CHICEECOHERMETICALLY-SEALED TRANSFORMERS
Designed and built in accordance with all MIL-T-27A requirements


POWER TRANSFORMERS—TF4RX03YY
Max. operating Altitude $10,000 \mathrm{ft}$.
FOR CAPACITOR INPUT SYSTEMS-Primary: 117 volts, 50/60 cycles

|  | Catalog No. | High Vallage Secondary |  |  | Rectifier |  | Filament |  |  |  | Case Size | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Wi. } \\ & \text { Lbs. } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5 |  |  | D-C | D-C V. |  |  | No. 2 |  | No. 3 |  |  |  |
|  |  | A-C Volls | Ma. | Ouipul | Volts | Amps | Volls | Amps | Volis | Amps |  |  |
| \% | PHC-10 | 250-0-250 | 10 | 320 | -- | -- | 6.3 | 0.6 | 6.3 | 1.2 | 14 | 2 |
| $\}$ | PHC-20 | 250-0-250 | 20 | 300 | - | -. | 6.3 | 0.6 | 6.3 | 1.2 | 15 | 2 |
|  | PHC-40 | 225-0-225 | 40 | 210 | 5 | 2 | 6.3 CT | 2 | -.-- | -- | 17 | $31 / 4$ |
|  | PHC-55 | 270-0-270 | 55 | 260 | 5 | 2 | 6.3 CT | 2 | -. | -- | 17 | $31 / 2$ |
|  | PHC-60 | 300-0-300 | 60 | 285 | 5 | 2 | 6.3 CT | 3 | -. | - | 19 | $41 / 2$ |
|  | PHC-70 | 335-0-335 | 70 | 320 | 5 | 2 | 6.3 CT | 3 | -- | - | 19 | $41 / 2$ |
|  | PHC-85 | 330-0.330 | 85 | 320 | 5 | 2 | 6.3 CT | 3 | -. | -- | 20 | 6 |
| 1 - | PHC-105 | 345-0.345 | 105 | 320 | 5 | 2 | 6.3 CT | 3.5 | -- | - | 21 | $61 / 2$ |
| = | PHC-120 | 375-0-375 | 120 | 380 | 5 | 3 | 6.3 CT | 4 | - | - | 21 | $91 / 2$ |
| / | PHC-150 | 370-0-370 | 150 | 390 | 5 | 3 | 6.3 CT | 4 | 6.3 CT | 1 | 22 | $111 / 2$ |
| = | PHC-200 | 385-0.385 | 200 | 390 | 5 | 3 | 6.3CT | 4.5 | 6.3 CT | 1 | 22 | 12 |
| बा) | PHC-250 | 400-80-0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 |  | . $80-400$ | 250 | 410 | 5 | 6 | 6.3 CT | 7 | 5 | 2 | 24 | 15 |
| $1$ | R REGUL | TED POW | SU | PLIES | Primo | y: 11 | vol | , 50 | 60 cy | es |  |  |
| $\square$ - |  |  |  |  |  |  | 6.3 | 7.5 | 6.3 | 3 |  |  |
|  | PHC-165 | 440-0-440 | 165 | 430 | 5 | 3 | 6.3 | 0.6 | 6.3 | 3 | 22 | 12 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 6.3 | 4 | 6.3 | 0.6 |  |  |
|  | PHC-200A | 450-0-450 | 200 | 442 | 5 | 2 | 6.3 | 4 |  |  | 22 | 12 |

[^0]
## GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

CHICAGO hermetically-sealed transformers are designed and built in accordance with MIL-T-27A Grade 4, specifications for Class R operation. Other units are listed for Class $S$ operation. All units fully meet the rigid requirements for guided missile, military airborne and ground communications equipment, marine equipment, and in any field where a maximum of sealing quality construction is important. They are especially useful in research and development applications, pilot runs, and preproduction models.
To indicate the construction characteristics of this CHICAGO transformer line, the MIL-T-27A specifications require that the transformers be:

1. Temperature and Immersion cycled for 5 complete test cycles of five steps each in temperatures varying from (Plus $85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. for Class R; Plus $108^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. for Class S) to minus $55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. including a $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. saturated salt water immersion step.
2. Moisture resistance tested in temperatures varying from plus $65^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. to minus $10^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. at $90-95 \%$ relative humidity for ten 24 hour cycles extending over a ten day period.
3. Tested for insulation resistance in excess of 1000 megohms after being subjected to tests 1 and 2 .
4. Tested on each winding at twice the rated A-C voltage and frequency.
5. Operated for 48 hours with $12 \%$ overload at rated ambient temperature with no resultant damage either electrically or mechanically.
6. Subjected to severe vibration tests on a shake table for a period of 2 hours in each of three perpendicular planes.
7. Subjected to 10 impact shocks of 50 gravitational units acceleration in each of 3 mutually perpendicular planes.
8. Capable of operation in $65^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. ambient temperature with a temperature rise not exceeding $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. except that the special Class $S$ units can operate in an $85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. ambient with a temperature rise not exceeding $45^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.

FOR REACTOR INPUT SYSTEMS—Primary: 117 volts, 50/60 cycles

| $\begin{gathered} \text { Catalog } \\ \text { No. } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | High Vollage Secondary |  |  | Rectifier |  | Filament |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Case } \\ & \text { Size } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Wi. } \\ & \text { Lbs. } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | A.C Volis | $\begin{aligned} & \text { D.C } \\ & \text { Ma. } \end{aligned}$ | D-C V. <br> Oulpul |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{No} . \\ \mathrm{Volis} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2 \\ & \text { Amps } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { No } \\ \text { Volis } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3 \\ & \text { Amps } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| PHR-55 | 350-0.350 | 55 | 260 | 5 | 2 | 6.3 CT | 2 |  |  | 17 | $31 / 4$ |
| PHR-70 | 425-0.425 | 70 | 320 | 5 | 2 | 6.3 CT | 3 |  |  | 19 | $41 / 2$ |
| PHR-85 | 440-0.440 | 85 | 325 | 5 | 2 | 6.3 CT | 3 |  |  | 20 | 6 |
| PHR-105 | 450-0.450 | 105 | 320 | 5 | 2 | 6.3 CT | 3.5 |  |  | 21 | $61 / 2$ |
| PHR-120 | 500.0.500 | 120 | 390 | 5 | 3 | 6.3 CT | 4 |  |  | 21 | $91 / 2$ |
| PHR-150 | $510.0-510$ | 150 | 395 | 5 | 3 | 6.3 CT | 4 | 6.3 CT | 1 | 22 | $111 / 2$ |
| PHR-200 | 520-0.520 | 200 | 390 | 5 | 3 | 6.3 CT | 4.5 | 6.3 CT | 1 | 22 | 121/4 |
| PHR-300 | 550-370-75-0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | -75-370-550 | 300 | 420 | 5 | 6 | 6.3 CT | 5 | 6.3CT | 1 | 24 | 171/2 |

BIAS TRANSFORMERS - COMBINATION PLATE AND FILAMENT SUPPLY
Primaries: 115 volts, 50/60 cycles; 230 volts, 50/60 cycles - TF4RX03YY

| Catalog No. | Primary Volis | High Vollage Secondary |  | Rectifler Volis | Filament Amps | Case Size | $W_{1} .$Lbs. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | A-C Volis | D-C Ma. |  |  |  |  |
| 1BH-150 | 115 | 180-160-140-120-0 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | -120.140-160-180 | 150 | 5.0 | 3.0 | 19 | 5 |

[^1]
## FILIER REACTORS

 TFARXOAYY

YY ALTERNATE CASE DIMENSIONS

| Case <br> Size | A | B | C | D | E | F |
| ---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 8 | 1.546 | 1.546 | 1.955 | 1.000 | 1.000 | $6-32$ |
| 9 | 1.546 | 1.546 | 2.143 | 1.000 | 1.000 | $6-32$ |
| 12 | 2.241 | 2.101 | 2.680 | 1.562 | 1.375 | $6-32$ |
| 13 | 2.241 | 2.101 | 2.930 | 1.562 | 1.375 | 6.32 |
| 14 | 2.521 | 2.381 | 3.049 | 1.812 | 1.687 | $6-32$ |
| 15 | 2.521 | 2.381 | 3.299 | 1.812 | 1.687 | 6.32 |
| 16 | 2.861 | 2.711 | 3.492 | 2.000 | 1.875 | $8-32$ |
| 17 | 2.861 | 2.711 | 3.742 | 2.000 | 1.875 | 8.32 |
| 18 | 3.245 | 2.979 | 3.867 | 2.375 | 2.125 | 8.32 |
| 19 | 3.245 | 2.979 | 4.242 | 2.375 | 2.125 | $8-32$ |
| 20 | 3.667 | 3.292 | 4.305 | 2.625 | 2.375 | $10-32$ |
| 21 | 3.667 | 3.292 | 4.680 | 2.625 | 2.375 | $10-32$ |
| 22 | 4.573 | 4.120 | 5.318 | 3.375 | 3.000 | 10.32 |
| 24 | 5.323 | 4.792 | 6.068 | 3.375 | 3.000 | 12.24 |

The design of chicago New Equipment filter reactors provides maximum inductance for given current rating in the smallest possible size of unit. Their mountings and current ratings match with those of the power transformers on pages 2 and 3.

| Caialog No. | Induciance Henries | Max. D-C Current, Ma. | D-C <br> Resistance in Ohms | Insulation Tesi Volis RMS | Case <br> Size | WI. Lbs. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| RH-1510 | 15 | 10 | 680 | 1000 | 8 | 1 |
| RH-1520 | 15 | 20 | 680 | 1000 | 8 | 1 |
| RH-1540 | 15 | 40 | 475 | 2500 | 12 | $11 / 2$ |
| RH-1055 | 10 | 55 | 230 | 2500 | 13 | $13 / 4$ |
| RH-1555 | 15 | 55 | 420 | 2500 | 13 | 2 |
| RH-1085 | 10 | 85 | 175 | 2500 | 14 | $21 / 2$ |
| RH-1585 | 15 | 85 | 285 | 2500 | 14 | $23 / 4$ |
| RH-8105 | 8 | 105 | 100 | 2500 | 17 | $33 / 4$ |
| RH-12105 | 12 | 105 | 170 | 2500 | 17 | 4 |
| RH-8150 | 8 | 150 | 100 | 2500 | 18 | $51 / 4$ |
| RH-12150 | 12 | 150 | 150 | 2500 | 19 | $51 / 2$ |
| RH-8200 | 8 | 200 | 85 | 2500 | 20 | 7 |
| RH-12200 | 12 | 200 | 140 | 2500 | 20 | $7$ |
| RH-8250 | 8 | 250 | 90 | 2500 | 22 | 101/2 |
| RH-8300 | 8 | 300 | 60 | 3500 | 22 | 12 l / |

when operaled throughout the specilled eurrent range. All measurements made al 10 volis, 60 eycles.







Designed and built in accordance with MIL-T-27A, Grade 4, Class R operating temperature; life expectancy X (10,000 hours minimum). Maximum operating altitude 10,000 feet.

## MULTIPLE FILAMENT TRANSFORMERS

TFARX01--
All Primaries: 105/115/125 volis, 50/60 cycles

| Catalog No. | Sec. No. 1 | Sec. No. 2 | Sec. No. 3 | Insul. Test | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Case } \\ & \text { Sizet } \end{aligned}$ | Wi. Lbs. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| FMS-1 | 5 V .2 A | 6.3 V. CT 2.5 A | $\cdots$ | 2500 V . | GA | $31 / 2$ |
| FMS-2 | 5 V .2 A | 12.6V.CT 1.25A | --. | 2500 V . | GA | $31 / 2$ |
| FMS-3 | 5 V .3 A | 6.3 V. CT 5A | - | 2500 V . | HA | 4 |
| FMS-4 | 5 V .3 A | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline 6.3 \mathrm{~V} . \mathrm{CT} 3 \mathrm{~A} \\ \leftarrow \\ \leftarrow \\ \hline \end{array} 2.6 \mathrm{~V} .$ | $\begin{aligned} & 6.3 \mathrm{~V} . \mathrm{CT} 3 \mathrm{~A} \\ & \mathrm{CT} 3 \mathrm{~A} \end{aligned}$ | 2500 V . | JB | $43 / 4$ |
| FMS-5 | 5 V .3 A | 6.3 V. CT 1A | 6.3 V. CT 5A | 2500 V . | $J B$ | $43 / 4$ |
| FMS-6 | $\begin{gathered} 6.3 \mathrm{~V} . \mathrm{CT} 3 \mathrm{~A} \\ \leftarrow \quad 12.6 \end{gathered}$ | $\xrightarrow{6.3 \mathrm{~V} . \mathrm{CT} 3 \mathrm{~A}}$ | - | 2500 V . | HA | 4 |
| FMS-7 | $\begin{aligned} & 6.3 \mathrm{~V} . \mathrm{CT} 6 \mathrm{~A} \\ & \leftarrow 12.6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 6.3 \mathrm{~V} . \mathrm{CT} 6 \mathrm{~A} \\ & \\ & \mathrm{~V} . \mathrm{CT} 6 \mathrm{~A} \end{aligned}$ | - | 2500 V . | KA | $61 / 2$ |
| FMS-8 | 5 V . CT 3A | 5 V . CT 3A | 5 V . CT 6A | 5000 V . | KA | 7 |

All secondary A.C. volfages $\pm 3 \% \quad \dagger$ Refer to case size.

## FILAMENT

Ratings of chicago filament transformers provide voltages and currents for heating a wide range of receiving and transmitting tubes. Catalog Nos. FH-210, FH-210H, FH-215H, FH-510H, and FH-520HB are specially designed for high voltage rectifier supplies.
FILAMENT TRANSFORMERS-TFARXOIYY
Primary: $115 / 230$ volis, $50 / 60$ cycles

| Calalog No. | Secondary |  | Insulation Tesi Volis RMS | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Case } \\ & \text { Size } \end{aligned}$ | Wi. Lbs. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Volis | Amps |  |  |  |
| FH-25 | 2.5 CT | 5.25 | 3500 | 15 | 2 |
| FH-2 10 | 2.5 CT | 10. | 5000 | 15 | 3 |
| FH-210H | 2.5 CT | 10. | 9000 | 19 | 4 |
| FH.215H | 2.5 CT | 15. | 9000 | 21 | $51 / 4$ |
| FH-54 | 5.0 CT | 4. | 2500 | 15 | 21/4 |
| FH-58 | 5.0 CT | 10. | 2500 | 17 | $31 / 2$ |
| FH.510H | 5.0 CT | 10. | 8000 | 21 | 6 |
| FH-520HB | 5.0 CT | 20. | 10000 | 24 | 13 |
| FH-615 | 6.3 CT | 1.5 | 2500 | 12 | 1 |
| FH-63 | 6.3 CT | 3. | 2500 | 14 | 2 |
| FH-65 | 6.3 CT | 5.5 | 2500 | 16 | 3 |
| FH-610 | 6.3 CT | 10. | 2500 | 19 | 5 |
| FH-104 | 10.0 CT | 4. | 2500 | 17 | $31 / 4$ |

## TRANSFORMERS

[^2]
## MULTIPLE FLAMENT

TRANSFORMERS

## PREFERRED FOR EVERY MODERN CIRCUIT REQUIREMENT

## YY ALTERNATE CASES



POWER TRANSFORMERS-TF4SX03YY
All primaries $105 / 115 / 125$ V., 380-1000 cycles

| Calalog Number | High Voltage Secondary |  | Reclifler Filamen |  | Other Filaments |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Case } \\ & \text { Size } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c} \text { Terminal } \\ \text { Type } \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Wi. } \\ & \text { Lbs. } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | A.C. Volis | D.C. Ma. | Volis | Amps. | Volis | Amps. |  |  |  |
| 4PHC-55 | 270-0-270 | 55 | 5.0 | 2 | 6.3 CT | 2 | 13 | A | $11 / 2$ |
| 4PHC-70 | 335-0-335 | 70 | 5.0 | 2 | 6.3 CT | 3 | 13 | A | $13 / 4$ |
| 4PHC-120 | 375-0.375 | 120 | 5.0 | 3 | 6.3 CT | 4 | 17 | B | 21/2 |
| 4PHC-165 | 440-0.440 | 165 | 5.0 | 3 | 6.3 | 7.5 | 20 | B | 6 |
|  |  |  |  |  | 6.3 | 3 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | 6.3 | 3 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | 6.3 | 0.6 |  |  |  |
| 4PHC-200A | 450-0.450 | 200 | 5.0 | 2 | 6.3 | 4 | 20 | B | $53 / 4$ |
|  |  |  |  |  | 6.3 | 4 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | 6.3 | 0.6 |  |  |  |
|  | 550-370-75-0 | 300 | 5.0 | 6 | 6.3 CT |  |  |  |  |
| 4PHR-300 | 75-370-550 |  |  |  | 6.3 CT | 1 | 21 | B | $61 / 2$ |

## FILTER REACTORS-TF4SX04YY

| Calalog <br> Number | Induclance <br> (henries) | Maximum <br> D.C. Ma. | D.C. Resistance <br> (ahms) | Insulation <br> Volis RMS | Case <br> Size | Tarminal <br> Type | Wi. <br> Lbs. |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4RH-255 | 2.0 | 55 | 160 | 2,500 | 3 | $B$ | $1 / 4$ |
| 4RH-270 | 2.0 | 70 | 165 | 2,500 | 7 | $B$ | $1 / 2$ |
| 4RH-2120 | 2.0 | 120 | 100 | 2,500 | 11 | B | 1 |
| 4RH-2165 | 2.0 | 165 | 90 | 2,500 | 11 | $B$ | $11 / 2$ |
| 4RH-2200 | 2.0 | 200 | 73 | 2,500 | 13 | B | $13 / 4$ |
| 4RH-2300 | 2.0 | 300 | 47 | 2,500 | 16 | B | $31 / 4$ |

## FILAMENT TRANSFORMERS-TF4SXOIYY

All primaries $105 / 115 / 125 \mathrm{~V} ., 380-1000$ cycles

| Calalog <br> Number | Sec. <br> Volis | Sec. <br> Amps. | Insulation <br> Volis RMS | Case <br> Size | Terminal <br> Type | Wi. <br> Lbs. |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4FH-63 | 6.3 CT | 3 | 2,500 | 10 | B | $3 / 4$ |
| 4FH-65 | 6.3 CT | 5.5 | 2,500 | 11 | B | 1 |
| 4FH-610 | 6.3 CT | 10 | 2,500 | 13 | B | $13 / 4$ |
| 4FH-620 | 6.3 CT | 20 | 2,500 | 15 | $\mathrm{~B} \& \mathrm{C}$ | $21 / 2$ |

## SHEP-DOMK TRANSFORMER

## THREE-PHASE 400 CYCLES TFIRXOIYY

Y-Y connected, HP3-140 is identical to chicago Specification No. 9926A in size and construction, but is rated at 140 va. instead of 88 va. Primary is 115 volts per phase, 3 -phase, 400 cycles. Designed primarily for aircraft applications.

| Calalog <br> No. | Secondary |  | Case | Terminal |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Volis | Va. Cap. | Weight <br> Size | Type | Lbs. |
| HP3-140 | 28.5 | 140 | 17 | R | 3 |

All secondary A.C. vollages $\pm 3 \%$

## MILITARY STANDARD CASES

Designed and built in accordance with MIL-T-27A, Grade 4, Class $S^{*}$ operating temperature and life expectancy $X$ ( 10,000 hours minimum). Maximum operating altitude $\mathbf{7 0 , 0 0 0}$ feet.

The complete line is housed in Chicago's one piece drawnsteel cases. Outside case dimensions and mounting dimensions are within the tolerance of the Military Standard Specifications. *High Temperature Operation $85^{\circ}$ C. ambient, $45^{\circ}$ C. rise.

POWER TRANSFORMERS-TF4SX03--
(Capacitor Input Systems)
All primaries 105/115/125V., 380-1000 cycles

| Calalog <br> Number | High Voltage Secondary |  | Reclifer Filamen |  | Other <br> Filamenis |  | Case t Size | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Wi. } \\ & \text { Lbs. } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | A.C. Volis | D.C. Ma. | Volis | Amps. | Volis | Amps. |  |  |
| 4PMS-40 | 255.0.255 | 40 | 5.0 | 2.0 | 6.3 CT | 2.0 | GB | $11 / 2$ |
| 4PMS-55 | 270-0.270 | 55 | 5.0 | 2 | 6.3 CT | 2 | GB | $13 / 4$ |
| 4PMS-70 | 335-0.335 | 70 | 5.0 | 2 | 6.3 CT | 3 | GB | $13 / 4$ |
| 4PMS-85 | 330-0.330 | 85 | 5.0 | 2.0 | 6.3 CT | 3.0 | GA | 21/2 |
| 4PMS-105 | 345-0.345 | 105 | 5.0 | 2.0 | 6.3 CT | 3.5 | GA | $21 / 4$ |
| 4PMS-120 | 375.0.375 | 120 | 5.0 | 3 | 6.3 CT | 4 | GA | 3 |
| 4PMS-150 | 370-0.370 | 150 | 5.0 | 3.0 | 6.3 CT | 4.0 | JB | $41 / 4$ |
|  |  |  |  |  | 6.3 CT | 1.0 |  |  |
| 4PMS-165 | 440-0.440 | 165 | 5.0 | 3 | 6.3 | 7.5 | KB | $61 / 2$ |
|  |  |  |  |  | 6.3 | 3 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | 6.3 | 3 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | 6.3 | 0.6 |  |  |
| 4PMS-200A | 450-0.450 | 200 | 5.0 | 2 | 6.3 | 4 | KB | $61 / 4$ |
|  |  |  |  |  | 6.3 | 4 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | 6.3 | 0.6 |  |  |
| $\begin{array}{r} 550-370-75-0 \\ \text { 4PMS-300 } \$ 75-370.550 \end{array}$ |  | 300 | 5.0 | 6 |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | $6.3 \mathrm{CT}$ |  |  | $1$ | KA | $71 / 2$ |  |

FILTER REACTORS-TF4SX04-- $\dagger$

| Catalog <br> Number | Induciance <br> (henries) | Maximum <br> D.C. Ma. | D.C. Resistance <br> (ohms) | Insulation <br> Volis RMS | Caset <br> Size | WI. <br> Lbs. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4RMS-240 | 2.0 | 40 | 190 | 2,500 | AH | $1 / 4$ |
| 4RMS-255 | 2.0 | 55 | 160 | 2,500 | AH | $1 / 4$ |
| 4RMS-270 | 2.0 | 70 | 165 | 2,500 | AJ | $3 / 4$ |
| 4RMS-285 | 2.0 | 85 | 125 | 2,500 | AH | $1 / 4$ |
| 4RMS-2105 | 2.0 | 105 | 110 | 2,500 | EB | $1 / 2$ |
| 4RMS-2120 | 2.0 | 120 | 100 | 2,500 | EB | 1 |
| 4RMS-2150 | 2.0 | 150 | 95 | 2,500 | EB | 1 |
| 4RMS-2165 | 2.0 | 165 | 90 | 2,500 | EB | 1 |
| 4RMS-2200 | 2.0 | 200 | 73 | 2,500 | FA | 2 |
| 4RMS-2300§ | 2.0 | 300 |  |  |  |  |

FILAMENT TRANSFORMERS-TF4SX01——†
All primaries $105 / 115 / 125$ V., 380-1000 cycles

| Catalog Number | Sec. Valis | Sec. Amps. | Insulation Volis RMS | Case Size $\dagger$ Wi. Lbs. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4FMS-63 | 6.3 CT | 3 | 2,500 | EB | 1 |
| 4FMS-65 | 6.3 CT | 5.5 | 2,500 | EA | $11 / 4$ |
| 4FMS-610 | 6.3 CT | 10 | 2,500 | FA | 2 |
| 4FMS-620 | 6.3 CT | 20 | 2,500 | GA | $21 / 2$ |

[^3]ŞMax. operating Alt. 50,000 ff.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 400 \text { GYCLE } \\
& \text { TRANSFORMERS }
\end{aligned}
$$



## MS (MILITARY STANDARD) TRANSFORMERS

All transformers in the MS line are as established jointly by the three armed forces-Army Signal Corps, Navy Bureau of Ships, and Air Force-working through ASESA (Armed Services Electronic Standards Agency) and in cooperation with the transformer industry.
Tests have been conducted in the CHICAGO Transformer plant, the results of which indicate that all units will meet the requirements of MIL-T-27A, Grade 4, Class R operating temperature; Life Expectancy X (10,000 hours minimum).
The complete line is housed in Chicago's one-piece drawn-steel cases. Outside case and mounting dimensions are within the tolerances of the Military Standard specification. Terminal arrangements and markings are also in accordance with the same specification.

## POWER TRANSFORMERS_REACTOR INPUT SYSTEMS

Maximum Operating Altitude $10,000 \mathrm{ft}$.
Primary-105/115/125V.-Frequency-54-66 Cycles

| Caialog <br> Number | Mil-T-27A Classincation | $\begin{gathered} \text { Mil-T- } 27 A \\ \text { PariNo. } \end{gathered}$ | High Voltage Secondary |  | D-C, V Outpui | Rectifer Filamenl |  | Filament No. 2 |  | Wi. Lbs. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | A-C Volis | D-C Ma. |  | Volis | Amps | Volis | Amps |  |
| PMS-70 | TF4RX03HAOO 1 | MS-90026 | $\begin{gathered} 200-100-0 \\ 100-200 \end{gathered}$ | 70 | 156 | 6.3 5 | 2 | 6.3 | 3 | 4 |
| PMS-70A | TF4RX03JB002 | MS-90027 | 325-0.325 | 70 | 260 | $6.3 / 5$ | 2 | 6.3 | 4 | 5 |
| PMS-150 | TF4RX03KB006 | MS-90028 | 325-0.325 | 150 | 245 | 6.3 | 5 | 5 | 3 | $71 / 4$ |
| PMS-175 | TF4RX03LB003 | MS-90029 | 400-0.400 | 175 | 318 | 5 | 3 | 6.3 | 8 | 10 |
| PMS-250 | TF4RX03MB004 | MS-90030 | 450-0.450 | 250 | 345 | 5 | 3 | 6.3 | 8 | 13 |
| PMS-350 | TF4RX02KBOO 1 | MS-9003 1 | 350-0.350 | 250 | 255 | - | -- | -.. | -. | $71 / 2$ |
| PMS-550 | TF4RX02LB002 | MS-90032 | 550-0-550 | 250 | 419 | - | - | - | - | 11 |
| PMS-800 | TF4RX02NB003 | MS-90036 | 800-0.800 | 250 | 640 | --- | - | - | - | $161 / 2$ |

## FILAMENT TRANSFORMERS

Maximum Operating Altitude $10,000 \mathrm{ft}$.
Primary-105/115/125V.-Frequency-54-66 Cycles

| Catalog Number | Mil-T-27A <br> Classifcation No. | Mil-T-27A <br> PartNo. | Secondary |  | Insulation Volis RMS | Wi. Lbs. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Volis | Amps |  |  |
| FMS-23 | TF4RXO IEB002 | MS-900 16 | 2.5 | 3.0 | 2500 | $11 / 2$ |
| FMS-210 | TF4RXO IGBOO3 | MS-900 17 | 2.5 | 10 | 2500 | $21 / 2$ |
| FMS-53 | TFARXO 1FB004 | MS-900 18 | 5.0 | 3.0 | 2500 | $13 / 4$ |
| FMS-510 | TFARXO IHB005 | MS-900 19 | 5.0 | 10 | 2500 | 4 |
| FMS-62 | TFARXO 1FBOO6 | MS-90020 | 6.3 | 2.0 | 2500 | $13 / 4$ |
| FMS-65 | TF4RXO 1GB007 | MS-90021 | 6.3 | 5.0 | 2500 | $23 / 4$ |
| FMS-610 | TF4RXO IJB008 | MS-90022 | 6.3 | 10 | 2500 | 5 |
| FMS-620 | TFARXO 1KB009 | MS-90023 | 6.3 | 20 | 2500 | 8 |
| FMS-210H | TFARXO 1JBO 12 | MS-90024 | 2.5 | 10 | 10000 | $43 / 4$ |
| FMS-510H | TFARXO IKBO 13 | MS-90025 | 5.0 | 10 | 10000 | 7 |

[^4]
# AUDIO TRANSFORMERS 

YY ALTERNATE CASE DIMENSIONS

| Case <br> Size | A | B | C | D | E | F |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 13 | 2.241 | 2.101 | 2.930 | 1.562 | 1.375 | $6-32$ |
| 14 | 2.521 | 2.381 | 3.049 | 1.812 | 1.687 | 6.32 |
| 16 | 2.861 | 2.711 | 3.492 | 2.000 | 1.875 | 8.32 |
| 18 | 3.245 | 2.979 | 3.867 | 2.375 | 2.125 | 8.32 |
| 20 | 3.667 | 3.292 | 4.305 | 2.625 | 2.375 | $10-32$ |
| 21 | 3.667 | 3.292 | 4.680 | 2.625 | 2.375 | $10-32$ |
| 22 | 4.573 | 4.120 | 5.318 | 3.375 | 3.000 | 10.32 |



## INPUT TRANSFORMERS-TFARX——YY $\dagger \dagger$

Maximum Operating Altitude 10,000 ft.
Frequency Response, 30 to 15,000 cycles

| Catalog No. | Application | Impedance <br> Primary-Secondary | Operating Level§ | Hum Reduction | Case <br> Size | HFamily | Wi. Lbs. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BIH-1 | Line to Single or Push-Pull Grids | *Pri: 600 150 ohms CT <br> *Sec: 50,000 ohms CT | +15 dbm . | -70 dbm. | 13 | 10 | $11 / 2$ |
| BIH-4 | Line to Line | Pri: 600 / 150 ohms CT Sec: $600 / 150$ ohms CT |  | -70 dbm . | 13 | 16 | $11 / 2$ |
| BIH-6 | Interstage-P.P PI. io Sgl. or P-P Grids | *Pri: 20,000 ohms CT <br> *Sec: 50,000 ohms CT | +15 dbm . | -70 dbm . | 13 | 15 | $11 / 2$ |
| BIH. 7 | Low imped. mike, pickup, or multiple line to grid | Pri: 50/150/250/600 <br> -Sec: 50,000 ohms CT | +15 dbm . | -70 dbm . | 13 | 10 | $11 / 2$ |
| BIH-8 | Single Plate to Push-Pull Grids | Pri: 10,000 ohms <br> *Sec: 50,000 ohms CT | + 15 dbm . | -70 dbm. | 13 | 10 | $11 / 2$ |

OUTPUT TRANSFORMERS-TFARXI3YY
Maximum Operating Altitude $10,000 \mathrm{ft}$.
Frequency Response, 30 to 15,000 cycles

| Catalog No. | Application | Impedance <br> Primary-Secondary | Operating Leveḷ̂̉ | Oulpur Tubes | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Case } \\ & \text { Size } \end{aligned}$ | Wi. Lbs. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BOH-1 | Single Plate to Line | \#Pri: 15,000 ohms <br> *Sec: 600/150 ohms CT | +15 dbm . | 6C4's or equiv. | 14 | 21/4 |
| BOH-2 | Push-Pull Plates to Line | *Pri: 20,000 ohms CT <br> *Sec: 600 150 ohms CT | $+30 \mathrm{dbm} .$ | 6C5's or equiv. | 16 | 3 |
| BOH-4 | Push-Pull Plates 10 Line | Pri: 7,500 ohms CT <br> *Sec: 600/150 ohms CT $\ddagger$ | - 43 dbm . | 6L6's or equiv. | 20 | 6 |
| BOH-5 | P-P Plates to Line or Voice Coil | *Pri: 10,000 ohms CT <br> *Sec: 600/16/8 ohms CT and 150/4 ohms | +37 dbm . | 6V6's or equiv. | 18 | 4 |
| BOH-9 | P-P Plates to line or Voice Coil | *Pri: 5000/3000 ohms CT <br> -Sec: 600/16 8 ohms CT and $150 / 4$ ohms | +42 dbm. | 684G's or equiv. | 20 | 6 |

[^5]
## MIL-T-27A FULL FREQUENCY RANGE AUDIO TRANSFORMERS

Designed and built in accordance with MIL-T-27A, Grade 4, Class R operating temperature; Life Expectancy X (10,000 hrs. min.).
Frequency response of these input and output transformers is characteristically within $\pm 1 \mathrm{db}$ over the full range of 30 to 15,000 cycles.
For Commercial grade "Sealed-inSteel" transformers identical to this series in performance and construction, See page 24.


## AUDIO TRAMSFORMERS



MS CASE DIMENSIONS

|  | Dimensions in inches |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Size | A | B | C | D | E | S | F |
| AG | 1 | 1 | $13 / 8$ |  | -- | 3/4 | $4-40 \times 3 / 1$ |
| AH | 15/16 | 15/16 | $13 /$ |  | $\cdots$ | $11 / 4$ | $6.32 \times 3 / 8$ |
| AJ | 15/2 | 15/8 | $23 / 8$ | ${ }^{13} 6$ | 13/16 | --- | $6.32 \times 3 / 6$ |
| EA | 115/6 | 113/6 | $23 / 4$ | 1 $1 /$ | $11 / 4$ | - | $6.32 \times 1 / 6$ |
| EB | $1 \mathrm{I} / \mathrm{s}_{6}$ | $113 / 16$ | 27/6 | $1 \%$ | $11 / 4$ |  | $6.32 \times 3 / 4$ |
| FA | 23/16 | 21/6 | $31 / 8$ | 111\% | 17/6 | - | $6.32 \times 3 / 6$ |

## MILITARY STANDARD AUDIO TRANSFORMERS

Designed and built in accordance with MIL-T-27A, Grade 1, Class R operating temperature; Life Expectancy X (10,000 hrs. min.).

## TRANSISTOR AUDIO TRANSFORMERS

Designed and built in accordance with MIL-T-27A, Grade 4, Class $R$ operating temperature; Life Expectancy X ( 10,000 , hrs. min.).

The "TAMS Series" of transistor transformers shown at right include a variety of input, interstage, driver, and output types engineered to provide the best efficiency and electrical performance for the electrical power ratings and physical sizes listed.

The impedance ratings and power handling capabilities have been selected to match the most popular and commonly available types of transistors.

Detailed information on applications and circuit constants can be obtained from most booklets of transistor characteristics and applications published by the transistor manufacturers.

## M. S. AUDIO TRANSFORMERS

Maximum Operaling Altitude 50,000 ft.
Frequency Response $\pm 2 \mathrm{db}$ 300-10,000 cps,
AJ Case Size—Max. Wt. . 6 lbs.

| Catalog $\qquad$ | MIL-T-27A Classiflcation | $\begin{gathered} \text { MIL-T-27A } \\ \text { PariNo. } \end{gathered}$ | Applicalion | Impedance | Operating Level | $\begin{gathered} \text { Pri. } \\ \text { DCMA } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| AMS-1 | TFIRX 15AJ001 | MS-90000 | P.P Plates 10 P.P Grids | Pri: 10,000 ohms CT <br> Sec: 90,000 ohms CT  <br> 22,500 ohms CT  | 15 dbm . | 10 |
| AMS-2 | TFIRX 16AJ002 | MS-90001 | Line 10 Voice Coil | Pri: 600 ohms CT 150 ohms <br> Sec: $4 / 8 / 16$ ohms | 2 W | - |
| AMS-3 | TFIRX 10AJ001 | MS.90002 | Line to P-P Grids | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Pri: } 600 \text { ohms } C T \\ & 150 \text { ohms } \\ & \text { Sec: } 135,000 \text { ohms } C T \end{aligned}$ | 15 dbm . | - |
| AMS-4 | TFIRX16AJ001 | MS-90003 | Line io Line | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Pri: } 600 \text { ohms } \mathrm{CT} \\ & 150 \text { ohms } \\ & \text { Sec: } 600 \text { ohms CT } \\ & 150 \text { ohms } \end{aligned}$ | 15 dbm . | - |
| AMS-5 | TFIRX13AJ001 | 1 MS.90004 | Single Plate to Line | Pri: 7600 4800 ohms <br> Sec: 600 ohms CT/ 150 ohms | 2 W | 40 |
| AMS-6 | TFIRX 13AJ002 | 2 MS-90005 | Single Plate 1o Voice Coil | Pri: $7600 / 4800$ ohms Sec: 4 . 16 ohms | 2W | 40 |
| AMS-7 | TFIRX 13AJ003 | 3 MS-90006 | P-P Plates to Line | Pri: 15,000 ohms CT <br> Sec: 600 ohms CT 150 ohms | s $2 W$ | 10 |
| AMS-8 | TFIRX 13AJ004 | 4 MS-90007 | P-P Plates to Line | Pri: 24,000 ohms CT <br> Sec: 600 ohms CT 150 ohms | IW | 20 |
| AMS-9 | TFIRX 13AJ005 | 5 MS-90008 | P. P Plates po Line | Pri: 60,000 ohms CT <br> Sec: 600 ohms CT/ 150 ohms | 5W | 20 |

TRANSISTOR AUDIO TRANSFORMERS—TFARX————
Maximum Operating Altitude 50,000 ft.

| Catalog No. | Application | Impedance in Ohms |  | Max. Pri. D.C. Ma. | DC Res. in Ohms |  | Power in Walis | Case $\dagger$ Size | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Fam- } \\ & \text { ily } \end{aligned}$ | Wi. Lbs. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Pri. | Sec. |  | Pri. | Sec. |  |  |  |  |
| TAMS-1 | Inpul | 600 CT | 10 | 20 | 42 | . 8 | . 05 | AG | 17 | 21/2oz. |
| TAMS-2 | Interstage | 100 CT | 10 CT | 100 | 4.3 | . 8 | . 25 | AH | 17 | 5 oz. |
| TAMS-3 | Interstage | 100 | 1000 CT | 100 | 5.8 | 45 | . 25 | AJ | 17 | 11 oz . |
| TAMS-4 | Interstage | 500 CT | 5000 CT | 12 | 37 | 250 | . 03 | A」 | 17 | 11 oz . |
| TAMS-5 | Driver | 1000 | 200 CT | 10 | 400 | 115 | . 05 | AG | 17 | 2 oz. |
| TAMS-6 | Driver | 2000 | 200 CT | 5 | 720 | 115 | . 05 | AG | 12 | 2 or. |
| TAMS-7 | Driver | 100 | 100 CT | 100 | 12 | 12 | . 5 | EB | 17 | 1 lb . |
| TAMS-8 | Outpur | 9800 | 15 | 2 | 640 | 2 | . 05 | AG | 12 | 2 oz. |
| TAMS-9 | Outpur | 1000 | 4816 | 10 | 180 | 3.5 | . 2 | AG | 17 | $21 / 202$. |
| TAMS-10 | Ouppur | 2000 CT | 4/8/16 | -. | 250 | 4 | . 2 | AG | 12 | $21 / 2 \mathrm{oz}$. |
| TAMS-11 | Oupul | 48 CT | 8/16 | 275 | 5 | 1.5 | 5 | FA | 17 | $11 / 2 \mathrm{lb}$. |
| TAMS-12 | Output | 20 CT | 8 | 500 | . 55 | 35 | 10 | A」 | 17 | 12 oz . |

[^6]
## LOW PASS FILTER LPF-2

For attenuating frequencies above $\mathbf{3 , 0 0 0}$ cycles in low level speech amplifiers.

Originally designed and intended for commercial aircraft communication service, the LPF-2 can be advantageously employed in all types of amateur, police and commercial voice communication equipment.

Electrically, the filter operates out of a source impedance of 50,000 ohms (plate of a $6 \mathrm{C} 4,6 \mathrm{~J} 5$ or equivalent) to a 50,000 ohm grid.

The low pass filter will function satisfactorily at input signal levels up to 10 volts RMS. A plate blocking condenser must be used between the input of the filter and the preceding audio amplifier stage, since none is incorporated in the filter proper. The insertion loss of the LPF-2 is relatively low, being in the order of 0.8 db . If greater attenuation than that which can be obtained from a single section is desired or required, two sections can be cascaded. Case size: 9 ; shipping weight: $83 / 4 \mathrm{oz}$. For commercial grade filter, see LPF-1 page 20.



## MOLDED TOROIDAL INDUGTORS

chicago toroids, plastic encapsulated in molded cases, are now stocked in standard ratings for immediate delivery. Individual units may be stacked and mounted with a single screw to obtain various combinations of inductance. chicago toroids are wound on high density, high permeability cores of powdered molybdenum permalloy, with utmost attention given to stability, low temperature co-efficients, insulation and ruggedness.

## Features:

- High Q over wide frequency ranges
- Minimum pickup from external magnetic fields
- Close tolerance of plus, minus $1 \%$
- High stability over temperature range of $-55^{\circ}$ to plus $85^{\circ}$ centigrade
- Not affected by high humidity
- Resist shock and vibration
- Small sized, uniform, easily stacked

| Calalog No. | Induclance (m.h.) | D.C. Res. <br> (ohms) |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| TM-1 A | 1 | .32 |
| TM-2 A | 2 | .72 |
| TM-5 A | 5 | 1.85 |
| TM-8A | 8 | 2.25 |
| TM-10 A | 10 | 3.25 |
| TM-20 A | 20 | 7.0 |
| TM-50 A | 50 | 18.5 |
| TM-80 A | 80 | 29.5 |
| TM-100 A | 100 | 32.5 |
| TM-200 A | 200 | 71.5 |
| TM-500 A | 500 | 185 |
| TN-800 A | 800 | 300 |
| TM-1000 A | 1000 | 340 |



## MILT-27A PUBLC ADDRESS RANGE AUDIO TRAMSFORMERS



Designed and built in accordance with MIL-T-27A; (irade 4, Class R operating temperature; Life expectancy $\mathrm{X}(10,000 \mathrm{hrs}$. min.). Maximum operating altitude 10,000 feet. 'Transformers in this series are electrically the same as those listed on page 22 . Their frequency response is within $\pm 1$ dh over a frequency range of 50 to 10,000 cycles. Response curves for the three PH() output transformers are identical to those for units with corresponding PSO numbers shown on page 22. Used in military communication and test equipment.
DRIVER TRANSFORMERS—TF4RXI2YY

| Capalog No. | Typical Driver Tubes | Primary Impedance | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Max D-C } \\ & \text { in Pri. } \end{aligned}$ | Power in Watts | $\begin{gathered} \text { Ratio } \\ \text { Pri. } 1 / 2 \text { Sec. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Case } \\ & \text { Size } \end{aligned}$ | Wi. Lbs. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| PHD-10 | P-P 6N7's, GAG's, 6J5's, 6C4's, etc. | $\begin{gathered} 20,000 \text { ohms } \\ \mathrm{CT} \end{gathered}$ | 10 ma . | 3 | 3:1 | 14 | $21 / 4$ |
| PHD-25 | P.P 6NT's, GAG's, 6J5's, 6C4's, efc. | $\begin{gathered} 20,000 \text { ohms } \\ \mathrm{CT} \end{gathered}$ | 25 ma . | 5 | 3:1 | 15 | 21/4 |
| PHD-100 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { P-P GBAG's, } 45 \text { 's, } \\ & 2 A 3 \text { 's, } 616 \text { 's, etc. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 5,00 \mathrm{Chms} \text { CT } \\ \text { oh } \end{gathered}$ | 100 ma . | 10 | 5:1 | 18 | $41 / 2$ |

OUTPUT TRANSFORMERS-TFARXI3YY

| Calalog No. | Typical Outpup Tubes | Class | Impedances <br> Primary- <br> Secondary | Max. D.C In Pri. | Power Level | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Case } \\ & \text { Size } \end{aligned}$ | WI. Lbs. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| PHO-80 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { P-P GB4G's, GL6's } \\ & \text { P-P OVG's, OL6's } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & A 1 \\ & A B \end{aligned}$ | Pri: 5,000 ohms CT <br> Sec: 600/150/ <br> - $16 / 8 / 4$ ohms | 120 ma . | $\begin{gathered} 20 \\ \text { walls } \end{gathered}$ | 20 | $61 / 2$ |

'Has tertiary winding to provide $10 \%$ inverse feedback.

## MIL-T-27A COMMUNICATIONS RANCE AUDIO TRANSFORMERS

YY ALTERNATE CASE DIMENSIONS

| Case <br> Sire | A | B | C | D | $\boldsymbol{E}$ | $\boldsymbol{F}$ |
| ---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 8 | 1.546 | 1.546 | 1.955 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 6.32 |
| 9 | 1.546 | 1.546 | 2.143 | 1.000 | 1.000 | $6-32$ |
| 12 | 2.241 | 2.101 | 2.680 | 1.562 | 1.375 | $6-32$ |
| 13 | 2.241 | 2.101 | 2.930 | 1.562 | 1.375 | 6.32 |
| 14 | 2.521 | 2.381 | 3.049 | 1.812 | 1.687 | 6.32 |
| 15 | 2.521 | 2.381 | 3.299 | 1.812 | 1.687 | $6-32$ |
| 16 | 2.861 | 2.711 | 3.492 | 2.000 | 1.875 | $8-32$ |
| 17 | 2.861 | 2.711 | 3.742 | 2.000 | 1.875 | $8-32$ |
| 18 | 3.245 | 2.979 | 3.867 | 2.375 | 2.125 | $8-32$ |
| 19 | 3.245 | 2.979 | 4.242 | 2.375 | 2.125 | 8.32 |
| 20 | 3.667 | 3.292 | 4.305 | 2.625 | 2.375 | 10.32 |

Designed and built in accordance with MIL-T-27A; Grade 4, Class IR operating temperature; Life expectancy $\mathrm{X}(10,000 \mathrm{hrs}$. min.). Maximum operating altitude 10,000 feet. The frequency response of these input output transformers is within $\pm 1 \mathrm{db}$ over range of 200 to 3500 cycles, which makes them well adapted to equipment designed for unattenuated speech reproduction. Built to withstand high humidity, severe shock, or corrosive action.
INPUT TRANSFORMERS—TFARX——YY $\dagger \dagger$

| Catalog <br> No. | Application | Impedances <br> Primary-Secondary | Case <br> Size | Family $\dagger+$ | Wl. <br> Lbs. |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CIH-1 | Low Level Line to <br> Single or P-P Grids | Pri: $600 / 150$ ohms <br> Sec: 100,000 ohms CT | 9 | 10 | $3 / 4$ |
| CIH-2 | Low Level SB or DB Micro- <br> phone to Sgl. or P-P Grids | Pri: $125 / 50$ ohms, 80 ma. <br> Sec: 125,000 ohms CT | 12 | 11 | $3 / 4$ |

-Split and balanced windings.
OUTPUT TRANSFORMERS-TFARX13YY
Single Plate to Line or Voice Coil

| Catalog No. | Typical Oulpul Tubes | Class | Impedances PrimarySecondary | Max. D-C in Pri. | Power Level | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Case } \\ & \text { Size } \end{aligned}$ | WI. Lbs. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| COH-1 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sgl. } 616,6 \mathrm{~V} 6 \text {, } \\ & 25 \mathrm{Ab} \text {, etc. } \end{aligned}$ | A | Pri: 5,000 ohms Sec: $600 / 150$ 16/8/4 ohms | 55 ma. | $\begin{gathered} 5 \\ \text { walts } \end{gathered}$ | 14 | $21 / 4$ |
| COH-2 | Sgl. 6F6, 6V6, 6N6, 6K6, 7B5 | A | Pri: 8,000 ohms <br> Sec: $600 / 150 /$ <br> 16/8/4 ohms. | 55 ma . | $\begin{gathered} 5 \\ \text { walts } \end{gathered}$ | 14 | $21 / 4$ |

$\dagger$ Refer to family group.

## MIRT-27A sATURABLE TRANGFORMERS (Magnetic Amplifiers)

## Application: For use with 2 phase 115 v .400 cycle Servo-Motors.

SATURABLE TRANSFORMER-TFARXAOYY
All Primaries $115 v ., 400$ cycles;
Maximum Altitude 50,000 ft.

## Ratings

| Catalog No. | STH-3 |  | STH-5 | STH-10 | STH-18 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Power Oulpul in walls | 2.7 | 3.5 | 5 | 10 | 18 |
| Vollage Oulpul, valis | 26 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 |
| Load Resislance in ohms | 250 | 3800 | 2640 | 1320 | 775 |
| Tuning Capacilor, MFD | . 28 | . 19 | . 4 | . 6 | 1.0 |
| Primary Current in amps | . 085 | . 1 | . 13 | . 24 | . 35 |
| Coniral Current, MA | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 |
| Conirol Coil <br> Res. (Per Coil) in ohms | 2900 | 2900 | 3100 | 4200 | 5600 |
| Coniral Coil By pass Capacilars, MFD | . 1 | . 1 | . 1 | . 1 | . 1 |
| Base Area, Dimensions, In. | $15 / 16 \times 113 / 16$ |  | $11 / 2 \times 21 / 6$ | $12 / 4 \times 21 / 2$ | $21 / \times 31 / 6$ |
| Heighl, in. |  |  | 23/4 | $231 / 12$ | $33 / 8$ |
| Mig. Cirs., in. | $3 / 4 \times 115 / 16$ |  | $1 \times 15 / 6$ | $11 / 0 \times 1 \%$ | $11 / 2 \times 21 / 2$ |
| Aclual Wi., Lbs. | $3 / 4$ |  | $1$ | $11 / 2$ | $21 / 2$ |
| Typical Servo-Molor Load: Kearlall | R-118 | R-119-2 | $R .110 .2$ | R.111.2 | R-112-2 |
| G. M. Labs. | ---- | 65.54.19 | $\begin{aligned} & 665.54 .47 \\ & 665.52 .48 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 665.53 .40 \\ & 665.53 .41 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 665.53 .44 \\ & 665.53 .45 \end{aligned}$ |

## Typical Magnetic Amplifier Circuit



## Safurable Transformers

are designed and built in accordance with MIL-T-27A, Grade 4, Class R operating temperature and life expectancy X ( $10,000 \mathrm{hrs}$. minimum).


## CAT. NO. 10111 PULSE TRANSFORMER

Ratio, 1:1:1. Equivalent of former Utah Nus. X-124T-2 and X-124T-3; for use in blocking oscillator, multivibrator and 'scope circuits-wherever accurate timing and triggering are necessary; unexcelled in circuit applications for generating low power and low voltage pulses; can be used in circuits utilizing repetition rates from 0 to 500 KC , and pulse widths ranging from .3 to .6 microsecond. Completely impregnated and sealed. Dimensions, $11 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ wide, $133,16^{\prime \prime}$ long, $9 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ high; $6-32$ mounting studs.


## BIIEABD

The worlds toughest tranoformers
PREFERRED FOREVERY MODERN CIRCUIT REQUIREMENT


# CHICAGO'S FAMOUS "SEALED-IN-STEEL" CONSTRUCTION 

0
Exclusive one-piece drawnsteel case, unsurpassed for strength, moisture-resistance, better electrostatic and magnetic shielding, mounting ease and streamlined appearance.

Uniformly-wound precise coil structures-cooler operation and better electrostatic shielding in power units-minimum leakage, optimum coupling in audio units.

Core of high-grade non-aging silicon steel brought to high efficiency by scientific healtreating in CHICAGO's own annealing ovens.


Core and coil vacuum impregnated with varnish. Final high-temperafure baking achieves a perfectly impregnated coil and core locked against vibration.

All internal free space is filled by special, moisture-resistant compound. Prevents corrosion and helps maintain far cooler operation than in conventional air-surrounded mountings.

Checked by quality controls al every stage of manufacture, rigidly inspected, "forturechamber" tested to insure long, dependable life in actual service.

## POWER TRANSFORMERS-

 Primary: 117 volis, 50/60 gyclesCHICAGO'S power transformers are of the famous "Sealed-in-Steel" construction. They have excellent protection against corrosion by atmospheric moisture, industrial fumes, etc., and, in addition, add greatly to the finished modern appearance of any equipment.
Current rafings of these power fransformers and their mountings are perfectly matched in the series of filter reactors on page 15.

FOR CAPACITOR INPUT SYSTEMS

| Catalog No. | High Voltage Secondary |  |  | Rectifier |  | Filaments |  |  |  | Mounting |  | Wi. Lbs. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | A-C Volis | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{D}-\mathrm{C} \\ & \mathrm{Ma} . \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { D.C V. } \\ & \text { Dutput } \end{aligned}$ |  |  | No. 2 |  | No. 3 |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Volis | Amps. | Volis | Amps. | Volts | Amps. | Type | Size |  |
| PCC-40 <br> PSC-40 | 225-0-225 | 40 | 210 | 5 | 2 | 6.3CT | 2 |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{C} \\ & \mathrm{~S} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 16 \\ & 17 \end{aligned}$ | $31 / 4$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { PCC- } 55 \\ & \text { PSC- } 55 \end{aligned}$ | 270-0-270 | 55 | 260 | 5 | 2 | 6.3CT | 2 |  |  | C | $\begin{aligned} & 16 \\ & 17 \end{aligned}$ | $31 / 2$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { PCC- } 60 \\ & \text { PSC- } 60 \end{aligned}$ | 300-0-300 | 60 | 285 | 5 | 2 | 6.3 CT | 3 |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { C } \\ & \mathrm{S} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 18 \\ & 19 \end{aligned}$ | $41 / 2$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { PCC-70 } \\ & \text { PSC- } 70 \end{aligned}$ | 335-0-335 | 70 | 320 | 5 | 2 | 6.3 CT | 3 |  |  | C | $\begin{aligned} & 18 \\ & 19 \end{aligned}$ | $41 / 2$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { PCC-85 } \\ & \text { PSC- } 85 \end{aligned}$ | 330-0.330 | 85 | 320 | 5 | 2 | 6.3 CT | 3 |  |  | C | $\begin{aligned} & 20 \\ & 20 \end{aligned}$ | 6 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { PCC- } 105 \\ & \text { PSC- } 105 \end{aligned}$ | 345-0-345 | 105 | 320 | 5 | 2 | 6.3 CT | 3.5 |  |  | C | $\begin{aligned} & 20 \\ & 21 \end{aligned}$ | $61 / 2$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { PCC- } 120 \\ & \text { PSC- } 120 \end{aligned}$ | 375-0-375 | 120 | 380 | 5 | 3 | 6.3 CT | 4 |  |  | C | $\begin{aligned} & 22 \\ & 22 \end{aligned}$ | $91 / 2$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { PCC- } 150 \\ & \text { PSC- } 150 \end{aligned}$ | 370.0-370 | 150 | 390 | 5 | 3 | 6.3 CT | 4 | 6.3 CT | 1 | $\begin{aligned} & C \\ & \mathrm{~S} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 22 \\ & 22 \end{aligned}$ | $111 / 2$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { PCC-200 } \\ & \text { PSC-200 } \end{aligned}$ | 385-0-385 | 200 | 390 | 5 | 3 | 6.3CT | 4.5 | 6.3CT | 1 | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{C} \\ & \mathrm{~S} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 22 \\ & 22 \end{aligned}$ | 12 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { PCC- } 250 \\ & \text { PSC- } 250 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 400-80-0 \\ .80-400 \end{gathered}$ | 250 | 410 | 5 | 6 | 6.3CT | 7 | 5.0 | 2 | $\begin{aligned} & C \\ & S \end{aligned}$ |  | 15 |

## NEW EQUIPMENT COMMERGIAL GRADE TRANSFORMERS AND REACTORS

## "New Equipmenf" Transformer Characterisfics:

- Power and audio ratings that precisely fit the requirements of today's mostused tubes.
- Audio transformers with line and voice coil impedances that exactly match the ratings of the currently popular highfidelity speakers.
- Observance of RETMA Standards for heat rise and lead color coding.
- Streamlined, drawn-steel cases that look well with other modern set components and adds to the handsome appearance of any equipment.


C- AND S-TYPE DIMENSIONS

| Case <br> Size | Dimensions in Inches |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | A | B | C | D | E | F |
| 15 | 21/2 | 3 | $23 / 8$ | 35/6 | $13 / 4$ | $2^{11 / 16}$ |
| 16 | 21/8 | $31 / 2$ | 211/6 | $31 / 2$ | 2 | $31 / 6$ |
| 17 | 2 \% | $31 / 2$ | 211/6 | $33 / 4$ | 2 | $31 / 8$ |
| 18 | $31 / 4$ | 4 | 3 | $3 \%$ | $21 / 4$ | $31 / 2$ |
| 19 | $31 / 4$ | 4 | 3 | $41 / 4$ | 21/4 | $31 / 2$ |
| 20 | 311/16 | 476 | 35/6 | 43/16 | $23 / 4$ | 3\% |
| 21 | 311/6 | 47/16 | 35/6 | 411/6 | $23 / 4$ | 3\% |
| 22 | 4\%6 | $51 / 4$ | $41 / 6$ | 53/16 | $21 / 2$ | $43 / 4$ |
| 24 | 55/6 | 5 \% 1 | $4^{13 / 16}$ | 61/6 | $31 / 2$ | 53/6 |

FOR REACTOR INPUT SYSTEMS

| Calalog No. | High Voliage Secandary |  |  | Rectifier <br> Volis Amps |  | Filaments |  |  |  | MountingType Size |  | Wr. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | A.C Volls | $\begin{aligned} & \text { D-C } \\ & \text { Mo. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { D-CV. } \\ \text { Oulpul } \end{array}$ |  |  | Vallis | $\begin{aligned} & 0.2 \\ & A_{\text {mps }} \end{aligned}$ | Volla | ${ }^{\circ} \text { Amps }_{3}$ |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { PCR-55 } \\ & \text { PSR- } 55 \end{aligned}$ | 350-0.350 | 55 | 260 | 5 | 2 | 6.3CT | 2 |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{C} \\ & \mathrm{~S} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 16 \\ & 17 \end{aligned}$ | $31 / 4$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { PCR-70 } \\ & \text { PSR-70 } \end{aligned}$ | 425-0.425 | 70 | 320 | 5 | $2^{-}$ | 6.3 CT | 3 |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{C} \\ & \mathrm{~S} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 18 \\ & 19 \end{aligned}$ | $41 / 2$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { PCR-85 } \\ & \text { PSR-85 } \end{aligned}$ | 440-0.440 | 85 | 325 | 5 | 2 | 6.3 CT | 3 |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{C} \\ & \mathrm{~S} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 20 \\ & 20 \end{aligned}$ | 6 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { PCR-105 } \\ & \text { PSR- } 105 \end{aligned}$ | 450-0-450 | 105 | 320 | 5 | 2 | 6.3 CT | 3.5 |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { C } \\ & \mathrm{S} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 20 \\ & 21 \end{aligned}$ | $61 / 2$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { PCR-120 } \\ & \text { PSR-120 } \end{aligned}$ | 500-0-500 | 120 | 390 | 5 | 3 | 6.3 CT | 4 |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{C} \\ & \mathrm{~S} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 22 \\ & 22 \end{aligned}$ | $91 / 2$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { PCR-150 } \\ & \text { PSR-150 } \end{aligned}$ | 510-0.510 | 150 | 395 | 5 | 3 | 6.3CT | 4 | 6.3 CT | 1 | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{C} \\ & \mathrm{~S} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 22 \\ & 22 \end{aligned}$ | $111 / 2$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { PCR-200 } \\ & \text { PSR-200 } \end{aligned}$ | 520-0.520 | 200 | 390 | 5 | 3 | 6.3CT | 4.5 | 6.3 CT | 1 | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{C} \\ & \mathrm{~S} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 22 \\ & 22 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | 121/4 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { PCR-300 } \\ & \text { PSR-300 } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 550-370-75-0 \\ & -75-370.550 \end{aligned}$ | 300 | 420 | 5 | 6 | 6.3CT | 5 | 6.3 CT | 1 | C | 24 | 171/2 |

FOR REGULATED POWER SUPPLIES-CAPACITOR INPUT

| PSC-165 | $440-0-440$ | 165 | 430 | 5 | 3 | 6.3 | 7.5 | 6.3 | 3 |  |  | 12 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| PSC-205 | $450-0.450$ | 200 | 442 | 5 | 2 | 6.3 | 0.6 | 6.3 | 3 | $S$ | 22 | 12 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 6.3 | 4 | 6.3 | 0.6 |  |  |  |

BIAS TRANSFORMERS - Primary: 50/60 cycles COMBINATION PLATE AND FILAMENT SUPPLY

| Catalog No. | Primary Volls | High Valiage Secondary |  | Rectifier Filament |  | Mounling <br> Type Size |  | Wi. Lbs. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | A-C Volis | D-C Ma. | Volis | Amps. |  |  |  |
| 1BC-150 |  | 180-160-140-120-0 |  |  |  | C | 18 |  |
| 185-150 | 115 | 120-140-160-180 | 150 | 5.0 | 3.0 | S |  | 5 |
| 2BC-150 |  | 180-160-140-120-0 |  |  |  | C | 18 | 5 |
| 2BS-150 | 230 | 120-140-160-180 | 150 | 5.0 | 3.0 | S | 19 | 5 |

AVAILABLE IN THREE
VERSATILE CONSTRUGTIONE


Sieal base cover solderod inlo cais. Phonolle Iarminal boand with solld stail pintype ierminals. Unill has mounting sluds.


With $10^{\circ}$ colomeodod leads breught aul through hibe board base comer. Lead ands stripped end tinned. Flen codemeonted untt.

## STTPE

Steel baes cover firmod with phanolle fermbnal boord. Convenionl numbarod solder lug iarminals. Flange-mountad unit.

## BHIDABO <br> The world's toughest tranoformers <br> PREFERREDFOREVERY MODERNCIRGUIT REQUIREMENT

## FILIER REAGTORS

## C- AND S-TYPE DIMENSIONS



## FILTER REACTOR CURVES

Actual inductance values of CHICAGO Filser Reaclors when operated throughout the specifed current range. All measurements made al 10 volis, 60 cyeles.


## NEW EQUIPMENT COMMERCIAL GRADE TRANSFORMERS AND REACTORS

## MULHPLE FILAMENT TRANSFORMERS

For hermetically sealed multiple filament transformers identical in physical size and electrical specifications, see "FMS" types on page 5.

## MULTIPLE FILAMENT TRANSFORMERS

All Primaries 105/115/125 Volts, 50-60 Cycles

| Catalog |  |  |  | Insul. | Mounting |  | Wi. Lbs. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| No. | Sec. No. 1 | Sec. No. 2 | Sec. No. 3 | Test | Type | Size |  |
| F-1 | 5 V. 2A | 6.3 V.CT 2.5A | - | 2500 V. | S | 15 | $23 / 4$ |
| F-2 | 5 V. 2 A | 12.6 V. CT 1.25A | - | 2500 V. | S | 15 | $23 / 4$ |
| F-3 | 5 V .3 A | 6.3 V. CT 5A | - | 2500 V . | S | 17 | $31 / 2$ |
| F-4 | 5 V. 3A | $\begin{array}{r} 6.3 \mathrm{~V} . \mathrm{CT} 3 \mathrm{~A} \\ \hdashline \quad 12.6 \mathrm{~V} \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 6.3 \mathrm{~V} . \mathrm{CT} 3 \mathrm{~A} \\ & .3 \mathrm{~A} \xrightarrow{2} \end{aligned}$ | 2500 V. | S | 18 | $43 / 4$ |
| F-5 | 5 V. 3A | 6.3 V . CT 1A | 6.3 V. CT 5A | 2500 V. | S | 18 | $43 / 4$ |
| F-6 | $6.3 \mathrm{~V} . \mathrm{CT} 3 \mathrm{~A}$ | $6.3 \mathrm{~V} . \mathrm{CT} 3 \mathrm{~A}$ |  | 2500 V. | S | 17 | $31 / 2$ |
| F-7 | $6.3 \mathrm{~V} . \mathrm{CT} 6 \mathrm{~A}$ | $6.3 \mathrm{~V} . \mathrm{CT} 6 \mathrm{~A}$ | - | 2500 V. | S | 21 | $61 / 2$ |
| F-8 | 5 V . CT 3A | 5 V . CT 3A | 5 V. CT 6A | 5000 V. | S | 21 | 7 |



## FLLAMENT TRANSFORMERS

Ratings of CHicago filament transformers provide voltages and currents for heating a wide range of receiving and transmitting tubes. Units with secondaries rated for less than 6 amps have solder-lug terminals; those with secondaries rated at more than 6 amps have screw-type terminals. Filament transformers Nos. F-210, F-210H, $\mathrm{F}-215 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{F}-510 \mathrm{H}$, and $\mathrm{F}-520 \mathrm{HB}$ are specially for high voltage rectifier supply. They have secondary terminals insulated with ceramic bushings.

## FILAMENT TRANSFORMERS

Primaries: $115 / 230$ volts, 50/60 cycles

| Catalog No. | Secondary |  | Insulafion <br> Volis RMS | Mounting |  | Wi. Lbs. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Volts | Amps. |  | Type | Size |  |
| F. 25 | 2.5 CT | 5.25 | 3500 | S | 14 | 2 |
| F-2 10 | 2.5 CT | 10. | 5000 | S | 17 | 3 |
| $\mathrm{F}-210 \mathrm{H}$ | 2.5 CT | 10. | 9000 | S | 19 | 4 |
| F-215H | 2.5 CT | 15. | 9000 | S | 20 | 6 |
| F-54 | 5.0 CT | 4.0 | 2500 | S | 15 | $21 / 4$ |
| F-58 | 5.0 CT | 10. | 2500 | S | 17 | $31 / 2$ |
| F-510H | 5.0 CT | 10. | 10000 | S | 21 | 6 |
| F-516 | 5.0 CT | 20. | 2500 | S | 21 | $61 / 2$ |
| F-520HB | 5.0 CT | 20. | 10000 | S | 22 | 13 |
| F-530 | 5.0 CT | 30. | 2500 | S | 22 | 101/2 |
| † F-5308X | 5.0 CT | 30. | 2500 | BX* | 22 | $101 / 2$ |
| F-615 | 6.3 CT | 1.5 | 2500 | S | 12 | 1 |
| F.63 | 6.3 CT | 3 | 2500 | S | 14 | 2 |
| F-65 | 6.3 CT | 5.5 | 2500 | S | 17 | 3 |
| F-610 | 6.3 CT | 10. | 2500 | S | 19 | 5 |
| F-712 | 7.5 CT | 12. | 2500 | S | 21 | $61 / 2$ |
| F-725 | 7.5 CT | 25. | 2500 | S | 22 | 12 |
| F-751 | 7.75 CT | 51. | 2500 | S | 26 | 29 |
| F-104 | 10 CT | 4.0 | 2500 | S | 17 | $31 / 4$ |
| F-106 | 10 CT | 6.5 | 2500 | S | 19 | 5 |
| F-1010 | 10 CT | 10. | 2500 | S | 21 | $61 / 2$ |


"See page 21 for illustration $\dagger$ Parl number to be deleted from next calalog.

## BRQADCAST; GOMMUNICATIOMS AND INDUSTBIAL USE

## Plate Transformers and Matching Reactors

The plate voltages and currents of the following chicago Plate transformers fit the requirements of both commercial and ham transmitters and of many industrial applications, including induction heating and electronic control equipment. Both the transformers and the matching filter reactors are con-
servatively designed and have ample insulation throughout. They operate with a temperature rise of $40^{\circ}$ to $50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ at full load, 60 cycles, under CCS duty. Under ICAS conditions, the duty cycle is 15 minutes time on and 15 minutes time off, with the same temperature rise applying as under CCS duty.

PLATE TRANSFORMERS
-Primary: $115 / 230$ volts, $50 / 60$ cycles

| Catalog | Max. Pri | Secondary | -C Volt | DC-Ma. |  | Mounting |  | Wi., Lbs. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| No. | VA | A-C Load Volis | after fliter | CCS | ICAS | Type | Size |  |
| P. 45 | 185 | $\begin{array}{r} 675-575-0 \\ 575-675 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 500 \\ & 400 \end{aligned}$ | 250 | 325 | S | 22 | 12 |
| P-67 | 250 | $\begin{gathered} 900-735-0 \\ 735-900 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 750 \\ & 600 \end{aligned}$ | 250 | 325 | S | 22 | $131 / 2$ |
| +P-107 | 310 | $\begin{gathered} 1150-870-0 \\ 870-1150 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1000 \\ 750 \end{array}$ | 250 | 350 | FS | 60 | 37 |
| P-1240 | 360 | $\begin{gathered} 1425-0-1425^{*} \\ 600.0-600 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1250 \\ 400 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 150 \\ & 200 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 200 \\ & 260 \end{aligned}$ | S | 24 | 26 |
| P-1512 | 550 | $\begin{gathered} 1710-1430-0 \\ 1430.1710 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1500 \\ & 1250 \end{aligned}$ | 300 | 425 | FS | 63 | 43 |
| P-2520 | 915 | $\begin{gathered} 2820-2260-0 \\ 2260-2820 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2500 \\ & 2000 \end{aligned}$ | 300 | 425 | FS | 70 | 71 |
| P-2126 | 1600 | $\begin{gathered} 2900-2320-0 \\ 2320-2900 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2600 \\ & 2100 \end{aligned}$ | 500 | 700 | FS-1 | 64 | 95 |
| +P-3025 | 1850 | $\begin{gathered} 3450-2850-0 \\ 2850-3450 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3000 \\ & 2500 \end{aligned}$ | 500 | 700 | FS | 81 | 137 |
| †P-4353 | 3050 | $\begin{gathered} 4600-4050-3400 \\ 0.3400-4050- \\ 4600 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4000 \\ & 3500 \\ & 3000 \end{aligned}$ | 600 | 800 | FS | 90 | 150 |

'Both secondaries may be rectified simultaneously.

## FILTER REACTORS

| Catalog | Inductance | Max. | D-C Resis - | Insulation | Mounting |  | $W_{1 .,}$Lbs. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| No. | In Henries | DC-Ma. | ance, Ohms | Volis RMS | Type | Size |  |
| R-67 | 6 | 700 | 35 | 10,000 | FS | 61 | 35 |
| R-105 | 10 | 500 | 40 | 9,000 | FS | 62 | 35 |
| R-65 | 6 | 500 | 35 | 9,000 | FS | 60 | 35 |
| R-103 | 10 | 300 | 40 | 7,500 | SX | 26 | 22 |
| R-63 | 6 | 300 | 35 | 7,500 | SX | 24 | $161 / 2$ |

$\dagger$ Part number to be deleted from next catalog.

## FS-TYPE MOUNTING

Heavy duly, castframes and formal steel shields are bolted to the core. Shield sections are compound-filled to protect coil windings from corrosion by afmospheric moisture. Screw terminals on the primary side; bushing-insulated terminals on the secondary.


## DIMENSION FOR

| Size | Dimensions in Inches |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | A | C | D | E | F |
| 60 | $71 / 2$ | 65/16 | 7 | $43 / 4$ | $51 / 2$ |
| 61 | $71 / 2$ | 6\% | 7 | 43/4 | 53/16 |
| 62 | $71 / 2$ | 71/8 | 7 | $43 / 4$ | $61 / 4$ |
| 63 | $71 / 2$ | $71 / 2$ | 7 | $43 / 4$ | 611/6 |
| 64 | 73/16 | 91/16 | 9 | $63 / 8$ | $713 / 16$ |
| 65 | 73/16 | $93 / 4$ | 9 | $63 / 8$ | $81 / 2$ |
| 66 | 73/6 | 67/8 | 9 | $63 /$ | $55 / 8$ |
| 70 | 81/8 | $81 / 4$ | 81/2 | $51 / 2$ | 6 |
| 81 | $111 / 2$ | $101 / 4$ | $101 / 2$ | $71 / 2$ | $81 / 4$ |
| 84 | $111 / 2$ | $13^{13 / 16}$ | $10 \frac{1}{2}$ | $71 / 2$ | $1113 / 18$ |
| 90 | $13^{13 / 16}$ | 103\% | $123 / 4$ | 9 | 8 \% |

## NEW EQUIPMENT COMMERCIAL GRADE TRANSFORMERS AND REACTORS

## STEP-DOWN AND ISOLATION TRANSFORMERS

## STEP-DOWN TRANSFORMERS—Primary: 50/60 cycles

CHICAG() step-down autotransformers solve the problem of operating standard 117-volt radios, amplifiers, and various electrical appliances from 220-volt power sources. They are particularly well adapted to use in Central and South American countries, where 220-
volt lines are frequently found, and where the Sealed-in Steel construction protects them against corrosion caused by excessive humidity. Input side is equipped with 8 -foot, rubber-covered cord and plug. Output side has standard female receptacle.

| Catalog <br> No. | Inpul <br> Volfage | Oulpul <br> Voltage | Rating, Con- <br> tinuous Duly | Case <br> Size | Wi., <br> Lbs. |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SD-50 | $220-250$ | $110-125$ | 50 walts | 16 | $23 / 4$ |
| SD-100 | $220-250$ | $110-125$ | 100 walts | 20 | $41 / 4$ |
| SD-150 | $220-250$ | $110-125$ | 150 walts | 22 | 7 |
| SD-250 | $220-250$ | $110-125$ | 250 walls | 22 | $83 / 4$ |
| SD-500 | $220-250$ | $110-125$ | 500 walts | 24 | $141 / 2$ |
| SD-1000 | $220-250$ | $110-125$ | 1000 walts | 26 | $221 / 2$ |

## ISOLATION TRANSFORMERS-Primary: 50/60 cycles

A rotary switch on each chicago isolation transformer adjusts to either of three primary voltages, $125 / 115 / 105$ volts. With the unit operating on a 115 -volt line, the three switch positions also provide varying secondary voltages,
$105 / 115 / 125$ volts isolated from line. An electrostatic shield between windings provides true isolation and minimum leakage. Eight-foot, rubber-covered cord and plug on primary, standard female receptacle on secondary

| Cafalog No. | Inpui Voliage | Oulpul Vollage | Rating, ConRinuous Duly | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Case } \\ & \text { Size } \end{aligned}$ | Wi., Lbs. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 15-50 | 105/115/125 | 125 115/105* | 50 watts | 21 | 5 |
| 15-100 | 105/115/125 | 125 115/105* | 100 watts | 22 | $81 / 2$ |
| 15-150 | 105/115/125 | 125/115/105* | 150 watls | 24 | $121 / 2$ |
| 1S-250 | 105/115/125 | 125 /115/105* | 250 watts | 24 | $181 / 4$ |

## VOLTAGE STABILIZING TRANSFORMERS

Fully automatic magnetic-type AC line voltage stabilizers. For applications requiring accurate voltage stabilization Output is held constant to within
$\pm 1 / 2 \%$ for line voltage variations from 95 to 130 volts. For 60 cycle operation only. Long life assured by rugged ness of construction. Output voltage: 117 V.A.C.
${ }^{*}$ New Part Number

| Calalog <br> No. | Walls. | Base Area | Heighl | Weight |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| VS-250 | 250 | $51 / 2 \times 11$ | $61 / 4$ | 38 Lbs. |
| Vs-500 | 500 | $65 / 8 \times 133 / 4$ | $65 / 8$ | 60 Lbs. |

DIMENSIONS FOR S, SX, STEP-DOWN AND ISOLATION TRANSFORMERS

| Case Size | Dimensions in Inches |  |  |  |  | F |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | A | B | C | D | E |  |
| 16 | 2\% | $31 / 2$ | 211/6 | $31 / 2$ | 2 | $31 / 8$ |
| 20 | 311/6 | 47/6 | 35/6 | 45/6 | $23 / 4$ | $3 \%$ |
| 21 | 311/6 | 476 | $35 / 16$ | 411/6 | $23 / 4$ | $3 \%$ |
| 22 | 4\%/6 | 51/4 | $41 / 8$ | 55/16 | $21 / 2$ | $43 / 4$ |
| 24 | 53/4s | 5 $1 / 2$ | $4^{13 / 16}$ | 61/16 | $31 / 2$ | $53 / 8$ |
| 26 | $61 / 8$ | $61 / 2$ | $51 / 4$ | 71/6 | $41 / 4$ | 6 |



## BIIRABC

PREFERRED FOR EVERY MODERN CIRCUIT REQUIREMENT

## BX-TYPE MOUNTING

- Eliminafe splaHer caused by heavy modulation.
- Limit band widih to 3,000 cycles.
- Effectively Increase "get through" ability of phone signals.
- Prevent negative peak clipping.



## SPLATIE: CMOKES

chicago Splatter Chokes, Nos. SR-300 and SR-500, are designed specifically for use in high level "clipper" filters. Windings are tapped to cover an inductance range from .02 to 1.5 henries at relatively constant $Q$. Their insulation is adequate to withstand the high peak voltages developed during extended periods of extremely heavy modulation.
A high vacuum "clipper" rectifier precedes the filter and provides a proper gating effect, conducting at modulation levels up to $100 \%$. When the modulation level exceeds $100 \%$, the output of the modulator stage swings the instantaneous plate voltage on the final amplifier bclow zero. The rectifier then stops conducting and negative peak clipping is confined to the rectifier and is not imposed on the modulated amplifier.

The filament transformer for the rectifier must have adequate insulation and should have low capacity between windings and winding to core. Transformer No. FH-210H, p. 5, and F-210H, p. 17. is recommended.

| Calalog No. | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{D}-\mathrm{C} \\ & \mathrm{Ma} . \end{aligned}$ | Insulation Volis | Inductance in Henries | MountingType Size |  | Wi., Lbs. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SR-300 | 300 | 7,500 | . 02 10 1.5 Hy | $\begin{aligned} & \text { (See } \\ & \text { Cut) } \\ & \text { (See } \end{aligned}$ | 22 | 10 |
| SR-500 | 500 | 10,000 | . 02 to 1.5 Hy | CuI)* | 24 | $141 / 2$ |

*See page 21 for dimensions.
 (Below) Circuit Connections for Low Pass Filter No. LPF-1

## LOW PASS FILIER No. LPF1

Designed to provide optimum attenuation of the audio frequencies above 3,000 cycles, the LPF- 1 fills a long felt need for an economical, yet effective, means of confining a speech signal within narrow frequency limits.
Electrically, the filter operates out of a source impedance of 15,000 ohms, such as presented by the plate of a single $6 \mathrm{C} 5,6 \mathrm{~J} 5$, or triode-connected $6 J 7$, into a 100,000 ohm grid. A step-up ratio of $1: 2.63$ is obtained when the primary is connected to the $100,000-$ ohm secondary. A plate blocking condenser is required to prevent D-C from saturating the coils in the filter proper.

The filter operates satisfactorily at signal levels of +10 volts RMS across the $100,000-$ ohm secondary or of +0.7 volts $R$ MS at 500 ohms. Attenuation characteristics are indicated by the curve at right and the manner in which the filter can be connected is shown by the circuit diagram below.

The filter is constructed in S-type mounting with solder-lug terminals as illustrated. Case size 13; shipping weight, 14 ounces.
For atfenuating frequencies above 3,000 cycles in low level speech amplifiers.
For hermetically sealed Low Pass Filter, see LPF-2, Page 11.

CHARACTERISTICS OF LOW PASS FILTER LPF-1



## FS-TYPE MOUNTING

Heavy duiy, cast frames and formed steel shields are bolted to the core. Shield sections are compound-filled to protect coil windings f:om corrosion by almospheric moisture. Screw terminals on the primary side; bushinginsulated terminals on the secondary.

## LARGE CAPAGITY TRANSFORMERS AND REAGTORS

Full Frequency Range Drive and Modulation Transformers

Ideally suited for use by the small-to-medium size, high fidelity broadcast station, the three matched sets of driver and modulation transformers listed below provide frequency response within $\pm 1 \mathrm{db}$ over the range from 30 to 15,000 cycles.

A uniformly low percentage of distortion has been proven in use. Three specially designed modulation reactors complete the sets.

Conservative design and quality construction assure years of trouble free operation.

DRIVER TRANSFORMERS

| Catalog No. | Recommended Application |  | Ralio Pri. $1 / 2$ Sec. | Mounting |  | Wi., Lbs. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | In: | Tubes: |  | Type | Size |  |
| BD-1 | 250-wall <br> transmitter | From two 2A3's, 6B4's, or similar P-P plates io Class B 838's, 805's, 203A's | 3.5:1 | B | 20 | $61 / 2$ |
| †BD-2 | I-KW <br> transmilter | From four 2A3's, 6B4's, or similar P-P plates 10 two 833A's or similar P-P grids | 3:1 | TX | 24 | 121/4 |

## MODULATION TRANSFORMERS

| Catalog No. | Recommended Application |  |  | Impedances <br> (Pri. Plate to Plate) | Mounting |  | Wi., Lbs. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | In: | With: | Mod. Tubes |  | Type | Size |  |
| BM-1 | 250-wall transmilter | Driver Transformer BD. 1 | $\begin{gathered} \text { 203-A, 838, } \\ 805, \text { etc. } \end{gathered}$ | Pri: 7,500 ohms CT Sec: 5,000 ohms | 8X | 26 | 25 |
| 广 M M-4 | 500-walt transmitter | Class C Amplifer | 833-A, etc. | Pri: 11,000 ohms CT Sec: 5,500 ohms | FS-1 | 65 | 105 |
| $\dagger$ + M - 2 | I-KW transmitter | Driver Transformer BD-2 | 833-A, etc. | Pri: 9,000 ohms CT Sec: 7,500 ohms | FS | 84 | 175 |

## MODULATION REACTORS

| Catalog No. | Recommended Application |  | Inductance D-C |  | Mounting |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Wi., } \\ & \text { Lbs. } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | In: | With: | Henries | Ma. | Type | Size |  |
| BR-1 | 250-wall Xmiller | Mod. Transformer BM-1 | 65 | 250 | BX | 28 | 41 |
| +BR-4 | 500-walt | Mod. Transformer 8M-4 | 50 | 400 | FS-1 | 66 | 73 |
| +BR-2 | I-KW transmitter | Mod. Transformer BM-2 | 100 | 500 | FS | 81 | 165 |

[^7]

DIMENSIONS FOR FS \& FS-I MOUNTING

|  | Dimensions in Inches |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Sire | A | C | D | E | $F$ |
| 65 | $73 / 16$ | $93 / 4$ | 9 | $63 / 6$ | $81 / 2$ |
| 66 | $73 / 6$ | $67 / 8$ | 9 | $63 / 8$ | $55 / 6$ |
| 81 | $111 / 2$ | $101 / 4$ | $101 / 2$ | $71 / 2$ | $81 / 4$ |
| 84 | $111 / 2$ | $13^{13 / 16}$ | $101 / 2$ | $71 / 2$ | $11^{13 / 16}$ |

## DIMENSIONS FOR

BX, S AND SX, TX-TYPE MOUNTINGS

| Case | Dimensions in Inches |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Size | A | B | C | D | E | F |
| 13 | $21 / 4$ | $211 / 6$ | $21 / 8$ | $215 / 6$ | $11 / 2$ | $23 / 8$ |
| 20 | See Page 2 for $B$ Type Mounting |  |  |  |  |  |
| 22 | $49 / 6$ | $51 / 4$ | $41 / 8$ | $55 / 16$ | $21 / 2$ | $43 / 4$ |
| 24 | $55 / 16$ | $57 / 6$ | $413 / 6$ | $61 / 16$ | $31 / 2$ | $53 / 6$ |
| 26 | $61 / 8$ | $61 / 2$ | $51 / 4$ | $71 / 6$ | $41 / 4$ | 6 |
| 28 | $71 / 6$ | $77 / 8$ | $61 / 8$ | $81 / 6$ | 5 | 7 |



## BIICABO

## The worlds toughest tranoformers

PREFERRED FOR EVERY MODERNCIRCUIT REQUIREMENT

## PUBLIC ADDRESS RANGE AUDIO TRANSFORMERS

## Frequency Response, 50 to 10,000 cycles

As indicated by the representative curves shown below, the frequency response of the transformers in this chicago series is within .5 db from 50 to 10,000 cycles, the maximum range usually required for PA and other types of equipment.

Line and voice impedances used in the output transformers are those recommended as standard by RETMA. The 4,8 , and 16 -ohm voice coil impedances can also be used with $3.2,6$, and 20 ohm speakers, without appreciable mismatch

## DRIVER TRANSFORMERS

| Catalog <br> No. | Typical <br> Driver Tubes | Primary <br> Impedance | Max. D-C <br> in Pri. | Ratio <br> Pri. $1 / 2$ Sec. | Mounting <br> Type | Wire |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Lbs. |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## OUTPUT TRANSFORMERS

| Catalog No. | Typical Ouppuitubes | Class | Impedances <br> Primary-Secondary | Max. D-C in Pri. | Power Level | Mounting Type\|Size |  | Wi. Lbs. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{array}{r} \text { PCO-80 } \\ \text { tPSO-80 } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { P-P GB4G's, 6L6's } \\ & \text { P-P OVG's } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & A 1 \\ & A B \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Pri: } 5,000 \text { ohms CT } \\ & \text { Sec: } 600 \text { 150 } \\ & =168 / 4 \text { ohms } \end{aligned}$ | 120 ma . | $\begin{gathered} 20 \\ \text { walts } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{C} \\ & \mathrm{~S} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 20 \\ & 20 \end{aligned}$ | $61 / 2$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & { }^{\circ} \text { PCO- } 150 \\ & \text { PSO- } 150 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { P-P GV6's, GF6's } \\ & \text { P-P GKO's } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & A B \\ & A B 1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Pri: } 10,000 \text { ohms CT } \\ & \text { Sec: } 600 / 150 \\ & * \quad 16 / 8 / 4 \text { ohms } \end{aligned}$ | 200 ma. | $\begin{gathered} 15 \\ \text { watts } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{C} \\ & \mathrm{~S} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 19 \\ & 19 \end{aligned}$ | 5 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { PCO-200 } \\ & \text { PSO-200 } \end{aligned}$ | P-P OL6's P-P Parallel GV6's | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{B} \\ & \mathrm{AB2} \end{aligned}$ | Pri: 6,000 ohms $C T$ <br> Sec: 600 /150/ <br> * $16 / 8 / 4$ ohms | 250 ma . | $\begin{gathered} 30 \\ \text { walts } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{C} \\ & \mathrm{~S} \end{aligned}$ | 22 | 9 |

'Has tertiary winding to provide $10 \%$ inverse feedback. *For low distortion, use fixed bias ${ }^{\circ}$ Also available at same price with 12,000 ohm primary as PCO.150A
†Part number to be deleted from next catalog


## NEW EQUIPMENT COMMERCIAL GRADE TRANSFORMERS AND REACTORS

## COWLUDNICAHOWS RANGE ADDIO TRANSFORWERS

## Frequency Response, 200 to 3,500 cycles

The transformers and reactors on this page are particularly adapted to use in receiving and transmitting equipment, such as amateur, police, railroad, and aircraft types. Frequency response for the input, output, driver and modulation transformers is within $\pm 1 \mathrm{db}$ over
the stated voice range. All units, with the exception of Modulation 'Transformer No. CMS-3, are mounted in drawn steel cases for maximum protection. No. CMS-3 has a heavy duty, frame-and-shield construction.

## INPUT TRANSFORMERS

| Calalog No. | Application | Impedances <br> Primary-Secondary | Mounting |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Wl., } \\ & \text { Lbs. } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { CIC-1 } \\ & \text { CIS-1 } \end{aligned}$ | Low Level Line to Single or P-P Grids | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Pri: } 600150 \text { ohms CT } \\ & \text { *Sec: } 100,000 \text { ohms CT } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{C} \\ & \mathrm{~S} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 9 \\ & 9 \end{aligned}$ | $3 / 4$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { CIC-2 } \\ & \text { CIS-2 } \end{aligned}$ | Low Level SB or DB Microphone to Sgl. or P-P Grids | Pri: 125/50 ohms, 80 ma. Sec: 125,000 ohms CT | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{c} \\ & \mathrm{~s} \end{aligned}$ | $9$ | $3 / 4$ |

-Split and balanced windings.
OUTPUT TRANSFORMERS Single Plate to Line or Voice Coil

| Catalog No. | Typical Oulpui Tubes | Class | Impedances Primary-Secondary | Max. D-C in Pri. | Power Level | Mounting <br> Type Size |  | W1., Lbs. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { COC-1 } \\ & \text { COS-1 } \end{aligned}$ | Sgl. 6L6, 6V6, 25A6, elc. | A | Pri: 5,000 ohms Sec: $600 / 150 /$ 16/8/4 ohms | 55 ma . | $\begin{gathered} 5 \\ \text { watts } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{C} \\ & \mathrm{~S} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 14 \\ & 14 \end{aligned}$ | $21 / 4$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { COC-2 } \\ & \text { COS-2 } \end{aligned}$ | Sgl. 6F6, 6V6, 6N6, 6K6, 7B5 | A | Pri: 8,000 ohms <br> Sec: $600 / 150$ <br> 16/8/4 ohms | 55 ma. | $\begin{gathered} 5 \\ \text { watts } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{C} \\ & \mathrm{~S} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 14 \\ & 14 \end{aligned}$ | $21 / 4$ |

DRIVER TRANSFORMERS

| Catalog No. | Application | Primary Impedance | Max. D-C in Pri. | Ratio <br> Pri. $1 / 2$ Sec. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mounting } \\ & \text { Type Size } \end{aligned}$ |  | Wi., Lbs. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CDC-1 CDS-1 | P-P 2A3's, 6B4G's, <br> 807's to P-P Grids | $5,000 \text { ohms }$ | 100 ma . | 3:1 | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{C} \\ & \mathrm{~S} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 17 \\ & 17 \end{aligned}$ | $31 / 2$ |

MODULATION TRANSFORMERS Class B Plates to Class CLoad

| Catalog No. | Typical Mod. Tubes | Impedances Primary-Secondary | D-C Ma.Pri. Sec. |  | Power Level | Mounting Type Size |  | W1., Lbs. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CMS-1 | $\begin{aligned} & 203 \mathrm{~A} ' \mathrm{~s}, 805 \mathrm{~s} \text { 's, } \\ & 75 \mathrm{TL} \mathrm{~s}, 203 \mathrm{~s} \text { 's } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Pri: } 9000 / 6700 \text { ohms CT } \\ & \text { Sec: } 8000 / 6000 / 4000 \text { ohms } \end{aligned}$ | 350 | 350 | $\begin{gathered} 250-350 \\ \text { walls } \end{gathered}$ | SX | 26 | 22 |
| CMS-3 | $\begin{aligned} & 810 ' s, 822 \text { 's, } \\ & 4-250 A^{\prime} \mathrm{s} \text {, etc. } \end{aligned}$ | Pri: 18,000 12,000 ohms CT Sec: 6250 ohms | 500 | 500 | $\begin{gathered} 500.750 \\ \text { walts } \end{gathered}$ | FS | - | 43 |

## FS-TYPE MOUNTING

(Modulation Transformer No. CMS-3)

| DIMENSIONS FOR FS-TYPE MOUNTING |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dimensions in Inches |  |  |  |  |  |
| A | B | c | D | E | F |
| $71 / 2$ | -- | 713/16 | 7 | $43 / 4$ | 67/8 |



chicago Full Frequency Range Input Transformers provide a response within 1 db from 30 to 15,000 cycles. The percentage of distortion is exceptionally low over the full range-at low as well as high frequencies.

All units have hum-bucking coil and core construction to provide maximum neutralization of stray magnetic fields. Internal cases and covers of special alloy give hum shielding of -70 dbm or better.


For uniformly excellent response over the full frequency range, for very low percentage of distortion at all frequencies, and for high grade construction throughout, chicago FF Range output transformers are unsurpassed. Typical frequency response is within 0.5 db from 30 to 20,000 cycles, although maximum deviation from 0 for the respective units varies from 0.2 to about 1.5 db .

Output impedance ratings match perfectly with those recommended as standard by RETMA and used by many leading manufacturers of high fidelity speakers.

A special Sealed-in-Steel construction, described under "B-Type Mounting," page 14, protects the coil windings from corrosion by atmospheric moisture. The compactness of this mounting is invaluable in confined chassis spaces.

Driver and modulation transformers for full frequency range transmitters are listed on page 21.

## NEW EQUIPMENT COMMERCIAL GRADE TRANSFORMERS AND REACTORS

## FULL FREQUENGY RANGE AUDIO TRANSFORMERS

HF Serles：These units have a wide frequency response of 20 to $20,000 \mathrm{cps}$ with $\pm 1 \mathrm{db}$ ．Correct design reduces harmonic and intermodulation distortion to a negli－ gible amount．Balanced construction minimizes hum pickup．Cases are finished in grey enamel and have four threaded holes at each end for flush mounting．Stud－type terminals are plainly marked for easy identification．

Mountings：HF－1 case；height overall， $31 /{ }^{\prime \prime}$＂．Base area， $29,16^{"} \times 31 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ ．Mounting centers， $1^{15}{ }^{5}$ 生＂$^{\prime \prime} \times 2^{7}$ 价＂．Shipping weight， 3.0 lbs．HF－2 case；height overall， $41 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ ．Base area， $33,16^{\prime \prime} \times 43 / 66^{\prime \prime}$ ．Mounting centers， $211 / 6_{6}{ }^{\prime \prime} \times 3^{11} / 66^{\prime \prime}$ ．Shipping weight， 7.5 lbs ．HF－3 case； height overall， $411 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ ．Base area， $411 / 66^{\prime \prime} \times 59 / \sigma^{\prime \prime}$ ．Mounting centers， $4^{3} / 66^{\prime \prime} \times 51 / 32^{\prime \prime}$ ．Ship－ ping weight， 15.0 lbs．

| Pari No． | Application | Primary Imp Ohms | Secondary <br> ImpOhms | Max． <br> Level | Hum－Pickup Reduction | Mig． |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| LOW IMPEDANCE TO GRID |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| HF－20 | Low Imp．Mic．，Pickup，or Line to Grid | 50，125／150，200，250，333，500／600 | 60,000 overall，in iwo sections | 15 db | －74 db | HF－1 |
| HF－20X | Low Imp．Mic．，Pickup，or Line to Grid | 50，125／150，200，250，333，500／600 | 50，000 | 14 db | －92 db： | HF－1 |
| HF－22 | Low Imp．Mic．，Pickup，or Line to P．P．Grids | 50，125／150，200，250，333，500／600 | 120，000 overall，in iwo sections | 15 db | －74 db | HF－1 |
| HF－22X | Low Imp．Mic．，Pickup，or Line io P．P．Grids | 50，125／150，200，250，333，500／600 | 80,000 overall，in iwo sections | 14 db | －92 db ！ | HF－1 |
| INTERSTAGE |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| HF－298 | Sgl．PI． 10 P．P．Grids－Split secondary | 15，000 | 95，000（lurn ratio 2．5：1 overall） | 17 db | －50 db | HF－1 |
| HF－318 | Single Plate to P．P．Grids．Split pri．and sec． | 15,000 | 135，000（Turn ratio 3：1 overall） | 14 db | －74db | HF． 1 |
| HF－32 | P．P．Plates to P．P．Grids．Split pri．and sec． | 30，000 Plate to Plate | 80，000（Turn ratio 1．6：1 overall） | 26 db | －50 db | HF－2 |
| MIXING |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| HF． 40 | Low Imp．Mixer，Mic．，Pickup，or Line to Line | 50，125／150，200，250，333，500／600 | $\begin{gathered} 50,125 / 150,200,250 \\ 333,500 / 600 \end{gathered}$ | 17 db | －74 db | HF－1 |
| HF－65 $\dagger$ | P．P．2A3＇s，6L6＇s，elc．to Line or Voice Cail | 3,000 or 5，000 Plate to Plate | $\begin{gathered} 1.2,2.5,5,7.5,10,15,20,30,50 \\ 125,200,250,333 \text { or } 500 \end{gathered}$ | 20 walts |  | HF－2 |
| HF－67 $\dagger$ | P．P．2A3＇s，6l6＇s，elc． 10 Voice Coil | 3,000 or 5，000 Plate to Plate | 30，20，15，10，7．5，5，2．5，1．2 | 20 wans | ．．．．．． | HF． 2 |
| HF－68 $\dagger$ | P．P．Pap．2A3＇s，6A5G＇s，300A＇s，6A3＇s 10 Line or Voice Coil | 1，500 or 2，500 Plate to Plate | $\begin{gathered} 500,333,250,200,125,50,30 \\ 20,15,107.5,5,2.5,1.2 \end{gathered}$ | 40 wans | ．．．．． | HF－3 |

＋Response $\pm 1 \mathrm{db}$ from 25 to $20,000 \mathrm{cps}$
§Use shunf plate feed to keep D．C．out of primary winding．
rAs compared to standard uncased units．
tQuadruple alloy magnelie shield．

## CF SERIES

WF Serles：These units are of the same fine quality as the HF Series above and， with the exception of two units，have a frequency response of $30-20,000 \mathrm{cps}$ ．within $\pm 2 \mathrm{db}$ ．The WF－21 and WF－35 have a response within $\pm 2 \mathrm{db}$ from $50-20,000 \mathrm{cps}$ ． WF－21 has multiple alloy shields for extremely low hum pickup．Maximum operating level is +7 db ．All WF units are cased in the WF－6 type cast case with phenolic terminal board and four tapped holes for flush mounting．Overall dimensions are $2^{\prime \prime}$ high with $11 / 2^{\prime \prime} \times 11 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ base area．Mounting centers are $155_{2}{ }^{\prime \prime} \times 1 \frac{5}{6} 反^{\prime \prime}$ ．Shipping weight is 0.6 pounds．

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Parl } \\ & \text { No. } \end{aligned}$ | Application | Primary Imp／Ohms | Secondary ImpOhms |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| INPUT <br> WF－20 <br> WF－2 1 <br> WF－22 <br> †WF－24 | Low Imp．Mic．，Pickup，or Line to Grid Low Imp．Mic．，Pickup，or L to Sgl．or P．P．Grids Low Imp．Mic．，Pickup，or Line to P．P．Grids Dynamic Microphone so 1 or 2 Grids | ```50, 125/150, 200, 250, 333,500,600 50, 200,500 50,125/150,200, 250,333,500/600 30``` | $\begin{aligned} & 50,000 \\ & 50,000 \end{aligned}$ <br> 80,000 overall，in two sections 50,000 overall，in two sections |
| INTERST <br> WF－26§ <br> WF－28 § | AGE <br> Single Plate to Single Grid <br> Sgl．PI．to 2 Grids．Can use splif pri．for P．P．PI． | $\begin{aligned} & 15,000 \\ & 15,000 \end{aligned}$ | 60，000（Turn ration 2：1） 80，000 overall（Turn ratio 2．3：1 overall） |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { LOW LE } \\ & \text { WF-34§ } \\ & \text { WF-36§ } \\ & \text { WF-35§ } \end{aligned}$ | VEL OUTPUT <br> Single Plate to Line P．P．Low Level Plases to Line Single Plate to Multiple Line | $\begin{aligned} & 15,000 \\ & 30,000 \text { Plate to Plate } \\ & 15,000 \end{aligned}$ | $50,125 / 150,200,250,333,500 / 600$ $50,125 / 150,200,250,333,500 / 600$ $50,125 / 150,200,250,333,500 / 600$ |
| MIXING <br> WF－30 | Low Imp．Mixer，Mic．，Pickup，or Line to Line | 50，125／150，200，250，333，500／600 | 50，125／150，200，250，333，500／600 |

[^8]
## TRANSISTOR TRANSFORMERS



Here are the smallest iron core audio transformers ever built. They weigh less than $1 / 10$ ounce and are no larger than the transistors they power.
These transformers are designed primarily for transistor audio applications but they can be used wherever low power is involved. Useful range, below 1 mw level. 'They are constructed of extremely fine wire, wound on molded nylon bobbins, with special nickel alloy steel laminations.

| Part <br> No. | Application | Pri. <br> Imp. | Sec. <br> DC Res. | Pri. <br> DC Res. | Sec. <br> DC Res. | Weight |
| :---: | :--- | ---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| UM-110 | Interstage | 20,000 | 1,000 | 1675 | 285 | 0.07 |
| UM-111 | Output or matching | 1,000 | $50 / 60$ | 120 | 9.0 | 0.10 |
| UM-112 | High imp. mic. input | 200,000 | 1,000 | 4000 | 195 | 0.10 |
| UM-113 | Interstage | 20,000 | 1,000 | 1350 | 205 | 0.10 |
| UM-114 | Output or matching | 500 | 5060 | 70 | 9.0 | 0.10 |



## "TINYTRAN" MINIATURE AUDIOS

These miniature units have an exceptional frequency response for transformers of this size: $1 \mathrm{db}, 30-15,000 \mathrm{cps}$. Maximum level 0 db . They are built with nickel steel laminations and have clearly marked stud-type terminals. Tinytrans are cased and potted in $7 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ square, a nodized aluminum cans with phenolic terminal boards. Total height, including terminals, is $11 / 4^{\prime \prime}$. The case has two $2-56$ threaded inserts for easy mounting. The entire transformer weighs only 1.3 ounces.

| Part <br> No. | Application | Primary <br> Impedance | Secondary <br> Impedance |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| TT-11 | Mic., pickup or line to single grid | $50,200 / 250,500 / 600$ | 50,000 |
| TT-12 | Mic., pickup or line to push-pull grids | $50,200 / 250,500 / 600$ | 50,000 |
| TT-13 | Dynamic mic. to single grid | $7.5 / 30$ | 50,000 |
| TT-14 | Single plate to single grid | $15,000 \$$ | 60,000 |

SNo DC in primary.






## HIGH Q CHOKES

chicago High Q chokes, Nos. NSI-1 and NSI-2, are designed specifically for use in dynamic noise suppressor circuits, but can be used with equal advantage in any tuned circuit requiring the given inductances.

Their inductance values, . 8 and 2.4 henries respectively, are accurate within $\pm 5 \%$ with up to 15 ma d-c. The units have a minimum $Q$ of 20 .

| Calalog <br> No. | Inductance | WI. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| NSI-1 | .8 henrys | $1 / 2$ |
| NSI-2 | 2.4 henrys | $1 / 2$ |



## TRANSISTOR TRANSVERTER TRANSFORMERS

These miniature units are used in transistorized circuits for converting battery voltage to plate supply voltage. They are ideally suited for mobile communication applications such as: police radio, amateur radio, commercial or public service vehicles. W rite for Bulletin \#CT-43 showing circuit diagrams and part lists.

| Part <br> No. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Step-Up } \\ \text { in Volis D.C. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Case } \\ & \text { Sire } \end{aligned}$ | Weight Lbs. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| - DCT-1 | $\begin{aligned} & 1210275 \text { (11 } \\ & 125 \text { MADC } \end{aligned}$ | 10* | 7/8 |
| - DCT-2 | 12 10 250 ( 11 275 MADC OR 12 to 500 (11 165 MADC | 12* | $11 / 2$ |

See dimension chart on Pg. 23

- New Pari Number


EXACT REPLACEMENTS FOR LINK RADIO EQUIPMENT

| Chicago Cal. No. | Type of Unit | Replaces Link Radio Part Numbers | Mig. <br> Type |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| †TR-957 | Filter Choke | TR.957 | L |
| tTR-1002 | Filament Transformer | TR-1002 | TX-1 |
| TTR-1014 | Filament Transformer | TR-1014 | S* |
| TTR-1016 | Output Transformer | TR-1016, 9935 | S* |
| $\dagger$ †R-1028 | Plate Transformer | TR-1028 | S* |
| †TR-1034 | Vibrator Transformer ( 6 v.$)$ | TR-1034 and 12534 | $\checkmark$ |
| TR-1035 | Vibralor Transformer ( 12 v.$)$ | TR-1035, 14269 | V |
| †TR-1040 | Plate Transformer | TR-1040 and 11862 | FS |
| TR-1042 | Line to Grid Transformer | TR-1042 | PV |
| †TR-1043 | Output Transformer | TR-1043 | PV |
| TR-1045 | Impedance Matching | TR-1045 | $\mathrm{C} \dagger \dagger$ |
| tTR-1050 | Vibrator Transformer ( 6 v.$)$ | TR-1050 | $\checkmark$ |
| TRR-1054 | Plate Transformer | TR-1054, 11944, 4891 | V |
| $\dagger$ TR-1056 | Filter Choke | TR-1056, 0122 U | $V$ |
| TTR-1061 | P.P Input Transformer | TR-1061 | $\mathrm{H}^{*}$ |
| tTR-1063 | Filament Transformer | TR-1063, 11992, 7211 | V |
| †TR-1065 | Power Transformer | 7650N, TR-1065 | S |

*Hermetically sealed with type S terminals. (See page 2). **See page 24.
$\dagger$ tSee page 22. *Pin type terminals instead solder lugs.
iPart number to be deleted from next catalog.

| Chicago Cal. No. | Type of Unit | Replaces Link Radio Parl Numbers | Mig. <br> Type |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| †TR-1066 | Oulput Transformer | TR-1066 | L |
| †TR-1071 | Outpuf Transformer | TR-1071, 6226 | L |
| TTR-1072 | Power Transformer | TR-1072, 6248 | $\checkmark$ |
| ¢TR-1073 | Vibrator Transformer (6 v.) | TR-1073, 6250, TR-1080 | $V$ |
| +TR-1074 | Line to Line Transformer | TR-1074, 6327A | $\mathrm{H}^{*}$ |
| +TR-1075 | Low Pass Filter | TR-1075 | $\mathrm{Ct} \dagger$ |
| +TR-1077 | Filter Choke | TR-1077, 7282N | BX |
| +TR-1078 | Filament Transformer | TR-1078, 7283A | V $\ddagger \ddagger$ |
| +TR-1080 | Vibrator Transformer ( 6 l. ) | TR-1080 | ¢8 |
| †TR-1081 | Oulput Transformer <br> (Plate to Grid or Line) | TR-108 1 | S* |
| †TR-1082 | Filament Transformer | TR-1082 | TX-1 |
| ¢TR-1083 | Filament Transformer | TR-1083, 8218 N | TX |
| $\dagger$ ¢R-1088 | Power Transformer | TR-1088 |  |
| $\dagger$ †R-1089 | Output Transformer | TR-1089, 6132B | B** |
| †TR-1104 | Vibrator Transformer ( 6 l.$)$ | TR-1104, 14270 | V |
| †TR-7074 | Vibrator Transformer ( 12 v.$)$ | TR-7074 | $v$ |

$\ddagger \ddagger$ Solder lugs instead wire leads. §§Metal case with spade lugs, wire leads.




PCB SERIES—with Mounting Feet, Outlet Boxes; Primary 50/60 cycles

| Primary Volis | Secondary Volis | KVA Capacily | Caialog Number | A | Dimensions in Inches |  |  |  |  | G | Approx. Weight Lbs. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | B | C | D | E | F |  |  |
| 230/460 | 115 | . 500 | †PCB-24500 | $71 / 2$ | 8 | $63 / 8$ | 7 | $43 / 4$ | $51 / 2$ | $13 / 4$ | 32 |
| 230/460 | 115 | . 750 | +PCB-24750 | $8 \mathrm{l} / \mathrm{s}$ | 811/6 | $71 / 8$ | $81 / 2$ | $51 / 2$ | $51 / 2$ | $15 / 8$ | 50 |
| 230/460 | 115/230 | 1.0 | $\dagger$ PCB-241M | 8 $1 / 8$ | 99\%6 | $7 \mathrm{~s} / \mathrm{m}$ | $81 / 2$ | 51/2 | 6 | 21/\% | 57 |
| $230 / 460$ | $115 / 230$ | 2.5 | +PCB-242M5 | $111 / 2$ | 121/6 | 10 \% | $10 \frac{1}{2}$ | $71 / 2$ | $81 / 8$ | $33 / 8$ | 108 |
| 230/460 | 115/230 | 5.0 | $\dagger$ PCB-245M | $111 / 2$ | 153/4 | 1196 | 101/2 | $71 / 2$ | 99\% | 45 | 195 |
| $230 / 460$ | 115230 | 7.5 | $\dagger$ PCB-247M5 | 1313/6 | 15\% | $111 / 2$ | $123 / 4$ | 9 | 107\% | $4^{3 / 16}$ | 245 |
| $230 / 460$ | 115/230 | 10.0 | +PCB-2410M | 161/8 | 18 | 13\% | 14\%6 | 113/8 | 123/8 | $51 / 8$ | 330 |
| 230/460 | $115 / 230$ | 15.0 | +PCB-2415M | $141 / 2$ | $211 / 2$ | 171/2 | $121 / 2$ | $121 / 2$ | $111 / 2$ | $81 / 2$ | 500 |



PCC SERIES-Capacities from 100 to 250 va.
For Mounting on Conduit Boxes
Mounted on rectangular covers that fit standard FS and FD-type conduit boxes, these chicago Power Circuit Transformers offer a handy, economical method of installation at machine tools, welders, and other equipment where step-down from 230 or 460 volts to 115 volts is required. They are widely used in manufacturing plants to operate 115 -volt lamps for machine lighting and to supply signalling, heating, and other miscellaneous power loads.

These transformers are equipped with fused secondaries for overload protection. Both primary and secondary leads are brought out through the conduit box covers. Shields and conduit box covers have durable cadmium plated finish.

Unit No. 4100SP in the table below is specially constructed with primary tapped at $10 \%$ under and over voltage for the purpose of stabilizing line voltage fluctuations. This feature improves the operation, boosts the performance, and steps up the accuracy of a wide variety of electrical devices.


$\dagger$ Part number to be deleted from next catalog.

## POWER CIRCUIT TRANSFORMERS

## PCF SERIES—Capacities from 25 to 250 va. for IN-Compartment Wiring

It has become standard practice in most large industrial plants to wire main circuits for single phase, 230,460 , or 575 volts, and to use power circuit transformers for stepping down to lower voltage wherever needed. This method of installation requires only one power service with a single metering and eliminates multiple circuits to each point of use. Valuable savings in copper, conduit, and fittings are thus effected, to say nothing of economies in installation and maintenance.
chicago Power Circuit Transformers are offered in three different series, each of which is made up of units with ratings and types of mountings designed to meet a maximum number of the requirements ordinarily encountered in this field. Their use in industry over a period of many years has proven them to be practical in application and dependable in performance.
The units of all of the three series, described on this and the following page, are normal reactance, dry-type transformers, designed for operation on either 50 - or 60 -cycle current. Many have double primary windings that can be connected in parallel for 230 volts or in series for 460 volts. All meet the requirements of the Underwriters' Laboratories for
 air-cooled transformers.

Installations of modern machine tools and other types of production equipment, which operate on one of the service voltages, frequently incorporate supplementary, 115 -volt electrical appliances, such as machine lighting, controls, small motor-driven tools, fans, blowers, and heating elements. For operating these 115 -volt devices chicago Power Circuit Transformers of the PCF Series are used by nationally-known machine tool manufacturers, who mount the units in the bases of their machines, or in other compartments provided for control equipments.

Transformers in the PCF series are constructed with standard steel shields and mounting feet. Wire leads of approved type are brought out through the shields, primary and secondary leads on opposite sides for ease of wiring.


PCF SERIES with Mounting Feet-Primary 50/60 cycles

| Primary <br> Volis | Secondary |  |  | Catalog <br> Number | Dimensions in Inches |  |  |  |  |  |  | Approx. Weigh! Lbs. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Volis | Amps.* | V-A Cap. |  | A | B | C | D | E | F | G |  |
| 230 | 115 | . 25 | 25 | PCF-2025 | 3 | 3 | $21 / 8$ | 213/6 | $23 / 8$ | $11 / 2$ | 3/4 | 2 |
| 230 | 115 | . 45 | 50 | PCF-2050 | 3 | $31 / 2$ | $2 \mathrm{~s} / 8$ | 213/6 | $23 / 8$ | 2 | $11 / 4$ | $23 / 4$ |
| 230/460 | 115 | . 65 | 75 | PCF-24075 | $31 / 2$ | $3 \mathrm{~s} / 8$ | 27/8 | $33 / 16$ | 3 | $21 / 4$ | 1760 | $41 / 4$ |
| 230 /460 | 115 | . 85 | 100 | PCF-24100 | 315/16 | $41 / 8$ | 313/6 | $31 / 2$ | 33/6 | 213/6 | 1960 | $51 / 4$ |
| 230/460 | 115 | 1.5 | 150 | PCF-24150 | $41 / 2$ | $41 / 8$ | $33 / 4$ | 4 | $33 / 4$ | 3 | $11 / 2$ | $73 / 4$ |
| 230/460 | 115 | 2.2 | 250 | PCF-24250 | $51 / 4$ | 4\% 6 | 315/6 | 4\% | $41 / 4$ | 3 | 111/6 | 12 |

[^9]
## CONTROL TRANSFORMERS



## nORMAL REACTANCE TYPE CONTROL TRANSFORMERS

Chicago Control Transformers of the normal reactance type are equipped with eight-inch leads of approved type for installations using standard code wiring on both the primary and secondary. For convenience of wiring, primary and secondary leads are brought out through opposite sides of the transformers. They are sturdily constructed with singlepiece, steel shield-and-frame units, which have mounting feet with easily accessible slots. All transformers in the normal reactance series meet the requirements of the Underwriters' Iaboratories for air-cooled transformers.

Because of their compactness and convenient provisions for mounting and wiring, they are readily adaptable for use with modern machines and appliances, where mounting in machine bases or housings, or in control cabinets, is required.

The National Electrical Code requires closed conduit wiring from the secondary of any normal reactance transformer regardless of voltage. However, when the transformer and low-voltage control devices are installed in a single cabinet, the complete equipment may, under certain conditions, meet code requirements and receive approval from the Underwriters' Laboratories for annunciator-type wiring.
C.T. normal reactance transformers may be operated continuously in a mbient temperatures up to $50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. at the rated capacities shown in the specifications.

Primary: 115 volts, 50/60 cycles

| Volis | Secondary |  | Caialog <br> Number | Dimensions in Inches |  |  |  |  |  |  | Approx. Weight Lbs. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Amps.* | V-A Cap |  | A | B | C | D | E | F | G |  |
| 16 | 3.15 | 50 | NCF-1650 | 3 | $31 / 2$ | 2 5/8 | 213/6 | $23 / 8$ | 2 | $11 / 4$ | $31 / 2$ |
| 24 | 1.05 | 25 | NCF-2425 | 3 | 3 | 21/8 | 213/6 | 2\% | $11 / 2$ | 3/4 | $21 / 4$ |
| 24 | 2.1 | 50 | NCF-2450 | 3 | $31 / 2$ | $2 \mathrm{~s} / 8$ | 213/6 | $23 / 8$ | 2 | $11 / 4$ | $31 / 2$ |
| 24 | 3.15 | 75 | NCF-2475 | $31 / 2$ | $3 \mathrm{~s} / 6$ | 2\% | 33/6 | 3 | $21 / 4$ | 17/6 | $41 / 2$ |
| 24 | 4.15 | 100 | NCF-24100 | 315/6 | $41 / 8$ | 313/6 | $31 / 2$ | 33/6 | 213/6 | 1\%6 | $51 / 4$ |
| 24 | 6.25 | 150 | NCF-24150 | $41 / 2$ | 313/6 | 376 | 4 | $31 / 4$ | 211/6 | 13/6 | $81 / 2$ |
| 32 | 1.55 | 50 | NCF-3250 | 3 | $31 / 2$ | $2 \mathrm{~s} / 8$ | 213/6 | 23/8 | 2 | $11 / 4$ | $31 / 2$ |
| 32 | 2.35 | 75 | NCF-3275 | $31 / 2$ | $3 \mathrm{~s} / 8$ | 2 \% | 33/6 | 3 | 21/4 | 1\%6 | $41 / 2$ |
| 32 | 4.7 | 150 | NCF-32150 | $41 / 2$ | 313/6 | 37/6 | 4 | $33 / 4$ | 211/6 | 136 | $81 / 2$ |
| 550 | (NL) | 50 | NCF-1550 | 2 \% | 3 | 3 | $31 / 2$ | $21 / 4$ | $21 / 8$ | $11 / 8$ | $31 / 2$ |
| 775 | (NL) | 50 | NCF-1775 | 27/8 | 3 | 3 | $31 / 2$ | $21 / 4$ | 21/8 | 11/8 | $31 / 2$ |

*Current Raling for continuous operation

## TYPICAL CONTROL TRANSFORMER APPLICATIONS

## Relays

Solenoids
Small Motors
Speed Changers
Recording Devices
Pumps
Electronic Tubes
Heating Elements
Elevalors
Door Openers
Sprinkler Systoms

Automatic Musical Instruments
Coin-Operated Devices
Low Voltage Lighting Signal Lamps, Etc.
Devices Controlled by Thermostats
Spark Plug Testers
Control Valves for Fluids and Gases
Fans and Blowers
Mechanical and Electrical Signs
Burglar and Fire Alarms
Bells, Buzzers, and Annunciators
and for similar applications
chicago Control Transformers are intended for operation on 115volt power to supply low voltages to the types of industrial and household equipment listed at left. They are correctly designed and conservatively rated and, because of their proven efficiency and dependability, have been preferred by nationally-known control and machine-tool manufacturers for many years.

Coils are wound of high-grade magnet wire on automatic multiple-coil winding machines. Windings and lead connections are insulated with acid-free and non-corrosive materials of high dielectric strength.

Cores are made of high quality, non-aging silicon steel, the electrical properties of the laminations brought to a high degree of efficiency, after punching, by scientific heat-treating in chicagos own annealing furnaces.


## SALES REPRESENTATIVES



## QUICK REFERENCE INDEX

## MIL-T-27 A HERMETICALLY SEALED TRANSFORMERS AND REACTORS

Bias Transformers .......................... 3
Chokes . .............................4,6,7
Driver Transformers ............ 12
Filament Transformers ............ 8
Filter Reactors $\quad 4,6,7$
400 Cycle Transformers ..........6,7
400 Cycle Reactors
6,7
Input Transformers $\quad 9,12$
Low Pass filter .............................
Magnetic Amplifier Transformers .............. 13
Military Standard Transformers $\quad 8,10$
Multiple Filament Transformers. . 5
Output Transformers $\quad . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .12$
Plate and Filament Transformers ..............2, 3, 8
Power Transformers $\quad$ 2, 3, $\quad$ 2, $\quad$ 2,
Pulse Transformers $\quad .13$
Saturable Transformers . . . . . . . . 13
Toroidal Inductors
11
Transistor Transformers ........................ 10

## NEW EQUIPMENT COMMERCIAL GRADE TRANSFORMERS AND REACTORS

Audio Filters.
$21,22,23,24,25,26$
Autotransformers 19
Bias Transformers.
15
Chokes
16, 21
Voltage Stabilizing Transformers ............. 19
Driver Transformers
21, 22, 23
Filament Transformers
Filter Reactors . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 16,18
High Fidelity Audios ....................24, 25, 26
High Q Chokes
$23,24,25,26$
19
Input Transformers
Isolation Transformers .
Link Radio Replacements.
Low Pass Filter
Miniature Audio Transformers
Mixing Transtormers
20
…...... 25
Modulation Transformers .....................21, 23
Modulation Reactors .............................. 21
Multiple Filaments
$22,23,24,25,26$
Output Transformers
Plate Transformers
Plate and Filament Transformers_r.....14, 15
Power Transformers.
Splatter Chokes . . ............................ 20
Step-Down Transformers ................... 19
Transistor Transformers
25, 27

## CONTROL AND POWER CIRCUIT TRANSFORMERS

INDEXED by Catalog Number and Page Number


- New Part Number †Part Number to be deleted from next catalog


## K4XL's BAMA

This manual is provided FREE OF CHARGE from the "BoatAnchor Manual Archive" as a service to the Boatanchor community.

It was uploaded by someone who wanted to help you repair and maintain your equipment.

If you paid anyone other than BAMA for this manual, you paid someone who is making a profit from the free labor of others without asking their permission.

You may pass on copies of this manual to anyone who needs it. But do it without charge.

Thousands of files are available without charge from BAMA. Visit us at http://bama.sbc.edu


[^0]:    All secondary A.C. volrages $\pm 3 \%$

[^1]:    All secondary A.C. voltages $\pm 3 \%$

[^2]:    All secondary A.C. voltages $\pm 3 \%$

[^3]:    - Reacior Input

    All secondary A.C. volfages $\pm 3 \%$
    †Refer to Case Size

[^4]:    All secondary A.C. voltages $\pm 3 \%$

[^5]:    *Split and balanced windings.
    $\$ 0$ to 10 ma. D.C. $\$ 0 \mathrm{dbm}$. reference level = 1 milliwatt. $\ddagger$ Has tertiary winding for $15 \%$ inverse feedback. $\dagger$ Refer to family All secondary A.C. voltages $\pm 3 \%$

[^6]:    $\dagger$ Refer to Family and Case Size.

[^7]:    †Parl number to be deleted from next calalog.

[^8]:    §Use shunt plate feed to keep D．C．out of primary winding．
    $\dagger$ Part number to be deleted from next catalog．

[^9]:    ${ }^{*}$ Current rating for continuous operation.

