

QST

June 1957

50 Cents

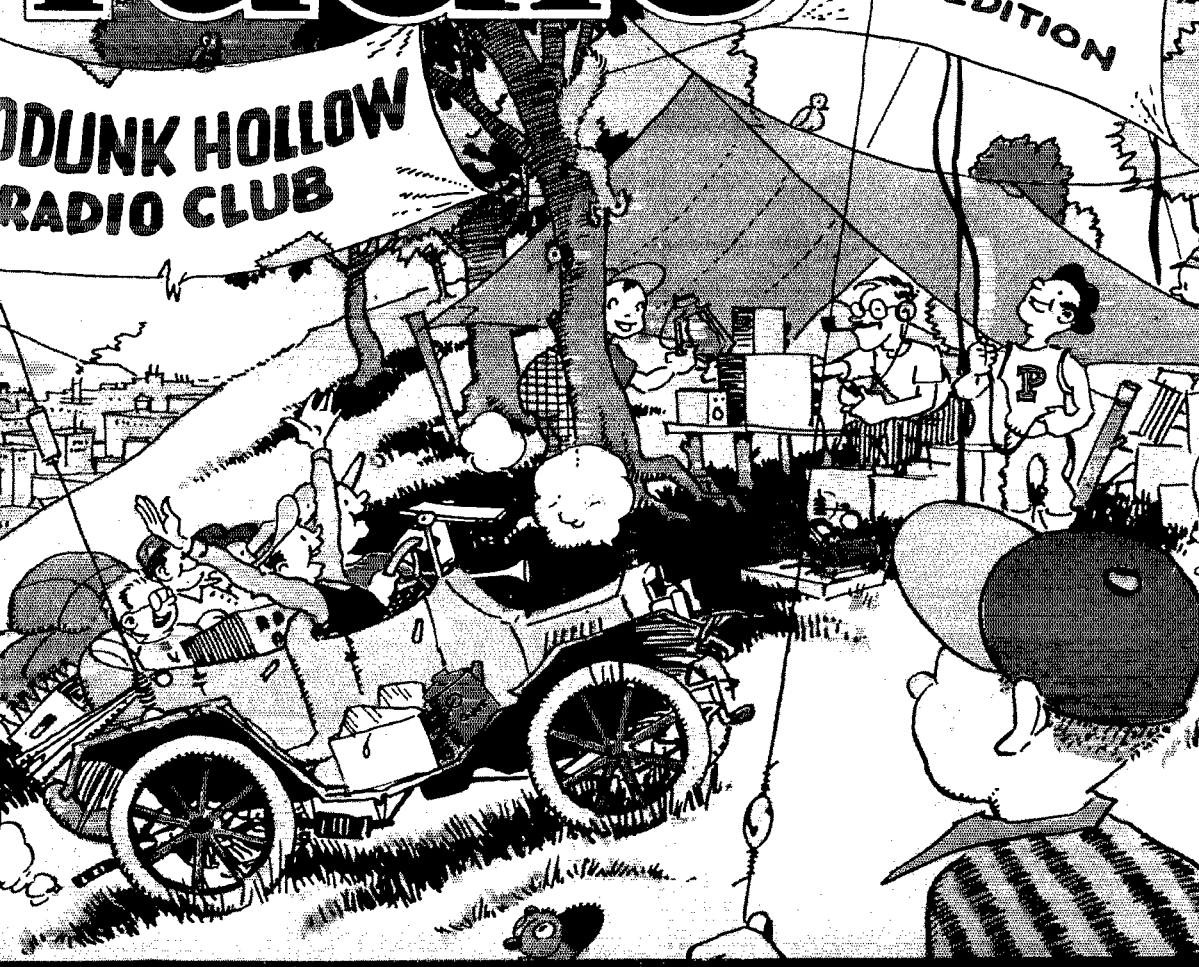
55c in Canada

devoted entirely to

amateur radio

DUNK HOLLOW
RADIO CLUB

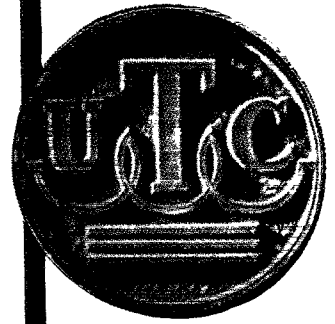
VHF SECTION
F.D.
EXPEDITION



LARGEST PRODUCERS IN THIS FIELD FOR TWO DECADES...

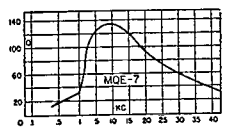
HIGH Q INDUCTORS FOR EVERY APPLICATION

FROM STOCK... ITEMS BELOW AND 650 OTHERS IN OUR CATALOGUE B.

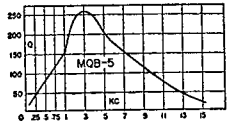


MQ Series Compact Hermetic Toroid Inductors

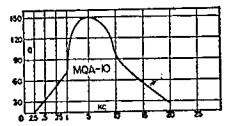
The MQ permalloy dust toroids combine the highest Q in their class with minimum size. Stability is excellent under varying voltage, temperature, frequency and vibration conditions. High permeability case plus uniform winding affords shielding of approximately 80 db.



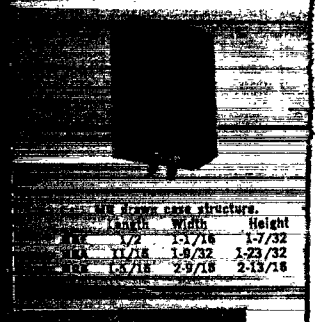
MQE 15 stock values from 7 Mhy. to 2.8 Hy.



MQA 19 stock values from 7 Mhy. to 22 Hy.

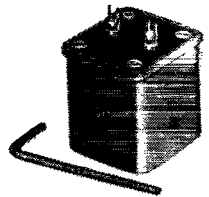


MQB 12 stock values from 10 Mhy. to 25 Hy.

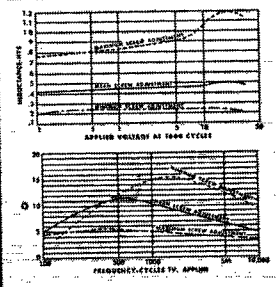


Case structure.

Case No.	Length	Width	Height
1	1-1/4"	1-11/32"	1-7/32"
2	1-1/4"	1-9/32"	1-27/32"
3	1-1/4"	1-9/16"	2-13/16"



VIC case structure
Length 1-1/4 Width 1-11/32 Height 1-7/16



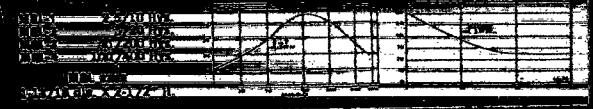
Type	Mean Hys.	Type	Mean Hys.
VIC-1	.0085	VIC-12	1.3
VIC-2	.013	VIC-13	2.2
VIC-3	.021	VIC-14	3.4
VIC-4	.034	VIC-15	5.4
VIC-5	.053	VIC-16	8.5
VIC-6	.084	VIC-17	13.
VIC-7	.13	VIC-18	21.
VIC-8	.21	VIC-19	33.
VIC-9	.34	VIC-20	52.
VIC-10	.54	VIC-21	83.
VIC-11	.85	VIC-22	130.

VIC Variable Inductors

The VIC Inductors have represented an ideal solution to the problem of tuned audio circuits. A set screw in the side of the case permits adjustment of the inductance from +85% to -45% of the mean value. Setting is positive. Curves shown indicate effective Q and L with varying frequency and applied AC voltage.

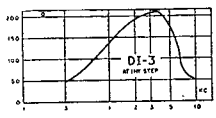
MQ - Low Frequency High Q Coils

The MQ series of high Q coils employ special laminated permalloy cores to provide very high Q at low frequencies with exceptional stability for varying voltage, frequency, and temperature. Identical windings permit series, parallel, or transformer type connections.

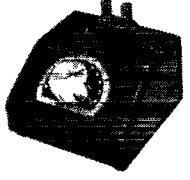


DI Inductance Decades

These decades set new standards of Q, stability, frequency range and convenience. Inductance values laboratory adjusted to better than 1%. Units housed in a compact die cast case with sloping panel ideal for laboratory use.



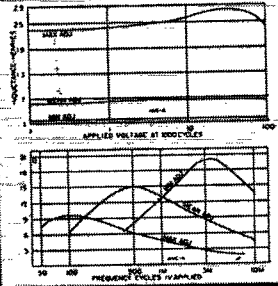
DI-1 Ten 10 Mhy. steps.
DI-2 Ten 100 Mhy. steps.
DI-3 Ten 1 Hy. steps.
DI-4 Ten 10 Hy. steps.



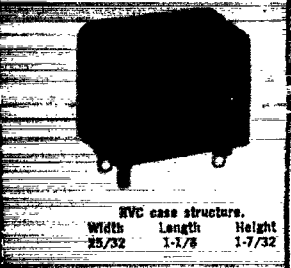
DI DECADE
Length 4 1/4"
Width 3 3/4"
Height 2 3/4"

HVC Hermetic Variable Inductors

A step forward from our long established VIC series. Hermetically sealed to MIL-T-27... extremely compact... wider inductance range... higher Q... lower and higher frequencies... superior voltage and temperature stability.



Type No.	Min. Hys.	Mean Hys.	Max. Hys.
HVC-1	.002	.005	.02
HVC-2	.005	.015	.05
HVC-3	.011	.040	.11
HVC-4	.03	.1	.3
HVC-5	.07	.25	.7
HVC-6	.2	.6	2
HVC-7	.5	1.5	5
HVC-8	1.1	4.0	11
HVC-9	3.0	10	30
HVC-10	7.0	25	70
HVC-11	20	60	200
HVC-12	50	150	500



HVC case structure.
Width 25/32 Length 1-1/8 Height 1-7/32

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Send your specifications for prices.

UNITED TRANSFORMER CORP.

150 VARICK STREET, NEW YORK 13, N. Y.
EXPORT DIVISION: 13 EAST 40th STREET, NEW YORK, 16, N. Y. CABLES "ARLAB"
PACIFIC MFG. DIVISION: 4008 W. JEFFERSON BLVD., LOS ANGELES 16, CALIF.

The New Ideas in communications are born at hallicrafters

Brilliant performance! The SX-99 receiver features broadcast coverage 540-1680 kc plus three S/W bands, 1680 kc—34 mc. Bandsread calibrated over 10, 11, 15, 20, 40, 80 meter amateur bands. Antenna trimmer, "S" meter, crystal filter. Seven tubes plus rectifier. Black cabinet, silver trim, piano hinge top. **Model SX-99—\$149.95**

Incomparable value! SX-100 Selectable Sideband Receiver proved best for your money by far in its field. "Tee-Notch" filter provides stable non-regenerative system for rejection of unwanted heterodyne. Notch depth control; antenna trimmer; 100 kc quartz crystal calibrator. Logging dials for both tuning controls. Freq. range: 538-1580 kc; 1720 kc—34 mc. **Model SX-100—\$295.00**

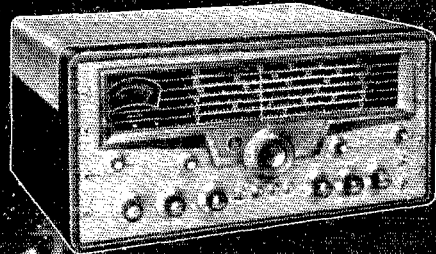
New heavyweight champion! Rugged is the word for the SX-101 receiver—and it's all amateur. Heaviest chassis in the industry. Full gear drive. Complete coverage of 7 bands: 160, 80, 40, 20, 15, 11-10 meters. Special 10 mc. pos. for WWV. Tee-notch filter. S-meter functions with A.V.C. off. Selectable side band. **Model SX-101—\$395.00**



**MODEL
SX-99**



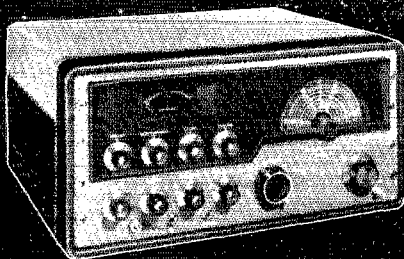
**MODEL
SX-100**



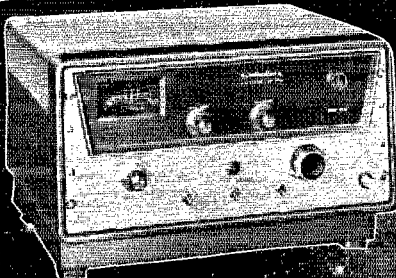
**MODEL
SX-101**

Cleanest signal on the air! Hallicrafters new HT-32 transmitter brings you a new standard of clarity with two exclusive features: (1) 5.0 mc quartz crystal filter—cuts unwanted sideband 50 db. or more; (2) new bridged-tee modulator, temp.-stabilized and compensated network provides carrier suppression in excess of 50 db. SSB, AM or CW output on 80, 40, 20, 15, 11-10 meter bands. High-stability gear-driven V.F.O. 144 watts peak input. Ideal CW keying and break-in operation. **Model HT-32—\$675.00**

New ceramic tubes! Ultra-compact new HT-33 kilowatt amplifier accents performance and dependability with costlier ceramic tubes—another Hallicrafters first. 100 watts greater plate dissipation. Greater overload safety. Unsurpassed ruggedness. *More features:* six amateur bands, 80, 40, 20, 15, 11-10 meters; simplified tuning; low drive requirement; quieter operation from low speed blower. All control leads filtered. **Model HT-33—\$775.00**



**MODEL
HT-32**

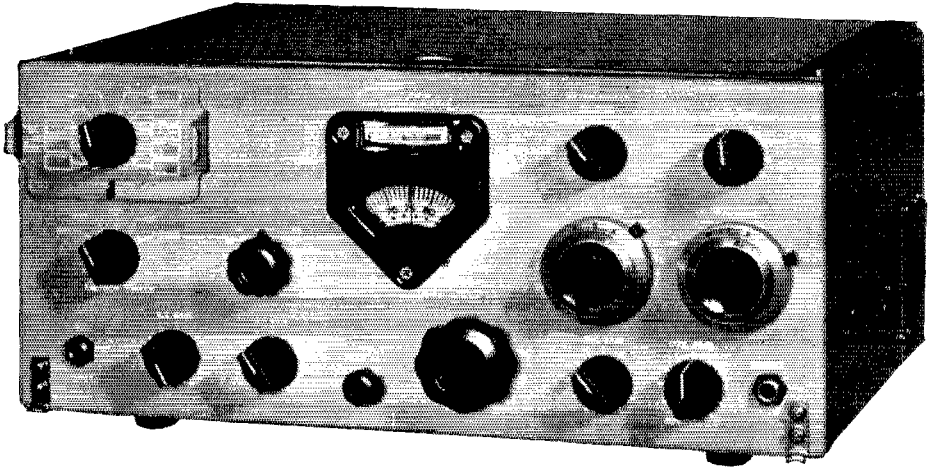


**MODEL
HT-33**

Available on convenient terms
from your radio parts distributor

The
hallicrafters
Company
Chicago 24, Ill.

ANOTHER COLLINS FIRST



KWM-1

With These Firsts

in Amateur Mobile Equipment:

FIRST TRANSCEIVER • FIRST SSB • FIRST VOX AND SPEAKER ANTI-TRIP CIRCUITS • FIRST ALL-TRANSISTOR POWER SUPPLY • FIRST AUTOMATIC LOAD CONTROL • FIRST PRECISION TUNED VARIABLE FREQUENCY OSCILLATOR • FIRST TO USE MECHANICAL FILTER • FIRST CRYSTAL-CONTROLLED BFO AND RECEIVER HF OSCILLATOR.

These are *important* firsts in Amateur mobile communication, and all designed into one compact unit — the 175 watt* 14-30 mc KWM-1. This compactness and the low cost of the KWM-1 are a result of using common components for both transmit and receive, which also results in exact coincidence of signals in frequency-determining elements. Other top features include frequency stability comparable to the KWS-1/75A-4 combination; break-in CW using VOX circuits; side tone for monitoring CW. An optional adaptor will be available to *RF PEP Input

separate transmit and receive frequencies for working out-of-band DX. Only 6¼" H, 14" W, 10" D. Weighs 15 pounds.

Your Collins distributor has full details on the KWM-1, which will be available from production in August. Contact him today.

KWM-1 Transceiver	\$770.00
516E-1 12 vdc Power Supply	248.00
516F-1 115 vac Power Supply	103.00
312B-2 Speaker Console with directional wattmeter	146.00
312B-1 Speaker in cabinet	25.00
351D-1 Mobile Mounting Tray	TBA

Collins CREATIVE LEADER IN COMMUNICATION



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MOBILE —

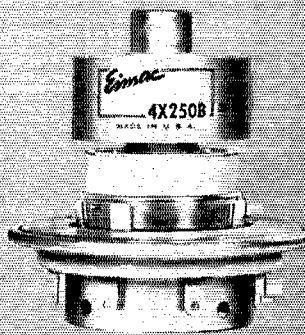
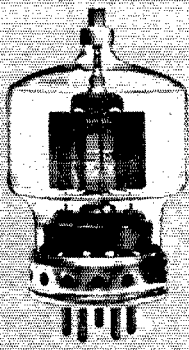
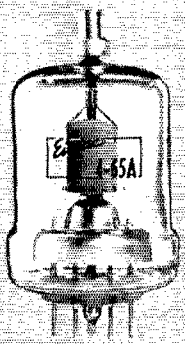
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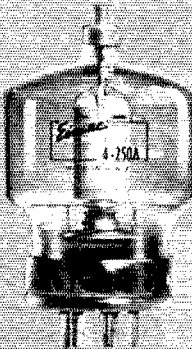


4-65A

4-400A

4E27A

4X250B and
air system socket



4-125A

4-250A

4CX300A

CW

SSB

AM

Eimac First...for all band transmission

4-65A Radial-Beam Power Tetrode

Smallest of the Eimac internal anode tetrodes, the 4-65A has a plate dissipation rating of 65 watts and is ideal for mobile as well as fixed-station service.

	CW	AM	SSB
Plate Voltage	3000v	2500v	3000v
Driving Power	1.7w	2.6w	0
Power Input	345w	275w	195w

4X250B Radial-Beam Power Tetrode

A compact, rugged tube unilaterally interchangeable in nearly all cases with the famous 4X150A, with the advantages of higher power and easier cooling.

	CW	AM	SSB
Plate Voltage	2000v	1500v	2000v
Driving Power	2.8w	2.1w	0
Power Input	500w	300w	500w

4-400A Radial-Beam Power Tetrode

Highest powered of the Eimac Big Six, it will easily deliver a kilowatt per tube in CW, AM or SSB application. Forced-air cooling is required.

	CW	AM	SSB
Plate Voltage	3000v	3000v	3000v
Driving Power	6.1w	3.5w	0
Power Input	1050w	825w	900w

4-125A Radial-Beam Power Tetrode

The versatile tube that made screen grid transmitting tubes popular. This favorite for commercial, military and amateur use is radiation cooled.

	CW	AM	SSB
Plate Voltage	2500v	2500v	3000v
Driving Power	3.8w	3.3w	0
Power Input	500w	380w	315w

4CX300A Ceramic Power Tetrode

A new all ceramic-metal high power tetrode designed for rugged service. Will withstand heavy shock and vibration and operate with envelope temperatures in 250° centigrade.

	CW	AM	SSB
Plate Voltage	2000v	1500v	2000v
Driving Power	2.8w	2.1w	0w
Power Input	500w	300w	500w

4E27A Radial-Beam Power Pentode

The 4E27A gives outstanding performance in all types of operation. When suppressor-grid modulated, it will deliver 75 watts at carrier conditions.

	CW	AM	SSB
Plate Voltage	2500v	2500v	3000v
Driving Power	2.3w	2.0w	0
Power Input	460w	380w	345w

4-250A Radial-Beam Power Tetrode

A high power output tube with low driving requirements. A pair of Eimac 4-250A's easily handle a kilowatt input in AM, CW or SSB service.

	CW	AM	SSB
Plate Voltage	3000v	3000v	3000v
Driving Power	2.5w	3.2w	0
Power Input	1035w	675w	630w

Information on Eimac tubes and their applications is available free upon request from our Amateur Service Bureau. Write today for copies of our Quick Reference Catalogue, Application Bulletin No. 8 "Power Tetrodes," Application Bulletin No. 9 "Single Sideband," and other valuable literature.

EITEL-McCULLOUGH, INC.
SAN BRUNO · CALIFORNIA
The World's Largest Manufacturer of Transmitting Tubes



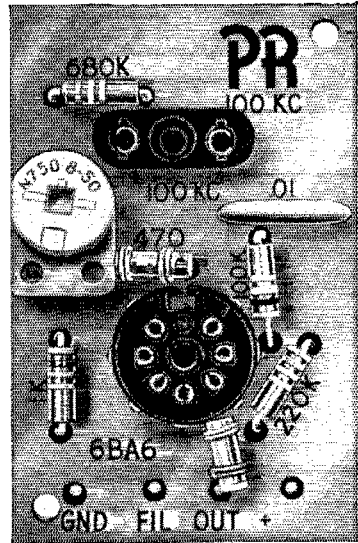
PR *Printed Oscillator Kit... has Many Uses!*

- As 100 Kc. Marker
- As 1000 Kc. Marker for Check Points up to 54 Mc.
- As Foundation Circuit for low Frequency SSB Crystals

Yes—the new PR 100 Kc. Printed Oscillator Kit is already doing additional jobs . . . and well! For instance, by using a PR 1000 Kc. crystal it will give useful check points up to 54 Mc. on receivers where high frequency dial calibrations are not accurate enough for 100 Kc. determinations. Also—it's proving very useful for low frequency SSB crystals. Where a number of circuits are incorporated, this kit may be used.

Assemble in MINUTES. Kit contains everything but 6BA6 oscillator tube and crystal. Circuit guaranteed only when used with a PR crystal. See your dealer.


Amateur Net, \$4.50



Actual size illustration.

PR

Crystals



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Section Communications Managers of the ARRL Communications Department

Reports Invited. All amateurs, especially League members, are invited to report station activities on the first of each month (for preceding month) direct to the SCM, the administrative ARRL official elected by members in each Section. Radio club reports are also desired by SCMs for inclusion in *QST*. **ARRL Field Organization station appointments** are available in the areas shown to qualified League members. These include ORS, OES, OPS, OO and OBS. SCMs also desire applications for SEC, EC, RM and PAM where vacancies exist. *All amateurs* in the United States and Canada are invited to join the Amateur Radio Emergency Corps (ask for Form 7).

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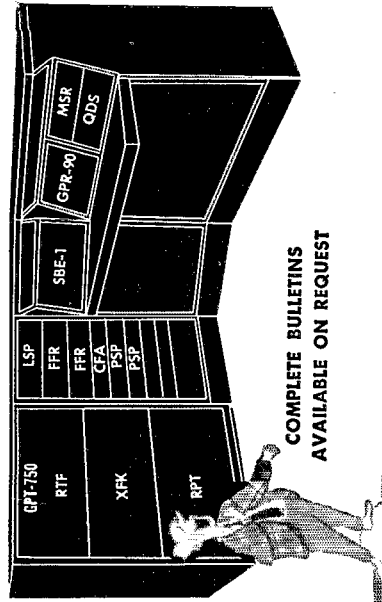
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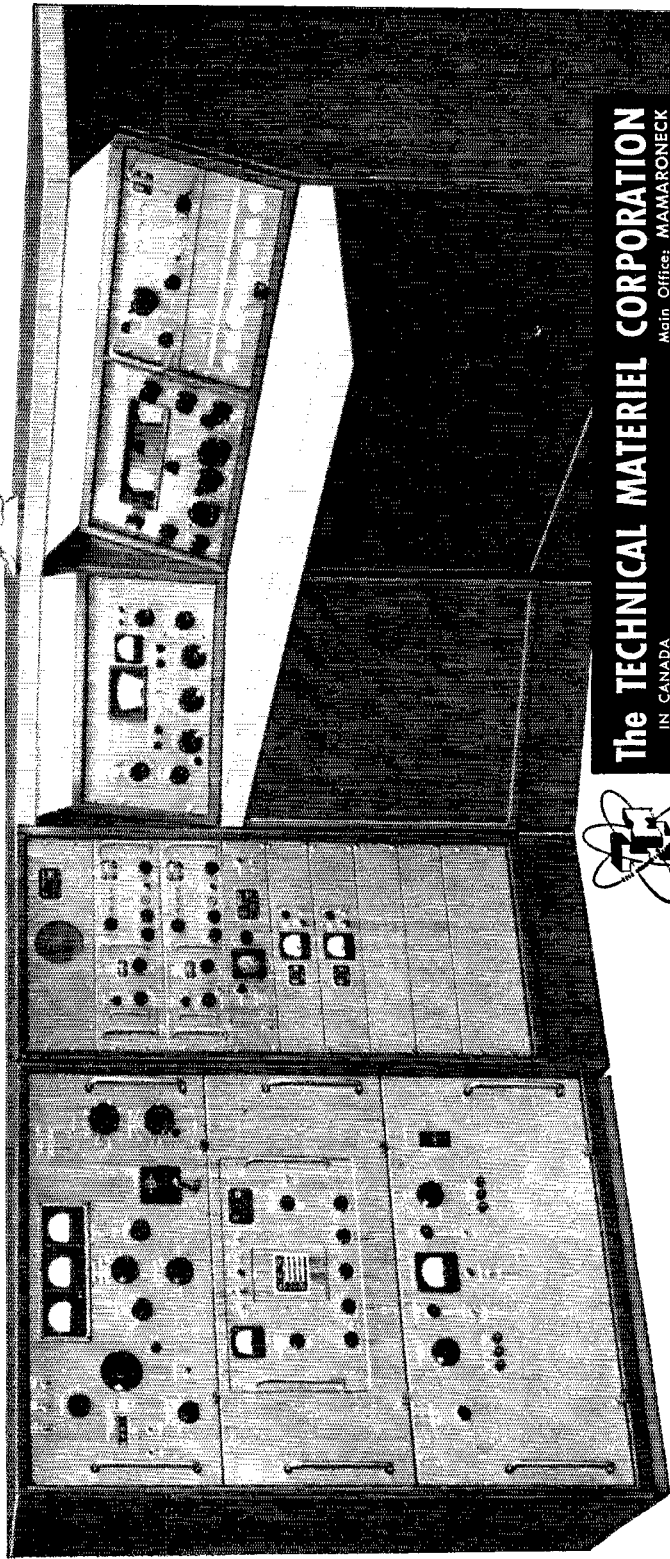
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is a noncommercial association of radio amateurs, bonded for the promotion of interest in amateur radio communication and experimentation, for the relaying of messages by radio, for the advancement of the radio art and of the public welfare, for the representation of the radio amateur in legislative matters, and for the maintenance of fraternalism and a high standard of conduct.

It is an incorporated association without capital stock, chartered under the laws of Connecticut. Its affairs are governed by a Board of Directors, elected every two years by the general membership. The officers are elected or appointed by the Directors. The League is noncommercial and no one commercially engaged in the manufacture, sale or rental of radio apparatus is eligible to membership on its board.

"Of, by and for the amateur," it numbers within its ranks practically every worth-while amateur in the nation and has a history of glorious achievement as the standard-bearer in amateur affairs.

Inquiries regarding membership are solicited. A bona fide interest in amateur radio is the only essential qualification; ownership of a transmitting station and knowledge of the code are not prerequisite, although full voting membership is granted only to licensed amateurs.

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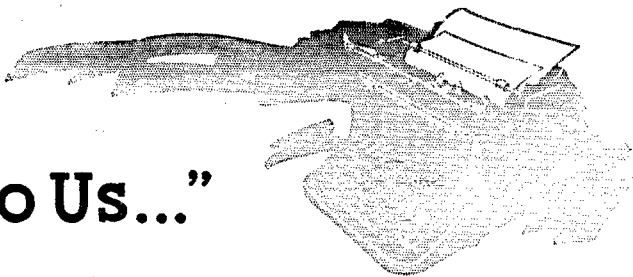
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"It Seems to Us..."



THIRD-PARTY TRAFFIC

The May issue of our esteemed contemporary *CQ* contains a "correction" by the editor of a January item he wrote which indicated third-party traffic was taboo internationally unless some special treaty was in effect between the United States and the country concerned; that is, the January piece indicated such traffic was taboo, and now the May issue says it ain't necessarily so.

The editor was right in January; the May item is wrong.

Before some amateurs get cited by FCC for handling, or attempting to handle, third-party traffic internationally, let us make the situation perfectly clear. *You can't do it*, except in those cases where we have specific treaty arrangements permitting it. These special cases involve Canada, Chile, Cuba, Costa Rica, Ecuador, Liberia, Nicaragua and Panama. With these countries personal third-party traffic (of a nature that would not normally be handled by commercial communications facilities) may be handled freely, in either direction. With other countries, absolutely no, even if "unimportant."

The League has been through this matter many times, over the years. It is important for U. S. amateurs to realize that, for the most part, other countries of the world simply do not want their amateurs handling messages for, between or on behalf of third parties, *even within the boundaries of their own countries*. Admittedly, when the first international conference was held, in Washington (1927), it didn't say anything prohibiting international handling of amateur third-party traffic. It just didn't occur to most other nations to say anything about it, since they didn't permit it domestically. But in 1932, at the Madrid conference following up Washington, somebody got hold of an ARRL message blank and noticed it said something about handling messages anywhere in the world, and all Hades broke loose. We'll never forget the uproar. *Amateurs handling messages!* They wanted none of it and at Madrid they wrote in what was intended to make it clear it wouldn't be permitted, internationally. That

language, repeated at the Cairo Conference of 1937, read: "*It shall be strictly forbidden for owners of amateur stations to transmit international communications emanating from third persons.*"

But some U. S. amateurs adopted various subterfuges to handle international third-party traffic anyway — things such as asking the amateur at the other end to convey an informal "message" to somebody in the foreign amateur's town, or getting the non-amateur (or amateur) friend at the station at this end.

Well, this had the inevitable result: at the next conference, at Atlantic City, in 1947, these practices having come to the attention of various foreign administrations, they changed the old Madrid language to plug the loophole (if any). The text, adopted then and now binding upon United States and all other amateurs, reads as follows: "*It is absolutely forbidden for amateur stations to be used for transmitting international communications on behalf of third parties.*" It's all there in big print. And we assure you that if this language doesn't work it will be changed next time, after some hard and critical looks at what some amateurs are doing, or trying to do, which won't do the rest of us any good. (The "some" will probably have received citations from FCC anyway.)

You may wonder why, if there is such a flat prohibition of international third-party traffic or message handling, we do have it permitted with the countries enumerated earlier. That comes about from a paragraph immediately following the prohibitive text. "The preceding provisions may be modified by special arrangements between the countries concerned." It is under this provision we have been able to effect special message-handling treaties with the countries listed.

Let us have no more "lawyerizing" about what the international regulations mean. They mean we don't handle any communications, traffic, messages, memoranda or whatever to, from or on behalf of third parties — and that goes even if the third party is another amateur.

(Continued on next page)

Internationally, amateurs working each other are supposed to confine their remarks to themselves.

Period.

27 Mc.

The Federal Communications Commission has issued a notice of proposed rule-making which, among other things, would withdraw permission of amateurs to use the ISM (industrial, scientific and medical) "11-meter" band, 29.96-27.23 Mc.

The amateur aspect is only part of an involved series of changes FCC is proposing for a number of radio users, mostly in the growing safety and special services category. At present, the Citizens Radio Service operates in 460-470 Mc., but it is now proposed to take away from that service all but 500 kc. of this band and re-assign it to other services such as industrial and domestic public. Searching for another location in the spectrum for use by the Citizens licensees it would evict from 460-470, the Commission believes 26.96-27.23 would be a suitable spot. FCC points out that inasmuch as a large portion of the Citizens operation is remote control by radio, it would be logical to locate most of that activity near the Citizens "control" frequency at 27.255 Mc. FCC supports its proposal to delete amateurs from the band with the argument that amateur activity in this portion of the spectrum is almost exclusively in the adjacent 28-Mc. band; and anyway, it points out, any amateur wishing to continue "control" use of the 26.96-27.23 channels may do so by obtaining a Citizens license.

Admitting that FCC is faced with serious and numerous allocations problems, and without going at this time into some of the technical aspects involved in putting a low-powered Citizens service into a growing ISM band, we think somebody overlooked a more basic question: the Commission's proposal is counter to an international treaty to which we are a party (Atlantic City, 1947). In that treaty, the allocation table indicates that the band 26100-27500 kc. is allocated on a world-wide basis to the fixed and mobile services (except aeronautical mobile). Then there's a footnote which says that a band at 27120 kc. is designated for ISM (with a tolerance figure of 0.6%) and then there's another footnote which says that in the ISM band 26960-27230 kc. in Region 2 (that's the Americas), Australia, New Zealand, the Union of South Africa and the territory under mandate of Southwest Africa, the amateur service will operate.

We know all about how this rather involved-sounding business happened; we were in on it from its beginnings in the United States just before Atlantic City. It started when, at the last minute, the ISM people suddenly came in with a lot of requested requirements for space in the spectrum. No provision for such a service had been made: what to do? Rather than tear the U. S. proposed table apart, and in view of the unknown future requirements of ISM, it was

decided to spot some ISM frequencies in the table, in the "fixed and mobile" assignments. It was generally supposed that when ISM got going on these frequencies they'd pretty well ruin them for fixed and mobile, and in fact the first footnote indicates that on the ISM frequencies (and tolerance limits) anybody else trying to work would simply have to take it. But it sounded pretty grim as a prospect. So we decided maybe amateurs could get some use out of the ISM band, interference or no interference, and we got ourselves written in. Eventually, this got carried into the international document in the additional footnote we've referred to.

No country has to assign its amateurs anything just because the international table says something is "amateur," anymore than it has to assign other services which may be listed. (For instance, the international table lists 3500-4000 kc. as "Amateur, Fixed and Mobile" but FCC assigns it only to amateur.) So FCC isn't necessarily obliged to assign 26960-27230 to amateurs in this country, because of that footnote; on the other hand, if it doesn't we don't see how it can assign anybody else!

A nice technical point to enliven the discussion, and not the complete story we'll have for the rule-making procedure (the Board will discuss our whole filing at its meeting in May) but to us it looks as if the contemplated FCC action is out of order, under the existing Atlantic City treaty.

In the meantime, the text of the Commission's proposal is in "Happenings" in this issue. We suggest you read it. We think the Commission is wrong in its view that very little use is made of the band. Short of v.h.f., it is the only band where A0 (duplex), A2 (tone-modulated telegraphy) and A4 (facsimile) emissions are permitted. It is a band that is often open when 28 Mc. is not, at least not the voice segment. Assuredly, there is much more activity on 28 Mc. — it is a band many times larger. However, in proportion to its size, and considering the occasions when the band is useless because of diathermy or other interference, we think the 27 Mc. band is by no means an orphan in the amateur family.

By the time you read this the Board of Directors of the League will have met, examined the FCC proposal, determined ARRL policy toward it, and directed the filing of appropriate comment. We suggest that if individual amateurs and club groups have comments with respect to the Commission's points as regards the reasons for deleting the amateur service, they be forwarded direct to FCC in time to meet the June 10th deadline.



Ed Shepherd, of Swampscott, Mass., has an appropriate call — KN1BAH.

"Autosync" Frequency Control

Simultaneous Tuning of Transmitter and Receiver for Spot-Frequency Operation

BY R. J. MOSER,* W8OPB

THE TREND in modern transmitter design seems to be to parallel closely the design practices used in communications receivers. A kilowatt transmitter not only looks like a receiver, it uses similar tubes and circuits. Several factors have dictated this somewhat different approach to transmitter construction, among them TVI and s.s.b.

Two specific functions that have common grounds of design and application to transmitting and receiving equipment are those of frequency control and frequency selectivity. The requirements as to frequency stability are equally exacting in either application and much stress has been placed upon this aspect of transmitter and receiver design. As to selectivity, it will be noted that identical filters are being used in receivers and transmitters, where single side band is employed.

Undoubtedly, it has occurred to many hams that it should be possible to integrate these functions in the transmitter and receiver by allowing one oscillator to control the frequency of transmission and reception and to use one filter in providing the necessary frequency selectivity in both applications. It was with this idea in mind that the unit described here was worked out.

* Pine Drive, Dalton, Ohio.

• No need to worry about "zeroing" the other station in a single-side-band contact when the frequency control system described here is in use. Utilizing the same oscillators for both transmitting and receiving, the transmitting frequency is automatically the same as that to which the receiver is set. The same mechanical filter is used for s.s.b. selection in both cases, too.

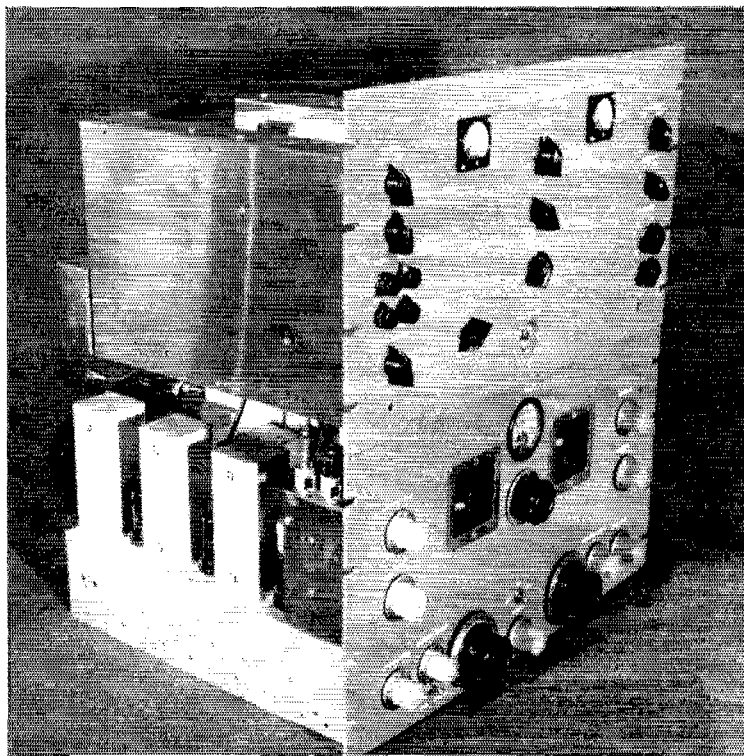
In this unit a Collins mechanical filter is used as an i.f. filter in a modified Super Pro receiver and is also used, when transmitting, as a side-band filter for s.s.b. Further, the stabilized h.f. oscillator of the receiver is used, after being mixed with the b.f.o. signal from the receiver, to control the frequency of the transmitter — always keeping it on the frequency to which the receiver is tuned (except on c.w., as will be explained later).

The advantages of this "Autosync" principle should be readily apparent, particularly to s.s.b. operators. When s.s.b. is being used, especially in round-tables, it becomes a practical necessity that all stations operate on exactly the same frequency. Those who have attempted to follow a rapid-fire voice-controlled conversation between two or more s.s.b. operators will readily agree

»

Transmitter and receiver are coordinated units at W8OPB. The modified Super Pro receiver supplies the frequency control for both receiver and transmitter, automatically placing the two on the same operating frequency.

»



that it is difficult to get solid copy when constant retuning is required. Those interested in c.w. work, DXers particularly, also should find the "Autosync" feature helpful.¹

It is inherent in the system described that on c.w. the transmitted signal is not on the exact frequency of the received signal but is removed from it by an amount equal to the c.w. beat-note frequency. This offset feature should actually prove an advantage for DXers (except when working on the extreme band edges) since it precludes the possibility of operating at zero beat with that elusive DX station.

How It Works

The mechanical filter used has a pass band of approximately 3.1 kc., centered on 455 kc. The h.f. oscillator in the receiver operates on the high side of the incoming signal. Thus, when receiving an s.s.b. signal on a suppressed-carrier frequency of 3900 kc. and transmitting the lower side band, the receiver h.f. oscillator must be set to a frequency which, when combined with 3900 kc. in the mixer, will produce a difference frequency equal to the b.f.o., or carrier-reinsertion, frequency. If the b.f.o. frequency is 453.3 kc. (approximately 20 db. down on the low-side slope of the mechanical filter response curve) the receiver h.f. oscillator must be on 3900 + 453.3 kc., or 4353.3 kc. Since the lower side band is being used, it will occupy the spectrum 3897-3900 kc., assuming the highest modulating frequency to be 3000 cycles. This side band, when mixed with the h.f. oscillator on 4353.3 kc., is converted to the range 453.3-456.3 kc. and is passed by the filter to the following i.f. stages of the receiver.

¹ LaRue, "A Contest Man's Receiver-Tracking V.F.O. for 7 Mc.," *QST*, May, 1956.

If the upper side band had been transmitted using the same suppressed-carrier frequency, a different b.f.o. frequency would be required in order to allow the upper side band to fall within the pass band of the mechanical filter. In this case we would use a b.f.o. frequency of 456.7 kc., which is 20 db. down on the high-side slope of the filter. Therefore, to receive the upper side band the h.f. oscillator would operate on 3900 + 456.7 kc., or 4356.7 kc.

To transmit an s.s.b. signal on the same frequency and use the same side band as is being received, we simply apply the two local-oscillator (h.f. and b.f.o.) frequencies to a mixer and retrieve the difference frequency. In the case of the 3900-kc. lower side band example, we will be using 4353.3 kc. - 453.3 kc. or 3900 kc. as the carrier frequency. By the same token, the upper side band will be transmitted when we take the difference between 4356.7 kc. and 456.7 kc., or 3900 kc. The same results obtain when receiving a double-side-band a.m. signal, except that in this case we will actually be copying only one of the transmitted side bands (the choice is ours) and will be transmitting carrier plus the side band of our choice.

C.W. Operation

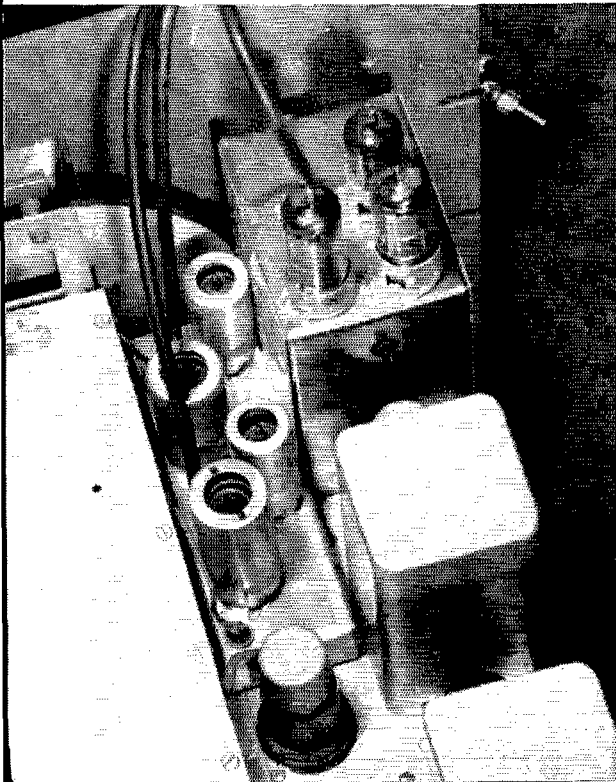
For c.w. operation the situation is slightly altered. Here we no longer wish to convert the incoming signal to the same frequency as the b.f.o., since doing so would produce no audible output from the detector. We need, instead, to convert the received signal to a frequency which differs from the b.f.o. frequency by a matter of 1000 cycles or so. Obviously, there is a choice of b.f.o. frequencies, either of which will produce the desired beat note, the choice being made on the basis of interference conditions or operator preference as to direction of tuning the band (low to high or high to low). If the 453.3-kc. b.f.o. frequency is used the receiver h.f. oscillator must be set to a frequency which, when combined with the 3900-kc. c.w. signal, will produce a 1000-cycle note at the output of the detector. For the converted c.w. signal to pass through the mechanical filter, the h.f. oscillator must be set to produce an i.f. frequency of 454.3 kc., giving the desired 1000-cycle beat with the 453.3-kc. b.f.o. Thus the h.f. oscillator will be operating on 3900 kc. + 454.3 kc., or 4354.3 kc.

When the procedure is reversed for transmitting, the transmitter frequency will be the difference between 4354.3 kc. and 453.3 kc., or 3901 kc. — just 1000 cycles higher in frequency than the received signal. Had we chosen to use the other b.f.o. frequency, 456.7 kc., the

«

Receiver modifications for the "Autosync" are confined to one corner of the Super Pro at W80PB. A new oscillator-mixer chassis occupies the space where the original h.f. oscillator and mixer tubes were, and a box containing the mechanical filter, i.f. buffer, and VR tubes replaces the crystal filter assembly.

QST for



transmitter would be operating on 3899 kc., 1000 cycles lower than the received signal.

The foregoing example is based on single conversion in the receiver. With receivers using double conversion an equivalent end result may be obtained with the slight added complexity of an additional mixing process.²

Circuit Description

The block diagram, Fig. 1, and the circuit diagrams show the essential details of the unit whose operation has been discussed. In practice, isolating buffer stages at the input and output of the filter were found necessary in order to eliminate unwanted feedback through the system. These isolating stages are bias controlled so as to act as "gates" which steer the signals to the proper paths for receiving or transmitting. It was also necessary to isolate the receiver h.f. oscillator from the transmitter portion of the unit to minimize the effect of transmit-receive switching on the oscillator frequency. Considerable time was spent in trying all types of mixers in the receiver in the search for one which could be blocked, while transmitting, without causing perceptible change of the h.f. oscillator frequency. Even those having exceptional freedom from pulling were unsatisfactory when it was attempted to cut them off com-

² Also, with receivers of either the single- or double-conversion type, it is possible to produce a resultant output frequency which does not have the feature of being automatically the same as that to which the receiver is tuned but is in some other part of the frequency spectrum. An obvious application would be to extract a control signal in the 5-Mc. region where it could be used to replace the v.f.o. commonly used with exciters that generate a crystal-controlled s.s.b. signal on 9 Mc.

³ Berry, "The Series Balanced Modulator," *QST*, Sept., 1952.

pletely. It was finally found necessary to allow the mixer to operate continuously and to apply cut-off bias to a succeeding buffer stage in order to eliminate the slight frequency shift.

B.f.o. voltage is taken from the plate of the b.f.o. amplifier in the receiver through the isolating 6BH6 stage, V_9 (Fig. 3), which in turn provides driving voltage for the series balanced modulator,³ consisting of two 1N63 germanium diodes. R_1 , the modulator carrier-balance control, is shunted by a panel control, R_2 , which allows carrier reinsertion when a.m. or c.w. operation is desired.

The output of the balanced modulator is fed via a short length of coax cable to the receiver chassis, Fig. 2, where it is applied to the 6BH6 isolator, V_4 , at the input of the mechanical filter. V_4 is cut off when the receiver is activated by the transmit-receive control relay shown at the lower left in the diagram. The 5K loading resistor across the secondary of T_3 is used to reduce the signal level at the filter to the least amount necessary for driving the grids of the 12AT7 mixer, V_8 (Fig. 4).

The filter output signal is passed through the 6BH6 isolator, V_5 , before being applied to the grids of the balanced mixer stage. This isolator, when biased to cutoff by the action of the control relay, prevents received signals at the filter output from being passed to the 12AT7 mixer, V_8 , where even a small amount of unwanted mixing while receiving could cause feedback to the receiver input circuit.

The receiver h.f. oscillator voltage is taken off the cathode of the 12AU7 oscillator tube, V_{2A} , through the cathode follower/isolator, V_{2B} , and fed to the 6AH6 amplifier, V_7 , on the transmitter r.f. chassis (Fig. 4). Since the voltage appearing

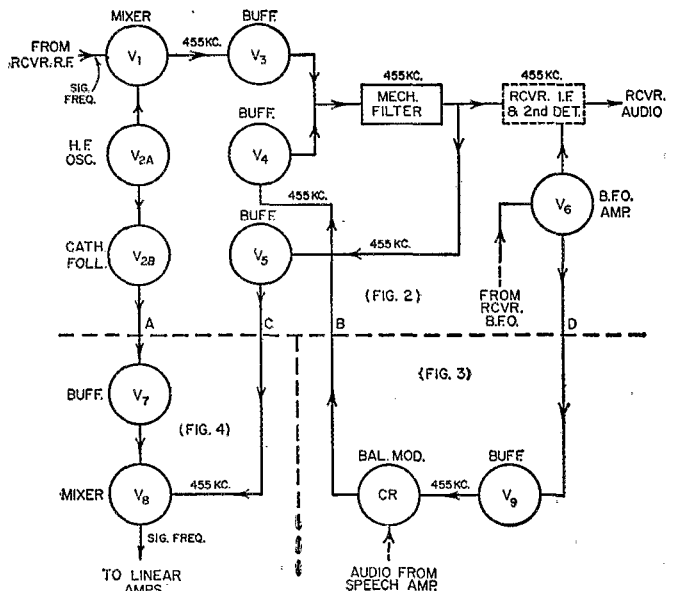


Fig. 1 — Block diagram of the frequency control and single-side-band generating system. Actual circuits of the sections portioned off by the dashed lines will be found in the correspondingly-numbered figures.

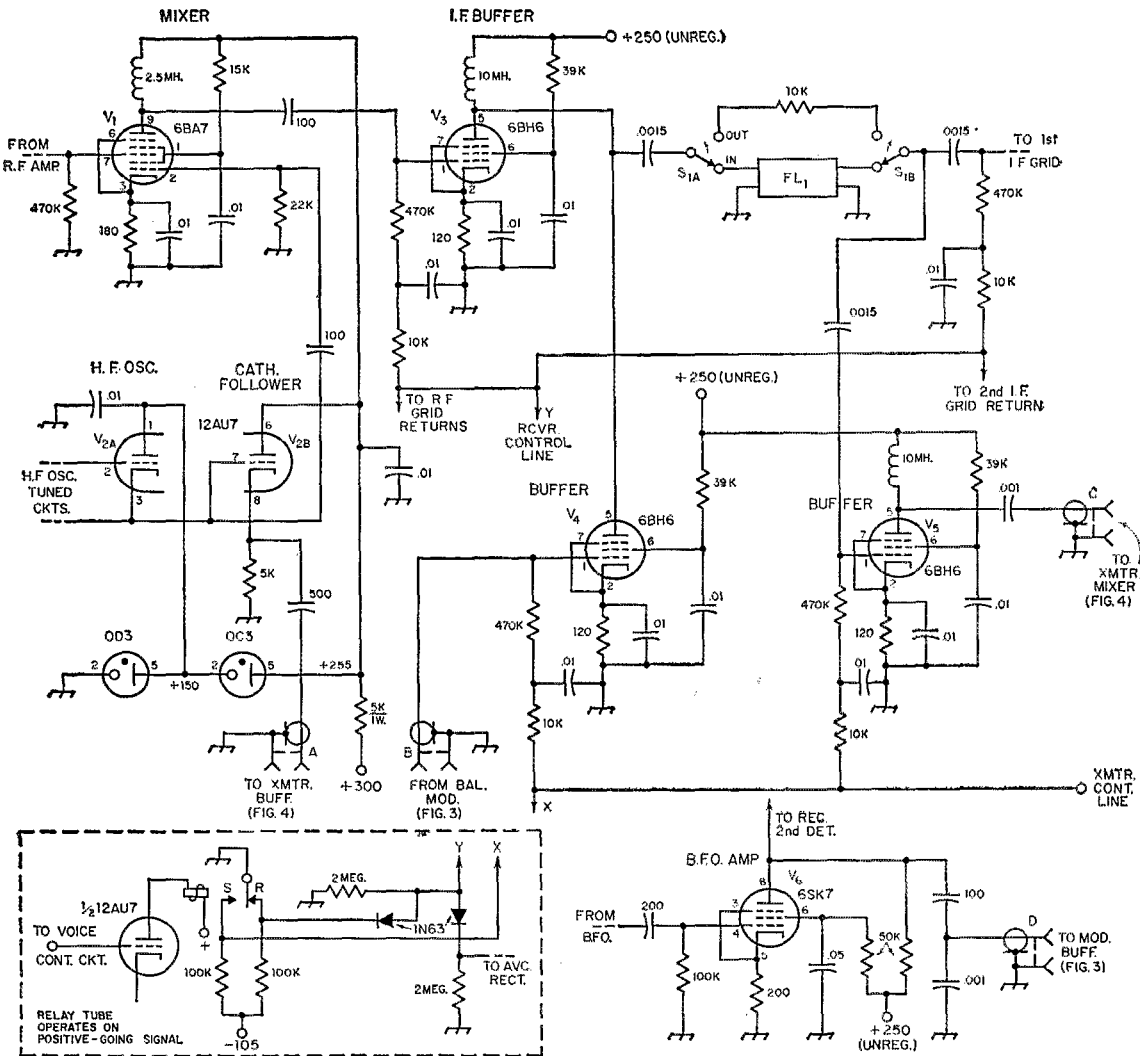


Fig. 2 — These circuits, which include the high-frequency oscillator common to both the receiver and transmitter together with the mechanical filter used for side-band selection, are installed in the Super Pro receiver at W8OPB. Section enclosed in dashed lines indicates method of incorporating send-recv relay in the system. The relay tube may be either voice or manually controlled. This circuit is included in the audio chassis in W8OPB's transmitter. Capacitances below 0.001 μf . are in μf . Resistors are $\frac{1}{2}$ -watt composition. Letter designations on terminals correspond with similar designations in Figs. 3 and 4. FL₁ — 455-ke. mechanical filter (Collins F455D-31). S₁ — 2-section rotary, 2 positions used.

at the cathode of the oscillator tube is only a few volts and is further greatly attenuated by the cathode follower, it is necessary to amplify this voltage to a level sufficient to give linear mixing in V₈ with the output signal of the filter. The 6AH6 is operated as an untuned Class A amplifier on all bands except the highest, 20 meters. Here it was found necessary to provide a higher-impedance plate load than was furnished by the r.f. choke normally used. L₁ and C₁ (Fig. 4) broadly resonate the plate circuit of the 6AH6

on 20 meters, thereby providing sufficient voltage to keep the 12AT7 mixer happy. Different cathode resistors are switched into the 6AH6 circuit by S_{2B} to adjust its output to the same value on each band. The 12AT7 mixer stage, V₈, is of the balanced type and nulling of the oscillator input voltage in the plate circuit is aided by the dynamic balance control, R₄, in its cathode circuit. Since the oscillator signal frequency is only 455 ke. from the desired output frequency, it is necessary

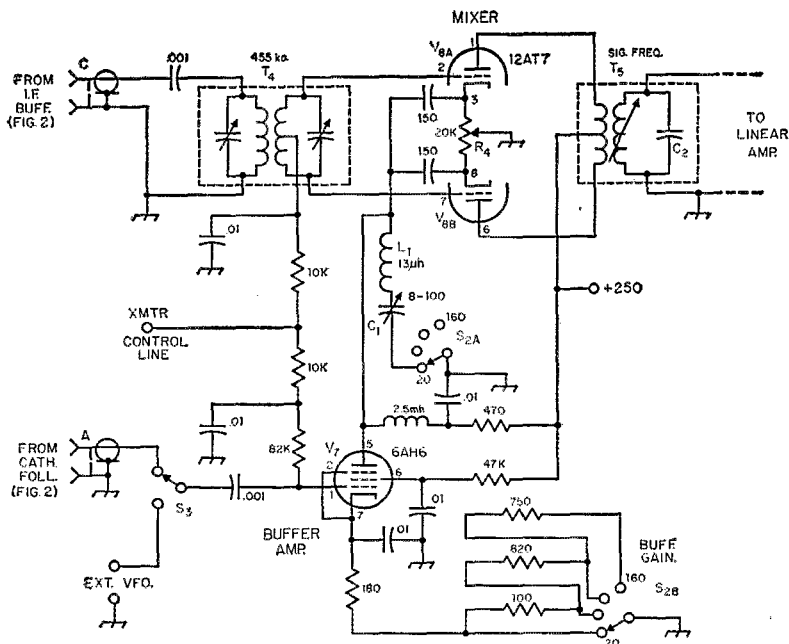


Fig. 4 — Transmitter mixer circuit. This circuit is included on the transmitter chassis in W8OPB's setup. Band-switching details following the 12AT7 mixer plates are not shown.

Capacitances below 0.001 μ f. are in μ f. Fixed resistors are $\frac{1}{2}$ -watt composition.

C₁ — 8-100- μ f. mica trimmer.

S₂ — Rotary switch, 2 poles, 4 positions.

S₃ — Rotary switch, 1 pole, 2 positions.

T₄ — 455-ke. midget full-wave diode i.f. transformer (Miller 112C3).

T₅ — Signal-frequency transformer, home-wound on slug-tuned forms (TV replacement type, $\frac{1}{4}$ -inch diam. form).

Band	Primary *	Secondary	C ₂
14 Mc.	6 turns No. 20	4 μ h.	None
7 Mc.	8 turns No. 24	6 μ h.	56 μ f. mica
3.5 Mc.	20 turns No. 30	14 μ h.	91 μ f. mica
1.8 Mc.	50 turns No. 30	24 μ h.	270 μ f. mica

* Double (bifilar) winding of enameled wire each having the number of turns specified. Center tap formed by connecting finishing ending of one winding to starting end of other.

The balance control, R_4 , in the 12AT7 mixer stage should be adjusted with the aid of an r.f. probe and v.t.v.m. connected across the secondary of T_5 . Tune the transmitter to about the center of the 20-meter band and adjust T_5 for maximum voltmeter reading. Then, without changing the tuning of T_5 , move the receiver tuning to a frequency 455 kc. lower, until evidence of the receiver h.f. oscillator is seen on the r.f. voltmeter. Then adjust the balance control for minimum reading. The signal output of the balanced mixer is sufficient to drive a small pentode or tetrode as a Class A amplifier; in the writer's transmitter the following tube is a 6AK6, which in turn drives a 2E26 and then a pair of 6146s. The

driving voltage for all tubes is kept below the grid-current point.

Operationwise, little can be said except that one may well forget the problem commonly known in "zeroing" to the received signal. Once the other station is tuned in properly it simply follows that the transmitter is properly zeroed and ready for a quick call or answer.

The only disadvantage thus far encountered has been on 20 meters. On occasion, when some DX s.s.b. phones were heard above 14,300 kc. the temptation to give them a call was great indeed. This seems to be the only case, on the bands covered by this unit, where the external v.f.o. would be desirable.

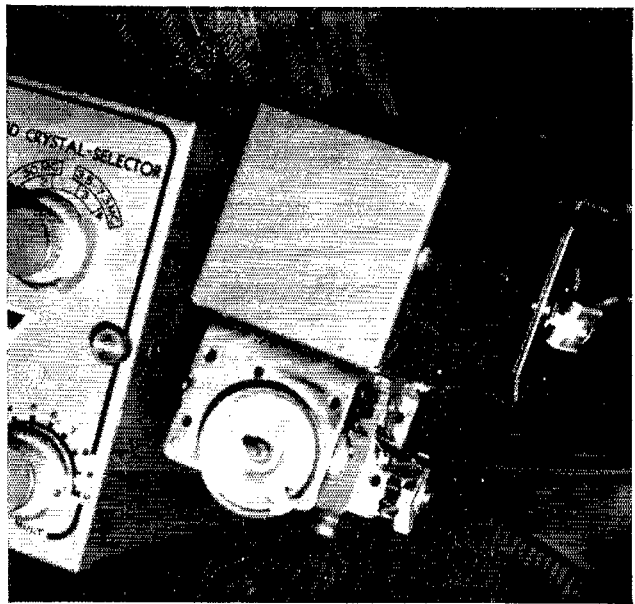
Strays

With reference to the Minitrack calibration (April, 1957, *QST*, p. 42) W2GTY points out that Cygnus (for example) is not a star but a constellation.

The Amateur Radioteletype Society announces that literature on RTTY is available from the Society. Address 38-06 61st St., Woodside 77, N. Y.

◆
The mobile conelrad converter mounted alongside the rig under the instrument panel of the author's car.

(The trimmer attached to the tuning gang is a replacement for the original built-in oscillator trimmer built into the gang which was damaged.)
◆



Conelrad Monitoring for the Mobile Operator

A One-Tube Converter for the BC Band

BY EDMOND D. WRIGHT,* W4GFQ

◆ Those mobile operators who have tried to make the car's broadcast receiver serve both as an i.f. for a tunable converter and as a conelrad monitor have not found it too convenient, since the BC receiver must be reset after each conelrad check. W4GFQ has solved the problem with a simple converter tuning the BC band and working at the same i.f. as the ham-band converter. It will also provide BC-band coverage for any communications receiver tuning to approximately 1500 kc. that does not already include the broadcast range.

CONSIDERING the number of articles that have appeared in *QST* on the subject of conelrad, still another might appear superfluous. However, I venture to say that a large percentage of us still have an ear toward the TV set as a means of complying with the regs. For fixed stations this may not be too bad, but mobile operation presents a different picture.

A device such as the Conelette,¹ whose tuning

is fixed to one of the local BC stations, is also a simple and satisfactory means for a home station. But when you're on the road, you can't always depend on a single station over any appreciable distance. Some means of tuning the entire BC band is needed, and a little extra gain would be an asset.

If you are using the car's BC receiver as the i.f. for a tunable converter, it will provide all the gain you need. However, there is the problem of how to switch back and forth conveniently every ten minutes between the BC receiver and the ham-band converter without having to retune the BC receiver each time.

A possible answer might be a separate tunable converter covering the BC band, and converting to the same i.f. as the i.f. used by the ham-band converter. But will it work smoothly when some of the desired BC stations may be close to 1500 kc.? The answer is that it does work, and very nicely, too. One of our local stations is on 1490 kc. With this station tuned in on the converter, no one could detect that it was not being received directly on the BC tuner itself.

Circuit

The circuit of the converter is shown in Fig. 1. It is a conventional arrangement. Any other

*3631 N. W. 18th Terrace, Miami, Florida.

¹Lukoff, "Conelette," *QST*, Dec., 1956.

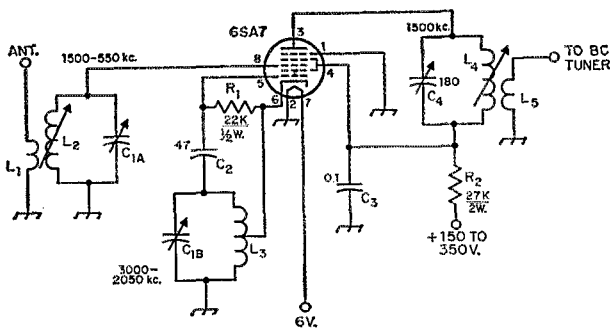


Fig. 1—Circuit of the conelrad converter for mobile use.

C₁—Dual variable capacitor, broadcast-replacement type for superhet receivers, C_{1B} altered as described in the text (approx. 90 µmf.).

C₂—47-µmf. mica.

C₃—0.1-µf. 100-volt paper.

C₄—180-µmf. mica trimmer (Arco type 463).

L₁—See text.

L₂—BC ferrite core loopstick (approx. 230 µh.).

L₃—See text (approx. 65 µh.).

L₄—National XR-50 iron-slug form wound full with No. 32 enam. wire (approx. 85 µh.).

L₅—15 turns No. 28 wound over cold end of L₄.

converter circuit should work equally well, of course. The input circuit C_{1A}L₂ covers the BC band. The oscillator circuit C_{1B}L₃ covers the range of about 2050 to 3000 kc. to produce an i.f. of 1500 kc. The 6SA7 was used simply because it was in the defunct a.c.-d.c. BC receiver that I chiseled from a local radio service shop. This receiver also yielded the dual tuning capacitor C₁ and the oscillator coil L₃. New components may be used, of course, and they are not expensive.

Tuning Capacitor

Plates must be removed from C_{1B} to provide the required tuning range. The oscillator section of the dual unit is the one having the smaller number of plates. Starting at the rear, all rotor plates except five should be removed. It isn't necessary to remove the unused stators. Be very careful to make sure that there are no shorted plates after the modification is complete.

Input Coil

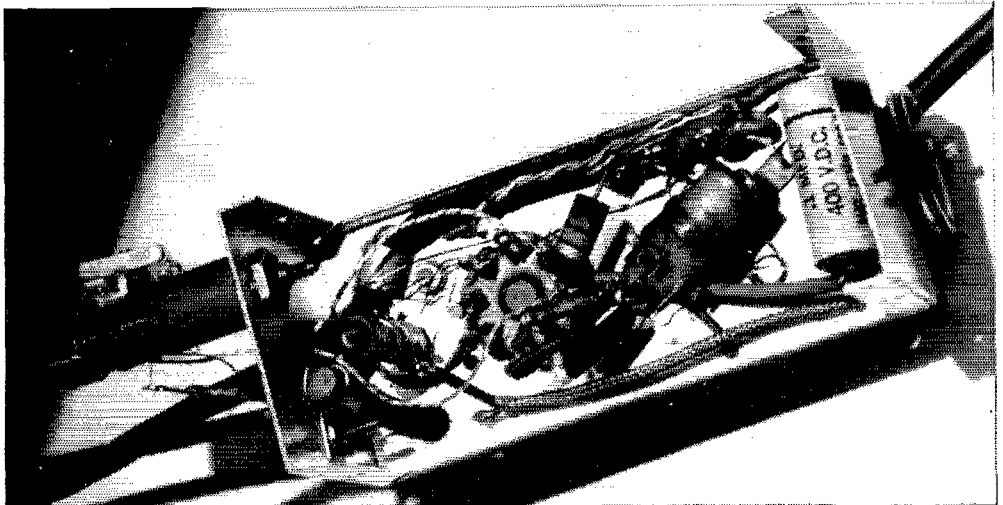
L₂ is a ferrite-core loopstick. It is sold by radio dealers for use as a built-in BC receiving loop. This coil usually comes with a length of wire attached to the ungrounded end and wound

around the loopstick. When unwound, the short length of wire is intended to provide additional pickup if needed. I disconnected this wire from L₂ and, without unwinding it, used it for L₁.

Oscillator Coil

For L₃, I used the oscillator coil I found in the a.c.-d.c. receiver. Locating the end of the winding going to the oscillator grid of the converter tube, I removed 36 turns after softening the wax with a soldering iron. However, this may not mean too much because oscillator coils vary widely in dimensions, and also in the method of obtaining feedback. Unless you are familiar with the original circuit, it might be easier to wind a new coil. If the original coil is used, only a turn or two at a time should be removed, after the first 10 or 15 turns, until the oscillator frequency is about 2050 kc. with C₁ at maximum capacitance.

A substitute coil would be approximately the same as L₄, close-wound with 60 turns No. 30 enameled, and either tapped at about one third of the way up from the ground end, or with a separate cathode coil consisting of about one third the number of turns on L₃, wound over the ground end of L₃, and wound in the same direction. The



Top view of the converter for mobile conelrad monitoring with cover removed. The oscillator coil L₃ is to the right of the tube socket. The loopstick used for L₂ is to the left. The i.f. output-circuit components are mounted externally as shown at the extreme left.

bottom end of this winding should be grounded.

Output Circuit

A National XR-50 iron-slug form was used for L_4 . The winding space is wound full with No. 32 enameled wire. L_5 consists of 15 turns of No. 28 enameled wire wound over the cold end of L_4 , with a coat of Krylon and a thin piece of plastic wrapper between the two windings.

The top-view photograph shows an Arco type 460 trimmer for C_4 . This trimmer has a maximum capacitance of 100 μf . and was used with a 100- μf . fixed mica in parallel. The type 463 has a maximum capacitance of 180 μf . and, if this is substituted, the fixed capacitor should not be needed.

Construction

The foundation for the converter is a $2\frac{1}{4} \times 2\frac{1}{4} \times 5$ -inch aluminum box (made by both ICA and Bud). The tuning capacitor and the tube are mounted on the bottom. The arrangement of components inside the box isn't critical. I placed L_1L_2 at the rear, near the signal-grid terminal of the tube socket, and L_3 toward the front near the oscillator-grid terminal. L_4L_5 was mounted externally at the rear to reduce "birdies."

Power Supply

Power for the converter may be taken from the BC-receiver supply since the current requirement is negligible. With 150 volts at the positive B terminal of the converter, the converter draws 3.75 ma. and the drop across R_2 is about 100 volts. The converter will work well at supply voltages up to 350 or more without change in the resistance value of R_2 . The current drain will, of course, be higher at the higher supply voltages, and the wattage rating of the resistor may have to be increased. If current drain is an important consideration, the resistance value of R_2 can be increased in proportion to the increase in supply voltage.

Adjustment

The oscillator can be checked for proper frequency range by the use of a grid-dip meter before power is applied or, after power has been turned on, by listening on a communications receiver covering the 2-to-3 Mc. range.

Now connect an antenna to the input of the

converter and connect the converter to the BC receiver. Set the BC receiver at 1500 kc. (or to the frequency that you normally use with your ham-band converter). Turn on the power and adjust C_4 and the slug of L_4 for a peak in noise (if you can't find a signal). Then adjust the slug of L_2 for maximum response.

Switching System

Fig. 2 shows how the converter can be connected into a convenient switching system. K_1 represents a spare set of contacts on the change-over relay. (In my Babcock MT-5B I use the

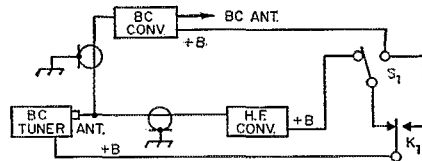


Fig. 2 — Block diagram showing a switching system for the conelrad converter. K_1 represents a spare set of contacts on the change-over relay. S_1 is a s.p.d.t. toggle. With K_1 in the receiving position as shown, power from the BC receiver may be applied to either the BC converter or the ham-band converter. With K_1 in the transmitting position, power is applied to the BC converter for conelrad monitoring during transmitting periods.

contacts that were originally provided to open the speaker voice coil while transmitting.) With the relay in the receiving position, plate power from the BC receiver can be switched to activate either the ham-band converter or the BC converter by the s.p.d.t. toggle S_1 . With the relay in the transmitting position, power is applied to the BC converter so that you can hear the BC station you are monitoring while you are transmitting. This works without BCI while I'm transmitting on 10 meters. I haven't tried transmitting on other bands, and it's possible that the BC receiver might have to be treated for BCI for the lower-frequency bands. If there is some objection to the BC signal while transmitting, a visual device could be applied to the BC receiver.

In conclusion, I might point out that this converter will provide broadcast-band coverage with any receiver that does not already include this band, provided that the receiver will tune to approximately 1500 kc.

Strays

W2QBB suggests that the small plastic boxes which are about $4 \times 8 \times 1$ inches in size are just right for storing the coils of the Heathkit grid-dip meter. He pastes the correlation chart for the low-frequency coils on the cover of the box.

The Voice of America needs some radio broadcast technicians at a salary of \$5915 per year. For full details write to U. S. Civil Service Ex-

aminers, U. S. Information Agency, 1776 Pennsylvania Ave., NW, Washington 25, D. C. and ask for announcement No. 98B.

FEEDBACK

The figures in the last four lines of the meteor shower table (April, 1957, *QST*, p. 23) given as the velocity and period of the daylight showers are displaced one column to the right. Actually these figures are for the hourly rate, as observed by radio means, and the velocity, in that order.

Lighthouse Tube Tank Circuits for 432 Mc.

Easy-to-Build Amplifiers or Frequency Multipliers for Surplus Tubes

SOME TIME AGO W4ECL, Pensacola, Fla., wrote that he had been experimenting with flashing copper tank circuits for use with surplus lighthouse tubes. Would we be interested in the details of some of the equipment that had resulted? We were, and if you're the experimenter type who likes to make do with what you have around, we think you'll be interested, too.

W4ECL's tank circuits will never win any beauty prizes, but they are built on good sound principles — and they work. What's more, they make use of tubes that many of us have kicking around from our surplus-collecting days. Either stage can be run as an amplifier on 432 Mc., or driven as a tripler from any 144-Mc. stage that delivers a few watts.

Using the 2C43

Several versions have been constructed, two of which are shown here. First is one designed to take the small lighthouse tubes that have been so plentiful on the surplus market. Best results have been obtained with 2C43s, though 446As also have been used. The receiving counterpart of the 2C43, the 2C40, would probably also do, though at somewhat reduced input. Details are shown in drawings and photographs.

The tank circuit is a 432-Mc. half-wave line (tube at one end, tuning capacitor at the other; plate voltage fed in at electrical midpoint) designed for grounded-grid service. Mounting the lighthouse type of tube and making connection to its elements has always been thought of as difficult mechanically, but these units make it look easy. Nothing more refined in the way of tools is called for than sheet-metal shears, a fairly heavy soldering iron and a hack saw.

The end of the plate line is slotted with a hack saw and then squeezed slightly to make it

fit the 2C43 plate cap snugly. The tube is held in alignment by the cathode ring. This is a square piece of flashing copper held in place by two $\frac{1}{8}$ -inch ceramic stand-off insulators. Contact fingers made of brass shim stock are soldered to the outer side of this ring. The grid plane of the tube makes contact to the end of the trough. Here an end plate of brass shim stock has a hole

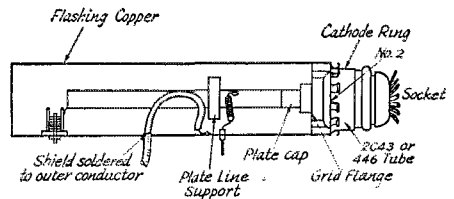
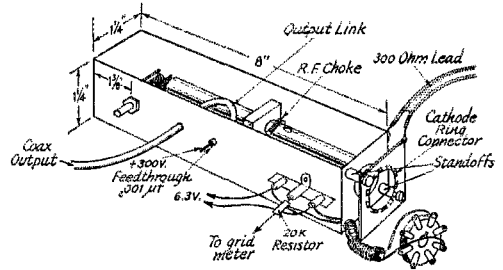
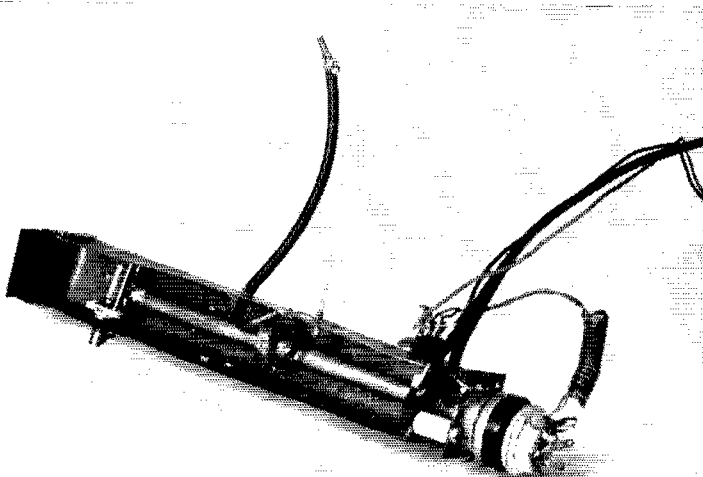


Fig. 1 — Detail drawing of the tank circuit for 2C43 or 446A tubes. Lower portion is top view.

large enough to pass the plate terminal. Radial shear cuts in the plate give it resilience for a spring contact to the grid plane.

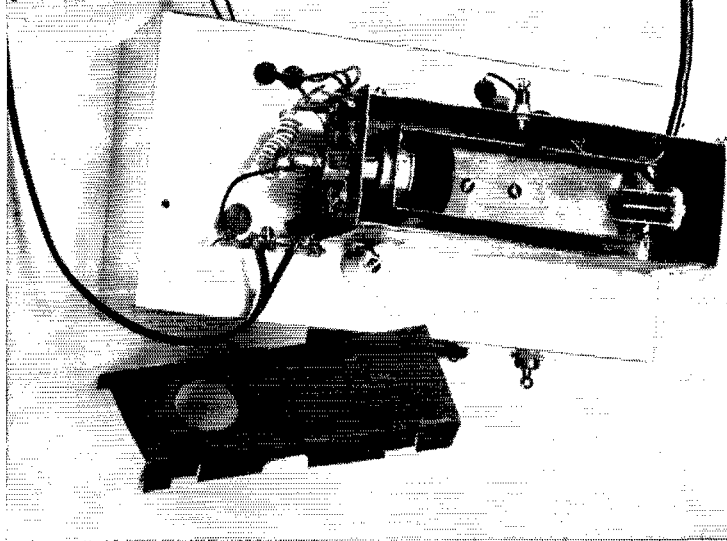
Heater connections are made with an octal socket, but this is merely pushed onto the tube pins and is not mounted to any support. Heater



◆
 Tripler or frequency-multiplier stage using the 2C43 lighthouse tube. Bifilar r.f. choke at the right is in heater line. The Twin-Lead is for coupling in the drive from the preceding stage. Output is taken off through coax, without the use of fittings.
 ◆

QST for

Trough-line amplifier or frequency multiplier for the 2C39A. Copper cover, lower left, was added after it was found that the open trough wasted much of the power output by direct radiation.



voltage is fed through bifilar chokes. These should be wound for the driving frequency, so their size depends on whether the stage is to be used as a tripler or an amplifier.

The half-wave plate line is supported near its point of lowest r.f. voltage, so the quality of insulation here is not too important. Plate voltage is fed through an r.f. choke, via a feed-through by-pass. Output is coupled through a loop made from the inner conductor of a piece of coax. The braid is cut back to the point where the coax runs through the trough wall, where it is soldered to the outer surface. The inner conductor, with its insulation intact, is made into

The 2C39A Amplifier

The larger of the two amplifiers is a higher-powered version using a 2C39A, mounted inside the line. The inner conductor is a trough instead of tubing. Contact fingers of brass shim stock are soldered to the inner surface of its end plate, making contact to the plate sleeve of the tube. Similar spring fingers contact the grid sleeve, on the outer surface of the end plate on the outer conductor. Cathode and heater contacts are made at the tip of the tube.

As in the other amplifier, the plate circuit is a half-wave line. It is supported on ceramic insulators that do not show in the photograph. Plate voltage feed and output coupling methods are similar to those employed in the other amplifier. Ventilating holes are punched in the bottoms of both troughs, and in the cover of the outer one. These seem to have no effect on the performance of the amplifier. Bias voltage developed on the grid appears on the outer conductors of both amplifiers, so these must be insulated from the chassis or negative end of the system. The voltage also appears on the coaxial feed line, so the amplifiers cannot be used with grounded antennas unless some form of capacitive coupling is provided for both conductors of the coax.

Operation

When the stages are used as triplers W4ECL takes the drive from an SCR-522 transmitter. This is equipped with 300-ohm output, and the line from it is connected to the cathode and grid elements of the amplifier through blocking capacitors. This rather haywire method of coupling the drive seems quite adequate for the purpose, for there is no trouble in getting enough grid drive to make the stages operate efficiently.

Plate voltage used is between 250 and 300 volts. At this level, the 2C43 stage draws 25 ma. off resonance, and 15 to 20 ma. when tuned on the nose. Current to the 2C39A is 60 ma. off resonance, and around 50 ma. tuned and loaded properly. Efficiency is around 30 per cent when

(Continued on page 158)

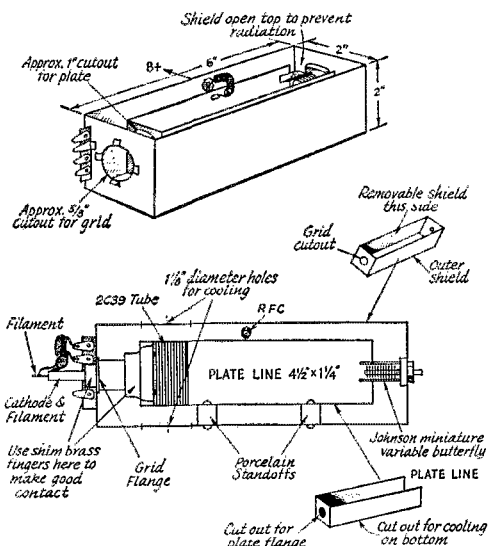


Fig. 2 — Tank circuit for 2C39 has tube inside inner conductor. Details of construction that are not apparent from photographs are shown.

a coupling loop and soldered to the inner surface of the trough. Result: coaxial coupling with no expensive fittings.

Low Cross-Talk Six-Meter Converter

Design Features for High-Activity Areas

BY FRANK C. JONES,* W6AJF

THE problem of receiving weak signals in the six-meter band through local stations has become acute in many localities. One or more strong signals can cause cross modulation or cross talk into the desired signal and so apparently cover the band. This often creates ill feeling as amateurs usually blame the owner of the transmitter that is the source of the trouble.

Actually, the blame should be placed on the receiver, where a strong signal can cause mixing action in an r.f. stage or a mixer circuit. Communications receivers have gone over to r.f. tubes which are designed for minimum cross-modulation effects, and to mixer tubes which will stand greater inputs before mixer action takes place between undesired signals. It is time to treat converter design in the same way.

Six-meter converters have been designed for greatest sensitivity with little thought about other defects. Grid-leak bias mixers are the rule since these work very well on weak signals and only require a volt or less of injection from the oscillator for maximum sensitivity in their mixer action. By the same token, a strong signal or two in the band can cause mixing action, and thus cross modulation, on the desired signal. This is fed into the i.f. system and no degree of selectivity there will be of any help. The answer is to use a more linear type of mixer such as a low- or medium- μ triode, with cathode bias instead of grid-leak bias, or to use a screen-grid mixer tube such as a 6BA7. The noise figure of this pentagrid mixer is lower than that of older types such as a 6SA7, so it should be better for operation at 50 Mc. The 6BA7 noise figure is higher than for a triode mixer, but its freedom from cross-modula-

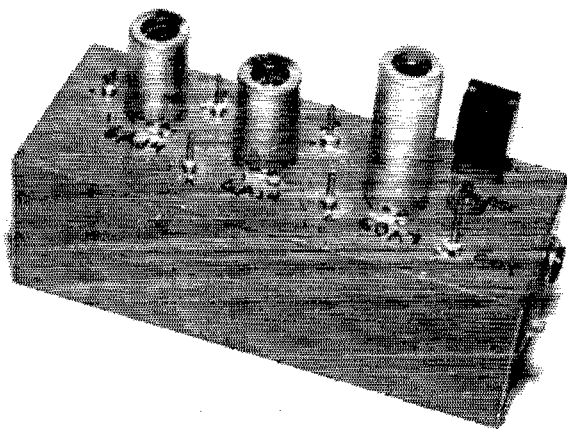
• With 50-Mc. activity rising steadily, it is becoming more obvious to 6-meter men all the time that a hot converter is of little value if one or two strong local signals can tie it up in knots. Here is a simple converter design aimed at preventing much of the cross-modulation trouble that is currently all too common in densely-populated areas. Its noise figure is lower than you'll ever need, and it can be adjusted readily to give uniform response across the band.

tion effects is better, even when enough radio-frequency amplification is used ahead of it to arrive at a low over-all noise figure.

The six-meter converter illustrated here was built to test some of these ideas. It consists of two 6AJ4 grounded-grid r.f. stages and a 6BA7 oscillator-mixer. The grounded-grid r.f. amplifier is fairly free of cross-talk and has a very low noise figure. It also is exceptionally stable and free of regenerative effects. The gain per stage is not over 3 or 4, thus permitting the use of two stages ahead of the 6BA7. This allows use of band-pass tuning to cover 50 to 54 Mc., and the extra tuned circuits help to eliminate image responses. The image rejection was measured at 80 db. The spurious signal response to any frequency was measured at values of 60 to 80 db. down from the desired signal. This is a great improvement over the usual 10 to 30 db.

The noise figure runs between 2 and 3 db. over the band, which is more than ample for weak-signal reception in the quietest location. This

*850 Donner Avenue, Sonoma, Calif.



The low cross-talk converter for 50 Mc. is built in a 4 × 8 × 2-inch box.

A Novel Electronic Transmit-Receive Switch

Improved Performance Through An Unconventional Method of Application

BY SAMUEL SABAROFF,* W3DM

• The thought of connecting a receiving tube across a transmitter tank circuit is startling, to say the least. But once the shock wears off, the idea begins to make sense, in terms of logical operation of an electronic t.r. switch.

VARIOUS types of electronic t.r. switches have appeared in the past, many with indifferent success. Their defects have generally included one or more of the following major items: generation of TVI, loss of receiver sensitivity, degradation of receiver signal-to-noise ratio, instability, dependence on physical placement, dead spots in the band, and crosstalk. A logical analysis of the difficulties mentioned above led to the design of a simple t.r. switch in which practically all of these defects have been eliminated.

The first big step in the new design was to acknowledge the fact that the t.r. switch could be considered to be basically a part of the transmitter and should be contained therein. It was further accepted that best reception be restricted to the band on which the transmitter happens to

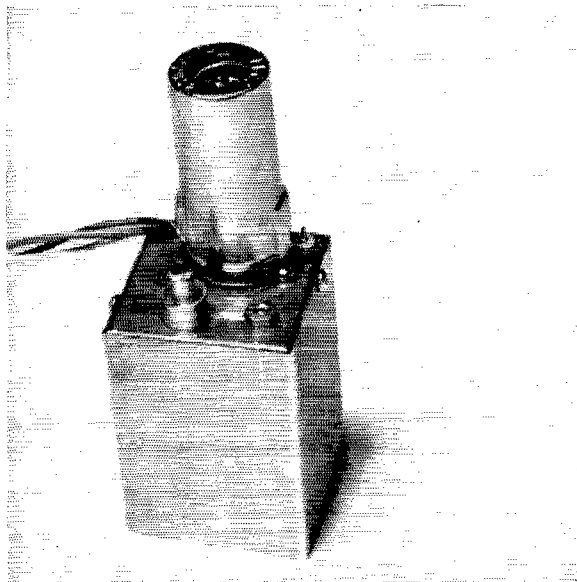
be operating, and that the t.r. switch output be broad-banded. This automatically took care of most of the difficulties, as will be shown later.

An analysis of transmitter output circuits showed that from the point of view of a signal coming from the antenna, a stepped-up voltage appeared at the plate of the transmitter output tube. In addition, spurious and out-of-band signals are discriminated against at this point, because of the inherent selectivity of the plate tank circuit. Actually, the transmitter output circuit when operated in reverse can be considered to be an efficient input circuit for receiving.

From the point of view of the received signal, the tank can be considered to be an absorption trap. This accounts for the dead spots that appear when a signal close in frequency to the tank circuit is picked off the transmission line. However, this absorbed energy is responsible for the voltage at the plate tank, so that dead spots do not appear when signals are picked off at this point.

A transmitter tank circuit was set up in the laboratory and the remarks above essentially confirmed. The logical question then arose as to what would happen when the high voltages appearing on the transmitter tank circuit are applied to the grid of a tube during transmission.

*Lynmar Engineers Inc., 1432 N. Carlisle St., Philadelphia 21, Pa.



«
This manufactured version of the circuit shows how compactly the t.r. unit can be built. The box dimensions are 1½ inches square by 2¼ inches high. The coax output cable attaches to the fitting in front of the tube.
«

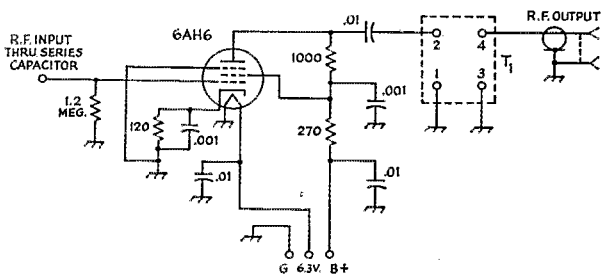
Unfortunately, this kind of information was not available and it was necessary to get it the hard way.

T.R. Tube Requirements

The main tube requirements were low output capacitance, excellent grid to plate shielding, high mutual conductance and, most important, the ability to withstand a high grid-to-cathode voltage. In addition, the tube had to be small in physical size and relatively inexpensive. A search of both transmitting and receiving tube manuals did not reveal a tube that met these requirements. This meant, therefore, either that a tube would have to be developed for the purpose or some existing tube would have to be used in an unorthodox fashion. Needless to say, the latter course is the one that was pursued. A group of tubes was selected that satisfied the circuit re-

Fig. 1—Circuit of the transmit-receive switch. Resistors are $\frac{1}{2}$ -watt composition; capacitors disk ceramic. Capacitances are in μ f. See text for method of connection to transmitter tank circuit.

T₁—Broad-band output transformer (Lynmar type TRS-1T).



quirements, and then deliberately blown up in an effort to discover the maximum safe r.f. voltage that could be applied between grid and cathode.

The final choice was the type 6AH6 tube. Experiment showed that the grid of this tube can withstand peak r.f. voltages of approximately 250 volts for long periods of time without breakdown. Other tube types broke down with voltages ranging from 100 to 400 volts. Unfortunately, the tube types withstanding the higher voltages did not have suitable electrical characteristics and were therefore discarded.

The shielding of the 6AH6 was also found to be quite adequate, there being negligible feed through when deenergized (tube cold). Another important factor is the saturated output with maximum grid voltage. In the t.r. switch that was finally developed, the maximum r.m.s. voltage output to the receiver is limited to approximately two volts.

The input voltage to the t.r. switch is stepped down to a safe value by means of a simple capacitive voltage divider. Obviously, greater received signal will result with low power transmitters than with high power transmitters, since the received signal applied to the t.r. switch is multiplied by the gain in the tank circuit and then diminished by the ratio of the capacitive voltage divider. With transmitters of 150 watts or less, the received signal applied to the t.r. switch may be increased by as much as 15 to 20 db. as compared with direct connection to the transmission line.

Circuit and Use

The resulting t.r. switch circuit diagram is shown in Fig. 1. The physical dimensions of the version shown in the photograph, excluding the tube, are $1\frac{1}{2} \times 1\frac{1}{2} \times 2\frac{1}{4}$ inches, so it is quite capable of being mounted in most transmitters. A Teflon-insulated feed-through terminal is provided for connecting to the plate-tank voltage divider, together with a simple fitting for attaching the RG-59/U coaxial cable that feeds the receiver.

The power requirements for the type 6AH6 tube are 6.3 volts for the filament and 100 to 150 volts d.c. at approximately 13 ma. for the screen and plate. This power is quite nominal and is generally available from the transmitter supply. In any event, the junk box surely contains the materials for the required supply.

The t.r. switch should be mounted as close to

the plate tank as is practicable so that stray fields and ground currents will be minimized. For example, in the B & W Model 5100 transmitter a logical mounting is at the right between the multiplier and the front panel while in the B & W Model L 1000-A linear amplifier, a good spot is between the plate tank and the rear panel. Similar locations may be found in most other transmitters. The leads supplying power to the t.r. switch should be dressed away from any r.f. fields, and the shield of the RG-59/U cable feeding the receiver should be grounded to the transmitter cabinet at the point of exit.

The capacitive voltage divider for feeding the t.r. switch is composed of the t.r. switch input capacitance (about 10μ f.) and a series capacitor for connection to the plate tank. A conservative value of the series capacitor for an a.m. plate-modulated final can be calculated by the following formula:

$$C (\mu\text{f.}) = \frac{2500}{\text{d.c. plate volts}}$$

The series capacitance as calculated above may be doubled in value when the final is not modulated, as in c.w., grid modulation or in a linear power amplifier.

The series capacitance is generally less than 20μ f. The capacitor should be of the low-loss variety and should be capable of withstanding the tank voltage. For plate voltages of 800 volts or less, the disk type ceramic capacitors have been found to be adequate. For greater voltages, an inexpensive capacitor may be fab-

(Continued on page 160)

A 200-Watt Balun Coupler for Center-Fed Antennas

Feeding Balanced Line from Pi Network

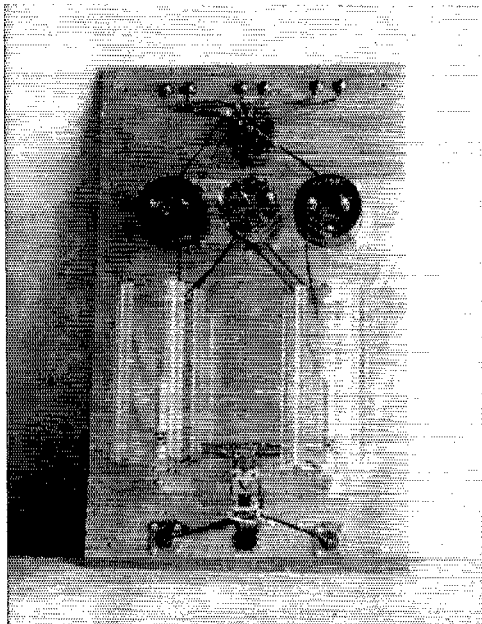
BY J. M. SHULMAN,* W6EBY

• In feeding a balanced antenna system, such as a half-wave dipole, from a pi-network output circuit, proper operation requires the use of some device for producing a balanced connection to the line from the unbalanced output of the pi section. This can be done with a link-coupled antenna tuner but the tuner requires adjustment. The balun coupler described here eliminates the need for tuning on any band. It can be switched to feed any one of three or more antennas of either dipole or folded-dipole type.

THE center-fed dipole antenna remains popular even in this "beam age" because it is simple and effective. Its driving-point impedance of approximately 75 ohms unfolded and 300 ohms folded make it a natural for feeding with 75- or 300-ohm Twin-Lead, or 300-ohm Ladder Line. It can be either horizontal or vertical with numerous possible supporting arrangements. Its main disadvantage is that it is good for one

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Rear view of coupler panel which serves as mounting plate for all components. Panel is aluminum, preferably at least $\frac{3}{16}$ inch thick.



band only, and an easy way out of this limitation is to use more than one.

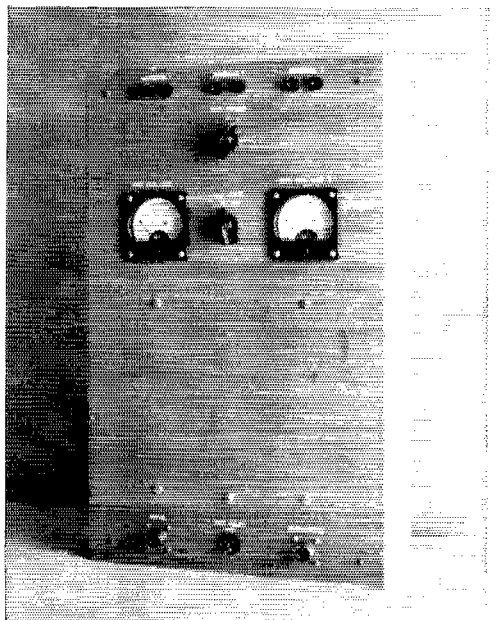
A second problem arises because the center-fed antenna system is balanced and the output circuit of most modern multiband transmitters is a single-ended pi network. How to get power from a coaxial line into a balanced line? Antenna couplers are one answer; balun coils offer another one — a preferable one if you want to eliminate additional tuning controls.

Characteristics

Balun-coil theory is outlined briefly in recent editions of the *Handbook*. The balun coil consists of two separate coils wound on the same axis, with the wires of each coil spaced to give a characteristic impedance Z_0 equal to twice the low impedance and half the high impedance to be matched. It might be described as a two-wire line wound into a coil and it retains the characteristics of the two-wire line even though lumped in a coil.

For parallel line currents, it acts as a choke, isolating one end from a ground connection at the other end. It is effective over a wide frequency

Front view of coupler mounted in a $16\frac{1}{4} \times 10 \times 4\frac{1}{2}$ -inch box. The box is made of $\frac{3}{8}$ -inch plywood and is mounted on a window sill directly below the entry point of the three balanced lines from antennas.



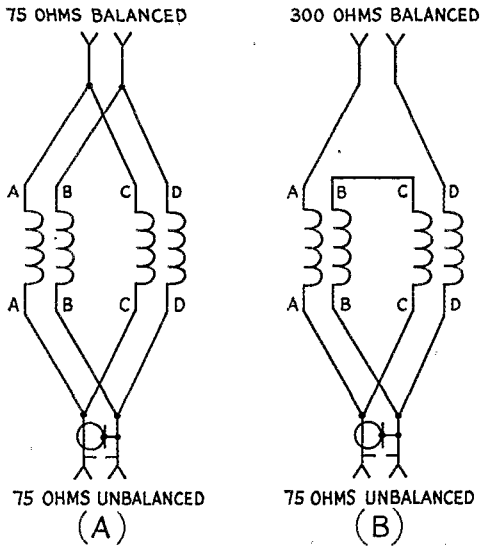


Fig. 1 — Basic circuits for connecting balun coils. (A) Both ends connected in parallel for matching 75-ohm coax to 75-ohm Twin-Lead line. (B) Balanced end connected in series for matching 75-ohm coax to 300-ohm Twin-Lead or Ladder Line.

range extending from the lowest frequency for which it is designed upward.

The balun coils now available are designed to couple between a balanced and unbalanced line over a range of 3.5 to 30 Mc. with a single set of coils. Antennas can be switched at the balanced-line end, and no tuning adjustments are required. The coil connections are shown in Fig. 1. Each coil can be thought of as a line with a characteristic impedance of 150 ohms. Connecting the lines in parallel at both ends matches 75 ohms unbalanced to 75 ohms balanced. Connecting the lines in series at the balanced end matches 75 ohms unbalanced to 300 ohms balanced.

Construction

Figs. 2 and 3 describe a balun-coupler unit designed to perform three functions: (1) select one of three antennas, (2) connect it to the balun coils in either 1-to-1 or 4-to-1 impedance ratio, and (3) relay-switch the unbalanced end of the baluns to coax lines going to receiver and transmitter. Although in this unit it was desired to switch only three antennas, there is space on the panel for two more sets of antenna jacks if five-band coverage is wanted.

As shown in Fig. 3, the arrangement of components and wiring is made so as to keep symmetry between the two halves of the line circuit from the point where the leads leave the selector switch, through the meters down to the balun terminals, so as to preserve balance in the system. It is desirable that the baluns be mounted on a metal plate at least 8 inches square although the coils need not be completely enclosed by metal shielding. The aluminum mounting plate also serves as the front panel.

Since it was desired to use the same antenna

for both transmitting and receiving, the unbalanced end of the system is switched to two coax receptacles through a small relay. The relay shown is adequate for powers up to 200 watts and frequencies up to 30 megacycles. For higher frequencies or higher power, a coaxial-type relay would be preferable. A shielded 115-volt line terminating in a 3-pin miniature receptacle powers the relay and connects the shield to the panel through the male connector, J_8 .

Balance

Meter readings during transmitting give an indication of whether the balanced end of the system is truly balanced, in which case the two meters read identically. With either horizontal or vertical dipoles having the line running a reasonable distance perpendicular from the center, the unit was found to give excellent balance. A check of the amount of unbalance which might be expected when coupling a Twin-Lead line directly to a pi-network transmitter output was made by connecting the leads from the meters to the transmitter coax receptacle, bypassing the baluns. The unbalance under this condition as indicated by difference in meter readings was

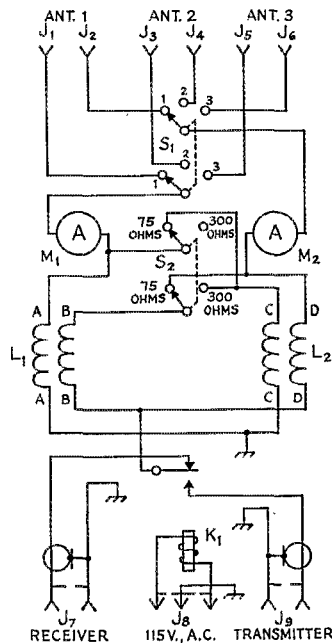


Fig. 2 — Circuit of the balun coupler.

J_1 - J_6 , inc. — Insulated banana jack.

J_7 , J_9 — Coax receptacle (SO-239).

J_8 — Three-pin miniature male connector (Amphenol 86-CP-3S).

K_1 — S.p.d.t. relay, 115-volt coil (Advance AM/2G — 1 pole used).

L_1 , L_2 — Balun coil unit (Air Dux B2009).

M_1 , M_2 — 2-inch r.f. ammeter; 3-amp. for 75-ohm, 1.5 amp. for 300-ohm line at 200 watts r.f. output.

S_1 — Antenna-selector switch: bakelite rotary, 2 wafers, 1 pole per wafer, 3 positions (Centralab 1411).

S_2 — Series-parallel switch: bakelite rotary, 2 wafers, 1 pole per wafer, 2 positions (Centralab 1411).

10 per cent. The meters were included in this unit primarily to verify and check balance, and they could be omitted with the assurance that the line currents will be equal if the antenna itself meets the conditions of balance mentioned above.

Aside from the assurance of having good balance and minimum radiation from the feed line when using the balun coupler, a major operating advantage is that no antenna tuning adjustments are necessary when changing bands.

How does it work? This question will probably be on your mind before deciding to invest in a set of balun coils.

The other night, W6QPM, a few houses down the street, pushing 800 watts into a 3-element 14-Mc. beam 50 feet high, worked UA1OE and got a 559 report. A short while later, W6EBY, nursing 150 watts through the balun coupler into a vertical dipole, worked him and got the same report! Let us disregard the statistics on our relative ratios of worked/called and other such comparative data, and close the subject by saying that it *can* happen!

Acknowledgment is made to Mac Petersen, W6BIQ, and Les Worcester of Illumitronic Engineering Co. for their assistance.

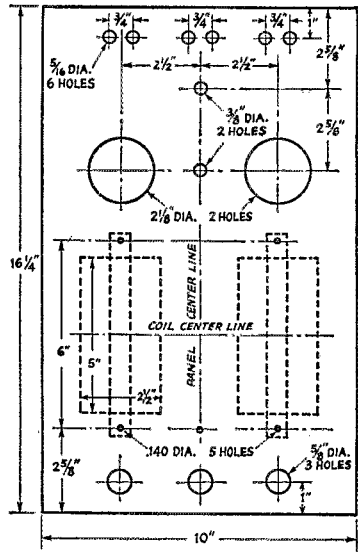


Fig. 3 — Panel layout of holes, showing dimensions of balun coils. Coil centers should be at least $4\frac{1}{2}$ inches apart.

Strays

If you'd like to be an electronic technician in Alaska, at a salary of some \$5000 to \$5600 per year, CAA has some openings. For full details and application forms, write to The Executive Secretary, Anchorage Joint Board of U. S. Civil Service Examiners, Pouch 9, Anchorage, Alaska.

K2BDA and K2DPS were recently working two-meter mobile while parked along the edge of a road one dark night after a meeting of the Hamilton Township Radio Club, when a police cruiser pulled alongside to investigate. The officer, after being persuaded that all was OK, returned to the cruiser and was heard to tell his companion officer, "Phooey, they don't get music on their radio, either."

KN2ZHH had his first QSO four minutes after receiving his ticket from FCC.

K4CAP has his call letters prominently displayed at his front door. Recently a salesman came to the door and asked for Mrs. Kayforcap. — W8BYB

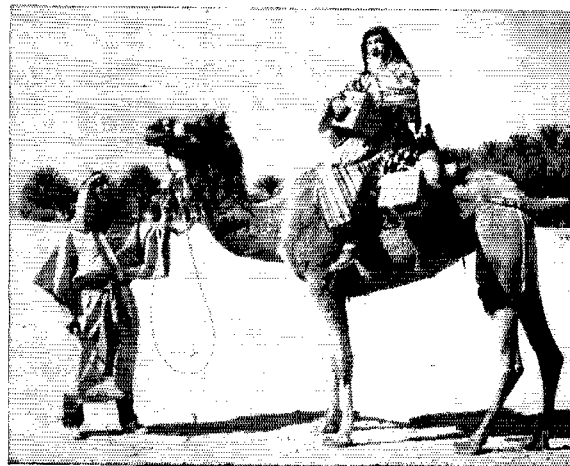


The latest thing in no-ignition-noise mobiling is demonstrated by Bud Pearson, K6DXA/camel-in-motion. Bud was among the nine amateurs who set up the first amateur radio exhibit at the recent National Date Festival, Indio, California.

W5BVW/VO1 now has evidence that the air age is here. Two QSLs received by him on the same day were GM3FLY and W5JET.

What's in a call? K9DEN is a Den Chief of a Cub Scout pack. — W9QGR

Now in the States is 4X4CR, who would like visitors. His QTH: Moshe Fleisher, 131 Corbin Place, Brooklyn 35, N. Y.



Quist Quiz

This simple wiring question was suggested by a problem submitted by KN6YAR.

Given three lamps and four single-pole switches, wire the lamps and switches so that switch 1 turns on lamp 1, switch 2 turns on lamp 2, switch 3 turns on lamp 3, and switch 4 turns on all the lamps regardless of the conditions at switches 1, 2 and 3. Don't clutter up the circuit with rectifiers, relays or what-have-you; all you need is the above, some wire, and a voltage source.

The answer to last month's Quiz lies in the high internal resistances of the exhausted batteries. At very low current the voltage measurements were close to the no-load terminal voltages of the batteries. As the load was increased and higher current was demanded, the drop across the center battery (the current in the circuit times the internal resistance of the battery) exceeded the no-load terminal voltage. With the numbers shown, the internal drop must have been 7 volts, accounting for a measured voltage of -2 under load conditions ($7 - 5 = 2$).



June, 1932

... The lead article twenty-five years ago dealt with that perennial problem — greater selectivity for receiving. In this article James Lamb, then the technical editor of QST, discussed the various factors affecting selectivity and promised a constructional feature on a "single-signal" superhet in an upcoming issue.

... W9FJV told how to use a Ford spark coil as a vibrator in developing high voltage d.c. from 6-volt batteries.

... "Fun on Five Meters" outlined some of the simple gear that was being used on various field tests.

... The month's "lesson" was contained in an article by George Grammer on "The A, B and C of Amplifier Classifications."

... In Strays, W1BBJ suggested the use of aluminum pans for radio chassis, while another fellow, unidentified, thought that the Handbook should have aluminum covers which could be removed and used for shielding.

... A DX contest was announced in which contestants would report only their 20 best DX contacts.



What's in a name? C. W. Ham, W4NYX, just made DXCC — on phone. And he lives on Beam St.

K6YRA is a member of the UCLA Radio Club — which is W6YRA.

DX Contest High Claimed Phone Scores

Based on logs received at ARRL through late April, the following are claimed scores in the 23rd ARRL International DX Competition of last February and March. More entries are en route, especially from overseas points. These, together with the intensive checking program now underway, will cause some changes. Figures indicate claimed score, multiplier, and number of contacts.

Single Operator			W5ALB		
W2ATE	844,584	312	903	W9JYU	51,510
K2AAA	717,024	308	776	W8SDD	50,490
W6YY	426,900	214	665	W1YQC	48,438
W3MSK	398,286	218	609	K9EWL	46,740
W8BKP	322,875	205	525	W8BTI	45,900
W4OM	304,200	200	507	VE2JR	45,500
W3ECR	298,374	223	446	W3IMV	45,018
W9EWC	286,650	182	527	W2TQR	42,552
W6VSS	271,078	166	545	W1QWI	41,735
W8NWO	232,245	195	397	W9RBI	40,548
W0EDX	229,104	172	444	W1MXX	39,615
W4KWY	220,698	201	366	W0CSU	37,584
W8NXX	216,594	191	378	W1DLC	35,728
W4DQH	213,120	180	396	W3IYE	35,348
W8ZOK	200,725	155	433	W0GUV	33,615
W9NZM	187,312	184	340	W2DMR	32,913
W1ONE	180,334	154	393	W9MBF	32,472
W3GHS	179,180	170	352	W0GEK	32,160
W8BF	160,356	161	332	W1OGU	32,085
VE4RO	157,209	139	378	W1KKT	31,872
W1PST	131,616	144	306	W0VZP	31,680
W3ALB	129,861	141	307	W8QAD	30,441
W3HIX	116,983	131	299		
W1BIH	114,816	128	300		
K4CTU	107,442	127	282		
W8DUS	99,432	136	229		
W1FZ	83,570	122	229		
K4LPW	82,215	105	261		
W8AJW	79,677	117	227		
W5KC	74,295	117	213		
W9JJP	72,360	120	201		
W3DRD	72,102	122	197		
W9WKU	71,721	117	204		
VE5VL	66,096	102	221		
W9GIL	63,630	101	210		
W5DQK	62,521	103	203		
VE5RU	59,200	100	197		

Multiple Operator

W3DHM	271,584	184	492
W8NGO	268,488	198	452
W3WQN	206,298	146	471
W3EBG	143,264	148	324
W3EQA	104,020	140	249
W4YHD	92,256	124	248
VE3DMT	84,656	104	272
W8KT	78,153	109	239
W3GRF	70,200	108	218
W3CUB	51,597	91	189
K6EXO	38,640	80	161
W3TMZ	33,033	77	143

Caught in the cross fire were these top-ranking competitors outside the U. S. and Canada:

Single Operator			Multiple Operator				
KH6LJ	466,074	81	1918	DJ2YL	29,280	32	305
KH6PM	157,182	67	782	KA2FQ	28,866	34	283
F8PI	140,616	56	865	CO2HB	25,896	26	338
HH2RM	131,157	57	769	DL9MZ	24,428	31	265
HC2BH	108,228	58	622	OH3RA	23,040	40	192
ON4OC	106,062	66	537	VR2BC	22,923	27	283
ZL1MQ	95,676	67	476	G3COJ	22,788	54	141
(T)1PK	94,464	64	492	ZS5OA	22,770	30	253
ZS5JY	89,802	54	559	KP4DH	21,582	33	222
ZS9G	88,992	48	618	G2DYV	21,204	38	186
EI5I	81,276	52	527	XE1QB	17,416	28	210
G3DO	80,288	52	515	SM5AI	16,370	35	162
KL7AZN	63,081	43	496	F8LE	16,380	26	210
SV0VT	61,236	63	324	OZ7BG	16,275	35	155
G3HJJ	51,948	52	334	KA5ZS	14,850	22	225
I1ASM	47,799	47	339	PJ2MC	13,588	31	116
OZ3TH	42,237	39	367	HB9RG	13,336	32	141
VP5DS	40,590	30	455	SM6BTP	13,338	27	168
OH5QN	40,188	34	394	EA3LL	12,975	25	173
H8SKE	40,128	44	304	VQ3ES	11,088	21	176
XE1RE	40,071	37	361	DL9SN	10,902	23	158
ZE2KR	39,780	39	340	PA0VB	10,890	30	121
SM5WE	36,049	47	257	LA8WE	10,143	23	147
ZS5NZ	35,520	40	296				
FA8CF	33,670	35	328				
I1AMU	30,960	40	258				
DL4SK	30,192	34	297				

A c.w. preview next month. — P. S.

A One-Tube Two-Meter Rig with Transistor Modulator

Direct Frequency Control at 144 Mc.

BY R. J. SCHLESINGER,* K6LZM

THE TWO-BY-TWO-INCH HANDFUL shown in the accompanying photograph is a complete r.f. section for a low-powered 144-Mc. transmitter. Despite its small dimensions, the rig is not a toy. It delivers enough power output for good communication around the Los Angeles area, and it has covered the 100-mile hop to San Diego on numerous occasions.

It incorporates two principal elements of novelty. One is the use of direct frequency control, with a 7th-mode overtone crystal. This does away with frequency multipliers, effecting a saving in power consumption, and greatly reducing the possibility of radiation on unwanted frequencies. The other item of special interest is the transistor modulator, shown in schematic form, Fig. 2. Though it was built for use with the tiny r.f. section described, it can be employed with any low-powered rig that requires about one watt of audio power for modulation.

Using 144-Mc. Crystals

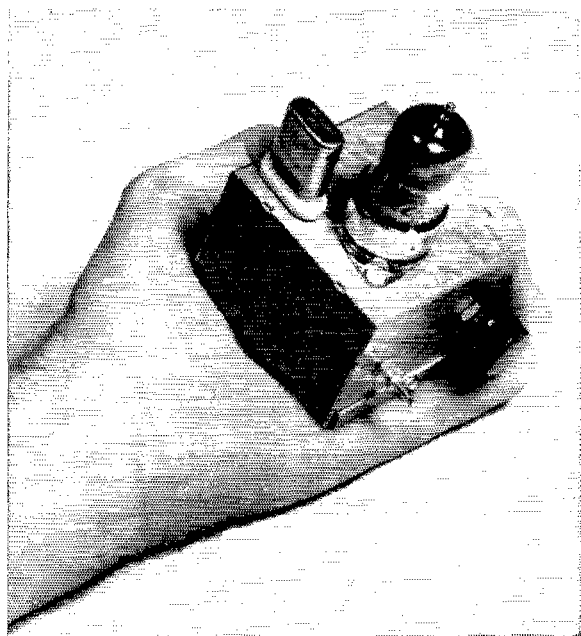
The crystal oscillates on 144.8 Mc., using its 7th overtone. Crystals for this frequency are now made by several manufacturers, and are supplied for amateur use at about 9 to 10 dollars. This one came from the Midland Manufacturing Co.,

*2024 MacArthur St., San Pedro, California.

• The frequency at which direct crystal control can be used has been rising steadily in recent years. Here we have a tiny r.f. section for use on 144 Mc. that employs crystal control at the operating frequency. Extremely low power consumption and freedom from radiation on unwanted frequencies are two of its advantages. A companion modulator using transistors enables the transmitter to deliver exceptional overall efficiency.

Kansas City. The oscillator is the triode portion of a 6U8, with the pentode section as a straight-through amplifier. The crystal operates in a series mode, presenting a high impedance in the cathode circuit at all frequencies except that at which it oscillates. At this frequency the cathode of the tube is effectively grounded for r.f., and the circuit functions as the familiar ultraaudio oscillator.

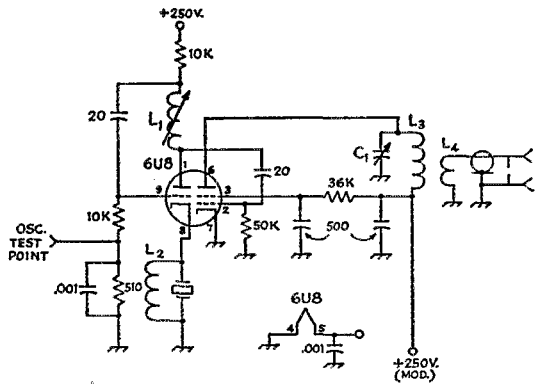
As the plate coil, L_1 , is tuned near 144.8 Mc. the feedback will cause a rise in grid excitation. This can be observed as a sharp rise on the tuning meter, connected between the test point and ground. A meter with a range of about 3 volts will



Just a convenient handful, but it is a complete r.f. section for a 2-meter transmitter.

Fig. 1 — Schematic diagram of the one-tube 2-meter r.f. section. Capacitor values below .001 are in μf .

- C_1 — 2.0 to 19.7- μf . miniature variable (Johnson 160-110).
- L_1 — 0.17 to 0.27 μh ., wound on $\frac{3}{8}$ -inch slug-tuned form (J. W. Miller No. 4301).
- L_2 — 3 turns No. 20 on high-value half-watt resistor; see text.
- L_3 — 3 turns No. 18, $\frac{3}{8}$ -inch diam., spaced wire diam.
- L_4 — 2 turns adjacent to cold end of L_3 .



give the best indication. Listen to the note on a communications receiver and converter, to be sure that the oscillation is crystal-controlled. If difficulty is experienced in finding a peak that is crystal-controlled, try varying the inductance of L_2 slightly. The function of L_2 , in addition to providing a d.c. path in the cathode circuit, is to tune out the capacitance of the crystal and socket.

Once the oscillator is working properly, the final plate circuit, L_3C_1 , should be tuned for maximum output. As there is only a slight indication of plate current dip, the best method of checking the tuning is to use some form of output indicator. The S meter on a communications receiver can be used, if the antenna is left off the converter in order to keep the signal from blocking the receiver. A grid-dip meter working as an output indicator also works nicely.

The Transistor Modulator

The modulator unit is shown schematically in Fig. 2. It should serve wherever up to about one watt of audio power is needed, when over-all drain is an important consideration. With the modulator hooked up as shown, the total current drawn from the 22 $\frac{1}{2}$ -volt supply is about 15 ma., and from the 12-volt supply about 125 ma. With an over-all drain of less than 2 watts, the modulator delivers 0.75 watt of useful audio power, a degree of over-all efficiency that cannot be approached with vacuum tubes.

The input transistor, Q_1 , is operated grounded-base, allowing the carbon microphone to be connected directly between the emitter and ground. The emitter current provides excitation

for the microphone. The 5000-ohm potentiometer, R_1 , controls this and serves as a gain control. The operating point of Q_1 is fixed by the 200 and 4300-ohm resistors. The second transistor, Q_2 , is operated with its emitter grounded. Both it and Q_1 are General Electric 2N107 PNP junction transistors.

The third stage uses a GE 2N170 NPN transistor, Q_3 . The collector load in this case is the primary of the transformer, T_1 . It and T_2 are small output transformers of the type used to couple a small audio pentode into an 8-ohm voice coil. Although the impedance match obtained with these is not ideal, their availability and low cost makes their use highly desirable. The 8-ohm voice coil winding of T_1 drives the base of a CBS 2N158 power transistor, Q_4 . Its collector load is the 8-ohm winding of T_2 . This allows the high-impedance side to be used to match the plate impedance of the 6U8. The pentode section of the 6U8.

A point of caution in the construction of the modulator is to realize that the mounting area of the 2N158 transistor (and most other power transistors) is directly connected to the collector junction. This requires that the heat sink be electrically isolated from ground. One method of providing a heat sink with d.c. isolation is to mount the transistor on a copper or brass bar, which can be insulated from the chassis electrically by various means. Mechanical arrangement of parts is not important otherwise for an audio amplifier of this type, so it can be built in almost any form to suit one's individual needs as to final packaging.

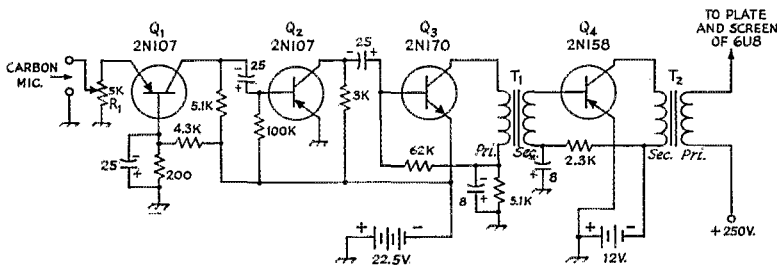


Fig. 2 — Transistor modulator for use with the low-powered two-meter unit. Capacitor values are in μf .

T_1, T_2 — Pentode to voice coil output transformer.

Mounting a Beam Antenna on a Telephone Pole

BY THOMAS BRYANT,* WØKLP

• WØKLP describes a simple method of using standard pipe fittings to mount a rotatable array on a wooden pole.

PROBABLY EVERY amateur has visions of owning a beam for his shack. That's the way I felt before I purchased a shiny new Tri-bander last fall. However, I soon found out that there is a lot more to getting the beam up in the air than meets the eye, and there were times when I almost wished that I had never thought of one.

An investigation showed that for moderate heights (30 feet or so, corresponding to an approximate half wavelength on 20 meters) a used telephone pole provides an inexpensive support. I obtained one from the local power company for ten dollars. An added advantage of the pole is that it is nonmetallic and self-supporting.

The problem of a simple mounting for the beam and rotator was solved by WØWIQ, who came up with the idea shown in the sketch of Fig. 1. It is made up entirely of 1½-inch pipe and standard plumbing fixtures.

Two holes 1½ inches in diameter must be bored in the pole with an expansion bit. These are to accommodate the two short sections of pipe that are used as supports. Care should be used in cutting these holes. The diameter of the pole where the upper hole is drilled should be at least 4 inches — preferably more. Before cutting the hole, the pole should be tightly wrapped with several turns of heavy galvanized wire, both above and below the drilling point. This is to prevent splitting. The expansion bit should be set a shade under the outside diameter of the pipe to provide a drive fit. It is important, too, that the holes run at right angles to the pole. This can be done most easily by lining up two points on opposite sides of the pole and then drilling halfway through the pole from both sides.

The proper position for the lower hole depends primarily upon how long you are going to make the rotating pipe mast. A general rule of thumb is to make the distance between the two pipe supports half the total length of the rotating mast. The lower hole should, of course, be lined up with the upper one as accurately as possible. After the upper pipe support is in place, a length of wire can be attached to it on each side of the pole, these wires to be pulled taut and used as guides in lining up the drilling points for the lower hole.

To provide a mounting for the C-D-R rotators of the popular types TR-2, TR-4 and AR-22, the

lower support pipe is fitted with an elbow and a short length of vertical pipe to which the rotator can be clamped. To make sure that the torque of the motor does not unthread the short pipe from the elbow, the latter two should be spot-welded together.

A sleeve bearing is provided at the upper support pipe. A 1¾-inch "T" pipe fitting is used as the bearing. This is fastened to the 1½-inch support pipe by means of a 1¾-inch to 1½-inch reducing coupling. (Some plumbing shops may also carry a "reducing T" with the proper reduction between end and side openings so that the reducing coupling will not be necessary.)

The rotating mast that carries the antenna is a section of 1½-inch pipe. Care must be used in

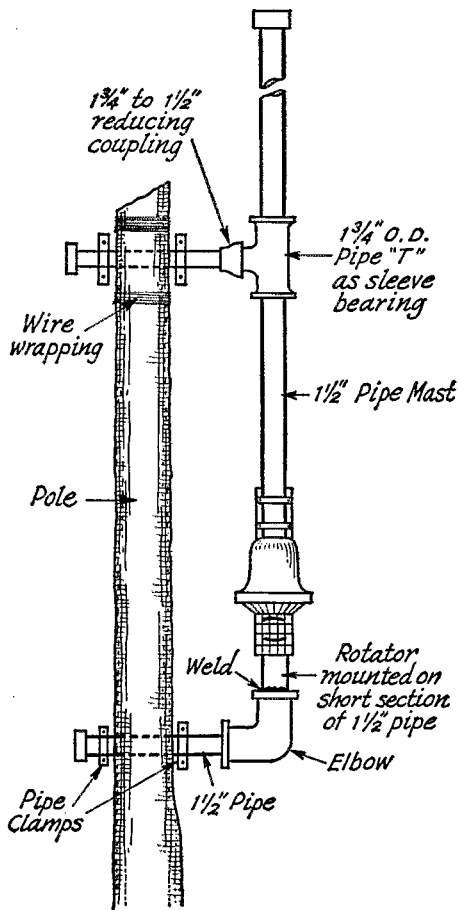


Fig. 1—A simple method of mounting a beam and rotator on a telephone pole. All fittings are readily obtained at a plumbing shop.

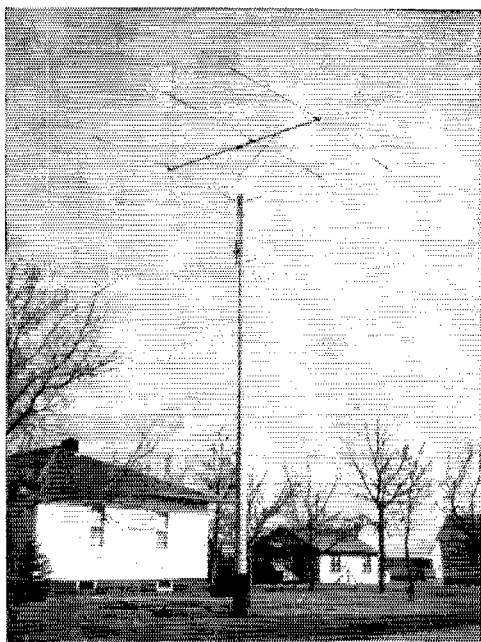
* Napoleon, North Dakota.

lining up the rotator and the bearing so that there will be no binding at the bearing. The pipe supports must be driven out far enough from the pole so that the rotating part of the rotator clears the pole. If the rotator is of the type whose mounting clamps are offset from the mast clamps, it will be necessary to drive either the top or the bottom support pipe out farther from the pole to compensate for the offset.

After the mast has been lined up, pairs of pipe clamps or U bolts can be used on both sides of the pole to keep the supporting pipes in place. It is a good idea to fit the supporting pipes and the top of the rotating mast with threaded caps to keep water and dirt out of the pipes.

The sleeve bearing should be packed with grease to provide lubrication. One way that this can be done is to force the grease in through the upper supporting pipe with a wood dowel.

Personally, I feel that this way of mounting a beam and rotator is easier, requires less use of profanity, and is perhaps less expensive than most other ways. It is now in use in two stations here in Napoleon and has been 100 per cent successful. It has withstood high winds, snowstorms, sleet, rain — everything, with no damage to the rotator or beam. The beams in use weigh over 50 lbs. and that's a pretty big structure. I hope that others trying this method of mounting will have the same satisfaction that I've had.



This beam support at WØWVQ makes a clean looking installation.

Strays

In last month's SS results one of our better contest operators commented on the business of sending words twice even when given an RS57 report. Sound logical? Then read over the following, quoted from an IRE news release. "The problem of sending coded messages as speedily as possible and yet with the least chance of error was discussed in a session on Information Theory. . . . The problem is analogous to trying to get a message across in a noisy room. Their investigation revealed that it is best for the sender to repeat the message twice without being asked rather than for the receiver to ask the sender to repeat the parts of the message he cannot under-

stand, because a request for clearer information might also be misunderstood, resulting in greater confusion, and a waste of time and energy."

— . . . —

The Samuel Gompers Vocational and Technical High School, 455 Southern Boulevard, The Bronx, is one of the public high schools in New York City, and offers a comprehensive curriculum in electronics. The principal, assistant principal, chairman of the Radio-TV department, and teachers are all hams. Anyone interested in the school's work or in gaining admission is cordially invited to visit it.

»

Through the initial efforts of W8HSG and the generosity of W8FX, the Michigan Historical Commission in Lansing has established a permanent display of amateur equipment in the State Historical Museum. Other amateurs have since added to the original donation, so that it tells a rather complete story of amateur radio between 1912 and 1925. The director of the Museum, Dr. Eugene T. Petersen, would be interested in obtaining more radio gear of that era. In the photo at the right are shown W8AHV, W8PLP and W8OC looking over the attractive display. (Photo courtesy *The State Journal*)



potentiometer, which cuts off V_{IB} and opens the squelch continuously, regardless of the absence of an incoming signal. Optimum setting is a point between these two extremes such that the squelch does not quite open on random low-level a.v.c. fluctuations resulting from noise rectification while no signals are being received. With this adjustment, a signal one S unit above the noise will open the squelch and permit normal reception.

Recent advances in tube design have made available the 6AW-A, a miniature dual section type which will replace both the 6J5 and 6SJ7 used in the original circuit. The triode section of the 6AW-A has a high amplification factor and, as used here, provides an audio gain in excess of 50. This is more than enough amplification to drive the output stage with the low amplitude signal developed by the detector. The pentode section has the sharpest cut-off characteristic of any pentode available, and is therefore well suited for service here, where it must be turned on and off by small changes in a.v.c. generated by weak signals. Of course, the space occupied by a single 6AW-A is significantly less than that required by its two octal counterparts, resulting in an important advantage when compactness is a consideration.

The squelch circuit at W3QZO is built into a crystal-controlled monitor receiver. However, several possibilities exist for adding the squelch to an existing commercial receiver if desired. The simplest means is to construct the circuit in a small aluminum utility box that can be mounted on the back of the receiver or housed within the cabinet. Most receivers incorporate an accessory socket, and a compact plug-in squelch unit would be easy to add, especially since many accessory sockets already have a.v.c. and audio connections for n.f.m. adaptors. In areas where the noise level varies over wide limits during the day, readjustment of the sensitivity control will occasionally be necessary so that the squelch will react properly to weak signals but still prevent noise from breaking through. In such cases it is advisable to mount the sensitivity control where it is accessible. Of course, this is not a problem when the Codan is incorporated in a new equipment design. When the squelch is added to an existing commercial receiver, the sensitivity control may be accommodated on the front panel without drilling additional holes merely by converting an existing control to a dual concentric type that handles its original function in addition to squelch sensitivity. As an alternative, the sensitivity control can be mounted out of the way and set up so the maximum noise encountered will not open the squelch. The squelch will react normally to strong signals, and a conveniently located switch may be used to open the pentode cathode return and disable the squelch when it is desired to receive weak signals without disturbing the preset sensitivity adjustment. The latter procedure is most applicable in CD equipment where inexperienced operators might otherwise misadjust a variable control.

No special precautions need be taken in the construction of the Codan circuit other than avoiding excessive lead length and high temperature locations. It is preferable to use a high quality two-watt composition potentiometer for the sensitivity control, but if cost is an important factor, a wire-wound unit can be employed with a minor sacrifice in smoothness of operation. While the sensitivity control has sufficient range for nearly all cases, some receivers have such a high internal noise level on the higher frequency bands that they develop appreciable a.v.c. voltage even when not tuned to a signal. Because of this, it may not be possible for the squelch to cut off and eliminate noise in the output. The receiver limitation can be accommodated in the squelch circuit by putting a resistor of about 2K to 10K in the ground return of the sensitivity control, thus raising the screen voltage and requiring higher values of a.v.c. to open the squelch. The squelch will then function properly, but the fundamental problem of an inherently noisy receiver will still exist. Although the Codan circuit eliminates receiver noise and moderate amounts of impulse noise during intervals when signals are not being received, it is not intended to suppress impulse noise, and hence it must be supplemented by a conventional noise limiter at locations where interference of this type is bothersome.

One other point dealing with installation should be noted: Be sure that the a.v.c. voltage used to actuate the squelch not the delayed type, because if a.v.c. is used, the squelch will not operate properly on weak signals.

An effective means of muting the receiver during transmitting periods can be had by adding a 100K resistor, R_3 , at the plate of the pentode, as shown in Fig. 1. The free end of the resistor is grounded through auxiliary contacts on the change-over relay, causing the triode section to cut off when transmitting. This completely silences the receiver with none of the contact arcing and thumps from the loudspeaker that generally accompany the method where receiver plate voltage is switched off.

Although not actually incorporated in the author's receiver, the novel visual signal indicator shown in Fig. 2 may be of interest to others. The NE-51 glow lamp conducts whenever a signal is being received, and is extinguished during no-signal conditions. The 6AW-A pentode plate voltage is used to provide an appropriate potential to the indicator dividing network. A visual indication of this type will help avoid missing a calling station if the volume control is unknowingly turned down, or if room noise is high.

Several of the local gang have used the modified Codan squelch described here with excellent results in various types of receivers. The small effort expended in its construction is more than repaid by a new operating convenience and the elimination of listening fatigue caused by incessant background noise.

A 500-Watt Audio System

4X250Bs Operating Class AB₁

BY IRWIN R. WOLFE,* W6HHN

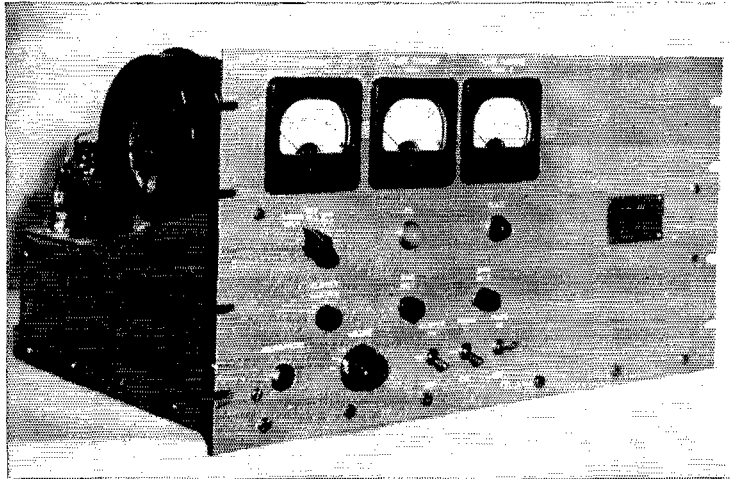
NOT too long ago, I worked at a broadcasting station. The 500-watt transmitter there used a pair of WF-212D tubes in the final, modulated by four 212D tubes in parallel. For the benefit of the younger generation, a 212D is a triode just a bit larger than a two-quart wine bottle. It is rated for 250 watts of plate dissipation. In those days, there was only one kind of modulator — Class A — simple and inefficient.

Dissatisfaction often breeds progress. Some fellows wanted more than just 25 per cent efficiency. So Class B modulation was born during the early depression days. This doubled the efficiency. Part of the hot air surrounding the modulator tubes was now converted to speech, and the disgruntled were now content for the time being. Of course, there were the requirements of low-plate-resistance driver tubes, a rather special input transformer, and a low-impedance bias supply. But that was a small

• A 500-watt Class B modulator with its rigid requirements as to driver-voltage and bias regulation can constitute a formidable undertaking. Such problems are eliminated in this AB₁ amplifier. The driving requirement of a peak grid-to-grid voltage of only 100 at zero current is easily furnished by a miniature tube through an ordinary voltage-amplifier transformer.

The article includes complete information on power supplies and control circuits.

cry from the 25 per cent of the good (?) old days. As to compactness, the 4X250B is actually smaller than some Class B driver tubes. And, brother, a pair can really take it!



A 500-watt Class AB₁ modulator. From left to right at the top of the panel are the dual-range voltmeter and the two plate milliammeters. Immediately below are S₂, J₂ and J₁. In the next row below are controls for R₁, R₇ and R₈. Along the bottom are J₁, the gain control, S₂, S₄ and S₁.

price to pay for the increased efficiency.

Since the advent of high-power tetrodes, one need not go to Class B triodes to modulate a big final at high level. Tetrodes operating Class AB₁ will do the trick nicely with good efficiency. Since AB₁ operation is at zero grid current, no special input transformer or driver tubes are necessary. Any old bias supply you have around will handle the modulator grids.

The modulator unit described here comprises a complete audio system. It is built around a pair of 4X250B tetrodes that will deliver 500 watts of audio power as Class AB₁ modulators with a maximum input of 828 watts (1800 volts at 460 ma.). This efficiency of about 60 per cent is a far

Audio Circuits

The modulator circuit is shown in Fig. 1. The tube line-up starts with a 12AX7 high- μ dual triode in a two-stage resistance-coupled microphone preamplifier. The microphone connector J₁ is the three-terminal type that provides for push-to-talk power control. The gain control is in the grid circuit of the second stage. A pair of terminals is also provided for feeding a 500-ohm line to the unby-passed cathode of this stage.

The preamplifier output goes either to a 6AL5 clipper stage, or directly to the driver grid through a 3-kc. low-pass splatter filter. The selection is made by the d.p.d.t. toggle switch S₂. The clipping level is set by R₁.

One section of a 12AU7 is used as the modu-

*3467 Rambow Drive, Palo Alto, Calif.

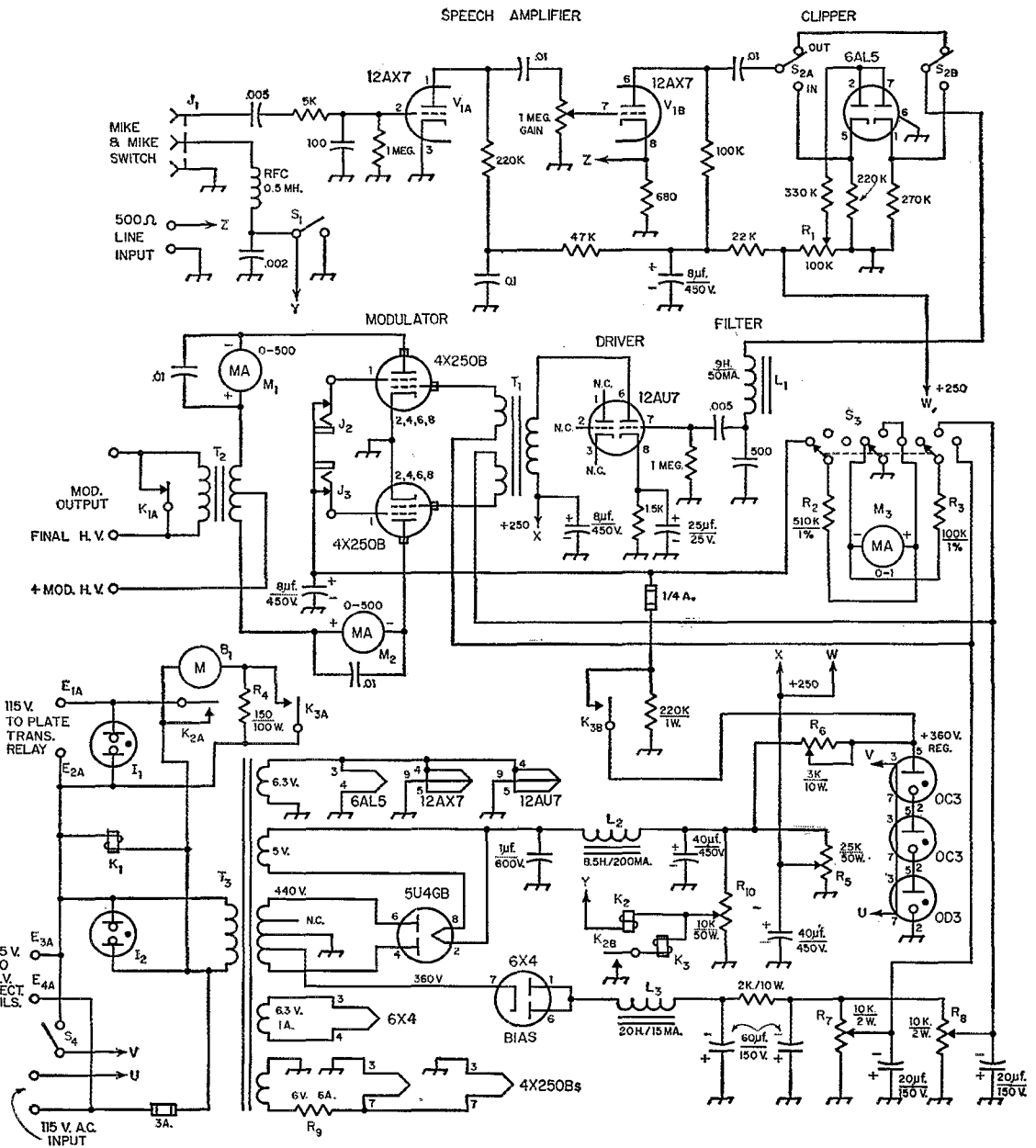


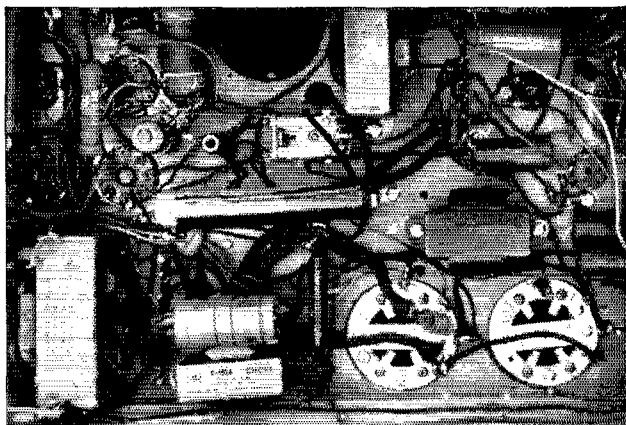
Fig. 1 — Circuit of the 4X250B modulator. All capacitances less than 0.001 μ f. are in μ f. All capacitors marked with polarity are electrolytic. All other capacitors may be ceramic, mica or paper. All resistors are $\frac{1}{2}$ watt unless otherwise specified. Similarly-lettered wires should be connected together. Relay armatures are in unenergized position.

Both sides of J_2 and J_3 carry screen voltage. They should have an insulated mounting and should be inaccessible to accidental contact. Meter plug should be well insulated and used with due caution.

- B1 — Ventilating blower (Dayton IC180).
- I1 — $\frac{5}{8}$ -inch neon panel lamp, built-in 100K resistor, NES1 bulb, amber lens (Johnson 147-1144-4).
- I2 — Same as I1, red lens (Johnson 147-1144-2).
- J1 — 3-contact push-to-talk microphone connector (Amphenol 80-PC2F or similar).
- J2, J3 — Closed-circuit jack.
- K1 — Single-pole, normally-closed 115-volt a.c. relay, antenna change-over type (Advance AT/2C/115VA or similar).
- K2, K3 — 2-pole normally-open 110-volt d.c. relay (Advance AM/2C/110VD or similar).
- L1 — 9-h. 50-ma. filter choke (Stancor C-1215).
- L2 — 8.5-h. 200-ma. filter choke (Stancor C-1721).
- L3 — 20-h. 15-ma. filter choke (Stancor C-1515).
- M1, M2 — 0-500-ma. d.c. milliammeter (3 $\frac{1}{2}$ -inch rectangular).

- M3 — 0-1-ma. d.c. milliammeter (3 $\frac{1}{2}$ -inch rectangular).
- S1 — S.p.s.t. toggle switch.
- S2 — D.p.d.t. toggle switch.
- S3 — Single-wafer 3-pole 3-position rotary switch, non-shorting (Centralab 2507 or 1407).
- S4 — S.p.s.t. 15-amp. toggle switch.
- T1 — Multipurpose interstage transformer, ratio 1:3 (total secondary), step up, split secondary (Stancor A-4774).
- T2 — 600-watt multitap modulation transformer (UTC CVM-5).
- T3 — Power transformer: 880, 720 volts c.t., 200 ma.; 6.3 volts, 8 amp.; 6.3 volts 1 amp.; 6.3 volts, 3 amp.; 5 volts, 3 amp. (Triad R-26A).
- R1 — 2-watt potentiometer (Ohmite CU1041).
- R5, R6, R10 — With adjustable slider.
- R7, R8 — Wire-wound potentiometer.
- R9 — See text.

Bottom view of the 500-watt modulator through the access opening. The driver transformer T_1 is above the two 4X250B air-system sockets. Audio filter choke L_1 is to the right of the blower exhaust opening. Power-supply filter chokes are at the lower left. The large resistor near the center is R_4 and the relay above is K_3 . Relay K_2 is out of sight in the upper right-hand corner, near the microphone connector J_1 .



lator driver. (A 6C4 would serve equally well here, but we thought we might have future use for the spare triode section, perhaps in a.v.c. application.) An inexpensive transformer, T_1 , couples the driver plate to the modulator grids. This transformer has separate secondary windings so that independent bias adjustment can be made for each modulator grid.

The modulation transformer used is the multi-match type so that adjustment can be made for proper modulator loading. The primary and secondary windings are each rated at 500 ma. and that adds up to plenty of iron and copper — about sixty pounds of it!

Bias and Screen Supply

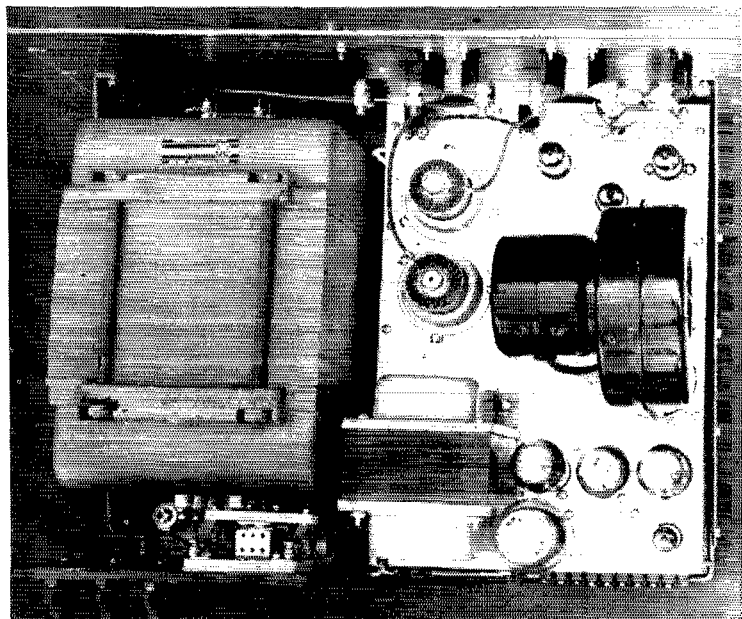
Included on the chassis is a power unit that supplies adjustable grid bias and regulated screen voltage. The power transformer T_3 has enough filament windings to take care of requirements.

A voltage divider, R_5 , across the output of the

screen supply provides a 250-volt tap for the speech-amplifier tubes. Modulator screen voltage is regulated at 360 volts by three VR tubes in series. The VR limiting resistor R_6 should be adjusted so that the VR tubes draw about 40 ma. with no screen current to the modulator. The $\frac{1}{4}$ -amp. fuse in the screen circuit is important in protecting the screens in case of failure of the plate supply.

The 6X4 half-wave bias rectifier operates from a 360-volt tap on the transformer. The biasing voltage for each modulator tube can be adjusted by a potentiometer (R_7 and R_8) across the output of the bias rectifier. The filtering in both bias and screen supplies is adequate to remove every trace of ripple.

The 4X250B has a heater rating of 6.0 volts. For maximum tube life it is advisable to drop the voltage from the transformer to this value. I used a series resistor, R_9 , of $\frac{1}{20}$ ohm made by coiling a 5-inch length of No. 16 Manganin (or



Top view of the 4X250B modulator. At the rear of the chassis are the power transformer T_3 , the two rectifiers, one of the filter capacitors and the three VR tubes. In front of the blower are the two speech-amplifier tubes and the 6AL5 clipper. The panel to the rear of the modulation transformer carries the modulator-output and high-voltage connectors and the shorting relay K_1 .

Advance) resistance wire. The voltage should be checked at the tube socket, since your line voltage may be low and the series resistor not needed.

Metering

Separate milliammeters are installed in the plate leads of the two modulator tubes so that the individual plate currents can be monitored.¹ Jacks J_2 and J_3 are provided for plugging in a milliammeter to check the screen current to each tube.

M_3 with series resistors R_2 and R_3 form a dual-range voltmeter for checking screen and biasing voltages. With S_3 in the first position (full counter-clockwise) the full-scale meter reading is 500 volts for checking screen voltage. With S_3 in either the second or third positions, the full-scale reading is reduced to 100 volts for checking biasing voltages.

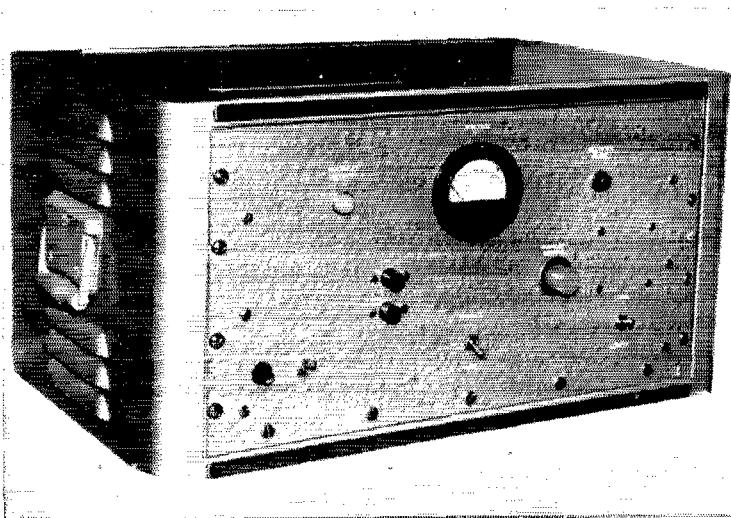
Ventilation

The external anodes of the 4X250Bs require a draft of about 7 c.f.m. to keep them healthy. This is provided by a low-speed low-noise low-priced squirrel-cage-type blower B_1 . This blower supplies more than adequate ventilation for the tubes, but it is a good idea to have a margin to take care of the additional dissipation of the speech tubes, transformers and the several resistors.

It was not without some qualms that the blower was mounted on the same chassis as the preamplifier. As a precaution, the 12AX7 was shock-mounted with small rubber grommets to minimize vibration from the blower motor. Apparently, my fears were ungrounded (although the blower motor was), since any noise that may be picked up is submerged in the microphone noise level. Blower noise is eliminated under stand-by conditions by inserting R_4 in series with the motor to reduce its speed.

¹ If the meters are the metal-case type, they should be recess-mounted as a safety measure.

The enclosure for the high-voltage supply matches the one for the modulator. I_4 is to the left of the voltmeter, and I_3 to the right. Below are the two push-button switches S_8 and S_9 , and the control for R_{11} . Near the bottom of the panel, S_6 is at the center, S_5 is to the left and S_7 to the right.



High-Voltage Supply

Fig. 2 shows the circuit of the high-voltage supply used with the modulator. It is conventional with a single-section choke-input filter. Output voltage is read on M_4 . Terminals E_1 through E_4 are connected to similarly-numbered terminals on the modulator unit.

The plate transformer (T_4) used in this supply has a dual primary. It can be operated from a 230-volt line by connecting the primary windings in series as shown, or from a 115-volt line with the primary windings connected in parallel. With the 230-volt connection, reduced power is obtained by switching the 230-volt primary to 115-volt input, as shown in Fig. 2. With 115-volt primary input, the same reduction can be obtained by switching the primary windings to the series connection.

Control Circuits

I suspect that a glance at the diagrams will convince the reader that I own huge amounts of stock in a few relay-manufacturing concerns, and how I wish you were right. Nevertheless, a good control system is a wise investment when anyone contemplates the installation of a high-power phone transmitter.

S_4 is the main control switch for the audio unit. I have labeled this switch PHONE/c.w. because it not only turns on T_3 and T_5 (through terminals E_3 and E_4) to ready the modulator and its power supplies for phone operation, but it also actuates K_1 which removes the short (K_{1A}) across the modulation-transformer secondary. This short is necessary, of course, for c.w. operation. The closing of S_4 is indicated by the lighting of I_2 .

S_1 is in parallel with the microphone push-to-talk switch, and either switch may be used to actuate K_2 . Contacts K_{2A} supply a.c. to the plate-transformer relay K_4 (in the power-supply unit), simultaneously turning on I_1 . Contacts K_{2B} actuate K_3 .

Contacts K_{3A} short out R_4 , bringing the blower speed up to normal. Contacts K_{3B} apply screen

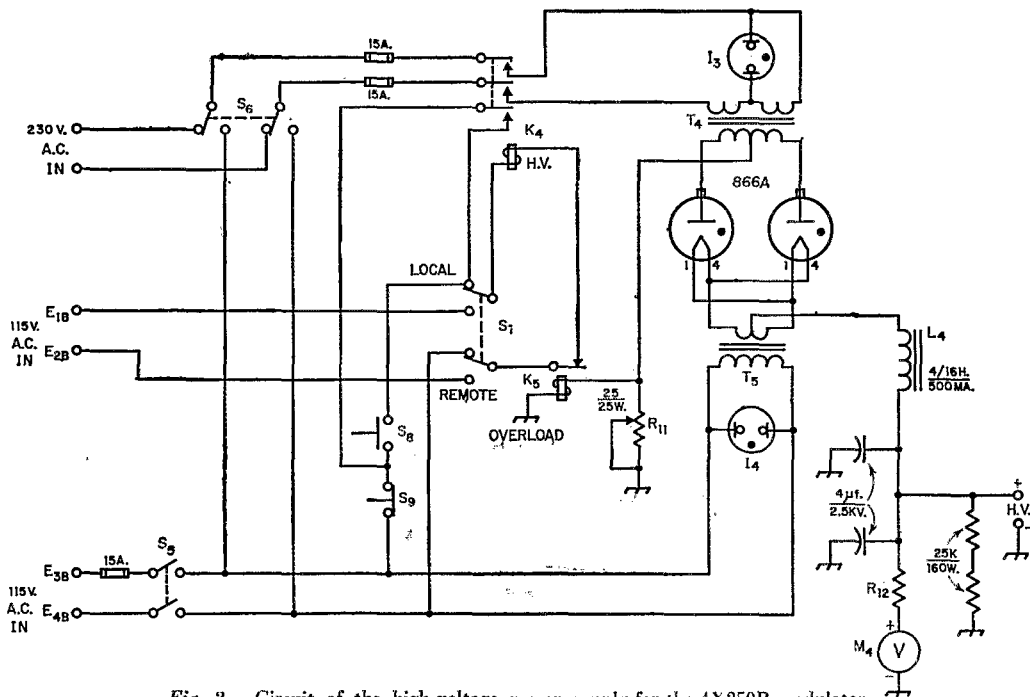


Fig. 2 — Circuit of the high-voltage power supply for the 4X250B modulator.

- I₃ — $\frac{1}{8}$ -inch neon panel lamp, built-in 100K resistor, NE51 bulb, red lens (Johnson 147-1144-2).
- I₄ — Same as I₃, amber lens (Johnson 147-1144-4).
- K₄ — 3-pole normally-open heavy-duty power relay (Allen-Bradley Bulletin 700B300, Potter-Brumfield MR14A, Advance PC/3C/115VA).
- K₅ — S.p.d.t. 6-volt d.c. relay (Advance PC/1C/6VD).
- L₄ — Swinging choke, 4-16 h., 500 ma. (Stancor C-1405).
- M₄ — 0-1-ma. d.c. milliammeter, 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ -inch round or rectangular.
- R₁₁ — 25-ohm 25-watt wire rheostat (Ohmite II-0147).

- R₁₂ — Two 1-megohm 2-watt 1 per cent and one 500K 1-watt 1 per cent resistors in series.
- S₅, S₆ — D.p.d.t. 15-amp. toggle switch.
- S₇ — D.p.s.t. toggle switch.
- S₈ — Push-button switch, momentary-contact normally open.
- S₉ — Push-button switch, momentary-open normally closed.
- T₄ — Plate transformer: 2000 volts, 500 ma. (Electro Engineering Co. 5017).
- T₅ — 2.5-volt 10-amp. filament transformer, 10-kv. insulation (Stancor P-3060).

voltage to the modulator tubes.

Since the control wire for K_2 must parallel the microphone line to get to the push-to-talk switch, it is advisable to operate this relay from a d.c. source to avoid hum pickup. In this case, the d.c. is obtained from a tap on the voltage divider R_{10} . K_3 is operated from the same source. The tap on R_{10} should be adjusted to the minimum voltage at which K_2 and K_3 will close reliably.

To summarize, S_4 puts the modulator in stand-by condition; S_1 (or the push-to-talk switch) applies plate and screen voltages, and speeds up the blower motor.

In Fig. 2, S_5 is a local switch applying power to T_5 and lighting I_4 when S_4 (in the modulator unit) is closed.

S_7 switches between local and remote control of the power relay K_4 . In the local position, momentary closing of S_8 operates K_4 , applying power to the plate transformer and lighting I_3 . The third set of contacts on K_4 shorts out S_8 to hold the relay closed until the relay coil circuit is opened by momentarily operating S_9 .

With S_7 in the remote position, K_4 is operated by S_1 (in the modulator unit), or the push-to-talk switch, which closes K_{2A} , applying power to K_4 .

K_5 is an overload relay whose coil is connected between the high-voltage center tap and ground.

When the current drawn from the supply through K_5 exceeds the value for which the shunting resistor R_{11} has been set, the contacts of K_5 open, breaking the coil circuit of K_4 and turning off the high voltage.

S_8 switches the primary of T_4 to the 115-volt line for reduced power.

Construction

Most of the constructional details are shown in the photographs. To support the weight of the modulation transformer and other components, a length of 1 × 1-inch iron angle stock was bent and welded into a 14 × 17-inch rectangle. This is fastened along the bottom edge of the 10 $\frac{1}{2}$ -inch rack panel using $\frac{1}{4}$ -20 bolts. Bracing is provided by chassis brackets at the ends. A $\frac{1}{8}$ -inch aluminum sheet was cut to fit into the rectangle to form a base.

Most of the components are mounted on or housed within a 9 × 13 $\frac{1}{2}$ × 3 $\frac{3}{4}$ -inch chassis made of $\frac{1}{16}$ -inch aluminum sheet and $\frac{1}{2}$ -inch aluminum angle stock. An 8 × 10 $\frac{1}{2}$ -inch cutout in the aluminum base provides convenient access to the chassis bottom without removing the chassis. A 9 × 11 $\frac{1}{2}$ -inch aluminum plate covers this opening.

When the chassis is buttoned up, the air from the blower, discharging through a hole in the top

of the chassis, can escape only through the air-system sockets (Eimac SK-610) in which the 4X250Bs are mounted. If a cabinet is used, a 3-inch hole should be cut in the top cover in the area directly above the tubes. This hole can be covered with perforated metal.

A.c. connections are made at a terminal strip mounted on the rear edge of the chassis.

Behind the modulation transformer, a $7\frac{3}{8} \times 9\frac{3}{4}$ -inch panel of $\frac{1}{4}$ -inch phenolic material is fastened to the angle-iron frame. This panel carries three Millen high-voltage connectors type 37001. Two of these are the modulator output terminals; the third is the modulator high-voltage input connector. This panel also carries the shorting relay K_1 . The metering jacks J_2 and J_3 are mounted on an insulating panel at the rear of the chassis. These jacks should be mounted in such a manner as to make accidental contact impossible. Also, the meter should never be plugged in unless the power supply has been turned off.

The high-voltage power-supply chassis is of similar dimensions and constructed in the same manner.

Operation

As mentioned earlier, R_6 should be adjusted so that the VR tubes draw 40 ma. with K_{3B} open. The 4X250B is rated for a maximum screen dissipation of 12 watts. Therefore, when the screen voltage is 360, the maximum screen current should not exceed 33 ma. for each tube. However, it has been determined experimentally that there is no increase in undistorted output or efficiency at screen currents above 15 ma. per tube at a screen voltage of 360 (5 watts). A total screen current of 30 ma. (for both tubes) was

found to give optimum operation. When the allowable modulator input is exceeded, the screen current will rise above this value and the VR regulators will lose control. The screen voltmeter can therefore be used as an indicator of excessive screen current. The audio gain control should be adjusted to just below the point where the voltmeter begins kicking downward as you modulate.

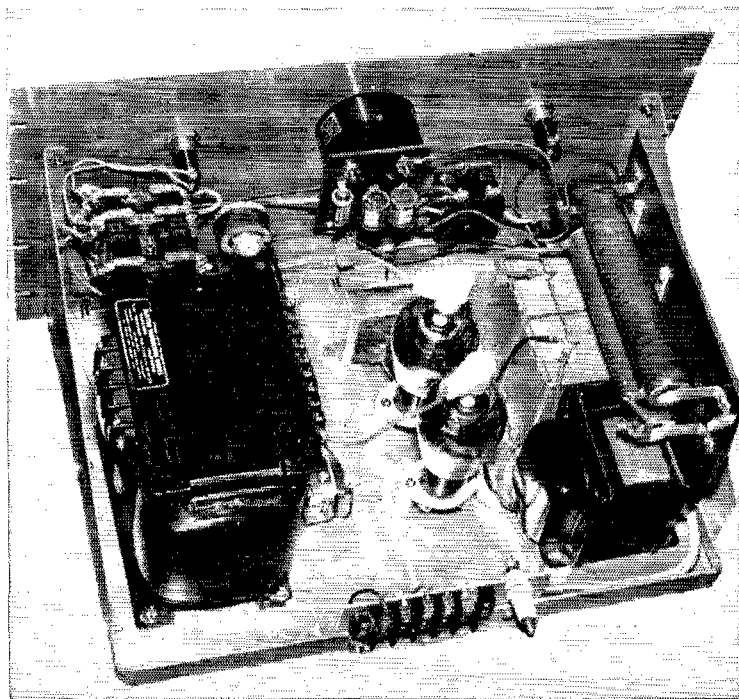
The preamplifier has sufficient gain to operate from any of the low-level crystal or dynamic microphones. The over-all frequency response is rather good without the low-pass filter (clipper switched out). However, the filter reduces the effective band width to 3 kc. at 6 db. down. The modulator output was measured quite carefully. At a plate voltage of 1900 and a peak signal current of 470 ma., 542 watts of audio power was measured. A monitoring oscilloscope showed no visible distortion of a sine wave at the input.

The unit has been in operation for several months and has performed well. There is no appreciable heat rise in any of the components after many hours of testing and operation. The modulator has been used to plate modulate 100 per cent a pair of 4-400As running at a brimming kilowatt input. The audio quality reports have been very complimentary. Most of the time the clipper and filter are in the circuit, and the signal still sounds good.

Overloading is carefully avoided by watching the screen voltmeter for any sign of screen overload. The clipper adjustment can be set to minimize overdrive.

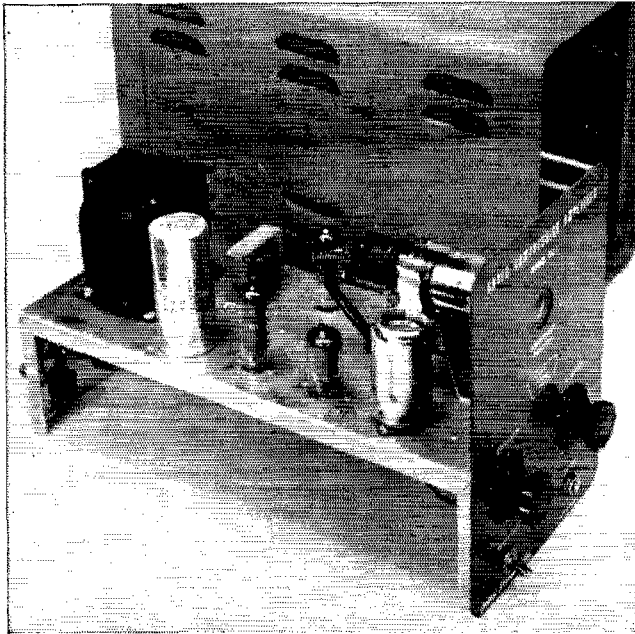
The other day I was thinking of that old four-tube 500-watt modulator at the b.e. station and

it suddenly occurred to me that the Heising modulation choke we used there was almost twice as big as this modulator!



High-voltage plate supply for the 500-watt modulator. K_1 and R_{11} are between the high-voltage transformer and the panel. The voltmeter multiplier resistors are mounted on an insulating panel suspended from the meter terminals. S_8 and S_9 are to the right of this panel. The bleeder resistors are fastened to an insulating panel at the right, above the filter choke and capacitors.

• Recent Equipment —



«
Cabinet dimensions of the Model GC-1 Gated Compression Amplifier are 6 inches wide, 9 inches high, and 14 inches deep. An audio amplifier with automatic gain control and integral power supply, the unit can be used with any receiver without making any internal connections.
«

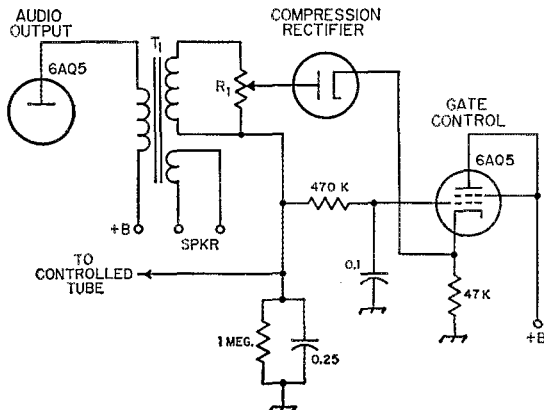
Model GC-1 Gated Compression Amplifier

THE GC-1, a Central Electronics product, is an audio amplifier with automatic gain control, its rated control characteristic being such that the output level will be held constant within 3 db. for input-signal variations of the order of 40 db. The control threshold is 0.1 volt at maximum sensitivity. The final output tube, a 6AQ5, delivers sufficient power for loud-speaker operation through the output transformer incorporated in the unit. Power supply is also included.

In the amateur field, the principal application of the GC-1 is to hold the audio output of a re-

ceiver essentially constant despite the widely varying levels of received single-side-band signals. (Only a few of the current receivers have conventional-type a.v.c. systems that are suitable for this purpose.) No modification of the receiver is required; the input terminals of the GC-1 connect to the speaker output terminals of the receiver and the speaker output terminals connect to the output of the GC-1. A control is provided for setting the speaker output at the desired level. A 6B5 tube is included to give a visible indication of compression.

An accelerated form of gain control is achieved through the use of a variable threshold or "gate." The circuit is shown in Fig. 1. A suitable amount of audio voltage from the output stage is taken from a special winding on the output transformer through the voltage divider R_1 and applied to the compression rectifier, which in the GC-1 is one section of a 12AX7 with the



♦
Fig. 1 — Compression circuit used in the Model GC-1. The a.v.c. voltage is applied to the Nos. 1 and 2 grids of a 7B8 (Not shown in this diagram).

grid and plate tied together (the other section is used as the audio voltage amplifier). The rectifier cathode is given a positive bias by the voltage drop across the 47K resistor in the cathode circuit of the 6AQ5 "gate-control" tube, and thus there is no conduction through the rectifier until the audio voltage exceeds the bias. When this occurs, the rectified current develops a negative voltage with respect to chassis across the 1-megohm resistor. This voltage is applied to the control tube, a 7B8, to reduce its gain, and also is applied through the 470K-0.1 RC network to the grid of the 6AQ5. The negative bias on the 6AQ5 reduces its plate current and thus reduces the drop across the 47K cathode resistor. As a result the compres-

sion rectifier begins conducting at a lower audio voltage, the over-all effect being to amplify the control action so that the gain of the 7B8 is reduced very rapidly when the signal level rises above the threshold. The a.v.c. time constant is set by the 1-megohm resistor and 0.25- μ f. capacitor, while the RC network in the grid circuit of the gate-control tube determines the rate at which the variable gate goes into action.

The GC-1 no doubt could be used as a compression amplifier in a regular transmitter speech-amplifier chain. Enough preamplification should be provided to bring the microphone level up to a volt or two for operating the a.v.c. system.

— G. G.

The Cescro Standing-Wave Reflectometer

THE Cescro Standing-Wave Reflectometer Model CM-52 is designed to measure standing-wave ratios in 52-ohm coaxial cable. It is the type of s.w.r. indicator that can be permanently installed in the transmission line, since it will handle power inputs up to 1000 watts. The frequency range over which the meter can be used is 3 to 200 Mc. A 0-100 microammeter calibrated directly in s.w.r. is used as an indicator.

The Cescro reflectometer operates on the same principles as the Monimatch—i.e., a bridge using mutual inductance and capacitive coupling between linear conductors.¹ A 5-inch length of aluminum tubing is used as the outer conductor and a 1/4-inch diameter tube as the inner conductor of a coaxial line. The two linear inductors

of the bridge, along with the terminating resistors, are enclosed in the aluminum tubing.

A normally-open push-button switch is used to shift from reflected-power to forward-power readings. To read standing-wave ratio the switch first is closed and a potentiometer is adjusted to set the indicator reading to full scale. Then when the switch is released the s.w.r. can be read directly on the meter. If it is desired to use the meter as an output indicator the switch can be held closed by a plastic cap nut.

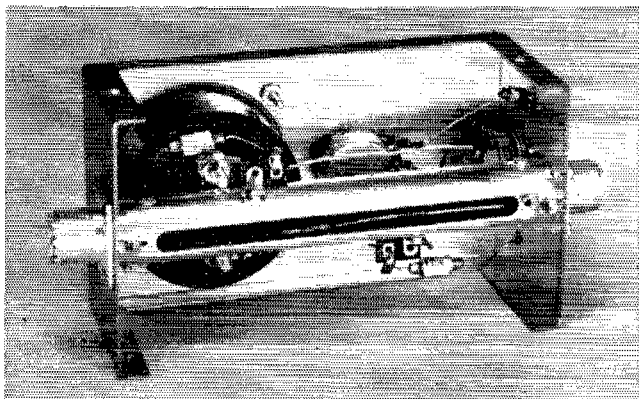
The complete reflectometer is housed in a gray Hammertone box which measures 5 inches long, 3 inches wide, and 2 1/8 inches deep. As shown in the photograph, the coaxial line assembly runs the length of the box between the two coax fittings. The pick-up wire is just visible through the slot in the outer conductor. A cover plate is used to close the slot in normal operation.

— L. G. M.

¹ Norgorden, "A Reflector for the H.F. Band," *NRL Report 3533*.

McCoy, "Monimatch Mark II," *QST*, Feb., 1957.

◆
A rear view of the Model CM-52 with the cover removed. The 0-100 microammeter and the potentiometer for setting the indicator to full scale are mounted on the front of the box. The unit is normally mounted vertically, with the meter at the top.
◆



Strays

K9EFH suggests that those who are operating break-in will be interested in the Biblical reference Isaiah 65: 24.

Quite by chance, K2KEW mobile on 2 meters worked K2TSP mobile on 6 meters. It turned out that K2TSP was directly in front of K2KEW.

A "Wonder" on 20 Meters

Loaded Dipole with Fanned Conductors

BY RALPH ROSENBAUM,* W5ECP

• Impressed with the compactness and simplicity of the 10-meter "Wonder-Bar" antenna described by K6OFM in an earlier issue, W5ECP has extended the principle to the 20-meter band with convincing results.

IT WAS IN THE WEE HOURS of a cold December night that an excited call from W5KF aroused my interest. "Say, Ralph, what would be the results if we cut K6OFM's 'Wonder-Bar'¹ for twenty meters?"

Thus one Saturday afternoon the antenna was raised. So well did the "Wonder-Bar" perform with 12 watts input that this article was written.

The "Wonder-Bar" is a simple center-loaded dipole with fanned conductors. Two advantages are noted. The first is that the fanning of the conductors produces a broad band width; the second is that the antenna, as used by K6OFM, is one half the length of a standard dipole. A week end and only fifteen dollars will make the antenna, complete with coax and mast.

Construction

For each bow, two 8-foot lengths of $\frac{3}{4}$ -inch lightweight aluminum tubing were used as radials. Electrical conduit or thin-wall steel tubing may be substituted. It was felt that tubing smaller

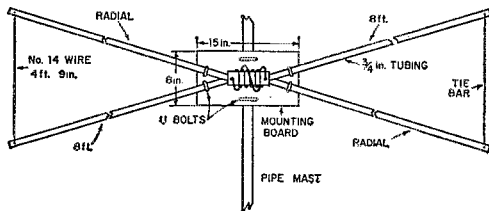


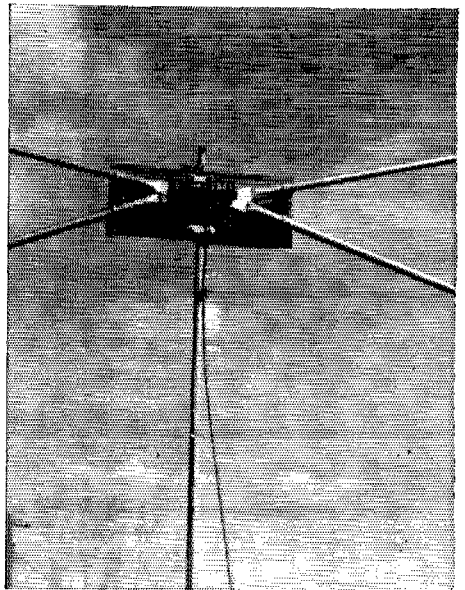
Fig. 1 — Sketch showing the dimensions of the "Wonder-Bar" antenna for 20 meters.

than $\frac{3}{4}$ inch in diameter would bend near the tie bar under wind stresses. The larger-diameter tubing should also improve the antenna bandwidth characteristics.

After the tubing or conduit is cut to 8-foot lengths, one end of each piece is flattened in a vise for a length of 2 inches. One half inch from the opposite end a hole is drilled for an 8-32 machine screw. A heavy solder lug is then bolted to the rod through the hole.

* 530 Lafayette Place, N.E., Albuquerque, New Mexico.
¹ Bishop, "The 'Wonder-Bar' Antenna," *QST*, Nov., 1956.

A varnished board, $\frac{1}{2}$ by 8 by 15 inches, is used as the center support. Two radials, which make up one bow, are placed on the board so that the flattened ends of the radials overlap each other. The place of overlapping is located on the midline of the board 5 inches from the end. The free ends of the radials are spread so that the ends are five feet apart. Holes for U clamps are drilled close to the end of the board.



The radials of the 20-meter "Wonder-Bar" are clamped to the mounting board by means of U bolts. The loading coil and coupling link are at the center.

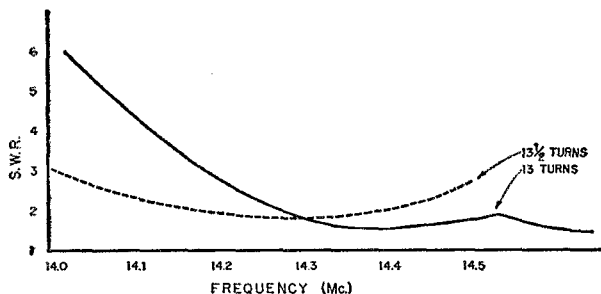
A hole is drilled through the center of the two overlapping ends and continued through the board. A $3\frac{1}{2}$ -inch bolt is passed through the wood first, and then through the rods, clamping the end of the bow securely to the board. A lock washer is used under the nut, and a large flat washer under the bolt head, next to the wooden surface. Tighten the bolt firmly to assure good electrical contact between the two radials. The remaining length of the bolt is left so that a coil form can be mounted. The same method is used for the construction of the other bow. If high power is used, it is suggested that six stand-off insulators be used in place of the four U bolts and two long bolts.

To economize, No. 14 wire, 4 feet 9 inches long, is soldered between the already-mounted solder lugs. Tension produced by the lack of 3 inches of No. 14 wire adds rigidity.

Loading Coil

A 5-inch spacing between bows was left for the coil mounting. Thirty turns of No. 12 plastic-covered wire are close-wound on a 1¼-inch-diameter Lucite form, 6 inches in length. A hole is drilled at each end of the winding, and a 1-inch stand-off insulator is bolted to the form at each end. The coupling coil consists of 5 turns of No.

Fig. 2 — S.w.r. measurements showing the importance of adjusting the number of turns in the loading coil.



12 wire wound on a 2-inch diameter and centered over the loading coil. This coil is fastened to the stand-offs, along with the 52-ohm coaxial feed line (RG-8/U or RG-58/U). The ends of the form are drilled so that the extensions of the bolts which clamp the intersection of the radials will pass through the ends. The Lucite form, together with the ends of the 30-turn coil, are then fastened in place with an additional pair of nuts. The resulting antenna cost four dollars!

Any convenient technique may be used for mounting the antenna. If a pipe is used as a mast, the board may be simply clamped to the pipe with U bolts. You can give the antenna a paint or lacquer finish.

Only 13½ turns were needed to resonate the

experimental antenna at 14.15 Mc. The other 17 turns are shorted. Fewer turns could probably be used on the main winding, say 15 to 20, and still allow ample latitude for adjustment. S.w.r. measurements show that the number of turns is quite critical, so trial and error will have to determine the position of the tap on the coil. The antenna was raised 25 feet off the ground.

Performance

The antenna has performed excellently both on c.w. and phone. Because of its lightness, good performance, size, and ability to be rotated and quickly disassembled, the antenna should be excellent for Field Day and contest work.

The "Wonder-Bar" is bidirectional, and to work a desired area, the radials should be broadside to that direction. If a rotator is used, it is necessary to rotate the antenna only 180 degrees.

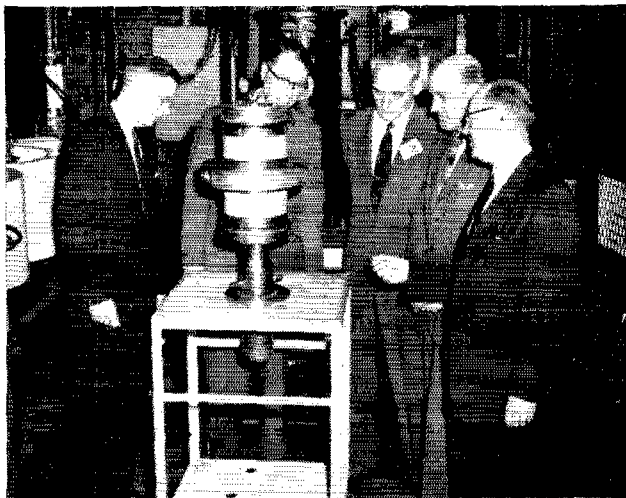
It was found that with 30 turns in the loading coil, the antenna resonated at 9 Mc. With additional turns, the antenna might be put on 40 meters. It is also suggested that a beam could be made out of two "Wonder-Bars" for 20 meters.

Strays

»

We've all heard about the California kilowatts, cool and otherwise, but here's the East-coast version of same. The center of attraction in this photo is an RCA tube weighing 150 pounds and which uses a plate voltage of some 18,000. An Army transmitter using these tubes with a.s.b. and a beam antenna in the 4-30 Mc. region will have an effective power of 24,000,000 watts. The Navy will also use some at a high-power station in Maine. The inspection party here includes, left to right, WIDF, W2YM (RCA), WIDX, WIHDQ, and K2FF (RCA).

»





Hints and Kinks

For the Experimenter



RECEIVER MUTING AND DISABLING WITH THE ANTENNA RELAY

THE simple send-receive circuit shown in Fig. 1 permits a conventional d.p.s.t. antenna relay to perform the following three functions:

- 1) Switch a single-wire antenna back and forth between receiver and transmitter.
- 2) Ground the receiver input during transmissions. This may be desirable in the case of high-power installations.
- 3) Completely silence the receiver by opening the center-tap-to-ground connection of the receiver power transformer.

In Fig. 1, J_1 , S_1 , T_1 and V_1 are the accessory socket, stand-by switch, power transformer (high-voltage secondary only) and rectifier tube, respectively, for the receiver. If your receiver does not have the stand-by switch and accessory socket wired as shown, it will probably be only a few minutes' work to rearrange the wiring so that the relay control circuit can be used.

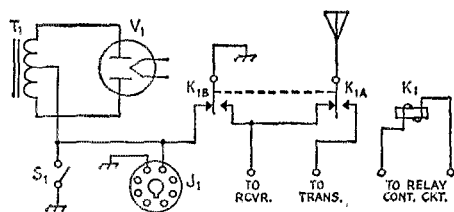


Fig. 1 — Circuit used by W4OHH for antenna changover and receiver muting. Components are described in the text.

Notice that the circuit provides for activating the receiver power supply by means of the regular stand-by switch as well as by relay section K_{1B} . This permits receiver operation during v.f.o. frequency spotting, etc. Of course, a two-wire antenna system can be accommodated by using a relay having an additional set of contacts.

— Warren Rudolph, W4OHH

USING "SARAN WRAP" IN THE SHACK

A SIMPLE, inexpensive and effective protective cover for ARRL certificates, FCC licenses, QSL cards, etc., can be made with Saran Wrap. Cut a section of this transparent plastic food wrapper to a size slightly larger than the area to be covered or protected. Then take a piece of cardboard and cut it exactly the same size as the certificate, license, card or what have you. Now, sandwich the item to be protected in between the Saran Wrap and the cardboard backing. Fold the transparent wrapper over at the edges and then use Scotch Tape to bind the

loose ends to the cardboard backing.

— Charlie Tiemeyer, W3RMD

A BANDSPREAD HINT FOR NOVICES

SOME of the popular amateur receivers provide very little band spread for the Novice bands. For example, it is not unusual to find that the calibration for the 7.15- to 7.2-Mc. range occupies less than an inch on the 7- to 7.3-Mc. scale. This condition frequently prevents accurate calibration of the "Novice" section of the dial and leaves the operator in some doubt whenever frequency checks are in order.

Fortunately, band spread can be increased in some cases without need for diving into the receiver. If the receiver is one having a tuning rate that requires one full turn — or slightly less — of the tuning knob for coverage of the 50-ke. Novice band, it may be possible to install a homemade circular dial of the type illustrated in Fig. 2. The dial may be held in place behind the tuning knob by means of the tuning capacitor mounting hardware, or it may simply be cemented to the panel. A toothpick cemented to the rear face of the tuning knob may be used as the pointer.

This system has worked real well with the National type NC-98 used here at KN5ESX. As can be seen from Fig. 2, the effective length

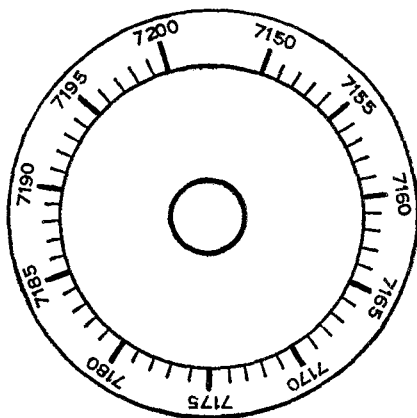


Fig. 2 — Sketch of the circular dial used by KN5ESX in the interest of increased "Novice-Band" band spread. The hole at the center of the dial provides clearance for the control shaft of the tuning capacitor.

of the calibrated scale for the 40-meter Novice band has been increased to approximately 5 inches. By making the scale a bit larger in diameter, it might be possible to add a second ring of calibration marks for another band.

— C. Edward Forsythe, KN5ESX

1957 ARRL Field Day Rules

Annual Test for Emergency-Powered Stations, June 22-23

READY for the 1957 Field Day? Almost every active amateur in the 73 ARRL sections already knows that this test of emergency-powered portables squeezes more enjoyment into a single week end than any other operating event. Clubs and other organized groups, working under conditions which could well be encountered in an actual emergency, will set up and operate multi-transmitter stations independently of normal power facilities. Other hams will have a barrel of fun at one- and two-man stations or with mobile rigs. Whatever your method of participation, hundreds of amateurs will be eagerly scanning the bands for your signal.

The rules are the same as last year except in two respects. (1) Contestants now have the option of operating a maximum of 24 consecutive hours out of a total period of 27 hours. A W6 group, for example, can begin its activity as early as 1:00 P.M. PST or as late as 4:00 P.M. PST and still operate 24 hours. More long-haul contacts should result because, regardless of location or time zone, all entrants can now start simultaneously. Those wishing to pack up for home as early as possible Sunday will want to begin at the opening gun. On the other hand, large club setups may prefer to spend additional time on installation, and hold off to start as late as 6 or 7 P.M. EST. Once on the air, however, operating time counts regardless of equipment failures. All reports must show the starting and ending time of the FD operating period selected, this not to exceed 24 consecutive hours. (2) The power multiplier of 2 now applies to transmitter inputs between 30 and 150 watts, not 30 and 100 watts as formerly. See rule 10.

Here are some examples designed to assist participants in figuring their scores:

Example 1

Assume a 25-watt rig wholly on batteries, not originating or relaying any messages, and not having more than two operators.

40 points (40 stations worked)
 $\times 3$ (power below 30 watts)
 120
 $\times 3$ (all radio equipment independent of commercial mains)
 360
 $\times 1.5$ (If Class B or C and everything on batteries)
 540 claimed score

Example 2

Same as Example 1 but one Field Day Message to the SEC or SCM is originated and passed in good form.

65 points (40 QSOs + 25 points for FD message)
 $\times 9$ (3×3 — power multiplier multiplied by independence-of-mains multiplier)
 585
 $\times 1.5$ (everything on batteries)
 877.5 claimed score

(Copies of all messages originated and relayed must accompany Field Day reports.)

FIELD DAY TIMETABLE

Time	Start	End
	June 22	June 23
AST	5:00 P.M.	8:00 P.M.
EST	4:00 P.M.	7:00 P.M.
CST	3:00 P.M.	6:00 P.M.
MST	2:00 P.M.	5:00 P.M.
PST	1:00 P.M.	4:00 P.M.

(Operate no more than 24 consecutive hours out of the total 27-hour period)

Example 3

The Podunk Hollow Radio Club (or any group of three or more licensed operators), portable at its FD site, operates two transmitters simultaneously. Each rig runs 75 watts input and batteries or generators furnish power. One message is started in good form (25 points), 1 is received and relayed onward (2 points), and 230 stations are contacted.

257 points (230 QSOs + 25 + 2)
 $\times 2$ (power input over 30 and under 150 watts)
 514
 $\times 3$ (all gear independent of mains)
 1542 claimed score
 (No battery multiplier for either clubs or groups.)

Call "CQ FD" on c.w. or "CQ Field Day" on phone. Then give the station you work a signal report and your ARRL section or specific location and stand by to receive similar information.

Clubs should strive to have every member-owned mobile unit in action and report their aggregate scores to ARRL. Our increased showing through individual mobile reports and club aggregate mobile scores is important because such units are considered indispensable in c.w. planning.

Convenient log forms and summary sheets are now available from the ARRL Communications Department. You may make up your own, but please remember to include starting and ending time of operating period, bands used, dates and contact times, calls of stations worked, signal reports sent and received, and locations of stations worked. Reports must also show power sources and inputs, location and call of station, number of transmitters in simultaneous operation, number of persons participating, club name (if any) and score computations. To be listed in the final results in QST, mail your logs by July 20.

We suggest you read over the rules below and then review the December 1956 QST report for hints and kinks relative to the last FD, in case you wish to challenge a club nearby. Then get your preparations underway. Let's support the 1957 FD and make it the greatest amateur emergency exercise of all time!

Rules

- 1. Eligibility:** The Field Day is open to all radio amateurs in the sections listed on page 6 of this issue of QST.
- 2. Object:** For portable and mobile stations to work as

(Continued on page 162)

Announcing the June V.H.F. QSO Party

Fun for All in This June 8-9 Activity

ARRL is pleased to announce another of its popular V.H.F. QSO Parties, open to all amateurs who can work any band or bands above 50 Mc. The contest gets under way at 2:00 P.M. Local Standard Time Saturday, June 8, and continues until 11:00 P.M. Local Standard Time Sunday, June 9. With June one of the peak months for v.h.f. DX, here's a great opportunity to work new states and give the gear a workout, and meet new "World Above" friends at the same time.

Call "CQ Contest" or "CQ V.H.F. QSO Party" to raise other participants. During contact, operators must exchange names of their ARRL sections (see page 6) for full credit.

Work as many stations on as many v.h.f. bands as you can. Count 1 point for successfully confirmed exchanges of section information on 50 or 144 Mc., 2 points for such QSOs on 220 or 420 Mc., and 3 points on 1215-Mc. or higher bands. Then multiply the sum of these QSO points by your section multiplier, which increases by one when the same section is reworked on another band. A station may also be contacted again for credit on each additional v.h.f. band.

A certificate will be awarded to the top scorer in each ARRL section. A certificate also will go

to the high-scoring Novice, Technician, and multioperator station in each section from which three or more valid entries in these three special categories are received.

Send your results, as shown in the sample, to ARRL as soon as the competition ends. A simple tabulation of stations and sections worked is all that is required. For your convenience, free log forms are now available from the ARRL Communications Department.

Rules

1) The contest starts at 2:00 P.M. Local Standard Time, Saturday, June 8, and ends at 11:00 P.M. Local Standard Time, Sunday, June 9. All claimed contacts must fall within this period and must be on authorized amateur frequencies above 50 Mc., using permitted modes of operation.

2) Name-of-section exchanges must be acknowledged by both operators before either may claim contact point(s). A one-way exchange, confirmed, does not count; there is no fractional breakdown of the 1-, 2- or 3-point units.

3) Fixed-, portable- or mobile-station operation under one call, from one location only, is permitted. A transmitter used to contact one or more stations may not be used subsequently under more than one other call during the contest period.

4) Scoring: 1 point for completed two-way section exchanges on 50 or 144 Mc.; 2 points for such exchanges on 220 or 420 Mc.; 3 points for such exchanges on the higher
(Continued on page 154)

SUMMARY OF CONTACTS, JUNE V.H.F. QSO PARTY

Station..... Class License..... ARRL Section.....

Freq. Band (Mc.)	Date and Time	Station Worked	Section	Record of New Sections for Each Band					Contact Points Claimed
				50	144	220	420	Other	
50	June 8 2:15 P.M.	W1AQE	E. Mass.	1					1
		W1RFU	W. Mass.	2					1
		K2IEJ/2	N.Y.C.-L.I.	3					1
144	3:00	W1AQE	E. Mass.		1				1
		W1OOP	E. Mass.						1
		W1DXE	Conn.			2			1
1215	3:24	K2IEJ/2	N.Y.C.-L.I.			3			1
		K2JLR	N.Y.C.-L.I.						1
		W1VNH	W. Mass.					1	3
50	3:48	W2ONV	N. N.J.	4					1
		K2HPN	E. N.Y.	5					1
220	4:04	W1OOP	E. Mass.			1			2
		W1AQE	E. Mass.						2
		W2AOC	N.Y.C.-L.I.			2			2
50	June 9 8:10 A.M.	W9WOK	Ill.	6					1
		W6OFZ	Minn.	7					1
		W6NLZ	Los Angeles	8					1

Number of contacts: 50 Mc. 8 144 Mc. 5 220 Mc. 3 420 Mc. Other 1

Total contacts: 17 Total contact points: 22 Multiplier: 8+3+2+1=14

Claimed score: 22 × 14 = 308 Points Final Score

Names and calls of operators having a share in above work.....

I hereby state that I have abided by the rules specified for this contest and that, to the best of my knowledge, the points and score as set forth in the above summary are correct and true.

Transmitter:..... Signature.....

Receiver:.....

Antenna:..... Address.....



Correspondence From Members -

The publishers of *QST* assume no responsibility for statements made herein by correspondents.

RAPTURE

Frick Building
Pittsburgh, Penna.

216 South Virginia Avenue
Burbank, California

Editor, *QST*:

I nominate for the Edison Amateur Radio Award, Larsen E. Rapp, WIOU, who in his April article, "A Compact All-Band Antenna," not only has introduced interesting discussions on the air, but who has also eliminated the need for large beam antennas and the resulting neighbors' complaints.

For those amateurs who cannot obtain the large ferrite rod, it is suggested that they fabricate it by welding or gluing together with conductive glue, a number of BCL loopsticks which are readily available at most radio stores or which can be removed from many receivers. It works just fine!

— D. Ferguson, WSAPG

76-10 108 St.
Forest Hills, N. Y.

Editor, *QST*:

With reference to Mr. Rapp's excellent article on the underground antenna, may I add that I have personally been using this system, though with some modification, for years.

I live in an apartment house where it would have been impossible for me to dig a hole deep enough to bury the antenna. I therefore placed it under my living room rug, and brought enough dirt into the house to cover it five (5) feet. Since this was not enough, I took a piece of 300 Ω lead in — to fool the neighbors — and ran it from the 5-ft. mound down to the basement, and thence to the main water pipe, which takes it down another 25 feet.

Now, since I live on the 3rd floor, this gives me a reflected image advantage ratio of 104X; that is, 35 ft. above ground level; 5 ft. of dirt of the 25-ft. point; 39 $\frac{1}{2}$ -ft. lead-in; and 25 ft. of water pipe.

It works just fine. Not one case of TVI.

— Ray R. Landman, K2AWQ

P.S. May I add that I have the advantage of very little education!!

3837 Campbell
Kansas City, Mo.

Editor, *QST*:

... A point that Mr. Rapp failed to bring out is down-ward modulation must be used because of the reverse in polarity when using image radiation.

— V. J. Lucas, KØHEC

Box 109
Bayville, N. J.

Editor, *QST*:

I have just finished a series of tests on Larsen Rapp's multiband ferri-tenna, and have noted the following features.

1. Winding the coil with solid $\frac{1}{4}$ inch-silver rod has reduced the V.S.W.R. from .707:1 to .001:1.
2. Burying the antenna creates the need for a modified ground system. (I used four copper ground wires forming a counterpoise on my roof.)
3. When the higher frequency bands appear to be closing with a conventional antenna system, they appear to be just opening up on the buried antenna.

On the whole, Mr. Rapp's contributions to radio have been a constant source of enlightenment and stimulation to all of us and I believe a show of appreciation is in order. Three cheers and a hearty 73 for Larsen E. Rapp.

— Richard H. Dickhaus, KØHEI

Editor, *QST*:

While it is often difficult (if not impossible) for the average ham to verify Mr. Rapp's theories mathematically, experimental results are extremely interesting.

My own experience with his antenna is truly astonishing. Extending his theory to include multi-element arrays, I constructed a two-element parasitic beam. The driven element was built according to the specifications called out in Mr. Rapp's article. The parasitic element, a director, was wound on the same type of form but with only 95.45% as many turns for L_2 and L_3 . Optimum spacing was found, after considerable cut-and-try, to be precisely 1.31 feet. The antenna was buried at a depth of 60 feet — the optimum for 20 meters — pointing toward Europe (early attempts to rotate the antenna in a hole resulted in failure, confirming Mr. Rapp's statement that the antenna must actually be buried). It was found that only Oceania could be worked, thus proving that when the antenna is buried, it really does act like an image!

— William G. Miller, K6CEF

APRIL QST

634 High Street
Newark 2, New Jersey

Editor, *QST*:

In your April issue, I got my biggest kick out of "General Operating With Mike or Key." There were many things in it that could help a Novice as well as a General. I hope now that some of the Generals I work will stop this "Hello — Goodbye" type of QSO. Now I want some honest-to-goodness rag chewing.

— Alan Birnholz, KN2VAB

15 W. Upper Ferry Road
West Trenton, N. J.

Editor, *QST*:

The April article "How Well Do You Know the Regulations?" is well written and very timely. May I suggest that similar articles be a regular part of *QST*. I know this type of material isn't dashed off in a spare moment, but the value is so great that the time expended in preparation is worth it.

I fell down on three of the questions myself and know that many others will stumble over these and other questions of the quiz. A monthly page of this type of material would keep regulations and other parts of amateur material fresh in our minds.

— J. B. Jenkins, K2IIV

115 East 138th Street
New York 51, N. Y.

Editor, *QST*:

There were two excellent articles in the April issue of *QST* that seemed to me should not have been included in the magazine! They were "Some *QST* Abbreviations," and "That Dern 405A" under "Happenings of the Month."

Both are of too long-lasting interest to be lost in one's files of a monthly periodical. Data of this type belongs in the *Handbook*.

— M. K. Bretzfelder, W2JPX

P.S. I am already looking forward to next April's *QST* and the next Ether-Shaking Disclosure by that presumably long-bearded savant, WIOU.

[Editor's Note: 405-A and other renewal dope is in our "handbook," the *License Manual*. Space permitting, we'll have the abbreviations in next year's *Handbook*.]

23rd ARRL Sweepstakes Results

Part II — Phone and Club Totals

BY ELLEN WHITE,* W1YYM

IF YOU FOLLOWED the advice accompanying the May c.w. results, you'd best be seated right now. That upright position is no way to take the facts relating to the terrific results achieved by superlative operators orally active in the 23rd SS. You guessed it; this was the biggest ever with phone participation up 23 per cent over 1955. New records were established thanks to good conditions, better equipment and the best in operating techniques.

Incredible as it may seem, more than thirteen per cent of the competitors summed up points upwards of the 50,000 mark. Among this listing of seventy calls are fifteen, shown in italics, who made more than 100,000: *W1s* BFB EOR FZ GKJ YWU, *W2VCZ*, *K2s* A4A BHP, *W3s* AYS ECR VAM VKD, *W4s* FGH J1W KZF LVV YZE, *K4s* ARU CTU GHA LQA, *W5s* COF DQK IWL KC MYI VU, *K5s* EAT/5 EDG/4 EDQ EXZ, *W6s* AM BSY CBE CPL GTG IIM PQW SIJ SUP TZN ZZC, *K6s* BWD EVR GLC HTL, *W7s* BAD ENA NPV OVA ZZA, *W8s* AJW HQK SSA, *W9s* FVU OHO PQA VOB VZP, *K9CLO*, *W0s* KLP LXA NPR TWH TYK YQC ZQV ZSZ, *K9CRV*, VE3DNE. Congratulations to all!

Pacing their respective call areas are: W1YWU K2AAA W3VKD K4GHA W5DQK W6AM W7ZZA W8AJW W9OHO W0NPR KH6CBP KL7MF KP4DH VE2KG VE3DNE VE5VZ VE6IN VE7ZM.

The Potomac Valley Radio Club can chalk up SS gavel #7 with an aggregate score approaching the four million mark. In there were 45 PVRC operators famous as the Frankford Radio

Club, which placed a strong second.

Aside from the following tabulations, the true pulse of the 23rd SS just might be felt by you after reading the ensuing Sidelights. "*Viva la vocalist!*"

Sidelights

Nebraska furnished multiplier #73 for W5DQK, VE8 for W3VKD and W0ZSZ, Alaska for W8AJW and W0NPR, Nevada for W6AM, while Vermont did it for W0SUP and K2AAA made it with Wyoming. . . . W6SHY wasn't backward in placing first in San Diego. . . . QRP specialist K0CRV modulated 45 watts of r.f. to the tune of 314 QSOs and the Colorado award. . . . Sideband specialist W9RFR stayed with 75 for 308 fancy two-ways. . . . W7BAD did plenty good with a QSO figure of 509. . . . Almost, but not quite, with 72 sections were K6BWD K9CLO and W0BCF. . . . W6AM's number 1011 went to W2COP with W1COP ticketed at 1012! . . . You might know it; W5JAW participated in the c.w. section only. . . . On November 19, after 37 hours of travail signing portable K5EDG/4, the new call arrived — K4BZJ. . . . K2DEMI was surprised at the lack of 2-meter activity in N.Y.C.-L.I. . . . K2AAA attributes his 1215 tallies in part to the opening of ten the second weekend and usage of s.s.b. (50% of his contacts made in that manner). . . . No DX contest this, but hams in Damascus (Md.) and Smyrna (Ga.) were on tap. . . . W7NPV and W8AJW qualify for their fifth consecutive section awards. . . . W6PQW's faith in low power, common sense and a good antenna are the "behind-the-scenes" story of his single-band (10 meters) score of 110,391 points, 600 QSOs in 62 sections. Wow! . . . In a colossal endeavor to establish new phone QSO records, both W6AM (1219) and K2AAA (1215) succeeded in surpassing W6QEU's 1950 record of 854. In fact, comparing both c.w. and phone, only one other contestant outdid either vocalist and that was W4KVX. . . . Club certificate awards are scheduled to go to 103 among the 89 eligible clubs. . . . Clubs making the box listing are up 19% over 1955. . . . The Aero ARC (Md.) attributes its best score to date to a good location and plenty of rest prior to the contest. . . . The Delano ARC (Calif.) racked up a total of 2249 contacts on 12 valid entries; they are planning to have plenty of SJV operators available come the SS, 1957. . . . The KBT ARC (N. Y.) W2EWT/2 uses the SS as a medium to increase contest operating efficiency while awaiting the FD. . . .

* Assistant Communications Mgr., Phone, ARRL.



VE3DNE manned his convenient station, Viking II-SX88, to lead all other Canadian entries and furnish 300 contestants with an Ontario multiplier.

Contest Quotes

"Someday I'm going to have a rig that works properly on all bands." — W6CRV. . . . "Worked 3 new states, only 5 to go." — K2JZR. . . . "An 80 m.p.h. wind took down all antennas one week before the SS and I was so tired from

staying up the night before raising antennas that I almost didn't start." — K5EXZ. . . . "Believe the usual number of gripes regarding contest QRM was considerably less than in previous years, but that may be due to the extreme amount of QRM cutting off some remarks in connection therewith, hi!" — K6BWD. . . . "First weekend band dead. Second weekend out in tundra on a survival

PHONE WINNERS, 23RD A.R.R.L. SWEEPSTAKES CONTEST

Section	Call	Score	Transmitting Equipment	Receiving Equipment	Bands Used
E. Penna.	W3EOR	58,800	32V3	75A4	75, 40, 20, 15, 10
Md.-Del.-D. C.	W3AYS	66,933	5100	75A3; GRP90	75, 40, 20, 15, 10
S.N.J.	K2MZO	28,000	Globe King	NC240D, DB22A	40, 10
W.N.Y.	K2BHP	93,771	DX100	NC183D	75, 40, 20, 15, 10
W. Penna.	W3VKD	140,051	51SB-32V2	75A4	75, 40, 20, 15, 10
Illinois	W9OHO	78,340	DX100	SX100; HQ120X	40, 20, 15, 10
Indiana	K9CLO	68,400	BC921-6AC7-6AC7-6AQ5s- 2E26-4-250A	HRO7	75, 40, 20, 15
Wisconsin	W9VZP	56,256	Viking II	75A2	75, 40, 20, 15, 10
No. Dakota	W0NPR	125,925	Viking II	S76	75, 40, 20, 15, 10
So. Dakota	W0VQC	102,270	32V2	75A1	75, 40, 20, 15, 10
Minnesota	W0ZZT	44,546	DX100	NC98, HF10/20	15, 10
Arkansas	W5HYX	35,219	DX100	HQ140X	15
Louisiana	W5KC	95,841	32V3	HRO7	75, 40, 20, 15, 10
Mississippi	W5DQK	146,621	5100	75A3	75, 40, 20, 15, 10
Tennessee	K4ARU	78,804	Viking II	75A3	40, 20, 15, 10
Kentucky	W4YZE	61,248	5763-6C4-5763-5763-6146s	S76	75, 40, 20, 15, 10
Michigan	W8N8S	46,500	BC459-814s	RME45, VHF152	40, 15
Ohio	W8AJW	115,413	32V1	HQ120X	75, 40, 20, 15, 10
E.N.Y.	K2JMY	34,200	DX100	HRO60, DB22A	75, 40, 20, 10
N.Y.C.-L.I.	K2AAA	177,244	SSB100A-SSB1000	75A4	75, 40, 20, 15, 10
N.N.J.	W2VCZ	68,706	Ranger; Viking I	NC900	75, 40, 20, 15, 10
Iowa	W0TYK	76,296	32V1; BC457-6AG7-6L6-813	75A1; HRO50T	75, 40, 20, 15, 10
Kansas	W0ZSZ	124,392	6CL6-6AQ5-4E27/8001	75A4; HRO50T1	75, 40, 20
Missouri	W0ZQV	70,716	Viking II	75A1	40, 15, 10
Nebraska	K6DLL	17,499	DX100	SX99	20, 10
Connecticut	W1YWU	97,497	Viking I	75A2	75, 40, 20, 15, 10
Maine	W1GKJ	53,382	Viking VFO-Viking II	HRO60	75, 40, 20, 15, 10
E. Mass.	W1QIB	40,362	12BY7-2E26-6146s	SX96	75, 40, 20, 15, 10
W. Mass.	W1NPL	42,215	DX100	HRO5	75, 40, 20, 10
N. H.	W1FZ	85,284	Collins VFO-Viking I	75A4	75, 40, 20, 15, 10, 6, 2
R. I.	W1BFB	68,928	Ranger-813	SX71	75, 40, 20, 15, 10
Alaska	KL7MF	480	AF67	SX25	15, 10
Idaho	W7VVC	24,780	DX100	NC98	75, 40, 20, 15, 11, 10
Montana	W7NPV	67,914	32V1	SX28	75, 40, 20, 15, 10
Oregon	W7OVA	80,487	Viking I	75A1	75, 15, 10
Washington	W7BLX	48,295	6AG7-6V6-813	SX100	40, 10
Hawaii	KH6CBP	20,198	310B-4-400A	75A1	15, 10
Santa Clara V.	K6HTL	70,173	Viking II	NC57B	75, 40, 10
East Bay	W6PQV	110,391	VFO-6L6-2E26-24Gs	HQ120X	10
San Francisco	W6SIJ	70,119	6BA6-6CL6-5763-6BQ6-4-65A	Homebuilt	75, 40, 20, 15, 10
Sacramento V.	W6SUP	138,846	VFO-807s	HQ120X, HF10-20	75, 40, 20, 15
San Joaquin V.	W6ZZC	81,972	DX100	Super Pro	75, 40, 15, 10
No. Carolina	K5EDG/4	51,708	Viking I	SX100	75, 40, 20, 15, 10
So. Carolina	K4GIE	10,602	DX100	SX99	15
Virginia	W4WSF	34,821	Viking VFO-Viking II	SX71	75, 40, 15
W. Virginia	W8SSA	63,054	DX100	NC300	75, 40, 20, 15
Colorado	K9CRV	63,340	Globe Scout	HQ129X	40, 20, 15, 10
Utah	W7QWH	24,780	30K1	75A3	40, 20, 15, 10
Wyoming	W7UFB	12,000	Ranger	NC183D	20, 15, 10
Alabama	W4DS	25,110	Ranger	SX100	75, 40, 20, 15, 10
E. Florida	K4GHA	107,916	DX100	75A4	40, 20, 10
W. Florida	W4JLV	80,586	32V3	75A2	75, 40, 15, 10
Georgia	W4FGH	59,902	807-811-250THs	HQ120X; SX28; NC183	40, 20
West Indies	KF4DH	126	Viking II	HRO (modified)	15
Los Angeles	W6AM	263,129	Communicator; VFO-4D32	RMB50, 75A3, DB23	160, 75, 40, 20, 15, 10, 6, 2
Arizona	W7ZZA	87,969	6AG7-6AG7-1614-812As	HRO60	75, 40, 20, 15, 10
San Diego	W6SHY	53,808	Viking II	75A3	40, 10
Santa Barbara	W6NTF	21,465	DX100	NC183D	75, 40, 20, 15
No. Texas	W5VU	84,192	32V3	75A3	75, 40, 20, 15, 10
Oklahoma	W5IWL	80,376	5763-5763-5763-6146-813	NC300	75, 40, 20, 15, 10
So. Texas	K5EXZ	71,820	20A-SSB1000	75A3	75, 40, 20, 15, 10
New Mexico	W5MYI	98,892	6AG7-6AG7-6N7-6BL7-829B	SX28	75, 40, 20, 15, 10
Quebec	VE2KCQ	675	VFO-6V6-807	Marconi R1155	10
Ontario	VE3DNE	60,300	Viking II	SX88	75, 40, 20, 15, 10
Sask.	VE5VZ	35,100	TR1TV	HQ129X, DB23	20, 15, 10
Alberta	VE6IN	27,469	DX100	AR77	40, 20, 10
B. C.	VE7ZM	16,275	Viking II	75A4	75, 40, 20, 15

training jaunt with the USAF, temp. 45. Heard that band conditions were hot." — *KL7WAH*. . . "Had a great time, 5 new states and a KG4 too." — *W9UXM*. . . "Although my 30,000 points won't win for L. A., this contest was the most enjoyable experience of my 2-year old ham career." — *K6IUL*. . . "First try at the SS as a General. At 1755 all was quiet on the NC88, at 1800 bedlam broke loose. With my inexperience it was like trying to peel apart pieces of cold cheese." — *W3EY*. . . "Missed VE7." — *W0BCF*. . . "One of the incidents that stands out in my mind concerns the young fellow who had just received his general class, wasn't in the contest and couldn't find anyone who would talk with him. Boy, was he desperate!" — *W8SSA*. . . "Thanks to Walt of W3VKD for tips leading to my 72nd and 73rd section, also to VE5IW for information on VE4MO. Hats off to these gentlemen for their fine sportsmanship." — *W0ZSZ*. . . "Things got rough on 40 at night." — *W5COF*. . . "I hope I can remain awake for the 40 hours next session." — *W9LKB*. . .

"Ten and fifteen came through beautifully." — *W2VZC*. . . "Called 15 and worked fifteen. Even when I held the glamorous calls of J8AA, HLI1AA and DI4LU I didn't make out with a percentage like that." — *W4HVV*. . . "First attempt in the phone portion; better I should have stayed on c.w." — *W4LVT*. . . "Was surprised and pleased to furnish W. Fla. for so many stations." — *W4JLW*. . . "Booby prize this year, but wait till next year." — *W5VLE*. . . "Decided to try phone this time to win the trophy put up by the Nortown ARC. Believe me I didn't know what I was getting into." — *VE3DVE*. . . "After hearing K2AAA give out number 1052 during the closing hours of the competition (when I was struggling with 315), I was forcibly impressed with the fact that my 1939 home-made transmitter is at last obsolete." — *W2JKH*. . . "This was my 2nd SS and I really got a kick out of it, especially when a W1 called me and explained that 15 meters was not the band for this type contest." — *W5DQK*. . . Both the Order of Boiled Owls (N. Y.) and York RC (Ill.)

CLUB SCORES

Club	Score	Yr/d Entries	C. W. Winner	Phone Winner
Potomac Valley Radio Club	3,828,933	42	W4KFC	
Frankford Radio Club	3,161,848	45	W3JNQ	W3ECR
Ohio Valley Amateur Radio Assn.	1,237,796	20	W4KXV	W8HOK
El-Ray Radio Club (Mass.)	1,060,668	35	W1DDF/1	W1QIB
Chicago Suburban Radio Assn.	725,887	17	W9WBL	W9FVU
Order of Boiled Owls (N. Y.)	707,073	7	W2PRN	
Westpark Radio Club (Ohio)	683,388	17	W5YPT	W8AJW
Milwaukee Radio Amateurs' Club	671,772	18	W9UDK	W9PQA
Garden State Amateur Radio Assn. (N. J.)	591,737	11	W2CQB	
Rlemond Amateur Radio Club (Va.)	584,032	42	W4BZE	W1AVO
Tri-County Radio Assn. (N. J.)	546,784	15	K2BHQ	K2EYZ
Detroit Amateur Radio Assn.	469,483	17	W8IRC	W8LON
South Jersey Radio Assn.	457,208	24	W2FXB	K2MZC
York Radio Club (Ill.)	444,141	3	W9YFV	
Delano Amateur Radio Club (Calif.)	395,484	12	W6EFV	
Lake Success Radio Club (N. Y.)	385,978	18	W2TUK	W2MCO
Central Michigan Amateur Radio Club	357,594	8	W8OCF	
Central High Radio Club (Iowa)	352,853	13	W0GXQ	
Mid-Island Radio Club (N. Y.)	312,126	8	W2KTF	
Hamfesters Radio Club (Ill.)	310,534	16	W9LNQ	W9TJP
Sioux City Amateur Radio Club (Iowa)	308,299	9	W0FZO	K0GBL
Long Beach Wireless Operators (Calif.)	301,440	4	W6BJT	
Buckeye Shortwave Radio Assn. (Ohio)	298,844	6	W8OYI	
Minneapolis Radio Club	295,661	12	W0RLL	
Philadelphia Wireless Assn.	294,378	12	W3HHK	W3YHU
Nassau Radio Club (N. Y.)	275,956	4	W2IVS	
Columbus Amateur Radio Assn. (Ohio)	251,465	7	W8QDH	W8OMY
Connecticut Wireless Assn.	233,938	5	W1BII	
Fallico Radio Club (Calif.)	217,364	4		
Joliet Amateur Radio Society (Ill.)	209,929	7	W9YYG	
Aero Amateur Radio Club (Md.)	207,138	4	W3KLA	
Wisconsin Valley Radio Assn.	206,811	7	W9RQM	W0ZQV
St. Louis University Amateur Radio Club	206,399	6		
Tenn-Pucky Amateur Radio Club (Tenn.)	200,195	3	W4WQT	
Citrus Belt Amateur Radio Club (Calif.)	195,690	4		W6HIM
Short Skip Radio Club (Penna.)	185,002	11	W3IIN	W3YLL
Middlesex Amateur Radio Club (Mass.)	182,043	7	W1DLF	
Radio Amateurs of Greater Syracuse	172,696	3	W2EMW	
Niagara Radio Club (N. Y.)	166,813	7	W2VJO	
Saratoga County Radio Club (N. Y.)	165,671	10	W2PZE	W2ORW
Starved Rock Radio Club (Ill.)	162,577	10	W9ZEN	W9LIG
Cuyahoga Falls Radio Club (Ohio)	157,723	12	W8SMK	W8DUI
Pottstown Amateur Radio Assn. (Penna.)	156,250	7	W3ARK	
Tualatin Valley Radio Club (Ore.)	154,463	6	W7AOZ	W7SPX
Northeast Radio Club (Penna.)	149,843	4	W3HTR	
Coronado Radio Club (Calif.)	148,918	3		
Upton Amateur Radio Assn.	139,292	4	W8ANX	
Tri-State Radio Club (Neb.)	133,585	9	W0YRY	K0DLL
Atlanta Radio Club	129,214	6	W4ZKU	
Tri-State Amateur Radio Society (Ind.)	126,861	14	W9YFD	
Montrose Amateur Radio Club (Colo.)	123,505	4	W0WME	
Springfield Amateur Radio Club (Ohio)	122,912	7	W8SWZ	
Nortown Amateur Radio Club (Ont.)	118,368	4		W8IXA
Westside Amateur Radio Club (La.)	118,787	7		VE3DNE
Fieldston High School Radio Club (N. Y.)	116,302	6	K2GHS	K2KND
Baltimore Amateur Radio Club	114,183	3		
Antietam Radio Assn. (Md.)	113,851	7	W3ZGN	W3VAM
Dallas Amateur Radio Club	113,734	5	K5HLG	
Swain Radio Club (Ill.)	109,541	3		W9VZE
Casper Amateur Radio Club (Wyo.)	106,894	7	W7HYW	W7UFB
North Penn Amateur Radio Club (Penna.)	103,176	11	W3JSA	W3CNO
University of Connecticut Radio Club	102,492	3		W1YWU
Chattanooga High School Radio Club	101,299	3	K4CWS	
Rine Ridge Amateur Radio Society (Va.)	99,687	4	K4JKK	W4ZZV
Point Radio Amateurs (Wis.)	97,898	7	W9KXK	
Horseshoe Radio Club (Penna.)	85,371	4	W3YOZ	W3DKH
Atlanta Teenage Radio Club	84,904	3	K4DWF	
Stockton Amateur Radio Club (Calif.)	82,640	3		
Stratford Amateur Radio Club (Conn.)	82,404	7	W1GJK	
Canton Amateur Radio Club (Ohio)	79,152	3	W8AL	
Western Electric Amateur Radio Club (Mass.)	74,974	6		
Winter Haven Amateur Radio Assn. (Fla.)	69,265	5		
Framingham Radio Club (Mass.)	62,523	3	W1MEG	
807 Society of Central High School (Penna.)	52,365	8	W3WHK	W3FIT
York High Radio Club (Ill.)	53,136	3	W9CMO	
Johnson County Radio Amateur Club (Calif.)	53,040	11		
Ridgewood Academy Radio Klub (N. Y.)	31,602	6	K2IWK	
City College Amateur Radio Society (N. Y.)	29,236	6	K2KYK	
Watchung Valley Radio Club (N. J.)	28,821	5	K2PLF	
South Shore Amateur Radio Club (Quebec)	27,830	4	VE2AVC	
Central Queens Radio Club (N. Y.)	20,017	5	K2PCF	

¹ W8DJN, opr

² W6CUP, opr.

averaged over 100 thousand points per entrant. . . . For the most part, section leaders operated the 75-40-20-15-10-meter circuit. . . . "I got into this contest just for kicks, but at the end of the first couple of hours I decided to see just what kind of a job could be done on ten alone. Ole ten really came through." — W6PQW.

— . . . —

The foregoing and following are part and parcel of Sweepstakes history. Fair warning to all who foretold of better things in '57; the two weekends preceding Thanksgiving are announced to us as the 24th SS. A clean sweep for all!

PHONE SCORES

Twenty-Third Sweepstakes Contest

Scores are grouped by Divisions and Sections. . . . The operator of the station first-listed in each Section is award winner for that Section unless otherwise indicated. . . . Likewise the "power factor" used in computing points in each score is indicated by the letter A or R. . . . A indicates power up to and including 150 watts (multiplier of 1.5, phone), B over 150 watts (multiplier of 1). . . . The total operating time to the nearest hour, when given for each station, is the last figure following the score. . . . Example of listings: W3ECR. . . . 58,800-280-70-A-21, or, final score 58,800, number of stations 280 number of sections 70, power factor of 1.5, total operating time 21 hours. . . . Multioperator stations, with calls of participants in parentheses, are grouped in order of score following single-operator station listings in each section tabulation.

ATLANTIC DIVISION

Eastern Pennsylvania

W3ECR. . . . 58,800-280-70-A-21
 W3WQF. . . . 18,513-121-51-A-24
 W3XNJ. . . . 18,450-151-41-A-18
 W3CUB. . . . 15,552-144-54-B-14
 W3RFG. . . . 15,216-180-48-B-17
 W3YHU. . . . 11,085-95-41-A-19
 W3YLL. . . . 11,115-95-39-A-15
 W3CNO. . . . 10,320-80-43-A-6
 W3PNL. . . . 9648-101-32-A-12
 W3FTT. . . . 9440-102-31-A-23
 W3TTW. . . . 9180-90-34-A-12
 W3RAE. . . . 5916-68-29-A-9
 W3DWN. . . . 5265-65-27-A-16
 W3TWL. . . . 4463-60-25-A-6
 W38MC. . . . 4380-73-20-A-9
 W3GHI. . . . 3348-68-19-A-6
 W3EMH. . . . 1735-36-17-A-6
 W3YRN. . . . 1404-26-18-A-9
 W3BNR. . . . 1122-22-17-A-3
 W3VST. . . . 660-20-11-A-2
 W3AAU. . . . 492-21-8-A-6
 W3KNO. . . . 351-13-9-A-3
 W3YGT. . . . 180-12-5-A-3
 W3MQC. . . . 84-7-6-B-1
 W3EFP. . . . 60-5-4-A-2
 W3EYT. . . . 12-2-2-A-1
 W3FQA. . . . 12-2-2-A-1
 W3ZJD. . . . 3-1-1-A-1

K2OSN. . . . 216-9-7-A-1
 W2ZRC. . . . 48-6-4-B-1
 W2YJ. . . . 12-2-2-A-1
 W2BWK. . . . 12-2-2-A-1
 W2MTA/2. . . . 3-1-1-A-1
 K2KNV (2 oprs.)
 6528-71-31-A-7
 W2EWT/2 (12 oprs.)
 4047-71-19-A-21

Western Pennsylvania

W3VKD 1,140,051-641-73-A-40
 W3YZR. . . . 32,268-201-55-A-23
 W3CWH 2,15,510-110-47-A-1
 W3ABW. . . . 9612-91-36-A-13
 W3DKH. . . . 5900-118-25-B-32
 W3CAZ. . . . 1404-26-18-A-5
 W3ZUF. . . . 297-11-9-A-2
 W3ZUG. . . . 48-4-4-A-1
 W3AWU. . . . 39-13-1-A-1

CENTRAL DIVISION

Illinois

W9OHO. . . . 78,840-443-60-A-38
 W9VOB. . . . 73,284-390-62-A-40
 W9FVU. . . . 60,906-300-68-A-36
 W9HKL. . . . 46,368-368-43-B-40
 W9ATU. . . . 46,272-242-64-A-29
 W9TJP. . . . 44,162-254-59-A-27
 W9LQF. . . . 41,310-230-60-A-31
 W9LIG. . . . 37,572-304-62-B-31
 W9RFR. . . . 28,244-308-46-B-15
 W9VLR. . . . 27,300-273-50-B-26
 W9NXY. . . . 26,553-170-53-A-17
 W9GCV. . . . 22,125-151-50-A-17
 W9NLF. . . . 21,216-136-52-A-37
 K9BRC. . . . 18,968-143-45-A-17
 W9PHM. . . . 16,068-135-42-A-20
 W9PNY. . . . 13,104-104-42-22
 W9UXM 10,004-86-39-A-13
 W9FJH. . . . 9264-98-32-A-11
 W9IDA. . . . 7227-110-33-B-1
 W9IET. . . . 3785-44-29-A-5
 W9YKJ. . . . 3750-51-25-A-10
 W9MHC. . . . 3618-67-27-B-4
 W9EU. . . . 3306-58-19-A-4
 W9UAN. . . . 2970-45-22-A-1
 W9BUT. . . . 2080-40-26-B-5
 W9QWP. . . . 1872-54-12-A-7
 W9OAL. . . . 1823-42-15-A-8
 W9UMF. . . . 1620-27-20-A-5
 W9GVO. . . . 1560-28-20-A-4
 W9AVH. . . . 966-24-14-A-8
 W9SW. . . . 960-30-16-B-5
 K9ACR. . . . 780-21-13-A-14
 W9NTU. . . . 36-4-3-A-1

Md.-Del.-D. C.

W3AYS. . . . 68,933-333-67-A-31
 W3VAM. . . . 51,692-284-63-A-26
 W3FEP. . . . 45,780-383-60-B-37
 W3YRK. . . . 41,769-221-63-A-20
 W3PKC. . . . 40,600-125-54-B-22
 W3VZZ. . . . 10,740-90-40-A-12
 W3BFW. . . . 8748-82-36-A-8
 W3OYX. . . . 180-10-6-A-2
 W3ZGN. . . . 3-1-1-A-1

Southern New Jersey

K2MZO. . . . 23,000-250-66-B-27
 K2BWR. . . . 26,442-228-39-A-32
 K2KYS. . . . 17,250-180-46-A-21
 W2ZA. . . . 15,512-174-48-B-1
 W2BLV. . . . 13,938-101-46-A-14
 K2AQL. . . . 10,260-76-45-A-34
 W2LBN. . . . 9078-91-34-A-24
 K2GCD. . . . 6450-87-25-A-11
 W2SDB. . . . 1620-30-18-A-5
 W2EWN. . . . 1287-39-11-A-19
 W2ROW. . . . 1190-35-17-B-7
 W2ILN. . . . 189-9-7-A-1

Western New York

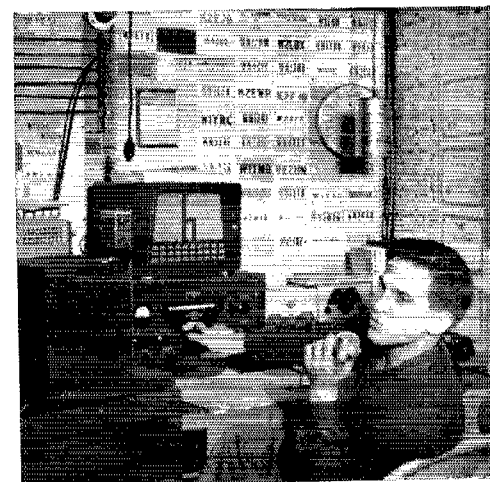
K2BHP. . . . 93,771-456-89-A-38
 K2DBS. . . . 1267-154-54-A-20
 K2OJF. . . . 17,172-162-53-B-29
 W2UMS. . . . 8692-106-41-B-1
 W2CGU. . . . 2625-35-25-B-4
 W2CTA. . . . 1288-28-23-B-4

Indiana

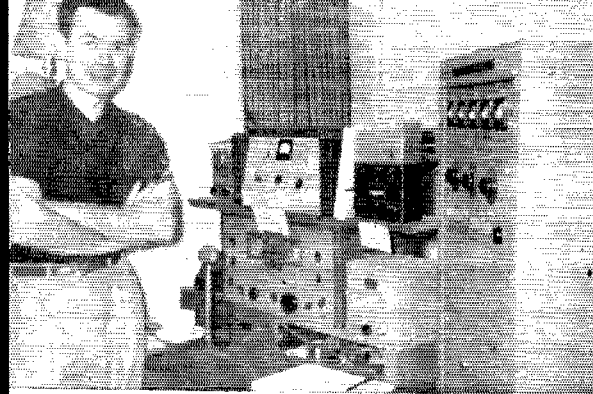
K9CLO. . . . 68,400-475-72-B-37
 K9AYH. . . . 1590-28-19-A-2

Wisconsin

W9VZP. . . . 56,256-293-64-A-38



Three masterful men with microphones, dominating their call areas and sections through expert 75-10-20-15-10-meter parlance, are (top to bottom) Miss, maestro W5DQK, Ohio's outstanding W8AJW and Conn. champ W1YWU.



East Bay's W6PQW, a ten-meter specialist, likes the challenge of doing a job the low-power (90 watts) single-band way. As evidence, 600 QSOs! His 110,391 points ranks 9th high in the phone competition.

W9PQA... 52,502-280-63-A-20
 W9LKB... 27,746-176-53-A-30
 W9QJW... 14,850-90-55-A-23
 W9JBI... 12,960-96-45-A-2
 W9LHR... 12,000-100-40-A-23
 W9GHI... 11,040-100-46-B-10
 W9FDX... 10,100-101-50-B-8
 W9MIJ... 9,405-98-33-A-1
 W9HCX... 4,368-57-26-A-10
 W9RZD... 2,632-49-28-B-17
 W9NRP... 1,728-36-16-A-8
 W9KGD... 1,008-28-12-A-18
 W9AOW... 119-20-14-A-13
 W9LXY... 702-18-13-A-5
 W98FK... 495-15-11-A-1
 W9VOD... 180-10-8-B-1
 W9OMZ... 72-6-6-B-1
 K9BHL... 60-5-4-A-2
 W9UDK... 3-1-1-A-1

DAKOTA DIVISION

North Dakota

W9NPR... 125,926-581-73-A-38
 W9KLP... 101,700-535-65-A-37
 K9CND... 13,777-27-17-A-14

South Dakota

W9VQC... 102,270-495-70-A-37

Minnesota

W9ZZT... 44,546-262-57-A-29
 W9WVQ... 32,896-257-64-B-27
 W9TCF... 21,762-142-52-A-30
 W9IVY... 19,980-148-45-A-29

DELTA DIVISION

Arkansas

W5HVX... 35,219-222-63-A-17
 W5VUE... 644-21-11-A-4
 W5KJG... 429-13-11-A-1

Louisiana

W5KC... 95,841-463-69-A-30
 W5INL... 40,602-202-67-A-22
 W5CFB... 20,925-180-45-A-19
 W5QPS... 7,650-75-3-A-12
 W5DLR... 4,494-65-28-A-5
 W5ABD... 4,368-57-26-A-7
 W5ZAK... 2,550-34-25-A-5
 W5YVI... 1,596-28-19-A-7
 W5JET... 846-24-12-A-2
 W5WNP... 702-18-13-A-1
 W5GAL... 179-9-7-A-1

Mississippi

W5DQK... 146,621-672-73-A-39

Tennessee

K4ARU... 78,804-402-66-A-36
 K4AAE... 46,128-248-62-A-35
 W4IGW... 20,706-120-58-A-5
 W4FBP... 3840-60-32-B-13
 W4CGW... 516-14-13-A-2

GREAT LAKES DIVISION

Kentucky

W4YZE... 61,248-354-58-A-34
 W4KZF... 54,600-280-65-A-20
 W8ZZK... 4,568-54-29-A-14

Michigan

W8N8S... 46,500-250-62-A-15
 W8FEV... 45,077-239-63-A-39
 W8IUC... 23,838-137-58-A-31
 W8LON... 20,769-152-46-A-24
 W8JKD... 8,058-74-34-A-18
 W8WED... 5,472-37-32-A-16
 W8WBG... 4,500-60-25-A-10
 W8ZPU... 2,331-37-21-A-10
 W8CZK... 1,392-29-16-A-7
 W8MDC... 901-8-4-A-1
 W8AIND (W8S N.Y. M3S) 46,900-350-67-B-36

Ohio

W8AJW... 115,413-531-73-A-37
 W8HOK... 58,988-306-65-A-40
 W8ZZP... 44,404-327-63-B-27
 W8PLQ... 43,512-262-56-A-37
 W8OMY... 38,688-208-62-A-37
 W8HIM... 34,515-195-59-A-26
 W8DUI... 23,500-161-49-A-32
 W8UON... 17,855-153-45-A-34
 W8ROA... 16,680-170-49-B-10
 W8JSW... 16,139-102-53-A-15
 W8OZO... 15,750-151-35-A-25
 W8BPH... 14,880-124-40-A-22
 W8MOW... 12,904-127-34-A-16
 W8LXA... 11,685-95-41-A-16
 K8AEK... 9,540-108-30-A-11
 W8RWZ... 6,318-81-39-B-12
 W8RAJH... 5,712-68-28-A-8
 W8HQN... 4,200-50-28-A-9
 W8BSE... 3,960-49-28-A-8
 W8BPE... 3,528-49-28-A-8
 W8UOZ... 3,510-45-26-A-4
 W5DLG/L8... 3,071-45-23-A-9
 W8PCB... 3,060-43-24-A-4
 W8VUV... 2,983-40-25-A-9
 W8VZL... 2,574-39-22-A-7
 W8FBZ... 2,280-38-20-A-4
 W8INO... 2,268-42-18-A-6
 W8BMX... 2,040-34-20-A-10
 W8MZF... 1,206-24-18-A-10
 W8RTF... 945-32-15-B-4
 W8RPA... 924-22-14-A-3
 W8MXP... 882-21-14-A-3
 W8GKK... 348-15-A-8
 W8NNT... 336-16-7-A-4
 W8AGA... 252-14-6-A-2
 W8QAV... 252-12-7-A-2
 W8ZFL... 63-7-3-A-1
 W8SAP... 14-1-A-2
 W8GHO/8... 36-6-2-A-1
 W8TNR... 33-11-1-A-2
 W8LJK... 27-3-3-A-1
 W8W... 27-3-3-A-2
 W8FOD... 6-1-A-1
 W8JNU... 4-2-1-B-1

HUDSON DIVISION

Eastern New York

K2JMY... 34,200-200-57-A-32
 K2PPB... 16,539-143-27-A-24
 W2JYJ (W2S JYX PRR) 42,930-243-60-A-38

N. Y. C. L. I.

K2AAA... 177,244-1215-73-B-39
 K2KND... 22,575-180-43-A-27
 K2LAW... 19,710-146-45-A-13
 W2MCO... 18,576-144-43-A-30
 W2PVP... 12,204-113-36-A-13
 K2CPD... 11,037-144-26-A-22
 W2ZDN... 10,098-99-34-A-10
 W2OHV... 9,828-117-28-A-16
 W2PDU... 7,072-104-34-B-8
 W2UNS... 6,528-64-34-A-4
 K2AED... 6,072-92-22-A-16
 K2GHC... 5,427-67-27-A-22
 K2JZR... 5,355-60-30-A-7
 K2LAW... 4,817-74-24-A-8
 W2QOI... 3,580-45-30-A-4
 K2QZS... 3,186-59-18-A-10
 W2LCU... 2,550-50-17-A-7
 W2EEN... 2,500-50-25-B-5
 K2HTO... 2,220-37-20-A-8
 K2PDU... 2,100-40-25-B-6
 W2YAH... 1,717-47-8-A-12
 K2DEJ... 1,350-25-18-A-4
 K2CMV... 780-20-13-A-2
 W2IWC... 765-17-15-A-1
 W2OIC... 702-18-13-A-4
 K2PDU... 604-14-12-A-13
 W2YAH... 488-17-8-A-12
 K2JWT... 388-32-3-A-8
 W2KDC/2... 252-14-6-A-12
 K2DEJ... 216-9-8-A-3
 W2YST... 198-11-6-A-4
 K2GHS... 90-6-5-A-1
 K2DEM (K2S DEM OFF) 67,425-363-62-A-40

Northern New Jersey

W2VCZ... 68,706-347-66-A-34

W2JKH... 45,504-316-48-A-38
 K2EYZ... 39,060-210-62-A-23
 K2OMP... 29,376-206-48-A-20
 W2DMJ... 7524-76-33-A-1
 W6OWY/2... 6,732-69-33-A-17
 W2WLE... 3,096-65-28-B-8
 K2CVT... 1,215-27-15-A-3
 K2OFI... 525-18-10-A-6
 K2TOU... 180-10-6-A-1
 W2LOP... 96-8-6-B-1
 K2LSA (K2S HNR JSP) 9,020-130-49-A-19
 K2PIM (K2S PIM PEB) 798-20-14-A-20

W1SNK/1... 27-9-1-A-1
 W1SWO... 6-2-1-A-1
 W1LAF (11 ops.) 35,653-295-61-B-39
 W1N1WK (3 ops.) 938-65-5-A-14

Western Massachusetts

W1NPL... 42,215-245-59-A-31
 W1DLS... 38,844-254-52-A-29
 W1BFW... 21,600-30-24-A-8
 W1BQC... 234-13-6-A-6
 W1BVD... 18-4-4-A-1
 W1ZPJ (W1S BVD GHG, W1N1S GTZ IFF) 513-19-9-A-3

MIDWEST DIVISION

Iowa

W0TYK 3... 76,296-374-68-A-39
 K0GBL... 20,808-136-51-A-14
 W0RAM... 19,800-132-50-A-17
 W0SVS... 11,952-127-48-B-14
 W0PWO... 11,343-100-38-A-23
 K0BYP... 6,872-59-33-A-14
 K0BWH... 6,270-61-27-A-6
 W0BGB... 1,440-30-16-A-4
 W0TWD... 495-15-11-A-3
 K0DPI (2 ops.) 1938-34-19-A-4

Kansas

W0ZSZ... 124,392-572-73-A-38
 W0LXA... 77,220-397-65-A-32
 W0MXG... 26,538-161-52-A-18
 W0XMS... 10,845-121-30-A-15
 K0CPI... 10,200-101-34-A-1

Missouri

W0ZOY... 70,716-332-71-A-31
 W0TFL... 51,750-295-60-A-23
 W0BCF... 42,696-300-72-B-26
 W0JAH... 28,917-189-51-A-24
 K0HEM... 16,056-114-48-A-9
 W0PNH... 13,455-151-45-B-11
 W0FTN... 10,404-103-34-A-16
 K0CML... 5,571-67-41-A-11
 W0WKG... 66-1-2-A-3
 W0VLD... 60-5-4-A-1
 W0QON (9 ops.) 18,200-188-50-B-25
 W0OIV (W0OIV KHNHR) 11,288-88-43-A-13

Nebraska

K0DLL... 17,499-157-38-A-17
 K0EMH/0 (20 ops.) 14,508-194-39-B-40

NEW ENGLAND DIVISION

Connecticut

W1YWT... 97,497-471-69-A-38
 W1EOR... 58,338-463-62-B-39
 W1FYF... 21,252-163-44-B-34
 W1AW4... 15,651-111-47-A-6
 W1BAN... 14,388-109-66-B-19
 K1ABL... 8,181-101-27-A-11
 W1SKA... 4,050-45-30-A-2
 W1DHP... 621-23-9-A-2
 W1LXV (W1S AON BDC) 945-21-15-A-4

Maine

W1GKJ... 53,382-288-62-A-39
 W1COE... 18,998-161-59-B-24
 W1EXZ/1... 240-10-8-A-4

Eastern Massachusetts

W1QIB... 40,362-217-62-A-39
 W1LNX... 29,728-171-56-A-32
 W1PKY... 23,256-126-48-B-20
 W1LQQ... 22,275-139-55-A-12
 W1ZVS... 16,808-129-45-A-12
 W1PMZ... 15,708-119-44-A-23
 W1PMV... 14,700-100-49-A-9
 W1SBP... 13,256-106-48-B-20
 W1TOP... 7,788-118-33-B-11
 W1O7H/L... 7,380-82-30-A-11
 W1WTR... 7,200-100-36-B-18
 W1MEG... 3,402-41-28-A-4
 W1MVL... 1,008-24-14-A-8
 W1AQE... 660-20-11-A-1
 W1PAW... 432-18-4-A-5
 W1MZF/1... 270-10-9-A-5
 W1FVW... 84-14-2-A-4
 W1KIN... 75-6-5-A-2

New Hampshire

W1FZ... 85,284-413-69-A-40
 W1JNC... 38,651-205-63-A-32
 W1GRT... 7,176-92-39-B-16
 W1YCY... 6,628-68-32-A-13
 W1CVK... 2,168-36-21-A-6
 W1WS... 84-7-4-A-1

Rhode Island

W1BFB... 68,928-360-64-A-27
 W1UTI... 945-23-14-A-4
 W1YDH... 240-10-8-A-3

NORTHWESTERN DIVISION

Alaska

K17MF... 480-20-8-A-3
 K17WAH/1... 16-4-2-B-1

Idaho

W1VVC... 24,780-148-56-A-10
 W1EYR... 5,664-59-32-A-7

Montana

W1NPV... 67,914-543-60-A-38
 W1FTN... 26,534-181-49-A-15
 W1OIQ... 17,145-128-45-A-18

Oregon

W1OYA... 80,487-407-66-A-29
 W1YOZ... 38,400-205-64-A-20
 W1FJK... 29,913-199-51-A-12
 W1SPX... 8,582-87-32-A-11
 W1ENU... 2,344-44-17-A-8
 W1DIS... 3-1-1-A-1

Washington

W1RLX... 48,295-375-65-B-33
 W1CCY... 10,440-91-40-A-33

PACIFIC DIVISION

Hawaii

K1H6CBP *20,196-188-54-B-11
 K0GGZ/K1H6 2304-32-24-A-11

Santa Clara Valley

K6HTL... 70,173-341-69-A-34
 K6JKQ/6... 42,705-222-65-A-37
 K6BAM... 18,720-131-48-A-14
 W6LDO... 11,151-89-42-A-11
 W4AWM/6... 5,847-61-31-A-9

East Bay

W6PQW... 110,391-600-62-A-37
 W6BSY... 84,560-410-69-A-37
 W7EYD/6... 16,638-118-47-A-10
 W6BNH... 7,462-91-41-B-13
 W6WLL... 4,140-69-30-B-8
 W6/OJW... 300-6-5-A-1

San Francisco

W6S1J... 70,119-373-63-A-37
 W6CBL... 60,434-451-67-B-37
 W6OST... 21,384-133-54-A-18

Sacramento Valley

W6S1P... 138,846-634-73-A-40
 W6GTG... 79,194-304-67-A-39
 W6QIV... 15,622-112-47-A-21
 W6MYT... 4,624-69-34-B-2

San Joaquin Valley

W6ZCC... 81,972-400-69-A-34

W6TZN...65,514- 361-61-A-25
K6OOW...48,468- 256-65-A-23
K6CLK...31,580- 42-25-A-5

W8FQS...2376- 33-24-A-6
K4IKF/8...968- 23-15-A-4

SOUTHWESTERN DIVISION
Los Angeles

W6AM¹⁰...263,129-1219-73-A-38
K6EVR...181,902- 864-71-A-47
W6CPL...131,070- 648-68-A-35
W6LIM...93,030- 447-70-A-39
K6BWD...88,992- 412-72-A-31
K6GLC...87,417- 449-66-A-40
K6HUL...30,456- 190-54-A-24
W6EIG...28,812- 175-56-A-34
K6INY...28,365- 165-61-A-20
K6PLW...21,024- 146-48-A-15
K6DAS...19,296- 135-48-A-17
W6BIUK...17,248- 154-56-B-24
W6OLY...15,000- 150-50-B-19
W6HAL...13,797- 112-43-A-16
K6HXX...7029- 72-33-A-9
W6DNX...6138- 62-33-A-6
K6KME...5468- 70-27-A-6
K6DDO...4293- 53-27-A-3
K6CEZ...3450- 53-23-A-6
K6ICS...3413- 46-25-A-6
K6DLY...1170- 26-15-A-6
K6MQN...1162- 24-16-A-6

W5WTY...40,077- 219-61-A-30
K5BSM...34,017- 197-58-A-16

Oklahoma

W5IWL...80,376- 395-88-A-40
W5QVY...13,500- 90-50-A-25

Southern Texas

K5EXZ...71,820- 514-70-R-40
K5BID...63,416- 321-67-A-31
W5EWS...25,200- 150-56-A-20
K5BSZ...20,349- 133-51-A-14
K5DJK...12,033- 97-42-A-18
K5AFY/5...273- 13-7-A-3
K5BAY/5 (W58 HYX KNZ,
K5EAT, KN5HEW)
102,983- 510-69-A-40

New Mexico

W5MIY...98,892- 494-67-A-40
W5PHL...26,133- 160-55-A-26
W5NXX...33,345- 297-57-B-14
W5FUP...12,054- 100-41-A-8

ROANOKE DIVISION

North Carolina

K5BDG/4...51,708- 378-62-A-37
K4JJO...41,310- 287-61-A-40
K4COB...52,550- 50-35-A-10
K4LUN...144- 8-6-A-6

South Carolina

K4GIE...10,602- 93-38-A-9
W4VDG...668- 19-12-A-2

Virginia

W4WSF...34,821- 219-53-A-26
W4ZZV...33,660- 189-60-A-39
W4AYO...31,302- 225-47-A-22
W4NQM...28,866- 283-51-B-22
W4KMS...19,992- 136,49-A-20
K4DHS...15,362- 105-49-A-14
W4PHK...13,986- 126-37-A-17
W4IQG...12,540- 110-57-B-15
W4ZL...8664- 119-28-B-9
W4WIN...6417- 69-31-A-11
W4ZVE...5832- 81-36-B-6
K4FTQ...5811- 81-26-A-9
K4HQQ...1872- 56-29-A-2
K4CAD...4755- 55-29-A-11
W4UHE...4500- 60-25-A-5
K4JVE...4082- 50-28-A-15
W4JLB...3861- 50-26-A-9
W4YIY...2125- 43-25-B-3
W4ZY...1539- 32-16-A-5
K4ACZ...1432- 13-13-A-4
K4IKF...1377- 27-17-A-3
W4IMP...990- 33-15-B-6
W4LLU...861- 21-14-A-4
W4PLS...759- 23-11-A-2
W4TJU...756- 18-14-A-1
K4AL...726- 22-11-A-4
W4HSM...546- 14-13-A-2
W4KAO...540- 15-12-A-5
W4HVI...495- 15-11-A-1
W4MZR...135- 9-5-A-2
W4CAV...120- 10-6-B-2
W4JFY...72- 6-6-B-1
W4QWV...72- 5-4-A-2
W4YL...40- 5-4-B-2
W4YU...24- 4-3-B-1
K4AUN...12- 2-2-A-1
K4IYE...3- 1-1-A-4

West Virginia

W8SSA...63,054- 347-62-A-37
W8UMR...34,968- 188-62-A-16
K8CSG...6278- 78-27-A-10

ROCKY MOUNTAIN DIVISION

Colorado

K6CRV...63,340- 814-68-A-6
W6ECY...19,512- 138-48-A-28
K6AUC...231- 11-7-A-2
W6YQ (9 oprs.)
86,970- 446-65-A-39

Utah

W7QWH...24,780- 210-59-B-12

Wyoming

W7UFB...12,000- 101-40-A-5
W7P8O...27- 3-8-A-6
W7YDJ...3- 1-1-A-1

SOUTHEASTERN DIVISION

Alabama

W4DS...25,110- 140-60-A-26
W4NZM...18,189- 195-47-B-13
W4BSG...1593- 30-18-A-5
K4GLB...1003- 32-17-B-5

Eastern Florida

K4GHA...107,916- 529-68-A-26
W4LVV...87,776- 360-64-A-29
K4CTU...59,450- 517-58-B-32
K4BCN...48,900- 255-64-A-31
K4ELB...29,097- 185-63-A-20
W4HJK...20,900- 190-55-B-23
K4AKQ...10,656- 100-37-A-15
K4KVI...8584- 61-29-B-18
K4DKC...5307- 18-29-A-8
K4IZL...4770- 54-30-A-4
K4IXY...264- 11-8-A-1
K4DVI...3- 1-1-A-6

Western Florida

W4JLW...80,586- 414-66-A-28
K4LCA...63,900- 356-60-A-30
W4HLZ...16,362- 152-64-B-29

Georgia

W4FGH...59,902- 491-61-B-39
K4APC...3929- 50-27-A-10
W4FYH...120- 10-6-B-3

West Indies

KP4DH...126- 7-6-A-6

CANADIAN DIVISION

Quebec

VE2KG...675- 15-15-A-5
VE2AWK (7 oprs.)
13,872- 137-34-A-21

Ontario

VE3DNE...60,300- 300-67-A-37
VE3AU...48,906- 372-66-B-24
VE3DYB...21,672- 152-18-A-22
VE3BVI...9870- 95-35-A-25
VE3AML...4743- 51-31-A-6
VE3BB...160- 10-8-B-1

Saskatchewan

VE5VZ...35,400- 202-60-A-22

Alberta

VE6IN...27,469- 182-51-A-29

British Columbia

VE7ZM...16,275- 110-50-A-13

Arizona
W7ZZA...87,989- 418-71-A-30
W7ENA...87,470- 345-64-A-29
W7FIU...33,516- 200-56-A-26
W7PEG...24,375- 163-50-A-15
W7ZVG/7...23,027- 162-51-A-16
W7WZZ...6615- 66-35-A-13
W7BAD (W7s BAD CAF)
93,708- 509-66-A-31

San Diego

W6SHY...53,808- 310-59-A-20
W6JVA...7752- 69-38-A-5
W6HU...944- 19-17-A-3

Santa Barbara

W6NTF...21,465- 136-53-A-29
W6ORW...21,225- 142-50-A-15

WEST GULF DIVISION

Northern Texas

W5VU...84,192- 440-64-A-38
W5COF...50,508- 277-61-A-24

W3WPY, opr. 2 W3SDV, opr. 3 K6HRX, opr. 4 W1WPR, opr. 5 Hq. staff, not eligible for award. * W1NW, opr. 2 W8CZF, opr. 3 KH6CBQ, opr. * W4BNT, opr. 10 W6FRW, opr. 11 W6CPC, opr. ARRL thanks the following amateurs for submitting their logs for checking purposes: K2JYM, W4000, W5OYH, W6CIW/2, W88 IF PQQ.

Strays

Two young men, W7VMO and W7VMP, turned up at a convention in the Southwestern Division. They looked very much alike and W6XXX, at the registration desk, asked, "Are you two brothers?"

"Yes, we are," they replied.

On further questioning, each boy subscribed to the following facts: Each was named Fenwick. Each was born on April 13, 1936, in Indianapolis, Indiana. Each had a mother named Edna Fenwick. Each had a father named John Fenwick.

As he collected their money and prepared their call-letter badges, W6XXX then said, "You're twins, aren't you?"

Promptly they both answered, "No."

Assuming that all the answers they gave were accurate, how do you account for the fact that they were not twins?

(Turn to page 104)

W1BDI was momentarily staggered by KN8CJX, who told Handy to throw away his 48 QSLs after the WAS application had been checked!

KN2UFB and KN2UFD operate within 4 kc. of each other on 7 Mc., live near each other, belong to the same club, but have never QSOd.



Ham radio was used to facilitate a recent gin rummy tournament conducted by the Las Vegas Resort Hotels. Here W7YKQ (right foreground) plays the hand of Chester Seagars, who was at K44USN. Assisting were W7RBV, K6BTG/7, W7BRX, K6AFQ/7, W7ZLQ and W6AJP.

National Convention News

SPECIAL FEATURES being planned for the ninth national American Radio Relay League convention in Chicago Aug. 30-Sept. 1 promise to make this one of the most memorable ham conclaves ever held, according to Jordan Kaplan, W9QKE, convention general chairman. The entire show will be under one roof -- that of the famous Palmer House -- sponsored by the Chicago Area Radio Club Council, Inc. The Young Ladies Radio League's second annual international convention will be held at the same time and place. Some of the features are:

Exhibits: Conventioneers will see the first public showing of new 1958 ham gear on an industry-wide basis. Major manufacturers will have exhibit space and will display their latest transmitters, receivers and other equipment.

Plant Tours: On Friday, the first day of the convention, special buses will be leaving the hotel all day to take visitors out to leading electronics manufacturing plants where there will be guided tours showing the latest in gear, research and manufacturing techniques. Included in the itinerary will be a tour of the world's largest research environmental testing lab.

FCC Examinations: FCC examinations for Novice and Technician class licenses will be conducted Saturday and Sunday by selected members of the Society Radio Operators of Chicago. Examiners from the Chicago office of FCC will conduct exams at the hotel on Saturday and Sunday for General class licenses, and on Saturday only for Extra Class tickets.

Radioteletype: RTTY enthusiasts, as well as those who want to learn more about it, will have an opportunity to see equipment in operation, with special land lines strung into the hotel by one of the news wire services. The Chicago RTTY group will give demonstrations of audio-frequency-shift keying. Other demonstrations will be given on auto-start and -stop, and technical discussions will be given on possible narrow-shift standards. Interested persons also will be able to learn how to get into RTTY at low cost.

Mobile: There will be a special mobile room and present plans call for forum discussions of transistor applications to mobile gear. There also will be a forum on hidden-transmitter hunts. The mobile room will feature displays of mobile gear of all types, and a mobile trouble-shooting clinic will be open throughout the convention. Mobileers with problems can bring their headaches here for relief. Also among the displays will be one of mobile QSL cards.

Novice: There will be a special program aimed at Novices, Technicians and any others interested in getting a start in ham radio. Lewis McCoy, WIICP, QST Technical Assistant, will give talks of interest to beginners, whether they hold licenses or not.

For the Ladies: Special activities are planned for the XYLs who don't hold ham tickets, includ-

ing a tour of WNBQ, the world's first all-color TV station, and attendance at the coast-to-coast "Club 60" show emceed by Dennis James. There will also be a tour of Marshall Field's famous department store, plus a luncheon in the store's Wedgwood Room, during which there will be an initiation into the SWOOPS, an organization open only to unlicensed YLs and XYLs.

Many other features are planned, including special AREC and RACES programs, Army and Air Force MARS displays, a Wouff-Hong initiation, a c.w. contest, awards for the best QSLs, the best operating aid, best homebrew transmitter and receiver, best hints and kinks, best homebrew test equipment, and the photo best showing amateur radio activities such as field day or emergency work. There will be special meetings and dinners for DX Century Club members, v.h.f. enthusiasts and members of the YLRL.

Actually, the convention is shaping up as the biggest family affair in the history of ham radio. The hotel is setting up a baby-sitting service for all those little "harmonics" who can't be left alone while the XYL and OM are taking in the show. A completely equipped nursery and playroom, with a registered nurse and trained play supervisors in attendance, will be available. The hotel's Chicago Room will be converted into a children's restaurant for the convention, with menus (and prices, too!) especially planned for the kids and parents. Also with families in mind, the hotel has set up a special rate schedule: up to four members of the same family can occupy a large master bedroom (four beds) for \$16 a night; single rooms are \$9 per person; double room (double bed), \$14; double room (twin beds), \$15. Dormitory type rooms also are available for four or more persons to a room at \$3 per person per night. Requests for room reservations should be sent direct to the hotel.

Pre-registrations for the convention and banquet are now being received. Rates, including the banquet, are \$10.50 when made in advance, or \$12.50 if made on arrival. For those who don't plan to attend the banquet, the rates are \$5.50 and \$6.50. Because of limited space, banquet tickets cannot be purchased without registration. Tables of 10 are available if 10 reservations are sent in a block. Advance registrations should be mailed to the Treasurer, Chicago Area Radio Club Council, Inc., P. O. Box 6797, Chicago, Ill.

Treasurer of the convention is Bill Traxler, W9FUJ; committee chairmen include: exhibits, Fritz Franke; hotel, Bud Balaste, W9QCR; program, Phil Haller, W9HPG; YLRL, Cris Bowlin, W9LOY; food, Ed McMullin, K9AXK; legal, Bill Peterson, W9VTV; awards, Doc Krynski, W9SQE; Novice exams, Bill Harper, W9BWM; registration, George Nesbed, W9LQF; contests, Lee Weaver, W9KCE, and publicity, Bob Seals, K9AHK.

The World Above 50 Mc.

1215-1300

2300-2450

3300-3700

5650-5925

10,000-10,500

21,000-22,000

30,000-3

CONDUCTED BY EDWARD P. TILTON,* W1HDQ

WHEN the 50-Mc. band was opened to Technician Class licensees in April, 1955, everyone felt that it would be a fine thing for 6-meter activity. But to some, this writer included, the move represented an abandonment of the original concept of the license that might be called an "advanced beginner's" ticket. In case you've forgotten, or weren't around when the license was made available, potential technicians (small *t* this time) were supposed to be waiting in droves, on the outskirts of amateur radio, to jump in and fill our u.h.f. and microwave bands, if only they could get a license without developing code skill.

The mob of microwave pioneers never materialized out of the bushes, however. The Technician (capital *T* again) turned out to be a fellow who took the ticket along with the Novice grade, if he could handle the technical questions — but he thought of the license mainly as a means of

winners in the game — they wanted to talk to people — lots of people, and in the easiest and least expensive manner possible.

Making the license usable on 50 Mc. was a tacit admission that merely making it easy to get



Two happy 6-meter men gloat over prize QSLs. At the left, W8LPD displays ZE2JE card confirming the first Western Hemisphere 50-Mc. contact with Africa. W8PBU holds his for contact made with VQ2PL, shortly after.

keeping his foot in the FCC's door, while he boned up on the code. The idea of actually using the ticket to go on 220 Mc. or higher bands rarely occurred to most of its holders. There was a faint trace of Technician interest on 220 and 420 Mc. in some population centers, and the ARRL Information Service was called on to answer quite a few letters about simple equipment for 220 and up — but by and large the new license accomplished little in populating our u.h.f. and microwave bands. Technicians were like all other be-

W0ZJB	48	W4CPZ	45	W8SQU	46
W0BJV	48	W4UCH	45	W8NQD	45
W0CJS	48	W4QN	44	W8WZ	45
W5AJG	48	W4EQR	44	W8RFW	45
W2JHL	48	W4FLW	43	W8LFD	44
W9OCA	48	W4UMF	43	W8HFR	43
W6OB	48	W4IKK	42	W8YLS	41
W0INI	48	W4RFR	42	W8PCK	38
W1HDO	48	W4OXC	41	W8NOH	34
W5MJD	48	K4DJO	42		
W2JZ	48	W4MS	41	W9HRN	48
W1LL	48	W4AZG	40	W9QUV	48
W0DZM	48	W4FNR	40	W9QIV	48
W0HVW	48	W4IUG	38	W9VZP	47
W0WKB	48	K4DNG	37	W9QRM	47
W0SMJ	48	W4AKX	36	W9ALU	47
W0OGW	48	W4AYV	36	W9QKM	47
W7ERA	48	W4GJO	35	W9LTA	45
W3OJU	48	W4ZD	35	W9UNS	45
W6TMI	48	W4ZBQ	34	W9MHP	43
K6EDX	48	W4HZG	34	W9MHP	42
				W9JEP	42
				W9CJT	41
W1VNH	47	W5VY	48	W0RF	48
W1CLB	47	W5FW	47	W0QIN	47
W1CGY	46	W5LFQ	47	W0NFM	47
W1LSN	46	W5GNQ	46	W0TKX	47
W1AEP	46	W5ONS	45	W0KYF	47
W1RPU	44	W5MLL	44	W0MVG	47
W1PYS	44	W5RSC	44	W0JOL	46
W1KHL	42	W5JLY	44	W0USQ	45
W1ELP	41	W5JME	42	W0FKY	45
W1SUZ	37	W5VY	45	W0CNM	44
W1SFX	36	W5FAL	41	W0YJF	44
W1UHE	35	W5HEZ	41	W0URQ	44
W1LGE	33	W5BXA	40	W0JHS	43
W1WAS	31	W5HLD	40	W0YJF	44
W1MFM	30	W5FXN	40	W0URQ	44
W1FTF	29	W5FXZ	38	W0PL	43
W1FMK	26	W5EUQ	38	W0PKD	41
		W5FRK	36	W0ZTW	41
W2MEU	47	W5HFT	33	W0QVZ	40
W2AMJ	46	W5WZF	33	W0YK	36
W2BYM	46	W5NSJ	32	K0BPM	35
W2RLV	45	W5ZVF	31	W0WNU	34
W2FHH	45			W0YZZ	30
W2RGV	44	W6WNN	48	VE3AET	45
K3JNS	42	W6UXN	48	VE3AIB	35
K2ANQ	42	W6ANN	45	VE3IEF	35
W2SHV	41	W6NDP	45	VE3BXN	33
W2GYV	40	K6GTG	44	VE3QY	32
K2HPN	39	W6CCG	43	VE3AOM	31
W2ORA	39	K6HYV	43	VE3DER	31
W2VLL	38	W6ABN	43	XE1GE	27
K2ITQ	38	W6IWS	41	VE1PQ	23
K2ITP	38	W6CAN	40	VE3OJ	22
K2HRB	37	W6BWG	39	VE1W	21
K2LFW	35	K6ERG	38	C06WW	21
		W6JF	31	VE4HS	20
W3TIF	47	W7FE	48	C0ZZX	16
W3KMY	44	W7HEA	47	LJ9MA	16
W3NKM	41	W7BQA	47	PZ1AE	15
W3AIQ	41	W7BQJ	47	JALAUH	5
W3MXW	41	W7FDJ	46		
W3OTC	40	W7DYD	47		
W3EPL	40	W7ACD	45		
W3RUE	41	W7JRG	44		
W3LFC	37	W7BOC	42		
W3AMO	36	W7JPA	42		
W3TDF	35	W7FV	41		
W3UQJ	30	W7CAM	40		
		W7UPB	32		
W4EQM	47	W8CMS	47		
W4FBH	46	W8OJN	46		
W4LNG	45				

Calls in bold face are holders of special 50-Mc. WAS certificates listed in order of award numbers. Others are based on unverified reports.

*V.H.F. Editor, QST.

a ticket will not build up our experimenter population. The move touched off a boom in 50-Mc. activity that is still in the mushroom stage. There has never been anything like it in v.h.f. circles since the long-lamented simple-gear days on 5 meters, back in the early '30s.

After two years' experience, what has happened in the Technician ranks, outside of the rush to get on 6 and have fun? To everyone's surprise, we now find an appreciable move higher in frequency as well. The Technicians are looking for new worlds to conquer, and having got into the game actively on 6, they are now going to 220 Mc. There is a lesser, but still recognizable, growth in 420-Mc. activity, and even some signs of life on 1215 Mc. and still higher frequencies, that can be traced to the Technician influence.

The 220-Mc. band is turning out to be a natural for many of the newcomers. Equipment is not particularly difficult to build there, with modern techniques, and coverage is almost identical to 144 Mc. A good 220-Mc. array often can be erected in a spot where even a 6-meter beam looms large on the neighborhood skyline. TVI, easy to control on 50 Mc. except where Channel 2 is involved, may be too rough a battle in Channel 2 areas for some beginners. For them, 220 Mc. may be a real lifesaver. No band, v.h.f. or other-

wise, is completely free of TVI, but 220 is as good as most, especially when lower power is employed.

For years most contacts made on 220 were the "arranged" variety. No more! In many regions there is now routine operation 220, and the "How-about-looking-for-me-on-220?" approach is becoming the exception, rather than the rule, as a means of checking out 220-Mc. gear. With nightly and week-end activity, 220 is getting a chance to show what it is capable of in the way of coverage. Reliable skeds are being kept over 100 miles and more of rough terrain. When tropospheric conditions are good, the signals boom in on 220 over paths such as Western Massachusetts to Eastern Pennsylvania, or Rhode Island to Upstate New York, to name typical examples.

As a dividend, 220 is showing that it is often quite good for aurora DX. There is a considerable difference between 50 and 144 Mc. in the number of aurora openings, and 220 is perhaps a similar step in the more-difficult direction, but some auroras do provide *strong* signals on 220 Mc. over distances that may reach record proportions. We have little experience to go on so far, but there seems a real prospect of working out to distances beyond 1000 miles by this means when we get enough activity in the right places.

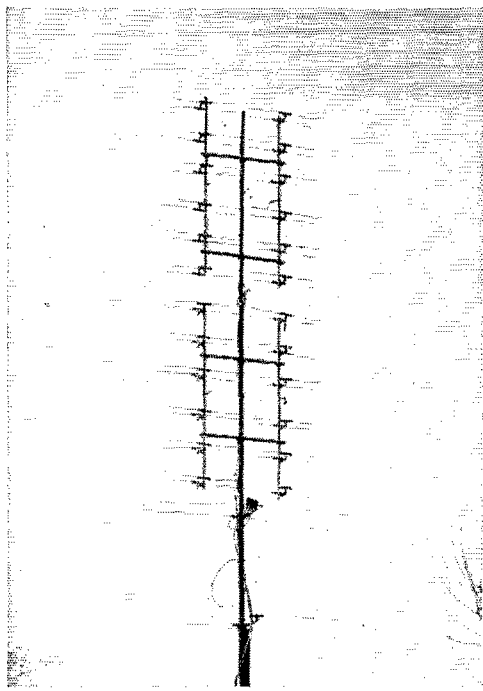
April showed the way in the aurora department. On the night of the 18th more 220-Mc. auroral contacts were made than in probably all previous experience on the band. W3LZD and W3ARW, near Scranton, Pa., worked W1VNH, Agawam, Mass., with good signals. W1RFU, Wilbraham, Mass., hearing this going on, was getting ready to join in when he heard an S8-to-9 signal from W8IJG, West Richfield, Ohio. Bill called him, and what is believed to be the first W1-W8 220-Mc. aurora QSO was on. Contact was made around 1930, and W8IJG continued strong for the W1s and K2GRI, near Saratoga Springs, N. Y., for the better part of an hour.

W1VNH, W1RFU, W3LZD, W3ARW and K2GRI all report that W8IJG was stronger than W8s often are on 144 Mc. How far could the DX have been stretched if fellows in Michigan, Indiana, Illinois, Wisconsin and Kentucky had been going on 220-Mc. e.w. with good setups that night?

Here and There on the V.H.F. Bands

From our vantage (?) point in New England we got the impression that there was little in the way of v.h.f. DX, other than aurora, since we last reported to you, until we dug into the IGY project files. There quite a different story unfolded. There was plenty of aurora, certainly, but the IGY record shows that there are areas in the world where 50 Mc. was about the ideal DX band this spring. Users of lower bands seldom had it any better than did our 50-Mc. friends in Argentina, Chile, Uruguay, Mexico, Guatemala and Japan.

LU7AT, Buenos Aires, reported 50-Mc. DX every day in the first half of April—and what DX! Mike heard or worked DX almost around the clock many of these days, a typical session running through to 0100 or 0200. On April 9 he logged YV5GO and XE1GE around 1400 LU time. JA2JJ, halfway around the world, was in at 2210, followed by XE1GE again, at 2315. CO2XZ was worked at 2320. OA4BR, KZ5JS and YV5BX were heard around midnight, and a DX signal, believed to be KH6NS, was logged at 0200 to 0230 on the 10th. Mike was back at it by 1430.



This towering structure is a 96-element collinear array for 432 Mc. in use at W8IJG, Toledo, Ohio. Below it is 4 halfwaves in phase, with reflectors, for 144 Mc. The 432-Mc. job has feedpoints at the center of each 6-element curtain. Coax line and a balun connect to the center of a 3-wavelength phasing line running up the middle of the array. Two 1-wavelength repeaters are used at the ends of the vertical section, and these feed the centers of four 2-wavelength repeater sections that join the 6-element bays in sets of 2.

finding the band open to California, with K6GMX, K6EQB, and W6PUZ coming through. CO2XZ and CO2XE were in at 1600; XE1GE at 1610 and 1800, W6PUZ again at 1900. KH6PP was heard at 2100, and an opening to Japan lasted from 2100 to 2305. JA2GR, JA1GP and JA7BY were worked, and JA1, 2, 3, 6 and 8 were heard. On the 11th the band opened to Mexico in the late afternoon, to YV, KH6, PZ, W4, PJ2 and PY through the evening, and to TG9 after midnight. The band repeated about the same performance the following day, and added Puerto Rico to the list. These, with the regulars CE, LU and CX, are fifteen countries workable on 6 in a span of less than 24 hours, with repeats nearly every day or night. Ah — for that transequatorial scatter!

In Japan things were about as hot, with many JAs working into South America. CX2RE is the farthest east to be worked from Japan, but the JA1GP-CX2RE DX figures out to be somewhat less than that for JA6FR to the LUs, the 12,000-mile record. JA2GR reports working VK4NG several times crossband, with VK4NG on 28 Mc. The Australians no longer have the 6-meter band.

DX was reported worked on 6 from the United States mainland on March 25 (W8CMS-LU9MA), 28 and 30. The 28th seemed to be the most widespread, with LUs reported by W5FXN, K6GTC, W0EDM, W0MVG, W0ZJB and possibly others not yet in. LU7AT's list for that date includes XE1GE, W0s TF AEM EDM DDX ZJB MVG INL, K0s BDL OXJ, K0s GMX HYY EWS GMV, W0s FXN HFF, L0Q, KH0s NS PP BRJ, KZ5JS and PJ2AN! In April U. S. stations worked into South America on the 4th, 6th, 7th, 10th, 11th, 13th and 14th, up to the middle of the month. Most of the reports are from W0s and W0s, but a batch of QSLs from LU3DH confirms early-morning contacts with several Maine and Massachusetts W1s on March 30. The March 28 opening affected Iowa, Kansas, Missouri, Texas and California, that we know of.

Aurora was frequent on 50 and 144 during April. It was reported all across the northern part of the country April 9 and the April 18 session should be some kind of record when the reports are in. Mostly, though, the auroral intensity was off somewhat from March. From March 16 to April 15, aurora was reported on just half the days, but the DX and length of openings were not comparable, generally, to a month earlier. A report on the March 27 aurora was received by W2CXY, Chatham, N. J., from W4DBV, Rome, Ga., who heard both ends of Walt's QSO with W9ZIH on 144 Mc. Aurora reports that far south have been rather rare on 2 meters. But the phenomenon is not necessarily rare, for W4IKK, also of Rome, has caught seventeen auroral openings on 50 Mc. since April 21, 1956.

Coincidence Department: K6JBW, Garden Grove, Cal., worked LU9MA on April 7, 1956, at 1150 PST. On April 7, 1957, he worked him again, only 40 minutes away from exactly one year later.

Prospects for 50-Mc. DX in the easterly direction have improved somewhat, politically, at least. Just too late for inclusion in last month's QST, word came from CT1CO that amateurs in CT1, Portugal, CT2, Azores Island, and CT3, Madeira Islands, have received permission to operate between 50 and 52 Mc. through December, 1958. This is a special temporary arrangement, obtained, at CT1CO's suggestion, by the IARU affiliate society, the *Red dos Emissores Portugueses*, from their government authorities.

There is a good chance that some other European countries may give similar temporary permission, during the IGY period, to technically qualified amateurs. SM5AOG, a recent visitor at ARRL Headquarters, brought us the good news that the SSA, Sweden's IARU society, is confident that 50-Mc. work will be possible there soon, on a limited scale. The SMs are far from any European TV stations in the 50-Mc. region, so the prospect of interference is very slight, if not completely nonexistent. Judging by the harmonics and other commercial signals received from the Scandinavian countries on 50 Mc. here last fall, our friends in Sweden should do very well in this direction on 6.

Portugal, the Azores and Madeira Islands look good, too. Portuguese hams have had little opportunity to work in this part of the spectrum in the past, so not many stations have equipment that can be put to work right away, but several fellows are interested. CT3, by the way, counts for Africa in the WAC picture.

Other countries are making the 70-Mc. band available in Europe, the latest being Finland. The Radio Society of Great Britain is sponsoring a 70-Mc. contest the week end of June 22. Crossband work to 50 Mc., where that band is

in use, will be included. Also participating will be the countries where the band is around 72 Mc., as in France. Other v.h.f. contests on the Region 1 IARU calendar are 1250-Mc. tests, Aug. 25 and another 70-Mc. contest, Nov. 16 and 17.

Club and Net News

Several special events of interest to v.h.f. enthusiasts are in prospect for the summer months. First is the ARRL National Convention, to be held in Chicago, Aug. 30 through Sept. 1. An extensive program is being set up by V.H.F. Chairman W9WOK, and v.h.f. clubs throughout the country will shortly be hearing from John along this line.

A summer event that has been a must for v.h.f. hams for some years is the Turkey Run V.H.F. Picnic. As before, W9ZHL is in charge. The picnic begins at 8 A.M. and lasts

2-METER STANDINGS

U. S.		U. S.	
States	Miles	States	Miles
W1REZ	24	7	1175
W1RZJ	21	6	1120
W1RZJ	20	7	1150
W1HDQ	20	6	1020
W1KCS	19	6	1080
W1AZK	18	6	850
W1AJE	17	5	810
W1IZY	17	6	750
W1ZBY	17	5	680
W1BCN	16	5	650
W1KHL	16	5	540
W1AFO	15	5	810
W1MMN	14	6	800
W2ORI	27	8	1040
W2NLY	27	8	1050
W2AZL	23	8	1050
W2BLV	23	7	1020
W2DWJ	21	6	720
W2OPQ	20	6	970
W2AMJ	20	6	980
K2CEH	20	7	910
W2PAU	20	6	880
W2UTH	19	7	880
W2AZP	19	7	650
K2LXJ	19	6	925
W2CBB	19	6	740
W2KIR	19	6	—
K2IEJ	18	6	745
W2AOC	18	6	660
W2LHI	18	7	620
W2KXG	17	6	675
W2SHT	16	6	650
W2PCQ	16	5	650
W3BGT	23	8	740
W3RUE	23	5	850
W3IBH	23	7	650
W3RKP	23	6	800
W3PPL	21	8	—
W3TDF	21	6	—
W3KCA	21	7	—
W3LZD	20	7	—
W3KWL	19	7	740
W3RKM	19	8	660
W3YHI	19	6	800
W3BNC	18	7	750
W3LNA	16	7	720
W4HHK	29	9	1280
W4HJQ	26	7	750
W4AO	23	7	950
W4DWU	22	6	675
W4JJC	22	6	660
W4UMF	21	6	720
W4MKJ	20	8	725
W4JVP	18	7	830
W4OLK	18	6	720
W4VLA	17	7	825
W4WNH	17	7	750
W4TLV	16	7	1000
W4CGY	15	5	720
W4ZBU	14	5	800
W4WCR	14	5	—
W4TCR	14	5	720
W4IKZ	13	6	720
W4SOP	13	5	680
W4UTV	13	6	1080
W4CPZ	12	5	650
W4UDQ	11	5	850
W4MDA	11	5	680
W4GIS	9	2	335
W5RCI	21	7	925
W5EEH	15	7	830
W5AJG	15	6	1280
W5ABN	12	5	780
W5QNL	10	5	1400
W5CVW	10	5	1180
W5SWV	10	3	600
W5MWW	9	4	570
W5MLL	9	3	700
W5NDE	8	3	520
W5PZ	8	3	500
W5FEK	8	2	580
W5VY	7	3	1200
W6NLZ	6	3	1000
W6WSQ	5	3	1380
W6DNG	5	3	660
W6AJE	5	2	640
W6RRZ	4	2	360
W6EJA	3	3	1300
W6WZL	3	2	1400
W6AJF	3	2	640
W6BAJ	3	2	400
W6AMU	3	2	388
W6ORS	3	2	365
W6LSB	2	2	360
W7VMP	6	4	1280
W7LEL	6	3	1020
W7LEL	4	2	1050
W7JU	4	2	353
W7JIP	3	2	850
W7YGT	3	2	240
W7JJO	2	2	140
W8WXY	28	8	1200
W8RAH	28	8	800
W8SRW	27	7	850
W8SFC	26	7	850
W8LIC	25	8	800
W8LPD	25	8	750
W8DX	25	8	720
W8LOP	24	8	700
W8SIV	22	8	725
W8WV	22	8	740
W8SPT	22	7	810
W8BAX	21	8	685
W8WRN	21	8	670
W8EPC	18	7	800
W8SVC	17	7	970
W8RAW	17	7	630
W8LCY	17	7	630
W9KLR	30	8	950
W9WOK	28	8	800
W9WVJ	26	8	850
W9RKM	26	8	760
W9EQC	25	8	820
W9GAB	24	7	1100
W9EHN	24	7	725
W9BPV	23	7	1000
W9OCH	22	8	750
W9URD	22	7	960
W9AAG	21	7	850
W9KPS	21	7	690
W9MUD	19	7	640
W9REM	19	6	—
W9LE	19	6	—
W9AIU	18	7	800
W9JGA	18	6	720
W9MBI	16	7	660
W9JVI	15	7	560
W9LEE	15	6	780
W9DSP	15	6	760
W9DDG	16	6	700
W0EMS	27	8	1175
W0IHD	26	7	870
W0GUD	25	7	1065
W0UCP	18	6	—
W0BNQ	17	6	1000
W0INI	17	5	830
W0UBQ	14	6	750
W0OAC	14	5	725
W0TJF	13	4	575
W0SMJ	12	5	775
W0ZJB	11	4	650
VE3DIR	26	8	915
VE3AB	25	8	910
VE3BQ	17	7	790
VE3DR	16	7	820
VE3EB	13	6	715
VE2AOK	12	5	550
VE3AQQ	11	7	800
VE1QY	11	4	900
VE7EJ	2	1	365

all day. There will be special attractions for the ladies and the kids, for this is a family affair. Bring your basket lunch and join the fun. The date is July 28; the place is the State Park from which the party gets its name, near Terre Haute, Ind.

The Mt. Airy V.H.F. Club of Philadelphia is holding its annual picnic Aug. 11 (rain date Aug. 18) at the Fort Washington National Park, in Flourtown, Pa. Take Route 309 to Flourtown, where signs will be posted to direct drivers to the picnic site. More details any Monday night at 2000, when their Pack Rats Net holds forth on 144.2 Mc.

Many clubs and other v.h.f. groups are planning special trips for the June V.H.F. Party and the ARRL Field Day, the 8th and 9th and 22nd and 23rd, respectively. One such operation of special v.h.f. interest is planned by W4ZZ. Brownie & Co. will be at a high elevation in the Great Smokies Mountains, on the Tennessee-North Carolina line, about 30 miles NNW of Asheville, N. C., June 20 through 23. They will be on 50.04 and 144.45 Mc., mainly, and will be in a position to work from either state on either band.

A new group with excellent potential for improving relations between amateur radio and the public at large was set up recently in the Dallas area. Known as the 6-Meter Mobile Emergency Corps, it is the brainchild of K5DXJ. K5BQA reports that the Corps grew out of a social group that developed informally on 6 last winter, when activity on the band first began to develop sizable proportions. It wasn't long before they had a chance to show their mettle, in the tornado that struck the west side of Dallas on April 2. Working with other groups on the various bands, the 6-meter gang provided communication between the Dallas Red Cross Headquarters and the disaster area, and made possible constant-communication ferrying of personnel and supplies. The emergency organization is set up in business-like fashion. All mobiles must carry AREC mobile cards to take part in actual emergency operations, and members are asked to monitor 50.25 or 50.55 Mc. when not in communication. Drills are held each Wednesday at 1930, on 50.55 Mc., and participation in these is a requirement of membership.

VE1PQ, Bedford, N. S., writes of an informal gathering on 50 Mc. each night at 2300, in the Halifax area. Regular participants are VE1s WL OM ZR and PQ.

Need Vermont on 6? There are stations in the Brattleboro area ready to supply contacts with the Green Mountain State. In fact, they're actually putting on a campaign to get more fellows to look up their way. W1FMK says that the "6 x 6 Net" is giving a certificate to anyone who works three or more of their members. About 12 stations are now active, with W1s FMK TDG SDG AZV and MH on most regularly. Smitty will be operating on 50 and 220 Mc. from Hogback Mountain during the June V.H.F. Party.

K4DJO, Memphis, Tenn., reports operation of the Tri-State 6-Meter Net, Sunday mornings at 0800 CST. Stations call in from Arkansas, Mississippi and Tennessee. Net frequency is 50.1 Mc., and K4DJO serves as NCS.

220 and Up

Some details of recent aurora work on 220 were reported in the lead portion of this department. Details of the gear used might be of interest. W3LZD has a pair of 4X250Bs at 1 kw. on 220-Mc. c.w. This high-efficiency setup feeds a box array of four 10-element Yagis, with two wavelengths separation each way. He heard 220-Mc. aurora signals April 15-18, four nights in a row. On the 18th he worked W1VNH, for what is probably the first W1-W3 220-Mc. aurora QSO. His converter has a 417A r.f. stage. Both he and W3ARW also worked K2GRI the same evening. K2GRI has a 4X150A at 250 to 300 watts input, and four 6-element arrays in a box formation.

W3ARW's setup is of interest, in that he has 600 watts input to a pair of 4-125As, showing nearly fifty per cent efficiency. He has a fine mountain-top location and a 6AM4 converter.

W1RFU and W1VNH both have 5894 amplifiers, driven by 6360 exciters similar to that described in the *Handbook*. Both use *Handbook*-type converters, with 417A r.f. stages added.

W1VNH's nightly skeds with W3ARW and W3LZD at 2115 and 2215 paid off for the first time on the night of April 23, when improved tropospheric conditions enabled them to have their first QSO other than the aurora contact previously mentioned. That same evening, W1VNH also

worked W1AZK, Chichester, N. H., W1JDF, Methuen, Mass., and heard W1PZA.

W3LZD and K2GRI feel that whenever there is usable aurora on 144 Mc. they can work out on 220. W3LZD had an aurora crossband QSO, 220-144 with W1AZK, at 1800, April 17. Both he and W3ARW worked K2GRI between 1905 and 1920, but when they checked with W8DX between 1950 and 2030 there was no signal on the higher band.

Word from W5GHL, Houston, Texas, indicates that there is 220-Mc. activity coming up there. He and W5s WZF and EWN are getting on 220. 220-Mc. activity is also on the upgrade in the Los Angeles area, according to several reports. W6DNG recently completed converters for 220, 432 and 1215 Mc. W6NLZ says that a good receiving bet for the 1215-Mc. band is the r.f. cavity from the surplus CPR-46ACJ. It works on 1215 Mc. nicely with a 416B, either as an r.f. amplifier, or as a tripler for transmitting.

Up in the Northwest, the big push during the winter season was to get on 432 Mc., according to W7LHL, Seattle. Ernie works crossband with W7JIP, McMinnville, Ore., a distance of 160 miles. W7JIP has a 4X150A tripler driving another as an amplifier, feeding two 15-element long Yagis. Signal variations seem to be of about the same order as on 144 Mc., and the two have never lost contact, with W7LHL listening on 432 and transmitting on 144. W7LHL has 4 15-element Yagis and a converter using 416B and 2C40 r.f. stages and a 6AN4 mixer.

W7OKV, Portland, has a 4X150A on 432 and is working W7LHL two-way, over 145 miles. There is similar fading to that found on the longer circuit to W7JIP. This was the first two-way 432-Mc. work over such a distance on 432 Mc. in that area, and Ernie says that there are still quite a few "d.c. band" men who will tell you that it can't be done!

OES Notes

W1CUT, Granby, Conn. — Enjoying 2-meter mobile with turnstile antenna similar to Dec., 1956, QST, page 13, but on bumper mount.

W1HDQ, Canton, Conn. — Heard aurora signals on mobile 50-Mc. receiver for first time night of April 18. Sigs from up to 300 miles received with surprising strength on halo antenna in downtown traffic. Observed antenna heading peculiarities at home station during aurora of March 29. Worked W9EGH with fair signals on 144 Mc., when very few stations nearer were heard. Checking beam directions with great care it was found that the three most westerly stations being heard, W9EGH, W8BAX and VE3, peaked with 24-foot Yagi straight north. Nearer stations, W4AO and several W2s, were strongest with beam slightly to west of north! This was confirmed several times in checks on various stations, and a similar condition was observed April 26. Has anyone else had this experience?

W1UHE, Tiverton, R. I. — Now using 417A converter on 220 Mc. Series trap at antenna input eliminated interference from local Channel 10 TV station. Antenna on 220 is 4 11-element Yagis, with one-wavelength spacing. Keeping 220-Mc. skeds with W1VNH and W1BXB, Sundays at 0930, W1AZK, Tuesdays at 1915, and W3LZD and W3ARW, Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday at 2100 and 2200. Often hear weak signals from southwest, unreadable on voice. Call many CQs on c.w. but seldom any takers.

K2ITP, Riverton, N. J. — Heard 51.75-Mc. video March 29, with signal peaking from SE. Can this be explained as other than back-scatter from BBC? Adding 6AN4 e.g. amplifier with high-Q input circuit ahead of 6-meter converter improved skirt selectivity. No adverse overloading effects, and much improved rejection of off-band signals. Now using 5-over-5 with $\frac{1}{2}$ wavelength spacing, but with separate feedlines. Either may be used alone, or both together. Top bay averages somewhat better than lower, and combination of two is better than the top, but large differences in these results are observed on various stations.

W2TMI, South Amboy, N. J. — Trying 30-foot long Yagi on 6 in comparison with starved array. Looking for ideas for 1206-Mc. preamp using 416B.

W4HHK, Collierville, Tenn. — Now running beacon on 50.4 Mc. whenever license can be covered. Emission is A2, about 2000 cycles.

W5DXQ, Irving, Texas — Made first 50-Mc. South American contacts with LU3DD, LU9AS and LU8EV, 1253 to 1317 March 28.

W6SOD, Torrance, Cal. — Worked 12 different stations
(Continued on page 166)



CONDUCTED BY ROD NEWKIRK,* W9BRD

Howsoever:

Little Oswald, the neighborly inquisitor in our February foreword, recently caught the ham bug and bagged his own Novice ticket. Immediately after shipping out his first QSL he rushed over to announce discovery of the real answer to his pesky query. "What is an electromagnetic field?" Funny we never realized it before. The truth is obvious, right on your own operating table. Sure — Pegasus! See the cover of any *Call Book*.

Who but Pegasus could possibly cow the dragons of DX — QRM, QRN, QSB and empty space itself? And what but the mighty kick of Pegasus could crack the ionospheric void for those sudden unexpected DX openings on otherwise dead bands? Old Peg you will recall as the winged mount of the Muses. This checks. He doubtless hovers overhead while we muse over missing QSLs, later providing the inspiration for our next series of pleading missives to delinquent EA9s, CR5s and XW8s. His influence shows in other curious coincidences, too, such as that of rainy spells with mediocre propagation conditions. Pegasus never was a mudder.

My radio for Conelrad
I find to be quite vexing.
Its programs interest me so much
I've given up DXing.
----- W6MUR

After browsing through her April *Sky and Telescope* W9HPJ's XYL snowed the OM with sunspot talk deriving from a report on a recent address by Dr. Seth B. Nicholson. That noted authority touched on interesting aspects of sunspot lore accumulated by scientific folk ever since 1801 when Sir William Herschel attempted to correlate Old Sol's fluctuating acene with tomorrow's price of wheat.

Not till around 1840 did one Heinrich Schwabe adduce the cyclic cadence of the sun's varying complexion. Now we speak of 11-year sunspot cycles. And yet over the past half century this cycle length has averaged much nearer 10 years than 11. . . . Contrary to some ham predilection, sunspot cycles are measured from minimum to minimum. . . . The peak 'spot activity of 1947 was the greatest ever recorded, and the five largest groups of sunspots ever logged date since 1945. The year 1926 saw phenomenal sunspot activity but the flurry noted during March and April of '47 was nearly 50 per cent larger (6300 million square miles, some "spots"!). . . . Yes, the pattern of past sunspot-cycle behavior suggests that our present fox peak will surpass

anything previously recorded. . . . If you hear talk of 22-year sunspot cycles don't be perturbed. This would refer mainly to a certain orderly variation in sunspot polarities.

And say, you think DX conditions were awful during the recent low-activity sunspot session of 1953 and '54? Well, if you had been a ham in colonial times you might have flipped off your wig for keeps. From the year 1676 to 1724 only about two dozen sunspots were recorded; and in the nine-year haul 1676-1684 not one single spot was observed on the sun. (No, not through fault of inferior telescopes and observers. Earlier periods of high activity were logged with much more primitive equipment.) If such an unusually barren sunspot period had coincided with preliminary investigations of short waves in the 1920s — well, you take it from there.

What:

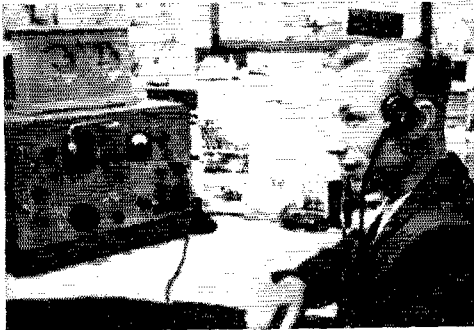
Wow! The mailsack for each June QST invariably establishes the yearly peak for receipt of unsolicited contributions to "How's DX?". Our 1956 June income was a healthy nearly-50 per cent over the June '55 draw. A salubrious sign, we concluded; DX is catching on. Now the paper dust is settling and QST's presses are cooling after their June '57 run. What's the score? Ring up a plus-50 per cent increase in "How's" mail response over June of last year! It's no secret that you gentle readers write these DX pages — nice going! You're using your allotted space in our ARRL organ in the manner it was meant to be used, and to the hilt. Keep it up! Like this, we mean. . . .

20 c.w.'s army of deponents leaves scant doubt that the 14-Mc. band reigns supreme in this summer's DX festivities. From communiqués and dispatches incoming from all W/K call areas and points abroad we note, first at W1APA: HH3DL, KR6SC, W1BPW; CR6DA (14,062) 2200 GMT, EA9BK (40) 21, FM7WR (100) 12, H18BE (38) 4, IS1MM (8) 22, MP4BBA (5) 23, VP2LU (80) 2,



*4822 West Berteau Avenue, Chicago 41, Ill.

UO5CA (10) 21. UR2AK (35) 20, chortles "What a difference from my old c.e. 50-watter; the new v.f.o. 125-watter really pays off!" *W1DBA*: CRs 6FC (40) 21, 7MB (20) 23, CT2BO (10) 0, EA0AD (2) 23, HK3JC (30) 3, LZ1KBL (60) 3, OA1Q (10) 8, SP7s CN IX 21-3, UAs 1KAK 3KUA, UO2AH (65) 21, VP3AD (80) 3, VR3B (35) 3, YOs 6XV SRL, 4X4IT (65) 0, 9S4BW (55) 22, now has new Variant and 105 worked, *W1DFY*: to 82 with CT3AB, ET2RII, LX1FL, PJ2ME, one TABKW, VP5BH, ZG4IP, ZF9AA, 9S4CM, *W1JAN*: now 109/90 via KL2S (30) 22, TP2WBM (40) 16, YU0Z (90) 21, FM7, on 75-watt 807, *W1FKW*: DU7SV (80) 13, KG6IG (30) 17, VP4MM, VS2s DW FN, CR6 VR3, *W2CFH*: KG1FA, TF3KG, HH, *W2DEC*: BV1US, GE9AQ, DUIRTL, FAs 6AF 6AZ, PK8AL, FQ8AF, OH2AA, 0, UA9s KCC KCE, UA0s KCA KJA KKB KSA, UD6s AI DU, UF6AC, UL7BA, UO5AA.

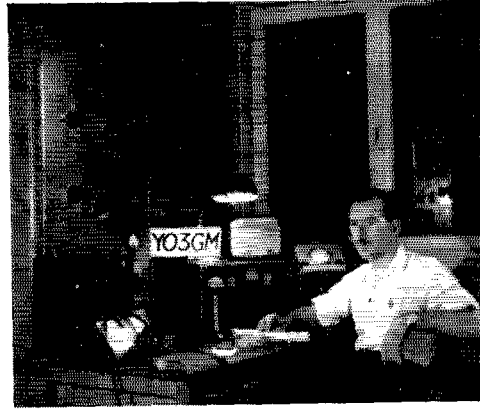


At his receiving position one of the ops of UA0KAD appears to have just nailed his first Utah Seven. UA0KAD runs 200 watts, receives with a 16-tube superhet and radiates with dipoles, mostly 20 c.w. (Photo via *W1ICP* and *W9RBI*)

UP2AS, VR2DA, VU2s JG KL, ZB2A, ZK1AU, ZS3Q, now drives a pair of e.g. RK-65s with his 32V-1, *W2DGH*: FG7XD (50) 22, HHC1 (93) 11, KG4USA (17) 10, KH6CV/KW6 (90) 11, KM6AX (88) 12, KR6QW (35) 12, LU6 1ZS 3ZI 5Z1, PZ1AP (50) 0, YOSMS, 3V8AO (22) 23, L44BX (75) 5, DU HI VR3, *W2HAM*: CE9AS (52) 0, LU2ZS (24) 1, MP4RBE (58) 2-3, SV0s WD of Crete, WP *W3JTC* (testing), TG9AIR (30) 3, VP8CI (29) 0, VR2AS, VS9AG (19) 0, one Y13AA (60) 20-21, now at 243 stalking AC3 AC5 CR10 ZD8, *W2NCT*: CN8FD, DM2AJG HK3AE (32) 1, K4USH (76) 1-2, OY1R (3) 20, SPs 1KAA 9KAS, U18KAA (81) 3, UP0L6 (29) 3, VPs 5R6 5V8 8AO (34) 1, 8BS (84) 1, VO6LQ (74) 21, YV5ES (10) 1, YS1Q (9) 1, ZB2R (52) 12-13, ZE1s JQ (26) 20, JV (25) 1, 487WP (27) 11, 4X4II (24) 0, HA HI VP2 VR3 984, *K2GFQ*: FL8AB, OH1NA/0, ZC5RF (56-74) 12, hears ZC5JM (40) 12, has a 217/201 record, *K2LHB*: CT1CO, YV5HL, 4X4HK, CT2 EA6 SV9 Caymans VP5, *K2MHK*: KV4AA (80) 21-0, XF1A, K2QBF: EAs 6AW (50) 22, 9DF (80) 20, FP8AP (78) 13, KC4UB (51) 3, OX3CP (80) 22, TI2PZ (80) 1, UA3KAN, UB5KB, ZB1BQ (80) 22, ZD3A (50) 21, ZG4BN (78) 22, 3V8AG (50) 22, BV1 FY7 HI, up to No. 67 on c.e. 50-watter and dipole, *K2XG*: FK8AS (70) 10, XZ2SM heard (20) 13, 3V8AA likewise (75) 10 still on FCC-ITU Ban List, *K2UOY*: CX2CO 1, *W3RPG*: H1ERM, EA6 FKS, *W44UL*: UC2CB (9) 7, UO2AB (42) 20-21, YAIAM (5) 1, Rio de Oro EA9, Sint Maarten PJ2, *W4LIP*: heard CX1BO, JA3DY, *W4GLM*: 5A2TY, *W4NBT*: FB8CC, JA0BR, UJ8KAA (47) 13-14, VSs 1HC 6C0, VU2RM, ZD9AC of Tristan, ZL5AA (49) 12, now 100/160, *K4DAS*: CN8XJ, FASRJ, VESPB, VPs 2LH 9VY, KS4 PJ2, *K4DRO*: VK6DJ, antarctic LU, *K4HNA*: VR2AK, VQ6, Caymans, *W5FTP*: KC6JC VR2, *K5AG*: XE1MB, UO2AX, *K5DGI*: CR9AH, EA9AP, FK8AO, GC2FZC, KG6AGS, KR6SE, VR3 3V8 487, Sint Maarten, hits 123/90, *W6CIS*: FG7XE, FO8AAL, HK5CB, ZK1BG, OH9 984, made it 201 postwar, now tries for a QRP "DXCC" with 75 watts and 30-ft. vertical, *W6KG*: jackpot job on CRs 6AI 6CS 7CI, FASTT, HA5AL (30) 4-5, OQ5OY (91) 4, UA4HF, UB5KBU (45) 6, UC2-KAB (70) 6, UR2KA (48) 7-8, arctic USFA (57) 15, VSs IGX (18) 13, 6DN (18) 16, ZBs ICY 21 (110) 8, ZCs IP (95) 4, VP (90) 5-8, ZC5AL (17) 13, one ZD7AH, ZE1JN (10) 5, DU FKS KC4 LH PJ2M SP U18 UO2 VQ6 VS2 487 984, *W7EZA*: HSIWR, OH9 VQ6 Y1, *K6CFE*: Y1, CR7LU LF, EARBT 2, F7YTF 2, PJ2AN 0, SV0WR 17, UO2KAA 4, UR2AO 5, VK9KA 6, VP6GT 1, V56AE 14, YQ3FT 16, BV1 EA6 HI UA0 V82 ZC4, now 136/76, *K6EAY*: JA8AA, antarctic UA1KAE, VS1GL, V56 ZCS, *K6GLC*: SPs 6BY 8CK, TF8AB, UAs 1KAC 1KAG 0KFE, VQ2GW, VK9AU, ZEs 5JA 6JX, 4X4CJ, CR6 CR7 CR9 FKS KC4, *K6HFA*:

DUIs AQ (20) 9, OR (45) 17, JAs 1AB 4CF, KG1s AP (40) 4, AX (105) 1, K6WCM (50) 4, LZ1KNB (50) 6, OA1BP (10) 8, OB6DK (40) 7, UAs 4KYA (95) 6, 0KFG (90) 6, UB5KBR (80) 4, W9NTJ/KG6 (110) 16, FK8 KC6 VK9 V81 V56 for 90/72, *K6KYH*: KR6SS 16, PJ2AY 1, SP6BZ 6-7, UA6KSA 15, UB5UW 7, UL7AB 3, UO2s AK AN 5-6, 5A3TL 7, U18 V81 VS2, *K6LTF*: GEs 3ZO 2, 8BT 3, 9AI9AK 2, LU2ZS, UA0, builds cube quad, *K6SRZ*: GE8AA, DM2ACA, JA1VX, SP on c.e. 65-watter, *W7DJU*: JA1s HP QI, JA0FZ/JAI, UA3KYA, antarctic UA1, VR3, *W7WFF*: to 87 on GD30B, HH2Y, USUBU, CR9 UA1 UR2, *W7YAG*: DU1CQ (90) 15, JA1AUG, KA5AIK (70) 7, K6CAK (50) 7, KR6BE (15) 13, UL7GN (40) 15, VK9, *W8BY*: OK3EE, VP7NL, YU1DP, HH KV4 VP5, *W8MLY*: Sint Maarten, *W8VOP*: 9S4AZ (12) 17, *W8XW*: CR6CK (40) 19, F08s AD (320) who announces longitude and latitude of FO8AP/MM (330) 5-6 aboard *Tahiti-Nui* at 0530 GMT, ZC4CH (40) 4, KC4 TI9 UQ2 UR2, Grahmland VP8, 984, *W9PNE*: up to 147 via VK9 VP2, *K9DJO*: TI2WR, XE1AX, YV4AU, CX KV4 MP4 VP5, *W9PHW*: found new bein and p.p. 701-As good for JAs 1Q1 3TT LU4ZD, UAs 1RF 6K0D 9WA, UB5KMA, VQ4BC, XE1NJ, HI HK KR6 UA0, *K0ARS*: HC1LE, UA1, now passing half-DXCC mark, *KL7BP*: JAs, *K43CY*: SP3DG, UAs 4KYA 9DX 9KHA 9KQ 9VA, UB5DW, ZCs, *VE1PQ*: JA2JW, KH6AIK/KG6 (80) 11, UA0CJ (50) 11, CR6 FKS VP2 VP5 487 4X4.

20 phone levels off for a hot summer run and recent results are noteworthy at *W1APA*: multibandman DU7SV (160) 8, HGs 2BH 5PW, KA2KC (181) 9, KC4s USA (281) 9, USN (270) 10, KG6s AAY FAE, TF2WBM, VEs8s MB WR, VP2DJ, *W1P*: KM6AG (240), DU, *W2DEC*: CRs 4AP 5SP, ET2US, FB8ZZ, FK8AS, KR6SS, M1B, OD5BZ, New Guinea's VK9YT, VR2CC, 4X4HK, TI9 ZD4, *W2HMJ*: advises that VP3AD (112) is available, *K2QQQ*: CR6CX, F9RY/FG (173), CR5 TI9, *K2SYJ*: CN8s HS JA, VPIAB/m, numerous European and Oceanians on flea power for 14-Mc. phone (20 watts), *W4IYC*: the s.s.b. of ZD4BE, *W4USQ*: W4DQA/KS4, *K4DAS*: HH2Y, VPs 1RL 5AK, *W4DRO*: KG6 on 50 watts, *K4HNA*: VU2BK, *W5FTP*: ZD6DT, *K5BVG*: KG4AO, HR4WH, YV5AB, *W6ZEN*: VP5BH of the Caymans, JZ0PC of Biak Isle, N.N.G., *K6DLY*: curious HI0TC, *K6GLC*: BV1US, HS1A, VRs 3F 6AC, VSs IGZ 2DW 2EK 2GL 6DJ, ZS81, ZD6, *W7PHO*: USMH of Red China, ZC5RF, reached lofty 237/208 status, *W8VOP*: CN2AK 22, CN8FV 2, ET3RL (179) 2, TF2WBU 1, VP2 a la Lee-wards, *W9RBI*: SV0WE (195) 2, VK9AJ (140) 14, ZD4CB (92) 7, Pitcairn Island, *W0ZS*: CN2BK, JA1MP, KR6s GT RB, H18BE, OK1MB, PJ2AX, VP4KL, VR6TC,



YO3GM is thoroughly worked on c.w. and phone by the North American crowd. Those BC-221s certainly get around! (Photo via *W9WHM*)

ZS9G, 4X4DR, FKS VP5 ZD4, reports Easter Isle's CE0AC available around (175), made it 109/79 on 14-Mc. phone within a year, *K43CF*: gives the Oriental 20-meter A3 angle with FA9IB, HSIHQ, OA5G, SP5HH, U18KAA, UA0KCA.

15 c.w. is the next stop for your "How's" Bandwagon and first we'll visit with *W1VAN*: SP2CX, many Europeans, UA3DQ/MM claiming proximity to the Canaries, *W1CTW*: ET2RH, FFAJ, ISIAM, ODSLX, YAIAM, VP5 to reach 125 on 21-Mc. c.w., *W1MLG*: EAs 6AF 20, 8BF (70) 1, 9AP (20) 21, H18BE (80) 3, KX6ZB (20) 3, UA9KYB (70) 16, VQACC (100) 22, ZB1HKO (30) 21, ZE5JA (50-100) 21, ZP9AY (80) 12, VP5, now 82 worked with attic ground-plane, *W2CIV*: UA3CT, *W2GJD*:

CR9AH, FK8AL, SV1AB, TA3KW, UP2AS, UR2s AM AR, VE9AJ on Direction Isle, Coeos-Keeling group, VS6-DN, ZC4IF, K2GMF, PJ2ME, XF1A, K2LHB, CN2AQ, SPIKAA, 9S4CH, UP2, K2MWA, HA5BV, OKs 2KBE 3DG, PJ2AJ, VP7NM, YU1FF, SP SV1, K2QBW, GD3FXN (74) 21, one HZ1KC (80) 0, OA4FA (80) 22, PJ2AN (75) 14, UB5CI (75) 14, XE2FL (60) 21, YQ2KAB (72) 15, Z53JJ (65) 19, K2TGD: OK1KTI, YU2IN, UP2 ZC4, W3EVC: good huntin' for CN8AS, FAs 8H 8R 9VN, F08AK, HA5AM, KG1KK, PJ2AV, OQ5GU, OD5LX, SV0WP, Tfs 3KG 5TP, VK9XK, VPs 6UN 9CY, VEs 8AB 9NE, VOs 2GW 6LQ, W1UBW/VE8 on Baffin, WP4AIU, ZF2JS, 4X4s IB IO, FFS, FS7 HI ZB1 ZP9 on Globe Seaf and 3-el. Mosley, W4T8Q: HA5BI, JAs 1ADN 5AF, VS6DN, VQ6, K4DAS: VO3TL, K4DR0: heard VU2RM, K4HNA: SV TF, W5FTP: EA6 EA8 EA9 FKS, VP2LU, K5BXG: XEs 1A 1P1, VK9 of New Guinea, W6KG: CE3s AG Z0, CX2FD, DU7SV (100) 6, KW6CA (20) 5, UA0KKB (30) 0, W8RZS: GR7BS, FP8AP, FY7YE, 4X4BX, CN2 CR9 FKS VK9 ZE, Caymans, W6ZZ: F08AG, JAs 1ACB 3HD, KH6AIK, QG6, LA2B, UA-6KOB, G3FYR/V59 of Aden, CR9 OKQ TF VP, floaks of Euros and additional Oceanians, hit 132nd 15-meter country, now has QSOd over 100 Gs, is 167/158 for all bands, K6LEB: HH2DX, JAs 3GX 4JU, VP9DD, CR9 UA0, Sint Maarten, W7DJU: JAs 1VX 3AF 3BB, CE OH P12 VP2 VP5 VP7, W71AQ: JAs 1AFF 7AU, OA4FO, OE6DK, SP5KAB, UA0KFG, UC2CB (10) 15, VQ6AB (100) 21, VS6CO (18) 3, W6GAGY (110) 16, YU1DF/YU3, 4X4FQ (80) 15 for 89/64, W8CNL: YU4NZ, YV5HL, heard UC2KAB, now at half-DXCC mark, W8CSA: Caymans VP5, W3GKB: VU2RM (20) 18, W8IBX: OH2AA/OH0, CX EA8 EA9 HH HI SP TF, Caymans, makes it 65/39, W3VGR: making comeback on CN8JX, YU4PI (20), CX UP2 VK9, Caymans, heard KC4USV, ZL5AA, is striving for 110 endorsement, K8ANA: GM8EM for first DX, is W8IBX's OM, K8AYL: KL7-WAF, K8BFX: that ZDETET guy, P12 SV TF 4X4, Caymans, W9MAK: YV5BZ, VP2 VP5, W9PNE: CR9 FS7 HI, K0ARS: WL7BWY, WP4AIS, HH VQ3, K0DQI: CTs 1CO 3AB, JA1CO, LU2ZS, OE3AS, OK1XQ, YU3 3AV 3EO, FS7 SP, now 50/27, KL7CAH: VQ4GP (90) 20, KG1, VE1PQ: VU2HF (30) 15, EA6 FA KG1 OH0 VP5 ZC4, KL7BKJ: KA3CY.

15 phone brought Country No. 63 to W1ANU: HH2RM 19, KA2YA 16, KC4USA 3, VPs 5BH 7NB 23, VQ4EO 5, ZEKPR 21, W1PNR: Caymans VP5, W1YNP: T.N.G.'s VK9HO, W2DEC: HZ1AB's s.s.b. KWS-1, K6ANS/KG6, VP2LU, K2MWB: TG9WB, 4X4BG, K2QQQ: CR4AS (247), LX1DC (235), VPs 3HAG (220), 8BT (180), VR2BC (210), ZB2I (220), AS7GE (235), now 96 on phone, 101 all told, K2TCD: EL2D (240) 16, HIs 2DB (240) 18, 7OR (290) 11, OD5AV (180) 11, SV1AE (230) 2, VP4KL, 53/26 in four months, W3DDV: edged on by W4YVP, made comeback after layoff to reach 100 on F08HG, KG1FR, UO2AN, 5A5TM, W3EVC: VPIEE, K4DR0: HK3AB, HP3FL, PJ2AO, enough KZ5s to qualify for KZ5-25 wallpaper, K4HNA: EL5A, H18BE, ZDs 4CH 6RM, 4X4FF, VQ8 VP3, W4USQ: SV0WT, VP5CP, VQ5FS, FQ8 LX1 FQ8 VP1 ZD4 ZD6 5A, W5FTP:

This is it, gang — the first "DXCC 2?" called to our attention (see p. 59, April QST). W6KG turned the trick while signing DL4ZC. To save wear and tear on your QST-spinning Lazy Susan here's the line-up of Lloyd's 100 DXCC-member QSLs from 100 ARRL DXCC Countries: CE3AG, CN8MM, CO2WD, CP5EK, CRs 6BX 7AF, CTs 1JS 3AV, CX6AD, DL7AH, DU7SV, EA8 4CR 8AX 9AP 9DF, E15F, ET2US, F9RM, FA8DA, FE8AB, FE8AG, FQ8AP, FR7ZA, G6ZO, GC2FCZ, G13AN, GM6MD, GW5FN, HA5KBA, HB9CS, HC2KJ, HK3PC, HP1BR, HZ1HZ, HXK, H1BNU, IS1AHK, JA6AO, KGs 4AF 6DI, KH6IJ, KL7PI, KP4KD, KTIUX, KV4AA, KZ5DG, LA6U, LU9CK, MP4KAC, OD5BA, OE1FF, OH2RY, OK1HI, ON4CY, OQ5RA, OX3MG, OY7ML, OZ7BG, PZ0HG, PJ2AA, PK4KS, PY2NX, PZ1AH, SM5WI, SULAS, SV0WT, TA3AA, TF3SF, TI2HP, VE7ZM, VK3JE, VPs 5DC 6CJ 7NM 900, VOs 2GW 3HJP 4EI 5EK 8AD 8CB, Vs 1FK 6CG, VU2MD, W6DZZ, XE1AC, Y2AM, YS10, YU3AB, YV5FL, ZC4IF, ZDs 2DCP 6BX, ZE3JP, Z1LAI, ZSs 2X 3AB, 4S7GE, 4X4RE and 9S4AX, W6KG holds DXCC membership for work as JA2KG, DL4ZC, W4KE, and applied for his California certification after only seven weeks of action. Lloyd writes, "My QSL collection numbers nearly 30,000 QSLs, all arranged alphabetically in file cabinets in such a manner that I can pick out any card without leaving my operating chair." It would seem difficult to dream up a Worked-All-Anything that W6KG can't document! Anybody else out there got DXCC-DXCC?

ZS9G, FS7 HI VP2, K5BXG: CO2USA, W6ZEN: VP4LF, HI, W6ZZ: KA3WG, KG6AGS, KH6s galore, KL7s likewise, KX6s HQ ZB, PJ2AV, VP9CY, ZL1AM, K6ICS: OA5H, W3GKB: KC4USN (410) 0 at the geographic pole, W4DQA/KS4 1, W8NOH: VP7BN 17, ZP5JP 17, K8-BPX: HC2BH, ZD6DT, W9BFX: 103/89, HS1MQ, JZ0BP, ZD1FG, W9RBI: BV1US (220) 15, KC4USV (370 s.s.b.) 4, VK9YT 14, Vs 21B (150) 15-16, 4JT (215) 14-15, ZC4IF (165) 16, W9DDJ: made it 63 on HC2TR, HR3HH, KG1FR, VPs 1SD 6BS 6WR, W0QGI: FB8ZZ (140) for No. 127 on phone, 185 over all, K0DQI: VP9L, K43CY: HS1B, Vs 2DQ 6CO, ZB1HMU to reach 98/71.

15 Novice happenings slacken to summer tempo but KN4JE reached the 80-country mark via CN2AQ, CT3AB, FM7WD, IS1FC, LZ1KDP, UA6KTB, UR2AM, VOs 6AB 8CB, VS6DN, VU2RM, XZ20M, one of those ZA1ABs and OH0's. Can he make it? Here and there, first WIAPU's lad, W1ILPD: OH9RD, OK1KAM, VK7LZ, YU6QL, 9S4CM, uses DX-20, W1N1KVF: CN8-JP, Europeans, KN2UPD: climbed to the 40th plateau, DM2ACM, FAS8J, HA5BW, JA1ADN, OEs 1HV 5SD, OKs 1KDR 3DG, PY7AN, SP5KAB, TF3KG, UA3DQ/MM, UP2AS, VK2QL, W6HCCCL, YUs 2IN 3OV, ZL-1APM, ZSs 2BC 6AJ0, 4X4s CK DR, CN2 CT3 9S4, has 1X-35, S-85, 3-el. spinner, KN2YZI: HC1FS, HP6BG, OK3BE, OZ2N, SPIKAA, TI2EA, VP2AD, WL7BUA, ZL on 50 watts and dipole, KN2VAC: LA4K, SP5GN, YU-3FK, more Euros, K4WJW: CR9AH, KG1KK, KA2JW, SV0WP, UA4FE, VK9XK, VOs 4CC 6AB, VS1DU, YU-3FO, ZEGJX, ZP9AY, 4X4IB, CT3 UP2 9S4 with DX-100, SX-71, rotary dipole, has 56 worked on all continents, KN6ESW: KP4ACF, DL, KN6SAM: DU7SV, JAs 1ACA 1ADN 4JU 8AL, LUSFAV, UA0KTF of Sakhalin, Vks ZLs, employs 1X-35, SX-99, ground-plane, KN9DCF: CR6CS, FK8AL, KG1KK, LA5B, OQ5GU, XF1A, W6JX, ZP9AY, PY VK ZL, 31 countries snagged, KN0GRS: KP4ABA, KN0IKL: nine countries on three continents.

10 phone plays a fleeting game these balmy days and the flock trends toward 15 or 20. Short skip keeps the ball rolling, though, and Pegasus kicks in with a DX opening or two when least expected. Down the list of reports from random points, first W1BKU: CT2AH, EA5AS 9AZ, KX6AE, W6R6A, OE6PP, SV0JF, TF2WBW, VQ3AC, ZC6UNI at the U.N. Govt. House, Jerusalem, ZD1FG, 5A2TB, TI9 VP5, still chases ZDs 3BFC 8SC, hears CT3AI, OY1R, ZDEFNX, finally obtained his FG7XA QSL via CO2BK, K2PNF: CN8HM, CR6BH, CX3AA, YQ3VI, 4X4DR on 1X-100 and dipole, K2QXG: CN2WH (300) 11, K2UOY, VPs 1SD 8AQ, ZS, H4YOB: HC2BH, HH2DB, K6BGC, UBSUW, VP2LU, VP2BC, VO3VA, VPI Vks, now 68 worked on 10 A3, K4DAS: good catch in suits as CN8JX, GB2SM (just England), GC2RS, HC1FC, OQ5AU (400), VO3BS, VP4LF, YMAAT, YS2AG, K4HNA: CR7DS, ZS, Coos Island, W5ERY: EA8BV, JZ0CP, OD5AV, SV0WT, ZD3BFC, 4X4s 4D FV, both St. Martins, heard EA9EH, W5EYH: KA3CY, VK9s HS 1B, VPs 4LT 7BO, ZD61T, ZE2KR, ZP5EC, says "ZLs and Vks have been sounding like locals!" W5ITXP/5: KM6AX, KW6CP, TF3BG, KX6 8V9, K6JIX: FK8AL, UA1KFA, VO3KBC, ZB2I, 5ATE, W6ZEN: VP8BU, KN6HM: BV1US, HA8CF, CR4AS, PJ2CF, ZK1BS, W8NOH: CX1AK, HA8RM, VP5DS of Turks, 5A3TL (400) 12-13, K8FA: CN8EU, CXs in number, HA3AB, HR3GH, KG1FA, LASJ, OE5CK, OQ5RU, OK1MB, TI2OE, ZD4BK, VP2 VP5 YN ZL 28, W9BEK: CR7BB, JZ0BP, 4X4CW, VR2, W9ZDN: Caymans, VP5, W9YVF: CN8FM, GD31S, HH3JT, OEs 2WR 5HE, VPs, W0QGI: FY7YE, K0BIB (at mike of W1AF: CT1PE, EL1C, GDs 2FRV 3IXN, KA2KS, OQ5AC, OH1RU, UC2KAB, VP1OLY, YV5AB, 5A2TF, KM6AX: KL7BPK, K43CY: CR9AK, DU7SV, VS 2CR 4JT.

10 c.w. still attracts VE1PQ: IS1MM (70) 14, OQ5GU (60) 14, UB5KAB (40) 14, VQ2GW (90) 18, ZE3JP (10) 18, 3V8FA (15) 18, W2C7VW: ZC4IF, K2GMF: UC2KAB, ZE3JO (80), W3HGP: CT3AB, EA8 6AF 8BF,



JAI1X, KW6CA, TA3KW, UB5CI, VK9XK, YO3s GY RF, ZP5s AY EC, 4X4IB on Viking II and homespun 3-el. beam. *W8UDO*: XF1A, W4USQ, KL7FAR, K4AVU; 4X4BX, K4DAS, L1Z1KAC, SV1AB (50), ZD3A (100), ZP9AY (50), 9S4CM (200), 4X4, K4HNA; PA8RJ, ZC4JU, 4X4FR, UC2 ZE, *W5TTP*: FK8AL, PJ2ME, VP2LU, YS1AA, EA6, K5BAG; VP2 VP5, K5DZF; LZ1WD, OQ5GU, OX3LD, T12EA, UA3AA, W6KG; CR6CI (65) 18, OA4BR (57) 18, OE3ED (68) 15, OKs 1MB 3DG, VQ2GW (62) 14, YV5BJ (60) 23, ZE5JA (65) 14, FK8 KG1 KW6 PJ2 UC2 VP2 YO YS, K6BHM; CR6AL, HA6BI, UC2AA, Jamaican VP5CF, VQ4KPB, FK8 SV VP2, *W7DJU*: Euros, VK3YS, W3CSK, EI9J, Europeans in number, VP7NM, Caymans VP5, W8IBX; EA6, many other Euros, K8BPX; HH3DL, JA3AB, PJ2s AJ AN AV, LZ1KDP, VK2s FU GW, FA6 KW6, Sint Maarten, W8NOH; K6ABM/KG6 (90) 18, FK8AL (28) 11, W9NDN; GN8DJ (77) 16, GR9AH (113) 23, CT1CO (184) 17, DU6IV (96) 1, DM2AEG (80) 17, JA5 IACA 3BB 8AQ all 0-1, OA4BP (132) 13, OK1s AEH VB, YU1FC (60) 13, EA6 FK8 SV VK9 ZE 9S4 for a sharp rise to 82/40, *W9YYP*: SP6CB, YO3ZA, YU3EU, 9S4AX.

40 c.w. DX in the summer is mined deep-shaft fashion in contrast to winter's handy open-pit operations. Or one can pan a bit here and there along the stream. Anyway, we find at *W1ALZ*: UBs KBA UB, *W1BPW*: persistent sad case "T19AA", *W2JBL*: EA4ED, XF1A during 2 A.M. bottlings and burblings of new jr. op., assures that 40-meter specialist XE1KD QSLs 100 per cent. *K2GMF*: VP7NM, just-in-time, *H7Trieste*, *K2LHB*: old 7-Mc. stalwart G5JL, *K2QBH*: UC2KAD (88) 21, YU2ACD (40) 1, *W3JFZ*: novel Nic Lee, *WP4ATT*, *W3WPG*: GT2BO, HRIJZ, LZ2KML, OY7ML, SP5KAB, UBs KBB KBR, UC2KAB UR2AK, VP3YC, ZS, all 1-5, *W4EJP*: YU3FOP (30) answered Gerald's "CO DEL", *K4DAS*: EA1CP, YU2GAB, HB, *K4JIG*: HK4BG, W6KG; FK8AL (16) 13, JA1BU (6) 14, OA4FT (25), VP6AF (30) 11, PYs VP7 VK, K6EAY; JA, BAE IOE 2OF 3XY 7GW, *K6HFA*: JA3BN (15) 15, UA0JE (1) 15, *K6LVT*: CE3AG S, HH3DL 7, JA6 6FB 9GD, PJ2AJ, ZL, *K6SRZ*: JA5 1EF 2AQ 2FN 3ZP 3ZU, *W7DJU*: JA5 1AEO 1AZX 2BP, K4USH, VKs ZL, W3CNL; HH2s JB LR, W8IBX; VP2LU, HH, W0HYI; LU PY KH6, EA4BU, *VE1PQ*: CT3AB, EA6 6AF 9AP (30-40) 1-2, LZ1UR (40) 2, VP5BH, CT2 UB5, *K43CY*: local JA5 2MR 30W 2UW 3GC 3VD 9PO 9ZA.

Novice-wise on 40 WN1LXC captured VP5BH and WH6CEA, while KN6GRX nabbed a KP4. Phone-wise WIAPA scored with 7-Mc. voices FP8AP, JA7GW (97) 11, OK1MB, VP5 3HAG and ZBN.

80 c.w. keeps alive with echoes of the '57 ARRL DX Test in this month's mailbox but the immediate future is obscured in QRN. At any rate, we note at *W1BPW*: VK3NR (3) 11, *W2DGIW*: KZ5KK (20) 4, PJ2ME (2) 1, ZL1CI (18) 11, *W3HGP*: PA0RE, XF1A, Caymans, *W4EJP*: clicked with OK1KKJ (20) 4 and other Europeans, *K4DAS*: roving salt SM8CZH, *K4ELG*: KG1BC (30) 4, Gs, *W6CIS*: CE3AG, W6KG; JA3BB (12) 11-12, *K6PJT*: KL7s AIZ FM WAF, *K6SRZ*: YL WL7BXW, also 75-meter phoned with VL7BZM, *VE1PQ*: EA1AB, EI9J, OK1KTI, PJ2AV, KP6GT.

160 c.w. was the scene of a late-season coup by W1BB. Stew two-wayed with TQ9AD and ZB1HKO in late February for a pair of notable 1.8-Mc. firsts. W1BB now is vacationing in Europe, possibly visiting with ops at the far ends of the many transatlantic QSOs he scored during the 1956-'57 160-meter season. W9PNE and KH6JL have QSO'd on seven bands 1.8 through 28 Mc. and have 50-Mc. schedules afoot.

And so endeth our activity report for the greatest amateur radio DX season in history. You can tell your Novice grandchildren about this one! Yes, in early 1957 more DX stations were worked by more W/K/VE/VO stations than in any comparable period heretofore. And we're optimistic enough to be sure that we've only scratched the surface. *Ain't those beams!*

Where:

Asia — Regarding AC3SQ confirmations W9KOK, long

a confidant of lonesome AC brethren, advises: "Received Saja's log for 1956 and as soon as possible will QSL everyone who QSL AC3SQ and who hasn't yet received his card." If possible, you'll help the BV1US gang keep QSL matters on even keel by using the most expeditious of two addresses when shipping your cards. The station operates from two separate locations under its one call: Taipei, North Taiwan (Army Section, MAAQ, Taiwan, APO 63, San Francisco); and Kaohsiung (Feng Shan), South Taiwan (Army Section, SFAAT, MAAQ, Taiwan, APO 63, San Francisco). The trick, of course, is to determine which outfit you're QSO'ing. Evidently the signing of differentiated calls would spoil the fun. From 487GE, now heading back home: "I have tried to QSL 100 per cent, getting rid of about 3000 cards in the process via bureaus or direct. So anyone who hasn't received his card from GE will just have to hold his horses and one will turn up. Regarding the percentage of QSLs in return, I am safe in saying that the W/K boys win hands down. Gs come next at a very close second. W4GIM's card to Y2COT bounced back stamped "unlicensed station."

Ops Abe and Zeke of KA2MA apologize for tardy QSLs. With new stock on hand their backlog is fast disappearing. "C3MH is in southeast China and cannot QSL until the end of this year. He runs 10 watts to an 807 and dipole, modulating with a 6L6." This hint courtesy W7PHO. Via W1VG, VS9AG invites QSL inquiries concerning his previous activity as ST2NG and ET2NG. Pete also is informed by ET2RH that ET2US is a 100-per-center. Whoops, we're getting into

Africa — NNRC confirms the passing of CR5AA. CR5AC, Armando's brother-in-law, is tackling outstanding CR5AA QSL matters. SU1IC writes to report considerable spurious "SU" activity in progress, resulting in Charny's receipt of numerous undeliverable QSLs. SU1s AS (phone) and IM assist SU1IC in supplying bona fide Egyptian contacts.

Oceania — ZL1s AA AB and AC will QSL through NZART in 1958, according to W7FBD and others. "W9NTJ/KG6 has QSL'd 100 per cent since last October but some of the cards have gone astray. Anyone who hasn't received my QSL in about six weeks after QSO please send a post card and I'll QSL again via air; but check the bureaus first." From ex-KP4DA, an old favorite among Yank DX'ers: "I now have settled in the Netherlands as PA0FM and managed to save all my PK4DA logs for 1948 through '51. So I can still satisfy hungry brethren despoying elusive PK4 cards." And the ham outlook for Indonesia is as dismal as ever.

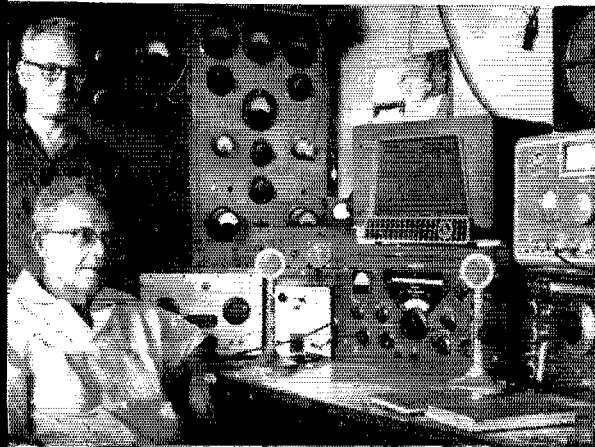
Europe — Our Ireland gang continues to savor ham radio far from home. TF2WBQ lists current activity by TF2s WBG (W3ESD), WBM (W5JBB), WBK (K2GYD), WBL (WIUDD), WBN (K2HFV), WBN (W1YAD), WBO (W3DKF), WBO (W5GDL), WBR (W9FD), WBS (K2GTP), WBT (K2YDQ), WBU (W2FGD) and WOK (W8OK). TF2s WBG WBO WBN WBR and WBU are civvies, TF2s WBG WBO and WBT are Navy men, and the remainder are USAF constituents. All TF2-bound QSLs can go via APO 81, New York, N. Y. DL4 suffixes still suffer the old shell-game treatment. W3AZZ operated as DL4PR until June of last year, and in September another lad inherited the label. W3AZZ naturally is bombarded by misdirected QSLs; the current DL4PR's address follows. A plea to all licensing authorities: no re-issuing of call suffixes until three years have passed. And what's the matter with three-letter suffixes? Assigning DL4 three-letter calls, for instance, right on down the alphabet would assure absence of QSL-address ambiguity and mistaken identity for years to come. W9CFT's files reveal a YO2 QSL bureau at P.O. Box 100, Timisoara, Roumania; also a DM QSL bureau at P.O. Box 666, Halle, Saale, East Germany. So far as we know DARC of West Germany still welcomes DM-destined pasteboards for relay across the border.

Hereabouts — The mystery of KL7PI's pirated call is solved and the plot wasn't so sinister after all. KL7PIV clears it up: "It seems that during recent DX contests quite a few W/Ks left the 'V' off my call and sent the cards to Joe. I haven't yet figured out what people think that 'V' stands for if it isn't part of my call!" This episode adds more evidence to the pile of proof dictating the necessity of careful primary certification. Ed has good reason to sign KL7PIV; he's ex-W1PIV. From KH0I: "I will be handling all QSLs for VP5DS on Turks, and all previous QTHs should be disregarded. QSLs will be sent via bureaus, or sent direct only if self-addressed



HH2Y was visited by W2GKP (standing) during the latter's recent Caribbean tour. Armand's Port-au-Prince radiotelephone is widely worked on DX bands and, because so few HIIs try c.w., the quickest route to a Haitian QSL continues to be vocal.

QST for



Polish amateurs recently played gracious host to visiting GC1R conferes in Warsaw. Among this gay group you may recognize ex-SP1CM, SP2BE, SP5s AA AH AL AM AR BL BP CF EL FD FM, SP6BW, SP9s DH KJ, DM2AEO, OK1GM, W4CXA and W0JJN. (Photo via W1NS and W1HDQ)

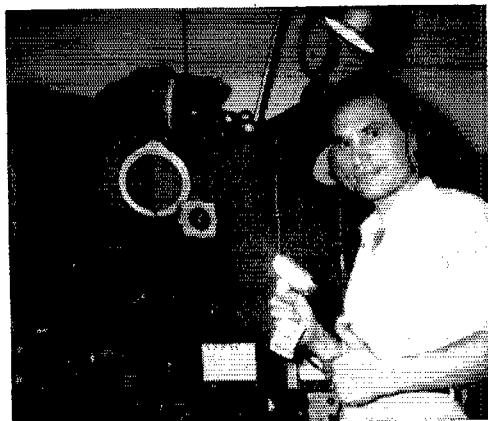
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stamped envelopes are received. VP5DS promises QSLs card for card." Another mess apparently caused by fast call-suffix reassignment, this documented by W2WHB (ex-KG1AX): "Would appreciate it if you would include a note that QSLs for KG1AX QSOs in 1957 are not mine. They should be sent to the KG1 bureau. The call appears to have been reassigned to somebody named Bob." What a system! From H18BE: "The first evening after my license came through one 15-second CQ brought enough replies to fill five log-book pages. I finally had to quit at three A.M. with just as many callers on the frequency then as there had been several hours earlier. I appreciate self-addressed envelopes and postal reply coupons — keep them coming — but don't send stamped envelopes. I must use Dominican Republic stamps, of course. I'll be here for about three years, so have patience, all!" G5RV, based at Caracas for the past two years, has a job which involves extensive travel in Latin America and the Caribbean. He operates from time to time under various VP calls using his RV suffix, and also as G5RV/PJ2. Louis QSLs 100-per and will receive mail addressed to him at Apartado 3443, Caracas, Venezuela. WGDXC's DX Bulletin reports that W4DQA/KS4's stock of 200 QSLs disappeared in no time. Smitty is to remain on Swan through next month, prefers 20-meter A1 and A3 work at 0200-0400 GMT, and requests stamped self-addressed envelopes be sent with cards to his home address. W1s APA BIH CTW MAN RDV UED VG WPR YNP ZDP, W2s DEC DGW HMJ JBL PTD, K2s GFQ QQQ TCD, W3s AXT AZZ MVQ RFG, W4s IYC USQ, K4s HNA LPW, W5FTF, K5s BXG IZF, W6KG, K6GLC, W7s FBD PHO YAQ, W8s CSK NGO NOH QXW TIZ YGR, W9s BEK CFT RBL, W0QGI, KL7CAW, ISWL, JDXRC, MARTS, NCDXC, NNRC,



- DL4PR, V. Bridport, RAF, 6911 RGM, APO 175, New York, N. Y. (or via G3KVV)
 DM3KBH, Box 866, Halle, Saale, East Germany
 FB8BD, J. Maillier-Gaste, R. P. 1310, Anakely, Tananarive, Madagascar
 FF8AJ (via W2AYJ)
 G3FYR/VS9 (via R5GB)
 G5RV/PJ2 (see preceding text)
 GB2SM (via W3JUL)
 GD3GMH, G. M. Holt, Gay Heart Cafe, Queen's Promenade, Douglas, I.O.M.
 GM3GZA (to G3GZA)
 ex-HA5BM, A. B. Bodonyi, 530 45th Street, Union City, N. J.
 ex-HA8S-HA8Z, P. Somssich, 1107 Apt. Valley View S. 15th Elm St., Allentown, Penna.
 HC5PW (via HC1ES)
 HH3TJ, T. Johnson, La Plantation Dauphin, Cap-Haitien, Haiti
 HH7FH, Box 506, Port-au-Prince, Haiti
 HS1WR, Artillery Center, Lopburi, Thailand
 I1PDN, Dr. E. Cerulli, Box 75, Modena, Italy
 I1ZCN, G. Gentile, Box 511, Firenze, Italy
 JZ0PB, c/o Naval P. O., Biak, Netherlands New Guinea
 K6AXS/KG6, Maj. C. K. Hicks, 3912th Air Base Sqdn., APO 349, New York, N. Y.
 K9BPY/KP4 (to K9BPPY)
 K6JC (via K6GRK)
 KG1CA (via W3ZHL)
 KG1AX, MARS Dir., Hq. NEAC, APO 862, New York, N. Y.
 KG1FA, APO 858, New York, N. Y.
 KG1KK (to W3NNK)
 KH6AIK/KG6, Box 150, Navy 926, FPO, San Francisco, Calif.
 KH6CV/KW6, c/o Weather Stn., Wake Island
 KZ5GM, Box 33, Curundu, Panama Canal Zone
 MF4BBA, B. E. C. Page, Box 29, Muharraq, B. I., Persian Gulf
 OA4FU, A. Hiertzler, Casilla 1837, Lima, Peru
 OD5BZ, P. O. Box 2806, Beirut, Lebanon
 OH2OJ/OH0 (to OH2OJ)
 OQ5BX, R. F. Roels, Box 1501, Elizabethville, Belgian Congo
 ex-PK4DA (to PA0FM)
 PY2BAY, W. H. Elias, Rua Simao Alvares 313, Sao Paulo, Brazil
 PY8HJ, P.O. Box 174, Manaus, Amazonas, Brazil
 PY9AD, J. Jakob, P.O. Box 2, Cuiaba, Matto Grosso, Brazil
 SP1KAA, G. Listkowski, Montwilla 5/5, Szczecin, Poland
 SP5HS (ex-SP5EG), C. Stomczynski, P.O. Box 92, Warsaw 32, Poland
 SP6XA, T. Matusiak, Szenwalda 7/3, Wroclaw 9, Poland
 TF2WBU, M. T. Fricklas, APO 81, New York, N. Y.
 TG9AL, G. R. Caceres, Box 676, Guatemala City, Guatemala
 TI9CR (via RCCR)
 UA9AA, G. M. Selewko, Radio Club, Chelyabinsk, U. S. S. R.
 UA9DX, Box 9, Tulia, U. S. S. R.
 UA6OM, M. Thionov, Gorodok, Buryat-Mongol S. S. R.
 UO5AA, c/o UG2AA, Box 41, Minsk, W. R. S. S. R.
 USFA, U. S. S. R. Antarctic Expedition, c/o Box N-88, Moscow, U. S. S. R.
 VP4MM, J. M. MacDonald, 13 Gordon Street, Curepe, Trinidad
 VP5DS, c/o W. Rashok, K4HOI, RFD 2, Box 992, Merritt Island, Fla.
 VP5TS, c/o Hugh Green, 42 Patrick Lane, Rockledge, Fla.
 VP7BN (to W6HNX)
 VP8BW, c/o 50 Lingard St., Leigh, Lancashire, England
 VP9CY, S/Sgt. V. L. Gray, Box 172, 59th WRS, APO 856, New York, N. Y.
 ex-VQ4AC (to VQ3AC)
 VQ4AV, Box 460, Kisumu, Kenya
 VQ4GO, Box 3695, Nairobi, Kenya
 VQ8AP (via VQ8AP)

(Continued on page 99)



XW8AC, among the more DXotic Asian catches, now finishes up his second year in Laos. He writes, "The life here is hard. Vientiane is a little town without comforts and accommodations, and the weather is no good also (hot)!" You'll make out Lucien's receiver and transmitter as venerable war-surplus items, a BC-348 and ART-13. (Photo via W7PHO)

OVARA, SCDXC, WGDXC and others join to suggest these individual QSL routings:

- AC3SO (via W9KOK; see preceding text)
 BV1US (see preceding text)
 C3MH (via W6YY)
 CM8EM, O. Caballero P., Loynaz nr. 52, Manzanillo, Ote., Cuba
 CN8FO (to W4UFQ)
 GR5AA (to CR5AC; see preceding text)

YL News and Views

BY ELEANOR WILSON*, W1QON

Coming

THE Ninth Annual ARRL National Convention and the Second International YLRL Convention, Labor Day week-end, August 30 and 31 and Sept. 1, at the Palmer House in Chicago, Illinois.

This double-barrelled affair marks the first time the Young Ladies Radio League will hold its convention in conjunction with an ARRL national convention. A record turnout of YLs (bringing their OMs with them, of course) is expected. Spaghetti supper, luncheon, banquet, YL speakers, city excursions — these are but a few of the items on the exciting agenda. And in case Grandma can't take care of the youngsters that week-end, don't fret. The Palmer House will provide a complete nursery service under the supervision of Registered Nurses for all the wee babies, and a playroom with toys and games for children up to ten years of age, with competent nursery teachers in attendance, all at no charge!

As convention time draws nearer, W9LOY will reveal more details of the three-day program. Make your reservations with Cris Bowlin, 6563 Tahoma Avenue, Chicago 30, Illinois NOW.

All Set?

As if you didn't know it, Field Day weekend is coming up fast. We're sure you're just about ready for the grand event, the likes of which there is nothing! The dates, of course, are June 22 and 23. We'll be eagerly waiting to hear how you make out, and say, how about some interesting YL "out-door-type" pictures this year?

Keeping Up With the Girls

New officers of the SPARCYLS of Florida are Pres. W4BAV; Vice Pres. W4WPD; and Secy. W4TDD. . . . DJ2YL, Susi, ZP5JP, Lota, and 4SYL, Soma, in Ceylon, are all very active on 21 mcs. . . . W1YYR has submitted 102 QSLs for DXCC — Mary has 5 young jr. ops. to keep things interesting at home too. . . . W1HAG would like to be included in our list of active YLs in Maine. In eight months Sandy made 880 contacts "not counting repeats" on c.w., from 10 to 80 meters. . . . W9GME, Grace, has

*YL Editor, QST. Please send all news notes to W1QON's home address: 318 Fisher St., Walpole, Mass.

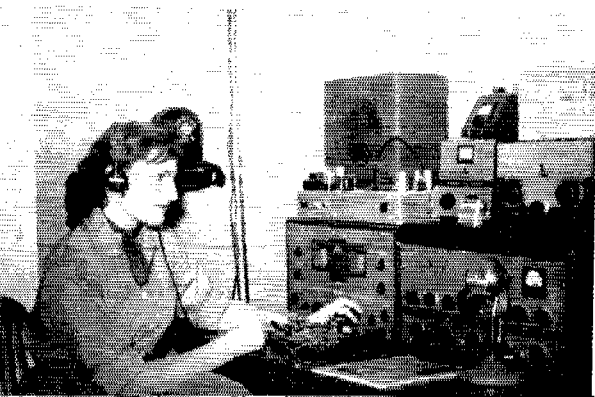
been appointed Assistant Section Communications Manager for the Central Division. . . . OM K4ANI reports that his XYL Lucy, K4ALM, has received her commercial radio telephone 3rd class license and is well on her way to her radio telephone second class ticket. . . . New members of the Texas YL Round-Up Net are K0BFFH, W0YTB, W3YTM/5, K5EGB, W5s FFH, KRJ, LZU, and SPV. . . . YLs, accompanied by their respective spouses, who attended a YL-OM dinner-dance sponsored by the Women Radio Operators of New England on March 30, at Lynnfield Mass., were W1s CAX, FOF, QON, SVN, TRE, UKR, VPF, YYH, and YYR. . . . W9SEZ, Eleanor, and her OM are awaiting new calls at their new 55 acre antenna farm, near West Monroe, N. Y. . . . We regret to report the passing of Theodate Goodfriend, W1UZY, of Riverton, Connecticut. Though she was almost eighty years old, Theo enjoyed regular c.w. contacts.



W1SCS didn't exactly climb to the top of her 70-foot tower (you figure out the pose) but Ruth certainly did come out on top in the phone section of the 1957 YL-OM contest. Her score of 15,225 points is the highest ever reported in a YL-OM contest, phone or c.w. Ruth says that if she had a jet, she'd fly 'round the world to personally thank each of the kind gentlemen who co-operated so generously with her in the contest — all 603 of them in 75 sections. Last year Ruth also won top phone honors in the same contest, and in 1954 and '55 she placed second in the phone section. The benign chief operator at the Ferguson QTH in Wayland, Massachusetts, who doesn't mind sharing his wife with hundreds of OMs, YL-OM contest week ends only, is W1HIM. Ruth ran up her high score with the help of a 75A2 receiver and a home-built kilowatt transmitter using a pair of 4-250As in the final.

Participating in a YL-OM contest for the first time, Carol Wageman, W0HQH, of Lincoln, Nebraska, received a certificate for the top YL C.W. score in the tenth district. She used her OM's call, K0BYV, for 206 contacts on 40 and 20. Carol lamented that her pestiest QRM was generated by her small jr. op. who wasn't used to mother attached to the rig all weekend.

QST for



Dena Morgan, W5DRI, of Brookhaven, Mississippi, took second place honors in the YL-OM Phone contest. Dena and her OM W5DQK, both licensed since 1954, take turns operating on several bands with their B & W 5100 and 75A3 and baby-sitting with their harmonics, ages 10, 7, and 5.



Results: Eighth Annual YL-OM Contest

Three hundred and seventy-five YLs and some eleven hundred OMs participated in the 1957 YL-OM Contest, according to the logs received by current contest captain and chief log-checker for the Young Ladies Radio League, Vice President Mildred Wright, W3YTM/5. Fifty-four YL c.w. logs and 73 YL phone logs were turned in, along with 99 OM c.w. and 91 OM phone logs. All states, all VE districts, and 64 countries were represented. New scoring records were made in both the phone and c.w. categories.

Summarized W3YTM: "Fifteen meters loomed as the most popular phone band, with 10 meters not far behind. Not bothered as much by QRM, the key-thumpers made 20 meters their favorite hunting ground for section multipliers, with 40, 15, and 10 following in order. Seventy-five and 80 meters did not seem as good as in past years, but old hands scoured these bands at intervals and came up with a few worthwhile markers. Some of the top scorers stayed right at the key and mike with no thought of taking time out for



rest and sleep. We all say well done! Those who did not make high scores had their reward in making new friends, renewing old acquaintances and just generally having a good time."

Hear what some of the participants had to say about the affair:

OMs W7QLH — "Lots of fun, although I almost wore out my new call book trying to tell the YLs from the OMs in the pile-ups. Congratulations to all the fine YL operators!"

W6DAC — "I received a QSL from all but one YL in last year's contest. Hope this year will be as good."

K2DEM — "How about running two contests a year?"

W2NIY — "The YU on 3.5 mc. (YU2ACD-Melita) was a real surprise."

PA0VO — "This year I worked 36 hours on 5 bands. Got only four sweet ladies!"

W8QHW — "This is one of the best contests I have ever entered. Only two criticisms: 1. Not enough YLs in the c.w. portion. 2. Exchange should include name of operator."

YLs W1YYR — "Sure was a pleasure working alongside such efficient YL operators. Congratulations on your FB technique, gals!"

W1SCS — "Wonderful this year with so much competition. Couldn't begin to thank all the wonderful OMs for their help and cooperation."

W6QGK — "How about a shorter contest period — say 24 hours?"

KL7BJD — "One suggestion — a larger multiplier for power under 100 watts."

KZ5VR — "Do think the three log awards rule is a bit unfair." ("The highest scoring contestant in each district, where three or more logs are submitted, will receive a certificate.")

Almost all of the first, second, and third place winners, both YL and OM, have been top scorers in previous YL-OM contests.

Certificates have been awarded to the highest scoring contestant in each district, where three or more logs were submitted.

And now the winners. Congratulations to all.

YL

		Award
First Place C.W.....	K5ADQ	19,630 * Cup
Second Place C.W.....	W4HLF	18,343 Cup
Third Place C.W.....	W1RLQ	16,575 Certificate



This is the first place C.W. winner of the 1957 YL-OM contest rappelling off a mountain cliff near her Los Alamos QTH. Nikki Boyd, K5ADQ, is as adept with a climber's rope as she is ambidextrous in contests — she uses a straight key with her left hand and an electronic key with her right. Licensed in March 1955, Nikki suspects that she falls into the "very active" category, operating primarily on 10 and 20 c.w. She has WAS, YLCC, and has worked 119 countries. The mother of two young sons, Nikki's physicist OM is W5QVZ.



Twenty-six members of the Wednesday morning YLRL net (3900 kcs., 0930 EST, W8ATB NCS) met in person at the YL Convention at Grand Rapids, Michigan on March 9th. W8FJU, Dot, and W8RIR, Beth, were co-chairmen of the affair. Shown in the photo are; left to right: top row: W8s REI, WQE, LIV, FJU, FPT, ONI, QOO, SJF; middle row: W8s KLZ, UAP, SNB, OPT, OQY, VRIL, WDW, EIR; bottom row: W9YWH, W8ATB, KN8DJH, KN8BNP, W9NWI, W0ZTH, W8RIR.

First Place Phone.....	W1SCS	45,225	Cup
Second Place Phone.....	W5DRI	42,083	Cup
Third Place Phone.....	K5BNQ	39,675	Certificate

OM

First Place C.W.....	K2DSW	1,755	Cup
Second Place C.W.....	W3ARK	1,025	Cup
Third Place C.W.....	K2KDW	1,586	Certificate

First Place Phone.....	W8AJW	4,209	Cup
Second Place Phone.....	W7SEK	3,480	Cup
Third Place Phone.....	W1YWU	3,188	Certificate

*Fractions have been converted to the nearest whole number.

SCORES

YL C.W.

Call	No. of Contacts	Sections Worked	Score
W1RLQ.....	260	51	16,575*
W1VXC.....	153	32	6,210*
W1YNI.....	25	17	531*
W2EBW.....	135	29	3,915
K2JYZ.....	50	24	1,500*
K2JXD.....	47	14	823*
K2DKL.....	36	14	505*
W3URU.....	125	30	4,088*
W3TSC.....	146	31	4,526
W3CDD.....	42	22	2,530*
W3SLS.....	60	27	2,430
W4HLE.....	253	58	18,343*
W4BLE.....	247	36	8,892
W3UTR/4.....	35	8	788*
W4KYI.....	7	6	53*
K5ADQ.....	302	52	19,630*
W5RGD.....	216	49	13,230*
W5KEC.....	211	41	10,814*
W3YTM/5.....	175	39	8,531*
K6OWQ.....	151	38	7,173*
K6BUS.....	156	38	5,928
W6PCA.....	109	29	3,951*
K6ENK.....	89	27	2,403
KN6RQB.....	60	7	525*
W6EHA.....	23	9	259*
W6WSV.....	16	8	160*
W7COX.....	192	41	9,840*
W7PUV.....	96	27	3,240*
W7PTX.....	38	18	855*
W7DIF.....	12	7	105*
W7FDE.....	5	5	31*
W8SJF.....	271	39	13,211*
W8UAP.....	188	34	7,990*
W8OGY.....	109	27	3,683*
W8SNB.....	102	23	2,933*
W8KLZ.....	79	24	2,370*
W8OTK.....	37	15	694*

W9WZL.....	258	36	11,610*
W9STR.....	98	20	1,960
W9XZX.....	58	21	1,523*
W9USR.....	45	20	1,125*
W9MYC.....	45	18	1,013*
K0BYY/W0HQH.....	206	43	11,073*
W0IRJ.....	36	24	1,080*
CR7LU.....	20	11	220
KL7ALZ.....	62	28	2,170*
KP4VZ.....	156	36	6,975*
VE3AJR.....	306	38	14,535*
VE3DMX.....	79	31	2,449
VE3DDA.....	8	5	50*
VE5DZ.....	71	27	1,917
VE8EJ.....	65	31	2,015

YL PHONE

Call	No. of Contacts	Sections Worked	Score
W1SCS.....	603	75	45,225
W1RLQ.....	373	51	23,779*
W1YNI.....	318	50	15,900
W1C6W.....	172	37	7,955*
W1ZEN.....	125	27	4,319*
W1YPT/1.....	91	23	2,616*
K1ADY.....	35	15	656*
W1VXC.....	26	10	325*
K2JYZ.....	135	44	7,425*
K2LTN.....	102	24	3,060*
K2GVM.....	52	21	1,465*
W3URU.....	376	61	28,670*
W3CZT.....	342	54	23,085*
W3VNN.....	304	55	20,900*
W3MDI.....	290	42	12,180
W3ZUF.....	106	28	2,968
W3WML.....	22	11	303*
W4KYI.....	260	64	20,800*
W4RQI.....	213	34	9,053*
K4ETB.....	118	35	5,163*
K4KKR.....	121	30	4,538*
W5DRI.....	543	62	42,083*
K5BNQ.....	529	60	39,675*
W5SPV.....	401	48	24,060*
W5HWX.....	350	45	19,688*
W5KEC.....	327	47	19,211*
W5EGD.....	323	43	17,361*
W3YTM/5.....	272	42	13,880*
W5HWK.....	308	38	11,704
W5ICY.....	187	34	6,858
W5WXT.....	166	25	5,188*
K5CCJ.....	143	33	4,719
W6QGX.....	639	55	35,145
W6JZA.....	459	48	27,540*
K6EXQ.....	360	46	16,560
K6VFE.....	102	28	3,570*
W6EHA/M.....	74	26	2,405*
K6KUP.....	72	23	2,070*
K6OQD.....	64	16	1,280*
W7DRU.....	246	34	10,455*
W7FDE.....	42	15	788*
W8NDS.....	276	55	15,180
W8VRH.....	30	14	525*
W8OTK.....	21	12	315*

(Continued on page 166)



These five Oregon YLs were all licensed before World War II. Looking over some new equipment displayed at the Oregon Amateur Radio Association convention at Eugene, Oregon, on April 13 and 14 are standing, left to right: W7ITZ, Ruth; W7FXE, Juicie; W7IHIII, Bea; seated W7FKS, Mildred; and W7ENU, Mary. Twenty-nine YLs attended the women's program, arranged by W7FKS.

STAFF OPENING

We have a permanent opening for a young amateur to do general administrative work on the ARRL Hq. staff with the title of Assistant Secretary. Here is a chance to make amateur radio your career. The work is non-technical, requires the ability to express one's self well both orally and on paper, and will later involve a modest amount of travel. Any applicant should be one with initiative who will be able to assume administrative responsibility readily.

We'd like someone about age 25, preferably single, of pleasing appearance and personality, with at least a couple of years of ham radio under his belt, preferably someone who has had some organizational experience such as secretary or other officer of a local club. We want a young man because we would expect to train him on the job. Salary will be commensurate with ability and background.

If you are interested, write to Box A, ARRL Hq., West Hartford, Conn. State your age, marital status, and give a resume of your educational and employment or military service background, and amateur experience.

HAMFEST CALENDAR

California — The San Fernando Valley Radio Club will hold its annual Hamfest picnic on Sunday, June 9, at the Victory Van Owen Playgrounds, Area #1. For info on pre-registration, contact K6PXD, 15149 Kingsbury St., San Fernando, Calif.

Illinois — The 1957 Tri-State hamfest is being sponsored by the Western Illinois Radio Club on Sunday, June 2, at Eagles Alps Park in Quincy. All sorts of contests, an auction, a grab-bag, and refreshments. A family affair. Advance tickets \$1.25, at the gate \$1.75. Rain or shine. Contact W9HQW.

Maine — The Augusta Radio Club will hold a hamfest at the Calumet Club, Augusta, on Sunday, June 16. Advance tickets \$2.25; after June 14, \$2.50. Transmitter hunt, cake-decorating contest for OMs and YLs.

Missouri — The Missouri Hamfest will be held in Sedalia on June 9, at the Missouri State Fair Grounds. Admission \$1.00 per person. Basket lunch, free hot coffee and cold soft drinks. Swap shop, events for all.

Missouri — The North Missouri Amateur Radio Club will hold its annual ham picnic at Moberly in the Rothwell City Park, on Sunday, June 16. Registration is \$1.00, starting at 0800. Bring your own lunch. Soft drinks and coffee furnished. Games and entertainment.

Ohio — The Second Annual Northeastern Ohio 50 Mc. picnic will be held June 30 at Loyal Oak Park, near Akron. Features will include swimming, games, YL entertainment, swap tables, and fun for the whole family. Bring your basket. Incoming mobiles will be monitored on 50 to 51 Mc. Family tickets are \$2.00. Get further info from K8BDK, 1136 Dietz Ave., Akron 1.

Pennsylvania — The 8th annual gabfest of the Uniontown Amateur Radio Club will be held on Saturday, June 29, at the club house on the Old Pittsburgh Road, just off Route 51, two miles north of Uniontown. Contests, refreshments and movies. Stag. Registration \$1.00.

Saskatchewan — The annual Saskatchewan hamfest will be held at Lake Waskesiu, Prince Albert National Park

on June 29 and 30. Mobile judging, hidden transmitter hunt, and other contests. For further information, contact Marshall Albright, VE5PA, Prince Albert, Sask.

Hawaii — The annual Hawaiian ham convention will be held on Saturday and Sunday, July 6-7, sponsored by the Honolulu Amateur Radio Club. Lots of contests; special mobile events on Sunday. Registration \$2.00 for the day; \$5.50 for the evening including dinner; \$7.50 for the whole affair. A Sunday picnic will be an additional \$1.00. For further info, contact HARC, P. O. Box 2368, Honolulu 3, T. H.

A.R.R.L. ROCKY MOUNTAIN DIVISION CONVENTION

Estes Park, Colorado — June 15-16, 1957

The Denver Radio Club Inc. is sponsoring the 1957 ARRL Rocky Mountain Division Convention to be held at Elkhorn Lodge, Estes Park, Colo., on June 15-16.

Elkhorn Lodge is situated near some of the most scenic parts of the Colorado Rockies and can be reached by excellent paved highways. Near-by is the Rocky Mountain National Park with its wild life, fishing and high peaks, and just over the Divide are Grand Lake, Shadow Mountain Lake and Granby Reservoir with excellent boating and fishing facilities. Arrange your summer vacation to include the convention and the hospitality of cool, colorful Colorado, and be sure to bring your camera.

There will be activities for all, including technical talks, a transmitter hunt, mobile-judging contest, special program for the ladies, horseback riding and swimming at Elkhorn Lodge's beautiful new pool. There will be fun for the entire family.

Registration fee is \$3.50 per person. Special rate of \$2.50 if registration is postmarked no later than June 4. Send your request for hotel reservations direct to Elkhorn Lodge and write to Walter M. Reed, W0WRO, 1355 E. Amherst Circle, Denver 10, Colo., for registration information.

COMING A.R.R.L. CONVENTIONS

June 1-2 — Oklahoma State, Tahlequah, Okla.

June 7-8-9 — Dakota Division, St. Paul, Minn.

June 15-16 — Rocky Mountain Division, Estes Park, Colorado

July 27-28 — West Gulf Division, San Antonio, Texas

August 16-17-18 — Southwestern Division, Long Beach, California

August 30-31-Sept. 1 — ARRL National Convention, Chicago, Illinois

August 31-Sept. 1-2 — Maritime Provinces, Charlottetown, Prince Edward Island

September 21-22 — Midwest Division, Kansas City, Kansas

October 18-19 — Ontario Province, Toronto, Ontario

November 8-11 — Far East Pacific Division, Guam

Happenings of the Month



27 MC.

The Federal Communications Commission has proposed, in its Docket 11994, to take away amateur privileges in the ISM band 26.96-27.23 Mc. and assign the frequencies instead to the Citizens Radio Service. The action is part of a comprehensive plan the Commission has evolved, after many months of study, to shuffle frequencies in various portions of the spectrum between such services as citizens, domestic, public, industrial, and land transportation, the demands for which are becoming increasingly pressing. In brief, FCC proposes to take away from the Citizens Radio Service all but a half-Mc. of its 460-470 Mc. assignment, turning those channels over to industrial and domestic public uses. Then, feeling that the Citizens will have a need for considerably greater space than the half-Mc. they are being left at 465 Mc., the Commission has expressed its intent to assign 26.96-27.23 Mc. to the Citizens service in addition to the 27.255 "control" frequency they now have.

We publish below the notice in Docket 11994, omitting only Appendix B which is a lengthy text of proposed new regulations for the Citizens service. As the final date for comment is June 10th, the Board of Directors of ARRL will have full opportunity to examine the matter at its meeting in May and formulate the League's position.

Before the
FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION
Washington 25, D. C.

In the Matter of
Complete revision of Part 19,
Rules Governing the Citizens Radio Service, and reallocation of frequencies in the range 26.96-27.23 Mc. from the Amateur Radio Service (Part 12) to the Citizens Radio Service. } DOCKET NO. 11994

NOTICE OF PROPOSED RULE MAKING

1. Notice is hereby given of proposed rule making in the above entitled matter.

2. The Citizens Radio Service was originally established with the intention of providing for private short-distance radio communications, for radio signalling, or for the remote control of objects or devices by radio, to be used by individuals as well as by commercial concerns. However, the actual growth of the service has progressed primarily along the lines followed by the various Industrial and Land Transportation Radio Services, although subject to fewer restrictions as to station location or usage, and lacking any requirement of a definite frequency selection in the available band (except Class C stations). With the development of equipment capable of reliable operation in the 460-470 Mc. band, many persons have obtained authorizations for Class A stations in this service as a means of meeting the mobile and point-to-point communications needs of their respective industrial activities or other commercial enterprises which could not then be served by facilities licensed in the Industrial or Land Transportation Radio Services.

3. By separate proceedings (Docket Nos. 11959 and 11991),

the Commission proposes to reallocate 1 Mc. of the band 460-470 Mc. to the Domestic Public Radio Service and 8.45 Mc. of the band to the Industrial Radio Services in keeping with concurrently proposed changes in that Service. Only the frequencies between 464.725 Mc. and 465.275 Mc. would remain available to the Citizens Radio Service.

4. The Commission recognizes that many individuals will continue to desire the use of the Citizens Radio Service to provide for short-distance radio communication, for radio signalling, and for the remote control of objects or devices by radio; in fact, representations made by and on behalf of the Academy of Model Aeronautics indicates a substantial need for additional frequencies in the 27 Mc. range for use in the remote control of such objects or devices as model aircraft by radio. It is also recognized that not all persons now holding authorizations for Class A stations in the Citizens Radio Service will be able to establish eligibility in any of the Industrial or Land Transportation Radio Services, even if the proposed changes are consummated in those services. Accordingly it is proposed in this proceeding that frequencies in the band 26.96 to 27.23 Mc. be reallocated from the Amateur Radio Service to the Citizens Radio Service, for use by Class A and Class C stations only. It is further proposed that the frequency 465 Mc. be retained for use by Class B stations, as at present but under more stringent technical requirements, and that the other frequencies at 50 kc. spacing in the band 464.725-465.275 be made available to Class A stations. Additionally, it is proposed that the requirement for "type-approval" of equipment to be utilized by Class A stations be changed to a requirement that such equipment shall be of a type which has been accepted for licensing in this service, and that the specific frequency to be used by a Class A or a Class C station will be specified on the station authorization. It may be noted that the requirement regarding "type-approved" equipment for Class B and Class C stations (other than crystal-controlled Class C stations) is retained.

5. Reallocation of the frequency band 26.96-27.23 Mc. from the Amateur Radio Service to the Citizens Radio Service at this time appears appropriate for several reasons. First, the frequency band is a part of the larger frequency band 26.96-27.28 Mc. within which interference may normally be expected and must be accepted from industrial, scientific and medical (ISM) devices operating on the frequency 27.12 Mc. Secondly, because of the foregoing, it appears that normal amateur operation in this region of the spectrum is and has been confined primarily to the internationally recognized amateur band 28.0-29.7 Mc. and that amateur operation in the 26.96-27.23 Mc. band has been almost exclusively the type of operation which would still be permitted on those frequencies under the Citizens Radio Service; namely, the remote control of objects or devices by radio or short-distance radio communication. In addition, since licensed amateurs, as individuals, will be able to obtain personal licenses in the Citizens Radio Service for either radio control or voice communication in this band, it appears that very few privileges in connection with this frequency band will be taken from them. On the other hand, a need for a means of short-range voice communications for personal use by any individual, as well as a need for additional spectrum space for general use for radio remote control purposes, on frequencies in the 27 Mc. range, appears to have been demonstrated. The rule changes proposed herewith, among other things, are designed to produce those effects.

6. Accordingly, the Commission proposes to amend its rules to accomplish the following major changes:

(1) To completely revise the Rules Governing the Citizens Radio Service.

(2) To provide for "type-acceptance" rather than "type-approval" of equipment for use by Class A stations in the Citizens Radio Service.

(3) To provide new frequencies for the Citizens Radio

Service in the frequency band 26.96-27.23 Mc., in addition to the presently available frequency 27.255 Mc.

(4) To delete the availability of frequencies in the bands 460.000-464.725 Mc. and 465.275-470.000 Mc. to the Citizens Radio Service.

(5) To delete the availability of frequencies in the band 26.96-27.23 Mc. to the Amateur Radio Service.

(6) To provide for the assignment of specific frequencies to Class A and Class C Citizens Radio Stations, in addition to the assignment of the single frequency 465 Mc. to Class B Citizens Radio Stations.

7. Pending in the Commission's files is a petition filed on January 23, 1957 by the Academy of Model Aeronautics (Academy). The petition requests amendment of Parts 2, 7, 10, 11, 16 and 19 of the Commission's Rules to provide relief from interference conditions on 27.255 Mc. by reallocating assignments within the band 27.23-27.28 Mc. to provide an offset of 18 kilocycles between Class C, Citizens Radio Stations and other services, to permit the radio control of models and objects on all frequencies assigned to the Industrial, Scientific and Medical Service, to permit the assignment 460-470 Mc. band frequencies to Class C stations, and to assign a frequency or band of frequencies above 300 Mc. exclusively for the control of objects or devices by radio. To the extent that the above petition can be said to be at variance with what is proposed herein, it will be considered in any disposition of this proceeding. Such additional comments as may be submitted by the Academy will also be considered.

8. On December 19, 1956, the Commission adopted a Notice of Proposed Rule Making (Docket No. 11895) to amend Part 19, Rules Governing the Citizens Radio Service, by deleting the Note to Section 19.12. The time for filing comments thereto has expired. Comments on the above-mentioned proposal have been received from the American Trucking Associations, Inc., the Radio Specialists Company



This big "35," along with flowers, cards and other gifts from staff associates and friends, greeted Treasurer and Circulation Manager David H. Houghton in his office April 10th, the date of completing 35 years (the longest tenure of anyone) at ARRL HQ. Throughout the summer, however, we're afraid those white spots making up the figure will disappear one by one; you see, they're golf balls, an essential — and expendable — ingredient of Dave's favorite game. Fore!

and the Kaar Engineering Corporation. Inasmuch as the instant proceeding contemplates a complete revision of Part 19, including the removal of the present Note to Section 19.12, Docket No. 11895 is merged into this proceeding, and the comments filed thereto will be considered in any disposition of this proceeding.

9. The proposed amendments to Parts 12 and 19 are set forth in the Appendix hereto. They are issued under the authority of Sections 4(i) and 303 of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended.

10. Any interested person who is of the opinion that the proposed amendments should not be adopted or should not

be adopted in the form set forth herein, and any person desiring to support this proposal, may file with the Commission on or before June 10, 1957, a written statement or brief setting forth his comments. Replies to such comments may be filed within ten days from the last date for filing original comments. No additional comments may be filed unless (1) specifically requested by the Commission or (2) good cause for the filing of such additional comments is established. The Commission will consider all such comments prior to taking final action in this matter, and if comments are submitted warranting oral argument, notice of the time and place of such oral argument will be given.

11. In accordance with the provisions of Section 1.764 of the Commission's Rules and Regulations, an original and 14 copies of all statements, briefs, or comments filed shall be furnished the Commission.

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

Ben F. Waple, Acting Secretary

APPENDIX A

PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO PART 12

RULES GOVERNING THE AMATEUR RADIO SERVICE

1. It is proposed to delete paragraph (f) of §12.111 and substitute the following:

(f) (reserved)

2. It is proposed to amend §12.134 to read as follows:
§12.134 *Modulation of carrier wave.* Except for brief tests or adjustments, an amateur radiotelephone station shall not emit a carrier wave on frequencies below 51 megacycles unless modulated for the purpose of communication.

FCC FREQUENCY STUDIES

We have earlier reported in this department the study FCC is currently making into frequency allocation and usage above 890 Mc. While no amateur band in that portion of the spectrum appears directly involved, the League filed (see May *QST*) a general statement of the amateur position and an intent to submit testimony at forthcoming hearings should amateur matters be discussed.

Now FCC has extended its inquiry into spectrum utilization and has announced that it will conduct a thorough study of 25-890 Mc. (Docket 11997). The Commission says it feels such an inquiry is required, on its own motion, to carry out responsibilities assigned it under the Communications Act. In support of that view, FCC cites the phenomenal growth of radio especially since World War II, the new services which have come into being (The Act requires FCC to study new uses for radio . . . and generally encourage the larger and more effective use of radio in the public interest), the resultant overcrowding of the spectrum, and the need to prepare for the formulation of FCC's position toward the forthcoming 1959 world radio conference.

The docket cites the following objectives:

7. The objectives of this inquiry contemplate a review of the present allocation of frequencies in this portion of the spectrum, in the light of the technological progress which has been made since the last review, to determine whether a more efficient utilization thereof can be made; to evaluate the long range requirements of existing and potential users of this portion of the spectrum; to obtain data as to the feasibility of applying known and potential techniques and methods relating to efficient utilization of spectrum space; to evaluate what system or systems of frequency allocation for the future would best serve the public interest; to obtain data and information as to the requirements of non-governmental radio services; to evaluate the feasibility of making

long range plans for the future use of the radio spectrum and, in particular, to determine the impact, economic and otherwise, upon users of the spectrum and the general public of implementing such future changes as may appear to be desirable and in the public interest; and, finally, to assist the Commission in formulating its position with regard to the preparation of the formal United States proposals to be advanced at the forthcoming International Radio Conference scheduled to convene in Geneva, Switzerland, in 1959.

The Commission points out there has been no such study of spectrum usage since the general allocations proceedings in 1944; in fact, FCC quotes heavily from some of the 1944 documents to show that the scope of its present inquiry will be complete and inclusive of all factors affecting spectrum economy.

As it did in 1944, the League will of course file the required data and information on behalf of the amateur service. As the filing date is not until July 1st, the ARRL Board of Directors will have opportunity to discuss the matter in detail at its annual meeting in May and determine specific aspects of League policy toward the proceeding. FCC indicates that later it will call a fact-finding hearing for a further examination of the problem on the basis of filings made by interested parties.

Inasmuch as Appendix B to the docket outlines the type of information sought and is indicative of the inclusive scope of the inquiry, we publish it at the end of this department.

STAFF NOTES

We regret to report the departure from Hq. of Assistant Secretary Lee Aurick, W1RDV, a member of the ARRL staff for three years. Lee is now engaged in general promotional and publicity work for the electron tube division of RCA, an opportunity he could not refuse; as sorry as we are to see him go, we wish him all the best. When he gets squared away at his New Jersey location, you'll undoubtedly be hearing him on the air with a new second district call.

The Hq. welcomes to its Ten-Year Club two new members: Leitha Phillips and Doreen Driscoll. Leitha's specialty is billing the hundreds of radio distributors and book stores for orders of thousands upon thousands of copies of various League publications. Credit status, a multiplicity of quantity trade prices, foreign rates, and transportation costs are some of the things that must constantly be at her fingertips. Doreen is an assistant section leader in the membership division, handling the breakdown of the mail as it relates to membership entries. After ten years at Hq. she is about ready for her LLB — Philadelphia law, that is — what with three basic classes of membership, plus Family and blind special cases, and generally keeping the membership records straight. Neither of the gals has been bitten by the ham bug; "after all," they say, "somebody around here has to stay sane." In the growing size and complexity of Circulation Department operations these days, continuity of skilled personnel — particularly in these specialized fields — is especially important to the



Doreen Driscoll and Leitha Phillips

League. No more loyal or conscientious workers ever graced the Hq. staff.

144-MC. POWER BOOST DENIED

A petition filed with the Commission something over a year ago by WØVTP, requesting a 5-kw. power limit for (General Class or higher) c.w. operation on the 2-meter band for purposes of experimenting with scatter propagation has now been denied by FCC, on the basis that "while recognizing that experiments of amateur radio station licensees have resulted in valuable contributions to the science of telecommunications, the Commission believes that the requested amendment would not significantly increase the potential for experimentation in the field of scatter propagation."

OHIO AMATEUR RADIO WEEK

Once again this year, Ohio has declared as Amateur Radio Week in that state the dates of June 16-22, culminating of course in the ARRL Field Day weekend. The Ohio Council of Radio Clubs, Ralph E. Crammer, W8VHO, chairman, was again the sparkplug. Governor O'Neill's proclamation includes the following phrases of commendation for the amateur service:

"The radio amateurs of Ohio have been given an important and vital role in planning and participating in matters of civil defense, both through the medium of radio and through their organizational and individual activities; radio station owners and operators in Ohio and throughout the nation provide and maintain at their own expense, a valuable potential "second line" communication system standing by and ready for duty in event of an emergency disaster; the radio amateurs of this country have shown a remarkable sense of responsibility and public devotion to our citizens, having in mind the pleasure and service of their fellowmen, and should receive the encouragement and interest of all our citizens in their objectives."

(DOCKET 11997)

APPENDIX B — SCOPE OF STATUTORY INQUIRY AFFECTING OVER-ALL ALLOCATION OF RADIO SPECTRUM BETWEEN 25 AND 890 MICS

1. To obtain specific data as to the utilization of the present allocations and assignments in the radio spectrum

between 25-890 mcs for the various radio services as follows:

- (a) Broadcast and auxiliary Broadcast Services.
- (b) International Fixed Public Radiocommunication Services.
- (c) Maritime Radio Services on Land and Shipboard.
- (d) Aeronautical Radio Services.
- (e) Public Safety Radio Services.
- (f) Industrial Radio Services.
- (g) Amateur Radio Service.
- (h) Radio Stations in Alaska.
- (i) Restricted Radiation Devices (TV Receiver I. F. Frequencies, etc.).
- (j) Land Transportation Radio Services.
- (k) Industrial, Scientific and Medical.
- (l) Citizens Radio Service.
- (m) Disaster Communications Services.
- (n) Domestic Public Radiocommunication Services.
- (o) Non-word Communication Uses of Radio.
- (1) Control of Devices.
- (2) Telemetering.
- (3) Signalling, etc.
- (4) Radar.
- (5) Radiolocation.
- (6) Radionavigation.
- (7) Others.

II. To evaluate the long range requirements of existing and potential users of the radio spectrum between 25-890 mcs, in terms of:

- (a) Present and future needs of existing users in the above-described services.
- (b) Needs of potential users of the radio spectrum in terms of class of service.

III. To obtain specific data with respect to the following, as it pertains to existing and potential users of the radio spectrum between 25-890 Mcs.

- (a) Justification for the use of radio.
- (b) Location in Radio Spectrum.
- (c) Minimum amount of spectrum space required.
- (1) Number of channels based on maximum channel loading (including consideration of maximum holding time per message), channel width and projected rate of growth, and also based upon use of spectrum conservation techniques; see IV *infra*.
- (d) Feasibility of sharing frequencies with other classes of service.
- (e) Possibility of transferring certain types of services or links of communication systems to frequencies above 890 mc.

IV. The feasibility of applying newly developed and potential future techniques and methods relating to efficient utilization of spectrum space, including, but not limited to:

- (a) Most efficient type of modulation for the service involved.
- (1) Type of emissions. (AM, FM, Pulse, Single Side Band, Multiplexing, New Methods.)
- (2) Necessary Bandwidth.
- (3) Occupied Bandwidth.
- (4) Allocated Bandwidth.
- (b) Frequency tolerance.
- (c) Minimum power requirements.
- (d) Maximum geographical and time sharing.
- (e) Allocation of frequencies to services on the basis of achieving maximum benefits and minimum adverse effects of the propagation characteristics of frequencies.
- (f) Maximum feasible suppression of spurious emissions from transmitters.
- (g) Use of antenna system directivity to obtain as narrow a beam as feasible consistent with rendering the needed service and to obtain greater geographical sharing.
- (h) Improved receiver design techniques.
- (i) New propagation modes and techniques.
- (j) System devices. E. g. Selective signalling.
- (k) The desirability of adopting certain minimum engineering standards of allocations in those services which have no standards in order to limit the radiation of facilities to values necessary to render the desired service, and also to minimize interference. If so, in what services, in what portions of the spectrum, and to what extent.
- (1) A reduction in the width and number of guard bands.
- (m) Others.

V. The potentialities of a broad band common carrier system in terms of:

- (a) Whether a system of this type can be more effectively exploited to conserve spectrum space through the rendition

of service to a greater number of users than could a system consisting of a number of private users, utilizing the same amount of spectrum space. (In the evaluation of this question, consideration should be given to spectrum conservation techniques; see IV, *supra*.)

- (b) Areas, geographical or otherwise characterized, where this type of system would be feasible.
- (c) The classes of persons and types of service whose needs could or could not be substantially met by this type of system.
- (d) The minimum amount of spectrum space needed and the location in the spectrum which would provide a feasible broad band common carrier system evaluated in terms of maximum channel loading (including consideration of maximum holding time per message), channel width, and projected rate of growth.

VI. To evaluate the impact, economic and otherwise, upon existing users of the factors covered in Sections II and IV above, in terms of:

- (a) The implementation of presently available and potential future techniques in spectrum conservation.
- (b) The possible reallocation of existing services to other portions of the spectrum in order to obtain more efficient utilization of the radio spectrum.
- (c) What considerations, including a suitable amortization period, should be given to the effectuation of (a) and/or (b).

VII. To evaluate what system of allocations would best serve the public interest, such as:

- (a) The present block system.
- (b) A general pool system in which frequencies would not be reserved for specific services, but would be available generally for assignment to various types of services.
- (c) A combination of the above.
- (d) Some other system.

VIII. In addition to the above comment is also requested on the following specific points of inquiry:

1. Should the Commission continue its basic policy of not licensing domestic fixed circuits below 890 Mc. with the exception of those placed in bands now available for fixed service and those used as integral parts of mobile systems now operating secondarily in the mobile service bands?
2. To what extent should the VHF maritime mobile allocation in the 152-162 Mc. band conform to international maritime mobile allocations? Under what conditions, if any, can the frequencies in such an allocation be shared by the land mobile service?
3. Should the maritime mobile allocations in the 30-50 Mc. band be deleted in favor of a standardized VHF maritime mobile allocation in the 152 Mc. band?
4. Should frequencies allocated to ISM be shared with communications services? If so, what should be the conditions of such sharing?
5. Would better frequency utilization be achieved and the public interest be served by permitting the bands of frequencies between 25-890 Mc. allocated for private mobile systems to be used by communications cooperatives, specialized or general communications common carriers for the purpose of permitting the latter, as licensees, to use such frequencies solely for the purpose of rendering service to persons eligible to use such frequencies?
6. What changes in the International Table of Frequency Allocations (Atlantic City Radio Regulations, 1947) are required? National frequency problems soluble within the framework of the present international allocations are not included in this inquiry.

Strays

W9QMB, we are told, had a serious case of BCI lately. It seems that his voice came booming over the bedroom radio of an elderly lady, and she said in no uncertain terms that it was positively *indecent* for his voice to be in her bedroom like that.

— . . . —
This must have been an intellectual QSO! K6PHD worked KN4LLB.



Operating News



F. E. HANDY, WIBDI, Communications Mgr.
GEORGE HART, WINJM, Natl. Emerg. Coordinator
PHIL SIMMONS, WIZDP, Asst. Comm. Mgr., C.W.

ROBERT L. WHITE, WIWFO, DXCC Awards
LILLIAN M. SALTER, WIZJE, Administrative Aide
ELLEN WHITE, WIYYM, Asst. Comm. Mgr., Phone

Some Facts About our ARRL Field Organization. Following calls for nominations in *QST*, 21 new SCMs were named to office and 12 SCMs re-elected for another two-year term of office for their Sections in '56. The percent return in SCM elections ran 37.4% to 66%, those populous sections with the larger cities running the lower percentages. LO (League Official's) Parties, informal over-the-air get-togethers in which Directors, SCMs, SECs, ECs, RMs and PAMs relax and rag chew, putting forward organization and fraternalism in the group, take place the first Saturday-Sunday of each month throughout the year. In '56 there were some 987 different individuals reported taking part in this activity.

Your Section Communications Manager (see page six, this issue of *QST*) invites your monthly report of what you are doing with your amateur station. Also unless you hold such a post already, he solicits your application for official-station ARRL-appointment posts, along the lines of your natural interest. You do of course have to be active along appointment operating lines to rate an SCM appointment. SCMs in pursuing their duties are assisted by Board provisions for reimbursing some of the SCM and SEC travel

in each sectional area. This helps expand radio-operating setups and emergency communication provisions under the auspices of ARRL. In '56 there were some 114 section-meetings or SCM-addressed meetings, officials of every ARRL division participating. The Section Emergency Coordinators likewise helped to assist and promote AREC-RACES communication plans and tests in 131 such SEC conferences or meetings. We continue to suggest to affiliated radio clubs that they invite the SCM, SEC or EC-ROs on timely occasions to be with their club and to talk specifically about Section operating organization and the furtherance of emergency communication planning and on-the-air activities.

Observer Activity. Cooperative notices numbering 10,348 originated by Official Observers were reported sent to amateurs in 1956. A very special commendation is rated by W1JNV, W3TFN, W7PQJ and W6PME whose efforts to help others in this department of effort have excelled in their licensing areas for two consecutive years. Their work was tops in the work totalled up from some 236 different observers. Over one-third of this observer effort was dedicated specifically toward helping curtail off-frequency radiations occasioned by harmonic emission falling outside the amateur bands, much of it from Novice operated stations. No telling how many FCC notices were beaten to the punch by an OO report . . . but the effort must have helped. Even more notices were sent if we go by the print orders adding up to 25,000 form cards ARRL supplied for this work!

Qualified members, accepted by SCMs for appointment to OO work will continue to receive forms and guidance material. ARRL will send information on specific duties and policy in reply to postal inquiries or radiograms from amateurs interested in this SCM-post in the U. S. A. and Canada. Only licensed amateurs holding a General or higher class license may apply. Applicants must have an experience background adequate enough to assure that their advices will not be based on any reports in which image reception, receiver overload or predominant effects of either the propagation medium or receiver itself have unduly colored the observed results. By means of ARRL's observer program our Amateur Service can continue to be known as a self-regulated facility for the most part. By our dedicated nets, notable traffic work with the Antarctic and for others, and our public service as accomplished in natural disasters and our self-alignment in the

A.R.R.L. ACTIVITIES CALENDAR

June 5: CP Qualifying Run — W6OWP
June 8-9: V.H.F. QSO Party
June 20: CP Qualifying Run — WIAW
June 22-23: ARRL Field Day
July 3: CP Qualifying Run — W6OWP
July 19: CP Qualifying Run — WIAW
July 20-21: CD QSO Party (c.w.)
July 27-28: CD QSO Party (phone)
Aug. 7: CP Qualifying Run — W6OWP
Aug. 19: CP Qualifying Run — WIAW
Sept. 5: CP Qualifying Run — W6OWP
Sept. 17: CP Qualifying Run — WIAW
Sept. 18: Frequency Measuring Test
Sept. 21-22: V.H.F. QSO Party
Oct. 2: CP Qualifying Run — W6OWP
Oct. 12-13: Simulated Emergency Test
Oct. 16: CP Qualifying Run — WIAW
Oct. 19-20: CD QSO Party (c.w.)
Oct. 26-27: CD QSO Party (phone)

OTHER ACTIVITIES

The following lists date, name, sponsor, and page reference of *QST* issue in which more details appear.

July 8-19: Operation Alert, FCDA
(next month's issue).

groupings for Emergency Communication organization, we maintain a respected amateur radio. We'll try to give you some interesting figures on the traffic and emergency aspects of our ARRL field organization at another time. Activity currently is summer and winter in our modern world of amateur accomplishment, not markedly seasonal as was once the case. So this is to say, if you can take part in net operations in your section, or be animated in the observer and notice-mailing field, we hope you will do so. Your participation will be heartily welcomed if you are qualified for and interested in these activities.

WIAW Summer Sked. Refer to the chart on page 86, May *QST*, if you wish to check on details of our WIAW summer schedule. The Monday-through-Friday visiting (and operating) hours start at 1:00 P.M. EDST instead of at three o'clock now that the daylight-time arrangement is effective. We still open at seven P.M. (EDST) Saturdays and three P.M. Sundays; drop a line for a copy of a map with local highway connections and information if you plan to drop in and haven't visited the station before.

There is no change in the designated hour for starting code practice and bulletins. However, WIAW is definitely on the eastern daylight time schedule, so if you are located in a place where you did *not* set the clock up an hour on April 28 you will need to look for us one hour earlier. Our code practice starts at 9:30 P.M. EDST daily.

June 22-23 ARRL Field Day — Last Call. How you spend the ARRL FD, '57 version, is up to you. A final injunction may be in order to every single licensed amateur in W-VE land not to let the dates pass without trying out some sort of emergency radio equipment . . . in practical operating. To put down some QSOs in the log book may not seem an important exercise in itself, if you are otherwise on the air. But to set up equipment and make it prove itself, establishing bona-fide communication from new places and demonstrating that this could be maintained reliably under emergency circumstances if need be, is an important knack.

It fully complies with the spirit of the FD just to work by yourself or with another ham or two. Heave your line over a tree limb to attach an antenna. Hook your batteries to a small rig, portable or converted for field purposes. Go to a place where there are no wires for communication. See how you make out. A two-hour tryout and a page full of called-and-worked and you can prove yourself in either the Saturday or Sunday afternoon of the Field Day. Or you can help form a larger group or go with a club, if you belong to one or can get invited in advance. The rules for Field Day are detailed elsewhere in this issue of *QST*. A careful reading of the reports in last December *QST* on the '56 FD will spell out the many ways and flexibility-of-approach possible in connection with the ARRL Field Day. But don't let the many club reports and the aspect of competing club-wise (with similar setups and last year's scores of your own group)

obscure the *very basic purpose* to test out rigs and operators!

If you have done this you have had a successful *Field Day*. FDs are fun, fraternalism, competition (to some), and a challenge to technical and operating capability, which they invariably help to develop! As stated on our '46 FD-special QSL-card "There's Nothing Like an ARRL Field Day." So here's to a successful workout in the FD. See you there.

—F. E. H.

A.R.R.L. AFFILIATED CLUB HONOR ROLL

It is a pleasure to present the new 1957 Honor Roll of affiliated clubs whose *entire membership* consists of members of the League. These affiliates having 100 per cent ARRL membership are determined from data supplied in the 1957 Annual Report of Club Data. An *additional QST* Honor Roll will be published later this year. Clubs reporting the results of ARRL membership drives being conducted currently can then be included. Each listed club now will receive as a special recognition a 100% ARRL Club certificate. Appropriate for display in the club rooms, this certification makes a permanent record of the high standing and membership record of the society.

Aeronautical Center Amateur Radio Club, Inc., Oklahoma City, Okla.
Arrowhead Radio Amateur Club, Duluth, Minn.
Athens Amateur Radio Club, Athens, Ga.
The Bandhoppers Radio Club, Ferguson, Mo.
Bell Gardens Amateur Radio Association, Bell Gardens, Calif.
Blossomland Amateur Radio Association, Inc., St. Joseph, Mich.
Coastal Zone Amateur Radio Association, Balboa, C. Z.
Central Illinois Radio Club of Bloomington, Ill., Inc.
Central Kansas Radio Club, Inc., Salina, Kans.
Coffee Dunkers of Detroit, Mich.
Davenport Radio Amateur Club, Davenport, Iowa
Edison Radio Amateurs' Association, Detroit Area, Mich.
Griatiot County Amateur Radio Association, Alma, Mich.
Helix Amateur Radio Club, La Mesa, Calif.
Iowa Great Lakes Amateur Radio Club, Spencer, Iowa
Jamestown Amateur Radio Club, Jamestown, No. Dak.
Keystone Amateur Radio Club, Springtown, Pa.
Larned Amateur Radio Club, Larned, Kans.
Maui Amateur Radio Club, Kahului, Maui, T.H.
Muskingum Amateur Radio Association, Zanesville, Ohio
Niles Amateur Radio Club, Niles, Mich.
North Shore Radio Club, Bayside, N. Y.
Northbridge High School Radio Club, Whitinsville, Mass.
Orange Amateur Radio Club, Orange, Tex.
Order of Boiled Owls, Levittown, N. Y.
Pacifico Radio Club, Los Angeles, Calif.
Par-Troy Amateur Radio Association, Parsippany, N. J.
Pickens County Amateur Radio Club, Easley, S. C.
Providence Radio Association, Inc., Providence, R. I.
Quebec Y's Radio Club, Quebec, P. Q., Canada
St. Louis Amateur Radio Club, Inc., Mo.
Scott County Amateur Radio Club, Scott City, Kans.
Sheridan Radio Amateur League, Inc., Sheridan, Wyo.
Soo Radio Club, Sidney, Nebr.
South Lyme Beer, Chowder and Propagation Society, South Lyme, Conn.
State Line Radio Club of New York and New Jersey, Allendale, N. J.
Tri-City Amateur Radio Club, Borger, Tex.
West Essex Amateur Radio Society, West Caldwell, N. J.
Western Illinois Radio Club, Quincy, Ill.
Westlake Amateur Radio Association, Rocky River, Ohio

NATIONAL RTTY CALLING AND WORKING FREQUENCIES

3620 kc.

7140 kc.

With the AREC

One of the questions frequently asked in correspondence received at headquarters is: "How do I get into RACES?" A good many amateurs seem to feel that all they need do is send in a form and that's it — they're in. Others confuse RACES with the AREC. Perhaps we have placed too much emphasis on the anatomy of organizational structures rather than in the simpler, more down-to-earth how-to-do-it items.

So how do you get into RACES? You get into RACES by signing up with your local (or state, if you prefer to work at that level and it is available) civil defense radio officer as a radio operator. It's that easy. Of course, to do this you have to sign up in your local civil defense first, which usually requires taking a loyalty oath and getting an identification card. Once you have been assigned to communications (radio) you get a certification card signed by the civil defense director indicating that you are a c.d. radio operator. This, along with your basic amateur operator license, be it novice, technician, conditional, general, advanced or extra, authorizes you to participate in RACES drills and activities, as well as be a part of the operation should we become embroiled in war.

Suppose there is no local radio officer or, for that matter, no local civil defense? In that case, you *might* be able to sign up at state level, if RACES exists there, but these operators are usually hand picked by the state r.o. Or, you may be able to sign up in an adjoining community. But



Arlene Perez, WII6CFW (left), flew by helicopter into the tidal wave disaster area at Hanalei, Kauai, Hawaii, to help set up radio communication between Red Cross forward headquarters and 54 isolated people. Arlene is acting first lieutenant in the Lihue CAP cadet squadron. Equipment was used on 144 mc. and CAP frequencies for disaster operations. (Photo by KH6ARL.)

civil defense director in his right mind will belittle the need for communications facilities. If you can show him that you can do a job, he will be likely to want you to do it; otherwise, he may be inclined to depend on that with which he is familiar — landline telephone, police radio or other existing commercial facilities.

Think it over, fellows. If RACES provides the impetus for organization, by all means go in for RACES. If it does not exist, give some thought to organizing an AREC unit as a prelude to, if not a substitute for, RACES.

— * * * —

NATIONAL CALLING AND EMERGENCY FREQUENCIES

3550	3875	7100	7250
14,050	14,225	21,050	21,400
28,100	29,640	50,550	145,350

chances are you're just out of luck until or unless a local radio officer is appointed. Maybe your civil defense director doesn't even know about RACES or, for that matter, even about amateurs. There are such people. Tell him, get him to appoint a r.o. (you, if necessary), and get a RACES unit established. Maybe later you can get funds for some equipment. If you can't, use your own.

Meanwhile — and this is what we've been building up to — you can get organized without delay under the Amateur Radio Emergency Corps so that when the time comes to serve civil defense you will be in a position effectively to do so. Actually, you should *already* have been so organized. The AREC has been in existence since 1935. However, if you have not taken advantage of its availability, complete procedural details are given in our booklet entitled "Operating an Amateur Radio Station." The extent to which your AREC organization can and should devote its energies to civil defense (RACES) depends on several factors, such as: (1) Whether or not your local civil defense embraces all local services during a disaster — Red Cross, police, fire, Salvation Army, etc. If it does, you can work through civil defense, under RACES, to serve them all. If it does not, you should closely maintain your liaison contact with others in addition to civil defense. (2) The attitude of civil defense officials toward local amateurs. If this attitude is negative, you may find it very difficult to serve them as you would like to; if it is positive, there is no limit to the extent of coordination that can be effected. (3) What you have to offer in the way of services. There is a big difference between saying "I am an amateur and there are other amateurs who can assist you with radio communications if you can supply us with money and equipment," and "I represent a group of amateurs already organized and actively prepared to provide whatever radio communications facilities you need." There is nothing like a "fait accompli" to dispel a negative attitude, particularly if the fact can be demonstrated. No

Many of you will remember the tornado that hit Gans, Okla., on January 22, killing eight people. Amateurs figured heavily in emergency communications after this disaster. W5EJK, of Muskogee, after hearing of the damage done by the twister and that communications were knocked out, went immediately to Gans in his mobile unit, taking along a command transmitter and an emergency generator. Arriving at Gans shortly after 1000, he found W5UED from Fort Smith already on the scene with his mobile, but unable to establish communication. W5EJK established communication with K5WBA at Camp Chaffee, the army base handling relief needs. By noontime he had set up his fixed emergency unit and solid contact with K5WBA was maintained from then on. W5EUQ had set up a transmitter at Red Cross headquarters in Fort Smith, and considerable traffic was also handled with him and with W5GQG as well as with other stations in Oklahoma and Arkansas. W5UED remained in Gans to assist W5EJK in the operating chores throughout the day. Operation was entirely on emergency power until 1330, and at about 1600 Signal Corps men from Camp Chaffee strung a telephone line into Gans. W5EJK continued to operate until 2130, when other telephone lines were connected and his services were no longer needed. Altogether he handled 58 formal messages and some 35 "informals." W5EJK received a letter from Major Richard O. Riegler, in charge of communications operations from Camp Chaffee which said, in part: "At your own expense you entered the Gans area and demonstrated the willingness and outstanding work of amateur radio operators during emergencies of this nature."

— * * * —

In late January a severe ice storm struck northeast Arkansas. All commercial lines were out of service in Jonesboro and power was not restored for five days. All toll and most city telephone lines were also down. W5VTZ began operation on the 27th, the first day of the storm, and K5EED started operating the following day, both on emergency power. Traffic was handled for the City Water and Light Plant, Associated Press, Southwestern Bell Telephone Co., R.E.A., truck lines and railroads. W5RWJ, operating K5EED, handled train orders and messages for the Frisco Railway with K6AKH in Springfield, Mo., and W4WCB in Memphis for three days; about 150 messages in all.

W5VTZ handled emergency calls for emergency medical supplies and doctors, among other types of traffic; assisting operators at W5VTZ were W5s EOJ VZD and K5IPQ. W4WCB set up his station in the Frisco railroad station in Memphis and was assisted by W4BOH, handling approximately 50 messages. Operation was on 7290 in the daytime, on 3810 at night. The Memphis deputy e.d. director asked W4LVG to contact Jonesboro regarding a supply of dry ice for saving food in frozen food lockers which were without electricity; this was handled successfully with W5VTZ. W4DQH and W4AFB of Memphis were also known to have handled some emergency traffic. W6YKC, EC and radio officer for three counties in Missouri, served the railroad, telephone Company, and power company in Campbell, Mo., who were in need of supplementary communications during the storm.

On the morning of April 1, the e.d. director of Etowah County, Ala., alerted the Gadsden Emergency Net (AENH) to obtain information from the storm area of Anniston, Jacksonville and Piedmont. With K4BWR acting as NCS using station K4JMC at the Gadsden Amateur Radio Club, mobiles were dispatched to each area. K4BTO/m covered Piedmont, contacting police, telephone and power departments. All modes of communication had been out in this area. K4AJK/m covered Anniston and Jacksonville, contacting the same departments in those areas. Contact was maintained with K4JMC in Gadsden. Reception was generally good, and all stations cooperated in keeping the frequency clear. — *K4BTO, EC & Radio Officer, Etowah Co., Ala.*

KH6ARL suggests a one-tube converter set on one of the National Calling and Emergency Frequencies to go ahead of a conelrad receiver, equipped with a switch so that when you are transmitting, or about to transmit, the conelrad receiver performs as such. When not transmitting, the conelrad receiver monitors the NCEF. He says one d.p.d.t. switch would do it; on one position it flips on the speaker and the converter; on the other position the converter is off and the alarm circuit is on. Good idea?

Amateurs in Mobile, Ala., donated their time, gas, autos and rigs to assist in the United Cerebral Palsy Telethon held on Feb. 2 and 3, as they have in previous years. The club station, W4QEE, was set up at telethon headquarters. At 1038, Feb. 2, W4QEE/4 was on the air to check out transmitter and antenna installations and let mobile stations check their rigs. At 1100, five mobile units participated in the parade of about 100 automobiles. At 2100 all the amateurs met at telethon headquarters for a briefing, and at 2230 the telethon got under way. Seventeen mobiles participated and W4QEE/4 was operated by 19 different amateurs before the net was closed at 1725 the next day, having handled 900 messages and collected \$3,000 in seventeen hours of continuous operation. EC K4EEH, who spearheaded the amateurs' efforts, says this was an excellent test of equipment and personnel at the same time it provided a public service, and would be glad to give other ECs information on how it was set up.

On Feb. 10, an emergency roll call of the AREC of the Springfield, Mo., area was held to find out how many stations could be rounded up on short notice. Net control was W6LQC, assistant EC. A total of 22 stations checked in within 15 minutes and six new members were added to the group. EC W6HUI admonished all that spur-of-the-moment drills would be called from time to time, so all concerned should hold themselves in readiness.

SEC W4JSH of Kentucky reports a successful statewide e.d. exercise held on February 25. Five mobile support groups failed to report activity, although it was active dur-

This is W3FIQ, who operated during the Thanksgiving Day blizzard in Western Pennsylvania for three days relaying urgent requests for food, bedding and other supplies from Springfield (Pa.) to Erie. In recognition of his outstanding work, Sam was awarded a special citation in General Electric's Fifth Annual Edison Radio Amateur Award.

ing the drill. State headquarters was manned on 80 meter e.w. by W4HOJ and K4BVB. This activity was not conducted on RACES frequencies and was not under a RACES plan, although one is in the making. State officials expressed themselves as well pleased with the communications supplied.

Amateurs of Dade County (Miami), Fla., assisted on March 3 in the "Crusade for Children" telethon. W4MVR and W4SDI set up their 2-meter station and beam atop telethon headquarters to work other 2-meter stations who in turn relayed on ten meters the names and addresses of contributors. These "area NCS" relayed to mobiles and fixed stations all necessary information from telethon headquarters. Each pledge was assigned a number, and after being picked up by a mobile the operator filed a message indicating which number had been picked up. Five stations served as "area NCSs" with stations on both 2 and 10 meters. Amateurs without mobiles would drop in at the fixed NCS point for information, then drive out to pick up the donation. Telethon headquarters reported over \$5,000 picked up and 186 messages completed. — *W4LYT, SEC Eastern Fla.*

Twenty-two SECs reported February activities on Form 8, representing 6252 AREC members. This is an increase of one report over the same month last year, and almost a thousand AREC members represented; it also represents the highest number of SEC reports ever received for the month of February. Three new sections, Southern New Jersey, Montana and Arkansas are added to the 1957 list, making a total of 26 different sections heard from this year. Other sections reporting: Ga., Santa Clara Valley, New Mex., San Joaquin Valley, Colo., W. N. Y., Conn., Minn., N. C., E. Fla., Iowa, Maritime, Tenn., NYC-LI, Ore., E. Pa., Wis., Ala., Md.-Del.-D. C.

RACES News

With the appointment of a new state Radio Officer (also SEC) in Louisiana (one K5BES), RACES activities took a decided upswing. An amendment to the communications plan has been placed on file with FCC in which the state is divided into seven zones, four of which are designated "attack" zones and three "support" zones. Radio officers have been appointed for all six areas (all but one of them is also ARRL EC). Statewide command networks are conducted by s.s.b. on 3993, by e.w. on 3501.5, in the Disaster Communications Service band

and on public safety frequencies, with an additional RTTY net still in the planning stages. Each area of course has its own network consisting of an area control station and report centers within the area, closely following the logical pattern which is becoming pretty standard throughout the nation. Below this level it is assumed local nets on v.h.f. will be or have been established. The RO and SEC, K5BES, puts out a monthly bulletin outlining progress within the state.

News on North Carolina RACES: SCM W4RRH informs us that RACES authorization by AREC districts, as originally proposed, has been supplanted by authorization by counties. To that end, each district EC is being urged to file a communications plan for his own county, and as-



assistant ECs for other counties in this same district are being urged to do likewise for their counties. Seventeen county plans were thus filed from March 5 to March 22, with over fifty in the process. A state command and information net has been formed in which each EC has been made an authorized RACES station. Riley, W4RRH, says all it takes is someone interested plus some *work*.

FCDA headquarters in Battle Creek, Mich., will henceforth be represented on the air by the call letters K8ERA, the club station of the Triangle Club, most of whose members are of the FCDA staff. Bear the call K8ERA in mind for FCDA contact.

Operation Alert is scheduled to start on July 12 this year, and will last approximately five days. Full details in July QST.



General Robert M. Woodward, III, state civil defense director, makes a transmission during a RACES drill over K9CLW, state net control station in Chicago. The Illinois c.d. director said he is proud of the over-150 members of his RACES net who have cooperated in every state and local c.d. exercise during the past several years.

TRAFFIC TOPICS

This treatise is on the subject of the "service" message — when and how to use it. Before you read this, dig out your copy of "Operating an Amateur Radio Station" and read up on the subject (p. 12). That isn't too much to go on, so hear these supplementary comments:

Ordinarily, one doesn't originate a service message to tell the originator that a message was delivered. But it is always good manners, and often necessary, to tell him it was not. If you do this (and you should!) you should refer to the message clearly in the text of your service, state the reason why no delivery was effected, and conclude with your subsequent disposition — that is, whether the message has been cancelled or is being held pending further information. The form of the message (on c.w.) would go something like this: SVC NR 1 W1NJM CK 27 NEWINGTON CONN 1000 APR 15 to W6HC SAN JOSE CALIF BT REF UR MSG NR 7 APR 13 TO F E HANDY ARRL WEST HARTFORD CONN STOP ADDRESSEE UNKNOWN AT THIS ADDRESS STOP PSE GBA OR ADVISE DISPOSITION BT W1NJM. On phone: "Service message number one, W1NJM, check 29, Newington, Connecticut, nineteen hundred, April fifteen, to W6HC, W six Henry Charlie, San Jose California. The text: Reference

your message number seven, April thirteen to F (as in Frank), E (as in Edward), Handy, ARRL, West Hartford Connecticut, period addressee unknown at address given period please give better address or advise disposition. Signed: W1NJM."

Note the three essential parts of the text: (1) identification of the message by number, date and addressee; (2) reason for the service message; (3) request for instructions. The latter, in some cases, may simply indicate the disposition you are making of the message, although in most instances it is advisable, if not courteous, to await the originating station's instructions. Obviously, if the addressee moved and left no address, or moved to another point some distance away, or is deceased, the originating station can simply be informed of cancellation; but never cancel a message arbitrarily or per-emptorily because the address is garbled, because the message is "too old," because the address can't be found, or because the text doesn't make sense (to you). Send a service message and await instructions. If no instructions are forthcoming, another service message after a reasonable time can indicate cancellation.

On MARS refiles, the service message should be addressed to the refiling station, which is in effect the originating station as far as we are concerned. Of course, if the refiling station is unknown, you've had it; you can't service the originating station if you don't know who he is. On traffic generated at fairs or exhibits, it is not likely that the originating station will be able to give you information, but originate a service message anyway. Go through the motions. What can you lose?

An undelivered message counts only as one received. A service message which you originate counts as one originated, its reply (if any) as one received and, if this makes delivery of the subject message possible, you can take an extra count as one delivered, the 48-hour stipulation in this case applying from the time you receive correct delivery information provided you originated the service message within 48 hours of the receipt of the subject message.

Subject of treatise next month: the "book" message.

Miscellaneous March net reports: Early Bird Transcontinental net reports 31 sessions, traffic count 589. North Texas — Oklahoma Net reports 81 sessions, 223 messages, 1095 check-ins; K5AEX is the new manager. W9KOY reports Interstate Single Side Band Net with 57 messages, 49 average station attendance. Transcontinental Phone Net report: 1st Call Area — 1195; 2nd Call Area — 1150; 3rd, 4th, 8th, 9th and 0th Call Areas, 697; total — 3042.

National Traffic System. In 1953 we wrote a letter to a prominent West Coast traffic man which said, in part: "It is desirable to decentralize as many . . . NTS matters as possible, looking even toward the ultimate where the system runs itself and looks to ARRL Headquarters only for supplies and general guidance." At the present, much of the administrative responsibility for NTS rests on the shoulders of one person at headquarters. It was back in 1953, in connection with just this letter which we quote above, that the Pacific Area Staff of NTS was formed — a group of prominent traffic and NTS men on the Pacific Area consisting of the TCC Director, the PAN, RN6 and RN7 managers and three "members at large," whose function was primarily concerned with cementing together the activities of NTS in that area by exchange of ideas, discussion of problems, contact with and between section net managers, and recommendation of amateurs to fill vacancies at regional, area or TCC managers levels as and when they occurred. This staff was formed on an experimental basis, as a big step toward self-administration of NTS. Slow in getting started, the Pacific Area Staff has in recent months performed admirably in fulfilling its functions.

We now wish to announce that PAS is being taken off the "experimental" list and shall henceforth be an integral part of the system. The headquarters, charged by the Board of Directors with sponsorship and administration of NTS, will look to this group, which elects its own chairman and its members-at-large, to make recommendations for the betterment of NTS in the Pacific Area, and will implement such recommendations to the extent practicable in consonance with the welfare of the rest of the system. Its members: W6HC, member-at-large and chairman; W6ZRJ, RN6 Manager; W7GMC, RN7 Manager; K6DYX, PAN

Manager; W0KQD, Pacific Area TCC Director; W6UTV and W7FIX, members-at-large.

Area staffs in the other two areas will be formed if this is indicated by the wishes of the NTS traffic men in those areas.

March reports:

Net	Sessions	Traffic	Rate	Average	Representation
EAN.....	22	943	1.28	43.0	93.9
CAN.....	31	1151	1.38	37.1	97.8
PAN.....	28	788	0.57	28.0	100
JRN.....	26	365	0.68	14.0	95.1 ¹
2RN.....	51	377	0.52	7.4	97.6
3RN.....	42	244	0.41	5.9	88.8
RN6.....	47	356	....	7.6	47.7
RN7.....	52	260	0.16	5.0	....
8RN.....	43	255	....	5.9	92.2
9RN.....	62	814	0.87	13.1	87.5
TEN.....	93	2040	1.03	21.7	71.1
ECN.....	14	81	0.53	5.8	88.1
Sections ²	672	5495	....	8.2	....
TCC (Central).....		1895	....	
TCC (Pacific).....	106 ³	760	....	
Summary.....	1183	15824	CAN	11.1	PAN
Record.....	1239	16369	L72	13.9	100

¹ Regional net representation based on one session per night. Others are based on two or more sessions.

² Section nets reporting: AENP, AENT & AENB (Ala.), KYN (Ky.), MDD (Md.-Del.-D.C.), GSN (Ga.), CPN (Conn.), Minn. Phone (Nook & Evening), QKN, QKS & QKS SS (Kans.), QMN (Mich.), NJN (N. J.), WSN (Wash.), TLCN (Iowa), OSN/PQN (Ont.-Que.), SCN (Calif.), WYN (W. Va.).

³ TCC schedules kept, not counted as net sessions.

Lacking reports from two regions and one TCC Director, we failed this month to break any records. In all probability had they been received, we would have been over the top again. Let's try to get those reports here on time, fellas. The fifteenth of the month is the deadline.

W9DO says that an average of 18 stations QNI CAN each night, which is 12 more than the basic "cadre." K6DYX submits his first report as PAN manager, and it's a good 'un. W7s DZV ELJ JLZ and KKM have received 1RN certificates, and 17 others are eligible. W2BRC and W2HTH have received 2RN certificates. W7VAH reports for RN7 again while W7GMC is on vacation. The following stations have received 8RN certificates: W7s BWK ELW GBF HXB IBB ILP MVJ OPU PBO QQQ SJF SZU VTP ZLK. W4ZDB earned his 9RN certificate the hard way, by serving as NCS on Saturdays. W0ZVG has been awarded a TEN certificate with a letter of congratulations from net manager W0KJZ; TEN is harassed by lack of Manitoba contact. ECN certificates have been awarded to VE1DB and VE3DCX; only 14 ECN sessions were reported out of 21 scheduled in March.

Transcontinental Corps: W0KQD sends in her usual detailed report on TCC-Pacific. In March there were 17 stations performing TCC functions. Thirty-six supplementary schedules were held to clear TCC traffic, in addition to the 106 regular schedules reported. Only three of the regular schedules were unreported. In the Central Area, W0SCA's only comment is: "Everything still OK in Central Area TCC." But get a load of that traffic total! No report from Eastern Area TCC this month.

Norfolk County (Va.) recently opened its first civil defense control station. This installation employs three transmitters and receivers for local (10 meters) and long haul (75 meters) work. A separate receiver is used to monitor a local emergency calling frequency. Standing is W4YOO, Norfolk County radio officer. Seated, left to right, are W4PAK, Va. SEC, and W4NXX, alternate radio officer.

CLUB COUNCILS AND FEDERATIONS

The Cleveland Area Council of Amateur Radio Clubs, Henry Bormann, Secy., 4345 West 50th St., Cleveland 9, Ohio.

Federation of Eastern Massachusetts Amateur Radio Associations, Ernest A. Coons, W1JLN, Acting Chairman, 25 Atlantic Terrace, Lynn, Mass.

Indiana Radio Club Council, Inc., Joseph A. Chasey, W9ELV, Secy., 5613 E. 21st St., Indianapolis 18, Ind.

The Los Angeles Area Council of Amateur Radio Clubs, Inc., Dorothy E. Williams, W6QLM, Secy., 361 Marie Ave., Los Angeles 42, Calif.

Michigan Council of Clubs, Roland R. Beineman, W8QBA, Secy., 136 Guild St., N.E., Grand Rapids, Mich.

Ohio Council of Amateur Radio Clubs, Ralph E. Crammer, W8VHO, Secy., 3989 Indianola Ave., Columbus 14, Ohio.

Ontario Amateur Radio Federation, G. Moes, VE3BV, Secy., 226 North Shore Blvd., Burlington, Ont., Canada.

ELECTION RESULTS

Valid petitions nominating a single candidate as Section Manager were filed by members in the following Sections, completing their election in accordance with regular League policy, each term of office starting on the date given.

Colorado	B. Eugene Spoonemore, W0DML	Feb. 11, 1957
Wisconsin	George Woیدا, W9KQB	May 12, 1957
Iowa	Russell B. Marquis, W0BDR	June 16, 1957

In the Sacramento Valley Section of the Pacific Division, Mr. LeVaughn Shipley, K6CFF, and Mr. Harold L. Lucero, W6JDN, were nominated. Mr. Shipley received 138 votes and Mr. Lucero received 82 votes. Mr. Shipley's term of office began Feb. 25, 1957.

In the Maryland-Delaware-District of Columbia Section of the Atlantic Division, Mr. Louis T. Croneberger, W3UCR, Mr. John W. Gore, W3PRL, and Mr. Raymond de Courcelle, W3DQZ, were nominated. Mr. Croneberger received 322 votes, Mr. Gore received 317 votes, and Mr. de Courcelle received 112 votes. Mr. Croneberger's term of office began Mar. 21, 1957.

In the Nebraska Section of the Midwest Division, Mr. Charles E. McNeel, W0EXP, and Mr. Floyd B. Campbell, W0CBH, were nominated. Mr. McNeel received 123 votes and Mr. Campbell received 108 votes. Mr. McNeel's term of office began April 15, 1957.

ELECTION NOTICE

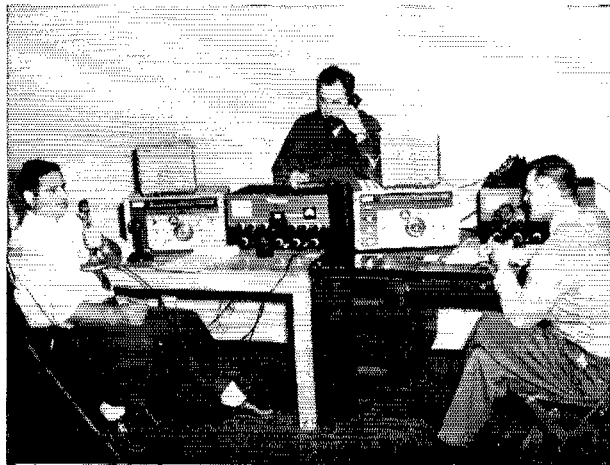
(To all ARRL members residing in the Sections listed below.)

You are hereby notified that an election for Section Communications Manager is about to be held in your respective Section. This notice supersedes previous notices.

Nominating petitions are solicited. The signatures of five or more ARRL full members of the Section concerned, in good standing, are required on each petition. No member shall sign more than one petition.

Each candidate for Section Communications Manager must have been a licensed amateur for at least two years and similarly a full member of the League for at least one continuous year immediately prior to his nomination.

Petitions must be in West Hartford, Conn., on or before noon on the closing dates specified. In cases where no valid nominating petitions were received in response to previous notices, the closing dates are set ahead to the dates given



herewith. The complete name, address, and station call of the candidate should be included with the petition. It is advisable that eight or ten full-member signatures be obtained, since on checking names against Headquarters files, with no time to return invalid petitions for additions, a petition may be found invalid by reason of expiring memberships, individual signers uncertain or ignorant of their membership status, etc.

The following nomination form is suggested: (Signers will please add city and street addresses to facilitate checking membership.)

Communications Manager, ARRL, [place and date]
38 La Salle Road, West Hartford, Conn.

We, the undersigned full members of the
..... ARRL Section of the
Division, hereby nominate
as candidate the Section Communications Manager for this
Section for the next two-year term of office.

Elections will take place immediately after the closing dates specified for receipt of nominating petitions. The ballots mailed from Headquarters to full members will list in alphabetical sequence the names of all eligible candidates.

You are urged to take the initiative and file nominating petitions immediately. This is your opportunity to put the man of your choice in office.

— F. E. Handy, Communications Manager

Section	Closing Date	SCM	Present Term Ends
Yukon*	June 10, 1957	W. R. Williamson	Mar. 17, 1949
Manitoba*	June 10, 1957	John Polmark	Mar. 2, 1957
Saskatchewan*	June 10, 1957	Harold R. Horn	Apr. 15, 1957
Maine	June 10, 1957	Allan D. Duntley	May 16, 1957
Eastern Penn- sylvania	June 10, 1957	Clarence Snyder	June 15, 1957
North Dakota	June 10, 1957	Elmer J. Gabel	June 15, 1957
San Joaquin Valley	June 10, 1957	Ralph Saroyan	June 15, 1957
Southern New Jersey	June 10, 1957	Herbert C. Brooks	Aug. 26, 1957
Indiana	Aug. 9, 1957	Seth L. Baker	Oct. 14, 1957
East Bay	Aug. 9, 1957	Roger L. Wixson	Oct. 14, 1957
San Diego	Aug. 9, 1957	Don Stansifer	Oct. 15, 1957

* In Canadian Sections nominating petitions for Section Managers must be addressed to Canadian Director Alex Reid, 169 Logan Ave., St. Lambert, Quebec. To be valid, petitions must be filed with him on or before closing dates named.

CODE PROFICIENCY PROGRAM

Twice each month special transmissions are made to enable you to qualify for the ARRL Code Proficiency Certificate. The next qualifying run from W1AW will be made on June 20 at 2130 EDST. Identical texts will be sent simultaneously by automatic transmitters on 1885, 3555, 7080, 14,100, 21,010, 50,900 and 145,600 kc. The next qualifying run from W0OWP only will be transmitted on June 5 at 2100 PDST on 3590 and 7128 kc.

Any person can apply. Neither ARRL membership nor an amateur license is required. Send copies of all qualifying runs to ARRL for grading, stating the call of the station you copied. If you qualify at one of the six speeds transmitted, 10 through 35 w.p.m., you will receive a certificate. If your initial qualification is for a speed below 35 w.p.m., you may try later for endorsement stickers.

Code-practice transmissions are made from W1AW each evening at 2130 EDST. Approximately 10 minutes' practice is given at each speed. References to texts used on several of the transmissions are given below. These make it possible to check your copy. For practice purposes, the order of words in each line of QST text sometimes is reversed. To improve your fist, hook up your own key and buzzer or audio oscillator and attempt to send along with W1AW.

Date Subject of Practice Text from April QST

- June 3: Grounded-Grid Tetrode Kilowatt, p. 11
- June 6: A Three-Band Cubical Quad . . . , p. 16
- June 11: V.H.F. Meteor Scatter Propagation, p. 20
- June 14: Variable Band Width Q Multiplier, p. 25
- June 18: A Compact All-Band Antenna, p. 29
- June 21: The Governors-to-President Relay, p. 45
- June 24: General Operating With Mike or Key, p. 46
- June 27: Field Day Statistics, p. 52

BRASS POUNDERS LEAGUE

Winners of BPL Certificates for March traffic:

Call	Orig.	Recd.	Rel.	Del.	Total
W2KEB	31	1083	399	125	2493
W0BDR	66	845	785	25	1701
W3WQZ	42	735	721	62	1560
W0PZO	4	738	721	8	1471
W0SCA	4	726	709	1	1440
W7B	29	581	545	31	1186
W0CPI	5	550	511	39	1105
W3CUL	131	497	371	92	1091
W0LCX	17	515	500	15	1047
W0CXY	4	519	511	7	1042
W0JOZ	12	466	468	7	953
W4PL	5	447	376	54	882
W0LGG	33	397	356	22	805
WILDE	15	434	351	5	805
W3UE	11	398	359	27	795
W8UPH	46	378	248	112	784
W8DDU	3	388	282	108	779
W8VTP	6	355	329	26	716
W7PGY	31	329	276	53	689
W2KFW	0	330	294	44	668
W8ELW	12	326	310	13	661
W9DO	21	301	41	281	644
W6GYH	457	81	68	18	624
W7VAZ	34	300	292	38	624
W5DRZ	37	303	264	18	622
W0ZWL	7	339	7	264	617
W6QQY	232	72	224	33	561
K7WAT	52	254	226	28	560
W9EHZ	25	271	215	46	557
W7APT	8	273	229	26	544
W9EQO	4	270	266	4	544
W0GAR	3	264	260	7	534
W5ESB	16	256	243	13	528
W9TTP	34	250	174	62	520
W8JYO	207	165	124	14	510
W4ZGB	74	222	201	8	505
VE3VP	6	251	244	3	504
W5UXE	96	203	171	32	502
Late Report:					
W7APF (Jan.)	6	283	258	28	575

More-Than-One-Operator Stations

K7FEA	148	987	949	8	2092
K5WAB	42	830	789	41	1702
W4DFU	675	60	50	10	795
K7EAB	52	217	269	92	630
VE3MRC	387	4	287	0	578

BPL for 100 or more originations-plus-deliveries:

W9NZZ	237	W0KJZ	117	W2MLW	105
W1YRZ/2	184	W1BFW	114	W0FVG	101
W0Y1P	169	K0GZT	114	Late Reports:	
W0VPQ	150	W8GFE	110	KH6BQS	(Feb.) 207
KH6BQS	140	W9DGA	110	K2LTI	(Feb.) 133
K2WAO	126	K4DGA	107	KP6AK	(Feb.) 101
W9HXR	126	K7FBN	107		
KP6AK	125	K0BFS	107		

More-Than-One-Operator Stations

K3WBJ 116 W4SKH/4 110

BPL medallions (see Aug. 1954 QST, p. 64) have been awarded to the following amateurs since last month's listing: K2IYP, W7WOK, W8VTP, K9BCQ.

The BPL is open to all amateurs in the United States, Canada, Cuba and U. S. possessions who report to their club a message total of 50 or more, or 100 or more originations-plus-deliveries for any calendar month. All messages must be handled on amateur frequencies within 48 hours of receipt, in standard ARRL form.

CODE-PRACTICE STATIONS

The following is a partial listing of stations participating in the ARRL Code-Practice Program:

- W1KKT, Frank Nutter, Mill St., P. O. Box 209, Milton, New Hampshire; 28.2 Mc.; Wednesdays, 2000-2030 EST; 6 w.p.m.
- W1NQB, Frank Piatek, 384 Holyoke Rd., Westfield, Mass.; 29.6 Mc.; Mon. through Thurs., 1830 EST; 5-18 w.p.m.
- W2EBZ, Clay Cool, (K2GMC alternating), 443 West 47th St., N. Y. 36, N. Y.; 144 and 50 Mc. on request.
- W2NHG, Saul Schacket, 13530 232nd St., Jamaica, L. I., N. Y.; 145 Mc.; Mon., 1930 EST; 5-10 w.p.m.
- W2MSK, Martin Heuvelmans, 62-07 Alderton St., Rego Park, N. Y.; 28.9 Mc.; Mon., 1930 EST; 8-10 w.p.m.
- W2NNK, John Oberlies, 22 Sleepy Lane, Hicksville, L. I., N. Y.; 3580 kc.; Tues., Fri., and Sun., 2030 EST; Fri., 5-13 w.p.m., Sun. and Tues., 5-35 w.p.m.
- W3NL, Ralph Anderson, 2509 32nd St. S.E., Washington 20, D. C.; 1813 kc.; Mon. through Fri., 2000 EST; Sat., 1000 EST; beginner's speeds.
- W3UVD, Walter Downes, RD #2, Box 328, Jeannette, Penna.; 3700 kc.; Tues., 2000 EST; 5-15 w.p.m.; (Club Call, W3UYE).

FEBRUARY FMT RESULTS

The Frequency Measuring Test of February 12, open to ARRL Official Observers and other amateurs, brought entries from 255 participants (110 Observers and 145 non-OOs) who made 1138 measurements in all. Everyone who took part has already received an individual report comparing the accuracy of his measurements of the W1AW FMT transmissions with those of a professional laboratory. The leaders' standings are listed below.

Observers	Parts/ Million	Non- Observers	Parts/ Million
W8CUJ.....	0.1	W8HB.....	0.0
W8GBF.....	0.1	W4JUI.....	0.1
W0TR.....	0.1	W8GQ.....	0.1
W1MUN.....	0.2	W9TCT.....	0.2
W4CVO.....	0.2	W9VZF.....	0.3
W4EWC.....	0.3	W1WPG.....	0.5
W8YCP.....	0.5	W3AHZ.....	1.5
W2FE.....	0.7	W2OUG.....	1.7
W1RLQ.....	2.0	W1BW.....	2.1
W2LS.....	2.4	W6MXQ.....	2.7
W7FU.....	2.7	W6AXV.....	3.2
W3TFN.....	3.4	W5JPM.....	4.8
W6GQA.....	3.7	W7FNS.....	5.0
VE6HM.....	4.4	W4QDY.....	5.4
W9DHT.....	5.4	W7PSO.....	5.4

W4IYT, Andrew Clark, 41 Lenape Dr., Miami Springs, Fla.; 28.7 Mc.; Mon. through Fri., 2100 EST; 5-18 w.p.m.
 W4RUR, Edward Blatt, 536-16 Ave. South, St. Petersburg 5, Fla.; 7086 kc.; Mon. and Wed., 1900 EST; 6-22 w.p.m.

W5DAG, Malcolm Hovis, 909 Ruby St., Osceola, Ark.; 3790 kc.; Mon., Wed., and Sat., 2030 CST; 5, 13, and 20 w.p.m.

W5USN, Naval Reserve Radio Station, Marconi Drive at Robert E. Lee Blvd., New Orleans 24, La.; 3750 kc., 7100 kc.; Fri. through Mon., 3750 kc., 1930 CST; Mon. through Fri., 7100 kc., 1230 CST; Fri. through Mon., 7100 kc., 1930 CST; 15 w.p.m.

W6ODX, Ronald Reed, 11671A San Vicente Blvd., West Los Angeles 49, Calif.; 3836 kc.; Mon., Wed., Fri., and Sat., 2000 PST; 13-15 and 20-25 w.p.m.

W7IY7, William McKeeth, 2216 Madison, Boise, Idaho; 7162 kc.; Mon., 2030; Tues., 2000; Wed. and Thurs., 1945; 5-15 w.p.m.

W8STR, Meredith Barger, Box 446, Gnadenhutten, Ohio; 3670 kc.; Mon., Wed., Fri., 1900 EST; 5-20 w.p.m.
 W8VYU, Perry Ballinger, 365-26th St. N.W., Massillon, Ohio; 7080 kc.; Wed., 2000 EST; 5-25 w.p.m.

W9UIN, Joseph Kadlec, 1148 Ashland Ave., Evanston, Ill.; 7240 kc.; Sat. and Sun., 0800 EST; 4-8 w.p.m.
 (More Code-Practice stations next month.)

DX CENTURY CLUB AWARDS

HONOR ROLL

W6AM.....271	W6DZZ.....264	W8BRA.....261
W1FH.....271	W6CQU.....263	ZL2GK.....260
W8HGW.....269	W6ASG.....262	W6SN.....260
W6ENV.....269	W8KIA.....261	W7AMX.....260
W9NDA.....268	W6JTC.....261	W6VFR.....259
W6MX.....264	W6TTC.....261	W6MEK.....259
W3GHD.....264	W8EED.....261	LU8DJ.....259
W8NBK.....264	W6AGW.....261	KV4AA.....259
W6SYG.....264	W6RW.....261	W3KT.....259
PY2CK.....264		W2HUQ.....259

Radiotelephone

PY2CK.....259	W8HGW.....244	W3JNN.....238
VQ4ERR.....252	CN8MM.....243	W8BF.....237
W1FH.....250	W8GZ.....243	W6AM.....235
ZS6BW.....244	W9RBL.....240	WINWO.....234
	W9NDA.....240	

From March 15 to April 15, 1957 DXCC certificates and endorsements based on postwar contacts with 100-or-more countries have been issued by the ARRL Communications Department to the amateurs listed below.

NEW MEMBERS

CO2BL.....204	W5GAI.....106	W6YC.....101
PY2BAU.....146	F3IM.....106	W8GB.....101
G6XL.....133	JA7AD.....105	W8UED.....101
K5ABW.....132	W5QVZ.....104	W1ZEV.....100
W9PZT.....128	W6GNG.....104	W2FXA.....100
ZS6WS.....117	SM5BG.....104	W2PDB.....100
K4FU.....115	V63DIF.....104	W4BEY.....100
ZL1QA.....115	YV5BS.....104	W4AFS.....100
W3EBG.....112	K5ADQ.....102	W4KN.....100
C3GBZ.....110	K6RDE.....102	W4LZW.....100
G5MN.....110	W9DSO.....102	W5RHV.....100
W9WJH.....109	W6OJW.....102	W3MFW.....100
K61YJ.....108	CN8JX.....102	W9ROK.....100
W3DBX.....107	G3GAL.....102	CR7CI.....100
W0YTL.....107	JA9AA.....102	PA6BX.....100
K4GSS.....106	W1YYR.....101	PA0LOU.....100

Radiotelephone

PY7YS.....111	W1JKM.....104	W0WXJ.....100
W6ZEN.....109	W3RD.....104	HC2BH.....100
W9CXG.....107	W4KGP.....104	HR1LW.....100
W8CYO.....106	DL4OR.....103	PA0ZD.....100
ZS6WS.....105	W5MZP.....100	SM4BMX.....100

ENDORSEMENTS

W6SAI.....256	W6VY.....233	W5ABY.....214
W7GUV.....251	W5FPW.....232	W6TKL.....214
W5ADZ.....249	W6DL.....230	W6BVM.....213
W6FE.....249	W6DLA.....230	W6QVZ.....212
W9HUZ.....245	W8KML.....230	W7AC.....211
VK2DI.....245	KV4BB.....222	W7ADS.....211
W7GBW.....242	G3HLS.....222	W0GKL.....210
ON4AU.....241	W5BNO.....220	W5FCN.....206
W3EPV.....240	W6RYF.....220	W9Y.....204
W6HX.....240	W8UDR.....215	W3VKD.....203

W6YK.....203	W3ZQ.....164	EA4BH.....140
W0ANF.....203	KZ5DG.....163	VE1EX.....136
W7GXA.....202	DL4ZC.....162	W2OTC.....131
W6GNA.....201	HB9AO.....162	W5VNL.....131
W1TX.....200	PA0ZL.....161	K6DNH.....131
W8PUD.....200	SM3EP.....161	TG9AD.....131
W6ALQ.....200	W2QJL.....160	VE1CX.....129
W8JK.....200	W4NBV.....160	ZB3JO.....127
KH6PM.....200	W4TFB.....160	W1GKJ.....123
W8GLK.....192	W5RS.....160	W8ERA.....122
W5PZL.....191	VO1DX.....160	JA1AG.....122
W9EU.....190	HCZE.....156	W3KQ.....120
K4AM.....190	K6EVE.....155	W3YPC.....120
W6BUO.....190	W6TTH.....155	W4JZQ.....120
W7FB.....190	W9UQV.....154	W4UKA.....120
OZ7BG.....190	W1WLW.....153	W5DQK.....120
W1WY.....185	W9Y8X.....153	SM5ARR.....120
W1BFT.....184	LA2B.....152	VE5IL.....120
W8OCV.....180	W5TTC.....151	EA5AF.....118
W9KA.....180	W4JBQ.....150	W6BAG.....115
W3LMM.....175	W5CEC.....150	W6TKX.....113
W6UQU.....175	W7BGH.....150	W9WYB.....113
ZL2HP.....173	W7FRD.....150	W6CBE.....112
W3JNM.....172	W8XP.....150	W2KTF.....111
W6GNA.....172	W8CPM.....150	W8ESR.....111
W8HML.....172	OK1KT.....150	W8TTO.....111
W2HQL.....171	OZ7SN.....150	VE3TW.....111
W2IRV.....170	G3IDC.....144	W2BWC.....110
W7IQL.....170	W4PVD.....140	W3CPG.....110
PY1ADA.....170	W6FTI.....140	W6YCC.....110
W7DAA.....169	W6OUN.....140	GM3EOJ.....110
	K9BVR.....140	

Radiotelephone

118M.....210	HB9LA.....170	K4BVQ.....130
KV4BB.....207	W3VKD.....167	W4BA.....130
W6YF.....206	KZ5DG.....160	TG9AD.....130
W6GVM.....200	W1EUK.....160	W4TFB.....124
CO2BL.....200	W8NXF.....160	W8PUD.....121
KH6OR.....200	W0VSK.....160	VK6LC.....121
CO2BK.....193	DL4BY.....160	11BXX.....120
W8VDJ.....192	W4ANE.....157	SM3RP.....115
K4AM.....190	W6TTH.....155	W4EBO.....113
W9JJE.....188	W4FPS.....150	W5DQK.....113
W0GKL.....186	F8XP.....150	W8SAI.....113
W4DCR.....180	W0IOS.....146	W7DAA.....112
W9WHM.....180	W8MRC.....140	W5ERY.....111
V5SEC.....180	W8JNM.....135	W8JL.....110
W4NYN.....171	W9GK.....135	W6YCC.....110
W6SYG.....170		VE2DI.....110

W/VE/VO Call Area and Continental Leaders

W4TO.....253	VE3QD.....210	VE8AW.....191
W0YXO.....250	VE4XO.....118	VO6EP.....190
W9AIW.....250	VE1GJ.....164	ZS6BW.....249
VE1HG.....164	VE6VK.....160	4X4RE.....222
VE2WW.....192	VE7GI.....224	G2PL.....258

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• All operating amateurs are invited to report to the SCM on the first of each month, covering station activities for the preceding month. Radio Club news is also desired by SCMs for inclusion in these columns. The addresses of all SCMs will be found on page 6.

ATLANTIC DIVISION

EASTERN PENNSYLVANIA—SCM, Clarence Snyder, W3PYF—SEC: NNT, PAM: TEJ, RM: YAZ. EPA Nets: 3610, 3850 and 3997 kc. Reports on the ARRL Frequency Measuring Test for February show the best score with an average error of 1.5 parts per million was scored by AHZ. TFN was close behind with 3.4. The Harrisburg Amateur Radio Club, with VDA as chairman, will help in the Powder Puff Derby for Harrisburg. A Philadelphia group of XYLS, under AAU, will handle the Philadelphia Area. IW has the auto call monitor on 29,640 kc. 24 hours a day. The Carbon Amateur Radio Club held its third Annual Banquet May 4. DYL has resigned as EC for Philadelphia County and DVB is the new EC for that area. YVW continues to do a good job editing *North Penn Static* for his club. New officers of the Windsor Amateur Radio Club are WWG, pres.; KIK, vice-pres.; CXJ, secy.-treas.; and QHF, act. mgr. The Delaware-Light Amateur Radio Club has been incorporated with NNT, PYF, RUY, FKE and GZR as incorporators. WHK now is signing into ESN and EPA. JNQ has recovered after a trip to the hospital. CUL is vacationing in Florida with her trailer. Valiant and PRO 310. Mae reports CCH as having excellent signals there. BUR now has MARS appointment. LS has been assigned to another project at Philco and SMC will take over as activities director for YDX. YAZ reports heavy activity on the EPA C.W. Net. NF has a new V beam with 500 feet on the leg in operation. EBG, jr. operator of BES, has enough QSLs for DXCC. WQL is taking traffic from NYSEPN. ARK's activity has been low in OO work this month. He reports he put 2 Valiants together, only one for himself which he has been using for DX work. New officers of the Electric City Radio Club of Scranton and vicinity include LZD, pres.; SM, vice-pres.; MRQ, secy.; LJT, treas. TYQ reports that the ECRC was chartered in 1920 and has maintained ARRL affiliation ever since. QBF will be chairman of the FD committee for the DLARC. VVX is giving on-the-air code classes on 145.35 Mc. for the Bucks County Amateur RC. The Mt. Airy V.H.F. Radio Club is now affiliated with ARRL. The club will hold its annual picnic in Fort Washington State Park, Flourtown, Pa., on Aug. 11, according to SAO. Traffic: (Mar.) W3CUL 1091, BFF 361, TEJ 169, YDX 167, NF 148, HBM 115, WHK 95, BNR 82, QLZ 58, PDJ 49, ZRQ 37, FCI 35, YAZ 26, EPL 25, OGD 22, PYF 22, NQB 21, CSP 18, DJL 17, ADE 10, AXA 9, AMC 8, YVX 8, BUR 7, WQL 6, CNO 5, JNQ 5, PUY 5, UEU 3, BES 2, CMN 1. (Feb.) W3WHK 110.

MARYLAND-DELAWARE-DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA—SCM, Louis T. Croneberger, W3UCR—Section Nets: MDD, 3850 kc. 1900 M-F; MLEPN, 3820 kc. MWF 1830, SS 1300. The HCARA and the Aero ARC held a joint meeting at the PGA clubhouse on Mar. 13 with QLG and QKc presiding. The WAIRC meeting Mar. 17th was an election night. Officers are 4KMG, pres.; K4KXC, vice-pres.; IHY, secy.-treas.; and BPE, traffic mgr. Also at the meeting 4LXC showed a homemade hand-carried transmitter-receiver for 10 or 6 meters which, from the FB reports received from 6-meter mobiles en route to the club, seems to be doing very well. Welcome to the new National Capital V.H.F. Society. Its officers are DMS, pres.; KMV, vice-pres.; DWU, secy.-treas. Club nets: 50.7 Mc. Tue, 2030, Thurs, 2100, and Sun, 1000; 220.5 Tue, 2030 and Sun, 1100. MSK was elected pres. and PZW vice-pres. of the PVRC to fill the terms of EIV and K4KXY, who are transferring to other climes. Election results of the RCARA: OBR, pres.; MKS, sr. vice-pres.; QFS, jr.

vice-pres.; TKE, secy.; FWP, treas. CDQ, Atlantic Div. Asst. Dir., was active on 20-meter c.w. during the DX Contest. AAY has a new jr. operator, his first. FWP has been appointed Region II FCDA RACES officer, with an FB group of assistants including AIR, AKB, BWT, GKP, NPQ, PYW and QAN, with OMIN as consultant for the program. We are happy to see PG at home after a stay in the hospital. He is now on 2 meters with a Communicator and 5 half-waves in phase. NJT is doing an FB job with instruction for Novices and others at the shop. CKR and MLM, representing Montgomery County RACES on 2 and 6 meters, successfully participated in the Potomac River Naval Command Communications exercise. AXZ, Conowingo Village, received his original call after 20 years of inactivity. Bill is using a Viking I on 10- and 80-meter phone and c.w. and will be on all h.f. bands and 2 meters very soon. VFL is on 10 meters with a new 6146 transmitter and on 75-meter phone with a new tower and antenna. KH6BEA is attending school at Bainbridge and is on 10 meters near Conowingo. TUX is back on the air in Annapolis after a stay in Georgia. STI is on 2 meters with a Communicator. IHMP/3 formerly at Aberdeen, now is K6VZA near San Diego. WN3s IWR and KWQ are on 80-meter c.w. with modified Command transmitters. WN3s IXF and LXA (the brother of UAC and the brother's XYL) are working out on 40- and 80-meter c.w. with a homemade 6V6 rig. WN3s JXD, JWM, JZI, LKU and MNE are all heard on 2 meters using Communicators. WN3JWM also is on 40-meter c.w. and is the XYL of FWR. She is working very hard to get her General Class license by Field Day to be a member of Len's 40-meter c.w. crew. N3MNV is on with a Viking Adventurer. N3JXJ is on 40 meters with a homemade 6AG7-6L6 transmitter. CKR is the new director of MEPN and K4DKG/3 is the new acting secretary. UE and WV advise the MDD is looking for Baltimore and Delaware stations so that traffic into those areas can be expedited. UE made BPL Traffic: (Mar.) W3UE 705, K3WBF 230, W3CKR 228, ZGN 152, TN 131, UCR 83, K4DKG/3 76, W3RV 72, PKC 60, WV 58, PQ 57, COK 52, SPL 26, FAP 6, BUD 5, BKE 4. (Feb.) W3WV 54.

SOUTHERN NEW JERSEY—SCM, Herbert C. Brooks, K2BG—SEC: YRW. PAM: ZI. Appointments for the month: QZE as OO and K2PTJ as OBS. EBW was top scorer in the section in the recent YL/OM Contest. Julie also won the award in 1958. K2INQ has received the 20-w.p.m. CP certificate. FB, Peg. SVV, Mercer County EC and Radio Officer, and his able assistants continue to increase in efficiency and county emergency communication planning. YRW, Delaware Valley (2 meter) Net Manager, has issued a very nice bulletin. K2PTJ is assistant manager. The N. J. Fone Net also has issued a fine bulletin. ZI is manager and VDE asst. mgr. The DVRA has elected the following officers: UAE, pres.; K2CDH, vice-pres.; TAM, secy.; and JWA, treas. FQ, Maple Shade, is recovering from a serious illness. BZJ is doing a fine job at the State c.d. headquarters, Gloucester County c.d. meetings are being held in Woodbury. We are looking forward to having an active organization and the appointment of an EC in that county. JKA, recently appointed OPS, also is active in MARS. *Harmonics*, the SJRA paper, continues to grow in size and interest. QBH and K2PTJ have new towers. K2KTS is doing a fine job instructing in code and theory at the Delaware Twp. High School, in addition to holding class for the would-be KNs at the SJRA. K2WAO/W1YRZ has earned BPL for the last eight months. BAY is celebrating his 36th year in amateur radio. All appointees are urged to send reports monthly on Form 1. No reports were received from Southern Counties or the Tri-Cities Clubs. Traffic: W1YRZ/2 239, W2HDW 233, K2WAO 156, W2RG 139, K2JGU 104, W2BZJ 54, ZI 43, K2JKA 31, PTJ 30, KN2THX 10, K2CPR 2, HPV 2.

WESTERN NEW YORK—SCM, Charles T. Hansen, K2HUK—SEC: YTH/FRL. RMs: RUF and ZRC. PAMs: TEP and NAI. NYS C.W. meets on 3615 kc. at 1800, ESS on 3590 kc. at 1800, NYS Phone on 3925 kc. at 1800, TAR on 3570 kc. at 1700, NYS C.D. on 3509.5 and 3993 kc. at 0000 Sun., TCPN 2nd call area on 3970 kc. at 1900, SRPN on 3980 kc. at 1000, LSN on 3970 at 1000. K2CEH has built a 500W for 6 meters. K2KNV got F87NT for his 56th county. K2DG has

(Continued on page 86)

SINGLE SIDEBAND

SINGLE sideband in the last eight or nine years has gained a great deal of popularity with the amateur fraternity, and we feel that a further discussion of the subject may be helpful.

SPECTRUM conservation and efficient use of power are the main advantages usually claimed for SSB, though both are the subject of hot discussion these days. A little listening with a receiver such as the SX-101 will, we feel, show that compared to standard AM, several times as many SSB stations can occupy a given number of kilocycles. This is due partly to suppression of the "other sideband" and partly to the absence of heterodyne whistles and squeals due to carriers. The widespread use of voice operated break-in is an added advantage, permitting four and five stations to use the same channel with almost the convenience of face to face conversation.

AS FOR POWER, SSB almost realizes the old dream of voice communication with CW efficiency. Every watt put out by the transmitter is used to communicate; there is no unnecessary carrier or duplicate sideband. This very simplicity makes SSB useful over long hauls where AM fails because of selective fading. The absence of heterodynes allows the natural selectivity of the human ear to pick out the desired signal from heavy interference, again as in CW operation.

WE WENT ON the air recently and took a sample survey of as many SSB operators as we could reach, asking them why they like single sideband and what caused them to change over from other types of operation. The answers were enlightening. Many stressed the reduced QRM, others the increased distance they could cover. A few mentioned WAC round tables. Practically all of them like the convenience of voice-operated break-in. After a few hours of asking, one thing became very clear — the underlying reason in every case was more and better QSO's, more fun from operating, and increased ability to render public service when necessary.

AND, after all — aren't these the basic reasons why we took up our hobby in the first place?

CY READ, W9AA

Bevel Balligan Jr.

W. J. Halligan W9AC

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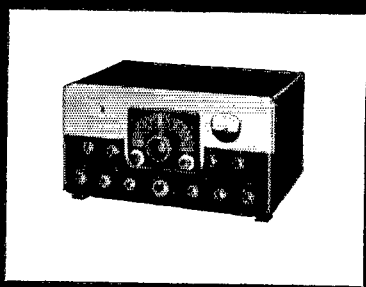
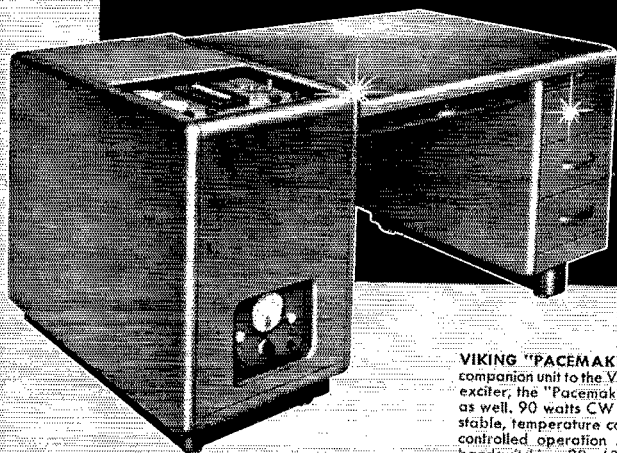
Imagine yourself at the controls of this exciting Viking Kilowatt. You'll marvel at the ease of selecting maximum legal input AM, CW or SSB with the flip of a single switch . . . you'll be delighted with the convenience of its desk-top controls . . . and you'll immediately sense the authority of its full kilowatt signal, placing the world at your finger tips.

Truly tomorrow's concept of electronic equipment design and operating convenience, the Viking Kilowatt provides continuous frequency coverage from 3.5 to 30 megacycles, wide range antenna matching and complete TVI suppression. The compact pedestal contains the complete Kilowatt—rolls out for adjustment or maintenance. Excitation requirements: 30 watts RF and 10 watts audio for AM; 2-3 watts peak for SSB. Completely wired and tested with tubes.

Cat. No. 240-1000 Amateur Net \$1595.00

Matching accessory desk top, back and three drawer pedestal.

Cat. No. 251-101 FOB Corry, Pa. \$123.50



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VIKING "PACEMAKER"—This exciting transmitter is the perfect companion unit to the Viking Kilowatt. More than just a single sideband exciter, the "Pacemaker" is a completely self-contained transmitter as well. 90 watts CW and SSB (P.E.P.) . . . 35 watts AM. Extremely stable, temperature compensated built-in VFO. "Fool-proof" voice controlled operation . . . effectively TVI suppressed . . . instant bandswitching 80, 40, 20, 15 and 10 meters. Pin-network output matches antenna loads from 50 to 600 ohms. More than enough power to drive the Viking "Kilowatt" or grounded-grid amplifiers. With tubes and crystals, less key and microphone. Wired and tested.
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POWER DIVIDER—Provides up to 35 watts continuous dissipation. Designed to provide the proper output loading of the "Pacemaker" when used to drive the Viking Kilowatt Amplifier.
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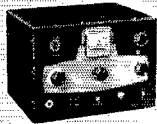
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240-20Y-2 Wired \$159.50*

*Price subject to revision.

VIKING "RANGER"—This outstanding 75 watt CW or 65 watt phone transmitter also serves as an RF and audio exciter for high power equipment. As an exciter, it will drive any of the popular kilowatt level tubes—no internal changes necessary to switch from transmitter to exciter operation. Self-contained, instant bandswitching 160 through 10 meters—operates by extremely stable, built-in VFO or crystal control—effectively TVI suppressed. Easily assembled—with tubes, less crystals, key and microphone.

Cat. No. Amateur Net
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VIKING "VALIANT"—Designed for outstanding flexibility and performance. 275 watts input on CW and SSB (P.E.P. with auxiliary SSB exciter) 200 watts AM. Instant bandswitching 160 through 10 meters—operates by built-in VFO or crystal control. Pi-network tank circuit matches antenna loads from 50 to 600 ohms—final tank coil is silver-plated. TVI suppressed—timed sequence keying—high gain push-to-talk audio system—low level audio clipping—built-in low pass audio filter—self-contained power supplies. With tubes, less crystals, key and microphone.

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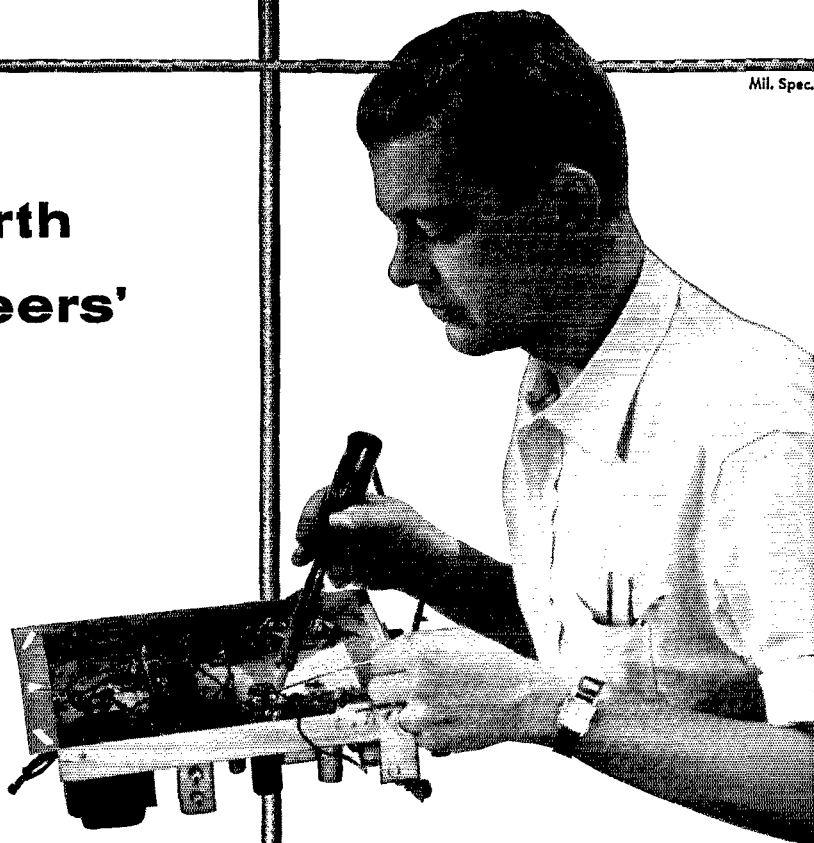


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HEATHKIT

DX-100

TRANSMITTER KIT

PHONE
AND CW

- ▶ Phone or CW—160 through 10 meters.
- ▶ 100 watts RF on phone—120 watts CW—parallel 6146 final.
- ▶ Built-in VFO—pi network output circuit.
- ▶ Easy to build—TVI suppressed



MODEL DX-100

\$189⁵⁰

\$18.95 dwn., \$15.92 mo.
Shpg. Wt. 107 lbs.

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otherwise specified.
\$50.00 deposit required
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The Heathkit DX-100 phone-CW transmitter offers features far beyond those normally received at this price level. It has a built-in VFO, built-in modulator, and built-in power supplies. It is TVI suppressed, and uses pi network interstage coupling and output coupling. Matches antenna impedances from approximately 50 to 600 ohms. Provides a clean strong signal on either phone or CW, with RF output in excess of 100 watts on phone, and 120 watts on CW. Completely bandswitching from 160 through 10 meters. A pair of 1625 tubes are used in push-pull for the modulator, and the final consists of a pair of 6146 tubes in parallel. VFO dial and meter face are illuminated. High-quality components throughout! The DX-100 is very easy to build, even for a beginner, and is a proven, trouble-free rig that will insure many hours of enjoyment in your ham shack.



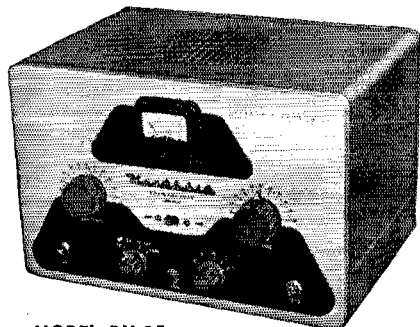
HEATH COMPANY BENTON HARBOR 9, MICHIGAN

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HEATHKIT **DX-35** TRANSMITTER KIT

PHONE AND CW

This transmitter features a 6146 final amplifier to provide 65 watt plate power input on CW, with controlled-carrier modulation peaks up to 50 watts on phone. Modulator and power supplies are built in, and the rig covers 80, 40, 20, 15, 11 and 10 meters with a single band-change switch. Pi network output coupling provides for matching various antenna impedances. Employs 12BY7 oscillator, 12BY7 buffer and 6146 final. Speech amplifier is a 12AX7, and a 12AU7 is employed as modulator. Panel control provides switch selection of three different crystals, reached through access door at rear. Panel meter indicates final grid current or final plate current. A perfect low-power transmitter both for the novice or the more experienced amateur. A remarkable power package for the price. The price includes tubes, and all other parts necessary for construction. Comprehensive instruction manual insures successful assembly.



MODEL DX-35

\$56⁹⁵

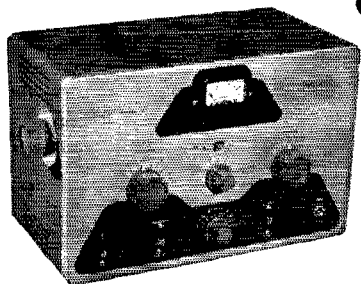
Shpg. Wt.
24 Lbs.

\$5.70 dwn., \$4.78 mo.

- ▶ *Phone or CW—80 through 10 meters.*
- ▶ *65 watts CW—50 watts peak on phone—6146 final amplifier.*
- ▶ *Pi network output to match various antenna impedances.*
- ▶ *Tremendous dollar value—easy to build.*

BRAND NEW

HEATHKIT **DX-20** CW TRANSMITTER KIT



MODEL DX-20

\$35⁹⁵

\$3.60 dwn., \$3.02 mo.
Shpg. Wt. 18 Lbs.

- ▶ *Designed exclusively for CW work.*
- ▶ *50 watts plate power input—80 through 10 meters.*
- ▶ *Pi network output circuit to match various antenna impedances.*
- ▶ *Attractive and functional styling—easy to build.*

Here is a straight-CW transmitter that is one of the most efficient rigs available today. It is ideal for the novice, and even for the advanced-class CW operator. This 50 watt transmitter employs a 6DQ6A final amplifier, a 6CL6 oscillator, a 5U4GB rectifier and features one-knob bandswitching to cover 80, 40, 20, 15, 11 and 10 meters. It is designed for crystal excitation, but may be excited by an external VFO. A pi network output circuit is employed to match antenna impedances between 50 and 1000 ohms. Employs top-quality parts throughout, including "potted" transformers, etc. If you appreciate a good signal on the CW bands, this is the transmitter for you!



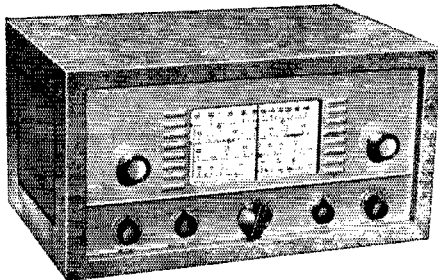
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HEATHKIT

COMMUNICATIONS-TYPE, ALL BAND

RECEIVER KIT



This receiver covers 550 kc to 30 mc in four bands, and is ideal for the short wave listener or beginning amateur. It provides good sensitivity and selectivity, combined with fine image rejection. Amateur bands are clearly marked on the illuminated dial scale. Features transformer-type power supply—electrical band spread—antenna trimmer—separate RF and AF gain controls—noise limiter—headphone jack—and AGC. Has built-in BFO for CW reception.

MODEL AR-3

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incl. excise tax
(less cabinet)

\$3.00 dwn., \$2.52 mo.

Shpg. Wt. 12 Lbs.

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B HEATHKIT GRID DIP METER KIT MODEL GD-1B

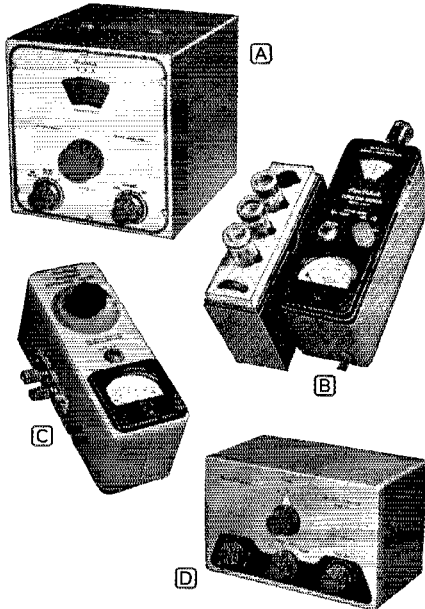
Continuous coverage from 2 mc to 250 mc with prewound coils. 500 ua panel meter for indication. Use to locate parasitics, for neutralizing, determining resonant frequencies, etc. Will double as absorption-type wavemeter. Shpg. wt. 4 lbs. \$2.00 dwn., \$1.68 mo. **\$19.95**

C HEATHKIT ANTENNA IMPEDANCE METER KIT MODEL AM-1

The AM-1 covers 0 to 600 ohms for RF tests. Functions up to 150 mc. Used in conjunction with a signal source, will determine antenna resistance and resonance, match transmission lines for minimum SWR, determine input impedance, etc. Shpg. wt. 2 lbs. \$1.45 dwn., \$1.22 mo. **\$14.50**

D HEATHKIT "Q" MULTIPLIER KIT MODEL QF-1

Functions with any receiver having IF frequency between 450 and 460 kc that is not AC DC type. Operates from receiver power supply, requiring only 6.3 volts AC at 300 ma (or 12.6 vac at 150 ma), and 150 to 250 vdc at 2 ma. Simple to connect with cable and plugs supplied. Provides extra selectivity for separating signals, or will reject one signal to eliminate heterodyne. Effective Q of approximately 4000. Shpg. wt. 3 lbs. \$1.00 dwn., \$.84 mo. **\$9.95**



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Less than two minutes is all you need to put your vertical together. No special tools or electronic equipment required. Full instructions given.

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MIAMI BEACH 39, FLA.

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Study these specifications—compare them—and you too will agree, along with thousands of hams, that GOTHAM beams are best!

TYPE OF BEAM. All Gotham beams are of the full half-wave plumber's delight type; i.e., all metal and grounded at the center. No wood, tuning stubs, baluns, coils, or any other devices are used.

MORE DX CONTACTS

GAIN. Gotham beams give the maximum gain obtainable. Our 2-element beams give a power gain of four (equivalent to 6 db.); our 3-element beams give a power gain of seven (8.1 db.); and our 4-element beams give a power gain of nine (9.6 db.)

THE DESIGN IS PROVEN

FRONT-TO-BACK RATIO. We guarantee a minimum F/B Ratio of 19 db. for any of our 2-element beams; 29 db. for any of our 3-element beams; 35 db. for 4-element beams.

THOUSANDS IN DAILY USE

MATCHING. Matching of the transmission line to the beam is extremely simple and quick. No electronic equipment or measuring devices are required.

ALCOA QUALITY ALUMINUM

ASSEMBLY AND INSTALLATION. No special tools are required for assembly and installation. Entire job can be done by one man in less than an hour. Full instructions are included with each beam.

CONSISTENT PERFORMANCE

MAST. Any Gotham beam can be mounted on a simple pipe mast. Diameter of the pipe should be between $\frac{3}{4}$ " and $1\frac{1}{8}$ ".

QUICK INSURED DELIVERY

STANDING WAVE RATIO. A very low SWR of approximately 1.5 to 1 will result from following the instruction sheet, depending on the height above ground and the surrounding area. If an SWR indicator is available, Gotham beams can be quickly and easily adjusted to 1.1.

YOU WILL WORK THE WORLD

STANDARD AND DELUXE BEAMS. Standard beams in the 6, 10 and 15 meter bands use $\frac{3}{8}$ " and $\frac{1}{2}$ " tubing elements; the deluxe models for these bands use $\frac{7}{8}$ " and 1". In 20 meter beams, the standard has a single boom, while the deluxe uses twin booms.

TRIBANDER BEAMS

Do not confuse these full-size tribander beams with so-called midgets. The Tribander has individually fed (52 or 72 ohm coax) elements and is not frequency sensitive, nor does it have baluns, coils, traps, or other devices intended to take the place of aluminum tubing. The way to work multi-band and get terrific gain is to use a Gotham Tribander Beam.

6-10-15 TRIBANDER.....\$39.95
10-15-20 TRIBANDER:..... 49.95

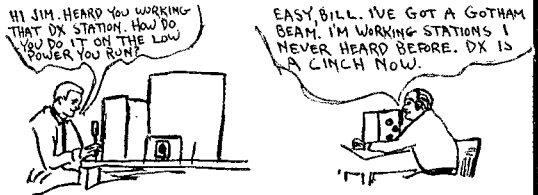
HOW TO ORDER: Send check or money order directly to GOTHAM or order from your local distributor. Immediate shipment by Railway Express, charges collect.

You could work KC4USA in the Antarctica with only 90 watts on 15 meters, as W4SK did.

You could work over 100 countries with a three element 10 meter beam, and be a top man on the frequency, like WØDEI.

You could work terrific skip and DX with reports of 20 over 9, with as little as 36 watts input on 20 meters, as W. E. Woods did.

You could work 29 states in three months on six meters, with low power, as K2LHP did.



Airmail Order Today — We Ship Tomorrow

GOTHAM Dept. QST
1805 PURDY AVE., MIAMI BEACH, FLA.

Enclosed find check or money-order for:

TRIBANDER
 6-10-15 \$39.95 10-15-20 \$49.95

6 METER BEAMS

<input type="checkbox"/> Std. 3-El Gamma match 12.95	<input type="checkbox"/> T match 14.95
<input type="checkbox"/> Deluxe 3-El Gamma match 21.95	<input type="checkbox"/> T match 24.95
<input type="checkbox"/> Std. 4-El Gamma match 16.95	<input type="checkbox"/> T match 19.95
<input type="checkbox"/> Deluxe 4-El Gamma match 25.95	<input type="checkbox"/> T match 28.95

10 METER BEAMS

<input type="checkbox"/> Std. 2-El Gamma match 11.95	<input type="checkbox"/> T match 14.95
<input type="checkbox"/> Deluxe 2-El Gamma match 18.95	<input type="checkbox"/> T match 21.95
<input type="checkbox"/> Std. 3-El Gamma match 16.95	<input type="checkbox"/> T match 18.95
<input type="checkbox"/> Deluxe 3-El Gamma match 22.95	<input type="checkbox"/> T match 25.95
<input type="checkbox"/> Std. 4-El Gamma match 21.95	<input type="checkbox"/> T match 24.95
<input type="checkbox"/> Deluxe 4-El Gamma match 27.95	<input type="checkbox"/> T match 30.95

15 METER BEAMS

<input type="checkbox"/> Std. 2-El Gamma match 19.95	<input type="checkbox"/> T match 22.95
<input type="checkbox"/> Deluxe 2-El Gamma match 29.95	<input type="checkbox"/> T match 32.95
<input type="checkbox"/> Std. 3-El Gamma match 26.95	<input type="checkbox"/> T match 29.95
<input type="checkbox"/> Deluxe 3-El Gamma match 36.95	<input type="checkbox"/> T match 39.95

20 METER BEAMS

<input type="checkbox"/> Std. 2-El Gamma match 21.95	<input type="checkbox"/> T match 24.95
<input type="checkbox"/> Deluxe 2-El Gamma match 31.95	<input type="checkbox"/> T match 34.95
<input type="checkbox"/> Std. 3-El Gamma match 34.95	<input type="checkbox"/> T match 37.95
<input type="checkbox"/> Deluxe 3-El Gamma match 46.95	<input type="checkbox"/> T match 49.95

(Note: Gamma-match beams use 52 or 72 ohm coax. T-match beams use 300 ohm line.)

NEW! RUGGEDIZED HI-GAIN 6, 10, 15 METER BEAMS

Each has a TWIN boom, extra heavy beam mount castings, extra hardware and everything needed. Guaranteed high gain, simple installation and all-weather resistant. For 52, 72 or 300 ohm transmission line. Specify which transmission line you will use.

<input type="checkbox"/> Beam #R6 (6 Meters, 4-El).....	\$38.95
<input type="checkbox"/> Beam #R10 (10 Meters, 4-El).....	40.95
<input type="checkbox"/> Beam #R15 (15 Meters, 3-El).....	49.95

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Address.....
City.....Zone.....State.....

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We try to top all offers. Your trade-in makes down payment. Write for our offer.

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Henry has everything in the amateur equipment field, new or used . . . transmitters and receivers.

HENRY HAS THESE HALLICRAFTER ITEMS IN STOCK FOR IMMEDIATE SHIPMENT

Hallicrafter S38D	\$49.95
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Hallicrafter SX104	89.95
Hallicrafter SX105	89.95
Hallicrafter S53A	89.95
Hallicrafter S85	119.95
Hallicrafter SX99	149.95
Hallicrafter SX100	295.00
Hallicrafter SX62A	349.95
Hallicrafter HT33	775.00
Hallicrafter R46B speaker.....	17.95

Complete stock of all transmitters, receivers, antennas, rotators, towers, parts, accessories, equipment. Henry has ALL the new equipment first.

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MODEL SX-101

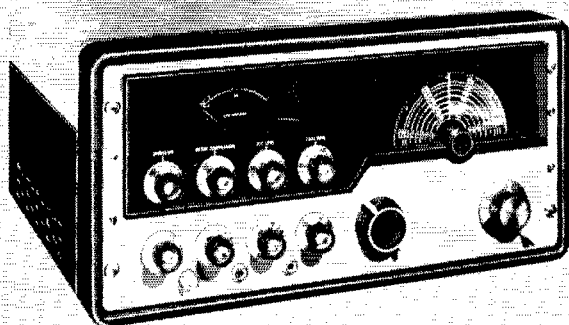
\$39.95 down
20 monthly payments
of \$19.50
CASH PRICE \$395.00

Big, rugged, the SX-101 utilizes the heaviest chassis in the industry . . . an amazing marvel of stability . . . designed to out-perform any other model in the market today. Complete coverage of seven ham bands—160, 80, 40, 20, 15, 11 and 10 meters. Conforms to F.C.D.A. specifications.

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HT-32 AMATEUR BAND TRANSMITTER

\$67.50 down
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Complete table top, high efficiency transmitter providing S.S.B. or CW output on 80, 40, 20, 15, 11 and 10 meter bands. Incorporates exclusive features in S.S.B. generation techniques: (1) Hallicrafters exclusive—piezo electric filter which cuts unwanted sideband 50 db or more; (2) extremely stable, newly developed bridged—tee modulator.

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Do you need a degree for success in Electronics?



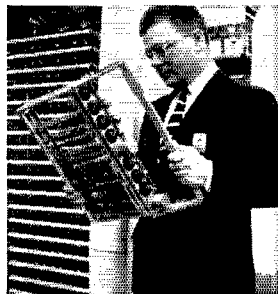
"Not necessarily," says Dick Brani, Instructor in Project Sage at IBM—Kingston, New York. "Oh, sure—I'm aware of my limitations to design electronic equipment—that's the big advantage of a formal degree. But I am qualified to maintain it. The point is . . . there are many management positions in IBM for men like myself, and I'm convinced that comparable positions elsewhere would probably require an engineering degree."

Some years ago, IBM took the initiative with respect to technical training within its own organization. It realized, even then, that a great number of intelligent and capable men were falling by the wayside because they lacked 4 years of college engineering. Statistics indicated that because of financial difficulty or improper high-school preparation, close to 50% of the potential engineers in the country became lost in the educational shuffle. While some people ignored or bemoaned the fact, IBM did something about it. Consequently, men like Dick Brani now enjoy satisfying, more rewarding work than ever before.

Great Interest in Mathematics. While Dick was attending high school, his principal academic interest was mathematics. And, like many other young men of that time, Dick was realistic about his future. He decided his best bet might be business accounting. When Dick graduated, he accepted a position with a New York banking firm. It was not until he entered the Army that he had the opportunity to pursue a more advanced form of mathematics—an A.S.T.P. training program at Lehigh University. This all-too-brief experience convinced



Dick trouble shooting
Magnetic Drum Frame.



He studies computer
pluggable unit.

DATA PROCESSING • ELECTRIC TYPEWRITERS

Dick that he should make his career in a field related to electrical technology.

Postwar Education. Discharged with the rank of Staff Sergeant, Dick returned home to marry a girl he had met at Lehigh. During this period, he successfully supported his family selling various lines of food. In the evening, however, Dick continued his study of radio, TV, and electronics at the Allentown Branch of the Temple Institute. In two years' time, he graduated and secured an F.C.C. license—his technical career began to take shape.

IBM Looks Especially Good. Glancing through an issue of *Time Magazine* one evening, Dick happened to read an article about Thomas J. Watson, Jr., the president of IBM. The story emphasized Mr. Watson's great faith in the future of electronic computers . . . the wonderful promise it holds for the ambitious, intelligent young man. Later, Dick spotted a classified ad describing IBM's association with Project Sage. That was all Dick Brani needed.

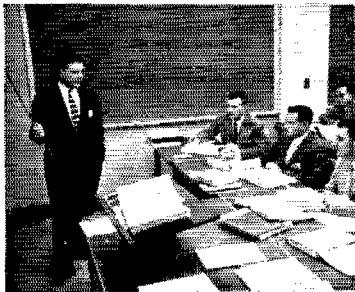
Asked to Become an Instructor. Three-quarters of the way through his nine-month computer systems course, Dick was invited to remain at Kingston as an instructor. "It was like a bolt out of the blue," he recalls. "I knew I'd enjoy teaching, but I always thought it was out of the question. I accepted all right. I can't tell you how much I've enjoyed helping these fellows and watching them grow within the organization. Right now, there's a fellow in my class whose education is limited to correspondence school. He's in the top third of his class, and has a real future with IBM—all because he has the native talent and is willing to work."

What Does Dick Brani Teach? "Actually, I teach three separate courses in field engineering. One is computer systems testing, which is for the more advanced student. It lasts for 33 weeks—a long

time, perhaps, but it's well worth it. Another is a program of 24 weeks' duration that deals with computer input-output units. Finally, I teach a course in computer units displays. This also lasts for 24 weeks. Each one of these courses is an education in itself." Experience has shown that IBM's educational programming is most successful. Men accepted receive their training with no strings attached. Upon graduation the road to success is wide open in *all* divisions of the corporation.

What About Dick's Future? "Well, right now, I'm doing work that most technicians couldn't touch with a ten-foot pole. I guess it's a matter of approach, but I know of few companies other than IBM where technicians are actually doing engineering work. Both kinds of companies will get the job done, but IBM prefers to think in terms of the man, encouraging him to grow into more responsibility. You might say that IBM gets more out of the man. In the final analysis, it seems a lot more efficient from the corporation's and employee's viewpoint. Personnel policy at all levels—management, engineering, or technical—is the same. The future is wide open."

What About You? Permanent opportunities in the nationally important Project Sage program are still growing. If IBM considers your experience equivalent to an E.E., M.E. or Physics degree, you'll receive 8 months' training, valued at many thousands of dollars as a Computer Systems Engineer. If you have 2 years' technical schooling or the equivalent experience, you'll receive 6 months' training as a Computer Units Field Engineer, with opportunity to assume full engineering responsibility. *Assignment in area of your choice.* For more information, please write to: Nelson Heyer, Dept. 12806 IBM, Kingston, New York. You'll receive a prompt reply.



Dick explains computer logic to a Systems Class.



At the Operating Console.



At home Dick plays with one of his three children.

IBM

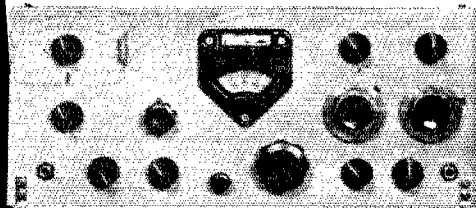
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first SSB transceiver for
**complete Mobile or
Fixed use**

NEW and FIRST — that's the best description of the revolutionary KWM-1, the first mobile transceiver to offer SSB. And this 14-30 mc 200 watt package is equally adaptable to fixed use with simple removal from a convenient mounting tray under the dashboard.

Utilization of common components in both transmitting and receiving functions results in a saving of both space and cost and, in the case of frequency-determining components, assures exact coincidence of transmitted and received signals. Frequency stability and readability is comparable to that of the KWS-1/75A-4. The panel meter serves as an S-meter during receive and multimeter during transmit. Break-in CW using VOX circuits is built-in, as is a side tone for monitoring CX. Ten 100 Kc bands are available anywhere in the 14-30 mc range.

NET PRICES

KWM-1 Transceiver	\$770.00
516E-1 12 vdc Power Supply	248.00
516F-1 115 vac Power Supply	103.00
312B-2 Speaker Console with phone patch and directional wattmeter	146.00
312B-1 Speaker in cabinet	25.00
351D-1 Mobile Mounting Tray	22.00

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CO., INC.**

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(Continued from page 82)

built a p.p. 807 c.w. rig exclusively for net operation. BKC is building a 4-250A final as described in the '55 Handbook. ILVQ, ARRL Asst. General Manager, spoke at the March meetings of both RAWNY, Inc., and RAGS. RAWNY's new officers are TAX, pres.; CUU, vice-pres.; ICZ, rec. secy.; JPE, corr. secy.; K2GBY, treas. New RAGS officers are HLL, pres.; K2LGA, 1st vice-pres.; and QAR, 2nd vice-pres. K2ORH is president of the newly-organized Marathon ARC. K2RKP is president of the Ithaca H.S. ARC. Congratulations to the North County Radio Club in Potsdam, which is now affiliated with ARRL. Your SCM and 3YA attended the Ithaca Mike and Key Club Hamfest attended by well over 100. K2GQU is president of the organization. K2SKB worked Texas with 5 watts and a 20-ft. piece of wire in the 40-meter Novice band. K2GUG is constructing a rig using p.p. 333As in the final. The ARATS had the FCC summer give a talk on TV1 at a recent meeting. KN2TCP is organizing a ham club at U. of R. and could use some expert advice. LXE is building a 106-element 2-meter beam. Glad to see Clara, RUF, back in the traffic department again. 1VLH visited the Niagara Frontier v.h.f. installations in conjunction with a talk on IGY-PRP to the gang in the Buffalo Area. The NYS C.W. Net needs stations in the counties of Allegheny, Cattaraugus and Steuben. UTH has a new NC-300. OZR is s.s.b. mobile with a homebrew crystal lattice filter. K2HUK has a pair of 417As for his 2-meter converter. The ARATS holds code practice on 6 meters Mon., Wed. and Fri. at 2100. The following have earned NYSPTEN Net certificates: K2BDR, TPB, UCF, PJU, PPK, HJP, PYM and LUM. The Central New York Council of Radio Clubs invites Field Day competition. K2MLT is on 6 meters. EMW also is going on 6 meters, but is not going to give up 20-meter DX. BBZ is on 6 meters with cathode modulation. The following are on 6 meters in the Syracuse Area: K2DBS, UIT, TET, SZM, TKJ, W2WZR, TBQ and SEB. The 13th annual Oneida Hamfest and Ladies Night will be held Sat., Sept. 28, 1957. Contact RXW for details. Traffic: K2IYP 404, K1R 137, W2ZRC 128, RUF 117, K2GWN 115, KNV 69, W2OE 46, K2QIW 43, DSR 40, W2EMW 39, K2DG 22, PJU 14, W2FEB 10, K2HUK 4.

WESTERN PENNSYLVANIA—SCM, John F. Wojtkiewicz, W3GJY—SEC: OMA. RMs: UHN, NUG, GEG and NRE. PAMs: AER and TOC. Thanks are in order to NCD and UHN for the very fine job done while they handled the SCM and Asst. SCM posts. Your SCM has been appointed Asst. Director to YA for WPA. RTB, with 145 worked and 128 confirmed on 14-Mc. c.w., is boosting his total. CRA is sporting a 60-ft. tower. WIQ does a nice job handling traffic, as does LXQ. A new DX society has sprung up for WPA DXers known as the Western Penna. DX Society and invites new memberships. Contact RTB or RBF for further information. The Steel City ARC has a new clubhouse planned. NKM has a new KWS-1 and 10- and 20-meter Telrex beams. OKU works rare DX with his s.s.b. sigs. New SCARC members are BEX, EOR and DQR. SIJ is back on with a new Globe Scout. The meeting of the Allegheny Kiski ARA featured a c.d. film as well as one on transistors. Crystals for the c.d. net have been donated by the New Kensington c.d. director and have been distributed to the club's mobileers. YA has a new 1-kw. rig on all bands but has TVI when it is used on A-3. UHN is recuperating after an operation. YOZ made WAC in the recent DX Test. BZR is the new EC for Fayette County. NVS and UGV are new OOs. YCG and TAS are new ORSS. Get "loose" ends taken up for upcoming FD Tests, June 22-23. BSN News: STB is a member of the hamfest committee. GEN contacted K4LIB/VQ. WHA and BCL are out of the hospital now. SPZ and SIR paid a visit to FBX who has a 120-ft.-high tower. ZQV is giving 40-meter mobile a whirl. ZCP and OPF are planning higher power. EUL runs 9 watts. MIMF works 10 meters with a new DX-35 and Wonder Bar antenna. UJP reports ham radio favorably reported on by Ed Morgan of ABC Radio during a nationwide broadcast Mar. 8. KWL works DX on 14 Mc. with an indoor antenna. BSF soon will be operating from a new trailer. Erie ARC news: WJA purchased a new 60-ft. tower. JTF, ALD and JOQ are using the new "Halo" antenna for 6 meters. YWL is a proud father for the 6th time. KVB is thinking about going mobile. POS has a new Valiant. PIY reports that his XYL is recuperating from a recent illness. QPB is head man of the club's FD committee. LSS arranged for presentation of a fine movie illustrating mobile communications at the last meeting. TLA is putting out a strong signal from his mobile rig with increased power. QPP received a surprise recently while fooling around with his mobile supply. MS and LKJ are boosters of s.s.b. Novice news: WN3LPC is a new ham at Erie and has a new SX-100. KPM is building a transistor transmitter. IJD has a

(Continued on page 108)

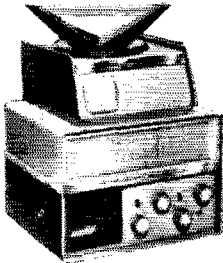


HARVEY has the New National Receivers

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You name it . . . HARVEY's has it. From the just introduced brand-new receivers and latest tubes and components, to the old reliable standbys. Harvey has everything you want . . . in stock . . . for immediate delivery, whether you drop in, call, wire or write. You always get plus-value at Harvey's too. With W2D10, W2LJA, W21JL, W2CF and W2KWY on the sales staff,

there's always a 'hamfest' when you have a problem to be solved. This network of hams provide you with the friendly, reliable service you expect from other hams. Whether you are a novice or an old-timer, Harvey has everything you need, under one roof . . . backed by an organization geared to ship your order the same day received.



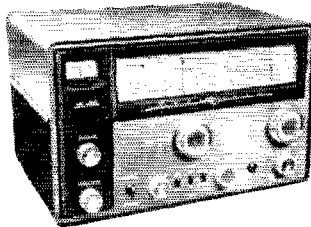
NC-66 PORTABLE RECEIVER

Here's a versatile receiver that can be used four ways: as a 3-way portable, an SWL receiver, a ham receiver, or as a marine receiver and direction finder.

Offers 115 V ac-dc or battery operation over a 5-band coverage of from 150 kc to 23 mc, including a special marine band from 150 kc to 400 kc covering DF frequencies. Also receives low frequency aviation beams and weather reports. Incorporates two built-in antennas, ferrite loop for DF and BC bands, and whip for SW bands. A terrific receiver for voice or CW at a low price.

FEATURES:

- 115 V ac-dc operation
 - Battery-operated
 - 5-band coverage . . . 150 kc to 23 mc
 - Electrical bandspread with logging scale
 - Fixed tuned CW oscillator
 - Full-vue slide-rule dial
 - 5" PM Speaker
 - Phone Jack
 - Ferrite-loop antenna for DF and BC bands
 - Whip antenna for SW bands
 - Special marine band . . . 150 kc to 400 kc covers DF frequencies
 - Salt-spray erosion proof
 - Separate switch for standby operation
 - Weight 16 pounds, less batteries
 - Two-tone metal cabinet 12-5/16" wide x 9-11/16" high x 10" deep
- Less Loop \$129.95
Loop Antenna \$39.95



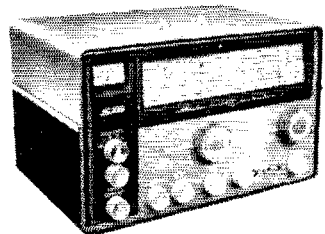
NC-188 RECEIVER

Another quality receiver in the "3 New from National" series. For budget-conscious amateurs, this receiver is directly calibrated for the 4 general coverage ranges, 540 kc to 40 mc, and 5 band-spread ranges for the amateur bands, 80-10 meters. Incorporates an "S" meter on the front panel for signal strength indication and more accurate tuning, as well as pitch knob, and tone switches.

FEATURES:

- 4-band coverage . . . 540 kc to 40 mc
- Calibrated electrical bandspread for 10, 11, 15, 20, 40 and 75/80 meters
- 12" slide-rule dial with combination edge and backlighting
- "S" meter on front panel
- Phone Jack
- Separate tuning capacitors
- Tone control
- Variable pitch knob
- Two-tone metal-gray cabinet, measuring 16-13/16" wide x 10" high x 10-7/8" deep

\$159.95



NC-109 RECEIVER

National's very latest general coverage receiver, with the exclusive "Microtame" crystal filter and separate product detector for CW and SSB reception. This low-priced unit is housed in a new two-tone chrome-trim modern metal cabinet.

FEATURES:

- 11" indirectly-lighted lucite slide-rule dial
- "S" meter
- 4-band coverage . . . 540 kc to 40 mc
- Calibrated electrical bandspread for 10, 11, 15, 20, 40 and 75/80 meters
- Separate tuning capacitors
- Accessory socket for external adapters
- Separate pitch control
- 11 miniature tubes, including rectifier and voltage regulator
- Tone control switch
- 16-13/16" x 10" high x 10-7/8" deep two-tone metal cabinet.

\$199.95

FREDERICK TOOL AND ENG. CORP.

Model FT-200 Set of Traps for 5-Band W3DZZ Wire Antenna



10, 15, 20, 40 and 75/80 meters . . . 75 Ohm twin-lead or coax feed line . . . Concentric Coil and Condenser Completely Potted in Polyester Resin . . . High-Voltage Polystyrene Insulation on Concentric Capacitor. Pair . . . \$12.50

FT-100 3 BAND BEAM \$225.00

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W2D10



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Established 1927

How's DX?

(Continued from page 65)

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VS2FM, P. J. McNicol, North Labis Estate, Labis, Johore,
Malaya
W4DQA/KS4 (to W4DQA)
W9NTJ/KG6, R. R. Deitering, CTC USN, Nav. Comm.
Sta., Navy 926, Box 130, FPO, San Francisco, Calif.
WG6AGY, Nav. Comm. Sta., Box 115, Navy 926, FPO,
San Francisco, Calif.
WL7BWH, H. A. Williams, Box 311, AAC Hq. Sq., APO
942, Seattle, Wash.
XZ2AO, Box 611, Rangoon, Burma
Y05LC, Box 12, Baia Mare, Roumania
YU1OZ, S. Kalapis, Box 120, Panjevo, Yugoslavia
ZC4JX, P.O. Box 216, Famaqusta, Cyprus
ZC5DA, c/o RAF, Labuan, Br. No. Borneo
ex-ZC5GN-VS4BD-VS5BS-VS1GN (to G3JFC)
ZC5RF, c/o RAF, Labuan, Br. No. Borneo
ZC5WT, c/o RAF, Labuan, Br. No. Borneo
ZD4BF, Dr. J. R. S. Innes, P.O. Box 36, Nsuta/Wassaw,
Ghana
ZS7H (to ZS6ALZ)
5A3TH, T/Sgt. Thos. R. Howell, P.O. Box 372, 1950th
AAC Sqn., APO 231, New York, N. Y.

Whence:

Asia — By their skywires shall ye know them! W4HVU (ex-J8AAA-HL1AA-DL4LU) traipsed across the waters to visit numerous DX points and, "When I got to Burma I found it difficult to locate any hams. While driving along one of the main roads in Rangoon I noticed a cubical quad and, upon investigating, found XZ2AD, a Burmese who speaks English like the rest of us. He took me to a rather exclusive club for a grand lunch of Burmese food and excellent Mandalay beer. Incidentally, there were no flying fishes playing anywhere near Mandalay, Kipling to the contrary." Guy hopes to sign an H call after finishing his current Pentagon tour this month. — W3VKD advises, "457WP has contacted 1050 U. S. A. stations in 42 states with confirmations from 40. He still needs Mont., Nev., N. Mex., N. Dak., Utah and Wyo." — From 457GE, now closing down in favor of home and G3JTG: "The W/K operating is good; in fact very good, and something a lot of other countries could well copy. One criticism regarding Novice stations: I answered dozens calling CQ DX only to hear them go back to other Novices! With conditions as good as they are, especially on 21 Mc., U. S. A. Novices ought to have a good look around for DX stations answering their calls before answering other Novices — or what's the use of their adding 'DX' to CQs?" Ted winds up his Ceylon DXperiences with a respectable 151/126 record on 50 watts to an 807 feeding a unidirectional phased array and he anticipates renewing ham friendships from his Sussex station soon. — W1WVG reports HZ1AB's KWS-1 very available on 20 meters these days. — "I am close to DXCC now and you will hear KA3CY burning the midnight oil often. No KA ever has made it. It won't be too long before I'll be back in the States operating W3MDI/2." KA3CY is another quad fan. — Tune, men, tune. "Every day-break around 7050-7100 kc. JA phones call 'CQ America, tuning the U. S. phone band' but I never hear W/Ks answer them." This from K6DV who also reports that the Tokyo area's three TV stations regale Oriental audiences with such kinescopes as *District Attorney*, *Superman* and *Jungle Jim*. — C3MH apparently has broken the drouth of Red China ham radio. W6YY reporting Shen still active around 14,199 kc. at 1600 GMT. John also comments on the dearth of Iwo activity; Chichi's KG6IG keeps Bonins-Volcanoes on the DXCC map singlehandedly. — W6ITH confirms that Ceylon and Britain gingerly spar over military base rights in the Maldives while the Islands' sultanate takes a dim view of the whole idea. — V86DN tells W5FJE he's going home shortly but hopes to land Ark. and La. for his full 48. Appropriate W5s and K5s will find Art near 21,050 kc. at 0300-0400 GMT. — Old Hong Kong hand V86CG soon ships to Canada.
Africa — SARL, in view of bogus ZD9AF work, will request that licensing authorities not assign the call in the future. "So far there have been ZD9s AA AB AC AD AE and AX licensed, with only AC AE and AX now active." ZD9AX, XYL of ZD9AC, seldom hits the air, for she's plenty QRL with twin jr. ops. — Since last fall W5TF has had 41 contacts with ZSSAM and 34 QSOs with ZS6IF. — W7FBD informs that ZS7D QR1's for removal to ZS6-land. — In QSO with W2HMJ EL2L mentioned need of 7-Mc. crystals. — W4IYT, ARRL SEC. E. Fla., reports that W4HQV worked ZE5JA on his opening call in each of the 1956 and '57 ARRL DX Contests. And the ZE5's QSL confirming the first of these QSOs arrived just two days before the second. — ZD4s are doing double duty in the QSL/QSO department right now. All the guys they worked before Gold Coast became Ghana are piling up again in pursuit of additional DXCC credit.

W4IYC acquired one such two-country QSL from ZD4BF whose s.s.b. is a fixture on 20. . . . From K4EHA: ET3AF missed out on much of the ARRL DX Test this year because of illness but now puts finishing touches on his new 813s rig. "It is really astonishing what DX one can get from here. I have worked 58 countries in four months of effective operating and I hope I manage full DXCC before leaving Addis Ababa." Gunnar mentioned three uncles and an aunt living in the U. S. A.; he himself spent time on the East Coast in 1945-'46. ET3AF has worked at radio for twenty years with the Swedish Navy, United Nations (Palestine), and now Scandinavian Airlines. He'll go back to Sweden this fall on leave to visit his family and perform Navy service, and adds, "Ethiopia is a beautiful country but the lack of roads in such a high and wild terrain makes one wish for a helicopter!" . . . Of DUF awards significance, W6YY reports activity by FB8BX/NB on Nory-Be isle in the Mozambique Channel. . . . Former KT1s now sign CN2 calls, an official shuffle confirmed by K2QXG.

Oceania — Ws 1B1H 3AEV NNGO QFGI and VK6MK pool Netherlands New Guinea info, and Biak is a-busting. JZ0PA returned to the air after bouts with malaria, tropical ulcers, broken ribs and equipment fire damage. Tony, a surveyor, runs 150 watts phone near 14,200 kc. around 1200-1300 GMT. He must rewind burned-out transformers and r.f. chokes by hand, and contemplates erecting a Vec. JZ0PC, formerly EI2E and VE2AQQ, is closing station. . . . W8NGO reports VK9YT active from Manus after a move from New Ireland. Rev. Carl likes 20 phone work with the States near 14,125 kc. and 1300 GMT, running 85 watts to a dipole. A beam is in the works. . . . Exp-K4DA indicates that anyone who undertakes "unofficial" hamming in Indonesia these days is spunky, indeed. . . . Struck with our February squib on the weird appearance of great-circle maps centering on V2, KH6LJ writes W6YY to state that Hawaii-centered g.c. maps feature a South Africa border at all bearings. "Practically, however, signals always favor the night path — 240° in the mornings and 110° evenings." . . . VR2DB, a recent Fiji arrival using 14,125-ke. phone around 1300 (MT, is ex-ZK1BH-ZL2AVV-ZL4LB. W8NGO describes Nat's layout as 60 watts to the inevitable 807 screen-modulated, a homespun 12-tube superhet and long-wire. . . . W6ZZ, gunning for the NZART (New Zealand) WANZ award, has worked 35 of the required 55 society branches, with 31 confirmed. A stiff one! . . . Navyman W9CCO visited pleasantly with ZL2s ANF ANR and DX while cruising Pacific waters. In ZL2ANR's shack Butch was confronted by a life-size mural of Jeeves. . . . "Most of the gang here on Guam are die-hards for phone. Stations active include KG6s AFZ AGA AGS AGW FAE NAC. W9NTJ/KG6, K4EMH/KG6, K6ABM/KG6 and KH6AIK/KG6 (myself)." KH6AIK/KG6 who, with W9NTJ/KG6, turns out most contemporary Guam c.w. contacts, will be back in the U. S. next month. . . . W6DZZ, in correspondence with W1WPO, reports hooking transpac rifle *Tahiti-Nui*. F08AP/MIM, whose one-watt 14-Mc. signal hits S7 in California. The craft and its crew of five were some 300 miles south of Easter Island. . . . Oceanic items courtesy the MARTS *Malayan Radio Amateur*. F08A AC and AD use the same 20-meter phone rig and bang through well around 0900 GMT. . . . V84JT expects to keep Sarawak workable for two more years with a 120-watt 14-Mc. phone at Miri; neighbor V84NW moved to Sibü but has no gear along; and V84BO prefers 15-meter week-end work.

Europe — Hot-dog, soft-drink and radio-parts concessionaires in the Aland Islands must be making a killing. OH0 DXpeditions continue unabated and here's one announced in advance by OH20J: "My XYL, OH2QJ, and I will go to the Alands July 20th to operate s.s.b. (s.s.c.c.). The call used will probably be OH20J/OH0 and the band will be mainly 20 meters; also 15 if I can get the rig operating well on 21 Mc. . . . The gear will be the W2EWL unit [see 'Cheap and Easy S.S.B.' March 1956 QST], BC-453 with product detector and converters, and more than likely a ground-plane antenna." If all goes well OH20J will be available in the islands well into August. At the home station Sam has been side-banding since November of '55 and needs only Ariz., Ky., N. Mex. and Vt. to confirm a neat two-way s.s.b. WAS. . . . WIBDI reports another s.s.b. venture, this one by HB9FU to Liechtenstein. A station signing HB1HB/FL showed up around 14,300 kc. at the appointed time in early April and the Ducks were really squawkin'! . . . LA1K tells WIBIH he intends to visit Uncle Sam within a twelve-month. . . . WASwise, W2HMJ hears that SM2BCS requires only N. Dak. and Miss.; W1JRC learns that G2RS haunts the low edge of the W/K 23-Mc. phone band yearning for Nev.; and OM1LT has but four states to go. . . . SRAL secretary OE2YV informs us that OH0NB continues as the only amateur resident in the Aland Islands. OH0NA, though licensed for Alands work, lives in Turku. "No doubt there will be quite a lot of OH stations active in OH0 this year, especially in the summer, and they will use their own calls adding /0 or /OH0." John adds that Finnish amateurs are not permitted to use 160 meters. . . . CT2BO, long our main source of Azores QSOs, especially on c.w., is particu-

(Continued on page 156)



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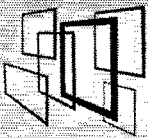
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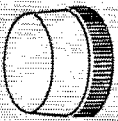
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Ham Radio Banned

Some Interesting Quotes on a Subject of Interest to DXers

BY D. REGINALD TIBBETTS,* W6ITH

FOR SOME TIME now there has existed a prohibition, issued by the FCC, against working certain prefixes.¹ It has caused a bit of unhappiness amongst some of the brethren, yet the FCC had no choice but to issue the prohibition, and QST had no choice but to publicize it. You see, Article 42 of the international treaty dealing with telecommunications reads as follows:

"Radiocommunications between amateur stations of different countries shall be forbidden if the administration of one of the countries concerned has notified that it objects to such radiocommunications."

And the countries of Iran, Vietnam, Korea, Indonesia and Cambodia have all formally notified the ITU headquarters at Geneva that they do not permit amateur radio communications between their countries and the rest of the world.

Being rather interested in the subject, and through my professional connections which made it possible for me to get some direct quotations from responsible government officials in these various countries, I determined to make a personal investigation. Why, I asked myself, had these countries forbidden their amateurs to communicate with amateurs in other countries?

Well, as I dug into it, I soon found out that the whole story hadn't been told yet. The fact of the matter was that most of these countries didn't permit amateur radio at all. In other words, it wasn't a case of their not permitting their amateurs to work other countries — it was a case of not permitting *any* amateur radio.

I was able to talk personally with the representative of one government, and by telephone or teletype with three others, and from the representative of a fifth government I was able to get a statement through one of my on-the-spot business associates. You'll be interested in what I found out, and the quotes below will fill out the picture and make further comment unnecessary.

All of these five countries which prohibit amateur radio have one thing in common. All are "infant" countries — having existed in their present forms for only short periods. All have elements within and outside the country. In order to keep these subversive elements under control, they found it necessary to seal off all but limited means of easily-censored communications. To eliminate amateur transmitters is to remove a communication link between those who could misuse radio to disturb the uneasy peace.

Minister of Communications Kim in Seoul told me: "Amateur radio activity in Korea is not permitted because the government does not

have adequate radio control facilities. Our radio control officers must watch all radio activities because of possible communications with the communists who are so close in North Korea. Permission for amateur radio means extra burdens to monitor frequencies." Kim added, "Nevertheless, requests for amateur permission are mounting and some stations are feared operating without permission." He expressed the opinion that it may be several years before the government of Korea can permit amateur radio.

It appears that numerous political elements in Indonesia are not satisfied with the present government. Numerous local regions have demanded local autonomy, some by frequent armed resistance. To deny these elements opportunities to consolidate through uncontrolled communications, and to communicate with external supply sources for arms and ammunition, amateur radio transmissions are not permitted. Suwito Kusumowisagdo, spokesman for the Director of the Ministry of Communications, Posts, Telegraphs and Telephones told me: "For the time being the government of the Republic of Indonesia bans amateur radio transmissions because of insecurity in Indonesia. However," he quickly added, "there is no law which forbids the issuance of licenses for amateur operators or stations."

Hohng Tieng, Minister of Communications in Saigon, Vietnam, in a most interesting interview said — "The sole reason for prohibiting amateur radio is 'national security.' The northern part of our country is under control of the communists, who by the terms of the Geneva Conference held in July, 1954, hold that portion until elections, scheduled for July, 1956, and not yet held, determine the future of Vietnam." He added, "Remnants of other rebel sects are known to possess radio transmitters." There are numerous undenied reports, some difficult to confirm, that anti-government radios are being operated in South Vietnam as well as jamming equipment being used against the government radios.

I was told that the government of Vietnam fears that radio transmitters could be used to communicate with the north and — probably more realistic — to confuse listeners in the south with distorted or false news. So taking no chances, the ban is on against amateurs in Vietnam.

It is difficult for me to predict when amateur operation might be permitted in Vietnam in the future. The government is still carrying on military and propaganda activities against remnant insurgents. So long as the need for such activities exists, it is unlikely that the ban will be relaxed.

In Phnompenh, Capital of the Kingdom of Cambodia, the tiny Indochinese country carved

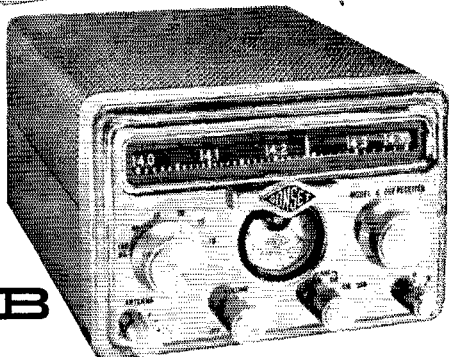
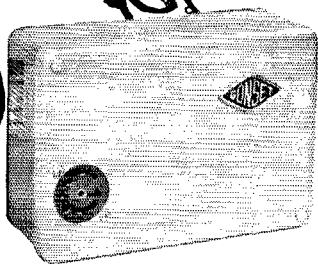
(Continued on page 162)

*P. O. Box 1000, Moraga, Calif.

¹ The present list of banned countries and prefixes, according to an FCC Notice dated Dec. 17, 1956, includes Cambodia (F18, XU), Indonesia (PK, YB-YH), Iran (EP-EQ), Korea (HL-HM), and Vietnam (F18, XV, 3W).

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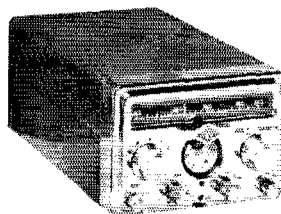
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I.A.R.U. News



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Denmark: P. Heinemann, OZ4H, Vanlose Alle 100, Copenhagen
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Dominican Republic: Calle Duarte #76, C. Trujillo
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MALLORY HAM BULLETIN

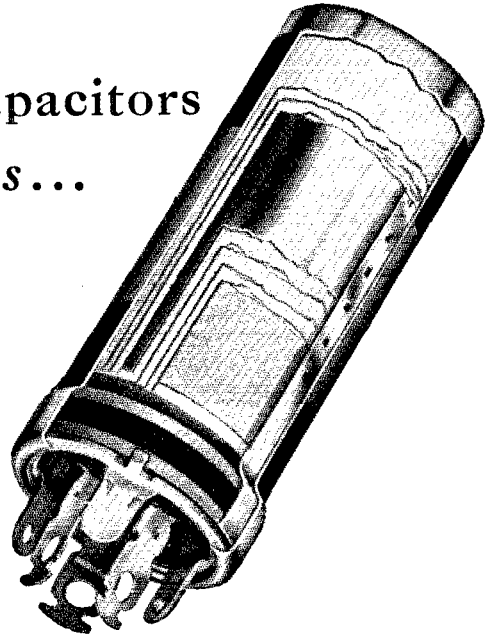
Why Mallory FP Capacitors ...with *etched cathodes*... won't develop "Middle Age Hum"

Ever notice how some electrolytic capacitors allow hum to develop after a few weeks of service? Even though they test out OK when installed, they let filter hum grow to an objectionable level in a relatively short time.

This is "middle age hum." It's caused not by capacitor leakage current, but by loss of capacitance. It's a common ailment of capacitors with plain foil cathodes. And it won't happen with Mallory FP capacitors, because they are made with *etched cathode* construction.

Here's the explanation. Maybe it's something you never realized goes on inside a capacitor. Actually there are *two* capacitors in series inside every electrolytic; one at the anode, and one at the cathode. The anode capacitor is the one that is formed electrically during manufacture. The cathode "parasitic" capacitor is due to the naturally formed oxide coating on the cathode foil. In a *new* capacitor, this cathode film is so thin, and capacitance thus so high, that the net microfarad value you measure at the capacitor terminals is hardly affected.

In a circuit having heavy ripple currents, the cathode can be driven positive with respect to the electrolyte during reverse peaks of the cycle. This action causes the oxide film to increase in thickness . . . *reducing* cathodic capacitance. The net series value goes down. And when the cathode capacitance gets comparable in size to the anode, the loss in filtering ability can be serious enough to cause considerable hum.



A capacitor with a plain cathode has no built-in "safety factor" to protect against capacitance loss, because its available cathode area is limited.

An etched cathode—as you'll find in Mallory FP's—eliminates this source of trouble. Because etching produces so much greater capacitance per unit area, the cathode capacitance is extremely high when the component is new. And build-up of the film during service doesn't reduce capacitance to a magnitude that will cause appreciable change.

Etched cathode is standard at *no extra cost* in Mallory FP capacitors and in popular Mallory metal and cardboard tubulars. It's another of the premium features that you're always sure of getting from Mallory, to assure the best in performance in your amateur rig or in repair jobs that you do in your shop.

See your Mallory distributor soon. He has Mallory capacitors with *etched cathodes* in the ratings you need.

P. R. MALLORY & CO. Inc.
Distributor Division
P. O. Box 1558
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P. R. MALLORY & CO. Inc.
MALLORY

A.R.R.L. QSL BUREAU

The function of the ARRL QSL Bureau system is to facilitate delivery to amateurs in the United States, its possessions, and Canada of those QSL cards which arrive from amateur stations in other parts of the world. Its operation is made possible by volunteer managers in each W, K and VE call area. All you have to do is send your QSL manager (see list below) a stamped self-addressed envelope about 4¼ by 9½ inches in size, with your name and address in the usual place on the front of the envelope and your call printed in capital letters in the upper left-hand corner.

W1, K1 — D. W. Waterman, W1IPQ, 99 Flat Rock Rd., Easton, Conn.

W2, K2 — E. F. Huberman, W2JIL, Box 746, GPO Brooklyn 1, New York.

W3, K3 — Jesse Bieberman W3KT, P.O. Box 400, Bala-Cynwyd, Penna.

W4, K4 — Thomas M. Moss, W4HYW, Box 644, Municipal Airport Branch, Atlanta, Ga.

W5, K5 — Robert Stark, W5OLG, P.O. Box 261, Grapevine, Texas.

W6, K6 — Horace R. Greer, W6TI, 414 Fairmount St., Oakland, Calif.

W7, K7 — Joseph P. Vogt, W7ASG, John Day, Oregon.

W8, K8 — Walter E. Musgrave, W8NGW, 1245 E. 187th St., Cleveland 10, Ohio.

W9, K9 — John F. Schneider, W9CFT, 311 W. Ross Ave., Wausau, Wisc.

W0, K0 — Alva A. Smith, W0DMA, 238 East Main St., Caledonia, Minn.

VE1 — L. J. Fader, VE1FQ, 125 Henry St., Halifax, N. S.

VE2 — Harry J. Mabson, VE2APH, 122 Regent Ave., Beaconsfield West, Que.

VE3 — Leslie A. Whetham, VE3QE, 32 Sylvia Crescent, Hamilton, Ont.

VE4 — Len Cuff, VE4LC, 286 Rutland St., St. James, Man.

VE5 — Fred Ward, VE5OP, 899 Connaught Ave., Moose Jaw, Sask.

VE6 — W. R. Savage, VE6EO, 883 10th St. N., North Lethbridge, Alta.

VE7 — H. R. Hough, VE7HR, 2316 Trent St., Victoria, B. C.

VE8 — W. L. Geary, VE8AW, Box 534, Whitehorse, Y. T.

VO — Ernest Ash, VO1A, P.O. Box 8, St. John's, Newfoundland.

KP4 — E. W. Mayer, KP4KD, Box 1061, San Juan, P. R.

KH6 — Andy H. Fuchikami, KH6BA, 2543 Namauu Dr., Honolulu, T. H.

KL7 — KL7CP, 310—10th Ave., Anchorage, Alaska.

KZ5 — Catherine Howe, KZ5KA, Box 407, Balboa, C. Z.

Strays

(See page 55)



Meet Charles W7YMO, Richard W7VMP, and Robert W7WMO, the Fenwick triplets, recently very active in contest, DX and v.h.f. work from Phoenix, Arizona. They are now attending Purdue University at Lafayette, Indiana.

Silent Keys

It is with deep regret that we record the passing of these amateurs:

W1UOS, John J. Bodnarz, N. Grosvenordale, Conn.

W2CPQ, John C. Phipps, Sparta, N. J.

K2IYO, William J. Butler, jr., Salem, N. J.

KN2TJH, Alan F. Jensen, Princeton, N. J.

W3AJX, Anthony J. Berger, Baltimore, Md.

W3KLL, Mike Barbat, jr., Shanon, Pa.

W4LEP, Daniel L. Edwards, Tampa, Fla.

W5AYJ, Will G. Gammill, Fort Smith, Ark.

W5CVA, William E. Tomlin, Fort Worth, Texas

W6JTV, Paul A. Hodapp, Fullerton, Calif.

W6JYY, Kenneth V. Darbro, Los Angeles, Calif.

K6KTL, Fred W. Easton, Sacramento, Calif.

W6NBW, Earl W. Vance, Loomis, Calif.

W6NUY, Clarence E. Nalley, San Gabriel, Calif.

W6ON, Ora F. Martin, Baldwin Park, Calif.

W7PST, Rudolph R. Malo, Minden, Nev.

W8ULU, Richard H. Kincaid, Kincaid, W. Va.

8ZW, John C. Strobel, Wheeling, W. Va.

W9AZN, Albert D. Sanial, La Crosse, Wis.

W9IVP, Ronald S. Hart, Chicago, Ill.

W9LQB, William A. Morris, New Castle, Ind.

W9ZVX, George R. Whittaker, Hanover, Ind.

KN0EMD, Clifford D. Tresidder, Owatonna, Minn.

W0GRD, Milford H. Monson, Lignite, N. Dak.

W0HCT, Earl J. Davis, Stratton, Colo.

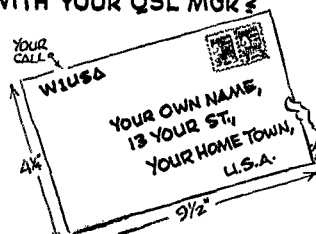
W0WCC, William D. Kanning, Audubon, Iowa

G1W3CR, W. T. Rees, Giffach Goch, Wales

KH6CT, George W. Spare, Lanikai, Hawaii

VE3HK, Rev. F. J. Williams, Kingsville, Ontario

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VY FB!



New

HAMMARLUND HQ-110

- DOUBLE CONVERSION!
- 6, 10, 15, 20, 40, 80 AND 160 METER BANDS!
- SEPARATE SSB LINEAR DETECTOR!
- Q-MULTIPLIER!
- DUAL DIALS!
- CRYSTAL CALIBRATOR!
- CRYSTAL CONTROL!
- SEPARATE STABILIZED BFO!
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Hammarlund's done it again.
Here's a real sweetheart for the amateur...

The HQ-110 incorporates all the features you need at a price that's hard to believe. Only through Hammarlund's exclusive production techniques could so much receiver be offered at so low a price.

It's VY FB OM—so get all the details right now—you'll be amazed at what Hammarlund's done this time...

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YOU BET! WRITE
FOR COMPLETE
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\$229⁰⁰*

*Optional Telechron automatic clock-timer \$10.00 extra.



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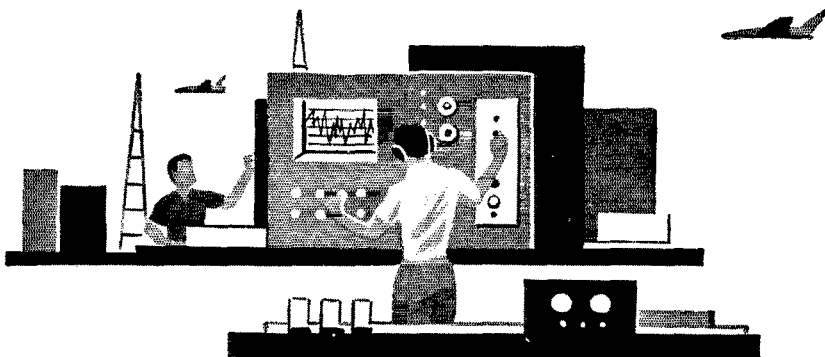
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June 27—Columbus
 June 28, 29—Detroit
 July 5, 6—Louisville
 July 6, 7—Birmingham

July 9, 10—St. Louis
 July 9, 10—Boston
 July 13, 14—Utica
 July 15, 16—Syracuse

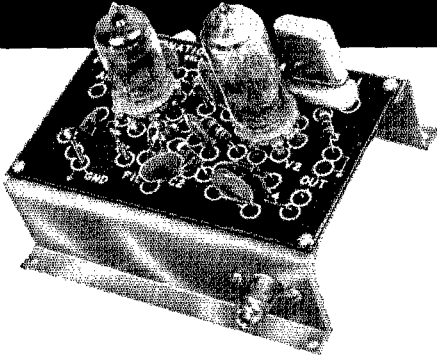
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PRINTED CIRCUIT 6 METER CONVERTER



Compact, Broad Band Crystal Controlled

● No alignment necessary . . . Simple to assemble . . . with snap-on connectors for power leads! Output IF frequency can be changed by merely changing the crystal (crystal range of 40 MC to 50 MC).

Specifications

Freq. Range	50-54 MC (51 MC design center)
Sensitivity	1 microvolt or better
Output IF*	(1) 600 KC to 1500 KC (2) 7 MC to 11 MC
Crystal Freq.	49.4 MC or 43 MC depending on IF desired (Oscillator range 40 MC to 50 MC).
Plate Power	150 volts to 250 volts DC @ 15 ma to 20 ma
Heater Power	6.3 volts @ 600 ma
Tubes	6AK5 RF Amplifier 6J6 Mixer Oscillator
Size	(overall) 4" x 3 1/2" x 3 1/2"
Weight	3 ounces

KIT (with crystal less tubes).....\$10.95

COMPLETE, wired and tested with tubes and crystal.....\$15.95

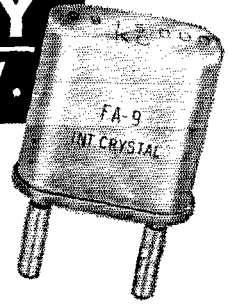
*Specify IF when ordering

HOW TO ORDER

For fastest possible service, crystals, oscillators and converters are sold direct. When cash companies order, International prepays postage. Otherwise, shipment made C.O.D.

ONE DAY Processing!

FA-9 CRYSTALS



For AMATEURS—
EXPERIMENTERS 1500 KC to 50 MC

Wire mounted, plated crystals for use by amateurs and experimenters where tolerances of .01% are permissible and wide range temperatures are not encountered.

CIRCUIT: Designed to operate into a load capacitance of 32 mmf on the fundamental between 1500 KC and 15.3 MC. Designed to operate at anti-resonance on 3rd overtone modes into grid circuit without additional capacitance load. 5th overtone crystals designed to operate at series resonance. (Write for recommended circuits)

Prices

Pin Diameter .093*
Pin Spacing .486

(FA-9 Fits Same Socket as FT-243)

FREQUENCY RANGE	TOLERANCE	PRICE
1500-1799 KC	.01%	\$ 4.50
1800-1999 KC	.01%	4.00
2000-9999 KC	.01%	3.00
10000-15000 KC	.01%	4.00
Overtone Crystals—3rd Overtone Operation		
15 MC-29.99 MC	.01%	\$ 3.00
30 MC-54 MC	.01%	4.00
Overtone Crystals—5th Overtone Operation		
55 MC-75	.01%	4.50
76 MC-90 MC	.01%	6.50

PRECISION CRYSTALS COMMERCIAL USE

F-6 SERIES
1500 KC — 50 MC

NOTE: The FA units will not necessarily have the correct correlation for Commercial use.
For commercial applications, the F-6 type unit should be used. Write for details!

One Day Service! Specify exact frequency and crystal will be calibrated to .01% or better of this frequency, when operated in the specified operating circuit.

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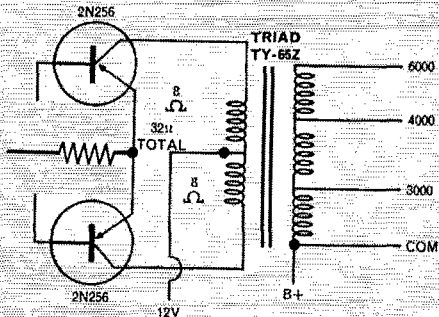
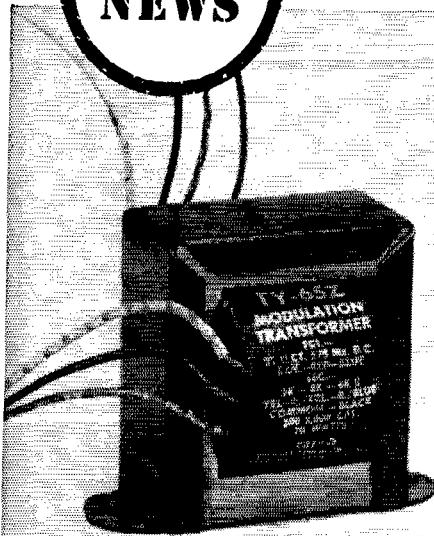
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TRANSFORMER NEWS

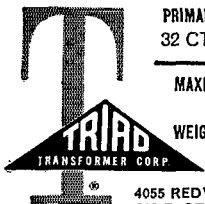
FROM TRIAD



All-transistor modulator circuit for low-power mobile transmitters. Triad TY-65Z Transformer is used in conjunction with the new 10-watt transistor (CBS Hytron 2N256).

TRANSISTOR TRANSFORMER for the advanced amateur

Our experience in building miniature transformers for military use led to the development of this new transistor transformer for you. The Triad TY-65Z is designed especially for amateur use. See your distributor, or write to us.



PRIMARY IMPEDANCE	SECONDARY IMPEDANCE		
32 CT. (575 Ma.)	6000	4000	3000

MAXIMUM LEVEL		DIMENSIONS, INCHES			
10W		H	W	D	MW
WEIGHT, OUNCES	20	2-5/16	2-7/8	2	2-3/8

4055 REDWOOD AVENUE, VENICE, CALIFORNIA
812 E. STATE STREET, HUNTINGTON, INDIANA

A SUBSIDIARY OF LITTON INDUSTRIES

(Continued from page 96)

new Globe Chief. Members of the Cumberland Valley ARC advanced plans for the coming ARRL Field Day at the last meeting, coupled with the showing of several e.d. films. ZQU rebuilt his mobile rig. RIH works DX again with a rebuilt beam. ESV wants to work DX on 20 meters. QCU is planning a test for the mobiles in CVARC to check "dead" spots in the county. The Butler County Amateur Radio Assn., Inc. (UDX) now meets the 1st and 3rd Sun. of each month at 7:30 P.M. in the Veterans Administration Deshon Hospital. Officers are CUM, pres.; BMK, vice-pres.; ZIJ, secy.-treas. LAT is trustee. Traffic: (Mar.) W3WVQ 1560, BZR 110, YA 62, GJY 50, KUN 39, UHN 34, KNQ 9, SIJ 4. (Feb.) W3YA 27.

CENTRAL DIVISION

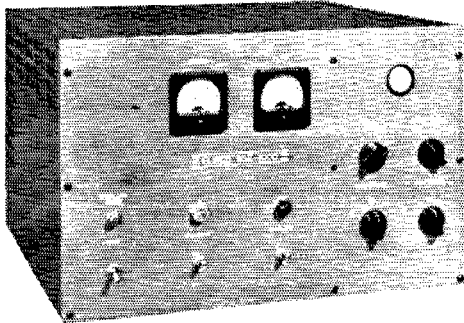
ILLINOIS—SCM, George T. Schreiber, W9YIX—Section Nets: ILN, 3515 kc. Mon. through Fri.; IEN 3940 kc. SEC: HOA. RMs: STZ and MAK. Cook County EC: HPG. Grace, GME, has been appointed Assistant SCM in charge of women's affairs. Additional appointments to the staff of the National Convention, scheduled for Chicago for the Labor Day week end, by Gen. Mgr. QKE are BKJ and PBM, Wouff-Hong initiation; BUK, traffic; SPB, AREC and RACES; FDX and PKC, DX and W9 DXCC; SPT and GRW, RTTY; WOK, v.h.f.; and ILS, mobile. Add FRX and FRZ to the family teams in the section. A new ORS is JZK. LNQ is the new editor of *Ham-Gab*, the official voice of Hamfesters, now observing the club's 25th anniversary. KGL, a former SCM, now is heard regularly from Springfield on ILN. Congrats to VVY, who has marriage plans. By the time you read this VSW should be close to getting out of the service. KLD now is signing /KL7. YH hopes to have the U. of I. station back on the air soon with a new receiver. The station's regular receiver was stolen from the club room. BQC, returned to 2 meters, reports the Rockford 6-Meter Emergency Net now has 15 stations on its roll. SES, OO, reports that three out of four stations to which he sent notices for chirpy signals cleaned up their notes. Congrats to the York High Radio Club and the Amateur Radio Club of Greenville College on their recent affiliation with ARRL. The Egyptian Radio Club station, ATU, now boasts a 100-ft. antenna pole with 2-, 6- and 10-meter antennas on top, and 80- and 40-meter doublets fanned out to other points. The SWANI held a series of interesting meetings and plans more in the future. New officers are OBY, K9ESQ, YUN, K9CCO and EN9DZF. Elections at the St. Clair Amateur Radio Club put the following in office: RQR, JMY, K9BIY, PAM, RnSZ and BFS. The club is making convention plans. Montgomery County AREC members, their families and guests enjoyed a "ham scramble" on Mar. 24. ILN held 24 sessions in March and handled 236 messages. The North-Central Phone Net handled 210 in the same period. There still is no report from IEN, nor any news from that group for that matter. The North-Central plans to hold its hamfest Apr. 4 at St. John Sanatorium in Springfield. New ILN members are JJK and K9CNC, of Skokie and East St. Louis, respectively. ZWS has moved to Arizona. A new Conditional Class licensee in the section is K9DAG. The Chicago Area Radio Club Council's recent meeting was attended by TSN, president of ARRL, and GPI, Central Division Director. The Midwest V.H.F. Club now has more than 200 members, running a close race for the biggest Illinois Club with the Hamfesters, which took in 16 new members to boost its total to 275. Novice graduates are DKM and BJJ. Traffic: W9DO 844, MAK 348, YYG 344, YRH 154, PCQ 102, LDA 96, K9GJR 88, W9FAW 74, OYL 66, JZK 62, CTZ 57, VDH 50, YFO 48, YIX 41, STZ 34, K9AXL 29, W9YGG 22, K9CNC 16, W9EDH 14, KQL 11, DJG 8, K9BFI 7, AMD 6, W9DUA 4. (Feb.) K9BXL 8, W9YGG 7.

INDIANA—SCM, Seth Lew Baker, W9NTA—Asst. SCM: George H. Graue, 9BKJ. SEC: QYQ. RMs: DGA, IQC and TT. PAMS: CMT, KOY, SWD and UXK. More stations are needed in the c.w. net, Q1N, which meets daily at 1900 EST on 3656 kc. The NCS will come back to you at your speed so don't let that stop you. FJI joined MARS. The TARS held an auction with 55 attending. The Bloomington ARC also had one with good attendance. K9AZU has a new DX-100 and 10-meter beam. IMI is mobile on 10 meters, AYP is moving to the West Coast. JVF has a Globe King. K9CQO is Tech. Class and operates on 6 meters. The Central Indiana Mobile RC assisted in the Heart Fund Drive in Indianapolis. Those taking part were MHP, BAQ, HPV, JND, SVC, UQW, NFL, IYI, FZW, YKI, RYQ, JIY, K9C8Y and CRF. POF and JBQ have DX-100s. NTR has a phone patch working. New calls: KN9s HKI, HCE, HCG and HCK. K9GBL is Cond. Class. K9BEY is on s.s.b. FYM is back on with a pair

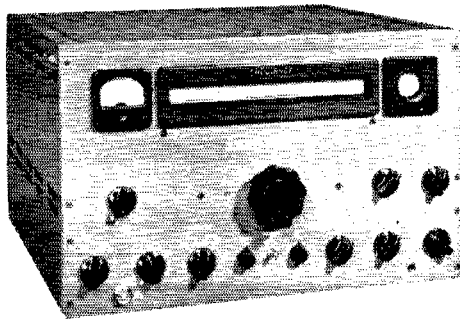
(Continued on page 110)

Engineered *RIGHT* for all three . . . SSB, AM, CW, . . . by

ELDICO



ELDICO SSB-1000



ELDICO SSB-100F

There's a lot of good commercial equipment on the market today. And some home-brew gear rivals the best of the factory built rigs. But if you stop and take a critical look at virtually all of these handsome packages you find they are the work of "specialists." Manufacturer "A," convinced that SSB is the panacea for ham work has virtually forgotten that a lot of us still like to pound brass or work AM. W2XXX, who never heard that you can modulate a rig, has a gorgeous c.w. station that can't be employed for anything else. And so it goes, making the selection of a well-rounded design more difficult than might appear at first.

Eldico, long-time pioneers in designing completeness into transmitters, spent a lot of time over the coffee pot and drawing boards to produce the newest and finest package, that's as much at home on the SSB frequencies as in the midst of trunk line A or a 75-meter AM roundtable. What does this mean to you? For one thing you'll get a chance to really enjoy ham radio at its fullest and richest . . . you can find out what the other man likes and you can compete on even terms. Price? For \$795 you start with the 100-watt SSB-100F transmitter exciter. With it you drive ANY final amplifier; or you can add, for \$745, the SSB-1000 kilowatt amplifier. Look over the specs, compare with anything on the market, and then get together with your Eldico distributor to find out what terms can be arranged to put this "Years ahead" gear in your shack.

ELDICO SSB-100F

Type of Emission: C.W. — A.M. — SSB

Power Ratings: DC average input SSB-100 watts; A.M. input (two tone test)—60 watts. Peak envelope power input SSB-144 watts. Peak envelope power output SSB-100 watts.

Keying: Grid block, full break-in.

Harmonics and Spurious Responses: Spurious mixer products—50 db or more down. Third order distortion products—35 db or more down. TV interference suppression—40 db or more second harmonic, 60 db or more higher harmonics.

Unwanted Sideband and Carrier Suppression: 50 db minimum attenuation, through low frequency crystallattice filter.

Frequency Stability: Control Oscillator—(800 to 1300 kc) + 100 cycles after two minute warm up period. Output frequency—within 300 cycles after five minutes warm up period. Dial accuracy + 2 kc after calibration.

Tube Lineup: 22 tubes, including two rectifiers, two voltage regulators, one oscilloscope and one 5894 power amplifier.

ELDICO SSB-1000

Low Drive Requirement: 3 watts P.E.P. will drive to full kilowatt. Pi-network Output: Single knob bandswitch. High-efficiency silver-plated Pi-network output circuit. Matches wide range of antenna impedances.

High Harmonic Attenuation: High-Q plate and grid circuits and Pi-network output circuit provide maximum harmonic-attenuation.

Power Rating: DC Input C.W., 1000 watts, A.M. 700 watts

Peak Envelope Power:

Input SSB-1000 watts

Output SSB-625 watts

Frequency Range: 10 thru 80 meters.

Tube Lineup: 9 tubes; two 866, two 0A2, one 0B2, one 6AU6, one 1CP1, two 4 x 250B.

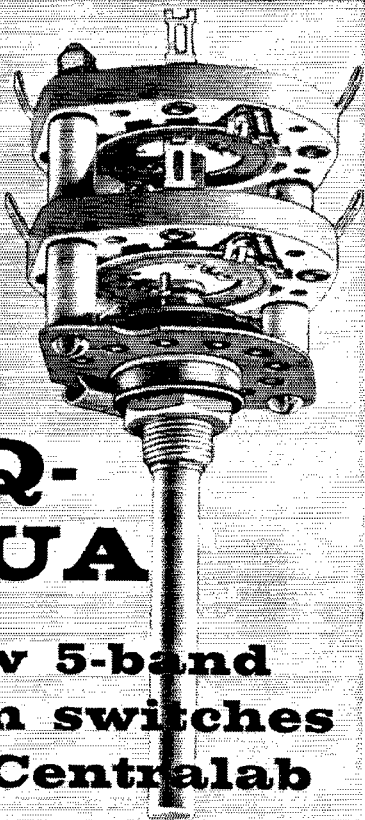
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ELECTRONICS

Write W2BFY for additional details
if your distributor can't assist you.

29-01 BORDEN AVENUE, LONG ISLAND CITY, NEW YORK

A Division of Dynamics Corporation of America



CQ- QUA

New 5-band ham switches by Centralab

For use with tubes operating at voltages up to 1KV and inputs up to 150 watts.

6 positions per section — up to 5 sections per switch (will actually handle as many as 6 bands).

Phenolic insulated shaft through sections for highest breakdown-to-ground rating.

Also available in 90° indexing for 4-band applications.

Get Centralab ham switches from your Centralab distributor. And send coupon for Catalog 30 showing Centralab's complete line of quality components.

P-1258

Centralab

A DIVISION OF GLOBE-UNION INC.
918F E. Keefe Avenue, Milwaukee 1, Wisconsin

Send me Centralab Catalog 30.

Name.....

Address.....

City..... Zone..... State.....

of 823s running 300 watts and a four-element beam on 10 meters. KLR put up a 60-ft. windmill tower for the 2-meter beam and is experimenting with a broadside beam. DPT reports 52 countries worked since Christmas. DFW made WAC Mar. 30. New appointment: SYM as OPS. K9GGC is active on 420 Mc. with a group of W4s. UNT is planning 420-Mc. MM operation on the river and is on 6 meters now. VZF has a new Tri-X tower and WRL beam. K9CFG reports 16 stations are reporting into the North Central Indiana 6-Meter Net, which meets on 50.5 Mc. Mon. and Fri. at 2030 CST. TT reports RFN traffic as 132. TQC gives QIN as 506. SWD reports IFN evening net as 236 and morning as 288, total 524. EHZ gives CAEN traffic as 433. Those making BPL were JOZ, EHZ, EQO, TT, JYO, NZZ, HXR and DGA. I hope all clubs and stations will participate on Field Day. Let's show the rest of the country that Hoosiers are the finest operators. The V.H.F. Picnic will be held July 28 at Turkey Run State Park. Date of the Evansville Hamfest is Aug. 25. Traffic: (Mar.) W9JOZ 953, EHZ 557, EQO 544, TT 520, JYO 510, K9BBO 399, W9NZZ 380, UXK 265, ZYK 234, SVL 227, HXR 225, TQC 163, BKJ 154, DGA 147, SWD 113, EJW 95, LDP 74, NTA 72, RTH 58, AB 52, UQP 49, SVZ 48, WUH 47, KTX 45, WBA 44, HRW 43, CYZ 42, VQP 37, VNV 34, K9GQB 30, AUF 29, W9WTV 29, DOK 26, NTR 26, CMT 25, PQZ 24, QYQ 24, HMW 21, WAU 17, WHL 17, BUQ 13, NH 13, URQ 13, DZC 12, YXZ 12, CDW 11, EJC 11, ENU 11, ZSW 11, K9CFG 8, DWK 8, W9BDP 7, STC 6, EHY 5, YVS 5, CTF 3, EGQ 2, PPS 2, FYM 1, QR 1, (Feb.) W9KTX 119, CTF 4.

WISCONSIN—SCM, Reno W. Goetsch, W9RQM—SEC: EIZ, PAMS: NRP and AJU. RMs: KQB and KJJ. Nets: WIN, 3535 kc., 7:15 P.M. daily; BEN, 3950 kc., 6 P.M. daily. Wisconsin mobile and c.d. frequency: 29,620 kc. My sincere thanks and appreciation for a job well done go to OVO, who relinquishes his duties as SEC after completing his 5th term of office with a tremendous record of accomplishment in RACES and AREC. His successor, EIZ, takes over with a good background in the field as EC for Langlade County. TCC work helps the traffic count, comments CXY as he rolls up another BPL. KJJ picked up a few new countries in the DX Test. AKY received a QSL from UAL for a 28-Mc. phone QSO. FZC is toying with the idea of s.s.b. SQM is putting up a 28-Mc. beam. RQK reports a total of 4000 QSOs in 5 years of operation. A new club at the U. of W. is active with RQN, pres.; SDC, vice-pres.; ZQA secy.-treas.; VOO, trustee. After issuing several hundred Novice harmonic OO cards, GFL says: "Some days it sounds as though we have another Novice band between 7400 and 7500 kc.!" GAB has been keeping a nightly sked on 432 Mc. with DRN over a 70-mile path with 100 per cent copy every night. The DX status of RKP is 180 worked and 185 confirmed. RYV, BZU, RKT, HPC, DKH and GXD are Mancorad boys active on 144 Mc. QNO is DXing on 21 Mc. with a KWS-1 and a two-element beam. K9ERN, DGE and DUX are new General Class licensees. K9CAQ and W9NFX are building 2-meter rigs. Operations mgr. GXD reports new Mancorad Club officers are K9CAQ, pres.; K9DIN, vice-pres.; W9VAU, secy.-treas.; GXD and ZKB, directors, and RKT, EC. KXK put up a 60-ft. pole for the new antennas. WTN News, an FB bulletin by KQB, reflects the high level of activity on the c.w. net during the past year and a half. Net certificates (BEN) were issued to K9AEQ, BBT, BBU, CET, CKW, W9HSQ and QJW. CQR dropped the "N" from his call. KN9DCO has 36 states worked. K9DGM, HXK and DGL are new in the Janesville Area. Traffic: W9CXY 1042, KQB 124, KJJ 122, K9AEQ 108, W9AKY 36, FZC 24, SAA 18, SQM 17, OVO 13, EIZ 9, RQM 9, RQK 8, YZA 6, GIL 5, KJW 5, SZR 2.

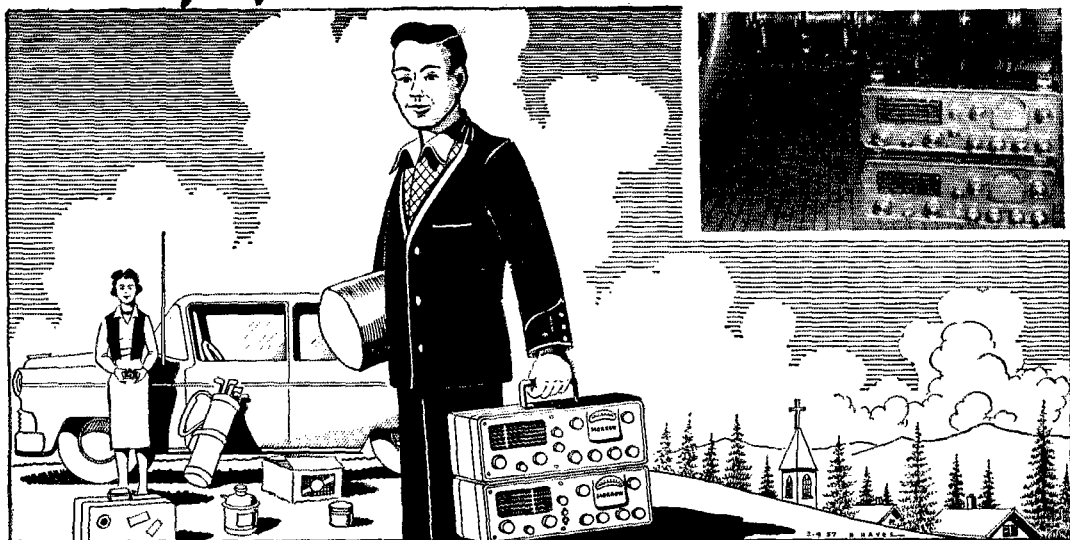
DAKOTA DIVISION

NORTH DAKOTA—SCM, Elmer J. Gabel, W0KTZ—Six hams in and around Napoleon, namely IAP, JEP, KLP, UBG, WIQ and K0EPH, have come up with a new idea in hamfests. They will sponsor the North Dakota Hamoree on July 14 at Beaver Lake State Park near Napoleon. There will be no registration fees, everything will be free. For further information and instructions on how to reach the park contact KLP, Napoleon. The North Dakota C.W. Net held 13 sessions and handled 93 messages. Traffic: K0CNC 327, W0FVG 152, K0ADI 42, APX 19, W0IHM 14, HVA 13, YCL 12, K0ATK 6, W0MQA 6, PHC 6, CAQ 2.

SOUTH DAKOTA—SCM, Les Price, W0FLP—Asst. SCM: Gerald F. Lee, WYKY. SCM assistants: HOH, FKE, APL, GQH, NEO, TI, MZJ and GDE. SECs: YOB and GDE. PAM: ULV. RM: SMV. The S.D. C.W. Net, reports QTC 29; the S.D. WX Net, QTC 396; the S.D. 40-Meter Noon Phone Net, QTC 63; the S.D. 160-Meter Evening Phone Net, reports QNI 193 for March and 200 for Feb. The net closed Apr. 1 until the fall. The 75 meter S.D. Emergency Evening Phone Net reports QTC 70. RSP was heard in New Jersey three

(Continued on page 112)

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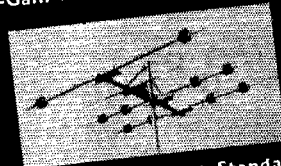
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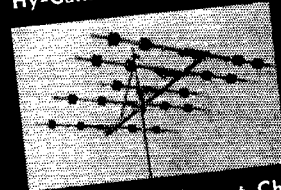
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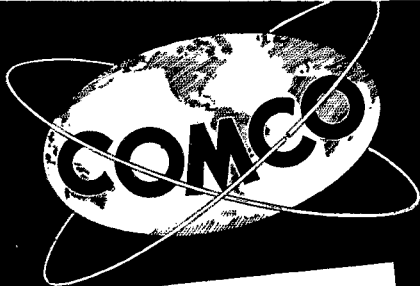
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times during March. A new Novice is Richard Meador, KNØLRN, of Lead. He and Allen Larson will be ready for the General Class exam in May and Jimmie Myers is about ready for the Novice exam. DVB conducts classes for these boys Sat. mornings and Mon. nights. The Signal Hill Amateur Radio Club held its Feb. 4th meeting and Apr. 1st meeting at the home of George and Dorothea Adams. Plans are being started for Field Day. The Mitchell ARC, which meets the 1st and 3rd Thurs., elected GWW, pres.; GWS, vice-pres.; WCN, secy.; GWL, treas.; and GCP, act. mgr. New officers of the Redfield ARC are KØASQ, pres.; SEQ, vice-pres.; BNA, secy.-treas. The club's main yearly activity is Field Day. NWK was home in Deadwood for a few days before returning to the Navy in California. KNØDIH is very busy in Fr. Morocco but finds time to send a letter to his mother, DVB, about once a week. CSB and family are now living in Vermillion. Four of the 5 engineers on the KDLO-TV staff at Garden City are now licensed hams: KØCRY, GFS, KØIEI and KØAZD. IEI is operated largely s.s.b., a 10B with an 813 running about 600 watts, and a 4-1000A rig being built. YVF has received his WAS and reports that his wife Lois, KNØDEA, passed the General Class exam recently and at the same time his brother Burton, KNØJCD, took the Novice Class exam. RRN had his receiver re-aligned by the factory and has been heard after DX since. In the last 3½ years, Tony has talked about ham radio 17 times to various and sundry organizations and meetings. GWS writes that he is moving to Spokane, Wash., to study for the ministry in the Assembly of God Church. He expects to have about 20 watts on 80-, 40- and 20-meter c.w., looking for South Dakota, especially on 3645 kc. and other net frequencies with a 7 call. Bill's address: 1828 W. Bridge. GDE had a card from RMK and UAJ stating that Larry would be temporarily stationed in Chicago by Western Electric and by May or June will be permanently stationed at Rapid City. LTS has moved to Chamberlain from Bonesteel. A new licensee at Marvin is Ark Erickson, KNØJCC, the Baptist Minister there. Newly licensed at Freeman College is Leland Voth, KNØIYJ, using an ARC-2 tank transmitter, KØHHM, who joined the 75-meter net and did a fine job with 15 watts output, is doing even better now with his 1625s up to about 25 watts output when under modulation. Another new licensee at Lennox is KNØHUM. A new net member is KØAIE, Edgemont. Also new to me are KØBAMQ and KØBMP, of Millboro. Dick has participated in the Nebraska Slow-Speed C.W. Net and checked into the S.D. C.W. Net for the first time Mar. 25th. DDT, Waterbury, Nebr. is now using a Viking Ranger on 75, 80, 40, 20 and 15 meters, phone and c.w., using doublets on each band with results that compare favorably with what he used with the former Viking II. Coincidence: The Wheat Belt Net of the Wheat Belt ARC down in the corner where Nebraska, Kansas and Colorado join, which meets at 12:30 p.m. CST. Sat., found out that 75 meters was impossible and decided to move up to 40 meters, choosing 7225 kc. without knowing that the S.D. 40-Meter Net already was there. The first time the fellows showed up was Mar. 16 during traffic on the S.D. Net. After a few minutes discussion between EXX, mgr. of the S.D. Net, and QHE, NCS on the WB Net, the latter decided to wait while S.D. finished up then carry on that day and decide upon a new frequency for the future. RMK and UAJ requested that a place be kept available for them on the S.D. Nets when they get to Rapid City this summer. Larry checked into net, WØRMK/M9, from Waukegan, Ill. Mar. 23. His new address is 516 Prospect Rd., Round Lake Park, Ill. Approximately 61 RACES licenses have been received, according to announcement made Mar. 4th. If I've not erred, they are as follows: ADJ, APL, ARE, AQS, BAZ, BMM, BNA, BQS, BYD, CAS, CJS, CTZ, DEV, DKJ, DNV, DPD, DQK, DVB, DYR, ELY, EQV, EUJ, FFP, GQH, HEZ, HOH, ION, ILL, IYN, JLI, JLS, LBO, LXD, MMQ, NEO, NNX, OII, DOZ, ORE, QGZ, RRN RTD, SCT, SDK, SIR, SMV, SRX, TXX, UDI, VME VMV VQC, WUU ZVV, ZWL UYL, FLP, OXC, YOB, FKE, GDE, Traffic: WØZWL 617 SCT 318, ARF 103, DVB 88, NEO 57, FLP 31, CTZ 29, OII 20, YKY 20, ARE 13, GDE 13, BLZ 12, SMV 12, EXX 10, DKJ 9, NXX 9, BQS 8, QDV 8, BMQ 7, DIY 7, BNZ 6, RSP 6, BQR 4, Ooz 3.

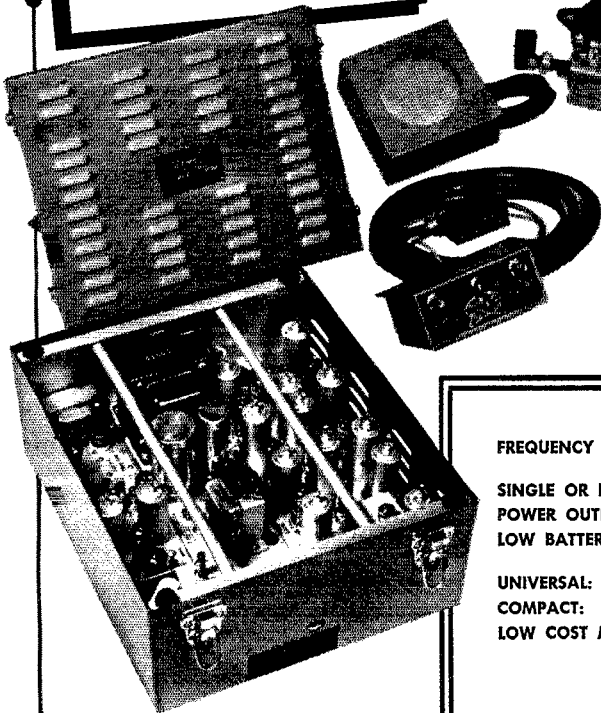
MINNESOTA—SCM, Robert M. Nelson, WØKLG—Asst. SCM: Robert Schoening, #TKX, SEC: GTX, RMs: DQL and RLQ, PAMS: JIE and LUX. The Minnesota Phone Net's special emergency session ran continuously for 43 hours and 35 minutes from 1800 Mar. 14 until 1335 Mar. 16. The session was called because several communities in Southwestern Minnesota were without commercial communications and the roads were blocked because of the sleet, ice and snow storm. A total of 383 formal messages was handled, plus approximately 255 messages not in standard form. Nearly all

(Continued on page 114)



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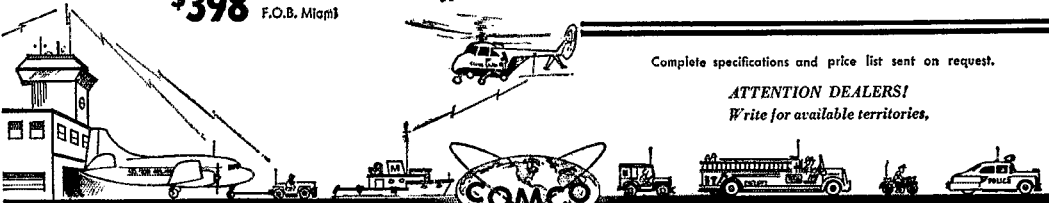
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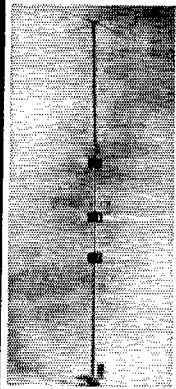
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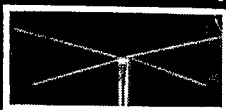
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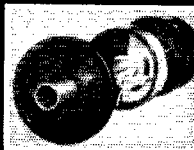
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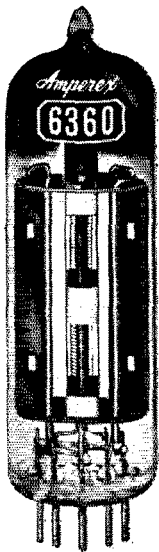
messages were of emergency nature. A sincere thanks to all who participated. The annual election of officers of the Mankato Area Radio Club was held with the following being elected: RAK, pres.; QKA, vice-pres.; K8ALL, secy.-treas. OPA recently had his 25,000th QSO. K8BFS and KJZ made BPL this month. KN8IZD is a new ham in Brewster running 40 watts homebrew and receiving with a souped-up Echophone all-band receiver. BUO is now with Minnesota Mining and Manufacturing. K8BLD worked VQ2PL on 6-meter phone. The Minnesota Noon Phone Net has moved from 3825 to 7215 kc. until conditions improve on 75 meters. The time still is 1205 CST. VRD renewed his ORS appointment. Activities were hampered for MNC by a few days in the hospital. We heard that OJG worked England on 75 meters. New hams in St. Paul are K8ERP and KN8IDA. PBY is NCS of a new RACES net, with stations from 20 counties in Southwestern Minnesota reporting in. It meets Sun. at 1330 CST on 3805 kc. ITQ is back in Minneapolis after spending the winter in Southern Texas. New BCs are QDZ for Nobles County and UOX for Redwood County. A new club in the Mound Area is the Triangle Radio Club, made up of hams from 3 counties. Officers are IRM, pres.; QWV, vice-pres.; WEA, secy.-treas. RQJ vacationed in New Orleans and Dallas. The Lake Region Amateur Radio Club had a booth at the Builders Show in Fergus Falls. K8BUF/8 was set up in the booth taking messages and acquainting people with our wonderful hobby. Hope to see you all at the convention in St. Paul. Traffic: (Mar.) W8KJZ 400, KLG 255, K8BFS 119, W8ALW 109, QDZ 109, K8DNN 104, W8RLQ 100, K8BUD 98, W8DQL 97, KFN 89, K8EPT 65, W8VBD 60, K8ADI 42, W8UMX 42, OSJ 41, WMA 39, UNG 34, LUX 33, IYP 31, TCK 25, K8CAZ 22, HNN 20, W8OJG 20, QVR 20, JIE 19, EMZ 18, FGP 16, TQQ 14, KN8GQZ 12, W8PBY 12, KXW 11, K8AEE 10, CVD 9, W8ZEL 9, HEN 7, VOA 7, K8HKK 5, W8LIG 5, NGA 4, TOK 4, ZMK 4, HW 3, K8DEI 2.

DELTA DIVISION

ARKANSAS—SCM, Ulmon M. Goings, W5ZZY—SEC; VKE, PAM: DYL. Activity reports for the month of March have been very light. CAM is holding skeds with son Jim in Florida on 15 meters. CRK has a new 10-meter beam up and is really giving it a workout. DAG now has worked up to 450 watts on his new linear amplifier. We are most happy to have 8JHY/5 join our section. VDQ finally has gone s.s.b. with a 20-A and a pair of 813s running a kw. GWB and KAN are very happy these days, having raised their rank from Technician to General Class. K5HOL now has a Viking II and it is said he never lets the filaments cool on it. The coverage of the Arkansas Emergency Phone Net has now been extended to operation from Mon. through Fri. on 3885 at 0600. This net previously was held on Mon. only. We invite traffic from all sections for this net. We want to encourage all Arkansas amateurs to support this net with their participation. I was very glad to meet so many on the band for the April LO Party. We are badly in need of more activities reports for this section. Won't you please send in your reports? Traffic: W5KRO 75, DAG 23, WSM 8, ZZY 3.

LOUISIANA—SCM, Thomas J. Morgavi, W5FMO—PAM CEW is now a member of RACES and is taking over one shift at Shreveport C.D. Hq. as radio operator. Al reports 68 contacts and 41 countries in the DX Contest. K5CME runs a Phasemaster II on s.s.b. and is a member of the Mid-Continent SB Net, which is managed and directed by DGB. The net meets each night on 7206 kc. at 6:30 p.m. CST. K5ANI is active on 10 through 40 meters. Chief Operator Bill Wyatt, AA5WBN, is due for a discharge and is heading back to Danville, Ill. K5DGI was erroneously reported on s.s.b. He now has a new 10-15-meter quad up that really works. UXE made BPL in March. MXQ still is having trouble with the new rig but manages to meet all nets and handle traffic. The Early Bird 6-Meter Net has been started by K5BWN with 5 stations reporting. K5GFB is now on 6 meters. SUA and K5BWZ have joined AF MARS. CYF is having speech amplifier trouble with the new rig. K5DDH now is operating in a new hamshack. EA has been appointed Alt. Radio Officer in Area 4 C.D. K5AGJ is active on 40 and 75 meters meeting nets and handling traffic. INL has been appointed Radio Officer for c.d. in Area 1-A. K5CWQ was appointed for Area 1-B; KU/SFH for Area 2; SKW for Area 3; HEJ for Area 4 and SQB for Area 6. Area 5 still is vacant. They will be responsible for communications in their own areas and from their areas to State Net Control. K5BES, who is SEC, also is Radio Officer for the Louisiana c.d. The Jefferson Amateur Radio Club is now affiliated with ARRL. Write the SCM for dope on ARRL appointments or check to see if your appointment needs endorsement. Traffic:

(Continued on page 116)

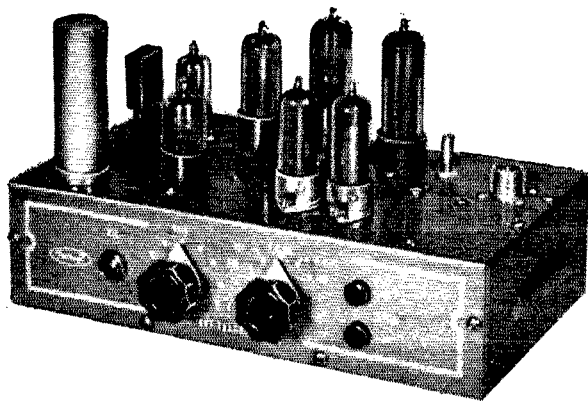


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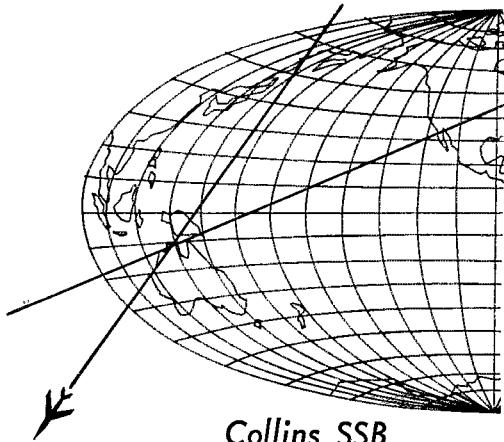
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CREATIVE LEADER IN ELECTRONICS

W5UXE 502, KRX 153, K5AGJ 149, W5NDV 71, MXQ 42, EA 9.

MISSISSIPPI—SCM, Julian G. Blakely, W5WZY—Congrats to CBW, pres.; and to YAA, secy., on getting the Two-Meter Net going on the Gulf Coast. VKY, the NCS, is looking for DX contacts from up-State with his rotatable dual array—power 100 watts, v.f.o. We are sorry to lose EDE from the section. We wish to welcome K5JLX to the section. Dave is ex-#BQC/-8NSU/2YXL/8MZI/3MZI, and needless to say is a member of the Old Timers Club. VMC is active with 300 watts on all bands. K5IGV graduated from mobile to 300 watts phone. BEK is RTTY and looking for contacts. FPI, our RAI, reports some progress in the Section C.W. Net. Contact him on 3845, 3935 and 7108 kc. Traffic: W5FPI 191.

TENNESSEE—SCM, Harry C. Simpson, W4SCF—SEC: RRV. PAM: PQP. RM: IV. DCH, trying out his new 50-ft. tower and three-band two-element beam, worked 142 stations in 53 countries during four hours of operation! UVU is building a new kw. rig, also has a new 100-watt mobile, and reports NEG and BMY are new Athens 6-meter stations. HHK reports 6-meter auroral openings during three days in March. YRM has a new 60-ft. tower, works 200 miles consistently on 6 meters, and reports that OJL, KYO, JPF and EZG are now on 6 meters in his area. The Memphis 6-meter group formed the Tri-State Net, meeting on 50.1 Mc. at 0800 CST on Sun. EWC and SCF visited SJJ, HSK, ZNW and others in Atlanta and enjoyed meeting with ARW and the Marietta Club immensely. The Memphis Club was treated to a discussion of the Arends-Roland Comet. FCC's quarterly exams in Memphis, under the capable supervision of ARW, were held recently with 44 ham and 151 commercial exams being given in the 2-day session! Our thanks to K4ECW, secy.-treas. of the Oak Ridge Club, for her very fine detailed report on activities of this great organization. SKH/4, the club's station, won the blue ribbon at the Oak Ridge Hobby Show and handled 101 messages for the Women's State Bowling Tournament. SGI, VWT and HSH were panel members at the Oak Ridge meeting, capably discussing mobile operation. This club's meeting dates have been changed to the 2nd and 4th Tue. of each month. IFN reports that K4KKB has been ill. He introduces a new Milan ham, K4MEJ, and says farewell to another, 5ZKA/4, who is leaving for other parts. K4BKC, tired of conventional frequency multipliers, is now raising rabbits! IFN is the proud owner of a 75A-3. PQP says PHQ did a wonderful job on the new TPN rosters. WQW reports he has been handling traffic on 20 and 40 meters. VNE worked 52 countries on 10 meters, including his old friend ZE3JP. K4LPW, still chasing DX, now has 132/57. IGW, IPO, KJC, GMQ, OKT, ASL, HRE, JCC, EZS and WTP have applied for Army MARS. ZBQ, whose major activity is v.h.f., managed to handle 69 messages! K4HJN is a new TN member in Knoxville. His many friends will welcome 6EVC (ex-4YIP) back to Tennessee permanently. PL comments that S5 signals and S9 static makes traffic-handling somewhat of a problem on 40 meters. K4DIZ's ankle, hurt while QLF, has mended. Traffic: (Jun.) W4PL 882, K4DIZ 268, W4SKH/4 110, PQP 102, VJ 101, ZBQ 69, SGI 52, UVL 52, EWC 47, OGG 44, VNE 42, SCF 41, WQW 40, YMB 29, K4GFL 27, W4UIO 24, K4BMC 16, W4IGW 16, DCH 10, K4LPW 10, W4HUT 4, CLM 2, HJN 2, CLQ 1, ECW 1, EVC 1, HHK 1, HSX 1, IFN 1, TIE 1, TIZ 1, UVU 1, YRM 1. (Feb.) W4PQP 141, IRI 94, UVU 2.

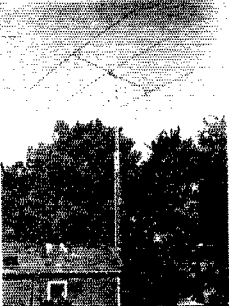
GREAT LAKES DIVISION

KENTUCKY—SCM, Albert M. Barnes, W4KKW—SEC: JSH. PAMs: VJV and SUD. RM: QCD. Heartiest congratulations to the two newest ARRL club affiliates, the Mammoth Cave Amateur Radio Club in Glasgow and the Warren County Radio Club in Bowling Green. That brings the total ARRL affiliated clubs in Kentucky to eight, including the Amateur Radio Transmitting Society in Louisville; the Hardin County Amateur Radio Assn. in Elizabethtown; the Audubon Amateur Radio Society in Henderson; the Owensboro Amateur Radio Club in Owensboro; the Blue Grass Amateur Radio Club in Lexington and the Paducah Amateur Radio Club in Paducah. This is enough to have a council of Kentucky clubs organized to really get the hams of Kentucky working together constructively. KPN is going strong with forty active members. PAM VJV and SUD recommend K4CJI, K4HCK, HJI, K4HTK and K4IAA for section NET certificates. RM QCD is lining up more NCSs for KYN. KKG went to the Dayton Hamvention and had a fine time. KZF has a new beam on 6 meters. HOJ is using a new electronic key now. JGN is active on 15 meters for WAC. CDA has his 100TH rebuilt for 40 meters. HJI has a new 20-meter beam looking for DX. Traffic: W4ZDB 505.

(Continued on page 118)

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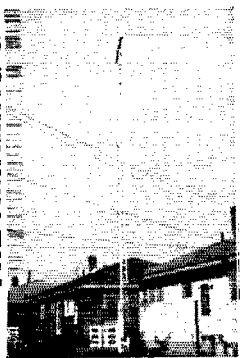
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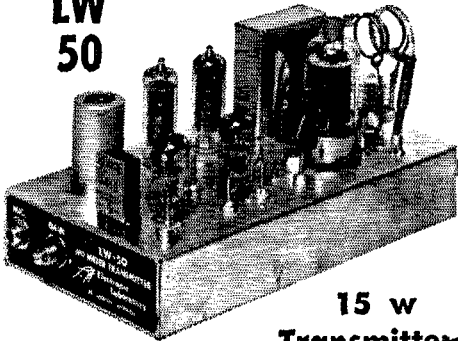
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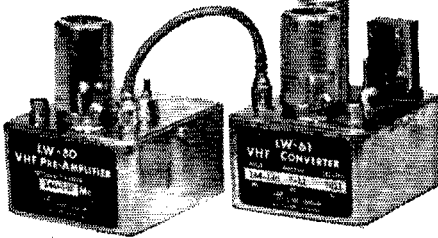
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MICHIGAN—SCM, Thomas G. Mitchell, W8RAE—Asst. SCM (phone) Bob Cooper, 8AQA; Asst. SCM (c.w.) Joe Beljan, 8SCW. To those of you who may have not heard as yet, it was my duty this month to accept the resignation of GJH as our Section Emergency Coordinator. The press of personal business brought about the decision on Gary's part after nearly nine years of service in that office. Being aware of the countless hours that he devoted to service on our behalf, I feel that words cannot adequately express our appreciation for the many accomplishments that were brought about through his efforts. I take the liberty here to thank him for all members of the Michigan section and to wish him the "best in hamming" for the years to come. He has kindly offered to assist in any way and I am sure that we will find many occasions to call upon him for help in the months to come. The selection of a new SEC will necessarily take some time and the aid of several persons besides myself. In the interim, any correspondence normally involving the SEC may be directed to this office as I will do all possible to carry on as the Acting SEC. All ECs will be kept posted on the AREC situation via direct mail bulletins from this office. Speaking again for the members of the section, I should like to express our thanks to the Grand Rapids Amateur Radio Association for its efforts which resulted in another excellent convention again this year. The club's reward can best be found in the growth of the attendance figures and in the many compliments heard over the air. Section-wide activities such as this convention are very essential to maintaining the active organization we have in Michigan and we are most fortunate in having so active a club in that geographic location to sponsor the event. Traffic: (Mar.) W8ELW 661, ILP 198, YAN 122, NUL 118, DAP 111, K8NAW 103, W8FX 62, FWW 65, ZLK 63, NOH 59, SCW 44, RTN 41, OCC 32, AUD 31, RVZ 29, TBP 27, OGY 24, WXO 23, QIX 22, RAE 17, HAV 10, DSE 7, HKT 6, EGI 5, MSK 4, FGB 1, QQQ 1. (Feb.) W8QQO 101, TBP 25, OCU 6, MSK 2, SWN 2.

OHIO—SCM, Wilson E. Weckel, W8AL—Asst. SCMs: J. C. Erickson, 8DAE, and E. F. Bonnet, 8OVG, SEC; UPB, RMs: DAE and FYO. PAMs: HPP, HUX and HZJ. PLQ, FPZ, LLC and RXM helped in the Ky. Emergency Net. New appointments: STP as OO and HZJ as OO and PAM. *Ether Waves* reports the editor's daughter is now KN4MWC. JRB made the honor role of CQ magazine with 36 zones and 137 countries. LPD worked ZE2 and VQ2 on 6 meters. Springfield ARC's Q-5 reports RWZ, OKB, OG and JRG hold WAC phone; BMC, OKB, OG and JRG hold WAC c.w.; VZE, QCU, KQW, OKB, OG and JRG hold WAS; JRG holds DXCC and EQN holds Worked All Ohio Counties (WAOC). The club also held a successful auction. K8CLS received his General Class license. K4U joined the Navy. JRG is running a full gallon using a pair of 4-250As. KN8CUY moved to Marion and has a 75-watt rig on the air. SQU received his first 50-Mc. confirmation from England. KN8BNB had FUSAO answer his CQ on 15 meters. QXW received a WAVE certificate. KN8DYW has a new antenna. 9VBV/8 is working DX on 15 meters. Toledo's ham of the month is JEX who is the principal of Waite High School and an IRE member. Toledo's 6-meter round table consists of RTN, EBR, RBQ, WTD and Ks ALK and DVY. BMA received his General Class license. INR is working DX on 40-meter c.w. PDY has a 32-element beam on 432 Mc. and can be heard on 2 meters and 220 Mc. Toledo RC's 197 officers are BHL, pres.; MUK, vice-pres.; MQQ, rec. secy.; AAS, corr. secy.; and DN, treas. QIE vacationed three weeks in Florida and Cuba. HXB needs Delaware and Arkansas for WAS mobile. UPB has worked 21 countries. The Massillon YMCA RC's officers are VYU, pres.; KN8EKG, vice-pres.; KN8EJR, treas.; and KN8EJN, secy. STT's XYL presented him with a baby boy. We hope WPV has fully recovered from the accident to his left hand. The Fort Hamilton ARA operates a theory class. Columbus ARA's *Carascope* reports TOO spoke to the club on "Measurement by Means of Radioactivity." JND enlisted in the US Air Force. SJQ has a new 10-meter beam. More new appointments are AIVE as OBS; SGX and GEZ as ECs. The Governor of Ohio has set aside the week of June 16 to 23 as Radio Amateur Week. Traffic: (Mar.) W8UPH 784, VTP 716, SZU 265, GFE 188, DAE 110, HXB 100, W9VBV/8 51, W8ILR 50, AL 46, VYU 45, K8DDG 25, W8LZE 12, ARO 9, AQ 6, HZJ 5, LMB 5, EEQ 4, QIE 3. (Feb.) W8PBX 14, PLQ 5.

(Continued on page 120)

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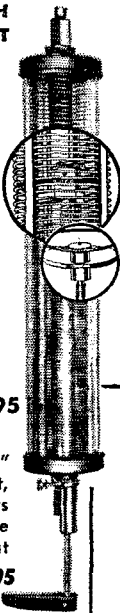
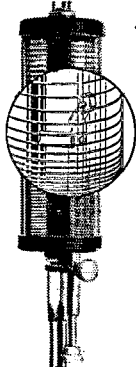
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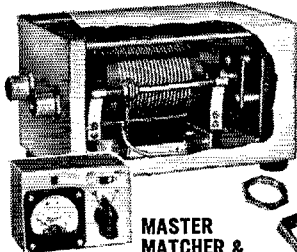
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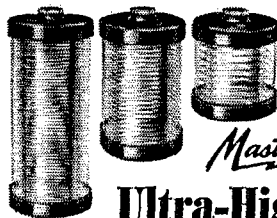


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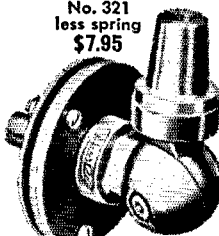
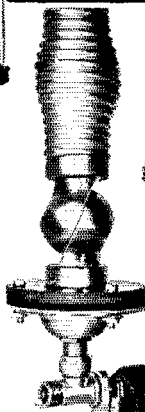
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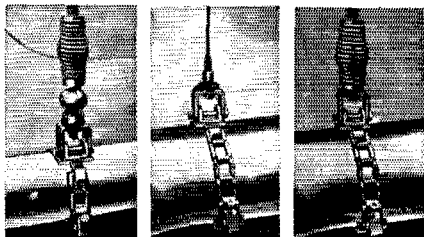
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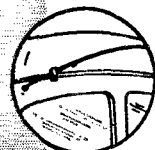
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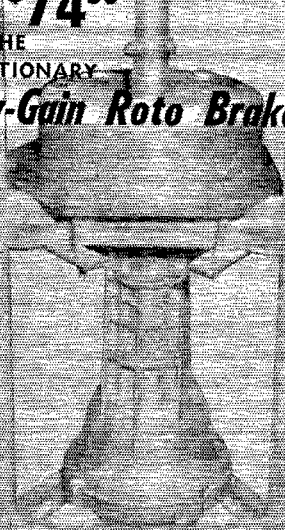
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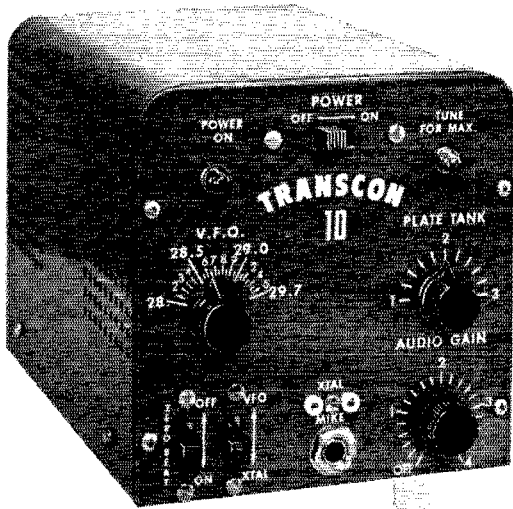
HUDSON DIVISION

EASTERN NEW YORK—SCM, George W. Tracy, W2ERU—SEC: KGC, RM: BXP, PAMs: GDD, IJG and NOC. Section Nets: NYS on 3615 kc, at 1900, NYSPTEN on 3925 kc, at 1800, SRPN on 3980 at 1130, IPN on 3980 kc, at 1530, MHT on 3716 kc, Sat, at 1300, JZK was speaker Mar. 8 at the Albany Assn. NYSPTEN certificates were awarded to K2GCI and NZM for regular attendance. The Crystal Radio Club sponsors an "on-the-air" activity program each month. Members must work specified objectives and confirm with QSLs. If you want full particulars for your club, drop a line to FHZ. New appointment: K2TAZ as ORS. The Radio and Radiological Service topic for the March Schenectady Assn. meeting was presented by specialists at GE's Research Lab. A Spring Cleaning Auction brought a large ham group to the Apr. 5 meeting of the Harmonic Hill Radio League at Mount Kisco. SZ, the RPI Club, has finished a new 6-meter amplifier using p.p. 4-65As, which should put them on the map from their hilltop QTH. WQL is trying out 20-meter phone with a new vertical antenna. All E.N.Y. Novices are invited to join the Mohawk Hudson Training Net (MHT) listed at the beginning of this column. All appointees are reminded to check the expiration dates on certificates and send them to the SCM for endorsement. K2HPQ set up a rig to handle traffic at the Boy Scout Show in the Albany Armory. State Radio Officer BGO reports a communications exercise for the State RACES Command Nets on 3993 and 3599.5 kc, will be held on June 16. The fourth anniversary dinner of the Harmonic Hill Club was held recently. The club, combined with the Westchester Club to witness a demonstration by AMJ, of Hammarlund Mfg. Co. Traffic: (Mar.) W2BXP 470, PHX 173, EFU 146, ATA 131, K2QVA 63, LK1 55, HPQ 52, CKG 23, HNW 6, W2BSH 5, TYC 3.

NEW YORK CITY AND LONG ISLAND—SCM, Harry J. Dannals, W2TUR—SEC: ADO, PAM: OBW, RM: WFL. Section Nets: NLI, 3630 kc, nightly at 1930 ESST and Sat. at 1915 ESST; NYC-LIPN, 3908 kc, Mon. through Sat. from 1730 to 1830 ESST; NYC-LI AREC, 3908 kc, Sun. at 1400 EDST. Our section nets plan to continue full-time operation during the summer season. Check in on these nets as often as possible—you will find the welcome mat always out. OBW reports one of the best months on NYC-LIPN with 110 stations handling 382 messages. K2DEM made the WNH and W-Del certificates and also received his YLCC-150 endorsement. The gang at AEE has completed WAC and WAS on 75 meters. K2VXX has received his Novice and Tech. Class tickets. K2PGP now has 63 countries. K2KXZ is now using an Matchstick vertical. A new DX-100 and three-element 10-meter beam are in use at K2PHK. New members of the Tu-Boro RC are K2s DZO, OHK, QPJ, VBH, VBI and HB9OI. K2RKL has a new VHF-152-A and 220-Mc. converter. He is soon to be heard on 50-Mc, s.s.b. A new antenna at K2AAW has improved his signal. K2EEK soon will be heard on 220 Mc. with 20 watts to a seven-element Yagi. New officers of the Frog Hollow RC are GFK, pres.; K2IEH, vice-pres; JU, secy.; and K2QOP, treas. K2EOR has his new kw. ready to go. All MARS members interested in operation on a v.h.f. net should contact K2EQH for information. HQL received his DXCC-170 endorsement and added a Collins 310-B exciter to his shack. IN is operating on 50 Mc. from Staten Island. K2CCM is looking for 220-Mc. activity in the vicinity of his Massapequa Park QTH. K2DDK is returning to operation on 80 and 40 meters after many months of v.h.f. work. K2OUD has worked 32 states and now has an 8-29 receiver. The Midwood HS ARC, Brooklyn, has the club station, YTU, back on the air. K2SNM dropped the "N" after finishing his Novice term with 36 states worked on 40 meters. K2KND is half way to DXCC with 56 countries. The new two-element 10-meter beam at K2UOY is increasing his DX total, with only Africa needed to complete WAC. K2PAY is now on 144 Mc. K2MYW and his Valiant need only Utah and Wyoming for WAS. KN2UBG worked a W16 on 40 meters with his Adventurer and NC-300. KN2YKP is on 80 and 40 meters. The Hillcrest RC, with operators K2s LIO and QEP and KN2s UDT, UFS and YQL, worked portable with a Communicator on 2 meters from the Samia Hills Boy Scout Camp at Holmes. New 6-meter stations on the 50.25-Mc. net are K2s KOH, PQY, QUH and SNW. K2UJT is working airborne mobile with a Gonset on 50 Mc. HAE has a new DX-100. MQB/4 sends an early warning from Tennessee that he'll be very active in this year's "SS" from East Hampton after retiring from 20 years of Navy service. KH6BPZ/2 is running a Viking I and SX-99 and is awaiting the return of his K2DDC call. HQD joined the married ranks. BQP is off to DL4-Land. K2LUR still is looking for Utah to complete her WAS. K2PWH built the QST "TVI Special" for 50 Mc. and reports

(Continued on page 122)

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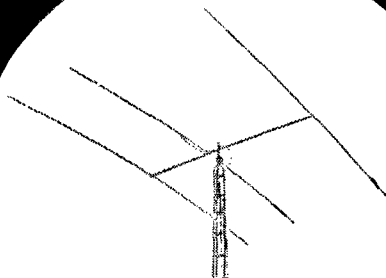
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satisfactory operation. KN2YJC is looking for DX with his 25-watter. Your SCM's brother now signs 5ZRA/6 from the Golden State, while OMI, CG, soon will be heard from the Sunshine State in W4-Land. Good luck on Field Day and remember your extra credit messages to the SEC or SCM. See you from YKQ/2. Traffic: (Mar.) W2KEB 2198, KFV 668, K2DEMI 342, KND 253, PHF 189, AMP 185, ECV 138, W2AEE 134, K2QZS 100, W2RO 89, K2PSE 68, BH 64, W2TUK 43, DED 39, K2CRK 36, PGP 35, W2GP 29, K2LUM 24, W2UGF 24, K2RJO 23, GLP 21, W2PF 17, K2KSP 16, UOY 16, KXZ 15, W2DID 11, JGV 11, K2JZR 10, W2IAG 8, EC 7, K2RKL 7, DQD 6, W2IYS 6, K2AAW 5, BEK 4, W2BQJ 4, K2EQH 3, GHS 2, KIX 2, W2LJP 2, (Feb.) K2LTI 267, KND 30, K8P 30, EQH 15, UOY 14, PAY 13, MYW 7, (Jan.) K2EQH 76.

NORTHERN NEW JERSEY—SCM, Lloyd H. Manamon, W2VQR—SEC, IAN, PAM; VDE, RMs: BRC, NKD and CGG. The Penn-Jersey Radio Club dinner was a huge success with 50 in attendance. K2QYI has increased power to 120 watts and is working out very well on 20, 15 and 10 meters. His rarest DX catch so far is TIAGA on 40 meters. MIW made BPL for the first time and is eligible for a medallion. Frank is the first member in NNJ to receive this award. NJN report for the month of March: Sessions 31, attendance 467, traffic 232. New stations on NJN during March were WOJ, KFR and K2MUE. RG, ZI and BZJ are conducting operator training for RACES c.w. net operators. VDE took part in the New Hampshire QSO Party and worked all ten counties plus a score of 320 for a WNH certificate. EWZ is TVI-proofing the transmitter. BRC changed his QTH to 427 Rahway Ave., Elizabeth, on May 1. K2AFQ is looking forward to the coming summer vacation from college so that he may catch up on his OO activity. K2BHQ is building a new mobile rig for 10 meters which will be used for transmitter hunts. GUV is working on his s.s.b. rig. The Livingston Amateur Radio Club held its annual dinner in Cedar Grove with 28 members and their XYLs attending. K2JTU is a regular member of NJFN. K2OAM is NCS for TCPN on Thurs. nights. The Stevens Radio Club of Hoboken became an affiliated club in March. Good luck and let's hear from you monthly. AZL and CXY were recent speakers at the Central N. J. V.H.F. Society meeting. This group is very active in the Satellite Tracking Project and has obtained a field site in the western part of the State for future operations. The group needs information on antennas for this project and desires assistance from anyone who can help out on this subject. TTM is the motivating force behind this group. The members lay claim to being the hottest v.h.f. group in New Jersey and desire recognition in the respective columns of QST. CVW worked eight new countries in the DX Contest. K2MLN reports a new net in operation, the Forty NNJ Net. It meets on 7105 kc. at 1715 EST daily. New members are solicited. VMX reports that his XYL, KN2UXJ, is attending code classes at GSARA. K2RGS has his DX-100 back on the air with an assist from K2OCW. K2GBP was home on leave from the Naval Academy. K2SZO has a new 40-meter antenna. K2SKK is going RTTY with the home call, IZXA. The NJFN is having a special sticker made for QSL cards of net members. K2PIM received a new "Bug Key" on his 15th birthday and went right out and picked up seven new countries and a new continent with the new key. VCZ has a new Viking KW, greatly increasing his OBS range. K2GIF is MARS director for New Jersey. LRO has been appointed Field Day chairman for the Tri-County Club. K2KFE and K2BZX were hosts at a recent meeting of the RBRA. Guest speaker was VPL, who lectured on transistor circuitry. K2KFE has been appointed Field Day chairman of the RBRA. K2GE now is active on 40-meter c.w. New members of the Irvington Radio Amateur Club are K2TYC, VEY, KN2SOM and UGE. KN2YZD is a new ham in Northern New Jersey. DLS was a recent speaker at IRAC. K2ICE has worked OUS a total of 1000 times. This is quite a record for both of them. K2IPR has a new NC-300 complete with converters. YLS is muddly at work on his new Viking 500 kit. K2DHE has a new Ranger and 6N2 rig. Traffic: W2MLW 489, VDE 147, K2EQP 130, W2BRC 119, K2AJV 63, MLN 58, BHO 57, MNM 43, W2RXL 38, DRV 34, K2OAM 29, W2VMX 28, K2MFF 27, RGS 25, W2ZVW 18, K2GIF 16, W2OXL 12, K2BWQ 10, EMJ 10, W2KFR 10, CVW 9, K2GTQ 5, W2CJX 4, K2SKK 4, W2NIY 3 WOJ 3.

MIDWEST DIVISION

IOWA—SCM, Russell B. Marquis, W8BDR—One hundred stations of the 75-Meter Phone Net participate to furnish emergency communications for two railroads, A. P. and Western Union during the worst spring blizz-

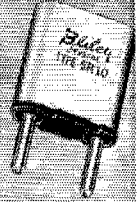
(Continued on page 124)

BLILEY NOVICE BAND CRYSTALS



AX2

BAND	MULTIPLIER	CRYSTAL FREQ. RANGE	TYPE	PRICE
80 Meters	1	3700.0 to 3750.0 kc's	AX2	\$2.95
40 Meters	2	3587.5 to 3600.0 kc's	AX2	2.95
40 Meters	1	7175.0 to 7200.0 kc's	AX2	2.95
15 Meters	1	21,100 to 21,250.0 kc's	SR10	8.50
15 Meters	3	7033.33 to 7083.33 kc's	AX2	2.95
15 Meters	6	3516.66 to 3541.66 kc's	AX2	2.95
2 Meters	6	24,166.66 to 24,500.0 kc's	SR10	8.50



SR10



BLILEY CRYSTALS FOR SPOT FREQUENCIES IN NET OPERATIONS



MC9

TYPE	APPLICATION	TOLERANCE	PRICE
MC9	3 mc-12 mc experimental frequencies	± .03%	\$6.50
SR10	12 mc-27.5 mc experimental frequencies	± .03%	8.50



SR10



BLILEY CRYSTALS FOR AMATEUR - EXPERIMENTAL CITIZEN'S BAND - SINGLE SIGNAL FILTERS



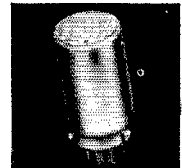
	KV3	SR10	CF6	AX2	MC9
TYPE					
	APPLICATION				
KV3	Reference Frequency 100 kc				
MC9	Marker Frequency 1000 kc				
MC9	13.6275 mc (Multiplier to 27.255 mc) CITIZEN'S RADIO SERVICE (CLASS "C")				
SR10	27.255 mc (3rd Overtone Crystal) CITIZEN'S RADIO SERVICE (CLASS "C")				
CF6	455 kc -- 456 kc -- 465 kc Single Signal Filters				
AX2	1800-1825 kc; 1875-1900 kc; 1900-1925 kc; 1975-2000 kc				
AX2	3500-4000 kc; 7000-7425 kc; 8000-9000 kc				
AX2	14-14.5 mc				
				TOLERANCE	PRICE
KV3				± .005%	\$8.50
MC9				± .05%	8.00
MC9				± .04%	5.50
SR10				± .04%	5.50
CF6				± 5 kc	4.50
AX2				See Note A	3.75
AX2				See Note A	2.95
AX2				± 10 kc	3.95

Note A: We will supply to integral spot frequencies (no fractions) as ordered; calibration ± 500 cycles in factory test oscillator.

NEW HIGH STABILITY PACKAGE WITH 100 kc AND 1000 kc CRYSTALS

This compact temperature controlled package provides a high stability reference source at both 100 kc and 1000 kc. Precision reference for general amateur use.

TYPE	DESCRIPTION	STABILITY	PRICE
TCO-2L	6.3V Oven	75°C ± 5°C	\$ 9.00
BH6A Crystal	1000 kc	± .0002%	12.50
BH9A Crystal	100 kc	± .0005%	11.00



TCO-2L

Crystal units described are calibrated in recommended oscillator circuit—adjustable to zero beat (at 75°C) in this circuit.

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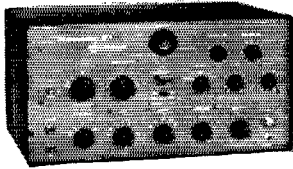
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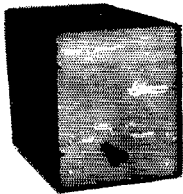
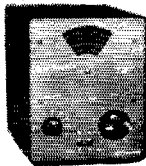
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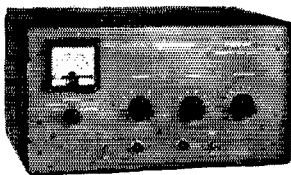


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zard in the Midwest in many years. The list of stations is too long to mention here but our thanks and congratulations for a good job. HWW and EFL were re-elected president and vice-president of the Central Iowa Radio Club, with (J)T being elected vice-pres. New officers for the Des Moines Tech High School Club are YDI, pres.; SMIS, vice-pres.; K0CLS, secy.; ZAQ, program chairman; K0APS, publicity chairman. QVA reports the following new Tall Corn members: K0CYF, GBD, GXC, W0SLC and COD. YDV has received an OPS appointment. It is our sad duty to report that WCC and GAF have joined Silent Keys. The Hamilton County Radio Assn. is now ARRL affiliated. LGG reports that the annual TLCN Party will be held in Des Moines on June 1. The Cedar Valley Club has reached an all-time membership high of 115 members. CZ has received his traffic medallion. CXQ has received a 100 Club Trafficers certificate. UJC, Asst. SCMI, has a new 75A-4. New Novices reported in Webster City are KN0IRW, JDK and JCS. Traffic: (Mar.) W0BDR 1701, PZO 1471, SCA 1440, LCX 1047, LGG 808, CZ 312, GXQ 287, BLH 142, VAL 139, UTD 122, KVJ 117, QVA 102, K0DZX 96, W0NGS 72, VWF 65, K0AAH 35, AIC 24, W0FMZ 24, LJW 23, UTX 23, K0CLS 22, W0GQ 17, K0WAD 15, W0WLT 15, AHZ 14, K0CYF 14, W0YI 14, K0BEC 8, W0CGL 8, REM 7, FDM 6, SEP 5, DDY 4, SLC 4, QQA 2, ZPM 2, HNE 1. (Feb.) W0GQ 8.

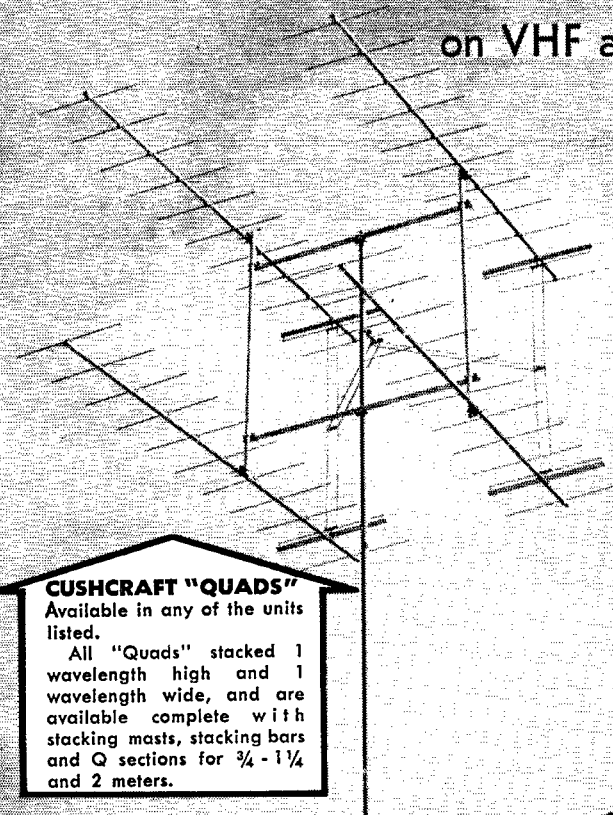
KANSAS—SCM, Earl N. Johnston. W0ICV—SEC: PAH, PAM; FNS, RML; QGG. Handling storm traffic during the Great Plains Blizzard of Mar. 23-26 was the chief activity for most Kansas amateurs in March. The newly-organized Fort Hays QSO Club and its station, QML, got a good workout in the blizzard. Officers are WAY, pres.; K0CBN, vice-pres, and act. mgr.; and TSD, secy.-treas. Faculty sponsors are K0HIC and RBO. The Scott County Amateur Radio Club issues certificates to those working all its nine members—YLO, ROZ, MI, QNJ, EUP, ZUX, BYV, K0DIW and K0DZF. COL, of Herndon, helped care for 57 stranded persons in the blizzard besides handling emergency traffic. VBQ is new president of the Lawrence ARC. The Smoky Valley Radio Club of Abilene has just become an ARRL affiliated club. YVM, of Chanute, is moving to Butler, Mo. NSH is going to high-power. QFQ has just completed a 600-watt rig. LQV is on RTTY. The KVRC, of Topeka, is getting ready for Field Day. The club has a new 5-kw. power plant, KXB, operating RTTY, is a new OBS. At Wichita LZJ is a new OBS on 10 meters. Here's a record-breaking traffic report, thanks to FNS and storm reporters, Traffic: (Mar.) W0BBL 439, TOL 348, NIY 317, FNS 296, QGG 261, OHJ 195, QML 185, K0BXF 122, W0IFR 101, VZM 93, QQQ 86, COL 81, YLO 72, ONF 70, ABJ 66, OKH 60, BET 56, SAF 55, IHN 52, KN0HSF 46, W0FON 42, SYZ 41, FDJ 35, WWR 34, ICV 30, ROZ 30, TNA 30, LOW 25, JDX 22, KN0HVG 20, K0DIW 19, W0MXG 16, QNJ 16, SZF 11, DEL 10, LIX 10, SKW 9, VGE 9, K0BJD 7, W0UTO 7, YVM 7, MI 6, MJF 5, ITO 4, KQC 4, QVO 4, K0AHW 3, BIX 3, W0YJP 3, DIP 2, OAQ 2, K0DZF 1, W0LQX 1, QNJ 1, UAT 1, WMV 1, ZUX 1. (Feb.) W0OAO 50, QQQ 44, VZM 8, UAT 1.

MISSOURI—SCM, James W. Hoover, W0GEP—SEC: BUL, RAM; OUD and QXO. PAM: BVL. BUL has been appointed Section Emergency Coordinator. The Missouri School of Mines Radio Club has received ARRL affiliation and has just completed a new shack for the club station, EEE. K0DEY received a 20-w.p.m. Code Proficiency certificate. The St. Louis Amateur Radio Club held a Ham Hop, featuring an all-ham band, with 50 hams in attendance. OIV has a higher-powered final with push-pull T-55s. WFF has received a WAS certificate. The Three Rivers Ham Club, Appleton City, doubled its membership to 14 during the last year. JEG is the club president. K0AYI, age 13, has 34 countries confirmed. K0BIB has been elected president of the Harvard Wireless Club at Harvard University. The Cass County Civil Defense Net now operates on Tue. only, 3504 kc. 1930 CST. ZSL put up a 2-band quad, 45 feet high, which lasted through the DX Contest and then succumbed to the wind. The St. Louis Amateur Radio Club Net, 51.9 Mc., had a record attendance of 25 on Mar. 25. Traffic: (Mar.) W0CPI 1105, GAR 534, YPQ 355, BVL 216, UXT 208, OUD 96, GBJ 91, YVM 70, KIK 59, WAP 59, VJD 58, IIR 46, MHS 42, RTW 34, CKQ 31, EEE 29, HUY 27, EBE 24, YRC 22, WFF 21, KA 20, K0AQO 19, W0LQC 18, BUL 11, K0IHY 11, W0WYJ 11, EPI 10, OVV 10, K0CCL 6, W0GEP 6, K0HBC 6, DEX 5, W0VFP 3, K0DEY 2, W0OIV 2. (Feb.) K0AQO 32, W0WFF 22, VFP 7, EDA 5, KA 4.

NEBRASKA—SCM, Floyd B. Campbell W0CBE—SEC: JDJ, PAM; MAO, UJK and NHT maintained a communications link between Fairbury and Phillipsburg, Kans., during the recent snow storm. Crews and trains
(Continued on page 126)

Cush Craft

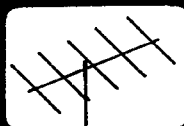
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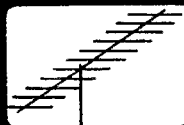
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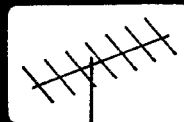
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A-50-5	120"	9.0
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A-144-11	144"	13.0
A-220-11	102"	13.0
A-430-11	57"	13.0

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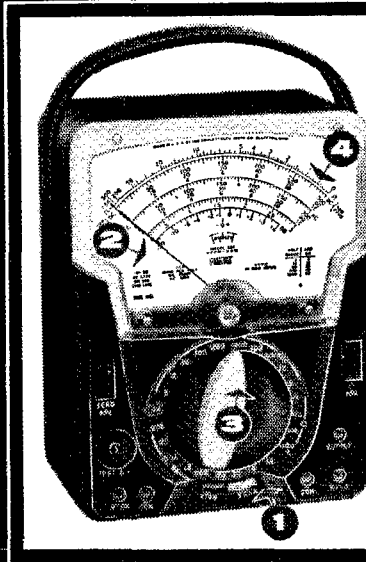
were dispatched and train orders relayed. QHE, FTQ, FRV, FLF, YMU, AYS, ERM, H'IA, HQN, ZSW/M, SPK, INB, ZNL, PNV, YOS, TIP, AEM, EXP, F'NH, LJO, MAO, NGZ, OOX, VGH, CC, NRT, ZXAI, EUT, QMY, BOQ, EPV, HOP, HQE, KLB, LEF, SPV/M, NHS, PDJ, VZJ, ZJF, ZOU, VUS, NZ, NRJ, MKP, HXH, EGQ, VRE, DHH, LUS, VAU, KFY, DDP, CGF, LWK, FBY, CDG, BXY, ARD, WBF, BDF, FBD, EPI, NRL, EWX/M, DUU, BRS, DGW, BSG and EFW assisted during the storm. The Wheat Belt Net has changed from 3825 to 7240 kc. (1230 Sat.) for the summer. DX on 15 and 20 meters is booming at Scottsbluff. K0DFO needs information on XF1A. KDW is EC for Danbury and vicinity. The Falls City Amateur Radio club has a school of instruction for radio theory and code to train radio operators for civil defense. ORW/6 is looking for Nebraska on 10 meters mobile (28,950 kc.). YTN has the new exciter operating on 10, 15 and 20 meters. PLA has installed his rig in a nice cabinet in the living room. CSW is cutting a rug on 10, 20 and 40 meters. YUF is building "multitudinous" verticals in his back yard. KFE made a test run of his new transmitter and is now in full swing. K0BDF is keeping regular skeels with 6SOU (nephew) on 10- and 20-meter phone and c.w. KYM was elected vice-president of the Prairie Dog Club (S. Dak.). Traffic: (Mar.) K0DGW 193, W0ZJF 138, MAO 106, NIT 84, CJK 80, NIK 58, K0DFO 51, W0LXB 41, ZWG 40, K0CDG 38, W0HQN 30, DQJ 29, LJO 23, SPK 21, K0BDF 20, K0HUF 20, W0OCU 19, TIP 16, KDW 15, BOQ 14, QKR 13, K0ELU 12, W0EGQ 11, ZWF 11, KLB 8, ZOU 8, OOX 7, VGH 7, HOP 6, PGP 6, QHE 6, URC 6, NGZ 5, CBH 4, K0ELQ 2, W0VRE 2. (Feb.) W0UJK 14.

NEW ENGLAND DIVISION

CONNECTICUT—Acting SCM, Victor L. Crawford. WITYQ—SEC: EOR, RM: KYQ. PAM: YBH. Traffic Nets: MCN, Mon.-Fri. 0645 on 3640 kc.; CPN, Mon.-Sat. 1800, Sun. 1000 on 3880 kc.; CN, Mon.-Sat. 1845 and 2200 on 3640 kc.; C'FN, Sun. 0900 on 3640 kc. EFW reports MCN met 20 times during March handling 91 pieces of traffic. High QNT went to BYB and IBE. 20; RFJ, 19; EFW and K2EQP 16. YBH advises CPN held 31 sessions handling 225 messages for an average of 7.3. Total QNI was 797. QNI honors go to FYF, VQH and YBH. 30; IID, 29; VTY, 28. KYQ reports the early session of CN handled 299 pieces of traffic in 26 sessions with an average attendance of 13.2. Late session CN also met 26 times handling 77 messages with an average attendance of 5.1. With more daylight and outdoor work here why not check in the late session of CN. KNIBFJ dropped the "N" and is on 6 meters with a Communicator. IOV is mobile on 10 meters with a new Transcon. AW is s.s.b.mg with a B&W plus linear. BDI reports DX conditions good. CLH has 6N2 plus Tapetone converters. IUC has a new SX-100. KNIBKL is a new Technician Class licensee in Bridgeport. TYQ is on 2 meters with a Communicator and a six-element beam. EJJ, assisted by RLD, GWW, FRN and JVO, moved to a new QTH. WNIADB is looking for QSOs on 21,225 kc. WZJ (ex-Mass.) is new in Manchester. KNIAYT and KNIBJU are new Novices in Winsted. ECH would like more stations to check in ESPN. 3840 kc. at 1530 daily. RFC and TD find little time for hamming because of work. HCZ enjoyed a trip to Florida. ETF reports the "Monimatch" from a recent QST works fine. KN1BJJ, BJK and HJL are new Novices in New Haven, thanks to WHL's code and theory classes. OO reports were received from HVB and DHP. CUT and FVV submitted OES reports. New appointment: ACR as ORS. Renewals: GYK and AVS as ORSS, TCW and AMJ as Ecs. URC as OES. Traffic: WIFYF 41L, KYQ 308, TYQ 296, AV 265, YBH 261, EFW 243, RGB 126, IUC 121, AMY 117, GVK 88, DHP 86, AVS 74, IID 65, BDI 63, NJM 52, RFJ 47, CUH 38, VTY 35, EKJ 32, FHP 30, BVB 27, ULY 21, WZJ/1 19, ECH 14, EBW 13, YU 13, ACR 10, EJJ 7, GEA 6, GVJ 5. WNIADB 3.

MAINE—SCM, Allan D. Duntley, W1BPI/VYA—As my term of office as SCM draws to a close, I want to take this opportunity to bring to your attention some of the highlights of my tenure. First, let me express my deepest sympathy to those of you who have lost loved ones during the past two years; there are several voids that can't be filled in our organization. Ours is a choice and honored group made up of people from every walk in life. I know of no other group or organization where everyone is known by his first name; a group that is ready at any time to help anyone regardless of the circumstances. Let me extend to all of you my thanks for your patience with me and appreciation of your untiring assistance. You have all been "swell." As I write this, my successor has not been selected. I sincerely hope someone will come forward to carry on

(Continued on page 128)



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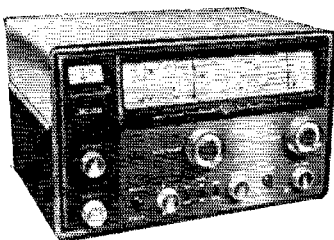
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the duties of SCM. I hope you will all understand why it is impossible for me to continue for another term. My duties in the Town are growing more and more every day and need my attention. I have tried to serve you well for two years and feel I have done my duty. Please continue to support the League and accept the various appointments available to you. Let's not forget the hamfest in Augusta June 16. The Calumet Club is the place. Traffic: WILKP 201, CEV 75, EFR 48, BCD 40, FZK 25, EPN 15, HYD 14, UDD 14, KFY 9, OTQ 9, FNU 8, FLV 5, GYJ 5, HGI 5, HZZ 2, HTD 1.

EASTERN MASSACHUSETTS—SCM, Frank L. Baker, jr., W1ALP—This section is made up of the following counties: Barnstable, Bristol, Dukes, Essex, Middlesex, Nantucket, Norfolk, Plymouth, Suffolk. If you live in any of the other five counties you are in the Western Massachusetts Section. New appointments: BCN, R.O. for Sector 2-C, as EC; SMO and FJJ as ORSs; BCN and FJJ as OBSS. Appointments endorsed: RCQ and AGX as ORSs; AUQ as OO; ABJ, AR and HIL as OPSs; BHD as OBS, KT Georgetown, VIN Carlisle, KEK Lynnfield, AR Belmont as ECs. Heard on 75 meters: KGU, ZBT, SON, LID, KSU, EUT, JSS, GAC, MA, WTY, GCU, GAX and K1AKX. On 2 meters: WHN, WC and K1BJG. MVM is new in Gloucester. K1AUP passed the General Class exam. GDJ has 250 watts on 10 and 15 meters. NF has a Mark 2 Monimatch. The GBARS had SX as a speaker. UNA bought a house in Marblehead. HIL gets on week ends on 75 meters. WJW now is at Raytheon. ATX has a DX-100 and is working DX on 80-meter c.w. BGW says the East Coast RTTY Net has between 12 and 15 stations reporting in each Wed. The Eastern Mass. Net is on 3660 kc. at 7 p.m. UE is on daily at 1300. DOF renewed as EC and OPS. HTU is on 50 Mc. with a TBS-50. BPW made BPL for the third time. FJJ was in the N. H. QSO Party. SMO is building up the amplifier with a pair of 813s. WU built a ground-grid final with a 304-TL. RCQ is hitting the DX. The Pequotsette Radio Society is now affiliated with ARRL. HUB is secy.-treas. EPE says 160 meters has been poor. AUQ lost the tree holding his antenna. LM is on the sick list. FHJ is on 10 and 15 meters with a DX-100. DDC is working all bands with an Elmac AF-67 and joined QCWA and OTC. Area 1 Radio Comm. met recently with ZYX, AR, TQP, KTG, ALP and IPA present. WZJ, who used to operate K1AIR, is on in Connecticut. ALP spoke at the GBARS Club. Everett has a 6-meter frequency for c.d. work. A general meeting of all members of the Central TVI Comm. of Greater Boston was called by Mr. Hallenstein of the FCC recently. SAD is now chairman of this committee. HDQ spoke at a meeting of the QRA. ALP attended and met a lot of the old gang. VRK took a trip to KP4-Land. AGX is helping out with code and theory. The Braintree Radio Club held a meeting. The South Shore Club is holding regular meetings twice a month. The T-9 Radio Club held its annual ladies' night at the Alenhurst in Danvers. ABJ is busy at school. ADX is R.O. for Truro. LRO is R.O. for Provincetown. CTZ is now R.O. for Sector 2-A. UIR is very active on the air on many bands and in several nets. THO, our 6-meter PAM, reports that AQJ, CFJ, CVD, EFV, EGE, ENS, EOA, EQW, EUI, FWF, GYZ, HFF, HVJ, IAA, ION, JGV, LJ, LOW, MDD, MEU, SAC, TCH, VXE, WAE, YEL, YDT, ZZZ, JIG and ZMM are all active. THO bought a heavy-duty battery for his Buick. QOI has mobile on 2 meters going again. Look for him at noon-time. AKN is feeling better. The Framingham Radio Club has a 6-meter net on 51 Mc. at 1945 on Wed. NJM and ICP spoke at one meeting. WN1K8X is new. VWZ is on 2 meters. KN1ACM is PSG's XYL on 2 meters. DDC and AKN sent in EC certificates for endorsement, as did SPL as OBS. IWK has his Tech. Class license and will be on 6 meters. His brother is KN1BGJ and on 2 meters. BGW went to the IRE Show and the RTTY Dinner. TZ has a Luenberg beam for 2 and 6 meters. KTG, ALP, LLY, ZYX, DWY and TXZ were at the Area 1 Radio Comm. meeting. Radio Officers for Area 1 are as follows: Area 1 ZYX. Sector 1-A TQP, Sector 1-B ALP, Sector 1-C CQ, Sector 1-D KTG, Sector 1-E AWA, Sector 1-F QQL, Sector 1-G TXZ. For any information on c.d. work or RACES, contact your Sector Radio Officer. Braintree has a 6-meter frequency for its Gonsets. DWY is EC for Beverly. AHE is endorsed as OES for another year. K6YRK, ex-ITON, writes from California that he is on 10 meters and looking for the gang at 6 p.m. EST. Rockport has its RACES license, reports IBE. CXJ is back on 10 meters. AGR is on a trip to W4-Land. SXD has an inside antenna for 10 meters. TNA is back at school. QAU has the rig on 6 meters. JOW has a small boat. CGU is working on his boat. UKA is going on 6 meters. PIW is back on 10 meters with a vertical antenna. FRZ is teaching boating in Brockton. MJA is studying. NEM is working for Sylvania. NLL is re-

(Continued on page 130)



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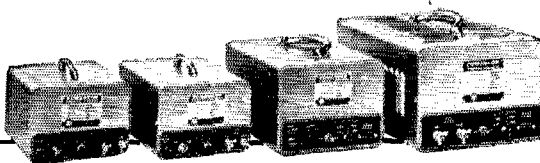
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building. NSH is looking for a 6-ft. dish. LMU is trying pre-amp on 10 meters. NAV has a v.f.o. on 6 meters. AHE, HIX, HLQ1 and ZAP are in Stowe, and they have RACES with two 6-meter Gonsets. AHE is helping out in the IGY program. The Winthrop group still is holding regular drills with a good turnout. BB and his XXL are going to Europe for 5 weeks. Traffic: (Mar.) WIEMG 291, BPW 268, EPE 254, IBE 195, EAE 97, AVY 84, GNX 59, FJJ 43, BY 32, TY 21, TZ 20, ACQ 14, SMO 12, AHE 11, BGW 9, AKN 8, WU 8, RCQ 7, LAI 3, (Feb.) WILBE 28, ATX 13, BGW 11, AHP 3, EAE 3, CZW 2, KLQ 2, NUP 2, IRV 1. (Jan.-Feb.) WKBS 16.

WESTERN MASSACHUSETTS—SCM, Osborne R. McKeraghan, WHRV—SEC: RIX, RM: BVR, PAM: MNG. This section is made up of the following counties: Berkshire, Franklin, Hampden, Hampshire, Worcester. If you live in any of the other 9 counties, you are in the Eastern Mass. section. The WMCW net is doing a fine job on 3560 kc. Mon. through Sat. at 1900 EST. The net needs more representation from the Worcester Area. The West. Mass. Phone Net on 3870 kc. Wed. at 1800 EST is developing into a fine net with very good coverage of the section and a dozen or more stations reporting in each session. Section Net certificates have been awarded to the following c.w. men who have been doing a good job on MAIN: DGL, DLS, DZY, FZY, JAH, JDX, KGJ, MND and SVC. EC endorsement goes to SPF for the Worcester Area. AJX and DGA have been appointed OO. The Wachatnock Radio Club, Box 108, East Taunton, recently was affiliated with ARRL. The Chicopee High School radio class has turned out quite a few Novices, the latest being KNIBKD. Other new Novices are BBC and BBD, brothers in Holyoke. AYK in Cheshire and BGB in Pittsfield. Lanesboro has received RACES approval. LDE made BPL again. PHZ has worked KZ5, KL7 and KP4 with his mobile rig from the Berkshire Hills. The DX Contest helped AZW to raise his countries worked total to 112. EOB, RB, WEF, ICW and JYH worked up some good scores in the contest. I hear. HDM won first prize with his home-built rig at the Springfield Tech. High School Science Fair. JKD has a new Viking Valiant. NPL has a new rotator for his 10-meter beam. HRV is back on 10-meter mobile after acquiring a Gonset Super Six. ESA, HRV, LJQ, KFO, RFU, STR, WEL, WFL, VNH and several others from the Springfield Area enjoyed the v.h.f. dinner in West Hartford. JYH is keeping skeels with KFV, who recently moved to Florida. DXW has completed a TWT-proof 400-watt final. KNIBBS has a new Globe Scout. BYH has his 6-meter mobile ready to go. FZY is hooking some good DX on 20-meter c.w. Hams in the Worcester Area regret the passing of SWL G. Morton Esten of North Grafton who, although not a ham, was an avid listener and performed many services for his ham friends. Traffic: WILDE 805, UKR 192, DLS 160, UEQ 135, BVR 93, FZY 47, DZY 46, AJX 31, TAY 24, DVW 19, JYH 18, HRV 8, DGL 7, AGM 3, KGJ 3.

NEW HAMPSHIRE—SCM, John A. Knapp, WIAJ—SEC: BXG, RMs: CRW and COC, PAM: COX, NIN Traffic Net is on 3685 kc., Mon. through Sat. at 1900. The Granite State Phone Net meets at 1900 Mon. through Fri. on 3842 kc., with an informal session Sun. at 0900. This net needs regulars in the Laconia, Durham and Nashua Areas. NHEN meeting time is Sun. at 1300 on 3850 kc. The Dover Mike and Key Club's new call is KIBFU, KKT trustee. BYS reports a new tri-band vertical ground-plane antenna for 10, 15 and 20 meters. In the antenna dept.: EVN is sporting a new three-element Gotham beam on 10 meters. New gear dept.: DYE has an electronic keyer. ASZ, U, of N. H., is on the air with an 813 to a Windom antenna. VGX has been appointed chief operator of the Harvard (College) Wireless Club. AF. Welcome home to TNO, back on the air after completing Armed Forces service. Certificates endorsed: VZS, WBM, BYS and IIQ as OPSs; DYE, WBM, ARR and ASZ as ORSs; ARR as OO. Welcome to new hams K1s ANM and API and KN1s ANE, ANH, APQ, AXX and BKE. See you on the air on Field Day, gang! Traffic: (Mar.) WIDYE 43, ENM 39, GJM 35, CDX 29, BYS 10, EVN 9. (Feb.) WIDYE 161, FUA 129, FZ 22, EVN 15.

RHODE ISLAND—SCM, Mrs. June R. Burkett, WIVXC—SEC: PAZ, PAM: YNE, RMs: BBN and BTV. New appointees are KDS as ORS and JJW as OPS. UHE is participating in the IGY project. CEW and ZPG have been keeping several Rhode Islanders in contact with their relatives at KC4USN. Our SEC, PAZ, recently attended meetings of the CRA. NCRC and NAARO and is scheduling visits to other clubs. WNLFX, the jr. operator of WPPX and ULS, is studying electronics while stationed in Memphis, Tenn. CCN's daughter is KNIBDS. GR has been successful in working some choice DX on s.s.b. BBN was active in the

(Continued on page 132)

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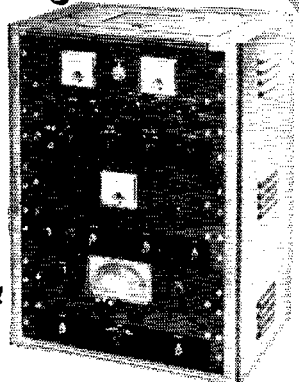
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Handsome 90 watt Xmttr. with meter indication at 75 watts, allowing the Novice all the power he can legally use. Self contained, completely bandswitching, 160-10M. Combination Pi-Net, with provisions for antenna changeover relay, speech modulator input, VFO input and operation. Modified Grid-Block Keying for max. safety. Has complete, well-filtered power supply. Kit contains pre-punched chassis, all parts and detailed assembly instructions.

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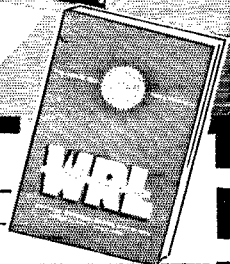
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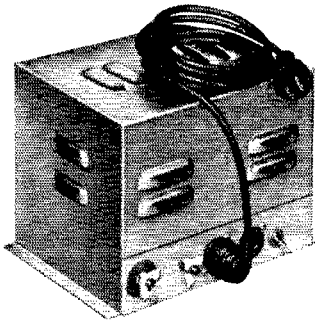
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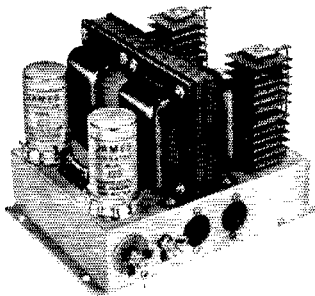


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DX Contest and managed to add some new countries to his postwar list. KDS and FH are building DX-100s. ZXA has a Model 28 on RTTY. KN1AA1 is active on 40- and 15-meter c.w. K1ABR operates a DX-35 on low frequencies and is building an 829B final for his 2-meter rig. Ex-IDHX now is K6YRF and is on 2- and 75-meter mobile. The NAARO held an auction Mar. 29. YNE is on 144 Mc. Traffic: (Mar.) W1VXC 108, BTY 81, YKQ 69, BBN 44, KDS 39, TGD 11, ZXA 11, HLY 10, YRC 6. (Feb.) W1LUO 12.

VERMONT—SCM, Mrs. Ann L. Chandler, W1OAK—SEC: SIO, RM; BNV, PAM; SEO, Traffic nets: VTN, Mon.-Sat. at 6:30 p.m. on 3520 kc.; VTPN, Sun. mornings at 9 on 3860 kc. The GMIN, as of Apr. 15, is operating at 1700 on 3860 kc., instead of at 1200. HRG and ZYZ assisted SEO with NCS of VTPN during March. The net welcomed APZ, IVT and WPK as new stations. VTN held 22 sessions in March handling 66 messages. Top QNT stations were JLZ (21) and ELJ (20). Appointments: ZJL as OPS. The Mike and Key Club of Middlebury, ZLH, held a dinner meeting Mar. 5 at the Dog Team to honor KN1BCU, KN1BCZ, KN1BDA and KN1BER as newly-licensed members. Guest speaker was FTF who showed colored slides and spoke on the Vermont State Police communications system. Guests were MMN and OAK. The March meeting of the BARC was held at WCAX-TV studios in Burlington with a feature presentation of live amateur television by W2GJR/VEZ from MARC (Montreal). The Burlington High Amateur Radio Club meets each Wed. at 8:30 in the electronics lab. Officers are: CTM, pres.; KN1ASB, vice-pres.; ETV, secy.-treas.; and Dave Steele, Student Council. Club operation is on 10- and 20-meter phone, and 7 members of the 19 are licensed. QQN is heard on 75-meter phone with 7 watts on s.s.b.! LYD and KN1AEY (XYL) are back from Florida. HGZ, IVT and JXO have dropped the "N." AC drove to Melrose, Mass., to bring his NC-300 back from factory overhaul. RHQ is heard on 75-meter phone. Speedy recovery is hoped for GAE, RNA, QXU, EDM and JLZ. Congrats to HYK on a new YL harmonic. ZYZ has p.p. 813s in the new final. BNV has finished his kw. VZE is proud of his new granddaughter. UXS is attending UVM and received a second call. K1ATG. The University Club at UVM is on the air with club station MPL. WN1LAI keeps busy on the Novice bands with contacts ending with "UR FIRST VERMONT PSE QSL"! WN1NXB is getting a new slant on electricity from high school physics classes. FN has been operating a Viking Valiant. EIC built a modulator indicator and is making nice contacts on 15 meters. VZE flew to California and visited his daughter and also ex-W1NDB. SEO attended the Atlantic Dermatologic Conference in Boston and visited ZE in Mattapoisett. EJ and EX in Providence and PO in Hanover, Mass. NLO is looking for QSTs prior to Aug. 1925. Other new Vermont calls are K1s AAW, AKZ, AXO; W1s BYO, OJU and OJZ; Novices KN1s AER, AEY, AJL, APA, ARP, BGC, BIK, BJX, BKF and BKK. Traffic: (Mar.) W1JLZ 96, ZYZ 85, OAK 65, AVP 60, BNV 38, BXT 35, KRV 35, ZEW 35, ELJ 29, ZNM 21, KJG 19, VVP 2, ZJL 1. (Feb.) W1VZE 12.

NORTHWESTERN DIVISION

IDAHO—SCM, Rev. Francis A. Peterson, W7RKL—Plan your summer vacation so you can attend the Big Springs Hamfest Aug. 3-4-5. RCV and AOR have new DX-100s. IY and W7TGGV have new DX-35s. VQC reports he enjoys being OBS. IZM washed out the landing gear on his winged mobile. RKI learns fast and removed the mobile before crashing the car. NGU moved to California. JHY is taking on all comers to radio checkers. OA has a 2½-kw. generator now for emergency power. IFML/7 is now 10-meter mobile in Pocatello. BQY has gone in to the Armed Services. The Pocatello Amateur Radio Club has a mountain top picked for Field Day and a 3-kw. generator ready. QIS and CKX are starting on 2 meters. AGO moved to Seattle and is "donating his time" to Broings. Spring fever must have hit most of my news reporters. We need more OOs to help the Novices before the FCC does. Apply with your news. Traffic: W7VQC 37, IY 16.
MONTANA—SCM, Vernon L. Phillips, W7NPV/WX1—SEC: KUH. New officers of the Old Faithful Radio Club are YPN, pres.; LPL, vice-pres.; Pete Langdorf, act. mgr.; and RZY, secy.-treas. The Hellgate Radio Club is affiliated with RACES. Fifteen of the 19 students of the Hellgate Radio Club's radio classes passed the FCC exam and are awaiting their licenses. YXG and four mobiles participated in the Great Falls Red Cross Mop-up Campaign. HBT is conducting code and theory classes in Laurel. PXR moved from Billings to New Mexico. UOU moved from Billings to New York. YCQ moved from Havre to Kalispell. 5YVA moved from Oklahoma to Harlowton. WN7DXM received her
(Continued on page 134)

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WAS certificate. COH and his KYL returned from a Florida vacation. LBK's family had the mumps. New gear: AYG has a G-66 and a G-77 mobile; CRC has a 15-meter beam; HIW has a 20-watter for 20 and 40 meters; TQC has a tower and is getting a tri-band beam. Recent appointments: PYZ and TGU as Emergency Coordinators. Traffic: (Mar.) W7SFK 44, YPN 16, QIP 15, TNJ 11, TYN 11, OOG 10, TPE 8, EEO 7, MIQ 7, NPV 6, WFW 6, YUB 6, SMI 5, ARJ 4, RLN 4, YQZ 4, FUB 3, ZUK 3, LBK 2. (Feb.) W7FIS 2.

OREGON—SCM, Edward F. Conyngham, W7ESJ—OMO reports progress in electing a new net manager for OSN. QWE reported the OARS Net. YYE had 635 check-ins, 10 messages handled, 128 contacts, 12 bulletin readings and 84 different stations involved. The most active NCSs were RXO and PTJ. ABJ is working nights and having trouble meeting OSN and MARS schedules. JCY is QRL printing a new *Oregon Amateur Radio Call Book*, which will be available very soon. DEM is a new reporter, being ex-6GFK. ZBO, using a Globe Scout and an S-38, has been on OSN. OEN, RN7 and MARS regularly. TAZ has dropped his OO activity because of his health, and is looking for a new QTH. KTG is working 2 meters nearly every day. TLC is working hard on AREC jobs around Corvallis. DSK loaned out his NC-300 receiver while he was in California. NGW has been keeping the equipment going at Snow Bunny Lodge, Mt. Hood, for next Field Day and also keeps 2 meters hot. FBW prints a news sheet for the PARC members, and keeps the big gear going on the USS *Pargo*, too. SDW advises that he is snowed under with work keeping up two places. SEZ is working up a conversion article on the ARC-4 transmitter. YUY has a new HQ-140XA receiver. ZHF, while new on the ham bands, is an old arc and spark operator from the 1920 Navy. SMR is rebuilding a Bendix TA-12C. LT is handling traffic and is on MARS. WHE is active in MARS and working out his modified GP7 rig. VLE had a vacation. QFY last reported in to VLE from North Borneo, en route home from Brisbane (VE-Land). RBT is doing QYS's MARS work, and establishing a 2-meter NG net in the State. Traffic: (Mar.) W7APP 554, LT 93, OMO 54, BVH 40, HJU 34, QYS 20, ZBO 20, DEM 12, QWE 11, KTG 4, JCY 2, ABJ 1. (Feb.) W7APP 395, QWE 11, KTG 4. (Jan.) W7APP 575.

WASHINGTON—SCM, Victor S. Gish, W7FLX—The Auto License Plate Bill was signed by the Governor Mar. 14. PUA is working on 1296-ke. and 432-Mc. gear. JC has QSOed 112 countries in addition to his nightly traffic work. HDT reports much activity in Clarkston on 220 Mc. The club is looking forward to a visit from Division Director CPY. LVB has a DX-35 and a Heathkit VFO on the air now. OE is in W8-Land for a few months. GVV and BXH renewed QRS appointments. AMC is bawling the fact that spring outside work is interfering with hamming. EHH expects to spend a lot of time at the lakes this summer. ER reports the Quarter Century Wireless Association Nets meet on Sun., c.w. on 7125 kc. at 1500 PST, phone on 3950 kc. at 1600 PST. AIB still is looking for sources of power-line noise. The McChord AFB Radio Club's new licensees are HNO, HNG, HNT and HSW. #YGB has been assigned to K7FAE, K17BFD also is at McChord AFB. AVN has little time for hamming—a little 6-meter work and one test drill during March. USO is trying out a 20-meter bantam beam. PGY is monitoring 3920 kc. until 1900 PST each evening for traffic and is working on a new s.s.b. rig. K7FEA reports a new vertical ground-plane 90 feet high. CWN got two Russian QSL cards and had to take them to a friend to have them read. PXA reports the Valiant is being de-bugged and he is converting an ARC-5 for 160 meters. BXH sold his Adventurer-Heathkit VFO combination to ZIZ and now is using a 6146 90-watt traffic rig with 100 per cent QSK. Traffic: (Mar.) K7FEA 2092, W7RA 1186, PGY 689, VAZ 624, K7FAE 630, WAT 560, W7FRU 156, K7FBN 151, W7APS 93, JC 73, WQD 66, AIB 62, EHH 53, ER 38, AMC 37, USO 23, BXH 20, JCY 20, GVV 13, TH 8, OE 7, HDT 6, LVB 6. (Feb.) W7GVV 11.

PACIFIC DIVISION

HAWAII—SCM, Samuel H. Lewbel, KH6AED—Travel notes: KH6AXQ has returned to his home and shack in Hilo after months in Honolulu. EJ left for a two-month trip to the Mainland. W2DR, W6FDJ (SCM East Bay section) and W6USE visited the Islands in time to attend the Sideband Dinner. Old-timer CI is back on the air after years of silence. He can be heard on 2 meters now. AGH has a new crank-up tower for the all-band beam. AED has a weekly sked with KH6LA in Santa Rosa on the Civil Defense Net. C.w. now, RTTY soon. Traffic: (Mar.) KH6BQS 273, KP6AK 125. (Feb.) KH6BQS 333, KP6AK 101.

(Continued on page 136)

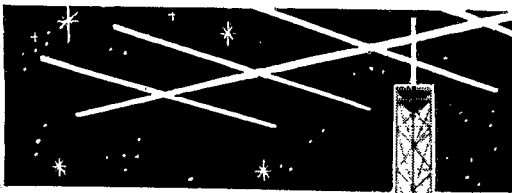
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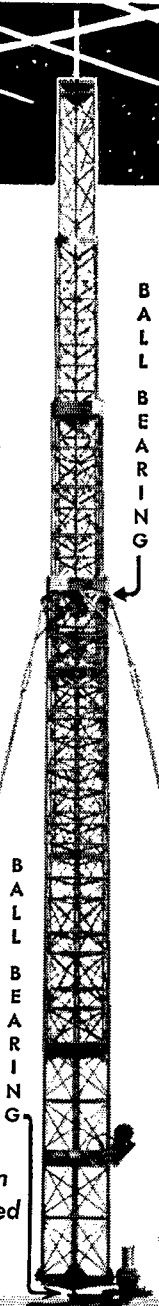
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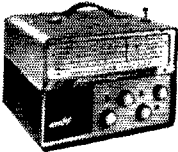
NEVADA—SCM, Albert R. Chin, W7JLV—SEC: JU, ORSS; VIU and YNO, PC and JLV attended the Pacific Division Director's meeting at San Jose Mar. 30. VIU and YNO report SHY, ex-KL7BEA, now in Winnemucca, expects to return to KL7-Land, New hams in Winnemucca are HBW and HOP, ex-6ABE. YNO picked up 10 new DX countries to VIU's 2. Frank Johnson, of the *Nevada State Journal*, gave the Reno gang an FB spread on their hidden transmitter hunts. Competition really is getting keen with the transmitter harder to find each time out. MAH did an FB job at the fire station with only four reporting in, with TQE the winner. TQE hid his virtually over our heads on his time out. Please, no Helicopters! WANS certificates No. 42 and No. 43 went to RBV and TQE. Newcomers to Southern Nevada are BDB, RDE, YZUJ/7, WN7GZT and WN7HAG. YLO will fill in for YUC in the RACES program for Southern Nevada.

SANTA CLARA VALLEY—SCM, G. Donald Eberlein, W6YHM—Asst. SCM: Roy E. Pinkham, 6BPT. SEC: NYO, KAI; ZRJ, PAMS; OFJ and WGO. The following appointments have been endorsed: PAXX, OFJ, OIA, QEJ, VQK as ECs. ZRJ as ORS, Richard Ogg, EPJ, captain of the PAA Clipper *Sovereign of the Skies*, gave a talk on his experiences during ditching operations in the Pacific last October at the West Valley RC meeting. K6MPN is the new editor of *PAARA-GRAPHS*. HLB gave a talk and ran slides showing activity during past Field Days before the PAARA. QYT has received the grade of Fellow in the IRE. K6LEE is trying to get the Redwood City Council interested in the county c.d. A new v.h.f. club is being formed in the San Mateo Area. If interested, contact BDO. GJZ has been skedding WEL/5 Wed. afternoons. UZV was first in the Salinas Area to try DSD. ZTX was active in the DX Contest. K6DYX expects to be operating /8 during June and July. PLG will take NCS Thurs. on PAN. YBV reports that whenever the P. O. Dept. finds a QST with a bad address in Los Gatos it is left in his P. O. Box. K6QCI built a mobile 6-watter, converter and whip antenna. Hal is doing liaison from NGN to RN6 one night a week. K6BBB informs us that station UW is open at the San Jose Red Cross Chapter House on Thurs. evenings and visitors are welcome. WNI has the exciter on the air at last. HC attended a meeting of hams in Irvington and helped with the forming of a new club for that area. YHM gave a talk on traffic before the West Valley Radio Club. Any ham interested in getting into the traffic phase of amateur radio will find a spot for his services regardless of his code speed, so contact your SCM. Traffic: (Mar.) K6-DYX 424, W6BPT 340, JCG 196, K6CGA 193, W6PLG 161, YHM 147, YBV 137, K6GID 107, GZ 103, W6OFJ 72, BMP 60, ZLO 56, AIT 40, OII 39, K6DHO 30, QCI 30, W6FON 18, HC 10, K6BBB 6. (Feb.) W6BMP 49.

EAST BAY—SCM, Roger L. Wixson, W6FDJ—Aboard the USS *Nicke* DE-587, 26 Deg. North Lat., 143 Deg. West Long.; en route to Pearl Harbor, T. H. SUE and FDJ are making their annual USNR cruise to Hawaii so thought it would be somewhat novel to write the SCM column from aboard ship. Once again I had the pleasure of visiting ARRL Headquarters in Hartford. While on a recent business trip I attended the IRE Show in New York and took the opportunity to go to Hartford and do a story on League operations. I hope to get around to the clubs and show the color slides and let you in on work that is being done on our behalf. As per usual Ed Handy acted as host and introduced me to every activity in the League. Around the East Bay section: CAN writes that he intends to continue with the job of SEC as the transfer he expected didn't pan out. The Mt. Diablo Club was honored by John Reinartz, who gave his talk on Antenna Measurements. I had the opportunity of hearing the talk at the Richmond Club recently and it is really worth these days. K6IGJ and his son 6QCQ are operating KA2CU these days. They are on 10 and 20 meters and can be found in the DX portion of the bands around 2 to 3 and 6 to 7 p.m. PST. KN6RUF recently took his General Class exam and came through with flying colors. Good work. PIR, for the wonderful job your club is doing in putting out the *Carrier*. The East Bay Club officers for '57 are EDN, pres.; VSV, vice-pres.; K6MGM, secy.; K6PNC, treas.; NBS, OJT and MXQ, directors; ERR, club station; EJY, CCRC; and K6KWP, TVI. The Sky Riders have a new crew with JOP, pres.; QJD, vice-pres.; TLM, secy.; ELP, treas.; ANK, net control. For those wishing to join the Sky Riders Net can be found on 28.56 Mc. at 8 p.m. on Wed. The next meeting will be held at 1230-147th Ave. in San Leandro. V.h.f. activities (SUE reporting): VSV can be found busily turning out 432-Mc. tuned cavities. During the week 432-Mc. activity can be heard at 7:30 p.m. and on week ends at 10:00 a.m. DX, or at least an added incentive, is OJB, located in Orangevale in the Sacramento Valley, who is quite active on 432 Mc. Most of the gang are using the "Melvin

(Continued on page 138)

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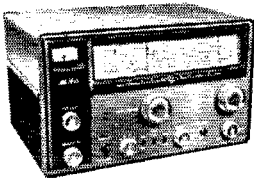


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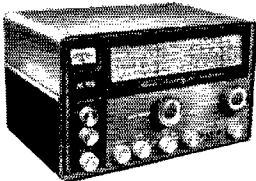


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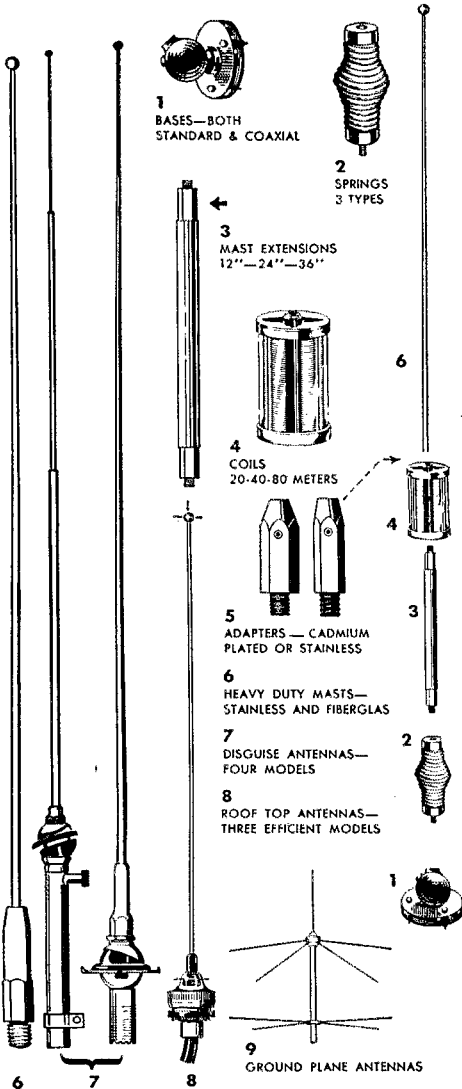
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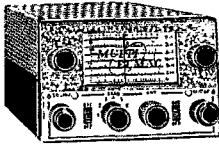
50 Watter" crystal-controlled converters using a 416B r.f. and a trough-line tuner along with a 6U8/6AK5. Injection chain using 70-Mc. rocks seems to be all the rage. Six-meter activity is headed up by weekly skeds with Colorado using scatter propagation. SUE is currently designing and building a twenty-element broadside stacked array. K6RNQ is keeping cross-band skeds with VK2AB on 6 and 10 meters. The Bay Area 6-meter gang is keeping the first 50 kc. of the band open for DX listing and is using the higher frequencies for ragchewing. PNC is getting his 432-Mc. equipment ready. Please send me some news of your activities. I will bring back some movies and slides of Hawaii and a report of activities. I have been receiving RTTY signals all the way over. So far I have copied VPC DOU, NKP, ASJ, VVF, FLW, PHS and VMK. Copy has been good.

SAN FRANCISCO—SCM, Walter A. Buckley, W6GGC—The HAMS held its regular monthly meeting in the local Red Cross Bldg. and spent the evening making arrangements for Field Day. A family picnic was planned in conjunction with Field Day. The 29ers Club had a large turnout for the March 10-meter hunt. The 10-meter hunt is held the 1st Thurs. night of each month and the 6-meter club has its hunt on the 1st Fri. All interested are invited to join the fellows. The starting point is Twin Peaks at 8 p.m. About one hundred showed up for the 6-meter monthly luncheon in March. The San Francisco Radio Club held its annual auction Mar. 27 with a big turnout. The Cathay Radio Club has been turning out quite a few Tech. and Novice Class licensees through its classes which are held every week at the American Legion Hall in Chinatown. WJF and GGC have been taking in the Tamalpais Radio Club meetings. The Marin Amateur Radio Club has a real nice meeting hall now in the Red Cross Bldg. in San Rafael and has its rigs set up ready for any emergency. EQQ is back in Eureka again and SLX is stationed at Treasure Island for E.T. school. KZF, Bill Ray, accepted the post as area Section Emergency Coordinator for the San Francisco Area in time to put in some time for recent earthquake emergency traffic. As usual, CXO, with Frank Johnson at the rig, was right on the job at the Red Cross National Headquarters in San Francisco. People in this city have had more than their share of earthquakes lately and still are getting an average of one or two shakes per day as "after shocks" at this writing. Telephone service was out for couple of hours the day of the "main shakes" so local amateurs were busy assuring out-of-town contacts that San Francisco was badly shaken but not destroyed as rumors were quick to travel and out-of-town relatives were unable to check because of long-distance telephone jams. JDN had this station check with one of the local schools on the welfare of a "boarder-student" on Saturday night because mother had been unable to get a phone call into San Francisco all day and Saturday night. As the earthquake was Friday noon you can readily see how lines were tied up. One thing the earthquake did was to prove to the "city fathers" that telephone communications here are far from perfect. WJF has the 10-15-20-meter beam almost ready for action at his new QTH. CBE is trying to get a Delaware contact, and says he's been trying for the past 26 years. Listen in, Delaware, please. GQA is very happy with his "new second-hand 32V" (as he puts it in SAR). QMO now is liaison to KN6 Wed. nights and also is checking in on the Mission Trail Net and McAn 7. FEA reports a lack of hamming because of getting the new QTH in order and resting up after the recent move. The Central California Council meeting was held in Richmond April 3. I met quite a few of the ARRL officials at the Director's meeting in San Jose. Traffic: W6GQY 561, QMO 333, K6HWI 91, W6GGC 48, GCV 11, PCN 2, WJF 2.

SACRAMENTO VALLEY—SCM, LeVaughn Shipley, K6CFF—SEC: JEQ. I have been visiting various clubs in the section, outlining the organization of our section and speaking in behalf of ARRL. If I have not yet visited your club please bear with me; the section is 300 miles long and it takes time. In the meanwhile please let me know if I can be of assistance. My apologies to the new YL club in Sacramento for not giving them recognition last month. They are known as the Camellia Capital Chirps. The news I promised on our traffic nets is not very encouraging. I received only one traffic report this month and that was from a fellow who no longer is a League member. Although we are trying to revive it, the Central Valleys Net (CVN) is no more. We need traffic men in every part of the section. Most appointments are available. Some have let their ARRL membership expire, which automatically cancels their appointments. Others have failed to have their certificates endorsed. Some new appointments have been made but more are needed. Remember, you must be a League member to qualify for official appointments. We need a new EC for Chico. How about it, fellows? Our old friend, K6FR, after many years still is doing an FB

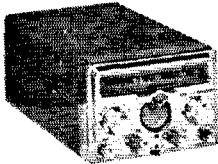
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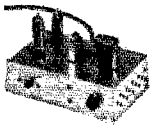
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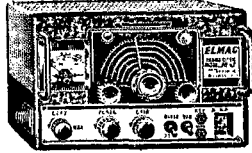


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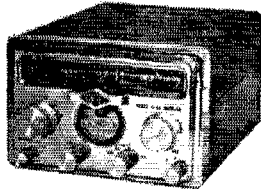
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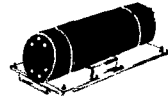
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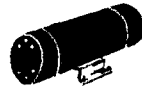
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 WEST HARTFORD 7, CONNECTICUT

public relations job on the TVI committee in Sacramento. All clubs and individuals are urged to submit monthly activities reports to the SCM before the 4th of each month.

SAN JOAQUIN VALLEY—SCM, Ralph Saroyan, W6JPU—The Turlock Amateur Radio Club has been very active. The club put on an impressive demonstration of amateur radio communications at the Scout Rendezvous and also put on a real demonstration before the Turlock Exchange Club, KN6UHP was program chairman and was assisted by GYN and KN6SNA. PSQ is heard on 2 meters. K6HTM worked 48 states on 6 meters for the 21st WAS. JPS is sighing a bit; he got rid of TVI. K6GTI is back on 75-meter mobile with an Elmac. ONK is active on 10, 15 and 20 meters. FSD has moved and has retired to Santa Cruz. BJI has a new QTH and is active on 6 meters. LOS has a 10-meter beam. PPO is heard on 2 meters with a Communicator. K6KLL is on 6 meters with a Communicator. SUV has a new SX-100 and likes it fine. WPV has a new HT-32. There is a 2-meter Novice net in Tulare County. KN6YDW is N.C. at 9:30 A.M. Sun. ZKH is working on a 20-meter rig using an 813. KN6YDW is on 40 meters with 60 watts. KN6VSK is on 40 meters with a Viking II. K6KOL has a 38-ft. tower with a 15-meter beam. RTL spends his week ends working on a DX-35. OSM is mobile on 75 meters. DBH is active on 2, 10 and 75 meters. The Stockton Radio Club is going to use the C.O.P. Stadium for its Field Day site. ILH has a Gonset 66 and 77. DVI is using his Viking as a linear on s.s.b. YEX is on 20-meter phone again. Thanks for the news; keep it rolling. Traffic: W6ADB 154, OUX 15, EBL 6.

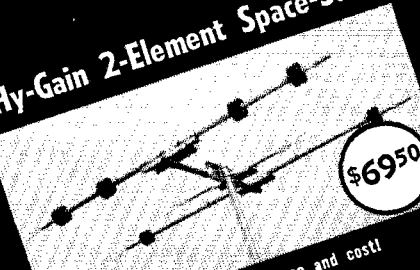
ROANOKE DIVISION

NORTH CAROLINA—SCM, B. Riley Fowler, W4RRH—SEC: ZG. PAM: DRC. We are very pleased to announce that enough RACES plans have been filed in the State to say we very definitely have RACES in North Carolina. Sure, we want every amateur who desires to do so to become affiliated with the RACES program. This matter is left open to the individual. At the moment some 14 county plans have been filed and about 26 plans are in the process. If you desire further information, please write me your needs. The Command and Information Net, composed of the Official ARRL field forces, is being activated on 3997 kc. The informal business net will be held each Thurs. at 7:00 P.M. All ARRL Districts headed by the EC except two have AREC nets that meet at least once each week. At the present time we have 525 AREC members and the number is increasing all the time, thanks to the very efficient ECs in the State. The Winston-Salem Amateur Radio Club is considering a State Hamfest sometime in late May or early June. The Greensboro Club is cooperating. We very definitely need such a meeting. ZWF has a new 300-watt transmitter. K4AI is on the air. HKB has received the WAS certificate. K4EX and K4KBA have dropped the "N" from their calls. K4BVQ has DXCC and K4DRV has 90 countries to his credit. HUW is NCS for the THN for the next three months. The THN Net now has 106 members. TJA is the new net secretary. SGD was awarded the Certificate of Merit for her work as net secretary for over 5 years.

SOUTH CAROLINA—SCM, Bryson L. McGraw, W4HMG—Congrats to ZRH on the new jr. operator. AVU, with a new NC-300 plus a modified DX-100, is going great on 20 meters. K4ETB, new president of the Edisto Radio Club, is believed to be the first YL/XYL president in S. C. Thanks to Anna, GLY, for the fine reports on the club. GLT, now in St. George, has an FB signal on all bands. K4HUB dropped the "N" and is on 75-meter phone. K4GIF and the fine Shaw-Sumter Club had 2AAW4 winning its WAS Contest with 46 confirmed. CJD was a close second. 2K6GQ has left for Japan. EJR is running a Ranger and getting the good ones around 14,070 kc. GCB now has 92 confirmed toward DXCC. K4MTF is on in Dalzell with a fine signal via a DX-100. Congrats to K4GIE on his fine consistent efforts with the club bulletin. There is much excitement about the coming hidden transmitter hunt for the entire State. The Palmetto Club is vowing to hand some other club the Corn-Cob Trophy. HCD is proud of the new Viking. EAR is busting speaker cones with a new 500-watter. K4AI has been appointed Asst. C.D. Radio Officer to coordinate with ZRH. The Palmetto Amateur Radio Club RACES plan is in for approval, and Columbia will be NCS for RACES (State Net). Aiken and Charleston RACES approval is expected at any moment. SDF, our SEC, is very active in AREC and also is giving a big hand with RACES. K4GHT is the proud owner of the famous 6AQ5 final rig and doing a good job with the 3-watter via 75-meter phone and 80-meter c.w. Glad to have WA back after too long an absence. The XYL of FFH is recovering after a serious illness. Do your part, join the ARRL,
(Continued on page 142)

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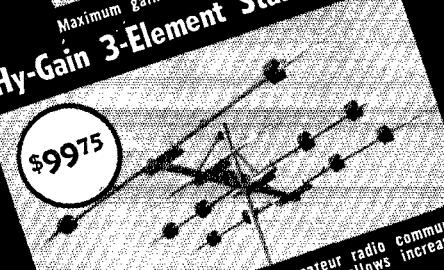
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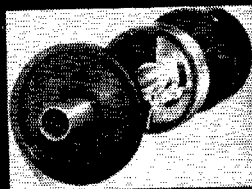
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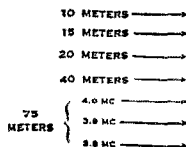
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now! Traffic: (Mar.) K4BVX 243, W4AKC 105, K4JFN 94, W4CHD 36, NTO 18, K4DFW 17, GLT 16, W4YAA 15, (Feb.) W4AKC 122.

VIRGINIA—SCM, John Carl Morgan, W4KX—SEC: PAK. (Rt. 1, Box 7-H, Pentrest, Va.) AREC activity is picking up. PAK reports Virginia participation in the South Atlantic "Weather Net." The Richmond Club's VA-JF certificates are going apace, with PJ2AF being the first foreign recipient. The South Boston Club now has quarters and the rig in the Municipal Bldg. and has applied for a call. K4EAQ proves hamming and studies are not incompatible by becoming salutatorian of his high school graduation class. K4EZZ is the new mgr. of ESN. Doug, together with 200G, plans to attend the National Boy Scout Jamboree with a ham rig. Welcome to K4OQR, ex-K6AZJ. K4DKA moved again. AAD also is in a new QTH and reports that MT is moving to Smithfield. ZM retired from the USCG, and says the new job with RETMA snafus traffic net activity. K4ELG hemoans being "stuck" at 40 states in quest of WAS. WBC reports the new 10- and 15-meter beams paid off in the DX Contest. BII succumbed to s.s.b., while FLX is setting up an s.s.b. rig. JUJ racked up the top phone score in the 4th call area in the YL-QM Party. KN2MJO, new on the air with 10 watts in Falls Church, reports his first piece of traffic! With K4LMB in the forefront, Arlington hams seem to be breaking up the log-jam over the ham antenna law in Arlington. Old 2CI, now in Alexandria, would like to hear from operators who worked with him as a ham operator and in the US Navy 1920 to 1922. Following announcement of the regular Va. QSO Party, many individuals suggested we have another one—an interstate one to give Virginians a better chance at WAS, and give out-of-staters a better opportunity to qualify for the VA-JF Award. Such an activity now is tentatively planned for September. Details will be forthcoming. Traffic: (Mar.) W4QDY 331, 1A 329, K4DKA 225, EZZ 154, KNP 106, W4MWH 92, FLX 84, KAAET 77, W4ZM 52, KX 50, K4ELG 47, W4AAD 23, K4JLO 15, W4UJ 14, LW 12, K4BFW 11, DBC 9, W4PYA 9, K4HKF 5, BYS 4, W4VMC 4, K4BUI 3, KN4JMO 2. (Feb.) K4KNP 48.

WEST VIRGINIA—SCM, Albert H. Hix, jr., W8PQQ—Asst. SCM: Festus R. Greathouse. 8PZT, SEC: GEP. PAM: FGL. RMs: DFC, GBF, HZA and PBO. It gives me great pleasure to announce that PZT is now Asst. SCM for this section. Feel free to discuss any section matters with Fes. West Virginia was well represented at the Dayton Hamvention. The XYL of VOI, K8ARA, walked off with the GPR-90 communications receiver as one of the main prizes at the Hamvention. A new Novice in Fairmont is YL WN8ELG. JM is getting the bug again. KN8BIT has been working lots of DX on 15 meters. DEY is very active on WYN. K8AGA has a new BC-348 and will be on 20-meter c.w. soon. A new ham in Elkins is 3GWN/8. CSG is a new OO. He is well toward WAS and is working lots of DX. AVW, CHP and QWM are working 20 meters a lot. IRN is raising his 1X total at a rapid rate. OIV also is doing a good DX job. Ex-VCT, now K6TEO, visited hams in Charleston recently. YMP has a Johnson 500-watt rig on order. KN8DZU is a new ham in South Charleston. MLX and ZJS are building new tri-band beams. We are sure sorry that the Governor vetoed the License Plate Bill. GBF, PBO and BWK received 8RN certificates. The Morgantown Club continues to hold meetings at the new club house. DDB is building a new vertical for 40 and will be on 75 meters soon. Traffic: W8PBO 145, BWK 63, HZA 44, KXD 33, SNP 30, GBF 28, CCR 22, PZT 20, NYH 13, GIU 5, K8CSG 3, W8PQQ 2.

ROCKY MOUNTAIN DIVISION

COLORADO—SCM, B. Eugene Spoonemore, W0DML—SEC: NIT. RM: KQD. PAM: UUF. Congratulations to K0CEN, who did a swell job as Acting SCM. We hope to carry on the work equally as efficient as Bill. At last the Call Letter License Plate Bill passed; only the untiring efforts of nearly all the twelve hundred amateurs in Colorado made this possible. Special thanks go to the Denver group, who sponsored the move with the able assistance of K0FBV, W0VYF, RXP, BWJ, KVD, NIT, INT, PGX, KGD, OMN, YMP, TGD, NVX, GDC, IA, NVU, DXF, SUP, AEE, PGN, TX, OYG, BON, COC, TV, HGT and a host of others, including our sponsors in the Senate and House. Andy Kelly of Denver, Cheever of Colorado Springs, Johnson of Pueblo and many, many others. Now it behooves each and every one of us who display the call letter license plates to make a special effort to conduct ourselves in such a manner as to bring our fraternity the high esteem for which we are all striving. On Mar. 22 we had a terrific blizzard in Eastern Colorado and Western Kansas. On Apr. 2 the same thing happened on the eastern slope of the Rockies, centered in the

(Continued on page 144)

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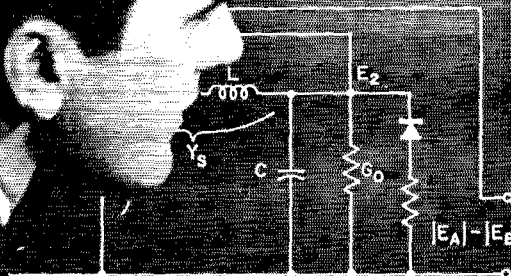
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$$Q_0 = \omega_0 L/r$$

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$$b = -\left(\frac{\omega}{\omega_0}\right)^3 + \left(\frac{\omega_0}{\omega}\right)$$

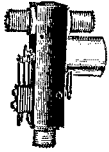
$$\left(\frac{\omega}{\omega_0}\right) + \left(1 + \frac{\omega}{\omega_0}\right)$$

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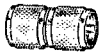
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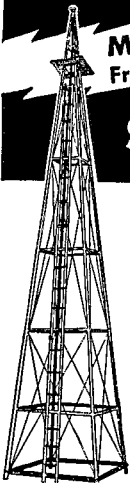
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UTAH—SCM, James L. Dixon, W7LQE—VHS, QDJ, DUK, CVX, SAZ, ABI, EIF, CWD, CWF, YDZ, RQA and LRP, as members of the Ogden Club, operated Mar. 29, 30 and 31 to furnish radio communications to report the progress of contestants in the National Collegiate Athletic Annual Ski Meet at Snow Basin Resort. 27 and 50.4 Mc. were used, with a 2-meter link to Ogden for the press and broadcast station through GPN. OSV is working 10 and 2 meters and has a new mobile on 10 meters. CCP has joined the Colorado Slow Speed Net. PKB is using a Viking I, a Viking VFO and a Windom. ZJI loaned a 6-meter Communicator to RNW to use from his hospital bed. VHS is trying out ground-grid p.p. 807s on 6 meters. OCX has a new 25-w.p.m. certificate from MARS. WN7EHX (a 13-year-old-YL) worked 26 states in the Novice Roundup and is the operator of POU. NIA has a new Morrow mobile installation with a master mobile whip. FYC is using a TBS-50, an NC-300 and a four-element beam on 6 meters. Traffic: W7CCP 5.

WYOMING—SCM, James A. Masterson, W7PSO—The Pony Express Net meets Sun. at 0830 on 3920 kc., PSO and MWS alternating as NCS. The YO C.W. Net meets on Mon., Wed. and Fri. at 1830 on 3610 kc., BHH, DXV and NAW alternating as NCS. IDO/ACG and CQI participated in the emergency caused by the heavy spring snows in Eastern Colorado. BXS and TQO have new beams. #IKE/7 is now in Casper. KFY has moved to California. UFB is now mobile on 6 meters. The Central Wyoming gang is reading up on TVI as Casper's first TV station starts programming. UZR is now s.s.b. Activity is increasing on the YO Net but more check-ins still are needed. There will be no organized Wyoming Hamfest this summer. Neither Sheridan nor Casper, which have sponsored the hamfest the past three years, feel they can handle it this year. No other group will assume the responsibility. Traffic: W7DXV 130, BLH 62, NNW 5, PSO 4.

SOUTHEASTERN DIVISION

ALABAMA—SCM, Joe A. Shannon, W4MI—K4DDC was elected outstanding NCS for AENP for the first quarter of '57. Newcomers: Fairfax, K4KZQ, Tuscaloosa KN4OQQ, Huntsville K4OCV. The Tri-Cities Club is busy with code classes once per week, with YRO and AEM doing the brass-pounding. The Mobile Club is pushing 2 meters for local work and 4 members now have rigs on that band. The Gadsden Club, working with K4BTO (EC), has perfected a local emergency set-up tying in AREC with RACES. DDT is settled in Mobile and kicking up a large fuss with the gallon. WHW reports a new code class in Mobile with room for fifteen students. RLG is meeting Dagnet. K4EOG was elected new net manager for AENT, our section teen-age net, with K4HMI as activities manager. ZSQ is outfitting the shack with new furniture. K4CXC has 58 countries with his fifty watter, and HON finally removed the bugs from the Ranger. WAZ needs more material for the Section Bulletin so clubs and individuals should take advantage of the opportunity to publicize activities through the bulletin. It needs your support. YFN is new manager for the Tenn. Valley 6-Meter Emergency Net. Traffic: (Mar.) W4RLG 364, K4AOZ 173, W4KIX 136, K4EOG 120, ANB 83, W4ZSQ 43, K4EOH 40, BFL 39, W4YRO 38, CIU 37, K4CXC 37, W4HON 35, K4AJG 31, BRS 31, W4WAZ 28, K4DDC 14, W4MI 14, YFN 13, DEQ 12, RTQ 12, WHW 9, ZSH 9, K4AAQ 8, W4HPE 8, WJE 5, CRY 4, DGH 4, K4KJD 3, W4TKL 2, USM 2. (Feb.) W4EJZ 32, DEQ 8, K4AAQ 3.

EASTERN FLORIDA—SCM, John F. Porter, W4KGI—SEC: IYT, RM: L.A.P. PAMs: TAS and JQ. Section Nets: FPTN, 3945 kc. 0700 Mon. through Sat.; FMTN, 7225 kc. 12 noon Mon. through Sat.; TPTN, 3945 kc. 1730 Mon. through Sat.; FN, 3675 kc. 1900 Mon. through Sat. Join the net of your choice as there is a place for everyone. We are sorry to report the sudden passing of LEP, Tampa. New hams are KN4OEP, OJD, OJI, OET and OES. K4CXW has two new power units for emergency use. BWR reports Satellite, AREC and C.D. Nets are holding weekly drills. DUG cleared 4211 messages from the Tampa Fair. IWM suffered a second heart attack. Drop him a card. DQA is now on Swan Island with CAA. LZL has a new DX-100 on 10-meter phone. PZT snagged JA8AE on 7005 kc. 3CUL/4 is QRL Florida traffic nets. RII reports 75 students signed for code classes in Lakeland. K4HNC is Asst. EC in Polk County. K4BNE and the Florida Midday Traffic Net helped track down a missing beauty queen. She had

(Continued on page 146)



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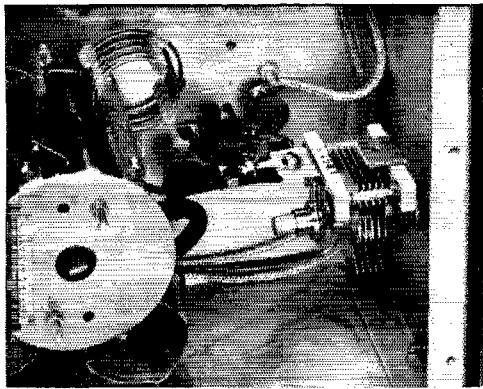


Fig. 6-96

This close-up photo of a grid circuit is from the description of a 1-kilowatt final appearing in the transmitter section of the 1957 Radio Amateur's Handbook. Whether you're seeking information on a 10-watt rig or one capable of running the legal limit, you'll find it in the Handbook: 756 pages, plus hundreds of photos, diagrams, tables and drawings.

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upped and eloped. The DBARA handled traffic at its City Hobby Show. Cocoa: K6HWB/4 is a new ORS and OPS. Welcome to K4MDX, ex-JA2CR; K4OQS, ex-W5YQP; and K4OBP, ex-W3OQL. HCG is the new c.d. RO for Brevard. K4BNL is NCS for the C.D. Net. BJP is operating from a new QTH with a vertical and homebrewed 6146 rig. K4GCC has a new Valiant. K41MM is back on the air after a long illness. The PAFB MARS Club is growing like a weed and meets the 2nd and 4th Tue. at 7:30 P.M. Officers are K4OMNI, pres.; K4BND, vice-pres.; YQC, secy.-treas. BWR is a new Asst. Director. Dade: K4CEJ is rebuilding the shack. ZXL/ZXK have new 6N2s. K4DAS has a new DX-100. K4KEG has a new Globe Scout. The Flamingo and Dade Emergency Nets now operate on 145.260 Mc. Traffic: (Mar.) W4DFU 795, FPC 312, EHW 214, PZT 211. K4KDN 200, W4IYT 151, K4BNE 139, W4DVR 139, K4ENW 122, W4LAP 117, TAS 115, WS 107, W3CUL/4 98, W4BNM 92, ZIR 78, AHZ 67, K4ABV 57, W4DTV 51, K6HWB/4 46, W4DUE 45, LAIT 41, K4AEE 33, AHW 28, W4BKC 22, TRN 20, HCQ 15, RW4M 11, K4CXW 9, W4BWR 8, K4MTP 8, W4AZK 7, BJI 7, K4DRO 7. (Feb.) W4YFT 30.

WESTERN FLORIDA—SCM, Edward J. Collins, W4MS/RE—SEC: HIZ, EC: MFV, RMs: ANP Escambia, BVE Okaloosa, WKQ ran up 33,300 points in the DX Contest. K4HYL has a new DX-100. K4LQC has a new NC-300. K4RDL is giving the s.s.b. gang a run for their money. WKO, KWAI and RKH are away from the section on business. UXW and MTZ are looking for 2-meter contacts. ZYL and CSS represent Ft. Walton on 6 meters. MFV now has a 12-volt system. Plans for forming a new club in the Ft. Walton Area are underway. There are 115 licensees in the Eglin Field-Ft. Walton Area. UXW and MTZ did an FB job covering a Sports Car Race for the Eglin Field group. The EARS group is getting ready for Field Day. PQW pushes the hidden transmitter hunts in the Pensy Area. GMS is handling lots of phone patches from KC4-Land. PAA is busy fighting TVI and C'qing DX. AXP keeps traveling around the area. K4KIF has a new 11Q-150 and is busy on 6 meters. K4IYQ has a new four-element beam on a tower for 6 meters. K4AGM has three countries and 23 states on 6 meters. K4IVD now has the audio up. The Pensy gang meets Mon. at 8 p.m. CST on 50.7 Mc. UUF has about deserted 2 for 6 meters. UCY was heard on 6 meters. CCY is QRL work. QK is studying DX-100 ads. K4EHI has ordered a DX-35 for 6-meter work. MS is hunting 6-meter openings. ODO has a new B&W 5100. EQR keeps improving the 6-meter rig. HBK still knocks off the DX but is building a big final. CDE has the big signal on 75 meters. K4DDD is QRL work. VR is loyal to 7 Mc. MUX is helping beginners. K4KCY is planning more power. The Radio Club at Saultfield is being revived by OKB.

GEORGIA—SCM, William F. Kennedy, W4CFJ—SEC: K4AUM, P.A.Ms: LXE and ACH, RM: PIM. GCEN meets on 3995 kc. at 1830 EST on Tue. and Thurs., 0800 EST on Sun.; ATLWC on 7150 kc. at 2100 EST Sun.; GSN Mon. through Fri. at 1900 EST on 3595 kc.; PIA as NC; 75-Meter Mobile Phone Net each Sun. at 1330 EST on 3995 kc.; UUH as NC.; Atlanta Ten-Meter Phone Net each Sun. at 2200 EST on 29.6 Mc., VHW as NC. W4DBM has been reissued his old call of GN. We are sorry to add the name of another very nice guy, OTG, to Silent Keys. PLD, received his BA degree and is now taking graduate work. K4LOZ is out of the hospital and doing fine. ACH's XYL is back in the hospital. We wish her a speedy recovery. A new ham in Quitman is KN4OCI. K4DAP has worked 90 countries, but wonders who is XP1A. TOS has a new Viking Valiant, also a new HQ-100. K4DKM is in Navy radio school in Norman, Okla. K4HOU sure has been having a time with his antenna; he pulls too hard to tighten it so it gets even with him by falling down completely. Juanita Robinson, of Atlanta, now is KN4ODA and soon will be able to work OVS all she wants to. The Confederate Signal Corps is happy to say its membership is growing. TJS put his 75-meter antenna up a few more feet and is getting out much better. YC has a new 600-L amplifier and also an all-hand beam. K4DNH is back in mobile business again after his receiver finally came back from the factory. K4AUM, Georgia's SEC, has just revised the whole State with many new ECs. All appointees, please check your certificates for renewal dates. Don't let them expire. The Georgia Cracker Radio Club will hold its regular meeting July 28 at Dublin, Ga., picnic style. Traffic: W4PIA 166, K4LVE 136, HAI 54, W4DDY 50, PRK 40, K4BAI 31, W4ETD 30, BXV 26, K4CSL 26, CZR 18, CZO 13, HNJ 13, W4CFJ 10, MVZ 9, PDP 6, BWD 4.

CANAL ZONE—SCM, P. A. White, KZ5WA—We have just receive the sad news of the death in Baytown, Tex., of John Whittredge, W5UID, ex-KZ5FJ. Our deepest sympathy to his XYL, Bess, W5VDH, ex-KZ5CN. KJ

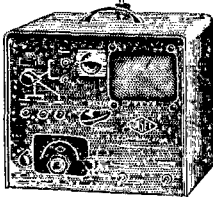
(Continued on page 148)

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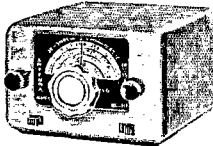
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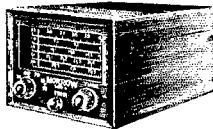


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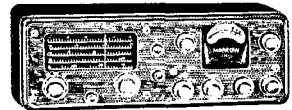


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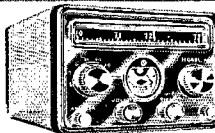


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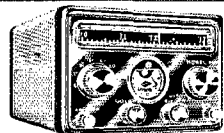


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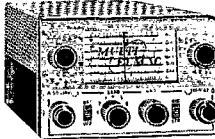


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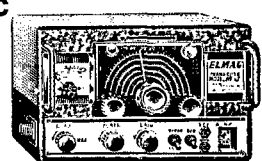


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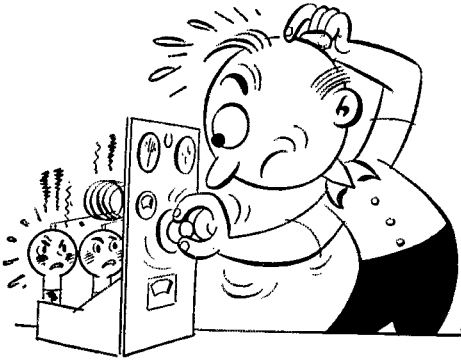
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has resigned the post of secretary of CZARA and MC has been "elected" to replace him. MJ and WA are both Stateside on business. We understand that DG and GD are leaving these shores for keeps in June. We wish Grace and George the best of luck and hope to work them soon from their new home in Texas. W9MDC and his XYL visited KA and RM for a week. BE, the old brasspounder, has finally done it. He is on phone with a DX-35. EL, ex-KP4ML, also is on the air at last with a DX-100 and a WRL Tri-bander. DH is looking for some 52-ohm coax for his 10-meter beam. The CZARA has resumed publication of its bulletin under the name *Crossroads QRM*, thanks to the efforts of VR. Traffic: KZ5HA 117, VR 92, K4I 6, RV 3.

SOUTHWESTERN DIVISION

ARIZONA—SCM, Cameron A. Allen, W7OIF—SEC: YWF. The Grand Canyon Net meets on 7210 kc. at 9 A.M. Sun., LUJ as P.A.M. The Arizona Emergency Net meets on 3865 kc. at 7:30 P.M. Mon. through Fri., ASI as P.A.M. The c.w. nets meet on 3690 kc. at 8:00 P.M. Mon. through Fri. and on 7115 kc. at 4 P.M. Mon. through Fri. The Arizona Amateur Radio Club supplied communications for the yearly trip to Superstition Mountain. There were 1200 people on the trip with more than 300 on the long hike. They used 6 pack sets, 3 mobiles and 2 base stations on emergency power. Operators were BAD, CAF, ZMH, UCA, OUE, PAIQ, UXZ, WKM, RIJ, OIF, JYH and WN7FMZ. Operators in Phoenix were QPY, WYY, RBA, UXJ, NFL, DWT, FBI and K7WBA. The AEN is now operating on a five-night-a-week schedule. If you have been dropped from the net list and want to get back on send a post card to Lt. Col. Robert Jackson, ASI, P. O. Box 596, Fort Huachuca, with your call, name and address on it. Traffic: W7OIF 22, CAF 12, YWF 12, WN7FMZ 2.

LOS ANGELES—SCM, William J. Schuch, W6CMN—Asst. SCM: Albert F. Hill, 6JQB. SEC: LIP. RMs: BHG and GJP. P.A.Ms: PIB and K6BWD. Thanks to all for the help given me during the past two years. GYI still schedules Japan, Korea and MARS traffic. DDE, GYH and K6OZJ made BPL K6MON turned in a nice traffic total again. BHG still wants help on SCN, 3600 kc. 7:30-10:00 P.M. Check with him. K6COP is QRL on two nets. LLY is working three nets, NCS on two, SCN and Frugle. K6LVL is working hard in school but still has a good traffic count. INH is QRL traffic and MARS. The Long Beach Club is busy planning for Field Day and the Convention. New officers of the Lockheed Club are OON, pres.; Bill Berholdt, vice-pres.; HE, secy.-treas.; Al Cannells, sgt. at arms. K6EA has a new set of antennas. K6QZZ is NCS of the Valley 6-Meter C.D. Net. ORS is handling traffic and working u.h.t.; K6ICS is QRL college. BUK is skedding the KC4 boys. K6BTU now is in Manhattan Beach. K6PLW has a new shack. K6UYK has been tripping around the States. K6GTG has a kw. on 144 Mc. RW had a goodly crowd operating in the DX Test and ran up a winning score. The West Valley Club is holding code classes. Au revoir, gang, and thanks. Traffic: (Mar.) W6DDE 779, GYH 624, K6OZJ 253, MON 180, W6BHG 173, K6COP 149, W6HJY 142, ZJB 134, K6LVL 116, W6NNH 99, K6EA 98, QZZ 64, HOV 42, GUZ 32, W6ORS 29, YSK 29, CMN 26, USY 18, K6ICS 14, W6CK 8, BUK 6, K6DDO 5, BTU/6 4, PLW 2. (Feb.) K6QLG 5, BEQ 2.

SAN DIEGO—SCM, Don Stansifer, W6LRU—The Ryan Amateur Radio Club held its first anniversary meeting at the home of FWF. LRU, the SCM, gave a talk on the ARRL and the history of amateur radio. YXU demonstrated standing wave ratio devices. K6BX (ex-W4CY, JD, GZA, K6HLP and W7HGW) now is located in Bonita running a Viking Valiant with beams on 10, 15 and 20 meters. He has been licensed since 1924. K6PFP has resigned as treasurer of the San Diego Council of Amateur Radio Organizations because of working nights. ATZ is Field Day chairman for the Helix Club this year. The North Shores and Clairemont Clubs have merged. New officers are K6KJ, pres.; K6UKG, vice-pres.; INI, secy.-treas.; EWU, trustee. LWT and KUG demonstrated ham TV for the Upper Ten Club recently. Ex-IDHX is now K6YRF in San Diego. K6LDO is in boot camp at the Naval Training Center and will attend radio school there. New appointees this month include K6AXV as EC for the 6-meter group; FVA, in San Marcos, as EC for Northern San Diego County, and K6QWV, in Imperial Beach, as OES. The San Diego DX Club made slightly over a million points in the c.w. portion of the ARRL DX Contest. The top five scorers in order were KSM, LRU, BZE, CHV and KYG. K6RWM needs only Delaware for his WAS. HTN is now s.s.b. with a 20A. With the coming of summer all readers of this column are reminded to send in news and traffic totals prior to the 7th of each month for publication. Traffic: W6EOT 424, K6BPI 86, W6HTN 13.

(Continued on page 150)

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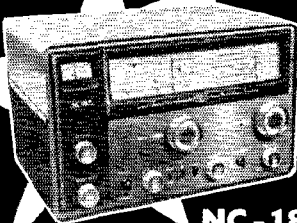


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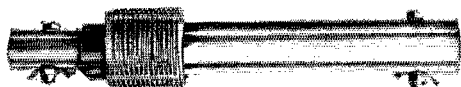
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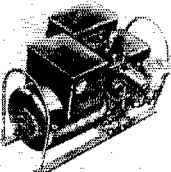
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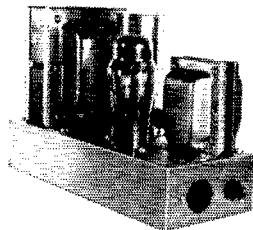
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WEST GULF DIVISION

NORTHERN TEXAS—SCM, Ray A. Thacker, W5TFP—SEC: BNG. P.A.M.S: K5AEX and IWQ. RM: KPB. LGY advises that the East Texas State College ARC has been reorganized with PTZ as sponsor; BBN, pres.; LGY, vice-pres. AUJ reports he is getting very good QSL response from the Soviet Union. BKH was the leading OO in the 5th district. The Tyler ARC and Oil Belt ARC in Albany are now ARRL affiliated clubs. FIY is doing FB on 10 meters with his new Wonder Bar. The Texoma ARC has obtained a trailer and is rigging it up for emergency work on a fast basis, complete with a 3 1/2-kw. generator. The various storm warning nets in the section certainly are getting a work-out this spring. The Panhandle Area hams did a tremendous job of communications during the blizzard. The reports we have received contain so many calls that it is impossible to list each and every one. I am sure that none involved will mind. Think this over— isn't it amazing the job that can be done when it doesn't matter who gets the credit! We had rather a "hair-raising" experience here in Dallas with the "twister" that raged through the western part of town. The hams here did themselves proud; activity was heard on all bands as well as Army and Air Force MARS frequencies. May I remind you again, the sixth of the month is my deadline for your activity reports! Traffic: K5WAB 170Z, W5KYM 197, UBW 18Z. K5FFB 150, W5FCX 105, OWV 95, BOO 79, K5EMR 64, W5ASA 37, KN5HTH 36, K5-BKH 32, W5ZKT 10, OCY 9, K5CSM 3.

OKLAHOMA—SCM, Ewing Canaday, W5GIQ—Asst. SCM: James R. Booker, 3ADC. SEC: LXII. P.A.M.S: MFX and KY. RM: JXM. We all miss MGH, who died of a heart attack while operating his rig. New Official Phone Station certificates were issued in March to K5DVE, K5HIV and KY. DPJ and DYI are proud possessors of 20-w.p.m. Code Proficiency certificates. OLZ and SSZ Net certificates went to 17 stations which had a record of at least ten check-ins a month for three consecutive months. All nets are continuing to render a valuable public service in the State. The new Sooner Noonster Net had an average of over 15 check-ins per day with a total of 410 for the month and handled better than 5 messages a day with 134 for the month. The Edison High School Club of Tulsa has installed a new Johnson Ranger and HQ-140 while waiting for the new call. Dick Francis, one of the youngest members of the Bartlesville Club, won a prize at the local science fair on the transmitter he built while waiting for his Novice call. New Novices this month include KN5JJE, KN5PBV has passed his General Class exam and is building a new 100-watt home-brew rig. K5ETH is another new General Class licensee. 7OER is now K5JSM and 8LXU is K5JEA. K5EJC is on the air with a new KW-SI. Our congratulations to DRZ on making his third BPL. Traffic: (Mar.) W5DRZ 62Z, ESB 528, K5CAY 22Z, HZF 163, AOV 12Z, JXM 114, W5CCX 101 MRK 96, ADC 74, VNC 65, KY 64, GIQ 55, K5DVE 51, W5MQI 49, LXII 47, FEC 42, VAX 39, MFX 38, K5HIV 22, W5PNG 21, K5CBA 11, DJA 11, DLH/5 10, W5FHC 9, GOL 9, OOI 9, BBA 8, K5EQX 5, (Feb.) K5AOV 130.

SOUTHERN TEXAS—SCM, Roy K. Eggleston, W5QEM—SEC: QKF. LUU has a new Buick. LVE is now 2-meter mobile. LUU has made DXCC. DKK is a new member of the NTO and 7200 Nets. PM has a new Valiant. QKF has a new 6N2. BRZ is working DX with a new 10-meter beam. CRA is the new EC at Raymondville. AQK is mobile with a new Elmac and Oldsmobile 98. GMT is the only amateur I know who traded cars and got a completely-installed mobile rig with it. PPC has a new QTH. Wonder where the rig will land? K5APJ is working traffic over PZX. The club station at Lamar State College of Technology at Beaumont, while attending school. ETA, Director of the West Gulf Division, visited the Corpus Christi Amateur Radio Club. Welcome to the new Harlingen Radio Club. DSY has a new mobile converter. AQK has a new Regency transistor mobile converter. It was good to hear the boys on the Central Texas Storm Warning Net keeping watch recently. DTJ is doing a nice job as OO in San Antonio. Traffic: W5DTJ 8Z, PZX 17, DKK 9, K5QEM 8.

NEW MEXICO—SCM, Einar H. Morterud, W5FPB—SEC: K5DAA. P.A.M: DVA. The NMEPN meets on 3838 kc. Tue. and Thurs. at 1800 MST, Sun. at 0730; the NMI Breakfast Club meets on 3838 kc. daily except Sun. at 0700. 7TCN was in California tutoring a Navajo in translating and transcribing the Bible on tape in Navajo; he was later hospitalized in Albuquerque. FED has a cubical quad for 15 and 10 meters. K5DAO is attending school in Washington, D. C. KWV is an Asst. EC. POI is mobile on 420 Mc. BCG has 15 watts on 75 meters. SB and POI have been busy with TV microwave system. SGC and NSV have been working on a TV translator. KN5JLU is a new amateur in San Juan Co. CIN, KWR, UAR and ZU have been ap-

(Continued on page 152)

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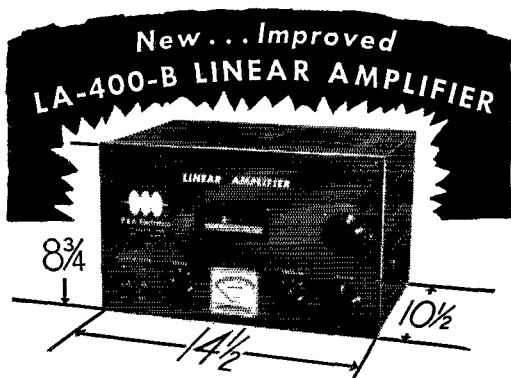
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pointed Asst. Directors, TBP has a 500B Globe King. Alamogordo amateurs furnished communications for a Sport Car Hill Climb. KWP converted the mobile to a 12-volt system. As this may be my last report as SCML, I wish to thank all those who have spent so much of their time and effort in promoting the ARRL program. Traffic: (Mar.) K5FHU 262, W5CIN 35, UAR 19, TBP 18, K5CEV 17, W5GEM 16, NQG 11, ZU 7, K5DAA 5, W5FPB 4, IGC 4, RKS 3, LEP 2. (Feb.) W5DVA 6.

CANADIAN DIVISION

MARITIME—SCM, D. E. Weeks, VE1WB—Asst. SCM: Aaron Solomon, 10C, SEC: FH, EK has received word that he is the first North American amateur to win the WAGM (Scotland) Award. Amateurs aboard HMCS *Bonaventure* operate under the call VE8NE and on HMCS *Huron* under VE8NA. PF has returned from the C.D. College at Arnprior, Ont., where he attended a communication course. YQ reports that MB is operating from the Yarmouth County Vocational High School. PZ is now using an FT-200 trap antenna and a high-level speech clipper. PQ, ZR, OM and WL have a 6-meter net operating nightly at 2000. GC and IB will be joining them shortly. AO has accepted an EC appointment for Cape Breton. ZL is active again and working the rare DX. Cmdr. John Roue has been successful in getting his old call, VE1FB, reassigned to him. VO2NA reports that the Labrador Net still meets nightly on 3780 kc. at 2130 GMT. Other active Goose Bay amateurs include VO2S AA, AH, AB, AD, DA, EA, JA, IA, QA and UA. Don't forget the Convention to be held at Charlottetown over the Labor Day week end. Brit Fader, FQ, was invited by KW and VE8ND to dine on HMCS *Magnificent*: a surprise was the presentation to him of a plaque with the ship's crest, inscribed for his services while they were in Egypt and the British Isles. Traffic: (Mar.) VE1PQ 120, PQ 96, AV 78, OM 27, PZ 13, DB 9, AEB 5, VU 2. (Feb.) VE1PQ 61.

ONTARIO—SCM, Richard W. Roberts, VE8NG—The Scarborough Radio Club held a successful dinner and celebrated the 76th birthday of IB, "Ontario's oldest ham." A severe loss to our ranks was the passing of HK, Father Williams will be missed by all. DU has transmitter trouble. CP is portable VE2 for a spell. NF will be heard on 2 meters, NW has gone hi-6. The West Side Club was presented with the Field Day Trophy for its fine efforts in '56. The St. Thomas Radio Club publishes a neat monthly bulletin edited by OT. The Quinte RC presents its new bulletin under CAB. The Skywide RC of Toronto issues a five-page club paper called *Skyhook*. The Nortown Radio Club held a very excellent dinner which was well attended. The SCM was guest speaker at the Ryerson Institute of Technology recently. The SEC and the SCM also attended the Scarborough dinner. Also seen there were NO, DEX, GH, DFA, DFC, DZA, AMT, RG, QO, GK, AYL and many others. DPO is ORS and will take Ontario Phone Net traffic for c.w. nets. AML received an engraved lighter from C.O. HMCS *Magnificent*. He also worked into Cocos Island. AJR and KM visited the Dayton Hamvention. The VLYs are doing well on their Ten-Meter Net. The North Bay gang has a new meeting place, the Sibbett Bldg. Congrats to VP on making his first BPL. The Metro, Nortown, Sky Wide and West Side Radio Clubs, all of which have almost 70 per cent members in the AREC Toronto Area, were active in the Sportsman Show held in Toronto in March. The Metro Radio Club made BPL with its score at the Sportsman Show. Details of the Ontario Provincial ARRL Convention soon will be forthcoming. BUT has a new vertical antenna. The Muskog Net meets on 3755 kc. Traffic: VE8MRC 578, VP 504, BJV 137, BUR 115, NO 110, EAM 100, GI 90, NG 89, AUU 87, EAU 61, DPO 40, CJM 24, DH 24, AJR 16, IU 11, KM 11, OT 9, AML 7, DPL 5, AVS 4.

ALBERTA—SCM Sydney T. Jones, VE6MJ—We are sorry to have to report our popular radio inspector, S. A. Dhatford, XD, is confined to the hospital after a serious heart attack. At the time of writing (Apr. 7) Shaddy is showing signs of improvement. His many friends wish him a very speedy recovery. UB has taken over the appointment as EC for the Calgary Area. As reported in this column several months ago the Calgary Club has undertaken the task of publishing *RF*, formerly published by the Lethbridge gang. Material for publication should be forwarded to P.O. Box 106, Calgary, not later than the 15th of each month. SX reports he will be busy with spring work on the farm from now on. YE says he is having trouble with the proposed new gallon rig. NO r.l., KC, CE and YG have returned from a communications course in C.D. at Arnprior. MJ has taken off on a visit to his old stamping grounds in Southern British Columbia. TG

(Continued on page 154)

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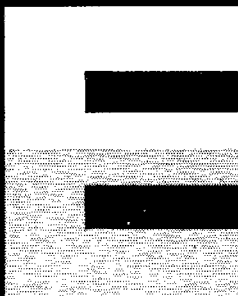
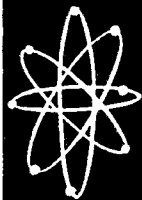
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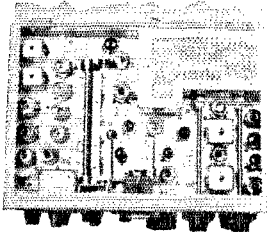
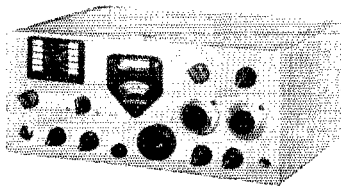
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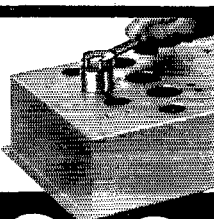
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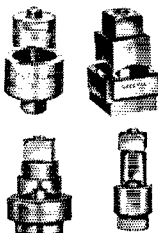
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has decided on an early vacation. NA has joined the Edmonton gang on 144 Mc. Several of the gang are going for beams in an effort to increase the range. Traffic: VE6HM 152, TT 27, OD 16, MJ 8, SP 6, SX 2.

BRITISH COLUMBIA—SCM, Peter M. McIntyre, VE7JT—We have heard no word regarding the call sign auto license plates but this is not through the lack of work put in on the project by F.B. KX is on RTTY as OBS each Tue. and Fri. at 2015 PST on 7144 kc. and 144 Mc. HR dropped an epistle about the 2-meter activities on the Island mentioning the following gang on 2 meters: AOG, GR (he always liked 2-meter insulators), DII, JG, AKN, AKV, MIT, ZD, ZW, AIV and HR. They get together Sun. and Tue. at 9:00 p.m. PST. No frequency has been mentioned. One point I would like to mention is that when you are working W8s near the band edge do not entice them down into the Canadian phone band. You can QSY to get in the clear but it might mean a "pink ticket" for them if they follow you without realizing they are going out of their phone band limitations. We understand we have a DX club in Vancouver but no word of activity has ever reached this column. It's spring and antenna time again, so clean up the insulators, resolder the connections and renew the halyards or start climbing those slender poles to replace them. I wouldn't dare. I had to take the 45-ft. pole down and this time I put two pulleys and ropes up.

SASKATCHEWAN—SCM, Harold R. Horn, VE5HR—As this may be my last report I wish to thank you for the cooperation received during my three terms as SCM and wish the best of luck to my successor. Please give him your support as these reports and other activities cannot be carried on without it. AIZ and HM are now on with a DX-100. NL now works phone, having made the grade. EN, AIZ and HZ provided a 3-way hookup for district Boy Scout officials to plan a scoutmaster training camp. DF has been transferred to Saskatoon with the D.O.T. OC has been promoted to assistant chief operator with C.P. Communications at Regina. XX and YY are moving to Weyburn, where XX will manage the new broadcasting station. We are sorry to record the passing of BO at Swift Current. Augge will be missed by many of the fraternity. 2QJ is now located at Regina and hopes for a VE5 call soon. A welcome back also is extended to 6AL, who is in Moose Jaw again. The Annual Saskatchewan Hamfest will be held at Lake Waskesiu June 29 and 30. The Prince Albert Club is host and a good time is assured all. Come one and all; a good time is a certainty. You also may win the DX-100 which is the grand prize. Watch for further Bulletins.

V.H.F. QSO Party

(Continued from page 50)

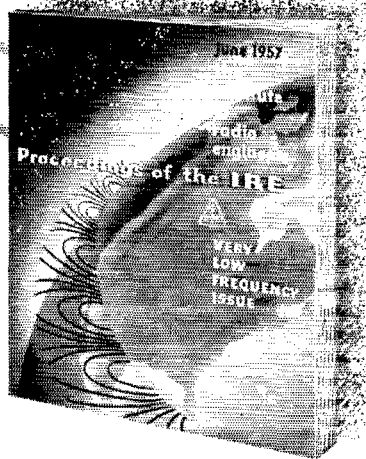
v.h.f. bands. The sum of these points will be multiplied by the number of different ARRL sections worked per band; i.e., those with which at least one point has been earned. Reworking sections on additional bands for extra section credits is permitted. Cross-band work does not count. Contacts with aircraft mobile stations cannot be counted for section multipliers.

5) A contact per band may be counted for each station worked. Example: W2TBD (S.N.J.) works W1PHR (Conn.) on 50, 144 and 220 Mc. for complete exchanges. This gives W2TBD 4 points (1 + 1 + 2) and also 3 section-multiplier credits. (If W2TBD contacts other Connecticut stations on these bands, they do not add to his section multiplier but they do pay off in additional contact points.)

6) Each section multiplier requires completed exchanges with at least one station. The same section can provide another multiplier point only when contacted on a new v.h.f. band.

7) Awards: A certificate will be awarded to the high-scoring single-operator station in each ARRL section. In addition, the high-scoring multiple-operator station will receive a certificate in each section from which three or more valid multiple-operator entries are received. Certificates will also be given to the top Novice and Technician in each section where three or more such licenses submit logs. Award Committee decisions will be final.

8) Reports must be postmarked no later than June 26, 1957, to be eligible for awards. See the sample log accompanying this announcement for correct form, or a message to Headquarters will bring printed blanks for your convenience.



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This year, the Boulder Laboratories of the National Bureau of Standards and the IRE Professional Group on Antennas and Propagation co-sponsored a Symposium at Boulder, Colorado, on the propagation of very low frequency radio waves. From the papers given at this important meeting the editors of *Proceedings* have chosen those of broadest interest for publication in the June, 1957, issue.

Typical of the service offered members of IRE is this VLF report — to be used now and referred to for years to come. If you are not a member of *The Institute of Radio Engineers* be sure to reserve a copy of the *June Proceedings of the IRE*, today!

Partial Contents of this VLF Issue:

- "A Technique for the Rapid Analysis of Whistlers," by J. K. Grierson, Defense Reserve Board, Ottawa, Ontario, Canada.
- "VLF Radiation from Lightning Strokes," by E. L. Hill, School of Physics, University of Minnesota.
- "Some Recent Measurements of Atmospheric Noise in Canada," by C. A. McKerrow, Defense Reserve Board, Ottawa, Ontario, Canada.
- "Intercontinental Frequency Comparison by Very Low Frequency Radio Transmission," by J. A. Pierce, Croft Laboratory, Harvard.
- "The Mode Theory of VLF Ionospheric Propagation for Finite Ground Conductivity," by James R. Wait, National Bureau of Standards, Boulder, Colorado.
- "The Geometrical Optics of VLF Sky Wave Propagation," by J. R. Wait & A. Murphy, National Bureau of Standards, Boulder, Colorado.
- "Characteristics of Atmospheric Noise from 1 to 100 Kc/s," by A. D. Watt & E. L. Maxwell, National Bureau of Standards, Boulder, Colorado.
- "The Present State of Knowledge Concerning the Lower Ionosphere," by A. H. Waynick, The Pennsylvania State University.
- "Noise Investigation at VLF by the National Bureau of Standards," by W. Q. Crichlow, National Bureau of Standards, Boulder, Colorado.
- "Reflection at a Shapely-Bounded Ionosphere," by I. W. Yebroff, Stanford University.
- "The Attenuation Versus Frequency Characteristics of VLF Radio Waves," by J. R. Wait, National Bureau of Standards, Boulder, Colorado.
- "The Waveguide Mode Theory of the Propagation of VLF Radio Waves," by K. G. Budden, University of Cambridge, England.

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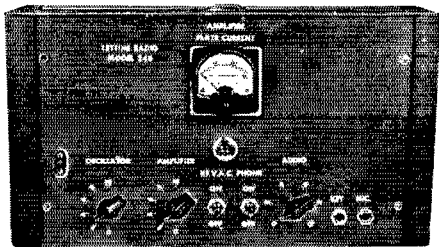
All IRE members will receive this June issue as usual. Extra copies to members. \$1.25 each (only one to a member).



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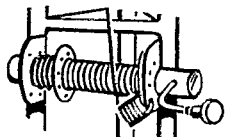
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How's DX?

(Continued from page 98)

lary hungry for W7/K7 contacts near 14,010 kc. around zero hours GMT. This from W2NCL W1ANU worked UA3DQ/AM on 15 who claimed to be returning from a visit to the Antarctic and UA1KAE, Russia's ham station at Pt. Mirny. Let's hope his holds were crammed with UA1KAE logs and/or QSLs SP6BZ, after giving the proposition much study, writes ZA1KUN off as strictly spurious in lines to W6ZEN K2ORR (ex-W2JFE-W5QXII-DL4FH) is stationed in Portugal without prospect of hamming authorization. So Pete and family have embraced a hobby almost as rugged as DXing — bullfighting.

Hereabouts — Typical ham triumph over adversity is no better exemplified than by K9EAB. W6ZZ discloses that Cliff, confined to an iron lung since stricken with polio in 1949, became a Novice last summer, obtained his Conditional license in November and now has a DX record of 81/51 on 15 meters. "I can do about 15-18 w.p.m. and control the rig with key and relay arrangement. Dad helps by tuning and doing my secretarial work." Verily, the higher some fellows do bounce W7DJU overheard KC4USI comment on antarctic ham (and wild) life: "Cape Adare is a rookery supporting 150,000 penguins and their young. They've left for the winter but will return around October to raise 150,000 more little ones. Winter night is coming now and days rapidly get shorter. Night brings elaborate displays of aurora enjoyed by all. The family atmosphere of this 14-man base keeps morale high." W2DGM finds PJ2ME seeking an FS7 license and 160-meter permit W6CFK, scribe with the San Jose *Evening News*, gave our DX game fine publicity in one of his recent columns. We all know how difficult it is to describe ham radio in lay terms and we join K6DV in applauding a very neat DXposition KL7CAW knocks off in August and despairs of completing his Alaskan DXCC by then, for prop conditions in KL7 are steadily grim According to W6YY, LU5KH visited Los Angeles in April Cocon Island and TI9CR were briefly activated by TI2s CMH and LA in early April. Cocon, you know, is where billions in pirated bullion are presumed to repose. TI9CR wasn't as active as expected but who can blame the lads for taking time off the air to dig an occasional hole or two? W8NGO wonders if spacing ARRL Test week ends three weeks apart wouldn't help chances for better average conditions. 'T would still be a toss-up, as we see it Height-hungry W3WPG wonders how to go about swiping the 120-foot tree thriving in ex-W3DGM's (K4LPW's) Chester, Penna., back yard LU9DAB, dabbling with 7 watts on 10 phone, shipped a fast airmail QSL to W9NOH W9DSO calls attention to a newspaper clipping which declares ex-HISWL's 15-year-old son to be a guitar-plunking sensation on Dominican Republic television. D. R. televisioners hope he'll return with pop next fall, and so do we W8YIN, now 222/206, is giving s.s.b. a whirl and reports a fast 21 countries via that medium From W4AUL, 170/150: "I have installed a 'Gentleman' and 'Hawg' switch on my Confederate Kilowatt (500 watts). In the 'Gent' position she drops down to a nice comfortable 50 watts input; in the 'Hawg' position she stands up and groans with the full 500." Well, there are many piggies running around with QRP, and many square-shooters wheeling kilowatts around, too. It is true, however, that a boorish DXer with QRO is more noisome than the QRP type YN4CB visited W6s QJA SUP, K6LXU and others in California's Roseville area CO2HB is within an ace of DXCC as a result of 15-meter phone and c.w. efforts W7ENW, 215/201, laboriously checked his voluminous QSL files only to find himself shy of "DXCC 2" by about a dozen cards W4VNE, four times DXCC under various calls, found enough abandoned TV-antenna scraps around his Dyersburg, Tenn., neighborhood to lash up a 28-Mc. beam that scooped 54 swift 10-c.w. countries Now what was your countries total ten years ago?

Ten Years Ago in "How's DX?" — Column emcee W1CH reports in prefatory remarks that the new ending-signal, KN, introduced by ARRL's Communications Department in April '47 QST, is catching on with a bang Bandwise, 20 c.w. is boss with CP1AL, CR7VAL, EK1s AS AZ, FT4AN, GC8NO, HSIAL, Js 2AAO 2AGA 4AAC, LI2BO, LX1JW, OE9AA, OY3IGO, PKs 1AW 2AA 400 6AX 6EE 6HR, SP3DO, SUIRX, TA1DB, UA9CA, UA0KTU, UB5s AC BB HO, UD6KAB, UD6WD, UI8-KFQ, UO5VW, UQ2AB, VR5PL, VS4VR, VS7s AP IT MB, W3EKK/VK9, XZ2AN, YI2s AM JJ, Y4IAB, ZC6DD and ZP4A. On 14-Mc. A3 we note J9KC, K6ETF/-KC6, KP6AT, SV1AH, UA1AB, VS7ES and W6ONP/-KW6. Ten meters provides LX1SI, PK1MJ, PZ1A, SUIWS, VS9AB, W6VKV/16, XU6GRL, YI2s AT CA, YR5V and ZC6WP, all mostly on voice. The 3.5-Mc. gang chases PK2OL, ZLs 1DI 2QM and numerous Europeans. Our 40-meter men manage GT2XD, OX1G, SU3GM,

(Continued on page 158)

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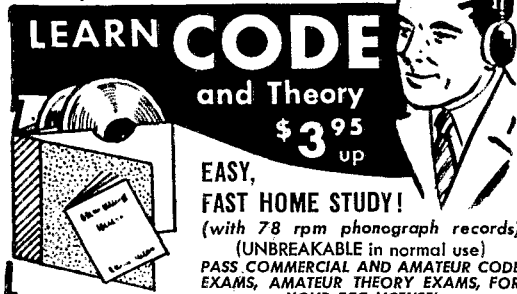
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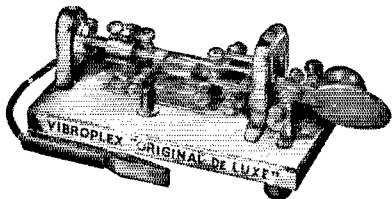
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TG9JK, VR2AN, VU2AC, W3EKK/JE, YU7KX, ZC6AA and ZM6AC... Ex-W5AYR, on duty with the Fourth Byrd Antarctic Expedition, submits an impressive list of "We heard in the far south...". The "NA" prefix is to be shelved in favor of SV0, and it is also reported that "political difficulties" have curtailed amateur activity in Roumania.

Lighthouse Tube Circuits

(Continued from page 21)

tripling, or 50 per cent running straight through on 432 Mc.

In coupling to the plate lines it was found that over-coupling made the plate dip appear at a point somewhat away from the setting that gave maximum output. This is a good check on proper setting of the coupling loop. There should be a good dip at resonance, either as an amplifier or a tripler. In fact, the user should check carefully to see that he has the desired harmonic, as it is very easy to be misled by the considerable dip that can be seen on a wrong one.

When amplitude modulation is to be used it should be applied to the driver stage as well as to the amplifier. This is characteristic of grounded-grid stages, of course. Some of the drive appears in the output. For this reason it is not advisable to operate a grounded-grid frequency multiplier in a final stage that is feeding an antenna. This should be kept in mind particularly by holders of Technician licenses. The frequency of the driver stage, in this instance, is in a band that is not open to holders of this class of ticket. And radiation of a strong signal on 144 Mc. when we are working on 432 is not to be recommended for anyone.

At only 250 to 300 volts on the plates either amplifier may be run without forced-air cooling. The 2C39A job can be run at considerably higher input if an airflow is directed through the tube's plate-cooling fins.

One final word of caution: Both types of tubes are fragile. If you intend to do any work on either unit, or if you are going to carry or ship it anywhere, *remove the tubes*. W4ECL is not the only one who learned this lesson the hard way!
— E.P.T.

Six-Meter Converter

(Continued from page 23)

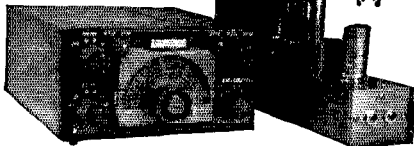
set at zero resistance, for maximum gain in the second stage.

The overtone crystal oscillator uses a tuned "plate" circuit with the screen grid of the 6BA7 acting as the oscillator plate. With some overtone crystals extra feedback is needed. This is shown in the form of a single turn of hook-up wire wrapped around the tuned circuit in the correct winding direction, and connected in series with the crystal to ground. The correct winding direction is such that the two coils are, in effect, a continuous winding from plate to the crystal. The oscillator screen voltage resistor can be set to give about 10 volts of r.f. on grid pin 2 of the 6BA7, or about 1/2-ma. d.c. through the grid leak. Some experimenting with the cathode and screen grid resistors is advisable with a given

(Continued on page 160)

The PALCO BANTAM 65

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MOBILE TRANSMITTER with
65W-Phone 90W-CW



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overtone crystal, in order to arrive at good sensitivity and minimum cross-modulation effects.

The r.f. circuits can be set individually to about 52 Mc. with a grid-dip oscillator, shorting out the other coils not being adjusted. The tubes should be in place, but no power should be applied to the converter. Then a crystal noise generator can be used to tune up all the circuits for minimum noise figure at several places in the 50-Mc. band, with the converter in operation connected to a communication receiver. With a few minutes' work on this nearly uniform sensitivity and low over-all noise figure can be obtained.

Transmit-Receive Switch

(Continued from page 26)

ricated from RG-8/U coaxial cable. This cable has a rating of approximately 6000 peak r.f. volts, and in the laboratory it withstands in excess of 20,000 volts of d.c. Actually, in normal use it is usually limited by current rather than voltage. The capacitance of the cable is 30 μf . per foot, so that one may measure off the required capacitance by the inch, and end up with a really low-loss and practical unit.

Examination of the circuit will show that the t.r. switch input is a high impedance for low frequencies. It is advantageous, therefore, to have the tank circuit at d.c. ground potential so that crosstalk at power-line frequencies will be eliminated. Fortunately, this is the case in practically all modern transmitters. A type of noise customarily picked up with electronic t.r. switches is that caused by plate current flowing in the power amplifier. It is necessary, therefore, to bias the tubes beyond cutoff when receiving.

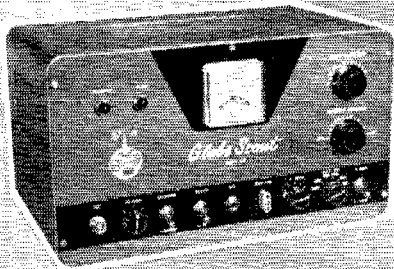
The output of the 6AH6 feeds 75-ohm coax cable by means of a carefully designed broad-band transformer utilizing a selected core. The frequency characteristic of the t.r. switch is flat within 1 db. from 3.5 to 30 Mc. with essentially unity gain. The actual gain, therefore, is that due to the combination of the plate tank circuit and the capacitive voltage divider.

The increase in the receiver noise (of an SP-600) due to the t.r. switch made no practical difference in received signals when the t.r. switch was operated as a unity-gain device. When operating with any gain in the plate tank circuit, however, the signals seemed to jump right out of the background. With transmitters of 150 watts or less, where the gain is of the order of 15 db. or more, ambient noise is almost always the limiting factor in receiving when using the t.r. switch. This advantage decreases, of course, with higher powers.

Considering the t.r. switch as part of the transmitter also solves the TVI problem that has plagued some t.r. switches heretofore. The TVI generated in the t.r. switch is generally minute when compared to that generated in the transmitter tubes so that it will have practically no effect when compared to the overall TVI picture of a particular transmitter. This means that there is little chance for the t.r. switch to cause

(Continued on page 162)

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FOR 6 THRU 80 METERS

KIT FORM: Only \$729 per mo.
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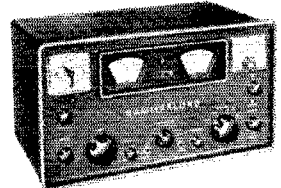
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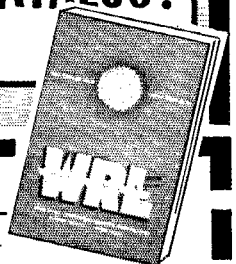
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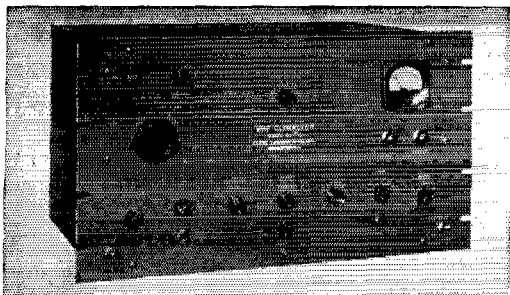
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TVI if the transmitter is normally TVI free.

A word now to those who might wish to construct a t.r. switch similar to the one described above. Other than the r.f. output transformer, its construction is quite straightforward. It must be remembered, however, that it is actually an r.f. stage and deserves the shielding, bypassing and careful layout demanded by such a device.

Banned

(Continued from page 100)

from the former French Indo China, Prince Norodom Sihanouk, former boy-king and ex-premier and now leader of the Sangkum (popular socialists party) pointed out that his country is a "neutral country and forebears to make any ideological alliances with other countries." Since the Prince is head of the political party which controls each and every seat on the Cambodian National Assembly, he is nominal head of the country under King Norodom Sihanouk. Apparently Cambodia just wants to tight-rope it in view of the world situation and remain as isolated as possible by just sitting on the fence.

Iran, the modern Persia, has a common border with the Soviet Union of nearly 2,000 miles. There is continuous concern in government circles over political infiltration that could affect the independence of the country. Osan Eghbal, spokesman for the Ministry of Foreign Affairs, told me — "It is because of these 'left-elements' of which there are many in my country, that Iran is unable to permit operation of amateur radio stations. If we permitted amateurs to transmit, it would mean our limited security facilities would have to listen all the time to observe if communications were taking place between left elements inside and to beyond the country. Our government is a constitutional monarchy and it is the policy of the government to give as much personal freedom as we can. However, we must protect our independence against those who would overthrow the government."

Field Day Rules

(Continued from page 47)

many stations as possible; for home stations to work as many portable and mobile stations as possible.

3. **Conditions of Entry:** Each entrant agrees to be bound by the provisions of this announcement, the regulations of his licensing authority, and the decisions of the ARRL Contest Committee.

4. **Entry Classification:** All entries will be classified according to number of transmitters in simultaneous operation. They will be further classified as follows: "A," club or nonclub group portable stations; "B," unit or individual portable stations; "C," mobile stations; "D," home stations operating from emergency power; "E," home stations operating from commercial power sources. Thus a club or group running three transmitters simultaneously will be in the 3A classification, or a mobile station with one transmitter will be in the 1C classification.

Portable stations are those installed temporarily, for FD purposes, at sites away from customary fixed-station locations. Portable equipment or units must be placed under one call and the control of one licensee, for one entry. All control locations for equipment operating under one call must lie within a 1000-foot diameter circle.

Group participation is that portable-station work accomplished by three or more licensed operators.

Unit or individual participation is that portable-station

(Continued on page 164)

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MGP3	650 ct	245	.150	6.3	5	5. 3	KB
MGP4	800 ct	318	.175	5.	3	6.3 8	LB
MGP5	900 ct	345	.250	5.	3	6.3 8	MB
MGP6	700 ct	255	.250				KB
MGP7	1100 ct	419	.250				LB
MGP8	1600 ct	640	.250				NB

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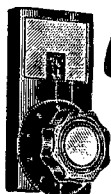
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MPT1	✓	✓	✓	0.25 0.25 0.25	0.2-1.0	.004	3	0.7	250
MPT2	✓	✓	✓	0.25/0.25	0.2-1.0	.004	2	0.7	250
MPT3	✓	✓	✓	0.5 0.5 0.5	0.2-1.5	.002	3	1.0	250
MPT4	✓	✓	✓	0.5 0.5	0.2-1.5	.002	2	1.0	250
MPT5	✓	✓	✓	0.5 0.5 0.5	0.5-2.0	.002	3	1.0	500
MPT6	✓	✓	✓	0.5 0.5	0.5-2.0	.002	2	1.0	500
MPT7	✓	✓	✓	0.7 0.7 0.7	0.5-1.5	.002	3	1.5	200
MPT8	✓	✓	✓	0.7 0.7	0.5-1.5	.002	2	1.5	200
MPT9	✓	✓	✓	1.0 1.0 1.0	0.7-3.5	.002	2	2.0	200
MPT10	✓	✓	✓	1.0 1.0	0.7-3.5	.002	2	2.0	200
MPT11	✓	✓	✓	1.0 1.0 1.0	1.0-5.0	.002	3	2.0	500
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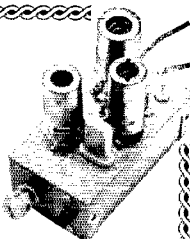
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Mobile stations are complete installations including power source and antenna, mounted in or on vehicles and capable of being used while in normal motion. If they utilize antenna supports not normal or suitable for use during motion, installations must be classified as portable instead of mobile. Each mobile entry call must be different from any other FD station participating.

Home-station participation is that work by fixed amateur stations not operating portable or mobile.

A transmitter used to contact one or more stations may not subsequently be used under more than one other station call during the Field Day period.

5. **Field Day Period:** All contacts must be made during the period indicated elsewhere in this announcement. An entry may be operated no more than 24 consecutive hours of the 27 hours available.

6. **Bands:** Each phone and c.w. band is regarded as a separate band. The following (and additional u.h.f.-s.h.f. bands) constitute separate bands: A1: 1,800-1,825 1,875-1,900 "east" or 1,900-1,925 1,975-2,000 "west," 3.5-4.0, 7.0-7.3, 14.0-14.35, 21.0-21.45, 26.96-27.23, 28.0-29.7, 50-54 and 144-148 Mc. A2: radioteletype and frequency-shift keying are grouped with A1, in the bands where they are allowed. A3: 1,800-1,825 1,875-1,900 "east" or 1,900-1,925 1,975-2,000 "west," 3.8-4.0, 7.2-7.3, 14.2-14.3, 21.25-21.45, 26.96-27.23, 28.5-29.7, 50-54, and 144-148 Mc. All forms of voice transmission will be grouped with A3, in the bands where they are allowed. (In Canada and Cuba, their respective phone bands apply.)

The use of more than one transmitter at one time in the same band is not allowed.

7. **Exchanges:** Signal reports and ARRL section (or specific location) must be exchanged in proof of contact.

8. **Valid Contacts:** In Class A, B and C, a valid contact is a completed exchange with any amateur station. In Classes D and E, a valid contact is a completed exchange with any station in Class A, B or C. Cross-band contacts are not allowed. Contacts by mobile stations may be made in motion or from any location(s). A station may be worked more than once only if the additional contacts are made on different bands.

9. **Field Day Message:** A Field Day Message is one originated by a Class A, B, or C station and addressed to the SEC or SCM (see address in QST, p. 6) stating the number of operators, the field location, and the number of AREC members at the Field Day station. Only one Field Day Message may be originated.

10. Scoring:

Points: Each valid contact counts 1 point.

Message Credit: Credit for handling messages may be obtained only as follows: 25 points for originating one Field Day Message to SEC or SCM. In addition, each Field Day Message received for relay will score 1 point when received by radio and 1 point when sent onward by radio. No FD Message may pass through the same station twice. There will be a deduction of 10 points for omission of handling data or for defects in form. Copies of all messages originated and relayed must accompany Field Day reports.

Multippliers:

Power: Output-stage plate input under 30 watts: 3. Output-stage plate input over 30 and under 100 watts: 2. Output-stage plate input over 150 and under 1000 watts: 1. The plate input of a grounded-grid amplifier is its plate input plus the plate input to the driver stage.

Independence-of-Mains: All radio equipment independent of commercial power source: 3. All radio equipment not independent of commercial power: 1.

Battery Power (applies to Class B and C only): 1.5. The battery capacity or size shall in all cases be adequate to permit one hour's continuous operation of the station. Charging batteries from commercial mains while batteries are connected to transmitter or receiver voids the "independence-of-mains" and "battery power" multipliers.

Multippliers do not apply to Class D and E entries.

Final Score: The final score equals the total "points" multiplied by the "power multiplier" multiplied by the "independence-of-mains" multiplier (multiplied by the "battery power" multiplier, if applicable). Where different multipliers apply during the Field Day period, points are multiplied by the multiplier in effect at the time the points were earned.

11. **Club Aggregate-Mobile Scores:** Entries under Class C may be combined to form a "Club Aggregate-Mobile Score." The club name must be noted on the in-

(Continued on page 166)

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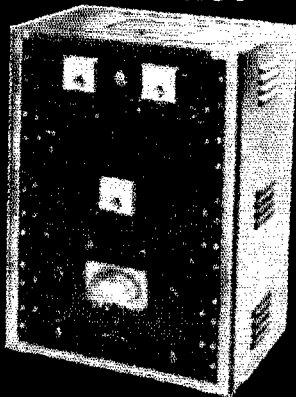
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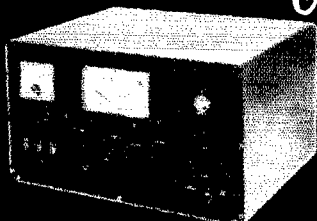


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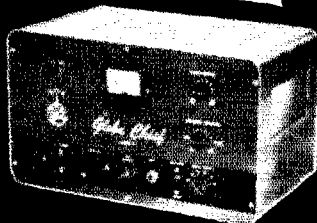
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dividual reports, and the club secretary must submit a claimed aggregate score. Credits to the extent supported by the reports submitted to ARRL will be allowed. Only bona fide members of the club, residing in the club territory, may contribute to the aggregate-mobile club listing.

12. Reporting: Mail reports or entries on or before July 20. Reports must show starting and ending time of FD operating period, bands used, dates and contact times, calls of stations worked, signal reports set and received, and ARRL sections or locations of stations worked. Reports must also show power inputs and sources of power, number of transmitters in simultaneous operation, location of station, number of persons participating, class of entry, and score computations.

World Above 50 Mc.

(Continued from page 60)

on 220 Mc. during March, K6EPT and K6LXU being new ones, 220 picking up.

W7PUA, Eatonville, Wash. — Completed 2C39A tripler for 1296 Mc.; now working on xtal converter using two 416B r.f. stages. Anyone have info on straight-through amplifiers for this frequency?

W9GAB, Beloit, Wis. — Aurora observed on 144 Mc. 11 times in March. Keeping 432-Mc. skeds with W9DRN, 70 miles, at 2100 CST, except Tuesday. 432-Mc. transmitter with 4X150A delivers 35 watts output with 50 in. 416B pre-amplifier at antenna improving reception.

W9MHP, Ravena, Ind. — W9ULH, Portland, Ind., worked W8LJG on 220, 209 miles. W9HLY, Decatur, also worked him.

W0MNP/5, State College, N. Mex. — Experimenting with 6AF4 oscillator using circuit described by W3MLN and W3HFW in April, 1948, *QST* and in *Handbooks* up to 1954, developed oscillation up to 1260 Mc. or more. Plate and grid lines $2\frac{3}{16}$ inch long operate on $\frac{3}{4}$ -wave mode.

YL News and Views

(Continued from page 68)

W8KILZ	16	9	180*
W8OGY	19	5	119*
W9MPX	176	49	10,780*
W9UON	222	26	7,215*
W9VNG	156	29	5,655*
K9CQF	119	35	5,206*
K9AMD	30	10	375*
K9DRD	16	9	180*
K8BFS	379	59	27,951*
K8BMS	322	42	16,905*
W8NIQ	313	40	15,650*
W8PSP	238	45	13,388*
W8BFW	85	21	2,231*
W8ZWL	65	24	1,950*
K8BTV	50	18	1,125*
KL7BHE	376	56	26,320*
KL7ALZ	261	56	18,470*
KL7BJD	278	45	15,638
K75VR	273	48	13,104
VE3DMX	209	49	12,781*
VE3AJR	181	36	5,895*
VE3DDA	15	8	150*

OM C.W.

Call	No. of Contacts	Sections Worked	Score
W1BNS	42	25	1,313*
W1AJZ	39	26	1,268*
W1LQQ	25	16	500*
W1DPB	22	14	385*
W1LNM	8	6	60*
W1VBR	3	2	8*
K2DSW	52	27	1,755*
K2KDW	47	27	1,586*
W2N1Y	36	22	990*
W2EMW	34	22	935*
K2DEM	34	19	808*
K2GLQ	28	20	700*
K2HXR	25	15	469*
W2SAW	20	17	340
K2OPJ	18	15	338*
W2LRO	16	13	260*
W2DMU	17	13	221
K2GTC	16	11	220*
W2BWW	17	9	195*
K2PPV	15	10	150
W2L GK	8	6	60*
K2UOY	7	5	44*
K2OEG	6	5	38*

(Continued from page 168)



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SEE PAGE 109 NOVEMBER QST

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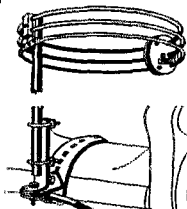
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	9	J SA6603		X	50-100 Kc
	1	J SA6608	X		50-100 Kc
	26	AA SA6623		X	27.5-301 mc
	129	AA SA6626	X		27.5-301 mc
	26	AB SA6622		X	25-35 mc
	12	AB SA6625	X		25-35 mc
	31	AD SA9250		X	1.7-4 mc

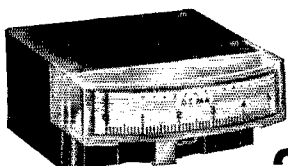
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W2COB.....	42	20	1,050*
W2MCO.....	27	16	540*
K2OBO.....	17	12	255*
K2KDW.....	14	12	210*
W2DMU.....	14	8	112
K2OPJ.....	13	6	98*
W2EFE.....	12	6	90*
W2LKG.....	10	5	63*
W2TUK.....	5	3	19*
K2GBN.....	5	3	15
W3CMD.....	54	27	1,821*
W3EDA.....	29	20	725*
W3ZHQ.....	31	18	698*
W3MDO.....	26	16	416
W3ZIH.....	24	16	384
W3CDG.....	20	15	375*
W3EIV.....	10	8	100*
W4JUI.....	46	29	1,668*
K4DRO.....	37	22	1,018*
W4VRH/4.....	35	21	919*
W4VB.....	40	21	840
K4ARP.....	29	20	725*
W4JLK.....	21	15	394*
W4EJP.....	14	14	368*
W4VFO.....	14	11	193*
W4W8F.....	11	9	124*
K4CQA/4.....	7	6	53*
W5LYM.....	78	37	2,886
K5CXK.....	52	28	1,820*
K5CVI.....	45	22	1,238*
W5CSY.....	38	23	1,093*
W5GFX.....	18	10	163*
W5PM.....	7	7	61*
K5CBA.....	1	1	1*
W6UTZ.....	75	27	2,531*
W6RGJ.....	72	27	2,430*
W6JVA.....	57	29	2,066*
W6PAL.....	43	26	1,398*
K6DAC.....	44	25	1,375*
K6OHM.....	40	22	1,100*
K6MPX.....	37	20	925*
W6DXZ.....	28	15	525*
W6DAC.....	30	17	510
W6ZZ.....	22	16	440*
K6ICS.....	17	11	234*
W7SFK.....	87	40	3,480
W7NPV.....	57	30	2,138*
W7KOL.....	44	25	1,375*
W7AZI.....	36	21	945*
W7ZLQ.....	16	13	208
W7CUV.....	13	11	179*
W8AJW.....	91	37	4,209*
W8UVD.....	50	24	1,500*
W8CGQ.....	44	27	1,485*
W8UON.....	19	15	356*
W8UPH.....	18	15	338*
W8QXW.....	21	14	294
W8AVW.....	7	7	49
W8JAX.....	4	4	20*
W9CMC.....	67	31	2,596*
W9NLF.....	20	12	300*
W9QGR.....	13	7	91
W0ZZT.....	59	29	2,139*
W0WLT.....	44	27	1,485*
W0TOM.....	44	24	1,320*
W0YJM.....	38	27	1,283*
W0GXP.....	42	24	1,008
W0BLH.....	28	18	630*
W0YQR.....	20	17	425*
W0JBM.....	22	14	385*
W0GAX.....	16	16	320*
W0MCX.....	20	13	260
W0YCA.....	17	10	212*
DLIIB.....	20	14	280
DL4XZ.....	13	12	196*
DL9XR.....	7	7	61*
F8PI.....	27	16	432
PA0VB.....	5	5	31*

The following logs were submitted for log-checking purposes only:

YL C.W. — K2JBX, W7KEU/Ø
YL Phone — W1YNI, W3RXV, W4HLE, W5s RYX, DY A; W0EEE/K0DEY, KP4ZV.

OM C.W. — W1s LIG, WEE; W3s UDO, FKE; K2JVN/5, K5HXB, W6s BIL DXZ; SM5AVV, VE6SX, LA6U, PAØLY.

OM Phone — W1s LIG, BTU; W2KYG, W3BVL W6QOZ, W7s BLN FZB; LA8WE, VE3AFS.

SUPERIOR GEAR—FROM THE SSB PIONEER

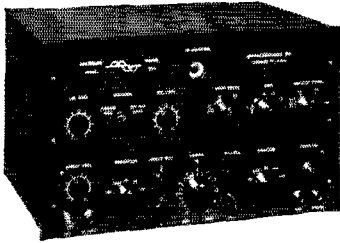
MULTIPHASE 20A EXCITER

Now Better Than Ever

The "Work-Horse" of SSB. It's a fact—there are More 20A'S on the air than all other makes combined! 20 watts P.E.P. output on SSB, DSB, AM, PM & CW. Perfected voice-controlled break-in. Band switched 160-10 meters. Increased stability—improved linearity—higher output on HF bands, versatile, dependable, reasonably priced. Quality thru and thru.

Wired and Tested.....\$249.50

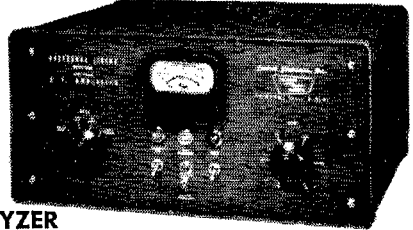
Complete Kit.....\$199.50



MULTIPHASE 600L

Broad-band linear amplifier for SSB, DSB, AM, PM & CW. No tuning controls of any kind! Single knob band-switching 10 to 160 meters. A 20A easily drives it to 500 watts DC input. Single 813 in high efficiency class AB2. Built-in regulated power supplies. Exclusive meter reads watts input, RF AMPS & SWR. TVI suppressed—parasitic free.

Complete Ready to Operate.....\$495.00



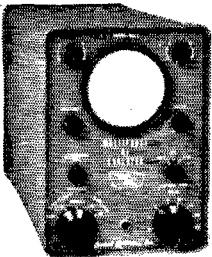
MULTIPHASE MM-1 RF ANALYZER

What's your signal really like? Hook in an MM-1 and stop guessing! 3" scope instantly shows up flat-topping, improper bias, incorrect loading, etc., and how to correct them. SSB or AM—5 watts to 5KW—1MC to 55MC—take your pick of envelope, trapezoid or bow-tie patterns. Built-in 1KC oscillator for complete alignment of SSB exciters.

Wired and Tested.....\$129.50

Complete Kit.....\$99.50

A POSTCARD BRINGS YOU INFORMATION ON ALL MULTIPHASE GEAR.

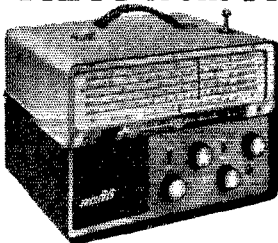


Central Electronics, Inc.

1247 W. Belmont Ave.

Chicago 13, Illinois

3 NEW from NATIONAL-ALL 3 at DeMambo

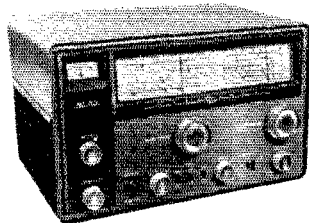


NC-66 Ham receiver, 3-way portable, marine receiver, and SWL receiver. AC/DC-battery operation. Five-band coverage from 150 kc to 23 mc. Electrical bandspread with logging scale, plus a fixed-tuned CW oscillator, handsome, rugged metal cabinet with a carrying handle. Two antennas: whip and loop stick.

For boat owners a special marine band from 150 kc to 400 kc covers maritime DF beacon service.

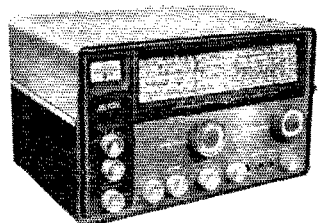
\$129.95

All prices subject to change without notice.



NC-188 A new low-priced general coverage receiver featuring smart, modern styling. Receiver is directly calibrated for the four general coverage ranges and five bandspread ranges for the amateur bands (80-10 meters). Covers 540 kc to 40 mcs. Voice or CW.

\$159.95



NC-109 Accent on value. The lowest-priced general coverage receiver available today with exclusive "Micro-tone" crystal filter, separate product detector for CW and SSB reception. Has big "S" meter. Covers 540 kc to 40 mc in four bands including broadcast band. Voice, CW or SSB. Features smart, new styling.

\$199.95

DeMambo

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Bendix Radio, the leader in its field, has numerous, excellent opportunities for Field Engineering Personnel for both U.S. and overseas assignments. You will be responsible for the installation, overhaul and maintenance of long-range Bendix radar equipment.

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Send resume to: MR. O. A. BOWMAN
Field Engineering
Dept- Q

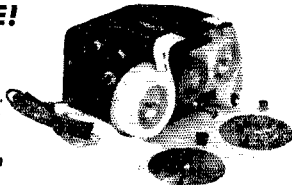
Bendix Radio

DIVISION OF BENDIX AVIATION CORP.
BALTIMORE 4, MARYLAND

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Type S
\$28.00 Postpaid in U. S. A.



Housed in Aluminum Case Black Instrument Finished, Small—Compact—Quiet induction type motor, 110 Volts—60 Cycle A.C.

Adjustable speed control, maintains constant speed at any Setting. Complete with ten rolls of double perforated tape. A wide variety of other practice tapes available at 50c per roll.

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STRATFORD NEW JERSEY

MODEL

CD-2

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Accepted

DOUBLE CONVERSION RECEIVER
PLATE MODULATED P.P. FINAL

CD-2
2 Meters

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6 Meters

- Available for 2 Mtrs. or 6 Mtrs.
- Designed for CD, Fixed or Mobile
- Your complete CD station

A complete resume available on request to CD Division

SONAR RAD CORP

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THE C & G 7-BAND ANTENNA SYSTEM IS PROVING ITSELF!

TOPS ON ANTENNA 'FARM'

Lloyd Norberg,
W7EHQ, of Stei-
lacom, Wash.,
says; My model
300 outperforms
all my other an-
tennas, and I
have a real farm
of them.



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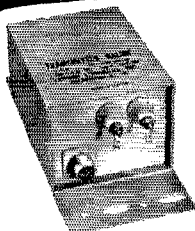
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TACOMA 2, WASH.

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ONE BALUN FOR 1.5 to 30 mc

Full Kilowatt Rating When
SWR is 2 to 1 or Better

BALUNS Now in Full Production: FOR 50 OHM COAX

TB-5 matches 50 ohms balanced.....	Price
TB-7 matches 75 ohms balanced.....	\$18.50
TB-3 matches 200 ohms balanced.....	24.95
TB-6 matches 300 ohms balanced.....	17.50
	24.50

FOR 75 OHM COAX

TB-4 matches 75 ohms balanced.....	17.50
TB-2 matches 300 ohms balanced.....	16.95

NEW—Transformer that matches between 50 ohms coax
and 75 ohm coax. Same ratings and case as the baluns.
T-1 R.F. power transf..... **\$17.50**

Specifications: 3½" wide, 3" deep, 4½" long (less
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More NEW LYNMAR Products:

TB-8 50 ohms unbalanced to 470 ohms balanced.
\$125.00

TB-1A 75 ohms unbalanced to 600 ohms balanced.
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Specifications: 6" wide, 13" long, 4" deep. Weight
10 lbs. Otherwise same ratings as above.

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**AN ELECTRONIC
T-R SWITCH
THAT REALLY
WORKS!**



FEATHERWEIGHT • MIDGET-SIZE • UPS EFFICIENCY

Don't confuse this great, new electronic Transmitter-
Receiver Switch with anything similar you've ever
known! Here is a truly effective, efficient and practical
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Lynmar TRS-1 Switch is designed for any amateur
transmitter, home-made or commercial. Wonderfully
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TVI and makes most receivers perform better. Under
test, receiver sensitivity increased up to 15db when
used with transmitters of 150-watts or less . . . uses
negligible power for operation and takes 6.3 volts
filament and 150 volts @ 13 mils for plate of type
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switch is a must for every
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PRICE \$11.95
(with tube)

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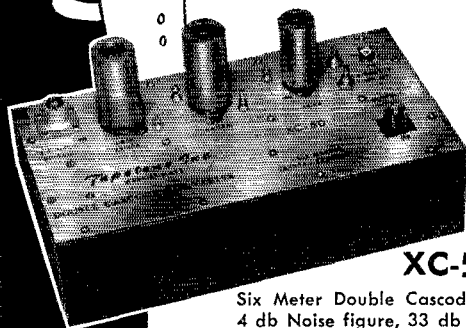
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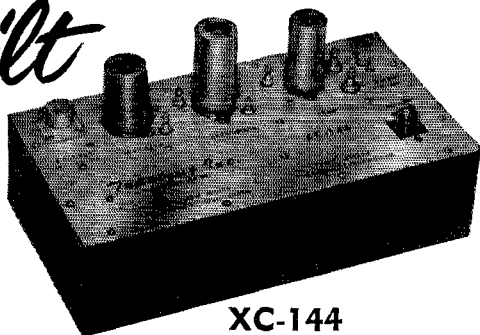
Quality Built

2 AND 6 METER CONVERTERS



XC-50

Six Meter Double Cascade Crystal Controlled Converter. 4 db Noise figure, 33 db Power gain, 90 db Image rejection, 80 db I. F. rejection and 80 db down on all other spurious responses. XC-50 output 14 to 18 mc; Price \$59.95



XC-144

Two Meter grounded grid 417A Crystal Controlled Converter. 2.8 db Noise figure, 33 db Power gain, 60 db Image rejection, 80 db I. F. rejection and 80 db down on all other spurious responses. XC-144 output 14 to 18 mc. Price \$79.95

Other Models:

- XC-144-C output . . . 26 to 30 mc.
- XC-144-N output . . . 30 to 34 mc.
- XC-50-C output . . . 26 to 30 mc.
- XC-50-N output . . . 30 to 34 mc.

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SENDING • RECEIVING • SPEED
Complete Instructions.

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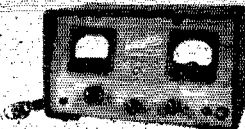
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Commercial MOBILE RADIO is bursting its seams . . . these rigs require first-rate maintenance . . . pay first-rate money . . . usually on a term-contract basis! GET STARTED while it's NEW!

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It's a natural for hams—so write for free booklet "HOW TO MAKE MONEY IN MOBILE-RADIO MAINTENANCE".

TIME PAYMENT PLAN NOW AVAILABLE!



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Mfg. DIVISION, BRADENTON, FLA.

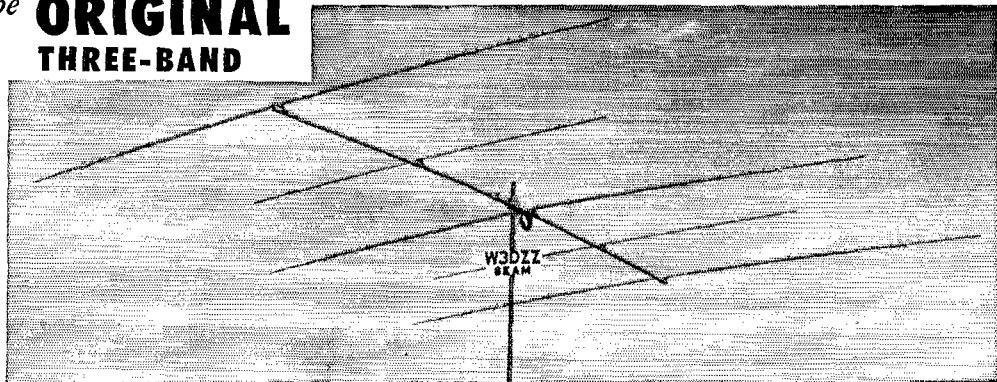
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Free Booklet Technical data on Lampkin meters

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The **ORIGINAL**
THREE-BAND



- ✓ **NO STACKING REQUIRED**—all elements are at the full height yet wind resistance is held to a minimum.
- ✓ **UNIQUE WINDMILL DESIGN**—permits ready access to all parts of the beam from the tower.
- ✓ **WIDE-BAND BALANCER**—affords perfect pattern symmetry with coaxial feed line. No adjustment required.
- ✓ **MAXIMUM GAIN**—over 8-db. gain on 20 and 15 meters, somewhat higher on 10 meters.
- ✓ **HIGH FRONT TO BACK RATIO**—in most installations the front to back ratio exceeds 30 db. on 10 and 20 meters and 25 db. on 15 meters.
- ✓ **RUGGED DESIGN**—Boom consists of two 12-foot lengths of 2 1/4" dia. tubing with .065" wall. Three-band elements are made of 1 1/2" tubing with .058" wall. All tubing is of 6061-T6 heat-treated aluminum alloy for maximum weather resistance and strength.

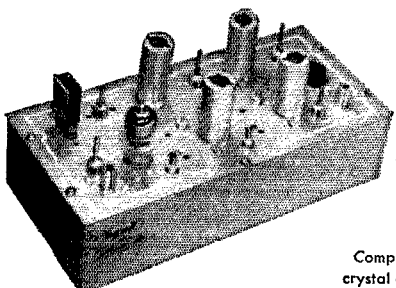
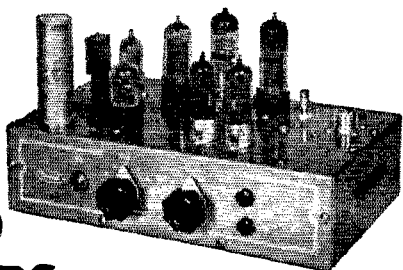
MODEL FT-100 BEAM ANTENNA PARASITIC ARRAY operating on 10, 15 and 20 meters. Complete with chromate dipped hardware and aircraft type stainless steel clamps (to assure against corrosion and rust), assembly instructions and prints.....
MULTIBAND DESIGN FOR WIRE ANTENNAS—The W3DZZ design employs a concentric coil and condenser completely potted in Polyester Resin. Polystyrene insulation of concentric capacitor can withstand highest amateur transmitter voltages.
MODEL FT-200 TRAPS for 5-band antenna operation on 10/15/20/40 and 80 meters. (75 ohm feed line). Pair, postpaid..... **\$12.50**

\$225.00



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2,
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or 10
METERS
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\$42.50

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Tecraft Transmitters For 220, 144, 50, or 10-11-15 Mc. Hi-Level Plate Modulation • Hi-Impedance Mike Provisions for Metering All Stages • Tuned Antenna Output System to 52/72 Ohm Line • RF Output-Indicator • Power Requirement 6.3 v AC @ 4 amps & 250 v DC @ 250 ma. • Tubes: 6AU6 osc.; 5763 Buf/Dbtr; 6360 Buf/Mult; 6360 final amp.; 12AX7 speech amp. & driver; 2-6AQ5 modulators • Power Input to Final, 20 Watts.
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Matching Power Supply..... 39.95

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LOW NOISE FIGURE: Approximately 4 db. 1 microvolt of signal will provide better than 20 db. thermal noise quieting.
SENSITIVITY: Approximately 1/10 microvolt input will provide a signal 6 db. over noise level.
GAIN: Better than 30 db.
MODEL: CC5-50, CC5-144, CC5-220 for
 Collins 75A1, 2, 3.....Specify IF 26-30 Mc.
 Collins 75A 4.....Specify IF 28-30 Mc.
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MODEL: CC5-50 and CC5-144. For General Coverage receivers. Choose either 6-10, 7-11, 8-12, 10-14, 12-16, 14-18. Any of above in kit form, **\$29.75.** CC5-220. For 14-19 Mc. only. Wired only.



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2020	2595	3005	4035	5327	6100	6525	7050	7441	7716	7973	8240	8508
2025	2600	3010	4040	5338	6104	6540	7073	7456	7730	7987	8254	8522
2035	2655	3015	4080	5385	6155	6590	7123	7506	7780	8037	8304	8572
2040	2660	3020	4095	5397	6160	6603	7135	7518	7792	8049	8316	8584
2055	2665	3025	4110	5426	6172	6615	7148	7531	7804	8061	8328	8596
2060	2680	3030	4135	5437	6180	6640	7160	7543	7816	8073	8340	8610
2065	2685	3035	4165	5485	6193	6668	7170	7556	7828	8085	8348	8618
2090	2690	3040	4175	5500	6175	6825	7150	7569	7842	8100	8358	8628
2095	2695	3045	4190	5545	6185	6840	7160	7582	7854	8112	8368	8638
2125	2705	3050	4215	5582	6200	6850	7206	7606	7871	8128	8385	8648
2130	2710	3055	4220	5587	6204	6873	7215	7620	7884	8141	8392	8658
2135	2715	3060	4252	5645	6225	6875	7246	7641	7904	8158	8408	8668
2140	2720	3065	4280	5660	6235	6900	7250	7656	7918	8173	8418	8678
2195	2750	3070	4295	5685	6240	6906	7273	7670	7932	8188	8428	8688
2200	2755	3075	4300	5687	6250	6925	7275	7685	7944	8198	8438	8698
2205	2760	3080	4300	5700	6260	6940	7273	7700	7958	8213	8448	8708
2220	2765	3110	4310	5706	6273	6940	7300	7713	7967	8223	8458	8718
2230	2770	3130	4395	5723	6280	6950	7300	7728	7976	8230	8468	8728
2235	2775	3135	4397	5730	6285	6950	7300	7733	7981	8235	8473	8733
2240	2780	3140	4445	5740	6290	6960	7300	7738	7986	8240	8478	8738
2265	2785	3145	4450	5750	6300	6970	7300	7743	7991	8245	8483	8743
2270	2790	3150	4490	5760	6310	6980	7300	7748	7996	8250	8488	8748
2275	2795	3155	4495	5773	6315	6980	7300	7753	8001	8255	8493	8753
2290	2815	3160	4535	5775	6325	6990	7300	7758	8006	8260	8498	8758
2305	2825	3165	4540	5780	6335	7000	7300	7763	8011	8265	8503	8763
2430	2835	3170	4580	5782	6345	7010	7300	7768	8016	8270	8508	8768
2435	2840	3175	4610	5800	6355	7020	7300	7773	8021	8275	8513	8773
2440	2845	3180	4620	5806	6365	7030	7300	7778	8026	8280	8518	8778
2442	2850	3205	4635	5820	6375	7040	7300	7783	8031	8285	8523	8783
2450	2855	3210	4640	5825	6385	7050	7300	7788	8036	8290	8528	8788
2455	2860	3220	4695	5840	6400	7060	7300	7793	8041	8295	8533	8793
2460	2865	3225	4710	5850	6410	7070	7300	7798	8046	8300	8538	8798
2465	2870	3230	4720	5855	6420	7080	7300	7803	8051	8305	8543	8803
2470	2875	3235	4780	5860	6430	7090	7300	7808	8056	8310	8548	8808
2475	2880	3240	4825	5873	6440	7100	7300	7813	8061	8315	8553	8813
2480	2885	3245	4835	5875	6450	7110	7300	7818	8066	8320	8558	8818
2485	2890	3310	4820	5880	6460	7120	7300	7823	8071	8325	8563	8823
2500	2895	3320	4840	5892	6470	7130	7300	7828	8076	8330	8568	8828
2495	2905	3330	4855	5906	6480	7140	7300	7833	8081	8335	8573	8833
2505	2910	3410	4852	5906	6495	7145	7300	7838	8086	8340	8578	8838
2510	2915	3420	4880	5907	6510	7155	7300	7843	8091	8345	8583	8843
2515	2920	3435	4930	5915	6520	7160	7300	7848	8096	8350	8588	8848
2520	2925	3465	4930	5940	6530	7170	7300	7853	8101	8355	8593	8853
2525	2930	3475	4930	5975	6540	7180	7300	7858	8106	8360	8598	8858
2530	2935	3440	4940	5955	6550	7190	7300	7863	8111	8365	8603	8863
2535	2940	3655	4995	5973	6560	7200	7300	7868	8116	8370	8608	8868
2545	2945	3680	5030	5975	6570	7210	7300	7873	8121	8375	8613	8873
2550	2950	3700	5025	5994	6580	7220	7300	7878	8126	8380	8618	8878
2552	2955	3760	5090	6000	6600	7230	7300	7883	8131	8385	8623	8883
2560	2960	3800	5125	6006	6610	7240	7300	7888	8136	8390	8628	8888
2565	2965	3885	5165	6025	6620	7250	7300	7893	8141	8395	8633	8893
2570	2975	3940	5180	6040	6630	7260	7300	7898	8146	8400	8638	8898
2575	2980	3945	5275	6045	6640	7270	7300	7903	8151	8405	8643	8903
2580	2985	3980	5235	6050	6650	7280	7300	7908	8156	8410	8648	8908

SPECIAL
FT-243
YOUR CHOICE
49¢
ea.

NOVICE FT-243 FUNDAMENTAL OR 99c BAND DC-34 FREQUENCIES

YOUR CHOICE OF FREQUENCIES!

80 METERS 3701 through 3748 in steps of 1 KC.

40 METERS FT-243 or DC-34.

DOUBLING TO 40 METERS 3588 through 3599 in steps of 1 KC.

15 METERS FT-243 only.

5276 through 5312 in steps of 1 KC.

FT-241 SSB. Matched Pairs..... pr. \$1.95

FT-241 Single Side Band low frequency Crystals—

370 KC to 540 KC.....ea. 49c

DC 34/35 from 1690 to 4440 KC.....ea. 49c

AN/TRC-1 FT-241 holders from 729 to 1040 KC—

1000 KC excluded.....ea. 49c

FT-241 200 KC or 500 KC.....ea. \$1.00

FT-243 1000 KC Marker Std.....ea. \$2.95

100 KC FT-249 RCA VC-5.....ea. 4.95

160 Meter—FT243 1005 to 1999 KC.....ea. \$1.99

Marine and C.A.P.

ALL FREQUENCIES AVAILABLE NOW!

2009—2182—2637 etc. Tol. .005%.....ea. \$2.99

OTHER FREQUENCIES AVAILABLE—SEND FOR CATALOG

Include 5c per crystal for postage and insurance, Calif. add 4% Tax. No. C.O.D.'S. Prices subject to change. Ind. 2nd choice; substitution may be necessary. **Min. Order \$2.50.**

NUMBERS LISTED ARE FUNDAMENTAL FREQUENCIES IN KILOCYCLES

U. S. CRYSTALS, INC.

1342 So. La Brea Ave., Los Angeles 19, Calif.

HAM-ADS

(1) Advertising shall pertain to radio and shall be of nature of interest to radio amateurs or experimenters in their pursuit of the art.

(2) No display of any character will be accepted, nor can any special typographical arrangement, such as all or part capital letters be used which would tend to make one advertisement stand out from the others. No Box Reply Service can be maintained in these columns nor may commercial type copy be signed solely with amateur call letters.

(3) The Ham-Ad rate is 30¢ per word, except as noted in paragraph (6) below.

(4) Remittance in full must accompany copy, since Ham-Ads are not carried on our books. No cash or contract discount or agency commission will be allowed.

(5) Closing date for Ham-Ads is the 20th of the second month preceding publication date.

(6) A special rate of 7¢ per word will apply to advertising which, in our judgment, is obviously non-commercial in nature. Thus, advertising of bona fide surplus equipment owned, used and for sale by an individual or apparatus offered for exchange or advertising inquiring for special equipment, takes the 7¢ rate. An attempt to deal in apparatus in quantity for profit, even if by an individual, is commercial and all advertising so classified takes the 30¢ rate. Provisions of paragraphs (1), (2) and (5), apply to all advertising in this column regardless of which rate may apply.

(7) Because error is more easily avoided, it is requested signature and address be printed plainly. Typewritten copy preferred but handwritten signature must accompany all authorized insertions.

(8) No advertiser may use more than 100 words in any one issue nor more than one ad in one issue.

Having made no investigation of the advertisers in the classified columns except those obviously commercial in character, the publishers of QST are unable to vouch for their integrity or for the grade or character of the products or services advertised.

QUARTZ—Direct importers from Brazil of best quality pure quartz suitable for making piezo-electric crystals. Diamond Drill Carbon Co., 248 Madison Ave., New York City 16.

MOTOROLA used FM communication equipment bought and sold. W5BCO, Ralph Hicks, 204 E. Fairview, Tulsa, Okla.

WANTED: Cash or trade, fixed frequency receivers 28/42 Mc. W9YIV, Troy, Ill.

MICHIGAN Hams! Amateur supplies, standard brands. Store hours 08:30 to 17:30 Monday through Saturday. Roy J. Purchase, W8KE, Purchase Radio Supply, 327 E. Hoover St., Ann Arbor, Michigan. Tel. NOrmandy 8-8262.

WANTED: Early wireless gear, books, magazines, catalogs before 1922. Send description and prices. W6GHH, 1010 Monte Dr., Santa Barbara, Calif.

WANTED: All types aircraft & ground transmitters, receivers ART-13, RT18/ARC1, R5/ARN7, BC610E, ARN6, BC788C, ARC-3, BC342. Highest prices possible paid. Dames, W2KUU, 308 Hickory St., Arlington, N. J.

ATTENTION Mobilers! Leece-Neville 6 volt 100 amp. system alternator, regulator & rectifier, \$45.00. Also Leece-Neville 12-volt 100 amp. system, alternator, regulator & rectifier, \$85.00. Good condition. H. A. Zimmerman Jr., K2PAT, 115 Willow St., Brooklyn 1, N. Y. Ulster 2-3472.

CASH for your gear. We buy as well as sell. Write for cash offer or trade. We stock Elmac, Gonset, Hallcrafters, Hammarlund, Johnson, Lyisco Master Mobile, Morrow, National and other ham gear. H & H Electronic Supply, Inc., 506 Kishwaukee St., Rockford, Ill.

WANTED: Receiver R5/ARN-7, MN-62A transceivers, RT18/ARC-1, AN/ARC-3, BC-788C, 1-152C, Collins, Bendix equipment, test sets, dynamos, inverters. We pay highest prices. Advise quantity, condition, price in first letter. Aircraft Radio Industries, Inc., 15 East 40th St., New York City, Tel. Lexington 2-6254.

DX'ERS Notice! Save money? Save Time? Free info. DX QSL Coupl. Box 5938, Kansas City 11, Mo.

MULTI-BRAND Antenna, 80-40-20-15-10, \$19.95. Patented. Send stamp for information. Latin Radio Laboratories, Owensboro, Ky.

SAN FRANCISCO and vicinity. Communication receivers repaired and realigned. Guaranteed work. Factory methods. Special problems invited any equipment. Associated Electronics, 167 So. Livermore, Livermore, Calif. W6KF, Skipper.

RECEIVERS: Repaired and aligned by competent engineers, using factory standard instruments. Authorized Factory Service Station for Collins, Hallicrafters, National. Our twenty-first year. Douglas Instrument Laboratory, 176 Norfolk Ave., Boston 19, Mass.

VACATIONS. Ham with my equipment, modern housekeeping cabins, American plan. Big McKenzie Lake, Spooner, Wis. Tony Martorano, W9HZC.

WANTED: ARC-3, ARC-1, ART-13, BC-312, BC-342, BC-610, BC-788, O-17/ART13 LFO and other surplus. Advise what you have and price. Ritter, W4VHG, Box 5878, Bethesda, Md.

SCHEMATIC diagrams ARC-5 80-40 meter cvrs and xmitters, 25¢ each or trade. S. Consalvo, 4905 Roanoke Drive, Washington 21, D. C.

RADIO magazines. Buy, sell or trade. Bob Farmer, Plainview, Texas.

CASH Paid! Sell your surplus electronic tubes. Want unused, clean transmitting special purpose, receiving, TV types, magnetrons, klystrons, broadcast, etc. Also want military and commercial lab test and communications gear. We swap, too, for tubes or choice equipment. Send specific details in first letter. For a fair deal write, wire or telephone: Barry Electronics, 512 Broadway, New York 12, N. Y. Tel. Walker 5-7000.

QSLs? SWLS? Finest and largest variety samples, 25¢ (refunded). Callbooks (Summer issue), \$4.50. "Rus" Sackers, W8DED, P.O. Box 218, Holland, Mich.

QSLs-SWLS. Meade W0KXL, 1507 Central Avenue, Kansas City, Kans.

QSLs-SWLS. 100, \$2.85 up. Samples 10¢. Griffith, W3FSW, 1042 Pine Heights Ave., Baltimore, Md.

DELUXE QSLs—Petty, W2HAZ, Box 27, Trenton, N. J. Samples 10¢.

QSLs "Brownie," W3CJL, 3110 Lehigh, Allentown, Penna. Samples 10¢; with catalogue, 25¢.

QSLs-SWLS. Samples 10¢. Malgo Press, 1937 Glendale Ave., Toledo 14, Ohio.

QSLs. Twenty exclusive designs in 3 colors. Rush \$3 for 100 or \$5 for 200 and get surprise of your life. 48 hour service. Satisfaction guaranteed. Constantine Press, Bladensburg, Md.

QSLs—All kinds and prices, samples 10¢ fast service. DX Card Co., Kulik St., Clifton, N. J. GR 3-4779.

QSLs that bring returns! Samples 25¢ (deductible). C. Fritz, 1213 Briargate, Joliet, Ill.

QSL Samples. Dime, refundable. Roy Gale, W1BD, Box 154, Waterford, Conn.

QSLs. Neat, Attractive. Samples 10¢. Woody's, Box 164, Asher Sta., Little Rock, Ark.

QSLs. Taprint, Union, Miss.

QSLs. Samples 10¢. H. J. Snyder, 398 Washington, Peru, Ind.

QSLs. Reasonable, 3 weeks delivery. Samples 10 cents (coin) Dick, K6GJM, 10558 E. Olive, Temple City, Calif.

QSLs. Sharp! 200 one color, glossy, \$4.75; Multi-color samples dime. K9DAS QSL Factory, Edward Green & Sons, Box 197, Frankfort, Ind.

QSLs. SWLS, Samples dime. Backus, 703 Cumberland St., Richmond, Va.

QSLs: Cartoons, colors, something different. Samples 15¢. Chris, W9PPA, 365 Terra Cotta, Crystal Lake, Ill.

FINEST QSLs! Lowest prices. Samples. WAT, Box 128, Brecksville, Ohio.

QSLs Glossy, two colors, samples 10¢ (refunded), 300 cards \$3.75. W1GKH Press, Candleview Ridge, Danbury 18, Conn.

INDIVIDUALLY Designed QSLs. Send idea. Sketches, prices, returned for approval. Also stock samples, dime. St. Louis Amateur Radio Club, 1123 Washington Ave., St. Louis, Mo.

QSLs. Reasonable, 3 Week Delivery. Samples dime (coin). Dick, K6GJM, Box 294, Temple City, Calif.

QSLs. Samples, dime. Printer, Corwith, Iowa.

NOVICES! General's! QSLs, SWLS, VHF's, XVI-OMS, (samples approximately .09 3/4¢) reasonably priced "tacked-up-kind" different, comic, sedate, diversified, glorious, prototypical, infrequent, unparagoned, extraordinary, unprecedented, dissimilar (wow!), Rogers, K9AAB, 737 Lincoln Ave., Saint Paul 5, Minn.

QSLs. California only. Dauph, K6JCN, Box 60009, Mar Vista 66, Calif.

QSLs. High gloss. Free samples. K2VOB Press, 62 Midland Blvd., Maplewood, N. J.

QSLs of distinction! Three colors & up. 10¢ brings you samples of distinction. Uncle Fred, Box 86, Lynn, Penna.

QSLs. Glossy. Samples 10¢. W1OLU Press, 30 Magoun, Medford, Mass.

SEND \$1.00 for 50 QSLs-SWLS. Glossy cards. Samples free. Bolles, Box 9007, Austin 17, Texas.

QSLs samples, dime. Gay Krenz, Fall Creek, Wis.

RUBBER Stamps for QSLs: sample imprints. C. W. Hamm, W9UNY, 542 N. 93rd St., Milwaukee, Wis.

QSLs: Cartoons, colors, something different. Samples 15¢. Chris, W9PPA, 365 Terra Cotta, Crystal Lake, Ill.

QSL Special. Free Sample. Nat Stinnette, W4AYV, P. O. Box 155, Umatilla, Fla.

QSLs. SWLS. Samples dime. Backus, 703 Cumberland St., Richmond, Va.

RUSPRINT QSLs-SWLS. 1¢ each. Samples 10¢. Box 7507, Kansas City 16, Mo.

SEND for this month's standout listings of Reconditioned Equipment. Also request our new "1957" Amateur Catalog. We feature all leading brands and promise you an attractive deal always regardless of your needs or budget. Check our offer first. We deal quickly, easily and always on a personal basis. Stan Burghardt, W9BJV, Burghardt Radio Supply, Watertown, S. Dak.

MEDICAL Hams! Trade Beck-Lee Model E electrocardiograph for a good Collins receiver. T. R. Jacobson, M.D., W8SLG, Hot Springs, S. Dak.

SALE: QSL metal file boxes with State and DX index. Initialed with call letters, \$3.00 each. Gerold Kaminski, W8OQR, 2814 Albion St., Toledo, Ohio.

TECHNICAL Manuals TM11-273, 120 pages covering BC-312 receivers and BC-191 transmitters, \$2.50. ID-60/APA-10 Paradoxer manuals, \$2.75. Both postpaid in U.S.A. Electronicraft, Bronxville, N. Y.

FOR Sale: Harvey-Wells TB550D Bandmaster Deluxe transmitter, never used, plus schematic, \$110. Robert Hildebrand, 501 Washington Ave., Greenville, Ohio.

TO 75% discount. Brand name parts, new. Meters, switches, relays, tubes, resistors, condensers, others. For complete listing send 50¢ coin, refundable. Ensall, 1134 Bingham Ave., Warren, Ohio.

HALLCRAFTERS, Central Electronics ham gear—others. Swartzlander Radio Limited. Fremont, Ohio. Call Jerry, W8EPI or write.

RUBBER Stamps of all kinds. Special, Nickel-plated self-inking pocket stamp, \$1.40. Name QTH and Call. Howard Rappaport, W9VRB, 401 N. 2nd St., Humboldt, Iowa.

COLLINS 75A1 in perfect condition, \$260, including speaker. Walter A. Duke, Radio Station WDBL, Springfield, Tenn.

HAMFEST June 9th Southwest from Ottawa, Ill. on Illinois Route 71 at the La Salle County 4-H Home and Picnic Area. Advance registrations may be mailed not later than June 1 to Starved Rock Radio Club, Route 2, Hines, Illinois. Advance registration \$1.00; \$1.50 at the gate. A nice all-day affair for Midwest Hams and their families.

FOR Sale: Hallcrafters S-85 with Heath Q multiplier and Hallcrafters S-meter, \$100; Homebrew xmitter AM/CW 90 watt (\$140 in parts) \$90; Kw. xmitter, will sell cheap. Chas. Anderson, 710 West Oak, Dodge City, Kans.

QST September 1937 thru December 1950, complete run except March 1944. Best offer takes. W9CAW, K. H. Stanger 1840 South Milwaukee St., Denver, Col.

SELL: Adventurer. Make offer. W5KKB.

WANTED: BC-221, BC-348, BC-312, BC-342, BC-610-E, ARN-7, BC-788, ARN-6, APR-4, ARC-1, ARC-3, ART-13. All types surplus or amateur transmitters, receivers, test equipment taken in trade for New Johnson Viking Ranger, Pacemaker, Valiant, Hallcrafters, Hammarlund, National B&W, Gonset, Elmac, Telrex, Fisher Hi-Fi, etc. Write Tom, WIAFN, Alltronics-Howard Co., Box 19, Boston 1, Mass. Tel. Richmond 2-0048. Stores: 60 Spring St., Newport, R. I.; 44 Canal, Boston, Mass.

WANTED: Your new, used and unused equipment! Get all the cash when you sell to Harry, W6ATCI! We pay most for BC-348, BC-224, R-5/ARN-7, BC-788, ARN-6, APR-4, all types of Test and Communication Equipment. Alvarado Industries, Box 151-QS, North Hollywood, Calif.

HALLICRAFTERS SC-40A modified for 25/60 cycle operation with jack for tape recorder pickup, in A-1 condx, \$100. Write J. Ralph, 112 Marquette Ave., Downsview, Ont., Can., or Phone Toronto ST 8-8589.

FOR Sale: 450 watt rig, open 6 ft. Bud rack, screened and TVI suppressed; PP 812A's, mod. 125 watts; 1800/1500/1250 p.s. — 300/600 p.s. — 400/300 p.s. Worth in parts: \$300. Price: \$125. Take it away, 459A with p.s., \$30; Sonar XE10, \$15. Many parts and xmirrs. Phone or write: W. Ulrich, 76-19 Caldwell Ave., Elmhurst 73, L. I., N. Y. Tel. DE 5-3185 after 7 P.M.

SELL: Trade-Camera: Super Icontia B, rt., Tessar f:2.8 coated, sync. compur, case, shade, filters, like new. Want: Viking Ranger, Carl Rainbolt, W9VZF, Cordon, Ind.

FOR Sale: Johnson Adventurer, \$50. Bell model 225G Hi-Fi amp, \$70; Harmon-Kardon Hi-Fi FM tuner, \$65; two and six meter conv., \$50; H.W. TBS50C Hi Z imp. VFO and pwr supp, \$150; Hallcrafters S-53A, \$60; Heath V-72 VTMV new w. & t., \$35; \$450 takes all. Write: W3BFC, 334 Lambeth Rd., Balto, 28, Md.

WANTED: Power transformer 2600 volts at 300 to 500 Ma. with center tap connection. K4CLE, Charlotte, Tenn.

FOR Sale: Three (3) Vocaline Transceivers, Citizen Band, used very little. Complete with outside and inside antennas, microphones, etc. \$150.

COLLINS 30K-1, complete, in new condx. Manual for SSB conversion, \$800 F.o.b. Pittsfield, N. H. WITHM, RFD #1, A. J. Brizzolari.

SELL: New AF-67 unused, \$150. WIHNB, 014 W. Shaft, North Adams, Mass.

WANTED: Collins PTO unit. State condition and price in your reply. Ray Feecey, W6CMT, 6719 Main Ave., Orangevale, Calif.

FOR Sale: Onan power plant, 115 V. AC, 60 cycle, 500 watts, in original crate, \$50; "Matchbox" 250 watt, new \$35; power supply, 2500 V. DC at 350 Ma., new parts, \$50; Super Six converter, in exc. condx, \$30; Heath V-72 VTMV new w. & t., \$35; Heath Q multiplier, \$8; Heath VFO, \$18. W5VRO, Jas. W. Craig, Jr., 2121 17th St., Lake Charles, La.

SELL: Knight 50 watt xmitter, excellent condx, de-bugged. Only \$35. Write to Dough MacPherson, 10 Brookside Dr., Apt. 2F, Greenwich, Conn.

GONSET Communicator I, in exc. condx, cash & carry, \$130. K2BBC, Ray Kreisman, 37 Nagle Ave., N. Y., N. Y.

SELL: DX-35, late one, like new condx. Local sale. Pick up, \$50. W. Trotter, KNSITX, 1502 Nearn St., Blytheville, Ark.

AMATEUR Paradise Vacation Spot! Livingstone Lodge and log cabins, Mascoma Lake, Enfield, N. H. 100 acres, eleven buildings, Main Dining Lodge, swimming, boats, sports, skiing, Dartmouth Coll. churches, LaSalle Shrine, fishing, golf, etc. Family groups, 75 & 40 meter rig in lobby. American Plan, \$40 per week. Children half price. Booklet on request. Al Livingstone, W2QPN, 12-01 Ellis Ave., Fair Lawn, N. J.

MASTER Mechanic 1200 watt generator, 2 1/2 H.P.; Briggs Stratton gas engine, 115 V. AC, at 60 cycles output, \$150; 100 watt, 2 meter xmitter, panel mounted, metered, built-in VFO, bias and fil. supply AX9903 final, enclosed plate lines, \$75; Gonset 6 Meter beam, \$12; 603 assembly, 6M beam for portable use, \$25. S. Savage, W6ABN, 414 E. 53th St., Long Beach, Calif.

WANTED: 15 Meter coil for HRO-60, in gud condx. State price. W2LAP.

SELL: Collins KWS-1, complete, and 75A4, used 2 hours; Johnson rotator 10-15-20. Best bid. W2MWW.

VIKING Ranger: In brand new condx, push-to-talk, \$195; two (2) ARC-4 transceivers with schematic for 2-meter conversion, complete with 2 power supply kits, \$65. Harold Franta, K9GCP, Wabasso Minn.

QUAD Builders: Bambo poles 15 ft. x 1 1/2" to 1 1/4", \$1.25 each. Cash with order. Shipped express collect. Wholesale inquiries invited. Redrum Fabrics, 64 Stanhope St., Boston 16, Mass., W1WTF.

SELL: Signal Sentry, Never used, With tubes, \$10.00. O. H. Ketchum, 10125 Flora Vista Blvd., Bellflower, Calif.

MOBILE SSB Transmitter, built by W2EWL per March 1956 QST; input 12 volts, in exc. condx; \$60. Art Johnson, K2POA, 29 Boone St., Bethpage, L. I., N. Y.

CLEANING House! Sell complete ham transmitter 1/2 KW. Whole or separate units, enclosed steel rack, tubes, etc. I tell me what you need and how much you think it's worth. All letters answered, W. F. Ashbury, W2GPO, 61 E. Main St., Huntington, N. Y.

GONSET Communicator II (deluxe) and linear amplifier for sale. In excellent condx. Must sell go back to school. Write Buck Marler, K4BBA, 2701 Reynolda Rd., Winston-Salem, N. C.

SALE: SX28A, in perf. condx, \$150 or best offer. All letters answered. WN7GXC, 1656 Doughton Ave., Salt Lake City 5, Utah.

WANTED: Instruction manual for National HRO F/197 revr. G. R. Payson, 73 Temont St., Boston 8, Mass.

20 Meter Subraco mobile transmitter 30-40 watts Class B modulated with Gonset bandspread rcvr, mike and antenna. Best offer F.O.B. Detroit accepted. W8BP, 3156 Weatherlane Lane, Birmingham, Mich.

ETCHED-Circuit material, supplies, instructions, free catalog. Etched circuits, C.O. Box 2582, South Bend 14, Ind.

SURPLUS BC654A xmitter/rcvr, complete with PC-103 dynamotor, cables and spare tubes \$40.50; 5 Marker beacon receiver, 75 Mc., \$29.95 ea. W7KPO, 1945 N. E. 113th Ave., Portland, Ore.

SALE Or swap: Have Sams Photofac folders #297 thru 338, few assorted 239 thru 295. Total of 15 folders. Also Eico model 944 Flyback and yoke tester. All in mint condition, Want Ham gear or parts of any type. Jack Nichols, 1403 Mt. Washington Rd., Ardmore, Okla.

FOR Sale: Pair Navy walkie-talkies, new batteries 3725 Kc, \$65 both; Johnson Viking Mobile xmitter with Johnson VFO, factory-wired, A-1, \$105; Biddle megger insulation tester O-100 meggs type centilla, \$35; Tecraft 2 meter converter, \$25 with pwr supp. 5-6 VDC 600 volt 155 mil \$6; 1 Telrad freq. std., \$10; 1-454B 3-6 Mc. 6 volt tubes, \$6; 3" scope with X, Y, Z axis control, same as Waterman S14. Best offer 1-1-M13 with modulation, chart and pwr supp. chart not cal. \$30; 15-50,000 ohm 200 watt bleeders \$2.00 each. \$3.00 for list tubes, relays small parts. Nelson Stover, W3BBV, 1357 Hill St., Fort La. 4, La.

SELL: Viking II, Viking VFO, NC-125, best offer over \$300. W0RIB, 2123 Birch Ave. Rapid City, So. Dakota.

FOR Sale: Four GAG7-807 xmitters, only need one. Write for info. No reasonable offer refused. With or without power supply; Anderson, 8356 Curzon Ave., Cincinnati 16, Ohio. Locals tone PO 1-6935.

WANT Low-powered 10-meter mobile rig for 12-volt operation. Dave Smith, 54 Butler Rd., Scarsdale, N. Y. Tel SC 3-4083.

WANTED: Choce 20 Henries smoothing 800 Ma 5000v. insulation. W1BB.

RANGER #175, Matchbox \$35, Signal Sentry, \$12.50, Johnson LP filter, \$10; Dow 115 VAC coax relay, \$10; Tecraft 2 meter converter \$32.50; 2 meter Communicator II 6 volt with crystals, \$175. All in excellent condition. W2KIT, 29 Wynnor Rd., Scarsdale, N. Y.

MOBILE Elmac transmitter AR67 and PS-2V Elmac 110 volt power supply for fixed station operation including push-to-talk probe, \$145.00, Elmac FM K6A rcvr w/pwr supp., \$35.00 and 32.3 for sale plus shipping. H. M. Riddle, 3106 Sherbrooke, Toledo 6, Ohio.

SELL: Brand new pair of 4X150's and pair of new 4X150G's, \$30 per pair, also 600 volt 265 mil. 6 volt dynamotor, \$10. George Tate, WAAS, Artillery Rd., Taylors, S. C.

CADILLAC 1938, Worth \$150. Will trade for xmitter or rcvr. Jim Windeck, K9CQQ, 228 W. Marshall, Belvidere, Ill.

SELL: 6BA6 preselector, 1.0-4.0 ant. tuner, Johnson 100 Kc xtal calibr., 5V3GT, 300V DC Ma. access, supp., all on 7 x 12 chassis, \$45; dual pwr. supp. — 450V DC, 3A, 1250V DC, 2A, \$70; push-to-talk rig modulator, \$18. Ramon Britt, W4GIM, 819 East 5th, Luberton, N. C.

SIGNAL Generators wanted: TS-403, TS-497, TS-621, SG-3/JT, TS-437, TS-510, TS-588, TS-608, etc. TS-186 frequency meters. AN/APR-4 tuning units, other "APR" receivers, ARC-3, other surplus; also Hewlett-Packard and other laboratory quality equipment, Weston, etc., instruments; technical manuals, for quick cash or swap for Zenith transistor portables, etc. New TG-34A Photo-electric tape code practice sets with manual, \$4.95; new BC-643 with original and Citizen's Band conversion schematics, data, \$24.95. Engineering Associates, 426 Patterson Rd., Dayton 9, Ohio.

TRADE HQ-29X w/spkr and BC-221 complete for nice KW final, pi-network, shielded, TVI suppressed. K4HXF, H. L. Parrish, Jr., RFD 4, Box 102, Hickory, N. C.

SELL: 75A4 receiver with vernier knob, 3 Kc filter, latest factory modifications and matching speaker, \$530; Johnson Valiant xmitter, factory-wired, with Johnson low-pass TV filter, \$360; B&W Mod. 650 Matchmaster, \$35; CD-R Mod. A-22 rotator, \$22. All less than six months old and used less than 25 hours. F.O.B. Phoenix, Ariz. Allan Moser, W7DEL, 365 N. 6th Ave., Phoenix, Ariz.

SWAP or sell: Dumont 208, 2 new RCA-WO88A, cost \$179.50; 2 new RCA WO56A, cost \$289.50; scopes and an Argus C-4 camera. Want ham equipment: DX-100, Viking, etc. Send offers to: T. F. Waters, 140 West Gilpin Ave., Norfolk 3, Va.

WANTED: Highest prices paid for ART-13, ARC-1, BC788, BC610, BC348, ARC-3, BC312, BC342 and other military or aeronautical surplus. Name your price. We pay freight and C.O.D. James S. Spivey, Inc., 4908 Hampden Lane, Bethesda, Md.

WANTED: Hallcrafters Sky Buddy. State condition and price. All letters answered. K4BNI.

FOR Sale or Trade: NC183D, w/spkr, \$295; RME VHF211, \$80; BC221H, w/a.c. supply, \$40; RME DB-23 preselector (1 yr. old, works 2 to 75), \$35; Heath W-2 P. 2 pr. amp, in original cart., \$17.50; Heath Q Multiplier, \$9; Hallcrafters #46 spkr, \$15; 2 meter walkie-talkie \$5; w/batteries, \$7; Johnson SWR bridge, w/0-1 Ma. meter, \$7; International Crystals 6M converter w/t, \$10. Or swap for 75A3 or GPR-90. Dick Wilson, K6LRN, 1259 15th Ave., San Francisco 22, Calif.

VIKING II For sale, factory-wired, no changes. \$225. Charles Horn, W9H1J, Hillcrest W-321, Iowa City, Iowa.

FOR Sale: Globe Scout 65A, \$85. WRL Mod. 611 VFO, \$35; both factory wired and in excellent condx; Health Q multiplier, \$5. K. S. Bowron, Box 806, Umatilla, Fla.

TWO BC-611 handle-talkies, in gud condx. Both for \$100. W6FBH.

VTVM, NRI, gud condx, a.c. operated, ac-dcv. 3-600, 15-150 Ma, 10 ohms-100 meg., with instruction, experiment books. First \$18 takes. M. Windolph, 4920 S. Parkway, Chicago 15, Ill.

WANTED: Used receivers and transmitters. Will pay cash or trade. 100% down with up to 24 months to pay. In stock: New 75A4's, KWS-1's, KWM-1 SSB mobile transceiver, Johnson, B&W, National, Hallcrafters, Elmac, Hammarlund, Gonset, Central Electronics, Mosley, Hi-Gain and Gotham Beams. Write for list of bargains in reconducted receivers and transmitter sets with new guarantee. Shipped on approval. Write Ken, W0ZCN, or Glen, W0ZKD for your best deal. Ken-Elek-Kadio Supply Co., 428 Central Ave., Ft. Dodge, Iowa.

VIKING Pacemaker, \$395; also ATC 1 Autotune transmitter using 813 final 811's modulator, ganged VFO and exciter stages, \$175 complete, or \$150 less 110 VAC power supply, PE103, \$18. Will not ship. William Trepak, W3TXX, 7224 Schoyer Ave., Pittsburgh 18, Pa.

S18, \$35; VHF152A, \$40, 7 in. T.V., \$20; 807's \$1; 829B, \$7; 810, \$5; 813, \$5. Will send list on other gear. Vic Miller, VE3AJT, Box 88, Bowmanville, Ont., Can.

FOR Sale: BC-474A portable xmitter, rcvr. National NC183D, 100 watt homemade xmitter. Write to W5DTPQ, Box 1050, Alice, Texas.

FOR Sale: House and complete knotty pine ham shack, 3 bedrooms 15 ft. steel tower, 20 meter beam and all Collins equipment on 1/4 acre lot. W2MRZ, W. Kaufman, 11 Farm Lane, Hicksville, L. I., N. Y.

FOR Sale: Kilowatt phone transmitter, 84" deluxe cabinet VFO PP 810s, 5 power supplies, scope HDVL coils, separate speech or public address amp, antenna tuner, no junk. Complete, \$275. W2A0V, McGrew, R.F.D. 1, Huntington, N. Y. Tel. Hamilton 7-7184.

CASH & Carry! Globe King 500 per cent, \$450, with Heath VFO; Teletype Mod. 26, table, paper, \$75; F.R.A. converter 455 Kc. IF \$40. W2PAT converter, \$200. EC223AX with 12/24 volt. p.s. \$20. W2VDV, 20 Poplar Ave., Deal, N. J.

HRO-60 Deluxe receiver in rack with compartment for 10 coils. Speaker in top center, first class working condx and shape. A, B, C, D coils, xtal calibrator, \$335. Buyer must come and get it. K2EAF, Drexler, 3 Lee Dr., So. Farmingdale, L. I., N. Y. Tel. CHapel 9-8206. REGENCY ATC-1 converter wanted, used. K2DQD, LO 7-0986. Box 27, New York 5, N. Y.

FOR Sale: Beautiful Harvey-Wells TBS50D, with matching AP550 supply, antenna relay, crystals, selector, antenna tuner and mike. Like new condx, \$99.50. KN2VZN/9, 4948 Evans Street, Omaha, Nebraska. PR 4738.

SELL or swap: BC224 receiver, no power supply; \$45; Gonset 3-30 converter, \$25; Mobile whip with 40 M. coil, \$10. W9RMZ, 4 E. 11th St., Lincoln 28, Ill.

TWO 4D32 tubes, guaranteed new, \$14 each. W9ARI.

WANTED: BC-221 frequency meter with calibration charts, instruction booklet, preferably all Collins equipment. Write Milo Adams, Boulevard, Cleveland Heights 6, Ohio.

"PIG-IN-A-POKE"? Not if you visit Ham Headquarters, USA, and take your choice from the hundreds of "Like New" bargains in the world-famous Harrison Trade-In Center! (SS photographs, pp 137, March OST and p. 133 April OST). Greater values, because tremendous turnover means lower overhead! Terms, Trades BCNU. Bill Harrison, W2AVA, 225 Greenwich St., New York City.

CASH & Carry! Globe King 500A \$450; WRL vto \$40; B&W low pass filter \$8; Harvey-Wells 7-mu antenna coupler \$60; Johnson 813 antenna switch \$3; Sun 3 xtal mike \$6; NC-300 receiver \$300; xtal calibrator for NC300 \$12; speaker \$10; Heath AM impedance bridge \$10; 3 element triband beam \$45, with prop pitch rotator, xmfr, 100 ft. six conductor cable \$20 more, and with 90 ft. RG8/U another \$8; a pair of unused selcys \$5. All excellent condition, 20% discount if you buy it all. W3VPIJ - Wendell Turner, 742 Hickory Ave., Bel Air, Maryland. Phone Bel Air 1075-1.

COLLINS 32V3 transmitter, one owner \$525. Just completely overhauled by Collins, never used since. F. O. B. Johnny Fearon, W4WKP, 4165 Club Drive, N.E., Atlanta, Ga.

FOR Sale: Two receivers in perfect condition. SX-43 with 8' speaker in housing, \$98 and 48R with built in power supply, \$85. F. O. B. Chicago. W9RIF, A. F. D'Orlo, 7917 Cortland Parkway, Elmwood Park, Ill.

WANTED: Gonset "Monitone", perfect condx. Rowles, WIUDA, R.F.D. 2, Pittsfield, N. H.

MULTI-BAND Antenna traps 80 thru 10. Weather-sealed. 52 or 72 ohm feed. 1 kw. \$8.00 plus postage. Send stamp for literature. S&W Electronics, 293 N. Evergreen, Kankakee, Ill.

FOR Sale: Tubes, brand new RCA 813's, \$7.50; 810's, \$8.00; 832A's, \$3.50; 829B's, \$7.00; 3A's, \$7.00; 59Z, \$3.50; 6E5/6AK5's, \$1.00; 6C3's, \$3.33; 3B2's, \$3.50; 2C39, \$5.00; 5R4WY, \$1.00; 6BA6, 50¢; Bendix TA-12 transmitter, unmodified, makes swell all-band rig; \$35; transformer input 120, output 24 volts at 80 amps, \$25. Step-down transformer 110 volts down to 12 volts at 4 amps, \$15; plate transformer 115 volts, secondary 7500 volt e.t. at 89 Ma.; matching transformer 10,000 ohms to 600 ohms, \$3.50; All guaranteed. Can ship C.O.D. Bill Slep, W4FHY, Ellenton, Fla.

WIFE Sez Clean 'Em Out! Leeco-Neville 6 volt 80 amp. alternator, regulator, rectifier slightly used \$40; S22 rcvr, \$10; 1 Kw. Thordarson 500 Ma. 200 v. xmfr, \$20; 4-30 Gonset converter, \$20; used 813 pair \$15; 100TH \$12; 205 pair \$10; VT127A pair \$8.00; HD203A pair, \$10.00; QSI turn, 1937 to 1956, \$2.40 per year; 6 ft. steel xmitter cabinet, used, with shelves and panels, terrific buy, \$25! Stancor mobile 30-watt xmitter less modulator transformer, works 75 and 100 meters, \$15; 6 volt Elicor 600 volt dynamotor, 200 Ma. factory warrant, \$40. Write to B. H. Standyee, W5FOQ, 303 E. Franklin, Houston, Texas.

SWAP: Brand new Signal Corps transmitter-receiver #669-D, never used for HRO. Hamminglund rcvr or equal. C. H. Schueler, 318 Riebeling St., Columbia, Ill.

KWS-1 and 75A-4 with mike output meter and matching speaker, \$2195. GPR-90 receiver, \$345. W9NHF.

SELL: DX-35 xmitter, \$52 and S-86 rcvr, \$79. Both are in excellent condx. A real bargain! Louis Van Leeuwen, K2VNR, 99-32 66th Road, Forest Hills, L. I., N. Y.

TRADE Pair Devry 35 mm motion picture projectors complete with arc lamps and rectifiers in first class condition, original cost: \$500.00 for Collins or Johnson Kilowatt. W4AKG, J. S. Yerby, 1621 S. Parkway East, Memphis, Tenn.

FOR Sale: B&W 510B, Millen grid dip meter, Millen SWR bridge, E-V mobile mike, Master Mobile Micro-Z match, Sinar LP filter, mobile power supply complete, Collins speaker, Drake L.P. 300 ohm, E-V chokes, table top amplifier, DYZ antenna trans, EG-O Davis 500 mobile coil, 75M, Fibreglass antenna base section, 500 v. Johnson & B&W coils; twin noise squelch wired, B&W - T.R. switch; Gonset Communicator II, G.I. tape-disc recording unit, UTC, S54, 62, 46, Merit P3146, Regency TV voltage booster. Everything in a like-new condx. Make reasonable offers. R. R. Lamb, 1219 Yardley Rd., Morrisville, Penna.

DON'T Cry if you're having code trouble. Shortcut methods are pure fantasy. We teach the association method, approved the world over, but unavailable elsewhere. Novice course, basic instruction plus practice material to 8 WPM. \$5.95. Advanced course, practice material 9 to 18 WPM, \$4.95. Combined \$9.95. Magnetic recording tape, 7" dual track, 3 1/2 IPS. Tapedcode, Box 31-E, Langhorne, Penna.

FOR Sale: SX96 with matching speaker. Receiver can't be told from new. Will deliver with 100 miles upon receipt of small deposit. K2JVL, Lorette St., Auburn, N. Y.

FOR Sale: Complete mobile station. Multi-Elmac AF-67 Transciter; James C-1050 mobile power supply; Morrow SBR-2 converter; relay, heavy duty multi-band antenna; microphone. All in excellent condx. Write for details. W9PWW, 821 Waveland Rd., Lake Forest, Ill.

WANTED: HR060 and DX100. Jim Del Guercio, W2URJ, 9 Curve St., Bedford, Mass.

LIKE New 25 watt 75 meter phone mobile transmitter, 6v. dual Vibrapack, new mike and coaxial cable, everything \$40; 6v. -425v 375 Ma., dynamotor, \$10; dual Vibrapack, 6v. 400v/120 Ma., \$12; Single: 6 v. 400v/80 Ma., \$7; following gear new or like-new: AT-1 modulator, \$8.00; 400 and 25 watt modulators with speech, \$18 and \$15 respectively. 1000v./200 Ma. supply, \$15; 750v./200 Ma., \$12; SCR-522 xmitter supply, \$17; Johnson Adventurer modulator, \$18; 1500-0-1500v./200 Ma. unshielded transformer, \$12. W8QKCQ, 2148 Meade St., Detroit 12, Mich.

BARGAINS: With new guarantee: HT-9 \$99.00; HT-20 xmitter, \$275.00; Collins 200 Ma. C-1050, \$249.00; Collins 32V3 A.R. \$79.00; Elmac PMR-6A \$79.00; Morrow FTR & P.S. \$49.00; Morrow SBR \$24.95; Morrow SBR \$49.50; Lyco 600 \$69.00; Eldico TR-1 \$139.00; Eldico TR-75TV \$25.00; Collins 75A1 \$275.00; Viking II \$199.00; S & W Mobilizer \$59.00; Elmac A54 \$99.00; Gonset 3-30 \$29.95; Gonset Tri-band \$24.50; #324 VFO Preamp \$45.00; Elmac A4E \$120 \$99.00; Globe Trotter \$34.50; Scout 40A \$59.00; Globe Champ 165 \$149.00; Globe King 275 \$199.00; Globe King 400B \$275.00; new HRO coils \$16.00. Free trial. Terms financed by Leo, W8GFG. Write for catalog and best deals to World Radio Laboratories, 3415 West Broadway, Council Bluffs, Iowa.

SALE: New Pacemaker. Will take in trade a good Ranger, or Valiant Z-meter equipment, or late mobile gear. Want: Millen G.D.O., Jr. 450A's, 4-400A's and a variable vacuum capacitor. Write Milo Adams, 4000 So. Penn St., Englewood, Colo.

FOR Sale: Lyco 322 VFO \$25; Globe Scout 40A, \$50; 3-element Omega 15m. beam \$25-\$30. Will sell for best offer over \$85. W7VJM, 1500 Fisk St., Pullman, Wash.

WANTED: For cash, Kenyon surplus transformers No. S-13483, 115v. AC pri. 3200v. AC sec. W4MDQ.

COLLINS 310B-X exciter, complete, like new, spare tubes, instruction book, antenna tuner, etc. \$150. Walter Babcock, W2RXX, 405 Sayles St., Oneida, N. Y.

HI-Powered final p.p. 4E27 in 38 in. enclosed relay rack with dolly B&W TVL coils and Thordarson HV power supply 1500V, at .3A with relay. No surplus. \$120. F.O.B. Paramus, N. J. \$110 cash & carry deal. Viking I with 866A in pwr supply, and Heathkit VFO, Kenyon Puryt, W2DWH, 192 Norman Way, Paramus, N. J., Tel. COlfax 1-8655.

WANTED: Shortwave & Communications receivers. New or used. All types electronic tubes. Highest cash prices paid. Write or phone: North Radio Co., 62 Cortland St., N. Y. 7, N. Y.

TRADE: VM Binaural tape recorder with staggered heads. Two amplifiers and additional matching speaker cabinet, (4 speakers total), \$100 worth of precorded binaural tapes and VM recording mike. Want 250 W xmitter or 75A receiver or Camera Baldux (Germany) 12" film Schmidt-Kretzschek Radiator L4-105 A.M. lens, with case, nearly new condx. For what have you in commercial and ham gear? All inquiries answered. W8VMG, C. L'Esperance, 826 Lane Blvd., Kalamazoo, Mich.

SELL: 250 watt mod. xmfr, 12 1/2 in., 500 Ma. choke, \$10; 8 mfd 2500V DC new G-E capacitor, \$6; Heath 5' oscilloscope, \$20; Johnson SWR bridge, \$4; Baluns (pr.) \$4; TVL coils, 80-40, \$2 each. K2HPC, Robert Goldstein, 38 Forest Ave. Saratoga Springs, N. Y.

SALE: Elmac A54H, 12 volt filaments, 40 meter coil installed; in gud condx, \$70; 30 ft. steel tower, Windmill type. Brand new, disassembled, rugged. Weight 404 lbs. \$80. K. B. Crowell, W3AJD, 4203 Rosemont Ave., Drexel Hill, Pa.

WANTED: "Calling CQ" by Clinton DeSoto. Will pay well for copy in good condition. Contact W9TJC, Yerkes Observatory, Williams Bay, Wisconsin.

FOR Sale: Collins 75A3 mechanical filter type F455B-08. Price: \$15. WIDBS, John Saville, 11 Dwight Court, New Britain, Conn.

CANADIANS: For sale BC-348J converted with power supply and S-meter, \$65. VE3BSJ, Box 45, PARRY SOUND, Ont., Can.

COLLINS 511-2 with factory installed 3 and 6 Kc. mechanical filters. Has new Collins tuning knob. Excellent condx. Serviced and realigned at factory past month. Will not ship because of possible damage. Must be picked up. S. P. Surfin, 83 Lookout Circle, Larchmont, N. Y.

WANTED: A good used DX100. State price and condition. E. R. Arms, W9PBL, RR #1, Harrisburg, Ill.

WANTED: Late Model 75A3 or 75A4 in gud condx. Give lowest price. Full particulars and serial number in your first letter please. W3KA, 10406 Insley, Silver Spring, Md.

GETTING out of radio. Test equipment, receiving tubes and components for sale. Send stamp for list. Cecil Baumgartner, Box 343, Milton, Pa.

VIKING II push-to-talk factory wired in excellent condx. First \$200; Viking VFO. First \$30; push-to-wired stand with D-104 mike, \$14; Sonar low pass filter, \$10; 52 or 72 ohm Bud 100 Kc. osc. self-powered, \$12; 10 meter R99 30 db gain, \$14. Pair baluns mounted with fittings, \$5. All letters answered. W2DRD, F. Greenbaum, 2125 Cruiser Ave., Bronx 62, N. Y.

SELL: Johnson Ranger, used less than 50 hours with E-V 664 mike and stand, \$250; three Elmac 4-250 A at \$15 each; KW power supply components \$25; Garrard RC80 with base and G-E cartridge with .001 diamond stylus used less than 10 hours, \$60. Molyneux, W4MVM, 2101 Oakmont Ave., Anneton, Ala.

SALE Or Swap: Elmac PMR6A receiver, PSRG power supply, \$85; Elmac A54 transmitter, \$75; PE103 \$18; Vaaro variable coil, \$17; wood tabletop allband rig or cash. F.O.B. W2PHD, Kenneth Block, 491 Woodfield Rd. West Hempstead, L. I., N. Y.

COLLINS 75A1 receiver with spkr, \$250; 32V1 xmtrr, \$275. Both in like-new condition. W6JXW, Schneider, 11216 La. Maidsa St., North Hollywood, Calif.

SELL: Brand new KWS-1, exciter & final, \$1500 cash. This is strictly a pick-up deal. Never hooked up. In original crate. Absolutely no phone calls. Write for appointment, details. W1UAR.

FOR Sale: The following Johnson equipment: Viking Ranger xmtrr, Signal Center, S.W.R. bridge, plus Mosley 4-r Vest Pocket beam for 20 meters; Turner 80 mike with C4 stand, all in excellent condition, used less than 6 months. All instruction books. Take the lot for \$300. Other misc. tubes, parts and equipment, send self-addressed envelope for list and price. D. W. Langston, W4WVH/9, Write for Camp Green Bay, Great Lakes, Ill.

WANTED: Collins 75A4 receiver, in top condx. W2BXY, 218 Connetquot Rd., Union, N. Y.

SELL: HQ-140-X, 10 weeks old, unused, \$245 or best offer. W8TIZ, 715 Quarry, Marietta, Ohio.

KW Linear amplifier, pair 304T1's, Class C o.w.; takes low drive of 25 watts output, utilizes 110V AC relay, antenna change-over receiver unit, "B" plus on, electric bias, metering circuits, cabled, silver power supply (3000V) enclosed in gray 30" Bud rack; A "Bute" for 10, 15, 20 M. Factory wired "Ranger" used as driver; 5 months old, 3 section crankup tower; new Alliance rotor; Telrex 10M beam. Rec'd 2nd grade on band reports. Going away to college. Sell for \$675 or best offer. Pictures on request. John Markovich, K6HTG, 4490 Van Ness Blvd., Fresno, Calif.

FL8 audio filters, 2 for \$2.00 prepaid in USA; SC8522 xmtrr only with tubes, \$10; 110V DC to 110V AC, 60 cyc. 250 watt converter, \$10; BC779B with heavy duty power supply and matching cabinet, excellent condx, \$125; BC221T, exc. condx; BC1031A Panadaptor, good condx w/instr mnl & extra C.R.T.

WANTED: D and mobile receiver, and 6B gear. M. D. Haines, W5QCB, 1316 S.W. Military Drive, San Antonio 41, Texas.

COMPLETE Station: Globe King 500 (modified to 500A); HQ129X, Heathkit VFO, also Q multiplier; Millen R9'er. All PC's in exc. operating condx and in appearance. Will sell individual pcs. or complete station, \$575. Will consider and answer all inquiries. F.o.b. K0AKE, 1085 Grenoble, Florissant, Mo.

WANTED: Back numbers of CQ: 1946, 1950, 1952, 1953 and 1954. QST: 1919 to 1940 run inclusive, also 1952, 1953 and 1954. Quote prices. W. L. Kunzel, Jr., W9OGA, 4727 Montrose Ave., Chicago 41, Ill.

TRADE General Radio UHF signal generator, type 804-A (9 to 330 Mc.) in gud condx for lab type generator in low freq. range. G. S. Nudd, K6HUI, 13440 Lakewood Blvd., Paramount, Calif.

SELL: Viking II with built-in VFO and touch-to-talk Turner mike. In gud condx. \$225. Will deliver within 150 miles. F. G. Maxson, K4CJO, 1851 Winston Rd., Charlottesville, Va.

CASH for RA-63, BC-9-9, 1B-70, BC-610-E, BC-614, BC-221, BC-312, BC-342 and late type test equipment, receivers, etc. Amber Industrial Corporation, 75 Varick St., N. Y. 13, N. Y. We pay freight charges. Write.

FOR Sale: Hallicrafters S53A. Brand new condx, and in orig. carton. Price \$60. Charles W. Chelers, 319 Union St., Jersey City 4, N. J.

ILLUMINATED "S" Meters for Gonset Communicators. Just plugs in to tach. Also new and used Gonset Communicators, converters, G-66's, G-77's, V.F.O.'s, etc. All types Elmac, Morrow, Babcock gear. Special: Six meter 12v. Communicator, \$140. Graham Co., (Bob, W1KTJ) P. O. Box 24, Stoneham, Mass. Tel. ST 6-1966.

SELLING all low frequency equipment. 20-A multiphase with Q-T1 anti-trip, used one month, \$150. B&W 850 1 Ka 80-10 tank coil, \$20; Presentation Vibroplex, \$15; Lambda MM-2 monitor scope, \$10; BC-221 1/2, meter, with reg. power supply and original calibration, \$50; National MB 40-L allband tank, \$9; exactly 50% net price for: Johnson 52 ohm SWR bridge, B&W 52 low-pass filter, National AMT 6000 volt 100ufd split stator condenser, R-175 choke and many other parts. Prefer pick-up but will ship F.o.b. H. H. Richardson, W1AXW, 17 Whittier St., Dover, New Hampshire.

COLOR new, RCA 21-in. full warranty. Swap for 75A4, 32V3, etc. W6UTV, 1176 Lincoln, San Jose, Calif.

SWAP: 300 w. mod. & speech amp. parts for new Eimac 4-400A or pr. of 4-250A's. K6OKY, 248 Monte Vista, Costa Mesa, Calif.

FOR Sale: Best cash offer F.o.b. Jacksonville, Fla.; Globe King 100C like new with xmtrr meter coils and tubes, Midwestern EX new wired Johnson VFO, CX49A, new 10HVDL, 20HVDL, HDV base. Powerstats, type 20, 1126. New 3-in. square meters 150, 250, 300, 500 Ma, 3000V DC. New Weston 507-0-5 ARF, Panadaptor PRI, used only 1 month. Any item or all must go pronto. W4L.F.

SELL: BC348N with power supply in excellent condx., \$50. KN4-MUP, Box 504, Pickens, S. C.

KW-1. Best cash offer. Perfect condx. Final modified by Collins for use with SSB exciter on 175, 40, 20 with just two switches. AM unchanged. W4UR, Rt. 3, Box 170, Fredericksburg, Va.

BARGAINS: Reconditioned with new guarantee. Shipped on approval. Hallicrafters S40, \$69.00; S40A, \$69.00; SX9, \$119.00; SX7, \$149.00; SX9, \$189.00; SX10, \$129.00; Viking Adventurer \$39.00; Viking II \$199.00; S40B; S85; SX88; SW54; NC98; NC183D; HRO5; NC300; HQ129X; HQ140X; HQ140XA; GPR90; A54; AF67; PMR6; PMR7; HT9; Collins 75A-2; 75A3, 75A4; 32V3; many other items. Easy terms. Write for list. Henry Radtke, Butler, Missouri.

FOR Sale: Hammarlund BC779 SuperPro recvr w/pwr supply. Recently aligned by Collins, Radio, Seattle. Best offer over \$600 takes it, crated. F.o.b. Los Angeles, Calif. David Porter, W7WEE/6, 515 So. Kingsley Dr., L. A.

HT30, HT31, SX100, excellent condition, pair BC611 hand-talkies, best offer. WREPI, Jerry Swartzlander, 1220 Stilwell Ave., Fremont, Ohio. Tel. FE 2-6132.

WANTED: Mobile or home station equipment. Will buy for cash or accept on trade for new equipment. Sell for cash only: BC221AK, \$75; BC221T, \$75; RA63A, \$14.95; RA62C, \$39.95. Ladd Electronics, 111 North 41, Omaha, Nebraska.

CANADIANSI Viking Ranger, \$200; Johnson Matchbox, \$55; Johnson low-pass filter, \$15; B&W T-R switch, \$20; Hallicrafters SC-38C, \$50, Kenneth Dixon, 635 Armour Rd., Peterboro, Ont., Can. SELL: SX-28 with a speaker, in fine condx; \$110. N. Vilensky 4730 17th N.E., Seattle 5, Wash.

XFRMR, input 115V, 60 cps, output, 1120V C.T., 500 Ma; 6.3V/3 & 0.3 amp; 5V/6 & 2 amp., \$7.50. S. S. Brody, 211-10 73rd Ave., Flushing 64, L.I., N. Y.

WANTED: Complete or partial set of Everyday Mechanics and Everyday Engineering magazines published 1915 to 1920; also Signal Corps World War I complete, properly driven aircraft spark transmitter consisting of alternator, HV transformer condenser spark, etc. T. L. Mayes, 2208 Dean St., Schenectady, N. Y.

SELLING Out! Harvey-Wells TB850D with power supply and Heathkit VFO, in excellent condx; \$85; Hallicrafters S76, also exc. condx, \$85; Viking Matchbox, like new condx, \$30; B&W Matchmaster, like new condx, \$25; D-104 microphone, like new, \$8; Vibroplex Champion plug, like new, \$8. W1ZOT, 99 Hellstrom Rd., East Haven 12, Conn.

SELL: Surplus parts — all pit condx. 304T1, \$5; Two 832's, \$5 each; 300 mfd 8 by choke, \$4; two 115V, 60 cyc. solenoids, \$6; 2Bud, 1500V condx, \$3 each; Dynamotor 0/12 V, 340/680-210 mil, \$10; UTC K46 trans, \$12; RCA 4-65A used 100 hrs., \$10; Four 808's, 11 each; Senyon 13 trans. mult. line to grid, \$3; TB-35, \$3; Merit P1158 trans., \$8. F.o.b. Harrisburg, Penna. D. A. Klingler, W3KBR, 801 S. 60th St.

SELL: Complete station, Viking II and VFO, \$255; HQ129X and spkr., \$135; pair mounted balun coils, \$7; Edico low pass filter, \$5; D-104 mike, \$10. Spare parts, etc. All for \$400. Will deliver in N. Y. C. area only. Roger Kapp, W2EEL, 111-09 76 Rd., Forest Hills, L. I., N. Y.

GONSET Communicator, 2-meter like-new in original carton, price including 2 meter Skyweeper, 5 over 5 beam, \$169.50. KIAHO, 101 Woodchester Rd., Weston, Mass.

SUBSCRIBE Now! West's leading amateur publication, \$1.00 year. Free sample copy for 6c in stamps. West Coast Ham Ads, 10517 Haverly St., El Monte, Calif., Don Williamson, W6JRE.

SELL: Subject to prior sale, complete station for best offer over \$200. All items very nice, in excellent condition. Would consider sale of items and would ship included collect. No trades: SX-100 recvr, 100 matching spkr; 20A exciter w/QT1, factory wired and tested, practically new; BC458 VFO, practically new; modified 1625 grounded grid 400 watt peak linear amplifier. Glenn E. Shippis, W0YVJ, R.R. #2, St. Joseph, Mo.

HALLICRAFTERS SX-100, used only a few hours, in perf. condx, w/National spkr, \$225; Eico Model 232 VTY, \$25; EMC Model 205 VTY, \$20; Heathkit #231 Heathkit #231 signal generator, \$15; Hallicrafters R42 base reflex spkr, \$20. All above like new. Philip Schwebler, Jr., WZZHE, Alcolve, N. Y.

SELL: One 3-element Telrex 15-meter beam, new condx, used three months, \$60; one 3-element Telrex 20 meter beam, gud shape, but elements cut off about 1/4 way, and must be spliced; \$35. N. K. Thompson, 99 Water, Millinocket, Me.

WANT SSB linear amplifier such as Lakeshore P400G, Also interested in a good SSB receiver. W9ZHU, 2444 D, Lincoln, Nebr.

20A, new condx, and Central Electronics 458 conversion VFO, \$175. A. L. Turner, 117 W. Wright St., Pleasantville, N. J.

FOR Sale: Prop pitch motor converted, xfmr, and spare motor, \$40; 2000VA Sola constant voltage xfrm, \$35; PE103, \$17; 0 volt Edico-Naville alternator, \$40; 12 volt Edico-Naville alternator, \$60; dual AC blower, \$7; Want: Collins 35C2 filter, J. Szabat, 16 Pearl Ave., Oil City, Penna.

SELL: Viking II, has latest factory modifications, \$199; Collins 75A-2 converted to A-3, calibrator and product detector. Make offer. Central Electronics 10A with 80, 40 coils, \$99; BC-458 used with 10A, \$10; Mon-Key, \$19.95; Five 80-meter Bliley Novice xtals, \$9; TB-75A six meter plug, \$10; Heathkit C40 with low freq. coils, \$12; Charles Vangsgard, W9QCH, RFD 1, Box 33, Luck, Wis.

WANTED: Coils or forms for National SW3, 12V antenna tuner; 2 and 15 meter beams; 2 meter rig, preferably transceiver; also transmitter covering Novice bands. Please write: John Whitehouse, 312 First St., Scotia, N. Y.

FOR Sale: HRO 15 meter coil set, as per QST July 1956; aligned in my HRO-5, excellent performance. Make an offer. K2CVF, 69 Ashland Rd., Summit, N. J.

WEBSTER Chicago Mod. 178-1 wire recorder in excellent condition, with 20 spools of wire. Also Astatic D-104 mike with G stand using less than 10 hours. Make offer. Earl Couder, 132 N. Columbus-Galion, Ohio.

SELL: Globe-Scout 65A, \$60; Bug, \$10, Knight VFO, \$20. John Morgan, K9BCX, 5443 Marilyn Rd., Indianapolis, Ind.

SELL: Harvey-Wells TB850D with APS80 power supply and manual, in gud condx. \$100. W7YOA, Box 95, Whitetail, Mont.

SALE: QSTS complete run for years 1932, 1933, 1935, 1936, 1938, 1939, 1941, 1943, 1944, 1945, 1946, 1947, 1949, 1950 at \$2.50 per year. Single issues, 20¢; 6 for \$1.00; Radio and CQ issues, 10¢. Add postage. Henry Mohr, KL7AQC/3, 1005 Wyoming, Allentown, Pa.

CENTRAL "A" Slicer," special" \$39.95, "B" Slicer \$74.95, Collins 32V2 \$450.00, 32V3 \$550.00, Edico TR 75TV \$49.95, VFO-2 \$19.95, VFO 10/20A \$38.95, Eimac AF67 \$139.95, A54 \$99.95, S44H \$110.00, Gonset 3008-Zmtr, converter \$24.95, 3-30 \$29.95; Hallicrafters-SX24 \$69.95, SX43 \$99.95, Hammarlund SP400X \$229.95, Johnson VFO \$39.95; Lettine 240 \$59.95, Lyson 600 \$79.95; Hammarlund 420 \$44.95, 411 \$29.95; Millen 90810-VHF \$89.50; Morrow MBR5 \$194.95; National HRO-9 set coils-50K to 30MC. Rack mount \$119.95, HRO50T1-6 coils & spkr \$325.00; PE-103 \$19.95; 481E \$59.95; 481E spkr \$99.95; Collins 310-B-1 \$195.00, Evans Radio, Box 312, Concord, N. H.

NEW Western Electric 8 volt filament equivalents of 4-400A, \$6 each, \$11 pair, plus postage. S. Tucker, W2HLT, 51-10 Little Neck Pkwy, Little Neck 62, N. Y.

SSB transformers, newly manufactured for 10A, 10B, 20A and W2EWL exciters \$12.45 per set of three, postpaid USA. Electronics Associated, P. O. Box 206, Montclair, N. J.

4 x 5 CROWN Graphic camera outfit, new condx, latest model, 162 mm f 4.5 optar lens, holders, flashgun trays, etc, cost \$500. Will trade for an excellent used highgrade receiver such as NC-183, HRO-60, NC-300, etc. Robert Parrish, Box 2251, Corpus Christi, Texas.

PHASEMASTER 11 SSB exciter and BC458 VFO for sale. Need cash. Any reasonable offer considered. May accept small receiver as part. KOEYB, 760 Via Marin, San Lorenzo, Calif.

WANTED: transmitting micas .01 and 5000V or more. Also 304T1 and 8HT1 tubes, for experimental purposes. Ed Kucharski, 39 Aqueduct St., Ossining, N. Y.

WIRED Q Multiplier for Communicator. Details write: Communi Q Products, Box 114, Baldwin, N. Y.

FOR Sale: Heathkit AT-1, AC-1, VF-1 and cathode modulator; four Novice band crystals. All for \$35. Stanley Krawiec, K2RKH, 400 Jeffries St., Perth Amboy, N. J.

2 AND 6 Meter KW amplifier using new ceramic 4X250B's. Operators Class C and linear. Dual band coaxial grid, interchangeable plate tanks. Model KW-62 amplifier plus tubes, less plate tanks, \$176.50. 6 and 2 meter plate tanks, \$33 each. Literature available, Amplex Radio Products, 1195 Westlake Dr., Walled Lake, Mich.

NOVICE Call List published bi-monthly. Send \$1.50 for yearly subscription. Post card for free listing. Phil Bartling, W31FO, 212 Washington, Towson, Md.

FOR Sale: In new or like-new cond: Heath AT-1, QF-1, Viking VFO, NC-98, SW-54, 6 volt dynamotor, Gonset Tri-band conv (Gonset Super Six conv., DB-23 presselector, Johnson Matchbox (250 watt); Knight Little Giant 8 watt amplifier, Eico 5" scope, HC-645A, Heath V-4 VTVM, Globe Scout Mod. 65, complete set of Supreme Radio Diagram year books, Vol. 1 thru Vol. 16; 1500 volt at 300 Ma. rack-mounted power supply; Bud LF-601 in-pass filter. Any reasonable offer will be accepted. Details for a stamp. All F.o.b. Jacksonville, W4FXQ, 5208 Birkenhead Rd., Jacksonville 10, Fla.

TRANSFORMERS Commercial grade multi-match modulation 300 watt \$26.94; 500 watt \$41.20 plate transformers, 2000/2500 volts DC 500 Ma., \$48.16. Catalog, also rewinding, Frampton Transformer, Box 109, Blackwell, Okla.

WANTED: Collins KW-1, 30K, Johnson Kilowatt. Write W9PTN, 3020 Taylor Ave., Racine, Wis.

LEAVING Country. Must sell two element Telrex Minibeam FR-2 rotor \$60; Viking II and VFO \$250; S-40B revr with Q multiplier, \$70; Mon-Key, \$20; Marmax mobile xmitr \$40; PE-103, \$25; 50 watt fixed station power supply, \$5; BC-696 xmitr, \$5; 20 code records 8-20 wpm, \$5. All equipment very gud to excellent cond. D. A. McClead, K2ORQ, 37 Tinder Lane, Levittown, N. Y. WE 5-0685.

BUG Code Key, \$10; Ten Station intercom Master, \$15; Heath electronic switch, \$15; Simpson 3.0 mutual conductance tube tester, oak case, latest chart, \$50; plate xmr, 900-750-0-750-900V, \$10; 10 heavy-duty T. Harrison chokes, \$5 each in excellent condition, priced. F.o.b. V. R. Hein, 418 Gregory, Rockton, Ill.

SELL: New, HT-32, \$550; SX-101, \$325. No trades! You pay shipping. Don Goodrum, K4DBH, 2819 Plantation Dr., East Point, Ga.

FOR Sale: KW-1, 75A4 in operation. C. H. Buchanan, 1210 White Oak Dr., Springfield, Ohio, FA 4-1219.

FOR Sale: NC-300 with xtal calibrator and spkr, \$300; DX-000-175; Heath grid dip meter, \$12; Telrex 50 model 10 meter beam with AR-22 rotor, \$60. Joe Scialfa, W2TZH, 707 Broadway, Long Branch, N. J.

SELL: BC-779B Super-pro. Excellent, \$90. K2ECY, Bethpage, L. I., N. Y.

COLLINS 75A-4, late serial number with all modifications, 3 Kc. filter, used only one month. In original packing. Will ship, \$475. Leonard, W4FPS, 2044 Avenel Ave., S.W., Roanoke, Va.

SELL: Hallcrafters S-38C. Like new cond. Make me an offer. Joel Levy, KN2VNS, 1675 W. Ninth St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

NIKON S1 F2, case and unused flash attachment. Will swap for gud revr or commercial xmitr. W2HAE, 85 Franklin, Northport, L. I., N. Y. Tel. Northport 3-0501 J.

EXCELLENT NC-125 receiver, complete with speaker, \$135. L. B. Converse, 132 Keith Dr., Clarksville, Tenn.

HQ129X, v. clean revr, \$150; also Lyco 600 xmitr, \$75. Will trade for small revr. Charles Arwood, W5VZM, 304 E. Hill St., Forrest City, Ark.

WANTED: Gonset FM tuner, 152-162 megacycle, with squeel. Also could use 40-50 megacycle with squeel. Quote best price. Cash. Harvey Gordon, 1120 Cooper St., Lansing, Mich. Tel. IVanho 5-3360.

SELL 32V2, \$325; Pacemaker \$400; 75A2, \$300. Converted mobile link xmittr, \$35 complete. W2ADD.

SELL: Globe King 400 xmittr, like new cond; Heathkit VFO, IM45 revr, new tubes realigned. Carter converter 6V DC to 110V AC. Bestoffers, Glenn Toppenberg, New Eng. San. Stoneham, Mass.

COLLINS 32V3 xmittr with B&W low pass filter, \$495; Hallcrafters HT17 xmittr, \$18; Shure Dispatcher reluctance mike, \$18.50; Turner xtal mike, \$12; Collins plug-in 100 Kc xtal calibrator, \$13.50. Alfred Bein, K2BWO, 26 Lenox Ave., Clifton, N. J.

TRADE: APT-5 xmittr 300 to 1600 Mc., 100 watts unmodified for BC-348. W9WMK, 113 So. Elmwood Dr., Aurora, Ill.

WANTED: Johnson KW Matchbox, antenna coupler, WICPL.

FOR Sale: following new items: 1.87 Kw and 9.3 Ka 120V 60 cycle 1800 rpm generator with exciter; 6 tube farm radio less battery, six 5VCT 30A 20 KC insulation fil. xmr; also: prop pitch motor 50 ft. 8 PC 1 1/4" alum. masts, miscellaneous smitg tubes and meters, HC-458, 6V dual Vibrapack, 500V DC, W2PUK, Glen Ridge, N. J.

TRADE: Speed Graphic camera 2 1/4 x 3 1/4, 3.5 lens, filmpack adapter, cut film holder, shipping filter, carrying case. Will trade for DX-100 or some comparable commercially built xmittr. W8JAV.

MAKE Best offer for 6M 12v. Gonset II Communicator, used ninety days with two Saturn halos, complete with two coax baluns for fixed and mobile, two mikes, four xtals. List price \$295. G. M. Golden, WIOZ, 920 Cambridge St., Cambridge, Mass.

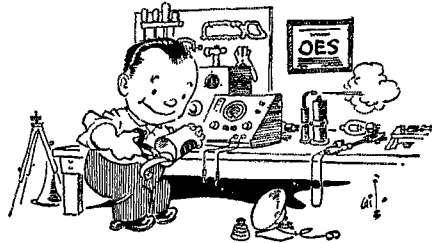
FOR Sale: Collins 310B xmittr, bandswitching 80 to 10 meters; in excellent condition. Completely TVI suppressed, \$190; 32V3 Collins, in excellent cond, \$475; new B&W generator single sideband, \$250; Amertrm 2 KW xmr, \$500v. et, \$40; Two B&W KW buttery condensors 40-60 uuf, \$10 each; Vadro 250 Va, 0 to 136 volts, \$8; National MB30L, \$8; National MB 150, new, \$15; Gonset G66 revr, like new cond, w'pwr supp., \$175. J. E. Shutt, W4J BN, Sturgis, Ky.

WANTED: Any good used receiver for far less than \$100. Ric Lightfoot, 89 Carruthers, Kingston, Ont., Can.

FOR Sale: Heathkit BE-4 Battery Eliminator, 0-6 1/2 15 amps, or 0-12 1/2 7.5 amps (DC volts). Assembled and tested. Never was used! Guaranteed brand new and working properly. \$31.50. W5LCB, 3112 N.W. 13th St., Oklahoma City, Okla.

SELL: R138 Communications receiver, 11 tubes, originally designed for Coast Guard, frequency 200 to 400 Kc and .49 to 19 Mc. in 6 bands, \$55. F.o.b. Millen 90700 VFO; output frequency 3.5 to 3.65 Mc. or 7 to 7.3 Mc. \$22 postpaid. P. H. Barnes, W3MTK, 5313 White Oak Drive, Verona, Pa.

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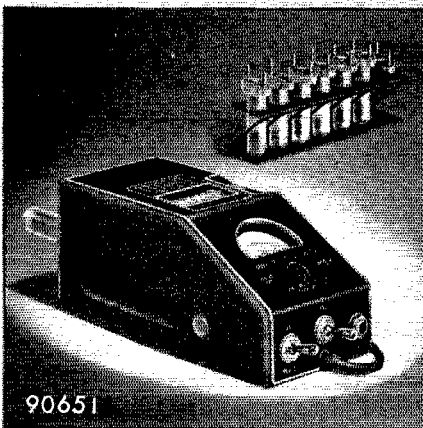
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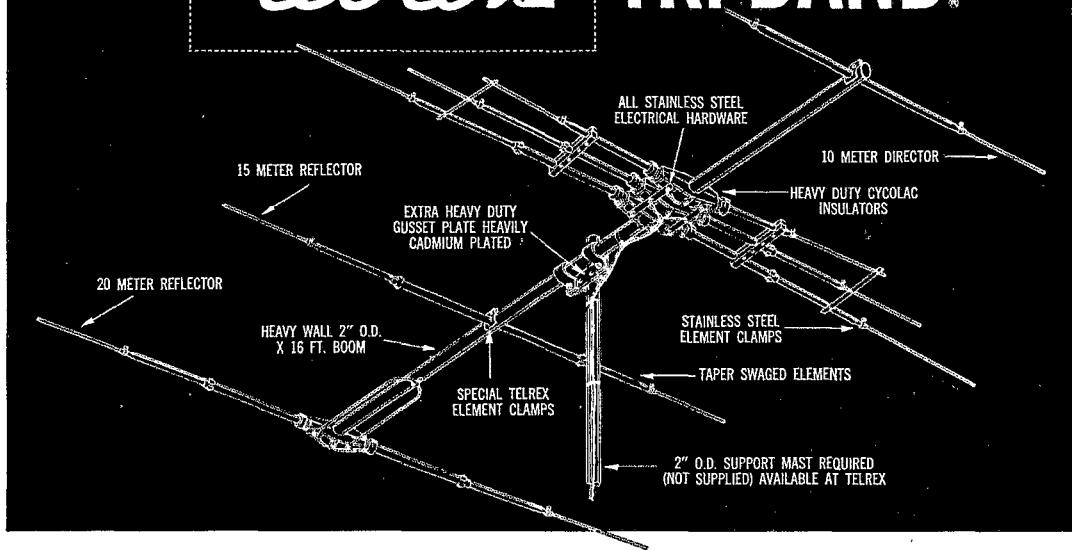
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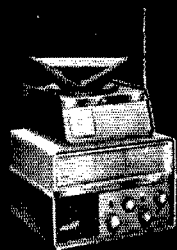
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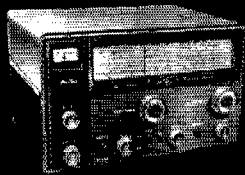
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Model 680 operates all bands, 6 to 80 meters.
Model 66 operates all bands, 10 to 160 meters.



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