Wireless World
BLECTRONICS
ladio - Television

$\qquad$


THE EDISWAN S11E12 (CV4060) Special Quality Beam Tetrode

# EDISWAN 

MAZDA
INDUSTRIAL VALVES AND CATHODE RAY TUBES

## Associated Electrical Industries Ltd

Radio and Electronlc Components Division PD 16, 155 Charing Cross Road, London, W.C.2. Tel: GERrard 8660. Telegrams Sleswan Westcent London

a

## newcomer with

The SirEir is the latest addition to the range of Ediswan valves designed specifically for use in series or shunt control circuits.
The SiIEI2 $^{2}$ has an international octal base and the important parameters are as follows:

| Heater Voltage (volts) | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{h}}$ | 6.3 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Heater Current (amps) | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{h}}$ | 1.6 |
| Anode Voltage, maximum (volts) | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{a}}$ (max) | 800 |
| Screen Voltage, maximum (volts) | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{g} 2}$ (max) | 300 |
| Mutual Conductance (mA/V) | $\mathrm{g}_{\mathrm{m}}$ | 13.5 |
| Anode Dissipation (watts) | $\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{a}}$ (max) | 28 |
| Cathode Current (mA) | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{k}}$ (max) | 300 |

The new valve is specially designed to resist shock and is quality tested at all stages of manufacture to ensure maximum reliability and life expectancy.
Further information on this and other valves in the CV 4000 range will be gladly sent on request.

Managing Editor :
HUGH S. POCOCK, M.I.E.E.

## Editor :

F. L. DEVEREUX, B.Sc.

Assistant Editors:
H. W. BARNARD
T. E. IVALL

## APRIL 1960

## 153 Editorial Comment

164 World of Wireless
165 Personalities

179 Letters to the Editor

154 Further Thoughts on Stereophonic Sound Systems-1
By D. M. Leakey
160 Audio Fair Exhibitors
161 Long-Distance Communication By R. F. Hitchoock

167 Time Multiplex Stereophonic Broadcasting
169 Transistor Tape Recorder Amplifier By P.W. Blick
172 International Components Exhibition
175 Elements of Electronic Circuits-12 By 7. M. Peters
176 Short-Wave Conditions
177 Hardwood Instrument Cases By G. I. Lilley

185 "e"
191 Simple Wheatstone Bridge
By " Cathode Ray" ${ }^{\text {" }}$ By H. B. Dent
196 Thermoplastic Recording

197 Frequency Allocation Problem
199 Technical Writing
201 News from the Industry
202 April Meetings
204 Random Radiations By "Diallist"
206 Unbiased By " Free Grid"
By Michael Lorant
By fack Darr
PRICE: TWO SHILLINGS

FIFTIETH YEAR
OF PUBLICATION

## VOLUME 66 No. 4

| 153 | Editorial Comment |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 154 | Further Thoughts on Stereophonic Sound Systems-1 |  |
|  | By D. M. Leakey |  |
| 160 | Audio Fair Exhibitors |  |
| 161 | Long-Distance Communication | By R. f. Hitchcock |
| 164 | World of Wireless |  |
| 165 | Personalities |  |
| 167 | Time Multiplex Stereophonic Broadcasting |  |
| 169 | Transistor Tape Recorder Amplifier | By P. W. Blick |
| 172 | International Components Exhibition |  |
| 175 | Elements of Electronic Circuits-12 | By J. M. Peters |
| 176 | Short-Wave Conditions |  |
| 177 | Hardwood Instrument Cases | By G. I. Lilley |
| 179 | Letters to the Editor |  |
| 185 | "e" |  |
| 191 | Simple Wheatstone Bridge | By |
| 196 | Thermoplastic Recording Ray" |  |
| 197 | Frequency Allocation Problem | By Michael Lorant |
| 199 | Technical Writing | By fack Darr |
| 201 | News from the Industry |  |
| 202 | April Meetings |  |
| 204 | Random Radiations | By " Diallist" |
| 206 | Unbiased | By "Free Grid" |

Offices: Dorset House, Stamford Street, London, S.E. 1 Please address to Editor, Advertisement Manager, or Publisher, as approprite

[^0][^1]
#  

## ADVANTAGES OF THE FRAME GRID VALVE

This series of advertisements started with a discussion of the advantages which frame grid valves bring to the television receiver. The four types in the Mullard frame grid television valve range were then looked at in detail, and their application in tuners and i.f. stages was illustrated. Finally, practical valve line-ups for the r.f. and i.f. stages of standard and fringe receivers were given, and it was shown that the extra gain per stage (about 6 dB ) which is provided by the frame grid valve can be used in either of two ways. A very sensitive receiver can be designed with no increase in the number of i.f. stages; or a completely satisfactory performance can be obtained in the normal service area with one fewer i.f. stage than in a receiver designed round conventional valves.

## RANGE OF VALVES

The four valves in the Mullard frame grid television range are:
PCC89: double triode for cascode r.f. amplifiers.

PCF86: triode-pentode frequency changer.
EF183: variable-mu pentode for a.g.c.-controlled i.f. amplifiers.
EF184: straight pentode for i.f. amplifiers where little or no control is required.

## SLOPE

Reduction of the grid-to-cathode spacing in a valve is the readiest way to increase slope. The alternative is to increase the area of the electrodes and the length of the cathode. However, this conflicts with the trend towards miniaturisation; and, further, a small structure with reduced spacing provides other advantages as well as high slope, such as short transit time, low noise, and low capacitances. For these reasons the frame grid structure has been used to achieve high slope in the new television valve series. Magnified cross-sections and grid-cathode spacings of television valves are shown in the illustration. The EF184 frame grid valve is the latest development.
A type-for-type comparison of the frame grid range and its predecessors shows that in each instance the slope has been doubled.


## GAIN

The consequence of this increased slope is that in each r.f. or amplifier stage the gain obtainable is also doubled. In practical circuits the gain advantage given by each frame grid valve is about 6 dB (under certain operating conditions the advantage is as much as 8 dB ). It is obvious that with twice the gain in each stage, a frame grid receiver can have a far greater sensitivity than its conventional counterpart; or as good a performance as before can be obtained with the saving of an i.f. stage.

## CIRCUITS

The tuner and i.f. amplifier circuits used with frame grid valves are substantially similar to those in established usage; but, of course, the detailed design of each stage has to take into account the correct operating conditions for the new types. Frame grid valves are not simple plug-in replacements for their predecessors. Some minor refinements of circuit technique are necessary if full use is to be made of the high-gain potentialities of the new types.

## LINE-UPS

Two types of receiver will meet all U.K. requirements: a standard receiver for normal service areas, and a very sensitive receiver for the fringe. In both receivers the same low-noise high-gain tuner, with PCC89 and PCF86, can be used.

A fringe receiver giving satisfactory reception at all usable signal levels will need one frame grid stage after the tuner-preferably a common i.f. stage using the EF183. This is followed by separate sound and vision stages, in both of which the conventional EF80 is retained. A conventional receiver would need three vision i.f. stages to provide comparable performance.

For normal service areas the common i.f. stage is omitted, and the separate sound and vision stages use the EF183. More gain would be obtained with the EF184, but at some cost in signalhandling ability.

## How Many Councils?

"The formation of an Electronics Industry Council is announced in London by the Electronic Engineering Association, who, with the Radio and Electronic Component Manufacturers' Federation and a number of other bodies, has been discussing this for some time.
"The new Council will be concerned with electronic instruments, sound and television transmitters, radio communication equipment, radar and radio navigational aids, computers, industrial electronic control equipment and industrial television and the electronic components used therein.
" Its constitution will provide for the adherence of associations or federations of manufacturers concerned wholly or partly in the manufacture in the United Kingdom of electronic components, apparatus and equipment except for those used in the broadcast radio and television receiving industry and for public telephone services."

THIS news item impels us to redirect attention to the rift which appeared last year in the higher organization of our affairs when the E.E.A. decided to withdraw from the Radio Industry Council. As we see it, the situation at that time might be summarized as follows. Electronic engineering, which began as the application of radio-like methods and devices in fields other than communications, and was nurtured by the radio industry, had grown in stature until it equalled the domestic receiver industry in the gross value of its output and considerably exceeded it in the value of its exports. No doubt, like many a lusty youth, it thought its parents were at times dragging their feet when asked to support or partake in new adventures, and as often happens in such situations it finally decided to cut the apron strings and leave home. It is now flexing its muscles and proving its maturity and independence by forming a Council of friends of its own choosing.

But some of these friends, and in particular the R.E.C.M.F., still maintain close relations with both parties. Is there, in fact, any fundamental reason for the continued existence of two camps now that E.E.A. has asserted itself and, we hope, worked the hidden dissatisfactions out of its system?

Let us look a little more closely at the criteria which were advanced to differentiate the sheep from the goats when the breakaway took place last year. Essentially they were capital goods as distinct from consumer goods and entertainment as distinct from, let us say, utility.

Can a clear dividing line be traced on this basis? We think not. Television and sound broadcast transmitters are capital goods, but they also form an essential part of the domestic entertainment industry. Radar comes under the ægis of tha E.E.A., but in our view inexpensive radar sets in quantity production for small vessels are consumer durables and no more capital goods than television sets.

In announcing the formation of the "Electronics Industry Council," the E.E.A. specifically excludes
manufacturers of public telephone equipment. But are not telephone exchanges looking to electronic rather than electromechanical methods for the future?

Why this tendency on the part of the E.E.A. to hive off sections of the industry? Surely it is as easy to find community of interest with those outside its fold as it might be to discover divergence among its present members and indeed between the sectional interests inside individual firms. There would seem to us to be fewer situations when common interest is likely to be evoked between the makers of radar equipment and broadcast transmitters than, say, between broadcast' transmitter and receiver manufacturers. When any new system of transmitting stereo sound or colour television is being assessed the estimates of feasibiiity and cost of the receiver manufacturers are likely to carry more weight than those of the transmitter manufacturers. Already a community of interest between R.I.C. and E.E.A. (and presumably of E.I.C.) is admitted in negotiations involving frequency allocation and the siting of broadcast transmitters. Why must the Industry speak with two voices and expose a chink in its armour when opposed by skilful negotiators in matters affecting any part of its livelihood or the interests of its customers?

On the occasion of the initial split between R.I.C. and E.E.A. we took the view that the processes of association and dissociation are as fundamental to the growth of industrial organizations as they are to living organisms, and that such processes are often accompanied by growing pains. It is to be hoped that the phase of dissociation is now nearing its end and that the formation of the Electronic Industry Council in its present restricted form may be remembered as the turning point in the transition from dissociation to a wider association.

It may be a portent that Mr. L. T. Hinton, Chairman of the E.E.A., in speaking of the gross production of the Industry, was proud to give the figure of $\mathfrak{£} 475 \mathrm{M}$, which includes the output of the makers of broadcast receivers and telecommunications equipment as well as the $£ 200 \mathrm{M}$ accounted for by the capital goods side.

If -B.R.E.M.A. and E.E.A. will stand together once again, and, with their many friends and relations, speak with one voice in all matters affecting the Industry, the title of its Council will be immaterial. But we hope the title will not be too long! In America there has always been only one association, which has remained cohesive while assimilating change. In 1957 its title had grown to the RadioElectronic Television Manufacturers Association (R.E.T.M.A.), and would no doubt have added more letters as time went on had it not been then renamed the Electronic Industries Association (E.I.A.) to make it "more indicative of our expanding industry."

## Further Thoughts on

# Stereophonic Sound Systems 

I.-RECENT EXTENSIONS OF BASIC THEORY

By D. M. LEAKEY,* Ph.D. (Eng.), B.Sc. (Eng.), D.I.C., A.C.G.I., Grad. I.E.E.

IN a previous article ${ }^{1,2}$ on stereophonic sound systems, experimental results were presented on which a practical stereophonic system could be based. Unfortunately, the results were rather limited and no theoretical justification was given. The purpose of the present article is to attempt to remedy this situation by briefly describing some of the results obtained during a more recent study of the subject $\dagger$. Further accounts of the work can be referred to elsewhere ${ }^{3,} 4,5,6,7$. A brief analysis of present day two channel stereophonic systems is also included.

Before describing the results, it is first necessary to define the more important terms used. This is best done with the aid of what will be called a component signal diagram. Consider a subject listening to a single source as shown in Fig. 1(a). Unless the sound source is directly in front or directly behind the listener, the time of arrival of sounds at one ear will be difierent from the time of arrival of similar sounds at the other ear. This difference is referred to as the interaural time difference and can be depicted on a component signal diagram as shown in Fig. 1(b). The time axis is shown as going from left to right and the signals represented as arrows spaced by the appropriate interaural time difference $\mathrm{T}_{a}$. If the sound source is assumed to be at an infinite distance away from the listener, and the influence of the head on the sound field is neglected, then the interaural time difference is given by:

$$
\begin{equation*}
\mathrm{T}_{a}=\frac{h}{v} \sin \alpha \tag{1}
\end{equation*}
$$

$h=$ separation of ears $v=$ velocity of sound.
In practice this equality becomes only an approximation, but is still sufficiently accurate for most purposes. More accurate expressions can be derived if required, but unfortunately, as the accuracy is increased, the equations become more cumbersome to handle. Note that interaural time difference can only be defined relative to features which are common to the signals at each ear. Thus, if the signals had not originated from the same source, or virtually identical sources, $\mathrm{T}_{a}$ could not be defined.

Besides the arrival time difference of the sound at the ears, the sound level at one ear is liable to be different from that at the other ear. This difference is termed the interaural intensity difference and is most significant at the higher audio frequencies, where the shadowing effect of the head becomes appreciable.

Paired source listening is depicted in Fig. 2(a). If the sound sources are radiating independent sounds,

[^2]a value of interaural time difference and interaural intensity difference can be assigned to each source separately, but little more. 'If, however, both sources are radiating the same sound, or practically the same sound, then further differences, termed interchannel differences, can be defined. In Fig. 2(b) is shown the component signal diagram for two sources, as shown in Fig. 2(a), radiating the same sound. Note that there are now effectively two signals to each ear, the "direct" signals $A_{\mathrm{L}}$ and $\mathrm{B}_{\mathrm{R}}$, and the " crossed" signals $A_{R}$ and $B_{L}$, which are delayed by an amount $\mathrm{T}_{a}$ given by:
\[

$$
\begin{equation*}
\mathrm{T}_{a} \approx \frac{h}{v} \sin \theta \tag{2}
\end{equation*}
$$

\]

Three modifications to the diagram shown in Fig. 2(b) are important. Firstly, the effect of a difference in the signal levels from the two sources at the listening position can be illustrated as shown in Fig. 3. This difference is termed the interchannel intensity


Fig. 2. (a) Poired source listening. (b) Component signal diagram.


Fig. 3. Effect of interchannel intensity difference $(A>B)$.


Fig. 4. Effect of interchannel time difference $T_{e}$.
difference and can be produced by adjusting the relative sound output levels from the sources. Note that an interchannel intensity difference does not produce simply an interaural intensity difference unless the "crossed" signals are absent. Secondly, there can be a difference in the time of arrival of similar sounds at the listening position from the sources. This difference is termed the interchannel time difference and can be represented as shown in Fig. 4. The time difference can be produced either by an electrical delay line, by staggered heads on a magnetic tape, or by actual movement of one of the loudspeakers radially away from the listener. The last method introduces an additional interchannel intensity difference. Again, an interchannel time difference does not produce only an interaural time difference unless the "crossed" signals are absent. The third effect is that due to a head rotation, that is, if the listener turns so that he is no longer facing the centre of the loudspeaker base line. The result of this movement is shown in Fig. 5. The new time differences $T_{M}$ and $T_{N}$ are given by:

$$
\begin{align*}
\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{M}} & \approx \frac{h}{v} \sin \theta \cos \psi  \tag{3}\\
\mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{N}} & \approx \frac{h}{v} \cos \theta \sin \psi \tag{4}
\end{align*}
$$

where $\psi=$ angle of rotation of head ( + ve clockwise).
The approximations arise for the same reasons as those mentioned in connection with eqn. (1).

Other effects can be represented as combinations of the above three cases. For example, movement by the listener to an off-centre position produces an effective interchannel intensity difference, an effective interchannel time difference and an effective head rotation.

Although only two channel systems have been used to describe the terms employed, the system of representation is applicable to any number of channels. Reverberation and echoes can be represented as subsidiary sources with appropriate time delays, etc.

Throughout the article, almost exclusive use will be made of the term time difference, with little mention of the term phase difference. As has been stated previously ${ }^{1}$, the term time difference has more direct application to normal complex sounds encountered in everyday life, whereas the use of the term phase difference is best limited to the more "ideal" waveforms such as single sine waves and other simple repetitive signals.

Test Procedure.-The experimental arrangement used was very similar to that employed previously ${ }^{1}$, although the method of measurement was modified considerably ${ }^{3,6}$. Basically, the listener was asked to compare the position of the stereo sound image with the sound image produced by a single reference loudspeaker, which could be placed in any of the positions V1 to V7 as shown in Fig. 6. The reference and stereo sound images were presented sequentially and the same sound was used for both sources. The listener was asked to decide whether the stereo sound image appeared to the left or to the right of the reference sound image. Many results were taken for each listener and for a given reference loudspeaker position, but with various values of interchannel intensity difference. From the analysis of the resulting left-right judgments, the particular value of interchannel intensity difference, for which the stereo sound image position was coincident with the reference sound image position, was determined. The test was repeated for each reference source (V1 to V7) and for each of several listeners.

Interchannel time difference could be introduced by moving one loudspeaker away radially from the listening position as illustrated in Fig. 6. To compensate for the reduced sound intensity level at the


Fig. 5. Effect of head rotation.


Fig. 6. Experimental arrangement showing method of introducing time difference.
listening position from the delayed channel, the gain of the amplifier in the delayed channel was suitably increased.

The types of sound used for the measurements included single- and two-component tones, wideband speech, random noise, pulses, and speech, noise and pulses passed through octave wideband limiting filters.
Experimental and Theoretical Results.-The experimental results can be divided into two sections, as follows:
(1) Results obtained with the listener seated centrally. No interchannel time difference. Sound image controlled by interchannel intensity difference only.
(2) Results obtained with an interchannel time difference present, either as a result of off-centre listening, or as produced by radial movement of one of the loudspeakers.

Effect of Interchannel Intensity Difference Only.In Fig. 7 is plotted a mean curve of sound image displacement against interchannel intensity difference, for low-frequency sounds in the range $250-500 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{s}$. The sounds used included band-limited noise band-limited speech, band-limited pulses, singlecomponent tone and two-component tones. The general results can be summarized as follows. The sound image displacement, for a given interchannel intensity difference, was, to a first approximation, independent of the nature of the sound, the sound level, and of the listener under test. The results were, however, very sensitive to a small displacement


Fig. 7. Mean curve for sound image displacement with interchannel intensity difference. Low-frequency signals. Central listening position ot a listening distance of 8 ft .


Fig. 8. (o) Effect of 6-in movement off-centre by the listener. (Curve plotted for movement to the left.) (b) Result obtained if listener only nominally central.


Fig. 9. Effect of variation of listening distance. (Note: curves for $b=8 \mathrm{ft}$. and $b=12 \mathrm{ft}$. are virtually identical.)
off-centre by the listener. The curve shown in Fig. 7 was for results when a headrest was in use, which limited side-to-side head movement. The result of a 6 -inch head movement off-centre is shown in Fig. 8 together with a typical result obtained if the listener's head is only nominally central, but actually free to move randomly by quite a considerable distance off-centre. The curves in Fig. 8 were taken using band-limited noise. Different results are obtainable depending on the sound, the sound level, and the listener under test. Results which are independent of these factors, are obtainable only for " on-centre" listening.

The result of a variation in the listening distance is shown in Fig. 9. With small listening distances it was noted that the sound image appeared to become elevated to well above the level of the loudspeakers ${ }^{4}$.

Theoretical expressions can be derived which are in reasonable agreement with the practical results ${ }^{6,7}$. With reference to Fig. 3, the analysis for low frequency signals proceeds as follows. As shown in the Appendix, the two component signals, say at the left ear, can be considered to combine to form a single resultant signal, providing the component signal spacing $\mathrm{T}_{a}$ is small compared with the periodic time of the highest frequency component present. The resultant signal is in magnitude approximately equal to the sum of the individual components, but is in time delay relative to the first arriving component by an amount $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{L}}$ such that:

$$
\begin{equation*}
\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{L}} \approx \frac{\mathrm{~B}_{\mathrm{L}}}{\mathrm{~A}_{\mathrm{L}}+\overline{\mathrm{B}}_{\mathrm{L}}} \cdot \mathrm{~T}_{a} \tag{5}
\end{equation*}
$$

The approximation becomes more correct as $\mathrm{T}_{a}$ is reduced. At the right ear a similar result is obtained. The single resultant is in magnitude approximately equal to the sum of the separate component signals, and is in time delay relative to the first arriving component by an amount $T_{R}$ such that:

$$
\begin{equation*}
\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{R}} \approx \frac{\mathrm{~A}_{\mathrm{R}}}{\mathrm{~A}_{\mathrm{R}}+\mathrm{B}_{\mathrm{R}}} \cdot \mathrm{~T}_{a} \tag{6}
\end{equation*}
$$

From eqns. (5) and (6) the value of the interaural time difference between the resultant signals at each can be calculated. To simplify the result, it is convenient to neglect the effect of the increased attenuation of the "crossed" signals relative to ths " direct" signals, and to write:

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \mathbf{A}_{\mathrm{L}}=\mathrm{A}_{\mathrm{R}}=\mathrm{A} \\
& \mathrm{~B}_{\mathrm{L}}=\mathbf{B}_{\mathrm{R}}=\mathbf{B}
\end{aligned}
$$

With this approximation included, the resultant
interaural intensity difference is zero, and the resultant interaural time difference becomes:
$\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{B}}=\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{B}}-\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{L}} \approx \frac{\mathrm{A}-\mathrm{B}}{\mathrm{A}+\mathrm{B}} \cdot \mathrm{T}_{a} \approx \frac{\mathrm{~A}-\mathrm{B}}{\mathrm{A}+\mathbf{B}} \cdot \frac{h}{v} \sin \theta$
To calculate the position of the resultant stereo sound image, the interaural time difference $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{s}}$ is equated with the interaural time difference that would be produced by a single source at an angle $\alpha$, as given by eqn. (1). Hence:

$$
\frac{h}{v} \sin \alpha \approx \frac{\mathbf{A}-\mathrm{B}}{\mathrm{~A}+\mathbf{B}} \cdot \frac{h}{v} \sin \theta
$$

or

$$
\begin{equation*}
\sin \alpha \approx \frac{A-B}{A+B} \cdot \sin \theta \quad \ldots \tag{8}
\end{equation*}
$$

Although the agreement between eqn. (8) and the practical results is reasonable, the equation does not account for the apparent elevation of the sound image. Closer agreement, and an explanation for the apparent elevation, can be obtained if it is assumed that the brain is sensitive to interaural time difference and to the variation of interaural time difference with head rotation. This approach provides the modified result ${ }^{\theta}$ :

$$
\begin{array}{r}
\tan \alpha \frac{A-B}{A+B} \cdot \tan \theta  \tag{9}\\
\cos ^{2} \beta \approx \frac{\mathrm{~A}^{2}+\mathrm{B}^{2}+2 \mathrm{AB} \cos 2 \theta}{(\mathrm{~A}+\mathrm{B})^{2}}
\end{array}
$$

where $\beta=$ angle of elevation of sound image.
The foregoing practical results apply only if the loudspeakers are driven in phase. If the connections to one loudspeaker are reversed, the stereo sound

Fig. 10. Effect of interchannel intensity difference. Low-frequency signals. (a) and (b) Loudspeakers driven in phase. (c) and (d) Loudspeakers driven out of phase.



Fig. II. Effect of interchannel intensity difference at high frequencies.
image no longer appears to move between the loudspeakers, but rather to move outside the leudspeaker base line. This is illustrated in Fig. 10 where the interesting modification resulting from a reversal of the listening direction is included. It is important to note that usually this effect is observed only with low-frequency signals, " on-centre" listening and in relatively echo-free conditions.

At high frequencies the curves shown for lowfrequency sounds no longer apply. Again, however, the sound image displacement, for a given interchannel intensity difference is, to a first approximation, independent of the type of sound, and of the sound level, provided the sound is sufficiently complex. Single high-frequency tones give rise to results which vary widely and are not repeatable. However, five closely spaced tones do provide a sufficiently complex signal to produce similar results to bandlimited speech, noise and pulses. The mean curves for high frequency complex sounds, band limited to $2 \mathrm{kc} / \mathrm{s}$ to 4 kc /s are shown in Fig. 11.

The analysis as previously described cannot be extended unmodified to include the highfrequency case, as, in general, the component signal spacing is not small compared with the periodic time of the highest component frequency present. However, at high frequencies, the analysis still assumes that the brain is sensitive to interaural time difference, but the time difference of interest is that of the slowly varying "envelope" function of the sound waveform, rather than that of the fine detail ${ }^{5}, 6,7,8$. The theory assumes that the fine detail of the component signals at an ear


Fig. 12. Effect of off-centre movement by listener. Wideband speech signal, $b=8 \mathrm{ft}$.


Fig. 13. Effect of interchonnel time difference. Wideband speech signal, $b=8 f$ t.
add on an r.m.s. basis. Again, by using the Taylor Expansion Theorem, a single resultant is derived such that in magnitude it is equal to the r.m.s. sum of the individual components, and is in time delay relative to the first arriving component by an amount $T_{L}$ (or $T_{R}$ ) such that:

$$
\begin{align*}
& \mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{L}} \approx \frac{\mathrm{~B}_{\mathrm{L}}{ }^{2}}{\mathrm{~A}_{\mathrm{L}}{ }^{2}+\mathrm{B}_{\mathrm{L}}{ }^{2}} \cdot \mathrm{~T}_{a}  \tag{11}\\
& \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{R}} \approx \frac{\mathrm{~A}_{\mathrm{R}}{ }^{2}}{\mathrm{~A}_{\mathrm{R}}{ }^{2}+\mathrm{B}_{\mathrm{R}}{ }^{2}} \cdot \mathrm{~T}_{a} \tag{12}
\end{align*}
$$

Due to the appreciable shadowing effect of the head at the head at high frequencies, the increased attenuation of the "crossed" signals cannot be neglected. Providing the listener is seated symmetrically with respect to the loudspeakers (as in Fig. 2), then it can be assumed that the increased attenuation of the "crossed" signals is the same. Allowing for this attenuation by including a factor " $m$ " so that:

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \mathrm{A}_{\mathrm{L}}=\mathrm{A}, \mathrm{~A}_{\mathrm{R}}=m \mathrm{~A} \quad(m<1) \\
& \mathrm{B}_{\mathrm{R}}=\mathrm{B}, \mathrm{~B}_{\mathrm{L}}=m \mathrm{~B}
\end{aligned}
$$

then:

$$
\begin{align*}
\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{S}}= & \mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{R}}-\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{L}} \approx \frac{m^{2} \mathrm{~A}^{2}}{m^{2} \mathrm{~A}^{2}+\mathrm{B}^{2}} \cdot \mathrm{~T}_{a}-\frac{m^{2} \mathrm{~B}^{2}}{m^{2} \mathrm{~B}^{2}+\mathrm{A}^{2}} \cdot \mathrm{~T}_{a} \\
& \approx \frac{m^{2}\left(\mathrm{~A}^{4}-\mathrm{B}^{4}\right)}{\left(m^{2} \mathrm{~A}^{2}+\mathrm{B}^{2}\right)\left(\mathrm{A}^{2}+m^{2} \mathrm{~B}^{2}\right)} \cdot \frac{h}{v} \sin \theta \tag{13}
\end{align*}
$$



Figs. 14, 15 and 16. Examples of numerical equivalence between interchannel time difference and interchannel intensity difference.
Equating this time difference to that produced by a single source at an angle, gives the final result:

$$
\begin{equation*}
\sin \alpha \approx \frac{m^{2}\left(\mathrm{~A}^{4}-\mathrm{B}^{4}\right)}{\left(m^{2} \mathrm{~A}^{2}+\mathrm{B}^{2}\right)\left(\mathrm{A}^{2}+m^{2} \mathrm{~B}^{2}\right)} \cdot \sin \theta \tag{14}
\end{equation*}
$$

If the increased attenuation of the "crossed" signals is neglected (i.e. $m=1$ ) then:

$$
\begin{equation*}
\sin \alpha \approx \frac{\mathrm{A}^{2}-\mathrm{B}^{2}}{\mathrm{~A}^{2}+\mathrm{B}^{2}} \cdot \sin \theta \tag{15}
\end{equation*}
$$

Equations (14) and (15) correspond with eqn. (8) in the low-frequency analysis. High-frequency equivallents to eqns. (9) and (10) can be derived, but the analysis is tedious and the result too cumbersome for normal use.

It will be noted that in eqns. (8) and (9) the sound levels from the loudspeakers occur only in the "squared" form. This would suggest that phase reversal of one channel would have little effect on the results. This conclusion is found to be correct, providing the listening angle $\theta$ is large, or the phase matching of the loudspeakers is poor. These conditions ensure virtually r.m.s. addition of the fine detail of the sound waveforms at the ears. With the listening angle $\theta$ small and with very accurately matched loudspeakers, the results tend to be similar to those obtained at low frequencies.

Effect of Interchannel Time Difference.-The effect of off-centre movement by the listener is illustrated in Fig. 12 for wide-band speech. The results are very dependent on the type of sound, the sound level, and the listener. Also, the sound image position becomes very badly defined, although consistent results can still be obtained for a given listener and a given sound at one level.

A simple computation indicates that in most cases the changes in the curves produced by off-centre movement are due largely to the effect of interchannel time difference thereby introduced. This can be seen by noting the similarity of the curves with those shown in Fig. 13, where the effect of introducing only an interchannel time difference is shown. The curve with no interchannel time difference is shown for comparison.

As the interchannel time difference is increased beyond about 2 millisec., the measurement tends to

$M=M E A N(d B)$
$S=$ STANDARD DEVIATION (dB)


Fig. 16
degenerate into deciding which loudspeaker is radiating the louder sound. Hence, although curves of the form shown in Fig. 13 can be plotted for any value of interchannel time difference, the significance of the results becomes increasingly uncertain as the interchannel time difference is increased. In view of this fact, the method of presenting the results is best modified as follows. If a given interchannel time difference is introduced, the sound image tends to move towards the time leading channel. By means of an opposing interchannel intensity difference the sound image can be returned to a central position. Hence an equivalence of the interchannel time difference with interchannel intensity difference can be defined. This equivalence, besides being of importance in the evaluation of stereophonic sound
systems, is also of interest in the design of sound reinforcement systems.: ${ }^{9,10 .}$

For the present purposes, only interchannel time delays of up to about 5 millisec. are of interest, as beyond some $5-10$ millisec. the impression of a single locatable sound image as distinct from some "etherial" source, is almost entirely lost. Some typical results for this type of measurement are shown in Figs. 14, 15 and 16. The general findings can be summarised as follows:
(a) For a given sound level and given listeners, the necessary interchannel intensity difference, to compensate for a given interchannel time difference, is very dependent on the nature of the sound, being greatest for sounds with transient characteristics, such as pulses, and almost zero for single component tones.
(b) For a given sound and given listeners, the necessary interchannel intensity difference, to compensate for a given interchannel time difference, is very dependent on the sound level above the ambient noise level, and decreases as the overall signal level above threshold decreases.
(c) For a given sound at a given level, the necessary interchannel intensity difference, to compensate for a given interchannel time difference, varies widely between listeners, although it appears to stay constant for a given listener.
(d) The equivalence is hardly effected by the listening angle $\theta$ especially for interchannel time delays of about 2 millisec. or more.
(e) The equivalence is virtually unaffected by a phase reversal of one channel especially for interchannel time delays of about 2 millisec. or more.
(f) The necessary compensating interchannel intensity difference reaches a maximum for a value of interchannel time difference of about 2 millisec.

It is important to note that the above equivalence is not the only possible one. Another equivalence arises as follows. The position of the stereo sound image can be controlled by interchannel time difference only as illustrated in Fig. 17. Unfortunately, the curve is rather uncertain as it depends on the sound level, the listener under test, and the type of sound. However, an equivalence can be postulated by equating those values of interchannel time and intensity difference for which the same sound image


Fig. 17. Movement of sound image by interchannel time difference. Wide-band speech signal.


Fig. 18. Alternative interchannel time-intensity equivalence.
displacement is obtained ${ }^{11}$. This equivalence is very different from that previously defined as is shown in Fig. 18.

## APPENDIX

With reference to Fig. 3, express the signals at the left ear as:

$$
\mathrm{A}_{\mathrm{L}} \mathrm{f}(\mathrm{t}) \text { and } \mathrm{B}_{\mathrm{L}} \mathrm{f}\left(\mathrm{t}-\mathrm{T}_{a}\right)
$$

where $A_{L}$ and $\mathbf{B}_{\mathbf{L}}$ are the amplitude terms, and $f(t)$ represents any function of time. The resultant signal at the left ear $S_{L}$ is given by:
$\mathbf{S}_{\mathrm{L}}=\mathrm{A}_{\mathrm{L}} \mathrm{f}(\mathrm{t})+\mathrm{B}_{\mathrm{L}} \mathrm{f}\left(\mathrm{t}-\mathrm{T}_{a}\right)$
By the Taylor Expansion Theorem:
$S_{L}=A_{L} f(t)+B_{L} f(t)-B_{L} T_{a} f^{\prime}(t)+\frac{1}{2} B_{L} T^{2}{ }_{a} f^{\prime \prime}(t)$

$$
\ldots \text { etc. .. (17) }
$$

Neglecting the terms involving $\mathrm{T}^{2}{ }_{\mathrm{a}}$ and higher powers of $\mathrm{T}_{g}$ (this is reasonable providing $\mathrm{T}_{n}$ is small compared with the periodic time of the highest component frequency present), then:

$$
\begin{equation*}
S_{L} \approx\left(A_{L}+B_{L}\right)\left[f(t)-\frac{B_{L}}{A_{L}+B_{L}} T_{a} f^{\prime}(t)\right] \tag{18}
\end{equation*}
$$

But $f(t)-\frac{B_{L}}{A_{L}+B_{L}} T_{G} f^{\prime}(t)$ are the first two terms in the Taylor expansion of: $f\left[t-\frac{B_{L}}{A_{\mathbf{L}}+B_{\mathbf{L}}} T_{a}\right]$ Hence:

$$
\begin{equation*}
\mathrm{S}_{\mathrm{L}} \approx\left(\mathbf{A}_{\mathrm{L}}+\mathrm{B}_{\mathrm{L}}\right) \mathrm{f}\left[\mathrm{t}-\frac{\mathbf{B}_{\mathrm{L}}}{\mathbf{A}_{\mathrm{L}}+\mathrm{B}_{\mathrm{L}}} \mathrm{~T}_{a}\right] \tag{19}
\end{equation*}
$$

## REFERENCES

${ }^{1}$ Brittain, F. H. and Leakey, D. M., 1956, Wireless World, Vol. 62, No. 5 (May 1956).
${ }^{2}$ Brittain, F. H. and Leakey, D. M., 1956, Wireless World, Vol. 62, No. 7 (July 1956).
${ }^{3}$ Leakey, D. M. and Cherry, E. C., J.A.S.A. Vol. 29, p. 284 (1957).

+ Leakey, D. M., J.A.S.A., Vol. 29, p. 966. (1957).
${ }^{5}$ Leakey, D. M., Sayers, B.McA., and Cherry, E. C., J.A.S.A., Vol. 30, p. 222 (1958).
${ }^{6}$ Leakey, D. M., J.A.S.A., Vol. 31, p. 977 (1959).
${ }^{7}$ Leakey, D. M., B.S.R.A. Stereo Symposium Oct. 1959.
${ }^{8}$ Licklider, J. C. R. and Webster, J. C., F.A.S.A., Vol. 22, p. 191 (1950).
${ }^{9}$ Haas, H., Acustica, Vol. 1, p. 49 (1951).
${ }^{10}$ Parkin, P. H. and Scholes, W. E., Wireless World, Vol. 57, No. 2 (Feb. 1951).
11 de Boer, K., Philips Technical Review, Vol. 5 (1940).
(To be concluded)


## AUDIO FAIR

## Exhibitors and Convention Speakers

A RECORD number of exhibitors are participating in this year's London Audio Fair which opens at the Hotel Russell, Russell Square, W.C.1, on April 21st for four days. As will be seen from the list of exhibitors below, there are a number of overseas audio manufacturers who have taken space. All but nine of the 74 exhibitors have booked rooms for demonstration purposes in addition to exhibiting in the main hall. The Fair is open daily from 11.0 to 9.0 , but on the first day admission up to 4.0 is limited to the trade.
AKG (Austria)
Acoustical Mfg. Co.
Amateur Tape Recording
Ampex International (Switzerland)
Armstrong Co.
Audio Fidelity (England)
BASF (Germany)
B.B.C.
B.S.R.A.

Beam-Echo
Brenell Engineering Co.
British Ferrograph
Butoba K.G. (Germany)
Celestion
Challen Instrument Co.
Chapman (Reproducers)
Chitnis, Gopal (Germany)
Cole, E. K.
Cosmocord
Decca
Design Furniture
Dynatron
E.A.P. (Tape Recorders)
E.M.I. Records
E.M.I. Sales \& Service

Electronic Reproducers
Fi-Cord
G.E.C.

Garrard Engineering
Goldring Manufacturing Co.
Goodmans Industries
Gramophone Co.
Grampian Reproducers
Grundig (Great Britain)
Hi-Fi News
Jason Motor \& Electronic Co.

Leak, H. J. \& Co.
Lowther Mfg. Co.
Lustraphone
M.S.S. Recording Co.

Minnesota Mining \& Mfg
Mullard
Multimusic
Ori Industries (U.S.A.)
Pamphonic Reproducers
Pye
Pye Records
Rank Cintel
Record Housing
Recording Devices
Redifon
Reslosound
Rogers Developments
S.T.C.

Shure Brothers (U.S.A.)
Simon Equipment
Specto
Sugden \& Co.
Tannoy Products
Technical Suppliers
Telefunken (Germany)
Teppaz (France)
The Gramophone
Trix Electrical Co.
Truvox
Veritone
Vortexion
W. \& N. Electronics

Walter Instruments
Wellington Acoustic Labs.
Wharfedale Wireless
Whiteley Electrical
Wireless Trader
Wireless World

Tickets admitting two to the Fair are obtainable free from audio dealers, exhibitors and Wireless World. Postal applications to this office for tickets should include a stamped addressed envelope.

The British Sound Recording Association is organizing a technical convention in conjunction with the Audio Fair. It opens on Friday, April 22nd with an evening meeting at 7.15 at the Royal Society of Arts, John Adarn Street, W.C.2, at which J. Moir (Goodmans) will speak on sound radiation from loudspeaker cabinets. On Saturday the 23rd, there will be a whole day's meeting starting at 10.0 at the London School of Hygiene and Tropical Medicıne, Keppel Street, W.C.1. At the morning session Peter Ford, honorary historian of the Association, will speak on the evolution of stereophonic techniques and Herrmann K. F. Juncke (Telefunken, Hanover) on progress in tape recording. In the afternoon from 2.0 G . D. Browne (Mullard) will read a paper entitled "A new system of stereophonic broadcasting" and Fritz Ph. Sippl (AKG, Vienna) will deal with new microphone developments. In the evening at 7.0 at the Tower, Hammersmith Broadway, London, W.6, a lecture demonstration on stereophonic sound in the cinema will be given by RCA (Great Britain). The registration fee for the convention for non-members is 10s. Applications should be sent to S . W. StevensStratten, Greenways, 40 Fairfield Way, Ewell, Surrey.

At the Audio Fair the B.S.R.A. is organizing a display on the theme "Sound in the Service of Man."

# Long-Distance Communication 

Possible Use of Earth Satellites

By R. J. HITCHCOCK,* M.A., A.M.I.E.E.

ALTHOUGH the frequency allocation table in the new Geneva Radio Regulations covers nearly $40,000 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$, little more than one twothousandth of this is suitable for world-wide communications at present. With two relatively minor exceptions (long waves and ionospheric scatter) it is within the high-frequency portion of the spectrum, between 3 and $30 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$, that the commercial operators, Armed Forces, broadcasting authorities, ships and aircraft stations of all nations must find allocations if they are to provide and maintain world-wide services by radio. For this, with the exceptions mentioned above, is the only portion of the spectrum where ionospheric reflections support long-distance propagation.

The astonishing growth in the number of worldwide telecommunication circuits since the end of the second world war has been partly due to a natural increase in consumer demands, viz. telex, customer-to-customer leased channels, etc., and partly to the decentralization of global communications following the emergence of new countries. This increase in the utilization of frequencies has had its greatest effect in the bands allocated to the Fixed $\dagger$ services and broadcasting. In the $50 \mathrm{kc} / \mathrm{s}$ between 9100 and $9150 \mathrm{kc} / \mathrm{s}$ (Fixed services) there were, in 1939, fewer than 40 registrations; by 1952 this number had grown to nearly 340, and by 1959 to over 540. Although there is less numerical congestion in the higher part of the h.f. band the proportional increase has been scarcely less startling. In the $15 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$ Fixed service bands, for instance, there are now 7 registrations for every one in 1939. This, however, is only part of the story, for in the last decade multichannel techniques have become commonplace in both telegraphy and telephony, and although such techniques offer much greater trafficcarrying capacities, they also demand greater bandwidths. Broad-band registrations, therefore, constitute a considerable portion of the present International Frequency List.

For the Fixed services in particular the process of finding a place in the spectrum has virtually degenerated into a struggle in which power and

* Cable \& Wireless Ltd.
t A radiocommunication service between specified fixed points.
continuity of transmission are all important and, although some vestiges of order continue to be maintained through the International Telecommunication Union, it would be pure idealism to expect the spectacular from a body with no supra-national authority. In fact, so concerned were the delegates at the recent Geneva conference at the congestion in this part of the spectrum that they resolved to set up an international Panel of Experts with the task of devising "ways and means of relieving the pressure on the bands between 4 and $27.5 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$." In drawing up this resolution the delegates were not unaware that the true effects of the congestion have yet to be seen. In fact, they will not be apparent until the next sunspot minimum, some three or four years hence, when a reduction in the reflecting properties of the ionosphere at higher frequencies will still further increase the congestion in the lower part of the h.f. band.

The question facing telecommunications operators, therefore, is how are long-distance services to be maintained and new ones provided for, if the only section of the radio-frequency spectrum naturally suitable to them is virtually saturated. At present, the answer is found by looking to systems other than radio and, in the Commonwealth in particular, great emphasis has been placed on the potentialities of the coaxial submarine telephone cable. Although expensive in initial capital outlay, and not immune from physical interruptions, such cables can provide numerous speech channels of far higher quality than can be obtained with conventional radio techniques where ionospheric propagation introduces distortion and fading. However, it is not intended here to discuss the relative merits of radio and cable systems, but to see how, when one radio resource is nearing exhaustion, a new one capable of carrying the vast world-wide traffic potential may be built up.

If the gencral propagation characteristics of the main radio communication techniques now available are considered in simplified relation to one another, it is evident that no single one is capable of meeting all the essential requirements.

Rough though the classification in Table I is, it is apparent that, with present techniques, range is only

TABLE I
LONG DISTANCE COMMUNICATIONS

| Technique |  |  | Range | Bandwidth | Reliability |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| H.F. |  | . $\cdot$ | Yes | No | Insufficient |
| Line-of-sight v.h.f. |  | . | No. | Possibly insufficient | Yes |
| Ionospheric scatter |  | $\cdots$ | Insufficient | No | Yes |
| Line-of-sight u.h.f. |  | $\cdots$ | No | Yes | Yes |
| s.h.f. etc. . . . | - | $\cdots$ | No | Yes | Yes |

obtainable when using frequencies below $30 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$ and bandwidth on frequencies above $300 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$. Little can be done to increase available bandwidth in the lower frequency bands, and even if this were practicable the quality afforded by ionospheric propagation is probably inadequate for many future telecommunication needs. It is, therefore, towards increasing the transmission ranges at higher frequencies, where the ionosphere plays little or no part, that efforts must be directed. With propagation in this part of the spectrum limited to "line of sight" we must look for possible means of extending this to extend the communication range. Extra terrestrial relay points provide the solution.

Much has been said and written recently, particularly in the United States, on the use of earth satellites for world-wide communications, but it was in this journal nearly fifteen years ago that A. C. Clarke ${ }^{1}$ first drew attention to the potentialities of such systems. Clarke, in fact, suggested what is still regarded by many to be the ultimate in communication satellites, one in 24-hour "stationary" orbit carrying both receiving and transmitting equipment. In the intervening years developments in rocket techniques and space conquest have produced other ideas, and it is proposed here to consider all such possibilities with their relative advantages and disadvantages from the communications point of view.

An extra terrestrial relay point may be either natural or artificial, active or passive. The first, of course, is the moon, and successful intercontinental transmissions, using that body as a passive relay point, have already been made. There are, however, obvious disadvantages. Not only does the great distance earth/moon/earth result in relatively high path losses and excessive transmission time for two-way telephony, but the moon's transit across the sky makes continuous transmission between any two earth locations impossible. The main advantage is, of course, that the moon is already in orbit-permanently we presume-and, therefore, the problems are confined to radio engineering rather than to space techniques and rocketry.

There are three general ways in which artificial satellites may be used to further communications:
(1) Storage in low-level orbits (active).
(2) Direct communication in higher orbits, say, 3,000 miles (active or passive).
(3) Direct communication in "stationary" or 24 hour orbits (active or passive).

[^3]Of these the simplest but probably the least potentially useful for the future is the first. Here the information is received and recorded by the satellite as it passes over one earth station and retransmitted as it passes over another. This is, so far, the only method to have been proved experimentally. It will be recalled that a "talking" satellite carried President Eisenhower's 1958 Christmas message to the world. A few watts from a nondirective aerial is all that is necessary to transmit the message to receivers on the ground and a few hundred watts on the ground is sufficient to interrogate the satellite. Although there is only limited enthusiasm for this particular technique it is worth recording that under the U.S. project "Courier" it is proposed to launch, in the course of the year, a 5001 b storage or delayed action satellite with a capacity of twenty 100 -word-per-minute teleprinter channels. The storage satellite is essentially a relatively lowlevel body and to achieve worth-while direct transoceanic communication, satellites at much higher altitudes would be needed. The second of the three ways, i.e., higher level orbiting offers this possibility.
With an orbit height of, say, 3,000 miles (an orbit time of 3 hours) a satellite would "see" a substantial part of the earth's surface, but communication between specific earth points could only be intermittent as the duration of visibility at any terminal would be little more than 30 minutes at the most. If, however, a sufficient number of satellites could be provided at this height a virtually continuous service over a 2,500-mile earth path could be achieved (Fig. 1).


Fig. I. Round-the-world communication by passive satellites in 3,000 -mile polar orbits.

Theoretically, of course, such bodies could be either active, i.e., contain their own relay stations, or passive, acting merely as reflectors. To be economic any active system would need to provide linearity over a wide bandwidth and years of continuous operation.

Current hopes are therefore being placed in the passive system on which Pierce ${ }^{2}$ has done much theoretical work. The simplest reflector is a metallized balloon and Pierce has calculated that, with 28 such bodies randomly spaced in $3,000-\mathrm{mile}$ polar orbits, communication could be achieved over a transatlantic path between Newfoundland and the Hebrides with a continuity of service of $99.9 \%$. The first experiments along these lines are also due to begin this year when, under U.S. project "Echo," a 100 ft inflatable satellite of 0.0005 in-thick Mylar plastic coated with vapour deposited aluminium will, it is hoped, be put into orbit. §

What are the advantages and disadvantages of such a system? In the first place the repeaters or relay points are themselves simple, as they carry no electronic equipment and should be capable of a relatively long life even in the face of micrometeorite perforations. While a passive orbiting system has the advantage of using less frequency space than an active one-and, of course, it might well be used by any number of organizations, each with its own operating frequency-it has the disadvantage that, compared with an active system, more powerful and complex ground stations equipped with large steerable aerials and maser amplifiers are essential. Furthermore, as each satellite must be found and tracked, these very large aerials would need to switch rapidly from one satellite to another if a continuous circuit were to be maintained. The most intriguing prospect, therefore, and the third of the possible methods, is the relay satcllite which remains stationary, i.e., in 24 -hour orbit, over one point of the earth's surface. The major problem facing such a system is that of attitude and altitude stabilization, for to be completely stationary relative to the ground a satellite needs to be 22,300 miles above the earth's surface and in a circular equatorial orbit. Theoretically, it could be either an active or passive body but, in practice, the latter technique would require a sphere several thousands of feet in diameter and weighing many tons. Although passive reflectors other than spheres may be developed, the relatively long transmission distances involved suggest that an active satellite carrying its own receiving and transmitting equipment would be preferable.

As to the number of such satellites required for world-wide communications, three equally spaced would be visible from some $98 \%$ of the earth's surface with the north and south limits of visibility at $62^{\circ}$ of latitude for a $5^{\circ}$ ground horizon (Fig. 2).

This, then, is the ultimate system and the one envisaged by Clarke 15 years ago. It has the one disadvantage that the transmission distance produces time delays of the order of a quarter of a second which would be noticeable, and possibly objectionable, in two-way telephony conversations. Such a system, however, would be ideal for providing other forms of world-wide broad-band communi-

[^4]

Fig. 2. World-wide communication by active "stotionary" 24-hour satellites in equatorial orbits.
cations, including, of course, television broadcasting.
Having started with the frequency problems of the h.f. band it is probably fitting to make some mention, at this stage, of the frequency problems facing commercial communication satellite systems. From a propagation aspect the usable frequency range must be such as to avoid the effects of both the ionosphere and cosmic noise at the lower end of the spectrum, and of atmospheric absorption and radio noise from oxygen and water vapour at the upper end of the spectrum. This leaves a usable frequency range extending from approximately 1,000 to $10,000 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$ with the optimum, according to Pierce, between 2,000 and $6,000 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$. Of equal importance is the question of allocations for practical satellite systems within the optimum band. For the first time the International Frequency Allocation Table includes allocations for space and earth-space systems, but as yet these are relatively narrow bands intended for research purposes only. However, one of the recommendations of the Geneva Conference was that a further Extraordinary Conference should be called in 1963 to examine the progress in space communications, and if necessary to make broadband allocations for world-wide communications.

With the move towards very wideband and high-quality communication systems, long-distance operators, both civil and military, can no longer expect conventional h.f. radio to provide the medium of transmission. The future can only lie in the higher bands of the spectrum. The first break through into truly long-distance commercial u.h.f./ s.h.f. propagation is likely to be achieved in the relatively near future with passive reflectors circling the earth in orbits of a few thousand miles allowing communication between interlinked ground stations. Finally, the ultimate system of stationary, 24 -hour satellites with their own receiving and transmitting equipment acting as world-wide repeaters, navigational aids, etc., although obviously further away, is already in the project stage.

## WORIID OLF WIREIESS

## Unfair Competition?

THE possibility that Government support for the reorganized civil aircraft industry, which has recently shown a tendency to diversify into electronics, might be construed as indirect and unfair competition with the established electronic industry, was mentioned by L. T. Hinton, chairman of the Electronic Engineering Association at their annual luncheon.

The principal guest, the Rt. Hon. Duncan Sandys, Minister of Aviation, in his reply, said that Government policy was to maintain an efficient capacity for aeronautical equipment production and that while it was not his policy to encourage airframe constructors to go into electronics, neither would he do anything to prevent them, provided that they did so at their own risk and expense. The Government's objective was to obtain equipment at the lowest cost, and this would determine the placing of contracts.

## Technical Writing Awards

UP to six premiums of 25 gn each are awarded by the radio and electronics industry each year for published technical articles to encourage a greater flow of material from within industry and thereby to make more widely known technical progress in this country. The scheme is now jointly sponsored by the Radio Industry Council and the Electronic Engineering Association, and the members of the present panel of judges are:-Professor H. E. M. Barlow, B. C. Brookes, P. D. Canning, A. H. Cooper, The Hon. John Geddes, F. Jeffery and Dr. R. C. G. Williams.
A total of 63 articles published during 1959 were submitted and premiums have been awarded to the following authors:-
A. E. Karbowiak ("Waveguide as a Long-distance Communication Medium," Electronic Engineering).
T. G. Thorne and J A. Billings ("The Performance of Doppler Navigation Systems," British Communications and Electronics). C. M. Cade " Infta-red Navigation Aids," British Communicaions and Electronics).
R. Rowland ""Printed Circuits, Applied to Broad-band Microwave Links," Electronic Engineering).
wave A Wright ("Compound Semiconductors," Electronic Engineering).
Ens. J. D. Reeves ("The Recording and Collocation of Waveforms," Electronic Engincering).

## 4.P.A.E. Exhibition

MORE than twenty firms supported the exhibition of equipment which took place at the King's Head Hotel, Harrow-on-the-Hill, on March 9th. This was the occasion of the 10th annual luncheon of the Association of Public Address Engineers, at which the guest of honour was the Rt. Hon. Ernest Marples, Minister of Transport, who is the first recipient of the Association's Gold Microphone (donated by L. W. Murkham) for the "best microphone user of the year."

At the general meeting which followed, Haydon Warren was elected president for 1960 . Mr. Warren, who is also hon. librarian of the Association and has many U.S. contacts, arranged an interesting historical collection of early p.a. equipment and literature from both sides of the Atlantic.

## B.B.C. Income

UNDER a three-year agreement (1957-60) the B.B.C. receives annually $87.5 \%$ of the receiving licence revenue after the deduction of a sum by the Post Office for the service it provides in collecting licence fees and investigating interference. The remaining $12.5 \%$, plus the $£ 1$ excise duty on the combined sound/television licence, is passed to the Treasury. There is a proviso in the agreement under which additional sums can be paid to the B.B.C., if the Treasury is satisfied that the income is "insufficient for the adequate conduct of the home services "*.

In response to representations by the B.B.C., the Treasury reduced to $7.5 \%$ the proportion of the licence income it is retaining in the financial year 1959/60 leaving $92.5 \%$ for the B.B.C. The P.M.G. announced in the House of Commons on March 11th that the Corporation's income will be still further increased to $95 \%$ in 1960/61 and in 1961/62 to $100 \%$ of the net licence revenue, that is, after the Post Office deduction and the Treasury's retention of the excise duty. The following figures, taken from the "B.B.C. Handbook 1960," show how the gross licence revenue of $£ 42 \mathrm{M}$ in 1958/59 was apportioned-B.B.C. (£27M), Treasury (duty £9M, $12.5 \%$ retention, $£ 4 \mathrm{M}$ ), Post Office ( $£ 2 \mathrm{M}$ ).

* External services are financed by grants-in-aid from the Treasury, which in 1958/59 totalled some $\mathbb{C 6 M}$.

Receiving Licences.-During January the number of combined television/sound licences throughout the U.K. increased by 105,448 , bringing the total to $10,219,867$. Sound-only licences totalled $4,679,755$, including 415,230 for sets fitted in cars. Recently announced figures for other European countries are: Holland: sound, $2,612,000$; television, 610,000 ; and subscribers to wired services, 489,737. Norway : sound, $1,008,000$; television, 10,000 , although the Norwegian television service does not officially open until later this year.

Boston Television Relay.-Multisignals (Boston) Ltd. have put into operation a "wired aerial" service for television and v.h.f./f.m. in Boston, Lincs., serving initially some 700 subscribers. Using E.M.I. equipment, the installation is being extended to cover the major part of Boston. This is the first installation under the ægis of the parent organization, Multisignals Ltd., which is sponsored by three companies, Ekco, Thorn and Ultra, in co-operation with the R.T.R.A.

Standards for Audio Connectors have been published by the Audio Manufacturers' Group of B.R.E.M.A. in a free booklet entitled "Recommended Standard Practice for Plugs, Sockets \& Connectors for use with Audio Amplifying Equipment." The suggested standards are designed to facilitate the interconnection of units made by different manufacturers and apply only to equipment in which the chassis is isolated from the mains by a double-wound mains transformer.

Home Construction.-Entries from non-members as well as members are invited by the British Sound Recording Association for this year's Home Constructors' Compctition. Apparatus submitted for the competition should be associated with the recording and reproduction of sound, including appropriate test equipment. Exhibits will be judged on May 21st on the score of technical originality, suitability of purpose, design and finish. Application forms may be obtained from the B.S.R.A., 40 Fairfield Way, Ewell, Surrey.

Education and Training.-Reference was made at the annual luncheon of the Electronic Engineering Association to the formation of the Electrical and Electronic Manufacturers' Joint Education Board, which replaces what was previously known as the Electrical Industries' Education Board. The founder members are: B.E.A.M.A., B.R.E.M.A., B.V.A., E.E.A., R.E.C.M.F., S.I.M.A. and T.E.M.A. The secretariat is being provided by B.E.A.M.A. and Colonel B. H. Leeson has been elected chairman.
I.F.A.C.-The first international congress on automatic control will be held in Moscow from June 27th to July 7th under the auspices of the International Federation of Automatic Control. Twenty countries are participating and in all nearly 300 papers will be presented. Twenty-eight papers have been selected as the British contribution. They will be read again in this country in September. The U.K. delegation is to be led by John F. Coales, of Cambridge University, who is a member of the executive council of the I.F.A.C.

Moscow Exhibition.-Thirty-four British scientific instrument manufacturers are holding a collective exhibition in Moscow from June 18th to 29th. It is being organized by the Scientific Instrument Manufacturers ${ }^{\text { }}$ Association.

Electronic Equipment Reliability.-Methods of assessing and predicting the reliability of electronic equipment, as well as experience gained in the use of equipment, will be covered during a one-day symposium to be held in London on May 18th. Further details and registration forms are available from the I.E.E., Savoy Place, London, W.C. 2 .

Components and Materials.-Preliminary details of a conference on components and materials used in electronic engineering to be held nexı year from June 12th to 17th have been announced by the Electronics and Communications Section of the I.E.E. The scope of the conference falls under three main headings: (a) materials, their preparation, properties and applications; (b) components, excluding thermionic and semiconductor devices; and (c) assembly techniques.

Audio Shows.-Independent exhibitions are being staged by two manufacturers during the London Audio Fair (see page 160). Sound Sales Ltd. will be in the Club Room, Imperial Hotel, Russell Square, W.C.I, and Daystrom (Heathkits) at the Grand Hotel, Southampton Row, W.C.1.
B.V.A. and V.A.S.C.A. Move.- The offices of the British Radio Valve Manufacturers' Association and the Electronic Valve and Semi-conductor Manufacturers' Association have been transferred from Jermyn Street to Mappin House, 156-162 Oxford Street, London, W. 1 (Tel.: Langham 8562).
"How Long Will a Transistor Live?"-In case it may not have been obvious from the footnote on p. 108 of this article in our March issue we would point out that the author, Ralph Brewer, is with the Research Laboratories of the General Electric Company Limited, Wembley, England.
E.E.A. Officers.-L. T. Hinton (S.T.C.), and R. R.C. Rankin (Mullard) have been re-clected chairman and vice-chairman, respectively, of the Electronic Engineering Association.
C. \& G. Radio Society.-Group Captain E. Fennessy, C.B.E., managing director of Decca Radar, has been elected to succeed L. H. Bedford, C.B.E., of English Electric, as president of the City and Guilds College Radio Society.
Ferrites.-A course of six lectures on the principles and applications of ferrites is being given by J. Roberts, of Imperial College, at the Norwood Technical College, Knight's Hill, London, S.E.27, on Tuesdays at 7.0 from May 10 th.
A three-day course dealing with semiconductors will be held at the Portsmouth College of Technology on May 26th, 27th and 28th. The lecturers are members of the staff of the G.E.C. Research Laboratories.
"Trader Year Book."-Features such as the buyers' guide, manufacturers' addresses, condensed specifications of current sound and television receivers and tape recorders, receiver i.fs, etc., which have been found to be invaluable for the radio dealer and serviceman, are retained and brought up to date in the 1960 edition of the "Wireless and Electrical Trader Year Book." A new section of 14 pages covering television and f.m. transmitters in the U.K. incorporates field-strength contour maps of B.B.C. and I.T.A. television stations. This 448-page reference book, which is published by Trader Publishing Co. Ltd., Dorset House, Stamford Street, London, S.E.1, costs 15 s .

Scottish TV.-A permanent television transmitter at Thrumster, near Wick, Caithness, where temporary equipment has been in use since December, 1958, was brought into service by the B.B.C. on March 1st. It radiates in channel 1 , using vertical polarization, and its directional aerial gives an e.r.p. of from 0.25 to 7 kW , according to direction. On the same date a threeprogramme v.h.f. sound service was started from the same station. The transmitters radiate on 90.1, 92.3 and $94.5 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$ with horizontal polarization. The directional aerial gives an e.r.p. varying from 0.1 to 10 kW .

Radio Emergency Networks.-Dr. Arthur C. Gee (G2UK), the chairman of the Radio Amateur Emergency Network Committee in this country, is endeavouring to compile a world-wide list of emergency radio organizations to facilitate the work of the Red Cross in such disasters as have occurred recently at Mauritius and Agadir. Overseas readers are invited to send details of local organizations to Dr. Gee, c/o this office.

## Personalities

E. D. Whitehead, M.B.E., B.Sc., M.I.E.E., has been appointed Director of Electrical Inspection in the Ministry of Aviation in succession to Brigadier C. A. Zweigbergk whose tour of duty in the Ministry ends at the beginning of April. Mr. Whitehead, who is 49, graduated from London University in 1930. After a few years in industry, first with G.E.C. and then Pye, he joined the Government service in 1937. In 1940 he began work on radar at R.A.E., Farnborough, and for five years from 1943 was technical assistant to the Director General of Communications Equipment. He then transferred to work on telemetry, and later (in 1952) became assistant director electronic component production in the Ministry of Supply. Since 1957 Mr . Whitehead has been in charge of a division of the Electrical Inspection Directorate responsible for the inspection of electronic equipment.

Sir Ian Jacob, K.B.E., C.B., director-gencral of the B.B.C. from 1952 until his retirement at the end of last year, has ioined the board of Electric and Musical Industries, Ltd.
E. M. Whitaker, B.Sc., A.M.I.E.E., has joined A.E.I. (Woolwich) as assistant to the commercial director, J. W. Ridgeway. He joined B.T.H. at Rugby in 1931 as a school apprentice and in 1932 went to Leeds University for a three-year degree course in electrical engineering, after which he rejoined B.T.H. Since his demobilization in 1946 after war service with R.E.M.E., he has held various overseas appointments with B.T.H. and in 1958 became personal assistant to Lord Chandos.
K. R. Sandiford, B.Sc.(Eng.), has joined Hagan Controls, Lid. (one of the Plessey group of companies) as general manager. Since 1954 he has been chief instrument engineer of the development and engineering group of the U.K. Atomic Energy Authority.

John Guy has been appointed chief planning engineer of Measuring Instruments (Pullin), Ltd. He was for 13 years with Sifam Electrical Instrument Co.

## 6

Captain Walter R. Wells, D.S.C., R.N., was recently appointed deputy chairman of the British Joint Communications and Electronics Board and deputy director of the Joint Communications Electronics Staff. He entered the Royal Naval College, Dartmouth, at the age of 13 in 1933 and after service at sea qualified in communications in 1943. From 1945 to 1947 he was Communications Officer to the First Destroyer Squadron. Capt. Wells held various staff appointments overseas and for two years from May, 1949, was on the staff of the Director of Radio Equipment at the Admiralty. He then became Staff Communications Officer, Far East Station, and for five years from 1953 served in the Admiralty Signal Division.
Brigadier J. D. Haigh, O.B.E., M.A., M.I.E.E., has been appointed divisional manager of Plessey's capacitors and resistors division at Swindon. Brigadier Haigh was, from 1939 until 1941, a radar instructor at the School of Anti-Aircraft Artillery. In 1946 he joined the Ministry of Supply where, until 1950, he was responsible for the development of Army radar equipment. In 1953, on his return to the U.K. from Singapore where he had commanded an Air Formation Signals Regiment, Brigadier Haigh rejoined the Ministry of Supply and in the following year was appointed Director of Electronic Research and Development. He joined the Plessey Company in 1958.


Brig. J. D. Hoigh

A. P. Castellain

Alfred P. Castellain, B.Sc.(Eng.), A.C.G.I., D.I.C., chief engineer of A.E.I. Sound Equipment, Ltd. (formerly B.T.H. Sound Equipment, Ltd.) has been appointed an executive director whilst retaining his former position. Mr. Castellain, who was on the editorial staff of Wireless World in the early 1920's, was a lecturer in communications engineering at Queen Mary College, London, from 1924 to 1929. He joined Sound Equipment, Ltd., which later became B.T.H. Sound Equipment, in 1930 as its chief engineer. From 1941 to 1946 he was seconded to B.T.H., Rugby, for development work on $3-\mathrm{cm}$ radar and in 1948 was put in charge of sound reproducer sales at Rugby. Mr. Castellain returned to London in 1956 as chief engineer, B.T.H. Sound Equipment. Reginald Oulton, acting secretary and general manager of A.E.I. Sound Equipment since 1956, has also been appointed an executive director. He joined Sound Equipment in 1934 and has been general manager since 1940. Ernest V. Bowers, M.B.E., formerly managing director, A.E.I. Sound Equipment, Ltd., has resigned from his executive duties to join A.E.I. Lamp and Lighting Co., but retains his directorship.
P. W. Blick, author of the article on page 169 describing a transistor tape recorder amplifier, has been on the research staff of Belling \& Lee for the past three and a half years. Prior to joining Belling \& Lee he was an apprentice with the Electrical Research Association at Perivale. He is 25.
G. C. F. Whitaker, who was assistant superintendent of the Admiralty Signal and Radar Establishment from 1952 until 1955 when he became Fleet Electrical Officer on the staff of the Flag Officer Commanding Reserve Fleet, has been appointed assistant controller of programmes (technical operations) for Associated-Rediffusion. He will be in charge of the company's engineering activities. Mr. Whitaker joined Associated-Rediffusion from the television broadcasting department of Central Rediffusion Services, Ltd. Prior to his retirement from the Royal Navy, he was on loan to the Royal Australian Navy as Director of Electrical Engineering.
C. O. Stanley, C.B.E., chairman and managing director of the Pye group of companies, is to have the honorary degree of Doctor of Laws (LL.D.) conferred upon him by the University of Dublin.
Major E. A. Stuart, T.D., Assoc.I.E.E., has joined Colben Electronic Engineering Co. (until recently Colben Radio and Engineering Co.), of Dartford, Kent, as a director. Retiring from the regular army (R.E.M.E.) in January he went to Canada where he has since been associated with E.M.I./Cossor Electronics, Ltd. Major Stuart was for some time adviser to the G.O.C. Pakistan Army and responsible for the technical control of radar and other electronic equipment being introduced for the Pakistan Forces. For three years immediately prior to his retirement he was Deputy Asst. Director Electrical and Mechanical Engineers (Radar) at the Headquarters of Eastern Command.

Air Commodore B. Ball, C.B.E., has been appointed Deputy Chief Signals Officer at Supreme Headquarters Allied Powers Europe (S.H.A.P.E.). Since December, 1956, he has been Command Signals Officer, Bomber Command. He was at one time Commandant and Chief Inspector of the R.A.F. Signals Division at Debden.

Group Captain J. A. Robinson, O.B.E., who since 1957 has been Senior Technical Staff Officer at Signals Command, R.A.F., has succeeded Air Commodore B. Ball as Chief Signals Officer, Bomber Command, and has been granted the acting rank of Air Commodore. From 1955 to 1957 he was Chief Signals Officer at Far Eastern Air Force headquarters.

Major General Sir William A. Scott, K.C.M.G., C.B., C.B.E., Director of Communications at the Foreign Office from 1955 until his retirement from the Army in 1959, has joined the board of Southern Instruments, Ltd. Sir William, who was knighted in the 1959 New Year Honours, was previously Director of Signals, War Office (1949-1952); Director of Weapons and Development, War Office (1952-1955) and was at one time during the war Chief Signal Officer to the 8th Army. Originally commissioned in the Royal Engineers he transferred to Royal Signals in 1920.

## OBIT.UARY

Baden John Edwards, M.B.E., M.I.E.E., a director and at one time chief engineer of Pye, Ltd., which he joined in 1935, died on February 16th at the age of 47. For his war-time services, part of which was as an adviser to Bomber Command Headquarters on the applications of radar, he was appointed an M.B.E. in 1945. In 1953 Mr . Edwards became a member of the technical sub-commitlee of the Government's Television Advisory Committee.

James Nelson, M.I.E.E., Hon. M.Brit.I.R.E., who died on January 31 st at the age of 78 , was a founder member of the British Institution of Radio Engineers and was its third president. It was in a letter in the August, 1925 issue of our sister journal Experimental Wireless (now Electronic Technology) that he stressed the need for the formation of a "really technical society" for wireless men and proposed that it should be called the British Institute of Radio Engineers. For most of his professional career Mr. Nelson was associated with B.I. Callender's Cables, from which he retired in 1953.

# Time Multiplex Stereophonic Broadcasting <br> NEW MULLARD SYSTEM 

IHE left and right stereo signals (after the usual pre-emphasis) are sampled alternately for half-cycle periods at a frequency of $32.5 \mathrm{kc} / \mathrm{s}$ and the resultant complex signal usec to frequency modulate a v.h.f. transmitter in the usual way in a new system developed by G. D. Browne of the Mullard Research Laboratories.
In the transmitting equipment (shown in Fig. 1), the pre-emphasized left and right stereo signals are sampled by multiplicatively mixing them with two $32.5-\mathrm{kc} / \mathrm{s}$ sine waves of opposite phases, alternate half cycles of each sampled signal removed
practice up to the discriminator output. The lowlevel signal at the $32.5-\mathrm{kc} / \mathrm{s}$ sampling frequency is then separated out and used to phase lock an oscillator at this frequency. The output from this oscillator is phase-shifted by plus and minus $90^{\circ}$ to form two further sine waves in phase with the sampled signals. These phase-shifted sine waves are then multiplicatively mixed with the discriminator output to recover the two stereo signals. Extra cquipment needed at the receiver thus consists of one oscillator and two mixers, apart, of course, from the second audio amplifying chain and loudspeaker.

The low-level signal at the sampling frequency and $90^{\circ}$ out of phase with the two sampled signals is added to avoid any ambiguity as to which stereo signal is the left one and which is the right one. As may be seen from Fig. 3, which shows a typical modulating waveform, the signal at the sampling frequency occurs between alternate pairs of adjacent sampled signals, i.c., only after a left and before a right sample or vice versa, and thus provides the required distinction between left and right signals. Since the sum of the two stereo signals directly modulates both the main carrier and also the sub-carrier at twice the sampling-frequency, this sub-carrier carries redundant stereo information. It is, however, retained both in order to avoid having to consume an appreciable fraction of the transmitter power in radiating a high-level signal at the sampling frequency and also in order to simplify the circuitry required in the receiver to synchronize the recovery of the stereo signals with the sampling process at the transmitter.

The normal transmitter deviation is not exceeded in this system, and adjacent-channel interference is very low. It is compatible in that a listener with
by half-wave rectification (not shown) and the left and right sampled signal added together. A sine wave at $32.5 \mathrm{kc} / \mathrm{s}, 90^{\circ}$ out of phase with both the sampled signals, is also added at a low level. The resultant complex signal can be shown to be equivalent to the combination of the sum of the two stereo signals, a suppressed sub-carrier at the sampling frequency (double-sideband amplitude modulated by the difference between the two stereo signals), a sub-carrier at twice the sampling frequency (double-sideband amplitude modulated by the sum of the two stereo signals) and other modulated sub-carriers at still higher frequencies. All these higher frequencies above $80 \mathrm{kc} / \mathrm{s}$ are filtered out and the final complex signal thus obtained is used to frequencymodulate the transmitter in the normal way.
The receiver (see Fig. 2) follows normal



Fig. 3. Example of a typical modulating signal waveform: the left sampled-stereo, right sampled-stereo and samplingfrequency signals being indicated by the letters $L, R$ and $S$ respectively. The left and right oudio waveforms are shown dotted. For clarity the audia signals have been shown sampled over only part of each half cycle. The rounding of the samples is produced when modulating frequencies above $80 \mathrm{kc} / \mathrm{s}$ are filtered out.
an ordinary unmodified signal-channel receiver will obtain the sum of the two stereo signals, and reverse compatible in that a single-channel transmission will
be reproduced by a stereo receiver in both outputs at the same level.

In this system the theoretical crosstalk is -45 dB . This is low enough to offer possibilities of transmitting two independent signals. In all stereo systems, since the transmitter has to carry an extra signal, there is inevitably a loss of effective power. This produces a deterioration in the signal-to-noise ratio relative to the ratio obtained from a singlechannel transmission and single-channel receiver. In this system this deterioration in the signal-tonoise ratio is different according to whether a singlechannel or stereo receiver is in use and whether the transmission is single-channel or stereo. In the case of a stereo transmission and single-channel receiver this deterioration in the signal-to-noise ratio is 5 dB , and in the case of a stereo transmission and stereo receiver the deterioration is 20 dB . In the case of a stereo receiver and single-channel transmission the deterioration is normally 15 dB , but in this case the deterioration can be eliminated by switching off the sampling-frequency oscillator in the receiver.

## RADIO TELEMETRY CAR TESTING

WITH new mobile equipment developed by Armstrong Whitworth, physical factors such as stress, strain, pressure, vibration, temperature, etc., are continuously monitored at up to 23 different points on a vehicle while in motion, using strain gauges, force transducers, thermocouples and other familiar telemetering devices.

(Above) fixed station equipment; (right) mobile set.
The electrical outputs from these devices are sequentially sampled, amplified where necessary, combined and transmitted as a coded signal by u.h.f. radio to a laboratory or a fixed receiving station, which can be several miles away. Here the data is extracted from the coded signal in the same sequence as it was applied to the car's radio transmitter, monitored by a cathode-ray oscilloscope and permanently recorded for detail study. At the same time meter readings and graphs provide continuous information on the performance of the car and engine undergoing test to design staff technicians and enable advice or early warning of impending trouble to be radioed to the driver in the distant car.
In one of the illustrations is shown part of the com-
plex monitoring and recording equipment installed at the fixed receiving point and it is obvious that no equipment as comprehensive as this could possibly be installed, let alone used effectively, in a car under test conditions.

Apart from the various transducers already mentioned all that has to be carried in the car is a small d.c. amplifier, sequentially sampling switch assembly, coding circuits and a compact u.h.f. radio transmitter. The second illustration shows the compact "black box" containing this equipment on the front passenger's seat.

The technique and equipment illustrated here were evolved in the electronic research department of Sir W. G. Armstrong Whitworth Aircraft Ltd., Coventry.



Fig. I. Recording Amplifier. All resistors should be $\pm 5 \%$. The two $68 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ and two $22 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ resistors in the long-tailed pair circuit should be motched to within $5 \%$. The 750 pF and 1500 pF capacitors should be $\pm 5 \%$ and mica.

# Transistor Tape Recorder Amplifier 

PLAYBACK, RECORD AND BIAS CIRCUITS<br>By PETER W. BLICK

II

OST of the published transistor amplifier circuits for use with tape recorders have only been for bias oscillators and replay amplifiers. The recording section has been given very scant regard. This is probably due to the supposed difficulty in obtaining the constant-current source for the recording head. If valve practice is followed, this is no doubt true. A solution to this problem is given in this article. It departs from the usual valve practice in that the high-value resistor in series with the recording head is omitted. A detailed description is given in the section dealing with this part of the amplifier.

With a suitable tape deck and tape, high-quality results may be obtained, results which are in fact better than with valves. The tape deck used is a "Wearite" $2 \mathrm{~B} / \mathrm{H}$, which is a three-head deck with tape speeds of $7 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in} / \mathrm{sec}$ and $15 \mathrm{in} / \mathrm{sec}$. The record and replay chains are entirely separate. The tape used was the new B.A.S.F. LGS26 double-playing tape. The overall response obtained at $7 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in} / \mathrm{sec}$ was flat within plus or minus 1.5 dB from $40 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{s}$ to $14 \mathrm{kc} / \mathrm{s}$ and at $15 \mathrm{in} / \mathrm{sec}$ flat within plus or minus 1.5 dB from $30 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{s}$ to $18 \mathrm{kc} / \mathrm{s}$. This good response is due partly to the fact that the tape is under the tape deck.)


Recording and playback amplifiers. (The bias rejection filter is separately mounted


Bias oscillator and amplifier.
range that is liable to be encountered in this country. Recording Amplifier.-The purpose of this amplifier is to provide the recording head with a constantcurrent source and to compensate for losses in the head and tape at the higher audio frequencies.
As can be seen from Fig. 1, the last stage is a transistor T3 in the common-base configuration. This can have a high output impedance, in this instance several times higher than $20 \mathrm{k} \Omega$, the head impedance at the highest audio frequency. The constant-current source is effective up to about $30 \mathrm{kc} / \mathrm{s}$.
The collector load consists of the head and a 4 H inductor $\mathrm{L}_{1}$ in parallel. As the head is also inductive, a constant fraction of the constant current will flow via the head. At a low audio frequency the output capacitor $C_{1}$ together with the head and the inductor form a series-tuned circuit. The value of the capacitor must be large enough to place the peak outside the audible range, i.e. lower than $30 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{s}$. For example, with a $16 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ capacitor the rise at $30 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{s}$ is about 1 dB . (This output circuit is the subject of patent application number 7512/59.) This capacitor must have a leakage current of less than about $0.3 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ to avoid polarization of the recording head. The last two transistors T2 and T3 form a direct-coupled long-tailed pair. An output from the first collector of the pair is used to drive the metering circuit. The high frequency pre-emphasis is obtained by frequencyselective negative feedback over the first transistor T1. The values of the feedback components vary with different speeds, heads and tapes. The sensitivity at $1 \mathrm{kc} / \mathrm{s}$ is such that 10 mV input is needed for $150 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ r.m.s. current in the head.
Playback Pre-amplifier.-The circuit diagram is shown in Fig. 2. The design is fairly straightforward but has one special point of interest. As is well known, the input impedance of a transistor in the common-emitter configuration is quite low, namely of the order of a few kilohms. This could cause quite a considerable reduction in the input current at high frequencies, because of the increasing head impedance with frequency. The first OC75 transistor T4 has some current negative feedback
in the emitter. This increases the input impedance to about $18 \mathrm{k} \Omega$, giving a loss of about 3 dB at $18 \mathrm{kc} / \mathrm{s}$, which can be easily compensated for.

Bass lift is obtained by applying negative feedback over the second OC75 transistor T5. The time constant at $7 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in} / \mathrm{sec}$ is $100 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ and at $15 \mathrm{in} / \mathrm{sec}$ is $35 \mu \mathrm{~s}$. If any treble lift is needed on playback, the feedback may be reduced at the higher frequencies by by-passing it to earth. This can be accomplished by splitting the 5.1 $\mathrm{k} \Omega$ and $1.8 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ feedback resistors and connecting capacitors from the junctions to earth. However, it has been found that with the B.A.S.F. tape and Wearite deck used there is no need for this treble lift.
Bias Oscillator.-This operates at $60 \mathrm{kc} / \mathrm{s}$ and, as can be seen from Fig. 3, it takes the form of a master oscillator followed by a power amplifier. This was chosen because it was easier to obtain the necessary frequenzy stability and controllable output than with a single transistor. The maximum output is about 150 mW , which is ample for most tapes. An erase oscillator is not included, but an output transistor may be driven from the $800-\Omega$ bias output stage to give an output of about 1 W .
In the bias oscillator it is of course necessary to tune the two transformers to the same frequency of $60 \mathrm{kc} / \mathrm{s}$. A bias filter in the form of a paralleltuned circuit is connected in series with the recording head lead.
Level Meter.-The circuit of Fig. 4 will indicate the peaks if a suitably-damped meter is obtained. The level meter may be switched to either the record amplifier or, for bias adjustment purposes, to the playback pre-amplifier. The $2.2 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ and $33 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ resistors at the input of the meter circuit are to reduce the signal level to give a suitable reading on the meter. They may need altering to suit different heads and tapes. The meter may also be used whilst the bias filter is being tuned.


Fig. 2. Playbock pre-omplifier. All resistors should be $\pm 5 \%$.


Fig. 3. Bias oscillator and amplifier. All resistors should be $\pm 10 \%$. The 4700 and 4300 pF capacitors tuning the transformers should be $\pm 5 \%$ and mica.
deck it is possible to have the recording head earthed for all positions except record, so that if the function switch is not on record when the amplifier is switched on, the head will not become magnetized.

The heads are now connected to the amplifier and the a.c. tests may be performed. If a test tape is available, such as the E.M.I. Type TBT1, the playback pre-amplifier may be checked for conformity with the C.C.I.R. playback curve at $7 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in} / \mathrm{sec}$. Similarly, if a $15 \mathrm{in} / \mathrm{sec}$ test tape is available, the playback characteristic can be checked at $15 \mathrm{in} / \mathrm{sec}$. The level meter cannot be used for these tests as it has a poor frequency response. The

Setting-Up and Testing Procedure.-With the bias oscillator off and the heads disconnected, the d.c. conditions should be checked with an Avo Model 8 or similar meter if possible. The two OC71 transistors in the long-tailed pair T2 and T3 should be matched for base current at 1 mA collector current. The only resistor that may need adjustment is the $100 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ bias resistor for the first OC75 transistor T4 in the playback pre-amplifier. The voltages should be as indicated on the circuit diagrams.

Before connecting the recording head, the leakage current of the $16 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ output capacitor $\mathrm{C}_{1}$ should be measured. If it is greater than $0.3 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ at 18 V , then it should be re-formed for several hours at 250 V . The leakage current in the sample used in this amplifier was, after re-forming, $100 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ at 250 V . At 18 V it was too low to be measured on the $50 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ range of an Avo 8. It has shown no tendency to increase even after one year's use. On the Wearite


Fig. 4. Sigrol-level meter circuit. All resistors should be $\pm 10 \%$.
meter used for checking the frequency response should be linear over the whole of the audio-frequency band.

The bias amplifier transformer Tr 2 should now be tuned to the same frequency as the oscillator transformer Tr 1 by adjusting the 500 pF trimmer until the output voltage shown by the level meter on record is a maximum. It may be necessary to detune the bias filter when making this adjustment.

The recording amplifier can now be checked. With the deck on record, but with the tape stationary and the bias set at maximum, the bias filter is adjusted for a minimum indication on the level meter.

The bias can now be set. With a $1 \mathrm{kc} / \mathrm{s}$ signal applied to the record amplifier the bias should be adjusted by varying the $5 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ potentiometer $\mathrm{R}_{1}$ to give maximum output on the meter on playback. The tape speed does not affect the result materially. The level for this and the following tests must be such that the output from the playback pre-amplifier does not exceed 10 mV .

The top peaked frequency for the head and tape used is $14 \mathrm{kc} / \mathrm{s}$ at $7 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in} / \mathrm{sec}$ and $18 \mathrm{kc} / \mathrm{s}$ at $15 \mathrm{in} / \mathrm{sec}$. The amount of peaking needed can be determined by checking the overall response.

The noise level of this amplifier is very low and, to obtain full advantage of this, it is recommended that a bulk tape eraser be used. When an 18 V battery is used for the amplifier, there is no audible hum. Winding Details for Inductors and Trans-formers.-All are wound with enamelled copper wire on Mullard Ferroxcube cores.
Recording amplifier
Treble-boost inductor $L_{2}, 90 \mathrm{mH}: 600$ turns 38 s.w.g. on LA 42

Bias filter $\mathrm{L}_{3}, 20 \mathrm{mH}: 100$ turns 30 s.w.g. on 2 FX1073 Bias oscillator
Oscillator transformer Trl:
Tuned winding: 75 turns 32 s.w.g. Side by side Output winding: 20 turns 30 s.w.g. $\}$ on LA2 Feedback winding: 1 turn 24 s.w.g.
Output transformer $\operatorname{Tr} 2$ :
Tuned winding: 75 turns 32 s.w.g. Side by
Collector winding: 30 turns 26 s.w.g. side on
Output winding: 27 turns 30 s.w.g. LA2


# INTERNATIONAL COMPONENTS EXHIBITION 

SOME IMPRESSIONS FROM THE 1960 SHOW IN PARIS

REGGULAR visitors to the Salon International de la Pièce Détachée Electronique, now in its third year, have probably got used to the idea that it is as much an exhibition of test gear and audio equipment as of ordinary radio components. Such multiplicity of purpose is not, however, as confusing as it might seem, for the different sections are segregated in a very orderly fashion, and this, combined with the general spaciousness and airiness of the layout, makes the exhibition a pleasure to visit. This year the Salon was the biggest ever. There were over 400 exhibitors, including 60 or more nonFrench firms (it was also the 23rd French components show). An interesting innovation was the provision of a separate section for the international technical press. Wireless World was represented here, along with its European and American contemporaries.

Semiconductor devices are tending to overshadow valves now that transistors are showing themselves capable of operating at unexpectedly high frequencies, even up to the u.h.f. region. The French firm C.S.F., for example, were demonstrating a small portable transmitter which used an experimental germanium diffused-base "mesa" transistor to produce signals at $500 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$. This company also had silicon diffusion-type transistors with cut-off frequencies of $50-100 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$, and demonstrated their "Alcatron" field-effect device (July/August 1959 issue, p. 350) as the oscillator in a transmitter working at $110 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$.

The possibilities of using transistors for domestic television receivers are, of course, well known. It was, nevertheless, interesting to see, on the ThomsonHouston stand, a demonstration of a working 819line television set which used transistors throughout
(26 in all) except for one line deflection valve. It covered the band $174-188 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$ and had a signalfrequency circuit consisting of an oscillator and mixer using tetrode transistors with $70 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$ cut-off frequencies.
In the sphere of semiconductor power devices, several exhibitors had silicon diodes for rectification of up to 500 mA for television-receiver h.t. supplies. C.S.F. showed a power transistor capable of carrying 2 amps which also had the remarkably high cut-off frequency of $10 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$.

As for the glassware on show, a great deal of interest was excited by a television cathode-ray tube announcing itself as having a $114^{\circ}$ deflection anglethe Westinghouse 23 FP 4 . It has a $23 \frac{1}{2}$-inch screen, a depth of $13 \frac{3}{4}$ inches and operates with an e.h.t. of 14 kV . There were, of course, a good many examples of the $110^{\circ}$ tube on view. One interesting development, exemplified by the Sylvania 23DP4 and others, was the use of an integral tinted glass protective panel sealed round the front face of the normal tube envelope. This eliminates the need for a separate protection panel and dust seal in telcvision reccivers. There are four glass mountinglugs at the corners of this integral protection panel, intended for clamping to the receiver chassis.

Amongst cold-cathode tubes, the Swiss firm Elesta had an interesting decade counter tube of miniaturevalve size, the EZ10B, which was notable for its high maximum counting speed of $1 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$. It was a unidirectional type and contained hydrogen gas. On the same stand was a cold-cathode trigger tube, the ER21A, which could be directly powered by the $220-\mathrm{V}$ a.c. mains supply and directly triggered by photocells, etc., thereby making possible very simple industrial control circuits. Other new Elesta trigger
tubes, using molybdenum electrodes, were claimed to have expectations of life in excess of 25,000 hours.

The term "microminiature" now seems to be generally accepted and understood and there were plenty of components on show which fully justified this description. L.C.C. had a range of flat ceramic decoupling capacitors for 30 V operation, of which the smallest measured only 1.5 mm square and had a capacitance of $1,000 \mathrm{pF}$. Slightly larger ceramic types had capacitances up to $2 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ and measured only 25 mm long and 12 mm maximum diameter. Onc of the smallest variable capacitors (air dielectric) in the Salon measured 6 mm cube. Displayed by Arena, it had a capacitance of 1.5 pF and could be operated at up to 220 V . Variable capacitors can be reduced in size for a given performance by replacing the air dielectric with liquid filling. National showed examples of this technique with capacitors from 50 to $2,000 \mathrm{pF}$ and working voltages from 4 kV to 15 kV , which were claimed to give a hundredfold advantage in size reduction. Control of the rotor through the sealed metal container is achieved by a magnetic drive system.

An unusual form of construction was the feature of a series of fixed tubular polystyrene capacitors shown by Capa. They are built round a rigid axial rod or wire which forms one connection and is used for mounting, while the other connection is a thin wire emerging at the same end of the cylinder. This system is intended for strength in conditions of vibration, and is designed for mounting on printed circuits.

Delay lines made in the form of small rods up to 100 m long and 8 mm diameter were displayed by Steafix. The ceramic rod has a metallized surface over which an insulated inductive winding is laid to give the distributed inductance and capacitance. They give a delay of $1 \mu \mathrm{sec}$ and have a pass band of $4 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$, with impedances of $1 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ or $2 \mathrm{k} \Omega$.

The Société Orega specialize in making subassemblies, coil-packs, tuners, etc., for all types of domestic receivers. This year they offered a whole range of printed-circuit modules, completely tested


Left: Liquid-dielectric variable capacitor by National.

Below: Turntable by Dual with indicator for the weight of the arm , behind the right-hand control button).

and aligned, for transistor receivers-r.f., frequency changer, i.f. and audio units. Some of these incorporated a very neat miniature two-button wavechange switch, designed for pocket receivers. Another miniature item was an i.f. transformer of only 10 mm diameter and a Q factor of 150 . Orega, with other firms, also showed the flat-bar type of ferrite aerial, which has a space-saving advantage over conventional cylindrical rods in small receivers.

A particularly sensitive subminiature relay shown by Le Prototype Mécanique operates with a power of only 5 ml W and has a response time of less than 2 msec . Its sealed container measures 25 mm long by 10 mm diameter. The sensitivity depends on tho precise balancing of a cranked armature, which is actuated by magnetic pulls from opposite directions (from the centre pole of the solenoid and from the magnetic return path). The magnetic circuit is also carefully designed so that magnetic forces on the armature pivot cancel out; consequently friction during movement of the armature is reduced to a minimum. With an cnergization of 8 mW the relay will withstand accelerations up to 30 g . On the stand of C. P. Clare, relays with mercury-wetted contacts were demonstrated. The technique is notable for giving constancy of operating time, lack of contact bounce, and low and consistent contact resistance (25-50 milliohms range). Mercury is fed continuously to the contacts by capillary action from a reservoir of mercury under gas pressure.

Piezoclectric filters are, of coursc, well known for their high $Q$ and sharp cut-off propertics. Intermetall were showing filters of this type based on ceramic discs of zirconium titanate. Operating at frequencies in the region of $450 \mathrm{kc} / \mathrm{s}$, they have $Q$ factors of about 400 and are notable for their small size and high stability with time and temperature. Working frequencies up to $1 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$ are possible.

Looking at the wide range of gramophone turntables and pickups on view it was very noticeable that the Continental manufacturers had a definite category of equipment labelled "semi-professional". It lies, in fact, half-way between the professional transcription units and the ordinary domestic record changers in both quality and price. As an example the transcription unit shown by Thorens had a speed fluctuation of $\pm 0.07 \%$, wow figure of $0.1 \%$ and turntable rumble of -40 dB (N.A.R.T.B.), while their semi-professional model had corresponding figures of $\pm 0.12 \%, 0.2 \%$ and -38 dB . Incidentally, Dual presented a new turntable with the unusual


Transistor frequency-changer module (Orega) showing "Tom-Thumb" wavechange switch on the left and $10-\mathrm{mm}$ i.f. transformer in the centre.


Left: The Gogny " sphère pulsante" loudspeaker.


Above: Du Mont oscilloscope with digital read-out.

Left : Audax loudspeaker with eccentric diaphragm.
feature of a pointer indicator which registers the weight of the pickup arm.

Stereophonic equipment was, of course, very much in the forefront. A new introduction from Philips is a four-track stereo tape recorder-that is, it provides two double tracks for sterco recording, or allows two single-channel programmes to be recorded simultaneously through the two 4 -watt amplifier chains. There are three tape speeds and the frequency response on the highest speed $(19 \mathrm{~cm} /$ sec ) extends to $20 \mathrm{kc} / \mathrm{s}$. A stereo microphone is provided, and two loudspeakers, one in the main unit and one in the detachable lid. Kodak, the film people, are now in the magnetic tape business and the examples on their stand included tapes as long as $4,000 \mathrm{ft}$.
Flat loudspeakers, with magnets and speech-coils inside their cones, seem very popular in France, and this year the Audax people had a new 7-inch model which achieved a depth of less than an inch ( 24 mm ). The magnet has a field of 8,000 gauss. This firm also displayed an eccentric loudspeaker-the driving unit being offset from the centre of the elliptical cone with the object of obtaining an oblique radiation of sound. The main application is in television sets. Another unusual configuration was the Gogny "sphère pulsante" which gives all-round radiation by grouping six small loudspeakers on the top half of a 10 -inch diameter sphere.

Going to the other end of the sound reproducing chain, Brüel \& Kjær showed a new condenser microphone, intended for measurements, with a diameter of only $\frac{1}{2}$ inch. With sound waves impinging perpendicularly on the diaphragm the frequency response is flat within 2 dB from $20 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{s}$ to $40 \mathrm{kc} / \mathrm{s}$. The microphone is normally fitted on the top of a tubular housing, which contains a cathode follower. Another new and small microphone, shown by Lem and measuring about 1 -inch in diameter, was an omnidirectional electrodynamic type intended for reporting, and was fitted with a useful clip enabling
it to be propped on a table or hung on the hand.

Outstanding in interest amongst the test equipment was a new oscilloscope by Du Mont which offers the unusual facility of digital read-out-that is, it enables voltage and time-interval measurements of the waveforms displayed on the screen to be presented directly on digital dials. The system is a kind of "electronic graticule" based on two movable light spots generated on the c.r.t. screen. One of them, the "index dot" is positioned at some suitable reference point on the waveform by a ioystick type of control. The other, the "scaling dot" is then moved horizontally and vertically by two sets of controls until it is positioned on the part of the waveform to be measured relative to the reference point. The horizontalmovement controls (top right of picture) are digitally calibrated in microseconds, milliseconds and seconds, while the ver-tical-movement controls (top left) are calibrated in volts and millivolts. The two measuring spots are actually produced from a Lissajous figure generated by two sets of square waves, which are applied to the $X$ and $Y$ plates by time sharing with the normal X -sweep and Y -signal deflection voltages. A special facility is included for rise-time measurements.

The main idea of the digital read-out system is to save time and reduce the inaccuracies due to parallax, scale interpolation and other types of reading error which can occur with conventional oscilloscopes. The instrument is built on the plugin unit principle, has a Y-amplifier response of $0-35 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$ and generally offers all the normal facilities of a high-quality professional oscilloscope.

Another useful aid to reading c.r.t. traces was seen in the latest wobbulator-plus-c.r.o. for television frequencies shown by Ribet-Desjardins. It enables one to see the frequency at every point along the response curve by providing a continuous sequence of frequency markers along the sweep between 0 and $250 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$. The marker signals are at $1 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$ intervals with multiples at $10 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$ intervals. They are generated by a $10 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$ crystal oscillator to which a $1 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$ oscillator is coupled and locked. The $10 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$ oscillator is deeply modulated with short, almost rectangular, pulses by the $1 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$ signal, and the result is to generate a whole spectrum of signals, at $\pm 1, \pm 2, \pm 3 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$, etc., relative to the $10 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$ oscillation and relative to all its harmonics. These marker signals are applied to the wobbulator circuit so that they appear on the response curve trace as a sequence of short vertical deflections-bigger ones for the $10 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$ intervals than for the $1 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$ intervals. The wobbulator has a saturated-ferrite frequency modulation system and will operate in the three bands, $0-80 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}, 80-160$ $\mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$ and $160-320 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$.
"Mobile-receiver Alignment Equipment," by J. F. Golding (February, 1960, issue, p. 75). The author has asked us to point out that, although some $100-\mathrm{kc} / \mathrm{s}$ channel spacing equipments are still in use, the channel spacing of $100 \mathrm{kc} / \mathrm{s}$ ascribed in Table I to the police, fire and ambulance services, has been reduced officially to $50 \mathrm{kc} / \mathrm{s}$.

# Elements of Electronic Circuits 

12.-PRINCIPLES OF TIMEBASES

By J. M. PETERS, B.Sc. (Eng.), A.M.I.E.E., A.M.Brit.I.R.E.

I$N$ the next few articles we shall be dealing with some of the means of generating a triangular-shaped waveform, otherwise known as a sawtooth or linear


Fig. 1 waveform. Two of the principal uses are:
(a) The measurement of time intervals. The linear sweep is the most widely used timebase for display purposes.
(b) The derivation of other basic voltage waveforms. A rectangular wave is obtained by differentiation and a parabolic wave is the result of integration.
Basic circuits for generating linear waveforms usually make use of the charging or discharging of a capacitor, ideally at a constant rate, e.g., the change in voltage across a capacitor from its value at $t=0$ is:

$$
\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{c}}=\frac{1}{\mathrm{C}} \int_{t=\mathrm{o}}^{t=t} i \mathrm{~d} t
$$

where C is the capacitance in farads. If $i$ is maintained constant $=I_{o}$, then $V_{c}=\left(I_{c} / C\right) t$, which represents a linear relationship between the voltage appearing across the capacitor and time.
The apparent complexity of some circuits is due to the precautions taken to ensure that a constant


Fig. 2
charging current is available to produce the required linearity. The capacitor may be charged or discharged in one of the following ways:
(i) From a constant-voltage source through a series resistor. One arrangement uses a CR circuit in combination with a simple thyratron switch.
(ii) From a constant-voltage source through a pen-" tode operated in the so-called "constant-current"
region of its anode voltage/current characteristic.
(iii) From circuits employing both positive and negative feedback. The "bootstrap" cathodefollower type of circuit falls into this class.
(iv) From circuits employing negative feedback only. The family of circuits which depend for their action on the Miller effect come into this category.

Let us consider the operation of the circuit shown in Fig. 1. Assuming a constant supply voltage, with $\mathrm{S}_{1}$ closed and $\mathrm{S}_{2}$ open the capacitor C charges exponentially through $R$. Closing $S_{2}$ causes $C$ to be short-circuited and to discharge rapidly. Opening $S_{2}$ enables $C$ to charge once more, and so on, thus producing the waveform in Fig. 2.

Although the output waveform taken across C is an exponential sweep, if the first. portion of the rise is made use of then an approximately linear sweep can be obtained. If the


Fig. 3 total time taken to generate the sweep is small compared with the time constant CR then the capacitor charging current will be nearly constant during the charging period. The best linearity with this type of simple circuit can be achieved by restricting the sweep amplitude to a small fraction of the supply voltage. In practice $S_{2}$ in Fig. 1 can be a thyratron operated by a switching pulse.

Fig. 3 shows an alternative simple arrangement using a hard valve in preference to the slower operating thyratron. Initially $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{a}}$ is low when the valve is


Fig. 4


Fig. 5
conducting and C is charged to a low value. The square wave input to the grid of $\mathrm{V}_{1}$ is clamped to zero (grid clamping) and the negative excursion cuts off the anode current. This would normally have caused $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{a}}$ to rise to h.t. immediately, but due to the action of C charging through R , the rise towards h.t. is gradual. Subject to the limitations mentioned above, this rise can be made approximately linear. Fig. 4 shows the resultant anode voltage waveform.

We have seen that the voltage developed across the capacitor is proportional at any instant to the charge on the capacitor. If the charge increases linearly with time, i.e., the current flowing into the capacitor is kept constant, then the voltage across the capacitor will also increase linearly with time. In other words, if the timebase voltage is to be linear then the capacitor must be fed from a con-stant-current source.

A suitable constant-current device, as already
mentioned, is a pentode operated above the knee of its $I_{a} V_{a}$ characteristic, which can be substituted for the charging resistor R (see Fig. 5). It will be seen that at this operating point the anode current varies only slightly with large changes in anode potential.

Fig. 6 shows a typical constant-current pentode, the high anode impedance of which replaces R in Fig. 3. The cathode bypass capacitor has been


Fig. 6
omitted, thereby introducing current negative feedback, which serves to increase the effective $I_{a} / V_{s}$ slope still further. The greater the slope resistance the closer is the approach to linearity of the voltage across the capacitor C .

## SHORT-WAVE CONIITIONS



THE full-line curves indicate the highest frequencies likely to be usable at any time of the day or night for reliable communications over four long-distance paths from this country during April.
Broken-line curves give the highest frequencies that will sustain a partial service throughout the same period.

Prediction for April

frequency below which communication should be possible FOR $25 \%$ OF THE TOTAL TIME

-     - PREDICTED MEDIAN STANDARD MAXIMUM USABLE FREQUENCY

FREQUENCY BELOW WHICH COMMUNICATION SHOULD BE POSSIBLE ON ALL UNDISTURBED DAYS

# Hardwood Instrument Cases 

SIMPLE CONSTRUCTION USING MODERN GLUES

By GEOFFREY I. LILLEY

THE natural elegance of hardwood can impart to a well-made cabinet an impression of quality unparalleled by any other material. The arts of complex joinery and expert finishing are by no means easy to master; but the age of "plastics" has made possible the production of well-finished cabinet work with the minimum of special skill.
It is no longer essential to use dovetailed joints for carcass and box-frame construction. Where, pre-


Fig. I. Rebate plane in use.
viously, end-grain joints had to be avoided owing to their lack of strength, modern resin glues are capable of bonding firmly wood across any plane and, in fact, they have shifted the limiting factor in the strength of a wooden article from the glued joints to the wood itself. Modern synthetic finishes have made easy the production of a fine, lustrous surface.
One disadvantage of timber is its movement with changes in humidity. Contrary to the widely held belief, however well-seasoned a piece of timber may be, it will always exhibit this property of swelling and contracting: this, however, is no problem if the design is right. The golden rule is to avoid joints in which the grain of the two parts is mutually perpendicular across the width. This means in practice that, for instance, if a box lid is to be made, the wooden frame cannot be covered with a board of solid timber since the latter would always form a cross-grained joint with either the sides or the back and front. Plywood may be used for such an application, and the simple construction method outlined below incorporates the use of cloth-covered plywood panels which can, if necessary, be made detachable.
The timber used will depend largely upon personal preference, but it is advisable to use one of the more stable hardwoods such as agba, abura, or African mahogany. These are most often available in 1-in thickness, which can be deep-cut at the yard to give one piece about $\frac{1}{2}$-in thick, the other being about $\frac{3}{3}$ in; these two thicknesses are convenient sizes
for small-cabinet work. Some timber yards have sawn drawer-side material which is usually $\frac{9}{16}$-in thick. This is ideal for the present application and is sometimes available in fairly good widths.

The one tool required over and above the ordinary basic range of woodworking tools will be some form of rebate plane, a small model being preferable on account of its lightness and cheapness: Fig. 1 shows a plane of this type in use. To prevent any possibility of splitting when planing-off the waste wood from corner-joint rebates it is a good plan to bevel off the ends (using a chisel) down to the marked-out line. Alternatively with wide pieces of wood, it is often possible to plane towards the middle from both sides.

## Method of Construction

The basic system of construction is to make the rebated joints at the corners and the front and back rebates for the panels all to the same depth (Fig. 2). Thus the housings for the front and back panels are simply provided. The width of the individual rebates is determined by what they are to accommodate. If the timber used is $\frac{1}{2}$-in thick, all rebates may be, say, $\frac{1}{4}$-in deep, and the top and bottom housings in the sides will be $\frac{1}{2}$-in wide. The front and back rebates will be the same width as the thickness of the panel material, and this will generally be either $\frac{1}{4}$ in or $\frac{1}{8} \mathrm{in}$.
Fig. 3 shows the parts of a simple square-shaped cabinet rebated for front and back panels. Of course,


Fig. 2. Steps in construction of corner joint: (a) marking out for rebate, (b) end rebote cut to depth of top members (c) side rebates cut to receive panels and (d) assembled joint.


Fig. 3. Sides, top and bottom of case having inserted front and back panels.


Fig. 4. Electronic timer unit using panels at top and bottom. Controls are mounted on wooden "side".
it would be a simple matter to change the proportions somewhat so that the plywood panels were at the top and bottom positions, then the "front" would be one of the hardwood sides. This is illustrated by the timer-unit cabinet shown in Fig. 4.
It will be noticed in Fig. 3 that the sides ready for assembly have a rebate cut all round. It is a good plan, therefore, to gauge in this rebate round all four edges before starting to cut. The end rebates are then marked in and cut first, as shown in Fig. 2(a), the other two rebates being cut afterwards.

## Design Adaptations

This basic square-shaped cabinet may be adapted to a more complex design, such as that of the meter case shown in Fig. 5. Here the sides are shaped first and the other parts cut to fit. The top member, for instance, will be cut to the required width and rebated for front and back panels in the usual way. Although the front panel slopes, the top and bottom rebates need not necessarily do so; they may be cut square, the front edges being sloped off with the plane after assembly. It will be found in practice, however, that working with the rebate plane held

Fig. 5. Meter case with sloping front panel.
at an angle will be hardly any more difficult than when holding it square, and the angle required may be judged very easily by holding one of the side members up against the work as a guide. The small, bottom, front
 wooden member seems to break the rules regarding cross-grained joints; this is permissible, however, in such a narrow piece as this.

Assembly presents few problems, the frame being held with a G-cramp placed across the side members at top and bottom. Just two G-cramps should be sufficient even for the more complicated assemblies, for these will invariably be based upon a square frame which may be cramped up first, the other members being glued and pressed in place. Cramping every part is not essential when using resin glue ${ }^{1}$ as it tends to fill any small gaps: provided each part makes a good press fit and will hold in place good joints are assured.

When the glue has set the panels may be fitted. The front panel may be of $\frac{1}{8}$-in metal or paxolin, in which case it would probably be easier to trim the joints of the wood members before assembly until the pancl is a good fit in the recess. However, if the panels are made of plywood, they may be readily cut to size after the cabinet is made.

A very smart finish may be imparted to plywood pancls by covcring them with a grained leathercloth, this being cemented down with a non-tacky type of rubber-resin adhesive. ${ }^{2}$ The panel is then fitted to the cabinet with raised-head chrome screws, the holes and countersinks for these being made before the panel is covered with the leather-cloth.

Some workers may wish to finish off the wood surfaces of the cabinet with french polish, or perhaps one of the new plastics finishes that are available today. A good durable finish, which is easily applied and very attractive, consist of a few coats of a synthetic varnish ${ }^{3}$, rubbed down with an abrasive paste. The varnish is wiped on with a cloth, rather than brushed, and very lightly rubbed down with fine sandpaper between coats. The final coat is rubbed down with fine pumice powder used wet, or even better, the ready-mixed rubbing paste sold for finishing brushing cellulose. This is used upon a small piece of baize or thick cloth wrapped over a small wood block. Care must be taken, of course, to keep the rubbing strokes in line with the grain.
After this process it will be found that a quick rub over with a wax polish will give the surface a final burnish and bring up a really good quality smooth gloss. Those who prefer the more subdued egg-shell finish, however, may leave this last stage out, for the surface left by the abrasive rubbing is very fine and quite suitable as a semi-matt finish.

[^5]
## ILETINERS TU TLHE EDITOR

The Editor does not nectssarily endorse the opinions expressed by his correspondents

## Negative Impedance

IN HIS article in the February issue, "Cathode Ray" says that his subject is controversial-how right he seems when members of the I.E.E. argue and "Cathode Ray" and myself have differences of opinion.

Let us start with the definition of resistance, $R=E / I$. Then when a voltage is applied the current will flow in one of two directions giving $I, R$ and power $E I$, or $-\mathrm{I},-\mathrm{R}$ and -EI. The first case obviously applies to a passive positive resistance which absorbs power, the second to negative resistance which gives out power, and in which the current is the same as in the first case except that it flows in the reverse direction. By changing $\mathbf{R}$ to Z the above may apply word for word equally to an impedance, except that since the power flows alternatively into and out of an impedance the average power must be taken. The average power for a pure reactance is zero, and this is the boundary case between a practical positive impedance and a negative one.

If $Z=R+j X$, then $-Z=-R-j X$. Here then is Dr. Myers' negative reactance, and I expect that since writing the last section of his article "Cathode Ray" has realized that this is short for the reactance of a negative inductance or capacitance, e.g. $-\mathrm{jX}=j \omega(-\mathrm{L})$ or $1 / \mathrm{j} \omega(-\mathrm{C})$.

These reactances act in the normal way except that the current flows in the reverse direction. In a circuit with steady cisoidal voltages and currents, a reversed current is equivalent to one $180^{\circ}$ out of phase. In this case the current of a negative inductance is in phase with that of a positive capacitance, but this, it may be considered, is a confusing coincidence.

It may be shown by simple formulx and diagrams that when a d.c. generator is connected to a series RL or RC circuit with normal components, the current changes rapidly at first and then becomes steady.

If both components are made negative, in each case, the current varies as before but flows in the opposite direction. If however one component only is made negative, the time constant becomes negative, and the current increases indefinitely. In these cases of transients the inductance never behaves as capacitance with any combination of positive or negative components. The above does not take into account any practical difficulties in simulating the negative components.

If the real part only of an impedance is negative, the impedance is equivalent to a negative resistance plus a normal impedance of which the resistance is zero.

In the section " Principles of Dependency", " Cathode Ray" limits the definition to cisoidal voltages and currents in order to find the phase angle for the equivalent impedance, but this is not necessary for $\varnothing$ is defined by $\operatorname{Cos} \varnothing=$ True Power/Apparent Power $=$ True Power/EI.
$\operatorname{Cos} \sigma$ is positive for leading or lagging $\varnothing$, i.e. with the current in the first or fourth quadrant. With negative true power $\cos \varnothing$ is negative, which means that the current is in the second or third quadrant, i.e. it is reversed as we saw before.

In the text concerning Fig. 5 " Cathode Ray" applies "Ohm's Law" not to a resistor but to a generator. This gives a very peculiar resistor, for, apart from being negative, the resistance varies with current, and the back e.m.f. (or should it be forward e.m.f. for a negative resistance?) remains constant even when the current is switched off or reversed. It says in $W$. $W^{\prime}$. for August 1953, referring to the application of "Ohm's Law" to a circuit containing an e.m.f., " even a beginner would have to be rather dim to fall into the trap."
"Cathode Ray" must have read that--he wrote it. Further explanation is wanted here. Binley,
nr. Coventry.
D. L. CLAY.

The author comments:
Mr. Clay has convinced me that it is time I wrote on the meaning of the word "negative". Meanwhile, I must repeat that the long-accepted understanding of "negative reactance" (which fits consistently into the larger subject of complex numbers) is the quantity which is set off vertically downwards in an Argand impedance diagram. Since the only passive circuit element that has negative reactance is capacitance, "negative reactance" normally means "capacitive reactance". It is true that with the aid of feedback amplifiers one can simulate negative inductance, and its reactance is also negative. Except perhaps in very specialized contexts, however, one would be wise to refer to it as "negative inductive reactance".

But the subject, after all, was impedance. If instead of retracing the ground of my penultimate paragraph Mr. Clay had explained to me what he or Dr. Myers means by negative impedance I would have been grateful. Is it any impedance in which both resistance and reactance are negative? Or only if the reactance involves negative inductance or capacitance? Is an impedance comprising negative resistance and negative capacitive reactance (i.e., the reactance of a positive capacitance) negative or positive? And how about a negative resistance and positive inductive reactance, involving negative capacitance? And, in any case, what is to be gained (except confusion) by whatever convention of this kind is adopted with regard to impedance, seeing that the signs of the real and imaginary parts are determined on quite different principles?

Mr . Clay seems to have a novel definition of phase angle: The phase angle (as commonly understood) between the cisoidal voltage and current having the same r.m.s. values and conveying the same true power as the voltage and current in question. But a glance at the current and voltage waveforms for the circuit shown,

in which CR is small compared with a period, will show that this "phase angle" (of the order of $80^{\circ}$ ) is not easily identifiable.

Whatever gave Mr. Clay the idea that I was applying Ohm's law to Fig. 5? Not only did I not say I was, but (lest anyone should mistake silence for consent) I added to the caption the exclamation ". . . resistance (not an ohmic one in this case!)".
"Cathode Ray"
THE quotation "Omnis definitio periculosa est" (from Erasmus) which heads "Cathode Ray's" article on im-
pedance in your February issue is very apt: all definitions are dangerous, because the question as to whether a particular idea is or is not a proper concept or vehicle of thought cannot be properly settled by mere information, or by appeals to establish custom or 10 definitions (as in "Cathode Ray's" article). It is necessary instead to review radically and critically ideas we have always known (or have thought we knew, and have taken for granted). Without such a fundamental, critical review our intelligence may be bewitched by the words or symbols used.

At least one can agree with "Cathode Ray" in condemnation of negative impedance, even if he regarded a certain letter to the fournal I.E.E. as incomprehensible. It will perhaps help the readers of Wireless World to appreciate the real point at issue if we simplify the subject under discussion somewhat, and consider, instead of "negative impedance", the notion of " negative" alone. The ideas involved should then be universally understood even by professors (for whom it is difficult to achieve the unbiased ignorance necessary for clear fundamental thinking).

We first meet the minus sign at school as equivalent to an order to reduce the number preceding the minus by the number following the minus, which is always less. If at this stage our teacher asks us to subtract 8 from 6 the correct answer is the natural one: it cannot be done. Robinson Crusoe, for example, could not have a debt or a minus quantity of any kind. The teacher may try to explain that a negative answer (like -2 , the result of trying to subtract 8 from 6) implies a debt, or legally or socially agreed contract to deliver the corresponding positive quantity (here 2) at some future date. The more docile and obedient children simply accept this idea, but the more intelligent children are right to regard it as not simple, and accept it unwillingly. Indeed, the minus sign affixed to a result (as opposed to an item legitimately subtracted during the course of a calculation leading to a positive final result) is a mere social convention, devoid of inherent and independent capacity to exist as a logical concept.

On the other hand when the signs + and - are applied to spatial or geometrical relations, there is no difficulty: the sign + then indicates a move to the right (or up) while the sign - indicates a move to the left (or down) and the final result may have any direction relative to the origin. The directions of the axes are arbitrarily chosen, and are not essentially different from other directions. However, because numbers represented along (say) the $x$-axis and to the right of the origin can be handled in a manner very like the positive numbers of early childhood, we are apt to think that they are identical, whereas we should be careful to state the kind of universe in which we are working. Is the "positive" universe of Robinson Crusoe or the "geometrical" universe appropriate to the problem under consideration?

The obedient student tends to regard the ideas "minus" and "negative" as universally applicable and "obvious" concepts instead of only applicable where a "geometrical" universe is appropriate. Thus the adjective "negative" applied to mass, energy, horse, shilling, etc., is correctly regarded as a mere verbalism indicating that the quantity specified is to be subtracted.

The existence of the phrase " negative horse" does not imply that a corresponding physical entity exists in the world, or even that it could exist in any world. Likewise, negative resistance, negative inductance and negative capacitance exist only in the purely verbal sense of terms in a mathematical formula which will at some later stage of the calculation be subtracted from greater positive terms.

Kingswood Warren,
J. W. HEAD.

Surrey.

## The author comments:

Having stated that fundamental, critical review is the only proper way of settling whether a particular idea is or is not valid, and that appeals to custom or definition
are no good for this purpose, Mr. Head proceeds to demonstrate this point on the idea of " negative."
He begins by appealing to a definition of the meaning of the minus sign. I suppose if 1 raised a point of order here he would appeal to the other forbidden thingestablished custom-by claiming that his definition is a widely accepted one. However, I don't want to be awkward so soon, so let it pass.

Having shown that according to this definition a negative quantity as an independent entity is an impossibility, he goes on to say that when a minus sign is applied to geometrical relations there is no difficulty. One might have expected that the fundamental and critical review on which Mr. Head was engaged would have caused him to boggle at the spectacle of something just declared to be impossible suddenly becoming not merely possible but devoid of difficulty.
Since he regards the minus sign as an instruction relating to numbers, presumably he would justify its geometrical application by regarding it as an instruction to subtract a number of units of length measured to the right (or upwards). If so, the reason one can be left with a negative answer in this case is that a zero has been arbitrarily fixed somewhere inside space. A sufficiently clear-minded review ought, however, to have shown that if this is allowed there is no difficulty with the school problems either. $\mathrm{O}^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, for example, is a zero arbitrarily established inside the possible range of temperature, so $-5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ is an actual physical (not geometrical) state. It would have been easy for Robinson Crusoe to have had a negative number of breadfruit for dinner, if he had established his zero level as the amount required to give him a pleasantly full feeling.

The distinction between Mr. Head's "geometrical" and "positive" universes, therefore, seems quite artificial and personal.

Mr. Head is good enough to say that one can at least agree with me in condemning negative impedance. But if his discourse on "negative" has any relevance, it is difficult to sse why. He mentions resistance, but not impedance, among the things having no existence except as a term in a formula which will have to be subtracted from greater positive terms. From the context, however, it seems reasonable to assume that he would put it in the same class. Are we to infer, then, that negative impedance is permissible in the same sense? If so, his measure of agreement with me is very small.

I now give warning (but not in Latin) of another danger: that of the mathematician's armchair review. The basis of science is experiment and observation, before which many critical reviews have had to give way. Certain circuits have been observed in which the net resistance, at least for a brief time, is negative. There would seem to be no valid logical objection to students of such circuits making use of a parameter "facilitance" for negative resistance. Logically, negative facilitance would be classed by Mr. Head among the things existing only in the sense of temporary terms in a mathematical formula; nevertheless, in most circuits it would emerge as the final answer.

And how does electric charge fit into Mr. Head's philosophy?

Summing up: One is unlikely to disagree either with the meaning Mr. Head gives to the minus sign or with his immediate observations thereon. It is a pity he then fouls his own nest by bringing in a "geometrical universe" as an unexplained contradiction. And it is a pity he offers all this as a help to answering the question of negative impedance, dismissing with contempt the one thing on which it really turns-definition. As a mathematician he should know that signs and terms mean what they are made to mean, and that without established custom there would be chaos. There is general acceptance of what "negative resistance" means. There is not general acceptance of what "negative impedance" means, or that it has any meaning at all that is in kecping with related concepts.

Confusion does sometimes result from failure to dis(Continued on page 181)
tinguish between negative quantities and negative values. One often denotes the voltage of a valve grid relative to the cathode by the symbol $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{g}}$. It usually turns out to have a negative value. But one could define $V_{g}$ as the negative voltage of the grid relative to cathode. In that case it would usually have a positive value. Other writers say: "Let $-V_{g}$ be the voltage of the grid relative to cathode." In that case too $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{g}}$ is usually positive.

I understand Mr. Head to be making the proposition: "That in any self-contained system no non-geometrical quantity can have a net negative value."

The question I actually raised was what meaning, if any, can logically be given to negative values of the quantity "impedance." Certain American writers attach a defined meaning to them. I deprecated the practice on the ground of liability to clash with established practices. It is (pace Mr. Head) a question of definition and custom.
"CATHODE RAY."

## A.F. Amplification

I WOULD like to clear up a few points that have arisen in correspondence in the March issue:-

First, I appreciate Mr. Tily's comments and agree that two pentodes with negative feedback will give similar results to the circuit I use. More components will be needed, however, and the cost of a pentode valve exceeds that of half of a double triode by an appreciable amount. With regard to the low phase shift obtained, this is restricted to $90^{\circ}$, as Mr. Tily correctly states, and enables feedback circuits of exceptional performance to be obtained ${ }^{\star}$.

Regarding Mr. Short's letter, I have a suspicion that I did not state my case as clearly as I should have done. A triode in a conventional circuit can admittedly give a gain of some 40 times, but due to Miller effect the input capacitance will be over 100 pF (allowing for strays). This restricts the effective anode to earth impedance of the previous stage to less than $160 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ under which conditions the gain in V1 will be considerably less than 200 times.

I really cannot agree with Mr. Short on his figure of merit. If one is going to use such a unit then it should be on a logarithmic amplification basis. For instance, a cascaded amplifier of two valves each having a gain of 100 times and having 10 components would have a figure of merit of $\frac{100}{10}=10$ per stage, but $\frac{100 \times 100}{20}=$
500 overall. An amplifier that is 50 times cheaper per component, if you double its size, is certainly rather peculiar. The output stage is a cathode follower as it is driven on its grid between grid and earth as reference. I do agree that its output impedance is not $\frac{l}{g_{m}}$ as might be expected, but this applies to all cathode followers driven from a high source impedance. I cannot agree that the input capacitance of the triode is increased due to action of the triode. The effective input capacitance is $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{ga}}$ (between grid and earth) plus the very small effect of $\mathrm{C}_{\text {gis }}$ as in all cathode followers. The triode was treated as a bootstrap purely for convenience in explanation; it is still a cathode follower: a leopard does not change his spots just because you look at him from the other side!

With regard to the high gain-bandwidth comment of Mr. Short, I entirely agree you cannot do more than nature will allow.
Regarding Mr. Mansfield's letter, all I can say is that this particular circuit, or modifications of it, has been operating in no fewer than 10 pieces of equipment over the last four years with no valve failures. One answer to this point would be to raise the heater chain to about +50 volts which would ever out the heater/cathode stresses to less than 100 volts in any valve, the cathode voltage of the triode being normally less than 120 volts above earth potential.
In conclusion, the author would like to state that in
all the versions that have been used of the circuit (in oscillators and selective amplifiers as well as those described), it has always worked as it should, with never any trouble from parasitic oscillations, which is more than can be said for many two-stage amplifiers.

Bradford, 7.
A. R. BAILEY

Bradford Institute
of Technology

* "Low Distortion Sine Wave Generator"-Arthur R. Bailey, Elecronic Technology, February, 1960, p. 64.
I WAS interested to see the article on "Economical High Gain A.F. Amplification" in your January issue. I modified the circuit, given by E. Jeffrey (Wiveless World Vol. 53, page 274, August 1947), to single-ended working, shortly after his article appeared, and have used it single-ended in an audio-frequency amplifier since then.
I communicated the circuit to a number of people in August 1948, and subsequently to several technical journals, but until now I have not known many show interest in the matter. I have been informed that the use of a pentode as anode load for a pentode amplifier valve was suggested by Vance. I saw an article many years ago where E.M.I. used a valve as anode load but this was complicated by a deliberate use of phase-shift to obtain reactive effects. I believe linear time constants have been obtained using a basically similar circuit. The low output impedance would have advantages in pre-amplifiers feeding into lines and when feeding some grid input circuits. The poor high-frequency response is a definite advantage with regard to stability in negative feedback amplifiers.
Allerton, Bradford.


## A. WOMERSLEY.

## Circuit Conventions

AT the age of four I was caught to draw circuit diagrams as exemplified by Fig. 1. Eveni at this age it did not

take me long to appreciate that from the point of view of the circuit the literal depiction of the elegant green silk-covered wire, neatly helixed round a pencil, was not absolutely imperative. I was therefore glad when at the age of five I was taught the "straight wire and loop" convention now current in your journal, and it took me very little time to accustom myself to this new standard. Some years later, on being introduced to the

|  | R18 | 47k | C19 | 5,000pF |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | R19 | 100k | C21 | 50 pF |
|  | R20 | $2 \cdot 2 \mathrm{M}$ | C22 | 5,000pF |
|  | R2I | 47 k | C23 | 200pF |
|  | R22 | 100k | C24 | $0.05 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ |
|  | R23 | 100k | C26 | $50 \mu \mathrm{~F}, 275 \mathrm{~V}$ wkg |
|  | R 24 | 10k | C29 | 1,000pF |
|  | R25 | 470k POTr. |  |  |
|  | R26 | 270k | $V_{4}$ | EF 80 |
|  | R27 | 47k | V5 | EF 80 |
|  |  |  | DI | OA31 |
|  |  |  | D2 | 0 A 31 |

$V_{4}$

2. Since a circuit diagram has much to express it should not be cluttered with redundant information.
3. Cross referencing is to be avoided whenever direct referencing is admissible.

In the light of these principles, consider the diagrams of Figs. 2 and 3 which express the same circuit with different conventions:-
(a) Fig. 2 uses the loop convention which infringes two of the principles. First of all (1) is infringed because the loops interrupt the mental process of following a straight run. Secondly, the loops infringe ( 2 ; because the loops show the absence of a join. To show the absence of something is redundant.
(b) There is a minor difference between Figs. 2 and 3 in the conventions for $T$ junctions. Some standards favour a "blob" on T junctions. However the T junctions of Fig. 3 can have only one meaning, so the blob, essential at an $X$ junction, is redundant at a T. Therefore I prefer the Fig. 3 convention, though I am prepared to regard it largely as a point of "style." (Another standard avoids the issue by "staggering" so as to use only T junctions.)
(c) We come now to the valve conventions. In the first place the envelope plays no circuit role, nor is it needed to "group" the valve elements. It is therefore redundant in a circuit diagram and should not appear. [Still less is an envelope required round a transistor.]
wiring diagram of a telephone switchboard, I made the acquaintance of the "straight through " wiring convention. I resisted this only so long as it took me to see that the loops would be nearly impossible to draw, and totally impossible to read. This major change of convention took me rather longer to absorb into the mental system; perhaps half an hour.

This somewhat frivolous preamble is only to indicate that a change of convention is not quite such a formidable proposition as is often supposed. When a "new" convention is notably superior it will be accepted easily enough; it only needs to be given the chance.

This letter refers primarily to the continuance in your journal of the "loop" wiring convention which I regard as indefensible. Perhaps I may be allowed to add my ideas on circuit conventions generally, all this belonging to the greater subject of " notation," which I have long learnt and taught to be "more than half the battle."

My thesis is that the composer of a circuit diagram should not work to a rigid and comprehensive book of rules but to a few cardinal principles freely interpreted. I suggest that the following are such principles:

1. Information should be so expressed as to be unambiguous, and to minimize interference to thought sequences.

$F_{19} 3$

On the subject of pin numbering one must take into account the intended purpose of the diagram. If it is purely theoretical, i.e., if it is not in any sense a practical wiring diagram, the pin numbering is redundant and should be omitted. In any other case the pin numbering is preferably shown directly; not indirectly
as in Fig. 2. Direct numbering is more easily possible when the superfluous envelope is omitted.

As a fine point, Fig. 3 omits the pin numbering on V5 because this is shown on the adjacent valve V4 of the same type. Principles (2) and (3) are here in conflict, and the choice is a delicate point of style.

If the above is accepted as a good philosophy of circuit drawing, then it would appear that the loop convention stands condemned. Its continuance in your journal would seem to imply uncomplimentary assessments of your readers; either that they are incapable of assimilating change, or that they are apt to wire with their soldering irons rather than with their brains.

## Luton.

L. H. BEDFORD
[We welcome Mr. Bedford's criticisms and acknowledge the force of his arguments against looped crossings, particularly in relation to complex wiring diagrams; but the telephone switchboard type of circuit does not often occur in this journal. Long experience has taught us that errors in draughtsmanship and checking are fewer when looped crossings are employed. The formation of the crossover loops is the first deliberate act when inking-in a pencilied circuit; further checks are imposed when ruling in the horizontal and vertical lines. In Mr. Bedford's method the fact that mental processes are not interrupted when drawing a straighr run constitutes a potential source of wror drawing a sirag his circuits with dots would beurce of The peppering of his circuis with dots would be the last act, Which, things being what they, are, must often be done against the clock with the blockmakers messenger waiting to collect the finished product! (Incidentally, in Mr. Bedford's Fig. 3, which has been faithfully reproduced, his draughtsman seerns to have given the pot too hard a shake over V5. There is also a mistake in the heater circuit, which does not occur in Fig. 2 where the $W . W$. convention is used.) With looped crossings and staggered junctions (which have long been the rule in W.W.) you have both belt and braces, and, strange as it may seem, they look nice-or so we think.-ED.]

## "Subjective" Colour Tests

IN reply to C. E. M. Hansel's letter (March issue) I should like to elaborate on the conditions under which Land-colours were obtained using a stereoscope. Rivalry between the two eyes was found to be troublesome. This was minimized by matching the intensities presented to the eyes by using an appropriate neutral filter (N.D. $\approx=$ 0.6 ) in the " white" path.

With most subjects it is only after viewing for some minutes that the colours become fully developed, but these are finally almost as saturated as in the normal Land arangement.

With inspection times of the order of 5-10 minutes, about 15 out of 20 subjects have reported the usual range of Land colours, the same object in each arrangement being given the same colour name by different observers. Reversal of the filters gives similar results to those reported with Land's usual arrangement.

On the other hand, when the inspection time was limited to 10 seconds it was found that only 2 out of a group of 30 students could see Land colours, although all had previously seen them in the usual projection arrangement.

Pictures of natural objects were used. These contain internal contours, such as shadows and highlights, which would be similar in both eyes. Such a pair of pictures might be expected to fuse (i.e. the internal process of combining the images as distinct from the external process of registration) better than a chart of test patches whose only contours are colour boundaries.

Although negative results are easily obtainable, therefore, these positive results would seem to rule out a purely retinal theory.
London, W.C.2.
J. P. WILSON,
Information Systems, Group,

King's College.

## "Piped TV"

I WAS surprised to note the implication in the paragraph on piped television under "Random Radiations" in your March issue, that wired television systems of the kind operated by the Rediffusion Group require special receivers and do not allow the public a free choice in the selection of a television receiver. This, of course,
is not the case. Some 35,000 ordinary television receivers supplied by manufacturers other than ourselves are at the present time connected to our wired television systems. There are two methods of connection: in the first and most popular, the front end of the receiver is replaced by an adaptor which takes the signal from our network and delivers it direct to the cathode ray tube and sync. separator of the receiver; in the second, which involves no alteration to the receiver, a separate unit mounted outside the receiver converts the carrier frequencies used on the network to frequencies in Band I which can be accepted by the unmodified aerial receiver.

Of course, if a member of the public wishes to secure the full economy which a system of sound and vision distribution, designed as an integrated whole, can provide, then he will select the receiver which has been designed as part of that system.

London, S.W.1.
R. P. GABRIEL,
Rediffusion, Ltd.

## Two-State Terminology

J. M. PETERS' article on "Triggered Two-state Circuits" in the February instalment of "Elements of Electronic Circuits" illustrates in Fig. 1 a cathodecoupled flip-flop or relay and not, as stated, a cathodecoupled multivibrator for which the basic circuit is:-


In this arrangement the charging and discharging of $\mathrm{C}^{\prime}$ through the potential difference between cathodes mainly determines the period of oscillation in the freelyrunning state. This action bears little relationship to that of the cathode-coupled flip-flop where the period is partly determined by the time-constant of $C$ and $R$ (Fig. 1); in the multivibrator circuit this time-constant is normally made high compared with the natural period and is not connected with a cumulative action.
H.M.S. Ariel II,
Winchester.
S. J. WALTON,
C. V. F. C. VELEY.

## The author comments:

I do not disagree with Messrs. Walton and Veley that the circuit (Fig. 1) is a flip-flop relay, but I still maintain that it comes under the general classification of multivibrators. It can be argued that any square-wave generating device, either freely-running or triggered, is a "multi-vibrator" because Fourier analysis will show the presence of harmonics up to at least the several hundredth. If the bias voltage applied to one valve of a multivibrator is made sufficiently negative the circuit then becomes a relay, the stable state being that in which the unbiased valve is conducting. To qualify for description under the heading "Triggered Two-state Circuits," the simple basic circuit of Fig. 1 had to provide a relay action. It was therefore necessary to arrange for the current flowing in V2 when V2 was conducting to be greater than that in V1 when V1 was conducting, so
that V1 could be cut off by V2 (by the bias on $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{k}}$ ), hence requiring a positive grid pulse at V1 to continue the action. Asymmetry in the cathode circuit is allimportant for this action.

The circuit given by your correspondents is only one type of freely-running cathode-coupled relaxation oscillator, square-wave generator or "multivibrator," which depends for its action on unequal cathode load resistors. The charging and discharging of $C^{\prime}$ through the difference in cathode potentials determines the period of oscillation. I could draw the circuit of another form of freely-running cathode-coupled relaxation oscillator, also termed a cathode-coupled " multivibrator," while a third variation is the bootstrap circuit described in the February article.
J. M. PETERS.

## Transistor Stopwatch

IN your November issue the author of "Transistor Stopwatch" states that the OCP 71 phototransistor in Fig. 3 is used as a photodiode. I disagree with this statement and maintain that it is being used as a transistor even though the base is "left floating."

When used in this manner, the light falling on the base of the transistor produces free electrons and holes in the base, the electrons so produced then act as the base current which is normally derived from an external signal source. The usual transistor action now occurs and an amplified version of this "light" current flows in the collector circuit. Therefore the device is being used as a transistor amplifier and cannot possibly be considered as a diode.
The phototransistor could be used as a photodiode by connecting either the base/emitter or the base/ collector junction to a reverse bias supply. The light falling on the junction would then merely increase the reverse current.
Hounslow.
R. O. BRADLEY.

THE following circuit of a simple electronic stopwatch using the integrating capacitor method may be of interest to readers, particularly in comparison with the
pulse count method used by D. E. O'N. Waddington in his transistor model (Wireless World, Nov., 1959). The two methods form an interesting comparison of computational technique-the pulse method and integrating capacitor method representing the digital and analogue branches respectively. It is also interesting to note that the pulse count circuit was uscd to measure flight times of a projectile, and the circuit shown here is used extensively in practical dynamics measurements of velocity and distance-time relations in technical college classes.

The circuit is very simple, consisting of an EcclesJordan bi-stable switch controlled by miniature germanium photocells, a charging voltage gate, diode oneway gate, charging capacitor and valve voltmeter. Two ranges of time measurement are used, 0 to 0.05 sec and 0 to 0.5 sec . Practically all the parts required are to be found in the surplus Modulator Unit Type 67, and each unit has shown itself to be very reliable and virtually foolproof in the hands of often very inexperienced operators.

Duffield, Derby. D. M. MELLUISH.
CORRESPONDENCE on photographic timers fails to disclose the one fault of these devices. Unless the timing condenser is a plastic film type (at $£ 2$ a microfarad) the timing of the circuit may vary by as much as $20 \%$ in a few weeks, since this is the variation of ordinary paper condensers.

Plymouth.
G. G. GARDNER.

## Colour Codes

THE problem of wiring codes which do not conform to the usual British standard is capable of being solved quite simply. A legal prohibition of the importation of any equipment which does not conform to the British standard is all that is required, with a rider that the sale of any equipment already imported but not rewired to conform is also prohibited.

Marlborough.
H. J. FENN.
[Electrical and radio equipment imported into other countries, for example, Canada and Sweden, must comply with their "safety" regulations.-Ed.]



REGULAR readers (if any) who have noticed my fondness for terse titles will appreciate the above. I had thought of " $\mathrm{e}^{i x}$ ", but decided that was needlessly long-winded for the purpose. (Like the Scot who, after three hours of silent fireside fellowship with his brother just back from Australia, so far forgot himself as to remark " Aye . . . '")

A recent leader in The Times contrasted mathematicians, who delight in tracing the perfect abstract relationships of their subject, with engineers, who work by " rule of thumb." I don't know if the Top Mathematician who wrote this was asserting that engineers are content to use logarithms or sliderules for their calculations without troubling to find out what a logarith is, and that they apply the formula $E\left(1-\mathrm{e}^{t / C R}\right)$ to plot the charging of a capacitor without knowing what e is (except perhaps that it $=2.71828 \ldots$ ) and why. Or whether his point was that the whys and wherefores of maths are outside the scope of engineers. There is probably a grain of truth in both, but I'm sure that few engineers are in fact content to use anything without at least trying to understand it, and those that are are bad engineers. For while it is true that they can make good practical use of logarithmic and exponential tables-and Bessel functions-without having the least idea of the principles involved, anything outside the memorized instructions would be completely beyond them. Even for strictly practical purposes one's aim should be to have such a grasp of mathematical principles and their inter-relationships as to see the easiest way-or at least a way-of tackling any new kind of problem.

Two months ago I mentioned that a unit vector (say in an a.c. vector diagram) inclined at any angle $\theta$ can be represented mathematically by $\mathrm{e}^{j 0}$, which is the same as $(\cos \theta+j \sin \theta)$. It was quite easy to explain and visualize the lengthier expression, but I excused myself from pursuing the subject of $e^{j \theta}$ any farther just then, on the ground of shortage of space. If you suspected the worst about that, please be more charitable in future, for here it comes!

There is perhaps some excuse for using $\mathrm{e}^{j \theta}$ as a mathematical tool in blind faith rather than clear understanding. According to the ordinary rules, it appears to mean a very odd number (2.71828 . . .) multiplied by itself an imaginary number of times. That is not a very helpful or even intelligible concept. The fact that an " imaginary " number, distinguished by the label " $j$ " $(=\sqrt{ }-1)$, is one measured vertically on graph paper, as distinct from "real" numbers which are measured horizontally, hardly clarifies the matter. Why on earth should a vector of unit

## By "CATHODE RAY"

length be based on 2.71828 . . ? Why should $\theta$ be rotated anticlockwise through a right angle (that being the accepted significance of $j$ )? And how can one mulisply together $j \theta$ factors, each equal to e? And, above all, how can one reasonably interpret the result as a unit vector inclined at angle $\theta$ ?

Some books take the line of Humpty Dumpty and tell their readers that mathematical symbols mean just what they are made to mean. In other words, they are purely arbitrary. So they don't have to make sense. Certainly the choice of symbols such as $\pi$ and $e$ and $=$ is arbitrary, and if they were all shuffled and dealt again it would make no difference provided all concerned remembered the changed meanings. But it doesn't follow that choice of symbols is unimportant. The object of practical maths is to eliminate as far as possible the need for thinking.


Fig. 1. Growth of a debt due to borrowing $£ 100$ at $100 \%$ per annum, when the interest is added (a) annually, (b) monthly, (c) continuously.
(That is not just mental laziness; the idea is to give the mind more time for constructive work.) If symbols are appropriate and easily remembered and universally used, that all helps. More important, the rules for their use should be consistent and free from exceptions.

For example, in accordance with the definition that $a^{\prime \prime}$ means the product of $n$ factors each equal to $a$ we have $a^{2}=a \times a$, and $a^{3}=a \times a \times a$, and $a^{2} \times a^{3}=a^{5}=a^{2}+3$. In accordance with the same definition, $a^{0}, a^{-1}$ and $a^{\frac{1}{2}}$ are nonsense. But the meanings that have been given to them are not just arbitrary; they are such as to be in the spirit of the definition by conforming to the same rules*. Thus, to obey the addition-of-indices rule, $a^{0} \times a$ must be equal to $a^{0+1}=a^{1}=a$, so $a^{0}$ must be 1 . Similarly

[^6]$a^{-1}=1 / a$ and $a^{1}=\sqrt{ } a$. But imaginary numbers won't mix with real numbers, so this direct approach fails to give meaning to $\mathrm{e}^{j \theta}$. To work out for ourselves a satisfactory meaning, we shall have to go a surprisingly long way round and pass through some unexpected territory.

First of all-and this justifies the sweet simplicity of the title-what is the significance of e? Why should it crop up so often, even in such simple things as charging a capacitor from a constant voltage? That other ubiquitous number running to unlimited decimals - $\pi$ - has a quickly explainable and easily appreciated meaning. But too often one is just told that e is the base of natural logarithms. So what?

The rate at which a lot of quantities vary is proportional to the quantities themselves. For example, if you borrow $£ 200$ at a certain rate of interest you have to pay twice as much as if you bor-


Fig. 2. The graph of $\mathrm{e}^{x}$ is the same as (c) in Fig. I, divided by 100 to make it start from 1 .
rowed $£ 100$. In simple interest, the interest is paid as it falls due, so that capital remains constant. In natural events, however, the "interest" is continuously added, so the rate of increase itself increases accordingly; it follows the law of compound interest. Suppose someone (you would have more sense) borrowed from a rapacious money lender who charged $100 \%$ per annum compound interest. That would appear to mean that each year the amount owed would be multiplied by 2 . At the end of the first year it would therefore be $£ 200$, and the rate of increase for the next year would be double, as shown by (a) in Fig. 1. But the lender might be more cunning and specify his rate of interest as $100 \% / 12$, or $8.3 \%$, per month. So at the end of the first month a debt of $£ 100$ would have risen to $£ 108.3$. It would be multiplied by 1.083 every month, so after 12 months would be $£ 100 \times(1.083)^{12}$, which is over $£ 261$. This figure is reached by a series of 12 straight lines (b), each $8.3 \%$ steeper than the last. If the money lender happened to be scientific as well as cunning, he would calculate his interest on the basis that it was bcing added continuously (c) instead of at monthly or any other finite intervals, and at the end of the year would demand £271.828, or $£ 100 \times \mathrm{e}$.

For that is what e means. Only of course it applies to any two quantities, one of which varies with respect to the other at a rate proportional to itself; not only money and time.

We arrived at a rough approximation to it (2.61) by dividing the rate of interest by 12 and applying it 12 times. In other words, we evaluated $\left(1+\frac{1}{n}\right)^{n}$ for $n=12$. The larger we make $n$, the nearer we
approach a continuous curve and the value e. One method of getting as near $e$ as we like or have time for is to use the binomial theorem to express $(1+1 / \mathrm{n})^{n}$ as a series, with the result

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \mathrm{e}=1+1+\frac{1}{2}+\frac{1}{6}+\frac{1}{24}+\ldots \\
& \text { or } \quad 1+\frac{1}{1!}+\frac{1}{2!}+\frac{1}{3!}+\frac{1}{4!}+\ldots
\end{aligned}
$$

where " $m$ ! " means the first $m$ numbers all multiplied together. As the terms in the series dwindle very rapidly, only a few more are needed to give quite a close approximation.

In Fig. 1, the continuously-rising debt after 1 year is e times what it was at the start. The next year it is again multiplied by e, so after 2 years the total multiplication is $\mathrm{e}^{2}$, and so on. So if $y_{0}$ is the original debt, the debt $y$ after $x$ years is $y_{0} \mathrm{e}^{x}$. Fig. 2 shows a plot of $\mathrm{e}^{x}$ against $x$. Because (as we have seen) any number to the power 0 is equal to 1 , the curve of any number to the power $x$ would pass through the point $y=1$ at $x=0$. But e is the only number for which the slope is everywhere equal to $y$. Note, too, that the same principle works to the left, into the negative values of $x$. And that $\mathrm{e}^{x}$ has no negative values.

In these days I ought to be safe in assuming that anyone who might be interested in e would know that there is a special and very important place in mathematics for slope; it is usually designated by the composite symbol $\frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d} x}$, meaning 'differentiate with respect to $x$. So e can be defined by the equation

$$
\frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{~d} x} \mathrm{e}^{x}=\mathrm{e}^{x}
$$

Now the method we have just used for approximating to e is available for $\mathrm{e}^{x}$ and gives

$$
\mathrm{e}^{x}=1+x+\frac{x^{2}}{2!}+\frac{x^{3}}{3!}+\frac{x^{4}}{4!}+\ldots
$$

The rule for differentiating any power of $x$ is to multiply by that power and reduce the power by 1 . E.g., $\mathrm{d} x^{3} / \mathrm{d} x=3 x^{2}$. If we perform this operation on the $\mathrm{e}^{x}$ series we confirm that it is like the application of water to a duck's back. For the graph of any constant quantity is a horizontal line, so its slope is

Fig. 3. Here some other numbers to the power x are included for comparison.



Fig. 4. These are the same curves as in Fig. 3, but with $x$ and $y$ interchanged so as to bring out their logarithmic value.
zero, and therefore 1 goes out; $x$ reduces to 1 ; $x^{2} / 2$ reduces to $x ; x^{3} / 6$ to $x^{2} / 2$, and so on to infinity. The net effect is therefore nil.

Suppose, however, that we didn't know what the series for $\mathrm{e}^{x}$ was, or anything about $(1+1 / n)^{n}$ or the binomial theorem. All we knew was that the slope of $\mathrm{e}^{x}$ was equal to $\mathrm{e}^{x}$, starting at 1 for $x=0$; and the rule for differentiating (i.e., finding the slope by algebra). Then, by guessing that a power series might exist for $\mathrm{e}^{x}$, we could construct it. For the general power series is

$$
a+b x+c x^{2}+d x^{3}+e x^{4}+\ldots
$$

where $a, b$, etc., are unknown constants. Differentiating this we get

$$
b+2 c x+3 d x^{2}+4 e x^{3}+\ldots
$$

and equating these two (in accordance with our definition of $\mathrm{e}^{x}$ ) we find

$$
\begin{aligned}
& b=a \\
& c=b / 2=a / 2 \\
& d=c / 3=b / 2.3=a / 2.3 \\
& e=d / 4=c / 3.4=b / 2.3 .4=a / 3.2 .4
\end{aligned}
$$

So the series must be

$$
\mathrm{e}^{x}=a+a x+\frac{a x^{2}}{2!}+\frac{a x^{3}}{3!}+\frac{a x^{4}}{4!}+\ldots
$$

We still have to find $a$. For this we draw on that other fact about $\mathrm{e}^{x}$ which makes it so basic and simple-that its starting value (at $x=0$ ) is 1 . (Which of course is the same as saying that its starting slope is 1 ). Putting $x=0$ in the above series, we find that $a$ must be 1 , and so we arrive by another route at the same series.

For the sake of comparison we might like to plot some other number to the power $x$; say 10, as in Fig. 3. Or, since digital computers are bringing the binary scale into prominence, $2^{x}$.

Before leaving these graphs we should remember that there is an alternative way of looking at them. If $y$ equals any number to the power $x$, then $x$ is the logarithm of $y$ to that number as base. Fig. 3 is therefore not only a selection of exponential curves ( $x$ being the common exponent or index) but also a selection of logarithmic curves to different bases.

As such, Fig. 3 would normally be shown turned on its side, and left to right, with $x$ and $y$ interchanged, as in Fig. 4; but the curves themselves are exactly the same. Because we count in tens, the most convenient logarithms for ordinary arithmetical computation are to base 10 . If we worked in the binary scale, our $\log$ tables would be to base 2. As one might guess from Fig. 4, there is a constant ratio between logs to any two bases, so it is quite easy to convert tables of common (i.e,, base 10) logs to any other.

However, the only point that concerns us just now is why logs to base e have any special interest. If we turned a hill up on its end, what was previously a gradient of 1 in 3 would be 3 in 1. The distinctive feature of the $\mathrm{e}^{x}$ curve in Fig. 3 is that its gradient at the start ( $x=0, y=1$ ) is the simplest possible1 in 1 . So turning it up on end makes no difference here. (The fact that it looks steeper is solely because I used different horizontal and vertical scales, to get the graph on to the page.) Elsewhere along the curve the slope has changed from $\mathrm{e}^{x}$ to $1 / \mathrm{e}^{x}(=1 / y)$, in the notation of Fig. 3. In Fig. 4, $x$ and $y$ have been interchanged, so the slope at any point is $1 / x$. Therefore, in calculus symbols,

$$
\frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{~d} x} \log _{\mathrm{e}} x=\frac{1}{x}
$$

(The tendency nowadays is for " $\log _{e} x$ " to be written " $\ln x$ " where the n commemorates Napier, the inventor of logs to base e.) With any other base, the sweet simplicity of this formula is marred by a constant factor, usually with unlimited decimals.

In case the purely intellectual appeal of simplicity is not appreciated by all, I will now give one example-out of very many-of the importance of e in practice. Fig. 5 shows a capacitance C charged to voltage V. At zero time $(t=0)$ it is switched across a resistance $R$. The problem is to depict what happens to the voltage from then on, say by plotting a graph of $v$ against $t$.

We already know that at $t=0, v=\mathrm{V}$. The charge on a capacitor is always equal to $v \mathrm{C}$, so at

Fig. 5. Very simple capacitor discharge circuit, which is found to involve $\mathrm{e}^{x}$.

that particular moment is VC. And the current, $i$, directly the switch is closed, is $V / R$. If it continued flowing at the same rate until the charge was exhausted, say at time T , then $\mathrm{T} i=$ initial charge $=$ VC. So

$$
\mathrm{T}=\frac{\mathrm{VC}}{i}=\mathrm{CR}
$$

This product, CR , is well known as the " time constant" of the circuit; as we see from the dotted line in Fig. 6, it is equal to the time that would be needed to discharge $C$ through $R$ completely if the starting rate were maintained. But of course, it is not maintained. When C is half discharged its terminal voltage is $V / 2$, so the current is half what it was, so the rate of discharge is halved. The slope

of the actual discharge curve is everywhere proportional to its height; i.e.,

$$
\frac{\mathrm{d} v}{\mathrm{~d} t} \propto v \text { or } \frac{\mathrm{d} v}{\mathrm{~d} t}=k v
$$

where $k$ is a constant. The discharge curve must therefore have the same shape as those in Fig. 3. Obviously the parts concerned are those that lie to the left of zero-the $-x$ region. If we want to keep things as simple as possible we shall choose the $\mathrm{e}^{x}$ curve, because a line having its slope at $x=0$ would, if continued, rise from 1 to 2 at $x=1$. It is clear that if produced in the opposite direction it would fall from 1 to 0 at $x=-1$. Fig. 6 shows that $x=-1$ corresponds to our $t=\mathrm{CR}$. We can convert from our $t$ scale to the $-x$ scale by dividing it by $C R$ and reversing the sign. So $\mathrm{e}^{-t / \mathrm{CR}}$ is the basis of the curve, and this only needs multiplying by V to fulfil the starting condition:

$$
v=\mathrm{Ve}^{-t / \mathrm{CR}}
$$

The curve can be plotted from this, using a table of $\mathrm{e}^{-x}$ (though in practice it might be easier to manipulate it into the form $2.30 \log _{10} \frac{v}{\mathrm{~V}}=-\frac{t}{\mathrm{CR}}$ ). If we haven't time for that we can at least note in passing that just as going from 0 to 1 in Fig. 1 multiplied the starting price by e, going from 0 to -1 (i.e., $t=\mathrm{CR}$ in Fig. 6) divides it by e, so that at that point $v$ is 0.368 V . Similar methods can be used for showing that a capacitor charged from zero to V volts reaches 0.632 V in the first CR seconds. The growth and decay of current in inductive circuits takes place in the same way. But we must press on if we are to reach our "imaginary" destination.

The first step in this trickiest bit of the journey, from "real" values of $x$ in $\mathrm{e}^{x}$ to "imaginary" ones (e.g., $j \theta$ ), is to find series for $\sin x$ and $\cos x$. You could do this quite easily but uncomprehending-ly-by "rule of thumb"-by dipping into a mathematical textbook, pulling out the tool labelled " Maclaurin's Theorem," and following the instructions. Anyone who is familiar with this tool already is too mathematically learned to be reading this, so I assume you have never heard of it and will therefore be surprised to know you have begun to use it already-and comprehendingly, too, I hope. It is in fact, a continuation of the rather interesting method we used for $\mathrm{e}^{r}$; namely, assuming that a converging power series exists, and successively getting rid of the first term by differentiating.

So we need to know what $\frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d} x} \sin x$ and $\frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d} x} \cos x$ are. If you don't know already, you can soon get a very good idea by drawing accurate sin and cos curves (one curve will do, if you move the starting line
from zero amplitude for sin to peak amplitude for cos) and then drawing curves of their slopes. These slopes are measured in so much per radian, of which there are $2 \pi$ in each $360^{\circ}$. The sin wave begins at zero but with positive peak slope, which measurement shows to be 1. At its peak its slope is zero. And so on, giving a curve which turns out to be the same as the cos wave. Similarly the slope curve of a cos wave turns out to be the same as an inverted sin wave. The results, are, then,

$$
\begin{aligned}
\frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{~d} x} \sin x & =\cos x \\
\frac{\mathrm{~d}}{\mathrm{~d} x} \cos x & =-\sin x
\end{aligned}
$$

Now tackle our assumed series:

$$
\sin x=a+b x+c x^{2}+d x^{3}+e x^{4}+\ldots
$$

The value of $a$ can be found at once by making $x=0$. The series reduces to $0=a$. Next, differentiate:

$$
\cos x=b+2 c x+3 d x^{2}+4 e x^{3}+\ldots
$$

Again put $x=0$, making $\cos x=1$, so $b=1$. Differentiate again:

$$
-\sin x=2 c+6 d x+12 e x^{2}+\ldots
$$

This gives $c=0$. Once more:

$$
-\cos x=6 d+24 e x+\ldots
$$

This gives $-1=6 d$, so $d=-\frac{1}{6}$ or $-\frac{1}{3!}$. And so we can go on indefinitcly, finding the values of the constants in the general series and establishing that

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \sin x=x-\frac{x^{3}}{3!}+\frac{x^{5}}{5!}-\frac{x^{7}}{7!}+\ldots \\
& \cos x=1-\frac{x^{2}}{2!}+\frac{x^{4}}{4!}-\frac{x^{6}}{6!}+\ldots
\end{aligned}
$$

and
Park those for a few minutes while we go back to our exponential series, boldly making $x=j \theta$ and seeing where it leads:

$$
\begin{array}{r}
\mathrm{e}^{j_{\theta}=1}+j \theta+\frac{(j \theta)^{2}}{2!}+\frac{(j \theta)^{3}}{3!}+\frac{(j \theta)^{4}}{4!}+ \\
\frac{(j \theta)^{5}}{5!}+\frac{(i \theta)^{6}}{6!}+\frac{(j \theta)^{7}}{7!}
\end{array}
$$

(Knowing what is to come, I have written down more terms than the bare minimum needed merely to make clear what the series is.) Now, since $j=$ $\sqrt{ }-1, j^{2}=-1, j^{3}=-j, j^{4}=1, j^{5}=j$, and so on. Filling in these values, and sorting the sheep from the goats, we get

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \mathrm{e}^{j \theta}=1-\frac{\theta^{2}}{2!}+\frac{\theta^{4}}{4!}-\frac{\theta^{6}}{6!}+\ldots \\
& +j\left(\theta-\frac{\theta^{3}}{3!}+\frac{\theta^{5}}{5!}-\frac{\theta^{6}}{7!}+\ldots\right)
\end{aligned}
$$

Taking a good look at the two series in store to make sure, we can do no other than write

$$
\mathrm{e}^{j \theta}=\cos \theta+j \sin \theta
$$

The first time this celebrated identity (Euler's) was put before us, without warning or explanation, it looked like the most outrageous of the six impossible things the Red Queen had schooled herself to believe by breakfast time. A useful abbreviation,
(Continued on page 189)


Left: Fig. 7. This shows how a unit vector, inclined at an angle $\theta$, is equivalent to $\cos \theta$ $+\mathrm{j} \sin \theta$. But why should it also be equivalent to $\mathrm{e}^{j \theta}$ ? In this example, for simplicity $\theta=1$ radian.

Right: Fig. 8. Here $\mathrm{e}^{\mathrm{j} \theta}$ (for $\theta=1$ ) is plotted term by term in its series and is found to give the same result as $\cos \theta+$ $\mathrm{j} \sin \theta$ (Fig. 7).

perhaps, but quite arbitrary, and indeed unintelligible if considered literally. It was like a rabbit produced from a hat we knew to be empty. But now that we have been standing by the conjuror's side, as it were, examining all the steps leading to the sensational denouement, does it begin to make sense? And if not, can we point to where we lost touch?

Well, I think with a little graph sketching we can make sense of it all the way through.

With Fig. 1 in front of us the meaning of $e$ is pretty clear, and it can even be visualized as an infinite coverging series, in which the first term (1) consists of the original "capital," the next (1) is the $100 \%$ "simple interest" increase in unit time, and the fractional terms give increasingly close approximations to the summit of curve (c), which represents continuous addition of "interest."

The meaning of $e^{x}$ when $x$ is a "real " number (even if it is negative or fractional) imposes no great strain on our credulity, for we are familiar with the fact that every time we raise the power of any number by 1 it means multiplying by that number. If anyone, lacking knowledge of the binomial theorem or faith in it, is dubious about the $e^{x}$ series, he can check it for some easy value of $x$, say 2 or 3 .

It is when $x$ is made " imaginary " that we have to $u$ atch the conjuror very closely. For simplicity let us take as our example $\theta=1$. The mathematical unit of angle is the radian, because that is the angle swept through when the moving end of a vector of unit length travels through unit distance (Fig. 7). Because the whole circumference of a circle is $2 \pi$ times as long as its radius, $360^{\circ}$ equals $2 \pi$ radians, and 1 radian is about $57.3^{\circ}$. Fig. 7 also shows where the sine and cosine of $\theta$ come in, and how the inclined unit vector is equivalent to $\cos \theta+j \sin \theta, j$ being (for the reason already noted) the standard instructions to reckon upwards instead of along to the right. Now let us follow the instructions given by the series for $\cos x, x$ being $=1$ : $\cos 1=1-\frac{1}{2}+\frac{1}{24}-{ }_{7 \frac{1}{2} 0}$, etc.
That is to say, from the zero point in Fig. 7 move one unit of distance to the right along the
horizontal axis, then back $\frac{1}{2}$, then forward $\frac{1}{24}$, and so on. Very soon we find ourselves settling down at the point we had already found by dropping the dotted vertical from the tip of the vector.

To do the same for $j \sin \theta$ we must obviously prefix every term in the series by $j$, which means that all our distances are measured up and down instead of along. When we have finished doing so, the net result is the dotted line.

And so, by making use of the series forms of $\cos x$ and $j \sin x$, instead of looking up the values in tables in the usual way, our two-part iourney takes us from zero to the upper tip of the inclined vector and thereby is vectorially equivatent to that vector itself.

Obviously this result would equally be achieved if we moved as instructed by $\cos \theta$ and, $\sin \theta$ terms alternately; i.e., 1 to the right, 1 up, $\frac{1}{2}$ to the left, $\frac{1}{6}$ down, $2^{\frac{1}{4}}$ to the right, $\frac{13}{13}$ up, $7 \frac{1}{2} \sigma$ to the reft, and so on, as in Fig. 8. At the end-theoretically never reached, but with an ordinary sized pencil point reached in about six steps-we find ourselves 1 unit of distance from the start, inclined at an angle of 1 radian, as before. In carrying out this manoeuvre we were in fact (whether we realized it or not) using as our instructions the series for $e^{x}, x$ being in this case $j \theta$ and the usual meanings given to $j^{2}$, etc., consistent with successive anticlockwise right-angle turns.

Now at last we can see how a power (every " imaginary " power, in fact) of 2.71828 . . can equal 1. Because the expansion of $\mathrm{e}^{x}$ into a series, when $x$ is " imaginary," involved periodical appearances of $j$, and these must be interpreted as instructions to move vertically, the length 2.71828 . . . is traversed in a sort of squarish snail-shell manner, and by a remarkable coincidence always lands us 1 unit of distance from the starting point, whatever the value of $\theta$. By another remarkable coincidence our net angular movement is always equal to $\theta$. It would be a good idea to try a few other values for $\theta$. For instance, $\theta=2$, as in Fig. 9. Note that this time the total


Fig. 9. This is the same as Fig. 8 except that $\theta=2$.

$\sin (A+B)$, etc. The value of the exponential form ( $e^{j(A+B)}$ ) in enabling one to use the adding-indices-for-multiplication law is particularly marked here. By now, in fact, I hope I may be allowed to take the usefulness of e as established. And I hope that any readers who, like me, tended to regard algebra, trigonometry, vectors, logarithms, etc., as separate subjects, pervaded by mysteries such as $\mathrm{e}^{j x}$ apparently decreed arbitrarily by remote mathematical high-ups, will find this unattractive vista of things that just had to be learnt giving place to a beautiful interlocking design, formed naturally by just following a few simple laws wherever they may lead.

Here, to end, is one final and very simple example. We have already seen, by expanding the terms into series, that $\cos x+j \sin x=\mathrm{e}^{j x}$. Multiplying $x$
distance to be covered is considerably greater; actually, of course, $\mathrm{e}^{2}$, which is about 7.39.

By now we ought to be able to visualize not only $\mathrm{e}^{j \theta}$ or $\mathrm{e}^{j x}$ as a piece of still life but, having taken several successive values of $x$, see how a steadily increasing $x$ represents a steadily rotating vector. That is why books on a.c. are full of $\mathrm{e}^{j \omega t}$. A frequency $f$ means $f$ cycles (or complete revolutions) per second, or $2 \pi f(=\omega)$ radians per second; so $\omega t$ is the angle turned through in time $t$, and since time progresses steadily so does the angle. Therefore $\mathrm{e}^{j \omega t}$ signifies a unit vector rotating steadily at $f$ r.p.s. And $\mathrm{Ve}^{j \omega t}$ means an alternating voltage $v$ of the same frequency, and peak value $V$. An impedance (operator) $\mathbf{Z}$ of magnitude $Z$ and phase angle $\phi$ can similarly be expressed as $\mathrm{Ze}^{j \phi}$. Since the current $i=v / Z$, it is $\mathrm{Ve}^{j \omega t} / \mathrm{Ze}^{j \phi}$, and by the usual rule for indices this is $\mathrm{Ve}^{j(\omega t-\phi)} / \mathrm{Z}$. (To save the printer it is sometimes written $V \exp [j(\omega t-\phi)] / Z$.) This indicates that the phase angle of the current is less than that of the voltage; in other words, the current lags behind the voltage. Whenever vector quantities have to be multiplied and divided then, this $\mathrm{e}^{j x}$ form is very convenient.

It is also very convenient for working out all those standard trigonometrical formulae we usually have to look up in a book. We have already seen (in Figs. 8 and 9) that $\cos 1+j \sin 1=\mathrm{e}^{j 1}$, and $\cos 2+j \sin$ $2=\mathrm{e}^{j 2}$, and by the usual law for indices the latter is equal to $\left(\mathrm{e}^{j 1}\right)^{2}$ and therefore to $(\cos 1+j \sin 1)^{2}$. This is true in general, i.e.,
$\cos n x+j \sin n x=\mathrm{e}^{j n x}=(\cos x+j \sin x)^{n}$
That, by the way, is known as de Moivre's theorem. Suppose we have forgotten the formulae for $\sin 2 x$ and $\cos 2 x$ in terms of $\sin x$ and $\cos x$. Using this theorem, we put
$\cos 2 x+j \sin 2 x=(\cos x+j \sin x)^{2}$
and multiply out the right hand side to give $\cos ^{2} x-\sin ^{2} x+j 2 \cos x \sin x$
As I said before, the real and imaginary parts never mix, so we can equate them separately and get $\cos 2 x=\cos ^{2} x-\sin ^{2} x=2 \cos ^{2} x-1$
$\sin 2 x=2 \cos x \sin x$
(I've done this in " $x$ " so as not to puzzle the unsophisticated by introducing too many different symbols for angles, but for some reason unknown to me the books usually use A for any one angle and B for any other.) Perhaps you would like to practise the same technique to rediscover the formulae for
by -1 , we get $\cos (-x)+j \sin (-x)=\cos x-$ $j \sin x=\mathrm{e}^{-j x}$.
Adding these two together and dividing by 2 :

$$
\cos x=\frac{\mathrm{e}^{j x}+\mathrm{e}^{-j x}}{2}
$$

and by subtracting:

$$
\sin x=\frac{\mathrm{e}^{j x}-\mathrm{e}^{-j x}}{2 j}
$$

These open up new prospects which we have no time to explore just now. The relevant point is that here again we have rather surprising results, and although they are derived from the $\mathrm{e}^{j x}$ equation by very simple and entirely lawful means, we may be excused if we feel we have to accept them by faith rather than by sight. However, sight also can be granted very easily by means of our vector diagrams. If, as in the right-hand part of Fig. 10, we add a e ${ }^{-j \theta}$ vector to the $e^{j}{ }^{\text {ovector }}$ of Fig. 7 (" completing the parallelogram '") we clearly get $2 \cos \theta$. So the answer for cos $\theta$ could hardly be more obvious! On the other hand, if we subtract $\mathrm{e}^{-\mathrm{s} \theta}$ (i.e., produce it in the opposite direction as $-\mathrm{e}^{-j_{\theta}}$ ) the answer is almost equally obvious. I can hardly believe that this demonstration is not in lots of books, but it is evidently not in nearly enough of them, because I have never seen it in any.

## Television Sociefy Awards

PREMIUMS for papers read at the Television Society's London meetings in 1958/59 have been awarded to the following: K. H. Smith, of A.E.I., receives the Wireless World premium for his paper "Design of Experimental Tuners for Bands IV and V Receivers "; E. Ribchester (G.E.C. Research Laboratories, Wembley), the E.M.I. premium for "Experimental Colour Receiver: Setting up and Adjustment"; D. Ingman (Young and Rubicam) the Electronic Engineering premium for "Advertising in Relation to Television "; Br Marsden (Associated Television) the Pye premium for "Master Control Room Techniques" and C. Grant-Dixon (British Amateur Television Club) the Mervyn pemium for "The Present Position in Amateur Television." The Mullard premium goes to Dr. K. Schlesinger (General Electric Co., New York) for his paper "A New Electron Gun with Low Drive Signals" published in the Society's fournal. For his colour television receiver exhibited at the Society's 1959 Exhibition, John Ware receives the T.C.C. premium.


Simple Wheatstone Bridge

The bridge unit and decade resistance box.

By H. B. DENT

Making an Inexpensive Resistance Measuring Set with a Potentially High Order of Accuracy

FOR some time past the writer has felt the need for means of measuring resistance with greater precision than that provided by the popular type of ohmmeter, but since the need was not pressing it was decided to try to make a reasonably high grade piece of apparatus without the expenditure of too much money.

Reviewing the various means of measuring resistance it was felt that a Wheatstone bridge would probably be the best for this purpose as it seemed to be the easiest to construct with the very limited resources available at the time. Actually apart from a few precision resistors and a meter or two there was little else that seemed likely to be of any use in making and calibrating a bridge. There was a quantity of Eureka resistance wire in assorted gauges so this decided the use of wircwound resistors throughout.

The prospect of producing anything in the nature of precision measuring equipment seemed very remote at first, but as more thought was given to the matter it seemed likely that a reasonably satisfactory piece of equipment might conceivably emerge, with a little care and some patience, which would be capable of measuring resistance from a fraction of an ohm up to $10 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ or possibly $100 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ with an accuracy better than $1 \%$ over most of this range.

The Wheatstone bridge is possibly one of the oldest systems for measuring resistance and it forms the basis of many modern impedance-measuring bridges. The versatility of the Wheatstone bridge cannot be denied, yet it is a simple piece of apparatus and this was a deciding factor in the decision to make up a bridge of this kind. Basically it consists of four resistance arms arranged symmetrically as in Fig. 1, with a constant voltage applied across one diagonal and a sensitive meter, such as a milliammeter or preferably a microammeter, connected across the other diagonal. The bridge is said to be balanced when no current flows through the meter and this condition obtains when $R_{1} / R_{2}=R_{3} / R_{4}$. Now if $\mathrm{R}_{3}$ (usually denoted by $x$ ) is the unknown resistance to be measured, or adjusted, $x=\left(\mathbf{R}_{1} / \mathbf{R}_{2}\right) \mathbf{R}_{4}$.

Since only the ratio of $\mathrm{R}_{1}$ and $\mathrm{R}_{2}$ need be knowntheir exact values are unimportant-it is only necessary to know the exact resistance of $\mathbf{R}_{4}$ to
determine the value of the unknown resistance $x$. By using a calibrated resistance for $R_{4}$, such as a decade resistance box, quite a wide r inge of resistance can be measured and adjusted with a fixed ratio $R_{1} / \mathbf{R}_{2}$. But if these two, generally called the ratio arms of the bridge, can be changed to two or three accurately known ratios, then the usefu.ness of the bridge is considerably extended, even with quite a modest range of resistance at $R_{4}$. Decade ratios are the most convenient for $R_{1} / R_{2}$ as, with the bridge balanced, $R_{1}$ has only to be multiplied by the ratio in use to determine $R_{3}$. By arranging $R_{1} / R_{2}$ to be $\frac{1}{10}$ or ${ }_{1}^{13}$, resistance can be measured at $\mathbf{R}_{3}$ which is $\frac{1}{1_{0}}$ or $\mathrm{I}^{\frac{3}{3}} \mathrm{t}$ of the resistance provided by $\mathrm{R}_{4}$. However it is not essential to introduce switching into the ratio arms because by merely changing over $R_{3}$ and $R_{4}$ the $R_{1} / R_{2}$ ratio, which hitherto provided a multiplying factor for the calibrated box, now provides a dividing factor of the same order.

A lot of the preliminary work entailed in making the bridge


Fig. I. Basic circuit of the Wheatstone bridge. could have been avoided by purchasing precision resistors for the ratio arms $R_{1}$ and $R_{2}$, and a few assorted precision resistors, for the purpose of calibrating a resistance of one kind or another for use at $\mathbf{R}_{4}$. As it was particularly desirable to keep expenditure as low as possible it was decided to make do with the available parts, among which were precision resistors of $10 \Omega$ and $100 \Omega$.

It was decided to make a decade resistance box for $\mathrm{R}_{4}$, but not to incorporate it in the bridge, as it would also be useful for other purposes; likewise the meter was not included. Terminals would be used for connecting in these external items. Stripped of these items very little remains of the bridge, only $R_{1}$ and $R_{2}$, the ratio-arm switch, battery and its switch and six terminals are all that comprise the
bridge unit, so even if it is used only very occasionally nothing of any value is permanently tied up (and so made unavailable for other purposes).

Three decades of resistance one each of $1-\Omega$, $10-\Omega$ and $100-\Omega$ steps were decided on for $R_{4}$. With $R_{1} / R_{2}$ ratios of 1 to 1 and 10 to 1 only, resistance of from $0.1 \Omega$ (theoretically) to $11.1 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ can be measured on the bridge with the above three decades. Measurements to $0.1 \Omega 2$ have been made, the widest tolerance being $2 \%$ in a $1.5-\Omega$ resistor (home bridge value) compared with a laboratory standard, but with one of $19.9 \Omega$ the accuracy was $0.2 \%$, the same close agreement being achieved with a home-made (and adjusted) $100-\Omega$ resistor. All these were, of course, wirewound.

Construction of the Bridge Unit.-The first step in the construction of the bridge unit was to make two very closely matched resistors for the ratio arms $R_{1}$ and $R_{2}$. This was effected by using a 52-in length of


Fig. 2. Resistors $R_{1}$ and $R_{2}$ constitute a ratio arm, their exact values need not be known. No. 36 s.w.g. double-silk covered Eureka resistance wire with the exact centre connected to the point A in Fig. 2 and the two outer ends to $B$ and $C$ respectively. The two sections can be wound, for convenience in handling, on a rod or strip of insulating material such as shown in Fig. 3. The temporary bridge (Fig. 2) comprised a 1.5 -volt dry cell, resistor $\mathrm{R}_{5}$ of $33 \Omega$, a press-to-make single-pole switch $S_{1}$ and six terminals, two each for the meter, standard resistor $\mathrm{R}_{4}$ and $\mathrm{R}_{3}$ the resistor to be adjusted or measured. The resistor $\mathrm{R}_{5}$ was included to limit the current through the bridge to a reasonable value, and, of course, $R_{1}$ and $R_{2}$.

Ideally the balancing indicating meter should be a centre-zero type milliammeter or microammeter, but quite satisfactory results can be obtained with an ordinary $0-1 \mathrm{~mA}$ meter with its pointer off-set slightly from the normal zero position. The usual "zero adjuster" should allow sufficient movement of the pointer. The writer used a meter of this kind for making the bridge described here.

The reason for using a 52 -in length of No. 36 s.w.g. Eureka wire is that each half (26in) is approximately $10 \Omega$ and a bridge of this kind is most sensitive to small differences in any of its four arms when all four resistances are of equal value, or very nearly so. It was thought undesirable to assume that the measured lengths of wire for $R_{1}$ and $R_{2}$ provided two resistors of exactly the same resistance, although the resistances would be close enough to satisfy many requirements in a bridge of this kind. The aim was to achieve the highest possible accuracy throughout. So two new resistors of known close match were made. For this purpose a $10-\Omega$ standard was used in the $\mathbf{R}_{\mathbf{4}}$-position and a 26 -in length of No. 36 s.w.g. Eureka connected to the $x$ terminals.

With the polarities of battery and meter shown in Fig. 2 the pointer of the meter will probably move $u p$ the scale when d.c. is fed to the bridge by closing
switch $S_{1}$. This direction of movement would indicate that the resistance of $x$ is higher in value than $\mathrm{R}_{4}$ and it should be progressively shortened until a perfect balance is achieved. The conditions obtaining are now that $\mathrm{R}_{1} / \mathrm{R}_{2}=x / \mathrm{R}_{4}$. If $\mathrm{R}_{1}$ exactly equals $\mathrm{R}_{2}, x$ would equal $\mathrm{R}_{4}$, but the assumption that $R_{1}=R_{2}$ is only based on measurement of the length of the wire in each, it has not been verified by any test so $x$ might or might not exactly equal $\mathrm{R}_{4}$.

The measured length of wire at $x$ can be removed and wound on a former like Fig. 3 but with only two wire pigtails, one at each end. Those used by the writer for the $10-\Omega$ resistors, and for this one also, were strips (often called cards) of Paxolin $\frac{7}{8}$ in long, $\frac{1}{4}$ in wide and $\frac{1}{5 \pi}$ in thick. A winding length of $\frac{1}{2}$ in between end pigtails is ample. When winding on the wire care must be taken to ensure that the exact length of wire found to give the required resistance (the amount that was finally between the two terminals $x$ on the bridge) is wound on the card. The excess, or part of it, can be used to twist round the end pigtails. Only one end of the resistance wire should be soldered to its pigtail at this stage, the other not being soldered until a further check has been made on the bridge and any final adjustment effected.

Another resistor exactly like the one just described is also required, these two are to replace the temporary $\mathrm{R}_{1}$ and $\mathrm{R}_{2}$ resistors in the bridge as they have now served their purpose. The two new resistors may not be exactly $10 \Omega$ each, but if they have been carefully made they will be of equal resistance. Close matching of these two resistors is a vital factor in the bridge as the final overall accuracy depends entirely on the matching of these two resistors at this stage.

It will be useful to remember when adjusting resistors wound with No. 36 s.w.g. Eureka wire that a $\frac{1}{4}$-in length measures approximately $0.1 \Omega$. Contact resistance at the $x$ - and $\mathrm{R}_{4}$-terminals can affect the accuracy of adjustment of these resistors (and all subsequent ones) so terminals must be screwed down securely. Likewise, similar precautions to keep contact resistance down to the minimum must be


Fig. 3. Suggested method of constructing $R_{1}$ and $R_{2}$. taken throughout the bridge circuit; No. 18, s.w.g.tinned copper wire, or heavier gauge if available, should be used and all soldered joints must be good ones, no "dry" joints!

The two accurately matched resistors can now replace the temporary centretapped length of wire forming $\mathrm{R}_{1}$ and $\mathrm{R}_{2}$ and, with the bridge (still only in temporary form at this stage) now in a more satisfactory form for accurate measurement, attention can be turned to making up one of the resistance decades. A finalized form of the bridge cannot be made at this stage as $R_{1}$ and $R_{2}$ are still only "temporary" resistors. The final $\mathbf{R}_{1}$ and $\mathbf{R}_{2}$ have to be as close as possible to $10 \Omega$ and it is also required to provide one of $100 \Omega$ to make $\mathrm{R}_{1}$ into a two-ratio arm as shown in Fig. 4.

If a $100-\Omega$ standard is available it could be used
for the multiplier, or a $100-\Omega$ resistor made up using the $100-\Omega$ standard in $\mathrm{R}_{4}$ position of the bridge. For the present purpose it will be assumed that a $100-\Omega$ standard is not available and while one could have been used in making the author's version of the bridge the temptation to use it was resisted primarily in order to explore the


Fig. 4. By switching $R_{1}$ two or more ratios $R_{1} / R_{2}$ con be provided. possibilities of constructing the equipment with only the one $10-\Omega$ standard as the yardstick.

In all 12 resistors of exactly $10 \Omega$ are required and each can be made in the same way as already described for the latest $R_{1}$ and $\mathrm{R}_{2}$ resistors. With $\mathrm{R}_{1}$ now equal to $R_{2}$ the new resistors will be exactly equal to $\mathrm{R}_{4}$, $10 \Omega$ with an accuracy which, if sufficient care is taken in adjustment, to about the same order as that of the standard. These are all wound on Paxolin cards as used for $\mathrm{R}_{1}$ and $\mathrm{R}_{2}$. When completed they can be "doped" with any good impregnating varnish, or shellac varnish which was the writer's choice.

Shellac varnish may be a little old fashioned but it is reasonably easy to obtain, or rather to make, since it consists only of flake shellac dissolved in methylated spirit.

The ten $10-\Omega$ resistors can now be assembled on a single-pole 11 -way rotary switch as shown in Fig. 5 and in the illustration of the finished box. A 12 -way switch was actually used as an 11-way was not readily obtainable. They were small switches measuring only $1 \frac{1}{4}$ in in diameter, but any kind will serve. With the small switches used by the writer the three decades are housed in a box $8 \mathrm{in} . \times 3 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in} . \times$ $3 \frac{1}{2}$ in made of $\frac{3}{8}$-in thick oak with a $\frac{1}{16}$-in thick aluminium top plate on which the switches and terminals are mounted. Home-made scales, $0-10$ for each decade, are marked on drawing paper and glued to the aluminium top plate of the box with "Durofix." If professionally made scales can be obtained with the switches they might be preferable, but the size of the box will then have to be adjusted to suit the scales. Likewise the small pointers on the knobs are home made, being cut from thin sheet brass and fixed to the underside of the knobs with 8BA screws, the knobs being drilled and tapped for the purpose. Knobs with pointers are however obtainable.

This $10-\Omega$ decade with all 10 resistors in series was used as the standard for making the $100-\Omega$ units for the $100-\Omega$ decade. Eleven resistors are required, one for the multiplier in the bridge unit and 10 for the decade. Each $100-\Omega$ resistor requires about 68 in of No. 42 s.w.g. (d.s.c.)

Eureka resistance wire. Since the resistance of different batches of wire may vary slightly for a given length a start can be made with 70 in, later cut down to what is found to be the optimum for the wire used. The Paxolin cards on which these are wound measure 1 in long, $\frac{3}{8}$ in wide and $\frac{1}{3} \frac{1}{2}$ in thick with wire pigtails at each end leaving a winding length in the centre of $\frac{5}{8} \mathrm{in}$. Procedure for making them is the same as for the $10-\Omega$ resistors, but the fine gauge wire needs careful handling. For the record, No. 42 s.w.g. Eureka measures 0.672 in (nominal) per ohm, so for a $0.5 \%$ resistance tolerance the length of wire on each resistor must be within 0.34 in of the optimum length.

If the constructor has not had previous experience in making wire-wound resistors of this kind and to such close tolerances, a few early failures must be expected, but they should not be discouraging. It is essential for each unit to be as accurate as it is possible to make it.

The next iob is to make the decade of $1-\Omega$ units, but before embarking on this the bridge unit has to be put into correct form. Sufficient parts have now been acquired to justify making a final version of the unit. If the $10 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ limit is acceptable the circuit arrangement of Fig. 4 will suffice, but if it is required to carry the measurements up to looks then a third multiplier must be added. Another switch could be embodied to switch $\mathrm{R}_{2}$ from $10 \Omega$ to $1 \Omega$ but the writer pre-


Fig. 5. Schematic arrangement of the completed $10-\Omega$ decade. ferred to switch $R_{1}$ only using a single-pole three-way switch for $S_{2}$ and fit a $1,000-\Omega$ multiplier to give a 100 to 1 ratio. The $1,000-\Omega$ multiplier will be dealt with later.

As the lowest resistance standard available was $10 \Omega$, adjustment of the $1-\Omega$ resistors on the bridge required a $R_{1} / R_{2}$ ratio of $\frac{1}{10}$ and as explained earlier this can be achieved by changing over the positions of $x$ and the standard $\mathrm{R}_{4}$. The final version of the bridge takes the form shown in Fig. 6, with the various parts assembled on a small aluminium


The three resistance decades mounted on the underside of the aluminium top panel of its box.


Underside view of the bridge unit.
chassis, or on the top plate of a box of suitable size and depth. How the bridge unit is made is of little consequence provided the precautions mentioned earlier are taken in its construction.

Now with the $10-\Omega$ standard connected to the $x$-terminals of the bridge, the ratio switch $S_{2}$ set to $\times 10$ (effectively $\times \frac{1}{10}$ ), for the $1-\Omega$ resistors a start can be made with 1 lin of No. 28 s.w.g. Eureka (d.s.c.) wire, connected to $\mathrm{R}_{4}$ terminals. The procedure for adjusting them follows the same general lines as for the $10-82$ and $100-\Omega 2$ resistors. The card on which they

fig. 6. Circuit of the complete bridge unit. are wound can be the same size and type as that for the $10-\Omega$ resistors ( $\frac{7}{8}$ in $\times \frac{1}{4}$ in $\times$ $3_{3^{1}}^{2}$ in) and with a $\frac{3}{8}$-in winding space between the end wire pigtail connections. It is doubtful if an accuracy better than 2\% to 3\% can be achieved with the $1-\Omega$ resistors using the method described here. Extra special care must be taken to keep terminal and switch contact resistance down to the absolute minimum otherwise quite large errors in adjustment of the resistance will be inevitable.

The $1,000-\Omega$ resistor used by the writer for the $\times 100$ multiplier position of $\mathrm{R}_{1}$ Fig. 6, was wound random-wise on a small bobbin using No. 42 s.w.g. (d.s.c.) Eureka resistance wirc. The bobbin con-


Fig. 7. Details of the babbin for the $1,000-\Omega$ ratio-arm resistor in Fig. 6.
sisted of two end cheeks $\frac{3 i n}{4}$ square and $\frac{1}{16}$ in thick separated by a centre boss $\frac{1}{8}$ in long cut from a piece of $\frac{1}{4}$ in diameter Paxolin rod. A plastic knitting needle would serve just as well. All three are clamped together by a 6BA nut and screw, the latter $\xi$ in long; the projecting part of the screw being used to secure the bobbin to the bridge chassis. A small hole was drilled for the beginning of the winding as shown in Fig. 7(b). There are several ways of providing re-inforcement for the lead-out wires when very fine wire, such as No. 42 s.w.g., is wound on a bobbin. One is to fold the wire lengthwise two or three times, twist the strands together and wind one or two turns of the reinforced part round the centre of the bobbin; another is to solder the fine wire to a heavier gauge of wire (copper wire) and also wind one or two turns of it round the centre boss. The writer favours the second mentioned method, but it is inclined to make the winding a little uneven. Very thin insulating paper, or something equivalent, must be wrapped over the soldered joint and corro-sive-type fluxes must be avoided at all costs.

For $1,000 \mathrm{~S}$ about 19 yards of No. 42 s.w.g. (d.s.c.) Eureka resistance wire is required, but as it is awkward to measure without getting the wire into a hopeless tangle (Eureka is a " springy" type of wire) it is best to take a chance and wind on 550 turns; an ordinary hand drill can be used if a winding machine is not available.

The whole of the $100-\Omega$ decade was used as the " standard" for adjusting the $1,000-\Omega 2$ resistor, the decade box having previously been assembled with its three decade switches and resistors and wired up as shown in Fig. 8.

It is often difficult to know wiere to obtain small quantities of wire and other items for home construction of apparatus. Eureka resistance wire in small quantities is obtainable from Post Radio Supplies, 33 Bourne Gardens, London, E.4. One ounce of No. 42 s.w.g. (bare) Eureka wire has a resistance of $23,013 \Omega$ so even allowing generously for waste half an ounce of this fine gauge wire would suffice, assuming such a small quantity is procurable. The larger sizes of wire are not so expensive so that discriminating purchase is not so important.

Most of the firms advertising components in this journal will be able to supply the switches, but the Paxolin sheet may be more difficult to obtain. The writer found some in one of the shops dealing largely in disposal equipment and materials, but there is no reason why one of the several brands of plastic sheet
(Continued on page 195)


Fig. 8. Schematic arrangement of the completed three resistance decades.
sold for domestic uses should not be used. The only qualities required are toughness and good insulation to d.c. and if the decade box is ever to be used for a.f.
purposes, good insulation to frequencies up to say $20 \mathrm{kc} / \mathrm{s}$, but as the resistors are not non-inductively wound the accuracy at a.f. might be questionable.

## Commercial Literature

High Stability Resistors of the carbon film type. Ratings of $\frac{1}{4} \mathrm{~W}, \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{~W}, \frac{3}{4} \mathrm{~W}$ and 1 W with tolerances of $\pm 1 \%$ and $\frac{1}{4} \mathrm{~W}$ rating with tolerance of $\pm 5 \%$. Details and price list in leaflets from Standard Telephones and Cables, Edinburgh Way, Harlow, Essex. Also a brochure on Silicon Rectifier Stacks consisting of silicon junction rectifiers mounted in cooling fins.
Rare Earth Products, in the form of pure oxides and metals, are now available from Johnson Matthey in larger quantities and at lower prices ( 15 elements from lanthanum, atomic number 57, to lutetium, atomic number 71). Booklet describing their properties from the firm at 73-83 Hatton Garden, London, E.C.I.
Mobile H.F Station for communications in the range $2-$ $22 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$ with an output of 350 watts p.e.p. Can be installed in a 1 -ton truck and will give voice communication up to 70 miles (as well as telegraphy). Specification in a booklet from Marconi's Wireless Telegraph Company, Chelmsford, Essex.
R.F. Beam Tetrode, for power amplification up to $100 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$, high-speed pen recorders, and frame defiection for $110^{\circ}$ c.r. tubes are three of the subjects dealt with in the November, 1959, "Radio \& Electronics Review," a quarterly survey of products from A.E.I. (Woolwich), 155 Charing Cross Road, London, W.C. 2 Also a leaflet on new Transistors-high-speed switching, high-voltage power and audio power output types.
Reflex Speaker Columns, suitable for stereo because of their small floor area of $17 \mathrm{in} \times 10 \mathrm{in}$. Also other speaker enclosures and equipment cabinets in an illustrated leaflet from Record Housing, N. \& S.B. Field and Company, Brook Road, London, N. 22.

Radar Developments.-A well produced and copiously illustrated booklet "The First Ten Years of Decca Radar" describing some of the important contributions to modern radar technique made by this company during the period 1949-59. From Decca Radar, Albert Embankment, London, S.E. 11 .

Switches and Signal Lamps.-A 60-page catalogue lists the complete range of products and contains blueprint diagrams with dimensions, etc., while an abridged 16 -page catalogue lists the whole range without blueprints. From Arcolectric (Switches), Central Avenue, West Molesey, Surrey.

Components and Accessories, including aerials, receivers and sound reproduction equipment; a 1960 comprehensive illustrated catalogue of 127 pages listing the complete range from Home Radio (Mitcham), 187 London Road, Mitcham, Surrey; price 2 s 9 d including postage.

Crystal Marker Oscillator, a small transistorized unit weighing only $5 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{oz}$, including battery, is now available for a wider range of frequencies, from $500 \mathrm{kc} / \mathrm{s}$ to $20 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$. Frequency stability on load is better than $0.01 \%$. Leaflet from Labgear, Willow Place, Cambridge.
Electronic Stroboscopes, vibration measuring instruments, sound level and noise meters and analysers, and dynamic balancing equipments. Brief technical, details in tabulated form on illustrated "summary leaflets" from Dawe Instruments, 99 Uxbridge Road, Ealing, London, W.5.

## CIUB NEWS

Birmingham.-A $160-\mathrm{m}$ mobile rally at Lickey Beacon, Rednal, is being organized by the South Birmingham Radio Society on April 3rd at 10,30 , At the monthly club meeting on the 21 st at the Friends Meeting House, 220 Moseley Road, T. R. Smith (G3BMN) and R. D. Franklin (G3ITH) will give a lecture on two-metre operation.

The month's meetings of the Midland Amateur Radio Society include a talk by Brigadier F. Jones on the G.P.O. subscriber trunk dialling system (7th); a talk entitled "Radio pictures of the sky" by K. Stevens, who has constructed nis own radio telescope (19th); and a mobile rally (24th). The rally is being organized iointly with the Stoke Radio Society and will be held at the Trentham Gardens, Stoke-on-Trent.

Bradford.-D. G. Enoch (G3KLZ) will give a lecture on the development of television at the meeting of the Bradford Amateur Radio Society on April 26th. Meetings are held at 7.45 at Cambridge House, 66 Little Horton Lane.

Doncaster.-The South Yorkshire Amateur Radio Society meets on the 2nd Tuesday and 4th Thursday of each month at 8.0 at the Stag Inn, Dockin Hill Road. On April 12th there will be a general discussion on aerial systems and on the 28th W. Farrar (G3ESP), secretary of the Society, will discuss the radio amateur examination.

Leeds.-The theme of the meeting of the Leeds Amateur Radio Society on April 6th will be the radio control of models. The meeting will be held at 7.45 at the Swarthmore Education Centre, 4 Woodhouse Square.

Reading.-A lecture demonstration will be given to members of the Calcot Radio Society by a representative of Truvox on April 21 st at 7.45 at St. Birinus Church Hall, Calcot.

India.-The secretary of the recently formed Electronics Club, Trivandrum, S. India, has asked for back numbers of radio journals, His address is:-C. Pereira, The Electronics Club, Trivandrum, S. India.

# Thermoplastic Recording 

NEW SYSTEM WITH HIGH INFORMATION DENSITY AND HIGH PROCESSING SPEED

SIGNALS are recorded in the form of deformations of the surface of a special transparent tape in a new system developed by Dr. W. E. Glenn of the General Electric Company of America and described by him in the fournal of Applied Physics for December, 1959 (p. 1870).
In this system the tape is made up of three layers: a high melting point base similar to that used for


Thermoplastic recorder (G. E. of America).
ordinary cinematograph film, an electrically conducting coating on top of the base, and a thin film of thermoplastic material on top of the conducting coating. The signal to be recorded is used to modulate the intensity of a fine electron beam in a vacuum so as to lay down a pattern of charges of variable density on the surface of the thermoplastic. The thermoplastic is then heated until it softens. The attraction between the surface charges and the conducting film then deforms the surface of the thermoplastic until equilibrium is reached between the surface-tension restoring forces produced by the deformations and the electrostatic deforming forces. Recorded deformations can be erased by heating the thermoplastic well above its melting point which also makes it conducting. This disperses the charges on the thermoplastic surface and surface-tension forces then resmooth this surface. R.f. heating can
be used to erase, and local erasure in an area as small as a few mils square can then be made possible by confining the r.f. fields.

The recording tape is wound on and off spools as in an ordinary tape recorder. After the charges are laid down in a television-like raster by the electron gun, the tape passes over an r.f. heater. This induces currents in the conducting coating which heat the top surface layer of the tape for about the 10 msec necessary to give the thermoplastic plenty of time to deform. After the tape has passed beyond the r.f. heater, the top layer of the tape then cools and the deformations are frozen in. The whole apparatus is continuously evacuated down to a pressure of about 0.1 microns.

One advantage of this recording system is that colour and black and white video signals can be recorded in such a way as to permit immediate visual reproduction by optical means. To permit such reproduction in colour, each signal is recorded in the form of four parallel deformations making up a small diffraction grating, and an optical system described by Dr. W. E. Glenn on p. 841 of the November, 1958, issue of the fournal of the American Optical Society is used. In this system, the light from a number of equally-spaced line sources is focused by a lens through the recording tape on to a number of equally-spaced opaque bars parallel to the line sources: any light which should happen to pass between the opaque bars is in turn focused by a second lens on to a viewing screen. Any grating deformations recorded on the tape will then diffract the light between the opaque bars through the second lens and on to the screen to form an image whose position corresponds to the position of the grating deformation and whose brightness cor-


Example of high information density thermoplastic recording. If the light and dark squares are taken to represent 0 and 1 on the binary number system, the recorded informotion density is $4 \times 10^{7}$ bits per square inch.

responds to the amplitude of the deformations in the grating. The spaces between the opaque bars are made so small that they let through only one diffracted colour, the wavelength of this colour being determined by the spacing between adjacent deformations in the grating. By superimposing several grating deformations, a coloured image can thus be built up. To build up such images it is convenient to use one fixed and one variable colour rather than a three-colour system. Each grating is then recorded by means of a beam
which is split in one plane into a number of equallyspaced side-by-side beamlets. The splitting is carried out by means of an extra grid between the normal accelerating anode and the tape, this grid being made slightly positive with respect to the anode. The exact potential difference between the splitter grid and the anode then determines the spacing between adjacent parts of the split beam, and thus also the spacing between adjacent deformations in the recorded grating, and thus in turn the reproduced colour. Black and white images can be obtained by broadening the line ssurces and enlarging the spaces between the opaque bars until the full range of visible light wavelengths is let through: the recording being then made in single lines. Electrical reproduction of recorded signals by means of normal flying-spot scanning techniques is also possible.
Another advantage of this system is that recordings can be made with a very high information density, values as high as $4 \times 10^{7}$ bits per square inch having been achieved. Video recordings have been made on a $0 \cdot 1$-in wide track with the tape running at only $5 \mathrm{in} / \mathrm{sec}$; this may be compared with effective tape speeds of at least several hundred in/ sec necessary with ordinary magnetic tape for video recording.

# Frequency Allocation Problem 

Computation Methods Used in Trying to Solve America's Growing Navaid Congestion

By MICHAEL LORANT

THE U.S. National Bureau of Standards, at the request of the Federal Aviation Agency of the United States, is studying automatic computation methods for determining the best possible operating frequencies for radio transmitters used as "road markers" on air lanes. A network of such transmitters marks routes between cities by sending out signals which assist pilots in flying a straight-line course. The rapid expansion of commercial and military air operations makes it necessary to add a substantial number of new transmitters to this network each year. The locations of these transmitters are determined by technical and economic considerations. However, the choice of carrier frequencies constitutes a surprisingly difficult problem. Efforts to solve this problem are being carried out by L. Joel, G. M. Galler, and A. J. Goldman of the Bureau's Applied Mathematics Division.
The difficulties of frequency selection stem from the fact that transmitters with identical or neighbouring carrier frequencies must be spaced widely enough to prevent signal interferences. Furthermore, this must be accomplished within the scope of 100 discrete frequencies assigned to the F.A.A. However, not only is the "interference radius" of a transmitter large (approximately three times the radius its signal actually serves) but the number of transmitters in existence is already considerable and is increasing rapidly. For these reasons, allocating
a frequency io a new transmitter without introducing any interference requires a laborious examination of many existing transmitters.
Such an allocation may, in fact, be impossible without changing the frequency of one or more existing transmitters. This, in turn, may create new interferences in the system and require alteration of the frequencies of still more transmitters. The insertion of a new transmitter into the network has sometimes required frequency changes at as many as 11 existing transmitters. Such changes are expensive and disturb the smooth operation of the system, since pilots must be informed of and become accustomed to the alterations. An additional requirement introduced into frequency allocation is therefore the limitation of the number of changes.
As the frequencies and transmitters (old and new) are finite in number, there is only a finite number of ways in which frequencies can be allocated throughout the network. This means that in principle the problem could be solved by examining all such net-work-wide allocations, rejecting those which lead to interference, and then selecting from the remainder one which allots the original frequencies to the largest number of existing transmitters. This procedure is impractical because the number of cases to be examined, though finite, is so enormous (exceeding $10^{2100}$ ) that the investigation could not
be carried out in a reasonable time even on the fastest electronic computer. What is needed is a systematic, rather than an exhaustive, procedure.

The Bureau's efforts toward such a procedure can be roughly divided into two categories, which may be called " ad hoc methods" and " model construction." The preliminary direction of the ad hoc activities was suggested by the fact that many new transmitters require changing, at most, one old transmitter. As a temporary aid to the Federal Aviation Agency and an introduction to the general problem, a routine has been devised to make such "easy" frequency allocations when possible.

The major activity in the "model construction" technique has been the examination of a procedure which reduces the frequency allocation problem to the maximization of a sum. Computational methods and computer programming codes, although not immediately applicable in this instance, are available for this general type of problem, and efforts are being made to adapt them for frequency selection.

Ad Hoc Methods. - The computer programme developed on an individual or $a d$ hoc basis first evaluates for each frequency, $f$, the number $n_{f}$, of old transmitters which would be interfered with should $f$ be assigned to the new transmitter. It then notes the identity, $\mathrm{T}_{f}$, of the first such old transmitter (if $n_{f}>0$ ). If $n_{f}=0$ for some frequency, then the new transmitter can simply be given that frequency, $f$. If $n_{f}>1$ for every frequency, then the new transmitter cannot be introduced without changes of at least two old transmitters. If $n_{f}=1$ for some frequency, then the new transmitter and $\mathrm{T}_{f}$ are artificially "interchanged "; that is, $\mathrm{T}_{f}$ is treated as a new transmitter, the (original) new transmitter is treated as an old transmitter with frequency $f$, and the programme is applied to this artificial situation to see whether $\mathrm{T}_{f}$ can be assigned a frequency without any change elsewhere in the system. If this proves possible the routine is completed; if not, it is impossible to assign $f$ to the new transmitter without the changes elsewhere, and so the programme moves on to the next frequency for which $n_{f}=1$.

The computer routine can be extended to examine cases in which more than one old transmitter must undergo a frequency change. However, this provides at best an inefficient approach to the problem, since it is merely an automatic trial-and-error process with no facilities for taking advantage of the special properties of the system that a deeper analysis might uncover.

Model Construction.-In the procedure now being considered as a real solution to the overall problem, a variable $\mathrm{X}_{f \mathrm{~T}}$ is associated with each frequency, $f$, and transmitter, T. $\mathrm{X}_{f T}$ is interpreted as having the value 1 if the frequency is assigned to $T$ and the value 0 if it is not. The requirement of no interference is readily expressed in this notation. If, for example, transmitters 1 and 2 are so close together that they cannot have the same frequency, then the conditions " $\mathrm{X}_{f_{1}}+\mathrm{X}_{f 2} \leqslant 1$ for all $f$ " must be imposed. The equation " $\sum_{j} \mathrm{X}_{j \mathrm{~T}}=1$ for all T " expresses the fact that each transmitter is allocated exactly one frequency. If constants $\mathrm{X}^{\circ}{ }_{f \mathrm{~T}}$ are introduced which take the value 1 or 0 depending upon whether the old transmitter $T$ does or does not have the frequency $f$, then the expression $\sum_{f \mathrm{~T}} \mathrm{X}^{\circ}{ }_{f \mathrm{~T}} \mathrm{X}_{f \mathrm{~T}}$ (where the sum is over old transmitters only) rep-
resents the number of old transmitters left unchanged by the variable allocations denoted by the $\mathrm{X}_{f \mathrm{~T}}$ 's. The variables should therefore be chosen to maximize this sum, subject to the constraints described above.

The maximization of a linear function subject to linear equation and inequality constraints is the typical problem of a fairly new branch of applied mathematics known as " linear programming." Several computational methods and computer codes are already available for the solution of such " linear programmes." However, these standard codes are not usable for the frequency selection problem because their limitations are greatly exceeded by the numbers of variables (about 250,000 ) and constraint conditions (about $1,200,000$ ) involved. Nevertheless, there is reason to believe that this difficulty can eventually be overcome by exploiting the special nature of the constraints to modify the standard linear programming codes.

The result of the research should be a considerable improvement in the rapid and accurate allocation of carrier frequencies to new Federal Aviation Agency transmitters.

## Telephone Hearing Aid

WEARERS of hearing aids experiencing difficulty in using the ordinary P.O. telephone should be interested in a small attachment for the earpiece of the P.O. handset which gives considerable amplification of the received speech.
It is known as the Clarafon and as the illustration shows is the same diameter and shape as the earpiece and is just under $\frac{2}{4}$ in deep.

It operates by magnetic induction, the thick moulded spike on the Clarafon houses a pickup coil and all sound currents flowing through the normal earphone bobbins induce corresponding voltages in the pickup coil by the resultant change in magnetic flux that normally operates the diaphragm. The voltages induced in the Clarafon pickup coil are amplified by three transistors, the amplified output being fed to an ordinary magnet telephone receiver occupying approximately the same position as the original earpiece.

The Clarafon is powered by two self-contained Mallory RM625 batteries, their estimated life being over 1,600 three-minute call periods. It incorporates a volume control and on-off switch, these two controls being the white projections visible on the side of the adaptor. After switching on the unit should be rotated round the earpiece in order to position its pickup coil in the strongest magnetic field. As the unit need not be removed except for replacing batteries re-positioning the pickup arm is only needed very occasionally.

The Clarafon is made by Multitone Electric Co. Ltd., 12-20 Underwood Street, N.1, and the price is £14 14s.

Multitone Clarafon P.O. telephone hearing aid.


## A Brief and Not Too Informalive Discourse on the Subject of

## By JACK DARR*

VOT too long ago, P. P. Eckersley gave us some very sage advice about technical writing. Later, the Editor condescended to hold forth on the subject, together with some pertinent (and impertinent) comments by Mr. Waldron in the correspondence columns. Now that these capable and competent gentlemen have chopped down the tree, may I gather up a few chips for firewood? Just in case they missed anything let's briefly discuss some of the salient facts about the gentle art of technical writing, methods which they might have overlooked.
Really, there are a frightful lot of things that a good technical article must be: factual, informative, clear, educational (and brief: Editor). It should contain the maximum of information (in the minimum of words: Ed.) and must be authenticated most unimpeachably by numerous experiments. It must also be illustrated by numerous pictures. (Good sharp photos, please, and do send the negatives! Ed.) [I say, do you seem to hear a voice in the background? I seem to be getting a bit of interference from somewhere. Tropospheric skip, probably.]

## Know Your Reader

The main object of all technical papers is the imparting of information. To do this, the basic facts must be couched in such language as to be readily comprehensible by the group to whom the article is directed! Here, the writer has his choice: he can write to the upper echelons: P. P. Eckersley, "Cathode Ray," Thomas Roddam et al; he can write to the larger mass of readers, gentlemen with engineering training and education, who can readily comprehend mathematical expositions, complicated diagrams, etc., or to a group of students, beginners (and me) to whom the subject is not thoroughly familiar as yet. By the proper use of long words, heavy mathematics, and complicated diagrams, it is quite possible to write a paper which cannot be understood by anyone except those to whom the subject is already quite familiar. To the bewildered reader who really needs the knowledge, it is completely incomprehensible! So, here we have our first problem: Communication! Your article must be "slanted," as the newspaper men say, toward the group you want it to reach. You must know to whom the message is to be addressed, so that it will reach its destination in understandable form.

I've several pet aphorism that might be tossed in at this point. These have been gathered over a period of many years from various editors. "Express; don't impress!"; this is what Mr. Eckersley meant when he spoke of "prancing." And a notably exact description that was, too. Another; "Wad some power the giftic gi'e us, to express ourselves so others could 'see' us" misquoted, but apt, I think. So, use language appropriate to the group to whom you're talking.

The technical writer does have one big thing in * Ouachita Radio-TV Service, Mena, Arkansas, U.S.A.
his favour: "'Vantage Number one, said the BiColoured Python Rock Snake'": he is writing to a group who want the knowledge, (or they wouldn't be reading the bloomin' book in the first place!) and, therefore, are willing to take some pains to get the information out of it. So, make his task easier by getting the information over to him in as simple a manner as possible. Talk directly to him, and try to talk in his own tongue.
Don't be too verbose (Thanks! Ed.) but don't be $t o o$ brief, either. In this connection, there is a story current among two-way radiomen here, concerning a pair of Latin-American gentlemen testing a radio system.
"Allo, Pedro, thees ees Pancho. Geeve me a short count, please. Over." "Allo, Pancho thees ecs Pedro. One. Out!" So don't give your readers a "Mexican short-count" by trying to be too crisp or " snappy" in the style.

Speaking of style in technical writing (and this wasn't really intended to be in here, but inserted at the last moment, in direct contravention of all the principles 1 advocate, later on!) You'll find that there are really as many kinds of style as there are writers. Personally, I use two: what I've always called "Conversational," in which the writer is talking directly to the reader: this is derived from much experience in telling some of my many teenage technicians how to do various things. I have found it quite effective in various lower-echelon textbooks, etc., for beginners. Contrasting to this is another, what one might call, "Modified Pedantic": this is "straight college textbook" with a few irreverent touches now and then. Still further up the ladder would be "Straight Pedantic," which is good readable college textbook, followed at the top by " Incomprehensible Pedantic": the style consisting of about seven words in English followed by three pages of Greek symbols!

I have an unshakable belief that there is a place for humour even in a dry technical article.

A wee touch of humour often lightens a heavy discussion, and in my opinion, makes the article much more "rememberable." (If I can't find a word that'll do what I want, I'll make one! ) I know that I shall never forget Thomas Roddam's classic phrase about the "engineers paddling happily in their troughs"! (" Return Loss": Wireless World, November '57) See? I even remembered the author's name! Somehow, a humorous association seems to make the subject matter stick more firmly in the memory.
So, the essentials of a good technical article are: Clarity, Continuity (and Brevity: Ed.).
Neglecting the interruption, we shall continue. Clarity, we have just discussed. Now, let's work over the remaining feature: Continuity. We may assume that the potential scribe already has in his possession sufficient facts to enable him to give a valid exposition of the subject. A technical arricle consists mainly of a series of facts: laws, processes, applications, conclusions drawn from experiments, etc. In order to make the material readily com-
prehensible, these must be set down in a logical order: Facts A, B, C, etc., follow each other like sheep over a hurdle. It should, in my opinion, have an order something like this: introduction, statement of purpose, material used, processes, and conclusions drawn from same. The whole article, in fact, should resemble a series circuit. At this point, the aspirin consumption among writers rises rapidly. Despite all precautions, Fact H will crop up in the final draft, nestling coyly between Facts $B$ and C!

## Creator and Critic

There are several methods used by technical writers to cope with this. Personally, I use the "Hobson-Jobson" method. This consists of sitting down to the typewriter with several fresh packs of cigarettes, a pot of strong coffee and a grimly determined look, and writing down as rapidly as possible without regard to grammar or spelling every possible pertinent fact that I can dredge out of my unwilling brain. Hew to the line and let the split infinitives fall where they may!

From the resulting hodge-podge, the various statements, assertions and incontrovertible facts are sorted out, and rearranged in some sort of order. This, too, is but a preliminary: the result is then rewritten, and rechecked for continuity of thought. At this point it is a good idea to tuck the dog under one arm, whistle for your gun, stuff the manuscript into your hip pocket, and head for the woods. Find a suitable stump, and sit thereupon for a period sufficient to permit consecutive thought. Read the ms. (mess? Ed.) (Quiet! D.) and try to criticize it. Incidentally, it is always impossible to be completely objective about one's own work, so don't feel too badly if it still looks good to you.

An alternative to this is the "abandonment method." After finishing the first or second rough, place the whole thing firmly upon a convenient shelf, and forget all about it for a period of about a week. (A disadvantage of this method is that during the waiting period, one usually finds that someone else has had the same idea, written and sold an article to the magazine on the same subject! This happened to me on this one!) However, if the mental telegraph isn't working and the idea is still valid, get it out and see if it still looks as good to you as it did upon completion. If so, make a fair copy of it, on pristine white paper, liberally margined, and double-spaced, to provide space for sarcastic editorial comments (Well! Ed.), stuff it in a suitable envelope, and bung it into the nearest post box. There will now ensue a waiting period of indeterminate length, while Editor and Staff chew over the unfortunate ms , to see if it is suitable for inclusion in their august journal.

We might close with a few observations of the genus Scribus Technicalis, gleaned from looking over my own shoulder, and from watching a few of my confréres at work. There are two distinct species of T-writers, which may be identified by their methods of preparing the subject material. They can be divided into Mumblers and Jotters, with the inevitable sub-phyla having mixed characteristics of each class.

The Mumbler goes about for a period of roughly two weeks prior to the launching of an article, with a preoccupied look on his face, muttering under his
breath, to himself. He is reminding himself of certain points which he must remember to include in the finished paper. This often causes him to be looked upon askance by normal members of his community, until his habits are understood.

The Jotter, on the other hand, mistrusts his own memory (and with very good reason, too). He writes everything down on odd bits of paper, and squirrels them away on his person. When actual production begins, these are unearthed, deciphered, and included in the finished product. There are two distinct drawbacks to this method, and, remember, I speak from actual experience. The first hazard is the laundry. When the Wife decides that our absent-minded friend's linen has gone quite long enough (and, truthfully, he is prone to getting a bit grubby about the collar and cuffs!), she is quite apt to sequester it without his knowledge, and pop it into the washer. So, sad to say, full many an important contribution to the world's technical literature has vanished down the drains in a soggy wad of wood pulp.

The last, and most heart-rending of all, is the inability of the author to translate his own notes! (And once again I speak from bitter experience!) A whole mass of vital statistics has vanished into the Limbo of such cryptic notations as "Fzll turnspike mst be vshtrd" and "Mss cap's shd be tnd wth fzzlbat xpal!"

Words are tricky things; they have a dreadful habit of meaning one thing and saying another. In addition to the methods discussed above, there is always the possibility of the "Inadvertent Howler." This is a sort of technical Irish Bull, and crops up in the most amazing places. Here are a few examples of meaning one thing and saying another.

A certain U.S. company with a well-deserved reputation for excellence and clarity in its technical writing came up with this not long ago: "This progress would not be possible without the intense interest in learning new things that you electronics technicians have!" (Why should they want to know what new things we technicians have?)

Our very favourite item, and one which I shall always remember for its sheer purity of thought and simplicity, was unearthed long ago in an instruction book for a mechanical phonograph, or juke box. At the bottom of a long list of troubles and their causes and repairs, this came up. The item was the slipping of a small gear, or something, and the suggested cure was, brief and very much to the point, "Find cause and repair!"

## Technical Kuthorship

FOR what is believed to be the first time in this country a responsible and qualified body, viz, the City \& Guilds of London Institute, is holding examinations in technical authorship. They are being held in May and are the culmination of a long period of planning between the Institute and the Technical Publications Association. The two papers to be set aim at testing candidates' knowledge of the principles and practive of technical authorship and their skill in technical writing and editing.

The principal objects of the T.P.A., which now has a membership of just under 300, are: "To promote the advancement and improvement of technical publications techniques . . . and to promote and maintain a recognized status for its members." Its offices are at 46, Brook Street, London, W.1.

English Electric Group, which includes the Marconi group, English Electric Valve Co., Napier and Son and a number of overseas subsidiaries, announces a group profit in 1959 of $£ 3,433,759$, which was over $£ 400,000$ above the previous year's figure. The diversity of interests of the twenty-five or so companies in the group is shown in a 28-page illustrated brochure "English Electric Activities 19591960."

Marconi Group, which includes Marconi's W/T, Marconi Marine and Marconi Instruments and a number of overseas companies, made a net profit of $£ 411,470$ in 1959 compared with £431,783 the previous year. The net profit of the Marine company was $£ 264,624$, compared with $£ 222,039$ in 1958. The Instrument company, which had a record turnover last year, is building an additional factory of $30,000 \mathrm{sq} \mathrm{ft}$ at the St. Albans works.

Metal Industries Group, which includes Igranic, Avo and Taylor Instruments as well as a number of companies in the engineering and metal industries, has acquired Lancashire Dynamo Holdings, Ltd. It will be recalled that E.M.I. withdrew their offer for the stock of Lancashire Dynamo.

Relay Exchanges Ltd.-A 50\% increase in the group's trading profit as compared with the previous year is shown in the preliminary figures for 1959. The group net profit was £1,068,701 compared with $£ 391,276$.

Regentone Group.-Reference is made in the annual report of the chairman of Lloyd's Packing Warehouses (Holdings) Ltd. to the activities of its subsidiary, the Regentone group. Both the turnover and the profit of the group, which manufactures R.G.D., Regentone and Argosy receivers, were "the highest in the history of the company."

Radio Rentals Ltd., who, through their 220 branches in the U.K., rent sound and television sets, record a net group profit, after taxation, of £1,098,616-an increase of $£ 293,958$ on 1957/58. Mains Radio Gramophones Ltd., of Bradford, a subsidiary, manufactures all sets handled by the group.
Simmonds Aerocessories Ltd., of Treforest, South Wales, a member of the Firth Cleveland Group, have formed a company in Western Germany in association with Mecano-Bundy, G.m.b.H., of Heidelberg, for the manufacture and sale of Spire Speed Nuts and other fastenings. The new company will be known as Mecano-Simmonds G.m.b.H., with headquarters in Heidelberg.

Anglo-American Agreement.Marconi's W/T Co. and Hermes Electronics Co. (formerly Hycon Eastern Inc.), of America, have concluded an agreement providing for general technical collaboration between their two companies in the field of point-to-point communications. Each company will act as agents and licensees for certain equipment manufactured by the other.

Tektronix.-It may not be generally known that for the past fifteen months Tektronix Inc., of Portland, U.S.A., have been assembling oscilloscopes in Guernsey, C.I. A resultant saving in freight has enabied their agents in this countryLivingston Laboratories-to make about a 3\% reduction in price.
A.E.I.- 4 new product department devoted to semiconductors has been set up within the A.E.I. radio and electronic components division. The semiconductor department's sales office is at 155 Charing Cross Road, London, W.C.2. The sales manager is F Szekely

Heathkits.-Direct TV Replacements, Ltd., of 138, Lewisham Way, London, S.E.14, are now marketing a range of test equipment which is basically constructed from Heathkits. The instruments are being marketed under the name Beulah Electronics.

Belling \& Lee have reorganized their sales department into two divi-sions-industrial and domestic. Both divisions come under the jurisdiction of the sales director, E. A. Taylor, and each has two assistant sales managers. These are: Industrial Division: R. M. Prevett (internal) and R. W. Elliott (field); Domestic Division: L. R. Dunlop (internal) and H. J. Walters (field).

DEAC (Great Britain), Ltd., was formed last year to produce in this country the Perma-seal hermetically sealed re-chargeable nickel-cadmium cells manufactured in Germany by DEAC. The first types to go into production at the factory established at Altona Way, Buckingham Avenue, Trading Estate, Slough, Bucks., is the range of "button" type cells. They will be marketed by G. A. Stanley Palmer, Lid., Maxwell House, Arundel Street, Strand, London, W.C.2, who will continue to handle those German-made cells which are not yet manufactured in this country.
Muirhead's have produced a tape recorder for the storage at relay stations of facsimile signals for retransmission when immediate relaying is impracticable. By recording a $1,000 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{s}$ standard frequency (from a Muirhead tuning fork) on the lower tape track at the same time as recording the facsimile signal on the upper track, the speed of the tape on replay can be synchronized with the original recording speed.

Aveley Electric.-With the formation of the new Avel-Toroid division of Aveley Electric, Ltd., of South Ockendon, Essex, A. C. Green becomes works manager, J. R. Erskine chief engineer, and S. J. Arliss production engineer. R. S. Mattin has assumed responsibility for all toroidal winding machine sales and service, and handles general sales enquiries for sub-contract toroidal winding. A. J. Cornwell; who has been with the company since 1955, has taken charge of the Technical Services Department, which is responsible for service and overhaul of all Rohde \& Schwarz and other similar equipment distributed by Aveley Electric.

Transistor Television Set.—This prototype partable television set with an 8 -in tube and using twenty-three transistors and fourteen diodes is soon to be marketed in Japan by Sony Corporation. Monthly production initially will be about 1,000 sets which it is planned to increase to 10,000 in about a year. The set, weighing $\|-1 b$ and measuring $6 \frac{1}{4} \times 8 \times 8 \frac{3}{4}$ inches, will sell at about $\$ 200$.


Canberra.-Tannoy have supplied the sound installation for the 45,000 -ton P. \& O. liner Comberra, the largest turbo-electric passenger ship to be built in Britain. Each of the 1,000 or more cabins has provision for receiving either a broadcast programme or a programme originating in the ship's control room. Marconi's are providing the ship's radio-communication equipment and are also installing multi-standard television equipment which will permit the relaying to cabins and public rooms of programmes from countries employing either 405, 525 or 625 lines. There will also be a closedcircuit TV system aboard.
Shure Birothers, the American manufacturers of microphones, pickups, etc., have appointed J . W. Maunder, of 95 Hayes Lane, Beckenham, Kent, as their representative in this country.
Tellux Ltd., and Perihel Ltd. (members of the K.G. Holdings group of companies) are moving from 146 New Cavendish Street, London, W. 1 , to the factory premises at 44 Brunel Road, London, W.3, occupied by their associated company, W.S. Electronics, Ltd. (Tel.: Shepherds Bush 0333).
R.E.E. Telecommunications Ltd., of Crewkerne, Somerset, have appointed J. H. V. Stephens, previously with Standard Telecommunications Laboratories, as technical manager. G. E. Webster, formerly with Panda Radio, is export manager.

A new service depot at London Airport has been opened by Marconi's W/T Co, to replace the temporary one previously in use. The engineer-in-charge is $\mathrm{J} . \mathrm{W}$. Grandey, and the address: Marconi's Service Depot, Sections A \& B, Building 201, No. 1 Maintenance Area, London Airport, Middx (Tel.: Skyport 1039).

## Solus-Schall Ltd., have transferred

 their sales, administration and accounts departments to County Building, Honeypot Lane, Stanmore, Middx (Tei.: Wordsworth 4300). The service department is continuing for the time being at 15/18 Clipstone Street, London, W. 1 (Tel.: Museum 5080).McKellan Automation Ltd., of 122 Seymour Grove, Old Trafford, Manchester, 16, agents for a number of instrument manufacturers, have formed an associate company, Automac Ltd., which is undertaking instrument repairs, installation and maintenance work previously carried out by the parent company. The address of Automac is Throstle Grove Works. Great Egerton Street, Stockport, Cheshire (Tel.: Stockport 6767). G. M. P. McKellen is managing directer.

The Pye Group has acquired $50,000 \mathrm{sq} \mathrm{ft}$ of buildings in the Sheerness Dockyard which will be used for additional production space.

## EXPORT NEWS

Computers, data processing equipment, scientific and industrial instruments, automation systems and closed-circuit television manufactured by E.M.I. Electronics, is to be marketed in the U.S.A. by Fairbanks Whitney Corp. of New York. The company will also manufacture some E.M.I. equipment under licence.

Field trials of a new Decca Navigator receiver for use in South Africa, where atmospheric conditions are exceptionally bad, were undertaken last November by the South African Council of Scientific and Industrial Research. Decca Navigator have now appointed as their representative in the Union Brigadier H. G. Willmott, C.B.E., who until his retirement a few years ago was Air Chief of Staff in the South African Air Force.

True-motion radar (Type TM909) is being supplied by Decca for four new cargo vessels under construction in France for the Compagnie des Messageries Maritime. Decca are also supplying river radars (Type 215) for eleven inland waterway tankers owned by Esso Tankschiff Reederei, G.m.b.H., of Hamburg.

Italy's new intercontinental airport at Fiumicino is to be equipped with a Marconi $500-\mathrm{kW}$ 50-cm radar (Type $S .264 \mathrm{~A} / \mathrm{H}$ ), together with two display systems (comprising eleven display units), microwave radar link and ancillary equipment.

Television O.B. Un:t.-E.M.I. Electronics have received an order from Elektroimpex, Budapest, on bc-
half of the Hungarian broadcasting authority, for a television outside broadcast unit. It will be equipped with four Image Orthicon cameras. Two O.B. units, each with three cameras, have recently been supplied to the Australian Broadcasting Commission.

Radio-telephone transmitter-re-ceivers.-Sonse of the $500 \mathrm{R} / \mathrm{T}$ transmitter-receivers ordered from Pye Telecommunications for installation in Mexico are for the extension of the existing Public Correspondence system and others for private radio-telephone services. Pye have already supplied over 3,000 mobile units to Mexico.

Surveillance radar for the new international airport being built at Belgrade, has been ordered from Cossor. Duplicate $10-\mathrm{cm}$ transmitters with four display consoles are being supplied.

Airborne v.h.f. communications equipment to the value of 1 M Swiss francs has been ordered from W.S. Electronics, Ltd., by the Swiss authorities.

A six-month tour of factories, research establishments, government organizations and technical colleges on the Continent is being undertaken by a new mobile showroom and demonstration unit of Marconi Instruments.

Marine apparatus, including the "Escort" true-motion and "R.M.S." radars, is fitted in A.E.I.'s new mobile radar unit, which is on a five-month demonstration tour of Western Europe.

## APRIL MEETINGS

Tickets are required for some meetings; readers are advised therefore to communicate with the secretary of the Society concerned

## LONDON

4th. I.E.E.-" V.H.F. sound broadcasting: subiective appraisal of distortion due to multi-path propagation in f.m. reception" by R. V. Harvey at 5.30 at Savoy Place, W.C.2.

Sth. I.E.E.-" Thermistors - their theory, manufacture and application" by Dr. R. W. A. Scarr and R. A. Setterington at 5.30 at Savoy Place, W.C.2.

7th. Brit.I.R.E.-"The work of the B.S.I. in relation to the radio and electronics industry" by H. A. R. Binney at 6.30 at the London School of Hygiene and Tropical Medicine, Keppel Street, W.C.I.

7th. Society of Instrument Tech-nology.-"The electronic computer as a unit in an automatic electronic data processing systern for missile trials" by W. C. J. White and D. L. Overheu at 7.0 at Manson House, 26 Portland Place, W.1.

8th. I.E.E.-Symposium on data handling and display systems for air traffic control at 5.30 at Savoy Place, W.C. 2 .

8th. Television Society,-" Video tape in action" by R. H. Hammans
(Granada TV) at 7.0 at the Cinematograph Exhibitors' Association, 164 Shaftesbury Avenue, W.C.2.
8th. Junior Institution of Engineers."The atomic clock" by Dr. L. Essen (N.P.L.) at 7.0 at Pepys House, 14 Rochester Row, S.W.I.

12th. I.E.E.-Medical Electronics Group discussion on "Aids for the blind" opened by Lord Fraser of Lonsdale (St. Dunstan's) and Dr. R. L. Beurle (English Electric Valve Co.) at 6.0 at Savoy Place, W.C.2.

13th. Brit.I.R.E.-"Guided weapon control" by F. R. J. Spearman at 6.30 at the London School of Hygiene and Tropical Medicine, Keppel Street, W.C. 1 .

21st. Brit.I.R.E. Medical Electronics Group.-"Nerve impulses from stretch receptors in muscles" by Dr. J. G. Nicholls at 6.30 at the London School of Hygiene and Tropical Medicine, Keppel Street, W.C.1.
22nd. I.E.E.-Discussion on "Broadening university courses" opened by Professor H. E. M. Barlow at 6.0 at Savoy Place, W.C.2.

22nd. B.S.R.A.-" Sound radiation from loudspeaker cabinets" by J. Moir at 7.15 at the Royal Society of Arts, John Adam Street, W.C.2.
23rd. B.S.R.A.-Audio Convention at 10.0 at the London School of Hygiene and Tropical Medicine, Keppel Street, w.C.1.

25th. I.E.E. Graduate and Student Section.-"A survey of microwave techniques for the transmission of speech and vision" by K. C. Kao at 6.30 at Savoy Place, W.C.2.
26th. I.E.E.-" An experimental transistor-controlled component selection and testing machine" by T. C. Cardwell, J. R. W. Smith and G. H. King at 5.30 at Savoy Place, W.C.2.

27th. I.E.E.-" Henri de France colour television system" by R. Chaste and P. Cassagne at 5.30 at Savoy Place, W.C.2.

27th. Brit.I.R.E.-" Electronics in oceanography" by M. J. Tucker at 6.30 at the London School of Hygiene and Tropical Medicine, Keppel Street, w.C.I.

28th. British Computer Society."Automation and uncertainty" by Stafford Beer (United Steel Co.) at 2.30 at the Northampton College of Advanced Technology, St. John Street, E.C.I.

28th. I.E.E.-"Radar observations of birds and "angels" "by Dr. E. Eastwood at 5.30 at Savoy Place, W.C.2.
28th. Brit.I.R.E.-Discussion on the Education Committee's report entitled " The education and training of the professional radio and electronics engineer" at 6.30 at the London School of Hygiene and Tropical Medicine, Keppel Street, w.C.I.

## ABERDEEN

8th. I.E.E.--"Engineering education in the technical universities in Western Germany" by D. B. Welbourn, Professor D. B. Spalding and G. L. Ashdown at 7.30 at Robert Gordon's Technical College.

## BIRMINGHAM

13th. A.S.E.E.-" Electronics in industry" by R. J. F. Howard at 7.30 at the Birmingham Exchange and Engincering Centre, Stephenson Place.

## BOLTON

4th. A.S.E.E.-" Servo speed control of d.c. motors" by J. Bailey (A.E.I., Manchester) at 7.45 at the Railway Hotel, Trinity Street.

## CARDIFF

28th. British Computer Society.Symposium on auto codes at 6.30 at the Small Shanlon Lecture Theatre, University College.

## CHELTENHAM

29th. Brit.I.R.E.-" The application of semiconductor devices in power supplies" by D. D. Jones at 7.0 at the North Gloucestershire Technical College.

## COVENTRY

6th. I.E.E.-" High-capacity s.h.f. radio transmission systems" by H. D. Hyamson at 6.30 at the Technical College.

## DUNDEE

7th. I.E.E.-" Engineering education in the technical universities in Western Germany" by D. B. Welbourn, Professor D. B. Spalding and G. L. Ash-
down at 7.0 in the Electrical Engineering Department, Queen's College.

## EDINBURGH

5th. I.E.E.-Faraday lecture on "Electrical Machines" by Professor M. G. Say at 7.0 at the Heriot-Watt College.

13th. I.E.E.-"High-current-density thermionic emitters: a survey" by A. H. W. Beck at 7.0 at the Carlon Hotel, North Bridge.

## FARNBOROUGH

20th. I.E.E.--" Machine translation of languages "by Dr. A. D. Booth at 6.15 at Farnborough Technical College, Boundary Road.

## GLASGOW

12th. I.E.E.- " High-current-density thermionic emitters: a survey" by A. H. W. Beck at 6.0 at the Royal College of Science and Technology.

## KIDSGROVE

11th. I.E.E.-" Silicone transistors -their manufacture and fields of application" by Dr. J. T. Kendall at 7.0 at the English Electric Co.

## LIVERPOOL

7th. Institute of Physics.- "New techniques in electron and X-ray microscopy" by C. W. Oatley at 7.0 at the University.

## MANCHESTER

14th. Brit.I.R.E.-"The measurement of human performance " by H . Woolf at 6.30 at the Reynolds Hall, College of Technology, Sackville Street.

## MIDDLESBROUGH

21st. Institute of Physics.-"The Jodrell Bank telescope" by H. A. Prime (Brush Electrical Engineering Co.) at 6.30 at the Cleveland Scientific and Technical Institute.

## NEWCASTLE-ON-TYNE

13th. Brit.IR.E.-"'The development of electronics in the North East" by J. Bilbrough (chairman, N. E. Section) at 6.30 at the Institution of Mining and Mechanical Engineers, Neville Hall, Westgate Road.

## PLYMOUTH

7th. I.E.E.-"A new cathode-ray tube for monochrome and colour television" by Dr. D. Gabor, F. R. Stuart and P. G. Kalman at 3.0 at Plymouth "B" Generating Station, Prince Rock.

## PORTSMOUTH

6th. I.E.E.-" Modern ferromagnetic materials" by Professor F. Brailsford a: 6.30 at the College of Technology.

## stone

22nd. I.E.E.-"The application of transistors to line communication equipment" by H. T. Prior, D. J. R. Chapman and A. A. M. Whitehead at 7.0 at the Duncan Hall. (Joint meeting with Institution of Post Office Electrical Engineers.)

## SWANSEA

14th. I.E.E.-" Electronic applications in a modern steelworks " by J. K. Edwards at 6.0 at the Conference Room, S.W.E.B. Showrooms, The Kingsway.

## WEYMOUTH

7th. I.E.E.-" Sound reproduction" by D. E. L. Shorter at 6.30 at South Dorset Technical College.

## Mikes and Mixers



## RIBBON <br> MICROPHONE

Model G7823
Now smaller, this new design gives improved performance, minimising feedback effects while improving frequency response and sensitivity.
Model G7823 is complete with screened connector plug and locking ring, and beautifully finished in satin chrome. A silent switch adaptor G7819 is also available.


## New

Mixer Preamplifier Model EM3/Mk. III

Inputs for 2 mics. and one pick-up or tuner, master control and selector, 4 valves, independent tone controls. Built on 19in. panel for desk or rack mounting.

Model EM6/Mk. III Similar unit with 6 inputs.


THE TRIX ELECTRICAL CO. LTD., I-5 MAPLE PLACE, LONDON, W.I.

Tel. Musenm 5817 (6 lines) Grams: Trixadio Wesdo London

# RANDOM RADIATIONS 

## By "DIALLIST"

## Le Serviceman

VERY few suggestions of an alternative to " serviceman" (see February issue) have reached me from readers. One, writing from Johannesburg, tells me that the local term is "radiotrician," though "teletrician " hasn't yet appeared, as there is no TV service in South Africa. He wonders if wireless-troubleshooters are known as radiotricians anywhere else. I can't answer that one, though I've never come across the word before. None of the men whom I consulted had the faintest objection to being styled a serviceman; which was just what I'd expected. There's certainly nothing derogatory about the word, which exactly describes what they do. Most sound radio and television dealers advertise " sales and service." The people who do the selling are rightly known as salesmen; servicemen then seems just to fit those who provide the service. By the way, I've recently come across le serviceman in a French magazine, so the term seems to have found acceptance on the other side of the Channel. I'm all for plain rather than fancy terms: you can call a good rider a horseman; but to speak of him as an equestrian rather suggests the circus.

## Transistor Life

THE article "How Long Will a Transistor Live" by R. Brewer, of the G.E.C. Research Labs., at Wembley, in the March issue of Wireless World, fascinated me and no doubt many readers too. All sorts of answers have been offered, but this is the only one I've seen which is based on a controlled test extending, so far as it has gone (for I imagine it will be continued) to 20,000 hours. One American physicist has spoken of transistors which will run for a century, but I don't think we've got quite that far yet, undoubtedly we shall do so as improved methods of manufacture and of "doping" in particular are developed; but that's likely to take a little time. Brewer's curve for the change of median value of $\beta$ during a test of 20,000 hours is particularly interesting. It shows that following the nose-dive at the start the per-
centage of the initial median $\beta$ value steadies up after the first thousand hours and then falls gradually until the 8,000 hours point is reached. And then comes a surprise; the value rises during the next 3,000 hours. Then comes another small dip, followed by a rise, another dip, a further rise at 16,000 hours and then almost steady readings until the 20,000 -hour mark is reached. It's all so very unlike the life-curve of a valve, for there's none of that maintained or, more likely, accelerating deterioration.

## Electronics and Honey

THE most surprising applications are being found for electronics. Who'd have thought, for instance, that it could do anything to help the beekeeper? Nevertheless, it can and a gadget called the Apidictor is now doing valuable work in many parts of the world. E. F. Woods, of the B.B.C. Engineering Division, is a knowledgeable and enthusiastic beekeeper and it was his work, in collaboration with E. F. Birch, a Post Office engineer, which led to the production by Wayne Kerr Laboratories of the instrument. One of the problems of beekeeping is swarming, which may take place at any time during the summer. $\mathrm{Be}-$ fore there's to be an exodus the inhabitants hum with a peculiar
sound for at least fifteen days. This Apidictor responds to the frequency of this sound and so gives the beekeeper advance warning of a swarm and makes unnecessary the opening of the hive and the search for queen cells which would otherwise have to be done every 9 or 10 days from about mid-April to mid-July.

## Ring Angels

YOU may remember that some months ago I mentioned one type of radar "angel" which was undoubtedly caused by birds. Something over a year ago a new kind, known as the ring angel, made its appearance. This starts as a spot of light on the screen, but it quickly spreads outwards in the form of concentric rings exactly like those seen when a stone is dropped into a calm pond. The expansion is rapid: the rings travel outwards at speeds between 25 and 50 miles an hour. Such angels occur only in the half hour immediately before or after sunrise. For many months now the phenomenon has been investigated by radio engineers at the Marconi Research Establishment at Great Baddow. About 70 places in south-east England have been identified as repeated but irregular centres of such displays. So far no quite satisfactory explanation has been found. Birds have again been suggested as the cause; but

flocks leaving the roosting places don't spread outwards in circles. The most likely suggestion, which still remains to be proved, is that these angels are caused by rapidly expanding thermal fronts in the upper atmosphere.

## V.H.F. DX at Aylesbury

A LONDON reader writes that he is very envious of the regular reception in Aylesbury of French and West German v.h.f./f.m. stations reported in my notes in February. He asks how it's done: is some very special form of tuner used, or is the secret in the aerial array? Perhaps my Aylesbury correspondent will be kind enough to let him into the secret. It may well be that Aylesbury is a particularly favourable spot for v.h.f. DX reception, for I recall that when I lived in Hertfordshire at a place about a dozen miles from Aylesbury I often picked up distant f.m. transmissions. The aerial then in use was just the simplest of single half-wave dipoles, oriented on Wrotham. Admittedly my home was on the $500-\mathrm{ft}$ contour line above sea-level and the aerial, mounted on a chimney stack, was a good 30 -feet above the road; but the tuner wasn't designed specially for sensitivity.

## Not Good Enough

A WEEK or so before this was written a friend remarked, "I still can't get that wretched valve." As he hadn't mentioned that he was short of one, I asked him to tell me more-this is the sad story he unfolded. He has a 17 -inch television set of well-known make, now a little over three years old, which had broken down five weeks before. The dealer found that a valve had gone phut; he hadn't that particular type in stock, but ordered one the same day. The set remained out of action, for he'd not been able to get delivery of the valve. I'm sure you'll agree that this sort of thing just isn't good enough. The makers of the set (a large and important firm) should surely have stipulated when the contract for its valves was placed that replacements should be readily available for a reasonable number of years. I imagine that they did so, for disappointments of this kind do not help future sales. Apart from that, did the dealer not consult a valve data book to make sure that there wasn't a substitute of another make? I don't yet know. But one thing I'm sure of is that this kind of thing happens rather too often.


## SWITCHES



## FOR ALL TYPES OF



ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT


The House of Bulgin is pleased to announce the publication of a new 1960 Catalogue. This publication contains illustrations, full working details and dimensions of
OVER 10,000 ELECTRONIC COMPONENTS and includes all the new lines and developments announced during the past year.
Available free on request to all Manufacturers and Electronic Engineers who have not already applied.

QUOTE REF. 201/C.

A. F. BULGIN \& CO. LTD., BYE-PASS ROAD, BARKING, ESSEX Telephone: RIPpleway 5588 ( 12 lines)

## UNIBIASEID

## BY FREE GRID

## Laurels and Lolly

NEARLY every daily journal reported an alleged television novelty in the Furniture Exhibition held at Earls Court in February. In this show five different people, who were said to be experts in the business, were given the task of re-furnishing a couple of old-fashioned rooms within the limits of budgets ranging from $£ 100$ to $£ 2,000$. The expert who was responsible for the $£ 1,000$ effort was the one who had the brainwave which caused all the newspapers to burst into songs of praise.

His jack-pot-hitting idea was to place a TV set in the fireplace, which, in these days of central heating, fewer people are using. It is, of course, a thoroughly sound idea from all points of view as I myself thought when I first put it forward in these columns, complete with illustration, 14 years ago, in March, 1946. Technically it is the ideal position for a television set because the aerial lead can go straight up the flue to the dipole on the chimney stack.

Since we are all creatures of habit and tend to sit around the fireplace, even if there is no fire, it is obviously also the correct place for a TV set from the viewing aspect. I only wish I could share some of the laurels and the lolly which came the way of the Earls Court designer for this old idea of mine. But I have thought of a way of improving it which I will mention here in the hope of helping other designers.

It will be realized that people sitting at each side of the fireplace would get a rather distorted view of the television picture. My idea is to avoid this by designing a television set with three screens set at an angle of 120 degrees to each other. This
would mean that the front of the set would be shaped like half a hexagon. In these days of wide-angle tubes the relatively short necks could, by a bit of wangling, be prevented from fouling each other. Three tubes in the same cabinet could, of course, all share the same power pack and other ancillary equipment.

A further improvement would be to place a specially shaped electric fan-heater under the set in the place normally occupied by the ash tray. If it did nothing else it would prevent our getting cold feet in some of the horror plays that we sometimes see on the screen.

## The Telegraphone

THOSE of you who, like myself, date back to the days of the first world war, may recollect "The Exploits of Elaine," a series of detective stories by Arthur B. Reeve, published in 1915. The book was sufficiently famous to be made into a serial film for the silent cinema of the early 'twenties.

In looking through this book again recently I found (p. 180) a very convincing account of the modus operandi of the magnetic recorder. Its invention is rightly ascribed to Poulsen who seems to have intended it for recording telephone conversations; hence the name "Telegraphone." The date of Poulsen's invention was, I find, 1898 although that is not mentioned in the book.

The antiquity of Poulsen's invention reminds me that only six years later in 1904, the first radar patent was taken out by Hulsmeyer. Owing to the fact that valves and transistors were, as Shakespeare puts it, still hidden in the womb of time, there was not much that either Poulsen or Hulsmeyer could do to bring their re-

spective inventions to full fruition. Even in 1915, although the valve was on the map, it would have been difficult to make a really worthwhile magnetic recorder and I am surprised that such a detailed description is given in this book of 45 years ago.

## Down with Dials

A FEW weeks ago I was astonished to read in the pages of Electrical Review a suggestion that cyclometertype meters, instead of the multidial type with which we are all so familiar, be fitted into our houses for recording electrical power consumption. The writer mentioned that he had advocated this previously, and that an effort is to be made in influential quarters to get the Eastern Electricity Board to make the change.

Now Electrical Review certainly would not allow its reputation to be endangered by putting forward irresponsible views or suggestions. The reason for my astonishment is that when I made this very same suggestion in these columns some years ago, I was sternly taken to task by knowledgeable correspondents-some of whom were members of the electrical industry-who pointed out the error of my ways.

My correspondents reminded me that all types of meter are powerconsuming devices, and it is the consumer who pays for the power required to work the meter. For that reason the Board of Trade imposed a definite limit on the power which a meter could be permitted to consume. It was furthermore pointed out to me that the reason why the cyclometertype meter was barred was that its power consumption, unlike that of the multi-dial type, exceeded the permissible limit. The Board of Trade's powers in this matter are today vested in the Ministry of Power but surely this old consumer-protecting restriction has not been thrown overboard?

In view of what is said in Electrical Review, it is, I think, reasonable to suppose that in recent times either the cyclometer-type meter has been redesigned so that its power consumption is within the permissible limit, or this limit has been raised in order to bring it within the fold. In this latter case, of course, it would mean that the supply authorities are now allowed to dip still deeper into our pockets. If neither of my suppositions is correct can anyone give me the correct information?

## Sirkit and Condewit

WHY is it that some electricians and radio servicemen persist in pronouncing conduit as condewit? They have a perfectly good example of the correct pronunciation in the word circuit. They never call that a sirkewit; or do they? I have even heard electrical engineers, and others who ought to know better, speak of condewit.

Y
Designed to offer the widest possible range ot accurate and reliable measurements at the lowest possible price, the versatility and usefuiness of the Multiminor is now further extended by specially designed leads. These new leads, available at no extra cost, will accept crocodile clips or PRODCLIPS.

The Multiminor takes full advantage of the possibilitues of printed circuit techniques to achieve outstanding compactness and economy of weight. The scale is clear and open. The fine red coloured pointer and effectively damped movement facilitate easy and rapid reading.

For use in Radio, TV, Electronics, Motor Vehic'es, domestic appliances, workshop equipment, you'll find the Multiminor a great little meter!

# CULITIMINOR 

Use PRODCLIPS (Pot. No. 74881 I)


## I.E.A. EXHIBITION

Stand No. D156. May 23rd-28th
Earts Court, London, S.W. 5

# KULTIMINOR 

FITS THE POCKET


FILLS THE BILL

Write now for illustrated literature to:

AVOCET HOUSE - 92-96 VAUXHALL BRIDGE ROAD - LONDON, 8.W. 1
VICtorio 3404 ( 12 lines)
$\mathrm{MM}_{2}{ }^{\mathrm{A}}$


CRAWLEY

Thousands of "Super Comit" Aerials are providing perfect T.V. reception in the Greater London area alone. It resonates on both bands without adjustment. It can be fitted out of sight in any room at no installation cost. The "Super Comit" Aerial is much more sensitive than set-top models-and balanced signals are assured over a much greater area. Supplied in untarnishable " LUSTRE GOLD " and Cream finish. (Waterproof and therefore also suitable for exterior fixing.) Retails at $22 / 6 \mathrm{~d}$, or with fitted Co-axial plug 25/-.


THOrnton Heath 1/91/2/3

## TELECRAFT LIMITED

Quadrant Works, Wortley Road, Croydon, Surrey. Depots: BIRMINGHAM•SOUTHAMPTON•WAKEFIELD

# Backward Wave Oscillators 

Mullard now have avallable a range of O-type backward wave oscillators covering operation in the $\mathrm{S}, \mathrm{X}$ and J bands.
The mechanical design allows substantial cuts in maintenance costs to be effected as the focusing system may be re-employed should the valves need to be changed. The valves are supplied pre-aligned In a protective capsule which automatically locates In the focusing system and any replacements may be made quickly and easily without need for focusing adjustments. Both electro-magnet and permanent magnet focusing systems are avallable.


See Mullard valves and tubes on Stand M559 at the INSTRUMENTS, ELECTRONICS AND AUTOMATION EXHIBITION
Abridged data

| Type M. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Frequency } \\ \text { Renge } \\ (\mathbf{( c c / b )} \end{gathered}$ | Power Oufput over Frequency Range (mW) | $\begin{gathered} \text { Deilay } \\ \text { Solticlure } \\ \text { Volage Range } \\ \text { () } \end{gathered}$ | Sensifivity at Mid-frequency (mo/s per V | Cathode Current $\max _{(\mathrm{mA})}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BA3-30 | 2.4 to 4.5 | 30 to 500 | 150 to 1500 | 3.0 | 50 |
| BA9-20 | 7.0 to 11.5 | 20 to 180 | 250 to 1400 | 5.0 | 28 |
| BA16-10 | 11 to 18 | 10 to 70 | 500 to 2500 | 3.5 | 13 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |

Where modulation of the valve output is required this can be readily achieved by modulating the appropriate electrode. The output connection is isolated from the delay structure so that the valve may be operated with its cathode earthed and consequently high modulation frequencies may be used. These specialised microwave valves make possible the design of wide frequency range microwave instruments, microwave search receivers and f.m. carrier systems. Write to the address below for full details of these and other Mullard microwave valves.


## MULLARD LINITED

## Mullard House, TorrIngton Place, London, W.C. 1

Telephone: LaNgham 6633

# EARLS COURT 3-13 MAY mechanical randling <br>  

## THE WORLD'S

LARGEST
DISPLAY OF
LABOUR-SAVING EQUIPMENT

This will be the greatest-ever exhibition of equipment and machinery for saving time and effort. Exhibits in over half-a-million square feet of space will range from complete handling systems for large-scale factory layouts to aerial ropeways, electronio control equipment, cranes, conveyors, trucks and lifting tackle, with experts at hand to discuss your individual problems. Whether your organisation is large or small, a visit to this outstanding industrial event can result in the achievement of higher outputat reduced cost. The ticket below will admit you to the biggest exhibition of its kind the world has ever seen.


## Printed Circuit Counter Panels



A complete range of transistorized counter panels of common size, fixing method and electrical connexion, designed to provide a flexible unit system whereby any special requirements in the counting or data processing fields can be quickly built up.

A fully illustrated brochure giving complete performance and specification figures for every panel in the range is available on request.

50kc/s Scaler<br>1Mc/s Scaler<br>Input Amplifier<br>Gate Unit<br>10ke/s Oscillator<br>1Mc/s Oscillator<br>Power Unit<br>50kc/s Read-out Scaler<br>1Mc/s Read-out Scaler<br>4 Channel Output Unit<br>Read-out Unit<br>Meter Display Unit<br>Lamp Display Unit<br>Numerical Indicator Tube<br>Shift Register Stage<br>Shift Register Driver

## RANK CINTEL LIMITED

## Modern Valve Voltmeters



The March issue of ELECTRONIC TECHNOLOGY included a survey of current valve voltmeters suitable for measurements at audio and radio frequencies. The article gives details of modern circuit practice and trends and indicates how different designs have been evolved for different parts of the frequency spectrum. Many typical instruments are discussed and performance details given.

## ARTICLES <br> IN THE APRIL ISSUE INCLUDE:

AMMONIA MASER OSCILLATOR
The article describes a $23,870-\mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$ constant-frequency oscillator using an ammonia maser. The principles of operation, the construction of component parts and the parameters affecting the frequency and stability are discussed together with porential applications of the maser.

RING-TYPE TRANSMISSION-LINE NETWORKS Filters using closed rings of transmission line or waveguide are being increasingly used at v.h.f. and above, because they permit the construction of filters embodying only unbalanced elements. In this article, they are simply related to lumped-impedance networks and the use of this equivalence in building up networks is discussed.

Electronic Technology covers all technical interests in electronics, using this word in its widest possible sense. All the familiar features of Electronic \& Radio Engineer are retained, including, of course, the well-known Abstracts and References section. Regular readership will keep you in constant touch with progress in the entire field.

## POST <br> THIS COUPON TODAY

## 1:1ectroraic technologr

TO ILIFFE \& SONS LTD., DORSET HOUSE, STAMFORD STREET, LONDON, S.E.I, ENGLAND

[^7]NAME.
ADDRESS. $\qquad$
$\qquad$
date


## A complete packaged oscillator unit

## Stability 4 parts in $10^{9}$

This new S.T.C. complete packaged oscillator unit represents a revolutionary step forward in crystal design. It is an extremely small unit for use as a laboratory reference or as the oscillator section of high quality equipment. The ruggedness of design together with the size makes possible a degree of portability hitherto unknown in this type of unit. Standard frequency is $5 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$. Frequencies either side can be made to order.

Standard Telephones and Cables Limired

Type RQR: Permanent capacitor geared motor for continuous running in either direction. Maximum torque 60 lbs . in.

Type RQ53: Similar to type $R Q R$ but for heavier duty. Maximum torque 150 lbs . In.


## A COMPLETE RANGE OF SMALL ELECTRIC MOTORS

## - with unlimited application

No other motors offer the wide range of speeds, torques and programme switching of the versatile Drayton RQ. Conforming to BSS 170/1939, the range includes motors for continuous or intermittent running, for reversing, with or without internal limit and programme switches, for multi-position switching or with a shaft rotation of more than one revolution before switching. There is a Drayton RQ motor to meet your requirement. Write for a copy of Data Sheet No. 302 TODAY.


Type RQH: For conlinuous running at high speeds. Maximum tórque 20 lbs . in.

Type RQU: Shaded pole induction motor for the operation of valves and dampers. Maximum torque 40 lbs . in.


Whenever telecommunications equipment must operate for long periods without attention, the dependability of the valves is of paramount importance. That is why Brimar valves are today so widely used in repeater stations, automatic transmitters, microwave telecommunications networks - indeed, whenever dependability is the factor of first importance. For many industrial and communications applications, special Brimar valves are available to offer exceptionally long life and consistent characteristics. And the experience gained in producing these special valves is today embodied in the standard range of Brimar commercial valves.

## better make it

## BRIMAR




## Ceramics bring reliability and

## high performance

stereophonic reproduction

The new 8 T ceramic pick-up cartridge is already accepted in all five continents as the most efficient means of obtaining stereophonic reproduction: it is impervious to all climatic conditions and has proved equally popular both at home and abroad. Intense development and accurate manufacture ensure that this exceptional cartridge provides among other advantages: -

- Response, $40-12,000 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{s} \pm 1.5 \mathrm{~dB}$
- Sensitivity, 200 mV at $1 \mathrm{kc} / \mathrm{s}$ on stereo
- Compliance $2.4 \times 10^{-6} \mathrm{~cm} / \mathrm{dyn}$
- Separation, 20 dB between channels
- Tracking Weight 6 grams on record changers, 4 grams on transcriptor arms
- Inbuilt vertical rumble filter
- Completely compatable for $33 \frac{1}{3}, 45$ and 78 r.p.m., fits most popular arms
- Stylus weight less than 11 mg ., diamond or sapphire stylus (easily replaceable)

Performance data is freely available to those interested in fitting this outstanding $T C L$ product.


## SenTerCel

## SILICON h.t. power rectifier

type FST1/4 for television receivers
The FST1/4 Silicon Power Diode has been specially designed for domestic television receiver H.T. power supplies and is of particular interest to circuit designers planning receivers with $110^{\circ}$ scanning, 625 line receivers and colour television receivers. Two diodes may be used in series to provide capacitor smoothed H.T., direct from 250 volts A.C. mains.
SenTerCel FST1/4 silfcon rectifiers are miniature wire ended devices which can be speedily mounted to tag panels, no heat sink being required. Typical performance curves and design procedure are included in leaflet MF/l09.

Important advantages of the FST1/4 silfcon rectifiers are:-


High Ambient Temperature Operation

No Heat Sink Required
High Output Voltage

No Forward Ageing

High Efficlency
Low Cost


6016 MF


A SERVICE FOR DESIGNERS

The possibility of a component change-due to shortage of supplies, increased costs or failure to meet specific conditions -is a problem facing every designer of electronic equipment. However, one basic component can be "tailor-made" from the start, for LAB will supply the precise type of Resistor required, ex stock and at the right price. Write for full technical data, prototype samples and price schedules to:-

THE RADIO RESISTOR CO. LTD.,<br>50 ABBEY GARDENS, LONDON, N.W.8.<br>Telephone: Maida Vale 0888

| CARBON | WATTS | OHMIC RANGE | TOLERANCES $\pm$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| I. Solid | $\frac{1}{2} 1$ and 2 | 10-10M | 5\% and 10\% |
| 2. Cracked | 1/30-20 | I-500M | 5\% and 10\% |
| 3. High Stability | 1/10-3 | 1-50M | 0.5\% 1\% 2\% 5\% |
| 4. Variable | $\frac{1}{4}$ | $5 \mathrm{~K}-2 \mathrm{M}$ | - |
| 5. V. High Resistance | $\frac{1}{4}-3$ | $50 \mathrm{M}-10^{13}$ | 5\% and 10\% |
| 6. V.H.F.(Rods and Discs) | 1/10-1 | 10-1K | 1\% and 2\% |
| WIREWOUND |  |  |  |
| 4. Rheostats | 4-500 | 10-18K | - |
| 8. Vitreous | 3-500 | I-150K | 1\% 2\% 5\% |
| 7. Cemented | 1-15 | I-25K | 5\% and 10\% |
| 9. Metal Oxide | $\pm-2$ | 100-4.2M | 1\% 2\% 5\% |

* The ubiquitous blue ( $1 \%$ ) grey ( $2 \%$ ) "HISTABS"

Do you KNOW
THAT almost non-inductive Resistors in cracked carbon are available up to 20 watts rating.

THAT an instrument quality HISTAB to $\pm 0.5 \%$ is available.



# the name to remember for INDUSTRIAL TYPE TRANSISTORS 

BIDIRECTIONAL GERMANIUM TRANSISTORS
(Effectively symmetrical in significant parameters) TYPES TK 20 C , TK 25 C
For high frequency switching circuits (cut-off frequency greater than $8 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$ with the TK' 25 C ), or small signal amplification.
ASYMMETRICAL GERMANIUM TRANSISTORS
TYPES TK 30 C , TK 31 C
For high frequency switching circuits (cut-of frequency greater than $8 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$ with the TK 31 C ), these are asymmetrical versions of the TK 20 C and TK 25 C respectively.
TYPE TK 23 C
For general purpose low and intermediate frequency applications and telephone and telegraph carrier systems.
TYPES TK 40 C, TK 41 C. TK 42 C
For audio and intermediate frequency osclllators and amplifiers requiring high gain and a power output of several hundred milliwatts.

## SILICON TRANSISTORS

## TYPES TK 71 C, TK 72 C

For amplification, switching and control In extremes of amblent temperature; and having excellent saturation characteristics at high collector currents, unusual in silicon transistors.


## Brenel performance. . As soon as you see a Brenell you'll be impressed.

You'll be impressed with its outstanding design, its contemporary styling . . . its neatness in construction . . . its compactness . . . with every control conveniently placed for simple operation. As soon as you hear a Brenell its startling realism in performance over a very wide frequency range will convince you of its exceptional capabilities. Seeing and hearing Brenell in action is of utmost importance to the keenest listener-it sets a standard which few manufacturers can equal at the price.


BRENELL MK. 5 RECORDER. Incorporating the famous Mk. 5 Deck, 4 recording speeds, $1 \frac{7}{7}, 3 \frac{1}{2}, 7 \frac{1}{2}$ and 15 , giving exceptionally wide frequency range. Permits use of $8 \frac{1}{4} \mathrm{in}$. reels ( $3,600 \mathrm{ft}$. of D.P. tape at 17 i.p.s., plays over 12 hours): 3 independent motors (B.T.H.): Foolproof interlocking controls: Instant stop without spillage: Pause control: High quality amplifier: Recording level indicator: Monitoring facilities: Azimuth head adjustment: Provision for extra sound heads: Fast rewind ( $1,200 \mathrm{ft}$. in 45 secs.). Coloured signal lights. Price, including $1,200 \mathrm{ft}$. of tape, 64 Gns.
The following units can be supplied as separate Items: Tape Deck, with provislon
for extra heads, 28 Gns . Complete record/playback amplifier, with power unit, $£ 24$. Stereo/rec. playback (including mounting rack), £93.16.0. Details on request.

## BRENELL PERFORMANCE IS TRUE-TO-LIFE PERFORMANCE

The very latest! 3 -Stor stereo rec./playback, 89 Gns. or with two microphones, 95 Gns.

# here is the answer 

## to your

 filter
## problem

No matter how complex or difficult your filter problem, we can solve it.
Our specialist design team is constantly engaged in solving difficult filter problems and developing new circuits employing the latest crystal and L.C. techniques. If you have a filter problem; just write to the address below. A wealth of experience will be at your disposal to provide the answer.

## MULLARD EQUIPMENT LIMITED

Mullard House - Torrington Place - London WCI Telephone: LANgham 6633

## ELEGTRONIG GOUNTER TYPE TF1165 Gounts up to 9,999,999 sinewaves or pulses

- Counts random or periodic events presented to it in the form of pulses or sinewaves at rates up to I million/sec.
- Measures time when internal I-Mc/s timing oscillator is fitted.
- Measures frequency, time and waveform period when used with the Marconi TF 1220 Timing Unit, as illustrated.
Its clear 7-decade readout can be displayed for a preselected time and cleared by an auto-reset system. Accuracy, dependability and versatility make the Counter applicable to a wide range of laboratory and industrial problems, yet its simplicity of operation makes it suitable for use by non-technical personnel. Send for leaflet Gi64.

COUNT CAPACITY: $9,999,999$ for sinewave or pulse inputs.

INPUTS:
Pulse: $1 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$ max. p.r.f., 5 to 50 volts peak.
Sinewave: $10 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{s}$ to $1 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$, 0.5 to 30 volts r.m.s.
gate operation :
By 'run' and 'stop' switches, or 10 - to 50 -volt two-line pulses.
dISPLAY TIME:
Manual gate: unlimited. Auto-reset: 1.5, 5, 7 and 9 sec .

OUTPUTS:
Reset pulse and decade outputs are available for external use.
DECIMAL POINT LAMPS : Energised by external Timing Unit; divide displayed count by factors of 10,100 , 1,000 or 10,000 .

## MARCONI INSTRUMENTS

AM \& FM SIGNAL GENERATORS • AUDIO \& VIDEO OSCILLATORS FREQUENCY METERS . VOLTMETERS • POWER METERS DISTORTION METERS - FIELD STRENGTH METERS TRANSMISSION MONITORS . DEVIATION METERS OSCILLOSCOPES, SPECTRUM \& RESPONSE. ANALYSERS Q METERS \& BRIDGES

Please address enquiries to MARCONI INSTRUMENTS LTD. at your nearest office:

London and the South :
Marconi House, : :rand, London, W.C. 2
Telephone: COVent Garden 1234
Mid.ands :
Marconi House, 24 The Parade. Leamington Spa Telephone: 1408

North:
23/25 Station Square, Harrogate Telephone: 67455

Export Department : Marconi Instruments Ltd., St. Albans, Herts. Telephone: St. Albans 56161

## High speed

## Switching Transistors

## TYPES XA141, XA142

## and XA143

These germanium p-n-p drift transistors are specifically designed for use in high speed current switching circuits and feature minimum gain/bandwidth products of $20 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$, $40 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$ and $60 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$ respectively. Full particulars of these and other Ediswan Mazda semiconductor devices will be sent gladly on request.
If you wish to keep up to date with the latest developments in this field, please ask us to add your name to our semiconductor mailing list.



| PARAMETER CHARACTERISTICS* ( $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{amb}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | XA141 | XA142 | XA143 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Static current amplification |  |  |  |  |
| at $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{ce}}=-7 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{c}}=-5 \mathrm{~mA}\left(\mathrm{~h}_{\mathrm{FE}}\right)$...................... | Minimum | 20 | 20 | 20 |
|  | Average | 45 | 45 | 45 |
| Collector to base capacity ( pF ) | Average | 2 | 2 | 2 |
|  | Maximum | 5 | 5 | 5 |
| Gain/bandwidth product (frequency for current | Minimum | 20 | 40 | 60 |
| gain $=1$ ) at $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{ce}}=-7 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{c}}=-5 \mathrm{~mA}(\mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}) .$. | Average | 30 | 50 | 75 |
| *Typical production spreads |  |  |  |  |

# MEN IN THE KNOW HAVE THE RIGHT CONTACTS 



Special combined circuits fitted with 5 amps . microswitch and 9 standard 0.3 amp . contacts.
and now Piug-in 3,000 TypeRelay All the versatility and well established abilities of the best known relays in the world plus plug-in facilities. * Positive contact between male and female pins. $\star$ Transparent or metal cover. $\star$ Cllp retains relay positively in any position. $\star$ Contacts up to 18 light duty or 12 heavy duty. $\star$ Complete transistorized or A.C. units.

Versatile and reliable, Keyswitch relays set the standard for design robustness, sensitivity and extremely efficient operation-even under the most hazardous operating conditions.

## - KEYSWITCH RELAYS <br> Sales Manager <br> 2 Irongate Wharf Road, Praed St., London, W. 2 <br> Telephone: PADdington 2231

Extremely advantageous quotations can be offered for quantity orders. Contractors to Home and Overseas Governments and H.M. Grown Agents.

RELAYS FOR ALL PURPOSES can be supplled to customers' requirements. For AUTOMATION COMPUTERS BATCH COUNTING \& PHOTO ELEGTRICS TELEPHONY \& INTERCOM. SYSTEMS AUTO-TIMING \& AUTOMATIC SIGNALS MOTOR \& MACHINERY CONTROL CURRENT \& VOLTAGE REGULATION Etc.

## VINKOR Pot Core <br> Assemblies

## offer...

## adjustment of $\pm 7 \%$

## with an accuracy of better than $上 0.02 \%$

Any assembly in the Mullard Vinkor range can be easily adjusted to an accuracy of better than $\pm 0.02 \%$ by using a trimming screwdriver, whilst stability is ensured by the self-locking action of the adjuster core. The range of adjustment is approximately $\pm 7 \%$ about the nominal midposition of the adjuster core. Over and above these advantages, for each size of core there is a choice of three permeabilities which are controlled to close limits so that it is possible to calculate and wind an inductance to $\pm 3 \%$ of the value required before adjustment.
These are just some of the reasons why leading equipment designers acclaim Vinkor as the world's most efficient pot core. If you have not received your copy of Vinkor data, write at once to the address below.


Mullard Ltd. Component Division, Mullard House, Torrington Place, W.C.1.


## M497-a unique, vibration and acceleration resistant capacitor



It's the W197 capacitor, by Hunts the only High Capacitance Minlature Metallised Paper Capacitor with Joint Services approval to Humidity Class HI and Temperature Category 55/100.
The special construction of Type W197 produces a solid mass, strongly resistant to vibration and conditions of high acceleration. Together with Type W97, already well proven, it provides a capacitance range from 50pf to $2 \mu \mathrm{~F}$.
Full details freely available on request.
A. H. HUNT (Capaciters) LTD.

Factories also in Eqsex, Eurrey and Worth Wales

WANDSWORTH-LONDON-E.W. 18 Tel: VANdyke 6454


## the standard ly which others are now judged

The type $\$ 31$ Oscilloscope is an improved version of the now famous Serviscope.
If is extremely compact $\left(3 \frac{1}{2} i n . \times 6 \frac{1}{2} i n . \times 13 i n.\right)$ and has a performance
and specification unequalled by many much larger instruments.
The D.C. coupled amplifier ( -3 db at $6 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$ ), voliage calibration, wide-range calibrated time base ( 5 sec. $101 \mu$ sec. per cm. ) and a precision llat-laced c.R. Tube are only a tew of the teatures that put the $\$ 31$ far ahead of any other portable scope.

## TELEQUIPMENT LTD



## and 200 miles away a telephone rings!

Eight hours ago, an expanse of barren mountainous country made communication impossible. Tonight, 60 telephone channels and teletype span the wilderness.
Transportable MICROSCATTER is a super high frequency radio system for long-range communication. Developed by Canadian Westinghouse, MICROSCATTER beams signals high above the earth sending two-way voice and teletype messages up to 200 miles over land and water . . . without costly relay stations.
The compact MICROSCATTER radio system fits in a standard 30 ft . truck trailer. Now, whenever men and equipment move, MICROSCATTER moves right along with them. It is particularly suited to military and government projects in remote locations. Units designed for self-contained field operations are set down by helicopter.

CANADIAN
Westinghouse Microscatter
be pleased to explain fully the MICROSCATTER operation and relate it to your problem. Contact your nearest Westinghouse office, or write to Canadian Westinghouse Company Limited, Electronics Division, Hamilton, Canada. YOU CAN BE SURE . . IF IT'S WESTINGHOUSE.

| MICROSCATTER | APPLICATIONS |
| :---: | :---: |
| $\left.\begin{array}{c}\text { COMMERCIAL } \\ \text { Fixed Station }-120 \text { telephone } \\ \text { channels } \\ - \text { television and } \\ \text { sound }\end{array}\right\}$Transportable -60 telephone <br> channels <br> -teletype |  |
| FEATURES |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Frequency }-4400-5000 \mathrm{mc} \\ & \text { Antennas }-10 \text { to } 28 \mathrm{ft} \text {. diamet } \end{aligned}$ | - Power- 2 KW <br> - Range- 100 to 200 milos |



In the field of instrumentation, Livingston Laboratories offer a unique service in the form of expert advice in the choosing of test equipment to meet your needs.
The relevant factors are not who makes it or where it is made, but will It do the jobl At Retcar Street you can discuss the technical problems of instrumentation and the new techniques developed both in this country and abroad. If it is impossible to call-write or telephone about your particular problem or requirement and our representatives will supply you with full information.

Some of the manufocturers outside Great Britain whom we represent and for whose products we offer full service facilizies:

BIRD ELECTRONIC CORP. BRUSH INSTRUMENTS DYMEC INC. ELECTRO MEASUREMENTS INC. EMPIRE DEVICES PROD. CORP. FAIRCHILD CAMERA \& INST. CORP. (Oscilloscope Cameras) GERTSCH PROD. INC HEWLETT. PACKARD CO. HUGHES INTERNATIONAL KAY ELECTRIC CO. KEITHLEY INSTRUMENTS INC. ARTHUR KLEMT MAGNETIC A.B. RADIO FREQUENCY LABORA. TORIES INC. RADIOMETER S.I.D.E.R. TEKTRONIX INC. TELECHROME MANUFACTURING CORP. VARIAN ASSOCIATES (Mierowave Tube Division).

LIVINGSTON LABORATORIES LTD.
RETCAR STREET •LONDON N. 19
Telephone: Archway 6251


STAND E2I5
© CHITIO

## A valve by any other name...

. . . call it what you will, E.E.V. Co's Power Tetrode C178A is the CV2797, the equivalent of the 5894, the SRS4451 and the QQV06-40A, and is a recent addition to the large range of valves manufactured by the Company. Please write for complete technical data on this, or any other of our products.

## IT'S NEW IT'S



Advance enter the electronic counter market with an instrument excelling
in range and performance. Occupying considerably less than half a cubic foot and weighing only 12 lb ., this remarkable counter has
the versatility previously found only in equipment several times its size and price.

Over 145 transistors and 21 printed circuit boards are used to achieve an exceptionally sound and compact design, capable of performing efficiently under rigorous conditions. Self-checking facilities are incorporated, and the easy-to-read decade-meter display provides an instant six-figure indication with manual or automatic repetition and an accuracy of $\pm 1$ count.

## TC1 TIME AND FREQUENCY MEASURING COUNTER

FREQUENOY MEASUREMENT from 10 to $1,000,000 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{s}$
TIME MEASUREMENT from $1 \mu \mathrm{sec}$. to 2777 hours

* PERIOD MEASUREMENT 1 or 10 periods of input waveform down to $10 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{s}$ RANDOM COUNTING totalling over any period

OUTPUT TIMING PULSES from $10-1$ to $10^{6}$ p.p.s.
INTERNAL STANDARD oven controlled $1 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$ crystal
STABILITY $\pm 1$ part in $10^{\circ}$ at $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
FREQUENCY MEASURING PERIOD $0.1,1.0$ or 10.0 seconds
DISPLAY TIME 1 to 5 seconds or 'hold
PÓWER CONSUMPTION 3W (battery), 14VA (mains)
DIMENSIONS length 12 in ., height 9 in ., depth 6 in ., weight 12 lb .

* AND NOW-virtually to d.c. with CA. 1 attachment.


## $1 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$ TRANSISTORIZED COUNTER


with full laboratory facilities


# The new concept of electronic equipment 

## manufacture



* An outstanding virtue of the new Philips electronic measuring tools for industry is that they give uniformily reliable and accurate results. Flow production, automatic inspection, eliminating operator error, ensure that this is so. To uniform reliability, add robustness in hard daily use under normal workshop or laboratory conditions and simplicity of operation. The sum of all these virtues is an entirely new conception of industrial electronic tools - by Philips, of course.


## Dependable PM|LDStools

for the electronic industry

Sold and serviced by Philips Organizations all over the world
Overseas enquiries please, to the manufacturers, N.V. Phillips, Elndhoven, the Netherlands.

Sole Distributors in the U.K.: Research \& Control Instruments Lit.,
207 King's Cross Road, London W.C. I

A new philosophy
Made for everyday use
Wide range available Modern techniques

Flow production
Automatic inspection *
Easy servicing


## GM 5601 <br> High Frequency Oscilloscope

Catbode Ray Tube. DH 10-78
Flat faced 10 cm tube, EHT-1.7 kV
Vertical Amplifier: $0.5 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}(-3 \pm 1 / 2 \mathrm{~dB})$ Sensitivity $100 \mathrm{mV} / \mathrm{cm}$,
Calibration accuracy $3 \%$
Time Base: $0.5 \mu \mathrm{sec} / \mathrm{cm}$ - $200 \mathrm{msec} / \mathrm{cm}$ Calibration accuracy $5 \%$
Horizontal magnification up to $\times 5$ Internal trigger facilities up to $5 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$


The price - a pleasant surprlse


## ... in the training of production personnel?

Does your output of trained operators enable you to keep up a full output of your products? Think how the television medium can help you here. . . I With the TV camera's eye your trainees, while working on the assembly line, can look over the shoulder of your most skilled operator. This way they can learn by the quickest, surest method of allby watching and learning while they work, step by step. More. As soon as a new technique or new machine's operation is mastered by a single operator it can be taught simultaneously and at once throughout the factory. Television equipment's cost is small-and the space it requires is small. Closed-circuit television has many advantages for industry and G.B-Kalee will be glad to demonstrate some of them on your premises. Write now to G.B-Kalee,

C.B-KALEE DIVISION



## VENNER

 ElectronicsWrite now . . . on company notepaper, please . . . for your copy of our new catalogue-a concise guide to the Venner way with electronic equipment.


## The New P㞓 $3^{3}$ I Mage orthicon iV camera 42 " 2 also available

Exacting standards of design have resulted in a high-grade camera capable of reproducing the fine picture quality demanded in studio use, yet, at the same time, light and strong enough for field use.

## OUTSTANDING FEATURES:

* Pick-up Tube can be replaced in one minute without disturbing cover or lenses.
$\star$ 'Image orbiting' device reduces risk of target 'burn-in'.
* Built-in hour meter records pick-up tube running hours.
* Electronic viewfinder with $7^{\prime \prime}$ diagonal rectangular tube. It presents a picture which is perpendicular to the line of vision.
* All chassis of plug-in type for easy malntenance and replacement.
* Servo control of light by filter or Iris.
* Thermostatic temperature control of plck-up tube.


For full technical details, please write to: pÝe LTd., sales dept., ty transmission division, cambridge

## "GLOUCESTER" STEREO CABINET KIT

Specially designed to meet the varying needs of different homes. Mk. I houses Record Player, F.M. Tuner, Stereo Amplifier, records, etc. Mk. Il will house a Tape Deck in addition 46 in. long, 30 in . hizh, 2 lin . deep. "In the white " for finish to personal taste.
Mk. $£ 15.18 .6 \quad$ Mk. 11 £17.8.6
"COTSWOLD" HI-FI SPEAKER SYSTEM KIT
Acoustically designed enclosure "in the white" 26in. x 23 in . $\times 15 \mathrm{fin}$. housing a 12 in . bass speaker with 2 in . speech coll, elliptical middle speaker together with pressure unit to cover the full frequency range of $30-20,000 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{s}$. Complete with speakers, cross-over unit.
level control
£19.18.6 evel control, etc.

5 in. OSCILLOSCOPE KIT Model 0-12U
Has wide-band amplifiers, essential for TV servicing, F.M. alignment, etc. Vertical frequeney response $3 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{s}$. to over $5 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$. without extra switching.
$T / B$ covers $10 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{s}$, to $500 \mathrm{kc} / \mathrm{s}$. in 5 ranges
£34.15.0

## ELECTRONIC SWITCH KIT Model S-3U

(Oscilloscope Trace Doubler)
Enables a single beam oscilloscope to give simultaneous traces of two separate and Independent signals. Switching rates approx. $150,500,1,500,5,000$ and $15,000 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{s}$. Sig. freq. response $10-100 \mathrm{ke} / \mathrm{s}$. $\pm 1 \mathrm{~dB}$. Separate gain controls and sync. output. Sig. input range $0.1-1.8$ y. $£ 9.18 .6$ r.m.s.

AMATEUR TRANSMITTER KIT Model DX-100U
Covers all amateur bands from $160-10$ metres. Self contained including Power Supply. Modulator $£ 78.10 .0$ and V.F.O.

TRANSCRIPTION RECORD PLAYER MODEL RP-1U
4-speed A.C. motor. Ronette Stereo/ Mono pick-up. Complete on plinth.

CAPACITANCE METER KIT Model CM-1U
Direct-reading $4 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in}$. scale. Full-scale ranges
$0-100 \mu \mu \mathrm{~F}, 0.1,000 \mu \mu \mathrm{~F}, 0-0.01 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ and $0-0.1 \mu \mathrm{~F}$.
STEREO-HEAD BOOSTER KIT Model USP-1 Hi-Fi Stereo pre-amplifier for lowoutput Hi-Fi P.U.'s. Input 2 mV . to 20 mV . Output adjustable from 20 mV . to 2 v . $40-$ $20,000 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{Q}$. Also suitable as low- $\quad £ 5.19 .6$ noise R.C.-coupled high-gain monaural amplifier.

VARIABLE FREQUENCY OSCILLATOR
KIT Model VF-1U From $160-10 \mathrm{~m}$. Ideal for our DX-40U and similar transmitters. $£ 10.12 .0$ Price less valves $£ 8 / 19 / 6$.
£14.10.0
$£ 12.10 .0$

HJ-FI SPEAKER SYSTEM KIT Model SSU-1 Dueted-port bass reflex cablner " in the white." Twin speakers $£ 10.5 .6$ With legs EI $/ 12 / 6$.

DUAL-WAVE TRANSISTOR RADIO KIT Model UJR-1 This senslaive headphone $\begin{array}{lll}\text { set is a fine introduction so } \\ \text { electronics for any youngster. } & £ 2.16 .6\end{array}$ electronics for any youngster.

- For fuller detalls of our kits


S-3U

F.M. TUNER


DX-100U


S-33


USP-1


S-88

## HI-FI STEREO AMPLIFIER KIT Model S-88

16 w . output, 10 mV . basic sensitivity ( 2 mV . available, 20/extra). Ganged controls. Stereo/Monaural gram., radio and tape recorder inputs. Push-button selection. $£ 25.5 .6$ Two-tone grey metal cabinet.

## 6-W STEREO AMPLIFIER KIT Model S- 33

3 watts per channel, $0.3 \%$ distortion at 2.5 w'chn!., 20dB N.F.B. Inputs for Radio (or Tape) and Gram., Stereo or Monaural, ganged controls. Sensitivity £11.8.0 100 mV .
TRANSISTOR RORTABLE KIT Model UXR-1
Pre-aligned .F. transformers, printed circuit
and a $7 \times 4$ in, high-flux speaker. Real hide case and a $7 \times 4 \mathrm{in}$. high-flux speaker. Real hide case
"HAM" TRANSMITTER KIT Model DX-40U
From $80-10 \mathrm{~m}$. Power input 75 w . C.W., 60 w . peak controlled carrier phone. Output 40 w. to aerial.
Provision for $\forall$ F.O. Provision for V.F.O.

AUDIO VALVE MILLIVOLTMETER KIT AV-3U
1 mV . to 300 v. A.C. $10 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{s}$. to
£13.18.6
VALVE VOLTMETER KIT Model V-7A
7 voltage ranges d.c. volts to 1,500 , a.c. to 1,500 r.m.s. and 4,000 peak to peak. Resistance 0.1 ohm. to $1,000 \mathrm{M}$. ohms with internal battery. D.C. input impedance il megohms. dB measurement has centre-zero scale. Complete $£ 13.0 .0$ with test prods, lead and standardising batcery.
R.F. PROBE KIT Model 309-CU

Extends the frequency range of our V-7A to $100 \mathrm{mc} / \mathrm{s}$. and enables useful voltage indication to be obtained
up to $300 \mathrm{Me} / \mathrm{s}$.
AUDIO SIGNAL GENERATOR KIT Model AG-9U
$10 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{s}$. to $100 \mathrm{kc} / \mathrm{s}$., switch selected. Distortion less than $0.1 \%$. $10 \mathrm{v} . \operatorname{sine}$ wave output metered in $£ 19.3 .0$ volts and d8's.

## RESISTANCE-CAPACITANCE BRIDGE-KIT

MODEL C. 3 U Measures capacity 10 pF to $1,000 \mu$ F., resistance $100 \Omega$ to $5 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ and power factor. $5-450 \mathrm{x}$.
test voltages. With safety switch. test voltages. With safety switch.

## HI-FI F.M. TUNER

Tuning range 88-108 Mc/s. For your convenience this is available in two unls sold separately as follows: Tuner Unit (FMT-4U) wish $10.7 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$. I.F. output $£ 3 / 2 /$ - inc. P.T.
J.F. Amplifier (FMA-4U) Complete with case and valves $£ 10 / 10 / 6$.
\&13.12.6

STEREO CONTROL AMPLIFIER Model USC-1.
3in. SERVICE OSCILLOSCOPE. Model OS-I.
BALUN COIL UNIT. Model B-IU.
DECADE CAPACITOR UNIT. Model DC-I.
I2W. MONAURAL AMPLIFIER. Model MA-12
MULTI-RANGE METER Model MM-IU.
TAPE DECKS are now available as "package deals" with other equipment.

Details and prices on request.

Prices include free delivery in the U.K. - Deferred Terms
available on all orders above $£(10$.

## MATCHED HI-FI STEREO KIT

We offer as a "packaged deal" the following matched Mi-Fi Stereo Equipment. following matched Hi-Fi Stereo Equipment.
4-speed Record Player (RP-IU) ......... $\equiv 1210$ o 4-speed Record Player (RP-IU) .......... $£ 12$ 10 0
6-W Amplifier $(S-33)$............... $£ 118$ o Twin Speaker Systems $\begin{aligned} & \text { (SSUU-i) }\end{aligned}$
Cost of Units .............................. £44 90
At an "all-in" price of $\mathbf{8 4 2 . 1 0 . 0}$
Pedestal speaker legs $62 / 14 /$ - optional extra.
AUDIO WATTMETER KIT Model AW-IU Up to 25 w , continuous $\quad £ 13.18 .6$ 50 w . intermittent
see last month's advertisement

## DAYSTROM LTD.

DEPT. W.W.4. GLOUCESTER, ENGLAND
A member of the Daystrom Group, Manufacturers of the
WORLD'S LARGEST-SELLING ELECTRONIC KIT-SETS

Please send me fREE CATALOGUE (Yes/No)
full detalls of model(s)
Deferred Payments (Yes/No)

## NAME.

(Block Capitals)
ADDRESS
.....................................................................................W.W.W. 4
 latest addition to the world-famous "Advance" range of instruments.
Full Technical detnils in Leaflet W so

## More and More T/V-F/M RELAY <br> and COMMUNAL AERIAL SYSTEMS



Teleng's many YEARS of successful practical experience is at your service for the installation of complete systems serving any channels, any size of area coverage, and any number of outlets for standard receivers.
Teleng Equipment is built to the highest public service standards, gives known performance and utmost reliability, fully obeying Post Office Engineering Department requirements and insurance dictates for absolute safety to connectees.

Full system planning and quotations are given without obligation.

## this is why MORE and MORE DEALERS




We have reduced the prices of our Micro-alloy Diffused-base (MADT) and Medium-speed Switching (MSS) Transistor families by more than one third.

Write for a price list and see how the new figures can-benefit your current design work.

Quantity production of these two families will begin at Swindon shortly.

## Semiconductors limited

CHENEY MANOR : SWINDON • WILTTSHIRE<br>Telephone: Swindon 6421

## DOUBLE ENDED STAINLESS STEEL VACUUM OVENS

$\star$ Made throughout in polished stainless steel.

* Single action door openings.
* Rectangular with shelf spacings to suit.
* Double ended controls.
* Electrical interlocking of air inlet and isolation valves.
* Outer cover hermetically sealed.
$\star$ Temperature range $0^{\circ}-300^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ or equivalent $F$.
* Temperature Control: Normal $\pm 7 \frac{1}{2}^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
Special $\pm \overline{1} \mathbf{C}^{2}$
$\star$ Internal Spacing 7in. $\times 8$ in. $\times 18 i n$. (can be altered to special requirements).
$\star$ Vacuum Range: To $10-4$.
* Respective Vacuum Gauges incorporated.
$\star$ Automatic air inlet valve on Backing Pump.
* Visual indicators and fuses on all switches.
* Flanged for fitting into Dry Box.

These photographs show how a complete sequence of production can be organised, without exposure to atmosphere, by means of our Ovens.


## NACWES

(Back View)

We design and manufacture Ovens to Customers' special requirements. Should you have any problems in this field our Technical Department is always willing to help you solve them.
Vacuum 0 vens with temperatures of up to $600^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ are also manufactured by us on similar lines bat with Sectional Heating and Water-Cooled Ends.

## Hermetic Sealing

## STEATITE \& PORCELAIN NICKEL METALLISING

Quality Approved (Joint Service R.C.S.C.)
WILL MEET THE MOST EXACTING REQUIREMENTS
METALHISED BUSHES

## Perfect Terminations

-made readily without special precautions by semi-skilled labour, employing simple hand soldering methods, R.F. Heating, Hot Plate, Tunnel Oven or similar mass production methods.

STANDARD RANGE
Shouldered, Tubular, Conical, Dis and multi seals are included, assemble with stems if preferred.
SEND FOR CATALOGUE No. 47
TECHNICAL SERVICE
Always available, do not hesitate consult us. Samples for test will b supplied on request.

## STEATITE \& PORCELAIN PRODUCTS LTD

## Jolnt responsibllity...

To rely on Enthoven for all your soldering requirements is a policy that will take a load off your shoulders . . .


Superspeed and Superspeed ' XX ' cored solders are unequalled for general assembly work on radio, television, electronic and telecommunication equipment:

Enthoven preforms, such as cored solder washers, rings and pellets, are available or can be designed to meet the precision requirements of the most advanced manufacturing techniques:


Enthoven aluminium cored solder is the perfect medium for soldering aluminium to aluminium - or aluminium to copper, tinned copper, tinned and silver-plated brass and most other non-ferrous metals:


The comprehensive Enthoven range of solder products comprises cored solder wire, solid solders, materials for soldering aluminium and for the processing of printed circuits, fluxes of all kinds, standard and special preforms and many other special-purpose products. For technical information on all these 1tems please send today for your copy of "Eathoven Solder Products" - or for more detailed technical Ifterature on any soldering material in which you are specifically interested.

[^8]
## Avartic

## AUDIO AMPLIFIER STANDARD

Suitable for use as:

## * Laboratory Standard

* Test amplifier for microphones, pick-ups, loudspeakers, pre-amplifiers, tape decks etc.
* Recording amplifier.
* Broadcast Transmitter Modulator.

The Avantic DL7-35, originally designed as a high fidelity amplifier, has proved to be of such advanced design that it has remained unsurpassed. During the three years it has been manufactured the high performance laid down in the design has been consistently maintained. It can now be regarded as a Laboratory Standard of the utmost reliability.

## AVANTIC DL7-35 POWER AMPLIFIER

 Harmonic Distortion:$<0.05 \%$ at 20 watts sine wave output.
Intermodulation Distortion:
$0.7 \%$ at 20 watts
$1.0 \%$ at 29 watts
$\mathrm{fm}=40 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{s} . \mathrm{fc}=10 \mathrm{kc} / \mathrm{s} . \mathrm{fm} / \mathrm{fc}=4$
Hum and Noise:
-85 dB relative to 20 watts output with $10 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ source resistance.
Load Impedance:
$4 \Omega, 8 \Omega, 16 \Omega$ switch selected with automatic feedback compensation.
Damping Factor:
50
Rise Time: $5 \mu$ secs.
Power Inputs: $105,117,125,210,233,251 \mathrm{~V}$. a.c. 40-60 c/s.




Distributed Load Push-Pull Output Stage.
High stability resistors in input stage.
Power outlets of 6.3 V . at 2.5 A . a.c.
Price: 30 gns. 440 V . at 30 mA . d.c.

* Suitable pre-amplifiers available to increase sensitivity to 3 mV .

All for 240 V Input. Other Supply Voltages as Required CONTINUOUS RATING. Short Rating Transformers alsc available


## VOLTMOBILE

VOLTAGE SELECTOR AUTO-TRANSFORMERS

Range from Zero Volts to $6 \%$ above Supply Volts in 64 steps. Change per step $1.6 \%$. ON LOAD SWITCHING

VOLTMOBILES can be used by themselves or in the primary of another transformer to give very fine changes of output.


RECTIFIER SETS
For 240 V A.C. The larger outputs
are available for 3-phase supply


Full load DC Volts and Amps are-stated.
Prices are without Meters and Regulators.



SPECIFIC ENQUIRIES are invited for Transformers and Rectifiers. We specialize In HEAVY CURRENT EQUIPMENT.

HARMSWORTH, TOWNLEY \& CO. 2 JORDAN STREET, MANCHESTER 15. CENTRAL 5069

## VERSATILITY

## is a feature of the

## LEEVERS RICH



## "ANALYST" range of data recorders

These magnetic recorders embody an advanced form of unit design for


Model EMI44R 4-channel Analyst Recorder both mechanism and electronic units which makes them extremely versatile in performance.

## Versatile in tape speed

Capstan units of both the synchronous and servo controlled type are available to cover a wide range of tape speeds. Multiple or adjustable speed systems may be fitted.

## Versatile plug-in electronic systems

Direct recording and replay channels for frequency bands ranging up to $100 \mathrm{kc} / \mathrm{s}$. F.M. carrier systems for frequency bands up to $10 \mathrm{kc} / \mathrm{s}$.

## Versatile basic design

Standard mechanisms are available for tape widths of $\frac{1}{2}$ in., $\frac{1}{2}$ in. and 1 in.

## Versatile in channel capacity

Integral head assembly as a plug-in unit. In-line heads giving one, two or four channels for tin. of tape width.

Such versatility is the result of a carefully planned design which has already proved successful as a precision recorder in many branches of audio engineering, scientific research, and industrial control. New uses are constantly being discovered for this versatile equipment and we shall be pleased to advise you on your application.

Stand No. R837 Instruments, Electronics \& Automation Exhibition, Olympia, May 23-28, 1960

## LEEVERS-RICH




## soudriges wíno dovinas



Taper Tab terminations used on co-axial cable


Sobell ITin. portable T.V. plus V.H.F. radio receiver, employing devices illustrated above

## (TRADEMARK

$\star$ Trade Mark of AMP Incorporated, U.S.A.

WRITE NOW ABOUT THE CREATIVE APPROACH TO BETTER WIRING
AIRCRAFT-MARINE PRODUCTS AIRCRAFT-MARINE PRODUCTS (GT. BRITAIN) LTD. Head Office: Dept. 14, AMPLO HOUSE, $87 / 89$ SAFFRON HILL, LONDON, E.C.I.
Tel: CHAncery 2902 (7 lines) Cables: AMPLO
Works: Scottish Industrial Estate, Port Glasgow, Scorland TELEX. Telex. 23513
south africa. Distributril Estate, Port Glasgow, Scotiand
DURBAN, NATAL, SOUTH. AFRICA MOWAT \& SONS (PTY) LTD. 5I-57, MILNE STREET, P.O. BOX. 437,
AUSTRALIA: MAN ,
P.O. AUBURN, N.S. WG AUSTPANY: AIRCRAFT-MARINE PRODUCTS: (AUSTRALIA) PTY LTD. BOX 78
LTD. 43-5I. NE ASSOCIATED COMPANIES INU.S.AT, ANNANDALE, N.S.W. GREENDALE ENGINEERING AND CABLES PTY. ASSOCIATED COMPANIES INU.S.A., CANADA, HOLLAND, FRANCE, GERMANY, ITALY, JAPAN \& PUERTO RICO

## Eight workmen operate a gigantic industrial plant



Almost two million tons of petroleum per year are processed in a big petroleum refinery which has been built and fully automatised according to the latest scientific and technical perceptions. Only eight workmen per shift are necessary for the management of such a gigantic automatic. The smooth run of its high-capacity production is guaranteed by reliable electronically working equipment.


In view of the increased worldwide demand for
HALTRON RADIO TUBES,
we are happy to announce that we are now operating from our new and enlarged premises. This enables us to offer a much wider range of receiving, transmitting and special purpose tubes, backed by prompt deliveries. Come to our unique organisation and get all your valve requirements from one reliable source.

We invite your specific enquiries for valves tested to CV, JAN, and MIL specifications.

Our Organisation is A.R.B. Approved.

If you are not already on our Mailing List, please send for latest Price and Stock Lists.

## HALL ELECTRIC LTD

 HALTRON HOUSE, ANGLERS LANE, LONDON N.W.5.Tel.: Gulliver 8531 ( 10 lines) Telex 2-2573 Cables: "Halléctric London"

## The very best connections

## ... secured by Plessey



Approximately twice life size

## SUB-MINIATURE COAXIAL CONNECTORS

As a contribution towards increasingly compact equipment, Plessey have introduced this new, highest quality and fully comprehensive range to allow a new approach on applications hitherto restricted by the limitations of existing connectors. Designed for the matched impedance coupling of high frequency coaxial cables operating in the super high frequency bands, these connectors\& have a working voltage of 650 volts Peak at sea level, and matched impedance coupling of 50 ohm lines is accommodated.

* have hard gold plated contacts on silver plate to give maximum performance with minimum voltage drop.



## one of the world's smallest



Despite its extremely small size, the Mullard Silicon Junction Diode OA202 will handle peak currents of up to 250 mA at $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Apart from other favourable electrical and mechanical characteristics, the OAzO2 is distinguished by its cost which is kept at the lowest possible level by very large scale production.
This all-glass diode is hermetically sealed and really is a rugged device. It is made in exactly the same way as the Government Type Approved CV7040, whose rigorous specification includes temperature cycling, climatic cycling, fatigue and shock tests, rooo hour life tests and high temperature storage.

Brief electrical data is givers below. For further information please contact Mullard House.

ABRIDGED DATA (AT $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ UNLESS OTHERWISE STATED)
Max. peak inverse voltage. $\qquad$ 150 V
Max. peak forward current - $\quad 250 \mathrm{~mA}$
Max. d.c. forward current _ $\quad 160 \mathrm{~mA}$
*Average forward current (sinusoidal input with resistive load) $\qquad$ 80 mA Typical forward voltage drop at $30 \mathrm{~mA} \quad 0.9 \mathrm{~V}$ Inverse current at -150 volts: Maximum at $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ $\qquad$ $0.1 \mu_{\mathrm{A}}$
Maximum at $125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ $10{ }^{\mu} \mathrm{A}$
Ambient temperature range_-_- -55 to $+125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
*Max. averaging time 50 millisecs.
(An alternative type, OAz00, is available for lower voltage applications.)

See Mullard Semiconductor Devices on Stand M559 at the
INSTRUMENTS, ELECTRONICS
AND AUTOMATION EXHIBITION


MULLARD LIMITED SEMICONDUCTOR DIVISION MULLARD HOUSE • TORRINGTON PLACE • LONDON . WOI TELEPHONE: LANGHAM 6633

## Mullard

industrial semiconductors

for use on small core coaxial cables

A system in the CM range of transmission equipment

# ATE GOAXIAL SYSTEM <br> TYPE C300A 



- Fully transistorised
- Suitable for national or international networks
- Designed for routes of medium circuit capacity
- Compact-power-fed repeaters
- Easy Maintenance


## (ax) <br> relays

Type 3000, available with a wide range of contact combinations, coil resistances and slugs.
Tropical finish type approved to RCS 161.
Standard finish for telecommunications applications in temperate climates.


During the period of the IEA Exhibition informal interviews in the evening can be arranged in Kensington for engineers who ore interested in appointments in this and allied fields.

Type 600 , available with a wide range of contact combinations and coil resistances.
Tropical finish type approved to RCS 161.
Standard finish for telecommunications applications in temperate climates.

Remanent (magnetic latching) versions of type 3000 and type 600 are also available.


Cubic Inch, combining high speed and sensitivity in a new miniature design with twin contacts of the well-proven form used on the type 3000 relay.


# EXTRA HIGH <br> <br> SENSITIVITY 

 <br> <br> SENSITIVITY}

## instrument tube 5CLP1

THE FIVE-INCH instrument tube 5CLP1 has a deflection sensitivity of $1.7 \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{cm}$ with a useful Y scan of 6 cm . A special system of shielding the post-deflection field from the deflection plates in this tube allows p.d.a. ratios as high as 15 to 1 to be used without pattern distortion. The extraordinary deflection sensitivity achieved with such high p.d.a. ratios profoundly affects oscillograph design. Bandwidths can be increased, amplifiers simplified and power supply requirements reduced. Write to the address below for full details of 'Etel' Instrument Tube type 5CLP1.

* P.d.a. ratios of $15: 1$ possible without pattern distortion.
* Sensitivity $1.7 \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{cm}$ with useful
$Y$ scan of 6 cm .
* Sensitivity substantially independent of final p.d.a. voltages from 10 to 15 kV .类 High resolution-only 200 mV for a deflection of one spot-width.
* Versatility - by simply altering one potential the SCLPI may be converted from a very sensitive tube to a higher writing speed tubepulses may be first examined and then a single shot photograph taken.



## ABRIDGED DATA

This is tentative. Final data is being prepared. 5 -inch flat faced precision oscillograph tube 5CLP1.

## CAPACITANCES

| $\mathrm{X}_{1}$ to $\mathrm{X}_{2}$ | $\ldots$ | 2.5 pF |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathrm{Y}_{1}$ to $\mathrm{Y}_{2}$ | $\ldots$ | 2.0 pF |

One X plate to all other electrodes
less other X plate 4.0 pF
One Y plate to all other electrodes
less other $\mathbf{Y}$ plate 2.0 pF

## COMPARE CONDITIONS

 SHOWN IN DATA1 and 2
to see how deflection sensitivity is maintained over range of $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{a} 4}$ and $\mathrm{Vas}_{\mathrm{a}}$.
1 and 2 with 3
for an illustration of a slightly lower sensitivity condition giving higher brightness. 2 and 4
for the reduction required in $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{a4}}$ potential to achieve higher writing speeds.

## TYPICAL OPERATING CONDITIONS



Electronic tubes limited
KINGSMEAD WORKS • HIGH WYCOMBE BUCKS . TEL: HIGH WYCOMBE 2020

## CATHODE <br> RAY TUBES

ADCOLA

## Soldering Equipment for <br> Miniature Solder Jointing

LIST No. 70
Fitted with an
ADCOLA SPECIAL PURPOSE BIT LIST No. 47


ADCOLE PRODUCTS LTD.
GAUDEN ROAD, CLAPHAM HIGH ST., LONDON, S.W. 2
Telephones: MACaulay 4272 \& 3101.
Telegrams: SOLOINT.


You will find most normal Avo, Crompton, E.A.C., Elliott, Pullin, Taylor, Turner, Weir, Weston and other meters in stock at Anders - ready to be served up at once. But Anders take a special pride in their a la carte service: non-standard meters of all kinds, shapes, sizes, voltage or current ranges, are supplied within 7.14 days, accurately calibrated, with dials specially drawn. Service is quick and efficient.

## Anders electronics on

103 Hampstead Road, London, N.W.1. Tel.: EUSton 1639 Contractors to G.P.O. and Government Departments

Meters, Electronic \& Test equipment to individual specifications

transient signals captured and stored for a week - . two hours viewing at leisure
. . . waveform immediately available for study and measurement superimposing of signals for later comparison

| DATA |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Size | $23 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in} . \times 14 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in} . \times 24 \mathrm{in}$. |
| Screen | 10 cm diameter |
| Resolution | 40 lines/cm |
| Writing speed | $2-4 \mathrm{~cm} / \mu \mathrm{S}$ |
| Sensitivity | $5 \mathrm{mV} / \mathrm{cm}$ (max.) |
| Bandwidth | 0-4 Mc/S |
| Time base velocity | $3 \mathrm{~cm} / \mu \mathrm{S}-0.1 \mathrm{~cm} / \mathrm{s}$ |
| Erasure time | $<1$ seco |

These are some of the outstanding advantages the Cawkell Remscope offers you. Incorporating a new British-made cathode-ray tube and crystal controlled time markers, the Remscope is the fastest storage oscilloscope available in the world. For most purposes the Remscope will give you all the viewing of transient signals you want without any need for photography.

## Arcolectric

SWITCHES \& SIGNAL LAMPS
T.225: Miniature Slide Switch
D.P. change-over switch
S.L.166: Very small low cost mains neon indicator
T.280: Sensitive Snap Action Switch Popular switch for tape recorders
T.626: Double pole 3-AMP switch
with tags to fit printed circuit boards

T. 626

Write for Catalogue No. 132

CENTRAL AVENUE, WEST MOLESEY, SURREY.
Tel.: MOLESEY 4336

## $A D C D L D C D$ SW TEHES •LTD

## AUTOMATL



## RECTIFIERS



TRANSFORMERS

## D G EQUIPMENT

# Sensational Success of audiotape 

Tape Recording experts and enthusiasts all over the country are changing to AUDIOTAPE for its flawless perfection of sound reproduction over the entire audio range and its consistent, uniform quality from reel to reel.

Available on all standard reel sizes, there are eight different types to meet every recording requirement . . AUDIOTAPE, manufactured in the U.S.A. by Audio Devices Inc., gives you the truest sound your recording equipment can produce-try AUDIOTAPE . . . it speaks for itself.

sensational C-SLOT REEL!
All 5 in . and 7in. reels of AUDIOTAPE are supplied on the exelusive C -slot Reel-the fastest-threading tape reel ever developed. The tape end, dropped into a slot in the hub, anchors itself automatically at the first turn of the reel.

## ELPICO A NAME FOR BETTER PERFORMANCE

Concessionaires to the United Kingdom and Eire.
LEE PRODUCTS (G.B.) LIMITED, "Elpico House," Longford Street, London, N.W.I
Telephone: EUSton 5754 (all lines). Telegrams: Leprod, London.


motek
Patents Pending. Details of K-10 (as illustrated) on Request.

## THREE SPEED TAPE-DECK

The Motek tape deck is both the heart and backbone of a multitude of recording machines. Confidence in Motek, felt by manufacturers and enthusiasts alike, grows with the technical excellence of Motek equipment.
Three speeds, pause control, push button operation, accidental erasure prevention, positioning counter . . . these are a few of the outward signs of internal quality.


SERIES


## PRECISION <br> RELAYS

Illustrated technical data sent on request:
ELECTRO METHODS LTD., General Products Division, CAXTON WAY, STEVENAGE, HERTS
Telephone: Stevenage 2110.7

## Armstrong



Post this coupon or write for descriptive literature or call at our Holloway Showroom for full, unhurried demonstration and professional advice on your installation. Open 9-6 weekdays and 9-5 Saturdays.

NAME

ADDRESS

WIRELESS \& TELEVISION CO. LTD., WARLTERS RD, LONDON, N.7.
Telephone: NORth 3213.
The name ARMSTRONG is our registered trade mark.
A10 Mk II Amplifier and Control Unit £32.0.0.
The A. 10 Mk . II is established in the topmost rank of high-fidelity amplifiers. Generous in design and fiexible in control, it provides the ideal basis for a complete high-fidelity system. The amplifier ( $£ 21 / 10 /-$ ) and Control Unit ( $£ 10 / 10 /-$ ) are available separately and if a stereo system is required two amplifiers should be used with our new PCU27 Stereo Pre-amplifier Control Unit (£26/10/-).
10 watts rated output, 20 watts peak Frequency response $15-30,000$ c.p.s. within 1 dB - Distortion less than $0.1 \%$ Hum level better than 80 dB down

## FM61 VHF TUNER 20 GNS.

A sensitive high-fidelity tuner, designed to match the A. 10 Mk. II Amplifier and Control Unit in size, style and performance but which can also be used with virtually any amplifier, radio receiver or tape recorder. The A. 10 Mk . II provides power supplies for the FM61, but a separate power pack ( $£ 2 / 19 / 6$ ) is available if required.


Full VHF Band ( $87-108 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$ ) Automatic Frequency Control Cathode follower output Variable output matching control Dual sensitivity tuning indicator
. ... and our new tape pre-amplifier PABO-3 Designed to operate with almost any tape 16 gns deck and with any good quality amplifier

## Max)- COIL PACKS

CP. $3 / 370 \mathrm{pF}$ and CP. $3 / 500 \mathrm{pF}$. These 3 waveband Coil Packs are available for use with either 370 pF or 500 pF tuning condensers. The coverages are: Long Wave 800-2,000 metres; Med. Wave 200-550 metres; Short Wave 16-50 metres. Designed for use with " MAXI-Q" glass scale type S2. Retail price of each unit: $32 /-$ plus $10 / 8$ P.T.-total $42 / 8$. CP.3/G. As above but with Gram. position, suitable for use with 500 pF tuning condenser: $39 /$ - plus $13 /-$ P.T.-total 52/-。
CP.3/F. This Coil Pack is for use with a 500 pF tuning condenser and covers the standard Long, Med. and Short wavebands with the addition of the band $50 / 160$ metres. This covers the Trawler band, Aeronautical and the 80 and 160 metre Amateur bands: $49 /-$ plus $16 / 4$ P.T.-total $65 / 4$. CP.3F/G. As CP.3/F. but with Gram. position: $57 /-$ plus 19/- P.T.-total 76/-,


CP.4/L and CP.4/M. These compact 4-station Coil Packs are available for either 1 Long Wave and 3 Medium Wave Stations (CP.4/L) or 4 Medium Wave Stations (CP.4/M). They are fully wired and require only four connections for use with any standard frequency change valve. 25/- plus $8 / 4$ P.T.-total 33/4.
CP.4L/G and CP.4M/G. As CP. $4 / \mathrm{L}$ and CP. $4 / \mathrm{M}$ but with provision for Gram. position, $31 /-$ plus $10 / 4$ P.T.total $41 / 4$.

See Technical Bulletin DTB. 9 for details of all Coil Packs, $\mathbf{1} / 6$.
GENERAL CATALOGUE covering full range of components, send $1 / 4$ in stamps or P.O. PLEASE SEND S.A.E. WITH ALL OTHER ENQUIRIES.
DINCO (CLAGTON) LTD. (Dept. W.W.), 357/9 Old Road. Clacton-on-Sea. Essex
STOP PRESS.—WF. 1428 Treble Lift Inductor for the "Mullard 3-valve Pre-Amplifier," $23 / 9$ each.

fit

## Garrard for Good....



## MAGAZINE TAPE

 DECKUnique design plus magazine loading makes tape recording and play back easy and good. No threading, anchoring or spilling of tape. Tape can be stopped at any point, magazines removed and replaced later.


MODEL 4.HF
A high quality single Record Player elegantly styied and carefully designed to provide maximum reliability with fidelity of reproduction. Fitted with TPA. 12 Pick-up Arm which allows records up to 16 in . to be played.

Garrard equipment is the perfect product of combined design and engineering achievement. Each unit, while conscious of changing modern moods, bears all the dignity of Garrard experience. Beautiful equipment made to give pleasure always.


MODEL TA MK II
A single Record Player particularly suitable for the home constructor. It is mounted on a rectangular unit plare. Voltage range 100/130 and 200/250 A.C. only. A model for batuery operation is also gvailable.

MODEL 301
The Connoisseur's Transcription Motor and used by the B.B.C. and broadcasting stations throughout the world. Wow and flutter have been reduced to the minimum and all three speeds are adjustable. Can be supplied with turntable stroboscopically marked.

## and always

ARRARD ENGINEERING \& MANUFACTURING COMPANY LIMITED Factory and Registered Offce: NEWCASTLE ST., SWINDON, WILTSHIRE TELEPHONE: SWINDON 5381 (5 lines)

TELEX 44-271


upreme in any Sphere

## TWO NEW LINES

by


## FIST MICROPHONE

Moulded in Nylon, this attractively designed unit is weatherproof and almost indestructible under the most adverse conditions. It has a positive action Double Pole Changeover Switch, and is available with either Carbon or Electromagnetic Transmitter. When fitted with the $\mathrm{E} / \mathrm{M}$ Inset it also operates as a Receiver. For use on Mobile Radio, Walkie-Talkie, Police Motor-Cycle Wireless, ete.


We proudly draw attention to our newly designed FIST MICROPHONE and UNIVERSAL HANDSET, which find applications everywhere where quality, toughness and serviceability are major factors.

## UNIVERSAL HANDSET

Moulded in Propionate--one of the toughest plastic materials ever produced, this beautifully styled, robust and lightweight instrument is designed to accommodate any known Transmitter or Receiver Inset. Builtin Double Pole Changeover Switch is also available. Standard Insets: Moving Coil, Electro-magnetic, Single Carbon and Double Button Carbon. For use on Radio Stations, Mobile Radio. Walkie-Talkie, Police CarRadio, etc.


Handsets; Microphones; Headsets; Headsets with Boom Microphone; Headsets with Throat Microphone; Transmitter Insets; Receiver Insets; Hospital Headphones and Pillowphones; High Fidelity Headphones.

Detalls of all S. G. Brown products sent on request.

# OUTSTANDING FEATURES ASTOUNDING PRIGE 



## ALL THIS FOR ONLY $£ 220$


offering facilities for making prototype flexible remote controls as required, without flexible casing.

The remote Control Flexible Shafts in these Outfits cover the range of torque loadings required for volume controls, wave change switches and condensers used in electronic, radio and television equipment.

No. 130 (.130 in. dia.) for controls up to 4 inches long No. 150 (. 150 in . dia.) for controls up to 6 inches long

Longer controls with flexible casing made to order.
Detailed Parts and Price List available upon
request to Dept. W.
THE S. S. WHITE DENTAL MFG. CO. (G.B.) LTD. Britannia Workes St. Pancras Way; London; N.W:I.


## Why struggle with Mains Voltage Fluctuation?

If you have any problem involving a.c. voltage regulation, the solution is to call in 'Advance'the Constant Voltage Transformer specialists. Investigation of your problem may prove that a standard type 'Volstat' will meet the case; or maybe, a spectal design is called for. In either event, the wealth of experience gained by 'Advance' over many years in probing every aspect of mains stabilization provides the surest, quickest, and certainly the most economical, solution to your difficulties.


# VOLSTAT CONSTANT VOLTAGE TRANSFORMERS 

- VOLTAGE STABILIZATION


This 'Advance" Booklet gives authoritative information on "Advance "Constant Voltage Transformers, and the service available to deal with your particular voltage fluctuation problems. Send for a copy.

POST THIS COUPON TODAY COMPONENTS LIMITED

MAINS STAEHLIZATION DIVISION ITGD84

NAME
POSITION.
COMPANY
ADDRESS

## TO ADVANCE COMPONENTS LIMITED, ROEBUCK ROAD, HAINAULT, ILFORD, ESSEX. Please send me a copy of your bookle: <br> TO ADVANCE COMPONENTS LIMITED, ROEBUCK ROAD, HAINAULT, ILFORD, ESSEX. Please send me a copy of your bookle: <br> TO ADVANCE COMPONENTS LIMITED, ROEBUCK ROAD, HAINAULT, ILFORD, ESSEX. Please send me a copy of your bookle: "Voltage Stabilization" by "Advance,"

## A question of control

In furthering the modern trend towards electronic, rather than electro-mechanical techniques, cold cathode tubes offer :
low cost, small size, flexibility, extremely long life, reliability and self indication.

You can count on Hivac Cold Cathode Tubes.

## Hivaeclimited

> A member of the Automatic Telephone \& Electric Group STONEFIELD WAY, SOUTH RUISLIP, MIDDLESEX. Tel: Rulalip 3366.


In addition to the range of Punches and Dies $\frac{1}{6} \mathrm{in}$. to $3 \frac{3}{4} \mathrm{in}$. dia. available from stock, some of the tools usually required in the Radio and Electronic Industries have been standardlsed for use with the Hunton Universa! Bolster Outfit. Illustrated here are a few which can be supplied quickly or from stock.
In London and Home Counties, ask for a practical demonstration in your own works.

Write for illustrated brochure W.W.I

## HUNTON LTD.

Phoenix Works, II4-II6, Euston Road, London, N.W.I

## TELEPHONE:

 EUSton I477 (3 lines) MAIN DISTRIBUTORS FOR LANCASHIRE, YORKSHIRE AND CHESHIRE
## JAS. H. VICKERY \& CO. LTD.

21 Bradshaw Street, Manchester, 4 Telephone: Blackfriar: 322I. Tolegrams: Vickery, Manchester

Calculating Machines Automation Control Systems
Telephone and Telegraph Switching Timing Clrcuits etc.

## "Ideally the Sound Source should appear as a Single Point"

... James Moir, author of "HIGH FIDELITY SOUND REPRODUCTION" and Technical Director of Goodmans Industries.


## A.L/120

A complete 15 watt 3 -way High Fidelity Loudspeaker system (measuring only $24^{\prime \prime} \times 11 \frac{1}{2}{ }^{\prime \prime} \times 14 \frac{1}{4} \prime \prime$ ) ; containing a precision built $12^{\prime \prime}$ unit, coaxially mounted mid-range radiator and pressure driven high frequency unit, providing accurate and integrated performance from $35 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{s}-20,000$ $\mathrm{c} / \mathrm{s}$. Patented enclosure loading. Now available in walnut or mahogany finish.

Price \&29. 10. 0.

## A.ㄴ/100

A new 12 watt 2 -way High Fidelity Loudspeaker system (dimensions 24" x $11 \frac{11}{2 \prime \prime}$ x $14 \frac{1}{4}{ }^{\prime \prime}$ ) containing a precision built $12^{\prime \prime}$ unit, with coaxially mounted mid-range and high frequency radiator. Frequency range $35 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{s}-15,000 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{s}$. Patented enclosure loading. Available in walnut or mahogany finish.


Price £25. 0. 0.

## TRIAXIETTE 8"

A Triaxial $8^{\prime \prime}$ unit of unique and patented design. With power handling capacity of 10 watts and frequency coverage from $40 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{s}-20,000 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{s}$, it caters admirably for all domestic installations where first-class - but space-saving - loudspeakers are required. Complete with crossover and high frequency balance control.
Price E10. 4. 3. (plus P.T. E3. 5. 9.)

FULL DETAILS ARE GIVEN IN GOODMANS HIGH FIDELITY MANUAL Fill in the coupon below and post NOW !

## GOODMENS

GOODMANS INDUSTRIES LIMITED, Axiom Works, Wembley, Middlesex. Tel : WEMbley 1200 (8 lines) Grams : Goodaxiom, Wemibley, England. Europe's largest manufacturers and the World's largest exporters of High Fidelity Loudspeakers,



## Superb equipment by


for stereo or


Variable 3 speed motor.
For $33 \frac{1}{3}, 45$ and 78 r.p.m. Stroboscope fitted with internal light source. Synchronous motor dynamically balanced, resiliently mounted. Mechanical speed change giving $4 \%$ variation on all speeds.
 Stereo Pickup Mark III.

Designed to accept both monaural and stereo heads. Adjustable for heights of various curntables. Pick-up head specification identical with the head specif
A. R. SUGDEN \& Co. (Engineers) Ltd., Market Street, Brighouse, Yorkshire.

Stereo Pickup Type CS1.
Pick-up arm fitted with integral lifting device. The pick-up head employs miniaqure ceramic units, frequency range 20-16,000 c.p.s. output 20 mV . with channel separa= tion of $20-25$ dbs. Downward pressure $3 \frac{1}{2}-4$ grams. ward pressure $3 \frac{1}{5}-4$ grams.
Diamond stylus. Will accept Mark II monaural heads.


## NATO SELECTS EIMAC KLYSTRONS TO POWER EUROPE'S LARGEST TROPO-SCATTER NETWORK

One and ten kilowatt amplifiers in NATO's continent-spanning troposcatter system will be Eimac Amplifier Klystrons. Since Eimac Klystrons first made large-scale tropospheric communications possible in 1954, they've become famous for reliability in all major tropo-scatter networks: Pole Vault, Dew Line, Texas Towers, White Alice, Florida-Cuba TV. Individual Eimac Klystrons have logged more than 35,000 hours continuous air time in tropo-seatter service.

Exclusive design features make Eimac Klystrons outstanding for troposcatter. Extra-wide frequency tuning is achieved with one set of tuning cavities. Inductive tuning achieves uniform bandwidth plus greater broadbanding by external cavity loading. Eimac's external cavity design lowers original cost, and replacement cost is lower since tuning circuitry is purchased just once.

One wide range load coupler covers the entire frequency range. Eimac's
series connected body magnets permit use of one power supply, one control for body magnets.
Eimac Klystrons will be used in NATO installations. Proved Eimac reliability will aid in safeguarding the security of all free European nations.

## EITEL-MCCULLOUGH, INC.



San Carlos. Californla
Cable Eimer

## 1O/ A/A TRULY REMARKABLE BRITISH INVENTION! Gramdeck <br> GRAMOPHONE TAPE RECORDER


£13-12-0
Special Moving Coil
Microphone and Tape Extra EASY TERMS
Plays at 71 in. per sec.
Other speeds if desired.
Uses standard tapes.
Erase head. Fast molor
re-wind or hand re-wind.
Instantly plays back
hrough gramophone or
radio.

MADE BY THE FIRM THAT MAKES MICROWAVE WAVE-GUIDES FOR VISCOUNTS AND BRITANNIAS


Instantly turns gour gramophone into a first class TapeRecorder. You simply slip it on to your turnetable and you are ready to record directfrom radio or microphone . . . the voices of your family ... radio programmes ... your favourite music--and you can instantly play it back through your own gramophone or radio deck now brings full taperrecording and decknow brings full taperecording and owner, at little extra cost.

## WORKS ON ANY RECORD. PLAYER OR RADIOGRAM

[^9]FREE BOOK-POST NOW
I would like to know how to turn my gramophone inlo a first-class tape-pecorder .. please send me the Gramdeck Book-FREE and without obligation (Write if you prefer not to cut coupon).
NAME
ADDRESS

GRAMOPHONE TAPE RECORDER (Dept. WW/805), 29 WRIGHT'S LANE, LONDON, W. 8
GGRAMDECK TURNS A TURNTABLE INTO A TAPE-RECORDER

## The <br> Supersperel soldering inon

## heats up from cold

 in 6 secondsDesigned on an entirely new principle, this lightweight, versatile iron is eminently suitable for soldering operations in the radio, television, electronic and telecommunication industries. For test bench and maintenance work it is by far the most efficient and economical soldering iron ever designed.

Activated by light thumb pressure on the switch ring. When pressure is released, current is automatically switched off-thus greatly reducing electricity consumption, wear on copper bit and carbon element.
2. Can be used on 2.5 to 6.3 voli supply ( 4 volt transformer normally supplied) or from a car battery.
f More powerful than conventional 150-watt irons; equally suitable for light wiring work or heavy soldering on chassis.

Simple to operate; ideal for

- Requires minimum main-
- tenance-at negligible cost; shows lowest operating costs over a period.

| LIST PRICES |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| IRON |  |
| TRANSFORMER |  |
| $39 / 6$ |  |
| All prices and trade dis- <br> counts subject to revision |  |

ENTHOVEN SOLDERS LTD.
(Industrial Equipment Division)
Sales Office $\mathcal{E}$ Works :
Upper Ordnance Wharf, Rotherhithe Street, London, S.E.16. Tel.: BERmondsey 2014 Head Office :
Dominion Buildings, South Place, London, E.C.2. Tel.: MONarch 0391

## from AIRPORTS



## Multitone

## leads in pocket staff location

By far the largest number of hospital and industrial installations of the pocket receiver type in this country, and overseas, are Multitone. Our selective induction system "Personal Call" is saving time, money and worry in well over 100 different types of industrial concerns from airports to zymurgists. (We are looking for a Quill Manufacturer to complete the alphabet.)
The New MULTI-CHANNEL equipment provides over 400 individual channels using the new flat receiver (as illustrated).

THE MULTITONE
system of staff location

## Additional Facilitics

## ELECTRONIC TRUNCHEON

The Electronic Truncheon is no bigger than standard equipment carried by guards and serves the same purpose, but inside there is a transmitter which, when the button is pressed, sends out a signal. This is picked up by the loop of wire around the area to be protected. The pulse is used to operate a small receiver, which automatically switches on any form of electrical alarm. It can be operated from any point in the area.

INTERNAL TRANSPORT COMMUNICATION
The Multitone "Personal Call" loudspeakerreceiver has been designed to solve the problem of conveying verbal instructions to transport vehicles used for handling loads inside a given area. Messages can be conveyed to all or selected vehicles from the central transmitter.

MULTITONE INDUCTION SYSTEMS CAN SOLVE YOUR STAFFLOCATIONPROBLEMS:
$\star$ Equally suitable for large and small areas or concerns
$\star$ Low rental terms

* Virtually no internal wiring
(the 'peep-peep' in the pocket), the only staff location system' worth installing
Write or 'phone for further particulars. We can be found in 10 seconds.


## If it's Electronic

 and you want itDesigned and Developed or produced * to your specification


Compact Stabilised High Voltage Supply. Safe and reliable supply for photo-multiplier cells and cathode ray tubes. Variable output between $0-1250 \mathrm{~V}$ D.C. at 250 mic o amps. Size $6^{\prime \prime} \times 4^{\prime \prime} \times 3^{\prime \prime}$.

## Consult

## TMER

(formerly P.A.M. Ltd.)


This instrument has been specially designed for the routine production testing of Commutators; its function is to indicate surface roughness and eccentricity to within very close limits.

Tyer \& Co. Ltd. Electronics division combines the technique of several companies, long-established in the Electronic field, with the extensive modern production resources of Tyer \& Co. Ltd. Examples of recent work are illustrated.
*Whichever stage of the struggle you've reached, we can save you time and trouble-maybe money too-write or 'phone without delay.
PERRAM WORKS, MERROW SIDING, GUILDFORD, SURREY Telephone Guildford 22II
A member of the Southern Areas Electric Corporation Group

## Bullers cranics

 FOR INDUSTRYHigh quality material and dimensional precision are attributes of Bullers die-pressed products.
Prompt delivery at competitive prices.


We specialise in the manufacture of - PORCELAIN
for general insulation

## REFRACTORIES

for high-temperature insulation




FREQUELEX
for high-frequency insulation
PERMALEX \& TEMPLEX for capacitors

## BULLERS LIMITED <br> MILTON • STOKE-ON-TRENT • STAFFS

Phone: Stoke-on-Trent 54321 ( 5 lines) - Telegrams \& Cables: Bullers, Stoke-on-Trent Ironworks: TIPTON, STAFFS London Office,: 6 LAURENCE POUNTNEY HILL, E.C. 4

Phone: Tipton 1691
Phone: MANsion House 9971

# Foro the <br> closest aroloroach to the oriofininal sourna 



## QTEAD

LONDON AUDIO FAIR - April 2/st-24th, Stand 63, Demonstration Room 149
THE ACOUSTICAL MANUFACTURING COMPANY LTD. HUNTINGDON, HUNTS.HUNTINGDON 361


## A FEW ATTRACTIVE ITEMS FROM OUR STOCK

WHEATSTONE BRIDGES. $0-210$ ohms cientre zero galvanometer, FSD 2.5 mA . in teak case, 27/6 each. P. \& P. 3/6.
EDDYSTONE SPEAKERS. 8in. in grey crackle case. Brand new. 25/- each. P. \& p. 2/6. DECCA-MATIC AMPLIFIERS. High quality two-stage. Complete with 8 in. $\times 6 \mathrm{in}$. elliptical speaker. Mains operated. Brand new with guarantee. $£ 4 / 4 /$-. P. \& p. 3/6. METERS, 500 microamp, 2 in . round. Brand new. $12 / 6$ each. Post paid.
METERS. $0-1 \mathrm{~mA}$. 2 in . square. New and boxed. $18 / 6$ each. Post paid.
HANDMIKES. Canadian No. 3. 3/6 each. P. \& p. 1/-.
MORSE KEYS, heavy duty. $2 / 6$ each. P. \& p. I/-
MOTORS, $230-250$ v. A.C., require 1 mid. capacitor to start. $8 / 6$ each. P. \& p. I/-. MAINS BELLS. 250 v. A.C. $1 / 6$ each. P. \& p. 9d.
RELAYS. Changeover. Brand new condition. 1.5 v.- 6 v . operation. $4 / 6$ each. P. \& p. 6d. OUTPUT TRANSFORMERS. Siandard 6 V 6 matching. $2 / 6$ each. P. \& p. 6 d . ALSO HUNDREDS OF OTHER BARGAINS!

## super RADIOTECH limited 38 MONMOUTH ST., UPPER ST. MARTIN'S LANE, LONDON, W.C. 2

Don't forget that we are the sole London Distributors for LEKTROKIT

The Versatile Chassis Construction System

## NEW TYPE STAND-OFF INSULATORS

There are already some 25 different types now available and these two new additions have many interesting features-namely Type " J," length 19/32 inch, and " J-S," length $15 / 32$ inch. These give the same performance as type " C ," but have a smaller height and lower price.
The vee-shaped top terminal permits very rapid heating and rapid connection for two or more wires which may be simply laid in the groove, or clenched before soldering.
$\star$ it's rellable if it's made by Jacksons


> PRECISION BUILT COMPONENTS KINGSWAY-WADDON, SURREY.
> Phone: Croydon 2754-5. 'Grams: Walfico, Souphone, London'

## Now made in Great Britain



P玉RMA-SEAL

## SEALED RECHARGEABLE

 NICKEL CADMIUM CELLS \& BATTERIES

For Radios, Hearing-Aids, Tape Recorders, Shavers, Photo Flash Equipment, Torches, Electric Tays, Portable Measuring Instruments.
*No corrosion *No gassing
*No maintenance
*Unlimited shelf life
*Robust and compact
*From 20 mAh to 23 Ah
I.E.A. Exhibition Stand No. R816

All enquiries to the Sole Distributors

## G. A. STANLEY PALMER LIMITED

Maxwell House, Arundel Street, London, W.C. 2 TEM. 3721

## RADIO • TELEVISION•TRANSMITTING \& INDUSTRIAL TUBES

 2

电

##  <br> RADIO GTATRAD <br> TUBE


 ALSO AVAILABLE WITH THEIR OWN BRAND \&BOXES

> ALSO IN STOCK LARGE RANGE OF

WHOENL WLMORE ELECTRONICS LTD. PHOENIX HOUSE : 19-23 OXFORD STREET LONDON W. 1 Telephone: GERrard 0522-3

QUALTY

Valvexpor-london

## LONDEX LTD.



## THE IDEAL UNIT FOR transistor portables

The outstanding feature of this unit is its excellent performance in relation to its size. While providing a better space factor than a typical 4 in . round unit, it also shows a considerable improvement in overall response and sensitivity. Both models can be supplied covering a wide range of voice-coil impedances and response characteristics to meet the special needs of the set designer.

Nominal frequency response: 150 cycles- 8,000 cycles.

> MODEL 35G 6,500 gauss $18 / 6$-P.T. $5 / 11$ MODEL $35 C$ 8,500 gauss $21 / 6$ —P.T. $6 / 11$

## ELECTRO ACOUSTIC INDUSTRIES LTD.

Stamford Works, Broad Lane, Tottenham N.15. Tel: Tottenhom 0505/9

## MARKINGS TO CUSTOMERS' REQUIREMENTS.

BVS/4 MOULDED IN BLACK P.F. BLACK ESCUTCHEON MARKED IN WHITE. XVS/6 MOULDED IN NATURAL COLOUR NYLON LOADED P.F. MARKED IN WHITE.

Send for full details to :-
THE MCMURDO INSTRUMENT CO LTD. ASHTEAD, SURREY. Tel: Ashtead 340 I.

## LONDON'S LEADING STOCKISTS OF EQUIPMENT • ACCESSORIES • MATERIALS

| MASTERLINK TAPE UNIT M2 AND COLLARO "STUDIO" DEC |
| :---: |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |

PNEUMATIC LID STAY with pressure adjuster. Heavy duty, $10 /$ - complete.

SIMPLEX TIME SWITCH
$200 / 250$ y. 20 amp. Fitted with Smiths Electric 200/250 v. 20 amp . Fitted with sm
clock. Price $69 / 6$. P. \& P. $3 / 3$.

## SPECIAL OSFERS!

I. Mains Transformer $550-0.550 \mathrm{v} .150 \mathrm{~mA}$. 6 v. 3 A., 4 v. 3 A., 110 v. Primary El .
2. Mains Transformer (Ported) $350-310-0-$ $310-350$ v. 220 mA .6 .7 v. 5 A., 6.3 v. 3 A., 6.3 v. $I$ A., 5 v. 3 A., 6 v. 3 A., 6.3 v. I A., 230 v . Primary. Size 7 tin. high $\times 5$ sin. $\ddot{x}$ $4 \frac{1}{2}$ in., $E 3 / 10$. P. \& P. $7 / 6$.
3. Mains Transformer. Weyrad Drop through, Shrouded. $250-0-250 \mathrm{v} .100 \mathrm{~mA}$. through,
$6.3 \mathrm{v} .3 \frac{1}{3} \mathrm{~A}$. Tapped Primary $200-240 \mathrm{v}$. $18 / 9$.
4 Chok.
Choke 10 H 250 mA . Potted "C" Core, 25/-
5. Choke 20 H 50 mA . Potted, $15 /-$.
6. Choke 16 H 120 mA . Potted "C Core, 201-
7.' Choke 5 H 100 mA . Potted, $5 / 6$.
8. Choke 5 H 300 mA ., Potted, $12 / 6$.


Mechanical tuning range 9.3 to $9.5 \mathrm{Gc} / \mathrm{s}$.

## Typical operation




# low cost HIGH Pefforonalice kIISTRON KSS-40 

Engineers now have the opportunity of designing low cost radar receivers using a high quality local oscillator. This advance is made possible by the introduction of the Mullard X-band klystron KS9-40 which incorporates many features previously only avallable with much more expensive valves. Brief details are given herefor full information on the KS9-40 and other microwave valves contact Mullard at the address below.

## - Rugged

Withstands 10 g acceleration with a resultant maximum frequency modulation of $2 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$.

## - Specified Noise Performance

Typical a.m. signal to nolse ratio greater than 160 dB per cycle of l.f. bandwidth for receiver intermediate frequency in excess of $25 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$.

## - External Tuned Cavity

This constructional feature isolates the turning cavity from the effects of variations of beam current and contributes largely to the high frequency stability.

- Low Warm-up Frequency Drift
$3 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$ max. after first 5 minutes of operation.
- Good Altitude Performance

Less than $1 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$ change from 0 to 30,000 feet.

## - Waveguide. Output

Incorporates a matching screw to ensure close tolerance power output.

## See Mullard valves and tubes on Stand M559 at the INSTRUMENTS, ELECTRONICS AND AUTOMATION EXHIBITION



The Solent Series Audio Output transformer (type AS 7012 illustrated above - price 49/3) has been designed by Gardners specially for the Mullard 5valve, 10 -watt High Quality Amplifier. It has a grain-oriented laminated core, a primary inductance of 120 H with a leakage reactance of 14 mH , and is one of 22 Audio Output transformers detailed in the new catalogue of the Solent series.

## -and now the Viking Reflex Corner Enclosure

This was designed in conjunction with Goodman's Industries Ltd. for their 8in. Axiette. By means of the tuned port the bass response reaches down to $40 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{s}$. and is satisfyingly flat all the way up to $15,000 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{s}$. The cabinet is constructed entirely of $\frac{5}{8} \mathrm{in}$. chipboard and lined throughout, so that resonance or boom is virtually eliminated. There are additional cut-outs for a 10 in . speaker and a tweeter (blanked over until required).
Dimensions: 32in. high (including 6in. legs), maximum width 19in.; depth 12 in .
Choice of three finishes: Medium walnut, medium mahogany, light oak. Price 10 guineas.
Matching equipment cabinet is the Nordyk Gram Unit (£5/19/6) on 12 in . legs with adjustable glides (29/9 extra).


## STEREO-how to live with it.

The problem, for most of us, is where to put the speakers. Here is one solution. Remove the legs of your Viking Corner Enclosure, turn it upside down, and hang it against the wall with the aid of the brackets and screws supplied.


Write to Dept. WW460, for full details of hi=fi furniture and new stereo set-ups. If you tell us your nearest main shopping centre we can tell you your nearest stockist.

RECORD HOUSING
BROOK RD., LONDON, N. 22 BOWes Park 7487

## Plessey

## ITTALLLUX

## metal film resistors



## .... ensure minimum noise, low level drift resistance and maximum reliability.

Temperature coefficient of less than 20 parts per million per ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ can be achieved, inductance is negligible and voltage coefficient almost zero.
Metallux resistors are the most versatile components yet offered to the electronic and electrical industries. They provide a higher performance and considerably longer life than conventional film resistors and can replace with technical advantage most types of fixed resistors availabletoday. Plessey Metallux Resistors are manufactured by unique methods in newly installed and superbly equipped plant, and under strict scientific control at all stages of manufacture.

Wattage range $1 / 16 \mathrm{~W}$ to 1 kW
Range of values from $0.1 \Omega$ to 2.5 megohms
Frequency range d.c. to $1 \mathrm{kMc} / \mathrm{s}$
Tolerances from $10 \%$ down to $0.1 \%$

Write to Plessey for full information

## Capacitors \& Resistors Division THE PLESSEY COMPANY LIMITED

Kembrey Street - Swindon - Wiltshire
Telephone : Swindon 6211
Agents for British Plessey International Limited
Commonwealth Countries: Ilford Essex. Telephone: ILFord 3040


## For HIGH SENSITIVITY!

 HIGHEST FIDELITY! MAXIMUM RELIABILITY! REASONABLE COST! Also AvailableMODEL LIO HIGH FIDELITY 10 WATT AMPLIFIER WITH SEPARATE PRE-AMPLIFIER Supplied complete
only (i.e. Main
Amplifier and Pre-amp.) - Retail Size of main amplifier $9 \mathrm{in} . \times 7 \mathrm{in} . \times 5 \mathrm{in} .$, Pre-amp. Ulin. $\times 4 \frac{3}{8}$ in. $\times 2 \frac{3}{6}$ in. Front Plate 12 in . $x 3 \frac{1}{8} \mathrm{in}$. Stoved Gold hammered finished chassis. Front Plate Polychromatic Gold. Weight of main amplifier IOlb. Pre-amp. 31b. For $50 / 60$ c.p.s. A.C. mains 200-230-250 v. or to order for export.
The Following Outstanding Test Figures include Pre-amplifier.
Sensitivity (for 10 watts)
L.P. 25 m.v.

78 r.p.m. $20 \mathrm{~m} . \mathrm{v}$
Radio, $35 \mathrm{~m} . \mathrm{v}$.
Microphone, $2.5 \mathrm{~m} . \mathrm{v}$.
Input Impedance
All inputs 500k. Plus 10pid.
Frequency Response
$\pm 2$ d.b. $30-25,000$ c.p.s.
Power Consumption
90 watts.
Maximum Power Output In excess of 12 watts. Negative Feedback Total $32 \mathrm{~d} . \mathrm{b}$.


## HARMONIC DISTORTION

(ine. Pre-amplifier) Damping Factor 3510 watts. Bass Control
+9 d.b. to -9 d.b.
$+9 \mathrm{d.b}$. to
Treble Control
Treble Control
+9 d.b. to -9 d.b.
at 12,000 c.p.s
Hum Level
$-70 \mathrm{~d} . \mathrm{b}$.

## Filter

$-7 \mathrm{d.b}$. at $9 \mathrm{Kc} / \mathrm{s}$.
$10 \mathrm{~d} . \mathrm{b}$. at $5 \mathrm{Kc} / \mathrm{s}$

TRADE AND EXPORT ENQUIRIES TO:

LINEAR PRODUCTS LTD. | EEGTRON |
| :---: |
| $A R M L E Y, ~ W O R K S, ~$ |
| LEEDS |

## The L45. A compact High Quality 4-5 watt amplifier

Size approx. 7-5-5 in. high. Sensitivity is 28 millivoles so that the input socket can be used for either microphone or gram., tape, radio tuner, etc. B.V.A.
valves used are ECC83, EL84, EZ80. valves used are ECC83, EL84, EZ80. Controls are: Vol. Treble and Bass with mains switch. The Tone controls provide full compensation for long ohm loudspeaker. Retail price $£ 5 / 19 / 6$. THE LT45 TAPE DECK AMPLIFIER. A complete unit (power pack and oscillator incorporated) ready for connection to A.C. mains. 3 ohm loudspeaker and practically any make of deck. Negative leedback equalization adjustment by multi-position switch for $3 \frac{z}{2}, 7 \frac{1}{2}$ and 15 in . per sec. Retail price 12 gns .
DIATONIC $10-14$ WATT. High Fidelity amplifier with integral preamplifier. Retail 12 gns. CONCHORD 30 WATT. Hi-Fi amplifier with two separately controlled inputs. Retail 16 gns. L50 50 WATT AMPLIFIER. Size approx. $13 \times 9 \times 7 \mathrm{in}$. Sensitivity $25 \mathrm{~m} . \mathrm{v}$. Outputs for 3 and 15 ohm speakers. Rerail price 19 gns. L3/3 STEREOPHONIC AMPLI. FIER. Sensitivity $150 \mathrm{~m} . \mathrm{v}$. Output 3


WORKS.
LEEDS
Tel.: Leeds 63-0126 ( 3 lines)

## M. R. SUPPLIES, LTD.

(Established 1935)

We offer only frrst-olass material at the most attractive prioes and with prompt dellivery. Carelul paoking. Satistaction assured. Prices nett.
STNCHRONOUS TIMERS (by well-known British maker-brand new). Good news for those who applied too late for first supply-a limited new delivery now available. $200 / 2.50$ v. 50 c . Proviarng sny on period between 5 tuins. and o hours, switahing of "at the end of the set period. Made for electric cookers and suitabla for many

 LABoraior coll cub. ins. per minute. Motorisec $20 / 250$ Y. AC. $818: 15$ - Further detalls on
synceronous electric clock movements. 200/250 v. 50 a. Fitted witb spindles for hours, minutes and seconds hands. self-starting, central hole fixing. Dia. $2 \nsucceq$ in., depth behind dial only lin. Very latest model. With dust cover, 29/6 (despatch 1/6). Sets of three hauds to pt , In good style, for 5/7in. dial, $2 / 6$ set, for 3/101n. dial, $3 / 6$ set.
SINOHRONOUS TIMER MOTORS (Sangamo) 200/250 r. 50 cycles, Self-starting, 2 2in dia. by $1 \frac{12}{2}$. deep, 1 r.p.m., I r.p.h and 12 r.p.b.. any one $37 / 8$ (des. $1 /$-). Also hlgh torque model ( $(\mathbf{G} . \mathrm{E} . \mathrm{C}$. ) $6 \mathrm{r} . \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m} ., 57 / 6$ (des. $1 /$ ). These are suitable for diaplay turntables.
SYNCHRONOUS TIME SWITCHES (Sangama) for accurate pre-set switching operations on 200/250 v. 50 c . Provlding up to 3 on-oft operations per 24 hours at any chosen times, with day-omiting device (use optional). Capacty 20 amps. Com.
pactly housed 4 in. dia., 3 in. deep. With full instructions. $25 / 8 / B$ (despatch $2 / 6$ ). Also Smith's Relyon Twin-circuit model, 20 -amp. switching. $£ 7 / 8 /-$ (des. $2 / 6$ ), SHORT INTERVAL TIME SWITCEES (Smonth's). Spring driven. Closed circuit perion continuously adjustable from 1 to 15 minutes. 15 amp . (230 v. A.C.) switching. 2in. dia. by 2 zin. long. Not calibrated. $17 / 6$ (despatch 1/6)-
HIGH SPEED MOTORS (Delco). 1/10th H.P., 200/250 v. A.C./D.C., 10,000 r.p.m Body 4fin. by sin. winh fin shart pros. 1tin. Made for spin driers and ideal for drims, samders, mixers, etc., new, $47 / 8$ (despatch $2 / \%$.
AIR THERMOSTATS (Kleft-Pullm). Adjustable range $30 / 90$ deg. F. Switching capacity up to 15 amps. A.C. In bmart ivorine housing $4 \xi \times 2 \times 2$ in. Easily installed, instruchin EXTRACTOR FANS. A rers popular line. Well-made units at much lower than normal prices. $200 / 250 \%$. A.C. inductlon motor, silent running no interference. tioin overall div 000 CF . E5/12/6. Atso minor model Gin overall dit 75 CF M SA/12/B deteo one 3/-1. At
cooling
C ING OR EXTRACTOR FANS with open type S.P. induction motor, $200 / 250$ A.c., 2 in. by 2 inn by 1 istn., with 6in. plastic 3 -blade impeller. Also suitable for projector lal.
patch $2 / 9)$.
COMPLETE SEWING MACEINE MOTOR OUTEITS. No better lob obtsinable at any price. $200 / 200$ V. A.C.D.C. Fited latest radio T.V. suppressors. Comprising motor with hxing bracket foot control and gwitch, needie light with switch, belt. etc., and linstructions for easy fixing to ANY machine. The complete outit still £0/15:- (despatch $3 /$ ).
M.R. SUPPLIES, Ltd., 68 New Oxford Street, London, W.C. 1 (Telephone: MUSeum 2958)

## EDOYSTONE COMMUNICATION RECEIVERS



Model 840A illustrated
HIRE PURCHASE TERMS

| Model No. | Cash Price | Deposit | 12 Monthly Payments | 24 Monthly Payments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 870 | 233 | 23 | E2/13/9 | 81/9/6 |
| 840A | 255 | 25 | 84/9/7 | \$2/9/2 |
| 888A | \&110 | £10 | 88,19/2 | 84/18/4 |
| 680X | 8120 | \$10 | £9/17/1 | 25/8/1 |

Carriage paid per passenger train.
These sets are the choice of the discerning professional and amateur users. Descriptive literature gladly forwarded.

(H)
The
Eddystone Specialists SERVICES LTD.

51 COUNTY ROAD, LIVERPOOL 4
Telephone: AINTREE $1445^{\circ}$
ESTAB. 1935

## Where great

## things are

done with


RADAR: Fire Control - Navigation of Aircraft and Small Ships Automatic Landing Missile Guidance and Transponders - COMMUNICATIONS: Multichannel Radio Links for telemetering Data and Speech VALVES : Klystrons and Magnetrons for 35/GCS and 75/GCS bands. Monitor Diodes for I/GCS to 35/GCS INSTRUMENTS : Comprehensive Waveguide measuring circuits covering 6 to $75 /$ GCS • RESEARCH : Outstanding Research and Development of the latest techniques.

COMMUNICATIONS DIVISION • RADAR DIVISION • VALVE DIVISION MICROWAVE \& ELECTRONIC INSTRUMENTS DIVISION • RADAR RESEARCH LABORATORY

## ELLIOTT BROTHERS (LONDON) LTD

Elstree Way, Borehamwood, Hertfordshire . Elstree 2040 Airport Works, Rochester, Kent . Chatham 4/4400


## BROOKES <br> Custals



## mean

- Illustrated above are
Type G. 2 Crystal Unit. Frequency $62 \mathrm{kc} / \mathrm{s}$. Right:
Rypht: ${ }^{\text {G. } 1 \text { Crystal }}$ Type G. 1 Crystal $100 \mathrm{kc} / \mathrm{s}$.


## DEPENDABLE

 frequency controlALL Brookes Crystals are made to exacting standards and close tolerances. They are available with a variety of bases and in a wide range of frequencies. There is a Brookes Crystal to suit your purpose-let us have your enquiry now.

## Brookes Crystals Ltd

Suppliers to Ministry of Supply, Home Office, B.B.C., ete. LASSELL STREET, GREENWICH, S.E.IO Phone: Greenwich 1828
Grams: Xtals, London, S.E.IO Cables: Xtals, London

## Mechanical Relay Latch

## FOR P.O. TYPE 3000

This latching device enables the P.O. enables the P.O.
3000 type relay'to be 3000 type relay'to be
held in the elosed held in the elosed
position when the position when the
coil is de-energised and until manually released.

Does not impair the versatility of the contact arrangements, nor affect the normal mounting position.

> WILL TRIP AND HOLD ON A.C. IMP ULSE


Ilustrations
show 3000 Type Reloy fitted with " Remote " or
"Local" release latch.
EITHER TYPE CAN BE FITTED TO YOUR EXISTING 3000 TYPE RELAYS IN A MATTER OF MINUTES.

Please send for illustrated leaflet
RELAYS, UNISELECTORS, KEY SWITCHES TO SPECIFICATION.


## TELLUX LIMITED

Member of the
K.G. (Holdings)

Group of Companies
present Sennheiser Microphones with their many applications, which are recognised all over the world as being most efficient and dependable. Those illustrated below are only a few in the very wide range available.

## Stereo-Microphone MDS 1

This stereo microphone which contains two very directional moving coil systems, is used for ste reo tape recording for firstclass reception.
It is important for stereo microphones that the individual microphones are matched in regard to frequency and direction, and this has been achieved with the MDS I with a very wide frequency range (up to $15,000 \mathrm{c} . \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{s}$.) so as to satisfy any application. This achievement is particularly remarkable as it has only been possible up to now with very expensive condenser microphones.

Tele-Microphone MD 82
For sound recording under arduous conditions, has a projected directional response characteristic, and is intended where conventional cardiod and figure-of-eighe combinations prove inadequate. The well defined directional properties mark this type for the theatre, film/studio, and T.V.work. Feed-back has been effectively suppressed, thus


making possible selective pick-up in surroundings with high ambient noise. The MD 82 is an outstanding microphone with flat frequency response between 50 and 13,000 c/s. Standard unit is supplied mounted on 40in. boom-arm.

## For full details

 and prices of all types apply to
## Floor Stand Microphone MD 31

Extremely slim, has hardly noticeable speech head, and is useful for stage work. This microphone is a new version of the well proven inconspicuously sized MD3-series. Flat response 50 to $10,000 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{s}$. Delivers approx. $0.1 \mathrm{mV} / \mu \mathrm{bar}$. Omnidirectional. The plexi-glass sound-disc fits on the speech head; when in position raises treble and slightly modifies directional performance.

## Hand Microphone MD 42

For applications as the MD 4 but for frontal speech input. Range 200 to 10,000 c/s: impedance 200 ohms. Normal voise output 2.5 mV . size 1.85in, dia, x 4.72 in . Approx. weight $4,75 \mathrm{oz}$. Press-to-talk-switch optional.

## Hand Microphone MD 4

For voice transmissions in environments liable to feed. back, the MD4 is invaluable. High effective compensation resules in strong attenuation of distant, stray, or reflected sound. Thus MD 4 is equally useful for high ambient noise conditions. Range $50-10,000 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{s}$. Impedance 200 ohms. Normal voice output 4 mV . The case is 2.36 in . dia. $\times 7.1 \mathrm{in}$. Weight 13.4 oz . MD 4 is also available as high impedance model and with press-to-talk switch.


Treble lift imparts extra intelligibility, ideal for paging and dictation. Soft rubber case resists wear and rough treatment. High or low impedance types supplied. Size: $3 \mathrm{in} . \times 2 \mathrm{in}, \times 2 \mathrm{in}$.

## LARGE Display <br> VALVE MILLIVOLTMETER

Ideal for low level measurements, tape hum, etc.


## Hotticid Imstrumentit Lid. Crawley Road, Horsham, Sussex. Hors̀hom 3232-5

## amalgam

## SUPREME AMONG SOLDERS

Grey \& Marten make solders specifically for the Radio, Television and Electronic industries. Amalgam 'Resinact' Cored Solder with specially activated. resin flux, to specification DTD 599, and B.S. 441.
Amalgam P.C. Alloys for diptinning printed circuits (free service for checking analyses of metal in customers' baths).
Amalgam Fusible Alloys made in all forms, for all uses. Fully approvedA.I.D.,C.I.A.,G.P.O., I.R.C.S.C. and M.O.S.

## 

CITY LEAD WORKS, SOUTHWARK BRIDGE, S.E.I Telephone: HOP 0414 Telegrams: Amalgam, Sedist, London and at Birmingham, Manchester and Ipswich


## The future

## is linked to

## printed circuits

## and in the forefront of circuitry stands Bribond



Industry stands on the threshold of a new era, with progress in electronics and nucleonics opening. up limitless possibilities of process operation and production control. To the designers and manufacturers of the essential equipment, Bribond offers specialised production of printed circuits for any form of component assembly.
As pioneers of plastic lamination and experimental research in precision circuit printing, Bribond now have many advantages which linked to modern line production methods result in unsurpassed delivery service and reliability. Further, the Bribond prototype department can produce the initial circuit from which final production

image is supplied for reproduction.
Bribond manufacture all forms of the printed circuit: gold, silver or rhodium plating, double-sided circuits, flexible circuits, flush circuits, resistance and magnetic circuits. Component notation, chemical milling and all forms of subsequent machining operations can be undertaken.
Your enquiries are invited. Your circuit problems, too, are welcomed especially if they pose a challenge that may call for the use of special techniques for their solution. Bribond offer design and drawing office facilities. Full details and samples are available on request.


## PRINTED CIRCUITS

for Radio, Telecommunications, Electronics, Nucleonics


Our wide range of relays have one thing in common-they are manufactured to the highest standards. Whether your need is for Automation, Transistor, Type 3000 or Type 600 Relays, you can leave your specifications in our hands with confidence.
Prototypes can be delivered in $1 / 7$ days, and quotations for quantities and special orders given on request to our engineering department. which is always a vailable for advice on special problems.


Please send your enquiries to:

## DEPENDABLE RELAM CO LTD

[^10]
## a new <br> SHy?50 FINDBOOK by G.A.Briggs

Technical Editor R. E. Cooke, B.Sc. (Eng.)
Presents information on domestic stereo in a straightforward manner; relieved by humorous touches.

## 146 pages 88 illustrations

 Fine art paper. Cloth bound15 chapters including-
Pickups, Loudspeakers, Amplifiers, Stereo Tapes, Recording Techniques, Record and Stylus Wear, Stereo Broadcasting, Room Acoustics, Concert Halls.

Published by

## Wharfedale

WIRELESS WORKS LTD IDLE BRADFORD YORKS


PRICE 10/6
(Post paid 11/6)

Telephone:
Idle 1235/6
Grams.:
-Wharidel - Ide Bradford


## hats off to

## SIMET

SILICON REGTIFIERS

First again!

## Complete range of TMPE APRROVED

## Medium Power Top Hat RヨCTIFIERS

## SIMET

"G" Series Rectifiers, which is the range from which these Type Approved devices
have been developed, offer high temperature operation -250 mA , at $150^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ up to 600 P.I.V. -and high voltage operation up to 1000 P.I.V.
-and are available from stock
from
100 P.I.V. to $80 \bigcirc$ P.I.V.
0.75 AMP AT $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}-0.5$ AMP AT $100^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$

| E.V. SPECIFICATION | p.I.V. | COMMERCIAL EQUIVALENTS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CV 7030 | 800 V | 8G7 |
| CV 7029 | 600 v | 6G8 |
| CV 7028 | 400 V | $4 G 8$ |
| CV 7027 | 200 V | 2 G8 |
| CV 7026 | 100 v | $1 \mathrm{G8}$ |

## COMPONENTS GROUP

Semimetals Division
The Plessey Company Limited
Woodburcote Way Towcester Northants
Telephone: Towcester 312
Overseas Sales Organisation
Plessey International Limited Ilford Essex
Telephone: llford 3040

MPU 420
RADIO FREQUENCY HEATER $£ 120$

## MAKE YOUR OWN T.V.TUBES FOR $\mathbf{2 6}^{\prime}$ - EACH!

 BY OWNING THIS PLANT FOR ONLY \& 5 WEEKLY

MWS 400 COMBINATION GLASS MACHINE $£ 148$

CASH PRICE COMPLETE PLANT £596
SEND FOR COMPLETE DETAILS WITH
DESCRIPTION OF OUR PROCESS
The Nottingham Electronic Valve Co. Ltd.
Kenrick Street, Netherfield, Nottingham. Nottingham 249224 (2 lines)


## LIGHT

in weight
EASY
to style
HIGH
impact resistance
COSTS LESS
to produce

## EASILY FINISHED

 with paint or p.v.c. foilFlbreform mouldlngs are made from an excluslve material of strong cellulose fibres bonded with synthetic resins. They are strong - need no smoothing, readily take an alr-dried or stove enamel finish or a bonded P.V.C. foll. Because they mould easily and accurately, we can produce quite large and complex forms atlow cost.
We make television recelver cabinets and backs - clock cases - and if you examine lts possibilities - your new products.


AN EXCELLENT RANGE OF MOULDINGS FROM STOCK

## Embellished types for Instrument types for domestic equipment modern apparatus

WE ARE ACTUAL IMPORTERS of the popular "Pekalit" range and maintain adequate stocks of the more widely used patterns


## H.F. $8178^{\prime \prime}$ Unit

This is a high efficiency drive unit intended for use with the Prelude Rear Loading Horn Cabinet. The unit is fitted with an aluminium speech coil having an impedance of 15 ohms; the cone has a cambric surround and is supported by a specially designed centre piece permitting great freedom of movement. The response when used with the horn cabinet is extremely smooth over the audio range. Due to the high flux density of the magnet and the coupling of the horn a higher efficiency than the conventional unit in a Bass Reflex cabinet is obtained resulting in greater sound output for a given electrical input.
Flux density, 17,000 gauss. Bass Resonance (free air), 45 c.p.s. Response in cabinet, $60-22,000$ c.p.s.

PRICE £10 16s. 6d. (including P.T.)

## 'PRELUDE' HORN LOADED LOUDSPEAKER

This horn loaded loudspeaker has been designed for use with the HF 817 unit and gives a high sensitivity and a smooth response over the full audio range. The cabinet consists of a folded horn which is coupled to the rear of the loudspeaker unit by means of an acoustic chamber. It is attractively finished in sapele mahogany and fitted with a Tygan front.

$$
\text { Dimensions: } 35^{\circ} \times 18_{4^{3}}^{3^{\circ}} \times 163^{* \prime} \text { deep. }
$$

Price $\mathrm{El9}$ los. Od.

## Fortiphone transformers



TYPICAL SPECIFICATIONS

## for d.c.CONVERTERS

Transformers suitable for use in the circuits described in the recently published G.E.C. Application Reports on d.c. converters are now included in our standard range.

| INPUT | OUTPUT | RATING |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 6 V | 100 V | $1,1.5,2$, |
| 6 V | 200 V | 3 or 4 WATT |
| 6 V | 400 V |  |
| 6 V | 800 V | 50 WATT |
| 12.18 V | 250 V | 5 |

FORTIPHONE TRANSFORMER DIVISION (DEPT. 5) 92 MIDDLESEX ST. LONDON E.I.


menios
Keep in touch-with BCC and the latest advances in communications techniques


The world over BCC equipment is proving will be of help to you. A comprêhensive that it pays to keep in touch with BCC. range of leaflets is available, for which Whatever your communications requirements you are warmly invited to write to us. are, there's a very good chance that BCC/They could solve some of your problems.

Consult our Systems Planning Service for full information and guidance on communications systems planning

## BRITISH COMMUNICATIONS CORPORATION LIMITED



## 

-from records, tape or radio at the

# LONDON <br> <br> hudio fair <br> <br> hudio fair 1960 

 1960}

## on APRIL 21st-24th

## will take place at HOTEL RUSSELL, W.C. 1.

## THURSDAY, FRIDAY, SATURDAY AND SUNDAY

Hear the exciting new sound of stereo-explore the world of the tape recorder-compare for yourself the products of different manufacturers-discuss with experts how best to meet your needs.
Tape recorders, pick-ups, records, turntables, amplifiers, cabinets, loudspeakers, tuners -all the components for a first-class sound installation-as well as complete reproducers will be on show.

For complimentary tickets send stamped addressed envelope naming date fo:AUD EADES LAD. 22 ORCHARD STREET, LONDON, W. 1


## FOR <br> DETAILS OF MINIATURE FILAMENT LAMPS

For Signal and Pilot lights,
for Scale, Dial and Internal
Illumination
WRITE
VITALITY BULBS LTD.
Neville Place, London, H. 22
Tel: BOWes Park 0016

## For Safety's Sake use AVO Prodclips <br> Patent No. 748811

Safety first every time with these patented springloaded AVO Prodclips.
Cleverly designed for use as insulated prods, they are invaluable for reaching and holding test points, which are difficult of access.
Suitable for use with AvoMeter, Multiminor and Avo Electronic Test Meter Leads.
Order supplies from your usual wholesaler now! Post Free 15/- per pair.

## 

VICtoria 3404 ( 12 lines)
A MEMBER OF THE METAL INDUSTRIES GROUP OF COMPANIES

## FAST, LOW COST ASSEMBLY

## SPECIFICATION

Available in: Any no. of ways up to 40 Centres: $0.150^{\prime \prime}$ or $0.156^{\prime \prime}$ as specified. Current rating: 5 Amps per Contact. Working voltage: 500 V.D.C. Voltage proof: 2 K.V./D.C.
Contact resistance: $<5 \mathrm{~m} \cap$ after 1,000 sizings and exposure to DEF. 5000 tropical conditions.
Withdrawal force: 4 to 6.5 ozs. per Contact.


EXHIBITION
See us on STAND R8I4

Contacts: Phosphor Bronze, finished Gold plate on Silver, Silver or E.T. Note: 79/480-2 \& 79/961-2 Brass only; finish as above.
Laminate: Best quality Commercial Grade, Grade II; Fibreglass to order. (Fibreglass $0.150^{\prime \prime}$ ctrs. only).
End guides: Hard Brass; finish as above.
79/961-2 81/006 81/00

## Garr Fastener Company Ltd

STAPLEFORD, NOTTINGHAM.


The success of this model is mainly due to the non-resonant qualities of the unique sand-filled baffle which is fitted with three foam surround loud speakers of advanced design.

> Ateractive appearance
> Freestonding ond easily moved
> Resononce-free sand-filled baffle
> Omnidirectional
> Frequency Range $30 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{s}$ to $20,090 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{s}$ Moderate Price

SPECIFICATION
Size $34 \mathrm{in} . \times 31 \mathrm{in} . \times 12 \mathrm{in}$. Weight 64 lb . Impedance $8 / 15$ ohms. Bass Resonance $30 / 35 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{s}$. Max. input 15 watts.

UNITS
WI2/SFB, 10 in . Bronze/SFB, Super 3. The 12 in , and loin. units are in parallel. This arrangement gives very smooth results over the full range with a $3 d B$ gain at low frequencies. The Super 3 is again in paral.el via a 4 Mfd . capacitor and is mounted on a small baffle facing upwards.

Full de:ails available on request from

## Whartedale <br> WIRELESS WORKS LTD IDLE BRADFORD YORKS

## REVISED AND ENLARGED SECOND EDITION

AA intelligent
guide to
an important
technological
develonment"
Director


## electronic computers

Principles and Applications by T. E. IVALL
A non-mathematical introduction to the principles and applications of computers employing valves, transistors and other electronic devices. It is designed to appeal to technicians, engineers and students with some knowledge of electronic or electrical engineering. This enlarged second edition has been almost entirely re-written to reflect recent developments.
25 s net. by post 26 s 263 pp inc. 32 plates
from leading booksellers
Published for
WIRELESS WORLD
by
Iliffe © Sons Ltd., Dorset House, Stamford Street, London, S.E.I.

## STEREO £7.7.0

Independent twin channel amplifier with excess of 3 watts per channel.
Concentric volume control (optimum balance arranged immediately without additional knobs).
Stoved grey or blue hammer chassis $9 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in} . \times 5 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in} . \times 6 \mathrm{in}$.
Input suiting most modern crystals; output matching 3 ohm speaker each channel.
for operation on AC mains $200 / 250 \mathrm{v}$. Post \& pkg. 4/-.

E.K.E.

BROTHERTON, KNOTTINGLEY, YORKS.
If your local dealer has not one in stock we will gladly foan him one for you to hear.

Another Model, $63 / 12 /$ - carriage paid

## Qaick change!

## from

## our shelves

 to your benchNOW!

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { RATING } \\ & \text { AND } \\ & \text { SIZB } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | VOLTAGBRANGBInput Output |  | REF. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 200 volt amperes$5^{\prime \prime} \times 4 \frac{1}{2} \times 33^{\prime \prime}$ | 235 | 210-240 | 9056 |
|  | 110 | 210-240 | 9057 |
|  | 235 | 105-135 | 9058 |
|  | 110 | 105-135 | 9059 |
| 350 volt amperes $5 \frac{1}{2} \times 4 \frac{1}{2} \times 3 \frac{e^{\prime \prime}}{}$ <br> (Grain oriented laminations) | 235 | 210-240 | 9060 |
|  | 110 | 210-240 | 9061 |
|  |  |  |  |
|  | 235 | 105-135 | 9062 |
|  | 110 | 105-135 | 9063 |



## 0

## AS SUPPLIED TO:

Associated Television Ltd. Scottish Television Ltd. Tyne-Tees Television Ltd. Central Rediffusion Services Ltd. Portuguese Television Service. Atomic Weapons Research Establishment.
Southern Television Corporation, Adelaide, Australia. and many other users.

## MICROWAVE LINKS

This Pye microwave television link Type PTC Mrooo is suitable for use with the N.T.S.C., C.C.I.R. or the British 405-line systems. A sub-carrier f.m. music link circuit is incorporated. The normal frequency range is 6575 to $7425 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$ but models can be supplied to cover the range of 5925 to $6425 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$. The r.f. power output is I watt. Wave guide or passive reflector installations available. Transportable link equipment is also available. Please write for full details.


PYE TELEGOMMUNICATIONS LIMITED : NEWMARKET ROAD : CAMBRIDGE

G.E.C. Zener diodes remain constant in breakdown voltage throughout thousands of hours' service under the most arduous conditions, i.e. at maximum dissipation ratings!

## an EXTENDED RANGE OF SILICON ZENER DIODES

For use as:

- Voltage stabilising elements
- Voltage reference diodes - High speed clamping diodes - Limiters

| Type | Volcage at $-5 \mathrm{~mA}(\mathrm{~V})$ |  | Temperature coefficient of breakdown voltage ( $\% /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) | Typical slope resistance at -20 mA . ( $\Omega$ ) | Maximum dissipation (mW) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | min. | max. |  |  | at $50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | at $100^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| SX47 | $4 \cdot 4$ | $4 \cdot 9$ | -0.04 to -0.01 | 13 |  |  |
| 5 $\times 51$ | 4.9 | 5.3 | -0.03 to 0.00 | 10 |  |  |
| SX56 | $5 \cdot 3$ | $5 \cdot 9$ | -0.02 to +0.02 | 6 |  |  |
| SX561 | 4.8 | 6.4 | -0.03 to +0.04 | 7 |  |  |
| 5X62 | 5.9 | $6 \cdot 5$ | 0.00 to +0.04 | 4 |  |  |
| 5 $\times 68$ | $6 \cdot 5$ | $7 \cdot 2$ | +0.02 to +0.05 | 4 | 300 |  |
| SX75 | 7.2 | 7.9 | +0.03 to +0.06 | 5 |  |  |
| SX82 | 7.9 | 8.6 | $+0.0410+0.06$ | 7 |  |  |
| SZT1 | 4.8 | 6.4 | $<0.01$ | 7 |  |  |
| SZT2 | $5 \cdot 3$ | 5.9 | $<0.001$ | 6 |  |  |

Contraltos can be most contrary, sopranos can sound quite surprising. If reproduction is to be good, it must be very, very good; without harmonics, it can be horrid.

At the heart of sound reproduction lies the pick-up; for the most exacting ear, Acos have evolved what is undoubtedly one of the finest mono and stereo pick-up arms in the world: the Acos Hi-Light.


See you at the Audio Fair, Demonstration Room 111, Booth 6 ?
The new Acos Hi-Light pick-up achieves the most superb sound reproduction of the day. The frequency range is from $20-20,000 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{s}$ $\pm 3 \mathrm{~dB}$. Tracking weight is less than I gramme on mono, 2 grammes on stereo, which virtually eliminates record wear. U.K. Retail Price 18 gns. including mono and stereo heads and P.T.



## "Belling-Lee" components provide the answer

We make millions of components in a most comprehensive range of types and sizes. Where our rangeextensive as it is-does not provide for your particular requirements, we are always prepared to 'make to measure '.
We are specialists in components. This is no empty phrase : it means that we have been engaged in the design and manufacture of precision-made components for some thirty-five years, and at Enfield we devote a very great deal of our time and space to research, forever seeking new and better methods of production, whilst ensuring that every component maintains our high standard of performance.
"BELLING - LEE" NOTES
No. 15 of a series
Transmission Lines
A Transmission Line is an arrangement of conductors for conveying electrical energy from one point to another. Each unit length of the line has a certain capacity and inductance. It also has resistance, but this is normally insignificant compared to the reactive constituents, although it has to be allowed for in calculating loss.

Imagine such a line, infinitely long, being fed with alternating power at one end; the energy would pass continuously along it towards infinity, being dissipated in the line as if its reactive constituents were purely resistive. In other words, the impedance of the line under these theoretical conditions can be defined by Ohm's law as the direct ratio of voltage to current, the value of the equivalent resistance being known as the Characteristic Impedance of the line. It is a function of the distributed capacity and inductance of the line, which are governed entirely by its dimensions and the dielectric constant; it can therefore be calculated by means of a simple formula.

Any practical line has a finite length, and feeds a load which absorbs energy. If all the available energy is to be dissipated in the load (maximum power transference) its value must be the same as that of the characteristic impedance of the line; this can be demonstrated. At any other value of load the line is mismatched, and the balance of energy which is not dissipated in the load is reflected, so that standing waves are set up along the line-this too can be demonstrated, and different voltage and current values will be found at different points along the line corresponding to the standing wave pattern. The ratio of maximum to minimum values is known as the Standing Wave Ratio (S.W.R.), being unity when there is no reflection or standing wave.

We referred to standing wave ratio in the 4th article of this series dealing with coaxial connectors, although the resemblance of a plug-and-socket to a transmission line may not be immediately obvious. However, when it is realised that one-quarter wavelength of a $10,000 \mathrm{mc} / \mathrm{s}$ R.F. signal is approximately 2 in ., which is comparable to the length of many coaxial connectors, it will be apparent that such a connector does indeed constitute a short transmission line at these frequencies, and has a standing wave ratio characteristic which must be taken into account.

## Advertisement of

BELLING \& LEE LTD.
Great Cambridge Rd., Enfield, Middx.

## CASFILMM

## $\mathbb{C} E R A M\|C \mathbb{C A P A C}\| T O R S$

## $=$ V/ERY Hill

## CAPACITATACE

## per <br> $\mathbb{U} \mathbb{N} \| \bar{\top}$ <br> VO <br> LUMM

## SPECIFICATION



Additional information is readily available from the Company's Technical Liaison Engineers. * Registered trade mark.

## Chemical and Metallurgical Division

THE PLESSEY COMPANY LIMITED
Wood Burcote Way . Towcester - Northants . Tel : Towcester 312/6
Overseas Sales Organisation: Plessey International Limited . Iford . Essex . Tel : \|lford 3040

# Aspects of design 

This is the twenty first of a series of special features dealing with advanced problems in television and radio circuit design to be published by The Ediswan Mazda Applications Laboratory. We will be pleased to deal with any questions arising from this or other articles, the twenty second of which will appear in the May 1960 issue.

## 21 <br> $110^{\circ}$ CATHODE <br> RAY TUBES <br> OF REDUCED OVERALL LENGTH

The first 17 in . cathode ray tube with $110^{\circ}$ deflection angle in the Ediswan Mazda range was the CME1703. This tube permitted a considerable reduction in bulk of television receivers as compared with receivers using $90^{\circ}$ deflection tubes. The introduction of the $110^{\circ}$ deflection angle necessitated radical changes in the design of deflection components and circuits and it was felt that any further developments to reduce the overall length of the CME1703 should be carried out without change of this deflection angle. From this consideration it follows that any reduction in overall length had to be made by reduction in length of the neck. The length of the neck is determined by (1) the length occupied by deflector coil and picture centring magnet assembly, (2) the length of electron gun and its mounting on the tube base and (3) the minimum spacing between the gun and the deflector coil fields which can be tolerated from the point of view of interaction.

In the CME1705 the length occupied by the gun has been reduced by using a different form of gun from that of the CME1703. The CME1703 uses a non ion-trap electrostatic focus gun with an Einzel or unipotential lens. This scheme is illustrated in Fig. 1. The electron beam is accelerated to final anode potential in a straight tetrode electrode assembly undergoing some pre-focus in the process. The final focusing is carried out by the lens which consists essentially of a break in the final anode cylinder at which point the low voltage focus electrode is introduced. Thus electrons enter and leave the lens at the same potential, the only action being that of focusing.

In practice the two ends of the final anode cylinder on either side of the gap are formed into nozzles facing each other whilst the focus electrode is of much larger diameter. As in any electrostatic focus system departure of the beam from absolure centrality in the lens aperture results in deterioration of focus quality. Hence it is important that any deflecting fields such as stray field from the deflector coil or centring magnets should be very small in the lens region.

The CME1705 uses a non ion-trap gun incorporating a cylinder lens the basic form of which is illustrated in Fig. 2. This arrangement has often been referred to as a tripotential focus gun and differs from the gun of CME1703 in that accelration and focusing of the beam takes place simultaneously. The cathode, grid and first anode follow normal practice and determine the modulation characteristics. The main focusing lens is formed by interposing the low voltage focus cylinder $\mathrm{A}_{2}$ between the first and final anodes. This effectively carries out the whole focus operation in what is the pre-focus region of a normal tetrode gun.

This type of gun is more sensitive to variations in potential of the focus electrode than the unipotential gun and a continuously variable focus control such as a pre-set potentiometer is advisable.

FIG. 1


BASIC FORM OF UNIPOTENTIAL LENS ELECTRON GUN SHOWING TYPICAL OPERATING POTENTIALS.

In the CME1705 this gun of short overall length has been mounted as close to the deflector coil and picture centring magnet assembly as interaction effects allow. In addition to deterioration of focus quality, interaction between gun and deflecting fields results in a reduction in deflection sensitivity of the tube. This is illustrated in a diagrammatic form in Fig. 3. This shows a section through the tube neck in a plane containing the tube axis. If the gun is so close to the deflector coil that the electron beam is deflected away from the axis before reaching the main focusing lens, the lens will bend it back towards the axis and so cancel part of the useful deflection. More current has now to be supplied to the deflector coil to set up the required deflection at the screen. This form of interaction affects the frame deflector coil more than the line coil. This is because, being a toroidal winding, the field of the frame deflection winding extends a greater distance behind the coil than the line field.

With the CME1705 this effect became of serious proportions before 'appreciable deterioration of focus quality had taken place. The length has accordingly been fixed at such a value that very little reduction in deflection sensitivity takes place.

FIG. 2


BASIC FORM OF GUN USING CYLINDER LENS SHOWING TYPICAL OPERATING POTENTIALS.


Correction to Aspects of Design No. 20. The figure of 5 kV for the maxirum Heater to Cathode voltage (pulse) rating in the table is a design centre rating, not an absolute maximum value as might be inferied from Section 2. In fact the absolute maximum value is 5.9 kV .

Associated Electrical Industries Ltd
Radio and Electronic Components Division Technical Service Department
155 Charing Cross Road, London, W.C. 2
Tel: GERrard 8660. Grams: Sleswan, Westcent, London

## NEW $110^{\circ}$ TELEVISION CATHODE RAY TUBES

## EDISWAN MAZDA TYPES CME1705 AND CME 2104

In order to help designers with " slimmer" styling two new Ediswan Mazda Cathode Ray Tubes which incorporate a shortened gun have been introduced allowing a reduction in the overall length by just over 1 i in. as compared with the CME1703 and CME2101. The length reduction has been made without deterioration in the picture quality and has been limited so that very little reduction in deflection sensitivity takes place. This electrostatically focused gun provides good resolution and uniformity of focus over the whole of the tube face, focus adjustments are recommended to be made with a voltage potentiometer.

## GENERAL DETAILS

Rectangular face
Electrostatic focus
Magnetic deflection
Tripotential gun - non ion trap
Heater for use in series chain
Heater Current (amps)
Heater Voltage (volts)

Aluminised̀ screen
Silver activated phosphor
Grey glass
External conductive coating

## TENTATIVE RATINGS AND DATA

 Design Centre Ratings|  |  | CME1705 | CME2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Maximum Third Anode Voltage (volts) |  | 16,000 | 0 |
| Minimum Third Anode Voltage (volts) |  | 4,000 | 5,000 |
| Maximum Second Anode Voltage (volts) | $V_{\text {a } 2 \text { (max) }}$ | 500 | 500 |
| Maximum First Anode Voltage (volts) | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {al(max) }}$ | 500 | 00 |
| Minimum First Anode Voltage (volts) | a1(min) | 400 | 400 |
| Maximum Heater to Cathode Voltage - Heater Negative d.c. (voits) | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{h} \cdot \mathrm{k} \text { (max) }}$ | 180 | 180 |


| Inter-Electrode | Capacitances ( pF ) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cathode to All* |  | 5 | 5 |
| Grid to All* | $\mathrm{c}_{\mathrm{g} \text {-all }}$ | 9.5 | 9.5 |

Third Anode to External Conductive
Coating (approx.) .. .. $\mathrm{c}_{23} 3 \mathrm{M} \quad 1,700 \quad 2,000$
*Inter-electrode capacitances including "Clix". B8H holder VH68/81 (8 pin).

## Typical Operation

| Third Anode Voltage (volts) |  | CME1705 | 2104 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\mathrm{V}_{4}$ | 15,000 | 16,000 | 17,000 |
| First Anode Voltage | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{al}}$ | 450 | 450 | 450 |
| Second Anode Voltage for Focus (approx) (volts) | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{a} 2}$ | +100 | +110. | +190 |
| Grid Bias for cut-off of Raster (volts) |  | 30-72 | 30-72 | 30-72 |
| Average Peak to Peak Modulating Voltage for Modulation up to $350 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ (volts) |  | 33 | 33 |  |

Maximum Dimensions (mm)

| Overall Length | . |  | 290.5 | 344.5 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Face Diagonal |  | . | 424* | $546 \dagger$ |
| Face Width |  | - | 400* | $518+$ |
| Face Height .. | . | . | 327* | $419 \dagger$ |
| Neck Diameter |  |  | 29.4 | 29.4 |

*The maximum dimension at the face seal may be 7 mm larger than this dimension but at any point around the seal the bulge will not protrude more than 3.5 mm
$\dagger$ The maximum dimension at the face seal may be 3.5 mm . larger than this dimension but at any point around the seal the bulge will not protrude more than 2 mm .

Tube Weight (lbs.)
Nett (approx).
CME1705 CME2104
Packed (approx)
16
28

connections
Side contact $\mathrm{a}_{3}$ in line with $\mathrm{a}_{2} \mathrm{pin}$. Tolerance $\pm 30^{\circ}$
Side Contact: CT8 (Cavity)
Base: Short B8H (7pin)

VIEW OF FREE END


## LEARN NADID this new, easy, practical way!



Electronics is rapidly becoming a great new industry with far reaching applications into every field of modern activity.
You can learn all the essentials of this new science at home in your spare time and turn your knowledge to good purpose!
Now is your chance to set up your own business and be your own boss!

## RADIOSTRUCTOR EQUIPMENT COURSES MAKE LEARNING SO SIMPLE

You learn by building actual equipment with the big kits of components and parts which we send you. You advance by simple steps using high quality equipment and performing a whole series of interesting and instructive experi-ments-there are no complicated mathematics! Instruction manuals and our teaching staff employ the latest techniques for showing clearly how radio works in a practical and interesting manner; in fact, you really have fun whilst learning!
And you end by possessing a first-rate piece of home equipment with the full knowledge of how it operates, and how to maintain it afterwards. In fact, for those wanting help with their radio career training, to set up their own full or parttime servicing business, or the hobbyist, this new and instructional system is exactly what is needed and it can be provided at very moderate cost with payments available. Post the coupon now, for full details. There is no obligation of any kind.

Available - All Test Equipment Supplied - Personal Tuition •Finest Equipment Ranosinclicon

## POST TODAV or.FREE brochure

To RADIOSTRUCTOR, (Dept. G66) 40 RUSSELL STREET, READING, BERKS.

## Picase send Brochure


without obligation to:


## we can get

## you out of a

## stabiliser problem

If you're worried about varying' voltages... or if you're in a rage over rectifiers or in a diode of despair-don't worry. We'll get you out of all that I (Why, we've made some of our customers actually beam at tetrodes!) It's because we've experienced over 40 years bottling up valves-Tx, Rx, rf, audio, hard, soft, gov't., special-that problems like this no longer hold any terrors for us. Also, we've everything on the research and production side you could possibly wish for. So the next time you're enveloped in a valve problem, particularly one involving Corona Stabilisers, let us know.

## Marconi in Telecommunications

The post and telegraph authorities of more than 80 countries use Marconi equipment



Camera Type 201 with panels removed illustrating accessibility

EMILeads again with new TV Camera channel

A new vidicon camera channel, which offers considerable economy of operation, and has been specially designed to meet the needs of broadcasting organisations in the United Kingdom and overseas, has now been added to the E.M.I. range.
Known as the Type 201, the new camera channel utilises printed circuits and plug-in techniques to reduce size and weight to a minimum.
The Type 201 is particularly suitable for interviews, live news programmes and other studio work where the use of a larger Image Orthicon or CPS camera is not justified. It produces broadcast quality pictures on 405,525 and 625 line standards, and is designed for use with E.M.I. vidicon tube 10667S or equivalents.

Used in conjunction with E.M.I.'s control panel type 216, the camera can be operated remotely, allowing several channels to be controlled from a single position.
The Type 201 camera channel has already been ordered by broadcasting organisations in the United Kingdom and overseas.
Type 201 camera channel features include:

* Four lens turret with precise detent indexing.
* Optional remote control of focus, turret, and lens aperture.
* Light weight and compactness. Built-in 7 " viewfinder.
* Two isolated composite or non-composite outputs.
* Complete accessibility provided by use of detachable printed cards.


Vortcion quality equipment

LONDON AUDIO FAIR DEMONSTRATION ROOM 147

The W.V.A. tape recorder now has provision for Stereo plug in heads to enable this recorder to replay Stereo. The regular models are retained with additions and improvements. Our high standard which has made these recorders famous has been maintained, resulting in their being chosen for the foremost musical centre in this country.

## $30 / 50$ WATT AMPLIFIER

Gives 30 watts continuous signal and 50 watts peak Audio. With voice coil feedback distortion is under $0.1 \%$ and when arranged for tertiary feedback and 100 volt line it is under $0.15 \%$. The hum and noise is better than- 85 dB referred to 30 watt.

It is available in our standard steel case with Baxendale tone controls and up to 4 mixed inputs, which may be balanced line 30 ohm microphones or equalised P.U.s to choice.


## ELECTRONIC MIXER/AMPLIFIER

This high fidelity 10/15 watt Ultra Linear Amplifier has a built-in mixer and Baxendale tone controls. The standard model has 4 inputs, two for balanced 30 ohm microphones, one for pick-up C.C.I.R. compensated and one for tape or radio input. Alternative or additional inputs are available to special order. A feed direct out from the mixer is standard and output impedances of $4-8-16$ ohms or 100 volt line are to choice. All inputs and outputs are at the rear and it has been deslgned for cool continuous operation either on $19 \times 7 \mathrm{in}$. rack panel form or in standard ventilated steel case.
Size $18 \times 7 \frac{1}{2} \times 9 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in}$. deep.
Price of standard model $£ 49$.

## $120 / 200$ WATT AMPLIFIER



Will deliver 120 watts continuous signal and over 200 watts peak Audio. It is completely stable with any type of load and may be used to drive motors or other devices to over 120 watts at frequencies from 20,000 down to 30 cps in standard form or other frequencies to order. The distortion is less than $0.2 \%$ and the noise level - 95 dB . $A$ floating series parallel output is provided for $100-120 \mathrm{~V}$. or $200-250 \mathrm{~V}$. and this cool running amplifier occupies $12 \frac{1}{4}$ inches of standard rack space by 11 inches deep. Weight 601 lb .


Also 3-way mixers and Peak Programme Meters
4-way mixers
12-way mixers, and $2 \times 5$-way stereo mixers with outputs for echo chambers, etc. Details on request.

Full details and prices of the above on request

## the 'Professional' tape

for the professional user


Magnetic Recording Tape offering the highest technical standards. First choice of leading recording, broadcasting and television organisations and widely used in science and industry.

## video

Emitape for Video recording now being supplied to BBC and ITA.

## EMIFILM

Sprocketed magnetic recording film designed for all applications where absolute synchronisation is required. $16,17.5$ and 35 mm . Single or double perforation.

## EMITAPE INSTRUMENTATION TAPE

Produced to the most exacting specifications and available in various standard widths.
Electrostatic filtration down to a particle size of .00001 mms . ensures manufacture under cleanest possible conditions.

## Britain's Best

## $\mathrm{Hi}-\mathrm{Fi}$

## Equipment ...

LEAK Amplifiers are the choice of professional engineers such as the B.B.C. (over 500 delivered), the South African Broadcasting Corporation (600), ITV and many other Commonwealth and Overseas broadcasting and TV systems, who use them for transmiting andlor monitoring the broadcasts to which you listen. Also many of the gramophone records to which you listen are cut via LEAK Amplifiers.

The "Point-One Stereo" pre-amplifier is designed so that it can be used with any Leak monaural power amplifier or a combination of any two Leak monaural power amplifiers additionally to its more normal use with the "Stereo 20 " or "Stereo 50 ."
 C G. Gilbert reprinted from C. Gusic Trades Review, also
ine Music eprinted in our advertisement n the October issue of this nagazine. The full two-page rest Report and an illustrated rochure on the amplifiers will e sent you on request.


#### Abstract

"The Point-One Stereo" pre-amplifier is probably the most comprehensive unit in existence covering every requirement for stereo tape, disc and radio, plus monaural amplification for any form of input signal.. it is difficult to think of any additional requirement that one would ever wish. The equipment performs with the high performance always associated with the tradition of Leak equipment. It is a fine example of design and construction, and the pre-amplifier can be used with any other Leak main amplifiers. How the preamplifier can be sold for a little as $£ 21$ can be answered only by Harold Leak Summing up, therefore, one can highly recommend the Leak stereo system for use with any current monaural or sterco input whether it be from pickup, tape, radio or microphone."


* The prices are made possible by our world-wide sales



# hallicrafters COMPLETE SSB STATION 



## HERE FOR THE FIRST TIME IS A MODERATELY PRICED SSB STATION WITHIN REACH OF ALL AMATEURS. THESE CAN BE PURCHASED TOGETHER OR SEPARATELY, WHICHEVER YOU PREFER.

ATTRACTIVE HIRE PURCHASE FACILITIES ENABLE YOU TO PAY OVER AN EXTENDED PERIOD UP TO THREE YEARS.

HT-37 Transmitter. A precision-engineered CW/AM/SSB transmitter with the same power, rugged construction and smooth, distinctive speech quality of its big brother, the famous HT-32. VFO employs double reduction disc drive, fixed T.C. Sideband suppression 40 db . at 1000 CPS. Power rating: $70-100$ watts P.E.P. output CW or SSB. 17-25 watts carrier on AM phone. Two 6146's in the final. 3rd and 5th order distortion products down 30 db . Instant CW CAL signal from any transmission mode. £215. O. Od.

SX-111 Receiver. Here's a CW/AM/SSB receiver with the essential performance characteristics of the renowned SX-101 . . at a price that can put it in your shack tomorrow. CW/AM/SSB reception; complete coverage: $80,40,20,15$ and 10 metres in 5 separate bands, 6th band tunable to 10 Mc . for WWV. Upper/lower sideband selection; sensitivity: 1 microvolt on all bands; 5 steps of selectivity: 500 to 5000 cycles. Dual conversion, crystal controlled 2nd converter, famous Tee-Notch filter, built-in crystal calibrator.
£120. O. Od.

THESE AND MANY OTHER HALLICRAFTERS EQUIPMENT ARE AVAILABLE FROM:-
JAMES SCOTT \& CO. (Electrical Engineers) LTD. 68 Brockville Street, Glasgow, E. 2

Telephone: Shettleston 4206-9
EXCLUSIVE DISTRIBUTORS FOR HALLICRAFTERS IN THE UNITED KINGDOM
 Ranges: D.C. Volts
$0-5,0-60,0-100$,
$0-500$, $0-1,000$, A.C. volts
$0-5,0-50,0-100,0-500$, $\begin{array}{llll}0-1,000 & \text { D.C. mallli- } \\ \text { amps } & 0-5, & 0-100,\end{array}$ 0-500. Ohms $0-50,000$ teries, $0-500,000$ with teries.
external batterieg Measures A.C./D.C.
volts. D.C. current and ohms. All the essential parts includ
 ing metal case, 2 in. moving coil meter, selected resistors, wire for shunts, range selector, switches, calibrated scale snd full
instructions, price 19/6, plus $2 / 6$ post and instruction
insurance.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { SUPER SENSITIVE (2,000 O.P.V.) } \\
& 17 \text { ranues incluang D.C. volts to } 1,000 \\
& \text { V. A.V. volts to } 1,000 \text { V. D.C., milli- } \\
& \text { amps to } 500 \text { ohms, to } 2 \text { meg. All the } \\
& \text { essential parts, Including metal case, } \\
& \begin{array}{l}
\text { selected resistors, wirs for shunts, } \\
\text { selected switches, ealibrated scale and }
\end{array} \\
& \text { instructions, 32/6, plus 2/6 post and } \\
& \text { insurance. }
\end{aligned}
$$

Morganite Potentiometers Single and $\quad$-gang
types available,
 able: $5 \mathrm{~K}, 10 \mathrm{~K}-10 \mathrm{~K}$,
$25 \mathrm{~K}, 1$
$\mathrm{~K}, 250 \mathrm{~K}, 1$ meg., 2 meg., Gang type 3/- each-valves avallable: $5 K+5 K, 100 \mathrm{~K}+100 \mathrm{~K}, 1$ meg. +1 meg.,
2 meg. +2 meg.

P.V.C. covered in 100ft. coils-2/9 a coll or four coils, different colours, $10 /$ o post

## "Dim and Full" Switch

 Particularly usefui for controlling photoriood lamps which have only atshort life at full brilliance. This toggle switch has three positions: the first position puts two lamps in series at balt brilliance for setting up, the second positlon is off and the thlrd position full brilliance for the opera-
tion shots. Also useful for controllang night lights, heaters, etc., etc. Price $3 / 9$ each. Post 9d. Circult diagram included.

Yaxley Switches

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 11 \\
& 1 P \\
& 17 \\
& 17 \\
& 2 \\
& 2 \\
& 2 \\
& 2 \\
& 2
\end{aligned}
$$

1 Pole 3 Way
1 Pole 5 Way
1 Pole 12 Way C.......
2 Pole 4 Way
2 P
2 P
2 P
2
3 Pole Way .
4 Pole 4 Way ...
6 Position Bhorting
6 Pole 3 Way Co.......
9 Pole 3 Way
12 Pole 2 Way
Miniature
Microphone
American made. Dynamlo type. Real bargain
2/6, plus 6d. postage.

Circular Fluorescent Lighting
Introducing the "Saturn," a wonderiul unit which will enrich your room by its
elegance and the bright elegance and the bright
warm light from the Warm light from the
fluorescent tube will light up every corner of the room and bring out the richness and colour of your furnishings and decors. tions.
The top and bottom spheres
are available in red, yellow,
blue, opsl and green to suit your taste.
Two models, 40 watt and 80 watt, both approx. 16 in . dlameter. Prlco,40 watt £5/19/6, 80 watt $£ 6 / 19 / 6$, tncluding tube and suspending chain, nothing else to buy. No extra wiring required, simply take down the existing fitting, join the wires of the "Saturn" and that is all.
Bunning cost of the " gaturn " approx. 25 hours per onit for the 40 watt and 12 hours for the 80 watt. Light outpui of the 40 w . is equivalent to the average 150 w . lamp and the 80 w . equivalent to two 150 w . lamps.

## B. 29 Receiver



A fine receiver made by the famous Marconi Company. Covers the shippswitch'stages. Has Vernier tuning and all refinements. Works of A.C. mains with internal power pack. A few only,
in good working order $£ 15$ each. Also some needing servicing $£ 12 / 10 /-$ each.

## Unique Opportunity to build Fine Transistor Set



T.V. - Exact Replacements - T.V.

Line output transformers available from the following receivers, $59 / 6$ each. ARGOAY-T2-T3. CTV 517.
COS8OR-930-930T-931-933/4/5-037-038-9384-938F-939-939A $=$ DECCA-D14-D17-D17C.
DEFTANT-TR1453T-TR1753.
FERGUSON
HMV.-1824-1824A-1825-1825A -1826-1826A -1827 - $1827 \mathrm{~A} \cdot 1829$. MARCONI-VTG3DA-VT68DA-VT69DA.
B.G.D. 6014 T-6017T-7017C-C54.

BEGENTONE-14T-17C-17 COMB-17T.
SOBELL-T817-T346.
Most others avaliable at short notice.
ALSO exact replacement kine blocking, frame blocklng and frame output transformer-for most makes and types post enquiries please enclose S.A.E.

## Useful aids for your workshop

E.H.T. SEALER. This is a highly insulated preparation which la applied by means of a hot soldering iron direct to E.H.T. terminals. solder tags, eaei against corona discharge and surface leaks. $2 / 6$ per stick.
POI YTHENE SPACER WASBERRS. These are 3 in. diameter, perforated with lin. bole in centre. Bpectally useful for the reinsulation of focus coil assem. blee. 2i-per dozen. 2 in . Wlde, 10 thou. thick. spechally designed to replace
POLYTHENE TAPE. and/or strengthen insulation of E.H.T. components up to $25 \mathrm{kV}, 5 /$ - per roll.
SPONGE CUSHONTM. This is a sponge rubber strip For the flexible mounting of C.E.T. tubce and masks. Also acte as a dust seal
9d. per foot.
RUBBER CORD. sponge rubber tin. diameter. For sealing around C.B.T.
mask. M- per foot.
P.V.0. STRING, fliong, fexble, this P.V.C. atring can be used for catle forming, binding of ends, marking of wires, etc., 25 yd. roll $3 / 9$.
ANTI-STATIO SCREEN CLEANER. Specially prepared for T.V. tubes and creens. Wull clean both glass and perspex and its anti-static qualities will ETL
and efficient glaing of metal, glass, ceramic, wood, fabries eto for the quick ts a very good insulator and is impervious to heat and acld. 4/6 per tim

## Component Storage Drawers

Stout board construction these drawers are
Ideal for small parte. Supplied complete with simple erection instructions $-1 / 6$ 13/6. post $2 /$.


Hi-Fi Snip Infinite Walls Baffle


Building a Scope?


3in. oscillogeope tube. American-made type No. 3FP7, octal base 6.3 V. $6 . \mathrm{amp}$. heater, electrostatic deflection, brand new and guaranteed, with circuit diagram of
oscilloscone, $15 /=$ each, plus $1 / 6$ post and ins.

Rectifier Bargains


Selenium rectifler type 12, 500 ₹. amp. half-wave, assily rebuil inho fun wave or multiple type. contains 3035 mm , discs. Price 8/6. plus $1 / 6$ post, Type 13,36 volt charger rectifiers suitable for 6 or 12 volt batteries at 3 amps ., containg 2484 mm. discs. Real bargain at 19/6, plus 1/6 post. Type 14-240 v. $\frac{1}{2 m p ., ~} 76$.
Moving Coll Meters
0.500 microamp
$250-0.250$ milcroamp
750 microamp 750 microamp
5.0 .5 millismp

0-30 milliamp
$0-100$ milliamp
$0-500$ milliamp
 Also belag steel alloy and havtag a resistance of approximately 1 ohm per yard this can be round water pipes, etc. New on drump wrap taining $3,000 \mathrm{ft}$. Price $8 / 6$ plus $3 / 6$ carr.

## ELECTRONIC PRECISION EQUIPMENT, LTD.

Post orders are dealt with from Easthourne, so for prompt attention please post your orders to 66 Grove Road, Eastbourne, marked Department 2. Callers may use any one of the Companies below :
Electronics (Croydon) Ltd., 266 London Road,

Croydon.
Phone: CRO 6558.
Half day, Wednesday.

Electronics (Finsbury
Park) Ltd.
29 Stroud Green Road, Finsbury Park, N.4. Phone: ARChway 1049. Half day, Thursday.

Electronics(Manor Park) Ltd., 520 High Street North, Manor Park, E.I2.

Electronics (Ruislip) Ltd., 42-46 Windmill Hill. Ruislip, Middx.
Phone: RUISLIP 5780. Half day, Wednesday.


gingle-strand 18 gauge with P.V.C.
covering which
makes it rustproof makes it rustproof.
Extrs strong, whll
stand dous straln. Iremen- Ideal for gardenlng, clothaertals, ete., ete.

- Versate Wire


A comprenensive catalogue givlng dimensions, type numbers and prices will be forwarded upon request

## Alectronic Components

# a range of 

 VHF/FMBroadcasting

## Equipment

A new range of VHF/FM broadcasting equipment developed to meet the ever growing demand for high quality equipment at really competitive prices. Redifon can engineer, plan and install complete broadcasting schemes anywhere in the world.

WEYRAD P. 50 TRANSISTOR COILS AND I.F. TRANSFORMERSFOR 2-WAVE PORTABLE WITH PRINTED CIRCUIT AND ROD AERIALP50/IAC M.W. OSCILLATOR COILS. For176pF TUNING CONDENSER ................... PRICE
P50/2CC 1st and 2nd I.F. TRANSFORMER. $470 \mathrm{Kc} / \mathrm{s}$. OPERATION. " Q " $=150$. PRICE ..... 5'7d.

$6^{\prime} 0 \mathrm{~d}$
P50/3CC 3rd I.F. TRANSFORMER. $470 \mathrm{Kc} / \mathrm{s}$ OPERATION. " $Q$ " $=170$ price 6'Od.
RA2W L.W. and M.W. ROD AERIAL 6 in . long, flying-lead connections. For 280pF TUNING CONDENSER PRICE ..... $12^{\prime} 6 \mathrm{~d}$
LFTD2 DRIVER TRANSFORMER. Split Secon- dary Type, semi-shrouded. With 6 connecting tags PRICE ..... $9 / 6 \mathrm{~d}$
PCAI PRINTED CIRCUIT PANEL, $2 \frac{3}{4} \times 8 \frac{1}{4}$ in. ready drilled with component positions and references printed on rear ..... 916 d.
BOOKLET OF DETAILED ASSEMBLY INSTRUCTIONS AND CIRCUIT DIAGRAMS FOR 6-TRANSISTOR LONG AND MEDIUM WAVE SUPERHET ..... PRICE ..... $2^{\prime} \mathrm{Od}$
ALL IN BULK PRODUCTION-TRADE ENQUIRIES INVITED
WEYMOUTH RADIO MFG. CO. LTD., CRESCENT STREET WEYMOUTH, DORSET

# TELEVISION AERIAL COMPONENTS 

## DESIGNED FOR CONSTRUCTING BAND I \& BAND III T.V. AERIALS

## ELEMENT DIMENSIONS SUPPLIED FOR ALL CHANNELS

Selecting at random from our new multi-page catalogue:

- Band III Folded Dipoles (As illustroted).
- Reflector and director rod holders.
- Masthead Fittings for $\frac{3}{4}{ }^{\prime \prime}, 1^{\prime \prime}$, $1 \frac{1}{2}{ }^{\prime \prime}$ and $2^{\prime \prime}$ Masts.
- Mast Coupling Units for $2^{\prime \prime}$ Masts.
- Insulators, Both Rubber and Plastic (As illustroted).
- Alloy Tubing for Elements, Crossboom and Masting.

Send 1/- P.O. for the revised, fully illustrated catalogue to:


23 TOTTENHAM COURT RD., LONDON, W.1. Tel.: MUSeum 3451/2

* VISIT OUR NEW BRANCH AT 309 EDGWARE RD., W.2. TEL.: PADdington 6963


FEATUBES:
Deck Controls. Record/Playback switch and rewind switch with interlocking device to prevent accidental e
Speed. Single 33 in . per sec
playing Time. $\delta \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{im}$. Standan . Tape 2 hrs. 8 mins. Inputs. Sockets for Microphone, Radio, Gram., etc., with extension Bpeaker
PRICE, including Tape and Spare Spool including Tape and Spare Spool
H.P. TERM8: f2 deposit and 12

## The 'Carol'

 TR/1 TAPE RECORDERINCORPORATING, THE NEW
B.S.R. TAPE DECK, A Quality
Ta, Recorder at a price that
YOU ean afford.
The operation of this Recorder is simpllelty itself and the quality in both reproduction and finish leaves nothing to be desired, the cost beling well below present-day prices.

Assemble it yourself and
SAVE £££s
COMPACT GRAM. AMPLIFIER 2 -valve printedcircuit type for use on A.C of D.C. $200 / 250$ v. mains incorporating modern miniature valves. Output 2 watts, overall dimensions $6 \frac{1}{2} \times 2 \times$ $3 \frac{1}{2}$ in. Price $59 / 6$, plus P. \& P. 2/6.

Amplifier Cabinet, $2 / 19 / 6$ plus 5/- P. \& P.
$7 \times 4$ in. Elliptical Speaker, $\in 1 / 1 / 6$, plus $7 \times 4$ in. Ellip
$1 / 6 \mathrm{P}$ \& P.
Amplifier Controls. On/off Tone and Volume Controle. atte.
Power Output. $2 \frac{2}{2}$ watts. Valve Line-up. ECC83, ECL82, EZ80.
Operall Size. $131 \times 12 \times 8 \mathrm{in}$. Operall 8 ize. $13 \mathrm{H} \times 12 \times 8 \mathrm{in}$.
Wierophone. Acos crystal with stand incorporated and fited with screened lead and jack plug.
Only 19 Gns. plus
Latest-type Collaro.
Conquest 4 -spd. Changer. $\quad$ E $7 / 9 / 6$, plus 5/-P. \& P.




## THE COSSOR TRANSISTOR KII

 chased at the same time they can be supplied at $£ 13 / 15 /-$. plus 10/-P. \& P.

MAY BE BUILT FOR


Plus 2/- P. \& P.
This receiver uses the most up-to-date printed circuit matter and with the aid of the easy to follow point-topoint instructions assembly is simplicity itself. Four first-grade Edison Swan transistors are used, one XAl02, two XAIO1, one XClOI and two diodes. The receiver covers $190 / 550$ metres on medium wave operating on a P.P. 4 9-vols battery. When constructed it is housed in an attractive beige leather case. Size $5 \frac{3}{4} \times 3 \frac{3}{4} \times 1 \frac{1}{2}$ in., weight 17 oz . Ins. books available $2 / 6$. Battery $2 / 6$.

## THE "MID-FI"

A NEW DESIGN $4 \frac{1}{2}$ WATT AMPLIFIER KIT MAY BE BUILT FOR 95/=
Plus $3 /-\mathrm{P} .8 \mathrm{P}$.
 quiring a good-quality medium-powered Amplifier for reproduction of Records or F.M. Broadcasts. Technical Specifications: separate bass and ereble controls. Valve line-up EF86, EL84, EZ80. Voltage adjustment for A.C. mains from 200/250 volt 3 or 15 ohms impedance. Negative feedback Size $7 \times 5 \times 2$ in overall height 5 in . Silver-hammered finished Chassis.

RCA VICE-PRESIDENT 8-10 WATTS PUSH-PULL AMPLIFIER A compact versatile Amplifier complete with plug-in Power Pack, valve hine up $H$ Y 90 , 2-19AQ5 and 12AX7, separate bass and treble control, suitable for speakers of 15 ohms mpedance and two 3 -ohm tappings for Tweeters. For use on A.C. mains, tapping 115COMPLETE WITH ESCUTCHEON AND KNOBS, fello/ $3 / 3 \mathrm{p}$ \& p .

NO ELECTRICITY? Here's your answer.
THE BEREC $\begin{gathered}\text { BATTERY } \\ \text { RECEIVER }\end{gathered}$
For $99 / 6$ plus $5 /-$ pkg. \& post
This receiver is ideally suitable for use in the home or where normal electricity
 supply is not available, remarkable reception on both medium and short wavebands, incorporating latest-type miniature Battery Valves; DK92, DF96, DAF96, DL96 and operates on an external B. 103 Battery or equivalent. The receiver is housed in an attractive two-tone metal case. Size $11 \frac{1}{2} \times 7 \frac{1}{2} \times 5 \frac{1}{2} i n$.
This receiver can also be supplied with 2 short wavebands instead of medium and short, covering 2.5-7 Mc/s. and 6.5-17 Mc/s. Price 79/6.


INTERNATIONAL T.R. SERIES WHICH ARE ALREADY BEING USED IN VAST QUANTITIES IN AMERICA AND OTHER COUNTRIES


Full Technical information is available on request.

Joint service numbers have been allocated.


ARRARD

- International T.R. Series Shields reduce bare-bulb temperatures by $15 \%$ to $25 \%$.
(1) International T.R. Series Shields eliminate vibration.
- International T.R. Series Shields fit standard sockets.
- International T.R. Series Shields are available in various sizes.


ENGINEERING AND MANUFACTURING CO. LTD. Special Products Division, 23, Westminster Palace Gdns., Artillery Row, London, S.W. 1

## PLAN <br> your visit to Lonoon 23-28 MAY



## exhibition

## Over 500 exhibitors from

Austria Great Britain<br>Belgium Holland<br>Czechoslovakia<br>Denmark<br>East Germany<br>France West Germany<br>\section*{OLYMPIA LONDON 23-28 MAY 1960}<br>Open 10 a.m. - 6 p.m. daily Admission 5/Season Ticket 10/-<br>Further details from<br>Industrial Exhibitions Ltd.,<br>9 Argyll Street, London, W.I

## LARGEST

IN THE WORLD:

# Products of Experience and Leadership 



## Ferranti

## Three-Port X-Band Ferrite Circulator

$\star$ Power Rating :
50 kW Peak 50 Watts Mean
$\star$ Overall Length $2 \frac{1_{2}^{\prime \prime}}{}$
$\star$ Weight 6.5 oz.


FERRANTI LTD • KINGS CROSS ROAD•DUNDEE Telophone: DUNDEE 87141

## electronic and nucleonic equipment

Frazar \& Hansen Ltd., internationally known since 1834, presents many leading U. S. A. manufactured test instruments and components, including nuclear instrumentation, radiation detectors, microwave and transistorized electronic devices, aluminum microwave and relay towers, AM transmitters, high speed pulse generators, signal generators, spectrum analyzers, and transistorized power supplies. Write for information.

## FRAZAR

\& HANSENLid.
301 Clay Street • San Francisco, Calif., U.S.A.

## Low Price 4-Digit Voltmeter



Model V64. Ranges from $\pm 9.999 / 99.99 / 500.0$ volts. Snap-out type readout $\pm(0.01 \%$ of reading or I digit) accuracy, I second average balancing time, front panel sensitivity control, manual ranging and polarity. Used for quality control, calibration laboratories, production line testing and receiving inspection. Dimensions: 5 tin , high, 15 tin. deep, for 19 in. rack mounting. "For $110-220$ volts, $50 / 60$ cycles. NON LINEAR SYSTEMS, INC.

## Portable Alpha Counter



Model PAC-IS. Alpha Counter-Scintillation Type. Designed for surveying alpha contamination over a wide range of activity levels and under wide temperature variations. Consists of a probe, a single conductor 36 inch shielded cable, and rate meter. All units waterproof. Controls and seale selector, etc., are conveniently grouped around handle and can be operated by one finger of the carrying hand even when wearing protective gloves.

EBERLINE INSTRUMENT CORP.

## Transistor Tester

Model 219A. Saves time . . . tests transistor beta in circuit. Measurements made without energizing equipment under test, thereby eliminating spurious signals. Measures both Beta and Collector Current Parameters when transistors are isolated from associated circuitry. Ideal for testing transistor subassemblies as well as individual eransistors at incoming inspection stations and on production line. AC or battery. Military and commercial versions.

## SIERRA ELECTRONICS CORP.

## 6 WAY

 miniature mains voltage selector Type BMVS/6
## WE SEND THE BESTOF BRTITANS HIFF EVERYWHERE

|  | PROMPT DESPATCH | SERVICE |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| HOME AND EXPORT ENQUIRIES |  |  |
| WELCOMED AT ALL |  |  |

太SPEAKER SYSTEMS
Wharidale SFB $/ 3$. Wharddale Coaxial 12 Thannoy l2in Golden 10 Tannoy 12 in . Monitor
Tannoy 15 in . Monitor Tannoy 15 in . Monitor WB. 1016 Goodmans Triaxiom Goodmans 300
Goodmans 400 Goodmans 400 B. J. Tweeter complete $\star$ MOTORS AN Decca Stereo PU PICK-UPS Lenco GL60 Trans. Unit 65210 63910
-Garrard 301. Stereo P.U.Garrard 301 Garrard 4H/................Garrard 4HF/Stereo P.U. ..
Garrard TA/Mk. II ............Garrard TA/Mk. IIConnoisseur Motor
Goldring 700 O …
Ronette DC284- AMPLIFIERSOuad 22 Coners \& TUNERSQuad 22-Control Unir ...... $\$ 25$Quad II Amplifier
$\qquad$Leak Stereo 20 Amp. ....Leak Point One Pre-Amp. ...
Jason J.2-10/Mk. II ........Jason J.2-10/Mk. II
$\qquad$…........... 29 gnJason JTV/2 Tuner ............. $£ 2517$lason kits as advertisedEnquiries for new items by firms men-

## Adds a New <br> Dimension to Sound

THE BINSON "ECHOREC," distributed by (see W.W. Feb. page 92), is a device for superimposing controlled echo on to any audio signal. It achieves within the size of a compact, fully portable instrument, effects normally requiring large echo chambers and associated equipment. Three working channels are provided, the echo interval is variable, and swell and other effects are obtainable. The unit is of particular value in recording, for P.A., etc. Its characteristics will also no doubt lend themselves to other original applications,

## ABRIDGED DESCRIPTION

Three inputs and outputs.
Push-button channel selection for I, 2 or 3 channels.

- Controls for echo intervals, volume of echo, swell effect, volume level on input channels, etc.
- Complere with fitted carrying case, leads, plugs.
- A.C. mains operated.

Professional Discounts
| 40 gns. $\$ 420$ Leaglot on request. Lesfot on request.
Trade enquilies invited.

## mer mics 

We carry extensive and up-to-date stocks of equipment, components and accessories by Britain's leading makers. Enquiries dealt with by return.
164 CHARING GROSS ROAD, LONDON, W.C. 2
(3 shops from Tottenham Court Road Station Underground) Tel.: TEM 7587 \& COV 1703 Cablea: MODCHAREX, LONDON



## Pye at Dounreay

The Pye Instrument Group has supplied all the equipment to the U.K. Atomic Energy Authority for the irradiated fuel element laboratory at Dounreay. In addition to supplying equipment, Pye Ltd. acted as consultants and designers on all matters in that laboratory relating to instrumentation and remote handling. The illustration above shows manipulators working in conjunction with a television camera to handle and measure a sample from the fast reactor.

The Pye Instrument Group consists of: Pye Atomics Division; Pye Industrial Television Division; Faraday Electronic Instruments Lid., Labgear Lid.; W. G. Pye \& Co. Lid.; Pye Telecommunications Lid.; Unicam Instruments Lid.; W. Bryan Savage Lid.; W. Watson \& Sons Lid.


## Vitreous Enameled Resistors

 R.C.S.C. Style RWV4LFULLY R.C.S.C. TYPE APPROVED, $10 \Omega$ to $22 K \Omega$, our RWV4L style resistors conform to Inter-Services Spec. RCS III.
Other styles available. R.C.S.C. type approval applied for.

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { RCSC } \\ & \text { Style } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CGS } \\ & \text { Style } \end{aligned}$ | Rating | I wates | Range |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Service | Commercia! |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { RWV4-J } \\ & \text { RWVA-K } \\ & \text { RWV4-L } \end{aligned}$ | VPF4 <br> VPFIO <br> VPFI4 | 3 4.5 | $\begin{array}{r} 4 \\ 10 \\ 14 \end{array}$ | $5 \Omega$ to $8 K \Omega$ <br> $5 \Omega$ to $68 \mathrm{~K} \Omega$ <br> $10 \Omega$ to $100 \mathrm{~K} \Omega$ |

THE C.G.S. RESISTANCE CO. EVERTON, LYMINGTON, HANTS. Tel. Milford-on-Sea 269 London Office: 30 Clarendon Rd., Harrow, Mddx. Tel. Harrow 4147

## TRANSFORMERS <br> COILS large or small quantitis CHOKES TRADE ENQURIES WELCOMED SPECIALISTS IN <br> FINE WIRE WINDINGS

MINIATURE TRANSFORMERS, PICK-UP,
CLOCK AND INSTRUMENT COILS, ETC.
VACUUM IMPREGNATION TO APPROVED STANDARDS
ELECTRO-WINDS LTD.
CONTRACTORS TO G.P.O., M.O.S., L.E.B., ETC. 123-5-7 PARCHMORE ROAD, THORNTON HEATH, SURREY LIVINGSTONE 2261


VALVES Brand new, indi-
vidually checked
and guaranteed

| $\mathrm{AC} / \mathrm{DD}$ | $\ldots$ | $2 / 6$ | $E B C 33$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


$6 / 9$
$6 / 9$

111

| IL4 | ......... | $3 / 9$ | $6 H 6 M$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

 Q595/10 ...



843
861
$866 A$
$872 A$
930
954
956
1619
1625
1626
1629
7193
7475
$8010 A$
$8013 A$
8020
9001
9003
9004
9006
$7 / 6$

AND MANY OTHERS IN STOCK Including Cathode Ray Tubes and Sperial Valves.
All U.K. orders below 10/- P. \& P. 1/-; over 10/-, 1/6: orders over $£ 3$ P. \& P. free. C.O.D. 2/- extra. Overseas postage extra at cost.

BRAND NEW ORIGINAL SPARE PARTS
FOR AR88 RECEIVERS.
Please write your requirements.
MOVING COIL ROUND HAND MICROPHONE No, 13 . $2 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in}$. diam. with press switch. $12 / 6$. P. \& P. 1/-.

PLATE TRANSFORMER. Input 190-210-230-250 v. Output 2,250-0-2,250 C.T. 400 mA. $13 \times 9 \times 6 \frac{1}{2}$ in. Weight 751 b . E6/10/-. Carr. 10/-
I.F. TRANSFORMERS. $4-5 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$. American made in black crackle finish housing, 6/-. P. \& P. 1/-

HRO MAINS power pack, input $115 / 250 \mathrm{v}$. A.C. Output 250 v. 75 mA , and 6.3 v. 3.5 amps . f3, inc. carr
VARIOMETERS for W/S No. 19. Fully tested and working 12/6. P. \& P. $2 / 6$.
COMPLETE V.F.O. UNIT from TX53. Freq. range in 4 switched bands from $1.2-17.5 \mathrm{me} / \mathrm{s}$. Two V.T. 501 l . as oscillator and buffer, 807 as driver, ewo S 130 s as voltage stabilizers. Output sufficient to drive two 813 s in parallel. Slow motion drive direcely calibrated in $\mathrm{mc} / \mathrm{s}$. Provision for erystal control, metering of buffer and driver stage. Power requirements 400 V . and 6.3 v . D.C. Can also be used as low power transmitter. In excellent condition with valves and circuit diagram. \&5. P. \& P. 15/-.

FILAMENT TRANSFORMERS. Primary $0-190-210-230-250, \mathrm{v}, 50 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{s}$. $\mathrm{Sec} .1 .2 .5 \mathrm{v} . \mathrm{CT}$ at 10 amps . 2. 2.5 v . CT at 10 amps . 3. 10.5 v . CT at 11 amps., 4,000 V. Insulation. Price
 2. $10 \mathrm{v} . \mathrm{CT}$ at $4.5 \mathrm{amps}, 4,.000 \mathrm{v}$. Insulation, \& $1 / 16 /$. P. \& P. 5/-. Primary $230 \mathrm{v} .50 / 60 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{s}$. 67 v/amps. Sec. I. 6.3 v. $1-6 \mathrm{amps} .2 .6 .3$ v. CT 3 amps. 3 . 6.3 v . CT 3 amps. 4. 6.3 v . СT 3 amps. $£ 1 / 12 /=$ P. \& P. 5/-
LOW RESISTANCE HEADPHONES, brand new, type CLR, 5/-; Balanced Armature, 7/6. P. \& P. I/=.
VACUUM CONDENSER. $32,000 \vee .50 \mathrm{pF}$. 15/-. Post free.
 A.C. $4 \%$ ohms $5 \%$.

Dimensions $5 \frac{7}{4} \times 3 \frac{7}{4} \times 1 \frac{3}{4}$ in. Weight 14 oz . Price $£ 10$ completc with instruction manual, test plots and clips. Leather case $£ 1 / / 2 /$ extra.

AVOMINORS in leather case with leads. Fully tested and guaranteed, with batteries. 2,000 v. D.C., $£ 2 / 19 / 6$. P. \& P. $2 / 6$.

NON-INDUCTIVE CARBON RESISTANCE. 800 ohms, about 30 watt, lin. dia., loin. long, $7 / 6$. P. \& P. $/ / 6$.

813 Ceramic Valveholders 3/~ each. P. \& P. $1 / 6$.
Mains Power Supply Unit for No. 19 wireless set. Made by RCA of Canada. 115 v A.C. Brand new, \&|5. P. \& P. EI.

## P. C. RADIO LTD. 170, GOLDHAWK RD., <br> W. 12 SHEpherds Bush 4946

DRIVER TRANSFORMERS. Primary 500 ohms imp. Sec. to match two 805 in push-pull
CI/7/6. P. 5 . 5 . CI/7/6. P. \& P. $5 /$-.
TRANSFORMERS. Relay supply. Primary 230 v . Sec. $0-27 / 29 / 31 \mathrm{v}$. at $0.5 \mathrm{amps} ., 15 /-$ P. \& P. $5 /$.

ROTARY TRANSFORMERS. 171 watt, 12 v. input. 1,600 v. 110 mA . output, $30 /$-. P. \& P. $7 / 6$.

COMPLETE SET OF STRONG AERIAL
RODS (American). Screw-in type MP49, 50, $51,52,53$, total length 15 ft . 10 in.,. top diameter 0.615 in ., bottom diameter 0.185 in . together with matched aerial base. MP37 with ceramic insulator, ideal for car or roof insulation. 2/10/-, post free.
LIGHT HEADGEAR ASSEMBLY. Ideal for mobile use. Headphone 600 ohms, carbon microphone. $18 /$ /. P. \& P. $3 /$-.
AR88D and L.F. Receivers, completely overhauled and tuned, $£ 60$ and $£ 57 / 10 /$ - respeccively. Completely rebuilt with P.V.C. wiring $\angle 85$.
MODULATION TRANSFORMERS (U S.A., Collins), primary imp. 6,000 ohms. C.T., secondary 6,000 ohms, $20 \mathrm{~W} ., 9 / 6$ each, post free.
MICROPHONE TRANSFORMERS. Balance input 30 or 250 ohms. U.S.A. manufacture, 7/6. P. \& P 1/6.
R109 RECEIVER. Covering $2-8 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s} .6$ v. D.C. New and tested, $64 / 5$ !-. Carriage paid.
RI09A RECEIVER. Covering $2-12 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s} .6 \mathrm{v}$. D.C. New and tested 65/5/-. Carriage paid. SCR 522 RECEIVERS (BC624), $100-156 \mathrm{Me} / \mathrm{s}$. including all valves, $25 /-$. P. \& P. $5 /$.
VIBRATOR UNIT. 12 v./ 160 v. 35 mAmps . Exceedingly well filtered and smoothed, excellent for car radios. New. Including one CARBON INSET MICROPHONE. G.P.O. type 7 ;6. P. \& P. $\mathbf{I}^{1}$.

PERSONAL CALLERS WELCOME

## An important announcement for users of Mullard products

On the 19th January 1960 injunctions were granted by the High Court of Justice, Chancery Division, to Mullard Ltd. restraining, Bentley Acoustic Corporation Ltd. from:

1 Infringing the "Mullard" trade mark.
2 Passing off as valves of Mullard Ltd., valves not manufactured by Mullard Ltd.

3 Selling or offering for sale in connection with the "Mullard" name, valves not manufactured by Mullard Lid.

4 Applying the "Mullard" name to valves $s o$ as to pass off inferior valves as of the quality marketed by Mullard Ltd. under the "Mullard" trade mark.

Bentley Acoustic Corporation Ltd. were also ordered to pay agreed sums in respect of damages and costs.

This action was brought by Mullard Led. in the interests of the users of their products, and the Company wish to give notice that it is their intention to take action against any persons or companies who infringe their trade marks.

# ATTENTION: 

 OWNERS OF TAPE RECORDERSHere is an opportunity to learn foreign languages with your tape recorder. Full elementary courses in Italian, Spanish, German, French and Russian. Full recorded tape together with instruction book 29/6.

Trade enquiries invited
Please apply for explanatory leaflets to your nearest retailer or direct from

FISHER ELECTRONICS CO, LTD., NATIONAL HOUSE, WARDOUR STREET, LONDON, W.I.

[^11]
## TRANSISTORISED POWER AMPLIFIERS PORTABLE, MOBILE, MAINS <br> FOR ALL RADIO, AMPLIFIER \& SOUND INSTALLATIONS <br>  <br> STANSTED, ESSEX.



STANSTED 3132

Send us your enquiries for all types of
 for:
RADIO FREQUENCY CONTROL FILTER PURPOSES
ULTRASONIC PURPOSES
METALLIZED TO SUIT REQUIREMENTS ANY SHAPE AND SIZE CUT TO SPECIFICATION

PIEZO LIMITED
26 St. Albans Rd., Watford, Herts. Tel: Watford 27808


## 25,000 OHMS PER VOLT

## TESTMETER

Made by TRIPLETT of Amotioa, Slze il $\times 6!\times 6!t n$, and incorporates a unique tilting bakeite container size $51 \times 3 / 2 i n$. which hat two meters, a 25,000 ohms per voit moving coil for D.C. measurements, and a first grade moving iron for A.C, Reada Resistance np to 40 Megohms, A.C. \& D.C. volts to 1,000 D.C. current to 250 mA., and also han $0-50 \mathrm{M}$ lcroamps range. Facilitles for measuring Condenser Capacity, etc., and Audio Output. Completely portable, with protective face cover. Complete with leads, batteries, and Instructions. Fully reconditioned, ONLY \&10/10/= (post, etc., $3 / 6$ ).

## UNIVERSAL AVOMETER 34 RANGE MODEL D

Ex-Atr Ministry, but thoroughly recondftioned and becked. Supplied with internal batterles and inmtrucC. Cover ranges as follows.

\author{

D.C. AO. D.C. 100 mV . VOLTS $300 \mathrm{mV} . \quad 7.5 \mathrm{~V} \quad 15 \mathrm{~mA}$ <br> | 1.5 |
| :--- |
| 3 |
| 18. | <br> 15

30
150 <br>  <br> $300 \mathrm{v} \quad 1,500 \mathrm{v}$. 30 amp . Reaistance <br> 1,500 च. <br> A.C.
Cutrent
75 mA.
150 mA.
750 mA.
1.5 amp.
7.5 amp.
18 amp.
Renistance
$1,000 \Omega$
$10,000 \Omega$
}


CANADIAN MOVING COIL PHONES, Low-resistance, fitted noise-excluding chamols ear muffa, and leather covered head-band. Lead terminates to
BRAND NEW. ONLY $19 / 6$ (Port $1 / 6$ ).


Primary 200/250 v. 50 cycles. Outputs of 250 v. 100 mA and 6.3 v. 4 amps. Fitted double smoothing. For normal rack mounting (or bench use) having grey front panel gize 19 in . $x 7 \mathrm{~m}$. BRAND NEW. Only $59 / 6$ (carriage. etc., 7/6).
CRYSTAL CALIBRATOR No. 10
 A superb Cryatal Controlled Wavemeter just released by the Ministry of Bupply. Has directly calibrated dia! for nominal coverage of 1.5-10.0 Mc/s. but may actuaily be used from 500
$\mathrm{ke} / \mathrm{s}$. up to $30 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$. $\begin{array}{ll}\mathrm{kc} / \mathrm{s} . & \mathrm{up} \\ \text { Complete with } 500 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{B} \\ \mathrm{kc} / \mathrm{s} .\end{array}$ Complete with woo Crystal, 2 valve type IT4,
1 or 1 R 5 and 1 of CV286 (Neon Stabliser) and Instruction Book. Size 7 im . $\times 7 \mathrm{Im} . \times 4 \mathrm{in}$., weight 5 lb . Used but in firat clase condition. ONLY £2/19/6. Carr. 3/6.

## W II9IA WAVEMETER

Crystal controlled heterodyue frequency meter covering $100 \mathrm{kc} / \mathrm{s}$, to $20 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$. In 8 switched bands and is virtually the British BC.221. Power requirements 2 F. L.T. and $40-60$ volts H.T. Complete with Calibration Book. NE\&tal, Operatigg ORIGIL TRANBIT CABES. ONLY 83/19/6 (carriage $15 /$-).
HIGH FREQUENCY A.C. VOLTMETER


A First Grade Moving 6 in. Mirror Seale reading up to 150 volts A.C. at 400 and $1,200-$ 2,400 cycles. Iu sub. removable lid, overall
 Recently made for the Alr Ministry, by Everett Edgcumbe, and in perfect order. Brand New \& Unused. also be supplied for 50 cycles, use either $0-150$ or $-0-300$ volts.

12 VOLTS AMERICAN DYNAMOTOR. Delivers 220 volts at 100 miles. Size $5!\times 84 \mathrm{in}$. dianneter. Ideal for running at 100 milea. Bize 32/6.

HETERODYNE FREQUENCY METERS TYPE LMI4


Frequency range $125 \cdot 20,000 \mathrm{kc} / \mathrm{s}$. In 2 hands. This is the United States Navy Model of the well-known BC. 221 Frequency Meter, but bave many additional features which facrease thelr usefulness. Voltage stabilisation circuits and Grystal control ensure extreme accuracy, and ta addition they are fitted with an Internal Modulation
switch to aliow use as a Signal Generator. Size oniy 8 whitch to aliow use ha a Bignal Generator. 8ize oniy 8 kin. $\times 8 \mathrm{in} . \times 81 \mathrm{in}$. Full fiformation on request.

RCA 8in. P.M. SPEAKER


In heavy black crackled metal case, desigued for use With AR 88 Receiver, or any set with 3 Ohms Output. (Post 3/6).

## AR88 LF RECEIVERS

Reconditioned as new, and in perfeet order. Frequency coverags $75-150 \mathrm{kc} / \mathrm{s}$. and $1.2-30 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$. ONLY $£ 50$ (carriage 25/-).

## OSCILLOSCOPE No. II



Made by A. C. Cossor. Incorporates Eard Valve Ttme Base with speeds of $1 \cdot 5-40$ milliseconds, but slmply converted to produce 3 cycles per second to $30 \mathrm{kc} / \mathrm{B}$,
Controls include Fine and Coarse Gain, Brightness, Focus, Controls include Fine and Coarse Gain, Brightness, Focus, $X$ and $Y$ shifts. Has Power Pack for nomjnal 115 v 29 fm . tube type ACR10. Grey and black engraved front panel, size lyin. x 17 in . For standard rack use if required depth of unit being 12in. In steel transit case as illus. trated. Complete with leads and suggested modification data. BRAND NEW. ONLY $812 / 10 /$ ( (carriage $15 /$ ).

ARRRING CASES, solid leather BRAND NEW Interial dimensions 81 in . H. $\times 8 \% \mathrm{ln}$. W. $\times 4 \% \mathrm{in}$. D. Fitted lock and key and shoulder strap. Ideal for Test
Instrument, Canera and accessories etc. ONLY $35 /-$ Instrument, Camera and accessories, etc. ONLY 35/(postage $2 /-$ ).

AMPLIFIER M92


Utilises 4 valven, 1 each $5 \mathrm{Z} 4 \mathrm{G}, 6 \mathrm{VaG}, 6 \mathrm{~J} \boldsymbol{\mathrm { G }}, 6 \mathrm{GJ} \mathrm{G}$ and high quality components such as " $\mathbf{C}$ " Core Transormers and Block Paper Snoothing Condensers. A.C. Mains Pack or nominal 110/250 volts. Provision for 600 ohms or High Imperlance Input. Output to 600 ohm Line. For normal use only requires ehanging Ontput or Standard Rack Mounting, baving grey front panel slze $19 \mathrm{hm} . \times 7 \mathrm{in}$. All connections to rear panel, front having "On/Off" Switch. Gain Control, Indicator Ight. Fuses and Valves Inspection Panel. BRAND NEW IN MAKER's PACKING. ONLY EA/9/6 (carrlage 10/6).
"Q" FIVER COMMAND RECEIVER. The farnons American BC 453 covering $100-$ $550 \mathrm{ke} / \mathrm{s}$. I.F.s betng $85 \mathrm{kc} / \mathrm{s} . \quad$ Complete with all 6 valves and elreuit. Size $11 \times 51 \times x$
5 m . BRAND NEW IN MARAND NEW TONS. ONLY 89/6 (Post 3/6).

## TCS RECEIVERS

The renowned Anerican set designed by Collins for rtatic or moble use, Coverage $1.5-12.0 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$. in 3 bands. Complete with all 7 valven. Power reguired 12 v. L.T. crackled case. IN NEW CONDITION. ONLY E10/10/crackled case. IN NEW CONDITION. ONLY $210 / 10 /-$

### 10.000 OHMS PER VOLT

 TESTMELE8This latest Caby model onter $5 \mathrm{Bin} . x \quad 3 \mathrm{ln}, x$
 voltages at 10,000 ohms per volt, up to $1,000 \mathrm{v}$. A.C. and D.C. at 4,000 o.p.r. Resistance to 20 megs., D.C. current to 250 milliamps, and with Test Leads, Bateries, and Instruction Book. ONLF £6/10/-


SHT TRANSFORMERS 5.5 kV (Rect.) with 2 F . $79 / 6.7 \mathrm{kV}$. (Rect.) with 2 v. 1 в., $89 / 6.2 .5 \mathrm{kV}$. (Rect.) with $9.0-2$ v. 1.1 a., $2-0-2$ v. 2 a. (for VCR 97 tube, ete.), $47 / 6$ (pontage $2 /$ - per trans.).

## Cash with order please, and print name and address clearly please add postage or carriage costs on all ITEmS

## HARRIS ELECTRONICS

Radio Corner, 138 Gray's Inn Road, London, W.C.1. Phone: TERMINUS 7937
Open until I p.m. Saturdays.
We are 2 mins, from High Holborn (Chancery Lane Station) and 5 mins, by bus from King's Cross


## You'll need


when you are faced with the problem of finding exactly the right type of Connector for a particular job.
It provides abridged data on the wide range of Plugs and Sockets manufactured by Plessey, and lists the publications which are available on various types.
Selection is simplified even further by means of the Selection Guide enclosed with the booklet. It lists fully the main characteristics of each of 16 different ranges.
If you have a need for Plugs and Sockets you also have a need for this information.
Write for a copy of Publication 148.

## Electrical

 connectorsA. C.SDTANDTIDTYPE SBM/T
NOW FITTED WITH STAINLESS STEEL GUIDES-
SIX TIMES THE LIFE

## SOUTHERN TECHNICAL SUPPLIES

TRANSFORMERS FOR ALL MULLARD AMPLIFIERS
OUTPUT TRANSFORMERS (Secondsries for 3.75 and 15 ohms .) T.44. 5-10 amp.ultra linear, 8,000 ohm. $43 \%$ tappings $30 \times \cdot$ P/P $2 /$ T.102. $5-10 \mathrm{amp}$ and Osram 912, $6,600 \mathrm{ohm}$. $20 \%$ tappings, $30 /=$, P/P $2 /-$ T.100. 5 -10 amp, Low loading, 6,000 ohms, $28 /-$ P/P $2 /-$, P/P $2 /$.
T.140. 3 watt amp.p type A tape amp. 2 watt stereo, 5,000 ohm., $12 /-$, P/P $1 / 6$. MALNS TRANSFORMERS (Primaries $840-220-200 ; 0-10$. 50 (b). T.55. $5-10 \mathrm{amp}$. and tuner, $300-0-800$ v., $120 \mathrm{~mA} ., 6.3$ v. 2.ba., $6 \mathrm{~T} .6 .3 \mathrm{\nabla}$. 2.5а., T. 58 V. 5.10 32/ $=300$. 0 - 300 ₹. 100 mA .6 .3 v. 2.5 a. cT. 6.8 v, 1 a., 27/-. P/P 2/6. T. 101 . Two $5-10$ amp. Low loading, $300-0-300$ จ., $150 \mathrm{~mA} ., 6.3$ v. $4 \mathrm{a} . \mathrm{CP} ., 6.3$ v. T.143. 7 watt stereo $250-0-250$ จ., 150 mA., 6.3 マ. 4 a. cTP., 8.3 v. 1 a.. 33\%. P/P 3/9.
T.141. 3 watt, $300-0-300$ จ., 50 mA .6 .3 च. 1 a., cT., 6.3 ₹. 1 а., 2\%/-. P/P 2/-.
 T.A. Trans. and Reetifier, 270 v. D.C. 100 mA ; 6.3 v. cT. 3 я., 32/-. P/P $2 /-$. T.B. Trans, and Rectifer, 270 ₹. D.C. 60 mA.; 6.3 v. cT. 2 a., 25/-. P/P 2/-. All transformers tully guaranteed, all shrouded fuly except TI40 and TB. Write
for our fully illustrated catalogue, with all data. or our Mullard'e fatest Publication detailing the complete range AMPLIFIERS," $8 / 6$. P/P 1/-
SOUTHERN TECHNICAL 8UPPLIE8, 83 station Road, Portslade, 8ussez

Wiring and Connectors Division
The Plessey Company Limited
Cheney Manor • Swindon - Wilts
Telephone: Swindon 625I
Overseos Sales Organisation:
PLESSEY INTERNATIONAL LTD - ILFORD - ESSEX

## TRANSFORMERS AND CHOKES

Where reliability in electronic apparatus is an important factor, high quality-components are essential. Radford Transformers and Chokes are designed and manufactured with this as a guiding principle
(.) Manufactured to exact requirements to any specification

- High grade workmanship, materials and finish

(3) 5 V.A. to 50 k.V.A.

Your enquiries for small or large quantities will be appreciated

Radford electronics ltd
ASHTON VALE ROAD • BRISTOL 3
Tel. : $6 / 873$
,




AVOMETER MODEL D. 88.19.6 (P. \& P. 3/6)

| 100 mV | ${ }_{7} \mathrm{~A} . \mathrm{C}$ V | D.0. 15 | A. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 300 mv . | 15 V | $10 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{A}$. | $75 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{A}$. |
|  | 15 V | 30 m/a. |  |
| 1.5 | $75 \mathrm{~V}^{\text {. }}$ | $150 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{A}$. | $750 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{A}$. |
| 3 V | 150 \% | $300 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{A}$. | 1.5 Amps. |
| 15 V. | 300 V . | 1.5 Amps. | 7.5 Amps. |
| 30 V. | 600 V . | 3 Ampl | 15 Ainps. |
| 150 V . | 750 V . | 15. Amps. |  |
| 300 V. | 1.5 KV . | 30 Amps. | Resistance |
| 750 V . |  |  | 0-1000 ohms. |
| 1.5 KV . |  |  | $0 \cdot 10 \mathrm{~K}$ ohms. |
| Thoroughl | overhaule | Complete | h batteries and |
| instruction | as. An ex | remely rob | meter "at a |
| ry reaso | nable price |  |  |
| CRYST | AL CA | BRATO | N |
| A cryst | tal contr | ed heter | yne wave- |
| meter | covering | 00 Kc/s. | $10 \mathrm{Me} / \mathrm{s}$. |
| (Harmo | nics up | $30 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$ | Requires |
| $15 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{a}$. | and 12 | 0.3 a. D. | but can be |
| easily m | modified fo | 120 v . and |  |
| ing. Si | ize $7 \times 7 \frac{1}{5}$ | 4 in . Fir | lass |
| n, |  | wi |  |
| uct | ion man |  |  |
|  | \% | and |  |
| 59/6. P | Post 3/6. |  |  |

CHOKES. Parmeko 5 H. $200 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{amps}$ 6/6. HRO chokes, 17 H. $80 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{amps}$. $7 / 6$. AR-88 chokes, $15 \mathrm{H},. 90 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{amps} ., 8 / 6$. Parmeko 8 H., $100 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{amps.} 7 /$,6 . Postage any type, $1 / 6$.
SELENIUM BRIDGE RECTIFIERS. Funnel cooled. A.C. input 45 v. RMS. D.C. output 30 v . 10 amps. BRAND NEW. Boxed. $45 / \mathrm{m}$. Post $3 / 6$.
EFRRANTI TESTMETER TYPE $Q$ Voles 0 to $30,150,600$ A.C./D.c. with additional 0.3 v. D.C. and $0-15$ v. A.C. ranges: milliamps 0 to $7.5,30,150$ and 750 D.C.; ohms 0-25K. Accuracy BSS Ist grade. 500 ohms per volt. With leads, battery and Instructions, in velver dition, perfect working order $52 / 6$. dition,
Post $2 / 6$.

## MARCONI IMPEDANCE BRIDGE

 Type TF373. Measures, $L, C$ \& $R$ at 1,000 cycles. Accuracy $1 \%$. $0-100 \mathrm{H}$; $0-100 \mu \mathrm{~F} ; 0-1 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ each in 5 ranges. Power Factor and "Q." First-class condition. E35, carr. paid.6-VOLT VIBRATOR PACKS. HRO ype, 180 v. DC., $65 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{amps}$. BRAND NEW. 29/6, post $3 / 6$. Type PU2, 200 v. D.C. 100 m amps., with OZ4 rectifier. BRAND NEW 25j- Post FREE.

ADMIRALTY HT TRANSFORMERS Pri 230 v. $50 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{s}$. Secs, 620-550-375-0-$375-550-620$ v. ( 620 and 550 v. 200 m/amps., 375 v. 250 m/amps.), plus two 5 v. 3 Amp. rectifier windings. Total rating 278 VA. Upright mig. Wt. 25 lb . Made 1953. BRAND NEW.
Original boxes. 45/m. Carr. 5/-.

INSTRUMENT TRANSFORMERS. 230 v. A.C. input. Outputs $0-65-130-195$ v $85 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{amps} ., 6.3$ v. $5 \mathrm{amps},$.6.3 v. 0.3 amps . Shrouded. Size $3 t \times 3+\times 3+1 \mathrm{in}$. high. $15 /-$ post FREE.
AR88D MAINS TRANSFORMERS. Input $110-240$ v. Output 345-0-345 v. $125 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{amps} ., 6.4 \mathrm{v}$., $4.5 \mathrm{amps} ., 5 \mathrm{v} .2 \mathrm{amps}$. $4 \frac{3}{4} \times 4 \frac{1}{4} \times 5 \frac{1}{2}$ in, high. Wt. 12 lb . Potted. Tag ends. RCA BRAND NEW. Boxed. $29 / 6$, post $3 / 6$.

## MARCONI. CRI00

Completely overhauled. In perfect working order. LOOK LIKE NEW, £21.
Later model with Noise Limiter, $£ 25$.
Carr. Eng. and Wales 30/-. Send S.A.E. for full details.

## RCA AR-88 SPEAKERS

A high quality 3 ohm unit fitted into heavy gauge black crackled steel cabinet, size $10 \frac{1}{2} \times 11 \frac{1}{2} \times 6$ in. Fitted with rubber feet and 6 ft. lead. Ideal for extension speaker. CRIOO, etc. In original cartons. BRAND NEW. 45/-. Post 3/6.

MINIATURE 373 IF STRIPS. For FM tuner described in "Practical Wireless." Complete with 3 of EF91, 2 of EF92 and I of EB91. A fresh release enables us to offer these once again. BRAND NEW. Complete reprint of conversion instructions and circuit supplied free. 35/=. OR less valves, $12 / 6$. Post, either, $2 ; 6$.

## LOUD HAILER EQUIPMENT

IDEAL FOR CROWD CONTROL. FACTORIES, FETES, ETC. CONWITH MICROPHONE HEADPAND CONTROL ANES OPERATES FROM 12 VOLTS D.C. (OR 8 VOLTS D.C. WITH SLIGETTLY REDUCED FROMPUT), CONSUMING ONLY 3 AMPS. OUTPUT POWER 8 WATTS. ALL TESTED AND WORKING, BUT SLIGETLY SOILED. A GENUINE BARGAIN. S4/19/6. CARRIAGE 25/6.

## SIGNAL GENERATOR TYPE 54

Marconi 762A. Frequency 430 to $610 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$. Square or Pulse Int. Mod, provision for Ext. Mod. Attenuation range +10 to -100 dB . Directly calibrated dials. As new. £35, carr. paid.

## UNIVERSAL

## WAVEMETER R502

An absorption wavemeter made by S.T.C. covering the frequency range $100 \mathrm{Kc} / \mathrm{s}$. to 48 M/cs. with nine plug in coil units. There are no gaps. Powered by $1 \frac{1}{2} v$ cell and triodevalve. Complete with all charts and contained in neat fitted wooden transit case
$14 \times 13 \times 9$ in In first-class con. In first-lasscon dition. $84 / 19 / 6$,
plus $5 / 6$ carriage.


## T.C.C. VISCONOL CONDENSERS. 8 mfd .800 v .

 D.C. wkg. at $7 /$ deg. C. CPI52V. Size $3 \times 1 \frac{1}{4} \times$ Sin. high. BRAND NEW. Boxed. $8 / 6$ each, post paid.MINIATURE RELAYS (ALL BRAND NEW and BOXED) G.E.C. sealed, wire ends, 670 2M2B H/D M1095 ............ $8 / 6$ $\begin{array}{lll}\text { G.E.C. sealed, wire ends, } 670 \Omega, 2 \text { H/D makes, M1099 } & \text {. } & \text { I5/- } \\ \text { G.E.C. sealed, wire ends, } 670 \Omega, 4 \text { c/overs, platinum, M1092 } & 19 / 6\end{array}$ G.E.C. sealed, wire ends,670, 4 c/overs, platinum, M1092 $19 / 6$ G.E.C. sealed, wire ends, $5,000 \Omega, 2$ c/övers, platinum, M1052
Siemens High Speed, $1 \mathrm{~K}+1 \mathrm{~K} \Omega$, i c/over

## HRO SENIOR RECEIVERS



Complete with ALL NINE general coverage plug-in coilsets for $50 \mathrm{Kc} / \mathrm{s}$. to $30 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$. Instruction booklet, and circuit, but less external power supply unit. Table models, as new condition, 21 GNS. Rack mounting, 18 GNS. Packing and carriage 22/-extra. Send S.A.E. for further details. HRO POWER PACKS. $115 / 230$ v. A.C. mains input Tested, and in good condition. Table or rack, $69 / 6$. Post $4 /$-.

## CHARLES BRITAIN (Radio) LTDD. II UPPER SAINT MARTIN'S LANE LONDON, W.C. 2 <br> TEMple Bar 0545

One minute from Leicester Sq. Station. (Up Cranbourne St,) Shop Hours: 9-6 p.m. (9-1 p.m. Thursday.) Open all day Saturday

## TRIPLETT METER MOVEMENT

## This article consists of a

 basic 400 microamp meter movement mounted on a bakelite mounted $5 \frac{3}{4} \times 2 \frac{7}{8}$. The dial panel $5 \frac{3}{4} \times 2 \frac{7}{8}$. 15 rangeis scaled as a 15 ranger is scaled as a 15 range Testmeter. A circuit
and parts list of the and parts list of the
original instrument is original instrument
supplied. BRAND NEW. Boxed. 35/-, post paid.
ELECTROSTATIC METER. Dia. $6 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in}$. reads 5-18.5 Kv. Manufactured 1953. Contained in wooden case $10 \times 10 \times 9$ in. high. $\varepsilon 9 / 19 / 6$. Post paid

SANGAMO-WESTON ANALYSER E772. A useful multi-range meter. Thoroughly overhauled and in perfect working order. Forfull details see previous working order. For $\mathrm{ad} / \mathrm{l}$. Carr. $4 / 6$.
AVO LC and R BRIDGES. Capacity 5 pFd to 50 mFd . Resistance 5 ohms to 50 megohms. Inductance can be measured against external standard. Balance is indicated on a meter, which can be used as a valve voltmeter from 0.1 to 15 v . Leakage test and Power Factor scale. For use on A.C. mains. Tested and guaranteed. E8/10/-. Post $3 / 6$.

HICKOCK I-177 VALVE TESTERS. Checks dynamic mutual conductance, shorts, emission, gas, and noise. For UX4 Shorts, emission, gas, and noise. For UX4 and Acorn types.' Portable, in wooden carrying case $15 \frac{1}{2} \times 8 \times 5 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in}$. Wt. $13 \frac{1}{2} 1 \mathrm{~b}$. BRAND NEW. Complete with instruction book and valve testing charts. For 117 v. A.C. 10 gns. Carr. 7/6. Matching auto. transformers for 230 v . A.C. $12 / 6^{6}$.

MARCONI SIGNAL GENERATORS $85 \mathrm{Kc} / \mathrm{s}$. to $25 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$. A.C. mains operation. In fair condition and good working order. TFI44F. $£ 40$. TFI44G. $£ 50$.

RII55 RECEIVERS. With latest type super slow-motion drive. In good condition and perfect working order. Realigned and air tested. Model B 67/19/6. Model "L" (covers trawler (either) $10 / 6$. Send S.A.E. for details of (either) 10/6. Send S.A.E. for details of
sets and power units, or $1 / 3$ for illussets and powe
trated booklet

SCR522 TRANSMITTER/RECEIVERS. 100-150 Mc/s. Comprises BC624A rec., and BC625 trans. with valves, and in good condition. BC624A, less relay 19/6. With relay, 25/-. BC625 22/6. These two, on rack 47/6. Carr. 7/6.

## MOVING COIL PHONES. Finest

 quality Canadian with chamois ear-muffs and leather-covered headband. With lead and jack plug. Noise excluding and supremely comfortable. 19/6. Post $1 / 6$.Morgan "T" ( $\frac{1}{2}$ watt) and "R" (I watt) Latest types, all BRAND NEW. 100 assorted, 10/-. Post $1 /$ -
HEAVY DUTY SLIDER RESISTORS. $1.25 \Omega 20 \mathrm{~A}, 12 / 6$, post $3 / 6,1 \Omega 12 \mathrm{~A}, 8 / 6$ ZENITH ADJUSTABLE $25 \Omega 4$ A., $8 / 6$. Post 2/6.
PRECISION RESISTORS. 1 Megohm \% I watt wire wound. Ex-U.S.A. BRAND NEW. 10/6 per dozen.

## D.C./A.C. CONVERTERS. Input 12 v .

 D.C. Output 230 v. $50 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{s}$. A.C. at 135 watts. Fitted with $0-300$ v. A.C. 2tin. meter and slider resistor for voltage adjustment. In stout wooden carrying case with lid. Perfect working order. E9/19/6. Carr. $10 / 6$.24 v . Input $230 \mathrm{v} . \mathrm{A} . \mathrm{C} .50 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{s} .100$ watts output. In grey metal case. BRAND NEW. $92 / 6$. Carr. $7 / 6$.

RADIATION METERS. Portable dose rate meter, containing modern type rectangular 50 micro-amp. meter, CVX494 alectrometer valve, etc. BRAND NEW. In canvas carrying case. 63/19/6. Post 2/6. For details of other equipment, see our previdus adverts.

## SOUND



## directed

like a beam of light....

This is one of the Pamphonic Line Source Loudspeakers in the Portsmouth Guildhall. Only two are needed to cover the whole auditorium! The special stand enables the loudspeaker to be moved and tilted to cover the varying seating arrangements ... sound being directed like a beam of light. This unique Pamphonic sound system can operate under difficult conditions and still give perfect results where other systems fail.

## Pamphonic

## LINE SOURCE LOUDSPEAKERS

Greater power economy with no extra expensive fitting costs. Used extensively by Municipal Authorities for many Public Buildings and by the B.B.C. Special robust all-metal weatherproof models are available for out-door sound coverage.

it's NEW- it's miniature


## CHANNEL

TYPE 40 TRANSISTORISED SIGNAL GENERATOR net pace $\{5.15 .0$ fost palo BATTERY $2 / 6$ EXTRA CASH WITH ORDER OR C.O.D. * TRADE AND EXPORT ENQUIRIES INVITED * * Small enough to fit in your pocket-only $4 \frac{1}{2}^{n} \times 3 \frac{1}{2}^{\prime \prime}$.

* Frequencies up to $20 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$ on fundamentals.
* R.F. and audio outputs, attenuated.
* Full standard specification.
* Light weight-low consumption.

Write for descriptive leaflet or order today from-

## CHANNEL ELECTRONIC INDUSTRIES LTD. INSTRUMENTS DIVISION

DUNSTAN ROAD - BURNHAM-ON-SEA - SOMERSET • Phone 3167

## published today FUN WITH SHORT WAVES

Gilbert Davey's second book for amateur radio enthusiasts, which covers in detail the making of battery operated one-, two-, and three-valve receivers, superhet converters, a superhet shortwave receiver, VHF and frequency-modulated designs. 33 drawings, 11s. 6d. net. Published by Edmund Ward and available from all good bookshops.

## C.C.GOODWIN (SALES) LTD

WORLD WIDE EXPORTERS AMPLIFIERS - TUNERS - SPEAKERS. MOTORS • PICK-UPS $\star$ OVERSEAS ORDERS SENT FREE OF PURCHASE TAX $\star$ \begin{tabular}{l|lll}
U.S.A. \& \& $\begin{array}{l}\text { DECCA Stereopick-up } \\
\text { with arm type fiss }\end{array}$ \& $\$ 46.20$ \& ( $£ 16 / 9 / 6$ )

$|$ PACKED CANADA GARRARD 301 tranEKPORT 

\hline \& $\begin{array}{l}\text { scription motor with } \\
\text { Stroboscope ........... } \$ 56.00(£ / 9 / 19 / 6)\end{array}$ \& CARRIAGE

 

EXAMPLES \& LEAK TLI2 Plus Amp. <br>
with Varislope II \& $\$ 104.50$ \& $(£ 37 / 7 / 6)$ \& PAID
\end{tabular} We export Hi-Fi Equipment to all parts of the Globe. Reduced transit rates for British and Allied Forces Overseas.

[^12]LONDON, N. 22
Tel. BOWes Park 0071/8.


MINIATURE
UNISELECTOR
SWITCH. TWO banks of ten plus home contacts one bank continuous of normal. 30 ohms operation. Brand new. manufac. new turers packing. Price 22/6 each. P. \& P. 2/6. As illustrated.


SIEMENS H.S.
RELAY. Very latest type, sealed. H96E. 1,700 ohms, single C.O. contacts. Brand new with fixing clip. In maker's cartons. Price $16 / 6$ each, plus


I/- P. \& P.
MINIATURE MOVING COIL DIFFERENTIAL RELAY. Two coils 350 ohms each.


NEWCARPENTER'S TYPE POLAR. ISED RELAYS. $2 \times 9,500$ turns at 1,685 ohms. Price $22 / 6$ each. P. \& P. 1/Operating current minimum 140 microamp.r nominal 400 microamp.,maximum 8 milliamp. One pole two way, or, centre stable. Two
way contact current 100 mA . at 50 V. A.C. or D.C. Size $14 \times \frac{8}{8} \times \frac{3}{4}$ in. Price $22 / 6$ each.

HIGH SPEED RELAY. Siemens, two bobbins, 1,000 ohms each. New, 10/6 each. P. \& P. $/$ /-.

A VERY SUPERIOR BRAND NEW RELAY IDEAL FOR MODEL WORK. 7,000 ohms coil. Will pull in at 750 microamp. and out at 450 microamp. Change-over, platinum contacts. Vacuum sealed, will therefore not be affected by oil, moisture or water and never needs adjusting. Weight $2 \frac{1}{2}$ oz. Price 18/6. P. \& P. 1/-.
U.S.A. 27 -volt 4 -pole CHANGE-OVER RELAYS. Brand new and boxed, $5 / 6$ each. P. \& P. 6 d .

ROTARY RELAY. 12 volt. Heavy duty change-over contacts and one low current for external circuit, plus one break set. Price $7 / 6$. P. \& P. $1 / 6$.

NEW WIRE WOUND RHEOSTAT ON CERAMIC. 58 ohm 50 watt, complete with instrument knob. Price $8 / 6$. P. \& P. $1 / 6$.
W. W. RHEOSTAT. New. $3.5 \mathrm{~K}, 25$ watts. Price $7 / 6 . \quad$ P. \& P. $1 / 6$.
W. W. RHEOSTAT. New.- $5 K, 25$ watts. Price 7/6. P. \& P. $1 / 6$.
EX P.O. MAGNETIC COUNTER. 3 ohms type for $4 \frac{1}{2} / 6$ volt D.C. operation. Price 6/6 each. P. \& P. I/-.

AS ABOVE 500 ohm for $24 / 36$ volt D.C. operation. Price $6 / 6$ each. P. \& P. $1 /$-.
 Input tapped 220-230-240 volts. Output: 300 V. D.C. at 100 mA 6.3 V. A.C. at 4.5 amp .
$6.3 \mathrm{~V} . \mathrm{A} . \mathrm{C}$ at 2 amp .
Rectifier supply 5 V . A.C. at 3 mp . Very conservatively rated. Price $42 / 6$ plus P. \& P. $6 / 6$.


63/5/- each, or $£ 6 / 5 /$ the pair. P. \& P. 3/6 each unit.

## BRAND NEW FREQUENCY

 METERS manufactured by Crompton Parkinson. Calibrated 45 cycles to 55 cycles per second. 6" dial. Panel mounting type. In original manufacturers ${ }^{\text { }}$ boxes. PRICE EIO.15.0 each.Postage 3/6d.
AUTO TRANSFORMERS. Step up, step
down, $110-200-220-240$. Fully shrouded. down, 110-200-220-240 Y . Fully shrouded.
New. 300 watt type $£ 2 / 2 /-$ each. P. \& P. $2 / 6$. New, 300 watt type $£ 2 / 2 /-$ each. P. \& P. $2 / 6$.
500 watt type $£ 3 / 3 /=$ each. P. \& P. $3 / 9$. 1,000 500 watt type $£ 3 / 3 /-$ each. P. \& P. $3 / 9$ Al, 1,000
watt type $£ 4 / 4 /-$ each. P. \& P. $6 / 6$. Also 60 watts, $19 / 6$ each. Plug P. \& P. $2 /$ -

## AUTO TRANSFORMER

Air cooled, very conservatively rated at 3 kVA., will handle 6 kVA . Tapped 220/230/ $240 / 250$ volt, 12 amp . $105 / 110 / 115 / 120$ volt, 28.5 amp . Brand new. Each one shrouded in a metal case and packed in original manufacturer's wooden case. Price $£ 15$. Carr. fl . Nett weight over 2 cwc .


MUIRHEAD PRECI. SION, 4 bank, I pole 24 position Stud Switch. Heavy duty contacts. Brand new. Original boxes. Price 17/6 each. P. \& P. I/-
CERAMIC PRECISION SWITCH. 2 pole, 6 way, 4 banks. New in manufacturer's boxes. Price 10/6. each. P. \& P. $1 / 6$.

##  <br> 

10 WAY STRIP standard Post Office telephone Jack Sockets, spacing allowing Igranic Jack Plugs. New. Price $10 /-$. P. \& P. $1 / 6$. BRAND NEW SOUND POWER OPERATED EX ADMIRALTY HEAD AND EREAST SETS. Two such sets connected up will provide perfect intercomm., no batteries required. Will operate up to $\frac{1}{2}$ mile. Original manufacturer's boxes. Price $17 / 6$ each, plus P. \& P. 2/-; or $32 / 6$ per pair. P. \& P. $3 /$ -
3000 TYPE RELAYS
6,000 ohm coil 2P c/0.............. 10/6 ea.
6000 ohm coil 4 P elo...
12/6 ea.
300 ohm coil $4 \mathrm{P} \mathrm{c/o}+2 \mathrm{M}$
10/6 ea.
Brand new and boxed. Postage on each relay 1/-

VENNER 8-day clockwork Time Switeh. Contacts 1 amp., 230 volt, 24 hour phase, $\frac{1}{2}$ hour divisions, allows setting for one make and one break to be made every 24 hours, Used but guaranteed perfect. Price $27 / 6$ each. P. \& P. 1/6.


METERS GUARANTEED PERFECT Charging Types
$2 \frac{1}{4}$ amp. D.C. M.I. 2in, fl. rnd.......... 7/6 5 amp. D.C. M.I. 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ in. fi. rnd........... $11 / 6$ $7 \frac{1}{2}$ amp. D.C. M.I. $3 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in}$. proj. rnd.... 12/6 9 amp.D.C. Hot Wire W.R. $2 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in}$. fi. rnd. $6 / 6$ Voltmeters
12 v. D.C. M.C. $2 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in}$, proj. rnd...... $8 / 6$
20 v. D.C. M.C. 2 in. fl. sq.
25 v. D.C. M.C. 2 in. f. rnd.
30 v. M.I. 3in. proi. rnd.
40 v. M.C. 2 in. f1. sq.
250 v . A.C. rectified moving coillinear
scale $3 \frac{1}{2} i n$. fl. rnd.
300 v. A.C. M.I. $2 \frac{1}{2}$ in. fi. rnd.
400 v. A.C. M.I. $4 \frac{1}{2}$ in. fl. rnd.
Milliammeters
1 mA . M.C. $2 \operatorname{tin}$. fi. rnd.
2 mA . M.C. $2 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in}$. fl. rnd.
5 mA . M.C. 2 in. round.
500 mA . M.C. $2 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in}$. fI. rad. Microamp.
50 microamp., scaled $0-100, ~ M . C$.
200 microA., M.C. $2 \frac{1}{2}$ in. fl. rnd
(calibrated 0-50)
50 microA. $2 \frac{1}{2}$ in. square, sidefitting
500 microA. M.C. 2 in . rnd....
$35 /-$
$16 / 6$
Postage on all meters $1 /$ - each.
TRIPLE RANGE VOLTMETER. 0-5, 25-250 v. D.C. M/C $3 \frac{1}{4}$ in. meter 3in. scale, mounted in bakelite carrying case $7 \frac{1}{2}$ in. $x$ $4 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in}$. $x 3 \mathrm{in}$., complete with handle and test leads, $27 / 6$ each. P. \& P. 2/-.

## TWELVE

 PLATE F.W. NECTED RECTI. FIER mounted on 200/250 volt A.C. input transformer. Output 36/40 voit D.C. at 1.2 amps. New, perfect. Price
$16 / 6$. P. \& P. $3 / 6$. BRAND NEW SELENIUMFULL WAVE BRIDGE ERS, in manufacturer's original packing. D.C. output 36 v. 10 amp , made up of $12 \times 110 \mathrm{~mm}$. dia. plates. These fitted in cooling funnel (removable). Size $11 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in} . \times 8 \mathrm{Bin} . \times 4 \frac{3}{3} \mathrm{in}$. Price $45 /=$ P. \& $P$. $3 / 3$.
LATEST MOST M W.D. MINIATUR ミ As illustrated. Brand new low impedance. Price $10 / 6$ plus P. \& P. 1/6.

NEW MOVING COIL HEAD.
WETS. Complete
with Tannoy carbon
hand microphone, with plug suitable for No. 19
set. Price $12 / 6$ each, plus P. \& P. 2/-

WE ARE EXPERTS AT OVERSEAS PACKING \& SHIPPING! SERVICE TRADING Co.

PERSONAL CALLERS ONLY: 9 Little Newport Street, London, W.C.2. Tel: GER 0576 ALL MAIL ORDERS: (Eorly Closing Thursdayi) 47.49 High Street, Kingston-on-Thames Telephone: KINgston 4585

## UNIVERSAL AVOMETER MODEL "D"



## WESTON MODEL 772 TESTMETER



| A.C. VOLTS | D.C. | A.C. CUR- |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2.5 v. | CURRENT | RENT |
| 10 v. | 100 micro/a. | 500 ma. |
| 50 v. | 1 ma. | 1 amp. |
| 250 v. | 10 ma | 5 amp. |
| $1,000 \mathrm{v}$. | 50 ma. | RESIST. |
| D.C. VOLTS | 100 ma. | ANCE |
| 2.5 v. | 500 ma | 100 ohms |
| 10 v. | OUTPUT | 1,000 ohms |
| 50 v | METER | 100 k. ohms |
| 250 v. |  | 10 megohms |
| 1000 v |  |  |

$1,000 \mathrm{v}$.
Supplied in perfect working order complete with internal batteries. $\mathrm{C7} / 10 / \mathrm{l}$. P/P, 4/-.


## PORTABLE PRECISION VOLTMETERS

 Brand new instruments by famous polished teak case. Moving iron instru: ment reading A.C. or D.C. volts on 2 ranges volts on 2 ranges$0-160 \mathrm{v}$. or $0-$ $0-160 \mathrm{v}$ or or
320 v . 8 in . mir320 v., 8 in. mir-
ror scale. Accuracy
$2 \%$. $E 5 / 19 / 6 \mathrm{ea}$. $2 \%$ P. $3 / 6$.


MARCONI TYPE TF340 OUTPUT POWER METERS


Meter calibration 50 MW/I7DB F.S.D. Meter multipliers, $0.1-1-10-100$. Impedance values, 25-30-40-50-60-80-100-125-150-200 ohms, Impedance multipliers. 0.1-1-10-100. Perfect condition. $£ 9 / 19 / 6$ each, $7 / 6$ carriage.


## METER BARGAINS

25 microamp D.C. M/C flush rd. 2lin. 25 microamp D.C. M/C. prod. . rd. 24 in
50 microamp D.C. M/C. proj. rd. 2 in 50 microamp D.C. M/C. proj. rd. 21 in . $500 / 0 / 500$ microamp. D.C. M/C. proj. rd. 2 i in
1 milliamp D.C. M/C. flush sq. 2 in.
1 milliamp. D.C. M/C. flush rd. 2tin.
1 milliamp. D.C. M/C. flush rd. 3 inin.
1 milliamp D.C. M/C. flush sq. 4 tn.
200 milliamp. D.C. M/C. fush rd. 2 in
${ }^{200}$ milliamp. D.C. M/C. fush rd. $2 k$ in.
15 amp. D.C. M/C. Proj. rd. $2^{2 \prime}$
30 amp . D. M/C. flush rd. 2 tm.
15 volt D.C. M/C. flush rd. 1 itin.
120 volt D.C. M/C. flueh rd. 3 Hin.
300 volt A.C. M/I. flush rd. 2 in.
300 volt A.C. M/C. ret. . . 2 ush rd. 2 in.
500 voft A.C. M/I. fush rd. 21 in .


## VORTEXION PORTABLE AMPLIFIER

 Operation from $200 /$ 250 volts A.C. or 12 volts D.C. Separate inputs for microphone or gram. Output matched to 7.5, 15,250 or 500 ohms. incorporates volume control and full switched tone con$6 \mathrm{Q} 7,615,6 \mathrm{~V} 6,6 \mathrm{~V} 6,5 \mathrm{Z} 4$. Size $8 \frac{1}{2} \times 64 \times 17 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in}$. not brand new but supplied in perfect working order, fully tested, $69 / 10 /-$ each. P/P. 6/-.


FURZEHILL BEAT FREQUENCY AUDIO OSCILLATORS. Frequency range 0 to 10,000 cycles. Output 10 or 600 range
ohms. Separate 50 cycles check. Set zero ohms. Separate 50 cycles check. Set zero
control, $200 / 250$ volt A.C. operation. Supplied in perfect working order, fully tested, $\mathbf{E 9 / 1 9 / 6}$ each. P/P. $10 /-$.



## COSSOR 339 DOUBLE BEAM OSCILLOSCOPES

Operation $110 / 200 / 250$ volts A.C. Ten position time base, 6 cps . to $250,000 \mathrm{cps}$. Amplifier 10 cps . to $2,000,000 \mathrm{cps}$. Periect working order,
only $£ 15$ each
Carriage 101-.


#### Abstract

MARCONI TF4IOC VIDEO OSCILLATORS. Ranges 20 cps . to $30,000 \mathrm{cps}$. and $30 \mathrm{ke} / \mathrm{s}$, to $5 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$. Variable attenuator. $200 / 250 \mathrm{~V}$. A.C. Reconditioned, perfect order, $£ 35$ each.


MARCONI TF-373 UNIVERSAL IMPEDANCE BRIDGE. Reconditioned to makers' spec. $1,000 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{s}$. Ranges: 100 H .100 mfd . 1 MEG. 100 Q. $200 / 250$ v. A.C. operation. E 35 each.

MARCONI STANDARD SIGNAL GENERATOR TF-144G. $85 \mathrm{kc} / \mathrm{s}$. to $25 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$. Output 1 microvolt to 1 volt. $200 / 250$ volts A.C. operation. Reconditioned to maker's spec. 255 each.

PHOTO VOLTAGE AMPLIFIERS. These special units contain a I microamp. Tinsley mirror galvo and a double selenium phoro cell. Brand new, $£ 9 / 19 / 6$ each. P/P. $7 / 6$.

MARCONI TF-329 " $Q$ " METERS. Range 0 to 500 Q . Frequency $50 \mathrm{kc} / \mathrm{s}$, to $50 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$. $200 / 250$ volts A.C. operation. Reconditioned to maker's spec. $£ 65$ each.

MARCONI TF-428 B/I. VALVE VOLTMETERS. 5 ranges A.C. and D.C. $1.5,5$, 15,50 and 150 volts. Complete with internal H.F. probe. Operation 200/250 volts A.C. Brand new, f17/10/- each. P/P. 10/-.

## MINE DETECTORS No. 4a

 Complete equipment comprises Search Head, Amplifier Headset, Control Box, Telescopic Rods for Search Head, Search Head Test Unit and Test Depth Measure and Haversack.Operation is from a standard $60 \mathrm{v} . / 1.5 \mathrm{v}$. combined dry battery. The unit will detect ferrous or nondry battery. The unit wh of 24 in . giving maximum ferrous metals to a depth of $24 i n$. giving maximum
signal but can bo used at greater depths giving lower signal but can bo used at greater depths giving lower
output. Ideal for tracing underground pipes or cables output. Ideal for tracing undergro
and any hidden metallic objects.
Complete equipment supplied brand new in original transit cases complete with circuit and operating instructions.

PRICE
$99 / 6$
Carriage 10/6.

AMERICAN SUPER LIGHTWEIGHT HEADSETS. Res. 50 ohms. Brand new, 15/-. P/P. 1/6.

SOUND-POWERED TELEPHONE HANDSETS. No batteries required. I5/- each. P/P. I/6.

LEACH 12 VOLT AERIAL C/OVER RELAYS. Double pole, $7 / 6$ each. P/P. 9d.

MUIRHEAD PRECISION STUD SWITCHES. 4 bank, 4 pole, 24 positions. New, boxed 17/6 each. .P/P. 1/3.

CR. 100 SPARES KITS. Contains 15 valves, resistors, pots, condensers, output trans. etc. All brand new, $59 / 6$ set.' P/P. 3/6.

24 AMP. VARIAC TRANSFORMERS. 230v. input. Variable output 185 to 250 volts. Can be used reversely giving 230 volts out with variable input. $£ 12 / 10 /-$ each. P/P. $10 /-$

1,000 WATT MAINS ISOLATION TRANSFORMERS. 230 to 230 volts. Heavy duty, ExAdmiralty. New, boxed, $E 5$ each. P/P. $10 /-$.

750 WATT AUTO TRANSFORMERS. Tapped from 110 to 230 volts, Fine heavy duty type, 69/6 each. P/P. 5/-.

AR. 88 WAVECHANGE SWITCH, ASSEMBLY. Brand new with screens. 17/6 each. P/P. 2/6.

MARCONI TF-5I7 SIGNAL GENERATORS. $10-18 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$; 33-58 Mc/s; $150-300 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s} .200 / 250 \mathrm{v}$. A.C. operation. 65/- each. FOR CALLERS ONLY.

24 VOLT ROTARY CONVERTORS. Inpur 24 volts D.C. Qutput 230 volts A.C. 50 cycles, 100 watts. Housed in metal carrying case with inlot/ outlet plugs. Brand new, 92/6 each. P/P. 7/6.


FIELD TELEPHONES TYPE F. Generator bell ringing, Supplied complete with batteries fully tested and complete with wooden carrying case 59/6 each. P/P. 3/6. 5/- pr


## ROTARY CONVERTERS


$\begin{array}{llll}12 \\ 230 \text { v. } & \text { volt } A . C . & \text { inpur } \\ 150\end{array}$ watts 50 cycles output Housed in wooden Case and fitted with case and fotced with voltage contro slide resistance switch, plugs and A.C. mains volt-
age ourput check meter. Supplied in perfect condition, individually zested $\mathbf{£ 9 / 1 9 / 6}$ each. P/P. 10/-.

## BC 221 HETERODYNE FREQUENCY METERS

$125 \mathrm{kc} / \mathrm{s}$ to $20 \mathrm{mc} / \mathrm{s}$
Complete with all valves, crystal, headset and instruction book, but less calibration charts. $100 \%$ condition.
$\underset{\substack{\text { special } \\ \text { Rnice }}}{\text { E14-10-0 }}$
Carriage 7/6 extra


##  RADIO

## TEST METERS

Full range of the latest test gear by Avo, Taylor, Pullin. Example: the new taylor meter. Model 127A. Pocket size, high seusitivity, inexpensive. 20,000 ohms per volt. Large easy-to-read-scale. Tests up to 20 megs. with internal batteries. 21 ranges, volts, amps. and ohms. Dimensions: $5 \frac{8}{8} \times 39 \times 18 \mathrm{in}$. 810 .
Post free. Available no interest on h.p. terms

## SPECIAL OFFER!



## "ALFA" MULTI-RANGE RADIO TEST METER

A.C. \& D.C. 3333 ohms per volt. Ohms ranges up to 2 megs. Volts A.C. \& D.C. up to 1,200 . 300 micro-amps $-300 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{a}$. Decibels, 2 ranges, -20 to $+23 \mathrm{db}_{j}+20$ to full vision dial. Overall size: $5 \frac{1}{3} \times$ $33_{5}^{\circ} \times 1 \frac{5}{8}$ in.

> LASKY'S PRICE $89 / 6$ Including Leads. Post $2 /$.


Famous make. For 200-250 v. A.C. Output 4 watts matched to 3 ohms speaker. 7 valves: ECC85, ECH81, EF89, EABC80, EL84, E280, EM81, magic eye tuning indicator. Covers medium, long and FM bands. Length 12 in ., height $7 \frac{3}{3}$ in., front to back 8 娄in. Limited number only

LISTED AT 22 GNS.
LASKY'S PRICE
Carr. and Ins. $12 / 6$. $\$ 16.19 .6$
Available on H.P. terms. Brochure on reguest.
H.P. TERMS AVAILABLE

## on certain items

 Please give details of your requirements.ALL TYPES OF
P.M. SPEAKERS ROUND
$3 \frac{10}{}$ in. 4 in . 6in. 6in. 8 in . $17 / 6^{\circ} \quad 19 / 6 \quad 14 / 6 \quad 16 / \sim$ ELLIPTICAL
$7 \times 4 \quad 9 \times 6 \quad 10 \times 2 \frac{1}{2} \quad 10 \times 6 \quad 10 \times 7$ $15 / 6 \quad 27 / 6 \quad 27 / 6 \quad 25 /-\quad 32 / 6$ Post Extra.

TAPE DECK OFFERS!


Latest B.S.R. "MONARDECK," SINGLE SPEED. 3 $\frac{3}{4}$ i.p.s., takes 5 i in. spools. Simple controls. LASKY'S PRICE \&9.19.6 Carr. \& Insur. free.

Latest collaro studio tape TRANSCRIPTOR. 3 motors, 3 speed, $1 \frac{17}{6}, 3 \frac{3}{4}, 7 \frac{1}{2}$ i.p.s. takes 7 in spools. Push-button controls.

LASKY'S PRICE $£ 15.15 .0$ Carr. \& Insur. free

TAPE RECORDER AMPLIFIER for use with Collaro Studio Transcriptor. Size $11 \pm \times 5 \times 3$ in. Uses 3 valves, magic eye, contact cooled metal rectifier. Incorporates mike/gram/radio inputs, ext. 1.s. jack, superimposing switch $812 / 19 / 6$ Complete with matching knobs (Gold/Black). Post $3 / 6$.

LATEST MOTEK K. 10 DECK, push-button controls, 3 motors, 3 speeds, rev. counter. Freq. response better than 40 to $12,000 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{s}$. at $7 \frac{1}{2}$ i.p.s. 2 -tone grey. Few only

List ť22.

$$
\text { Carr. \& Ins., } 12 / 6
$$

Suitable Case 39/6.
MAINS MOTORS, shaded pole, ideal for fans, tape recorders, etc For A.C. mains, 19/6. Post $1 / 6$.


HARTING HM. 5
A 2-speed superbly-made high quality Tape Recorder of Continental manufacture. List 85 gns .

LASKY'S PRICE 59 gMS. Complete with Mike and Tape Carr. and Insur. 25/-. Further details on request.

## SPECIAL OFFER <br> RECORDING TAPE

Famous make. P.V.C. base on latest type plastic spools. Brand new, perfect, boxed and guaranteed.
$1,800 \mathrm{ft}$ on 7 in . spool. $1,200 \mathrm{ft}$. on 7 in . spool 1,200 ft on 5 in. spool 850 ft . on 58 in . spool...

SCOTCH PLASTIC TAPE
1,200ft. on 7in. spool............. 25/-
GEVAERT L.P. PLASTIC
$1,700 \mathrm{ft}$. on 7 in . spool.
850 ft . on 5 in . spool.
210ft, on 3in. spool
Post: 1 spool, 1/6
Orders over $60 /$ post iree. All other makes of tape in stock. Long Play, Double Play, and the American "MYLAR.

## TRANSCRIPTION TURNTABLES

COLLARO 4 -spd. type 4 T200 with Studio transcription pick-up. LIST f19/10/-.
L.ASKY'S PRICE $£ 16.19 .6$ Carr. paid

In carrying case, 25/- extra. GARRARD 301........ $£ 22 \quad 7 \quad 3$ GARRARD 301 (Strobe) 2318 GARRARD 4HF (Stereo)
GARRARD 4HF (G.C. 819 4 8
LENCO GL.56, stereo,
binofluid diamond
PHILIPS

FR BRRGAINS
"LIGHT" TAPE RECORDER (foreign) 2 -spd., $3 \neq 7 \frac{1}{2}$, with inputs for mike and tuner. In blue/grey carrying case. For 200/ 250 v. A.C. Few only left. 21 gns. LASKY's PRICE Including Tape, Crystal Hand Mike and Radio Jack

Carr. \& Insur., 12/6.

## BULK TAPE ERASER <br> and Head Demagnetiser. Erases complete reel of magnetic tape in few seconds <br> 27/6 <br> Post free <br> PLASTIC TAPE SPOOLS <br> $\begin{array}{lllll} & 3 / 9 & 3 \text { in. } & 5 \text { inn. } & 7 \text { in. } \\ 3 / 6 & 3 \text { in } & 3 / 6 & 5 / 6\end{array}$ <br> 7in. Metal Spools, $1 / 9$ each. 5 Post extra. <br> Klenza" Tape Kit. <br> Metro Tabs <br> 12/6

$\qquad$ 6 6/6


LIMITED NUMBER ONLY

## 12-CHANNEL

 TURRET TUNERSNew purchase offered at still lower price. I.F. $33-38 \mathrm{mc} / \mathrm{s}$. Complete with PCC84 and PCF80 valves and 8 sets of Coils for 5 Band I channels and 8, 9, 10 Band III. New and unused. Value over $£^{7}$.

LASKY'S PRICE
39/6
The "FIREBALL" TURRET TUNER, covering Channels 1-5 Band I, and 6-13 Band III. Uses PCC84, and PCF80 valves. A cascode Turret Tuner of unique design, compact and lightweight.

LASKY's PRICE 55.19.6 complete with valves.

Post 2/-

ACOS CRYSTAL STICK MIKE, type MIC.39/1, complete with cable. Listed at $f 5 / 5 /$ -

LASKY'S PRICE Post free
Desk Stand 2/6 extra
ACO8 type 33/1. Crystal hand or table Mike, 29/6. Post $1 / 6$.
RIBBON MIKE on table stand. Famous make, high impedance.

LASKY'S PRICE
Post $3 / 6.19 .6$

## HIGH FIDELITY TAPE

RECORDER HEADS
Leading make, new and unused upper or lower track RECORD PLAY-BACK, high impedance. Double wound and will reproduce up to 12,000 c.p.s. at $7 \frac{1}{2}$ i.p.s. Azimuth adjustments. Output 5 millivolts at 1 Kc . at $7 \frac{1}{2}$ i.p.s. ERASE, low impedance.

LASKY'S PRICE 39/6
Post $1 / 3$. Worth double. Please specify upper or lower track.
UNIVERSAL SOUND MIXER
3 channels. For use with all tape recorders and audio amplifiers. Size $4 \frac{1}{2} \times 3 \frac{1}{4} \times 3 \frac{1}{2}$ in.

LASKY's PRICE
Post $2 / 6$.
35/-

## MAESTROVOX

10-12 watt HIGH FIDELITY

## AMPLIFIER

 PRE-AMPLIFIERLIST 22 GNS.
LASKY'S PRICE
£12. 19.6
Carr. \& Ins. 7/6
Built to latest Mullard circuit and complete with Mullard vaives: two EL84 p.p., two EF86, one ECC83 and EZ81 rectifier. Main Amplifer chassis size $7 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in} . \times 10 \mathrm{in}$., maximum height 5in., gold hammer finish. Separate Pre-Amplifier in polished wood case, walnut veneered, with smart maple and gold escutcheon, size $10 \frac{1}{2}$ in. $\times 3 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in} . \times 4 \mathrm{in}$. Brand new and unused.

## finest range of GRAM AMPLIFIERS IN GT. BRITAIN

We have the type you need. Come and see our range or write for special Amplifier List. Two examples:-
3-WATT GRAM AMPLIFIER 2 valve, ECL82 and EZ80 rectifier, double wound mains transformer 100-250 A.C., tone control, record equalisation switch. Size $7 \frac{3}{3} \times 3$ inn. max. height $4 \ddagger i n$. Controls mounted separately. LASKY'8 PRICE $\begin{gathered}\text { complete with knobs. } \\ \text { Post } 8 / 6\end{gathered} \quad 55 /=$ MATCHED PAIR FOR STEREO......... 5 Gns. Post 5/-

2-WATT GRAM AMPLIFIER, uses UCL83, contact cooled rectifier. LASKY's PRICE 35/=
"LINEAR" AMPLIFIERS "DIATONIC" $10-14$ watt 12 Gns. CONCHORD" 30 watt 15 Gns. L45 4-5 watt Amplifier 85/19/6 LT45 Tape Deck Amplifier 12 Gns. L50 50 watt Amplifier 19 Gns. L10 10-12 watt with pre-amplifier L3/3 Stereo Amplifier 7 Gns. All other types in stock.

## MULLARD 5-10 KIT

All specified components and your choice of transformers and chokes by Partridge, Haddon, W/B, Ellison or Gilson.
COMPLETE KIT and printed circuit as low as
Details on request.
$\mathbf{E 9 . 9 . 0}$
Printed Circuit separately $22 / 6$. Also available built ready for use. Price according to transformers.

BUILD THE 3-3 AMPLIFIER
Complete kit of parts with 3 Mullard valves EL84, EF86 and EZ81,
S6.19.6 Post free.

All components available separately.
CONVERT YOUR ALL-DRY PORTABLE RADIO TO MAINS 200-250 v.
with the COSSOR BATTERY ELIMINATOR. Two separate units identical in size to the B126 and AD35 batteries. 1.5 V . L.T., 90 v. H.T. Suitable for the latest low consumption valves, fully stabilised. New in original cartons. Listed at 63/-.
$\begin{array}{cc}\text { LASKY'S PRICE } \\ \text { Post } 1 / 6 & 37 / 6\end{array}$


## GET YOUR COPY PER RETURN!

## THE FINEST COMPONENTS CATALOGUE

produced for the " ham " or service man. OVER 100 PAGES, SIZE 8 tin. $x$ 512in. COPIOU8LY'ILLUSTRATED. Price 2/- Post 8 d .
Our latest 12 -page "BARGAIN BULLETIN" free with each copy or available separately by post, price Bd.

B.S.R. 4 -spd. mixer Auto-Changer type UA8, complete with latest B.S.R. "ful-fi."

Carr. \& Pkg. 5/-. £6.19.6
Ditto, wired for Stereo and with Stereo cartridge, $£ 7 / 19 / 6$.


COLLARO. 4 speed. Complete with Studio crystal p.u. and sapphire stylus. LIST $£ 13 / 17 /$-. LASKY'S PRICE
Post $3 / 8$
$£ 7.19 .6$
Wired for STEREO, complete with Steneo cartridge, £8/19/6.


4 -speed. Wired for STEREO, complete with stereo $£ 8.19 .6$ cartridge. Post 5/-.

SPEED MIXER

## AUTO-CHANGERS

Model 121. Mk. II...... \& 1010 121, Mk. II STEREO... \&11 10 121, Mk. I1, with mon-
aural and Stereo heads $£ 1210$ RC. 88 ...

- 21219 Rll new and unused in maker's cartons.


## SINGLE

 PLAYERSAuto start and stop, complete with pick-up and crystal cartridge. COLLARO 4/564,
86/9/6. Post 5/-.
GARRARD 4SP.,
86/9/6. Post 5/
GARRARD TA Mark II, wired for stereo, plug-in head. 88/9/-. Post 5/-.

## SINGLE STEREO PLAYER

E.M.I. 4 -spd. wired for Stereo and fitted with Acos stereo t.o. cartridge.
86.19.6 Post 5 /-

## STEREO CARTRIDGES

ACOS type 73-1A turnover, list 52/6.

> LASKY'S PRIGE $29 / 6$ Post $1 /-.0$

All makes and types in stock.
Write for our bargain list.
PICK-UP CARTRIDGES
ACOS type HGP. 59 or HGP. 37 turnover crystal cartridge with L.P. and standard styli. List $39 / 7$
LASKY's PRICE 18/= Post free.

## COLLARO <br> PICK-UP ARMS

Latest type counterbalanced Collaro Pick-Up Arm wired for STEREO and complete with Acos 73-1A stereo cartridge. Ideal for converting your Collaro Record Player to stereo.

## LASKY'S PRICE <br> 55/-

Gollaro MONAURAL Pick-Up complete with Studio 0 cartridge.
$\begin{array}{cc}\text { LASKY'S PRIGE } \\ \text { Post } 2 / 6 . & 32 / 6\end{array}$
B.S.R. type TU9 4 -speed Turn-
table and separate Pick-up. 90/-. Post 3/6.


BUILD A BATTERY TRAN. SISTOR RECORD PLAYER FOR ONLY £5.9.6
plus 5/- post.
$\star$ Push-pull 500 milliwatts output. $*$ Smart carrying case, $11 \times 88 \times$ 5in.
*Garrard Turntable and P.U. type
BA1 ( 45 r.p.m.).

* 4 Transistor Amplifier on Printed Circuit (ready built).
$\star 7 \times 4 \mathrm{in} .30$ ohm loudspeaker. $\star$ Uses two $4 \frac{1}{2}$ v. AD. 28 batteries.


## 8-VALVE 5-WAVE AM/FM CHASSIS

 by Leading Maker New and unused. Limited number only. Valve line-up: ECC85, ECH81, EF89, EAB80, ECC83 p.p. output two EL84, EZ81 rectifier. Power pack and amplifier mounted on separate chassis. Covers long, medium, 2 short and VHF/FM bands. Pick-up and extension speaker sockets. Large edge-litglass dial. Flywheel tuning. For $200-250 \mathrm{~V}$. AC/DC mains. LASKY'S PRICE
£17. 19 . 6
Carr. $5 /-$
Available on Hire Purchase terms.
GRAM LID STAYS, pneumatic, adjustable and self closing. 9/11 pair. Post $1 / 6$.

STANDARD JACK PLUG8, each $2 / 6$. Post 6d.

## LONDON'S LEADING Hi-Fi SPECIALISTS

## Visit either of our addresses for selective

Demonstrations of the very latest Hi-Fi Equipment.

## AMPLIFIERS

QUAD, ROGERS, LEAK, RCA, JASON, LINEAR,
PAMPHONIC, DULCI,
W/B, AVANTIC,
ARMSTRONG, etc.

## 8PEAKER8

WHARFEDALE, GOODMANS, LOWTHER, G.E.C., LORENZ PHILIPS, TANNOY, etc.

## PICK-UPS

COLLARO, GARRARD, CONNOISSEUR, LEAK, B/J, ORTOFON,
GOLDRING, etc.

## TRANSCRIPTION

 TURNTABLE8COLIARO, GARRARD,
LENCO, CONNOISSEUR.

TAPE RECORDERS
GRUNDIG, ELIZABETHAN, BRENELL, TRUVOX, SOUND; VORTEXION,
FERROGRAPH, FIDELITY, HARTING, KORTING, REFLECTOGRAPH, SIMON, STUZZI, TANDBERG, TELEFUNKEN, STELLA, WALTER.
F.M. TUNERS

DULCI, QUAD, LEAK, JASON, ROGERS, etc.

CABINETS
Wide choice including W/B PRELUDE, G-PLAN, NORDYK and CAPRIOL.

Our Technical and Mail
Order Depts are at your service.

## LASYY RADIO

# LASKY'S HIGHLY EFFICIENT EASY-TO - BUILD SETS : TUKERS: AMPLIFIERS 

## GREAT <br> REDUCTIONS IN TRANSISTORS

P.N.P. Junction types. AUDIO, suitable for high gain and low freq. amplifiers, and for output stages up to 250 milliwatts. Double spot-yellow and green. Each $5 /=$ R.F. suitable for medium and low freq. oscillators, freq. changers and I.F. amplifiers $(1.5$ to $8 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s})$ Double spot-yellow and Each 7/6 red.
for all audio Typa T81. Suitable for all audio
Eapplications. Post 6d. Each $3 / 6$ Special prices quoted for large quantities.

0C44 15/-; 0C45 15/-; 0C70 8/6; 0C71 8/8; 0c72 15/- (Matched Piir 30/=) EDISWAN MAZDA TRANSISTORS. The very latest types. XB/102 $10 /-$ XB/108 XA/102 $17 / 6$.

SPECLAL OFFRR, Set of 7 Ediswan Tranaintors: XA/101, XA/102, 2 XB/102 $\mathrm{XB} / 103,2$ matched XC/101. Price 79/6.

CRYSTAL DIODES. General Purpose gex 00, each $1 /=$. Per doz. $9 /=$. All other types in stock.
"GOLDTOP " POWER
TRAN818TOR8
All types in stock. Example:-

T15/10P. Ideal for output stage of car radio, will give approx. 3 watts operating from 12 v . Each $15 /$ - post free.
Suitable Output Transformer for above, correct ratio, matched to 3 ohms, $9 / 6$. Driver

RESISTORS. The largest stocks of all types, high stability, wire wound carbon, vitreous enamel, miniature and submin. Millions in stock. Why buy unwanted assortments? We will send you the types and values you actually want.

SUB-MIN RESISTORS, fth watt, most values available. Each $3 \frac{1}{2} d$ Per doz. 2/6.

## CO8SOR 3-WATT AUDIO

 AMPLIFIER KIT 562K Everything to build a high quality Amplifier for use with radio, gramo phone or mike on $200 / 250$ V. A.C mains. Valve line-up: 6V4, 6BQ5 EF86. Kit comprises printed cir cuit, all new valves and components, 2 speakers ( $10 \times 6$ elliptical and 4 in. treble), escutcheon, knobs, etc., with full assembly instructions, in makers' carton.
## LASKY'8 PRICE

Post 2/6.
£5.19.6

## OPEN ALL DAY SATURDAY Early Closing Thurs., I p.m. (Both addresses)

Circuit Diagram and Building Instructions, 1/6 each, post free.

COMPLETE PARCEL

## 7-TRANSISTOR PORTABLE, 250 milliwatts p.p. output NEW OKKCUIT, medium and long wave. <br> NEW/ POGKET TRAM8ISTOR 8/HET RADIO. I.F. 470 <br> $\mathrm{K} / \mathrm{cs}$. Medium waveband. Uses 4 transistors and 1 diode. Operates from PP4 9 -volt battery. <br> 4-TRAN8I8TOR AUDIO AMPLIFIER, Mk. 1I, 200/250 milliwatts, with 2 OC72 and 2 yellow/green. Size $5 \frac{1}{4} \times$ $2 \times 1 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in}$. <br> 4-VALVE ALL-DRY SUPERHET PORTABLE. Medium <br> and long wave. Mains/battery £8/19/6. Battery version <br> MIDGET T.R.F. for 200-250 v. A.C. mains. Uses two latest double-purpose valves. Plastic case, $8 \frac{1}{2} \times 4 \frac{1}{2} \times 6 \mathrm{in}$. <br> LASKY's F.M. TUNER. Printed Circuit version of the G.E.C. 912 "F.M. Plus," using 5 valves.

## \&10/10/-

 Post 3/6
## 87/19/6

Post 3/6

## 83/19/6

Post $3 / 6$

## 87/7/-

Post 3/6
84/19/6
Post 5/-
87/19/6 Post Free

## LASKY'S CAR RADIO <br> CAN BE BUILT ABSOLUTELY COMPLETE FOR £12.19.6 <br> LASKYS LATEST! <br> TAPE RECORDER KITS !



大 Small size. Will fit any car $\star 12$ volt operation
太 New Hybrid circuit

* Transistor output
* New type Brimar valves
\& No Vibrator, 12 volt H.T. \& L.T
* T.C.C. Printed Circuit and Condensers
- Tuned R.F. stage

K Medium and long waves

* Permeability tuning
* 7 in . $\times 4 \mathrm{in}$. elliptical speaker.

Instruction Booklet giving full details, illustrations, dimensions, circuit diagram and shopping list price $2 / 6$ post free (returned if you order).

Look at these star features:* Very latest Printed Circuit * T.C.C. condensers

* Amplifier can be supplied fully assembled and connected to Deck
* New Mullard valves: EF86, ECC83, EL84, EM34, magic eye, EZ80 rect
$\star$ Choice of speaker: $7 \times 4,8 \times 5$, $9 \times 4$, $6 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in}$., 8 in ., etc.
* Collaro Studio or B.S.R. Monardeck Tape Deck
* Complete with Acos $39 / 1$ Mike, Tape and Spool
* Choice of Carrying cases.


## PRICES FROM

20 ans.
25 ans.
(B.S.R. deck) (Collaro deck) All components available separately Full details and shopping list post free on request.

The "DIODEON"-a 2-stage medium weve receiver using crystal diode detector and transistor in cascade. Chassis shows pictorially all components and connections. Built in minutes! Complete parcel in$\begin{array}{ll}\text { components and connections. Built in minutes! } \\ \text { cluding two U16 batteries. } & \mathbf{2 5 / 1 0} \text { Post Free. }\end{array}$ EARPHONES. High imp., 14/6. Low imp., 7/6. Post $1 / 6$.

## TWO ADDRESSES FOR PERSONAL SHOPPERS

## 207 EDGWARE ROAD, W. 2

PADdington 327/12. Few yards from Praed Street.

## 42 TOTTENHAM COURT ROAD, W. 1

MUSeum 2605. Nearest Stn.: Goodge Street.
Please address Mail Orders to Lasky's Radio, Dept. W,
207 Edgware Road, London, W. 2

## C.R. TUBE

 BARGAINSNEW, UNUBED AND TAX FREE
 Metal Cone Famous make. Type T901/B. 6.3 v. . 3 amp . heater, ion trap, 12-14 Kv. E.H.T.

LASKY's PRICE £6.9.6
Carr. and Insur. 21/-

FERRANTI, 9 in . type T9/3. 4 v . heater, triode, octal base, standard deflection. LIST 9 GNS.

> LASKY'S PRICE

50/-

FERRANTI, l\%in., types T12/44 and HET E12. LASKY'S PRICE 84/= Carr. \& Insur., 12/6

84/=
FERRANTI 17 in . type TR17/10, 6.3 v.. .3 amp . heater. Brand new and unused.

LASKY'S PRICE 57.19 .6
17in, 90 degrees C.R. TUBES Seconds but in perfect working order and guaranteed. Price on request.

## RE-GUNNED C.R. TUBES

 GUARANTEED FOR i2 MONTHS Type Price Carr. 12 in . round 14 in . rect. 16 in . round 16in. round 2 in . rect. $\begin{array}{lll}£ 6 & 10 & 0 \\ £ 6 & 10 & 0 \\ £ 6 & 19 & 6 \\ £ 6 & 19 & 6 \\ £ 6 & 19 & 6 \\ £ 7 & 19 & 6\end{array}$ 00
0
6
6
6
6

## 20,000 VALVES

Mullard, Brimar, G.E.C., Mazda, Cossor, E.M.I., Philips, Pinnacle, Telefunken, etc. Send for our New List of manufacturers' surplus, ex-Govt. and imported Valves at lowest prices.

5 milliamp METER RECTIFEERS. Special offer of limited number at only $8 / 6$
Post 9d.

SPEAKER COVERINGS Large stocks of "Tygan" and "someweave." Any size piece cut. Eample ,

## SPECIAL OFFER OF ROLDER



## ALL TYPES OF CHASSIS

Leading makes including ARMSTRONG, DULCL, EMPRESS, etc.
A.M. chassis (1.,m, $\mathrm{s}_{0}$ ) from 7 GNS.
A.M./F.M. chassis from 14 GNS. A.M./F.M. chassig from 14 GNS.


TRADE ENQUIRIES INVITED

The oldest Component Specialists in the Trade
EST. 30 YRS
ELECTROLYTIC CONDENSERS-WE HOLD THE LARGEST STOCK OF ELECTROLYTICS IN ENGLAND. ABBREVIATIONS: C. Clip mounting tag ends. P. Prong mounting. T. Tag ended. S. Sleeved. W. Wire ended. PC. Printed Circuit. R. Reversible polarity.


The "MIRACLE" Super Six (All transistor circuit), as advertised in the March issue, Page 165, is still avallable.


#### Abstract

MOULDED TROPICAL PAPER CONDENSERS Small, non-inductive, Insulated, high -grade Capacitors 150 จ. wkg, $15 \mathrm{Mfd} .8 \% 10 \mathrm{~d} .22 \mathrm{Mfd}, 10 \%$ gd, $10 \mathrm{md} .10 \%$  Wh.g., 680 pF.。 $1,000 \mathrm{pF}$., $1,500 \mathrm{pF}, 2,200 \mathrm{pF}$. 7d, each. $3,300 \mathrm{pF} .8 \mathrm{~d}, ~ 5,000 \mathrm{pF}$. $6,800 \mathrm{pF}$., 01 Mfd . 9 d , each. 8,200 pF. $1 /-.022 \mathrm{Mfd} ., 03 \mathrm{Mfd} .10 \mathrm{~d}$, each. $047 \mathrm{Mfd} .2 \%, .05$ Mfd. 11d, each. 11 Mid. $11 \mathrm{~d} . \& 1 / 2, .2$ Mrd. $5 \% 1 / 5$. 25  $\mathrm{pFF}, 1,500 \mathrm{pF}, 2,000 \mathrm{pF} .8 \mathrm{~d}$. each $5,000 \mathrm{pF}, 6,800 \mathrm{pF}, 9 \mathrm{~d}$. each. $.022 \mathrm{Mfd} .10 \mathrm{~d}, 1,000 \mathrm{\nabla}$. Wrg. 1,500 pF. $9 \mathrm{~d} .6,800 \mathrm{pF}$. $10 \mathrm{~d}, 01 \mathrm{Mdd}, 1,500 \mathrm{v}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 12 \mathrm{Mfd}$., 15 Mtd . $1 / 1$ eacb. $.3 \mathrm{Mid} .1 / 4 . \quad .3 \mathrm{Mfd} .10 \% \mathrm{I} / 5$.


## VALVE HOLDERS

4 pla UX. 7d, 5 pin Brit. Pax. 2d, 7 pin Brit. Pax. 3d. 7 pin Brit. Amp. 4d. Int. Ootal Pax. 3d, Mazda Octa Pax. 3d, Lootals Amp. 6d. B7G Pax. 6d. B7G P,T.F.E. 8d. B7a Cer. with saddle and valve retaining spring 1/". B8A Pax. 4d. B8A Amp. 6d. B8A Cer. 8d. B9A Pax. 6d,
B9A Amp. 6d. B8A Cer. 10d, B9A Cer, with saddle and Balve retaining spring $1 /$ - B9A cerarnio with skirt $1 /=$ B9A printed circuit 10d. B7G Valve Cans Gd. EY88 High voitage holders $1 / 3$.

## VARLABLE GANG CONDENBERS

Twin Gang 20 DF: Ideal for F.M. $2 \mathrm{in} . \times 1 \mathrm{in} . \times 1 \mathrm{in}, 2 /=$ Twin Gang .0005 MFD. 2810. $x$ 2in. $\times 1 \frac{10}{2} \mathrm{~m}$. Spindle

 Spindle in. With trimmers 6/6.
Twin Gang, 0005 MFD. Geared with S.M. $3 / 6$.
AM/FM 2-Gang Condensers. $500+20 \mathrm{pF} .3 / 6$.

DISC CERAMIC CONDENSERS $500 \quad$, Wkg. 500 PF .001 MFD. 0025 MFD .0 .002 MFD. . 003 MFD. 005 MFD. 6d. each. . 01 MFD. 9 d.

## TRANSISTOR COMPONENTS

SUB MIMIATURE ELECTROLYTIC CONDENSERS SLEEVED-All at $2 / 3$ each.
1 Mfd, $12 \mathrm{v},{ }^{2}$ 2-6-8-10 Mids. 3 v., 2-6-8-10-12-16-30-
 30 v., 2 Mfds .70 v.

8UB MINIATURE TRANSISTOR COLF Bet of 3 I.F. Transformers $470 \mathrm{Kc} / \mathrm{s}$ plus Oscllator coll.
As specifed for Mazda Circuite $23 / 8$ oomplete. As specifled for Mullard Circuits $23 / 6$ complete. WTC osclllator Coils for Jackson or Plessey Gang each, $7 / 6$ pair.
gUB MINIATURE OARBON POTS $5 \mathrm{~K}, 50 \mathrm{~K}, 220 \mathrm{~K}, 330 \mathrm{~K}, 1 \mathrm{M}, 2 /-$ each. 5 M with sistor Pots, 2/=: $\overline{\mathrm{K}} \mathrm{K}$ Transistor Pots, $1 / 8$.

SUB MINIATURE METALLIBED PAPER CONDENSERS $\ln \times \frac{1}{2} .100 \mathrm{v}$, working.
 each. . 01 MFD., 08 MFD. Price 9 d . esch.

TRANSISTOR GANG CONDENSERS With intermediate screen es specifled for MULWARD Transistor Circuits $9 / 6$.
As above wlth switch for L.W. pre-selection 11/-.

MIN, POLYSTYRENE CONDENSERS
$10{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{pF} ., 100 \mathrm{pF} ., 500 \mathrm{pF}, 1,000 \mathrm{pr}$. 125 v . wkg . 6d, each.

TV PRESET CONTROLS
Knurled knob and 6Ba fxing holes. Diam. lin. $5 \mathrm{~K}, 25 \mathrm{~K}$, $50 \mathrm{~K}, 100 \mathrm{~K}, 250 \mathrm{~K}, 500 \mathrm{~K}, 2 \mathrm{M} 1 / 3$ eaeh. 25 K wirewound

## SWITCHES ROTARY

Size $1 \frac{5}{16} \mathrm{in}$. dia.-2in, spindles. Price $2 / 11$ each.
1 pole 10 way. 1 pole 12 way. 2 pole 2 way. 2 pole 3 way, 2 pole 4 way. 2 pole 5 way. 2 pole 6 way. 3 pole 3 way. 3 pole 4 way. 4 pole 3 way.

POTMETERS CARBON-HI-GRADE
Moulded Tracks. Diam., 11 n . 24 in . spindles. $5 \mathrm{~K}, 10 \mathrm{~K}$, 25 K . Lnear only. $50 \mathrm{~K}, 100 \mathrm{~K}, 250 \mathrm{~K}, 500 \mathrm{~K}, 1 \mathrm{M}, 2 \mathrm{M}, \mathrm{Log}$

## TRANSFORMERS

Audio Output Types. $6,000 \Omega$ to $3 \Omega 3 / 6.10,000 \Omega$ to $3 \Omega$ Audio Output Types. 6,00
$3 / 9.13,0000$ to $3 \propto 4 /=$
Universal CRT Boosters 13 ve. $25 \%$ boost all taps, 10 tapped primaries 2 v .6 .3 v . centre tapped, 6.3 \% output, 1.5 amp., $5 / 9 ; 3$ amps. $9 / 3$.

## MODERN TY COMPONENTS

Feroz Line O/P transformers, 16 Kv . U25 19/8. Frame Ferp transformers to match $4 / 6$. Scanning Coils to match Chokes: 2 Hy, 250 mA . $3 / 11$. 1.9 Hy. 250 mA . $2 / 11$. 1.3 Hy. $250 \mathrm{~mA} .2 / 6$. G.E.C. Metal Hectifler 250 v . $250 \mathrm{~mA} .10 /-34 \mathrm{Meg}$. I.F.T. $1 / 6 \mathrm{ea} .38 \mathrm{Meg}$. T.F.T. (link) $2 / \mathrm{e} \mathrm{ea}, \mathrm{Maska} 14 \mathrm{in}$, 17 in . and 2lin. 2/6, 3/6, 4/6 (plus 2/6 p.p.).

> MISCELLANEOUS

Genuine OC71 Transistors 8/6. Crocodile clips 4d. Cosx Plugs and sockets $2 / 2$ per pair. Condenser clips $j$ in. and
 Westector 6d. Elliptical Speakers 7In. x 4 in . $12 / 6,100$ assorted Arst clsas Erie resistors 12/6. Transistor Twin Has Chokes 1/-. Ext. Loudspeaker panel with switch $1 /-$.

We bave an extensive range of Waxed Paper Condensers (average price 5d. ea.). Metallised Paper Condensers (average price 11d. each) and Wiremound resistors $5 / 6 / 7$ -
watt types (average price $1 /=$ ea.).

## WITPMIPSON SURPEUS CO IHD

The world famous E.M.I. Angel Transcription P.U.

SPECIFICATION

## Physical

Leagth 15 inches ( 40.32 cms .).
Feight 21 Inches ( 6.41 cms .).
Centre of base to styfus tip 12 inches (30.72 cms.). Approx. overall

Stylus
A diamond stylus is fitted to the 331 / 45 r.p.m. head supplied.
Hesd Impedance
1 ohra. (measured
For a constant reco
frequency response is seasibly level within the following limits: with microgrove etylus $20-16,500$ c.p.B. With standard stylua $20-20,000$ c.p.s. Diftortion
Mensured at 400 c.p.s., the total har monic distortion ia legs than $5 \%$ for a $1 \mathrm{~cm} . / \mathrm{sec}$. r.m.s. transverse velocity Sensitivity
50 mV at secondary of transformes provided from a recording level of +10 db referred to $1 \mathrm{~cm} . / \mathrm{wec} . \mathrm{r} . \mathrm{m} . \mathrm{s}$ velocity.
Weight at Stylus Point
Variable from 3-10 gramrnes as reguired.


* (model 17a)

A PICKUP FOR THE CONNOISSEUR ORIGINALLY PRICED AT \&I7/IO/- WE CAN OFFER THE LAST REMAINING FEW AT

£5.10.0

PLUS P. \& P. 5/-

* WITH DIAMOND STYLUS


## 500 MICROAMMETER

A $4 \frac{1}{2}^{\prime \prime}$ Panel mounting 500 Microammeter marked in ohms and ideal fer bu:lding into a multi-range meter.

PRICE £2.10.0
Plus P. \& P. 3/6.

## PLESSEY TWEETER

 This well-known Plessey 3 ohm Tweeter at our amazing price of .$12^{\prime} 6$ TAX PAID
Plus P. \& P. 1/6.



Dimensions: Length $40^{\prime \prime}$, width $16^{\prime \prime}$, depth 21 " without legs.

## SUPER SCOOP

A few only pick-up heads for the above Angel P.U.

DIAMOND STYLUS
Cost $£ 8 / 15 /$-. Brand new. 78 or $33 \frac{1}{3}-45$ at $£ 2$. 0:0 P. \& P. I/6.

A few only left of the cabinet previously advertised at $£ 18.10$. P. \& P. 25/-.

## NOT GOV.T. SURPLUS

$\frac{1}{6}$ H.P. 220-250 A.C. motor, ideat for lathe, coil winder, drill, saw motor, etc. Don't miss it. Dimensions: $6 \frac{1}{2} \times 3 \frac{1}{2}$. 45/= P. \& P. 2/3.

| NEW and boxed |  | VALVES | 90-day guarantee |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1R5 | $8 / 6$ 6L6G | 10/6 EAb0 | 1/6 EV51 | 6 |
| 185 | $8 / 6$ 6N7M | $7 / 6$ EABC80 | 1016 EZ81 | 8/6 |
| 1T4 | $8 / 6697 \mathrm{G}$ | $106 \text { EB91 }$ | 6/6 HABC90 | 12/6 |
| $2 \times 2$ | 8666847 M | 10/6 EBC33 | $8 / 6$ HVR2A | 7/6 |
| 384 | $8 / 66857 \mathrm{M}$ | $10 / 6$ EBC41 | $10 / 6$ MU14 | 10/6 |
| 3V4 SU4 5U4 | $8 / 6$ 68N7. | $8 / 6$ EBF80 | $10 / 6$ Pfl | 6/6 |
| 5 S 4 | 8166 V 6 c 8166 K | $7 / 6$ ECC84 | $12 / 6$ PCC88 ${ }^{-11 / 8}$ | $12 / 6$ |
| 5241 | 10/66X5 | \%/6 ECH42 | $11 / 6$ PCF80 | 116 |
| 6AM6 | $8 / 61246$ | $8 / 6$ ECL80 | $12 / 8$ PCL82 |  |
| 6BE6, | $7 / 612 A T 7$ | 10/6 ECL 82 | $12 / 6$ PEN2 | 6 |
| 6 BH 6 | $101612 A \cup 7$ | 9/6 EF39 | $7 / 6$ PL 82 | 1076 |
| 6BW6 | 10/6 12AX7. | 9/6 EF41 | 10/6-PY80 | 8 |
| ${ }_{6} \mathrm{FD6}$ | $7 / 6$ 12B46 | $9 \cdot 6$ EF50 | $5 / 6$ PY81 | $10 / 6$ |
| 6 Ffa | $7 / 6 \text { 128E6 }$ | $9 / 6$ EF80 | 10/6 PY82 | $8 / 6$ |
| 6H6GT | 3/6 12K7 | $8 / 6$ EFRG | 14/6 8P61 | 5/6 |
| 6,J5M | $6 / 61247$ | 816 FFr92 | $5 / 6$ UBC41 | $10 / 6$ |
| 6.56 | 76355 | 916 EL32 | $5: 8 \mathrm{UCH} 42$ | $10 / 6$ |
| ${ }^{6.77}$ | $8 / 63574$ | 9/6 EL41 | 1018 UF4I | 1016 |
| 8 KRGT | $6 / 680$ | 1016 El84 | $10 / 6$ ULAI | 10/6 |
| 6K7G | 516807 | 6/6 EZ10 | 8/6 UY41 | 8/6 |
| 6K8G | 816854 | 1/6 EZ80 | \$/6 U22 | 10/6 |



## 8 Watt Push Pull MONAURAL AMPLIFIER

By well-known manufacturer-employing four Mullard valves: ECC.83, 2 EL. 84 and EZ.80. Bass, treble and volume on remote panel. Elegant knobs. OUR PRICE_Plus P. \& P. 4/6. 26.19.6
Also a few Stereo left.

## LOUDSPEAKER UNITS

*All brand new. *Note special prices. All permanent magnet 3 ohms impedance. Units by Plessey, Goodmans, Lectrona, etc.
$2 \frac{1}{2}$ in. Celestion ............... 18/-
$2 \frac{1}{2}$ in. Rola C25 ................. 23/-
3in. Celestion ................... 17/6
5in. Plessey ..................... 15/-
$6 \frac{1}{2}$ in. Plessey ................... 17/-

8in. Goodmans ................ 18/-
IOin. Elac; Plessey ............ 22/-
6in. $x 4$ in. Plessey ............ 17/-
7in. $\times 4 \mathrm{in}$. Goodmans ......... 17/-
7in. $\times$ Sin. Goodmans ......... 17/-
Bin. $\times 5$ in. Goodmans ......... 221-
10in. x 6in. Plessey ............ 22/-
12in. RA. 10 watt ............ 55/P. \& P. 2/-

We have a number of odd radlogram cabinets too numerous to catalogue. Send us your requirements.


## F.M. TUNER HEAD

(as illustrated) uses ECC.85, less valve $14 / 6$ Plus P. \& P. $4 / 6$ Valve 7/- Plus P. \& P. 1/:-

Regret no Circuit

## SNIPS

 inMono Cartridges
Studio P .......... 17/6
Acos HiG......... I7/6
EV Power Point 12/6
Ronette
.........18/6
GC2
............ 16/6
All Types
Available.


THIS MONTH'S BARGAIN
Ex. Speaker, 5* Goodman unit. Cabinet $8^{\prime \prime} \times 6^{\prime \prime} \times 2^{\prime \prime}$. Complete, including lead. P. \& P. 2/-. 22/6

A few only left of this cabinet. Product of a well known manufacturer. Don't miss this wonderful offer.

Length 40 in . Width $17 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in}$. Heighe $19 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in}$.
our price
£9.15.0
Plus P. \& P. \&I.
$6^{\prime \prime} \times 4^{\prime \prime}$
3 ohm Plessey Speaker 12/- Plus P. Q P. I/6.


AMAZING SCOOP Cossor 10 in. Tubes 108K. Brand New, boxed and guaranteed. Manufacturer's Surplus. Equiv. HMV3/16 21/- each Plus P. \& P. 12/6.

## NOTICE

WHY NOT VISIT OUR NEW SHOWROOM. LARGEST WALK AROUND IN LONDON. I min. South Wimbledon Tube.

HARVERSON
83 HIGH ST., MERTON, SURREY. COME AND SEE US.

12 ASSORTED POTS. Wire wound and earbon. Switched-and unswitched. All. useful sizes at $18 /$-dozen. Plus P. \& P. $1 / 6$.

TAYLOR WINDSOR $240 A$ PATTERN GENERATOR. Not New, but perfect. EB/IO/- each. Plus P. \& P. 4/-.

WIRE. Twin padded, grey, with maroon tracer Mains lead-usually 10d, per yd.Our Price 15/- per $!00 \mathrm{yd}$, coil. P. \& P. 3/-

# NE W-The "CONTINENTAL-6"" "For Syyle, Quallyy Performance and Value for Money " COMBINED TRANSISTOR PORTABLE/CAR RADIO SUPERHET 

## SPECIFICATION

* 195 to 560 metres on medium wave. $\star 1,150$ and 1,800 metres on long wave. Ł 400 mW . push-pull output.
\& A.V.C. and Car radio. Standard Fitting.
$\star$ Slow motion tuning.
+ HI-FI SPEAKER.
$\star$ Double tuned IF's.
* 6 months' battery life.
* Resistor and Condenser leads pretrimmed.
$\star$ Printed circuit board marked with component numbers.
$\star$ EDISWAN TRANSISTORS.
XA102, $2-X A 101, ~ X B 103,2-\times 3 C 101$, 2-DIODES.

| TRANSISTOR "8" |
| :--- |
| STILL AVAILABLE AT $£ 10-19-6$ (p.p. 2/6) |
| FREE BOOKLET ON REQUEST |

> TOTAL COST OF ALL SPECIFIED COMPONENTS INCLUDING CABINET, BATTERY, Etc., ONLY $£ 11 / 10 /-$. P.P. $3 / 6$.

All components available separately. Send for descriptive leaflet and pricas.

> A highly sensitive and selective portable fully tuneable on medium and long waves. Performs equally well as a car radio. Low running costs, good looks and ease of construction combine to produce a radio equal to any commercial receiver in the 20 gn . class.


2-WATT POWER STAGE For use with "Continental". Works from 12 -volt supply. Overall size $4 \frac{1}{2} \times 3 \frac{1}{4} \times 2 \frac{1}{4} \mathrm{in}$. All parts with Power transistor, less speaker, 52/6. P.P. 2/-.



Free list on request
THE SMALLEST ON THE MARKET

## SQUARE WAVE GENERATOR.

2-Transistor, approx. $8 \mathrm{Kc} / \mathrm{s}$ Output: 15 volt supply. All Components 20/-, P.p. 1/-

## HEARING AID

3-Transistor: Size $3 \times 2 \times \frac{3}{4}$ in. Includes Xtal Mic. and Earphone, Battery, etc. All Components, 89/6, Pp. 1/-.

## AUDIO GENERATOR

Ideal for Audio Tests or Morse Code Unit. All parts 25/-, p.p. 1/-,

## MULTI-CHANNEL RADIO CONTROL RECEIVER

3-Transistor: Size $2 \times 1 \frac{1}{2} \times$ $1 \frac{1}{4} \ln$. Weight 1 oz.: terrific performance. All components (less reed unit), $50 /$-, p.p. $1 /$-. Ideal 25 to $35 \mathrm{mc} / \mathrm{s}$. Short Wave Radio.

## RF, IF, AUDIO SIGNAL TRACER

2-Transistor unit. Size $4 \frac{1}{2} \times$ $3 \times 1 \frac{1}{4}$ in. Headphone output. $37 / 6$, p.p. $1 / 6$ or $32 / 6$, p.p. $1 / 6$ Less Phones.

## RF, IF, OSCILLATOR

Harmonic Output $450 \mathrm{Kc} / \mathrm{s}$. to $3 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$ or more. Ideal for Radio Testing, etc. All components, $25 /-$, p.p. I/-.

## "PRACTICAL TRANSISTOR CIRCUITS"

14 Circuits for the Home Constructor, including data, prices and information. Ist Edition, 2/- post free.

## 250 mW POWER STAGE

2-Transistor Push-Pull Amplifier for use with Major 2 or 3 or Similar. All parts with 3-inch Speaker, etc. 59/6, p.p. 1/6.

## XTAL OSCILLATOR

General purpose 3 to 12 $\mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$. Osc. Ideal for marker; Transmitter, etc. All parts less Xtal 22/6, p.p. 1/-. (See separate list for frequencies).

## TRANSISTOR PRE-AMP <br> GENERAL PURPQSE PRE-AMP AND MIXER UNIT

All components including screened plugs and sockets, 3 controls, etc. 42/6, p.p. I/-.


PRICES!
DOWN
from 5/m EACH VE, R.F. A

## CRYSTAL MICROPHONE

 INSERTS
## TRADE ENQUIRIES INVITED ON ALL ITEMS AND DO-IT-YOURSELF UNITS



PIRANI CONTROL UNIT ( 1.2 mA meter movement). (85/-, p.p. $5 /-$.)


PIRANI GAUGE HEAD WITH CALIBRATOR

TEST EQUIPMENT


PIRANI DIFFERENTIAL LEAK DETECTOR. (45/., p.p. 5/..)


PYE SCALAMP GALVANOMETER (Type 2000.) (£15, p.p. 5/-.)

COMPLETE VACUUM TESTING EQUIPMENT (5 ITEMS AS SHOWN) NEW IN ORIGINAL CARTONS.
525-0-0 p.p. 10\% INCLUDING OPERATING
(spare pirani gauge heads, edwards type mb, less calibrator, 15/- each.)

A.C., D.C., R.F. METERS
$0-6 v$.
$2 \frac{1}{2}$ in. M.C. (DC) P.
$0-12 \mathrm{v}$.
$0-15 \mathrm{v}$.
$0-600 \mathrm{v}$.
$0-300 \mathrm{v}$.
$0-300 \mathrm{v}$
$0-1 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{kv}$.
$0-1 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{kv}$.
$0-2 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{kv}$. $0-2 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{kv}$. $0-400 \cup \mathrm{JA}$ $2 \frac{1}{2}-0-2 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{~mA}$. - 100 mA . - 500 mA . $0-750 \mathrm{~mA}$. $0-1 \mathrm{mp}$. $0-3 \mathrm{amp}$ 。 $0-12 \mathrm{amp}$. $0-20 \mathrm{amp}$.
 Combined $30-0-30$ volt, $3-0-3$ volt. $5-0-5 \mathrm{~mA}$ basic movement only $12 / 6$.
free Complete list on request

## QUARTZ CRYSTALS FROM 5/- EACH

From $6 \mathrm{Kc} / \mathrm{s}-47 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$. FT243, FT241, $10 \times 1$ and B7G. All types for alt purposes. Send for free list.

POCKET MULTI-TESTERS


MODEL A-10 (500 Micro-amp. Movement). D.C. ( 2 k per volt) $0 / 10 / 50 / 250 / 500 / 1,000$ v. A.C. (2k per volt) $0 / 10 / 50 / 250 / 500 / 1,000 \mathrm{v}$. D.C. current $0 / 0.5 / 25 / 250 \mathrm{~mA}$. Resistance: 0/10K/1 Meg. Size: $5 \frac{1}{4} \times{ }^{3 \frac{5}{2}} \times 1 \frac{13}{4}$ in. Weight: 17 ozs. Price 64/17/6. P.P. $1 / 6$ inclusive of Test Prods, 10 struction Book and Batteries.
MODEL B-20 ( 100 Micro-amp Movement) D.C. ( 10,000 ohms per volt) $0 / 0.5 / 2.5$ volts. D.C. ( 4,000 ohms per volt) $0 / 10 / 50 / 250 / 500 / 1,000 \mathrm{v}$. A.C. ( 4,000 ohms per volt) $0 / 10 / 50 / 250 / 1,000 \mathrm{~V}$. D.C. Current, $0 / 0.1 / 2.5 / 25 / 250 \mathrm{~mA}$. Size: 5 Z X inclusive of Test Prods, Instruction Book and Batteries.


## BRAND NEW

3 wr


10, aro .

## Type 165-A

D.C. ELECTRONIC VOLTMETER.

6-Ranges. $0-3-10-30-100-300$ and 1,000 volts. Input res: 11 -meg. constant on all ranges. Sensitivity: $3,666,666$ ohms per volt on 3 v . scale.
A.C. VOLTMETER.

5-Ranges: $0-10-30-100-300-1,000$ volts. Sensitivity: 1,000 ohms per volt.
ELECTRONIC OHMMETER.
6-Ranges, from 0.1 ohms to 1,000 megohms. Movement. 200 microamperes. D.C. accuracy干 $2 \%$.
COMPLETE WITH INSTRUCTION BOOK AND TEST PRODS, BRAND NEW.
Input $110-250$ volts A.C.
ONLY \& $12 / 10 / 0 \quad$ P.P. 3/6
SPECIAL PURCHASE - LIMITED STOCKS

CRYSTAL MICROPHONES Acos 39-1 Stick Mic. (with Stand) 39/6, P.P. $1 / 6$ Acos 40 Desk Mic. ............... 25/-, P.P. $1 / 6$

8-IN. RCA SPEAKER Complete in Black Crackle Case, 3 ohms Speaker. 45/-. P.P. 2/6.

## MARCONI No. 19 SET CRYSTAL

 CALIBRATORCRYSTAL CONTROLLED OSCILLATORS: $10 \mathrm{Kc} / \mathrm{s}$., $100 \mathrm{Kc} / \mathrm{s}$. and I Mc/s. On/Off MODULATOR. With handbook. Unused. ONLY 79/6. P.P. 2/6.

TRANSMITTER/RECEIVER
Army Type 17 Mk. II
Complete with Valves, High Resistance Headphones, Handmike and Instruction Book and circuit. Frequency range 44.0 to $61 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$. Range approximately 3 to 8 miles. Power requirements: Standard 120 v. H.T. and 2 v. L.T. Ideal for Civil Defence and communications.
BRAND NEW

## $45 /=$ P.P. 5/-.

44-61 Mc/s. Calibrated Wavemeter for same, $10 /$ extra. P.P. 2/-.

## R.S.C. HI-FI TAPE RECORDER KIT <br> Bulld a high quallty recorder in the 670 class for only 

OR DEPORTT 3 ans. and 12 monthly prapments of $45 / 9$ -
Cash price it
setiled in
3
incorporating the latest collaro studio tape transcriptor, the linear ltasX high quality tape amplifier. A high flux $7 \times 4$ in. LOUDSPEAKER, Reel of Best Quality TAPE. Spare Cape Spool, a Portable Cabinet, size approz. $16 \times 13 \times 9 \mathrm{in}$., fanished in veneered walnut or two-tone rexino, and connection diagram for wiring amplifer to transoriptor.

FEATURES INCLUDE

* 3 SPEEDS. $\star$ FREQUENCY RESPONSE 50-11,000 0.p.s. * SWITCHED NEGATIVE FEEDBACK EQUALIZATION FOR EACH SPEED. * OUTPUT 4 WATTS. * MAGIC EYE RECORDING LEVEL INDICATOR. $\star 3$ MOTORS. Fast rewind. * HAPE MEASURING AND CALIBRATLNG DEVICE. * TAKES FULL 7 in. DTAMETER REELS OF TAPE, * NEGLIGIBLE HUM. f*ENTIRELY EFFECTIVE AUTOMATIC ERASURE.
Full descriptive leaflet supplied on receipt of S.A.E.


HI-FI 10 WATT AMPLIFIERS BRAND NEW
BOT IN SLTGHTLY
SOLIED CONDTTION

A REMARKABLE OPPORTUNITY
Push-pull output. Lateet high efmeiency Mulland valves Dual separately controlled inputs, for mike and grarSeparate bass and treble controls. High sensitivity. Outpu for 15 ohm loudsqeaker. Guaranter, ting order, and working order.
VALVES! Pull range at really competitive prices SUPERHET RADIO FEEDER UNIT
Design of a high quality Radlo Tumer Unlt (specially suitable for use with any of our Amplifiers). A Triode Heptode F/changer Is used. Pentode I.F. and double Diode second Detector, delayed A.V.C. Is srranged oo that A.V.C. distortion is avolded. The w. Ch. Sw. Incorporates Grampooition Controls are Tuning. W. Ch. and Vol. Output will load most Ampliflers requiring 500 mV . Input depending
on Ae. location. Only 250 v . 15 mA . H.T. and L.T. of on Ae, location. Ony 250 v . 15 ma . H.T. and L.T. of
6.3 v. 1 amp. required from amplifer. size of unit approx. $9.6-7 \mathrm{in}$. high. Send 8.A.E. for illustrated leallet. Total bulding cost is $54 / 15 / \%$, Point-to-Point wiring diagrams and instructions $2 / 6$.

SPECIAL OFFER OF BEST QUALITY RECORDING TAPE. P.V.C. based. On plastic spools. By leading ranufacturers. Brand new. 3in. 150ft $5 / 11,5 i n, 600$ ft. $15 / 11$ 7 in . L.P. 1,700ft. 35/3 in . 225 ft . L.P. $7 / 9,5 \mathrm{in}$. $850 f t$ L.P. 22/6. EMPTY PLASTIC SPOOLS, 3 in 2/9, 5in. 2/11, rin. 3/9.

ACOS HI-FI
CRYSTAL'MIKES'
Mic 40 hand or
Desk type
$29 / 9$ (Listed 45 )
$39 \cdot 1$ Stick sype

Limited number.

## R.S.C. BATTERY TO MAINS CONVERSION UNITS

Type BM1. An all-dry battery eliminator. Bize $51 \times 41 \times 2$ in. approx. Completely replaces batteries supply 1.4 v . and $90 \%$ where A.C. mains $200-250 \mathrm{v}$. so c/s. in availabla. Suitable for all battery portabie receivers requiring 1.4 v , diagram $39 / 9$ or ready for use $46 / 9$.

Type BM2. Bize $8 \times 3+\times 2$ tio. Supplics $120 \%$. 90 V. and $60 \% .40 \mathrm{~mA}$ and 2 F. 0.4 a, to 1 amp.e fully smoothed. THEREEY COMPLETELY REPLACING
BOTH B.T. BATTERTES AND H.T. Q . ACCUMOLATORS when connected BOTH B.T. BATTERES AND H.T. 2 $\nabla$. ACCUMOLATORS when connected
to A.C. to A.C, maine supply $200-250 \mathrm{v} .50 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{s}$, SUIT
RECETVERS normalis using 2 v . accumulator.
Complete kft with dlagrams and instructions. $49 / 9$ or ready for use 59/6,

the sky four t.r.f. recelver


A design of a ralve $200-250$
A.C. malns L. L and
M. wave T. R.F. recelver with aelen receiver with seien-
lum rectifier. For inclusion in cabinet illustrated or wal.
nut reneered type. nut reneered type.
It employs valves It employs valves
$6 \mathrm{KK} 7, \quad 8 P 61, \quad 6 \mathrm{~F} 6$ and, is specially designed for simplicity in wiring. Beneitivity and quality are well up to standard. Point-to-Point wiring diagram. Instructions and parts list $1 / 9$. This receiver can be built
for a maximum of $£ 4 / 19 / 6$ including cabinet. Available for a maximum of $£ 4 / 19 / 6$ including cabinet. Available in brown or cream bakelite or veneered walnut.

EXTENSION SPEAKERS. Handsome bakelite cabineta in pastel colours. All standard 2-3 ohms. 63 in . 29/9; 8 in. $35 / 8$.

CO 3 OOR V.H.F. P.M. RADIO REOEIVER KITS. Brand New Boxed with valves, printed circuit and $10 \times 6$ in. Speake For 200-250 v. A.C. maing. Pre-aligned I.F.T.s. Normal price 1.5 Gnk. Our price e8/19/6.

## R.S.C. Al2 STEREO AMPLIFIER KIT  $3+3$ watt (total 6 watity stereo amplliter providing <br> Carr. and packin 710

 really life-like reproduction. subtable for use with all stereo pick-up heads at present avallable. Canged volumeand tone controls. Preset balance control. Outputs for matched 2.3 ohm speaker For $200-250$ v. A.C. mains. Astonlshing value.
W.B. "STENTORIAN" HIGH FIDELITY P.M.

## SPEAKERS

HF1012, 10 watts, 15 ohms (or 3 ohm ) speech coil. Where a really good quality speaker at a low price is required, we highly recommend this unit with an amazing performance. $£ 4 / 10 / 9$. Please state whether 3 ohm or 15 ohm required.

## SELENIUM RECTIFIERS

We can quote special prices for quantities of 12 to 10,001 of most typer. Bpecial types made to order.

JAOK PLUGS. Btandard type complete uith 4 ft . screened lead. 1/11 each.
JTNCTION TRANSISTORS. R.F. Type, 11/6. Audlo type,



## BATTERY CHARGING EQUIPMENT

Trade supplied, Discounts according to quantity.

## battery charger kits <br> Consisting of Mains Transformer F.W. Bridge, Metal Rectifier <br> ASSEMBLED CHARGER

 well ventilated steel case. Fuses, fuse-holders, grommets, panels and circuit. Carr. $2 / 9$ extra. 6 v . or 12 v. 1 amp. As above, with ammeter. 6 v. 2 amps.6 v . or 12 v .2 amps.
6 v . or 12 v .2 amps .
(inclusive of ammeter)
6 v . or 12 v. 4 amps
53/9
6 v . or 12 v .4 amps. with variable charge rate selector and ammeter

## CHARGER AMMETERS

$0-1.5 \mathrm{amp} ., 0-3 \mathrm{amp}, 0-4 \mathrm{amp}$ $0.7 \mathrm{amp.} 0-,25 \mathrm{amp.} 0.60 \mathrm{amp} .8 /$,

6 v . or 12 v .2 amps. Fitted Ammeter and selector plug for 6 v . or 12 v . Louvred metal case, finished attractive hammer blue. Ready for use with mains and output leads. Double Only Carr. 3/9. 49/9 As above, but for 3 amp. charging. Only 59/6. Carr.3/9

## ASSEMBLED 6 v . or 12 v . 4 amps.



Fitted Ammeter and variable charge selector Also selector plug for 6 v or 12 v , charging. Double fused. Well ventilated steel case with blue hammer finish. Ready for use with mains and out put leads. output leads. Or Deposit 13/3 and 5 monthly payments of $13 / 3$.

As above, but for $B$ amp. charging 4 GNS. Carr. 5/-. Or Deposit 16/- and 5 monthly payments of $16 / \%$. The 6 amp. model only, is slightly store soiled and is being offered at well below usual price.

VIBrators. Oak and Wearite, aynchronous 7 -pin, 2 v $7 / 9,6 \mathrm{v} .8 / 3,12$ v. 4 -pin non-synch $\mathrm{Fonous} 7 / 9$. $2 \mathrm{~V} .18 \mathrm{~A} . \mathrm{H} . \mathrm{EX} . \mathrm{GOVT}$. ACOUMULATORS. New Bosed. Only $5 / 6$ each, 3 for $15 /$-, plus $3 / 6$ carr.

EX, GOVT. MAINS TRANSFORMERS
 7 a., s v. 3 a .



 $0-24-26-28$ v. 15 аmpe. A.C. conservatlve Govt. rating (mart ed with D.C. rating after rectification) 69/8, Cart. 15/AUTO 500 watts $0-215-220-226-230-235-240$ (Got. Carr. 7/6. 50 watts, 0 -110/120-230/250
D.C. SUPPLY KITS. Suitable for electric trains. Conslste or mains trans. $200-250$ V. 50 c.p.8.; $12 \mathrm{v.}$,1 anp. selenlum
rect. (F.W. Bridge): 2 fuseholders, 2 fuses, change direction switch, variable epeed regulator, partially drilled steel case and circuit. Very limited number, 33/9.
EX. GOVT. SMOOTHING CHOKES
$200 \mathrm{~mA} ., 3-5$ H., 50 ohms. Parmeko $8 / 9 ; 100 \mathrm{~mA} ., 5 \mathrm{H}$., 100 ohms $3 / 11: 150 \mathrm{~mA},, 10$ H., 50 ohms $919 ; 80 \mathrm{~mA}$. 50 H.. 1,000 ohms $6 / 9 ; 100 \mathrm{maA}$. 10 H., 100 ohme $6 / 9$ $60 \mathrm{~mA}, \mathrm{~B}-10 \mathrm{H} ., 250 \mathrm{ohms} 2 / 11$.
EX GOVT, CASES. Well ventilated, black crackle finished, undrilled cover. $812 e 14 \times 10 \times 8+\ln$, high. IDEAL FOR BATTERY CHARGER OR INBTRE AMPLIFIER. Only $9 / 9$, plus $2 / 9$ post.

P.M. SPEAKERS. 2.3 ohm 2 in. Perdfo 21/9. Bin. Good-
 dux magnet $25 / 9$. 10 in. R.A. $28 / 9$. $10 \times 6$ in. Eltiptical Goodmans 2919. 14. R. A. 29/11. 12in. R.A. 3 or 15 ohms, 10 watte, 12,000 lines. $59 / 6$.

TWEETERS. 4 in. Plessey, 3 ohms, 18/9. R.A. 15 ohm 25/9.

## R.S.C. A 10 ULTRA LINEAR 30 WATT AMPLIFIER


gram, etc., atc., can be simultaneously applied for mixing purposes. AN OUTPUT SOCKET WITH PLUG IS INCLUDED FOR SUPPLY OF 300 v . 20 mA , and 6.3 ₹ 1.5 A, FOR A RADIO FEEDER UNIT. Price in kit form with easy-to-follow wiring diagrams. ONLY 11 GIS. ON ASSEMBLED UNI2: DEPOSIT 24/9 aud 12 monthly $\begin{array}{ll}\text { Carr. 10/- } \\ \text { Cover ss illustrated } & \text { Type } 807 \text { output valves are used with High Quality sectionally }\end{array}$ 1819 extra. Wound output trangformer specially degigned for Uitra Linear FIGURES ARE EQUAL TO MOST RXXPENSIVE UNITS AVAILABLE. Frequency response $\pm 3$ D.B. $30-20,000$ e/es. Tone Controls $\pm 12$ D.B. at 50 e/es. $\pm 12$ D.B. to -6 D.B. at 12,000 elcs, hum and noise 70 D.B. down. Good quality reliable components used. Chassis flaish blue hammer. Overall size $12 \times 9 \times 9 \mathrm{~m}$. approx. Power consumption 150
watte. For A. mans $200-250 \mathrm{v}$. $50 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{B}$. Outputs for 3 sid 15 ohm apeakers, EQUALEY SUITABLE FOR THE CONNOISSEUR OR FOR LARGE HALLS, CLUBS OR OUTSIDE ELECTRONIC ORGAN, GUTAAR, ote. FOR DANCE BANDS, GARRISON THEATRES, etc., etc. We esn supply Mierophone, Speakers, ete., at keen cash prices or on terms witb
amplifers. EXPORT ENQUIRIES INVITED.
FULL R ANGE OF LINEAR HIGH FIDELITY AMPLIFIERS ALWAYS IN STOCK. LINEAR L45 MINLATURE $4 / 5 \mathrm{~W}$. QUALITY AMPLIFIER. Sultable for use with any
record playing unit and most microphones. Negative feedback $12 \mathrm{D} . \mathrm{B}$. Basa and Treble record playing unit and most microphones. Negative feedback 12 D.B. Bass and Treble
controls. For A.C. mains input of $200-250 \mathrm{v} .50 \mathrm{c}$. p.s. Output for $2 / 3 \mathrm{ohm}$ speaker, Three minlature Mullard valvea. Size only $\mathrm{f} \times 5 \times 51 \mathrm{in}$. high. Chassis fully isolated from mains Guaranteed 12 months. Only 85.19 .6 Or Deposit $22 /=$ and 5 monthly payments. of 22/-. Bend ब.A.E. for leaflet. S5.19.6

For $200-250$ v. 50 c.p.s. A.C. masing, Overall size only $111 \times 24 \times 2$ AMPIER For $200-250$ v. 50 c.p.s. A.C. nasins. Overall size only $11!\times 24 \times 2$ in. Fitted Vol, and Tone | Gontrol with mains switch. Designed for use wint for $2 \cdot 3$ ohm speaker. Guaranteed 12 months. Only $59 / 6$. |
| :--- | R.S.C. A7 3-4 WATT QUALITY AMPLIFIER. Spec. exactly as A5 below with exception of output woltage. Complete kit of parta, diagrams and instructions £3/15/-, carr, 3/6.

## R.S.C. A5 4-5 WATT EIGH GAIN AMPLIFIER

A highly sensitive 4 -ralve quality umplitier for the home, spanll club, etc. Only 50 milli volts input is required for full output so that it is sultable for use with the latest highAdelity pick-up hesds in addition to all other types of pick-ups and praotically all mikes.
Separate Bass and Treble controls are provided. These give full long playing record Separate Bass and Treble controls are provded. The
equalisation. Hum-level is negligible betng $71 \mathrm{D} . \mathrm{B}$. equalisation. Hum-level is negligible being 71 D.B.
down. $15 \mathrm{D}, \mathrm{B}$. of negative feedback is used. H.T. of 300 V. 26 ma , and LiT. Feeder Unit or Tape Deck pre-amplifer. For A.C. mains fnput of $200-250$ v. $50 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{s}$. Output for $2-3 \mathrm{ohm}$ speaker. Chassis is not alive. Kit is complete in every detall and includes fully punched chassla (with baseplate) with the blue hammer finish, and point-to-point wiring diagrams and instructions. Exceptional value at only $84 / 15 /-$. or assembled ready for use 25/-extra, plus $3 / 6$ carriage.
$22 /-$ for assembled unit.


(LEEDS) LTD.
Open to callers at the following branches:-
5-7 County (Mecca) Arcade, Leeds, I.
54-56 Morley Street (above Alhambra), Bradford.
8-10 Brovn Street (Market St.) Manchester, 2.

## MANCHESTER, LEEDS \& BRADFORD

TERMS: C.W.O. or C.O.D. No C.O.D. under fI . Postage $1 / 9$ extra on all orders under $£ 2,2 / 9$ extra under $\mathcal{E} 5$ unless carriage stated. Trade supplied. Post orders to 29.31 Moorfield Road, Leeds, 12.

## HIGH FIDELITY 12-14 WATT AMPLIFIER TYPE A11

 EL84, EL84, 5Y3. Eigh Quality sectionally wound output trausformer specially designed for Ultra Linear operation, and relable small condensers of current manutacture. INresponse +3 D.B. $30-30.000$ olcs. Slx negative feedback loops. Hum level 60 D.B. down ONLY 23 milivoltw INPUT required for FULL OUTPUT. Sultable for nse with all makes and types of pick-ups and microphones. Comparable with the very bent desigus. For STANDARD or LONG PLAYING RECORDS. For MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS such as STRING BASS, GUITARS, ote, OUTPUT SOCKET with plug provides 300 v .30 mA . and 6.3 v .1 .5 a. For supply of a RADIO IEEDER UNIT. Blze approx.: $12-9-7 \mathrm{hn}$. For A.C. mains 200-250 v. $60 \mathrm{e} / \mathrm{cs}$. Output for 3 and 15 ohm apeakers. wis is complete to last nut. Chassis is fully punched. Full instructions and point-to-polint wiring 8 Gins. Ciarr.
diagrams supplied. (Or ficctory buitt $45 /$ extra). If required louvred metal eover with 2 carrying handles can be supplied for 18/9. TRRMS ON ASSEMBLED UNITS. DEPOSIT 18/9, and 12 monthly payments ol 18/9. Send S.A.E. or illuatrated leafiet detalling Ready-to-assemble Cablnets, Speakers, Microphones, etc., with cash and credit terms.

## R.S.C. FORTABLE GUITAR AMPLIFIERS



SONIOR 5 WATT, High Quality Output. Beparate Bass-and Treble cut and socketa for Radio/Tape or Gram Pick-up and Mike Instrument Pick-up. Handsome strongly made
cabinet (size approx. $14 \times 14 \times 7 \mathrm{~m}$.). Finished f cabinet (size approx. $14 \times 14 \times 7 \mathrm{in}$ ). Finished in satin walnut and fitted carrying handle. 58/19/6 Carr. 7/6. Or Deposit \&1 and nine send S.A.E. for leaflet.

SENIOR 10 WATTS. High Fidelity Push-Pull output. Separate

- boost
controls. Twin separately controlled - boost controls. Twin separately controlled Gultar and String Bass can be used at the same time. Two Loudspeakers are incorporated, a 12in. P.M. for Bass notes, and a $7 \times 4 \mathrm{in}$. elliptical for
Treble. Cabinet is well made and finished ratin tralnut. Size approx. $18 \times 18 \times 8 \mathrm{in}$. 15 Gns. Plus $10 /$-carr. H. $P$. TERMS. DEPOSIT 2618 and 12 monthly payments 28/9 Both models for 200-250 v. A.C. mains.

STAAR GALAXY 4-SPEED MIXER AUTO-CHANGERS. Brand New, cartoned. Turnover For $200-250$. A.C. mains. Limited number tested and guaranteed, $55 / 19 / 6$. Carr. 4/6 COLLARO CONQUEST 4-SPEED AUTO-CHANGERS. With studio plek-up with turnover head. BRAND NEW. Cartoned. Latest model. For 200-250 F. A.C. mains. £7/19/6, Carr, $4 / 6$. U.S.R, MONARCH ADTO-CBANGERS. Type e7/ig/6. Carr. $4 / 6$.
E.M.I. 4 -speed Single Players with Hi-Fi Tho crystal pick-up head for stereo and Monaural, £ $7 / 15 /=$. Carr. $5 / 6$.
LOUDSPEAKER IN POLISHED WALNUT FINISHED CABINET, Gauss 12,000 lines. Speech coil 3 ohms or 15 ohrus. Onily $\mathrm{SA/19/6}$.

$12 \mathrm{in}, 20$ WatT 15,000 Ine $/$ apeakers 15 ohms , to Cabinet flnighed as above. Slze $18 \times$


ACOS HAP5S Hi-Fi Crystal Cartridges. (Turnover type with bapphire stylus.) Etandard replacement for Garrard and Collaro. Oniy :19/9. B.B.R. Ful-Fi 19/9. Garrard
GC2 19/9.

ACOS HIGR FIDELITY PICKUPS. GP54 with HGP59/52 Cartridge. Tumover sapphire sty H , cream finish.' Limited number at approx. hali price. Only 29/11


## PLESSEY <br> DUAL <br> CONCENTRIC l2in. P.M. SPEAKERS

( 15 ohme), consisting of a high quality 12 in . speaker of orthodox design supporting a small elliptical speak. er ready wired with choke and condensers to act as unit is hishly recommended tur uee with our All or any similar amplifier. Rating is 10 watts. Gauss 12,000 lines. Price only $£ 5 / 17 / 8$.
Or Deposit $10 / 6$ and 12 Or Deposit $10 / 6$ and 12
monthiy payments of $10 / 6$.


ALSO AT:-18, TOTTENHAM COURT ROAD, LONDON, W.I. MUSeum 5929/0095
99 CHEAPSIDE E.C.2. MON 6860
All post orders and correspondence to 162 , HOLLOWAY RD., LONDON, N.7.

Open: Totrenham Court Rd., and Cheapside : 9 a.m. to 6 p.m. Mon. to Fri., Sat., I p.m. Holloway Road: 9 a.m. to 6 p.m. daily. Thurs. 1 p.m., Sat. 5.30 p.m.

If not stated, please add postage on orders under El. Cash with order or C.O.D. (charges extra).

Our Advantageous H.P. and Credit Sale Terms are available on any single item over 65 . Your enguiries invited. Please print your name and address I/

## ALL PARTS AVAILABLE SEPARATELY

## WE ARE THE EXPERTS IN THIS FIELD AND CARRY THE MOST COMPREHENSIVE STOCKS IN THE COUNTRY.


(1) New Look " RAMBLER " all dry s'het portable (2) "RAMBLER" Mains Unit (suits most portables) (3) "ECONOMY FOUR "T.R.F. Mains Receiver
(4) "ECONOMY FOUR" with New Look Cabinet
(5) "FAMILY FOUR" (our new T.R.F. Receiver)
(6) " SUPERIOR FOUR"' (four valve mains receiver)
(7) StandardJASON F.M. Tuner FMTI
(8) Fringe area JASON F.M. Tuner FMF

| All <br> required <br> components | Instruction <br> Book and <br> itemised |
| :---: | :---: |
| at special |  |
| inclusive | Price list |
| price avalable |  |
| separately |  |
| in | $2 / 6$ |
| $1 / 6$ |  |

(9) JASON "MERCURY 2 "Switched F.M. Tuner plus ITA/B,B.C. Sound
ire.
(0) OSRAM 912 Printed circuit F.M. Tuner
(1) JASON "ARGONAUT": AM/FM Chassis
(13) F.M. Power Pack (suitable for most tuners)
(14) R.C. $3 / 4$ watt Amplifier (with Bass, Middle and Treble controls).

67
65
63
$\begin{array}{lll}7 & 7 & 0 \\ 2 & 6\end{array}$ 2/6
separa
$1 / 6$
15) 2-amp. Battery Charger
(16) R.C. Transistor/Crystal Receiver ('phones extra).
(17) R.C. Super Transistor/Crystal Rec. (ditto)
(18) R.E.P. I-valve Battery Receiver
(19) "CRY-BABY" ALARM (Baby Alarm)
(20) MULLARD 510 Amplifier (printed circuit) Ulera
(21) MULLARD 510 as above plus input selector and
(22) "DE-LUXE "Printed Circuit Superhet
(23) "DE-LUXE " with New Look Cabinet
(24) JASON J.T.V.


(29) NEW JASON F.M. TUNER FMT2 with built-in power supplies and cabinet
(30) NEW JASON FRINGE FM. TUNER FMT3, as above
31) PULLIN Series 90 TEST METER
(32) R.C. Super Personal Portable I-valve (phone extra)
(33) R.C. Super Personal Portable, 2 -valve (phone extra)
(34) R.C. TRANSETTE 2-Transistor Personal Portable
35) JASON EVEREST 6-Transistor 2 -wave Portable ...
(36) JASON EVEREST 7-Transistor 2-wave Portable
(37) CLYNE Cathode Ray Oscilloscope
(38) Compact Multi-range Test Meter

(40) JASON Audio Generator AG10
(41) JASON Oscilloscope OG 10

(42) Super SHORT WAVE RADIO, livalve (43) "WAVEMASTER" 7-Transistor Luxury Portable... instruction Books which contain full description, easy-to-follow practoll theoretical diagrams, ftemised price lists, ete, are iree of charge with all parcels but may be purchased separately as ahown above


## NEW! NEW! THE "WAVEMASTER"

 7-TRANSISTOR Luxury partable 400 MILLIWATTS OUTPUT
## To build yourself Medium and Long Waves-

 reception. Size 10 in . $x$. $6 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{n} . x$. $x \mathrm{iln}$. at base tapering to 4 in . at top. Very attractive two tone Vynide covered cabinet with cream and gold printed eacntcheon plate, cream and gold knobs, hander and cabinet fitings. Weight complete with long-life $7 \frac{1}{}$ volt battery- if lb. Mazda Highgrade transistors throughout, High.Flux 7in. $x$ axial socket at rear for direct connection to Car Radio Acrial. Improved reception by use of seven-section plated telescopic serial disappearing into Cablnet when closed, 34 in . above Cabinet when fully extended. Construction simplified by Bakelite chassia bosid with the following componenta already mounted:-I.F. Transformers (3). Oscillator Coll, Trimmer Bank, Output Transformer, Interstage Transformer, Aerial Brackets and Earth Ber. BPECIAL INCLUBIVE PRICE for all required components, full assembly ingtructions-nothing more to buy-is e10/19/6 plus Alignment gervice available. Full assembly tnstructions and individually priced parts Hst, all

 of which are available separately $2 / 6$ post free.

## We stock equipment of Quality by all leading makers:

 i.e., Leak, Quad, Armstrong, Dulci, Ferrograph, Reflectograph, Vortexion, Linear, Wharfedale, Grundig, Goodmans, W.B., Rogers, Garrard, Lenco, B.T.H., Pamphonic, Simon, Brenell, Collaro, Telefunken, etc., etc.A full range of high quality cabinets to suit, all purposes is on show, i.e., "RECORD HOUSING." "W.B." "A.D." etc., Enquire about our interesting part-exchange scheme for personal callers.


## NEW BRANCH!!

## CITY BRANCH NOW OPEN AT 99, CHEAPSIDE, <br> LONDON, E.C. 2.

Telephone: MONarch 6860

Situated midway between Bank, Mansion House and St. Paul's Stations and no more than one minute from each. Monday to Friday 9 a.m. - 6 p.m. Saturday I p.m.

## STILL LEADING THE FIELD!

## CLYNE CATHODE RAY OSCILLOSCOPE for Home Construction

The latest addition to our comprehensive stocks of quality equipment for the constructor. This is an exceptionally of the most versatile type, that will be a boon to the seriously minded amateur, serviceman or constructor. Speci-
fications: 8-Range Time Base, switched from $20 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{s}$. to 160 $\mathrm{Kc} / \mathrm{s}$. Y-Plate Amplifier has a sensitivity of 50 mV . and frequency response of $20 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{s}$ to $600 \mathrm{Kc} / \mathrm{s}$ with a gain of 150 . A calibrating voltage of $6.3 \mathrm{v} .50 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{s}$. is provided. Employs ECR30 2 im . Cathode Ray Tube and 4 valves: trols: X-shift, Y-shift, Focus, Width, Brilliance. ON/OFF. Time Base Frequency (Fine), Time Base Frequency (Coarse). Sync. Selector. Sync. Amplitude. Y-input Selector. X-input Selector. Amplifier Gain. Operates from $200 / 250$ v. A.C. Mains. All required components for the construction of this wonderful instrument, including comprehensive assembly instructions, available at a SPECIAL. INCLUSIVE PRICE OF ONLY E12/19/6, plus 5/-carriage and packing.
A.M. GRAM CHASSIS SPECIAL! (By famous manufacturer).

This special offer chassis is being offered for a limited period only and represents the best possible value for money. Spec.: 3 wavebands, Long, Medium and Short. 5 miniature valves-6C7, 6F15, 6LD20, N108, U107. Attractive vertical glass dial ( $13 \mathrm{in} . \times 3 \mathrm{i}$ in.) in red, green and gold on black background. Two-speed dial drive. Full range tone control. Output approx. ${ }^{4}$ watts to match 3 ohm speaker. For A.C. mains $110 / 250$ V. Overall size $13 i n .{ }^{\text {K }}$ $6 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in} . \times 6 \frac{3}{8} \mathrm{in}$. high. WHILST STOCKS LAST, E7/19/6 ONL.Y, plus $7 / 6 \mathrm{P}$. \& P.
SPECIAL PURCHASE A.C./D.C. CHASSIS MANUFACTURER'S SURPLUS
Owing to favourable purchase we can offer strictly limited quantity of these handsome chassis. A.C./D.C. 200/250 v. for Medium and Long Wave plus gram position. Incorporates N1O8, DH107, W 107 and X109. Overall chassis size $12 \times 5 \frac{3}{4} \times 7 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in}$, high. Attractive bronze dia with gold and cream lettering.
Dial size $11 \frac{1}{2} x$ 4tin. Scale length $7 \frac{1}{2}$ in. Logging scale provided. Price $£ 7 / 19 / 6$ only, tax paid, plus $3 / 6$ P. \& P. H.P. terms Ef deposit, plus four monthly payments of $22 /$-.

## Full range at usual competitive

 prices. Interesting H.P. facilities

OFFER at only $75 /$ plus $2 / 6 \mathrm{P}$. \& P . or TURNTABLE and MOTOR only at $52 / 6$ plus $2 / 6$ P. \& P. PICKUP only at $27 / 6$ plus $1 / 6$ P. \& P.
B.S.R.TU9. unit with separate light weight pick-up fitted with T.C. 8 H . crystal insert and sapphire styli. An ideal unit for a small portable gramophone. Brand new and polly guaranteed. SPECIAL PRICE: 75/e plus. $2 / 6 \mathrm{P}$. \& P or motor and $75 / \mathrm{plus}$. $2 / 6 \mathrm{P}$. \& P. or motor and
turntable only at $52 / 6$, plus $2 / 6 \mathrm{P}$. \& P . or turntable only at $32 / 6$, plus $2 / 6$ P. \& P. Or
Pick-up only at $27 / 6$, plus $1 / 6$ P. \& P. E.M.I. 4-SPEED STEREO SINGLE RECORD UNIT. Complete with Stereo Head and Sapphire Styli. Brand New and Fully G'teed. ONLY £6/19/6 plus 3/6 P. \& P.
GARRARD RCI20/4H. 4-speed autochanger with GC2 insert. Brand new, fully guaranteed. $£ 8 / 19 / 6$. P. \& P. $3 / 6$. fully guaranteed. $£ 8 / 19 / 6$. P. \& P. $3 / 6$.
GARRARDRC.I2IDMK. II STEREO MONAURAL 4SPEED AUTO. CHANGER. Complete with GC8 plug-in Crystal Head and Sapphire Styli or monaural records. Finished in cream. Brand new, fully guaranteed. imited stocks. ONLY $£ I I / 0 / 6$, plus $5 /-$ P. \& P. NOTE: Garrard L.P. Stereo plug-in head for above available as optional extra for $£ 2 / 0 / I$ inc. P.T. B.S.R, UAB MONARCH 4-speed Mixer Autochanger complete with turnover crystal insert and Sapphire Styli. Few only, now at $£ 6 / 19 / 6$, plus 3/6 P. \& P. Brand new and fully guaranreed.
THE LATEST COLLARO " CON. QUEST" 4-speed autochanger in cream with Studio "O" insert. Brand new, fully guaranteed. $\$ 7 / 19 / 6$, plus P. \& P. $3 / 6$

COLLARO "CONQUEST" STEREO/MONAURAL. Latest typefull guarantee. Brand new. €8/19/6, plus $3 / 6$ P. \& $P$
DECCA PORTABLE AMPLIFIER. As supplied in
famous DECCAMATIC III. Comfamous DECCAMATIC III. Com-
plete with small cream knobs, plete with small cream knobs, Employs ECL82 valve. Size $3 \times 3 \frac{1}{2} \times$ $8 \frac{3}{4}$ in. Only 59/6, plus 2/6 P. \& $P$. SPECIAL CELESTION $8 \times 6 i n$. elliptical high flux loudspeaker 30/-, plus $1 /-$ P. \& P. to fit. VERY ATTRACTIVEPORTABLE CABINET in two-tone rexine covering for accommodating the above items and ancillary equipment. $75 / \mathrm{F}$, plus $5 / \mathrm{F}$ P. \& P.
Note. If the above three items are purchased together they will be supplied at the special inclusive price of $\varepsilon 7 / 2 / 6$, plus $6 / 6$ P. \& P.

LATEST COLLARO STUDIO TAPE TRANSCRIPTOR. motors, 3 -speed: $1 \frac{7}{8}, 3 \frac{3}{4}, 7 \frac{1}{3}$ i.p.s takes 7 in . spools. Push-button controls, $115 / 15 /$-, plus $5 /-\mathrm{P}$ \& P Usual H.P. facilities. LATEST B.S.R. "MONARDECK." Single speed Tape Deck Takes 5 in. Spools- ${ }^{3 \frac{3}{2}}$ i.p.5.

A COMPACT TEST METER FOR HOME CONSTRUCTION. This is a very sensitive multi-range test (wext (500 ering the following ranges: covering the following ranges: A.C. $\begin{array}{ll}0.500 \\ \text { v. Current: D.C. } & \text { and } \\ 0-10\end{array}$ $\mathrm{mA}, 0-50 \mathrm{~mA}$. and $0-500 \mathrm{~mA}$. Resistance (on internal battery) 2 K .ohm to 100 K .0 hm . Housed in a smart grey stove enamelled case measuring $\frac{3}{4}$ in, $x$ 7in. $x$ l $\frac{3}{4}$ in. overall. Brand new best quality components and High Stability resistors are used throughout, resulting in a thoroughly reliable, accurate instrument.
NOTE: Meter is supplied with calibrated scale fitted, and all components, including shunt, are prepared for immediate soldering into position. Comprehensive assembly instructions with practical and theoretical diagrams are supplied together with all necessary components at a SPECIAL INCLUSIVE PRICE OF ONLY $59 / 6$, plus $1 / 6 \mathrm{P}$. \& P. The in struction envelope is available separately if required at $1 / 6$ post

PRECISION TEST METER
(1o build yourself)
Nineteen ranges D.C./A.C. Cur reni and resistance. Designed and produced for us by the famous Pullin Company. All necessary components at Special Inclusive Price of only $65 / 19 / 6$, plus $2 / 6$
$p$ \& $p$ P. \& P. lllustrated leaflet with full description available

## CABY UNUVERSAL

TEST METERS
These pocket-size multi-range test meters are of excellent quality and cover all the most useful ranges (A.C. Volts D.C. Volts, resistance and current). Supplied complete with test prods. instruction book and batteries Model A. 10 (2,000 ohms per volt)

Model B. 20 ( 10,000 ohms per volt) $86 / 10 /-$
Plus P. \& P. 3/6 on each.
Fully detailed and illustrated leaflet available on request
ALFAPOCKET TESTMETER A most versatile test meter covering 15 ranges, 3,333 o.p.v. basic movement. Ohms ranges: $0-20 \mathrm{~K}$, 0.2 Meg. Volts: A.C. and D.C. $6 \mathrm{v}_{\mathrm{n}}, 12 \mathrm{v}_{\mathrm{i},} 60 \mathrm{v}_{\mathrm{n}}, 300 \mathrm{v}_{\mathrm{m}}, 1,200 \mathrm{v}_{\text {, }}$ Current: D.C. 300 microamps, 30 mA . 300 mA . Size only $3 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in}$. $\times$ Sin. $\times$ I 5 in., overall. Supplied complete with instructions and est prods. ONLY $£ 5 / 19 / 6$, plus test prods
$2 / 6$ P. \& P.


162 Holloway Road, London, N. 7.
99 Cheapside, London, E.C.2.
18 Tottenham Court Road, London, W.I
SEEOVER
FOR MORE BAR AR AN

METERS. We carry large stocks of Meters from 25 microamps to $1,500 \mathrm{v}$ A fow of the most popular types are 25 microamps $2 \frac{1}{3} \mathrm{in}$. Flush Round, $65 /-; 100$ microamps $2 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in}$. Flush Round Moving Coil at 45/-; 500 microamps 2 in . Flush Round Moving Coil at 18/6; $\mathrm{mA}, 2 \mathrm{in}$. Flush Square Moving Coil Elliote " 1954 manf., 25/-; 50 mA . 2in. Flush Square Moving Coil 8/6; $1 \mathrm{~mA} .2 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in}$. Flush Round $35 /$. Send stamp for complete list. We shall be pleased to quote for special meters to your own specification.

## SPEAKER BARGAINS

Goodmans 8 in. $\times 2 \frac{5 i n}{}$., 3 ohms, 24/plus $1 / 6$ P. \& P. 10 in . Elac High Flux 3 ohm, $39 / 6$ plus $2 / 6$ P. \& P. 8in, Celestion High Flux 3 ohm, $32 / 6$ plus $2 /-\mathrm{P}$. \& P. 4in. Plessey Tweeter, $15 /$ plus $1 / 6$ P. \& P. R. \& A. Type 9120, Mk. II, 12 in ., $10-12$ watts, 3 ohm . 12,000 gauss, $55 /-$ plus $3 / 6$ P. \& P.
R. \& A. Type 8120, Mk. It, $12 \mathrm{in} ., 10-12$ wates, $3 \mathrm{ohm}, 10,000$ gauss, $39 / 6$ plus $3 / 6$ P. \& P. I 2 in . Bakers Selhurst, 15 ohms, 15 watts, $30-14,000$ c.p.s., E4/10/- plus $3 / 6$ P. \& P. All the above brand new and fully guaranteed.
Special! Special! Latest E.M.I. full frequency speaker. Size $13 \frac{1}{2}$ in. $\times 8 \frac{1}{2}$ in. 3 ohm speech coil. Double cone. Unrepeatable at $39 / 6$ each only. Plús $3 / 6$ P. \& P.

AERIAL TUNING UNIT ZA084I. This well made ex-W.D unit contains a host of useful components including: 1 mA .2 in . flush round M/C meter, I mA. Westinghouse full-wave meter rectifier, 5 pole 5 -way heavy-duty silver plated
wavechange switch. 3 in. dia. silver plated rotary tuning indicator, 350 pF tuning condenser with insulated coupler and $3 \frac{1}{\frac{2}{2}}$. calibrated dial (0-180 deg.), etc., etc. Contained in strong metal carrying case 9 in. $X$ in.
$\times$ gin. with hinged lid. ONL. $27 / 6$ $x$ plus $5 /-C$. \& $P$.
No. 38 AFV WALKIE-TALKIE A wonderful offer. This famous transreceiver unit, with relay operated SEND/RECEIVE switch, covering 7.4 $9 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$ band, range approx. 5 miles.
Good condition. ONLY $22 / 6$ plus $2 / 6$ Good condition, ONLY $22 / 6$ plus $2 / 6$
P. \& P. per unit (less accessories). Quantity Export inquiries welcomed. "ROLEX" SPECIAL HEAVY DUTY MAINS/BATTERY AMPLIFIER. Very smart unit housed in grey crackle finish case with chrome and cream fittings. For use on A.C. mains
$200 / 250$ v. or 6 v. C 200/250 V. or 6 V. D.C. battery. Valve
line-up: $6 \mathrm{SK} 7,6 \mathrm{SN} 7,6 \mathrm{~L} 7,2-6 \mathrm{~V} 6,6 \times 5$ and 629 C vibrator. 20 watts output to match $4,8,16,250$ and 500 ohm speaker systems. Ideal for P.A. work, etc. Size: $13 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in}, \times 8 \frac{1}{4} \mathrm{in} . \times 7 \frac{1}{4} \mathrm{in}$. Mike and gram inputs with separate gain controls, tone control. Brand new, fully guaranteed. ONLY $\mathrm{E} 15 / 15 /$-, plus $7 / 6$ P. \& P.

## DLR5 BALANCED ARMA

 TURE HEADPHONES. Com-plete with headband and leads, $7 / 6$ pair, plus $1 / 6$ P. \& P.
HIGH IMPEDANCE LIGHTWEIGHT HEADPHONES. Brand new imported type 4,000 ohms. Complete with leads, 15/plus $1 / 6$ P. \& $\mathbf{P}$.
AMPLIVOX HEADSET SPECIAL (not surplus). As used in up-to-date ships, aircraft, etc. Excellent quality super lightweight low impedance magnetic headphones complete with button microphone attached and plastic ear moulds. Absolutely
$45 /-$ pair. Plus $1 / 6$ P. \& P
PNEUMATIC LID STAY with pressure adjuster. Heavy dury $10 /$ -

## EXTRA SPECIAL OFFER!!

 A small three-valve PORTABLE RECORD-PLAYER AMPLIFIER mounted on baffle $12 \times 7$ in, with High Flux $6 \frac{6}{2}$ in. Loudspeaker. Valve line-up ECC83, EL84, EZ80. Incorporate separate bass and treble controls Max, output 3 watts. Will match al types of high impedance pick-up Ready to use, $55 / 12 / 6$ plus $3 / 6$ P.NEW STYLE CABINET finished in two-tone Leatherette Will accommodate above Ampli fier and Baffle without modifica tion, also most types of Ancillary Equipment. Overall size $18 \times 13 \frac{1}{2}$ $\times 8 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in}$. Fitted with carry
handle, $\epsilon 3 / 9 / 6$ plus $5 /-\mathrm{P}$. \& P. handle, $\epsilon 3 / 9 / 6$ plus $5 /-\mathrm{P}$. \& $P$
NOTE. If both items NOTE. If both items pur
chased together they will be supplied at a special inclusive price of $\mathbf{6 8 / 7 / 6}$ plus $6 / 6 \mathrm{P}$. \& $\mathbf{P}$.

## ADVANCE ANNOUNCEMENT!! TWO NEW COMPETITIVELY PRICED TAPE RECORDER KITS

## NOW READY!!

Both 3 watts output, printed Eircuit construction, valve line-up EF86, EL84, ECE 3, EZ80 and EM84 recording indicator. Latest $9 \mathrm{in}, \mathrm{x} 4 \mathrm{in}$. High Flux Speaker. Complete with Tape and empty Spool, and Acos $39-1$ stick mike with stand. Attractive two-tone Cabinet. Supplied with latest COLLARO Studio 3 -speed deck. Total price 25 guineas. Supplied with B.S.R. single-speed deck, total 20 guineas. Supplied with B.S.R. single-speed deck, total 20 guineas. N.B. These amplifier kits are supplied with basic com-
ponents already mounted on the printed circuit board. ponents already mounted on the printed circuit board.
Full assembly instructions are included. Please add $7 / 6$ for packing and carriage. All parts available separately. Full details on application.

A SUPERB TABLEGRAM CABINET! (Limited stocks only.) This beautiful cabinet finished in highly polished dark walnut with gold piping, will accommodate any 4 speed single record unit, amplifier and 7in. $x 4 \mathrm{in}$. elliptical loudspeaker. (The motor-board is supplied cut for the Garrard 4SP player, Coliaro Junior, B.S.R. TU9, etc.). Overall dimensions are: $15 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in}$. wide $\times 13 \mathrm{in} . \times 7 \frac{1}{4} \mathrm{in}$. high. Clearance above motor-board (inc. lid) 3 sing. Clearance below motor-board $3 \frac{\mathrm{t}}{2} \mathrm{in}$. This is a most attractive proposition for anyone who requires small but most attractive proposition or anyone who requires
good quality equipment. Priced at ONLY $45 /-$, plus $6 / 6$. good quality equipment. Priced at ONL
(Do not miss this outstonding borgain!!!)

## ALLAN DOUGLAS ELECTRONIC ORGAN

Readers will no doubt be pleased to know that our working model of this amazing organ for home construction, may now be heard and seen, at our Hi-Fi Showroom in Tottenham Court Road, W.I. For the benefit of constructors all components, keyboards, chokes, etc., are available ready made. Full constructional details are available in book form at is/- plus 1/6 p. and p. We shall be happy to forward a complete price list p. and $p$. We shall be happy to forward a complete price list the attention of Mr. L. Roche.

A SPECIAL HIGH QUALITY PUSH-PULL AMPLIFIER By famous manufacturer
 Limited stocks only of this really wonderiul quality amplifier employing ${ }^{4}$ E780 Separate Bass and Treble Controls mounted with Volume control upon oose panel with flying leads. Excellent quality components employed throughout Overall dimensions: (Main chassis) $12 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in} . \times 4 \mathrm{in} . \times 5 \mathrm{in}$. high.
Control panel: $6 \mathrm{in} . \times 2 \frac{3}{4} \mathrm{in}$. Input o match standard high impedance WHILST STOCKS.LAST ONLY £ $6 / 19 / 6$, plus $3 / 6$ P. \& P. STEREO VERSION-same appearance and valve line-up, only $67 / 9 / 6$ plus P. \& P.


[^13]SURPLURANSISTORS : ! : -
SURPLUS-P.N.P.
RED SPOT (Audio/Experimental، AP plication)
WHITE SPOT, R.F. up to
$5 /-\mathrm{ea}$ 2.5 Mc/s SARAR-

BRIMAR
TS8
MULLARD
OC16 Power 3 watt ....... 54/- ea OC44 $\ldots \ldots . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . ~ 18 / 6 ~ e a ~$
C4S R.F. up to $6 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$.
OC70
$18 / 6$ ea
OC71
OC72 172 matched pair.
OC73
OC71
NEWMARKET
VG/2R R.F. up to $4 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s} . . . . . .$. . $19 / 6$ ea V6/4R R.F. 4-8 Mc/s VG/BR R.F. up to $8 \mathrm{Me} / \mathrm{s}$. 26/- ea.

## Audio


12/-en.
MAZDA
XAl04 R.F. up to $6 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$.
18/- ea
XAlO4 R.F. up to $6 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$
15/- ea XB104 Audio up to $1 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s} \ldots .$. .... Io/- ea Attractive discounts for bulk pur
chases. The above is a selection only. chases. The above is a selection only Let us have your enquiries.
(ALL POST FREE)

## bargalm corver *

ACOS MIC 39-I. Crystal stick microphone. List price 5 gns.
$39 / 6$ plus $1 / 6$ P. \& P MIC40. Gera
Microneral purpose crystal microphone with desk stand. Our price $25 /-$ only plus $1 / 6$ P. \& P.
SPECIAL PURCHASE
MINISTRY No. 17 Mk. II TRANSMITTER/RECEIVER.


Uses standard 120 v. H.T. and 2 -volt L.T. batteries. In used condition only, at the ridiculous price of $30 /$ complete. plus 6/6 P. \& P. (Batteries not supplied.) ANOTHER PORTABLE CABINET BARGAIN! Ex leading manufacturer's battery portable, attache type case Atractive two-tone grey rexine finish. Size closed $13 \frac{1}{4} \mathrm{in}$. $\times 9 \frac{1}{4} \mathrm{in}$. $\times 3 \frac{3}{4} \mathrm{in}$, Complete with fittings and handle. Including Medium and Long Wave frame aerial which fits in lid. Limited quantity only at bargain price of $9 / 6$ olus $2 /-\mathrm{P}$. \& P. Brand new.
TRANSFORMER SPECIAL. SUPplied quality half shrouded drop thro Mains Transformer. Input 200/250 Output $350-0-350$ v. 80 mA .; 6.3 3 amps. 5 v. 2 amps. Ex-equipment bu guaranteed O.K. ONL.Y 9/6 plus I/-P. \& P sin. LOUDSPEAKER. Ex-equip. a new. Less transformer. 3 ohm speech coil. In attractive cloth covered cabinet Ideal for extension speaker. 22/6 plus $1 / 6$ P. \& P. Speaker only, less cabinet at $13 / 6$ plus 1/6 P. \& P.
BARGAIN: REPLACEMENT PICK-UP INSERTS. All brand new and fully guaranteed. Complete with Sapphire Styli. FONOFLUID 21/each. B:S.R. Hi-G with bracket; 18/ each. E. V. POWER POINT in Garrard plug-in shell, \|I8/6 each. GARRARD GC2 16/ each. All plus
9d. P. \& P.

## SAMSON'S SURPLUS STORES LTD.

## LONDON'S GREATEST DEALERS IN RADIO AND ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT

HEAVY DUTY L.T. TRANSFORMERS
All ratings tropical and in perfect condition.
No. 1. Pri. 210-230 v. 5ec. 10 v. C.T. 5 A and 5 v . C.T. IOA. Admiralty rating. 27/6, carr. 3/6.
No. 2. Pri. $230 \mathrm{v}, 5 \mathrm{Sec}$, tapped 4, 6, 11 v. 200 amps. $88 / 10 /-$ carr. $7 / 6$.
No. 3. Pri. 200-250 v. Sec. 50 v. 30 A. E6/10/, carr. 7/6.
No. 4. Pri. 200-240 v. Sec. 50 v. 20 A. £4/10/carr. 7/6.
No. 5. Pri. 200-250 v. Sec. tapped 28, 29, 30, 31 v. 21 A. $£ 4 / 17 / 6$, carr. $7 / 6$.
No. 6. Pri. 100-250 v. 5ec. two separate windings tapped $15,16,17 \vee .4$ A. $35 /$-, carr. $4 /$-. No. 7. Pri. 220-240 V. Sec. three separate windings $6.5 \mathrm{v} 50 \mathrm{~A} ., 6 \mathrm{v}$. C.T. 15 A., 6 v . C.T. 2.5 A. $£ 4 / 19 / 6$, carr. $7 / 6$.

No. 8. Pri. $220-240 \mathrm{v}$. Sec. 6.3 v . 15 A. $25 / \mathrm{m}$. p.p. 3/6.

No. 9 Pri. 220-240 V . 5ec. four separate windings $3 \times 5 \mathrm{~V}$. C.T. 4 A., 4 V .4 A., potted type. $32 / 6$, p.p. $3 / 6$.
No. 10. Pri, 220-240 v. 5ec. three separate windings $3 \times 6.3$ v. C.T. 4 A., potted type. 29/6, p.p. $3 / 6$.
No. 11 . Pri. $115-230 \mathrm{v} .5 \mathrm{ec} .5 \mathrm{v} .15 \mathrm{~A} .15 \mathrm{KV}$. insulation. 37/6, carr. 5/-
No. 12. Pri, $220-240 \mathrm{v}$. Sec. 45 v. 2 A. 17/6, carr. 3/6.
No. 13. Pri. 200-240 v. Sec. 12 v. 40 A. Built in strong metal case with carrying handle. 52/6, carr. 4/-
No. 14. Pri. 200-240 v. 5ec. tapped 9-15 v. 4 A. 22/6, P.p. $2 / 6$.
No. 15. Pri, 220-240 v. Sec. tapped 10, 17. 18 v. 10 A. $52 / 6$, carr. $4 /$-.
HOOVER BLOWERS
220-240 V. A.C.
with twin outlets

OIL FILLED HEAVY DUTY L.T. TRANSFORMERS. Pri. 380.400 .420 v .5 Sc .19 v. 150 amps., single phase. Weight 141 lbs . Supplied dry. Price $£ 10$. Carr. 15/.
ADMIRALTY THREE-PHASE TRANSFORMERS. Pri. $400-440$ v. 50 cycles, 5 ec. 50 v. 6 amps. Completely tropicalised. Size $7 \frac{1}{2} \times 14 \times$ Sins, weight approx. 60 lbs . Brand new in makers cases, Price $85 /-$, Carr. $7 / 6$.

## HEAVY DUTY AUTO TRANSFORMERS

Tropically rated at 5 KVA. Tapped 250 . 240.230.220.120.115.110.105 v. Completely enclosed in metal case. Size $23 \times 14 \times 1$ lins. Weight approx, 2 cwe. Brand new. Price El5 ex-warehouse.
HEAVY DUTY OHMITE RHEOSTATS. 2 ohms, 7 a., $15 /-$; 15 ohms, 2.24 a, , $12 / \mathrm{s}$; 25 ohms, 0.75 a ., $5 / 6 ; 350$ ohms, 25 watt, $3 / 6$; 1,280 ohms, 0.14 a., 6/6; 25 ohms, 2 a., 15/-; 58 ohms, $0.6 \mathrm{a}, 8 / 6$. P.P. on all rheostats, $2 /$-.
BLOCK CAPACITORS. T.C.C. Visconol, $8 \mathrm{mfd}, 600 \mathrm{v}$. wkg. at 71 degrees $\mathrm{C}, 7 / 6$. T.C.C. $4 \mathrm{mld} ., 250 \mathrm{v}$. wkg. at 160 degrees $F, 3 / 6$. T.C.C. $0.5 \mathrm{mfd} ., 2,000 \mathrm{v}$. wkg, at 71 degrees $\mathrm{C}, 3 / \mathrm{s}$. Dubilier Nitrogol, $8 \mathrm{mfd}, 750 \mathrm{v}$, wkg. at 71 degrees $C, 8 / 6$. Dubilier, $4 \mathrm{mfd} ., 800 \mathrm{v}$. wkg., 4/6. Dubilier 2 mid., 800 v. wkg., 3/6. G.E.C. Pyranol, 10 mid., 300 v. D.C. Tropical tubular, $3 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in} . \times 2 \mathrm{in}$, 5/6.
AMERICAN CAPACITORS. 10 mid., 600 v. wkg., tropical, $8 / 6.8 \mathrm{mfd}, 1,000 \mathrm{v}$. wkg., tropical, $8 / 6$, Sprague, $2 \mathrm{mfd} ., 1,500 \mathrm{v}$. wkg., 5/6. 15 mfd ., $1,500 \mathrm{v}$. wkg., tropical, $15 /$. P.P. on all types 2/-. All capacitors brand new and guaranteed.


Type No. 139, A.C. input. $200-250$ volts. D.C. output, 36 volts, 18 amps, Continuous Rating at 50 deg. C. Fitted with Input and Ourput Fuses and Mains On/Off 5wirch. Size of cabinet. $26 \times 19 \times 14$ inches. E17/10/-Ex Warehouse.

G.E.C. L.T. SUPPLY UNIT. Type O.S. 1773. A.C. input 200-240 v., D.C. output 24 V . 15 amps . Built in metal case 20 in . $x 15 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in}, x$ loin. Brand new in makers cases. El3/10/-. Ex Warehouse.

L.T. SUPPLY UNIT No. 19 YA 8087. A.C. input 100-250 v. D.C. output tapped $12 / 24$ volts, continuous tropical rating, 3 amps. volts, continuous tropical rating, with fuses
Built-in metal case $17 \times 7 \times 6 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in}$., wither Buitt-in metal An ideal L.T. supply unit for
and switch. An operating relays, contactors, battery charging, etc. In perfect condition $£ 3 / 17 / 6$. Carr. $7 / 6$.

| BRAND NEW AMERICAN SEALED |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |
| 9000 ohms | 180 | IM | 15/- |
| 7500 ." | 1 CO |  | 12/6 |
| 7000 .. | 1 CO |  | 10/6 |
| 5500 " | 2 CO | Octal base | . $15 /-$ |
| 270 " | 1 M | 1 B | . 7/6 |
| 270 | 2 CO |  | 8/6 |
| BRITISH 3000-TYPE RELAYS |  |  |  |
| 6000 ohms | 4M | 2B | $12 / 6$ |
| 6000 .: | 2 M | 2 B | . 1016 |
| 1000 " | 2 CO |  | - 816 |
| 250 . | 3 M | 4 B | . $10 / 6$ |
| 100 " | 3 M |  | 816 |
| 2000 " | IB |  | 616 |
| 200 | IM | 1 B | .. 7/6 |
| BRITISH | 600-TY | PE RELAYS |  |
| 750 ohms | IM |  |  |
| 600 *, | 2 CO |  | 5/6 |
| 150 | 1 CO |  | 5/6 |
| P.p. on all above types $1 / 6$. |  |  |  |
| All relays despatch. | guaran | reed and chec | ed before |

NUTS, BOLTS, WASHERS. Special bargain offer 5/- carton of 2, 4,6 B.A. nuts, bolts and washers. P.P. 1/-. SLEEVING, mixed bundle, 1t-4 mil., various colours. Wonderful offer. 2/6. P.P. 9d.

HEAVY DUTY SLIDING RESISTORS
(I) 26 ohms 6.5 A ., double-tube slider control. (2) 45 , p.p. $3 / 6$
(2) 73 ohms $1-3$ A., completely enclosed singletube slider control. 35/-, p.p, 3/6.
(3) 120 ohms $1.75-0.9$ A., complerely enclosed single-tube slider control. $32 / 6$, p.p. 3/6. single-tube slider contro. $32 / 6$, p.P. $3 / 6$.
(4) 1.25 ohms 25 A . double-tube slider control. 27/6, p.p. 3/6.
(5) 0.4 ohms 25 A , geared drive contral. 17/6, p.p. $2 / 6$.
(6) 3 ohms 10 A. $12 / 6$, p.p. $2 / 6$.
(7) 1.2 ohms 15 A. 10/6, p.p. $2 / 6$.
(8) 1 ohm 12 A. $8 / 6$, p.p. $2 / 6$.
(9) 11 ohms 4.5 A. $12 / 6$, p.p. $2 / 6$.

Above four types single tube slider control. HEAVY DUTY FIXED RESISTORS
5.3 ohms 8 A. $10 /$-, p.p. $2 / 6$.

605 ohms 2.8-0.4 A. 10/-, p.p. $2 / 6$.


> TELEPHONES. Type YAT783. Buzzer calling, operates from $4 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{v}$. battery. A self-contained unit which can be easily held in one hand. Idea! or Aerial Riggers, Building sites, farms, workshops, etc. Size $9 \frac{1}{\text { in }}, \times 2$ itin. $\times 2 \frac{1}{2}$ in. Supplied brand new, complete with $4 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{~V}$. battery. $85 / 10 /$ per pair. P.P. 3/6.

TELE "F" FIELD TELEPHONES
Ideal for factories, building sites, farms etc., complete with batteries, bells, magneto and packed in individual carrying case, $67 / 10 /$ per pair. Carr. 10/-

BRAND NEW TELEPHONE CABLE Twin D.8, one-mile drums $67 / 10 /$. Carr. 15/-. Twin D.3, 500 -yd. drums, $35 /-$. Carr. 7/6, Single D.3, one-mile drums, 85/-. Carr. 7/6, also $1 / 3$ rd-mile drums, 27/6. Carr. 5/-, Commando Assault Cable, P.V.C. covered, 1,000-yd., drums, 8/II, carr. 4/-. Cartons of five drums, 42/6. Carr. 7/6.
SPECIAL OFFER OF COLVERN PRECISION POTENTIOMETERS
3 gang $2 \frac{1}{2} i n$. dia.
$500+500+500$ ohms.
$1000+200+200$ ohms. $2000+500+500$ ohms.
A bove types 22/6. P.P. 2/6.
2 gang $2 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in}$. dia.
$500+500$ ohms.
$1000+500$ ohms.
$50 \mathrm{~K}+8200$ ohms.
$40 \mathrm{~K}+40 \mathrm{~K}$ ohms.
Above types 17/6. P.P. 2/6.
Single gang $4 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in}$. dia. 40 K ohms. 15/-. P.P. 2/-.
A.M. ACCUMULATORS, 2 volt 75 A.H. at 100 -hr. rate. Size $6 \frac{1}{2} \times 6 \frac{1}{2} \times 4$ in., with carrying handle. New 15/-. P.P. 3/6. 4 volt 18.5 A.H. at $12-\mathrm{hr}$, rate, Size $7 \times 4 \frac{1}{2} \times 3 \frac{3}{3} \mathrm{in}$. New, $8 / 6$. P.P. 3/6. Miniature 2 volt 3 A,H, Size $4 \times 1 \frac{1}{2} \times$ $1 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in}$. Ideal for models, bell circuits, parking lights, etc. 5upplied new with charging instructions, 2/6 ea, P.P. 1/6. Three for 6/-. P.P. 2/-. 5 ix for $10 / 6$. P.P. 3/-. Or twelve in strong wooden srate, connected to give 24 volts 3 A.H. Size $12 \times 7 \times 4 \frac{1}{2}$ in., 19/6. Carr. 5/-.

MICA, SILVER MICA, TUBULAR CON. DENSERS. Good selection of values. 10\%. per carton of 50. P.P. I/-

169-171 EDGWARE RD., LONDON, W.2. Telephone PAD 7851, AMB 5125



DEPOSIT Balance at $3 / 5$ per week for 19 weeks.
A delightful looking cabinet in two tone leatherette. Size $14 \frac{3}{2} \times 17 \frac{3}{4} \times 88 \mathrm{in}$. Will take B.S.R. Monarch 4-speed auto-changer and 6in. round speaker.
Post Packing and Ins. 4/6. Cash Price 69/9.

## CONTEMPORARY EXTENSION SPEAKER CABINET <br> ONLY <br> 

Ideal for that extra stereophonic speaker. Covered in smart two tone leatherette colour scheme. Takes an Sin. P.M. Speaker. Size $10 \frac{1}{2} \times$ $6 \frac{1}{2} \times 15 \mathrm{ifin}$. P. \& P. 3/9.

DE-LUXE
TAPE RE- ONLY $\begin{array}{ll}\substack{\text { CORDER } \\ \text { CABINET }} & 29 / 9\end{array}$ Beautifully made Tape Recording Cabinet. Size: 14 in . $\times 1 \mathrm{in}$. $\times 8 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in}$. Covered in two tone coloured rexine cloth. Stylish design. Carrying handle and detachable lid with lock and key. Easily adapted to Record Player Cabinet. ExcepPlayer Cabinet. Excep-
tional value at this very tional value at this very
low price. P. \& P. 4/6.


## NO DEPOSIT - INTEREST FREE - 20 or 36 WEEKS TO PAY! SEND FOR A FREE CATALOGUE-FULL DETAILS ON GOODS AND EASY PAYMENTS

## STEREO RECORD PLAYER CABINET

 WITH EXTENSION SPEAKER CABINET at the amazing offer of:-

Portable 1960 show model in two tone colours. Extension speaker cabinet secured in lid (arrow indicates position when fixed). Size $18 \mathrm{in} . \times 14 \mathrm{in} . \times 8 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in}$. high. This stereophonic player complete retails at 35 gns . in the shops today. Ins. \& Carr. (with order) $5 / 6$. or initial payment, plus Ins. \& Carr. of $6 / 1$ and 10 weekly payments of $4 / 11$.

## EXTENSION

SPEAKERS
19 '9
Polished oak cabinet of attractive appearance. Fitted with 8in. P.M. speaker W.B. or Goodmans of the highest quality. Standard matching to any receiver ( 2.5 ohms). Switch to any receiver (2-5 ohms). Switch
and flex included. Ins. \& Carr. $3 / 9$.

8in. P.M. Speaker 8/9.
8in. P.M. Speaker $0 / 9$. Trans. 10/-.
Std. $2-5$ ohms. With 0.P. Std. \& P. $2 / 6$.
Elliptical Speaker 19/6. 7in. $\times 4 \mathrm{in}$. Elliptical speaker 22/6. $9 \frac{1}{2}$ in. $\times 4 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in}$. B.S.R. Ful-Fi Crystal Turnover Car$\begin{array}{ll}\text { B.8.R. } \\ \text { tridges. } & 19 / 6 .\end{array}$
tridges. 19/6.
Brand new, including sapphire needles Brand new, including sapphire needles
for L.P. and Standard, giving fullest range and finest tone obtainable for any player. Can be fitted to all standard pick-up arms. P. \& P. 9d.

## AMPLIFIERS

 12 MONTHS GUARTABLE AMPLIFIER MK. D. 1.59/6


Brand New. Latest design with printed circuit. Dimensions $7 \times 21 \times$ 5in. A.C. only. Mains isolated 2-3 watts output. Incorporating EL84 as high gain output valve. Volume and tone controls. Knobs $2 / 6$ extra. P. \& P. $3 / 6$.

## AMPLIFIER MK. D.2. 79/6

Printed circuit. Latest design., Dimensions $7 \times 24 \times 5$ in. A.C. only. Mains isolated. 3-4 watts output. Incorporating the latest ECL82 triode pentode output valve, giving higher undistorted output. Volume and tone controls. Knobs $2 / 6$ extra. P. \& P. $3 / 6$.
3 TRANSISTOR AMPLIFIER 79/6
9 volts. 1 control. P. \& P. 3/6.

## B.S.R. MONARCH U.A.8. 4-SPEED AUTOCHANGER

 £6.19.6
## or

Terms


4-speed auto changer. Incorporating auto and manual control complete with turn-over crystal P.U. and Sapphire stylus. A.C. P. \& Ins. $5 / 6$ or initial payment $8 / 1$, plus P. \& Ins., and 19 weekly payments of $6 / 11$. T.U. 9 B.S.R. 4 -speed single player $£ 4 / 9 / 6$. Collaro Conquest 4 -speed Autochanger $86 / 19 / 6$. Collaro Conquest Stereo Autochanger 11 gns . P. \& P. on all the above $5 / 6$.

## AMPLIFIER MK. D.3. 89/6

De luxe model. Printed circuit. Latest design. Dimensions $7 \times 24 \times 5 \mathrm{in}$. A.C. only. Mains isolated, $3-4$ watts output. Incorporating the latest ECL82 triode pentode output valve giving higher undistorted output. Volume, treble and base control. Knobs $3 / 6$ extra. P. \& P. 3/6.

AMPLIFIER MK. D.5. 39/6
Simple circuit employing ELC80 triode pentode output valve giving $2-3$ watts output. A.C. only. Mains isolated. Single control for volume and on/off switch with knobs. P. \& P. 3/6.

## A LARGE SELECTION ASSORTED TYPES <br> AND SIZES PLAYER CABINETS from 19/6.

All rexine covered in modern two-tone colours. Your enquiries invited. Please let us have your requirements.

## STERN'S MULLARD DESIGNS <br> COMPLETE KIT OF PARTS $\begin{aligned} & \text { Designed by MULLARD-presented by } \\ & \text { STERNS strictly to specification }\end{aligned}$ MULLARD " 5 -10" MAIN AMPLIFIER <br> For use with the MULLARD 2 -stage pre-amplifier with which an undistorted power output of up to 10 watts is obtained. We supply 8PECIFIED COMTRANBFORMER and choice of the latest Ulitra-Linear PARME EO or the PAR TRIDGE Output Transformer. <br> Price: COMPLETE KIT (Parmeko O/put Trans.) <br> £10.0.0 <br> Alternatively we supply ASSEMBLED AND TESTED.... \&11.10.0 <br> ABOVE INCORPORATING PARTRIDGE OUTPUT TRANSFORMER \&1/6/- extra. MULLARD'S <br> PRE-AMPLIFIER TONE CONTROL UNIT <br> Employing two EF86 valves and designed to operate with the Mullard MAIN AMPLIFIER, but also perfectly suitable for other makes. Supplied strietly to MULLARD SPECCFICATION and incorporating: - Equalisation for the latest R.I.A.A. characteristics. <br> - Input for Crystal Pick-ups and variable reluctance mngnetic types. <br> Input, (a) Direct from High Imp. Tape Head. (b) From a Tape Ampliffer or Pro-Amplifier Sensitive Microphone Channel.  <br> 

## COMPLETE MULLARD 5-10 AMPLIFIER

The popular and very successful complete $\cdot 5 \cdot 10^{\prime \prime}$ Incorporating Control Unit providing up to 10 watta high quality reproduction. Specified components and new MULLARD FALVEs are supplied teluding or PARTRIDGE OLTRA Linear Output Transformers. Price: COMPLETE KIT, Parmeko Transformer.

Alternatively we supply A8sEMBLED AND TEsTEDD
Hire Purchase (Assembled Amp. only). Deposit £2/14/
£11.10.0 £13.10.0 ABOVE fincorporating PARTRIDGE OUTPUT TRANSFORMER \&1/8/- ext


## SPECIAL PRICE REDUCTIONS

(c) The COMPLETE KIT OF PART8 to build
both the " $5-10$ " Main Amplifler and the Pre-Amplifter Control Unil. ........................... (d) The "5-10" and the 2-Stage PrenAmplifer
both Assembled and Tested..
H.P. TERMS: Deposit $£ 3 / 16$
£15.15.0
£18.18.0
(e) The COMPLETE KIT OF PART 2 month the Dual Channel " $3-3$ " Amplificr and the build (i) The Dual Channei " $3-3$ " Amplifler and the (i) The Dual Channei "3-3" Amplifler and the
Dual Channel Pre-Amplifier Control Unit both
 H.P. TERMS: Deposit 55 and 12 monthe of (g) The COMPLETE KIT OF PARTB to build former) and the Dual Channel Pre-Amplifier Control Unit
£21.10.0
(h) One "5-10" Amplifier (Parmeko Trangformer) and the Dual Channel Pre-Amplifler H.P. TERME: Deposit 25 and 12 monthin of (i) COMPLETE KIT OF PARTS to build Two Output Transformers) and the Dual Channel Pre-A maplifier Control Onit
(3) Two "5-10" Ampliflers (Parmeko Output Amplifier Control Unit both Assembled and Tested
£36.0.0
£25.0.0 81/16/8.

Carriage and inuranee $7 / 6$ cxxra.
Prices quoted are subject to £1/6/- extra for Partridge Trans.

## STEREO



COMPLETE MULLARD 3-3
A VERY HGH QUALTYY AMPAFIER DEVEL-3-WATT AMPLIFIER DESIGNED ${ }^{\text {On }}$ IN THE TM AMPLIFIER DESIGNED
MULLARD LABORATORIES. Price for COMPLETE KIT
OP PARTS
$£ 7.10 .0$ of Parts
 Alternatively supplied ASEMBLRD AND
FULLY TETED (Plus $6 / 6$ E8
E8.19.6 carriage and insurance)
H.P. TERMS: Deposit 22 and 8 monthly payments of \&1.

Our kit is complete to the MULLARD speclfication including suppiy of specified components, valu Unlt is also avaliable.
COMPLETE STEREO AMPLIFIER A thoroughly recommended design that very effectively meets the many requests for a low priced but
quality DUAL OHANNEL STEREOPHONIC AMPLIFIER.
£8.10.0
ASSEMBLED AND TESTED. 810.10 .0
Two Mullard ECL 82 Triode Pentode Valves are incorporated in the design, they form a "CLABS The ingle ended output sensitivity if $300 \mathrm{~m} /$ volts, therefore
 When used with most STEREO Crystal Pick-ups, or Radio Tuning Units, an ontpot of position a combined output of 4 watts is produced
SPECIAL CASH ONLY OFFER ! ! This very attractive PORTABLE AMPLIFIER CASE together with a good quality QRAM AMPLIFIER and a
matched $\mathbf{P}$.M. SPEAKER. ALL FOR ONLY (plus 7/6 carr. and ins.). The Amplifier the 3 modern BVA valves and has separate BABS and TREBLE CONTROLS. The Portable Case will also accommodate almost any make of Autochanger and is attractively finiehed in Grey colour Rexine-WE ALSO
SUPPLY SEPARATELY:(a) The 2-stage (plus Rectifier) AMPLIFIER (b) The PORTABLE CARRYING CASE 26 (c) 12in. P.M. SPEAKER


## "Hi-Fi" LOUDSPEAKERS

## WE HAVE IN STOCK A COMPLETE RANGE BY W.B. STENTORIAN

illustrated and priced leaflets on request

## ! ! HOME CONSTRUCTORS ! !

A RANGE OF "EASY TO ASSEMBLE" PREFABRICATED CABINETS Designed by the W.B. "sTENTORLAN" COMPANY for "Hi-Fi" Londspeaker syatems
or to accominodate high qualty equipment. The acoustically designed Bass Reflex Cabinets contalning the very successful "Btentorian" Spealers give really first-class reproduction and are well recommended. Models are also avallable to accommodate highequality Amplifiers, Pre-amplifiers, Tuning Units, Recond Players, etc. All models
are very easily asembled, in fact only a serewdriver is required.
Fuly Frily illustrated leafiets are available iricluding complete speclications of the various
STENTORIAN LOUDEPEAKERS. Please enclose S.A.E.

Please onolose S.A.E. it LLLOSTRATED and DESCRIPTIVE LEAFLETS are required . alternatively the COMPLETE ASSEMBLY MANUALS containing

## 3-3 MAIN AMPLIFIER

## Comprises two " 3-3". MAIN AMPLIFTERE

 on one chasgis and is designed to operate Fith our DUAL CHANNEL PRE-AMPLI FIER for both STEREOPEONIC or MON Price: COMPLETE KIT OFPARE: COMPLETE KIT OF \&10,0,0
Alternatively AssEMBLED 811.15 .0
H.P. Terms: Deposit $\mathcal{E 2 / 7 / 7}$, 12 months at $17 / 4$.

Its output power is 6 watts ( 3 watta per channel) and together
with our PRE AMPLIFTE R provides a frst-class 8TEREO
with our PRE-AMPLIFTER provides a first-class 8TEREO

## STEREO DUAL CHANNEL PRE-AMPLIFIER

This model incorporates two 2-valve Pre-Amplifiers (described above) combined into a Bingle Unit enabling it to be used for both STEREOPEONIC to operate with our range of MULLARD MAIN AMPLIFIERS but will also operate equally well with any make of Amplifiers requiring an mput

 H.P. Terms: $£ 3$ Deposit and 12 months of $£ 1 / 2 /-$. Perfectly suitable for MONAURAL only operation, with one " $3-3$ " or one " 5 -10" easily providing for both STEREO or MONAURAL reproduction.
Recommended combination for gTEREO operation:
(a) The DUAL CHANNEL PRE-AMPLIFIER together with the Dual " 3-3" MAIN (b) The DUAL CH:

The DUAL CHANNEL PRE-AMPLIFIER together with two " $5 \cdot 10$ " MAIN AM -
PLIFLERS. Assembly Manual is available for PLIFIERS, Assembly Manual is available for $3 /-$ or send E.A.E. for Descriptive
LT RECORD PLAYERS
The LATEST MODELS are in Stock. Many at REDUCED PRICES!!! Send 8.A.E. for ILLUSTRATED LEAFLET
B.S.R. MONARGE UA8 4-spd. Mixer
Autochanger with Crystal Pick-up.
E6.19.6

The coLlaro "conguest" A-spd.
The latest COLLARO "CONTI-
NENTAL " 4 -speed MIXER Auto- 88.10 .0
changer. Studio " C" Pick-ap


The NEW COLLARO model RP594, 4-speed Slngle Record Player, Studio Cartridge ${ }^{\text {Sthe }}$ COLLARO 4 -speed single Record Player, incorporating the ge................................... TEE NEW B.S.R. model UAI2 is in stock. A 4. SPEED MIXER
 UA12 is also avallable incorporating the B.S.R. STEREO Pick-up,
plays L.P. and 78 records......................... GARRARD EC121/4 4-speed Autochanger otted with latest Cryatal
The latest GARRARD TRANSCRIPTION MOTOR "301" with Stroboscopically marked turntable
The new GARRARD Model 4HF Hlgh Quality single Record Player fitted with the latest T.P.A. 12 Pick-up arm and G.C.S. Crystal Cartridge GARRARD Model TA/Mk. II Single Record Player titted with high output Crystal Pick-up, detachable head.
HIRE PUROHABE TERME availa
$£ 9.18 .9$
£6.15.0
£8. 7.6
£10.10.0
£10. 0.0
£23.18.4
£18. 7.6
£8.10.0

Carrlage and insurance on each all units $5 /$ extra.


## enis gidchivs' TAPE REGORDERS

BEFORE YOU BUY-YOU SHOULD HEAR THESE RECORDERS-THEY ARE COMPARABLE TO THE MUCH HIGHER PRICED MODELS
MODEL CR3/s, Incorporates the New COLLARO "BTUDIO"
TWIN TRACK 3 -speed Deck
£41.0.0 Y.P. Terms: Deposit £8/4/- and 12 months of £ $2 / 0 / 2$.

MODEL CR3/T. Incorporates the very popular 3 -speed COLTARO Mk. IV "TRANSCRIPTOR" Deck, which has both upper and lower H.P. Terms: Deposit £9/18/- and 12 months of $£ 3 / 12 / 7$.

MODEL TR3/Mk. VI. Incornorntes the New TRUVOX Mk. VI TWIN TRACK 2-speed Tape Deck
and NOW - WE INTRODUCE - THE MODEL HF/G2P TAPE PREAMPLIFIER (-) THE MODEL HF/G2A TAPE AMPLIFIER
Designed to our usual High Technical Standard, being based on the very successful Mullard Tape Designs. They incorporate MULLARD VALVES and only HIGH-GRADE COMPONENTS . . . AS A RESULT WE PRESENT TWO UNITS METICULOUSLY MATCHED TO CORRECTLY OPERATE
THE NEW GARRARD "MAGAZINE" TAPE DECK
Both Units iorm an entirely new "Eay to handle" presentation, each is conupletely self contained with power supply, Loudspeaker (Amplifier HF/G2A only), and all INPUT and OUTPUT sockets being incorporated on the cbassls, whech itself is constructed to allow for direct attachment to the tape deck (as shown in fllustration). Thus the tape deck with the Amplifier Into a Cabinet and Connecting to the Mains supply.
Model $\mathbf{H F} / G 8 \mathrm{~A}$ Amplifer
A Complete Tape Amplifier-Incorporating

- Magic Eye Level Indicato:.
- Volume Control.
- Superimpose Bwitch.
- Effective Tone Control.
- Monitoring Facllites.
- Extension Loudureaker Sccket.
- Inputs for recording from Mike, Gram. and Radlo Tuner. - Incorporates Loudspeaker and Power Supply on Chassis.

As Is usual with Garkard products this Tape Deck is a Precision Engtneered Unit of Excellent quality operating two tracks
 at 3 itn./sec. 日peed. It is the Eastest to Handle Tape Deck, having only two controcs and

## Model HF/G2P Preampliaer

Forms the Ideal "Link " to add High Quality Tape Recording facilities to existing Audio Installations, such as our MULLARD RANGE of Amplifiers, and aiso Admirably guitable to operate through the Pick-up sockets of most Radio Receivers
It incorwerates:

- Magie Eye Level Indicator and Control.
- Superimpone 8 witch.
- Inputs ior recording from Mike, Gram. and Radio Inputs ior recorting from Mike,
Tuner. Power Bupply on Chassis.


## ! ! RADIOGRAM CHASSIS ! !

## Armstrona model a f 208

Complete AM/FM chassis. separate Bass and Treble controis.
ARMSTRONG "STEREO TWELVE,
The most complete A.M./F.M. - .terco chassis yet produced
ARMSTRONG "JUBLIEE
An AM/PM chassla with nine valves and with push-pull output stage
ARMSTRONG AM/FM "STEREO 44
Provision is made for stereo and Monaural playback from pick-up or tape.

## RADIO TUNING UNITS

## The JASON "MERCURY" Swithed F.M. TUNER.

PRICE ASSEMBLED AND TESTED
DULCI Model FMT/2
A complete self-powered FM Tuner incorporating automatic frequency -ontrol.

ARMSTRONG "8.T.3." AM FM Tuning Unilts
A self-powered tuner covering VHF, medlum and long wavehands with
automatic frequency control on VHF.
DULCI "H4/T"AMFM Tuning Dnits
A 4-waveband self-powered toner covering the FM transmissions plus
the long, medlum and short wavebands.
NEW HIRE PURCHASE TERMS are avallable on all above. Mlustrated leafiets avallable -send S.A.E. (Carr. and Ins. 5/- extra.)

## STERN'S 12 VOLT CAR

RADIO incorporating
PRINTED CIRCUIT and
POWER TRANSISTOR


A versatile dealgu covering both LONG and MFDIUM WAVEBANDS, incorporating Transistor Output thus having very low battery consumption. Is operated direct of 12 volt car battery
We offer it on the UNIT Assembly basis
HREE SEPARATE FILCY WIRED, ALIONED consisting of THREE SEPARATE FULLY WIR E15.0.0
Only 12
receiver.
send $1 / 6$ for mabual containing complete data:

## THE "ADD-A-DECK

incorporating the

## NEW B.S.R. "MONARDECK"

and MATCHED PREAMPLIFIER
\$17.17.0 $\begin{aligned} & \text { Deposit } £ 3 / 12 / 2.12 \text { months } \\ & \text { E } 1 / 6 / 2 . \text { (Plus } 7 / 6 \mathrm{carr} \text {. and Ins.) }\end{aligned}$
Designed to operate through the Pick-up Sockets of the standard RADIO RECEIVER through which first-class results are obtained. It
incorporating matched Preamplifier, and operates at 3 atin. $/ \mathrm{sec}$. speed. It uses 5 in . Tape Spools, thus providing up to $1 \frac{1}{2}$ hours' playing time on L.P. Tapes or 1 hour on the standard 6 in . Tape Spools.

The equipment is supplied fully tested and completely assembled on an attractive wood plinth. it can therefore be "dropped " directly into an existing cabinet and only requires connections to the mains supply and the Pick-up Sockets, for which purposes "floating" leads are incorporated on the Preamplifier.

STERN'S MK. II " fidelity F.M. TUNING UNIT
(Plus 5/- carr and ins) £2/17/-and 12 months at $£ 1 / 0 / 11$. Incorporates the latest MULLARD PRRMEABBLITY TUNING HEART and the corresponding MULLARD VALVE
LINE UP comprising ECCB5, 2 type EP85s (or

 O.A. 798 Germantum Diodes. A really frrst-class Tuner very attractively presented and comparabe to many oflered. at much higher prices. Power consumplon li only 1.5 amps.
at 6.3 volta and 25 man . at 250 Molts .

## ! HOME CONSTRUCTORS

YOU CAN BUILD THIS TUNING UNIT FOR ONLY
$\$ 10.10 .0$
Plus of-carr. and lns.)
Please send S.A.E. for fully descriptive leaffet, or the Assembly Manual is a araliable for $1 / 6$.
@TEBN iADDULD, DEPT.W. 109 FLEET ST., LONDON, E.C. 4 FOR THE

A SELECTION OF HIGH FIDELITY
PORTABLE TAPE PRE-AMPLIFIERS Adds "Hi-Fi" Tape Recording to your existing Audio Installation.

## IN ALL MODELS WE

 INCORPORATE THE
## TYPE "C"

## PRE-AMPLIFIER

and offer it complete in partable cose with
(a) The new "COLLARO" STUDIO 3 speed Deck. \&36.10.0
(b) The COLLARO Mk IV "Transcripto

Deposit: $£ 8 / 6 /$. 12 months $£ 3 / 0 / 11$........................ S41.10.0
(c) The new TRUVOX Mk. VI Tape Deck. Deposit: $\{43.10 .0$
E8/14/-. 12 months $£ 3 / 3 / 10$

(e) The WEARIE MODEL $4 A$ Tape Deck. Deposit:
$E 12 / 4 /-.12$ months E4/9/5
£61.0.0 E $12 / 4 /$-. 12 months $64 / 9 / 5$

## STERN'S MULLARD TYPE "C"

## TAPE PRE-AMPLIFIER-ERASE UNIT

 INCORPORATING THE NEW FERROXCUBE POTCORE PUSH-PULL OSCIL CORE PUSH-PULL OSCILEQUALISATION by means of the latest FERROXCUBE POT CORE INDUCTOR. PRICES INCLUDING SEPARATE SMALL POWER SUPPLY UNIT COMPLETE KIT \&14.0.0 ASSEMBLED AND 017.0 .0
OFPARTS Deposit $£ 3 / 8 /$ - and 12 months of $1 / / 4 / 11$. Assembled unit only. \&11.15.0 and \$14.10.0 respectively. (Carr. and Ins, 5/-extra) Send S.A.E. for leaflet or $2 / 6$ for Complete Assembly Manual WHEN ORDERING PLEASE STATE MAKE OF TAPE DECK TO BE USED We present this " $\mathrm{Hi}-\mathrm{Fi}$ " Pre-amplifier serictly to Mullard's specification etc., incorporating ONLY NEW HIGH GRADE COMPONENTS and the SPECIFIED NEW MULLARD VALVES. It comprises a COMPLETELY SELF. CONTAINED UNIT, all components and valves being contained in a well ventilated Box-Chassis neatly finished in Hammered gold wish a very nepracrively engraved PERSPEX FRONT PANEL.
FOR PERMANENT HIGH QUALITY INSTALLATIONS WE ALSO OFFER (excluding Case) the following
(o) The COLLARO ": STUDIO" TAPE DECK and our Mullard Type "C" PRE-AMPLIFIER and Power Unit Assembled and Tested
H.P. Terms: Deposit $66 / 10 /$ and 12 months at $\varepsilon 2 / 7 / 8$.
(b) As above but TYPE "C" PRE-AMPLIFIER supplied as
(c) The COLLARO Mk. IV TAPEDECK and the MULLARD Type "C" Pre+amplifier and Power Unit assembled. cested

(d) H.P. Deposit $£ 7$ and 12 months $£ 2 / 11 / 4$.
(d) As in (a) above but the Type "C" supplied as COM.
(e) The TRUVOX MK. VI TAPE DECK and the assembled Type "C " Pre-amplifier and Power Unit
H.P. Deposit $£ 8$ and 12 months $£ 2 / 18 / 8$.
(f) As above but the Type "C" supplied as complete KIT OF PARTS
(g) The BRENNELL Mk. V Deck and the assembled Type
"C" PRE-AMPLIFIER and POWER UNIT
(h) As above, but the Type " C " supplied as complete
(i) The WEARITE $4 A$ DECK with Type "io $C^{\text {io }}$ assembled and tested

H.P. TERMS: Deposit $£ 9,12$ months of $£ 3 / 6 /$ - (Carr. and Ins. on all above is $12 / 6$ extra).
For constructors with their own Cabinet-WE OFFER:-
(a) COMPLETE KIT to build the HFITR3 Amplifier.
together with the COLLARO "STUDIO "DECK
(b) As above tut HF/TR3 ASSEMBLED and TESTED
H.P. TERMS: Deposit $66 / 6 / \mathrm{F}, 12$ months of $12 / 6 / 2$.
(c) COMPLETE KIT to build the HF/TR3 rogether with the Mk. IV COLLARO "TRANSCRIPTOR " DECK ( $£ 1$ extra if we are required to wire up Deck Banks)
(d) As above but HF/TR 3 ASSEMBLED and TESTED
£30.15.0
£34.10.0
£36.0.0
£39.10.0
£41.10.0
£45.0.0
£28.0.0
£31.10.0
( $£ 1$ extra if we are to wire UP Deck Switch Banks)
(e) COMPLETE KIT to build the HF/TR3 together with
the NEW TRUVOX MK. VI TAPE DECK ....

(g) COMPLETE KIT to build the HF/TR3 AMPLIFIER with the BRENELL Mk. V TAPE DECK
(h) As above but HF/TR3 ASSEMBLED and TESTED
H.P. Terms: Deposit $£ 9,12$ months of $£ 3 / 6 /$. . with the WEARITE MODEL 4A DECK, incorporates With the WEARITE MODEL 4 ,
H.P. TERMS: Deposit $£ 11,12$ months of $£ 4 / 0 / 8$.
(Carriage and Insurance on each above is $10 /$ - extra.)
teractive PORTABLE CASE is available to accommodate the TRUVOX or COLLARO TAPE DECKS and we offer it together with ROLA/ CELESTION $10 \times$ Gin. LOUDSPEAKER-ACOS CRYSTAL MICROPHONE -and 1200 ft . SPOOL E.M.I. TAPE-ALL FOR.
(Carriage and Insurance 5/-exera.)
£9.0.0
WE HAVE THE NEW 2-SPEED TWIN TRACK
TRUVOX Mk. VI Tape Deck in stock 226.5 .0 Deposit $£ 5 / 5 /$ months $£ 1 / 2$ t. incorporater PRECIEION REV. COUNTER and PAUSE CONTROL and fuily main tains the gene:al high standard of all Truvox equipment. The very popular collako Tape Decks and the BRENELI, Mk. $V$ Decks are also available.

## THE MODEL HF/TRZ TAPE AMPLIFIER

3-SPEEDTREBLE EQUALISATION by means of the latest FERROXCUBE POT CORE INDUCTOR. PRICE for COMPLETE
KIT OF PARTE £12/15/-
FULLY ABSEMBLED
AND TEBTED
$£ 16 / 10 /-$ HIRE PURCHASE: Deposit $£ 3 / 6 / 6$ and 12 months at E1/4/2. A vary high quality ampiner based on the rety
the MULLAAD LABORATORIES ONLY NEW HIGH-GRADE COMPONENTA are incorporated including MULLARD VALVES and a GILSON OUTPUT TRANB. FORMER. Other features are: Magic Eye Recording Head Indicator-Effective Tone Control-Mouitoring and Extension Speaker Sockets-has own Power Supply and aan be used as independent Araplifer for direct reproduction of Gram. Records or from Radio Tuner. Overall size $11 \times 6 \times$ Bin. Truvox-Collaro-or Brenell-please epecify which. Bend B.A.E. for leaflet or 2/6 for Assembly Manual.

PLEASE ENCLOSE S.A.E. WITH ALL CORRESPONDENCE

## BENTLEY ACOUSTIC CORPORATION LIMITED The Valve Specialists <br> 38 CHALCOT ROAD, LONDON, N.W. 1

Telephone: PRIMROSE 9090
Nearest Underground: Chalk Farm
TELEPHO EXPRESS POSTAL SERVICE! ALL ORDERS DESPATCHED SAME DAY AS RECEIVED.
TELEPHONE AND TELEGRAM ORDERS FOR CASH ON DELIVERY SERVICE ACCEPTED UP TO 3.30 P.M.

|  | S |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | ${ }^{\text {dava }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | ${ }_{\text {122 }}^{12}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | - | 析 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | ${ }_{\text {DH77 }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | ${ }_{\text {DK }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | ${ }_{\substack{6 B W 7 \\ \text { Bx\| }}}^{\substack{\text { a }}}$ |  |  |  | ${ }_{\text {DK }}^{\text {DK }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | DL |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | ${ }_{6}^{6 \mathrm{cc}}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  | ? |  |  |  |
|  | ${ }_{6 \mathrm{~F}}^{685}$ |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{\text {EYY }}$ | ${ }_{\text {OARO }}^{\text {OAR }}$ |  |  |  |
|  | ${ }_{\substack{6 \mathrm{graf}_{\text {gr }}}}$ |  | ${ }_{\substack{20}}^{202}$ |  |  |  | Erso |  |  |  |  |
| 9/6 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | , |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | ${ }_{\text {Fer }}$ |  | - | - | $\underset{\substack { \text { Suenl. } \\ \begin{subarray}{c}{\text { TH2.2. }{ \text { Suenl. } \\ \begin{subarray} { c } { \text { TH2.2. } } }\end{subarray}}{ }$ |  |  |
| 46 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | ${ }_{\text {6K79 }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ${ }_{\text {gat }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ${ }_{9}^{6, L 55}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ad |  |
| nly |  |  |  | Ma |  | , Marconi, |  | Telaun |  | and | pean, etc |
| Terms of business: Cash with order or C.O.D. only. Post/Packing charges 6d. per Item. Orders over 23, post iee. C.O.D. $2 / 6$ extra. We are open for peraonal ahoppers. Mon.Fri, 8,30-5.30. Bats, 8.30-1 p.m. |  |  |  | Lateet catalogye of orer 1,000 different vairees, also metal rectidern, volome controls, electroistic condenenerr, transistors, germanlum diodes, valve bioliters, and Hivac milutature valves, pricee 8 d. |  |  |  | All viliee boxed, fully guratited, zod new manu First grade goods ouly, no seconde or relecte. Pleae enquire for any type not lasted. B.A.E. please |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

STABILIZE YOUR AC MAINS with the finest equipment, at a fraction of the normal cost:FERRANTI $7 \frac{1}{2}-K V A$ MOVING COIL AUTOMATIC VOLTAGE REGULATORS
Any stabilized output voltage in the range 200-250 v. can be selected by plug-board tappings. The selected output voltage is automatically maintained constant within $\pm \frac{1}{2} \%$, at all loads 0 to $30 / 37 \frac{1}{2}$ amps., when the supply voltage is varying over the range $+8 \%$ to -12\%.

- Frequency compensated $45-55$ and $54-66 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{s}$.
- Excellent output wave-form.

Can also be used as a variable transformer.

- Unused. Complete with spares and instruction book.
P. B. CRAWSHAY

94 Pixmore Way, Letchworth, Herts. 'Phone I85I

## SUB O MINIATURE

 " 3000 TYPE" RELAYThe Hopwood-Par Type P3 relay, although ministure retains every possible feature of the $\$ 3000$ Type" plus ceramic insulation and hermetic sealing.
It can have tup to 6 poles; twin or HD contacts and tags or PRINTED CIRCUITS.
Telephone:
HOUnstow $6266 / 7$ \& 8338 WRITE FOR LIST W.I

THEEMPIRERUBBER SELF-CONFORMINGGROMMET


The new blind grommet. Contour at manufacture.

2ND SEAL


1 st seal
FITTED
-as sprung into position.
Enquire for catalogue section and detailed parriculars.


The new designed gromme
Contour at manufacture
Contour when applled on assembly
This grommet provides a thoroughly efficient seal. Around the panel hole the first seal is effected, while a good, tight second seal around the top periphery is set up by tension. In the grommets designed for cable entry the internal seal is applied within the conical section. All grommets can be fitted to various panel thicknesses-thus reducing the range.

## ver

Large grommet in use, sealing a thin control rod

Small grammet sealing thick cable at angle

EMPIRE RUBEER COMPANY, DUNSTABLE, BEDFORDSHIRE, ENGLAND RB.Q4

# PRonops S Warkwaraund Storpe <br> and MAIL ORDER SERVICE 

52 Tottenham Court Rd., London, W.I - Open 9-6 including Sats., Thurs. 9-1 LANgham 0141

LISTEN IN wherever you are


## AT WORK OR PLAYANYTIME OF THE DAY

Turn this Brand New Leading Manufacturer's DEAF AID into a High-'Q'

## VEST POCKET RADIO for only 55'-

Designed to a specification of the British Medical Research Council and made by one of the country's best known radio manufacturers, these compact units employ miniature components and three modern low-consumption miniature valves in a very sensitive hi-fidelity circuit that only requires the addition of a simple tuned input circuit and a xtal diode to bring your favourite programme in loud and clear. The simple aerial coil about 2 inches long is wound on hi-Q ferrite rod and the whole conversion can be carried out in less than an hour without previous experience and using only ordinary tools.
 Each unit is supplied brand-new, still in manufacturer's original pack, complete with battery leads ready to plug straight in-and latest type of American high quality crystal earpiece and detachable transparent plastic ear mould-plus all necessary parts for conversion.
Each unit also contains one of the latest types of sensitive crystal microphones suitable for immediate use with tape recorder, etc., which becomes spare on conversion to radio. Kits of parts sold separatelyDeaf Aid 40/-; Conversion parts 15/Batteries 5/-post free. ALSO SOLD AS A COMPLETE DEAF AID for those not interested in conversion, but requiring a spare instrument or etc., $40 /$-, plus Batteries 5/- post paid.

## ETCH-YOUR-OWN PRIMTED CIRCUIT KITS

Each contains over 60 sq. in. of laminated board and sufficient chemicals to make dozens of printed circuits, plus comprehensive instruction book giving advice and examples on translating theoretical circuits into lay-

## SCOPE UNIT T.S. 74

£4.10. delivered free.
A basic scope with brilliance and focus controls on front panel which also contains X-plate terminals, gain control and two-speed timebase switch. Immediately behind the panel is a separate screened compartment that houses two VR65 and a VR92 (tunable input receiverconvert to input amplifier) and a signal generator (3xVR65 and VR135) modulated at two frequencies over its 155 to $255 \mathrm{mc} / \mathrm{s}$ range. Substantial EHT and HT power pack (VU120 and 5 Z 4 G ) at rear, plenty of free room, four high-voltage pre-set pots, two full length tag boards, 12 valves plus VCR139A.

## W. 1191 A WAVEMETER

4.10. plus 15/- carriage.

Four valve crystal controlled heterodyne frequency meter covering $100 \mathrm{kc} / \mathrm{s}$ to $20 \mathrm{mc} / \mathrm{s}$ in 8 switched bands with variable RF oscillator zero beat against crystal to give an audio output into high or low impedance phones. Designed to work as a signal generator with CW or modulated output through variable attenuator and incorporating also a second crystal oscillator that can be switched in to convert the unit to a fixed spot frequency receiver or transmitter at the wavelength of any spare crystal between $100 \mathrm{kc} / \mathrm{s}$ and $20 \mathrm{mc} / \mathrm{s}$.
Precision two speed dial, calibrated book with crystal check points in lid of neat metal case. Designed for 2 v . and $40-60 \mathrm{v}$. supply
Circuit diagram supplied. Additional technical information 10/- extra by order only.

Used, but in good order.

New Model- $£ 16$.
Increasing and improved production has cut size wright and cost.

VARIABLE SPEED HYDRAULIC GEARBOX
This specially made oil-filled casing houses a hydraulic torque conversion unit originally preconversion unit originally precision made
from high quality materials for from high quality materials for the U.S. Government at an
acquisition cost exceeding $£ 150$ acquisition cost excreeding lathe each. Highly suitable for lathe head drive, workshop va
speed power take-off, etc.
Basically the unit is a back-toback mounted, oil submerged, variable displacement hydraulic pump (input shaft) feeding a reversible hydraulic motor (output shaft) so that variation of the pump displacement by manual control gives very fine selection of output speed from selection of output speed from
zero up to $6 \%$ below input speed while a changeover valve in the while a changeover valve in the
supply lines to the motor pro-


## $£ 10$ GEIGER COUNTER

Circuit embodies U.K.A.E.A. patent. Specially moulded case.
Currently being supplied throughout the world.
Three ranges-highly sensitive-light -portable-visual and audible re-sponse-plus output socket
Ideal for introduction to radiation measurement and nucleonic circuitry. Specially written 40 -page instruction manual supplied.
Batteries $£ 2 / 15 / 3$ extra.
K1T of Parts £4.17.6
Identical Parts. Guaranteed Performance.
Manual and printed circuit plates for battery pack supplied (assembled pack £2/15/3 extra). Fully illustrated assembly instructions.
Spares and Service permanently available.
outs ready for etching. High-quality materials-completely safe to handle-carefully prepared to ensure fine definition and uniform results without laboratory control.

## Brand New, Individually Tested, Fully Guaranteed

LOW - VOLTAGE, HALOGEN - QUENCHED, GEIGER-MUELLER TUBES 25' ${ }^{\prime}$ post free
Working voltage 400-450. Highly sensitive. Effective length 11.8 cm Background count $90 /$ minute. Response 30,000 counts/minute. 80 -volt plateau. Standard British 4-pin base, stainless iron electrode.
Ideal for basic experimentation and instructional demonstration. Circuits of simple all transistor and conventional valve counter circuits supplied on request with each tube.

## SIGNAL GENERATOR 52A

$\mathbf{8 1 0}$ plus 10/-carriage.
Mains operated 7 valve precision generator covering 5 to $50 \mathrm{mc} / \mathrm{s}$ in 4 turret-tuned accurately calibrated bands with RF voltage set and monitored by 50 microamp meter in valve voltmeter circuit. Optional CW or internal modulation at $400 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{s}$ to $30 \%$, or variable depth external amplitude or pulse modulation down to 1 microsecond as required. 1 microvolt to 100 mV output through 5 step and microvolt calibrated vernier attenuator (accuracy $\pm 3 \mathrm{db}$ ) into 70 or 100 ohm dummy antenns on 3 foot cable.
BRAND NEW with calibration charts and handbook.

LANgham 0141 walk-around store
vides instantaneous reverse at any speed. Recommended input speed $500-1,000$ r.p.m., maximum power $1 \frac{1}{2}$ h.p. Both shafts हin. dia, with Woodruff key.
Tested and fully guaranteed, supplied complete with technical data and performance curves for the remarkable price of $\& 16$ carriage remarkable price of $\$ 16$
only.

## ny

_


[^14]
$\qquad$


highebt quality-NEW LOW PRIGES
 ECORE, BRIMAR. FERRANTI TYPES PROCESSED IN TORY.
New Mullard. Mazda \& U. ©.A. zuns used NEW 108K $49 /=$
 8 Months
REVACUUMM

9/10in.
12 in $22-0-0$
14 in . £3-0-0
15/I7in. £3-10-0
2 lin.
£2-0-0 REGUNNED
84- 0-0
£4-10-0
55- 0-0
25-15-0
£8-0-0

Mw 31/74
84-15-0
Mw 38/24
27-15-0
MW. $43 / 64$
88-10
88-10-0

13 CHANNEL TV' TABLE MODELS. FAMOUS MAKES. Aosolutely complete These sets are unequalled in value due to
huge purchase direct from source. huge purchase direct from source. They In working order. ALL GARR. FREE.


SLNGLE RECORD PLAYERS
COLLARO 4 -sped $4 / 546$..... 6619 GAREARD RC120D MKII C9 GARRARD RC121/4 MKII B.S.R. Monarch B.S.R. TAPE DECKS $89 / 10 /-$ 4-SPEED RECORD PLAYERS Latoat Turnable, together with IIghtweight 8taar Galaxy dual sapphire orystal (Pick -up only 19/न). £3/10/m.

RECTIFIERS: | por Char gers |
| :---: |
| selen lum, fult | wave bridge, 12 volt $3-4$ amps., $9 / 6$.


 100 CONDENSERS $10 \%$ A minature silver malanced and ceramic condetusers. $3-10,000 \mathrm{PF}$. List value over 25 . INFRA RED HEATERS UNDER RALF PRICE. $59 /=$
800 w., 1,200 w., 2.000 w.
C.R.T.'s

## VALVES

BY RETURN OF POST GUARANTEED 3 MONTHS NEW LOW PRICES OZ4
$10 \%$ DISCOUNT $\begin{aligned} & \text { SPECIAL OFFER } \\ & \text { TO PURCEASERS }\end{aligned}$ of any SLX VALVES marked in black type (15\% in dozens). Poat: 1 valive, 6 d ; $2-11,1 /-$.

or of fully gua ranteed ex-Government or ax -equip meat origin. Batiafaction or Money Back Gnarantee on goods if returned unused vithin 14 days. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $11 / 6$ | ER34 | $1 / 6$ | EN31 | $18 /-$ | T41 |
| $12 / 6$ | EB41 | $7 /-$ | EY51 | $9 /-$ | U14 |
| $8 / 6$ |  |  |  |  |  |

## BINSON'S BETTER BARGAINS

POWER UNITS. Input A.C. $115 / 250 \mathrm{v}$. Outputs: D.C. $880 \mathrm{v}, 120 \mathrm{~mA}$. and 6.3 v. A.C. twice. Potted trans. and LF choke; new (post 8/6), $30 /$-. Input 230 v. A.C. Outputs: D.C. 350 v., 80 mA . A.C. 6.3 v . Valves: 807, EA50, EF50, 5Z4G, 25/=. MONITOR 56, comprising Indicator 248 and Power Unit 675. Valves VCR138a, 3/EF50, 2/ECC33, 5/EF55, EF37A, 6V6, 3/EA50 and 2/5U4G, VU120A. Two units each $12 \times 9 \times$ 18in., black finish. Panel controls: Brill., Focus, T.B. Expansion, shift, "X" shift (two). T.B. $10 / 20 \mathrm{k}$ secs. A.C./D.C. switch amp. multiplier/divider. Sig. input, trig, and $Y 2$ input. Voltmeter centre-zero, $5 / 20 / 100$. "X" "Y" and "G" on "jumpers" at rear. 230 v. A.C. input, with 18 -way Cable and mains cable, with circuit. Cathode probe unit extra, 17/6, 88/10/- (Rail 20/-). RELAY8 (Contactors), two heavy-make contacts: 12 v . or 24 v . either $3 / 6$. INDICATOR 8 type 277, with 1in. C.R.T., 4/VR91, 2/VR92, 37/6 (p.p. 3/6). Type 101, type 277 , with lin. C.R.T., $4 / V R 91,2 / V R 92,37 / 6$ (p.p. $3 / 6$ ). Type 101,
with VCR530 (61in. Blue, magnetic. Octal base), and 2/EB91, 2/EF91, with VCR530 (6/in. Blue, magnetic. Octal base), and 2/EB91, $/$ EF91, 2/R10, new cond. $30 /-$ (Post $7 /-$ ). Type 1, with VCRX263, 2/EF52,
$5 / 6 J 6,1 / 6 \mathrm{~V} 6,1 / \mathrm{EY} 51,2 / \mathrm{EB} 91,3 / \mathrm{EF} 91, \mathrm{RF}$ EHT Generator and $28 \mathrm{kc} / \mathrm{s}$. xtal, $45 /$ - (Rail 7/6). Type 97 With VCR517, 10 valves, $30 /=$ (Rail $7 / 6$ ). HEADPHONES, CLR, 7/6. CR100 Noise Limiter assemblies, with valve, 3/6. NEW M.C. METERS, $3 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in}$. round flush, $50 \mu \mathrm{~A}, 70 /-; 100 \mu \mathrm{~A}, 65 /=$; $200 \mu \mathrm{~A}$., centre zero, $50 /-; 1 \mathrm{~mA}$., centre zero, $45 /-; 1 \mathrm{~mA}$.; $55 /-$; 2 mA . (rectified), $45 /-2 \frac{2}{2} \mathrm{in} ., 1 \mathrm{~mA}, 22 / 6 ; 2 \mathrm{in} .200 \mathrm{~mA}, 300 \mathrm{~mA}$., each 8/6. $2 \frac{1}{2}$ in. M.I. 20 v. A.C., $8 / 6 ; 300$ v. A.C. $2 \frac{1}{2}$ in., $15 /-$. VIBRATORS, Mallory G634C 12 v. 4 -pin, $7 / 6 ; 6$ v. 5 -pin reversible, $7 / 6$. R1155B, good condition, tested with handbook, $87 / 10 /-$ (Rail 10/-), SCR522
Modulation or Driver Trans., either 7/6. DRIVE8: slow-motion Admiralty 200:1 ratio, scaled $0-100,5 / 6$. R1155 S.M. "N " type, new. 10/6. VIBRAPAK, 6 v. D.C. to $250 \mathrm{v}, 60 \mathrm{~mA}$., smoothed cased, $22 / 6$, 12 v . to 250 v. $60 \mathrm{~mA} ., 21 /$. (p.p. 3/6). DYNAMOTORS (post $3 / 6$ ): 12 v . to 250 v .60 mA ., $21 / \mathrm{F}(\mathrm{p} . \mathrm{P} .3 / 6)$. 12 v . to 250 v .60 mA . and $6.3 \mathrm{v}, 2.5 \mathrm{~A}, 11 / 6 ; 6 \mathrm{v}$, to 250 v .60 mA ., 11/6. Potentiometers, miniature wirewound, $6 \Omega, 100 \Omega, 600 \Omega, 1 \mathrm{k}$ and 2 k , each $1 /-$ CHOKES. LF $10 \mathrm{H} 200 \mathrm{~mA}, 8 / 6 ; 9 H 100 \mathrm{~mA} ., 5 / 6 ;$ Potted $10 \mathrm{H} 100 \mathrm{~mA} .7 / 6 ;$ "C" $5 \mathrm{H} 400 \mathrm{~mA} ., 10 / 6$. SWITCHES, toggle U.S.A., DPDT, 1/6. R.F.27, good cond., 18/- (p.p. 3/6). METAL RECTIFIERS, 240 v. $100 \mathrm{~mA} ., 4 / \mathrm{m} ; 240 \mathrm{v}, 30 \mathrm{~mA} ., 3 / 6 ; 600 \mathrm{v}, 30 \mathrm{~mA} ., 5 / 6 ; 240 \mathrm{v} .80$ mA., $5 / 6 ; 1,000 \mathrm{v}, 30 \mathrm{~mA}, 7 / 6$. Mic inserts, G.P.O. carbon, $2 / 6$, bal. armature type, $2 / 6$. CONTROLS Camera Type 35; a timing device with 24 v , miniature motor; new (Post 3/6), 10/6. TRANSFORMERS, input 230 v . Output $6.3 \mathrm{v}, 1.5$ A., $6 / 9 ; 3$ A., $8 / 6 ; 1$ A., and $3 \mathrm{~A} ., 8 / 6 ; 325 \mathrm{v}$., 20 mA . and $6.3 \mathrm{v} ., 1 . \mathrm{A}, 8 / 6$. Multiratio output ( 40 mA .), $6 / 6$. Input $110 / 240 \mathrm{v}$. Output $1860 \mathrm{v}, 4 \mathrm{~mA} ., 8 / 6$; Input $110 / 240 \mathrm{v}$. Output 4 v , 14 A. and $6.5 \mathrm{v}, 1 \mathrm{~A} ., 8 / 6$. Input 230 v . Output $300 \cdot 0-300 \mathrm{v} .200 \mathrm{~mA}$ and 4 V .2 A. twice, $15 /=.100 \mathrm{yd}$. reels U.S.A. wire, glass insulation, 12/6. LIST AND ENQUIRIES S.A.E. pleasé. Terms, C.W.O. Postage extra. Immediate despatch
Callers \& post: W. A. BENSON (WW), 136 Rathbone Road, Liverpool, 15 Callers:
SUPERADIO(Whitechapel) Ltd., 116 Whitechapel, Liverpool, 2. ROY 1130

VALVE BASES (Stems)
in Lead and Hard Glass VALVE SLEEVES

## QUARTZ CRYSTAL CONTAINERS

 FILAMENTS (HEATERS) $\begin{gathered}\text { SNTRERED OR } \\ \text { UNSINTERED }\end{gathered}$We speciallse in short runs to customers' specifications. We invite your enquiries, also for-other Glass Parts for the Electronics Industry.

## DAY-IAAPEX LIMITED

Progress Works, Brunel Road
Eastwood Industrial Estate, Southend-on-Sea, Essex Telephone: EASTWOOD 525296;7

## VALVE MILLI-VOLT METER

The NEW VV60 Valve Milli-Volt Meter measures from 1 milli-Volt to 100 Volts rms in five ranges over the frequency $20-200,000 \mathrm{cps}$. Indication is on a robust $4 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in}$. meter. The output from the internal amplifier is available for feeding a- 'scope or any other indicator as required.
An illustrated leaflet is available from the sole manufacturer-

## GRAYSHAW INSTRUMENTS

126 Sandgate High Street, Folkestone, Kent:
Tel. Folkestone 78618

# Wilkinsons <br> METERS GUARANTEED <br> <br> F.S.D. <br> <br> F.S.D. <br> 50 Microamps <br> 100 Microamps 100 Microamps 500 Microamps 500 Microamps <br> 1 Milliamp <br> 1 Milliamp <br> 30 Milliamps <br> 100 Milliamps <br> 200 Milliamps <br> 500 Milliamps <br> 5 Amperes <br> 15 Amperes <br> 25 Amperes D.C. <br> 50 Ainperes 30-0.30 Ainp 50-0-50 Amp 20 Volts 40 Volts <br> CROSS POINTER METER8. 2 separate 100 microamp movements, 22/6 

 MICROAMMETER. 250 F.S.D. 31 1 in. F.R. Sangamo Mod, S37. Scaled for valve voltmeter. Circuit available free. 55/-. Post $1 / 6$.RADIOACTIVITY MEASURING INSTRUMENTS. Philips Type 1092B. A portable self-contained unit in haversack. Scaled 0 to 10 millirontgens per hour, using Mullard Geiger Counter MX115. £16/10/-. Cge. 15/WHEATSTONE RESISTANCE BRIDGE 1 to $\mathbf{1 0 , 0 0 0}$ ohms, plug type, $\mathbf{8 5}$. Carriage $7 / 6$.
OSCILLOSCOPE No. II with high-class amplifier. All normal controls 230 volts. $\$ 12 / 10 /=$. Carriage $15 /$
AVO TEST BRIDGES. $220 / 240$ volt A.C. Measure capacities from 5 pf . to 50 mfd . and resistances from 5 ohms to 50 megohms. Valve voltmeter range 0.1 to 15 volts and condenser leakage test. Full working instructions supplied with instrument. $89 / 19 / 6$. Post $3 /-$
OSCILLOSCOPE. Type 43. With $3 \frac{1}{2}$ in. C.R.T. 138A, 4-617, 3-VR54, 524 , VU120. Brand New with usual controls, power pack and leads. Suitable for 230 volts, $£ 10 / 10 /$, carr. $12 / 6$.
TEST KIT -TYPE 25, which consists of set of 3 cm . wave guides and step-down transformer, etc., in case, $87 / 10 /$, carriage $15 /$
TEST SET TYPE 198. Oscillator unit and power pack $10 \mathrm{SB} / 237 \mathrm{~s} 35$, carriage 20/.
FREQUENCY METERS. 45.55 Cycles per second 290 volts. 6 in. dia Flush Round. In maker's box. £10/10/-. Post 3/6.

RELAYS P.O. TYPE 3000


Built to your own specification

Keen Prices
Quick Delivery
Contacts up to
8-Changeover

MINIATURE RELAYS:
Siemens High Speed Sealed.

| Siemens High | Sealed |  |  | S.T | G.E.C. S | ded. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $2.2 \Omega+2.2 \Omega$ | H06A | 15/6 | $2 \Omega$ | 2 CO | 4184GA | 18/6 |
| $145 \Omega+145 \Omega$ | H96C | 19/6 | $700 \Omega$ | 2 CO | 4184GD | 19/6 |
| $500 \Omega+500 \Omega$ | H96D | 22/6 | $2500 \Omega$ | 1 make | 4186EE | 22/6 |
| $1700 \Omega+1700 \Omega$ | H96E | 25/- | $2700 \Omega$ | 2 CO | 4184GE | 21/6 |
| Siemens High S | Open |  | 1808 | 2 m 2 b | M1087 | 19/6 |
| $100 \Omega+100 \Omega$ | H85N | 15/- | $870 \Omega$ | 4 CO | M1092 | 21/6 |
| $850 \Omega+850 \Omega$ | H85W | 15/- | $2500 \Omega$ | 1 CO | M1022 | 22/6 |
| $1000 \Omega+1000 \Omega$ | H95A | 17/6 | $5000 \Omega$ | 2 CO | M1052 | 25/ |

SWITCHES. 1 hole fixing, 3 amp .250 volt.
1/6 each, $12 / \mathrm{doz}$
RACKS POST OFFICE STANDARD. 6ft. high with U-channel sides drilled for 19 in . panels; heavy angle base, 4 ft . 10 in . in stock.


$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { LOUDSPEAKERS. AXIOM } 150 \text { DUAL CONE } 12 \mathrm{in}, 15 \text { WATTS } \\
& 15 \text { OHMS, FULLY DUSTPROOF, \&7/19/6, POST } 7 / 6 \text {. PYE } 10 \mathrm{in} \text {, } \\
& \text { PORTABLE } 3 \text { OHMS } 50 / \% \text { CARR, } 7 / 6 . \text { 3in, ROUND PLESSEY } \\
& \text { SPEAKER, SEALED TYPE WITH PROTECIVE GRILLE } 19 / 6 \text {, } \\
& \text { POST } 1 / 6 .
\end{aligned}
$$

JACK PLUGS. Cylindrical bakelite screw-on cover, 2 contact $2 / 6$, post $6 d$. SOCKETS. One hole fixing for above, $3 / 6$, post 6 d . TERMINAL BLOCKS. 2-way $4 /-$ doz. or box of 50 for $15 / \%, 3$-way $6 /-$ doz., 50 for $22 / 6$. Post $1 / 6$. VARIAC. Type 200 CUH . Infinitely variable $0-270$ volts, 2.5 amps. Mounted in metal case with $0-250$ voltmeter and $0-1$ ammeter with with own input and output leads, complete unit, \$12/10/0, carr. 7/6.
VARIAC. Input 230 volts. Output infinitely variable $0-230$ volts and $0-270$ volts. 9 amps, bench or panel mounting. \$15, carr. 12/6.



Ietplione sex sype " $A$." kinging and Speaking both ways on a lour-core cable. Carries the voice loudly and clearly over any distance. Two handsets are supplied as illustrated and the set is complete with Pushes, Buzzers, Battery, Plugs and Sockets. We can supply 4-core PVC cable at 8d. per yard or 2-core at 3d. per yard extra. Price $75 /-$ set, post $3 / 6$.
ROTARY CONVERTERS. Input 12 D.C. Output 230 A.C. 50 cy . 135 watts. In fitted case with variable resistance, $0 / 300$ voltmeter. The ideal job for television where A.C. mains are not available. £10. Carr. 15/Special connectors, one fitted with 6 ft . heavy duty flex and clips for D.C. side $10 /-$ set, post $1 /$-. ROTARY CONVERTER ONLY, input 12 v , or 24 V . D.C., output 230 v. A.C., 185 watts $88 / 10 /-$, carriage $7 / 6$.
BATTERIES. Portable Lead Acid type, 6 volts 125 ampere hours. In metal case $16 \mathrm{in} . \times 18 \mathrm{in} . \times 11 \mathrm{in}$. (Two will make an jdeal power supply for our 12 volt
 amperes, 14 each, carriage $15 \%$ -
INI-PIVOT GALVANOMETER by Cambridge Instruments, 50-0-50 micro amps., dia. 4 in . Knife pointer, mirror scale. Complete with leather carrying case. Ideal for laboratory use. £10, carriage 3
SELENIUM METAL RECTIFIEPS
Charging Rectifiers. Full Wave Bridge.
12 Volts 1 Amp $\quad 8 / 6$ each $\quad 24$ Volts 1 Arnp $\quad 13 /-$ each $\begin{array}{llll}12 \text { Volts } 2 \text { Amps } & 13 / 6 \text { each } & 24 \text { Volts } 2 \text { Amps } & 24 /- \text { each } \\ 12 \text { Volts } 3 \text { Amps } & 16 / 6 \text { each } & 24 \text { Volts } 3 \text { Amps } & 28 /- \text { each }\end{array}$ 12 Volts $4 \mathrm{Amps} \quad 20 /$ each 24 Volts 4 Amps $\quad 36 /-$ each Discounts for quantities of above charging rectifiers.
MAINS TRANSFORMERS to suit above rectifiers.
12 Volts 1 Amp $12 / 6$ each 12 Volts 4 Amps CT107 29/6 each 12 Volts 2 Amps $24 /$-each CT10n 24 Volts 5 Amps $35 /$ - each 12 Volts 2.5 Amps 22/- each MT5B 24 Volts 3 Amps 25/-each T.C.C. CONDENSERS. $0.1 \mathrm{Mfd} ., 31 \mathrm{kV} .75 /-$ each, $1 \mathrm{Mfd} .10 \mathrm{kV} .45 /-$ each $10 \mathrm{Mfd} .10 \mathrm{kV} .150 /-$ each.

## RESISTORS EX STOCK IN OBANTITY WIRE WOUND, HIGH STABILITY GARBON ETG., BEST MAKES AT LOWEST' PRICE.



## MAGNETIC COUNTERS

Counting to 9999.
2-6 v. D.C., $15 /-$ each, post $1 / 6$ $75-230$ v. D.C. $15 /-$ each, post $1 / 6$ HIGH SPEED TYPE No. 100 c $35 /-$, post $1 / 6$.
HIGH SPEED COUNTER with zero reset, $45 /=$, post $1 / 6$

VEEDER-ROOT MAGNETIC COUNTER. General purpose type with zero re-set. 800 counts per minute up to 990,999 . 48 volt D.C. $55 /-$ post $2 / 6$ THERMOSTAT SATCHWELL, 12in. stem $0 / 250$ volt A.C./D.C. 15 amps A.C. 10 to 90 degrees cent. $25 /-$, post $2 / 6$

ROOM THERMOSTAT. Adjustable between 45 and 75 deg. Fahr., 250 10 amp. A.C. Ideal for greenhouses, etc., $35 /-$, post $2 /-$
SOLENOPDS. 12 volt D.C. $3 \frac{1}{2}$ in. lever, $5 /=$ ea., post $1 / 6$. Unit of $26,84 / 6 / 8$ Carriage $15 /$ -
THIS MONTH'S SPECIAL OFFER: PERMANENT MAGNET LOUDSPEAKERS 5 in. round, $12 / 6$, post $1 / 6$.

## MULTI RANGE TESTMETER 20,000 ohms ner Yoli

POCKET SIZE!
Performance equal to a high priced
20 Ranges
D.C. Gurrent $50 \mu \mathrm{~A}, 1 \mathrm{~mA}, 10 \mathrm{~mA}$, $100 \mathrm{~mA}, 1$ Amp.
Yolts D.C. $0.3,2.5,10,25,100,250$, $1,000 \mathrm{~V}$
Volts A.C. $10,25,100,250,1,000$. 3 Resistance Ranges from $0-20$ meg
ohms. $40 \mu$ A Meter 3 inin. arc. Accuracy D.C $3 \%$, A.C. $4 \%$, Ohms $5 \%$
Dimensions $55 \times 3 \frac{3}{3} \times 1 \times 1 \times 1 \mathrm{in}^{2}$
Weight 14 oz .
Price: $£ 10.0 .0$ Post $2 / 8$


# The book <br> that gives 

the

## BRITISH PLASTICS YEAR BOOK 1960

## - the 10 -in-1 book indispensable to all who make, buy or sell plastics


#### Abstract

Here, quickly and easily accessible, is all the data needed to answer the day-to-day trade problems of every user or producer of plastics goods, raw materials or machinery. Containing the equivalent of ten detailed reference books, BRITISH PLASTICS YEAR BOOK has long been recognised the standard buyers' guide and trade encyclopaedia for all concerned with plastics. For this 1960 edition, the whole work has been brought complceely up to date.


42s net by post 43 s 9 d 696 pp . 30th edition
from leading booksellers
Published for "BRITISH PLASTICS" by
ILIFFE \& SONSLIMITED•DORSETHOUSE•STAMFORDSTREET•LONDON•S.E. 1

## MARCUS FISHER <br> 9 GRONDESBURY RD., LONDON, N.W. 6 <br> ESTABLISHED 1918 <br> Phone: MAlda Vale 7554. <br> BRAND NEW PRODUCTS OF LEADING MANUFACTURERS ONLY, AT STUPENDOUS PRICES, <br> PORTABLE RADIO CABINETS. Beautifully finished in grey lizard washable rexine, 10 in . $\times 8 \frac{1}{1} \mathrm{in}$. $\times 4 \mathrm{in}$, closed. Med. \& L. aerial assembly under lid, detachable. All fittings. Ideal for many purposes. Unrepeatable at $12 / \mathrm{s}$. P. \& P. $2 /-$ <br> TURRET TUNERS. As incorporated in well known television receivers, and in original packing. I.F. $34165 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s} .-38 / 15 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$. complete with Mullard PCC84 and PCF80 Valves. Channels fitted, $1,2,3,4,5,8$, 9. Limited Quantity at 35/6 Post Free. <br> VALVES: EBF83 \%/; ECC81 \& ECC82 6/6; ECH83 12/5; ECL80 9/: EF86 i Of: EF80 6/-: EF91 4/9; EL84 8/-; EY86 9/6; PCC84 8/6; PCF80 \%/- PCL84 15i-; PCL82 II/-; PL36 $13 / 6$; PL8i $11 /-$ etc. <br> Substantial Reduction for Quantities. <br> JACK PLUGS: Standard type, fit all equipment. Black bakelite cover, 2 contact. $2 / 6$ each, 24/- dozen. <br> Cash with order. If under $£ 2$ add postage. Overseas Postage at cost. <br> Also numerous items not listed, in great variety, at special prices for quantitles, Resistors including transistor types, tubular and can condensers and clips, single and stranded equipment P.V.C., coils, vol. controls, gangs, ete. Also extensive range of new backdating Mullard and similar makes of valves and American types in great demand.

WE SPECIALISE IN MANUFACTURERS' \& WHOLESALERS' REQUIREMENTS.


Get Finest Value from IRONGATE-England's Leading Equipment Wholesalers Bulk Buying means LOWEST PRICES. All Equipment is in TIP-TOP condition


Essential equipment for Electronic Engineering, research laboratories, schools, Ideal for battery charging etc. Guarainteed for 20 amps. Output: D.C. Variable up to 20 amps. and 24 v . or triple charge $125 / 350 / 700$ ampere hours.
Input: A.C. $100 / 260$ volts $45 / 65$ cycles. Size: $16 \times 24 \times 32 \mathrm{in}$. high.
In attractive Grey Cabinet.
ex-Warehouse $£ 22-10-0$
(Girc, fiogs, ond instru. lomeded for 10/-deposit)

## G.E.C.

L.T. SUPPLY UNIT
OUTPU'T: 24 volts 10 amps, D.C.
INPUT: $200 / 250$ New and folts A.C. E 13.10 .0 Carr. $9 / 6$


ROTARY CONVERTORS. 12 v. D.C. input. 230 volts A.C. 150 watts, 50 cyeles output. Housed in wooden case and fitted with voltage control slider resistance, switch, plugs and A.C. mains voltage output individually tested, $£ 9 / 19 / 6$ each. P. \& P. 10/-.

## BRILLIANT CONDITION EX-GOV'T WAVEMETERS




OUTPUT (2KVA) Completely Variable 0 to 270 volts. 9 amps.
INPUT 230 Voles, 50/60~
A SHROUDED FULLY VARIABLE TRANSFORMER FOR BENCH OR PANEL MOUNTING. SIZE:-Approximately $8 \frac{1}{2}$ inches Cube WEIGHT:-Approximately 30 lb . Q 15.0 .0
PRICE: RIDICULOUS, ONLY Plus i2/6 carr., suppied and boxed new


## $1,000,000$ YARDS!!

 SCREENED WIRE FLEX FOR ONLY 3d. per yard For Immediate Delivery-priced lar below cost.. 0048 in . Covered .024 p.v.c. TMnned Copper, Screened. Assorted colours. Applications: Microphone leads, piek
pp heads, etc.
ON MAKER'S REELS'
220 yd REBLS (min. quantity) $55 /-$. P. \& P. $5 /-$ TEN REELA £25. Carr. Pajd.


## SUPER POWER

60 watt AMPLIFIER capable of taking 20 Truvox speakers.
£22/10/- per speaker. Carr. 17/6.
PUBLICADDRESS SYSTEM (EX GOVT) Complete with amplifier unit, 4 speakers, microphone, headphones and all spares packed in wooden cases. 6 or 12 volt D.C. handling capacity 8 watts. Ideal for cars,
boats, factories, etc. f/5/15/-. Carr. 30/.,

## AERIAL

 MASTSIMPROVED TYPE 50 MK II 36 ft . HIGH Kits comprise-six $2 \frac{1}{4} \mathrm{~m}$. dia, Tubular Steel sections of 6 ft . length, top-section and base YOU can purchase thite nournally expensive MAST for a fraction of its cont. able) wooden carrythe case
The MAST is The MABT is particugerials for Tr., Rake. F.M. and T.V. (expecthas many other uses. Extra 6it. gections cas be be
supplied at $17 / 8$ per section. supplied at $1 \% / 8$ per section.
$\mathrm{C} 8.10 .0 \mathrm{Ol} / \mathrm{y}$ Cart.
U.S.A. Type 45 ft . TELECOM. AERIAL MAST. ( 7 sections, 6ft. $8 \mathrm{in} . \times 2 \frac{1}{4} \mathrm{in}$. guys, etc.). This entirely complete set in carrying case 121 Gns. Carr. $17 / 6$. Or 2 sets for $\mathbb{1 2 5}$. Carr. extra. British Manufocture only.
ARMY TYPE 32ft. MASTS similar to above but 10 lin. screw-sections, suitable for permanent lightweight installation. Kit in canvas bag, f5/10/, Carriage 12/6.

## EXPORT ONLY

Just released by the Ministry of Supply, "88"" SETS. Manufactured by E. K. Cole. Walkie Talkie- 3,000 available.
"22" SETS ALSO-500 only.
TELEPRINTERS- 120 Creed 7B for immediate disposal. Enquiries are invited for Bulk supply ot reducing low prices.


#### Abstract

T.C.O. "CATHODRAX" VIBCONOL TYPES. 1 infd., 2 kV . wkg., F/6 each. $0.25 \mu \mathrm{~F} . .4 \mathrm{kV}$. Wkg., 61 - each. $0.05 \mu \mathrm{~F} ., 8 \mathrm{kV}$. Wkg., $7 / 6$ each. $0.1 \mu \mathrm{~F}$., 5 kV . Wkg., $6 / 6$ each. $0.05 \mu \mathrm{~F} ., 5 \mathrm{kV}$. wkg., $6 / 6$ each. $0.1 \mu \mathrm{~F}, 6 \mathrm{kV}$. wkg. $7 / 6$ each. $0.5 \mu \mathrm{~F}$., 2.5 kV . wkg., $6 / 6$ each. $0.25 \mu \mathrm{~F}, 2.5 \mathrm{kV}$. W.kg., $61-\mathrm{e}$ erch. $0.0025 \mu \mathrm{~F}, 6 \mathrm{kV}$. wkz: $5 /-$ eacb. $0.0022 \mu \mathrm{~F} ., \mathrm{F} \mathrm{kV}$. Wkg., $4 / 6$ each. $0.005 \mu \mathrm{~F}, 5 \mathrm{kV}$. Wkg., $5 /-$ each  2.5 kV . Wkg. 4 - each. $0.005 \mu \mathrm{Fa}$., All the above are tubalar stud mo-nting.

BLOCK PAPER TYPES. 0.002 mfl ., 15 , , V.P.K., 100 smps. discharge at 500 times per second, size 16$\} \times 9 \times 3$ 保, ce ramu: insul., $25 / 6$ each, $3 /-$ post. 0.05 mfd . 16 kV . wkg., at 71 deg. C. ce ramulc insul.,siz) $14 \times 12 \downarrow \times 81 ., 30 /-$ each, $5 /-$ poast.  wkg., $4 / 6$ each. 4 mid., 1 kV ., $5 / 6$ each. 4 mid. 2 kV . wkg. 616 cach.




## 25FT. AERIALS

super quality very heavily gal vanised steel tubes, no guy ropes needed, four 5it., 2 in . dia. steel ubes Bt into the ceramic insulated base, these are then pegged to the ground. Aerial mast in four sections steel tubes $23 \ln$. dia., tapering to lifn., at top of mast. Complete aerial with an polen, base and stakes, etc. £12/10;Weight packed 21 ewt.

## POWER UNITS

$100-250$ volt A.C., input, 24 v ., at 3 amps or 12 v ., twice at 3 amps . each winding. Continuous tropica rating, switched and fused. etc., in metal case that fite any 19in. rack, size $19 \times 7 \times 7 \mathrm{in}$. Brand new 83/15/-,.carr. 7/6 (With cirouit)

## SMOOTHING UNIT

for the above power aupply

chokes and 0.1 mA . meter (grade I) in metni case. same as the p.un. $£ 2$, carr. 7/6.

## RANGE CONVERTOR

(part of $\mathbb{Z} 206$ Rec.), $115-600 \mathrm{kc} / \mathrm{s}$, on three lands. large dial with a Murbead slow motion drive. Valves EF39, ARTH2, the set can be used with R107, R208, and many other types of receivers 32/6 each. Carr. 7/6.


## GRAHAM GEARED MOTORS

115 volts A.C., $1 / 6$ th $^{\text {H.IP., variable }}$ speed box $0-160$. Bize of unit $14!\times 9\} \times 8 \mathrm{in}$. $88 / 10 / \mathrm{l}$. Carr. $10 \%$ Transformers to operate this unit 35/- each.


## TEST SET TF 640B/I

Absorption Wavemeter Freq., 2 zaetres, contains 0.1 mA . meter valve IN5, etc., beautifully made brase and copper case, plus the 2ft. serial. Brand new $39 / 6$ each. Post $3 / 6$

SHICA GEL in 16 oz. bage, 5 for $5 /$. Post $2 /-$
WIRELESS SET No. 19, Mk. 2. Two trans./Recs. in one case, "A" set $2-8 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$ $\mathbb{R} / \mathrm{T}$ and CW . $\mathrm{B}^{\prime}$ set $240 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$. $\mathrm{B} / \mathrm{T}$ only. 15 valves 500 microamp meter, Varioncter, Control box 3B, all leads, key and plug aasernbly, No. 1 headset Microphone and headphones M/C., and 12 -volt rotary nower unit. All mounted G.P.O. type (ex equipment), $3 / 6$ each. Post $1 /$ -

STEEL RACKS. 5ft. high, takes 19in. panels, complete with base and 6 shock mountings fitted. f2 5/-cirr
METERS. $0-100$ amps. 6m. scale, suitable for A.C. or D.C. (moving iron), 22 each. $90-180$ volts tin. seale sultable for A.C., D.C. (M.I.), $35 /=$ each. Postage $3 /$ - on each. (New).
PRESSURE GADGES. $6 i n$., scale 0.250 mm . Hg., (new) $22 / 10 /$ - each.
VENTLATORS. 115 v., $1 / 20$ th., H.P., continuous rating, blower snail type with filter. £3 each. Carr. 7/6 (new).
RF DRIVER UNIT. Frea. 100-156 Mc/s., valves 2, 4304CB/c; 2, CV1079; 1, CV1052 0.100 mA ., meter $33 / \mathrm{n}$. scale, 3 slow motion drives and C.O. section. fits any 10 m . rack. Brand new in maker's cases. No charge for case or packing. Price Es each Pout 10\%
please include postage on goods
TERMS C.W.O. All goods offered are ex-W.D. S.A.E. for enquiries
W. MILLS

3-B TRULOCK ROAD, TOTTENHAM, N.I7 Phone: Tottenham 9213 \& 93330

## Cooper-Smith HIGH FIDELITY AMPLIFIERS REALISTIC SOUND-

## REALISTIC PRICES!

SUPPLIED DIRECT TO HI-FI ENTHUSIASTS ALL OVER THE WORLD GUARANTEED 3 YEARS
LABORATORY BUILT OR IN DO-IT-YOURSELF KIT FORM


## When it's


-it's accurate
(Even when the barrel diameter is only 2 inches)


Absolute functional accuracy-regardless of the size! This is why Elliott's well-known $3 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in}$. and $2 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in}$. barrel diameter Miniature Instruments have won the confidence of radio and television engineers. Now Elliott's have taken another forward step in instrument miniaturization-the ELLIOTT 2-IN. BARREL MINIATURE INSTRUMENT. Like its two forerunners, this new model offers high sensitivity, extreme robustness and competitive prices. These are the only instruments of their kind available and . . . whatever the size . . . Elliott-accuracy is assured!

All instruments to K113 fixing dimensions and B.S.S. Accuracy Specification.

Electrical Measurement Division
ELLIOTT BROTHERS (LONDON) LIMITED
Century Works, S.E. 13.
(Tideway 1271)
A Member of the Elliott-Automation Group.


## DEPENDABLE RADIO SUPPLIES LTD.

12a TOTTENHAM STREET, LONDON, W.I. 12 minutes Goodge Street Station. Opp. Heals in Tottenham Court Road) Phone LANgham 7391/2. Terms: Cash with order or C.O.D.

## POST OFFICE RELAYS <br> TYPE 3,000

BUILT UP TO YOUR REQUIREMENTS

Type 600 also available

## COMPONENT PARTS ALL PLATED

Yokes, 3/- each.

## 3/- each.

Top Plates, 3d. each. Fixing Screws (with Adiustable, $1 / 3$ each. Spiadles, I/- each.

Top Plares, 3d. each. F
Bortom Plates, each. Armatures djustab Serews

BUILD UPS CONTACTS

types of relays built to your
specification

## SIEMEN'S HIGH SPEED C/O RELAYS

$250+250$ ohm Twin Coils $\quad 6 / 6 \quad 1,000+1,000$ ohm Twin Coils $10 / 6$ $850+850 \quad 8 / 6 \quad 1,700+1,700 \quad 17 / 6$

| G.E.C. MINIATURE SEALED RELAYS |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| No. $\geq 530002$ | Ohm's. | Build Up's | Voltage |  | 6 |
| Z. 530005 | 2 | 2 C | 1.3 | 12 | 6 |
| Z. 530006 | 40 | 2 C | 6 | 15 | 0 |
| 2.530008 | 670 | 2 C | 24 | 19 | 6 |
| Z.530010 | 40 | 2 C 2 K | 6 | 17 | 6 |
| Z.530011 | 180 | 2C 2 K | 12 | ¢1 2 | 6 |
| Z.530014 | 2 | IC | - 1.3 | 10 | 6 |
| Z.530015 | 40 | IC | 6 | 12 | 6 |
| 乙 530016 | 180 | IC | 12 | 19 | 6 |
| 2.530018 | 2,500 | IC | 48 | Cl 2 | 6 |
| Z. 530019 | 2 | 2 C 2 K | 1.3 | 14 | 6 |
| Z.530020 | 2 | 4 C | 1.3 | 16 | 6 |
| Z. 530022 | 2 | M.B. | 1.3 | 12 | 6 |
| Z.530023 | 2 | 2B 2M | 1.3 | 12 | 6 |
| Z. 533024 | 40 | 2 M | 6 | 12 | 6 |
| Z. 530025 | 40 | M.B. | 6 | 12 | 6 |
| 工,530027 | 180 | 2M | 12 | 17 | 6 |
| Z.530028 | 180 | M.B. | 12 | 17 | 6 |
| 2.530031 | 670 | M.B. | 24 | 17 | 6 |
|  | MIN | ATURE S | LED R |  |  |
| 4184GD | 700 | 2 C | 24 | 19 | 6 |



AS SUPPLIED TO GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENTS
AND LEADING MANUFACTURERS. NEW AND BOXED.

## ROTARY

TRANSFORMERS

## Made by DELCO

 TYPE 1, 27/6. P. \& P. 3/6. TYPE 2, 37/6. P. \& P. 3/6. Type 1. Dual voltage 12 or 24 v ., input 265 v ., 120 mA . output; 500 y., 26 mA . out. put.Type 2. 12 v . Input 275 v . 110 mA . output; $500 \mathrm{v},$. mA. output.
Both zypes dual output.
MADE IN U.S.A.
OTHER DYNAMOTORS IN STOCK, SEND FOR LIST

## RADI(T) TRAERS LTD.

23 WARDOUR ST., LONDON, W.I (Coventry Street and)
Phone No.: GERrard 3977/8 Grams: "Radiotrade"
STOCKISTS OF CARR FASTENER COMPONENTS
ALL POPULAR. TYPES
OF


TRANSISTORS. A.F. $7 / 6$ each. R.F. I5/- each.
TRANSISTOR CONDENSERS. Miniature Electrolytic Capacitors,
 $12 \mathrm{v} ., 2.5 \mathrm{mid} .25 \mathrm{v} ., \mathrm{i} .6$ mid. .6 v .id 1 mid . 12 v . All these types of condensers are $2 / 6$ each. SPECIAL DISCOÜNTS FOR QUANTITIES.

## THREE ASTOUNDING TV TUBE OFFERS

All brand new in famous makers' cartons
(1) ITin. rectangular aluminised 6.3 HTRS .3A current; max. anode voltage 16 kV . Usual price $\mathrm{f} 17 / 5 /-$. OUR PRICE $69 / 19 / 6$. Crating and carr. 15/-. (2) Ferranti T12/44 and Ti2/54G 12 in . magnetic white fluoreseence; 4 v . heater; max. anode 10 kV . As used in many TV receivers. Original price £17/5/-. Our price E4/19/6. Crating and carr. $12 / 6$.
(3) Ferranti 9 in. Tube round white fluorescence, 5 v , heater, max, anode voltage 7 kV . Our price $62 / 19 / 6$. Crating and carr. $11 / 6$.
JONES PLUGS AND SOCKETS. 4 pin $2 / 6$ pair; 6 pin $3 / 6$ pair; 8 pin $4 / 6$ per pair: 12 pin $6 / 6$ per pair. If cover required send $1 / 6$ extra per cover.
WANDER PLUGS. Red and black ............................... doz. 2/PHILIPS TRIMMER TOOLS I/- each ........................ doz. $10 / 6$ 4-WAY PUSH-BUTTON UNITS $2 / 6$ each. Knobs for same, 3d. each. POINTER KNOBS. Small black with white line, $7 / 6$ per doz. Small white with black line $8 /-$ per doz. Both types $\ddagger i n$, spindle. Large price reductions for 1,000 lots and over.

CASH WITH ORDER OR C.O.D. ALL ORDERS DEPT. W.I.
ALL ORDERS FOR LESS THAN $£ 2$ ADD POSTAGE.
We invite your enquiries for items not 'isted.
Trade Counter open 9 to 6 Monday to Friday.
Also 9 to 1 Saturday. Callers welcomed.
Large stocks of all types of resistors, condensers, valveholders always available ex stock. Manufacturers' enquiries welcome.

##  <br> THIS IS OUR JUBILEE YEAR BLANK CHASSIS

1960

Precision made in our own works from commercial quality hallhard aluminium of $16 \mathrm{~s} . \mathrm{w.g}$. (1/16in.) thickness, these chassis go at1 over the world (they even 80 off it-in rockets!).
Same day service for ANY SIZE, to nearest $1 / 16 \mathrm{in}$, and up to 17 in . long and 4 in . deep, of straightforward two, three or four-sided chassis. Orders for specials dealt with promptly when accompanied by clear instructions or drawings.

SOLDERED CORNERS
While these chassis, owing to their thickness, hardness and efficient folding, will carry components of considerable weight and normally require no corner strengthening, we can do this if required by a special soldering technique at 6d. extra for each corner.
FLANGES
 PRICE GUIDE (normal chassis only)
Work out total area of material required, including waste, and refer to table below:

| $48 \mathrm{sq}$. in. | 4/- | 176 sq. in | 8/- | $304 \mathrm{sq}. \mathrm{In}$. | 21 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 80 sq. in. | 5/ | 208 sq. in. | 9/- | 336 sq. in. | 131 |
| 112 sq. In. | 6/ | 240 sq. in. | 10\% | 368 sq, in. | 44/- |
| 144 sq. in. Post 1/3 | 7/- | $272 \text { sq. in }$ | 11/- | and pro rata Post 1/9 |  |

Discount for quantities. Trade enquiries invited.
Spray finishing arranged for quantities of 25 or over.

## PANELS

The same material can be supplied for panels, screens, etc. Any size up to 3 ft. at $4 / 6 \mathrm{sq}$. ft. (sq. in. $\times$ dd.) Post, up to 72 sq . in. $9 \mathrm{dd.}$, sq. in. 1/3. 144 sq . in. $1 / 6,432 \mathrm{sq}$. in. 1/9, 576 sq , in. $2 /=$

[^15]Telephone: PAD 5891/7595

## GEE (Bros.) RADIO LTD.

15 LITTLE NEWPORT STREET, LONDON, W.C.2. GER. 6794/1453 ADIOINING LEICESTER SQUARE TUBE STATION-Open 9-6 Weekdays, 9-1 Sat.

## P.A. SYSTEM EQUIPMENT FOR INDOOR OR OUTDOOR USE

 VORTEXION portable AMPLIFIER
A first-class am plifier for 200 / 250 v . A.C. or 12 v D.C. operation. 10 watt pushpull output matched to 7.5 , 15, 250 or 500 ohms.
incorporates inputs for mike and gram, volume control and bass and treble control. Good working order. ONLY E9/19/ rr. $10 / 6$


## ACCUMULATORS

 12 v. 25 A.H. New and unused. Housed in strong wooden case for extra proection, 451-. 75.2 v. 100 A.H. 75 actual. Ex-Govt. New and unused. Complete with carrying handle. Size $6 \frac{1}{2} \times 6 \frac{1}{2} \times 3 \frac{1}{2} i_{n}$, 15/- each. Carr. 3/6. 3 sent for $50 /-$, or 6 for $\$ 5$, carr. paid. Ditto 16 A.H., 5/-. P. \& P. 2/: 6 for 24\%. P. \& P. 10/-. Ditte 14 A.H., less handle. 5/-. P. \& P. 2/-; 6 for 24/-. P. \& P. 10/-. EXPOTENTIAL HORNS by famous manufacturer of P.A. systems.20 watt, 42 in . long, 2 lin . dia. horn, 15 ohms speech coil. Good condition $£ 8 / 10 /$. Carr, $10 /$. 10 watt, 30 in . long, 20 in . square flare, 15 ohms speech coil. Good condition, 66/10/-. Carr. 10/VITAVOX PRESSURE UNITS TYPE N Heavy Duty. Special quality. 20 watts P.M. Brand new, Bo/-. Ditto but in good order, 40/-. Carr. 5/- on each.
 TRUVOX/TANNOY LOUD-HAILERS With 180 ohm line transformer and condenser. Impedance $7 \frac{1}{2}$ ohms, handling capacity 8 watts. Complete in slopefront wooden case. Brand new 25/-. P. \& P. $3 / 6$.
6in. P.M. HEAVY DUTY SPEAKERS. Complete with O.P. trans. in all steel blue-grey double grilled cabinet. Size $8 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in}$. square $\times 4 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in}$. deep. New, 30/. Carr, $3 / 6$
$8 i n$. Ditto, Size $10 i n$, square $\times 5 \frac{1}{2}$ in. deep. New. 35/-. Carr. $3 / 6$.
HEAVY DUTY ALL STEEL TRIPOD STANDS. Adiustable every 6in. to approx. fr. bin. when fully extended. (Folds up to only 4 ft . 6 in . for storage). Suizable for outdoor speakers, public address systems, floodlighting. etc., etc, (as illus. Dec.). OUR PRICE $£ 3 / 10 /$. Carr. 5/-.

## All items available ex-stock

RECORDING TAPES. Super quality P.V.C. 1,800ft. L.P. 7in. spools, $30 /-$; 1,200ft. Std. 7in., 19f: Empty 7in. spools 4/- each. All post paid.

(190)

## G.P.O. RACKS

19 in . Heavy duty, all steel. Standard drilling. 5 ft 6in. angle uprights.
$63 / 10 /$ Carr. $15 /-$. 6ft. channel uprights (as illustrated) 65. Carr. 15/. 7 ft , channel uprights. 66. Carr. 15/-

19 in x 14 in . PA NEL SHELF in 14 s.w.g. steel. Suitable for above racks. 15/n. P. \& P. 5/-.

ROTARY CONVERTER. 24 v , D.C. to 230 v. A.C. 50 cyeles, 150 watts. Brand new and unused. $68 / 10 /$-. Carr. 7/6. Ditto, 100 watts, 66/9/6. Carr. 7/6.
ROTARY CONVERTER. Ex-Govt. 12 v . D.C. Input, 230 v. A.C. output, 50 cycles at 135 watts. Complete in carrying case with lid. Voltage control, sllding resistance, mains switch and $0-300$ v. A.C. flush meter. In good condition, El0. Carr. 10\%.
Motor only, without case, etc. Brand new Motor only, without case, e
and unused, $£ 8 / 10 /$. Carr. $5 /$.

VARIABLE VOLTAGE TRANSFORMER. (BERCO Regulator) Pri. 440 v. 50 cycles, sec. $0-440 \mathrm{v}$. at 6.5 amps , or can be connected for 230 v . to give $0-230 \mathrm{v}$. at 12 amps . Brand new and unused $E 18 / 10 /$ at. Carr. $10 \%$.
$6 \mathrm{kV} / \mathrm{A}$. AUTO-TRANSFORMER, $230 / 110 \mathrm{v}$. 50 cyeles (fully tapped primary and secondary). Capable of $25 \%$ over actual rating. Brand new and unused. ©18. Carr. 20/\%. Also 3 kV/A as above. $£ 12 / 10 /$. Carr. 201 -
$20 \mathrm{kV} / \mathrm{A}$ AUTO-TRANSFORMER. $230 / 115 \mathrm{v}$. 50-60 cycles, by Jefferies Transiormer Co., U.S.A. Perfect condition. $£ 20$. Carr. fl .
CONSTANT VOLTAGE TRANSFORMER. 190-260 \%. primary, sec. 115 v . at $1 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{kV} / \mathrm{A}$ (listed at $2 \mathrm{kV} / \mathrm{A}$ ). Brand new and unused. $£ 25$ or $£ 45$ per pair. Carr. 10/-. each.
A.C.-D.C. RECTIFIER POWER SUPPLY UNITS
$110 / 230 \mathrm{v}$. A.C. 50 cycles input, $100 / 110$. v. D.C. output max. $2 \frac{1}{2}$ amp. Brand new and unused, $£ 4 / 10 /$-. Carr. $7 / 6$.
230 v. A.C. 50 cycles input, $200 / 220$ v. D.C. output as $3 / 4 \mathrm{amps}$. approx. Good condition. El0. Carr. 10/-
$200 / 250 \mathrm{v}$. pri., 110 v . sec, at 4 amps , max. Brand new and unused, $68 / 10 / \%$. Carr. 10/.
AIRBORNE TRANSMITTER RECEIVER. TYPE 1986. A mobile 10-channel crystal controlled V.H.F. Tx/Rx. covering $124.5 / 156 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$. I.F. band width $23 \mathrm{kc} / \mathrm{s}$. Complete (less external attachments) in metal case, with all valves and 24 v . rotary power unit. Used but in first-class conditlon. ONLY E8/IO/-. Carr. paid. Also. complete with control box and all necessary connecting leads, $£ 12$, carr. paid.
AIRCRAFT RADIO RECEIVER. (BY R.C.A.) AIRCRAFT RADIO RECEIVER. (By R.C.A.)
Freq. $195 \mathrm{Kc} / \mathrm{s}$. to $9050 \mathrm{Kc} / \mathrm{s}$. ( $33-1500$ metres) Freq. $195 \mathrm{Kc} / \mathrm{s}$. to $9050 \mathrm{Kc} / \mathrm{s}$. ( $33-1500$ metres)
continuous. For 28v. D.C. input with built-in continuous. For 28 v . D.C. input with buitt-in
dynamotor. This 6 valve receiver with 2 R.F. stages dynamotor. This 6 valve receiver with 2 R.F. stages
and 2 I.F. stages with B.F.O. and C.W. is in our opinion one of the finest sets so far released by the Air Ministry. E7/lo/-. Carr. 5/-.

## TELEPHONE SETS (TELE "F'")

Housed in Bakelite cases, complete with built-in ringing generators and batteries. Ideal between two or more positions up to practically any distance. Tested before despatched. ONLY 70/-. P. \& P. 3/6. 2 sent for $£ 6 / 10 \%$ Carr. paid.
TELEPHONE CABLE. Twin one-mile drums (Don. 8), E5. Carr. 20/. Single onemile drums (Don 3), 50/. Carr. 7/6.
TELEPHONE DIALS. Standard (G.P.O.)
Pattern. 0-9. Brand new. 30/-. P: \& P. 1/-.
AVO VALVE DATA MANUAL. Containing a host of information on hundreds of valves including civilian equivalents of many service types, $21 \%$ Post free
TELESCOPIC AERIAL MAST. 20ft., 4 sections of 5 ft . each. Independently locking at any height. Tapering from 2 in . to $\frac{3}{\mathbf{k}} \mathrm{in}$. (less any height. Tapering from
AERIAL MAST (Army type), 32ft, high. Lightweight kit comprising 10 steel screw-in sections (approx. Hn. dia.). Complete with guys, insulators, pegs, erc. All in canvas carrying bag. Only E 4. Carr. 7/6.


BRAND NEW CRYSTAL CALIBRATER No. 10 . (Battery powered I, 4 v . valves.) Complete with full working instructions, circuit diageth carrying haversack, connecting lead and splatim valves. Frequency range: 1.5 to $10 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$. (norifith but can actually be used up to $30 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$. Weighit but can actually be used up to $30 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$. Weighit
5 lb , Size 7 in . $\times 7 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in}, x 4 \mathrm{in}$. A minlature B.C. 2 it 51b. Slze 7in. $x 7 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in}, \times 4 \mathrm{in}$. A minlature B.C. 24 in every respect. A must for every laboratory. etc. ONLY $£ 4 / 19 / 6$. P. \& P. $2 / 6$.

## BRIDGE

 MEGGERS Evershed and VignoleSeries 2 in
dition. 250 v. $£ 22$, carr.
p a i d
Leather
case avail-
able at 20/-

extra.
C.M.G. 25 PHOTO CELLS (OSRAM). Brand new, $15 / \%$ P. \& P. 1/-. EVERSHED 12 PEN TIME RECORDER. Portable 12 -channel instrument for simultameotes recording of 11 events with time marks provided by the 12 th pen. Recording is in the form of "on/off" pulses. Speed 2 in . per sec. Price unused (less pens), flo. Carr. 101-
evershed and Vignoles Megger
 CIRC TESTER (low reading ofim meter) 2 30 ranges. $0-3$. 0 30 ohms. The periect meter for continuity and polarity testing. complete with test leads and ready to use. £ $4 / 17 / 6$. P. \& P. 31.

## MULLARD

## BRIDGE

Type GM. 4140/1 Mains operated Mains operated A.C. Will tes resistances from 0.1 ohm to 10 megohms and con densers from 10 pf . to 10 mfd . Good condition and com plete with instruc tion booklet. £6/19/6. P. \& P. 2/6


MARCONI SIGNAL GENERATOK, 1 YPE TF517-F/I. Covering $10-18 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$. $33-58 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$. $150-300 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$. In very good condicion. Complete with full technical data and instructions Unrepeatable at only $\mathbf{6} 12 / 10 /=$. Carr. 20/-
MARCONI SIGNAL GENERATOR. TYPE TF390G. for $200-250$ V. A.C. mains input. Frequency range $4-16 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$, and $32-100 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$. indirect calibration. Output $1 \mu \mathrm{~V}$ to $100 \mathrm{M} / \mathrm{V}$. $400 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{s}$ internal modulation. In good order. Only E12/10\%. Carr. 20/.
MARCONI VALYE VOLTMETERS TF.A28 B/I. 5 ranges A.C. and D.C. $1.5,5,15,50 \mathrm{aod}$ 150 v . A.C. mains operation $200 / 250 \mathrm{v}$. Supplied in good worklng order. C14. P. \& P, $7 / 6$.

鰂

## ACHLDDD EL36 ...19/1

A $\begin{array}{rr}\text { AC/P } & 7 / 6 \\ \text { AC5PENDD } \\ & 26 / 6 \\ \text { ACGPEN } & 6 / 6 \\ \text { ATPA } & 3 / 6\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lll}\text { ACGPEN } & 6 / 6 \\ \text { ATP4 } & \ldots & 3 / 6\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{ll}A Z 1 & \cdots . .101 \\ \text { AZ31 } & \cdots 101-\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lll}\text { AZ41 } & \ldots .13 / 11 & \text { EM34 } \\ \text { B36 } & \ldots . .10 / 1 & \end{array}$

FOR Valves, tubes and components: by return post service

# Special Difer! HIGH QUALITY RECORDING TAPE 

By Famous Manufacturers

Stand. Play, 1,200ft., 7in. reel Stand. Play, $600 \mathrm{ft} ., 5 \mathrm{in}$. reel Long play, $1,800 \mathrm{ft}$., 7 in . reel Long play, $1,200 \mathrm{ft}$., $5 \frac{3}{4} \mathrm{in}$. reel Double play, $2,400 \mathrm{ft}$., 7 in . reel

22/6 (P. \& P. 1/6) 16/6 (P. \& P.1/-) 32/6 (P. \& P. 1/6) 25/- (P. \& P. 1/-) 65/- (P. \& P. I/6)

New additions to GOODMANS speaker range

Latest release of two $10^{11}$ units<br>AXIOM $110=$ E5. 10 watts $40-1500 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{s}$ AXIOM 112 - $\mathbf{E 8} 10 \mathrm{~s} .12$ watts $40-15000 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{s}$<br>also the new Triaxiette Super $8^{\prime \prime}$ Unit. $£ 13$ 10s.<br>The well known $8^{\prime \prime}$ Axiette ( $\left.£ 6125.\right)$ and the $12^{\prime \prime}$ Audiom 60 ( $\mathrm{E9} 12 \mathrm{~s}$.) as recommended for two speaker systems, are still a vailable, ex stock.

RECOMMENDED RECORD PLAYER BARGAIN
E.M.I.-4-speed Single Flayer Unit, fitted with latest stereo and monanral Xtal cartridge and diual sapphire stylii. Auto stop and start. A tidelifty unit and bargain buy at only £6/19/6 (carr. and insurance 3/6).
SINGLE PLAYBRS; B8R (TU9), with Ful-Fi P, U, 80/-; GARRARD (4SP), E6/17/6. AUTOCHANGERS; BSR (UA8), £6/19/6. BRR UAS fitted with Etereo/Monaural cartridge, \&\%/19/6; COLLARO Conquest E7/19/6; GARRARD (RC121 4D, Mk. M) plug-in head, stereo adapted, 10 gns . Stereo head fi2 extra.
RECORD PLAYER CABINETS
Contemporary etfled, rexine covered NEW VALVES GUARANTEED
cablinet in two-tone famp and brown, or BOXED cabinet

 anodised metal iret. Space apbilable for all modern amplifiers and autochangers, etc. Uncut record player mounting board $14 \times 13 \mathrm{in}$ supplied.
Cabinet Price $£ 33.0$. Carr. and Ins. 3/6.
2.VALVE 2-WATT AMPLIFIER

Twin stage ECL82 with vol. and nep. reedback. Tons controls AC 200200 V, with kouble -wound Mains trans. Complete cabhinet.
0.in. speaker and matching trans., $22 /-$ P. \& P. $1 / 6$.

## TRANSISTORS

Bulk Purchase-Brand New
OA70

| OC70 $\ldots . . . . . . . .$. | $8 / 6$ | All branded |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| OC72 (XC101) $\ldots$. | $10 / 6$ | BVA Types. |

OC45 (XA101) ... 14/6 First Grade. OC44 (XA102) ... 16/6

## NOW!TheTouRISt Portable

4 valve. Med. * L. W., Itweight battery
 Complete receiver coruponent kit $57 / 6 \quad 1 / 6$ Set 4 minjature valves ( 9 s serics) $35 /=9 d$, 31i. Speaker \& O/put Trans. ....21/- 1/6 Cabinet, Dlal and Knobs, etc. ...22/6 $2 /=$ Cabinet, Dlal and Knoba, efc. . $22 / 62 / *$
Latest superhet circuitry delayed AVC and Latest superhat circ
A.F. Neg. teedbick.

Complete kit-BARGAIN-only \&6.10.0, post free

Terrific performanceRemarkable size-

Staggering Value
Send for Booklat NOW: 1/6 post tree
Designer-approved kits of parts for these quality and highly popular tuners available as follows
STANDARD MODEL (FMT)-aa previously ertensively adverised. COMPLETE KIT, 5 gns., post free. Set of 4 spec. valves, $30 /$, post iree.
LATEST MODEL (FMT2)-attractively presented shelf mounting unit to enclosed
 get of 5 spec, valves, $39 / 6$.
NEW JASON COMPREFENSTVE F.M. EANDBOOK, $2 / 6$ post free. 48 hr . Alignment Service, 7i6, p. \& p. $3 / 6$.

## MULLARD "3-3"

Quality built to Mullard's specifica. tion, with special sectionalised of Comple £6/19/6. P. \& P. $3 / 6$.

| C.R.T. Heater Isolation Transformers |
| :---: |
| New improved eypes-mains prim. $200 / 250 \mathrm{v}$, tapped |
| Isolation Transforme |
| ded with |
| ra charge. |
| ${ }_{2} \mathrm{~A}$ |
|  |
|  |
|  |
|  |

## RE-GUNNED TV TUBES

 NEW REDUCED PRICES
## .. and now 12 months guar-

 antee!All tubes rebuilt with new heater, cathode and gun assembly reconditioned virtually as new.
12in. $46,14 \mathrm{in} .47,17 \mathrm{in}$. 48.10.0, etc.

## 10/-part exchange

 allowance on old tube Carr. and ins. 10/-. Compre hensive stocks-quick delivery.CONDENSERS-Sliver Mica. All prei. values, 2 pl, to 1,000 pl., 6 d . each. Ditio.
ceramics 9 d . each. Tubulars 450 v. T.C.C. ceramics 9 d . each. Tubulars 450 v. T.C.C.
etc., 001 mid. -01 and 1,350 จ., 9 d . each. etc., 001 mid. -01 and 1,350 ק., 9 d, each,
$.02-1 / 500 \quad v ., 1 /=$ each. .25 Hints $1 / 6, .5$
 RESISTORS-FULL RANGE 10 ohms10 megohins $20 \%, \frac{1}{2} w$, and $\frac{1}{} w .3 \mathrm{~d} ., \frac{1}{2} ., 5 \mathrm{~d}$,
(Midget type modern rating), 1 W .6 d .2 w , (Midget trpe modern rating), $1 \%$. 6d. 2 w .
$9 \mathrm{~d} ., 10 \%$ Hi-Ntab \& w., 5d., $\mathrm{w}, 7 \mathrm{~d}, 5 \%$ $9 \mathrm{~d}, 10 \%$ Hi-Rtab 1 w. $5 \mathrm{~d} ., 1$ w, $7 \mathrm{~d} ., 5 \%$ hms 2/0),
PRE-SET W/W POTS. T/V Type, 25 ohms50 K ohms $3 /=$. $50 \mathrm{~K}-2 \mathrm{Meg}$. (Corbon $3 / \%$ ). SPEAKER FRET-Expanded Bronze anodised metal $8 \times 8 \mathrm{in} .23 ; 12 \times 8 \mathrm{in} .3 / \mathrm{m}$;
$12 \times 12 \mathrm{in}, 4 / 6 ; 12 \times 16 \mathrm{in}, 6 /-; 24 \times 12 \mathrm{~m}$. $12 \times 12 \mathrm{in}, 4 / 6 ; 12 \times 16 \mathrm{in}_{\text {. }}, 6 ;-; 24 \times 12 \mathrm{in}$. $9 /-; 36 \times 12 \mathrm{in} ., 13!6$, etc., etc. TYGAN FRET (Contemuorary pat.), $12 \times$ LOUDSPEAKERS-P.M. 3 obms, 24 in .,
 Rola, 17/6, 81n. Elac 18i6: $7 \times 4 \ln$, Good-
mans Elliptical, 18/6: 8in. Rola, 20/-; 10in. R. and A., $25 j=; 10 \mathrm{in}$. W.B.-HF1022; 9818. 12in. Plessey 15 ohms with $0 / 41 \mathrm{~L}$. Theeter and Cross Over Filter, 97/6.

Electrolytics All Types New Stock TUBULAR CAN TYPES

 \begin{tabular}{ll|lll}
$50 / 50$ \& v. $100 / 26$ <br>
$8.2 / 6$ \& $32+32 / 275$ \& v. $4 / 6$ <br>
$8 / 450$ v. \& $2 / 3$ \& $50+50,350$ \& v. 6.6

 $\begin{array}{llllll}8 / 450 & & 2 / 3 & 50+50,350 & \text { v. } 6 / 6 \\ 16+16 / 4 k 0 & \text { ₹. } & 8 / 6 & 60+2500,675 v .12 / 6\end{array}$ 

$16+16 / 4 k 0$ \& 甲. \& $0 / 8$ \& $60+250 / 275 \nabla .12 / 6$ <br>
$22+32 / 4>0$ \& v. \& $6 / 6$ \& $100+200 / 275$ v. $12 / 6$
\end{tabular} Comprehensive range in stock. VOLOME CONTROLS $-10 \mathrm{~K}-3$ Megohms. ALL LONG SPINDLES, MONCANITE MIDGET TYPE, 1 in diam. Guar. I yr.

LOA or LIN Ratlos less 8 Fw . $3 / \mathrm{m}$. Sw, 4/6. Twin gang contrels 14 Meg., $\frac{3}{2}$ Meg. 1 Meg. lesu Sw., each $8 / 9$.

## \% VALVE AM/FM RADIOGRAM CHASSIS

## 2 WAVEBAND GAR RADIO KIT

12 v. operation Med. \& Long Waves

| Modern devalopment of |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| vibratorless car radio clr- |  |
|  |  |
| ouit. Five latest tupeBrimar low voltage vaives |  |
|  |  |
| and power transistor. <br> stage and permeability |  |
| pre-allgned Cyldon Tuner |  |
| Unit provide extremely |  |
| good sensitivity and signal noise ratio. Printed clicuit for easy construction and |  |
|  |  |
| $8 \times 7 \times 2 \mathrm{in}$ with attracive calibrated dial Speaker and power transistor stage |  |
| monuted soparately approx. $8 \times 5 \times 3 \mathrm{in}$. |  |
| Recommended <br> Buy <br> Complete Kit <br> Bargoin Price |  |
| Inetructlos booklet and parts list available 3/6 post iree. | P. \& P. $8 / 8$ |

Valve Line-up: ECC85, ECH81, EF89, EABC80, EL84, EM81, EX80.

Three Waveband and Switched Gram postifons. Med. $200-$ ह800 m., Long 1,000-2,000 m., VEFiFM 85-95 Mc/s. Philip ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{s}$ Continental Tuning insert
with permeablifty tuning on FM and combined AM/FM IF transformers, $460 \mathrm{Ke} / \mathrm{s}$ and $10.7 \mathrm{Me} / \mathrm{s}$. Dust core tuning all colls. Iatest clrcuitry including AVC and Neg. Feedback. Three watt ontput Sensitivity and reproduction of a very high Illominated glase dial $11 \frac{2}{4} \times 3 / 3 \mathrm{in}$. Vertialin. Edge Horizontal station names. Goll on brown background. AC. 200/250 v. operation. Aligned and tested ready for use. \&13. 10.0 Carr. \& Ins. 5/-
Complete with 4 Knobs-walnut or lvory to chelee.
Three ohm P.M. speaker only required. Becommended quality speakers. 8 in . Goodmsins speclal cone
 10in. Rola (Reavy Duty).

As prevlously announced fresh suppliee are now being received, but we regret some slight delay may be experienced in fulfilling orders for this popuiar item.

ONLY A FEW ITEMSARELISTEDFROMOUR COMPREHEN. SIVE STOCK, WRITE NOW FOR FULL BARGAIN LISTS, 3d. Terms: C.W.O. or C.O.D. post and packing up $10 \frac{1}{2} / b, 7 \mathrm{~d}$. : l/b. $1 / \mathrm{l} ; 3 \mathrm{lb}, 1 / 6 ; 5 / \mathrm{b}, 2 /-; 101 \mathrm{~b} .2 / 9$.
$T \quad S$ RADIO COMPONENT SPECIALISTS
70 BRIGSTOCK RD.,THORNTON HEATH, SURREY
Established 1946. Tel.: THO 2188 Hours: 9 a.m.—6 p.m. I p.m. Wednesdoy

# Mal WiWWMWMNWMW/ <br> Visit the City's popular accoustically designed HI-F Centre <br> - M N N N 

DEPT. B
152/3 FLEET ST., LONDON, E.C. 4
Telephone: FLE 2833
Business hours: weekdays 9-6. Saturdays 9-1.
STOCKISTS FOR THE FOLLOWING


## HURRY! THE LAST OF THIS AMAZING OFFER FOR THE HI-FI ENTHUSIAST AT ENORMOUS REDUCTION.

THE NEW RCA ORTHOPHONIC



12-20 watt output. Distortion: harmonic less than $1 \%$ at 10 watts/700 c.p.s. Noise Level: 85 D.B. below rated output. Frequency Respanse: within .2D.B., 20/2,500 c.p.s., within . 5 D.B., $10 / 6,000$ c.p.s. Feedback: 40 D.B. cotal. Output Impedance: 3.4 ohms, 7 ohms and 15 ohms. Spare Power: 295 v./ 45 M.A. and 6.3 v .2 .5 amps . for pre-amp. radio tuner and tape amp. A.C. Input: 100 / radio tuner and tape amp. A.C. Input: 150 v , and $200 / 250 \mathrm{v}$. Valve Line-up: two EF86, two KT66 one GZ32. Dimensions: EF86, two KT66 one GZ32.
$16 \frac{1}{\frac{1}{4} \times 8 \times 7 \frac{1}{2} \text { in. Weight: } 3216 \text {. }}$

## PRE-AMP

## nput: Mic., radio/

 tape high and lownetic p/ups. Tape and Record: output. Bass and Treble; lift and cut continuously variable. Mixing Facilities: mic. input with radio and tape, low and high pass filter Valve Line-up: one EF86, two ECC81. Dimensions: $127 \times 6 \frac{1}{1} \times 3$ 3in. Wein. Weight: 71b. THE COMPLETE EQUIPMENT AT 29 GNS. Carriage 15/-

## THE RCA VARIABLE RELUCTANCE PICK-UP

A new design variable reluctance pick-up. Cartridge completely protected from dust, damp and mechanical shock. Embodies an 8 -pole balanced design providing the advantages of sensitivity and negligible hum with smooth and extended frequency response. Pick-up arm has simple tracking pressure selector and adjustable pedestal to suit all turntable heights. Fitted with dual sapphire stylus. Tracking pressure: micro-groove $5-7 \mathrm{gms} ., 78 \mathrm{r} . \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. $9-12 \mathrm{gms}$. with dual sapphire stylus. Tracking pressure: micro-groove 5-7
The RCA diamond LP stylus will fit most Collaro studio cartridges, brand new in sealed conThe RCA diamond
tainers. Only 25 $25 \%$ P. $\&$ pkg. $1 /-$.

## SOMETHING NEW FOR

## THE SERVICE MAN:

THE POCKET VALVE FILAMENT TESTER
Battery operated, it gives instane check on radio and TV valves, pilot lamps, fuses, continuity of circuit; also built-in 7 and 9 pin valve straightener. The ideal precision instrument for service engineer or amateur constructor. Finished in grey hammer case
with gold panel. Fully with gold panel. Fully guaranteed and ready for use. OUR PRIC
Post and packing $2 /$ -

## BRAND NEW AND GUARANTEED

7in. reels of $1,200 \mathrm{ft}$. P.V.C. base tape, $21 /$-, plus 1/6 post and pkg.
5 in . reels of 600 ft, P.Y.C. base tape, $14 / 6$, plus 1/6 post and pkg.
4in. reels of 300 ft . P.Y.C. base tape, $9 / 6$, plus 1/- pose and pkg.
7 in . reels of $1,800 \mathrm{ft}$. L.P. P.V.C. base tape, 32/6, plus $1 / 6$ post and pkg
5 zin. reels of $1,200 \mathrm{ft}$, P.V.C. base tape, $25 / \mathrm{M}$ plus 1/6 post and pkg.
New E.M.I. t/up spools in polythene bags, 3/6 each.
 nearly $£ 20$.

## HI-FIDELITY TAPE HEADS

Made by famous manufacturer. Brand new. Upper or lower erack, record/play-back, high impedance giving up to 12,000 c.p.s, at $7 \frac{1}{1}$ I.P.S output $5 \mathrm{~m} /$ volts at I KC at $7 \frac{1}{2}$ I.P.S. Erase heads low impedance.
Only $39 / 6$ per pair. Post $1 /-$. State upper or lower track.

REPEATING THIS WONDERFUL OFFER BELOW MFRS. PRICE
 MANUFACTURER'S PRICE
20 GN8.

## LIMITED

 NUMBER ONLY AT £ 14.19 .6Complete
Post \& Pkg. 7/6 Fully guaranteed

## AMPLIFIER AWD PRE-AMPLIFIER

Beautifully finished in Grey-Green Stove Enamel. Provision for tuner, bass and treble, 5-position selector for radio, mic., tape, LP and std. records.

This offer for limited period only. Made by famous manufacturer. Stereo amplifier on compact chassis, 3 wates each channel, separate balance and tone controls, volume and switch, 3 ohm impedance, designed for crystal pick-up, channel reverse switch, separate power pack. Our price $66 / 19 / 6$. P. \& pkg, 4/6.

Convert your T.V. Limited number of Cossor turret tuners, 2 valve cascode R.F. amplifier using (1) 7an7 valve, (2) freq. changer 8A8, output from converter, sound $10.1 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$., vision 13.6 $\mathrm{Me} / \mathrm{s}$. Fitted with aerial panel, fine tuning control. Brand new in maker's carton with full instructions and circuit. Original price 7 gns ., our price 39/6. P. \& pkg. 2/-. Can be used in sets made by Cossor, Argosy, Baird, Decca, Murphy, Peto Scott, Philips, Philco, Regentone, RGD and Stella. Available for London and Birmingham channels.

## C.R.T. ISOLATION TRANSFORMERS

For Cathode Ray Tubes having Reater/Cathode short ingtructions supplied. and $50 \%$. Tapped maina primaries.

##  <br> OUR LATEST SUPERIOR PRODUOCT TVA

Kigh Quality. Low capacity, 10/15ps $16 / 6$
Type B. Mains input Low capacity. Multi olutput $2,4,6.3,7.3,10$ and 13 volts. Optional soost $25 \%$ and $50 \%$. Sultable for all Cathode Ray Tubes $21 /$. RESISTORs. All preferred values. $20 \% 10$ ohms to 10
 to 10 meg. Ditto $5 \%, 9 \mathrm{~d}$., 100 D to 5 meg $\left.\begin{array}{r}5 \text { watt } \\ 10 \text { watt } \\ 15\end{array}\right\} \quad$ WIRE-WOUND RESISTORS ohms- 10,000 ohms WIRE-WOUND POTS, 3 w . 5 Pre-set Min. T.V. type Knurled Slotted knob, Il values 25 ohms to 25 K ., $3 /$ ea, $30 \mathrm{~K} ., 50 \mathrm{~K} .4 /$. 30 K. to 2 Meg., $3 /$. WIRE-WOUKD POTS, $4 / 3$ \&tandard size Pots, long Spindle R Fgh Grade. All Falues 100 ohms to 50 K 6/6: 100 K., 7/6. CONTROL $10 \mathrm{D}, 3 / \mathrm{m}$.
duty $50 \mathrm{~mA}, 4$. /F TRANSFOR E/6. Miniature 3V4, etc., $4 / 6$. Hygrade Puah-pull 10 watts, $15 / 6$. MULTARD " 510 " 6 k or $8 \mathrm{k} 30 /$ L. F. CHOKES $15 / 10 \mathrm{H} 60 / 65 \mathrm{~mA}$., $5 / \mathrm{F}$. 10 H 85 mA ., $10 / 6$. $10 \mathrm{H} 150 \mathrm{~mA} ., 14 / \mathrm{F}$.

| MAINS TRANSFORMERS $200 / 250$ 7. A. 0. STANDARD $250=0-250,80 \mathrm{~mA}, 6.3$ ₹. 3.5 A . tapped 4 v- 4 an Rectifier 6.3 ₹. 1 a., tapped 5 ซ. |  |
| :---: | :---: |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
| 8MALL, $250-0-250100 \mathrm{~mA}$., 6.3 จ. 3.6 a.......... 19 |  |
| EEATER TRANS., 6.3 v. 1\% a., 7/6:3 amp..... $10 / 6$ |  |
|  |  |
| GENERAL PURPOSE LOW VOLTAGE. Outputs 3, 4, 5 |  |
| $6,8,9,10,12,15,18,24$ and 30 v. |  | ALADDIN FORMERS and cores, $\frac{1}{2}$ in., 8d.; in., 10 d. 0.3 in . FORMERS 5937 or 8 and Cans TVI or $2,8 \mathrm{in}$. sq. SLOW MOTMON DRIVES. Epicyclic

OLORh. Midset soldering tronschc ratio $6: 1,2 / 3$ REMPLOY INSTRUMENT IRON. 230 v. 25 w., $17 / 6$ HAms DROPPERS, $3 \times 1$ ia $A d j$. Sliders, 3 amp LINE CORD. . $3 \mathrm{amp}, 60$ ohms per foot. $.2 \mathrm{amp}, 100$ ohms per foot, 2 way, 6 d . per foot, 3 way, 7d. per foot.

CRYSTAL MIKE INSERT by $A \cos 6 / 6$ Precision engineered. Size only $1 \times 1$ 咅 in
Acos CRYSTL DESK MKE. Bargain $35 /-$.
MKE TRANSF. $50: 1,3 / 9$ ea; $100: 1$ Potted, $10 / 6$ LOUDSPEAKERS P.M. 3 OHD $6 \mathrm{in} . \times 4 \mathrm{tn}$. Rols, $18 /-$ Sin. Rola, $17 / 6$.

 12 m . Baker 15 wt .3 ohm and 15 ohm models, $105 /$ 12in. Baker foam suspension 15 w
12 in . 15 ohm Plessey 10 wt., $45 /-$.

[^16]

THREE WAVEBANDS
8.W. $16 \mathrm{~m} .-50 \mathrm{~m}$. M.W. $200 \mathrm{~m} .-550 \mathrm{~m}$.
L. W. $800 \mathrm{~m} .-2,000 \mathrm{~m}$. L. W. 800 min Guarantec. A. Short-Medium-LongeGram C. $200 / 250$

FIVE VALVES IATEST MULLARD EL84, EZ80. Feedback 4.2 watts Chassis 13 A.V.O. and Negatlve Glass Dlal gize $10 \times 4 \mathrm{jin}$. horizontal or vertical. Two Pion Lamps. Four Knobs. Walnut or Ivory. Aligned and

BRAND NEW 29. 10. 0. Cart. 4/B
TERMS: Deposit $85 / 5 /-$ and 5 monthiy payments of £1
DULCI FM-AM MODEL H3
Siz Multsrd Valves, ECC85, ECE81, EF89, EABC80, EL842 E280. F.H.V. $108-87$ Me/s. Med. $180-530 \mathrm{~m}$. Lonk 1000 $1,900 \mathrm{~m}$. Gram inpak. Ready or use. Ac. Mains 200 Tuner. 12-month guarantee. Circuit supplied.
£19. 17. 6.
$+$
GARRARD 4-SPEED RECORD CHANGERS RC121/D MKII MODELS Brad new and fully guaranteed 12 months. AUDIO PERFECTION

Designed to play 16, 33, 45, 78 r.p.m. Records 7in., 10in. 12in. With plug-in GC8 NORMAL HEAD. OUR PRICE \$10. 100 . STEREO HEAD $£ 2$ extra


Or with Portable Cabinet, Amplifier \& Speaker
£11.19.6. Carr, and insurance 5/6.
B.S.R. MONARCH UA8 4-SPEED AUTOMATIC RECORD CHANGERS

Brand new and lully gusranteed 12 montiss OUR PRICE S6.19.6, 3/6 carr. and STEREO MODELS UAs, $£ 7 / 19 / 6$ UA12, £10/10/-

## AUTOCHANGER ACCESSORIES

Suitable player cabinets (uncut boards)... 49/\% Amplifier player cabinets with cut boards $63 /-$ 2 valve amplifier and $6 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in}$. speaker for above $79 / 6$ 3 valve amplifier and $6 \frac{1}{2}$ in. speaker for above 951 Wired and tested ready for use.

+ GARRARD 4-SPEED SINGLE S8. 10 AUDIO PERFECTION STEREO With plug in GC8 Normal heads $\left\{\begin{array}{c}\text { Stereo Heads } \\ £ 2 \text { extra } \\ \text { MODEL } 4 \text { HF } £ 18\end{array}\right.$

BATTERY-MAINS POWER PACK For "96" Range Valves Sanue size as batteries B128 and AD35, 90 ॠ. H.T., 14 \% L.T. 150 mA , only $1 /-\mathrm{a}$ year to run on A.C. 200
Made by COSSOR. List $63 /$-, our price 39/6.

THE HI-GAIN BAND 3 PRE-AMP Cascade circuit using Valve ECC84. 17 db gain. Kit $29 / 6$ less power; or $49 / 6$ with power pack. Plans only 6d.
Also Band I version same prices

LATEST "E.M.I." 4 SPEED SINGLE RECORD PLAYER
Acos 73 Hi -Fi Stereo and normal xtal pick-up for in., 10 in . and 12 in . records. Silent motor heavy turntable. Auto-stop fitted.

Special offer $\mathrm{E} 6 / 19 / 6$.
VOLUME CONTROLS
Midget stze:
Long spindle. Gua
1 year. All valuearanteed 5 K . ohms values.
No switch up to 9 Mes
Linear or Log Tracks.
80 ohm Cable Coxial Semi-alr spaced, $\frac{1}{2}$ in. dia Ideal Band II $\quad \mathbf{6}^{\text {d. }}$. Post 1d. per yard extra
FRINGE QUALITY AIRSPACED .... $1 /$ - yd

COAXIAL PLUGS LEAD SOCRETS
$2 / 1 / 6$
$400 \Omega$ PANEL SOCKET OUTLET BOXES BALANCED TWIN FEEDER per yd, 6d., $80 \Omega$ or $300 \Omega$
TWIN SCREENED BALANCED FREDER $1 / 6$ yd.. 80 ohm ALUMINIUM CEASSIS. 18 s.w.g. Plain, undrilled
with 4 sides. riveted corners and iattice fixing holes, with 4 sides. riveted corners and lattice fixing holes,
 and $18 \times 16 \times 3$ in., $16 / 6$.
BLACK CRACKLE PANT. Air drying, $3 /=\mathrm{tin}$. P.V.c. CONN. WIRE, coloired, single or stranded, 2d. Fd
VEON MAINS TESTER 8CREWDRIVERS, 5 . CORED SOLDER RADIOGRADE 4 d . yd., 1 lb , $2 / 6$ PAXOLIN $1 / 15 \mathrm{in}_{\text {, }} 8 \mathrm{in} . \times 10 \mathrm{~m} . .1 / 6.10 N$ TR
 $351-$
$28 /-$
$21 / 6$
$7 / 6$

Standard 7no Reel, $1,200 \mathrm{ft}$ 24/-
"Tnsiant" Bulk Tape Eraser and Head Deluxer,
$200 / 250 \mathrm{v}$. A.C., $27 / 6$. Leaflet, S.A.E. RECTIFIERS, RM1, 5/-; RM2, 6/-; RM3, 8/-; RM4, 16/-; RMS, 20/-: FC31. $27 / 6$.
MINIATURE COFTACT COOLED RECTIFIERS, 250 $50 \mathrm{~mA}, 7 / 6 ; 60 \mathrm{~mA}, 8 / 6 ; 85 \mathrm{~mA}, 9 / 6 ; 200 \mathrm{~mA} ., 21$ 300 mA ., 27/6: Full Ware $250 \mathrm{v}, 120 \mathrm{~mA}_{\mathrm{c}}, 151-\mathrm{m}^{-}$. type adj, dust core from $4 /-$ each. All ranges.
TELETRON. L. and M. T.R.F. with resction, $3 / 6$ FERRITE ROD AERIALS. M.W., 8/9; M. \& L., $12 / 6$.
T.R.F. COIS. A/HP, r// pair. H.F. CHOKEs, $2 / 6$.
JASON F.M. TUNER COII, SET, 26/-. H.F. coll, merial coil, Oscillator coll, two I.F. transformers $10.7 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$, , Detector transformer and heater chokes. Circuit and FMT1 with Jason Calibrated dal and $\begin{aligned} & \text { valves, } \\ & \text { With new Jason Cabinet, FMT2. 30/- extra. }\end{aligned}$

CONDENSERS. New Stock . 001 mfd . 7 kV . T.C.C., 5/6. 20 kV . $9 / 6$. 1 mid . 7kV., $9 / 6$. 100 pt . to 500 pf . Micas, 6 d .
 0.1 mfd, , 2,000 r., $3 / 6 ; 0.001 \mathrm{mfd} ., 2,000 \mathrm{~F} .1 / 9$. CERAMIC CONDS. 500 F. 0.3 pf to 0.01 mid., 9 d . $1 /$ 600 pf . to $3,000 \mathrm{pf} ., 1 / 3$. ${ }^{1 / 2}$. 1.5 pf . to 47 pf ., 1/6. DITTO $1 \% 50 \mathrm{ff}$. to $815 \mathrm{pf}, 1 / 9 ; 1,000 \mathrm{pf}$. to $2,000 \mathrm{pf} ., 2 /-$
IRIMMERS. Ceramic, $3050,70 \mathrm{pf} .9 \mathrm{~d} . ; 100$ pi., 150 pf ., $1 / 3$. 250 pl , $1 / 6.600 \mathrm{pf}$., $750 \mathrm{ph} ., 1 / 9$. Phillips, $1 /$ - ea.

NEW ELECTROLYTICS. FAMOUS MAKES TUBULAR
$1 / 350$
$2 / 450$
$4 / 450$
$4 / 450$
$8 / 450$
$8 / 500$

 CHARCRR TR., $8 / 9 ; 2 \mathrm{a} ., 11 / 3 ; 4 \mathrm{a}, 17 / 6 ; 6 \mathrm{a} ., 22 / 6$.
 for charging at 2,6 or 12 \%, $1 \frac{1}{2}$ a. $15 / 8 ; 2$ a., $17 / 6 ; 4$ a., $22 / 8$.
Charger circult free. AMPPETERS, 4 a., and 5 a., $13 / 6$.

| NEW an | and bozed | VALVES | 90 -day guarantee |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1RJ | 7/6,61/60 | 10/61EA60 | 1/61 | EYEI | $9 / 6$ |
| 185 | $7 / 6$ 6N7M | 6/6) EABC80 | 816 | E 281 | 816 |
| 174 | 7166970 | $7 / 8$ EB91 | $61 \cdot$ | HABC80 | 12/6 |
| 2 X 2 | 316 68A7M | 6/- EBC33 | 816 | HVR2A | $8 / 6$ |
| 384 | $7 / 66857 \mathrm{M}$ | 6/6 EBC 11 | 816 | MU14 | 91- |
| 3V4 | \%/6 G887 | $6 / 6 / \mathrm{EBF8} 0$ | 1010 |  | $3 / 6$ |
| $5{ }^{504}$ | 7/8 6V6\% | 6/6.ECC84 | 916 | PCC84 | $9 / 6$ |
| 5 Y 3 | 7/86x4 | $7 / 61$ ECF80 | 916 | PGF80 | $9 / 6$ |
| 524 | $96.6 \times 5$ | 6/6 ECE42 | $10 / 6$ | PCF88 | 9:6 |
| 6AM8 | $5 /-1246$ | $7 / 6$ ECL80 | 1016 | PCL 82 | 11/6 |
| 6BE6 | $7 / 6$ 12AT7 | 8-ECL 82 | $10 / 6$ | PEN:5 | $6 / 6$ |
| 6BE8 | $9 / 6124 U 7$ | 81- EF39 |  | PLAS | 10/6 |
| 6BW6 | $9 / 618 \mathrm{Ax} 7$ | 81- EF41 |  | PY80 | 718 |
| 6D6 | $61-12 \mathrm{BA} 6$ | 8/6 EF50 | $5 / 6$ | PY81 | $9 / 6$ |
| 6F6G | 7/6 12BE6 | 8/6 EF80 |  | PY89 | \%/6 |
| GH6GT | - 3/812K7 | 8/6 EF86 | $14 / 6$ | 8P61 | $3 / 6$ |
| 6.J5 | $5 / 61207$ | $6 / 6$ EF92 | 5/6 | UBC41 | 916 |
| 6.56 | $5 / 6351.6$ | 916 FLa 2 |  | UCH 42 | $9 / 6$ |
| 6J76 | 6163524 | 7/-ELA1 |  | UF41 | $8 / 6$ |
| 8K6GT | - 6/680 | $9 / 6$ EL84 |  | UL41 | 916 |
| 6K7G | 51-1807 | $5 / 6$ EZ40 |  | UY41 | $8 \%$ |
| 6K8G | $7 / 61954$ | 1/61E280 | 7/6 | U22 | 8 |

## ㅁํㅁำロロロロロロロロロロ COVENTRY RADIO LTD． 

$189 / 191$ Dunstable Road，LUTON．
Audio \＆Comjonent Specialists Est． 1925

If you are unable to visit us at Luton，send for a copy of our
HI－FI CATALOGUE
of 300 items 70 pages． Price 1／－plus 6d．postaze．

## Also available now

＇THE GRUNDIG BOOK＇
12／6 plus 1＇－postage．
If you own a tape recorder of any make you will find this book an essential for successful record＇ng．

## LUTON＇S HI－FI CENTRE

Telephone Luton 7388／9

## RACKS \＆PANELS

All types，open and enclosed，to G．P．O，or customer＇s specification SOUND SALES LTD．

Works \＆Laboratories：
West Street，Farnham，Surrey
Farnham 6461

Instrumentation at its best ．．．

sifam electrical instrument co．LTD． LEIGH COURT－TORQUAY－Telephone $4547 / 8$

IS YOUR T．V．TUBE DIMMING？YOU CAN EXTEND THE LIFE OF TTHAT TUBE AND IMPROVE THE PICTURE
Any Tube size．Pat．pending．Reg．designs．
price 30／＝
Package and Postage $2 /$ ．
$\begin{gathered}\text {（Postal } \\ \text { Cor }\end{gathered}$
Orders）
C．W．O．， c．o．D．
－No Soldering．
－Just Pring In．
－It＇s Antomatio
－In＇s Guaranteed！


Do it Yourself． 10 Seconds＇Work．Slinolair Electronles Introduce the Airst series－whred plug－1n booster unilt for all makes of TV sets．
When ordering state make of set，model No．and type of tube If relurned in seven days money refunded，
SINCLAIR ELECTRONICS（TV．WW），
33 Berwick Street，Oxford Streat，London，W． 1

## SERVO \＆ELECTRONIC SALES LTD．

PYROMETERS，Direct reading from 24 remote positions．0－350 deg．$a_{\text {，}}$ ，fitted cold junctlon thermos．， E12／10／－ea．TINBLEY GALVANOMETERS S8 5.45,
 350 จ． $1 / 6 ; 10 \mu \mathrm{~F} 25$ v． $1 /-; 2 \mu \mathrm{~F} 200 \mathrm{~F} .1 /-1,000 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ 12 ₹． $1 / 6 ; 16 \mu \mathrm{~F} 500$ \％．TCO T． $512 \mathrm{I} / 6 ; 8 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ 日 $\%$ ． CE72A 1／O； $8 \mu \mathrm{~F} 20$ จ．A．©，CE30CR 2 ）．（р．р，caps． 8d．）．QUARTZ CRYSTALS $200 \mathrm{Kc} / \mathrm{s}$ ， $20 / \mathrm{m} ; 500 \mathrm{Kc} / \mathrm{s}$. $25 / \mathrm{F} 1 \mathrm{Mols} .30 / \mathrm{F} 2 \mathrm{Mc/s}$ ． $25 / \mathrm{F}$ ； $\mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s} .30 /-; 10$ Me／s． $35 j_{\text {l }}$ All new stock（p．p．2／－）．CRYSTAL
 GERMANTUM DIODES．New，gisaranteed not rejects． GEX34 2／：GEX35 2／6；GEXG5／1 5／\％81LICON
DIODES．GJ6M 10／：ZS10A 12／6； $2 / 820$ 15／6 （p．p．6d．）FERRANTI COLD GATHODE THYRA－ TRON．ON10 12／6（p．p．1／）．MAINS／BATTERY POWER UNTT L332， 12 v．D．C．or $110-250$ v．A．C． In， $12.6 \mathrm{v}, 2$ A．， $250 \mathrm{v}, 75 \mathrm{~mA}$ D．C．out． 19 in ，rack mtg． with ceto $37 / 6$（p．p． $5 /-$ ）．EHT TRANSFORMER． $230 \mathrm{~F}_{\mathrm{A}}$ A．O．to $9.5 \mathrm{KV}, 8 \mathrm{~mA}$ ，herme．sid． $55 /-$（p．p． $3 / 6$ ）． $12 / 6$（p．p．2／6）， $0.1 \mu \mathrm{~F} 11 \mathrm{Kv} .17 / 6$（p．p．3／6）．COL－ $12 / 6$（p．p．2／6）． $0.1 \mu \mathrm{~F} 11 \mathrm{Kv} .17 / 6$（p．p．3／6）．COL－ 1／6）．HISTAB RESISTORS． $5 \% 22 / 6$ pet 100 ，our selection at least 50 difterent vatues or ratings to each． 100．CAPACITANCE／RESISTANCE UNITS． 2 res． arms 1－4．332 ohms， 2 cap．arms $0.001 \cdot 4.332 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ with data sheet $17 / 6$（p．p．8／6）．DRAYTON TYPE RQ MOTORS． 37 r．p．m． 230 v．A．C． $25 /-$（p．p．4／4）． ALTERNATOR SETS IN STOCK FOR 400， 1,100 and 2，000 o．p．s．Write for details，RECTIFIER SMOOTE－ ING UNITS to amooth $2 \times 12$－．ea．at 3 A． $37 / 6$（carr．
10／- ．INDIOATOR UNIT APW9922A．
1－VCR97， 10／－）．IR91．2－VR54，1－CV1285，1－VT61，mumetal shleld， focus and brill．controls， 8 pote，Ideal for＇scope con－ Yersion or C．R．T．display unlt．New with cet． $37 / 6$ （carr． $5 /-9$ ．CARPENTER POLARISED RRLAYS． Fach－side－stable type，operate at 0.25 F． 2.2 mA ， $27 / 8$ 10．p．1／－3．S．T．C．MIN，RELAYS $41862 D 17 / 6$
（p．p．1／－）．BRIDGE MEGGERS． 500 v．Ser．II，com－ （p．p．1／－）．BRIDGE MEGGERS． 500 V．Ser．II，com－ pletely reconditioned and guaranteed．221（carr，7／6）．
NO． 11 OSOLLOSCOPES．gin．C．R．T．，mains input， 1－5．40ms time base，superb instrument in brand new condition，\＆11／10／－（carr．ع1）．SANGAMO WESTON SYNCRRONOUS MOTORS S7． 250 ₹．A．C． 50 c．p．s． 1 rev．$/$ week of 1 rer．／day． 0 ．\＆H，ditto， 1 ree．$/ 1 \frac{1}{2}$ hrs． All types 25f ea，（p．p．1／－），TANTALUM ELEC－ TROLYTIC DAPACITORS，8TC $472 / L W A / 103 A A$ $10 \mu \mathrm{~F}{ }^{6}$ v． $10 /$（p．p．©d．）．SIZE 11 SYNCHROS IN
STOCK．Control transformers troe 26 v．11CT4A， STand new also SIZE 11 SERVO MOTORS，ils F .400 brand new also SIZE 11 SERVO MOTORS．118 F． 400
c．p．s．and 20 v． 400 c．p．s．control phase，type 11 M 47 A ． Post ordere to：1，Hopton Pde．，Streatham High Rd．， London．B．W． 16.
Callers to： 43 ，High St．，Orpington Kent．Tels．：Orping－ ton 310fin and Streatharn 6165．TERMS：nett c．w．o． or monthly approved accounta．

## LOCKW00 D

 ENCLOSURESUsed by every Broadeasting \＆ Television Authority in the British Isles and Eire or High Quality Monitoring． LOCKWOOD \＆CO．（Woodworkers）LTD． LOWLANDS ROAD，HARROW，MIODX．

## BARGAIN OFFER surplus．

White Spot R．F．Transistors at $4 / 6$ each．POST FREE
Our Component Llsts for 3d．Stamp Money Back Guarantee on all Items NEO MAIL ORDER SUPPLIES 2A MAXWELL RD．，PORTSMOUTH

תOOKS FOR THE CONSTRUCTOR． Servicing Transistor Circuits．Pettit 6／－ Transistor Circuits．Nos．1，2，3．Bradley．3／6 ea． Electronic Novalties．Bradley．5／－．
Radio Control of Models．Sommerhoff．5／－． Radio Servicing．Vols，1，2，3，4，City \＆Guilds $5 /$ ea．Please add 4 d ．for postage．

THE SELRAY BOOK CO
60 Hayes Hill，Hayes，Bromley，Kent．

## MALVYN ENGINEERING WORKS

Manufacturers of：Chassis，Small Pressings，Machined Components， Wiring and Mechanical Assemblies， to specification．
Single and Production Quatitites．
7．CURRIE STREET，HERTFORD，HERTS． Telephone：Hertford 2264

## HIGH GRADE TEST EQUIPMENT

## BRITISH AND．AMERICAN

 FULLY REBUILTAudio Oscillator type L．O．800A fre－ quency range $20 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{s}$ to $20 \mathrm{Kc} / \mathrm{s}$ ， 5 watts outpue，distortion less than $2 \%$ ．
Signal Generators type 804C by General Radio．Frequency range $10-330$ $\mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$ in five ranges．Type TF． 517 F by Marconl，frequency range $40-300 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$ in three ranges．
Type 762A by Marconi Instruments，fre－ quency range $430-610 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$ ，directly calibrated．
Type P． 522 by General Radio Co．，U．S．A． frequency range $250-1,100 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$ ．，directly calibrated．
Wavemeters．Absorption Wavemeter type TS．69／AP，frequency range 340 － $1,000 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$ ．
Type 724．B by General Radio，frequency range $15 \mathrm{Kc} / \mathrm{s}$ to $50 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$ ．
Frequency Meters．B．C．221．AK，fre－ quency range $120 \mathrm{Kc} / \mathrm{s}$ to $20 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$ ，com－ plete with all charts and erystal．

Our new testgear catalogue is now ready，send for copy without delay．Give us particulars of your requirements，we carry large stocks of new and rebuilt testgear．

## LESLIE DIXON <br> G CO．Dept．K

214 Queenstown Road，Battersea， London，S．W． 8

MAC 2159

## TRANSFORMERS

Since 1931 all types，single and 3 － phs，6w to 12 KVA ，over $1,000,000$ during the war，UL Output Trans－ formers．
SOUND SALES LTD．
Works \＆Laboratories： West Street，Farnham，Surrey Farnham 6461

## TANNOY

Tells you what＇s going on elearly
WEST NORWOOD－S．E． 27
Telephone：GIPsy Hill 1131 （7 lines）


## ELECTRICAL MEASURING INSTRUMENTS REPAIRED

3．Trgent orders firen priority attention？ 4．Guarantee of solifact－
tiont tiont in your owerhcadal in your overheada Prompl Quatalion：and
Servicel
We specialise in the repair of all types and makes of oltmaters，Ammeters，Microammeters，Multirange Teat Meters，Electrical Thermometers，eto．
As contractors to the Ministry of Supply General Post Office and other Government Departments，we are the leading Electrical Instrument Repairers in
the Industry．No enquiry is too blg or too omall For prompt estimate and speedy delivery and defec－ tive inatrument by registered post．or write to Dept．WW

## L．GLASER \＆CO．，LTD．

96－100 Aldersegate St．，London，E．O．1．Tel．MON 8822

## D.C. OSCILLOSCOPE



## A.C. MAINS $\mathbf{2 0 0} \mathbf{- 2 5 0}$ VOLTS <br> simplified servicing PROBLEMS WHEN USING THE <br> 'TESTGEAR' SCOPE <br> \section*{3in. D.C. OSCILLOSCOPE}

Englneered to precision standards, this highograde tustroment is made arailable at the lowest possible prioe, meorporating the essential features usually sessoclated with laxury instruments. This "SCOPE" will appeal particularly to Serfice
 stable differential X -Amplifier ( 80 mV/C.M.). Provides ample sensitivity rith A.C. or D.C. nputs. Especially suitable for measuremeat of tance. Push-pall $\mathbb{X}$ anpliger, Flyback maintenance of D.C. levels is of paramount importance. Push-pal X ampliaer, Fyback suppression: Internal Time-base scan Waveform aviliabie $\frac{\text { sor external nas, pasel }}{}$

 1111b, £15/15/- plu
payments of $26 / 6$.
full 12 months' guarantee including valves and tube

## ALIGNMENT ANALYSER TYPE MC12

AC. MANS, 200220 volita ProrldesOPERATION, for FM/TV aligment linear frequency swoep up to 12 Mo/a From $400 \mathrm{KO} / \mathrm{s}$. $-80 \mathrm{MO} / \mathrm{B}$. OAPACITANCE MEASUREMENT, Two rangee provided $0-60 \mathrm{pf}$ and $0-120 \mathrm{pf}$. SPECIAL FACILITY enables true resolant frequency of any 1y determined. Cash price $£ 6619 / 6$ and $5 /$. P. \& P. E.P. terms, 251 -deposit and 5 /. P. \& P. and 8 monthly pasments of $21 / 6$.


## CHANNEL TUNER

Will tune to all Band I and Band III stations. BRAND NEW by fumous stations. BRAND NEW by fumous manufacturer. Complete with P.C.C.
B4 and P.C.F. 80 valven (in serles). 84 and P.C.F. 80 valven (tn serles).
I.F. 16-19 or 33-38. Also can be modihed as an aerial converter (instructions supplised).
Complete with knobs.
22/6 Plus 3/6 P. \& P.
HEATER TRANSFORMER
To suit the above, $200-250$ v., 6/- Plus 1/6 P. \& F

## B.S.R. MONARCH UA8 with FUL-FI HEAD


 45 or $78 \mathrm{r}, \mathrm{pm}$. Tnterralixes 7 in ., 10 tan , and 12 in . recond of the same speed. Has mantual play position: colour
brown. Dituensions; 12 tin. $\times 10$ Intin. Space reyulred brown. Dinuensiong: 22 in . $x$ 103in. space reyuired
atovo baseboard 4 ? 2 ma , below baseboard $2 / \mathrm{fm}$. Fitted with Ful-Fi turnover oryatal head. $£ 6 / 19 / 6$. Plus $\overline{5} /$ P. \& P .

STEREO HEAD \&y/19/6 Plus 5/* P. \& Pr

## LINE E.H.T. TRANSFORMER



With bult-lin line and width control. 14 KV . Scan coll. $90^{\circ}$ deliection. on ferrite yokes ITrame O.P. Lrans: former 800 pt . 18 KV , pinoothing or 2 lin. tubea Complete with arcuit diagram.

2916
Plus $_{4 /-\mathbf{P}}$
Focus magnet suitable for the above (state tube), $10 \%-2 / 6 \mathrm{P} . \& \mathrm{P}$.

## MAINS TRANSFORMERS

All with tapped primaries 200-250 volts.
 5 ₹., $2 \mathrm{amp} ., 10 / 6$. $280-0-280,80 \mathrm{ma.}$,6.3 ₹., 2 smp., 6.3 ₹., 1 amp., 10/6. Postage and packing on the above $3 /$.


## SIGNAL GENERATOR

Coverage $120 \mathrm{Kc} / \mathrm{s}-230 \mathrm{Kc} / \mathrm{s}, 300 \mathrm{Kc} / \mathrm{s}$.
$900 \mathrm{Kc} / \mathrm{a}, ~$
$900 \mathrm{Kc} / \mathrm{s} .-2.75 \mathrm{Kc} / \mathrm{s}, 2.75 \mathrm{Me} \mathrm{s}$ $900 \mathrm{Kc} / \mathrm{s}_{\mathrm{o}}, 900 \mathrm{Kc} / \mathrm{s} .-2.75 \mathrm{Kc} / \mathrm{s} ., 2.75 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$.
 $6 \mathrm{im} . \times 41 \mathrm{in}$. Gize of scale $61 \mathrm{in} . \times 3 \mathrm{zin} \times$
 Internal modulation of 400 e.p.e. to a depth of 30 per cent. modulated or unmodulated R.F. Output continuously variable 100 millivolts C.W, añ mod. efritch variable A.F. output and nooving coll output meter. Grey hammer
finish case and white panel. $\begin{array}{ll}\text { finish case and white panel. } \\ \text { Accuracy plus or minus } 2 \% \text {. } & 3 / 19 / 6\end{array}$

## SIGNAL \& PATTERN

 GENERATOR £6/19/6Or 25/- deposith P. \& P. $5 /$ and 6 monthly payments of 21/6. Coverage $7.6 \mathrm{Mo} / \mathrm{s},-210 \mathrm{Mrofs}$. In flue bande, all on fundamentals, slow motion tuning audio output. 8 vertical and horizontal bars, logging scale. In grey hammer finished case with carrying handle. Accuracy $\pm 1 \%$ A.C. malins


## F.M. TUNER UNIT

By famous German Manufacturer. Coverage $88-100 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$. Complete with ECC 88 . Size 4 in. $\times 2 \mathrm{in} . \times 2 \mathrm{in}$.

## 

10.7 Mc/s. I.F. and Discriminator Coil 4/- pair

## 2-TRANSISTOR POCKET RADIO

Plus Germanium diode, fulty tuneable over medium and long waves Bize $3 \neq \mathrm{in}$. $x$ 4is. $\times 17 \mathrm{in}$. Complete sct of comyonenta lmcluding case, 2 transistors and earpiece (less batteries). Point to point wiring diagrana 1/6. (Free
with kit.) with kit.)



PUSH-PULL OUTPUT STAGE
Inclusive of translstors with laput and output transformers to match $\$$ ohm speech coil. sutable for use with the above polnt wiring diacram 1/8. (Free with kit.) point wirng dagram 1/h. (Freerin kit.) $19 / 6$ Pr. Pr. P. $1 / 8$.

8 WATT Push- AMPLIFIER
 COMPLETE WITH CRYSTAL MIKE AND A.C. mains $200 / 250 \mathrm{v}$. Size 10 in $\mathrm{L} .64 \mathrm{in} . x$ 24 th . Incorporating 0 ralves, B.F. pen., 2 triodes, 2 output pens., snd rectiffer. For use with all makes and types of pick-up and mike. Negative feed-back. Two inputs, mike and gramb, and controls for same. Response flat from 40 eycies to $1.5 \mathrm{Kc} / \mathrm{s}$, $\pm 2 \mathrm{db} ; 4 \mathrm{db}$ down at $20 \mathrm{Kc} / \mathrm{s}$. Output 8 watte at $5 \%$, total distortion. Noise level 40 db down, all hum. Output transiormer capped for 3 and 15 ohm speech colls. For use with Std, or L.P. records, musical

$$
3
$$

£4.19.6 Pilu P. P. P. //G
Or £1 deposit, plus P. \& P. $7 / 6$ and 4 monthly payments of $23 /$-.
RADIO AND T.V. COMPONENTS (ACTON) LTD.
23, ACTON HIGH STREET, LONDON, W. 3
GOODS NOT DESPATCHED OUTSIDE U.K. ALL ENQUIRIES S.A.E,

System design engineering System measurements Microwave components

Broad band amplifiers

## have vacancies for

## DEVELOPMENT ENGINEERS

## in Cambridge

The wide experience of the Company in the field of communications now includes systems operating in the SHF Band. Extension of these systems and other entirely new projects have resulted in a number of vacancies. Qualified and experienced engineers are required with interest in any one of the fields of Microwave Communications mentioned on the left:

A number of vacancies exist also for Junior Engineers who are studying for or have already obtained a Higher National Certificate or equivalent qualifications. Further study at the local Technical College will be encouraged and release for part-time day courses can be considered.
Attractive salaries will be paid to those selected.
All enquiries will be treated in the strictest confidence and applications, quoting reference A. $1785 / \mathrm{TPB}$, should be made in writing, giving full particulars of age, qualifications and experience, and salary required, to:
The Personnel Manager
PYE TELECOMMUNICATIONS LTD., Ditton Works, Newmarket Road, Cambridge

#  

Have you sent for your copy? ENGINEERING OPPORTUNITIES is a highly informative 156 -page guide to the best paid engineering posts. It tells you how you can quickly prepare at home for a recognised engineering qualification and outlines a wonderful range of modern Home Study Courses in all branches of Engineering. This unique book also gives full details of the Practical Radio \& Electronics Courses, administered by our Specialist Electronics Training Divisionthe B.I.E.T. School of Electronics, explains the benefits of our Employment Dept. and shows you how to qualify for five years promotion in one year.

## We definitely Guarantee 6 NO PASS - NO FEE ${ }^{\prime \prime}$

Whatever your age or experience, you cannot afford to miss reading this famous book. If you are earning less than $\{20$ a week, send for your copy of "ENGINEERING OPPORTUNLTIES" today-FREE.

## WHICH IS YOUR <br> PET SUBJECT ?

## Mechanical Eng.

 Electrical Eng., CIvil Engineering, Radio EngineerIng, Automobile Eng., Aeronautical Eng., Aeronautical Eng. Production Eng., Building, Plastics, Draughtsmanshlp, Television, etc.
## GET SOME

LETTERS AFTER YOUR NAME!
A.M.I.Mech.E. A.M.I.C.E.
A.M.I.Prod.E.
A.M.I.M.I.
L.I.O.B.
A.F.R.Ae.S B.sc.
A.M. Briti.I.R.E.

Clty \& Gulids Gen. Cert. of Education Etc., etc.

## BRITISH INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING TECHNOLOGY (Incorporating E.M.I. Institutes) (Dept. SE/22 ), 29 Wright's Lane, London, W. 8

## PRACTICAL EQUIPMENT

Basic Practical and Theoretic Courses for beginners in Radio, T.V., Electronics, Etc., A.M.Brit li.R.E. City E Guilds Radio Amateurs' Exam. R.T.E.B. Certificate P.M.G. Certificate Practical Radio
Radio \& Television Servicing
Practical Electronics
Electronics Engineering Automation

## INCLUDING TOOLS!

The specialist Electronics Division of B.I.E.T.(incorporating E.M.I.Institutes) ing E.M.I. Institutes)
NOW offers you a NOW offers you a
reallaboratory trainreallaboratory train-
ing at home with practical equipment. Ask for details.
B.I.E.T. SCHOOL OF ELECTRONICS

## POSt coUPON MOLT

Please send me your FREE 156 -page "ENGINEERING OPPORTUNITIES" (Write if you prefer not to cut page)
NAME
ADDRESS.


## I'm

## a Customer Engineer with


and I enjoy it. Plenty of variety. I install and look after data processing equipment-electro mechanical and electronic, including computers-in all sorts of interesting places: banks, factories, offices, government departments and research laboratories. I joined IBM three years ago at the age of 23 , and after thorough training I'm already making £950 a year. You've heard of IBM of course. They're the world's largest manufacturer of data processing equipment and one of the fastest expanding companies in Britain today.

There are Customer Engineering jobs with IBM in most parts of the country. If you think you have suitable experience-R.A.F. radar or Royal Signals, a National or City and Guilds certificate, for exampleso get in touch with W. M. R. Jeffreys at 101 Wigmore Street, London, W.1. WELbeck 6600. Please quote reference Q2.

## F L GUIDED MISSILES G TELEMETRY LABORATORY <br> 1. To work on the development of telemetry and associated equipment circuitry. Qualifications are degree or H.N.C. with recent experience of design/ development of electronic circuitry. It will be necessary to supervise the work of several juniors. <br> 2. To investigate the behaviour of missile instrumentation circuitry involving analysis from photographic and other records. There is a possibility of an occasional visit to Australia. <br> 3. To be responsible for the layout planning, sketching and engineering of electronic circuits and associated with airborne instrumentation. <br> Enquiries should be addressed to <br> THE PERSONNEL MANAGER (REF. 289) <br> <br> DE HAVILLAND <br> <br> DE HAVILLAND <br> <br> MATFIELD

 <br> <br> MATFIELD}

EARN what you're really worth!

You've got ability-everyone has. But are you making the most use of it-to earn what you're really worth? If not, let ICS training develop your ability and help you to a better job, with more security!


INTERNATIONAL CORRESPONDENGE SCHOOLS, (Dept. 222Q), Intertext House, Parkgate Rd., London, S.W.11.
Please send FREE book on
Name.
Address

## U.K.A.E.A.

## ATOMIC WEAPONS

 RESEARCH ESTABLISHMENT ALDERMASTON
have vacancies for

## ELECTRONIC MECHANICS

engaged on the prototype construction of a very wide range of electronic equipment.

## INSTRUMENT MECHANICS

engaged on fault-finding, repair and maintenance of electronic and electro/mechanical instruments.
Skilled craftsmen who have had considerable industrial experience of electronics, or who have received equivalent training and experience in H.M. Forces are invited to apply.

## HOUSING

Married applicants living beyond daily travelling distance will become eligible for a house within a reasonable period, and lodging allowance will be paid while waiting. Loans to assist house purchase may also be available.

## VOCATIONAL TRAINING

Financial and other assistance may be given to craftsmen taking approved technical courses leading to City and Guilds or National Certificates.
Opportunities of promotion occur throughout the Authority for qualified men.
An Illustrated Brochure is available giving details of the above together with:-


## Rates of pay

## Sick pay

Superannuation Scheme Recreational Facilities

If you would like a copy send a postcard quoting Ref. P.A. 473 to:

> The Industrial Recruitment Officer, Building F6. 1., A.W.R.E., Aldermaston, Berks.

# TECHNICALLY TRAINED BY 1 CS 

## IN RADIO, TELEVISION AND ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING

Opportunities in Radio Engineering and allied professions await the ICS trained man. ICS Courses open a new world to the keen student.
RADIO AND TELEYISION ENGINEERING; RADIO AND TV SERVICING; |ELECTRONICS, COMPUTERS AND DATA PROCESSING, etc.

I C S Courses give very real help to the man setting up his own business or facing a technical career in the radio industry.
Examination Courses for:-British Institution of Radio Engineers, City \& Guilds Telecom. Tech., C. \& G. Radio Servicing (R.T.E.B.) \& C. \& G. Radio Amateurs.

LEARN-AS-YOU-BUILD PRACTICAL RADIO COURSE Build your own 4 -valve TRF and 5 -valve superhet radio receiver. Signal Generator and High-quality Multi-tester.
FILL IN AND POST THIS ICS COUPON TODAY It brings the FREE ICS Prospectus containing full particulars ofIC S courses in Radio, Television and Electronics.

## INTIRNATIONAL <br> CORRFSPONDFIC: <br> SCHOOLS

.. A WHOLE WORLD
OF KNOWLEDGE for
the KEEN STUDENT

```
International' Correspondence Schools
International Correspondence Schools
        Road, London, S.W.II.
NAME
AGE
ADDRESS
    Block Capitals Pleas
OCCUPATION
```



## RADIO RECEIVER

 LABORATORY CAMBRIDCEinvites applications for the following new vacancies in a rapidly expanding team covering all aspects of radio receiver design.

1. Project Leader to head a group responsible for development and prototype design. Familiarity with transistor circuits or car radio receivers would be an advantage.
2. Radio Design Engineer to assist in the work of the above group.
3. Senior Design Draughtsman who has preferably had previous experience of the design of domestic radio receivers for mass production.

Applications, quoting " RDL," should be addressed to the Chief Engineer, Pye Ltd., Cambridge.

## ULTRE

## Ultra Radio \& Television Limited

## Stonefield Way, South Ruislip

An important expansion' in Television Research and Development is planned for 1960 . The Company's modern laboracories at Ruislip are to be extended and new and varied projects in all fields of Television Receiver Design will be undertaken. This increased activity has created a number of additional permanent posts.

SENIOR TELEVISION ENGINEERS having considerable experience of Television Receiver Design are needed to provide the foundation for the expansion. Their therorectical knowledge should be equivalent to Degree standard, preferably including transistor theory.

These posts should attract men already in the $£ 1,000$ £1,500 Salary bracket.

TELEVISION ENGINEERS interested in Receiver Design, having either academic qualifications or adequate experience in this field, are needed to support the Senior Engineers and complete the working team. Excellent opportanities will arise, in the expanding Development activity, for future promotion.

Salaries will be according to experience up to $£ 1,000$.
THE TELEVISION LABORATORY is modern and newly equipped with up-to-date instruments. It provides all the necessary facilities for scienvific work and is situated in a pleasant residential area.

The Company provides a Free Lifo Assurance and Conwributory Pension Scheme.

Applications, with details of training, qualifications and experience to: The Technical Manager, at the above address.

## 

## GHANA CIVIL SERVICE

Applications are invited for the post of ASSISTANT HEAD OF ENGINEERING TRAINING (AUDIO FREQUENCY), BROADCASTING DEPARTMENT
to be responsible, under the Head of Engineering Training, for training in Audio Frequency subjects up to a final level comparable with the British Broadcasting Corporation grade Cexamination. Candidates should have a thorough knowledge of Studio apparatus and acoustics, tape and dise recording and power equipment, and should also have a sound know. ledge of the fundamental theory of Radio Frequency equipment, and be capable of teaching in this subject. Previous teaching experience is essential.
Qualifications: Candidates must hold a B.Sc. (Eng.) or other recognised Engineering degree with not less than 13 years' professional post-qualification experience; or have passed Parts I, II and III of the examinations of the Insticution of Electrical Engineers and have gained not less than 15 years' professional experience subsequently; or possess corporate membership of the Insticute of Electrical Engineers, and have gained not less than 11 years' profossional experience subsequent to passing Parcs I, II and III of the examinacions. Salary in range $£ 2,130-£ 2,250$ per annum.
Appointment is on contract/gratuity terms for two tours each of $\mathbf{1 5}-18$ months. Gratuity at rate of $£ 12 / 10 /$. for each completed month of service. Free passages for officer, wife and up to 3 children under 18 years and, in addition, an education allowance for children when not resident in Ghana and attending full-time school of $£ 100$ a child for up to 3 children under 18 years. Accommodation at low rental. Interest-free advance for car and car, maintenance may be granted. Generous home leave on full pay. Income tax at low local rates.
For' further particulars and application forms write, stating age, qualifications and experience to

THE DIRECTOR OF RECRUITMENT, T
GHANA HIGH COMMISSION (RECRUITMENT SECTION), 248-50, TOTTENHAM COURT ROAD, LONDON, W.1.



## Senior Development Engineers

## SOBELL \& McMICHAEL

require additional Senior Development Engineers for home and export television receiver development and transistor circuitry work, willing to travel abroad occasionally.
Applicants should have had some years of successful design experience, or professional qualifications or University degree. These appointments which are pensionable, provide an excellent opportunity for progressive engineers of exceptional ability to join a successful and rapidly expanding organisation.

Applications should be addressed to:-
CHIEF ENGINEER
RADIO AND ALLIED INDUSTRIES LIMITED Wexham Road, Slough, Bucks.

## RESEARCH LABORATORY

## AEI

## THE SOLID STATE PHYSICS SECTION

has a vacancy for the position of Assistant to work on materials preparation for a programme of basic semiconductor research. The position is a responsible one, and the successful candidate will be particularly encouraged to initiate and develop experimental methods.
Applicants should have a good basic knowledge of physics, with preferably a minimum qualification of O.N.C. or the equivalent, proven practical and experimental ability, and preferably some previous experience in semiconductors and/or crystal preparation.

Facilities for further study can be arranged,
The Laboratory is situated in pleasant rural surroundings near Reading with fast train service to London.

Five-day week, pension scheme.
Apply in writing, quoting Reference No. $S S / A / 15$, to the Personnel Officer,

RESEARCH LABORATORY
ASSOCIATED ELEGTRICAL INDUSTRIES LIMITED

ALDERMASTON COURT,
ALDERMASTON, BERKSHIRE

## ENGLISH ELECTRIC AVIATION LIMITED,

Guided Weapons Division, LUTON and STEVENAGE

COMMERCIAL ENGINEER ELECTRONICS/PLASTICS

AN ENGINEER IS REQUIRED TO PROMOTE THE APPLICATION OF PLASTICS TO NEW USES IN RADAR AND ELECTRONICS. THE SUCCESSFUL APPLICANT WOULD BE REQUIRED TO DISCUSS WITH PROSPECTIVE CUSTOMERS THE APPLICATION OF PLASTICS TO RADOMES, AERIALS, RADAR TRANSPARENCIES OF ALL TYPES, ETC.

Previous experience of plastics is not necessary as training in plastics techniques can be given, but a considerable knowledge of microwave tcchniques is essential. Contacts and experience with the British Radar industry would be an advantage. Applicants should be of H.N.C: standard and not under 30 .

This is an excellent opportunity for an Electronic Engineer to broaden his scope in the plastics and commercial field, and join an expanding department.

This is a senior position and the salary will correspond. The post is based at Luton and assistance with housing can be given.

Applications should be addressed to Dept. C.P.S., Marconi House, $336 / 7$ Strand, London, W.C.2, quoting reference WW 1397C.

## IF =

## BRISTOL SIDDELEY ENGINES

## ELECTRONIC ENGINEERS

The Mechanical Research Department of Bristol Siddeley Engines Limited has vacancies for intermediate and senior Electronic Engineers at their Bristol laboratories. Applicants should have reached degree standard or its equivalent, but previous experience of the application of electronic instrumentation to engine research is not essential.

Assistance will be given with house purchase and removal.

Please write, giving full details, to:-
H. J. Thompson, Personnel Manager, Brlstol SIddeley Englnes Llmited, po Box 3, Filton, Brlstol.

## TELEVISION

## IV

SOUTHERN AFRICA

An important group of Agents covering the Southern African Area are desirous of contacting television manufacturers for Agency rights.

## Write :-

 P.O. Box $\cdot 7759$, JOHANNESBURG, South Africa.
## RADIO TECHNICIANS <br> the federal broadcasting CORPORATION OF RHODESIA AND NYASALAND

needs RADIO TECHNICIANS urgently for its expanding activities.

Salary Scale: Juniors $£ 850 \times £ 100$ to £1,050; Seniors $£ 1,050 \times 100$ to $£ 1,150$ $\times 55$ to $£ 1,535$ a year. Juniors must have two years' relevant experience and evidence of serious previous study. Seniors should have C. \& G. Intermediate or equivalent examination and substantial practical experience. Starting Salary according to qualifications and experience, not necessarily base of scale.

Technicians required for studios, recording, construction work and transmitting shifts. Later opportunities may develop on television transmission may develop on television transmission for a few. There is good pension
scheme, 40 -hour week plus generous scheme, 40 -hour week glus generous
overtime rates. and 45 days per annum cumulative leave.

Send full details of your qualifications and experience to

Controller (Administration), P.O. Box 2696,

Salisbury, Southern Rhodesia.

## UNITED KINGDOM ATOMIC ENERGY AUTHORITY PRODUCTION GROUP INSTRUMENT MECHANICS

Windscale and Calder Works, and Chapelcross Works require experienced men with knowledge of electronic equipment and/or industrial instrumentation for fault diagnosis, repair and calibration of a wide range of instruments used in nuclear reactors, radiation laboratories and chemical plant. This interesting work involves the maintenance of instruments using pulse techniques, wide band low noise amplifiers, pulse amplitude analysers, counting circuits, television and industrial instruments used for the measurement of pressure, temperature and flow.
Men with Services, Industrial or Commercial background of radar, radio, television, industrial or aircraft instruments are invited to write for further information. Training Courses in Specialised Techniques are provided for successful applicants having suitable Instrumentation background.

Married men living beyond daily travelling distance will be eligible for housing. A lodging allowance is payable whilst waiting for housing. Working conditions and promotion prospects are good.
Applications to:
Works Labour Manager, Windscale and Calder Works, Sellafield, Seascale, Cumberland
or
Works Labour Manager, Chapelcross Works, Annan, Dumfriesshire, Scotland

## PHYSICISTS

## ELECTRICAL \& MECHANICAL

## ENGINEERS

Applications are invited from qualified PHYSIC'STS and ENGINEERS for the following vacancies in an expanding organisation situated in the London area.

## Senior <br> Development Engineers <br> for Microwave Devices and Thermionic Valves. <br> Senior <br> Production Engineer <br> for unit on small batch production.

Intermediate Engineers

Successful applicants for these positions will form members of teams engaged on design or development projects and will have opportunities for leadership of groups of technical and production Staff.

Salaries up to $£ 1500$ p.a. will be payable for these positions.

These will become members of teams engaged on design or development of microwave devices and thermionic valves.

Salaries up to $£ 1,200$ p.a. will be payable for these positions.

[^17]
## PERSONAL CALL

Service Engineers required for the above system which includes Transmitters and transistorised receivers.
Training given to suitable applicants for positions in our test department and in the field.
Apply Personnel Department,
Multitorie Electric Co. Ltd.
12-20 Underwood Street,
London, N.1. Telephone CLE 8022.

## RADIO COMMUNICATIONS

MARCONL'S offer a number of appointments in connection with the installation of modern radio systems. The majority of the appointments are OVERSEAS and vary in duration from three to twelve months and occasionally more.

The appointments are to the permanent staff of the Company and offer excellent career experience to first-class radio engineers and technicians.

Applications which will be treated as confidential should be addressed to Mr. J. L. Scott, Dept. C.P.S., Marconi House, 336/7 Strand, London, W.C.2, quoting reference WW2044C.

## AEI SOUND EQUIPMENT LTD.

require an experienced SOUND REPRODUCER SERVICE ENGINEER
to cover Northern Ireland and resident in or near Belfast. Please apply to:AEI Sound Equipment Ltd., 92 Lt. Hillmorton Rd., Rugby, Warwickshire.

## Representation

American Manufacturer of a complete line of Precision Components and Assemblies, including Waveguides, Rotary Joints, Couplers, Mixers, Hybrids, Ferrite Devices, Magnetrons, Klystrons, Switching Tubes, etc., interested appointing exclusive Sales Engineering Organization (individual or company) to represent its products in Great Britain. Box 7758, c/o "WIRELESS WORLD."

## ELECTRIGAL TEST ENGINEERS

required on new projects. Experience in testing of servo mechanisms, electronic and electrical control equipment desirable. These are staff appointments. Salary according to qualifications and experience. Apply in writing to:-
S. G. Brown Ltd., 'Shakespeare Street, Watford, Herts.

Wanted by Radio Manufacturers in W. London. Experienced Storckeeper in charge, for Radio Components. Highest rates of pay in the Industry for the right applicant. Apply, stating age and experience to:-

FIDELITY RADIO LTD.
11-13, Blechynden Street, London, W. 11

## Junior Electronic Engineers

are required for the development of nuclesr electronic equipment, and sound theoretical knowledge is essential preferably coupled with some experience in pulse technlques, translator clrcultry and other work applicable to nucleonics. Commencing balaries $8700 \cdot 2900$ p.s.
Please apply in confadence to The Regional Personnel Manager, Plessey Nuoleonies Ltd..
Weedon Rosd, Northampton.

## GLIOT

## TECHNICAL ASSISTANTS

Men are required who have had experience of environmental test work on electronic equipment. Applicants should have taken O.N.C., or City and Guilds, or course of equivalent standard. Day release for further study considered. Opportunities for advancement to Engineer status on merit.
Please apply Personnel Department (Ref. 819)

## ELLIOTT BROTHERS <br> (LONDON) LIMITED, <br> Borehamwood, Herts.

Initial phone enquiries welcomed on ELS 2040/Ext. 207. Evening interviews arranged if desired.

## ELECTRICAL ENGINEER

W. H. Allen Sons \& Company Limited, Bedford, require an electrical design engineer for their Servo-mechanism Design Department for work on electronic instruments and contsol systems.
Candidates should be about 30 years old, with a good honours degree in electrical engineering and be a Graduate or Associate Member of the Institution of Electrical Engineers. Considerable design experience embracing transistor circuitry, digital techniques and servo theory is essential. Knowledge of thermionic valve circuitry is assumed but some éxperience of magnetic amplifier design would be a useful additional qualification. Appointment necessitates co-operating with other staff on projects involving the use of electro-mechanical and hydraulic devices.
A good pension scheme is in operation and assistance with removal expenses would be given.
Applications (quoting reference No. 1001/3), to the Personnel Manager, giving full details of education, qualifications and experience, and stating age and present salary.

## AEI

## RADIO \& ELECTRONIC COMPONENTS DIVISION

(Electro-medical Section)
Have you ever heard of an electroencephalograph, a plethysmograph, or an electrocardiograph? Perhaps you haven't, although you may be interested in learning more about them.
A.E.I. Lid. are looking for a sales/ servicing engineer to work on instruments such as those mentioned above which form part of their range of electro-medical equipment.
If you are of smart appearance and pleasant personality with a good background knowledge of electronics, we invite you to apply for this position, in writing, giving details of age, previous experience and salary expected.
Associated Electrical Industries Led., (Electro-medical Section P.D.17), 155-Charing Cross Rd., W.C.2.

# Central Electricity Generating Board 

## RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT DEPARTMENT <br> RESEARCH LABORATORIES, LEATHERHEAD, SURREY

## ELECTRONIC ENGINEERS or PHYSICISTS

Are required in the Electronic and Instruments Section for research into radio and inductive interference.
The work involves a study of the fundamental aspects of interference from high voltage plant and its effect on telecommunications circuits, and radio and television reception. A sourid knowledge of radio wave propagation theory, aerial and receiver design is essential, particularly in the frequency range up to $1000 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$.
Applicants must have a University Degree or H.N.C.
Salaries on scales within one of the following ranges according to duties and responsibilities:- £1,195-£1,775 p.a. or, $\mathbf{u p}$ to $£ 1,300$ p.a.

Applications stating age, qualifications, experience, present position and salary, to the Personnel Officer, 24/30, Holborn, London, E.C.1., as soon as possible. Envelopes should be marked "Confidential Ref. WW/78."

# An essential book for research workers and designers MICROWAVE DATA TABLES 

by A. E. Booth m.I.R.E., GRadUate I.E.E.

This new book forms an accurate and labour-saving aid for computations involving basic microwave quantities which occur continually in design and development work on waveguides and similar transmission lines, such as decibel relationships, guide and free-space wavelengths, voltage standing-wave ratio, and voltage or power reflection coefficients. Printed on stout paper and strongly bound to withstand constant usage in design office or laboratory, it contains 26 tables comprising over 23,000 separate computations. The figures in the tables have been computed on a Pegasus electronic digital computer to the limit of practical measuring accuracy.

## Over 23,000 separate computations

27 s 6 d net by post 28 s 8 d
from leading booksellers
Published for "Wireless World" by lliffe © Sons Ltd. Dorset House, Stamford Street, London, S.E. 1

## VENNER ELECTRONICS

due to continued expansion require

## DEVELOPMENT ENGINEERS PLANNING ENGINEERS WIREMEN

DEVELOPMENT ENGINEERS: Applications are invited for work on transistorized equipment. These vacancies call for applicants possessing H.N.C. or equivalent.
PLANNING ENGINEER8: Preference given to men with electronic planning experience. Qualifications: preferable but not essential.
Age range for foregoing vacancies 21-40 years.
These positions are permanent and the Company offers salaries in line with the requirements. There is an attractive Pension Scheme in operation which applicants may join after having served a probationary period, the scheme also providing life assurance cover. Excelient working conditions prevail.
WIREMEN: Having experience of electronic equipment, preferably employing transistors. These positions are of hourly status and the pay is good. Age range 21-50.
The company is situated on the Kingston By-Pass, and therefore is well served by train and bus services, including Green Line. We offer numerous welfare amenities, canteen and social facilities.
All these positions offer the chance to become included in a progressive and expanding Company.
Applications for Development and Plan. ning Engineers in writing please, marked "Confidential " to:-
The Personnel Manager,
Venner Electronics Limited,
Kingston By-Pass,
New Malden, Surrey.

## ELECTRONICS ENGINEER

## is required by

W. H. ALLEN SONS \& CO. LTD.
for the Electronics Section of the Laboratory at their Queens Engineering Works, Bedford. The work involves the use of a wide range of electronic equipment in the solution of engineering problems, and includes the design and development of special instruments and techniques. The position is suitable for a young man with a good grounding in electronics to at least H.N.C., and interested in mechanical and electrical engineering. Ability to write clear and concise reports essential. (Ref. 1601/D3/1). TECHNICIAN is also required for the above-mentioned Laboratory, on work involving the construction, maintenance and testing of a wide range of electronic instruments. Experience in practical electronics and a good grounding in workshop technology, with O.N.C. or equivalent, is desirable. (Ref. 1601/D4/1).
Permanent appointments with a good Staff Pension and Life Assurance Scheme. Apply, stating age and experience (quoting reference No.) to the

Personnel Manager,
W. H. Allen Sons \& Co. Ltd., Bedford.

An opportunity for versatile young Electronic Engineers.

## AUSTIN MOTOR COMPANY LTD., LONGBRIDGE,

 Require:-ELECTRICAL/ELECTRONIC MAINTENANCE ENGINEERS for ELECTRONIC DATA PROCESSING EQUIPMENT. Both Valve and Transistor technicques as well as Magnetic Drums and Cores are involved with a variety of input and output equipment.
Men aged between 22 and 30 preferably possessing H.N.C. in Electronic or Electrical Engineering including Electronics or similar qualifications are invited to apply.
The positions are permanent, working conditions are good and prospects excellent. Five day week and opportunity given to join the Company's Pension \& Life Assurance Scheme.
Applications, stating age, qualifications and experience in electronic applications to:

> Chiel Electronics Engineer, Austin Motor Company, Ltd., Longbridge, BIRMINGHAM, 31 .
have vacancies for MICROWAVE CIRCUIT ENGINEERS
to assist in new projects on parametric amplifiers in the Company's expanding

## ELECTRONICS DEPARTMENT

Candidates should preferably possess a good degree backed by suitable experience in the microwave field.

The Company's Laboratories are housed in a modern building located in pleasant surroundings on the Cheshire boundary with easy access to rural areas. The appointments carry salaries fully commensurate with experience and qualifications. A Staff Pension Scheme and a Dependants' Insurance Scheme are in operation.

Forms of application can be obtained from T. J. Lunt, Staff Manager, Ferranti Limited, Hollinwood, Lancs. Please quote reference ASM.

A vacancy exists for an

## ELECTRICAL TECHNICAL ASSISTANT

with practical experience of preparation of wiring diagrams, printed circuitry, transistor amplifiers and Buxton requirements.

Applicants with electrical training up to at least O.N.C. standard and experience in any of the services would be suitable candidates for the vacancy.

Please write Box AC/14697
Samson Clark \& Co. Ltd., 57/61 Mortimer Street, London, W.1. ATOMIC ENERGY AUTHORITY INSTRUMENT MECHANICS

Interesting careers are offered at Dounreay to fully time served Instrument Mechanics, Instrument Makers and Electricians.
Instrument Makers should have experience in the maintenance of air operated instruments for process control. Electricians should have maintenance experience of one of the following: temperature recording instruments; relays and instrument control clrcuits; or electronic instruments, radar or television.

Rate of pay is $£ 12 / 12 /$ - for a 44 -hour 5 -day week.
Working conditions and promotion prospects are good and there are opportuuities for study.

Married men living beyond daily travelling distances will be eligible for housing. A lodging allowance is payable to eligible married employees while waiting for housing.

Applications, quöting reference L. 19 to:
Assistant Personnel Manager,
Dounreay Experimental Reactor Establishment, Thurso, Caithness, Scolland.

ELECTRONIC ORGAN BUILDERS
ELECTRONIC ENGINEERS ORGANISTS
AMATEUR ELECTRONIC ORGAN BUILDERS
are invited to discuss informally the attractive openings we have as the result of an expansion programme about to be embarked upon.
Interest, Scope, Conditions, and Prospects for advancement are excellent.
Initially, we need men with drive and imagination to assist in getting the project under way.
If you wish fuller information or would like to call and discuss the possibilities, please write:-Box No. $7420 \mathrm{c} / 0^{\text {" Wireless World." }}$

## STERN RADIO LIMITED 109 \& II5, FLEET ST., E.C. 4 have vacancies for <br> TWO RADIO ENGINEERS

Applicants must be experienced and possess sound technical knowledge. Good wages are offered plus Bonus and Staff Pension Scheme. Half-day on Saturday.

Phone FLEET STREET 5812 or call at 109, Fleet Street (at Ludgate Circus, close to Blackfriars Station).

## CENTRAL ELECTRICITY

GENERATING BOARD
Headquarters, Lomdon, S.E. 1
ANALOGUE COMPUTING LABORATORY
ELECTRONIC ENGINEERS and TECHNICIANS required to assist in the calibration, setting-up and maintenance of a 200 amplifier PACE analogue computer used in nuclear studies. Applicants should be able to handle studies. Applicants should be able to handle
complex electronic and electro-mechanical complex electronic and electro-mechanical equipment and should be capable, after an introductory period, of appreciating the finer
points of computing circuit design and operation.
Salaries on scales within the range $\mathrm{f610}$ -
£1,350 p.a. according to duties and respon-
sibilities. There are excellent prospects for promotion.
Applications stating age, qualifications, experience, present position and salary, to the Personnel Officer, $24 / 30$, Holborn, London, E.C.1, as soon as possible. Envelopes should be marked "Confidential Ref. WW/69".

## WEST SUFFOLK EDUCATION

 COMMITTEEWest Suffolk College of Further Education, Bury St. Edmunds.

Required for September, 1960, Teacher for Electrical Engineering Subjects up to O.N.C. Standard. Qualifications and/or industrial exQuaifications and/or industrial exadvantage. New College building now approaching completion. Salary in accordance with the Burnham Scale for Aysistants Grade B, £700 x £27:10s. (15) x $£ 37$ 10s. to $£ 1,150$, starting point according to teaching/industrial experience. Further details and application forms from The Principal, The Technical Institute, Bury St. Edmunds, to, whom completed forms should be sent.

## RADIO TECHNICIANS IN <br> CIVIL AVIATION

Men aged 19 or over for interesting work providing and maintaining aeronautical telecommunications and electronic navigational aids at aerodromes and radio stations in the U.K. Fundamental knowledge of radio or radar with some practical experience essential; training provided on special types of equipment. Salary according to age and station, approx. $\mathbf{1 6 7 0}$ at age 25 rising to $\mathbf{E 7 9 5}$. Prospects of permanent pensionable posts. Good opportunities for chose who obtain O.N.C. in Elec. Eng. and certain C. and G. Certificates for promotion to posts with maximum salaries of $\mathbf{6 8 7 5}, \mathcal{£} 1,035$ and $£ 1,260$. Apply to the Ministry of Aviation (ESBI/RT), Berkeley Square House, London, W.I or to any Employment Exchange (quoting Order No. Westminster 3552).

## INSTITUTE OF ANIMAL PHYSIOLOGY BABRAHAM, CAMBRIDGE

ASSISTANT EXPERIMENTAL OFFICER for the Electronics Workshop. General rather than specialised knowledge of electronic techniques, ability to develop and construct apparatus for specific requirements with the minimum of supervision. Minimum qualifications G.C.E. in 5 subjects including 2 (Science or Maths) at A level, or equivalent. Higher National Certificate an advantage. Salary according to age in scale $£ 530$ at 22 to $£ 855$. House to rent may be available. Contributory superannuation scheme. Applications with superannuation scheme. Applications with
the names of 2 referees to the Secretary the names of 2
within 2 weeks.

## CITY OF BIRMINGHAM EDUCATION COMMITTEE

MATTHEW BOULTON TECHNICAL COLLEGE
Suffolk Street, Birmingham, 1
Principal: J. C. Martin, M.A., A.M.I.E.E. A.M. Brit. I.R.E.

Applications are invited for the following posts to commence duty on 1st September, 1960:ASSISTANT TEACHER, GRADE "B" for City and Guilds Radio and Television servictug Courses. Practical experience desirable.
ASSISTANT TEACHER, GRADE "A" for City and Guilds first and second year Telecomanunications ublect
Salary: Grade "B" $\{700 \times £ 27$ 10s, and final lncre-
 ment $£ 40-\varepsilon 1.000$
Additlonal increments above the minimum of the Acales may be granted for time spent in industry, commerce. professional work or research. There are also addtions to the scales for a degree or for equivalent professloual qualifications
appilcation forms obtainable


OUTSIDE SALES ENGINEER
required for London and Home Counties, with good commercial contacts in the Electrical field. For preference residing in North London. Basic salary, liberal commission and car allowance.

Applications, giving full particulars of age, experience, etc., to Personnel Manager, ELLIOTT BROS. (LONDON) LTD., Gentury Works, Gonington Road, Lewisham, 8.E.13.

## WANTED <br> 677Trainee Engineers

The Electricity Supply Industry has vacancies this year for 677 recruits to its engineering training schemes. They are required both by the Central Electricity Generating Board and by the 12 Area Electricity Boards.

83 university graduates are needed as graduate trainees. They should possess a degree in electrical or mechanical engineering of a British university.
73 technical college graduates are required as engineering trainees. They should possess a Diploma in Technology, a College Diploma, a Higher National Diploma or a Higher National Certificate in electrical or meehanical engineering.
521 school-leavers are needed as student apprentices. There are two levels of entry: for those who possess a good Ordinary level G.C.E., including passes in maths and science, and for those who have taken G.C.E. at " O " level and have also obtained passes in maths and physics at Advanced level.
Training for university and technical college graduates is by means of a planned two-year course of practical experience,
satisfying the requirements of the professional institutions.
Training for school-leavers is by means of a five-year apprenticeship, including day-release or a Sandwich Course, leading to a professional engineering qualification.
On satisfactory completion of training, all trainees are guaranteed employment in this essential, expanding industry. A wide range of careers is available in many types of engineering - generation, transmission, distribution, commercial and research. Because the demand for electricity doubles every ten years, the prospects of promotion are good.

For further information write to :
The Education and Training Officer,
The Electricity Council, 156 Winsley Street, London, W. 1

## ELECTRONIC TEST ENGINEERS

Applications are invited from Electronic Engineers to join an existing team engaged on testing specialised electronic equipment in the control/ automation field. Engineers must have a sound knowledge of Radio and Electronic principles, and should be familiar with the testing of prototype designs.
This is not mass production testing, and good opportunities are available for Engineers to advance in the Industrial Electronic Engineering field with this expanding organisation.
Written applications in strict confidence stating age, experience and salary required to:

Works Personnel Officer, Lancashire Dynamo Electronic Products, Limited, Rugeley, Staffs.

EMI TEST ENGINEERS

## FOR

ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT
Owing to an expanding development and production programme E.M.I Electronics Ltd, requires a number of Test Engineers and Assistants.
The work is interesting and instructive and is concerned with the latest electronic equipment and techniques. Applicants should have a sound knowledge of electronics but although appropriate qualifications are desirable they are not essential.
These posts are well paid and prospects for advancement are excellent. Please write, giving full details and quoting Ref. EL/9/3A, to:

## Personnel Manager

E.M.I. ELECTRONICS LTD. HAYES, MIDDLESEX

## TRAIN FOR A CAREER IN TEACHING ENGINEERING SUBJECTS

Persons aged between about 25 and about 45, with good industrial experience, are invited to apply for training as FULL-TIME TEACHERS OF ENGINEERING SUBJECTS IN TECHNICAL COLLEGES AND SCHOOLS. EXCELLENT CAREER PROSPECTS

## NEXT COURSE: SEPTEMBER, 1960 TO JUNE, 1961

Applicants should hold suitable qualifications, e.g., a university degree, associate or graduate membership of a professional institution; Higher National Certificate, Final or Full Technological Certificate of the City and Guilds of London Institute.

> NO TUITION FEES

PERSONAL, MAINTENANCE, DEPENDANTS' AND
TRAVELLING GRANTS PAYABLE
For details write immediately, quoting S/24 to either
The Director, Bolton Training College, Manchester Road, Bolton.
The Director, Huddersfield Training College, Holly Bank Road, Huddersfield.
The Principal, Garnett College, 83 New Kent Road, London, S.E.1.
bradford institute of technology Principal: E. G. Edwards, Ph.D., B.Sc., F,RIC. Appticntions are Invited for the post of gFANIOR LECTURER
IN ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING
Thls rapidly expanding department offers exceptionsl opporturities for teaching, consulting
and research work. Cand idates should be suitably and research work. Candidates should be suitably Electrical Power and Machines or Electronics and Telecommunications. The successful candidate will be encouraged to develop industrisl contacta and to undertake research for which adequate facilities will be available.

Salary scale $£ 1,550$ to $£ 1,750$ per annum.
Previous industrial and research experience, in fixiog the commencing salary. Further particulars ard forms of application may be oblained from the Registrar, Bradford Institute of Technology, Bradiord 7 .

HENRY PATTEN,
Clerk to the Governort

ROYAL AIRCRAFT ESTABLISHMENT FARNBOROUGH requires
ELECTRONICS MECHANICS
to serve as Research and Development Craftsmen (Special) for work on Guided Weapons, Aircraft control radar, instrumentation of wind runnels, electronic computors. Pay starts at $227 / 8$ (including 38/- merit lead) for a 44 -hour 5 -day week and is reassessed within three months up to $259 / 8$ according to ability. Revised pay will be retrospective to date of entry. Good prospects of houses within reasonable time for applicants not living near Farnborough. Apply Industrial Personnel Branch (WW), Royal Aircraft Establish. ment, Farnborough, Fants.

VACANCIES FOR RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT CRAFTSMEN IN GOVERNMENT BERVICE AT CHELTENHAM
Experience in one or more of the following:(1) Maintenance of radio communication receivers (2) Sub-assembly lay out, wiring and testing of (3) Cabling, wiring and adjustment of telephone type equipment.
(4) Fault finding in and maintenance of electronic apparatus.
(5) Maintenance of teleprinter or eypher machines and associated telegraph equipment. Basic Pay $49 / 9 / 8$ per week plus merit pay. assessed
at Lnterview, and based on abillty and experience at interview, and based on ability and experience OR under:-
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { gPECIAL RATE } & 10 / \text { - to } 32 /- \text { per week } \\ 38 /-t o ~ & 70 / \text { - per weel }\end{array}$ Opportunities for permaneni and penslonable posts. Five-day week; good worting conditions; single accommodation available.
Apply in writing to:-
Pereonnel Officer,
G.O.H.Q. (RDC/3).

53, Clarence Street, Cheltenham, Glos.

## TELEPRINTERS, PERFORATORS, REPERFORATORS TAPE READERS

Terminals and V.F: Telegraph multichannel units; Testing Equipment Telephone Carriers and Repeaters; Signalling Rectifiers and Relays, Transformers, Transmit and Receive Filters; Repeating and Retardation Coils; Racks, Relay Bases, Uniselectors, Remote Control Transmitters, British, American and German Equipment.
BATEY \& CO., GAIETY WORKS, Akaman Street, Tring, Herts. Tel.: TRING 2183 and 2310

## INSTRUMENT REPAIRS

DON'T WAIT. TAKE ADVANTAGE OF OUR QUICK SERVICE, COMPETI. TIVE PRICES AND GUARANTEED REPAIRS.
We specialise in the repair and conversion of the following :-
MULTI-RANGE METERS.
AMP-VOLT-WATTMETERS.
ELECTRONICAND ALL ALLIED MEASURING EQUIPMENT.
SPC. LABORATORY EQUIPMENT.
LEDON INSTRUMENTS LTD.
96, Deptford High Se., London, S.E.8. TIDEWAY 2689

## MARCONI INSTRUMENTS,

 ST. ALBANS require
## TEGHNICAL WRITERS

This Company has immediate vacancies in its Technical Literature (Telecommunications) Section. Applicants should have electrical engineering qualifications and/or experience in the design or development of electronic equipment. The duties are varied and interesting and the posts provide permanent and pensionable positions in a wellestablished Company.
Please write giving full details of experience and qualifications to Dept. C.P.S., Marconi House, 336/7, Strand, W.C.2, quoting reference WW 2970 N .

## UNICAM INSTRUMENTS LIMITED

This Company specialises in the production of high quality optical instruments for use in spectrum analysis and has an international reputation as a leader in this feld. At all stages of manufacture the best standards of workmanship are needed.
We have vacancies for men with electronic experience for testing. Radar and radio technicians with fault finding experience would be suitable.
If you have the kind of background which you think would fit you for this interesting work in a pleasant University City, please work in a pleasant university city, pease and experience.
Write to:- The Works Mamager,
Unicam Instruments Limited,
Arbury Works, Cambridge, quoting reference ES.21.

## ODDIE FASTENERS



THE FASTENER WITH ENDLESS APPLICATIONS - SIMPLE - POSITIVE SELF-LOCKING.

MADE IN A VARIETY OF TYPES AND SIZES. SPECIAL FASTENERS TO SUIT CUSTOMERS' REQUIREMENTS. WIDELY USED IN THE RADIO INDUSTRY.
'Hustrated brochure and other information
will gladly be sent on requese. will gladly be sent on request. DEPT. "W.W."
Oddie, Bradbury \& Cull Ltd.,Southampton
Tel.: 55883 Cables: Fasteners, Southampton

## CLEAN AND SILENT <br> ${ }_{0}^{0 . C . A C}$

UP TO 100 WATTS
WITH THE NEW FELGATE ELECTRONIC Inverter


## NO MOVINC PARTS FREQUENCY CONTROL

 Manufactured by RADIO MAILING LIMITED sTUDLAND HALL, STUDLAND STREET, LONDON, W.6.
## RECO KITS


"RECO $"$ MIDPT
TRANTSTOR KIT (M/L Wave日). Size 4 Iin. $x$ $3 \mathrm{lin} \times$ tin. Variable sen-
gitivity control Vari $Q$ fervite sod aerial. "gonotone" min . dynsmic earpiece with imsert. Pencell battery. Complete kit with Edliswan transistor and easy build
diagrame, $3 \% / 6$. P.P. $2 /$.


(Size: 6 itn. $\times 4$ ilin $\times 1$ in.)
As the Tranalgeu Three but with Push-Pull output proved 3in. apeaker. Complete kit $86 / 10 / \%$ P.P. $2 / 6$ Easy buld practical wiring diagrams free with kit.

"RECO" TRANSIGEN
(M/L Waves and Trawler Entirel Band.) extirely self contalned (no R,F. stage with EDIGWAN transistors. Combined folume and sensiuvity control On test ( 50 miles in the ovening Radio Luxembourg. A.F.N. and many others. Attractive pale blue polyatyrene case with red grille. "Monotone" min, earpiece. Complete klt with easy build diagrams and battery. 79/6. P.P. 2/6.

"REGO" PHSH-PULL
IOUR EIT
(M/L Waves and $2 \mathrm{s.W}$. coils free upon request.) Biators. Volume control. 3 in. speaker. Improved lay-out. Gleaming pale blue polystyrene case with red speaker grille, Complete wit with eaay bulld diagrams and 3 -volt
battery, $85 / 3 / 6$. P.E. 2/6. battery, $45 / 3 / 6$. P.E. $2 / 6$.
Parts price list and crrcults for the above kits $2 / 6$

## 'AFTER SALES SERVICE

## RADIO EXCHANGE COMPANY

 (Dept. W.W.)27 Harpur Street, BEDFORD
Closed 1 o'elock Saturdeys. Telephone Bedlord 2367
"BARGAINS WITH PERSONAL 8ERVIGE" COMMUNICATLON RECEIVER R206. $90-0.66 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$ in 6 ranges, separate power pack for $110 / 230$ v. a.c. 12 . d.c. Flbrator pack included, slightly used but in Frequency Adaptor for eame with 3 further ranges, $600-50 \mathrm{kc} / \mathrm{s}, \quad 55 /-$, cartiage $5 /$. (Mainland). Size $24 \times 18 \times 17 \mathrm{in}$. UNIVERSAL IMPEDANCE BRIDGE TF373a. These $110 / 250 \mathrm{v}$. a.c. operation. Only $828 / 10 / \mathrm{F}$, carriage paid, ontside msinland carriage extra.
IX/RECEIVER No. 19, $2-8 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$. (150-37 metres) in 2 bandm, also $230-240 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$ V. H. F., 12/24 M . operation. Mk, II model, au new, $70 /-$ : Mk. III, $80 /-$, carrage on
both $12 / 6$ (Mainland). Complete statlon set, mapply unit, variometer, etc., $£ 8 / 10 /$-, carr. 25/- (Maimland). CALIBRATOR TIME BASE TYPE 1. Incorporates powerpack 115/250 ₹. imput, 330-0-330 v., 4/6.3 and 4/5 v. tappinge, sZ4G rectifer, fully smoothed, also 6/EF50, 2/VR54, 2/CV179 vaives, and a host of other components. Brand new in original transit case,
35/- carriage 7/6. PBIVes miniature OV type, turret tuner 6 -position.
pluy- th R.F. strip Type $147 \mathrm{~A}, 3$ valces (147/138/133), plug-tn B.F. strip Type 147A, 3 valves ( $147 / 138 / 133$ ), $1 / 140.1 / 196)$. Also $3 / 138,2 / 140,1 / 329,2 / 286,1 / 889$, $1 / 133,2 / 6 \times 4$ valves, and $12 / 24 \mathrm{v}$. blower, with large selection of useful modern components. BRAND NEW. Only 75/-carriage 7/6.
ROTARY CONVERTORS. 24 v . d.c. input, 230 v. a.c. 50 c. 100 watts output. brand new, $4 / 10 /$. Ditto, 125 watts, $24 / 17 / 6$. A few of these models, store $85 / 10 /=$, with sliding restator for same $£ 8$. Carrlage on all the above 716 outside mainland extra. 24 v. d.c. input, 230 v. a.c. 50 c. 135 watts output is wood carrying case, with 3 -pin flush output socket, absolutely brand new and unused in original packing case, $27 / 10 / 6$, carriage $10 /-$ A small number left, case, $\varepsilon 2 / 10 /=$ Auto tranalormer $50 / 230 \mathrm{v}$. to suit aarne, f1110/- carriage on each 5/SPOTLIGET. $12 / 18 \mathrm{v}$. approx. 80 watte sealed beam. pistol grip handle incorporating micro switch, separate on/ofl switch, 20ft. tough rubber flex, bize overall $7 \mathrm{in} . \times 7 \mathrm{in} \times 12 \mathrm{in}$, weight sib. 8uperb light, just the job for bouts, etc BRAND NEW, only 45/*. P. AR. P. $2 / 6$. 19102, incorporating 2 bigh speed 670 ohms sealed relays, also a Co-A ial relags erth olisture sealed sockets. Brand new, few only, 35/- P. \& P. 2/6. BATTERI CEARGERS. 230 v. a.c. Input, 24 v. d.c. output at 10 ampe. with meter, fine and coarse controls enables, 6, 12, or 24 v. batterles to be charged, fused with on/on switch, $£ 9 / 10 / \mathrm{F}$, carriage 21 mainland. RECTIFLER SETS. $230 \mathrm{v}, 1$ ph. mput, 24 v , d.c. at
26 amps. output, $£ 12 / 10 /-230$ v. ditto, 36 v at 26 amps. output, $£ 12 / 10 /-; 230 \mathrm{~F}$. ditto, 36 v . at
60 amps. output. $£ 17 / 10 /=-230 \mathrm{v}$. ditio 3 ph ., 36 v at 50 amps., £20. $380 / 440$ v. 3 ph. input, 36 v. d.c. NIFE ALKALME BATTERIES. 25 s.h., 1.2 v . per coll, 10/- ea. P. PR P. $1 / 6$.
CONDENEERS. "Pyrauol oll flled 10 2 F 2 kv . wkg. (part of the Tranmmitter ET4336) 22/6 aa.; 1 dozen
lota at $19 /-$ ea.; 50 to $100,16 /$ - each. Packing and lota at 19/- ea.; 50 to 100, 1 ar- car. Pachag and TELEGRAPH[LINEMEN'S SAFETY BELTS, Lealher 2 in. $\times$ tin. double buckles, with satety catch, B must for all climbing purposes. Brand new, 1\%/6. P.P. $2 /$.
HAND MICROPBONE. Moving coil No, 13, round 2 in , diameter, with thumb press switch, brand new only 12/6. P.P. 1/-. Ingerts for samue, 4/6. P.P. fd
ANTENNA CURRENT INDICATOR. U.8.A. New ANTENNA CURRENT INDI
$2 \downarrow$ in. fueh, $8 / 6$. P.P. 6 d .
aerial Variometers. Part of 10 set Mk. 12. New. 13/8. P.P. I/6. sTRIP. F.M. conversion, 373
$9.72 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$. compliete with 6 valves. Conversion detalle "P.W. April 1967 . Now oaly $89 / 6 . \mathcal{Y} . \mathbb{P}$. $1 / 6$, lid, with 1 mA . ifin. meter flush fitted. 5 micro and 2 toggle ewitches, relays, condenbers and other components, wonderful bargaio, 22/6. P.P. 2/6.
Termas, C.W.O. or approved monthis accounts,
A. J. THOMPSON
"EILING LODGE," GODIGOTE, HERTS.
Phone: Codicote 242

## The finest method for cleaning records

Already over 200,000 enthusiastic users

##  AUTOMATIC GRAMOPHONE RECORD CLEANER <br> PATENT No. 817.598

Price reduced to $17 / 6$ (plus $5 / 10$ purchase tax) from your local dealer or

## CECIL E. WATTS LTD.

Consullant and Engineet (Sound Recording and Reproduetion) Darby House, SUNBURY-on-THAMES, MIDDX

## PORTLAND RLECTRONICS

TEST EQUIPMENT
CRYBTAL CALIBRATOR. FURZEHILL NO, 7 $\mathbf{M K}$. 1. Battery operated giving harmonics up to $30 \mathrm{mc} / \mathrm{s}$. at $1 \mathrm{nic} / \mathrm{s.} 100 \mathrm{kc} /$,s . or $10 \mathrm{kc} / \mathrm{s}$. intervals An extra stage serving as a moduiator or detector
enables both transmitters and receivers to be calibrated. Crystal frequency 1 mc/a., 6 valves. Supplied brand new in transit case with spare valves ath

instrument coverin 3 in. scale Callbrated slavo lo Db $\mu$ W to 6 W f.s.d. in 11 rangee. 2.5 to 20 K ohme. Hammered enamel front panel and sealed Die onst case ace enamel iront panel and sealed Diecest case. AB new now E12/10- each.
PRECISION VOLT METERS. Elloti high grade 6 in . moving eoll, mirror scale voltmeters. F.f.s.d. with leather case and irst-class condition, coraplete despatch. The resistance of each meter is indivddually marked and the range couid easily be extended. £7/5/- each.
CONSTRUCTORS BARGAINS
POWER PACES YB04552. Input 110-200-220-240
 to earth. Unit is BRAND NEW and containg a wide assortment of useful power component: including ${ }_{4} 48$ mft. 350 v. paper condengers, 2 chokes, 1100 v. bridge rectiders and 2250 . Wave metal rects. Aleo
a 5 -pole c/o beavy duty rotary switch with silver a 5 -pole c/o heavy duty rotary switch with silver
contacts, slydock fuses, several smail components and contacts, alydock fnses, several small components and vertised previously at $12 / 6$ (output from vibrator vertised previouply at $12 / 6$ (output from vibrator vibrator but with full detalls of mput and output conneetions, etc. A real snip at $27 / 6$ each.
CONDENSERS. T.C.C. Tubular
Metal pa
500 v . Brand new. F/6 doz.; $£ 2 / 15 /-$ per grose tradie.
PRECT
PRECIIION POTENTIOMETERS. COlvern 50 k . 4n. cant corrected with centre tap. Ony alikhtiy

 W/W. pots, 50 ohm, $1 / 3 ; 3 \mathrm{k} . \mathrm{I}, 1 / 6 ; 50 \mathrm{k} ., 1 / 9 ; 100 \mathrm{k}$ log. carbon, $1 / 3$.
all prices include post and packing. Terma C.W.O.
20 PORTLAND PLACE, STALYBRIDGE, CHESHIRE

TAPE PUNCHING AND READNG EQUIPMENT: Koybourd Perforators. Reperforators, Tape Readers CREED MODEL 8 TELEPRLNTER RECEIVERS: Brand new condltion ex stock. Keyboard Trais mittere 7/PN3, Car raige Assembules, Tape Heads, etc. also available for immediate delivery. sub.
Creed Models 3,7 and 8 Teleprinters available er stock and large sariety of shelf epares.
TELEPRINTER SWITCHBOARDS; 15 line
TELEPRISTER DISTORTION AND MARGIN TESTERS: Telegraphy Relnys and Relay Testers. V.F. TELEGRAPEY AYSTEMS: speech + Duplex Terminal Units and Repeaters. Daplex systems' carrier telephony systems: $1+1$ Terminais and Repeaters, $1+4$ Terminals and Repealert IMPEDAKCE BALANCDNG NETWORKS: For $t$ wo wire termination and repeater stuges, 1 or 2 -elempat
networks or 3 -or 4 -element networks with test faclitities. PREQUENCY FLLTERS: V.F. Telegraphy Bani-pass filters $130 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{s}$ Band width. Low-pass fllters and Silters for carrier telephony channels up to $13 \mathrm{~K} \mathrm{Kc} / \mathrm{s}$. FIELD TELEPHONES AND PORTABLE switchBoARDS: Feld seta EE8 (Armerican) D M, Type F and Type
Bu-Live capacity.
mobile hr radio stations: Millary Wireless Set 19 with all operating equipment and spare parts, collh Power Units to operate from 12 volte, 24 volt w.C. and $110-2.20$ volt A.C. - stations and spares. HF RADIO TRANSMITTER T-1509 300 WATTS
 $50 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{s}$. Spares avallable.
HF TRANSMITTER: 25 Watte output 250 volt mains supply, 1 - $18 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$. Bystemis A1, 42 and A3.
tRS Radio equipment: $60-80 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$, Transmitter Output 50 watts, various types of Power Supyly Unit, very sensitive recelver
ATRBORNE RADIO EQUIPMENT: 10-Channel V.H.P. equipment.
radio compass equipment: Rebecca Mark vill Distance Measuring Equipment-statious and apares.
R. GILFILLAN \& CO. LTD. National Provincial Bank Chambers, 29 South Street, Worthing, Sussex. Tel: Worthing 8719 \& 30181.

## RELAYS

High-speed Relays BIGMA 4C1 or equiv., SPST,, $000 \Omega$,
 2 lo . da. $\times 2 \mathrm{in}$.
LEACH RELAYS
$1013.24,1 \mathrm{M}, 200 \Omega 24 \mathrm{~V} .50 \mathrm{~mA}$. pull-in, 10 mA . drop
 1015,1 CO, Heavy Duty, $95 \mathrm{n}, 12 \mathrm{~V} .880 \mathrm{~mA}$. pull in,

 $1220,2 \mathrm{M}, 160 \Omega, 24 \mathrm{~V}$., Heary Duty, 90 mA . puil-is.
 $1227 / 893$, Canned, $2 \mathrm{M} ., 244 \mathrm{~V}, 160 \mathrm{Q}, 80 \mathrm{~mA}$. pull-in,
 drop-out, 3 tin $\times 3$ tin. $\times 1$ inn
sealed relays
Q.E. HIgh Speed CR27910103, $1 \mathrm{CO}, 2000$. 5 mA .
 Teach 903I-53c, 3 CO, $160 \Omega$, 24 v., Heavy puty 80 mA . pull $\cdot \ln , 40 \mathrm{~mA}$. drop out, 8 - lug connection,

 C5940-1, 5 B., $250 \Omega, 28$ V., is A contacts at 24 VDC or 115 VAC . 55 mA . pull-tn, 10 mA - drop-out, $2 \ln$,

 Electronic Specialty, T162F1, 1CO, 9,000 , 2 , p.p. 6 mA . pull-in, 1.5 mA . drop-out, B9A Base, $11 / \mathrm{in}_{1} \times 18 \mathrm{ln} \times$ Allied Control BA10277-22, 4 M., $300 \Omega, 60 \mathrm{~mA}$. pull-in, 30 mA . drop-out, $18 \mathrm{in} . \times 2 \mathrm{fin} . \times 21 \mathrm{in}$., lug connections Allied Control skEX-377, $4 \mathrm{M}, 9,000 \Omega, 5 \mathrm{~mA}$. puil-in, ma. drop-out, 1 inin. $\times 1$ in. $\times 2$ in., $14-$ pin bage MISCELLANEOUS RELAYS Motorola $11 \times 138,3 \mathrm{M} ., 6 \mathrm{~V} .30 \mathrm{D}, 100 \mathrm{~mA}$. pull-in,
 Care, $227599 \mathrm{~A} 346,1$ CO., 12 V ., $125 \Omega, 50 \mathrm{~mA}$. ppuli-in, 20 mA . drop-out mecond-hand, $1 /$ tin. $\times 1$ itna. pull-in, $\times 1 \mathrm{in}$. 50 ma . drop-out, 1 CO ., 1 B .24 V ., 150 O . 55 mA . pull-in, 20 ma. prop-

ABSORPTION FREQUENCY METERS BC-906
Frequency Range $150-235 \mathrm{mc} / \mathrm{s}$. Unused, complate with calibration charts and aerial rod $\qquad$ $\begin{array}{lll}22 & 0 & 0 \\ 15 & 0\end{array}$

METEOROLOGICAL RADIO SONDE TRANSMITTERS
Frequency Range Approx. $1.600 \mathrm{mc} / \mathrm{s}$. Tranemitter consists of modulator valve 5875 and RF Yalve 6794 Operation trom a battery 110 V , $6^{\circ} 6 \mathrm{~V}$ and 1.4 V . Dimen sions, complete with acrial: 2 inn dia. $\times 8$ in. long. Weight with an audio frequency dependent on the value oi resistors used in the 5875 circuit.
PRICE, new, with circult diagram (p.p. 3/6) .... 16/-

## BUZZERS

Post Offlee Buzzers model T Mk I. Minimum operating voltage 3 volts, PRTCE (p.p. 1/6)

BRAND NEW AMERICAN CAPACITORS
Vacuum Capacitors, $50 \mu \mu \mathrm{~F}, 32 \mathrm{kV}$. test $.1 \mu \mathrm{~F} 3,000 \mathrm{~V}$. Oil Paper, $2 \operatorname{lin} \times 4 \mathrm{in} . \times 1 \mathrm{in}$. $.5 \mu \mathrm{~F} 1,000 \mathrm{~V}$. Oll Paper, $1 \mathrm{tin} \times 3 \mathrm{in} . \times 1 \mathrm{~m}$. $1 \mu \mathrm{~F} 800 \mathrm{~V}$. Pyranol, $2 \mathrm{in}, \times 1 \mathrm{in} . \times 11 \mathrm{in}$. $1 \mu \mathrm{~F} 400 \mathrm{~V}$ Pyranol, $11 \ln \times 2 \ln \times \operatorname{lin}$ $2 \mu \mathrm{~F} 400 \mathrm{~V}$. Pyranal, $1 \mathrm{iln}, \times 24 \mathrm{~m}, \times 1 \mathrm{~m}$. $2 \mu \mathrm{~F} 600 \mathrm{~V}$. Oil Paper, Tubular, 1 in . diax $2 \mu \mathrm{~F} 600$ V. Oil Paper, $1 \operatorname{in}$. $\times 1 \ln$. $\times 4 \operatorname{in} .$.
$3 \mu \mathrm{~F} 600$ V. Oil Paper Tubular 1 itin . disx $3 \mu \mathrm{~F} 250 \mathrm{~V}$ Oil Paper, $1 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in} \times 1 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in} . \times 3 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in}$. $4 \mu \mathrm{~F} 600$ V, Oil Paper,



RATCHET MOTORS, 12 r
1 Amp. (Impulse Motora) ह.75
ohms. $\cdot$................ $3 / 6$ each
82, p.p. 3/6 3/: p.p. $1 / 6$ $3 / 6$, p.p. $1 / 6$
$8 /=$ p.p. $2 /$ 3/6, p.p. 1/6
4/6. $1 / 6$, p.p. $1 / 6$ in. 3/-, p.p. $1 / 6$ 2/m, p.p. 1/6 b/6. p.p. $2 / 6$
\%/6. p.p. $2 /-$

Packing and postage

## C.R. TUBE SCREENS

suitable for 3PB1 and other 3lin, tubes, brand new, with rubber liting and mounting foot ......... 5/-, p.p. 1/-

## AVOMINORS

DC AVOMTNOR (Testmeter Type E); Ranges: $2=20-200-$ $1000 \times 1$ and $\times 2$ 2, $20.100-2000 \mathrm{~mA}$, 2 A and 20 A , all D.C. only. Complete with leather case.... $8319{ }^{6}$
AVOMINOR UNIVERSAL (Testineter TYpe Ranges $5-25-100 \cdot 250-500 \mathrm{~V}$ AODO; $2.5-5-25-100.500 \mathrm{~mA}$ D.O. Complete with leather case........ \&3 19 . 6 p.p. $2 / 8$ each.

## AVO C-R BRIDGES

Portable Mains Operated Eerviceman's Component Bridge. Ranges of measurements: Capacity from Voltmeter from 0 to 15 V RMB; Neon Leakage Indicator. Power Factor measurement in \%
PRICE.
£9/0/0, p.p. 10\%
V.H.F. RECEIVER UNITS BC-624
(gart of SCR-522 Transmitter-Receiver)

## Z. \& I. AERO SERVICES LTD.

Head Office: 14 South Wharf Road, London, W.2. Telephone: AMBassador 0151/2 Personal Callers: 85 Tottenham Court Road, London, W.I. Telephone: LANsham 8403 Please send all correspondence and Mail Orders to the Head Office.

## ZNDON GENTRAB RADIO STOR:S

TIME SWITCHES, VENNER. 8-day clock work, 230v. Aa. Thoroughly reconditioned and guaranteed, £2/10/- including post and packing
EX-NAYAL SOUND POWERED TELEPHONES witb Hand Generator calling, and neon Indicator in ironSOUND POWERED BREAST MIKE AND HEAD-SET. No Batterles needed. $25 /$-.
CARBON TELEPEONE HANDSETS, New. $12 / 6$. SOUND POWERED INSERTS. Suitable for Transistor Setr, New. 3/9.
CENTRE ZERO MA. METER, 1-0-1. Suitable for tuning indicator or galvo. Realstance 75 ohm. Panel
mounting overall dimenalona 3 in. $25 /-$ new and boxed. mounting overall dimenstons 3in. 25/- new and boxed. AYO MNMEROCS TEST METERS. Reconditioned ab new, in poreci working o a . Sludel 40 210/10/-. Model Z £9/91
3iln. P.M. SPEAKERS 3 a in grey metal cabinet complete with volume control Very sensitive. Approx measurements $51 \times 5!\times 2 t$ tim. Approx weigh HIGB 25PE
EXGH-SPEED ELECTRO-MAGNETIC COUNTERS Ex Govt. 0.9.999, $25 / 50$ V. D.C. Size $4 \times 1 \times 1$ in VENNER TIME SWITCHES, for Bwitchin lighting and power. Beconditioned as new. clad cases, 10 amp., $75 /-; 15$ amp., $85 /-; 20$ amp., £5/5-
TELEPRONE DLALS. 0-9. Sultable for later-office and factory installations. With fixing mount, fitted with connecting tags, 21/-
3-OHM P.M. SPEAKERS, In good working order, 10in., 27/6; 8in. 9/6; 6in. 9/6: 5 in . 11/8.
ELECTRICITY SLOT METERS (1/- In alot) for A.C. mains. Fixed tariff to your requirements. Suitable tor hotels, etc. 10 A., $84 /-; 16 \mathrm{~A} ., 94 /-{ }^{2} 20 \mathrm{~A} ., 104 /-$ TUARTERLY QUARTERLY ELECTRIO CHECK METERS, Re
 balanoed armature headphones. Suitable for crystal sets, $12 / 6$.
HAND BEARING MARCHTNG COMPASSES, $14 / 6$.
MOVING COLL HAND MIKE. Tywe 7. 7/6.
All prices include carriage
23 LISLEST. (GER.2969) LONDON, W.C. 2
closed Thursday 1 p.m. Open all day Saturday
A.D
A. DAVIES \& CO. (Cabinet Makers) 3 PARKHILL PLACE (off Parkhill Road),
LONDON, N.W.3. Few minutes walk Belsize Park Underground

## LYONS RADIO LTD.

WIRE-WOUND POTENTIOMETERS. Precision made. $3!\mathrm{in}$. dia. ex new equipment. soK and 100K ohms. PRICE ONLY $7 / 6$ each, post $2 / 8$.
Wax cable, Each conductor 9/012 tinned copper, rubber insulated and colour coded with synthetic arigin. PRICE ONLY 35/- per 100 yards, 20 / or 50 yards, $12 / 6$ for 25 yards.
DYNAMOTORS. Type "Po." Input 12 v. D.O. Out put D.O. 275 V . at 110 mA , and 500 v. at 50 mA hew. PRTCE ONL $25 /$ Input $24 / 27$ v. D.O. Output 285 F . D.C. 75 m Wt, 31b. 8ize overall $4 \frac{1}{2}$ long $\times 2$ sin. dia. As new. PRICE ONLY 10/8. post 2/6.
INVERTERS. Known as Motor Generator type 7, Air Min. ref. 5U/3288. Input 23/24 v D.C. Output 80 V . at 1,600 cycles, 240 VA. Carbon plle V/R and filter unlt incorporated. In good condition. PRICE EXTENSION 8 carrage 6 - - . 8mart white bakelite sq. $\times 3 \mathrm{hin}$. Ideal for kitchen, eto. PRICEE ONLY PRINTED CIRCUIT KITS. For etching your own These kits contain over 60 sq . in. of laminated board and sufferent chemicals to make dozens of printed aircuits. The comprehensive instruction booidet supplied contains advice and examples on translating PRICE ONLY 19/6, post $1 / 6$. TRANSISTORS. Red ADOt
each. White spot $6 / 6$ each
3 GOLDHAWK ROAD, (Dept. M:W.)
SHEPHERD'S BUSH, LONDON, W. 12
Telephone: Shepherd's Bush 1729
POST PAID-CUT PRIGE TOOLSAUTOMATIC PUSH DRILLS, with 8 woodbits, in to 1 in., $13 / 6$. WHIT. OPEN ENDSPANNERS, drop forged and plated, set 6$\frac{3}{16}$ in. to $\frac{1}{2}$ in., $11 / 6$. POCKET NEON TESTER,with retractable screwdriver, $5 /-$5 in . $81 D E$ CUTTERS, $5 /=5 \mathrm{in}$. PLATEDROUND NOSE TAPERED PLIERS, 5/-7in. FLAT NOSE BOX JOINT TAPEREDPLIERS, $8 / 6$. $7 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in}$. COMBINATION PLIERS,6/=: TUBULAR FRAMED HACK SAWS, $11 / 6$.H.S. TWIST DRILLS. Set 7, 1in. to fin.4/-. Full size in wallet, 6/-. Set 13, 9/6.12 v. D.G. MAGNETIC SWITCH. Cuts out on 2amp. overload or dead short. 13/6. P.P.4-SPEED RECORD AUTO CHANGERS.$200 / 250$ V. A.C. $56 / 19 / 6$. Carriage $5 /-$
OUR FAMOUS TRANSFORMERS.200/250. Input200/250. Output tapped 3 to 30 v .2 a. ortapped 5 , 11 , ${ }^{17}$ V. ${ }^{5}$ a, EAECH $24 / 6$. P.P.
F.W. METAL RETIFIERS. $12 / 6$ volt,F.W. METAL RECTIFIERS. $12 / 6$ V.
1 a., $7 / 6 ; 3$ a., $13 /-; 4$ a., 17/6; 6 a., $27 / 6 ;$ P.P.TOGGLE SWITCHES DPDT $3 /$MICRO SWITCHES Make and Break $5 / 9$.
MAINS TRANSFORMER AND RECTIFIERgiving 12 N. 2 - D.C. Output 19/6. P.P.NICKEL NIFE BATTERIES. 1.2 volt. 2.5amp. Size $3 \times 2 \times 1 \mathrm{lin}$. Practically everlasting.$6 /-$ or 3 for 16/-P.P. 4 for $21 /$ -ARMY MORSE KEYS. $3 /$-. P.P
1,000 NEW 8.T.C. FREQ. GRYSTALS, 10.555 kc. to 19.872 kc. $5 / 6$ each. List available.
All itenss new and guaranteed
UNISELECTOR SWITCHES. 50 v. D.C 6 bank 25 way and 3 bank 50 way, all tested and guaranteed, $30 /=$ eacl2, in lots of 25 or more plus cartiage
10,000 STROWGER RELAYS. Open to offers. Lists sent on request. Post orders only to THE

| Telephone: AMB <br> RETAIL BRA | Wharf Road, Lond <br> ador 0151/2 <br> A.R.B. Approved Stockists 85 TOTTENHAM COURT ROAD |
| :---: | :---: |
| AN/AMT-II RADIO SONDE TRANSMITTERS <br> Complete tranamitter desloned to transmit signals th the range of $395.406 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{cs}$. range audio modulated at 10 to $200 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{s}$., modulation frequency depending on the masnitude measured. Measurements range: pressure 1,000 to 5 millibars; Relative Humidity 15 to $90 \%$; Temperature -90 to $+50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Equlpment includes barnmetric switch and measuring devise, humidity and temperature measuring elements, aerial and pressure callbration chart. Transmitter Clrcuit consists of Double Triode 3 A5 with one half acting as modulating oscillator. the other as a buifer, aid UHF Triode 5703. <br> PRICE, brand <br> Mnnus! <br> $52 \begin{array}{cc}10 & 0 \\ 17 & 6\end{array}$ <br> One manual supptied free per each six transmitters. <br> Packing and postage ...................... . . <br> ARMATURE DROP TESTERS (Ex A.M. <br> Ref. 5G/549) | METERS <br> $60 \mu \mathrm{~A} \quad 1$ fin. line panel mounted, miniature, <br> black scale, calibrated 0.5 sealed $200 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ D.C. M.C.:- $\qquad$ <br> 2 in . Round Flush Mitd. <br> 21 tan . Rd. Flush Mtd. 2 itin Sq. Flush Mtd. <br> $500-0-500 \mu \mathrm{~A}$. D.C. M.Q 8 yln . Rd. Fl. Mid., callb 50-0-50 yards per sec., secoud-hand 1 mA . D.C. M.C. 2 in . Rd. Fl. Mtd., enclosed in square box $\left.2 \mathfrak{j} \mathrm{in}_{4} \times 2\right\} \mathrm{in}$, with lead 5 mA . D.C. M.C. 2 hin. Rd. Fl. Mtd., callbrated $0-50$ <br> 200 mA . D.C. M.C. 2in. round flush mounted, 500-0-500 m. D. . . M.C. 2 tin. Rd. Fl. Mtd... 2 Amps. D.C. M.C. 2 in. Rd. M. Mtd. <br> 5 Amps. A.C. 3 .I. $2 \frac{1}{2}$ in. Rd. Fl. Mitd., calibrated $0-80$ a <br> 10 Volts A.C. M.I. 2 in . Rd. FI. Mtd., sealed 30-0-30 V. D.C. M.C. 2 hin. Rd. Fl. Mtd. <br> 18-36 V. D.C. M.C. Suppreased Zero 2in. Rd. Fl <br> Calibrated every 5 V. ...................... <br> 150 V. A.C. M.I. 2in. Rd. Fl. Mtd, Black Ecale ' <br> 300 V. D.C. M.C. Cal. $300 / 900$ V., 2 in. Rd. FI. <br> sealed, 1,000 o.p.v <br> $300^{\circ}$ V. A.C. M.I. 2 jin. Rd. Fl. Med. ..... <br> Packing and postage $1 / 6$ per meter. <br> Please send S.A.E. for full list of meters. |

For testing Motor and Generator Armatures, max. dia.
of commutator approx. 4in.; max. overall dia. 7in.: arax. length approx. 18in. PRICE...... $\& 5100$ Packing and carriage

## INSULATION TESTERS

EVERBEED BERIES I MEGGER INBULATION TESTERG. 500 volts, 40 megohms, secondhand, fully overhauled and guaranteed .............. £25 0 EVERSHED SERIES 2 BRIDGE MEGGERS, 500 volts, 100 megohms, with built-in four decade resistance Bridge, Megohms and Varley measurements. Unused and fully guaranteed
Packing and carriage
EVERSHED SERIES 2 MEGGER TESTERS, 1,000 volts, 200 inegohms in leather cases brand new
Packing and carriage
00 volts, 100 megohms in leather case, secondhand Facking and carria
e17 100

## IRON CLAD SINE-COSINE

## POTENTIOMETERS

Precision Potentlometers 35,400 ohrne (continuous rotation) providing resistance proportional to sine or on the terminals used. Dimenslons 4in. dia. barrel $x$ $4 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{n}$. overall length. Flange mounting $\frac{i n}{}$. diameter shatt. Price $35 /$. Packing and postage $5 / \%$

## COMMUNICATION RECEIVERS

ALL AVALLABLE ON H.P. OR GREDIT TERMS. Completely overbauled to " as new "performance and fully graranteed for six months.
RCA AR-88LF
 FALTICRAFTER S-38 (28-143 me/s). MARCONI CR-100, $60 \mathrm{kc} / \mathrm{s}:-30 \mathrm{mc} / \mathrm{s}$. BC-342, $1.5-18 \mathrm{me} / \mathrm{s}$.
Please write for details

## AVO WIDE RANGEPORTABLE SIGNAL

 GENERATORRange $50 \mathrm{ke} / \mathrm{a}$ to $80 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$. covered in six bands. Direct calibration with an accuracy of $6 \pm 1 \%$. Output approx. 500 mV . throughout the range with the exception of highest band. Internal modulation 400 o/s. L.F. Signal of 60 . ampilude. This is a portable lightweight for many uses in laboratories.
PRIOE, complete snd fully guaranteed . . £18 0 Packing and carriage.

MODULATOR UNITS TYPE BC-456E Modulator Unit for use with Command Beries Transmitters. This unit, designed for use with Carbon Mlerophones, contalns the following valvea: BFO-10J5GT,
Speech Amplifier/Modulator- 1625 and Voltage RegulaSpeech Amplifier/Modulator-1625 and Voltage Regula. tor VR150-30,
PRICEE, brand new without Dynamotor (DM33), complete with all plugg and circuit diagram..
Packing and carriage ......................
15
0


CANNON ELECTRIC SOLENOIDS,
$24 \mathrm{~V}, 45 \Omega$. Holding force approx, 7 lb . Cone shaped anvil to reduce holding current. Stroke approx. 1in. Dimensions $1_{2} \mathrm{~m}$. dia. $\times 2 \frac{1}{2}$ in. long.
Stud terminals
6/6, p.p. 2/

SPECIAL UHF AND EHF RECEIVERS
AN/APR-4 Search Receivers, Frequency Range 40 to $2,000 \mathrm{mc} / \mathrm{s}$. Panoramio Adaptors type EDO available. AN/APR-5 Bearch Receivers. $1,000-6,000 \mathrm{mac} / \mathrm{a}$
$\mathrm{R}-1294$ Receivers, $500 \cdot 3,000 \mathrm{mc} / \mathrm{s}$.
R-1619 Recelvers, $1,250-5,000 \mathrm{mc} / \mathrm{s}$
Prices and details on application-

## VARIACS

General Electric "Mariao or Superior Electric Co "Powerstat" Variable Auto-transformers. Input 230 V Output from 0 to 270 V . Max. Current 9 Amps. Rating


POWER UNITS TYPE 234
A.C. Mains Rack Mounted power unit proviling an output of 180 to 270 volts H.T. ant 6.3V A.C. at 4 amps
Brand new
\&2
19 Brand new
Packing and
$\begin{array}{r}19 \\ 10 \\ \hline\end{array}$

5SP7 DOUBLE GUN ELECTROSTATIC CATHODE RAY TUBES
Screen coating gives blue-whte short persistence and yellow long persistence. trace. Average operating conditions: V(a3) 4,000 \%., V(a2) $2,000 \nabla$. V(a1) $3 t i 0-700 \mathrm{\nabla}$ Cut-ofl voltage $45-75$. Sensitivity $80-100$ v. D.C. per inch on " $\mathbf{Y}$ " and 70-80 v. D.C. per linch for " $X$ " PRICE, new and guaranteed, ONLY Postage and packing gumaneed, ONLY.. £7 0

## SULLIVAN PRECISIONWHEATSTONE

 BRIDGEAccuracy .01\%; 5 decades: .1-1.10-100-1,0000. Ratio Arms setting: .001-.01-.1-1.0-10-100-1,000. PRICE, fully guaranteed, complete with Cambridge Unipivot Galvanometer

897100
Packing and cartiage

## D.C. REMOTE CONTROL MOTORS

 D.C. Motor for 24 V. D.O.. . 015 H.P., 19,000 R.P.M., reversible, fitted with totally enclosed double reduction gearing with total reduction ratio of 45 . Output shaf Internal microswitches and cams prill limit the ehaft rotation to $90^{\circ}$, which can easily be modified to 270 approz. The motor is designed for interrupted duty and is especlally sultable for remote control of switches, etc Dimensions: Gearbox 4in. x 3 in, over projections, motor barrel 1Packing and poate with input plug
Packing and postage

## CATHODE FOLLOWER VALVE VOLTMETER



Voltage Range: $100 \mathrm{micro-}$ volts to 200 volts in
sis steps. Frequency R18 steps. Frequency
Range $300 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{s}$ to $200 \mathrm{Ke} / \mathrm{s}$. Range $300 \mathrm{e} / \mathrm{s}$. to $200 \mathrm{Ke} / \mathrm{s}$.
Noise level: 50 microvolts max. Accuracy: better than $3 \%$ Input Impedance 100 megohms can also be used as an A.C. Amplifier with a maxi10 rolta Power supplies: 200.250 A.C. Malns.

PRICE
Packing and carriage
$\begin{array}{rrr}235 & 0 & 0 \\ 81 & 0 & 0\end{array}$

TESTED AND GUARANTEED VALVES

| OC3/VR105 |  | 61 | 6/- | 128Q7 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| OD/3VR150 | $6 / 6$ | 6N7 | 8/- | 12887 | 5/- |
| 1 A3 | 3/- | $68 \mathrm{C7} 7$ | 81- | $25 \mathrm{Z6}$ | 7/- |
| 185 | 7/- | 6897 | 81- | 28D7 | 5/2 |
| 2 C 26 | 2/- | $6 \mathrm{SE7}$ | 4/6 | 35 TG | 10/ |
| 2X2, 2X2A | 4/- | 68.57 | 610 | 83 V | ' |
| DA | 4/- | 6SK7GT | 51- | 717A | - |
| 38. | 71 | 88179T | $6 / 6$ | 808 | 2 |
| 328 | 12/6 | 6SN7GT | 5/- | 832 | $5 /$ |
| 5040 | e/6 | 6S57 | 8/- | 927 | / |
| 573 | $7 /$. | 6V6G | 5/6 | 957 | $2 /$ |
| $6 \mathrm{AC7}$ | $4 / 6$ | 6X5GT | 6\%- | 2051 |  |
| 6AG5 | $3 / 6$ | 7E5/1201 | 6\% | 5787 | 216 |
| A1.5 (EB91) | 4/- | 12A6 | 5/- | 5829 | 10/ |
| 6AMS (ELL91) | 51 | 12AH7G | $4 / 8$ | 6064 | O/ |
| GAM6 (EF91) | $4 / 6$ | 12AU7.. | 61/ | 6073 |  |
| 6B8 | 6\% | 12C8 | 5/- | 9001 |  |
| 6 C 4 | 216 | 12H6 | 21 | 9002 |  |
| 606 | 4/6 | 12J5GT | 1/6 | 9003 |  |
| 6G6G | 21 | 12897 | $2 / 6$ | ARP34 |  |
| 6 H 6 | $2 / 6$ | VR54 | 116 | AC/HL |  |
| 6.15 | $4 / 6$ | VR58 | $4 / 6$ | AW3 |  |
| 6J5 | 4/- | VR65 | 4. | EAC9I |  |
| 6 J 6 | 4/- | VR92 |  | EF92 |  |

Please add $2 / 6 \mathrm{in}$ \& for packing and postage. Please
कrite for full price list of valvea.

## COMPLETE 3-CM BAND TEST EQUIPMENT

Equipment consists of TS. 13 Bignal Clenerator covering a band of 9305 to $9445 \mathrm{mc} / \mathrm{s}$. and providmg pulsed triggered. pulse selfosynchronous, CW and FS output of at least Set of Waveguides and Adaptors (All U.S. Standard fanges). Details and prlces on application.

AUDIO OSCILLATORS
HEWLETT PACKARD TYPE 200A R.C OSCILLATOR.


Frequency Range 35 to $35,000 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{s}$. Out.put 1
watt into $500 \Omega$. Distortion less thin $5 \%$.
Power supplies $\mathbf{~} 175 \mathrm{~V}$ A.C. PRICE, new Packing and carr lage

288
15

15 B.S.R. LO. 50 AUDIO OSCILLATOR. Frequency Range $0-16,000$ c/a. Maximum output 0. .
Watte into $600 \Omega$. Output Meter. Differential Dal Tuning. Power supplles 230V A.C. $830 \quad 0 \quad 0$ PRICE, fully overhauled and guaranteed \&30
Packing and carriage ...................... \&1 0

## RECORDING MILLIAMMETERS

ELLIOTT SWITCHBOARD PATTERN SINGLE PEN RECORDER. Range 5 mA D.C. Chart width Bin Chart drive: 230V. A.C. at 3in. per minute.
PRICE EVERSEED SINGLE PEN BWITCHBOARD PAT. TERN RECORDER. Range $2.5-0-2.5 \mathrm{~mA}$. Centre Zero.
Chart width 6 in . Chart drive 230 V A. . at 3 in . per minute. Chart width 6 in . Chart drive 230V A.O. at 3in. per minute.
PRICE
..................................... 500 Price write for details of other recorders in stock.

PLUGS, SOCKETS AND CONNECTORS Large assortment of Cannon and Amphernol plugs and Plugs, etc. Please write for full price Hist.

## Arar. Y , NTVNTMDV? <br> BRITISH SAROZAL LTD - announce the FINAL DISPOSAL

at exceptionally low prices of their very large and valuable stocks of

## RADIO, RADAR, ELECTRICAL \& AVIATION EQUIPMENTS \& SPARES OF PARTICULAR INTEREST TO ALL

NAVY, ARMY \& AIR FORCE DEPARTMENTS

## as well as

## CIVIL AVIATION AND P.\&T. DEPTS.. AIRLINES, OIL COMPANIES \& OTHER USERS OF AMERICAN LEASE-LEND \& M.D.A.P. EQUIPMENTS.

The stocks cover the following series of Joint Com-munication-Electronic nomenclature
AN/APA, APG, APM, APN, APO, APR, APS, APT, APX, ARA, ARC, ARN, ARR, ART, ASG, ASQ, BRC, CPN, CRD, CRN, CRT, GRC, MPN, MRN, PPN, TPS, TPX, TRA, TRC' UPM, VRC.
Navy Models: ABK, ARA, ARB, ARC, ARR, ATA, BL, BM, BN, BO, DU, GO, LM, LR, LRN, MAN, OA, RB, RD, RU, RAK, RAL, RBA, RBC, RBK, RBO, RDL, SA, SD, SF, SG, SJ, SK, SM, SN, SO, SP', TA, TAJ, TBL, TBM, TBS, TBY, TCK, TCS, TDE, VD, VF, 2B, MK26. 268, etc.
Most Army Series: SCR \& BC, AR-, ET- and others.
AND INCLUDE

Communications Transmitters, Transmitter/Receivers, Triple Diversity Receivers, Radio Altimeters, Search Radar Installations and Night Fighter Radar, Fire Control (MK26) Radar, LORAN \& SHORAN, Rebecca Equipment, Radio Beacons, Master Oscillators, Speech Inverters, Amplifiers (Speech, Broadcast, Sweep, Torque, Servo and Video), Tuning Units, Modulators, Power Supplles, Vibrator Packs, Rectiflers, Motor Generators, Electric Motors, Inverters, Dynamotors, Constant Voltage Transformers, Junction and Terminal Boxes, Control Units and Panels, Wave-guides, Transmission Lines, Antennas (Whip and Telescopic), Antenna Mast Assemblies, Supports and Bases, Loop Assemblies, Scanners, Elevation Antenna Assemblies, Detecting Heads, Crystal Units, Chaff Dispensers, Tuned Cavities, Meters, Pen Recorders, Microphones, Headsets, Test and Measuring Equipment, Mechanical, Electrical and Electronic Keyers, Valves, C.R. Tubes, Klystrons, Magnetrons, etc., Plugs and Sockets (AN-U', PL-, etc.), Grystals and Crystal Holders, Valve and Klystron Sockets, Capacitors, Coils, Resistors Transformers, Reactors, Filters, Switches, Relays, Fuses Insulators, Shockprof Mountings, Mounting Racks, Frames, etc., etc.

Classification was effected according to A/M Ref. Nos. (e.g. $110 \mathrm{~A} /$ to $110 \mathrm{~V} /$, etc.) and according to S.C. Stock Nos. (over 5,000 different types of $110 \mathrm{C} /$ range).
Lists are also available according to types of components.
Special Lists of Aviation Equipment: Airfleld and Aircraft Generators, Landing Lamps, Electrical Components (American and British), Motors, Drift Recorders and Meters and a range of Aircraft Instruments (for DC-3 and others) covering over 25,000 Instruments (mostly new in original cartons) of Kollsman, Sperry, Edison, G.E. and Bendix manufacture.

We intend to clear these stocks
WITHIN THE NEXT 3 MONTHS
as we require the space urgently in connection with OUR NEW MANUFACTURING PROGRAMME

All enquiries and requests for stock-lists will receive our immediate attention and should be sent without delay to:

> BRITISI SAROZAL LTD. DISPOSALS SECTION 22, Berners St., London, W.1.

Telephones: LAN 9351
(5 lines)
Cables: SAROZAL LONDON

## Training in Radio and

## Television Servicing

The Pembridge College of Electronics provides a full-time One Year course in the basic principles of Radio and Television for prospective servicing engineers. This course is also suitable for those wishing to maintain all types of industrial electronic equipment.

The next course commences on 26th April, 1960. Following course commences on 6th September, 1960.

Home-study courses in Radio and Telecommunications and also kits-of-parts are now available.

For details of these courses, write for prospectus and admission forms to :

The Principal, Dept. PII,
THE PEMBRIDGECOLLEGE OF ELECTRONICS
$34 a$ Hereford Road, London, W.2.
Telephone: BA Yswater 9117

## Your BEST guide to the new cars

The Aufocar ROAD TESTS
Spring 1960

Illustrated reports on the performance of current British and foreign cars. Each report contains a description of the car's behaviour under varying conditions, numerous photographs and plans.

Cars covered:
Alvis 3-litre TD 21; Austin A99; Austin-Healey 300; Austin-Healey Sprite Hardtop; Daimler V-8 SP250; Ford New Anglia; Ford Popular II; Ford Taunus 17M Estate Car; Hillman Minx IIIA Easidrive; Humber Super Snipe Estate Car Series II; Jaguar XK150S; Mercedes-Benz 220SE; M.G. MGA 1600; Morris Mini-Minor de Luxe; Morris Oxford V de Luxe; Panhard PL17; Rover 80; Sunbeam Alpine; Sunbeam Rapier Series III; Turner-Climax Sports.
6s 6d net by post 7s 2 d 79 pp . illustrated from all booksellers

Published for "The AUTOCAR" by Iliffe E Sons Led. Dorset House, Stamford Street, London, S.E.I.

# Wireless World Classified Advertisements 

Rate $9 /$ for 2 lines or less and $4 / 6$ lor every additional one or part thereof average lines 6 words. Box Numbers World" pras 1-. (Address roplies: Box 0000 co 1 Trade Discount detaila available on application. Press Day May 1860 iszue, Tuesday, March 29th. 1960. No responsibility sccepted for errors.

## WARNING

Readers are warned that Government surplus components and valves which may be offered for sole through our displayed or classified columns carry no manufacturers' guarantee: Many of these items will have been designed for special purposes making them unsuitable for civilion use, or mony hove deteriorated as a result of the conditions under which they have been stored. We cannot undertake to deal with any complaints regarding any such items pupchased.

## NEW RECEIVERS AMPLIFIERS

A. M/FM stereo, chassis, ${ }^{6 w}$ output With ${ }^{2}$ Marlborough Yard, N.19. $\quad 10182$

## RECEIVERS AND AMPLIFIERS

A. R88 communication recelver with spares, [8963
 I. Service, Ashivlle Old Hall, Ashville Rd. I. Service, Ashville Old Hall, Ashville Rd.
London, E.11. Ley. 4986.

## LOUDSPEAKERS WANTED

WANTED Tannoy speaker, dual concentric Ascot, Eerks.
WANTED, Hartley Turner speakers, 4 ohm stating price, to Bardsley, Upwell, Wisbech, Cambs.
DYNAMOS. MOTORS, ETC.-SURPLUS AND
ONDHAND

$\mathrm{R}^{\circ}$OTARY transformers DC to AC $100 / 110$ phase volt DC input, 230 volt 50 cycle single phase 200 watt output weight approx. 1001 bs brand new but slightly store soiled; $£ 10$ each plus $15 /$ part packing and carriage.-Waltons Wireless Stores, 15, Church St., Wolverhampton.

## NEW TEST EQUIPMENT

## B

RAND new signal generators, TS155C, 2.700 to $3,400 \mathrm{mc} / \mathrm{s}$ Fieterodyne frequency meters BC221, TS174, TS175A, 20kc/s to $1,000 \mathrm{mc} / \mathrm{s} ;$ receiver-indicators, APN9, PSM6; Simpson 260 | Manchester. Wright, 4a, Nepal Ave., Atherton. |
| :--- |
| [0019 |

## TEST EQUIPMENT-SURPLUS AND SECONDHAND

2 Furst electronic Wow meters, 230 volt, 50
cycle, ranges $0.2 \%, 0.5 \%$ and $2 \%$ as 1 Brook frequency changer. 230 volt. single $I$ phase, 50 cycle, input 30 volt 1.48 amps 50 cycle, 580 r.p.m. . output
60 cycle, .1 KVa . unusea.
2 Dawes mains frequency stroboflash units
1 type 614 , Dawe sensitive valve voltmeter HORNFLOWA. Maryport. Cumberland.
CPECTRUM analyser TF984/1 and noise 1098 W generator TF987/1, as new; £30 the pair -Box 2598.
A Vo valve characteristic tester, newly over STARAVIA, Blackbushe Airport, Camberley, Surrey.
A Vo electronic testmeter with 10 K . multiSt., Leamington Spa .
MARCONI "signal generator type 144G, 1 working order; offers.-R. Hhgginson, 35 , St. George's Ave., Tunstall, Stoke-on-Trent,
Staffs. SIGNAL generators, osclloscopes, output $\$$ meters, wave voltmeters, frequency meters, multi-range meters, etc., etc. in stock.-R. T. London, E.11. Ley. 4986. Kaw, Ashvile [0056 A UTO Electronic Developments, 2 Brewery A Lane, Thornhill Lees, Dewsbury.-Fou tons electronic units: spectrum analysers, signal generators, monitors, mixers, modulators pitters, receivers and control units: also two mitters, receivers and conly 50 cycles; offers for whole or part to the above address. $\quad 9010$ A DVANCE DI/D V.H.F signal renerator 10R.C.A. 710A U.H.F. signal generator 370-560 M.C. 221 frequency meter with charts, Incorporating commercisl stabilised power pack, good condition; $£ 25,-$ Slater, c/o Sleyride, Lid.
Bishopstoke, Eastleigh, Hants.

When you buy


## High Fidelity

## Output Transformers

you are buying a product backed by considerable technical resources, with an unrivalled reputation amongst Hi-Fi enthusiasts. Many Partridge Transformer Types have been specified as suitable for designs by leading audio engineers and authorities. Some examples are illustrated


P4014
Distributed Load,
"c" Core Construe tion. Price $98 / 6$

P4076
Baxandall 5-wate Amplifier. 36/=

> Price

## P4131

Mullard-10-watt Amplifier.


P5203
Mullard 20-wat Amplifier. Price

95/-


TD5874
"HFN"
Stereo Amplifier.
Price
52/6

P4133
Mullard Stereo
(7 wates per Channel)

## ... UNDOUBTEDLY

## THE BEST

## but cost no more !

All Partridge Transformers are available for immediate delivery. If you have any difficulty, post the coupon for illustrated brochure and name of your stockist.

Partridge Transformers Ltd.

## Roebuck Road, Chessington, Surrey

| Please send to address below name and address of my nearest Partridge Stockist. Also literature on standard range of transformers
Name
Address
1
U.S.A. Representative: M. SWEDGAL.

258 Broadway, New York 7, N.Y. Tel.: WOrkh 2-5485

NEW COMPONENTS
CRYSTAL microphone inserts with excepGunranteed newy made and boxed $15 / 6$ post free.-Radio-Alds, Ltd. Dept. W.29, Market Street, Watford. Iferts.

## COMPONENTS—SURPLUS AND

SECOND-HAND
CATALOGUE No. 14 Government surplus - and model radio control, over 500 illustrated items, 2/-(refunded on purchase), p.p. 6d. NArthur Sallis Radio Control, Ltd., 93 (C)
North Rd., Brighton.
[0193
BREAKING hundreds of TVs for spares, all 17/6; valves from 3/6; testeत; also large stocks of new TV components; send requirements for mmediate quote and our new lists.-T.C.S. Ltd., 112, Camberwell Road, S.E.5. Tel. Rod-
ney 7917.

NEW GRAMOPHONE AND SOUND EQUIPMENT

FAPE recorders, Ferrograph, Vortexion, nd Brenell, Telefunken, Truvox, Reflectograph. TAPE decks: Wearite, Brenell, Truvox Bradmatic. Dulci-Harting. Amplifiers and tumers; Leak, Quad, R.C.A., Dynatron and Dulci; Acos, Grampian etc. All tape and accessorles. Audio service department and recording studio. HIRE purchase facilitles avallable. LAMBDA Record Company. Ltd.. 95, Liver-
pool Rd., Liverpool, 23. Great Crosby 4012 . pool Rd., Liverpool, 23. Great Crosby 4012.
CINE-VOX disc recording mechanlsms for 6 gns : also complete tape-disc or direct channels fron $50 \mathrm{gns},-112 \mathrm{gns}$. be arranged in Lon-don.-For full details write to K.T.S., Ltd. "Coplow," Park Rd. Braunton, N. Devon. Callers by appointment only.
[0210
LHASGOW.-Recorders bought, sold, exrecorders, or vice versa.-Victor Morris, 406, Argyle St., Glasgow, C.2.
[0201

ROICA " RECORDING STUDIOS (Est. 1949) - For the better class tape recorders for industry, research, music and private use: service. music for industry, tape/disc. recordink St. Eccles Manchester. Eccles 1624. Studio Director, Thurlow Smith, A.R.M.C.M. [0122

GRAMOPHONE AND SOUND EQUIPMENTSURPLUS AND SECONDHAND
R ECORDING arganisation has for sale 3 R. S.T.C. 4033 Cardiod microphones, at $£ 25$ TAPE/DISC/TAPE transfer editlng, copying; - if guality and durability matter (especialiy With LPS from your precious tapes), consult Britain's oldest transfer service; every new tape recorder is supplied with a 2-year service now available, $1,800 \mathrm{ft} 32 / 6$, post free; also other sizes.-Sound News Productions, 10 , Clifiord St., London, W.1. Reg. 2745. ${ }^{\text {[0192 }}$

TAPE RECORDING, ETC.
R ENDEZVOUS RECORDS offer comprehen1 sive $78 / \mathrm{LP}$ tape to disc recording facilities. -Leaflet from 19, Blackifiars St., ManTAPE to disc recording: Microgroove $L P$ from 48-hour service: 5.8. from $11 /$ for comprehensive lip.ma.it 48-hour service; s.a.e for comprehensive leaflet Little Place, Moss Delph Lane, Aughton, Ormskirk, Lancs. Aughton Green 3102 . 88931

VALVE cartons by return at keen prices: A., Bexmakers, 75 all samples and list. Godwin st., Bradiord 1 .

R ECLAIMED valves, tested and perfect; huge stocks, modern and obsolete: all one price, Lewis, 46 , Woodford Ave., Gants Hill, Ilford, Essex.
[9001

## FOR <br> SALE AND WANTED ADVERTISEMENT FORM TURN TO <br> PAGE No. 193

## EXCLUSIVE OFFERS

$\star$ Kirylon Lattice Ladder Towers, 50it. high £60 0 * 851 t. $2!$ in. din. Steel Tubular Masts.... $\mathbf{2} 50 \quad 0$ * R. 201 Triple Diversity Receivers $\star$ Ferrasti 7KVA Automatio Voltage Reguiators
$\star$ T-1131 Transmitters

* Oreed 88 Tapo Teleprinlers, new
$\star$ नift, R.C.A. Cabinets for 19in, panels
* Westinghouse $30 \mathrm{kV}, 100 \mathrm{~mA}$, Cabinet

25tt. Sell-supporting Flymold Tripod Mnats

* AN/TRC-1 Aorial Arrnys
* AM-8/TRA-1 250 -watt Amplifers
* RA-87 Teletgne Reotifers
* REC-30 Teletyne Reotifors
$\star$ AN/FMD-1 Rawin
$\star$ Marcuni V.F. Biidges
$\star 8+D \times$ Terminals
* BD-91 Switchboards
$\star$ DFO-24 Direction Finders
$\star$ TCJ Transmitters, 400 watts
* LZ (BC-1877) Signal Generators
* RCA 5 -element Yagi Arrays, $420 \mathrm{Me} / \mathrm{s}$ $\star$ 75ft. Plywood Masts, 9hn. dia.
* RCA 25-watt Projeotor Speakers
$\star$ RCA Twin Channel Broadcasting Control
* E.H.T. Power Supply, 3 Kv 0.5 atmp in cubicle
* Standard Business Machines, Video type Tape Recorders, $3^{\prime \prime}$ tape
$\star 12 \mathrm{in}$. Bowl Deok Insulators
* Weston Current Transformers, 50) to
- Power Supply Units, 1,200 v. $200^{-m} / \mathrm{m}$
* E.H.T. Power Supply, 7,500 ₹. 3.5 amps. In cubleles
* E.H.T. Power 8upply, 1,600 v. 5 amps. * Western Elcelric Radio Teletype Terminals * Avtron Aireralt Syztems Testers.
* Sola 2 kW , Constant Voltage Transe
formers
81250
2350
2350
£35 0
$£ 1210$
इ\% 0
250
£ 70
£3 0 £ 10 21210 £80 0 \&20 0 8150 £25 0 2270 £30 0 §75 0 230 £35 0 $£ 140$

AERIAL EQUIPMENT. Whips, Beams and Bticrowavc. Poles and Masts ud to 150ft. 70 different types in stock.
RECEIVERS from $15 \mathrm{Ke} / \mathrm{s}$ to $650 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$. 60 kinds avatlable
transmitters, 50 types, Mohile and fixed up to 2 kilowatts.
CABINETS and RACES. American and British, open nd closed, 30 priterns from 12 in . to 9 ft
POWER SUPPLIES. Over 100 varietien giving up to 30,000 volts from standard and ofl stanlard inpute TRAMSFORMERS. 300 patterns in stock of all slzes 0 20 kVA for power and. K W for kark, Audio and codulation up 102 kW also, lists avalabl
TRLEGRAPH and TELEPHONE APPARATUS of all kinds include Printers and Perforators for Morse, Carrier and Channelitng equipment, Filters, Repeaters and Power supplies for all the above in British and American versions.

40-page List of over 1,000 items in stock available -keep ons by you

RELAYS and OHOKES. 12 tons of Anerican post-war Just arrived-a pleasure to use and look at-ank for
special list-others in stock include Miniature, Polarsed Post Oflce, alrcraft, Control and Starting Relays. Chokes, open and potted, vary from one inch thu metal to 100 -amp. power types-llist avallable.
NUCLEAR GEAR-includes Scalers, Counters, Registers, Ratemeters, Dosimeters, Probes, Monitors. etc. Special list on request.
TEST EQUIPMENT, 200 difficent ftems of British and American test gear and hundreds of types of Meters avallable

[^18]
## P. HARRIS

WESTBOURNE 65051

TRANSISTORS and Germanium diodes availexporte in quantities to manufacturers and exporters.-Details Ms. Pype-Hayes Radio, Lerd-
606 . Kingsbury Rd. Birmingham. 24. ington 4942).

VALVES WANTED
NEW valves wanted, any quantity, best cash
 A Lu types of valves British or American, prices paid. What have you to offer?-Write or call Lowe Bros., 9a, Diana Place, Euston or call Lowe Bros. 9a, Diana Place, Euston
Rd., N.W.1. Tel. Euston 1636-7. WTANTEDTED, EXCHANGE, ETC. WANTED, cathode ray tube, long persistA PROMPT cash offer for your surplus brand , speaker's, components, test instruments,
WANTED, all types of communications reor ceivers and test equipment.-Details to R. T. \& I. Service, Ashville Old Hall, Ashville Rd., London, E.11. Ley 4986. [0163 URGENTLY wanted, manuals or instruction Army books, data, etc.. on American or British Army, Navy or Air Force radio and electrical
equipment.-Harris,
93 . Wardour St. W. equipment-Harris, 93. Wardour St. W. W.
[ 8880
Gerrard 2504 .
WANTED, good quality communication RYS radios, tape recorders, test equipment, domestic radios, record players, amplifiers, valves, com-
ponents, etc., estab. 18 years.-Call, send or ponents, etc., estab. 18 , years.-Call, send or Court. Leicester Śquare, W.C.2. 38, Newpor PROMPT cash for the purchase of surplus amplifiers and domestic electrical appliances of every description, substantial funds avail-able.-Spears, 14, Watling St., Shudehill, Manchester. Deansgate 7705 (3 lines). Bankers:
Midland Bank, Ltd.
[0216

## REPAIRS AND SERVICE

BOULTON'S OF BRADFORD.
LOUDSPEAKER, pressure unit, and microphyme repairs, D.C.B cone assemblles and field coils in cartons, service and satisfaction guaranteed ford, 1. Tel. 228338. MAINS transformers wound to any specifica-
MOTOR rewinds and complete overhauls; first class workmanship; fully guaranteed
F.M. ELECTRIC Co. Lid., Potters Bldgs;
Warser Gate, Nottingham. Est. 1917 Tei 54898.
$W^{2}$ ondertake the manufacture of transspecification; all work guaranteed for any 12 months.
LADBROKE Transformer Co. Ltd., 820a, Harrow Rd, London, N.W.10. Tel. Ladbroke 0914.

10222
TRANSFORMERS to any specification. - Singles, rewinds, small or large batches; quick and efficient service, competitive prices, estimates by return of post from: MESSRS. Newman \& Son, 1, Grove Crescent South Woodford, E. 18

TRANSFORMERS.-Suppllers to B.B.C., single or and lea ro racilivery homers single or long runs, prompt delivery, home and export, rewinds to all makes. FORREST (TRANSFORMERS), Ltd., Shirley | Folihull, Warwicks. Tel. Shi. 2483 ., Shirley. |
| :--- |
| 0128 | SPEAKER repairs, cones fitted fields and $S$ clock coils wound, guaranteed satisfaction, prompt service.-L. S. Repair Services, Pluckley,

Ashford, Kent. Ashford, Kent.

## MISCELLANEOUS

METALWORK, all types cabinets, chassis, Mi racks, etc, to your own specification, capacity avaulabie for small milung and capstan work up to 1 in. bar.
PHILPOTT'S METAL WORKS, Ltd., Chapman St., Lourhborough. dial, A.C. switchboard 10208 A M15ETERS, 6in dial, A.C. SWitchboard type, crated. new, tropically packed, $45 /$ - ea, or offer for lot; throat mikes, magnetic, 9,000 new inserts, $1 / 3$ ca. or lot at 6 d ; landing lamp motors, 1,000 brand new, 24 v with geared movement, $17 / 6$ ea. or lot at $10 /-;$ most types quantity: please state requirements- -H in English. 465. Raylelgh Rd., Hztton, Brentwood [0828 TRISH : BUnufacturer requires quotation for 1 the supply of 100 and-200w amplifiers. Box 7713 .
FLECTRONAPACITY AVAILABLE engineers to the industry RAProduction with $100 \%$ inspection. ford (25988). Herts 20, Wat FLECTRONIC assembly, coil winding and Products, Marlborough approved.-Bel Sound Products. Marlborough yard, London, N. 19 ELECTRONIC tag boards, wiring and assembly Systems, 3 , Weybourne Rd., Weybourne, Farnham, Surrey.

SERVICES OFFERED
SMALL Londoa Manufacturer has capacity high vacuum electronic devices.-Box 7678

## MORE and MORE RESEARCH UNITS are finding A.A. BENDERS invaluable SO WILL YOU <br> 

This UNIQUE BENDER
Quickly and Accurately Forms
Angles, Channels, Sections, Boxes, Lids Trays, Chassis Brackets, Clamps, Clips, Shrouds, etc.

The RO-20 and RXX-26 are becoming "essential equipment" for Electronics, Radio, T.V. and General Research work,
The RO-20 is similar in general design and finish to the R.X-20 shown above, but is lighter and less expensive.

For 6-page Folder write to :-
A. A. TOOLS (w)

197a Whiteacre Rd., Ashton-u-Lyne

## WHY THE DUODE CONE



A Duode owner of six happy years' standing wrote to us recently:-
"The absence of paper quality and the sheer glow of timbre is at times so rich that the room becomes saturated.

The point is that he, like so many other Duode enthusiasts, hears the difference in quality, the true naturalness given by the famous Duode drive with built-in feedback plus the unique linen cone. with logarithmically graded spiral corrugation moulded in under heat and pressure. The whole is held to shape by a dimensionally stable aireraft type dope made specially for Duode.
This is another reason why Duode sound is appreciated by all good ears seeking truth in sound.

## DUODE LTD.

24 Dingwall Road, Croydon, Surrey

## STEREOPHONIC RADIOGRAM CABINETS by STAMFORD


"THE DORSET." 36 in . wide $\times 29 \mathrm{in}$. high $\times 16 \mathrm{in}$, deep. Control panel $15 \times$ 15 in ., clearance for record changer, record storage and baftle $35 \times 8 i n$. Price $£ 15 / 15$ /- or $4 \% / 6$ deposit and - payments of $32 /$ monthly.
"THE COMPACT." $33 \times 16 \times 14 \mathrm{fm}$. deep, with bullt in BAgs REFLEX LNCLOSURE for 8 in. preaker. Cleărance ior charger. Control panel $15 \times 10$ in. Price $\{12 / 15 /$ or $37 / 6$ deposit and 9 payments of $26 /$ - monthly.

The second speaker can be housed in our wall baffle or small separate enclosure.

| EQUPMENT Cash Price | Hire Purchase |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Amplifiers ${ }^{\text {d }}$ d | Deposit | 18 Mehs. |
| Rager Cadet .... 17100 | 52/6 | 1911 |
| Leak TL/ $12 . . . . . .3110$ | 94.6 | $34 / 2$ |
| ${ }_{\text {Sason J2-10/Mk.III }} 37100$ | 112/6 | 40/9 |
| Quad 22 Control .. 2500 | 751- | $27 / 2$ |
| Leak 20 and Controls 9 | 154/8 | $55 / 8$ |
| TUNERS |  |  |
|  | $8 \%$ | 31/9 |
| chassis |  |  |
| Armstrong Jubilee 298 | 88/- | 3110 |
| Armstrongstereo 442870 | 85/- |  |
| Axiom 300 ..... 115 | 33,6 | 11/5 |
| Golden 10in. F8B 86 | 251- | $8 /$ |
| Collaro 4T/200 .. 1812 |  |  |
| Connoisseur Type B 2716 | 82/6 | $30 / 3$ |
| Garrard 4 HF $\ldots$... 1898 | $55 / 6$ | 20 |
| Garrard 301 .... 22.7 | 67. |  |
| Connoisseur 2 speed 16131 | 50/- | 18/2 |

Write for our New Hi-Fidelity Equipment List of Compiete Systems and stereogram Cablnets.

WE sPECIALIBE in supplying and fiting any
equipment currently avaliable. No FITTING CHARGE. DUREntly avallable. NO AT OUR WEYMOUTH TERRACE BHOWROOMS

$47 \times 18 \times 32 \mathrm{~m}$. high to accommodate Tape Deck or Gram. Chassis, Record storage, two 8 in . speakers. TYGAN arille. Also supplied with full length motor board (with record storage omitted). Price $£ 22 / 10 /-$ or $£ 3 / 7 / 6$ deposit and 9 monthly payments of $45 / 8$ or 18 payments
of $24 / 6$.

Cabinels supplied in Oak, Walnat and Mahogany
Write for our illusfrated ostalogue or visit our सill-Fidelity Showroomg at:
84/80/98 Wegmouth Terrace, of Hackney Rosd,
ONDON, E.2. Telephone: SHO 500
Bhowroom hours: Monday-saturday, 9.30 to 5.3
Directions: No. 8 bus from Niverpool street
Directions: No. 8 bus from iverpool street station to the
deon, Hacikney Ro. Whis bacs two turnings.
A. L. STAMFORD LTD. (DEPT. ZA)

## SITUATIONS VACANT

C XPERIENCED television and radio engineer Cu required, able to drive.-Smye-Rumsby, ${ }^{2}$,
Queen St., Dover. Q UALIFIED TV service engineers required.Q Newquay Radio Service, 5a, Bank St. New-
quay, Cornwall. DART-TIME electronlc engineers for L.P. disc cutting, installation work, technical advisIng. wanted in London.-Box 6677 . PART-TTME advertising and office manager
required by
London
ifl material; experience important.-Box 6676 imR ADAR engineer or TV englneer with radar experience required, excellent opportunity Whith live friendly frm.-smye-Rumsby, Dover. SHOP assistant, West End, some knowledge ferred of zood and electrical components preferred good salary and rrospects for right TEST engineers required for amplifiers and 1 recorders; permanent positions with good

TELEVISION Field Service Engineer required; fully experlenced; excellent prospects: write or phone full detalis and salary required. Hammants. Bell St., Henley-on-Thames. Tel.
[8972
TELEVISION bench and fleld englneers re-
1 quired at all times for vacancles in most parts of the British. Isles; permanent positions pplicants, $5^{1 / 3-d a y}$ week.-Box 1757 for surtable
T OUIS NEWMARK, Ltd., leading company D in the design of auto pilots for helicopters, are expanding their facilitles at their Development Laboratories at New AddIngton, Croydon, and have the following vacancies to
be filled immediately. ENGINEERS and ASSISTANT ENGINEERS with degree or H.N.C. and experience $\ln$ the electro mechanical engineering, electronics, to work on the development. Installation and fight testing of automatic pilots.
SALARY commensurate with experience; penslon scheme.-Apply in writing, giving full partlculars, to: Personnel Officer, Louis Newmark, Ltd., Prefect Works, Purley Way, Croydon, Surrey, or 'phone Mr. Barkham, Lodge SERVICE engineet for tape recorder manuditions, good salary and wrospects, minimum ditions, good salary and prospects, minimum
quallfications are 2 years experlence of radio servicing.-Apply Tape Recorders (Electronics) Ltd., 784, High Rd., N.17. Tot. O811. [8991 DROTOTYPE electronlc wireman capable of signers" sketches. willing to do a small amount of metalwork; five-day week. canteen, superannuation, Please write, quoting Ref. E.9. to the Personnel Offcer, Hilger and Watts, Ltd..
98, St. Pancras Way, N.W.1.
[9006
MeTal worker for electronic prototype detion and development. simple milling: five-day week, canteen, superannuation, Please write, cuoting reference. E. 8 , to the Personnel Officer, H11ger and Watts, Ltd 998 .
St. Pancras Way, N.W.1,
ELEGTRONICS engineers: men or women C with at least O.N.C. or equivalent experience to do final tests and inspection on a wide permanent staff positions with pension fund and club room faclities.-Electronic Instruments, Ltd. Richmond 6434 .
A PPLICATIONS are invited from qualified the following posts in radio stations at home and overseas: applicants should in the operation and maintenance of high power transmitters, and associated communicaMAIN equipment.
MAIN Grade Engineers.-Applitants should corporate membership of the I.E.E., or show evidence of any equivalent standard of technica education.
SALARY. $£ 1,285$ to $£ 1,730$ p.a. (National Rate) ENGINEER Technicians Grade A and Grade 1.-Applicants should hold C. \&s G. Final H.N.C., or show evldence of equivalent standard of technical education: grading according to quallfications and experience.
ENGINEER TechnIclan A $£ 1,320$ to $£ 1,56$ p.a. (National Rate).

ENGINEER Technician $1 £ 1,035$ to $£ 1.260$ p.a. (National Rate).
DURING service overseas these salary scales are substantlally Increased by the addifurnished accommodation is provided for officers and their familles; candidates must be British subjects or cltizens of the Irish Republic born within the commonwealth or in the Irish Republic of parents born within these territories.
ALL first appolntments are on an unestablished basis, with prospects of establishment: candidates must be prepared to undergo a medical examination
perience to:-Chief quallfications and exDiplomatic WIreless Service, Hanslope Park Wolverton, Bucks.

## armsinona

STEREO-TWELVE CHASSIS
36 GNS


The most complete unit yer produced for stereo giving 6 watts high fidelity push-pull output on each channel, 12 watts total. Full VHF, medium and long wavebands. Stereo and monaural inputs for records, tape and radio and outputs or stereo and monaural tape recording. Comprehensive matching for all types of crystal pick-ups. The perfect basis for a complete monaural reproducing system or for a complete stereophonic system now or later.
STEREO 44 CHASSIS
27 GNS


A stereo and monaural chassis providing 8 watts output, 4 watts on each channel, and covering the full VHF and medium wavebands. Stereo and monaural imputs for tape playback and all types of crystal pick-ups and outputs for stereo and monaural tape recording. Separate bass and treble ganged controls together with dual volume control for ease of balancing.

## JUBILEE CHASSIS

28 GNS


An AM/FM chassis with nine valves and two diodes with push-pull output stage providing 6 watts. Full VHF, medium and long wavebands with automatic frequency control on FM and ferrite acrial on AM. Tape record and playback facilities.

## AF208 CHASSIS

22 GNS
A new cconomically priced chassis of traditional Armstrong quality and design.

Post this coupon or write for descriptive literature or call at our Holloway showroom for full demonstration. Opsn 9-6 weekdays, 9-5 Sats.

NAME
ADDRESS
WAC

Warlters Road, London, N. 7

## SOLIDEHENT EQUIPMENT HY <br> PRECISION SOLDERING insthuments for the ELECTHONICS INDUSTRY



- Comprehensive range - Robust and Reliable - Light weight
- Rapid heating
- Bit sizes $3 / 32 \mathrm{in}$. to $3 / 8 \mathrm{in}$.
- 'PERMABIT' or Copper
- All voltage ranges 6/7v.
- Prices from 19/6.

Illustrated is the $\mathbf{2 5 w}$. 3/16in. replaceable bit model with safety shield.

British and Foreign Patents. Registered designs. Suppliers to H.M. and Foreign throughout the world. Brochure No. 5.5 sent free on request.
Sole proprietors and manufacturers:
LIGHT SOLDERING DEVELOPMENTS LTD.
28 Sydenham Road, Croydon, Surrey Phone: CROydon 8589 Grams: Litesold Croydon

## BRASS, COPPER, DURAL,

 ALUMINIUM, BRONZEROD, BAR, SHEET, TUBE, STRIP, WIRE 3,000 STANDARD STOCK SIZES
No Quantity too small. List on Application. H. ROLLET \& Co. Ltd.

6 Chesham Place, S.W.I. SLOane 3463 also at liverpool. birmingham MANCHESTER, LEEDS


YOU are invited to apply for a copy of our illustrated brochure and price list which gives full details of our wide range of

## QUARTZ CRYSTAL UNITS

which are renowned for their
Accuracy \& Reliability
THE QUARTZ CRYSTAL CO.LTD.
Q.C.C. Works,

Wellington Crescent,
Telephones: New Malden, Surrey.

SITUATIONS VACANT
-'V engineers, who hold R.T.E.B. certificate London; selected applicants will be appointed to staff with top salary, 3 weeks holiday with pay, Zmas bonus, etc.-Singer's Radio. Ltd., 261 , harrow Rd., W.2. Cun. 0707 or after ${ }^{1}{ }^{1} 88973$ COILWINDING; Senior Engineers required to C take charge of design small audlo transformers; knowledge of current transistor practice an advantage; applicant would be required to work at Rickmansworth; full details to.Colne Electric, Ltd., Bury Lane, Rickmans-
worth. A REPRESENTATIVE is required by a rapidly A expanding company in the electronics field a technical background in electronics and the successful applicant will be a young man capable of negotiation at all levels; a car is provided.
APPLY, giving full details of age and experience, to The Managing Director, Messrs. Amos (Electronics), Ltd., Castle Mills,' Buckingham, Bucks. [8927 TV Field Service Engineers required by large ham and Wimbledon branches. Good salary ham and Wimbledon branches. Good salary
and prospects for experienced men.-Apply Derwent Television, 15-16, Leigham Hall Parade, Streatham High Rd., S.W. 16 . or phone Manager, Str, 6584 for appointment. $[9010$
TRANSFORMER engineer-Partridge TransChief Engineer; applicant must be thoroughly conversant with the design and manufacture of all types of small audio and power trans-formers.-Write giving full particulars to the Managing Director, Partridge Transformers, Lid., Roebuck Rd., Chessington, Surrey. [8993 ELECTRONIC draughtsman required by paration of development and production draw ings; excellent opportunity for men with sound knowiedse of electronic engineering.-Apply, in
writins, quoting reference D.90, to Personnel Writing, quoting reference D.90, to Personnel Officer,
Way, Nilger \& W. Watts, Ltd., $98,-$ St. Pancras
$\mid 8968$
R ADIO Technicians required by International R Aeradio, Ltd., for overseas service. Permanent and pensionable posts. Normally tax-free, inclusive salary in Local currency varylng with location, and additional marriage and chlld insurance. Kit allowance. Qualified candidates to whom replies will be sent write to Personnel Otficer, 40, Park St., W.1. [0262 HI-FI engineers wanted by leading specialIslington workshops and on site (frequently in islington workshops and on site (frequentiy in
conjuncton with architects), some traveling involved; experience essential: good salary and conditions for reliable and experienced men.Apply to Mr. Morris, Imhofs, Contracts and Service Div,' 9a, Mildmay Grove, N.1. Canon-
bury 1281.

19002
O VERSEAS Oil Exploration Company with O world-wide selsmic parties offers permanent carear to electronic technicians, Work consists
in maintaining and operating elestronic recordin maintaining and operating elestronic recordgenerally in camp, Qualification: H.N.C, of equivalent essentiai, with practical experience in electronics. Home ieave every two years.
Box No. 5829 . D RAUGHTSMAN required for interesting Dework on the original design and development of electronics associated with guided missiles and other new projects; our new offices are conveniently situated at Harrow, -Application should be addressed to the Chief Draughtsman, Instruments, A. V. Roe \& Co. Ltd. 2, College Rd. Harrow-on-the-Kili,
Middlesex. Tel. Harrow 8431 .
A VACANCY occurs for a first-class R.F. must have thorough practical and theoretical experience in all aspects of his craft, and preference will be given to applicants also experienced in pneumatics and electronic switchgear; a good salary and excellent prospects are offerec; apply, stating age, date available, and giving brief summary of qualifications, to
[8969
$\begin{aligned} & \text { Box } 7274 \text {. }\end{aligned}$
TEST engineers.-Applications are invited 1 from test engineers with previous industrial experience of testing radio communications, receivers and transmiters; successiul applicants permanent staff; starting salaries compansurate with qualifications and experience-Apply in writing elving full details to Personnel Officer, Redifon, Ltd., Broomhill Rd., S.W. 18.

CIRCUIT Designers and Circuit Laboratory Engineers required for design and testing of automatic telephone exchange systems and
other similar projects. Candidates should have had previous experience of this work and preferably have at least an O.N.C. or an intermediate grouped $C$. \& $G$. certificate. Knowledge of Crossbar Switching or totalisators would be an advantage, Good salary paid to selected applicants. Pension scheme after qualifying period.
WriTe giving full details of qualifications and experience to the Personnel Manager Ericsson quoting Ref. DA/1. Beeston, Notting [0160

## NEW 1960 EDITION RADIO AND TELEVISION ENGINEERS' REFERENCE BOOK

65-0.0
POST FREE

by J.'P. Hawker<br>\& W. E. Pannett

JUNCTION TRANSISTORS IN PULSE CIRCUITS. By P. A. Neeteson. 27/. Postage 1/-
AN INTRODUCTION TO THE CATH. ODE RAY OSCILLOSCOPE. By H. Carter. 15/-. Postage.1/-
HOW TO GET THE MOST OUT OF YOUR VOM. By T. Jaski. 23/-. Postage 1/-.
ELECTRONIC COMPUTERS. Principles and Application. By T. E. Ivall. 25/. Postage $1 / 6$.
BASIC ELECTRONIC TEST PROCEDURES. By R. P. Turner. 52/-. Postage $1 / 3$.
RADIO VALVE DATA, compiled by W.W." 6th Ed. 5/-. Postage 9d. NEW 1960 CATALOGUE I/-

## THE MODERV BOOK CO.

BRITAIN'S LARGEST STOCKISTS
of British and American Technical Books
19-23 PRAED STREET, LONDON, W.2.
Phone: PADdington 4185.
Open 6 days 9.6 p.m.

## P. A. MARRIOTT \& CO., LTD.

Specialists in the manufacture of Magnetic Recording Heads.
SUNLEIGH WORK8, SUNLEIGH ROAD, ALPERTON, WEMBLEY, MIDDX. WEM 7493

## OFFICIAL

AVO


REPAIR SERVICE

All repairs guaranteed 12 months. $Q \cup \mid C K$ SERVICE Our Staff is fully trained by AVO
LTD. Final tests and calibration carried out on AVO test equipment. Repairs sealed with the AVO seal-the mark of Perfection.
FARNELLINSTRUMENTS LTO.
York Road, Wetherby
Telephone: Wetherby 2691/2

## EDDY'S (поттм LTD 172 ALFRETON ROAD NOTTINGHAM

## HUGE PURCHASE!

## TRANSISTORS

Red Spot, $4 / 9$ each. Doz. Lots, 4/3 each. White Spot, 7/- each. Doz. Lots, $8 / 6$ each.
VIBRATORS. 12 vole, 4 -pin, 411 . Post $1 /$. 2000 mif . CONDENSERS. 6 v . working, $\mathrm{I} / 6$. Post 6d.
RECTIFIER/STABILISER for 1.4 volt valves. Midget, 3/-. Post 6d.

## SPECIAL OFFER!

## CAR RADIO KITS. Seven Transistors.

 Long and Medium Waves 2 watts output. R.F. stage and automatic gain control. Complete kit with cabinet lot Gns, Speaker extra, I7/II. P. \& P, 5/-. Please state voltage. Size 7 दin. $\times 7$ 交in. $\times 2$ tin.10 mid . PAPER CONDENSERS. Block. Idea for crossover networks, 3/11. Post $1 / 3$.
THROAT MIKES, $1 /$-. Post 6d. Could be used for electrifying musical instrumients.
HEAD PHONE CORDS. High Quality Git. lengths, 1/1I pair. Post 6 d .
GERMANIUM DIODES, $1 /$ each. $9 / 6$ doz. Post 4d.
RECTIFIERS. RMI 4/9; RM2 6/6; RM3 7/6; RM4 15/6; RM5 19/6. Contact Cooled Minjature $200 \mathrm{v} .60 \mathrm{~mA}, 7 / 6$. Post $1 / \mathrm{m}$.
ACOS MIKES. 25/6. Post $1 / 6$. Type 40-1.
CO-AXIAL CABLE. Air spaced, suitable for TV fringe area, V.H.F. etc. $7 \frac{1}{2}$ d. yd. Cut to any length. Post $1 / 3$ doz. yards.
HAND MIKES. Carbon, 3/1I. Post $1 / 9$.
CONDENSERS. Tubular wire end (Not ex. Govt.) $8 \mathrm{mid} .450 \mathrm{v} .1 / 9,8-8450 \mathrm{v} .2 / 6,16 \mathrm{mfd} .450 \mathrm{v}$. $2 / 9 ; 16-8450 \mathrm{v} .4 /-; 16-16450 \mathrm{v} .3 / 9$; $32 \mathrm{mid}, 450 \mathrm{v}$. 3/9; 32-32 350v. 4/-. Post 1/-.

ALL ABOVE ARE NEW AND GUARANTEED

| SURPLUS NEW AND GUARANTEED VALVES |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| IA7GT 12/6 | 6V6GT 6/8 | ECC85 8/6 |
| 1C5GT 10/6 | 6X5GT 6/6 | ECF80 10/6 |
| 1059 | 12A6 5/6 | ECF82 10/6 |
| IH5GT $9 / 9$ | I2AT6 8/6 | ECH42 8/9 |
| IL4 3/9 | 12AT7 6/- | ECL80 9/6 |
| INSGT 9/9 | 12AU7 6/- | ECL82 10/6 |
| IRS 6/6 | 12AX7 7/6 | EF36 2/6 |
| $155 \quad 6 / 6$ | 20D1 9/6 | EF37 4/- |
| $1 \mathrm{~T}^{4} 4 / 9$ | 25A6G 8/- | EF40 13/6 |
| 2021 4/6 | 25L6GT 9/- | EF41 816 |
| $3 \mathrm{Q} \mathrm{S}^{7 / 6}$ | 25Z4G 7/6 | EF42 716 |
| 3Q5GT $8 / 9$ | 35A5 12/6 | EF50 1/9 |
| 5U4G 5/9 | 35L6GT 9/6 | EF80 6/6 |
| 5Z4G \%/- | 35W4 $6 / 9$ | EF85 71- |
| 6AM6 4/- | 35Z3 12/11 | EF86 11/- |
| 6AG5 5/- | 35Z4G 7/6 | EF89 8/- |
| 6BA6 6/6 | 807(B) 3/9 | EF91 4/- |
| 688G 2/11 | 954 1/6 | EL42 9/6 |
| 6816 6/6 | 955 3/11 | EL84 8/3 |
| 6 C 4 3/6 | 956 2/11 | EY51 9/6 |
| $6 \mathrm{CH6}$ 9/3 | AZ1 12/6 | EY86 9/6 |
| 6 FI 6/6 | CL33 16/11 | EZ40. $71-$ |
| 6F6M 7/- | DAF96 8/3 | EZ80 6/9 |
| 6 F 13 5/9 | DF96 8/3 | EZ81 8/6 |
| 6 F 15 8/8 | DH63 7/6 | GTIC $7 / 6$ |
| 6 F 33 5/- | DH77 7/6 | PCC84 816 |
| 6 66M 2/6 | DK96 9/6 | PCF80 \%/- |
| 615GT 3/6 | DL.96 8/3 | PCL83 10/- |
| 615 M 4/3 | DM70 7/6 | PEN36C $9 / 6$ |
| 6K7G 2/3 | EAC91 5/3 | PEN46 5/- |
| $6 K 7 M$ 7/6 | EAF42 8/6 | PL36 12/- |
| $6 \mathrm{K8GG}$ 6/6 | EB34 1/6 | PL81 11/6 |
| 6 P 25 9/- | E841 7/- | PL82 7/9 |
| 6P28 9/6 | EB91 4/- | PL83 8/9 |
| 6Q7G 7/6 | EBC41 819 | PY80 7/- |
| 6SA7M 61- | EBF80 8/6 | PY81 8/6 |
| 6SG7M 5- | ECC40 19/11 | PY82 6/11 |
| 6SK7GT \%- | ECC81 61- | PY31 8/6 |
| 6SN7GT | ECC82 7/- | U25 12/- |
| 4/9 | ECC83 $7 / 6$ | UBC41 8/- |
| 6V6G 5/9 | ECC84 $8 / 9$ | UY41 6/6 |

Any parcel Insured against damage in transit for only $6 d$. extra per order. All uninsured parcels at customers' risk. Postage and packing 6d, per valve extra Over $\{3$ free COD or CWO only. C.O.D. charge $3 /-$ extra.
S.A.E. with.all enquiries.

SITUATIONS VACANT
NSTITUTE OF CANCER RESEARCR: Royal
Cancer Hospital technician, required for Physics Dept., to maintain and service existing electronic equipment and assist with design and
construction of new apparatus. Scope for enconstruction of new apparatus. Scope for en thusiasm and abillty, To start work at Roya later at the Downus Branch, near Sutton, Surlater at the Downus Branch, near Suton, surrey. Salary within and addresses of three referees, to the Secretary, 33 , Sumner Place,
S.W.7, quoting reference $301 / B / 20$. Flectronic technician, a staff vacancy Exists for an electronic technician for the maintenance and service of electronic control synchronous resistance welding and simple servomechanisms would be an advantage only candidates with a good background in circult theory and operation will be considered; the person accepted will be directly responsible to the company's chief electrical engineer.Apply in writing giving details of age experience and present salary to Box No. ${ }^{7490} \mathfrak{i 8 9 7 9}$
ELECTRICIANS WIth experience in any of 1 the fields of light current electrical work, radio communication, electronics, or automatic control and instrumentation required by Depot, for installation and maintenance work on lighthouses and light vessels; these posts are suitable for those with radio or telecommunicatlons servicing experience. including service in H.M. Forces; scale of pay £11/13/2 to $£ 12 / 17 / 2$ per week plus overtime and allow-ances.-Apply to Workshops Superintendent. London, E.14. Tel. East $3044 . \quad$ §8976
Craduates in science and mathematics who - are having second thoughts about the careers they chose after leaving the university, should write to the Chief Education Office particulars of a brief training sceme to make it partucuiars of a briet training sceme to make it easier for them to Change to teaching: in be made to glve them a short course of training and teaching practice before they take up regular teaching posts; from the beginning a the course they will be pald at full Burnham rates with any additional increments to which「8975
A DMIRALTY require Technical Class Grade A IlI Officers (Electrical) for its Alrcraft Repair Yard at Belfast; candidates must be British subjects, aged 21 or over: qualitications. a recognised apprenticeship, O.N.C. or equivaledge of electronics as applied to airborne radar and radio equipment and instruments: service in the Air Electrical Branch of R.N or R.A.F. would be valuable: ave-day week, eighteen days annual leave: salary in the range £565 (age 21) to $£ 750$ on entry, risiag to $£ 875$ (National rate): the posis are nonpensionable in the first Instance but opportunlties for estabishment may occur at a later daelfast. interviews will be arranged locall
APPLICATTONS, with full personal detalls, to Secretary of the Admiralty (C.E.II 114), Empire Hotel, Bath.
National Gas Turbine Establishment, borough, Hants, Aviation, Pyestock, Farnfor (1) design and development of instrumentation associated with gas turbines and allied research; or (2) operation, maintenance and servicing of a digital computer and associated instrumentation. Quals.: G.C.E. (A.L.), pass degree, H.N.C. (Physics or Elec. Eng.) or equiv. Previous experience of modern electrontc apparatus and instrumentation tech-
niques desirable. Appolntments as (a) Experimental Officer (min. quge 27) or (b) Asst. E.O.
Salary ranges (a) $£ 954-£ 1,166$, (b) \& 382 (age Salary ranges (a) £954-£1,166, (b) £ 382 (age rates same by 1961. Opportunities to compete
for established (pensionable) posts. Forms for established (pensionable) posts. Forms Scientific Register, (K) $26-28$, King St., London, S.W.1, quoting D143/0A. King St., [9004
TNDUSTRIAL ADMINISTRATION, LTD, inelectronics aplications for the appointment of eleotronlcs manager to a rapidiy expanding successful copplicant will be responsible to the works director for the design, project engineering and final assembly of all the company's electronic products. Applicants should be aged oetween 28 and 44 . They should preferably hold a good university technical degree, have completed an apprenticeship and be members of a professional institution. Experience in a of a similar company is essentiol with some of a similar company is essential, with some experience of production. Abinty onders department and anderstanding of modern developments in electronics are required. This is an excellent opportunity for an adventurous and highly trained youns scientist or engineer of mangerial potential to grow with the company, Salary will be arranged by negotiation, but at least $£ 1,500$ is benefits. Applications siving age and detall of education and experience should be eddressed to Appointments Secretary (Ret. 119/27). Industrial Administration, Ltd., 18, Thurloe Place Tondon. S.W. 7 . Candidates are assured that all applications will be treated in strict confidence.

## GILSON U.L. OUTPUT TRANSFORMERS

WIDE FREQUENCY RANGE-LOW DISTORTION AT ALL POWER LEVELS

\author{

- HIGH FIDELITY -
}

MAXIMUM RELIABILITY LOW COST


STYLE SIM

WORTH WRITING FOR-
Our new list showing sizes, styles, specifications and prices of a very popular range of output and mains transformers.

## R. F. GILSON LTD.

## 11a ST. GEORGE'S ROAD

## WIMBLEDON, S.W. 19

Phone: WIM 5695
TRANSFORMERS FOR ENGINEERS TECHNICIANS, SCIENTISTS

TROPICAL L/GHTING, NEON, SPECIAL PURPOSE

NEW G.E.C., S.T.C. and " WESTALITE " SELENTUM RECTLFLERS, Largest $2 . T$ Tr range in Gt. Britain. ONLX Makers' LATEST GOODS supplied NOT Sarplas. S. T. \&. C. E.म.T., K8/10 4/5; K8/15 5/-; K8/45 9/4; K8/50 9/10; K8/100 16/8; post 4d.
BRIDGE OONNECTED FULLWAVE. 17 v. 1 a. 13/4 1.5 a. 26/8: 8 a. 30/6; 4 а. 38/-; 6 a. 38/6; 6 a. 43 all post 9 d .33 v . 1 亿. 22/9; 1.5 a. $45 /-3$ a. 54 :$5 \mathrm{a} .68 /$-; all post $1 / 6 ; 54 \mathrm{~V}_{3} 1$ a. $33 /-1.5 \mathrm{a} .60 /-$

 BRIDGE CONNECTED WITH 7 in. SQOARE COOL BRIDGE CONNECTED HEAVY DUTY FUNNEL COOLED or 7lin. SQUARE COOLING FINS. Both types same price. $17 \mathrm{~F} .20 \mathrm{a} .120 /-30 \mathrm{a}$. $172 /-; 50 \mathrm{a}-280 /-1$
33 124/-; $10 \mathrm{~s} .144 /-$ - 72 v. $10 \mathrm{a} .186 /-; 100$ v. $10 \mathrm{a} .270 /-$ all post $3 /$.
"WESTALITE" (BRIDGE) 12-15 v. D.C. 0.6 a. 12/-;
 117. $60 /=12$ a. $109 / 6 ; 24$ a. $208 /-36$. 1.5 a. $30 /$ 6 a. 82/6; 12 a. 154/6: 100 v. 1.8 a. $82 / 6: 3 \mathrm{a}$ a. 154/6; 5. a. $195 / 6$; 12 a. $391 /$-; 170 v. 1.5 it. $135 /$-; 195 v. 1.25 a. 144/6
speclal clearance sale
All above rects, rest of "WESTALITE" and an SALFORD (BRIDGE). 6, 12 and 24 F . Rectifers, also as advertised in February's W. Worid, p. 162, only new latest types. Stock of hundreds must be sold SpECLAL CLEARANCE PRICISS
Advertised prices, less $25 \%$, Retail Trade less $50 \%$, both plus post, Bome S.T. C. gurplus F/wave 6 v .4 a $\mathrm{g} /$ - net, post free. Send for Clearance Price List
1 WAVE RECTS. 150 ₹. 1 a. $33 /-$ all post $1 / 6-3 / 6$ extra. E,H.T. Rects. 14D. $134,25 / ; 36$ E.H.T. 60 $35 / 10: 1 \mathrm{~mA}$. AC/DC meter rects. $14 / 6$. Post $4 \mathrm{~d}_{6}$ "SALFORD " (BRIDGE), 6 and 12 ₹. D.C. 1 \&. 7/6:
 23/6; $10 \mathrm{a} .34 / * 14$ a. $42 /-; 24$ ₹. $1 \mathrm{a}, 12,6 ; 1.5 \mathrm{a}$
 10 a. $75 /$-i
Suitable Translormers from 14/\%. Post 1/6.
Wholesale and Retail
T. W. PEARCE

66 Great Percy St., London W.C.I Off Pentonville Road,
Between King's Cross and Angel

## METER REPAIRS

All makes of Single and Multi-range instruments repaired and recalibrated.
$\star$ Prompt Service

* All work guaranteed
$\star$ Priority for urgent orders.
Comperitive prices for repairs to all types o instruments. Contracts a speciality.
New meters supplied from stock ( $2^{*}$ to $6^{\prime \prime}$ ) and complete equipment manufactured to specification.
Call, write or phone for details to
E.I.R. INSTRUMENTS LIMITED

329 Kilburn Lane, London, W. 9 Tel: LAD 4168


## TELETRON TAPEJAK

The first Transis torized Radio Tuner specially designed for use with Tape Recorders. $\star \begin{aligned} & \text { High Sensitivity. } \\ & \text { Twin tuned eir- }\end{aligned}$ cuits.
$\star$ Pre-setting for
MW.Programmes
$\star$ Fixed tuned for
1500M.
Price...... $£ 5$ 9 0
the teletron CO. LTD.
112B, Station Rd., London, E. 4. SIL. 0836.

IR Ministry A Radio Techncians at Royal Air elvilian Carlisle and at other R.A.F. stations throughout the Onited Kingdom for the servicing, repair modification and testing of air and ground radio and radar equipment; commencing salary (national) (accorcing to age) is e525-£670 subject to a small deduction at certain pro vincial stations and to a small increase in London; annual leave 3 weeks 3 days increasin to 4 weeks and 2 days after 10 years service 5 weeks after 20 years service and 6 weeks afte: 30 years service; apply, giving detalls of quals. and exp. and mentioning this advertisement direct to the Offlcer Commanding, No. 14 Maintenance Unt, Royal Alr Force Carlisle or to ancles in ather areec or any Employment Ex change quoting Carlisle 701.

SITUATIONS WANTED
C-B.B.C. engineer (49), wide experience of able broadcasting and communications, avais overseas.-Box 7766 . 9009 - $\Gamma$ vengineer seeks change from servicing, any interesting offers accepted.-Box 7237

## EARN TECHNICAL TRAININO

- tra radio and Electronics the New Pracmenting Wayl Very latest system of experica ang with and building radto apparatus"as you learn"-Free brochure from Dept. Reading, Berke
Reading, Berks 10241 CITY \& GUILDS (electrical, etc.) on "No -For details of modern courses in all branches of electrical engineering. applied electronics. automation, etc., send for our 148-page Hand book-free and post free.-B.I.E.'T.
388 A ). 29 , Wright's Lane, London W.8. (Dept.
(0017 388A), 29, WUITION Certifacates
FULL_-TTME courses ror.M.G. Certifcates, Maintenance Certifcates College of Technology, Hull
WIreless.- See the world as a radio officer period, the Merchant Navy, short training period, low fees. scholarships, etc. avaiable boarding and day students; stamp for prospecA LL Examination: easier to pass by I.C.S. G. Telecoms Radio and TV. Servicln. C , \& Write for free Prospectus, International Correspondence Schools Itd, Intertext House, Park-
gate Rd. (Dept. 442 A ), London, S.W.11, 「0033 "HOW, and Why" of Radio and Electronics W made easy Dy a new. no-maths, Practical Way. Postal instrictions based on hosts of experiments and equipment building carried out at home. New Courses bring enjoyment as well as knowledge of this fascinating subject.-Free brochure from Dept. W.W. 12 Radiostructor, 40
Russeil Street, Reading, Berks.
[0240
$T^{V}$ and Radio-A.M.Brit.I.R.E., City and - Guilds, R.T.E.B. Cert. etc. on "No Pass details of exams and home training courses (including practical apparatus) in all branches of radio, T.V. anr electronics, write for 148 -
 A M.IMech.E... A.M.Brit.I.R.E.E City \& A Guilds. G.C.B. etc., bring high pay and security: - No Pes"-No Fee" terms: over $95 \%$
successes. - For detalls of exams. and courses successes.-For details of exams. and courses
in all branches of engineering. building, elecin anics, etchas wri-e for 148 -page Handbook-free-B.I.E.T. (Dept. 387B). 29, Wright's LEARN-AS-YOU-BUILD course in basic practical tralning building a 4 -valve TRF and 5-valve supernet radio recelver: Signal Generator and high-quality Multitester.-Write for FREE book. Ir ternational Correspondence Schools, Intertex: House, Parkgate Road (Dept. 442) London. S.W.11
- Padio

TNCORPORATED Practical Radio Engineers home study courses of radio and T.V engineering are reccgnised by the trade as outstanding and au: toritative: moderate fees to a himited number of students only: syllabus of Engineer journal. sample only $2 /-; 6,000$ alignment peaks for superhets, $5 / 9$; membership and entry conditions booklet $1 /-$ all post free from the Secre+gry, I.P.R.E., 20, Fairfield
Rd.. London. N.8. BOOKS, INSTRUCTIONS. ETC.
$\mathrm{B}^{\text {RIT. ITR.E. Journals, 1951-1958, }}$ volumes. as new: offers,-Box 7599,
[8985 B ASIC Mathematics for Radio and Elec . tronics. By F. M. Colebrook, B.Sc. D.I.C.A.C.G.I. Revised and enlarged by J. M. Head, M.A. (Cantab.). Preseats in readable form a complete course in basic mathematics from engineering students of all kinds and leads on to the more savanced branches of engineers. In this edition the chapter covering the application of mathematics to radio has been revised and enlarged, while new subjects covered include stability. Linear Differential Equations, Elementary Statistics, Short Cuts to Numerical Calculations and an Intro duction to Matrices. Will be invaluable to those requining a refresher course as well as subject. 17/6 not from leading booksellers By post $18 / 6$ from Illfe \& Sons Ltd., Dorset House, Stamford St., S.E.1.

## More than meets the eye



It looks good but there is more in it than meets the eye-enough to make the dis cerning purchaser feel that he must have Savage Massicore regardless
Generous design-no compromises on qual ity-conscientious workmanship-that is what you get when you buy a Massicore Transformer


## SAVAGE TRANSFORMERS LIMITED

NURSTEED ROAD, DEVIZES, WILTS. Tolephone: Devizes 932

## TVTUBES <br> REBUILT AS NEW

BRAND NEW.GUN, RE SGREENED ALUMINISED NEWGETTERS. 1 YEAR GUARANTEE. GOMPLETELY NEW TUBES EXCEPT THE GLASS.
ALL MAKES AND TYPES FROM STOCK

| 12" | C5 190 |
| :---: | :---: |
| $14^{*}$ | 66100 |
| $15^{\prime \prime}-17^{\prime \prime}$ | ¢619 |

POST-INS. IO1-. C.O.D. OR C.W.O
$20 /$ REFUNDED ON RETURN OF OLD LAWSON TUBES (W)
156 PICKERSLEIGH RD. MALVERN, WORCS MAL 3798

EDDYSTONE COMPONENTS


Full range of EDDYSTONE short wave components and dials. Cat. No. 898 geared slowmotion drive as illus $58 \%$. Full details on request. Comprehensive 128 page catalogue of components price $2 /$ plus 9 d . post.

## HOME RADIO OF MITCHAM

Dept. W, 187 London Road, Mitcham Surrey. MiT. 3282.

# SOUTHERN RADIO'S SPECIAL BARGAINS TRANSMITTER - RECEIVER 

## TYPE 38 MK II <br> * WALKIE-TALKIE <br> 

Complete in Metal Carrying Case. 9in. $x$ $6 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in} . \times 4 \mathrm{in}$. Weight 6/b. Frequency 7.3 to $9 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$. Five valves, $\mathbb{C 1 / 2 / 6}$. Post paid.

These TX-Rs are in NEW CONDITION, but owing to demand they are not tested by us and carry no guarantee, buz should prove SERVICEABLE.
ATTACHMENTS for Type " $38^{\prime \prime}$ Transreceivers. ALL BRAND NEW. Headphones 15/6; Throat Mierophones 4/6; Junetion Boxes 2/6; Aerials, No. 1 2/6; No. 2 5/-; Webbing 4/-; Haversacks 5/-; Valves-A.R.P. 12 4/6; A.T.P. $43 / 6$; Ser of FIVE VALVES 19/- the set. SPECIAL OFFER No. 2;
" 38 ," as above, complete with set of external attachments, 42/6, post paid.
SPECIAL OFFER No. 3: .. Mk. II. Brand Transmitter-Receiver new with complete set ofternal attachments new with complete set of external attachments
ineluding Webbing, Haversacks and Yalves. $57 / 6$ post paid. Fully guaranteed.
CONDENSERS. 100 assorted Mica; Tubular, etc., 15/.. NEW.
CONTACTOR TIME SWITCHES, 2 impulses per sec., in case, 11/6.
REMOTE CONTACTOR. For use with above 7/6.
LUFBRA HOLE CUTTERS. Adjustable $\frac{3}{8} i n$. to 3 tin. For Metal, Plastics, ere., 7/-.
MAGNETS. Strong Bar type, $2 \times \frac{1}{5}$ in., $1 / 6$ each. MORSE TAPPERS. Midget type 2/9; Standard, $3 / 6$; Heavy type on base, 5/6. ALL BRAND NEW. 3/6; Heavy type on base, 5/6. ALL RAPPER with BUZZER on base. Complete with battery, 12/6. BRAND NEW.
PACKARD-BELL AMPLIFIERS. Complete. BRAND NEW, with valves, relay, etc., etc., $17 / 6$ each.
QUARTZ CRYSTALS. Types F.T. 241 and F.T.243. 2 -pin, in. spacing. Frequencies between $5,675 \mathrm{kc} / \mathrm{s}$. and $8,650 \mathrm{kc} / \mathrm{s}$. (F.T.243), 20 Me/s. and 38.8 Me/s. (F.T. ${ }^{241,54 \text { th }}$ Harmonic), TED CRYSTALS, 45/-. Holders for both types, 1/- each. Customers ordering 12 crystals can be 1/- each. Customers ordering
supplied with lists of frequencies available for supplied with
their choice.
their choice. BLANKS. Brand new. "Emidise." Ready for cutting. $13 \mathrm{in} .6 /$ each or 15 complere in meral case $£ 4$.
RESISTANCES. 100 assorted useful values. New wire end 12/6. NEW.
SPECIAL OFFER. 12 ASSORTED METERS. Slightly damaged. Mainly broken cases (perfect movements). Including 3 BRAND NEW Aireraft Instruments. 12 for $45 /$.
STAR IDENTIFIERS. Type I A-N Covers both Hemispheres, 5/6.
TII54 TRANSMITTERS. Complete in transit case. New condition, $82 / 5 / \%$. ohms $0-6 \mathrm{~mA} 0-1.5 \mathrm{v}$ and 3 v . In case $3 \frac{1}{4} \mathrm{in}, \times 3 \frac{1}{4} \mathrm{in}$. $\times 2 \frac{1}{2}$ in. Voltage range can easily be extended by addition of resistances to suit individual requirements. Brand new, 12/6.
ATTACHMENTS for " 18 " Transreceivers. ALL BRAND NEW. Headphones 15/6; Hand Microphone 12/6; Aerials 5/-; Set of 6 Valves 30/-
TRANSPARENT MAP CASES. Plastic 14 in . $\times 10^{2} \mathrm{in}$. Ideal for Maps, Display, ete., $5 / 6$. Post or carp. extro. Full list Radio Books, etc., 3d.
SOUTHERN RADIO SUPPLY, LTD.
11, LITTLE NEWPORT STREET, LONDON, W.C.2. GERrard 6653
" HTRODOCTION to Valves." By $R$. W. Milward, Ballows, M.A.Cantab. A. M.I.E.E., and H. K. K. the principles, construction, characteristics and uses of most types of radlo valves. The approach is simple and, as far as possible, nonmathematical, but the book provides the valves and how they work, $8 / 6$ net from all booksellers. By post $9 / 4$ from Iiffe si Sons Ltal. Dorset House. Stamford St., London, S.E.l.

## BOOKS WANTED

WANTED: a copy of the Jan. $1958 \mathrm{~W} . \mathrm{W}$ Hoge, 2209, Crest Rd.. Baltimore 9, Md. U.S.A.

## ELECTRICAL INSPECTOR

Staff Foreman wanted to take charge of Electrical Section of the Inspection Department. Electronics experience is essential. Apply stating age. rraining and experience to: The Serretary, Barr \& Siroud Ltd., Anniesland, Glasgow, W.3.
quoting $125 / \mathrm{T}-17$ on the envelope.

## RADIO \& ELECTRONIC ENGINEERS

IIIIIIIIII The MORSE CODE is still, and always will be, the basic Code for individual Signalling, whether on visual or telecommunication circuits. So add this simple and interesting subject to your qualifications. Apart from the pleasure derived from this extra knowledge, it counts for much when a tion. Write for the CANDLER BOOK OF FACTS and see, for yourself how fascinating the Candler method of teaching the Morse Code will prove.
CANDLER SYSTEM CO.
(56W) 52b ABINGDON RD .,LONDON, W. 8 Candler Sustem Co., Denver, Colorado U.S.A.

## "AS-NU"

## REGUNNED T.V. TUBES

Supplied from stock and despatched by British Railways same day.
COMPLETE NEW GUNS. fitted in every tube and fully guaranteed for TWELVE MONTHS.

|  | Mullard |  | Mazda |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 12in. | 6415 | 0 | 55 | 0 | - |
| $14 \mathrm{in}$. | 650 | 0 | 65 | 10 | 0 |
| 15 in . | - |  | 66 | 5 | 0 |
| 16 in . | 6610 | 0 |  |  |  |
| 17in. | 460 | 0 | 16 | 5 | 0 |
| 2 lin . |  | 0 | ¢8 | 10 | 0 |

Carr. \& Ins. 10/-
Other types available. Please contact.

## J. P. WRIGHT

Ia Shotton Street, Doncaster

Sole Distribution Agent
Phone: DON 2636 or 66252.

## LEWIS have the CABINET for YOU <br> EXtENSIVE RANGE OF CABINETS FROM £4-7-6



This elegant cabinet is ovailable in veneered figured walnut and polished to a high gloss in a medium shade. Gold embellishments are an attractive feature of the design. 9in. black legs are normally fitted. A three sliding door system reveals ample storage room and space for equipment.


Walnut $£ 16$. 16.0
This popular bureau cabinet is veneered with the finest selected Walnut and beautifully polished in a medium shade. Designed to accommodate almost ony of the many units we hove available and to give generous storage compartments.

## TWO NEW LEWIS CATALOGUES:- <br> The Cabinet Catalogue <br> The Equipment Comparator Catalogue

(Designed to assist your choice of cabinet and equipment).
Please send me detoils of your two new catalogues Name
Address.
BLOCK CAPITALS PLEASE
WW40

## LEWIS radio

120 GREEN LANES, PALMERS GREEN,
LONDON, N. 13 (Near the Cock Tavern).
Telephone: BOWes Park $1155 / 6$

High Quality Attractive Price
Easy to Handle "GENERAL" TRANSISTOR


MODEL 6G-397


MODEL 6GA-441
TAPE RECORDER


MODEL FX-400
Enquirles on other electronic components and equipments ore also invited.

## TOYOTRADING CO., LTD.

## P. O. BOX

NO. 999 CENTRAL TOKYO JAPAN NO. 2, 1-CHOME, HONGOKU-CHO, NIHONBASHI, CHUO-KU, TOKYO CABLE ADDRESS
"SHININGEAST" TOKYO JAPAN
Catalogue on Request

## A.R.R.L. RADIO AMATEURS HANDBOOK 1960

## Postage 1/9

Stereo Handbook, a new book by Briggs. Postage 1/, R.S.G.B Postage 6

Using an Oscilloscope, by Easterling. Postage 6d.
Transistor Circuits for the Constructor, Book 3, by Bradley. Postage 6d.
Guide to Broadcasting Stations 1960, by W/W. Postage 6d
Model Radio Control, by Safford. Postage $1 /$ -
World Radio Handbook, by Hans Johansen 1960. Postage 1/-
Principles of Transistor Circuits, by Amos, Postage $1 /$.
Brimar Valve and Tele Tube Manual No. 8. Postage 8d.
Manual No. 8. Postage 8 d .
by Babani, Book 4. Postage 6d.
Portable Transistor Radio and
Radiogram, by Gregory. Postage 6d.
UNIVERSAL BOOK CO.
12 LITTLE NEWPORT STREE
LONDON, W.C. 2 (adjoining Lisle Street)

## REBUILT T.V. TUBES

Fully Guaranteed 12 months. Complete New Gun fitted in every Tube 12in. ... E5.0.0 14in., I5in. $\mathbf{E 5 . 1 0 . 0}$ 17in. ...と6.10.0 2lin. ... $\mathbf{~} 9.0 .0$
Carriage \& Insurance $10 /$ - extra. IMMEDIATE DELIVERY.
nU-GUN TELETUBES LTD. 3, The Mews, Duckett Rd., Harringay, London, N. 4.
Telephone: MOUntview 2903.

## METERS

WE CAN SUPPLY
WITHIN 7-14 DAYS
a complete range of moving coilmoving iron-electrostatic-thermo-couple-also multirange meters -meggers-pyrometers and laboratory test instruments, etc.

All to B.S. 89
Instruments tested and standardised on our premises, and replacements supplied fram our stock.

## REPAIRS

Delivered 7.14 days
Our skilled eraftsmen carry out repairs or convert any types and makes of single and multirange meters.
Where desired repairs are accepted an contract.
THE V.Z. ELECTRICAL SERVICE NOTE NEW ADDRESS
$3 \|$ EDGWARE ROAD, W.2.

SOUTH SUPPLIES
(ELECTRICAL) LTD.
95 OLD KENT ROAD, LONDON, S.E.1.
CASH WITH ORDER

## 12. CHANNEL

 TURRET TUNERBRAND NEW. Fitted with coils 1 to 5 and 8 to 9. $34 / 38 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$. Complete with P.C.F. 80 and P.C.C. 84 Valves.
Manufacturer's price
$\varepsilon 7 / 7 / 0.0$
$\underset{\text { PRICE }}{\text { OUR }} \quad £ 1.17 .6$ Pius ${ }_{3 / 6,}{ }^{\text {\& }} P$ P.
ELECTRIC CLOCK, AUTO COOKER TIMER \& TIME SWITCH
BRAND NEW. Modernise and add pounds to the value of your electric sooker. Ideal for automatic cooking, or any heat matic cooking, or any heat or current control. Com: plete with handsome elec-
tric clock. $200 / 250 \mathrm{~V}$. 30 Amp. Full fitting instructlons, Plus 2/6 P. \& P.


FAN or
PROJECTOR
MOTOR
$220 / 250$ v. BRAND NEW
22/6
Plus 2/6. P. \& P.


ELECTRIC BLOWER
12 or 24 V . Ideal for $\mathrm{Cap}_{\mathrm{ar}}$ heaters. Plus $2 / 6$ P. \& P. 17/6


## TRAY IMMERSION HEATER

Complete with separate Thermostat. 200/250 V. Famous make. Photo developing erays, etc. List Cle $22 / 6$
 AT/I. AMPLIFIER A small high quality gram. amplifiier employing the latest circuitry $3 / 4$ wate out. put Very neat chassis. puc. Very neat chassis. Finished in bronze
stove enamel.

(overali) 5tin. $x$ tin. $x$
4din. On-off volume
and tone controls. $3,19,6$ Plus $2 /-$
A.C. mains 200/250 v .


KODAK CAMERAS Ex Laqua
Cresta Mk. IJ. List £2/0/8. Our price $81 / 9 / 6$. 2/- P. \& P.
Junior II. List $£ 5 / 3 /$. Ourprice $13 / 101$. 2/-P. \& P. Bantam Colorsnap. List $[9 / 11 / \mathrm{J}$. Our price 87/10/-2/-P. \& P.

"ALL your TV Components from one Source

## amecti? <br> $]^{R}$ <br> Replacements Lid.

Direct TV Replacements Lid. Offer same day despatch service for the Television Retailer, Telovision Engineer and industry.
138 LEWISHAM WAY, NEW CROSS, S.E.I4 F1Deway 6666

Grams: Flibak, London, S.E. 14

## COPPER WIRE

ENAMELLED, TINNED, LITZ, COTTON AND SILK COVERED RESISTANCE WIRES EUREKA-CONSTANTAN Most Gauges Available

## NICKEL-CHROME MANGANIN

SMALL ORDERS PROMPTLY DESPATCHED
B.A. SCREWS, NUTS, WASHERS,
soldering tags, eyelets and rivets,
EBONITE and BAKELITE PANELS
TUFNOL ROD, PAXOLIN TYPE COIL FORMERS AND TUBES, ALL DIAMETERS SEND STAMP FOR LIST TRADE SUPPLIED

## POST RADIO SUPPLIES

33 Bourne Gardens, London, E. 4 Phone: CLIssold 4688

## 38 SET WALKIE TALKIE

 CIRCUIT INFORMATION Alignment Procedure. Typical faults in Ex W.D. Sets. Component location diagrams. Circuit diagram. Complete Circuit description. Instructions for use, etc P.O. 5/-. Address in block capitals, pleaseCAMPBELL
Laundry Lane, Hungerford, Berks.

## Fidelia



Our present range meludes:
Fidelis Major AM/FM tuner unit with pre-amp, tone controls, etc., R.F. stage on sll wavehands, variable selectivity, etc. Price $827 / 4 /$-. or with the Major amplifer, $242 / 14 /$ -
Fidelis Imperial, VHF tuner. Price El5/5/or with pre amp. and tone controls, £19. Fidelia Preciton, switched VEF tuner. Price E14/6/-, or with preamp. nad tone controls. 219. Fidelia Major amplifier, 218.


## A. K. \& L. G. SMITH LTD. Manufacturers of:- <br> Electrical \& Electronic Apparazus Sub Assemblies, etc. <br> 38 Nunhead Lane, Peckham, London, S.E. 15 Telephone: NEW Cross 7325

## REPANCO MINI-3

A new local station pocket transistor Radio

- Size 5 in. $\times 3 \frac{1}{8} i n . \times 1 \frac{3}{4}$ in.
- Long and Medium Waves.
- Dual Ferrite Aerials.
- Loudspeaker reception.

Regenerative RF Reflex Circuit. Send Now! 1/6d. (post free) for easy wiring plans, instructions and price list.
Mail Order and Trade:

## RADIO EXPERIMENTAL PRODUCTS LTD.,

33 Much Park St., COVENTRY Tel.: 62572

Wholesale Enquiries and Export: REPANCO LTD.,
O'Brien's Buildings, 203-269, Foleshill Rd., COVENTRY. Tel.: 40594

# SHORT-WAVE RADIO \& THE IONOSPHERE 

By T. W. BENNINGTON, Engineering Division, BBC

Long-distance communication by means of short waves is dependent on the state of ionosphere, which changes during the day and at different seasons of the year. This book explains simply the reasons for these changes and shows how they influence the choice of wavelength for signalling between different points of the earth's surface. Published for the "Wireless World."
$8 \frac{3}{4}{ }^{\prime \prime} \times 5 \frac{1^{\prime \prime}}{} 138 \mathrm{pp} . \quad$ 2nd Edition 10 s 6d net By post IIs 4d Obtainable at all booksellers or by post from The Publishing Dept., lliffe \& Sons Limited Dorset House, Stamford Street, London. SEI

## SOUTH OF SCOTLAND ELECTRICITY BOARD

Third Assistant Engineer (Telecommunications)
Applications are invited from Electronics Engineers for a superannuable appointment as a THIRD ASSISTANT ENGINEER in nuable appointment as a Thechnical Section of the Chief Engineer's Department at the the Technical Section of the Chief Engineer

The work covers a wide field and includes the investigation of problems relating to the Board's V.H.F. and U.H.F. radio systems, remote control, indication and telemetering systems and radio interference from high voltage plant.

Candidates should possess qualifications leading to Corporate Membership of the Institution of Electrical Engineers.

The salary will be within the range $£ 925-£ 1,170$ per annum in accordance with Class AX/EX, Grade 6 of Schedule B to the National Joint Board Agreement.

Applications should be submitted on the standard form which may be obtained from the Secretary, South of Scotland Electricity Board, Inverlair Avenue, Clasgow. S.4, and returned, quoting reference number E14/60, not later than 30 th April, 1960.

## CLASSIFIED RDVERTISEMENTS

## Use this Form for Your Sales and Wants

To "WIRELESS WORLD " Classified Advertisement Department, Dorset House. Stamford Street, London, S.E.I PLEASE INSERT THE ADVERTISEMENT INDICATED ON FORM BELOW
Rate: $9 /$ for TWO LINES. $4 / 6$ every Additional
Line. Average six words per line. Name and address
Line. Average six words per line. Name and address to be included in charge if used in
Box No. Allow two words, plus H -.
Cheques etc., payable to lliffe \& Sons Ltd., and crossed "\& Co."

- Press Day, Tuesday March 29th For May 1960 issue

NAME
ADDRESS $\qquad$

$\square$
$\square$
$\square$
$\square$

## INDEX TD ADVERTISERS

A. A. Tools

Acoustical Mfg. Co., Lid.
Adcola Products, Ltd. A .
Agricultural Research
Aircraft Marine Products, Litd
Airmec. Ltd.

Anders Electronics, Ltd.,
A.N.T.E.X., Ltd

Appointments Vacant 168, 169, 170, 1711. 172,
Arcolectric Switches, Ltd.
Ardente Acoustic Laboratories. Ltd.
Armstrong Wireless \&t Television co 62
Ltd. .. .. .. ${ }_{58} 8,187$
Associated Eiectrical Industries, Lid.
Audto Fair, London
Audix B.E., Ltic
ustin Motor Co.. Ltdd.
Automatic Telephone \& *" Electric co Ltd. 49
Avo. Ltd. Telephone \& Electic
A.W.R.E.

Barr \& Stroud, Ltd.
Beam Echo, Ltd
Batey, W. \& Co Co
Belling \& Lee, Ltd.
Benson, W. A.
Bentley Acoustlc Corporation, Ltd
Berry's Radio
Bolton Technical' Training College
Box AC/14697
Box 7420
Box 7510
Box 7510
Box 7757
Box 7758
Box 7785
Bradford Institute
Erenell Engineering Co., Ltd.
Bribond, Ltd. Éstol Slddeley Engines, Ltd.
Britain, Chas. (Radio), Ltd.
British Communications Corporation, Ltd
British Institute of Engineering Tech-
nritish
3rookes Sarozal, Ltd.
Brookes Crystals, Ltd.
Bulgin, A. F., \& Co., Ltd,
Bullers, Itd.
Campbell, D
Canadian Westinghouse Co., Ltd
Candier System Co.
Carr Fastener Co., Ltd.
Cathodeon Crystals, Ltd.
Central Electricity Board
Channel Electronic Industrie
Channel clectronic Industries, Ltd.
City of Birmingham Education Committee
Clyne Radio, Ltd
Cosmocord, Ltd.
Coventry Radio
Crawshay, P. B.
Daly (Condensers). Ltd
Davies, Jack (Relays), Litd.
Day-Impex, Ltd.
De Havilland Propelleis. Led
Denco (Clacton) Itd
Dependable Radio Suppies, Itd.
Dependable Relays, Ltd.
Direct T.V. Repl
Dixan, L. \& Co.
Drayton Regulator \& Instrument Co., Ltd.
Duke \& Co.
Eddy's (N'tham), Ltd.
E.I.R. Instruments, Ltd.

Eitel-McCulloch Inc
E.K. Electronics

Electricity Counci
Electro-Acoustic Developments
Electro-Acoustic Industries, Ltd
Electro-Methods, Ltd.
Electronic Precision Equipment, Ltd
Electronic Tubes, Lt
electronics (Croydon), Ltd.
lectronics (Finsbury Park). Ltd
Electronics (Fleet Street), Ltd.
Electronics (Manor Park), Ltd
Electronics (Ruislip). Ltd
Electronic Technology

E.M.I. Electronics, Ltd, Lid 81, 158, 108
E.M.I. Sales \& Service,

Empire Rales \& Service, Ltd
English Electric Co., Ltd.

60, 17
101.

Edit. 2

| 193 |
| :--- |
| 195 |
| 10 |

EnglLsh Electric Valve Co., Ltd Enthoven Bolders. Ltd.

Farnell Instruments, Ltd
Ferranti, Ltd.
Fibre Form, Ltd
Fisher Blectronics Co., Ltd
Fortiphone
Frazar \& Hansen, Ltd
Fringevision, Ltd.
.

Gardners Rudio, Ltd
Garrard Eng. \& Mfg.
General Electric Co., Lt
Ghana Civil Service
Gilfillan, R., \& Co., Ltd.
Glaser, $L$., \& Co.. Lt
Gaodwin, C. \& Co.. Lt
Goodmans Industries, Ltd.
Govt. . Comm. H.Q.
Gramdeck
Grayshaw Instruments
Grey \& Marten, Ltd.
Hall Eléectric, Ltd.
Hall Electric, Ltd.
Harmsworth, Tawn $\dot{\text { Harris Electronics (London). }}$. Ltd
Harris, $P$. Surplus, Ltd.
Harverson Surplus, Ltd
Henry's (Radio), Ltd.
Hinchley Eng. Co., Ltd.
Hivac, Ltd.
Home Radio (Mitcham), Ltd
H.P. Radio Services, Ltd, Itd

Hunt, A. H.:
B M (ITnited Kingdom), Itd Iliffe Books ... $94,156,177,184$, Industrial Exhibitions
International Computors \& " Tabulators.
International Correspondence Schools 170, 172
International Correspondence Schools 170,172
Irorigate (M. O.) Co. .. .. .. .. 157
Jackson, Bros. (London), Ltd
Kenure, Holt Electronics, Ltd
Keyswitch Co., The
Lancashire Dynamo Group
Lasky's Radio. Ltd
Leason Tubes \& "Co. Litd
Leak, H. J. \& Co. Ltd
Lee Products (Gt. Britain) Ltd
Leevers-Rich Equipment, Ltd.
Lewis Radio Co. Developments, Ltd
Linear Products, Ltd.
Livingston Laboratorle Ltd $^{\circ}$
Lockwood \& Co. (Woodworkers). Litd
Londox, Lentral "Radio "Storés
Lyons Radio. Ltd.
138,186
140.141

95
64
190

PAGE
25 ㄹ․ 188 20. 178

Malvyn Englneering Works
Marconi Instruments, Ltd. 'Co. Litd. 107. 176
Marconl's Wireless Telegraph Co.. Ltd. 107. 176
Marrlott. P. A.. \& Co. .. 188 Marrlott, P. A. \& Co.
McMlchael Radio, Ltd.
McMurdo Instruments Co. "Ltd. $\because \quad 7$.
McMurdo Instruments Co. Libitd
Mechanical Handling Exhition
Mills. W. op Aviation
Minnesota Mining \& Mfg. Co.. Ĺtd.
Modern Book Co. (Retail), Lid
Modern Electrics

Mulard, Lore Solders, Ltd. . $12 . .$.
Multicore Electric Co., Ltd. ..
Mover iv
69.176
69. 176

Neo Mafl Order Supplies
Nottingham Vaive Co., Ltd.
Nu-Gun Teletubes
32.
a

326

Oddie, Bradbury \& Cull, Ltd.
Palmer, G. A., Stanley, Ltd.
Pamphonic Reproducers, Ltd.
Partridge Transformers, Ltd
P.C. Radio

Pearce, T. W
Phoenix Telephone Co.
Plezo. Ltd. Lt.. ${ }^{\text {Plessey Co.. Ltd. }}$ 47, 79, 87. 102, 128
P.O. Box 7759 .

Portiand Electronics

Post Radio Supplies
premier Radio Co,
Proops Bros.. Ltd.
Fye. Telecommunications, Lt $\ddot{d}$
32. $12 \dot{3}$,

PagF,
193
117
153
172
168
Quartz Crystal Co., Ltd.
188
Radford Electronics, Ltd. .. .. .. 128
Radio \& Electrical Mart
Radio \& T.V. Components (Acton), Ltd. 167
Radio Clearan
Radio Component Specialists
Radio Exchange Co. The
Radio Experimental Products ${ }^{\circ}$ Co.
Radio Mailing
Radiospares
Radiospares, Ltd.
Radiostructor
Radio
Supply
(Leeds), "Ltd.
142.

Rank Cintel
Rank Precision Industries, Litd.
Record Housing
Redifon, Ltd.
Relda Radio.
Relda Radio, Ltd.
Reproducers \& Amplifiers. Ltd
Rhodesia Broadcasting
Riveting Systems, Ltd
Riveting Systems, Ltd.
Robinson. D., \& Co., Ltd, :
Röhrenwerke \& $\dot{\text { Rollo }}$ He,
Royal Aircraft Establishment
Samson Surplus Stores
Savage Transformers Ltd
Savage Transformers, Ltd. . ... .. 147
cott James, \& Co. (Electrical Engineers);
Selray Book Co.
Service Trading Lo
Servo \& Electronic Sales,
Sifam Electrical Instrument Co., Litd
Simmonds, L. E., Ltd.
Smithir Electronics S. Litd.
Smith, G. W. (Radio). Ltd
Smith, H. L. \& Co.. Ltd
South Stotland Electricity Board
Southern Radio Supply, Ltd.
South Supplies (Electrical). Ltd.
Standard' Telephones \& Cables, itd 187
Steatlte \& Porcelain Products, Ltd. 9. 11. $\frac{1}{3}$
Steatite Insulations, Ltd. .
Stern Radio, Itd.
Straton
Stratton \& Co., Ltd. ... .. .. Cover ii

| Sutiex, Ltd. |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Sugden, A, Co. (Engineers), | Ltd. | .. | 30 |
| Super Radiotech, Ltd. | 66 |  |  |

$\begin{aligned} & \text { Tannoy Products, Ltd. } \\ & \text { Technical Ceramics. Ltd. }\end{aligned} \quad \therefore \quad . \quad 119,166$
Technical Trading Co.
Telecraft Ltd.
Telequipment, Ltd
Telequapment, Ltd.
Tele-Radio (1943), Lid.
Teletron Co., The
Tellux, Ltd.
Thompson, A. J.
Troyo Trading Co., Ltd.
Trix Electrical Co., Lid
T.R.S. Radio

Edit. $\frac{19}{20}$
Tyer \& Co., Ltd
175, 178
Uitra Electric, Litd.
$\therefore 172$
$\therefore \quad 180$
$\therefore \quad 170$
$\therefore \quad 192$
Unicam Instruments, Ltd
United Components
Universal Book Co.
$\begin{array}{r}\text { - } \quad 37 \\ \hline\end{array}$
Vacwell Engincering Co., Ltd
$\begin{array}{lr}\text { 3i. } & 8 \\ & 17\end{array}$
Venner Electronics, Itd
Vitality Bulbs, Ltd. .
V.Z. Electrical Service

Walmore Electronles. Ltd
Ward, Edmund, Publishers, Lid
Watts, Cecil E
Webber, R. A. Ltd
West Suffolk Education Committee
Weymouth Radio Mfg Co., Ltd., The
Wharfedale Wireless Works .. 'Ĺt."
White, S. Slectrical Radio Co.. Lental Mfg. Co. (G.B.), Ltä.
Whkinson, L. (Croydon), Ltd.
Wright, J. Aero Servlces Ltd
89
62
155
191
Z. \& I. Aero Servlces Ltd. ..

182, 183

## THE <br> 



## High Stability Communications Receiver

The Eddystone " 880 " High Stability Communications Receiver, now in full production, reaches high modern standards. It has been designed expressly for use in professional communications systems and, with the many refinements provided, is widely versatile in its applications.

The principle employed results in an exceptionally high degree of frequency stability. Throughout the tuning range of the receiver, which is from $500 \mathrm{kc} / \mathrm{s}$ to $30.5 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$, the long term drift does not exceed 50 cycles. Particular care has been taken to reduce spurious responses to an absolute minimum and the figures for such characteristics as cross-modulation, blocking, inter-modulation and image ratio are extremely good. The electrical performance is well maintained in every way and conforms to accepted professional standards.

There are two fully tuned r.f. stages and all tuning is accomplished with a single knob. The tuning rate is linear and the large clear scale

Manufactured shows only the range in use. The frequency can be set to within one kilocycle. Radiation at any frequency has been reduced to a very low figure. Comprehensive information and full specification available on request to Commercial and Professional concerns.

## ERSIN

Developed after prolonged research in the Multicore Laboratories, Savbit Type 1 Alloy lengthens the life of copper soldering iron bits by up to ten times. It incorporates a small percentage of copper, and this prevents absorption of copper from the bit into the solder alloy. By keeping the bits in good condition, the use of Ersin Multicore Savbit Solder speeds soldering and increases efficiency.

Savbit Solder has been proved on the production lines of leading manufacturers throughout the world. Ersin Multicore Savbit Type 1 Alloy is made under sole British Licence of Patent No. 721,881.

Ersin Multicore 5-core Solder is also available in 6 standard alloys and 9 gauges on 7 lb . and 1 lb . reels. In addition, there is a whole range of special high and low melting point solders.

## SAVBIT FOR THE FACTORY

Ersin Multicore Savbit Solder containing 5 cores of non-corrosive flux is supplied to factories at bulk prices on 7 lb . reels. The popular 16 and $18 \mathrm{~s} . \mathrm{w} . \mathrm{g}$. diameters are suitable for most soldering processes. Supplies are also avaitable on 1 lb . reels.

## SAVBIT FOR THE ENGINEER

Approximately 170 ft . of $18 \mathrm{~s} . \mathrm{w} . \mathrm{g}$. Savbit solder is supplied on a convenient 1 lb . reel packed in a carton. Price: 15/- per reel (subject).


## SAVBIT FOR THE HOME

The Size 1 Carton contains approd. mately 53 ft . of $18 \mathrm{~s} . \mathrm{w} . \mathrm{g}$. Savbit solder. Also supplied in 14 and 16 s.w.g. sizes. Price $5 /$ per carton. There is also a home constructor's pack of $60 / 40$ Alloy at $2 / 6$ per reel (subject).


## PUBLICATIONS

Laboratory engineers and technicians are invited to write on their company's letter heading for the latest edition of Modern Solders, which contains a wealth of information on melting points, gauges, alloys, etc.


[^0]:    (C) Iliffe \& Sons Ltd. 1960. Permission in writing from the Editor must first be obtained before letterpress or illustrations are reproduced from this journal. Brief abstracts or comments are allowed provided acknowledgment to the journal is given.

[^1]:    PUBLISHED MONTHLY (4th Monday of preceding month) by II.IFFE \& SONS LTD., Dorset House, Stamford Street, Iondon, S. E.I. Telephone: Waterloo 3333 ( 65 lines). Telegrams: "Ethaworld, Sedist, London." Annual Subseriptions. Home and Overseas, £1 $15 s$. Od. Canada and U.S.A., $\$ 5.00$. Second-class mail privileges authorised at New York, N.Y. BRANCH OFFICES: BIRMINGHAM: King Edward House, New Street, 2. Telephone: Midland 7101. COVENTRY: 8-10, Corporation Street, Telephone: Coventry 25210. GLASGOW: 26B, Renfield Street, C.2. Telephone: Central 1265. MANCHESTER: 200, De:nsgate, 3. Telephone: Blackfriars 4412. NEW YORK OFFICE: U.S.A.: 111, Broadway, 8. Telephone: Digby 9-1197.

[^2]:    *Research Laboratories of The General Electric Company Limited, Wembley, England.
    $\dagger$ This article includes material taken from a thesis by D. M. Leakey approved for the Ph.D., University of London.

[^3]:    'A. C. Clarke, " Extra-Terrestrial Relays," Wireless World, October, 1945.

[^4]:    ${ }^{2}$ J. R. Pierce and R. Kompfner, " Transoceanic Communications by Means of Satellites," Proc.I.R.E., March, 1959.
    §As a prelude to this project balloons have been used as passive reflectors to relay transmissions from the Bell Telephone Laboratories, at Holmdel N.J., to the Massachusetts Institute of Technology.-ED.

[^5]:    Two suitable resin glues are "Caseamite" and "Aerolite 306." ${ }^{2}$ Boscotex $5 / \mathrm{S}$ adhesive is obtainable direct from the makers, the B.B. Chemical Co. Ltd., Ulverscroft Road, Leicester.
    "Valspar "Clear" is one such suitable varnish.

[^6]:    * An example of a rule that does have exceptions, against which one must always be on guard, is $a / a=1$; it fails when $a=0$ or $\infty$.

[^7]:    Please enter my name as a subscriber to: Electronic Technology for 12 months commencing with the April issue.
    I enclose remittance $£ 3.7 \mathrm{~s} .0 \mathrm{~d}$.
    (U.s.A. and Canada $\$ 9.50$ )
    (three years $\$ 19.00$ )

[^8]:    ENTHOVEN SOLDERS LIMITED
    Sales Office \& Works: Upper Ordnance Wharf, Rotherhithe Street, London, S.E.16. Telaphone: BERmondsey 2014
    Head Office: Dominion Buildings, South Place, London, E.C.2.
    Telephoue : MONarch 0391

[^9]:    " Real hi-fi results," "Better than many soo called hi-fi recorders. . ." These are typical comments of famous technical journals, This wonderful new invention means that any gramophone owner can now add superbly good tape-recording facilities to existing ly good tape-recording facilites to existing equipment, at a fraction of the usual cost. Full details, photos, specifcations, Easy Serms, etc., are given in the Gramdeck ook entirely without obligation.

    - Ingenious-simply . . . why on earth did no one think of it before "-THE TAPE RECORDER.
    "Better than many so-called hi-fi recorders . . . robust . . carefully designed - excellent value."-AMATEUR CINE WORLD.

[^10]:    8a Ainger Road Camden Town London NW3 Telephone: PRImrose 8161

[^11]:    Telephone: REG 7597

[^12]:    (Dept. W.7.).7, THE BROADWAY, WOOD GREEN,

[^13]:    VALVES. We have perhaps the most up-to-date valve stocks in the trade. New imported valve types fully guaranteed and P.T. paid and all the usual surplus types at special prices. We also carry a comand all the usual surplus types at special prices. We aiso carry a camprehensive stock of all B.V.A. types at current list prices. Send stamp
    for NEW list now available. Note: Certain American special purpose for NEW list now available. Note: Certa
    types can be supplied. Enquiries invited.
    RE-GUNNED CATHODE RAY TUBES. (As new.) Guaranteed 12 months. 12 in ., 14 in ., and 15 in ., $65 / 10 / \mathrm{i} 17 \mathrm{in}$., 66 ; $21 \mathrm{in.}$. E $8 / 19 / 6$; plus $10 / \mathrm{c}$. and.p.

[^14]:    
    

[^15]:    287/289 EDGWARE ROAD, LONDON, W. 2

[^16]:    I.F. TRANSFORMERS $7 / 6$ pair $485 \mathrm{ke} / \mathrm{s}$. aluz tuning miniature can $21 \times 1 \times 1 \mathrm{in}$. Fligh Wearite M800 L.F. Miniature $465 \mathrm{ke} / \mathrm{s}$, , $12 / 6$ pair.
    CRYBTAL DIODE G.E.B., $2 /-$ GEX $34,4 /-, 40$ Circuits, 3 H.R. HEADPHONEs, 4,000 ohms, brand new. 15/0 pair 8WITCR CLEANER Fludd, squirt spout, $4 / 3$ tin.
    TWIN GANG CONDENSERS. 365 pf . Miniature, 1Hin. $x 11 \mathrm{in} . \times 18 \mathrm{th}$. $10 /=.0005$ Btandard with trimmera $9 /-$; less trimmers, $8 /=$. Midget 7/6; Bingle 50 pi., $2 / 6$
     Valve Rolders. Pax int. Oct., 4 d . EF50, FA50, 6d. B12A, CRT, 1/3. Eng, and Amer. 4, B, 6, 7 phn, 1/-
    HOULDED Mazda and Int. Oct. Gd., B7G, B8A, B8G, B9A, 94. B7G with can, $1 / 6 ; 812 A, 1 / 3$. B9A with can, $1 / 9$. SPEAKER FRET. Gold Cloth 17 in . $\times 25 \mathrm{in}, 5 /, 25 i n-x$ 35 in , 101-. Tygan 54in wide, $10 / \mathrm{ft}$. 27 in , wide, $5 /-\mathrm{ft}$ Samples, B.A.E.
    TAVECEANGE STITCES
    8 p. 2 -way, 3 p. 2 -way, short bpindle 2 p. 6 -way, 4 p. 2-way, 4 p. 3 -way, long spindic 3 p. 4 way, 1 p. 12 way. long spindie. 3 wafer, ig/6 3 wafer $16 /-; 4$ wafer $19 / 6 ; 5$ wafer $23 /-; 6$ wafer $26 / 6$.
    TOGGLE SWITCKES. S.P., $2 /-$ D.P., $3 / 6 ;$ D.P.D.T., 41. rop sUB-MINIATURE ELBCTROZTTICS ( 16 v.), $1,2,4,5,8$, 25, 50 mfd., 100 mfd ., 3/- each.

    EDISWAN TRANSISTORS
    JUNCTION TYPE P.N.P. AUDIO K8102, for ampll. R.F. XAl04 freauency to 250 milluwatts in push.
     Goltop Power V15/10P, up to 10 W witb beat whk, 20/.

[^17]:    All replles which will be treated in the strictest confidence, should state positions applied for and be addressed to

    BOX NO. 7557 c/o "WIRELESS WORLD"

[^18]:    We have a large quantity of "bits and pieces " we oannot list-please send us your requirements as we can probably help-ail enquiries answered.

