

## TRANSCENDENT 2000 SINGLE BOARD SYNTHESIZER

LIVE PERFORMANCE SYNTHESIZER OESIGNEO BY CONSULTANT TIM ORR (FORMERLY SYNTHESIZER OESIGNER FOR EMS LIMITED) AND FEATURED AS A CONSTRUCTIONAL ARTICLE IN ELECTRONICS TODAY INTERNATIONAL.
The TRANSCENDENT 2000 is a 3 octave instrument transposable 2 octaves up or down giving an affective 7 octave range There is portamento, pitch bending, a VCO with shape and pitch modulation. a VCF with both low and high pass outputs and a separate dynamic sweep control. a noise generator and an ADSR envelope shaper There is also a slow oscillator, a new pitch dhect. ADB The kit includes fully finished metalwork fully assembled solid teak cabinet, fiter sweep pedal professional quality components (al complete - night down to the last nut and bolt and last it really is There is even a 13 A plug in the kit - youn bolt and last prece of wirel pans before plugging in and making great busic! Vintually no more components are on the one professional quality fibreglass PCB printed with component locations All the controls mount directly on the main board all connections to the board are made with connector plugs and construction is so simple it can be buit easily in a few eventigs by aimost anyone capable of neat soldering' When finished you will possess a synthesizer comparable in performance and quality with ready-built units selling for between $£ 500$ and $£ 700$ I

COMPLETE KIT ONLY $£ 172.00$ + VAT!

Comprehensive handbook supplied with all complete kits! This fuity describes construction and tells you how to set up you par of ears with nothing more elaborate than a multi-meter and

## NEW!



DIGITALLY CONTROLLED, TOUCH SENSITIVE, POLYPHONIC, MULTI-VOICE SYNTHESIZER
he transcend folly polyphonic thather - fill fully polyphonic it can be a keyboard or should

 There is a master volume and tone contro a separa comes in only after waiting a short time after the note is struck for even more realistic string sounds

## титіт 

## mek m

COMPLETE KIT ONLY £365.00 + VAT!
Toadd interest to the sounds and make them more natural there is a chotus ensemble unit which is a complex phasing system using CCD (charge coupled device) analogue delay lines Th overall eftect of this is similar to that of several acoustic instruments playing the same piece of milicic The ensemble circuitry can be swiched in with either strong or mild effects

As the system is based on digital circuitry digital data can be easily taken to and from a computer (for storing and playing back accompanments with or without piten or key change. computer omposing etc etc) and an intertace socket ( 25 way $D$ type) is provided for this purpose

Although the DPX is an advanced design using a very large amount or circuitry much of it very sophisticated the kit is mechanically extremely simple with excellent access to all the circuit boards which interconnect with multiway connectors fust four of which are removed to separate the keyboard circuitry and the panel circuitfy from the main circuitry in the cabinet
more parts betore plugging in and making great music' When finished you will possess ant instrument comparable in performance and quality with ready-bult units selling for over fi 200

[^0]

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## PROJECTS

CABLE TESTER
TRANSCENDENT DPX SPEECH COMPRESSOR

AUDIO AMPLIFIER REACTION TIMER

23 Build it once and stop worrying
35 Control circuitry
47 Avoid misunderstandings on the airways!
55 The highest quality sound around.
75 Think you're quick huh?

## INFORMATION

HOBBY ELECTRONICS MARKET PLACE ETI PRINTS SPECIALS ETI NEXT MONTH BOOK SERVICE

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100


Electronics Ioday International is normally published on the first Friday of the month prior to the cover date

[^1]
## GIMLT <br> ELECTRONICS (A DIVISION OF GOTHIC PO Box 290 8 Hampton Street Birmingham B19 3JR

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| CMOS |  | 4020 | 50p | 4050 | 250 |
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|  |  | ${ }_{4023}$ | 130 | 4066 | ${ }_{300}^{80}$ |
|  |  | 4024 | 40 | 4068 | 13 p |
| 4001 | 13p | 4025 | 13 p | 4069 | ${ }_{138}^{138}$ |
| 4002 | 13p | 4026 | 900 | 4070 | ${ }^{135}$ |
| 4007 | 13 p | 4027 | 28p | 4071 | 130 <br> 130 <br> 130 |
| 4009 4011 | 300 13 | 4028 4029 | 450 | ${ }_{4081}^{4072}$ | $\begin{array}{r}13 \mathrm{p} \\ 13 \mathrm{p} \\ \hline\end{array}$ |
| 4012 | ${ }^{13}{ }^{\text {p }}$ | 4040 | 55p | 4093 | 360 |
| 4013 | 28p | 4041 | 55. | 4510 | 60 p |
| 4015 | 50 | 4042 | 55p | 4511 | 60 p |
| 4016 | 28p | 4043 | 50. | 4518 | 650 |
| 4017 | 470 | 4046 | 90 p | 4520 | 60 p |
| 4018 | 55p | 4049 | 258 | 45 | 60 p |


| TT |  | 7473 | ${ }^{200}$ | 1 | ${ }_{5}^{55}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 220 |  |  |
| 7400 | 100 | 74 | 250 |  | 号 |
|  | 10 | 74 | 200 |  | 边 |
| 7402 | 100 | 7485 | $1{ }^{50}$ |  | , |
| 74 | 220 | 7489 | 35p |  | 00 |
| 08 | 120 | 7490 | 25p | 74164 | 50 |
|  | 10p | 7492 | 30 D | 74165 | 5 |
|  | 22 | 7493 | 250 | 7417 | ( |
|  |  | 749 | 45 | 74174 | 5p |
|  | 120 | 749 | ${ }^{350}$ |  | 00 |
| 7427 | 20 | 749 | 45 |  | 50p |
|  | 120 | 74121 | 250 |  | 500 |
| 7432 | 180 |  | 35 |  | 50p |
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|  | 450 | 74125 | 350 | ( | 50p |
| 8 | 500 | 74 |  |  |  |
| 7454 | 12p |  |  |  |  |

## OPTO


$8 p i n \quad 80 \quad 180 \mathrm{n}$ 14p 24pin 180 14 pin 100 20pin 16 p 280in 22p 16pin 11 p 22pin $17 p$ 40pin 32p 3 lead T018 or T05 socket. 100 each Soldercon pins: 100:50p 1000:370p

## PCBS

VERoboard Size in. $25 \times 1$
$2.5 \times 3.75$ $2.5 \times 3.75$ $2.5 \times 5$
$3.75 \times 5$ $14 \mathrm{p} \quad 14 \mathrm{p}$ $3.75 \times 5$ $\begin{array}{ll}450 & 450 \\ 54 \mathrm{p} & 540\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{ll}54 \mathrm{p} & 54 \rho \\ 64 \mathrm{p} & 64 \rho\end{array}$ Cuiter 800 Single sided $\begin{array}{rr}64 \rho & 64 \rho \\ 2050\end{array}$
Single sided
40p 400
Top quality fibre glass copper board Single sided. Size $203 \times 95 \mathrm{~mm} 60 \mathrm{p}$ each
'Dalo' pens. 750 each

## RESISTORS

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E12 series. 4.7 ohms to 10 N . Any mix.

| each |
| :--- | $100+\quad 1000+$ $\begin{array}{llll}0.25 W & \text { each } & 1004 & 1000 \\ 0.5 W & 10 & 0.90 & 0.80\end{array}$ $0.5 \mathrm{~W} \quad 1.50 \quad 1.20 \quad 10$ Special development packs consisting of 10 of each value from 4.7 ohms 101 Meg ohm ( 650 res) $0.5 \mathrm{~W} £ 7.50$. $0.25 \mathrm{~W} £ 5.70$ METAL FILM RESISTORS

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|  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | :--- | ---: |
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| LM301AN | 26p | NE555 | $23 p$ |
| LM308 | 60p | NE556 | $60 p$ |
| LM318N | $75 p$ | NE567 | $100 p$ |
| LM324 | $45 p$ | RC4136 | $100 p$ |
| LM339 | $45 p$ | SN76477 | $230 p$ |
| LM378 | $230 p$ | TBA800 | $70 p$ |
| LM379S | $410 p$ | TBA810S | $100 p$ |
| LM380 | $75 p$ | TDA1022 $620 p$ |  |
| LM3900 | $50 p$ | TL081 | $45 p$ |
| LM3909 | $65 p$ | TL084 | $125 p$ |
| LM3911 | $100 p$ | ZN414 | $80 p$ |
| MC1458 | $32 p$ | ZN425E | $390 p$ |
| MM57160 590p | ZN1034E | $200 p$ |  |

TRANSISTORS


## CAPACITORS

TANTALUM BEAD
$0.1,0.15,0.22,0.33,0.47,0.68$,
4.7.6.8.10uF@ 25 V

22 @16V, 47 @ $6 \mathrm{~V}, 100$ @ 3 V

## MYLAR FILM

$0.001,0.01,0.022,0.033,0.047$
$0.068,0.1$
POLYESTER
Mullard C280 series
$0.01,0.015,0.022,0.033,0.047,0.068,0.1 \quad 5 p$ $0.15,0.22$
0.33, 0.47
0.68

CERAMIC
Plate type 50V. Available in E12 series from 22pF to 1000pF and E6 series from 1500pF 10 RADIAL LEAD ELECTROLYTIC

| $63 V$ | 0.47 | 1.0 | 2.2 | 4.7 | 10 | 50 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


|  |  |  | 22 | 33 | 47 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | 100 |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 220 |  | $13 p$ |
| $25 V$ | 10 | 22 | 33 | 47 | $20 p$ |
|  | 100 |  |  |  | $5 p$ |
|  | 220 |  | $8 p$ |  |  |

## CONNECTORS

JACK PLUGS AND SOCKETS

|  | screened | unscreened | socket |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2.5 mm | $9 p$ | $13 p$ | $7 p$ |
| 3.5 mm | $9 p$ | $14 p$ | $8 p$ |
| Standard | $16 p$ | $30 p$ | $15 p$ |
| Stereo | $23 p$ | $36 p$ | $18 p$ |

DIN PLUGS AND SOCKETS

| plug | chassis <br> socket | line <br> socket |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 2pin | $7 p$ | $7 p$ | $7 p$ |
| $3 p$ in | $11 p$ | $9 p$ | $14 p$ |
| $5 p$ in $180^{\circ}$ | $11 p$ | $10 p$ | $14 p$ |
| $5 p$ in $240^{\circ}$ | $13 p$ | $10 p$ | $16 p$ |

1 mm PLUGS AND SOCKETS
Suitable for low voltage circuits, Red \& black
Plugs: $6 p$ each Sockets: $7 p$ each.
4 mm PLUGS AND SOCKETS
Available in blue, black, green, brown, red, white and vellow. Plugs: 11p each Sockets: 12p each PHONO PLUGS AND SOCKETS
Insulated plug in red or black
9 p
Screened plug
Single socket

# STEVENEON Electronic Components 

SOLDERING IRONS
ANTEX $\times 25$ ( 25 W ) or ANTEX CX (17W)
390p each
240p each

## LOUDSPEAKERS

56 mm dia. 8 ohms . $70 \mathrm{p} \quad 64 \mathrm{~mm}$ dia. 64 ohms . 75 p 64 mm dia. $80 h \mathrm{~ms} . \quad 75 \mathrm{p} \quad .70 \mathrm{~mm}$ dia. $80 \mathrm{hms} . \quad 100 \mathrm{p}$ Magnetic earpiece including 2.5 or 3.5 mm plug. 15 p each Crystal earpiece including 3.5 mm plug.

30p each

## SWITCHES

Subminiature toggle. SPDT 70p. DPDT 80p Standard toggle. SPST 34p. DPDT 48p.

Slide switches (DPDT) miniature or standard $15 p$ Push to make switch. 15p. Push to break switch. 20p. Wavechange switches: 1P12W, 2P6W, 3P4W, 4P3W. 43p

## CONTROL KNOBS

Ideal for use on mixers etc. Push on type with black base and marked position line. Cap avail. able in red, blue, green, grey, yellow $\&$ black. 14

## MISCELLANEOUS

Connection cable available in single or stranded packs of eight colours.
8 metre pack
Stranded
40 metre pack $85 p \quad 80 p$
BATTERY CLIPS
Battery clips for PP3 with lead. 6p each
Battery clips for PP9 with lead. 10p each.
Miniature crocodile clips in red or black. $8 p$ each
Red or black probe clips. 20p each.
HEATSINKS


T018 push to fit heatsink
10p each.
TO220 twisted vane heatsink $\quad 20$ p each T03 twisted vane sink 22p each.

Murata Ultrasonic Transducers. 180p each. 350p pair.

## BOXES

Quality black ABS boxes by BIM. All dimensions in mm $100 \times 50 \times 2590$ peach $.150 \times 80 \times 50 \quad 140$ p each $120 \times 65 \times 40 \quad 125 p$ each $190 \times 110 \times 60 \quad 220$ p each

## REGULATORS

|  | $78 \mathrm{LO5} 30 \mathrm{p} 7805$ | 60 p | 7905 | 80 p |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

We now offer one of the widest ranges of components at the most competitive prices in the U.K. See catalogue for full details. We welcome callers at our shop in College Rd Bromley, from Mon-Sat, 9am-6pm (8pm on Weds and Fridays) Special offers always available
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# news digest 

## MAIDEN STAR CHESS FINALS

Some time ago we received a colourful piece of fluorescent (or is it phosphorescent?) plastic in the post. An eerie green glow pervaded the office as we deciphered the strange hierogrlyphs. They invited us to attend - wait for it - the Galactic, yes Galactic, finals of Star Chess, the TV game guaranteed to give a Grand Master a heart attack in 30 seconds flat.
When we arrived at the festival of cathode ray ballistics, we were instantly and eternally grateful to Colin Wild for designing the costumes which coffee and cream Star Maidens, Carolyn and Beverley, were in great danger of nearly wearing. It's truly amazing how a journalist's attention can wander from a six feet square telly screen so quickly.

Dr. Who's K-9 made a manly (dogly?) attempt at commentating on the final game, but I guess he's more familiar with multi-dimensional, hexagonal games with knobs on, because his speech circuits dried up after the first half dozen moves (thank goodness). The final itself was relatively uneventful, neither player risking anything, his sights firmly set on the first prize of a trip to America (and back, of course). It was won by Peter Bond - one of our men at the Inland Revenue, God Bless him.
The fun began when the game finished, as we embarked on a tour of new games from Videomaster. On our way to the screens we noticed a novel chess set - the pieces were glasses of wine (red versus white) engraved with pawn, rook, etc. When you take a piece, you drain the glass. The two ladies who were deeply engrossed in the game seemed to be basing their strategy on how they could exchange the maximum number of pieces in the shortest possible time.
Meanwhile, we hogged the Videomaster Database-a new programmable TV game, including Black Jack, tank, horse racing, circus and boxing. However, we found the air-sea battle the most compelling. Other systems on show included sportsworld (ten games) and Colourscore 2 (six games). We'll tell you more about them just as soon as we can get hold of samples to play with (it keeps us off the streets).


The 1979 Star Chess Galactic Champion, Peter Bond, clutches his trophy, guarded by K-9 and Star Maidens, Carolyn and Beverley. The gent in the kilt is Cameron Macsween, managing director of Videomaster. The proceedings were overseen by Harty Golombeck, the Times chess correspondent.


## 'CHIPS AND BUGS'

The Economist has taken two tiny technologies with a big future and combined them in the latest of their excellent booklets.
Chips and Bugs, edited by Richard Casement, takes the microprocessor and biotechnology, two apparently unconnected fields, and brings you up to date with the latest developments. In fact they have three things in common. They both rely on studies of microscopic phenomena; they are controversial; and they rely less on building upon past developments than on fundamental discoveries at the frontiers of modern science.
The first half of the twenty page booklet deals with microcomputers - the technology, hardware, software, systems development and the superchips effect on our lives and jobs. The second half takes you from an explanation of the DNA building block to the intricacies of genetic engineering.

Chips and Bugs' is $£ 2.50$ from The Economist Newspaper Ltd, 25 St James's Street, London SW1A 1HG. Hint: If your can get ten or more 'Chips and Bugs' fans together, The Economist will slash the price to $£ 1.50$ per copy for bulk orders.

## BOSSY LEDS

The BIM 33 and 34 from Boss, who have christened them BIMDICATORS, are front viewing, panel-mounting LED indicators.

Both devices use red, green or amber gallium phosphide LEDs, which have low current, low voltage characteristics, fast switching times and are fully IC compatible.

The BIM 33 has a nickelplated brass body and is mounted in a 6 mm hole, while the BIM 34 has a chromiumplaced brass body and is mounted in an 8 mm hole.

Further details from Boss Industrial Mouldings Ltd, Higgs Industrial Estate, 2 Herne Hill. Road, London SE24 0AU.

## BLUE RESEARCH

Your choice of LED colours might include blue in the not so distant future. The new devices, being developed by Siemens, use silicon carbide and are predicted to have a forward voltage drop of 4 V at 50 mA .

# CHROMATHEQQUE 5000 



Panel size $19.0^{\prime \prime} \times 3.5^{\prime \prime}$. Depth 7.3"'

This versatile system featured as a constructional article in ELECTRONICS TODAY INTERNATIONAL has 5 frequency channels with individual level controls on each channel. Control of the lights is comprehensive to say the least. You can run the unit as a straightforward sound-to-light or have it strobe all the lights at a speed dependent upon music level or front panel control and construction very straightforward.

Kit includes fully finished metalwork, fibreglass PCB controls. wire. etc. - Comolete right down to the last nut and bolt!

## MPA 200100 WATT (rms into $8 \Omega$ ) MIXER / AMPLIFIER

## COMPLETE KIT

 ONLY$£ 49.90$ + VAT!
MATCHES THE CHROMATHEQUE 5000 PERFECTLY!


Featured as a constructional article in ETI, the MPA 200 is an exceptionally low priced - but professionally finished - general purpose high power amplifier. It features adaptable input mixer which accepts a wider range of sources such as microphone, guitar, etc. There are wide range tone controls and a master volume control. Mechanically the MPA 2000 is simplicity itself with minimal wiring needed making construction very straightforward
The kit includes fully finished metalwork, fibreglass PCBs, controls, wire, etc. - complete down io the last nut and bolt.


T20+20 20W STEREO AMPLIFIER £33.10 + VAT
This kit, based upon a design published in Practical Wireless, uses a single printed circuit quality amplifiers. A 30 watt version of this $k \mathrm{tt}(T 30+30)$ is also available for $£ 38.40+$ VAT .

MATCHING TUNERS - SEE OUR FREE CATALOGUE!

## DE LUXE EASY TO BUILD LINSLEY HOOD 75W STEREO AMPLIFIER £99.30 + VAT

This easy to build version of our world-wide acclaimed 75 W amplifier kit based upon circuit boards interconnected with gold plated contacts resulting in minimal wiring and construction delightfully straightforward. The design was published in H-Fi News and Record Review and features include rumble filter, variable scra
monitoring whilst distortion is less than $0.01 \%$.

## WIRELESS WORLD FM TUNER $£ 70.20$ + VAT

A pre-aligned front-end module makes this Wireless World published design very simple to construct and adjusi without special instruments. Features include an excellent a.m. rejection push-button station selection as well as infinitely variable tuning and a phase locked loop stereo decoder, incorporating active filters for "birdy" suppression.

## LINSLEY-HOOD CASSETTE DECK £79.60+VAT

This design, published in Wireless World, although straightiorward and relatively low cos provides a very high standard of performance. There are separate record and replay amplifiers and switchable equalisation together with a choice of bias levels are also provided. The mechanism is the Goldring-Lenco CRV with electronic speed control.


COMPLETE KITS: Our complete kits really are complete. All of the projects shown on this page are supplied with fully finished metalwork, ready assembled high quality teak veneer cabinet (last 4 kits on this page), or professional quality rack mounting cabinet (first 2 kits on this page), cables, nuts, bolts, etc., and full instructions - in fact everything!
All of the kits shown on this page are available as separate packs for those customers who wish to spread their purchase or perhaps make their own cabinets or metalwork. Prices are given in our FREE CATALOGUE
PRICE STABILITY: Order with confidence Irrespective of any price changes we will honour all prices in this advertisement unill November 30th, 1979, if this month s advertisement is mentioned with your order Errors and VAT rate changes excluded

EXPORT ORDERS: No VAT Postage charged at actual cost plus 50p handing and documentation
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SECURICOR DELIVERY: For this optional service (UK mainland only) add £2 50 (VAT inclusive) per kit
SALES COUNTER: If you prefer to collect kit from the factory call at Sales Counter Open 9 am. $430 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. Monday. Thursday

## news digest. <br> \section*{EXCLUSIVE - STAR WARS 2 LEAK}

We've just received the first pictures of mechanical men from Star Wars 2, 'The Empire Strikes Back', to escape from their workshop (the pictures, not the mechanical men) somewhere in Hertfordshire. They arrived under plain cover (a brown envelope) by special messenger (GPO) from an, anonymous reader.
R2-D2 peeps over the top of a work bench at the tall, dark handsome medical robot (microphone mouth), while an alien has a snooze in a plastic bag.
Thank you Mr Anonymous, whoever you are. Can we have some more please? How about 'Alien' this time?


## ETISKI

As you can imagine we are in vited to quite a few Press receptions, lunches, etc. to have a look at new products or meet people in the electronics industry.
This month our invitation-of-the-month award goes without a doubt to Sperry Univac who are sponsoring the forthcoming first-ever World Water Ski Racing Championships. They decided to see how daft we really are by inviting us to have a bash at walking on water ourselves, while the British team was going through its paces in July. Thankyou Sperry, we would loved to have gone along, if only to see who else was mad enough to turn up and have a go.

The Championships will be held from September 9th to 16 th at Whitstable in Kent

Allhallows near the mouth of the Thames and the Welsh Harp Reservoir in London.

Sperry Univac will be providing a computerised results service throughout the event.

## PROGRAM REACTION

The NRC the American nuclear watchdog, was happily watching its nuclear dogs when the telephone went.

The caller alleged that some nuclear plants were using a flawed design method, piping in the plants had been designed by invalid computer programs.

In March, the NRC closed five plants because it was unhappy about piping design. It is now studying the likelihood of damage due to earthquakes. If reactors remain closed indefinitely, the lights might start switching off in the areas served.

## TOP PROJECTS No 7

Have a look at the CCD Phaser circuit diagram on page 26. R31, 32 fix the voltage on IC5 pin 5 at 10V5. However, as they are labelled, pin 5 sits at a puny IV5. To make IC5 feel better, make R31 10 k and R32 1 k 5 .


## WATFORD ELEGTRONICS

## ILP MODULES 15-240 WATTS

We are now stockists for these world famous fully guaranteed (2 years guarantee on all modules) Pre amps Amplifiers \& Power Supplies

HY5 Preamp. 500 mV RMS £4.75; HY120 Power Amp. 60W RMS/8 £ 15.40 $\begin{array}{ll}\text { HY30 Amplifier. } 15 W \text { RMS } / 8 \Omega £ 4.95 ; & \text { HY } 200 \text { Power Amp. } 120 W \text { RMS } / 8 \Omega £ 18.50 \text {; } \\ \text { HY50 Amplifier. } 25 W \text { RMS } / 8 \Omega £ 7.25 & \text { HY } 400 \text { Power Amp } 240 \text { WMS } / 4 \Omega £ 27.50 \text {. }\end{array}$


POWER SUPPLIES PSU36 - Drives $2 \times$ HY 30 s PSU50 - Drives $2 \times$ HY50 PSU70 - Drives $2 \times H 120$ s PSU90 one HY200 PSU $1802 \times$ HY 200 or one HY400


## news digest



CONTINENTAL BREAD
Continental Specialities Corporation aim to get you from circuit diagrams to final designs in the cheapest and easiest way possible with their range of solderless breadboarding systems.

You can take your first plunge into breadboarding without wringing out your wallet, with the CSC Protoboard PB-6. For $£ 9.20$, you get a pre-assembled breadboard socket, two solderless bus strips, four 5 -way binding posts all on a metal baseplate. Up to six 14 -pin ICs can be accommodated on its 630 tie points.
Moving up the range, PB-100 gives you 760 solderless contact points. Other boards in the range also have built-in power supplies.

If you want to build an Lshaped circuit, you want CSC's Quick Test Sockets. Available in various sizes, they can be snapped together in any combination to produce a breadboard of any shape or size. It's as close to instant circuits as you'll get.

The Experimentor series of breadboards will snap together horizontally or vertically, if your circuit layouts are driving you up the wall. The range starts at $£ 3.15$ for Experimentor 350 , offering 270 contacts. The Experimentor 650, at $£ 3.60$, and the 600 are the only breadboards on the market with full 4-terminal fan-out for microprocessors, clock chips, RAMs, ROMs and other large DIL packages. Also in the range, and particularly useful, is the Experimentor scratchboard pad of paper with a full-size layout of the hole and connection pattern of the breadboard. Your finished design can then be transferred to the Experimentor Matchboard, already drilled and etched to match the breadboard contact layout.

CSC's new catalogue fea tures their full range of breadboarding equipment and test instruments. Catalogues and further details of products are available from Continental Specialities Corporation, Shire Hill Industrial Estate, Saffron Walden, Essex CBll 3AQ.


## Topvalue testequipment fromTANDY



## Measure Resistance to $0.01 \Omega$... <br> At a Price that has no resistance at all



## 



THE ULTIMATE IN PERFORMANCE MEASURES RESISTANCE TO 0.01 OHMS, VOLTAGE TO 100 MICROVOLTS, CURRENT TO 1 MICROAMPS AT LOWEST EVER PRICE!

## features

- $31 / 2$ digits $0.56^{\prime \prime}$ high LED for easy reading
- $100 \mu \mathrm{~V}, 1 \mu \mathrm{~A}, 0.01 \Omega$ resolution
- High input impedance 10 Megohm
- High acsuracy achieved with precision resistors, not unstable trimpots
- Input overload protected to 1000 V (except 200 mV scale to 600 V )
- Auto zeroing, autopolarity
- Mains (with adaptors not supplied) or battery operation-built-in charging circuitry for NiCads
- Overrange indication
- Hi Low power ohms, Lo for resistors in circuit, Hi for diodes

|  | SPECIFICATIONS: |
| :---: | :---: |
| DC Volts | Range $200 \mathrm{mV}, 2 \mathrm{~V}, 20 \mathrm{~V}, 200 \mathrm{~V}, 1000 \mathrm{~V}$ |
|  | Accuracy $1 \% \pm 1$ digit, Resolution .1 mV |
|  | Overload protection 1,000 volts max |
| AC Volts | Range $200 \mathrm{mV}, 2 \mathrm{~V}, 20 \mathrm{~V}, 200 \mathrm{~V}, 1000 \mathrm{~V}$ |
|  | Accuracy $1.5 \% \pm 2$ digits, Resolution .1 mV |
|  | Overload protection 1000 V max, 200 mV scale 600 V |
| DC Current | Range $2 \mathrm{~mA}, 20 \mathrm{~mA}, 200 \mathrm{~mA}$, 2 amp . |
|  | Accuracy $1 \% \pm 1$ digit, Resolution 1 Microamp |
|  | Overload protection - 2 amp fuse and diades |
| AC Current | Range $2 \mathrm{~mA}, 20 \mathrm{~mA}, 200 \mathrm{~mA}, 2 \mathrm{mp}$ |
|  | Accuracy $1.5 \% \pm 2$ digits, Resolution 1 Microamp |
| Resistance | Range $20,200,2 \mathrm{~K}, 200 \mathrm{~K}, 2 \mathrm{Meg} .20 \mathrm{Meg}$. |
|  | Accuracy $1 \% \pm 1$ digit, Resolution .01 ohms |
| Environmental | Temp coefficient $0^{\circ}$ to $30{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \pm .025 \%{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
|  | Operating Temp $0^{\circ}$ to $50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ Storage - 20 'to $00^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| General | Mains adaptor: 6.9 Volts @ 200 mA (not supplied) |
|  | 4 C size batteries (not supplied) |
|  | Size $81 / 4 \times 5 \frac{3}{4} \times 21 / 4 \quad$ Weight $21 / 2$ Ibs. |



ME
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# news digest. 



## IN-CAR COMPUTING

There's a lot of it about. It's even happening in cars now microprocessor control, I mean. General Instrument Microelectronics have developed a clever little car brain based on its PIC 1655 single chip microcomputer. It's designed to replace speedometer, odometer and tripmeter (how far you've travelled since reset) functions. If you want to go mad and computerise everything in sight, there is sufficient on-chip memory to be allocated to other functions, such as water temperature, oil pressure, fuel, tachometer, etc.
Considering the wide variations in current car systems
requirements, it's not sur prising that Gl's system has been designed with a great deal of in-built flexibility. It can drive fluorescent discharge tubes, LED or LCD devices Distances can be shown in kilometres or miles and pressure, temperature, fluid measures, etc can be displayed in metric or in good, old-fashioned pounds, bushels and inches.

GI claim that the system wil save space and weight, and increase reliability and perfor mance. Further details, specification, etc are available from General Instrument Microelectronics Ltd, Regency House, 1-4 Warwick Street, London W1R 5WB.


## NEVER SAY DIE

Norbain claim that if you use their Vactrols properly (within their ratings) they have virtually unlimited life expectancy - the Vactrols, not Norbain.

Sounding like the baddie in a Sci-Fi saga, a Vactrol consists of an LED and a photoresistor in a common package. It provides high input-output isolation and low coupling capacitance (about 0.5 p ).

One of the several types of audio attenuators possible is shown. The degree of attenuation is varied by adjust-
ment of the control voltage.
The distortion level for Norbain's VTL5 Vactrols is about $0.5 \%$ at IV rms, for a cell resistance of 3 k , when using VTL5C4 or 7 types. It is reduced to less than $0.1 \%$ with a VTL5C2 and can be further reduced when using the VTL5C3 and 6 types under the same conditions.

Maximum attenuation with a single cell is 40 to 60 dB . Higher values can be achieved by cascading several stages.

For more information contact Norbain Electro-Optics Division, Norbain House, Arkwright Road, Reading, Berkshire RG20LT.


## Hobby

 ElectronicsELECTRONIC GAMES


With one eye on Christmas we proudly present the HE review of electronic games. (We enjoy playing with them too). From the humblest hand-held to the most sophisticated video computer, the latest chess playing micros, they're all here next month.

## HOME COMPUTING



Sorry about the distinct lack of Computing this month, not to worry though, our resident computer expert Pete Howells takes a personal look at the current computer scene, what it's all about, what's happening now and what we can expect in the very near future.

## COMPETITION

We hope we will be able to bring you the results of our August picture competition in next month's HE

## MICROWAVE COOKING



What's all the fuss about? Chances are it's because most people don't understand Microwave cookers, they've never gained the wide acceptance they deserve in this country. Next month one of the countries leading authorities on microwaves looks at what makes them tick, just how can a Chicken cook in 30 minutes, or a Hamburger in 5? Find out next month.

## AUDIO ANALOGUE FREQUENCY METER



Some people seem to think that unless its got a digital its old-fashioned. We will proove them wrong with this beautifully designed piece of test equipment. The circuit is extremely simple to build yet will give a highly accurate readout of frequencies within the audio range.

If built and calibrated correctly this very useful piece of test equipment should prove to be invaluable for servicing, troubleshooting and experimental purposes. No need to guess anymore.

## HOBBYTUNE

We sat around for ages trying to think of a name for this musical project, nothing seemed to do it justice. See what you think about this stylus operated, miniature organ. We won't promise it 'll turn you into a virtuoso overnight but we would be surprised if you're not playing tunes in just a couple of minutes. The HOBBYTUNE has many of the features found on instruments costing three or four times as much to buy, a great project for the kids, it must be better than buying them a drum for Christmas.

## MULTI OPTION SIREN



Yes folks, it's annoy the neighbours time again. Now you can plague them with a variety of different siren noises, yes before you ask, it will sound like an American police siren, but not only that, like a lot of other sirens too. Not recommended for people of a nervous disposition.

## HE TANTRUM



We think the wait will be worthwhile, the Tantrum is a really superb piece of design work. We've incorporated a facility for remote control, (coming up soon) so not only will you be able to enjoy your favourite music from the comfort of your amrchair you'll be able to control it as well. Again apologies for its absence this month, they do say it makes the heart grow fonder.

## The October issue will be on sale September 14th

[^2]
## Arresting Motion

As the name suggests, a satellite in a geostationary orbit appears to hold its position in the sky over the same spot on the Earth's surface. It is, of course, orbiting the Earth as any other satellite does, but at an altitude of nearly 36000 km , in a circular orbit, it keeps pace with the Earth's rotation and so appears to be stationary.

## Around The World In 90 Minutes

From TIROS-9 onwards satellites have also been launched into polar orbits, with a period of $11 / 2$ to 2 hours. The satellite orbits in the same plane, with the Earth rotating beneath it. The ground track of each orbit is some 28 degrees to the west of the previous one. Each spot on the Earth's surface is overflown twice a day, once at night and once during daylight hours. Two imaging systems are used. Visible light pictures are taken during daylight and infra-red at night.

## Clearly IR

Infra-red sensors on the spacecraft can monitor temperatures from sea level up to the highest cloud. High cloud is the coldest and tropical sea the warmest. Light grey or white patches on the familiar black and white weather pictures of the UK, now a regular feature of television weather forecasts, are the colder cloud areas. Darker areas are the warmer land and sea masses. Coastlines will show clearly if there is sufficient difference in temperature between land and sea. In general, infra-red pictures show more detail than those taken by visible light, as they successfully avoid the problems of reflected glare from cloud tops and ground shadows from thick cloud

## Communications - The Early Days

It all started with Telstar in 1962. During each orbit of about five hours, Telstar and the succeeding Relay could only provide simultaneous visibility from both sides of the Atlantic for about 45 minutes. The Syncom series of satellites in 1963 explored the possibility of building a system from a small number of satellites in geostationary orbits. Syncom also showed that minor perturbations in a satellite's orbit, due to the non-uniformity of the gravitational sea in which it floats, could be rectified by the use of small correcting gas jets


OTS-2, the forerunner of the European Communications Satellite, is intended to provide pre-operational capacity until ECS begins operations in 1981 / 2 .


The European Communications Satellite (ECS) will carry a large proportion of European telephone, telex and television traffic.

## Delay Fears

One fear, which never materialised, was that the increase in transmission time when bouncing telephone conversations off high altitude satellites would be unacceptable. The one way delay is a little over a quarter of a second. In 1964, Early Bird (later to become known as Intelsat 1) showed that the delay, inherent in the system, was not a serious problem.

Intelsat is an important name in the short history of communication satellites. In 1969, three Intelsat-3 satellites established the first global communications network. Even before the launch of Telstar, the Earth to satellite (uplink) and satellite to Earth (you guessed it downlink) frequencies had been carefully selected. Below about $1 \mathrm{GHz}\left(10^{1}{ }^{\overline{2}} \mathrm{~Hz}\right.$ ) galactic background noise is a significant factor. Below about 0.5 GHz it exceeds atmospheric noise. Above 10 GHz atmospheric noise rises steeply, moreso in heavy rain. The frequencies chosen then and adopted for the Intelsat programme were, therefore, between 1 and $10 \mathrm{GHz}-6$ GHz for the uplink, 4 GHz for the downlink.

Britain is playing a particularly active role in satellite communications. British contractors contributed to the Intelsat 3, 4 and 4A programmes and British Aerospace is currently involved in the Intelsat 5 system, due to become operational in 1980.

## European Communications

In May 1978, the European Space Agency's Orbital 1 est Satellite (OTS) was launched. It will test transmission techniques and prove the performance and reliability of on-board equipment in space. This is the forerunner of its operational successor, the European Communications Satellite (ECS) - a regional satellite communications system. It will be capable of carrying a significant proportion of future European telephone, telex and television traffic. OTS-2 will also provide adequate pre-operational traffic capacity. Two ECS spacecraft should become operational in 1981/82. Two maritime versions of ECS, to be known, not surprisingly, as MARECS, are also scheduled for launching in 1981 / 82. MARECS is planned to provide direct telephone and telex links between ships and shore stations in the UK and elsewhere

## Radio Piggy Back

In October 1978, the 1045th Cosmos satellite was placed in Earth orbit. It carried two smaller satellites called Radio 1 and 2, designed and built by radio hams.


MARECS, a marine version of ECS, is intended to provide communications links between ships and shore stations.

Radio 1 and 2 use frequencies in the two and ten metre amateur bands and are intended for use by both American and Soviet radio hams, complementing the service already provided by America's Orbiting Satellite Carrying Amateur Radio (OSCAR) satellites.

## Active Limits And Passive Freedom

There are two basic types of navigational system active and passive. In an active system, the user has to interrogate the satellite(s) to determine his position. That necessarily limits the number of people who can use the system, because each satellite has a finite number of communications channels available at any time

A passive system, however, relies on ground stations receiving continuously transmitted signals from the satellite(s) and then calculating position from them. It has the advantage that there is no limit to the number of users who can listen in to the satellite transmissions.

The capacity to fix position continuously is not available with the US Navy's Transit system, even with six satellites in operation. Transit is, therefore, not suitable for air traffic control, as an aircraft could travel a considerable distance between fixes. Also, as Transit uses a Doppler technique, the speed of an aircraft affects the measurement of the frequency shift.

Throughout the seventies, the system has been updated and improved. However, expansion of Transit has been dropped in favour of a new system, NavStar, which should be fully operational by about 1985 and will be suitable for use by aircraft.

## Home Sweet Home

A major part of Earth satellite applications is concerned with turning the cameras and sensors back towards mother Earth to find out more about this lump of rock that is our home. This field of self-interest can be split into two related and overlapping areas - Earth resources and research satellites.

On the 26th of April 1978, an Applications Explorer Mission satellite (AEM-1) was launched from Vandenberg to measure day and night temperature differences on the Earth's surface. This is the first of NASA's Explorer missions. The second, AEM-2, followed it into orbit on February 18th, 1979. The spacecraft were both cf a modular design to keep costs down.

AEM-1, the Heat Capacity Mappint Mission (HCMM) will determine the feasibility of using data from thermal
infra-red sensors for:
-discrimination of rock types and possibly location of minerals
-monitoring surface soil moisture changes
-measuring plant canopy temperatures
-measuring urban heat islands
-measuring land and sea sufface temperature changes
-predicting water run-off from snow field information
The results will also be correlated with Landsat data and ground observations.

## Military Embryo

The early development of the American satellite programme was entirely in military hands, for obvious reasons. The motivation then was a belief in the axiom of conventional warfare that says, 'he who holds the high ground, controls the battlefield.' The military objective was the high ground - Earth orbit.

## The Spy In The Sky

Satellites have been used for military reconnaissance since 1959, with the launch of the first of the Discoverer series, designed by Lockheed. In addition to the use of visible light photography to monitor ground operations, infra-red sensors can be used to detect, for example, heat from aircraft engines or local changes in sea temperature caused by submarines manoeuvring close to the surface or by surface craft manoeuvring at night.

It's difficult to estimate how many Soviet satellites are launched for military reconnaissance purposes, as most go by the 'family' name of Cosmos, whatever their application. However, information about their orbits and duration of flight can be used to deduce their possible applications.

In June 1971 a Titan 3D launch vehicle, capable of putting over 13 tonnes into a polar orbit, lifted a 'Big Bird' low altitude surveillance platform into a Sunsynchronous orbit. The Sun-synchronous orbit ensures that when the spacecraft overflies the target again and again, the Sun angle is always the same. That makes it much easier to compare photos of the same site and detect movements of troops, vehicles, missile launching sites, etc.


An engineer's conception of AEM-1, a heat capacity mapping mission (HCMM) spacecraft and the first of the NASA's Applications Explorer Missions. The hexangular shaped base module for this spacecraft, launched in April 1978, was built for the NASA/Goddard Space Flight Center by the Boeing Aerospace Company of Seattle, Washington.

Soviet satellites are generally recovered intact and the film removed on the ground, but American satellites remain in orbit, while a number of film magazines in protective capsules are ejected. They re-enter the Earth's atmosphere and begin their descent to the surface on parachutes but, long before they get there, they are collected by specially equipped military aircraft.

In the early years of military satellites, once a spacecraft reached its position in Earth orbit, it was relatively safe. However, recent years have seen the development of hunter-killer spacecraft. Search and find craft have been used before to locate targets for photoreconnaissance. More sinister is the hunter-killer craft, which manoeuvres close to a target spacecraft and then explodes. Just how many of these are active and already in Earth orbit is a matter for conjecture. There have also been reports of spy satellite cameras being 'blinded' by intense flashes of laser light. As they say, 'all's fair in love, war and spying.'

## Outward To Deep Space

If the sensors can be pointed down towards Earth, they can equally be pointed out into space. The greatest contribution of the satellite to near-Earth research has been the capacity to make on-the-spot measurements of parameters which previously could only be estimated by indirect means.

Britain has been particularly active in this field with the Ariel series. The satellites were called UK 1, 2, etc. until they achieved successful operational orbit, when they were renamed Ariel 1, 2, etc. Ariel 1 and 2, launched in 1962 and 1964 respectively, had substantial American involvement, but Ariel 3, launched in 1967, was the first satellite to be entirely designed and built in Britain. It was a very successful system, which operated for two years - twice its designed lifetime British Aerospace was the principle contractor.

The latest of the series, Ariel 6, was successfully launched in June this year.

## The X-Ray Sky

NASA has focused its attention on X-ray sources in the sky with its high energy astronomy programme. The first High Energy Astronomy Observatory (HEAO-1) made a general X-ray sky survey and identified approximately 1500 sources. Precise altitude control is essential for astronomical observations. HEAO-1's mission came to an end, therefore, when its supply of altitude control gas ran out in January this year. HEAO-2, launched in November 1978, can be pointed at selected X-ray sources. A third HEAO is scheduled for launch this year. The satellites are placed in low circular orbits, but their altitude allows them to detect radiation which would not reach the Earth's surface.

## The Future

The immediate future should bring improved communications and navigation by satellite as more powerful systems are launched to give global coverage. The, by now familiar, sight of a launch rocket slowly lifting off a pad, carrying its payload towards Earth orbit will inevitably become much rarer. The Space Shuttle will be the first of a generation of reusable spacecraft, which will gradually replace 'one-off' rockets.


Ariel 6 will spend the next two years orbiting the Earth every 96 minutes, studying the ultra-heavy component of cosmic radiation and investigating $X$-ray sources.

## Power From Orbit

When the oil wells finally dry up, we may supplement our energy requirement by building huge solar arrays in orbit and transmitting the collected power to Earth by microwave. The transmission of power by microwave has already been proven over short distances. You'll find more about power satellites in the August edition of Hobby Electronics.

Whatever the future does hold for satellites and their applications, it boils down to how much money governments are prepared to spend on space research. That begs the question - how do you value the returns from space? What price do you put on better weather forecasting, clearer and easier communications, improved air traffic control, etc? As if that wasn't a complex enough question, it doesn't stop there. Whether or not to embark on or continue an existing satellite programme is also inextricably tied up with national prestige, international relations, employment, high technology experience which can be translated to other fields of engineering and electronics ...... shall I go on? In the long term, your crystal ball is as good as mine.

I would like to express my thanks to the following for their assistance in preparing this article:
British Aerospace
The Boeing Aerospace Company, Seattle

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# CABLE TESTER 

## Quickly test your cables with this invaluable project



ALMOST ALL THE faults in an audio system are caused by cables. Have you ever tried to find which cable is broken among the many connections in a stage audio system, especially with anxious people looking over your shoulder?

The answer is to check each cable before the performance, a rather tedious business.

This Cable Tester checks each wire in turn for both open circuits and short circuits to earth. Each cable can then be thoroughly tested before use and hopefully faults can be found before they cause problems.

The circuit makes cunning use of a

7474 dual $D$ flip flop to light one of three LED's after the test switch is pushed, indicating short, open or OK.

## Construction

The unit is mounted on a standard plastic box measuring $196 \times 113 x$ 60 mm . If it is to be used on-stave, then use the strongest box you can find, such as diecast aluminium.

Wiring the switch is the only difficult part of the construction. Note that some of the switch contacts are linked together as shown in Table 1.

The transformer we used is a commonly available Ferguson PCB mounting type.

The sockets we have chosen for the prototype are the most common type, however there is no reason why others can't be substituted. The jack plugs, SK7, 8 and the phono sockets SK 1, 2 must be insulated from the metal front panel, or the earth connections will be permanently connected together through the panel. Phono sockets are available with insulating mountings, while insulating washers can be made from plastic sheet for mounting the jack sockets.

## HOW IT WORKS

ICl is a 7474 dual D flip-flop with its clock (CLK) and D inputs held at 0 V .

First let's assume an open circuit cable. ZDl conducts, as it has 12 V across it, and turn on Q2, which hold the preset (PR) input on ICla low. The PR input of IClb remains high because ZD2 is not biased. When the test switch is pressed, putting a 0 on the CLR input, the outputs of ICla become: Q , high; Q low. When the test switch is released, leaving both the CLR inputs high, the following outputs are obtained: ICla-Q, high; Q, low; ICla/b-Q, low; Q, high.

Since the output of Q, ICla is low, Q3 is turned off. Therefore LED1 is on, LED2 is off, and LED3 is off.

Now let's look at the 'short to earth' condition. The 12 V rail is shorted to earth through D1 (exit one diode). Q2 is turned off leaving the PR input of ICla high. The PR input of IClb is held low. When the test button is pressed the outputs of ICla go: Q , low; Q , high. When the button is released, placing a high on the CLR inputs, these outputs remain the same. The outputs of IClb are: Q, high; Q, low. Therefore LED1 is off, LED2 is off because the base of Q3 is
held low by IC1b, and LED3 is on, indicating a short.

Finally, if the cable is OK, the voltage across ZD 1 is held at 3 V 3 by ZD 2 . Q2 is off because ZDl 6 V 8 is not conducting. The PR input of ICla is left high and the PR input of IClb is also high. When the test button is released the outputs of ICla go: Q, lowl Q, high. The outputs of IC la go: Q , low Q , high, when the button is pushed and remain the same when it released. Both the Q outputs are low so LEDs 1 and 3 are off and the Q outputs are high so Q3 is conducting and LED2 is on.


Fig. 1. Final circuit of the Tester.


Fig. 2. Component overlay and front panel connections.

PARTS LIST

| RESISTORS | all $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W} 5 \%$ | ZD1 | 6 V 8400 mW |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| R1 | 100R | ZD2 | 5 V 1400 mW |
| R2 | 220 R | ZD3 | 3 V 3400 mW |
| R3 | 10k | LED1-3 | TIL 209 or similar |
| R4 | 150 R |  |  |
| R5, 6 | 47R | SOCKETS |  |
|  |  | SK1, 2 SK3, 4 | phono skt 2pin DIN |
| CAPACITORS |  | SK5, 6 | 5 pin DIN |
| C1. 2 | 22025 V electrolytic | SK7, 8 | stereo jack |
| SEMICONDUCTORS |  | MISCELLANEOUS |  |
| IC1 | 7474 | SW1 $4 p 6 w a y$ <br> T1 $6-0-6 \mathrm{~V} 500 \mathrm{~mA}$ <br> PB1 push to make <br> Box to suit, pcb, power lead, etc. |  |
| Q1 | 2N5484 |  |  |
| Q2, 3 | BC548 |  |  |
| D1-4 | 1 N4001 |  |  |
| D5, 6 | 1 N914 |  |  |

## BUYLINES

None of the electronic components in this project will be difficult to get hold of, and the mechanics depend on the application. For stage use a couple of Cannon sockets could be added and wired in accordingly. The switch SW1 should be break before make.

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## MICROSENSE



## RAMS and PROMS are MEMORIES

MICROPROCESSOR systems are made up from two distinct parts called Hardware and Sodtware, the Software is the program which is run on the system, the Hardware is the physical components which go to make up such a system. We will assume that you are able to differentiate between resistors, capacitors and diodes which apart from the crvstal and PCB (Printed Circuit Board) leaves only the mysterious ICs and sockets.

An IC looks like a lump of black plastic or similar material with numerous pins sticking out on each side, each IC should have á socket associated with it. For ease of testing and replacement the sockets are soldered into the PCB and the ICs plugged into the sockets. The important things to remember about inserting or removing ICs from the sockets are.

1. Make sure that no power is applied to the PCB
2. Make sure it is the correct IC for that location.
3. Make sure it is the correct way round
4. Ensure that all of the pins are correctly sitting in the socket.

Each IC is identified by a number printed on the top surface of the package, pin 1 'of each IC is marked either with a dot, indentátion or horseshoe groove near pin 1. If the IC is held with the pins downward and the dot cr horseshoe away from you then pin 1 is always the furthest pin on the left.

SCRUMPI contains several ICs which may be broken down into the following categories.
Main Control Chip. This is the SC / MP microprocessor chip.
Buffers and encoders, etc. These ICs typically have a code such as 74LS xx or 81LS $x x$ and are used to handle control of counting, device address decoding, latching or buffering the address bus and data bus.

RAMS Random Access Memories. The theory of the insides of these ICs can be likened to a chessboard or a set of "pigeon holes. The data in the MM2112 RAM chips is organised as 256 locations each of four bits, it we use two M2112 chips in parallel it is possible to have an organisation of 256 locations each of 8 bits (or 1 byte). Each of the 256 locations can be accessed directly by the MPU chip and the data at that location copied onto the data bus or the
data on the data bus copied into the selected location. The data in such a memory will remain there until the supply voltage is removed. When first powered-up each time, the contents of a RAM are random and variable.

RAMs can be used for storage of programs or data for the program to be operated upon, under some circumstances even a program can be considered to be data.

PROMs, ROMs, tec. There are a second type of memory device similar in concept to the RAM except that the program or data stored in the device remains even if the power supply is removed. They are thus suitable for holding the fixed programs and data and are a convenient method of shipping such data from one installation fo another

ROM stands for READ ONLY MEMORY and it is usually assumed that the data in a ROM is installed at the time of menufacture of the chip and as such can be referred to as Mask programmed ROMs. PROMs and EPROMs on the other hand are programmed after manufacture and are thus referred to as Programmable Read Only Memories. The E in EPROM shows that the data in the PROM can be erased by exposing the inside of the chip to intense UV radiation, this is usually accomplished through the transparent quartz window let into the top of these devices.

The type of Read Only Memory used in SCRUMPI is the MM52040 EPROM, this can be replaced with either of the following pin compatible devices -

## MM5214 Mask Programmed ROM

Field Programmable ROM
The alternatives offer the advantages of large volume / low cost and/or simplification or power supply to 5 V only (no -12 V supply is required).

Ports are the method that an MPU uses to communicate to the external world. A port is simply an integrated circuit whose function is to interface the MPU data bus in whole or only in part to devices which cannct interface directly to the MPU system. There are several reasons why external devices cannot be directly coupled to the MPU data bus.

Firstly the devices may not be TRI-STATE output devices which means that they could not be connected to the data bus otherwise their outputs would always be in the logic 1 or logic 0 state and not in the high impedance TRI-STATE mode required. Alternatively the external devices may operate too fast for the MPU, or too slowly, or require buffering so as not to unduly load the drive capabilities of the MPU data bus. The INS8154 is a single chip device containing the logic required to operate 16 of its pins as PORTs, the 16 pins can be operated as two 8 bit ports or as individual Input/Output lines. Each pin can operate in either Input mode or Output mode the choice being made by Software selection, each pin is also capable of latching the data on that pin at either input or output time. In addition to the two 8 bit ports the INS 8154 also contains 128 bytes of RAM which is sufficient as a working storage RAM in most applications.


## The effects of Scrumpi

If you study the circuit diagram of SCRUMPI you will quickly see that all of the major signals to and from the SC/MP chip are available at one of the two edge connectors so that SCRUMPI is able to communicate with other electronic devices. It can thus be used as the heart of many electronic circuits and can be used in this form to help with the design and debugging of projects by the electronics engineer or by the amateur constructor.

The single-step circuitry shown as IC's 2,3 and 4 allow the SC/MP to be run at a very slow speed (down to 1 step per hour if necessary), this slow single step speed is useful in checking the effect of each instruction as it is executed The actuation of the STEP switch causes a single pulse output from IC 4. This pulse sets a Flip-Flop (a simple electronic switch) at IC3 and thus drives the NHOLD line to a positive voltage which instructs the SC/MP to execute an instruction. During this instruction the SC /MP outputs a pulse on the NADS (Address Strobe) output, this pulse

RESETs the Flip-Flop which in turn puts the NHOLD input low and thus stops the SC/MP from executing any further instructions. The next instruction will only be executed after the next actuation of the STEP switch.

A similar situation exists with the single-step switch in the FAST position excepts that here IC 4 will generate a pulse auromatically at a rate which is dependent on the value of $\mathrm{C1}$ (usually about 5 pulses per second). This mode can be used to step throughi a program faster than single-stepping but not at the maximum possible speed.

If CS 4 is put into the RLN position then the SC / MP will execute the program at the maximum speed. Between this mode and the FAST single-step mode is the HALT mode which can be used to stop execution of the program at predetermined points. Here the pulse for the Flip-Flop is generated whenever the SC/MP executes a HALT ( $\times^{\prime}$ OO') instruction; this pulse RESETs the Flip-Flop and thus terminates execution until the next actuation of the STEP switch. The data bus is connected to a set of switches which can be used either in the DIRECT mode o enter a logic 1 or 0 onto the data bus at any time or in the ADDRESSED mode only when addressed by the SC/MP. This allows the switches to be used to frogram the memory in the single step mode or to enter data when required by a program.

Both the data bus and the address bus are connected via wire links to LED lamps. The LED lamps thus show the status of these buses at any stage of the program, the branching and data addressing of the program can thus be checked aasily. Alternatively the LED lamps can be linked to other signal lines by redirecting the wire links, they can then be used to show the status of an output device.

A typical input-output device is shown as IC's 15 and 16, two 74C173 latches. These ICs can latch the status of a signal on the inputs so that the outputs carry a copy of that status at a given time even after the original status has disappeared. In the output from SCRUMPI 2 mode the latch can store the data on the data bus at the time that the latch was addressed by the SC / MP. Any data written to the latch will appear on the data bus at the same time as a strobe pulse is output at point ' $P$ ' or ' $Q$ '. If the data bus is connected to the inputs of the latch and the pulse used as the clocking strobe to the letch then the data will appear at the outputs of the latch and stay there until the next write to the latch. As an example; some of the LED lamp drivers could be connected to the latch outputs to indicate a particular data output to the operator.

Using the latch for input is a similar operation except that the latch is used the other way round. The outputs are connected to the data bus and the address strobe (' $P$ ' or ' $Q$ ') is used as the OUTPUT ENABLE contro to the latch. Any data in the latch will be read onto the data bus when ' $P$ ' or ' $Q$ ' is strobed, the data enters the latth via the inputs when the clocking input is pulsed with a logic 0 .

The $P$ and $Q$ strobes mentioned above are output from the device decoding circuitry at $I C$ 's $17,18,19,20$ and 22. This circuitry decodes the addresses specified by the address bus and produces a set of strobes which enable or disable the devices connected to the data bus. Three enable strobes are output to the RAM memories at ICs 5-10, each pair of IC's being enaple for Read or Write operation. One enable strobe can be used to enable the outputs from a MM5204 PROM if there is such a PROM at IC21. Output ' $P$ ' is enabled if an address in the range $\times$ ' 500 ' $-x$ '5FF' is addressed, similary ' $Q$ ' is enabled for the $X$ ' 600 ' range, either of these strobes can be used to strobe either of the latches for input or cutput. Strobed output $V$ is normally connected to the ADDRESSED mode of the data switches which means thatizany data on the switches will be input to the SC/MP when any address in the $\times$ ' 700 ' range is read.

Examples of microprocessor interfaces to other equipment can be seen in most of the associated hobby magazines and in the 'SC/MP Applications Guide' published by National Semiconductor.


## Teaching Your Scrumpi to talk to Outsiders

Some microprocessors are used solely for writing, checking and executing programs, this type is usually to be found in offices handling accounts or stock control. Other microprocessors control equipment and machinery with complex testing and control interface, usually this type of MPU system can be found in vending machines, production lines, complex timing systems, etc. The same microprocessor chip may be found in both types of application but the interfaces to the outside world will be different. In the first type the interfaces will be to printers, keyboard large VDU, floppy disks, etc to handle the collection, sorting and printing of, for example, account details. In the second type the interfaces will be to switches, motors, lamps and buzzers to handle the input of data from various sensors and control machinery accordingly.

## Thou Art a You Art

The Universal Asynchronous Receiver/Transmitter is better known as a UART (pronounced You Art) for obvious reasons. Its basic function is to translate the 8 bit data available on the data bus from parallel form to a serial form and vice-versa. The advantage of this idea is that data can thus be tansmitted along a single pair of wires rather than the dozen or so wires which would be needed for parallel transmission. Many interfaces to other equipment such as printers. TTYs and telephone use serial transmission to save on wire costs or for convenience if the remote unit is any considerable distance from the MPU

A transmission starts with the output of the UART at a logic 1 state which is referred to as a MARK condition Data is written from the data bus into the UART by enabling the Data Strobe input, this immediately signals back to an internal Flip.Flop that the UART transmitter is BUSY and cannot eeceive any more parallel data at present, in normal practise this Flip-Flop is tested by the MPU software before eny attempt to write to the UART; the program loops until the Flip-Flop is reset at the end of the data transmission

Once the UART has some data to transmit it shifts to the SPACE Eondition by changing the UART output to a logic 0 , this START signal is one bit time long. The time taken to transmit each bit is defined by the rate of the $16 x$ clock input. The frequency input at this pin is divided by 16 to give the bit transmission rate or BAUD RATE

After sending the START BIT the UART sends each of the data biss in sequence as a MARK or a SPACE condition for 1 bit time each. To ensure that the START BIT of the following byte of data will be recognised by a receiving UART the transmitter now outputs two STOP BITS which are denoted by a MARK condition for two bit times, thus the total number of bits transmitted is not 8 but 11 made up from the 8 bits of data plus a START and two STOP bits

In the receive mode the UART looks at its input pin continuously and waits for it to go from MARK to SPACE condition to indicate a START bit. After doing various checks to ensure validity the UART will then read in the 8 data bits and verify the presence of at least one STOP bit. On receipt of the first STOP bit the Data Available Flip-Flop is set to indicate to the MPU that parallel data is available, the MPU can now read this data and release the receiver by Resetting the Data Available (RDAV) Flip-Flop.

The UART thus handles most of the data shifting, verification transmitting and receiving. The UART is even clever enough to handle both transmitting and receiving at the same time - this is referred to as FULL DUPLEX MODE, using a UART solely for either transmission or reception is known as SIMPLEX MODE

## Serial Standards

There are a set of standards associated with serial data transmission and used by many manufacturers in peripheral equipment. The usual one is the 'Teletype TTY interface working at 110 Baud over a 20 mA current loop. The 110 baud refers to the bit transmission rate of 110 bits per second, when UART is used, this rate will transmit 80 data bits or 10 bytes per second. The 20 mA current loop refers to an interface system in which the presence or absence of a current loop defines whether a MARK or SPACE is being transmitted, a lot of TTY equipment still uses relays and switches as an interface where thus the circuit is either open or completed, the current loop is inherited from this type of equipment

An external printer might require a 1200 Baud RS232 interface, again the 1200 baud refers to the bit transmission rate of approximately 100 bytes per second. The RS232 interface is based on voltage levels and is usually something simple such as MARK $=+3 v$ and SPACE $=-3 v$ with respect to a common ground wire.

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## London, Liverpool and TTL.

Just as London and Liverpool are ports allowing goods to enter and leave the country so an MPU port allows data to enter and leave the MPU. A port is usually assumed to be 8 bits wide, that is it will carry 8 parallel bits of data into out of the MPU and in the case of the usual 8 bit MPU the port intertace directly to the data bus

To the MPU the port looks like a single address location at which it can read or write data, the MPU addresses the port physically by decoding a unique address strobe from the address bus, Any time that this address is accessed the strobe will become active and thus inform the port that it is being accessed and should thus take appropriate action.

To the engineer and to external equipment the port looks like an 8 bit TTL latch. When used for output the data on the MPU data bus is latched into the port and thus appears latched at the port output pins. from here onwards these outputs can be assumed to have come from any similar TTL type of device. When used for input the port becomes an 8 bit latch presenting its inputs to the external circuitry, usually one of the inputs or an additional control pin acts as the clocking input. Data is presented to the port inputs and latched by strobing the clock input, the data at the inputs can now be released as the data is now held in the port. At ther same time the MPU is informed (or finds out for itself) that there is new data in the port, it can thus 'read' the port address which will enable the port output to deposit their data onto the data bus and thus into the MPU chip. In applications of this type the MPU would then signal to the port that it had read the data and that the port could now input some more, this sequence of "l've got some data for you" "thank you, I've read it" is called Handshaking

The two theoretical ports described above are assumed to work in only one direction in each circuit. Some of the newer port chips are bi-directional which means that under software control they can either read data from external devices or write to external devices. The latest port chips allow individual bits to be specified as input or output by the software and can thus be changed halfway through a program.

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# STRING THING 



We continue this month with Part 3 of the String Thing Saga [Son of Part 2 from Tim Orr. For those of you who missed Part 2, String Thing, otherwise known as the Transcendent DPX, is a digital, polyphonic, multi-voice keyboard instrument. [We suspect it probably makes marvellous coffee too.)

Voicing is one of the stronger parameters that goes to characterise generated sound structures. The sounds in the DPX are built out of the same basic components, asymetric squarewaves. The envelope contour is different for each type of instrument and vibrato can be added to emphasise the 'string' sound. However, all the voices, if they were left unfiltered would sound very much the same. But, by filtering the signals, it is possible to add a great deal of information to the sound structure. It must be remembered that natural instruments always sound very different from electronically produced ones, this being due to the incredibly complex structure of most instruments. If you have the opportunity to observe the low notes of a piano on an oscilloscope you will be amazed at the complexity of the signal.


Part 3: This month we bring you details of the String Thing's control circuitry and inter-board wiring.

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Part 4: Next month we conclude String Thing (no, we really mean it this time) with details of the power supply and dynamics boards, and the final constructional details to sort out your nuts and bolts.

Fig. 1. Circuit diagram of the voicing and control boards.



## HOW IT WORKS

Each octave of the keyboard is mixed together on the main note generating board. These five octave blocks of signals are fed into virtual earth amplifiers (IC1,2,3) which serve to correct the signal amplitudes. By careful circuit design and layout it is possible to reduce this breakthrough to 70 or 80 dB down on the individual note generating circuits, but the overall effect of 61 circuits, each contributing a slight amount, makes the overall background chorus much worse. Some organs are particularly bad with a performance of about 30 to 40 dB .

The signals from the input amplifiers are then split up and sent to various voicing circuits. The piano/honky-tonk section doesn't have a split keyboard option and so it is driven directly by the sum of all the octave signals. The piano voicing (IC4, pins $5,6,7$ ) is a bandpass filter with a centre frequency of 500 Hz and a Q factor of 1 . A slight low frequency lift has been added via R14,C13. This provides moderately pure sinusoids at the top end of the keyboard and much richer sounds at the low end. To obtain the honky-tonk sound, a second resonance is added (IC4, pins $1,2,3$ ) at 5 kHz . This makes the sound much brighter.
The brass voice is a peaky low pass filter (IC6,7,8,9). The filter is swept up in
resonant frequency when a note is played, which greatly helps to characterise the brass sound. A tone control. (RV3) determines the depth of the sweep. Switches SWlla and SW8a select the upper and lower sections of the keyboard and switches SW12a and SW9b attenuate the signal level when the 'SOFT' mode is selected. The filter is tuned with a pair of CA3080's. As the current into their control input (pin 5) is increased, the resonant frequency of the filter is also increased. This current is generated by IC6, pins $1,2,3$. When a note is played, the output of the op amp goes high, which is lowpass filtered by R47,C26. This voltage is used to sweep the brass filter via the common emitter pair Q4,Q5. PR2 is adjusted so that the filter sweep sounds correct.

The string voice (IC5) is composed of a set of high pass filters. The string sounds can be selected on upper and lower manuals (SW10a, SW7a), and there are also soft mode switches (SW12b, SW9a).

To reduce the effects of background and chorus/ensemble noise, a FET switch (Q1) is used to mute the output signal. When a note on the keyboard is pressed, the key-pressed signal goes low. This causes the collector of Q3 to fall to -12 V which turns off Q1. In this state the
output signal is not muted.
When the note is released, the collector of Q3 goes high. D3 is then reverse biased and the voltage on the gate of Q1 moves towards 0 V with a time constant of C30. PR1, which is selected to be slightly longer than the longest time constant of any note on the keyboard. As the gate voltage of Q1 approaches $0 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{Q} 1$ turns on and mutes the output signal. RV1 is adjusted so that, with a key pressed, no attentuation is produced by Q1. The keypressed signal is also used to start the hold-off vibrato circuit. IC11 is a Schmitt trigger/integrator oscillator which produces a low frequency triangle waveform (pin 7). This signal is fed into a CA3080 (ICl2) which distorts the triangle by bending it into a sinewave shape. A buffer (ICl3) is used to amplify and filter the 'sinewave' which is then used to modulate the master oscillator. The size of the sinewave is controlled by the current flowing into pin 5 of IC12. This current has a delay time constant which is determined by RV5. When a key is pressed, the collector of Q6 goes low and so C34 is charged up via RV5. The voltage on the end of C46 determines the current flowing into pin 5 of IC12. When the key is released, the collector of Q6 goes high and so C34 is discharged via R89,D5.


## PARTS LIST

| RESISTORS all $1 / 4 W 5 \%$ |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| R1, 12, 51, 90 | 10k |
| R2, 31, 73, 87 | 15k |
| R3 | 22k |
| R4, 6, 11, 22 | 33k |
| R5, 7, 19, 20, 33, |  |
| 65,66, 68, 69, 85 | 47k |
| R8, 9, 10, 48, 55 | 56k |
| R13,32 | 39k |
| R14, 49, 52, 57, 59 |  |
| 61,63, 72, 75, 76 | 100k |
| R15 | 3k3 |
| R16, 35, 41, 86 | 18k |
| R17 | 1 k 8 |
| R18 | 560R |
| R21, 23, 24, 25, 27 |  |
| 28, 45, 71, 74 | 4k7 |
| R26, 47, 50 | 1k0 |
| R29,44 | 1 k 5 |
| R30, 70, 89 | 8k2 |
| R34 | 390R |
| R36, 42, 88 | 150k |
| R37, 81 | 270k |
| R38, 39, 92 | 27k |
| R40 | 270 R |
| R43 | 180k |
| R46, 64, 67, 83 | 68k |
| R53, 54 | 2k7 |
| R56, 58, 60, 62 | 2k2 |
| R77 | 3k9 |
| R78 | 820R |
| R79,82 | 1 MO |
| R80 | 680k |
| K84 | 470R |
| R91 | 6k8 |


| POTENTIOMETERS |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| RV1, 4 | 10k log |
| RV2 | 47k lin |
| RV3 | 22 klog |
| RV5 | $1 \mathrm{MO} \log$ |
| PR 1 | 1 MO preset horiz. |
| PR2 | 100k preset horiz. |
| CAPACITORS |  |
| C1, 2, 3, 20 | 10n polyester |
| C4, 13, 22 | 22 n polyester |
| C5, 10, 15 | 47 n polyester |
| C6, 7 | 100u 25 V electrolytic |
| C8, 9 | 15 n polyester |
| C11, 12, 18, 23, 24 | 244 n 7 polystyrene |
| C14, 16, 29 | 2n2 polystyrene |
| C17, 19, 21, 27, 31 | $31100 n$ polyester |
| C25 | 33 n polyester |
| C26 | 47 u 25 V electrolytic |
| C28, 33 | 220 n polyester |
| C30 | 22 n 35 V tantalum |
| C32 | 1 n polystyrene |
| C34 | 2u 235 V tantalum |
| SEMICONDUCTORS |  |
| IC 1-6, 8, 10, |  |
| 11, 13 | 1458 |
| IC7, 9, 12 | C43080 |
| Q 1 | BF244B |
| Q2 | BC182L |
| Q3-7 | BC212L |
| D 1-3, 5, 6, 7 | 1 N4148 |
| D4 | 5 V 1 zener |
| LED 1,2 | 0.2 inch red |
| MISCELLANEOUS |  |
| PCB, PCB-mounting push-switches (12 off), |  |
| 8-pin |  |
| DiL sockets (13 off) |  |

Fig. 3. When you've got your boards finished, this is how they go together.

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| 7400 | 12p | 7476 | 35p | 60 |  | 4013 | 50p | LINEA |  | LM348N | 90p | SAS660 | 270p | TBA810 | 100p |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 7401 | 12p | 7480 | 50p | 74161 | 100p | 4015 | $80 p$ | CA3039 | 70p | LM380 | $80 p$ | SAS670 | 250p | TBA820 | 80p |
| 7402 | $12 p$ | 7481 | 85p | 74162 | 100p | 4016 | 45p | CA3046 | 70p | LM381N | 150p | SL917B | 650p | TBA9200 | 290p |
| 7403 | $12 p$ | 7482 | $75 p$ | 74163 | 100p | 4017 | 80 p | CA3060 | 225p | LM382 | 120p | SN76666N | 100p | TCA270S | 250p |
| 7404 | $12 p$ | 7483 | 80p | 74164 | 115p | 4018 | $80 p$ | CA3065 | 200p | LM391 | 170p | SN76003N | 170p | TCA2700 | 250p |
| 7405 | 18p | 7484 | 100p | 74165 | 120p | 4019 | 50p | CA3076 | 250p | LM555 | 25p | SN76013N | 150p | TCA 760 | 300p |
| 7406 | 30p | 7485 | 75p | 74166 | 140p | 4020 | 100p | CA3080 | 75p | LM565 | 125p | SN76013ND | 130p | TCA4500A | 300p |
| 7407 | 35p | 7486 | 35p | 74167 | 200p | 4022 | 95p | CA3084 | 250p | LM709C | 40p | SN76023N | 150p | TDA1004 | 300p |
| 7408 | 18p | 7489 | 200p | 74170 | 200p | 4023 | 25p | CA3085 | 80p | LM710T05 | 65p | SN76023ND | 130p | TDA1008 | 320p |
| 7409 | 18p | 7490 | 35p | 74173 | 120p | 4024 | 55p | CA3086 | 50p | LM710DIL | 65p | SN76033N | 180p | TDA1022 | 600p |
| 7410 | $12 p$ | 7491 | 80p | 74174 | 90p | 4025 | 20p | CA3088 | 185p | LM723T05 | 40p | SN76131N | 115p | TDA1024 | 125p |
| 7411 | 20p | 7492 | 40p | 74175 | 90p | 4026 | 150p | CA3089 | 225p | LM723DIL | 40p | SN76227N | 150p | TDA1034 | 250p |
| 7412 | 18p | 7493 | 35p | 74176 | 85p | 4027 | 50p | CA3090AQ | 400p | LM733 | 120p | SN76228N | 160p | TDA2002 | 320p |
| 7413 | 30p | 7494 | 85p | 74177 | 80p | 4028 | 85p | CA3123E | 200p | LM739 | 150p | SN76660N | 85p | TDA2020 | 320p |
| 7414 | 50p | 7495 | 70p | 74178 | 160p | 4029 | 100p | CA3130 | 100p | LM741 | 20p | TAA300 | 250p | TL081 | 50p |
| 7416 | 30p | 7496 | 60p | 74179 | 140p | 4030 | 80p | CA3140 | 70p | LM747 | 70p | TAA350 | 250p | TL082 | 100p |
| 7417 | 30p | 7497 | 190p. | 74180 | 95p | 4032 | 100p | CA3161E | 150p | LM748 | 40p | TAA550 | 35p | TL083 | 110p |
| 7420 | 16p | 74100 | 130p | 74181 | 180p | 4033 | 150p | CA3162E | 450p | LM1303N | 95p | TAA570 | 250p | TL084 | 130p |
| 7421 | 30p | 74104 | $65 p$ | 74182 | 90p | 4040 | 100p | 3189 E | 250p | LM1458 | $60 p$ | TAA661B | 150p | UAA170 | 200p |
| 7422 | 18p | 74105 | 65p | 74184 | 140p | 4043 | 95p | FX209 | 760p | LM3900 | 60p | TAA700 | 340p | XR320 | 250p |
| 7423 | 30p | 74107 | 35p | 74185 | 140p | 4046 | 120p | 130 | 460p | LM3909N | 70p | TAA790 | 340p | XR2003 | 150p |
| 7425 | 30p | 74109 | 55p | 74188 | 320p | 4047 | 100p | LF356 | 90p | MC1310P | 150p | TAD100 | 150p | XR2206 | 400p |
| 7426 | 40p | 74120 | 115p | 74190 | 100p | 4048 | 60p | LF357 | 90p | MC1312P | 160p | TAD110 | 130p | XR2207 | 400p |
| 7427 | 30p | 74121 | 25p | 74191 | 100p | 4049 | 45p | LM211H | 240p | MC1314P | 190p | TBA120A | 60p | XR2208 | 590p |
| 7428 | 35p | 74122 | 50p | 74192 | 100p | 4050 | 50p | 4300705 | 170p | MC1315P | 230p | TBA120S | 70p | XR2216 | 675p |
| 7430 | 18p | 74123 | 50p | 74193 | 100p | 4054 | 130p | LM301AN | 30p | MK50398 | 650p | TBA120T | 90p | XR2264 | 440p |
| 7432 | 25p | 74125 | 45p | 74194 | 100p | 4055 | 130p | LM301T05 | -45p | MM5314 MM5316 | 380p | TBA4800 | 190p | XR2265 XR2567 | 440p |
| 7433 | 40p | 74126 | 60p | 74195 | 100p | 4056 | 135p | LM304 | 190p | NE529K | 470p $150 p$ | TBA5300 | 190p | XR2567 | $\begin{aligned} & 250 p \\ & 150 p \end{aligned}$ |
| 7437 | 30p | 74128 | 75p | 74196 | 100p | 4060 | 115 | LM308T05 | 100p | NE555 | 25p | TBA540 | 220p | XR4151 | 350p |
| 7438 | 35p | 74130 | 130p | 74197 | 80p | 4066 4068 | 60p | LM308DIL | 100p | NE556 | 70p | TBA5500 | 250p | XR4202 | 150p |
| 7440 7441 | 15p | 74131 74132 | 100p | 74198 74199 | 150p | 4068 | 220 20p | LM309K | 140p | NE562B | 420p | TBA560C | 240p | XR4212 | 150p |
| 7442 | 70p | 74135 | 100p | 74293 | 125p | 4070 | 30p | LM310T05 | 150p | NE566 | 160p | TBA641A12 | 250p | XR4739 | 150p |
| 7443 | 115p | 74136 | 80p | 74LSOO | 15p | 4071 | 20p | LM311T05 | 150p | NE567 | 170p | TBA700 | 200p | ZN414 | 95p |
| 7444 | 115p | 74137 | 100p | 74LS 11 | 85p | 4072 | 20p | LM317K LM324 | 350p | SAD1024 | 1400p | TBA7200 | 240p | ZN1034E $95 \mathrm{H} 90$ | $200 p$ |
| 7445 | 100p | 74141 | 70p |  |  | 4075 4077 | 25p | LM324 LM339 | 70p $70 p$ | SAS560 | $155 p$ $150 p$ | TBA7500 | 200p 90p | 95 H 90 11 C 90 | 800p |
| 7446 | 95p | 74142 | 200p |  |  | 4077 | 40p |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 7447 | 60p | 74143 | 300p |  |  | 4081 | 20p | IN 4148 DIODES BY ITT/Texas, 100 for |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 7448 | 60p | 74144 | 300p |  |  | 4082 | 20p |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
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Name
Address

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This mains-only Hanimex alarm has a large 12 -hour display incorporating AM/PM and alarm set indicators. You can have a dim or bright display at the touch of a switch. Fast and slow setting buttons make time setting simplicity itself. You can forget about knocking these accidentally in the morning scramble to turn off the alarm, as a locking switch is fitted under the clock. A 9-minute snooze switch completes the list of all mod. clock cons.

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The LCD display shows seconds as well as hours and minutes. Press a button and you get the date and day of the week.
Press another button and you have an accurate stopwatch with hundredths of seconds displayed, giving the time up to an hour. There's a lap time facility, too - and of course a back light.

Name
Address

## 4 LCD ALARM CHRONO

This is no ordinary watch. It's a slim, multi-function, dual time LCD alarm chronograph.
This model will show hours, minutes, seconds, date, day of the week, stopwatch, split time, alarm and alternate dual time zone not all at once of course. There's a night light, too.
Hours, minutes, seconds and day of the week are displayed continuously, while the date will appear at the touch of a button.
The alarm is beefy enough to wake you up in the morning and get you to work on time (or wake you up when it's time to go home).

To: ALARM/CHRONO LCD WATCH offer
ETI Magazine, 145 Charing Cross Road London, WC2

# RAVEN ON... 

# This month's little ramble takes us through foam backed carpets into flat tellys by Sinclair and the best LCD displays in the world - British! 

PREDICTIONS OF the effect microprocessors will have in the home are still being made. However, it looks as though 1979 will see the first really domestic products starting to appear. Home Computing is now well established among electronics hobbyists, but the effect of MPU's is not so obvious to people outside the electronics arena. As with the other new technologies the novelty attractions are the first areas to be exploited. Calculators and LED watches were the first to appear using an LSI it has taken a further three to four years of serious product design to incorporate devices into industry.

## Open Door

On the market in time for Christmas we shall see a whole new range of products that are only possible because of microprocessors. The now familiar twenty four tune door bells are being manufactured in Hong Kong along with new programmable TV Games that function like flight or vehicle simulators, coming complete with steering wheel. Hand held electronic pocket games, remote control cars and robots also the very sophisticated watches like the Seiko Memory Bank.

One further consumer product now available because of MPU's is the electronic bathroom scale.


This is of particular interest to me since I demonstrated a prototype to my Bank Manager back in 1975, when I had illusions of building a manufacturing complex the size of Plessey. The instrument was an adaption of a small capacitance meter my company was manufacturing and used a novel form of transducer.

It comprises of layers of foam backed carpet separated by layers of tin foil. The capacitance changed quite linearly when the mat was stood upon however I have no doubt that it may not have stood the test of time. The Bank Manager was very impressed but there was a noticeable lack of enthusiasm when it was suggested that he invest: the bank's money in the project. With hind-sight he was a
very sensible chap since it is unlikely he would have won the support of his own boss in backing the project with the kind of money necessary to launch such an enterprise.

This major difficulty that companies experience in the UK is the main reason that new high volume consumer products are eventually manufactured in the Far East where large sums of development capital exists and also the huge export markets which soak up the bulk volume of these products.

Thousands of words have now appeared in print about minicomputers and the uses of MPU'S.

In fact you could quite easily form the impression that the only new developments taking place in electronics was associated with logic applications. This of course is nonsense and is a misconception that has arisen due to the fashionable use of words in science. One immediate consequence of these trends is that unless a scientist or development engineer can some how design a microprocessor into his proposals then he has less chance of winning the support of financial backers.

## Material Gain

Electronics enthusiasts generally know about silicon (or the "silicon chip" as they say on telly) but you never hear Robin Day or Angela Ripoff talk about, Zinc Selenide on Germanium chips, Gallium Arsenide chips or silicon on saphire chips.

Gallium Arsenide is an important semiconductor material. It is not particularly new since its been in use for making devices since the early sixties, Gunn Diodes, Light Emitting Diodes, Varactor Diodes and Field Effect Transistors.

FET's are probably the most exciting development coming from Gallium Arsenide since these transistors can operate at very high frequencies and are increasingly being used in satellite and space communications. Gallium Arsenide FET's (GaAs FET's) have been around for several years the first devices were made by Plessey ten years ago and it has taken all this time to establish the technology to a sufficient level for volume production. Many other companies around the world are also making GaAs fets now and you would currently have to pay in the region of $£ 100$ for a FET that will operate at about 18 GHz ., Imagine how it feels to blow one up). The likely effects of GaAs FET's in the next few years are to be seen in the communications field. C̄omputer controlled cars with microwave eyes which can see in all weatners, c.o. Radio using satellites for communications, Digital watches or calculators with CB Radio why not?

## Switch Called For?

One area of computerisation 1 am aprticularly looking forward to is a computer controlled electronic switchboards. Telephone calls to companies out of office hours
quite frequently result in the callers being talked to by a phone answering machine. The recording is usually a flat monotone voice which immediately makes the caller feel uncomfortable and results in the phone being hung up One answering machine story I know was a farmer who because he couldn't get a sensible reply from the recorder shouted a stream of abuse down the telephone and cancelled his contract for fuel oil, with the unsuspecting supplier. To tackle just such problems as abusive farmers there is now a computer controlled switchboard that can answer up to eight telephones lines at once. The computer has a voice recognition system and also a small vocabulary for replies.

A comparison method technique based on statistical analysis of spoken words is used. The machines vocabulary is assembled by taking 500 samples of one word spoken in different dialects from male and female speakers. Each word is sampled 12 times and each sample's overall amplitude is measured and its frequency spectrum plotted at 31 points between 300 and 3 k 3 hertz. This produces 384 numbers, or elements that describe the word.

The elements resulting from all 500 speakers saying the same word are combined to produce a set of 384 mean values and standard deviations, which are stored in the system as the reference for that word, the incoming unknown word is similarly sampled, analysed and compared element by element with reference words using an algorithm that finds the probability density function for the unknown word. When this probability density is above a certain threshold - which can vary from word to word or system to system - the system declares the word recognised

## Sinclar Flat Telly

More information is now available on the flat screened television mentioned in the September edition of ETI. The technology used is that of the conventional CRT and not liquid crystal that the Japanese are going for. The method described is a conventional cathode ray tube which is flat since the beam is projected at right angles to the screen instead of from the back as in a conventional TV.

## Glassy Eyed

Two sheets of glass form the front screen and a vacuum formed backing plate. The interior of the backing plate is coated with phosphor and is viewed through the front face from the same side as the electrons strike. The result is that the brightness is more than double that of a conventional CRT. Electrostatic deflection plates in the gun assembly provide horizontal and vertical scanning, and a third set between the phosphor screen and front-face bends the electron beam toward the screen. Without this additional focussing field, the angle of beam incidence would vary across the screen, spreading the beam spot into an ellipse. The focussing electrode is formed on the front face by a transparent tin-oxide coating.

The electron gun is set to one side of the screen with its axis parallel to the screen.

Folding the electron optics would normally distort the raster scan to produce a wedge shape with curved vertical edges, however, by using optical techniques corrections for distortion can be made

## Screen Test

The screen height is reduced by half but the width is kept constant. This narrows the angle subtended by the electron beam onto the screen reducing distortion and deflection power. The picture height is restored by use of a Fresnel lens which is formed in a flat plastic face plate.

The assembly techiques used in producing the new CRT lend themselves to mass production and it is aimed by Sinclair's to set up a new factory for this purpose.

Coincidently, news of a new imaging system with potential for use as a flat screen TV has been patented in Britain.

## New Visions

This system uses techniques not unlike those described in this column in September ETI and consists of liquid crystal technology. Two flat screens contain arrays of very thin parallel stripes placed at right angles to each other

With a electroluminescent or other type of translucent panel behind the liquid crystal screens, light would only be visible at the intersections of the stripes, if these were switched accordingly.

By switching at a very high speed a scanning effect could Be achieved as in a conventional TV

Light could be modulated by altering the intensity of the light panel or by polarising the screens. Filters could also be incorporated for colour operation.

ETI


| NEW PRICES AND SOME NEV CMŌS̄ ADD̄DITIONS <br> if you need your CMOS by return - buy $h$ from SiN IEL. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CD4000 | 0.15 | CO4027 | 0.44 | CD4051 | 0.82 | CD4086 | 0.84 | CD40182 | 1.40 |
| CO400 1 | 0.17 | CD4028 | 0.77 | CD4052 | 0.82 | CD4089 | 1.39 | CD40192 | 1.40 |
| CD40b2 | 0.17 | C04029 | 1.03 | CD4053 | 0.82 | CD4093 | 0.80 | CD40193 | 1.40 |
| C04006 | 1.04 | CO4D30 | 0.50 | CD4054 | 1.04 | CO4094 | 1.69 | CO40194 | 1.18 |
| C04907 | 0.18 | CD4031 | 2.00 | CD4055 | 18 | C04095 | 0.94 | C040257 | 1.48 |
| CDA508 | 0.87 | CD4032 | 0.89 | C04056 | 1.18 | C04096 | 3.35 | CD4502 | 1.81 |
| CO4 409 | 0.50 | CD4033 | 1.25 | C04059 | 4.29 | C04098 | 0.08 | CD4511 | 1.25 |
| CD4010 | 0.50 | CD4034 | 1.71 1.08 | CO4060 CD4063 | 0.98 | C04099 | 1.85 | CD4514 | 2.47 |
| CO4011 CO 4012 | 0.18 0.20 | ${ }^{\text {CD4 }}$ CD4036 | 2.88 | CD4066 | 0.55 | C040100 | 2.50 | C04515 | 2.82 |
| CD4013 | 0.43 | C04037 | 0.85 | CD4067 | 3.35 | CD40101 | 1.81 | C04516 | 1.01 |
| CD4014 | 0.33 | CD4038 | 0.96 | CD4068 | 0.20 | CD40102 | 2.13 | CD4518 | 0.97 |
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# AUDIO <br> COMPRESSOR 

Increase your talk power and improve legibility with this ETI Project team design that avoids the complication of RF clipping!
signals

## Compression

When speaking into a microphone it is desirable to keep the voice level as constant as possible. This can be quite difficult as any change in the distance to the microphone will cause a drastic change in its output. To overcome this a variable gain amplifier can be used which senses the average speech level and adjusts its gain accordingly for a constant output voltage. The compressor operates with a fast attack (gain reduction) and a slow decay (gain increase), to quickly respond to the voice while remaining at this level to prevent amplification of background noise during speech pauses.


Inside view of the
Processor.
The RF choke should be mounted as close as possible to the input socket.

THE HUMAN VOICE varies considerably in level, even when one is speaking in a normal conversational voice. The peaks are considerably higher than the lower levels, which can give rise to problems when the speech waveform is being modulated onto a carrier by a transmitter. For example, if the mic gain control is set so that the peaks are just giving $100 \%$ modulation, then soft sounds can barely be heard, whereas if the gain is turned up to give a higher level on vowel sounds, etc., then plosives ( $p$-sounds) will give overmodulation and consequent splattering and poor speech quality.

A higher ratio of average power to peak voltage can be achieved by several methods, including
compression or clipping of the audio signal and compression or clipping of the radio frequency signal. Radio frequency compression or ALC (automatic level control) is often used in the final states of SSB

## transmitters.

Radio frequency clipping is the most effective method of increasing the average power; however it requires complex circuitry, since it is necessary to generate an SSB signal, clip, and then insert this signal into the transmitter IF chain.

Almost as effective as RF clipping is a combination of audio compression, clipping and filtering, which is relatively simple and can realise an improvement in signal to noise ratio of up to 5 dB on weak



The input is fed to a common base amplifier (Q1) and then to the gain amplifier (Q1) and then to the gain amplified by ICla. Some of the output from ICIa is rectified and negatively charges C 8 . This voltage is then fed to Q2, a depletion mode N - channel FET As the output of ICla increases the voltage on the gate increases negatively and the impedance of Q2 increases. This increases the ratio of the feed back signal applied to the negative input of

Cla and the overall gain is reduced Th attack time is set by the time constant of attack time is set by the time constant of RV2 and C8.
ICla is a buffer to isolate the peak limiter from the compressor input. R8 limits the output current of ICIb on peaks while R9 provides output bias current to prevent crossover distortion in the LM324 when driving capacitive loads. The diodes D3-D6 form the peak limiter by shorting any signal over
about IV5. When clipping occurs the voltage across D4 and D6 rises to OV7 This voltage is used to turn on ICle to give an indication of clipping by lighting Th.
The active low pass filter, IC1d removes the unwanted harmonics produced by clipping. RV3 sets the output evel. The low frequency response is mited by the value of the coupling capacitors and C2.

## BUYLINES

All the components here are standard items, and even the RF choke will be easily obtained. Keep the box size as close to the PCB size as possible, and the wiring as short as you can. The Norman range of metal boxes is sutiable, or indeed any of the West Hyde cases which will accept the PCB.

## Filtering

When a waveform is clipped high order harmonics are produced which if allowed to reach the transmitter, would cause splatter and interference to neighbouring stations. A filter must be used after the clipper to rapidly attenuate all frequencies above 3 kHz , which are unnecessary for intelligibility. This is achieved by using an active filter with 12 $\mathrm{dB} /$ octave attenuation above 2 k 5 Hz .

## Clipping

The average power contained in a speech waveform is quite low compared to the peak voltage, and much less than the average power of a sine wave of the same amplitude. If the low energy high voltage peaks are cut off at a preset level the remaining signal can be increased without overdriving the transmitter The average power is therefore increased. Clipping will slightly change the sound of the voice but will increase the intelligibility of a weak signal, as well as preventing the transmitter form being overdriven by limiting the maximum signal voltage.

## Construction

The speech processor is mounted in a diecast aluminium box to guard against feedback which can be caused by strong RF fields. Our box measured $150 \mathrm{~mm} \times 80 \mathrm{~mm} \times 50$ mm deep. Either an internal 9 V battery or the 12 V transceiver supply can be used. The processor is designed to be used in the line from the microphone to the transmitter without any modification to either. A matching socket to the mic plug is used for the input and the output taken via a lead with a matching plug. The connections for the plug and socket vary between makes of transceivers and will have to be taken from the circuit diagram to the

transceiver. The clipping indicator (LED 2) and the power switch are mounted on the front panel.

## Setting Up

Turn the compressor control to maximum and speak into the microphone at the greatest distance you are likely to use (say 30 cm -. Increase the gain control until the clipping LED flashes. If this point cannot be reached decrease the compression control and try again. The setting of these two controls is best determined by on-air tests. The output level control should be set so the RF. indicator on the transmitter reaches the same peak as with only the microphone plugged in.

For high output, high impedance microphones, such as crystal types Q1 can be omitted, RV1 replaced with a 1 M trimpot and the input fed to point $A$ on the circuit.

The gain of Q 1 is proportional to the value of R3. Increasing its value increases the gain. To guard against feedback the lowest value possible should be used.

Fig. 2. Component overlay of the speech processor. Note the RF choke and capacitor mounted between the PCB and input socket.

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# microfile 

Henry Budgett, our busy micro-man, takes you on a tour of the latest shows and brings
you up to date with the latest developments. Need a toolkit for your Pet?

IT'S BEEN one of those months, if you know what I mean. You don't? Well the summer just seems to explode with things to do and places to go, so some of the items covered in this month's column are gust a little late. Taking things chronologically, it helps. I shall start with the Microcomputer show. One short sentence can describe the overall situation. It was very hot and very busy!

Apparently the air conditioning had broken down on the Thursday but, despite repairs, it was still sweltering hot on the Friday morning. Nothing really spectacular was launched at the show but a large number of old friends were to be found. My first port of call was Technalogics, the Teletext/Prestel/BASIC system people, who were awaiting final PO approval. Well, as I mentioned briefly last month, they now have that approval and will commence delivery in September. They also had one of the rack mounting versions on display, complete with mini floppy. After breakfast at their stand, a quick pint, I moved round the hall to see Julian Allason at Petsoft. Trade there was so brisk that they had to send a truck back up to Brum twice for fresh stocks of software. Also there was Harry Saal, the man who brought you Cluster One, the distributed processing system.

## Lunch Break

Very thirsty work these shows, so after yet another pint in the company of a couple of my ex-colleagues who own a Research Machines, I carefully negotiated the rest of the hall. The Nanocomputer was there. A lot of people seemed to be very interested on the educational side.


Is it? No its a UK 101. Nearly the same though!

The Nascom stand was overflowing as usual, they even sell T-shirts now. Apparently the '2' has gone into production at last, I wonder when we will see our review machine (gentle hint to Kerr).

The other main centre of interest was around the UK101. This is the redesigned Superboard II about which much rumour has been flying concerning legal action over software, PCB, etc. Nothing seems to have happend yet and the stand was certainly busy with interested people making up their minds to buy one.

The last laugh at the exhibition went to Online, the organisers. A friend of mine asked one of their staff where the nearest Tube was. "Thirty feet straight down" came the reply, nice one.

## Words On Words

Next in my crowded calendar comes the Word Proces-1 sing Conference, held at Wembley. The Electronic Office seminar session that ! attended was highly amusing. Presentations were given on the how's, why's and wherefore's of office systems by a number of companies, both British and American. However, the prize must go to the gentleman who floored the chair with some embarrassing comments on machine reliability after the Wang audio-visual extravaganza. After several seconds of embarrassed silence they decided to break for lunch. England 1, USA 0.

The companies on show all seemed to be vying for the most far out stand, the prettiest girls, etc. and overall I was left with the feeling that everyone had gone just a little over the top. Among the companies there were such giants as IBM and ICL as well as Wang and Wordplex among many others. It seems to me that the


TECS's rack mounted Prestel system, disks coming soon.

WP field is really trying to exploit a market that is just not ready. Even the most sophisticated system will fall foul of a naive user and then the system gets the blame.

Once again thanks are due to Online, especially to the young lady who found me a set of conference notes after much hunting around.

## Northward Bound

Stage three of the month's travalogue takes place not a stone's throw from the Mersey. Liverpool, home of the music of the sixties and sit-coms, is also the home of Microdigital, who are not connected with either. They are, however, connected with microcomputers, and very seriously at that. They are one of the few UK computer shops to provide a full backup service in both hardware and software. Bruce Everiss, my host for the day, is justly proud of his achievements over the past year. They have expanded from shop to hire company and along the road have collected a software engineer, two hardware designers and the largest range of computer books in the country.

The software that they produce is mainly for local clients and is business orientated. The sample I tried, albeit only half developed, was very high quality indeed. The hardware team are currently working on a series of boards for the Nascom. The first, a relay board will be ready soon and the next one, an analogue input board is currently under design.

## Go West Young Man

Well, West was about the only direction left so I pointed my trusty vehicle in the direction of Newbury and went. The reason? To see the man who has probably done more to make the word software a household name than anyone, Julian Allason

Despite the fact that Petsoft is now owned by ACT he has stayed on as a director and is actively engaged in finding software from any number of sources. His latest acquisition is the PET Programmers Toolkit, the goodie for PET that I mentioned earlier. Brought over from the States by Harry Saal and shown very briefly at the Microcomputer show it will so impressive that I went to see more

It is really a piece of firmware, machine code program stored in a 2 K PROM that plugs onto the PET expansion port. If you have a new ROM PET you only need the IC as 'it will plug inside your machine. Apart from plugging it


An open and shut case for the AIM 65. Get yours from Microdigital.
in no modifications are required and you have a vast increase in useability. If you have ever wished for built-in utility programs then this will provide them, it replaces about six cassette programs with single commands. I borrowed one of the only two samples to do a report for CT , but here are the available commands in a brief resumé.

AUTO: Automatic line numbering, any start, any
DELEAM Bulk line deletion, lines specified only
RENUMBER: Any start, any step.
HELP:
TRACE: Displays the last six program steps continuously, can be stopped and started at any time during run.
STEP:
APPEND:
DUMP:
FIND: Finds all occurences of specified character string in the program.
The cost of this little gem is a mere $£ 75$ for the plug on version, $£ 55$ for the IC.

## Micro Coup

The latest coup for the firm is the acquisition of an American single board computer. Called the ACFA, it is based on the 6808, hopefully the 6809 soon, and has an impressive list of features. Complete with an 8 K BASIC on cassette, it has 16 K RAM, expandable to 48 K RAM on-board, colour graphics using 4K of RAM, ASCII keyboard, Kansas City cassette and an RS2 32 interface. It will be supplied as a kit complete with PSU and case. The manuals supplied with the system are really a computer course on their own and have been prepared by Dr Veronis, a well-known American author.

## The Final Word

The University of Salford have asked us to let you know about their forthcoming series of microprocessor courses. They are all one day courses and are being held in September. Preparing for the Microprocessors Age (Sept $24 £ 40$ ), Fundamentals of Microprocessors (Sept $25 £ 60$ ) and Microprocessor Systems (Sept 26 £60). A $10 \%$ discount is being allowed if more than one course is attended. For further details please contact Mrs Sumners, Room 110 , University of Salford, Salford M5 $4 W T$ or ring 061-7365842 extn 449 .


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# HIGH QUALITY AUDIO AMPLIFIER 

## If you're in the market for a true hi-fi amplifier, this is the place to start. A superb design which offers a reproduction quality equal to the very best around today.

IT HAS BEEN some time since we featured a complete stereo amplifier design in ETI - receivers and power amps yes, but not a full hi-fi set-up. When considering putting this right, we wanted to produce a design that could stand with the best commercial units of the day, and yet offer a considerable price saving over such designs in return for the effort of "doing it yourself.
We believe our Audiophile 4000 fulfills these aspirations nicely.

## Full Of Philosophy

A study of the specification will show that our amp has no need to fear comparison with any other unit That 60W RMS power rating is deceptive too - built with our PSU the 4000 will outperform most

100W rated commercial designs in terms of transient delivery, bass quality and sheer 'dynamics'

Listening tests played a large part in determining the final design, and particular stress was placed upon delivery of detail and elimination of TID.

Construction is modular and we have housed the system in THREE cases. Pre-amp, power amps and pre-amp PSU. You can of course
ignore our suggestions and build the whole thing in one box using one PSU for everything. You can also expect degraded performance if you do! Separate power supplies for each channel of the power amp should not be considered optional - they are very important to the final specification

The three case approach has several advantages - not least of which is hum reduction. Casing it


ETI Audiophile


## HOW IT WORKS

The input stage of the amplifier consists of an emitter coupled differential pair (Q4, Q5) with a constant current source (Q1, Q2 and Q3). The use of a constant current source reduces distortion, as well as the possibility of high frequency oscillation and prevents any ripple on the positive supply from unduly affecting the input stage. Unequal emitter resistors ( $\mathrm{R} 1, \mathrm{R} 2$ ) allow the currents in Q4 and Q5 to be optimised. Input lag compensation is provided by C3, limiting the slew rate of the amplifier to reduce high frequency intermodulation. The gain of the differential pair, driving Q10 and Q11, is very low.

Almost all the gain of the amplifies 97
is obtained from the parallel pair Q10 and Q11. They are operated with series (R13, R14) and shunt (R12) feedback, and a constant current source (Q6, Q7). This results in a highly linear stage.

Q9 protects Q10 and Q11 from high peak currents or damage should a fault occur. When the current through R13 exceeds the safe limit, Q9 conducts and shorts out the drive to Q10 and Q11.

Bias from the output stage is set by RV1 and a shunt regulator (Q8). Q8 is mounted on the same heatsink as the output stages and stabilises the output bias current against heatsink temperature rise. Resistors R15-R24 in the emitters of the output Darlingtons, Q12 and Q13,
maintain operation in their safe region as well as reducing the chance of thermal run away.

Protection against ultrasonic oscillation is provided by C7 and the network consisting of R25-R28 and C5, C6.

Both DC and AC feedback is taken from the output, via R8, to the negative input of the differential pair, the amount of feedback being set by the ratio of R8 to R7. C4 increases the feedback, and therefore decreases the overall gain, at very low frequencies. The feedback also automatically holds the DC output voltage at close to zero volts.


Inside the power amplifier case. The power supply for each channel sits on the right of the enclosure, and the rectifier board and de-thump board sits on top of the transformers. Note the screen between channels and the screening between modules and PSUs. Don't be tempted to use a single PSU for both amps - this will degrade transient performance to a considerable degree.

## SPECIFICATION ~POWER AMP

| Power Output | 60 watts into 8 ohms ( $\mp 40 \mathrm{~V}$ supply) |
| :---: | :---: |
| Frequency Response | 10 Hz to $100 \mathrm{kHz} \mp 0.5 \mathrm{~dB}$ |
| Input Sensitivity | . 500 mV rms for 60 W output |
| Hum and Noise | better than -110 dB on full output (dependent on power supply) |
| Feedback Ratio | 35 dB |
| Distortion | $\mathrm{kHz}, 30 \mathrm{~V}$ p-p output into 8 ohms, <br> 0.04 \% (open loop 1\%) |

Stability: The amplifier was found to be completely stable when operated into reactive loads consisting of $R+C, L+C$ and pure $L$

Intermodulation (calculated values) . . at $1 \mathrm{kHz}, 30 \mathrm{~V}$ p-p output into 8 ohms,
3rd order . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . less than $0.015 \%$
5th order . . . . . . . . . . . . . . less than $0.0023 \%$ (Intermodulation reduces with reduced power)
this way is a good 6 dB better than the cheaper alternative is likely to be. Separate PSUs for the power and preamp also avoids LF instability caused by supply line droop when the output pair draw heavy currents.

## Preamp Pondered

The requirements for the control section of the system were set down after many hours of office discussion In fact it would be fair to say that it evolved rather than was conceived.

There is still much discussion around the subject of tone controls and filters in amplifiers. A strong lobby exists to dispose of them completely, indeed in systems of the highest quality and in good listening conditions they have little to do with accurate sound replay.

However as most (nearly all) hi-fi falls far short of this level we have included them on our PCB. Also present are loudness, mute, low cut and high cut filters - the latter being of low phase shift variety at sensible turnover frequencies. These can be omitted from the final unit as you will. On our prototype, no loudness or mute facility was included, as you can see from the photos.

The MC input is in fact not RIAA equalised, to allow for connection of a head amplifier, one of which would almost certainly accompany the cartridge. We are working on a design for a mains powered unit ourselves and will present this at a later date, in a style to match the Audiophile.

The disc pre-amp section of an amplifier must be capable of handling very high input signals before clipping to preserve dynamic range - especially when used with head amps - and ours can take 400 mV ptp before clipping. Dvnamic range $>100 \mathrm{~dB}$ ).

## Powerful Discussion

This power amplifier offers a significant improvement in specifications and ease of construction over most kit amplifiers offered to date. It has been designed particularly with low transient intermodulation distortion in mind.

Although a difficult parameter to measure, transient intermodulation distortion is an inherent characteristic of many amplifier designs especially those which incorporate large amounts of feedback to even out frequency response and reduce



## WHY LOW TID?

Looking at the circuit and a quick glance at the specifications, there's little in the circuit that looks outstandingly different from others. So what makes this amplifier special?

The difference in concept that makes this amplifier unique is the use of a very linear, high gain driver stage ( $\mathrm{Q} 10, \mathrm{Q} 11$ ), with a constant current source $(06,07)$, so that the gain of this stage is dependent upon the input impedance of the output transistors. However, their input impedance is dependent upon their gain, and therefore the gain of the amplifier stage is dependent solely upon the characteristics of the output devices.

Series and shunt feedback is used with Q10 and Q11 which results in a highly linear stage with a very low input impedance (about 28 ohms). The gain of the differential pair when
fed into this low impedance is close to unity, so almost all the gain of the amplifier is concentrated in O 10 and 011.

Provided the phase shifts in the differential pair and the gain stage are negligible the feedback loop is unconditionally stable.

There are two other design features which result in low TID.

The total open loop (feedback disconnected) distortion is only $1 \%$ at 30 V p-p output. So, very little feedback is necessary to reduce this to an acceptable level.

Protection of the output transistors is done by fuses, rather than electronically, and very high transient currents can be fed to the speaker without being affected by the (inevitably) non-linear impedance of an electronic protection circuit.

## PULSE TESTING

Operation into severely reactive loads was examined by looking at the ac component of the Vbe of Q10 as a measure of the "overshoot of the loop and to see if transient overload occured.
$f=1 \mathrm{kHz}$. CRO is $0.2 \mathrm{mS} / \mathrm{div}$. Output is 30 V into 8 ohms.

Upper trace $10 \mathrm{~V} /$ div. Output into 8 ohms.

Lower trace $10 \mathrm{mV} / \mathrm{div}$. Vbe of BD139 gain stage. No evidence of transient overload was visible.

harmonic distortion. The heavy feedback 'school' of design produces an impressive list of specifications but the difference to the ear between such an amplifier and one designed for low TID has to be heard to be believed.

The design of the power supply can mean the success or failure of an otherwise well-designed amplifier. The supply voltage should be well-regulated, varying less than 10\% from no load to full load, and be able to supply high peak currents.

However, if a voltage regulator is employed it too must be capable of delivering the very high peak currents occasionally demanded. This necessitates an expensive regulator device and large, expensive filter capacitors.

The alternative is to use a fairly large transformer and large value filter capacitors on a capacitor-input bridge rectifier. This is what we chose.

## Powering Supplies

The circuit given here shows a power supply suitable for supplying a stereo amplifier using two of these modules. The filter capacitors C8 and C9 consist of two 15000 uF, 60 volt electrolytic capacitors. This is the minimum value we would recommend.

The power supply output should be limited to a peak DC voltage of about 40 volts (for 60 W output). A C-core transformer will generally improve the hum and noise output figures apart from having a reduced field, thereby reducing possible hum pickup problems.

If the amplifier module is to be used with a 4 -ohm speaker system the supply voltage must be limited to about 30 volts maximum, otherwise the output devices will attempt to deliver 100 watts followed by rapid self destruction!

Adventurous constructors may wish to try adding a second set of Darlington output devices, with their own emitter resistors as per the circuit, connected in parallel with the original pair. This combination may supply 100 watts or more into a four ohm speaker load. This technique is also recommended if you are contemplating driving highly reactive loads such as electrostatic loudspeakers


Fig 3．Circuit diagram of one channel of the preamp．Add 100 to all component numbers for second channel．

## HOW IT WORKS：

The signal from a magnetic cartridge is fed to the base of Q1 via a low pass filter （R2 and C1）for attenuation of radio requencies．Q1 and Q2 form a differential pair，each half operating at low collector curent mifferential pair is taken from the collector of 01 and further amplified by Q3．Feedback is taken to the base of O2 Q3．Feedback is take the differential pair， through the RIAA equalisation network． Overall gain of the phono stage is set by the ratio of the feedback network imped－ ance to the value of R6
Subsonic bass roll－off of 6 dB ／octave，to conform to the new IEC 65 specification， is achieved by a high pass filter consisting of C8 and RV2．
Output from the disc preamplifier is then fed via the Source Switch（SW5）， Tape－Source switch（SW6），R15 and the volume control（RV2），to an emitter fol－ lower，Q4．This emitter follower presents a high impedance for the aux inputs and a

## SPECIFICATION～PREAMP

| Distortion | ． $0.015 \%$ at 1 kHz <br> $0.015 \%$ at 10 kHz <br> （For all inputs，with 500 mV RMS output－distortion is mainly 2 nd harmonic）． | Output | ． $7 \vee \mathrm{p}$－p before clipping |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Tape output． | ． 150 mV RMS |
|  |  | Sensitivity | For 500 mV RMS output phono： 3 mV RMS other： 150 mV RMS |
| Hum and Noise | 83 dB unweighted （With respect to 10 mV phono input）． |  | （Phono overload level is $400 \mathrm{mV} \mathrm{p-p}$ ）． |
|  |  | Tone controls | Bass：$\pm 13 \mathrm{~dB}$ at 50 Hz Treble：$\pm 11 \mathrm{~dB}$ at 10 kHz |
| Frequency Response | ．Phono： <br> Within 0.5 dB of RIAA from 20 Hz to 20 kHz （Follows new IEC curve）． | Filters． | High： $6 \mathrm{~dB} /$ octave， -3 dB at 5 kHz <br> Low： 6 dB ／octave， <br> -3 dB at 100 Hz |
|  | Other inputs： <br> 20 Hz to $20 \mathrm{kHz} \pm 0.5 \mathrm{~dB}$ | Loudness． | 8 dB boost at 15 kHz and 10 kHz ． |
|  | Subsonic rolloff： <br> $6 \mathrm{~dB} /$ octave below 20 Hz | Mute switch | ． 20 dB attenuation |

When switched in, the loudness network boosts the high and low frequencies with respect to the midrange. In actual act, all frequencies are attentuated but he loudng is itenuated more. When hproximates impera out, R16 work. Mut
Muting is achieved by switching R14 to earth. The ratio of R14 to R13 sets the attentuation to 20 dB . C11 shunts high requencies to earth for high cut, while Cl0 reduces low frequency content when witched in, providing low cut.
A second emitter follower, Q5, present: a constant impedance source to the tone control stage.
A Baxandall tone stage is used here, a common circuit in many designs. Q6 is a gain stage with a bootstrapped collector oad, via C28, to the output. Bootstrapping increases the gain by increasing the ffective collection load impedance, Q7 is an emitter follower connected directly to the collector of Qb. This provides a very on from the output. sen from the output.
恠 ow frequencies by Rplit into high and adjusting the controls the percentage of the input to the negative feedback signal appearing at the base of Q6 can be varied, thereby varying the overall gain of the amplifier at either high or low frequencies. The gain of the tone stage is set by the ratio of R37 to R38. As R38 is reduced in value the negative feedback is reduced and therefore the overall gain is increased.
To preserve the very low output mpedance of the pre-amplifier the balange control is placed ahead of, rather Pan after, the tone stage.
Power supply filtering and decoupling provided reapacitors and resistors in each rail.

## Construction - Preamplifier

Assemble the PCB as per the overlay, checking carefully the polarity of all semiconductor and polarised components. Only attempt to wire the board to the chosen controls once you are satisfied that all is well. Check VERY thoroughly as mistakes now will cause quite


## Above: the finished preamplifier unit

 Below: the PCB some way into construction.

Use only good quality screened audio cable for wiring between controls and board and keep the runs as short as you can. As there is no mains within the enclosure hum should not be a problem.

The PSU similarly is relatively simple to put together, but watch that mains wiring and make SURE the case is earthed. We used cannon connection for DC output. If you wish to fit mains outlets to power ancillary units, add them to this box, but watch the rating of the switch if it is to control everything.

When switching on don't forget the 'de-thump' circuit which will cause an agonising silence for severa seconds after switch on!

## Construction - Power Amps

All components are mounted on a PCB - including the output devices This method of construction is recommended. The module has been
designed so that it is mechanically simple to assemble, much simpler than our ETI 480 module

Firstly, assemble and solder all the components on to the printed circuit board with the exception of Q12. Q1 3 (the output Darlingtons) and Q8. Carefully observe the polarity of all the electrolytic capacitors and orientation of the transistors.

The board is mounted hard against the heatsink using small right-angle brackets. Be careful to avoid shorting the ends of the one ohm emitter resistors, R15-19 and R20-24, to the brackets

If the module is to be mounted in a chassis the bottom (copper) side o the board should be 25 mm above the bottom of the heatsink. This will allow the use of 25 mm spacers to support the 'input' end of the board (furthest from the heatsink).

Once the board is attached to the heatsink the output Darlingtons, Q11 and 13, and 08 may be mounted Insert them in the board and then press them back against the heatsink to form their leads to the right shape. Do not solder their leads yet.

Smear heat conducting compound on either side of the mica insulators (don't use too much though) and. insert these between the devices and the heatsink

Assemble the washers and mounting bolts for these, finally checking with an ohm-meter that there is not a short circuit between the metal tags (collectors) of the devices and the heatsink

The input connection to the module is via a length of shielded cable soldered directly between C 1 and the board common.

The power supply and speaker connection are soldered directly to -


Fig 4. Component overlay for the pre-amp section of the 4000. Links $X$ and $Y$ are screened cable links to the 'phono' input of the selector.

| PAPTS LTS |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Preamplifier |  | CAPACITORS |  |
|  |  | C1 | 100p ceramic |
| RESISTORS - all $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W} 5 \%$ |  | C2, 3, 7, 22, 24 | 100u 25V |
|  |  | C4. 14 | 3 n 3 polyester |
| R 1. 5 | 47k | C5, 10 | 10 n polyester |
| R2. 9 | 1 k | C6, 26 | 22 p ceramic |
| R3, 4 | 5 k 6 | C8, 16 | 220 n polyester |
| R6 | 470 R | C9, 27, 28 | 10 u 25 V |
| R7 | 22k | C11, 20 | 2 n 2 polyester |
| R8 | 390k | C12. 13 | $33 n$ polyester |
| R10, 31, 36, 37 | 2k2 | C15, 17, 25 | 1 l 25 V tantalum |
| R11, 12, 21, 22, 35 | 220k | C18. 19 | $47 n$ polyester |
| R13, 32, 33 | 10k | C21. 23 | 100 n polyester |
| R14 | 1k5 | C29 | 220 u 25 V |
| R15, 23, 26 | 4 k 7 |  |  |
| R16 | 8k2 |  |  |
| R17-20 | 15 k | SEMICONDUCTORS |  |
| R24, 25 | 120 R | Q1, 2, 4-7 | BC109, BC549 |
| R27 | 220 R | 03 | BC179, BC559 |
| R28. 29 | 12k | LED | TIL 220 or similar |
| R30 | 6 k 8 |  |  |
| R34 | 820k |  |  |
| R38 | 390 R | SWITCHES ; see text) |  |
|  |  | SW1-4, 6 | DPDT toggle |
|  |  | SW5 | 2 pole 4-way rotary |
|  |  |  | (screened) |
| RV1 | 50k lin | SW7 | SPDT toggle |
| RV2 | 50 k dual log |  |  |
| RV4 | 100 k dual lin |  |  |
|  | $25 k$ dual lin . | PCB, case, phono soc and bolts etc. | screened cable, spacers nuts |
|  | Add 100 to component numbers for other channel |  |  |

Note: the PCB foil patterns for this project can be obtained from ETI offices at 145 Charing Cross Road, London WC2. The pre-amp PCB is far too large to print. The power and module appears with the rest of the foil patterns later in the issue.
the appropriate copper lands on the underside of the board

The 'earthy' side of the speaker must be returned directly to the zero volt connection of the power supply, as close to the filter capacitors as possible (preferably direct to the negative terminal). Do not connect this side of the speaker to the amplifier board.

## Setting Up

Once the amplifier has been assembled and carefully checked, the bias current for the output devices must be set. Remove the fuses, F1 and F2 and connect a 100 ohm resistor across each fuse holder. Remove any input signal. Connect the power supplies and measure the voltage drop across each of these resistors. Adjust the trim pot RV1 for a reading of 2 V 5 across each resistor. This corresponds to a bias current of 25 mA . The reading should be nearly the same across each resistor. Next check that there is no DC voltage across the output terminals.

If the reading across each of the resistors cannot be adjusted, or if there is a DC voltage across the output greater than one volt then there is a fault and the fuses should not be inserted.

If all is well, remove the two resistors and insert the fuses. Connect the speaker and away you go


## Power Supply

A completely separate PSU is used for each channel, as the performance is thus greatly improved at what amounts to a small cost increase

Assemble both the PSUs first and test thoroughly before connection to the power amps. Make sure that within the common enclosure the actual amplifiers are well screened from the mains carrying circuits. See photos for guidance.

DO NOT use DIN louds̀peaker plugs for the output. Screw down terminals are all we would recommend, fastened as tightly as your fingers will allow! The amplifier itself is stable into any load, and so special cable CAN be used, but quite frankly RS 20A is just as good subjectively and neither as expensive nor as awkward to drive. A better deal all around.

Above: the rear end of the 4000
system. Note the use of Cannon connectors for power.

Right: fitting the power amps into the case. Here phono sockets have not been used, and stand-off pillars are employed to match up to the heatsinks cut into the side of the case.


## BUYLINES

The cases chosen for the Audiophile amplifier was obtained from West Hyde Development (see below for address) from their CLASSIC 2 range, order as CL2 CDL (preamp case) CL2 CGL (amplifier case), CL2 AES (preamp PSU case).
The following items are available from Watford Electronics:-
TIP 142, TIP 147.
Hi-fi type switches, type TS14, TS15.

Preamp transformer 15-0-15 type 749. Amplifier module transformer 30-0-30 at 2 A (also available from Electrovalue, type GP602).
All other components used are readily available from major stockists that advertise in this issue.

West Hyde Development, Unit 9, Park St., Industrial Estate, Aylesbury, Bucks. HP20 1ET.


Fig 5. (Above) power output disto rtion for the Audiophile 4000 power amplifier.

Right: inside story of the pre-amp supply casing


Fig 6 (above) circuit diagram for the power amplifier and de-thump sections of the Audiophile

## HOW IT WORKS

Both supplies are fairly standard circuits. The pre-amp PSU uses IC regulators to achieve good stabilisation. The capacitors C3, C4 on the output arc to prevent interference reaching the pre-amp rails.

The power amp PSU incorporates two massive smoothing capacitors C3, 4. These should not be reduced in value. Indeed if the case chosen - and budget -
will allow higher values will show advantages in sound output.

The transistor Ql is part of an 'antithump' circuit which functions thus: as the power rails come up toward voltage, capacitor C5 charges via R2. Q1 conducts and pulls in RLAl thereby connecting the loudspeakers.

fig (below) pre-amp power supply circuit.

Fig 8 (above) component overiay for bridge rectifier and de-thump circuitry.
Above right: the finished article
Fig 9 (below) component overlay for the pre-amp supply.



PARTS LIST

## PRE-AMP SUPPLY

CAPACITORS

| C1, 2 | 1000 u 35 V |
| :--- | :--- |
| C3. | 470 n polyester |
| C5, 6 | 10 u 25 V tantalum |
|  |  |
| SEMICONDUCTORS |  |
| D1.4 | 1 N 4001 |
| IC 1 | 7815 |
| IC2 | 7915 |
| LED | TIL220 |
|  |  |
| MISCELLANEOUS |  |
| SW1 | DPDT mains |
| FSI | 500 mA |
| TRI | $20-0-20 \mathrm{~V}$ secondary |
| PCB and hardware, case etc |  |
| R1 | $1 \mathrm{k} 1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}$ |

POWER AMP SUPPLY
CAPACITORS

| C1 | $33 n$ | $240 V A C$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| C2.5 | $47 u$ | $63 V$ |
| C3. 4 | 15000 | $63 V$ |


| SEMICONDUCTORS |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| D1.4 | 1N5408 |
| D5 | 1N4004 |
| Q1 | BC548 |
| LED | TIL220 |

MISCELLANEOUS
R1 470R 1 W , R2 $47 \mathrm{k} 1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}$., T1 $30-0-30$ secondary, FS1/2 2A quick blow. RLA 12 pole changeover 12 V coil 2 A contacts, R3 2K2 1W.

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## What to look for in the November issue: on sale October 5th

## TECH TIPS SPECIAL

Tech Tips has always been one of the most popular features of ETI. We're certainly not short of contributions. We thought it was about time we gave Tech Tips the deluxe treatment it deserves. Next month we have an 8 -page Tech Tips Special - 8 pages of your ingenious suggestions for circuit designs

## TV GAMES UNIT

Hooked on telly tennis or football? We've been carrying out some in-depth testing of (playing with) a TV games unit for you to build

You can play pin-ball, break-out and solo target basketball. The target basketball game is particularly difficult as you not only have to stop the ball falling off the bottom of the screen, but also press a button to shoot it up towards the target at the same instant as it hits your bat

Break-out proved to be the star of the system. You gradually knock bricks out of the wall until your ball breaks through and hits the rear wall. It bounces back at break-neck speed and - shock, horror - your bat has shrunk to half size. If you manage to clear the screen, another wall springs up.

The sneaky part is that when you reset the unit, the last score is also displayed on the screen along with your current score. So, of course you have to beat your last score - even if you have to play all night. It's addictive.



## GOT A LEAKY MICROWAVE OVEN?

You don't know, do you. If you use a microwave oven a lot, you'll naturally want to know how much radiation is leaking out to your kitchen. If you glow in the dark, you've got a good idea already.

To put your mind at rest, build our microwave oven leak detector. It couldn't be simpler

## KEEP YOUR ROLLING STOCK UNDER CONTROL

We present the ultimate in train controllers. Need something to do on the long winter nights? Do your train set proud with the latest miracle from our design team's secret development lab. - somewhere in Charing Cross Road.

The central control unit gives you exceptionally fine speed control without the overheating problems you can expect from inferior designs. There's a built-in track cleaner to strip nasty oxides from the track and you can choose either conventional or push-button control

OK, so now you've got the train trundling along on gleaming rails, but how do you tell it where to go? A capacitor discharge unit allows you to control up to 16 sets of points or relays.

If you prefer to put your feet up while bringing the 8.10 to a graceful halt, there's even a two-wire hand controller that lets you control four complete systems (tracks) and shows you which set of points is selected for switching.

Full details of this major model railway project will be in the November issue of ETI

# THE LM10~ APPLICATIONS 

Following on from last month's introduction, Ray Marston takes a closer look at the revolutionary LM10 amplifier, and comes up with a whole stack of practical applications.

THE LM10 IS A REVOLUTIONARY new type of operational amplifier device that is capable of operating from single ended supplies with voltages as low as IV1 to as high as 40 V . As can be seen from Figure 1, the device contains an op-amp, a precision 200 mV band-gap voltage reference, and a reference amplifier, all housed in an 8 -pin package. We introduced basic details of the LM10 in the last edition of ETI.


Fig. 1. connections.
In this month's article we take a look at a whole stack of practical application circuits of the LM 10.

## Voltage Regulator Circuits

The LM10 is, because of it's built-in precision voltage reference and op-amp, ideally suited to use in voltage regulator applications. Figures 2 to 9 show a few practical circuits of this type.

Fig. 2. The built-in reference and amplifier are used to generate a 200 mV to 20 volt potential that is fed to the input of the op-amp, which is configured as a voltage follower and boosts the available output current to about $\mathbf{2 0} \mathbf{~ m A}$.
dy



Fig 3: the reference and amplifier produce a fixed 20 volts, which is fed to pot RV1. The op-amp and 01 are configured as a voltage follower, which boost the $\mathbf{0 - 2 0}$ volts output to current levels up to several hundred milliamps.


Fig 4: the op-amp input is derived directly from the 200 mV reference, to give a 5 volt output. Fig 5: the op-amp input is derived from a $0-200 \mathrm{mV}$ reference, to give a 0.5 volt output.



Figures 6 and 7 show how the LM 10 can be used in the "floating" mode, to generate high output voltages. Note in both of these circuits that the IC is used in the 'shunt' mode, with load resistor R3, and that only a few volts are developed across the LM10 itself.


The LM10 can be used in a wide variety of voltage, current, and resistance-sensitive fault-indicator circuits with audible or visual outputs. Figures 10 to 23 show examples of circuits of this type.

In Figures 10 to 17 circuits, the op-amp is used as a simple voltage comparator, with its output feeding to either a LED indicator or an audible warning device via a suitable current-limiting resistor.


Figure 8: a simple example of the use of the LM 10 as a 5 volt shunt regulator. Fig 9: how the IC can be made to act as a negative voltage regulator.


Fig 10: over-voltage indicator circuit, the test voltage is fed to the non-inverting terminal of the op-amp, and the trigger reference voltage is produced by the LM 10's voltage reference and reference amplifier and is fed to the non-inverting terminal of the op-amp.


Fig 11 : An alternative approach is used in the over-voltage circuit here. A $\mathbf{2 0 0} \mathbf{~ m V}$ reference is fed to one input terminal of the op-amp and a potential-divided version of the test voltage is fed to the other.


Fig. 12: under-voltage circuit is similar, except that the op-amp input connections are transposed. A feature of both of these circuits is that the LM 10 supply voltage must be greater than the required trigger voltage.


Fig 13 (above): precision under voltage indicator with LED or audible waming. Input sensitivity $\approx 50 \mathrm{k} / \mathrm{v}$.
Fig 14 (below): precision over voltage indicator with LED or audible warning.



Fig 15 (above): precision under current indicator with LED or audible warning device output.


Figures 16 and 17 show precision circuits that can be triggered by any paramters, such as light or temperature levels, that can be sensed by a resistive element. In these circuits, the resistive element forms part of a Wheatstone bridge that is powered from the LM10's voltage reference amplifier, and the output of the bridge is used to activate the comparator-connected op-amp. In the examples shown, the bridge is powered from a 2V2 source.


## Remote Amplifiers And 2-Wire Transmitters

One of the most interesting aspects of the LM10 is its suitability for use in remote-amplifier and 2 -wire transmitter applications. The device has an output current drive capacity that is a couple of orders of magnitude greater than the devices quiescent current value, and has excellent supply-rejection characteristics. Consequently, the device can operate quite happily with its output terminal shorted to one or other of it's supply terminals, in which case the supply leads can be used to carry both supply and output signal currents.


Fig 18 (above): remote 20dB voltage amplifier for use with inductive or magnetic input devices.


Fig 19(above): remote 40 dB voltage amplifier.
Figures 18 to 21 show examples of remote linear amplifiers or 2 -wire analogue transmitters. The Fig 18 and 19 circuits are suitable for use with low- to medium impedance input devices, such as moving coil or magnetic microphones, etc., and the Fig 20 circuit is suitable for use with high impedance devices such as crystal microphones or vibration sensors, etc. The Fig 21 circuit is suitable for use with resistive sensors.


Fig 20 (above): 20 dB voltage amp for use with high impedance input device.


Fig 21 (above): a two-wire transmitter for use with a variable resistance sensor.

Figures 22 to 26 show the circuits of 2 -level 2 -wire 'fault-indicator' transmitters with either resistor, LED, or transistor outputs at their 'receiver' ends. Figures 25 'to 30 show 2-wire 'fault indicator' transmitters with either fflashing LED or monotone audio outputs.


Fig 22 (above): two wire precision over-voltage transmitter with LED or resistor / transistor output.


Fig 23 (above): under voltage version of Figure 22 circuit.
Fig 24 (below): over current version of basic circuit.



Fig 25 (above): two wire under current transmitter with LED, resistor or transistor output.


Fig 26 (above): two wire precision 'dark' or 'under-temp' transmitter with same basic outputs as previously. Transposing R1 and RV1 makes the circuit act as a 'light' or 'over-temp' alarm.


Fig 27 (above): two wire precision under-voltage transmitter with flashing LED or monotone audio output ( 400 HZ ).


Fig 28 (above): over-voltage transmitter - output options on Fig 27.


Fig 29 (above): under-current transmitter - output options as Fig 27.

Fig 30 (below): over-current transmitter - output options as Fig 27.


## Meter Amplifier Circuits

To conclude this look at applications of the LM 10, Figures 31 to 33 show a variety of ways of using the device as a moving-coil meter amplifier.


Fig 31: the op-amp is used as a simple non-inverting amplifier, and increases the meter sensitivity by a factor of about 100. This circuit has no 'set null' facility, and can give no indication of reverse-connected signals. The modified circuit of Fig 32 (below) does not suffer from this defect.


Fig 33 (below) how the basic Fig 32 circuit can be adapted for use as a four-range DC millivoltmeter. Note that these meter circuits are powered from a 1 V 5 cell! Not bad for an op-amp.


53

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# REACTION TIMER 

## Check your reflexes with this ingenious project

WHILE WE HAVE published reaction timers before, the feature which makes this unit unique is that it gives a random time interval between tests. This prevents anticipation causing a shorter than actual reaction time. As the prototype was built on veroboard and used 9 TTL packages plus two of the nice (and expensive) HP displays (which have the decoder on board), we decided that at least one PCB was required.

On looking at the logic involved, we saw it could be simplified without any change in operation and with the use of CMOS the power supply is less critical than with TTL.

## Operation

If the unit has not been used for more than 30 seconds the display will be blank. Pressing the button and releasing it will initiate operation. When the display comes on again it will start counting from zero until the button is pressed. It should be held depressed while the time (in hundredths of seconds) is read. Releasing the button blanks the display for a random time before it comes on again, counting from zero for a second test. If the button is not pressed the display will blank after about 30 seconds to conserve power - no on/ off switch is required.

## Construction

We will describe only the electrical side of the project, leaving the housing details to individual tastes.

Assemble the PCB with the aid of the overlay in Fig. 1. Start assembly with the resistors, diodes and the four links. The 555 should now be fitted and soldered, followed by the other ICs. These are all CMOS and their pins should not be handled more than is necessary. As an added precaution, solder the power rails first (pins 7 and 14 on ICs 8 and 16) using an earthed soldering iron. The rest of the components can now be assembled.


## SPECIFICATION

Reaction time
Delay between tests
Power reuiqrements

0 to 0.99 seconds
$1 / 2$ to 10 seconds (random)
4 to 12 volts DC
@ 50 mA (display on)
@ 1.9 mA (display off)

## BUYLINES

Suitable displays for this project can be obtained from any of the large semiconductor suppliers advertising in this magazine. People like Technomatic, Marshalls, Maplin, etc. Most will stock all components needed.

Fig. 1. Circuit diagram.

IC5 IS 4001
PIN 14 IS +6V
PIN 7 IS OV
D1-D4 ARE 1N914

PINS 3,4,5,6,7, \& 8 ON IC6 ARE


## HOW IT WORKS

The unit is basically an oscillator, ICl, clocking two decade counters (i.e. 100), with their outputs being decoded by IC2 and IC3 and displayed on the LED displays. Control of the oscillator and displays is done by IC 5 and IC6.
When the push-button is activated, IC6 is reset so that pin 13 is " 0 " and pin 12 is " 1 ". Also, a " 1 " is applied to the latches in the decoders (IC2, 3) so that the number presented to the decoders at that instant is stored. It also applies a " 1 " to pin 12 of IC5c, forcing its output low. As there is a " 0 " on pin 13 of IC6, the diode D3 brings the voltage on pin 8 of IC5d low. Two "lows" on these gates (NOR) make the output go high. As the output of this gate controls blanking (" 0 " = dark), the display will be on.
The push-button also (yes, it does a lot) causes the 555 oscillator to run at about 50 kHz . The oscillator clocks the counter ICs - they are completely cycled 500 times per second.
When the button is released, the oscillator frequency drops to about 10 Hz . The display blanks as IC5c now has both zeros on its input, a " 1 " on its output and hence a " 0 " in the output of 1 C5d. The latches in the decoder ICs also
open, although counting cannot be seen as the display is blanked

After about $1 / 2 \mathrm{sec}$ the voltage on the reset input of IC13 (pin 10) falls below the threshold level, allowing it to be toggled by the clock input (pin 11). As when the push-button was released, the counters (IC4) could have started at any count, the time until the voltage on pin 14 of IC4 goes low is random. The delay on the reset line going low is to prevent IC6 from being toggled too soon.
When IC6 is toggled (after $1 / 2 \mathrm{sec}$ to 10 sec ), pin 13 goes high and pin 12 low. IC5a now has two lows on its input giving a " 1 " on its output. This raises the oscillator frequency to 100 Hz . The " 1 " now on pin 13 of IC5c gives a " 0 " on pin 9 of IC5d and a " 1 " on pin 10. This brings the display back on. As IC6 can only be toggled on the overflow of IC4, the display comes on at the zero count.

The display continues counting up at 100 Hz until the button is pressed, freezing the display to indicate reaction time. The whole thing is then repeated.
If the button is not pressed for more than 30 sec the voltage on pin 8 of IC5d will go above the high threshold, forcing the output low and thus blanking the display.

## PARTS LIST

| RESISTORS | all $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W} 5 \%$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| R1, 4-17 | 1 k |
| R2 | 330 k |
| R3 | 4 M 7 |
| R18, 20 | 1 M |
| R19 | 10 k |
|  |  |
| POTENTIOMETERS |  |
| RV1 | 500 k trimmer |
|  |  |
| CAPACITORS |  |
| C1 | 22 n polyester |
| C2,4 | 33 l 16 V tantalum |
| C3 | 1 u 16 V tantalum |
|  |  |
| SEMICONDUCTORS |  |
| IC1 | 555 |
| IC2,3 | 4511 |
| IC4 | 4513 |
| IC5 | 4001 |
| IC6 | 4013 |
| D1-3 | 1 N 914 |
| DISP1, 2 | SEL 521 or |
|  | similar "jumbo" LED |

MISCELLANEOUS
PCB, box to suit, push to make pushbutton 6 V battery and holder


DISPLAY 2 DISPLAY 1


BATTERY
Fig. 2. Component overlay of the reaction timer.

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## audiophile

## Competition results, a new amplifier manufacturer and a totally new concept in loudspeaker design. Ron Harris considers ...

MANY THANKS to all the readers who entered the Audiophile competition a while back.

Entries ranged from outright unprintable (but mostly hilaraious) to outright obscure. All but displayed a wit of which Oscar Wilde would have been proud. In consequence I chose four runners-up all of whom will be receiving copies of Top Projects No 7 as some consolation.

The winning entries are given below. Mr Percival's triumphant ditty first:-


[^4]"Complete home entertainment for the discerning amateur." S. GILLBARD

DYLOE
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Well done one and all

Now all I want is someone to offer ME a chance to enter a competition, with dinner at San Martinos with Felicity Kendal as the prize.

## Quantum Jump

Formation of new audio companies is always good to see. Quantum Electronics is a new name in the DIY amplifier market, being an off-shoot in both personnel and (developed) product from another VERY well known module manufacturer.

Quantum sell kits in the main, but will supply ready built units upon request. In kit form the amps arrive as tested PCBs metwork and output transistors. Couldn't be easier really. The pre-amp is of the 'Naim' species lacking tone controls and other frills.

Assembly of any of the range seems to consist of bolting in all the bits and wiring up inputs and outputs to the PCBs.


There are four amplifier variations and two pre-amps (moving coil and 'normal'). Prices range from $£ 67.81$ for the (mono) 45W P 1 up to a mere £99 for the stereo 110 W P4. RMS of course.

Tests will be under way soon, and Audiophile readers will hear the results very shortly I hope. Meanwhile if you're interested Quantum are existing at Stamford House, 1A Stamford Street, Leicester - from which the eagle-eyed will be able to infer which module company Quantum is sired by!

## Speaker Speaker

The following is from a letter I received from a reader named Mr H. Lipschutz. It outlines a brand new form of loudspeaker design he has pioneered (no pun - honest) and makes very interesting reading indeed.

Anyone - manufacturers for example - wishing to contact Mr Lipschutz can do so c/o Audiophile.

## Description

The low frequency output of a speaker does not depend on size of box but on size of cone area. This can be quadrupled for a given size of box by mounting drivers in the four usually unused side walls. The combined increase in efficiency due to this, and the direct coupling of low-cost power-ICs to each driver from a common electronic cross-over/ 12 db per octave attenuator (to attenuate excess output at higher frequency), is traded off against loss due to operating woofer below resonance frequency, while medium/high frequency driver(s) are operated above resonance frequency. Thus neither is influenced by resonance effects. Cost of multiple drivers and ICs is saved on box and usual cross-over.

Result is: Small box, but output equal to unit several times its size.
There is no getting away from the fact that loudspeaker development, in terms of distortion, efficiency, and size, is well behind the rest of the hi-fi chain, even if the better speakers sound quite 'nice.' It is debatable which of the parameters needs improving most, but I decided that to reduce size without impairment of the other parameters would be a good start, especially as most buyers of hi-fi speakers would prefer the convenience of small size when given the choice, provided everything else was equal or even better than other speakers.

I therefore decided to develop such a speaker. As the problem of size is normally associated with the woofer and its box, my approach was concentrated upon that area.

To avoid cancellation of the pressure waves front and rear, bass drivers have to be enclosed in a box, the size of which is normally governed by
a) the requirements of resonance of the system as a whole, and
b) the cone area, which ideally should increase in line with the increase in wavelength towards the lower bass.

As below 125 Hz sound directivity is minimal, it did not matter which way the driver(s) faced; it was therefore possible to increase cone area at least fourfold without increase of box size merely by utilizing four sides of the box. The result - a considerable improvement in efficiency. The enclosure comes into its own mainly when used as a resonator, when it is intended to use resonance in order to boost output at a particular frequency, usually the lowest for which the system was designed.
This, however, required large size, which was therefore decided by the laws of physics. While it is convenient to use resonance of the systems for this particular purpose, it is not necessarily the only, or best way.
It has been stated in a number of textbooks and magazines that it is for all practical purposes impossible to force a great deal of electrical power into a speaker from an amplifier at frequencies below.their main resonance, and that vastly greater distortion is produced below this resonant frequency, as well as speakers becoming very inefficient at generating sound output, so that normal designs suffer a great drop in output just where a peak is required, and distort badly as well.
This, however, is not the result of physical laws per se, but due to the limitations of the particular design. Clearly the normal bookshelf air suspension design with its 'enormous' 8 -inch driver, and design resonance at approx. 75 Hz would attain maximum cone excursion at this very same frequency, caused and helped by resonance of the system. In order to move correspondingly further in and out, which it cannot do without hitting its end-stops, quite apart from the fact that in its work to compress and rarefy the enclosed air it now does not get any help from the effects of resonance.

If, however, it is designed to attain its maximum excursion at 32 Hz , regardless of whether it is helped to do so by resonance effects or not, then this is a different matter, although its movement at resonance, now being far too much, would have to be controlled. This can be done most conveniently by making the box so small that system resonance falls above the cross-over point, i.e. above, say, 125 Hz .
Accordingly a speaker with these features was built, with quadrupled cone area, utilizing four sides of the box, active cross-over before the amplifier, in order to avoid power loss in the usual passive cross-over; and the gain in acoustical efficiency traded off against the absence of the usual gain from resonance, with the cross-over frequency at 125 Hz , and a roll-off of 12 dB per octave towards the high endin order to compensate for the increase in output due to the large cone area compared to the smaller wavelength towards 125 Hz .
The result was a speaker of similar efficiency to a transmission line speaker of 10 times its volume with the additional advantage of quadrupled voice-coils (connected in series/parallel) affording four times the heat dissipation capabilities of comparable normal designs, and therefore increased output reserve.

Furthermore, since the 'box' only consisted of not much more than a frame for the four drivers, it was extremely cheap and simple, and quite stiff as well.
Ideally each driver should be driven by its own amplifier.
In listening tests, compared to highly recommended professional monitor speakers, every listener so far has preferred the sound of the prototype, thus proving that the size reduction did not result in loss in any other parameter.
This principle has meanwhile been further developed, and patents are pending for new types of drivers, which permit an increased efficiency estimated to be more than tenfold over conventional systems, thus making possible the design of a speaker which combines small size, extended bass and very high efficiency design parameters which until now have been considered to be mutually contradictory.
It is intended to follow this development with the construction of an advanced speaker, in which distortion and linearity is improved likewise by a factor of ten at least, thus bringing it more in line with the quality of the other links of the audio chain.

Provis. Patent applied. H. Lipschutz

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ETI

# DESIGNER'S NOTEBOOK 

## Another look at the notebook of ETI's chief design engineer, project editor Ray Marston.

THERE ARE MANY occasions when the electronics design engineer needs one or two basic gates in a circuit and is faced with the possibility of having to wastefully commit an entire IC to this simple function. Alternatively, it may be the case that the inputs to a gate come from such widely separated points of a circuit that the use of an IC in a particular application will result in an excessively complicted PCB layout. In both of these instances, a simple diode gate may offer an ideal solution to the problem

Figure 1 shows the practical circuit of a 3-input diode OR gate. The circuit is simple, reasonably fast, very cost-effective, and can readily be expanded to accept any number of inputs by merely adding one more diode to the circuit for each new input.


Fig. 1. The diode OR gate is simple but efficient. It can be expanded to accept any number of inputs by adding extra diodes.

The diode OR gate can be converted to a NOR type by either feeding its output through an NPN transistor inverting stage, as shown in Fig 2 a , or by feeding it's output through any type of IC inverting stage that happens to be 'spare' in the circuit that you are playing with, as shown in Fig 2b.

Figure 3 shows the connections for making a 3 -input diode AND gate. The circuit can again be expanded to accept virtually any number of inputs by simply adding an appropriate number of diodes.


Fig. 2. The diode OR gate can be converted to a NOR type by feeding its output through a transistor (a) or IC (b) inverting stage.


Fig. 3. The circuit of a 3 -input AND gate. The number of inputs can be increased by adding extra diodes.

The AND gate can be converted to a NAND type by feeding it's output through a PNP transistor or an IC inverting stage, as shown in Figures 4a and 4b respectively.


Fig. 4. The diode AND gate can be converted to a NAND type by feeding its output through a transistor (a) or IC (b) inverting stage.

## Linear Operation Of Diode Gates

Diode AND and OR gates can give very useful performances when one or more of their inputs are operated in the linear mode. Figures 5 and 6 show two useful ways of using the 2 -input diode OR gate in linear applications.

In the case of the Figure 5 circuit, in which analogue voltages are applied to both of the input terminals, the output of the circuit is (ignoring a diode volt drop of about 600 mV ) equal to the greater of the two input voltages.

Figure 6 shows what happens when a pulse signal is fed to one input of the OR gate and an analogue voltage is fed to the other. The output signal comprises a pulse with


Fig. 5. When a diode OR gate is used in the linear mode, Vout equals the greater of the inputs.


Fig. 6. The effect of feeding a pulse to one input and a DC voltage to the other input of a 2 -input diode OR gate.
a peak amplitude equal to that of the input pulse, and with a 'zero' value equal to the analogue input voltage.

Figures 7 and 8 show similar circuits based on the 2 -input diode AND gate. In the Fig 7 circuit, where analogue voltages are fed to both inputs, the output is (ignoring a diode volt drop 'gain' of about 600 mV ) equal to the lesser of the two inputs.


Fig. 7. When a diode AND gate is used in the linear mode, Vout equals the lesser of the inputs.


Fig. 8. The effect of feeding a pulse to one input and a DC voltage to the other input of a 2 -input diode AND gate.

In the case of the Fig 8 circuit, where a pulse is fed to one input and an analogue voltage to the other, the output pulse has a peak amplitude equal to that of the analogue input voltage.

## Diode Volt Drops

We've mentioned above that the output of the 'analogue' diode gate may be 'within a diode volt drop' of the input signal. The magnitude of this 'volt drop' depends on the type of diode that is in use, on the magnitude of the diode forward current, and on the temperature of the diode junction. All silicon diodes have a negative temperature coefficient of about $-2 \mathrm{mV} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.

Figures 9 and 10 show typical volt-drop curves for the popular 1 N 4148 and 1 N 4001 silicon diodes at $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. The graph of Fig. 9 spans the current range 0.1 to 1 mA , and the graph of Fig. 10 spans the range 1 mA to 50 mA .


Fig. 9. Volt-drop curves for 1 N4001 and 1 N4148 diodes over the 0.1 mA to 1 mA current range.


Fig. 10. Volt-drop curves for 1 N4001 and 1 N4148 diodes over the 1 mA to 50 mA current range.


Fig. 11. A simple but useful constant-current generator.

Note that the 1 N4148 volt drop typically ranges from 519 mV at 0.1 mA to 874 mV at 50 mA , compared to the 1 N 4001 's range of 441 mV at 0.1 mA to 744 mV at 50 mA .

A point of particular note about the 1 N4001 curve is that it's volt drop of 714 mV at 25 mA increases by only a fraction over $4 \%$ (to 744 mV ) when the current is doubled, to 50 mA . In other words, the diode has a voltage-to-current coefficient of about $.04 \% / \%$ in this current range. The diode can thus be used as a reasonably stable voltage reference at these current levels, but has a negative temperature coefficient of about $-0.3 \% /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.

## A Constant Current Generator

Figure 11 shows how the above mentioned voltage reference' characteristics of the 1 N4001 can be put to good use in a simple constant-current generator circuit that can be used for re-charging Ni -Cad cells or for linearly
charging large capacitors, etc. Here, two 1 N4001's are wired in series and operated at a current level of roughly 50 mA . Consequently, the voltage across $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{x}}$ is equal to the volt drop of the two diodes minus the base-emitter volt of Q1 (about 700 mV ), which gives an $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{x}}$ voltage of about 700 mV . The emitter (and hence collector) current of Q1 is thus approximately $700 / \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{x}} \mathrm{mA}$.

To give an idea of the magnitudes of things, an Rx value of $1 R 2$ gives an output current of about 600 mA , 3R9 gives about 200 mA , and 6R8 gives about 100 mA . All in all, a simple but very useful circuit.

## Diode Protection Circuits

To wrap up this edition of 'Notebook', let's take a quick look at some diode 'protection' circuits. By 'protection' we mean circuits that are designed to insure devices against irreversible damage, and also circuits that are designed to prevent simple malfunctioning. Figures 12 to 15 show four circuits in this latter category.


Fig. 12. An example of the use of a diode to rapidly discharge a timing capacitor when the power supply connection is broken.


Fig. 13. A modification in the use of a capacitor discharge diode.

In the case of Fig 12, we have a basic time constant circuit in which a rising voltage with a time constant of about 100 seconds is developed across C1 each time

SW1 is closed. This voltage may be used to activate some additional circuitry. The problem is that once C1 has charged up, it has no means of rapidly discharging again (resetting) once SW1 is opened. If there is a load in parallel with the C-R network, as shown dotted in the diagram, C1 will of course discharge via R1 and the load, but then has a very long (greater than 100 seconds) time constant.

An easy way round this problem is to connect a discharge diode in parallel with R1, as shown in Figs 12 and 13. If there is a low-impedance load in parallel with the C-R betwork, a current-limiting resistor must be wired in series with the discharge diode, as shown in Fig 12. If there is no load in parallel with the C-R network, then an artifical load must be provided to complete the discharge path, as shown in Fig 13.

Figures 14 and 15 show two basic variations of the above circuits, in which the $C$ and $R$ networks are configured to give a falling output voltage across R1 Circuit operation should be self-evident.


Fig. 14. A basic variant of the Fig. 12 circuit.


Fig. 15. A basic variant of the Fig. 13 circuit.

Finally, Figures 16 and 17 show ways of using diodes to protect two types of transistor circuit from destructive damage. Figure 16 shows how to protect a pulse-driven common-emitter amplifier that has a highly inductive collector load, such as a transformer or a relay coil. Very high back EMF's can be generated by inductive loads, and can easily be sufficient to destroy transistor junctions. In the diagram, D1 prevents the collector of Q 1 from being driven above the positive supply rail value by these back EMF's and D2 prevents it from being driven below the zero-volts value.


Fig. 16. An example of the use of diodes to protect a pulse-driven common emitter amplifier with an inductive collector load.


Fig. 17. An example of the use of diodes to protect the complementary emitter follower output stage of a power amplifier that is used to drive an inducting load.

Figure 17 shows how a similar type of protection can be given to the complementary emitter follower output stages of a power amplifier that is used to drive highly inductive loads. This circuit can give good protection to Hi-Fi amplifiers in which the speakers may be inadvertently plugged in at a moment when the amplifier is being hard driven. The protection diodes must have a current rating that is compatible with the inductive (speaker) load.

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## what is a microprocessor?




## Simple Sound to Light Modulator

Trimpots 1 and 2 are adjusted so that, with the maximum voltage to be registered present on the input, 1 V is registered at pin 6 of IC1. Any cheap SCR may be used, and with due reference to the gate current of the SCR, VRx can be calculated R (ohms) $=\mathrm{V} / \mathrm{I}$, where $\mathrm{V}=1 \mathrm{~V}$ and $\mathrm{I}=$ gate current. In setting up, VRx is adjusted in section 1 so that the LED lights up when 1 V is present at pin 6 of IC1. This is repeated in sections 2-10 with VRx being adjusted with 0.9:0.8 .. -0.1 V at pin 6. Any number of sections can be added/ subtracted with due adjustment to VRx. If the supply voltage is changed

## CMOS Mixer

## J. P. Macaulay

Although this circuit employs only one cheap EMOS IC and two transistors it is capable of high quality results. The IC, a 4011, contains four dual input NAND gates. Two of these are used with their inputs connected together to form inverters and biased into the linear mode by means of the feedback resistors, R2. Inputs are applied through the pots RV1/2 and are mixed by the gate to which they are coupled by C1, R1, R3 and C2 Although only two inputs are shown here, the circuit will mix up to four inputs by duplicating the input circuitry.

For clarity only one mixer gate is
shown in the schematic. The other gate, along with all the components to the left of C3 are duplicated on the other channel. The other two gates are used in a touch operated on-off switch.

The plates, which may consist of a small piece of Veroboard with alternate strips linked together and connected to the input of the gate and line respectively, control the output polarity of the gates

When the circuit is turned on, by placing a finger on the touch plate, the output of this gate goes high switching Q2 hard on and supplying the circuit with current. To switch off the other touch plate is touched with the finger. The output then goes low removing the operating current from the circuit. The transistor Q2 gives the circuit a low output impedance and the gain with the input pot at maximum is four.


[^5]
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T. W. Stride

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Vin


Fig. 3
$-15 \mathrm{~V}$

CA3080 is a reasonably noisy device and this can be annoying when large passbands and/or high $Q$ values are being used in the filter. This circuit is for a low noise, high performance transconductance multiplier, which though not cheap, will offer a truly Hi-Fi performance.

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Fig. 2 $-15 \mathrm{~V}$

As can be seen from Fig. 1, the gain of the integrator is controlled by a constant current IC. This current can be provided in two ways, either from a current mirror (Fig. 2) which then makes the circuit an almost exact replacement for the CA3080, or for original equipment designs, from a current source. If it is desired to use this circuit as a replacement for a CA3080 in, for example, the Transcendent 2000 synthesizer, the following modifications are necessary. The integrating capacitor on the output of the 3080 must be replaced with a 10 k resistor and the input attenuator on the above circuit is discarded. The control current that would flow into pin 5 of the 3080 is input to the current mirror and the output current is drawn from the transconductance multiplier (point A).

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COMMANDS
CONT LIST NEW NULL RUN CLEAR DATA
GOTO GOSUB DEF IF GOTO OIM ENO FOR GOTO GOSUB IF GOTO IF THEN INPUT LET REM RESTORE RETURN STOP PRINT REAL
EXPRESSIONS
OPERATORS

1. NOT AND.OR $\rangle\left\langle\rangle\rangle=\left\langle=\right.\right.$ RANGE $10^{32}$ 10 $10^{+32}$

VARIABLES
A.BC. $Z$ and two letler variables
array Strang variables use above names plus $\$ . e .9$ A $\$$

-8K Microsoft Basic means conversion to and from Pet Apple and Sorcerer easy. Many compatible programs already in print
(a) Erases line being typed. then provides carriage return. line feed.

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FUNCTIONS
$\operatorname{ABS}(x)$
$\operatorname{COG}(x)$
ATN (X)
PEEK(1)
$\cos (x)$
$\operatorname{EXP}(X)$
POS(I) RNO (X)
TAB $\|$ TAN

FRE(X) $\quad \operatorname{INT}(X)$
$\operatorname{SGN(X)} \quad \operatorname{SIN}(X)$
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[^3]:    riton manual - detaled circuit description + constructional detals + user documentation on level 4-1 monitor. Basic 4 Listing + listing of 1 k monitor +2 k tiny basic 51 user documentation on level 5 - 1 firmware 61 listing + listing of 5 k momitor and 25 k basic Motherboard Bk Ram and 8 k Eprom construction Motherboard, Bk Ram and $8 k$ Eprom constructional details Triton software Send SAE for list of programs ava

[^4]:    "Oh maid so beautious and so fair,
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