TECHNICAL MANUAL

M-6588

FM FREQUENCY MONITOR

GTM-88F

HARRIS
INTERTYPE
CORPORATION

GATES

A DIVISION OF HARRIS-INTERTYPE

WARRANTY

Seller warrants new equipment manufactured by Gates Radio Company against defects in material or work-manship at the time for delivery thereof, that develop under normal use within a period of one year (6 months on moving parts) from the date of shipment, of which Purchaser gives Seller prompt written notice. Other manufacturers' equipment, if any, including electron tubes, and towers shall carry only such manufacturers' standard warranty.

Seller's sole responsibility for any breach of the foregoing provision of this contract, with respect to any equipment or parts not conforming to the warranty or the description herein contained, is at its option, (a) to repair or replace such equipment or parts upon the return thereof f.o.b. Seller's factory within the period aforesaid, or (b) to accept the return thereof f.o.b. Purchaser's point of installation, whereupon Seller shall either (1) issue a credit to Purchaser's account hereunder in an amount equal to an equitable portion of the total contract price, without interest, or (2) if the total contract price has been paid, refund to Purchaser an equitable portion thereof, without interest.

If the Equipment is described as used, it is sold as is and where is. If the contract covers equipment not owned by Seller at this date it is sold subject to Seller's acquisition of possession and title.

Seller assumes no responsibility for design characteristics of special equipment manufactured to specifications supplied by or on behalf of Purchaser.

Seller shall not be liable for any expense whether for repairs, replacements, material, service or otherwise, incurred by Purchaser or modifications made by Purchaser to the Equipment without prior written consent of Seller.

EXCEPT AS SET FORTH HEREIN, AND EXCEPT AS TO TITLE, THERE ARE NO WARRANTIES, OR ANY AFFIRMATIONS OF FACT OR PROMISES BY SELLER, WITH REFERENCE TO THE EQUIPMENT, OR TO MERCHANTABILITY, INFRINGEMENT, OR OTHERWISE, WHICH EXTEND BEYOND THE DESCRIPTION OF THE EQUIPMENT ON THE FACE HEREOF.

RETURNS AND EXCHANGES

Do not return any merchandise without our written approval and Return Authorization. We will provide special shipping instructions and a code number that will assure proper handling and prompt issuance of credit. Please furnish complete details as to circumstances and reasons when requesting return of merchandise. Custom built equipment or merchandise specially ordered for you is not returnable. Where return is at the request of, or for the convenience of the customer, a restocking fee of 15% will be charged. All returned merchandise must be sent freight prepaid and properly insured by the customer. When writing to Gates Radio Company about your order, it will be helpful if you specify the Gates Factory Order Number or Invoice Number.

WARRANTY ADJUSTMENTS

In the event of equipment failure during the warranty period, replacement or repair parts may be provided in accordance with the provisions of the Gates Warranty. In most cases you will be required to return the defective merchandise or part to Gates f.o.b. Quincy, Illinois for replacement or repair. Cost of repair parts or replacement merchandise will be billed to your account at the time of shipment and compensating credit will be issued to offset the charge when the defective items are returned.

MODIFICATIONS

Gates reserves the right to modify the design and specifications of the equipment shown in this catalog without notice or to withdraw any item from sale provided, however, that any modifications shall not adversely affect the performance of the equipment so modified.

INSTRUCTION **BOOK**

GTM-88F FM FREQUENCY MONITOR FCC APPROVAL NO. 3-137



GATES

GATES RADIO COMPANY
A Division of Harris-Intertype Corporation QUINCY, ILLINOIS 62301

INDEX

I	GENERAL DESCRIPTION]
II	SPECIFICATIONS	1
III	INSTALLATION AND INITIAL ADJUSTMENT	1
IV	OPERATION.	2
V	CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION.	2
VI	RF OSCILLATOR ALIGNMENT.	3
VII	MAINTENANCE	3
VIII	PARTS LIST.	3
	PHOTOGRAPHS	
	BLOCK DIAGRAM	
	SCHEMATIC	

I GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The GTM-88F FM Frequency Monitor has been designed to meet FCC requirements for measuring the center frequency deviation of an FM broadcast transmitter from its assigned frequency in the range of 88 to 108 Mc.

The accuracy of measurement is within 1000 cycles (.001%) and the effects of modulation of the center frequency of the transmitter have been minimized. The monitor has been designed to provide stability, accuracy and long trouble-free performance. It cannot cause any deteriorative effects on the transmitter or affect the signal being transmitted. It is designed for continuous operation, and does not require frequency adjustment to maintain its accuracy. It is not affected by typical changes of power line voltage, changes of input signal level from the transmitter, ambient temperature variations, or component aging during regular service.

II SPECIFICATIONS

FREQUENCY RANGE: 88 to 108 Mc - fixed.

DEVIATION RANGE: +3KHz to -3 KHz of specified frequency.

AMBIENT TEMPERATURE: +10°C to +55°C.

ACCURACY: Better than .001% or

better than 1000 Hz at any frequency.

STABILITY: Maximum change within 24 hours 100 Hz.

R.F. INPUT: 50 ohms, .2 to 1 watt.

FRONT PANEL INDICATORS: Deviation meter, AC

Power Pilot Light, Crystal Oven Lamp

FRONT PANEL CONTROLS: Selector switch (Power

ON/OFF, RF Input Cal, Monitor Cal, and Operate, Meter Zero, R.F. level, (Recessed) Frequency Adjustment,

(Recessed).

DIODE & TRANSISTOR COMPLEMENT

DIODE	QTY.	TRANSISTOR	QTY.
1N54A	2	2N697	1
1N542	2	2N708	10
1N821(Zener)	1	2N709	1
1N914	9	2N2369	1
1N4729(Zener)		2N3055	1
1N4738(Zener)	2	2N4036	1
MZ1000-24	1	2N3903	1
COD1 6082			
(stabistor)	1	RCA 40314	5
Molded Bridge	1		

POWER INPUT: 100 to 130 VAC, 50/60 Hz.

40 Watts max.

POWER SUPPLY; Regulated, fused

FUSES:

Monitor 3/4 Amp.

DIMEMSIONS: Standard rack, 19" W, 7" H,

10" Deep

WEIGHT: 20 Lbs, max

III INSTALLATION AND INITIAL ADJUSTMENT

INSPECTION: Upon receipt of your GTM-88F, remove it from the packing material and inspect for any damage caused in transit due to handling or vibration. If damage either concealed or obvious, is determined, immediately call the transportation company that delivered the material to you and go over the damages with them. They will either note the shipping way-bill which you have or give you a damage report indicating that you may proceed with repairs, order the necessary parts from Gates, Gates will bill these parts to you and you in turn can bill the parts to the transportation company under the damage claim.

All Gates equipment is shipped in approved packing containers and anything broken in transit, the transportation company is obligated to pay for, not you.

LOCATION: Installation preferably should be made in a standard equipment rack or cabinet which is well connected electrically to the main station ground and away from strong RF fields created by the transmitter. The monitor should be located near the transmitter in order to take an RF sample directly from the transmitter. If a remote application is desired, RF can be fed from an RF amplifier.

CONNECTIONS, INPUT: Plug the AC line cord into a nominal 115 volt, 50/60 Hz power source.

Connect a 50 ohm coaxial cable (RG-58 or RG-8) between an RF pick-up loop (or RF amplifier) and the input J1 at the monitor. (Amphenol Type 83-ISP connector is used).

CAUTION: DO NOT APPLY MORE THAN 2 WATTS FROM THE PICK-UP LOOP OR THE MONITOR MAY

BE DAMAGED.

When using the GTM-88F in conjunction with other existing monitor equipment, simultaneous connection of the RF inputs from the same pick-up can be made. However where other monitors are in use, it may be necessary to incorporate a resistive pad to achieve the correct RF input level for each unit.

Separate pick-up loops or an RF amplifier should eliminate any interference encountered between monitors in the field.

INITIAL ADJUSTMENTS: Turn the power on and allow the monitor to warm-up 1/2 hour for temperature stabilization. The red light will indicate that the power is on.

When the instrument is first plugged in, the amber crystal temperature indicator light will appear. As the oven brings the crystal towards its desired temperature, the light will begin the flash off and on. This lamp will light and turn off in a rather fast and erratic manner. (As fast as 3 to 4 times per second occasionally). THIS IS GOMPLETELY NORMAL. The oven maintains the crystal temperature within 1/10th of a degree.

Select the Cal position of the function switch on the front panel. The meter should be within a few hundred cycles of zero, and can be set exactly to zero with the METER ZERO control. With the function switch in the RF INPUT position, the meter pointer should be in the red RF CAL area of the meter; if it does not, the pick-up loop or RF amplifier output should be adjusted so that with the RF LEVEL control at approximately its mid-range, the meter indicates the desired plus 1.5 KHz. Periodic adjustment of the RF level should be made by means of the RF LEVEL control, keeping the indication in the RF CAL area.

IV OPERATION

At this time, the function switch can be set to operate position and any deviation of the transmitter center frequency will be indicated on the zero center meter.

Calibration against an external frequency standard may be made at the station as follows: While in contact with an outside measuring service, the transmitter frequency can be adjusted for the exact assigned frequency. Place the GTM-88F in CAL position and zero the meter. Then place the function switch in operate position and observe any deviation. If the indication is not zero, adjust the FREQ. ADJ. control (C1) until the meter reads zero. If the meter zero is beyond the range of C1 see paragraph on RF oscillator alignment.

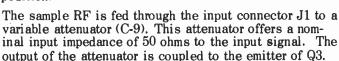
An alternate method can be used. The frequency of the transmitter is first measured by the frequency measuring service. The moniter is corrected by adjusting meter zero so the frequency meter indicates the same frequency as determined by the measuring service. Then the transmitter can be adjusted so that zero deviation is measured on the meter. When the monitor reads zero. place the function switch to Calibrate and zero the meter. Return the function to Operate position and adjust the FREQ. ADJ. control for a zero meter reading. The meter zero besides zeroing the meter, temperature compensates the monitor. It is suggested that the function switch be turned to Cal position to be sure that the pointer is on zero every time a reading is taken.

Re-adjust to zero if necessary. This should require very little adjustment unless there has been a major temperature change. Then return the function switch to the OPERATE position for accurate logging of center frequency. It is suggested that the RF level be checked at least daily.

NOTE: The pointer of meter M-1 may peg when switching, between RF INPUT, CAL and OPERATE This is particularly true if the incoming signal is considerably off frequency. The meter can not be damaged under normal operation. However, if the input signal remains considerably off frequency the meter should be returned to the CAL position until the frequency is brought within the range of the monitor.

V CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION

The signal will be traced through the GTM-88F referring to the schematic with the function switch in the OPERATE position.



Refer now to Q1. This is a crystal controlled oscillator. The frequency of this oscillator is maintained by a quartz crystal housed in an oven. The oven maintains the crystal temperature within 1/10th of a degree at approximately 70° C. Vernier adjustment of the frequency may be accomplished by FREQ. ADJ. control C-1. The developed frequency appears on the base of Q2. Q2 is a frequency tripler. The tripled frequency is coupled to the base of Q3, and so selected that it is 200 KHz below the input frequency to be monitored. Q3 is a mixer which produces an amplified 200 KC signal.

The 200 KC signal is coupled to a Schmitt trigger (Q4, Q5) which limits and squares the 200 KHz signal. The 200 KHz square wave is coupled to a monostable multivibrator (Q6, Q7, Q8). The monostable produces a constant width pulse proportional to the input signal frequency.

The constant width pulse is passed through an emitter follower Q9 to a phase splitter Q 10.

Both the in-phase and out-of-phase constant width pulses are passed through emitter followers (Q11, Q12) to pulse amplifiers (Q13 and Q 14).

The pulse amplifiers create a DC voltage proportional to the input frequency. At 200 KHz the developed DC voltage of each pulse amplifier is equal and the meter. reads zero. As the frequency moves away from the 200 KHz, zero point, the DC voltage of the pulse amplifiers changes, causing the meter to deflect.

By placing the selector switch in CAL position a 200 KHz signal from a crystal oscillator (Q18, Q19) is coupled to the Schmitt trigger through an emitter follower (Q20). The meter is then zeroed by adjusting the meter zero control which changes the pulse width of the monostable, and calibrates the monitor circuitry by making the developed DC voltage at the pulse amplifiers equal. When the monitor is placed in the RF CAL position the meter is switched in series with a diode (CR5) and measures the current produced by the diode which is proportional to the RF voltage applied at the input J1.

The heart of the power supply is CR12, a temperature compensated zener diode. CR12 maintains a constant voltage over the temperature range and controls the transistor regulator (Q15, Q16, Q17) which produces +15 DC volts for all monitor circuitry.

The oven, a 117 VAC type, is fused and connected directly to the power cord. It will function immediately when the monitor is plugged into the power source and is not switched by the selector switch (S1). The oven is temperature controlled by a bi-metal thermostat. To indicate that the oven is controlling the crystal temperature an incandescent lamp on the front panel is connected in parallel with the heater circuit of the oven.



VI RF OSCILLATOR ALIGNMENT



If the oscillator frequency can not be adjusted for a meter zero position with correct input frequency by using C1, set C1 at mid-range and adjust C3 until meter is about zero. Then re-adjust C1 until meter is at zero.

Should it be necessary to re-align the RF oscillator follow this procedure -

RF ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE FOR FM FREQUENCY MONITOR, GTM-88F

- 1. Connect an oscilloscope to IF output at switch S1D.
- 2. Adjust C1 (FREQ. ADJ.) to mid-range capacity.
- 3. Connect RF voltage (.2 to 1 watt) to J1. The RF shall be at carrier frequency ±10 cps. Read frequency on a counter.
- With the Function Switch (S1) in RF position adjust C9 (RF level) to a red line reading on the meter (RF Cal).
- 5. Switch the Function Switch (S1) to Cal position.
- 6. Adjust C3 and C4 (Chassis controls) for and IF voltage on the scope. (Range: 10 to 50 Vpp).
- 7. Adjust the meter to a zero setting with meter zero control R29.
- 8. Switch the Function Switch (S1) to Operate position. Adjust the meter for a near zero reading with C3 (Chassis control).
- 9. Switch the Function Switch (S1) to RF position and check to see that the meter is on the red line of Step 5.
- 10. Switch Function Switch (S1) to Operate position. Adjust C4 (Chassis control) until a .8 to 1.0 volt pp reading is obtained on the scope.
- 11. The Frequency Adjust control (C1) should be able to adjust the meter ±500 Hz at this time. Check the tuning range. Zero the meter with C1.
- 12. Switch the Function Switch to Cal position and zero the meter with the meter zero control (R29).
- 13. Return the Function Switch (S1) to Operate position and recheck the meter zero. If not zero reset with Frequency Adjust control (C1).
- 14. With normal signal from transmitter at J1 and function switch in Operate position proceed with a frequency check by an FCC approved method as outlined in the OPERATION section of the instruction book.

VII MAINTENANCE

No periodic maintenance is necessary. If dust or dirt should accumulate in the equipment at any time remove it by use of an air hose.

Should you need to repair a printed circuit board, a printed sheet #1234 is available without charge, on request, covering "How to Replace Items on Printed Boards".

VIII PARTS LIST



CHASSIS

Symbol No. Gates Part No. Description

A1	40 6	0388	000	Pilot Lamp,	Red
				Pilot Lamp,	

Symbol No.	Gates Part No.	Description
C1 C2 C3, C4 C5 C6 C7 C8 C9 C10 C11 C12, C38 C13, C14,	520 0123 000 500 0822 000 520 0305 000 520 0787 000 522 0218 000 516 0063 000 500 0784 000 520 0125 000 500 0759 000 500 0842 000 516 0375 000	Cap., Var., 3.2 to 50 pF Cap., 75 pF, 500 V, 5% Cap., Var., 3.2 to 50 pF Cap., 200 pF, 500 V. Cap., 5 uF, 15 V. Cap., .002 uF, 1 KV Cap., 300 pF, 500 V. Cap., Var., 4.5 to 100 pF Cap., 100 pF, 500 V. Cap., 820 pF, 300 V. Cap., .01 uF, 50 V.
C15, C14, C15, C16 C17 C35 C36 C37 C40	516 0084 000 506 0088 000 524 0135 000 522 0372 000 516 0054 000 500 0812 000	Cap., .02 uf, 600 V. Cap., .1 uF, 200 V. Cap., 1500 uF, 75 V. Cap., 2500 uF, 15 V. Cap., .001 uF, 1 KV Cap., 30 pF, 500 V.
CR25	384 0210 000	Diode, 1N542
F1	398 0016 000	Fuse, .75 A, 250 V, AGC
HR1	558 0029 000	Crystal Oven
J1	612 0230 000	Receptacle
L1 L2 L3, L10 L4, L5 L9	814 7246 000 814 5572 001 494 0198 000 494 0114 000 814 7247 001	Coil Choke Choke, R.F. Coil
M1	632 0623 000	Meter
Q1 Q2 Q3 Q15	380 0096 000 380 0078 000 380 0053 000 380 0043 000	Transistor, 2N3903 Transistor, 2N709 Transistor, 40314 Transistor, 2N3055
R1 R3 R4 R6 R7 R8 R9	540 0070 000 540 0042 000 540 0018 000 540 0056 000 540 0032 000 540 0085 000 540 0053 000	Res., 7.5K ohm, 1/2 W, 5% Res., 510 ohm, 1/2 W, 5% Res., 51 ohm, 1/2 W, 5% Res., 2.0K ohm, 1/2 W, 5% Res., 200 ohm, 1/2 W, 5% Res., 33K ohm, 1/2 W, 5% Res., 1.5K ohm, 1/2 W, 5%

R10 540 0025 000 Res., 100 ohm, 1/2 W, 5% R11 540 0060 000 Res., 3K ohm, 1/2 W, 5% R12 540 0024 000 Res., 91 ohm, 1/2 W, 5% 540 0010 000 Res., 24 ohm, 1/2 W, 5% R13 540 0306 000 Res., 82 ohm, 1 W, 5% R14 914 6159 001 Pot., 500 ohm (Mod.) R29 R71 540 0089 000 Res., 47K ohm, 1/2W, 5% R84 540 0067 000 Res., 5.6K ohm, 1/2 W, 5% S1 927 3319 001 Switch, Rotary, 3 Section

T1 472 0611 000 Transformer

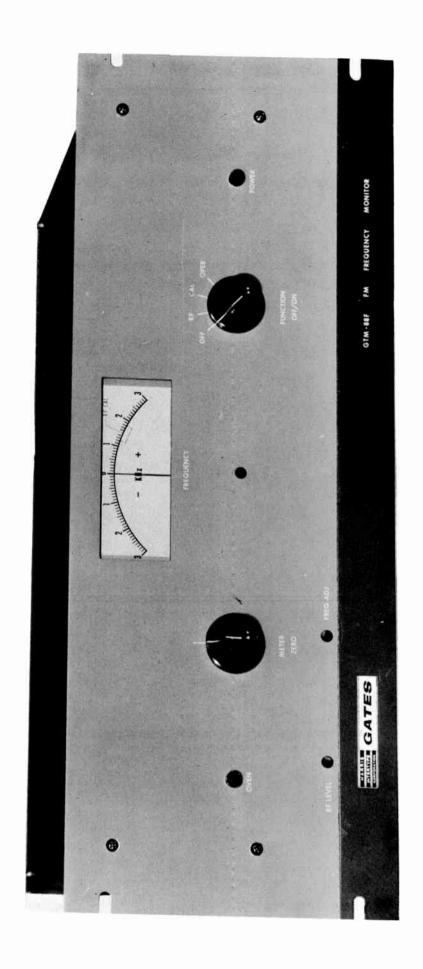
XF1 404 0023 000 Fuseholder

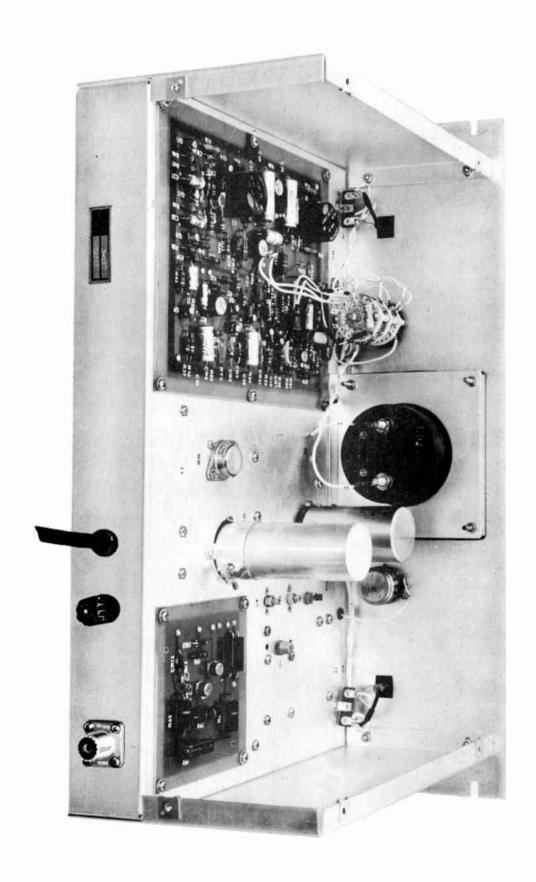
XHR1 404 0016 000 Socket

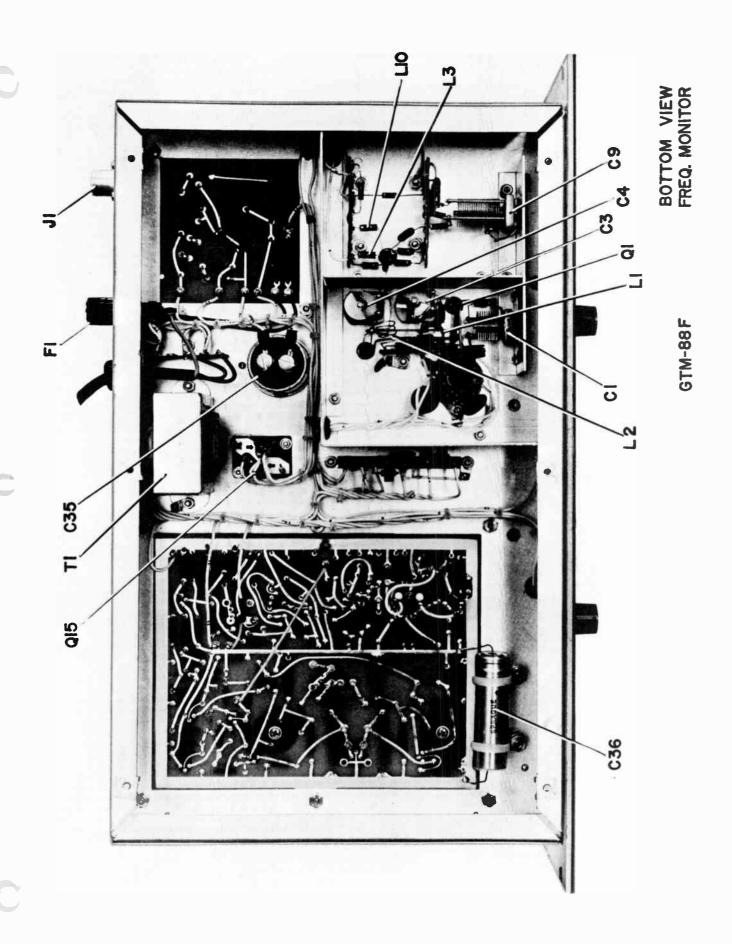
XQ1, XQ2,

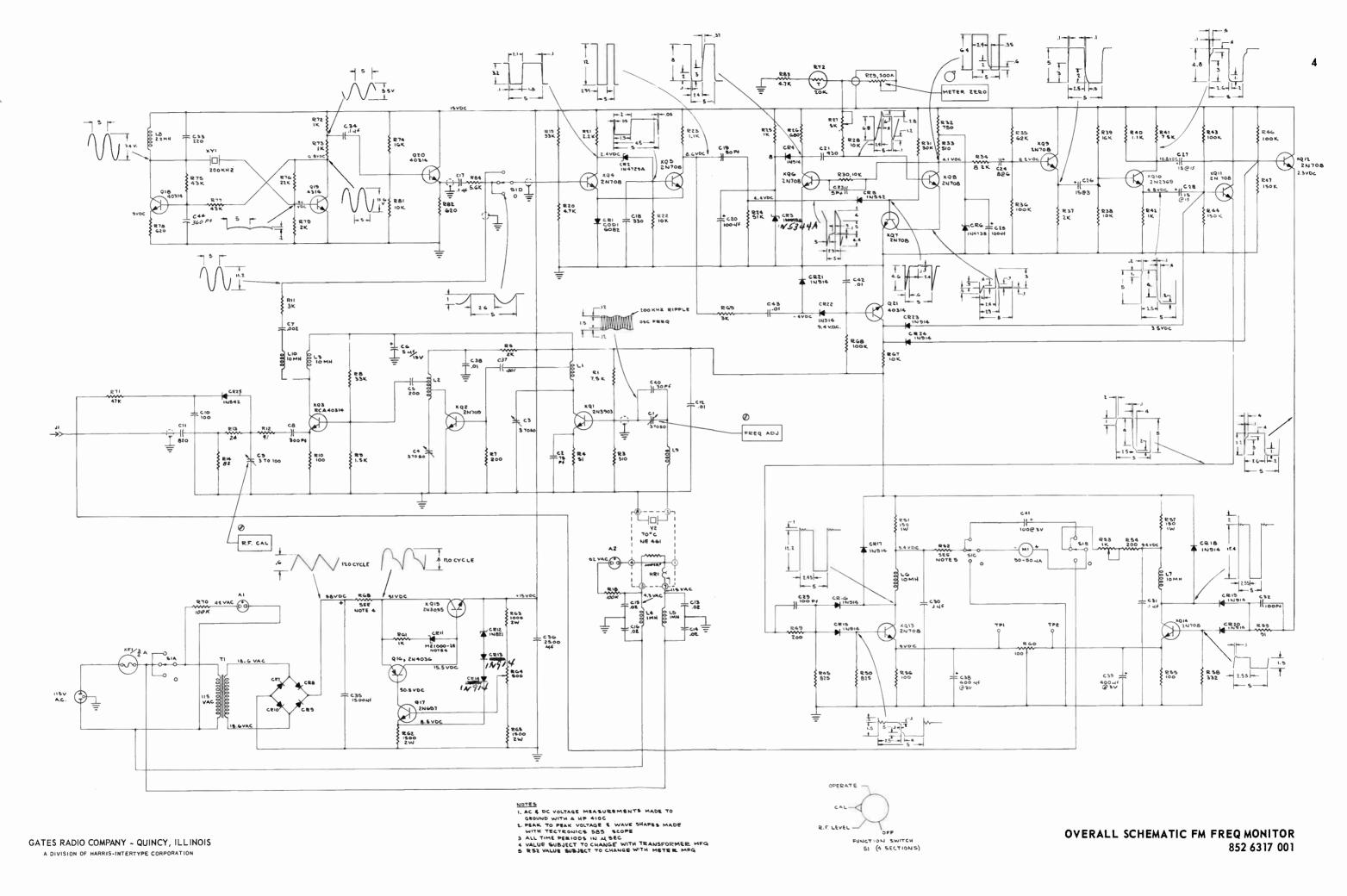
XQ3 404 0187 000 Transistor Socket XQ15 404 0294 000 Transistor Socket

Symbol N	lo. Gates Part No	. Description	Symbol No.	Gates Part No	. Description
METER I	BOARD		DOC DEO	E40 004E 000	Pos 690 ohm 1/9 W +507
			R26, R52		Res., 680 ohm, 1/2 W, ±5%
C18	500 0756 000	Cap., 330 pF, ±5%	R27		Potentiometer, 5K ohm
C19		Cap., 50 pF, ±5%	R31	540 0084 000	Res., 30K ohm, 1/2 W, ±5%
C20, C25		Cap., 100 uF, 12 V.	R32		Res., 750 ohm, 1/2 W, ±5%
C20, C20		Cap., 430 pF, ±5%	R33		Res., 510 ohm, $1/2$ W, $\pm 5\%$
			R34	540 0071 000	Res., 8.2 K ohm, $1/2$ W, $\pm 5\%$
C23		Cap., 5 pF, ± 5%	R35	540 0092 000	Res., 62 K-ohm, $1/2$ W, $\pm 5\%$
C24	222 0174 000	Cap., 8 uF, 6 VDC	R36, R43,		
C27, C28		Cap., 15 UF, 15VDC	R46, R68	540 0097 000	Res., 100K ohm, 1/2 W, ±5%
C26		Cap., 15 uF, 3 VDC	R37, R79		Res., 2K ohm, 1/2 W, ±5%
C29, C32		Cap., 100 pF, ±5%	R39, R74		Res., 16K ohm, 1/2 W, ±5%
C30, C31			R41		Res., 7.5K ohm, 1/2 W, ±5%
C34		Cap., .1 uf, 200 V.			
C33	500 0754 000	Cap., 220 pF, ± 5%	R44, R47		Res., 150K ohm, 1/2 W, ±5%
C38, C39	522 0166 000	Cap., 400 uF, 3 V.	R45, R50		Res., 825 ohm, 1/2 W, ±1%
C41		Cap., 100 uF, 3 V.	R49, R54		Res., 200 ohm, 1/2 W, ±5%
C42, C43		Cap., .01 uF, 100 V.	R51, R57		Res., 150 ohm, 1 W, ±5%
C44		Cap., 360 pF, ±5%	R5 3		Potentiometer, 1K ohm
		• / • •	R55, R56		Res., 100 ohm, 1/2 W, ±5%
CR1	386 0046 000	Codistor	R58	544 1604 000	Res., 332 ohm, ±1%
CR2		Zener Diode, 1N4729A	R59	540 0024 000	Res., 91 ohm, 1/2 W, ±5%
CR3		Zener Diode, 1N5344A	R60	552 0797 000	Potentiometer, 100 ohm
CR4, CR		20 21020, 01.0001	R69	540 0060 000	Res., 3.0K ohm, $1/2$ W, $\pm 5\%$
	18,CR17,		R75, R77		Res., 43K ohm, 1/2 W, ±5%
CR19, CF			R76		Res., 22K ohm, 1/2 W, ±5%
CR21, CF			R78, R82		Res., 620 ohm, 1/2 W, ±5%
		Diode, 1N914, ITT	10, 102	010 0011 000	1001,020 01111, 172 11, 2070
CR5		Diode, 1N542	RT2	559 0013 000	Thermistor, 20K ohm
CR6		Zener Diode, 1N4738	It I Z	300 0010 000	Thermistor, 2010 onni
			VV1	404 0122 000	Crustal Saaket w/Holden
L6, L7	492 0347 000		XY1	404 0132 000	Crystal Socket w/Holder
L8	494 0165 000	R.F. Choke	174	444 1000 000	0 41 000 111-
Q4, Q5, Q	16.		Y1	444 1232 000	Crystal, 200 kHz
Q7, Q8, Q			DOWED OUD	DI V DOADD	
Q11, Q12,			PUWER SUP	PLY BOARD	
Q13, Q14		Transistor, 2N708	(CDE CDO		
Q10, Q14 Q10		Transistor, 2N2369	(CR7, CR8,	004040400	0:1: D:1 A 11
		11diisiswi, 2112000			Silicon Bridge Assembly
Q18, Q19,		Transistor, 40314	CR11		Zener Diode, MZ1000-24
Q20, Q21	360 0033 000	Transision, 40014	CR12		Zener Diode, 1N821
D10	E40 000E 000	Dog 22V 1/2 W ±507	CR13, CR14	384 0134 000	Diode, 1N914, TI
R19		Res., 33K 1/2 W. ±5%			
R20, R83	5 340 0003 000	Res., 4.7K ohm, 1/2 W. ±5%	Q16		Transistor, 2N4036
R21		Res., 2.2K ohm, $1/2$ W, $\pm 5\%$	Q17	380 0042 000	Transistor, 2N697
R22, R28					
R30, R38			R61	540 0049 000	Res., 1000 ohm, 1/2 W, ±5%
R67, R81		Res., $10K$ ohm, $1/2$, $\pm 5\%$	R62, R65	540 0615 000	Res., 1500 ohm, 2 W, ±5%
R23, R40		Res., 1.1K ohm, $1/2$ W, $\pm 5\%$	R63		Res., 1000 ohm, 2 W, ±5%
R24	540 0090 000	Res., 51K ohm, $1/2$ W, $\pm 5\%$	R64		Potentiometer, 500 ohm
R25, R42	,				, = -
R72, R73		Res., 1K ohm, 1/2 W, ±5%			
•		·			









World Radio History