

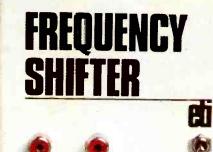
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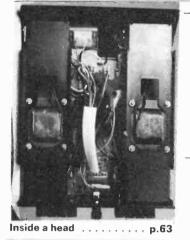
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N.B. The CHROMA-CHIME is also available, fully assembled, price £24-95 inc VAT and post and packing

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FREQUENCY

Feel like a move? p.40



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S26 6 × 10 K LOG Single 40 p 16193 6 × 20 K LN Single 40 p 16194 6 × 20 K LN Single 40 p 16194 6 × 47 K LN Single 40 p 527 6 × 100 K LNG Single 40 p 528 6 × 100 K LOG Single 40 p	7402 0.11 0.10 7451 0.12 0.10 74141 0.68 0.68 0.68 0.68 0.68 0.68 0.68 0.68 0.68 0.68 0.68 0.68 0.68 0.68 0.68 0.68 0.68 0.68 0.68 0.68 0.68 0.68 0.68 0.68 0.68 0.68 0.68 0.68 0.68 0.68 0.68 0.68 0.68 0.68 0.68 0.68 0.68 0.68 0.68 0.68 0.68 0.68 0.68 0.68 0.68 0.68 0.68 0.68 0.68 0.68 0.68 0.68 0.68 0.68 0.68 0.68 0.68 0.68 0.68 0.68 0.68 0.68 0.68 0.68 0.68 0.68 0.68 0.68 0.68 0.68 0.68 0.68 0.68 0.68 0.68 0.68 0.68 0.68 0.68 0.68 0.68 0.68 0.68 0.68 0.68 <t< th=""><th>16165 150 approx Čapacitors mixed values (Count by weight) 40p 16167 80% W Resistors mixed values 40p 16168 5 µeces Assorted Ferrite rods 40p 16169 2 µeces Turing gangs MV/LW 40p</th></t<>	16165 150 approx Čapacitors mixed values (Count by weight) 40p 16167 80% W Resistors mixed values 40p 16168 5 µeces Assorted Ferrite rods 40p 16169 2 µeces Turing gangs MV/LW 40p
S29 6 × 500 K LOG Single 40p 60 mm. Travel 500 K LOG Single 40p 540 6 × 2 5K LOG Single 40p 531 6 × 10K LIN Single 40p 533 6 × 10K LIN Single 40p 533 6 × 25K LIN Single 40p 534 4 × 5K LIN Single 40p 534 4 × 5K LOG Dual 40p	7408 0.12 0.11 7473 0.26 0.22 74155 0.70 0.68 7409 0.12 0.11 7474 0.24 0.22 74156 0.70 0.68 7409 0.12 0.11 7474 0.24 0.22 74156 0.70 0.68 7410 0.90 0.83 7475 0.44 0.40 74157 0.70 0.68 7411 0.22 0.20 7475 0.44 0.40 74167 0.70 0.68 7412 0.22 0.20 7476 0.48 0.425 74160 0.86 0.85 7413 0.26 0.25 7481 0.90 0.88 0.42 74161 0.96 0.85 7416 0.28 0.25 7481 0.90 0.88 74162 0.96 0.85 7417 0.26 0.25 7483 0.88 0.82 74163 0.98 0.85 7417 0.26	16170 50 metres Single strand wire assorted wire 40p 16171 10 Red switches 40p 16172 3 Micro switches 40p 16174 10 Red switches 40p 16175 20 Assorted electrolytics Trans types 40p 16177 1 pack Assorted hardware nuts/ bolts etc 40p 16179 20 Assorted tag strips and panels 40p 16180 15 Assorted Control knobs 40p 16184 15 Assorted tag strips and panels 40p 16186 60 ½W Resistors mixed values 40p 16187 10 metres stranded wire assorted colours 40p
S36 4 < 100K LOG Dual 40p S37 4 × 1 3 MEG LOG Dual 40p S38 MIXER SLIDER POTS. VARIOUS VALUES & SIZES OUR MIX	7422 0.19 0.18 7485 1.10 1.00 74165 1.20 1.10 7423 0.21 0.20 7486 0.28 0.24 1.10 1.00 7425 0.21 0.20 7486 0.28 0.28 74174 1.10 1.00 7425 0.25 0.23 7489 2.70 2.50 74176 0.85 0.82 7427 0.25 0.23 7490 0.38 0.32 74176 1.10 1.00 7427 0.25 0.23 7490 0.65 0.62 74177 1.10 1.00 7428 0.36 0.34 74176 1.10 1.00 7430 0.36 0.34 74176 1.10 1.00 7428 0.36 0.34 7429 0.43 0.35 74180 1.10 1.80 7430 0.12 0.10 7492 0.43 0.35 74180 1.180 1.80	* PRICE BARGAIN!
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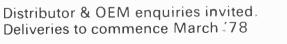
SCRUMPT 3 FROM BYWOOD THE VOU CAN DISPLAY 32 CHARS on each of 8 Rows. Each char can BE ANY OF THE 64 ASCII PATTERNS DEFINED ON A 7X9 MATRIX 10 KEYS ALLOW INPUT OF 65 CODES FOR LETTERS, NUMBERS, HELL-CHARACTERS AND FUNCTIONS

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(8% VAT excluded). S.A.E. for details



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0

news digest.

RED TAPE GAGS THE QUEEN!

In the wee small hours of January 19th 1903, Marconi established the first two-way communication across the Atlantic. Messages were exchanged between the American president Theodore Roosevelt and the British King Edward VII. To mark the 75th anniversary of this event, the Cornish Radio Amateur Club have organised a team of sixty local amateurs to run GB3 MSA (Marconi's Seventy-fifth Anniversary). The station was run 24 hours a day, from the 14th to the 22nd January, from the lounge of the Poldhu Hotel in sunny Cornwall – only metres away from the spot Marconi used.

Transmitting on 80m, 20m and 2m the team had already made 1 100 contacts in 51 countries when ETI contacted them on the 16th! All the equipment was owned by the club and its members and set up for the week specially. On the American side was another station, KM1 CC, based in Cape Cod. KM1 CC was run by the local Barnstaple, Mass. radio club with the help of the Radio Club of America.

Now for the red tape . . President Carter sent a message via KM1 CC and the Queen wanted to send a reply via GB3 MSA, just like Edward VII did back in 1903. The Home Office said that if she did, it would break a condition in all British amateurs licences – namely the one about not passing on messages from 3rd parties! So after 2 years preparation the Cornish Amateurs and the Queen were denied permission to reply to President Carter.

Bureaucracy reigns?!

now you see it

Following the tremendous success of the 'Light Fantastic' Exhibition in 1977, the Royal Academy of Arts is staging 'Light Fantastic 2' - this time sponsored by Guiness.

Since the first exhibition there have been several innovations in Holographic technique, at long last the public can see 3-dimensional seminude dancing ladies – frozen in mid-air. Other new techniques include experimental 'Head Up Displays' for supersonic aircraft, and multiple exposure Holograms.

Running from 12th January for three months Light Fantastic 2 gives you another chance to see Holograms in real life.

Royal Academy of Arts, Piccadilly, London. W1V 0DS.

the little cb that santa forgot

Citizen Band radio manufacturers around the world are crying into their transceivers after Xmas. They expected a boost to sales to revive their drooping business, and it didn't materialise. Seems no-one wanted to contact anyone else – not even the reindeer.

chrysler lit up

HP have signed a \$400,000 contract to supply Chrysler with LED lamps and displays for this years car ranges. They are to go into digital radios (?) fitted to some prestige models. Twinkle Twinkle little car . . .?



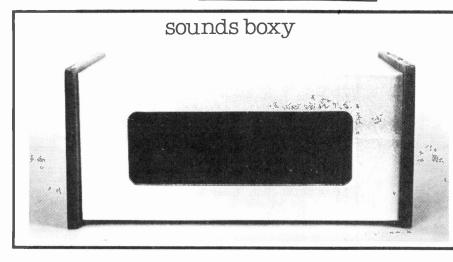
This gentlemen is the replacement for all those nubile 'Miss Jones's' cavorting in slinky fashion around the offices in Britain. A right gang of spoilsports called Optimisation intend to replace all of that with all of this. Called the Mind Reader (it's a good job Miss Jones's weren't mind readers) the box is basically a memory system combined with stop watch, calendar and clock. Information and 'things to do' can be filed away under each day with the machine dutifully displaying the required information on the required day. The keyboard is touch operated it is 10½ by 7½ by 4½ – not

The keyboard is touch operated it is $10\frac{1}{2}$ by $7\frac{1}{2}$ by $4\frac{1}{2}$ - not a patch on 36-24-36 - it weighs nine pounds and sells for around £300.

Optimisation, 45 South Street, Bishops Stortford, Hertfordshire. P.S. I bet it makes lousy tea and looks *terrible* in a bikini

> The biggest problem with building things is *still* finding something to build things in. Whenever we hear of a new box (and there aren't all that many are there?) we endevour to let you know.

are there?) we endevour to let you know. This offering caught our attention whilest meandering around Metac in Edgeware Road. Constructed in one piece of 3mm thick aluminium, with wooden (REAL!) end-pieces the box has a 75mm by 25mm cut out in the front panel for displays etc, and three pre-punched holes in the box for switches and one for a mains lead. Overall measurements are approx. 120mm x 50mm x 80mm (or four and three quarters by two by three and a quarter if you haven't yet let go of the Empire!) Price is £2.80 all inc. from Metac, 327 Edgeware Road, London W2.



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..news

on the road

Not so very long ago Edgware Road was the place to go for components. The pavements were lined with resisors – any value, any range – and most anything thing the constructor desired was there somewhere.

Even less long ago the road died. Shops closed up, and retailers, with a few notable exceptions, became surly and distinctly unhelpful. Edgeware Road was not the place to go to buy *anything*, except maybe a dead duck or two.

However things seem to have changed yet again. Recently three new component stores have opened, Metac, Electronics and Audio Marshalls. Even a couple of hi-fi emporiums have re-materialised from the ether and things are looking up. Certainly going into Edgeware was a shift of more than just the kitchen sink for Metac. Their shops are best known for their range of watches, clocks and TV games. Now however the Edgeware Road branch is to major in components, although it will still carry an excellent array of time keeping machinery.

In addition to this the shop acts as an inlet for Metac's TV game service facilities, and will carry a range of MPU equipment when set up.

Anyone who has followed the beaten path to Edgeware Road in search of the trappings of our art will have felt the edge of indifference wearing them a little thin at times. We can but hope that Metac and the rest of the reinforcements bring with them their present high standard of service.

horseplay

From Rapid Recalls Stable have come three ICs designed as motor drive devices. The three models have 1 A (8510), 2 A (8520), and 2.7 A (8530) output current capability and a standard 741 input characteristic.

They are of hybrid construction, and consist of a 741, driver chip and complementary output pair with frequency compensation. Short circuit protection is provided

colourfull sounds PAL

The Videograph is a new product that provides a means of displaying colourful "music inspired" patterns on any domestic colour TV set. The basic Videograph circuitry generates a green background upon which blue and orange stripes are superimposed. Each of these stripes can be modulated, rather like the display on a 'scope', by audio signals fed to the Videograph's two audio inputs. The two audio signals will usually be derived from the Left and Right outputs of a stereo amplifier thus turning the TV into a sophisticated sound to light unit. The circuitry is mounted on two boards, the larger

The circuitry is mounted on two boards, the larger taking care of sync generation, audio signal handling and 'stripe generation' while the other provides the colour modulator.

This latter board is interesting in itself as unlike some colour modulators it does not require complex drive signals, i.e U and V inputs, but operates on three separate R, G and B signals. This modulator, with the addition of a small interface circuit, can provide a colour facility for games based on the ubiquous AY-3-8500 which means most tele football games.

The Videograph comes in kit form and, if the instructions provided are followed carefully, can be built up in a few hours. If there are any problems with the unit however, the manufacturers will put things right for you at a small fee.

The Videograph is available from:- W. P. Stuart-Bruges at 137, Billericay Road, Herongate. Brentwood, Essex. CM13 3SD.

The complete Videograph costs $\pounds 15.95$ but the modulator is available separately at $\pounds 5.50$.

on chip, with the current into such a load set by external resistors.

One suggested application not to do with controlling actuators, is for a programmable PSU consisting of a D to A convertor, 8520 etc, and thumbwheel switches to control the D to A. Output can then bc set to ± 0.1 V.

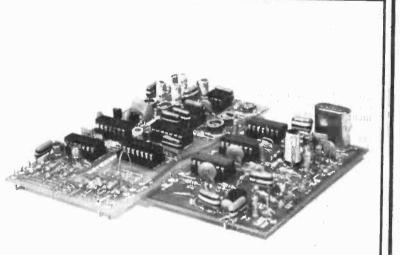
Rapid Recall, 9, Betterton Street, Drury Lane, London WC2H 9BS.

ELECTRONICS TODAY INTERNATIONAL - MARCH 1978



quite a ChArAcTeRXXxxX...

Looking a first glance like a cross between Heath Robinson and IBM, this endearing little machine is actually a compact dot matrix printer introduced by Impectron Ltd., Print speed is one 3.3 in line per second (40 characters) with a character height of 0.123 in. Multiple copies can be arranged, and power supply requirements are 40 V DC at 3.6A peak. (0.8A average). With its small size (8 in x 4 in x 5 in approx.) and low cost the 7040 will probably find many at home. Accessries to extend usare are available Details from: extend usage are available. Details from: Impectron Ltd., Impectron House, 23-31 King Street, London. W3 9LH.



amplfying news

A very worthwhile kit of the ETI 100 W amp has come to our attention, using a more compact PCB and output transistors to bring down transistors to bring down cost. The board is well made, and top quality components are used throughout. The firm perpertrating the act are Kingsley Services of Newcastle Prices are extremely reason-

able at £16.25 + £2.10 VAT etc. for a built amp module. PSU costs £7.10 + £1.57. Recommended for aspiring 100 W merchants without the confidence to undergo the ritual of the hot iron. Kingsley TV Service, 40/42 Shields Road, Newcastle Upon Tyne, NE6 1DR.

far, they are a complete PCB pattern already to rub down in seconds. The patterns are produced from our original artwork so that the results they produce are nice and sharp

We think that ETIPRINTS are such a good idea that we have patented the system (Patent numbers 1445171 and 1445172)

In case you have missed out on ETIPRINTS thus

ETIPRINTS 005 is now available, and joins 001-004 as part of the regular system.

Details of ordering the ETIPRINTS are shown below



Lay down the ETIPRINT and rub over with a soft pencil Lay down the ETIFKINT and rub over with a soft pencil until the pattern is transferred to the board. Peel off the backing sheet carefully making sure that the resist has transferred. If you've been a bit careless there's even a 'repair kit' on the sheet to correct any breaks!

ORDER TODAY

Send cheque or P.O (payable to ETI Magazine) to:-**ETIPRINT**

ETI MAGAZINE, 25/27, OXFORD STREET, LONDON, W.I.R. 1RF.



Please indicate clearly the ETI PRINTS you require. Those available at present are

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001	With patterns for skeet, clock board A, and the compander from Nov 77 plus the spirit level, three-channel tone control, and the digital ther- mometer from Oct 77.
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003	With patterns for hammer throw and race track from Jan 78 plus the freezer alarm from Dec 77.
004	With patterns for the ultrasonic transmitter- receiver, metronome, IB metal locater and porch light from Feb. '78 plus 5 / w stereo amplifier Mk. 2 from Jan. '77.
005	March 77 issue projects, including howlround suppressor, RMS voltmeter, LCD panel meter
and 003	please note that in earlier ads the contents of 002 were reversed. Would you please indicate when from which issue the patterns you require were

. news





Gaps?

Gaps?

It can be a nuisance can't it, going from newsagent to newsagent? "Sorry squire, don't have it - next one should be out soon."

Although ETI is monthly, it's very rare to find it available after the first week. If it is available, the newsagent's going to be sure to cut his order for the next issue - but we're glad to say it doesn't happen very often.

Do yourself, your newagent and us a favour. Place a regular order for ETI; your newsagent will almost certainly be delighted. If not, you can take out a postal subscription so there's nothing for you to remember - we'll do it for you.

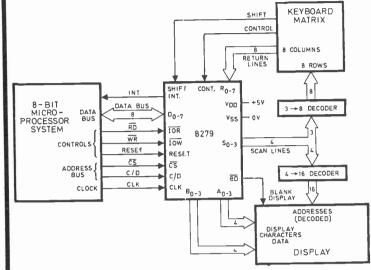
For a subscription, send us £6.00 (£7.00 overseas) and tell us which issue you want to start with. Please make your payment (in sterling please for overseas readers) to ETI Subscriptions and keep it separate from any other services you want at the same time.

> ETI Subscription Service, Electronics Today International, 25-27 Oxford Street, London W1R 1RF.





key development



Since Data input and display form an important part of microprocessor systems, a new Intel device, a new programmable singlechip keyboard/display interface device. Known as the 8279 will be of interest to many. The device is suitable for use with 8-bit microprocessors, (such as the 8080A) it relieves the CPU in a system from the task of monitoring and servicing the keyboard, and from updating the output display.

Wupdating the output display. Key depressions can be either 2-key or n-key rollover. All keyboard entries are 'de-bounced' within the chip and are stored in a first-in, first-out memory (FIFO) where they are queued for input to the microprocessor when it has time to read them. If more than eight characters are loaded into the FIFO, the 8279's overrun status flag is set.

The CPU has full access to the display memory and the display memory address can be incremented automatically on memory read or write.

Intel Corporation (UK) Ltd., 4 Between Towns Road, Cowley, Oxford, OX4 3NB.

game set The FTC in America has come out with a report on tests they conducted which show that normal use of a TV game will not result in damage to a set. And about time, too.

not much scope



The MS15 is a completely new battery oscilloscope manufactured by Non Linear Systems. Sockets are provided for external triggering and X deflection and a one volt internal calibrator is provided. Lawtronics Limited, 139 High Street, Edenbridge, Kent. TN8 5AX.

ELECTRONICS TODAY INTERNATIONAL -- MARCH 1978

digest

bit on the out-side

The BBC has recently been using an experimental 2-channel digital transmission system to asses the feasibility of conveying high-quality stereo sound programme signals from OB sites to London in digital form

When signals originating at Outside Broadcast (OB) sites are to be propogated through-out the UK, they have to be sent first to London where they are mixed into one or other network programme. Analogue contribution circuits are normally used for this purpose, but their quality is generally inferior to that of the digital distribution circuits that take the the signals out from London to the network

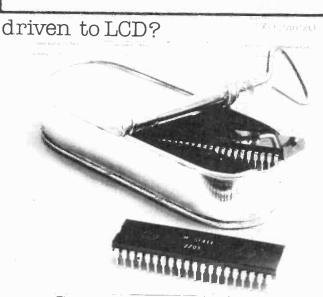
of VHF transmitters The first two broadcasts handled in this way were of a 'Music to Remember' concert at Cardiff on 4th December 1977 and a concert at Lancaster University on 15th December. In both cases the digital signals were transmitted on a radio link from the OB site to a convenient BBC centre, using 4-phase DPSK (differential phase shift key-ing) modulation. They were then conveyed to London in suitably transcoded form on a television circuit, and mixed into the Radio 4 programme. This meant that the trans-

mitted signal quality was virt-ually identical to that at the OB site itself.

its a wide word

Intel, Zilog and Motorola are taking their places in the front rank on the grid for this years expected race to 16 bit MPU sales. All three have com-pleted development, and will probably show the nature of

their teeth at next months US Solid State Circuits Confer-ence. The pause between this and letting loose of the hounds as it were will almost certainly mean late autumn production. On yer marks



This new DF411 Siliconix chip carries on board all the clever bits necessary to decode and display up to four multiplexed digits of BCD information in liquid crystal fashion. They can be persuaded to gang up if more than 4 digits are required. Supply requirements are 3-8 V. Siliconix Ltd., Morristor, Swansea, SA6 6NE

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TEXAS 19 gold plated snap key contacts on gold plated P C Board — all kinds of useful applications Size 70x80x2mm Height 65p. 10 for £5. 100 for £40.

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Output transformer for EL84 type valves 80x53x34mm 95p. 10 for £8.

Clocking oscillator PYE DYNAMICS thick film 1MHz 5V supply 19x25x6mm 85p. 10 for £7. 100 for £55.

FAIRCHILD FND 10 0 15" 7 segment display. Common Cathode 50p. 10 for £4.50. 100 for £30.

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Built 5 watt power amplifier Gould-Advance, 4.8 ohms output, up to 24V supply 500mV into 2K input. Complete with instructions, 11 5x6x3cm £3.00, 10 for £22.50. Suitable power supply for above. In kit form £2.20.

HONEYWELL Proximity Detector Integral Amplifier 8V DC £2.50 ea. 10 for £22.

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BURROUGHS 9 digit Panaplex calculator display. 7 segment, 0.15" digits, neon-type, with red bezel, socket and instructions £3.50, 10 for £30,

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10 Pack of BC171A Transistors BC107 Plastic 75p. 10 packs £6, 100 £50.

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28 pin calendar/clock chip type MK501 7BB for use with common cathode LED display (with circuit) £4.49.

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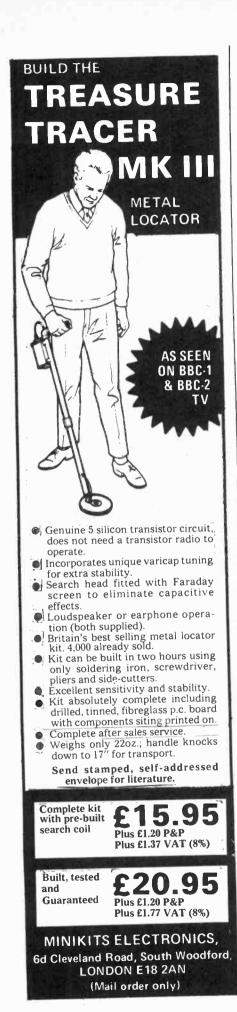
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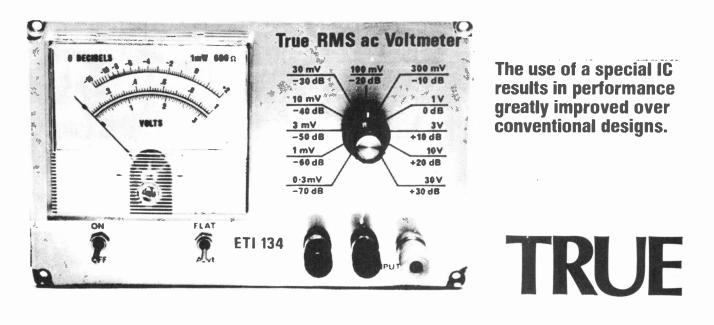
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★HP 19C (continuous mem. key prog. printer) £219.00 ★HP 25A (key prog. 49 steps) £79.00 ★HP27 (10 mem. sci/fin./stat. 8-digit + exp.) £119.50	HV 2500 Range 12 km approx. 2.5 watt 2 channel superhet squelch
★HP 67 (card prog. 224 steps 26 mem.) £289,00 ★HP 97 (card prog. 224 steps print 26 mem.) £507,00 All HP range available. Prices on request CASIO 110 (Sci. Exp. Frac. & Dig.) £16.75	volume control call buzzer, carr. case, earphone rechargeable.
CASIO / CO1 (Cal Dig Alarm Clock) £27.69 CASIO / CO2 (Cal Dig Alarm Clock) £31.50 *CASIO FX201P (sci. 11 mem. 127 step prog.) "FORTRAN SYSTEM" £46.25	
*CASIO PROFXI (as above but card prog.) £115.00 * FREE Mains charger included *	crystal controlled super heterodyne with tured RF variable squelch noise limited and AGC. Can be used public address Bat check meter and
Texas T159 with PC100A £356 Other calculators avail. Adler. Silver Read. Olympia (Send S.A.Envelope)	incoming signal check. Carr case earphone. Rechargeable call buzzer. Only £225.50
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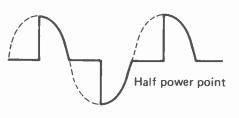
RMS VOLTMETER

MOST METERS which can measure AC signals do so by rectifying the signal and then measuring the average voltage. With a sinewave the average voltage is 0.637 of the peak voltage while the RMS value is 0.707 of the peak. Therefore a correction factor of 1.11 is built into the meter to give the RMS value of the signal.

Provided you stick with sinewave signals these meters are adequate. With any other waveform, however, they are not accurate. With a square wave the error is 11% and with pulse wave forms the error increases.

Before continuing we should explain what RMS means and its significance. Without getting mathematical, the RMS value of any wave form is the same as a DC value which would produce the same heating effect in a resistor. For example:

Power in a load can be varied by using phase control (i.e., light dimmer) where the time the load is connected to the mains is variable. The RMS value is difficult to calculate except at the point where it is half on—half off. The power then is obviously half power.



If the input voltage is 240 V and the load is 240 ohms the power (maximum) is given by

$$P = \frac{E^2}{R}$$
 or $\frac{240 \times 240}{240} = 240 \text{ W}$

Half power therefore is 120 W. The voltage corresponding to this is given by

 $E = \sqrt{P \times R}$ or 170 V (RMS).

On a "normal" meter this will read 120 V or an error of 30%.

This design uses an RMS detector IC, which is basically a small, special-purpose analogue computer to mathematically calculate the true RMS value for any waveform.

Design Features

The design of the voltmeter is basically simple, starting with an attenuator in the front end, then an amplifier with a high input impedance and switchable gain which, with the attenuator, gives the range selection. A filter is then added to give the "A" weighting and the RMS detector IC (LH 0091) does the rest

The output of the input amplifier is 60 mV, independent of range selected, for an input corresponding to the full scale reading. This gives a maximum gain of 46 dB on the 0.3 mV range. There is a loss of about 2.3 dB in the filter (at 1 kHz) and the spare amplifier in IC2 is used to provide a gain of 20 dB giving 500 mV (for full scale reading) before the RMS detection is done. The RMS detector has unity gain with 500 mV RMS in giving 500 mV DC out.

However things are never that simple. With a total of 60-odd dB gain, along with the requirement for a 1 M input impedence, we have an excellent formula for an oscillator. With the third try (yes, we have failures too) with ade-

PROJECT: RMS Voltmeter

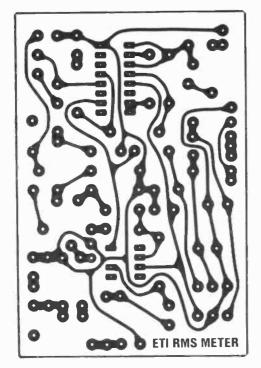


Fig 4. Printed circuit layout. Full size 90 x 60mm.

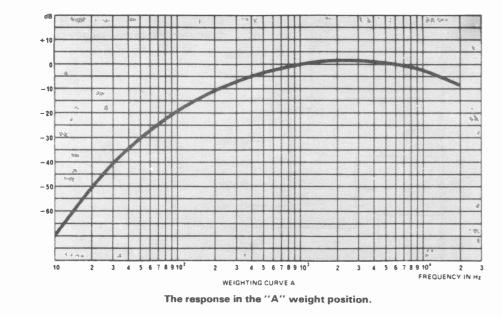
Internal view of the RMS voltmeter, showing how the PCB is mounted within the box relative to the mains transformer.

PARTS LIST

			POTENTIOMETE	RS		*These capacitor	s should be as accurate as affect accuracy above 10kHz.	MISCELLANEO	05
All ½ W 5%, excep	t where mar	ked.				possible as they a	street accuracy above rokitz.	T1	28 V secondary
			RV1	100k			0.00	M1	Meter 1mA scaled as
R1	1 M	1%	RV2	200R		SEMICONDUCT	UHS	IVI I	
R2,6	100k	1%							shown
R3,7	10k	1%	CAPACITORS			IC1	CA3140		La la la Device evice
R4,16	12k	1%				1C2	LH0091	3 terminals (red,	black, green), Box to suit,
R5	150k		C1,9,10	100n	polyester	1C3	78L15	Metal brackets a	nd shields, 3 core flex and
R8	56R	1%	C2*	15p	ceramic	IC4	79L15	plug, 16 pin sock	ket for IC2, Knob.
R9	1k		C3*	150p	ceramic				
R10	120R	1%	C4*	1n5	polyester	D1-D4	1N4001 or similar		
R11	3k9		C5,6*	27n	polyester				
R12	390R	1%	C7	15p	ceramic	SWITCHES			
R13,19	47k		C8	1000	25 V				
R14	1k5	1%	C11	10n	polyester	SW1	2 pole 11 position		
R15,17	39k	170	C12	820n	ceramic	SW2	SPDT minature toggle		
R18,20,21,24	27k		C13	4n7	polyester		switch		
R22.23	270k		C14-C18	100	25 V	SW3	DPDT minature toggle		
R25	330R		C19,20	100u	25 V	0110	switch		

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quate shielding and layout, stability was obtained and this final design is presented here.

The spare IC in the LH0091 is normally used to buffer, filter or amplify the output of the convertor, but used

before so as to buffer the filter network and save an additional op amp (the input impedance of the RMS convertor is only 5k). The output voltage from the convertor is only 500 mV but this is adequate to drive a meter. We could have provided more gain in the buffer stage so giving a higher output but this would lead to greater errors with high crest factor waveforms.

We have limited this instrument to AC signals as this eliminates the need for balance controls to correct for drift when measuring low level signals. This normally is of no consequence as most signals, i.e., output of a tape recorder, sound level meter, etc, have no DC component. If DC capability is needed

G

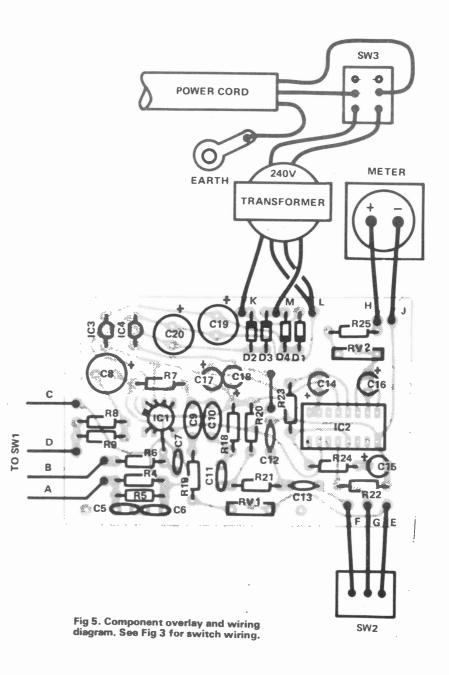
to be shorted out, a zero adjustment potentiometer added to IC1 along with the potentiometers needed to offset adjust IC2 (see data sheet).

Construction

The wires associated with the rotary switch should be no longer than necessary to minimise any pickup. The box should be earthed to the mains earth and the front panel earth terminal (left hand one) should also be connected to earth.

Use

When measuring low level signals there may be 50 Hz pickup unless the common side of the input signal is connected to ground. This may be done either in the unit under test or on the meter (hence the earth terminal). Also with the meter terminals open circuited the meter will give some reading. However, as the output impedance of low level signals (0.3 mV and less) is normally relatively low this is normally no problem.



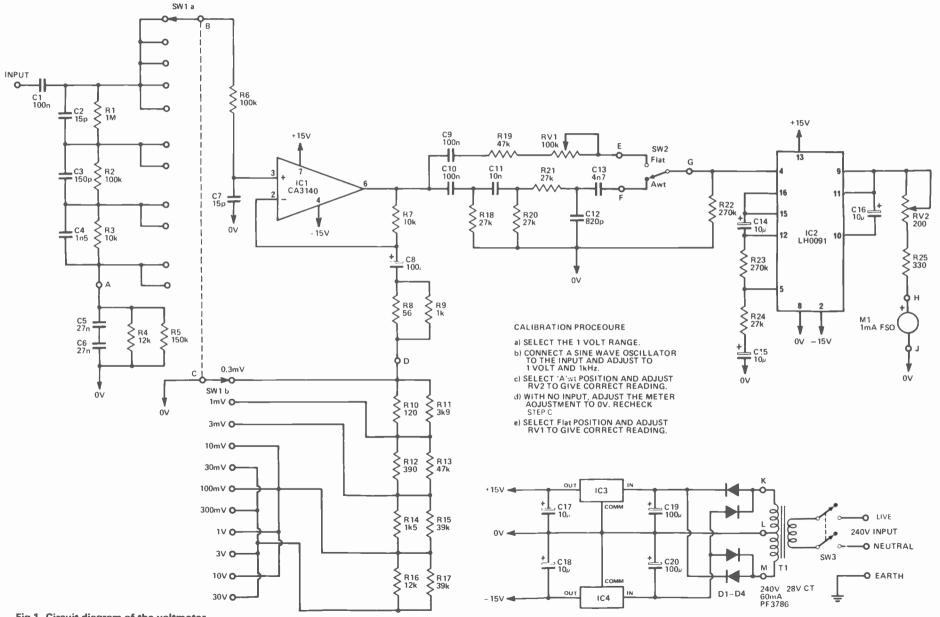


Fig 1. Circuit diagram of the voltmeter.

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HOW IT WORKS

The input signal is attenuated by the network R1-R5 and C2-C6; the appropriate attenuation is selected by SW1a. This gives 0 dB, 20 dB, 40 dB and 60 dB. The output of SW1a is buffered by IC1 which is a FET input op-amp. This amplifier has a gain which is switchable giving 5.56 dB, 15.56 dB, 25.56 dB, 35.56 dB and 45.56 dB. By selecting a combination of these two variables the eleven ranges from 0.3 mV to 30 V are obtained. The output of IC1 for full scale reading is 60 mV.

The output of IC1 goes to the 'A' wt filter network and also directly (via R19) and RV1) to SW2. This selects either 'A' weighting or flat response. As the filter has 2.3 dB loss at 1 kHz the "flat" position is also attenuated (hence R19, RV1) to maintain calibration.

The RMS detector 1C provides a gain of 20 dB before the detector; the output of the detector is about 500 mV for full scale reading.

The power supply is simply a full wave rectified supply giving both plus and minus voltages of about 20 V, which are then regulated to ± 15 V by IC3 and IC4.

BUYLINES

The only 'hard-to-get' component in this design is the LHOO91 true RMS detector, Marshalls have arranged to stock it for ETI readers and can supply most of the other components as well. The PCB will be available from normal suppliers Crofton, Ramar, Tamtronik who advertise at the back of the magazine.

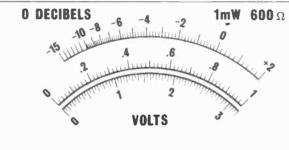
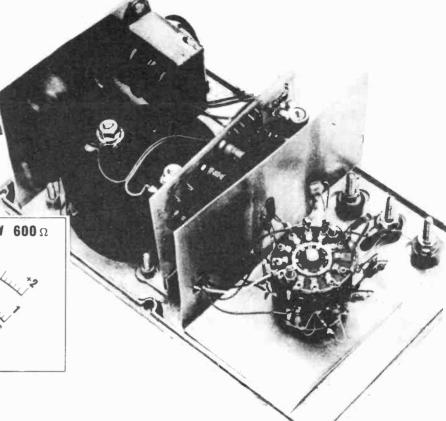
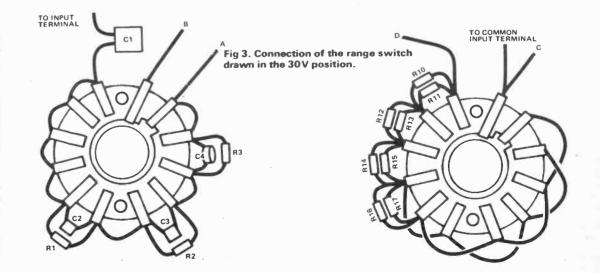


Fig 2. Meter scale shown full size.

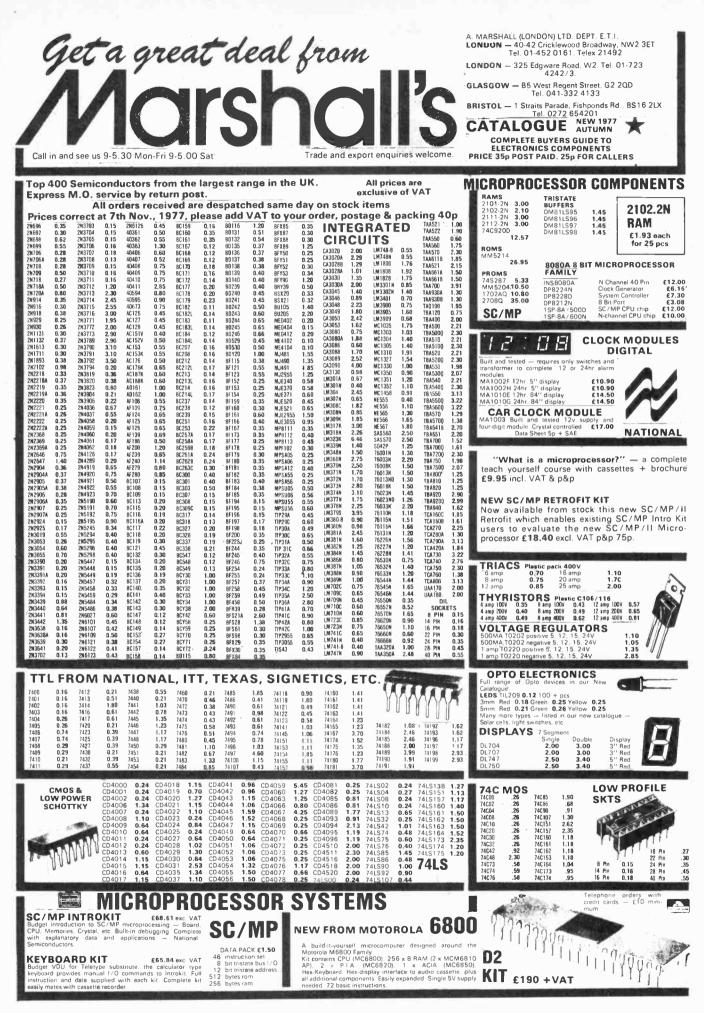


SPECIFICATION

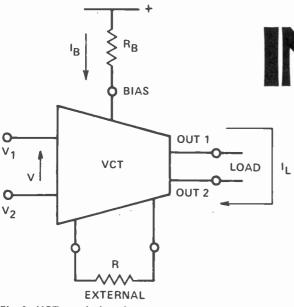
Meter Type	RMS reading AC only
Ranges	0.3, 1, 3, 10, 30, 100, 300 mV 1, 3, 10, 30 V
Accuracy	+3% nominal (crest factors up to 3) -8% at crest factory of 10
Input Impedance	1M in parallel with 25p
Weighting Networks	Flat or 'A' weight
Frequency Response	10 Hz — 20 kHz
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INSIDE VCT

The earlier article briefly covered the VCTs development and its terminal properties, together with basic circuit applications. This article describes the VCTs internal functioning. It has been written for ETI by Dr. J. E. Morris of the Department of Physics, Victoria University of Wellington, New Zealand.

Fig 1. VCT symbol and external connections.

THE CIRCUIT SYMBOL for the VCT is shown in Fig. 1 along with the necessary bias supply and an external resistor R which determines terminal gain. The name "voltage-current transactor" is derived from the translation of differential input voltage into a proportional output current.

As with the conventional op-amp, the input impedance is made as high as possible to minimise loading of any practical source of input voltage, but the main difference between the VCT and an op-amp lies in the output port. As a current source rather than one of voltage, the port impedance is high rather than low. Furthermore, whereas the op-amp output signal is usually single-ended and referenced to ground, the VCT output is completely floating. The VCT is thus a true four terminal device and either terminal of either port may be used as a common point. It will also be apparent from Fig. 1 that there is no external feedback element involved in a simple amplification application.

The internal circuit is shown in Fig. 3 and as explained in this article there is no overall feedback concealed within

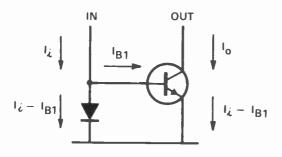


Fig 2. Basic constant current source. I_0 is fixed by injected $I_{\mathcal{F}}$

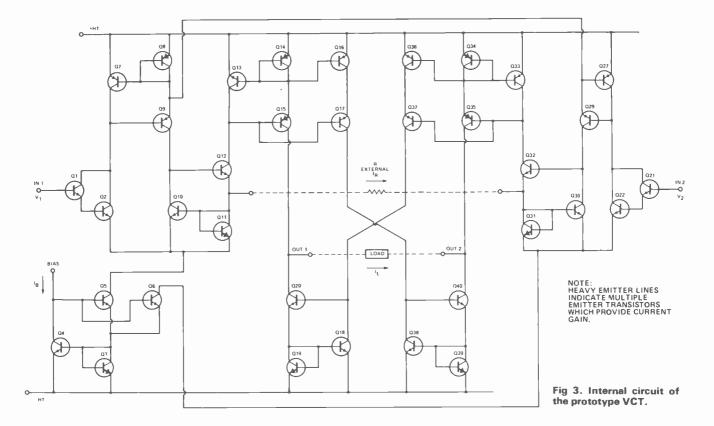
the unit. With no feedback, there can be no feedback stability problems and thus a major headache of op-amp design vanishes.

VCT Circuit

Modern ICs are generally very complex and involve many functional blocks. At first glance a circuit diagram often appears to have more relevance as a design for a maze than as a sensible means of serving these required electronic functions. The trick is to identify the functional blocks. Once their patterns are recognized, circuit operation may be deduced. For example it is obvious that the VCT is essentially symmetrical about the centre, so only one side need be considered in detail. And the input transistors ($Q_1 Q_2$ on side 1) clearly form a Darlington pair and may be regarded as a single composite transistor (Q_D say) in any simplified analysis.

Most of the functional blocks in the circuit are derived constant current sources and these will be briefly reviewed before seeing how they fit together to form the VCT.

> The obvious solution to the impedance matching problem might appear to be the use of a common-base transistor stage which has low input impedance into the emitter and the same high output impedance from the collector as above. In an equivalent situation to Fig. 3 however, a PNP transistor is required and the sign of I_0 is reversed. A minimum of three supply voltages would then be required instead of the two implied by Fig. 3.



IC Current Sources A) Mark |

The derived current source performs a similar impedance matching function with respect to current to that which an emitter follower provides in voltage circuits. A circuit commonly employed in ICs is shown in Fig. 2 where the essential requirement for operation is that the diode is matched to the B-E junction of the transistor. For a given diode voltage equal to the B-E voltage, identical currents must flow through the diode and emitter junction. By inspection I_o = I_i - $2I_{B1}$ in this case and $I_o \approx I_i$ provided transistor gain β is high. The input inpedance is low and the output impedance matching required. In addition the input DC level (V_{BE}) is low and the output DC voltage (V_{CB}) will depend upon the nature of the load.

B) Diodes

The crux of the design in Fig. 2 is the matching of the diode to the B-E junction. One major feature of the modern IC is the close matching which may be achieved between adjacent transistors on a chip. Whereas the absolute values may vary quite considerably, and such variation occurs almost identically in nearby transistors. Tight thermal coupling also ensures that the characteristics remain matched independent of external temperature fluctuations and local Joule heating. The diode employed in the VCT is actually a normal transistor with the base shorted to the collector (see Fig. 4). If this transistor is adjacent to the current source transistor and physically identical to it, then the fact that V_{BE} is common to both ensures an identical emitter current in each (Fig. 2). To a first approximation only, the particular configuration also provides

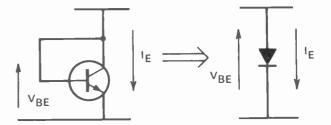


Fig 4. IC diode format.

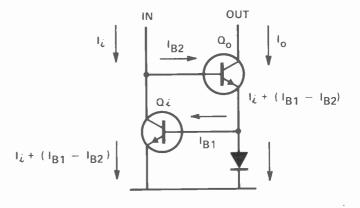


Fig 5. Constant current source employed in the VCT.

FEATURE: Inside VCT

for a similar distribution of I_E between I_B and I_C. Truly identical transistors will not, however, possess identical current gains in the circuit due to the differences in V_{CB} (zero for the diode transistor).

C) Mark II

The problem with the single circuit of Fig. 3 is the requirement of high transistor gain. A partial solution is provided by the circuit of Fig. 5 which is the basis of all the functional blocks of the VCT. Here $I_0 = I_i + 2(I_{B1} - I_{B2})$ and is made to closely approximately I_i by ensuring that $I_{B1} \approx I_{B2}$ rather than relying only on a large β . Note that the improvement is at the cost of an increased input impedance and DC input level ($V_{BEi} + V_{BEo}$). If $I_{B1} = I_{B2}$ exactly, β must be slightly greater for Q_0 than for Q_i (which is reasonable since V_{CBo} will be greater than $V_{CBi} = V_{BEo}$).

Each of the functional blocks involves further modification of this circuit. These will each be described in turn.

D) Multiple Emitters

The multiple emitter structure has been mentioned before. All it means is that the transistor emitter current is increased for a given V_{BE} by increasing the emitter area. In this way the multiple emitter, when used in the output side of a derived current source, can provide current gain. A current gain of two for each of the multiple emitter stages in the VCT leads to the prototype device specifications quoted by Harris and is assumed below.

Bias Circuit

The bias circuit has been redrawn in Fig. 6 where the multiple emitter transistor Q_3 has been split and is shown as two separate diodes. Current amplification leads to the defined bias current $I_B = (V_S - 2V_{BE})/R_B$ being drawn equally from each of the two sides of the VCT.

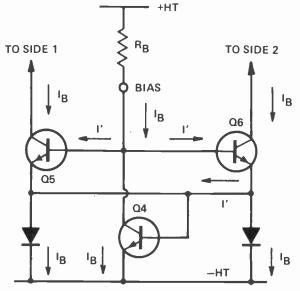
Note that while the total symmetry shown in the diagram implies that the introduction of a multiple emitter structure requires β_5 , β_6 to be twice β_4 , this conclusion is misleading. In fact one would be more likely to vary the the multiple emitter area slightly off two, such that (i) all β 's were approximately equal as before (ii) diode currents become $I_B + \frac{1}{2}I'$, and (iii) the base current of Ω_4 reverts to ($\frac{1}{2}I'$) + ($\frac{1}{2}I'$).

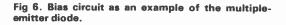
Differential Input

It should be clear by now that the VCT relies upon defined current sourcing and multiple emitter current amplification to function. The input signal however is defined as a differential voltage $(V_1 - V_2)$ and must be converted to a proportional current. This is the purpose of the external resistor R as shown by the simplified view of Fig. 7 where I_R is clearly $(V_1 - V_2)/R$ provided symmetry is maintained. (Q_D is the Darlington combination Q_1 and Q_2 ,; Q11 functions as a diode).

It will be seen shortly that the existance of a finite I_R upsets the symmetry – in fact this is how the circuit functions. So once again, our ideal is not quite possible since the diodes carry different currents at slightly different voltages. In fact $I_R \gtrsim (V_1 - V_2)/R$.

The next step is to see how ${\rm I}_{\rm R}$ is converted to an output current.





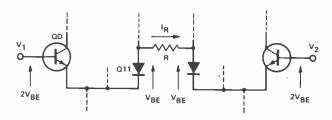


Fig 7. Simplified view of the differential input circuit.

Input Circuit

The input section of one side of the VCT is redrawn in Fig. 8. Q_8 services both sides of the circuit and has been split in the diagram. Assume for the moment that some current I_x flows down through Q_7 and then the Darlington Q_D . The Q_7 , Q_8 , Q_9 current sourcing circuit requires I_x to also flow through Q_9 and Q_{10} . Similarly Q_{11} should draw $2I_x$ due to the double emitter. The total $4I_x$ must equal the bias current I_B and hence the currents are as shown with Q_{12} also carrying I_B . The principle of this input circuit is summarised for reinforcement in Fig. 9 which should be compared with Figs. 7 and 8.

It has already been stated that V_{CB} of the source output transistors will vary under operating conditions and cause deviations from ideal behaviour due to resultant in β . In Ω_{12} the base current I_{B12} (assuming constant β to first order) can no longer equal I_{B10} . Current source operation must therefore deteriorate under operational conditions.

Output Circuit

The next step is to determine how the input signal current I_R is translated into a proportional floating output. Fig. 10 shows the remainder of side 1 of the VCT, designated as the output circuit. Clearly transistors Q_{18} to Q_{20} form a derived current source with gain equal to two. But it may be more difficult to see that Q_{13} forms part of two similar sources: with Q_{14}/Q_{15} to give a gain of two, and with Q_{16}/Q_{17} for unity gain.

So the current drawn by Q_{12} (Fig. 8) is converted into two proportional currents. The first ($I_B + 2I_R$) flows into the node "OUT 1" while the second ($I_R + I_B/2$) is delivered to side 2. A corresponding current from side 2 ($-I_R + I_B/2$) flows into Q_{18} and the amplified signal ($I_B - 2I_R$) is drawn from the "OUT 1" terminal. The net current delivered to the load (I_L) is therefore $4I_R$

In the paragraph before last, the detailed operation of Q_{14} to Q_{17} was hurriedly glossed over in order to first cover the principle of the output circuit. The diode function of Q_{14} should be familiar by now, but the reason Q_{15} has also been made with a double emitter is to keep $V_{BE}15$ with $(I_B + 2I_R)$ equal to $V_{BE}17$ with half that current. In this way, the collector and base terminals of Q_{16} are linked by a virtual short circuit and Q_{16} is constrained to also function as a diode.

Overall Principle

When side 1 and side 2 are considered together, as in the simplified equivalent of Fig. 11, one can appreciate the overall concept of the VCT. The input signal $(V_1 - V_2)$ causes a current imbalance $(V_1 - V_2)/R$ to be super-imposed on the null input bias levels (Fig. 9). With current gain mixed into the process, the bias currents are then balanced out leaving a net differential load current $4(V_1-V_2)/R$ in the load (Fig. 11).

Device Properties

Each multiple emitter in the prototype VCT has been assumed to give a gain of two. Clearly, it would be simple to vary this; indeed it would appear feasible to provide gain in other parts of the circuit as well as or instead of those shown. Nevertheless, for the prototype as shown, $I_L = 4(V_1-V_2)/R$. For voltage gain, one might merely insert a load resistor R_L for a totally floating output gain $4R_L/R$. Other elementary circuit configurations have been described by Harris.

The absolute linear range of the VCT is restricted in both current and voltage. Transistor cutoff when 2I_R=I_B (See Fig. 10) limits output current $I_L=4I_R$ to a maximum of + 21_B: 1_B being set by the circuit designer. Either output current or load is also limited by load voltage and the onset of saturation in the output transistors, i.e the load voltage ILRL may not exceed the total power supply range minus 4VBE. For + 15 V supplies and 10 mA bias current the load impedence limit is 1k4 if the full output current range is to be available. Note also that wide signal excursions from the symmetrical design bias point lead to loss of linearity, since VCBs_of the current source output transistors are moved off bias values causing β to shift. The need to maintain V_{CB} and β close to design values also limits the acceptable power supply variation - about 10 to 15% according to Harris. These figures would suggest that linearity may be seriously degraded by voltage swing well before the saturation limit is reached.

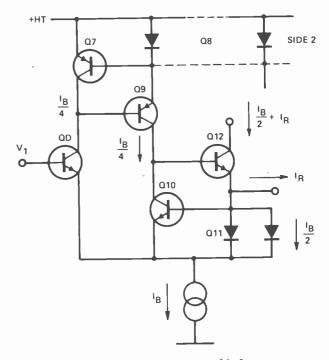


Fig 8. Input circuit — side 1.

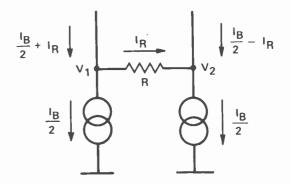


Fig 9, Equivalent input circuit.

High input impedence R_{in} is a fundamental requirement of the VCT concept and is the reason for the use of Darlington inputs. To the grossest of approximations, small signal R_{in} (= $\beta_1 \beta_2 R/\beta_{10}$) is critically dependent upon the input stage current gain and maximising it leads to a whole series of tradeoffs, (e.g. R. should be low for high transconductance, β_{10} high for current source operation).

Common mode rejection ratio and required offset will both depend upon the degree of symmetry attainable in mass production but there is no reason to be pessimistic about them. High slew rates have been reported and are undoubtedly due to the fact that currents vary in only half of the circuit transistors and that the signal only proceeds sequentially through about half of these.

FEATURE: Inside VCT

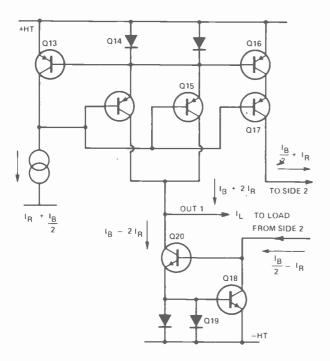


Fig 10. Output circuit --- side 1.

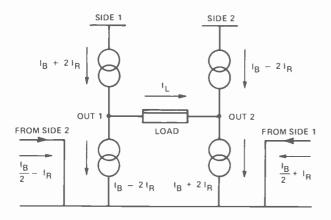


Fig 11. Equivalent circuit of the differential current output.

Conclusion

The main objective of this article has been the explanation of the principles of circuit operation. A secondary aim was to point out some unwanted second order effects and practical limitations. Such limitations occur in all devices and must not be ignored by either the designer or the user.

The immediate question is whether the VCT will survive through to production or remain just another bright idea. Simplicity is a major advantage to any technological innovation and despite the plethora of transistors, the VCT is very simple in principle. Furthermore its implementation will rely totally on existing technology – its future looks bright.

I should like to thank my students whose curiosity and questions led directly to this article.

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LCD PANEL METER

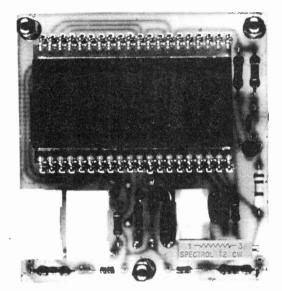
This simple, economical yet highly accurate voltmeter uses a large liquid crystal display for easy reading and low power consumption. It will be the basis of future projects as well as being a useful meter in its own right.

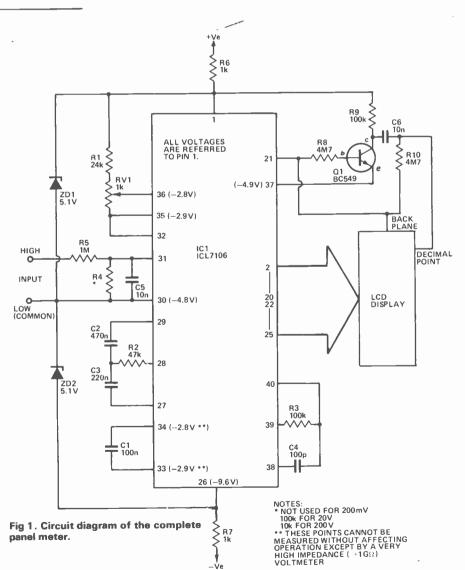
WE INITIALLY purchased a number of Intersil evaluation kits for our own use but soon realised that while they were very good electronically, the physical layout wasn't too hot. We therefore redesigned the PCB, reducing the size dramatically, adding the decimal point drive circuitry and some dropping resistors and zener diodes to allow the board to run from a dual power supply of $\pm/-5V$ or more (e.g. with op-amps). This resulted in a very useful device which we decided to run as a project. While it is basically a panel meter suitable for DC voltages and current (with a shunt) it will be the display module for several future projects.

Construction

To save on real estate, the main IC is mounted under the display. We used the Soldercon pins supplied with the evaluation kit for the display and soldered the IC directly into the board. If you want to mount the IC in a socket a low profile type should be used, with a high one for the display. As a socket is not available for the display a standard 40 pin one can be cut up to fit.

However before fitting either the display sockets or the IC, fit all the other components first. The overlay in Fig. 2 shows the positioning of the components. Most of the components come with the evaluation kit. The large capacitors are laid on their side to minimise height.





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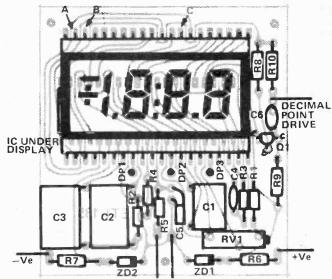
PROJECT

SPECIFICATION

Full scale reading	200 mV
Resolution	100µV
Accuracy	<1 digit
Display	3½ digit LCD
Input impedance	>10 ¹² ohms
Input bias current	≈2 pA
Polarity	automatic
Conversion method	dual stope
Reference	internal
Power supply	±5V to ± 15V D 1 mA @ ±5V

Fig 2. Component overlay with the display in place. Points marked A, B and C are the unused display segments - the vertical part of the + sign, the arrow and the semicolon respective-Iv.

C



BUYLINES

The Intersil Evaluation kit is available from Rapid Recall, 9 Betterton Street, Drury Lane, London WC2H 9B5 at a cost of £23.29 all inc. If you want to just build the ETI version, Doram and Marshalls stock the chips and display, Watford stock everything as a kit. The PCB is available from all the 'usual' suppliers e.g. Ramar, Tamtronik etc.

HOW IT WORKS

Not much can be said on how this project. works as everything is done by one IC and if anything goes wrong it is usually the IC. We have included some waveform diagrams and voltages for reference purposes. The conversion works on the dual-slope integration technique, which is the most reliable of the simple methods available. A capacitor is charged up at a rate proportional to the input voltage for a predetermined time (in this case 1000 clock pulses), then it is discharged at a constant rate until it reaches the starting point again. The time taken to do this (i.e. the number of clock pulses) is proportional to the input voltage.

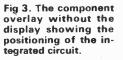
It is a true dual polarity system where the integration direction depends on the polarity of the input voltage. Provided AC ripple on the input averages to zero over 1000 clock pulses it will be rejected, hence where 50 Hz mains is to be rejected a 50 kHz clock should be used, giving 80 ms sample time (4 cycles of 50 Hz). The clock can be adjusted by varying R3 if desired.

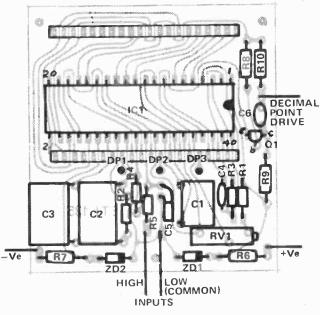
For further details of the IC see the data sheet in this issue.

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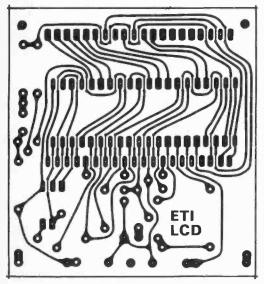
PARTS LIST

RESISTORS all 1/2 W 5%		CAPACITORS		
		C1*	100n	Polycarbonate
R1*	24k	C2*	470n	Polycarbonate
B2*	47k	C3*	220n	Polycarbonate
R3*, 9*	100k	C4*	100p	Ceramic
R4	See circuit diagram	C5*,6	10n	Ceramic
R5*	1M 1k	SEMICONDUCTOR	s	
R6,7		IC1*	ICL7	106
R8,10	4M7	Q1	BC54	9 or similar
POTENTIOMETER		ZD1,2	5V1 4	100 mW
		MISCELLANEOUS		
RV1*	1k 10 turn type	PCB, LCD 3½ digit o	lisplay*,	soldercon pins".





PROJECT: LCD Meter



Foil pattern for LCD panel meter, shown full size. (65 x 70 mm).

When fitting the IC solder pins 1 and 26 first (the power supply pins) so that the protection diodes on the inputs can operate, thus preventing damage by static electricity. It is necessary that a small tipped iron and fine solder be used

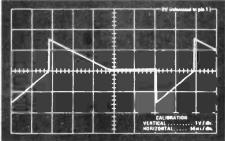


Fig 4. The waveformat pin 27 with a negative input of 170mV.

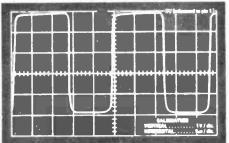


Fig 5. The waveform at pin 27 with a positive input of 170mV.

to prevent bridging tracks. The IC sockets can now be fitted in two strips of 20 with the top connecting pieces being broken off using long nosed pliers after they are soldered in.

As there are no polarity marks on the

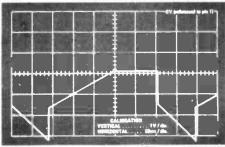


Fig 6. The output of the master oscillator on pin 38.

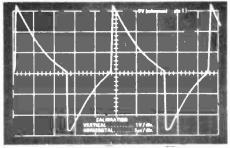
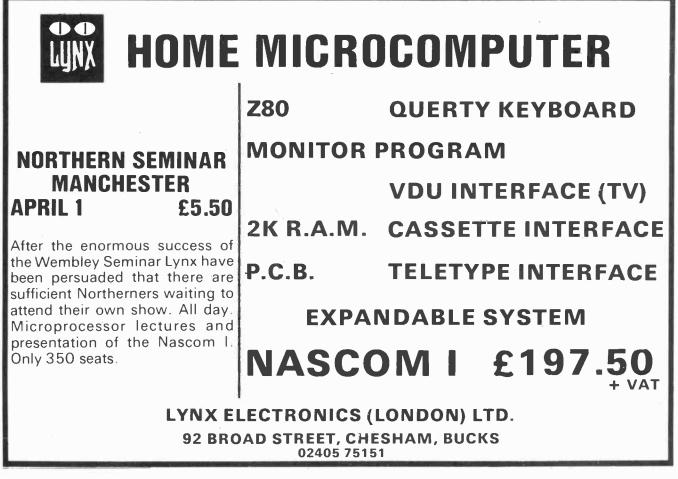


Fig 7. The input of the oscillator-pin 40.

display it is necessary to hold it at an angle to the light and look for the outline of the digits. The full format of the display is shown in Fig. 3. In this unit the arrow, semicolon and the vertical part of the + sign are not used.



DIODES/ZENERS 1N914 100v 10m 1N4005 600v 1A 1N4007 1000v 1A 1N4148 75v 10m 1N753A 6.2v z 1N759A 10v z 1N759A 12v z 1N759A 12v z 1N5243 13v z 1N5245B 15v z	A .05 8-pin A .08 14-pin A .15 16-pin A .05 18-pin .25 22-pin .25 24-pin .25 28-pin .25 40-pin .25 Molex p .25 2.4 mp f	Bridge 100-prv 1.20	TRANSISTORS, 2N2222 NPN 2N2907 PNP 2N3906 PNP 2N3054 NPN 2N3055 NPN 2N3055 NPN 2N3056 PNP 2N3057 PNP 2N3058 NPN 2N3059 NPN 2N3057 NPN 2N3058 NPN 2N3059 Red, Clear D.L.747 7 seg 5/8" hi XAN72 7 seg com-an FND 359 Red 7 seg com-an	(Plastic .10) .15 .15 .10 .35 60v .50 ngton .35 .15 igh com-anode 1.95 iode 1.50
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4069 .40 4071 .35 4081 .70 4082 .45 9301 .85 9309 .35 9322 .85 95H03 .55 9601 .75 9602 .50 MEMORY CLOCKS .45 745188 (8223) 3.00 1702A 6.95 MM5316 3.50 2102-1 1.75 2102L-1 1.95 TR 1602B/ TMS 6011 6.95 8080AD 15.00 8T13 1.50 8T23 1.50 8T24 2.00 2107B-4 4.95	7889 Clairemont All prices in U.S. o shipping. Orders o Payment shoul	LINEARS, REGUL LM320K5 (7905) 1.65 LM320K12 1.65 LM320T5 1.65 LM320T12 1.65 LM320T15 1.65 LM339 .95 7805 (340T5) .95 LM340T12 1.00 LM340T15 1.00 LM340T18 1.00 ED CIRCUITS L Mesa Blvd., San Diego, CA No Minimum dollars. Please add postage to ver \$100 (U.S.) will be ship d be submitted with order ranteed. All orders shipped BARCLAYCARD/VISA/ACCE	LM340T24 .95 LM340K12 2.15 LM340K15 1.25 LM340K18 1.25 LM340K24 .95 LM373 2.95 LM380 .95 LM709 (8,14 PIN) .25 LM711 .45 INLIMITED 92111 U.S.A. o cover method of oped air no charge. in U.S. dollars. same day received.	LM723 .50 LM725 1.75 LM739 1.50 LM741 (8:14) .25 LM747 1.10 LM1307 1.25 LM1458 .95 LM3900 .50 LM75451 .65 NE555 .50 NE556 .95 NE566 1.75 NE566 1.75 NE567 1.35 SPECIAL DISCOUNTS Total Order Deduct \$35 .\$99 5% \$100 .\$300 10% \$301 .\$1000 15% \$1000 .Up 20%

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Just how will the role of the driver be changed by the rapid advances and increasing implementation of electronics in the motor car? Dr Peter Sydenham examines the most recent equipment to give us a glimpse of the standard accessories of the future.

AUTO ELECTRONICS

IT WAS IN THE LAST DECADE of the nineteenth century that the motor car was born. Most designs of what we now call *veteran* cars used internal combustion engines, for which the main use of electrics was to ignite the fuel in the combustion chamber. Storage batteries were used in some designs of the 1890s to drive the high-tension ignition device and to power an electric warning bell.

Sparkplugs, magnetos, ignition distributors, starter motors, and headlights followed in the 1900 to 1910 era, then a DC generator was added to the engine to keep the battery charged.

Electrical direction signals were in common use by the 1930s, along with stop lights, reversing lights, and courtesy lights. At that time instrumentation of vehicle speed, engine revs, engine temperature and oil pressure almost always used non-electrical methods. Usually the only panel instrument using electrical indication was the ammeter for battery charge or discharge. Regulation of

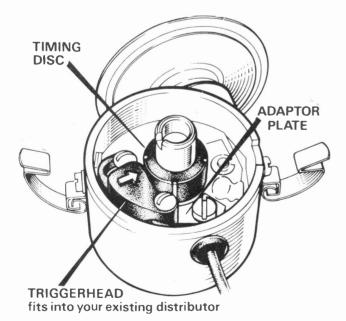


Fig 1. Contactless electronic ignition is available for just about any car. This changeover system is used in the Mobelec system.

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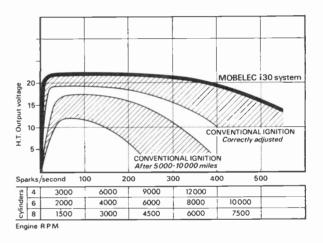


Fig 2. Comparative chart of electronic ignition with the conventional rapidly-dating contact-points method.

battery charge was controlled by moving the "third" brush of the generator and a summer-winter switch position was available to adjust the system for seasonal temperature change.

Cars of the '40s and '50s were little improved. In the 1960s, however, things rapidly began to change. The DC generator was replaced with a much smaller and more efficient AC alternator, which required solid-state diodes for rectification. The day had come when the average do-it-yourself owner could no longer confidently tackle the auto-electrics of the car. Regulators changed from electro-mechanical relays to solid-state circuitry; some cars introduced electronically-controlled fuelinjection, others introduced electronic ignition.

What we saw in the progressive designs of the '60s and early '70s are fast becoming standard equipment today. This study of the 1977 new models and accessory market reveals that there is still a long way yet to go.

Engine And Mechanics

Electronic ignition is becoming standard in an increasing number of cars — Ferrari, Renault, Chrysler and Mercedes use it, while US cars have had it since 1975.

A do-it-yourself kit is available which enables the standard distributor to be used with a change-over "points" component that replaces the contacting points with a non-contact sensor (Fig. 1).

Advantages provided by electronic ignition are lower fuel consumption, easier starting, better idling, improved timing accuracy, and constancy of timing with period of operation, plus no points to need replacing. One maker, Mobelec Ltd, issues a chart showing hightension voltage output produced by conventional methods compared with their electronic system, shown in Fig. 2. It is seen that the electronic alternative gives the best high-tension performance and holds it over time, unlike the points method that wears.

The next stage of ignition improvement is to replace the rather cumbersome, and not really adequate, automatic vacuum and centrifugal ignition timing control. The latest US Cadillac Seville and Fleetwood Brougham cars have an "electronic spark selection system", which uses electronic logic circuits to monitor engine speed and inlet manifold vacuum, and signal the appropriate spark advance or retard. Thinking it through, it is not hard to see that once electronic ignition is used, with engine speed being measured electronically, it is relatively simple to add a vacuum measuring transducer and use a phase-shift spark time control circuit arrangement. Overall this should be cheaper than the conventional vacuum advance mechanics — and much more reliable and predictable.

Pollution And Economy

Economy is now a strong sales point, so manufacturers are seeking ways to reduce fuel consumption, and the level of pollutants produced by an engine. Fuel injection has been used by a few makers for many years now, and some have reached sophisticated levels of electronic "computer-brain" injector control.

Electronic analysers are used to tune the carburettor for minimum CO emission, but Volvo cars of 1977 now go one step further in the interest of economy and emission control. Their Lambda-Sond electronic air/fuel ratio sensor system uses a "ruggedised" zirconium dioxide oxygen gas content probe in the exhaust manifold. The level of O_2 in the exhaust is measured as an electric signal equivalent that is fed back automatically to control the fuel-injector equipment made by Bosch. This has, it is claimed, enabled the Volvo engines to meet stringent low-emission requirements at less cost than other methods. A snag is that the sensor at present needs replacement at 30 000km periods. They next hope to apply this principle to conventional carburettor control.

A Datsun answer to economy is to provide the driver with a simple "go"-"no-go" indicator of the leadfootedness of the driver. "Drive it on the green" is their slogan for the new 1977 Laurel Six saloon. Above the steering column block are two lights — the left green, the right orange. Economy is very much a matter of keeping the inlet manifold vacuum within limits and this



Fig 3. "Drive-it-on-the-green" is the Datsun Laurel slogan. Two lights, seen here above the steering wheel centre, indicate when the driver is operating the engine within good economy limits.

Fig 4. Retrofit cruise control is possible with this kit. The right chain-coupled unit stores the throttle position required. It is operated by the left-hand push button unit. The brake pedal electric connection is used to cancel the position during deceleration.



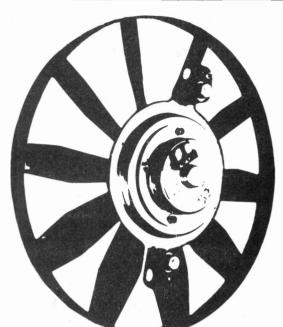
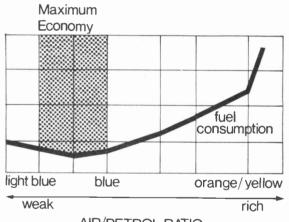


Fig 5. Thermostatically controlled engine cooling fan by Kenlowe.



AIR/PETROL RATIO

Fig 6. Different air/fuel ratios burn with different colours. Maximum economy is obtained when the colour is in the blue region.

> Fig 7. Needle indicators will soon disappear from the dash panel. They will be replaced by solid-state light-emitting diode "scales" that preserve the advantages of the moving-scale method of indication.



is largely decided by the throttle setting for the speed existing.

The 1978 Cadillac Sevilles released in Britain will incorporate the "Tripmaster" facility. This is a central electronic data processing unit. Amongst many other things their display will give digital readout of instantaneous fuel consumption (they call it fuel economy now!) and average trip economy, a calculation which requires the addition of a petrol flow-rate sensor.

Steady driving greatly increases economy, and automatic electronic car speed maintenance - called cruise control" - is now available on some models. The 1978 US Chevrolet Caprice and some US Ford models have it fitted as a standard addition. The latter have finger-tip touch pads mounted in the crossbar of the steering wheel - to hold the speed reached just touch the button. A retro-fit package produced by Holdspeed Productions Ltd is shown in Fig. 4. The small push-button unit is mounted on the facia and an electro-magnetic throttle "memory" unit is connected in series with the throttle cable to clamp the cable upon electronic demand. Slight movement of the brake pedal releases the unit when the stop light is energised, but it returns to the preset throttle position after acceleration conditions.

The next logical step might be to maintain the car's speed by closed-loops control, using vehicle speed to vary the throttle setting to suit the load. This is, however, yet to be proven as a useful and safe function to provide.

Another way to reduce consumption a little is to replace the engine-driven fan with an electric thermostatically controlled unit. This is not a new idea, but it is at last being adopted to reduce loss and engine noise. The fan still consumes energy, of course, but comes on only when the engine really needs it. It can, it is claimed by Kenlowe Accessories, whose fan is shown in Fig.5, release up to 9% more engine power. It makes sense to cool the engine this way, and has the added advantage of faster warm-up, and quieter peak engine speed noise.

These systems are thermostatically controlled and, therefore, require a temperature sensor to be added to the water jacket. This can be fitted easily by the use of a special rubber fitting placed under the hose connection, and the temperature control point is set by a dial on the control <u>unit</u>.

Gunson's "Colortune 500" engine tuning system has been on sale for several years now. It is not a complex electronic device but simply a special spark-plug through which the observer can see the colour of the ignition process happening inside the combustion chamber. It is remarkably simple to use, and AA certified tests on five cars made in 1974 showed conclusively that this method could be used to set the carburettor for a better economy. They commented that whilst the drivers could detect no performance difference after tuning, the petrol consumption tests showed fuel consumption was reduced in each case by amounts of 4.45% to 17.39%. Fig. 6 illustrates the colours seen for various mixtures. This device demonstrates the possibility of a closed-loop method that monitors combustion colour using a sensor of this type to control the mixture.

Electronic tuning meters are now marketed in many shapes and forms. Depending on make and model, these enable the setting of breaker points to obtain correct ignition timing, measurement of points contact res



Fig 8. Stereo speaker equipped headrests can provide better listening. These will also be used for road information services that go only to the driver (or co-pilot!)

istance, and general electrical fault chasing. These are best used in the driver's cabin so that measurements can be checked during actual driving conditions. Once the correct timing is available as an electronic signal, the next stage will be to check this automatically and continuously as one function of a microprocessor diagnostic centre

Instrumentation

It is clear that the engine will be one significant area of future motor cars in which electronic measurement and control will become a vital part of improving economy, reducing emission, and sensing the need for maintenance.

Electronics will also blossom in the instrumentation of the car. Electric indication of battery charging state, oil pressure, and temperature is now commonplace, the direct hydraulic lines and vapour expansion tubes having been replaced with electrical "senders" many years back. Now also standard are indicators of oil level, seat belts not fastened, brakes not functional, and parking brake on.

Recent additions to the range have been the discbrake pad-wear warning lights (found in the Renault 20TL), battery condition indication, and a warning light

to tell the driver if all doors are not properly shut. The Cadillac Seville ''Tripmaster'' also offers digital readout of estimated arrival time, miles still to go to destination, air temperature, fuel remaining and, of course, speed, the function being chosen via a keyboard mounted on the dash. Many of these functions are provided in the futuristic six-wheel Panther 6 vehicle, which also features a miniature television for the passengers' pleasure, and a panel light-bulb check routine incorporated in the panel.

The days of the electromagnetic instrument movement are numbered. Solid-state analogue-style displays, in which position on a graduated dial is indicated by a lengthening line formed by successively energised light-emitting diodes, are now available. An Austrian tachometer by Intron is shown in Fig. 7.

Utility Without

The motorist's involvement with electrics and electronics does not stop inside the car's compartment. Electronic rear-end levelling is standard in Cadillacs. Height is sensed by an electronic sensor, using photoelectric methods, and this operates an electrically-driven air compressor that alters the height actuators.



Fig 9. This small hand-set is the control for radio-controlled garage doors.

FEATURE: Auto Electronics

When you arrive at the petrol station the fuel is now monitored with advanced metering electronic systems that compute cost and quantity, and which can provide fixed-sum or cash batching. Many countries — Sweden and USA are examples — have banknote recognising, self-service outlets. Credit-card recognisers will ultimately displace these.

When you arrive home there is no need to get out to open the garage door. When you are within 10 m just press the button on your radio transmitter, shown in Fig. 9, and the door will open by remote control. (A licence is required to operate such transmitters.)

Electronics will even help you sell or buy your car. Private car owners in the London area can now market their cars by a computer service. Computacar's sales service, by Unilever Ltd, begins with the owner registering the car for sale. The data are filed in a computer data bank that updates daily until the vehicle is cleared. Buyers have access to a sorted list of the desired car characteristics, thus saving all that hunting through the massive lists of cars offered in published weeklies.

Future Drive

Without a doubt the car of the very near future will be bristling with more and more electronic devices, but, to date, no one car has all the features mentioned in this review.

As many additions are marketed independently of the car maker, it is likely that the overall reliability may fall along with the standard of low-priced expert servicing. Somewhere there will be a trade-off point between complexity of operation, servicing, cost and the benefits gained. Just where this will be will only be found as a result of practical use.

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HOME

COMPUTERS: Our own micro-man Gary Evans casts his runes to see what MPU men will be up to in the future, and makes some startling admissions in the process!

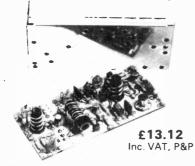
BENCH SUPPLY: A perfect project for the tyro, or for anyone well into electronics, but who has just never got around to building a PSU, i.e. YOU!

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MAX AMPLITUDE CORRESPONDS TO SYNC PUI SE



HF 7948 FRONT END

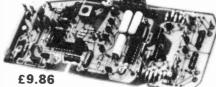


TECHNICAL CHARACTERISTICS:

Output terminal for digital frequency meter; Antenna impedance - 75 to 300 Ohms; Frequency ranges 87.5 to 104 MHz or to 108 MHz; Sensitivity - 0.9 uV 26dB signal to noise ratio \pm 75 kHz deviation; Intermodulation 80dB Image rejection - 60dB; Tuning voltage - 1V to 11V; Total gain - 33dB; Intermediate frequency - 10.7 MHz; Power supply voltage + 15V; Power consumption 15mA; Dimensions 104 x 50 mm.

TECHNOLOGY:

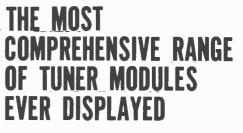
Double sided epoxy printed circuit board with plated through holes; Dual gate effect transistors; Silvered coils. FI 2846 IF AMP AND DECODER



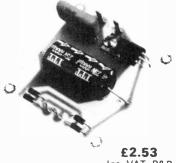
Inc. VAT, P&P **TECHNICAL CHARACTERISTICS:** Intermediate frequency - 10.7MHz; IF Bandwidth - 280kHz; Signal to noise ratio -70dB with 1mV input; Distortion - mono 0.1%, stereo 0.3%; Sensitivity - 30uV up to the 3dB limit; Channel separation - 40dB at 1kHz; Pass band - 20 to 15,000Hz; Rejection -45dB; De-emphasis - 50 to 75 μ s. Pilot capture at 19kHz +4%; Channel matching within less than 0.3dB; Output impedance -100 Ohms; Output voltage - 500mV; Phase locked loop stereo decoder; Output for LED VU-meter; Null indicator; Outputs for AGC AFC and inter-station muting; Consumption -55mA LEDs extinguished, 100mA LEDs illuminated; Power supply - 15V; Dimensions 195 x 76mm.

CIRCUIT TECHNOLOGY:

Epoxy printed circuit board; Monolithic integrated circuits, ceramic fiter.



ALS 1500 STABILISED POWER SUPPLY



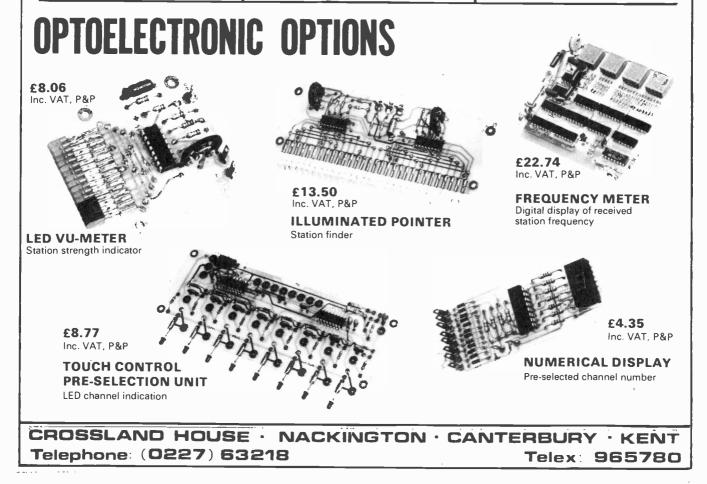
Inc. VAT, P&P

TECHNICAL CHARACTERISTICS:

Output voltage - 15V; Max. output current -500mA; Thermal coefficient less than 1mV/ °C; 15V power supply for modules HF 7948 and FI 2846; Supply protected against short circuit (power and current protection); Dimensions - 65 x 55mm.

TECHNOLOGY:

Double sided epoxy circuit board; Monolithic integrated circuit.





What to look for in the April issue: On sale March 3rd

Most magazines (including ETI) have produced designs for 100W amplifiers, but it seems that our readers are a power hungry lot and want more! So by popular request we proudly present our 200W per channel International Powerslave. Specially designed for ETI by Powertran the monster is a superb piece of audio design. Distortion is well below 0.1% at all output levels and CCIR weighted noise a negligible —101dB. Perfect for PA systems and high power discotheques, with reliability a main consideration, the International Powerslave should satisfy most readers' cravings for power!

GAS MONITOR

Designed originally for use in small boats, the ETI Gas Monitor senses any build-up of petrol vapour or propane, and prevents electrical equipment being switched on (bang!) when danger exists. ETI readers will no doubt find many other situations where this device will be useful.



Available soon in Britain, Commodore's self-contained personal computer (PET) has been given the once (and twice) over by our Canadian office. With exclusive internal photographs, read all about it

in next month's ETI

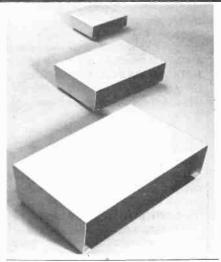




SF 48.17

INTERNATIONAL POWERSLAV

Discount voucher worth 50p also included! The catalogue will be inside all UK newstand and subscription copies, but we regret will not be in overseas copies.



Articles mentioned here are in an advanced state of preparation but circumstances may affect the final contents.

The days of the biscuit tin

The days of the Discutt the amplifier are over. The modern constructor has a huge — often bewildering — choice of cases and racking systems to wrap around their project. The choice of a suitable case can make the project look a lot more professional when completed, so read all about the various brands next month in ETI.



FREQUENCY SHIFTER

A useful device for squeezing a few extra dB out of most PA systems. Designed by our shifty project team.

ANYONE WHO HAS USED a microphone in public address work has come across problems with feedback. These are caused by the level of sound reaching the microphone from the speaker approaching or exceeding that from the person originating the sound. As the reflected sound approaches the level of the original signal, the sound becomes distorted or 'coloured', then audible ringing occurs and finally complete oscillation or howl-round occurs as the reflected sound exceeds the level of the original signal.

The most effective method of eliminating this problem in most cases is to use the correct location for the speakers and the correct choice of microphone.

However in certain environments the 'most effective use and selection of microphone/speakers does not help the problem of feedback. These are the halls and rooms which have little soundabsorbing material on the walls and are very 'live'. If a frequency response curve is drawn for such a room it will be found that there are many peaks and troughs, normally only 4 or 5 Hz apart, along with perhaps major resonances.

Solutions

There are various electronic devices which have been developed to deal with this problem, the main ones being the graphic equalizer, the variable notch filter and the frequency shifter. The first two (especially the notch filter) are ideal for eliminating major resonances. These however also alter the frequency response of the original sound. They can also help if the offending 'echo' is actually a direct path and not dependent on the room (i.e. if the speakers are behind the microphone). The other method, frequency shifting, is described here.

With a frequency shifter the echo signal is of slightly different frequency on each path round the loop and cannot directly reinforce itself so that while on the first echo it may strike a room resonance the second time it will probably be in a null. This tends to even out the frequency response of the room and allows 5 to 8 dB higher levels to be used in the average room. Also the onset of howl-round is not as dramatic as with the conventional system and the distortion which normally occurs below the howl-round level is not as noticeable. The system does not however do a great deal for howl-round not associated with room resonances.

eti

Only a small shift is normally required and it does not matter if it is an increase or a decrease. We chose to increase the frequency by about 5 Hz as it is easier to tell if a vocalist is flat rather than sharp. As the frequency response of the unit is good it is suitable for vocal work as well as general public address use. The frequency shift and the slight amplitude modulation cannot be detected by most people.

SPECIFICATION

	Frequency shift	5Hz upwards
	Maximium input voltage	3V
	Frequency response +½ dB, -3dB	30Hz - 20kHz
	Signal to noise ration re 3V output	70 dB
	Distortion @ 1kHz, 2V out	0.25%
	Amplitude modulation	100Hz - 10kHz < 1dB
A LAN	Phase shift network 50Hz - 20kHz	90 [°] ± 5 [°]

PROJECT

OUTPUT

ning for the nsitive AC or preferably R^{1}

INPUT

0V -

+15V

PARTS LIST

lesistors	all 1/2 W 5%	Capacitors	
81	150k	C1	100n polyester
R2	100k	* C2.	56n polyester
R3.4	2k7	* C3.	6n8 polyester
* R5	22k	* C4.	1n0 polyester
R6.7	2k7	C5.	10µ 25V electro
* 88	3k6	* C6.	1n5 polyester
* R9	24k	* C7.	100n polyester
* R10	15k	C8,9	100n polyester
B11	41.7	C10	33p ceramic
R12	2k2	* C11	22n polyester
R13	15k	+C12	4n7 polyester
R14-R16	3k3	C13	100n polyester
*R17	56k	C14	33p ceramic
R18	330k	C15	10µ 25V electro
R19.20	2k7	*C16	5n6 polyester
R21	330k	C17,18	100n polyester
* R22	3k9	C19	33p ceramic
* R23	27k	C20-C22	100n polyester
R24	330k	Semiconductors	
* R25	15k		LM301A
R26	2k2	IC1,2	MC1495
R27	4k7	IC3,4	LM301A
R28	15k	IC5	LWOOTA
R29-R31	3k3	Q1-Q3	BC549
R32.33	10k	ZD1,2	5.1 V 300mW
R34.35	1k	Miscellaneous	
R36,37	100k	PC board	
R38	1M	Power supply	+ 151/ A0m A
R39	100R	POWER Suppry	- 104 - 40111-1
	10011	* For hest result	s the components should
Potentiometers		he as provinte	as possible, preferably 1%
RV1	250k trim	tolorance or co	lected to be within 1%.
RV2-RV5	25k trim	forefatice of se	
RV6	100k trim		

Figure 1, component positioning for the frequency shifter board.

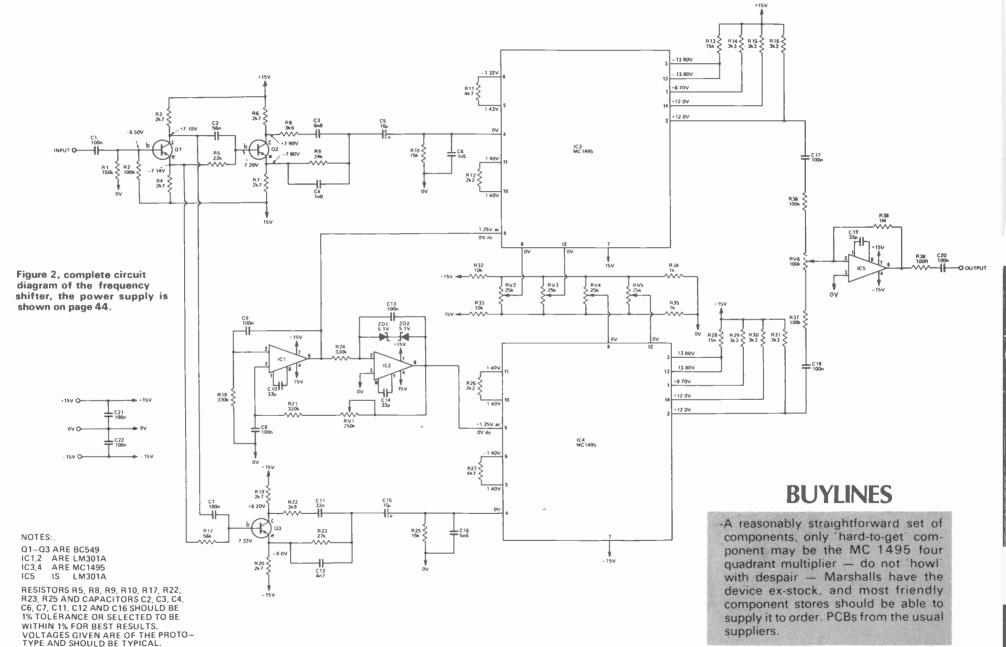
Alignment

Equipment needed — a sensitive AC voltmeter (100 mV or less) or preferably an oscilloscope and an audio oscillator.

- Check the output of the 5 Hz oscillator and adjust RV1 until it stops. If it cannot be completely stopped, try a link across C9.
- 2. Apply a signal of about 1 2 Vamplitude at about 1 kHz to the input and measure the output of IC3 at pin 2. (If your meter does not reject DC, measure at the junction of C17 and R36). Adjust RV3 to give the minimum output.
- 3. Measure the output of IC4, pin 2 (or the junction of C18 and R37) and adjust RV5 for minimum output.
- 4. Measure the output of the 5 Hz oscillator on pin 6 of IC1 and adjust RV1 until it starts, then adjust to give about 1.25 V RMS.
- With no input signal, measure the output of IC3 (or the junction...) and adjust RV2 for minimum output.
- 6. Measure the output of IC4 (or...) and adjust RV4 for minimum output.

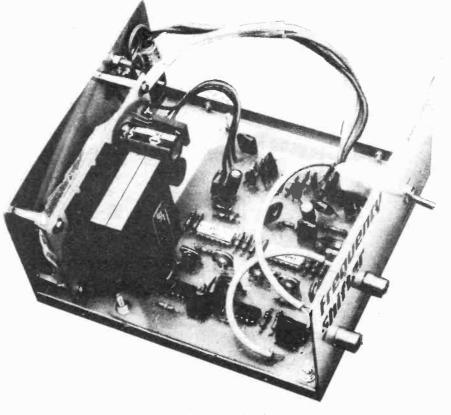
7. If an oscilloscope is available, monitor the output with a 1 - 2 V input signal and adjust RV6 to give the minimum amplitude modulation. Alternatively, by using an amplifier and speaker, RV5 can be adjusted by ear. The unit is now set up.

PROJECT: Freq. Shifter



ELECTRONICS TODAY INTERNATIONAL - MARCH 1978





HOW IT WORKS

The audio input is split into two circuits which provide a frequency-related phase shift as shown in Fig. 4. The amplitude however remains constant. Due to the different component values in the two networks the phase shifts are not the same but differ by 90° at all frequencies (50 Hz - 20 kHz +/- 5°).

IC1 and IC2 form a quadrature sine wave oscillator with the frequency set by R18, R21, R24, C8, C9 and C13. Amplitude stability is provided by ZD1 and ZD2 along with RV1 (see adjustment section). The outputs from these two op amps are the same amplitude but 90° phase shifted.

We now multiply (the MC1495 is a four-quadrant multiplier) one of the audio signals by one of the 5 Hz outputs and the second audio input by the second 5 Hz signal. When we multiply two waveforms together the output consists of the sum of the two frequencies and their difference. This means that if the audio signal is 100 Hz the output will contain a 95 Hz signal and a 105 Hz signal. These will beat with each other to produce a 10 Hz beat note as shown in Fig. 2. Due to the phase shift between the inputs of the outputs are in phase, while the 95 Hz components are 180° out of phase. Therefore by adding the outputs of the two multipliers in IC5 the 95 Hz components cancel out, leaving only the 105 Hz signal. Provided the multiplier inputs have the 90° phase relationship there will always be a 5 Hz shift, independent of frequency.

Due to the inability to maintain exactly the 90° phase relationship, the 95 Hz, or lower sideband, will not completely cancel and the result is a slight beat giving rise to an amplitude modulation effect (we had about 1 dB). This is not normally noticeable on speech or music.

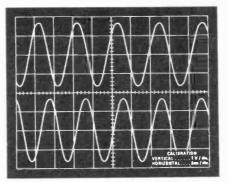


Fig. 3. Oscilligram showing relationship between input (upper) and output (lower) signals — note change in frequency.

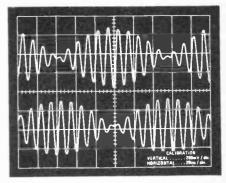
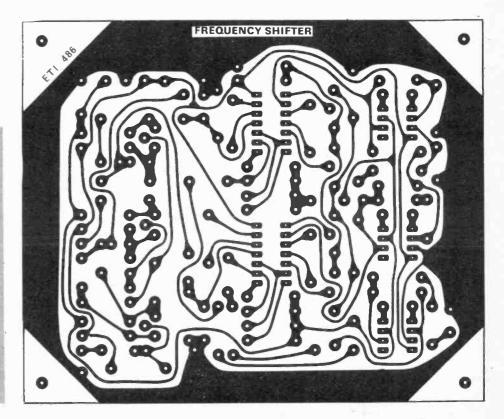
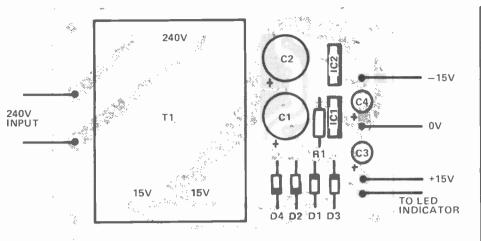


Fig. 4. Oscilligram showing output of IC3 (upper) and IC4 (lower); signal is 100 Hz, note phase difference. Below, full size foil pattern for the shifter ($120 \times 100 \text{ mm}$).

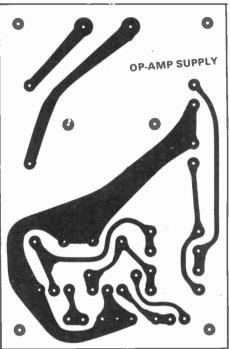


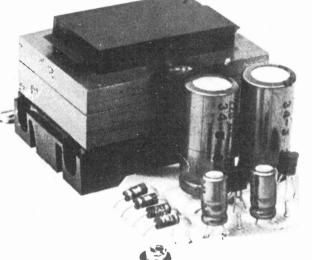
PROJECT: Freq. Shifter



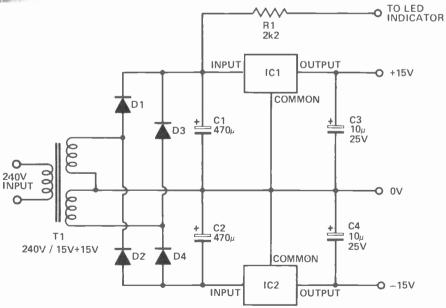
Component positioning and foil pattern for a suitable power supply (60 x 90 mm).

E





Circuit diagram for suitable power supply, in the prototype the option of LED1 was not used. Note that this power supply can be used by itself and in fact is a useful project in its own right.



PARTS LIST

R1 C1,2 C3,4	Resistor Capacitor	2k2 %W 5% 470u 35V 10u 25 V
D1-D4 LED1	Diodes Indicator	1N4001
IC1 IC2	Regulator	7815 7915
Т1	240V: 15V	/ 0-15V

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MICROSCOPE

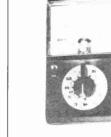


An extremely modestly priced yet very efficient microscope capable of magnification up to 750 times with clear sharp images. This model is self illuminating and incorporates an easily rotatable four position turret magnifying lens with rack and prinon focusing. The crackle black metal body houses the batteries for adjustable light illumina-tion. Instructions for use are included and there is also a sample slide provided

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Ø

AVALAN .



Model LTI01 A low cs31 useful meter ideal for carrying around in the potent 1000 bits per volt sensitivity Ranges, DC Volts, 0:105 0250 1000 AC Volts, 0:1050 0250 1000 DC Carrent 0: 10:100mA Resistance, 0:150t (Mid Scale 2 5k) Sor 90 r 80 x 35mm Price £6.00



Model ITI-2 A popular model with 20000 ohms per volt sensitivity compact easy to use model giving good value for morey Protected movement. Ranges: DC Visio, IS-05-55:00, 2500 2500 AC Visio, I-0-55-100-500-1000 OC Current ID-50, A2.5mA 250mA Resistance, D-60L+6M (Mid Scale 250-251) Capacitance & Bit Scales Size 105 x 85 x 30mm Price £11.30

Model C7200 Similar in appearance to the C7081 but at a much lower cost This model has a micror scale and is 20.000 ohms per volt Ranges DD Visio 56-30: 226-0001-200 AC Visits D6-30: 120-300-200 AC Visits D6-30: 120-300 C Current D-604-640-800M Resstance D-R-600-K-M-30M-60M d5 --201 t+ 63 Size 152 x 108 x 52mm

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Nodel LT22 Model 1.122 Probably one of the lowest priced mellers tasturing a micror scale overload protection and 20,000 shms per volt sensitivity A moder a tyled mieter with anascally clear scale markings Ranges: DC Visio 0.5 - 53-10-525-10-00 MC volto 10-50-526-1000 DC Current 0.59, -425mA 250mA Resistance 0.50k-500k-50M (Mid Scale 300-3k-30k) db 3 4 ranges - 204b to +42.08 Scal 30 x 90 x 42mm Price £11.70



1.3 MB 1.3009 dB s -- 20 to ++ 62 Size 152 x 102 x 44mi

Price £23.18











Model £7877 (Centra) An exceptionally seasitive meter 100,000 ahms per vali (hat will prova tik worth in a very short time, il lealvers 4 ohms ranges, measuring up to 100 magéhma and has a mirror scale Ranges CC Verd 0.5-525.5-505.000 AC Veito 10-5525.5-505.000 DC Carrent 0-10) -4:5:m4.50mA Resistance D-10k-1M-10M-100M (Mid Scale 130-13k-130k 1.3M)



Price £22.90

 $\begin{array}{l} 0C\ Current.0-25\ SD_{\mu}\ .4.2\ 5.5\ .25\ .50\ .250\ .500m\ .45\ 10A\\ Resistance,\ -1.6\ -150t\ .1\ .5M\ .16M\ [Mid\ Scale\ 100\ -1\ k\ -10k\ .100\ k]\\ d6\ s\ .fram-20\ lo\ +52\ in\ 10\ ranges.\\ Sze,\ .160\ .120\ .k53m\ .16M\ .$



Nedel C7001 A 45 range meter with exceptional performance: mirror scale. 50.000 ohms per volt, rigid carrying handle, diode protected. 15µ. A metor movement 15µ A meter movement Anges: DC Volts, 0-0.25-0.5-1.25-2,5-5-10-25-50-125-250-500-1000 AC Volts, 0-1,5-3-5-10-25-50-125-250-500-1000

An instrument for theprofessional: incorporates a 130mm long mirror scale, really well laid out easy to read scales. A top

mini to is zive. really were lato our essy to read sciete. A foi quality meter for anyone servicely interested in electronics Ranges: 00 Volts, 0-0 25-1-25-10-50-250-1000-5000 AC Velts, 0-25-10-50-250-1000-5000 DC Carrent, 0-50-24-10-100-500mA-10A Resistance, 0-2-200-20000s (Mid Scale 12-1-2k-120 k) dB s. trom, -20 in +50 Scale, 185-160-80 mm

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SEMICONDUCTODO	TDANGIOTODO (and 4)	IC's	
SEMICONDUCTORS	TRANSISTORS (cont'd) BF182 30p 341 20p 21/3773 3.10 BF183 24p 450 19p 21/3792 3.72	74 SERIES 74107 37p 7400 12p 7447 84p 74121 36p	RESISTORS
Rating Type No. Case V A Price	8F184 20p 500 18p 2N3819 28p 8F185 20p 503 20p 2N3821 70p	7401 14p 7450 15p 74122 51p 7402 14p 7451 14p 74123 64p 7404 17p 7453 14p 74132 56p	CR25 or similar Size 7.5 x 2.5mm All values from 1.R to 1.M 5% E12 series 1.M2 to 10.M 10% E12 series, also E24
INI 084 Plastic 400 0.25 8p IS109 Stud (S016) 1000 0.75 24p	BF194 10p 510 16p 2N3824 64p BF195 10p 550 19p 2N3831 43p BF196 10p 2C444 5.71 2N3904 15p	7405 23p 7454 14p 74141 63p 7406 28p 7460 14p 74150 173p	values from 5R1 to 910k All 1 1/2 p each
104001 Plastic 50 1 5p 104002 100 1 5p 104003 200 1 6p	BF197 12p 26220 8.19 2N3906 15p BF200 28p 26302 12p 2N3947 32p	7408 14p 7472 29p 74151 79p 7410 14p 7473 29p 74154 144p	Wirewounds 1W 0R22-600R 6p; 3W 0R22-15k 8p; 5W 0R47-22k 10p; 7/ 8W 2R-22k 12p; 9/10W 6R8-25k 14p;
1144003 200 1 6p 1144004 400 1 7p 1144005 600 1 7p	BF244B 30p 26374 18p 2N3962 24p BF258 26p 26385 27p 2N4052 5.93	7413 28p 7474 29p 74155 73p 7414 62p 7475 51p 74157 66p 7420 14p 7476 29p 74159 200p	15W 1R-100K 16p . Variable resistors
1N4006 800 1 8p 1N4007 1000 1 9p	BF259 30p 2N336 42p 2N4062 12p BF311 20p 2N549 60p 2N4063 81p BF337 30p 2N550 47p 2N4124 15p	7420 14p 7476 29p 74159 200p 7427 36p 7483 91p 74164 126p 7430 14p 7485 132p 74174 110p	Sub min presets 0.1W V or H 47R to 4M7 7p; std presets 0.3W V or H 100R to 4M7
BYX94 1250 1 10p BY127 1250 1.5 12p HI5171 50 2 8p	BF338 330 2N697 300 2N4255 900 BF362 470 2N706 180 2N4399 5.67	7432 28p 7486 40p 74179 120p 7437 36p 7490 46p 74180 120p	9p. Std pots 500R to 2M 1 in 24p; 5k-2M log 24p; 5k-2M log DPSW 48p; 5k-2M
INS171 50 2 Sp INS172 100 2 Sp INS173 300 2 10p	BF458 45p 2N706A 20p 2N4401 10p BFR39 24p 2N708 22p 2N4402 10p BFR39 24p 2N708 22p 2N4402 10p BFR39 24p 2N708 22p 2N4402 10p BFR39 26p 2N711 63p 2N4403 10p	7438 36p 7491 75p 74190 188p 7440 15p 7492 52p 74191 158p 7442 65p 7493 52p 74192 120p	dual lin or log 72p. CLOSE TOLERANCE RESISTORS -
1165174 400 2 10p 1165175 500 2 11p 1165176 600 2 12p	BFW11 65p 2N779A 57p 2N4410 40p BFW43 32p 2N665 42p 2N4416A 58p	7445 88p 7495 73p 74193 120p 7446 88p 7496 85p 74367 120p	list of 1% 0.1% and even 0.01% now ready — over 400 listed from 9p Send SAE for copy
IN5176 600 2 12p N5177 800 2 14p IN5178 1000 2 16p	BFX11 24p 2N918 35p 2N4418 10p BFX29 22p 2N930 27p 2N4919 88p	C-MOS	CAPACITORS
IN5401 100 3 12p IN5402 200 3 13p	BFX48 32p 2N956 28p 2N4931 56p BFX84 22p 2N976 51p 2N5191 62p BFX88 22p 2N985 51p 2N5192 64p	4000 18p 4018 84p 4054 100p 4001 18p 4022 90p 4055 110p 4002 18p 4023 18p 4060 96p	50V Min. Ceramic
115403 300 3 14p 115404 400 3 15p 116405 500 3 16p	8FX93A 27p 2N995 28p 2N5193 48p BFY18 40p 2N1043 86p 2N5194 68p	4007 18p 4024 64p 4071 18p 4011 18p 4027 48p 4081 18p	Tolerance 22pF-1000pF 5%, 1500pF- 01μF — 20+50%, .015μF- 047μF —20+80%. Available as follows
140405 500 3 16p 1145406 600 3 18p 145407 800 3 20p	BFY19 21p 2N1091 48p 2N5195 73p BFY39 17p 2N1131 30p 2N5245 43p BFY50 18p 2N1142 37p 2N5244 52p	4012 48p 4028 78p 4510 132p 4013 48p 4040 110p 4511 212p 4016 48p 4047 78p 4528 124p	1 8 2.2 2 7 3 3 3 9 4 7 5 6 6.8 8 2 10 12 15 18 22 27 33 39 47 56 68 82 100
1\$410 Stud (\$010) 100 3 24p 1\$413 400 3 29p	BFY50 18p 2N1142 37p 2N5294 52p BFY51 18p 2N1170 42p 2N5345 1.23 BFY52 18p 2N1204A 83p 2N5401 35p	4016 48p 4047 78p 4528 124p 4017 84p 4049 48p 4588 256p	120 150 180 220 270 330 390 470 560 680 820pF 1000pF 3p each 1500 2200 4700 6800pF .01 015
IS415 800 3 35p IS421 200 10 40p IS423 400 10 48p	BFY56A 22p 2N1257 32p 2N5447 36p BFY64 24p 2N1304 40p 2N5449 19p		022 033 047µF4p each.
INI 183 (DO5) 50 35 90 p	BFY77 21p 2N1306 44p 2N5485 55p BFY90 1.10 2N1307 44p 2N5831 42p BF210 84p 2N1309 48p 2N6027 55p	LM301 8dil 40p LM380 14dil 100p 555 8dil 40 p	160V 5% Polystyrene 10 12 15 18 22 27 33 39 47 56 68 75 82 100 110 120 150 180 200 220 270
ZENERS 400mW 2.7V to 36V 5% 10p each	BLY47A 2.15 2N1487 82p 2N6028 60p 8LY65 4.82 2N1502 91p 2N6106 71p	556 14dil 100p 561 16dil 400p	330 390 470 560 680 820pF 4p each 1000 1200 1500 1800 2200 2700
1.3W 3V3 to 200V 5% 20p each 10W 4V3 to 200V 93p each	BRY39 40p 2N1535 1.20 2N6108 54p BRY56 40p 2N1536 1.32 2N6109 54p BSV54 70p 2N1539 1.14 2N6123 64p	567 8411 200p 709 8411 .15p 709 T099 32p	3300 3900 4700 5600 7500 8200 10000pF 6p each
BRIDGES 50V 1A 26p 200V 1A 32p	BSX20 20p 2N1545 1.32 2N6133 69p BSX24 17p 2N1613 24p 2SC536 11p	741 8dil 25p 741 14dil 30p	100V 10% Mylar 1000 1200 1500 1800 2200 2700
400V 1A 36p 100V 2A 48p 400V 2A 58p 100V 4A 65p 400V 4A 80p 100V 6A 74p	BSX28 21p 201700 1.10 250234 64p BSX29 19p 201711 26p 40673 60p BSY38 16p 201757 53p	741 T099 30p 710 T099 40p 748 8dil 40p	3300 3900 4700 6800 8200 10,000pF 4p each
400V 6A 98p 400V 10A 124p SCR's	BSY95A 16p 2N1893 28p BU100 1.92 2N1905 93p	ZN1034E 14di1 225p MC1303 14dii 140p	250V Polyester 01 015 .022 033 047 068µF4p each
0.8A 60V T092 35p 1A 400V T05 60p	BU108 2.62 2N1924 47p Bu133 1.94 2N1974 52p Bu205 2.16 2N1991 43p	CA3046 14dH 65p , LM3900 14dH 65p MC3302 14dH 120p	1 15 22µF5p each 0 33 10p; 0 47 12p; 0 68 15p; 1 18p;
4A 200V T0220 52p 4A 400V T0220 70p	BU206 2.74 2N2015 4.60 BU208 2.80 2N2040 36p	ZN414 T018 130p MC1310 14dil 150p	1 5 21 p; 2 2 24 p; 3 3 29 p; 4 7 35 p; 6 8 48 p; 10μF 62 p.
6A 200V TO220 56p 6A 400V TO220 75p 6A 400V TO66 80p	BUX54 92p 2N2077 2.39 C1131 26p 2N2137 1.22 MEU21 35p 2N2157 4.86	ОРТО	400V Polyester 1000 1500 2200 3300 4700 6800pF
10A 100V T0220 82p 10A 200V T0220 87p	MJ423 5,20 2N2190 62p MJ2955 1,20 2N2218 26p	0.125" LEO's: Red 12p; Yellow 26p; Green 23p 0.2" LEO's: Red 18p; Yellow 28p; Green 25p	01µF7/peach 015 022 033µF9/p, 047 068 1 11p; 22 16p; 33 19/p; 47 22p; 1µF
10A 400V T0220 120p 10A 600V T0220 148p	MJE340 80p 2N2219 26p MM1614 28p 2N2222A 22p MM1712 28p 2N2223 2.30	7-Seg LED's: 0.3" Common Cathode or Anode 95p 7-Seg LED's: 0.6" Common Cathode or Anode E1.95 GN4 Nixie Tubes E1.25, ORP12 60p, 0CP71 E1.20,	25p. 1000V Wire Ended
TRIACS 6A 400V T0220 98p	MN3003 47p 2X2239 1,96 MN4003 1,30 2X2243 35p	RPY58A 65p. H61 for paper tape readers, etc. Oark cwrrent 0.01 µ A, Light current 250 µ A. Size 2mm dia	1000 1500 2200 3300 4700 6800pF 01 022 033 047µF 15p each
8A 600V T0220 135p 15A 200V Stud 135p 15A 400V Stud 220p	MPS2369 15p 2M2369 25p 3563 18p 2M2484 24p 3640 21p 2M2612 2.18	x 12mm long 70p.	0 1 22p; 0.22 28p; 0 47 52p. High Voltage Discs
TRANSISTORS	3642 25p 2N2644 1.89 3646 31p 2N2646 60p		1kV 3kV 470pF 4p 200pF 9p
AC127 18p 80158 10p 8031 98p AC128 18p 80159 10p 8032 1,05 AC132 35p 80161 40p 8033 80p	6515 20p 2N2722 2.18 6521 23p 2N2784 93p 6534 22p. 2N2802 46p	VOLTAGE REGULATORS	680pF 4p 1500pF 12p 1000pF 5p 1650pF 12p
AC151 25p BC168C 12p BCY34 90p AC176 18p BC171 10p BCY42 26p	6534 22 p. 2N2802 46 p MPSA66 38 p 2N2894 34 p MPSU52 46 p 2N2904 26 p	78L12 1092 12V 150mA 75p	5000pF 8p 1800pF 14p 2500pF 16p 2kV 4700pF 21p
AC176k 28p BC172 10p BCY43 24p AC187 20p BC177 15p BCY54 89p	MPSU55 60p 2N2905 21p 0C19 90p 2N2906 23p	723 14dil 2-37V 150mA 50p MC1469R T066 2½-37 500mA 150p 78M05 T05 5V 500mA 85p	2kV 4700pF 21p 15pF 4p 47pF 5p
ACY21 47p BC183 12p BCY70 15p ACY22 59p BC184 12p BCY71 15p	0C24 60p 2N2920 2.16 0C25 90p 2N2926 12p	78M12 T05 12V 500mA 85p 1405 T0126 5V 600mA 85p	82pF 5p 4kV 91pF 5p 68pF 9p 100pF 6p 130pF 9p
ACY39 60p 8C204 10p BCY72 14p AD149 70p 8C207 10p 80112 1.70 AD161 40p 8C208 10p 80123 90p	0C29 90p 2N3013 22p 0C35 90p 2N3053 28p 0C36 90p 2N3054 52p	1412 T0126 12V 500mA 95p 7715 T0220 15V 750mA 120p 7805 T0220 5V 1A 150p	100pF 6p 130pF 9p 120pF 6p 300pF 10p 150pF 6p 4500pF 22p
AD162 40p BC209 10p B0131 38p A0726 4.32 BC212 14p B0132 40p	0C42 28p 2N3055 50p 0C44 22p 2N3375 3.92	7812 T0220 12V 1A 150p LM309K T03 5V 1.2A 150p	180pF 6p 220pF 7p 330pF 8p 8kV
AF114 20p BC213 14p 80133 48p AF115 20p BC214 14p B0135 35p AF116 20p BC237 10p B0136 35p	0C45 20p 2N3439 1.52 0C70 18p 2N3442 1.30 0C71 24p 2N3478 61p	LMI323 TO3 5V 3A 650p .	390pF 9p 200pF 11p 470pF 10p 220pF 11p
AF117 20p BC252 18p BD137 40p AF127 26p BC267 18p BD138 40p	0C72 28p 2N3502 28p 0C75 38p 2N3552 92p	SIGNAL DIODES	2200pF 13p 270pF 11p Electrolytics
AF139 40p BC297 24p BD139 42p AF239 40p BC301 24p BD140 44p	0C77 80p 2N3567 28p 0C810 18p 2N3583 82p	IN4148 4p DA81 5p DA91 8p	μF/V 1/25, 2 2/25, 4 7/25, 6 8/25 10/25, 22/25, 33/25, 47/25, all 7p;
AF279 75p 8C302 24p 80163 73p ASY27 40p 8C303 26p 80234 60p ASZ23 1.50 8C304 28p 80238 60p	0C139 74p 2N3585 1.44 0CP71 1.20 2N3612 1.20 PBC108 12p 2N3638 15p	0A81 5p 0A91 8p BAY72 7p	100/25, 150/25, 220/16, 8p; 220/ 25 330/25, 470/10, 10p; 220/40,
BC107 12p BC307 12p B0241A 45p BC108 10p BC308 11p BD362 47p	SE7055 46p 2N3702 10p TIP30 40p 2N3703 10p		330/25, 470/10, 470/16, 12p; 470/ 25 15p; 1000/16 19p; 1000/25 23p; 1000/40 30p; 1000/63 45p; 2200/
BC108C 12p BC309 12p B0437 72p BC109 12p BC320 15p 80510 54p BC109C 15p BC327 16p B0525 47p	TIP34 65°p 2N3704 10°p TIP41A 56°p 2N3705 10°p TIP42A 66°p 2N3706 10°p	DARLINGTON	10 19p; 2200/16 24p; 2200/25 33p; 2200/50 56p; 3300/10 24p; 3300/
BC114 12p BC32B 16p BD526 47p BC116A 15p BC337 20p BD527 47p	TIP2955 86p 2N3707 10p TIP3055 42p 2N3708 10p	PHOTO TRANSISTOR	25 45p; 4700/16 45p; 4700/25 58p. Electrolytics, cans 470/100 23p; 1000/100 54p; 2200/
8C118 10p 8C347 14p 8DX32 2.00 8C119 22p 8C348 12p 80Y10 80p 8C126 20p 8C351 26p 80Y90 2.25	ТІS43 35-р 2143710 10-р ТІS44 12-р 2143712 900-р ТІS55 12-р 2143713 1,440	SPECIAL OFFER!!!	63 64p; 4700/40 72p; 6800/16 51p; 10 000/10 58p; 10 000/16 72p;
BC136 13p BC413 24p BF115 20p BC137 13p BC441 32p BF137 55p	ZT82 45p 2N3715 1.30 ZT3439 86p 2N3716 2.47	Better than 2N5777	10,000/25 84p; 15,000/6 47p; 15,000/16 87p. Tantalum Bead
BC139 24p BC461 32p BF152 18p BC140 24p BC547 10p BF167 22p BC143 24p BC548 10p BF173 20p	ZTX107 15p 2N3725 60p 212 18p 2N3731 2.70 300 15p 2N3739 1.25	Metal Case, TO18 configu- ration, 40p each, 10 for	0 1 0 15 0 22 0 33 0 47 0 68 1 1 5 2 2 3 3, all 35V 12p; 4 7 6 8 10/35 15/20
8C147 10p 8C549 11p 8F178 24p 8C148 10p 8C558 12p 8F179 24p	303 20p 2N3740 1.70 304 22p 2N3772 1.62	£3.50, 25 for £7.50, 100 for £25.	22/16 33/10 47/6 68/3 100/3 all 14p Compression trimmers
BC149 10p BCX33 15p BF180 30p BC157 10p BCY30 90p BF181 30p	311 15p 2K3743 1.79 313 19p 2K3771 1.94		3-40pF 19p; 30-250pF 26p; 100-500pF 33p.
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3



P.C. Etching Kit Mk III This latest version of this popular kit now contains 200 sq ins copper clad board, 2 miniature drill bits, 1/b ferric chloride, Dalo etch-resist pen, abrasive cleaner, etching dish and full instructions Price: £3.90

TRANSFORMERS

All have mains primary

Code Secondary		
Details	Size in mm	Price
X005 6-0-6V		
100mA	26×30×24	85p
X021 9-0-9V 75mA	26x30x24	85p
X032 12-0-12V		•
50mA	26x30x24	85p
X033 12-0-12V		
100mA	30x36x27	95 p
X0096V 1A	42×50×42	£1.75
X03112V 500mA	42×50×36	£1.80
X02714V 1A	45x55x40	£2.10
X03512V 2A	53x62x60	£2.75
X0106.3V 11/2A	48x56x50	£2.15
X012 6-0-6V 11/2 A	48x56x50	£2.55
X024 9-0-9V 1A	48x56x50	£2.25
X034 12-0-12V 1A	50x58x55	£2.75
X040 29V 50mA	30×36×25	65p
X039 22V 100mA X048 20-0-20V 2A	38x45x33	85p
X048 20-0-20V ZA X047 20V 23/4 A	65×78×58	£4.60
X053 30-0-30V 1A	85x80x66 58x68x58	£3.90 £4.10
X0610-12-15-20-	06X80X86	24.10
24-30V 1A	57x68x52	£3.95
X0620-12-15-20-	57,00,02	20.00
24-30V 2A	76x64x74	£5.35
X051 24V 500mA	50x58x36	£2.50
x0710-19-25-33-	00100100	
40-50V 1A	65×79×70	£5.50
x0720-19-25-33-		
40-50V 2A	72x98x78	£6.95
X045 20.0.20V		
500mA	47x57x38	£2.00
X058 Bell transformer	in neat white	plastic
case,		
12-75-59mm Outo	1 4 8 or 1	21/ 1.4

75x58mm Output 4 8 or 12V 1A £1.60p

Notes Types 061 and 062 can supply any of the following voltages 3 4 5 6 8 9 10 12 15 18 20 24 or 30 V. 12-0-12 or 15-0-15 V Types 071 and 072 can supply 6 7 8 10 14 Types 071 and 072 can supply 6 7 8 10 14 15 17 19 21 25 33 40 or 50V or 25-0-25V X081 Miniature output type, primary 1k2, secondary 8R 200mW 15 x 20 x 17mm 35p X082 Matching transformer in screen case

with flying leads Pri 50R, Sec 125k 40 x 38 x 35mm Price **55p**.

RELAYS and SOLENOIDS

RELATS and SULCIVUID 12V DC enclosed 2×10A c/o contacts £1. Open construction relay with 2 10A c/o contacts, coil rated 24V ac but works well on 6V DC 60p. 240V ac enclosed, 11 pin plug in base 3

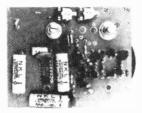
240V ac enclosed, 11 pin plug in base 1 10A c/o contacts, **£1.20**. 240V ac open, 2 15A c/o contacts **£1.50**.

Solenoid, rated 48V DC, but work on 24V 10mm push or pull action Single hole fixing Size 27 x 18 x 15mm Made by Varley Only **40p.**

FERRIC CHLORIDE

Anhydrous technical quality in 11b double sealed packs 11b £1.00; 31b £2.18; 101b 5.60; 1001b £39.00

1 WATT AMPLIFIERS



PC board as illustrated contains LM380 amplifier + pot + switch Just needs a battery and speaker to go! Panel also con-tains 10 silicon transistors R's etc. for experimenting with Supplied with connection data Only £1.25

WIRE & FLEX - 5m of 5 different colours, thick

or thin 25m for **30p** 25 way (14/0076) cable with braided overall screen and sheath 40p/m

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200 miniature resistors, ½, ½, ½W £1.00 400 assorted resistors, ½, ½, 1W £1.30 200 poly, mica, ceramic capacitors £1.20 200 electrolytics, but many unmarked £1.00

100 Mullard C280 polyesters, 0 01-1 uF

£1.00 150 wrewound resistors, 2-10W £1.60 200 PC resistors, ¼ and ½W 60p 20 astd pots, inc sliders £1.70 200 transistors, mostly unmarked, ini power devices About 75% useable £1.35

7Ib BARGAIN PARCEL

Mixed components from odd 'job lots' not worth sorting out – resistors, capacitors, pots, switches and other small components, also panels with transistors, diodes etc at a very low price - £3.00.

COMPUTER PANELS

A dozen boards with top grade components – transistors, inc power types, zeners, trimpots, IC's, resistors and capacitors Hundreds of parts for just **£2.75**. nonents

'KEYNECTOR' MAINS CONNECTOR



Essential equipment for the showroom Essential equipment for the snowroom, workshop, factory, laboratory, home and hobby bench, the Keynector provides quick, efficient and safe temporary mains connection Bared terminal wires are simply inserted into clamps operated by 3 piano like keys – polarity marked. Safety is ensured by keys — polarly marked. Salety is ensured by the clever design which cuts off power when the fused housing is in the open or OFF position. With power on the springloaded keys cannot be depressed. In addition, the neon lamp only glows if earthing is correct. neon lamp only glows if earthing is correct, so pointing out possible mis-wiring to equipment or plug. The Keynector' will accept 3 cored mains cables up to 13 Amps, can be permanently wall or bench mounted or operated as a free standing unit in complete safety. The unit is attractively presented within a heavy duty moulded housing with contrasting white keys. In-dividually boxed and supplied with installa-tion and operating guide. 76 x 50 x 126mm **Price 64.96** Price £4.96

EDGE CONNECTORS

3

2520

High quality 0 1" pitch double sided, gold plated. Selling at less than 1/3 their original Drice

price				
18 way	41p	21 way	47p	
32 way	72p	40 way	90p	

49	way	11	1p

SOLAR CELLS

Solar Cetts These silicon chips size 19x6 5mm will give $50\mu A@ 'b2V$ in sunlight, and can be banked for greater power Prices 3 for £1 10 for £3, 25 for £7, 100 for £25 Ideal for powering small CMOS projects, etc

	S-DECS	8	T-DECS	
S-DEC	Breadboard			225p
T-DEC	Breadboard			325p

POWER PACK

Woodgrained metal case 90x80x75mm containing mains transformer giving 6V @ 200mA 2 co-ax sockets PC board with 1/4" fuseholder R's C's, etc **Only 75p.**

EARPIECES & SPEAKERS 8R 2½" 0 3W speaker 50p. 64R 2½" 0 3W 65p. Magnetic earpiece 3½mm jack 20p. Crystal earpiece 3½mm jack 38p

PANEL METERS 6x48x35mm 50μA 100μA 1mA **£3.75;** 118x73x38mm 50μA 100μA **£5.00.** Edgewise 89x35x57mm 1mA **£3.45**



Our packs of vero offcuts are one of our bur packs of vero bricuts are one of our biggest sellers — and no wonder, they are amazing value!! Each pack contains 7 or 8 pieces to make up a total area of 100 sq. ins All packs are the same price. **£1.30 each** and are available as follows

And are available as follows Pack A, all 0.15" pitch Pack B, all 0.15" pitch Pack D, all 0.15" Pack Pack D, all 0.1" plan Also available by weight 11b **£3.95** 101bs £32.50 Regular size vero 17x3³/₄x0 1^{''} **£2.00,** 10 strips **£15** 17x3¾x0 15 £1.76; 0 1" plain £1.63

DIP Breadboard size 6.15x4.5" can accomodate 20 x 14 pin IC's £2.35

VQ Board, size 148 x 75mm 0 1" pitch Copper strips in rows of 4 to facilitate construction with IC's. Layout sheet provided 85p

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VERU PHIS AND FOOL Spot face cutter for 0.1 or 0.15 pitch 759 0.1" pins single sided **30**p/100 0.1" pins double sided **35**p/100 0.15" pins single sided **30**p/100 0.15" pins double sided **35**p/100

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Plastic top and bottom ally panels front and

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237	15	4x85x40	£2.53
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800	18	0×120×65	£3.50
009	18	0×120×90) £3.74
410	20	5x140x40	£3.51
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Professional quality two tone grey poly-styrene with threaded inserts for mounting PC boards 120x65x40 2518 £2.17

£2.45

2522	188x110x60	£3.23

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SLOPING FRONT BOXES 171x121x75/37 5 220x174x100/53 £4.19 2523 £6.90 Potting box 71x49x24mm black or white

40p Hand controller box 94x61x23mm White 64p



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Plugs into any 13A socket and provides a warm and comforting glow in the dark. Can be safely plugged in within reach of children, less than ½p per week in electricity ONLY 990

PORTABLE IMMERSION HEATER



Ideal for individual cups of tea, coffee, soup etc — save on electricity Standard mains voltage Complete with 3 core mains flex **Only £3.00**

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What an offer¹¹ BD695A + BD696A PNP-NPN complimentary pair Just look at the spec! – 45V 8A 70W Gain of 750 at 4A¹ All packed into a TO220 case The pair for £1.50

RESISTOR OFFER

RESISTOR OFFER Minature 'W 5% carbon film resistors, but the leads, although full length have been pre-formed for vertical mounting. In the following values only IR 33R 68R 100R 150R 270R 330R 390R 470R 680R 1k 1k2 1k5 2k2 2k7 3k3 k9 4k7 5k6 10k 15k 18k 22k 27k 33 k6 8k 100k 150k 470k 820k 10k 470k 820k 1 M

100 off each value, total 3100 resistors for **£10**; 1000 off each value, 31,000 resistors **£70** Individual values at **50p**/100 or **£4**/1000

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K004. Mylar capacitors min 100V type. 10 each all values from 1000pF to 10.000pF. Total 130 for £3.75.

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K005. Polystyrene capacitors, 10 each value from 10pF to 10.000pF. E12 series 5% 160V. Total 370 for £12.30.

K006. Tantalum bead capacitors. 10 each of the following: 0.1, 0.15, 0.22, 0.33, 0.47, 0.68, 1, 2.2, 3.3, 4.7, 6.8, all 35V, 10/25, 15/16, 22/16, 33/10, 47/6, 100/3. Total 170 tants for £14.20.

K007. Electrolytic capacitors 25V working small physical size. 10 each of these popular values: 1, 2.2, 4.7, 10, 22, 47, 100 μ F Total 70 for £3.50.

K008. Extended range as above, also including 220, 470 and 1000 µ F Total 100 for £5.90.

K021. Miniature carbon film 5% resistors. CR25 or similar. 10 of each value from 10R to 1M. E12 series. Total 610 resistors. £6.00.

K022. Extended range, total 850 resistors from 1R to 10M. £8.30.

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We have recently acquired a very limited supply of Digital Clock parts, and are offering these on a "first come, first served" basis at very attractive prices.

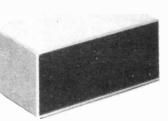
CASE A

Made of Perspex in attractive colours (white, black, brown or red) with black-tinted panel. Back panel is drilled for switch etc. Overall size is 138x51x81mm.Price £1.50.

CASE B

A solid brushed aluminium sleeve size 102x75x45mm has a translucent red perspex front and a drilled rear panel to take 2 min, push button switches + min DPCO slide switch + 35mm dia crystal mic insert (Used for alarm signal). These cases can be supplied with all these components mounted on the back panel for £1.75, or with a blank panel for £1.25.





CLOCK CHIPS MKEO2E2N

.£2.25
4 for only
£2 5Ó

7mm. Supplied with data.

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SPECIAL TRANSISTOR OFFERS

Plastic versions of these popular types: BC108-9, BCY70-71-72 at very low prices. PN108 (BC108 18 for £1

PN70 (BCY70)											14 for £1	
PN72 (BCY72)											15 for £1	
PN109 (BC109)											16 for £1	
PN71 (BCY71)											14 for £1	

Complementary Power Pair. BD525 & BD526. Motorola plastic power, 60V 2A devices, normally 94p pair. Special offer price 50p pair.

Small signal PNP transistors, like 2N3702 (Marked MSPS1218) 20 for £1.

TANT BEAD CAPS — 4.7 µ F 50V, normally 14p each. Our special offer price 12 for $\mathbf{\hat{\epsilon}1}$.

CALCULATOR CHIP

TYPE C500 BY GI - 8 DIGIT 4 FUNCTION + CONSTANT MULTIPLEXED FOR SIMPLE KEYBOARD INTERFACING Supplied with

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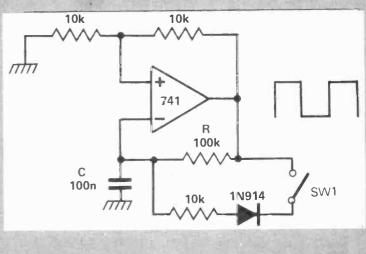
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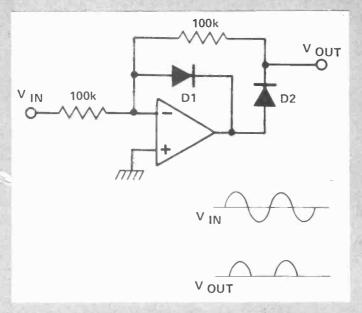
OP AMPS PART 2

In the first part of this series Tim Orr discussed the theory and operation of op-amps. This month he moves on to give some circuit applications for this ubiquitous device, and explains how and why it can do what it does!

Single Op Amp Oscillator

This circuit has a Schmitt trigger and a sort of integrator' all built around one op-amp. The postive feedback is via the 10k resistors. The 'integration', or rather, the timing, is controlled by the RC network. The voltage at the inverting input follows that of the RC charging exponential, except that it is confined to be within the upper and lower hysterysis levels. Thus the hysterysis levels and the RC time constant determine the frequency of the operation. It is possible to make the output square wave have a large mark to space ratio. By closing the switch SW1, the discharge time of the capacitor becomes eleven times faster than the rise time. Thus a square wave with an 11:1 mark space ratio is generated.





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Precision Half Wave Rectifier

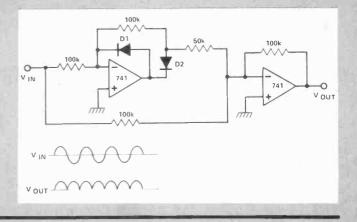
Rectifying small signals with any accuracy can be very difficult with just diodes due to their forward voltage drop of about 0.6 V. However, an op-amp can be used to reduce this voltage drop to apparently nothing. Consider the circuit shown. There is negative feedback so that 'virtual earth' circumstances exist. When Vin is positive, D1 conducts to maintain the virtual earth, D2 is reverse biased and so the output is just a 100k resistor connected to 0 V. When Vin goes negative, the output rises positively, D2 is turned on and D1 turned off. As the virtual earth is being maintained, the output voltage is the exact inverse of the input voltage. This is true for all negative inputs. Therefore, the output is composed of positive going half sinewaves. A precision half wave rectification has occurred. In fact the diode error is very small, being equal to

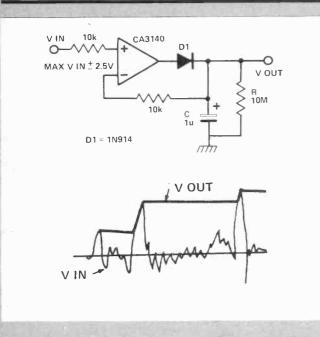
> 600 mV (surplus voltage gain)



Therefore as the input frequency increases, and the surplus voltage gain decreases, the amount of precision also falls.

By adding the original and the half wave recitifed signals together in the right ratio, it is possible to fill inthe half cycle gaps and thus to generate a precise full wave rectification. The addition of one summing op-amp and three resistors is all that is needed as shown opposite.



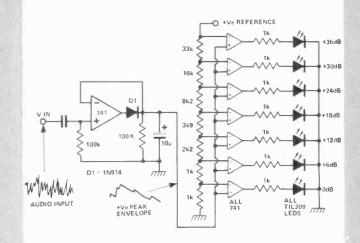


Led Bar PPM Display for Audio

The peak voltage detector can be used to control an illuminated audio level monitor displaying the same characteristics as a PPM (Peak Programme Meter). A bar column of LEDs is arranged so that as the audio signal level increases, more LEDs in the column light up. The LEDs are arranged vertically in 6 dB steps. A fast response time and a one second decay time has been chosen so as to give an accurate response to transients and a low 'flicker' decay characteristic. The op-amps that drive the LEDs are being used as comparators. On each of their inverting inputs they have a DC reference voltage, which increases in 6 dB steps up the chain. All of their non-inverting inputs are tied together and connected to the positive peak envelope of the audio signal. Thus as this envelope exceeds a particular voltage reference, that op-amp output goes high and the LED lights up. Also, all the LEDs below this are illuminated.

Precision Peak Voltage Detector with a Long Memory Time

The circuit shown has negative feedback only for positive signals. That is, the inverting input can only get some feedback when diode D1 is forward biased and this can only occur when the input is positive. When a positive input signal is applied the output of the op-amp rises until the inverting input reaches the same potential. In so doing, the capacitor C is also charged to this potential. When the input goes negative, the diode D1 becomes reverse biased and so the voltage on the capacitor remains there, being slowly discharged by the op-amp input bias current and the resistor R (10M). The op-amp used has a MOS FET input, having an exceptionally low input bias current of 10 pico amps. Thus the discharge of the capacitor is dominantly controlled by the resistor R, giving a time constant of ten seconds. Thus the circuit detects the most positive peak voltage and remembers it.



FEATURE: Op-Amps Pt.2

R5

741

0

V OUT

R1

R2

R3

R4

V1 O

V2 C

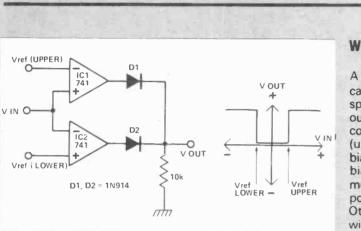
V3 C

V4 C

INPUT

Basic Summing Circuit (Mixer)

A virtual earth amplifier can be used to mix several signals together. The output voltage is a mixture of all the inputs. The amount of an input that appears at the output in inversly proportional to the input resistor. If the input voltages are fed into potentiometers before being fed to the mixer, then their individual levels can be manually adjusted. This is the basis of most audio mixers, although only the cheaper units use op-amps. Most op-amp mixers will degrade the signal to noise ratio of the signals by more than a good discrete component amplifier.



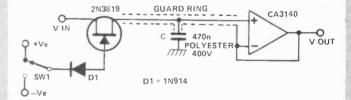
Window Comparator

A window comparator gives an output which in this case is 0 V, when an input voltage lies in between two specified voltages. When it is outside this 'window', the output is positive. The two op-amps are used as voltage comparators. When Vin is more positive than Vref (upper) the output of IC1 is positive and D1 is forward biased. Otherwise the output is negative, D1 reverse biased and hence Vout is 0 V. Similarly, when Vin is more negative than Vref (lower), the output of IC2 is positive; D2 is forward biased and thus Vout is positive. Otherwise Vout is 0 V. Thus only when Vin lies within the window set by the reference voltages is Vout 0 V.

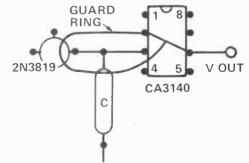
 $V \text{ OUT} = -R5 \left(\frac{V1}{R1} + \frac{V2}{R2} + \frac{V3}{R3} + \frac{V4}{R4} \right)$

High Performance Sample and Hold

It is often necessary to have a circuit that will sample an analogue voltage and then remember it for a long time without any significant corruption of that voltage. This is known as a sample and hold circuit and one use of it is to store the voltage from the keyboard connected to an electronic music synthesiser. The voltage is then used to control the pitch of a voltage controlled oscillator and so it is very important to have a high performance sample and hold. A drift of less than one semitone, (80 mV), in ten minutes is required. A sample and hold is simply an electronic switch, a storage capacitor and a high input impedance voltage follower. In the circuit shown, when switch SW1 is positive the FET is turned on, and has a resistance of about 400R. Thus the input voltage charges up the capacitor through the FET. When SW1 is negative, the FET is turned off, (pinched off), and can have a resistance of thousands of Megohms. To get a long storage time the op-amp must have a very low input bias current. For the CA3140, this current is about 10 pico amps, i.e., 10-11 amps. Therefore the rate at which the capacitor will be discharged by this current can be worked out from the equation, C(dv/dt) = i



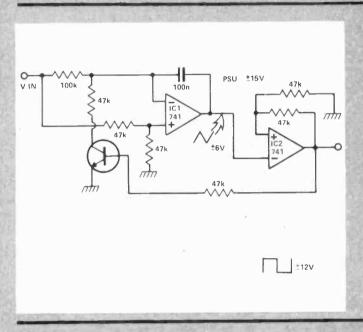




where dv/dt is the rate of change of voltage on the capacitor. Therefore:

$$\frac{dv}{dt} = \frac{i}{C} = \frac{10^{-11}}{0.47 \times 10^{-6}} \quad 22\mu V/s$$

This is a very low drift rate, much better than we need. However, the actual drift rate will probably be in excess of this, due to surface leakage on the printed circuit board, leakage through the FET, and internal leakage in.



Silent Audio Switching

Sometimes electronic switches for audio signals are required. FETs can be used to perform the switching, but they can cause distortion, the resultant output impedance is not very low and clicks generated by the switching signal can break through. The circuit shown virtually eliminates all of these problems. Bv using an op-amp a very low output impedance is obtained as well as the possibility of selecting or mixing one or more of many input channels. Because of the virtual earth mixing, the voltage across any FET that is switched on is very small. If the input voltage is 1V and the FETs ON resistance is 470R, then the voltage across the FET is about 10 mV. When large voltages are applied to a turned on FET, the distortion is large, but if the voltage is small, (10 mV say), the distortion could be less than 0.1%. Thus the virtual earth mixing enables low distortion operation. Lastly, to stop the generation of switching clicks, a time constant of 47 msec has been enforced at the gate of the FETs.

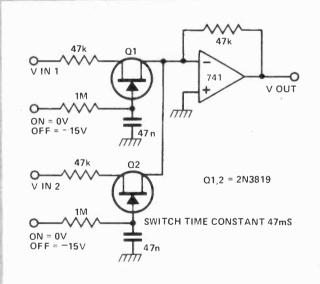
the capacitor. It is advisable to use a high voltage, non-polarised capacitor in this circuit to keep the leakage currents to a minimum. Also, to stop surface leakage a simple PCB trick can be used, that of making a guard ring around the sensitive components.

Normally any potential stored on the capacitor may leak to ground across the surface of the PCB, but if we make the surrounding surface a conducting track held at the same potential as that of the capacitor then the potential difference is virtually always zero, and hence the surface leakage is greatly reduced.

Linear Voltage Controlled Oscillator

This oscillator is very similar to the triangle square wave oscillator shown in Part 1, except that this one is voltage controlled. The integrator and Schmitt trigger action are the same as before, but the feedback has been altered. The input voltage Vin, is applied differentially to the integrator via the resistor network. The larger the value of Vin, the faster the integrator ramps up and down Thus the frequency of the operation is determined by an external positive control voltage. The frequency is linearly proportional to this control voltage.

When the output of the Schmitt is low, Q1 is off and so all the input voltage is applied to the inverting input. Half of the input voltage is always applied to the non-inverting input. Therefore the integrator's output ramps downward until the Schmitt flips into its positive state. Now, Q1 is switched on and the voltage at the inverting input is negative with respect to the noninverting input. Hence the integrator now ramps upwards.



To be continued. Next month sees circuits for exponential voltage to current convertors, musical chime generators, triangle to square wave convertors, squarewave generators with auto level adjustment and variable mark-space ratio — amongst other things.

NEWS

METER

DIGITAL PANEL

DATA SHEET

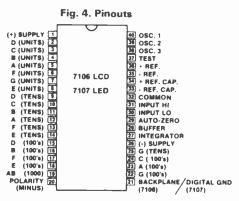
THE ICL7106 and 7107 are high performance, low power, CMOS 3½ digit A/D converters that contain all the necessary active devices on a single monolithic IC. Each has parallel sevensegment outputs which are ideal for use in a digital panel meter. The ICL7106 will directly drive a liquid crystal display including the backplane drive. The ICL7107 will directly drive instrument size LEDs without buffering. With seven passive components, display and power supply, the system forms a complete digital voltmeter with automatic zero connection and polarity. (see figs. 1 and 3)

Both ICs use the time-proven dual slope integration technique with all its advantages, i.e. non-critical components, high noise rejection, non-critical clock frequency and almost perfect differential linearity. Both the ICL7106 and 7107 can be used not only with its internal reference, but true ratiometric reading applications may also be accomplished over a full scale input range of 199.9 mV to 1.999 V.

The accuracy of conversion is guaranteed to plus or minus 1 count over the entire plus or minus 2000 counts and the auto-zero facility provides a guaranteed zero reading for 0 volts input. However, the chip does provide a true polarity output at low voltages for null detection. Both chips have an on-board clock and reference circuitry, as well as overrange detection.

The Clock

The chip carries the active parts of an RC oscillator which runs at about 48 kHz and is divided by 4 for use as the system clock. The integration period (1000 clock pulses) is therefore 83.3 ms. Each conversion requires 4,000 clock pulses, i.e. 3 readings per second. For optimum 50 Hz line frequency rejection, the clock should be set to a multiple of 50 Hz, e.g. 50 kHz.

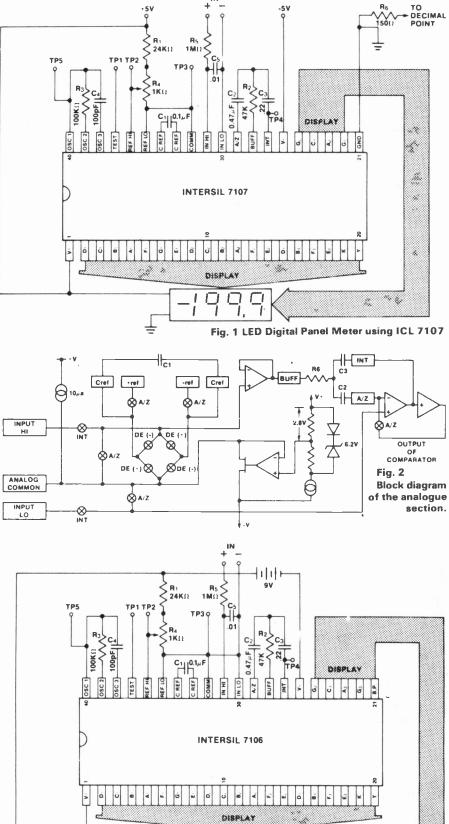


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Fig. 3

ICL 7106

LCD Digital Panel Meter using

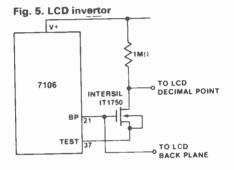


IN

NEWS:Data Sheet

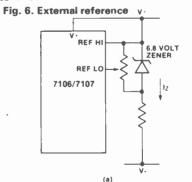
Displays and DPs

The additional components required to build a DPM are a display (either LCD or LED), 4 resistors, 4 capacitors, and an input filter if required. Liquid crystal displays become polarised and damaged if a DC voltage is continuously applied to them, so they must be driven with an AC signal. To turn on a segment, a waveform 180 degrees out of phase with the backplane drive (but of equal amplitude) is applied to that segment. The 7106 generates the segment drive waveform for all digits internally, but does not generate segment drive for the decimal point. This must be done using an inverter or exclusive-OR logic (see fig. 5 below). For use with LED displays the 7107 pull-down FETs will sink about 8 mA per segment, which produces a bright display suitable for almost any indoor application. A fixed decimal point can be turned on by tying the appropriate cathode to ground through a 150 ohm resistor.



The Reference

For 200,0 mV full scale, the voltage applied between REF Hi and REF Lo should be set at 100.0 mV. For 2.000 V full scale, this should be 1.000 V. The reference inputs are floating, and the only restriction on the applied voltage is that it should lie in the range Vto V+.



For many applications, the internal reference of 2.8 V between V+ and COMMON is adequate, but power dissipation in the 7107 LED version can wreck this. However, an external reference can be added as shown in Fig.6.

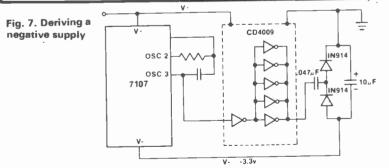
Electrical Specifications @ +25 C unles	is otherwise specified
Full Scale Voltage Range	±200mv (5.0V min V + to V—) ±2.0V (6.0V min V + to V—)
Full Scale Digital Range	± 2000 Counts
Common Mode Voltage Range	V + minus 0.5 V to V -, plus I V
Accuracy 10° C to 50° C with external	<1/2 Count
reference	1 Euly tuning
Noise referred to Input	$15\mu V$ typical $0-1$ transition at .7 to .9 counts
Zero width	< 1 Count
Turnover Input circuit	Differential
Input Bias Current	2pA
Input Impedance	> 10 ¹² ohm
Polarity	Automatic with neg sign displayed
Reference (Internal)	Internal 2.8V, referenced to V+
	Temperature Coefficient 100ppm/ C
	typical.
Reference (External)	External reference must be in the range V+ to V-
Recommended External Components	
200mV Full Scale	2V Full Scale
$C_3 = Int Cap 220n$	C 3= Int Cap 220n C 3+ AZ Cap 47n
$C_2 = AZ Cap 470n$	$C_1 = \text{Ref Cap 100n}$
$C_1 = \text{Ref Cap 100n}$ $C_4 = \text{Clock Cap 100p}$	$C_{a} = Clock Cap 100p$
$R_{b} = Int Res 47k$	$R_{b} = Int \text{ Res } 470 \text{ k}$
$R_3 = Clock Res 100k$	R = Clock Res 100k
$R_2 = Short$	$R_2 = Short$
Clock Frequency	48kHz divided by 4
······	An internal divide by 4 counter is provided
	to count external oscillators down to
	12kHz, the internal dual slope clock.
Display Outputs (LED ICL7107)	22 Current limited segment drives plus one current limited neg sign drive plus
	LED common
	Note: The 2 die in the 1k bit are in parallel
Display Outputs (LCD ICL7 106)	22 segment drives plus one neg sign drive
Display Outputs (ECD ICC7 100)	plus LCD back plane drive
LED (7107) current @ +5.0V	5.5 to 8.0ma
Power Requirements	LCD: Ima @ 4.5 – 6V
	LED: 1 ma @ 4.5 — 6V, plus LED current
Power supply configuration	Dual
(7107)	+4.5 to $+6V$ and -3 to $-6V$ @ 1 ma
	Note: for inputs that remain within the CM
	voltage range only a single supply is
	required
Digital input Signals	Test

Digital input Signals (7106)

Read Rate

Single 5 to 12V A high on the test input turns on all segments and the minus sign. 3 Readings per second with 12kHz inter-

nal clock (48kHz external clock). Accurate from .1 to 15 reading per second



Power Supplies

The 7106 will run from a single 5 to 12 V supply. If INPUT Lo is shorted to COMMON, this will cause V+ to sit 2.8 V positive with respect to INPUT Lo, and V- at 6.2 V negative with respect to INPUT Lo.

The 7107 requires dual supplies, +4.5 to +6 V and -3 to -6 V at 1 mA. A negative supply may be derived from +5 V using the circuit given in Fig 7.

Evaluation kits for the 7016 and 7107 are available from Rapid Recall, 9 Betterton Street, Drury Lane, London WC2H 9BS. The kits are supplied with full data sheets and an application note, further Intersil application notes are also available on request:

The individual devices are becoming widely available, sources known to ETI include, Audio Electronics, Doram, Marshalls and Watford Electronics. ETI

PROJECT



A versatile design that provides a high quality light dimmer and, with the addition of a simple interface, a building block that forms the basis of many other light effect circuits.



THE DIGITAL LIGHT bulb has been with us for a few years now. What's a digital light bulb you ask — well in case you don't recognise the term it's just a clever, well if not clever, at least obscure, way of describing the common domestic light bulb we all know and love. These bulbs may just about be described as digital as, essentially, they are either on or off — we said we were being obscure and we were not joking.

Light Fantastic

Now this two state nature of le bulb ordinaire can be rather dull, however, the application of electronics makes a number of more interesting things possible. We can, for instance, vary a bulb's brightness smoothly from almost nothing to full output, sequence a number of lights according to a prearranged pattern, turn bulbs on and off in time with music and you can probably think of many other things in this vein. The circuit described here, although presented primarily as a light dimmer, can form the basis of many of these other systems.

Bright Idea

While it would be possible to control the brightness of a lamp by placing a variable resistor of a large power rating in series with same, this type of control would have a number of serious disadvantages, not the

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least of which is the large amount of heat that would be generated. The use of phase control provides a means of accomplishing the desired effect that is both simple and efficient.

A Passing Phase

Phase control means simply that power is supplied to the load, in this case a lamp, for only part of each AC cycle. Usually phase control circuits are referred to the "zero crossing" of the AC supply and power is supplied to the load at some time after this point continuing then until the next zero crossing. In this way the energy supplied (light output) can be controlled.

Many domestic controllers use a circuit similar to that shown in Fig. 1. This consists of a simple phase control network with a diac to "fire" the triac that controls the load. We have chosen to use a different type of circuit (Fig. 2) that we feel gives a better and more reliable control. The triac is retained but the triggering circuitry is quite different, consisting as it does of a PUT (Programmable Unijunction Transistor) in a phase control network with triggering of the triac being accomplished by a pulse transformer.

As this unit is intended to form the basic building block of a number of different systems we have chosen not to mount the potentiometer RV1 directly onto the PCB as would have been the case if this were simply a light dimmer. Instead the pot is connected via flying leads to the PCB as shown in our photos. This leads (please pardon the pun — we cannot resist puns or aliterations) to a more versatile board. The basic dimmer can, for instance, depending on the configuration of these leads, either be at full brilliance upon switch on, dimming as RV1 is rotated or alternatively, be at minimum output at switch on bringing the light to full brilliance as RV1 is rotated.

Light Construction

Construction of the light dimmer should pose no problems if the specified components are carefully mounted onto the PCB according to the overlay shown in Fig. 3.

We specify a ready made pulse transformer although those masochists amongst you might like to make this component yourself by evenly winding thirty turns of 32 SWG wire on a half inch long quarter inch diameter ferrite rod to form the primary. After a layer of insulation a further thirty turns of the same wire forms the secondary.

The coil L1 is formed by winding fifty turns of 22 SWG wire on a ferrite rod that is one inch long by quarter inch diameter.

It can then be fixed on to the PCB using quick-set epoxy, after soldering the leads.

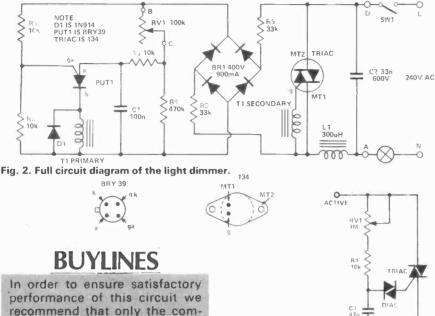


Fig. 1. DIAC circuit

HOW IT WORKS

The light dimmer circuit can conveniently be broken down into two sections, the trigger circuitry and the triac itself that supplies power to the load.

ponents specified in the parts list,

are used. These components are

available from stockists of RS

components, which means most

people.

itself that supplies power to the load. We shall first discuss the trigger circuitry that is formed by PUT I and its associated circuitry. The BRY39 PUT (Programmable Unijunction transistor) is a four layer semiconductor device that is similar in action to a thyristor. The BRY39 has leadouts connected to each of the four semiconductor layers that make up the device. Our application only requires three of the terminals, the anode (a), cathode (k), and the anode gate (ga) — the cathode gate (ka) is left unconnected. For a full description of this device you should refer to one of the many text books that deal with semiconductor devices.

For our purposes the BRY39 can be thought of as a switch which can either present a high impedance between its anode and cathode terminals (off) or a low impedence (on). The device is switched from the "off" to the "on" state by taking the anode gate negative with respect to the anode which is, of course, the same as taking the anode positive with respect to the anode gate. (The device can also be controlled by the cathode gate.)

when in the "on" state the device can only be returned to the "off" state by reducing the current through the device to a valve below the holding current (usually a low value). In this respect the BRY39 is similar to a thyristor.

Thus the BRY39 is turned "on" when the voltage at the junction of R3 and C1 reaches a value that is just greater than that at the junction of R1 and R2.

The trigger circuitry is powered by the unsmoothed full-wave rectified output of BR1. The bridge is fed via dropper resistors R5 and R6 of which more later.

The relationship between the voltage applied to the BRY39's anode and cathode is dependent upon the value of RV1. A full analysis of the phase control network of the anode circuit (RV1, C1, R3 and R4) would require an article in its own right. However, it can be thought of more simply by considering C1's action as "slowing up" the rise in the full-wave rectified voltage at the PUT's anode. Thus C1 introduces a phase lag at this point. The component values have been chosen to provide the required range of control.

As the PUT is triggered the energy stored in C1 is applied to the primary of the pulse transformer, this induces a pulse in the secondary of T1 which is responsible for firing the triac. D1 prevents any back EMF which would upset circuit operation.

The load is controlled by the triac which can be thought of as a biconducting version of an SCR. The signal applied to the gate controls the triac's action for current in either direction. The pulse induced in the secondary of the pulse transformer causes the triac to conduct, supplying power to the load until the next zero crossing of the mains waveform causes the current in the triac to fall below its holding value thus turning off the triac.

Note that with the triac on there is no power available to the trigger circuit. The only current required by the trigger circuit is that required to charge C1 and a very small amount consumed by R1 and R2 across the supply. The total current is thus very small and the dropper resistors R5 and R6 can be low wattage components.

Capacitor C2 and coil L1 are provided to reduce the effects of RF1.

Loaded Question

So far we have described the basic light dimmer but by connection of the interface (trendy word) circuit shown in Fig. 5 the versatility of the unit can be greatly extended. With this interface circuit installed a DC voltage of between 5 and 7 V applied to the LED that forms the mains and as such should be treated with respect at all times.

Just a couple of final points. The first being that the maximum load we recommend for this circuit is 500 W, which should be adequate for most domestic applications. The second point to note is that this circuit is not isolated from one half of the opto-isolator, provides for full control of the load connected to the dimmer.

The unit can now provide remote control of loads by simply running a length of wire between the control pot and the dimmer (this is not recommended with the basic unit as the control leads are not isolated from the mains). The circuit can now provide a sound to light unit by simply connecting it to an amplifier or a sequencer by driving it from, for example, a clocked CMOS counter.

We are working on a few of these ideas and would hope to present some of them in a couple of months time.

ETI

PARTS LIST

RESISTORS	
R1,2,3 R4 R5,6	10 k 470 k 33 k
POTENTIOMETE RV1	RS 100 k lin with switch
CAPACITORS	A A
C1 C2 SEMICONDUCTO	100 n Polyester 33 n 600 V DC DRS
PUT 1 TRIAC BRI	BRY 39 6A 400 V TO66 case 400 V 900 mA
TRANSFORMER	
T1	1:1 pulse (see text)
COIL	
L1	See text
MISCELLANEOU	S
PCB as pattern.	

PROJECT: Light Dimmer





PROIF(

Designed by John Miller-Kirkpatrick

SOFTWARE

System 68

ETIBUG 2 is the second software PROM for the System 68 CPU card. The IC fits into socket marked IC9 ready for use. The ETIBUG monitor does an automatic test for the presence of ETIBUG2 (test for an 'E' at location ECOO) during its command, and if it is inserted ETIBUG will automatically branch to it, so there is no need to alter any other part of the card.

New Commands

The new commands included in ETIBUG2 are intended to make machine code programming easier. The first command will dump 128 bytes of memory to the VDU. This command is entered by typing 'H' followed by the hex address from which the dump is to begin. The dump always begins at the top of the VDU 'page' and fills half the screen. If the command is not 'H' then control passes to 'X TEST'.

'X'ecuting your programs

The second new command allows a program to be run without the long-winded procedure of modifying the Stack dump area to change the program counter (PC), to the address where you want execution to begin. The command if operated by entering X and then the hexadecimal address of the start of your program. (This command will not operate if the stack pointer is not pointing to A042 when executed)

More Interruptions

One of the most useful features of the 6800 during Machine Code programming is the Software Interupt (3F instruction). When this instruction is found it causes a Stack dump of the registers, a display of this data on the VDU and a branch back to the CONTRL loop. Thus you can code several bytes of program followed by a 3F followed by some more coding and another 3F, etc. When the 3F instruction dumps the registers it dumps the address of the 3F instruction as the PC address, thus a subsequent G command from the keyboard causes control to be passed back to that 3F instruction and thus it is re-executed. To continue by using ETIBUG or MIKBUG it is necessary to update the stored PC by 1 and then use the G command. With ETIBUG2 in your system you need only enter the command letter C to Continue executing after the 3F instruction. Like the Xecute command the Continue command updates the stored PC and then branches into the G command

424F52494E4720535452494E4753

From the heading of this paragraph you can see how boring and complex it can be to enter a string of ASCII characters into memory using the Memory Examine/Modify command as each character has to be entered by using its ASCII code rather than its keyboard code. The ETIBUG2 'K' followed by a hex address command allows you

to specify a starting address and enter a string of characters from the keyboard into memory until an EOT (Hex 04) character is entered, upon which control jumps back to the Hex. Dump Subroutine.

Shifting Memories

The ETIBUG2 S command allows areas of memory to be copied from one location to another. The 'from' address can be any valid hex address covering RAM, PROM, I/O device addresses, etc; the 'to address can also be any valid hex address but will usually be RAM. A 'Not RAM' check has not been included as it may be possible to use this command to Shift data from memory to a device port (or vice-versa) and thus use the command as for I/O operations.

The Shift command is started by entering the command letter S, ETIBUG2 will then ask for a START ADDR, a TO ADDR and a LENGTH all of which require a valid four digit hexadecimal input. At the end of the copy control returns to the CONTRL loop. As well as the above commands.

Tape Out

This subroutine outputs a block of data to a cassette unit via the T TYOUT subroutine. The parameters for the output must be stored by the user in address locations A018-A021 before using the subroutine

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The routine starts the tape by pulsing the TAPSTRT flip-flop and then waits about 5 seconds before starting the output.

Output first is the Start address, length and six byte label from the parameter area. Data is then output from the Start Addr until the number of bytes specified by the Length parameter have been output., As each data byte is output it is added to the checkdigit byte (which starts at zero), this checkdigit byte is output as the last character of each block. The routine allows a 5 second delay before stopping the tape and returning to the user program which called this subroutine.

The TAPOUT routine can be called from a user program as a sub-routine or can be called by jumping to XED8F.

Tape In

The TAPIN routine does the reverse of the TAPOUT routine. When the routine is executed and the tape started, the first bytes input are read into the parameter area and then the data is read into the area defined by the Start ADDR and Length now defined by the parameter area. As each byte of data is read in a checkdigit is generated in the same way as that generated by the TAPOUT routine. When the Length parameter indicates that all data has been read in the routine reads one more byte which it assumes to be the output checkdigit. Both the output checkdigit (A022) and the generated checkdigit (A023) are stored in the parameter area for user checking.

TAPIN can also be used by previously setting up the Start Addr and Length in the parameter area and executing TAPOUT3 (EDA7). If used in this way note that the length specified should be one less than the length expected and that the last data byte will appear at A022 instead of the location expected. This is because TAPOUT expects the checkdigit to follow the last data byte, if your tape was not generated on a System 68 it may not have a checkdigit following the data (although most tape systems do have one).

Tape In or Out

The cassette I/O routines act on a block of data at each execution, the parameters for the address, length, label, etc for this block have to be set up before output and are also available to the user after input of a block. To save you checking the parameters by dumping the appropriate area of RAM we have included a TAPE CHECK command which is called by entering the command letter T. The data for a tape I/O are stored as follows.

Address of start of block of data. A018,9

Length of block of data excluding this parameter data. A01A,B

Six character ASCII label area A01C-21

Checkdigit byte for output (Auto-generated) A022

A023

23 Checkdigit byte from input (Auto-generated). For a valid read the checkdigit which was on the tape (A022) should the same as that eccentrated during the rand (A022) in a state be the same as that generated during the read (A023), the label area is

not used by ETIBUG2 but can be used to identify a record by the user. The T command performs a formatted print of these parameters for

use before output or after input.

TTYIN

This subroutine accepts data from a UART whenever the DAV bit indicates that a byte has been received by the UART. After input the DAV flip-flop is reset. Data is input to ACCA and status to ACCB

TTYOUT

This subroutine outputs data to a UART if the UART is not already BUSY. There are two entry points

TTYOUT assumes that the index register points to the address of the next byte for output.

TTYOUT2 assumes that the output data is already in ACCA. Data is output from or via ACCA with the UART status being saved in ACCB

ETIBUG2 completes the basic PROM software for System 68 for the time-being, next we hope to bring you a Tiny BASIC or ASSEMB-LER

ĒTIBUG2 can be obtained in an MM5204 PROM from Bywood Electronics for £25.95 plus VAT.

ETIBUG 2 LISTING

This is a complete listing of the ETIBUG2 PROM which has been written to make machine code programming on System 68 easier.

	Address	Op-	code	Label	Mnemonic	Description	Address	Op-code	Label	Mnemonic	Description	
		45	40			LETTER 'E' FOR ETIBUG	ED19				В	
		C1 26	48 31	H TEST	CMP B H BNE X TEST	IS COMMAND H? NO, JUMP TO X-TEST	ED1A ED1B	20			D	
	EC05	BD	EE47		JSR EE47	GET ADDRESS FROM KBD		54			т	``
		CE	8800	H DUMP	LDX 8800	GET NODRESS TROM RDD		4F			ò	
	EC0B	FF	A014		STX A014	SET VDU CURSOR TO TOP	ED1E	20				
		5F			CLR B			04			END OF TEXT	
		CE	A00C	NEXT RO	LDX A00C		ED20	0D	MESS 4		CARRIAGE RETURN	MESSAGE 4
	EC12	BD	EEC8		JSR EEC8	PRINT ADDRESS	ED21	54			Т	
		FE	A00C	NEXT H	LDX A00C	LOAD ADDRESS OF BYTE	ED22 ED23	41 50			A	
	EC18 EC1B	BD FF	EECA A00C		JSR EECA STX A00C	PRINT BYTE STORE ADDRESS OF NEXT BYTE	ED23 ED24	45			P E	
		5C	AUUC		INC B	STORE ADDRESS OF NEXT BITE	ED25	20			E	
		C5	07		BIT B 07	HAVE 8 BYTES BEEN PRINTED?	ED26	43			С	
	EC21	26	F2		BNE NEXT H	NO, LOOP BACK TO NEXT H	ED27	48			Ĥ	
	EC23	BD	EECC		JSR EECC	YES, PRINT SPACE	ED28	45			E	
11		C5	0F		BIT B OF	HAS A ROW BEEN COMPLETED?	ED29	43			С	
_	EC28	26	EB		BNE NEXT H	NO, LOOP BACK TO NEXT H		4B			К	
5	EC2A	86	0D		LDA A 0D	YES, LOAD CR CHARACTER	ED2B ED2C	3B 53			; S	
<u> </u>	EC2C	BD C5	EFD1 7F		JSR EFD1 BIT B 7F	PRINT CARRIAGE RETURN IS DUMP FINISHED?	ED2C ED2D	54			5 Т	
Š	EC2F EC31	26	DC		BNE NEXT RO	NO, DO NEXT ROW	ED2E	41			A	
ž	EC33	7E	EEE3		JMP EEE3	YES, JUMP TO CONTROL	ED2F	52			R	
5	EC36	CI	58	X TEST	CMP B 'X	IS COMMAND X?	ED30	54			T	
ń	EC38	26	09		BNE C TEST	NO, JUMP TO C TEST	ED31	20				
1	EC3A	BD	EE47		JSR EE47	GET ADDRESS OF PROGRAM START	ED32	41			A	
ຼ	EC3D	FF	A048		STX A048	STORE ADDRESS AT A048	ED33	44			D	
5		7E	EF0F	RUN	JMP EF0F	JUMP TO 'RUN' IN ETIBUG	ED34 ED35	44 52			D R	
<	EC43 EC45	C1 26	43 09	C TEST	CMP B 'C BNE K TEST	IS COMMAND C? NO. JUMP TO K TEST	ED35 ED36	20			R	
>	EC43 EC47	FE	A048		LDX A048	TRANSFER PC TO X-REGISTER	ED37	04			END OF TEXT	
F	EC4A	08	11010		INX	INCREMENT X-REGISTER	ED38	4C	MESS 5		L	MESSAGE 5
TT TT	EC4B	FF	A048		STX A048	TRANSFER X BACK TO PC	ED39	45			E	
ĩ	EC4E	20	F0		BRA RUN	JUMP TO RUN ROUTINE		4E			N	
Þ	EC50	C1	4B	K TEST	CMP B 'K	IS COMMAND K?	ED3B	47			G	
-	EC52	26	29		BNE S TEST	NO, JUMP TO S TEST	ED3C	54			T	
2	EC54 EC57	CE BD	ED16 EÉ7E		LDX MESS 3 JSR EE7E	LOAD START OF MESS 3 PRINT MESSAGE 3	ED3D ED3E	48 20			Н	
2	EC5A	BD	EE47		JSR EE47	GET ADDRESS FROM KBD	ED3E	04			END OF TEXT	
_	EC5D	FF	A018		STX A018	STORE ADDRESS	,ED40	4C	MESS 6		L	MESSAGE 6
	EC60	FE	A018	K LOOP	LDX A018		ED41	41			Ā	
2	EC63	BD	EFAC		JSR EFAC	GET CHARACTER FROM KBD	ED42	42			В	
5	EC66	A7	00		STA A X	STORE CHARACTER	ED43	45			E	
	EC68	Al	00		CMP A X	WAS CHARACTER STORED?	ED44	4C			L	
<u><u></u></u>	EC6A	27	03		BEQ K LOOP 2	YES, JUMP TO K LOOP 2	ED45 ED46	20 20				
Γ	EC6C EC6F	7E 08	EEE3	K LOOP 2	JMP EEE3 INX	NO, JUMP TO CONTROL INCREMENT ADDRESS COUNTER	ED40 ED47	04			END OF TEXT	
~	EC70	FF	A018	K1001 2	STX A018	STORE NEXT ADDRESS	ED48	43	MESS 7		C	MESSAGE 7
L C	EC73	81	04		CMP A 04	WAS CHARACTER EOT?	ED49	48			й	
x	EC75	26	E9		BNE K LOOP	NO, LOOP BACK TO K LOOP	ED4A	4B			К	
	EC77	7E	EC08		JMP H DUMP	JUMP TO HEX DUMP		44			D	
	EC7A	00				NO OPERATION		49			I	
	EC7B	00				NO OPERATION	ED4D	4/			G	

C CERT

	EC7C 00			NO OPER ATION		ED4E	20				
Ē	EC7D C1 53	S TEST	CMP B 'S	NO OPERATION IS COMMAND S?		ED4E	04				END OF TEXT
ECTRONICS	EC7F 26 43		BNE T TEST	NO, JUMP TO T TEST		ED50	B7	7205	TAP IN	STA A 7205	PULSE TAP STRT FLIP-FLOP CLEAR CHK CHAR 2
-H	EC8I CE ED00 EC84 BD EE7E		LDX MESS 1	LOAD ADDRESS OF ME	ESS 1		7F CE	A023 A018		CLR A023 LDX A018	LOAD PARAMETER ADDRESS
õ	EC84 BD EE7E EC87 BD EE47		JSR EE7E JSR EE47	PRINT MESSAGE 1 GET "FROM" ADDRESS		ED59	BD		TAP IN 2	JSR TTY IN	GET TTY CHARACTER
Z	EC8A FF A018		STX A018	STORE ADDRESS	,		A7	00		STA A X	STORE AT X
3	EC8D CE ED11		LDX MESS 2	LOAD ADDRESS OF ME	ESS 2	ED5E ED5F	08 8C	A022		INX CPX A022	INCREMENT X ARE ALL PARAMETERS STORED?
	EC90 BD EE7E EC93 BD EE47		JSR EE7E JSR EE47	PRINT MESSAGE 2 GET "TO" ADDRESS		ED5F ED62	26	F5		BNE TAP IN 2	NO, LOOP BACK FOR NEXT ONE
0	EC96 FF A01A		STX A01A	STORE ADDRESS		ED64	FE	A018	TAP IN 3	LDX A018	YES, LOAD START ADDRESS
TODAY	EC99 CE ED38		LDX MESS 5	LOAD ADDRESS OF ME	ESS 5		FF	A024		STX A024	STORE AT START 2
\prec	EC9C BD EE7E		JSR EE7E	PRINT MESSAGE 5	2.5	ED6A ED6D	FE	A01A A026		LDX A01A STX A026	LOAD LENGTH STORE AT LENGTH 2
z	EC9F BD EE47 ECA2 FF A01C		JSR EE47 STX A01C	GET LENGTH FROM KI STORE LENGTH	3D		FE	A024	TAP IN 4	LDX A024	LOAD START 2
Ē	ECA5 FE A01C	S LOOP	LDX A01C	LOAD LENGTH		ED73	BD	EDD5		JSR TTY IN	GET CHARACTER FROM TTY
INTERNATIONAL	ECA8 27 18		BEQ EXIT 1	IF ZERO, GO TO EXIT 1		. ED76 ED78	A7 BB	00 A023		STA A X ADD A A023	STORE IT AT X ADD CHARACTER TO CHK CHAR 2
Ā	ECAA 09 ECAB FF A01C		DEX STX A01C	DECREMENT LENGTH STORE LENGTH		ED78	B7	A023		STA A A023	STORE CHK CHAR 2
1	ECAE FE A018		LDX A018	LOAD FROM ADDRESS		ED7E	08			INX	INCREMENT ADDRESS
9	ECB1 A6 00		LĐA A X	LOAD CHAR AT FROM	ADDRESS		FF	A024		STX A024	STORE NEW ADDRESS
Ā	ECB3 08		INX	INCREMENT FROM AD		ED82 ED85	FE 09	A026		LDX A026 DEX	LOAD LENGTH DECREMENT
	ECB4 FF A018 ECB7 FE A01A		STX A018 LDX A01A	STORE NEW FROM AD LOAD TO ADDRESS	DRESS	ED86	FF	A026		STX A026	STORE NEW LENGTH
1	ECBA A7 00		STA A X	STORE CHAR AT TO AL	DDRESS	ED89	26	7000		BNE TAP IN 4	IF NOT ZERO LOOP BACK
Ś	ECBC 08		INX	INCREMENT TO ADDR	ESS	ED8B ED8E	B7 39	7206		STA A 7206 RTS	PULSE TAPE TAP STOP FLIP-FLOP RETURN FROM SUBROUTINE
MARCH	ECBD FF A01A ECC0 20 E3		STX A01A BRA S LOOP	STORE NEW TO ADDR BRANCH BACK TO S LO		ED8F	B7	7205	TAP OUT	STA A 7205	PULSE TAP STRT FLIP-FLOP
Ç	ECC2 20 39	EXIT 1	BRA EXIT 2	GO TO EXIT 2	JOF	ED92	7F	A022		CLR A022	CLEAR CHK CHAR
	ECC4 C1 54	T TEST	CMP B 'T	IS COMMAND T?		ED95 ED98	CE BD	FFFF EDF0		LDX FFFF JSR DELAY	JUMP TO DELAY ROUTINE
9	ECC6 26 35 ECC8 CE ED20		BNE EXIT 2 LDX MESS 4	NO, JUMP TO EXIT 2 YES, LOAD ADDRESS (E MECC A	ED98	CE	A018		LDX A018	LOAD ADDRESS OF PARAMETERS
78	ECCB BD EE7E		JSR EE7E	PRINT MESSAGE 4	JF MESS 4	ED9E	BD	EDE3	TAP OUT 2	JSR TTY OUT	JUMP TO TTY OUT ROUTINE
	ECCE CE A018		LDX A018	LOAD ADDRESS OF ST		EDA1 EDA2	08	A022		INX CPX A022	INCREMENT X HAVE ALL PARAM'S BEEN PRINTED?
	ECD1 BD EEC8 ECD4 CE ED38		JSR EEC8 LDX MESS 5	PRINT ADDRESS OF ST LOAD ADDRESS OF ME			26	F7		BNE TAP OUT 2	NO, GO TO TAP OUT 2
	ECD7 BD EE7E		JSR EE7E	PRINT MESSAGE 5	222.0	EDA7	FE	A01A	TAP OUT 3	LDX A01A	LOAD LENGTH
	ECDA CE A01A		LDX A01A	LOAD ADDRESS OF LE	NGTH	EDAA EDAB					NO OPERATION NO OPERATION
	ECDD BD EEC8 ECE0 CE ED48		JSR EEC8 LDX MESS 7	PRINT LENGTH LOAD ADDRESS OF ME	2007	EDAD					NO OPERATION
	ECE3 BD EE7E		JSR EE7E	DDINT MECCACE 7	2337	EDAD	27	16			IF LENGTH = 0 GO TO TAP OUT 4
	ECE6 CE A022		LDX A022	LOAD CHECK SUMS		EDAF		A 01 A		DEX STY A01A	DECREMENT LENGTH
	ECE9 BD EEC8		JSR EEC8	PRINT CHECK SUMS	ADACTED	EDB0 EDB3	FF FE	A01A A018		STX A01A LDX A018	STORE LENGTH LOAD ADDRESS OF START
	ECEC 86 04 ECEE B7 A022		LDA A 04 STA A A022	LOAD A WITH EOT CH. STORE EOT AFTER LAI		EDB6	BD	EDE3		JSR TTY OUT	OUTPUT CHARACTER AT START
	ECF1 CE ED40		LDX MESS 6	LOAD ADDRESS OF ME		EDB9	BB	A022		ADD A A022	ADD CHARACTER TO CHK CHAR
	ECF4 BD EE7E		JSR EE7E	PRINT MESSAGE 6	557	EDBC EDBF		A022		STA A A022 INX	STORE NEW CHK CHAR INCREMENT START ADDRESS
	ECF7 CE A01C ECFA BD EE7E		LDX A01C JSR EE7E	LOAD ADDRESS OF LA PRINT LABEL	BEL			A018		STX A018	STORE NEW START ADDRESS
	ECFD 7E EEE3	EXIT 2	JMP EEE3	GO TO CONTROL		EDC3	20	E2			JUMP TO TAP OUT 3
	5500 10					EDC5 EDC8	CE BD	A022 EDE3	TAP OUT 4	LDX A022 JSR TTY OUT	LOAD CHK CHAR OUT PUT CHK CHAR
	ED00 48 ED01 49	MESS 1		H I	MESSAGE 1	EDCB		FFFF		LDX FFFF	
	ED02 46			F		EDCE		EDF0		JSR DELAY	JUMP TO DELAY
	ED03 54			Т		EDD1 EDD4		7206		STA A 7206 RTS	PULSE TAP STOP FLIP-FLOP RETURN FROM SUBROUTINE
	ED04 20 ED05 4D			M				7201	TTY IN	LDA B 7201	GET STATUS TO B FROM UART
	ED05 4D ED06 45			E		EDD8	C5	10		BIT B 10	TEST DATA AVAILABLE BIT
	ED07 4D			M		EDDA		F9		BEQ TTY IN LDA A7200	IF NOT READY GO TO TTY IN GET DATA TO A
	ED08 52 ED09 59			R		EDDC EDDF		7200 7204		STA A 7204	RESET DAV
	ED09 35 ED0A 3A			1		EDE2	39			RTS	RETURN FROM SUBROUTINE
	ED0B 46			F		EDE3		00	TTY OUT	LDA A X	LOAD A FROM ADDRESS X
	EDOC 52			R		EDE5 EDE8		7201 08	TTY OUT 2	LDA B 7201 BIT B 08	TEST FOR TBMT BIT SET
	ED0D 4F ED0E 4D			O M		EDEA		F9			IF BUSY GO TO TTY OUT
	ED0F 20					EDEC	B7	7202		STA A 7202	PUT A TO VART
	ED10 04	MEGGA		END OF TEXT	Magazona	EDEF EDF0	39 8C	0000	DELAY	RTS CPX 0000	RETURN FROM SUBROUTINE DOES X = 0?
	ED11 20 ED12 54	MESS 2		Т	MESSAGE 2	EDF0 EDF3		01	PELAI	BNE DELAY 2	NO, GO TO DELAY 2
	ED12 4F			0		EDF5	39		0.01 411 0	RTS	RETURN FROM SUBROUTINE
61	ED14 20			END OF TEVT		EDF6 EDF7		0000	DELAY 2	DEX TST 0000	DECREMENT X WASTE A FEW CYCLES
	ED15 04 ED16 4B	MESS 3		END OF TEXT K	MESSAGE 3	EDFA		0000		TST 0000	AGAIN
	ED17 45			E	MEGONOE 0	EDFD					NO OPERATION
	ED18 59			Y		EDFE	20	F0		BRA DELAY	GO TO DELAY



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timeter at an analogue price, and look at the spect D.C. VOLTS 1 mv-1000v(1% - 1 count) 10MΩ input A.C. VOLTS 1v-500v. 40Hz-5 kHz (1% + 2 counts) D.C. CURRENT InA-200mA (1% + 1 count) RESISTANCE 1Ω-20mΩ (1.5% + 1 count)	
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MOTORS, 1.5 to 6v DC Model 20p. 12v DC 5 pole 35p. 115v AC min. 3.R.P.M. with Gearbox 30p. 240v AC Synch Motor 175th R.P.M. 65p. 240v AC Synch. Motor 1724th R.P.M. 65p.

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 $\label{eq:constraints} \begin{array}{l} \textbf{TRAMSFORMERS.} 6.0.5 v 100 \text{mA} 9.0 9 v 75 \text{mA} 12 0 12 v 50 \\ \text{mA} 75 p \text{ each } 12.0 12 v 100 \text{mA} 95 p 12 v 500 \text{mA} 95 p 35 v 2 \text{A} \\ \text{and } 2 5 v 2 \text{A} 100 \text{md} 2 75 + 2 35 p \text{P} \text{A} P 18 v 1 \text{ amp } \text{Rectilied} \\ 1195 + 35 p P \text{A} P 12 v 2 \text{amp } p 17 + 35 p P \text{A} P 0 12 15 \\ 20.24.30 v 1 \text{ amp } 13 25 + 35 p P \text{A} P (2 \text{ amp version } \text{L4} 45 + 35 p P \text{A} P 100 - 10 30 \text{ or } 30 + 35 p P \text{A} P 2 P 25 v 2 \text{A} 23 9 \text{C} \\ + 35 p P \text{A} P 30 - 03 0 v 142 3 0 0 + 35 p P \text{A} P 2 5 - 25 v 2 \text{A} 23 9 \text{C} \\ + 35 p P \text{A} P 100 \text{ out lune Transformer 15 watts max } -0.8 15 \Omega \\ + 180 + 35 p P \text{A} P 1 1 \text{ Trac Xenon Pulse Transformer 30 p 6 MH} \\ 3 \text{ amp Chokes } 30 p \end{array}$

SWITCHES – Min Toggle SPST 12 x 6 x 9mm 54p DPDT 12 x 11 x 9mm 60p DPDT Centre Off 12 x 11 x 9mm 75p 4P 2W Siders 20p DPDT C O Siders 20p SPST 10 amp Rockers 12p R S single Pole C/O Push Buttons 45p Roller Micro Switches 15p Min Micro Switches 13 x 10 x 4mm 20p G P O Keyswitch Assy 3 Switches 23 aws 1-2 way Multipole 35p Min Push to make or push to break Switches 16 x 6mm 15p Plessey Winkler Stud Switches 2 bank 1 pole 30 way adj stop 75p De soldering Tools, plunger type, £4 95 Reed switches 28mm norm open 6p each

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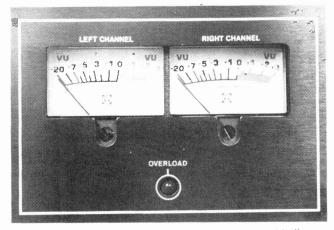
PROGRESSIVE RADIO 31 CHEAPSIDE, LIVERPOOL 2 051-236 0982 This month Ron Harris lends both ears to the new Koss E-10 electrostatic headphones. Placed at the top of Koss's range, and costing £180 a pair they promise much. Do they deliver? Read on

HEADPHONE LISTENING has much to commend it isolation from the wallpapered box which produces so much colouration in any loudspeaker system for one thing. Neighbours the world over would be a happier race if we all took to hanging our transducers around our heads instead of knocking down their living-room walls with them.

In terms of absolute quality too, electrostatic (and the better moving coil) units have few if any equals amongst loudspeakers, and their cost will always be lower. So for someone starting down the slippery slope to hi-fi bliss, and who either lives in a flator yearnsforgreater accuracy than his budget allows, headphones must provide a serious alternative to those ubiquitous wooden boxes.

Energise . . .

This brings us neatly onto the energiser itself. Superbly finished in black metal with a wood grain panel, the box gives new life to the theory of collapsed matter. For its size it is impossible **heavy**, due of course to the two huge transformers present within. The meter and overload circuitry is contained on a single large PCB, with all connections being made via removable plugs. Although untidy to look at, the internal construction is to a very high standard, and we can envisage no problems being caused here.



Close-up of the clever bits — VU meters and overload indicator LED

Two VU meters are provided to monitor signal level, and these operate in conjunction with the overload LED positioned beneath them. Sockets exist for two sets of phones, and the single on/off switch switches the audio back to the speakers once the headphones are switched off. Back panel connections are by spring terminal, and Koss provide four suitable leads to accomplish this.

In practise the overload facility worked well, cutting

off the audio (and lighting the LED) for about ten seconds once the trigger level is exceeded. This level is represented by full scale deflection on the meters, which appear toleapinto the redall too readily! We found the cut-off point to be too low for our liking sometimes, but accept that it is a perfectly good compromise.

On heavy rock signals, with any bass boost all (not needed really — see later!) the overload operated at a level which would not always satisfy the devilish tastes for loudness exhibited in this field. In fairness though this is a minor point, and personally I tend to agree with Koss's choice, as sustained listening at even near maximum allowed level amounts to audio suicide of the eardrums.

Down to sound

Now to the sixty-four thousand watt question — how do they sound? In a word they don't! Without qualification the E10s provided the most neutral and uncoloured sound yet to assail our ears. It was very very easy to forget the phones totally, and listen through to the earlier links of the chain and thus to the music itself, assuming high quality source equipment of course.

Expect no mercy — the E10s will ruthlessly expose shortcomings in anything of lesser stature, be it electronics or records, but their even response means that surface noise is not emphasised unduly as is the case with a rising treble characteristic, and no tonal correction was found necessary at any stage in the listening tests.

Here is a transducer to make you question your ideas of fidelity. All speakers possess a character of their own, and probably the E10s do as well. But this is so inobtrusive as to be negligible — and we've waited a long time to be able to say that about any piece of hi-fi!

Pecurniary conclusions

The only possible drawback to the E10 Auditors is their price — £180 all in for phones, energiser, PSU and leads. Quality never comes cheap of course, but we did wonder how much the meters and associated circuitry added to the price.

Still, as we said earlier £180 wouldn't buy a pair of loudspeakers in this class, and so maybe we shouldn't quibble — but seeing as how we're at it — how about some more headroom on the overload?

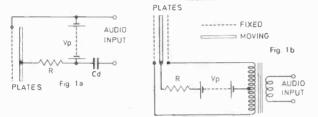
Overall then, the E10s are probably the nearest thing to transparent transducers on the market, but cost is high and heavy rock fanatics who have a thing for un-natural boom in the bass may not be impressed by their lack of colouration in that area. Definitely a connoisseur's item and one that all hi-fi followers should hear at least once!



NEWS

Like other electrostatic headphones, the E10 employ the electrostatic push-pull principle. Referring to fig. 1a, the audio is applied across the plates superimposed upon the polarising voltage Vp. Since one plate is fixed and one can move freely, the latter will be vibrated by electrostatic forces much the same as those that hold dust to LPs and LPs to turntable mats. Vp is there to provide an initial displacement about which the audio signal can induce movement. Resistor R loads the polarising signal, and C decouples the audio input.

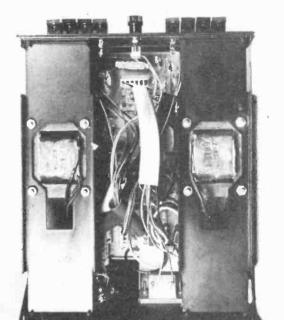
The push-pull design overcomes some of the drawbacks of the basic principle and lowers distortion, especially even harmonics. Fig. 1b shows the basis of the design. A second fixed plate is added, so that the moveable plate sits in a sandwich. The audio signal is fed



in through an isolating transformer, the secondary of which is centre-tapped to provide anti-phase signals for the two plates. This is the task of the energiser, and those transformers can be a limiting factor in the performance. Koss have made their inductors

Infiniting factor in the performance. Nos have made their inductors massive, such that a 20 Hz signal can pass unhindered. (In theory). In the E10 energiser the overloaded sensing is set to operate at around 5 V (pink noise) signal at the input. This represents around 103 dB SPL at the ears, which explains the Koss setting mentioned in the text. The energiser presents a load to the amplifier which varies in phase angle, linearly, from a +30° at 20 Hz to -30° at 15 kHz and an impedance characteric with minimum of 3 R (20 Hz) and maximum of 180 R at 800 Hz

beocraft



HOW IT WORKS

Internal view of the energiser box, note the massive audio transformers.

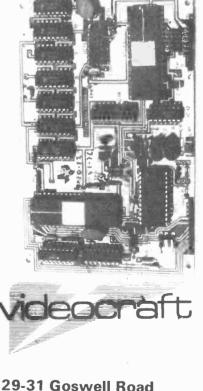
Half price Teletext

You can now buy Texas **Tifax** module Teletext decoder complete with matching cable connected keyboard, power supply, interface board and complete instructions, for installation in most common television receivers for only £180 +VAT and £2.50 postage, packing and insurance.

Since the interface is connected directly to the television's video output circuitry, picture quality is excellent with pure colours — much more so than is possible from decoders which feed the aerial socket.

Due to the compact nature of the **Tifax** module, installation within most receiver cabinets is no problem. Facilites include seven colours, upper and lower case alphanumerics, graphics, time coded display, and newsflash and subtitle inserted in TV picture.

To enable us to supply the correct interface board and instructions, we must know your television set make and model and, if possible, chassis type.



29-31 Goswell Road London EC1. Telex: 896953





RIPPLE COUNTERS are useful and simple, but they are not ideal for high counting speeds, nor for large counter chains. The problem arises from the use of the output of each flip-flop as the clock for the next flip-flop, so that changes must ''ripple through'' all the stages of the counter. This, as indicated in the previous section, causes difficulties with time delays.

Although these delays are not large, perhaps 60 nS or less per flipflop, they accumulate to a significant amount over a large number of counter stages and can cause the race hazards mentioned earlier.

Synchronous Counters

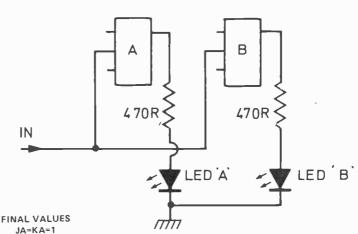
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A different principle is used for synchronous counters. The input pulses are used to clock *each* flip-flop of a chain, hence the name synchronous. The count sequence is then determined by voltages applied to the J and K terminals, and these voltages must be obtained in such a way that any given count on the flip-flop will cause the J and K voltages to be set to the voltages needed to change to the next digit up or down.

This is much more easily illustrated by an example which we can test on our board. In this example we shall follow the pattern of design steps (with some modifications) which is usually used for synchronous counters.

Basic Two-Step

Let us imagine a very basic counter using two flip-flops and resetting at the count of four. We must start by making a table showing the count, the present state, and the next state for each flip-flop. This means that for each number of the count we list the value of Q (1 or 0) and also the value to which Q will change at the next count. For example, when the count is 1 (01), the next count is 2 (10) and both outputs will change - A from 1 to 0, and B from 0 to 1. On the next count (3), A changes from 0 to 1, and B does not change. The complete table for two flip-flops is shown in Fig 1(b).



JB=KB=QA

	A		В		J K VALUES				
COUNT	Q PRESENT	QNEXT	Q PRESENT	QNEXT	JA	KA	JB	КВ	
0	0	1	0	0	1	X	0	Х	
1	1	0	0	1	Х	1	1	Х	
2	0	1	1	1	1	Х	Х	0	
3	1	0	1	0	Х	1	Х	1	

Fig. 1 (Above) A simple synchronous counter, no J-K connections shown.

(a) Circuit. Note that the input clock is taken to each stage.
 (b) Table of changes, with J and K values for the changes.

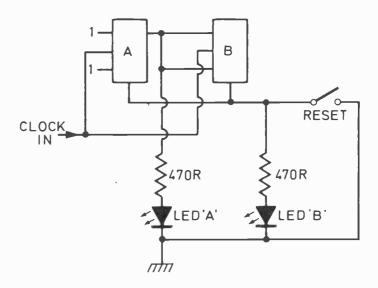


Fig. 2 (Above). Complete two-stage synchronous counter circuit, with J-K connections shown. Try this out on your blob-board.

BY EXPERIMENT PART 6

Now we have to decide what voltages are needed at J and K of each flip-flop to carry out the changes from present state to next state. Here we have some options — for example, if we want to change from 1 to 0, we may have J = K = 1, or J = 0 and K = 1; either state will carry out the change. When this is possible, we can write J = X, K = 1, where X means don't care, since either value of J is equally suitable.

Add more columns to the table to indicate these values of J and K for each flip-flop, and we are ready to start designing. The object now is to obtain the J and K voltages for each flip-flop from somewhere else in the circuit in such a way that all the J and K voltages are correct for each stage of the count. The formal method of doing this involves a technique called Karnaugh mapping, but is seldom necessary for only a few counter stages. It is rather difficult to apply for a large number of stages, so only the 'intuitive' look-and-see method will be discussed here.

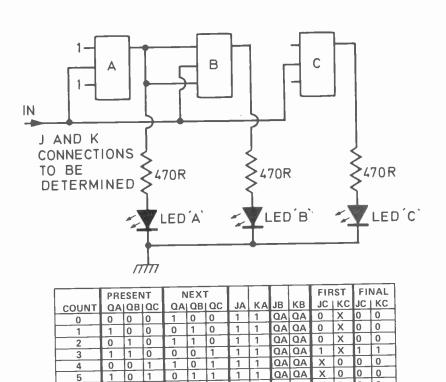
Table Talk

At the zero count, Qa=0, Qb=0 and the change at the end of the clock pulse will be from Qa=0 to Qa=1. This will happen if Ja=1 and for Ka=0, or Ka=1. We therefore fill in a 1 in the Ja column, and an X (either value) in the K column.

Still at the zero count, Qb=0 and does not change at the end of the clock pulse. This can be done if Jb=0, Kb=X, so that these values 0 and X appear in the Jb and Kb columns.

These columns are filled in similarly for each change listed remembering to use X in any case where a value is unimportant — using the J-K table that we used in Part 4 of this series of articles.

We can now inspect the complicated tables to see if any values can be fixed or derived from values of Qa or Qb. The tables for Ja and Ka are easily dealt with — since the values are either 1 or X, we can use 1 for all these values, and make Ja = 1, Ka = 1, as



7 1 1 JC=QA AND QB KC=JC

6

0

1

1 1 1 1

1

0 0 0 1 1

Fig. 3 (Above). A three-stage synchronous counter. Top: (a) Circuit, J and K connections still to be determined.

Bottom: (b) Table of changes, showing how J and K values are determined.

1

1

QA QA

QA QA

X 0 0 0

X

The "first" Jc-Kc table shows possible values of Jc and Kc, the "final " table shows the most convenient values to use.

for the ripple counter. The Jb, Kb tables are slightly more involved, but for each definite value of one quantity (J or K) there is an X for the other, so that we can again connect J and K. We then find that the values of J and K are identical to the values of Qa, so that Jb and Kb can be connected to Qa.

For practical work on synchronous counters it is useful to have a clock pulse line, and one of the spare lines on the board can be used. Connect up the circuit as shown, with a slow clock pulse taken to each clock input, and wire connections linked from Qa to Jb and Kb. Use LEDs as before to check the state of each flip-flop output. Connect a common reset line to each flip-flop and to a switch so that the counter can be reset. Switch on and check that the count is correct and that resetting to zero is possible.

Third Stage Development

Let us now extend this to a third stage, building on what we have done before. Once again we can build up a table of values of Q, J and K for each stage, but we have made life easier for ourselves by having done the two stage counter, so we can ignore the Ja, Ka and Jb, Kb columns and concentrate on the Jc, Kc column.

Using the same principles as before, we fill in the values of J and K which will be needed at each clock pulse or flip-flop, concentrating on the necessary values, and putting an X where the value is immaterial. When we do this (Fig. 3b) we find two important states. One is at the count of 3, where Jc must change from 0 to 1; the other is at the count of 7 when Kc similarly changes from 0 to 1.

The change of Jc from 0 to 1 occurs when the count changes to 110 so that we could use an AND gate connected to Qa and Qb. The output of this gate will be zero for any count up to 2 and then will be 1 at a count of 3. It will change to zero again to become 1 at the count of 7, but the value of Jc is unimportant beyond the count of 3 anyway.

Looking at Kc we find that the important value of 1 occurs at a count of seven when Jc may also be 1. We can therefore connect Jc and Kc together and feed from an AND gate supplied with Qa and Qb.

Third Stage On Board

Making up a three-stage synchronous counter on the circuit board needs some additional connections. Since we are not using AND gates, the gate used will have to be made up from a NAND gate and an inverter. As the 7400 contains four two-input NAND gates and the 7414 contains six inverters, one of which is used for the clock oscillations, there is no shortage of gates. We are working with a low frequency clock, so there should be no ill-effects caused by the number of wires soldered across the board, but a high speed counter would have to be built on a PCB designed for the purpose, using copper tracks on each side and with decoupling capacitors between +ve and -ve lines close to each flip-flop. Such PCBs can be made up quite rapidly by using the new sketch'n'etch technique (P.B. Electronics) for one-off PCBs.

Can you now go one step further to design a four stage synchronous counter and try it out on the board?

Twisted Logic

A different type of synchronous counter is shown in Fig. 5. This is a Johnson, or 'twisted-ring', counter and consists of four flip-flops connected so that the output of one drives the J and K inputs of the next. Three of the connections are made up with Q to J and \overline{Q} to K, but the feedback connection is made with Q to K and \overline{Q} to J — hence the alternative name of twisted-ring. Remembering that \overline{Q} is always the inverse of Q, can you plan out the values of Q and \overline{Q} for each counter? Use the table headings

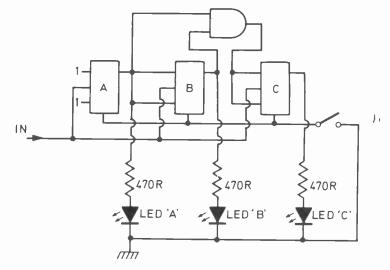
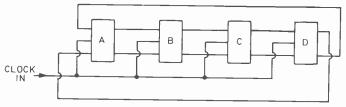


Fig. 4 (Above). The circuit of the three-stage synchronous counter. Try this out on your blob-board.



NO RESET LINE SHOWN

CLOCK	JB QA	KB QA	JC QB	КС QB	JD QC	KC QC	KA QD	JA QD
0								
1								
2								
3								
4		1						
5								
6								
7								

shown in Fig. 5(b) and remember that Qa = Jb, Qb = Jc, Qc = Jd, Qd = Ka and so on.

A Johnson counter uses a completely different count sequence from conventional binary counters, and the maximum count number is twice the number of flip-flops. The counters are synchronous, very easy to design and also very simple to decode for use with lamp indicators.

Build up the four stage (count of 8) Johnson counter of Fig. 5(c) on your circuit board and check that your calculations are correct.

To be continued

Fig. 5. A Johnson counter of four stages.

Top: (a) The circuit, note the "twisted ring" connection.

Bottom: (b) Table to complete so that the counter action can be predicted.

Below: (c) Truth table. Build the circuit on your blob-board and complete this table.

COUNT	A	В	С	D
0				•
1				
2				
3				
4				
5				
6				
7				

ELECTRONICS TODAY INTERNATIONAL - MARCH 1978





microfile

Gary Evans looks at a couple of earth bound micro systems and then journeys to a stella system for a game of intergalactic proportions.

THE FIRST ITEM WE look at is from a company thought by some to like the cloak and dagger game, but then so do quite a few semiconductor manufacturers, Science Of Cambridge - don't mention Sinclaur. At the time of going to press they have just launched their MK14 with an advertisement in a magazine that is generally not associated with a dedicated commitment to micros.

SCAMP and Chips

The MK 14 is described as a keyboard addressable microprocessor. At a price of just under forty four pounds one might not expect all that much but the SCAMP based system provides a hex keyboard, eight digit LED display, 512 bytes PROM with resident monitor, 256 bytes of RAM together with 4MHz crystal plus power supply stabiliser.

I do not have much information of the MK14 and so I can say nothing about the versatility of the monitor, the ease with which the system can be extended, the quality of the documentation and any number of other interesting topics.

The MK14 comes as a thirty-one piece kit and is, apparently, available now. At just less than forty four pounds this kit should, if nothing else, provide the cheapest way of getting hands on experience with a micro which, in my opinion, is the only way to understand these little fellows.

Before leaving the MK14 it is interesting to note that

Science Of Cambridge have chosen the National SCAMP as the heart of their system. This device has been overshadowed by the likes of the 8080, 6800 and lately the Z80. Suffering as it does from a limited instruction set, lack or many on board registers, limited addressing modes and inability to handle stacks it is fair to say that the reception afforded to this MPU by the OEM boys was less than enthusiastic. Despite large campaigns to try and rekindle interest in this

area it seems that National are resigned to the fact that SCAMP will forever be known as a Simple Cost effective AMateur Processor.

The fact that demand for the SCAMP has not been overwhelming of late means that there should be plenty of stocks of this device and hopefully Science Of Cambridge will have no supply problems with the MK14.

Zee Micros Mit Z80

Another product launched recently is the latest in micro-computers based on the Z80. The system, from the Micros company, costs £550 and includes a Z80 CPU, monitor in ROM, 2K bytes of RAM, audio cassette interface, video monitor interface, UHF TV modulator,

ELECTRONICS TODAY INTERNATIONAL - MARCH 1978

53 key contactless ASC11 keyboard, power supplies and cabinet. Doesn't sound too bad does it.

The company has under development a BASIC compiler, teletext decoder (I would like to see that - it seems such an obvious move) and a selection of games.

My appetite has been wetted by the above description and I shall try to bring you more information plus photos next month.

Meanwhile, if you want further details contact Micros at 1 Station Road, Twickenham, Middx.

Star Software

Until now there does not seem to have been much point in publishing programs in anything other than the machine language of anything but the most popular of micros. However, the arrival of a range of systems with a BASIC interpreter resident on our market would seem to indicate that there will soon be a demand for programs written in this high level language.

We have been sent a BASIC program which, although too long to publish in full, I feel might be of some interest to many of you. The program provides the opportunity for you to emulate my current hero, that handsome clean cut Luke Skywalker, from the film Star Wars. In case you have been off planet for the last year or so I'll sum up the story for you.

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WHEN WE DEBUG A

PROGRAM, IT STAYS

DE BUGGED !!

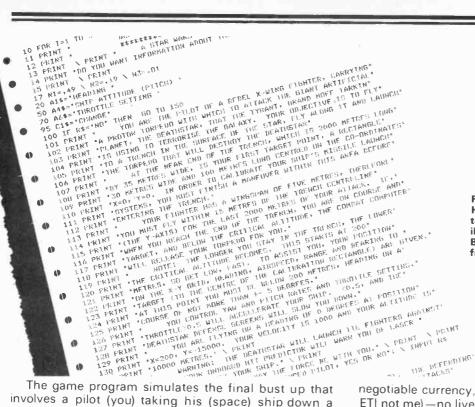
Good guys beat up bad guys.

71.

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NEWS: Microfile



The game program simulates the final bust up that involves a pilot (you) taking his (space) ship down a narrow channel at a (critical) high speed the aim being to release a bomb at the end of the channel at the precise moment in time that will cause it to enter a narrow shaft. While trying this manouvre you can expect to be shot at.

We have only room to show a brief extract from the program, if you want the whole lot please send 25p in

Fig. 1. An extract from Robin Hill's Star Wars program (this talented lad was also responsible for the cartoon). The full BASIC program is available from ETI.

negotiable currency, stamps, POs, cheques (payable to ETI not me)—no live animals please.

Send your monies to: ETI Womp Rat Shoot 25/27 Oxford Street London W1R 1RF

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ype Plastic Chrome Sockets 5mm 15p 25p 12p 5mm 15p 25p 12p 10no – 38p 20p	uA709 (14 pin DiL) 41p uA709 (TO99) 50p uA710 (8 pin DiL) 50p	LM372N £1-75 LM373N £2-99 LM337N £1-95 LM380N-8 £1-96	SN75491N SN75492N SN76001N SN76003N	95p* 5pf E1-15* 10pf E1-40 18pf E2-45 20pf	18p 82 18p 100 18p 120 18p 150	pf 19p 820p pf 19p 1000p pf 19p 1500p	of 15 of 20 of 20
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lastic Moulded 16p 1 way 8p 3 way 12p hrome Screened 15p 2 way 12p 4 way 14p co-AXIAL Connectors Surface	uA741 (14 pin DIL) 42p uA741 (TO99) 45p uA747 (14 pin DIL) 90p	LM3905N £1-50° LM3909N 700° MC1303/LM1303N £1-10	SN 76532N SN 76552N SN 76666N SN 76660N	£1:55 33pf 65p 39pf £1:00 47pf 85p 50pf	10p 270 10p 300 10p 330 10p 390)pf 15p 5000p)pf 15p 6800p	of 30 of 40 of 40
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SIT up its the COPS

Regular readers will be able to cast their minds back to the MM57109 calculator chip mentioned a few months ago. This was a programmable calculator chip which could be interfaced to PROM, RAM, LEDs and Flags as well as to an MPU. Well, the MM57109 was part of the Calculator Oriented Processor System (COPS) from National Semiconductor. Two new COPS based chips have now been announced which use calculator style logic to give complex timing applications a new simplicity.

STAC (Standard Timer And Controller) is a 28 pin IC which uses a calculator style keyboard and LED readout to perform the functions of a digital clock and appliance timer. Typically STAC is connected to a 10 position keypad and a four digit LED display. The chip will run from 50 or 60 Hz and in 7 or 8 day cycles. The keys allow fast and slow setting of time and day and alarm times, manual over-ride, test mode and data entry mode.

Alarming Facilities

STAC is basically a four digit mains driven clock which operates from a low power supply of about 9 volts. The first obvious additional feature of STAC is that it has four alarm times and four alarm outputs, but that's not all. At each alarm time each of the four alarm outputs may be switched on , off or left as it is. One of the problems of a central heating system is that at the end of an ON cycle the main tank is full of hot water which will not get circulated as the pump is turned off with the water heating system. With STAC you could program the boiler to turn off at 10.00 but the pump to continue circulating the heated water until 11.00. In this application the boiler could be connected to STAC output 1 and the pump to STAC output 2, your anti-burglar lights are controlled by STAC output 3 and your morning 'wake-up' alarm by STAC output 4.

So far STAC seems to be quite a nice home timing system except that you may not want the anti-burglar lights on every night, perhaps only on Fridays and Saturdays when you are usually out. Similarly you do not want the alarm to wake you on Saturdays and Sundays. No problem for STAC, it has a day counter (1-7 or 1-8) and the facility to switch as per program each day or to ignore switching and simply perform as a clock. This facility opens up applications which should be familiar to many schools and Open University students. Now you can go away for the weekend and program STAC to record your TV or Radio lessons at 10.30 on Friday night and 6.30 on Sunday morning (especially if one is

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radio and the other TV). STAC will turn on the radio at 10.25 on Friday, the tape at 10.29, TV 6.25 Sunday and TV recorder at 6.29.

Standard Interval Timer (SIT)

The second COPS based chip is called SIT and like STAC uses the mains frequency, simple power supply, keyboard and display. With SIT the features include 99 hr, 59min, 59.9 secs timing range; count up or down; metronome and relay driver outputs; sequential cycling and 4 event stopwatch mode.

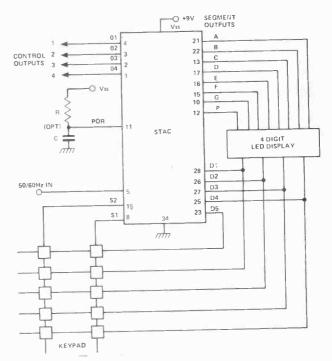


Fig. 1. Typical STAC circuit

The timing period data is entered from a numeric keyboard which is also used to enter commands to indicate up/down counting, stopwatch or timer mode, RUN, CLEAR and HOLD commands.

Keying 'RUN' places the working register on the top of the four entry stack and then rolls the stack to the next entry and the count continues. Thus the last four times at which RUN was enabled ar stored for viewing.

'SEQ' is similar to RUN except when pressed the working register is cleared at each enable time. Thus the stack contains the last four times between SEQ enables.

'HOLD' operates in one of two ways depending on whether RUN or SEQ initiated the operation. In either mode it does whatever is required by RUN or SEQ and then stops the count after rolling the stack and clearing the working register if required. The unit will now wait for the next operation of RUN or SEQ.

Four indicator lines are available to show when the stack is at entry a, b, c, or d, each of these lines can directly control an LED lamp. These outputs are also useful in the timing sequence mode to provide activation signals to external equipment.

For further details of STAC, SIT or other COPS chips contact National Semiconductor at 19 Goldington Rd, Bedford. The chips should cost under £10 each and may be available from National outlets.

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National's MA1012 LED digital clock module is a complete clock & alarm unit, operating from 50 or 60 Hz mains, and offering all the features you would expect: Hours-minutes display in bright 0.5" leds with optional seconds, sleep and snooze alarms, fast and slow setting, AM/PM indicator, switched alarm outputs - but best of all <u>no RFL</u>. Thus the MA1012 is suitable for use in any radio/tuner applications, and requires just 1.75 x 3.75 x 0.7" total. (Ex. transformer). f9.45 per module, isolating mains transformer f1.50 each. (*8% vat)

Two modules, and two transformers for £20.00 (+8% vat) In the latest Ambit catalogue: more TOKO coils, chokes, filters etc., data on the short wave coil sets, a revised price list, micro-microphone inserts, special offer lines etc.

DETECKNOWLEDGEY

Metal locator principles and practise, including some of the facts and information manufacturers of £100+ detectors would rather you didn't know. £1.00 each.

The Bionic Ferret 4000 - a VCO metal locator based on the PW seekit, including all parts, plasticwork, ready wound coil etc. Inc. free copy of detecknowledgey. £34.26 in pp and VAT at 8%. Special announcement. The Bionic Radiometer metal locator is at last to be released. A full VLF discriminator, with simultaneous display of ferrous, non-ferrous and foil objects. With a little practise, you can actually find objects obscured by junk. Outperforms unis costing £150+. Digital control. Demo available at Brentwood, on sale soon, for less than £75.SAE info:

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MFL 2.4 kHz ssb mech. filter for ssb gen/IF 455kHz with matching transf's. 9.95 MFH series 4/57/kHz band- widh @ 455kHz 1.95 MFK series 7/9kHz bw 1.65 Modules/tunerheads etc. EC3302 Soct v/cap fm 12.95 EF5800 Soct v/cap fm 12.95 EF5800 Soct v/cap fm 12.95 EF58015800+osc op 17.45 8319 4 v/c, mos mixer 11.45 7252 complete fm storeo tunerset.afc,agc,mute 26.50 7202 10.7MHz fm if 6.95 7030 linear phase fm if 10.95 93090 ca3090ag dee 8.36 92310 1310 decoder 6.95 91196 ha1196 decoder 12.99 91197 mv/lw v/cap tun11.35 7122 3 v/c mw IOR liw) tuner KIT 15V tuning 9.00 810k 7w af kit comp. £3 940k 10w af kit 3.95 tda2020k pr. tda2020 cis, pcb, heatsinks for pa 9.35 Auli mpx decoders feature TOKO pilot tone filters. Tuners: complete Larsholt signalmaster Mk 8 Best fm tuner kit under £100 Looks as good as it sounds, Full instructions 86.95 Audiomaster amp. Matching 25+25w rm samp. 79.00 carriage on above £3 extra ea. Misc. 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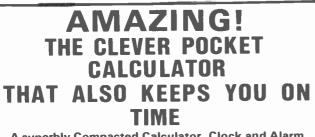
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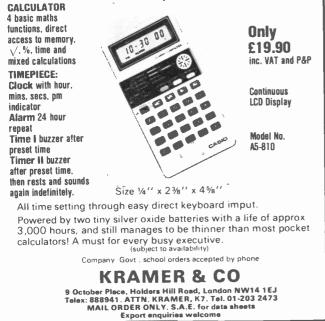
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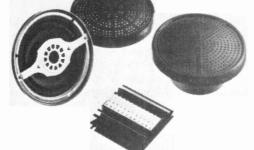
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The C15/15 is a unique Power Amplifier providing Stereo 15 watts per channel or 30 watts Mono and can be used with any car radio/tape unit. It is simply wired in series with the existing speaking leads and in conjunction with our speakers S15 produces a system of incredible performance.

A novel feature is that the amplifier is automatically switched on or off by sensing the power line of the radio/tape unit, hence alleviating the need for an on/off switch.

The amplifier is sealed into an integral heatsink and is terminated by screw connectors making installation a very easy process.

The S15 has been specially designed for car use and produces performance equal to domestic speakers yet retaining high power handling and compact size. C15/15

15 watts per channel into 4Ω Distortion 0.2% at 1kHz at 15 watts Frequency Response 50Hz-30kHz Input Impedance 8Ω nominal Input Sensitivity 2 volts R.M.S. for 15 watts output Power Line 10-18 volts Open and Short Circuit Protection Thermal Protection Size 4 x 4 x 1 inches C15/15 Price £17.74 + £2.21 VAT P&P free Data on S15

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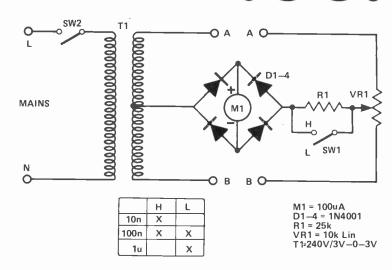
Capacity checker

D. Chivers.

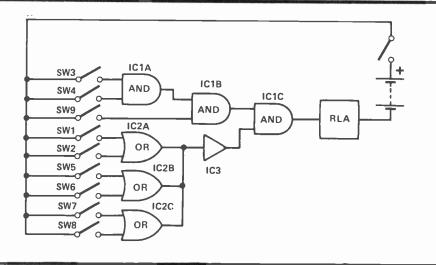
This bridge was originally designed to find values for odd, unmarked or undecipherable capacitors. While not being of great accuracy, it does give a very good indication as to the value of the capacitor.

A known value component is placed across terminals A–A, polarity is not important, but polarised capacitors must not be used, and cannot be tested. The capacitor under test is inserted in B–B, the unit is switched on and VR1 rotated until a maximum value reading is obtained on meter M1. At this point, a reading is taken from the calibration scale on the pot which initially must be calibrated in ratios, ie:

1000:1, 100:1, 10:1, 1:1, 1:10, 1:100 etc. The unknown value is then calculated from this reading. Original calibration is from known values.



To increase the range of the circuit switch SW1 has been included to bypass R1. Since the frequency used is 50 Hz from the mains, ranges are limited; if another source were used, driving an audio output transformer, the versatility of the unit would then be further increased.

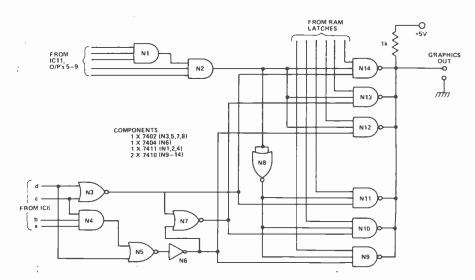


Selective alarm controller

S. Butler.

This circuit provides greater versatility than the simple "in-series" switches mode of alarm, but is still cheap and easy to build.

When SW3 and 4 are closed, the output of the AND gate goes high. This high is fed to the second AND gate only when SW9 is pressed. The output of this gate goes high and providing no other switches are pressed, it will operate the relay: if any other switches are pressed, the OR gives an output to the inverter and cuts off the power to the AND gate, preventing the coil being energised.





_Readers' Circuits

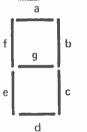
Seven to binary with a special bit!

а

T. Nash.

This circuit, which uses only four TTL or CMOS ICs, converts a seven segment digit to binary, with indication of the 'special' characters: minus, E (exponent or overflow), and optionally blank. Both types of 6, 7 & 9 can be handled, and for ease of manipulation blank is encoded as binary zero.

For a calculator – microprocessor interface the 'X' output should be fed to the sign position for ease of testing: this method is more economical in time and memory space than testing for a specific binary value. The extra bits needed for the equivalent ASCII character could also be added at the interface.



The segment identification shown above is the standard seven segment lettering system and so should be familiar to most constructors.

The letters also refer in this case to the circuit diagram and the truth table given below on the right hand side of the page.

No power supply connections are shown for the circuit as this depends on which version, TTL or CMOS is constructed.

Graphics for the 560 VDU

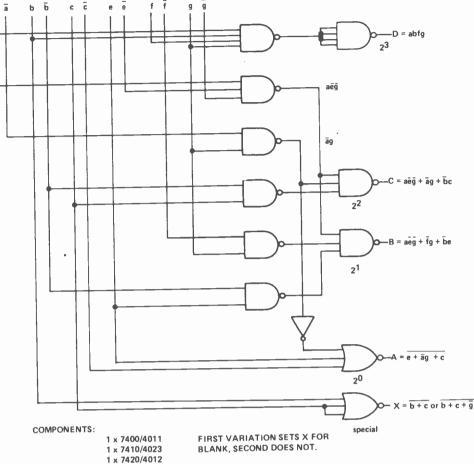
M. Jackson

This circuit can be added to the 560 VDU published in ETI in September 1976 to allow the display of simple graphics. The rows and columns of each character position are gated by, N1 to N8 to make up the graphic character sections. This information is ANDed with the RAM data to determine whether ot not a particular section is on or off.

The graphics/character selection may be controlled by the spare bit in RAM after it has been latched.

Note: RCLK must be disconnected otherwise blank lines will appear in the graphics display.

ELECTRONICS TODAY INTERNATIONAL - MARCH 1978



1 x 7427/4025/4000 (4000 SHOWN)

* FOR TTL AND 4025 VERSIONS, use 3 input nor.

TRUTH TABLE

SEE DIAGRAM

7–SEG	а	b	с	d	е	f	9	D	С	В	A	x
BLANK	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	*
0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
2	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	0
E	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	0
Ч	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	0
5	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	1	0
Ь	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	0
6	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	0
٦	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0
Л	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	0
8	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0
9	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	0
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Channel splitter for radio control

G. Bathe.

This circuit is designed to replace the electromechanical reed units used as channel-splitters in radio controlled models.

The circuit is based on the MC 1310P integrated circuit, a chip that is primarily a stereo decoder for use in stereo radio tuners. When used as a stereo decoder, the MC 1310P automatically switches itself from the mono mode to the stereo mode whenever its input contains the 10 kHz subcarrier of a stereo multiplex signal at a sufficiently high level (16 mV), and switches back to the mono mode when the 19 kHz subcarrier ceases to be present. Pin 6 of the integrated circuit drives a stereo indicator lamp to give a visual indication of whether the circuit is operating in the stereo or mono mode.

It is this lamp driver facility of the MC 1310P that makes it an ideal chip to use as a channel-splitter. When used as a channel-splitter the circuit is not tuned to the 19 kHz of the stereo decoder but to the audio frequency that the circuit is required to detect, and the lamp driver output from pin 6 is used to drive a power transistor controlling a motor or other device.

The output from the detector of a radio receiver is amplified by the BC 108 and then fed into a series of MC 1030P channel-splitters (connected in parallel) each tuned to a different audio frequency.

The audio frequency to which the channel-splitter responds is determined by the tuning circuit R1, VR1 and C1, and is given by the formula:-

$$f = \frac{1}{2\pi} C1 (R1 + RV1)$$
 Hz

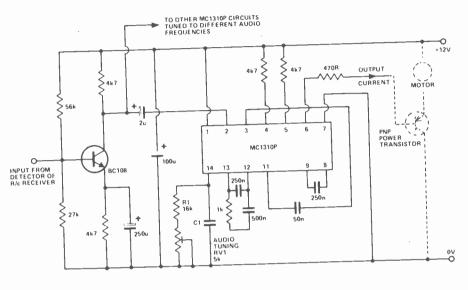
The value of C1 is chosen to give the required tuning range for the preset RV1. For example, if C1 is 10,000 pF, then the tuning range is approximately 750 Hz to 1,000 Hz.

The output is a switched current output between Pin 6 of the chip and the positive supply rail. This current should not exceed 35 mA and so a 470 ohm resistor is inserted in the output connection from Pin 6 as short circuit protection. If a voltage output is required then a resistor can be connected from Pin 6 to the positive supply and the voltage output taken from Pin 6.

ELECTRONICS TODAY INTERNATIONAL - MARCH 1978

The MC 1310P is triggered when the input to Pin 2 contains its tuned frequency at a level greater than 16 mV. It can be triggered by noise if the noise level is greater than 16 mV. Some radio control transmitters tend to transmit noise when they are not transmitting a

tone, and if this is the case the transmitter should be modified to prevent noise being transmitted. This could be done by making the transmitter transmit an extra unused tone whenever it is not transmitting one of the used audio tones.



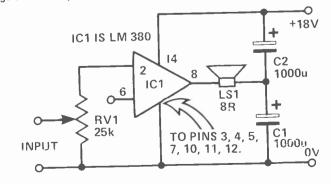
Novel loudspeaker coupling circuit

P. Mills.

In most amplifier designs the speaker is fed by a high value capacitor to provide DC blocking, but this may result in a heavy switch-on surge, as the capacitor charges up.

An alternative approach, which is worthy of experiment, is shown in the diagram below. Here the ground side of the speaker is connected to the junction of two equal high value capacitors (1000 uF is typical), across the supply.

The amplifier output voltage will be at $V_s/2$, and so will the voltage across C_1 (if C_1 and C_2 are equal); so as the supply voltage builds up, the DC voltage across the speaker will remain zero, eliminating the switch-on surge. C_1 and C_2 will also provide supply smoothing. The circuit is shown with the LM380, but could be applied to any amplifier circuit, providing that the DC voltage at the output is half the supply voltage.







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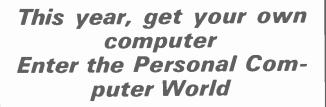
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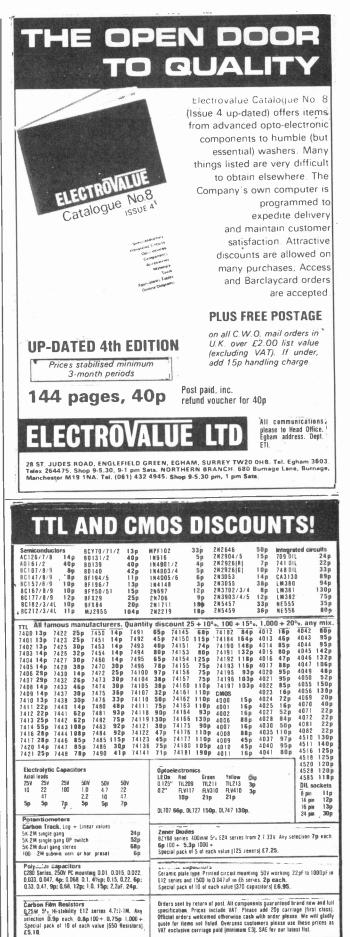
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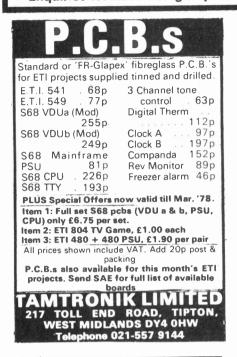
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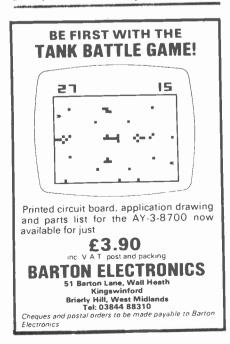
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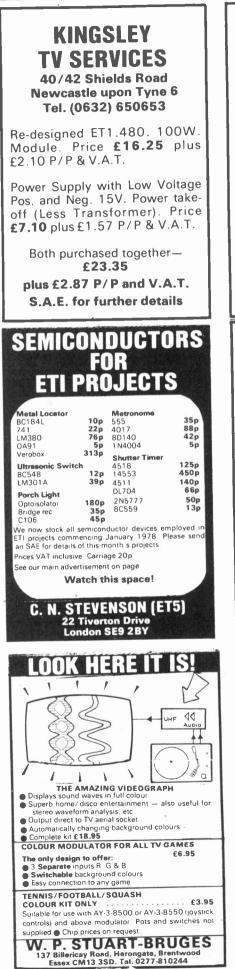
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Econo Game I	Kit	£8	.99	RHYTHM GEN	ERATOR	81143★ 2	8 81156# 8 811 3# 7 85177#	24	MPSU55# 55 MPSU56# 60	11K109 21K310	25 2N3108 16 2N3121	60 40	NOISE	
Colour Adapte B & W Games			sting .851	Build this PE	(Jan. 178)	BC148 BC149	7 BF178* 8 BF179*	25	MPU13' ± 39 0C25 ± 120 0C25 ± 170	21×3=1 21×302 21×303	16 2N3133 25 2N3134 25 2N3250	43 33	Z5J	105p
Basic AY-3-86		ddie II		Easibuild Low C Generator. We a		80151 2 80157 1	7 BF181*	30 30	0628* 105 0629* 160	21×304 21×311	24 2N3252 17 2N3305	36 35	ST2	25
(p&p insured a	add 48	3p°)		suppliers of the	complete Kit	SC158 1 Br159 1	1 BF183* 1 BF184* 2 SF185	30 20 22	0C35* 100 0C36* 170 0C41* 48		24 2N3442 20 2N356 17 2N3614	32	I IMYRISI	
USY Stick Technology Joy Stick Technology IC AY-3-8500)		.76°	including the cas printed front pai		DIODES	P OA90 5 OA91	6	A 600V* 27	*BRIDGE RECTIFIER	4A800V	120	LA 1 IOV	38 42 47
IC AY-3-8550)	£6	.00*	Printed Circuit Bo		AEY11 6	0 0A95 0 0A200	8	A 600. 54	poistic lase 1.460 c	20 BY 164		14.300V 34.100V	52 43
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				Plus P&F	,	0A70 1	12 IN4004 5 12 IN4006 1 12 IN4148	* 7	VARICAPS MVAM2 135p BB104 40p		44 8A 40 46 15A 40 53 40430		TIC11	55 25 45
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