perts sold separately. Priced parts list and plans 1/6.) RUSH YOUR ORDER Tist and plans

## CONGORD ELEGTRONIGC Dee 2in, Church Road, Hove, Sussex PW26

Orders receive nrampt attention. Cheques acrepted. Cash on deliverv 2/-exfra. Please nrint name and address in bloch letters valves stocked. Regret no C.O.D, abroad. DEMONSTRATIONS DAILY AT WORKS, range of components and

13＇CHANNEL TV＇s
TABLE MODELS FAMOUS MAEERS．COMplete with all palves and tubes．Unequalled is value．They are untested AMAZINGLY POPULAR－IDEAL SECOND SETS
 14＂ 5 CHANNEL TV＇s 85／－（ $\left.\begin{array}{c}\mathrm{p} .2 \mathrm{R}, \mathrm{p} \\ 12 / 6\end{array}\right)$

## STAAR GALAXY SPARES

Huge quantity（Antochangers），B．A．E．enyuirlea．

＊Record Players Carrage 4／－ Collaro conquebt 4－speed 4／346．． $25180_{0}$ | EMI 4 －speed 8teren |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| B．A．R．（UA8）AUTDCHAジGERS | $\ldots$ | 86 | 18 | 0 |

## 4－SPD．RECORD PLAYERS

Latest B．8．8．TUG Turutable，trogether with Lightweight Btaser Galaky dual aspyhire
crystal thrnover pick－up head．Traly amazing value
${ }^{8 t} \mathrm{Y}$ E3．10．0 Cars
GALAXY PICEUPB，at above，only $19 / 8$.
External／Internal ITV Converters with power pack
Fismmarsd Aniah，Very compact． 1 Gain and $\begin{array}{ll}\text { Trimining controle } \quad \text { Listed at e7．7．} \\ \text { Carriage } 2 / 6 \text { ．} & 39 /=\end{array}$ $\underset{\text { Redapor now onls s／8．}}{\star}$ TRANSISTORS $\underset{\text { WHITE spor }}{\text { 4／8 }}$


TUBES DIRECT FROM OUR FACTORY
Due to the increasing demand for our wide range of C．B．T．B． REGUNNED TUBES have new Guns．Getteri，Aquadse Coating，Bases，to．

|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { A NTEED } \\ & \text { 12 MONTHS } \\ & \text { REGUNNED } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 12 \text { MONTH8 } \\ & \text { BRAND NEW } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CRMO2，MW28－7，MW2\％－14，MW22－14C，$\}$ |  | TYPES |
| MW22－17，MW22－18 | 3 | \％W31／74 |
| 12KPA．121K．C12B，CRME121．CRM 121 A ． |  | 24－15 |
| CRM121B，CRM122，CRM123．MWa1－14C，$\} \mathbb{Z} 2$ | 84 | 24－15 |
|  |  | 120 |
| CRM143．MW36－24．MW36－44，17ASP4． | 24－10 | \＄5 |
| 171 K AW $36 / 21$ C17FM．CRM171 CRM172． | 24－10 |  |
|  | 55－5 |  |
| CRM158A．CRM152B．CRM153．CRM173，$\}$ |  | 86－15 |
| MW43－80，MW41－1 MW53－20，MW53－80 S4 | 86－10 |  |

$10 \%$ D1SCOUNT SPECLAL OFFER of ang SLX VALVEA marked in black type（ $15 \%$
in dosen）．Post： 1 valve， $6 d ., 2-11,1 /-$ ．

## SPECIAL OFFERS

## UA8 Stereo Changers B．8．R．fawolls monarib auwchangers．fited with qualify stereo carrridge． $\$ 6.19 .0$

## MAINS AMPLIFIERS

3 ralre（ $10 \mathrm{FF}, 10 \mathrm{P}^{14}$ ，UU8）， 3 watt，sin．loud－ spearer，in two tone cesse with controls． $49 /=$ deal tor record Loudspeakers

Loudspeakers TOP

 10 X fim．elliptial， $23 / 6$ sin．sher $3.7-5-15$ ohm HF810， $70 /-\mathrm{i}$ inn．stentorian


## PM SPEAKERS Surplus 3 ohm

 Tested，top makes perforwance guaranteed．

## RECTIFIERS

For Chargem，selenicra，tuli wave， 12 vort， $\mathrm{s}-4 \mathrm{amps}$
 RM2，81－；RM3， $9 /-$ RM4, $15 / 6$ ：RMS，21／－： 14146




## 100 RESISTORS <br> 100 CONDENSERS <br> 6／6 <br> 10／


 TAPE RECORDER8
Limited quantity．Famous make A．S．R．Deting． Beaut．finistaed portable cares，gold fittuge， expellent reproduction，with reel of 21 GiSm

## 1 Watt Transistor Stage

Palr of $G$ ET13 1 watt Power Transistore（listed BO／－） Puah－Pull NPUT AND DUTPOT TRANS－ $45 /=$

| OZ4 | $5 /$ | 6AM8 | $8 /$ | 6J7GT | $7 / 9$ | 6X5G | 5／6 | 12K7GT 5／8 | 3 | 18 | DAF91 | 5／3 | c8 | $5 / 9$ | EM4 |  | 1 | 4／8 | TH34 | ／6 | F80 | $8 / 8$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1ASGT | 5／－ | BAQ6 | 6／－ | 6 J 8 | 8／6 | 6X5GT | 6／－ | 12E8GT11／8 | 50065 | 9／6 | DAF96 | $7 / 9$ | ECC8 | $8 / 6$ | EM80 | 9／3 | $61$ | 2／3 | U14 | $1 \cdot$ | UF85 | － |
| 187GT | 11／9 | 64＇16 | 7. | 6 K 6 GT | 8／6 | 7 A 7 | $20 / 6$ | 12K8 12／6 | 50 CD 69 |  | DFP33 | $8 / 9$ | ECC83 | $71-$ |  |  |  |  | U2 |  |  | 14／6 |
| $0.09 T$ | $9 / 8$ | 6AU6 | $7 / 9$ | 6K7 | $5 / 9$ | 7B5 | $12 / 6$ | 12Q7GT 5／8 |  | 191－ | DP91 | $4 / 5$ | ECC84 | $8 / 9$ | EM |  |  |  | U24 | 15\％ | T「F89 | 14／8 |
| D5 | 916 | 6B7 | 9／6 | 6K7G | 2／8 | 7B6 | $9 / 6$ | 12SG7 6／－ | 50L6GT | 9／3 | Dド06 | $7 / 9$ | ECC8s | $8 / 3$ | E． | 1078 |  | 19\％－ | 1725 | 13／6 | L41 | $7 / 6$ |
| D6 | $9 / 9$ | 6B8G | 3／6 | 8K7GT | 5／－ | $7 \mathrm{B7}$ | $7 / 3$ | 128H7 4／6 | 53 K | 10／6 | DH68 | $6 / 9$ | ECF8 | O／9 | EN3 | 16／－ |  | 13／0 | －+26 | 11／－ | UL44 | 12／6 |
| H59 | $0 / 9$ | 6BA6 | 61. | 6K8 | 101－ | $7 \mathrm{C5}$ | 718 | 128， 173 | 54 KU | 810 | DH76 | 5／8 | ECFR | $8 / 9$ | EYS1 |  | PCC89 | $13 / 0$ | 126 |  |  | 12／6 |
| L4 | $8 / 6$ | BBES | 8／－ | BK8G | 6／6 | 7 C 6 | $7 / 3$ | 128K7 5／6 | fisPT | 11／－ | DH77 | $7 \cdot$ | ECH2 | 14／－ | BMA |  | PCF | $7 / 6$ | － 33 | 13\％－ |  |  |
| LD5 | $3 / 6$ | 6BG6C | 12／6 | 6K8G | 101－ | 787 | $9 / 8$ | 12SN7GT $8 / 6$ | 75 | 81 | DKi83 | 11／9 | ECH3 | $9 / 8$ | EY¢ | 81. | PCF82 | $7 / 6$ | 33 | 13／9 | 80 | 9／8 |
| LNS | 4／6 | 6BH6 | $6 /-$ | 6E26 | $7 / 8$ | 7H7 | $7 / 6$ | $128 \mathrm{R7} 5 / 6$ | 77 | ／6 |  | ／＊ |  |  | EZ40 |  | PCL83 | 11／6 | 1＇37 | 28／6 | UU3 | 12／6 |
| ［NEGT | $9 / 9$ | 6B．76 | 61． | ${ }^{6} \mathrm{~L} 1$ | 12／6 | 7K7 | 81. | $12 Y 4$ \％／6 | 78 | 6 | DK92 | 9 | CLS |  | EZ4i | 713 | PCLK4 | 819 | U43 | $8 / 9$ | UU7 | $8 / 6$ |
| 1H5 | $81-$ | 6387 | 918 | BL6 | $9 / 8$ | 767 | 9／8 | ${ }_{19 \text { 1405 }} 14 / 9$ | 80 | 8／6 | －D | 18 | ECLL ${ }^{\text {E }}$ | 10\％ | Ez80 | 8／3 | PEN25 | $4 / 6$ | L50 | 6／－ | UU8 | ） |
| 134 | $8 / 6$ | 68W | $7 / 9$ | 6L6G | $7 / 8$ | $7 \mathrm{R7}$ | $10 / 8$ | 18 AQ 5 76 | 8.3 | ${ }_{4} / 6$ | DL3s | 818 | ECLs | $14 / 6$ | E281 | $7 /=$ | PEN45 | $7 / 3$ | U52 | $5 /-$ |  |  |
| 185 | $8 / 3$ | 6BW7 | $6 / 6$ | 6L7 | 91－ | 787 | $9 / 8$ | 19865915／ | 90AV | 4／6 | DL35 | 9818 | EF32 | $12 / \mathrm{F}$ | GT1C | $7 \%$ | PEN46 | 5／3 | U7B | $5 / 6$ |  | 11／6 |
| 1T4 | 4／－ | 68 X 6 | $5 / 8$ | 6L7G | $7 / 6$ | 7V7 | $7 / 9$ | $20 \mathrm{D} 1 \quad 9 / 6$ | 1172\％ | $10 / 6$ | OL8 | 8818 | EF36 | $3 / 3$ | G232 | $8 / 9$ | PEN4D | D | C78 | 5／6 | \％ 21 | 11／8 |
| 2 D 21 | 4／6 | 6C4 | $8 / 6$ | 6L19 | $91-$ | 7 Y 4 | 71 | $20 \mathrm{~F}^{2} 2 \quad 9 / 6$ | 185 BT | 181－ | DL91 | 8／9 | EF49 | $4 / 3$ | Czz34 | 12／B |  | 12／6 | U191 | $8 / 6$ | UY41 | 6／6 |
| 3.44 | 5／8 | 805 | $5 / 8$ | 6 L 19 | 12／6 | 724 | 716 | 20 LI 1818 | 723A | 291－ | ${ }^{\text {D }} 1.92$ | $7 /=$ | Er40 | 13／6 | GZ37 | $10 / 6$ | PL 33 | 91. | U281 |  | UY85 |  |
| 3126 | 4／6 | 906 | $4 / 9$ | 6L143 | $8 / 6$ | 8D3 | 3／6 | $\begin{array}{ll}2011 & 11 / 6\end{array}$ | 807A | $5 /=$ | DL34 | $7 / 8$ | EF41 | $13 / 6$ | ${ }^{\text {H1，41 }}$ | 09／6 | P1／36 | 11／－ | U282 | 15／＝ |  | 9／6 |
| 364 | $7 / 3$ | 6C4 | 9／6 | GLD18 | 718 | 16 Cl | 11／－ | 20P3 12／6 | 807 E | $3 / 8$ | L L96 | 718 | EF42 | $7 / 6$ | HVR2 | 3／6 | PL3 | 14／8 | U301 | 14／－ | VR1 |  |
| 3 L | $8 / 8$ | 8 CD 50 | 18／6 | 6L．D20 | $8 / 6$ | 10 C 2 | $13 / 6$ | $20 \mathrm{P} 417 \%$ | 908 | 15／－ | EA50 | 8 Pd | EF5 | R2\％ | KL35 | $7 / 8$ | PL81 | $9 / 8$ | U309 | 12／6 |  | $7 /$ |
| 384 | 6／－ | ВСH6 | 9／3 | 6N7 | B／6 | 10C14 | 91－ | $20{ }^{2} 516 /-$ | 954 | $2 /$. | EABCR0 |  | EF5 | SA | KT3 |  | 1 | $7 / 6$ | C329 | 12／6 |  |  |
| 3 V 4 | 7－1 | BLI | 9d． | 6P1 | 14／－ | 10F1 | B／9 | 25.46 Cl | 955 | $3 / 9$ | EAC91 | $4 / 9$ | Cr5 |  | KT330 |  | PL | 7／6 | $\pm 339$ | 11／－ |  | 5／ |
| 584 C | 9／6 | 8D2 | 8／9 | $6 \mathrm{6P25}$ | 9／－ | $10 \mathrm{F9}$ | $10 / 3$ | 25 LBG 8／9 | 958 | $2 / 8$ | Eafr 42 | 8／8 |  | 2／6 | KT38 | $9 / 1$ | PL84 | $11 /=$ | ［403 | O／6 | VTs01 | 4／10 |
| U．4 | 5／－ | 6D3 | 12／6 | 6P28 | 12／6 | 10L14 | $81-$ | 25L6GT 9／－ | 5763 | 101． | E834 | $1{ }^{1}$ | EF5 | $5 / 3$ |  | $9 / 6$ | PM80 | $0 / 9$ | U404 | 6／6 | W61M |  |
| 5 V 4 G | 8／6 | 6D ${ }^{\text {d }}$ | $4 / 9$ | 697G ${ }^{1}$ | 6／9 | 10LD3 | $8 / 8$ | $35 Y 569 /-$ | 9 n 01 | 4－ | EB41 | 710 | Er8 | $6 / 3$ | KT4 |  | PX25 | 18／－ | U801 | 181－ | W76 |  |
| SY3G | 6／\％ | 6 F 1 | 5／8 | 607GT | 9／3 | 10 LD 12 | 88 | $252407 / 3$ | 0002 | 4／9 | EB91 | 879 | EFms | 7. | KT | 816 | PY31 |  | UABCS | $08 / 8$ | W77 |  |
| YgGT | 8／6 | 6F6G | 6／3 | QR7G | $7 / 6$ | IUP13 | 976 | 2525 8／－ | 9003 | $4 / 5$ | EBC3 | $8 \%$ | E［4\％${ }^{\text {d }}$ | $10 / 3$ | KT6 | 91－ |  | 1016 | $1 / \mathrm{AF} 42$ | 9／－ | W81 |  |
| Y 40 | 11／－ | 6F6M | 71. | 8SA7 | 5／8 | 10P14 | 9／6 | 4576 9／－ |  | － |  |  | EF9 | $3 / 6$ | KTit | $12 / 6$ | ${ }^{\square} \mathrm{Y} \mathrm{S}^{\prime}$ | \％－ | TB41 | 81－ |  |  |
| 5 C 4 | 11／－ | 8 P1 $^{12}$ | $3 / 6$ | 6SG7 | $4 / 9$ | $10 \mathrm{Pl8}$ | $8 /-$ | ${ }_{30 \mathrm{LS}}$ | ATP | 1. | Ebls | 7／9 | EF92 | 4／9 | KT\％ | $9 / 6$ | Pyd | 6／6 | －BCal | 8／3 |  |  |
| ST4t | 8／6 | 6F13 | \％ | BS 47 | 4／6 | 12A ${ }^{\text {d }}$ | $5 / 3$ | $30 \mathrm{Cl} \mathrm{m}^{7 / 8}$ | A 73 | $8 / 6$ | ERI＇צ0 | $8 / 6$ | E゙い5 | $6 / 9$ | K181 | 14／－ | PY\％ | $6 / 9$ | C゙1しくs | 10／－ | 65 |  |
| 3 KAOT | 11／－ | 6FI4 | $9 / 6$ | 68J5 | $5 /-$ | 12A17 | $6 / 9$ | 30 Fb \％ | B38 | 4／9 | EBFY9 | 816 | Eくら3 | $7 / 9$ | K「W61 | $15 / 6$ | PY83 | 8J－ |  | 816 | X $\mathrm{f}_{6}$ |  |
| $\mathrm{SA}^{4}$ | 101． | 6 P 15 | $9 / 6$ | 68K7 | $5 / 3$ | 12AB8 | $9 / 9$ | 30 FLL 1 $6 / \mathrm{B}$ | B69 | $21 /$ | EBL21 | 14／－ | ELi32 | $4 / 6$ | KTWb3 | 3 4／9 | PZ30 | 12／． | U15L21 | 14／8 | X X 7 B |  |
| 5489 | 9／6 | 6F16 | $8 / 6$ | B8L76T | 6／－ | 12ATB | $7 / 9$ | $30 \mathrm{L1} \quad 79$ | CBL3 3 | $21 / 6$ | E81．31 | 21／． | EL33 | $91-$ | KTZ88 | 5／6 | R18 | 12／8 | UCO84 | 14／6 | － |  |
| AAgGT | 13／6 | ${ }_{6} \mathrm{~F}^{3} 3$ | $6 / 9$ | 68N7GT | 4／9 | 12AT7 | $6 / 9$ | $30 \mathrm{P} 412 / 8$ | CCH3 | 181 | EC52 | 319 | EL33 | 816 | L63 |  | R19 | 12／8 | UCC85 | 8／－ |  | 16／ |
| 3A88 | 8／3 | 696 | 3／－ | 68C7 | 8／3 | 12AU7 | $8 / 8$ | $30 \mathrm{Pl} 138 /$ | CL33 | 1878 | EC90 | 316 816 | EL37 | 11／6 | LN168 | $7 / 6$ | mbi | 8／． | CCPra | 18／－ | － | 16／ |
| $\mathrm{aO}_{7}$ | 4／3 | 686 | 2／＝ | 68S7 | $5 /$ | 12AX7 | 81－ | $\begin{array}{lr}30 \mathrm{Pl} 16 & 7 / 9 \\ 30 \mathrm{PL} 1 & 10 / 8\end{array}$ | C83 | 1／6 | EC81 | $4 / 6$ | EL38 | $12 / 6$ | L2319 | 71 | SPb | $3 / 9$ | UCFH：1 | $14 / 6$ | Y68 | 6 |
| 105 | $4 / 3$ | 6.55 | $4 / 3$ | 8U4GT | $10 / 6$ | 12BA6 6 | 8／－ | 30 PLE <br> 35 LaGT <br> 10 | D73 | $1 / 6$ | ECC31 | 976 | ELH1 | $8 / 6$ | MU14 | $8 /$ | SP41 | 2／6 | UCH 42 | $7 / 9$ | Z63 | ／3 |
| 6 AG7 | $8 /$ | 8J5G | $8 / 8$ | 6U5G 6 V 6 a | $6 / 3$ $8 / 6$ | 12 BEG 12 BH 7 | 819 1018 | 35LbGT $81 \%$ $35 \% 4818$ | D76 | $8 / 9$ $8 / 6$ | ECC32 | 41. | EL42 | $8 / 6$ | $\checkmark 37$ |  | SP81 | $2 / 8$ | C＇CH81 | $8 / 6$ | 286 | $9 / 8$ |
| 6AJ7 | 6／－ | 8．J5GT | $8 / 9$ $4 /-$ | 6V66 | $6 / 6$ $8 / 6$ | L2R 288 1208 | 8／6 | $35 \% 46 T$ 5／6 | DA30 | $18 / 6$ | E0c33 | $4 / 0$ | ELR4 | $7 / 1$ | N78 |  | SU25 | 15／－ | UCLS | 11／3 | 277 | $8 / 8$ |
| 5 |  | BJS |  | 6） $6 \times 2$ | $8 / 8$ | 1：2F1 | 12／6 | $35 Z 5 \mathrm{TT} 8 / 8$ | D） 4.90 | 2／8 | ECCz4 | 91. | EL91 | $4 / 9$ | N108 | 15， | 3 LQ 1 | A 4／6 | UCL83 | 13／8 | 2158 | $8 / 8$ |
| AM5 | $4 / 6$ | 0576 | $5 / 6$ | $6 \times 4$ | $5 / 6$ | 12J5GT | $3 / 6$ | $42 \quad 7 / 6$ | Dac32 | 9／8 | ECC3 | 6／9 | EM34 | $8 / 6$ | N13 | 10／6 | T41 | 716 | ［F41 | $8 / 6$ | 27 | S／2 |

FREE TRANSIT LNSURANCE．Ail valves sfe new or of fuly guaranteed ex－Goversment or ex－oquip－ ment or gin．Satisfarion or Money Back Guarata

TECHNICAL TRADING CO．


# THE 

PEMBRIDGE COLLEGE

OF ELECTRONICS
offers training in RADIO

TELEVISION
aND ELECTRONICS

## ATTENDING COURSE

Full-time One Year Course in Radio and Television. College course in basic principles for prospective servicing engineers.
Next course commences 3rd January, 1961.
This course is recognised by the Radio Trades Examination Board (R.T.E.B.) for the new Servicing Certificate examinations.

## HOME-STUDY COURSES

A. Radio and Television Servicing
(1) Introductory course.
(2) Basic course covering R.T.E.B. Intermediate Radio and Television Servicing Certificate examination.
B. Courses in Radio, Telecommunications and Mathematics up to City and Guilds Telecommunication Technicians' Final Certificate.
C. Constructional kits.

For details, write to:

## The Princlpal, P.iO. <br> THE PEMBRIDGE COLLEGE OF ELECTRONICS

34 a Hereford Road, London, W.2.

# HARVERSON SURPLUS CO. LTD. 83 HIGH STREET, MERTON, S.W.19. CHErrywood 398567 

## MONAURAL AMPLIFIER

This amplifier is made by a leading manufacturer. Mullard valves- ECC83, EL84 x EL84, EZBO. Bass, treble and voluma on remote panel. Elegant knobs. OUR PRICE E4.16.6. P \& P $3 / 6$.

MINIATURE AMPLIFIER
Miniature amplifier, size $3 \frac{3}{4} \times 2 \frac{1}{2} \times 4 \frac{1}{4}$ ins. Ideal tor record player. etc. Controls. volume/on-off, bass and treble. Supplied ready built, less valves (UY85, UF89, UL84), and mains transformer, at the give away price of $14 /=$ P. \& P. $2 / 6$. MIDGET GRAM AMPLIFIER READY-BUILT.with Speaker

A $2 \frac{t}{n}$ wate gram amplifier, fitted with bass, treble, and vol.ion-off controls. Supplied complete with $6 \times 4 \mathrm{in}$. $3 \Omega$ speaker, valyes (UY85, UF89, UL84), knobs, etc. Wiring diagram supplied
$49 /$ P. \& P.
EMI ANGEL TRANSCRIPTION P.U. (MODEL I7A)
A Pick-up for the connolssiaur originally priced at $£ 17.10 .0$. 4.10 .0 . P. \& P. 5/-
The last remaining few offered at
FOR ILLUSTRATIONS OF ABOVE ITEMS SEE DEC. ISSUE

## TRANSISTOR BARGAINS

## OC71

OC72
OC72 Matched Pair....... OC45 Green Spot ...... 151OC45 Blue Spot ......... ${ }_{15 / 6}^{15 /-}$ OC44 SB305 Semi Conductor
OA4I Diode

* Postage on all above 6d.

SPECIAL OFFER
DON'T MISS THISI
Mullard.
OC. 76 .. .. 1016
MATCHED PAIR 1.0 .0
Post and packing 6d.

## THIS MONTH'S BARGAIN!

## SUPERHET CHASSIS

Complet and ready tor your cabinet, 4 valve superhet chassis, complete with valves, ferrite aerial, dial and knobs. Valve line up-UCH81, UBF89, UCL83, UY85. Long and Medium wave coverage.

PRICE 44.19 .6 P. \& P. $3 / 6$.

## HARVERSON SUPERHET 4 KIT

A medium and long wave superher, incorporating two l.F. stages. Modern B9 valves (UCH81, UBF89, UCL83, UYB5), built-in ferrite rod aerial All you need supplied, from theoretical and point to point wiring diagrams. to last nut and bolt (main compoments ready mounted) including an attractive contemporary styled cream plastic cabinet with gold trimmings. Size $11 \mathrm{t} \times 4 \frac{1}{2} \times 6 \frac{\mathrm{in}}{} \mathrm{in}$. PRICE $\mathbf{C 6}$. 12.6 POst

3/6

12 Wire wound Colvern Pots $\begin{array}{cc}\text {-all different values. } \\ \text { P. \& P. 9d. }\end{array} \quad 10 / 6$

## RECTIFIERS FOR

BATTERY CHARGER8

## $12 \mathrm{v}, 1 \mathrm{~A} .4 / 3 \quad 12 \mathrm{v} .4 \mathrm{~A} .12 / 6$

 12 v. 2 A. 7 t. 12 v. 5 A. $14 / 6$12 v. 3 A. $10 /$ P. \& P. $6 d$. ench.

DON'T MISS OUR SPECIAL OFFER SEE PAGE 807

## SLOW MOTION

 TUNERS500-500 Twin gang condensars with geared siow mocton doz. P. \& P, 6d.

## WIRE WOUND POTS

COXED

COSSOR C.R.T. SNIP 108K 10 -inch. New and boxed, 15/-, plus 6/- P. \& P. 75 K 10-inch. New and boxed, 15/-, plus 6/-P. \& P.
ION TRAP MAGNETS
To suit the above, $2 / 9$ each. P. \& P. 3d.

## SPEAKER FRET

Super guality hazvily wovan fret, 54 inches wida. Usual price $50 /-$ por yard. P. \& P. 1/OUR PRICE 1216. per yard.
TRANSISTOR RECORD

## PLAYER CASE

A fow only-Transistor record player eases in light groy cloth-complete with motor board. Size:


## Easy-to-build kit-sets of

AMATEUR TRANSMITTER Model DX-100U Covers all amateur bands irom $160-10$ metres. Jellcontained meluding
Modulator and V.F.O. Modulator and V.F.O.
"HAM" TRANSMITTER Model DX 40U
from $80-10 \mathrm{~m}$. Power inpur 1 sw . C.W., 00 w . peak
C.C. phone. Output 40 w , to aeria. Com- $£ 29.10 .0$

VAR. FREQ. OSCILLATOR VF-IU
From $160-10 \mathrm{~m}$. dea ior our DX-40U and similar transmitters. Price less valves E8.19.6. £10.12.0
R.F. SIGNAL GENERATOR, Model RF-IU
$U_{p}$ to $100 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$ tundamental and $200 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$. on harmonics and up to 100 mV . output on all E 11.11 .0
bands.
AUDIO SIGNAL GENERATOR Model AG-9U
$10 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{s}$ to $100 \mathrm{ke} / \mathrm{s}$. switeh selected. Distortion less than $0.1 \%$ 10 v . sine wave outpur metered in volts and $d B$ 's.
VALVE VOLTMETER Model V-7A
Measures volts to 1,500 ID.C. and R.M.S.) and 4,000 pk. to pk. Res. $0.1 \Omega$ to 1,000 M $\Omega$. D.C. input imped. $11 \mathrm{M} \Omega$. Complete with test prods E 13.0 .0 loads and standardising battery.
Portable $23 / 4 \mathrm{in}$. SERVICE 'SCOPE Model OS-1
Compact portable 'stope ideal for servicing and general work. Y amplifier sensitivity $10 \mathrm{mV} / \mathrm{cm}$; response $\pm 3 \mathrm{~dB} 10 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{s}-2.5 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$. Time base $15 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{s}$ - $150 \mathrm{kc} / \mathrm{s}$. Printed circuit. Case $77 \times 41 \times 12$ in. long.
Wt. only $10 \frac{1}{2} 16$.
£18.19.6
5 in. OSCILLOSCOPE Model O-12U
Has wide-band amplifiers, essential tor TV servicing,
F.M. alignment, etc. Vertical freq. response $3 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{s}$. to Over $5 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$. without extra switching. T/B
covers $10 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{s}$ to $500 \mathrm{kc} / \mathrm{s}$. in 5 ranges. $£ 34.15 .0$ covers $10 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{s}$ to $500 \mathrm{ke} / \mathrm{s}$. in 5 ranges.
RES.-CAP. BRIDGE Model C-3U
Measures capacity 10 pF to $1,000 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ resistance 1000 to 5 Mn and power factor. $5-450 \mathrm{v}$. $£ 7.19 .6$ test voltages. With safety switch.
SINGLE CHANNEL AMPLIFIER, MA-12
$10-12$ watt Hi-Fi amplifier. Extremely low
£9.19.6 distortion and wide trequency range
"GLOUCESTER" EQUIPMENT CABINET ${ }^{461} \times .30 \times 2$ lin. deep. Mk. 1 houses Record Player Stereo Amplifier, F.M. Tuner, records, etc. Mk. II will house a Tape Deck in addition. Left in the white for finish to personal taste.
Mk. I ... £15.18.6
Mk. II ... £17.8.6
"CHEPSTOW" EQUIPMENT
CABINET
Ideal cabinet tor small rooms or armehair operation. Houses Record Player F.M. Tuner and Stereo Amplifier. £10.10.0
'PACKAGED DEALS' of Hi-Fi Equipment including TAPE DECKS (Collaro or Truvox), RECORD PLAYERS (Collaro or Connoisseur) and DECCA ffs: PICK.UPS.

Write in to see how these deals save you further money.

Plase send me FREE CATALOGUE (Yes/No)
Full details al modet(s)

## NAME

ADDRESS
PWI.

## Fheathinis

## highest quality at lower cost


F.M. TUNER

\$. 33


S-38

DX. 40

$U \times R-1$


OS. 1


GRID DIP METER Model GD-1U
Coverage trom $2 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$. to $250 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$. Complete set 0 plug-in coils provided. $\quad £ 9.19 .6$
TAPE RECORDING/PLAYBACK AMPLIFIER Model TA-1
Monaural (TA-IM) £IR.14.0. Stereo (TA-1S). £22.4.0
Conversion unit from mono 'o stereo $£ 6.0 .0$. Conversion unit from mono. 'o stereo. £6.0.0.
SHORT-WAVE TRANSISTOR PORTABLE Model RSW-1
Extending aerial, leather case, 2 short-wave bands Trawier and Medium. $£ 20.18 .6$
6-TRANSISTOR PORTABLE Model UXR-1
Pre-aligned I.F transformers, printed circuit. $7 \times 4 \mathrm{in}$. high-flux speaker. Real hide case. $£ 14.18 .6$
DUAL-WAVE TRANSISTOR RADIO UJR-1
This sensitive headphone set is a fine introduction to electronics for any youngster. £2.16.6

## HI-FI F.M. TUNER

Tuning range $88-108 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$. For your convenience this is available in two units sold separately as follows: Tuner Unit (FMT-4U) with $10.7 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$-I.F. output ( $£ 3.2 .0$, inc. P.T.). I.F. Amplifier (FMA-4U) complete with cabinet and valves (E|0.10.6). £13.12.6 HI-FI 16W STEREO AMPLIFIER Model S-88 10 mV . basic sensitivity ( 2 mV . available, El extra). Ganged controls. Stereo/Monaural gram. radio and tape recorder input. Push-button selec-
tion. Two-tone grey metal cabinet.
6-W STEREO AMPLIFIER Model S-33
3 watts per channel, $0.3 \%$ distortion at 2.5 w/chn, $20 d B$ N.F.B. Inputs for Radio (or Tape) and Gram. Stereo or Monaural, ganged controls. £11.8.0
Sensitivity 100 mV . Sensitivity 100 mV .
TRANSCRIPTION RECORD PLAYER RP-IU
4-speed A.C. motor. Ronette Stereo
Mono pick-up. Complete with plinth. $\mathbf{~ 1 2 . 1 0 . 0}$ Mono pick-up. Complete with plinth.
HI-FI SPEAKER SYSTEM Model SSU-1
Ducted-port bass reflex cabinet "in the white" Twin speakers. With legs $£ 11.12 .6$. $£ 10.5 .6$
"COTSWOLD" HI-FI SPEAKER SYSTEM KIT
Acoustically designed enclosure "in the white" $26 \times 23 \times 15 \frac{1}{6} \mathrm{in}$., housing a 12 in . bass speaker with 2 in . speech coil, elliptical middle speaker and pressure unit to cover the full frequency range of $30-20,000 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{s}$. Complete with speakers, cross-over unit, $£ 19.18 .6$
level control, etc. level control, ete.
COMPLETE MATCHED STEREO OUTFIT
includes record player, amplifier and twin speaker systems (pedestal speaker legs optional $£ 4.14 .0$ extra). $£ 42.10 .0$ STEREO CONTROL UNIT USC-1 Luxury model with press-button inputs to suit any pick-up or tuner and most tapeheads. Output 1.3 v. R.M.S. per channel. Printed circuit construction. £17.19.6 STEREO HEAD BOOSTER USP-1 -deal tor boosting tape-head output and low output pick-ups (e.g. $\quad \mathrm{E} 5.19 .6$
Decca fiss).

Prices include free delivery UK Deterred Terms available on orders over c 10


## DAYSTROM LTD.

DEPT. P.W.1, GLOUCESTER, ENGLAND
A member of the Daystrom Group, monufacturers of the WORLD'S LARGEST.SELLING ELECTRONIC KITS

# Practical Wireless 



YOL. XXXYI, NO. 647, JANUARY, 1961


The Editor will be pleased to constder articles of a practical nature. Such articles should be written on one stae of the paper oniy and should contain the name and address of the sender Whilst the Edtor does not hold himsely responsiole for manuscripts every
efort will be made to return them if a effort will be made to return them if a
stamped and adressed envelope is stamped and addressed envelope is
enclosed. all correspondence interded enclosed. All correspondence intrided. for the Editor should be udiressed. The Editor Practical Wireless. George Newnes, Lid.' Tower House. Owing to the rapid progress in the designs of wireless apparatus and to out effort the tatest developments. we gtve no warranty lhat apparatus described in our columns ts not the sublect of letters patent.
Copyrtohl in all drawings, photo-
and
artcles published Mraphs and arttcles published in reserved throughout the sountres signutory to the Berne Convention and the U.S.A. Reproductions or imitations, of any of these are therefore Expressly forbidden incorporates "Amuleur Wireless."
氖|||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||

## THE REPORT OF THE BBC

T1HE report of the BBC for 1959-60 was published in October and caused much comment in the daily press. Naturally, most comment was on the future of television in this country, but the remarks concerning the plans for sound broadcasting are worthy of the same attention. The report states that "Reception conditions in the medium waveband have continued to be unsatisfactory. Listeners in many parts of the United Kingdom have experienced serious interference with reception caused by foreign stations. A meeting of the Administrations of the countries of the European area was held at Geneva to consider the position, but it was decided that it would be useless to attempt to re-plan the medium-wave band at present". The meeting came to the conclusion that no improvement could be achieved until more countries had developed V.H.F. services and V.H.F. receivers were in more general use by the listening public.

The problem of interference on the medium-wave band has been serious for a number of years and it is evident that little can be done to alleviate matters until all countries abide by the international agreements. As the report suggests, the solution so far as each country is concerned is to use V.H.F. networks for local broadcasting. At present, it is estimated that only one household in every five has a V.H.F. receiver. The V.H.F. sound broadcasting network in this country affords first-class reception of all the BBC programmes and about 97 per cent of the population of the U.K. is now within range of this service. The coverage of the service in certain "difficult" areas will be provided or improved by building low-power satellite stations.
In view of the large coverage of the V.H.F. service and of the quality reception which is possible, it seems strange that the present number of potential listeners is so small. The explanation must be that most listeners are not at all critical of the sound which they hear from their radio sets. Surely no one with a critical ear could fail to prefer the results from a V.H.F. receiver after a comparison with a medium-wave set. Although the most commonly quoted virtue of a V.H.F. receiver is the freedom from interference, there are several other advantages: a greatē signal-to-noise ratio which enables a greater dynamic range to be employed, and the possibility of an increased frequency range-"possibility" because it seems that this factor is only rarely exploited to best advantage.

It seems to us that more education of the public is needed 50 that the advantages of radio on the V.H.F. services are made more widely known than they are at present. The BBC-has continued, in co-operation with the radio industry and trade, "to organise demonstrations and exhibitions in various parts of the country in order to make the public aware of the existence of the V.H.F. service and to demonstrate its advantages. The BBC report states that its demonstrations have made a significant contribution to the recent increases in the numbers of V.H.F. receivers in use-this number is now estimated to exceed $3_{3}$, millions. However. it is evident that before the service becomes ${ }_{5}$ as popular as it deserves to be, it will have to be "sold" to the, public much more effectively than hitherto.
||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||
Our next issue, dated February. will be published on January 6th

# Honnd the World of Wireless 

## POTENTIAL AND CURRENT NEWS

## Broadcast Receiving Licences

THE following statement shows the approximate number of Broadcast Receiving Licences in force at the end of September, 1960. in respect of wireless receiving stations situated within the various Postal Regions of England, Wales, Scotland and Northern Ireland. The numbers include Licences issued to blind persons without payment.

| Region |  |  | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Iondon Postal . . . . . .. 757,556 |  |  |  |
| Midiand |  |  | 710.953 |
| North Eastern . | :. |  | 574,488 |
| North Western | .. .. |  | 491,144 |
| Wales and Border Counties* $\quad$ ". 225,645 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| Total England and Wales .. .. 3.736,332 |  |  |  |
| Northern Ireland | $\because \quad . \quad$ - |  | 431,588 138,323 |
|  |  |  |  |
| Grand Total | ** |  | 4,296.240' |

## Contract

ASUBSIDIARY of the Solartron Electronic Group Led. Solartron Laboratory Instruments Ltd. -has received contracts totalling $£ 250,000$ for the supply of oscilloscopes to the Admiralty and Ministry of Aviation. Before the contract was received, a number of this firm's oscilloscopes were, and still are, in service use under various arduous conditions.

## Mobile Channels

R ECOMMENDATIONS for increasing the number of V.H.F. channels for mobile radio users have again been made by the Mobile Radio Committee in its fourth Report recently approved by the Postmaster General. Last year the Committee drew up a programme for reducing the width of channels in the low band to $25 \mathrm{kc} / \mathrm{s}$; now the same channel width is to be adopted als stiandiard for the ligh band during the s-bear changeoser pertod prectuct in the fauth Repurt. Ihe committere has also rehsed the dismbutlog of high-band chathets almonert the vathons eategotien of lhers, and a diagram show the the new atlocations is included in the Report.
The Report was published by H.M. Stationery Ollice on 30 th September.


Technicians of Philco Corporation, which built the Courier communications satellite now in orbit, are here seen trying out a dummy structure for size. They are checking the fit of parts mounted on the 500/b sphere to determine the exact location of the 38 "black boxes" making up the satellite's "payload". Using similar satellites it is hoped to establish world-wide communications systems.

## National Hall, Lagos

THE complete sound reinforcement and simultaneous interpretation system for the National Hall, Lagos, Nigeria, has been supplied by a British firm-Standard Telephones and Cables Limited. The National Hall is the meeting place of the Legislative Assembly of the Federation of Nigeria, now an independent State within the British Commonwealth. The Hall has a ground floor and balcony and will ultimately seat 2.000 people. The design of the ground lloor has been modified and resembles that of the British House of Commons. The whole assembly is divided into eight loudspeaker zones above which there are sixteen microphones. Mr. Speaker and the Clerks also have microphones and a local Ioudspeaker.

## Radio Hobbies Exhibition

DispleAYs and demonstrations ot equipnent of thterobl torall amateur tadu enthusiash were gisell at the lye.0 Imerfational Rator Hobhes t vimmen whab "ais held at the Roval Horticultural Society's old Hall in London from 23 rd to 26 th November, 1960. The exhibition was opened by Mr.

Brian Rix and the special feature of this year's show was a number of rooms equipped as amateur radio stations. The station of the Radio Society of Great Britain, who sponsor the exhibition, was on the air continually throughout the show, keeping in touch with radio amateurs all over the world.

## International Apprentice Competition

THE only second prize won by a British apprentice in the engineering section of the International Apprentice Competition at Barcelona recently was gained by P. Stacey of Marconi's. Mr. Stacey, who is 18 years old, won second place in the Junior Milling section of the competition. Another Marconi apprentice, R. A. Squirrel (19) took third place in the Senior Draughtsmanship competition. With three other Marconi entrants they competed agains representatives trom wh wher commties, using the conturental netroc systern with whah they were untanimar.

## Radio Show Dates

The National Radio and Television Exhibition is to be held at Earls Court, London, next year, from Wednesday, August 23 rd to

Saturday, September 2nd, with a preview for overseas and other special visitors on Tuesday, August 22nd. It will mark the Silver Jubilee of television programnes which were first seen at "Radiolympia" in 1936.

The Extibition is organised by Radio Industry Exhibitions Ltd., of which Mr. F. W. Perks remains chairman and also chairman of the organising committee. It will be the 28th National Radio Show.

## Prize for Paper

THE first prize in the Student Apprenticeship, Class of the Engineering Industries Association Group Apprenticeship Competition for 1960, for his paper on "A Random Observation Work Study", has been awarded to Mr. Allen J. Coleman, aged 22.

## Hungarian "Hams"

THE organisation of Hungarian radio "hams" has celebrated its 10 th anniversary with an exhibition of amateur radio equipment in the Budapest House of Technique. There are 50 amateur radio clubs in Hungary with approximately 400 short and ultrashort transmitter receivers and a total of nearly 3,000 members.

## Bulgarian Bird-song

THE recent expedition to Bulgaria of the British Ornithologists' Union was an unusually difficult assignment for magnetic recording tape. One of the expedition's main objects was the recording of native bird-song. Among the special equipment designed and built for this expedition was a parabolic sound reflector, fitted with a gunsight which could be aimed at a distant bird to pick up its cry and no other sound. The party used thousands of feet of tape for recording bird-song and Bulgarian folk music. Excellent recordings of a wide range of sounds were made, of ten in extremely difficult conditions of rain and mud.

## New British Standard

SAFETY Requirements for Radio (including Television) Transmitting Apparatus. (British Standard 3192: 1959.)

This British Standard has been prepared under the authority of the Telecommunication Industry Standards Committee, and details the requirements for the design and construction of apparatus defined in Section I of the standard, for its installation and its electrical performance so far as it is necessary
to provide the highest practicable degree of safety in operation. By safety is meant the personal safety of personnel against electric shock (including radio frequency burns) and other harmful effects, prevention of danger to personnel or to property through overheating or fire and, where apparatus includes a cathode-ray tube, protection from flying glass. Section 2 of the Standard lays down in broad outline the general principles of design, while Sections 4,5 , and 6 give the detailed requirements for safety from shock, firc risks and danger from flying glass respectively. Section 3 gives the general conditions of test under "normal" conditions and under "fault" conditions.

## Dryden Hill

THE BBC has chosen a site at Dryden Hill, near Galashiels, for its new station in South-East Scotland. The site has been approved by the Postmaster General and legal negotiations for its acquisition are in progress.

The station will transmit BBC television, and also the Scottish Home Service, the Light Programme, and the Third Programme, with Network Three, on V.H.F. The station will be provided with a 750 ft mast, and will serve an area with a population of nearly 100,000 people, some 70,000 of whom have not hitherto been within range of BBC television or of the V.H.F. sound services. This area will extend to Lauder, Duns, Selkirk, Hawick, Jedburgh, and Coldstream. The frequencies to be used for the V.H.F. sound services transmitters, which will be horizontally polarised, will be as follows: Light Programme $89.1 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$; Third Programme 1 and Network Three $91.3 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$; Scottish Home Service $93.5 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$.
Work on the site will be started as soon as possible, but the construction of the building, the installation of plant, and the design and completion of the mast and aerials will necessarily take some time so that it is not yet possible to give a completion date.
 and incorparates microphone pre-amplifiers, power amplifiers and "putching" panels to enable the equipment to be connected up as required for particular occasions.

# Radio Construction for the Beginner 

No. 4-EMPLOYING A TRANSISTORISED CIRCUIT

By D. B. Kidd

TWHE receiver described in the last instalment introduced an amplifying device, the transistor, which produced a magnified image of the "programme" detected by the crystal diode. A valve, given a substantially higher voltage supply, could have performed the same job.

## The Transistor

The transistor merely made the output much louder; it did not improve the receiver's performance in any other way. A crystal receiver, even if carefully designed, has very broad tuning. and although it may receive a fair number of stations at reasonable volume, especially after dark, it is rare that sufliclent separation is obtained for much enjoyment.

## Regeneration

The set described, therefore, was no more than an amplitied crystal set with all its limitations retained.

This receiver, the final one of the series, is superior in many ways. Firstly it employs two stages of amplification instead of one and therefore gives much louder output. Secondly, it employs regeneration. that is, "feedback" of part of the signal output to the input, and this permits good separation of stations. Thirdly, as a result of regeneration, the set is sensitive. Loudspaker reception may be expected on at least one station and headphone reception may be expected without an aerial or earth.

The way in which the set works may be understood by studying the theoretical circuit in Fig. 1.

The signal is picked up by the aerial and passed, as usuat, to the tuming circuit which consists of the coil, L1, and the tuning condenser, Cl .

Fig. 1.-The transistor circuit.


As L1 is wound on a long piece of ferrite, there is additional pickup of signal magnetically and this nornially adds to the amount derived electrically from the aerial.

The signal is applied via the fixed condenser, C 2 , to the base of the tirst transistor, T1. It is fed from the tapping, $X$, on the tuning coil. Notice that this


A rear view of the Recciver
tapping embraces fewer turns between itself and the eath line (positive) than the aterial terminal does. 7 his is the reverse of the situation met in the previous two receivers and occurs because the electrical reguirements of a transistor are much different from those of a diode. The purpose of C 2 is simply to stop direat current from the battery flowing through the coil to the base of Th, and thus upaetling the basing arrangements for it. A condenser used in this way is termed, aptly, a "blocking" condenser.

The transistor T1, which must be of a special type, amplifies the signal which then ennerges at the collector terminal marked "Q" on the diagram. Part of this magnified signal passes through C3 (which also "blocks") and part passes along with the direct current of the ballerv to the upper (negative) line.

## Reaction Coil

Notice that on its way it is caused to pass though coir L2 (called a "regentersthon" or "reaction" coll) which is aloo kound on the terrue roid and thus pamen back. In magnetic form. part of Its nessage to the starting point again. This "leed-back", as it is called, has the effect of "pushing the incoming signal from behind". The result is as


Fig. 2.-A view of the component board, showing the layout of parts.
though the signal voltage were much greater. It also creates the effect of the tuning circuit possessing much less "friction" and thus enables it to work more efficiently at its job of selecting one station from many.

The detecting is done by two crystal diodes (D1 and D2) instead of the single diode previously used. The arrangement $\mathbf{C} 3+\mathbf{D} 1+\mathbf{D} 2$ has been called an "electron pump". If the reader imagines the wires as tubes, C3 as a piston in a closed cylinder and D1 and D2 as inlet and outlet valves respectively, he will see the close similarity between this arrangement and the old-fashioned force-pump once used on fire-engines.

The remainder of the circuit functions as in the last receiver, using the same kind of transistor. Because T2 receives some direct current from the arrangement, no biasing is normally necessary. However, care must be taken to place the diodes in the directions shown, otherwise the set will refuse to work efficiently.

## Components

The components required are as follows, a tuning condenser, a $3 \vee$ battery, tool-clips, wire, audio-type transistor, $0.01 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ fixed condenser, pointer knob, a crystal diode, socket-type wander-plugs, and an on/off switch, all as described in the last instalment. In addition, this receiver requires one fixed condenser of $0.0001 \mu \mathrm{~F}(100 \mathrm{pF})$, one fixed condenser of 0.0005 or $0.00047 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ ( 500 or 470 pF ), another crystal diode similar to the first, one 220 k resistor, one piece of ferrite rod at least 5 in. in length, and one surface-
barrier transistor, type SB 305 or equivalent. This may be either new or "surplus".
The receiver as shown in the photograph also contains the following three items, but these may be impiovised. The three extras are one small tuning knob, about $1 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in}$. length of $\frac{1}{2}$. diameter brass spindle, one brass bush, with a grub-screw-to fit into the spindle.

## Construction

The reader should be able to follow the layout of the parts from the illustration. Because of the many components involved, one wire has been removed so as not to confuse the reader. This missing wire runs from the negative contact-spring of the battery (bottom-centre of the board) to the unoccupied terminal of the on/oft switch (left side of the panel), passing over the first transistor on its way. (From " $A$ " to " $Z$ " in the illustrations.)

Having plugged all old holes in the board and repaired the surface as previously described, the battery-clips, contact springs, and 14 screws and washers may be arranged as shown. The two sockettype wander-plugs on the right of the board act, as before, as headphone terminals.

After the contact springs have been proved to press firmly on the battery tip and base, the battery should be laid aside until a later stage is reached.
It may be noticed that five of the wires (two of them twisted) run to the ferrite rod. These wires should be left until last as they will be described in detail.

The other components and wires should now be fitted, not forgetting the "missing" wire from battery to switch already referred to. The washers should be in the burnished state previously described and the screws really tightly turned down.
The layout follows roughly the theoretical diagram, but to help identify the parts, the following identification points are given.
The condenser connected to point " $J$ " on the board, between aerial and earth terminals, is the $0.0005 \mu \mathrm{~F}$. Its other end goes to the base of the SB305 transistor. The component between point " $N$ " on the board and the base of the SB305 is the 220 k resistur. The condenser to the right of point "C" on the board (collector of the SB 305 ) is the $0.0001 \mu \mathrm{~F}$. The two diodes are the next components to the right. The one


Fig. 3.-Details of the mechanism of the regeneration control.

## The Ferrite Rod

 long one.
## The Colls

At the start of the series the writer promised that no component acquired for one receiver would be useless for a later one. This promise has been kept. When a long piece of ferrite rod has been obtained, the small piece acquired earlier may still be used by grinding or carefully filing one end of each till fiat then gluing tightly end to end, using a strong potteryglue or an epoxy-resin adhesive. The two pieces should be held in line under pressure until the adhesive is hard. Provided the layer of glue is thin, the combined rod works just as well as a normal

A layer of Sellotape is wrapped round the mid-point of the rod and thin enamelled coil-wire (approximately 34s.w.g.) is wrapped round in a "bunch" leaving a 6 in . free length at the start. Eight turns are wound on, then a "tapping" loop is twisted in the wire (as previously described) and winding recommenced in the same direction. After a further forty turns have been wound, the coil is ready and the turns are anchored securely by a further layer of Sellotape, leaving 6in. free at the end. After cleaning the enamel from the tips of the two wires and the tapping-loop, the constructor should join up to the screws as described below.
The beginning of the coil to the tuning-condenser, on the same screw as the wire leading to the earth terminal. The end of the coil to the other tuningcondenser terminal, on the same screw as the one leading to the aerial terminal. The tapping loop to point " J " on the board.

The total number of turns (48) may be varied according to the reader's taste but the tapping loop should always be about $\frac{1}{d}$ of the total number from the beginning. This completes coil L1 shown in Fig. 1.
Coil 12 consists of five turns (provisionally) of the coil-wire wrapped round a sleeve of Sellotape. This sleeve is made by wrapping Sellotape round the end of the rod fairly tightly with the sticky side outwards.

Fig. 4.-The fittings for the regeneration control knob


When the sleeve is five layers thick, each layer directly on top of the last one it is complete. The five turns of wire are anchored by a further layer of tape, sticky side inwards. The two free ends of the wire, after cleaning at the tips, go to points " N " and " C " on the board.

## Adjusting

After aerial and earth leads and headphones have been connected and the battery placed in its clips, the set can be switched on with the ferrite rod held in the hand and coil L2 as far to one end of the rod as it will go. On pressing the switch a slight hiss
(Continued on page 790)

# A 4-Watt Amplifier 

FOR RECORDS OR RADIO

By K. F. Perry

TПHE instrument described here depicts a simplymade but highly efficient audio amplifier that comprises only two valves, excluding the rectifier, and which is capable of providing four watts with high-quality reproduction from a gramophone pick-up or radio source. Provided a suitable speaker (preferably housed separately) is used, a wide frequency range is available due to the use of adequate tone controls. With the bass control turned to "full bass" trouble from surface noise was experienced in the prototype on some L.P. recordings showing that a good low frequency response wat obtainable. Consequently, care was taken to ensure adequate smoothing of the supplies and also to prevent A.C. currents circulating in the chassis, the latter point
being accomplished by employing a "negative bar" to which atl chassis returns ate made.

## Alternative Uses

Whats the amphater moy be combructed exdelly as shown-as a separate mant-it can alternatively lorm the "bach end" of a radion recenco, as : $2-\mathrm{valse}$ T.R.F". or superhet luner section will provide sulficient drive in most cases. Or again, where a receiver is in use which employs a simple L.F. valve leeding an output pentode, it might be possible to remove the L.F. valve completely, and to substitute V1 (Fig. I) and the associated circuitry so improving the receiver. Similar reasoning applies in respect of audio ampliiters already in existence that do not perform so well as they might. Satisfactory results cannot be guaranteed, however, if this sort of thing is done and in any case a valve that is the same or direct equivalent as that specified for $V 1$ is essential.

Generally speaking, however, the arrangement is a very flexible one and as only two valves are used, only a small chassis is needed, although the chassis layout (Fig. 3) shows the amplifier complete with the power pack section included. Where a separate power pack is envisaged the chassis could be reduced to approximately 7 in . $x 5 \mathrm{in}$., when the front panel (see Fig. 4) also could be reduced in width so shortening the wiring to advantage. A point in favour of a separate power supply is of course that it is nearly always available for use with other equipment, thereby effecting considerable financial economy.


Fig. 1.-The circuit diagram of the amplifier stages.

| COMPONENTS LIST |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| R1 500k Pot and Switch | R10 $100 \Omega$ |
| R2 47k | R1147k |
| R3 270k | R12 1k |
| R4 1M | R13 2-2k |
| R5 2.2k | R14 100k |
| R61M | R15 $270 \Omega$ |
| R715k | R16 200k |
| R8 100k | R17 330k |
| R9 47k | R181k |
| C1 $0.5 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ | C6 500pF |
| C2 300pF | C7 $0.5 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ |
| C3 3000pF | C 91000 pF |
| C5 $0.05 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ | C120.01 $\mu \mathrm{F}$ |
| C4 $100 \mu \mathrm{~F}, 6 \mathrm{~V}$ electrolytic |  |
| $\mathrm{C8} 100 \mu \mathrm{~F}, 6 \mathrm{~V}$ electrolytic |  |
| $\mathrm{C} 108 \mu \mathrm{~F}, 350 \mathrm{~V}$ electrolytic |  |
| $\mathrm{C} 1150 \mu \mathrm{~F}, 25 \mathrm{~V}$, electrolyt |  |
| C13 $32 \times 32 \mathrm{~F}, 350 \mathrm{~V}$ electrolytic |  |
| $\mathrm{C} 14{ }^{3} \mathbf{3 2} \times 32 \mathrm{~F}, 350 \times$ electrolytic |  |

V1 - ECC82 V2 - 6V6 V3-EZ80
Mains transformer-Mains input Secondary $275-0-275 \mathrm{~V}$ at $80 \mathrm{~mA}, 6 \cdot 3 \mathrm{~V}$ at $2 \cdot 5 \mathrm{~A}$
L.F. Choke-10H, 100 mA . One I.O. and Two noval valve bases,
One rotary selector switch (or 2-pole, 2-way type).
Four control knobs. Hardboard, wire, solder, etc.
Output transformer 10k: speech coil impedance.
Chassis (see text) 2 in deep.
Two flush mounting co-axial sockets.


Fig. 2.-The circuit of the power-pack.

## The Circuit

From Fig. 1 it will be seen that Vla-which is one half of a ECC82-takes the input from the volume control potentiometer, R1, and operates as a preamplifier feeding into a tone control network that couples into the grid circuit of V1b.
The tone controls--R4 and R6-permit a wide range of control of "top" and "bass" respectively, the bass register being favoured somewhat in design. The amount of top however, can be arranged to suit individual taste by changing the value of R8 and, for example, should more top be required R8 should be


Fig. 3.-The above-chassis layour.


Fig. 4.-The front panel.
increase in value or even removed completely from circuit and vice versa.

Feedback is taken from the anode of the output pentode and also from the secondary of the output transformer, which should be a large and efficient component where possible. If desired R16 and R17 can be combined into a preset potentiometer, R14 being connected to the slider so that optimum operating conditions can be obtained.

## The Power Supply

This is a full-wave rectified arrangement (see Fig. 2) and the valve specified will supply the amplifier with ease and will not be overloaded if a simple tuner is also fed from it. The mains transformer must be chosen to suit the case, however, and if no tuner is required to be used with the amplifier, then a transformer with a secondary current rating of 60 mA will be sufficient, whilst with a tuner included a rating of 80 mA is desirable. In either case the secondary voltage should be approximately $275-0-275 \mathrm{~V}$ as too low an H.T. rail voltage will give poor results.

## Constructional Notes

The positions of the larger components are shown in Fig. 3 which is the above chassis view. The L.F. choke can be mounted sub-chassis directly beneath the mains transformer (provided this is not one of the "drop through" variety) as can also the small electrolytics, C10 and Cll which should for preference be tag-ended items. The use of a 5 -way tag strip will also be found beneficial although most of the smaller components, resistors, etc., can be suspended in the wiring with ease.
Construction is considerably simplified by employing a front panel upon which are mounted the various controls at a convenient height and this panel may be made of hardboard, plywood, etc.

When all the major components are in position a stiff copper wire should be run across the underside of the chassis from the input sockets and all chassis returns should be made to this "negative bar" during the subsequent wiring operation. Screened leadtelevision coaxial cable will do excellently-is essential in the grid circuit of Vla or there will be troublesome hum evident during usage.

If used in conjunction with a good quality speaker that is capable of reproducing the available range of frequencies and with high-grade ancillary equipment, this small amplifier will give a remarkably good account of itself and not until the volume control is turned to approximately three-quarters maximum travel will distortion be evident: before then, however, the output will be in excess of that needed in the average size room.

# making small cases For Receivers 

By E. J. Wotton

0BTAINABLE at many surplus stores is a form of plastic material often described as Warerite off-cuts, as opposed to the very hard type used for table tops. This is ideal to make the boxes required to house small radio sets and amplifiers. It is easy to cut and plane, and holes can be reamed and made with a square awl.

## Cutting the Material

After deciding the size required, ensure that the top and bottom are true rectangles and that both are exactly the same size. This can easily be done by cutting the two pieces a little over size and pasting together face to face with a pice of tissue paper between, and leaving to dry overnight. After checking, soaking in warm water will separate them.

The best way of marking is by using a sharp pointed scribe and an ordinary set square. When gripping the material in the vice jaws it is necessary to use either fibre or wood faces on the jaws. These can be easily made.

The sides can now be prepared and again accuracy
is called for. The two longer sides must be exactly the length of the top and the bottom, while the two shorter sides are twice the thickness of material shorter than the short sides of the top and bottom. The ends must be square. Several suitable adhesives are available which will join the material being used.

## Assembly

If the chassis is to be mounted in the box, it should now be fixed to the top with the controls protruding. Then apply a little adhesive to the underside edges of the top and also the edges and ends of the four sides. Place these in position and temporarily secure them with Sellotape. When the adhesive has set, attach the bottom with small pieces of Sellotape and carefully file the edges and corners flush, lightly rounding them at the same time. Short pieces of matchstick can be glued inside each corner for extra strength. The back can then be removed attaching when necessary with a Sellotape "hinge" and short piece as a catch.

# CIRCUITS FDR ACDRN VALVES 

## RECEIVERS, SIGNAL GENERATOR AND WAVEMETER

By L. V. Nixon

SURPLUS acorn valves may be obtained at exceedingly low cost, and give excellent results in short wave and ultra-short wave (V.H.F.) receivers. Though such valves are particularly intended for V.H.F. use, they operate equally well at lower frequencies. They can thus be employed in general coverage $\mathbf{S} . \mathbb{W}$. receivers, and even in receivers for the long and medium wave broadcast bands.

## 'The 954 and 955 Valves

The 954 pentode and 955 triode will be found suitable for many circuits, and pin connections for these are shown in Fig. 1. The valve is viewed from the top, or longer end, in both cases. Both valves have 6.3 V 0.15 A heaters, and can thus be operated from a standard 6.3 V transformer. Normally the anode voltage should not exceed 250 V , and a maximum of 100 V may be used on the 954 screen grid (G2). The valves operate well with much lower voltages.

If holders are used, the valves should be inserted and withdrawn with care, or the seal may be cracked. Leads may be soldered directly to the pins, and this is sometimes preferable. Excess heating of the pins near the seal may also cause it to crack, so ready tinned connections should be soldered to the ends of the pins. If the iron is at the correct temperature, it should not be necessary to hold it in contact with the pin more than a second or so. Heater leads may be of thin, twisted flex. For the other connections, $22 \mathrm{~s} . \mathrm{w} . \mathrm{g}$. , or $20 \mathrm{~s} . \mathrm{w} . \mathrm{g}$. may be used. Very stout wires may impose strain on the pins, unless carefully shaped to avoid this.


Fig. 1.-The 954 and 955 valves, showing pin connections.

## 954 Detector

The 954 will operate effectively as a detector from 10 to 2000 m , using the circuit shown in Fig. 2. An H.T. line providing 200 V will be sufficient. Any standard A.F. amplifier may follow the detector.

Reaction is controlled by adjusting the screen grid voltage, as this is very convenient from the point of view of S.W. working. The position of the cathode tap on the coil also influences reaction. This tap should be as near the earthed end of the coil as possible, providing sufficient reaction may be obtained. For most S.W. coils, a tapping point $\frac{1}{2}$ to 1 turn from the earthed end of the coil will do well. It is not difficult to try this tapping at various points, before finally soldering it.

Connections for typical coils are shown in Fig. 3. For the S.W. ranges, ribbed or tubular formers can be used. Leads are numbered to agree with Fig. 2.


Fig. 2.-A detecror circuit using a 954 acorn valve.
The tuned windings may be of 20 s.w.g. or similar wire, with 28s.w.g. or similar wire for the aerial coupling windings. The number of turns on the latter can usually be about one-quarter to one-third the number on the tuned winding.

For V.H.F. use, the coils are best wound on ribbed ceramic formers, or can be self-supporting. Fairly stout wire is preferable-about 18 s .w.g. To keep leads short. the ends of the tuned portion of the coil can be attached directly to the tuning condenser. Points 4 and 5 can be supported by terminals on an insulated strip, or by stand-off insulators.

In Fig. 2, a simple aerial is used, taken to point 4. In this case, point 5 is connected to the chassis or earth. If a dipole is available, its twin feeder is connected to 4 and 5, as shown in Fig. 3. Good results can be achieved with a simple short aerial, but a dipole does give better signal strength for the band for which it is cut.

## Circuits for Short Wave Only

If the circuit is used for S.W. only, C1 can best be about 100 pF or 150 pF . For general coverage, inclu-
ding long and medium waves, a targer condenser is preferable, and 300 pF to 500 pF can be used. For V.H.F. use, a smalier condenser is better, and it may be 25 pF or 50 pF .
Using 16 s.w.g. wire, and winding self-supporting coils with an inside diameter of about $\bar{z}$ in., 4 turns


Fig. 3.-The coil windings for S.W. and ultra-S.W. tuning.
will permit 2 m working, with 6 turns for about 2 to 4 m , and 10 or 12 turns for 4 to 6 m .
Using 20s.w.g. wire on 1 in diameter formers for S.W. coils, about 6 turns will do for 10 to 20 m . For 18 to 35 m , about 14 turns may be used, and for about 34 to $60 \mathrm{~m}, 28$ turns of $24 \mathrm{~s} . \mathrm{w} . \mathrm{g}$. will suffice. These coils may be used with 100 pF or 150 pF tuning condenser.
The exact ranges covered will depend on layout, etc., but efficiency will in any case be maintained, as the circuit does not have to be aligned with a second tuned circuit, and therefore need not cover any particular waveband.

For S.W. purposes, piug-in coils are convenient. But a single fixed coil. or wavechange switching, may be used instead. The simplicity with which almost any waveband can be tuned is one of the great advantages of a circuit such as that in Fig. 2. The 50 k potentiometer is carefully adjusted, as tuning proceeds, to keep the detector almost on the verge of oscillation.

## V.H.F. Detector

A regenerative or super-regenerative detector which will work at very high frequencies is shown in Fig. 4.


Fig. 4.-A V.H.F. regenerative detector circuit.
This type of circuit may be operated with controlled regeneration, by drawing H.T. current from a potentiometer. In these circumstances, it is very sensitive, and will not cause interference, if not allowed to oscillate.

For maximum sensitivity with ṣuch a circuit, however, super-regeneration is usually employed. For this method, the H.T. voltage is increased so that the valve oscillates, and rectified R.F. causes grid blocking, so that the valve is drawn in and out of oscillation. So that this arises at above audible frequency, the grid leak may be reduced to 100 k or so, and other values may also be tried instead of the 25 pF fixed condenser.

A super-regenerative detector is extremely sensitive, when working correctly, but must not be coupled directly to the aerial, as interference will be caused. A regenerative detector, kept just below oscillation point, is sensitive, but does not cause interference, and may be coupled to the aerial. With simple V.H.F. circuits of this type, the degree of aerial coupling will considerably influence results. With a self-supporting aerial winding, coupling can easily be adjusted.


Fig. 5.-A 954 valve may be used as an H.F. stage.

## H.F. Stage

A 954 valve as amplifier will isolate a regenerative or super-regenerative detector from the aerial, and may be wired as in the circuit shown in Fig. 5. The aerial coil and aerial tuning condenser should be the same as those in the detector stage. Ganged tuning may be arranged if the coils are carefully constructed. If separate tuning condensers are employed each circuit can be tuned independently, so that discrepancies due to the coils or layout and wiring are no longer of importance.
The aerial and detector circuits should be separated, or screened from each other, to avoid instability. This is usually easy to arrange.
The 954 may be used as an untuned amplifier by replacing the aerial tuned circuit with a suitable H.F. choke, or 100 k resistor. This will still provide isolation of the detector from the aerial, but gain is less than with a tuned stage. A simple aerial may be coupled to the 954 grid through a very small fixed or pre-set condenser. A dipole cannot be coupled to the untuned stage.

The H.F. stage in Fig. 5 may be used with the detector in Fig. 2. If the circuit in Fig. 4 is used as a super-regenerative detector, the stage in Fig. 5 should be added, to avoid radiation of interference from the aerial, as explained.

## Signal Generator

Acorn valves of the types mentioned can be usefully employed in other equipment, as well as receivers. A self-modulating signal generator, producing an A.F. output, and modulated or continuous wave R.F. outputs between 10 and 2000 m , can be constructed from the circuit in Fig. 6.

Here, the radio frequency is determined by the coil and tuning condenser, and if the 0.5 m control is set near zero value, an unmodulated, or C.W., output is obtained. As this control is adjusted towards its maximium value, grid blocking causes the valve to go in and out of oscillation at audio frequency. This


Fig. 6.-A self-modulated oscillator or signal generator. provides a modulated radio frequency output, or a simple A.F. output, at the circuit points indicated.
C1 has a very small capacity, and can be made by looping insulated wire round the tuning condenser lead. A high voltage supply is not required, 25 V to 50 V or so being adequate.

With a 500 pF tuning condenser, four air-cored coils will cover approximately 20 to 2000 m . They may be wound as follows:

1. 7 turns of 20 s.w.g. space wound on a $1 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in}$. diameter former.
2. 32 turns of 26 s.w.g. enamel wire close wound on a lin. diameter former.
3. 120 turns of 32 s.w.g. enamel wire close wound on a lin. diameter former.
4. 280 turns of 34 s .w.g. silk covered occupying 1 in . on a $1 \frac{1}{2}$ in. diameter former.
If the generator is not required to work over long waves, the large coil is unnecessary. A 300 pF tuning condenser will then be sufficient. The generator frequency can be checked, and its dial calibrated by tuning in known stations with a receiver, and tuning the generator to the same frequency. Tune the generator from a low wavelength (or high frequency) towards a higher wavelength (or lower frequency) until its note is heard, to avoid confusion from harmonics.

## V.H.F. Wavemeter

A surplus 955 will conveniently act as a detector for a wavemeter operating up to $300 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$ and higher frequencies. A circuit for this application is shown in Fig. 7. As the cathode current is very small, and long running will probably be unnecessary, a $4 \frac{1}{2} V$ dry
battery may be used for the heater supply.
For average purposes near $10 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$ to $100 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$, a 50 pF or similar tuning condenser will be satisfactory. For regular use at frequencies above $100 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$, a smaller capacity is more convenient, though 50 pF may be fitted.
The coils may be about lin. in diameter, and wound with 22s.w.g. or similar wire. With the 50 pF condenser, 28 turns will cover about 6 to $12 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$. For about 12 to $24 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}, 12$ turns may be used, with 5 turns for about 24 to $48 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$. The number of turns on the smallest coils will be much influenced by the layout, length of wiring, and minimum capacity of the tuning condenser. However, 1 turn about $1 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in}$. in diameter should do for about 50 to $100 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$. For about 100 to $200 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$, a $\frac{1}{2}$ in. hairpin loop may te used.
The meter shown in Fig. 7 can be a $500 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ or similar instrument. A more sensitive instrument will increase the sensitivity of the wavemeter.
The wavemeter can be calibrated from a signal generator, grid dip meter or receiver. When a R.F. signal is present (as in a generator or oscillator circuit) the wavemeter is tuned for maximum indication on the $500 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ meter. With the simpler type of receiver, the 955 need not be operating, as the wavemeter will act as an absorption frequency meter, and pull the receiver detector out of oscillation. To avoid coupling in reactance, which would to some extent modify tuning, the coupling to the wavemeter should always be as loose as possible.

## Power Supply

Detector and R.F. stages such as those shown can draw current from the amplifier or the broadcast receiver used to provide A.F. amplification. They may also be incorporated in complete S.W. or V.H.F. receivers. If this is so, it is only necessary to allow 2 to 3 mA for the 954 , and up to 7 mA for the 955 , according to circuit details, so even a small power pack will suffice.


Fig. 7. - A wavemeter for use up to $300 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$.
The circuit in Fig. 6 is feasible for either mains or battery running. If a mains supply is chosen. the transformer will require a 6.3 V winding for valve heater. If the H.T. winding provides a high voltage, such as 200 V , this may be reduced by using two fixed resistors as a potential divider. For around 180 V to 250 V the divider may consist of 47 k and 10 k resistors in series, the 10 k resistor being returned to H.T. negative, and H.T. being derived from the junction of the resistors.

If hum is introduced from the heater at some frequencies, a $0.05 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ or similar condenser can be wired from each heate: pin to the chassis

BRAND NEW AM/FM (V.H.F.) RADIOGRAM CHASSIS AT $£ 13.6 .8$ (P. \& P. 10/-)


Tapped input 220-225 v. and 2286-250 v. A.C. ONLY.
Chassis size $15 \times 69 \times 5$ xin. high. New manuracture. 12 mtbs.' guarantee. Dial $14!\times 41 n$. in black and yellow.
Prck-up. Extension Speaker. Ae.. E.. hd Dipole sockets. Five "piano" push buttons-OFF L.W. M.W., F.M. and Gram. Aligned and tested. With all valves and O.P. Transiormer. Tone Contrul Fitted.
Covers $1,000-1,900 \mathrm{M}$.: $200-500 \mathrm{M}$.: $88-98 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$.
Covers $1,000-1,900 \mathrm{M}$-: $200-500$ M.: 8 EABC80. EL84, ECC85
Speaker and Cabinet to HL chassis (table model), 57/6.
$10 \times 6 \mathrm{in}$. ELLIPTICAL SPEAKER. 20/-, to purchasers of this chassis. TEIRMS:-(Chassis) Q4.16.8 down + 10i-carr. and 6 Monthly Payments ol $30 \%$-, or with Cabinet and Speaker $\mathbf{5 5 . 1 0 . 0}$ down and 7 Monthiy Payments £1.1".6.
Some slightly tarnished but unused chassis at $£ 10$ (carr. 10/-).

BATTELY ELIMINATOR Converts vour Battery Set to Mains. For 4 Low Consumption Valves ( 96 langes, 90 v. 15 mA and 1.4 v. $125 \mathrm{~mA}, 42 / 6$ ( $2 / 6$ post). $200-250$ v. A.C. Slze $5 i 43!\times 2 \mathrm{in}$ Also for 250 mA 1.4 V and 40 V .15 mA at same price. Speciiy which, or give valve line-up.

## THE "CABY" <br> TEST METERS

In moulded case. Prices include Trit Prods.. Battories,
Insimonion IBonk. FULLY GUARANTEED. Also measure db. Accuracy: A.C.. 3 per cent D.C., 2 per cent.
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { A }-10 & £ 4.17 .6 \\ \text { B-20 } & £ 6.10 .0\end{array}$

A. $10-2 \mathrm{~K}$ ohms/v. on A.C. and D.C. volts $10,50,250$. 500 and A. 1000 V. $)$; 10 K and 1 M ohms: mA .25 mA and 250 mA . D.C. Size: $5!\times 3 i \times 1+i n$. Weight 17 ozs .
B-20-10K ohms/v. on 0.5 V . and 2.5 V - 4 K ohms/v. on 10.50 .250 , 500 and 1000 v . A.C. and D.C. Resistance, $2 \mathrm{~K}, 200 \mathrm{~K}$. 2 M and $20 \mathrm{M}-$ ohms.; D.C. current. 100 mic roA. $2.5 \mathrm{~mA}, 25 \mathrm{~mA}, 250 \mathrm{~mA}$. Size: $54 \times 34 \times 24 \mathrm{in}$. Weight. 24 ozs .


3-VALVE AMPIIFIER (INC. RLCT.). Capable of giving 4 watts. Mains and output transformers. Valves ECCB3, EL84, and EZ80. 3 Controls, volume, bass and treble. On/Of switch. Fully guaranteed. (Chassis slze $6 \frac{1}{2} \times 3 \times 24 i n$.) 64 in . round or 7 x 4in. elliptical speaker. state which. Not suitable for microphone input.

## 67/- (3/- p. \& p.)

## TAPE RECORDER ASSEMBLED <br> TO B.S.R. MONARDECK



A QUALITY ARTICLE Valves EZ80, ECC83. ECL82, DM70. Acos Crystal "mike", 850 ft . Tape and extra spools. 3in./sec. Mike and Radio mputs: L.s and Monltor Fest Ext. L.S and Monitor- Fast be accidentally erased. Masic Eve indicator. $7 \times 41 \mathrm{n}$. Syeaker. Four separate chassis assembled to base of the Monardeck to fit into cabinet of $14 \times 11+\times 7 \mathrm{in}$.
PRICE for Recorder and Deck Assembly, as above (without Cabinet), f16.10.0 (10/- p. \& p.). Cabinet £3 (5/- carriage). Enquiries moited for any of the parts.

Tel. 22791
BEREEC BATHELRY RADIO IN HAKLR'S CAR'TON. Vaives DK96, DF96, DAF96. DL96. Requires Ever Ready battery Blos or battery olim. tor converting item. Two Short Wavebands 2.5 to $7 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$ and 6.5 to 17 Mc/s. Cabinet $12 \times 7+861 \mathrm{n}$ ONLY \&5 ( $2 / 6 \mathrm{p} . \& \mathrm{p}_{\mathrm{j}}$ ): MW and SW \&5.4.0 (plus $2 / 6$ p. ic p.): LW and MW 26 (plus $2 / 6$ p. \& p.).
Avaullable as kits at 10/- less each.


AUTOMATIC RECORD CHANGERS COILARO CoNuUEsT with manual play 250 จ., see illus.

## £7.10.0 (5/- P. \& P.)

R.S.R. UA8 4 -speed autochanger. £6.10.0 (5/-carr.) or with Stereo Head, £6.12.6 (6/ carr.).
All with Crystal Turnover Head.


ALL ITEMS GUARANTEED 12 MONTHS-B.V.A. VALVES Send 6d. (stamps will do) for our illustrated catalogue of the above items and others. All New Goods. Dellvered by return. Terms:-One-third down and balance plus $7 / 6$ in rour equal monthily payments. Postake with down payment (C.O.D. 2)
SEETA) SPFCLAL TERMS FOR A.M./F.M. CHASSIS.
Posted Orders to Camberley Please.

## COMPACT HI-FI

# by STEREO 55 mmatact 32 gNs. TUNER-AMPLIFIER CHASSIS 

An outstanding new Armstrong chassis combining AM and FM Tuners, a Stereo Control Unit and two High Fidelity 5 watt Amplifiers in one compact unit. In all its functions the Stereo 55 is designed for mono as well as stereo use so that up to 10 watts output is always available.
Full VHF and medium bands. Inputs for tape recording and playback. Alternative pick-up inpurs. Booster unit available for low output pick-ups. Input for possible future stereo radio. Separate bass and treble controls and dual volume control for ease of balancing. Free insiruction booklet with every model.



STEREO 12 Mk. 2
42 gNs. A new and improved version of the famous Stereo-Twelve. A total of 16 watts output is available from the two 8 watts push-pull amplifiers. VHF, with automatic frequency control, and medium and long bands. Inputs for recording and playback and for stereo radio if required in the future. Booster unit available for low output pick-ups, both mono and stereo.

## - SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENT

## To Constructors of "Practical Wireless"

Transistor "POCKET SUPERHET"

Osmor beg to announce that a printed circuit for this excellent receiver is available, thus. ensuring easy construction and complete success.

Information and price list on request to:
OSMOR RADIO PRODUCTS LTD. 4I8, BRIGHTON ROAD, SOUTH CROYDON, SY.

CRO. 5148/9.

## SPECIAL FOR THE "HAMS" RADIO STATION

## Illustrated

1 inch detachable bit soldering instrument List No. 70

Combined Protective Unit with Wiper,Abrasion Pad and Solder Reel List No. 700

Apply SALES \& SERVICE

## ADCOLA <br> (Regd.Trada Mark)

## GAUDEN ROAD

CLAPHAM HIGH ST.
LONDON, S.W. 4
Telephones:
MACaulay 4272-3101
Telegrams:
"SOLJOINT, LONDON"


I$T$ is always interesting to me to see photographs of readers' dens, and I like to compare the equipment which is being used in the various dens. It is interesting to see how one reader will make do with a home-made receiver with a minimum of controls, whilst another will have a most elaborate converted ex-Government or American communications receiver.

It reminds me of my early days, before I got my "ticket", when I used to spend many hours listening to the amateurs in order to gain experience in amateur techniqucs. There was a fullyfledged amateur a street away from me and I used to hear him call C.Q. every evening, and when he listened I tuned over the band and could hear dozens of amateurs all over the world calling in answer to his C.Q. call, but he never came back and worked any of them. I wondered what he could be listening on, or whether his aerial was no good. After a week I could stand it no longer so one evening I walked round to his house and introduced myself as a local listener and asked him if he had heard all the replies to his calls. He looked


Mr. C. A. Bradley, seen here in his "shack " has been a radio enthusiast ever since the "good old days".


This amateur station on Tobago (VP4WD), whose operating position is shown, is the first and only one on this island.
(Right) This illustration shows B. G. Taylor's siation at Bathgate.
astounded and said he had not heard one of them, and I was astonshed to see a wellknown American communications set and it was true that it gave such a crowded response over a narrow band that he was in fact unable to hear the many replies. My home-made set spread the band over a much wider scale, and I must confess that he sold his set and made the one I evenJually described in these pages.
I am showing you this month some more dens and readers may like to compare the individual "stations".


# USING PORTABLES IN THE CAR 

HOW TO USE A PORTABLE WITH AN EXTERNAL AERIAL

'T|HE popularity of using an ordinary battery portable radio in a car is for ever increasing. Most of the latest portables with lowconsumption valves and push-pull transistorised output stages. coupled with highly sensitive loudspeakers, give sufficient volume to mask the small ambient noise in the modern car. The modern portable is highly versatile, and as it does not represent a fixture in any particular place it is usually covered by the wireless licence taken out for the main receiver of the house. With a car radio, a separate licence is required, and as the set is fixed in the car it cannot easily be used for other purposes. Nevertheless, it must be understood that the modern car radio is comparable in terms of volume and quality to the household mains receiver, and this coupled with better selectivity and sensitivity will always put it well above the ordinary battery portable.

## Car Radlos Without an Additional Aerial

One of the disadvantages of the portable in a car is that of directivity of the internal aerial. The set can be orientated on the back window-ledge or under the dashboard for maximum pickup. but on turning a corner the signal fades. This is aggravated to a large extent by the screening of the car itself. for although a certain amount of signal passes through the metal shell, it is severely attenuated by the time it gets to the aerial. This means that the portable needs to be highly sensitive to receive the signal at any distance in excess of 40 to 50 miles from the transmitter.

In addition to this, the fact that the volume control has to be almost fully advanced to secure reasonable reception and sufficient volume makes the set highly responsive to interfering signals generated by the car itself. The signal-to-noise ratio is considerably impaired when any portable is subjected to these conditions. Vast improvement in the signal-to-noise ratio is possible, however, by operating the set on the rear window-ledge. The glass of the rear window allows unrestricted passage of signal, and the set is sufficiently removed from the engine to prevent most interference, unless, of course, the engine happens to be in the rear of the car, in which case the portable may well be directly over the sparking plugs!
Operation under the dashboard of a car with the engine in the front is virtually impossible, as the internal aerial picks up far more signal from the ignition system of the car than from the required station.

## Using an External Aerial

Both the screening and directivity problems can be resolved by operating the portable from an

By Gordon J. King, Assoc. Brit., I.R.E.

ordinary car-type aerial. This, of course, also results in a marked improvement of signal-to-noise ratio. The car aerial can be coupled via a coaxial socket on the receiver, so that it is a simple matter to disconnect the aerial when the set is to be used under normal portable conditions.

## Coupling the Aerial

The ease with which an external aerial can be coupled to a portable depends on the type of aerial to be used and the kind of aerial circuits employed in the set. The frame aerial or ferrite rod aerial contained in the portable represents not only the signal pick-up medium, but also the tuned circuits for the first stage. Thus, if an external


Fig. 1.-Method of coupling throw-out aerial to the portable radio.
aerial is simply connected direct to the tuned circuits, the capacitance and inductive loading introduced by the aerial is bound to detract from the available signal transfer owing to detuning of the aerial circuits themselves.

In this respect it often happens that the connection of an external aerial would appear not to improve the general reception over that of the internal aerial by any marked degree. Improved pick-up is possible, however, by retrimming the set's aerial circuits, provided the loading of the external aerial does not totally swamp the elements of the interfal tuner circuits.

One method of coupling an external aerial to a portable with a frame aerial is shown in Fig. 1.

L 1 is the L.W. frame aerial and L3 is the M.W. frame aerial, while L2 is a L.W. loading coil. The external aerial is coupled to the top of the M.W. aerial section through C. It will be noted that $C 1$ is a relatively low value capacitor, and the reason for this is that the loading due to the external aerial can never be greater than 22 pF . even with a short-circuit between the external aterial socket and the receiver chassis. In practice, of course, the capacitive loading is considerably


Fig. 2.-The car aerial connected to the portable via a screened cable.
less than this when a reasonably efficient aerial is used.

This type of coupling is most suitable for a long-wire type of aerial, since the impedance of the aerial circuits at the point of connection is relatively high and thus corresponds to its terminal impedance. It would be of little use for a car aerial to be coupled via a form of coaxial cable which itself is of low impedance. If a simple "throwout" aerial is used for car reception, then owing to the large pick-up which would occur throughout the whole of its length. considerable car interference would be injected into the set. and there would be little improvement of the signal-tonoise ratio.

## Low Impedance Coupling

In order to obtain the best signal-to-noise ratio. the lead coupling the aerial to the set inside the car-right up to the point of connection to the aerial-should be "dead" so far as signal pick-up is concerned. This is accomplished by the use of a screened cable. such as coaxial (Fig. 2). The outer sereen of the cable should make good connection with the metal body of the car. while the inner conductor should be adequately connected to the aerial clement. Using this method of connecting. and provided a suitable coupling is available in the portable, the effect of unwanted interfering signals on the connecting cable will be very small indeed. and the only signals which will be injected into the set will be those actually picked up by the aerial. The frame or ferrite rod aerial in the set will also contribute to the general reception. but this should be small compared with the signal directed by way of the external aerial. Indeed, this is essential if the interference generated by the car itself is to be minimised.

## Transistor Portables

Another method of aerial coupling in a transistor portable is shown in Fig. 3. Here connection is made direct to the transistor base, and being of relatively low impedance provides a fairly reasonable signal transfer via a screened lead.

Possibly one of the most successful methods of introducing an external signal is shown in Fig. 4. Although the circuit is based around a transistor set with a ferrite rod aerial. it is perfectly suitable for valve-type receivers with either a ferrite rod or frame aerial. The aerial signal is applied to L 2 which is also wound on the ferrite rod along with the M.W. and L.W. coils, L1 and L3. The number of turns on 1.2 governs both the degree of signal transfer and the impedance of the aerial input circuit relative to the actual aerial circuits. The position of $L 2$ on the ferrite rod can also be rather critical from the point of view of maximum signal transfer.

The aerial coupling coil is hest wound on a former of suitable internal diameter for sliding on to the ferrite rod, giving a reasonably tight fit. The coil can be close-wound with approximately 20 turns of $24 \mathrm{~s} . \mathrm{w} . \mathrm{g}$. enamelled copper wire. The winding is then simply connected across a coaxial socket, the outside connecter of which should also be connected to the chassis of the receiver, as shown in the diagram.

## Optimum Signal Transfer

Adjustment of the position of the coupling coil on the ferrite rod to provide optimum signal


Fig. 3.-A low impedance input is obtained at the input circuit of the portable.

Transfer is bes! accomplished by first turning the set to a very weak signal at the high-frequency end of the M.W. band without an external aerial. After


Fig. 4.-A coupling coil (e.g. L2) using either ferrite rod or frame aerial.
connecting an external aerial. the position of the coil should be adjusted for the best volume of the weak signal originally tuned. It may be found, however. that the position established for the M.W. signal will not correspond for all other signals on the M.W. and L.W. bands. In this case a compro-
mise setting for the coil. giving the hest overall results, will need to be obtained. Adjustment should be carried out on the actual acrial it is intended to use with the portable. preferably with the acrial in position on the car. and with the portable in the car, coupled to the aerial through screened cable.

It should also be noted that slight retrimming of the aerial circuits will give improved results after the coupling coil has been fixed. However, it is not advisable to retrim with the external acrial connected as this may result in impaired sensitivity when the aerial is removed and the set resumes its original role as a portable. Nevertheless. for extended use as a car radio it could pay to retrim on the external aerial provided one is prepared to retrim again when the set is no longer to be used in the car.
On some reccivers more or less than 20 turns may be required on the aerial coil to secure maximum signal transfer. This is a matter for experiment. as no hard-and-fast rules can be given in this connection. Twenty turns represent the average required. though it may not be the optimum number for all receivers. and this may prove important if the set is to be used in areas of poor signal strength.

## Frome Aerial Receivers

On frame aerial portables, the coupling coil should consist of three or four turns of similar wire wound round the existing aerial windings. If this is not possible. the coil can be wound. in slots, round the edge of a picce of stiff card of dimensions to match the frame aerial. The eard should then be securely fixed so that the coil is as close as possible to the frame aerial. This arrangement is usually suitable for those portables in which the frame aerial is in the lid or rear cover of the set. Again, it may pay to experiment with the number of turns. as the optimum number is somewhat related to the size of the frame aerial.

Remember. it may well be necessary to fit the normal suppression devices on the car to avoid the pick-up of undue electrical interference from the ignition system. dynamo, windscreen wipers, etc.

## RADIO CONSTRUCTION FOR TIIE BEGINNER

## (Continued from page 778)

should be heard in the phones, indicating that the receiver is connected up correctly. When the sleeve of L2 is slid slowly along the rod towards the middle where L. 1 is fixed, a point should be reached where loud whistles are heard. If this does not happen, slip the sleeve off the end of the rod and replace it the other way round. This should bring success when the previous operation is repeated. If there is still no such effect, it indicates (everything else being in order) that the surface-barrier transistor has a low gain. Transistors vary greatly, especially if bought as "surplus". The number of turns on the movable sleeve must be increased and the experiment repeated.

When "whistling" is achieved, the tuning knob should be turned until the loudest local station is received. The turns of $L 2$ can now be adjusted until this programme is still undistorted when L2 has travelled about one inch towards the middle of the rod.

## A SIMPLE



A DUAL-VALVE CIRCUIT By P.R.Rodgers

T1HE signal generator to be described employs one 12AT7 (ECC 81) double triode and every effort has been made to economise on components without making a great sacrifice in performance. No separate audio oscillator has therefore been included as this would have necessitated the use of a further valve, but the R.F. signal can be modulated with an audio frequency signal derived from a neon bulb circuit. The modulating signal is not a sine wave, but this is not likely to limit the number of useful applications to which the instrument can be put. Circuits of the type shown in Fig. I have been operated satisfactorily at frequencies up to at least $200 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$ with a small value of tuning condenser.

## Feedback

The tuning condenser, C6, forms a resonant circuit with whichever coil is selected by the switch S 2 , feedback occurring through the cathode coupling to V1(a) and then through C5 to the grid of V1(b). If the grid of V1(b) becomes more positive at any time, both cathodes become more positive and therefore the anode current through V1(a) falls; the


Fig. 1.--A circuit for operation at up to 200Mc/s. (There is no C7 in this circuit.
anode of VI(a) becomes more positive and this positive pulse is fed to the grid of $\mathrm{VI}(\mathrm{b})$. The feedback is therefore positive.

The output voltage is taken from the variable resistor R3. The output impedance is quite low, as it is taken from the cathodes. The condensers Cl and C2 must be good quality components able to withstand the full mains voltage.

## Audio Modulation

When Sl is closed, a small current flows from the H.T. line to charge C3. The large value of R1 keeps this current very small. When C3 is charged so that the voltage across it is about 130 V , the neon strikes and the condenser loses some of its charge through the neon. The neon is extinguished when the voltage across it falls to about 100 V , but it strikes again when the voltage rises. The voltage across the neon can therefore be made to alternate at any desired audio frequency by selecting suitable values for R1 and C3. Almost any small neon designed to work at about the voltages mentioned above is very suitable for the circuit. The audio frequency voltage across the neon is applied to the grid of V1(a) through the D.C. blocking condenser C4. The resistor R 2 serves to provide a D.C. path between the grid and cathode and to keep the grid bias at its correct value. The audio voltage modulates the R.F. signal in V1(a). The modulation is approximately a triangular wave and with the values shown in Fig. 1 will have a frequency of about $1 \mathrm{kc} / \mathrm{s}$.

## Frequency Coverage

Four coils (L1 to L4) are shown in Fig. 1, but more (or fewer) coils could be used to cover different ranges as desired. Any make of R.F. or aerial coils. intended for radio receivers and designed to resonate with the 500 pF condenser C6, can be used to cover the ranges required, but it is quite easy to construct suitable coils. If commercially made coils are used, any winding other than the tuned winding may be removed. It was found convenient to mount any high frequency self-supporting coils (16s.w.g. tinned copper wire) directly on to the ceramic switch, but the larger coils were mounted separately and as near to the switch as possible. All of the wiring
connected to the coils should consist of fairly thick rigid wire ( $16 \mathrm{~s} . \mathrm{w} . \mathrm{g}$.).

If very high frequency coverage is required, a variable condenser with a maximum capacitance of 50 pF or less should be used. Conversely if the constructor is mainly interested in very low radio frequencies, C 6 may consist of a $1,500 \mathrm{pF}$ condenser. This value is most easily obtained by using a three gang 500 pF component and connecting the three sections of the condenser in parallel.

The problem of coil design is very similar to that of radio receiver coil design, but is even simpler because only a single tuned winding is required.

## Calibration

The variable condenser C6 was connected to a slow motion dial. The output voltage from the generator was fed into a communications receiver together with the output from a receiver crystal calibrator. The receiver was tuned until one of the harmonics of a $1 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$ signal from the crystal calibrator could be heard; the particular harmonic being received could easily be identified from the receiver tuning. The signal generator was tuned to approximately the same frequency and the tuning was altered until a beat note was heard. The frequency of the zero beat then gave one calibration point on the generator. (As the generator is tuned, the beat note becomes lower and lower in frequency until it disappears altogether but returns on the other side of the zero beat. At zero beat the frequency of the generator and of the harmonic from the crystal calibrator are very accurately matched.)
The process is then repeated for the other harmonics of the $1 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$ crystal which fall within the range of the signal generator. After this, the $100 \mathrm{kc} / \mathrm{s}$ points on the generator scale may be marked by the use of the $100 \mathrm{kc} / \mathrm{s}$ crystal (or the $1 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$ crystal with the multivibrator) in the calibrator. The dial can thus be calibrated at every $100 \mathrm{kc} / \mathrm{s}$ throughout all ranges.
The method of calibration described above is very accurate, but other methods are possible. Reasonable accuracy can be obtained by direct calibration against a good quality communications receiver. Alternatively a heterodyne frequency meter may be used.

If the constructor does not wish to go to the trouble of calibrating the dial of the instrument directly, it is probably best to use a calibration graph of frequency against the dial reading. The graph is prepared by one of the methods of calibration described above.

Calibration is much easier if C6 is one of the "straight line frequency" condensers. On any one range, equal amounts of dial rotation will then alter the frequency by the same amount. The calibration graph is a straight line if such a condenser is used.

## Power Supplies

The 12 AT 7 valve requires a heater supply of either 6.3 V at 0.3 A or 12.6 V at 0.15 A . A metal rectifier is used so that no heater supply is required. Any metal rectifier which will handle 5 m 3 or more at 250 V is suitable. At such small H.T. currents a smoothing choke is quite unnecessary and the resistor R6 is an adequate substitute for a much heavier and more expensive choke.

## The Instrument Case

A small plastic or wooden case from an old radio receiver is an ideal container for the instrument, especially as it is probable that the tuning condenser could be utilised for C 6 - possibly with the same dial.

Although, for simplicity, no audio frequency output is provided, this should not usually matter when small receivers are being tested. A fault in the audio side of a receiver can usually be traced by using a $50 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{s}$ voltage from the heater line of the receiver. Alternatively touching the grid terminal of a receiver audio amplifier stage with a screwdriver will produce a click if, and only if that stage is functioning.

## FRIDAY, JANUARY 13th, 1961 A FILM SHOW <br> (in collaboration with Muliard Ltd.) <br> CAXTON HALL, WESTMINSTER at 7-30 p.m.

Send for your free tickets now marking your envelope "Caxton Hall" in the top left-hand corner and enclosing a stamped addressed envelope (at least $3 \frac{1}{2} i n . \times 6 i n$.) for the tickets.

The films to be shown are "Conquest of the Atom", "The Invisible Force", and "Particles Count".

The demand for tickets is great; order yours NOW.

## 5,000,000A ARC

ACAPACITOR bank of $390.000 \mu \mathrm{~F}-2.000$ capacitors of almost $200 \mu \mathrm{~F} \quad 6,000 \mathrm{VW}$ each -is being built for a Boeing Aircraft wind tunnel in Seattle. USA. The capacitors contain 200 acres of aluminium foil and will fill a room $35 \mathrm{ft} \times 35 \mathrm{ft} \times 25 \mathrm{ft}$. In this huge bank will be stored $7,000,000$ joules of electricity. It can be discharged in a few milli-seconds, creating the highest-current arc ever known, $5,000,000 \mathrm{~A}$.

Because there is no device capable of switching and carrying such a current, a piece of steel piano wire will be vaporized near the arc electrodes, releasing metal ions. These ions will close the circuit between the electrodes, allowing the capacitors to discharge. The speed of discharge must
be very high. Since all inductances in the current path slow up the speed of discharge, special engineering is being employed to keep the inductive reactance very low and to carry the huge current.

The enormous energy released by the arc heats the air in the are chamber to $18,000 \mathrm{deg} F$, creating air pressure near $30,0001 \mathrm{~h} / \mathrm{sq}$. in. This pressure ruptures a plastic diaphragn which permits a highenergy shock wave to rush through the test section of the wind tunnel. This shock wave is followed by a hypersonic flow of air past the model to be tested. Before each shot, the wind tunnel is pumped out to a high vacuum to increase further the pressure differential that creates the air flow.

## TRS:

## TAPE

RECORDER
Manufacturerg" brand new, carrent production otier. cultbanedon Mullard's ramous deatga. Magto ege level indicator. Volume and
tone contpols. T.C.C. pnnted
circuit already wired. Oaly
nower pack and controle
to sgaemble and wire. Valves EF86, ECC83, EL84, KM84 and EZ50. A semsitive quality recorder at
Wired printed circult, power pack components, controls and tnobs, etc. .. $85.15 .0 \quad \mu . \& \nu .2 / 6$ get of 5 valves, as above . $825.0 \quad$ p. bp. $1 /-$ B.B. R. Monardeck Tape Unit 88.19 .6 Bargain reduction for complete sit $\$ 16.10 .0$ carr. 51Attractive two-tone Cabinet and 9 I 5in, speaker at specied dimsount price: 98.6 .0 . p. \& $\mu .4 / t$ Illustrated Hsadbook Fith full detais, 2 pplied free. Collaro Studio Tepe D moditied circuit as alternative for approx. 85.10 extra

## RECORD PLAYER BARGAINS

Alt brand new latest 4 -apeed Models. SINGLE PLAYBRS-8.B.R. (TU9) $90 \%$; Collaro Junior, 90 ; ; Garrand TA Mk. 2 with GC8 Head, T.18.0; Garrard 4EF Transoription Unit, 218, cser, $3 / 6$.
AUTO CHANGERS-B.S.R. (UA8) 晤.18.6; UA8 sterto, 87.19.6; UA14, 87.19.6; Collaro Conquest, 87.
GARRARD RO210 4-speed Autochanger Model with latert festures and QCS Plug•in Head oniy 10 gas., cast. $1 / 6$.
Leteat Garrard Trangeription Antochanger Model 'A" E18.18.6 with balanced P.U. Arm. Oarr. ${ }^{5 /-}$
Erart - Dupeed Elagle Ployer with Auto Stop Gtart Dual Turnover Cartridge for Stereo and
Monaural L. F . and $78-$ Bargain Bny at f6.19.6.

AUTO CHANGER RECORD PLAYER KIT
A.c. Supply 200-250y

Attractive n-tone cabipet - farmous speed, full mixer, $10-\mathrm{recordlgram}$ undt. Fral-il xtal pick-up with dual otylii for Std. L.P. recotdinge. 2-valve amplitier with qualty neg. lisedback circuit, Folume and tone controls. Fully isolated frow maing by double-wound
transformer, NOT the Hive uhaseis type as often offered In ubeap commercia, modela.
A recommended buy while stooke lastt
Reads-wired 2-valve Amplifier, complete with keadg-wired 2-valve Amplitier, complete with 6in. bigh fux speaker $\quad \therefore \quad 83.19 .6$ p. है $p .2 / \beta$
 B.B.R. Monarch UA8 160\%. 26.19.6 p. \& p. $4 / 6$ Complete 3 noit kit, \&pecinj Bargain prre $\begin{gathered}\text { E12.19.8 carr. } 7 / 6\end{gathered}$ Simple aspenbly, a screwdriver only required.

## RECORDING TAPE BARGAINS

EMII lat grade. Brand new bealed bozes
Standard
Long Play Sin Standard Sin., 175 tt. . Bin., 600ft. ofin., 850f. in 200It $\cdots 251-\quad 1,2601 t_{0} \quad \cdots \quad 31 / 6$ 10., 1,20 REELA: Eirutape $1,800 \mathrm{ft}$. 3 . $45 /-$ Sin. 3/8, 57in. 4/m, 7in. 4/8.
 st grade tape in sealed white bores
1st grade tape, in sealed white bozet Lone Plag
Standari

 survlus. 3 in 2/9, Din. $3 /=, 3 / 8,7 \mathrm{in} .5 / \mathrm{in} .3 / 6$.

## TRANSISTOR

 PORTABLEFsmous manuiacturere $6 \times 1$ design based on Mullard sid G.E.C. developments. Printed cir-
cuit,
OBVA 1 gt cult, 6 BVA 1st grade transistors, XA102. XA101 (2), OA70, X 3103 , XC101 (I) or equivalents. Quality vomponents onty supplied to ensure bent results at attractive price.
set of 6 BVA Transigtor and Dlode 70/- p. \& p. 6d Prouted Urcait, $1 \mathrm{~F}^{*} \mathrm{~s}$ (3), osc. cail, Driver Trans. Ferrite road serial $\quad . \quad 51 / 6 \mu$ is $p, 1 / 6$ Resistars, Condensers, Twin Gang and Volume 7 x 4 in . Quailty $3 \mathbf{B i}^{\circ} \mathrm{ohm}$ matching
7 x 4 in.
speaker
Complete Kit at epecial offer ONLY 88.19 .8 post tree Handbook and Ciroult details .. 2i-post free.

## REDUCE PRICES

| 1 T 4 | 6\% | ECE42 | $10 / 6$ | EZ80 | $7 / 6$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $1 \mathrm{R5}, 185$ | 710 | ECLso | 10/6 | E281 | $7 / 6$ |
| 364, 3V4 | $7 / 6$ | EClsa | 10/6 | MU14 | 9/- |
| 574 | $9 / 6$ | EF80 | 8/- | PCO84 | $9 / 6$ |
| DAF96 | $9 / \mathrm{F}$ | EFA6 | 12/6 | PCF80 | $9 / 6$ |
| DF96 | 9/- | EF91 | 5/- | PCL83 | 12/6 |
| DK98 | 9/- | EL41 | $9 / 8$ | PL81 | 12/6 |
| D L90 | 9/- | EL84 | $8 / 6$ | PL82 | 9/6 |
| EABC80 | 8/6 | EY51 | $9 / 6$ | PL83 | 10/6 |
| PCFOO | $8 / 8$ | EYE6 | $10 \%$ | U2 | $12 / 6$ |

## RE-GUNNED TV TUBES

New Reduced Prices
New Heater, Cathode and Gun Assembly fitted to all tubes. Reconditioned virtually as new. Now 12 months' guarantee to highest stands-as used by our own Service Dept.
$12 \mathrm{in} . \mathrm{E5}$, 14 in . $\mathbf{~} 5.10 .0 \quad 17 \mathrm{in} . \mathbf{£ 6}$. etc. Mullard and Mazda types es-stock Carr. and Ins, 101 $10 /=$ Part Exchange allowance on your old tube.

## JASON FM TUNER KITS

STANDARD MODEL (FMT1) an previously exten. sively advertised. Complete Kit 5 gas. Set of spec. valves now only $20 /-$.
MODEL (FMTR). Attractively presented Ahelf mounting unit in enclosed Powere Kit \& $\%$ Set of 5 spimec. マa/ves, 37/8. P. \& P. 2/6.
LATEST MODEL-JTV2. Switched Band 1-2-3 LATEST UNDEM UFIt With AFC. Kit $£ 12.19 .8$. .P. \& P. 2/fi. AM FW JASON COMPREHENSIVE FM HANDBOOK, 2/6. 48 hr . Atignment service, 7/6: P. \& P. $2 / 6$.

## TRANSISTORS - BVA Ist GRADE

| Maxds |  | REDUCED PRICES |  | GEC |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| XA101 | 14/6 | $0 \mathrm{C} \% 0$ | 9/6 | GET114 | $9 / 6$ |
| X $\mathbf{X 1 0 2}$ | $16 / 8$ | 0071 | $12 / 6$ | GETH15 | 12/6 |
| X A 103 | 15/- | 0 C 78 | 15/- |  |  |
| XA104 | 18/- | 0 CH 4 | 23/6 | Newma |  |
| Y B] 02 | 10/- | $0 \mathrm{C45}$ | 21/- | "cioldt |  |
| X0101 | $10 / 6$ |  |  | V15110P | 15/= |

## SPECIAL OFFER!

Superior type Art. Leather covered Portahle Case-well-knowi Manufacturer's Surplus-in attractive Tan and Pawn with non-tarnish gilk fitted with iateat Collaro Jumior 4-Epeed Record Plager Unit with Turnover Xtal Cartridge and dua sapphire stylii for 78 and LP records Ready mounted and wired complate witb Mains Lead and detachable screened PU lead. A.C. Mains 200/250\%. Bize 15 I 11 x 5ith, An ideal unt for Tape or Amplitier use.
BARGAIN BUY-only E5.12.6 p. \& p. 4/fid.


## 7 VALVE AM/FM RADIOGRAM CHASSIS

Valve Line-up: ECC85, ECH81, EF89, EABCBO, EL84, EM8I, EZZ80.
Three Wareband and Switoher Gram position. Med $200-500 \mathrm{~m}$., Long 1,000-2,000 m., VEF/FM 88-95 Mc/a. Phillips Continenta Tuning insert with permeatitity tuning on $F^{\circ} \mathrm{M}$ and cornbined AM/FM IF transformerh, $460 \mathrm{Kc} / \mathrm{s}$ and $10.7 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$. Dust core tunjag all coile. Latest circuitry tncludiny AVC and Neg. Feedback. Three wath output. sengitivity and reproduction are of a vory high otenilard. Chassis size $131 \times 6 \frac{1}{i n}$. Hetght 7 inn. Edge Illuminated glass dial $11 \frac{1}{6} \times 3 f$ in. Vertical polnter, Horizontas etation name
operation.

Aligned and tested ready for use
©|3.10.0. Carr. \& Ins. 5/-.
Complete whth 4 Knobs-wainut or ivary to choice. Indonor FM Aerial, $3 / 6$ extra.
Three ohm P. Mf. «peake: only required. Recommed ded quality speakers.
IUin. Rola (Hcary Duty). .......30/.

.21/6. Post \& Plgg. 1/6. As previously anmunced freah supplies are now being received, but we regret some alight delay may be experlencond in tuitilliug ordere ior this popular Item.

ONLY A FEW ITEMS ARE LISTED FROM OUR COMPREHENSIVE STOCK WRITE NOW FOR FULL BARGAIN LISTS, 3d.

## RADIO COMPONENT SPECIALISTS

70 Brigstock Road, Thornton Heath, Surrey
Phane: THO 2188. Hours 9 a.m.-6 p.m. 1 p.m. Wed. Open all day Saturday. By Thornton Heath Station.

Terms: C.W.O. or C.O.D. post and packing up to $\frac{1}{2} / b \quad 7 \mathrm{~d} . ; 1 \mathrm{lb}$. 1/I; $3 \mathrm{lb} .1 / 6 ;$ $5 \mathrm{lb} .2 / \mathrm{F}$; 10 fb . 2/9.

The decision is yours. To be a success in your chosen career; to qualify for the highest paid job... to control a profitable business of your own. ics home-study courses put your plans on a practical basis; teach you theory and practice; give you the knowledge and experience to take you, at your own pace, to the top.
Choose the RIGHT course :
radio \& television engineering industrial television
radio \& television servicing Training in Radio, Telerision

Radio service and sales
vhF/FM ENGINEERING : ELECTRONIC computers \& programming

ICS provides thorough coaching for professional examinations:
Brit. I.R.E., City and Guilds Telecommunication Technicians, C. \& G. Radio \& TV Servicing (R.T.E.B.); C. \& G. Radio Amateurs.

## LEARN AS YOU BUILD

## Practical Radio Courses

Gain a sound up-to-professionalstandards knowledge of Radio and Television as you build YOUR OWN 4-valve T.R.F. and 5 -valve superhet radio receiver, Signal Generator and High-quality Multimeter. At the end of the course you have three pieces of permanent and practical equipment and a fund of personal knowledge and skill. ICS Practical Radio courses open a new world to the keen Radio amateur.


THERE ARE ICS COURSES TO MEET YOUR NEEDS AT EVERY STAGE OF YOUR CAREER. FILL IN ANB POST THIS COUPON TODAY.

You will receive the FREE 60 page ICS Prospectus listing examinations and ICS technical courses in radio, television and electronics plus details of over 150 specialised subjects.

## Other ICS courses include: MECHANICAL, MOTOR, FIRE, ELECTRICAL \& CHEMICAL ENGINEERING. FARMING, GARDENING. ARCHITECTURE \& <br> WOODWORKING. SELLING \& MANAGEMENT. ART. PHOTOGRAPHY, etc., etc. <br> PLEASE STATE ON COUPON SUBTECT YOU ARE INTERESTED IN . . .



# ELECTRONIC <br>  <br>  <br> SMOOTHING 

## A PRACTICAL CIRCUIT

By J. B. Dance

1$F$ it is necessary to remove virtually all of the hum from a power supply, it is often easier to accom--plish this by the use of a simple valve circuit than by means of a number of large smoothing chokes and condensers. It can be arranged that the valve circuit removes not only the hum but also any variations in the output voltage of the power pack owing to small changes in the mains voltage, providing that these variations do not last more than about a second. Such changes (usually a fraction of a volt), continually occur as the load taken from the power station alters. The amount of hum ripple can be made very much less than that which is present in the output of an ordinary power pack, but the circuit has the disadvantage that the regulation is not good owing to the resistor included in the power supply (R3 in Fig 1).

## Electronically Smoothed Circuits

Electronically smoothed circuits are very useful for supplying oscillators, etc. which require a very smooth stable H.T. supply at a comparatively small current.
The circuit to be discussed is shown in Fig. 1. If the voltage from the power pack increases slightly, the increase will reach the grid of the smoothing valve via Cl and will increase the anode current in this valve. This increased current causes an increased voltage drop in R3 which, if the circuit values are chosen correctly, causes the output voltage to remain constant.
The resistor values are chosen so that the valve gain is unity. The phase of the voltage is changed by the valve, however, and can therefore be combined with the input voltage from the power pack to give a smooth output voltage. The two alternating components, which are 180 deg out of phase, completely cancel each other leaving smooth D.C. Alternatively it can be said that the whole of the alternating current from the power pack passes through the valve and none through the external load.
Variations in the voltage from the power pack are fed to the grid of the valve via the D.C. blocking condenser Cl and the resistor R 2 . It is important that C1 and R1 should be fairly large in order that the time constant $\mathrm{Cl} . \mathrm{RI}$ shall be large enough to enable any comparatively slow variations of the supply voltage to be smoothed out. A good quality paper condenser should be used for Cl ; an electrolytic condenser is not suitable. RI provides the D.C. path between the grid and cathode and cannot be increased much above the value shown.
A sudden increase in the value of the load current tends to produce a positive voltage on the grid of the valve for a short time; R2 prevents damage to the valve by limiting the value of the grid current during this time. It is almost essential to use a further smoothing condenser (C2) across the output of the circuit in order to reduce the output impedance of the circuit.

If desired, the amount of smoothing in the power pack, feeding the additional smoothing unit shown in Fig. 1, can be less than in a normal power pack. For instance, a single smoothing condenser without any choke is usually adequate.

## Adjustment

The value of the resistor R 4 is chosen to provide a suitable bias voltage for the valve. The value can be calculated from the recommended bias voltage and the normal anode current taken by the valve by means of Ohm's Law. If the best possible results are required, it is advisable to use a variable resistor for R 3 which can then be adjusted to provide the smoothest output. Adjustment of R3 alters the amplification of the circuit and enables it to be made exactly unity so that the out of phase alternating currents in


Fig. 1.-A circuit for electronic smoothing: the value of $R 3$ and $R 4$ depend on the valve chosen.

R3 and in the valve exactly cancel each other out.
The value of R3 can be calculated from the value of R4 together with the mutual conductance and amplification factor of the valve, but these quantities may not be known very accurately and better results can usually be obtained by adjustment of R3 experimentally to give the least possible hum in the output. The circuit does, of course, remove the harmonics of the hum as well as the fundamental mains frequency. It is convenient to use an oscilloscope for detecting the hum during the adjustment, but this is by no means essential; an audio amplifier is quite satisfactory.

The following equation gives the value of R3 fairly accurately, but it is not exact:-
$\mathrm{R} 3=1 / \mathrm{gm}+\mathrm{R} 4$
where gm is the mutual conductance of the valve used.
(Continued on page 830)

# A Reliable Radiogram 

AN ECONOMICAL AND EFFICIENT ARRANGEMENT

By A. Sydenham

(Continued from page 709 of the December issue)

IT is advisable to make all leads long enough to permit inter-chassis movement so that if necessary either unit may be removed and connected up outside of the main cabinet for repairs, testing, etc.
When the gram unit is in position, a tag strip will be found at the rear, and this is illustrated in Fig. 9. Four thin, coloured leads are already taken off into the pick-up arm but two of them will not be connected at the head, these being coloured yellow and blue. These are only used when a stereo cartridge is used. Check that the black and red leads do in fact connect to the turnover cartridge and, if so, solder the " outer" of one of the lengths of coaxial cable to tag (3) and the "inner" to tag (4). Fit a coaxial plug at the far end of this cable and plug it into the socket provided on the amplifier chassis.


Fig. 6.-The power-pack.


Fig. 7a.-Layout of the power-pack.

## Setting Up the Tuner

This will present no difficulties if a signal generator is available. hut without one the procedure is likely to be a little more tedious. In this case the best that can be done is to bring the various tuned circuits into line with each other although the precise value of I.F. is likely to be unknown.

Fig. 7b (right) Dimensions of the brackets for the supply sockets on the powerpack chassis.

However, this is not so important with a switch-tuned feeder as with one that tunes over a whole band. Before adjusting T 1 or L 5 an attempt should be made to obtain some sort of signal transmission upon which to work by adjusting the arrial and oscillator coil trimmers, the medium waveband being chosen in preference to the long. The volume control should be well advanced. and once a signal is heard. even if only weakly, it should be



Fig. 8.-Layout of the gram unit.

"peaked up" by means of the cores of L5 and T1. As this is carried out, it will be found that the volume control has to be backed off considerably. The next step lies in identifying the transmission if possible from which one can soon learn which way to turn the trimmers for the transmission desired. For example, should the Welsh Home service be coming through and one wishes to receive the West Home service on $1,500 \mathrm{kc} / \mathrm{s}$ for this band, then the trimmers across L.I and L.3 must be unscrewed and vice

Fig. 9.-Pick-up con** nections for the UA8.
versa. The tuner is then switched to the other waveband and the desired transmission tuned in by means of the appropriate aerial and oscillator (Contimued on page 818)


Fig. 10a (left).-The cabinet arrangement described in the text.

(b)

Fig. 10b (right).-All alternadive cabinet arrangemem.

# HEELEXIVG <br> HOW TO USE FEWER TRANSISTORS <br> TRANSISTOIRS 

IN order to reduce the number of transistors in a receiver, it is possible to arrange the circuit so that a single transistor performs more than one function. Usually, the reflexed transistor is connected to operate as both R.F. and A.F. amplifier, or be in both I.F. and A.F. stages. It is difficult to obtain results quite equal to those which would be achieved with separate transistors in each stage, but reflexed circuits are extremely useful, despite this.

## Reflex Circuits

When expensive transistors are used, the saving in cost can be considerable. There is also a slight reduction in current drain from the battery. For these reasons, reflex circuits are quite popular. With some receivers, it is possible to re-arrange one stage, to obtain both R.F. (or I.F.) amplification, and A.F. amplification from a single transistor. This gives an improvement in reception almost equal to that which would result from adding another transistor. A typical example of this kind arises when an I.F. stage transistor is made to function as first A.F. amplifier as well, to give an extra stage between the detector and driver or output stage.

In straightforward superhet and TRF receivers, it is often possible to reflex one transistor. But if the receiver already has a reflex circuit, it is not usually feasible to obtain extra gain by also using a reflex arrangement with another stage, because the two separate functions of a reflexed transistor must take place at different frequencies.

## Reflex I.F. Stage

A popular type of I.F., detector and A.F. circuit, without reflexng, is shown in Fig. 1. Here, the )C45 acts as the I.F. amplifier, ollowed by a diode detector, and JC71 as the A.F. amplifier.
Fig. 2 shows a circuit in which , single transistor is arranged to ct as both I.F. and A.F. amplier, and the circuit changes and aethod of operation will become lear if this is compared with iig. 1.
In Fig. 2, the signal from the F. transformer is applied to the ansistor base, exactly as in ig. 1. The next I.F. transformer, nd diode, are also similarly ired, except that the transistor sllector is only by-passed for itermediate frequencies, by the $05 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ condenser. The audio gnal, ohtained from the $5 k$ slume control slider, is returned - the transistor base through the upling condenser and I.F. ansformer secondary. This idio signal, after amplification, available at the ${ }_{\mu}{ }_{\mu} \mathrm{F}$ condenser the 1 k resistor in the collector cuit forming the A.F. load.

By F. G. Rayer
The $0.01 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ condenser wired to the emitter is an I.F. by-pass for the transformer secondary. As the transistor is also working at audio frequency, the $470 \Omega$ resistor requires a large by-pass condenser of about $32 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ to $100 \mu \mathrm{~F}$.
When using a reflex circuit of this kind, values have to be so chosen that the transistor can give a reasonable performance on both frequencies. For example, reducing the value of the 1 k collector resistor would increase the I.F. gain, but also reduce the A.F. gain, as the A.F. load would become too small. In the same way it may be necessary to modify the base potential divider resistor values. The 1 k emitter resistor in Fig. 1 has also been changed to $470 \Omega$ in Fig. 2, in the interests of A.F. performance.
In some cases there may be no point in changing values, except to by-pass the emitter resistor with a larger condenser, and re-arrange the wiring. Usually, the coupling and decoupling condenser values are not critical. However, unnecessarily large values should not be used for by-passing at intermediate frequencies, as these condensers are in parallel with the audio frequency part of the circuit, and thus tend to reduce high frequencies.

## T.R.F. Reflex Circuit

With a simple T.R.F. receiver, it is usually possible to make one transistor act as R.F. and A.F. amplifier. One circuit for this purpose is shown in Fig. 3. Here, the H.F. choke prevents R.F. passing. After


Fig. 1.-An I.F. detector and A.F. amplifier circuit before reflexing.
detection, the audio signal is returned to the transistor base through the aerial coil winding, and the amplified audio signal passes through the H.F. choke, and is available across the 2.2 k collector resistor.
With such circuits the transistor must, of course, be capable of acting as R.F. amplifier. An audio frequency transistor which will not operate at radio frequencies cannot be used. It may be necessary to modify the values of the 47 k and 10 k resistors, to suit the transistor, for maximum efficiency. Emitter bias may also be applied in the normal way, (as in Fig. 1) if small size and maximum economy are not essential.
In Fig. 3, the detector stage is not tuned. If space is available, efficiency may be increased by tuning this stage, as in Fig. 4. It may be feasible to use a ganged condenser ( 300 pF to 500 pF maximum


Fig. 3.-A simple T.R.F. receiver circuit reflexed to enable one transistor to act as R.F. and A.F. amplifier.
capacity each section), and a coil to match the aerial coil, or ferrite rod aerial. But in very small receivers this will be impossible. It is then either necessary to use an untuned stage, as in Fig. 3, or to employ small pre-sets, or core-tuned coils for the required stations.

## Stability

If stray coupling exists at radio frequency or the receiver intermediate frequency, the reflexed stage may oscillate. To avoid this difficulty, a careful layout is necessary. In addition, the circuit should be adequately by-passed. In Fig. 2, the $0.05 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ and second $0.01 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ condensers serve to keep intermediate frequencies out of other parts of the circuit, while the 1 k resistor wired to the $6 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ condenser also helps prevent feedback of I.F. to the transistor base.

In Fig. 3, the $0.01 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ condensers and 2.2 k resistor in the volume control circuit perform a similar function in maintaining stability.

Other reflex circuits work in a similar manner, though various methods of coupling may be used. Normally, any R.F. type transistors may be used with success in the circuits in Figs. 2 and 3. Should with success necessary to adjust the base voltage, to obtain


Fig. 2.-The I.F. stage reflexed to provide A.F. amplification.
best results, then it will usually be sufficient to change the value of one of the resistors only (e.g., 47 k or 10 k in Fig. 3).
With T.R.F. designs, care is necessary to avoid stray coupling between the aerial coil (or ferrite rod winding) and the H.F. choke or detector coil. Such


Fig. 4.-The tuned detector circuit.
coupling will cause ordinary R.F. instability. Thi can be checked by temporarily disconnecting th reflex circuit, and using phones to listen to th signal available across the volume control. ] oscillation is present, this is due to a bad layout of th R.F. components-not to the reflex circuit. But oscillation only begins when the reflexing is ir troduced, this shows that insufficient by-passin has been employed, or that a bad layout is providin fcedback of R.F. here. This simple test is thus wort making if the circuit gives trouble when first teste

# COMBINED RAADIO ANI TABLE LAMP 

USING A 40W LIGHT BULB INSTEAD OF A MAINS DROPPER

By M. J. Dunn

THIS receiver is of the A.C./D.C. variety-the chassis is "live" and the valve heaters are wired in series. However, an electric lamp is used in series with the heaters instead of the usual "mains dropper" and the power which is nomally wasted in this component is made to serve a useiul purpose. The lamp may, if requited, be used without the radio but when the radio is working, the lamp must, of necessity, be in circuit.

## Choice of Bulb

During the design of the receiver, several bulbs of different ratings were examined but it was found that, for varying reasons, only 75 W and 40 W bulbs could be considered. The 75 W lamp was thought to be too bright for gencral use and the 40 W was therefore chosen. A lamp ol this rating passes a current of about 0.16 A which is near to the current taken by certain octal-based valves- 0.15 A .

The valves chosen were the 12SK7, 12SL7, 6G6 (or 12A6), all of which are readily available-as are suitable alternatives which will be mentioned laterand which have heater ratings of 0.15 A .

The calculations may now be more closely examined, but withont going into the minute details of working out as these were done by the simple application of Ohm's Law to resistances operating in

Tuning
series. It is required 10 stipply a current of 0.15 A through the heater chain of the three valves specified, and the total voluge across them will be $31 \cdot 5$. Assuming for the moment a mains supply of $245 / 250 \mathrm{~V}$, the situation is as follows: resistance of heaters 2100 , resistance of 40 W bulb (rated at 240V), 1440Q, giving a rotal resistance of 1650 s . With $245 / 250 \mathrm{~V}$ mains, this will pass beiween $0.148-0.151 \mathrm{~A}$ which is precisely what is required. For those on a lower mains supply voltage the use of a 40 w bulb rated at 210 V and on a supply of that value in series with the same heater chain, will pass 0.159 A . Now the tolerance allowed for running heaters is $\pm 7$ per cent and this figure is within this tolerance. However, the current could be reduced by either using a 12 A 6 as the output valve or purchasing a 40 W bulb with a slightly higher voltage rating. In practice this means that the constructor can go ahead with the
$40 w$ bulb of his district and $40 W$ bulb of his district and always be within the tolerance limits for supplies between 210 to 250 V .


Fig. 1.-The above-chassis layout of-components. (The theoretical circuit will be given next month.)


## Alternative Valves

Having now disposed of the problem of describing the heater supply, a few words may be said about choice of alternative valves. For the first stage a 12 SK 7 has been specified, but a 12 K 7 would also be entirely satisfactory and being double ended would facilitate the grid connection to the coil as this is above chassis, the other one being below. It is not necessary to use a variable- $\mu$ R.F. pentode in the first stage and valves having a sharp cut-off characteristic are quite suitable so that one can also use a 12S.J7 (single-ended) or 12.17 (double-ended). These latter two valves will afford some economy in H.T. current for the double triode, V2, a 12 SL 7 is more or less essential because the 12SN7 requires double the heater current and therefore cannot be used. A 6G6 was chosen for the output valve because of its low H.T. current consumption $(15 \mathrm{~mA})$ and very cheap price at three shillings, but a 12 A 6 is perfectly suitable; having twice the heater resistance of the 6 G 6 , there

The
completed
receiver.
is a very slight reduction of heater current. Because of the low power requirements of this set, it would be gute in order to use a general purpose triote such as the 1215 als an output valve.

## Conventional T.R.F. Circuit

A more or less conventional T.R.F. arrangement is used with one hall of a double triode as an infinite impedance (cathode follower) detector, the other hall giving a stage of A.F. amplification. The first stage of the receiver is a simple R.F. amplifier connecting an eafth to the aerial terminal and will probably give excellent results in most cases and obviates erecting an aerial proper. It is impurtant to regard the acrial coupling capacitor Cl as absolutely essential in an A.C.D.C. set and it should be exonerated from leakage. The signal appearing at the anode of VI is passed to the grid of V2a via the R.F. transformer $\mathrm{L} 3-4$ and here it was found that anode decoupling by R4C4 was absolutely necessary to maintain R.F. stability. The wavechange switch of the two tuning coils will be explained scparately under the description of the switch as a whole. The value of Rk at $100 \Omega$ for V1 is nominal and can be altered to adjust


Fig. 2.-The wavechange switch and its connections.
the sensitivity of the set (providing the valve chosen for this position has variable characteristics); some constructors may wish to include a variable component between the lower end of R3 and chassis, especially in areas of very high signal strength.
The second stage employs an infinite impedance (cathode follower) detector with the output load in the cathode circuit. The anode is nominally connected direct to H.T. + , but some constructors may prefer to decouple and this can be effected with R6C6. C5 is an R.F. by-pass capacitor and shunts the rectified carrier present in the detector output, the audio component part of the signal going to the grid of V2a via the coupling capacitor C8. Infinite impedance detection is an excellent system as it imposes no load on the relevant tuned circuit and therefore preserves the high $Q$ of the coil and gives excellent selectivity. Some might consider it a disadvantage that this kind of detector gives a stage gain less than unity, but this
or

#  QUALITY IBECOIPD PRAYER 

# AN EASILY CONSTRUCTED UNIT WITH SEPARATE LOUDSPEAKERS 

By C. J. Lee

THIS record player is of modern design and of high quality. The first items to deal with are the two independent loudspeaker cabinets, the main cabinet being left until later. The reason for having two small independent loudspeaker cabinets is because it means that the constructor can at any time add another amplifier, thus making it a stereophonic player. The mounting of the motor and amplifier will be dealt with last of all. The constructor has a wide choice of suitable building materials, but the original was built of oak faced block board as this can be obtained in large sheets and cut to the required size. The two small loudspeaker cabinets, however, were built of mahogany.
and serves the same purpose as the batten used for the two side and the front at points ' $A$ '.

A hole is now cut in the front panel, $6 \frac{1}{2} \frac{\mathrm{in} \text {. in }}{}$ diameter for the loudspeaker. Any great increase in its size will cause much undue vibration when playing records.

The two loudspeakers can now be screwed into position as shown in Fig. 2 with a small piece of speaker fret placed in front of the loudspeaker first. When the loudspeakers have been mounted, the two back pieces which have been joined together can be fixed to the two side pieces which have been glued to the front panel, thus making one complete unit.
The top piece is now to be cut out. It is also in. malrogany and the same shape as the cabinet. When it is glued on to the top of the cabinet, it should be planed smooth so that it forms a good fit. It should fit flush with the two back pieces but a $\frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in}$. overlap is left over the front and the two side pieces to give the finished cabinet a professional appearance (Fig. 3).

## Constructing the Loudspeaker Cabinets

The two small loudspeaker cabinets are constructed of $\frac{1}{2}$ in. thick mahogany wood. The original pair were 8in. units, but 10 in . $x 6$ in. ellipitcal speakers could be fitted if this is desired.

The construction can cleariy be seen from Fig. 1. The cabinet is 15in, high (not including the small rubber feet), and $15 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in}$. at its widest point. At the two points marked ' $A$ ' in Fig. 1, one edge of both of the side pieces, and both sides of the front panel, are planed to an angle of $67 \frac{1}{2}$ deg. They are then fixed to the front panel, as in Fig. 1, with two pieces of batten screwed and glued in position to ensure a good strong joint.

When this first stage of construction has been completed, proceed by cutting out the two back pieces, which are both a little over 14 in . in length (leaving a little for planing). When cutting these, it shouid be remembered that side ' $\mathbf{A}$ ', as indicated in Fig. 1, is 10 in . wide, and side ' $B$ ' should only be 9 in. wide, thus allowing for the thickness of the wood when joining these two pieces together (Fig. 1). If this point is overlooked, the cabinet will not line up correctly. The two back pieces join at 90deg and are strengthened with a piece of batten which is 14 in . long and an inch or so square, the size not being critical. This piece of batten is screwed and glued in position



Fig. 1.-Details of the loudspeaker cabinet construction.

A piece of $\$ \mathrm{in}$. plywood is cut and planed to a smooth surface so that it fits tightly inside the cabinet. This piece of plywood is pushed up inside the cabinet for about 4 in . at which point it should be secured in position with small angle brackets, its position being shown in Fig. 2. This piece of plywood completely seals off the loudspeaker. It will now be seen that there is a compartment between this piece of plywood and the bottom of the cabinet. This compartment is now to be filled with sand as indicated in Fig 2.


Fig. 2.-The position of the speaker in its cabinet.

Another piece of $\ddagger$ in. plywood has to be cut, the same shape as the top but without the $\frac{1}{2}$ in. overlap. This piece now forms the bottom of the cabinet and should be secured with screws. Assuming that the constructor has connected a lead to the loudspeaker, the cabinets have only to be stained or french polished to complete them.

## Constructing the Main Cabinet

The front is first cut from ${ }_{3}$ in. oak faced block board, the size being clearly seen from Fig. 4. It should be noted that the lid is constructed with the main cabinet and is sawn off later. This ensures a perfect fit and also simplifies the construction for amateurs. Dovetail joints are marked and cut along both ends of the front panel, (Fig. 4) the size of the dovetails being left to the constructor, smatler dovetails are recommended on the lid than those to be cut on the main body. When the dovetails


The additional loudspeaker.
have been cut on both ends of the front panel, the sockets can be marked and cut out on the two side pieces which are both 18 in . x 18 in . in size.
Next comes the back piece which measures the same size as the front, 30 in . $x 18 \mathrm{in}$. The first thing to do is to gauge off 3 in . for the lid, and then from the same end, a further 3 in . as indicated in Fig. 6. This time, from the bottom edge another 3 in . is to be gauged off. It can now clearly be seen that there is a strip in the middle which is 9 in . wide. This 9in. strip can be cut out and a piece of hardboard is substituted lor it. (Fig. 6).

This piece of hardboard is substituted because it can easily be removed since it is only screwed on to two strips of wood, which are screwed to the sides of the cabinet. Dovetals are now cut on both ends of the back picce and lley should be the same size as those cut on the front: the corresponding sockets should then be cut on the side pieces. When the joints have all been cut and cleaned out with a chise;

## COMPONENTS LIST

One Garrard 4HF transcription motor. A suitable amplifier. Six small rubber feet (three for each cabinet). Two loudspeakers, 8 in . or 10 in . x 6 in . units and two small pieces of fret to fit inside of the two small speaker cabinets. One piano hinge, about 2 ft long, and two stays for the main cabinet.

## Timber for Speaker Cabinets

Two pieces, 14 in . $x$ 10in. (back peices). Two peices 14 in . x 6 in . (side pieces). One piece, $14 \mathrm{in} . x 10 \mathrm{in}$. (front piece). One piece, $12 \mathrm{in} . \times 12 \mathrm{in}$. (top piece). All the wood is $\frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in}$. mahogany.

Two pieces of $\ddagger \mathrm{in}$. plywood, 12 in . $x 12 \mathrm{in}$., cut as required, one piece for the bottom, the other to fit tightly inside the cabinet.

French polish, screws and glue, etc.

## Timber for the Main Cabinet:

Five pieces of oak-faced block board of $\frac{3}{2} \mathrm{in}$. thickness, cut as required for the front, back, two sides, top of lid, motor board and the bottom board.

One piece of $\frac{1}{2}$. hardboard to screw into the back of the cabinet.

Four pieces of teak, 18 in . $x 2 \mathrm{in}$. $x 2 \mathrm{in}$. for the legs, and two pieces of beech size 17 in . $x 3 \mathrm{in}$. $x$ ${ }^{3} \mathrm{in}$. thick.

Eight pieces of batten, as required for the motor board and bottom board mounting runners. Screws, glue, polish and four metal tips to fit on to the end of each leg.


The bottom board of the cabinet, is also $\frac{0}{4} \mathrm{in}$. oak faced block board. The reason for this thickness is because this board has to withstand the weight of the


Fig. 3.--The top of the cabinet is made to overlap $\frac{1}{2} i n$. on all sides.
cabinet when it is finished. Referring back to Fig. 4, the bottom board may be seen as a dotted line. As can be seen from Fig. 6, the bottom board is secured by a rebate which is cut on all four sides of the bottom board, and also all the way round the actual cabinet. This rebate is cut so that when the bottom board is fixed in position, it draws level with the bottom of the cabinet. The motor board rests on runners which "are lin. square and are screwed and glued right the way round the cabinet. The motor board in the original was $1 \frac{1}{3}$ in. below the level of the top edge (Fig. 6).

## The Legs

The four legs are the last of the parts required to construct the main cabinet. The originals were machined on a lathe and tapered from $1 \frac{3}{4}$. to $1 \frac{1}{4}$. They are glued into a piece of beech which measures 17 in . $x 3$ in. $x \frac{3}{4} \mathrm{in}$. Two such pieces of beech are needed, one for each end of the cabinet.
the five pieces can be glued together, that is the front, two sides and the two back pieces, making sure that the corners are right angles.
When the glue has set, the joints must be planed smooth and the lid can be sawn off, taking care to make sure that the saw does not cut "rigidly" or a bad fit will result. A suitable top of $\frac{3}{4}$ in. block board can then be glued on to the four sides of the lid and later planed down to obtain a good fit, but the lid however, should not be screwed on at this stage.
Fig. 4 (Right).-This shows the dovetail ioints employed m the main cabinet.


When the legs have been turned, measure an inch down from the thickest end. From the top to this line, the leg should be reduced until it is only 1 in . in diameter (Fig. 7). This is repeated for all four legs. A hole is drilled at each end of both pieces of beech iust under an inch in diameter to ensure a good fit (Fig. 7). The four legs are then glued into these holes and the piece of beech planed to the required angle which is illustrated in (Fig. 7). The two pieces of beech are then glued and screwed to the bottom of the cabinet, one at either end. A secure joint is essential here. Black oak stain and a coat of french polish completed the legs on the original model.
The lid can now be screwed in to position taking care to align it correctly and a suitable lid stay screwed on to one side of the cabinet. The cabinet can now be stained or french polished and the inside of the lid could be covered with baize so that the lid


Fig. 5.-A plan view of the main cabinet.
does not produce any vibration if it is dropped accidentally. When the cabinet has been polished, the oak facing gives a pleasing appearance to the finished model.

## Mounting the Motor and Amplifier

The player in the illustration is a transcriptionmotor. Although a monaural amplifier was used, a stereophonic amplifier could be used instead, thus the reason for making two loudspeaker cabinets. The two loudspeakers would then be connected to their appropriate channel and placed about cight feet apart.


Fig. 6.-The motor board is supported by wooden runners.

The amplifier was mounted with the controls at the front, and with a well ventilated cabinet, the amplifier should not overheat. Incidentally the piece of hardboard that screws on to the rear should have a few holes drilled in it to help ventilation. Two strong brackets were used to support the amplifier as it was rather heavy because of the two trans-
formers. The amplifier was mounted so that a space to the right of the player was saved so that a VHF tuner could at any time be added.

## Mounting the Player

The player is not difficult to mount. A suitably sized hole is cut out of the motor board and the player lowered on to its springs and with the aid of a


Fig. 7.-Details of the legs and their mounting board. spirit level, the three screws are adjusted until the player is in a horizontal position. A word of warning would not be out of place here. When the author acquired his transcription motor a fault was apparent. The motor was mounted in the proper manner as directed in the instructions with the unit, but when the player was started, there was a noise coming from the motor instead of running silently as it should. The motor was examined and the fault traced. The three core lead taking the power to the motor was touching the motor board, but as soon as this lead was separated from the motor board, the noise disappeared.
The motor has only to be connected to the power supply and the pick-up to the amplifier, and the loudspeaker(s) to the amplifier(s) and the player is ready for use.

## Combined Radio and Table Lamp

## (Continued from page 801)

## Constructional Notes

The final form of this set can be so very varied to suit individual requirements, existing chassis, cabinets and so forth, that comments on constructional details will be of a general rather than specific nature and mainly as a guide for the less experienced constructor. Neither need strict instructions be given about actual wiring-up. The important thing is to prepare a plan before starting so that nothing is omitted and of course it must be carried out so that connections left until the end are not inaccessibly buried beneath earlier wiring and components. The following plan is good advice for anyone requiring some guidance:

1. Mount all large and fixed components which require bolting to the chassis, including valve sockets, tag strips, etc.
2. Start wiring with all the routine connections, the "pipe-lines" of supply, starting with the heaters, continuing with chassis," and H.T. connections, etc.
3. Leave the "signal path" until near the end.
(To be continued)

## REPORTS OF CURRENT ACTIVITIES

## BRITISH INSTITUTION OF RADIO ENGINEERS

9 Bedford Square. London, W.C.I.
Meetings for December:
London-At the London School of Hugiene and Tropical Medicine, Keppel Street, Gower Street, W.C.I.
December 7 th at 6,30 p.m.-"Flight Evaluation of Airborne Electronic Equioment ${ }^{\prime}$. H. G. Hınckiey.
December 13 th at 6.30 p.m.-"Objective and Subjective Requirements tor Loudspeakers" F. H. Brittain.

Liverpool-Merseyside Section.-At the Adelphi Hotel.
December 14th at 7 p.m.-"V.H.F. Sound Broadcasting", L. G. Dive (Associate Member).

Newcastle-upon-Tyne-North Eastern Section.-At the Institution of Mining and Mechanical Engineers, Neville Hall, Westgate Road.
December 7ih at 6 p.m.-"Human Engineering", S. C. Ramsay, B.Sc.

Southampton-Southern Section.-At Lanchester Building, Universitv of Southampion.
December 14 th at 7 pim.-"Some New Piezo-electric Devices",
A. E. Crawford (Member).

Wolverhampton-West Midlands Section.-At the College of Technology. Wulfrune Street.

December 14th at 6.15 p.m.-Programme of Technical Films. BRITISH SOUND RECORDING ASSOCIATION
Hon. Sec.: S. W. Stevens Stratten, 40 Gairfield Way, Ewell, Surrey.
All meetings, unless otherwise stated, are held at the Royal Society of Arts, John Adam Street. Adelphi, London, W.C.2. A lending library service of technical books and periodicals is available to all current members of the Association who aro residing in the U.K. Full list of books and publications is available on request to the Association office. A library of tape recordings of talks on varied subjects is also available.
Future Events:
December 16th-"Magnetic recording in the Home Cinema" by $D$. O'C. Roe.

1961:
January 20th-"Modern Electrostatic Microphones" by F. W. O. Bauch.

February 17th-To be announced.
March 17th-"The Artist on the Record" by Roger Threlfall. Aprit 21 st-"Recording Vision Signals on Tape" by P. E. Axon, о.в.е., m.SC., Ph.D., M.I.E.E.

## CHILTERN AMATEUR RADIO CLUB

Hon. Sec.: C. Simpson, 2 Mead Street, High Wrcombe. Bucks. Club meetings are held on the last Thursday of each month at the British Legion, High Wycombe, at 8 p.m. The R.A.E. course which commenced at the High Wycombe College of Further Education recently has a class of 10 under the instruction of G3INZ.

Future Event:
December 29 th. -"This or That."

## CLIFTON AMATEUR RADIO SOCIETY

Hon. Sec.: C. Bullirant, G3DIC. 25 St. Fillans Road, London S.E. 6.
The club meets every Friday at 8 p.m. at 225 New Cross Road, London S.E.I7. Although attendances have been around the 30 mark recently there is still room for new members, and licensed amateurs, short-wave listeners and audio enthusiasts are welcome.
DERBY AND DISTRICT AMATEUR RADIO SOCIETY
Hon. Sec.: r. C. Ward, 5 Upiands Avenue. Littlover, Derby.
All meetings are held in Room No. 4, i19 Green Lane, Derby, commencing at $7.30 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. unless otherwise stated.

Fulure Events:
December $\mathbf{T i h}_{\mathrm{h}}$-Surplus Sale.
December 9th-Annual Christmas Partv
December 14th-Film Show.
December 21 st-Open Evening.
1961.

January 4th-Surplus Sale.
January 11th-Open Evening.
January 18th-Film Show.
January 25th-Constructor's Night. The third of these annual exhibitions. There are three classes: $1-$ Home Constructed; 2-Kit assembled; 3-Junıor entries.

February 1st-Annual General Meeting.
HALIFAX AND DISTRICI AMAIEUR RADIO SOCIETY
Hon. Sec.: A. Robinson, G3N1DW, Candy Cabin, Ogden, Halifax.
On December 6th, G3IGW entertained the club with "Where,
When and What to Look For".
Future Event:
December 20th-An Informal Evening.

LIVERPOOL AND DISTRICT AMATEUR RADIO SOCIETY Hon. Sec.: H. James, G3MCN, 448 East Prescot Road, Knotty Ash, Liverpool 14.
On November 15 th a Junk Sale was held and November 22 nd was an Open Night. On November 29th, G3LRB and G3KYX gave talks on "Safety in the Shack". G3LRH conforming with regulations and G3KYX dealing with the medical aspect.

## MITCHAM AND DISTRICT RADIO SOCIETY

Hon. Sec.: M. Pharoah, G3LCH, 1 Madeira Road, Mitcham.
The Club Contest was heid on November $12 / 13$ th and $19 / 20 \mathrm{th}$ The station was at 216 . St. Helier Avenue, Morden, and the equipment was provided by G3LCH (transmitter) and G3OCA (receiver). Operators were G3KKQ, G3LSP, G3OCA and G30FF. On December 2nd K. Frankcom, G3OCA, gave an interesting talk entitied "Round and about with a Camera".

Future Event:
January 13th-"Life Boat Radio Equipment" by W. D, Pye.

## PETERBOROUGH AMATEUR RADIO SOCIETY

Hon. Sec.: D. Byrne, G3KPO, Jersey House, Eye, Peterborough.
All future meetings will be held at the Technical College on the first Friday in each month.
The mysteries of "Single Sideband" were explained by Mr. K. Pugh, G3HES, at the November meeting, held at Peterborough Technical College. Members took a keen interest in his recentlyconstructed all-band S.S.B. rig, and Mr. Pugh pointed out how he had built it on separate sub-chassis which were later bolted together.

Future Event:
January 5th-"Short-wave Receivers".
REIGATE AMATEUR TRANSMITTING SOCIETY
Hon. Sec.: F. D. Thom, G3NKT, 12 Willow Road, Redhill. Surrey, Recent activities have included a talk by G3VK, on "R.A.E.N.", a tour of Gatwick Airport, a Junk Sale, a visit to the BBC Studios at Maida Vale and a discussion on aerials for the S.W. listeners. The clubroom is at The Tower, High Strett, Redhill.

Future Events:
December 10 th, at 7.30 p.m.--Demonstration of members* equipment.

1961:
January 21st-The Annual General Meeting.
February 11th-Annual Dinner to be held at Laker's Hotel, Redhill.
THE SLADE RADIO SOCIETY
Hon. Sec.: C. Smart, I10 Woolmore Road. Erdington, Birmingham 23.

The Club Station G3JBN at the headquarters, The Church House. High Street, Erdington, Birmingham 23, is available for the use of members for constructional purposes. Thursday evening neetings include informal discussions, operation of the club transmitter. and instructional morse classes. A licences operator of G3JBN is always in attendance on Thursday evenings. Slow morse transmissions are radiated on the aur each Monday evening from station G3AYJ on $1.9 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$ from $8 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. to $8.30 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$.

Future Events:
December 16th-_"Fun and Games", organised by Mr. L. H. Blackwell and Mr. G, L. Turner (Members).

December 30th-"The Human Machine as a Radio Operator" a recorded lecture, illustrated with lantern slides by Mr. F. G. H. Charman, B.E.N. (G6CJ).

## WANSTEAD AND WOODFORD RADIO SOCIETY

Hon. Sec.: J, R. Seaman, 67 Beattyville Gardens, Ilford, Essex.
Owing to the fact that many junior members have now loined the club a iunior section is to be held every Thursday. Morse practice and lectures on fundamental radio principles, and a recerving session are the main leatures. No definite plans have yet been made for the luture although a iwo or three paged news-sheet is being started and a field day is being discussed.

## COURSE OF INSTRUCTION

MIDDLESEX COUNTY COUNCIL
Head of Institute: E. N. Fenneli, B.Sc., Wesley Institute. Wesley Road, Londoo N.W. 10.
A Radio and Television course will be held on Mondays and Wednesday, between 7 and 9 p.m., recommencing lanuary 9 th 1961. Mr. Barnes wal! geain be in charge and due prominence will be given to television copics in the classes. The sourse covers theory and some practical work. It is manly intended fos amateurs. Fees: $20^{\prime}$ - per two terms, one evening; $25 /$-per two terms, two evenings. You may enrol by post to "Jeanvilie", Brighton Road, Addiestone, Weybridae Surrey.
(Continued on page 810)

# ANNOUNCING THE OFFER OF THE YE, <br> <br> HARVERSON'S SUPER STEREO 

 <br> <br> HARVERSON'S SUPER STEREO}

The product of a world-renowned manufacturer, this stereo amplifier is composed of a nur compact "ready-built" units, only requiring interconnection. This system has the big advan being easily adaptable to fit any cabinet. Each unit is extremely well made from firstograde c nents, and all valves employed (ECL82, EZ80 range) are genuine Mullard. The compreh instructions supplied with each kit make the simple interconnection of units easy even for the novis

## THE KIT COMPRISES...

TWO MIDGET AMPLIFIERS each capable of $3 W$ output. The reproduction is good, enabling you to get the best from both your stereo or monaural recordings. Both amplifiers are complete with welldesigned output transformers providing perfect matching to standard $3.7 \Omega$ loudspeakers, and have remote bass, treble and volume controls. Size $5^{\prime \prime} \times 2 \frac{1}{2}^{\prime \prime} \times 3^{\prime \prime}$ high (each amplifier).
CONTROL UNIT, this is a flying panel fitted with three 2-gang fotentiometers, enabling the bass, treble and volume controls of each amplifier to be positioned in the most convenient place in your layout. These dual controls are equipped with attractive cream and gold knobs and an escutcheon is provided for the complete panel.
SEPARATE POWER PACK complete with valve reatifier, although of midget size ( $5^{\prime \prime} \times 2^{\prime \prime} \times 3 \frac{1}{4}$ " high), provides power for complete amplifier equipment.
ISOLATED MAINS TRANSFORMER of robust construction is a separate unit and may be mounted independently.
VOLTAGE SELECTION PANEL. Consisting of a panel fitted with the "valve base" type of mains input selector and a channel output socket.
ONE LOUDSPEAKER, a good quality 5 -inch speaker, specially selected for this equipment. (Note: The second speaker may be purchased from us for an additional 14/6.)

CREAM DOUBLE PUSH BUTTON SWITCH of attractive design gives positive on/off switching action.
INDICATOR LIGHT. This pilot light provides visual indication that the equipment is operating, and is complete with an attractive gold-finished escutcheon.
This kit, which is complete in every way, is exclusive to HARVERSON'S, who are proud to present it at the amazing price of

PLUS $3 / 6$ POST \& PACKING
FOR MORE BARGAINS SEE OUR OTHER ADVERTISEMENT On PAGE 77I

## HARVERSON SURPLUS CO. LTD.

 83 HIGH STREET, MERTON, S.W. 19

CHErrywood 3985/6/7

$\star$ Sensitivity 20,000 o．p．v．D．C． 1,000 o．p．v．A．C． t 20 Ranges．
夫 D．C．Current $50 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ ，to 1 Amp ．
$\star$ D．C．Volts 0.3 v ．to $1,000 \mathrm{v} .(25 \mathrm{kV}$ by probe）．
＊A．C．Volts 10 v．to 1,000 v．
＊ 3 Resistance Ranges from 0－20 megohms （self－contained）．
＊Meter $40 \mu \mathrm{~A} 34^{\prime \prime}$ arc．
t Accuracy D．C． $3 \%$, A．C． $4 \%$ ．大 Dimensions $5 \mathbf{3}^{\prime \prime} \times 33^{\prime \prime} \times 1 \mathbf{3}^{\prime \prime}$ 。

PRICE：$£ \mid 0.0 .0$

Credit Sale Terms available 9 monthly instalments of 6． 1.4 .4

Complere with instruction Manual and interchangeable test prods and clips．High quality leather case，if required，£1．12．0． H．V．Probe for 25 kV V ．．．E4．15．0
Write for j fullest details to：

## NEW VALVES！

Guaranteed Set Tested
24 HOUR SERVICE
1R5，185，1T4，3S4，3V4，DAF91，DF91，DK91， DLA2 DL94，SET of 4， $18 / 6$ ，

| $1{ }^{12} 5$ | 71－ | DL | $5 / 11$ |  | ${ }_{7 / 16}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $4 / 8$ |  |  |  |  |
|  | $5 / 11$ |  | ${ }_{7}^{1 / 6}$ |  |  |
| 504 | 4／3 | EBL | 121 |  |  |
| S | 96 |  |  |  |  |
| 6A | ${ }_{218} 7$ |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1／8 |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | EC |  |  | 3 |
| 6Vbc |  |  |  |  |  |
| 6VBGT | － |  |  |  |  |
|  | 419 |  |  |  |  |
|  | 11. |  | 718 |  |  |
|  | 88 |  | 5 |  | \％ |
|  | 5／3 |  |  |  |  |
|  | 11／9 | EF | 8／f |  |  |
|  |  |  | 7 |  |  |
| DAF | 48 | ${ }_{\text {E }} \mathrm{E} 5$ | ${ }_{73} 7$ |  |  |
|  | 9／8 |  | $7 / 8$ | UF |  |
| DF | 89 |  |  | U |  |
| ${ }^{\text {DH77 }}$ | \％ | Ez80 | － | पL |  |
| ${ }_{\text {DK3 }}$ | 11／\％ | GZ38 | ${ }_{818}^{818}$ | UY21 |  |
| DK | 713 |  |  |  |  |
| ${ }^{\text {DK9 }}$ D ${ }^{\text {ch }}$ | 88 | PCC8 | $7 / 3$ | UY | 1 |
| DL35 | 818 |  | 8 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { VP4I } \\ & \text { Fin } \end{aligned}$ | （1） |
| Postage 6d．per valve extra．Any Parce tnsured Against Damage in Transit 6d．extra Any C．O．D Parcel $2 / 6$ extra． Office address，no callers． |  |  |  |  |  |
| GERALD BERNARD 90 CARR MANOR AVENUE LEEOS 17 |  |  |  |  |  |

LEEDS 17


# A Mains Capacity Tester 

CHECKING DIELECTRIC INSULATION

By R. R. Staney

IHIS unit was designed to fulfil the need for a simple and effective means of testing most types of capacitor found in radio equipment. All components are obtainable on the surplus market and the total cost of the unit should not be much more than ten shillings.

## Uses of the Tester

Electrolytic and non-electrolytic capacitors of 150 VW and above can be tested on the unit. Apart from indicating the two main faults likely to be found in old or surplus capacitors, the unit will enable the user, with a little experience, to assess the condition of capacitors.


Fig. 1.-The circuit diagram (with S1 and S2 in the "off" position).

As will be seen from the circuit diagram (Fig. 1), the unit has a neon indicator in series with a source of D.C. supply and the capacitor under test. The D.C. supply is obtained through MR1, and smoothed by an $8 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ electrolytic capacitor. This value is not critical, and if available a double electrolytic could be used with both halves connected in parallel to give $8 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ or above. Experiments showed that a value as low as $4 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ was quite satisfactory.

In the "off" position of S1, C1 is shorted through R1 thus discharging C 1 and the capacitor under test through the neon indicator. In the "on" position, R1 is put out of circuit and the mains supply connected to the unit. By closing S2 the neon and its series resistor R3 are by-passed by R2. The object of this arrangement is to reduce the charging lime required by highvalue paper capacitors and most electrolytics under test.

## The Neon Bulb

The neon used in the prototype is of the type found in "mains lesting" screwdrivers and panel mounting indicators. However, a $\frac{1}{4}$ or $\frac{1}{2} \mathrm{~W}$ pygny neon bulb will be found equally satisfactory.


Fig. 2.-The component layout.


Fig. 3.-The circuit modified for a D.C. supply.

COMPONENTS LIST
R1 4.7k
R2 10k ! W
R3 See text. ${ }_{4} \mathbf{W}$
C1 $8 \mu \mathrm{~F} 350 \mathrm{~V} W$
$\left.\begin{array}{l}\text { S1 } \\ S 2\end{array}\right\}$ See text.
MR1 Metal rectifier, 250V, 30 mA .

Neon See text.
Two wander plugs and sockets. Two bulldog clips.
smallest leakage through the panel will give an indication on the sensitive neon.

Two insulated test leads will be required, fitted with wander plug at one end, and bulldog clips at the other. The clips should be covered with large diameter plastic sleeving. In the prototype, the component panel was housed in a simple plywood box $2 \frac{1}{2}$ in. deep. This could be shallower if required as the actual depth of the mounted components is less than 1 !in.

## Using the Unit (Noneelectrolytics)

When Sl is depressed, with a good capacitor connected, there should be a flash from the neon as it charges and then no further indication until Sl is released, when a flash will occur as the capacitor under test discharges.

If a capacitor is short circuited the neon will glow continuously. If it is leaky, the neon will flash with a irequency depending on the amount of leakage. Reliable indications are given by the unit with capacitor values down to 500 pF . (Short circuits, of course, are indicated whatever the value.)

## Using the Unit (Electrolytics)

The procedure here is somewhat different, and although it may appear to be lengthy, in practice it is simple and quick. For convenience and ease of reference the procedure is given in a table. It
should be noted that with electrolytics, polarity should be observed when testing them on the unit. On the prototype, capacitors up to $300 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ have been tested. Capacitors should be fully discharged before handling by depressing $\mathbf{S} 2$ while still connected to the unit. It is beneficial to electrolytics not in use to fully charge and discharge them several times in succession on the unit, as this helps to "form" them.
The tests should be carried out consecutively and in the order shown.

| Action <br> Depress SI. | (a) Neon lights. (May dim or <br> go out after shart period <br> with low values.) | Remarks |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | (b) Neon open circuited. |  |

## CLUB NEWS (continued from page 806.)

LEEDS AMATEUR RADIO SOCIETY
Hon. Sec.: D. Dinsdale, 69 Spen Lane, Leeds 16.
Meetings are held at 4 Woodhouse Square, Leeds 3.
An interesting lecture on aerials was held on November 30th
with Mr. A. R. Bailey, G31BN as the speaker.
Future Events:
December 7th-Visit to Kirkstall Power Station at 7.30 p.m.
December 14th-Christmas Rag Chew.
1961:
January 4th-To be arranged.
January 11 th-Junk Sale.
January 18 th-Vistit to G.P.O. Parcels Office at 7.30 p.m
January 25th-Film Show.
February 1st-Transmitting Evening.
February 8th-Open Night.
February 15th-"Amateur T.V." by D. Waison.
February 19th-Visit to Odeon Theatre at 10 a .12
February $21 \mathrm{st}-\mathrm{Mullard}$ Film Show at the Hotel Metropole.

LLANELLY AND DISTRICT AMATEUR RADIO CLUB Hon. Sec.: H. J. Hughes, 4 Pen-y-Morfa, New Dock, Llanelly. The Chairman of the club, Mr. Arthur Jenkins, GW3HIR announces the opening of its headquarters at Bynea Steelworks Llanelly. All interested radio amateurs and short-wave listeners should contact the Hon. Sec. for information on membership and club activities.

## NORTHAMPTON SHORT-WAVE RADIO CLUB

Hon. Sec.: S. F. Berridge. G3ITW, 20 Ethel Street, Northampton. Meetings are held every Thursday at Allen's Pram Works, 8 Duke Street, Northampton. Meetings are held at 7 p.m. and the annuat subscription is $7 / 6$ and $3 / 9$ for those under 18 years of age. At the reçent Annual General Meeting the following officers were elected. President: B. Sykes, G2HCG; Chairman: P. L. Hunt, G3FWB; Vice-Chairman: M. A. Perry, G2ANS. Hon. Sec.: S. F. Berridge, G31TW; Hon. Treasurer: S. Haddon (re-elected). Committee Members: R. F. Perrett, G3HWE and C. F. Robinson, G3HZF. Junior Committee Members: A. J. wazelwood and P. Crane.

# CHECK with the 

9


2
DRDERS


4

by post
wil rebeve OUR PROMPT
ATTETIOA
5


EASY TERMS
AYAILABLE

## EXCEPTING

AUTO-CHANGES

Three numiature Fisireq and Metal Rectiner, A.C. mains 200/250 F. Internal molulation of $400 \mathrm{e} . \mathrm{p}, \mathrm{s}$. to a depth of 30 lier cent: Modulated or unmednlated R.F, output continuously variable 100 millivolta C.W. Acolwasy 42 luer cent.
0. SIGNAL GENERATORS. Chah \&4.19.6 or $25 /$ - leprost and 4 monthly pasments oi $21 / 8, P_{\text {. }}$, $P$. $5 / \%$ Coverage $120 \mathrm{kc} / \mathrm{s}$ to $8 \frac{\mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s} \text {. Uase }}{}$
 $230-250 \%$ Internal modniation of 460 c.p.s. to a depth of 30 per cent, moblulated or tumodilated R.F. ontput continuonaly variable 100 millivgits. C. W. And mod. awitch variable A.F. output and rooving coil ontput meter. Accuracy to $\geqq$ per cent.

1. BATTERY RECORD PLAYER AND AMPLIFIER, t5 r.p.m. "StarI" motor. "Acen" eryatal pick-11p, 3 transiato pusht-pull amplifier complete with tpansistorm. Out put 500 milliwatis, 49/6. P. \& P. 3/6.
2. 8-WATT PUSH-PULL AMPLIFIER COMPLETE WITH CRYSTAL MIKE
 ti ralres. H.F. wea.. 2 triodes, 2 outmut pens acd rectitier. For mse with all makes and tope of pick-up and mike. Negative teed brek. Two inputs, mike aud gram. and controks for same. heparate controls for Baws and


 £4.19.6. $P$ \& $I^{2}, 7 / 4$ or $20 /$ - leposit plus $P$. \& $P$. $7 / 6$ and 4 monthly payments of $93 /$.
3. B.S.R. MONARGH UAB WITH FUL-Fl HEAD. 4-Rpeded, playg 10 recorde ${ }_{5}$
 lein. records of the arme speed. Has mannal play ponition: colour, browt.
 haseboard sian. Fitted with finl-Fi surnover crystal heal. 20.18, 8, P. \& P. 5/-

4. TRANSISTOR TESTER. For bolh P.N.P. and N.P.N. tramaigtors lrborporat-
 arain and leakage. 19/6, P. \& P. 2/6.
5. PUSH-PULL OUTPUT STAGE hehmive of transist.ors with fuput and ont pht tranniormers to match 3 ohme speech coat, suitable fon use with the

6. PORTABLE AMPLIFIER, On printed circuit for A.C. Maina $200 / 250 \mathrm{v}$. Size 4 xin. with tone and volume control. Valves: ECLS2 and EZ80. 38/6, P. \& P. 2/B.

## RADIO \& T.V. COMPONENTS (Acton) LTD.

3-TRANSISTOR POCKET RADIO With MINIATURE SPEAKER, FERRITE
ROD. PRINTED CIRCUIT And GERMANIUM DIODE. The only 3 transistor radio available at the price. Binht it in $L$ eveaing! Tunabie over $M / L$
 hadleriws ubtainable anywhere 10d.). 22/6, 1'. \& P, 1/6. (Aill parts available sepstately. 3 -TRANSIST OR SUPER POCKET RADIO wilh MINIATURE SPEAKER. Plus

 diarran $1 / t i$, 1ret with kit. All parts of items 1 and 2 sold separatejy. DOUBLE BEAM "SCOPE" Ior D.C. and A.C. APPLICATIONS. A high ablo, extremely stable ditierbatial $I$-annibinier (30 mi/C.M.). Provide ample gensitivily will A.C. or D.C. impms. ERpeedalf smitable for measurements on tramsistan operating crinditions where mantednace of D.C. levels is of paramonur importance. ''ush-puli X amplifier; Fly-back auppresaion: Internal
 for cherking 'TV lite O/F Transformers, etc. and CRT Rightnasp Hohblation. A.
 ACIDC POCKET MULTLMETER KIT 2 in moving coil meter scate
 0 , Ohiliarmpe $0 \rightarrow 10,0-100$. Ohing range $0-10,000$. Front - bous (ior ohms zero metting), togele (19/6, P \& $1 / 1 / 6$, Wiring djagram $1 /=$ ire with kit. CHANNEL TUNER. Will bune to all Kantle sor 16-19 or 33-38. Can be mindifed
 MAINS TRANSFORMERS. All with tapped primaries, $200-250$ volts, 0 - 160 ,

 7. WOLSEY 3-ELEMENT FOLDED DIPOLE. J.T.V. Aerial lese mounting dracket for external use, complete with 12 yds of cossial cable, 18\%; CYEP.
8. CYLDON TURRET TELETUNERS $1 \mathrm{~F} 34 / 38 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$. Brand new complete witb bisunit ior channelg 2, 4, 8 and 9. Less valver, $10 /$ - P. © P. 2/6. Pair of knols to anit, 3/6. (Valres required P.C.C. 84 \&.C.F. 80 ).
9. 8IGNAL GENERATORS. Cash £8.19.6 or 25/m deposit and 6 monthly pavimpina of $21 / 6 . \mathrm{P}$ \& $P$. $\bar{n} /-$ - Coverage $10 n \mathrm{kc} / \mathrm{s}$ to $100 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{g}$ on funda



23в HIGH STREET, ACTON, LONDON, W.3.

ALL ENQUIRIES S.A.E
GOODS NOT DISPATCHED OUTSIDE U.K.


The performance of a portable tape recorder is severely limited by the space available for its internal loudspeaker.
The connection of a high quality external speaker will reveal hidden detail in your recordings, and the Wharfedale PST/8 is an ideal choice.
This unique, patented enclosure design gives optimum results with Wharfedale 8 in . foam surround units which are available in a range of impedances to suit all machines.
Descriptive literature sent free on request.


PRICE cabines only \&10.10.0 finished in walnut. oak or mahozany vencers.〔7.10.0 in whitewood.


Recommended units Bin. Bronze/FS/AL 44.6.7 inc. P.T. Super 8/FS/AL 66.19.11 inc. P.T.

## Wharfedale

## WIRELESS WORKS LTD IDLE*BRADFORD YORKS

Telephone: Idle I235/6 Telegrams: "Wharidel" Idle, Bradiord

## Gladstone Radio

PUSH-PULL AMPLIFIER 84.15 .0 p. ${ }^{(3 / / P}$.)
Brand new 200-240 A.C. mains. Bass, treble and vol. controls on flying panel. Valves EZ80, ECC83 and 2-EL84 giving full 8 w . Chassis $12 \times 3 \frac{1}{2} \times 3 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in}$. With o.p. trans, for ${ }^{2-3}$ ohm speaker. Suitable for Crystal Mike Input.


TWO-TONE BROWN RECORD PLAYER CABINET (With Motgr Board for Autochanger) and Gramophone Amplifier to fit Cabinet for $\mathbf{5 5 . 5 . 0}$ ( $5 /$ - carr.). Size $17 \times 15$ $\times 8$ itin. Brand New.
State which Board-B.S.R. or COLLARO.


## COMPLETE TAPE RECORDER for only £19.19.0

B.S.R. deck. Two-tone leatherette case. Acos crystal mike. 850 ft . tape, extra spool. On/Off「one and Vol. $7 \times 4 \mathrm{in}$. Speaker. It hrs. playing time. Single speed $39 \mathrm{in} . / \mathrm{sec}$., fast forward and reverse, mike and radio inputs, ext. speaker socket; cannot be accidentally erased, $13 \frac{1}{2}$ z 12 $\times 8 i n$. Weight 20 lbs . 12 months guarantee. Carr. 7/6 extra. Terms: $£ 6$ down and 6 monthly payments of $50 /$.
B.S.R. "MONARDECK" FOR TAPE SINGLE SPEED. Our price only $£ 8.10 .0$ including 850 ft . 1 st grade tape, carr. pd.

COLLARO STUDIO TAPE TRANSCRIPTOR 3 MOTORS. 3 SPEED. Push Button Controls, $£ 12.10 .0$ (10/-carr.)

## AMPLIFIER FOR STEREO WORK



Beautifully finished wood cabinet with "gold" and brown dividing strip and "gold" finished fabric front. Size 13 x 7 in. front to back $4 \frac{1}{\mathrm{i}} \mathrm{in}$. Sin. P.M. speaker. ECL 82 valve with metal rectifier. Vol. tone, on-off. 82/6 (3/- p. \& p.).

AMAZING OFFER!!! BRAND NEW 6-12 VOLT D.C. REVERSIBLE MINIATURE MOTORS AT A FRACTION OF MAKER'S PRICE.
Weight 2.1 ozs. Motor dimensions 1 tin. long. 1 tin. dia. Spigdie 0.4 in . long. . 077 in . dia. Consumption 0.72 watts of load. 7.68 watts on load. Speed 7.000 r.p.m. Switch. Centre off reverse by switching either side. General specification. These motors have a tremendous power-weight ratio, are extremely efficient. Can be used on 6 volts without great loss in power. Precision built in polythene housing. Self lubricating. With sintered bronze bearings. Easily mounted. Supplied Brand New and Guaranteed, 15/6, p.p. $1 / 6$. Special price for quantities over 50 .

FOR ADDRESSES SEE THE OTHER ADVERTISEMENT FOR GLA DSTONE RA DIO ON PAGE 785

# CONVERSION OF THE P.W. A.C. "CORONET" 4 TO RADIOGRAM 

# THE "STEREO" MODIFICATION 

By J. B. Wilmot (A.I.P.R.E.)

## (Continued from page 688 of December issue)

THE motor of the gram playing unit can be conveniently wired in parallel with the primary of the mains transformer on the "Coronet" chassis, this giving the advantage that when the main receiver on/off switch is operated, this also controls access of mains current to the motor. All is now in order for playing a record through the completed instrument. and it will be found that there is more than adequate volume available for domestic purposes, and that, thanks to the bass boosting characteristics of the 655 stage, provided a good quality 8 in . or 10 in . diameter speaker is used, a really pleasing standard of reproduction results.

## Addition of Stereo Gram Facilities

The simple modifications described in the foregoing paragraphs can be easily tackled by the novice; if, however, the more ambitious project of conversion to "Stereo" operation is contemplated, it is recommended that this be attempted only by the more experienced constructor. The basic requirements are, that in addition to a pre-amp stage feeding into the existing EBL31
valve, a "duplicate" two-stage audio amplifier (Channel B in Fig. 8) must be provided, the two channels being fed from the stereo pick-up head, and their respective outputs fed to separate loudspeakers. This, of course, results in considerable additional demands on the power supply, and modifications to the existing "Coronet" power supply are required.

## Alternotive Valves

Theoretically, the two "channels" should be identical, however. EBL31 valves are both expensive and physically large, and it was found that in a modest installation for normal domestic purposes a valve of reasonably similar characteristics can be quite satisfactorily employed, and the author has used the modern EL84, as this is both small in size, modest in its demand for H.T. supply. and has the desired high-slope characteristic. It was found that the rotal H.T. consumption, when the two channels were operating, was just under 100 mA , so that the mains transformer originally incorporated in the "Coronet" should be replaced by a component rated at $250-0-250,100 \mathrm{~mA}$, with provision for a valve heater current in the region of 3 A . Such a component is readily available, and it is suggested that one of the fully shrouded. upright mounting pattern should be obtained. The cut-out in the "Coronet" chassis should be filled in with a suitable aluminium panel, and the new


Fig. 8.-All new or amended wiring for the stereo modification is shown by continuous lines; the original wiring by dotted lines.
transformer mounted on top. This will then leave space beneath the chassis for mounting a 100 mA smoothing choke, to replace the first stage of resistance smoothing ( 2 k wire-wound) in the original "Coronet.". This will both improve the standard of smoothing, and minimise the voltage drop occasioned by the increased demand for H.T.; in actual fact, the H.T. voltage output to the anode and screen circuits of V1, V2 and V3 will be slightly increased, but this was found to have no harmful effects. The smoothing choke should be mounted so that its axis is at right angles to the laminations of the mains transformer mounted above the chassis, in order to obviate any danger of hum induction.

## Increased Power Supply

The existing GZ32 rectifier valve is well able to cope with the increased power supply, demands and, as can be seen from Fig. 8, the existing $30 / \mathrm{F}$ electrolytics are retained. H.T. for the new preamp and output stages is drawn from the junction of the smoothing choke and the 33 k resistor, i.e., after the first stage of smoothing. It will be observed from the theoretical circuit (Fig. 8) that slight modifications have been made to the circuitry of the EBL.31 valve. The original 0.25 M potentiometer (volume control) has been removed, and a 220 k fixed resistor wired in its place, between " bottom" of the diode filter and the cathode of the valve; thus this resistor now hecomes the "load" across which audio voltages are set up. The $0.02 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ capacitor, formerly wired between slider of volume control and 470 k grid leak resistor. is now re-wired between the diode load resistor and the "Radio" position on the radio/gram changeover switch.

## Volume Control

A double section ganged volume control, of 0.5 M , is mounted in the position vacated by the original "Coronet" volume control. and is wired between the rotor of the radio/ gram switch and earth, while its slider is connected to the grid of the EBL 31. The volume control thus acts as grid leak resistor for this valve, and the former 470 k fixed resistor is no longer required. It is suggested that the section of the dual volume control nearest the chassis front panel be used for the feed to the EBL 31 (i.e., Channel A). As dual volume controls with a combined on/off switch are in somewhat short supply, and also deeper in size than can be conveniently accommodated in the space available. it is assumed that a component without on/off switching will be used. This necessitates the provision and wiring in of a separate on/off switch. muunted either at some convenient point on the radiogram control panel, or actually in the mains lead of the receiver.

## Stereo Balance

The reason for the circuit modifications is that it will enable the circuit of the Channel B amplifier to be made identical; in particular, it ensures that the signals from each channel pass through an identical number of capacitors between input and output. Lack of attention to this point would result in undesirable phase discrepancies between the two channels, making proper stereo balance impossible.

The pre-amplifier stage must now provide separate amplification and bass-boost for the two channels, and so the 635 of the previous design is replaced by a 6 SN 7 valve, which is virtually two 6J5 valves in one envelope; each section being identical in circuit and component values to the single channel pre-anp previously referred to, with the exception of the fact that means are provided of altering the "gain" of Channel B in respect of Channel $A$, so that correct stereo balance can be obtained. For this purpose, the 100 k resistor wired between input socket and grid of the first valve stage in Channel $A$, is replaced in Channel 8 by a 250 k potentiometer, which may


Fig. 9.-The drilling details for the additional stereo chassis.
be of the pre-set type. Once adjusted, it should not need further attention unless valves in the two channels age unevenly.

The outputs from the two sections of the 6SN7 are fed to the radio/gram changeover switch-this time, of course, both "poles" are utilised-when switched to "gram", the Channel A signal passes via the front section of the dual volume control to the EBL31 output stage of the "Coronet" chassis. The Channel B signal is fed through the rear section of the volume control, to the EL84 output stage, mounted on the pre-amp chassis. When switched to Radio a signal is fed only to Channel A for monatural reproduction.


This set can be buill for $£ 7.19 .6$. Size $6 \times 3$ 聯 $\times 1$ ing. Weight 17 or. Thas sel covers mediun waveband 1901500 betres intermediate frequency, $470 \mathrm{kc} / \mathrm{s}$ using 4 transistors (Esliswan) and 2 diodes on a printed circuin board, plus a $2 \nmid i n$, moving coil speaker. Instruction book with point to point wiring diagram. $2 / 6$ each. Batteries. PP4 (Ever Ready) 2/- each

## LABGEAR OUTPUT METER

## £2.19.6 <br> Complete Kı P. \& P. 2/-

At last a Meter at the right price tor the bome consiructor. An accurare Audio Power Otitnut Meter. Iwo ranges 25 mlW to IW and IW' to IOW. Accuracy $5 \%$ matched for 3. 15 600 ohms with inst. and tech. data. New 3-in. $0-1 \mathrm{~mA}$ meter.


NOT GOVERNMENT SURPLUS

## FERGUSON VHF/FM TUNER

This F.M. adaptor is completely selfcontained and can be fitted to any A.C. Great y Reduced mains radio gram or radio with P.U. E13 sockets. Valves 2-EF80s. ECH80. Inpui P. \& P. 2/-200-250v. A.C. range $80-98 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$. LIST PRICE 18 gns.

## YOUR EXISTING RADIOGRAM OR RECORD PLAYER CHANGED TO STEREO BY OUR STEREO ADAPTOR

Tech. Dala 2 valves EF80 and EL84. Swith control for Stereo and Mono Dual volume and tone control. Output 3 ohms. sutable for use with Acos GC/71 GP/73 and Garrard GC/10. Complete
P. \& P. $2 / 6$ with wlrung diagram.

## COSSOR BATTERY PORTABLE 67.7.0 ${ }^{\text {rash }}$

This extremelv sensinve battery-operated set has a printed circuit and $\operatorname{Sin}$. speaker. A frame aerial fitted in the lid gives high quality listeming on L and M Bands.
LIST PRICE 13고 gns.

## CARTRIDGES

Collaro Studio O .. $18,-$
Collaro Studio P .. 18/-
B.S.R. .. .. $18 /-$

## RECORD CHANGERS

B.S.R. UA8 comp.
with latest " ${ }^{\text {ful-fi" }}$
cartridge -

## Stereo

Collaro Conquest,
4 -speed anto. $\therefore$ Garrard RC 120. 4 -speed atito. Collaro Junior. 4speed Single Play Comp. with Arm and P.U. .
P. \& P $3 / 6$
£6.19.6 £7.19.6
$£ 7.19 .6$
9 gns.
$£ 3.15 .0$
6

## SPEAKERS

$3 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in}$. SPEAKER . . $17 / 6$ Sin. SPEAKER $6 \underline{2} \mathrm{in}$. SPEAKER 8in. SPEAKER SPEAKER . . $15 /-$ $8 \times 5 \mathrm{in}$. SPEAKER . $19 / 6$ $10 \times 6 \mathrm{in}$. SPEAKER 25/12 in . SPEAKER .. 32/6 P. \& P. 2/6.

## "SUPER-THREE"

Transistor Pocket Radio
Printed circuit rechnique using Kit of Parts 2 Surface Barrier type tranastors one A.F. Trans and one Diode. Ferrite acrial, fully Iunable on LW and MW. Uses $2 \cup 161 \frac{1}{2}$ volt batteries. And easily assembled by the begmoner.

COSSOR BATTERY PORTABLE SPECIAL

P. \& P, 3/6

LIST PRICE 12\& gns
A printed circuit. Sin. sneakers are teatures of this battery portable. An interna ferrite rod aerial for $L$ and M Bands. A polythene wrapper provided to protect receiver. Width 10 in , beight 6 inin., depth 5 tin.

## TAPE RECORDERS <br> THE "MAGNAPHONE"

A first class tape recorder at a reasonable price. Separate Treble and Bass controls for replay. facilities for monitoring and mixing. 3-speed Collaro Studio deck. and many other refinements. Ontpur 4 watts.
$3 \int$ Complete with crystal microphone with lead and jack plug. $5 \frac{3}{3} \mathrm{in}$, reel of tape and spare reel and spare lead for recording from radio.

## THE "VOGUE"

Another fine recorder fantastically cheap. It also uses the Iamous Coliaro Studio 3-speed tape deck. Separate inputs for

## 29 gns.

21/-P. \&F. \&ins. microphone and gram, recording, tone Complete with microphone, reel of tape and spare spool.

## RECORDING TAPE OFFER

FAMOUS MAKE P.V.C. BASE ON PLASTIC SPOOL 1800 th on 7 in . spool .. $32 / 6$ 1200fi on 7 in spool ... $21 /$ 1200 ft on $\mathrm{S}^{3} \mathrm{in}$. spool.. $22 / 6 \quad 850 \mathrm{ft}$ on $5_{4}^{3} \mathrm{in}$. spool .. $16 / 6$

## THE LATEST MINIATURE EARPHONE

 FOR TRANSISTOR RADIOSThis lightweight sunerbly made instrument enabies yot to listen 111 to your radio wherever you are. Ideal for all lomms of travel, etc. Provides excellent reproduction and can be worn without any discomtort, complete with transparent earpice. 3fi. of fine flex, plug
 and socket.
Crystal earpiece as illus. High Imp. $10 /$ Usual price $£ 1.1 .0$ Magnetic .

Lov Imp.

- P. \& P. 1/-.


## SUB-MINIATURE'TRANSISTOR PARTS

We can now supply all sub-mıniature parts for the home constructor-transformers, coils, condensers, resistors-from our large stock of component parts.

## SEND 8.A.E. FOR FREE PRICE LIST

 OR PAY US A PERSONAL CALLWIRECOMP ELECTRONICS 378 HARROW ROAD, LONDON, W. 9 TEL: CUNNINGHAM9530 Hours of business: 9 a.m. to 6 p.m. Open all day Saturday. Opposite Paddington General Hospital. Buses 188 and 36 pass the door.
 SUCCESS WITH R.C.S.


## BUILD THIS AMAZING RADIO POWERFUL PERSONAL PORTABLE



* All batceries self-contained.
* Can be built in I hour.
* Covers medium waves.
* Loud clear tone.
* Selective tuning
* All parts are sold separately.

This delightful set is designed to give you a completely personal portable radio.
Bronze-finished case, Ideal for the beach. the bedroom, the office-in fact anywhere


40/. add $1 / 6$; over POST FREE

## KINGSMERE SUPPLIES LIMITED



25 FOAMCOURT WAY, FERRING, WORTHING, SUSSEX

## Two Channel Tone Control

Simultaneously tone control of the two channels is also required, and as the author was unable to find an advertiser offering dual section potentiometers of the desired 50 k , a 2 -pole, 3 -way switch was fitted to the same dimensioned extension panel as described for monaural gram modification, and arranged so that three fixed settings of the top-cut could be switched into circuit as desired. With the switch fully anticlockwise, the 10 k and 33 k resistors are placed in series between the $0.02 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ capacitor and chassis. thus giving minimum topcut; when turned to the central position, the 33 k resistor is cut out of circuit, giving medium topcut, and in the fully clockwise position, the $02, \mathrm{~F}$ capacitor is wired direct to chassis. giving maximum cut. It is desirable. that the resistors are of at least $10 \%$ tolerance, or better still $5 \%$, otherwise serious discrepancies might arise between the effect of the tone control on the two channels.

By careful planning, both the 6SN7 and the EL84 stages can be easily accommodated on the same chassis size ( 6 in . $x 4 \mathrm{in}$. $\mathrm{x} 2 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in}$.) as the previous design: indeed it is a simple matter to modify the chassis of design A to conform to that for design B , and it may well be that some constructors will carry out modification $A$ as a first step. before proceeding to the more ambitious design, and this procedure can be followed without difficulty. The drilling details are shown in Fig. 9. from which it will be seen that, apart from the necessary provision of a hole $\frac{3}{4} \mathrm{in}$. in diameter, to accommodate the EL84 valveholder, hole B is now re-positioned somewhat nearer the chassis bend and, instead of carrying the gram input socket, is now a grommeted hole giving access for wires to the primary of the Channel B output transformer. Further holes are drilled in the rear chassis runner for fixing the output transformer, which is mounted horizontally on the outside of the chassis. A new input socket, of the three-pin type, is mounted behind hole $F$. which should be drilled to suit, and hole $E$ is to accommodate the pre-set balance control.


Fig. 10.-The radio/gram switch for the stereo unut. (Channel " $B$ " is out of circuit when switch is on " radio".)

## Wiring Instructions

As it is probable that only the more experienced constructors will undertake this modification. it is not proposed to give detailed point-to-point wiring instructions. The circuit diagram, read in conjunction with Figs. 10 and 11 should provide all
necessary information. Warring is again given to guard against possible short circuits when making connections in the single screened cable between the volume control, radio/gram switch, etc.

## Testing

When the wiring has been completed and checked, and a loudspeaker connected to the output transformers of each channel, the "hum" test with a screwdriver blade can be carried out. This time, when the blade is presented to the live input

Component List for "Stereo" Modification
Chassis (6in. x 4in. $\times 2 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in}$ ).
16s.w.g. Aluminium panel (5in. x $2 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in}$.).
International octal valveholder.
B9A Valveholder.
3-pin chassis mounting plug and socket, with screening cover.
2-pole 2 -way switch.
2-pole 3 -way switch.
Control knolos, to match existing "Coronet" type-2.
5-way tagstrip (centre tag earih).
2-way tagstrip (one end earth).
6B.A. solder tags-2.
18 in . Twin twisted PVC flex (heater wiring).
12 in . Single PVC flex, red (H.T. lead from
"Coronet" to pre-amp).
18in. Single screened wire.
$\frac{3}{8} \mathrm{in}$. Rubber grommets- $\mathbf{3}$.
8 , F 350VW electrolytic capacitors-2.
$25 \mu \mathrm{~F} 25 \mathrm{~V}$ W electrolytic capacitors- 3 .
$0 \cdot 05 \mu \mathrm{~F} 450 \mathrm{VW}$ tubular capacitors- 2 .
$0 \cdot 02 \mu \mathrm{~F} \quad 450 \mathrm{VW}$ tubular capacitors-2.
$0 \cdot 1 / u \mathrm{~F} 450 \mathrm{VW}$ tubular capacitors-2.
6SN7 Valve.
EL84 Valve.
Output transformer (matching EL84 to $3 \Omega$ speaker).
3П P.M. Ioudspeaker (of size and type for reasonable match to exisiting "Coronet" receiver speaket unit).
Dual pattern ( 6.5 NI potentiometer (volume control).
250k Linear potentiometer (balance control),
Smonthing choke, rated to carry 100 mA .
Mains transformer, 250-0.250, $100 \mathrm{~mA}, 6.3 \mathrm{~V}$, 4A. 5V. 3A.
On'off switch (panel mounting "Toggle", or "Push Button" for insertion in mains lead).
Nuts and bolts. connecting wire and sleeving as required.
Resistors:
$1 \mathrm{k} \quad \frac{1}{4} W-2$.
22k $\frac{1}{4} W$-2.
68k $\frac{1}{4} W-2$.
$100 \mathrm{k} \frac{1}{4} \mathrm{~W}-1$.
220k $\frac{1}{4} W-1$.
470k ${ }_{9}^{1} W$-2.
10k (5-10 per cent tolerance) ${ }_{4}^{\mathbf{x}} \mathbf{W}$ - 2 .
33k (5-10 per cent tolerance) $\frac{1}{4} W-2$.
10k $\frac{1}{2} W-2$.
47k $\frac{1}{2} \mathbf{W}-2$.
sockets, first one speaker and then the other should respond. If all is well, fit the 3 -pin plug to the stereo pickup lead (live wires to the outer prongs, screen to the remaining prong), wire the mains supply to the gram motor, and all is ready for a trial run. It is recommended that an ordinary monaural L.P. record be first played. Turn up the volume control to a comfortabla listening level. and carefully adjust the balance control until the sound appears to come from a point midway between the two speakers, which should be placed not less than four feet apart, facing into the centre of the room. If this effect cannot be obtained from a normal listening position, it is probably because the two speakers are out of phase. To correct this, switch off, and reverse the connections of one of the speakers to its relative output transformer, and repeat the test: it should now be possible to centralise the sound source. Now play a stereo record, and verify that left and right channels are being reproduced by their correct speakers; one of the demonstration records is ideal, as the spoken commentary will quickly establish the identity of the two channels. If the output is reversed, change over the pickup leads to the live input sockets.

For reasonable results, the speaker chosen for the additional channel should be as similar as possible to the original. If the "Coronet" was formerly operated with a small 5 in . or $6 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in}$. speaker it will be well worthwhile obtaining two new 8in. speakers.

## Housing Cabinets

It is essential that the completed equipment be housed in suitable cabinet. either in a single extra wide console housing both speakers. or, of course, the modified "Coronet" and Channel A speaker can be housed in the traditional type of radiogram cabinet, and the Channel B speaker in a separate


Fig. 11.-The three position top-cut tone control for simultaneous operation, of channels " $A$ " and " $B$ ".
cabinet. enabling the two to be placed at a convenient distance apart. Final adjustment of the balance control should be carried out with the equipment mounted in the cabinet.

The results obtained by the author have been very gratifying, and well up to the standard of commercially produced stereograms costing very much more than the overall cost of the "Coronet" and its modifications. Thus to anyone already possessing a "Coronet" receiver, the cost of an adventure into stereo will be quite reasonable. There is little doubt that many other receivers, both home constructed and commercially manufactured. could be adapted to stereo along similar lines: and the constructor of reasonable experience should have little difficulty in drawing up a design.

A list of components required for both modifications of the "Coronet" receiver is given: all components are easily obtained from advertisers in Practical Wireless.

## RELIABLE RADIOGRAM

## (Contmued from page 797)

coil trimmers, the cores of $L 5$ and $T 1$ being left as they are. During the whole procedure C3 should be set to approximately half capacity as mentioned earlier. Final slight adjustments are permissible to ensure optimum operating conditions. It should be appreciated that this is only a "rough and ready" method of alignment.

## The Speaker Enclosure

This was constructed from thick plywood and the dimensions can be ascertained from Fig. 10(a). Two ports approximately 6 in square are cut in the top and bottom of this cabinet to permit air to circulate freely to the equipment in the main cabinet above. In the front of the cabinet an aperture is cut for the speaker after first positioning the retaining bolts. Gold fret slightly larger than that actually required is then stretched taut over the whole front where $\frac{3}{4}$ in quadrant is placed to retain it. The edges of the fret are trimmed away once the quadrant is fixed firmly, thus leaving a neat finish.

The necessary legs are easily obtainable at handicraft stores etc.. either polished or plain and with or without brass ferrules. thus making possible a modern styling. The cabinet is comparatively simple to construct, and since only the wood at the sides and the quadrant is visible, finishing is soon accomplished.

Where a speaker is already available and separately housed the arrangement depicted in Fig. 10(b) can be adopted or, alternatively, a speaker may be built into the main cabinet as mentioned earlier.

## GENERAL COMPONENTS LIST

One 4 -speed Autochanger (BSR Monarch). One 240 V pygmy bulb and holder.
One equipment cabinet (The "Nordyck," by Record Housing Ltd.).
One 10in. speaker unit (see text). Set of four legs. Cable, connecting wire, solder, tags, nuts and bolts, etc.
Note:-The coils in the receiver are Osmor type; L1 QA8; L2 QA9; L3 QA5; L4 QO6; and L5 QA12.

## HOME RADIO OF MITCHAM <br> (Dept P), 187 London Road. Mitcham, Surrey <br> MIT 3282 <br> Shoo hours 9 a.m. to 6-30 D.m. Wed. 9 a.m. to 1 p.m.

## "P.W." POCKET SUPERHET

All components in stock for this super pocker Transistor Portable.' Jackson 00 gang with screen and tapped spindie $11 /$-i Ardente 5 k volume control and switch 10/6; Ardente switch wafer, 3/9; Rola 2tin. speaker 27/6; miniature $\frac{1}{2}$ watt $10 \%$ resistors 4d. each; miniature electrolytics 3/- each, etc. FULL DETAILED PRICE LIST ON RECEIPT Of S.A.E.


Today's best value in 4-speed Transcription Units. Heavy, accurately machined turntable with generous bearings for steady running and freedom from wow. Adjustable pick-up weight and device for lowerint and raising pick-up from record. Hi-Fi pluę-in-crystal pick-up head for standard and L.P. records. PRICE $£ 10.10 .0$, plus $2 /$ - post. Additional plugin head for stereo 30\%.

## "EASY BUILD" TRANSISTOR AMPLIFIER

"Add-on" amplifier specially designed for use with the "Globe-King" 1000 A , but suitable for boosting any small set. Ediswan Transistors -ready drilled chassis, first grade parts, complete to last nut and bolt.

PRICE $\mathbf{6 3 . 1 9 . 6}$ COMPLETE

NEVER MIND THE WEATHER-TOURTHE WORLD ON SHORT WAVES FROM YOUR ARMCHAIR

Music from Brazil, News from America, Sport from Australia, and hundreds of amateurs talking to each other across the world. Learn the morse code and listen in to shipping, etc. You wi,l make a host of new iriends and never have a dull momens with the GLOBE-KING one valve Short Wave Set at your side. This scientifically designed set gives real long distance reception at a minimum cost. Only top grade componencs and new patenced matched coils. Kit tor set including three coils
 Send s.a,e, for leaflet.

## "CIRCUITS FOR AUDIO AMPLIFIERS'

+ 2 and 3 -valve pre-amplifiers.
t Tape amplifiers and pre-amps.
* Stereo amplifiers and pre-amps.
* Electronic mixer.
* 3, 10 and 20-watt amplifiers.

This exciting new book by Mullards covers all aspects of Hi-Fi Audio Design, including constructional data on 12 different designs. We stock all the parts for constructing these circuits, including ready punched chassis, princed front panels, Buigin components, special switches, Elcom plugs and socktes, Painton plugs, Ferroxcube pot cores, etc. Book 8/6, post $1 /-$. Set of derailed price lists for the circuits, 6d.

## WE ARE STOCKISTS

FOR THE FAMOUS HEATHKITS

ARMSTRONG STEREO MK H-EVERYTHING ON ONE CHASSIS. HERE IT IS, THE REAL ANSWER TO COMPACT HIIFI. This single unit comprises Sensitive $A M$ tuner with territe aerial, High quality FM/VHF tuner Hi-Fi 16 -watt push-pull mono amplifier. Hi-FI stereo amplifier with 8 watts push-pull each channel. Independent Bass and Treble boost controls. Factlities for tape recorder. modern streamlined
 appearance and Armstrong precision engineering. PRICE 42 Gns., or H.P. terms.

PULLIN


Wide angla of vision and
clear scales togerher with rugged printed circuit construction. Really accurate instrument with 21 ranges and sensitivity of 10.000 ohms per volt. Full details and full specification on receipt of s.a.e. PRICE $£ 12.17 .6$, post paid. Or H.P. terms. Deposit E2.7.6 and 6 monthly payments of 61.15.0, or 12 monthly payments of 18/6.

## LATEST VALVE LIST

Hundreds of different valves of all makes in stock for immediate delivery, including our famous ELPICO range ol brand new boxed valves which carry a full 12 months guaran* tee. Also all branded types such as Mullard, Brimar. Marconi-Osram, Mazda-Ediswan, etc. Send s.a.e. Ior full list.

## NYLON DRIVE CORD

Keep a handy reel of this by you always. Non-stretch and non-slip and having a high tensile strength. Supplied on 25 -yard reels for only 4/6, post paid. Brand new and made by Suflex Ltd.

## TRANSISTOR AMPLIFIER

A fantastic new range of miniature Transiscor Units. Transistor amplifier with I watt output and suitable for mic. gram, or guitar. $£ 4.10 .0$, etc. Leaflet giving full details of these amazing new miniature assemblies will be sent on receipt of s.a.e.
T.C.C. CONDENSERS-GREAT NEWS A NEW DEAL FOR THE ENGINEER AND CONSTRUCTOR. T.C.C., the grearest name in Condensers, announce a wonderlul new range. Better than ever, much smaller in size, higher ratings, AND PRICES SLASHED. Send rodar for the full list of these wondertul new condensers which are avaitable from stock.

## LOUDSPEAKERS

Brand new P.M. loudspeakers of good make. 3 ohms speech coil.

## ROUND

$3 \mathrm{in} .22 / 6,5 \mathrm{in} .17 / 6,6 \mathrm{in} .20 /-, 8 \mathrm{in} .21 /-, 10 \mathrm{in} .32 / 6$

## ELLIPTICAL

$7 \times 3 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in} .17 / 6,8 \times 5 \mathrm{in} .22 / 6,10 \times 6 \mathrm{in} .30 /=$ Please odd $1 / 6$ postoge.

## HI-FI SPEAKERS

Celestion P44 12 in. 3 or 15 ohms, £3.15.0. Goodmans Axiom 110,15 ahms. IOin., E5.0.0. Stentorian HFIO12, 3 or 15 ohms, 10 in ., $£ 4.15 .0$ Stentorian $T 816$ 8in, high Irequency unit. 15 ohms. Really puts "zing" into your reproduction, 66.3 .5 . Complate in handsome walnut cabinet $£ 10.0 .0$. Please add $1 / 6$ postage. :ull range of speakers and tweeters by Goodmans, WB Stentorian, and Wharfedale, normally from stock.
WB and Record Housing cabinets available from stock.


Turns any gramophone into a superb TAPE RECORDER! and back into a record-player in a moment !
$\star$ Plays at $7 \stackrel{\text { n }}{ }$ per sec. or 3 other speeds.
$\star$ Records direct from radio or microphone.

* Erase and fast rewind.
11 Gns.
YOURS FOR $13 /=$ DOWN AND 18 FORTNIGHTLY SUMS OF $13 / \mathrm{m}$ Ready to Record, complete with Control Unit and 600 ft . of Twintrack tape. Special moving coil nicrophone extra EASY TERMS


Gramdeck is an ingenious invention that instantly turns your gramophone into a tape-recorder and back into a gramophone at will! You simply slip it on to your turntable and you are ready to record direct-from-radio or microphone . . . the voices of your family . . . radio programmes . . . your favourite music-and you can instantly play it back through your own gramophone or radio with Lifelike Fidelity. Made by the people who make radar runs for Viscounts and Britannias, the amazing Gramdeck now brings full tape-recording facilities to every gramophone owner at little extra cost.

As easy as putting on a Record
"Real hi-fi results." "Better than many so-called hi-fi recorders . . ." These are typical comments of famous technical iournals. Gramdeck enables any gramophone owner to add superbly good taperecording facilities to existing equipment, at a fraction of the usual cost. Full details, photos, specifications, Easy Terms, etc., are given in the Gramdeck Book. Send tor vour FREE copy today.

## FREE BOOK - POST NOW :

Please send me the Gramdeck BookFREE and without obligation.

## NAME

 ADDRESSramdeck
GRAMOPNOME TAPE RECORDER
(Dept. PA815), z9-31 WRIGHT'S LANE, LONDON, W. 8
GRAMDECKTURNS A TURNTABEE INTO A TAPE-RECORDER

## LONDON'S NEW WALK-AROUND "Service with a Smile" SHOP!

## Also 24 hr. Mail-Order Dispatch Service



Oniy e5.10.0. Build this beautifui "Symphony" radio tor only $£ 5.10 .0$ Sturdy, exceptionally well finished cabinet with horizontal dial. Covers all medium and long waves. Good selectivity and very good quality voproduction. Gor A.C. mains 200 $2 \sim$ volsert knobs, etc. No knowledge needed-our silipi No knowledge T10N INVPLAPE makes It as easy as A. B. C. All our parts tested CAN BE BUILT FOR ONLI $£ 5.10 .0$ including construction envelope and everything down to the last nut and bolt. Post and packing $4 /$ extra C.O.D. $2 / 6$ extra. (Parts sold separately Comoonents prjce list it.)

|  |
| :---: |
| Nitw! the latest 4 |
| speed Autochanger. |
| B.S.R. UAl4, tew only, |
| Our Price 88.17 .8 |
| P. \& P. 3/6. BIEAND |
| NEW: the B.S.R. 4 - |
| speed Autochanger, |
| UAs. few only leit. |
| Our Price s6.19.6. |
| P \& $\mathrm{P} \cdot 3 / 6$. |
| BRAND NEWV: the |
| COLLARO Junlor |
| 4-speed record plaver. |
| (0ur Irrice 75/- |
| P. \& P. $3 / 6$. |
| If IR A 11 NED: |
| COLLARO Conquest, |
| 4-speed Autochanger. |
| Our I'rice e7.19.6. |
| P. \& P, 3/6. | RAND NEDV: the COLLARO Junior our Irrice $75 \%$. P. \& P. $3 / 6$

COLLARO COED: 4-speed Autochanger. Our I'rice e7.19.6.
P. \& P. $3 / 6$.


ROBERTS ELECTRONICS OF LONDON (Dept.PW4)
BGN HARIROWV REsAD. LONDON, W.g. Tel. CUNningham U32 Open $9.30 \mathrm{a} . \mathrm{m}$, until $6 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. incl. Sats. (We ton't close cor lunch) Come and look apounil-no obligation. We also operat 24 hoar Mail-Graler service.


#  

## NEW PRODUCTS AND DEVELOPMENTS

## MAGNAVOX IN BRITAIN

A well-known American company-Magnavoxhas now entered the British market. Magnavox, who control the Collaro company, have begun distribution of radiograms, tape-recorders, record

## $2 \frac{1}{4}$ in. LOUDSPEAKER

A new miniature loudspeaker for use in modern transistorised receivers has been introduced by the Plessey Company Limited. The magnetic circuit uses a new constructional technique to enable the overall depth to be reduced to a minimuma rod magnet is inserted into a split aluminium ring which is fitted into an accurately machined yoke. This design arrangement gives a compact, robust, unit without the use of magnet assembly bolts. The loudspeaker is available with a low impedance voice coil ( 8 to $10 \Omega$ ) for use with a matching transformer or alternatively with high impedance coils for direct connection into transistor circuits. The Plessey Co., Lid., Ilford, Essex.

## MINIATURE I.F. TRANSFORMERS

Miniature I.F. trañsformers and ratio detector transformers for $10.7 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$ are announced by Denco. The I.F. transformer IFT15 is double-tuned with tapped primary and secondary. The unloaded $Q$ of the windings is approximately 70 at $10.7 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$, and the bandwidth of one transformer is $250 \mathrm{kc} / \mathrm{s}$ at 6 dB . The ratio detector transformer, RDT2 has a bifilar wound secondary and peak separation of approxi-
players, fransistor radios, and, in 1961, television sets. The poliey of the company will be to select a limited number of dealers for their products, thus ensuring "steady stocks, stable prices and a high degree of dealer identity, associating with the public mind the quality dealer and the quality products".

The transistorised table model illustrated is batteryoperated with long battery life and high output power The cabinet is veneered with polished mahogany. Magnavax Electromes Lid., Ripple Works, By-pass Road, Barking, Essex.


The Plessey $2 \ddagger$ in. loudspeaker.


The Denco miniature components for $10 \cdot 7 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$.
$r$ ately $220 \mathrm{kc} / \mathrm{s}$. Both transformers are of miniature construction with polystyrene formers and polysivrene foil capacitors. Denco (Clacton) Ltd., 357-9 Old Road, Clacton-on-Sea, Essex.

## LOW VOLTAGE TRANSFORMERS

To meet the increasing demand for safe working voltages in commerce and industry as recommended by the Factory Acts, Gresham Transformers Ltd., have developed a range of low voltage transformers complying with B.S. 794 of advanced design and yet economical in price. These transformers reduce the dangerous mains voltage to a safe value for use with such applications as electric drills, grinders, sanders, inspection lamps, soldering irons, etc. The
transformers are totally enclosed in a robust hottinned sheet steel case and can be adapted for floor mounting, wall lixing, or for indoor use as a protable unit. They uatn also he supplied "weatherpronted". The (irestham Iramvormer Giroup, Twichenham Road, fianwerth, Milddesed.

## I.F. TRANSFORMER

A new subminiature I.F. transiormer-the "Fidis" -has been produced by the French company Orega. The unit is particularly well suited for use in pocketsized, printed-circuit. transistorised receivers. hut


Miniature I.F. transformers by Orega of France.
may also be used in all receivers where space is at a premium. It measures $\frac{5}{8} \mathrm{in}$. high and $\frac{3}{8} \mathrm{in}$. in diameter. Soldering pins are fitted for conventional mounting methods on printed-circuits. The Q of the coils is high-about 150-160. Orega, 106 rue de la Jarry, Vincennes (Seine), France.

## TAPE RECORDING ACCESSORIES

A new Tape Accessories Kit has been introduced by Multicore Solders Ltd., for recording enthusiasts. This Bib kit contains the already well known Tape Splicer, a reel of Scotch Splicing Tape on a dispenser, an additional supply of cutters and the Bib Tape Data Card Calculator. The Data Card provides information of tape spools, playing times for all

types of tape at four different speeds and in addition contains the recording times of nearly 50 orchestral works. In a packel affixed to the lid of the kit, there are 24 Tane Red labels which are, like the Splacer. avalahle sepatately. The lathels are selfathesse ansl provile an mstant identitieation of all recorded reels of taje. The surfitec is suitable for typing, or for pencil or ink and allows the titles, composer, artist, reel number, date, speed and type of tape to be noted. The Bib kit containing the five items retails at 28 s . 6d., whilst the Splicer at 18 s . 6d., and the Labels at 2 s . 6d. are available separately if required. Multicore Solders Ltd., Mavlands Avenue, Henel Hempstead, Hertfordshire.

## MICROPHONES AND ACCESSORIES

The complete range of Shure microphones and accessories is now available in the U,K. The series is very comprehensive and includes models for broadcasting, Professional recording etc. Ribbon, dynamic, controlsed-magnetic, crystal and carbon elements are mployed. Transistorised controlled-magnetic units

The Shure model 43)

are also available for direct replacement of carbon microphones. Full details and supplies are obtainable from the U.K. representative for Shure Brothers -Mr. J. W. Maunder, 95 Hayes Lane, Beckenham, Kent. (BEC 7413).

## TAPES FOR CHRISTMAS

Magnetic tape is growing in popularity as a gift, and for some weeks before Christmas, the most popular sizes of Philips tapes will be contained in a special pack. The pack is in bright colours and there is a space for the name and address of the recipient. Philips Electrical Lid., Century House, Shaftesbury Avenue, London, W.C.2.

## VALVE MANUAL

A completely revised Valve Manual for use with the Taylor Valve Tester, Model 45C and earlier versions of this instrument, Models 45A; 46A; 47A and 45B has been published. The Chart is priced at 10 s . post free and includes over 5,000 characteristics and settings. Taylor Electrical Instruments Lid., Montrose Avenue, Slough, Buckinghamshire.


## CIRCUITS FOR AUDIO AMPLIFIERS

 -a book every enthusiast will want!This new Mullard publication is a practical manual for every audio enthusiast. In addition to describing twelve of the most popular Mullard circuits, it has introductory chapters on many of the theoretical and practical aspects of high quality sound reproduction.
Whether you are interested in disc or tape, monaural or stereo, you will find that "Circuits for Audio Amplifiers" gives just the sort of information you need.
This informative book costs only $8 / 6$. The demand for it is high, so get your copy now from your local radio dealer.

## Mullard



| AZ1 | 101. | ECF82 | 1016 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| AZ31 | $10 \%$ | ECH42 | 916 |
| DAF96 | 8'- | ECH8I | 91. |
| DF96 | 81. | ECL80 | 916 |
| DK96 | 81. | ECL82 | 1016 |
| DL96 | 81. | EF41 | 916 |
| DM70 | 716 | EF50 | 41. |
| EABC80 | 91. | EF50SYL | $7{ }^{\prime}$ |
| EAF42 | 916 | EF80 | 71 |
| EB91 | 416 | EF85 | $7{ }^{\prime}$ |
| EBC33 | 619 | EF86 | 1216 |
| EBC41 | 819 | EF89 | 819 |
| EBF80 | 919 | EF91 | 519 |
| E8F89 | 916 | EF91(BV) | A) |
| ECC8I | 81. |  | $9 \%$ |
| ECC82 | 716 | EF92 | 61. |
| ECC83 | 91. | EK32 | 71. |
| ECC84 | $10 \%$ | EL32 | $4 / 6$ |
| ECC85 | 916 | EL33 | $14^{\prime}$ |
| ECF80 | 12\%. | EL4I | 91. |


|  |
| :---: |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |


| Osmor Ferrite <br> Rod <br> Osmor I.F. Trans. <br> Osc. Coil $22 / 6$ per set <br> Celestion 2tin. <br> Speaker <br> ... $26 / 8$ |
| :---: |
| SWITCHES, WAVE CHANGE SWITCHES, etc. |
| 3 pole, 4 way |
| 4 pole, 3 way .....3 3/ea. |
| 1 pole, 4 way ......2i-ea. |
| 1 pole, 12 way ...... 31 -ea. |
| 2 pole, 6 way ......31-ea. |
| 4 pole, 4 way ...... 46 ea. |
| 3 pole, 3 way ......31- ea. |
| 3 pole, 3 way, 3 <br> bank ................2/3 ea. |
| BestQuality Recording Tape |
| $1,200 \mathrm{ft}$ on 7in. spool. |
| 850ft. on 53, in. spool...18/6 |
| 600 ft . on 5in. spool...13/9 |
| 200ft. on $3 \frac{1}{4} \mathrm{in}$. spool...5/3 |
| laro Junior |
| Single 4-speed reco |
|  |
| turnover cart- |
| rice |
| Post |

FOR VALVES AND SPARES FROM STOCK - RETURN POST

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline EL84 \& PCF82 11/6 \& UBF80 ${ }^{\prime}$ \& 155 \& 6 \& 6 C5 \& 16 \& 6V6G 6i- \& 7 <br>
\hline E1.91 416 \& PCL82 11'6 \& UCC84 10'11 \& 174 \& 516 \& 6C6 \& 51. \& 6V6GT 7'9 \& 125 L 7 <br>
\hline EM34 9'6 \& $\begin{array}{lll}\text { PC } & 83 & 136\end{array}$ \& UCC85 916 \& 306 \& 5'- \& 606 \& 51. \& $6 \times 4 \quad 76$ \& GT <br>
\hline EM30 9'6 \& $\begin{array}{ll}\text { PL36 } & 14^{\prime} 6\end{array}$ \& UCH42 916 \& 304 \& 716 \& 6 CH 4 \& 816 \& $6 \times 5 \mathrm{G} \quad 71$. \& 101 <br>
\hline EM81 10'6 \& PL81 11' \& UCH81 916 \& 3Q5GT \& 916 \& 6F6G \& 71. \& $6 \times 5 \mathrm{GT} 7^{\prime \prime}$. \& 1502719 <br>
\hline EY5! 916 \& PL82 8'6 \& UCL82 11/6 \& 354 \& 716 \& 6F6M \& 716 \& 6/30L2 12'6 \& 25A6 <br>
\hline EY86 10'. \& PL83 6 \& UCL83 13'6 \& $3 \vee 4$ \& $8{ }^{1}$ - \& $6 F 1$ \& 141. \& $786 \quad 10,6$ \& 25L6GT 101 <br>
\hline EZ40 716 \& P $\times 251216$ \& UF85 91- \& 401 \& $3^{\prime}$ - \& $6 F 15$ \& 141. \& 787 8'6 \& $25 Y 591$ <br>
\hline EZ41 716 \& PY80 716 \& UF89 91- \& SR4G \& 816 \& 6.159 \& 5'. \& $7 C 5$ - \& $25 Z 4$ 91 <br>
\hline EZ80 71. \& PYBI 816 \& UL41 9\%- \& 5U4G \& 61. \& 615 M \& 616 \& 7С6 81 \& 2525 <br>
\hline EZ81 71. \& PY82 \& UL84 91- \& 5 V 4 \& 1116 \& 616 \& 516 \& 7H7 8! \& 2526 10' <br>
\hline FW4/500 \& $\begin{array}{ll}\text { PY83 } & 816\end{array}$ \& UU6 10\% \& 5 Y 3 G \& 81. \& $6 J 7 \mathrm{G}$ \& 616 \& $757 \quad 916$ \& 30FLI $10 / 6$ <br>
\hline $10^{\prime}$ \& PEN4VA \& UYIN 1216 \& 5 Y3GT \& 716 \& 6K7G \& 41. \& $7 Y 4816$ \& 30 L 15 23'3 <br>
\hline GZ32 11/6 \& $10 \%$ \& UY41 716 \& 5Z4G \& 91. \& 6K7M \& 619 \& IOFI 1216 \& 3094151 <br>
\hline HL23DD 816 \& PEN25 6\%- \& UY85 7\%- \& 6 A7 \& 10\% \& 6K8G \& 616 \& IOPI3 23/3 \& 30 P 121216 <br>
\hline HL42DD \& PEN45 10\% \& VP23 816 \& 6A8C \& ${ }^{\prime \prime}$ \& 6K7GT \& 519 \& $12 \mathrm{A6}$ 51. \& 30 PLI 1216 <br>
\hline $10 \%$ \& PEN46 7\% \& VRI05/308\% \& 6AK5 \& $5 \%$ \& 6K8GT \& $10 \%$ \& 12AH8 12': \& 5L6GT 10 <br>
\hline KT2 51- \& PEN220A ${ }^{1 /-}$ \& VR150 307'6 \& 6AL5 \& 41\% \& 6L6G \& $8{ }^{\prime \prime}$ \& 12AT7 716 \& 5L6GT <br>
\hline $\begin{array}{ll}\text { KT33C } & 816\end{array}$ \& PENA4 1216 \& VU39 (MU \& 6AMS \& 716 \& 6L6M \& 916 \& I2AU7 81. \& <br>
\hline KT61 13'6 \& TP25 10\%- \& $12,14) 819$ \& 6AM6 \& 41. \& 6L18 \& 1116 \& $12 \mathrm{~A} \times 7 \quad 81$ - \& 35Z5GT <br>
\hline KTW61 616 \& U10 $\quad 916$ \& Y63 716 \& 6AQS \& 716 \& 6N7GT \& 716 \& 12BA6 91- \& 42 8' <br>
\hline MX40 1216 \& U25 1316 \& IA7GT 12'6 \& 6AT6 \& 816 \& 607G \& 716 \& 12BE6 \% $\quad$ - \& 50L6GT 8' <br>
\hline N78 1911 \& $\cup 26$ 10\% \& IC2 116 \& 6BA6 \& 716 \& 607GT \& 916 \& 120871. \& $75 \quad 1016$ <br>
\hline $\begin{array}{ll}\text { OZ4 } \\ \text { P61 } & 516\end{array}$ \& U50 8i- \& IC5GT 1216 \& ${ }^{68 E 6}$ \& 716 \& $65 K 7$ \& ${ }^{61}$ \& 12 FGT 1016 \& $80 \quad 816$ <br>
\hline $\begin{array}{ll}\text { P61 } & 316 \\ \text { PCC84 } \\ 816\end{array}$ \& UABC80
UAF42

\% \& IHSGT 91-
INS 1016 \& 6 BH
6816 \& 91. \& 6SL7GT
6SN7GT \& ${ }_{7}^{81}$ \& 12K7GT ${ }^{6 / 6}$ 12K8GT 316 \& 142 BT 316 <br>
\hline PCC85 1116 \& $\begin{array}{ll}\text { UBC41 } & 816\end{array}$ \& IR5 716 \& 6BW6 \& $9 \%$ - \& 6SQ7 \& 913 \& $12 \mathrm{KBM} 13^{\prime}$ \& 21000 <br>
\hline PCF80 8/9 \& UBC81 1114 \& $154 \quad 1016$ \& 6C4 \& 416 \& 6U4GT \& 12\%. \& I2Q7GT 616 \& 210 VPT 316 <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

Garrard GC2 Crystal Cart|Elstone Multi-RatiolJ.B. SL8 Spin Wheel Recrifier RM4, 250v,
ridge. Black Moulded case Output Transformer, Drive Assembly, $27{ }^{\prime} 6$. Output Transformer, Drive Assembly, 27'6. $275 \mathrm{~mA}, 18^{\prime} 6$.
10 watts, 23'-. $\quad$ J.B. Solid Dielectric Westinghouse LW9 Rec- Conds., 0.005, 416 ea. tifier, $250 \mathrm{v}, 250 \mathrm{~mA}$, 19/6. Ion Traps, Type IT6, IT9, WB Stentorian HF/BCII, 5/6 each
1012,10 watts, 951 ea. TCC' Visconol Cond. BSR Monarch UA8, $0.00120 \mathrm{kV}, 101$. Record Changer, 66.19.6. Potentiometer SP5 for ScotchRecording Tape English Electric T40, 150/18, $7^{\prime \prime}$ spool, $5^{\prime \prime}$.. etc.. $13 / 6$.
Wireless World Radio Erie 6 and 10 watt Valve Data Book, 5/\%. Wirewound Resistors, Taylor Model 127a $2 /$ ea.
Multi-Meter, $\mathbf{6} 10.0 .0$. Semi-airspaced Co-axial High Resistance Head- Cable, 6d. yd.
phones, 4000 ohms, $13 / 6$. Signal Lamp Fittings, Repanco FS3 Ferrite Red, Green \& Amber, Slab Aerial, $7 / 6$. $2 / 3$ each.
Multicore Savbit Solder, 3 -way line cord. 0.2A, 5/-
Henley Solon Instru ment Iron, Model 625 24!.
J.B. "O" Gang Con denser, 365 p G, I gang. $7 / 6$. Belling Lee Diplexer L. $1338,11 \%$.

Output Transformer, 50003 ohms. $60 \mathrm{~mA}, 5 / 9$ 10" Elac loudspeakers, 25
Collaro Conquest, with
Collaro Conquest, with
Studio Pick-up, $£ 6.19 .6$.
Miniature I.F. Trans-
Mic. 391, $£ 1.19 .6$. Low Resistance ${ }^{2}$. p. Deccamatic Amplifier phones, 120 ohms, 76 pr . $\begin{array}{ll}\text { with speaker, } 85 \%-\text { - } & \text { Plastic Speaker Cabi- }\end{array}$ with speaker, $85 /--$
Bib Recording $\begin{aligned} & \text { Plastic Speaker Cabi- } \\ & \text { nets for } 5^{\prime \prime} \\ & \text { unit, white, }\end{aligned}$ Splicer, $1816 . \quad 15$ '.
Mullard Circuits for Acos Mic 40, with folding Audio Amplifiers, 8/6. stand, $19 / 6$ each
TRF Kit Complete, E5.10.0.

Trans., BSRAF333, 36\%
for Pye V4, etc. 55/2. Transcripor f17.19.6.
Repanco DRR2 Dual Celestion $2 \frac{1}{2}^{\prime \prime}$ square Repanco DRR2 Dual Celestion $2 \frac{1}{2}$ squar
Range Coil, with re- Loudspeaker, $26^{\prime} 8$.

Microphone Transformer 100-1 ratio, 12\%. Elac $8^{\prime \prime} \times 5^{*}$ Loudspeaker 25/6.
Garrard TA Mk.lI, Single Player, 68.10.0', TSL Crystal "Stick" Microphone MX3, 45/-, Geloso 9010 Telephone Adaptor, 45'
Repanco Mini 3, 3 Transistor Kic, $£ 7.10 .0$. Pifco All-in-one Radio Meter, $32^{\prime} 6$.
Repanco TT 10 Push-pull Output Trans.,' $12 / 6$
Linecord 3 way, 6.3A,
600 ohm per $\mathrm{ft}, 119 \mathrm{yd}$.
$4^{\prime \prime}$ Square Tweeters, Elac
or Plessey, 12/6.
100 Assorted Resistances $\frac{1 / 1}{}$ watt, $12 / 6$ per 100.
Crystal Cartridge BSR Type TC8, 15/6 ea. Diodes-OA8I, GEX 34, OA70, etc., 41. ea. 7" Plastic Tape Spool Emitape, 3/- each.
Charger Transformers $2 \mathrm{v}, 6 \mathrm{v}$ and $12 \mathrm{v}, 4 \mathrm{~A}, 2119$. Alpha range of Guaran teed Bridge Rectifiers suitable for Battery Chargers 6 and 8 volt output:
2 amp.
3 amp. $\qquad$ $7 \%$
$10 \%$
amp. ................... 1216

CATALOGUE

Our 1961 catalogue is now available. Please send $1 i-$ in stamps for your copy. Trade catalogue also avail| able. Please attach your |
| :--- | :--- |
| business letter heading. |\(| \begin{aligned} \& Range Coi <br>

\& action, 41 .\end{aligned}\)

## TERMS: Cash with order or

 D. Postage and Packing charges extra; as follows: Orders value 10 !- add 11 -; 20\%. add $1 / 6$; $40 \%$ add $2 \%$; 45 add 31 - unless otherwise stated. Minimum C.O.D. free and postage $3^{1}$-. For full terms of business see inside cover of our catalogue. Personal Shoppers 9 a.m. to 5 p.m. Mon. to Friday; Saturday $10 \mathrm{a} . \mathrm{m}$. to 1 p.m.
## TRANSISTOR TRANSFORMERS

BASIC DESIGN CONSIDERATIONS<br>By H. B. Dempsey

TIRANSFORMER coupled transistor amplifiers are usually dismissed on account of the bulk and cost of the transformer. The transtormers illustrated show that these need not be bulky, the smallest has a core size of $\frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in}$. $x$ $\frac{5}{16} \mathrm{in}$. $x \frac{1}{8}$ in:, while the others are 3 in. $x \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in} . x \frac{3}{16} \mathrm{in}$.

## The Cost of Transformer

The cost of the transformer depends upen the cost of the core. For an output stage where a high impedance load is not required, the primary inductance can be low and expensive high mu-metals need not

be used.

Experiments with normal size silicon iron cored transformers will often prove disappointing. This is due to the fact that the few milliwatts output are dissipated in magnetizing the core, the iron losses are of the same order as the transistor power. By using small laminations the core volume, and hence the iron losses, may be reduced. One source of such small laminations is to be found in high to low impedance headset adaptors.

For experimental work it is desirable to have a range of transformer ratios available and suggested ratios are:

Primary 20 tapped at 15 .
Secondary 5 tapped at 3 .
$\begin{array}{rl}\text { giving useful ratios of } 10: 1 & 5: 1 \\ 7 \cdot 5: 1 & 4: 1 \\ 6.6: 1 & 3: 1\end{array}$

## Transformer Windings

In the case of the larger transformers illustrated, a primaty winding of 2000 turns tapped at 1500 with a 500 turn secondary is easily accommodated in the avalable winding space using 40 gatue wire. The snaller transiomer has a 1250 turns primary and a 250 turns secondary, both wound with 46 gatuge wire. 46 s.w.g. enamelled copper wire proved to be the smallest size amenable to the method of winding used.

The bobbins were assembled on a mandrel of the same cross-section as the finished core, say ${ }_{16}^{3} \mathrm{in}$. square and lin. long.

## Making the Bobbin

The stem of the bobbin was made by wrapping thin paper (0.002m.) two or three times round the mandrel and applyng an adhenve between each layer.

The check, were purached out of card (U.Ulin. thick-cigarette packet and the bole for the cure chiselled uut wilh a sharperied screwditer blade, $\frac{1}{8} \mathrm{in}$. wide, to glee atplith ht on the stem. I he cheeks were titted to the stem, spaced to the core length and stuck with an adhesive and the surplus stem length trimmed ofl with a razor blade. The linished bobbin was made a sliding fit on the mandrel.

Winding was speeded by mounting the mandrel in the chuck of a wheelbrace held horizontally in a vice, and having checked the gear ratio, a check was kept of the number of turns of the driving wheel.

At the appropriate points taps were made by looping the wire and pulling it through slits in the cheeks. Care must be taken to keep the flying leads so formed clear of the subsequent position of the core. The ends of the wires were strengthened by doubling a couple of times and twisting for an inch or so to provide a stouter connection.

The primary was wound first, random fashion, followed by the secondary. As the voltages encountered are low there is no advantage in insulating the two layers with paper.

## Driver and Output Transformers

Push-pull driver and output transformers have been wound biblar fishion by the above method, winding the centre tapped secondary or primary from separate spools ol the same wire, and laying them side by side. The start and timish of the windings in this case was carefully noted as the centre tap is formed by connecting the start of one to the end of the other.

The laminations were interleaved in the core. At the low direct current levels there is nothing gained by gapping it.

Radio-metal and mu-metal laminations are expensive. 50 pairs of E's and I's for the smaller transformer in ratio metal cost 255 ., providing enough for lour irambormers. A chouper core could be mate by Wome virip netak, about lisin. long by bin. wide, by U.Ulm. thek, and winding it imto the core space copyuy c-core practice, without the wint. The tianstormers dexcribed are in use as miterstage couphne arid vutput transiomer to a 3 in , Hobirig. coll loudspeaker in a three transistor T.R.F. rettex. recester. Currect matchong by means of transtormers elfectively doubles the stage gain compared with $\mathrm{R}-\mathrm{C}$ coupling. In the case mentioned, the frequency range is adequate for the speaker in use, and the set gives a fair volume for a battery drain of 5 mA at $4 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{~V}$.

#  

The Editor does not necessarily agree with the opinions expressed by his correspondents


#### Abstract

Whilst we are always pleased to assist readers with their technical difficulties, we regret that we are unable to supply diagrams or provide instructions for modifyling commerciat or surplus equipment. We cannot supply alternative details for recelvers described in these pages. WE CANNOT UNDERTAKE TO ANSWER QUERIES OVER THE TELEPHONE. If a postal reply is required a stamped and addressed envelope must be enclosed with the coupon from page iii of cover.


## CRYSTAL SET RECEPTION

$S^{I R}$,-With reference to D. J. Connolly's letter (Practical Wireless, October issue), I should like to say that, although not a common occurrence, to pick up Moscow and Prague on a crystal set is not too out of the ordinary, provided, of course, that conditions are favourable.

I have heard Radio Moscow several times in the last year, chiefly, however, either early in the morning, when the local station has not commenced its broadcasting, or between eight and ten in the evening, when it would naturally be easier to receive stations at that distance.

However, with respect to Mr. Connolly's situation in Britain, it would appear from a map that 1 , in London, am better placed than he is for reception of Prague Radiô, but I have never heard it, although we are about equidistant from Moscow. The latter station seems to be somewhere between 210 and 225 m .-A. Lea (London, W.C.2).
$\mathbf{S}^{1 R}$,-With reference to Mr . Connolly's letter in the October issue, it is not unusual for long range reception on a crystal set.
He does not say, however, whether he was using a medium or short-wave coil, a crystal proper, or a crystal diode.
Beginners may not be aware that they can get good results with a short wave coil and crystal diode and interesting experiments may be easily made.
I have often experimented with crystal circuits and have received at good strength Finland, Sweden, France, Germany, Belgitm, Prague Radio and, of course, Moscow, which, unfortunately, is somet innes difficult not to receive stich is the power (distorted) of the signal!-A. Radmore (Wakefield, Yorkshire).

## A.C. $O R$ A.C./D.C.

$\mathrm{S}^{\mathrm{IR},-\mathrm{In}}$ answer to F. R. Aldis's (September issue) attack on A.C./D.C. equipment, I would like to point out that although there are four areas in the UK with D.C. mains supply there are very tew ships with A.C. mains. Many people join ships and have their own tape recorders, record players and receivers. Though some of the receivers are A.C./D.C. and can be used with the 220V D.C. supply, the other equipment cannot. The only solution is a rotary valve or vibrator converter which is very expensive and I have repaired too many for my liking.

There is only one ship's broadcast A.C./D.C. receiver with a good S.W. coverage and the only record player out in any number that is A.C./D.C. costs $£ 12$ more than the same model with A.C. only. Why this big difference for three valves and a couple of dozen components.
My opinion is that there is insufficient A.C./D.C. equipment, especially tape recorders (gramophones cannot tes played in a rolling ship). There is not a single A.C./D.C. tape recorder reasonably priced.
The only danger with A.C./D.C. equipment is when people play with the "innards" when the set is switched on!-H. Jordan (Bluff, New Zealand).

## MODULATION

SIR,-On studying the circuits of various transmitters, I find anode and screen modulation is most popular. This method of modulation requires a reasonably higl power of audio. To avoid using up extra space, more money, power, etc., surely it is possible to modulate the R.F. from the V.F.O. or crystal at a low power stage and then feed this modulated C.W. to the succeeding stages? This system would appear to be much simpler than an entire A.F. amplifier and would generally be a highly efficient way of effecting modulation. It is not, as tar as I can see, ever used, so would someone be good enough to point out the snag, which unfortunately 1 am unable to see?
Returning to anode and screen grid modulation, could anybody give me a rough idea of the audio power required to modulate to 100 per cent, 150 w of R.F., also the maximum power obtainable from a pair of 807's in any push-pull, and the vaiues of the three gangs of the tuning condenser of an exGovernment 38 Mk.II Walkie-Talkie?-J. R. Miller (Crewkerne School, Crewkerne, Somerset).

## ONE VALVER

$S_{\mathrm{P}}^{1 \mathrm{R},- \text {-Looking through the November edition of }}$ Practical Wireiess I noticed Mr. K. Hamley's lenter about the oddity of his valves running on 2 V H.T. and $2 V$ L.T. I also have had the same odd experience.
My radio, too, is a one valver, using 22.5 V H.T. and $1 \frac{1}{3}$ V L.T., with earphones, bringing in M.W. and L.W. stations very clear and loud. I was listening to the radio when I thought I would check the batteries, although the set was pulling in the stations at full power. When I tested the H.T. battery the voltmeter showed 2 V . I was shocked when I found 1 was running the radio off 2 V H.T. and $1 \frac{1}{2} V$ L.T.D. Illingworth (Leeds).

## TRANSISTORS v. VALVES

$S^{I R}$,-I have been following, with great interest, your many letters on Transistors v. Valves. My own opinion is that for performance the valve is far ahead.


ALADDIN FORMERS and core，$\frac{1}{2}$ ．，8d．：lith．，10d． $0.3 i n$. FORMERS $5937 / 8$ and Cans TV1／2．Sn．84．I 2 in．and in．sq． x lin．，2／－ea．，with cores．
SOLON Midget Iron $200 / 10 \mathrm{v}$ ．or $240 / 40 \mathrm{v}$ ． $25 \mathrm{w} ., 24 / \mathrm{m}$ REMPLOY Instrument Iron． $220 / 40 \mathrm{v}$ ． $25 \mathrm{w} .+17 / 6$ ． MALNS DROPPER．3in．$x$ lizin．Adj．Bliders， 0.3 amp．， 1000 ohms，4／3．0．：2 amp．， 1000 ohms，4／3． LINE CORD． 0.3 amp．， 60 ohms per ft， 0.2 amp．， 100 ohms per it，2－way，8d，per tt，3－way，7d．per ft． LOUDSPEAKER P．M． 3 OHM．5in．Rola，I7／6． 8 in ．Plessey，19／6．6in．I 4 in ．Rola，18／－，6ifin．Rola 18／8． $8 \leq 6 \mathrm{in}$ ， $21 /-10 \times 6 \mathrm{in} ., 27 / 6.10 \mathrm{in}$ ．Rola， $30 / \sim$ 4in，Tweeter，25／－． 121 n ．R．A．，30／－ $9 \times 6 \mathrm{in} ., 25 /-$ ． STENTORIAN HF1012． 10 in ． 3 to 15 ohm $10 \mathrm{w} ., 85 /-$ ， 12in．Buker 15 wait 3 ohms or 15 ohms， $90 /$－．
 CRYSTAL DIODE．G．E．C．， $2 /-, 00$ GEXA4， $4 / \%$ ． MIKE TRANSF． $50 \cdot 1,3 / 9$ ea． lino：1．Potted， $10 / 6$. SWITCH CLEANER，Fluh squirt，ppout． $4 / 3$ tith， TWIN GANG TUNING CONDENSERS． $3 \hbar 5$ ，$F^{\circ}$ maniature lin．x $1 \frac{1}{3} 10$ ．$x$ lanin．， $10 /=0$ ．（tho5 Stáandard With trimmers，9／－i less thiuthers，8／－；midgel， 76 Soldd dielectric＇ $100,30(3,590,1 / F, 3 / 6$ ．
SPEAKER FRET．GOLD CLOTH． 17 in ． x QFin．， $5 /=$ 25 in ．$\times 5 \mathrm{in} .10 \%$ ．TyRau 4 ft ．fin．wide， $10 /-\mathrm{ft}$


| ＂REGENT＂ 4 VALVE ＂96＂ |
| :---: |
| \％RANGE |
| VALVES |
| £6．6．0． |
| －Carr． |
|  |
|  |
|  |
|  |

## PRINTED CIRCUIT BATTERY PORTABLE KIT

Medium and long wave．Powerful output． 6 in．high Flux Speaker．T．C．C． Printed Circuit and condensers．Com－ ponents of finest quality elearly identi－ fied with assembly instructions．Osmor Ferrite Aerial and Coils Rexine covered attache case cabinet．Size $12 \mathrm{in} . \times 8 \mathrm{in}$ ．$x$ 4 in．Batteries used BI26（L5512）and AD35（L5040），10\％extra．Instructions 9d．（free with kit）．Mains Unit ready made for above 3916 ．Sold separately．


1960 RADIOGRAM CHASSIS THREE WAVEBANDS FIVE VALVES S．W． 16 m －- No m．LATEST MULLARD M．W． 200 m.
L．W． 800 m.
$\mathrm{~m} .2,000 \mathrm{~m}$
m. ECH81，EFR9，EBC81，
$\qquad$ ELA4，EZ80． A．C．200／250 v．4－way Swith：Short．Medium Long－Gram．A．V．c．and Negative jeedback
 horizontal or vertical wording，size 10 n ．$\times 4$ tin． Alygued and catilurated．inolated Chassis． 89．10．0 сагr．\＆1ns． 4 ／f
MATCHED SPEAKERS FOR ABOVE CBASSIS 8iL．，17／6：10is．25／－： 12 in ．，30／－

RECORD PLAYER BARGAINS


Aneped Autochankers，R．H．K．，U．A． 8 I6．15．0 4 tpered Abluilishagerm，II．A．M Slereo．．


Gsitar．$\overline{\mathrm{I}} \mathrm{A}$ 3I．


玉IT．10．6

Volume Controls $80{ }_{\text {cABLE }}^{\text {ohm }}$ COAX
Long apindlea．Guaran－Postage id．pes yard． teed 1 year．Midget Sembair opaced tin．

 | $3 /-$ | 4／6 | Fringe Quality $/ /=$ yd |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Air Spaced． |  |  | COAX PLOS ．．1f－LEAD SOCKET

COAX PLUS ${ }^{\circ} 1 /-\quad$ LEAD SOCKET ．．$/ /-$ BALANCED TWIN FEEDER Fd，Gd BOXES or 300 obms BALANCED TWIN FEEDER Yd，fid， 80 or 300 obms WIRE－WOUND POTS， 3 WATT 80 ohms only． TV True All values 25 Whme to 25 K 3／－es $30 \mathrm{~K} ., 513 \mathrm{K}$. ，4／－．（Carbon 30 K ．，to $2 \mathrm{meg} ., 3 /-)$ ． WIRE－WOUND 4 WATT Pote．Lons Bpindle Values， 100 obma to 50 K ．8／6． 100 K ， $7 / 8$ pind
 $15 \times 14 \mathrm{in} ., 12 / 6 ; 18 \times 16 \times 3 \mathrm{in} ., 16 / 6$ ．

HI－GAIN BAND．L．T．A．PRE－AMP EIT． Cascode circuit with vaive ECC84．Price $29 / 8$ Power Pack，49／6．Plank only 6d．

CONDENSERS．New gtock． 0.001 mod． 7 kV T．（c．C．，5／6，Jitto， $20 \mathrm{kV} ., 9 / 6,0.1$ ufd． $7 \mathrm{kV} ., 9 / 6$ Tubular 500 v． 0.001 to 0.05 mfd ．， 9 d ． $0.1, \mathrm{I} /=$ $0.25,1 / 6 ; 0.5 / 350$ v．， $1 / 9 ; 0.1 / 351$ v．，$\theta \mathrm{d} . ; 0.1 / 1000$ \％i 1／9； $0.01 / 2,004, ~ \% ., 1 / 8 ; 0.1$ mid．，2，000 volts， $3 / 6$. CERAMIC CONDS． 500 v． 0.3 pF．to 0.01 mfd ． 9 d
SILVER MICA CONDENSERS． $10 \% ~ 5 \mathrm{pF}$ to 500 SILVER MLCA CONDENSERS． $10 \%$ ， $1 /=600$ pF to $3,000 \mathrm{pF}, 1 / 3$ ．Close
 to $815 \mathrm{pF} ., 1 / 9 ; 1,000 \mathrm{pF}$ to $5,000 \mu \mathrm{~F}, 2 /-$ ．

## I．F．TRANSFORMERS 716 pair $465 \mathrm{Kc} / \mathrm{s}$ SIug Tuning Minsture Cen． $1 \frac{3}{3} \mathrm{in}$ ． gin．$x$ sin．High $Q$ and good bandwidth． By Pve Radio．Data sheet supplied． <br> Weymouth Std．I．F． $465 \mathrm{Kc} / \mathrm{s} . \quad 12 / 6$ per perr．

NEW ELECTROLYTICS．FAMOUS MAKES TUBULAR TUBCLAA （HISRAF TYPES \begin{tabular}{llll|ll}
$1 / 35(1 v$. \& $2 /-$ \& an／350v． \& $5 / 6$ \& $8 / 503 \mathrm{v}$. \& $3 /-$ <br>
$2 / 350 \mathrm{v}$. \& $2 / 3$ \& $100 / 25 \mathrm{v}$. \& $3 /-$ \& $16 / 500 \mathrm{v}$. \& $4 /-$

 $\begin{array}{lllll}4 / 450 \mathrm{v} . & 2 / 3 & 250 / 25 \mathrm{v} . & 3 /- & 32 / 350 \mathrm{v} .\end{array}$ $8 / 450 \mathrm{v} . \quad 2 / 3 \quad 500 / 12 v . \quad 3 /-100 / 270 \mathrm{v}$. $8 / 500 \mathrm{v} . \quad 2 / 8 \quad 8+8 / 450 \mathrm{v} . \quad 3 / 6 \quad 2,500 / 3 \mathrm{v}$. $\begin{array}{llll}15 / 450 \% & 3 /-8+8 / 500 \% & 5 /- & 32+32 / 350 v .\end{array}$ $16 / 500 \mathrm{v} .4 /-\mid 8+16 / 4 \overline{50} . \quad 3 / 8) 32+32 / 450 \mathrm{v}$. 

$3 / 2 / 4 \overline{2} 0 \mathrm{v} .3 / 9$ \& $8+16 / 500 \mathrm{v}$. \& $5 / 6$ \& $50+50 / 350 \mathrm{v}$. \& $7 /-$

 $25 / 25 \mathrm{v} . \quad 1 / 9 \quad 16+16 / 450 \mathrm{v} . \quad 4 / 3 \quad 64+120 / 275 \mathrm{v} . \quad 7 / 6$ 

$50 / 25 \mathrm{v}$. \& $2 /-$ \& $16+16 / 500 \mathrm{v}$. \& $6 /-$ \& $64+120 / 350 \mathrm{v}$. \& $11 / 6$ <br>
$50 / 50 \mathrm{v}$. \& $2 /-$ \& $32+34 / 350 \mathrm{v}$ \& $4 / 6$ \& $100+200 / 275 \mathrm{v}$. \& $12 / 6$
\end{tabular} $50 / 50 \mathrm{v} . \quad 2 /-|32+34 / 350 \mathrm{v} . \quad 4 / 6| 100+200 / 275 \mathrm{v} .12 / 6$

SELENIUM RECTIFIER． 300 จ． 85 mA ．7／6， CONTACT COOLED． 250 v． $50 \mathrm{~mA}, 7 / 6 ; 60 \mathrm{~mA}, 8 / 8$ ； $83 \mathrm{~mA}, 9 / 6 ; 200 \mathrm{~mA}, 21 /-; 300 \mathrm{~mA}, 27 / 6$ ． colls Wearite．＇＂p＂type， $3 /=$ each．Osmor Midget
col ＇ 0 ＇type adj．dust core from 4／－．All ranges FERRITE ROD AERIALS．M．W．，8／9；M．\＆L．12／6 T．R．F．COILS．A／HF．7／－pair．H．F．CEOKES． $2 / 6$.


> JASON F.M. TUNER COIL SET, 20/-. H.F. coil. acrial coil. Oscillator coil, two I.F. trans. 10.7 Mc/s. Ratio Detector and heater choke. Circuit book usinR fou 6AM6, 2/6. COMPLETE with set of 4 Vason F.M.

FULL WAVE GRIDGE SELENIUM REOTIFIERS： 2, or 12 V． $1 \frac{1}{2}$ amp．，8／9： 2 a． $11 / 3$ ； 4 u． $17 / 6$,
OHARGER TRANSFORMERS．Tapped input 200 ／ 2 amps．，17／8；i amp6．，22／6．Circuit included． VALVE and TV TUBE equivalent books， $8 / 6$. TOGGLE SWITCEES．S．P．2／－．D．P．3／6．D．P．D．T．4／＝ WAVECHANGE SWITCHES
$5 \mu$ ． 4 －wave ${ }^{\underline{3}}$ wafer long spundle
p． 2 －way，or 3 p ．$\because$－way short quindle $\quad \cdots \quad 8 / 6$ $2 \mu$ b－way． 4 p．2－way， 4 ई．z－way long spindle $3 / 6$ 3 p .4 ＋way，or 1. iv－way toug epindle $\quad . \quad 3 / 6$ VALVEHOLDERS，Pax，Int．Out．，4山己，EF50，EAbo， 6d．Bles．CRT，1／3．Eng．and Atner．4，5．6，and B7G H8A，KB1：BUA，9d．H74 with cen．，1／6． H！f with cals．，1／9，CERAMIC Lit5il．B7G，B9A


TELEVISIUN HNPLACEMENT
 stock hlow muses ardilibie athd other Thim


## OUR ONLY ADDRESS 337 WHITEHORSE RD．， WEST CROYDON

THO 1665．Buses 133 or 68

# MICRO-MINIATURISATION 

 FOR BUILDING THE SMALLEST TRANSISTOR SUPERHET EVERWith these components you can build an unbelievably small six transistor superhet capable of receiving anything from 50 to 100 programmes under favour. able conditions. Transistor arrangement - Convertor. 2 I.F., Diode, Audio Driver and two in P.P. to give up to 300 mW . Aerial coil and Ferrite Rod Aerial available very shortly.

- FULL CIRCUIT DIAGRAMS AND CONSTRUCTIONAL DETAILS FREE.
- ILLUSTRATIONS SHOW ACTUAL SIZE OF COMPONENTS.
- TRADE ENQUIRIES INVITED.


2 GANGED TUNING
CONDENSER
With built-in trim. mers. Enclosed in polystyrene casing. Size l"sq. 17/6
$\times \frac{7}{16}$ " $d p$.


## I.F. TRANSFORMERS AND OSCILLATOR COIL

Set of 3 I.F.s and coil. Can size $\frac{1^{\prime \prime}}{2}$ high $x \frac{3^{\prime \prime}}{}{ }^{\prime \prime}$ sq. Individually checked before leaving factory. Very high Q , better than 125. Complete set...

MATCHED DRIVER AND P.P. OUTPUT TRANSFORMERS
Driver-mize $\frac{7}{16} \times \frac{7}{16} \times \operatorname{in} .:$
Output-size $4 \times \frac{1}{16} \times$ zin. Output-size $+\times \frac{9}{90} \times$ zin.
$300 \mathrm{in} . \mathrm{mW}$. Coloured leads.


Telephone: SHEpherds Bush 2581 and 4794


SOUTHERN RADIO'S WIRELESS BARGAINS
ATTACHMENTS for " 18 "' Transreceivers. ALL BRAND NEW HEADPHONES. 15/6; HAND MICROPHONE, 12/6; AERIALS, 5/-; SET OF 6 VALVES 30/-
CONDENSERS. 100 Assorted. Mica Tubular, etc., NEW, 15/-. CONTACTOR TIME SWITCHES. 2 impulses per sec.. in
Case REMO CONTACTOR. For use with above................................. $7 / 6$ LUFBRA HOLE CUTTERS. Adjustable $\frac{1}{4 *}^{*}$ to $3 \frac{1}{2}$. For Metal, Plastic, etc.
MAGNETS. Strong Bar Type. $2^{\prime \prime} \times{ }^{\frac{4}{4}}$. $1 / 6$ each.
MORSE TAPPERS. Midget Type, 2/9. Standard, 3/6. Heavy Type on Base, 5/6. ALL BRAND NEW.
PACKARD-BELL AMPLIFIERS. Complete BRAND NEW with Valves Relay. ete.. etc., 17/6 each.
 Spacing. Frequencies berween $5,675 \mathrm{Kc} / \mathrm{s}$. and $8,650 \mathrm{Ke} / \mathrm{s}$. (F.T. 243) $20 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$. and $38.8 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$. (F.T. 241 ), 54th Harmonic, 4/: each. ALL BRAND NEW TWELVE ASSORTED CRYSTALS, $45 /$. Holders for both types, $1 /=$ each. Customers ordering 12 crystals can be supplied with lists of frequencies available for their choice.
QUARTZ CRYSTAL CASES (F.T. 241/243)... $10 / 6$ par dozen. RECORDING BLANKS. New "Emidisc", ready for use. $13^{*}$ $6 /$ e each. Or 15 complete in metal case $\mathbf{6 4}$.
RESISTANCES, 100 Assorted useful values. New wire end, $12 / 6$ SPECIAL OFFER. 12 ASSORTED METERS. Slightly damaged, Mainly broken cases (perfect movements). Including 3 Brand New Aircraft instruments 12 for 45/a,
STAR IDENTIFIERS. TypeIA-N Covers both Hemispheres, 5/6 TRANSPARENY MAP CASES. Plastic. $14^{*} \times 101^{\prime \prime}$. Idea! for Maps, Display, etc MA. 5/6. 5 TRANSRECEIVERS. Type ' 38 " complete with 5 valves, etc. New condition, untested by us, bus serviceable, no guarantee,
22/6 each. ${ }^{\text {ATTACHENTS for Type "38" Transreceivers. ALL BRAND }}$ NEW. PHONES, 15/6; THROAT MICROPHONES, 4/6; JUNCTION BOXES, $2 / 6$ : AERIALS, No. 1. $2 / 6$; No. 2, $5 / 6$ WEBBING, 4/•; HAVERSACKS, 5/: VALVES, A.R.P.I2, 4/6; A.T.P.4, 3/6. Ser of fiVE VALVES, 19 /- the set.

POST OR CARRIAGE EXTRA, FULL LIST OF RADIO BOOKS, ETC., 3d.
SOUTTHERN RADIO SUPPLY LTD.
II LITTLE NEWPORT ST., LONDON W.C.2. GER. 6653

Transistors are small, compact, and light in weight, and are obviously highly suitable for use in portable receivers, where small size is important, but the quality of the sound obtained from them is by no means as good as that obtained from their valve counterparts.

Another strong point in favour of the valve is that it is now being considerably reduced in size and weight. Many receivers using modern "button base" valves are as small as the more familiar transistor portable and certainly give more pleasing results.

I have heard the performance of many midget transistor receivers and I must say that 1 am rather disappointed, to say the least.-A. H. CARTER (Manchester).

## CORRESPONDENTS WANTED

$S^{I R}$,-I am 16 years old and am very interested in radio in all its aspects, especially short wave. 1 would like :o correspond with someone of my age. Has anyone a design for a small transceiver for 6 to 8 miles.-F. Luginbuhl ( 12 rue des Rossignols Sèvres, Seine-et-Oise, France).

SIR,-I am a regular reader of your Practical Wireless, and interested in radio technology. I have recently started a course of radio engineering and I would like to correspond with any beginner ot experienced radio technician from anywhere and of any age.-U. Din (c/o Shell Co. of E.A.L.. P.O. Box 82, Kampala, Uganda, B.E. Africa).

## COMPONENT

$S^{I R}$,-Referring to Mr. Bullen's letter in the October issue, I also had difficulty in obtaining a switch of the type I required but overcame it in the following manner. I purchased a "surplus" rotary switch with five wafers and carefully stripped this down. The inner rotating disc will be found in most cases to have a metal section on each side, and this can be removed by twisting the small locating lugs. It may then be cut if required, whilst the small clips situated round the edge of the outer discs are simply eyeletted in position. These also may be carefully removed by opening the eyelets with a penknife and carefully pushing them out. They can be reassembled in any desired pattern, the slips being tapped lightly with a hammer to close the eyelets and any desired pattern assembled. It is best to buy those switches which have the maximum number of clips round the edge to cover wastage due to damage. etc.-G. HENDRY (Wembley).

## LOUDSPEAKER DESIGN

$\mathrm{S}^{\mathrm{IR},-\mathrm{Mr} \text {. Pickering's remarks in the August issue }}$ are noted, and I must confes: I had many thoughts on similar lines. Some time ago I bought a damaged speaker cheaply and used it as a source of experiment, my interest lying in better reproduction than one usuatly associates with the ordinary speaker. I did lind that the material from which the cone is made plaved an important part, but was not the be-all and end-a:l of the problem. The method of attaching the cone to the speaker (usually a spider of paper) seemed to me to play a much greater part. whilst a free-edge cone was not so sood-at least in my experiments. Could not some speaker manu-
facturer produce some data showing facts which have been collated during experiments to enable those of us who are interested to carry out our own lines of experiment.-A. Bentley (Bath).

## SIMPLE A.M./F.M.

$S^{I R}$,-My main listening interest is in Luxemburg and I have a set which is used only for this. 1 recently heard an F.M. set and was impressed by the quality, but on looking into the matter find that the set is a bit complicated. I have been trying to adapt the medium-wave A.M. set to pick up the F.M. signals, but am faced with considerable difficulty.

Has any reader found a simple method of combining these two arrangements so that one set will tune to either the F.M. or the medium waves without complicated switching and circuit changes? I am sure other readers would be glad of details of a set on these lines.-G. Porter (Melton Mowbray).

## MAINS DUAL-WAVE 2

SIR,-I have often found that simple methods generally function best, and this was recently borne out by the small mains two valve set in the October issue. I have a 4 -valver which 1 thought was quite good and 1 used it in my den for general searching, etc. When I read the dual-wave set I thought it looked easy so I dug out the necessary parts from the spares box and quickly "lashed it together". Although it did not occupy much over an hour before 1 had it working, it seems to perform better than my 4 -valver. Reaction is admittedly a little bit fussy, but no doubt use will overcome this, but it is remarkably sensitive and it is indeed hard to choose between the two sets. When the reaction is properly adjusted it is just as selective. Thanks for a really nice little job.-R. E. Turnbull (Harrogate).

## TRANSISTOR HINTS

SIR,-I have a few transistors, which I use for small experimental sets, and units. After use in two or three different situations I found to my disappointment that the leads broke off at the base. 1 therefore thought of the following idea, which I would like to pass on to other enthusiasts who have had the same trouble themselves.
I slid wire insulation over the outer two leads. Then 1 made three pin holes in a piece of thick insulation and pushed the leads through, so that they projected about tin. To these 1 , soldered three flying leads. The longer these leads are, the safer it is to solder, because the heat has further to travel to the transistor. - G. L. Patterson (Brighton).

## PUSH-PULL AMPLIFIER

$\mathrm{S}^{I R}$,-Recently, I made a push-pull hi-fi amplifier whose output valves had a common cathode resistor. However, I was told that greater output could be achieved with separate cathode resistors on the valves (EL84's).

The present cathode resistor (common) is $100 \Omega$ and by-pass a condenser of $50 \mu \mathrm{~F}$.

Could any of your readers give me the value of the separate cathode resistors that I require? I shall indeed be grateful.-J. Haskell (Fort Bombay, India).

## RADIO MOSCOW

SIR,-I read with interest the letter of R. W. L. Limebear (December issue) with reference to Radio Moscow on 217 m .

I agree that the signal strength is very good and this is because the transmitting station is located at Kaunas, Lithuania, in the U.S.S.R. The output is 150 kW .

Incidentally, the other medium-wave station of Radio Moscow currently in use in their Winter Schedule, 227 m , is located at Leipzig, East Germany.

I believe the Kaunas transmitter broadcass a home service progranme during the day time.

The short-wave stations of Radio Moscow broadcast direct from Moscow.

As regard Radio Luxembourg, the programmes are broadcast direct from Luxembourg and the excellent quality is due mainly to the output of the transmitter, 350 kW .-P. J. KenNett (Harrow, Middx.).
SIR,-May I inform reader Limebear (December, 1960) that Radio Moscow broadcasts are direct and not relayed. Moscow transmitters are the most poweriul in the world and programmes can be heard at strength throughout the whole day. Voice of America, however, does employ trawlers to relay her broadcasts and regularly announces their location and call sign. Radio Peking likewise can often be picked up on a small crystal set. Radio Luxembourg and Radio Eirean are examples of popular stations employing hardly enough power to bridge the ether. lnterested listeners should not hesitate to write to radio stations sending reports of programmes heard and their views. The result is that a wondertul new field is opened with opportunities of stamp exchange and regular mailings of literature and triendly letters in English. Every letter received from Prague, Czechoslovakia, contains a free lottery ticket and amusing literature and aerial data can be had from Eddy Startz, Radio Happy Station, which beams our way every Sunday. - E. Haines.

## CONSTRUCTOR'S GUIDE

SIR,-I have purchased the December issue of the Practical Wireless which contains the very usetiu "Constructor's Guide". I think, however, there is an error in line 5 page $15-$ " 47000 pF --or$0.0047 \mu$ F"

Should this not be $0.047 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ ?-P. L. Parker (Ipswich).
(Mr. Parker is quite correct; $47,000 \mathrm{pF}=0.047 \mu \mathrm{~F}-$ ED.)

## DRAIN PIPE EFFECT

SIR,-Your correspondent, C. E. C. (Boreham Wood)
in the December issue, is almost certainly experiencing something that the Post Office have named "drain pipe effect"

Corroded joints in lengths of pipe, electric conduit, telephone wiring, etc., act as diode mixers because of rectification properties, and then readiate the signal. The set, however selective cannot separate the programmes once modulated in this way, and it is most common for the Home Service to modulate the Light rather than the other way round. This eflect most often shows up when indoor or loft aerials are used.

The solution of course is not to pull the drain pipes apart, but to fit an aerial as clear of the building as possible. A little experiment shows the best arrange-ment.-S. J. Bragman, a.t.p.r.e. (llford).

## GUITAR AMPLIFIER

SIR,-The following information is furnished in response to readers' queries:-
Mains transformer: secondary: $275 \mathrm{~V}-0-275 \mathrm{~V}$ at $100 \mathrm{~mA}, 6.3 \mathrm{~V}$ at 3 A , and 5 V at 2 A . A standard H.T. secondary of $300 \mathrm{~V}-0-300 \mathrm{~V}$ is satisfactory

Smoothing choke: The inductance of this is not too important but the choke nust be capable of carrying 50 mA D.C. and its resistance should be about $250 \Omega$. A discarded output transformer primary is ideal.

Output "anstormer: Push-pull 10-12W 6V6 to $3 \Omega$ or $15 \Omega$.

Incidentally, if a mains transformer of $350 \mathrm{~V}-0-350 \mathrm{~V}$ H.T. secondary is used (this being a very common rating) it is suggested that a $500 \Omega 10 \mathrm{~W}$ wire-wound resistor be inserted between the rectifier cathode and the H.T. and line, mounted above the power chassis on a small tag-strip for ventilation purposes. B. L. Phillips.

## VALVE BASE TROUBLE

SIR,-I was interested to read of the problem of G. Rich (December Practical Wireless). I am a technical reprosentative in the plastic industry and ann sure the valve holders are "tracking". The problem is fundamental and inherent in all moulding materials based on phenolic or cresylic resins and no matter what fillers are used, once a path is formed across the surface, a conducting carbon track is carved in the plastic.

Fortunately there are materials which do not form this carbon track, among them urea and melamine formaldehyde plastics (not, regrettably, used very often for ordinary valve bases but mainly for domestic electrical plugs, sockets and switches, etc.

Also there are, of course, the alkyd plastics which will only track under very severe conditions (very high voltage 2000 V - and dampness), but I think Mr. Rich should change to a thermoplastic insulator or even go back to ceramic.-J. N. Allen (Manchester).

## ELECTRONIC SMOOTHING

## (Continued from page 795)

## An Example

It a 6 C 4 valve is used, R4 should be about $820 \Omega$ and R3 about $1 \cdot 3 \mathrm{k}$. A 2 k potentiometer should therefore be used for R3. The heater of this valve requires 6.3 V at 0.15 A .
The power pack :oltage should not exceed about 320 V , or the ratings of the valve may be exceeded. The resistor, R3 reduces the output voltage. In order to keep this reduction as small as possible and to keep the regutation reasonable, the output current taken from the circuit should be kept as small as possible. It should therefore be used to supply only the particular parts of the equipment which really do require a well-smoothed supply. The power supply for any other parts of the equipment should therefore be taken directly from the power pack. The heater supply for the valve used in the smoothing circuit can normally be taken from the same transformer winding as that which is used to supply the other parts of the equipment.
It has been found that the circuit shown will easily reduce hum and other ripple to less than a few millivolts. The ripple in the output of a normal power pack may be a hundred or a thousand times greater than this.


## Radio : Television <br> - Electronics

Including: Transistors; VHF/FM; Hi-Fi equipment; Computers; Servo-mechs; Test Instruments;
FOR Phote-electrics; Nucleonics, etc.

Radiostructor-an organisation specialising in electronic training systems offers a new self-instructional method using specially designed equipment on a "de-it-yourself"' basis.
You learn by building actual equipment with the big kits of components which we send you. You advance by simple steps, performing a whole series of interesting and instructive experiments-with no complicated mathematics! Instructional manuals employ the latest techniques for showing the full story of electronics in a practical and interesting way - in fact-you really have fun whilst learning! Post the coupon below, now, for full details.-


RECEIVERS \& COMPONENTS
SPEAKER REPAIRS. Cones/Fields fitted. Clock Coils Wound. L. S. REPAIRS, Pluckley. Ashford. Kent.

## SPARES - VALVES - TUBES 1830-1960

Guaranteed Perfect, set lested, nx working equipment. LoTs rrotil el. FOTs, Osc. Tr. Del. Coils. eic. cheap. FIKEL, Plcture shown to callers. 9in. $30 /-12 i n .50 /-1410.80 /-17 \mathrm{in}$. 70/-
$V$ LiLES, 3,000 types stocked. EF50. SP61. 1/- EF91, EB91, 6H6, 277 . D77, 6. $55.2 /=$ EF80 UF42, $8 F 1,6 F 13,6 A G 5, ~ U B 41, ~ 20 D 1, ~ 31-$
10F1, B36, $8 V 6, \quad$ KT61. 6SN7, LL32. B36 10F1, B36, 6V6, KT61, 6SN7, LL32. B36
6P25, 4/*, PCC84, PCF80, PL81, P1 $82, ~ P Y 81 ~$ 6P25, 4/: PCC84, PCF80, PL81, PLA2, PY81,
ECL80. PCL83, 6K25, EBC91, EY51, EL33 $54,51-\mathrm{KT33C}, 10 \mathrm{P14}, 10 \mathrm{C} 1$. UCH42, UL41,
 U801, 20P4. 6CDE 205 BT U U8, U24, U25. $101-$ 4,5 and 7 Pln, $5 / 4$ each. Pastage 6 d . "Constructor's Parcel," 2 ibs. assorted modern TVs. $/ / 8$. Postare $2 / 6$ etc. irom phone. send S.A.E. for list or with enquimes
 "IV, JHHNSHADIN", lij6 St. John's Hill,
B. BAT, 9838

REGLAIMED VALVES, tested and perfect: buge stocks; all one price, 5/- plus 6d. postage each. Delivery by return. LEWIS, 46 , Woodford Ave. llford. Esses.

| IT4 | $3 / 6$ | EB91 | $3 / 6$ | PCF80 | $7 / 6$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| IL4 | $1 / 9$ | EF91 | $3 / 6$ | PCC84 | $7 / 6$ |
| IR5 | $3 / 6$ | ECC8I | $5 /-$ | PL81 | $8 / 6$ |
| IS5 | $3 / 6$ | ECC82 | $5 / 6$ | $6 K 8 G$ | $5 /-$ |
| DK92 | $6 / 6$ | ECH142 | $9 /-$ | $65 N 7 G T$ | $4 /-$ |
| DK96 | $8 /-$ | ECL80 | $7 / 6$ | $6 V 6 G$ | $4 / 6$ |
| DL92 | $6 / 6$ | EY51 | $7 / 6$ | $12 A H 7$ | $4 /$. |
| DL96 | $6 / 9$ | EY86 | $7 / 6$ | 954 | $1 / 3$ |
| DL94 | $7 / 6$ | EF86 | $9 /-$ | EF50 | $1 /-$ |

All Brand New and Boxed. C.W.O. Over 200 Types. Available, Woodward, 16 Aubrey Road, Sherwood, Nottingham. 65504.

FOR colls for circuits in thls issue contact AJAX ELECTRONICS. 572. Fulham Road, S.W.6.

## A IN INA FE IN

Modulation Transformers. For TBS- 6 Tranx., New Boxed. 15/- post $3 /$-. For BC625 /8 ea., post $1 / 6$, For $1143 \mathrm{~A}, 2 /-$ ea. post $1 / 6$ Tranc. S1. Chassis only. Less valves, xtals Approx. 82 useful parts. No Gen. 5/- ea post $2 /-$
Alotier Chassis. With 16-B7G holders, mike transt, AF transf., 33 condensers 6 resistors, 10 tg strips. Wonderul vaiue 5/- ea. post $2 /$-.
Anvther Clussis. With Potted output ransi. 2-MO hoiders, 4-Conds. 3-Res $3-$ RFC. Again very good value at $2 / 6$ ea.
COSO Unit. Sariable turned oscillator, out put $48 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$. Complete with $6 \mathrm{~F}^{2} 33$ valve. cast ali. case. New. A mustl Only $7 / 8$ ea. post 21-.
Dtals. $4860 \mathrm{Kc} / \mathrm{s}$. British. $2 \mathrm{pin} .3 / 8$. post 6 d . Hann Transt'. 230-250 v... maing, 12 . 4 A A. v. 4 A. Out. Useful lor Car Chargers. Trains etc. $15 /-$, post $2 / 6$.
Arnpilier No. Ifis. Complete with 3-ELi32. Lutercom. ampl, and Mod. unt. New. boxed. si post, and Mod. unit. New Boxed. £1 post 3/
Periscolve Prisms. 3/- pr., post 1/9: 2 prs. Chopost $2 / 6$.
Chohes. $10 \mathrm{H} .60 \mathrm{~mA}, 1 \mathrm{~K}$. $2 /$ - ea., post $1 / 6$. AF Transhormers. $-200 \mathrm{ohm}, 1 /$-ea.. D. 11 d . rust Warning Thermostats. Low voltage 1/6. nost 7d.
-fit 4 Recr. $100-150 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$. 11 valves, $32 / 6$ BCarr. $5 /$. Tranx. $100-150 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$. 7 valves, $32 / 6$ carr 5 i., 8 C -624 and 5. in case. with to ant. E3.5
Mail Order (Mainland) only. C.W.O. ouly stamped addressed envelope for lists please. 25. ANHPIELID PLACE. OTLEY. YORGS.

RATES: $5 / 6$ per line or part thereof, average five words to line, minimum 2 imes. box No. - extru. aildressed to A fiserlisement Manager. "practical Wireless,"* Tower ifouse, Sollhampton sim, Lonton iv.C. 2.

## "WEYRAD" TRANSISTOR RECEIVER

Lovg aimplug wave rip


AM FEEINER UVIT, SUPERHET
 CONSELKUCTOR'S BOOKLET, $1 / 8$. send S.A.E. for Shopping Jists.
WE ALSA STGCK NOENTROX:

## WESTHAM RADIO SUPPLIES <br> Rear of 176, Abbotsbury Road WEYMOUTH, DORSET

COMPONENTS, Valyes, Tubes, etc. Write or phone for free list. ARION TELEVISION, 4. Maxted Rd.. Peckham. S.E.15. (New X 7152.)

AM/FM STEREO CHASSIS $£ 20$
2.5W Transistor Hi-Fi Chassis 10 cps
to $150 \mathrm{kc} / \mathrm{s}$. Transformerless. $\mathbb{L} 10$.
Parts and Equipment made to order.
BEL, Marlborough Yard, London, N. 19 Arc 5078
"HEATHKITS" can now be seen in London and purchased on easy terms. Fiee brochure. DIRECT TV REPLACEMENTS LTD.. Dept. PW/7/12. 138. Lexishan Way, S.E.14, Tideway 6666

RECEIVERS \& COMPONENTS
(continued)

## LEADER RADIO

REPANGO MINI-7
The aroacing new trabsistor set ior the bome constrintor. Seven transistorg, superhet chrcuit hlly tunatwo over hog and uedium wave. Equad 10n data (excluding betertes) THE TELETKON TAPEJAK
Converts your tape recoriler into
Converts yous tape recorder into a hiub qualit Radio Recetver. Recordiug of Radio l'rogramme drectly ou taje. High enaitivity. 25.9.0. exciudius MONABDECK
выгчы
 CRYJTAL MicROPHONES for tape recortert an FERBODYNAMIC RECORDING TAPES. Siu, BOOt
 1200ft, $25 /-7 \mathrm{la}$ Is00it, 35/-; post iree,
SPEAKERS:
WB STENTORIAN, 104t. 10 wat Hi.Fi. 3. 7 and 15 ohtus speech coli, e4.12.6, carr. 2fROLA 2 bin., 26/10, other leading uaken iu efock.
S.A.E. wih enquiries

7 VISTA WAY, EENTON, HARROW. MIDDX. Phode: WUR 40 Ity

VALVES 1/* each (tested O.K.) Radio and TV. List, stamp. 85 Charminster Avenue, Bournemouth.

CHEAP Valves, Components. Books Constructors' Kit, Crystal Set $8 / 6$ Transistor Set 19/6, Short Wave Radio 22/6. List 3d. HAMILTON RADIO (W), 13, Western Road, St Leonards, Sussex.

POWER IN PACKETS. We are now out of stock of the 6 Xtal units but would affer the remaining stock Lesss EXTALs at $17 / 6$ plus p. and p. The 1 Xtal unit remalns at $21 / *$, but hurry to obtain one of these. as these are going fast. CV. 1397 crated remain at $6 / 6$; these, tco. are going fast. 3 ohm 8 in . speakers at $10 / \sim 90 \mathrm{x}$ dy y Hts. 10/9, $90 \times 7 \frac{1}{v} 6 / 6$, $1 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{H}$ H.D. cells $1 / 6$. DIGGINS. 129/133, Radnor Street. Manchester 15.

RESISTORS.- 100 Hew, wire ended. assorted. all types. $7 / 6$ box, post free. COOK'S OF BEDFORD, 29, st. Mary's Street. Bedford.

Sigma Reiays SPDT 10,000 ohms, $1 \mathrm{~mA} 15 /-$ (1/f) 401n. American Whip Aerias with Joading coil, eltectivnly tocreakting height to $12 \mathrm{dtc}, \quad 35 /-(5 /-)$. Precisiou Infintely Variable 8peed Gearboxes, 0 to
 ohm output 24 v. input uses $1.125 J \frac{7}{7}$ and $2.8 V_{0}$ 7 x $3 \times$ इ1us., $12 / 8$ (less vulves) ( $2 / 6$ ). Kurman Relays, APDT 7000 ohms 3 aqup whtacts, 12/6 (1/6). Metal Rectitiers, 24 v .12 M . 20/: (3/6). $5 / \mathrm{t}$. P.U. Hackd, anale Rectiters, 10 in . Wide, $65 /-(10 /-)$ B.C.610 Whip Aspials 3 sections, $9 f t$ in canvaa boidati, $35 /=$ ( $5 / 0$ ). Heavy Insulsted Brnotiat Mounts lor bbove $25 /$ / $(0 / \cdot)$ BC-859 Transmitter Receivers cryatal conbollied 14 valres (leas crystaly and palves) $85 /-$ (10/-). BC-659 Power Supply Uuts, vibrator type for attachment to Tx Ka 6 v. or 12 F . Inpmit (less vibrator). 25/- ( $10 \%$ ). BC-659 Battery Box $10 T$ attoching to Tx Kx ior man pack nase, $7 / 6$ ( $5 i-1$. 50 watt Powar Amplifiers rack motunting, 330 w. A.C. nput ( $1-3 \mathrm{M} 4, \mathcal{Z}-\mathrm{PX}=\underline{-2}, 1-(\mathrm{J} 0$ ) with v/c and neter, leak valves $35 /-(35 /-)$. AVO Portable Geicer Connters for beta up Gimmua bey delmetlon, uew less bsterres $£ 12.10 .0$ (10/*). Leboratory Mains
Filter Units removes inmins borne interterence, $10 /-$

## 40 PAGE LIST OF OVER 1000 1IEMS IN

STOCK AVAILABLE-KEEP ONE BY YOU
americau Operators Tabie, buack sackte, 36 y 22 3in. Juch boxes and awitches under, ideal for unany usex, $75 /-$ (15/-). Boeing Beehive 3 hn. stand ot Insulators, 9/8 doz. (2/8). Elliott O/iV moving vold meters, 200) o.p.v. 2 ila. dla. Power Jnits, 1200 v . 200 mA smoothed from $200 / 25(\mathrm{tt}$. A.C., 1 cwt . 6 (सL) Araount in brackets is darriaure Enalnad and Wales
We have targe quantities of "Bits and Pieces" that we cannot liat-please let us have your enquirles. We can probably belp-averyone
angwered.

HARRIS, ORGANFOHD DOHSET

## ( KINGSLAND <br> ELECTRONIC COMPONENTS

## Stupendous Offers

1959 ELECTRONIC COMPONENTS
50 Assorted Resistances and Condensers. 6 Mindature Valve Holders, two Tag Strips. 40 Separate Contacts each. $3 / 9$, p. \& p. 1/9. Smatl Crassis, approx. $2 \%$ x $2 t$ x $11 n .2$ containing 2 Miniature Valves, 2 Germanium Crystal Diodes. 12 Resistances and Condensers, $2 / 9$.
HAlRGAIN IACK. Pair Throat Microphones. 150 Assorted Screws, 2 ft . 21 n . Screened Lead with socket, one 5 Henry 200 mA Choke, 3 Electrolytic Condensers, 6 Knobs, 3 Torgle $\$$ witches, 6 Octal Valve Bases, 1 Waveband Swltch, 6 Coax. Pluss, 6 Assorted Colis, 6 Cartridge Fuses, 6 Potentiometers, $\%$. W. Mulipliers, Fes toon Lam
New its v. Relays, 15 amp., 7/6, p. \& p., 2/6. Instrument Rectifier with Circuits, $5 / 6$, instrument
6 v . or 12 v . Vibrators, $2 / 6$ each. p. \& $\mathrm{p} .1 / 6$. 8 . or 12 V. Vibrators, $2 / 6$ each. p. d Loaded Chassis, $7 / 6$ and $5 /-$ p. \& d. $4 / 8$. Mike and Pick-up Transformers. Ideal for Baby Alarms, $4 / 6$, p. \& p. $1 /$ -
100 Assorted Resistances or Condensers or $50-50,6 /-$, 口. \& p. 1/9.
New headphones, low impedance. ideal for crystal sets, etc., 6/6, D, \& p. 1/9,
6 Assorted Potentiometers. 5/-, p. \& p. 1/9.
182 KINGSLAND KD., SROREDITCH,
E.t. Tel: SHO 6572. Sorry U.K. onty.

## RECEIVERS \& COMPONENTS

(continued)

TRANBISTOR BARGAINS. - Brand new Mullard OC44 11/6, OC45 9/6, OC70 7/6, OC72 11/6. Equivalents:OC44/45 8\%. OC72 6/6, OC71 5\%. New type $1 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{~V}$ Transistors 3/6, Car Aerials 17/6. D. B. CARTER IELECTRONICS SOU 3007. 347. Ladypool Road. Sparkbrook. Birmingham 12.

## POST-FREE SUPPLIES

## FEW LINES / CHEAP LINES

Very Latest B.S.R. UA20 4-speed Autochanger ............................... €7.19.6 UA8 with Stereo Cart. ............ £7.7.0 Garrard TA.Mk.II 4.Speed Single Player with Ronette Stereo/Monaural Cartridge, Only 88.19 .6
Gram Amplifiers complete with Valves, Speaker, Transformers, Knobs .......£3.12.6 Speakers, $7 \frac{1}{2} \times 5 \frac{1}{2}$ in............................21/.
 Speaker Fret (TYGAN)...............1/6 sq. ft. 3-speed Tape Recorders..........nly 28 gns. VALVES with 12 months' guarantee: PL81. 1016; U25, 121. EY86, 9\%.

Send for complete list and prices.
OC45 Transistors.................. Only 15/Terms: C.W.O.

POST FREE

## POST-FREE SUPPLIES

217 Hith Street, WATFORD, Herts.
LOUDSPEAKERS $6 \frac{1}{2} \ln$. 7/6, post $1 / 6$. 8in. 11/6 post free. Transistors and Components, Kits. Everything for the Constructor. Lists. S.A.E. H.R. MAIL ORDER. 16. Regent Parade, Harrogate.
SERVICE ENGINEER'S Spares. also Taylor 65 B Sig Gen, very little used. 11. Manton Close. Hayes. Midda.

## IBIEDADWAY <br> ELECTITONICS

## 92 MITCHAM ROAD <br> TOOTING BROADWAY

S.W.17. Telephone BALham 3984 valves
ALL TESTED BEFORE DESPATCH AII NEW and BOXED
AC2PenDD 5/-EBC33 5/-, EF36 3/6, EF39 4/8. EFS0 3/-. EFS4 3/- EF86 10/6, EF92 $5 /=$ EK22 6\% EL32 Bi\%, EL84 8/ EZ40 7\% FW4/500 8\%-MH4 4/6. 1 L 4 isultable ror 1 valve set j $3 / 6,1 R 55 / 6$, $1555 / 6$. $1 T 48 / 6$ TDD4 3/6. U18 6/+ UY41 7/, VP4 3/6. MU14






Add 4d. per item Post and Packing
C.B.S. Branit American P.V.C. Recording Tape. Attractively boxed with space lor titles, etc. Tape fitted Leader and Autostop. 1800 ft . 7 in . L.P.. $36 / * ; 1200 / \mathrm{t}$. 5 I in. L. P.. $30 /-$ : 9001 t. 5 in. L.P.. $22 / 6$.
SPECtAL ofFEIR: White Boxed Tape, Acetate Base. 5lin. 8501t. 14/6: 54in. MI Type Spools, $2 / 8$

> Add 1/-Post and Packing.
B.T.H. Ex-Relay Amplifiers, A C.ID.C. MAINS. 210 P250 V. Contains 81 n . 15 ohm Speaker. Three valves-10F1, 10P14 and U404. Cabinet size: $14 \times 11 \times 61 \mathrm{in}$. Attractive two-toned cabinet with Ivory Knobs. 30/.. plus $5 / 6$ Carrlage and Packing.
Assorted Miniature watt Resistors (our selection). Preferred values 22 ohms to 10 meg. $35 /-\mathrm{per}$ gross.
Assorted Ceramic condensers four selection) 1 pF to 5000 pF . 35/- hall gross.

FOR SALE
ANOTHER NEW low-priced Tape Bargain! l.800ft latest polyester on 71 n . reel, $32 / 6$ p.p. $1 / 6$. Also outstanding reel, $32 / 6$ p.p. $1 / 6$. Also outstanding bargains in all other sizes inn to American Audio Tape. BASF ete Over 30 mint condition secondiand Tape Recorders and all new Recorders and Hi-Fi Equipment on NO INTEREST H.P Terms. E. C. KINGSLEY AND CO. (Dept. P.W.I. 132. Tottenhan Court Road Inear Warren St. 1 London W.1. EUS6500.
ASK your dealer for American Ferrodynamics "Brand Five" Recording Tapes-the best tape value

Caby Meters, A10. £4.17.6; B20. £6.10.0: with each 36 mixed resistors, 6it Trailstronic kit, £5.4.8, Iransistor OCl6. 2\%/ Cartridge. TC8M. 18/6. Plastic Recoriling Tape: Famous Brand, 5in. 600tt. 15/\% Spare Plastic reels, 5in, and 51/n., $3 / \%$ Contact cooled rect. 250 v . $250 \mathrm{~mA}, 13 / 6$, $300 \mathrm{~mA} 17 / 6$.

ASH WITH ORDEH
DURHAM SUPPLIES
175 DURHAM ROAD. BRADFORD \& Yorkshire.

TRANSISTOR HEAT SHUNT, Leaves hands free to solder, 2/6, 6 Hooker Road, Heartsease, Norwich, Norfolk

100 BAYS Brand New Adjustable Steel Shelving. 72in. high $x \quad 34 \mathrm{in}$. wide $x$ 12in. deep: stove enamelled Wide $x$ l2in. deep: stove enamelied
dark green. sent unassembled. Six dark green. sent unassembled. Six shelf bay $£ 3$ 15s, Sample delivered
free Quantity discounts. N. BROWN LTD.. Eag!e Sieelworks. Heywood. Lancs. Tel.; 69018.

## BLANK CHASSIS MADE TO ORDER SAME DAY SERVICE

Metalwork Dept.
H. L. SMITH \& CO. LTD.

287-289 Edgware Road, London W. 2
PAD. 5891.7595

AMERICAN MAGAZINES. Year's SubScription Electronics World $43 /=$; 'Radio Electronics' 39/3: Audio' 35/., Specimens $5 /$. each. F'ull catalogue free. WILLEN LTD, (Dept. 401 , 9. Drapers Gardens. London. E.C.2.


## GP7

 4sin for stereo or monatiral Deet 17 Record prarare. Control Panel 15 ₹ 1 hin or $£ 4.10 .0$ dep. and 18 parments of $23 /$ montily. Delivers 12/6. In Walnut and Mahogany.
## FOR SALE <br> (continued)

THE CHEAPEST in Britain. Collaro Studio Tape Deck 812 ; Tape Amplifis $\mathrm{r}^{+}$\& 10 10s.i B.S.R. Tape Deck E8 5s; Collaro Jun:or Four-speed Turntable and Pickup £3; Collaro Conquest Autochanger EG 5s.; B.S.R. UA8 Autochanger 26 10s.: Acos Microphone 40 24/-. Satisfaction guaranteed. Trade supplied. S. BENJAMIN. 2. Prince Charles Avenue, Bury-StEdmunds. Suffolk.

FANTASTIC OFFER: Manufacturers' Surplus. Miniature Record-player Amplifiers. soiled. tested. with va'ves on:y 296 carriage paid. 22. Birchall Road. Rushden.

## WANTED

WANTED Service Sheets. No quantity too large. Highest prices paid. SULTAN RADIO, 29. Church Road. Tunbridze Wells, Kent.

## NEW VALVES WANTED <br> Any type, any quantity. CASH PAID.

R.S.T., 21I, Streatham Road, Mitcham, Surrey.
Telephone: MITcham 6201.

A PROMPT CASH OFFER for your surplus Brand New Valves. Speakers. Components. Test Instruments. etc. R.H.S.. 155. Swan Arcade. Bradford 1 .

## WANTED VALVES

All types for prompt cash. Must be new. State quantity.

WILLIAM CARVIS LTD.
103 North Street, Leeds 7

WANTED! Valves-all types. Must be new. A. D. A. MANUFACTURING CO., 172. Alfreton Road. Nottingham.

CABINETS, ENCLOSURES and EQUIPMENT by STAMFORD

| SPEAKERS |  | ash |  | chave |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| giettre |  | . 26.12 .1 |  | 1 |
| Wb HF1012 |  | $\cdots$ ¢ 4.15 .0 | 19/- | 4/\% |
| Gorlen 10in. | . | . ${ }^{\text {¢ } 8.8 .7}$ | $33 / 4$ | 8 - |
| $\text { Axiom } 300 \text {. }$ | MOTORS |  |  | 10 |
| Garrard 210 |  | . . $¢ 12.13 .5$ | 50/8 | 12/3 |
| Ggrrard 4 H.F. |  | . 218.9 .9 | 74/- | 17/9 |
| Garrard TA Mk. |  | . $£ 8.10 .0$ | 84/- | 812 |
| CHASSIS |  |  |  |  |
| Armstroug 59 |  | .. 533.12 .0 | 134/5 | 32/6 |
| Armstrong Stereo | 12 M | I1 ¢44. 2.0 | 176/5 | 42/4 |
| Armatroug Jubjee | Mk. | . $£ 30.9$ | 121/10 | /3 |
| TUNERS |  |  |  |  |
| Dulcie FMT/2 |  | . 224.13 .4 | 99/8 | $28 / 7$ |
| Rozers Junior |  | $\pm 24.10 .3$ | 98/1 | $23 / 5$ |
| Armstrong ST3 | . | 828. 7.0 | 113/5 | $27 / 3$ |
| A.L.STAMFORD |  |  |  |  |

## BOOKS \& PUBLICATIONS

FIND TV SET TROUBLES IN MINUTES from that great book "The Principles of TV Recelver Servicing. $10 / 6$ all book houses and radio wholesalers. If not in stock from Secietary, I.P.R.E., 20, Fairfield Road. London. N. 8.

## MISCELLANEOUS

## YOU READ MUSIC?-

Then how sbout making yourself an electronfc organ? Constructional data available full circuits. drawinss and notes. It has 5 octaves. 2 manuals and pedals with 24 stops-uses 41 valves. Classics and Swing.
Write NOW for free booklet and further details to C. S. S., 20 Mimule Street,
Darlington, Dirhari.

SELL BY POST-recelve cash by post Learn Mail Order Tradingunlimited trade expansion. Mallmethods Manua! shows bow. Detalls. S.A.E.-MAILMETHODS (M.14) CO. 170. Old Christchurch Road, Bourne. nouth.


Controlled by a photocell, will turn your light on at dusk, off at sunrise automatically. Easy to build and fit. Kit of Parts, 52/6. Built and Tested 57/6. Mains PHOTOELECTRIC GARAGEDOOR OPENER, BURGLAR ALARM, etc. Kit: $£ 4.12 .6$. Built: $\mathbf{£ 5} \mathbf{1 0 . 0}$. Battery Model: Kit: 65/- Built: $72 / 6$. Photocells only $7 / 6,12 / 6$, and $25 /$. Circuic and detaits of any project, 6d, stamp please. "ST. JOHN'S RADIO," 156 St. John's Hill, LONDON, S.W.II.

BATtersea 9838

HOW TO USE EX.GOV, LENSES AND PRISMS. NOS. 1 and $22 / 6$ ea. Lists Iree for S.A.E. H. W. ENGIJSH. 469. Rayleigln Road, Hutton, Brentwood. E'ssex.
-

SERVICE SHEETS
SERVICE SHEETS, TV 4/- ea.. Radio 3/- ea. List $1 /$ All orders dispalcired on day received. Also Manuals 101 sale and hine. Mail orders on!y. SULTAN RADIO. 29. Church Road. Tunbridge Wells, Keat.

FAULTFINDER FILES, showing common faults that each receiver is prone to and othep useful servicing information. $2 /$ eit. List 9 d., plus postage S.P. DISTRIBUTORS, 11. old Bond street. London. W. 1

SERVICE SHEETS, Radio. TV 5.000 models. Lists 1/\% S.A.E enquiries. TELRAY. 11, Maudland Bk.. Preston.

## SERVICE SHEETS

RADIO and Television Over 100,000. S.A.E. for Ltst.
Large stock of obsolete Radio and
Television Valves.
JOHN GILBERT RADIO

## 20 Extension

'Shepherd's Bush Market, London W.I2 5HE 3052

SERVICE SHEETS for sale, all types from $1 /$ with free fault-finding guide 125 Radio/TV sheets covering 370 popula. models 20/. S.A.E Lists/ Enquiries HAMILTON RADIO (W), 13. Western Road, St. Leonards, Sussex.

SERVICE SHEETS. - We have the largest stock of Radio and TV Sheets in the country for sale at $4 /$ ea. Why tolerate delay in obtaining your suppiles when we will dispatch by return? Radio and Television Service Sheet List $1 / \cdot$. Also Manuals for sale and hire. List 9d. S.A.E. please. Mail orders only. S.P. DISTRIBUTORS, 11. Old Bond Street, London, W.1.

## 38 SET WALKIE TALKIE CIRCUIT INFORMATION

 Alignmenc Procedure. Typical fau'ts in Ex W.D. Sets. Component location diagrams. Circuit diagram. Complete Circuit description. Instructions for use, exc.p.O. 5/-. Address in block capitats, please.

CAMPBELL
Laundry Lane, Hungerford, Berks.


Manufacturer's offer to user's-send us your old styjus arm and we will retip To ensure best reproduction every Dlamond is inspected for finish and radius
with 500 magnifleation

## FOR fI.O.0 ONLY

Or we will supply complete with any stylus arm tor \&'l 5s. Od. Tax Pald and wlll All Diamonds are Guaranteed for One Year (Sapphires also supplied 4/6 Tax Paid)
Mail Orders to:-Dasco. Fritll Park, Tadworth, Surrey

## HANDICRAFTS

JEWELLERY SIMPLY MADE. Catalogue Free. Brooches. Ear-clips, Rings. Marcasite. WEBBS HANDICRAFTS, 46. Buraway Horachurch. Essex.

## SOUND RECORDINGS

TAPE/DISC transfer. Fine U.S. tapes arrived 118000ft. 35/-1. UNIMIXER units for quality work. Sound News, 10, Clifford Street, W.I. REG 2745.

## EDUCATIONAL

THAINING IN HADIO AND TELEVISION SERVICING. Next fulf-time One Yeal course commences on 3!d January. Recognised by R.T.E.B. for zew Radio and Television Servicing Certificate examinations. Detalls from - THE PEMBRIDGE COLLEGE OF ELECTRONICS. 34a. Hereford Road. London. W. 2.

## * LEARN * <br> RADIO \& T/V SERVICING for your OWN BUSINESS/HOBBY

6y a new exciting no-maths system, using practical equipment recently introduced to this country.

## FREE Brochure from:-

## RADIOSTRUCTOR

DEPT. GT1, READING, BERKS, $7 / 12 / 60$.

LEARN RADIO AND ELECTRONICS the new practica! way! Hosts of absorbing experiments carrted out at home under expert guidance to teach you Radio in a new. enjoyable and interesting way. Construction. servicing and fault finding on equipment nade easy for the first time! No previous experience needed. No mathematics used. Free brochure rom D. 11 P.W. RADIO. STRUCTOR, 40, Russell St., Reading. Berks.

## Radio <br> Television \& Electronics

Learn at home with the world's largest home study organisation, Brit.I.R.E.; City \& Guilds; R.T.E.B., etc. Also Practical

Courses with equipment. No books to buy.
Write for FREE prospectus stating subject to
I.C.S.

Intertext House, Parkgate Road, (Dept. 541), London S.W.II

## EDUCATIONAL

(continued)


#### Abstract

"HOW AND WHY" of Radio and Electronics made easy by a new, nonmaths. Practica: Way. Postal instrucifon based on hosts of experiments and equipment building carrled out at home. New courses bring enfoyment as well as knowledge of this fascinatIng subiect. FREE brochure from: Dept. P.W. 12. RADIOSTRUCTOR, 40


 Russell Street. Reading. Berks.FREE FROM THE I.P.R.E, Syllabus of famous radio and TV cources. Membership Coaditions booklet, $1 /$. Sample copy The Prac. Rad:o Er Ineer. 2/. post free. Secretary, 20 , Farfred Road. London, N 8.

RADIO AND TELEVISION SERVIC. ING. Home-study courses with special schemes of practical work are avaiiable from the Pembridge College (1) Introductory course for beginners. (2) More adranced course colering new R.T.E.B. Intermediate Cert:ficate.
(3) Advanced course covering new R.T.E.B. Final Certificate. (In prepararion:
Details from:-THE PEMBRIDGE COLLEGE OF ELECTRONICS, 34 . Hereford Road, London. W.2.

WIRELESS. See the world as a Rad:o Officer in the Merchant Nayy: short training period: low fees: scholarshps etc.. avalabic. Boarding and Day students. Stamp for prospectus. WIRELESS COLLEGE. Coixyn Bay

SITUATIONS VACANT

## SITUATIONS VACANT

 (continued)RADIO AND TV SERVICING, all aspects from basic principles. Guarantef coaching for City and Guilds. R.T.E.B. Cert., Brit.l.R.E. ftc. Study at home under hoghly qualified tutors. No books to buy. Write for FREE Prospectus. stating subjects to:I. C S.. Intertext House. Parkgate Rd. (Dept 541A). London, S.W 11

## TELEVISION ENGINEERS

Are you sarisfied with your presenc position -Does it carry high wages and commission - Is it permanent and pensionable-Are conditions of work good?

If you would like to work in the Wrexham area for a rapidly expanding, old established company with an excellent repucation offering all the above advantages-Apply in the strictest confidence to-

## MANAGER, SEEGERS LTD.

Henblas Street. Wrexham.
(Own staff know of this advertisement.)
WANTED. RADIO ENGINEER. preferably conversant with ex-Government communication and test equlpment. for Paddington Area. Good salary. Contact Z AND I AERO SERVICES. 14. South Wharl Road. W. 2 Tel.: AMB 0.51.

Gity AND Guilds velectrical. etc.l. on " No pass-no fee" terms Over $9.5^{\circ} \%$ succesces. For details of Electrical Engineering. Applied Flectronics. Alltomation. etc.. send for our :48-paze handbook. free and post free. B.I.E.T. (Dept 242a). 29, Wright's Lane. London. W. 8 .


## A few excellent vacancies

## for men who can learn

 a skilled trade in today's R.A.F.You can learn a trade worth having, in today's R.A.F. Your training is very thorough and gives you a skill at your fingertips for life. Pay compares very well with the equivalent jobs outside, and, if you are single, there's nothing out of your pay-packet for food or rent. Leave is a month a year, you get the chance to travel and you work with a finc lot of people.
Radar or Wireless Mechanics. Suitable candidates are now being accepted for thorough training on the latest radar and wireless equipment and its maintenance, fault-finding and repair.
Electrical or Instrument Mechanics. There are vacancies for suitable applicants to be trained in the skilled trades of electrical and instrument maintenance.

For full information write to:
R.A.F. Careers Information Centre (PW 728a; Victory House, Kingsway, London, W.C.2.

TODAY'S TOP JOEIS THER,A,F.

## SITUATIONS VACANT

 (continued)A.M.I.Mech.E. A.M.Brit.I.R.E.. City and Guids. G C.E.. eic. brings high pay , and security. No pars-no pay " terms Orer $95^{\prime \prime}$ successes. For detaik of exams and courses in all beanches of Engineering. BulldIng. Electrontes, etc., write for $148-$ page handbook. free. B.I.E.T. (Dept 242B). London, W. 8.

TV AND RADIO. A.M.Brit.I.R.E., City and Gullds. R.T.E.B., Cert.: etc.. on "No pass-no fee" terins. Over $95 \%$ successes. For detalls of Exams and Comres (including practical apparatus) in all branches of Radin. TV and Electronics. write for 148 -page handbook. frer. B.I.E.T', (Dept. 242G). 29, Wright's Lane. London W. 8

## TEST ENGINEERS

Required tor varted and interesting work. (paruly experimental) on high quality television and communications equipment.

Good experdence in the use of measuring instruments is essential, Starting salary in the rance of $\mathbf{5 7 5 0 - 5 9 5 0}$ p.a. according to qualifications and experience, witb excellent prospects of advancement.

The Company operates a Pension Scheme and Sports/Social Club.

Write, in confidence, to:
The Manager
Cenlral tindineering bebartment BRITAII ISELAY WHELLESS LIMITED, 1-3 Croft sirect. Deptiord,

London. S.E.8.

## PUBLIC APPOINTMENTS

MEN with knowledge of baste principles of Radio and Radar required in the Meteorological Othce. Alter short initial training. those appointed aill maintain and operate radio and radar equipment including facsimile apparatus. There are vacancies in varlous localities in the United Khadom and opportunities to serte overseas. Starting salary for Radio iMeteorological) Tech nician is £670 (nationall at 25 or over. rising annua'ly to £795 subiect to deduction for each year below the age of 25 . These rates are subject to a small deduction at certain provincial stations and to a small increase tn London. Good promotion prospects and allowances for overtime, night and alowances for overtime, night subjects.

Applications to METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE. (M.O.10/R/M/T), Victory House. London, W.C.2. or any employment exchange quoting King's Cross 3208.

## " GLOBE-KING"

WORLD-FAMOUS KITS AND RECEIVERS for the Radio Amateur and S.W. Listener. Catalogue Free, enclose stamp for Postage. Kits from $79 / 6$ at your dealers, or direct from JOHNSONS (RADIO)
ST. MARTINS GATE, WORCESTER

SELENIUM RECTIFIERS
F. W. BRIDCE H.T. Types H. W
 $\begin{array}{lllll}6 / 12 \text { v. } 2 \mathrm{a} \cdot .6 / 11 & 250 \text { v. } 50 \mathrm{~m} . \mathrm{a} & . .3 / 11 \\ 6 / 12 \text { v. } 3 \text { a.. } 9 / 8 & 250 \text { v. } 50 \mathrm{~m} . \mathrm{a} . & .4 / 11\end{array}$ $6 / 12 \mathrm{v} .4 \mathrm{a}, \ldots 12 / 8 \quad 250 \mathrm{v} .80 \mathrm{~m} . \mathrm{a} . \quad .5 / 11$ o/12 v. 10 a... $25 / 9$ CovrACE Coulibib
 24 V. 2 a, $14 / 9$ F.W. (Brtdes $10 / 11$. B.N.R. V10NANDECK TAPEDEXKS. Speed $341 n$, per soc. High quality recordIng hequs. 9 errs. Carr. 5/
Suitable polished veneered walnut carryling case for above 39/6. (Space for ampllfier.)
GK-GilVT CASEs. Size 14-10in. high. Wail vontilated, black orackle finished, undrilied cover, $D$ DAL FOK BATTREKY CHARGER OH INSTHUMENT CANE OH CUVEK GOULD BE USED FUR AMPLL-

 suaranteed unused and in pertect order, Fiaranted Mullard valves. Duaw inputs ior "mike" and gram.. otc. Bass and 'Treble Contiois. High sensitivity alid quality, For
$260-250$ V. A.C. Carriage 7/6. 20.19 .9.
 Variable reluctance type tor 78 r.p.m. and L.P, records. Normes price approx. 814. Limited number, brand new purfect, at 23.10.6.
B.S.R UAS AUTO-CIANGEKS. With rurn-over Crystal Head. *6.19.6, carr. 5/-. COLLAKO CUNTIAENTAL DE LUNE MIXELA AUTO-CHANGEKS with TX88 Transcription Ptok-up. Very Limited number ac only e8. 19.6, carr. $5 \%$.

## SPECIAL OFFER!

RIRANID NF:W CUIRRENI PRODUC TuIN IAEIE HECORIBERS BI LEAD LGGMAKEIS.
B3 GN Model. 42 wns., Varr. 10/- 42 GN Model, 29 wns. Carr. 7/6. 26 GN Model 17 yus. Carr. 6/b. All with manufac-

MULII-MEIIIts, Ferrana Ualversal A.C./D.C..59/6.

CAIf Alu. Baslc Meter sensitivity 155 micro-amps. A.C. and D.C. ranges, $£ 4.10 .0$

CAIfI It:0. Sensitivity up to 10.000 ohms ver voll. A.C. and D.C., $\pm 6.10 .0$

IAYIAJIE MGHDLL NEA, 20,000 ohms per volt. 20 merss. 20 ranues, t10. S. A. E. wall bring descriptive leafiet for siny of above excepli, Ferrant.

HICRU-A.MMETEIES. Hn. diam. 0-50 micro-amps, 39/6. 3tin. diam. 0-500 cilcro amps, $59 / 6$.

I\&ELAY\%. Carpenters' Iype. Polarlsod 2 thmes 9.500 turns at 1.685 ohms, $19 / 6$ Miniature Moving Coll Dillerentias Type. Single pule 2 -way. or centre stabio. Two conls each 350 ohms. Minimum operating current 140 micro-amps, nominal 400 micro-amps maximuma 8 milf amps. Two Way contact current 100 mA at 50 V . A.C. or D.C. Size $1 \pm \times$ x $x$ in. approx. 1976. Miniature T'ype G.E.C. 370 Seaied, wire

## BPECIAL OFFER MENL SELENIUN EX-GOVERN 12v 15 amp. with large square coollng

 flar. $19 / 9$ each.EX. GOVI, SHOOIIING CHOFES. 200 man. $35 \mathrm{H}, 50$ orms. Parmeko $8 / 9$ 100 mA .5 H .100 ohms $3 / 11: 150 \mathrm{~mA}$. $10 \mathrm{H}, 50$ ohms 9/9: 40 mlA .20 H . 900 ohms 5/9: 120 mA.. $12 \mathrm{H} ., 100$ ohms 8/9: 50 mA .
$50 \mathrm{H} .1,000$ ohms $6 / 8: 100 \mathrm{~mA}$. 10 H .100 ohms 6i9: $60 \mathrm{~mA} .5-10 \mathrm{H} . \mathrm{I}^{250}$ ohms $2 / 11$

LK. GIIVI. MAINS TRANYFOMR MEIES Primaries $200-250$ v. 50 c.p.s. A.C. 250 v. 60 m.a. 6.3 v. 2 a 250 v. 60 m.a. 63 v. 2 a... ... 250 v. 60 m.a. 6.3 v. 2 a
$270-075$ v. 100 m.a. 6.3 $\qquad$ ( $10 / 11$ $30(0-3100$ v. 50 m.a. 6.3 v. 2 a. . . . $12 / 11$ $300-3-300$ v. 100 m. A. 6.3 v. 2 a. 5tv. 2 a. $18 / 9$ 10 v. 10 a. Parmeko Fully shrouded $18 / 4$ 5 v. 10 a. Parmeko
4 v. C.T. $6-83$ amps, Parmeko
: VOLI ACCUMULATORS
Varleys small $31 z e 4 \times 34 \times 1 / n{ }^{2}$. $\%$. 1
A.H., brand bow, $6 / 9$ ea., 3 for " $15 / 6$.

FAELI) CELLEIVIIONLIS
With bell Requare only mall batt cyi Sult aftice tact
of tory, ware. house, or ntercom munication

## R.S.C. <br> (LEEDS) LTD. <br> BRADFORD MANCHESTER and LEEDS

TERMS: C.W.O. or C.O.D. No C.O.D. under EL. PoAt $1 / 9$ extra under E2. $2 / 3$ extra under 16 Opent to B. Weds. until 1 p.m. Trade supplled. S.A.E. witb ali enquaries. Mail Orders to 29-31 Moorfield Road, Leeds 12.
Callers to 5 and 7 County (Mecca) Arcade, Briggate, Leeds 1.
and 8-10 Brown Street (Market Street), Manchester 2
or 56 Morlay Street (next to Majestic Ballroom), Bradford.

## VALVES  TESTED <br> SEDEVCE GUARANTEED :

## SETS

IR5, IS5, IT4, 3\$4, 3V4, DAF91, DF91, DK91, DL93, DL94 DAF96, DF96, DK96, DL96 6 G 9 , or 5 Y 3 G

| ${ }_{10}^{1 / 759}$ | 11/6 | ${ }_{6}^{6 \mathrm{LL} 18}$ | $14 / 6$ | ${ }^{25254 G}$ | $7 / 18$ $8 / 8$ | EBF89 | $8 / 9$ $13 / 6$ | EY86 | $7 / 9$ $8 / 9$ | PZind | 17/6 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 HSGT | 10\% | 6 LD 20 |  | 30FL1 | $9 /-$ | EC92 | 11/- | EV41 | 71 | U42 |  |
| INSCT | 101- | $\mathrm{BP}^{4}$ | 13/6 | 30 PL 1 | 10/- | $\mathrm{ECC8}_{1}$ | 5\%- | EZ80 | $6 / 3$ | U26 | 13\% |
| 1R5 | $5 / 6$ | 6 P 25 | $8{ }^{\prime}$ | $35 \wedge 5$ | 8/6 | ECC82 | $6 / 3$ | E'Zd1 | 71 | U26 | $10 \%$ |
| 1 S 4 | $8 /$ | 607 G | 81. | 35L6GT | $8 /$ | ECC83 | \%/- | FW4/500 | 8 \%- | U50 | 61 - |
| 155 | 5/3 | 697GT | 9/6 | 3544GT | 61. | ECC84 | $8 / 9$ | GZ3io | 816 | ${ }^{152}$ | 16 |
| $1 T 4$ | 4/- | 6SL7GT | 8/3 | 3525 GT | 816 | ECC85 | 8/3 | G732 | 916 | U78 | / |
| $1{ }^{4}$ | 5/8 | 6SN7GT | 4/8 | $501 \mathrm{LGG7}^{2}$ | $8 / 9$ | ECF80 | $3 / 6$ | HBC90 | 7 \% | UABCOU | \%/9 |
| 3 A5 | 9/- | 6U4GT | 11/- | AC/TH1 | 16/9 | ECF83 | $8 / 6$ | KT33C | 7/- | UAF42 | $9 /$. |
| 304 | \% 7 | 6V6G | $51-$ | A731 | 9/6 | ECH21 | 1316 | KT41 | 11/6 | UBC41 | $7 / 8$ |
| $33^{4} 4$ | 81- | 6V6GT | 8/8 | B36 | 8/8 | ECH35 | $6 / 3$ | KT44 | $8 /$. | UBF8 | 19 |
| $3 V 4$ | 7- | 6X4 | $4 / 9$ | CL3 3 | 12/3 | ECH92 | $8 / 9$ | KT61 | 101- | UBF89 | $81-$ |
| 5U4G | 1/6 | 6X5GT | $5 /-$ | DAC32 | 101- | EC18」 | 81- | KT63 | 8/6 | UC92 | 12/6 |
| 5 V 4 C | 8/- | 736 | 91- | DAF91 | $5 / 3$ | ECIB | 713 | MU14 | $2 / 6$ | UCC84 | 12/8 |
| 5Y3GT | $8 /-$ | 787 | 716 | DAF96 | \%/6 | ECL82 | 9/6 | MX40 | $9 / 6$ | UCC85 | 716 |
| 524G | 719 | 7 C 5 | $7 / 6$ | DCC90 | 9/- | EFP4 | 4/6 | N18 | \%1. | UUF8 | 14/- |
| 6 6LT | $3 / 8$ | ${ }_{7} 188$ | $1 / 8$ | DF93 | 101- | EF41 | $8 / 3$ | ${ }^{\text {PCCB }}$ | 716 | UOH21 | 13/6 |
| 6AM6 | $3 / 6$ | 7H7 | $7 / 6$ | DF91 | 4/- | EF42 | $9 / 6$ | PCC | 111. | UCH42 | 81 - |
| 6 645 | $61-$ | 787 | 日)- | DF96 | \%/6 | EF8 | $5 / 6$ | PCF80 | $7 / 6$ | UCH81 | $8 /-$ |
| bAT8 | $6 / 9$ | 744 | 7/- | DH76 | 419 | FF85 | $61-$ | PCFS2 | 81 | UCL82 | 10/8 |
| $6 \mathrm{Ba6}$ | 8/- | 10 Cl | 11/6 | DH77 | 819 | EF'86 | $4 / 9$ | PCL82 | ${ }^{7 / 6}$ | UCL83 | $13 / 3$ |
| 6 BLG | 5/9 | 10C2 | $17 / 6$ | DK32 | $11 / 6$ | EF'89 | 71 | PCL 83 | 11/- | UF41 | 8/8 |
| 6BH8 | $5 / 9$ | 10P13 | $14 / 6$ | DK91 | 5/6 | EF91 | $3 / 6$ | PCL84 | 7/8 | UF85 | $8 / 6$ |
| 68.16 | 5/9 | 12AT\% | \%- | DK92 | $7 / 6$ | EF92 | 4/3 | PENA4 | 11/. | U1789 | 71 |
| $6 \mathrm{BR7}$ | $9 / 9$ | 12AT7 | $51-$ | DK96 | $7 / 6$ | E133 | 101- | PEN360 | 81- | ULA1 | /- |
| 6BW6 | 8/- | 12AU7 | $6 / 3$ | DL33 | 9/- | ELal | $8 / 6$ | PEN45 | \%/6 | U5,54 | $8 / 6$ |
| 6 B [W7 | 5/6 | $12 \mathrm{AX7}$ | 71. | DLa 55 | 10/- | ELA | 9\%- | PLa36 | 11/8 | UK1C |  |
| 609 | 91. | 12K7GT | 5/3 | D1.92 | 8/- | E1/31 | 12/- | PL, 81 | $8 /-$ | UY21 | 11/3 |
| 3 CDGG | 26/9 | $12 \mathrm{K8GT}$ | 11/6 | nL93 | 7 7- | ELidy | 7 - | ${ }^{1}$ L ${ }^{\text {d2 }}$ | 710 | UY41 | 6/6 |
| 6 F | 12/6 | 1207GT | $4 / 9$ | DL46 | $\%$ | EM39 | $8 / 9$ | PL83 | $7 / 6$ | UY85 | 6/6 |
| 6FGG | 6/6 | 12 Z 3 | $7 / 6$ | EABCB0 | 7/- | EMis | 8,6 | PL84 | 101- | UYIN | $10 / 9$ |
| 6 F 13 | 11/. | 143: | 16/9 | EAF42 | 816 | EM31 | 316 | PY32 | 11/- | VP9B | $9 / 6$ |
| 6 6 14 | $16 / 6$ | 20 Fr | 1716 | EB91 | $3 / 9$ | EM4 | 101- | PY80 | 216 | VP41 | $51-$ |
| 6K7G | 2/6 | 20 Ll | 17/8 | EBC33 | 5/- | EY51 | 7/6 | PY81 | $6 / 8$ | W76 | 5/3 |
| 6K7GT | 51 |  | 8/- | EBC41 | 8/- | EY81 | 8/- | PY82 | 6/8 | W77 | $4 / 6$ |
| 6K8G | 8/3 | $25 \mathrm{L6C} 7$ | 9\%- | EBF80 | Q1. | EY84 | 10\%- | PY83 | $7 / 9$ | 277 | $3 / 6$ |

## REAMEMS THADITH

24 COLBERG PLACE, STAMFORD HILL LONDON, N. 16

## NEW EDITION A BEGINNER'S GUIDE TO RADIO

7/6 F. J. CAMM Postage 6d.

MULLARD REFERENCE MAN. UAL OF TRANSISTOR CIRCUITS. 12/6. Postage $1 /$.
MODEL ANSWERS to $C$ \& $G$. Exams. TELE-COMMUNICA. TION PRINCIPLES $A$ \& $B$ at 716 each. Postage 9d.
USING TRANSISTORS. By D. J. W. Sjobbema. $15 /$-. Postage 6 d .

THERADIOAMATEUR'S HAND. BOOK. By ARRL. 1960 edition. 32'6. Postage $2 /$
THE RADIO AMATEUR OPERA. TOR'S HANDBOOK. A Data publ: 316. Postage 4d.
MULLARD CIRCUITS FOR AUDIO AMPLIFIERS. $\mathbf{8}^{\prime} 6$. Postage 1/
COIL DESIGN \& CONSTRUC. TION MANUAL. Bernard No. 160. 5/-. Postage 3d

RADIO VALVE DATA. Compiled by "WW" 6th Ed. 5/-. Postage 9d.


BRITAIN'S LARGEST STOCKISTS
of British and American Technical Books
19-21 PRAED STREET,

## LONDON W. 2

[^3]
## 

6 THE MANAGEMENT WOULD LIKE TO WISH ALL OUR CUSTOMERS
A VERY HAPPY CHRISTMAS \& GOOD HEALTH \& PROSPERITY IN 1961

give a present that will really be appreciated!
THE MIRACLE SUPER SIX PLUS 2 TRANSISTOR KIT-THE GREATEST OFTHEM ALL

## ANY PART SOLD SEPARATELY

Makes up to a portable transistor superhet embodying all the latest design developments including a selfoscillating mixer, two double-tuned IF stages, audio amplifier and a matched push-pulf output stage. Also two germanium diodes are incorporated, additional to the six Mazda transistors, one as detector and the other to assist the AGC as a variable damping element.

## 12 Good Reasons why the Miracle has no equal

$\star$ Printed Board engraved $\star 3 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in}$. tuning dial with $5: 1$ with component locations slow motion
$\star$ Special provision for use as
$\star$ Long life dry battery. 150 200 hours
$\star$ Double-tuned IF Trans-

* Internal high-Q Ferrite Aerial
$\star 6$ First Grade Mazda tran-
$\star$ Push-pull matched output stage $400-$ milliwatts sistors plus 2 Mazda hiefficiency diodes
$\star$ Hi-flux 5in. ( 12000 lines) 25 ohm loudspeaker
$\star 3 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in} . \times 7 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in} . \times 10 \mathrm{in}$. attractive two-tone case-total weight approx. 4 lb .
$\star$ Full coverage Medium and Long wavebands
$\star \begin{aligned} & \text { Comprehensive Manual } \\ & \text { supplied-so easy to build }\end{aligned}$
 aCCLAIMED BY OVER 10,000 PEOPLE THE FINEST TRANSISTOR KIT OBTAINABLE

RADIO CLEARANCE LTD., 27, TOTTENHAM COURT ROAD, LONDON W.I. Telephone Museum 9188

## BAKELITE CABINETS

Saie Price $2 / 9$
Brand New. Colous urown, Altractive deama.



AMPLIFIERS PORTABLE 49/6. (ME. [JLA). 3 wate ICCL8 valve, a.c. matus. Outpul transformes nownded (two contsole).
 P . \& P . $3 / 6$.
TAPE AMPLIFIER 17.18.6. S-valve tuphtie!, out put 3.5 watt Valve liue up: ECC8s, EC1,R2, 6HWG. EMR4 R780. Invu1 fol Microploate, Radio and Gram. Controks: Record phytack,
 Carr. 4 ith.

SIVISION STRIP, 2/9. sound. 14 Mcis riaion Piessey' I.F.'s $10 / 6 \mathrm{Mu} / \mathrm{e}$
 S/VISION STHIP, 2/9. Not tested. Cowplete sound sad vison strip. 8 Vaivehoiders (not included). T. W.
 P. \& P. $2 / 6$.
$\rightarrow$ - $\rightarrow$ ALVES-SALVAGE-GUARANTEED 9d. EACE LD6. 101, 5 B8, 8132, 9D2, 12Y4, 18, 78, 1203A, 2050,

 2/9 EACH. 3D41, 6BA6, 604, 6C6, 6D6, 61F1, $8 \mathrm{Fl12-777}, 6 \mathrm{~F} 18,6 \mathrm{Fl4}$, 6F15, 515 6K7, 10F1, DF66, DH81, EBC41, EF3ti, EW91-8D3, EFyy,
 UBC41, UU6, YP41. VP138. rost extra, see below. 78 EACH. $504,5 Y 3,6 A 8,6 C K 5-$ ELA $1,6 J 7,6 \mathrm{~K} 8,68 T 7,68 N 7$ 6P28,
 Postage on 1, 9 l.; on 3, $1 /-$; on $6,1 / 6 ;$ on $12,2 / 6$.
of 219 LLPORD LANE, ILFORD, ESSEX

EXTENSION SPEAKER, 19/9 In poulshed
oak usbruet of attractive desizn. Complete, dtted with 8in. P.A. queaker sor the highest ginuity, Ller and witch. Kealy tor are. ides for Eltchen of orliulion, ete. Ink. and Cart. $3 / 9$.
LONTINENTAL EXTENSION SPEAKER $19 / 9$ deat ot that extri bieres. phonic speaken. Coverell in smart wo-ton reatherette colous scheme. Contains Bin. P.it, suemker, ready tor ose. P. \& P. 819 8 in. P.M. SPEAKER, 5/9. Liniled quantity of these modern type speakers. They are tested and they have a slight cone fault that in repaired not allecting the quality. P. \& P. 2/8. Sin. P.M., 6/8. As above, bat filted with O.P. 'Transformer. P. P. $2 / 6$.

Sin. P.M., 9/8. Of hifhest quality, Bted with O.P. Transiormer P. \& P. 2/6.

ELL1PTICALSPEAKERS, 15/9. 8 a 31 h and 7 a 41 m. BraLd New Bpecialls made ron Hecord and Tape theoorder Cabinet. P. \& P. 219 ELLIPTICAL SPEAEERS, $10 / 8$. Brand New. Ideal for record cabunets. y x 1 IF . 1 \& P. 2/9.
HEATER TRANSFORMER. 7/9. 12 volt at 1 amp. 0-200-260 voit prisnary. Post and packing $2 / 9$.
OUTPUT TRANSFOMMER. Our Prioo, 1/8. 8givage, gusran!teed Gtandaid size $2-5$ ohmo matching pentode or tetrode ontput vaive Poot and packing 1/9. 20 tor 201- Packing and carriake. 5/6.
FRAME OUTPUT TRANSFORMER 1/9. Tc watch oul tow imperlance scaning coils. Fort and packing $1 / 6$.
EY51 ISOLATION TRANSFORMER, $2 / 9$. 1-1 rasio.
Suitable 6.8 tube as laolation transiormer. Poet and packing $1 / 2$
 4 rolt at 7 ajup. 4 volt centre tapped ab 1 mapu Primary $200-250$ volts. 50 cyeles. Porl and vecking $3 / 9$.
 wains AUTO, Our pride Findinge of 6.
Postage $3 / 9$.

MAINB TRANBFORMER, Out price B/9. Prumary $200-200$ volt secoadery


STAMP FOR FREE CATALOGUE Regret U.K. only - H.P. Terms available
＂THE MID－FI＂4i WATT AMPLIFIER KIT MAY BE $95 /=$ plus 3／－ A BUILT FOR circuit for the home \＆ structor requiring good quality medium powered Amplifier for reproduction of Records of F．M． Broadcasts．For use with Loud－ speakers of 3 or 15 ohms impedance． Technical Specifications：separate bass and treble controls．Valve line－ up EF86，EL84，EZ80．Voltage adjustment for A．C．mains from $200-250$ volt．Negative feedback．Size $7 \times 5 \times 2$ in．，overall height 5in．Silver hammered finish Chassis．Instruction Book 1／－．


## THE EASY SIX

$\begin{array}{cl}\text { 6－Transistor } & \text { Battery Portable } \\ \text { MAY BE } & \text { \＆9．} 15.0 \\ \text { plus } 3 / \\ \text { BUILT FOR } & \text { p．} \mathrm{p} .\end{array}$
Ever－Ready PP7 Battery extra 3／3
STAR FEATURES $~$ S Six Mullard Transistors $\star$ Internal Ferrite Rod Aerial $\star$ Provision for Car Radio Aerials $\star 5 i n$ ．Loudspeaker $\star$ Printed Circuit，with component positions indicated $\star$ Pre－assembled Dial Assembly $\star 500$ milliwatts push pull output． $\star$ Full medium and long waveband coverage $\star$ Attractive two－ tone Blue／Cream Vynide covered Cabinet，dimensions $8 \frac{1}{} \times$ $6 \frac{1}{2} \times 3 \mathrm{in}$ ．Weight， 3 lb．with battery．Inst．book $1 / 6$ ．


PRICE including Microp－ phone，tape and spare spool 19 Gns．Plus $15 /$ ． $\star$ Extension speaker socket．

THE PREMIER TR／2
Once again Premier is first with another magnificent offer．Introduc． ing the＂TR／2＂the latest and cheapest addition to our range of popular Recorders．

Star features．
$\star$ Latest BSR Tape Deck，with interlocking device to prevent accidental erasure
$\star$ Single speed $3 \frac{3}{5} \mathrm{in}$ ．persec
＊Playing time $5 \frac{3}{2} \mathrm{in}$ ．std．tape， $1 \frac{1}{2}$ hrs；L．P．tape， 2 hrs 8 mins． ＊Volume on loff and tone control． ＊Power output 3 watts．
＊Input sockets for Microphone， Radio／Gram．

## SPECIAL BARGAIN OFFER <br> THE PERFECT STEREO SYSTEM：

Two DL7－35 power amplifiers；Original cost E91．0．0 one SP2I Stereo Control Unic． Brief Specifications：

Our Price 47 Gns． SP21 Power requirements 6.3 V at 1.3 A A．C．， 250 V at 5 mA D．C．Dimensions $14 \frac{1}{2} \times 9 \times 4 \mathrm{in}$ ．ORIGINAL PRICE 628.10 .0 DL735 Power output each amplifier， 54 watts peak．Valve line－up：GZ34，2－EL34，ECC83，EF86．L．S．impedance 4，8 or 16 ohms．switch selected．

## AEIRLALS

BANL 1
BANII II HAND HI
Combined Arrays I and III
 $1+3$ Element Lot Mounting ．． $38 / 3$ +5 Element Loft Monnting ．：48／9 $1+5$ Element Wall Mounting ${ }^{\text {．}}$ 611－ $1+3$ Element Chımpey M＇ting． $57 / 10$ $1+5$ Element Chimney M＇tiag．66／9 Rand I
Single Dipole Wall Mounting ．．24／7 Single Dipole Chimney M＇ting． $40 / 2$ X Aerial Chimney Mounting
H Aerial Cbimney Mounting
$: .6$
$67 / 7$ Isand III
3 Element Yagi Wall Mounting 33／－ Element Yasi Wall Mounting 43／ Element Yagi Wall Mounting $58 /$ ． Chimney Lashing Mounting add 10／－ Double 6 Array．only with clamp 83／－ Brand II
Single Dipole Wall Mounting ．． $20 / 5$ Single Dipole Chimney M＇ting． $29 / 9$ H Array Chimney Mounting ．， $52 / 4$ REPAIR KITS

Band IIT Folded Dipole With Insulator，Complete ．． $8 / 3$ Band I Insulator With Two $\$$ inch Dipoles for 1 or $19 /$ inch Booms．Complete $\quad$ ．．19／5 6 fnch Lashang Kit． $12 / 11$ ． $7 /$ inch Lashing Kit．．：． $14 / 8$ | 6 inch Wali Bracket With $U$ Bolts． |
| :--- |
| $1-1: 1-1$ inch Clamps． $3 / 10.1-2$ inch Clamps Universal $\because 7 / 40$ | Bracket Repair Kit，J Bolts；U Bolts；20ft Lashing Wire：Thimbles；Corner Plates ．．．．．．$\quad$ ． $6 /-$ Insulators．All Types $\quad$ ．＂$\quad . \quad$ ．．（Enquire）

 Sond 6d．for Lists．Please state Channel when ordering． Cash with Order．Post and Packino 3／－extra．
SATISFACTION OR MONEY HACK GUARANTEE WALKEIR © SQUItRES
PLNNOX STHEERE，IUNSTALL，STOKE－ON－THENT Phone：Stoke－on－Trent 88767

## EXPRESS ELECTRONICS

ROSEDENE LABORATORIES
KINGSWOOD WAY，SELSDON，SURREY VALVES NEW TESTED AND GUARANTEED

|  |  |  | FOR THREE MONTHS |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 101 | 716 | thW6 7／6 |  | EtCN2 | 716 | FCes4 | 91 |
| 1じ | $81-$ | nbw7 7－ | 25Liti＇L 8／6 | Ecess | 7／6 | FCFSO | 91 |
| 1 Fl | $81-$ | ficlo 9／－ |  | Eccos | 9／6 | PCFS 2 | 716 |
| 115 | 7／6 | 6152 $3 / 6$ | 3 （心）St－ | ECPrso | 8／6 | PCLed | 8 |
| 1F゙Dl | 81－ | \％F12 3－ | 30 La 81－ | ECt＇s\％ | $8 / 6$ | PCL， 4 | 16 |
| 1 F19 | 7／6 | ＊Hisit \％i－ | 35LおGT 9／－ | ECH4： | 91. | $\mathrm{r}^{\text {L }} 81$ | 1 |
| $1 \mathrm{~L}+$ | $8 / 9$ |  | 30wt 810 | EC＇H5I | 10\％ | H L82 |  |
| 1P1 | 8 － | 6K76 5／6 | 3574GT 81－ | Helay | 8／6 | PY81 | 16 |
| $1{ }^{1+10}$ | 7／6 | ¢кхя 5／\％ | 5763 7，6 | ECLx\％ | 9／6 | HY \％ | 716 |
| 1P11 | $7 / 6$ | H47 GT $8 / 6$ | ＊）6／－ | Eド」 | 9／－ | －Y83 | 716 |
| 1 ks | 516 | 681．74T 6／－ | 10AP91 $7 / 6$ | EF＇r0 | 8／6 | H19 | $11 / 6$ |
| 18．3 | 5／8 | n8NiTGT 4／6 | いAF90 8／－ | EF＇st | 9，－ | TH41 | 15／8 |
| 1T4 | $7 / 6$ | $6 \mathrm{Vria} \quad 7 / 6$ | UFO1 $7 / 6$ | Eryl | 3 i － | U2\％ | 9／6 |
| 1 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 6 i | tixt io | 1） 5968 | EF＇92 | 5／6 | U3： | 716 |
| 304 | 8／－ | ¢X3G 51－ | 1）H7\％ $7 / 6$ | ELil | $9 / 6$ | U7r | 71 |
| 381 | $7 / 6$ | 6 XbGT 6／－ | 䑨： | ELM4 | $8 / 6$ | U75 | $7 /$ |
| 3 V 4 | $7 / 6$ | $7 \mathrm{B7}$ 2／6 | 1，514： $8 / 6$ | E゙M34 | 7 \％－ | UBC41 | $8 /$ |
| 5 CH 4 A | $7 / 6$ | 705＊ 766 | DH150 10\％ | EY51 | $7 / 8$ | UCH 42 | 9 |
| 5 Y 3 T | 716 | 7 m 7 9／b | DK91 $7 / 8$ | EY81 | 10\％ | UF41 | 8／6 |
| 3246 | 9／6 | 8123 3／＊ | DK92． $7 / 6$ | EZ40 | $7 / 6$ | UL41 | 8／6 |
| ${ }^{\text {¢ A K \％}}$ | 6／6 | 1こAH8 10\％－ | リビ 4 ¢ 81－ | EZ80 | 6／－ | LY41 | $7 / 6$ |
| bAL＇s | $3 / 6$ | 12ATT 5\％ |  | EZ81 | 8／－ | W76 | 8／9 |
| 1 A M ${ }^{\text {d }}$ | 3／－ | $12 \Delta U 7 \quad 76$ | LLL4 7／6 | KT：33C | 916 | W142 | $8 / 6$ |
| －iA ${ }^{\text {ct }}$ | $7 / 6$ | $12 \mathrm{AX} 7 \quad 76$ | UL96 8／－ | КTbi | 1118 | $\times 17$ | $7 / 6$ |
| fBAO | 71 | 123H7 10／6 | E 641 3／6 | N 17 | 718 | 8142 | $91-$ |
| 6 BEti | 710 | 12KsG＇11／－ | EBCt1 101－ | N18 | $8 / \mathrm{m}$ | $\times 150$ | 㖿 |
| $6 \mathrm{BR7}$ | $8 / 9$ | 12076T 718 | Et3Fra 8／6 | N19 | $3 / 16$ | 277 | 3／\％ |
| ${ }^{13} \mathrm{Bs}{ }^{\text {a }}$ | 1016 | litas gim | beysi 51． | N：37 | 1014 | 2，017 | 718 |

VOLIXME CONTROLS MIDGET SIZE LONG SPINDLES，D．P．switch． 3／9：4．P．，3／3：Leas switch，2／6．Vallen 10K to 2 M ．Pre set 2／6．

## MATCHED PAIRS





## SETS OF VALVES

DK91，DF91，DAF91，DLA：42 or DL94．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 1916
DKצ6，DF＇96，DAF9ネ，עL96．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．
1US，IF1，1FDL，1H1．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． $27 / 8$


## CODAR "CLIPPER"

All Band Receiver, 10-2000 metres!


Anyone can build this amazing radio in one evening Listel to: * Anareurs, shippong, airerait, short, medium and long wave stations throughout the woild! * Precision $7 \times 4 i n$, dial with iwo pomers dua slow motion 8.1 and 48-1 ratios, complete with escurclicon

* Bandspread on ALL bands! *Air-spaced tuning and regeneration condensers!
* Polystyrene iron-cored plug-in

Tremendous performance with latest circuitry using Hi-gain regenerative valve derector PLUS Transistor Booster Stages Transistor stages are completely assembled, tested, in seailed cans, only 3 wires to sonnect? Chassis $8 \times 5 \frac{1}{2}$ in all holes punched, ready for simple assembly with step-by-step instructions.

Uses small standard dry batteries which will last many monthz.
"CLIPPER" Kit, complete with all components, valve, one transistor stage, nuts, bolts, wire, 2 coits $20-60$ and 55-180 metres. 79/6, P. \& P. 2/Extra transisior stage can be added at any time.
'SUPPER CLIPPER' Kit, complete, two transistor stages.....88/6. P. \& P. 2/Hammer finish, dial apercure and holes punched, dial glass................................................... P. 1/6.

Send 3d. stamp for Leaflet NOW CODAR (RADIO) CO.
Colebrook Road, SOUTHWICK, Sussex

## A television course for you to study at home

## Entirely new! Practical! Bang up to date!

## THE FAMOUS BENNETY COLLEGE OFFERS YOU THIS

An entirely new course of study based upon up-to-dare techniques has naw been prepared by The Bennett College.
The course is non-mathematical. and contains clear diagrams, starting from the very beginning (esen including the basic principles of sound radio receivers. if desired) and covering all that you need to know!
This is what you've been looking for! A home-study course includes: production
of the signal, scanning and reproduction of picure from signal. Aerials, types and purpose. The cathode-ray tube. Time-base oscillators, and output circuits. Synchronisation. Video trequency amplifiers. The TV tuner, iurret, incremental. etc. Television test gear. Television laules.
For more details, fill in the coupon below. Your sudies cost linle, the book you need is included in the cost.
-To THE BENNETT COLLEGE (Dept. A104 TV Sheffield)
Please send me dedails of the new
TELEVISION SERVICING COURSE

NAME
ADDRESS


POSTAGE AND PACKING on all the above, 6d. except for Wheatstone Bridges, $3 / 6$ each.

# super RADIOTECH limited 38 MOMMOUTH ST., UPFER ST. MARTIN'S LANE, LONDON, W.C. 2 

## IBDOKS for CONSTRUCTMIE

```
A MEW PRACTICAL WAY OF UNDEESTANDLIG BASIC ELECTRICITY, 5 parts, \(65 /\) ASIC ELECTRONICS, 6 parts, \(86 / \mathrm{a}\) THE PICTURE BOOK WAY The Oomplete set sent on payment of first inctalmient.
```



COL DESIGN AND CONSTRDCTION MANUAL. How to maike your own RF and AF Cails, Chuke PrANSISTOR CIRCUITS No 1 Ory. poat free, ${ }_{3}$ cle pagen, 8 circuita, Gregury. 2/10, poat iree, ;2 pages, 8 circults, 24 plans and lar beginnery Fud adirancenctiona detaile, uuitable TRANSISTOR CIRCDITS
 Fost Tree, 13 , uew projecte includiag Trandstors. radios and sub-miniature Tranpmitters. TRANSISTOB CIRCDITS No 4
poat free. 11 projecte using 3 . sinoimir, 2/10. post
unta
complete PRACTICAL TRANSISTOR RECEIVERS, Binclair,
 0 ver $u$ duterent reseivers described.
TRANSLSTOR SUPERHET RECEIVERS, By sinclair, $8 /$-, pout free. 92 pages, over 60 illustraConstruction Cing ail anpects of Design, servicing, and conatruction Lucludeb 30 receiver ritcula H/G, by Babant LOUDSPEAKERS ENCLOSURES. 6/8, by baban. 2y papea, 25 plans abd ithas ELECTRONIC NOVELTIES by Bradley, $5 / 8$. ELECTRONIC GADGETS by Bradley, $8 / 10$.
RADIO CONTROL of MODELS, sommerbort, 5/4. BOYS' BOOK OF CRYSTAL SETS AND SIMPLE CIRCUITS. $2 / 10$, post iree. 36 pages, 29 illustrations and pisas. The know bow on constructing 12 different sets without any previous snowledse.
BEGINNERS GOIDE TO RADIO, Camin. Edition, 8/-
All prices post tree send STAMP FOK LisTs
SELRAY BOOK CO.
60 BAYES HLLL, HAYRE EROMLEY, ERNTT


The above prices apply to orders received on or after Ist of January, 1961. For orders received prior to this date please send for price lists, or refer to our advert in previous issue.

## Oliver \& Randall Ltd.

Dept. P.W.
40, Perry Hill, London S.E. 6

## Lyoms Radio Lud. <br> 3 Goldhawk Road

Shepherds Bush, Londón W. 12
Telephone: SHEpherds Bush 1729
O/100 MICRO-AMMETERS. Flush panel mate. $2 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{n}$. dla., m/c. Meters by Sangamo Western, scaled 0/100, price only $3 \% / 6$.
MAINS POWEK UNITS. Input 200/250\%. A.C. Output: H.T. 325 v.smoothed D.C. a 160mA, L.T: 6.2v. at 4A, twice. Size: 104 in, high oy li3in. deep by $7 i n$. Special features hum, Mansbridse type smoothing eonden sers throughoul, separate switches condenfuses lor mains and H.T. with pilot and light indicator for each. Everything of top quality. 5 U 4 rectiffer included, condition as new and unused. Truly remarkable value Price onty 59/6, carriage 7/6.
MAINS TRANSFORMERS. Manufactu. rers surplus, Pri. 200/250v. $40 / 60 \mathrm{cps}$. Seo. $350 / 0 / 350 \mathrm{v}$. at $150 \mathrm{~mA}, 6.3 \mathrm{~V}$. at 4 A . twlce, 5 v . at 3A. Fully impregnated, inverted mtg. approx $6 \times 5 \times 3$ in. As new. Hrice only 19/6.
post $3 / 6$. post $3 / 6$.
SHOXTIING CHOKES, Approx 10 H , 8.t 150 mA , D.C. resistance 200 ohms, Wt. 6 ibs, rullv impregnated, inverted mtg.. Size approx. $4 \times 4 \times 3$ in. Highest class make, $8 s$ new. Price only 7/6, pose $2 / 9$.
THHN SCHEENET CABLE. Esich conductor $2 t$ A. composed of stranded tinned copper, wire, insulated and colour coded with outer Screening Known as Du Vinmet small. $12 / 6$ per $25 y d s$. Carriage $5 /-2 / 6$ - per 30 yds. tively.
tions, Carriage $5 /-3 / 6$, $2 / 6$ respec-
EARPHONE INTERCOM, Single ear phones which also serve as microphones, Two connected together make a simple but amazingly efficient means of two-way communication. Self energising, no batteries
rad. Dozens of uses in the Home or Office rad. Dozens of uses in the Home or Oftice Ideal gift. Supplied ready for use connected Ideal gift. Supplied ready for use connected
with $36 f t$. twin fle. Extra flex add 3 . yard. Frice only 9/6, post $1 / 6$, add 3d. per

#  

## BARGAINS IN 4-SPEED AUTO-CHANGERS

B.S.R. type UA8 B.S.R. UA8, stereo B.S.R. UA12, stereo
20.19 .6 B.S.R. type UA14 £7.19.6 COLLARO Conquest, wired for stereo with monaural p.u. 26.19 .6 As above, stereo. Post on all above $5 /$ -

## SINGLE PLAYERS

Auto start and stop. Complete with piok-up and crystal cartridge. GARHARD 4SP 28.18 .6 GARRARD TA Mk. $\amalg$, wired for BTEREO. plug-in head ... £8, 9.0 E.M.I. 4-speed, wired for STEREO and fitted Acos stereo T.O. cartridge

Post on all above $5 \%$
B.S.R. TUQ, non-auto Turntable and separate plck-up Post free.

79/6
COLLARO JUNIOR 4 speed motor and separate pick-up with cartridge styll Post fre日.

## 3-SPEED TRANSISTOR PORTABLE RECORD PLAYER


$6 \nabla$. operation
For all L.P. and standard records. All coniponents avallable separately
AMPLIFIEIR, 300 milliwatts push-bull output. using two OC71 and two OC72 transistors. Fully assembled. 79/6. Knobs, $3 / 6$ extra.
LOUDSPEAKER. 30 ohms, $7 \times 4$ in elliptical, matched to Amplifier, 25/-. 8-SIPEED TURNTABLE. 6 v.. with rubber mat and speed adjustment. complete with t.o. crystal cartridge and two sapphire st:
CARRIING CASE, as, Illustrated, handsome two-tone fin1sh, 171 in . deen. 141. Wide, 511 n . bigh. Well made and inlshed. 49/6.

Batteries extra.

THE 'VANCOUVER' 3-TRANSISTOR POCKET RADIO CANBE 39/6

Uses 3 transistors plus germanium diode on printed circust les $x$ a $x$. and ates territe rod aerial Tunable Extremely simple to build
 ideal Cristmas gitt Circult diagram and tult mstructions, $1 / 6$ (free with parcel).

## THE 'EASY-SIX' G-TRANSISTOR

 PORTABLE RADIO
## CAN BE BUILT FOR Post 3/-

£9.15.0
500 milliwatts p.p. Cutput. Full medium and long wave coverage. Uses six first-grade Mullard transistors. 51 n . lousspeaker, internal lerrite rod aerial with provision or car radio aerians mealy shown plus pre-assembied dia makes clearly shown plus pre-assembied dial makes ceam Vyuide coverel cabinet measures 81 x $\theta^{\prime}$ 3in tises PP7 bettry (and extra) JRCUIT
step-by-stop

## POCKET VOLT TEST METER

 Two D.C. ranges: $0.250 \vee$. and $0.25 \vee$. Complete with leads and teet prods in leather case LASKY'S PRICE $12{ }^{\prime} 6$ post free.LASKV'S 100nage ConlPONENTS CATALOGUE, will save zou pounds. Price $2 /-$, Dost 6d, Our latest 12 -bage Bargain Buletin included free (separavely, prioe 6d.).

207 EDGWARE ROAD, W. 2 Near Praad Screet PAD 3271/2
42 TOTTENHAM COURT ROAD, W.I. MUS 2605
Both addresses open all day Saturday.
All Mail Orders to Lasky's Radio, Dept. PW, 207 Edgware Road, London W. 2

You LEARN while you BUILD...
SIMPLE PRACTICAL...FASCINATING... Ist stage receiver
AN:NOUNCING-after many years of highty successful operation in the U.S.A. and in Europe-the latest system in home training in electronics is now introduced by an entirely new British training oryanisation. AT LAST-a comprebensive and simple way of learning -by practical means-the basic principles of radio and electronics. With a minimum of theory. YOU LEARN BY BUILDING actual equipment with the components and parts which we send you You advance by simple steps using high quality equlpment and perform- servich ing a whole series of interesting and instructive experiments. No servich mathematics! INSTRUCTION MANUALS and our teaching staff employ the latest techniques for shoulig clearll how fun whilst learning! And you end by possessing a first rate pleoe of home equipment with the full knowledge of how it operates and-very important-how to service and maintain it afterwards. A full library of magnificent illustrated textbooks are included with the Courses. IN FACT for the 'Do-it-Y'ourself' enthusiast, are hobluded with these wanting help with their radio career training, or to set up thelr own full or part-time servicing business-then this new and exciting instructional systern is exactly what is needed and it can all be provided at very moderate cost. Easy payments available. Post the coupon now, for full detalls. There is no obligailon.
BUILD YOUR OWN - RADIO EQUIPMENT - TEST GEAR - HI-FI INSTALLATION-AND LEARN AS YOU DO IT

Amplifer.
oscillator and
detector circuits
LOTS OF INSTRUCTIVE EXPERIMENTS AT HOME!

RADIOSTRUCTOR
ERITAIN'S LEADING RADIO TRAINING ORGANISATION


Ho: HADIUETRUCTOK (DEpt. G107).
Reading, Berks.
Please send brockure, without oblloation. to:
Name
Address
(821) We do not employ representatives 1-61

> CAXADIAN RECEIVER No. 52. 1.75-16 Me/s (19.170 m.) it Audio Qurpuds. R.F. Mixer, Sep. Osc.. 2 I.F.'s, Det/A. C., ist Calibrator. Controls: R.F. Gain, L.F. Gain, Crash Limiter C.W. Filter. Variable Selectivity. sluw and Fast Tuning and Osc. Vernier Tuning. Manor A.V.C. BFO pitch control. Internai $31 n$. speaker and valve check meter. Power supply required 160 v. H.T., 12 v. L.T. Data and Circuit supplied. A really excelIent receiver. $\mathbf{5 8 . 1 9 . 6}$, carr. 15/6. Power Supply Unit. 59/6, carr,
> -

GRAMOPHONE MOTOISS. A.C. mains. Gerrard AC-6. 78 r.p.m. For replacements. BRAND NEW. Boxed $35 /$. Post $2 / 6$. CRYSTAL CHIBRATOR NO. 10. Good condition, tested, WiLh instruction manual, ONLY 59/
With 3 of EF91 2 of FF92 and EB91 For M. tuner aescribed in P.W. With 3 of EF91, 2 of EF92 and EB91. A Tresh release enables us to ofer these once again. BRAND NEW with circuit and full P.W.
DEAFAII)-MEIDRESCOTYPE (3 min. batt. valves). Com-
plete with min. xtal earphone. earplugs and leather case. Brand New 35/- or with batteries $£ 2$ post tree.
R-1155-B, with latest drive, first class condition, E9.19.6.
Moving Coil lhones. Finest quality Canadian, with Chamois earmuffs and leather-covered headband. With lead and jack plug. Noise excluding. supremely comfortable, 19/B, post 1/6.

> GIANI COMHONENTPARCLL. Contains 100 and 1 watt resistors, 50 Hi Stab resistors. Wire-wound resistors carbon and W/W pots, 100 capacitors. (mica, paper. Sprague. b'as, variable, etc. valveholders, tag strips, metal rectifiers. sleev 1ng, etc. All components are unused. GUARANTEED VALUE. 25)-, plus $2 / 6$ post.

CR100 COMMUNICATION HECEIVEHES Covers $60 \mathrm{Kc} / \mathrm{s}-30$ Mc/s in 6 bands. 11 valves, 2 R.F. and II.F. stages. Crystal gate, BFO. etc. Ready for $200-250 \mathrm{v}$. A.C. mains $2 \underline{2}$ watts output or 3 ohms Speaker. SUPERB CONDITION AND OUTSTANDIN

> RCA AR-88 SPEAKERS, 3n 8in. P.M. speaker in heavy gauge black crackled steel cabinet in 10 x 6 in. with rubber leet. Super Quality untt. Brand New. for only $45 \%$. p. $3 / 6$.

## CHARLES BRITAIN (RADIO) LTD.

1 I Upper Saint Martin's Lane, London, W.C. 2 TEMple Bar 0545.

Shop Hours 9-6 p.m. (9-1 p.m. Thursday). Open All Day Saturday.

## SOLDEHING EQUIPMENT <br> loy



## PRECISION SOLDERING for the ELECTRONICS INDUSTRY

Comprehensiverange - Robust \& Reliable - Light weight - Rapid heating - Bit sizes 3/32in. to $3 / 8 i n$. - 'Permabit' or Copper bits - All voltage ranges 6/7v. to $230 /$ 250 v . . Prices from 19/6

## Also <br> - Plastic Cable Strippers <br> Miniature Solder Pots <br> Heat Guards <br> Long Life Bits

llfustrated is the 25 w . 3/16in. replaceable bit model with safety shield.

## ADAMIN-the new range of pre| cision micro-soldering instrumentsHave you had details?

Brochure No. S 10 sent free on request. Sole proprietors and manufacturers:
LIGHT SOLDERING DEVELOPMENTS Ltd. 28 Sydenham Road, Croydon, Surrey Phone: CROydon 8589 Grams: Litesold Croydon

## FIRST-CLASS BADIO COURSES

## GET A CERTIFICATE:

 QUALIFY AT HOME-IN SPARE TIMEAfter brief, intensely interesting study -undertaken at home in your spare time-YOU can secure your professional qualification. Prepare for YOUR share in the post-war boom in Radio. Let us show you how!

- me FEE GUIDE m -
pages of information of the greatest |
importance to those seeking such
success-compelling qualifications as
A.M.Brit.l.R.E., City and Guilds |

Final Radio, P.M.G. Radio
Amateurs, Exams., Gen. Cert.
| of Educ., London B.Sc. (Eng.), |
A. M.I. P. E., A.M.I.Mesh.E.,
| Draughtsmanship (all branches)
etc., togerher with particulars of
our remarkable Guarantee o
| SUCCESS OR NO FEE |
| Write now for your copy of this | invaluable publication. It may well prove to be the turning point in your | career.
FOUNDED I885_OVER I

-     -         - 150,000 SUCCESSES= m d

NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING
(Dept. 461 ), 148 HOLBORN,
LONDON E.C.I
S. Africa: P.O. Box 8417, Jo'burg. Australia: P.O. Box 4570, Melbourne

## wevrad

> COILS AND TRANSFORMERS FOR A 2-WAVE TRANSISTOR SUPERHET WITH PRINTED CIRCUIT AND FERRITE ROD AERIAL

LONG AND MEDIUM WAVE AERIAL—RA2W
On 6 in . rod, $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{O}} \mathrm{in}$. diameter, connections to
6-Tag Ring, 208 pF tuning
OSCILLATOR COIL P50/IAC
Medium wave in screening can. For 176 pF tuning condenser
1st AND 2nd I.F. TRAiNSFORMERS-P50/2CC $470 \mathrm{Kc} / \mathrm{s}$ operation with 250 pF tuning in cans. $\frac{11}{6} \mathrm{in}$. diameter by $3 / 4 \mathrm{in}$. high
3rd I.F. TRANSFORMER-P50/3CC
Last stage transformer to feed diode detector.
Size as P50/2
DRIVER TRANSFORMER-LFDT2
Upright mounting with six connecting tags$1 \frac{5}{16} \mathrm{in} . \times 7 / 8 \mathrm{in} . \times 13 / 4 \mathrm{in}$.

12/6

5/4

5/7

6/


PRINTED CIRCUIT-PCAI
Size $2 \frac{3}{4}$ in. $\times 81 / 4 \mathrm{in}$. Ready drilled and printed with component positions ... .... ... .o.e 9/6 THESE COMPONENTS ARE APPROVED BY TRANSISTOR MAKERS AND PERFORMANCE IS GUARANTEED.
Constructor's Booklet with full details, $2 /$.

## WEYMOUTH RADIO MANUFACTURING CO., LTD. Crescent street, weymouth, dorset

## H.A.C SHort Wave EQUIPMENT AND SHORT-WAVE KITS

Fapnous for orer 25 years for diailty.
H.A.C. were the original suppliers of SHORT-WAVE RECEIVER KITS foI the amateur constructor. Over 10.000 satisfled customers-including Tech nical Colleges. Hospitals, Publi Schools, Hams, etc.
Improved de3igns with Denco colls One-value Kit, Model "C": Price 25/ Two-valve Kit, Hode '"F,', Price $50 /$ Sew Adgion: sensitive "All Dry" Recelver Super sensitive incl. price, Complete Kit. 7\%/:

All kits complete with all components, accessorles and full instructions accessories and call and inspect a demonstration recelver, or send for descriptive catalogue and orderi form.


## CABINETS \& MI-FI EQUIPMENT

We can supply any Cabinet to your own specification
 taken rom ou extensive reulue of stock cabinets WMte lor oul NEW 24 page Iully illustrated catalogue
THE LARGEST RANGE OF CABINETS N THE COUNTRY
Equipment is also our speciallty and a A NEW EQUIPMENT COMPARATOR A ustrating our range of radio chassis ghetkers tape decks. single players and autochangers.
Sutochangers. for a cony of these two jooks. which are aosolutelv FREE.

## LEWNESHCdTO

100 (PII) Chase Side
Southgate, London. N. 14 Pal 3733

## PADGETTS RADIO STORE

4 MEADOW LANE, LEEDS 11
Tel.: Cleckheaton 2886
IfX and TX. Type SCR522, Complete with valves in the receiver. but less two valves in the transmitter. Type 832 Sets as new. 2lm, carr. $7 / 6$.
Transmitter Twbe 1154. Model M. Ioun wave model. complete with all valves and meters. Gojd condition. 16/\%. carr. 121(inorl Workiag TV Sets. 12in., BBC only, channels, 22.15 . carriage 12/-. BUSB PYE, EKCC etc.
US.A. Tube Uait with a 6CP1 tabe. less valves, $101-$ cart $7 / 6$
Netal Rectitler, 150 volts, $40 \mathrm{~mA}, 2 / \mathrm{m}$ post 1/3: 2Ci-doz., post free.
Hake lourself n Car Heater U.S.A Biower mosor $8 /=$, post $2 /-$. S1x or twelve volt Sueskers removed from TV se ts, $7 \times 41 \pi . .1 \mathrm{G} /=6 \mathrm{~F}$. $5 /=$ All tested 3 ohms $7 \times 4 n . .1 G /-: 61 工, 5 / \%$
$P . M$ and are 2 new. Post $2 /$-each.
Suecial (ifier in New Valves. HF91, mp92 EL91. EB91. 3i- each: 27/-doz., post free.
Valves rebloved rrom TV Sets-all tested and are low ver cent as new. Three months TV Setsand a lot ot them bave bean replaced and are as new.

| EF80 | ¢16 | KT63 | 51- | 6AL5 | 5/ - |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 6 SL7 | 218 | ECL-80 | $51-$ | 6 K 25 | $51-$ |
| 10P13 | 31 | 6AB8 | 216 | 10P14 | 51 |
| 10 Fl | (1- | EFSO | 216 | 1858T | 816 |
| 10 C 2 | $31-$ | EY51 | $51-$ | L63 | 31- |
| 20P3 | 51- | PY82 | 51- | BJ5 | 3)- |
| PY81 | 万, | P730 | $5 t=$ | K T36 | 51 - |
| PL89 | 51- | U25 | $51-$ | N37 | $51-$ |
| 20D1 | Б1- | PY80 | 5 | 8 LD 20 | $51-$ |
| 20 L 1 | $51-$ | z7t | 31 | 2780 | - |
| 20 P 1 | 5)- | 6BX6 | 3 - | EBF80 | 51- |
| PL81 | 51- | Z154 | 3 - | DH77 | $51-$ |
| EF50 | 119 | 6P25 | $5 \cdot-$ | 8F15 | $51-$ |
| VR150/30 | 4/- | 6 F 1 | $3{ }^{-}$ | 6513 | $51-$ |
| VR85 | 1/6 | $5 \mathrm{U4}$ | $51-$ | 3F14 | $51-$ |
| V R91 | 11 | PL3P | $57-$ |  |  |

## GOOD COMPANIONS

MINIATURE TRANSISTORIZED SIGNAL GENERATOR TYPE 40

* Up to $20 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$ on fundamentals.
$\star$ R.F. and Audio Output, Attenuated.
$\star$ Accuracy better than $2 \%$.
$\star$ Miniarure size only $4 \frac{1}{2}$ in. $x$ 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ in.
PRICE NET £5.15.0. Battery
Post (C.O.D. or C.W.O.), 2/6.


MINIATURE TRANSISTORIZED
R.C. BRIDGE TYPE 41

* Capacitance $5 \mu \mu \mathrm{~F}$ to $20 \mu \mathrm{~F}$.
* Resistance $5 \Omega$ to $20 \mathrm{M} / \Omega$.
* Calibrated Power Factor Check.
$\star$ Miniature Size-Light Weight.
PRICE NET E5.10.0. Battery
Post (C.O.D. or C.W.O.), 2/6.
TRADE ENQUIRIES INVITED
SEND S.A.E. FOR LEAFLETS, OR ORDER TODAY, FROM-
CHANNELELECTRONICINDUSTRIES LTD. DEPT. PAGOUNSTAN RD. BURNHAM-ON-SEA, SOM.


## IRISH READERS

Hundreds of Bargains in Radio and TV Components and Valves

Ask or Send for Free Lists

## SMYTH \& LYNESS

39 Montgomery Street (at May Street End), Belfast I, N. Ireland.

REPANCO "Kidset" Transistor Radio

* DUAL WAVE
* PERMEABILITY TUNED
$\star$ COMPLETE WITHBATTERY
$\star$ ATTRACTIVE RED CABINET Assembled ready to work 33/Lightweight Phones $17 / 6$
Radio. Experimental Products Ltd.

33 MUCH PARK ST., COVENTRY


MULLARD REFERENCE MANUAL OF TRANSISTOR CIRCUITS

12/6. Postage 1/-
Using Transistors by Sjobbema, $15 / 4$, postage l/-. book with cine sound Sumblement. 10/6, postaje 1/-. Cuil besign and construction by Bernards. 5/:, postage 6d. Keceivers by Transistor, subarhet, Receivers by Sining an oscilloscope by Easterling. 6/6, postage 6d. Wi Wireleas, 7 th ed. by Scroggie, $15 /-$ postage $1 /$. Correcting IV Picture Fanlts by Cura, 4/-, postage 6 d .

## UNIVERSAL BOOK CO.

12 Little Newport Street, London, W.C.2 (adjoining Lisle Street)

## TECHNICAL TRAINING in radio television and electronics

Whether you plan to have your own business, to become an electronics engineer, bo take up a career in industry, or to brush-up your knowledge and study new developments, transistors, etc., an I.C.S. Course with help you to success. You learn at home in your own time, under expert tuition. Moderate fees include all books.

EXAMINATION COURSES FOR:-
C. \& G. Radio and TV Servicing Certificate (R.T.E.B.)

British Institution of Radio Engineers, etc. C. $\&$ G. Telecom. Technician's Cert.

## LEARN AS YOU BUILD

## Practical Radio Servicing Course

A basic course in radio electronic and electrical theory backed by thorough practical training. You build radio receivers, signal generator and multimeter.



Dept. b
152/153 Fleet St., London, E.G.4. Tel. FLE 2833
Business Hours 4 Weekdays, 9-6 Saturdays, 9-1
Stockises for
AMPLIFIERS, V.H.F, TUNERS, HI-FI SPEAKERS BY ALL THE LEADING MANUFACTURERS


## PORTABLE BATTERY ELIMINATOR

## MADE BY COSSOR

Housed in two containers which are to replace AD35 and B126 Batteries. 37/6, plus 2/- P. \& P. Only suitable for use with Dk96 Series valves.

## LIMITED NUMBER THIS STEREO OFFER!

Compact Stereo amplifier watts each channel'using 2-ECL82 I-EZ80, separate balance and tone controls, volume and on/oH switch channel reverse switch designed lor crystal pick-up. separate power pack, including 2-6 $\frac{1}{2}$ P.M. speakers in cabinets finished imitation Rexine. Complete and ready for use, E8.19.6.
 P. \& P. 10\%


* DECCA PORTABLE AMPLIFIER. As supplied in $*$ famous DECCAMATIC IH. Complete with small cream knobs. Full range tone and volume controls. Employs t ECL82 valve, Metal Rectifier. Size $3 \times 3 \frac{1}{2} \times 8 \frac{3}{4}$ in. Only 5918 plus 2/6 P. \& P.
SPECIAL CELESTION $8 \times 6 \mathrm{in}$. olliptical high flux loudspeaker to fit. $30 /$-plus $1 /=$ P. \& P.



## A SNIP FOR CONSTRUCTORS

Build the Labgear Audio Ousput meter. Two ranges25 milliwatts to I watt, I watt to 100 watts. Accuracy 5\% Input impedance 3, 15 and 600 ohms. Printed circuit. All components including O-IMA moving coil meter and silver hammertone enamel case. Kit complete with instructions 59/6, post and pkg. 1/6.

## WHAT DOES IT TAKE TO GET TO THE TOP? <br> BRAINS or GUTS ?

It is a moot point but after 21 years of helping young men to build fine careers in Electronics WE plump for GUTS. We truly believe that our success and the success of our pupils owes much to our school motto:
"There is no virtue without courage, No reward without labour."

If you are prepared to make it your motto and live up to it, we can help you to get to the top. It'will take time, it will take effort, it will take courage, and on top of all this you will actually be charged fees.
If we haven't succeeded in putting you off, write for details, today, to:

## Mr. J. SYKES

M.I.E.E., M. Brit. I.R.E., M.I.N.)

## Principal:

BRITISH NATIONAL RADIO SCHOOL Red Lion Court, Stalbridge, Dorset. Britain's premier Radio Correspondence School specialising in City and Guilds examinations.

## G2AK: Season's Greetings

## AMERICAN "SIGNAL" MORSE KEYS

Type M100 with switch. This excellent, lightweight, fast key is currently priced in U.S.A. at $\$ 6.85$ ( $£ 2$ 10s.) and is offered at only 12'6, p. \& p. 1/6. Makes an acceptable present for the enchuslast

## AERIAL EQUIPMENT

TWIN FEEDER. 300 ohm twin ribbon feeder, similar K25, 6d. per yard. K35B Telcon (round) $1 / 6$ per yard. Post on above feeder and cable $1 / 6$ any length.
COPPER WIRE. 14 G., H/D 140ft. 17/-; 70ft. 8/6. P. \& P. 2/Other lengths pro rata. Stranded 7/25, 140ft. $10 \%$;- 70ft. 5/* P \& P 2
RIBBED GLASS. 3in, aerial insulators, $1 / 6$ each P. \& P. 1/6. CERAMIC FEEDER SPREADERS. 6in. type F.S. IOd, each or 9i-dozen. P. \& P. 2/-.
CERAMIC "T", PIECES. Type A.T. for centre of dipoles, //6 each. P. \& P. 1/-
2 METRE BEAM 5 ELEMENT W.S. YAGI. Complete in box with $1 \times 2 \frac{1}{2}$ in. mast head bracket. PRICE 49/.. P, \& P- 3/6. SUPER AERAXIAL CABLE. 75 ohm 300 watts, very low loss, $1 / 8$ per yard, P. \& P. 1/6. 50 ohm, 300 watt coax, very low loss, 116 yd . or 20 yds. 2716 , P. \& P. $1 / 9$.
HEADPHONES H.R. TYPE. 4,000 ohms., very sensitive. ONLY $12^{\prime 6}$ pr. P. \& P. 1/6. C.L.R. Type (low res.), 8/6. P. \& P. 1/6.

ABSORPTION WAVEMETERS. 3.00 to $35.00 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$. in 3 switched bands, marked on scale. Complete with indicator bulb. A MUST for any Ham shack. ONLY 1916, post free. VARIABLE CONDENSERS. All brass with ceramic end plates and ball race bearings. $50 \mathrm{pF}, 5 / 9.100 \mathrm{pF}, 6 / 6$. 160 pF , 1/6. $240 \mathrm{pF}, 8 / 6$. and $300 \mathrm{pF}, 916$. All fitted with rear extension for ganging. P. \& P. 1/-. Also Flexible Couplers 1\% each.

## CHAS. H. YOUNG LTD.

THE COMPONENT SPECIALISTS
Dept. "pr" 110 Dale End, Birmingham 4. (CEN 1635) (No C.O.D. under 11 please)
(By return Service)

## TRANSISTORS

Red Spots, 3/-; White Spots, 3/9; Yell/GR 319; Ediswan XB104, 8/6; XA103 ( $4 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$ ), $10 /-$ : $\times$ A 104 ( $6 / 8 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$ ), $12 / \mathrm{m}$; Mullard OC70, 14/-: OC71, 14/- OC72, 17/-; OC44, 26/-; OC45, $23 /-;$ OC170 ( $70 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$ ), 35/-; Newmarket Vi5/i0P ( 10 watt power), 15/-; Diodes, 1/- and 2/6; Mullard Diode, $4 /$;- Electrolyrics (sub. min. 15 v.) 2, 4, 8, 50, 100 uf, 3/- ea.: Ardente Trans. D239, 8/6; D240, 8/6; D131, 12/6; D132, 12/6; T1079, 12/-; D167, 12/-; Headphones L.R., 8/6; H.R., 17/6; Resistors $10 \%$ tol., 6d.; 5\% tol., 1/=; Desk Mike, $31 / 6$; Balance inserts (use as earpiece or speaker), 2/6; M.C. Earpiece (use Min. Speaker), 5/-: Westalite Contact Rectifier $250 \mathrm{v} ., 60 \mathrm{~mA}, 7 / 6$; Transformer $250-0$ $250 \mathrm{v} ., 6 \mathrm{v}$. and 5 v ., $15 / \mathrm{F} ; 6 \mathrm{v.}$, Vibrator Pack, 120 v., 60 mA , out, 12/6; Garrard Portable Record Player, cabinet, battery turntable 45 r.p.m. and pick-up; takes transistor amplifier, $\mathbf{E 3 . 1 0 . 0}$, plus carr, $3 / 3$. Real bargain. Limited quantity.
TERMS.-Cash with order. Post extra, excess refunded. Morco Reflex Rx, best 2-transistor Receiver. Send 8d. stamps for notes.
MORCO EXPERIMENTAL SUPPLIES 8 \& 10 Granville Street, Sheffield 2 Tel.: 27461

A 3d. stamp will bring you a copy of our latest
RADIO \& TELEVISION COMPONENT Catalogue JAMES H. MARTIN \& CO. FINSTHWAITE, NEWBY BRIDGE ULVERSTON, LANCS.


Suitable tor 6 and 12 volt complete with ammeter, iuses, polarity marked crocodile elips on output leads. Fully guaranteed 12 months.

$$
\begin{array}{ccccc}
2 \text { amp. } & . . & \ldots & \ldots & 48 /= \\
4 \text { amp. } & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & 67 / 6 \\
6 \text { amp. } & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & 84 / 6 \\
\text { C. W. O. } & \text { or C.O.D. carriage } 4 / 6 . \\
\text { Special terms to the trade }
\end{array}
$$

COMPLETE RANGE OF ACCESSORIES List on request to
F. C. HILL \& CO. LTD.

17 Bilston Street, Wolverhampton Telephone 22259.

## RE/CAP. BRIDGE

 38/-p. 8 p. $2^{\prime}=$

Checks all types of resistors, condensers 6 RANGES
Buile in I hour

## READY CALIBRATED

Stamp for details of this and other kits.
RADIO MAIL (Dept. GP)
Raleigh Mews, Raleigh Street, Nottingham

12in. SPEAKER AND sin. TWEETER by leading manutacturer, $75 /-$. This 13 less than hadt list prlce, 3 ohm.
CUT PRICE TUOLS, 5in. side cutters, CUT PRICE TOOLS, 5in. side cutters, 5/6. 5in. plated and nose tapered piers,
5/6. 7in. flat-nosed tapered pilers, 8/6. Pocket neon testers with retractable sorewdriver, $5 /-$. 71 in . combination pllers, 8/. Sin. Steel Block Planes 1\$1n. blade. 10/6. FULL SIZE H/S TWIST DRILLS. Set $7 \frac{1}{16}$ to $1 / 4 \mathrm{In}$. in Wallet, $6 /-\mathrm{Smaller}$
 ${ }_{5 / 16 .} 15 / 6$. Bench Grinder $6^{\circ} \times 1$. stone. $33 /-$ NEW 1Rin. SPEAKERS, 12 watus. Listed NEW 12in. SPEAKERE, 12 Wa,
at £12/12/0. Our price £ $/ 1 \% / 6$. at £12/2/0. Cur price £6/17/8.
PAXOLIN PANELS, $12 x$ 8 $x$ iln. $3 / 6$.
 17/6.
OUR FAMOUY TRANSFORMERS, Input 200/250. Output tapped $\hat{c}$ to $30 \mathrm{~V}, 2$ a or $5,11,17$ v 5 a. Each 24/6.
F.W. METAL RECTIFIEISS, $12 / 6$ volt, 1 я.. 7/6: 3 а.. 13/-: 4 a.. 17/6: 6 а., 27/6; 24 จ. 2 a.. $23 / 6$.
TOGGLE SWITCHES DPDT, 3/6. SP 1/9. MICRO SWTICHES. Make \& Break, 5/6. MAINS TRANSFMR. \& RECTIFIER MAINS TRANSFMR. \& RECTIFIER. NICKEL NIFE BATTERIES, 1.2 v. 2.5 a. NICKEL MEE BATGERIES, 1.2 V. 2.5 a.
Size 3 x 2 x ln, $6 /-$ or 3 for $16 \%-, 4$ for $21 /$,
practically everlasting.
EX WD MOESE KEYS, 3/6, 6/6 and 8/6. RELAIS. We hold large stocks. Any contact combination and operating coll
voltage supplied voltage suppled from $3 \%$ -
KEY SWITCHES from $3 /$ -
AMLERICAN MADE P.V.C. TAPE Finest quality 800 ft . reels 19/6.
12 Y. MINIATURE RELAIS. It x it $x$ lin. Wgt. 1toz. S.P.C.O. 9/3. S.P.C.O. and 3 make 10/6.
BENCH VICE with Clamp. 2t* jaw. 15/6
All items ouaranteed and post free Lists sent on request. Post orders oniy to THE
RADIO \& ELECTRICAL MART P.O. BOX 9, G.P.O.,

TUNBRDGEE WELLS, KENT

EDDY'S (Nottm.) LTD.
172 Alfreton Road, Nottingham

| A7GT | 1119 | Ouaranteed |  | ECC84 | $8!3$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| lA7GT | 119 | 6 |  |  |  |
| ICSGT | 919 | $6 \times 5 \mathrm{CT}$ | 4111 | E | 711 |
| ID5 | 716 | $7 \mathrm{B7}$ | 716 | ECH42 | 81. |
| IH5GT | 916 | $7 C 5$ | 716 | ECL80 | 71. |
| IL4 | 316 | 7C6 | 716 | ECL82 | $10 \%$ |
| IN5GT | 919 | 7H7 | 716 | EF36 | 3. |
| IR5 | 516 | 757 | 916 | EF41 | 719 |
| 155 | 419 | 7 Y 4 | 71. | EF42 | 716 |
| 1 T4 | 3111 | 12A6 | 513 | EF80 | 51. |
| 3Q5GT | 816 | 12 AT 6 | 716 | EF86 | 919 |
| $3 \vee 4$ | 619 | $12 \mathrm{AT7}$ | 513 | EF89 | 71. |
| $5 \cup 4 G$ | $4 / 9$ | 12 K 7 | $5 / 3$ | EF91 | 316 |
| 5Y3G | 519 | 12 Q 7 | 513 | EL41 | 713 |
| 524G | 716 | 2001 | 916 | EL84 | 616 |
| 6 A7 | $10^{\prime}$ | 25L6GT | 716 | EL91 | 416 |
| 6AG5 | 41. | 35L6GT | 91- | EY51 | 7111 |
| $6 A Q 5$ | 716 | 3524 | $5 / 3$ | EY86 | 719 |
| 6AT6 | 716 | 35 W 4 | 619 | EZ80 | 61. |
| 688G | 2111 | 807 | 319 | EZ81 | 819 |
| 6BA6 | 5111 | DAF91 | $4 / 9$ | MU14 | 71. |
| 6816 | 5111 | DAF96 | 6'11 | PCL82 | 716 |
| 6 C 4 | $3 / 6$ | DF91 | 6111 | PEN25 | 4111 |
| 6 C 6 | 419 | DF96 | 6111 | PEN36 | 81. |
| 6 CH 6 | 8111 | DL96 | 6/11 | PL 36 | $10^{\prime 9}$ |
| 6H6G | 1'II | DK91 | 5/11 | PL81 | $8 / 9$ |
| 6J5G | 219 | DK96 | 8111 | PL82 | $7{ }^{\prime}$ |
| 615 M | 413 | EB34 | 118 | PL83 | 71. |
| 6J7G | 51. | EB41 | 71. | PY81 | 616 |
| $6 \mathrm{K7G}$ | 1111 | EB91 | 319 | PY82 | $6 / 9$ |
| 6K8G | 5/3 | EABC80 | 716 | PY83 | 71. |
| $6 P 28$ | 716 | EAF42 | 816 | U25 | $12 / 6$ |
| 6Q7G | 519 | EBC41 | 716 | UBC41 | 7/3 |
| $6 \mathrm{SL7}$ | 61. | EBC33 | $5 \%$ | UF41 | 719 |
| 6SN7GT | $4 / 3$ 519 | ECC35 | 619 | UF42 | 619 |
| 6SA7M | 519 419 | ECC81 | 513 | UY41 | 61- |
| 6SG7M | 419 1016 | ECC82 | 5111 | UY85 | 613 |
| 6V6G | 419 | ECC83 | 616 | UCH42 | 719 |

CAR RADIO KITS. 7 Transistor Long and Medium 2 wates output. R.F. stage Aus Gain control $10 \pm g n s$. P. \& P. 5/-. 6 or 12 V (state which) supplied with full instructions Size $7 \frac{1}{1} \times 7 \frac{1}{4} \times 2 \frac{1}{\frac{1}{i n}}$. Speaker Extra 1711 .
VALVE FiLAMENT TESTER. Mult purpose. Pocket size Batr operated checks aft valves. Pllot lamps, circuit concinuity. Sire $5 \frac{2}{4} \times 3$ y $\times 1$ ifin 29/11 Post \& Packing 3/6. NIFE ACCUMULATORS. 1.25 v . Size $3 \times 2 \frac{3}{4} \times \frac{2}{1} \mathrm{in} .7 \mathrm{mp}$ hrs. weight 13 ozs . IIllea. P \& P. $1 / 6$, one only add 9 d . per cell. DYNAMOTORS. 200 v D.C. to 12 v .. D.C. Ideal for train sets, etc., 19111, P. \& P $2 / 6$.
RECTIFIERISTABILISERS.
volt valves. Midget 3\%. Post 6d
VARIABLE CONDENSERS. 0.0005 small twin gang. Buite in slow motion drive 8111. Post \& Packing 1/6.

8/11. Post \& Packing $1 / 6$,
HEADPHONE CORD
6fs. lengths. N1I, Post 6d
VIBRATORS. 12 v. 4 pin, 4/ll, Post $1 /$ DIMMER SWITCHES. Ideal for train speed regulators, 1/11, Post 9d.
GERMANIUM DIODES. 8d. each, 7\% Dozen. Posz 6d.
THROAT MIKES. $1 \%$, Post 6 d . Could be used for electrifying musical insts, etc.
NEON MAINSTESTER SCREW-

## DRIVERS. 3ll, Post 9d.

TUMBLER SWITCHES. 250 volts 5 amps, 1/. each. Post 6d
POCKET RADIO. 2 transistor with miniature spaaker 2 wave bands, complete with all parts, wiring diagrams and full instructions, 27/6, Batteries $1 /-$, P. \& P. 1/6. TRANSISTORS. Red Spot, 3/9, White Spot, 4/3. Post 6d
JACK PLUGS. Standard 1/II, Posr 9d.
LUXEMBOURG AERIALS. Expanding. Complete and easy to fir. No technical knowledge required. Greatly improves reception, 3/11, Post 6d.
All Above are New and Guaranteed Any parcel insured against damage in transit for only 6d. extra per order. All uninsured parcels at customers risk. Postage and Packing 6d. per valve extra. C.W.O. or C.O.D. only. C.O.D. charge $3 /$ extra. S.A.E. with all enquiries.

## DID YOU KNOW COYNES NEW

 TROUBLE-SHOOTING SERIES TAKES HEADACHES OUT OF ALL SERVICING PROBLEMS?

Pin-Point
TV troubles in 10 minutes Find the exact sound or pletire TV set from 700 possibilities!
 of solid. down 10
eirth TV Serveng information: 300 ellagrams, check charts, 31/6, Postage 1/-.


## SIMPLE CHECK CHART <br> SYSTEM SAVES TIME

These amazing practical handbooks with ENTIRELY NEW METHOD show you how to find the trouble in ANY TV, or transistor circult FAST! Endex tells you where to look; famous Check
Charts belp you to pin-point the exact Charts help you to pin-point the exact
trouble in minutes trouble in minutes for themselves in proftable new business and valuable time profta

## SEND NO MONEY

Just mail coupon for free trial. After ${ }^{7}$ days send onls low price or return books and pay nothing! If you keep both books send only 19 -aiter 7 days and $£ 1$ a month intil a totai of 9 g- has been pard.
It ordering one book, pay one hatr after
FREE TRIAL OFFER

## Mail Coupon Now for

## FAST RETURN SERVICE

Mail order Division, sPM-TECHBOOK Col.fPANY. Gater's Mill, West-Lind Souflampton, Hants.
$\square$ Rush 2-buok PIN-POINT Serles for 7-day FLEEE TRIAL per offer (postare tree).
$\square$ I do not require both books, please send me the following book as per otfer.

$\square$TRANSISTURS. 47/6. plus postage $\square$ TV TROUBLES. 31/6, plus postage.
Name
Address
City
.................. County................Check here if enclosing full price; we pay postage. Same 7-day money-brek guarantee.


## SEMICONDUCTORS

## AUDIO AMPLIFIER AND RADIO APPLICATION REPORTS

Ciass B nush-pult using GEIIl4 transisiors operating from a 6 V supply (SAR 5).
Class B rush-pull translormerless output stage using GETII4 transistors operaling from a 9V supply (SAR 6).
[ff mil Class $B$ push-puil using GETII4 transistors operaling from a 6 V supply (SAR 7).
Class B push-pull transformerless output stage using GETII4 transistors operaling from a 9 V supply (SAR 8).
Class $B$ push-puls using GET114 or GET115 tran* sistors operating from a 6 V supply (SAR 10 ).
Class B push-pull Iransformerless output stage using GET114 or GET115 transistors operating from a 12 V supply (SAR 2).

Class 13 push-pull using GEII 16 transistors operating from a 12 V supply (SAR 11 ).

Class B push-puli cransformerless output stage using GET115 transistors operiting from a 12 V supply (SAR 12).

## RADIO RECEIVER

6-iransistor superhet operating from a 9 V suppiy (SAR 13).

For copies of any of these Semiconductor Application Reports (SAR's) or for information on the wide range of G.E.C. transistors please write to:

## THE GENERAL ELECTRIC COMPANY LIMITED

## Semiconductor Division

School Street, Hazel Grove,
Stockport, Cheshire.

## MEDIUM <br> LONG AND <br> SHORT WAVE

## SEVEN TRANSISTOR SUPERHET

$\star$ PRE-bUILT UNITS $\star$ - THE NEW EASY WAY TO BUILD A RADIO -

- Press Bution short, Medium and Long Wave Coll Pack: OCI70 OSC.Mixer stage. Printed Circuic. Pre-aligned and Tested. 903 P.P. I/6.
- Princed Circuit if Strip, 2-OC169. Pre-aligned and Tested 92.6 P.P. 1.6
- One Watt f-Transistor Hi-Fi Amplifier. Printed Circuit, 92/6 P.P. I/6.
- 9 inch Ferrite aerial with coils, 12/6. 176pF-176pF Tuner for above. $9 / 6$.

> FULLY ILLUSTRATED BOOKLET SHOWING INTERCONNECTION OF ABOVE ... $2 / 6$

ALL TRANSISTOR BABY ALARM The eeTBally Situer"


* 100\% Saie-Guaranteed $\star$ Fully Portable
* No Mains-Battery Operated
$\star$ Can be used over Any Distance * Battery life 3 to 4 months USE IT AT HOME. TAKE IT ANYWHERE Every Sound can be heard on large 5 -inch Speaker COMPLETELY ASSEMBLED WITH
BATTERY AND MICROPHONE
£5.10.0 P.P. $2 / 6$
- BE WITH YOUR CHILDREN ALL THE TIME (illustrated leaflet free on request)


## PERSONAL

EARPHONES
ALL MAGNETIC \& GUARANTEED

* Single Personal Earphone, medium impedance, as used on Ranger 2 and 3 etc. Complete with lead \& eartip. 12/6, P.P. 6d.
* Single Personal Earphone, low impedance, fitsed with lead and sub-minature Jack Plug ......................19/6, P.P. 6d * Medium Impedance Earphone, with lead fitted and Jack Plug......19/6, P.P. 6d.
* Very High Impedance version for Perdio exc................................22/6, P.P. 6d * Jack Sockets, 3/-; with Circuir Breaker Switch, 3/6; Jack Plugs, 3/-. (All sub-min.)



## VALVES

TRANSMITTING RADIO AND TV VALVES, TUBES AND INDUSTRIAL TYPES.
FREE LIST ON REQUEST.

## "STEREO 3-D"

## STEREO RECORD PLAYER AMPLIFIER

New high-gain circuit with full cone, balance and volume controls. Can be used with all types ol records as well as stereo

* 2 WATTS PEAK PER CHANNEL
$\star$ ECC83: 2-ECL82 VALVES
$\star$ MAINS $110 / 250 V$ A.C.
Complete with speaker sockets,
calibrated dials, etc. $\quad$ 55.7.6 calibrated dials, etc.


## P.P. 2/-

$\star \star$ COLLARO 4-SPEED STEREO AUTO-CHANGER, Ideal for use with above amplifier...... 57.10 .0 . P.P. $3 / 6$.
$\star 9 \times 6 \mathrm{in}$. large magnet Elac speaker. for use with STEREO 3-D. 37i-pair. P.P. 1/6.

## TRANSISTORS AND MINIATURE COMPONENTS

We stock the largest range of components in the country for the home conscructor.


WE HAVE YOUR ITEM IN STOCK

FREE LIST AND DATA ON REQUEST

## HENRY'S (RADIO) LTD.

5 HARROW ROAD, EDGWARE ROAD, PADDINGTON, LONDON,W'W. 2 Opposite Edgware Road Tube Station, PADdington 1008/9.
OPEN MONDAY to SAT. 9-6. THURS. I o'clock
SEE BACK PAGE

## CRYSTAL

## MICROPHONES

(I) ACOS 39-1 STICK MICROPHONE WITH STAND AND SCREENED LEAD, 39/6, P. \& P. $1 / 6$
(2) ACOS 40 DESK MICROPHONE WITH FOLDAWAY STAND AND SCREENED LEAD, 19/6, P. \& P. I/6
(3) ACOS 45 (ILLUSTRATED) NEW STYLE HAND MICROPHONE WITH SCREENED LEAD, VERY SENSITIVE, 29/6, P. \& P. $1 / 6$


## TRANSISTORS



SEND FOR NEW FREE LIST WITH DATA \& USES. Fully Guaranteed. We Can Supply a Transistor for Every Need

## SPECIAL OFFER

6 EDISWAN TRANSISTORS \& TWO DIODES
I-XA102 ONLY $\begin{array}{ll}2-X A 101 & 57 / 6 \\ 1-\times B 103 & \end{array}$ 2-XCIOI PER SET and 2 Diodes P.P. I/Equivalent Mullard Set 62/6 P.P.I/-

## Practical Wireless

# SERVICE 

ALL OF these blueprints are drawn full-size and although the issues containing descriptions of these sets are now out of print, an asterisk in the list below derotes that constructional details are available free with the blueprint.
The index letters which precede the Blueprint Number indicate the periodical in which the description appeared. Thus PW refers to PRACTICAL WIRELESS; AW to Amateur Wireless and WM to Wireless Magazine.
Send (preferably) a postal order to cover the cost of the Blueprint (stamps over 6d. unacceptable) to

## Tinle

Number Price

## CRYSTAL SETS

| Junior Crystal Set | PV |
| ---: | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Dual-wave Crystal Diode |  |
|  |  |
| STRAIGHT SETS |  |

Battery Operated
Modern One-valver
All-dry Three
Modern Two-valver

PW96* 2/6
PW97* 3/6
PW98* 3/6

PW94* 2/-
PW95* 2/6

## SUPERHETS

Mains Operated
A.C. Band-pass Three

PW99* 4/-
A.C. Coronet-4 PW100* 4/-
A.C./D.C. Coronet

PW101* 4/-

PRACTICAL WIRELESS, Blueprint Dept., George Newnes, Ltd., Tower House, Southampton Street, London, W.C.2.

## SPECIAL NOTE

THE following blueprints include some pre-war designs and are kept in circulation for those constructors who wish to make use of old components which they may have in their spares box. The mojority of the components for these receivers are no longer stocked by retailers.


Standard Four Valve S.W. ... WM383* 3/6
Enthusiast's Power Amplifier ... WM387* 3/6
Standard Four Valve ... ... WM391* 3/6
Listener's 5-Watt Amplifier ... WM392* 3/6

## MISCELLANEOUS

The PW 3-speed Autogram ... - * 8/-
The PW Monophonic Electronic
Organ

TELEVISION
The PT Band III converter

8/-

8/-

1/6

## query coupon

This coupon is available until 6th January, 1961, and must accompany all queries in accordance, with the notice on our "Open to Discussion" page.
PRACTICAL WIRELESS, JANUARY, 1961.

[^4]


[^0]:    ## TERMS OF BUSINESS C.W.O. or C.O.D. <br> 2/9 PACKING CHARGE ON ALL C.O.D. ORDERS. POSTAGE 3d. PER VALVE

    OBSOLETE VALVES A SPECIALITY. QUOTATIONS GIVEN ON ANY TYPE NOT LISTED.

[^1]:    Mail Orders to 29-31 Moorfield Road, Leeds 12.
    Callers to 5 and 7 County (Mecca) Arcade, Briggate, Leeds $l_{1}$
    and 8-10 Brown Screet (Market Street), Manchester 2,
    or 56 Morley Streec. (nexs to Majestic Ballroom), Bradford.

[^2]:    FULEY OESCRIPTVE PEAPLERE ON MLE OF ABOYE
     STATE WHICH ifearlet is REGURED.

[^3]:    * Phone: PADdington 4185 * Open ú days 9-6 d.m.

[^4]:    Pubilished on the 7th of each month by GEORGE NEWNES. LIMITED, Tower House Southampton Street, London, W.C.2. and printed in Ergland by WATMOUGHS LIMTED. IdIe. Bradiord; and London. Sole Agents for Australla and Now Zoalandigorno gas GOTCH (A/sia). LTD. South Africa and Rhodesia: CENTRAL NEWS AGENCY. LTD. Subscription rate ncludirg postago

