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TURNTABLE NOTES: (c) Hysteresis motor has dynamically balanced rotor and stepped, 3-speed pulley. (d) Neoprene-impregnated seamless belt is ground to uniform thickness ± .0005". (e) Turntable platter individually adjusted to dynamic balance. Weighs 6 lbs., and has dual rim for optimum flywheel effectiveness. (f) Lapped mainshaft rotates in micro-honed bearing-well. Tolerance is less than .0001".

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For descriptive literature, write to:
HiFi/Stereo Review

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Cover photograph by Three Lions Studio
A new era for FM broadcasters and FM listeners began on April 20, when the Federal Communications Commission made its long-awaited decision to authorize a system for transmitting stereophonic program material on FM radio. The system selected, with minor modifications, was the multiplex system proposed by Zenith and General Electric. (Although they were developed independently, the Zenith and General Electric systems are essentially the same.) As of June 1, FM stations will be free to begin stereophonic transmissions on a regular basis.

Although this magazine had previously favored the Crosby system, one of the six that were under consideration by the FCC, it is our understanding that the G.E.-Zenith system is capable of achieving good technical quality. The choice between the systems was undoubtedly a difficult one to make, and at this point, we can only congratulate the FCC on its speed in coming to a decision.

To receive a stereo FM program, the listener who now owns a stereo system that includes an FM tuner need add only a multiplex adaptor. This device separates the transmitted signal into two channels, then mixes the two electronically to produce the right and left stereo channels. FM listeners who do not have an adaptor will continue to receive all FM programs in the customary way. Several companies plan to bring out multiplex adaptors very soon, and initial indications are that these will be priced from about $40 to $100.

We eagerly await the opportunity to hear FM stereo via the new system, and we look forward to the rapid spread of FM stereo facilities over the entire country. Never will we, as music lovers, have had it so good.

Coming Next Month
in HiFi/Stereo Review

TWO STEREO AMPLIFIERS: Part I
A Laboratory Report

A NEW AGE OF MINSTRELSY
By Richard Dyer-Bennet

IS THE THIRD STREAM KILLING JAZZ?
"Yes" by Joe Goldberg  "No" by Nat Hentoff

GETTING THE MOST FROM YOUR AMPLIFIER
By Daniel von Recklinghausen

HiFi/Stereo
Best by
Blindfold Test

THE WIDELY ACCLAIMED TF-3

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Be sure to hear the TF-3 and TF-2...they may well be the "best buy" for you in hi-fi speaker systems. Fine woods...smart styling. For still more moneysaving, unfinished utility models are an intelligent choice...paint, finish or build-in as you choose.
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Kit AS-21M, mahogany, fin. ... $23 dn., $20 mo. .... $229.95

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Kit AS-10M, mahogany fin. ... $6.50 dn., $6 mo. .... $64.95

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Assembled AAW-151...$119.95

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Assembled ADW-40...$119.95

50 Watt Stereo Amplifier
- Hi-Fi rated at 25 watts per channel
- Includes stereo preamps & power amps
- 5 stereo inputs
- Tape head input
- Complete controls
- Stereo speaker outputs
- Mixed-channel center speaker output
- Lighted panel
- Luggage-iran vinyl clad louvered cabinet
Kit AA-100...$31.00, $31.50...$31.50.
Assembled Model AAW-100...$149.95

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Audio Devices Inc., 444 Madison Ave., N.Y. 22, N.Y.
HiFi Soundings

by DAVID HALL

A NEW JOB FOR THE RECORD CLUBS

One well-known fact of life in the record business is that retail dealers tend to concentrate their selling energies on the latest and most hotly publicized releases, whether or not these are artistically the best. Another is that record companies usually withdraw from circulation recordings that do not sell a certain number of copies during a given year. Furthermore, many recordings listed in the Schwann catalog are simply not to be found; the list of such non-obtainable items could be extended at length, and it would include a considerable quantity of worth-while music, much of it recorded by important artists.

The existence of this situation reflects the usual practice among both record dealers and record manufacturers, most of whom limit their basic inventories to recordings that are either new or in steady demand. The unfortunate result is that the many older releases of durable merit are in fact available only by fits and starts, when back orders build up to a point where it becomes worth while to press two or three thousand discs.

Thus the chamber-music enthusiast who wants a copy of, say, a Haydn recording by the Juilliard Quartet had better buy it when he has the chance. If he waits until his dealer’s stock is exhausted, he may have to wait a month—or a year—before he sees it for sale again. For most record shops, whether by their owners’ choice or by force of circumstances, are geared to make best sellers sell better rather than to serve the needs of those listeners who are trying to build carefully chosen libraries that draw on the richness of the whole recorded literature.

Is there any way of resolving this dilemma—a way that would make it economically practicable for record manufacturers to give devotees of fine performance ready access to the classics of recording, whether they date from last year or from as long ago as the mid-1920’s?

There are, of course, such series as Angel’s Great Recordings of the Century and RCA Victor’s Vault Treasures, as well as the somewhat sporadic “The Art of . . .” releases on the Camden label. But it is hard to believe that these projects, admirable though they are, represent in plan any really long-term solution to the problem of keeping permanently available the treasures of the past. True, book publishers have attacked their analogous problem in a way that seems to be working out happily both for them and for the reading public. However, it would be premature, and a little rash, to suggest that all major record companies embark on such wide-scale low-price reissues as those of paperback books.

It seems more likely that the answer lies in the development of a specialty record club—or clubs—comparable in function to such enterprises as the Mid-Century Book Society. The time is ripe, it seems to us, for this powerful medium to be used on behalf of the best music and the best performances of the disc literature rather than that which happens merely to be currently the most popular, fashionable, or prestigious.

Within the past few years, a number of specialty record clubs have met with modest but steady success. Among them are the Louisville Orchestra First Edition Series, devoted to contemporary music; the Library of Recorded Masterpieces, currently specializing in Vivaldi, Corelli, and
THE MOST EXCITING EVENT IN THE HISTORY OF THE RECORDING INDUSTRY!

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recorded at the piano with a feeling and presence
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CLOUDY

Does the music from your high fidelity system sound clouded by noise? Faithful reproduction requires that records be scrupulously clean.

After an exhaustive six-year test of record cleaning products, C. Victor Campos reports in the authoritative American Record Guide: "The only product that I have found which reliably cleans records is the 'Dust Bug', marketed by Electro-Sonic Laboratories (ESL)."

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ESP FOR LISTENING AT ITS BEST
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Haydn; and the Shakespeare Recording Society. More ambitious in scope and closer in its manner of operation to what we have in mind is the newly established Music Guild (111 West 57th St., New York 19, N. Y.), which is engaged in making available from both overseas and domestic sources recordings of major repertoire not otherwise available on American labels (Purcell’s opera The Indian Queen is its pièce de résistance so far). Perhaps the most significant innovation of the Music Guild is its plan to have subscribers cast ballots indicating their preferences for future recordings in the fields of opera, oratorio, orchestral repertoire, and chamber music.

It is intriguing to think how such a plan might work if it were broadened to take in the vast number of meritorious recordings once available but now moldering on tape or on metal masters in storage vaults. Why would it not be possible to establish a specialty record club that, on the basis of membership ballot, could lease deleted or unavailable master recordings from the RCA Victor, E.M.I., British Decca, Deutsche Grammophon, and Concert Hall archives, as well as from independent European catalogs not represented in this country?

A club of this sort might be able to make available in LP format all of the best Wagnerian performances recorded by Lauritz Melchior, Maggie Teyte’s recordings of French art songs, the Brahms violin sonatas played by Adolf Busch and Rudolph Serkin, Virgil Thomson conducting his own Four Saints in Three Acts, all six symphonies of Denmark’s Carl Nielsen, the complete organ works of Olivier Messiaen played by their composer, the lieder and opera recordings of Heinrich Schlusnus—and so on.

Such recordings as these might not sell very well if they were simply offered to the casual across-the-counter shopper, in competition with the latest by Van Cliburn, Eugene Ormandy, David Oistrakh, Birgit Nilsson, and Dietrich Fischer-Dieskau. But they might well make their way, and profitably for all concerned, if presented through a specialty record club, which would bring them to the attention of a truly discriminating and enthusiastic sector of the music-loving and record-buying public. To what extent the major record makers would co-operate in such a scheme must remain for the moment a matter for thoughtful, if not necessarily hopeful, conjecture.
Multiplex Stereo Adapter

WITH EXCLUSIVE

'Stereo Beacon'

You've read the thrilling news that the F.C.C. has finally approved Multiplex Stereo broadcasting on FM! Starting June 1st FM radio stations will be permitted to broadcast multiplex stereo—and FISHER is ready with the adapter you will need to enjoy this remarkable new stereo service!

The FISHER MPX-100 has the exclusive 'Stereo Beacon' that eliminates all confusion — locates the MPX broadcasting station immediately! One of the two jewel lights on the front panel is the 'Stereo Beacon' which flashes brightly whenever the tuning indicator reaches a station that is broadcasting in multiplex stereo! The second jewel light indicates when the unit is in operation. Only FISHER has 'Stereo Beacon!'
Letters to the editor

Bygone Pianists

In Richard Anthony Leonard's article on "The Glorious Age of the Player Piano" (March, 1961), he comments that a player piano could give "an almost perfect illusion of a live performance." Is there not a way of reviving piano-roll performances by famous pianists of the pre-electric era in a manner similar to the "stereo enhancing" technique used by RCA to process old Toscanini recordings?

Granville Ramage
Atlanta, Georgia

About ten years ago, Columbia issued several LP discs of famous pianists and composers taken from Welte piano rolls made at the turn of the century. However, what passed for astonishing realism half a century ago did not prove musically convincing in an age of electronic recording techniques. The piano rolls, for all their technical refinements, lacked the nuance and delicacy to recall the true musical characteristics of the long-gone performers. Re-recordings could, of course, be made in stereo, but that would not make up for the inherent limitations of the piano roll.

Fischer-Dieskau

Thank you and Martin Bernheimer for the excellent article on Dietrich Fischer-Dieskau in your April issue. It was one of the finest stories you have ever done.

One minor point: the generally accepted spelling for the past tense of the verb "to shine" is "shone," not "shown."

Tom Bishop
El Paso, Texas

The Adriatic sun
shown down, shown down
(Let's have a bit of sun)
Brightly on the town—
Spell it how you will,
it rims with moonlight,
Love me for good or ill,
never leave me alone.
We can't be champion spellers,
we only tone down
Clichés of rime-fellers—
the sun shown down
From
Fischer's
bathroom
wall.

Dear HiFi/Stereo Review, I married you for love, and I don't mind if you can't spell.

William B. Thomas
East Lansing
Michigan

Gigolo I

After reading the editorial column in your April issue regarding our Gigolo I speaker system, it would have to be said that your judgment of the product was reached without a thorough and complete investigation of the unit, its raw materials, or its manufacturer.

The price of the Gigolo is made possible only by the direct distribution of the unit from the factory to the consumer, and because of the overwhelming demand that allows the mass production of the product. If the Gigolo was sold through dealers, as are competitive products, there would be a great loss in sales volume, therefore limiting production and increasing original factory cost two or three times, bringing our Gigolo into the price area of other bookshelf speaker systems.

Good evidence of the product's quality is the fact that we have over 20,000 satisfied customers who have purchased the Gigolo in the past four months alone, with virtually no returns—and we offer a money-back guarantee. I am quite sure that there are few companies in our industry who have sold that many units in a four-month period.

Another point you should know is that our facilities cover over 35,000 square feet, and we employ over seventy people in our operation. You will have to agree that we are a reasonably large manufacturer for this industry.

You refer to us as "newcomers," with an over-night accomplishment. In actuality, the Gigolo was sold for over two years before it was offered on a national basis, and A. E. S. has been registered for the past six years with the State of Ohio as a manufacturer of audio equipment. I do not think in an industry that has only been reasonably popular for about ten or twelve years, we can be considered a newcomer.

The reproducer used in the Gigolo is as fine a unit, with as much engineering development and quality control used in its manufacture, as is found in any quality speaker system. The enclosure is made of a newly developed all-wood material, manufactured by America's largest producer of plywood products. This material is being used by people who make some of the industry's most expensive enclosures and systems. Its acoustical quality exceeds that of ply or solid wood. Its density is far greater than plywood. The material is completely free from voids and resists warpage. In short, it makes a far better speaker enclosure than any other type of wood product on the market today. One final point of interest, this material is 20% more expensive than fir plywood, which is used by many of our competitors in their unfinished models.

I do not think that an acoustical design with as much painstaking hours of experimental tests as were conducted to accomplish the Gigolo design should be taken quite so lightly by someone who did not even take the time to run a fair test. As to your personal likes or dislikes of the product, this you are entitled to.

Robert W. Renaudin
President
A. E. S., Inc

Our comments were not intended to denigrate the speaker manufactured by Mr. Renaudin's company, but to call attention to points that we felt our readers might misunderstand from reading the original advertisement. As we pointed out, the Gigolo seemed to us a good speaker for its price, and it still does.

The Bigger the Better?

Your article on "The Big, Big Loudspeakers" (April, 1961) leaves the impression that sheer size contributes otherwise unattainable tonal characteristics. On the basis of experimental evidence obtained by matching a fifteen-cubic-foot infinite baffle speaker with a compact AR-3, I challenge this notion. Except for the difference in efficiency (easily compensated for with the balance control) the big and the little speaker work well together in stereo, yielding basically similar sound. I think this does credit to both speakers and debunks the notion that bigger speakers are necessarily better.

James McCrea
Norwalk, Conn.

Congratulations for having the guts to buck the current trend toward bookshelf speaker systems. Ten years ago I built a big corner horn driven by a fifteen-inch woofer, and none of the new shoe-box speakers can touch it for bass.

Rolf Heimer
York, Pa.

HiFi/Stereo
COMPLETE ALTEC COMPONENT SYSTEM

SERIOUS STEREO IN THE MIDDLE PRICE RANGE...

The complete ALTEC stereo component system shown is a representative selection from the widest high fidelity component line in the world! This system—and the individual ALTEC components that go into it—offers precise Inter-Channel Balance for stereo at its best. Serious stereo for serious listening; with each ALTEC high fidelity component designed, built, and tested to meet the same stringent engineering requirements as ALTEC professional sound equipment—the choice of professionals for over two decades. Hence, this exclusive ALTEC Guarantee of Performance: "Each ALTEC product is Guaranteed to meet or exceed its advertised or published performance specifications".

For ALTEC's free stereo catalog and informative Loudspeaker Enclosures Brochure, visit your ALTEC Distributor or write Dept. HF-6.

JUNE, 1961

A. New ALTEC 309A AM/FM Stereo Tuner features Inter-Channel Balance for balanced stereo at its best:
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THE IMMORTAL MUTT

by Oliver Berliner

It was a typically dreary English day in 1899 when a Mr. Francis Barraud presented himself at the office of the Gramophone Company in Hayes, Middlesex. A year earlier, the company had been granted the European rights to manufacture the lateral-cut records and the record players that had been designed and patented some eleven years before by Emile Berliner, a German-born inventor who was then living in Washington, D. C.

Barraud was an artist by profession, he explained to William Barry Owen, the enterprising American who headed the firm. Some years before, he had painted a picture of his late brother's dog, Nipper, listening to an old Edison hill-and-date cylinder phonograph. He had called the painting "His Master's Voice." Many people had been amused by it, but no one—including the Edison interests—had ever offered to buy it. Just recently, a friend had suggested that the picture might be more salable if Barraud would bring it up to date, as it were, by painting in a shiny Gramophone Company brass horn to replace the dull black Edison trumpet. Because Barraud did not own a gramophone, he had come to borrow a horn that he could use as a model.

The old gentleman got what he had come for, and a few days later he returned the horn, and brought along the newly revised painting. It showed a tableau that was to become familiar the world over—a small, mostly white dog, whose fox-terrier ancestors had obviously cared more for love than for the blessings of Kennel Club, peering with head cocked and ears lopped into what was now unmistakably the brass horn of a gramophone.

Whatever he may have thought of Nipper, Owen agreed that the gramophone horn looked striking, and he offered to purchase the painting if the artist would first paint over the mechanism of the Edison machine and substitute a likeness of what he had to sell: a Berliner "Improved Gramophone."

Barraud did as he was asked, and Owen bought the painting. It now hangs over the fireplace in the board room of Electric and Musical Industries, Ltd., the giant corporation that eventually grew out of the Gramophone Company. EMI executives can...
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show you that by standing at the proper angle you can see the outline of the Edison cylinder phonograph under the gramophone.

At the time the painting was bought by Owen, it remained merely an amusing curiosity. Prints were made of it and were displayed in the various Gramophone Company retail shops, but they were not used in promotion to any significant extent. But in May, 1900, Emile Berliner himself came to inspect the British company's facilities and saw the painting for the first time. Although he was generally regarded as being one of those one-track-minded inventor folk, he had enough business sense to grasp the commercial value of the picture and its title. When he returned to the United States, he applied for the American trademark rights, and these were granted on July 10, 1900. European registration followed immediately.

Before the new trademark could be used, however, Thomas Alva Edison once more cast his forbidding shadow across Berliner's path. Edison was affiliated with the National Gramophone Corporation, which made and sold the Zon-o-phone, and he convinced the Government that the disc record and lateral-cut recording were merely off-shoots of his own hill-and-dale cylinder system, and that Berliner's patents never should have been granted. On these grounds, he had Berliner estopped from making gramophones and disc records.

At this point, Eldridge Johnson, the New Jersey machinist who had developed the turntable for the Berliner gramophone, suggested that even though Berliner was prevented from manufacturing his own inventions, nobody had forbidden Berliner to permit Johnson to build them. Throughout the lengthy court proceedings that followed, the Johnson Machine Works went merrily about the business of making and selling gramophones and lateral-cut disc records. Meanwhile, Edison had persuaded the Government that the battle was not really his but rather ought to be that of the People vs. Emile Berliner.

With the legal resources of the United States pitted against Berliner, the litigation dragged on, and by the time the Berliner Gramophone Company finally won its case in the Court of Appeals, it was financially unable to continue operations. Johnson subsequently took over the Berliner assets, including the American and Canadian rights to the "His Master's Voice" trademark, and it was his new Victor Talking Machine Company that first used it on a large scale. (It is said that Johnson called the company "Vctor" to proclaim to the world the recent court victory.)

Nearly three decades later, in the year of Emile Berliner's death, Victor and its trademark were sold at a profit of millions to the young Radio Corporation of America, which had recently been separated by court order from its former owners, Westinghouse and General Electric.

In England and on the Continent, the trademark was not used for almost a decade. At the time of the painting's purchase, the Gramophone Company had been trying to popularize its own trademark, the "recording angel," and was reluctant to change. In fact, it did not give in until 1909, when it adopted "His Master's Voice," and for many years thereafter the company was known officially as His Master's Voice. As present-day American record buyers know, the "recording angel" trademark was revived a few years ago for use on EMI's Angel label. This was done to avoid infringements against RCA Victor when His Master's Voice records were sold in this country.

As for Nipper, he had lived in 1895, at the age of eleven, long before Owen bought Barraud's painting. He never knew that he was to become immortal, more famous than Lassie, Rin Tin Tin, King, and Fala combined. Today a bank stands on the spot once occupied by Nipper's grave under a mulberry tree on Eden Street, Kingston-on-Thames. A brass plaque on the building's façade contains his epitaph.

Oliver Berliner is the grandson of Emile Berliner, the inventor of the microphone (1876), the lateral-cut disc record and the disc record player, the disc-pressing machine, and the coiner of the word, "gramophone." Mr. Berliner carries on the family tradition, being the head of the Ultraudio Products, a company specializing in professional audio equipment.
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TECHNICAL INFORMATION: This Wide-Band adaptor can be used ONLY with H. H. Scott Wide-Band tuners. It may be used with all H. H. Scott tuners without any modifications: 300, 310 A, B, C and D; 311 A, B, C & D; 314; 320; 330 A, B, C & D; 331 A, B, and C; 399, LT 10. Connecting cables supplied. Self powered A.C. Wiring matches all H. H. Scott tuners. Complete instructions furnished. Standard H. H. Scott panel height. Dimensions 7" W x 3 1/4" H x 13" D in accessory wood or metal case. $99.95. Note to H. H. Scott tuner owners: We do not recommend using any other adaptor with H. H. Scott Wide-Band tuners.
The conductor and recording director who set out to commit Beethoven's Ninth Symphony to the permanence of recorded form must face problems that are virtually insoluble, for here the composer has imposed demands that are beyond the limits of mere human ability to fulfill. Particularly in the last movement, there are sections that thwart even the most dedicated efforts, and the musician seems fated always to come away from performances of this monumental work with mingled feelings of frustration and satisfaction. Certainly Arturo Toscanini felt such emotions when he had completed his recording of the score, in April, 1952. "I'm almost satisfied," he said—a statement that epitomizes the conflict between the gratification that comes from the achievement of aims and purposes as best one can, and discontent with the inadequacy of human means for a striving after the infinite.

This Toscanini performance of the Ninth Symphony was one of the most eagerly awaited recordings in the history of the art, and in the first few years after its release its sales were phenomenal. It is a highly charged account of the score, as might have been expected, electrifying in its intensity and nervous energy.

One of the most impressive sections in the Toscanini performance is the introduction to the last movement, in which the recitative passages of the cellos and double basses take on almost the communicativeness of human speech. The solo quartet—Eileen Farrell, Nan Merriman, Jan Peerce, and Norman Scott—do their work dutifully, but they are pushed to the limit by the insistent demands of their conductor, and sometimes, as in Peerce’s rather breathless account of the march section, they are pushed beyond the limit. Some of the sound, especially in the finale, is overloaded and shrill, but in view of the fact that this is a product of nearly ten years ago, the recording is still surprisingly serviceable. If the performance is released as an electronic-stereo reprocessing, as it assuredly deserves to be, perhaps the rattle and shrillness will have been ameliorated. But even as it is now to be heard, in monophonic sound, this recording, RCA Victor LM 6009, is a representative likeness of Toscanini’s way with the Ninth Symphony.

About seven months before Toscanini recorded the Ninth Symphony, Wilhelm Furtwängler conducted a performance of the score at a concert rededicating the annual Bayreuth Festival. The performance was taped, and it was eventually released in this country by RCA Victor; now it is available only on imported discs (Electrola 90113/6). As he did with most works, Furtwängler gives a fascinatingly individual performance. The tempos are prevailingly slower than those that are usual. Sometimes, as in the slow movement, there is a sublime improvisational quality that makes the listener feel as if he were suspended in time. At other times, as in the scherzo, the music lacks much of its inherent punch and rhythmic tension. The sound is
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**Arturo Toscanini’s RCA Victor recording is almost a decade old, but it still remains an electrifying experience. For stereophiles, Josef Krips on Everest offers a deeply satisfying reading, notable for fine sound and superb singing.**

good, considering that the tapes were made in live-concert circumstances. In spite of the eminence of the individual singers the solo quartet—Elisabeth Schwarzkopf, Elisabeth Hängen, Hans Hopf, and Otto Edelmann—is little more than adequate. There probably can be no uncommitted, unbiased reaction to this performance: depending on the viewpoint, it is either thoroughly absorbing or thoroughly perverse.

The historic old performance by Felix Weingartner, recorded in Vienna a quarter of a century ago, is now no longer listed in the catalog, although Columbia did reissue it in the early days of LP, and it may very well be made available again in Angel’s Great Recordings of the Century series. This is the recorded performance with which many of us grew up. Its musical values are untouched by the years, but the recording now has an antique quality.

Of the performances to be heard in currently available stereophonic editions, only four, it seems to me, merit being considered in the same company as the monophonic editions by Toscanini, Furtwängler, and Weingartner. However, four of the not-so-favored newer versions should be characterized briefly.

The recording by Ernest Ansermet and the Suisse Romande Orchestra (London CS 6143) is of a pallid, emotionally uninvolved reading. Indeed, its chief claim to attention is economic: the symphony is complete on one disc. That by Ferenc Fricsay and the Berlin Philharmonic (Decca DX 7157) is neatly played and well recorded, but interpretatively dull, while the routine performance by Franz Konwitschny and the Leipzig Gewandhaus Orchestra (Epic BSC 107) has dull recorded sound. Charles Munch and the Boston Symphony Orchestra (RCA Victor LSC 6066) offer a performance that is well played and recorded, but superficial in conception. Some notable singing—by Leontyne Price, Maureen Forrester, David Poleri, and Giorgio Tozzi—is rather wasted.

The remaining four stereophonic editions of the Ninth Symphony have more positive virtues as well as some shortcomings of their own.

Otto Klemperer conducts the Philharmonia Orchestra (Angel S 3577) in a performance that has a stupendous monolithic thrust in the first two movements, but a somewhat antiseptic slow movement and a curiously restrained finale. The recording is low-level and distant-sounding, and the soloists are utterly lacking in distinction.

Conducting the London Symphony Orchestra, the BBC Chorus, and a well-matched quartet of soloists, Josef Krips shapes a strong, solid performance all the way, with fine orchestral playing and superb singing both by the chorus and by Jennifer Vyvyan, Shirley Verrett-Carter, Rudolf Petrik, and Donald Bell. The balances and the impact of the recorded sound are excellent. Like the great old Weingartner set, this is a deeply satisfying account of the score.

Aside from a sublime evocation of the elegiac peace of the slow movement, the set in which Bruno Walter conducts the Columbia Symphony Orchestra (Columbia 608) must be rated a disappointment, for in the other three movements the conductor’s pacing is overdeliberate and lacking in power. Additionally, the chorus in the last movement sounds too small, and the soloists work terribly hard without overcoming the mechanical difficulties of their parts.

The surprise recording of the lot is the one in which Wilhelm Schucleter leads the Nord Deutsches Orchestra (Stereo Fidelity 202). On two stereo discs that are priced at $5.95, Schucheter presents a performance of real authority. The playing and choral singing are first-rate, and the recorded sound is excellent, with notably good bass response. The soloists are only so-so, but this is nonetheless an exceptional find.

To sum up, then, the Krips performance for Everest seems to me to be the most desirable contemporary—which is to say, stereophonic—account of Beethoven’s Ninth Symphony, for it has the same fine qualities of musicianship that distinguished the old Weingartner recording. As second choice, or perhaps first choice for listeners whose budgets are limited, there is the Schucheter performance for Stereo Fidelity. Neither of these, however, outweighs in total musical interest and historic importance the mono versions by Toscanini and Furtwängler.

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HiFi/STEREO
The music of the masters was once thought to be mere noise. Will, then, the noises of today become tomorrow’s music?

When the cave man beat upon his drum, his cave woman probably told him to cut down on the racket or to find a less reverberant cave to live in. The medieval monks and priests hit their young charges over the head if they sang too loudly, or if they sang the wrong notes. A sound too loud or a sound too wrong—this was noise. Or was it?

Noise, say one set of successors to Noah Webster, is “(1) loud, confused, or senseless shouting; clamor. (2) Obs. General or common talk; rumor, specif., slander. (3) Sound or a sound of any sort: esp., sound without agreeable musical quality.” Aha! With (3) we are getting warm. But the (continued overleaf)
lexicographers made a mistake that shows they are no musicians; they shouldn't have said "agreeable." That isn't the issue. And what may be agreeable to you or me was not so to a Boston critic of 1878, whose first adjective for the Brahms First Symphony was "noisy." A better—or, at least, more artistic—definition of noise would be: "sound, or a sound, without any evident musical quality, without definite pitch or explainable organization."

We are liable to be pretty lax in what we call noise. We use the word when we mean "too loud." We use it when we mean "ugly"—whatever we may mean by that. We use it, in fact, whenever we don't understand a harmony, a chord, a musical idea. We use it as a term of opprobrium, because it seems somehow to fit the roar of traffic in the street, the clatter of office typewriters, the cocktail-party babble, the rows children make. But we are vague when we use it in connection with music—or non-music.

A thunderstorm makes noise—very loud and very indistinct in pitch, though with a certain amorphous rhythm. A squeaking door makes noise; yet, like a dripping faucet, it can verge on the border line of music. Horns (genus automobilium) are raucous, but many of them produce a regular vibration, and hence a rather traumatic form of crude music. The caw of a crow is noise; but while the common, or clock, cuckoo's repertoire is limited, no one can deny that his persistence in chirruping the interval of the third makes a sort of music. Many instruments that get beaten, slammed, banged, and just generally mistreated respond with vibrations that are somewhere between noise and music. From percussion to concussion is only a step. A cymbal clash is controlled noise—produced with shattering impact or with enchanting finesse—but how useful it is to music!

The fact is that sound, of whatever kind, is exciting to the senses. And the louder it is, the more people take notice. It is axiomatic that people, musical or not, are bothered by sounds that are to their constitutions "too loud." There are some who can't live on a main street; the traffic simply makes too much noise. But whether something seems too loud in the concert hall depends on many factors, not the least of which is the tolerance of the human ear.

In a fascinating article, under the title "Noise," in the January, 1961, London Musical Times, the English scholar J. A. Westrup is moved to wonder whether the sensibility of human ears has changed since the eighteenth century. He remarks on the circumstance that much music of those days, including the compositions of Haydn and Mozart, was regarded as being extremely loud, and comes to the conclusion that this can be explained only with reference to "a scale of values determined by the maximum to which we are accustomed. The loudest music we hear today is, in our judgment, very loud. By comparison, the loudest music normally
OR A SOUND TOO WRONG—THIS IS NOISE. OR IS IT?

heard in the eighteenth century, though it will still sound loud, will never strike us as excessively noisy.”

It is clear that if Beethoven adds trombones to his orchestra, and if Wagner adds Wagner tubas, and if Berlioz surrounds us with four brass choirs in such a way that we cannot possibly escape, music must be getting louder and louder—assuming that it is played in the same surroundings. The trouble is that what may be virtually unbearable in a small hall may be perfectly comfortable in a large one. Tchaikovsky’s Fourth Symphony—the last movement especially—is loud by any standard, but it need not cause pain. Yet in a small auditorium it can sound all but deafening, and so turn into what a listener would call noise.

Professor Westrup raises another interesting point when he says, “how far a loudness level is tolerable depends, of course, on the length of time for which it continues.” And he asks whether it is not quite possible that “composers also miscalculate volume—that they often do not realize how loud their tuttis really are?” In this context, “how loud” might be taken to imply “too loud.” But too loud for whom? For what? For where? In what relation to what else? Music does not exist in the abstract; it is brought to life in performance, live or recorded, and no two sets of conditions are identical. Nor are the auditory mechanisms of any two people identical, or their exact degrees of tolerance where volume of sound is concerned. For the sake of convenience, we may imagine an average listener, but we cannot ignore the wide range of individual differences—often decisive—in the way people react to sound.

Another important factor in the value or disvalue of noise is when it occurs. The famous “early” horn entrance in the first movement of Beethoven’s “Eroica” was considered a mistake only because its dramatic purpose was not yet understood. But a wrong entrance in a fugue, or a singer’s sharpened or flatted note, however soft in dynamics, can cause more pain to the sensitive and experienced hearer than can such extra-musical noises as a sharp rap at the door or a banging engine. In the first instance, an existing structure is being damaged; its laws and order are violated. In the others, no order or structure has yet been perceived. What is the meaning of the rap at the door? Does it come at an opportune or awkward moment? At three o’clock in the morning, the backfiring of a car may ruin our sleep. At rush hour, it seems to fit into the scheme of things, and we take it in stride—if, indeed, we consciously hear it at all.

If the average hearer’s ideas of what is “too loud” can vary so markedly over the centuries, it is small wonder that there should also be sharp disagreement as to what is “too wrong” or “too ugly” to be tolerated. In the fourteenth century, critics compared the efforts of certain singers to the “baying and barking of dogs.” For saying virtually the same thing, an Austrian critic a few years ago lost a lawsuit brought against him by some of his singing, or howling, compatriots. The medieval theorist, Jan de Muris, deplored the modern music of his time in terms whose temper is not unfamiliar: “O monstrous abuse! Most rude and bestial ignorance! This is not concordance but most delirious discordance.” The canons of the sixteenth-century theorist Zarlino were promptly violated by Claudio Monteverdi, so that a later critic, Giovanni Artusi, could around 1600 attack his music with ferocious zeal: “Do these modernists pay attention to the old masters? They do not realize that the instruments betray them. They are satisfied to produce a terrific noise, unrhythmical chaos and mountains of imperfection.”

We are all in debt to Nicolas Slonimsky, not least for his hilariously macabre Lexicon of Musical Invective (Coleman-Ross Co., New York, 1958), a compendium of assaults on composers since the time of Beethoven. In his hair-raising “Invecticon!” at the end of the book, we find: “Beethoven always sounds to me like the upsetting of bags of nails, with here and there an also dropped hammer.” (John Ruskin,
"WE THUS APPROACH NEARER AND NEARER TO THE MUSIC OF NOISE."

—Luigi Russolo
1913

1881). "There is nothing in these strange compositions by M. Berlioz but noise, disorder, a sickly and sterile exaltation." (P. Scudo, Paris, 1852.) "The music of Debussy's Pelléas degenerates into noise, which makes a less disagreeable impression only because it falls on our ears in soft and discreet half-fading tones." (H. Schlemüller, Berlin, 1907.) "Not even the weird fancy of Middle Age painters has conjured up anything equivalent in repulsiveness to the noises of Liszt..." (Musical World, London, 1880.) Did five years of closer acquaintance with Liszt's music make any difference? Not on your life: "The horrible chaos and noise can be compared to nothing but the upsetting of twenty thousand coal-scuttles." (Truth, London, 1885.)

It is hardly necessary to continue with critical denunciations of our own modernists—from Richard Strauss to Ernst Krenek, from Maurice Ravel to Wallingford Riegger, from the Arnold Schoenberg of Verklärte Nacht ("Noise!") to the Alban Berg of Wozzeck ("arch-criminal"). If sixty years ago Richard Strauss's counterpoint could be compared to a motor car charging through traffic, what reactions can we expect from the same critics and audiences when faced with the horrors of Charles Ives a bit earlier yet? What right, said an anonymous poet in the Boston Herald of Feb. 9, 1924, had Stravinsky in his Le Sacre du Printemps "against our helpless ears to fling its crash, clash, cling, clang, bing, bang, bing?"

In short, if you don't understand it, and especially if it's loud to boot, what you evidently have is noise. The lessons of history provide abundant illustrations of this axiom.

Another thing that helps determine what people consider noise is what might be called the index of distraction. Some people work very well when the radio is on. Mozart could even write out his scores with musicians practicing all around him. "Gives one plenty of ideas," he said. In any case, some combinations of sounds "do not belong together."

The famous walk through the conservatory is, for example, an unsettling experience for a musician. And how any piano student can do his best while the violinist in the
next room is busily scraping away is one of the mysteries of music. The same applies to the glorious warm-up noodling before an orchestral concert; this, we learn, was what one visiting Arabian potentate liked best about the concert he attended, but most listeners can’t stand it for more than a few minutes.

A n orchestral warm-up session consists of chance elements. No two are ever the same. There is in this a fruitful aspect, an avenue of value. In recent years, a certain school of composers has begun to make use of this chance element, calling it “indeterminacy” or “unpredictability” (see p. 62-66, HiFi/Stereo REVIEW, November, 1960). Utilizing these chance elements, the composer himself, as well as the listener and performer, is guaranteed to get surprises. It must be noted, however, that in this type of composition, conventionally “musical” combinations occur less frequently than “noise” combinations. But here, the composers of this kind of music—principally John Cage, Morton Feldman, and Christian Wolff—say, our conception of music is too limited. They say noise plays an important and indeed vital part in music; or, if it doesn’t yet, it should.

This idea is not new, by any means. But the problems it raises are quite different from those that have resulted in the historic misunderstanding of new musical idioms. The proposal now is to adopt real honest-to-goodness noise for musical (or at least meaningful) ends. Perhaps the first of the noise-music composers was Charles Ives. Ives, writing in the early part of this century, detested “pretty sounds.” He was perfectly willing to call for sound combinations that made their impact by the plain racket they produced. He did this by writing fantastic discords, unheard-of layers of sounds, and streams of polytonality—as in his Three Places in New England—that put to shame in daring any work by Darius Milhaud. When two brass bands, coming from opposite directions, meet in the town square of his imagination, the counterpoint is strictly Ivesian. It is no wonder that Ives was constrained to make his living in the insurance business. Who, fifty years ago, would take his compositions seriously?

But experiments in art—if not forgotten—are, sooner or later, canonized. In 1913, Luigi Russolo wrote a long letter to his friend Balilla Pratella. It was couched in the form of a document called A Futurist Manifesto, in which he attempted to systematize the “Art of Noises.” In the nineteenth century, he wrote, “with the invention of machines, Noise was born. Today Noise is triumphant, and reigns supreme over the senses of man. . . .” With the growing complexity of musical means, “we thus approach nearer and nearer to the music of noise. . . . We must break out of this narrow circle of pure musical sounds, and conquer the infinite variety of noise-sounds. . . . We cannot see the immense apparatus of the modern orchestra without being profoundly disappointed by its feeble acoustic achievements. Is there anything more absurd than to see twenty men breaking their necks to multiply the meowing of a violin?”

Not all noises, Russolo writes, are loud and disagreeable. He asks us to recognize the many “small and delicate” noises that are pleasing to the ear, and to hear the life of the modern city with new perceptions. In due course, he establishes to his own satisfaction “six families of noise” and prophesies that soon it will be possible to produce them mechanically. “Futurist musicians,” he concludes, “must constantly broaden and enrich the field of sound. . . . Let us invite young musicians of genius and audacity to listen attentively to all noises, so they may understand the varied rhythms of which they are composed, their principal tone, and their secondary tones. . . . Convinced that audacity makes all things lawful and all things possible, I have imagined a great renovation of music through the Art of Noises.”

Crazy? Not at all. Russolo was a visionary. Just about everything he foresaw has come to pass. But before one traces the development of his amazing movement one must dispel a misconception—that these events are symptomatic of a sick of even dying society. If Russolo was wrong in claiming that the great art of the past, once so enjoyable even to him, had to be replaced, he was right in that one could add something fresh to that art—something that had its roots in the technological spirit of the age. John Cage, in recent years, has stated: “The coming into being of something new does not by that fact deprive what was of its proper place. Each thing has its own place, never takes the place of something else; and the more things there are, as is said, the merrier.”

That is why the idea of futurism was essentially a sound one, and why the twentieth century has been able to alter drastically the traditional relationship between the concepts of music and noise. That is why Arthur Honegger could fall in love with a locomotive and compose Pacific 231 eighteen months before he composed his enchanting Concertino for Piano. That is why Henry Cowell was impelled to discover that the elbow and forearm on the keyboard could produce tone-clusters, and that by plucking the piano strings he could conjure up music bewitching even to conservative ears. Strauss with his wind machine, Stravinsky in Le Sacre du Printemps and Les Noces, Bartók in his piano concertos and violin sonatas—all made formal creative use of noise, of discord, of the elemental sonic experiences of nature and of the machine.

W ith the invention of electronic tape, Russolo’s dream began to come true. All kinds of sounds could be produced mechanically. After World War II, Musique concrète—at first a game of engineers—became music in the hands of Pierre Boulez, Karlheinz Stockhausen, Otto Luening, and Vladimir Ussachevsky. They fragmented sound, split it, raised and lowered it electronically, distorted it, combined it with familiar instrumental timbres and harmonies, forced tape and orchestra to collaborate. They searched the unconscious, pierced the unknown. They built new instruments and discovered endless possibilities in existing ones. Not all the sound patterns they have devised can be classified

as art; some are disordered, excessive, novel merely for the sake of novelty. But as always, out of a vast mountain, precious ore can be mined.

In 1937, John Cage proposed that noise should be considered a contributing factor in the making of music. And he meant real, raw noise—not the alleged harmonic chaos of a Monteverdi or a Berlioz. He suggested that we become more alert to the sounds that assail us from every corner of the modern world and learn to put them to use creatively. "In musical terms," he said, "any sounds may occur in any combination and in any continuity." Mark the words "combination" and "continuity." There are still principles of order to be observed or discovered, and for the creation of art this must be done.

But there is no question that Cage—an original and audacious thinker who might well have pleased Monteverdi as well as Russolo—was surely right when he said, only a couple of years ago: "I believe that the use of noise to make music will continue and increase until we reach a music produced through the aid of electronic instruments which will make available for musical purposes any and all sounds that can be heard. . . . Whereas, in the past, the point of disagreement has been between dissonance and consonance, it will be, in the immediate future, between noise and musical sounds. . . . The principles of form will be our only constant connection with that past."

So is noise always bad, always wrong, always a negative influence? Perhaps we have done it an injustice. Quite possibly, the composer expects that perceptive listeners will participate creatively. And if hearing can be a creative process, maybe we have to open our ears a bit wider and extend our aesthetic horizons. Cage suggests a waking up to the very life we are leading, to the many excellent things that are there to be organized by us through an imaginative response.

Too long, perhaps, we have associated noise with "too loud," "too false," "too bad." Noise can be delicate, suggestive, in the best sense interesting; it can please, entertain, and offer revelation. When a man says "the lapping of the waves upon the shore [or the breaking of the surf] is music to my ears," he hears an organization of natural sounds with profound understanding. Sir Izaak Walton could rejoice in "harmonious bubbling noise." So can Sir William Walton. And so can we. We have gone a long way toward finding ways in which noise may contribute to music rather than detract from it. This must have been, even in translation, what the Psalmist meant when he sang: "Make a joyful noise unto the Lord."

Klaus George Roy has for the past three seasons been program book editor for the Cleveland Orchestra and assistant to the manager. Having studied under Walter Piston, Roy has composed close to fifty works, including the tartly satirical chamber opera, Sterlingman, or Generosity Rewarded, which had its successful premiere at Western Reserve University a year ago.
A DO-IT-YOURSELFER'S LISTENING ROOM

A firm advocate of the do-it-yourself approach to audio, James Lewis is an audiophile who is willing to invest time and imagination to overcome a limited budget. Mr. Lewis, a teacher of retarded children in a suburban New York school, freely admits that the financial rewards of his work aren't comparable to its emotional rewards, and that he had to do some careful planning to afford the kind of sound he wanted. His present stereo system, located in the basement of his home in Hempstead, New York, is ample testimony to the thoroughness of his approach.

A music wall, a listening area, and a combined study and library are all products of his own handiwork. The music wall itself is made of walnut veneer on a sturdy plywood framework, and the cost of construction was just over fifty dollars. Designed for utility as well as decorativeness, it places all control functions at comfortable heights, and it provides ample room for storage of records and tapes. Newer, often-played records are accommodated by a specially designed rack at one side of the music wall. Mr. Lewis allowed two feet of space behind the wall to permit access to the equipment from the rear. Also hidden from sight is the careful mounting of his two turntables on beds of foam rubber, a precaution that eliminates problems of acoustic feedback.

Many of the stereo components were built from kits, in the interests of economy without compromise. The control unit is a Lafayette KT-600A, which provides flexibility—including provisions for a center-channel output—at reasonable cost. The three power amplifiers are Knight-Kits, and they each provide thirty watts output. The deceptively large speaker grillework conceals a pair of KLH Model Six speaker systems, used for the two main channels, and an Acoustic Research AR-3, which is the center-channel speaker. Two turntables, a tuner, and a tape deck provide program sources in healthy profusion. One turntable, a Rek-O-Kut L-34, is off limits to the rest of the family. It employs a Shure M7D-N21 cartridge-stylus combination in an Audio Empire 98 tone arm, and it is often used to put valuable record acquisitions on tape before they attract the attention of the two inquisitive children in Mr. Lewis' household. The other turntable, a Rek-O-Kut N-33H, uses an ESL 1000 tone arm with a Pickering 380A cartridge. For copying records and for taping off the air, Mr. Lewis uses a Bell T-238 stereo tape deck. He owns a number of two-track pre-recorded tapes and is planning to convert to four-track tape in the near future. A Scott 314 FM tuner fills out the installation, providing reception of New York's twenty-five FM stations and several more distant transmitters.
A MEMOIR OF
SIR THOMAS BEECHAM
by David Bicknell

WHEN Sir Thomas Beecham died on March 8, 1961, the world at large lost one of its most colorful figures, the world of music a great conductor, and world of the phonograph a pioneer, a master recorder, and a guardian of high standards. As head of the Artists Department of Electric & Musical Industries Ltd., I worked closely with him for many years, and I mourn a very dear friend.

That Sir Thomas was not only a superb musician but one who had a touch of genius no one could doubt who had the good fortune to spend ten minutes in his company. Many of the things that he said from time to time—particularly in public—were outrageous, often intentionally so, but he had that rare conversational talent, given only to minds of the first order, for making the most ordinary subjects appear in a new and unusual light.

Where did all this ability come from? It is one of the mysteries of nature why great men appear, equipped with their individual capacities, and the mystery is particularly intriguing in the case of Sir Thomas. His father, Joseph Beecham, later a baronet, was a highly successful businessman who made a vast fortune out of the manufacture and sale of laxative pills—not, you would imagine, either a typical or a very promising background for the development of a master musician with a fanatical love of the best French music and fastidious tastes in the performance of Mozart, Haydn, and Handel, and one who in his private life was a connoisseur of fine objets d'art.

Yet perhaps it was from his father that the younger Beecham inherited the energy, both mental and physical, that enabled him to help form a choral society that still exists after fifty years; to found five symphony orchestras and his
own opera company; to bring the Russian Imperial Opera and Ballet to England for the first time; to educate the British musical public, much against its will, into the appreciation of whole areas of music it had not known before; to inspire and direct some of the most brilliant opera seasons that have ever been given at Covent Garden, and generally to amuse and exasperate three generations of music lovers.

In 1942, Sir Thomas took over the WPA's New York City Symphony of unemployed musicians and led a series of dazzling concerts. Here, the doughty Baronet rehearses at the New York City Center nearly twenty years ago.

The pattern of Beecham's education and development as a musician was very likely unique. For him there was no laborious plodding through musical academies, no apprenticeship of conducting stage bands and coaching soloists. He attended Oxford; he travelled; he took some private music lessons. Then, in 1906, off he went, engaging his own New Symphony Orchestra, for which he picked, on his own judgment, some of the best orchestral players there have ever been in London. He did the rest by trial and error.

By the time I came to know Beecham, of course, these first days of what must have been somewhat crude experi-
what they were. If the first piece was abandoned temporarily, it was because he was not getting the effects he intended, possibly because new phrasings were needed.

The differences between the first run-through of a Beecham performance and its final form were often astonishing, but the changes were rather in subtleties of phrasing and color than in any marked deviation from the tempos originally chosen. His readings of the music of Bizet—particularly the Carmen interludes, the L’Arlésienne suites, and the slow movement of the Symphony in C—show to perfection his genius for obtaining elegantly effective performances through these means.

Under the direction of Sir Thomas the playing of an orchestra invariably became wonderfully malleable without any loss in line. His Scheherazade and his Berlioz overtures offer good examples of how flexible he could be without disrupting the continuity of a work.

Unlike Toscanini, who required each phrase to be played precisely the way he wanted it, Sir Thomas gave the woodwind players great latitude to phrase as they thought fit, so long as their phrasing fitted his over-all conception of

Auditioning a test pressing

the music. It was unusual for him to instruct a player to alter his phrasing. More often than not, he would simply suggest courteously that a different way of phrasing might be better, and usually his way was so much more successful that the player agreed readily.

Of course, Beecham recording sessions did not always go smoothly. For one thing, chorus masters tended to anger him. I once received a message that he wished to speak to me particularly. "Please give my respects to the chorus master," he said, "and tell him that he is an ass, a time waster, and not to be put up with for a moment!" At one point when he was recording Carmen, he stormed out, complaining that the chorus master was late in relaying his beat. However, after a few minutes, I was able to persuade him to return, explaining that the chorus master could not see Sir Thomas clearly from where he was placed.

Quite soon after the war, Sir Thomas recorded Gounod’s Faust in London with a cast of singers from the Paris Opéra. Europe had not yet recovered from the war, and living conditions in both France and England were still very difficult. France, particularly, had suffered from devastating strikes that had brought its transport to a series of sudden standstills. Nevertheless, all the singers arrived except the tenor, Georges Noré, who had to stay behind for an extra performance at the Opéra. Next day all the French trains stopped. We had made duplicate bookings by air,

(Text continued on page 42)
Thomas Beecham, the twenty-seven-year-old heir to a vast fortune, as he appeared at the time - he conducted his first London concerts in 1906-7.

SIR

THOMAS BEECHAM

(1879-1961)

Below, left: Knighted in 1915 for his services on behalf of opera, Sir Thomas went into temporary retirement in 1923, at the age of forty-four.

Returning to active musical life in 1926, Sir Thomas created a sensation with his interpretation of Handel's Messiah. In 1928, he was invited to the United States for the first time, as guest conductor of the New York Philharmonic.
On the way toward becoming one of the world’s great conductors, Beecham founded the greatest English orchestra of its day, the London Philharmonic, in 1932.

In 1947, at the age of sixty-eight, Sir Thomas formed the last of his great orchestras, the Royal Philharmonic, with which he made most of his modern recordings.

In his last years, Beecham could look back on a half-century of glorious music-making. In the background of this photo is a bust of Frederick Delius, whose music he energetically championed through the years.
Beecham, like his eminent contemporary, Sir Winston Churchill, loved the good things of life, including vacations on the Riviera.

but fog and snow grounded all planes. We were recording all the scenes that could be done without the tenor, but we were fast approaching the point when his services would be indispensable.

At this point, we heard that the manager of the Paris Opéra had withdrawn his permission for M. Noré to pay a visit later to London. Furthermore, the strikers closed the London-Paris telephone service, and communication was possible only by military wire. When this final blow fell, I reported defeat to Sir Thomas.

He rose to the occasion. "We go together to the embassy of the French Republic," he said. In due course we arrived there—a fine old house at Albert Gate, overlooking Hyde Park—and were ushered into the office of one of the principal secretaries.

"Now please listen to me," thundered Sir Thomas, "I am Sir Thomas Beecham, engaged at the moment in the recording of a French musical masterpiece in London with eminent French soloists who have travelled from Paris for the purpose. Permission has now been withdrawn by the manager of the Paris Opéra for the departure of the tenor. I have the honour of being a Commander of the Legion d'Honneur, and when it was given to me by the President of the Republic, he assured me that no matter where I died, a platoon of French soldiers would fire a volley over my grave. Now, unless this tenor turns up pretty soon, I will make sure to die in a damned inconvenient place!" At this, there was a great explosion of laughter from the French, who promised to telephone on their private line to the Ministry of Fine Arts; in due course, all was arranged.

Sir Thomas tried to avoid recording overplayed pieces, and to his last days he continued to enlarge the recorded repertoire. When I discussed the renewal of his contract with him some years ago, he stipulated that he be allowed to record a number of large-scale choral works that he believed to be neglected—Beethoven's Mass in C, Handel's Samson, Haydn's The Seasons, and Liszt's A Faust Symphony. All of these were successfully put on discs.

Yet in spite of the number of records Sir Thomas left behind him, there were several works, mostly operas, that he still wished to record. This rather heterogeneous collection included Gluck's Iphigénie en Tauride, Gounod's Roméo et Juliette, and Wagner's Lohengrin and Die Meistersinger. Mozart's Die Zauberflöte was to have been re-recorded last summer had Sir Thomas been well enough to have conducted the Glyndebourne revival. Personally, I very much regret that he did not record all the great Mozart operas.

The character of Sir Thomas was fascinating and full of strange contradictions. He loved to be surrounded by beautiful things, and he owned magnificent pictures, furniture, rugs (he had framed a superb prayer mat given to him by the late Aga Khan), books, and silver. His home was always delightful. Still, I never knew a man who changed his residence more often—and usually for no apparent reason. In the fifteen years since the end of the war, he changed homes eight times to my knowledge, not counting his brief stays in hotels or in houses furnished by other people.

As a host, he was considerate and resourceful; he enjoyed good food and wine and could talk splendidly on a very wide range of subjects. A few years ago he even delivered a lecture in the Sheldonian Theatre at Oxford University on the rival merits of Beaumont and Fletcher, the Elizabethan dramatists. And when dining with the judges at Lincoln's Inn (one of the Inns of Court where attorneys, called barristers in England, qualify in London before appearing in court), he accepted a proposal that he should defend in debate the contention that "there is more sense in a musical score than in a barrister's brief." Unfortunately, owing to his illness, this debate never took place, but I am certain that he would have given as good as he got.

For all his highly original qualities of talent and character, Sir Thomas was a product of the age into which he was born—an age of privilege and in many respects an age of refinement and good taste. Freed from many present-day cares, men of talent in privileged positions were able to develop their knowledge of the arts and to sharpen their wits by whetting them against the minds of men of equivalent talents. And although no doubt men of high quality will continue to rise to prominence, it is unlikely that we shall see anybody quite like Sir Thomas Beecham again.

David Bicknell's association with the Electric and Musical Industries, Ltd. phonograph record combine began during the days when Sir Thomas Beecham was making his first electrical recordings. Since that time he has worked closely with the major artists represented on the labels of EMI, His Master's Voice, English Columbia, Angel, and Capitol. He is now manager of the EMI International Artists Department, which controls recording for HMV and Columbia in Europe.
WHY CELLISTS BECOME CONDUCTORS

His dewy eye fixed longingly
Upon his noble goal
The crouching cellist's schemes and dreams
Of the conductor's role

by Janos Starker

They really do, you know. Cellists really do become conductors, that is. You have heard, no doubt, that Toscanini was a cellist. But did you know that Sir John Barbirolli, Paul Paray, Antonio Guarnieri, Alfred Wallenstein, Pablo Casals, Antonio Janigro, Arthur Winograd, Enrico Mainardi, Daniel Saidenberg, Howard Mitchell, and Hans Kindler were all cellists?

The phenomenon of the cellist-turned-conductor is so widely remarked among musicians that the poor cellist can't win whether he conducts or not. If he does turn to conducting, everyone says, "Him, too? Another frustrated cellist. He can't make a go of it with the cello, so he tries to be a conductor." Contrariwise, if a cellist does not take to the baton, they say, "Now, there's an odd character. He can't even conduct. Natural talent, gifted hands—but no brains."

Before going any further with this, consider the cellist's place in the natural history of music. First of all, the inherent character of the cello establishes its playing requirements and the opportunities of those who play it. Traditionally, the cello has been used orchestral as a sort of alternate bass, filling in harmonies while the flourishing phrases and elegant melodic lines are played by the higher instruments. Thus, while the poor cellist is ready and eager to express himself on four equally capable strings, composers have for the most part left him wandering around inside the orchestra without much that is very exciting to do.

A few ambitious cellists, out of pure bravado, started imitating the violin. They played violin compositions, wrote
works of their own (mostly of dubious musical merit), and at last succeeded in planting the idea that the cello could be a solo instrument. As the influence of the ambitious few cellists spread, composers wrote some virtuoso pieces for the instrument. But what happened? Less skillful cellists attempted them. Unfortunately, their intonations were a bit off; the sounds they made were, well, scratchy; and so on. So the composer looked over his balance sheet at the end of the year and saw how many times his piano concerto had been played and how many times his cello concerto. He also took note of how well, or how badly, his cello concerto had been played. What, then, would his next composition be? Easy to guess.

The long-range result has been predictable. The people in charge of arranging concert programs look over the available repertory, and say, in effect, "Sure, the cello is a lovely instrument. I personally like it the best of all. But still, let's take a pianist or a violinist. People don't want to hear the Lalo Cello Concerto when they can have the Tchaikovsky Violin Concerto." And so the vicious spiral goes: small demand, small supply, small repertory, slow development, and slow appreciation.

In the middle of it all sits the cellist. Like most human beings, he has to make a living. In some instances, a beauti-

ful girl who has a wealthy father falls in love with the creature behind the big fiddle, and that solves the boring problem of scratching out an existence. But there just aren't enough beautiful girls with wealthy fathers to go around, and the cellist still has to make a living. He auditions for this conductor and that—a detestable experience. Except for a few sadomasochists, no one, on either side of the cello, enjoys these agonizing sessions.

But assume that the torture of auditions has ended and that the cellist has been engaged to fill an opening in an orchestra. From here on, his attitude is almost identical with that of any person in any job near the lower end of any hierarchy. His only added problem is the yearning for recognition of his sensitive artistic soul. He feels that he plays better than anyone else in his section, and that if the conductor can't realize this he must not have ears. Of course, he also discovers that the conductor doesn't know Mozart, that his Beethoven is just so-so, and that he can't even memorize scores. The day will come, he swears, when he himself will arise from behind his cello, take baton in hand, and show how conducting really ought to be done.

Because the cellist has, except very occasionally, fewer notes to play than his colleagues, he has a great deal of time to squander on thought or what he will. But those who have to play even fewer notes than he are so free that they can read magazines and turn their energies towards such profitable side lines as real estate, insurance, stock-market speculation, and instrument selling. Meanwhile, the cellist, if he happens to be in an opera orchestra, is likely to take up the non-lucrative avocation of watching the stage. To pass the time between notes, cellists spend more time eye-
ing the fair sex than do other orchestral players, and the habit grows on them. This is why cellists are supposed to be ladies men. They may not deserve that reputation, but I am convinced that statistics would prove that cellists have the highest rate of heterosexuality among musicians.

Eventually, the opera cellist gets to know all the singers and ballet dancers by their legs. He analyzes their physiques and has mental affairs with them. And when the conductor does not notice his lack of attention to the music, his estimate of the conductor is further lowered. Soon even this diversion begins to bore him, so he turns to the audience. He greets the steady listeners, passes along backstage titbits, imitates mannerisms of the conductor, and becomes generally the man in the know.

Still there are those interminable rehearsals, during which there is very little for the cellist to do. To be sure, there are some German conductors who will unfailingly call upon the basses and cellist whenever the score has some black spots under the heading. Our man glares back at him and says, more or less to himself, "What does that guy think? I can read music. He just doesn't have any confidence in himself." Of course, great conductors come his way at times, but then he says, "Seel! He takes my tempo. Exactly what I would have done!"

The standard repertory gradually settles into his mind. The bass part gives him a fairly good understanding of the construction of the work, and he starts whistling the melody lines and the entrances of the different instrumental solos. As time goes by, he begins to give cues. When the conductor is occupied with other details instead of indicating entrances, the cellist bestows crushing looks on him and thinks up destructive comments on the chief's conducting ability. He offers to make deals with other instrumentalists to cue them after long pauses—just to play safe. In short, the orchestra now has an incipient conductor in its midst. He dreams of the night when the conductor will fall off the podium and he will thrust aside his cello and save the performance. He buys scores and learns them by heart. He hums on the subway, with a slight manual action as accompaniment, and acknowledges the respectful glances of his neighbors. "Got to work, you know!" he seems to say.

Now the cellist is found more and more often talking to the conductor, suggesting solutions to acoustical problems, proposing new seating arrangements, and panning last week's soloist. One day a break comes along. A friend in the amateur community orchestra asks if he won't help out at their next rehearsal: "Our conductor is sick, and we hate to cancel our Friday night meeting." So he complies, and his conducting career is no longer entirely a matter of private fantasy. He is now a leader who has an orchestra. From here on, the road to Boston is an easy one.

A player who becomes the principal cellist of an orchestra may follow a somewhat different pattern. He is, after all, a member of the aristocracy. In rank, only the concert master is above him, and, in some instances, he may even have his name printed in heavy black in the orchestra's program booklet. He plays solos and receives handshakes and applause. He is invited to parties. He is chummy with the board of directors and their ladies. His comments may influence policy-making on such matters as the choice of guest conductors and soloists. He is influential. So he shouldn't be frustrated. But who isn't?

A peculiar acoustical-visual circumstance now disturbs his peace of mind. Fate—or custom—has placed the principal cellist in a position, downstage center, where he can hear and see every tiny orchestral detail. Stokowski, who may have discovered this, deals with the problem in a rather crude and arbitrary manner, by removing the entire cello
CONDUCTORS OF THE WORLD . . . BEWARE THOSE INNOCENT EYES THAT STARE AT YOU FROM BEHIND THE CELLO STANDS.

section from the position it has enjoyed through the ages. I would not venture to pass judgment on the musical results of this arrangement, but it certainly eliminates the threat of potential conductorial competition. However, there is only one Stokowski.

Thus the principal cellist sits in his chair and hears his colleagues perpetrating wrong notes and sloppy rhythms, and telling the latest Martian jokes. When someone comes in off the beat, the first-desk cellist looks up with a sympathetic smile at the conductor. To his great amazement, the Maestro stops and asks the timpanist to move to the right, so he can see him. “Impossible,” the principal cellist murmurs, “the man has no ears,” or, “My ears are far superior to his.” Give this man a few years, multiply this incident by hundreds of concerts and rehearsals, add all the character traits of the lowly section cellist, and a new conductor is ready to take over.

His contacts are strong, his authority has been well established, and the public is ready to look indulgently at his back rather than his left profile. Mind you, the moment he steps onto the little elevated podium, he can’t hear as well as he did from his cellist’s seat. But as long as his celloistic memory serves him, he will throw a tantrum from time to time and threaten to expel half the orchestra for lack of discipline. Then slowly he discovers a gradual improvement of behavior in the ranks, and his underling, the principal cellist is ready to begin his own transformation into a conductor.

Then there is the soloist or recital cellist. He fights for recognition. He fights competition, managers, and conductors. And, above all, he fights for engagements. Whenever another cellist plays a date with an orchestra he discovers that the engagement must have been wangled through political ties and family connections. If he obtains the engagement, however, it is invariably the reward of pure artistic merit. Yet no matter how high he rises on the musical ladder, he still will not receive fees equal to those paid to violinists, pianists, or singers. He has transportation difficulties as well. He must buy airplane tickets for his cello, and he develops muscle pains from carrying the big box, for no one else is allowed to touch the sacred thing.

Conductors will accompany him, but seldom to his heart’s desire. He dreams about conducting. He becomes tired of playing over and over again the same works, whose composers are unknown to the public, and the little gems he must play to show off his virtuosity. He gets tired of fighting to be allowed to play the great masterpieces that aren’t box office.

First he forms a chamber group in which he plays and conducts. He has his business contacts, and he can now offer variety beyond his own repertoire as a cellist. Before long, the cello-playing hands become rusty, and he starts to present programs that are purely symphonic. Remember, please, that he has done this not because he wasn’t successful as a cellist, but because there were, after all, young cellists coming along, and he wanted to give them a chance. After all, he, with his enormous talent and experience, must give to the world more of himself and his artistry—and he can do this so much better through the orchestral literature.

WHAT about those cellists who do not conduct? First of all, most of these rarities simply do not conduct yet. Still, there are a few souls who are devoted. The devoted ones believe that someone has to carry on cello traditions, further the cause, and open closed doors. How long will the devoted have the guts to maintain their steadfastness? Drop a baton in front of them, and their loyalty will at least falter.

Now what is left to be said? Conductors of the world beware! Beware those innocent eyes that stare at you from behind the cello stands. They are the eyes of your competitors, present or future. And keep in mind that it would surely be better for all of us to let me remain a happy cellist instead of turning me out to become an active threat to the conducting profession. After all, I do have a few slightly used batons in my drawer—and I am a cellist, and only human.

Janos Starker, at thirty-seven one of the world’s finest cellists, came to this country from his native Hungary in 1948 and served as principal cellist of the Dallas Symphony, the Metropolitan Opera orchestra, and the Chicago Symphony before devoting himself full-time to his concert career. For Period, Angel, and Deutsche Grammophon he has recorded sizable portions of the concerto and chamber literature for the cello.
I

If your home music system is supplying only one room
with music, it is operating at less than full effectiveness.
For just a little outlay of time and money, it can pro-
vide music all over the house—inside and out. All that’s
required is a little planning, some wire, and a few strategi-
cally placed inexpensive speakers.

The advantages of such a flexible arrangement far out-
balance the cost. For extension speakers allow you to dis-
tribute music throughout your home to satisfy your family’s
needs and moods. You may, for example, have all the
speakers play in unison, or in any combination. And if you
have a stereo system, you can even play two different pro-
grams simultaneously—as when, for example, you want to
listen to FM in the living room and your children want to
tune in their favorite AM disc jockey in another room.

The satisfaction you get from an extension speaker system
depends largely on how much intelligent planning you do
before you start stringing wires. So sit down with a pad and
pencil and sketch a detailed floor plan of your home, show-
ing furnishings, windows, and doors. Mark on this the spots
where you would like to put extension loudspeakers. For
your extension listening, you will probably be satisfied with
monophonic sound, leaving the main speakers in the living
room for stereo service.

If you do want stereo everywhere, a second extension
channel can be included in your plans. Here, however, dis-
cussion will be limited to single-channel extension systems.

The extension speakers need not be identical, but the
installation will be simplified if they all have the same im-
pedance. They also should be considerably more efficient
than the main speakers, so that they can be turned up to a
higher volume when the main system is being played softly.
The efficiency of the extension speakers is especially impor-
tant when a large number of speakers are in the system,
because each draws power away from the others.

Each audio outlet should have its own volume control, so
someone up in the bedroom can turn down his speaker or
shut it off entirely. Such controls are sold as “T-pads” for
around three dollars and as “speaker volume controls,” in-
cluding a decorator-styled cover plate and knob, for about
twice as much. Functionally, they are identical. Just make
sure that the impedance of the control matches that of the
speaker it is to be used with.

Ordinarily, impedance matching for loudspeakers means
that an 8-ohm speaker is connected to the amplifier’s 8-ohm
output tap. But as soon as you start adding additional
loudspeakers, you run into complications, for all the speak-
ers must be matched to the amplifier at once.

It simplifies multiple-speaker planning to visualize each
loudspeaker as a valve that impedes the flow of water
through a pipe, and the amplifier as a pump that circulates
water through all the valves connected to it. If you take two
valves and connect them in series (see Figure 1), each will
impede the water flow by its specified amount, so the total
impeding effect will be additive. Thus, when two or more
impedances are series-connected, the total impedance is
equal to their sum.

If you connect identical valves in parallel with one an-
other (see Figure 2), the water will flow through two equal
paths. Hence the total effect of identical impedances in
parallel is equal to the impedance of one unit divided by
the number of units in the circuit. Thus—to get back to
loudspeakers—two 8-ohm speakers in parallel will have a
total impedance of 4 ohms, and will be properly matched
to the amplifier’s 4-ohm output tap.

By combining series and parallel arrangements, you can
connect practically any number of impedances together in
such a way that the whole array adds up, or divides out, to
the 4, 8, or 16 ohms commonly supplied at an amplifier’s
output taps. But when you start figuring out impedance
combinations, you will find that certain combinations are
unusable. Two 16-ohm units connected in series will yield
32 ohms, which will match very few amplifiers. On the other
hand, two 8-ohm speakers have two usable connections—in
series, to give 16 ohms, or in parallel, to give 4 ohms.

Now, back to the pad and pencil, to sketch out a system
of interconnections between the extension speakers and the
amplifier. Figures 1 and 2, which originally served to illus-
trate impedance in a water-flow system, may be used as
working plans for a setup with two extension speakers, with
the small arrows showing the direction of current flow
through the circuits.

Start with the premise that the main speakers are con-
ected directly to the amplifier. Then arrange your hookup of
remote outlets so that the impedance of all extensions
comes to within fifty per cent of the impedance of your
main speakers. Since the total impedance of all the exten-

EXTENSION SPEAKERS PUT MUSIC WHERE YOU WANT IT

JUNE 1961
**HINTS AND HARDWARE**

- Suitable outlet sockets for movable remote speakers are the Cinch-Jones S-502AB or the Cannon UA-3-14. Use the mating plug made by the same manufacturers to connect the speakers. Each outlet receptacle, with its T-pad control of the proper value (8 ohms for an 8-ohm speaker) may be installed on a small metal plate and painted to match the wall or baseboard.
- To get the wires from the outlets to the amplifier, run them inside the walls, into the cellar, across the ceiling beams, and up through a hole in the floor to the amplifier, if the main system is on the first floor. To get the wires down through the wall, tie a fifteen-inch length of metal bead chain to some string, let the weight of the chain pull the string down through the hole, and then use the string to pull the wires down by the same route. Do not cut the wires until you have strung them their full distance.
- Before cutting the hole for an extension outlet, make sure there are no doorways or windows directly beneath that spot in the wall to obstruct the passage of the wires.
- In the cellar or basement, run the cables across the ceiling beams, stapling them in place. Mark the end of each pair of wires to identify the extension outlet they feed (e.g., kitchen, den, etc.). Fasten them to a multiterminal barrier strip—Cinch-Jones 2-140 or H. H. Smith 600-2—(see Figure 8), using a separate pair of terminals for each extension speaker. Then only a single pair of wires will be needed to connect the entire extension system to the amplifier.
- Use short lengths of wire between the terminals on the barrier strip in the basement to strip all the extension outlets together in whatever series-parallel combination you worked out on your planning diagram, as shown in Figure 9. Bear in mind that each pair of wires from a remote speaker station represents the two sides of your sketched valve arrows. To keep the entire system in phase, let the lighter-colored wire of each pair represent the pointed end of each arrow in your diagram.
- If it is not possible to get enough volume from the extension speakers when the main speakers are set for comfortably soft volume, the resistance network shown in Figure 6 should be inserted in the wires running to each of the main speakers.

**Figure 1.** Total impedance of units connected in series equals the sum of their individual impedance values. Two 8-ohm units so arranged have a total impedance of 16 ohms.

**Figure 2.** Total impedance of units in parallel equals the impedance of one unit divided by the number of units in the circuit. Two 8-ohm units in parallel add up to 4 ohms.

**Figure 3.** Sketch for a system with 16-ohm main speaker (M) and four 16-ohm extensions (R1, R2) arranged in series-parallel to provide a total impedance of 8 ohms.

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A Houseful of Music

HiFi/STEREO
 stereo amplifiers have special output terminals for extension speakers that provide a signal that is a composite of both channels. If your stereo amplifier has no take-off point for such a mixed channel, you can obtain the same result by connecting channels A and B in parallel through a mixing transformer, such as the Electro-Voice XT-1, which sells for $13.50. This transformer maintains stereo separation at the main speakers while blending both channels for mono listening on the extensions. The wiring for this arrangement is shown in Figure 4. If you are willing to forego stereo from the main speakers while the extensions are operating, you will not need the transformer. In that case simply connect the extension system to either channel A or channel B and set your mode control for mono.

Your completed diagram will show only the operating condition that exists when all the speakers are connected. You still need a way of disconnecting the main speaker without upsetting the impedance match. A toggle switch will accomplish this, if it substitutes for each speaker a 25-watt resistor of the same value as the speaker's impedance, (i.e., substitute an 8-ohm, 25-watt resistor for an 8-ohm speaker).

Figure 5 shows how such a switch can be connected.

In a hookup like that shown in Figure 5, the arrangement of remote speakers will draw off half the power put out by the amplifier. So if the main speakers normally demand a minimum of 30 watts for clean crescendos, twice this power—or a minimum of 60 watts—will be required to maintain the same level of performance with all the speakers going. Because of their length, the wires running to remote speakers should be heavier (to reduce losses) than those ordinarily used for speaker leads. Also, they should have color-coded conductors to facilitate phasing of the speakers. Both requirements are met by No. 14 stranded, unsheathed, twisted power cable, which is obtainable from any electrical supply house.

Ordinary electrical plugs and receptacles should never be used for plug-in speaker outlets. Anyone who has ever inadvertently plugged a loudspeaker into a 117-volt outlet will
understand why. Speaker lines should terminate at a small baseboard-mounted audio receptacle, as shown in Figure 7. The T-pad volume control should be mounted next to the wall outlet rather than on the speaker itself. This allows it to remain in the circuit when the speaker is unplugged. Otherwise, disconnecting the speaker might interrupt a series circuit, muting the other speakers in that circuit and upsetting the impedance match to the amplifier.

Now mark the wiring layout on your room sketches and use a tape measure to determine the total length of wire you will need. Plan to run a separate pair of wires from each speaker outlet, from the main speaker and from the amplifier down to a convenient spot along the basement ceiling. Join them there in a multiterminal barrier strip to serve as a central tie-point. (See Hints and Hardware on p. 52.) This may seem like rather a waste of wire, but it will allow you to make changes conveniently if your planning is faulty or if you decide to modify your system later on. For instance, you can string wires from there to any later addition to the house without essentially altering the original installation. Of course, when adding new extensions, you must recalculate the total impedance of the system.

If you are building a new house, the music-distribution lines can be built in along with the rest of the house wiring. Just give the electrical contractor specifications on, better, samples of the materials you wish to use, and mark the outlet locations on the blueprints. Number each outlet, and specify that the ends of wire at the amplifier be tagged with the corresponding numbers.

With the wiring done, connecting up the system is simply a matter of following the pipe-and-valve plan prepared previously, substituting a speaker outlet for each arrow on the diagram. To maintain proper phasing on all speakers, the same color-coded wire should always go to the same terminal on each speaker—e.g., black to the positive terminal and white to the negative.

Test the system with music to make certain everything is functioning as it should. If there is trouble, check your plan before rechecking the wiring. Once again: If a roving speaker is unplugged, the T-pad volume control at the outlet must always be turned all the way off to maintain proper impedance throughout the system.

All this may sound complicated in the telling, but it is rather simple in the actual installation. Especially if only two or three rooms are to be provided with extension speakers, neither the planning nor the wiring itself should present problems. And, when all is said and done, any listener should consider his labors well rewarded by the rare pleasure of hearing his favorite music while soaking in the tub.

J. Gordon Holt's professional activities include many aspects of audio. As a recording engineer, he is largely responsible for the technical quality of Dyer-Bennet records; he has been a consultant to audio manufacturers; and he is known to the readers of HiFi/Stereo Review through articles and his regular column "Sound and the Query."
MASTERFUL CHOPIN FROM MAURIZIO POLLINI
-the young Italian pianist gives a performance for the ages

In his recording of Chopin’s Piano Concerto No. 1, in E Minor, which Capitol has just released in this country, Maurizio Pollini gives a performance that is truly for the ages—one that in every respect justifies what had seemed, in advance of hearing, the rather intemperate praise lavished on it several months ago in such British publications as The Gramophone. For the young Italian pianist joins with Paul Kletzki and the players of the Philharmonia Orchestra in a beautifully unified reading that has tremendous vitality without the sacrifice of one whit of the poetry implicit in the score. Indeed, the slow movement is so finely inflected, so subtly colored that this may well be the concerto recording of the year.

It seems all but incredible that such superbly balanced and controlled playing is the work of a pianist who is not yet nineteen years old, though it should be recalled that Chopin was only twenty himself when he composed this concerto. But what matters here is that Pollini, who was awarded the First Prize at the recent International Chopin Competition in Warsaw, responds to the aesthetic of the score as if it were part of his inmost self. Such complete identification with the spirit and pianistic idiom of Chopin is exceedingly rare these days; to come upon it once more, and so unexpectedly, from an artist so youthful, gives the listener a sense of revelation.

Paul Kletzki, who, through his Polish birth, comes by his Chopin insights naturally, shapes an orchestral collab- continued on page 56...
oration that is both exciting in its own right and exquisitely adjusted to the interpretative temper of his soloist, and the members of the Philharmonia Orchestra, at the top of their form, play brilliantly. The recording, in point of tone and intelligent use of stereo perspective, is excellent. If this recording is not some kind of inexplicable freak, then Pollini must already be ranked as one of the outstanding Chopin players in the world. Only the passage of time can test the consistency of his great talent; in the meanwhile, lovers of fine pianism can scarcely fail to be delighted by this disc. 

Martin Bookspan

© CHOPIN: Piano Concerto No. 1, in E Minor, Op. 11. Maurizio Pollini (piano); Philharmonia Orchestra, Paul Kletzki cond. CAPITOL SG 7241 $5.98.

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ZESTFUL BARTÓK

Haitink produces the best stereo Concerto for Orchestra yet

With his new recording of Bartók's Concerto for Orchestra and Dance Suite, young Bernard Haitink offers further fulfillment of the splendid gifts he showed in the first major Epic recording of Dvořák's Symphony in D Minor (BC 1070, LC 3668) that he made with his Amsterdam Concertgebouw Orchestra. His reading of the Concerto for Orchestra in particular displays the same fine balance of virtuosic flair and probing expressive-intellectual perception. In the latter respect, his reading is superior to Leonard Bernstein's recent recording of the score for Columbia. His only other serious stereo competition in the concerto is from Fritz Reiner and the Chicago Symphony, who recorded their superb performance and interpretation during the early days of stereo. Indeed, Haitink's only peer as an interpreter of this music is Antal Dorati, whose 1954 monophonic recording with the Minneapolis Symphony (Mercury MG 50033) has a degree of intensity yet to be matched.

The orchestra plays gloriously for Haitink, and there is apparently a new microphone setup being used in the Concertgebouw, for the brilliance of sound heard from this recording recalls that of the Boston Symphony in the Koussevitzky days. The Dance Suite, which dates from 1923, twenty years earlier than the concerto, has more manner than substance, but it is played with equal glitter and élan and makes a fine companion to the best current stereo version of the Concerto for Orchestra. David Hall

© BARTOK: Concerto for Orchestra; Dance Suite. Amsterdam Concertgebouw Orchestra, Bernard Haitink cond. Epic BC 1129 $5.98.

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BEETHOVEN BY RICHTER

An overwhelming "Appassionata"

Among the two dozen recorded versions of Beethoven's "Appassionata" Sonata, Sviatoslav Richter's new American-taped RCA Victor release surely belongs among the very greatest. The performance stands as the very epitome of Richter's special type of musicianship, which makes every single note in a work of major dimensions seem formally and expressively related to every other note from the very beginning to the very end. In the pianist's reading of the "Appassionata," as in his reading of the Brahms Piano Concerto in B-flat, transitions and connecting passages are never allowed to seem mere spacers between great climaxes and noble melodies, but are thoroughly integrated into the musical-dramatic fabric. This kind of playing makes Richter's "Appassionata" an artistic experience of the first magnitude. Surely he must have had one of his very best days when he recorded this music at Webster Hall, in New York, for his virtuosity is unerring and his interpretative command absolute, without a trace of nervousness or physical strain. The result can only be described as overwhelming.

The companion sonata on this disc, the "Funeral March," does not come off quite so well. For one thing, the variation movement sounds a bit mannered. Part of the reason for this may be inherent in the construction of the sonata, with its two conventionally formalistic movements followed by two of a far more dramatic, personal character; but Richter's playing of the finale is dazzling in its kinetic brilliance. RCA has done a fine recording job in both stereo and mono, even though the sounds of truck traffic on Third Avenue occasionally make one imagine that the turntable is rumbling. 

David Hall

JAZZ

RIP-SNORTING TENOR SAXES

Eddie Davis and Johnny Griffin have a ball

In their exciting new album "The Tenor Scene," Eddie "Lockjaw" Davis and Johnny Griffin give samples of a kind of impassioned, booting, full-bodied tenor saxophone rarely heard nowadays. In former years, this kind of direct, forceful, highly emotional jazz would have been described as "lowdown" or "gut-bucket." There doesn't seem to be a current term for it; "funk" doesn't really cover it, for this compulsive stuff is much too un-self-conscious for that. At any rate, Eddie Davis and Johnny Griffin here pitch into a series of heated, hard-swinging tenor battles recorded on the spot at Minton's Playhouse, the Harlem jazz club that has been the scene of some of jazz's more significant moments. Both of them wade in and rip off chorus after steaming chorus of blistering, gutsy jazz, to the obvious delight of a highly appreciative—and demanding—audience. Junior Mance contributes some telling piano solos, too, and the rhythm section drives fiercely all the way. It's a pleasure to hear the cutting contest, one of the oldest jazz institutions, finally come into its own again, and in such a good location recording.

Peter J. Welding

GRIEG, IBSEN, AND THE DUKE

Ellington's slant on Peer Gynt

With the Columbia release of his unique "arrangement" of Grieg's two Peer Gynt suites, Duke Ellington has his second go on records as a nineteenth-century composer. The idea of Ellington's refurbishing Tchaikovsky's Nutcracker Suite (Columbia CL 1541, C 8341) seemed absurd; yet the album proved pungently amusing and did no real violence to the spirit of Tchaikovsky—or of Ellington. This new fusion of Ellington with yet another one of the Romantics is also engaging. Actually, Ellington hasn't gone very far outside the general outlines of the originals, although he has seasoned the work with his own highly personal and often softly mocking harmonies. The underlying pulsation has also, of course, been changed into a swinging rhythm, and the solo improvisations have much more to do with jazz than they do with Norway. Among the more memorable successes are the poignant expressiveness of Booty Wood's plunger-muted trombone in "Solveig's Song" and the stately, mournful voicings at the beginning of "Aase's Death." There are other pleasures, too, and it is especially satisfying to finally hear Jimmy Hamilton's thoroughly legitimate clarinet tone in an apposite context.

The Suite Thursday, commissioned for the 1960 Monterey Jazz Festival, may or may not actually be based on John Steinbeck's Cannery Row, but parts of it are among the better collaborations of Ellington and Billy Strayhorn in recent years. There are several passages of buoyant Ellington piano, and there should have been more; "Zweet Zurslay" is softly affecting, and in the rather diffuse "Lay-By" Ray Nance has one of his least-schmaltzy violin solos on record.
The work as a whole could have used some tightening, but the band plays very well throughout the album, and again demonstrates that Mr. Ellington, after all these years, still leads the most variegated and least limited big band in jazz.  

Nat Hentoff

© DUKE ELLINGTON: Peer Gynt Suite No. 1 and Peer Gynt Suite No. 2; Suite Thursday. Duke Ellington Orchestra. COLUMBIA CS 8397 $4.98.

BRILLIANT JAZZ COMEBACK

Chicago's Bud Freeman rides again

Now fifty-four years old, Bud Freeman, an honor graduate of the celebrated Chicago school of the late 1920's, was one of the first and most successful players to translate the jazz word into the idiom of the tenor saxophone. He is also one of the group of elder statesmen of jazz who have been largely ignored in recent years, as modern trends have passed them by. That he has slipped from popularity is unfortunate, for as his new Prestige recording gives plenty of evidence, he remains a masterful and telling soloist. His approach has mellowed over the years: for ballads he has evolved a languid, legato style of extraordinary beauty, while on uptempo tunes his jabbing, pungent, and sardonic solos seem a mature development out of his earlier more explosive style. Here he has found a perfect second in the spry, wittily inventive trumpet of Harold Baker, an alumnus of the Duke Ellington band, and the team of Claude Hopkins, George Duvinier, and J. D. Heard provide solid rhythmic bedrock for the horns to build on. All told, this is a delightful and moving album.

Peter J. Welding

© BUD FREEMAN: The Bud Freeman All-Stars. Bud Freeman (tenor saxophone), Harold "Shorty" Baker (trumpet), Claude Hopkins (piano), George Duvinier (bass), J. C. Heard (drums). I Let a Song Go Out of My Heart; S'posin'; March On, March On; and five others. PRESTIGE/SWINGVILLE 2012 $4.98.

ENTERTAINMENT

THE ART OF RAKHEL HADASS

A remarkable singer evokes the colorful folklore of the Levant

The first Monitor album by Rakhel Hadass is one of the most rewarding folk records of the year. She has selected carefully from the multicolored musical material of the Eastern Mediterranean, and her program includes Israeli, Yemenite, Greek, and Ladino songs. (Ladino, as Henrietta Yurichenko points out in her excellent jacket notes, "is used here to denote the language of the Levantine Sephardics, a mixture of Spanish, Hebrew, Greek and Turkish.") Of Sephardic background herself, Miss Hadass is well qualified to sing these haunting songs of the Mediterranean, having spent her childhood in Greece, Lebanon, and Israel. After graduating from the Tel-Aviv Academy of Music, she helped found the Haifa Oranim Group, which has appeared in America. Now a touring soloist here and abroad, she taped this recording in New York, where she studies dance with Martha Graham.

Miss Hadass sings with remarkable skill, evoking with total success the atmosphere of each song. She can be tender but unsentimental, airily self-confident, and invitingly sensuous. Her voice does not seem to be large, but it retains its penetrating purity and fullness of tone at all volume levels. The selections are for the most part colorful, melodious, and altogether charming. The accompaniment, particularly the unusual blending of timbres between Samuel Baron's flute and David Glazer's clarinet, is excellent, and Gil Aldema's arrangements are skillful and tasteful and always in keeping with the material. In sum, this is a delightful record that can be listened to either casually or with the greatest of attention.

Nat Hentoff

© RAKHEL: Israeli, Yemenite, Greek, and Ladino Songs. Rakhel Hadass (vocals); Samuel Baron (flute), David Glazer (clarinet), Walter Rains (guitar and banjo), Meir Mizrahy (drum), Gil Aldema (accordion). Delicate Hand; The Nightingales; The Mountain and the Valley Blossomed; and twelve others. MONITOR MFS 350 $4.98.
SCOTTISH MINSTRELSY
OF SEX AND ADVENTURE

A major folk record
by Jeannie Robertson

IT IS ABSURD TO CALL anyone—as the jacket of this recording calls Jeannie Robertson—"the world's greatest folk singer." There are far too many, many diverse traditions of folk song for any such absolute language to make sense. However, Mrs. Robertson is certainly one of the very best singers in the classic ballad style of the British Isles, and is particularly eloquent as an interpreter of the songs and ballads of her own Scotland. Singing all of the seventeen songs in her program without accompaniment, she is as enormously secure rhythmically as she is in the story-telling aspects of her art.

Many of the songs she sings here deal with the pleasures—often predatory—of sex. Others are concerned with war, fierce poachers, and rascally Scottish wanderers. There is also a delightful selection of children's songs, of which annotator Hamish Henderson observes: "Verses of ballads sometimes become detached from the parent song, and stay spinning like tops in the streets and playgrounds." Throughout all of them, Mrs. Robertson's singing is warm and strong, proud and relaxed. This is easily one of the most important folk-song recordings of the year, and points up once again the quality of Kenneth Goldstein's International series for Prestige. The jacket notes are excellent, and the texts are printed in a separate booklet. It would have been helpful, however, to have furnished a glossary of some of the more idiomatic Scottish words.

Nat Hentoff

© JEANNIE ROBERTSON: Scottish Ballads and Folk Songs. Jeannie Robertson (vocals). W/T My Roamin' Eye; Johnny The Brine; A Maiden Come from London Town; and seventeen others. PRESTIGE/INTERNATIONAL 1006 $4.98.

HUMOR BY SELLERS
—TUNES BY LOREN

Delightful entertainment from an unexpected pairing

The disc debut of the improbable team of Peter Sellers and Sophia Loren is surely one of the most thoroughly entertaining recordings ever made. Apart from that, it is perhaps even more noteworthy that here, for what is quite possibly the first time, the songs and sketches on a record have been organized in the manner of an intimate revue. Furthermore, not only have most of the materials been specially written for this recording, but many would be next to impossible to project effectively through any other medium.

Sophia Loren and Peter Sellers
Together, they produce a sparkling disc

Thanks to the magic of tape, it is possible to enjoy the remarkably versatile Mr. Sellers holding conversations with himself in a wide variety of vocal characterizations and disguises. It is, in fact, little short of astonishing to hear him do a routine about a radio sidewalk interviewer in which he is both the interviewer and all the interviewees—or the sketch in which he plays both a worried father and a school headmaster. He even manages to simulate the blending of a dance orchestra vocalist circa 1927 as heard through the faded, cracked sound of a 78-rpm record. Nothing he had ever done before, however, had quite prepared me for the almost frighteningly perfect impersonation of Alec Guinness that he does in one of the most hilarious interviews ever taped. This alone would be worth the price of the record.

And, believe it or not, Miss Loren turns out to be a perfect foil. Her charmingly modest vocal talents are just right for the specially written songs she sings with Mr. Sellers, and even for so formidable an item as Rodgers' and Hart's To Keep My Love Alive. Of the new material, I am particularly fond of Goodness Gracious Me (a phrase that owners of Mr. Sellers' previous album, "The Best of Peter Sellers," will instantly recognize); Bangers and Mash, a musical domestic quarrel between a Cockney and his Italian war bride; and I Fell in Love with an Englishman, Miss Loren's sad confession of her unrequited love for the most oafish Britisher this side of the Terry-Thomas boundary.

The only thing to be really unhappy about is that the Angel stereo has the voices come from opposite speakers in most of the routines, a placement that makes sense only in I Fell in Love with an Englishman. Luckily, there's still the good old-fashioned mono version.

© © PETER SELLERS AND SOPHIA LOREN. With Orchestra. Ron Goodwin cond. ANGEL S 35910 $5.98, 35910 $4.98.

JUNE 1961
SOUND and the QUERY

a forum for eliminating the most common—and often most exasperating—problems of stereo hi-fi

by J. Gordon Holt

Unmatched Channels

Everybody tells me that both channels of a stereo system should be identical. Yet when I ask why, all I get is a blank stare. Is it really necessary to match channels, or is this just another myth perpetuated by manufacturers as a means of selling two of everything?

Edwin B. Wright
New York, N. Y.

The directional and spatial information in a stereo program derive mainly from differences in the volume of sound issuing from each speaker. Unbalanced sounds—ones emerging more loudly from one speaker than from the other—seem to be coming from the louder speaker.

If one channel tends to emphasize a certain range of frequencies, it will shift the apparent source of those frequencies away from its normal location on the "stage" and toward the offending channel. This wouldn't be so bad if it merely rearranged the orchestra seating a bit, but it more often causes a disembodied effect, making the fundamental tones from some instruments seem to come from one place and their overtones from another.

It is sometimes possible to find two sets of different components with exactly the same frequency-response characteristics, but most people find it best to use identical components for both channels.

How Much Power?

The speakers I intend to use with my stereo system are rated at 50 watts power capacity. Does this mean I must use dual 50-watt amplifiers with them? Or can I use lower-powered amplifiers?

Don Christ
Los Angeles, Calif.

The power rating of a speaker only tells how much power it can handle—not how much power is needed to drive it. Thus, you do not necessarily need 50 watts to drive a 50-watt amplifier. A speaker with a 50-watt program rating can handle the output of a 50-watt amplifier, while one with a continuous power rating of 50 watts can be used with a 100-watt amplifier.

If the speaker's power specification is not identified as a program rating or a continuous power rating, it's best to assume that it is a program rating and to proceed on that basis. If different ratings are given for the woofer and tweeter sections of a speaker system, the rating of the woofer can be used as the basis for amplifier selection.

Tweeter a Sometime Thing

Shortly after purchasing my stereo console, I noticed that the tweeter in one channel would cut out once in awhile. When I switched the connections to the speakers, the effect remained the same, so I guess this rules out the amplifier or its inputs as possible causes. What could be the matter?

Irwin J. Dashiff
Lancaster, Calif.

To track down the trouble, jiggie the wires between the offending tweeter and its crossover network while listening to a program with plenty of highs in it. The tweeter will cut in and out if part of the hookup is defective. If so, look for an improperly soldered connection, a loose terminal screw, or a small strand of wire bridging the terminals.

If the interconnections are beyond question, either the tweeter or the crossover is defective, and must be repaired or replaced.

Misty Fm

Why is there a disturbing hissing noise on many records? I have to turn down the treble control to get rid of this hiss from most discs.

Rolin Kirkaid
Woodbury, Conn.

Either you play your records at ear-shattering volume, or some component in your system is exaggerating high frequencies out of all proportion to their natural balance.

There is a certain amount of hiss on all records, but on a smooth, well-balanced system the hiss should be inaudible at average listening volume. The most common cause of excessive hiss at normal listening volume are, in order of probability, a high-frequency rise or peak in the pickup or the speaker system, misadjustment of tweeter balance controls, improper equalization or termination of the pickup, misuse of treble tone controls, or a chipped stylus.

Sporous Echoes

On some of my records I hear a kind of echo immediately preceding loud passages in the music, and occasionally I hear the same thing again after the loud section. Is this the fault of the records, or could something be wrong with my pickup?

John Douglas Behrmann
West Lafayette, Ind.

These pre-echoes and postechoes are recorded on some discs, but a defective pickup can cause them, too. When the magnetized layers of an original master tape are wound on the reel, a certain amount of magnetism from each layer prints through to the layers directly above and below it. The resulting echoes are quite feeble and are usually drowned out by the program material. But when a very loud passage is preceded by or followed by a quiet section, the print-through from the loud passage may become clearly audible, the more so if you happen to be listening at a fairly high volume level.

Echoes that originate with the master tape are, of course, on the disc to stay. But a similar effect can also originate in your playback system, as the result of a pickup stylus that is misshapen or severely canted to one side. On many heavily cut records, the tops of the V-shaped grooves sometimes run close enough together for the wiggles in one groove to indent the edges of the adjacent grooves. If any part of the stylus contacts the top of the groove—as might happen if the stylus is chipped or badly worn, or if it is tilted sharply sideways—it will cause echoes.

How Hi Is Hi-Fi?

What is the minimum frequency range that could be considered as high fidelity?

Nathan Holt
Portsmouth, N. H.

Let's broaden the question to include distortion, volume, and so on, and then ask "Where is the dividing line between high fidelity and low fidelity?" The answer: There isn't any. High fidelity is not a kind of sound; it is a degree of quality, and quality is a purely personal value judgment.

Empty Boxes

I'd like to store all my tapes in identical boxes, for appearance' sake. Where can I get empty tape boxes?

John R. Livesay
Arlington, Va.

Practically every major tape manufacturer sells empty reel boxes. If your local hi-fi dealer doesn't stock them, he can order some for you, or you can order them yourself through any mail-order hi-fi equipment supplier.

HIFI/STEREO
**BACH: Cantata No. 12, “Weinen, Klagen, Sorgen, Zagen”; Cantata No. 29, “danket Gott, wir danken dir.”**

Scheide, director; Bach Aria Group, am. Cantata No. 33, are all worth knowing. The vocal performances, as is usual with the Bach Aria Group, are notably intense and operatic. In “Jesus, let me follow Thee,” from Cantata No. 182, Jan Peerce seems on the point of bursting through the loudspeakers in his zeal. Granting this style as a possible one, vocal and instrumental soloists are all quite satisfactory, although Eileen Farrell’s high notes are sometimes (as, for example, in the aria from Cantata No. 202) not as well-focused as one has come to expect from her. Some of Frank Brief’s tempos are on the fast side, but the orchestral playing is stylish and accurate. Fortunately, a piano is used as the continuo instrument, so that the recitatives tend to sound turgid. Balances are good on the stereo disc, but the voices are recorded too close-to in both stereo and mono. I.K.

**BARBER: Adagio for Strings (see Tchaikovsky).**


Here Vanguard—and West Projects, as co-sponsor—present a panorama of Samuel Barber’s music from 1929 to 1959. Three of the five works have never been issued on discs before, while the Second Essay for Orchestra and Music for a Scene from Shelley are properly recorded for the first time.

The thirty-year span between the dewy-eyed lyricism of the Serenade for Strings, written in the composer’s nineteenth year, to the bitterness of A Hand of Bridge, a ten-minute chamber opera on domestic infidelity, to a libretto by Gian-Carlo Menotti, has seen a transformation in Barber’s creative orientation from a spring-like melodic impulsiveness to a maturely melancholy worldliness. And yet the interior monologues in A Hand of Bridge still comprehend the wistful lyrical strain that has marked the composer’s musical language ever since his setting of Dover Beach and his familiar Adagio for Strings.

Of the five scores to be heard from this Vanguard disc, one—A Stopwatch and an Ordnance Map, for male chorus, timpani, and brass ad libitum—is a masterpiece. This is an extraordinarily powerful and poignant setting of a Stephen Spender poem from the Spanish Civil War, and that it should have gone unrecorded for more than twenty years (it had its premiere in 1940) is something of a disgrace.

**Vladimir Golschmann**

Thirty Vital Years of Samuel Barber

The recorded performance packs tremendous impact, and if a trifle more delicacy of dynamic nuance would have been welcome, this is a minor structure.

The Second Essay for Orchestra is longer and more heroic in endeavor than the familiar First Essay for Orchestra. The thematic elements are handled with enormous craft, but the rhetoric tends at times toward bombast. Music for a Scene from Shelley (1933) is a somewhat overripe neo-Romantic essay; but the Serenade for String Orchestra, written four years earlier, still has an appealing melodic freshness. The performances by the Symphony of the Air under Vladimir Golschmann’s baton are vital and passionate, and the recorded sound is stunning in impact and vibrancy.

A Hand of Bridge hardly counts as a major addition to Barber’s output, but it has a curious bitter poignancy, like that of one of the better short stories in The New Yorker or T. S. Eliot’s The Love Song of J. Alfred Prufrock. The burden of its barely ten-minute span is convicingly
The Joys of Listening in June

EUGENE ORMANDY

BRUBECK AND McCRAE IN TUNE
The Dave Brubeck Quartet has a new teammate for "Tonight Only!"—Carmen McCrae, a jazz singer of warm as well as womanly intuition. Their pungent improvisations are based on a collection of original Brubeck melodies, also one by the Quartet's artful alto sax man, Paul Desmond, and one by bassist Gene Wright.

OT 1605/CS 9409*

AFRO-PERCUSION
Volcanic African drums and chants explode in a new album by Nigeria's Olatunji. His cast of performers span two continents to ally native drummers, a twenty-five voice chorus, with America's modern jazz instrumentalists. The result is particularly hypnotic for fanciers of uncommon jazz, starting stereo, and pyrotechnic percussion.

OL 1634/CS 6434*

ON THE TOWN Revisited
"A belated gem" is the New York Herald Tribune's salute to this fresh-as-paint revival. Reunited in this full-length recording are original cast stars Nancy Walker, lyricist-singers Adolph Green, Betty Comden. Special attraction: composer Leonard Bernstein conducts.

OL 5540/5S 2028*

SCHUMANN MASTERPIECES BY CASADESUS
Warm and elegant new recordings of Schumann's poems for piano by virtuoso Robert Casadesus, a subtle yet persuasive champion of Romantic music ... Another piano world—the Spain of de Falla—is vividly evoked by Alicia de Larrocha, who plays as though this music were written for her.

ML 5642/MS 6242*

THE HAPPIEST GIRL ON BROADWAY
"Musically Inspired" said The New York Times ... "Lovely Work" agreed the Herald Tribune, saluting "The Happiest Girl in the World." E. T. Harburg's impudent lyrics to Offenbach's champagne music, brilliant, buoyant Broadway Original Cast headed by roguish Cyril Ritchard, enchanting Janice Rule ... make the happiest of listening on records.

KOL 5650/KOS 2050*

ON COLUMBIA RECORDS

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HIFI/Stereo

*AVAILABLE IN STEREO AND REGULAR HIFI FIDELITY
communicated by the four principals, and, save for occasional moments of separation, the stereo is nicely managed. D.H.

BARTÓK: Concerto for Orchestra (see page 56).

© BARTÓK: Piano Concerto No. 1 (1926); Rhapsody No. 1 for Piano and Orchestra (1920). György Sandor (piano); Südwestfunkorchester, Baden-Baden, Rolf Reinhardt cond. Vox STPL 511,350 $2.98.

Interest: Hard-boiled and romantic Bartók
Performance: Disappointing
Recording: So-so
Stereo Quality: Odd

That György Sandor is a first-rate interpreter of Bartók’s piano music has been demonstrated by his earlier Columbia recordings of the Mikrokosmos (SL 229) and the Third Piano Concerto. His Vox recordings of the Second Piano Concerto and Third Piano Concerto came out well in mono, but peculiarly balanced in stereo, and similar problems of perspective afflict this new stereo version of the First Piano Concerto, and there are flaws of execution as well, mostly on the part of the orchestra, which shows less than precise command of the rhythmic complexities in the first and last movements of a rather sluggish rendition. The rather Liztian Rhapsody No. 1 comes off considerably better, since the idiom is more familiar to the orchestra. This release is the first stereo recording of the piano-and-orchestra version, though the solo version has been recorded by Leonid Hambro. D.H.

BEETHOVEN: Piano Sonatas (see page 56).

BEETHOVEN: Romances for Violin (see MENDELSSOHN).


Interest: Universal music
Performance: Plodding
Recording: OK
Stereo Quality: Good

This is best described as a rather stodgy analytical account of what Beethoven’s Fifth Symphony is all about rather than a personally involved performance of the music. Otto Klemperer’s tempos are slow and lifeless, and even the great Philharmonia Orchestra has its moments of rough ensemble. Despite the attractions of the little-known King Stephen Overture, this disc is a disappointment. M.B.

LEONARD BERNSTEIN

A transcendental Bloch reading

them magnificently, especially the rather infrequently heard Beethoven sonata, which is given a warm, intensely musical reading by him and Lev Oborin. Neither Oistrakh’s rich tone nor his romantic conception can really be considered properly Baroque, but one would have to be terribly narrow-minded not to appreciate his superb performance of the noble Vitali chaconne.

The shorter pieces are equally well played, though their musical value is slight. The recorded sound is close-to and a bit tubby. I.K.

BERG: Three Pieces for Orchestra (see SOEHNEN). BIZET: Symphony in C Major. LAO: Symphony in G Minor. LAPO: Chaconne in G Minor. David Oistrakh (violin); Lev Oborin (piano); Vladimir Yamпольский (piano). Montrix MC 2042 $4.98.

Interest: Oistrakh
Performance: Supreme
Recording: Good

The large-scale Beethoven and Vitali works more than make up for any lack of uniform pattern in this rather miscellaneous recital, for David Oistrakh plays...
Gerard Souzay

His singing of Fauré is impeccable control. Dalton Baldwin's accompaniments are scarcely less to be admired. The disc is a handsome item for those who like art-song and seek the finest of it on records.

FRANÇAIX: Divertissement (see PouLenc).

GERARD SOUZAY

It is more, there are few living singers who can cut to the bottom of his overly conservative yet subtly innovative approach to harmonic style and melodic curve. Souzay is one who can and does. His phrasing is both immediate and personal; his diction is impeccable; his light but eminently functional baritone voice is under flawless performance, though it bows to Baroque practice in its use of Handel's own scoring for small orchestra and chorus, does not really depart from the standard Victorian oratorio tradition. For all the lightened texture, the music is presented without much attempt—save for an occasional added trill—at emulating the stylistic usages of Handel's time. Nevertheless, the performance is a good one. The unidentified soloists are never less than adequate, and Jackson paces the music dramatically and handles his chorus with deftness. The reproduction, a little distant, is quite reverberant and none too clear in the orchestral parts, while the harpsichord is often inaudible. Although stereo spreads out the chorus and orchestra, there is very little definition except in the duet, "O Death, where is thy sting?"

I. K.


Interest: Modern
Performance: A mine superficial
Recording: Superb
Stereo Quality: Good

Ruggiero Ricci's playing of all of these rather uninteresting works is technically dazzling, but there is little sense of stylistic differentiation, and in his performances all of the composers tend to sound alike. He has clearly made the violin itself, rather than the music, the hub of his interest.

W. F.


Interest: Poetic animal fantasy
Performance: Lovingly done
Recording: Might be better

This opera tells of the life and death of the fox Bystrouška. Janáček uses an immensely varied combination of folk-imregnated lyricism, Moravian speech rhythm, a highly personal type of impressionist nature poetry, and a wealth of amusing onomatopoeic devices. Between the cavorting of animals and insects and the wry philosophizing of the human characters, one is tempted to describe Janáček's work as a cross between Pogó and Robert Frost. The whole thing is genuinely touching and charming, both as story and music.

In the final pages, devoted to the soliloquy of the forester, Janáček's music rises to a plane of mystic excitation that bespeaks the creative artist who has seen Nature whole and truly.

This recorded performance, done probably around 1958, is devoted and poetic, especially on the part of the gifted Rudolf Asmus and Hanu Bohmova, who sing the roles of the forester and the vixen. The single disappointment is that the recording does not do full justice to the delights of the orchestral writing.

For now, this album makes the best possible introduction to Janáček's unique operatic style; there is great variety of mood here than in the predominantly
Measuring intermodulation, harmonic or phase distortion on the new Citation Kits can be a unique experience for any engineer. He will find that at normal listening levels the only measurable distortion comes from the test equipment.

But let's put the numbers away. The real distinction of Citation is not in its specifications — remarkable as they are. It is, rather, in its performance — which goes well beyond the point of numbers. Citation actually sounds recognizably best. The "Citation Sound" has created so profound an impression, that the words have become part of the language of high fidelity.

In AUDIO MAGAZINE, editor C. G. McProud, wrote: "When we heard the Citations, our immediate reaction was that one listened through the amplifier system clear back to the original performance, and that the finer nuances of tone shading stood out clearly and distinctly for the first time."

The basic quality of the "Citation Sound" was summed up by the Hirsch-Houck Labs in HIGH FIDELITY: "The more one listens...the more pleasing its sound becomes." Another glowing tribute to Citation and its talented engineering group, headed by Stew Hegeman (shown above), came from Herbert Reid who said in HI-FI STEREO REVIEW: "Over and above the details of design and performance, we felt that the Citation group bore eloquent witness to the one vital aspect of audio that for so many of us has elevated high fidelity from a casual hobby to a lifelong interest: the earnest attempt to reach an ideal — not for the sake of technical showmanship — but for the sake of music and our demanding love of it."

Perhaps the ultimate tribute came from ELECTRONICS ILLUSTRATED when it classified Citation as: "The Rolls-Royce of the kit field."

For complete information on all the new CITATION KITS, including a portfolio of reprints of independent laboratory test reports, write Dept. R-6, Citation Kit Division, Harman-Kardon, Inc., Plainview, N.Y.
tragic Jenufa or Katya Kabanova. The libretto includes an excellent translation into English. D. H.

@ JANÁČEK: Folk Nocturnes; Songs of Hradčany, (1916); Wolf's Footprints (1916).Soloists with Czech Singers' Chorus, Jan Kuhn cond.; Moravian Women Teachers' Chorus, Břetislav Bakala cond. Supraphon LPV 475. $5.98.

Interest: Poetic folk evocations Performance: Lovely Recording: Good

The Folk Nocturnes are a lovely series of Slovak folk-song arrangements written by Janáček before 1906. They treat of feudal times, of master and peasant girl, forced military service, rejected love, the depredations of the highwayman. The musical treatments by Janáček call for a solo soprano to lead off the various songs, and what the Czech annotator calls "very simple piano accompaniment" turns out to be highly ingenious and evocative keyboard commentary. The results fall charmingly on the ear. Songs of Hradčany, for soprano, women's chorus, flute, and harp, is a sensitive triptych evocative of places in and around the Old Town section of Prague. More dramatic is Wolf's Footprints, a ballad for solo voice, chorus, and piano that concerns adulterous love and its tragic consequences. Both of the latter works, sung under the direction of Janáček's disciple, Břetislav Bakala, are done with loving care and intense communicativeness. Excellent recording. D. H.

@ JANÁČEK: On the Overgrown Path. Ilja Hurnik (piano). Akša Supraphon LPV 507.$5.98.

Interest: Janáček for piano Performance: Sensitive Recording: Passable

On the Overgrown Path, written off and on between 1902 and 1908, consists of fifteen piano miniatures, of which the first ten have such programmatic titles as "A leaf the wind blew away" or "In tears." Musically, these are almost unbelievably delicate pieces. Though the mood throughout is far removed from the composer's often somber hues, a tragic element does appear from time to time, in "The scream owl did not fly away," a haunting, almost Schubertian episode, based on a Czech superstition about death.

Since Rudolf Firkusny's Columbia recording of the first ten pieces is no longer available, this new pressing is especially welcome. Ilja Hurnik interprets the music with great sensitivity and a suitably introverted quality. The reproduction of piano sound is only fair.

I. K.

@ JANÁČEK: Suite for String Orchestra (1917); The Fiddler's Child, and Ballad of Blaník (both programmatic pieces with social-political overtones) never get off the ground. It is as though their conception never became defined in the mind of the composer before he set about writing the music down on paper.

The Suite for String Orchestra, written at the time Smetana was completing Ma Vlast and before Dvořák had written any of his mature orchestral works, is pleasant music, with a particularly lovely scherzo. However, this recorded performance is not exactly the last word in finesse or in good sound. Poorish sound also vitiates the recording of the larger orchestral pieces. D. H.

@ KHACHATURIAN: Symphony No. 1, in E Minor. Moscow Symphony Orchestra, Alexander Gauk cond. Akša MK 1504.$5.98.

Interest: For Khachaturian fans Performance: Barely adequate Recording: Poor

This post-Borodinian symphonic dates from the composer's conservatory graduation in 1932, and unless one really cares about Khachaturian or has interest in immature music, I should think the disc might be avoided. The tunes are coarse and uninteresting, and the studentish work has been put together rather more like a mad jigsaw puzzle than a homogenous symphonic composition. The performance emphasizes rather than minimizes the innate vulgarity of the work.

W. F.

@ CORELLI: The best Canio since Gigli?

FRANCO CORELLI: The best Canio since Gigli?

This post-Borodinian symphonic dates from the composer's conservatory graduation in 1932, and unless one really cares about Khachaturian or has interest in immature music, I should think the disc might be avoided. The tunes are coarse and uninteresting, and the studentish work has been put together rather more like a mad jigsaw puzzle than a homogenous symphonic composition. The performance emphasizes rather than minimizes the innate vulgarity of the work.

W. F.

@ LEONCAVALLO: Pagliacci. Lucine Amara (soprano), Franco Corelli (tenor), Canio; Tito Gobbi (baritone), Tonio; Mario Spina (tenor), Beppe; Mario Zanasi (baritone), Silvio. Orchestra and Chorus of La Scala, Milan, Lovro von Matacic cond. VE/RF: Choruses, Nu- buccio: Chorus of the Jews. AN Travatore: Anvil Chorus. Aida: Triumphal Scene and Chorus. Chorus and Orchestra of La Scala, Milan, Lovro von Matacic cond. Angel S 3618 two 12-inch discs $12.96.

Interest: Basic repertoire Performance: First rate Recording: Very good Stereo Quality: Directionality limited

This is a very good performance indeed, more homogeneous and better-sung than its recently released London competitor. The brightest of its many assets is Franco Corelli's Canio; one has to go back to Beniamino Gigli's celebrated interpretation for a comparable blend of passion and lyric eloquence.

In vocal opulence Tito Gobbi cannot match such recorded Tonios as Leonard Warren and Cormac MacNeill, but his vividly malevolent characterization is unequalled in nuance. Lucine Amara's Nedda is fully convincing, too, and very appealingly sung. Mario Zanasi's lightweight Hifi STEREO
Jennie Tourel (mezzosoprano); New York Philharmonic, Leonard Bernstein cond. COLUMBIA CS 6187 $5.98.

Interest: Mahler masterpieces
Performance: Good
Kinderotenlieder
Recording: Good
Stereo Quality: Good

Substituting on short notice last season for an indisposed soloist, Jennie Tourel made a profound impression on New York Philharmonic subscription audiences with her interpretation of Mahler's poignant Kinderotenlieder. And indeed, she scores a remarkable repeat performance in this recording. Miss Tourel may lack some of the vocal riches of Maureen Forrester (RCA Victor LSC/LM 2371) or Kathleen Ferrier (Columbia ML 4960), but she knows how to communicate with gripping power the emotions behind what she sings—in this instance, the stunned and tearless grief of a bereaved parent.

Regrettably, she is less successful with the mystical spirit of the three separate Rückert songs on the other side of the disc, and she shows vocal distress in coping with the tessitura of the exalted affirmation that concludes Um Mitternacht. Until such time as Deutsche Grammophon issues the complete set of Rückert songs as recorded by Maureen Forrester, the 1952 Kathleen Ferrier-Bruno Walter recording of Nos. 1, 4, and 5 must remain definitive.

In the Mousorgsky-like Irdische Leben, Miss Tourel is considerably more at home. Leonard Bernstein contributes feelingful accompaniments, and the stereo recording is first-rate.

D.H.

© MARTINU: Symphony No. 6 ("Fantasties Symphoniques"); Memorial to Lidice. Czech Philharmonic Orchestra, Karel Ancerl cond. SUPRAPHON LPV 416 $5.98.

Interest: Top-drawer MartINU Performance: Intensely lyrical
Recording: Full-bodied

Though he lived the greater part of his mature creative life in Paris and the United States, Bohuslav Martinu remained a Czech at heart. The Fantasties Symphoniques, written in 1955 for Charles Munch and the Boston Symphony Orchestra, is a summation up of all that was finest in his work. It is music of deep personal conviction, set forth with the utmost drama, color, spontaneity, and command of form and expression—altogether a major work of our generation.

© LISZT: Concert Étude No 2, in F Minor; Concert Étude No. 3, in D-flat; La Campanella (Busoni arr.); Liebestraum No. 3; Mephisto Waltz No. 1; Funérailles; Hungarian Rhapsody No. 6, in D-flat. Ivan Davis (piano). COLUMBIA MS 6222 $5.98.

Interest: Disc debut
Performance: Brilliant but chilly
Recording: Appropriate
Stereo Quality: Very good

Ivan Davis, a twenty-nine-year-old Texan, was the winner of the first Franz Liszt Piano Competition, which was held last year in New York. This is his first recording, and it is an impressive one. Davis has a first-rate technique, and attacks the music with tremendous drive. His playing of the Mephisto Waltz is spectacular in its flash and glitter, and his Liebestraum has a degree of poetry, but nowhere is his style really Romantic. His playing has sensitivity of color and a beautifully modulated dynamic range, but genuine sentiment seems strangely lacking. The recording is brilliant in the treble but requires additional bass to prevent the piano tone from sounding thin.

I.K.

© LEINSFORD A dynamic, incandescent performance of 3 of the richest Strauss masterpieces ... Salome's Dance, Till Eulenspiegel's Merry Pranks, and Interludes from the astonishing "Die Frau Ohne Schatten.

A musical tour-de-force in breath-taking sound.

(S) P8549

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Munch and the Boston Symphony made a brilliant recording of the Fantasies Symphoniques for RCA Victor (LM 2083) not long after its premiere, and this still stands the test of time. What KareI Ancerl and the Czech Philharmonic give us is a more lyrically expansive treatment of the score, no less than Munch's tautly brilliant reading, though not as well recorded. A special attraction of the Supraphon disc is the first recording of Martinu's brief but intensely touching music in memory of those massacred by the Nazis at the little Czech town of Lidice. D. H.

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Roi Rene.


Interest: Violinists' delights Performance: First-rate Recording: Good Stereo Quality: Fine

Arthur Grumiaux's second recording of the Mendelssohn Violin Concerto is among the best recorded versions of the score, full of finely shaded poetry and passion. On the second side, the violinist plays two Beethoven romances simply and affectingly. The Concertgebouw Orchestra, under its new young conductor, Bernard Haitink, provides alert accompaniments, and the whole is reproduced in natural-sounding stereo sound. M. B.

MILHAUD: La Cheminade du Roi René (see POULENC).


Interest: Bashkirov Performance: Brilliant Recording: Muddy

Dmitri Bashkirov's first recordings with orchestra give evidence of the young Soviet virtuoso's dramatic flair and his clean, precise attack. The Concerto No. 24, one of the most passionate of Mozart's concertos, is nicely scaled down by the pianist, but the rather distant orchestral sound is none too clean. The less familiar Scriabin concerto stands early enough in the composer's output to sound romantically old-fashioned; it is a pleasant work of no great significance. Bashkirov's account of the piano part is exceptionally brilliant, and it is more intimate than the infinitely better recorded Badura-Skoda version for Westminster (XWN 18521). I. K.

MOZART: Violin Concerto No. 3 (see SYMANOWSKI).

© POULENC: Sextuor, FRANCAIX: Divertissement. MILHAUD: La Cheminade du Roi René. Francis Poulenc (piano); Philadelphia Woodwind Ensemble. COLUMBIA MS 6213 $5.98.

Interest: Lovely woodwind music Performance: First-class

Recording: Fine Stereo Quality: Excellent

The Sextuor, a work that dates from 1982, is the purest of early Poulenc—flippant, sassy, ridiculously pretty, unflaggingly tuneful. None of the post-Romantic intensity that charges the composer's later vocal music is to be found here. There is, rather, a cool friendliness, tinged ever so slightly with arrogance; it is beautiful and just slightly insulting. In a sense, it is the manifesto of the French Six.

The Milhaud piece is in his freshest, easiest bucolic manner, full to the brim with charm, curving melody, and graceful facility. The Francaix Divertissement is, like all of this composer's music, relentlessly neat; it is, in fact, pared to the bone. Its expressivity barely rises above the level of salon music, but it is a very engaging composition nonetheless.

The Philadelphia Woodwind Ensemble does nobly by all of this music, but, rather surprisingly, its members would probably not have had to look far to find someone to manage the piano part in the Poulenc better than the composer himself does in the recording.

W. F.

© PROKOFIEV: Piano Concerto No. 2, in G Minor, Op. 16; Piano Concerto No. 4 (For the Left Hand), Op. 53. Yakov Zak (piano); Anatol Vedeninov (piano); USSR State Radio Orchestra, Kurt Sanderling and Leo Ginzburg cond. AKTIA ALP 106 $4.98.

Interest: Two-in-one Prokofiev Performance: Good Recording: Fair

Both of these performances are handsome and evocative in what seems authentically the Prokofiev manner. Vedeninov makes a dazzling display of left-hand keyboard virtuosity and brings impressive thrust to a difficult, ever perverse, piano conception. Zak has some lovely moments of clean, elegant lyricism, and, when appropriate, a big, driving tone. The coupling would be a natural for anyone who admires the Prokofiev; if only the recording were as good as the performances.

W. F.

© PROKOFIEV: Sonata for Solo Violin (see HINDEMITH).


Interest: Basic Rachmaninoff Performance: Sincere Recording: Adequate

The first volume of Washington Record's Rachmaninoff preludes contains the complete sets of Op. 3 and Op. 23, although the earlier group, five pieces entitled Marcelous de Fantaisie, actually includes only one prelude—the ubiquitous C-sharp Minor. The Elegie in E-flat, Melodie in E. Polichinellei, and Serenade complete Op. 3. All these, plus the ten preludes of Op. 23, are played here with taste and dexterity. Stewart Gordon has a nice feeling for romantic style, though he is never the sort to play that takes your breath away. The sound of the piano here is quite natural but not as full as one might wish, and the highs can stand boosting. I. K.


Interest: Impressive early score Performance: Brilliant Recording: Mostly good

The catastrophic first performance of Rachmaninoff's first Symphony at St. Petersburg in 1879 plunged the young composer into a nervous depression that lifted only after some three years, by which time a course of therapy by one Dr. Nicolas Dahl had helped bring about composition of the celebrated Second Piano Concerto.

Rachmaninoff evidently destroyed the score of his ill-starred Op. 15, but in 1945 it was reconstructed in Leningrad from a combination of separate orchestral parts and piano reduction. For some unexplicable reason, the music has never been taken into the active concert repertoire. From the standpoint of structure, it is the most coherent and concise of all Rachmaninoff's big orchestral works, save for The Isle of the Dead and the Rhapsody on a Theme by Paganini, nor is its lyrical substance so very inferior to his more mature large-scale production.

The first recording of this music was done by Mercury in 1952, with Jacques Rachmilovich conducting the Stockholm Radio Orchestra in a crude but effective performance. Three years later, a second recording came out on the Urania label, with Heinz Bongartz conducting. The present recording is superior to its predecessors, both interpretively and sonically.

© RIEGGER: Trio for Piano, Violin, and Cello; String Quartet No. 2, Op. 43. Kroll Quartet; John Covelli (piano), Alexander Kogell (cello). COLUMBIA MS 6189 $5.98.

Interest: Rieger in contrast Performance: Just fine Recording: Excellent Stereo Quality: Excellent

Wallingford Rieger's widespread recognition as a major figure among the older generation of American composers is relatively recent, dating, as it does, from the...
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June 1961
favorable reception of his Third Symphony (Columbia ML 4902) a decade or so ago. These two comparatively obscure pieces of chamber music are both interesting, no matter what different ways.

The quartet (1948) is by far the meatiest. The sleeve notes describe it as non-serial atonal, when, in actuality, it is composed in a free-dissontant chromatic style that is far from "advanced." Rhythmically, it is on the conservative side. But this is not to deny the work's thorough genuineness of expression, let alone its creative vitality and its elegant craftsmanship. The trio, which Mr. Rieger has described as "neo-romantic," is a pretty old-fashioned number even for its time (1920). It is, at best, a bit of curiosa. The performances are superb in every detail.

W.F.


Interest: Old Faithful
Performance: Exceptional
Recording: Fair
Stereo Quality: Good

Predictably, Erich Leinsdorf presents a Scheherazade of fine nuance and color, careful preparation, and expert playing. What is missing is the creative imagination that makes Beecham's version (Angel S 55505) so striking. The recorded sound is splendidly full and resonant.

M.B.

© RIMSKY-KORSAKOV: The Tale of the Casr Saltan, Ivan Petrov (bass), Casr Saltan; Eugenia Smolenskaya (soprano), Milirina; Vladimir Ivanovsky (tenor), Prince Guidon; and others. Chorus and Orchestra of the Bolshoi Theater, Moscow, Vasily Nebolsin cond. ARTIA MK 206 C three 12-inch discs $17.94.

Interest: Russian fairy tale
Performance: Spirited
Recording: Adequate

Rimsky-Korsakov's The Tale of the Casr Saltan, which dates from 1900, falls directly into the line of glittering fairy-tale opera that he himself perfected with The Snow Maiden. The musical language, is Russian-folkloristic, with Korshakovian icing and Wagnerian elements, including the use of leitmotives. It is fascinating to hear the celebrated Flight of the Bumblebee in its proper context (the vocal line takes the form of a descant to the familiar whirring figuration). The Bolshoi Theater performance recorded here has lots of life but somewhat constricted sonics. The singers play their roles with zest, but the white-sounding tenors and sopranos are no great joy to the ear. Petrov as Casr Saltan is easily the most impressive of the principals.

If you crave a change from Mozartian character opera, Wagnerian musical epics, or Italian action dramas, then you may find welcome variety in Casr Saltan. Let us hope that a stereo Le Cog d'Or, the last and perhaps the most viable of the Rimsky-Korsakov operas, will be forthcoming in the near future—and with full Russian-English text, not just the Russian libretto and English summary that accompanies this set.

D.H.

Robert Craft


Interest: Major modern music
Performance: First-rate
Recording: Couldn’t be better
Stereo Quality: Excellent

Here's yet another evidence of Robert Craft's commitment to the recording of important twelve-tone music, and it is an altogether stunning job. This manner of composition lends itself perfectly to stereo recording, and the Columbia technicians have made the most of its possibilities.

The high-colored pointillistic subtleties of the Webern work pretty much steal the show. Berg's Three Pieces for Orchestra, with their Wozeckian overtones, run a close second. And then there is Arnold Schoenberg, the man who started it all, in a typically post-Romantic frenzy. Craft clearly knows the music inside out, and his status is increased as a conductor to be taken seriously. Listeners who care about important contemporary music can hardly afford to ignore this disc.

W.F.


Interest: Romanticism full-flowered
Performance: With loving care
Recording: Nearly perfect ways
Stereo Quality: OK

These recorded performances of Schumann's "Spring" Symphony, Overture to Manfred, and Piano Concerto have been available for some time as single discs. New to the stereo catalog are the Seel readings of Op. 34 and 120," and D Minor symphonies. Indeed, the D Minor, most frequently played of the Schumann symphonies, has had to wait till now for stereo recording.

Seel's reading of the Overture to Manfred is thrillingly impassioned, while the collaboration that he and Leon Fleisher accomplish in the Piano Concerto finds its peer only in the most exquisite chamber-music performances. The passionate and lyrical-romantic aspects of Schumann's nature have seldom been revealed to better advantage than in these two performances. It is only by comparison that the performances of the symphonies suffer somewhat. The styling, notably in the "Rhenish," is flawless. What is missing is that last full measure of dynamism and rhythmic verve that makes the "Spring" Symphony a thing of joy, the C Major hectically impetuous, and the D Minor a stunning orchestral tour de force. Paul Paray's mono versions of the C Major and D Minor have this in abundance, though the Paray stereo version of the C Major needs a good deal of bass attenuation and treble boost before it sounds right.

There are no balancing problems with the sonority on these Seel recordings, though the "Rhenish" and C Major seem to have less sonic brilliance than the other works in the collection. If these were "definitive" Schumann recordings, one and all, then I would object to having Epic package them in automatic stereo. I would advise waiting for the "Rhenish" Symphony to appear in single-disc form, since it is by far the most convincing version to appear since Bruno Walter's pre-war Columbia recording. These recordings of the Piano Concerto, Overture to Manfred and "Rhenish" Symphony are topnotch Schumann in stereo, and in the "Spring" Symphony there is a wealth of exquisite detail, but if you own the old London recording by Ansermet, hang onto it.

D.H.

SCRIBA/B: Piano Concerto in F-sharp Minor (see MOZART).


Interest: Mixed
Performance: Excellent
Recording: Good

The chief interest here is Richter's playing of five of the preludes and fugues for piano solo from the twenty-four that Shostakovich composed in the early 1950's. The Well-Tempered Clavier of Bach obviously served Shostakovich as the model for his work, and indeed Shostakovich journeyed to Leipzig in 1950 to attend the ceremonies commemorating the 200th anniversary of Bach's death. A well-known writer on contemporary Russian musical matters, Victor Scroff, has said that it was this festival that "fueled" his inspiration for Shostakovich's Opus 87. The five that Richter plays are notable from their different moods, ranging from the contemplation and quiet intensity of No. 18 to the cheerful extravaganza and cascading arpeggios of No. 7. Richter plays them all marvelously, with that fine sense of tonal shading which seems to be uniquely his.

The Second Concerto, an uncomplicated piece of fluff that Leonard Bernstein introduced to this country a few years ago with the New York Philharmonic (and

HIFI/STEREO
also subsequently recorded) here gets its third recorded performance. It is done quite well, if without the last full measure of exhilarating abandon that characterizes Bernstein's performance (Columbia MS 6043, ML 5537).

M. B.


Interest: Mature Shostakovich
Performance: Taut
Recording: Rather constricted

After several hearings, there is little doubt in my mind that this is the same recorded performance that was issued some years ago on the Concert Hall label. The symphony, dating from 1953, is one of Shostakovich's most dramatic and tightly constructed mature scores, though it seems somewhat contrived in comparison to the finest movements of the Fifth, Sixth, Seventh, or Eighth symphonies. Like the later symphonies of Prokofiev, it offers an odd combination of the brashly dramatic and the sardonically bitter-sweet. Dynamic and rhythmic contrasts are violent in the extreme, but the musical language as a whole is in the lyrical-romantic tradition established by Tchaikovsky and carried on by Rachmaninoff.

Mravinsky's reading is a gripping one, intense and taut, but a symphony as brilliantly scored as this needs far better sound, preferably in stereo. Both the Metropolitan New York Philharmonic version (Columbia) or that by Ancerl and the Czech Philharmonic (Decca) have superior sound, but neither is in stereo, nor do the readings measure up to Mravinsky's interpretation.

D. H.


Interest: Solid Sibelius
Performance: Dull
Recording: Lifeless
Stereo Quality: Fair

Here we have lifeless, unresonant reproduction that casts a pall over the whole performance. If Bloomfield's conception of the score were bold and vital, one could accept the recording as flawed but presentable. As it is, Bloomfield's reading is almost totally devoid of power. The concluding pages, which should sound out in triumph and affirmation, have a notably hollow ring here, and the conductor makes little of the dramatic pauses that separate the final chords before the plagal cadence. The orchestra, too, seems to have slipped badly since the days when it was contributing some very worthwhile recordings to the Columbia catalogue. Finlandia, which completes the second side, is given a better performance, but, over-all, this is a pretty sorry record and is to be avoided.

M. B.

© SMETANA: Libuše: The Sun is rising; O you linden trees; The Devil's Walk: Where to flee (duet); Only the sweet face of a woman (aria); Welcome my dearest girl (aria); The Bartered Bride: That dream of love (Mařenka's aria); Now, my good man (duet). Drahomíra Tikalová

JUNE 1961
(soprano), Ivo Zidek and Beno Blachut (tenors); Václav Bednář (baritone); Eduard Haken and Zdeněk Kroupa (basses). Prague National Theater, Jaroslav Krombholc, František Řízek, and Zdeněk Kolšer cond. SUPRAPI toN A LPV 473 $5.98.

Interest: Rarely heard and worthwhile  
Performance: Authoritative  
Recording: Fair but listenable

Smetana regarded the festival opera Libuše as his “most perfect work . . . a completely original creation.” As those who are familiar with Smetana’s incredibly tragic life know, he was never able to harmonize his love of Libuše, nor that of The Devil’s Wall, his last opera. By the time the Prague National Theater presented them in 1881 and 1882, the composer had lost his hearing. Two years of bitterness, illness, and agonies later, he was dead.

The singers who appear in these excerpts are all competent, though the persistently wobbling baritone Václav Bednář is hardly the ideal interpreter of the exquisitely lyrical music assigned to him here. The familiar matchmaking duet from The Bartered Bride is done with persuasive gusto by Blachut and Haken. But they are a long way from equaling Joseph Schmidt and Michael Bohnen, whose classic performance is preserved on Eterna 718.

G. J.

© SMETANA: The Secret. Premysl Koci (baritone), Kalina; Stepanka Stepanova (contralto), Rosa; Karl Kalas (bass), Malina; Stefa Petrova (soprano), Blazhenka; Ivo Zidek (tenor), Vitek; and others. Chorus and Orchestra of the Prague National Theater, Václav Neumann cond. ARTIA ALPO 84 three 12-inch discs $15.98.

Interest: One of Smetana’s best  
Performance: Authoritative  
Recording: Acceptable

The story of The Secret, Smetana’s next-to-last opera, is about the loves and hates, the feuds, prejudices, aspirations, and intrigues of country people in provincial Bohemia, all etched in realistic but sympathetic colors. Although it lacks the irresistible buoyancy of The Bartered Bride, its work abounds in picturesque and often amusing commentary on human foibles. Smetana’s vocal writing is songful, flowing, and skillfully integrated with the vivacious and colorful orchestral passages. There are no outstanding singers in the cast—the agreeable light tenor, Ivo Zidek, turns in the best vocal performance—and the recorded sound is colorless. Nevertheless, this is a topnotch ensemble effort, an authentic and pleasurable treatment of an opera worth knowing.

G. J.

© SMETANA: String Quartet No. 1, in E Minor (“From My Life”); String Quartet No. 2, in D Minor. Smetana Quartet. ARTIA SUPRAPI toA LPV 490 $5.98.

Interest: Autobiographical quartets  
Performance: Magnificent  
Recording: So-so

These quartets are intensely personal, autobiographical documents. The first and better-known was written in 1876 and evokes the composer’s struggle to create a national Czech art-music, his courtship, and the onset of his tragic deafness. The second evokes his somber later years. The performances here are a revelation. There have been several fine recordings of the first quartet, but few that could equal the sense of style of this one—the sparkle and gaiety of the polka, the passion of the third movement, the sense of drama in the finale. The Quartet No. 2 is equally well played, but the music is neither as interesting nor as accessible. The sound is only fair.

I. K.

STRAVINSKY: Élégie (sec HINDEMITH).


Interest: Variable  
Performance: DIto  
Recording: Good

Karol Szymanowski (1882-1937) was a Polish nationalist composer who was much respected in his native land but whose music has never really penetrated into the international concert repertoire. This violin concerto, composed during World War I, makes a rather enigmatic, shadowy impression. Repeated hearings disclose a strange, haunting kind of beauty, but it takes more concentrated listening to get all the way through to the core of the music. David Oistrakh plays it most persuasively, with a sensuous tone and a throbbing, vibrant emotionalism. Sanderling and the orchestra offer a superb accompaniment, and the recorded sound is adequate.

In the Mozart, Oistrakh reveres to the rather self-conscious attitude that seems to plague his performances of eighteenth-century music, and gives a strained, curiously inhibited performance.

M. B.


Interest: Standard favorites  
Performance: Lush  
Recording: Lush  
Stereo Quality: Good

These performances, not to be confused with those on Columbia ML 5187, take full advantage of the benefits of stereo sound. Some of the performances have the intoxicating richness of the Philadelphia Orchestra strings, but there are no completely original creations. Smerald takes the Tchaikovsky to the very end, the Dorati chord is not as amplified as it should be, but the recording is a good one. Even the Tchaikovsky, which is repeated, is effective.

M. B.


Interest: Embryonic Tchaikovsky  
Performance: Devoted  
Recording: Pretty good

Tchaikovsky’s first attempt at a symphony has been recorded several times since it was first committed to disc by Fabien Stockly and the Indianapolis Symphony Orchestra more than a dozen years ago, but never with the kind of sympathy and understanding that Konstantin Ivanov and his colleagues bring to it here. Actually, the work, because of its episodic nature, is more balletic than symphonic, but under Ivanov’s direction, it has its charming moments and is, by and large, a very nice, gentle score. It is these qualities that Ivanov successfully brings out, and the recorded sound is certainly adequate.

M. B.


Interest: Ballet classic  
Performance: Stylish but not neat  
Recording: Passable

Other than the very fine Dorati and Minneapolis Symphony recording for Mercury (OL 5-102), this set is the only complete disc version of Tchaikovsky’s celebrated Swan Lake score. The Soviet recording doesn’t compare with Mercury’s in sonic magnificence and dramatic impact, but it has its charming moments, and is, by and large, a very nice, gentle score. It is these qualities that Ivanov successfully brings out, and the recorded sound is certainly adequate.

M. B.


Interest: Concerto favorite  
Performance: Variable  
Recording: Good  
Stereo Quality: Fine

Spivakovsky’s habit of breaking up musical phrases with texts is a drawback, but he makes attractive solos and accents.
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THE VERY BEST IN MUSIC
JUNE 1961
phrasing, which was manifest in his recording for Everest of the Sibelius Concerto in E minor, as it was lingering in this performance. If Tchaikovsky's melodies aren't treated as long architectural spans, the music loses in both breadth and logic. It happens here too often. Spivakov makes a big sound; the orchestra plays extremely well, and is, naturally, but the entire performance sounds rather constricted and small-scale. Curiously, the slight and evanescent Melody, which is a filler on the second side, receives a surprisingly sensitive and meaningful performance; as a matter of fact, Spivakov does his best playing in this triune.

M.B.

@ THOMPSON. The Peaceable Kingdom; Alleluia. The Singing City, Elaine Brown cond. FELLOWSHIP FS 61. $1.55.

Interest: American choral classics
Performance: Spirited
Recording: A bit tight
Stereo Quality: OK

Randall Thompson, now one of the elders on the creative scene in American music, has enjoyed a quite special reputation for the writing of effective choral music, due in large measure to his skillful handling of Embry-Coddow. The Peaceable Kingdom, an a cappella oratorio, drawing on the Book of Isaiah and taking its title from the famous painting by the nineteenth-century American Quaker primitive, Edward Hicks, remains Thompson's most valuable contribution to the American choral music repertoire.

Elaine Brown, for many years active in choral work at New York's Juilliard School, leads her Singing City group of Philadelphia choristers in a lovingly wrought performance of both The Peaceable Kingdom and the neo-Palestinian Alleluia that Thompson composed for the opening of the Berkshire Music Center in 1940. It is a shame, however, that the recording could not have been done in a more spacious acoustical setting. The tight sound deprives the music of much of the innate warmth that comes of its rich harmonic texture. Nevertheless, it is good to have an up-to-date version in stereo of both Randall Thompson classics.

D.H.

@ @ VERDI: La Traviata. Anna Moffo (soprano), Violetta; Richard Tucker (tenor), Alfredo; Robert Merrill (baritone), Germont; Anna Reynolds (mezzo-soprano), Flora; Piero di Palma (baritone), Gastone; Franco Calabrese (bass), Baron Douphol; Vito Susca (bass), Marquis d'Obigny; Franco Ventriglia (bass), Dr. Grenvil; and others. Rome, Open House Orchestra and Chorus, Fernando Previtali cond. RCA Victor LSC 6154 $1.19, LM 0154 $2.98.

Interest: Basic repertoire
Performance: First-rate
Recording: Good
Stereo Quality: Occasionally impressive

It takes a little while before this performance really gets under way. There is an air of superficiality about much of the first act, and there are minor orchestral flaws. But as the uncommon gifts of the well-matched principals begin to tell, the music catches fire and the end result is a moving and brilliant performance.

Anna Moffo's Violetta is a characterization

tioned conceived on a grand scale and carried out with sensitivity and uncommon intelligence, to say nothing of tonal beauty and affecting lyricism. Others have communicated Violetta's second- and third-act music in darker tonal colors more grippingly expressive of suffering, but Miss Moffo, working with a rather light voice, is thoroughly convincing.

Her performance leans on the rock-like support of two seasoned veterans. Richard Tucker's fervent, impulsive Alfredo is ideal in every respect. Robert Merrill is in fine form throughout and properly commanding in his pivotal scenes; but he has such a luminous voice and can use it with such pliancy and expressiveness when he wants to, it is regrettable that he often allows himself to stop short of the ultimate refinement and sensitivity.

Fernando Previtali can be a very incisive conductor (as is shown in the finale of Act III) when he is not tempted into too much speed. The four supporting male roles are all very well done, and the Flora and Annina are satisfactory. The RCA engineering presents the sounds of rustling paper, jingling coins, and poured water in true-to-life realism, but I would trade all of these aural enchantments for a little more spatial illusion in Acts I and II. The doings in the last two acts, however, are very capably and effectively staged in stereo.

As good, in sum, as any recorded version of La Traviata, this set is highly recommended.

G.J.

® @ VIVALDI: Concerto in F Major for Bassoon (Tomo 266); Concerto in D Minor (Tomo 36) ("Madrigalico"); Concerto in D Major (Tomo 154) ("Pastorella"); Sonata in B-flat (Tomo 24). Eugenia Earle (harpsichord), Mel Goberman and Fred Manzella (violin), Jean Schneider (cello); New York Sinfonietta, Mel Goberman cond. LIBRARY OF RECORDED MASTERS, Vol. 1 No. 7 (by mail order only, 150 West 82nd St., New York 24, N. Y.) $3.50.

Interest: Lovely Vivaldi
Performance: Earnest
Recording: Good
Stereo Directionality: Good
Stereo: Two-channel.

This handsome album, complete with miniature score and scholarly annotation, is a noble, musically effort on the part of all concerned. The performers are excellent; the music is perfectly beautiful; and a lot of hard, patient work has obviously gone into all phases of the preparation. There are, however, reservations. To me, at least, some of the phrasings seem a bit rigid, there is a lack of rhythmic flexibility, and the stereo distribution seems a bit too changeable for music of this period. In sum, however, the record is distinguished, and one that I, for one, am happy to own.

W.F.


@ LAURITZ MELCHIOR: Fiftieth Anniversary. Wagner: Lohengrin: In furnem Land; Bridal Chamber Scene (with Emmy Bettendorf, soprano). Die Meistersinger: Peirelaid; Siegfried: Nothing! Nothing! Verdi: Otello: Esultate; O se e per sempre addio; Si pel ciel (with Herbert Janssen, baritone): Dio mi potei amato; Aida: Giu i sacerti (with Marguerite Ober, mezzo-soprano). Leoncavallo: Pagliacci: Vesti la giubba. Meyerbeer: L'affaire: O pardon! Fifteen otherrias and songs. Lauritz Melchior (tenor); orchestra and piano accompaniment. ASCO 12-12 LP 121 two 12-inch discs $7.96.

Interest: For specialists, high Performance: Exceptional
Recording: Of an age

In my perhaps heretical opinion, the primary attraction of RCA Victor LM 2452 lies in the vocal covering. One, of course, can ignore the significance of Arturo Toscanini's guiding hand, which imparts to these pages of some of Wagner's richest inspiration a sense of urgency and sustained impulse. Unfortunately, however, the faded 1941 sound reflects only a distorted image of Toscanini's orchestral texture, and in some passages the balances are so bad that it is easy to see why the conductor failed to sanction the release of these performances.

Lovers of great Wagnerian singing, however, can consider themselves fortunate in having access to these recordings, for here the Toscanini spark kindled a flaming response from Helen Traubel, then in her second Metropolitan season and in full possession of the soaring and lusty-voiced sound that characterize the ideal Sieglinde voice. And Lauritz Melchior, who is heard here for the first time on records under Toscanini's baton, is at the peak of his form, singing with thrilling power and sensitivity.

An even more overwhelming Melchior display is in the two-disc set, entitled "Lauritz Melchior 50th Anniversary, 1911-1961." Proceeding chronologically from the earliest (1913-1915) entries, in which Melchior was still singing as a baritone, to fairly recent (1940-1946) examples of unspecified origin, the program mixes Wagner with excerpts from other music associated with the great tenor during his European career and a group of Danish songs and arias.

The earliest recordings have mainly commercial value, but they reveal that, contrary to billing, Melchior never really was a baritone but, rather, was a tenor much more
too exceptional in vocal weight and timbre to lend himself to easy classification.

Among the Wagner excerpts—all showing Melchior at his vigorous, youthful best—there is a Bridal Chamber Scene from Lohengrin (an early electric of 1926) that he did not even remotely approach in other recorded versions. The Otello scenes sustain Melchior's great reputation in the part, even though his style may not please those who demand a more Italianate approach. The same reservation applies to a superlative "Vesti la giubba," but his "O paradiso" displays such an astonishing blend of heroic volume and pure legato that it can be placed right alongside Caruso's celebrated disc, the German text notwithstanding.

RCA Victor and Columbia both own valuable masters, dating from the 1930's and 1940's, which could supplement and complete the Melchior anniversary picture. Meantime, Asco's effort deserves to be welcomed.

G. J.

WEBERN: Six Pieces for Orchestra (see SCHONBERG).

COLECTIONS


Interest: Harpsichord novelties
Performance: Vital
Recording: Brilliant
Stereo Quality: OK

Of the six composers represented on this disc, at least three of them (according to Sylvia Marlowe's articulate jacket notes) were commissioned by her to write the music heard here. The pieces, in general, reflect the highest standards, and Miss Marlowe has clearly beenmistinting in her concern for giving them their due. Most of the music, reasonably enough, is neoclassic of bent, with a certain elegant austerity. A buyer in search of this manner of novelty could scarcely be disappointed by any aspect of the release. W. F.


Interest: For Lanza fans
Performance: Lucky
Recording: Good
Stereo Quality: Not discernible

The late Mario Lanza was in good form at his concert on January 16, 1958, in London, where this recording originated. The program is characteristic—popular arias done in fervent, crowd-pleasing style. Neapolitan songs gushed forth with full-

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blooded exuberance, other light favorites delivered with the lavish, carefree, and often careless squandering of a basically magnificent voice. In the tasteful treatment of the Scarlatti song we are even allowed a hint of what might have become of this ill-fated artist had his career followed a different course. Lanza's many admirers will find here a fond souvenir, for he anemonized the various selections, and the disc has captured some of his asides as well as the delighted reaction of his audience.

G. J.

© SERATA NAPOLETANA: A. Scarlatti. Concerto Grosso No. 1 in F. Leo: Concerto in D for Cello, Strings, and Continuo. Durante: Concerto in F Minor for Strings and Continuo. Pergolesi: Concerto in G for Flute, Strings, and Continuo. Enzo Altobelli (cello) and Severino Gazzelloni (flute); I Musici. Epic BC 1119 $5.98.

Interest: Eighteenth-century gems
Performance: Full-bodied
Recording: Bright
Stereo Quality: Good

The collection of pieces on this I Musici recording has been given the over-all title of Serata Napoletana because the four works, all of them by Neapolitans, could conceivably have been heard at a typical entertainment held in one of Naples' aristocratic residences during the early eighteenth century. The program, no part of which is particularly new to records, is a delightful one, Francesco Durante's Concerto in F Minor being the most serious of the group. I Musici provide lively, well-integrated performances.

Enzo Altobelli's rich playing of the Cello Concerto by Leonardo Leo (1694-1744) does not, unfortunately, include any additional embellishments, but then the entire ensemble's approach to this type of music is more vigorous and full bodied than is stylistically appropriate as regards Baroque performance practice. The sound in stereo, albeit a little overhead, has good definition and spread.

I. K.


Interest: Well-known art songs
Performance: Polished and tasteful
Recording: In actual concert
Stereo Quality: Slight

As was accomplished at a similar event in 1959, RCA Victor captures here a vital portion of Cesare Valletti's recital in Town Hall, New York, on October 28, 1960. These well-known songs—among which the Dello Joio song is the only novelty—receive interpretations from this gifted tenor that are, save for occasional lack of clarity in English diction, models of graceful, intelligent musicianship. For a location recording, the engineering is creditable. There is a great deal of applause but, fortunately, not after each number.

G. J.

**EULOGIES? RUBBISH!**

Sir Thomas wouldn't approve. No man so dramatically alive, so vividly affirmative, could conceivably consent to any mournful recital of his qualities; certainly not to a world that delighted in him. In his long and rich life he accomplished much; he enriched much; and he laughed much. We laughed with him. He touched greatness and he touched us. And that is quite enough.

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**HIFI/STEREO**
Mose Allison is an intriguingly personal pianist, vocalist, and composer, and this, one of his most consistent albums, underlines his major assets as well as his one serious liability.

Allison’s piano style is lithe and economical, nearer to most in modern jazz than firmly rhythmic and crisp in articulation. He sings three numbers in this set, and as Joe Goldberg notes in the liner notes, his voice has a “soft, high, wispy quality”; it can also be deftly sardonic. All in all, Allison’s singing is his most individual accomplishment, though he is nearly as distinctive as a composer when he remates somberly about death (Autumn Song), sketches a spring walk (Promenade), or portrays a scurrying, hidden menace (Devil in the Can Field). Yet his weakness, too, relates to his admiration for Bartók’s “meaningful, personal use” of “his native folk melodies.” Allison would like to follow the same course in his own music, but he has the merest fraction of Bartók’s zest and strength. If he ever overcomes his self-imposed limitations, he might indeed become formidable. N. H.

Dave Bailey Sextet: Gettin’ Into Something. Dave Bailey (drums), Clark Tolly (trumpet), Curtis Fuller (trombone), Charlie Rouse (tenor saxophone), Horace Parlan (piano), Peck Morrison (bass). Slop Jahn; Blues for J. P.; and two others. Epic BA 17011 $4.98.


Like the first album by this group ( Epic BA 16008, LA 16008), this is just another blowing date. The material is slight, and only one of the players—Clark Terry—is an above-average soloist. Even Terry is too tricky and coy in the Blues of J.P., which takes up the entire second side. None of the group, in fact, has enough imagination to sustain a solo during that aimless seventeen-minute track. N. H.

Charles Bell: The Contemporary Jazz Quartet. Charles Bell (piano), Bill Smith (guitar), Allen Blainman (drums), Frank Traescante (bass). Latin Festival; The Gospel, Stage 13; and four others. Columbia CS 8382 $4.98.


The work of the Contemporary Jazz Quartet, winner of the 1960 Intercollegiate Jazz Festival competition, lies in the no man’s land between modern jazz and classical music that has recently been designated as belonging to “third-stream” music. Their playing here displays a remarkably subtle group interaction and a thoroughly knowl.

Arnett Cobb: Smooth Sailing. Arnett Cobb (tenor saxophone), Buster Cooper (trombone), Austin Mitchell (organ), George Dejavir (bass), Oris Johnson (drums). Charmaine; Let’s Split; Blues in My Heart; and four others. Prestige 7184 $4.98.


This album is obviously directed at the market that is gradually switching from rhythm and blues to albums of relatively uncomplicated blues-based jazz with a strong beat. Arnett Cobb, who has worked with Lionel Hampton and now leads his own band, has a big tone, unhindered drive, and a predictable approach. Buster Cooper’s trombone playing is blisteringly warm, but, like Cobb, he has few fresh ideas. The work of the rhythm section is made soggy by too-rose use of the Hammond organ. N. H.

Eddie Davis and Johnny Griffin: The Tenor Scene (see page 37). Duke Ellington: Peer Gynt Suites; Suite Thursday (see page 37).

Al Casey: The Al Casey Quartet. Al Casey (guitar), Lee Anderson (piano), Jimmy Lewis (bass), Belton Evans (drums). Blue Moon; All Alone; A Case of Blues; and four others. Prestige/Moovalville 12 $4.98.

Interest: Reflective improvising. Performance: Mellow.
BENNY GOODMAN: The Hits of Benny Goodman. Let's Dance; Jumpin' at the Woodside; What Can I Say After I Say I'm Sorry; Stampin' at the Savoy, and eight others. CARPO. T 1514 $3.98.

Interest: Warmed-over RG staples
Performance: Enervated
Recording: Very good

As Benny Goodman's original versions of all these numbers are already available on LP, the only reason for buying this album would appear to be its sound quality. None of his performances here has anything of the sheen or power of the years, he's been based on the West Coast and has recorded infrequently. Judging by this October, 1960, session, Gordon's work still has an intense heat, a big, aggressive tone, and occasional thinness of ideas. (His conception on the ballad Jodi, however, is impressively economical and logical.) The rhythm section lays down a deeply pulsating foundation, and trombonist Richard Boone is particularly stimulating in the front line. This is a solidly competent album and should appeal particularly to those who prefer the "hard cookers."

N. H.

AL GREY: The Thinking Man's Trombone. Al Grey and Benny Powell (trombones). Joe Newman (trumpet), Billy Mitchell (tenor saxophone), Charlie Fowlkes (baritone saxophone), Ed Higgins (piano), Freddie Green (guitar), Ed Jones (bass), Sonny Payne (drums). Salty Papa: Don't Cry, Baby; Stranded; and five others. A smo 677 $4.98.

Interest: Fine modern swing
Performance: Lively
Recording: Very good

Its cory title aside, this is a wholly satisfying collection of earnest and pretentiously swinging numbers by a Basic-patterned medium-size band. Al Grey, who has been a sideman in just about every major jazz band of the last fifteen years, is presently leading trombonist with the Count Basie Orchestra. His burly, snarling horn gets most of the solo space in this album, and he plays with wit, dash, bite, and consistent taste. His colleagues are all members of the Basie band. Grey's own King Bess, a rousing, stomping blues with a real down-home feeling, is the most exciting track. Basie fans are sure to like this disc.

P. J. W.

JOHN HANDY, III: No Coast Jazz. John Handy (alto saxophone), Don Friedman (piano), Bill Lee (bass), and unidentified drummer. Tales of Paradise; Hi Number; No Coast, and three others. ROULETTE/BIRDLAND 52015 $4.98.

Interest: Diffused lyricism
Performance: Needs more thrust
Recording: Good
Stereo Quality: Adequate

John Handy has a thorough command of his instrument, his tonguing, for example, being especially skillful. He is also able to effect more subtle shadings of tone than most other jazz reedmen. He is primarily a lyrical player, and his romanticism is very affecting at times. What Handy lacks in this album, however, is cohesion in his solos. He tends to ramble, and there is insufficient emotional urgency in much of his work. Several of his original melodic lines are attractive, but they could be developed with more imagination.

N. H.

ERSKINE HAWKINS: The Hawk Blows at Midnight. Erskine Hawkins Quintet: Erskine Hawkins (trumpet), Bobby Smith (alto saxophone), Leroy Kirkland (guitar), Ernest Hayes (piano), Lloyd Trotman (bass), Tuxedo function; Cherry; Deep Purple; and nine others. DECCA STEREO DL 74081 $4.98.

Interest: Supper-club combo
Performance: Routine
Stereo Quality: HiFi/STereo

H. N.

Performance: Firmly relaxed
Recording: Very good

Already strong in modern jazz, Prestige is building its unpretentious Moneydale line, which is considerably superior in musical content to most of its kind. Here for example, Tommy Flanagan, widely respected by jazzmen, is heard with exemplary support. Flanagan is honestly a pianist—not a percussionist, as some jazz piano players have become. A sensitive musician of constant taste, he has a flowing sense of melodic continuity and the ability to create subtly varying moods, as in his particularly lyrical unaccompanied interpretation of Duke Ellington's Come Sunday. This is a rare album in that it should appeal to almost any listener, with or without jazz orientation, and, at the same time, won't bore even the hippest of the jazz inner circle.

JIMMY FORREST: Forrest Fire. Jimmy Forrest (tenor saxophone), Larry Young (Hammond organ), Thorrnel Schwartz (guitar), Jimmy Smith (drums). Remember: Bags' Groove; Help; and three others. PRESTIGE/New Jazz 8250 $4.98.

Interest: Gutsy jazz
Performance: Heated
Recording: Loud and clear

Jimmy Forrest has had extensive big-band and small-combo experience, and has been a member of the Harry Edison quintet for the past couple of years. Here he is placed in an instrumental setting that confines the atmosphere of small neighborhood clubs in the Negro sections of large cities. The main staple is blues, or blues-based, tunes. The playing is hot and direct, and the beat is deep and driving. Forrest, however, is not an imaginative soloist, so a whole set led by him lacks variety and surprise. Most substantial track is Jim's Jams, which is accurately described in the jacket notes as a "four-in-the-morning" blues.

N. H.

Bud Freeman: The Bud Freeman All-Stars (see page 58).

HANK GARLAND: Jazz Winds from a New Direction. Hank Garland (guitar), Joe Morelo (drums), Gary Burton (vibraphone); bass. All the Things You Are; Move; Relaxing; and three others. COLUMBIA CS 8372 $4.98.

Interest: Moderate
Performance: Fluent
Recording: Very good
Stereo Quality: Good

Hank Garland, a thirty-year-old veteran of hundreds of Nashville-based country and western recording sessions, is heard here in modern jazz. Joe Morelo, of the Dave Brubeck quartet, and Joe Benjamin were flown to Nashville for the occasion, as was the seventeen-year-old Boston vibist player Gary Burton.

Garland is technically facile, and he has a neat and steady if not exhilarating beat. In ideas and emotional impact, however, he is not especially individual or forceful. Burton is similarly smooth and characterless. Morelo and Benjamin provide a reliable rhythmic foundation. All told, this is a pleasant if undistinguished album.

Dexter Gordon: A big, aggressive tenor tone originals. The notes are delivered expertly enough, but the spirit is conspicuously absent. Even Goodman fans, who might be expected to enjoy this disc, are likely to find it bloodless.

P. J. W.

GOODWILL AMBASSADORS OF AMERICAN JAZZ. Vol. 2. Charles Bovary, Kamil Hala, Jan Walasek, and their jazz ensembles of Europe. Crying Child; Red Night; Cow-Cow Boogie; and nine others. BRUNO BR 50143 $3.98.

Interest: None
Performance: Amaturish
Recording: Adequate

It's difficult to understand how Bruno could muster the gall to put these recordings on sale. The three "jazz" combos are billed as being "well known throughout Europe," but I can't find anyone who has ever heard of them. The music is imitative and consistently dull. The "original" material is banal and dated; the soloists are plodding; and the rhythm patterns are, for the most part, incredibly stiff and stale. Appropriately, the liner notes are childish.

N. H.

DEXTER GORDON: The Resurgence of Dexter Gordon. Dexter Gordon (tenor saxophone), Martin Banks (trumpet), Richard Boone (trombone), Charles Coker (piano), Charles Green (bass), Lawrence Marable (drums). Home Sweet Lovely Lisa; Jodi; and three others. JAZZLAND JLP 9295 $3.98.

Interest: Hard-driving modern jazz
Performance: Virile
Recording: Good
Stereo Quality: OK

In the middle and late 1940's, Dexter Gordon was a considerable influence on several fledgling tenor players. In recent years, he's been based on the West Coast and has recorded infrequently. Judging by this October, 1960, session, Gordon's work still has an intense heat, a big, aggressive tone, and occasional thinness of ideas. (His conception on the ballad Jodi, however, is impressively economical and logical.) The rhythm section lays down a deeply pulsating foundation, and trombonist Richard Boone is particularly stimulating in the front line. This is a solidly competent album and should appeal particularly to those who prefer the "hard cookers."

N. H.
**MORE JAZZ AND ENTERTAINMENT REVIEWS**

**IN BRIEF**

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<td><strong>JIMMY McPARTLAND AND ART HODES: Meet Me in Chicago.</strong> Jimmy McPartland (trumpet) and sextet, including Vic Dickenson (trombone) and George Wetting (drums); Art Hodes and sextet, including Pee Wee Russell (clarinet) and George Brunius (trombone). MERCURY SR 60143 $4.98.</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>DICK MORGAN: At the Showboat.</strong> Dick Morgan (piano); Keter Betts (bass), Berrell Knox (drums). Mistle; Big Fat Mama; and six others. RIVERSIDE RLP 329 $4.98.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>JELLY ROLL MORTON: Rags and Blues.</strong> Honky Tonk Blues; Alabama Bound; If I Was a Whiskey and You Was a Duck; and twelve others. RIVERSIDE RLP 140 $4.98.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>PEREZ PRADO: Big Hits by Prado.</strong> Perez Prado Orchestra: Cherry Pink and Apple Blossom White; Mambo No. 3; Patricia; and nine others. RCA Victor LSP 2104 $4.98.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>RONNIE ROSS AND ALLAN GANLEY: The Jazz Makers.</strong> Pitiful Pearl; The Moonshiner; The Country Squire; and five others. ATLANTIC SD 1333 $5.98.</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

**COMMENTARY**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Despite its flag-waving liner notes, this disc fails to prove that Italian jazz amounts to much. The arrangements are of an ultra-West-Coast sparseness.</th>
<th>N. H.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Aimed at those who thrive on energetic, disciplined big-band arrangements, this collection is all pretty derivative, but the Belgian conductor-arranger, Francis Bay knows how to employ his woodwinds effectively.</td>
<td>N. H.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>This is no match for the earlier &quot;Outside Shelley Berman&quot; (Verve 6107). Berman's attempts to pass himself off as the befuddled every-man sound almost patronizing. Disappointing.</td>
<td>S. G.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Most of the arrangements here are hypertensive and short on imagination. The playing is generally too loud for too long, and the soloists are caught up in the non-stop frenzy. The results are longer on shouting power than on eloquence.</td>
<td>N. H.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>This is a pleasant but undistinctive modern-jazz piano collection. Hanna is technically assured, always smooth, but seldom intense in selections that amount to an anthology of what is safely in vogue. There are no surprises, musical or sonic.</td>
<td>N. H.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>What Neal Hefti has done here is to try to emulate Jonah Jones and small groups like that of Kirby Stone. He tries to make the thing swing and to keep it cute, gimmicky, and melodic, but the attempt is forced—too bad, for he is a talented man.</td>
<td>R. J. G.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>For listeners not attuned to authentic Irish dance music by background, temperament, or special interest, this disc is likely to pall in a short while. Still, it's a good collection of its kind—nimble and merry.</td>
<td>N. H.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>For stereo purposes, these Dixieland combos exchange ensemble and solo shots, and the two groups are heard together. The playing is vigorous, and there are some amusingly sly solos by Russell and Dickenson, but the over-all impact is diffused by the two-combo setup.</td>
<td>N. H.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dick Morgan, recorded at the Showboat, in Washington, plays a lot of piano quantitatively, but without communicating anything very personal. Nor does he know what to leave out; he is all over the piano. Keter Betts, heard less on the disc, is much more individual.</td>
<td>N. H.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>This is the third of a projected series of extracts from Jelly Roll Morton's historic Library of Congress recording. The processing and editing are not of the best, but there are some great things on this disc.</td>
<td>R. J. G.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>These are self-conscious, if entertaining, stereo re-runs of some of Prado's emphatic hits—and of some others as well. His approach is predictably stylized, but stereo does lend some extra impact.</td>
<td>N. H.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>This English duo faithfully pattern their work on American jazz style, but neither man communicates the same feeling, although both are competent professionals.</td>
<td>R. J. G.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
This is Erskine Hawkins' first album with the kind of small combo he has been leading recently around the supper club circuit. During the 1930's and 1940's, Hawkins' reputation was built on the relaxed, swinging quality of his big band rather than on his own capabilities as a trumpeter, and he remains little more than an adequate soloist. The other horn, Bobby Smith, has a hard, clear tone and a direct style somewhat reminiscent of T Dyn Smith, but he, too, is original. The rhythm section is occasionally forced into a shuffle style, apparently in imitation of Jonah Jones. Leroy Kirkland's arrangements are undistinguished, as is the album as a whole.

Interest: Accomplished trio jazz
Performance: Warm and ingratiating
Recording: Excellent

His trio was a short existence only a few months before Roy Haynes disbanded it to go on tour with the Stan Getz combo, but they achieved a unity and rapport and balance that make this album a joy. The players never strive to overreach each other, and they produce a series of relaxed, cohesive, discreet performances. Richard Wyands is a piano soloist who combines the virtues of Mose Allison and Red Garland, and Eddie DeHaas shows himself to be a bass player of uncommon power and taste. Haynes, as usual, is impeccably correct.

Interest: Delightful New Orleans jazz
Performance: A labor of love
Recording: Could be better

Al Hirt's billing here as "the greatest horn in the world" is a massive overstatement. Hirt first made a small reputation as a flashy Dixieland player. Now in his big time, he has become more and more of a specialty act and a good deal less of a musician. His technique is excellent: his tone is big, round, and warm; and he has the capacity for sweeping lyricism. But he cannot resist pyrotechnics and irrelevant effects for their own sake; he plays with the music rather than trying to play it. Victor might next try matching him and the Barnum and Bailey band.

Interest: Not for jazz buffs
Performance: Here comes the showboat
Recording: Very live
Stereo Quality: Good

Nick LaRocca, cornetist and leader of the Original Dixieland Jazz Band, the first jazz

Stereo Quality: Very good

Although this is one of the more impressive recordings of British modern jazz released in this country, the music is derivative. The major soloist is Tubby Hayes, a fiery tenor saxophonist who obviously has been keeping up with American developments. The other tenor, Ronnie Scott, is competent but less adventurous. The rhythm section is vigorous, with Terry Shannon providing several lucid, cohesive solos. The set, recorded in London in 1959, was the last album made by the Jazz Couriers as a unit.

Interest: Study British jazz
Performance: Intense
Recording: Good

MODERN JAZZ QUARTET: European Concert. Milt Jackson (vibraphone), John Lewis (piano), Kenny Burrell (guitar), Connie Kay (drums). Performance: Graceful, warm and witty
Stereo Quality: Excellent

Most of the selections in this impressive two-disc set, the first concert recording of the Modern Jazz Quartet, taped during a European tour over a year ago, are represented in far more satisfactory versions in previous albums. What is not an important set—it is. However, it does present the group in a program made up mainly of its staples, and few of the performances have the cohesiveness, artor, or originality of the earlier versions. The several selections—such as I Remember Clifford, Round Midnight, and It Don't Mean a Thing—outside its normal repertoire are, to my way of thinking, the most consistently rewarding numbers in the program, and the entire fourth side is magnificent. On all the tracks the quartet plays with empathy, grace, and urbanity, and the sensitive group interaction that has by now come to be taken for granted—and this is testimony enough to the extraordinarily high level of their accomplishment.

Interest: Nostalgic
Performance: Rough
Recording: Good

This is an odd mixture conducted by arranger Jerry Valentine and a pickup band. Much of the session sounds like an attempt to recapture the flavor and style of the semi-commercial bonds of the 1930's and early 1940's that played dances and the more informal sessions in Negro neighborhoods. The sidemen were often good jazz players, but the arrangements, as here, were usually routine and more conducive to fun and games than to foreground listening. Similarly dated is the logy, sentimentalized ensemble writing for the ballads. The soloists are uneven, with Coleman Hawkins and Idrees Sulieman the most impressive players.

N. H.
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@ ARNOLD: Guitar Concerto, Op. 67. Julian Bream (guitar); Melos Ensemble, Malcolm Arnold cond. GIULIANI: Concerto for Guitar and Strings. Julian Bream (guitar); Melos Ensemble. RCA Victor FTC 2049 $8.95.

Interest: Smallish
Performance: Top-drawer
Recording: Excellent
Stereo Quality: Impeachable

It is questionable whether the recorded literature for the guitar has been usefully expanded with this offering. Mauro Giuliani was born in 1781 and died in 1840. The best of his concerto's three movements is a touching siciliano, and the vivacious rondo finale is chatty fun, but the work is of slight importance. The British composer Malcolm Arnold has worked up an uneven mixture of contemporary, neo-classic, and jazz-and-blues styles in his concerto, which he wrote for Julian Bream. The material is fetchingly scored but mostly banal; even the slow movement, a memorial to Django Reinhardt, leaves the listener with little to cherish. Like the Giuliani work, it is brilliantly played and recorded in impeccable stereo. E.S.B.


Interest: Less than might be
Performance: Marred
Recording: Variable
Stereo Quality: Some problems

The best performances here are those of the Eighth Symphony, which is clear in detail and sunny in spirits suffusing all, and the Prometheus Overture, which is steady and effective. The performances of the other works are shot through with instabilities of tempo and flaccid phrasings. There are more potently communicative tape versions of both the "Eroica" (Steffl For Epic) and Fifth (Reiner for RCA Victor) symphonies. The London sound varies. The illusion of depth is excellent and the stereo spread average, but the bass tends to tubbiness, with the focus overmuch on the right channel, and in the Eighth Symphony the directionality seems inconsistent. E.S.B.


Interest: Some great Berlioz
Performance: Mostly excellent
Recording: Superb

Has the "Royal Hunt and Storm" music, a fine smash for stereo, ever before sounded so fresh? The sense of being in Symphony Hall listening to the Boston Brahms sequence has equal charm, though one might single out the performances of the plaintive little No. 13, in D, and the familiar No. 1, in G minor. The recording does well by the fine orchestral playing, with excellent stereo depth and width and rich sound, especially in the Brahms. E.S.B.


Interest: A standard great
Performance: Loving
Recording: Good
Stereo Quality: Odd balances

This is a big, long-striding, slowish-paced performance of Brahms' First Symphony—calm, warm, and powerful, though with some instabilities of tempo in the last movement. Walter's Academic Festival Overture is a tingling joy. The engineers have gotten good stereo depth and quite a bit of separation, but the violins, while never really harsh in sound, crowd forward too insistently. E.S.B.


Interest: Major recording
Performance: Top
Recording: Fine
Stereo Quality: Fine

How pleasant the results of good teamwork, first-class technique, and complete musicianly freedom from mannerisms can be! Listen to Graffman, quietly strumming the baric opening of the Mendelssohn; hear Munch slip into the picture with his great orchestra. The effect is magical. In the Chopin, the artist's lovely piano tone—the Victor engineers have recorded it beautifully—ravishes the senses, and the collaboration of pianist and conductor is entirely responsive to the shape and pace of the music, save for Munch's curiously bumpy reading of the first bars. The sound is superb. E.S.B.

@ DVORÁK: Symphony No. 5, in E Minor, Op. 93 ("From the New World"). Columbia Symphony Orchestra, Bruno Walter cond. Columbia MQ 339 $7.95.

Interest: Favorite
Performance: Masterly
Recording: Few problems
Stereo Quality: Good
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Scarcely a stranger to tape—this is its fourth four-track taping—Dvořák’s “New World” Symphony is heard in a carefully drawn yet vigorous, unfussy performance, with one of the most arresting statements of the first movement to be found anywhere. Only the finale does not ring with the spirit of affirmation that Dvořák wrote into it. The stereo is very good, although fuller bass and less emphasis on the first violins could have made it even better.

E. S. B.


Interest: Brilliant showpieces
Performance: Exciting
Recording: Stereo emphasis
Stereo Quality: Too much spread

This recording is a remarkable stereo excursion, even though there is overmuch emphasis on separation at the expense of depth. The Liszt rhapsody recaptures in contemporary terms the exciting effect of Stokowski’s celebrated recording with the Philadelphia Orchestra, made a quarter-century ago. In the other pieces, works that move along straighter lines, there are more touches that could be called fussy and also some orchestral imprecisions. Still, there is sorcery in the sound. The review copy had some print-through.

E. S. B.

© 1954: Mascagni: Cavalleria Rusticana. Giulietta Simionato (mezzo-soprano), Santuzza; Mario del Monaco (tenor), Turiddu; Cornell MacNeil (baritone), Alfio; Anna Raquel-Satre (mezzo-soprano), Lola; Anna di Stasio (mezzo-soprano), Mamma Lucia. St. Cecilia Academy Chorus and Orchestra, Rome, Tullio Serafin cond. Lomox LOH 19032 $12.95.

Interest: Italian slice-of-life
Performance: Good but not great
Recording: Vivid
Stereo Quality: Effective

I have not heard the only other stereo Cavalleria Rusticana, the RCA Victor disc set LSC 6059 with Renata Tebaldi, Jussi Björling, and Ettore Bastianini; but this tape is a vivid recording job on Mascagni’s terse and passionate little opera. What is missing in this performance is the sense of swift dramatic vitality in the action, of white-hot love and hatred. Tullio Serafin’s conducting is obviously knowledgeable but lacks tension, and the hearer too often gets the feeling that the principal singers are playing to the microphones, not to each other.

Mario del Monaco’s distinctly unrefined way of singing here happens to be well in character, but only in his scene with Santuzza does he vocalizing take on the heat of passion. Cornell MacNeil’s entrance is not especially well sung or dramatically convincing, but he improves later on. Anna Raquel-Satre, as Lola, and Anna di Stasio, as Mamma Lucia, are first-rate.

It is good to have Cavalleria Rusticana on a single tape, but I would have to be a real tape buff in order to give up the...
1953 mono disc set with Milanov and Bjoerling (RCA Victor LM 6106) coupled with Pagliacci. D. H.

**MOZART:** Horn Concerto No. 1, in D Major (K. 412); Horn Concerto No. 3, in E-flat (K. 422), Clarinet Concerto in A Major (K. 622). Barry Tuckwell (French horn); Gervase de Peyer (clarinet); London Symphony Orchestra, Peter Maag cond. London LCL 80053 $7.95.

- **Interest:** Mozartian delights
- **Performance:** Satisfying indeed
- **Stereo Quality:** A-1

The sweetness of Mozart's Clarinet Concerto is quite realized in the collaboration of Gervase de Peyer and Peter Maag; all told, this is the best modern recording of the work. The more lightweight horn concertos show Barry Tuckwell in good technical form, but in his playing he lacks the character and coloristic subtlety of the late Dennis Brain at his best. Maag's conducting is vital, and the recording is excellent. D. H.

**OFFENBACH:** Gaité Parisienne. BIETZ: Carmen Highlights. Orchestra: André Kostelanetz cond. RCA Victor FTC 20052 $8.95.

- **Interest:** Beautiful concerto
- **Performance:** Satisfying indeed
- **Recording:** Very good
- **Stereo Quality:** Persuasive

It should interest anyone who has heard either of Rubinstein's monophonic recordings of Mozart's A Major Concerto (K. 488) to learn that he has at last recorded another Mozart concerto, and one of Mozart's very greatest works. The pianist plays it with the awareness of discovery mingled with the composer of long friendship, and Josef Krips's shaping of the important orchestral collaboration is very able. Of two tapes now available of this work, this is the more powerful statement. Mozart's Rondo in A Minor (K. 511), for piano alone, a slow-paced, lengthy, and rather introspective piece, fills out the tape. The spacious, resonant stereo centers the piano well in the concerto.

E. S. B.

**MOZART:** Serenade in G Major (K. 525), Eine Kleine Nachtmusik; Symphony No. 40, in G minor (K. 508). Vienna State Opera Orchestra, Sir Adrian Boult cond. JUNE 1961

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Westminster WTG 150 $7.95.
Interest: Great scores
Performance: Workaday
Recording: Serenade brilliant
Stereo Quality: Good

These are, at best, workmanlike performances. The Eine kleine Nachtmusik is played with an Edwardian fineness, and Boult takes an unreasonably slow tempo in the finale. The great G Minor Symphony fares even less well; if the dullness had been contrived it could hardly have weighted the music down more. Here the sound is boxy and monochromatic, in contrast with the exquisite pale warmth of the upper strings and the sturdy full bass of the Eine kleine. E.S.B.

© PROKOFIEV: Peter and the Wolf. Beatrice Lillie (narrator); London Symphony Orchestra, Skitch Henderson cond. SAINT-SAENS: Carnival of the Animals. Beatrice Lillie (narrator); Julius Katchen and Gary Graffman (pianos); London Symphony Orchestra, Skitch Henderson cond. LONDON LCL 80065 $7.95.
Interest: Dubious
Performance: Composers and poet suffer
Recording: Full of tricks
Stereo Quality: Medium abused

It could be said that Saint-Saëns' Carnival of the Animals got a new lease on life when Ogden Nash's clever poem with emphasis on the circus rather than on the animals was used as the basis for a musical setting by Katchen and Graffman. Both these American pianists have given a performance of high technical quality and considerable musical feeling. The London Symphony Orchestra adds to the musical effect, and Miss Lillie, with her understanding for children, gives a reverie of the circus which the listeners will enjoy. E.S.B.

Interest: Stokowski readings
Performance: Good
Recording: Good
Stereo Quality: Excellent

Stokowski plays the popular Respighi tone poem with emphasis on its coloristic rather than its tumultuous qualities. The result is a pleasure from the musical standpoint, even if he does choose to make free with Respighi's orchestration in the closing pages. Admirers of the conductor will delight in the fine playing and beautiful recording of the early Italian pieces (all but the Gabrieli are heard in Stokowski transcriptions). D.H.

Interest: Solid
Performance: Powerhouse
Recording: Piano clangs
Stereo Quality: OK

The concerto is given a powerful performance, with moments that are brusque and moments that are jovial. Backhaus brings to it a ruggedly Beethovenian weight and a certain disdain for the gentler graces; his Schumann shouts and sings. Others have played the work with more charm, but such moments on this tape as the exultant climax at the end of the first movement are very hard to resist.

Backhaus's reading of the Walkdseeischen is sturdily straightforward—and just short of magical. There is slight hiss and print-through, but this is less bothersome than the rather clangy piano tone, which is more noticeable in the Walkdseeisen than in the concerto.

Interest: Quality pops
Performance: Fine
Recording: Bright
Stereo Quality: Variable

These are peppy, fetching performances. The vivid Copland and Piston dances are the important listening here. The Bernstein and Anderson are in the same category, with many busy notes and no really catchy tunes, the only real curiosity, but it is one that neither arrests nor really entertains. The bright sound, clean in instrumental detail, leans a bit to the left channel in the Anderson, Copland, and Gould pieces.

4-TR. ENTERTAINMENT
© CAMELOT. Original cast recording. COLUMBIA OQ 344 $9.95.
Interest: Less than My Fair Lady
Performance: First-rate
Recording: Tops
Stereo Quality: The big stage

Those tape listeners who have seen and liked Camelot may well want this recording to remind them of it. To others, who (like the reviewer) have not seen the show but who have happy memories of Lerner and Loewe's Music Man, the music of Camelot may well seem an ornate disappointment. The cast is admirable, and every word is crystal-clear. Richard Burton is more youthful and debonair than the traditional image of King Arthur; he emerges both wise and heroic, and he sings and in the gentle "What Do Simple Folks Do?" Julie Andrews, singing in
HIFI/Stereo
pearly, perfectly-pitched tones, is at her best in "The Lusty Month of May" (she puts a wonderful twist on the word "Lusty") and "I Loved You Once in Silence," which has distinct overtones of Schubert. Robert Goulet, the Lancelot, has a manly baritone voice. One of the better songs is surely "The Seven Deadly Virtues," which is pungently put across by Roddy McDowall. But the spirit and substance of My Fair Lady haunts this later enterprise. Columbia has developed a spacious, big-stage sound that is a pleasure to listen to.

E. S. B.

© DO RE MI (Garson Kanin, Jule Styne, Betty Comden, Adolph Green). Original cast recording: Phil Silvers, Nancy Walker, John Reardon, David Burns, George Mathews, George Givot, Nancy Dessault, and others; orchestra and chorus, Lehman Engel cond. RCA Victor FTO 5006 $8.95.

Interest: Not A-1 Broadway
Performance: Good
Recording: Faithful
Stereo Quality: Good

Given a cast headed by Nancy Walker and Phil Silvers in a show with Comden and Green lyrics, music by Jule Styne, and a book by Garson Kanin, you might expect the ingredients to add up to something with nuclear power. Alas, the happy explosion never really takes place. Do Re Mi may well be great fun when you can see Mr. Silvers and his fellow conspirators scheme genially in "It's Legitimate" or watch Miss Walker, as his faithful stage wife, tell her troubles in her best flat, tough style in "Waiting, Waiting." But in the recording these numbers are merely mildly amusing. The songs for the romantic leads, Nancy Dessault and John Reardon, come off a cut better; Miss Dessault's "Cry Like the Wind" really fills the stereo stage. The recording is generally faithful to these powerhouse doings, with spread emphasized over depth. There is slight print-through—and was it really necessary to place Silvers and Miss Walker at the left-right extremes in their duet "Take a Job?"

E. S. B.

© EILEEN FARRELL: I've Got a Right to Sing the Blues! Eileen Farrell (soprano); orchestra, Luther Henderson cond. Blues in the Night; I'm Old Fashioned; Supper Time; Looking for a Boy; and eight others. COLUMBIA CQ 943 $6.95.

Interest: The other Farrell
Performance: Overwhelming
Recording: Overwhelming
Stereo Quality: Very good

Eileen Farrell is obviously having a ball here, and she can do anything with that tremendous voice. She purrs, she shouts, she puts it right there; there's an awful lot of sound on this tape, and she accounts for most of it. Just push the "play" control on your machine—and stand back.

E. S. B.


Interest: Favorite hymns
Performance: Good
Recording: Excellent
Stereo Quality: Remarkable

The clarity of enunciation, precision, lovely tone, and fine intonation of the Mormon Tabernacle Choir are marvelous. In the twenty-two hymns on this tape the treatment is straight and stately, dignifying the more sentimental music but plodding a bit in the vigorous offerings. The depth, directionality, and spread of the sound are remarkable, but listening would be more comfortable if the recording were less close-to.

E. S. B.

© ODETTA AT CARNEGIE HALL. Odetta (vocals and guitar); Bill Lee (string bass); Choir of the Church of the Master, Dr. Theodore Stetson cond. Gallows Pole; John Riley; Prettiest Train; and twelve others. VANGUARD VTC 1630 $7.95.

Interest: High
Performance: Hypnotic
Recording: First-rate
Stereo Quality: Very good

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accompaniments are appropriate and well
played. In the last four numbers, all sus-
tained affairs with chorus, there are some
lapses from pitch in the recording, which
puts the soloist firmly front and center
on the stereo stage, is excitingly close-to.
E. S. B.

© SPECTACULAR HARPS. Robert
Maxwell and his Orchestra. Happy Days
Are Here Again. The Simple Things;
Harp Tango (El Choclo); It's A Sin To
Tell A Lie; and nine others. MGM STC
3886 $7.95.
Interest: Pop harp
Performance: Clever
Recording: Good
Stereo Quality: Directional

Harpist-arranger Robert Maxwell, better
known as the composer of Ebb Tide, has
provided clever treatments here, but only
in rare moments does he allow his instru-
ment to sound in its generally accepted
classical character.
He enlists the solo harp to the right
channel, places electric guitar and (or)
doubled bass on the left, and uses a small but
effective "orchestra" in these selections that
call for rhythm accompaniment.
The arrangements are saved from medi-
ocity through Maxwell's discreet and
tasteful use of limited instrumentation,
and by his own agility.
J. T.

© DELLA REESE. Della Reese (vocals);
orchestra, Neal Hefti cond. And the Angles
Sing; I'll Get By; Blue Skies; and nine
others. RCA Victor FTP 1008. $7.95.
Interest: Raucous pops
Performance: Sturdy
Recording: Brittle
Stereo Quality: Pronounced

Miss Reese is the Teresa Brever of her
age bracket. She sings with a strident qual-
ity that sometimes makes one think the
tape is at the wrong speed. On the whole,
this is music for teenagers or for rock-and
roll fans.
R. J. G.

© WILDCAT (N. Richard Nash, Cy Cole-
man, Carolyn Leigh). Original cast record-
ing; Lucille Ball, Keith Andes, and others;
orchestra and chorus, John Morris cond.
RCA Victor FTO 5004 $8.95.
Interest: Good Broadway show
Performance: Top
Recording: Very good
Stereo Quality: Very good

Almost any good show has at least one
song worth remembering. Wildcat has two,
"You're a Liar," is the noisy one—a fine
example of the battle-of-the-sizes number,
mutual-abuse division. But the bright and
catty one that is likely to outlive the
good show is "Give a Little Whistle." Both
are top vehicles for Lucille Ball and her
leading man, Keith Andes. The rest of
the story, about how a tough, pretty, gold-
hearted girl demystifies her way into a
gusher of oil, is embellished with lesser
tunes, most of them good fun, thanks
duly to Carolyn Leigh's bouncy lyrics.
The tape puts the listener front-row cen-
ter, with the stage doings ranged far and
wide over the area between one's speakers.
There is a touch of print-through audible
at some of the pauses.
E. S. B.

HiFi/SREO
Embraceable You; BN arrangements, which merely nel cond. place alone a sixteen others.

George is likability as his wonder fore It Ragtime Daddy; We're recording.

It was only a matter of time, of course, before a Jimmy Durante night-club act would be preserved on a record. The only wonder is that it has taken so long for anyone to tape the inimitable clown in what is now his usual habitat. Happily, his special brand of exuberant showmanship is almost as much of a joy to listen to as it is to see; his natural warmth and likability make even his craziest roughhouse antic irresistible. Durante remains a unique performer, possibly because of all the entertainers now recording he alone can make this listener feel that a night-club is the gayest, most friendly place in the world to spend an evening.

S.G.

GERSHWIN: Frederick Fennell Conducts Gershwin. Orchestra, Frederick Fennel cond. I Got Rhythm; Bidin' My Time; Embraceable You; and nine others. Mer- cery PPS 6006.

George Gershwin's exciting rhythms are not too well served by these overblown arrangements, which merely seem to weigh down their inherent bubbly quality. There is occasionally some neat two-piano work by Bernie Leighton and Jascha Zayde, but much the most part the disc is disappointingly fuzzy.

S.G.

BUDDY GRECO: Buddy's Rock in Town! Buddy Greco (vocals); orchestra. I Married an Angel; You're the Top; I Could Write a Book; and nine others. Epic BN 593 ®.
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**TERRY SNYDER • Footlight Percussion With a Bongo Beat**

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*They are even bold enough to tackle Madeira M'Deer, by the British team of Michael Flanders and Donald Swann, although I prefer the composers' less hokey approach. But the boys do put on a great show. S.G.*

**GERMAINE MONTERO • Montmartre la Nuit. Germaine Montero (vocals); orchestra, Philippe-Gerard cond. Je veux des soles; Paris Canaille; Le chef de la voix, and eleven others. VANGUARD VRS 9082 $4.98.**

*Germaine Montero has a remarkably dramatic, earthy voice that she uses with rare intelligence and artistry. Most of the items in this recital were written by such outstanding French composers as Leo Ferré, Marguerite Monnot, and Philippe-Gerard (who conducts the orchestra), and they have supplied her with a splendid lot of songs embracing a wide variety of themes. Among them are such pleasures as the propulsive Jazz Band (by Ferré), the stylishly Kurt Weillish C'est à Hambourg (by Mlle Monnot), and La complainte du bon pasteur, a rather bloody tale incongruously mated to a rollicking peasant air. Translations are on the jacket. S.G.*

**SVEN-BERTIL TAUBE • Sweden's Taube Sings Taube. Sven-Bertil Taube (vocals); orchestra, Ulf Bjorlin cond. Dottore Bordone; Serenades iSan Remo; Al Fresco; and nine others. CAPITOL ST 10274 $4.98.**

*Evart Taube has long been an almost legendary figure in the musical life of Sweden, and his many songs of adventure have been accepted as something akin to genuine folk songs. Fortunately, his musical tradition continues in his son, Sven-Bertil Taube, who sings a dozen of his father's best-loved compositions with just the right note of modest and sincere understanding. The jacket translations do not do full justice to the texts. S.G.*

**DIANA TRASK • Diana Trask (vocals); orchestra, Glenn Osger cond. Spring Is Here; By Myself; Let's Fall in Love; and nine others. COLUMBIA CS 8401 $4.98.**

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HARRY ZIMMERMANN: Bongos, Reeds, Brass, Vol. 2. Harry Zimmerman Band. Indian Summer; Blue Tango; Solitude; and nine others. LIFE L 1062 $4.95.


And still the sound wave rolls on. RCA’s new Stereo Action line has the instruments float from speaker to speaker as if they were on some sort of etherial treadmill. Each of the three conductors in the series seems to favor a particular sonic trademark: Ray Martin goes in for representational sound effects (Julius Baker’s flute is the bee in flight, and strings are used to create a really stormy Stormy Weather); Marty Gold features literal sound effects (a train in Shuffle Off to Buffalo, a streetcar in The Trolley Song); Dick Schory tries for comedy (trumpets chasing trumpets on Portrait in Jazz, and a musical bull-fight between trumpet and tuba on Bully). But a gimmick is a gimmick if it’s in the mix. Strand’s Elite series offers little that is exceptional, but it offers it for less—$2.98. Of the two arrangers represented, I was much happier with Billy Mure’s very bright and lively approach on the world-wide tour than with Joseph Mattera’s plodding handling of miscellaneous Latin melodies.

For some reason known to its parent company, HiFiRecords, only the mono version of the Life release was sent for review. Harry Zimmermann’s arrangements are flashy, and, as the oriental flavoring of Indian Summer would indicate, fairly incongruous. Incidentally, now that we have labels bearing the names Time and Life, can Fortune and Architectural Forum be far behind?

S.G.
Bob Prescott, a sound-effects expert, has put together a good number of stereophonic gags that, if nothing else, do succeed in keeping the listener curious as to what he will pull next. The bit on Russian roulette, with the snapping sound of a gun being pushed across a table, and the one called "Haircut" struck me as being the cleverest items.

S.G.

**THE PRO MUSICA EROTICA: The Restoration Revisited.** No, No, Says Rose, I'll Die; A Catch on the Midnight Cats; Young Anthony Peeping; and seventeen others. *Offbeat* 0-4014 $4.95.

Interest: Ribald repertory
Performance: A proper group
Recording: All right

Without question, dear reader, 'tis here we have a popular concert that should find favor in the heart of every wooer, rafcal, wrench, and even cuckold. From the musical riches of many worthies, including Meffers William Boyce, John Blow, and Henry Purcell, there has been culled a goodly assortment of catches and glees, most all of which brilliantly relate diverse manners of amatory adventures and misadventures. The Pro Musica Erotica, a proper complement of fingers, do convey most admirably the sentiments, whiff flautist and bowmen abet their efforts handomely.

S.G.

**PETER SELLERS AND SOPHIA LOR EN** (see page 59).

**THEATER**


Interest: Bright material
Performance: Carol Channing
Recording: Excellent
Stereo Quality: Generally very good

The few revues shown on Broadway these days seem to have something of a night-club air about them, and this is especially true of *Show Girl*, Carol Channing's near-one-woman revue, which is quite obviously based firmly on the routine that she has been doing in clubs around the country. As its name implies, the show is concerned mostly with various aspects of the theater as viewed by composer-lyricist Charles Gaynor and interpreted by Miss Channing, and although she is nobly supported by Jules Munshin and a French singing quartet known as Les Quat' Jeuds, *Show Girl* is primarily a showcase for her talents. Alternately squealing and pursing her way through the numbers, Miss Channing is all feline wonderment and wide-eyed innocence.

Five of the numbers on this disc were previously recorded by Vanguard (VRS 9056), but the audio quality was atrocious; Roulette's sound is excellent.

S.G.


Interest: Yes indeed
Performance: Fine company
Recording: Fine
Stereo Quality: Good enough

To American listeners, the name of Oscar Straus is known chiefly because of his score for *The Chocolate Soldier*. However, *A Waltz Dream*, which he had written the previous year, in 1907, was really the work that won him status as one of the foremost post-Strauss composers of Viennese opera. It remains, along with Lehár's *The Merry Widow*, the apotheosis of this style of musical theater, and its sentimental, Graustarkian story is a mirror of the light-hearted gaiety of Vienna just after the turn of the century.

This new *RCA* recording of excerpts from *A Waltz Dream* is a complete delight. The voices of the principals, particularly Peter Minich and Eva Kasper, are well trained and well suited to their roles, and Franz Bauer-Theussl keeps things moving at a lilting pace. As for the score itself, I find it a more completely satisfying work even than *The Chocolate Soldier*, whose impudent, satirical Slavish story seems to me to have inhibited Straus's natural gift for composing swirling arias and duets. In *A Waltz Dream*, with no plot of any importance to worry about, he was able to turn out one gay and romantic melody after another—"Tut hab' mit Freunden angelört" to describe the wonders of Vienna; the swooping waltz duet "Komm her, du mein Reiziger," the bossa nova duet, "Piccolo Pie- ccolo"; the joyous "Macht's auf die Tür'n." The most exciting piece in the score, however, is still the magnificent "Leise, ganz leise," sung by two exuberant young men as they listen to the ripped-in-honey strings of an all-girl orchestra.

There is intelligent stereo placement on the record, and all the songs are described in the jacket notes.

S.G.

**EARL SCRUGGS: The five-string banjo sizzles**

Earl Scruggs has been an influential stylist in the country-music field, particularly among banjoists involved in the sizzling bluegrass music, of which the Flatt-and-Scruggs Foggy Mountain Boys are among the most authoritative exponents. In bluegrass mountain music, the five-string banjo often takes the lead, and the performances are among the freshest and most exuberant examples of collective improvisation in contemporary music— including jazz.

Here is an all-instrumental collection of the postgraduate hillbilly, of which, as artist-participant Mike Seeger has noted, "is directly related to the old cornshucking party banjo and fiddle music as well as to the ballad songs and religious music of the Southern mountains." The instrumental virtuosity required of a first-rate bluegrass band is dazzling, and all concerned here have it, particularly the high-speed Mr. Scruggs.

HIFI/Stereo

**FOLK**

**EWAN MACCOLL: The Best of Ewan MacColl.** Ewan MacColl (vocals), All Edw ards (concentina and ocarina), Peggy Seeger (banjo and guitar), The Shepherd Lad; General Wolfe; The Deserter; and eleven others. *Prestige/International* 19004 $4.98.

Interest: Absorbing cross-section
Performance: Powerfully personal
Recording: Good

Ewan MacColl is a Scots-born actor who has also become in recent years an exceptionally expressive singer of folk songs. He is an expert storyteller in music, and he always avoids the self-conscious dramatic stance of the too-polished concert performer. MacColl has the ability to make his audience believe in his own personal involvement in the songs, including those far removed in origin from the Scots material he heard as a boy.

In the first of what should be a long series for Prestige's new International series, MacColl has chosen wisely from many sources. There are venerable British ballads, deep-water sailors' songs, jaunty pub tunes, and several other varieties of folk expression. Particularly memorable are a chilling, unaccompanied version of *The Cruel Mother*, a story of infanticide that has variants throughout northern Europe, and a fresh, unbowed variety version of *The Foggy Dew*.

N.J.J.

**RAKHIL: Israeli, Yemenite, Greek, and Ladino Songs** (see page 58).

**JEANNIE ROBERTSON: Scottish Ballads and Folk Songs** (see page 59).

**EARL SCRUGGS AND LESTER FLATT: Foggy Mountain Banjo.** Earl Scruggs (banjo); Lester Flatt (guitar); Foggy Mountain Boys, Sally Ann, Reuben, Cumberland Gap; and ten others. *Columbia* CS 8564 $4.98.

Interest: Smoking blue grass
Performance: Euphoric
Recording: Excellent
Stereo Quality: Superior

Earl Scruggs has been an influential stylist in the country-music field, particularly among banjoists involved in the sizzling bluegrass music, of which the Flatt-and-Scruggs Foggy Mountain Boys are among the most authoritative exponents. In bluegrass mountain music, the five-string banjo often takes the lead, and the performances are among the freshest and most exuberant examples of collective improvisation in contemporary music—including jazz.

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N.H.
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ELECTRO-VOICE High-Fidelity Speaker System...it's Weather-proofed!

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