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Wireless World RADIO, TELEVISION

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43rd YEAR OF PUBLICATION

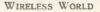
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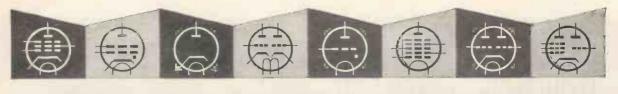
MARCH 1954

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VALVES, TUBES & CIRCUITS

15. VALVES FOR V.H.F. TELEVISION RECEPTION

The advent of television transmissions in the frequency range of 174 to 216 Mc/s (Band III) will mean that receivers must be capable of receiving signals radiated at these frequencies in addition to those already transmitted in the range 41 to 68 Mc/s (Band I). Reception of signals at the higher frequencies involves changes in the input and frequency changer stages of present-day superheterodyne receiver designs. To meet these requirements the Mullard "World Series" of television valves has been augmented by the introduction of two new types:—

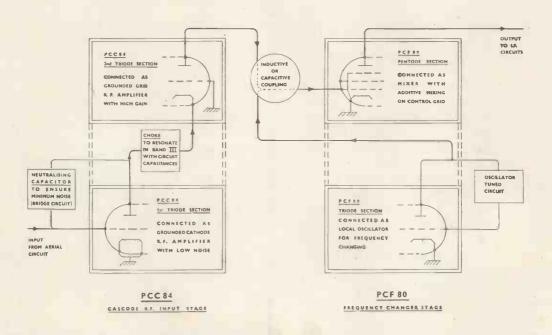
PCC84-Double triode for use as a cascode amplifier in V.H.F. input stages.

PCF80---Triode pentode for use in frequency-changer stages.

As with most of the other "World Series "valves, these new types use the B9A (noval) miniature nine-pin base, have heaters suitable for inclusion in a 300 mA series chain, and can operate with a receiver h.t. supply of 180 volts.

PCC84. The double triode is designed for use as a cascode amplifier, i.e. one triode section operates as a neutralised grounded-cathode amplifier and the other section as a grounded-grid amplifier. The two sections are then connected in series across the h.t. supply, the anode of the first section having a direct connection to the cathode of the second section. The cascode arrangement results in a low noise level for the input stage being achieved in the first section, combined with high gain resulting from use of the grounded-grid connection in the second section. **PCF**80. The triode pentode, having separate electrode systems for triode and pentode sections, is used in the frequency changer stage. The triode section, connected as a local oscillator, is in a Colpitts circuit. The oscillator voltage and the input signal from the PCC84 are mixed either inductively or capacitively on the control grid of the pentode section. This section functions as the mixer stage, its performance depending considerably upon the choice of circuit components to give optimum values of conversion conductance and input damping.

The accompanying functional diagram illustrates the basic mode of operation of these valves when used in the "front-end" circuit of a television receiver for use in Bands I and III.





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MARCH 1954

VOL. 60 No. 3

A.M. versus F.M.: End of a Controversy

NTEREST in proposals for the setting up of a v.h.f. broadcasting system may be stimulated by the announcement, made in Parliament on February 18th, that the Postmaster-General has accepted the recommendation of the Television Advisory Committee that frequency modulation should be used. Acceptance of this recommendation was accompanied by a statement that B.B.C. proposals for making a start on an initial group of stations are now under discussion with the Corporation and "further developments will be considered in due course."

This somewhat lukewarm acceptance of the T.A.C.'s Report* is perhaps on a par with the slightly unenthusiastic nature of the Report itself, which has provoked surprisingly little comment in radio circles since it was published on January 18th. The Report starts off on a rather doleful note by saying that the introduction of v.h.f. broadcasting is an "unwelcome complication." In addition to the question of modulation already mentioned, the main recommendations are that the service should be conducted in the band 88-95 Mc/s and that a start should be made on a fairly large scale. The Committee points out the radio industry should be given encouragement to embark on the production of suitable receivers in reasonable volume. This recommendation, if accepted, is a matter for some satisfaction, and is in welcome contrast to the Government's proposals for starting competitive television on a severely restricted basis.

It should be added that the Committee's recommendations apply either to a scheme designed to give national coverage of three programmes or to a network of stations planned to give merely "a substantial reinforcement" of the services at present provided by the B.B.C. on long and medium waves.

A lengthy report from the Technical Sub-Committee is appended to the document, and in it the relative merits of frequency and amplitude modulation are discussed from the point of view both of transmission and reception. As the main point at issue has now been finally decided by the P.M.G.'s acceptance of the Committee's recommendation, there is little value in commenting on these arguments in detail. Considerable stress is laid on the greater capital and upkeep cost of a.m. transmitters, and also on the economics of receivers for the two modulation systems. The conclusions reached are, however, simple and straightforward: "The a.m. wide-band system has specific disadvantages and no advantages relative to the f.m. system. For the a.m. narrow-band system the only advantage is a possible saving in the frequency spectrum required."

Perhaps the most interesting part of the Technical Sub-Committee's report, now that the a.m./ f.m. issue is settled, is that dealing with some of the details of f.m. receiver and convertor design. We are pleased to see a recommendation (which is endorsed by B.R.E.M.A.) that standards of good practice should be set up from the start in order to minimize harmful radiation from v.h.f. broadcast receivers. These problems should be studied jointly by the Post Office and Industry.

In general, the discussion on f.m. is based on the acceptance of the almost universal standards of a maximum deviation of ± 75 kc/s and a modulation bandwidth of 15 kc/s.

Just as the Report opens on a rather doleful note, it ends in similar vein. There is a minority state-ment signed by C. O. Stanley, who considers that adequate attention has not been given by his colleagues to the broader questions of fundamental policy. Mr. Stanley says v.h.f. broadcasting has been a failure in practically every country in which it has been introduced, and casts strong doubts on its advantages in general. He also makes a point of the "incompatibility" of f.m., as recommended for the new service, with a.m. as used for all existing broadcast sound, and which, presumably, will be used for the proposed competitive television service. This last is a provocative point, and in this matter at least Mr. Stanley will probably find some supporters among those who believe that television and sound broadcasting may ultimately be merged into a more-or-less integrated service.

^{*} Second Report of the Television Advisory Committee, H.M.S.O 1s

EDWIN H. ARMSTRONG

The following appreciation of Major Armstrong, whose tragic death is recorded on page 124, has been received from Capt. H. J. Round, who has been responsible for many radio developments in parallel fields.

The tragic death of Armstrong has given a sincere shock to all his friends, many of whom are on this side of the Atlantic.

The writer first met him in 1917 during the later stages of the war when he was a Major in the U.S. forces then going into Europe, and the friendship then established has been maintained throughout the years.

I had the good fortune to be given a very early demonstration of his superheterodyne in the Paris laboratory he had established, and, as the world knows, this basic invention was followed first by super-regeneration and in 1935 by wide-band frequency modulation.

This, as with some of his other inventions, involved him in very prolonged and expensive litigation, a good deal of which his closest acquaintances thought could have been avoided. However, the intensity with which he attacked technical problems he also applied to his legal problems and there is not much doubt in my mind that this double load clouded his very great intellect in the end.

Since those early years I have met him a few times and have been in constant correspondence with him, and I am happy to think that only a year ago I was able to spend considerable time with him in New York. A sentence of Armstrong's own in his recent paper on "The Spirit of Discovery," in which he eulogizes the work of Marconi, I think applies very

well to Armstrong himself: "It is seldom that a man makes two basic discoveries. When a man makes three, his attitude towards problems and his method of work merit close analysis and study." Armstrong should go down in American history as one of her great sons, worthy to be classed with Edison, Bell and Westinghouse.

INTERFERENCE LIMITS

THE publication by the British Standards Institution of a revision of the Standard specifying the limits of radio interference is of particular interest in view of the announcement that the two committees appointed to advise the P.M.G. on interference from small electric motors and refrigerators have now submitted their reports and, too, that he hopes shortly to lay regulations before Parliament.

The revised BS 800:1954* now covers Band 1 in addition to the long- and medium-wave bands. The limits of magnitude of noise voltages measured from each line terminal to earth are laid down as 750 µV (40-70 Mc/s) and 1,500 µV (200-1,605 kc/s) and the limits of noise fields at a distance of 10 metres are $50 \,\mu V/m$ and $100 \,\mu V/m$ for the respective frequency ranges. Measuring apparatus and methods of measuring are specified in BS 727:1954,† which has been revised and now covers the range 150 kc/s to 150 Mc/s.

* "Limits of Radio Interference," price 4s. † "Characteristics and Performance of Apparatus for Measurement of Radio Interference," prize 4s.

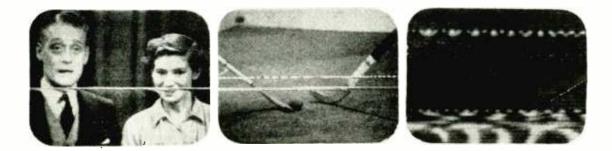
LAMP INTERFERENCE

THERE was some mild controversy in our correspondence columns last year over the question of radio interference from electric lamps. The writers of most of the letters contended that radiation was restricted to vacuum lamps, but others stated that trouble was also caused by gas-filled types.

The facts seem to be that neither kind is entirely free of blame, though the vacuum lamp is by far the most serious source of trouble, as it can radiate interference throughout its life and when in apparently perfect condition. Radiation from the gas-filled lamp, on the other hand, usually occurs when the bulb is coming to the end of its life, and is produced by arcing across a minute break in the filament.

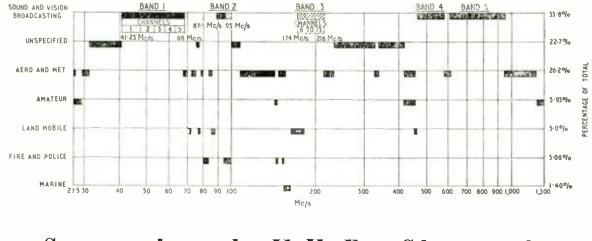
So far as television receivers are concerned, interference from vacuum lamps is generally of the nature shown in the accompanying illustrations (by . John Cura). The double line of interference, as in the middle picture, is perhaps the most typical, though the single line on the left is not uncommon. The right-hand picture is an enlargement which shows (at top) the broken nature of a typical interference line.

Characteristic interference patterns produced on a television receiver by a nearby 60-watt vacuum (traction type) lamp.





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Why There is a Lack of Space for Television and Mobile

Radio Developments

By J. R. BRINKLEY*

T has been suggested in these columns and elsewhere that the administration of radio frequencies in this country is not working satisfactorily. The situation which has come to light as a result of the pressure for frequencies in Band 3 for additional television services is certainly disturbing and this article has been written in an attempt to clarify as far as possible in a short article what has become a very complicated situation.

The block allocation of the very high frequencies in the United Kingdom is shown at the head of this article and, in conjunction with the diagram, the following three points should be noted : —

1. The "single programme" service of the B.B.C. operating in the band 40-68 Mc/s has room for five 405-line TV channels. This block is probably more than adequate for nation-wide coverage with one programme.

2. The desire for competitive television in this country no doubt stems greatly from the example to be found in the U.S.A. where most large cities have a choice of two or three programmes and where New York has six and Los Angeles seven programmes, all operating on the *immediately practicable* frequencies below 216 Mc/s.

3. If the total frequency spectrum available below 216 Mc/s to sound and TV broadcasting in the U.S.A. (a total bandwith of 92 Mc/s) were currently available in Britain, there would be no difficulty in providing multi-programme TV. It would, in fact, be rather easier, since a British TV channel requires only 5 Mc/s as against the American 6 Mc/s.

Why is it that instead of a total of 92 Mc/s, as in the United States, probably something less than 10 Mc/s can be found in this country for the immediate expansion of television? The answer is, that unlike the U.S.A. and most of the rest of Europe, the U.K. did not reserve adequate frequencies for television at the last International Conference (Atlantic City, 1947) and that subsequently, some of the frequencies which were reserved for television have been given to or taken by other services. Under the Atlantic City agreement, the world is divided into three regions and the U.K. and Europe are in Region 1. The Region 1 allocations to broadcasting (below 216 Mc/s) are 41-68 Mc/s. 87.5-100 Mc/s and 174-216 Mc/s—a total of 81.5 Mc/s. If these bands were available in the U.K., they would be adequate for immediate broadcasting requirements.

Of these three bands, however, it is now apparent that only the "B.B.C." block (Band 1) is available intact. There are two reasons for this: first, Atlantic City footnotes inserted by the British delegation which allocated parts of them to other services, and second, subsequent "national" allocations made in this country to other services. As a result, frequencies have been "lost" on the 87.5-100 Mc/s band to the police and fire services (95-100 Mc/s). Further frequencies have been "lost" in the 174-216 Mc/s to mobile and "fixed" services (174-184 Mc/s) and, in the band 200-216 Mc/s, to aeronautical navigation ser-(Distance vices Measuring Equipment—DME). Since the band 87.5-95 Mc/s is intended for sound v.h.f. broadcasting, the outcome of all this is that the only frequencies at present available for TV expansion lie between 184 and 200 Mc/s. But it is important to

* Pye Telecommunications, Ltd.

note that when guard bands and other factors are considered, even this small band is probably not available intact.

We shall now examine the "intruding" services to see how they got where they are.

Aeronautical Navigation Services—200-216 Mc/s The authority for operating these services is drawn from footnote 89 to the Atlantic City agreement which states—" In the U.K. DME will be operated on the band 200-235 Mc/s until such time as world standardization (of DME) on 1,000 Mc/s has been accomplished." This footnote precludes the use of TV in this band since it is obviously incompatible with DME. On the other hand, continental Europe plans TV stations in this band *authorized by the agreement*, which would make 200-Mc/s DME unworkable in the U.K. It will be observed in passing that world standardization of DME on 1,000 Mc/s was an even more remote possibility in 1947 than it is at this moment.

It is unfortunate, therefore, that these frequencies were earmarked for a service which is prejudiced by Continental TV planning, and yet at the same time could only be used by British TV stations by closing down such services and ignoring the Atlantic City provisions. (Footnote 87 states categorically—"the band 200-216 Mc/s is allocated for the aeronautical radio navigation service.")

Fixed Services—174-200 Mc/s.—These are pointto-point G.P.O.-type telephone links (e.g., between islands in the Channel Isles). International authority for them is obtained under footnote No. 87 which states "In the U.K., the band 174-200 Mc/s is *also* allocated for the fixed service." This footnote was not very realistic since with anything but exclusive band allocations, the planning of broadcasting services will prove unnecessarily difficult.

Mobile Services—174-184 Mc/s.—The occupiers of these frequencies include mobile services operated by

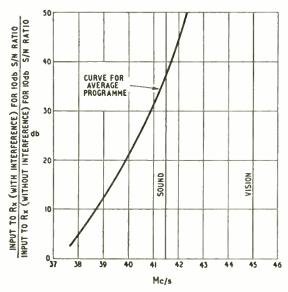


Fig. 1. This diagram shows the increase of wanted signal level required to restore the signal-to-noise ratio after the Alexandra Palace TV transmitter has been switched on. The out-of-band radiation was measured at $l\frac{1}{2}$ miles from the television station.

. . . .

ambulances, railways, the Press, industrial users, electricity, gas and oil undertakings and the majority of radio taxi services. These services have been operating in this band since 1948-9. Such services were first allocated frequencies in the 70-Mc/s band, but in 1948 the G.P.O. made it known to manufacturers that all future allocations would be in the 156-184-Mc/s band which would be the "permanent and secure band for such services." This was a great embarrassment at the time since no suitable apparatus or valves were available for these frequencies. After 12 months development, fitting in the new band began and has been proceeding ever since. It was not realized, and the G.P.O. did not point out, that this allocation was not in accordance with Atlantic City. The recent official statement by the Postmaster-General that these frequencies will be cleared for TV has created a situation in which manufacturers and users, who have invested heavily in this band, have lost confidence in all official statements regarding the allocation of mobile frequencies. Their confidence will only be restored by adequate compensation for loss of frequencies and capital investments and written Government undertakings giving long-term security in any new arrangements made for them.

One of the outstanding shortcomings of the Atlantic City agreement and most of the subsequent planning provisions is that virtually no account is taken of guard bands. Thus, for example, in continental Europe one country may operate mobile stations up to the limits of the International allocation; for example, up to 174 Mc/s, and an adjacent country may operate TV down to 174 Mc/s. In the border areas, the two types of transmission will experience serious mutual interference, but both countries will be operating within their rights. A very substantial guard band will be required to obviate such interference, but no agreed assessment exists as to the extent of such guard bands or as to how their provision will be shared between the adjacent services.

This problem is equally important within the borders of any one country. In the U.K. it has a most significant bearing on the present Band 3 problems. The interference suffered will be two-way. It will be caused to the mobile service because as can be seen from Fig. 1, TV transmitters radiate appreciable power several megacycles beyond their allocated channels. Likewise, interference will be caused to the TV service because of the very poor selectivity employed in most TV receivers. An example of sound

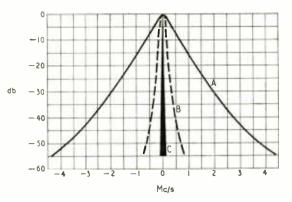


Fig. 2. Comparisons of the selectivity of different receivers. A, sound channel of typical television receiver; B, German domestic v.h.f. receiver; C, typical mobile v.h.f. receiver.

WIRELESS WORLD, MARCH 1954

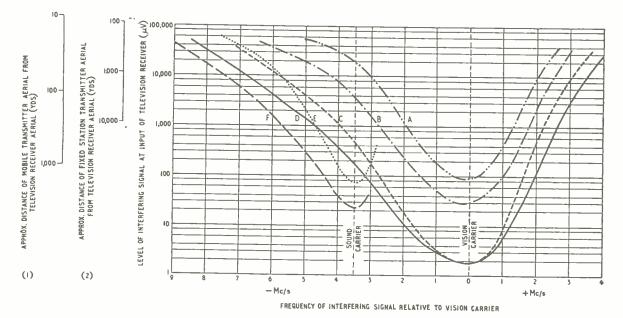


Fig. 3. Estimated interference from mobile services to TV receivers. The curves show the input of interference needed at the television receiver and frequency separation from the vision carrier for various conditions of interference. Curves A $(300\mu V)$ and B $(30\mu V)$ are for interference just sufficient to cause picture tearing, while C $(300\mu V)$ and D $(30\mu V)$ are for just discernible interference. Curves E $(170\mu V)$ and F $(25\mu V)$ are for just audible interference on the sound channel. The curves are for the TV signal levels shown in brackets. Scales are added to relate the interference input to distance in yards between the TV aerial and the aerial of a mobile transmitter (1) and a fixed transmitter (2), in both cases for a power of 15W.

channel selectivity characteristics is shown on Fig. 2. Television receivers have so far been designed without any serious attention being paid to providing adjacent-channel selectivity, and the effect of this is shown in Fig. 3, in which interference to a TV receiver from a mobile transmitter is estimated for various ranges.

This article is not necessarily a plea for adopting American methods of frequency allocation which have their own shortcomings and are being currently criticised. It is to be noted, however, that the present U.S. methods have made multi-programme TV widely available in that country, while "frequency shortage" is making it more than difficult in this country. Direct comparisons are not easy, but the U.S. achievement does not appear to have been at the expense of mobile radio development. There are estimated to be more than 300,000 radio equipped mobiles operating in the U.S. as against fewer than 10,000 in the U.K.

In America, the Federal Communications Commission has been able to publish a great deal of documentation on the subject of frequencies, much of which is well conceived. It is specific in matters of policy and detail in a way in which it is of the greatest possible value to manufacturers and operators alike. No such documentation is available in this country.

It is suggested that three preliminary steps are necessary to put frequency allocation on a sound basis. First, there must be a clear legal basis for frequency allocation. The only existing legislation relating to frequencies is the Wireless Telegraphy Act. This gives the P.M.G. the widest possible powers relating to the establishment of transmitting stations. But it has been stated that the P.M.G. does not regard himself as responsible for "overall" frequency allocation which is carried out by an "Inter-departmental Committee." This vital function is, therefore, apparently carried out by an anonymous committee for which the writer can discover no legislative authority. Such an arrangement is not likely, in the writer's opinion, to produce the best results.

Secondly, there must be a clear declared policy in matters relating to frequency allocation. As an initial step in establishing a policy, the Government must make up its mind whether or not it intends to stand by the international frequency agreements to which it is signatory.

Thirdly, there must be adequate independent machinery to administer the policy laid down in an equitable manner. The writer suggests that the American F.C.C. is by far the most advanced example of such machinery to be found anywhere in the world to-day.

"Introduction to Valves"

MOST radio textbooks either take it for granted that the reader knows all about valves or deal with the subject rather sketchily. On the other hand, books written about valves specifically are often too highbrow and specialized, not to mention expensive. Where, then, is the radio man with only a nodding acquaintance of the subject to get the sort of information he wants? The answer is to be found in "Introduction to Valves" by R. W. Hallows, M.A.Cantab., M.I.E.E., and H. K. Milward, B.Sc.Lond., A.M.I.E.E. This is a comparatively small book, but a careful selection of material has ensured that its 152 pages and 107 illustrations provide just the right kind of information for everyday radio work.

An important feature of the book is that it explains the operation of the valves in typical circuits—they are not just left in mid-air, so to speak. Beginning with an exposition of fundamental principles, there are chapters on diodes as rectifiers and detectors; triodes; tetrodes and pentodes; multiple-grid valves for frequency changing; power-output valves; and valves for v.h.f. and e.h.f.

The book can be obtained from any bookseller, price 8s 6d, or direct from our publishers at 9s by post.

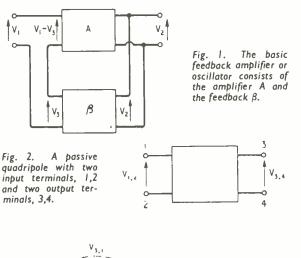
Cathode Follower Oscillator

Using RC Networks with a Voltage Step-up

By THOMAS RODDAM

IN an article in last month's issue I described an oscillator circuit in which the valve was connected as a cathode follower. The valve in this circuit really uses a cathode follower, too, with a sufficiently high cathode load for the negative feedback to dominate the system completely. The circuit was analysed as a particular circuit, but it was mentioned that it could be regarded as a member of a class of oscillators, those using over-balanced rejector circuits. In fact I had overlooked one variant, which is not a rejector circuit at all, so that the classification becomes just that of a cathode-follower oscillator. Most of these use only resistances and capacitances (or inductances), although last month's variant included all three types of element, and it is of some interest to survey the properties of the group as a whole.

The feature of the cathode-follower oscillators which makes them especially interesting is that most of them use a resistance-capacitance network to give a voltage step-up. When we think of an RC network we always see ourselves carrying out a lot of voltage divider calculations, and getting out less than we put



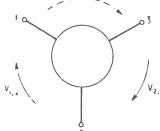


Fig. 3. If terminals 2 and 4 have an internal connection in Fig. 2, the system **can** be drawn like this. The input terminals are still 1,2, but the output can be taken from 3,2 or 3,1. in : it isn't necessarily so, however, and the way in which these circuits provide the step-up is so simple that it seems incredible that no one should have spotted it before 1947.* We need a step-up, of course, if we want to use a cathode follower, because we can never get quite as much at the cathode as we put in at the grid. The step-up need not be very large.

First of all, let us look at the basic feedback oscillator. This is one way of looking at the general idea of an oscillator, a way which happens to be very convenient for purposes of analysis. The circuit is shown in Fig. 1 and it looks, indeed is, just our old friend the feedback amplifier. As you will remember, the basic equations for this take the form :

$$V_{2} - A (V_{1} - V_{3})$$

$$V_{3} - \beta V_{2}$$
so $V_{2} (1 + A\beta) = AV_{1}$

$$\frac{V_{2}}{V_{1}} = \frac{A}{1 + A\beta}$$

These are the equations in the form most convenient for amplifier working, with no minus signs to think about: some people prefer to put in a minus sign in the appropriate place, and with the gain as m = $\mu (1 - \mu\beta)$. It boils down to the same thing in the end.

As you can see, if $A\beta = -1$, the gain will be infinite, so that if we close the input terminals through a finite but very small resistance, the noise in this resistance will still be amplified up to the overload point of the circuit. In fact, it will oscillate, and that bit about noise was just to show how the oscillation starts. A practical oscillator will always have $A\beta =$ -k, where k > 1, with very low level conditions, and the amplitude of oscillation will grow until something in the circuit alters A or β to reduce $A\beta$ to unity. It is perfectly possible for such a circuit, with $-A\beta > 1$, to be stable, and amplifiers which are "conditionally stable" have in fact been used. One of the advantages of the feedback amplifier approach to oscillator theory is that it helps to clarify the behaviour in these special cases, which are often associated with "mode jumping" and other awkwardnesses.

The other way of treating oscillators is to lump some components with the valve into a package which gives a negative resistance across two terminals. Transistors, with their built-in positive feedback, are easily considered in this way. Again we have two boxes, but the way the elements are split between them is different. The final answer must, of course, be exactly the same.

It will be clear that the problem which confronts us in designing a cathode-follower oscillator is that of obtaining a suitable network for the β box, remember-

* 'An RC Circuit Giving Over-Unity Gain", C.L. Longmire. Tele-Tech, April 1947

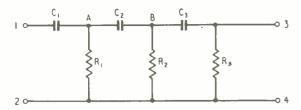


Fig. 4. Resistancecapacitance circuit used in the phaseshift oscillator.

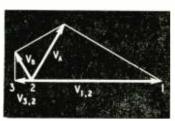


Fig. 5. Vector diagram for the voltages in Fig. 4.

ing that in the box marked A we have a gain of about 0.9 - 0.95 and no phase shift.

Let us consider the "passive quadripole " shown in Fig. 2. Just a box, with four terminals, of which two are called inputs (1, 2) and two called output (3, 4), looking unpleasantly like the introduction to some heavy mathematics. We can simplify matters by joining 2 and 4 together, because all the systems we want to discuss actually have got an internal connection here, which we usually think of as earth. This is the trap into which we must not fall. Let us re-draw the circuit in a more non-committal form (Fig. 3). The voltage arrows now run clockwise between each pair of terminals, and a new one, $V_{3:1}$, has been dotted in. When we apply a voltage $V_{1:2}$ across the input terminals 1, 2, we can now say that we get an output of $V_{3\cdot 4}$ across 3, 4 in Fig. 2, or outputs of $V_{2\cdot 3}$ (= $-V_{3\cdot 4}$ of Fig. 2) across 2, 3 in Fig. 3 or an output of $V_{3\cdot 1}$ across 3, 1 in Fig. 3. Quite clearly we must have $V_{3\cdot 1} = -(V_{1\cdot 2} + V_{2\cdot 3})$, and looking at Fig. 2 again this means $V_{1\cdot 3} =$ $V_{1\cdot 2} - V_{3\cdot 4}$ V

Suppose that the network inside the box in Fig. 2 produces a loss of *n* times, with a phase shift of 180 degrees. Then we shall have $V_{3\cdot 1} = -n V_{1\cdot 2}$, when *n*, of course, is a proper fraction. Obviously $V_{1\cdot 3} = -(1 + n) V_{1\cdot 2}$. We can consider terminals 1, 2 as input, and 1, 3 as output, and we have got a step-up of 1: (1 + n) in this network, which we thought was just attenuating and shifting phase.

So far we have been discussing the rather depressing "passive quadripole" but it may make things rather clearer if we consider a specific circuit. The circuit shown in Fig. 4 is the one we associate with the phase-shift oscillator. The limiting case of this network is when $C_1R_1 = C_2R_2$ $= C_3R_3$ and $R_1 \ll R_2 \ll$ R_3 , and this limiting form

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is particularly easy to analyse. At one frequency each RC section produces 60 degrees phase shift, so that the vector diagram shown in Fig. 5 is obtained, with V_A , the voltage across R_1 , equal to one-half $V_{1\cdot 2}$ and rotated 60 degrees. The following RC circuits each divide the voltage by 2, giving $V_{3\cdot 4} = -\frac{1}{8}V_{1\cdot 2}$.

divide the voltage by 2, giving $V_{3\cdot4} = -\frac{1}{8}V_{1\cdot2}$. As we have already shown, $V_{1\cdot3} = (1 + n) V_{1\cdot2}$, where *n* is here equal to $\frac{1}{8}$. Redrawing the circuit in the way shown in Fig. 6(a) we have a rather odd-looking network which provides a step-up ratio of 9 : 8 although it uses only resistance and capacitance elements. The network shown in Fig. 6(b) is the step-up version of the other phase-shift oscillator circuit, the one with the C's and R's interchanged, but this time it has been arranged rather differently to bring out two features of the circuit, the common connection at one side of the capacitances and the d.c. path on the output side.

These two circuits are often constructed with equal values of C's and R's, and the output voltage from the basic network is then only 1 29 times the input. This means that when twisted round we get only 30/29 times the input, which is very tight indeed for use with a cathode follower. There are various compromise solutions, all of which are inconvenient in one way or another.

Choice of Circuit

If we want to make the collection of diagrams more impressive, we can consider the 4-stage RC networks and also the corresponding 3- and 4-stage RL networks. There is a great deal of tedious algebra already published about these networks. Some of it can be replaced by common sense : for example, it needs no mathematics to see that the arrangement of Fig. 6(b) lets harmonics through easily, while if it were an RL network the harmonics would be attenuated. It needs no algebra to show that the input impedance of the Fig. 6(b) network is more than R_1 , and in the

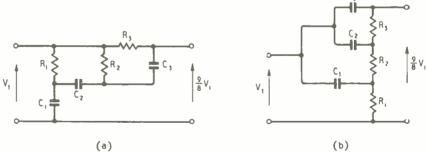
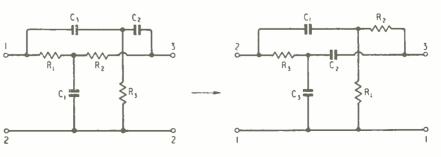


Fig. 6. The circuit of Fig. 4 can be redrawn either as in (a) or, if we take the output across 3, 1, as in (b).





limiting graded case is $2R_1 (R_1 + j\sqrt{3}R_1)$. In a practical design this input impedance will be part of the cathode load of the cathode follower, and the value of R_1 must, therefore, be high enough to provide the proper gain conditions.

The networks we have been considering so far have been phase-shift networks with some attenuation, but the attenuation has been of the smoothly falling kind : monotonic, the mathematicians call it. The only condition is that the network must be complicated enough to give more than 180 degrees phase shift.

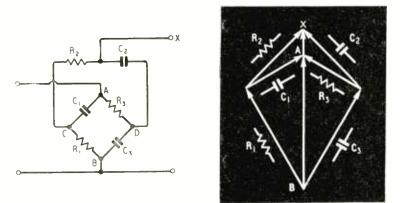
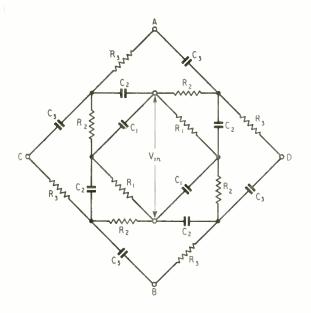
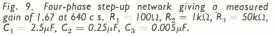


Fig. 8. Another way of drawing the transformed parallel-T circuit, and (right), a vector diagram of the network voltages.





We must now turn to the other sort of RC network, of which the parallel-T is the most familiar example. This network, in its basic form and its twisted round form, is shown in Fig. 7. We could write down the network equations and find out what happens: the answer, in the particular case, when $R_2/R_1 = C_3/C_2 =$ $m \rightarrow \infty$, and $R_3/R_1 - C_3/C_1 = n = 0.41$, gives a step-up of 1.207 under zero phase conditions. A simpler way of secing what happens is to draw the network in the form shown in Fig. 8 and build up a vector diagram on the assumption that the R_2C_2 arm

> does not load the rest of the network at all. This is, of course, exactly what the algebraists have done in taking $m \rightarrow \infty$. The resulting vector-diagram is shown in Fig. 9. and gives a clear indication of how the voltage step-up occurs.

> You can have a busy time extending Fig. 8 too, and Fig. 9 (*Wireless Engineer* Jan. 1953, Fig. 6, p.21) shows how Bacon and Salmon have done this. Their network, with the values shown, was calculated to give a stepup of 1.98 times, and actually gave 1.68 times at 640 c s.

> Just as the parallel-T network gives, in its twisted-round form, a desirable step-up, so does the series- π , its dual. As you would expect, the series- π gives a current step-up, but by working it back to front the wanted voltage step-up is obtained. A large collection

of these arrangements is given by S. C. Dunn in *Wireless Engineer* Jan. 1953 (Figs. 2 3), from which Fig. 10 has been taken (2e, 3e *loc. cir.*).

It is, I think, unnecessary to add the two variants of the bridged-T LCR circuit to this figure : the relationship between bridged-T and parallel-T is well known, and the advantage of the bridged-T, the very much higher Q, is another of those things which can be regarded as self-evident.

The circuit of Fig. 10 is obviously a very useful one for oscillators. The basic oscillator circuit is shown in Fig. 11, from which you can see that there is a convenient capacitance C/n^2 , across the grid-earth circuit to absorb some of the valve capacitances, and a d.c. path back for the grid to enable the bias conditions to be fixed. The resistance R_4 is rather inconvenient, because if it is large enough to make the cathode follower work properly it will upset the bias conditions. One way out of this difficulty is to replace R_1 by a transformer, the solution adopted in the oscillator described last month. The other easy way out is to split the bottom resistance R into two parts, R, and \mathbf{R}_{b} , which in parallel equal R, but are connected as in Fig. 11(b) to lift the grid positive. Provided that the supply voltage is sufficiently high, this arrangement should be very stable indeed because of the very large amount of d.c. feedback applied to the valve in such a way as to keep the cathode current constant.

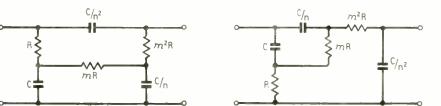


Fig. 10. The series- π network on the left can be twisted round to give the step-up network on the right. This form is especially convenient for use with valve circuits.

These oscillators which use the balanced type of network must not be confused with the parallel-T oscillators which are already well known. The common form of the parallel-T network applies negative feedback through the parallel-T, and some positive feedback through a separate resistive network. The negative feedback keeps the amplifier from oscillating except at the frequency at which the network is balanced. Here the only feedback is through the network, which does not operate at the normal balance point, but at what may be

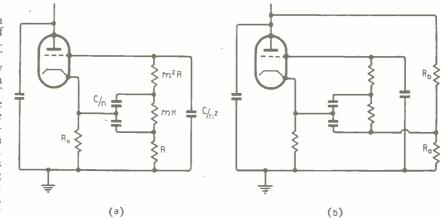


Fig. 11. (a) Basic oscillator derived from the circuit of Fig. 10, together with, (b) a modification, R_b and R_a replacing R, to get suitable bias conditions.

termed a special over-balanced point.

There is not much more to be said about these oscillator circuits, unless we settle down to calculate particular values. A great deal of the analysis has already been published by Dunn, and anyone who wishes to study the matter in more detail is recommended to refer to his paper and to the references given at the end of it. This paper also discusses the use of the system under non-oscillatory conditions, as a selective amplifier. Feedback amplifiers incorporating RC networks are extremely useful for very low frequencies, where high values of Q cannot be obtained easily with LC networks, but this is outside the scope of this article.

Birmingham.—The March 5th meeting of the Slade Radio Society will be held at the Imperial Hotel, Temple Street, Birmingham, at 7.30, when a film-illustrated talk on valve manufacture will be given by a representative of Mullard's. Sec.: C. N. Smart, 110, Woolmore Road, Erdington, Birmingham, 23.

Brighton.—Meetings of the Brighton and District Radio Club continue to be beld at the Eagle Inn, Gloucester Road, Brighton, every Tuesday at 7.30. The club transmitter (G3EVE) is on the air on the second Tuesday of each month on 80 metres using both 'phone and c.w. Sec.: T. J. Huggett, 15, W'averley Crescent, Brighton.

Cleckheaton.—" Crystal Microphones and Pickups" is the subject of the talk by N. G Newman, of Rothermel, Ltd., to be given at the meeting of the Spen Valley and District Radio and Television Society on March 24th. Meetings are held on alternate Wednesdavs at 7.30 at the club headquarters in the Temperance Hall, Cleckheaton. Sec.: N. Pride, 100, Raikes Lane, Birstall, Nr. Leeds.

Romford.—" Television Interference and Transmitter Design " is the subject of the talk to be given by Louis Varney, A.M.I.E.E. (GSRV), to members of the Romford and District Archeur Radio Society on March 30th. Meetings are held each Tuesday at 8.15 at R.A.F.A. House, 18, Carlton Road, Romford. Sec.: N. Miller, 10, Rom Crescent, Romford.

S.E. London.—Meetings of the Clifton Amateur Radio Society (G3GHN) are held every Fridzy evening at the society's headquarters, 225, New Cross Road, S.E.14. Sec.: C. H. Bullivant (G3DIC), 25, St. Fillans Road, Catford, S.E.6.

Southend.—At the meeting of the Southend and District Radio Society on March 19th, G. T. Peck, of Ernest Turners, High Wycombe, will speak on the radio control of models. The society meets at the Municipal College Laboratories, Queens Road, Southend-on-Sea, on alternate Fridays. Morse and theory classes are again being held at 27. Park Road, on Tuesdays and Thursdays at 8.0. Sec.: J. H. Barrance, 49, Swanage Road, Southend-on-Sea.

Wellingborough.—A talk on television aerials will be given by J. W. Hobley at the March 18th meeting of the Wellingborough and District Radio and Television Society. The club meets each Thursday at 7.30 at the C.W.S., Silver Street, Wellingborough. Sec.: R. J. Henty, 6B, Silver Street, Wellingborough.

CLUB NEWS

Wolverhampton .umateur Radio Society recently moved to new headquarters at Stockwell End, Tettenhall, where the club transmitter (G8TA) is being installed. The club meets fortnightly on Mondays with morse classes on the alternate Mondays. Sec.: H. Porter (G2YM), Applegarth, 221, Park Lane, Wolverhampton.

QRP.—Readers interested in the low-power operation of transmitters, whether it be for communication or the control of models, are invited by the QRP Research Society to send for details of membership and a specimen copy of the Society's journal. Contests for both transmitters and short-wave listeners are held throughout the year and a QRP net is organized each Sunday at 2.30 on 1.9 Mc/s. Sec.: J. White-head, The Retreat, 92, Rydens Avenue. Walton-on-Thames, Surrey.

Radio Control.—At the meeting of the Birmingham group of the International Radio Controlled Models Society on March 6th at 2.30 at the International Centre, Suffolk Street, Birmingham, J. Merrick will speak on "A Reliable Receiver." A demonstration of a radio-controlled model land vehicle will be given by R. F. Stock at the meeting of the London group on March 14th at 2.0 at the Horseshoe Hotel, Tottenham Court Road, London, W.1. Sec.: C. H. Lindsey, 55, Tenison Road, Cambridge.

Standard Valve Symbols

ADDITIONAL symbols for electronic tubes and valves, including gas switches, are given in Supplement No. 3 (1953) to B. S. 530:1948 (Graphical Symbols for Telecommunications). The basic electrode symbols are given, together with examples of their assembly to represent complete valves. The emphasis is on cold-cathode discharge valves and many of the symbols are unfamiliar ones. Travelling-wave valves, cavity magnetrons, velocity-modulation valves and photo-voltaic cells are included, as well as TR ceils or gas switches. The Supplement is issued by the British Standards Institution, 2, Park St., London, W.1, price 2s 6d.

Measurement of HarmonicDistortionSelf-contained Direct-reading Instrument for

Works Testing and Servicing

By T. D. CONWAY,* B.Sc.(Eng.). A.C.G.L., A.M.LE.E.

NUMEROUS articles have been written on the general aspects of audio distortion, its detection, and cure, but these notes are intended to cover the specifically practical problem of measuring distortion on a mass production flow-line, and objectively assessing distortion in a service department handling audio equipments. Many methods of distortion measurements are already available, but on examination they were all found to require skill and time to give accurate results, whereas what was wanted was a direct-reading instrument capable of giving accurate repeatable measurements with unskilled labour.

This type of measurement is becoming of great importance in the manufacture of tape recorders, where it is usual to set the maximum recording level to correspond to a definite amount of distortion, which is a compromise between dynamic range and quality. The increasing emphasis on fidelity in amplifiers makes it necessary to check quickly performance figures of output against distortion to verify that the equipment meets the published specification.

In this article it is proposed to deal only with harmonic distortion, that is to say harmonics produced in the output of a system when a single frequency is applied to it : normally the amount of harmonics produced will depend upon the input signal and hence it may often be necessary to plot a curve relating

input to distortion in the output. The distortion factor of a periodic voltage is the ratio of the total r.m.s. voltage of the harmonics (i.e., the square root of the sum of their squares) to the total r.m.s. voltage. When this figure is multiplied by 100 it gives what is known as the percentage of total harmonic distortion, or more simply percentage of total distortion.

In some cases where we know that a certain harmonic is more pronounced than others we may consider only its ratio to the total r.m.s. voltage, and this we will call the percentage of second or third, etc., harmonic distortion. In tape recorders the third

*Grundig (Gt. Britain) Ltd.

harmonic is dominant and of chief interest, as it is in push-pull amplifiers. In Class A triodes the second harmonic is dominant, and in pentodes all harmonics up to the fifth are usually significant.

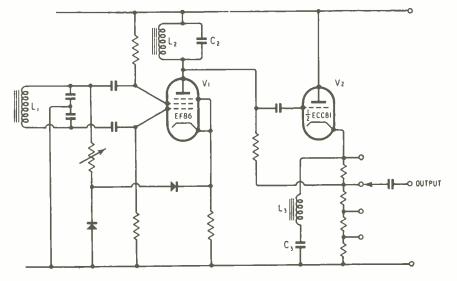
When the percentage of total distortion is small (i.e., less than 10 per cent), it may be more simply expressed as the square root of the sum of the squares of the individual harmonic percentages. The calculated error of such a simplification is less than one part in two hundred,

i.e., $D_{total} = \sqrt{(k_2)^2 - (k_3)^2 + \dots}$ where $k_2 =$ percentage 2nd harmonic, $k_3 =$ percentage 3rd harmonic, etc.

In order to make a comprehensive assessment of distortion on a piece of equipment, measurements should be carried out over the whole of the working frequency range, due regard being paid to neglect those harmonics which lie outside the audible range. The test procedure is lengthy and considerable skill is needed to give the correct results. A simple system should be usable by unskilled labour, involve no calculation or charts, and preferably be direct reading.

Since we are more concerned here with the testing of distortion, the first simplification to suggest itself is the use of a single frequency, and to provide that frequency with the distortion-measuring circuit in a

Fig. 1 Colpitts oscillator and cathode follower with less than 0.25 per cent distortion.



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single self-contained unit. The next problem is to decide which individual harmonics are of interest, or alternatively whether the total harmonic distortion is to be measured. For our particular problems a frequency of 1,000 c's was chosen, and it was decided to provide facilities for measuring either the percentage of total distortion of that of third harmonic distortion.

As explained previously a true measurement of total distortion involves the r.m.s. summation of all harmonics, and this can only be carried out by using either a thermal instrument, square-law valve voltmeter or a suitable dynamometer. For practical purposes these all have to be ruled out, and it was decided to carry out some tests on a "1-milliamp" full-wave bridge instrument rectifier, in conjunction with a 100-microamp meter. First, it was found that the superimposition of 10 per cent of second or third harmonic on the fundamental only affected the reading by less than ± 1 per cent as its phase was changed, hence as an indicator of the r.m.s. value of a distorted wave it is sufficiently accurate. Secondly, 5 volts of 2,000 c s and 5 volts of 3,000 c/s fed together gave a deflection of 6.8 volts, which is within reasonable limits of the calculated value of 7.07; again phase variation between the two can cause a difference, but since all harmonics will be generated

In the Grundig Type TGS distortion meter, controls associated with the 1,000-c s oscillator are on the left and those for range selection and calibration on the right.

from the original signal the phase relationship on any equipment should be constant.

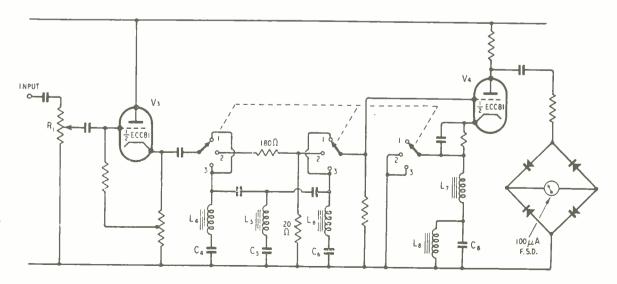
An equipment was developed on the above lines, provision being made to measure up to 10 per cent of third or total harmonic distortion by direct reading, for a 1,000-c s oscillator of low harmonic content having an output continuously variable up to 10 volts, and for the accommodation of inputs between 10 millivolts and 100 volts.

Oscillator Unit. The oscillator needs to be stable in operation and to have as low a harmonic content as possible. A Colpitts circuit was chosen and arranged as an electroncoupled oscillator to buffer the tuned circuit, with a tuned anode to reduce the output of harmonics. In order to maintain the minimum of harmonic content the amplitude of such an oscillator must be closely controlled, and as a first approach the h.t. supply was regulated by a neon type stabilizer. Next some attempts were made to limit the amplitude by negative feedback, but although this produced excellent results, satisfactory starting could not be guaranteed.

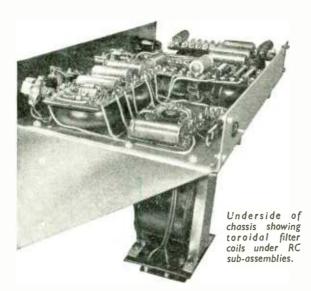
Finally a germanium diode was used between the anode of the oscillator and the cathode via a variable feed resistor which gave perfect control of amplitude. When oscillation starts the diode acts as a hig'r impedance across the tuned circuit, biased by the cathode-to-earth voltage, and does not conduct. As the amplitude of oscillation increases the diode begins to conduct and increases the cathode potential of the oscillator, thus automatically controlling its amplitude. A high-impedance d.c. return for this current is provided by a second diode.

The final arrangement as shown in Fig. 1 was extremely stable and had a harmonic content of less than 1 per cent. A cathode follower was used for the output stage to give complete isolation and to provide a simple form of output attenuator. Since

Fig. 2. A three-section filter, with toroidally wound inductances, is used to suppress the fundamental.



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a trace of second harmonic was introduced by the cathode follower, a simple acceptor circuit was added across the cathode load, bringing the total distortion content of the output down to less than $\frac{1}{4}$ per cent.

Distortion Measuring Unit. The design of filter units is greatly simplified by the use of lowimpedance values, and this in turn limits the dangers of stray pick-up and removes the necessity for shielding. For the inductances toroidal windings were used, since high Q's can be readily obtained and the stray field is virtually negligible.

To remove the fundamental 1,000 c/s a three-section m-derived high-pass filter was employed, fed from a cathode follower input of approximately 200 ohms output impedance. Attenuating ranges were fitted both in the grid and cathode circuits so that a range of inputs between 100 millivolts and 100 volts could be accommodated.

The general circuit layout is shown in Fig. 2. In the central position (2) the signal passes straight from cathode follower input via a 10/1 attenuator to the output stage which has a full-wave bridge rectifier meter in its anode circuit. In the final arrangement an additional RC-coupled stage was added before the output valve in order to give sufficient gain to work at inputs down to 100 millivolts. A conventional "1-milliamp" full-wave bridge rectifier is employed with a 100-microamp movement meter. The incoming wave is adjusted by the input control R_1 to give full-scale deflection of the meter, and the instrument is now "calibrated" to measure the distortion of the incoming signal.

To measure the third harmonic percentage the switch is placed in position 1 when the signal passes first through the high-pass filter which attenuates the fundamental by 40 db. At the same time, since the 10/1 attenuator is now out of circuit, the gain has been increased by that amount and the full-scale deflection of the meter corresponds to only 10 per cent of the original signal. The cathode of the output valve, V4, now introduces two inductances L_7 and L_8 , and a condenser C_8 . L_8 and C_8 are tuned to 2,000 c/s and introduce very considerable negative feedback at this frequency, thereby eliminating the second harmonic from the output. At 3,000 c/s the L_8 - C_8 combination is capacitive, and L_7 is therefore added in series to resonate with it and give virtually

zero impedance : thus the third harmonic is amplified with low loss. In practice the amplifier gain is fractionally increased in the switching to make up the loss, which is about 2 db. All higher harmonics i.e., fourth, fifth, etc., suffer considerable attenuation due to negative feedback, and the output is the percentage of third harmonic distortion, the full-scale reading being 10 per cent.

For the measurement of percentage total harmonic distortion the switch is placed in position 3, when the 1,000-c/s fundamental is removed as before, but all harmonics are amplified equally and summated into the rectifier meter.

Mechanical Construction and Layout. The simplicity of the switching arrangements permits an easy and symmetrical layout of the front panel, as may be seen in Fig. 3. On the left is the oscillator unit with its output control and multiplier, and on the right the attenuator and input control to the distortion measuring unit. In the centre is a spring loaded switch, normally resting in the second position, for selection of the distortion measurement.

A normal folded chassis is employed, and, to avoid the necessity for special screening, the toroidal coils are placed underneath the chassis and clamped by the various tag panels; this form of coil is used throughout the equipment. The oscillator second harmonic rejector alone was screened.

Two double triodes ECC81 (12AT7) are used to provide the two cathode followers and the two RC stages; an EF86 is employed as oscillator with a 150B2 to stabilize its h.t. supply. No further h.t. stabilization was found necessary, but since the h.t. supply is derived from a full-wave bridge metal rectifier, a relay was added with its coil in series with the two cathode follower anodes. This normally shorts out the sensitive meter and prevents the series of bumps which occur as the valves warm up: it is also a useful transit protection.

Performance. Two of these instruments have been in continuous use for six months for setting the programme level meters of tape recorders. An endless tape is employed and recording is made at a standard input level and adjusted to correspond to maximum indicated recording level. It is immediately played back through the distortion meter. The programme level meter is successively adjusted till the required value of distortion is obtained, and it is found that with semi-skilled operators the whole of the adjustment and measurement may be completed in some two to three minutes.

For measuring distortion on audio amplifiers readings may be obtained immediately and quickly over a wide range of inputs; it is only necessary to adjust the input attenuators to full-scale deflection and then turn the switch for a direct reading. In conjunction with an output power meter a curve of distortion against output watts may be readily obtained.

The overall accuracy obtained on third harmonic measurement is ± 0.3 per cent distortion and on total harmonic distortion measurement ± 0.5 per cent distortion. These figures relate to the full scale of 10 per cent and are better on the lower half of the scale. Allowance can be made for the oscillator distortion if required, but since this is normally less than $\frac{1}{2}$ per cent for all measurements over half scale it may be neglected.

The author wishes to thank Mr. O. E. Dzierzynski for his assistance in carrying out the experimental work involved in developing this equipment.

Electronic Analogue Computing

Survey of Modern Techniques

Bv

B.

M.Sc., M.L.E.E.

OUARMBY*

O much has been written recently about the truly wonderful achievements in the field of digital computing that there has been a tendency to forget about analogue computers and to overlook the progress they have been making. Indeed there are those who would say that the analogue computer is outdated and dispute the need to improve it further. It is hoped in this article to show that the need still exists, and further that the digital computer as it stands, in spite of its undoubted superiority in many cases, still has a long way to go before it can surpass the analogue device in al! applications.

A useful distinction between the two classes of

RAYMOND

computer may be drawn by referring to analogue *instruments* on the one hand and digital *machines* on the other. The instrument handles continuously varying quantities, but to an accuracy limited by the attainable perfection of its manufacture : this is not easily made better than about one part in 10,000. The

machine handles numbers expressed in finite digital form and is thus incapable of handling continuously variable quantities, but within this restriction is theoretically capable of any required finite degree of accuracy; in practice, accuracies of one part in a million are being achieved with machines of the size now available.

From what has been said, it will be clear generally that if problems of an essentially arithmetic nature are posed, and exact answers required, the digital machine is called for, but that if continuously variable quantities are to be dealt with the analogue device is more suitable. The precise nature of the difference between the two classes of computer will be evident if we consider the way in which the digital machine handles its input data. First of all, it samples its data at particular instants of time. Secondly, at each sample, it recognizes only a finite number of magnitude levels, i.e., it quantizes each sample of the data. In digital computer programming, it is good practice to try to equalize the errors due to sampling and quantizing. In the analogue instrument, the counterparts of quantizing and sampling errors are respectively the imperfections in the computing components, or the static errors, and the finite response times of the computing servos, or the dynamic errors. Again, the best design requires these errors to be of equal magnitude.

Optimum balancing of the computing errors is not the only factor to be taken into account, however, in the choice of a computing system. It is sometimes essential for a natural time scale to be used in the computation, for example in certain classes of simulator.

In a simulator the system to be studied is represented by the circuits of the instrument, and the behaviour of these circuits is studied under representative working conditions. A natural time scale is essential when actual components are to be inserted, as is done sometimes to allow a check on their performance during design. These component tests may be carried out not only under representative circuit performance conditions but also under representative operating conditions of temperature, humidity, vibration and the like. It is also possible to reproduce the conditions under which a human operator is included in the servo loop.

In problems of any degree of complexity, where operation in natural time scale is desired, digital

computers are sometimes too slow. Since limitation in speed of response is a characteristic of digital computers that is not always appreciated, it may be of interest to illustrate it by means of an example. In some work on the behaviour of a controlled missile, a problem was posed which involved the time de-

pendence of the missile's position and attitude in space, as well as the behaviour of certain important parts of the control system. A simplified mathematical description of the problem involved over twenty first-order simultaneous differential equations, and these were solved on the Manchester University digital computer using a step-by-step method of integration in which the step interval was adjusted according to the shortest time constant of interest in cach part of the solution.

It was found that, in a range of interest where a time interval of an eighth of a second was adequate, investigation of each ten seconds of the solution took just over an hour of computing time, i.e., the ratio of machine time to natural time was about 400. In another range, where step intervals of 1 32 second were used, the ratio worked out to 1,800. Time ratios of this order of magnitude appear to be typical for problems of this degree of complexity. In many cases, as in the example given, such a change of time scale is unimportant because the time is available, but in other cases, as we have seen in connection with the simulator, operation in the natural time scale is often essential. In some applications, where the analogue simulator or computer is used purely for design purposes and high accuracy is not the primary requirement, it is convenient to arrange for the computer time scale to be much less than natural and to display the response of the system to a repetitive square wave on the screen of a cathode ray tube. The results of any changes in system parameters may then be observed directly with consequent saving of a great deal of the designer's time.

^{*} Ferranti, Ltd

In other problems where the data provided are continuous and high accuracy answers are required continuously, either in the natural time scale or faster than this, neither the digital nor the analogue computer may be capable of dealing with the situation adequately. It is evident that there is a need for faster digital machines, of the order of 100 to 1,000 times faster than the present Manchester machine, and also a need for electronic analogue devices of 100 to 1,000 times the accuracy at present attainable. It may be that the solution will lie in the development of a machine using a combination of both computing techniques.

D.C. Amplifier Networks

Most of the accurate analogue computing being carried out in this country at the present time is done on electro-mechanical analogue computing instruments which use techniques developed during the war for anti-aircraft predictors and component production facilities set up at that time. While computers of this type have been considerably improved in recent years, a new and interesting field is now being opened up by the use of all-electronic devices, which require no moving parts.

In these electronic techniques the basic computing procedures of scale changing, adding, subtracting, integrating and differentiating may be carried out by d.c. amplifier networks, as shown in Fig. 1. Though balanced amplifiers have some advantages, mainly in reduced h.t. smoothing demands, a form of d.c. amplifier often used is the unbalanced one shown in Fig. 2. It is a three-stage amplifier with resistive interstage coupling; the odd number of stages ensures an overall sign reversal and permits feedback, while the direct coupling between stages permits operation at frequencies down to zero. As the overall gain of such a three-stage amplifier may be several tens of thousands, a small grid-to-cathode input potential suffices to produce the full output. In this case, the amplifier gain is about 50,000 and the output varies over a range of ± 150 volts, so that the required gridto-cathode voltage variation is only ± 3 millivolts. Thus, in the normal operating state the input grid may be considered as being at earth potential.

A circuit incorporating a d.c. amplifier of this type which can be used either for scale changing or for sign reversing is shown in Fig. 1(a). The input voltage, E_1 , is applied to the input grid through a resistor, R_1 . Neglecting the feedback resistor, R_0 , for the time being, it will be seen that since the input grid is virtually at earth potential the input current, I_1 , is given by Ohm's law as:

 $I_1 = input current = \frac{input voltage}{input resistance} = \frac{E_1}{R_1}$

This flow of current drives the input grid (Fig. 2) positive in potential and the amplifier responds by driving the output anode voltage down. Considering now the action of the feedback resistor, R_0 , it is evident that it draws from the input a current of magnitude $I_0 = E_0/R_0$ and that this current increases until it

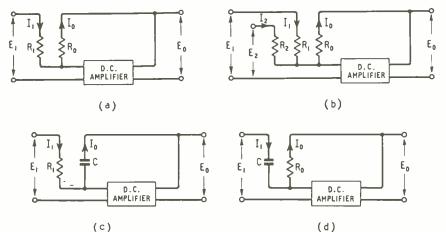


Fig. I. D.C. amplifiers used for (a) sign reversing, (b) summation, (c) integration and (d) differentiation.

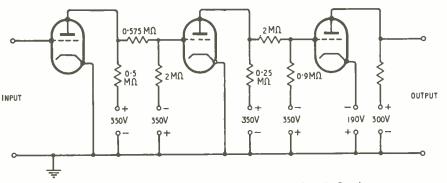


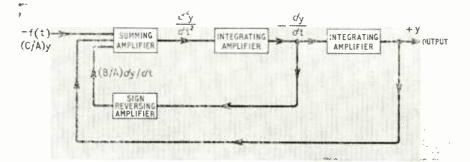
Fig. 2. Unbalanced d.c. amplifier suitable for circuits such as those in Fig. 1.

equals the current I_1 , when the amplifier settles down to steady state operation. Equating the expressions for the currents I_1 and I_0 gives :

 $(E_1/R_1)+(E_0/R_0)=0$ or $E_0 = -E_1(R_0/R_1)$, while if the input and feedback resistors are equal in value $E_0 = -E_1$, i.e., the output is equal in magnitude to the input but has opposite polarity.

Since a large current may be taken from the output without causing a drop in the output voltage, these amplifiers are often used as buffer stages between high output-impedance circuits and their loads.

If two input resistors are provided, as shown in Fig. 1(b), then the current drawn off from the grid through the feedback resistor equals the sum of the input currents, i.e., the output voltage is equal to minus the sum of the input voltages. The accuracy of the summation depends, of course, on the accuracy with which the resistors can be matched;



high stability wire-wound resistors are normally used. Subtraction is achieved by the addition of a voltage of opposite polarity.

Incorporating a capacitor in the feedback loop in place of the resistor, as shown in Fig. 1(c), converts the arrangement into an integrator. Since the current passed by the capacitor is proportional to the rate of change of the voltage across it, we have

 $E_1/R_1 + C dE_0/dt = 0$ or $E_0 = -(1/CR_1) i E_1 dt$

Polythene capacitors are usually employed because of their high leakage resistance.

With the capacitor in the input, as shown in Fig. 1(d), the arrangement becomes a differentiating circuit, and $E_0 = -CR_0 dE_1/dt$. One drawback to differentiating amplifiers is their tendency to accentuate any irregularities in the input voltage. When a computer is being set up for the solution of a differential equation, however, it is always possible to rearrange this in the form of an integral equation. The solution then allows the use of integrators in place of differentiators.

Differential Analyser

An arrangement of four d.c. amplifiers for solving a second-order differential equation is shown in Fig. 3. The equation solved is:

$$Ad^2y/dt^2 + Bdy/dt + Cy = f(t)$$

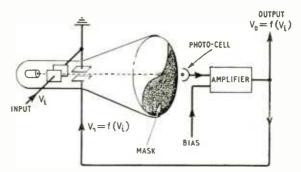
and its solution is a time function, y(t), representing the response of a system with two energy storage components, A and C, and an energy dissipating component, B, to a forcing function of time, f(t). When the system is linear, A, B and C are constant and this is assumed in this case.

The first amplifier is connected for summing and the quantity d^2y/dt^2 is assumed to exist at its output. This is then fed to the second amplifier, connected as an integrator, in which -dy/dt is evaluated. The third amplifier is also an integrator and gives y. In the first amplifier, d^2y/dt^2 is evaluated by summing the three terms (B/A)dy/dt, (C'A)y and -f(t), the various proportions in which they are summed being obtained by a suitable choice of the input resistors. The fourth amplifier is needed to give a sign reversal to the quantity -dv/dt. Initial conditions, representing the levels in the two energy stores, are set into the two integrators before the forcing function is applied. This forcing function is sometimes just a step function; at other times, however, a repetitive solution is required and then a continuous square wave is applied. This enables the solution for y to be presented as a steady trace on a cathode ray tube provided the frequency of the square wave is high enough to avoid flicker.

Usually it is convenient for the repetition frequency

Left: Fig. 3. Four d.c. amplifiers arranged as a differential analyser.

Below: Fig. 4. Electronic function generator in which the required function of the input voltage is represented by the profile of a mask.



to be that of the mains. The time scale will then be chosen to allow the whole output transient to occur in less than 1/50th second, and also to allow enough time for the flyback and reset of initial conditions.

If a plot of the response is required, inaccuracies are introduced in trying to obtain this from the cathode ray tube screen directly. It is better to use a pen recorder, in which the accuracy is comparable with that of the computing network and in which the paper drive mechanism can have a greater speed constancy than the cathode ray tube time base. One way of doing this is by sampling the output waveform with a pulse of repetition frequency slightly different from the 50 c/s, so obtaining from each successive transient a portion slightly displaced from the last. The pen recorder, being unresponsive to frequencies as high as 50 c/s, will draw a smoothed version of the required response, though taking the whole of a beat period to do so.

Function Generators

With the aid of a multiplying device, or a non-linear function generator, it is possible to solve more complicated equations in which the coefficients A, B and C are no longer constants but functions of time. The circuits used do not differ radically from that of Fig. 3, and the method of getting the answer is very similar. The same cannot be said of the analytical solutions, as the modified equations are much more difficult to solve than the linear.

An all-electronic non-linear function generator developed recently is shown in Fig. 4. It consists of an opaque mask, having a profile representing the required function, placed on the screen of a cathode ray tube. A photocell receives light from the fluorescent spot on the screen when this is not obscured by the mask, and the output of this photocell controls the voltage applied to the vertical deflecting plates, through an amplifier. The input voltage is applied to the horizontal deflecting plates and causes the spot to move horizontally. A bias voltage is applied through the amplifier to the vertical deflecting plates in such a sense as to cause the spot to rise until it reaches the edge of the mask. As the spot becomes unmasked, the photocell input to the amplifier opposes the bias increasingly until the amplifier output attains

a value at which the spot is prevented from rising further. The spot is thus forced to follow the mask profile, and the required function of the input voltage is generated at the output terminals of the amplifier. This device has been used in an aerial simulator to represent the functional relationship between aerial gain and offset angle, and can be used to simulate any empirical relationship of this kind.

Arrangements of biased diodes allow the representation of various non-linear saturation characteristics, such as occur in the the simulation of mechanical systems. Fig 5 (a) shows two diodes arranged to limit the output of an amplifier and the full lines in Fig. 5(b) show the resulting output characteristic. Diode V₁ conducts when the output voltage, E₀, exceeds the bias voltage, E₁, so E₁ corresponds to the maximum value of E₀ which can be passed. Conversely, V₂ conducts when E₀ is less than E₂, so this voltage corresponds to the minimum value of E₀. The circuit thus gives a characteristic typical of a system with position, rate or torque limits.

When a characteristic representing friction torque as a function of speed is to be generated, a circuit similar to that in Fig. 5(a) is used, but without the feedback connection to the amplifier input. The amplifier then drives its output to the limiting value for any slight departure of its input voltage from zero, in either the positive or negative direction. The resulting characteristic, which is of the desired form, is shown dotted in Fig. 5(b).

A dead zone often exists in mechanical instruments and this may be represented, in a computer, by the arrangement of Fig. 6(a). If the input signal θ_1 is positive, it must exceed $\pm E$ for the diode V_1 to conduct or, if negative, be less than -E for the diode V_2 to conduct. A positive or negative threshold of value E is thus introduced into the output θ_0 as shown in Fig. 6(b).

The inclusion of a capacitor at the output, as shown in Fig. 7(a), somewhat modifies the behaviour of the circuit. The diode V₁ now conducts when $\theta_1 - \theta_0 > E$, and V₂ when $\theta_1 - \theta_0 < -E$. This results in the characteristic of Fig. 7(b), which represents the backlash in a system of gears. If a limiter is combined with this arrangement a hysteresis characteristic results.

Approximating Characteristics

The method may be extended to the approximation of any non-linear function to within specified limits of accuracy by a number of straight-line sections, provided the slope of the characteristic remains of the same sign throughout. If the slope of the required function varies in sign then the characteristic is obtained as the sum of a number of simpler characteristics. A high-speed electronic differential analyser at the University of Bologna has function generators of this type which permit any function to

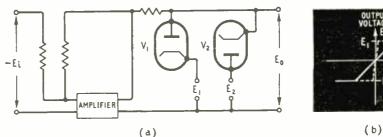


Fig. 5. Arrangement of biased diodes to simulate a mechanical system with limits on displacement, rate or torque.

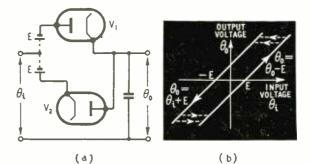


Fig. 6. Biased diodes simulating a dead zone in a mechanical system, as shown by -E to E in (b).

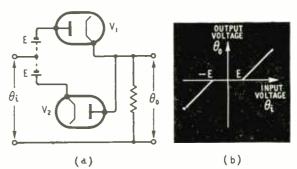


Fig. 7. Including a capacitor in the Fig. 6 circuit modifies the characteristic to represent backlash in a system of gears.

be set up as a combination of ten connected line sections whose slope and length can be adjusted independently.

An application of the method is shown in Fig. 8. At low input voltages, when the diodes are all biased off, the circuit acts as a simple potential divider, but as the input voltage increases the diodes become conducting one after the other and make the effective potential divider ratio progressively less. With the circuit values and bias voltages shown, the arrangement gives a logarithmic law over a wide range, and this particular circuit has been used as an attenuator for compressing voltages from one to 1,000 volts, so allowing the voltage values in both low- and high-level regions of the signal to be read on a meter to the same percentage accuracy.

A good deal of attention has been given recently to the development of fast multipliers. Some work has been done on improving the speeds of response of electromechanical devices, but purely electronic devices are more common.

One form of electronic multiplier uses a cathode ray tube and photocells, as shown in Fig. 9. There are the usual vertical and horizontal deflection plates in the neck of the tube and a coil is fitted round the tube in the vicinity of the horizontal deflection plates. One of the input voltages, V_1 , is applied to this coil and produces a magnetic field along the axis of the tube of magnitude proportional to V_1 . So long as the electron beam is undeflected, the electron beam current acts in the same direction as this magnetic field and does not interact with it. When, however, the second voltage, V2, is applied to the vertical deflection plates it imparts a vertical velocity to the electron beam so that the beam current now has a component in the vertical direction of magnitude proportional to V2. This component of the beam current interacts with the axial magnetic field and produces a force on the electron beam, in the horizontal sense, of magnitude proportional to the product V_1V_3 .

The tube face is divided by a vertically placed knife edge having a photocell on either side. This enables any horizontal deflection of the beam to be detected as a difference signal, which is amplified and applied to the horizontal deflection plates in a restoring sense. The resultant behaviour of the system is to produce a voltage across the horizontal deflection plates proportional to the product of the two input voltages.

In another electronic multiplier, the mark space ratio of a repetitive square wave is made to depend on one voltage, and its peak-to-peak amplitude on another. The detected and smoothed output then varies as the product of the inputs. A multiplier

100 kQ

width and adequate suppression of side lobes. Since high accuracy is not demanded, an electronic computer may be used, and the computed radiation patterns presented on the screen of a cathode ray tube. This allows the designer to see at once the effect of changing any design parameter and speeds up what is essentially a trial and error process.

Synthetic Radiation Pattern

The voltage which produces the synthetic radiation pattern on the c.r.t. screen is an analogue of what would be measured by a field-strength measuring set moving in a circle round the real aerial array. In the real array the waves emitted from the elements would combine to produce various maxima and minima which would be detected by the revolving measuring The same effect is obtained in the computer by set. combining a number of 450-kc/s r.f. carriers, corresponding to the emissions from the elements, after modulating their respective amplitudes and phases in different ways corresponding both to the amplitudes and phases of the currents fed to them, and to the transmission lags between them and the rotating measuring set. Thus at various points on the modulating cycle the resultant carrier output goes through maxima and minima analogous to the maxima and minima detected by the measuring set at corresponding points on its circle of rotation. Fig. 10(a) shows the apparatus for simulating the contribution of a single element, while (b) shows the combining and display system.

In order to obtain a continuous presentation of the maxima and minima on the c.r.t. screen the modulating

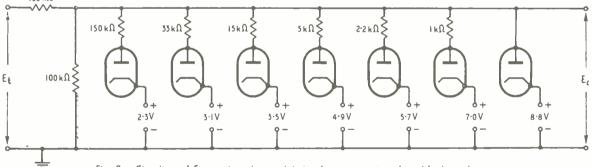


Fig. 8. Circuit used for compressing an input voltage range to a logarithmic scale.

may also be made from function generators arranged to give square law responses. If two such generators are arranged to evaluate $(A - B)^2$ and $(A - B)^2$, their difference, when scaled down by a factor of four, is equal to the product AB.

Large computing assemblies, being expensive, are rarely justified when suited only to the solution of a special problem. The exceptions to this rule are when the problem has to be solved quickly, as in an anti-aircraft predictor, or frequently, in which case substantial savings in computing effort may rapidly outweigh the initial cost. An example in this latter class is the aerial radiation pattern computer constructed recently at the Telephone Manufacturing Company

Aerial array design involves computing a great variety of radiation patterns until one of suitable form is found, which has the right compromise between the conflicting requirements of narrow main lobe

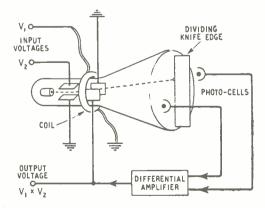


Fig. 9. Electronic multiplier using a cathode ray tube and two photo-cells.

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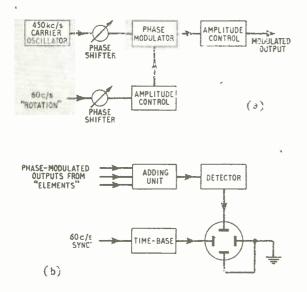


Fig. 10. Aerial radiation pattern computer with (a) apparatus for simulating contribution of a single element, and (b) combining and display system.

cycle is chosen to be 60 c/s and the time base is synchronized with this frequency. (This being equivalent to a rotation of the hypothetical measuring set round the array sixty times in every second.) Thus, with the azimuth angle represented along the time base and the combined carriers applied to the Y plates, the radiation pattern is presented in rectangular co-ordinates. Manual adjustment of the amplitudes and phases of the 450-kc/s carriers gives the effect of similar adjustments to the currents in the elements of the real array, while alteration of the amplitudes and phases of the 60-c/s modulating signals gives the effect of changing the positions of these elements.

Very often the problem to be solved does not justify the building of such a large special-purpose computer. In this event it is sometimes possible to arrange for the problem to be solved on a general-purpose computer, which can be used in the solution of a large variety of problems and so be more economical. General-purpose electronic analogue computers have been built at the National Physical Laboratory, Teddington, and also at the Royal Aircraft Establishment, Farnborough.

The N.P.L. computer is intended mainly for use in the design of servo systems and comprises exponential time delays, pure time delay or distance velocity lag, balanced d.c. amplifiers, mixers, integrators, squarewave and pulse generator working at 1,600 c/s, phase advancers, resonant circuits, and an on-off controller. Combinations of these elements allow most types of servo to be studied.

By contrast, the R.A.E. computer is arranged as a differential analyser, similar to those discussed previously but more complex. It comprises 16 integrators, 15 summing amplifiers, 12 curve followers or function generators, 15 multipliers, and 30 units for scaling and inserting initial conditions. The multipliers are of the variable mark'space ratio type previously described; all the other units are based on unbalanced d.c. amplifiers.

One very large use of differential analysers of this type is in the solution of flutter and vibration problems in airframe design. Since the data on which designers work are very rarely accurate to better than a few per cent, highly accurate computers are out of place, and the purely electronic type with repetitive solutions presented on the screen of a cathode tube is ideal.

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Pp. 125+vii; Figs. 74. Price 17s 6d.
 Electrical Earthing and Accident Prevention.
 Current practice in domestic, industrial, mining and ship installations. Pp. 248+viii; Figs. 116. Price 25s.
 The above three books are published by George Newnes, Tower House, Southampton Street, London, W.C.2.

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Gears for Small Mechanisms, by W. O. Davis. Theory and practice of designing small gears for instruments, clocks and automatic control mechanisms. Pp. 157+ix; Figs. 76. Price 25s. N.A.G. Press, 226, Latymer Court, Hammersmith, London, W.6.

Surface-Barrier Transistors

New Technique for Making High-frequency Junction Types

ARTICLES in this journal have already described the point transistor and the junction transistor: variants, like the analogue transistor which is now reported to be approaching the practical stage, have not passed unnoticed. It is a feature of both these basic types of transistor that they are all of the a-b-atype, the junction transistors either n-p-n or p-n-p, and the point transistors actually having small areas of *p*-germanium under the points, so that internally they are p-n-p systems.

The technological problems of constructing the germanium sandwich are, like the problem of getting the jam into the doughnut, extremely difficult. The central layer must, like the jam, be extremely thin and methods used so far have not been very successful in achieving the required uniformity except for relatively thick base layers, with the corresponding limitation to low frequency operation.

A new type of junction transistor has now been announced by Philco in America, in which many of the difficulties are overcome. In some ways this new transistor reminds us of the coaxial point transistor described by Kock and Wallace'. The coaxial transistor consisted of a disc of germanium one-eighth

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of an inch in diameter and 0.02in thick, in the faces of which two concave depressions were ground. The point contacts were applied coaxially, one fitting in each hollow. It seemed quite a good idea, but no more has been heard of it. The surfacebarrier transistor is also made from a small plate of germanium, cut from a single crystal of n-germanium and initially 0.05×0.10 in area and 0.006in thick. Since the cutting operation damages the crystal structure, the small blanks are etched to a thickness of 0.003in, and a nickel contact tab is then soldered to one end.

This slab of germanium is still far too thick, and the working section must

⁴ Elect. Engng., N.Y. March 1949.

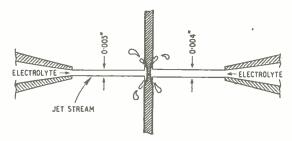
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be reduced in thickness. Here we meet Part I of the new invention. Jet electrolytic etching is used to dissolve away some of the germanium. Fig. 1 shows how two jets are played on opposite sides of the germanium blank from glass nozzles about 0.005in in diameter. The jets are a solution of an indium salt, and a current of about 1.5 mA is passed along the jets and through the germanium, the circuit being closed through the nickel tab. Light must fall on the jet-germanium junction during the etching process, because the current is flowing through the back resistance of the jet-germanium diode, and it turns out that the effect of these combined conditions is to make the window flatten out as it gets thinner. This helps to give good high-frequency performance. A hole is first drilled right through, to find out how

A hole is first drilled right through, to find out how long it takes on the particular blank being processed. Then the blank is moved, and the etching process carried out, stopping when calculations show it must have left a window about 0.0002in thick. This takes rather under two minutes.

The current through the jet-germanium diode is now reversed, so that the system becomes an electroplating unit. Indium is deposited on the surface of the germanium, and the layer is built up to give an electrode thickness of 0.0005in. Wires are fastened to these two electrodes and the unit is mounted and sealed. The etched wafer is shown in Fig. 2, and the method of mounting in Fig. 3.

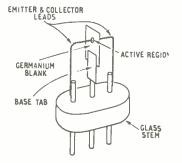
There is no forming action, no heating to produce



Above: Fig. 1. Etching of germanium wafer by jets of electrolyte.

Left : Fig. 2. Fhotomicrograph of section of etched wafer. The white areas show the relative sizes of the indium electrodes.

Below : Fig. 3. Experimental mounting for surface transistor.



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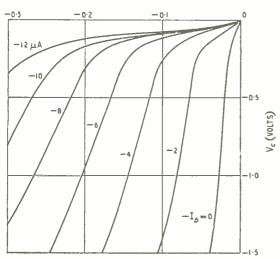


Fig. 4. Earthed-emitter characteristic of the surface-barrier transistor.

Fig. 5. Circuit of video amplifier using surface-barrier transistors.

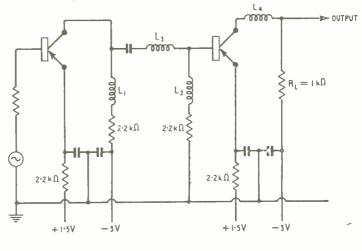
diffusion. Here we see the fundamental difference between the transistor which results from this method of manufacture and the transistors we have encountered before. The junction with which we are concerned is that between the germanium and the indium, at the actual surface of the germanium. This is, of course, much more clearly defined than the n-p junction in either a grown type or a diffused type of junction unit.

A typical set of characteristics is shown in Fig. 4. These are measured using the base current as parameter. It can easily be seen that for very small signal working the point $I_{C} = -0.06$ mA, $V_{C} = -0.5V$ and $I_0 = -2\mu A$ is quite satisfactory. Amplifiers giving a power gain of 18db at 30 Mc/s and using only a 3-volt supply have been made. The values of α cut-off published for 10 units range from 36 to 49 Mc/s, and the values of α from 0.905 to 0.962.

The circuit shown in Fig. 5 shows a video amplifier having a gain of 28 db and a bandwidth of 9 Mc/s. It will be noticed that the collector supply is only -3 volts. The alternative junction tetrodes, which also have good high-frequency characteristics, require much high supply voltages, usually over 15 volts.

The surface-barrier transistor appears to be a stage nearer the solution of the problem of reproducible high-frequency transistors.

Acknowledgments. Figs. 1, 2 and 3 are based on Figs. 1, 3 and 4 of "Electrochemical Techniques for Fabrication of Surface-Barrier Transistors," by J. W. Tiley and R. A. Williams, *Proc. I.R.E.*, Dec., 1953, p. 1706; Fig. 4 on Fig. 4 of "Principles of the Surface-Barrier Transistor," by W. E. Bradley, *Proc. I.R.E.*, Dec., 1953, p. 1702; and Fig. 5 on Fig. 2 of "Circuit Applications of Surface-Barrier Transistors," by J. B. Angell and A. P. Keiper, *Proc. I.R.E.*, Dec., 1953, p. 1709.



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Connectors for coaxial and balanced twin cables for generalpurpose use, including television. Also, details of special microwave, vh.f. and miniature types. Leaflets from Transradio, 138A, Cromwell Road, London, S.W.7.

Portable Electric Gramophones with Collaro pickups and motors (or record-changers). Range of four types described in a leaflet from Electric Audio Reproducers, 17, Little St. Leonards, Mortlake, London, S.W.14.

Resistance Boxes, calibrating potentiometers, Wheatstone and plug bridges, resistance standards and other measuring instruments listed on a leaflet from the Croydon Precision Instrument Company, 116, Windmill Road, Croydon, Surrey.

Tape Recorder with Truvox tape deck, crystal microphone

and 10-in elliptical loudspeaker. Specification on a leaflet from Unitelex (London), Deptford Bridge, London, S.E.8.

Instrument Cases of welded steel construction and chassis to fit (also in aluminium). Range of sizes given on leaflets from Phillips & Bonson, Pond Works, 8, Millfields Road, Hackney, London, E.5.

Television Aerial Outlet Boxes.—Instructions for wiring extensions to other rooms given on a leaflet from Aerialite, Castle Works, Stalybridge, Cheshire.

U.H.F. Turret Attenuator (0-3.000 Mc/s) with six tubular pads which, in turn, are brought in line with the coaxial input and output sockets. Characteristic impedance is 50!? and attenuation steps can be from 0.1 db to 60 db. Full description on a leaflet from Stoddart Aircraft Radio Company, 6644. Santa Monica Boulevard, Hollywood, 38, California, U.S.A.

"Transistor Research Bulletin," a new publication covering progress in the field of transistors, crystal diodes and other semi-conductor devices. The December, 1953, issue contains information about developments in Germany and a semiconductor bibliography. From National Scientific Laboratories, 2010, Massachusetts Avenue, N.W. Washington, 6, D.C., U.S.A.

Transistorized Megohmmeter

Compact Two-range Instrument Using a Transistor E.H.T. Generator

By P. B. HELSDON, A.M.Brit, I.R.E.

HE small size and low power consumption of a transistor e.h.t. generator makes the electrostatic type of megohmmeter an attractive proposition. The complete unit to be described measures $6in \times$ $4in \times 3in$ and operates from a small hearing-aid type battery. There are two ranges, 3 to 1,500 megohms and 35 to 22,000 megohms.

In principle, the electrostatic megohmmeter is the dual of the well known milliohmmeter or bonding meter. The basic circuit of the bonding meter is shown in Fig. 1. Its dual in Fig. 2 is the basis of the electrostatic megohmmeter. The constant voltage source equals the full-scale deflection (f.s.d.) of the meter. The voltmeter is connected across the standard resistor and is calibrated in terms of the unknown resistance. To measure very high resistances the meter must be electrostatic.

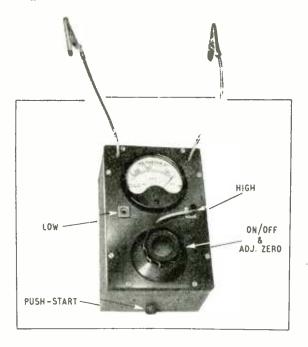
Electrostatic meters have a modified square law of deflection, so that greater sensitivity is obtained near full-scale reading. With the arrangement of Fig. 2, large values of the unknown give low voltage reading. But when the standard and unknown are interchanged as in Fig. 3, large values of the unknown give readings near full scale, so that the meter is used to best advantage. In practice the meter is switched according to the range in use. One is used for unknowns less than the standard and the other for those greater. The meter reads half-scale voltage on each range when the unknown equals the standard.

In theory, the value of the standard can be as high as desired, but in practice it is limited by considerations of leakage. Meters can be obtained with leakage resistance greater than one million megohms, so that with care and a suitable standard, resistances of this order can be measured. The 750-volt electrostatic meter used by the writer is of war surplus stock and unfortunately has a leakage of 1,750 megohms. This value has been measured on several different occasions and is assumed to be fairly stable. For the standard resistor ($R_{\rm sTD}$) a value of 250 megohms is used.

Source Impedance

Power requirements are modest. Allowing for the leakage, the low range requires up to $3.4 \ \mu A$ at 750 V and the high range up to $3.25 \ \mu A$ at 815 V. Regulation must be such that the effective source impedance obtained is small compared with the standard. No serious attempt has been made to analyse the regulating properties of the e.h.t. generator. Measurement shows the effective source impedance to be 14 M Ω .

After adding elements for leakage and source impedance the circuit of Fig. 2 becomes as shown in



Polythene-insulated leads and wander-plug switching are employed. The meter is of the electrostatic type.

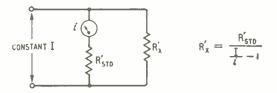


Fig. 1. Basic circuit of milliohmmeter.

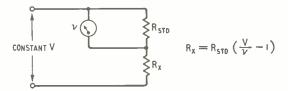


Fig. 2. Basic circuit of electrostatic megohmmeter (R_X < R_{STD})

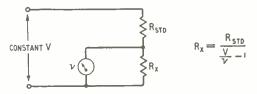


Fig. 3. Circuit of Fig. 2 altered to give readings near full-scale deflection when $R_{\rm X}\!>\!R_{\rm STD}$

Fig. 4, with an effective standar l resistance (1,750 and 250 in parallel) of 220 M Ω .

So when v = 100, $R_x = 1,526 \text{ M} \Omega$; and when v = 740,

 $R_x = 3 M \Omega$. The same procedure changes Fig. 3 into Fig. 5. Applying Thévenin's theorem, the complex resistance network seen from the R_x terminals can be reduced to a single (standard) resistance of approximately 228 ohms, in series with a 1 open-circuit generator voltage of 750.

From the formula in Fig. 5, when v = 100, $R_x = 35$ MQ; and when v = 740, $R_{\lambda} = 22,800$ MQ.

Oscillator Circuit

A battery driven transistor oscillator with a step-up transformer to a selenium rectifier system is used to supply the high voltage. In this oscillator circuit the transistor acts more like an astable switch, rather than as an amplifier with positive feedback. This triggering mode of oscillation is desirable since the collector dissipation is low, both during the conducting and non-conducting parts of the cycle. During the transition, however, the dissipation is high, so the switch should be as fast as possible. The Class "C" mode of operation would seem desirable for high efficiency, but every attempt at this failed because of "squegging." The peak instantaneous collector dissipation under "squegging" conditions is very high and soon damages the transistor. Satisfactory results are obtained when Class "B" operation is adopted.

The switching capabilities of a transistor can be demonstrated by the circuit of Fig. 6. The ohm-

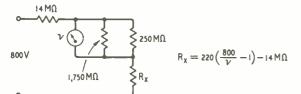
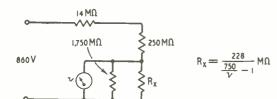
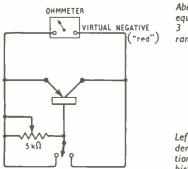


Fig. 4. Practical equivalent circuit of Fig. 2 for low resistance





Above: Fig. 5. Practical equivalent circuit of Fig. 3 for high resistance range.

Left: Fig. 6. Circuit for demonstrating the function of a transistor as a bistable switch.

meter should have an internal 9-V battery and a halfscale reading of about 5,000 ohms. If the bias resistor has the right value the collector-emitter resistance indicated with base floating can be either high or low.

If the base is momentarily connected to the emitter, the transistor triggers to high resistance (off), but if the base is momentarily connected to the collector the transistor triggers to low resistance (on.) This constitutes a bistable switch. A pair of headphones added as in Fig. 7 makes a simple astable switch.

A better oscillator circuit is shown in Fig. 8. The base bias resistance R₂ should be increased until oscillations just start and then the emitter series resistance R₁ adjusted for maximum output. The tap on the inductor should be about $\frac{1}{8}$ of the total down from the base.

The transistor can be regarded as a switch which connects the tuned circuit to the battery throughout each negative half cycle. The peak-to-peak voltage developed across the tuned circuit is then twice the battery voltage. The collector has to withstand this double battery voltage at the peak of the non-conducting half cycle. As 33V seems a safe peak collector voltage, the battery must be limited to $16\frac{1}{2}$ V.

In practice the 161 V to the transistor is obtained from a 30-V battery (Type B105) through a decoupled series resistance. This resistance is provided by a fixed safety resistor and a variable resistor ganged to the on-off switch. The variable resistor compensates for battery ageing and gives a precise control of the e.h.t. voltage. In addition it reduces the current to a low value before switching off, so that dangerous inductive surges are avoided. The complete circuit is shown in Fig. 9.

The oscillator is sometimes reluctant to start in cold weather. A transistor, unlike a valve, has no gain at zero bias. The emitter is biased only by the small collector leakage current passing through the base bias resistor R₂. When the crystal is cold this current is small, due to the negative coefficient of resistance with temperature of high-purity germanium. After switching on, the collector current slowly rises as the crystal warms up. Seconds or even minutes may pass Quick before the circuit bursts into oscillation. starting can be obtained by connecting a fixed resistor of about 39 k Ω from collector to base. This is wasteful of current and also loads the tuned circuit. The method adopted is to connect this resistance by way of a pushbutton starting switch. Lightly loaded oscillators can be made to start by suitably phasing the switching-on surge, but the rectifier load in the present case initially constitutes a virtual short circuit on the tuned circuit and prevents "kick" starting.

Auto Transformer Design

To obtain 830 volts d.c. from the peak-to-peak rectifier system, the inductance must be made into an auto transformer with a step-up ratio of 830 33 = 25/1approx. The battery voltage adds in series giving the required total output of 860 volts on no load.

The auto transformer is wound on a four-section polystyrene former with a small pair of "Ferroxcube" E cores (FX 1105/A4) un-gapped. A total of 1250 turns of 42 s.w.g. vinyl acetal enamelled grade M (medium thickness) wire is tapped at 5 turns for the emitter and 50 turns for the battery positive. Total inductance is 4.25 H with a Q of 50 at the self-resonant frequency of 32 kc/s. The extra stray capacitance of

range.

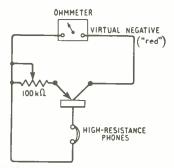


Fig. 7. High resistance headphones in the base circuit demonstrate the astable switching function of the transistor.

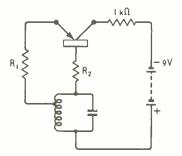


Fig. 8. Sine-wave oscillator using the astable switching circuit.

the rectifier system reduces the frequency of oscillation to about 20 kc/s. The waveform is a distorted sine wave on which is superimposed damped oscillations at a higher frequency. These high-frequency ripples are produced during the switching transitions and are caused by the several leakage inductances resonating with stray capacitance. It is important to keep leakage inductance to a minimum, so that the switching transients do not over-dissipate the collector.

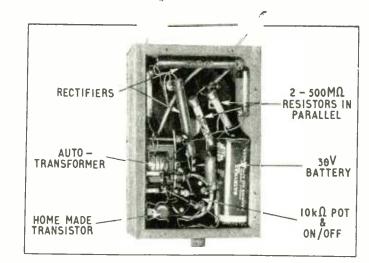
Reduced Current Consumption

A large percentage of the power loss is due to collector-to-base leakage within the transistor. The low current consumption of 2.2 mA was obtained by forming a transistor to an I_{10} (collector current for zero emitter current) of 0.6 mA at 30 volts. The

average commercial point-contact transistor has an I_{c0} of 1 to 2 mA at $E_c = 30$ volts.

The complete unit is contained in a wooden box with high-grade insulation where necessary. The polythene test leads are brought out to crocodile clips to avoid the use of terminals. Meter switching is by plug and socket, since few switches have sufficiently good insulation.

On the low range the zero is set by shorting the test leads together and adjusting the vari-



Underside showing single hearing-aid battery and general arrangement of components.

able resistor to give f.s.d. on the meter. Infinity on the high range is set by separating the test leads and adjusting the variable resistor to f.s.d. as before.

The meter has a hign internal impedance and no shock can be felt when handling the test leads.

One inconvenience is the time taken to measure large low-leakage capacitors. For example, a $1-\mu F$ capacitor takes over 15 minutes to test. This time could be reduced to about 1 minute by temporarily short-circuiting the standard resistance. Once a large capacitor is charged, however, it is highly dangerous and should be carefully discharged after testing.

The transistor megohimmeter appears to be quite reliable. One has been in use for three months, at the time of writing, without any loss of efficiency or output, even after transport by bicycle on several occasions.

The e.h.t. generator itself has several applications apart from the megohmmeter; it could supply e.h.t. for Geiger-Muller radiation counters, image-convertor tubes, flash-tubes or small cathode-ray tubes, to name a few.

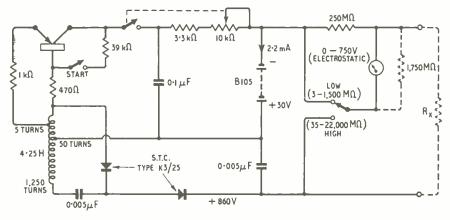


Fig. 9. Complete circuit diagram of two-range megohmmeter with transistor e.h.t. generator.

WORLD OF WIRELESS

Death of Major Armstrong

Radio Fuse Awards

More Band 1 Stations

F.M. Broadcasting in U.S.

RADIO INSTALLATION on the floating whaling factory "Abraham Larsen" which is the headquarters vessel for a whaling fleet operating in the Antarctic. The equipment was supplied by Redifon.



WITH REGRET we record the death in tragic circumstances in New York on February 1st of Major Edwin H. Armstrong, the f.m. pioneer. Born in December, 1890, Edwin Armstrong graduated in electrical engineering from Columbia University at the age of 23 and had worked there ever since, becoming Professor of Electrical Engincering in 1934.

Professor Armstrong will be remembered not only for his work on f.m. but for his earlier work on the regenerative and super-regenerative receiving circuits and also the principle of the super-heterodyne. He contributed a letter on the significance of regeneration to our January issue. His latest work was concerned with a multiplex system of f.m. transmission, a brief description of which will be found elsewhere in this issue.

More Radio Fuse Awards

IN ADDITION to the £20,000 awarded by the Ministry of Supply to Pye, Ltd., for the development during the war of the proximity fuse and the No. 19 tank set (see our January issue), recommendations of awards to seven claimants have been made by the Royal Commission on Awards to Inventors. Four of the claimants— H. Cobden-Turner, G. M. Tomlin and L. Rollin, all of Salford Electrical Instruments, Ltd., and W. H. B. Lord, late of that company—have been awarded jointly £11,500. Individual awards have also been made to A. Stratton (£2,000), N. Coles (£750) and G. A. Whitfield (£750), who are at R.A.E., Farnborough.

New TV Stations

AMENDED PLANS for the completion of the B.B.C.'s single-programme chain of television stations were recently announced by the Assistant P.M.G. in the House. Whereas it was originally planned for eight of the twenty stations to go into Band 3, six of them will now be accommodated in Band 1, although this is contrary to the plan drawn up at Stockholm. The two channels in Band 3 (186-191 and 191-196

The two channels in Band 3 (186-191 and 191-196 Mc/s) to be made available for television will now be used for the proposed competitive stations. Channel 9 (191-196 Mc/s) will be assigned to London.

The six B.B.C. stations referred to above will be at, or near, Norwich, Dover, Inverness, Londonderry, Towyn and Carlisle They will each use horizontal polarization. The site for the Norwich station, where it is hoped to have a temporary 0.5-kW transmitter working within



twelve months, is at Tacolneston, some 10 miles south west of the city.

A temporary station is also to be brought into service this year at Redmoss to serve Aberdeen until the permanent transmitter is installed at Core Hill.

The much-debated North Hessary Tor site for the Devon-Cornwall television transmitter has now been approved by the Minister of Housing. This 5-kW station will operate in Channel 2.

Mobile Radio

A WRIT has been served on the Post Office by the Colchester engineering firm, Davey, Paxman & Company, alleging that the fees collected for licences for the operation of their mobile radio transmitters are not lawfully chargeable. They also claim that some of the conditions regarding frequencies and power, etc., laid down in the licence, are contrary to the provisions of the Wireless Telegraphy Act.

The outcome of the action will be of interest to all civil users of mobile radio.

Whither F.M. Broadcasting?

IN AMERICA, the home of f.m. broadcasting, there are indications that all is not well in the f.m. camp. A member of the Federal Communications Commission recently stated that "if the broadcast industry does not take some steps to increase the utilization of the f.m. frequencies" he had no hesitancy in saying that in the public interest he would have difficulty in retaining the whole of the 88-108-Mc/s band for f.m. broadcasting should the Commission be asked to make use of part of it to relieve congestion in other services.

According to the latest returns available from the F.C.C., the number of f.m. broadcasting stations has decreased from some 750 to 560 during the past four years.

Radio Exports Up

A RECORD YEAR for radio exports was reported in the Board of Trade returns for 1953. The total value of exports of radio equipment of all kinds was $\pounds 25,761,818$, compared with the 1952 figure of $\pounds 24,495,950$.

compared with the 1952 figure of £24,495,950. The contributions by the four sections of the industry are given below in £M, together with (in parentheses) the 1952 figure:—

Transmitters and radio navigational aids	11.001	(7.963)
Components and sound reproducing equipment		(8.481)
Domestic receivers		(4.435)
Valves and cathode-ray tubes	2.200	(3.615)

PERSONALITIES

H. O. Sampson, who has been appointed head of technical operations, B.B.C. Television Studios, joined the Alexandra Palace staff in 1936 and remained there until the television service was suspended at the outbreak of the war. During the war he served at several of the Corporation's high-power transmitting stations and with the London Recording Unit. He returned to the television service in 1946.

Eric E. Jones, who was for some years in charge of the Telecommunications Division of the Philips group of companies in this country and has, since 1949, been commercial manager of Savage and Parsons, Ltd., recording equipment manufacturers of Watford, has taken over the direction of the commercial activities of the Solartron Electronic group of companies.

In our note in the last issue recording the appointment of Rear-Admiral (L) C. P. Clarke, C.B., D.S.O., R.N. (ret.), as a Knight Commander of the British Empire (K.B.E.) in the New Year Honours, we omitted to mention his position at the Admiralty and his radio associations. At present director of the Naval Electrical Department, Rear-Admiral Clarke has been a vice-president of the Brit.1.R.E. since October, 1952.

Hugo Gernsback, editor of our New York contemporary Radio-Electronics, has been appointed Officer of the Oaken Crown by H.R.H. The Grand Duchess Charlotte of Luxembourg. The award was made to Mr. Gernsback, who was born in Luxembourg, "for his meritorious service to science."

OUR AUTHORS

J. R. Brinkley, who has been technical director of Pye Telecommunications, Ltd., since 1949, writes on the problems of frequency planning on page 103 of this issue. He received his early technical training in the Telepnone Department of the Post Office, and after a year as inspector in the Engineerin-Chief's Office went to the Radio Branch at Dollis Hill in 1939. He was later seconded to the Home Office, where he was responsible for the development of police v.h.f. radio systems and in particular for the introduction of the multicarrier mobile radio system



J. R. BRINKLEY

T. D. CONWAY

T. David Conway, author of the article on the measurement of harmonic distortion, has been chief engineer of Grundig (Gt. Britain), Ltd., since its formation in 1952. He joined Grundig from the Ministry of Supply, where he had been an instrument engineer for two years. Throughout the war he was with Ultra Electric as a radar engineer and from 1945 to 1947 he was concerned with the development and testing of ceramic and mica condensers at the United Insulator Company's works. Mr. Conway was with Standard Telephones and Cables as a factory valve engineer from 1947-1950.

R. B. Quarmby, contributor of the analogue computing article in this issue, became a probationary college apprentice at Metropolitan Vickers in 1936. A year later he went to Manchester University, where he graduated in 1940, and then spent some time on extra-mural research on the properties of polythene dielectrics, etc., for the Ministry of Supply. Wartime work at the Royal Military College of Science was followed by a year's lectureship in electrical engineering and electronics at the University of Capetown and in 1950 he joined the staff of Ferranti, Ltd., where he has been working on the design and construction of guided weapons.

D. H. C. Scholes, who contributes an article on frequencyshift radio telegraphy in this issue, has been with the Plessey Company since 1946, where he is now chief engineer and sales manager of the Telecommunications Division. For a short while at the beginning of the war he worked at the Royal Aircraft Establishment, Farnborough; then, in 1941, ioned the Royal Navy as an air engineering officer and was engaged in various theatres of war on engineering duties concerned with airborne radio and radar equipment. Lt. Cdr. Scholes was at the Admiralty for a year after the war. For seven years before his war service he was with the Marconi Company.

IN BRIEF

Broadcast Receiving Licences current in the United Kingdom at the end of December totalled 13,268,270, including 2,956,846 for television and 206,348 for car radio sets. The month's increase in television licences was 110,619.

French Components Show.—The annual Paris exhibition of radio components, valves, accessories and measuring equipment will be held in the Parc des Expositions, Port de Versailles, from March 12th to 16th.

A course on **Point-to-Point Radio Services**, which is open to overseas senior planning and operating engineers and telecommunications administrators, is being conducted in London from June 27th to July 10th by the British Council in conjunction with the Engineering Department of the Post Office. Information on the course, for which there is a limited number of vacancies, can be obtained from overseas offices of the British Council, or from 65, Davies Street, London, W.1. The fee is £38.

Quick Work.—At the time of the Comet airliner crash near Elba, Pyc engineers were developing a new underwater television camera for operation at a depth of 500 fathoms. Although the equipment had hardly gone beyond the drawingboard stage, the camera, in a case for operation at the estimated depth of the Comet (some 40 fathoms), was ready within six days. It was then learned that the wreck was probably 100 fathoms below the surface. A new case was designed and completed within seven days and flown to Italy for use by the Admiralty in the search for the wreck,

Bronze Medallist.—The City and Guilds' Bronze Medal for the best student in Great Britain in the 1953 Intermediate Radio Servicing Examination has been awarded to John McCubbin, a Glaswegian, who is employed by James Anderson & Son (Glasgow), Ltd. He is a fourth-year student at Allan Glen's Further Education Centre, Glasgow, studying for the R.T.E.B. final certificate.

F.M. for Marine V.H.F.—On the question of the proposed change to f.m. for international maritime mobile radio services, the Radio Communication and Electronic Engineering Association states in its annual report that it has advised the Post Office that the majority of its members favour the change provided there are suitable safeguards to minimize dislocation of services, especially during the changeover.

R.C.E.E.A. Council.—The following member-firms of the Radio Communication and Electronic Engineering Association were elected to the Council of the organization for 1954 (the names of the companies' representatives are given in parentheses): B.T.-H. (V. M. Roberts). Decra Rader (C. H. T. Johnson), E.M.I. (S. J. Preston), G.E.C. (M. M. Macqueen), Kelvin & Hughes (C. G. White), Marconi's (F. S. Mockford), Metrovick (L. H. J. Phillips), Mullard (T. E. Goldup), Murphy (K. S. Davies), Plessey (P. D. Canning), Redifon (B. St. J. Sadler) and S.T.C. (L. T. Hinton). C. G. White, general sales manager and director of Kelvin Hughes (Marine), Ltd., who has been vice-chairman of the Association for the past two years, has been elected chairman in succession to T. E. Goldup.

INDUSTRIAL NEWS

Moroccan Television.—The first television station in North Africa, established by a private company at Casablanca, has been equipped with Pye, a camera chain, telecine camera and vision and sound transmitters. The station operates on the French 819-line standards.

Hi-Fi Agencies.—Enquiries from Hollywood and Hong Kong to act as representatives of U.K. manufacturers of high-fidelity sound recording and reproducing equipment have been received through the Export Services Branch of the Board of Trade. Interested firms should write direct to Gordon Agencies, 1506, North-Western Avenue, Hollywood 27, U.S.A., and Scientific Service Company, 447, Alexandra House, Hong Kong. The Board of Trade, Lacon House, Theobalds Road, London, W.C.1, should also be notified, quoting references ESB/1614/54 (Hollywood) and ESB/1897/54 (Hong Kong). An enquiry has also been received from Long Island, New York, for the agency for a tape recorder. The firm concerned is Rek-O-Kut Company, Inc., 38-01, Queens Boulevard, Long Island Citv 1, New York. The B.o.T. reference is ESB/1103/54. ESB/1103/54.

A contract for the supply of a quantity of airfield control radar equipment has been awarded to Decca Radar by the Ministry of Supply. The equipment, which is the air-trans-portable version of the Decca 424 described in our November issue, will be used by the R.A.F.

"The Ship of the Year," as the new P. & O. liner Arcadia was described at her launching last May, is being Arcadia was described at her faunching last May, is being fitted with radio communication and navigational equipment by the Marconi Marine Company. In addition, a compre-hensive sound-reproducing system, including 156 loudspeakers fed by seven power amplifiers, each having an output of 60 watts, has been installed. Four sources of programmes— microphones, broadcast receiver, wire recorder and record playar-are available and equivables calculat groups. player—are available and switching permits selected groups of loudspeakers to be fed simultaneously from the four separate sources.

Sound amplifying equipment provided by Hadley Sound Equipments, Ltd., of Smethwick, Birmingham, has been installed in the Roman Catholic cathedral in Calabar, Southern Nigeria.

W. F. Randall, B.Sc. (Eng.), M.I.E.E., director of the Telegraph Construction and Maintenance Company, is on a two months' visit to the company's branches and representatives in the Far East and Australasia.

New premises have been opened by the G.E.C. at Magnet House, Mincing Lane, Blackburn. The depot is equipped for the supply and servicing of the company's radio and television equipment.

British Insulated Callender's Construction Company, manufacturers of radio masts and the like, recently moved to 30, Leicester Square, London, W.C.2 (Tel.: Trafalgar 7777). The central administrative offices of the parent company, British Insulated Callender's Cables, remain at 21, Bloomsbury Street, London, W.C.1 (Tel.: Museum 1600).

Goldring Manufacturing Company (Gt. Britain), Ltd., is the name of the company recently formed to conduct the business of Erwin Scharf, manufacturer of the Goldring pickup, and associated concerns The company will operate from the present address: 49-51a, de Beauvoir Road, Kingsland Road, London, N.1 (Tel.: Clissold 3434).

Excel Sound Services, Ltd., tape-recorder and amplifier manufacturers, of Shipley, Yorks, have moved to Celsonic Works, Garfield Avenue, Bradford, 8, Yorks (Tel.: Bradford 45027).

MEETINGS

Institution of Electrical Engineers

Radio Section .-- "A Study of some of the Properties of Matter affecting Valve Reliability " by E. A. O'Donnell Roberts,

Matci and the value Reliability by E. A. O Donnen Roberts, "Colour Television" by C. J. Hirsch on March 22nd. Both the Radio Section meetings will be held at 5.30 at Savoy Place, London, W.C.2. *Cambridge Radio Group.*—"Computing Machines" by T. Kilburn, M.A., Ph.D., at 8.15 on March 9th at the Cavendish Laboratory. Combidge Laboratory, Cambridge.

Mersey and North Wales Centre.—Faraday Lecture "Electro-Heat and Prosperity" by O. W. Humphreys, B.Sc., at 6.45 on March 25th at the Philharmonic Hall, Liverpool.

-" A Study North-Eastern Radio and Measurements Group.—" A Stud of some of the Properties of Matter affecting Valve Reliability

of some of the Properties of Matter affecting Valve Reliability" by E. A. O'Donnell Roberts, M.Sc., Ph.D., at 6.15 on March 15th at King's College, Newcastle-upon-Tyne. North-Western Centre.—Faraday Lecture "Electro-Heat and Prosperity" by O. W. Humphreys, B.Sc., at 7.30 on March 23rd at the Free Trade Hall, Manchester. North-Western Radio Group.—"Distributed Amplifiers" by W. S. Percival, B.Sc., at 6.30 on March 17th at the Engineers' Club, Albert Square, Manchester. North Lancashire Sub-Centre.—"Some Aspects of the Design of V.H.F. Mobile Radio Systems" by E. P. Fairbairn, B.Sc., at 7.15 on March 10th at the N.W. Electricity Board, North Road, Lancaster.

North Road, Lancaster. South-East Scotland Sub-Centre.—"Some Aspects of the Design of V.H.F. Mobile Radio Systems" by E. P. Fairbairn, B.Sc., at 7.0 on March 16th at the Heriot-Watt College, B.Sc., at Edinburgh.

South Midland Radio Group.--" Some Aspects of the Design of V.H.F. Mobile Radio Systems" by E. P. Fairbairn, B.Sc., at 6.0 on March 22nd at the James Watt Memorial Institute,

Great Charles Street, Birmingham. Southern Centre.—" Technical Arrangements for the Sound and Television Broadcasts of the Coronation Ceremonies" at 6.30 on March 3rd at the S.E.E.B. Headquarters, Hove, bv W. S. Proctor, M. J. L. Pulling, M.A., and F. Williams, B.Sc. "Demonstrations of Synthetic Speech" by W. Lawrence, M.A., and R. A. Eades, B.Sc., at 6.30 on March 5th at the South Dorset Technical College, Weymouth. Western Centre —"Telemetr ing for System Operation" by

Western Centre .- " Telemetering for System Operation" by R. H. Dunn, B.Sc., and C. H. Chambers at 6.0 on March 8th at the Electricity Offices, Colston Avenue, Bristol. South-Western Sub-Centre.—"Colour Television: Some Subjective and Objective Aspects of Colour Rendering" by

G. T. Winch at 3.0 on March 10th at the Rougement Hotel, Exeter.

Oxford District.--" Modern Trends in Television" by G. G. Gouriet, B.Sc., at 7.0 on March 17th at the Southern Electricity Board, 37, George Street, Oxford.

London Students' Section .-- Visit to G.P.O. Research Station,

Dollis Hill, N.W.2, at 2.15 on March 3rd. "Metallic Resistance at High Frequency" by A. D. Stevens at 7.0 on March 3rd at the Public Library, Chelmsford. "Servo Mechanisms" by Capt. R. A. Middleton, R.E.M.E., at 7.0 on March 30th at the Drill Hall, 185, London Road, Chelmsford.

British Institution of Radio Engineers

London Section .- "Radio Astronomy" by R. Hanbury

London Section. — Radio Astronomy by R. Hanbury Brown (Jodrell Bank Experimental Station) at 6.30 on March 31st at the London School of Hygiene and Tropical Medicine, Keppel Street, London, W.C.1. Scottish Section.—" The Accustic Design and Measurement of Buildings" by H. C. Watson (Newall's Insulation Co.) at 7.0 on March 11th at the Institution of Engineers and Ship-builders, 39 Elmbank Crescent, Glasgow, C.2, and at 7.0 on March 12th in the Department of Natural Philosophy, The University Edinburgh University, Edinburgh.

University, Edinburgh. North-Western Section.—" Colour Television" by G. B. Townsend (G.E.C. Research Laboratories) at 7.0 on March 11th at the College of Technology, Manchester. West Midlands Section.—" Industrial Applications of Elec-tronic Instruments" by A. G. Wray, M.A., (Marconi Instru-ments) at 7.15 on March 23rd at the Wolverhampton and Staffordshire Technical College, Wulfruna Street, Wolver-hampton. hampton,

British Sound Recording Association

London.—" High Quality Microphones: The Assessment of Performance" by D. E. L. Shorter, B.Sc., at 7.0 on March 19th at the Royal Society of Arts, John Adam Street, London, W.C.2.

Manchester Centre.—" Disc Recording with special reference to Long Playing" by A. R. Sugden at 7.30 on March 15th at the Engineers' Club, Albert Square, Manchester.

Television Society

London.—"Trick Effects in Television Production" by D. R. Campbell (B.B.C.) on March 12th "An Industrial Television Channel" by R. J. Boddy and

"An Industrial Television Channel" by R. J. Boddy and C. D. Cardner (E.M.I.) on March 25th. Both the London meetings of the Television Society will be held at 7.0 at the Cinematograph Exhibitors' Association, 164, Shaftesbury Avenue, London, W.C.2. Leicester Centre.—"Transistors and Other Crystal Valves" by D. D. Jones (G.E.C. Research Labs.) at 7.0 on March 29th in Room 45, The College of Art and Technology, The Newarkes, Leicester.

Institution of Electronics

North-Western Branch.—" Semi-conductors" by R. Cooper. Ph.D., M.Sc., (Liverpool University), at 7.0 on March 26th in the Reynolds Hall, College of Technology, Manchester.

Radio Society of Great Britain

"' Trustworthy' Valves and Their Manufacture" by G. P. Thwaites, B.Sc.(Eng.), at 6.30 on March 26th at the I.E.E., Savoy Place, London, W.C.2.

Engineers' Guild

Metropolitan Branch.—" Television Broadcasting and the Engineer" by M. J. L. Pulling, M.A., (B.B.C.) at 6.0 on March 4th at Caxton Hall, Westminster, S.W.1.

Institution of Production Engineers

Liverpool.—"Induction Hardening" by R. H. Barfield, D.Sc., at 7.30 on March 24th at the Adelphi Hotel, Lime Street. Liverpool.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

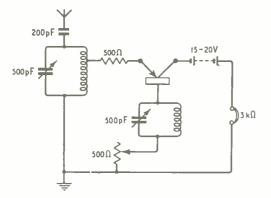
The Editor does not necessarily endorse the opinions expressed by his correspondents

Regenerative Single-Transistor Receiver

WE read with great interest the article on transistor receiving circuits by B. R. Bettridge in your January issue, having been experimenting in the same field with the GETI for some time. We cannot add to his useful information on 2-stage circuits for local station loudspeaker reception, but some of your readers who may be able to afford only one of these treasures to begin with, and are interested in getting the greatest sensitivity with a single stage, may find Mr. Bettridge's warning against positive feedback in the base circuit unduly discouraging. With the circuit shown in the accompanying diagram, controllable bias and r.f. feedback are combined, and the danger of destructive oscillation is avoided by the limiting resistor in the emitter circuit.

In operation with a very poor "tree aerial" the circuit brings in continental stations at good signal strength, once you get used to co-ordinating the three variable controls. Moreover, with patient resolution of carriers, in which the variable base resistance is critical, many American stations can be received at stable listening volume. New York and New Orleans are particularly easy; both are in what seems to be the most favourable frequency band, around 870kc/s, though others between 600 and 1,200kc/s come in well; talks and plays can be comfortably followed between 2 and 3 a.m. The total consumption is only 18 mW.

Youngsters who have the patience to experiment with transistors in this way may thus get a taste of the thrills



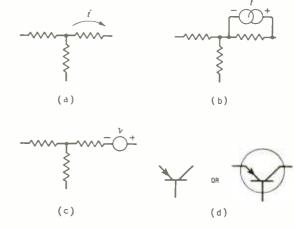
which two of your earliest readers recall, sitting up at night with one of the wonder sets of the period to get the first whisper from across the Atlantic. W. GREY WALTER, KARL WALTER.

W. GREY WALTER, KARL WALTER. Bristol, 9.

Symbols

THE symbol for the current source in the technical literature is usually chosen to be an arrow as shown at (a) in the accompanying diagram. I would suggest that the symbol (b) should be adopted, this being more logical as well as exactly analogous to the symbol for a voltage source commonly used and shown at (c).

The ideal constant-current generator is assumed to have no shunt admittance, just as the ideal constant-voltage generator has no series impedance. In practical circuits internal shunt admittance and internal series impedance appear connected in their appropriate places. For example, the equivalent circuit for a transistor shown at (b) can easily be correlated with that at (c). There is the additional



advantage that the current source appears *connected* to the rest of the circuit which is not the case with the arrow symbol of (a).

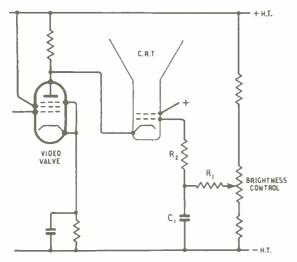
In this connection, it is felt that the introduction of new symbols for the triode transistor is rather superfluous, bearing in mind that the symbol originally introduced by W. Shockley and shown at (d) is quite adequate.

Forguson Radio Corporation, Enfield, Middx.

"C.R. Tube Safety"

THE article in your January issue considers the importance of correctly choosing the time constants associated with the cathode and grid of a television tube in order to prevent the bias going positive immediately after the receiver is switched on or off. I cannot however, altogether agree with W. Tusting's approach to this matter. In modern television receivers in which the e.h.t. potential for the tube is derived from an overwind on the line transformer and no e.h.t. bleeder resistor is used, the time constants in question are normally chosen so that the tube passes beam current immediately after switch-off. This ensures that the e.h.t. smoothing capacitor is discharged via the tube whilst the time bases are collapsing. If in a receiver which has a permanent magnet focussing unit the grid potential of the tube decays more quickly than that of the cathode, the tube will be biased off immediately the set is switched off. Then as both potentials approach zero the cathode may still be emitting and a bright focused spot will appear at the centre of the screen. To obviate this possibility many receiver designers prefer to arrange the grid and cathode circuit time constants so that the tube bias decreases immediately after the set is switched off.

However, if in meeting this requirement or because of some other circuit condition there is a danger of the tube grid becoming positive with respect to the cathode, the positive bias may be limited by means of a series grid resistor. The value of this resistor will depend upon the grid-cathode characteristic of the tube in the positive grid region and the extent to which the source of bias voltage travels positively. In general a resistor of $22 \ k\Omega$ will serve to limit the positive grid excursion to +1 volt, a value which is generally accepted by tube manufacturers as being allowable for a short period immediately after switch-off. The general circuit arrangement is shown in



the accompanying diagram, the time constant C1R1 serving to hold the grid voltage up to ensure that the e.h.t. capacitor is discharged through the tube. The grid limiting resistor is R2. D. A. WARD.

Mullard, Ltd., London, W.C.2.

" Weathering of Polythene"

I HAVE read with interest the short note in your December issue (page 570) which is a *précis* of a Ministry of Supply document "Reports on Plastics in the Tropics : 2—Polythene."

Neither your note nor the report itself brings out the point that the addition of 0.1 per cent of carbon black is intended only to provide identification of the cores and is not intended to provide protection against ultra-violet light. The approved practice, for this use, established over a number of years, is to include 2 per cent of carbon black of suitable grade and well dispersed in the polythene. This material would be found to possess resistance against the effect of ultra-violet light adequate for commercial use and immeasurably superior to most natural or synthetic cable materials. The addition of this quantity of carbon black does, of course, impair the initial power factor of the material at all frequencies, but it will be found that the power factor is quite stable on exposure to tropical sunshine. Observation of power factor during the course of testing is valuable as a sensitive method of revealing physical or chemical changes in the material.

Our tests indicate that the power factor of polythene with 2 per cent carbon black is not higher than 30×10^{-4} at frequencies up to 3000 Mc/s. except in the band 3-15 Mc/s. where it rises to a maximum of about 65×10^{-4} at 5 Mc/s. The commonest application where polythene is exposed to sunlight is when used as a cable sheath and here the power-factor is rarely of direct interest.

It would perhaps be unwise to deduce firm estimates of the life of this material from accelerated ageing tests, but it may be mentioned that exposure tests in India for periods which have so far attained four years have failed to reveal any change whatsoever in its electrical or physical properties.

One further characteristic of polythene is its resistance to oxidation and this matter is not considered in great detail in the Ministry of Supply report. The antioxidant most generally used with polythene is not well suited to continued operation at high temperatures on account of its volatility. However, other suitable antioxidants are available for use where the polythene is to be used as a black cable sheath exposed to tropical sun.

In view of your conclusion in the penultimate paragraph that polythene cables are unsuitable for desert conditions. I should be grateful if you would give this contrary opinion adequate publicity.

Although the work reported in the M.o.S. document is

extremely valuable and no doubt correct in its facts, it was realized in many quarters that it was open to misunderstanding, and representations have already been made to the Department concerned.

R. C. MILDNER. The Telegraph Construction and Maintenance Co., London, S.E.10.

" Measuring Non-linearity "

IN my article in the February Wireless World I find that Appen lix 1 is full of mistakes which I overlooked because the final equation (5) gives a correct numerical answer. For my gross carelessness in this matter I hope readers will accept my apology. The equations in Appendix 1 should read as follows:—

(t°., –	v,) R3	(v - v	$(n_{1})^{\prime}R_{1} + $	(*:	v_{μ}) \mathbf{R}_{2}	 (1)
τ.,	Av.,					 (2)
τ.,	- (81 +	τ_2)R ₃ 'R	; v _u (1	- 2R.	, R)	 (3)
υ.,	$(v_1 +$	v2)'(2'A	$+ R R_{3}$	- R	AR_3)	 (4)
2'	$-(v_{1} +$	v_2) (1 ·	3'A)			 (5)
		1) $(A - 2)$				
		ion (6) al				

The above equation (6) also appears in the main text as equation (5). Fortunately, these mistakes do not effect the body of the argument. There is also one misprint in Appendix 2—a redundant capital "I" has been inserted at the end of the last term in equation (7).

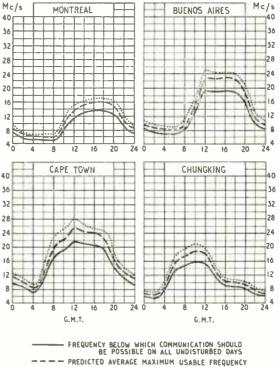
Camberley, Surrey. D. C. PRESSEY

Short-wave Conditions

Predictions for March

THE full-line curves given here indicate the highest frequencies likely to be usable at any time of the day or night for reliable communications over four long-distance paths from this country during March.

Broken-line curves give the highest frequencies that will sustain a partial service throughout the same period.



FREQUENCY BELOW WHICH COMMUNICATION SHOULD BE POSSIBLE FOR 25% OF THE TOTAL TIME

Frequency Shift Radio Telegraphy

Modifying Radio Equipment for Teleprinter Operation

By D. H. C. SCHOLES*

KEADERS have already been given a very adequate introduction to this subject in an article by Thomas Roddam,† and it will consequently be possible to devote our present attention to considering in rather more detail some of the problems and latest developments, particularly in connection with the receiving end of the circuit.

The various techniques for f.s.k. (frequency shift keying) reception seem to be surrounded by as much controversy as the f.m.-a.m. question, and many systems which seem theoretically sound are discredited by at least a proportion of the practical results. The whole question is complicated by the many factors which enter into long-distance radio working, and it is not possible with present experience to draw any firm conclusions as to the best system. However, some of the main advantages and shortcomings of the two principal reception systems are fairly firmly established and these will be discussed in the appropriate place.

Whatever system of resolving the teleprinter signal is employed, it is now firmly established that while for on-off c.w. operation, of either auto-morse or teleprinter, triple space-diversity reception is desirable, in the case of f.s.k. triple diversity shows no improvement over dual. It now appears that the most effective receiver is a dual diversity system where the channel giving the poorer signal is completely suppressed. The switching system should have a very rapid response and should be operated by very small level differences even during deep fades on both channels.

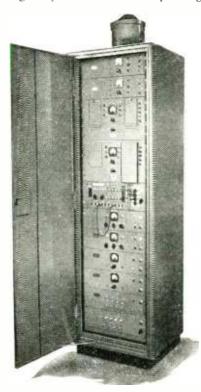
Teleprinter Characteristics

In discussing radio teleprinter systems, in radio publications generally little consideration is given to the characteristics of the machine itself. The writer feels that this is unfortunate, in that the whole design of such systems is directed to the one end of producing a signal which will enable the teleprinter to operate without error. For this reason the electronics is inextricably bound up with the peculiarities of the machine itself, which must be understood before the problems connected with the radio side can be appreciated. As the teleprinter is a specialized machine it seems probable that many readers, while knowledgeable in the electronic field, may not be so well informed regarding the teleprinter, and the writer asks the indulgence of those skilled in the art during a brief digression on the operation of the machine.

Operation of any key on the sending machine causes it to produce a signal of varying polarity consisting of marks and spaces lasting for 150 milliseconds. This comprises a "start" signal followed by a 100-msec. period during which the polarity may be any combina-

tion of marks and spaces, the change-over from mark to space (if any) taking place at 20-msec. intervals. These five 20-msec. periods are the five units of the "five unit" code, and each letter or symbol on the keyboard has a corresponding combination of marks and spaces. The complete signal is terminated by a 30msec. "stop" signal of opposite polarity to the "start" signal. The purpose of the start and stop signals is to control the mechanism of the receiving teleprinter. The timing of the transmitted signals is controlled by a closely speed-controlled motor. There are no pauses between the signal elements and the transitions between mark and space are as nearly instantaneous as the transit-time of the mechanisms and relays will allow. The signal may, therefore, be regarded for all practical purposes as a square wave.

Reception of a start signal causes the selecting mechanism of the receiving teleprinter to be connected to a motor whose speed is regulated to within 0.5% of that of the sending motor. The purpose of the selecting mechanism is to investigate the position of the receiving relay at intervals corresponding to the



F.S.K. transmitter drive unit, Model PVT, made by Plessey.

The Plessey Company. "Frequency Shift Keying"; Wireless World, November, 1948. +

middle of the five 20-msec. code elements to determine whether the incoming signals are mark or space. As each element is interrogated in turn the mechanism in the machine is progressively set until finally the type head is positioned and the letter is printed.

For reasons connected with the operation of the machine which we need not go into here, the receiving teleprinter needs 6 msec. of each code element to carry out its interrogation, thus, in the case of characters involving changes between mark and space, the change-over point cannot be advanced or retarded more than 7 msec. without danger of wrong selection and misprinting. Temporal displacement of the change-over points is called telegraph distortion and is expressed as the percentage of the 20-msec. element length by which the change-over is early or late. The maximum distortion the teleprinter will tolerate without danger of misprinting is 35%.

Waveform Distortion

Bias distortion is another phenomenon which may prove troublesome, and this arises when the receiving relay is not driven symmetrically in both directions by the incoming signal. Although bias distortion is not particularly serious when the incoming signals are perfect steep-sided square waves, if the pulses are rounded, sloped or otherwise distorted in transmission (as they may well be in a long radio link) the effect of bias distortion may be to alter the apparent time of change-over with consequent telegraph distortion. In "single-current" working such as on-off c.w. or single tone m.c.w., where a d.c. bias of half the signal level has to be introduced to polarize the receiving relay, not only is half the signal wasted but, in the case of varying signal strength, bias distortion arises if the signal departs from twice the bias value (as it may do with fading). Automatic bias control can mitigate this effect but has practical difficulties. F.S.K., being a true "double-current" system in which signals are sent equally for mark as for space, has considerable advantages in this respect. It will further be seen that as distortion of the shape of the signal is detrimental any system should have as its aim preservation of the signal shape. F.S.K., being a c.w. doublecurrent system, furthers this end by making more efficient use of the transmitted signal than either c.w. on-off or single or two-tone m.c.w. It is further thought that certain effects of the f.m. nature of the signal have advantages in the presence of certain types of fading.

Having reviewed the method of reception of the radio signal and some of the problems connected with the teleprinter, we can now pass on to consider the resolution of the teleprinter signal from the radio signal. Only the two main methods will be considered here, these being the linear and non-linear discriminator systems, usually referred to as the "discriminator" and "two-filter" methods.

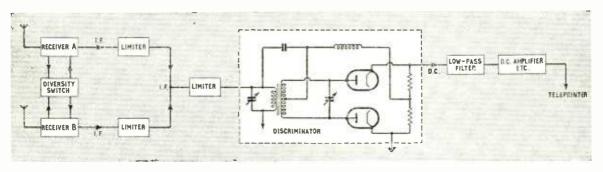
In considering this phase of the operation we must bear in mind that we are conveying intelligence by varying a signal, whose frequency may be as high as 30 Mc/s, by 850 c/s or less. Consequently, frequency stability is of more than secondary importance whatever system of reception is used.

In the discriminator system, Fig. 1, the r.f. signal is converted to a fairly low i.f. and passed through a limiter to a linear discriminator of the conventional f.m. type. The frequency-shifted signal will thus produce at the discriminator output a d.c. signal of positive or negative sign (polarized) which can be passed through a low-pass filter and further amplifiers, shaping circuits, etc., to the teleprinter. At first sight, it would appear that provided the discriminator be made with a sufficiently long linear characteristic, this system should be very tolerant of frequency drift, but in practice any drift causes a standing d.c. component to appear at the discriminator output resulting in bias distortion. Various methods of eliminating this bias have been evolved but they all involve other difficulties. The discriminator system is, however, much more tolerant of varying values of shift than the twofilter system and this is an advantage in some types of service as shift values are not yet by any means standardized.

The two-filter system, Fig. 2, involves the use of a heterodyne oscillator at i.f. to produce an audio note of 2,000 to 3,000 c/s whose frequency depends obviously on whether the transmitter is sending mark or space.

This audio signal is passed through a bandpass filter and limiters to two further filters tuned to the mark and space frequencies respectively. The outputs of these filters are rectified, filtered and dealt with as before to produce the polarized d.c. signal for the teleprinter. With the two-filter system in the case of small drifts the bias distortion per cycle of drift is very much lower than with the discriminator system. As long as the mark and space frequencies stay within the pass-bands of their respective filters there will be virtually no bias distortion. However, as these filters should for other considerations be made as narrow as possible it could be that the discriminator method would produce some signal from a carrier which had drifted too far to work with the two-filter system, but for many commercial applications, where accuracy is all-important, this might be a doubtful advantage.





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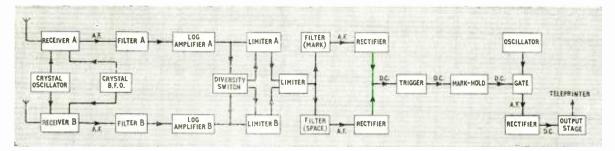


Fig. 2. Schematic diagram of a two-filter dual-diversity f.s.k. system.

It appears, therefore, that while the discriminator system may produce polarized signals under worse conditions than the other, the bias distortion in such circumstances would probably be excessive and at lower values of drift there is reason to believe that the twofilter system would produce lower distortion.

Work has been done in connection with both systems on the application of a.f.c. (automatic frequency control) and automatic bias adjustment at various points in the system but in the present congested condition of the short-wave bands, there is always a grave danger of the a.f.c. locking on to a strong interfering signal and causing a complete breakdown of communication.

It will be appreciated that in f.s.k. systems, the effects of level changes at the receiving aerial are less important than with some other systems since the continuous carrier simplifies a.g.c. problems and the ability to use a.f. or i.f. limiters further helps to reduce the effects of fading.

Holding Signal

A further feature which has to be introduced into the telegraph converter arises from the arrangement whereby the sending teleprinter, when not sending traffic, transmits a continuous mark signal. This prevents the receiving machine from being operated by noise and also after a continuous mark has been received for a given time the motor of the receiving machine is stopped until a further start signal is received. Because an interruption of the carrier would result in the mark signal not being received, with a consequent chance of the receiving machine being started by noise, it is usual to incorporate in a radio teleprinter system a "mark-hold" device which automatically produces a mark signal locally at a fixed time after the last space pulse, in the absence of any further signal.

It is not proposed to deal in detail with transmitting systems as these were covered at some length in the article by Roddam already referred to. Two points are worth noting, however; first, that compared with the c.w. on-off system f.s.k. is much less likely to distort the signal elements in the transmitter. In the case of c.w. on-off (which is for all practical purposes a 100% square wave amplitude modulation) the keying, being usually carried out in an early stage, may be subject to considerable distortion by the succeeding non-linear amplifiers. As there is a constant level of carrier in f.s.k., this trouble is avoided. The second point to be noted is that it is most important that the transition between mark and space be as smooth as possible; an abrupt and discontinuous change between mark and space will give rise to

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spurious radiations and other undesirable effects.

Now to consider the question of frequency stability in relation to practical conditions. First, the comparatively small clear space allocated to each radio telegraph circuit makes it essential, no matter what system of telegraph conversion is used, to have the highest selectivity in the receiver compatible with conveying the intelligence. (In the case of an 850-c/s shift the bandwidth cannot safely be much less than 1,500 c/s). The skirts of the i.f. response curve should be as steep as possible. With such selectivities the stability of both transmitter and receiver must be high and crystal control of the transmitter and of the receiver change-frequency oscillator is really essential if the system is not to fail by simple inability to convey any signal at all.

Stability of shift must next be considered. If the mark and space frequencies drift in opposite direction by the same amount no bias distortion will be introduced but if both drift in the same direction, or if only one drifts (both of which effects are more likely in practice) bias distortion will be introduced, particularly in the discriminator system and in the twofilter case excessive drift of any type may overstep the pass-band of the filters.

It will be seen that a fairly high degree of frequency stability at all points in the system is essential, but if the station is to be continuously attended by a skilled operator who can devote most of his attention to a single radio channel it is possible (having made sure that neither shift, carrier nor receiver c.f.o. frequency are subject to violent and random changes) to provide monitoring devices and fine controls so that the operator may at all times keep the circuit at peak efficiency. A drawback of this system is that before a new circuit can be brought into service, some time must be wasted in lining up before traffic can be accepted as such a system cannot be adjusted in the absence of a signal from the corresponding transmitter.

Unattended Operation

For certain types of service (such as aeronautical) the teleprinters may be located remotely from the radio station and many circuits may be in use at once under the control of operators whose accomplishments do not in any case lie in the direction of skilled adjustment of radio equipment. Similarly, it may be necessary to make many changes of frequency during a 24-hour period under circumstances which allow no time to be wasted in preliminary lining up. This problem has been the subject of some years' investigation by the writer's company in collaboration with International Aeradio and it is now believed that field test data has been collected on a scale sufficient to show that given stabilities of mean transmitted carrier, shift and receiver change-frequency oscillator and b.f.o. of the order of 1 part in 10⁶ (which is quite practicable) a system can be built which is capable of virtually unattended operation and in which new channels may be brought into use without preliminary lining up. A typical receiving equipment might have four dual-diversity channels and any one of four radio circuits can be selected remotely, but it is only necessary in this account to describe one channel.

A pair of receivers operating from spaced aerials has its c.f.o. signal provided by a separate unit using a temperature-controlled crystal oscillator in an oven stabilized by a temperature-sensitive resistance bridge.

B.F.O. signals to each receiver are supplied from another temperature-controlled unit which has alternative crystal-controlled and variable oscillators. The stability of all the above crystal oscillators is of the order of 1 part in 10⁶. Alarm circuits on all the ovens give warning should the temperature control fail.

A.F. signals from both receivers are passed to a converter unit via an input band-pass filter whence they pass through logarithmic amplifiers and limiters to the mark and space filters. The outputs from these filters are rectified and combined to produce a low-level polarized d.c. signal.

The converter unit also accomplishes the diversity switching. The signals from the receivers are made to operate an electronic switching device which selects the stronger of the two signals and suppresses the other. The characteristics of the switch are such that with the signals on both aerials subjected to a 20-db fade the stronger signal is still selected as long as there is a difference of 3 db. The output level of the converter is arranged to vary not more than 1 db for a 60-db change in input.

The converter output is fed to a keyer amplifier unit where the signal is re-shaped and amplified to a level sufficient to work three teleprinters. The ability of the keyer amplifier to re-shape the signals to some extent is an important factor in operation under adverse conditions.

Various built-in test and measuring devices enable the apparatus to be set up in the absence of a signal. The variable b.f.o. facilities enable some degree of compensation to be carried out under local-control conditions when working against an unstable transmitter, but full realization of the benefits of the precise frequency control system necessitates the use of a very stable transmitting system and the drive equipment illustrated was designed to provide such a facility although there are many transmitters already in service of adequate performance.

The drive equipment uses h.f. oscillators and keyer amplifiers identical with those already described, together with shifter units giving crystal control of mean carrier and shift frequencies. These shifter units enable a number of preset channel frequencies to be selected by remote control and on each channel the shift is automatically adjusted to allow for the multiplication in use in the transmitter. A drive guard unit ensures that power cannot be applied to a transmitter unless drive is available. Warning devices operate should any of the ovens fail.

Using the two equipments described it is possible to set up a communications system on a number of frequencies between two points and to switch from one channel to another as propagation conditions dictate without any lining up or other attention and without interruption of the service.

MOBILE RADEO

Compact Sets Intended for Unskilled Operation

A RANGE of compact radio-telephone sets for use in motor cars, taxi cabs and various kinds of commercial vehicles and at the communicating fixed stations is now made by Hudson Electronic Devices, Ltd., Appach Road, London, S.W.2.

The sets are intended for unskilled operation and ease of servicing, and work on fixed frequencies controlled by close-tolerance quartz crystals in the band 60 to 185 Mc/s. While the same basic-circuit is used throughout, slight



Hudson v.h.f. mobile radio-telephone installation. The unit on the left is the power supply.

differences are found in the sets for the high and the low part of the band; for design purposes it is divided into two parts, low covering 60 to 100 Mc/s and high 101 to 185 Mc/s. In general the high-band sets have one or two valves more than the low.

Transmitters follow well-tried practice, using a crystalcontrolled oscillator and frequency multipliers to give the working frequency and an r.f. power amplifier which is normally anode modulated. The r.f. output is about 5

watts for mobile and 6 watts for fixed sets.

Receivers are a little different to the usual in that they employ a double superheterodyne circuit with one oscillator only. This is crystal stabilized and different harmonics are selected for the two frequency changers.

Installation costs of such equipment must inevitably vary according to circumstances, but a typical mobile equipment complete works out at about £85 and a fixed station at £120, plus cost of aerial.

Alternative models are available for f.m. or a.m. and for rotary generator or vibrator operation.

Focusing Cathode Rays

How Electron Lenses are Arranged in C.R. Tubes By "CATHODE RAY"

HIS is really a continuation of last month's issue ("Electron Optics") on the principles of electric deflection and focusing. So first will come a summary of the findings; then examples of how they are applied in cathode-ray tubes; and lastly something about magnetic focusing.

Cathode rays are Here, then, is the summary. streams of electrons in a vacuum. Each electron conforms very closely to Newton's laws of motion; that is to say, so long as it is not acted upon by any force it stays where it is or moves at constant speed in a straight line, and when a force acts on it in any direction it accelerates in that direction at a rate proportional to the force. An electron is so light that the force of gravity on it is negligible, but it responds smartly to electric and magnetic fields. An electric field is usually measured in volts per metre (or cm), and an electron placed in such a field accelerates positive-wards along the imaginary lines of electric These lines are at right angles to the equiforce. potential lines, i.e., lines joining all points at the same potential. If the electric field is curved, or the electron already has some velocity in a different direction, its track does not coincide with any line of force, but bends in towards it as the acceleration in that direction increases; just as a ball thrown out of a top-floor window does not immediately follow the lines of gravitational force downwards but curves gradually towards that direction. Consequently an electron's track can be bent more sharply by a given electric field when the electron is travelling slowly than when Its speed depends on the field strength it is fast. multiplied by the distance through which it has acted, and this product is the total potential difference; if it is denoted by V volts the speed reached by the electron from a standing start is $593 \sqrt{V}$ kilometres per second. The track of an electron in a given electric field pattern can be calculated from these principles, but the practical problem, which is the reverse-to find the shapes and voltages of electrodes needed to produce a field pattern that will make the electrons in a cathode ray follow a desired pattern of tracks-is more difficult, and is largely a matter of cut and try. A help towards visualizing the relationship between electric field patterns and electron tracks is the analogy in which electrons are represented by little balls, electric field by gravity, intensity of field by gradient of the surface along which the balls roll, p.d. by difference in height, and equipotential lines by contour lines.

The problem in any cathode-ray tube is to persuade the electrons, which tend to fly off in all directions by mutual repulsion, to converge to a particular point somewhere on the fluorescent screen. If they were sent towards this point slowly, their mutual repulsion would again have time to work and they could not be crowded together to produce a sufficiently small and intense spot. But if they are shot towards it at many

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thousands of miles per second they are there before they have time to realize that they hate one another's faces. So that is why a high voltage is applied between cathode and anode—which is sometimes very appropriately called the accelerator.

The converging, or focusing, can be done by either electric or magnetic fields, or of course both. In most oscilloscope tubes focusing is done by electric fields. In most television tubes it is done magnetically, but there is a tendency now to revert to electric focusing in order to save the cost of the magnet.

Before we tackle a complete c.r. tube it may help to clarify our mental pictures if we review the simple process of making a broad stream of marbles converge towards a point. Suppose they are being delivered uniformly along the front AB in Fig. 1 and that we want them to arrive at C. To get them moving in that direction it is of course necessary to make the surface slope down towards it. The speed they develop (friction neglected) is $8 \sqrt{H}$, where H is the total height in feet they lose in the process; this formula is analogous to $593 \sqrt{V}$ for electrons. To obtain, in addition, convergence towards C the obvious method is to channel the slope into a sort of valley. The marbles respond best to this treatment near the

Fig. 1. Contour map of a valley slope (Fig. 2) for making marbles roll from AB to C. The numbers attached to the contour lines are in inches above C level. The other dotted lines are the tracks of the marbles: note that by the time they have reached the last (zero) contour their momentum prevents them from rolling down exactly at right angles to the contour lines.

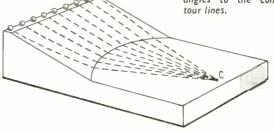


Fig. 2. Model, of which Fig. 1 is the contour map. An electric field having equipotential lines of the same pattern as the contour lines of the model would make electrons follow similar tracks.

start, before they have got up enough speed for their momentum to have much effect. Once their tracks have been directed towards C, it doesn't matter if the rest of the ground is flat. One procedure would be to make a model as in Fig. 2 and vary the shape of the channel until the balls actually did all arrive at C. Fig. 1 could then be derived from it, as a contour map of the model, the numbers on the contour lines being "inches above C level." Note that at first the tracks are almost at right angles to the contour, but nearer the foot the marble's momentum (neglected in the similar diagram last month) makes them swing out slightly.

Alternatively, if one were better at maths than at modelling, the contour lines required to obtain the converging tracks could be calculated and plotted as in Fig. 1, and these contour lines used to form an experimental model as in Fig. 2, by which the calculation could be checked. If now an electrode system were designed to produce equipotential lines shaped exactly like the contour lines in Fig. 1, electrons released along AB ought to converge on C, provided that their speed was sufficient for their mutual repulsion to be negligible. Of course the potentials of the equipotential lines must be proportional to *minus* the heights of the contours.

Gravity models have actually been used in the practical development of electron lenses, but a more usual device is the electrolytic tank, mentioned last month.

Typical Focusing System

Let us now follow the evolution of a typical electric focusing system or lens in a c.r. tube. To show what happens in the small holes through which the beam passes it is necessary to draw these parts larger than life, and if the whole tube were drawn on the same scale—well, the Editor would disapprove! So the diagrams that follow, which are longitudinal sections, are *not* accurately to scale.

The first requirement in the vacuum tube is a heated cathode, for emitting the electrons; and next, an anode for accelerating them in the desired direction. If the anode were simply a plate, the electrons would all crash into it and there would be no beam to light up the screen. So a hole is made in the centre of the anode, as in Fig. 3. Removing this bit of metal does not much affect the potential of the space it leaves, for that space is surrounded by metal at the

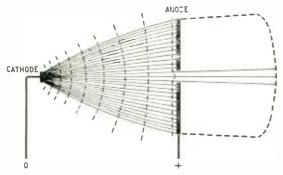


Fig. 3. Equipotential lines (dotted) and electron tracks in a tube having only a cathode and perforated anode. The space enclosed by the dotted boundary on the right is supposed to be all at the same potential as the anode.

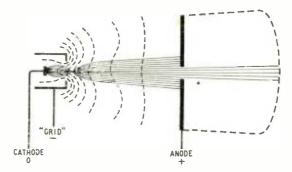


Fig. 4. The addition of a cylindrical control electrode ("grid") at a slightly negative potential provides a more highly concentrated and controllable electron beam.

anode potential. So electrons starting off from the cathode scarcely notice the difference. As we saw last month, the equipotential lines are closer together where the lines of force diverge from a relatively small electrode, which means that the electrical slope is steepest near the start, and the electrons accelerate very rapidly.

Electrons right on the axis go clean through the hole, for although the anode attraction becomes increasingly sideways as they approach it, the sideways pulls are equal all round and cancel out. Even electrons slightly off the axis are travelling so fast by the time they are near the hole that only those very close to the edge would be deflected sufficiently to hit the anode. In Fig. 3 a contour line has been drawn very close to the anode to show how the field tends to follow the shape of the anode into the hole. The tendency for the electron tracks to be attracted towards the lines of force at right-angles to this line is small, and does little more than cause the beam that goes through the hole to spread out slightly. To prevent it from being spread out more by positive surroundings beyond the anode, or being repelled back to the anode by negative surroundings, the space beyond the anode is kept at or near anode potential so that the electrons that get through continue on in straight lines.

An obvious disadvantage of the system so far is that most of the electrons go to waste by colliding with the anode, leaving only a feeble beam to light the screen. One step towards remedying this is to start the electrons off on the right lines by making them run the gauntlet of a negatively charged cylinder, as in Fig. 4. If this is made too negative it neutralizes the strong but distant attraction of the anode and prevents any electrons from getting out, so it serves the double purpose of beam-forming and controlling the amount of beam current, and by analogy with a valve (rather than any physical resemblance) is usually called the grid. One of its effects is to focus the beam at a point just beyond where the beam emerges from the grid. In a well-designed tube the diameter of the beam at this point (called the cross-over) is smaller than the emitting surface of the cathode, so in effect the electrons are coming from a close approximation to the ideal point source, to the benefit of subsequent focusing.

If the screen were just beyond the anode the spot of light would be little bigger than the hole in the anode. But to leave room for deflecting the beam over a reasonable area the screen has to be a considerable distance beyond the anode, and even if the hole

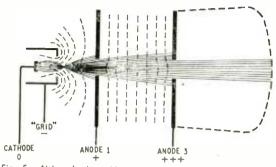


Fig. 5. Although the addition of another disk anode at a higher potential does not improve the focusing it is a step towards an effective electron lens—Fig. 6.

were extremely small the beam would spread too much to give fine definition, and, moreover (having come through such a small hole) it would be very weak. So the hole is made relatively large and the wide beam going through it is made to converge. The arrangement that does this is the electrons lens proper. There are innumerable varieties, but many of them comprise three anodes; in some, these anodes are kept at progressively higher potentials; in others, the first and third are highly positive and the second is less so, or even at or near cathode potential. Fig. 5 shows the sort of thing that would happen if the first and third anodes were disks with relatively large holes and the middle anode were omitted. The field between the anodes would be fairly uniform and would accelerate the beam but have little or no focusing effect.

Now put in a middle anode of cylindrical shape, as in Fig. 6. The metal wall of the cylinder short-circuits the electric field, for obviously it is all at the same potential, and so the equipotential lines are crowded together at the edges of the cylinder but are free to spread out in the centre. Remembering that the electrons tend to take the shortest cut from one equipotential line to another (but at the speed they are now doing they only tend to do so) we see that this pattern will make them converge. If it is found that the point to which they converge is, say, short of the screen, then by raising the potential of the middle anode some of the equipotential lines are transferred from the converging region to the diverging region, and the point of convergence is pushed farther away from the lens. This adjustment alone does not ensure that all rays converge on the same point to give a sharp focus; that depends to some extent on the voltages applied to the other anodes, but mainly on the shapes of all the anodes.

Reversing Potential Gradient

A system basically like that just described is quite usual in oscilloscope tubes. The requirements for television are more exacting, and in a recent design there are four anodes: the first at only about +250 V, to attract the electrons gently through the grid orifice; the second and fourth forming a long cylinder with one section removed; and the third, between them, at about zero volts. The second and fourth are at about +10,000 V. One important thing to note about this and many other electric lenses is that the potential gradient reverses (in this example between the second and third anodes). After having fallen rapidly down a steep slope, the electrons have to go uphill for a short distance, like a switchback. If they strike this upward slope head-on, at right angles to the equipotential lines, all that happens is that they are decelerated. The final velocity corresponds to the net difference of potential between start and finish. But if they strike the upward slope at an angle, that angle is *increased* by the slope (instead of being diminished, as it would be if the slope were downward). One can easily check this by rolling balls up a slope. Of course, if the slope rises to a greater height than the original starting point, it fails to clear the summit and rolls back; but in the electron lens with the zeropotential third anode this condition is avoided by placing it so that it is largely screened by the 10 kV anodes.

I hope that by the time of the next Radio Show someone will have made a gravitational model for the educational stand. A better method than messing around with plaster of Paris is to mount a sheet of rubber in a horizontal frame and clamp portions of it (corresponding to sections of electrodes) at heights representing the potentials of those electrodes. It could be a simple matter for the heights to be variable, showing the effects of focusing adjustments and also of deflecting potentials, about which I have said nothing, because their principle ought by now to be obvious.

Of course, it must be realized that although such a model is three-dimensional it represents the electric field pattern in only two dimensions—a cross-section of the electron lens, as in Figs. 1-6 here. The lens is (or should be) symmetrical around its axis, so that the same diagrams or models hold good for all longitudinal sections. Equipotentials are always *surfaces*; it is only in section that they appear as lines.

The reason why this three-dimensional situation can be discussed on two-dimensional paper is that the direction in which electrons are accelerated by an electric field is the same as the direction of the field (lines of force). And the reason why the effects of magnetic fields are so much more difficult to visualize is that the direction of acceleration is at right angles both to the direction of the electron's movement and the direction of the field, so even when the problem is presented in its simplest form it still involves three dimensions. And in a solemn session of the Institution of Electrical Engineers I once heard one learned gentleman after another confess that visualizing anything in three dimensions was quite a headache. (Viewers of "3D" films will doubtless heartily agree.) However, it is a difficulty that is basic to electro-magnetism. In

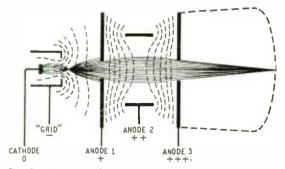


Fig. 6. An intermediate anode of cylindrical shape bends the equibotential lines (which are actually sections of equipotential surfaces) as here, making the beam converge to a point on the fluorescent screen.

ordinary electrical engineering—dynamos, motors, etc. —the problem is often a little easier because the electrons are confined to conductors, which are usually not free to move just anywhere. Electrons in a vacuum are not so bound. Their gyrations under the influence of combined electric and magnetic fields are the mathematicians' delight—but the non-mathematicians' despair.

However. Suppose we start with an electron gun something like that shown in Fig. 4, but with a larger hole, through which a slightly diverging beam of electrons is shot at high speed towards the screen. And suppose now that we wind a long coil around the beam, as in Fig. 7, producing a magnetic field pointing the same way as the electrons. What happens? To those electrons right at the centre of the beam, along its axis, nothing; for their path coincides exactly with the axial magnetic line of force, so they do not cut across the field, even slightly. So far as they are concerned there might not be a field. But those that are diverging do cut across the field, and so come under the law that makes electric motors motor. The appropriate memory-aider is the Left Hand Rule: if the thumb and first two fingers are stuck out all at right angles to one another, and the First finger is pointed in the direction of the magnetic Flux, and the seCond finger in the direction of the Current (which is opposite to the direction of the electrons) across the flux, the thuMb shows the direction in which the electrons tend to Move because of the electromagnetic force.

Cathode's-eye View

Now in our c.r. tube the movement of the electrons, in so far as it is straight down the tube, parallel to its axis, is not across the flux at all, so merely confuses the issue; the proper viewpoint for seeing the movement across the flux without the axial movement is from the cathode. So here, Fig. 8, is a cathode's-eye view of the electron beam. Electrons along the axis remain at the centre all the time so do not appear to be moving at all; all others appear to be radiating outwards. Let us fix our attention on one particular electron just leaving the cross-over and diverging to the right. Since, for purposes of the left-hand rule, that is equivalent to a current in the opposite direction, the second finger should point to the left. The forefinger is pointing away, along the flux line, so the thumb shows that the force acting on the electron will make it accelerate downwards. If for simplicity we assumed (what in a real tube is not likely to be true) that the speed of divergence was constant, and also (what is certainly not true) that the direction of

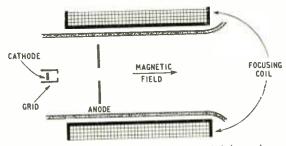
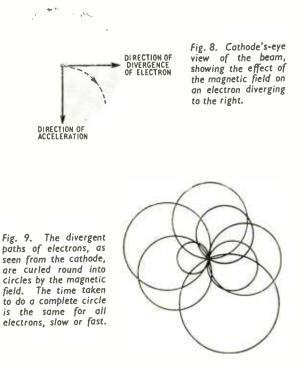


Fig. 7. Section of electron gun, surrounded by a long coll designed to produce a nearly uniform magnetic field down the tube in the same direction as the electron beam.



acceleration continued to be downwards, then the path of the electron would be a curve as shown dotted. This is the same kind of curve as that traced by a ball thrown horizontally, and for the same reason —that the ball is given a constant speed horizontally, combined with a steadily growing speed downwards.

In practice, during the first stage of the electron's flight, from cross-over to anode, it is not going at uniform speed but is being accelerated by an electric field; it is only from the anode onwards that its horizontal motion is at constant speed. However, this complication is largely offset by the fact that the electromagnetic force causing the electron to accelerate downward is proportional to the speed of the electron as well as to the strength of the magnetic field. The real complication is the second one-that the downward acceleration doesn't keep on being downward. It is always at right angles to the electron, so directly the electron starts curving downward as in Fig. 8 the magnetic acceleration veers round to the leftwards. This makes the electron curve all the quicker, which keeps the acceleration veering, and so on. When the ordinary mind tries to follow the electron it is therefore likely to become very dizzy. Even the chap who rather fancies his proficiency with the calculus and tackles the thing mathematically may quite possibly get himself into a mess.

But the situation is exactly similar to a very familiar one—a weight being whirled round at the end of a string, or, if you prefer, the earth revolving round the sun. The weight, let us suppose, is given a constant speed in a certain direction—say the original direction of the electron in Fig. 8. But being attached to the string it cannot go out in a straight line; it goes round in a circle centred at the point where the other end of the string is fixed. To keep it in this orbit, the string has to exert a tensional force. This force is obviously always at right angles to the direc-

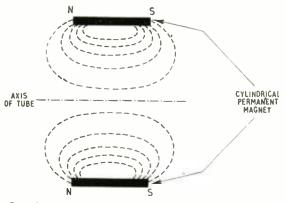


Fig. 10. In practice a short magnet is used, and the effect on the electrons is more complicated.

Fig. 11. One effect of shortening the magnet is to change the circles of Fig. 9 into shapes more like this. The final result can still be satisfactory, and much more conveniently obtained.

tion the weight is going. And if the speed of the weight is constant, so too is the force. Since these are exactly the conditions that govern the movement of the electron, it is reasonable to suppose (and it can be confirmed mathematically) that the electron whirls round in a circle.

Corkscrew Electron Tracks

All electrons have the same mass and charge, and we are assuming that the magnetic field is the same for all, so for a given speed they all experience the same force. Actually, of course, the speeds with which they cross the field are different; those only just off the axis diverge much more slowly than those on the outside of the beam. But if the equation for centrifugal force is applied to weights that are all the same, and force proportional to speed, it shows that the time for one complete revolution is the same for all, regardless of speed. The faster speeds are handicapped by having to take bigger circles. The same applies to electrons. So after a certain time all electrons that started off from the centre together, whether fast or slow, have done one revolution and arrive back on the axis again simultaneously. In the meantime, of course, they have been travelling down the tube, so the electron tracks are actually like a corkscrew-or a helix, to be more scientific. Fig. 9 shows one curl each of a few electron tracks as seen from the cathode. The small circles are made by slowly diverging electrons; the larger circles by the faster ones.

Increasing the strength of the magnetic field increases the centre-wards force on all the electrons, so tightens their curls and reduces the time they take to execute each complete turn. To get a well-focused spot it is obvious that the strength of the magnet must be adjusted so that one of the times when all the electrons meet again is the moment they reach the fluorescent screen—which is a grand place for a reunion; they all get beautifully lit up.

Obvious it may be, but quite unpractical. To keep the electrons corkscrewing all the way to the screen it would be necessary to maintain the uniform magnetic field all the way there—a point that seems to have been overlooked in some of the drawings I have seen, purporting to explain magnetic focusing. Even to provide a magnet as long as the one in Fig. 7, extending as far as where the tube begins to open out, is too expensive and inconvenient, let alone one enveloping the entire tube, screen and all! So in practice a very short magnet is used, producing a curved field pattern something like Fig. 10. If you have been thinking that the theory of magnetic focusing has already been complicated enough, even with our beautifully uniform but quite unpractical field, you (and I) may well quail at the prospect of having to trace precisely what happens to diverging electrons in a field that varies rapidly both in strength and direction. But the operative word is "precisely." We can make a guess at roughly what happens.

At first, before an electron gets into the magnetic field, it is diverging quite happily in a straight line. But before it has had time to go too far, at the comparatively slow speed of this first stage of the journey, it finds itself going through the magnet ring, with a strong magnetic pull making it wheel round sharply. The magnet has been made of such a strength that by the time the electron is beyond its influence it has done an about-turn and is converging towards the axis again, as in the view from the cathode in Fig. 11. It is now also shooting towards the screen at really high speed, and, if everything has been done right, hits it just as it (and all its mates that left the cathode at the same moment) are on the axis again. Of course this is assuming the beam is not being deflected. If it is, then they meet elsewhere, but as all are equally deflected they do meet.

But don't ask me to produce a mechanical analogy to demonstrate all this! The proof of the thing is on your TV screen.

Awards for Technical Authors

THE Radio Industry Council's premiums for technical writers for the year 1953 are now announced; as will be recalled, these awards are made with the object of encouraging the publication of clearly written expositions of British achievements in radio and electronics.

Premiums of 25 guineas each are awarded to the authors of the following articles: —

"Spectrum Equalization," by G. G. Gouriet (Wireless Engineer, May).

"Triode Transformation Groups," by A. W. Keen (Wireless Engineer, October).

"A Cylindrical Magnetron Ionization Gauge," by A. H. Beck and A. D. Brisbane (Vacuum, April).

"The Scanning Electron Microscope and the Electron-Optical Examination of Surfaces," by D. McMullan (Electronic Engineering, February).

"A Linear Sweep Cathode-Ray Polarograph," by H. M. Davis and Miss J. E. Seaborn (*Electronic Engineering*, August).

"Selective Calling for Radio-Telephone Systems," by J. R. Pollard (*Electronic Engineering*, December).

Improved Radio Altimeter

Servo Principle Giving Greater Freedom From Noise

By A. BLOCH,* K. E. BUECKS[†] and A. G. HEATON[‡]

HE radio altimeter has now become quite a wellknown instrument for giving the pilot of an aircraft an indication of his clearance height above the terrain. Like many distance-measuring devices it works on the echo or radar principle, only instead of pulses it makes use of frequency modulation to obtain the actual measurement. A frequency-modulated continuous wave is transmitted downwards from the aircraft and is reflected back from the ground. By the time it reaches the aircraft again the transmitter frequency has changed, so there is a difference between the frequency of the received wave and that of the transmitted wave. This frequency difference is, of course, proportional to the time delay experienced by the returning wave, and so to the height of the aircraft above ground, and in the instrument it is obtained simply by heterodyning the two waves and taking the resultant difference frequency.

A new instrument has now been designed which works on this familiar principle but has improved sensitivity. It will give a reliable indication of height up to 5,000ft with an accuracy of $\pm 3\% \pm 5$ ft and over all types of ground—including dry desert which reflects only 3% of the incident power. At the same time the new instrument avoids certain complications, such as range-switching, which were necessary in previous designs. It uses a continuous-wave transmission, the frequency of which is varied linearly with time between 1,605 and 1,655 Mc/s.

One method of obtaining the greater sensitivity has been by the use of the superheterodyne principle. This achieves the required large amplification of the received signal without introducing difficulties brought about by microphonic noise created in the amplifier by the vibration of the aircraft. The wave returned from the ground may have an amplitude of only one millionth or less of the amplitude of the wave transmitted and may thus require an amplification of 10⁻ times in order to operate a robust indicator.

Instead of the returned wave being heterodyned with the transmitted wave, it is heterodyned with an auxiliary wave, the frequency of which is always 110 Mc/s higher than the transmitted wave. This auxiliary frequency is created by mixing part of the output of the transmitting oscillator with the output of a 110-Mc/s oscillator and filtering out the desired component. If the returned wave had been heterodyned with the transmitted wave directly the resultant beat frequency would have been an audio frequency. Here, however, it is 110 Mc/s plus or minus this audio frequency, which is, of course, quite low compared with 110 Mc/s, so that for brevity we can still speak

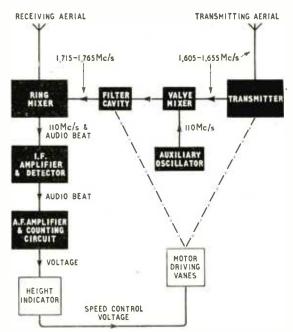
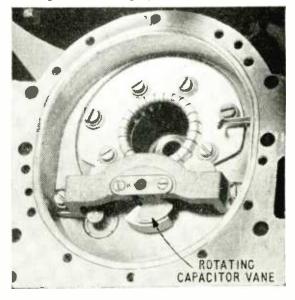


Fig. 1. Simplified block schematic illustrating the principle of the altimeter.

Fig. 2. The cavity resonator of the transmitting oscillator, showing the small rotating capic tor vane.



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⁺ Royal Aircraft Establishment.

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of an intermediate frequency of 110 Mc/s. This intermediate frequency is amplified about a thousand times and then mixed with the output of the auxiliary 110-Mc/s oscillator. As a result, beats are produced of the same audio frequency as if the returned wave had been heterodyned directly with the transmitted wave. These beats are subsequently amplified and sent to an indicating mechanism, which will be described below. The exact frequency of the 110-Mc/s oscillator is immaterial, as long as it stays within the pass band of the i.f. amplifier.

Additional protection against noise is obtained by an application of the principles of servo mechanisms to keep the bandwidth of the amplifier smaller than it would be normally. In order to get a sufficiently accurate indication of heights below 900ft the constants of the altimeter are chosen so that for this height a beat frequency of just 10 kc/s is produced. Under the same conditions at 5,000ft a beat frequency of over 50 kc/s would be produced, so that an amplifier of this bandwidth would be required, which would pass five times as much noise as an amplifier with a bandwidth of only 10 kc/s. In order to avoid this the following scheme has been adopted. The frequency variation of the transmitting oscillator is produced by a rotating capacitor vane driven by a small motor. Once a height of 900ft has been reached, any further increase in height is arranged to cause a reduction of the voltage supplied to the driving motor, slowing down the motor until a beat frequency of 10 kc/s is restored. Obviously, the amount of slowing down of the motor is just as much a measure of the height reached as is the frequency attained with constant motor speed. The additional advantage of this scheme is that from a height of 900ft upwards the beat frequency produced is always 10 kc/s, and it is possible to make the audio amplifier most sensitive to this particular frequency. Thus the weaker signals, i.e., signals received at heights greater than 900ft, get maximum amplification.

Circuit Arrangement

Fig. 1 shows the layout of the instrument and the relation of its various parts. The transmitting oscillator consists of a triode operating in a cavity resonator (Fig. 2). This resonator is modulated through the range 1,605-1,655 Mc/s by a small rotating capacitor vane driven by a special d.c. motor. (In this motor the speed of rotation is an accurate measure of the voltage applied to the terminals of the motor, a property required in the operation of the servo mechanism.) The larger part of the oscillator output is fed to the transmitting aerial. A small part is fed to the valve mixer, where it is mixed with the output of an auxiliary 110-Mc/s oscillator. This mixer valve, a triode, also operates in a cavity resonator which is of similar dimensions to the transmitting oscillator c_vity and is always kept in tune with the required frequency (110 Mc/s above the transmitter frequency) by a rotating capacitor vane mounted on the same shaft as the vane of the transmitting cavity. The output of this filter cavity is used as the "local oscillation" and is mixed with the received signal in the ring mixer.

The ring mixer is a so-called balanced mixer, i.e., a type in which two mixing elements (here silicon crystals) are operated simultaneously in such a way that the effect of any amplitude modulation of the local oscillator frequency is cancelled in their com-

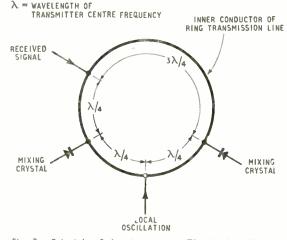


Fig. 3. Principle of the ring mixer. The local oscillation is fed to the crystals in phase while the returned signal is fed to them 180 out of phase. The i.f. outputs from the crystals are then in opposite phase and as they are combined by subtraction any unwanted amblitude modulation of the local oscillation is cancelled out.



Fig. 4. The ring mixer consists of a coaxial transmission line, 1.5 wavelengths long, formed into a circle. This is an opened-up view.

bined output as far as possible (Figs. 3 and 4). The output of the ring mixer consists of a 110-Mc/s intermediate frequency with a superimposed audio beat corresponding to the height of the aircraft. This is passed through an i.f. amplifier, which has a bandwidth of 1.5 Mc/s, and then on to a detector where the audio beat frequency is obtained. After amplification the audio beat goes to a counting circuit which produces an output voltage proportional to the rate of the beat.

It has already been mentioned that the altimeter has two different modes of operation: one, below 900ft, where the modulating motor is run at constant speed and the frequency of the beats is taken as a measure of height; and another one, for heights above 900ft, where the beat frequency is kept constant at 10 kc/s and the motor speed is taken as a measure of height. The altimeter must therefore include some mechanism which will automatically change from one mode of operation to the other one without an external switching operation.



One end of the chassis showing the cavity resonator of the valve mixer and the capacitor-vane driving wheels.

The voltage from the counting circuit is compared with a voltage derived from a potentiometer that is mechanically coupled to the height indicator. Any unbalance detected is used to control the motor which sets the potentiometer and indicator in such a way as to eliminate the unbalance. For heights below 900ft the voltage derived from the counter is (because of the constant speed of the modulating motor) proportional to the height of the aircraft. The voltage derived from the potentiometer is proportional to the height shown by the indicator. Thus the position of the indicator will always reflect the rate at which the beats are produced and therefore show the correct height (Fig. 5).

Second Mode of Operation

The potentiometer is constructed in such a way, however, that once the indicator setting exceeds 900ft it provides constant output, irrespective of height. Evidently its output can then only be balanced if the modulating motor is slowed down. For this purpose there is mechanically coupled to the first potentiometer a second potentiometer which supplies the voltage for the modulating motor. If the indicator shows a height of less than 900ft this second potentiometer is in a "flat" portion of its range and thus supplies the required constant voltage for the modulating motor. But if the indicator goes to a height of more than 900ft the potentiometer is in an appropriately graded part of its range and supplies to the motor a voltage which decreases with the height shown by the indicator. Hence, when the aircraft rises to a height of more than 900ft the indicator motor-not being able to establish a balance on any setting of the indicator of less than 900ft-will run on, drive the first potentiometer on to its "flat" portion and the second potentiometer on to its graded portion. It will thereby reduce the speed of the modulating motor until there is again



Fig. 5. Face of the height indicator. The full scale represents 1,000 ft, so the pointer makes five revolutions for 5,000 ft. Integral thousands are clockedup in the window at the bottom.

a balance between the output of the counter and the voltage supplied by the first potentiometer (now constant, corresponding to a beat frequency of 10 kc/s). With proper grading of the second potentiometer the setting of the indicator at which balance is obtained and the indicator motor stops corresponds again to the height of the aircraft.

This second mode of operation continues for heights up to 5,000ft. For heights exceeding this figure the motor speed stays constant and an indication is given that the aircraft is above the limiting height. This "hold off" presentation continues above 5,000ft, even if the signal should fade into noise, as sufficient gain is provided before the counting circuit for this to be operated by noise. Such noise represents a signal above 10 kc/s, since the audio amplifier characteristic extends beyond 20 kc/s. It will be apparent that if an output corresponding to a frequency greater than 10 kc/s is produced by the counter, the indicator will run up beyond 5,000ft in an endeavour to find a balance point.

Automatic Change of Characteristics

An additional feature of the altimeter is a system which indicates to the pilot that he is flying at a preselected height and warns him if he drops below this height.

An interesting point about the audio amplifier which magnifies the beat frequency is that it has a system for automatically changing its frequency characteristic to suit the mode of operation of the altimeter. Two input channels are provided. The first is in operation when the signal strength is below a certain level and its characteristic is of the peaked form referred to already. As the signal strength increases a bias is produced which closes this channel and the signal is now transferred to the second channel, which has a flatter characteristic. This arrangement has been chosen because when working at low altitudes; i.e., at low beat frequencies, a peak in the frequency response characteristic at 10 kc/s would cause an undesirable deterioration in the signal/noise ratio.

The aerials used are identical for receiver and transmitter. They are arranged on the aircraft in such a position that the direct transfer of energy from transmitter to receiver is kept at a minimum. An instailation on either side of a tail plane is usually sufficient for this purpose. The directivity of these aerials is prescribed by operational requirements such as angles of bank, dive, or climb during which the reflected signal must be received.

Attenuators for High Frequencies

By R. F. PRIVETT,* M.Se.

Basis for a Design Using Standard Components

ANY r.f. measurements, such as the measurement of receiver gain, require that a known voltage be produced at the input terminals of the unit under test. The input voltage may be too low to permit it to be measured directly, and it is then usual to generate the signal at a level convenient for measurement, to attenuate it to the required level and to transmit it via a screened conductor to the unit under test The combination of oscillator, monitor, attenuator and coaxial cable is called a standard signal generator. This article is intended to give the reader an understanding of that part of a signal generator which is in general the least understood—the output system.

"Cathode Ray" has given an introduction to the subject in which he stresses the importance of matching and illustrates "ladder" attenuators and attenuators which contain "T-section" pads of fixed attenuation, which are selected by the operation of two-pole, two-way, changeover switches. The latter system is the one described in this article, and, as designed, the attenuator can provide any attenuation variable in increments of 1 db, up to a total of 80 db, by the combination of pads of 1, 2, 5 and 10 db loss.

To appreciate the importance of each factor involved in attenuator design it is necessary to consider the following topics: (1) Precautions required in the transmission of r.f. energy and in particular propaga-tion along coaxial cables. (2) The r.f. behaviour of resistors, and the variation of pad attenuation with changes of resistance. (3) The effects of switch capacitance and lead inductance.

In a signal generator one must also consider how best to measure the attenuator input.

The R.F. Transmission Circuit

An output system is illustrated in Fig. 1. The open circuit voltage E of the generator may be measured and held constant and the voltage presented to the unit under test is the voltage e developed across the cable termination Z_{T} . This diagram has been simplified and shows the generator as a source of opencircuit voltage E and internal impedance Z, the attenuator as comprising one "T-section" and the termination as an impedance Z_{T} separate from the unit under test (in practice this unit may provide a part, or all of this terminating impedance).

We will now concern ourselves solely with the requirements placed by the cable on Z_T and Z_s . The physical form of the generator and the behaviour of the attenuator will be discussed later. So let us

WIRELESS WORLD, MARCH 1954

connect the generator directly to the cable by putting

 $R_1 = R_3 - 0$ and $R_2 = \infty$. The characteristic impedance Z_{ν} , of a cable may be defined as the input impedance presented by an infinite length. A lossless cable has a Z_o which is purely resistive and can be calculated in terms of the geometry of the conductors and the dielectric constant of the insulation. Conductor resistance and dielectric loss cause Z₀ to have a reactive component and cause attenuation along the length of the cable, which, however, can be minimized by the choice of an optimum value for Z_o. The standard polytheneinsulated cable is designed for this optimum and has a Z_a which may be taken as resistive, and is nominally 75 ohms with a manufacturing tolerance of a few ohms. For our purpose the cable will be considered lossless.

A length of cable can nevertheless affect the output by introducing impedance transformations; for example a cable of length one quarter of a wavelength can behave as a transformer causing our generator of impedance Z, to appear at the other end of the cable as a generator of impedance $Z' = \frac{Z^2}{Z}$. The open circuit voltage E would be transformed as the square root of the impedance, i.e. $E' = E \sqrt{\frac{Z'}{Z}}$. From the above it follows that the variations of the output voltage e due to changes with frequency in the electrical length of the cable (defined as $\frac{2\pi l}{\lambda}$) can be reduced to zero by making $Z_s = Z_c$. The generator is then matched to the cable and the value of the load Z_{T} is unimportant. By a similar process one may show that the generator impedance Z, is unimportant if $Z_{T} = Z_{o}$.

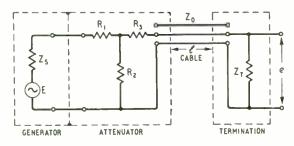


Fig. 1. Simplified circuit of the output system of a signal generator.

General Electric Company (Research Laboratories). "Wireless World," March 1953, p. 131.

In practice the cable may not be uniform and the source or generator may not be perfectly matched. Then it is best to have the cable approximately matched at *both* ends.

It is possible to design the generator impedance to match the cable, and imperfections are more likely to be present at the termination. Part or all of the terminating impedance may be provided by the unit under test, and the effects of mismatches introduced by the unit must be minimized.

As an example of the use of a matched generator in minimizing the effects, consider the problem of providing a constant voltage at the input terminals of an amplifier which has a small input capacitance C. If these terminals are shunted by a resistor the cable can be terminated correctly at low frequencies, but the capacitance will introduce a moderate mismatch at high frequencies. The voltage developed across the terminals has been calculated, by methods outlined in the Appendix, for the case of a matched generator, and for that of a zero impedance or constant-voltage generator. The results for the particular voltage C = 10 pF, cable $Z_0 = 75 \text{ ohms}$ and length l = 1 metre are plotted on Fig. 2. The dotted curve, calculated for a generator of 75 ohms output impedance, shows a loss increasing with frequency to a value of 0.86 db at 200 Mc/s, whereas the full curve, calculated for a zero impedance source, shows large fluctuations with frequency; even at 30 Mc/s the output has risen by 0.5 db.

We may conclude that a generator of the correct output impedance is essential, unless measurement is restricted to frequencies at which the cable has a length less than one-eighth of a wavelength, or to frequencies at which the unit under test can be assumed to match the impedance of the cable.

R.F. Behaviour of **Resistors and Resistance** Networks .--- The low-frequency accuracy of an attenuator using resistance networks is limited by the stability of the component resistors. D.c. measurements of resistance and successive adjustments may be employed to approximate to the required value of resistance with any accuracy likely to be desired, until the error remaining is of the order of the errors expected to arise with age, temperature, humidity, etc.

Unfortunately the resistors of the higher stability generally become extremely reactive at high frequencies, and attenuator design has shown signs of division into two classes. The first class is exemplified by the precision instrument accucarbon high-stability type of resistor. As a useful attenuator can be constructed using the familiar resinbonded carbon type of resistor both types will be considered.

The resistance values required for attenuator pads of 75 ohms characteristic impedance are given in Table I. Each pad is symmetrical so that, in the nomenclature of Fig. 1, $R_1 = R_3$.

A pad in which all the resistances are the same has attractions economically and, as will be shown later, electrically. This pad gives an attenuation of 11.44 db. The values are calculated from the formula:—

$$R_{1} = Z_{0} \left(\frac{N-1}{N-1} \right)$$
$$R_{2} = Z_{0} \left(\frac{2N}{N^{2}-1} \right)$$

where N is the ratio of input current to output current, which in the case of a 3 db pad is $\sqrt{2}$.

The resin-bonded carbon resistor can be obtained in miniature form with ample dissipation for attenuator inputs of a few volts r.m.s., and the required value of resistor can be approximated to within \pm 5 per cent by selection from the preferred standard values of the 5-per cent tolerance range.

For example, half the resistors nominally 20 ohms or 22 ohms should be within 5 per cent of the 21-ohm value required by the 5db pad. With a temperature coefficient averaging 0.05 per cent per degree C and a shelf-life stability of ± 2 per cent, selection to ± 3 per cent would be profitable.

The errors in attenuation between correct values of source and load impedance due to pad resistances of 90 per cent of the correct values are given in Table 11. The values in brackets are those obtained with a

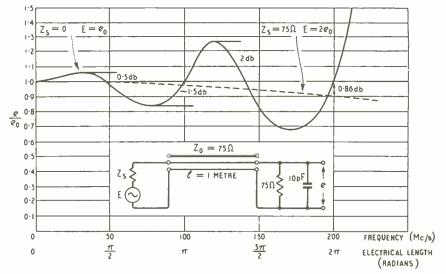
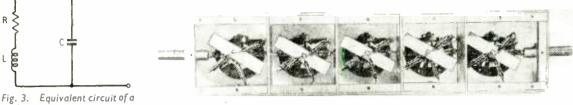


Fig. 2. Effect of source impedance on output voltage from a 1-metre coaxial cable feeding a resistance equal to the characteristic impedance shunted by 10pF.

rate to a hundredth of one db which contains wirewound resistors, and the second by the instrument of medium d.c. accuracy which is maintained at high frequencies. Research is in progress to improve the highfrequency performance of the former class and the accuracy of the latter. The attenuator described falls into the latter class and employs the "cracked" zero-impedance source and it can be seen that a correct source impedance is important in reducing the effect of errors. The change in attenuation due to a proportionate change in all resistances is then low, and this has a bearing on high-frequency response (as will be shown).

"High-stability" resistors, stable to ± 1 per cent,



carbon resistor.

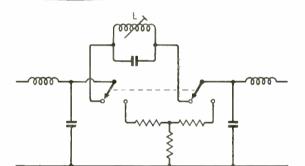
Right : Fig. 4. Underside of attenuator using wafer switches. Foil instead of wire is used for cross leads to reduce inductance.

Atten tion		20	11.44	10	5	3	2	1
R ₁	• •	61 36	43.30	38.96	21.01	12.8	8.66	4.31
R		15.15	43.30	52.71	123.4	212	323	650

TABLE 1

TABLE 11

Nominal attenuation		e in attenu per cent re		
(db)	\mathbf{R}_{\perp} only	\mathbf{R}_1 and \mathbf{R}_3	R ₂ only	R ₁₃ R ₂ and R ₃
3 11.44	- 0.05 - 0.26	- 0.15 - 0.51	+ 0.17 + 0.54	$^{+0.02}_{+0.02}$
20	- 0.38	(-0.8) -0.72	(+0.4) + 0.76	(-0.28) + 0.02



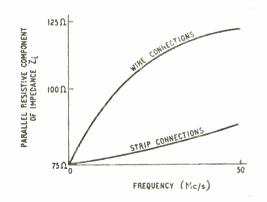


Fig. 5. Equivalent circuit of switch and wiring and variation of losses with frequency.

can be obtained with a nominal dissipation of ¹/₂W. They are slightly larger than the conventional resistors described, but in spite of this, and the spiralling of the resistive track which is necessary to control the value of resistance, they have high-frequency properties which are very similar. An equivalent circuit which approximates to both types of resistor in the resistance range of 10 to $1,000\,\Omega$ is shown in Fig. 3.

The shunt capacitance C is usually below 1 pF and the series inductance will vary with lead length, but should be under 0.02μ H. It thus appears that the behaviour of a resistor will vary with its resistance value R and it is found that the impedance of a 1,000- Ω resistor will fall at high frequency and that of a 10- Ω resistor will rise. Resistors in the range 40 to $200\,\Omega$ can be expected to retain a resistance close to their d.c. value.

Reference to Tables I and II will now show why it is advisable to avoid low values of resistance. especially when included in a pad of high attenuation, e.g. the 15- Ω resistor in the 20-db pad. The advantages of using pads with equal resistors, having the same behaviour of high frequencies, are now obvious. This suggests that the bulk of the attenuation should be provided by pads of 11.44 db attenuation and to approximate to this value it was decided to standardize on a 10-db pad.

Switches and Interconnections .- Two-pole twoway switches are required to control the insertion of the pads and many varieties of toggle and wafer switches are available. The wafer type has the lowest capacitances to earth and across the contacts, but its use leads to a large attenuator compartment. Fig. 4 gives an underneath view of an attenuator using wafer switches and containing 20, 10 and 5 db pads, giving a total attenuation of 75 db variable in increments of 5 db. Such a design using pads of 10 db maximum attenuation and giving increments of one db would result in a very bulky unit, but it is possible that 20 db pads in which the 15- Ω resistor is replaced by 3 resistors each of 45Ω , would be satisfactory when used in conjunction with wafer switches. Space could be saved by using toggle switches to control the insertion of the pads of lower attenuation.

Some attention was given to the performance of the attenuator at its zero attenuation setting, as heavy losses due to the switches and connecting leads would render the attenuator useless for incorporation in a signal generator. Measurements were made of the input impedance Z_i of the wafer-switch type of attenuator at its zero setting with a 75- Ω load across the output terminals. The results of these measurements together with the equivalent circuit of a switch and its connections are shown in Fig. 5.

The reduction of the inductance L of the connection across the switches, which was achieved by replacing

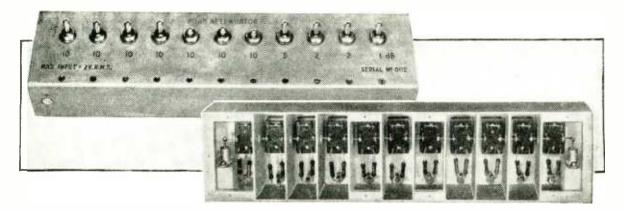


Fig. 6. Attenuator unit for frequencies up to 100 Mc s using standard toggle switches.

the original copper wires by strips of copper foil, resulted in an input impedance which varied slowly with frequency. These strips can be seen in Fig. 4 and the theoretical explanation of this behaviour is that the series inductances and shunt capacitances form a low-pass filter which by the reduction of inductance has been brought to a characteristic impedance, analogous to that of a cable, of approximately 75Ω . The cut-off frequency of this filter is of the order of 500 Mc/s so that at frequencies up to 100 Mc/s the attenuator at zero setting behaves very much as a length of $75-\Omega$ cable. With the application of these principles attenuators

were constructed using "Arrow," "Bulgin" and "N.S.F." toggle switches, and the type produced in small quantities is that illustrated in Fig. 6. The resistors used were supplied by special arrangement to be within ± 1 per cent of the required values and are high-stability components. Standard P.O. type connectors were used while the box was fabricated from sheet brass.

One of the units was sent to the National Physical

APPENDIX

A generator of impedance Z, is connected by a cable of characteristic impedance Z_0 , and length l, to a termination consisting of a resistance Z_0 shunted by a capacitance C. If the generator impedance $Z_0 = Z_0$ the output voltage *e* developed across the termination will be independent of *l* and the circuit has the simple equivalent form shown in Fig. A1.

We then have $\frac{e}{e_0} = -\frac{1}{1 + j\omega C Z_0 2}$ and taking the modulus or "amplitude of e"

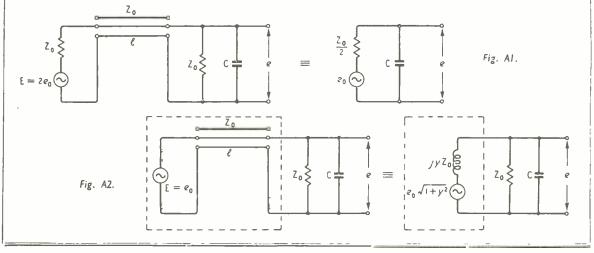
$$\left|\frac{e}{e_0}\right| = \frac{2}{\sqrt{4+\omega^2 \operatorname{C}^2 Z_0^2}}$$

where $y = \tan \frac{2\pi l}{\lambda}$. The term $\frac{2\pi l}{\lambda}$ is called the electrical length of the cable and the wavelength in the cable is $\lambda = \sqrt{\frac{\lambda_0}{\kappa}}$ where λ_0 is the wavelength in air and κ is the di-electric constant of the insulation. (For polythene $\kappa =$ 2.23 and $\lambda \simeq \frac{2\lambda_0}{3}$

From the above circuit

$$\left|\frac{e}{e_0}\right| = \frac{\sqrt{1+y^2}}{\sqrt{(1-y)^2 Z_0 \omega C)^2 + y^2}}$$

If the generator impedance $Z_s = 0$ we have the equivalent when y = 0 $\left(l = \frac{n\lambda}{2}\right) \frac{e}{e_0} = 1$, and for a cable of length one metre this occurs at 0, 100, 200, 300 Mc's etc. Note that $e = e_0$ at all frequencies if l = 0, and that $e = e_0$ for all l if C = 0.



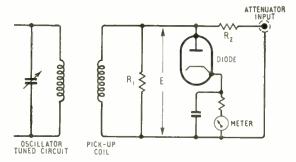


Fig. 7. Typical coupling circuit between oscillator and attenuator.

Laboratory for calibration at high frequencies and the results are summarized in Table III. The change in attenuation relative to the value measured at 1 Mc/s is given for various combinations of pads at frequencies of 25, 50, 75 and 100 Mc's. At the higher frequencies the measurements were limited to a maximum attenuation of 50 db. Also the attenuation introduced by the presence of the attenuator at its zero setting was measured.

Measurement of Attenuator Input.—Consider the circuit coupling an oscillator to the input of the attenuator and in particular the arrangement in Fig. 7. Here a pick-up coil, which is lightly coupled to the oscillator, and is damped by resistance R_1 , develops a voltage across a diode voltmeter. It is normal practice

TABLE III

Pads in circuit	Nominal attenua- tion		uation in lc/s value cies o		
	(db)	25 Mc/s	50 Mc/s	75 Mc/s	100 Mc/s
$ \frac{1 \times 10}{1 + 2 + 2 + 5} \\ 5 \times 10 \\ 1 + 2 + 2 + 5 + 12 \\ $	10 10 50	0 0 0	0.05 0.05 0.10	0.025 0.10 0.25	0.05 0.125 0.10
$\begin{array}{ccc} (4 \times 10) & \dots \\ \text{All} & \dots \end{array}$	50 80	-0.05 -0.15	$+0.075 \\ -0.125$	0.3	0.2
"Zero level" insertion loss	0	0.15	0.25	0.45	0.65

to hold this voltage to a constant value at all frequencies, either by an operator who corrects errors shown on a meter by the adjustment of manual controls, or by a feedback network.

Whether the servo system is automatic or is completed by human agency it results in a constant voltage E being maintained across R_1 . At the attenuator input the terminals yield an open-circuit voltage E and a short-circuit current E/R_2 and by Thévenin's theorem must appear as a source of resistance R_2 . Thus to suit the attenuator described R_2 would be made 75 Ω . A low value of R_1 will minimize the adjustment necessary to compensate for changes of load presented by the attenuator, but too low a value will cause excessive loading of the oscillator circuit.

MULTIPLEX F.M. BROADCASTING

Two Programmes in a Standard Channel

With frequency modulation very much in the air as a result of the Television Advisory Committee's recent report on v.h.f. broadcasting, it is interesting to hear from America about a system of f.m. multiplexing whereby a standard 200-kc/s channel can be used for carrying two programmes simultaneously. It is the work of the late Maj. E. H. Armstrong, the pioneer of f.m. transmission, and J. Bose of Columbia University, and has been undergoing tests for several years at Maj. Armstrong's experimental f.m. station in New Jersey. The auxiliary channel is provided by a 27.5-kc/s sub-carrier, which frequency modulates the main carrier and is itself frequency modulated by the auxiliary programme.

Previous attempts have been made at f.m. multiplexing for broadcasting but have not been very successful, mainly because of cross-modulation between the main and auxiliary channels and the transfer of noise from one to the other. Armstrong and Bose have published claims to have overcome this trouble by arranging for the modulation processes of the two channels to be performed in separate parts of the transmission system, so that they are protected from each other. The phase-shift method of modulation is used, with frequency multipliers to increase the small deviation obtained from it to the required value. A crystal oscillator providing the drive is followed by a phase-shift modulator into which is fed the a.f. modulating signal of the main programme. The resulting modulated carrier then passes through a chain of three frequency multipliers and interposed band-pass filters to a power amplifier and the aerial, where the final maximum deviation is about 50 kc/s. Between the second and third multipliers is inserted a second phase-shift modulator and here the 27.5-kc/s sub-carrier with its auxiliary programme is superimposed on the main carrier. The deviation produced by this sub-carrier is of the order of ± 20 kc/s, while its own deviation by the modulation is about ± 5 kc/s.

The phase-shift modulation system is also used within the auxiliary channel for impressing the audio input on the sub-carrier. To obtain the necessary deviation, however, the frequency multipliers have to increase the modulated sub-carrier to something like 11 Mc/s, so a frequency converter is used to bring this down to the required 27.5 kc/s.

Demonstrations of the system have been given with different programmes on the two channels, and in spite of the fact that the modulation in the auxiliary channel is limited to 7.5 kc/s, compared with the main channel's 15 kc/s, listeners at the receiving end have reported "no audible difference in quality between the two programmes." Other demonstrations have been given with the two channels carrying the same programme; with binaural audio inputs; and with the receiving loudspeaker listening to the silent auxiliary channel to show the absence of crossmodulation from the main channel.

Vibratory Gyroscope

Electronic Indicating System

HE familiar tuning-fork, once used for controlling the frequency of wireless transmitters, now figures as the stabilizing element in a new kind of gyroscope devised by the Sperry company. It performs the same function as the spinning flywheel of an ordinary gyroscope, but in rather a different way. Actually it operates on much the same principle as the physiological balancing mechanism of the common housefly, which has club-shaped vibrating rods situated just behind the wings. The main advantage of this type of instrument is, of course, that it has no rotating parts or bearings to cause trouble. In addition, its sensitivity to different rates of turn is claimed to cover a very wide range—from as slow as the earth's rotation to as fast as 100 r.p.m.

In operation the two prongs of the tuning fork (Fig. 1) can be regarded as segments of two ordinary gyro flywheels pivoted at somewhere near the heel of the fork. Since the prongs are vibrating towards and away from each other, the imaginary flywheels would be continually reversing their direction of rotation in a similar manner, one going clockwise to the other's anti-clockwise. If the "flywheels" were rotating continuously as in an ordinary gyroscope they would provide a steady reaction against any external force that tried to turn the tuning fork about its vertical centre line. Since, however, their motion is actually alternating, the reaction to an applied turning force is also alternating, and it appears as a vibratory twisting



motion in the shaft of the fork. The greater the rate of turn applied to the fork the greater the amplitude of this torsional vibration. As for the direction of turn, clockwise or anticlockwise, this is indicated by the phase of the torsional vibration. With clockwise turning, an inward swing of the vibrating prongs causes the torsion blade to approach the leftpick-up hand coil. while with anti-clockwise turning an inward swing sends it

Fig. 2. Cut-away model showing the actual form of the instrument. Underneath the prongs is the tuned torsion shaft, and at the base of this are the torsion pick-up coils.

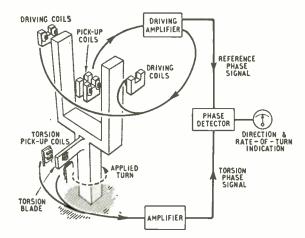


Fig. 1. Essentials of the experimental vibratory gyroscope.

towards the right-hand coil. In the actual instrument the shaft of the fork is mechanically tuned so that it resonates torsionally at the natural vibration frequency.

As can be seen from the diagram, the prongs of the fork are kept in vibration (actually at 1,850 c/s) by a feedback arrangement comprising driving coils, pickup coils and an amplifier. The resultant torsional vibration is detected by a blade on the shaft and two more pick-up coils. The electrical signal from these is amplified and applied to a phase detector, which also has an input signal from the vibrating prongs to provide a reference phase. Thus the phase detector gives the phase of the torsional vibration relative to the prong vibration and hence the direction of turn, as already explained. Its output is in the form of a d.c. signal which indicates by its polarity the direction of turn and by its amplitude the rate of turn. These indications are shown by appropriate pointer movements on a centre-zero meter.

POWER TRANSISTOR

ACCORDING to a description in the December, 1953, *Electronics* a 20-watt transistor, which exceeds the normal power level by about 100 times, is being produced by the Minneapolis-Honeywell Regulator Company. It is a diffused-junction germanium transistor hermetically sealed in glass and metal and having a screw mounting for direct connection to a metal chassis, or other support, which will act as a conduction cooling medium.

For the present they are being used in aircraft fuel gauges only but some may become available for commercial use later. No mention is made of their frequency characteristics but a 20-watt transistor excites the imagination and conjures up visions of economical and compact power amplifiers.

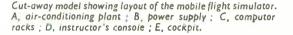
Ionosphere Review-1953

A Correction

THE two graphs on page 67 in last month's issue were unfortunately transposed. The lower graph is Fig. 1 (twelve-month running averages of sunspot numbers, etc.), while the upper is Fig. 2 (monthly mean sunspot numbers, etc.).

Mobile Flight Simulator

Self-contained Unit for Training Canadian "Sabre" Pilots



HE first of the ten flight simulators ordered by the Canadian Department of Defence Production was handed over at a ceremony in London recently by the designers and makers, Redifon, Ltd., Broomhill Road, London, S.W.18.

This equipment is for the training of "Sabre" jet fighter pilots, and can reproduce all the effects of flight on instrument readings and the "feel" of the controls, with appropriate sound effects. In everything but the accelerations resulting from change of course and speed the pilot feels that he is airborne, and can be set problems in navigation, artificial emergencies due to such causes as icing, engine defects, etc., any of which might have serious consequences for an inexperienced trainee if he were in actual flight. The instructor can watch the pupil's reactions and correct errors in safety, and, last but not least, at low cost. Taking everything into account the simulator cost about $\pounds 3$ per hour to run, whereas the overall cost of flight training would be $\pounds 50$ per hour. Not

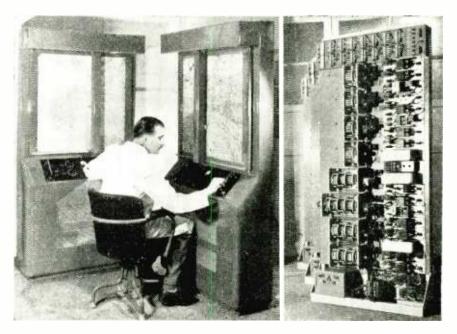
the least of the advantages of flight simulators is the saving of training time which might otherwise be lost through bad flying weather. They can also be used to re-examine qualified pilots periodically, and tests can be devised which are far more searching

On the right are shown recorders for plotting simulated flight path. These also generate long-range d.f. signals.

One of the computor-amplifier racks is shown in the photograph on the extreme right. Six of these are mounted "herring bone" fashion in the middle section of the van. than those which would normally be given in the air.

As in the simulators previously described (Wireless World, April 1951, p. 130) the details of flight characteristics, engine performance, etc., are translated into electrical quantities through the medium of potentiometers, each with specially graded cards. This information is :ntegrated by electro-mechanical servos operating on the "velodyne" principle used for wartime radar control, but with a.c. instead of d.c. inputs. The "processed" information is then sent to instrument dials, flight control motors, etc., any single factor, such as the force required to move the elevators, being controlled by air speed, flight altitude, weight of fuel remaining and any other relevant data supplied by the setting of the various panel instruments.

To have packed this complex mechanism into a single articulated road vehicle, while leaving sufficient space for access to the servo and amplifier racks, is no small achievement.

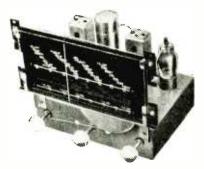


Manufacturers' Products

NEW EQUIPMENT AND ACCESSORIES FOR RADIO AND ELECTRONICS

Tuner Unit

THE detector circuit in the "Elpico" Model RF/716 superheterodyne tuner unit makes use of a double triode, the first half of which



" Elpico " Model RF/716 tuner unit.

functions as a diode and the second as a cathode follower. By this means capacitive couplings and shunts have been eliminated and the d.c. and a.c. load conditions are the same. It is claimed that the circuit will accept, without adding distortion, the maximum modulation level used by the B.B.C. Diodes for a.g.c. are combined with the pentode i.f. valve.

Long, medium and short wavelengths are covered and the unit, which is made by Lee Products, 63, Great Eastern Street, London, E.C.2, costs £14 14s.

Sapphire Needles

THE installation of automatic grinding and polishing machines has enabled the makers of "Windsor" sapphire-tipped needles to produce a range retailing at 2s 6d each. These are all of 0.0025in tip radius for 78 r.p.m. records and are available in standard diameter or "midget" shanks, or in the "trailer" type for use with older heavy magnetic pickups.

The makers, Sapphire Bearings, Ltd., 16, Catherine Place, London, S.W.1, state that every needle is inspected by shadowgraph for sphericity and radius of point, and surface polish.

Miniature Trimmers

COMPRESSION capacitors of the "postage stamp" variety for circuit trimming are now obtainable from the British Distributing Company, 591, Green Lanes, London, N.8, in capacitances ranging from 5/60 pF (min and max) to 150/400 pF. They are assembled on ceramic bases designed for use separately or in banks of any number and mixture of capacitances. The dielectric is mica. Individual units measure $\frac{3}{4} \times \frac{3}{6} \times \frac{3}{8}$ in and the test voltage is 300 d.c.

Germanium Crystal Coil

AMONG the small r.f. coils made by The Teletron Company, 266, Nightingale Road, Edmonton, London, N.9, is one designed especially for a germanium crystal receiver. Described as the Type HAX it has three separate windings on a 0.45-in moulded former with an adjustable dust-iron core. The tuned winding is Litz-wound and covers the medium broadcast waveband with a 0.0003-mfd variable capacitor.

The other windings are for aerial and crystal respectively, the couplings being set for optimum performance with an average aerial. The coil costs 3s.

Potted Transformers

A HARD-SETTING resin compound is used for casing a new range of miniature audio transformers introduced by John Bell and Croyden, 117, High Street, Oxford. With this type of finish fixing screws can be moulded into the block where required and become an integral part of the component. Rigid tags or pins can replace loose connecting wires and be inserted where required for particular purposes. Non-standard shapes and sizes are more easily provided by potting than by most other types of finish.

Electrostatic " Tweeter "

T H E introduction of new materials and methods has brought about a revival of interest in the electrostatic loudspeaker, particularly in Germany. The two outstanding advantages of this type are the simplicity of application (it is connected across the output transformer primary with a simple filter to keep out low frequencies), and the virtual absence of directional properties through 180 degrees in the horizontal plane.

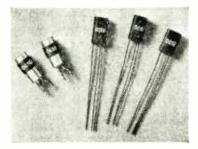
One example, the Körting, is now available in this country through

Körting electrostatic high-frequency loudspeaker. E. D. Parchment, 69, Clapham Road, London, S.W.9. It consists of a curved perforated back-plate with a stretched diaphram of plastic film, coated on the outside with a metallic film. The whole is housed in a moulded plastic frame measuring approximately $4\frac{1}{3}$ in $\times 3\frac{3}{4}$ in $\times \frac{5}{8}$ in.

The normal polarizing voltage is 250 (test 1,000V) and the capacitance 0.001μ F. The frequency response, according to the makers' published curve, is 7,000-15,000 c/s, ±5db.

Transistors

A RANGE of transistors is now available from Mullard to equipment designers who wish to carry out experimental work. These are twopoint contact types, the OC50 and



New transistors from Mullard.

OC51, and three junction types, the OC10, OC11 and OC12.

The point-contact types are readily available at a price comparable with that of mains subminiature valves. Their point spacings have been made different so that the two transistors have markedly different characteristics. The OC51 has a better high frequency characteristic than the OC50. The OC50, however, operates more satisfactorily than the OC51 in the "collector bottomed" condition.

The junction transistors, OC10, OC11 and OC12 are designed for economy in power supplies and, in



WIRELESS WORLD, MARCH 1954

1

both amplifier and oscillator circuits, they will operate from h.t. supplies as low as 1.5 volts, with current consumptions of a similarly low order. Under suitable conditions they will work with h.t. supplies of only a fraction of a volt.

The OC11 is a general-purpose amplifier which, in an earthed emitter circuit, gives a current amplification factor of 17. Under similar conditions, the OC12 gives a current amplification factor of 30, and is intended primarily as an output transistor, although it can also be used in amplifier circuits. The OC10 is a low-noise version of the OC11 and is intended for use in the early stages of high-gain amplifiers.

Mullard's address is Century House, Shaftesbury Avenue, London, W.C.2.

Nickel for Values

TWO new grades of nickel in wrought form are now available for valve manufacturers from Henry Wiggin & Co., Birmingham, 16. Both grades have a minimum nickel content of 99.5 per cent and are low in the volatile elements such as magnesium. Grade H.P.A., which has a low silicon content (0.03 per cent max.), is useful for the cathodes of valves which must have a very long life with low emission current. In Grade H.P.B. the silicon content is 0.15 to 0.25 per cent with the object of increasing activation and emission. The makers warn that care must be used with H.P.B. nickel, as under certain conditions high interface impedances may build up between the cathode sleeve and the coating material.

Element	H.P.A.	H.P.B.		
-	(per cent)	(per cent)		
С	0.10 max	0.10 max		
Cu	0.04 max	0.04 max		
Fe	0.05 max	0.05-1.0		
Mn	0.02 max	0.10 max		
Mg	0.01 max	0.01 max		
Si	0.03 max	0.15-0.25		
A1	0.01-0.05	0.02 max		
S	0.005 max	0.005 max		
Ni and Co	99.5 min	99.5 min		

Miniature Attenuator

THE illustration shows a miniature stud-type attenuator no larger than a two-shilling piece $(1\frac{1}{6} \text{ in})$ and measuring $1|\frac{5}{6}$ in in depth behind the panel.

It is described as the Type M and is intended primarily for audio applications in portable equipment and where space is at a premium. In certain circumstances it could be employed in medium- or carrierfrequency circuits up to about 4 Mc/s.

Painton 1-W high-stability carbon resistors are fitted and the attenuator can be arranged as either a 10-step twin-arm network (bridge T) or a



Painton miniature stud attenuator, Type M.

20-step single-arm network (unbalanced potentiometer). Alternatively, it can be arranged as a fader control.

The knob and dial are so designed that only the portion of the network in circuit is indicated by the figures uncovered by the skirt of the knob.

The makers are Painton & Co., Ltd., Kingsthorpe, Northampton.

Hearing Aid with Transistor

CONSIDERABLE saving in h.t. battery consumption has been effected in the Amplivox Model J2 hearing aid by the use of a junction transistor in the output stage. Low-consumption valves are used in the voltageamplifying stages, but the greater part of the normal h.t. current is saved by using the transistor; actually a reduction from 0.35mA in the all-valve Model J to 0.04mA in the J2, or a ratio of 120/1,000 hours life. A single Mallory mercury ceil (1.3V) is used for 1.t. and here the economy is useful, but less spectacular, 20mA to 12.5mA or 50 to 80 hours. The air-to-air gain of the J2 is 47db with E9L high-sensitivity earphone, compared with 53db in the all-valve J hearing aid.

The price of the J2 is £44 2s and the makers are Amplivox, Ltd., 2, Bentinck Street, London, W.1.

Amplivox Model J2 hearing aid with junction transistor output stage.





In TRIX Sound Equipment, versatility is allied to quality. Quality of design, of workmanship and materials, outstanding quality of performance. TRIX continues to lead the way in the development of sound reproduction. Our range of standard units is the widest available, for we place at your disposal the complete service in sound



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range and performance. Very suita for all public address work.

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This outstanding 30 watt high fidelity amplifier provides all the features needed to cover the large majority of Sound installations. It is designed for A.C. operation and can also be used on batteries with a 6 volt adaptor unit. Inputs for 2 Microphones, and one Gramophone pickup, with individual mixing controls. Separate controls for Bass and Treble boost.

The amplifier is a 4 stage, high-gain type suitable for use with ribbon microphones, without additional preamplification. Special anti-microphonic features incorporated. High and low impedance inputs.

Push-pull output circuit with inverse feed-back. High and low impedance tappings, including 100 volt line matching.



RANDOM RADIATIONS

By "DIALLIST" .

At Long Last !

UNLESS ANYTHING SO entirely monstrous as the shelving of the Television Advisory Committee's allbut-unanimous report should take place, f.m. is at long last recognized as the victor in the great (and far too protracted) controversy over the best modulation system for v.h.f. broadcasting. No one who had been receiving the Wrotham broadcasts, as no doubt all members of the technical sub-committee had, could have failed to realize the vast superiority of frequency modulation as a defence against motor-car-ignition interference, which is the only really important kind of interference on the v.h. frequencies. Given a receiver so arranged that a quick switch-over from one system of modulation to another can be made, two or three short periods of listening should convince most people that a.m. with limiter is a bad second to f.m., with plain a.m. very much an also-ran. Since it has been shown that a nation-wide f.m. service could be installed at little more than one-third the cost of a similar a.m. service, and that the latter would call for 44 per cent more stations, with a power output more than $3\frac{1}{2}$ times as great and costing $2\frac{1}{2}$ times as much to run, I can't help feeling very much in sympathy with the Committee's majority report.

Shaggy Dog Story

UNLIKE MOST of the others, this Shaggy Dog Story is true, cross my heart; see that wet, see that dry. Hailing me as I was passing her house the other day, my friend Mrs. X wafted me into her drawing room. "Have you ever heard," she asked, "of a dog that was radio-active or something?"

333333

"Well, I think Wuffles must be." Wuffles is an Old English Bobtail. "Yesterday afternoon, when the children and I were watching Muffin, he just gave himself a shake over there and the television set immediately went mad."

"What happened?"

"First, the picture shrank to halfsize; then it blacked right out. I tried twiddling knobs and things, but that didn't do any good. There were so many flashes and crackles that I switched off and 'phoned the serviceman. He took the set away this morning, saying that its innards looked as if it had been struck by lightning."

I asked whether by any chance Wuffles was wet when he performed that devastating shake. He was! He'd been brought in at the back door by her husband, after a walk in the rain, and had escaped and made his way into the drawing room before he could be dried off. Most of him was behind the television set when he shook himself. One could picture large drops of water being propelled through the louvres while a mist of droplets was borne in by convection currents. Wet dogs, it seems, should be kept far from TV receivers; the shaggier the farther.

A C.R.T. Weak Spot

A CAUSE of television c.r. tube breakdown which seems to be growing increasingly common is the development of a "short" between heater and cathode. The fault is often intermittent—and that kind is the most exasperating of all. It can be cleared in suitable cases by the use of an isolating transformer; and the fact that special transformers are readily available shows that these shorts are not exactly rarities. When one considers the cost, including purchase tax and labour charges, of replacing one of the large tubes so popular today, one can't help feeling that a very special effort should be made to overcome any known weaknesses in them. Here is one which calls urgently for attention. For it is clearly not always possible to use an isolating transformer; and even when it is possible there are dealers here and there who can't, or won't, undertake the job.

But We Liked it

IF YOU WANT some fun, get some friends who are old hands at wireless to ransack their junk boxes and lumber rooms and join with them in building a receiver as nearly as possible like those used to reproduce broadcasting in its early days in this country. Then, having made the set, you may spend entertaining hours in listening to its performances and in wondering how people in those days could possibly have thought them endurable, let alone beautiful. Some friends and I did just that a year or two ago. We were able between us to bring together a fine collection of period-piece components. My own contribution was three typical triodes, which had actually had very little use. The triode was in those days the most complex valve available; and when I say typical I mean that r_a was of the order of

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A	complete list of	books is a	vailable	on applicati	o n.	
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40,000 Ω and g_m round about 0.225 mA/V. One man proudly produced a loudspeaker famous in its day for the quality of its reproduction: an Amplion "Lion," with a conical metal horn, about 12in long and 4in in diameter at the output end, fixed to the case of a rather large telephone receiver. Others contributed an assortment of coils, transformers, condensers and resistances (to call the last two capacitors and resistors would be an anachronism) and we were all set to go.

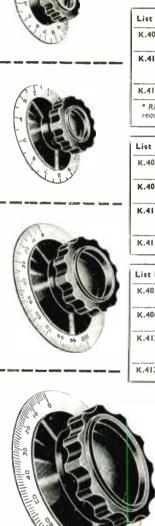
Loud and Clear !

The circuit, selected from a handbook of the period, consisted of a tuned-grid, tuned-anode r.f. amplifier, held down by the application of positive grid bias via a potentiometer; a leaky-grid detector, with reaction of the variably coupled coil type; and an a.f. stage, coupled to the detector by a 5:1 transformer and working with about 2 volts negative grid bias, which was as much as it would stand with the historically correct 90-V h.t. But, younger readers may exclaim, what about the output stage? Dear younger readers, that a.f. stage was the output stage! The small power valve didn't come along until broadcasting had been going on for some time. The same Marconi "R," or Mullard "Ora" or Cossor "Tin-hat" valves had to serve in each and every stage of early broadcast receivers. Also included in our collection were several numbers of the popular radio magazines of the early 1920s. These confirmed our recollection that the two qualities then most esteemed in a broadcast receiver were the number of stations that it would "get" and the volume with which it would bring in the local station: "Even at 50 yards from the speaker," wrote one enthusiast in the correspondence columns, "every note is clear and free from all distortion!" Bearing in mind the conditions prevailing in that output stage-and indeed in all those stages -you may feel that this writer had been a little over-enthusiastic. Make up a set on the lines suggested and you'd wonder how anyone could have endured its output for a moment, even with the volume turned right down. Will my successor in the Wireless World of thirty years hence, I wonder, make similar experiments by reconstituting a 1954 wireless or television set? And, if he does, will he marvel in the same way at the crudities which our eyes and ears must have accepted without protest?

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K.410	Dial*	1½" (38.1 mm.) Ø × 21 S.W.G., engraved 0-10 over 270 ^c
		ditto, not engraved

List No.	ltem	Dimensions. etc.
K.401	Knob	1点" (29.4 mm.) ø × 榀" (17.5 mm.) hith
K.405	Skirt	$1\frac{1}{2}$ " (38.1 mm.) $\emptyset \times \frac{15}{64}$ " (5.9 mm.) thick
K.411	Dial	2" (50.8 mm.) Ø × 21 S.W.G., engraved 0–10 over 270
K.411/P	Diał	ditto, not engraved
K.411/P	Dial	ditto, not engraved
		ditto, not engraved
	ltem	
List No.	ltem Knob	Dimensions, etc. 1≩″ (41.3 mm.) ∅ × 33″
List No. K.402	ltem Knob Skirt	Dimensions, etc. 1§" (41.3 mm.) $\omega \times \frac{\omega \omega}{12}$ " (19.9 mm.) high 2 τt^{*} (52.4 mm.) $\omega \times \frac{10}{12}$ "

List No.	ltem	Dimensions, etc.
K.403	Knob	23 (60.3 mm.) $\omega \times \frac{31^{77}}{32}$ (24.6 mm.) high
K.407	Skirt	$\frac{3^{\circ}}{(5.9 \text{ mm.})} $ $\frac{10^{\circ}}{100} \times \frac{15^{\circ}}{100}$
K.413	Dial	4° (101.6 mm.) $\varnothing \times$ 21 S.W.G., engraved 0-100 over 180°
K.413 P	Dial	ditto, not engraved



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WIRELESS WORLD, MARCH 1954

And Andrews

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06 00

UNBIASED

Alice in Solidconductorland

"A current of electricity from A to B consists of electrons moving from B to A and/or positive ions moving from A to B. If the current is flowing in solid material, the ions are the fixed material itself, so cannot move and the current consists wholly of electrons."

THE ABOVE definition of an electric current in a solid conductor, which is quoted from the article in the January issue of W.W. dealing with the speed of electricity is accurate beyond the shadow of a doubt. It does, however, have a sceming odd-

ness if considered carefully and my warped mind has sometimes wondered if this is not due to the fact that in pre-electronic days an unlucky guess was made about the direction of electric current flow and we still cling stubbornly to it.

"What is going on?" said Alice to the Red Duchess as she pointed to a rather disorderly mob of soldiers streaming out of one of the castle towers which had a big B over the gate and entering another tower labelled A. "Oh," said the Duchess, "just troop movements; I have decided to evacuate tower A and house all the troops in tower B."

"But," protested Alice, "They're not obeying your orders; they are evacuating B and marching over to A." "Nonsense, child," said the Duchess following the direction of Alice's pointing finger. "What you see are merely soldiers; the troops which are moving in the opposite direction are not really moving at all." "Then do troop movements from

"Then do troop movements from tower A to tower B consist of soldiers marching from B to A and nothing moving from A to B?" asked Alice. "Certainly" said the Duchess. "What a strange thing" commented Alice. "Wouldn't it make things easier to call the soldiers troops, and then troops and soldiers would always be marching in the same direction because they would, in fact, be one and the same thing?"

direction because they would, in fact, be one and the same thing?" "Maybe to your simple mind it would make things easier" said the Duchess with some asperity, "but you have no respect for tradition; a century or more ago when troops were first discovered my great-grand-

By FREE GRID

father, who, being blind, mistook the directions in which they were marching and gave orders that the castle entrances were to be labelled exits and vice-versa. As everybody else was blind too" continued the Duchess, "it didn't matter much and the troops didn't care anyway as they knew the way in and the way out by the same sort of natural law or homing instinct which enables a male hippopotamus, even when he is blindfolded, to distinguish a female hippopotamus from another male hippopotamus."

"But nobody is blind now" protested Alice. "Of course not, child," said the Duchess chidingly, "but out of respect for my great-grandfather's



"What is going on?"

memory we still like to pretend he was right even though it gets us into all sorts of difficulties, so when soldiers are moving from B to A we always pretend that troops are moving from A to B even though troops don't really move; at any rate not in Solidconductorland in which we live.

Solidconductorland in which we live. "Well" said Alice "I call it silly; we have nothing like it in our country." "Rubbish" snapped the Duchess beckoning to her executioner, "What is obviously midday you pretend it is one hour past midday although everybody knows full well that it really isn't." "Off with her head," she shouted to the executioner.

A Unique Opportunity

NOBODY SEEMS to have pointed out what a magnificent opportunity the proposed introduction of competitive television would offer for starting the higher definition of which we have heard so much from those who criticize the B.B.C.'s 405line system. Now at last a unique opportunity arises for confounding these critics or justifying their views.

Before any competitive service could start we would all, in any case, have to buy adaptors or new sets if we want to receive the programmes. Those who could not or would not go to the expense of this would be no worse off than they are at present, for they would still be able to receive the B.B.C. programmes. But if people were willing to go to the expense of buying an adaptor or a new set to receive the alternative programmes, then why not give them full value for their money in the shape of a picture of the highest definition which modern technique can provide?

Naturally this would be very hard lines on the B.B.C.-about 625 of them, I suppose-and the Corporation would be torn between its desire to radiate a picture of equally high definition and the necessity of keeping faith with owners of existing sets who didn't want to spend money on new receiving gear. But I feel that owners of existing sets would be so jealous of the technically better pic-ture of "competitive" viewers that they would soon alter their views and their viewing apparatus, thus freeing the B.B.C. from its obligations and enabling it to compete on equal technical terms with, or even to go one better than, its competitor by radiating stereoscopic TV, to say nothing of colour.

No Suppressors Needed

AT THIS TIME of the year the big toy shops in all our large towns usually make an intensive drive to sell model electrically-operated railways, which they show in operation. These are prolific sources of interference to neighbouring TV sets as, so far as I can see, no attempt is made to fit suppressors.

It may be argued, of course, that these trains are not being demonstrated in normal television hours, but one cannot expect the average modern child to discontinue the use of his model railway when TV starts. At least, such was mv opinion until recently, when I was discussing the problem with a specimen of the 1963 National Service class. To my surprise he pointed out with withering contempt that he and others of his age group were the backbone of the B.B.C.'s TV audience and would not foul their own nest. I felt completely silenced and suppressed. MARCH, 1954



An inexpensive yet precision instrument designed especially to meet the exacting needs of the modern service engineer and laboratory technician. With six frequency ranges covering 50 Kc/s. to 80 Mc/s., its accuracy is better than the scale reading.

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MAINS MODEL	OR BAT

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▲ Fifty-four in '54!

- 243 scientific and engineering papers will be presented, skillfully grouped by related interests into 54 technical sessions. More than half these sessions are organized by IRE Professional Groups, thus making the IRE National a federation of 21 conferences in one. The whole provides a practical summary of radio-electronic progress.

▲ 600 Exhibitors "spotlight the new!" — A mile and a half of exhibits line the avenues of this show, intriguingly named for the elements of radio — such as "Instruments," "Components," "Airborne," "Radar," "Transistor," "Audio," "Microwave," etc., filling the four acres of the great Kingsbridge Armory to capacity. An expanding radio industry shows why it is growing by proving how engineering research pays out in new products. The exhibits themselves are an education, condensed to one place — reviewed in four days.

> Only the combined facilities of the Waldorf-Astoria Hotel, plus the three great halls in the Kingsbridge Armory, seating 906, 720, and 500 respectively, are able to keep pace with the increased technical papers program of the IRE Convention. The show had to move because the U. S. Treasury took over Grand Central Palace. The immense Kingsbridge Armory, connected to the very satisfactory Lexington Avenue Hotel area by direct express subway, serves well to'expand the already outgrown exhibit facilities of the Palace and pro

vide space for 200 new firms to exhibit, as well as seat greater audiences at the high-interest sessions. In addition to the subways, free busses leave the Waldorf every ten minutes in which you may travel in the congenial company of fellow engineers, direct to Kingsbridge.

Admission by registration only! Registration serves for the four day period. It is \$1. for IRE members, \$3. for non-members, covering sessions and exhibits. Social events priced separately

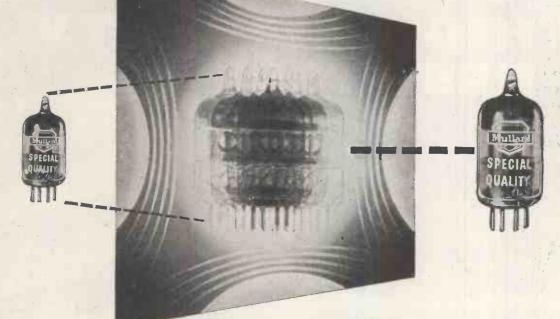
March 22-25, 1954 The IRE National Convention and **Radio Engineering Show** THE INSTITUTE OF RADIO ENGINEERS 1 East 79th Street, New York City

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New production methods and exhaustive tests assure users of Mullard Special Quality Valves of the definite standard of reliability laid down in Ministry of Supply (Air) Specifications. Large-scale production of valves which are capable of withstanding such arduous conditions of shock and vibration presents obvious difficulties. These problems have been vigorously investigated over the past five years by Mullard who have now evolved techniques which make Special Quality Valves an economic reality for a wide variety of electronic equipment electronic equipment.

The first types in a comprehensive Mullard range are now generally available and are listed below. Details of the availability of types at present under advanced development will be announced soon.

Mullard Special Quality			Electrical Equivalent			
Type No.	Description	Mullard	American	British Services		
M8079	Double Diode with separate cathodes	EB91	6AL5	CV140		
M8081	Double Triods for use as R.F. amplifier or oscillator	ECC91	6]6	CV858		
M8082	Output Pentode	EL91		CV136		
M8083	High-slope R.F. Pentode	EF91	-	CV138		
M8100	Low-noise high-slope R.F. Pentode	EF95	6AK8	CV850		



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WIRELESS WORLD

March, 1954

DUBILIER HIGH STABILITY RESISTORS

Some outstanding features :

4

- Dubilier High Stability Resistors have a low temperature coefficient of resistance not exceeding minus 0.03% for values up to 100KΩ and not exceeding minus 0.04%
 per °C for values above 100 K to 1 mΩ.
- 2: The voltage coefficient is low and does not exceed 0.002% per volt applied. The noise level is very low and is less than 0.5 μV per volt applied and in most instances is less than 75% of this value.
- 3: The resistors have excellent high frequency characteristics with low capacitance of the order of 0.5 pF and with an excellent inductance to resistance ratio.
- 4. The long term stability is excellent in both working and idling conditions and is of the order of 1%. The resistors are of particularly robust construction and suitable for use under the most stringent conditions.

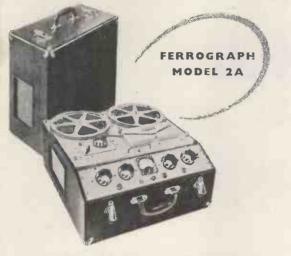
Catalogue HSR 753 giving details of the full range of Dubilier High Stability Resistors will be sent to you upon request.

DUBILIER CONDENSER CO. (1925) LTD., DUCON WORKS, VICTORIA ROAD, NORTH ACTON, LONDON, W.3 'Phone : Acorn 2241 (5 lines) 'Grams : Hivoltcon, Wesphone. London Cables : Hivoltcon, London. Marconi International Code

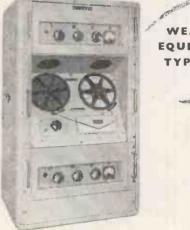
MARCH, 1954

WIRELESS WORLD

Wearite & Ferrograph TAPE RECORDING EQUIPMENT



Model 2A provides at a reasonable cost an instrument approaching professional standards — its specification commending it especially to those engaged in educational and cultural pursuits.

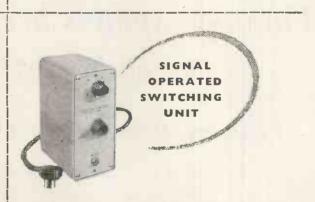


WEARITE EQUIPMENT TYPE YDC

Equipment Type YDC is a simultaneous dual-channel Recorder/Reproducer offering special facilities to those engaged in analysis problems in the medical, aeronautical and scientific fields.

FERROGRAPH MODEL YD

Ferrograph Model YD. An instrument version of the famous 2A having balanced 600 ohm inputs and outputs, a tropicalised amplifier, and a performance up to professional standards. It can be rack mounted.



A switching unit developed for use with recorders type YD and YDC. It switches on the recorder only when a signal is present and enables the traffic of many hours to be recorded on a normal length reel.

 Ferrotape is now freely available in the following sizes:

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The Radio Corporation of America is proud of the opportunity to have cooperated in this significant achievement and joins Havulinna Oy, its distributor in Finland, in saluting the Government of Finland, and the Finnish Broadcasting Company . . . a pioneer in FM networking on the European continent.



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Outstanding adhesion to metals and excellent electrical and mechanical properties combine to make 'Araldite' "the resin of choice" for sealing electrical components. Exceptionally low shrinkage on setting plus resistance to high temperatures, humidity and corrosive agents contribute further to the success of this new epoxy resin for potting or casting applications. 'Araldite' complies with the requirements stipulated for the sealing of Service equipment. Our illustration of a transformer potted in 'Araldite' is published by courtesy of the makers, Messrs. Evershed & Vignoles Ltd., who also use the same resin for sealing resistances and valve assemblies.

'Araldite' epoxies are simplifying production in many industries. Nowhere, however, is their contribution more important than in the potting and sealing of components for radio, electronics and electrical engineering generally.

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Hot and Cold setting adhesives for metals, and most other materials in common use.

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MARCH, 1954

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HT 57 Price 24/3 AC Input 240 volts.

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These new "Westalite" rectifiers are the answer to every problem confronting the amateur television constructor, either for building into new sets or as replacements. Everything about them is right—price—size—output—efficiency—and, of course, reliability; their generous ratings enabling them to withstand the exceptional conditions experienced in modern television receivers. They are for use in conventional half-wave circuits, outputs being dependent upon the ventilation provided, and are available EX STOCK.

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DEPT. W.W.3, WESTINGHOUSE BRAKE & SIGNAL CO. LTD. 82 York Way, King's Cross, London, N.1 A U T O M A T I C F R E Q U E N C Y MONITOR (1 Mc/s)

Designed for the measurement of any frequency in the range 10 c/s to 1 Mc/s with a basic accuracy of \pm 0.005% \pm 0.1, 1.0, or 10 c/s. Higher accuracies available if required. The unknown frequency is determined by counting the number of cycles that pass through a 'gate' open for a selectable time interval of 0.1, 1.0, or 10 seconds. The result is presented on six panel mounted meters each scaled 0 to 9 and is in decimal notation. Full information available on request.



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Atkins, Robertson & Whiteford Ltd., 100 Torrisdale Street, Glasgow, S.2 MARCH, 1954

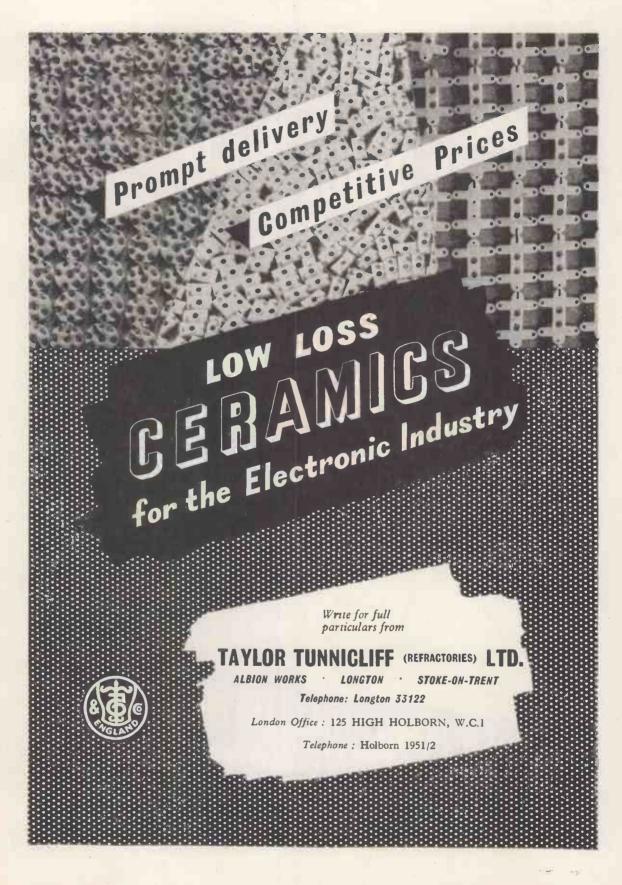
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A range of rectifiers designed to suit all types of instrument movements.

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A New Portable Wave Analyser THE WAYNE KERR MODEL A.321

An audio frequency analyser of the heterodyne type to measure the relative levels of the components of a complex waveform down to -75 db below fundamental.

It is light, compact and simple to operate and can be supplied either in a transportable case or for standard 19" rack mounting.

Specification

FREQUENCY COVERAGE: 50-20,000 c/s in two ranges

FREQUENCY STABILITY: Better than $\pm 1\%$

INPUT LEVEL:

FREQUENCY RESPONSE LEVEL STABILITY: ACCURACY OF HARMONIC MEASUREMENTS:

INPUT IMPEDANCE: SELECTIVITY:

HUM LEVEL: POWER SUPPLY: POWER CONSUMPTION : DIMENSIONS: WEIGHT:

Between -20 and +20 db relative to ImV into 600 ohms adjusted by a 5 step attenuator and fine control of 0-10 db Flat to within ± 1 db over the whole working

range. ± 1 db if mains supply voltage remains within $\pm 5\%$

Harmonics below fundamental to $-55 \text{ db} \pm 5\%$ to $-75 \text{ db} \pm 10\%$ or $\pm 1 \text{ db}$ whichever is the greater.

100,000 ohm unbalanced (greater than 25,000 ohm, balanced, can be supplied to order) Constant over the frequency range. 2 stage crystal filter, mid band frequency 100 Kc/s. Flat top $(\pm 1 \text{ db})$ pass band extending over 10 c/s $\pm 1 \text{ c/s}$. -55 db 110/115 and 200/250 volts 40/60 c/s

Approx. 60 watts

In case 20" × 9" × 81" 31 lbs. approx.



13

1 kW Channelised Transmitter

THE GFT.560 is a IkW channelised transmitter with

a frequency range of 1.5—30 Mc/s. It consists of three basic cabinets—r.f. unit, modulator unit, and power supply unit—combinations of which can be used to provide multi-frequency working as well as a number of different types of emission. The wave change facilities of the transmitter are both rapid and reliable—a valuable asset when the operating frequency is changed many times each day.

The GFT.560 is fully tropicalised, and its unit construction facilitates future expansion of the initial installation, should the need arise.

For use in conjunction with the GFT.560 there are ancillary units that enable the transmitter to be remotely controlled over a two wire telephone circuit : operational adjustments are dialled to the transmitter.

The versatility and reliability of this new Mullard transmitter make it particularly suitable for h.f. en-route, ground-to-air services and pointto-point communication networks. A team of Mullard communication engineers is available to advise on the use of the GFT.560 in such applications. They will also assist in planning complete communication systems, if required.

ABRIDGED DATA

Frequency Range 1.5 — 30 Mc/s Frequency Stability To Atlantic City, 1947, standards Power Output 1 kW Types of Emission c.w., m.c.w., telephony, frequency shift, single and independent sideband. (A1, A2, A3, F1, A3a and A3b) Output Impedance 600 ohms balanced twin feeder Power Supply 400V, 50-60 c/s, 3-phase



SPECIALISED ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT

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... possible in the design and production of R. & A. Reproducers to ensure that initial performance is maintained over long periods of use. A typical example is the patented method of moulding phosphor-bronze strip voice-coil leads between the two layers of Bakelised linen which form the centring member.

We don't suggest that this works miracles, but it does avoid the buzzes and rattles commonly caused by flexible leads anchored to the cone; and it prevents both distortion of the cone when eyelets are inserted, and the effects of localised heat during the subsequent soldering operation.

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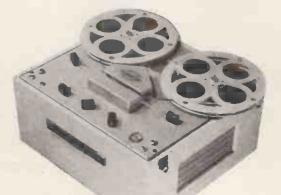
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MODEL 2250B £52

MODEL 1200B £45

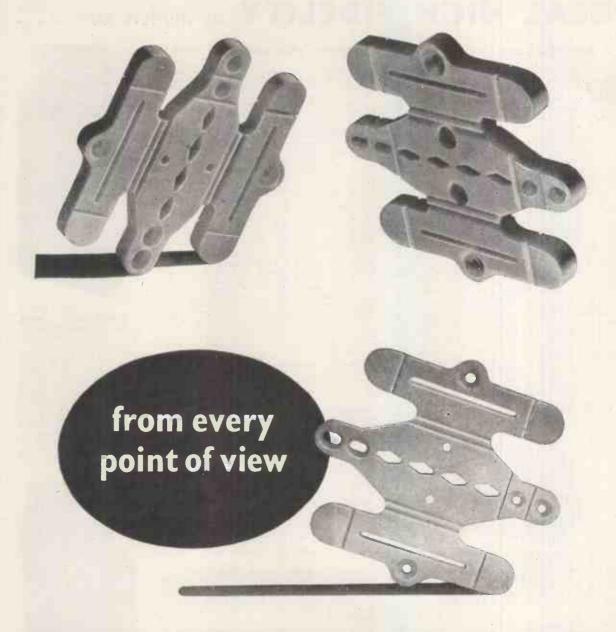
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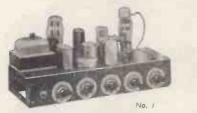


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No. I "SYMPHONY" AMPLIFIER is a 3-channel No. 1 "SYMPHONY" AMPLIFIER is a 3-channel 5-watt Gram/Radio Amplifier with astonishingly flexible tone-control. You can lift the treble, the bass, or—and here is the unique feature—the middle frequencles to suit your own ear characteristics and the record or radio programme being heard. It is thus possible to arrange the frequency-response of the amplifier to a curve equal and opposite to the resultant curve of the other items in the chain so that what finally registers in the brain is as per original. This flexibility of control is far more impofr-tant than mere nominal lingar response of the amplifier. per original. This flexibility of control is far more impor-tant than mere nominal linear response of the amplifier, as the pick-up, speaker, etc., are not linear. Independent Scratch-Cut is also fitted and special negative-feedback circuit employed. The amplifier can accommodate a wide variety of records from old 78's to new L.P.'s. Input is for all types of pick-up of 0.2v. output or more and there is full provision (and power) for Radio Tuner. It is available to match 2/3 or IS ohms speakers. Price: 10 gns. (carriage S/-). Fitted in Portable Steel Cabinet 35/- extra.



No. 2

No. 2 " SYMPHONY " AMPLIFIER as No. I but with IO-watt Push-Pull triode output and triodes throughout. Woden mains and output transformers and choke. Full provision and power for Tuner, Output tapped 3, 7.5 and 15 ohms. Competes with the most expensive ampli-fiers on the market yet costs only 15 gns. (carriage 5/-). Fitted in portable Steel Cabinet 2 gns. extra.



SYMPHONY" AMPLIFIERS with **REMOTE** CONTROL, Both the above model Amplifiers are avail-able with all controls on a separate Control panel with up to 4 feet flexible cable which simply plugs into the amplifier. Enables the Amplifier

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GOODMANS CORNER CABINETS (right) for the AXIOM 150 Mark 2, manufactured by us to Messrs. Goodmans own design. Price: complete kit in plain board with felt, 8 gns. Price ready built, 10 gns. Finished in figured walnut, 16 gns. Other veneers to order. Carriage extra according to area.



your problem with our Chief Engineer (avall-able daily including Saturdays 11 a.m. to 6 p.m.). Or write enclosing 2¹/₂d. stamp. This Technical Guidance Service will cost you nothing and save you pounds. NOTE: Regarding Pick-up heads to take stan-dard or miniature thorns for 78 r.p.m., these can be sunnlied with any of the single-precord Gram

be supplied with any of the single-record Gram Units or Auto-changers sold by us, if desired.

GARRARD 3-SPEED GRAM UNIT MODEL "T." With turnover Magnetic Pick-up Head or Astatic Crystal Head, £10, post and pack., 2/6. Turnover

MODEL "TA," as above, but fitted with the latest Radio Show High-Fidelity Acos HGP35 Pick-up Heads (one for Std. and one for L.P.). Price £12/3/9, post and pack. 2/6. Heads only, 43/- each, post 1/-.

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GARRARD 3-SPEED AUTO-CHANGERS, Model RC80, plays up to ten records 7in., 10in. or 12in. at 78, 45 and 33¹/₂ r.p.m. Stylus pressure on L.P. 10 grammes (adjustable). New ultra-sensitive auto-trip mechanism and heavy loaded turntable to eliminate "wow." Price £15/1/6 or with Garrard Magnetic or Astatic Crystal Turnover Pick-up Head, £17/3/6. With two separate Acos Hi-fi Heads, £19/12/6. With two separate Decca XMS Heads, £20/18/-. Carriage 5/-. Optional Extras: A.C./D.C. Operation £7/14/-. Fitting in de luxe rexine-covered Portable Cabinet, £5. Pick-up Head to take Fibre Needles, 25/-. Needles, 25/-

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GARRARD 3-pin plug-in MAGNETIC PICK-UP HEADS for Fibre or Steel Needles fit Garrard and Decca Arms. Prices: Standard 25'-; Miniature low impedance 25'-, Postage 1/-, Garrard Arm 35'-; Decca XMS Arm, 23'6. Post 1/- Advice re matching if required.

COLLARO latest model A.C.3/534 3-SPEED GRAM UNIT with new "STUDIO" Pick-up type "O" or "P," £10/6/1, post 2/6.

COLLARO latest model 3RC531 AUTOCHANGER with "STUDIO" PICK-UP type "O" or "P" £15/3/10, carr. 5/-. DITTO but Mixer (3RC532), £17/9/6.

COLLARO "STUDIO" PICK-UP (Arm and Head) type "O" or "P " 74/8, post 2/-

NEW TYPE ACOS PICKUPS. Arm with one HGP39 head (Standard or L.P.) £3/8/9 or with both heads £5/11/-. Post 1/6d. Heads separately 42/3d each. Immediate delivery.

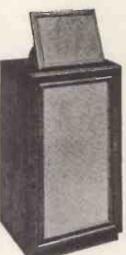
RECORD PLAYER CASES, rexine-covered with hinged lid and carrying handle and fasteners and uncut motorboard. Standard model to spring-mount any Garrard, Collaro or B.S.R./Decca Gram Unit, 57/6, post 2/6. Ditto autochanger size 90/-, carriage 5/-. As Standard but extra large for Connoisseur Motor and one or two Distusse 47/6 error 5 Pickups 67/6, carr, 5,-

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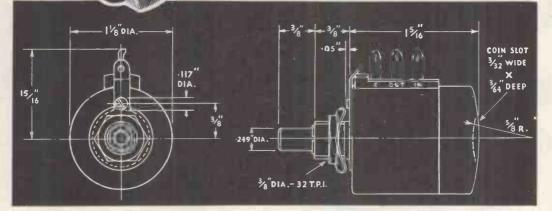
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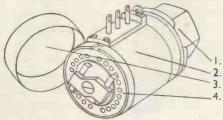


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MARCH, 1954



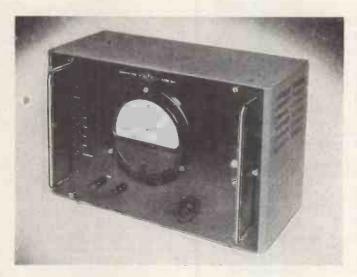
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Announcing the NEW **OHMMETER** Type 861

1 ohm to 10 Megohms



THE AIRMEC OHMMETER is intended for production and laboratory continuity testing, and enables the value of any resistance between 1 ohm and 10 Megohms to be rapidly determined. A large meter, having a scale length of approximately 7 inches, is employed, thus enabling excellent reading accuracy to be obtained.

> Resistance Range : I ohm to 10 Megohms in 6 ranges.

Range selection : By push-button switching

- Accuracy :
- Test Voltage:

 $\pm 2\frac{1}{2}\%$

Dimensions :

The instrument operates from the normal A.C. mains supply, the D.C. test voltage being obtained from an internal stabilised source.

The instrument, which is suitable for both bench and rack mounting, is 19 ins. wide, 12 ins. high, 10 ins. deep over projections.

Full details of this instrument which is available for immediate delivery will be forwarded on request.



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MARCH, 1954



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Quotations by return... and deliveries a matter of days only.

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Output 12/15 Volts D.C. Ampere. List Price	9/-					
Output 12/15 Volts D.C. 2.5 Ampere. "	13/6					
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Trade Supplied						

• Heavy duty rectifiers with say 230/250 volts A.C. input and 220 volts D.C. output a speciality.

We use only freshly manufactured selenium plates and components, no ex-W.D. materials whatsoever.





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The author points out several disadvantages of conventional methods employed for fading sound and vision signals. He then proceeds to describe several alternative circuits designed to overcome these disadvantages and based on the use of combinations of resistive elements having positive and negative temperature coefficients.

The use of such elements in the circuits described is shown to eliminate many of the difficulties commonly encountered in programme fading networks.

Standardisation of Magnetic Tape **Recording Systems**

by E. D. Daniel, M.A., A.M.I.E.E. ana

P. E. Axon, O.B.E., M.Sc., Ph.D., A.M.I.E.E. Research Department, B.B.C. Engineering Division The recording characteristic of a magnetic tape system can be defined in terms of the magnetic induction at the tape surface. A method of measuring surface induction is described which employs a non-magnetic conducting loop as a reproducing head. Using tapes calibrated by means of this device, the action of conventional magnetic-core reproducing heads is examined and various empirical expressions are deduced for their response. It is shown that if suitable corrections are applied conventional heads having either short or very long gaps may be also used for standardisation. Finally, the effects of various common imperfections and maladjustments in all types of reproducing heads are examined in detail.

Technical Training for Broadcasting

by K. R. Sturley, Ph.D., M.I.E.E. Head of Engineering Training Department,

B.B.C. Engineering Division

Is technical training in broadcasting worthwhile ? This problem is examined and details of the B.B.C.'s views on the matter and some of the methods employed by the Department, are stated. Information on the types of courses which have been formulated for particular categories of staff under training for specific reasons, together with a chart showing the courses and the proportion of time spent on the various aspects of the work, is given.

Other contributors to this number discuss broadcast talks, drama, music and farm radio.

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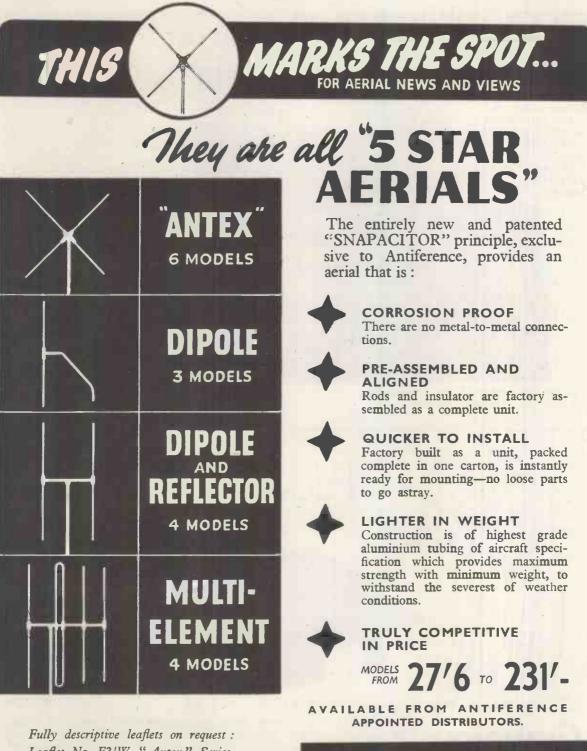
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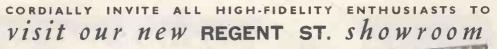
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28



Three types of junction transistor, the Mullard OC10, OC11 and OC12 are now available for circuit experiments.

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The OC11 is a general-purpose amplifier, while the OC12 is intended for operation in an output stage, although it can, of course, be used otherwise. A low-noise version of the OC11 is provided by the OC10, a special transistor for early stages in high-gain amplifiers.

Junction transistor type		0010	OCII	OC12
Max. D.C. negative collector-to-emitter voltage	(V)	4	4	4
Typical D.C collector voltage	(V)	2	2	2
Typical collector current	(mA)	-0.5	-0.5	-2
Current amplification factor (α') with grounded emit	tter	17	17	30
Output resistance with infinite A.C. source impedance (grounded base)	(ΚΩ)	700	700	500
Special low-noise characteristics		*	-	-
* Superior type for these characteristics.				

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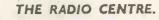
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TAYLOR 20B Circuit Analyser 44A Montrose Meter 45B Valve Tester 66A Signal Generator 70A Universal Meter. 1,000	£15 £2 £25 £22	15 10 10 10	00000	40/ 8/9 64/ 58/	£5 £0 £8 £7	5 16 10 10	0 8 0 0	21/6 5/- 32/6 30/-
70A Universal Meter. 1,000 o.p.v. 71A Universal Meter. 1,000	£12	10	0	32/2	£4	3	4	17/3
o.p.v. 72A Universal Meter. 1,000	£12	10	0	32/2	£4	3	4	17/3
0.D.V	£16	0	0	40/6	£5	6	8	21/2
75A Universal Meter. 20,000 o.p.v. 77A Universal Meter. 20,000	£15	0	0.	38/-	£5	0	0	20/6
0.p.v	£15	0	0	38/-	£5	0	0	20/6
85A/P Universal Meter. 20,000 o.p.v. 88A Universal Meter 90A Universal Meter 110C Bridge 120A Universal Meter. 20,000	£19 £22 £15 £14	10 0 15 10	0 0 0 0	49/- 55/6 40/- 37/-	£6 £7 £5 £4	10 6 5 10	0 8 0 0	26/- 27/11 21/6 20/-
0.p.v. 130A Insulation Circuit Tester 170A Electronic Test Meter 190A Audio Oscillator 240A Pattern Generator 240A T.V. Wobbulator COSSOR Tele-Check Portable Oscillograph 1039 EVERSHED Wee-Megger	£9 £15 £24 £22 £14 £36 £27 £29 £20	0 0 10 0 15 0 0 14		24/6 38/- 61/- 58/- 36/- 93/- 68/- 72/3 52/-	£3 £5 £8 £7 £4 £12 £9 £9 £9 £6	0 0 10 13 5 0 13 18	0 0 0 4 0 4 0 4 0	13/4 20/6 31/6 29/- 19/- 46/- 35/- 39/- 26/8
	£11		0	30/-	£2	0	0	20/-
Meter Series 100. RC Bridge/Valve Voltmeter AMPLION D.C. Test meter B.P.L. Foundation Meter 1m/a	£40 £5	0	0	102/- 15/-	£10 £1	0	0	57/6 10/
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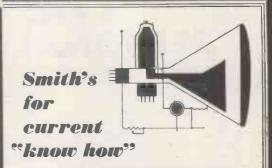
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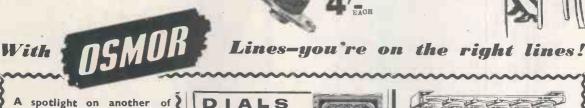
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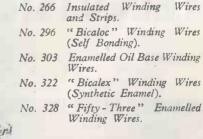
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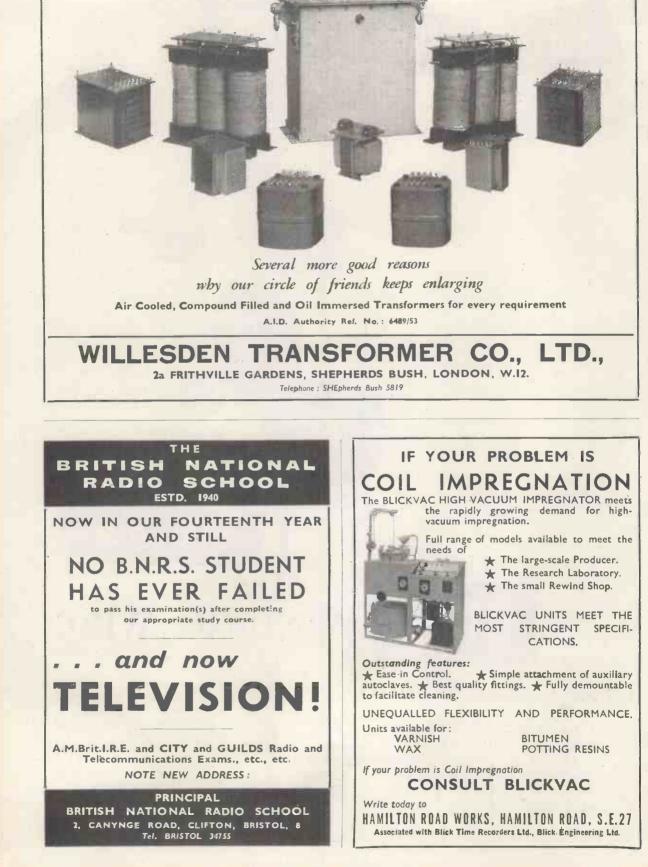
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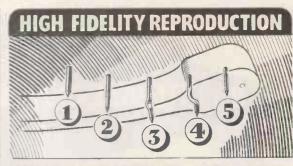
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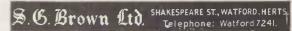
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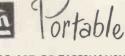
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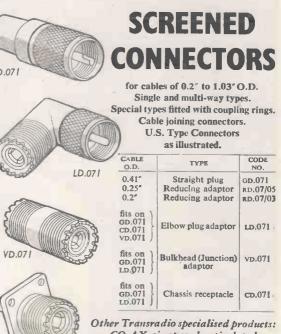
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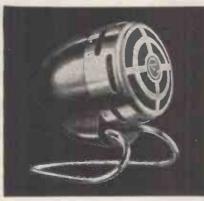
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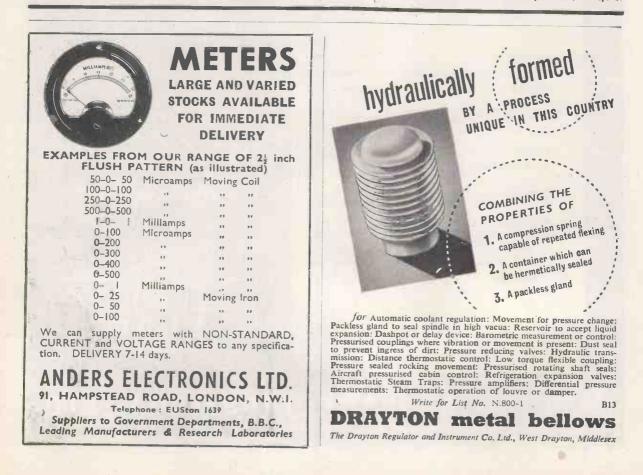


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IR4/1294 5Z4 6K60T 7G 14K7 100TE 829B 7183 Elio Lao RK48A YE30/30 IR5 5Z4/0F 6K7/0F 7C6 1457 117/17/0F 830B 7675 Elis1 LAS RK73 YE105/30 IS5 6A6 6K7/0F 7C7 ISE 117/17/0F 832A 8012 Elis1 LAID RK75 YE10/30 IS5 6A6 6K7/0F 7C6 ISA 17/4 6A7 6K8 705 ISA 17/4 RA7 6K8 705 ISA 633/83A 8013 El284 LD3 RK48A YE30/30 IA3 6A67 ISA GL6/0F 787 25A6 2105PF S33 9002 El286 LP3 827.4 YT138 IA46 GL6/0F 787 25C6 210PF S33 9006 El323 ME4 S130 YT60A 2024 GL6/0F 787 25C6 210PF							829A	5763				
IB5 5Z4(0*/total) 6K7 7C6 1457 117L7/(9T 830B 7475 E1191 L63 RK73 VE105/30 IB5 6A4 6K7/0T 7D3 ISR 11726/(9T 832A 8012A E131 LD210 RK873 VE105/30 IB5 6A4 6K7/0T 7D3 ISR 11726/(9T 832A 8012A E1341 LD210 RK873 VE20 105 6A867 6K8/0T 7D8 230 230K 833 8013 E1244 LD210 RK873 VF20 VF20 243 6A857 6K8/0T 7D7 2516 230KC 833 8003 E1271 LE5 S28.4 VT40 VF107 843 9006 E1323 MH4 S100 VT56A 2525 6A164 E1270 7K7 2525 S17C 800 A0218 E1368 MH4105 S74 VT50A 2524 6A15 6L70 7K7 2526 <td< td=""><td>1R4/1294</td><td>5Z4</td><td></td><td>705</td><td>14K7</td><td></td><td></td><td>7193</td><td></td><td>L30</td><td></td><td></td></td<>	1R4/1294	5Z4		705	14K7			7193		L30		
Ibs 0.24/04T 0.84/06 0.27/07 10.26 11/1/1/1/1 0.23/2 0.01/2 0.11/2 0.01/2 0.11/2 0.01/2 0.11/2 0.01/2 0.11/2 0.01/2 0.11/2 0.01/2 0.11/2 0.01/2 0.11/2 0.01/2 <th0.01 2<="" th=""> <th0.01 2<="" th=""> <th0.01 2<="" td=""><td>1R5</td><td>5Z4/G</td><td></td><td></td><td>14S7</td><td>117L7/GT</td><td>830B</td><td>7475</td><td>E1191</td><td>L63</td><td>RK73</td><td></td></th0.01></th0.01></th0.01>	1R5	5Z4/G			14S7	117L7/GT	830B	7475	E1191	L63	RK73	
	184	5Z4GT	6K7/G	707	15E	117N7/GT	832	8011	E1192	L610	RK75	
11.5 34.6 052.6 20.7 34.5 034	185								E1231			
3.3 6.8.9GT 9.26G 1.2007 1.36G 1.121 1.14 9.26A VT4C (211 2.8.6 6.8.771 1.852 0.1.6 1.77 2.5.6 1.138 0.002 1.212.5.5 1.14 9.25A VT4C (211 2.8.6 6.8.771 1.852 0.1.6 1.6.6 1.77 2.5.6 2.108PT 8.3.3 9003 E1286 1.1281 S.130 VT4C (211 2.8.7 6.8.667 0.1.667 1.10VPT 8.41 9004 E1323 MIH 4 S.130 VT86.A 2.6228 6.8.667 0.1.7 7.77 2.52.66 2.10VPT 8.43 9004 E1323 MIH 4 S.130 VT80.A 2.52.2 C.77 2.52.66 2.10VPT 8.43 9004 E1389 MIH 4 S.130 VT80.A 2.52.4 6.4.176 T87 2.52.66 2.10VT 8.63 APP40 E1468 MH1.05 SP2.4 VT80 2.123.1 6.4.06 6.77	114	6A7	6K8	7D5	19A Q5	205F	833/833A		E1248			
2A3 6A8 GT 6K8/GT 7E7 24G 220RC 836 9001 E1285 LL4 855A VT4C(21) 2A6 6A67/1852 GL6 (metal) 707 25L6 2108FC 837 9002 E1286 LP2 827. VT46 2A7 6A647 GL6(metal) 707 25L6GT 2108FC 833 9003 E1271 LS5 S28A VT46 2B7 6A647 GL6(GT 7K7 25Z6 215F 850 A6471 B144 S130 VT60A 2C32 6A67 GL7(G 7K7 25Z6 215F 850 A64718 E1486 MH1415 S24 VT94 2C33 6A15 GU7(G 7K7 25Z61GT 231D 861 APP40 E1486 ML1/FT SP14 VT961A 2134 6AL5 GK7GT 7K7 25Z61GT 231D 864 APP40 E1486 ML1/FT SP14 VT961A 2138 <	105		6K8/G	7D8		210HL					RX235 (72)	VS110A
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2154B 6184G 617/0 9D6 35T 310B 874 APP13 EBC33 MU12/14 TP22 VU133A 2X29/87 685 687/0T 10 35TG 311A 675A AR56 EC34 MV12/14 TP22 VU133A 2X29/87 685 687/0T 1001 35W4 3130 676 AT4 ECH22 NC11/12 TV05/13 VU3936 3A4 688 65A70T 11D3 35Z3 323A 676/304 AT15 ECH22 NC11/12 TV05/13 VX7056 3A7 9846 65G7 11D3 35Z46T 32A 876/304 AT15 ECH22 NOT1 TZ20 VY2 3B7/129 6886 65G7 12A66T 362A37 92A AT5 WI11D FF36 NS5 U12/U14 W2232 3B26 6866 6857 12A64T 36A 354V 931A AZ1 EF56 NT57/CV1284 U15 W1230 <tr< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>6Q7/GT</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>869B</td><td></td><td></td><td>MSP4/NEGO</td><td></td><td></td></tr<>			6Q7/GT				869B			MSP4/NEGO		
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3BP1 6BR7 68G7 12AH7/GT 38 357A 954 AZ31 EF54 NT577/071284 U15 WD30 3GP1 6BW7 68G7 12AH7/GT 38 357A 954 AZ31 EF54 NT577/071284 U15 WD30 3DP1 6BW7 68H70T 12AF7 390A 955 B21 EHT1 NT537/071284 U15 WD30 3DP1 604 68H70T 12AT7 40 389A 956 B30 EK32 (VR57) NT86/071284 U18/AUT X21 3PF1 604 68J70T 12AU7 41MP 450T 958 EL63 EL2 NT4 U20 X31 3LP4 6056 68J70T 12AT7 41MT 703A 959 C58 EL32 OSci M50 23 X41 3Q5/6 606 68K70T 12Bc4 41STH 705A/B CK1005 CM24 V24A V26A V26 X61 3Q5/6 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>N85</td><td>U12/U14</td><td>W2232</td></t<>										N85	U12/U14	W2232
3CP1 6BW 6SH7 12AT6 39/41 390A 955 B21 EHT1 NT63A/CV1230 UT7 WE3A/CP31 3DP/1296 6BW7 6SH70T 12AT7 40 388A 956 B30 EK82 (VR57) NT56(A/CV1249 U18/AUT X21 3DP1 604 6SJ70T 12AU6 41 394A 957 BL63 EL3 NT568 U19 X24 3EF7 8C5 6SJ70T 12AU6 41 394A 957 B163 EL3 NT568 U19 X24 3EF7 8C5 6SJ70T 12AU7 41MP 450TL 958A BT45<(CV22)								AZ31	EF54	NT57T/CV1234	U15	WD30
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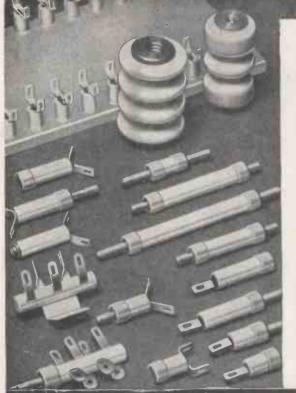
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MARCH, 1954



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*External adaptor, Model 313D, required.

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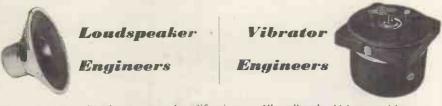
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AND ELECTRONICS

43rd YEAR OF PUBLICATION

Managing Editor : HUGH S. POCOCK, M.I.E.E. Editor : H. F. SMITH

MARCH 1954

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VALVES, TUBES & CIRCUITS

15. VALVES FOR V.H.F. TELEVISION RECEPTION

The advent of television transmissions in the frequency range of 174 to 216 Mc/s (Band III) will mean that receivers must be capable of receiving signals radiated at these frequencies in addition to those already transmitted in the range 41 to 68 Mc/s (Band I). Reception of signals at the higher frequencies involves changes in the input and frequency changer stages of present-day superheterodyne receiver designs. To meet these requirements the Mullard "World Series" of television valves has been augmented by the introduction of two new types:—

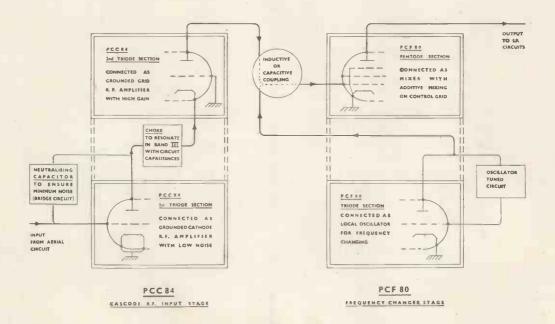
PCC84-Double triode for use as a cascode amplifier in V.H.F. input stages.

PCF80---Triode pentode for use in frequency-changer stages.

As with most of the other "World Series "valves, these new types use the B9A (noval) miniature nine-pin base, have heaters suitable for inclusion in a 300 mA series chain, and can operate with a receiver h.t. supply of 180 volts.

PCC84. The double triode is designed for use as a cascode amplifier, i.e. one triode section operates as a neutralised grounded-cathode amplifier and the other section as a grounded-grid amplifier. The two sections are then connected in series across the h.t. supply, the anode of the first section having a direct connection to the cathode of the second section. The cascode arrangement results in a low noise level for the input stage being achieved in the first section, combined with high gain resulting from use of the grounded-grid connection in the second section. **PCF80.** The triode pentode, having separate electrode systems for triode and pentode sections, is used in the frequency changer stage. The triode section, connected as a local oscillator, is in a Colpitts circuit. The oscillator voltage and the input signal from the PCC84 are mixed either inductively or capacitively on the control grid of the pentode section. This section functions as the mixer stage, its performance depending considerably upon the choice of circuit components to give optimum values of conversion conductance and input damping.

The accompanying functional diagram illustrates the basic mode of operation of these valves when used in the "front-end" circuit of a television receiver for use in Bands I and III.



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THE "BELLING-LEE" PAGE

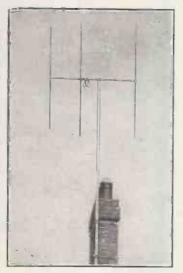
Providing technical information, service and advice in relation to our products and the suppression of electrical interference

Measurement of the Characteristics of Television Aerials

It is necessary to measure the performance of television aerials to enable the relative merits of different installations to be compared. The measurements must be related to the performance of an average aerial installation and it is well known that the presence of objects near to an aerial will change its characteristics. It is impossible, however, to define an average house on which the measurements should be carried out, and it would be extremely laborious to measure the characteristics on a large number of houses, and average the results. It is for this reason that all measurements of the characteristics of aerials should be carried out above flat ground, well away from surrounding objects. It must be assumed that in a practical in-stallation there will be an equal chance of surrounding objects enhancing or reducing the performance of the aerial. Measurements on an open site will then simulate the conditions on an average house.

It is possible to make a direct measurement of the gain of an aerial, i.e., to measure the amplitude of the signal delivered by the aerial to the receiver, and in particular to make a comparison between any aerial and a half-wave dipole. A half-wave dipole is chosen as a reference for gain measurements for several reasons. It is simple to construct and the relation between the strength of the incident signal and the voltage across its terminals can be determined from theo-retical considerations. It is ideal for horizontally polarized signals, but in the case of vertically polarized waves, as in the majority of television transmissions in this country, there is a complication from the influence of the mast supporting the dipole. This can be overcome, however, by using either a "sleeve" dipole in which the supporting mast is inside the lower element, or a unipole above a horizontal reflecting plane. In practice misleading results are sometimes obtained when aerials are compared with a normal dipole, due to the influence of the mast. So as to overcome this without resorting to a special dipole, measurements are often made relative to "H" type aerial.

The gain measurement of an aerial can be carried out as follows. An open site on flat ground is chosen well away from trees, houses, telephone wires and other objects which might cause reflections of the signal. An ideal site is a disused airfield, but unfortunately this is often not available in a given area. The dipole aerial is now erected to a height of about 30ft. and moved horizontally over a short distance to determine if there is a standing wave pattern present. The aerial under test is now raised in place of the dipole and the direct comparison made of the signal.



" Junior Multirod " Band I 3-Element Array.

Two methods are available for measuring the signal amplitude. In the first, either the mean or the peak white level of the television signal is measured, the measurements always being carried out when Test Card "C" or some steady picture is being transmitted. In the second method the amplitude of the black level is measured, and observations can be made at any time during transmissions. In the latter method the black level is determined by displaying the half line pulses occurring during the frame synchronising signal on an oscilloscope. With this it is often possible to separate the main signal from any ghost that may be present.

The gain measurements described above include not only the intrinsic gain of the aerial but also any mismatch loss between the aerial and the feeder and losses in the feeder itself. Error due to losses in the feeder can be eliminated by using the same length of cable for the dipole and for the aerial being tested. Mismatch losses can only be evaluated from measurements of the impedance of the aerial. It is possible, however, to deduce the intrinsic gain of an aerial compared with that of a dipole from measurements of its directional characteristics. Experimental measurements of aerial gain by the two methods are in close agreement.

Another important measurement that is required on an aerial is its directional characteristics or its ability to reject signals arriving at the aerial in a direction different from that of the wanted signal.

Here again the measurements must be carried out on an open site, and it is essential that there is no standing wave pattern. In fact the most sensitive method of detecting a standing wave field is to measure the apparent polar diagram of an aerial which is known to have a very deep minima. If a standing wave field is present then the measured polar diagram will be distorted and the depth of the minima will be reduced. The supporting pole should always be included when aerial measurements are made, as removal of this will change many of the aerial's characteristics.

Two other factors must also be determined in order to anticipate the overall performance of an aerial. These are its impedance and band width. The various methods available for the measurement of impedance will not be discussed here. It can be pointed out, however, that the matching requirements for a receiving aerial are far less stringent than those required for a transmitting system. As regards band width, an estimation of the ability of an aerial to accept the required range of frequencies can be ascertained both from impedance measurements and from visual observations on Test Card "C.

Measurement of the above properties of aerials give a very useful yardstick for the comparison of aerials. They are, moreover, usually in agreement with comparisons made over a large number of practical aerial installations.

Band I Aerials

In this and future announcements, we will refer to the T.V. aerials in our present range, which are designed for the reception of existing B.B.C. transmissions, as band I aerials.

Written 24th January, 1954.



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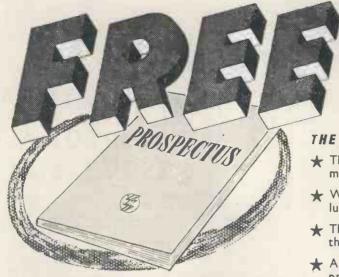
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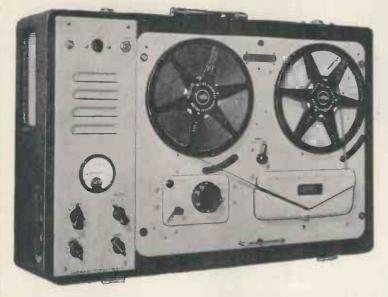
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WIRELESS WORLD

VORTEXION TAPE RECORDER Type 2A



THE FOLLOWING **TECHNICAL REPORT** by P. WILSON, M.A. APPEARED IN THE JANUARY ISSUE OF "THE GRAMOPHONE"

Vortexion Tape Recorder, Type 2A Vortexion Ltd., 257, The Broadway, Wimbledon, S.W.19. (Price £84) Speci fication

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- Spools : Normally 1,200ft., but can take up to 1,750ft.
- Recording Time: 1,200ft. spools— $\frac{1}{2}$ hr. per track at $3\frac{1}{2}$ in., 1 hr. per track at $3\frac{3}{2}$ in. 1,750ft. spools— $\frac{3}{2}$ hr. per track at $7\frac{1}{2}$ in., $1\frac{1}{2}$ hrs. at $3\frac{3}{2}$ in.
- Frequency Range from 50 to 10,000 c.p.s.: Amplifier response is within 1½ db.
- Amplifier response is within 1½ db. Input: (1) Microphone (preferably Ribbon) 15 to 30 ohms with full loading on 8 microvolts. Balanced or not, so that 100ft. unscreened cable can be used if desired. Model for Crystal microphone with input of 1 millivolt can be supplied. (2) For Radio feeder unit or Gramo-phone p/u or even crystal set. Fully loaded by 17 millivolts on ½ megohm. Unbalanced. Output: 3½ watts at 15 ohms, i.e. up to 7 volts. Internal speaker. Jack for external speaker or to feed any other amplifier of any impedance greater than 15 ohms.
- greater than 15 ohms.
- Monitoring: Internal loudspeaker may be used to monitor during recording and there is also a meter to monitor recording level. This meter may also be used for setting bias level to suit different makes of tape. Best settings for different makes are specified.
- Cabinet : Flat rexine case with carrying handle and detachable lid. All controls on tape deck or extension. Input and output connections inset in side of case.

Dimensions : 81in. by 221in. by 151in. Weight: 48 lb.

This instrument, though on the heavy side as portable tape recorders go, is so nicely balanced as to be fairly easily carried. It is certainly very convenient.

I collected a sample myself from the factory, took it home and startight a test straightaway. It gave no trouble at all during the whole fortnight I had it in operation. During the period, I recorded test frequencies, radio and record performances and also made direct recordings of speech and music through a Back Bithere a Reslo Ribbon Microphone.

I paid particular attention to detect "wow" or "flutter." since these were not mentioned in the makers' specification. I was aware that the Wearite Tape Deck which is used in this model has a good reputation in this respect, but my sample was even better than the standard : by ear I detected nothing

at all at any part of the test. In my frequency test on $7\frac{1}{2}$ in. I found that the range of response was as specified, though from input to output (i.e. through the tape twice, once in recording and once in replay) the response was falling above 9 kc, and below about 100 cps. The amplifier has, for playback but not for recording, both bass and treble controls. The treble control can either attenuate or boost; the bass control only attenuates. In playback I found it best to have full bass response and a slight treble boost.

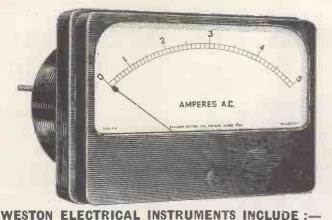
At these settings with my external loudspeaker system the response was very satisfactory, and even with the internal speaker it was quite good. Indeed I found myself more than once listening with delight to the reproduced music rather than getting on with my testing. The makers' claim that the reproduction is "equal to orchestral recording" is fully borne out.

For speech, of course, it is practically perfect. For a medium-priced recorder I consider this instrument to be wonderful value, and I can thoroughly recommend it.

VORTEXION LIMITED, 257-263, The Broadway, Wimbledon, London, S.W. 19

Telephones: LIBerty 2814 and 6242-3

Telegrams: "Vortexion, Wimble, London."



LABORATORY STANDARDS · SUB STANDARDS · FIRST GRADE PORTABLE INSTRUMENTS · ROUND, RECTANGULAR AND EDGEWISE SWITCHBOARD AND PANEL INSTRUMENTS . PORTABLE TEST SETS . **RELAYS** · AIRCRAFT INSTRUMENTS

THE WESTON RANGE OF RECTANGULAR INSTRUMENTS

Supplied as D.C. moving coil, A.C. rectifier and H.F. thermocouple types ; also A.C./D.C. moving iron types. Four sizes are available with scale lengths of 2.5in., 3.2in., 4.2in. and 6.25in.

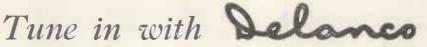
Front of panel or back of panel mounting may be adopted as desired, and if the former method is used there is complete interchangeability with existing round models. The 3.2in. and 4.2in. scale instruments are available with either illuminated or non-illuminated dials; the 2.5in. and 6.25in. scale instruments being available only with non-illuminated dials.

WESTON **Measuring Instruments**

SANGAMO WESTON LIMITED

Enfield, Middlesex. Tel: Enfield 3434 (6 lines) & 1242 (6 lines) Grams: Sanwest, Enfield

Scottish Factory: Port Glasgow, Renfrewshire. Port Glasgow 41151. Branches: London, CHAncery 4971 · Glasgow, Central 6208 · Manchester, Central 7904 · Newcastle-on-Tyne, Newcastle 26867 · Leeds, Leeds 30867 · Liverpool, Central 0230 · Wolverhampton, Wolverhampton 21912 Nottingham, Nottingham 42403 · Bristol, Bristol 21781 · Southampton, Soton 3328 · Brighton, Brighton



RECO

COIL FORMERS

Wind your coils on "Delanco" S.R.B.P. formers, and improve the performance of your set. "Delanco" formers have been developed after years of research In this field, and in practically every well-known radio or T.V. set, "Delanco" formers are giving trouble-free service. We have a large number of standard types, but maybe your Designs Department wants something new ? Contact us, giving details, and we will produce their "brain-child" with the minimum of trouble or delay.

ANGLO-AMERICAN VULCANIZED FIBRE CO. LTD.

Cayton Works, Bath Street, London, E.C.I CLE 3271.



Максн, 1954

VHFTELEVISIONANDTHERECEIVERI.F.

WITH the possible introduction of another band for Television in this country, bringing with it several alternative programmes, the choice of receiver I.F. becomes even more vital than it now is.

For Band 1 reception, it has been known for many years that the receiver I.F. must be clear of amateur transmitter frequencies to avoid interference from these transmissions.

The receiver should also be inherently clear of internally generated whistles and patterns arising from beats between the signal and harmonics of the I.F. and local oscillator. The practice of re-tuning the I.F. for different channels, or inserting tunable filters to avoid patterns that would otherwise occur, reduces the flexibility of the superheterodyne principle, and is likely to lead to difficulty should the owner move, or additional stations come into operation.

At the time of the erection of the Sutton Coldfield Station, a 34 Mc/s I.F. was decided upon by "His Master's Voice" Engineers as the best means of overcoming all the difficulties at that time envisaged, two of which are indicated above. With a choice of programmes, two other problems arise. Their solutions underline the wisdom of the original decision.

Firstly, the local oscillator of the television receiver must not radiate on the channel of another television station in the same area. This has already occurred in the Brighton district, where receivers tuned to Truleigh Hill on 56.75 Mc/s and employing a low oscillator and I.F. of 11-12 Mc/s created havoc on receivers still tuned to 45 Mc/s.

By very careful screening, and by use of filters it might be possible on Band 1 to reduce oscillator radiation to such proportions that only in fringe areas will serious trouble arise. On Band 3, however, the efficiency of the R.F. valve as a buffer to prevent radiation is seriously reduced due to the low reactance of the stray and inter-electrode capacities.

Furthermore, aerial filters are of no avail as they, would effectively remove other transmissions to which the receiver may be tuned. The 34 Mc/s I.F. gives complete freedom from radiating oscillator interference over at least the seven adjacent channels which it is hoped will be made available for T/V. And hence while it is highly desirable that television designers should reduce oscillator radiation to a minimum, if a 34 Mc/s I.F. is chosen, at least the residual radiation will not put a neighbour's receiver out of action. The 34 Mc/s I.F. receiver may well be styled then a "Good Neighbour Receiver."

A further difficulty arises from the fact that the band-width of the aerial circuit at 200 Mc/s is likely to be of the order of 8 Mc/s, and hence the rejection of the second channel interference on receivers employing a low I.F. is likely to be poor.

It is self evident that with 68 Mc/s separation second channel selectivity is easily obtained with 34 Mc/s I.F.

These problems must be of intense concern to the Television receiver manufacturer and to the dealer interested in his future reputation, because although the customer may initially have no trouble in receiving the first Band 3 programme, buying a receiver in good faith, when an alternative network comes into being, possibly of greater power, his reception may be considerably marred by second channel interference from that network or oscillator radiation from a neighbour's set also tuned to that network.

Adaptors and Converters

Many existing receivers will require an adaptor to receive Band 3 transmissions, and it is obvious that as little modification as possible to the receiver is desirable.

From the considerations indicated above if an existing receiver employs a 34 Mc/s I.F., it will not only be more easily modified, but will be better placed to receive interference free transmissions, and not to disturb other receivers.

ALL THE "HIS MASTER'S VOICE" superheterodyne receivers manufactured since the opening of the Sutton Coldfield station have employed the 34 Mc/s I.F.

"HIS MASTER'S VOICE"



THE GRAMOPHONE COMPANY LIMITED . HAYES . MIDDLESEX

81

SHORTAGE OF RADIO and T/V ENGINEERS

There is an assured well-paid future for those trained and willing to train in electronics, radar and radio. Modern industrial techniques demand more and more highly trained personnel and the gap between demand and supply is still widening.

This is your opportunity — write for our free brochures giving full details of courses to:

E.M.I. INSTITUTES DEPT. 16R, 10 PEMBRIDGE SQUARE, LONDON, W.2. Telephone : Bayswater 5131/2. The College associated with a world-wide electronics industry.

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GLEARLY the Best

I YEAR COURSE

We offer full-time day course for one year in the Principles and Practice of Radio and Television.

Next course commences 1st April, 1954.

3 YEAR COURSE

This course in Telecommunication Engineering includes one year's Factory attachment. Next course commences 30th August, 1954.



eakers

LTD

LIST PRICE C7 Less Transformer (No P.T.)

82

RA 13 REFLEX SPEAKER

Ideal for critical installations where clear speech reproduction is of first importance. Gives three or four times the coverage of conventional cabinet speakers. Excellent as a local intensifier. Handles up to.3 watts. TRUVOX Robust, Reliable, Really Weather proof

The world-famous range of Truvox Public Address loudspeakers includes many models designed for widely varying applications. But all have in common the clarity of reproduction, absolute dependability and magnificent performance under the most exacting conditions which are characteristic of Truvox loudspeakers. The model illustrated is just one example from an infinitely varied range. Write to-day for descriptive folder and price list.

Manufactured by:

Ferry Works, Thames Ditton, Surrey.

Phone: Emberbrook 3402-6.

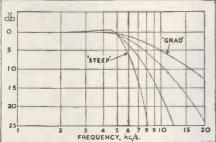
ROLA

LEAK equipment is unique-

It is acceptable to professional communications engineers for recording and broadcasting. The B.B.C. use several hundreds of the TL/12 Amplifier, and 1,000 are used by other Broadcasting Corporations.



The Vari-Slope



" Vari-Slope Representing a unique feedback circuit development, the pre-amplifier gives audibly better reproduction. This advance consists of variable slope "electronic" low-pass filters operating on negative voltage feedback principles. No Inductors ("Chokes") are used, and their disadvantages are

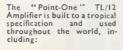
completely eliminated. The turnover frequencies are 5kc/s, 7kc/s, and 9kc/s, and the slopes of attenuation are continuously variable over the range 5db to 50db per octave.

Frequency amplitude curves for the "TREBLE-3" position (5 kc/s turn-over). Curves of the same slopes are obtained on the other two positions turning over at 7Kc/s and 9Kc/s ("-2" and "-1" positions).

Point-One TL/12 Triple Loop Feedback Amplifier

Used with the "Vari-Slope" pre-amplifier and the best available complementary equipment, the TL/12 power amplifier gives to the music-lover a quality of reproduction unsurpassed by any equipment at any price.

For laboratory use as a stabilised-gain audio frequency power amplifier. For the highest possible standard of disc recording. For the highest possible quality of reproduction from Pickup, Radio, Microphone, Film and Magnetic Tape. For use as a driver amplifier in the speech modu-lator chain of broadcast transmitters. **27 Gns.**



The British Broadcasting Corporation. The South African Broadcasting Corporation. Swedish Broadcasting Cor-The

poration. The Swiss Broadcasting Corpora-

tion. The Italian Broadcasting Corporation.

LIST PRICE IN BRITAIN 12 Gns.



Phone: SHEpherds Bush 1173/4.



Write for fully descriptive literature.



For use with the TL/12 power amplifier and pre-amplifiers preceding the Vari-Slope. This filter unit is of particular interest to the record enthusiast.

& CO., LTD., BRUNEL ROAD. WESTWAY FACTORY ESTATE, ACTON, W.3 Telegrams : Sinusoidal, Ealux, London. Cables : Sinusoidal, London.

ELECTRONIC PRECISION EQUIPMENT LTD -

A RADIO UNIT FOR SUPERIOR 15 circuit for a suitable radio unit fit into our Coronation Console to fit into our Coronation Console Cabinet has now been completed and throughly tested. All the parts are available. The total cost is 55/19/6. Data is included free with orders for parts, or can be supplied separately; Price 2/6. Note: This radio unit incorporates TV coroted and is also highly to

T.V. control and is also highly suitable for fitting into other tele-visors. The addition of a radio unit to a televisor is not only worthwhile but is essential where the televisor is kept in a room away from the

main radio. The Superior 15 Corner Cabinet is also available now in light oak, or medium oak to suit your furnishings, and it really does look impressive. The price is £18, plus carriage. H.P. terms £6 deposit, balance over twelve months. About the Superior 15 itself, if you have not already ordered your set of parts for this, be advised and do so immediately. We are definitely getting down to the last batch of the 15in tubes and once these are gone the Super 15 T.V. cannot be repeated. At £37/10/- for all the parts (including 15in. Cossor Tube) this represents the finest value ever offered to the home constructor. If you doubt your ability to make it then send 7/6 for the data and study this first. Don't forget, we guarantee to help you to get perfect results and, if necessary, for nominal charge, will take in your televisor, completely check over your work, and return it to you in perfect order.

Six wire-ended, glass sealed Germanium Diodes. Manufactured approximately two years ago which should therefore be quite suitable for making transistors, as per last month's article. Offered at the very low price of 10/- the six.

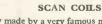
T.V. SIGNAL AND PATTERN GENERATOR

Cost of all components, valves, etc., only 29/6. Although this generator can be built and used by any beginner it is at the same time a most useful instrument for the more advanced

It can be tuned to the vision channel and will produce a pattern on the face of the C.R. tube. Alternatively if tuned to the sound channel it will produce an audible signal in the loudspeaker.

signal in the loudspeaker. Thus, its owner will become in-dependent of B.B.C. transmissions and can fault-find or test at any time. It operates entirely from A.C. mains and is quite suitable for use with superhet or straight receivers.

receivers. A complete kit of parts (in fact everything except the cabinet) with full constructional and operational data will be supplied for 29/6, plus 2/6 post and insurance, alternatively, data is available separately, price 2/6 (credited if you buy the kit later). NOTE. Cabinets as per the illustrated prototype are available price 15/-, plus 1/6 post and packing.



Perfectly made by a very famous maker for standard type tubes, we have a limited number only, the price is 12/6 and cannot be repeated once these are cleared, so please act quickly.

ELPREQ E. GENERATOR THE E.H.T.

The

This is a made up unit working This is a made up unit working on the blocking oscillator/over-wound amplifying stage prin-ciple. It is of moderate power consumption (6.3 volt. 8 amp. filament and approx. 59 mA. H.T.) and contains three of the latest BVA all glass valves. Output obtainable ranges from the tet to buy mith accord UT. 6 kv. to 9 kv. with normal H.T. rail input but somewhat higher

rail input but somewhat higher outputs can be obtained with higher H.T. supply. Valve rectification is employed in the output stage. The core of the over-wound transformer is kept insulated from chassis in order to give additional protection against possible flashovers. This unit is particu-larly suitable for those who during the course of their T.V. construc-tion have come to appreciate the advantages of separate E.H.T. supply, but should also prove invaluable as everymental or stand but bio but should also prove invaluable as experimental or stand-by high voltage source. Effective screening (not shown in the illustration) is provided, and the dimensions are $6\frac{1}{4} \times 4\frac{3}{4} \times 7$ in. Price 69/6, post, packing, etc., 5/-.



Hi-craft 40 watt control unit, starter lamp, lamp holders, clips and wiring diagram. Price, less tube, 22/6, plus 1/6 post. With tube, 30/-, plus 3/6 carriage. NEW 5 AMP. THERMOSTAT (MINIATURE) main radio.

MAKING TRANSISTORS

FLEXIBLE COUPLINGS are These sometimes bellows couplings because they

Will extend as well as bend. They are ideal for joining shafts which are out of alignment and for slug tuning controls where the core has to come in and out. Price 1/9 each.

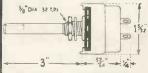


type, 5/6.

can select any one of four stations without leaving your armchair. This is just one of the many applications of our impulse relay. There are many other purposes to which it can be put. Note they are somewhat solled, due to storage but mechanically O.K. Price 2/6.



TELEPHONE JACK PLUGS As illustrated 7d. each. Sockets to suit, 10d. each.

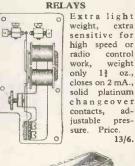


VOLUME CONTROLS We carry a full range of standard size volume controls from 2K to 2 meg. Prices are : less switch, 3/-; Single pole switch, 4/-; double pole switch, 5/-. We can double pole switch, 5/-. We can also supply midget-type controls, less switch, 4/-; single pole switch, 5/9; double pole switch, 6/6. Each of these midget con-trols has a serial number and carries a 12-month guarantee by the makers; they are made on the new moulded track principle and new moulded track principle and really do perform well.



MARCH, 1954

Two waves, uses latest crystal valve-good results without bat-teries or mains 18/-. Headteries or mains 18/-. Head-phones, high resistance, 15/6 per pair.



ad-



ACCUMULATOR 12 CELL This accumulator can be coupled up to give 24 v. with all cells connected in series or 12, 6 or 2 connected in series or 12, 6 or 2 volts in series parallel arrange-ments. They were originally made for the Admiralty by a leading manufacturer, have never been filled, and are in excellent condition. Each is contained in a wooden crate as illustrated. To clear 10/- each. Post and insurance 2/6.

PYREX AERIAL INSULATORS



Ideal for aerial connections through cabin wall or through panels. Consists of glass dome with threaded rod and terminal ends, and metal fixing flange Price 2/- each.



VIBRATOR UNIT This unit gives 150 v. at 50 mA. from 4 or 6 v. car battery, also gives L.T. supply, suitable for all dry valves. 174, IR5, etc. Ex-W.D. Price 15/-, plus 2/6 post.

LAMP HOLDERS Bakelite, 1/- each or 10/6 doz. Bakelite skirted Batten holder, 1/6 or 15/- doz.

Bakelite type threaded for fin. with HO skirt, 1/6. 10 per cent. discount if bought in dozens.



FLUORESCENT

40 WATT



Complete kit comprises

lders, Price, less With



worker. RE-MOTE CON-TROL ith only one pair of

wires and a simple push button you

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YER 000

and insurance.

Y

CARBON

RESISTORS These will now be supplied in indi-

vidual packets, with the value and wattage clearly indi-

165

cated

L.P. RECORD PLAYER Made by Decca. Contains B.S.R. motor and Decca pick-up.

B.S.K. motor and Decca pick-up, Although we offer this at approxi-mately half price, it carries same manufacturer's guarantee as if the correct price of $\pounds 9/9/$ -were paid. Price $\pounds 4/19/6$, plus 7/6 postage and insurance.

GRAMOPHONE UNIT GRAMOPHONE UNIT BSR 3-speed motor Type MU14 with Chancery pick-up and two crystal heads, one for long playing and one for normal records. $\mathcal{E}7/7/$ -plus 3/6 carriage and insurance

TOGGLE SWITCHES

Metal body standard size, made by a leading maker. Available with round dolly or with special V cut dolly. State which type when ordering. Price while stocks last only 2/3.

MOVING COIL METER 0-5 m/a. 2in. flush mounting, Bakelite cased, can easily be made into multi-range test meter. Price 7/6 plus 6d. postage.

MINIATURE 7-PIN PLUG

plastic rubber shroud. Overall size 13in. long, diameter approxi-mately 3in. Price 2/- pair.

CO-AXIAL CABLE 70 to 80 ohms for T.V. by one of our leading manufacturers, medium thickness. Price 8d.

L.F. CHOKES 30 mA. 20 mA.

yd. cut to your length.

20 mA. 10 mA.

AND

With non-

breakable

50 H 50 H

30 H 20 H

Prices : -watt, 5d. each ; 1 watt, 6d. each.

WIRELESS WORLD

85



GIVE AWAY PRICE

> only £7 or 47/-

> > deposit.

Less valves and power pack

A famous set by a famous manufacturer.

A famous set by a famous manufacturer. Undoubtedly a serious listener's receiver. Among many special features are an H.F. stage and tuning indicator, Tunes up to 11 metre band. Price complete with valves but less speaker, £14/19/6. H.P. terms £5 deposit and 12 monthly payments

Spearch $\mathfrak{L}^{14}(\mathfrak{r}/\mathfrak{l})$ for the terms we depend on the second terms in good of $\mathfrak{L}1$. We have a few left, less valves and power pack, otherwise in good condition; they definitely have never been used. Price $\mathfrak{L}6/19/6$, or $\mathfrak{L}2/7/-$ deposit and 11 monthly payments of 10/9, plus 15/- carriage.

AMERICAN POWER PACK Built to operate H.R.O. receiver from British mains. Gives 80-100 m/a. smoothed D.C. at 200 volts, also 5 volts and 6.3 volts. Totally enclosed in metal case. An extremely nice unit. Price £2/17/6, plus 5/-postage and insurance. THE INFRAY LAMP Means real comfort in bed or in workroom or other place where air temperature is low as it emits Infra-Red Rays which not only warm you but relieve pain, if you have any, and keep you healthy.

We regret that, owing to a typographical error, the price of the Truvox Tape Deck advertised in our February advertisement was given incorrectly. The correct price, of course, should be 22 guineas, or H.P. terms $\pounds 7/14/-$ deposit with the balance spread over 12 months.

BEDROOM-NURSERY MAINS MIDGET RADIO

All the parts, bakelite cabinet, valves, knobs, back—in fact everything will cost you only £3/15/- (plus 2/6 postage) which, we think you will agree, is not too much to spend on your dear ones. The set is economical to run, too, for it uses only three valves in a special reflex T.R.F. circuit which gives ample power combined with good tone. Incidentally if you wish to give the sets to young children why not decorate the cabinet with a few suitable transfers 7 These can usually be obtained from local handicraft shops. Circuiting and construction data free with the parts or available separately at 1/6. THE ELPREO "SELECTIVE FE bakelite cabinet. All parts, the



the fullest use of the instrument's potentialities. Booklet and set of components available at once at $\pounds 2/19/6$, post, etc., 2/6. Booklet separate 1/6. 12in. speaker to suit $\pounds 3$, post free if bought with amplifier.



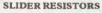
FEED-BACK "AMPLIFIER The amplifier is fitted with independent bass and treble control, both connected through different feed-back loops so that on "cut" at all in the ordinary sense is applied. The variation which can be achieved, by applying various degrees of negative feedback in the higher and lower ranges of the sound strata will accommodate all individual tastes.

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LAST FEW

15in. MAGNETIC TELE-VISION TUBE

VISION TUBE By famous maker. Specification Blue/White screen 9 Kv, ion trap triode, heater 6.3 v. at. 55 amp., 50° deflection. New, with written guarantee, offered at approxi-mately half price, £13/10/- each, plus 10/- carriage and insurance. H.P. terms £4/10/- deposit and 12 monthly payments of 18/3. Limited quantity, so order im-mediately.



Heavy Duty Type. Size 7in. × 11in. 11 ohms 4.5 amp., 22/-; Size 9in. × 11 in. 1.2 ohms .15 amp., 15/-; size 134in. x 14in. 3 ohms 10 amp., 15/-.



£3/19/6 Lectross warms room as it dries bathing cos mes, towels, ire 3ft.

(1)

and 5in, deep. or D.C. mains, consuming 650 watts. Fully guaranteed. £3/19/6 plus 7/6 carriage.

O VOLT 21 AMP. STEL DOWN TRANSFORMER STEP Totally enclosed in metal box-

primary 200-240 50 c.p.s.; secondary easily rewindable to other voltages—ideal safety unit for operating children's toys or domestic gadgets, 17/6 each.

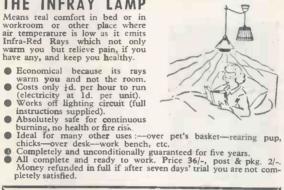


CHASSIS ASSEMBLY

CHASSIS ASSEMBLY 3 colour, 3 waveband scale covering standard Long, Medium, and short wavebands, scale pan, chassis punched for standard 5 valve superhet, pulley driving head, springs, etc., to suit. Scale size 141in.×31in. Chassis size, 15in.×5in.×2in. deep. Price 15[-, plus 1/6 post. Note: This is the one that fits our 37/6 table cabinet. our 37/6 table cabinet.



DEMOBBED VALVES Gives the commercial equivalents of many thousands of Service Valves, an invaluable publication





COILS

T.R.F. Long and medium wave, complete with circuit diagram, 5/6 Superhet, long wave 900-2 DI. metres, medium wave 185-550 metres, short wave 165-50 metres with aerial and oscillator coils that is set of six. Coils with circuit diagram, price 10/6.



GLASS INSULATOR Complete with iron bracket for mounting on pole, wall, tree, etc. Also suitable as aerial insulator. Price 3/6 each.

THE ELPREQ "SELECTIVE FEED-BACK" AMPLIFIER

ELECTRONIC PRECISION EQUIPMENT LTD

THE PORTA-PLAYER

THE PORTA-PLATER This is a robust, handsome carrying case, finished in two-tone leather cloth with foldaway carrying handle and clasps. Approximate dimen-sions 19in. x 14jin. x 10in., ample for 8in. speaker, mains or battery driven amplifier, and tape deck or other record-playing mechanism. Price £3, carr. and ins. 10/-



THE REGINA

High polished, nicely figured, two-High polished, nicely figured, two-tone walnut finish, developed for the home constructor and supplied with component parts for a shelf that can be fitted in at any desired height. Suitable for most construc-tor sets, "Viewmaster," "Super-visor," "Magnevisor," "Tele-king," etc., etc. Size 184 in. wide, 184 in. deep, 34 in. high. Cut for 12 in. tube, but not drilled. Price £7/17/6, or £3/12/6 deposit.



THE NON-REPEATABLE

Through a manufacturer ceasing pro-Size 1ft. 10in. wide, Hat," Price £7/5/-, or £3/8/4 deposit. drilled.



THE WHITE LADY Moulded in expensive pure white bakelite, this cabinet is ideal for T.R.F. or Superhet alike. It is supplied with holes approx. 11in. × 6in. × 5in. Price 22/6, plus 3/6 post and ins.

86



THE WINDSOR DE LUXE This takes our Windsor 5 chassis Inis takes our windsor's chassis and 8in. Speaker, is undoubtedly a fine cabinet, well-made and pleasantly finished. Approximate dimensions 19¹/₂in. × 16¹/₂in. × 8¹/₂in. Price 49/6, plus 3/6 post and inc. 81 in. P and ins.

THE PORTA-RADIO This is ultra-

with



required, the metal the metal chassis, dial, and all other parts necessary to make a Mains or Battery portable. Note: All of these cabinets have slight im-perfections; these are hardly noticeable, however, and will not impair the performance or safety of the set. Price 10/- each, post and ins. 3/6. of the set. H and ins. 3/6.

THE MINI-RADIO



Internal dimensions of this arc 6½m. × 5½m. × 3in. Two models are available, one has the new plastic "open crackle" finish. Price 15/9, plus 1/6 post. The De Luxe model is covered with brown and grey leather cloth. Price 22/6, plus 1/6 post. Either model has fitted carrying handle.



THE PROJECTOR

An impressive cabinet, originally designed for T.V. but slight modification makes it into an unusual, but most dignified, radio-gram or amplifier. Size 23in. wide, 22in. deep, 37½n. high. Price £8/15/-, or £2/18/4 deposit. Carriage and ins. £1.



THE TABLE-TELE

Another cabinet which through the misfortunes of a manufacturer the misfortunes of a manufacturer we are able to offer at below cost. Designed to take a 12in, tube, we supply this complete with ar-moured plate glass at £3/17/6, plus 7/6 post. Metal work, punched chassis, outrigger, etc., available as a parcel. Price 17/6, plus 2/6 post.



THE MINI-MIKE A brown bakelite cabinet with

metal grille. Size 4§in. × 4§in.

× 2in. Will take 31in. moving coil speaker or other type of microphone. Price 6/6, post and

packing 1/-.

duction we are able to offer this really handsome cabinet at well below cost. It was originally made for a very expensive televisor so its quality is beyond question. 1ft. 4in. deep and 3ft. 5in. high. Complete with plywood back, fitted "Bowler Note : The cutout is for 12in. tube but holes for the controls are not





THE MIDGETRONIC

Yet another bankrupt bargain. This pleasing little cabinet (size approx. 8in. × 7in. × 3½in.), moulded in bakelite is supplied moulded in bakelite is supplied complete with dial ring and special pointer as illustrated. Price $15/_{-p}$ plus 2/6 post. Or complete with all the valves and parts to make an excellent T.R.F. set, price £3/15/-plus 2/6 post. Note : A few suitable transfers make this an ideal purcety cabinet. ideal nursery cabinet.



THE OCCASIONAL brown Available in cream or brown bakelite, this is probably our most bakelite, this is probably our most popular cabinet. Approximate size $11\frac{1}{2}$ in. $\times 6\frac{1}{2}$ in. $\times 5$ in. The price 17/6, plus 3/6 carriage and ins. Or with all parts, including four B.V.A. valves, to make a T.R.F. receiver of proved design, price $\pounds 6/1/6$, or if req., $\pounds 2/1/6$ deposit and ten monthly payments a function of 10/6 Postage and ins. is 3/6of 10/6. Postage and ins is 3/6.



THE SMALL INSTRUMENT This is of sheet metal finished black crackle with lanule front left ready for lettering with white paint or transfers. Approx. size Sin. X 4µin. X 6in. high. Price 15/-, plus 1/6 post and packing.



THE WINDSOR STANDARD THE WINDSOR STANDARD This takes our Windsor 5 chassis and 6½m. speaker. It is a very nice job, walnut veneered and pleasantly polished. Size ap-proximately 16in. × 16in. × 7in. Offered at the particularly low price of 39/6, plus 3/6 post.

ELECTRONIC PRECISION EQUIPMENT LTD -

EMPRESS

A cabinet to delight the eye of any discerning connoisseur, beautifully styled and elegantly veneered medium full-grained walnut. High polish finish. The amply sized control board is raised to a convenient level, but is not cut or drilled. Motor board, again uncut, measures loin. X 14in. deep and has a clear-ance of 5in. To the extreme left is a space for recordings storage. Size 3ft. wide, 2ft. 8in. high, lft. 4jin. deep. Price £15/15/- or £5/5/-deposit.

A cabinet to delight the eye

ТНЕ

THE CONSORT

In two-tone, highly polished walnut veneer, with contrasting inlaid bands. Liftup lid and storage compartments. Uncut motor board. Size 2ft. 6in. wide, 2ft. 51in. high, 1ft. 2in. deep. Clearance to motor board is 6in. Price £12/10/or £4/3/4 deposit.



THE SUPERIOR 15 CORNER

Designed for the man who wants something really im-pressive. A massive cabinet but being corner fitting is not out of action on the sloping panel at the top and a tape recorder, or a record player under the lid in the top. Price £18 or £6

BA



THE GUILDFO

Finished French walnut Finished French walnut and eucalyptus veneet, highly polished. Twin doors open outwards dis-playing shelves for ampli-fier, radio unit etc., also leaving ample storage space. Motor drawer has uncut platform [fdin. x 13in. platform. $16\frac{1}{2}$ in. × 13in. with ample clearance. Overall dimensions 3ft. 4in. wide, 2ft. 5in. high, 1ft. 5in. deep. Price £18/18/- or £6/6/- deposit.

well-proved design, constructed solidly and pleasantly finished in medium-toned veneer. highly polished, uncut motor and control board.

Size 30in. wide, 30in. high, 15in. deep. Price £11/10/or £3/16/8 deposit.

THE STANDARD

SUPERIOR THE **15 CONSOLE**

Undoubtedly a very fine cabinet designed to house a very fine set. Handsome two-toned walnut finished and distinctive design, its modern lines blend with all furnishings. Cut out for 15in. tube and drilled to take the standard Superior 15 chassis. Price £11/10/or £3/16/8 deposit.

being corner fitting is not out of place even in the modern small living room. Voted by one of our leading magazines as one of the finest pieces of furniture at the 1953 National Radio Show, Earls Court. Overall dimensions of this cabinet are 47in. wide, 31in. deep (to corner), 50in. high. Note that in addition to the Superior 15 Televisor this cabinet will accommodate a radio unit with controls on the sloping panel deposit.



B

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Note 1. The carriage and insurance charge on all cabinets on this page is £1, which covers a distance up to 200 miles. For distances beyond this there will be an additional charge. Note 2. H.P. charges are normally 1/3rd deposit balance plus charges being payable by 12 equal monthly instalments.

ELECTRONIC PRECISION EQUIPMENT LTD.

Post orders should be addressed to :-

ELPREQ HOUSE (Ref 2.), HIGH STREET, WEALDSTONE. MIDDX.

Personal shoppers however must call at :-42-46, WINDMILL HILL, RUISLIP, MIDDX. Phone: RUISLIP 5780. Half-day, Wednesday.

> 152-153, FLEET STREET, E.C.4. Phone: CENTRAL 2833. Half-day, Saturday.

29, STROUD GREEN RD., FINSBURY PARK. Half-day, Thursday.

MARCH, 1954



ALL-WAVE CAR RADIO

MODEL D.3



 Complete coverage on all international short wavebands from 16 metres. Daylight and powerful overseas reception
 Higher sensitivity—6 latest type, high performance valves.
 Slow-motion control for easier short-wave tuning. Self-

contained large loudspeaker with power-pack. Attractively housed. Greater volume through push-pull output. Tropicalised, shockproof

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(Battery Model only or as a Combined Battery/A.C. Mains.) © Coverage from 13 metres on 3 bands. © 7 V, oversea and local reception. © Telescopic Aerial extending to 60 inches. © Longer Battery Life assured by latest type of low-consumption valves.

> Magic Eye—the only portable today with Cathode-ray visual tuning
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Enquiries to : Export Manager, CHASSAY BROS. (Pvt.) LTD., Ingutsheni Road, BULAWAYO, Southern Rhodesia.

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Superso



Deflector Coils type DC300/C. As specified for the "Teleking," "Supervisor " and " Magnaview."

Conversion circuits for 14in. and 17in. C.R. Tubes available. Send 9d. and S.A.E. Every day we read the words: "I am ordering Allen Components because they are so highly recommended by my friends".

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We are proud of our reputation. Since we pioneered Wide Angle scanning some years ago we naturally carried on our policy of producing components designed to the highest specification and engineered to the closest tolerance. In these days of shortages and lowered standards such a policy is not easy to carry out and it has necessitated unrelaxed attention to detail in all our departments. The result of this care is apparent in all our products, in which good workmanship is combined with high reliability.

May we suggest you ask your friends?

From all Leading Stockists.



Crown Works, Lower Richmond Rd., Richmond, Surrey Telephone: Prospect 9013 Send 9d, and S.A.E. for Circuit Diagram Line and frame scanning All information required by the homeconstructor has been put together in this leaflet. If you are building a new set or converting with an 'ENGLISH ELECTRIC' metal C.R. tube, please let us know and we will gladly send you a copy.

MARK

ENGLISH ELEC

THIS WEL

For the television home constructor with his eye on professional standards

BRITISH MADE LONG LIFE 16-INCH METAL C.R. TUBE

The tube around which the 'Tele-King,' 'Magnaview' and 'Super-Visor' circuits and 'View Master' conversion circuits were designed.

* The T901A is a suitable replacement for-16in. wide angle metal C.R. tubes used in A.C. and D.C. sets, without modification.

The ENGLISH ELECTRIC Company Ltd., Television Department, Queens House, Kingsway, London, W.C.2.

MARCH, 1954



and performance have a wide appeal.

SUITCASE

TAPE RECORDER

90

SPECIFICATION ★ Tape speed, 7 in. per second. ★ Mullard miniature valves. ★ Twin track heads. ★ Three high-grade specially designed recording motors provide fast forward run and 50 sec. rewind without unlacing tape. ★ Independent Bass and Treble Controls for recording and playback. ★ Negligible ww and flutter. ★ Overall negative feedback. ★ 1,200ft. reel of tape will provide ONE hour playing time. ★ Amplifier may be used inde-pendently for high quality record reproduction and public address. ★ High fidelity Record head. ★ Special high-grade speaker. ★ Provision for external speaker. ★ Speaker muting switch. ★ 4 watts output and brilliant reproduction. ★ Positive servo braking on all functions. ★ Com-pact size for ease of handling, only 16jin.×12in. × 7in. (with lid). ★ Operating height only just

TAPE RECORDERS (ELECTRONICS) LTD.

over 5 inches. * Magic eye' recording indicator. * Weight only approx. 33 lbs. * 200-250 v. A.C. Mains.

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A 1,200ft. reel of high coercivity BUR-GOYNE tape is issued with every recorder. This especially recommended tape is avail-able at 35/- per 1,200ft. reel, or 21/- per 600ft, reel.

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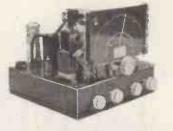
AMPLIFIERS. Leak TL/12 and Varislope pre- GRAM. UNITS. B.S.R. Mon- TUNERS. Leak variable selectivity AMPLIFIERS. Leak TL/12 and varisiope pre-amplifier, 39 gns. Acoustical QUAD II complete, arch 3 speed auto, turnover £42. R. D. Baby de Luxe Mark II, £23. R. D. crystal pick up, £16/10/-. Gar-rard RC72 as new, 6 gns. Minor £11/10/-. Reconditioned QUAD I and preamplifier, £25. QUAD with pre £17/10/-. Nusound push pull, £10. QUAD with preamp. attached,



SPEAKERS. Wharfedale 3 speaker s Lowther PW1 horn PM2 unit, £60. Wharfedale 3 speaker system, £72. Wharfedale 15 and 5in. units, crossover sandfilled baffle, £42. Salex 12in. reflex cabinet with Axiom 150 Mark II unit, £20. Salex 10in. reflex with Golden 10 unit, £17.

rard RC72 as new, 6 gns. Collaro cream 3R531 with studio Collaro cream 3K351 with studio pick up, £15/3/-. Collaro 3K31 with mixed autochange, £17/10/-. Garrard T unit, 3 speed non-auto, less heads, £7/14/9. Connoisseur 78 motor with Leak ruby pick up, £15/15/-. Collaro 3-speed nonauto orthodynamic head, trans-former, £6/19/6. B.S.R. Regent turnover crystal, £9/5/-. B.S.R. 78 or 33 motors only, 49/6. Collaro A.C./D.C. motor only, adjustable speed, £4/10/-. Col-laro A.C./D.C. motor with aro A.C./D.C. motor with pick up and auto stop, £7/10/-. Decca 3 speed transcription motor with 2 XMS heads, £22/18/3. Decca 2 speed £22/18/3. Decca 2 speed portable record player, crystal P.U., £6/10/-. Columbia record player, 78 only, £4/10/-. Philips Disc Jockey, £10/13/8.

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Why not PART EXCHANGE your present equipment for the latest type?

Write with details.

Hire Purchase terms can be arranged on all new apparatus over £10—one-third deposit, and the balance over 6, 12 or 18 months. Write for order forms.

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For the highest possible quality of reproduction from Pick-up, Radio, Microphone, Film and Magnetic Tape this amplifier has won worldwide recognition. As used by the B.B.C. and many overseas Broadcasting Corporations.

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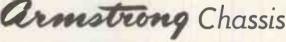
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THE NEW VARI-SLOPE PRE-AMPLIFIER



For fuller details see maker's advertisement on p. 83. TERMS for these TWO UNITS Lenki V.S. TUNER AND DYNAMIC P.U. also supplied on similar LEAK V.S. TUNER AND DYNAMIC P.U. also supplied on similar All the above available separately



Two new models incorporating many new features including Bass and

Connoisseur 3-speed GRAM UNITS and LIGHTWEIGHT PICK-UPS to match, can be supplied from stock.

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Illustrated lists of any item and details of our EASY TERMS will be sent upon request by return.



Six channel C.R.T. Continuous film Recorder Type P.76

This is a versatile instrument developed to fill an ever growing need in engineering research for the recording and measurement of physical variables under dynamic conditions. It is being used to record simultaneously information concerning the following physical effects :--

Seismic Vibration (for mining and geological survey) Displacement . . Time/Frequency . . Velocity Acceleration . / Force . . Pressure (Liquid or Gas) Torque . . Temperature . . Vibration Analysis Loads In compression and tension . . Phase measurement

POWER SUPPLIES : 200-250 V., 50 C.P.S., Single-Phase mains. Special model for above and 115 V., 400 C.P.S., 3-phase supply, for airborne use, to order.

BOULTON PAUL ELECTRONICS

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WOLVERHAMPTON

Garrard

DIMENSIONS : 15" high x 22" wide x 19" deep,

Full details of these or any other

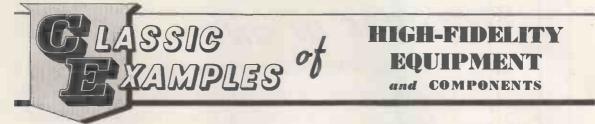
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THE NAME WHICH HELPS TO SELL THE WORLD'S FINEST RADIOGRAMS

Garrard Gramophone Equipment is world famous for its reliability and its excellent design, and is acclaimed throughout the world for its superb performance.

MANUFACTURING CO. LTD. GARRARD ENGINEERING AND THE



CUSTOM-BUILT REPRODUCTION

Everyone has his idea as to what constitutes the right equipment to give the ultimate in sound reproduction. Here at Classic we have evolved a plan to suit your personal preferences in this highly personal field. The starting point is the handsome Classic cabinet, to which can be added the necessary amplifier, gramophone motor or tape deck, pick-up or what you will to give you just the sort of reproduction you want. No dearer than commercial radiograms, these "custom-built" specifications stand comparison with anything available. Recently, a customer of considerable discernment told us "I have waited twenty years to buy a gramophone—I have never heard such superb reproduction." The Classic cabinet will house Connoisseur or Garrard motors, or a Tape Deck in place of a motor; Quad Mark II, Leak Point-One, Rogers, Goodsell, Lowther, Pye or Pamphonic amplifiers; Quad, Lowther, Leak, Goodsell or Rogers Radio Feeder Units; Radio Feeder Units for Wrotham A.M. and F.M. Transmissions. Below are given a few typical combinations made up under this scheme. If there are any other combinations you prefer, why not come along and see us —we have these various equipments available for demonstration at Croydon, and, after all, there's nothing like hearing them for yourself.

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CLASSIC CABINET	£27	10	0
QUAD RADIO UNIT	£24	0	0
QUAD MARK II AMPLIFIER	£42	0	0
CONNOISSEUR MOTOR WITH TWO			
PICK-UPS	£27	10	0
CASH PRICE	6121	0	0
CASH PRICE	£121	0	0

Or deposit £40/6/8, balance £7/14/6 by 12 monthly payments of \$7/14/6 SPEAKER TO CHOICE-EXTRA.

3			
CLASSIC CABINET	£27	10	0
GOODSELL "WILLIAMSON " AMPLIFIER	£33	0	0
GOODSELL PRE-AMPLIFIER	£18	18	0
LOWTHER AM/FM UNIT	£22	0	0
CONNOISSEUR MOTOR	£21	17	3
2 LOWTHER PICK-UPS	£21	10	0
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Or deposit £48/15/3, balance £9/2/9

SPEAKER TO CHOICE-EXTRA.



The Classic "Hi-Fi" cabinet is a handsome cabinet in a rich straight-grained or figured walnut. It has a slightly sloped front, lined lid, fully ventilated back, and heavy motor board, size 30in. x 20in. x 20in. Price from £22/10/-.

		•		
CLASSIC CABINET	£27	10	0	
LEAK RADIO UNIT	£34	19	0	
LEAK POINT-ONE AMPLIFIER	£40	9	0	
GARRARD RC90 A.C. AUTO-CHANGER	£19	15	: 3	
CASH PRICE	£122	13	3	
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		-	
CLASSIC CABINET	£22	10	0
ROGERS BABY-DE-LUXE AMPLIFIER	£ [4	0	0
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ROGERS FEEDER UNIT	£25	0	0
GARRARD T.A. 3-SPEED MOTORS WITH 2 DECCA HEADS	£11	6	8
CASH PRICE	£81	16	8

Or deposit £27/16/8, balance £5/3/6 by 12 monthly payments of £5/3/6 SPEAKER TO CHOICE—EXTRA.

The prices quoted are for individual units only, not assembled in cabinets. We despatch equipment to all parts of the world—your orders for "custom-built" specifications can safely be left to us. No purchase tax on overseas orders—exact transport rates only are charged. Wherever you are, you can rely on The Classic Service.

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MARCH, 1954

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The McMurdo X3/UA crystal holder is a dual purpose quartz crystal socket designed to take either 10X or 10XJ service type crystals. It is made of nylon loaded bakelite and fitted with the well known McMurdo Valveholder

> contacts ensuring a remarkably low and stable contact resistance.

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Manufacturers' Enquiries: THE McMURDO INSTRUMENT CO. LTD., VICTORIA WORKS, ASHTEAD, SURREY. ASHTEAD 3401

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n minar m THE A SMALL HIGH PERFORMANCE GRAMOPHONE AMPLIFIER

NOTE THESE EXCEPTIONAL **IMPROVEMENTS:**

- ★ Increased Power Output.
- * Lower Distortion.

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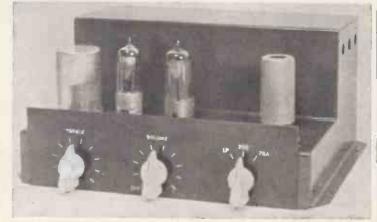
- * Exceptionally low hum level.
- + Improved output transformer.
- * All transformers now totally enclosed.

BRIEF SPECIFICATION:

Input Sensitivity: LP 80 m/V. 78 100 m/V. AES 120 m/V. Frequency Response: ± .5DB. 30-15,000 c.p.s. Power Output: 4.5 watts, maximum. Distortion : Less than .35% at 1 kc/s. for 3.5 watts. Hum : --80DB below 3.5 watts. N EP : Mole Less including OT 1 EDP N.F.B. : Main loop, including O.T. 15DB.

Retail Price : £12. 17. 6d. Ex. works.

An illustrated leaflet will gladly be forwarded post free on request. Available from leading dealers in London and the Provinces, or if in any difficulty, please apply direct.



Trade and Export enquiries invited.

MANUFACTURERS OF PRECISION BUILT SOUND EQUIPMENT

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TAPE DECK MK III

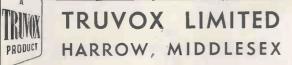
is now incorporated into complete recorders by a number of leading manufacturers

The Trovox Tape Deck is swinner...the best life heard did gamma heard did gamma heard method and the pice writes J. C. G. Gilbert, M.R.S.T. Assoc.I.E.B., M.B.Fit.I.B.S. F.T.S., A.Mus. T.O.L., Head of Dept. Telecommun-Head of Dept. Telecommun-ication Engineering, Northern Polytechnic and of the and of the B.B.C. Inven-tors Club.

> "Elpico " Recorder in leatherette cabinet. Separate Radio Tuner is available for extending the applications of this instrument. Produced by Lee Products (GB) Ltd.

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> WE SHALL BE PLEASED TO PUT INTERESTED ENQUIRERS IN TOUCH WITH THESE MANUFACTURERS.



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XFY 42

Beam Tetrode Sub-miniature Output Valve with still lower filament current

TYPICAL OPERATION

Filament Voltage	1.25	1.25	1.25 V.
Filament Current	10	10	10 mA.
H.T. Voltage	16.25	22.5	30 V.
Control Grid Voltage	0	-1.5	-2.75 V.
Power Output	1.1	2.7	6.0mW.

The maximum cross-section is only 8 mm. x 6 mm. with a maximum glass length of 35 mm.

A small flat sub-miniature output tetrode with still lower filament current and improved performance at reduced battery voltages.

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VAC GREENHILL CRESCENT. HARROW-ON-THE-HILL, MIDDLESEX

MARCH, 1954

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Microphotometers, Chart recorders to your specification.

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SMOOTHING CHOKES, 10 H. 50 mA., 6/-; 15 H. 60 mA., 5/11; 10 H. 100 mA., 8/3; 20 H. 30 mA., 6/-; 40 H. 50 mA., 6/-; 20 H. 120 mA., 15/6; 50 H. 30 mA., 10/9; 10 H. 150 mA., 16/6; 15 H. 150 mA., 18/-, PANEL Black Crackle Paint, 3/6. WIRE-WOUND RESISTORS, 5 w. 1/3, 10 w. 1/6. SILVER MICA CONDENSERS up to 100 pf., 9d., 100-1,000 pf., 1/-. CARBON RESISTORS, ±, ± and 1 w., 4d. PENTODE OUTPUT TRANS-FORMERS, 5/11. METAL RECTIFIERS RMO, 5/-; RMI 5/3; RM2 5/9; RM3 7/-; RM4 21/-; DRMIB 11/6; DRM2B 12/6; DRM3B 15/-; K3/45 8/2; K3/50 8/8; K3/100 14/8.

MINIATURE MAINS TRANSFORMERS for PRE-AMPLIFIERS, TESTGEAR, etc. PRIMARY 230/240 v. SECONDARIES 0-250 v. 30 mA. (for 250 v. from a half-wave rectifier), and 6.3 v. I a. New and guaranteed. Price 14/9.

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FOR INSTANT SERVICE-WRITE : CITY & RURAL RADIO, 101 HIGH STREET, SWANSEA, GLAM. Telephone : Swansea 4677

SCALAMP ELECTROSTATIC VOLTMETER



ZERO CURRENT DRAIN. THREE SECONDS PERIOD.

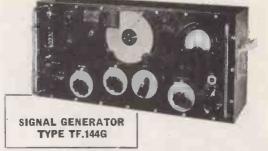
LAMP OPERATES FROM MAINS OR 4 VOLT BATTERY. BRIGHT SPOT-AND-HAIRLINE INDICATOR. This instrument introduces a completely new conception of electrostatic voltmeter. It is compact, portable and robust, and does not require critical levelling or special mounting. The movement has a taut suspension, is critically damped, and readings can be taken with rapidity and ease. Three models are available: Cat. No. W.W. 11308 1-5 kV A.C. D.C.

Cat. No. W.W. 11309 3 - 10 kV A.C. D.C. Cat. No. W.W. 11310 5 - 18 kV D.C. and 5 - 12 kV A.C. R.M.S.

Please write for illustrated leaflet.



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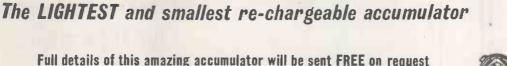


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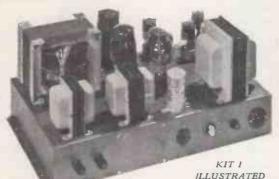
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KIT 1 WITH ELLISON MAINS TRANSFORMER AND CHOKES

19 GNS.

READY BUILT and tested 23 & Gns.



KIT 2 WITH

PARTRIDGE TRANSFORMER AND CHOKES

21 GNS.

READY BUILT and tested 251 Gns.

BOTH Kits have PARTRIDGE OUTPUT TRANSFORMERS

Fully drilled and enamelled chassis, T.C.C. and G.E.C. Condensers, Marconi-Osram-Cossor valves, sundries by Colvern, Belling-Lee, Erie, Bulgin, Welwyn, etc., complete to the last nut and bolt, with wiring instructions and layout drawings. *Packing and Carriage £1 extra*, 10/- refunded on return of case carriage paid. C.W.O.

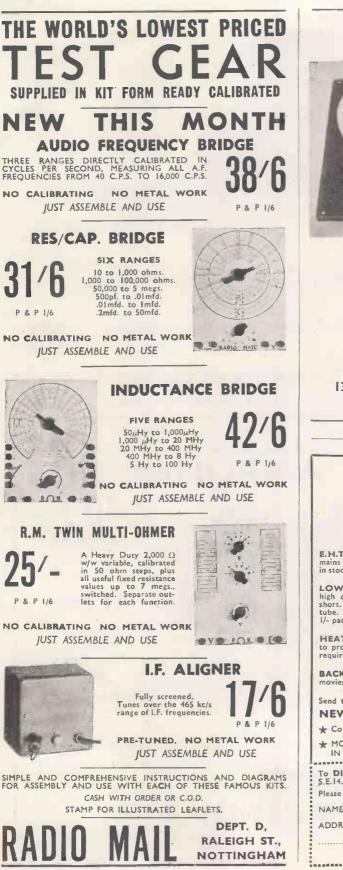
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In response to numerous requests for a simple, inexpensive pre-amplifier for use with Tele-Radio Williamson Kits we have introduced our PA1. Specification includes full control of Bass and Treble, radio input and switched compensation for standard and long playing records. Recommended for use with ACOS GP20 and GP30, Decca C. & D. heads and Connoisseur Pick-ups. With wiring instructions and lay-out drawings.

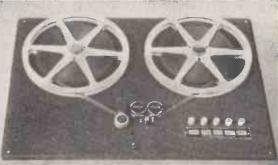
KIT OF PARTS 61 gns. READY BUILT 81 ghs. Postage and Packing 21- extra. C.W.O. or C.O.D.



MARCH, 1954



MOTEK



K4 UNIT (shown above)17 guineas

Motek—<u>The</u> name for tape units.

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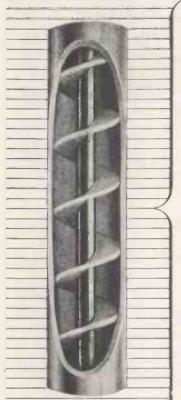
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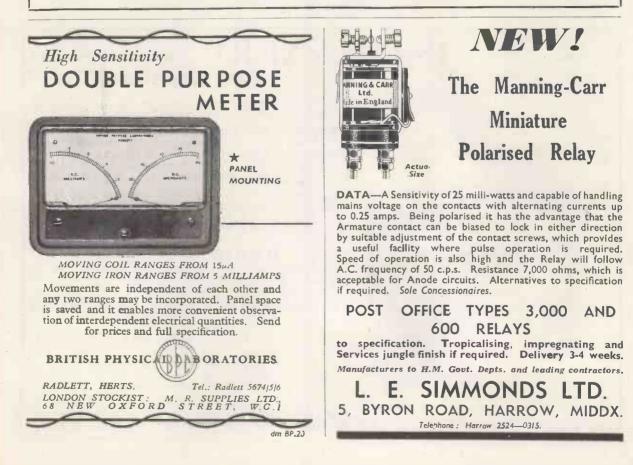
> Please ask for publication HM/2 *Teleothene (Regd.) is polythene processed by Teleon to provide specific characteristics.

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AN OUTSTANDING RADIOGRAM WITH INDEPENDENT **BASS AND TREBLE COMPENSATION GIVING PERFECT** REPRODUCTION

Following the success of the "Standard" and "Super" Radiograms, Armstrong are proud to announce their latest Model. The "Special" combines years of experience in high quality reproduction and gives truly AMAZING reproduction from both records and radio. The cabinet is finished in a beautifully polished walnut.

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Loudspeaker with rigid die cast frame, in special adjustable reflexing sound chamber. Collaro 3-speed autochanger for 7in., 10in. and 12in. records with turnover crystal pick-up head. Cabinet dimensions 36in. × 18in. × 36in. high, with two large record storage cupboards.

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MARCH, 1954

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1 mA.	D.C.	2in.	M.C.	F.Sq. (Scale Calib. 1.5kV.)	
1 mA.	D.C.	24in.	M.C.	Desk Type	
5 mA.	D.C.	2in.	M.C.	F.Sq.	7/6
	D.C.	211. 211n.	M.C.	R.P	10/~
10 mA.			M.C.	F.B	7/6
15 mA.	D.C.	2in.			
20 mA.	D.C.	2in.	M.C.	F.R	7/6
50 mA.	D.C.	2in.	M.C.	F.8q	8/6
200 mA.	D.C.	2lin.	M.C.	R.P	
500 mA.	D.C.	2in.	M.C.	B.P.	6/6
0.5 amp.	R.F.	2in.	Thermo	F.S q	4/6
	AC/DC	2in.	M.I.	F.B	12/6
3 amp.	R.F.	21n.	Thermo	F.Sq	7/6
5 amp.	D.C.	2in.	M.C.	F.8q	13/6
20 amp.	D.C.	2in.		B.P. (with shunt)	10/6
10 v.	D.C.	2in.	M.C.	B.P	8/6
150 v.	D.C.	21in.	M.C.	F.R	15/-
500 microamp		2in.	M.C.	R.P	
500 mA.	D.C.	2lin.	M.C.	F.R	8/-
6 amp.	R.F.	2lin.	Thermo	F.R	7/6
R.P Rou	nd proje	ction.		Thermo = Thermo.couple.	
	h Squar			M.C Moving Coil.	
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necessary: It is of nicket first, being only 44in. x 64in. x 44in, when completely built and is very easily assembled from diagram supplied. Ocst of all components to built dible set in accordance with the design, including a drilled and cut chassis and panel and new valves, is g9/10/- (orleas valves for 26/7/6). Attractive carrying case finished in bule extherette, 16/9. Complete constructional data with a blue print, which shows the practical component layout and witing diagram, together with an individual component price list are variable separately, 1/6. Our betery ellminators (illustrated above) available in kit form are suitable separately and packing



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22/9; 0-4-9-15-24 v	v. 50 c/s. Primaries: 0-9 v. 3 a., 16/9; 0-9-15 v : 3 a., 22/9; 0-9-15	-30 v.
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TOP SHROUDED D	ROP THROUGH TYP	E
Drimonico 900 990 950	Dry ED ala	
250-0-250 v. 70 mA., 260-0-260 v. 70 mA	6.3 v. 25 a. 6.3 v. 2 5 a. 6.3 v. 3 a., 5 v. 2 a 6.3 v. 2 a., 5 v. 2 a 3.3 v. 3 a., 4 v. 2.5 a 6.3 v. 4 a., 5 v. 3 a	12/11
350-0-350 v. 80 mA.	6.3 v. 2 a., 5 v. 2 a	16/9
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0-4-5 v. 3 a.		23/9
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VCR97, VCR517 or	ACR2X	35/-
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SILVER MICA COND 20, 25, 30, 35, 50, 100 230, 300, 330, 400, $(.001\mu F)$, .002 mfd. (2 each ; 3/9 dozen one (ENSERS. 5, 10, 15,	B
20, 25, 30, 35, 50, 100), 120 , 150 , 180 , 200 , 470 , 500 , 1000 and 300	
$(.001 \mu F)$, .002 mfd. (2)	470, 500, 1,000pid.	
each ; 3/9 dozen one	type.	-
DIAL BULKS MES	8 v 0 15 2 6/9 doz	
DIAL BULBS, M.E.S., 6.5 v. 0.15 a., 6/9	8 v. 0.15 a., 6/9 doz. doz. 3 5 v. 0.3 a.,	
DIAL BULBS, M.E.S., 6.5 v. 0.15 a., 6/9 d 3/6 doz.	, 8 v. 0.15 a., 6/9 doz. doz. 3 5 v. 0.3 a.,	
3/6 doz.		
3/6 doz. VOLUME CONTROLS all values less switc	with long spindles,	
3/6 doz. VOLUME CONTROLS all values less switc	with long spindles,	
VOLUME CONTROLS all values less switc switch. 3/9.	with long spindles, h, 2/9; with S.P	ohms
3/6 doz. VOLUME CONTROLS all values less switc switch. 3/9.	with long spindles, h, 2/9; with S.P	ohms
3/6 doz. VOLUME CONTROLS all values less switc switch. 3/9. WIRE WOUND PO 1,000 ohms, 5K, 2 spindles), 2/9. 220	with long spindles,	ohms length 50K
3/6 doz. VOLUME CONTROLS all values less switc switch. 3/9. WIRE WOUND PO 1,000 ohms, 5K, 2 spindles), 2/9. 220 Preset type, 1/9 ca.	5 with long spindles, bh, 2/9; with S.P TS: 30 ohms, 500 0K, 50K (medium ohms, 2K, 10K, 20K	1
3/6 doz. VOLUME CONTROLS all values less switc switch. 3/9. WIRE WOUND PO' 1,000 ohms, 5 K, 2 spindles), 2/9. 220 Preset type, 1/9 ca. AMMETERS. Movin	with long spindles, h, 2/9; with S.P	amps.,
3/6 doz. VOLUME CONTROLS all values less switc switch. 3/9. WIRE WOUND PO 1,000 ohms, 5K, 2 spindles), 2/9. 220 Preset type, 1/9 ea. AMMETERS . Movin Zin. scale, 11/9.	with long spindles, bh, 2/9; with S.P TS: 30 ohms, 500 0K, 50K (medium ohms, 2K, 10K, 20K g coil. G.E.C. 0-5	amps.,
3/6 doz. VOLUME CONTROLS all values less switc switch. 3/9. WIRE WOUND PO 1,000 ohms, 5K, 2 spindles), 2/9. 220 Preset type, 1/9 ca. AMMETERS. Movin zin. scale, 11/9. ELECTROLYTICS (Cu NO	with long spindles, th, 2/9; with S.P TS: 30 ohms, 500 0K, 50K (medium ohms, 2K, 10K, 20K g coil. G.E.C. 0-5; rrrent production.)	amps.,
3/6 doz. VOLUME CONTROLS all values less switc switch. 3/9. WIRE WOUND PO 1,000 ohms, 5 K, 2 spindles), 2/9. 220 Preset type, 1/9 ea. AMMETERS. Movin Zin. scale, 11/9. ELECTROLYTICS (Cu NO Tubular Tupes	with long spindles, h, 2/9; with S.P TS: 30 ohms, 500 0MK, 50K (medium ohms, 2K, 10K, 20K g coil. G.E.C. 0-5; rrent production.) T ex-Govt. Can Types	amps.,
3/6 doz. VOLUME CONTROLS all values less switc switch. 3/9. WIRE WOUND PO 1,000 ohms, 5K, 2 spindles), 2/9. 220 Preset type, 1/9 ca. AMMETERS. Movin 2in. scale, 11/9. ELECTROLYTICS (Cu NO Tubular Types 8µF 450 v. 1/11	the system of th	2/9
3/6 doz. VOLUME CONTROLS all values less switc switch. 3/9. WIRE WOUND PO 1,000 ohms, 5 K, 2 spindles), 2/9. 220 Preset type, 1/9 ca. AMMETERS . Movin zin. scale, 11/9. ELECTROLYTICS (Cu. Tubular Types 8μF 450 v. 1/11 8μF 500 v. 2/9 Ibur 580 v. 2/9 Ibur 580 v. 2/9	with long spindles, th, 2/9; with S.P TS: 30 ohms, 500 OK, 50K (medium ohms, 2K, 10K, 20K g coil. G.E.C. 0-5; rrent production.) F ex-Govt. Can Types 16µF 450 v. 24µF 350 v.	2/9 2/11
3/6 doz. VOLUME CONTROLS all values less switcs switch. 3/9. WIRE WOUND PO 1,000 ohms, 5K, 2 spindles), 2/9. 220 Preset type, 1/9 ea. AMMETERS. AGMETERS. Movin Sus cale, 11/9. ELECTROLYTICS (Cu NO SuF 450 v. 1/11 SuF 500 v. 2/9 Idµf 450 v. 2/3 Idµf 450 v. 2/3 Idµf 450 v. 2/3	5 with long spindles, ch, 2/9; with S.P TS: 30 ohms, 500 .0K, 50K (medium ohms, 2K, 10K, 20K g coil. G.E.C. 0-5 a g coil. G.E.C. 0-5 a rrent production.) Γ ex-Govt. Can Types 16μF 450 v. 24μF 350 v. 32μF 350 v. 32μF 350 v.	2/9 2/11 2/11 4/9
3/6 doz. VOLUME CONTROLS all values less switcs switch. 3/9. WIRE WOUND PO 1,000 ohms, 5K, 2 spindles), 2/9. 220 Preset type, 1/9 ea. AMMETERS. AGMETERS. Movin Sus cale, 11/9. ELECTROLYTICS (Cu NO SuF 450 v. 1/11 SuF 500 v. 2/9 Idµf 450 v. 2/3 Idµf 450 v. 2/3 Idµf 450 v. 2/3	 with long spindles, th, 2/9; with S.P TS: 30 ohms, 500 OK, 50K (medium ohms, 2K, 10K, 20K g coil. G.E.C. 0-5; g coil. G.E.C. 0-5; rrrent production.) Γ ex-Govt. Can Types 16µF 450 v. 32µF 350 v. 32 mfd. 450 v. 32 mfd. 450 v. 	2/9 2/11 2/11 4/9 4/9
3/6 doz. VOLUME CONTROLS all values less switc switch. 3/9. WIRE WOUND PO 1,000 ohms, 5 K, 2 spindles), 2/9. 220 Preset type, 1/9 ea. AMMETERS. AMMETERS. Movin Suff 450 v. 1/11 8µF 500 v. 2/3 8µF 450 v. 2/3 8µF 500 v. 2/3 8µF 500 v. 3/9 8µF 500 v. 3/3 8µF 500 v. 3/3	5 with long spindles, th, 2/9; with S.P TS: 30 ohms, 500 0K, 50K (medium ohms, 2K, 10K, 20K g coil. G.E.C. 0-5; can Types 16µF 450 v. 32µF 350 v. 32µF 350 v. 32µF 350 v. 32µF 350 v. 84 mfd. 450 v. 8-8µF 350 v.	2/9 2/11 2/11 4/9 3/9
3/6 doz. VOLUME CONTROLS all values less switc switch. 3/9. WIRE WOUND PO 1,000 ohms, 5 K, 2 spindles), 2/9. 220 Preset type, 1/9 ea. AMMETERS. AMMETERS. Movin Suff 450 v. 1/11 8µF 500 v. 2/3 8µF 450 v. 2/3 8µF 500 v. 2/3 8µF 500 v. 3/9 8µF 500 v. 3/3 8µF 500 v. 3/3	5 with long spindles, th, 2/9; with S.P TS: 30 ohms, 500 0K, 50K (medium ohms, 2K, 10K, 20K g coil. G.E.C. 0-5; can Types 16µF 450 v. 32µF 350 v. 32µF 350 v. 32µF 350 v. 32µF 350 v. 84 mfd. 450 v. 8-8µF 350 v.	2/9 2/11 2/11 4/9 3/9 3/11 4/9
3/6 doz. VOLUME CONTROLS all values less switc switch. 3/9. WIRE WOUND PO' 1,000 ohms, 51K, 2 spindles), 2/9. 220 Preset type, 1/9 ea. AMMETERS. Movin Zin. scale, 11/9. ELECTROLYTICS (Cu NO Ruf 450 v. 2/9 16μF 500 v. 2/9 16μF 500 v. 2/9 16μF 500 v. 3/9 22μF 350 v. 3/3 32μf 350 v. 3/9 32 mfd, 500 v. 5/9 84.16μF 500 v. 3/9	 with long spindles, h, 2/9; with S.P T5: 30 ohms, 500 OMK, 50K (medium ohms, 2K, 10K, 20K g coil. G.E.C. 0-5 a rrent production.) Γ ex-Govt. Can Types 16µF 450 v. 32µF 350 v. 32µF 350 v. 32µF 350 v. 32µF 350 v. 8-8µF 450 v. 8-8µF 450 v. 8-8µF 450 v. 8-8µF 450 v. 	2/9 2/11 2/11 4/9 3/9 3/11 4/9 2/11
3/6 doz. VOLUME CONTROLS all values less switc switch. 3/9. WIRE WOUND PO 1,000 ohms, 5 K, 2 spindles), 2/9. 220 Preset type, 1/9 ea. AMMETERS. Movin Zin. scale, 11/9. ELECTROLYTICS (Cu NO BµF 500 v. 1/11 BµF 500 v. 2/3 BµF 500 v. 2/3 BµF 500 v. 3/9 24µF 550 v. 3/3 32µF 550 v. 3/3 32µF 550 v. 3/3	5 with long spindles, th, 2/9; with S.P TS: 30 ohms, 500 0K, 50K (medium ohms, 2K, 10K, 20K g coil. G.E.C. 0-5; can Types 16µF 450 v. 32µF 350 v. 32µF 350 v. 32µF 350 v. 32µF 350 v. 84 mfd. 450 v. 8-8µF 350 v.	2/9 2/11 2/11 4/9 3/9 3/11 4/9

50µF 50 v. 2/3 Can Types 8 mfd. 450 v. 2/3 8 mfd. 500 v 2/11 16 mfd. 350 v. 1/11

MISCELLANEOUS EX-GOVT. ITEMS Slydelock Fuses, 15 amp., 1/9. Bulgin octal type moulded Bakelite, 5-pin or 7-pin Plugs and Sockets, 1/11 pair. Earphones (Single), low resistance, 1/3.

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 (Ex New Units), 10/9. 6jin. Goodmans, 16/9.
 8in. Plessey, 15/9. 8in R.A. Heavy duty, 18'9.
 10in. Rola, 27/9. 10in. Plessey, 18/6. 10in.
 Rola with Trans., 29/6. 12in. Truvox, 49/9.

M.E. SPEAKERS. All 2-3 ohms, 6½in. Rola field 700 ohms, 11/9. 10in. R.A. field 600 ohms, 23/9. 10in R.A. field 1,500 ohms, 23/9. 10in. R.A field 1,000 ohms, 23/9

	'			
	SHROUDED		MOUNT	ING
	es 200-230-250			
Mida	50 v. 60 mA., 6 et type 24-3-3in).o v. z d., d	v. 2 d.,	16/9
350-0-35	50 v. 70 mA., 6.	3 v. 2 a. 5 v	. 2 a	18/9
300-0-30	00 v. 60 mA., 1	2 v. 1.5 a., c.	.t	18/11
250-0-28	50 v. 100 mA.,	6.3 v4 v.	4 a. c.t.,	
0-4-5	v. 3 a			25/9
250-0-2	50 v. 100 mA.,	6.3 v. 6 a., 5	v. 3 a.,	00/0
IOT K	1355 conversion 00 v. 100 mA.,	1		29/9
0-4-5	v. 3 a.	0.3 V4 V.	• a. c.t.,	25/9
	50 v. 100 mA.,	63 v - 4 v.	4 a. c.t.	20/3
	v. 3 a			25/9
350-0-33	50 v. 150 mA., 6			33/9
	50 v. 150 mA., 6	3.3 v. 2 a., 6.	3 v. 2 a.,	
5 v. 3				33/9
	50 v. 160 mA., 6	5.3 v. 6 a., 6.	3 v. 3 a.,	45 /0
5 v. 3	50 v. 250 mA.,	89 8 /	L 17 8 0	45/9
	v. 2 a., 4 v. 3 a			
Telev		., 101 #1000010		67/6
425-0-42	25 v. 200 mA.,	6.3 v4 v. 4	a., c.t.,	,-
	v. 4 a., c.t., 0		suitable	
Willia	mson Amplifie	r, etc		49/9
	25 v. 250 mA., 6		3 v. 6 a.,	05 /0
9 V 3	a			65/6
EX-GO	T. E.H.T. SM	NOOTHING	CONDEN	SE RS
	5,000 v. Bakel			1/6
	. 8,000 v. Cans			
	2,000 v. Block			
	. 5,000 v. Block	s		4/9

mfd. 3,500 v. Cans mfd. 3,500 v. Cans mfd. plus .1 mfd. 8,000 v., large blocks (common negative isolated) 3/3 9/6 CELITE AND WALNUT VENEERED CABINET



ze approximately 12:n. × 61 in. × 51 n. Bakelite pe available in Brown or Cream. Price of binets, 17/6 ca., carr. 2/6. itable fully punched T.R.F. 3-valve and

- ectifier chassis 3/9 itable fully punched superhet chassis (4 valves and rect.) al Scales, 2 colour, 2 waveband, station 4/9
- al scales, 2 colour, 2 waveband, station named, glass al Scales, 3 colour, 3 waveband, station named, glass

1/6 1/9 1/3

Ad. 6/9

2/6

inters, Double ended R.F. Coils, 2 waveband with circuit um Drives, complete

E SKY CHIEF T.R.F. RECEIVER

design of a 4-stage, 3 valve 200-250 v A.C. ains receiver with selenium rectifier. For clusion in any of cabinets illustrated above. It nisits of a variable Mu high gain H.F stage lowed by a low distortion grid detector tride. followed by a low distortion grid detector tride. The next stage is a further tride amplifier with tone correction by negative feedback. Finally comes the output stage consisting of a parallel connected double tride giving ample output at an extraordinary low level of distortion. Point to point wiring diagrams, instructions, and parts list, 2/6. This receiver can be built for a maximum of £4/16/- including cabinet.

SELENIUM RECTIFIERS

L.T. Types	H.T. Types, H.W.
2/6 v. 1 a.h.w. 1/9	70 v. 20 mA 2/11
F.W. Bridge Types	90 v. 20 mA 3/8
6/12 v. 1 a 5/9	120 v. 40 m.A 3/11
6/12 v. 2 a 9/9	250 v. 50 mA 5/9
6/12 v. 4 a 14/9	350 v. 50 mA 7/9
6/12 v. 6 a 19/9	250/350v. 80 mA. 8/9

SPECIAL OFFERS. Germanium Crystal Diodes 1/11. Midget Mains Transformers (size approx. (21×3×21/20.). Screened Primary 220/240 v. 50 c/s.

Loo mai, 1-10 m. 200 omnis Smouded	10/5
250 mA., 3 H. 50 ohms	11/9
100 mA., 15 H. 350 ohms	7/6
80 mA., 10 H. 350 ohms	
60 mA., 10 H. 400 ohms	
50 mA., 40 H 1,000 ohms Potted	10/9
ELIMINATOR TRANSFORMERS	
Primaries 200-250 v. 50 c/s. 120 v. 40 mA	7/11
120 v. 40 mA. 5-0-5 v. 1 a	14/9
OUTPUT TRANSFORMERS	
Midget Battery Pentode 66: 1 for 3S4, etc.	3/6
Small Pentode, 5,000 Ω to 3 Ω	3/9
Standard Pentode, 5,000 Ω to 3 Ω	4/9
Standard Pentode 8 0000 to 30	4/9
Standard Pentode, 10,000 ohms to 3 ohms	4/9
Multi-ratio 40 mA. 30:1, 45:1, 60:1,	
90 : 1, Class B Push-Pull	5/6
Push-Pull 8 Watts 6V6 to 3 ohms	8/9
Push-Pull 10-12 Watts 6V6 to 3Ω or 15Ω	15/9
Push-Pull 10-12 Watts to match 6V6 to	
3-5-8 or 15Ω	16/9
Push-Pull 15-18 Watts to match 6L6, etc., to	00/0
3Ω or 15Ω Speaker	22/9
Push-Pull 20 Watts high-quality sectionally	47/9
wound, 6L6, KT66, etc., to 3 or 15Ω	41/9
Williamson type, exact to author's specification	85/-
specification	00/-

SMOOTHING CHOKES

EX-GOVT. AUTO TRANSFORME Double Wound 100 watts, 5-0-11 125 v. to 10-0-10-210-230 v. reverse 15-10-5-0-215-235 v. 200 watts Double wound 10-0-200-220-240	5-
input, 10-0-270-290-310 v. outp	18/9 25/9 v.
200 watts Double Wound 220/240 v. inpu Output 51 v. to 250 v. 21 am in steps of 11 v	27/9 at. os.
EX-GOVT. MAINS TRANSF All 230 v. 50 c/s. input 48 v. 1 a. output Outputs 250-0-250v. 40mA., 6.3v.2 a., 5v. 2 350-0-350 v. 150 mA. 5 v. 3 a.	9/6 la. 10/9
VALVE SCREENING CANS. Internation 3 piece, 10/6 doz., 1/3 each.	al Octal
EX-GOVT. SMOOTHING CHOKES 250 mA., 20 H. 250 ohms. Tropicalised 250 mA., 20 H. 250 ohms. Tropicalised 250 mA., 20 H. 250 ohms. Tropicalised 250 mA., 3 H. 50 ohms. Tropicalised 100 mA. 10 H. 100 ohms. Tropicalised 100 mA. 10 H. 100 ohms. Tropicalised 100 mA. 10 H. 100 ohms. Tropicalised 90/100 mA. 10 H. 100 ohms. Propicalised 90/100 mA. 10 H. 100 ohms. Propicalised 90/100 mA. 10 H. 100 ohms. Propicalised 90/100 mA. 10 H. Hotoohms. 250 mA. 5-10 H. Ex-GOVI. L.T. type 1 amp. Ex-GOVI. Z30 v. 50 c/s input. 1250 v. 250 mA., 4 v. 3 a. 6.3 v. 6 a., 6.3 v. 6 a., 5 v. 3 a., 5 v. 3 a. 4 v. 3 a. 6.3 v. 6 a., 4. v. 6 a., 4 v. 3 a. 6.3 v. 0-6 a., 4. v. 6 a., 4 v. 3 a., 4 v. 3 a. 6.3 v. 0-6 a., 4. v. 6 a., 4 v. 3 a., 4 v. 3 a. 6.3 v. 0-6 a., 4. v. 6 a., 4 v. 3 a., 4 v. 3 a.	7/6 10/11 6/9 4/6 3/9 2/9 RS. All 25/- 2, 22/6 4.
EX-GOVT. BLOCK PAPER CONDENSE 4 mfd. 500 v 2/9 4 mfd. 1500 v 4 mfd. 750 v 3/3 10 mfd. 1500 4 mfd. 400 v. plus 2 mfd. 250 v. , 1/11.	
EX-GOVT. CATHODE RAY TUBES VCR517 (guaranteed full picture) (carr. 5/-) ACR2X (guaranteed full picture) (carr. 5/-)) 29/6 ea.) 12/6 ea.
EX-GOVT. TRANSMITTER-RECEIVER TR9D, complete with all valves, only 47 carr. 5/	TYPE 7/9, plus
CO-AXIAL CABLE. 75 ohms tin., 8	d. yard.

 Cutput, 220-0-220 v. 40 mA. 6-3 v. 1.5 a., 9/9.
 OFEVIAL PURPUSE
 EX-GOVT.
 VALVES

 EX-GOVT. CATHODE ISOLATING FILAMENT
 GIGUARANTEED)
 VR91, 5/9, SP61 (VR65), 3/9, VR56 3/11, 807 6/11, 6/6 10/6, 6SH7Met 6/11, 12SC7GT 6/11, VU120A
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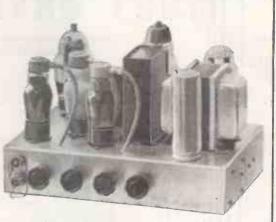
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PUSH PULL" AMPLIFIER R.S.C. 25 WATT

Now firmly established and proving extremely popular, our AII Quality Amplifier we consider to be the best value in amplifiers offered to-day. The volume of its high fidelity reproduction is completely controllable, from the sound of a quiet intimate conversation to the full glorious volume of a great orchestra. Its sensitivity is so high that in areas of fair signal strength it can be operated straight from a crystal receiver. Entirely suitable for standard or long playing records in small homes or in large auditoriums. For electronic organ or guitar or for garden parties or dance bands.

The kit is complete to the last detail, and includes easy to follow point-to-point wiring diagrams.

Twin volume controls with twin input sockets allow SIMUL-TANEOUS INPUTS for BOTH MICROPHONE and GRAM, or TAPE and RADIO. SEPARATE BASS and TREBLE CONTROLS giving both LIFT and CUT. FOUR NEGATIVE FEEDBACK LOOPS with 15 db in the main loop from output transformer to voltage amplifier. Frequency response \pm 3 db. 50-20,000 c.p.s. Hum and distortion LESS THAN 0.5 per cent. measured at 10 watts. This is comparable with some of the highest priced amplifiers. Six B.V.A. valves, Marconi/Osram KT series output valves. A.C. only, 200-230-250 v. 50 c/s. input. 420 v. H.T. LINE. Paper reservoir condenser. Compact chas-sis. Matched components. OVERALL SIZE 12×10×9in. approx. Output impedances for 3 and 15 ohms speakers.



Available in kit form at 9 gns. Plus the amazingly low price of 9 gns. carriage 5/-Or ready for use 50/- extra.



R.S.C. MASTER INTERCOMM. UNIT, with provision for up to 4 "Listen-Talk Back Units" individually switched. A high gain amplifier enables speech and other sounds emanating from the rooms containing remote control units to be heard at the master control. The unit is in kit form and point-to-point wiring diagrams are supplied. A walnut veneered wood or Brown Bakelite cabinet A wanth total wood blown blown back called a is included. Mains input is 200-250 v. 50 c/s. H.T. line 300 v. CHASSIS IS NOT "ALIVE." Ideal also for use as "Baby Alarm." Sound ampli-fication 4 watts. Price only £5/19/6. "Listen— Talk Back Unit" as illustration can be supplied at

30/- each. Full descriptive leaflet 10d. The Master Unit can be supplied assembled and tested for 30/- extra.

R.S.C. BATTERY CHARGER KITS. For mains input 200-250 v. 50 c/s. To charge 6 v. accumu-lator at 2 amps., 25/9.



To charge 6 v. or 12 v. accumulator at 2 amps., 31/6. To charge 6 v. or 12 v. accumulator at 4 amps.,

accumulator at 4 amps., 49/9. ABOVE KITS CONSIST OF BLACK CRACKLE LO UV RED STEEL CASE, MAINS TRANS-FORMER, FULL WAVE METAL RECTIFIER, FUSES-HOLDERS AND CIRCUIT. The mean charging rates are as indicated above, and complete safety is ensured by fusing of both input chargers sumplied assembled and and output. Char, tested for 6/9 extra. Chargers supplied assembled and

A PUSH-PULL 3-4 WATT HIGH-GAIN AMPLI-FIER FOR \$3/12/6, plus carr. 2/6. For mains input 200-250 v 50 c/s. Complete kit of parts including point-to-point wiring diagrams and instructions. Amplifier can be used with any type of feeder unit or pick up. Output is for Including point-to-point wiring diagrams and instructions. Amplifier can be used with any type of feeder unit or pick-up. Output is for 2-3 ohm speaker. (We can supply a very suitable 10in, unit by Rola at 27/9.) The amplifier can be supplied ready for use for 25/- extra. Full descriptive leaflet 7d.



3-SPEED AUTOMATIC COLLARO RECORD COLLARG 3-SPEED AUTOMATIC RECORD CHANGERS (brand new), type RC3521, complete with 2 plug-in Crystal P.U. heads for long playing or standard records 7, 10 or 12in. Not intermixed. Mains input 200-250 v. Limited number available at only \$9/15/-, plus carr. 5/-.

COLLARO 3-SPEED RECORD PLAYER UNIT. Type RC3/514, complete with Orthodynamic Pick-up, and matching transformer. Separate Stylii for long playing or standard records are moved into position by a switch which also makes necessary weight adjustment. Mains input 200-250 v. A.C. Brand new in Makers cartons, \$6/19/6, plus 5/- carr.

COLLARO RECORD PLAYER UNIT. Type AC/514. Standard 10in.turntable. Speed normal 78 r.p.m. Crystal pick-up. Mains input 200-250 v. A.C. Brand new cartoned \$3/19/6, plus 5/- carr.

COLLARO TAPE DESK MOTORS. Shaded pole type. Clockwise or anti-clockwise. 110-200-250 v., 31/6. Mains input



32 THE CALLS, LEEDS, 2

Terms C.W.O. or C.O.D. No C.O.D. under fl. Postage I/I extra under fl, I/9 extra under f3. Full Price List 6d. Trade List 5d. Open to Callers: 9 a.m. to 5.30 p.m. Saturdays until I p.m.

R.S.C. 8-10-watt "Push-Pull" HIGH-FIDELITY AMPLIFIER A3. Complete with integral pre-amp. Tone control stage (as AII amplifier), using negative feedback, giving humproof individual bass and treble lift and cut tone control. Six Negative Feedback Loops. Completely negligible hum and distortion. Frequency response ±3 db, 30-20,000 c.p.s. Two independently controlled inputs. Six B.V.A. valves. A.C. mains 200-230-250 v. input only. Outputs for 3 or 16 ohm speakers. Kit of parts complete in every detail. 27/19/6,plus 5/- carriage, or ready for use, 45/-extra.

R.S.C. TONE CONTROL-PRE-AMP. UNIT. A complete set of parts for the construction of a very efficient but simple pre-amplifier and tone control unit. Suitable for use with any amplifier and pick-up. Fill supply is self-contained. Size is 74-5-51, approx. Full descriptive leafet 94. Price, including wiring diagrams, 37/6. Or ready for use, 15/- ex ra.

CRASSIS	
	16 s.w.g. aluminium, re-
minium amplifier type	ceiver type.
(4-sided)	10in v Pin v Olin E/2
12in. × 9in. × 23in6/11	$12in. \times 8in. \times 21in. \dots 5/3$
14in. × 9in × 24in6/11	$16in. \times 8in. \times 21in. \dots 7/6$
14in. × 10in. × 3in7/11	$20in. \times 8in. \times 2\frac{1}{2}in8/11$
16in. × 10in. × 3in8/3	10. 1 11
18 s.w.g. aluminium re-	16s.w.g. aluminium, am-
ceiver type.	plifier type, 4-sided.
	101-101-1011- 7/44
6in. × 3§ in. × 1 in1/11	12in. × 8in. × 23 in7/11
71in.×47in.×2in2/9	16in. × 8in. × 21 in. 10/11
10in. × 5}in. × 2in 3/3	$20in. \times 8in. \times 2\frac{1}{2}in 13/6$
$11in. \times 6in. \times 2\frac{1}{2}in 3/11$	$14in. \times 10in. \times 3in 13/6$
NT FLIMINATOD AN	D TRICKLE CHARGER
	nd L.T. transformer, H.T.
and L.T. rectifiers, smoo	othing electrolytic choke,
and steel case. For m	ains input of 200-250 v.

and steel case. For mains input of 200-250 v. Output 120 v. 40 mA, and 2 v. $\frac{1}{2}$ a. Price with circuit 29/6. Or in working order, 37/6.



BATTERY SET CONVERTER KITS. All parts for BATTERT SEI GUNVERTER RUS. All parts for converting any type of battery receiver to all mains. A.C. 200-250 v. 50 c/s. Kit will supply fully smoothed H.T. of 120 v. 90 v. or 60 v. at up to 40 mA., and fully smoothed L.T. of 2 v. at 0.4 a. to 1 a. Price complete with circuit and instructions only 48/9. Supplied ready for use for 7/9 extra.

"MUST HAVE" BARGAINS

RECEIVER R3118, ideal for conversion To TV, having a built-in A.C. mains Power Pack or 180-240 volts, is tremendously powerful employing 7 LF, stages of 12 Mc/s with 4 Mc/s Bandwidth and has 16 valves as follows : 6 of SP61, 4 of EA50, 2 of VR136, 1 each VR137, P61, 5Z4, and Y63 "MAGIC EYE" IN NEW CONDITION, only 97/6 (carriage, etc., 7/6).

"PYE" 45 Mc/s I.F. STRIP. Ready made for the London Vision Channel, Complete with 6 valves EF50 and I EA50, BRAND NEW, ONLY 70/-(postage, etc., 2/6).

1.F. STRIP 194. An easily modified strip recommended for TV con-structors who want good results at moderate cost, or for those who have built televisors but are having trouble in the sound or vision receivers. Size 18in. x Sin. x Sin., it is complete with 6 valves VR65, 1 of VR92, and 1 of VR56 or VR53. Mod, data supplied. ONLY 45/- (postage, etc., 2/6). Less valves, 19/6 (post, etc., 2/6).

TELESCOPIC AERIAL. Pulls out of metal tube 15in, long to extend to 73in. BRAND NEW. ONLY 7/6 Pulls out (postage 10d.).

AMPLIFIER 208 Ideal for conversion into a high-gain TV pre-amp. Complete with 2 valves EF50. ONLY 15/-(postage, etc., 1/6).

CHOKES. 3H 40 mA., 3/6. 5H 200 mA., 7/6. 10H 60 mA., 4/-. 30H 100/150 mA., 12/6. (Postage 1/-).

CHASSIS OF POWER UNIT 529. An ideal unit for component value or for building an amplifier, etc. Contains valveholders, resistors, potentiometer chokes, and block and tubular con-densers. Housed in grey metal case, size I2in, x 85in, x 74in, BRAND NEW. ONLY 10/- (carriage, etc., 3/6).

AMERICAN 12 v. DYNAMOTORS. Output 255 v. 60 mA. ONLY 22/6. 24 v. BLOWER MOTORS. ONLY 17/6

C.R. TUBE VCR97. Tested full screen. BRAND NEW IN MAKER'S CRATES. ONLY 42/6.

v. VIBRATOR UNITS. Made by the National Co. of America for use with H.R.O Communications Re-ceivers, supplying 165 v. at 85 mA fully smoothed D.C. Complete with vibrator and 6X5 rectifier in black crackle cabinet size 7in. x 7½in. x 6in. crackle cabinet size 7in. x 71/ ONLY 29/6 (postage, etc., 2/6).

METAL RECTIFIERS, Selenium full wave bridge 6 or 12 volts ; 1 amp 7/6; 2 amp 11/3 ; 3 amp 12/6 ; 4 amp 15/-

CHARGER TRANSFORMERS. Normal primaries, output 0-9-15 volts; 1 amp 10/6; 2 amp 16/6; 3 amp 18/6; 4 amp 20/-.

COMMUNICATIONS RECEIVER R.1155

The famous ex-Bomber Command Receiver known the world The tamous ex-Bomber Command Receiver known the world over to be supreme in its class. Covers 5 wave ranges : 18.5-7.5 Mc/s, 7.5-3.0 Mc/s, 1,500-600 kc/s, 500-200 kc/s, 200-75 kc/s, and is easily and simply adapted for normal mains use, full details being supplied. Aerial tested before despatch. BRAND NEW AND. UNUSED IN MAKER'S TRANSIT CASES. ONLY £11/19/6. USED BREFEIVEDS also

USED RECEIVERS, also tested working before despatch, £7/19/6.

2/1796. R.1155 "N" Model. This is the latest version which covers the Trawler Band and in addition has ultra-slow motion tuning. Used, in good condition, and tested working before despatch £17/19/6.

A Factory-made Power Pack, Output Stage and Speaker, contained in a black crackle cabinet to match the receiver, can be supplied for ONLY £5/10/-. Plugs on to the receiver, and operates it immediately.

DEDUCT 10/- IF PURCHASING RECEIVER AND POWER PACK TOGETHER.

Please add carriage costs of 10/6 for receiver, and 5/- for Power Pack.

INDICATOR UNIT TYPE 62A

Built on a two-deck chassis, this contains VCR97 Cathode Ray Tube with mu-metal screen, 12 values FESO, 4 of SP61, 3 of EA50, and 2 of EB34. An economical way of buying a VCR97 and EF50s. IN NEW CONDITION IN MAKER'S TRANSIT CASES. ONLY 99/6 (carriage, etc., 10/6).

ROTARY POWER UNITS TYPE 104

Input 12 v., Output 230 volts 65 mA. and 6.3 volts 2.5 amp. Fully filtered and smoothed and noise suppressed. Ideal for car radio, etc. BRAND NEW. ONLY 15/- (postage, etc., 2/6).

100 MICROAMPS METERS

21in. circular flush mounting. Widely calibrated scale of 15 divisions marked "yards" which can be rewritten to suit requirements. These movements are almost unobtainable to-day and being BRAND NEW IN MAKER'S CARTONS are a snip at ONLY 42/6.

METERS

BRAND NEW, MOVING COIL, FLUSH MOUNTING ImA.21in.square.15/- ; 5 mA.21in.square,7/6 ; 100 mA.21in. round, 12/6 ; 500 mA.24in.round, 12/6 ; 20 amp.21in.round, 7/6 ; 40 amp.21in.round,7/6 ; 500 mA.thermo couple 21in. square or round, 5/-, or 3 for 13/6 ; 30-0-30 amp. moving iron, car type, 5/-.

POWER UNIT TYPE 3

Made for use with the R.1132A, this is a standard rack mounting job to match the receiver, and is for $200/250 \times 50$ -cycle mains with outputs of $250 \times D.C.$ 100 mA., and 6.3 v. 4 amp. Fitted with H.T. current meter and voltmeter, this is a firstclass unit, and can be used for a variety of receivers. Used, but tested working before despatch. ONLY 90/- (carriage, ecc., 5/-). Connecting Cable with Jones Plugs for receiver and power unit. 10/-.

AMPLIFIER A1135A Complete with 3 valves, I each EL32, EK32, EBC33. A handy little unit for con-version or breakdown. ONLY 17/6 (postage etc., 2/6).

TRII96 TRANSMITTER SECTION. In perfect condition, less valves. ONLY 12/6 (postage, etc., 2/6).

OSMOR H.O. COIL PACK. The 3 wave superhet pack recommended for the TRI196 Receiver conversion. ONLY 48/-. 1196 conversion data supplied with coil pack, or separately I/-, post paid

500 KCS. CRYSTALS. Standard 2-pin mounting. Ex. new equipment and perfect. ONLY 15/- (postage, etc., 1/-)

159 RECEIVER UNIT. Contains I each valve, types EF50, EA50, SP61, RL37 and 24 v. selector switch. ONLY 12/6.

VACUUM PUMPS. For Handymen and Model Makers. Ex-R.A.F. Type B3-Mk. III, made by Romec. BRAND NEW IN MAKER'S CARTONS, ONLY 15/- (post 2/-).

TRANSFORMERS. Manufactured to our specification and fully guaranteed. Upright mounting, fully shrouded, normal primaries. 425 v.-0-425 v. 250 mA., 6.3 v. 4 a., 6.3 v. 4 a., 5 v. 3 a., 50/-. 350 v.-0-350 v. 160 mA., 6.3 v. 6 a., 6.3 v. 3 a., 5 v. 3 a., 42/6. 350 v.-0-350 v. 150 mA., 6.3 v. 6 a., 5 v. 3 a., 32/6. Please add 2/- per transformer postage. **TRANSFORMERS ELIMENT** TRANSFORMERS, Manufactured to

TRANSFORMERS, FILAMENT. 6.3 v. 2 a., 7/6 ; 6.3 v. 3 a. 10/6 (postage 1/-).

TRANSFORMERS, EHT. Upright

EHT 7,000 v, 5 mA., 2 v. 1 a., 82/6.

Please add 2/- per transformer postage. TRANSFORMERS, EX-W.D. AND

ADMIRALTY, built to more than 50 per cent, safety factor with normal A.C. mains primaries. All brand new and unused, 330-0-330 v. 100 mA. 4 v. 3 a., 22/6.

E.H.T., 1,400 v. 2 mA., 520 v. 10 mA. 300 v 10 mA., 2 v. 1.5 amp., 21/-.

L.T. 6.3 v. 7.7 amp., 4.2 v. 2.5 amp., 4 v. 1 amp., 19/6.

L.T. 4 v. 20 amp. C.T., 30/-. Please add 2/6 per transformer postage.

INTERNATIONAL OCTAL PLUG Fits into 1.O. valveholder, 2/- (post 3d.). GANGED POTENTIOMETERS. Double 50K and double I meg., 7/6 each. CERAMIC 2-WAY 3-BANK SWITCHES, 7/6 each.

P.M. SPEAKERS. 64 in. ROLA with transformer 17/6, 10 in. LECTRONA with transformer 27/6. 12 in. GOODMANS, less transformer, 15 ohms speech coil, 99/6. ALL SPEAKERS BRAND NEW IN MAKER'S CARTONS. Postage 2/- each please.

U.E.I. CORPORATION

Cash with order please, and print name and address clearly

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(Open until I p.m. Saturdays. We are 2 mins. from High Holborn (Chancery Lane Station) and 5 mins. by bus from King's Cross, AMOUNTS GIVEN FOR CARRIAGE REFER TO MAINLAND ONLY.

MARCH. 1954

ENAMELLED COPPER WIRE OF LB. REELS. 148.W.G., 1/4 30 8.W.G. 2/2 16 S.W.G., 1/4 32 8.W.G., 2/3 18 S.W.G., 1/6 34 8.W.G., 2/4 20 S.W.G. 1/7 36 8.W.G. 2/6 22 8.W.G., 1/8 38 S.W.G., 2/8 24 8.W.G., 1/10 40 8.W.G., 2/11 26 8.W.G., 1/10 44 S.W.G.,3/3 28 B.W.G. 2/-

J.B. DRIVES. ETC. SLS Spin Wheel Drive, 27/6. Airplane Drive, 13/-. Full Vision Drive, 13/-Square Plane Drive, 12/9. SL5 RV Drive, 26/6. Send for catalogue of drives, condensers, etc.

SPECIAL PURPOSE VALVES.

EF8, 6/6; 6G6G, 6/6; 9004, 6/3; VR136, 7/-; VR66, 3/9; VU120A, VR136, 7/-; VR66, 3/9; VU120A, 3/6; 9002, 6/3; VR53, 7/6; VR91, 6/-; 807, 8/-; 5Z3, 8/6; 6Y56, 8/-; 955, 4/-; T11, 6/6; VR116, 4/-; VR56, 7/-; 954, 2/-; 0771, 1/-; VR137, 5/-; VR55, 7/3; VT106, 4/-; PT16, 10/-; 68A7, 9/-; AT24, 6/9; VU111, 3/6; 9001, 6/3; VU39, 8/6; VR65A, 3/6; 956, 3/6; 9003, 6/3; 2X2, 5/6; VR55, 3/9; 68S7, 8/-, 1A5CT, 7/6; 68T7, 8/-, 7Q7, 8/6, 220V80. 8/9

BURGESS MICRO SWITCH.

Ball type switch. Type 5c/1910. Price 3/8 each.

VARNISHED COTTON SLEEVING 1 M.M. 1/6 doz. yds.

INDICATOR UNIT, 63/-

Type 255, Case size 17 lin. × 13in. × 11in. Complete with VCR517C. Brand new, latest type panels, dozens of resistors and condensers. Less valves. Carriage 7/6.

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3in. Plessy Hound Type for	
Portables	12/9
Elac 31in. square type. 2 to	
3Ω	13/6
5in. Units by Elac	12/3
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only lain. deep	20/-
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A	15/-
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weight	49/6
Extension Loudspeaker in	
mottled bakelite case, suit-	
able for bedrooms or kitch-	-
enettes	19/6
Plessey Mains Energised Sin.	
Unit, 1,500 Field	21/-

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964 Solon oval bit type, 19/- each. 968 Solon pencil bit type, 19/- each.

GOLDRING PICKUP HEADS Pickup head Type No. 112 (2,000 ohms), complete with lead. Price, 20/- each.

THIS IS THE MOST POPULAR CABINET ON SALE TODAY.

Complete with drilled chassis, dial, back plate, pointer, dial drive and drum, etc. Price 27/8. Post 2/-.

VCR97 Skin, CATHODE RAY TURE Complete with case and screen, 29/9 each. Packing and post 3/-

MT1. Primary 0-210-230-250 v. Secondary. 250-0-250 v. 80 ma., 6.3 v. 4 amps., 5 v. 2 amps., with taps at 4 v. on filament winding. Price, 17/6 each.

MT2. Primary 0-210-230-250 v. Becondary. 250-0-250 v. 80 m.a., 6.3 v. 4 amps., 5 v. 2 amps. Both filament windings tapped 4 v. Price, 17/8 each.

MT3. 30 volt 2 amp. tappings as follows: 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 9, 10, 12, 15, 18, 20, 24 v. 17/6 each.

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HALF	WAVE	3	1		M/A	PH	NCIL
K3/25 K3/40	665V . 1KV .						5/8
K3/45	1.140K	V		• •			8/2
K3/50 K3/60	1.260 K 1.5 K V				• •-• •		8/8 9/8
K3/100	2.550 H	٢V	•	• •	• • • •	•••	14/8

STANDARD S.T.C. RECTIFIERS STANDARD S.T.G. RECTIFIERS RM1 125V 60 m/s 3/11 each RM2 125V 60 m/s 4/3 each RM3 125V 100 m/s 4/3 each RM4 250V 250 m/s 16/- each Standard cartidge funses. } amp., 1 amp., 1 amp., 2 amp. and 3 amp., 3/4. each. Bulgin Toggle Switch DPDT, 2/2 ea. Bulgin Toggle Switch DPST, 2/3 ea. Extension Speaker Vol. Control, 1/3 each.

1/3 each. 44 Variable Resistors sultable for

Welwyn 50K Pre-Set Carbon Con-trols, 1/9 each. Throat Microphones, 2 in a box, 1/8

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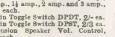
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each. Bridge Rectifiers 12 v. 3 A., 13/9 ea. Octal and British screened valve caps, 3d. each. Standard Iron Elements, 450 watts,

1/8 each. H.M.V. Elements, 3/- each.

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220 to 240 v.input.	
2 volts 1 amp	4/
2 volts 3 amps	7/:
4 volts 11 amps	5/
	10/
	10/
6.3 volts 11 amps	6/
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Throat Microphones, 2 in a box, 1/8 box. G.P.O. Jack Plugs, 1/3 each. Block Condenser 4 mfd. 500 v. Flying Leads, 1/6 each. T.V. Coll Formers, §in., 9d. each; Microphone Transformer, 60 to 1 Ratio, 1/6 each. Intervalve Transformer, 1/- each. WHANDA wire and cable stripper Ratail price 15/- each. Our price 5/- each. T.R.F. Switch, 1/- each. Crystal Diodes, wire ends, 1/8 each. 16×18 mfd. 350 v. Can type, 2/9 each.

Hydrometers, brand new in wooden case, 8/6 each.

FILAMENT TRANSFORMERS.	<u>A</u> 1
220 to 240 v.input.	
	4/6
	7/9
	5/-
	L0/•
	10/
	6/-
	5/-
6 3 volts 3 amps.	Q/.



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Available for 6in. and 8in. speaker units. Polished walnut finish. A very attractive cabinet at quarter of today's prices Price 61in. Type Cabinet, 15/6 each. Price 8in. Type Cabinet, 19/8 each.



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Contains EK32; 4 EF39; 6H6; 6J5; 3 SP61 ; P61 in good condition. Fitted with tuning meter. Slow motion drive calibrated dial complete with circuit diagram. 49/6 each. Carriage and packing 7/6.



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Build a Radio in this up-to-date Cabinet. A modern looking Radio Cabinet complete with drilled chassis; dial drive and dram; back plate; dial; spring; pointer; size lbjin.x lljin.x Sin. Price £1/16/6. Postand Packing 2/-.

Fostand Facking 2/. We can supply a circuit diagram with all instructions for constructing a 3 valve plus metal rectifier T.B.F. receiver to operate on Long and Medium wavebands for $\frac{1}{6}$. The complete kit can be supplied for $\frac{26}{6}/6/$. Plus Packing and Post 2/6.

complete with screened lead and plug-Crystal insert, nickel chrome plated head, listed at 2 gns. Our price, 21/- each.

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LAUGRAVED KNOBS lin. dia. for jin. spindles. available Cream or Brown as follows:-"Focus.""Contrast." Brillinnce," "Brightness," "Brillinnce On/Off." Warechange," "On/Off." Tuning," "Volume,""S.M.L. Gram,""Tone, "Vol On/Off." Radio-Gram." Bass," "Trebte," "Record-Play." Price 1/6 each Flain knobs to match 1/- each.

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30 AMP. ROTARY SWITCH, position, complete with knob, 4/each.

HEADPHONES. Type CLR Low Resistance Headphones, 120 ohms 7/6 pair. Type DHE A. Super Quality Headphones, 13/9 pair. Headbands, Wide type, 1/9 ca.

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Type LV9. Ratio 1/1.25 giving 25% boost on tube heater. Capacity between windings 16 pF. Secondary to frame, 6 pF. Suitable for High Definition

22/9. 0.P.4. Dual purpose 12-watt output Transformer. Primary tapped for 2.6V6 or 2-6L6 in Push-Pull. Secondary, 3, 8, 15 ohms. 23/6 ca.

TUNGAR RECTIFIERS. Cat. No. 189048, 6 amps., 10/- ca.

AMERICAN CONDENSERS.

.1 mfd., 350 v., .01 mfd. 1,000 v., .001 mfd. 1,000 v., .02 mfd. 750 v.. .05 mfd. 500 v. All 9/- doz.

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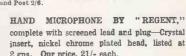
8 mfd. 450 v., 1/1 es.; 8 mfd. 350 v., 1/1 es.; 8 mfd. 350 v., 1/9 es.; 18 mfd. 350 v., 2/9 es.; 24 mfd. 350 v., 3/-es.; 22 mfd. 350 v., 1/9 es.; 32 mfd. 450 v., 4/-6 es.; 8-8 mfd. 450 v., 4/- es.; 250 mfd. 12 v., 2/3 esch. ach

WIRE END TYPE CONDENSERS.

25 mfd. 25 v., 1/4 es.; 50 mfd. 50 v. 1/9 ea.; 50 mfd. 12 v., 1/8 ea.; 8 mfd. 450 v., 2/- ea.; 8 mfd. 500 v. 2/3 ea.; 16 mfd. 500 v., 3/3 ea.; 20 mfd. 500 v., 3/6 ea.

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STANDARD CAN CONDENSERS. 16 x 8 x 8 md. 600 ., plug in type. 4/9 ea.; 8 x 24 mfd. 350 v, 3/2 .ea.; 32 x 8 md. 350 v, 3/9 ea.; 24 x 16 md. 350 v, 4/6 ea.; 32 x 32 mfd 450 v, 6/9 ea.; 16 mfd. 400 v, 3/3 ca.; 8 x 8 mfd. 350 v, 2/9 ea.; 26 x 26 mfd. 350 v, 2.5 mfd. 25 v, 5/9 ea.; 32 x 16 mfd. 350 v, 3/9 ea.; 20 x 20 mfd. 600 v, 4/6; 16 x 8 mfd. 350 v. 3/11 ea.; 12 x 4 mfd., 450 v, 2/9 ea.



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BAND III TEST SET

TEST SET TYPE B.G.3 is a wavemeter made by R.F. Equipment for the Ministry and covers 160-220 Mc/s., having a 54:n. instrument type directly calibrated dial with vernier. A 5 Mc/s crystal oscillator is incorporated for checking purposes. The instruction booklet states that the accuracy is better than 200 kc/s. (1/10th of 1 per cent). The instrument em-ploys 4-VR91's (EF50) and 1-VR135 (UHF triode). It is housed in a strongly made, handsome wooden case, size 9n, x 13in. x 12±in. high, with hinged lid, which when opened reveals a black crackle instrument TEST SET TYPE B.G.3 is a wavemeter made opened reveals a black crackle instrument panel with controls, terminals, indicating lamp, etc. The oscillator itself is contained in a completely screened compartment. The circuit diagram, giving full component values, is engraved on a metal plate fixed to the base of the chassis: The instrument requires a power supply of 6.3 volts at 1.5 Amps. and 120 volts H.T. at 12 mA. which may be pro-vided either from batteries (not provided) or from mains power pack which can be housed in the cabinet. Supplied complete with five valves, 5 Mc/s crystal, circuit diagram and instruction booklet, in tip-top condition for only 59/6 plus 5/6 carriage.

COMMUNICATION RECEIVERS CALLERS—PLEASE NOTE that we have a good selection of American and other types good selection of American and other types of communication receivers, including Halli-crafters, HRO, R.M.E., etc. in stock. All thoroughly reconditioned, re-aligned and in perfect working order, which we will be pleased to demonstrate at any time. COMMUNICATION RECEIVER RIJSS

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without ANY MODIFICATIONS WHAT-EVER. All our Power Packs have heavy duty transformers, are complete with leads Jones plugs and are guaranteed for and 6 months.

TYPE A in smart black metal casesize $8\frac{1}{4}$ in. x $4\frac{1}{4}$ in. x $6\frac{1}{2}$ in. Less speaker. Price 44/10/-,

4jin. x 6jin. Less speaker. Price £4/10/-, plus 3/6 carr. TYPE B with built in speaker in black metal case size 13 jin. x 5 jin. x 7 jin. Price £5/5/-plus 3/6 carr. TYPE C with an Bin. R. & A. speaker in specially designed, beautiful black crackle cabinet to match the receiver. Size 11 jin. x 10 jin. x 6in. A de Luxe job. Price £6/10/-plus 3/6 carr.

U.S.A. DYNOMOTOR. 12 volts D.C. input, 250 volts 60 mA. output. Weight 23 lbs. Size 44 in. x 3in. diameter. Ideal for car radio, mobile amplifiers, small trans-mitters, etc. All tested prior to despatch. mitters, etc. All teste ONLY 22/6, post paid.

POLICE, FIRE, WROTHAM

POLICE, FIRE, VICOTION THE RII32A receiver covers 100-124 Mc/s with variable tuning. Very easily altered to other frequencies. Complete with all II valves. Requires only 250 volts and 6.3 volts when it is ready to operate. Complete circuit supplied. Only 45/-, with values of the value of th ony 20 voits with the target of the strategy operate. operate. Complete circuit supplied. Only 45/-, plus 7/6 carriage. BRAND NEW. Will operate from our standard RIISS power pack using special lead, price 10/- extra.

POWER PACK NO. 3. Standard 19in. rack-mounted power packs for 200/250 volts mains operation. Paper smoothing, two heavy duty chokes, VU39 rectifier. Output 250 volts D.C. 100 mA., 6.3 volts 4 amps. Two types : Mark I with H.T. current meter at £4/4/-; Mark II with H.T. current and voltmeters at £4/10/-, carriage 5/-. Suitable for use with P48, RI132, RI481, RI392, RI155, etc. Lead for any specified set with Jones plugs, 10/- extra. All power packs guaran-teed in working order.

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¹¹ B ¹¹ 2 volts 1¹/₂ Amps., 4 volta 1¹/₂ type 7/6 each.
H.R.O. 6 VOLT VIBRATOR PACK gives 165 volts 80 mA. smoothed D.C. Uses Mallory vibrator, 6X5, heavy duty smoothing choke, etc. In black crackle cabinet size 7in. x 7in. x 6in. Brand new only 29/6.
C.R. TUBES for G.E.C. "Miniscope" price 35/- each. New and Boxed.
VARIACS. semiralable. Rated .8 kVA, oil VARIACS. semiralable.

VARIACS. semi-variable. Rated .8 kVA, oil filed. Adjustable for 30 volts above and below the mains input. Price £5.

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Stor Finit-amps. Filtermo-couple 2in, square panel mg, 5/-. All the above meters are brand new and boxed. G.E.C. I mA. METER RECTIFIERS, BRAND NEW AT ONLY II/6. 3,500 volt moving coil 3‡in. projection type at the SPECIAL BARGAIN price of 15/-.

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3/3

METAL RECTIFIERS

Selenium 230 volts 60 mA. at 5/-; 300 volts 100 mA. at 7/6; RM2 at 4/3 or two for 8/-; RM4 at 17/-; Selenium Full Wave Bridge 6 or 12 volts— 1 Amp. at 15/-. Heavy duty selenium rectifier; square fins, size 8 jin. X din. X din. Two units in full wave bridge give 48 volts 10 Amps. D.C. Brand new at 64 per pair. COLLARO THREE SPEED AUTO

D.C. Brand new at £4 per pair. COLLARO THRE SPEED AUTO CHANGER 3RC521 complete with two separate crystal heads. BRAND NEW AND BOXED. Only £9/19/6.

Ohly £9/19/6. GOODMANS AND B.T.H. 12in. 15 watt IS ohm heavy duty speakers in stock. Brand new and boxed at bargain prices for callers. **PUSH PULL OUTPUT TRANSFORMERS** IS watts, push-pull 6V6's to 15 ohms. A bargain for ONLY 7/6 each. **HEAVY DUTY CHOKES.** 5 Hy 300 mA., 50 ohms, size 3in. x 4in. x 4jin. Potted type, chassis mtd. Price 12/6. 30 Hy. 150 mA., 300 ohms, universal mounting, size 4in. x 3in. x 2jin. Price 10/6. 5 Hy. 200 mA. 120 ohms, chassis mounting, size 2jin. x 2jin. x 3in. Price 7/6. These chokes are all brand new and boxed.

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contains 3 EF50, 1 SU4G, 4 SP61 and a 64in, C.R.T. type VCR517. This tube will replace the VCR97 without any alteration, is com-pletely free from cut-off and has a more pleated tree for cut-off and has a more very large assortment of pots, resistors, condensers, etc. Tubes demonstrated. Supplied BRAND NEW (less relay) for only 67/6, plus 7/6 carriage in original transit cases. Original circuit supplied FREE with each order, or 1/6 separately.



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Price 9d. per yard. Minimum per post, 7/6 per doz. yards. HEAVY DUTY twin circular polythene cable, weatherproof, suitable for extension mains lead, etc. Price 9d. per yard. Minimum per post 8/6 per doz. yards. SPECIAL OFFER of 100 yard coil for 50/-, plus 3/6 carriage. TELEVISION RECTIFIERS 3‡in. long, 2‡in. dia., 235 volts A.C. input. Type A—Output 300 mA., price 13/6. Type B—Output 380 mA., price 14/6. These are BRAND NEW. Either type plus 1/- postage.

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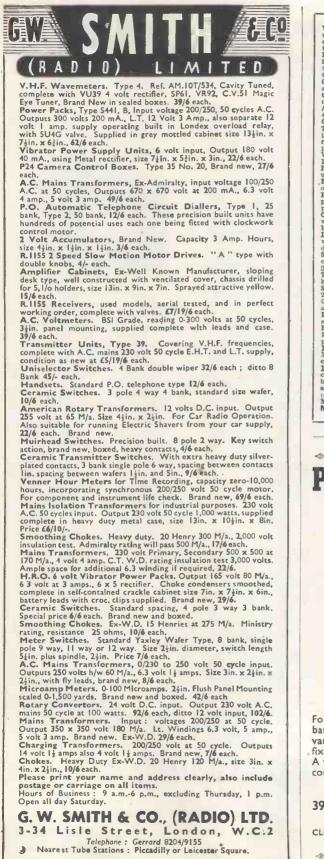
STANDARD TRANSFORMERS Transformers of current manufacture. Two types, both standard tapped primaries. Universal mounting. (1) 350-0-350 volts 80 mA., 0-4-6.3 volts 4 amps., 0-4-5 volts 2 amps. (2) 250-0-250 volts 80 mA., 0-4-6.3 volts 4 amps., 0-4-5 volts 2 amps. Both these transformers are new and boxed, fully guaranteed at 18/- each, post paid. 30 VOLT TRANSFORMER standed

30 VOLT TRANSFORMER standard primary. Secondary 30 volts 2 amps., tapped to give 3, 5, 6, 8, 9, 10, 12, 15, 18, 20, 24 volts. Has counteless uses. Price 17/6. METAL RECTIFIER, 12 volt 2 amp. full wave bridge type. Suitable for use with the above transformer. Price 11/3.

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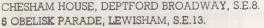
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7-way 4/- doz; 28-way 10/- doz. ASSORTED PILOT LAMP HOLDERS 4/- FUSES 1±in. Most values from 750 mA. to 10 amp. 2/- POINTER KNOBS. Small black, with line, ±in. hole. 7/6 , STANDARD ROUND KNOBS: Small, ‡in. hole. 6/-; Large, ±in. hole, 7/6 ; with spring clip, ±in. hole. 6/-; CLIX WANDER PLUGS. Type MP2. Red, black, blue. 2/- PHILIPS TRIMMER TOOLS. 7/0 PP2. Red, black, blue. 2/- PHILIPS TRIMMER TOOLS. 7/0 PP2. Red, black, blue. 2/- BELLING & LEE. P/M FUSE HOLDERS, Type L356. 2/- VALVE HOLDERS: Moulded. B9A, 7/6 ; B7G, 6/-; EF50, 6/-; ENGLISH OCTAL, 3/- per doz. SCREEN CANS for B9A, B7G, 6/- doz.; PAXOLIN-B7G MAZDA 4-pin UX. 3/- BULGIN. P.73, Plug and Socket, 2/-; Rotary Switches, S 255 7/- DOIN Swirches S 267 2/- DOIN Swirches, S 267 9/-	 LIGHTING PLANTS for house lighting where mains supply is not obtainable. We have in stock plants both A.C. and D.C. by leading manufacturers, surplus stocks which have been completely rebuilt in our works and every plant is guaranteed. D.C. PLANTS. 12/18 volts Alco Lyon 360 watts with S/bd. £22/10/ 12/18 volts J.A.P. 550 watts, £30. Switchboard, £8/10/ 36 volts Lyon Norman 1,260 watts, £40. Switchboard, £10. A.C. PLANTS. 2.75 K.W. 130 volts 3-phase J.A.P. with swltchboard. 1.5 K.W. 230 volts 50 cycles S.P. Petter Higgs. 300 watt 110 volts 50 cy, S.P. and 12/18 volts J.O. ch charging Chorehorse with switchboard, £32/10/ 300 watt 220 volt A.C. 50 cy. S.P. and 12/18 volts D.C. Briggs & Stratten with S/bd., £35. 250 V.A. 230 volts 50 cyc. Lyon Alco with S/bd., £32/10/ All prices nett, packing and carriage at cost. RECTIFIER UNITS. Westinghouse metal rectifiers, double wound transformers. Output 50 volts 3 waps. 50 volts 14
 7-way 4/- doz; 28-way 10/- doz. ASSORTED PILOT LAMP HOLDERS	 LIGHTING PLANTS for house lighting where mains supply is not obtainable. We have in stock plants both A.C. and D.C. by leading manufacturers, surplus stocks which have been completely rebuilt in our works and every plant is guaranteed. D.C. PLANTS. 12/18 volts Alco Lyon 360 watts with S/bd. £22/10/ 12/18 volts J.A.P. 550 watts, £30. Switchboard, £8/10/ 36 volts Lyon Norman 1,260 watts, £40. Switchboard, £10. A.C. PLANTS. 2.75 K.W. 130 volts 3-phase J.A.P. with swltchboard. 1.5 K.W. 230 volts 50 cycles S.P. Petter Higgs. 300 watt 110 volts 50 cy. S.P. and 12/18 volts J.O. ch charging Chorehorse with switchboard, £32/10/ 300 watt 220 volt A.C. 50 cy. S.P. and 12/18 volts D.C. Briggs & Stratten with S/bd., £35. 250 V.A. 230 volts 150 cy. Lyon Alco with 5/bd., £32/10/ All prices nett, packing and carriage at cost. RECTIFIER UNITS. Westinghouse metal rectifiers, double wound transformers. Output 50 volts 3 amp. 24 volts 16 amp., 22 volts 10 amps., 24 volts 3 damps., 11/48 cells 20 amps. Allfor prompt delivery Write for special leaflet.
7-way 4/- doz; 28-way 10/- doz; 4/- ASSORTED PILOT LAMP HOLDERS 4/- FUSES 1/in. Most values from 750 mA. to 10 amp. 2/- POINTER KNOBS. Small black, with line, ‡in. hole. 7/6 STANDARD ROUND KNOBS: Small, ‡in. hole. 7/6 CLIX WANDER PLUGS. Type MP2. Red, black, blue. 2/- PHILIPS TRIMMER TOOLS 7/6 BELLING & LEE. P/M FUSE HOLDERS, Type L356. 2/6 VALVE HOLDERS: Moulded. BAA, 7/6; B7G, 6/-; EF50, 6/-; FIGLISH OCTAL, 3/- per doz. SCREEN CANS for B9A, B7G, 6/- doz; PAXOLIN-B7G 3/- BULGIN. P.73, Plug and Socket, 2/9 each; P74, Plug and 3/- Socket, 2/6; Standard Switches, S.267, 2/-; Dolly Switches, S.269, 1/6 each 1/6 each POST OFFICE LAMP JACKS, No. 10 1/6 each Lamp Covers for same. 3/- L, F. CHOKES. 300 w., 60 mA. CH5 3/- OUTPUT TRANSFORMERS. Multi Ratio, 5/-; Pentode 3/-	LIGHTING PLANTS for house lighting where mains supply is not obtainable. We have in stock plants both A.C. and D.C. by leading manufacturers, surplus stocks which have been completely rebuilt in our works and every plant is guaranteed. D.C. PLANTS. 12/18 volts Alco Lyon 360 watts with S/bd. £22/10/ 12/18 volts J.A.P. 550 watts, £30. Switchboard, £8/10/ 36 volts Lyon Norman 1,260 watts, £40. Switchboard, £10. A.C. PLANTS. 27.5 K.W. 130 volts 3-phase J.A.P. with switchboard. 1.5 K.W. 230 volts 50 cycles S.P. Petter Higgs. 300 watt 110 volts 50 cy. S.P. and 12/18 volts D.C. for charging Chorehorse with switch- board, £32/10/ 300 watt 220 volt A.C. 50 cy. S.P. and 12/18 volts D.C. Briggs & Stratten with S/bd., £35. 250 V.A. 230 volts 50 cy. Lyon Alco with S/bd., £32/10/ All prices nett, packing and carriage at cost. RECTIFIER UNITS . Westinghouse metal rectifiers, double wound transformers. Output 50 volts $\frac{1}{4}$ amps., 50 volts $\frac{1}{4}$ amps., 50 volts $\frac{1}{3}$ amps., 110 volts $\frac{1}{4}$ amp., 230 volts $\frac{1}{4}$ amps. All for prompt delivery Write for special leaflet. ELECTRADIX RADIX RADIX RADIX SCHEMENTS .
 7-way 4/- doz; 28-way 10/- doz. ASSORTED PILOT LAMP HOLDERS FUSES 14in. Most values from 750 mA. to 10 amp	LIGHTING PLANTS for house lighting where mains supply is not obtainable. We have in stock plants both A.C. and D.C. by leading manufacturers, surplus stocks which have been completely rebuilt in our works and every plant is guaranteed. D.C. PLANTS. 12/18 volts Alco Lyon 360 watts with S/bd. £22/10/ 12/18 volts J.A.P. 550 watts, £30. Switchboard, £8/10/ 36 volts Lyon Norman 1,260 watts, £40. Switchboard, £10. A.C. PLANTS. 2.75 K.W. 130 volts 3-phase J.A.P. with switchboard. 1.5 K.W. 230 volts 50 cycles S.P. Petter Higgs. 300 watt 110 volts 50 cy. S.P. and 12/18 volts J.C. charging Chorehorse with switch- board, £32/10/ 300 watt 220 volt A.C. 50 cy. S.P. and 12/18 volts D.C. Briggs & Stratten with S/bd., £35. 250 V.A. 230 volts 50 cy. Lyon Alco with S/bd., £32/10/ All prices nett, packing and carriage at cost. RECTIFIER UNITS . Westinghouse metal rectifiers, double wound transformers. Output 50 volt 54 amp. 50 volts 34 amps., 110 volts 34 amp., 230 volts 4 amps. 50 volts 134 amps., 24 volts 26 amps., 11/48 cells 20 amps. All for prompt delivery Write for special leaffet.
7-way 4/- doz; 28-way 10/- doz; 4/- ASSORTED PILOT LAMP HOLDERS 4/- FUSES 1±in. Most values from 750 mA. to 10 amp. 2/- POINTER KNOBS. Small black, with line, tin. hole. 7/6 STANDARD ROUND KNOBS: Small, ‡in. hole. 7/6 CLIX WANDER PLUGS. Type M2. Red, black, blue. 2/- PHILIPS TRIMMER TOOLS 2/- BELLING & LEE. P/M FUSE HOLDERS, Type L356. 2/6 eacl WEARITE COILS : Types PA4, PO4, PA5, PO5 2/- VALVE HOLDERS : Moulded. B9A, 7/6 ; BTG, 6/-; 2/- doz EF50, 6/-; ENGLISH OCTAL, 3/- per doz. SCREEN 2/- doz CANS for B9A, BTG, 6/- doz.; PAXOLIN-BTG 3/- BELLING & LEE. PLUGS AND SOCKETS. Ex-Govt. BAND NEW. S-pin, Chassis and Cable, 7-pin. BULGIN. P.73, Plug and Socket, 2/9 each; P74, Plug and Socket, 2/6 + 200, Plug and Socket, 2/7 + coars / Switches, S.255, 2/-; Dolly Switches, S.265, 2/-; Dolly Switches, S.267, 2/-; Dolly Switches, S.259, 1/6 ; standard Switches, E-Govt., On-off 9/- doz Lamp Covers for same 3/- attributed Switches, Sectory, On-off 9/- doz Lamp Covers for same 4/- attributed Switches, 4/6, TOS 4/- attributed Covers OUTPUT TRANSFORMERS. Multi Ratio, 5/-; Pentode or Power 4/- attributed Switches, 4/6, reon, clear. 10/6 doz	LIGHTING PLANTS for house lighting where mains supply is not obtainable. We have in stock plants both A.C. and D.C. by leading manufacturers, surplus stocks which have been completely rebuilt in our works and every plant is guaranteed. D.C. PLANTS. 12/18 volts Alco Lyon 360 watts with S/bd. £22/10/ 12/18 volts J.A.P. 550 watts, £30. Switchboard, £8/10/ 36 volts Lyon Norman 1,260 watts, £40. Switchboard, £10. A.C. PLANTS. 27.5 K.W. 130 volts 3-phase J.A.P. with switchboard. 1.5 K.W. 230 volts 50 cycles S.P. Petter Higgs. 300 watt 110 volts 50 cy. S.P. and 12/18 volts D.C. for charging Chorehorse with switch- board, £32/10/ 300 watt 220 volt A.C. 50 cy. S.P. and 12/18 volts D.C. Briggs & Stratten with S/bd., £35. 250 V.A. 230 volts 50 cy. Lyon Alco with S/bd., £32/10/ All prices nett, packing and carriage at cost. RECTIFIER UNITS . Westinghouse metal rectifiers, double wound transformers. Output 50 volts $\frac{1}{4}$ amps., 50 volts $\frac{1}{4}$ amps., 50 volts $\frac{1}{3}$ amps., 110 volts $\frac{1}{4}$ amp., 230 volts $\frac{1}{4}$ amps. All for prompt delivery Write for special leaflet. ELECTRADIX RADIX RADIX RADIX SCHEMENTS .
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7-way 4/- doz; 28-way 10/- doz; 4/- ASSORTED PILOT LAMP HOLDERS 4/- FUSES 1±in. Most values from 750 mA. to 10 amp. 2/- POINTER KNOBS. Small black, with line, tin. hole. 7/6 STANDARD ROUND KNOBS: Small, ‡in. hole. 7/6 CLIX WANDER PLUGS. Type MP2. Red, black, blue. 7/6 PHILIPS TRIMMER TOOLS 7/6 BELLING & LEE. P/M FUSE HOLDERS, Type L356. 2/- WEARITE COILS : Types PA4, PO4, PA5, PO5 2/- VALVE HOLDERS : Moulded. B9A, 7/6 ; BTG, 6/-; 2/- EF50, 6/-; ENGLISH OCTAL, 3/- per doz. SCREEN 2/- CANS for B9A, B7G, 6/- doz.; PAXOLIN-B7G 3/- BELLING & LEE. PLUGS AND SOCKETS. Ex-Govt. 3/- BRAND NEW, S-pin, Chassis and Cable, 7-pin. 1/6 pain BoldGIN. P.73, Plug and Socket, 2/9 each ; P74, Plug and Socket, 2/6 ; PO0, Plug and Socket, 2/9 -; acary Switches, S.255, 2/- ; Dolly Switches, S.265, 7, 2/-; Dolly Switches, S.255, 2/- ; Dolly Switches, S.265, 7, 2/- ; Dolly Switches, S.255, 2/- ; dolly Switches, S.265, 7, 2/- ; Dolly Switches, S.255, 2/- ; dolly Switches, S.265, 7, 2/- ; Dolly Switches, S.255, 2/- ; dolly Switches, S.265, 7, 2/- ; Dolly Switches, S.255, 2/- ; dolly Switches, S.265, 7, 2/- ; Dolly Switches, S.255, 2/- ; dolly Switches, S.265, 7, 2/- ; Dolly Switches, S.255, 2/- ; dolly Switches, S.265, 7, 2/- ; dolly Switches, S.265, 7, 2/- ; dolly Switches, S.265, 7, 2/- ; dolly Switches, S.255, 2/- ; d	LIGHTING PLANTS for house lighting where mains supply is not obtainable. We have in stock plants both A.C. and D.C. by leading manufacturers, surplus stocks which have been completely rebuilt in our works and every plant is guaranteed. D.C. PLANTS. 12/18 volts Alco Lyon 360 watts with S/bd. £22/10/ 12/18 volts J.A.P. 550 watts, £40. Switchboard, £8/10/-, 36 volts Lyon Norman 1,260 watts, £40. Switchboard, £10. A.C. PLANTS. 2.75 K.W. 130 volts 3-phase J.A.P. with switchboard. 1.5 K.W. 230 volts 50 cycles S.P. Petter Higgs. 300 watt 110 volts 50 cy. S.P. and 12/18 volts J.C. charging Chorehorse with switch- board, £32/10/ 300 watt 220 volt A.C. 50 cy. S.P. and 12/18 volts D.C. Briggs & Stratten with S/bd., £35. 250 V.A. 230 volts 50 cy. Lyon Alco with S/bd., £32/10/ All prices nett, packing and carriage at cost. RECTIFIER UNITS. Westinghouse metal rectifiers, double wound transformers. Output 50 volt § amp. 50 volts 1§ amps., 50 volts 1§ amps., 110 volts § amp., 210 volts ½ amp. 50 volts 1§ amps., 24 volts 26 amps., 11/48 cells 20 amps. Allfor prompt delivery Write for special leaffet. ELECTRADIX RADIOS DEPT. A, 214 QUEENSTOWN ROAD, LONDON, S.W.8 Telephone : MACaulay 2159 LYONDES RADIO Lttd. . INVERTERS, Known as Motor Generator type 7. Input 22/29 v. D.C. Ontput 80 v. A.C. at 1,600 cycles, 240 vA at unity power factor. Complete with samo plate voltage regulator and filter unit mounted beside generator on the same base plate. Overall dimensions approx. 9 x8 x Sin. and weighs only 15glb. In new and unused condition. PRICE £5/10/
 7-way 4/- doz; 28-way 10/- doz. ASSORTED PILOT LAMP HOLDERS FUSES 14in. Most values from 750 mA. to 10 amp	LIGHTING PLANTS for house lighting where mains supply is not obtainable. We have in stock plants both A.C. and D.C. by leading manufacturers, surplus stocks which have been completely rebuilt in our works and every plant is guaranteed. D.C. PLANTS. 12/18 volts Alco Lyon 360 watts with S/bd. £12/10/ 12/18 volts J.A.P. 550 watts, £40. Switchboard, £8/10/ 36 volts Lyon Norman 1,260 watts, £40. Switchboard, £8/10/ 36 volts S0 cy. S.P. and 12/18 volts Alco The transformers with switch- board, £32/10/ 300 watt 200 volts 3-phase J.A.P. with switch- board, £32/10/ 300 watt 220 volt A.C. 50 cy. S.P. and 12/18 volts D.C. Briggs & Stratten with S/bd. £33. 250 vA. 230 volts 15 or y. Ivon Alco with S/bd. £32/10/ All prices nett, packing and carriage at cost. RECTIFIER UNITS. Westinghouse metal rectifiers, double wound transformers. Output 50 volts ½ amp. 50 volts 1½ amps., 50 volts 3 amps., 110 volts ½ amp., 230 volts ½ amp., 24 volts 6 amp., 22 volts 10 amps., 24 volts 26 amps., 21/48 cells 20 amps. Allfor prompt delivery Write for special leaflet. ELECTERADIX RADION, S.W.B. DEPT. A, 214 QUEENSTOWN ROAD, LONDON, S.W.B. Telephone : MACaulay 2159 NVERTERS, Known as Motor Generator typs 7. Input 29/29 v. D.C. Ontput 80 v. A.C. at 1,600 cycles, 240 v.A at 30 volts 16 amps. 00 cmpile with carbon pile voltage regulator and filter unit mounted beside generator on the same base plate. Over Idimensing and y stat 26 v.A at 30 volts I amps and a see plate. Over Idimensing app. 9.8 × 81 and weighs only 1561. In new and unused condition. PRICE \$6/10/- POWER UNITS TYPE 87. Retary converter units for 24 v. D.C. Input and having a twin D.C. output of 6.5 v. at 2.6 a. and 250 v.at 50 m. C.G. heperator and the reserverter from D:C. mains or 6 v. accounter to the for 24 v. D.C. Input and having a twin D:C. output of 6.5 v. at 2.6 a. and 250 v. at 50 m. C.G. heperator app. 24 volte for a second have beserverter unite for 24 v. D.C. Input and having a twin D:C. output of 6.5 v. at 2.6 a. and 250 v. at 50 m. C. and heperator and th
7-way 4/- doz; 28-way 10/- doz; 4/- ASSORTED PILOT LAMP HOLDERS 4/- FUSES 1±in. Most values from 750 mA. to 10 amp. 2/- POINTER KNOBS. Small black, with line, tin. hole. 7/6 STANDARD ROUND KNOBS: Small, ‡in. hole. 7/6 CLIX WANDER PLUGS. Type MP2. Red, black, blue. 7/6 PHILIPS TRIMMER TOOLS 7/6 BELLING & LEE. P/M FUSE HOLDERS, Type L356. 2/- WEARITE COILS : Types PA4, PO4, PA5, PO5 2/- VALVE HOLDERS : Moulded. B9A, 7/6 ; BTG, 6/-; 2/- EF50, 6/-; ENGLISH OCTAL, 3/- per doz. SCREEN 2/- CANS for B9A, B7G, 6/- doz.; PAXOLIN-B7G 3/- BELLING & LEE. PLUGS AND SOCKETS. Ex-Govt. 3/- BRAND NEW, S-pin, Chassis and Cable, 7-pin. 1/6 pain BoldGIN. P.73, Plug and Socket, 2/9 each ; P74, Plug and Socket, 2/6 ; PO0, Plug and Socket, 2/9 -; acary Switches, S.255, 2/- ; Dolly Switches, S.265, 7, 2/-; Dolly Switches, S.255, 2/- ; Dolly Switches, S.265, 7, 2/- ; Dolly Switches, S.255, 2/- ; dolly Switches, S.265, 7, 2/- ; Dolly Switches, S.255, 2/- ; dolly Switches, S.265, 7, 2/- ; Dolly Switches, S.255, 2/- ; dolly Switches, S.265, 7, 2/- ; Dolly Switches, S.255, 2/- ; dolly Switches, S.265, 7, 2/- ; Dolly Switches, S.255, 2/- ; dolly Switches, S.265, 7, 2/- ; Dolly Switches, S.255, 2/- ; dolly Switches, S.265, 7, 2/- ; dolly Switches, S.265, 7, 2/- ; dolly Switches, S.265, 7, 2/- ; dolly Switches, S.255, 2/- ; d	LIGHTING PLANTS for house lighting where mains supply is not obtainable. We have in stock plants both A.C. and D.C. by leading manufacturers, surplus stocks which have been completely rebuilt in our works and every plant is guaranteed. D.C. PLANTS. 12/18 volts Alco Lyon 360 watts with S/bd. £22/10/ 12/18 volts J.A.P. 550 watts, £40. Switchboard, £8/10/-, 36 volts Lyon Norman 1,260 watts, £40. Switchboard, £8/10/-, 36 volts C. PLANTS. 2.75 K.W. 130 volts 3-phase J.A.P. with switchboard. 1.5 K.W. 230 volts 50 cycles S.P. Petter Higgs. 300 watt 110 volts 50 cy. S.P. and 12/18 volts D.C. for charging Chorehorse with switch- board, £32/10/ 300 watt 220 volt A.C. 50 cy. S.P. and 12/18 volts D.C. Briggs & Stratten with S/bd., £35. 250 V.A. 230 volts 50 cy. Lyon Alco with S/bd., £32/10/ All prices nett, packing and carriage at cost. RECTIFIER UNITS. Westinghouse metal rectifiers, double wound transformers. Output 50 volt 3 anp. 50 volts 14 amps., 50 volts 34 amps., 110 volts 2 amp., 210 volts 4 amp., 22 volts 0 volts 3 in amps., 24 volts 26 amp., 11/48 cells 20 amps. All for prompt delivery Write for special leaflet. ELECTRADDIX RADDIO LCC. NVERTERS, Known as Motor Generator type 7. Input 22/29 v. D.C. Output 80 v.A.C. at 1,600 cycles, 240 vA at unity power factor. Complete with carbon plie voltage regulator and filter unit mounted beside generator on the same base plate. Overall dimensions appror. 9 x 8 x 51n. and weighs only 164b. In new and unused condition. PRIOE £5/10/ WWER UNITS TYPE 87. Botary converter units for 24 v. D.C. Input and having a trin D.C. ontput of 5, v.a. 23. so at 260 v.a. 50 mar. Complete with acarbon plie voltage regulator and filter unit mounted beside generator on the same base plate. Overall dimensions appror. 9 x 8 x 51n. and weighs only 164b. In new and unused condition. PRIOE £5/10/
Assorted Pilot LAMP HOLDERS 4/- , FUSES 14in. Most values from 750 mA. to 10 amp. 7/6 , POINTER KNOBS. Small black, with line, inhole. 7/6 , STANDARD ROUND KNOBS : Small, inhole. 7/6 , STANDARD ROUND KNOBS : Small, inhole. 7/6 , CLIX WANDER PLUGS. Type MP2. Red black, blue. 7/6 , PHILIPS TRIMMER TOOLS . PHILIPS TRIMMER . PST 00.9 Plug and Socket, 2/9 each : F74, Plug and Socket, 2/6 ; P200, Plug and Socket, 2/- ; Rotary Switches, S.255 .2/- ; Dolly Switches, S.267, 2/- ; Dolly Switches, S.259, 1/6 each POST OFFICE LAMP JACKS, No. 10 . Lamp Covers for same . LF, CHOKES . 300 w, 60 MA. CH5 . OUTPUT TRANSFORMERS. Multi Ratio, 5/- ; Pentode or Power . VALVE SCREEN CANS for Standard Valves . IO/6 doz DRUM DRIVES. 4/in SIGNAL LAMP HOLDERS P/M, complete with adjusting Iamp holders . JONES PLUG AND SOCKETS. 4-pin, 2/6 ; 6-pin, 3/- ; Se.pin, 3/6 ; 10-pin, 4/- ; 12-pin . JONES PLUG AND SOCKETS. 4-pin, 2/6 ; 6-pin, 3/- ; SOLDER TAGS 1/6 gross SHAKEPROOF WASHERS . JONES PLUG AND SOCKETS. 4-pin, 2/6 ; 6-pin, 3/- ; SHAKEPROOF SOLDER TAGS, 4BA and 6BA, 2/- ; 2BA 2/3 REDUCED PRICES FOR LARGE QUANTITIES ALL CINCH COMPONENTS IN STOCK GASH WITH ORDER OR C.D. ALL ORDERS THAN	LIGHTING PLANTS for house lighting where mains supply is not obtainable. We have in stock plants both A.C. and D.C. by leading manufacturers, surplus stocks which have been completely rebuilt in our works and every plant is guaranteed. D.C. PLANTS. 12/18 volts Alco Lyon 360 watts with S/bd. £22/10/-, 12/18 volts J.A.P. 550 watts, £40. Switchboard, £8/10/-, 36 volts Lyon Norman 1,260 watts, £40. Switchboard, £8/10/-, 36 volts S0 cy. S.P. and 12/18 volts Alco Tcharging Chorehorse with switch- board, £32/10/-, 300 watt 220 volts 3-phase J.A.P. with switchboard. 1.5 K.W. 230 volts 50 cycles S.P. Petter Higgs, 300 watt 110 volts 50 cy. S.P. and 12/18 volts D.C. for charging Chorehorse with switch- board, £32/10/-, 300 watt 220 volt A.C. 50 cy. S.P. and 12/18 volts D.C. Briggs & Stratten with S/bd., £33. 250 vA. 230 volts 50 cy. Lyon Alco with S/bd., £32/10/ All prices nett, packing and carriage at cost. RECTIFIER UNITS. Westinghouse metal rectifiers, double wound transformers. Output 50 volt ½ amp. 50 volts 1½ amps., 50 volts 3½ amps., 110 volts ½ amp., 230 volts ½ amp., 24 volts 6 amp., 22 volts 10 amps., 24 volts 26 amps., 11/48 cells 20 amps. All for prompt delivery Write for special leafter. DEPT. A. 214 QUEENSTOWN ROAD, LONDON, S.W.8 DEPT. A. 214 QUEENSTOWN ROAD, LONDON, S.W.8 Telephone : MACaulay 2159 NUERTERS, Known as Motor Generator type 7. Input 22/29 v. D.C. Output 80 v. A.C. at 1,600 cycles, 240 vA at unity power factor. Complete with carbon pile voltage regulator and filter unit mounted beside generator on the same base plate. Owen Idimonia approv. 94 v3 th and weighs only 192b. In new and unused condition. PRIOS £510/0. POWED WIRTS TYPE 57. Rotary converter units for 24 v. D. G. Input and having a twin D.C. output 06 v. at 2.5 a. and 250 v. at 50 mA. Can be operated in reverso from D:C. mains of 6 v. at 2.6 a. and weighs only 192b. In new and unused condition. PRIOS £510/0. PUES DWIRTS TYPE 57. Rotary converter units for 24 v. D. G. Input and having a twin D.C. output 0.6 s.v. at 2.6 a. and 250 v.
Assorted Pilot LAMP HOLDERS Assorted Pilot LAMP HOLDERS FUSES 14in. Most values from 750 mA to 10 amp. FUSES 14in. Most values from 750 mA to 10 amp. POINTER KNOBS. Small black, with line, fin. hole. Assorted Pilot LAMP HOLDERS TANDARD ROUND KNOBS : Small, fin. hole. CLIX WANDER PLUGS. Type MP2. Red, black, blue. PHILIPS TRIMMER TOOLS VALVE HOLDERS : Moulded. B9A, 7/6; BTG, 6/-; EF50, 6/-; ENGLISH OCTAL, 3/- per doz. SCREEN CANS for B9A, B7G, 6/- doz.; PAXOLIN-B7G MAZDA 4pin UX BELLING & LEE. PLUGS AND SOCKETS. Ex-Gov. BRAND NEW. S-pin, Chassis and Cable, 7-pin. BULGIN. P.73, Plug and Socket, 2/9 each; P74, Plug and Socket, 2/6; P200, Plug and Socket, 2/9 each; P74, Plug and Socket, 2/6; P200, Plug and Socket, 2/-; Dolly Switches, S.259, 1/6 sain BULGIN. P.73, Plug and Socket, 2/-; Polly Switches, S.259, 1/6; Standard Switches, S.267, 2/-; Dolly Switches, S.259, 1/6; act OUTPUT TRANSFORMERS. Multi Ratio, S/-; Pentode or Power VALVE SCREEN CANS for Standard Valves DRUM DRIVES. 4jin. UPF, ISPF, 20PF, 25PF, 50PF, 75PF, IS/-; 100PF Preset. 1/7 - doz. AREOLECTRIC (Whitney Lamos), Red, green, clear. 1/6 - doz. SIGNAL LAMP HOLDERS P/M, complete with adjusting Iamp holders WASHERS, 2, 4 and 6BA. WASHERS, 2, 4 and 6BA. SCADD POSTAGE Trade Counter Open 9.30 to 5.30 Mondays to Fridays.	LIGHTING PLANTS for house lighting where mains supply is not obtainable. We have in stock plants both A.C. and D.C. by leading manufacturers, surplus stocks which have been completely rebuilt in our works and every plant is guaranteed. D.C. PLANTS. 12/18 volts Alco Lyon 360 watts with S/bd. £12/10/ 12/18 volts J.A.P. 550 watts, £40. Switchboard, £8/10/ 36 volts Lyon Norman 1,260 watts, £40. Switchboard, £8/10/ 36 volts S0 cy. S.P. and 12/18 volts Alco Tc charging Chorehorse with switch- board, £32/10/ 300 watt 220 volt A.C. 50 cy. S.P. and 12/18 volts D.C. Briggs & Stratten with S/bd. £33. 250 vA. 230 volts Jords 50 cy. Lyon Alco with S/bd., £32/10/ All prices nett, packing and carriage at cost. RECTIFIER UNITS. Westinghouse metal rectifiers, double wound transformers. Output 50 volt § amp. 50 volts § 14 amps., 50 volts § 3 amps., 110 volts § amp., 230 volts § amp., 24 volts 6 amp., 22 volts 10 amps., 24 volts 26 amps., 11/48 cells 20 amps. All for prompt delivery Write for special leaflet. ELECETRADIX RADION , S.W.B. DEPT. A, 214 QUEENSTOWN ROAD, LONDON, S.W.B. Telephone : MACaulay 2159 INVERTERS . Known as Motor Generator typs 7. Input 29/29 v. D.G. 0 uppt 8 voltage regulator and filter unit power factor. Complete with achon pile voltage regulator and filter unit mounted beside generator on the same have pinfe. Over all dimensa approx 9 x 8 x 51n. and weighs only 16½10. In new and unused condition. PRICE £5(10/ POWER UNITS TYPE 87. Rotary converter units for 24 v. D.G. input and having a twin D.C. output 58 v. at.B. and 250 v. at.S. Chinpst and having a twin D.C. output 58 v. at.B. and 250 v. at.S. Approc. eise 7 x X 56. FORE D.C. mains or 6 v. accumulator. Totally enclosed in neat metal acets for D.C. mains or 6 v. accumulator. Totally enclosed in neat metal acets for the Avin. In good condition and working order. PRICE 260. post 216. Bottary Oraverter only (less case). PRICE 5/-, post 21/ SUB-TANDARD VARIABLE CONDENSERS. Filted in glass containers with heavy brass frame. Calibrated 0.05 ja
Assorted Pilot LAMP HOLDERS 4/- , ASSORTED Pilot LAMP HOLDERS 4/- , FUSES 1/in. Most values from 750 mA. to 10 amp. 7/6 , STANDARD ROUND KNOBS : Small, in. hole. 7/6 , STANDARD ROUND KNOBS : Small, in. hole. 7/6 , CLIX WANDER PLUGS. Type MP2. Red. black, blue. 7/6 , PHILIPS TRIMMER TOOLS	LIGHTING PLANTS for house lighting where mains supply is not obtainable. We have in stock plants both A.C. and D.C. by leading manufacturers, surplus stocks which have been completely rebuilt in our works and every plant is guaranteed. D.C. PLANTS. 12/18 volts Alco Lyon 360 watts with S/bd. £22/10/ 12/18 volts J.A.P. 550 watts, £40. Switchboard, £8/10/ 36 volts Lyon Norman 1,260 watts, £40. Switchboard, £8/10/ 36 volts 50 cy. S.P. and 12/18 volts Alco The charging Chorehorse with switch- board, £32/10/ 300 watt 220 volt A.C. 50 cy. S.P. and 12/18 volts D.C. Briggs & Stratten with S/bd., £35. 250 v.A. 230 volts 50 cy. Lyon Alco with S/bd., £32/10/ All prices nett, packing and carriage at cost. RECTIFIER UNITS. Westinghouse metal rectifiers, double wound transformers. Output 50 volt 3 anp. 50 volts 14 amps., 50 volts 34 amps., 110 volts 5 amp., 230 volts 4 amp., 24 volts 6 amp., 22 volts 10 amps., 24 volts 26 amp., 11/48 cells 20 amps. All for prompt delivery Write for special leaflet. ELECTERADIX RADEMS CALCASS DEPT. A, 214 QUEENSTOWN ROAD, LONDON, S.W.B. Telephone : MACaulay 2159 NUMERTERS . Known as Motor Generator type 7. Input 22/29 v. D.C. Output 80 v. A.C. at 1,600 cyclen, 240 vA at unity power factor. Complete with carbon pile voltage regulator and filter unit mounted besidg generator on the same base plate. Overall dimensions appror. 9 x8 x81a. and weighs only 164b. In new and unused condition. PRICE 25/10/ FOWER UNITS TYPE 87. Rotary coverter units for 24 v. D.C. Input and having a tria D.C. output 65 /s, post 2/ SUB-TANDARD VARIABLE CONDENSERS. Fitted In glass containers with heavy brass trame. Calibrated 0.05 jars to 0.95 jars. Approc. ets 7 x7 x6in. From D:C. mains or 6 v. accumulator. Totally enclosed in next metal cashing a via D. Coutife 25/10/ SUB-TANDARD VARIABLE CONDENSERS. Fitted In glass containers with heavy brass terminab and shorting order. JREE 9/6, post 2/6. Botary Converter only (less case). PRICE 5/-, post 2/ SUB-TANDARD VARIABLE CONDENSERS. Fitted In g
Assorted Pilot LAMP HOLDERS Assorted Pilot LAMP HOLDERS FUSES 14in. Most values from 750 mA. to 10 amp. FUSES 14in. Most values from 750 mA. to 10 amp. POINTER KNOBS. Small black, with line, inhole. Assorted Pilot LAMP HOLDERS. Type MP2. Red, black, blue. PHILIPS TRIMMER TOOLS VALVE HOLDERS: Type MP2. Red, black, blue. PHILIPS TRIMMER TOOLS VALVE HOLDERS: Moulded. B9A, 7/6; BTG, 6/-; EF50, 6/-; ENGLISH OCTAL, 3/- per doz. SCREEN CANS for B9A, B7G, 6/- doz.; PAXOLIN-B7G MAZDA 4pin UX BELLING & LEE PHUGS AND SOCKETS. Ex-Gov. BRAND NEW. S-pin, Chassis and Cable, 7-pin. BULGIN. P.73, Plug and Socket, 2/9 each; P74, Plug and Socket, 2/6; P200, Plug and Socket, 2/9 each; P74, Plug and Socket, 2/6; P200, Plug and Socket, 2/9 each; P74, Plug and Socket, 2/6; P200, Plug and Socket, 2/-; Dolly Switches, S.255, 2/-; Dolly Switches, S.267, 2/-; Dolly Switches, S.257, 2/-; Dolly Switches, S.257, 2/-; Dolly Switches, S.267, 2/-; Dolly Switches, S.259, 1/6; Standard Switches, S.C30 w., 60 mA. CH5 OUTPUT TRANSFORMERS. Multi Ratio, 5/-; Pentode or Power VALVE SCREEN CANS for Standard Valves DRUM DRIVES. 4jin. JORG LETRIMMERS. Preset and spindle types, 5PL, 10PF, 15PF, 20PF, 25PF, 50PF, 75PF, 15/-; 100PF Preset. BARAND HOLDERS P/M, complete with adjusting lamp holders MUST BAA, 3/-; 6BA, 2/6; 4BA, 3/-; 2BA SOLDER TAGS 1/6 gross \$HAAEPROOF WASHERS VASHERS, 2, 4 and 6BA. WASHERS, 2, 4 and 6BA. WASHERS, 2, 4 and 6BA. SCABU DOSTAGE Trade Counter Open 9.30 to 5.30 Mondays to Fridays. Callers Welcomed.	LIGHTING PLANTS for house lighting where mains supply is not obtainable. We have in stock plants both A.C. and D.C. by leading manufacturers, surplus stocks which have been completely rebuilt in our works and every plant is guaranteed. D.C. PLANTS. 12/18 volts Alco Lyon 360 watts with S/bd. £12/10/ 12/18 volts J.A.P. 550 watts, £40. Switchboard, £8/10/ 36 volts Lyon Norman 1,260 watts, £40. Switchboard, £8/10/ 36 volts S0 cy. S.P. and 12/18 volts Alco Tcharging Chorehorse with switch- board, £32/10/ 300 watt 220 volt A.C. 50 cy. S.P. and 12/18 volts D.C. Briggs & Stratten with S/bd. £33. 250 vA. 230 volts 50 cy. Lyon Alco with S/bd. £32/10/ All prices nett, packing and carriage at cost. RECTIFIER UNITS. Westinghouse metal rectifiers, double wound transformers. Output 50 volt § amp. 50 volts § amp., 22 volts 10 amps., 24 volts 26 amp., 24 volts 6 amp., 22 volts 10 amps., 24 volts 26 amp., 24 volts 6 amp., 22 volts 10 amps., 24 volts 26 amp., 21 v/48 cells 20 amps. All for prompt delivery Write for special leaflet. ELECTFRADIX RADION . DEPT. A, 214 BUEENTOWN ROAD, LONDON, S.W.B. Telephone : MACaulay 2159 ELYONDER UNITS . The state of the arbon pile voltage regulator and filter unit mounted beside generator on the same base plate. Over 11 dimensa approx 9.8 x 51a. and weighs only 15/5b. In new and unused condition. PRICE \$5/10/ SUB-STANDARD VARIES ON ALSON. Complete with carbon pile voltage regulator and filter unit mounted beside generator on the same base plate. Over 11 dimensions approx. 9 x 8 x 51a. and weighs only 15/5b. In new and unused condition. PRICE \$5/10/ SUB-STANDARD VARIABLE CONDENSERS. Pited in glass containers with heavy brass frame. Calibrated 0.05 jars. to 0.95 jars. Approc. eise 7 X x 56a. FRICE \$2/- orless glass containers. 15/6. carriage 3/6. CABINST SPEAKERS. 81a. maving cold. P. RESE 6/6, post 2/6. Botary Coverter only (less case). PRICE 5/-, post 2/ SUB-STANDARD VARIABLE CONDENSERS. Pited in glass containers with heavy brass frame. Calibrated 0.05 jars. to 0.95 jars. Appr

WIRELESS WORLD

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MARCH, 1954

MARCH, 1954

MAINS TRANSFORMERS

Primary, 200-250 v. P. & P. 8/-. 300-0-300 100 mA., 6 volt 3 amp., 5 volt 2 amp., 22/6.

Drop thro' 350-0-350 v. 70 mA., 6 v. 2.5 amp., 5 v. 2 amp., 14/6.

Drop thro' 250-0-250 v. 80 mA., 6 v. 3 amp., 5 v. 2 amp., 14/6.

Drop thro' 110-110 60 mA., 6 v. 0.5 amp., 8/6

280-0-280, drop through, 80 mA., 6 v. 3 amp., 5 v. 2 amp., 14/6. 250-0-250 80 mA., 6 v. 4 amp., 14/-.

Pri. 230 v. Sec 6 v. 1 amp., 8/6. Sec. 200-0-200 35 mA.,

Pri. 200/250 v., secondary 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 9, 10, 12, 15, 18, 20, 24 and 30 volt at 2 amps., 13/-.

at 2 amps., 13/-. Drop thro? 280-0-280, 200 mA., 6 v. 5 amps., 5 v. 3 amps., 27/6. Drop thro? 270-0-270 80 mA., 6 v. 3 amp., 4 v. 1.5 amp., 13/6.

Drop thro' 270-0-270 60 mA., 6 v. 3 amp., 11/6.

Samp., 1175.
Heater transformer. Pri. 230-250 v.
6 v. 14 amp., 6/-; 2 v. 24 amps., 5/-2v. 24 amp., ad 6 v. 0.6 amp. E.H.T. Insulated, 8/6. P. & P. each 1/-Input 200/250 sec., v. 6.3. 6 amp., 4 v.
4 amp., 2 v., 2 amp., 14/6. P. & P. 1/6. 1000-0-1000 v. 250 mA. 4 v. 3 amp. 37/6. P. & P. 5/-

P.M. SPEAKERS (closed field) 1000 with

																trans.	trans.
211n.																	15/6
311n.							٠									-	13/6
5i n .					4		4									16/6	12/6
6lin.											*			*		16/6	12/6
81n.						÷		•	•		•			•	*	18/6	15/-
p .b	P	n	1	١.	ŧ.)	h	۵	5	s1	2	3	v.	e.	1	١Ē	- each.	

10in.less trans., 19/6. P. & P. 1/6.

Truvox BX11. 12in. P.M. 3 ohm speech coil, 45/-. P. & P. 3/6. 61in. M.E. Speaker, 1,000 ohm field 15/-. P. & P. 1/6.

13)*. r. s. r. 1/0.
R. & A. T.V. Energised 6 in. speaker with O.P. trans., 6V6 matching, field coil 175 ohma. Requires a minimum 150 mA. to energise, maximum current 250 mA. 15/*. P. & P. 2/*.

Extension Speaker Cabinet, in contrast-ing walnut veneer, size 15×104in. Will take 64 or 8in. speaker 17/6. P. & P. 2/-.

P. 8.F. 27-. Completely built All-dry Mains Unit by famous manufacturer, 200/250 v. Metal casesize 8× 6× 3in., incorporating Westinghous metai rectifiers. 3 500 mfd., 16×24 mfd., mains trans., 3 smoothing chokes, output 90 v., 10 mA., 1.4 v., .25 amp., 39/6. P. & F. 26. 2/6.

Volume Controls, Long spindle less switch, 50K, 500K, 1 meg., 2/6 each. P. & P. 3d, each.

F, δ F, $\delta 0$, each. Yolume Controls. Long spindle and switch $\frac{1}{2}$, $\frac{1}{2}$, 1 and 2 meg, $\frac{1}{2}$ -each: 10K, δ 50K, 3/6 each, $\frac{1}{2}$ and 1 meg. long spindle double pole switch, minia-ture, $\frac{1}{6}/\infty$, F, & F, 3d. each. Trimmers, 5-40 pf., 5d.; 10-110, 10-250. 10-450 pf., 10d.

Du-soo pr., 100. Twin-gang. 0005 Tuning Condenser, 5/-. With trimmers, 7/6. P. & P. 1/-. Line Cord, 2-way 0.3 amp., 60 ohms, perfoot, 1/3 per yard. Twin-Gang .0005 with feet, size 3/×3×141m., 6/6.

3-gang .0005, with feet, size 42 × 3 × 1 § ln 7/6-

7/6. Hoover Variable Speed 600-1,200 revs. Tape Recording Motor. Silent running, 200/250 v. A.C. Shaded pole with firing. Weight 5 lb., 27/6. Plus P. & P. 2/6.

PERSONAL SHOPPERS ONLY. 9in. Enlarger 17/6, 12in., 27/6.

Germanium Crystal Diode, 2/3 post paid.

Television Masks. White Rubber 9in. with glass, 7/6. Cream Rubber, 121n., with armour-plate glass, 15/-, 15in. Cream, 17/6 plus 1/6 P. & P. T.V. Width Controls, 3/6.

T.V. Width Controls, 3/6. T.V. Sub Assembly, all-chassis, 12in.x. Sigin, with frame osc., line osc., 12 mid. 275 wig., Metrosil, 8 condensers, 4 resistors and tag panel 15/-, p. 4 p. 1/6. CRYSTAL PICK-UP by famous manu-facturer complete with apphing trailer needle and volume control 23/-, P. & P. on each 1/-.

 $z_{\rm off}$, $x_{\rm c} \propto x_{\rm c}$ on each 1/-. Amplifier case, black rexine covered, leather carrying handle, chrome plated corners, rubber feet, feltlined, detach-able 14d. External dimensione, 13 $\frac{1}{2}$ × 13 $\frac{1}{2}$ × 9 $\frac{1}{2}$. $z_{\rm c}$ × 2.46.

134×94in., £1. P. & P. 2/6. Mains Dropers. 0.3 amp., 460 ohms. tapped 280 and 410, 1/6; 0.2 amp., 717 ohms. tapped at 100 ohms, 94 ohms, tapped at 100 ohms, 950 ohms, tapped 700 and 825, 2/6; 0.2 amp., 1,000 ohms, vitrcous, tapped, 2/6; Vitrcoss. 3 amp. 700 tapped 649, 649, 649, 576. P. a. ca cach 324.



Hours of Business : Saturday 9-6 p.m. Wednesday 9-1 p.m. Other days 9-4.30 p.m.

HIGH-IMPEDANCE PLASTIC RECORDING TAPE, by famous manufacturer, 600 ft. on aluminium spool, 8/-. 1,200 ft. on aluminium spool 17/6, post paid. CABINET, as illustrated, 111 × 61 × 51 in.,

change switch, 2/-; 32×32 mfd., 4/-; bias condenser, 1/-; resistor kit, 2/-; condenser

M. & L. Superhet Colls with circuit, 6/6; iron cored 465 IF'8, 7/6; min. gang, 5/6; volume control with switch, 4/-; wave-change switch, 2/6; hcater trans., 7/6; 4 v/h, 1/6; 4 obsolete er-Gort, valves, metal rectifter and Xtal diode with circuit, 14/6; 26 × 25 mfd., 1/-; 16 × 16 mfd., 3/3; condenser kit (17), 7/6; resistor kit (14), 3/6.

USED 4-VALVE PLUS METAL REC. A.C. MAINS 230/250 SUPERHET. Valve line-up: 6KS, 6K7, 6Q7 and 6FS, Medium wave, in mahogany cabinet, size 144 × 9 × 74in. These have been checked and are in first-class working order, and first-class performance. 64in. P.M. speaker, 23/19/6. P. & P. 5/-.

USED 5-VALVE A.C. MAINS 200/250 3 WAVEBAND SUPERHET. Complete in outstanding walnut cabinet, size 22 × 14× 10 jm. Valve line-up: 6K8, 6K7, 6B8G, 6F6, and U50 rec., Sin. P.M. speaker. In first-class working order. & 710/96, P. & P. 126. We have a few of these in A.C./D.G., price as above. or £2/10/- dep., 6monthly payments of £1/1/-.

FULLY SHROUDED MAINS TRANSFORMER, input 110/250, sec. 350-0-350 175 mills 6.3 v. 7 amp., 5 v. 3 amp. 35/-, P. & P. 3/-.

FULLY SHROUDED PUSH-FULL TRANS. Pri. 6,000 ohms, se .15 ohms (2 L66'sin push-pull) £1. P. & P. 2/-.

FULLY SHROUDED CHOKE 15 Henry 180 mills, 15/-. P. & P. 2/-. FULLY SHROUDED CHOKE 5 Henry 120 mills, 8/6. P. & P. 2/-. These last four items by very famous manufacturer.

USED C.R.T. TUBES. Heater cathode short 9in., 45/-, 12in. 75/-, Ion burn 9in., 35/-12in., 55/-, P. & P. on each 7/6.



COMPLETELY BUILT SIGNAL GENERATOR. Coverage 110 Kc/s.-520 Kc/s., 275 Mc/s.-900 Kc/s., 900 Kc/s.-275 Mc/s.-275 Mc/s.-5.5 Mc/s.-5.5 Mc/s.-276 Mc/s.-77 Mc/s.-8.5 Mc/s.-5.5 Mc/s.-20 Mc/s.-78 Mc/s.-75 Mc/s.- Mc/s.-70 Mc/s.-81zc of scale 6 ; 3 3 4 n.. Autor state 6 ; 3 3 4 n.. 400 c.p.s. to a depth of 30 per cent, modulated or unmodulated. E.F. output continuously variable 100 millivoits. Black crackle finished case and white front panel. P. & P. 4/-24/5/-, or 34/- deposit and . 3 monthly payments of £1.

CONSTRUCTOR'S PARCEL No.1 compreling chassis $123 \times 8 \times 21n$. cad. plated 18 gauge, vh., IF and trans. cut-outs, back-plate, 2 supporting brackets, 3 waveband scales, new wave-length etation names. Bize ofscale 112 $\times 41n$, dirvespindle drum, 2 pulleys, pointer, 2 bulb holders, 5 parolin international octal valve holders, 4 knobs and pair of 465 IFs, 1646-P, & P, 1/9. AS ABOVE, but complete with 16 + 16 mfd. 350 wkg. and semi-shrouded drop thro? 250-0-250 60 mA. 6 v. 3 amp. Pri. 200-250, and twin-gang, 31/8 P, & P. 3/-CONSTRUCTOR'S PARCEL As



CONSTRUCTOR'S PARCEL As No. 1, plus 16 × 16 mfd. 350 wkg., semi-shrouded drop-thro 200-0-250 60 mA., 6.3 v., 3 a., 5 v., 2 a., twin gang and 6 L.M.S. superhet colls complete with trimmers and tracking condensers with circuit. £2/5/-, plus 3/6 postand pkg. BATTERY CHARGER KIT comprising metal case 41×5×41in, transformer 230/250 v., and metal rectifier. Will charge 6 or 12 v. battery 11 amp. 19/6. P. & P. 2/6.

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Mazda and loctal, 4d. each. Mo	alded
B7G, B8A, and B9A, 7d. each.	B7G
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32 mfd., 350 wkg.	2/-
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16 × 8 mfd., 500 wkg 16 × 16 mfd., 500 wkg	4/6
16 x 16 mfd., 450 wkg.	5/9
32 × 32 mfd., 350 wkg.	4/-
32 × 32 mfd., 350 wkg. and 25	-10/-
mfd., 25 wkg.	6/6
25 mfd., 25 wkg.	11d.
250 mfd., 12 v. wkg.	1/-
16 mfd. 500 wkg., wire ends	3/3
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Ex-Govt. 8 mfd., 500 v. wkg.,	~ ~
size 3 × 1 , 2 for	2/6
16 × 32 mfd., 250 wkg	6/-
50 mfd., 180 wkg.	1/9
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8 mfd., 150 wkg 60+100 mfd., 230 wkg,	7/6
50 mfd., 12 wkg.	11d.
32+32 mfd., min., 275 wkg	4/-
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Miniature wire ends moulded,	20
100 pf., 500 pf., and .001 ea	7d.

Combined 12in. mask and escutcheon in lightly tinted perspex. New aspect, edged in brown. Fits on front of cabinet, 17/6. P & P. 2/-

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P.M. Foons Unit for any 9 or 121n. F.M. Foons Unit for any 9 or 121n. The except Maxia 121n., with Vernier adjustment, 15/- F. & F. 16. S.M. Foons Unit for Maxia, 121n., with Vernier adjustment 17/6. F. & F. 1/6. Wide Anglo F.M. Foons Units, Vernier adj., state tube, 25/-, F. & F. 2/-. Energized Focus Coil, low resistance mounting bracket, 17/6 plus 2/- F. & F. Scan Coils, is with O.F. transformer. 17/6. F. & F. 2/-.

Ion Traps for Mullard or English Electric tubes, 5/- post paid.

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Iron-cored 465 Kc. Whistle filter, 2/6.

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465 KC, MIDGET LF.s. Q.120, size ljin.long, lin. wide, jin. desp by very famons manufacturer. Pre-sligned adjustable iran-dust cores, per pair, 186

B.I. MAINS TRANSFORMERS, chassis

mounting, feet and voltage panel Primaries 200/250,

300-0-300 60 mA. 6.3 v. 1 a., tapped at 4 v. 6.3 v. 2 a. tap 4 v., 13/6.

350-0-350 75 mA. 6.3 v. 3 a. tap 4 v. 6.3 v. 1 a., 13/6.

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TRIUMPH AMPLIFIERS offer a new push-pull 10-watt high fidelity amplifier with remote tone control unit, £16/10 complete; lllustrated list available.—Triumph Amplifiers, 26, Lower Richmond Rd., London, S.W.15. [2466

CJ.R. ELECTRICAL & ELECTRONIC DE-Birmingham, 6 (Eas. 0435), the Midlands specialist manufacturers of high fidelity sound reproduction equipment for the world-tamous Williamson amplifier and associated accessories, including tone control stages, loudspeaker crossover units, distortionless contrast ex-penders and radio feeders; send for details and prices. [0105

NEW TV RECEIVERS AND AMPLIFIERS A QUANTITY of Ekco Television pre-amps, new (in packs), model LGA 150 (Sutton Coldheld).—Olfres to Grane & Sons, Ltd., Hanover St., Liverpool, 1.

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fiers, 100 volt a.c.-d.c. operation approx. 2 watt output. THESE may be seen and tested at the works of Dictaphone Co., Ltd., 28-30, Telford Way, East Acton, W.3. 'PHONE for further details, Shepherds Bush f141. [2358

EDDYSTONE 740 receiver, 'phones, speaker, felt-lined box, £35 o.n.o., as new.-Box 3200. [2469

1355 Sound Receivers, sealed boxes as pur-chased, R.A.F., 27/6, carr. 7/6.-Smith, Highworth Rd., Faringdon, Berks. [2391]

HRO Rx's and colls in 'ock. also AR88. BG348R. CR100. etc.—'tequirements please to R. T. & I. Service, 254, Grove Green Rd.. London, E.11. Ley. 4986. [0053

R.C.A. AR77E complete with speaker and manual, Voigt corner horn speaker with twin come unit and metal rectifier for speaker field.—Offers to Thrift & Co., Penn Fields Terminus, Wolverhampton. [2341

 $\begin{array}{c} \mbox{Terminus}, \ \mbox{Workingson}, \\ \mbox{SOUND} & \mbox{SALES} DX3 5-waveband tuner, \\ \mbox{Li8}, \ \ \mbox{Williamson amp, $\pounds10; $Goodmans $speaker, 12in, in box, baffe, $\pounds10; $Baker 8in $speaker, $\pounds4; $all n.o.-55, $Ranelagh $Rd, $southall $call $tall ta speaker, Southall.

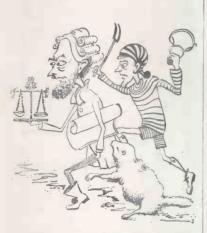
RECEIVERS, AMPLIFIERS—SURPLUS AND SECONDHAND WANTED SX28A wanted by enthusiast, London area. must be in mint condition.—Price and full particulars to Box 2818. [2365]

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ton. LOUDSPEAKERS-SURPLUS AND SECONDHAND LARGE R.C.A. H.F. speaker, sectional horn, 100v field, immaculate; offers.-Box 2857. [2377]

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TEST EQUIPMENT-SURPLUS AND SECONDHAND MURPHY all-wave oscillator type M.1. 200-250v A.C.; £10.-Watson, Radio, Banfi [2477]

A QUANTITY of radio test equipment for sale.—Reliance Radio (Sudbury). 4. Station Rd., Sudbury, Suffolk. [2399

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SIGNAL generators, oscilloscopes, output meters, valve voltmeters, frequency meters, multi-range meters in stock; vour enquiries are invited.—Requirements to R.T. & I. Service, 254, Grove Green Rd., London, E.11, Ley, 4986, [0056]

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WIRELESS WORLD

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Bel, Marlborough Yard, N.19. [0185 A NEW compact tape deck, taking 600ft reels. size only 11inX/in. best quality heads: price £2/18 complete; send stamp for details inc-E.W.A. 256, Warbreck Drive, Blackpool. CJ.R. ELECTRICAL & ELECTRONIC DE quality portable and coccsole magnetic tape for professional and amateur use; full details on application. BICKPORD Rd., Witton, Birmingham, 6. East [2052]

0622. [2056 **P**RE-AMP/RECORD units for use with Leak, Q.U.A.D., etc., with meter level ind. to suit Bradmatic, Truvox, etc., now £16; to suit Wearite, 17gns; this unit gives you first-class recording with playback via your Hi.-Fi. amp. AMPS to suit Wearite 2A (ELEA), 5 watts output, 21gns, and £32 for 12 watts P.P. with meter and Partidge out. trans. MOTEK amp. to spec., £11; others for Truvox, etc., 12 watts P.P. £21. London. N.W.2. [2385]

London. N.W.2. [2385 CiNE-VOX disc recording equipments, type C7J for high-quality recordings from exist-ing microphone equipment; price from 2ggns; also available as a complete channel inclusive of mic., amplifier and playback equipment, at YOgns; type C7, for highest quality professional requirements—recorder mechanism at 48gns, or complete channel at 110gns; demonstrations arranged in London. PLEASE write for details to K.T.S., Ltd., 60, Aylward Rd., London, S.W.20 (Liberty 2426). Callers by appointment only. [6020]

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Lavender Gdns., Battersea 5953. [2455] TAPE recorders, shop solled, Emicorda 90gns T reduced to 70gns; Sound Mirror, 70gs re-duced to 50gns.-Tel. Ley. 1362. [2400 SOUNDMIRROR portable tape recorder, per-fect, Acos mic. 3 reels of tape; £60 o.n.o. Buckby, Sun Inn, St. Austell, Cornwall. (2409) C.J.R. tape recorder, D1 with Reslo rhbon mike, 3 tapes, cost £125, little used; nearest £80 secures; cwner going abroad.-Box 2997. [2408]

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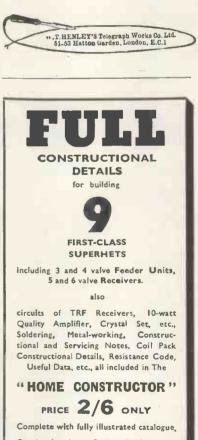
70 cm television, convertor components, as est, 15/-; complete convertor with power sup-ply, £15. 3/in sq canned formers, 2/3 ea; experimental transistors (callers only); Chan-nons economy battery set, coil sets, complete parts kit, with valves, wound coils, chassis, 2/7/5.—Bel Sound Products Co., Mariborough Yard, N.19.

Yard, N.19. [0136 FLUORESCENT 80 watt 250v complete bal-last unit, 39/6: 80w brick choke and souter 28/3; have been been been been been souter 28/3; have been been been been about the balance been been been been ampenter 8/6; brand new small radio cabi-nets, 16/6; multi-ratio output transformers, Goodmans, 7/6; Diamond H switches, 4/6; 4-pole cooker switches, 5/-; charge your dry cell batteries with our special charger from mains, complete unit, 14/9; new G.E.C. Wab electric motors, 320v S/9, 64/16. Maiden Transformer Surpejkes, Rear of 5, Coombe Rd, New Maiden Surrey, Mail 2655 (Longside of Maiden S.R. Batwon). [0036]



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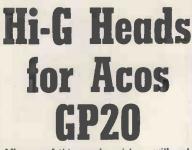
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MARCH, 1954



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CRYSTAL microphone inserts (Cosmocord Mic-6), guaranteed brand new; 15/6, post free.--Radio-Aid, Ltd. (Retail Dept.), 29, Market St., Watford. [0036]

COMPONENTS-SURPLUS AND SECONDHAND

COMPONENTS -SURPLUS AND SECONDHAND RADIO CLEARANCE, Ltd. 27, Tottenham Court Rd. London, W.1. Tel. Museum 9188. ELECTROLYTICS, capacity. voltage. size. type of mounting. price post paid: 400, 6v, 1×21n. lug. 1/9: 250+250 6v, 1×21n. lug. 2/-: 500+ 500, 6v, 1×3. lug. 2/6: 40+40, 150v, 1/4×2. clip. 2/9; 40, 150v, 1×2. clip. 2/9; 2/-20, 275v 1×2. lug. 3/3: 16+32, 275v, 1×2. lug. 3/3: 16+16, 275v, 1×2. clip. 3/7; 32+32, 275v+ 500, 6v, 1×3. lug. 3/6: 60+100, 275v, 1%×2. clip. 2/9; 100, 275/500, 1/4×3. clip. 3/6; 32+12, 500v, 1%×22. clip. 4/-: 16+16+16, 350v, 1%×2. clip. 1%×2. 4/9: 16, 350v, 4×2. lug. 1/9; 40+40, 300v, 1×3. lug. 3/6: 10, 450v, 4×2. lug. 1/6: 160, 275v, 3×2. lug. 5/-, 15+15. 450v+20mi 25v, 1/%×3. lug. 4/6: 200, 6v, 4×114, wire, 2/5: 350, 25v, 1/%×2. lug. 1/9; 8, 450v, 1×2. clip. 2/-; 250, 12v, 4×14%, lag. 1/6: 150, 25v, 4×2. lug. 2/-; 20, 12v, 12%, 15+15. 450v+20mi 25v, 1/%×3. lug. 4/6: 200. 6v, 4×114, wire, 2/5: 350, 25v, 1/%×2. clip. 2/-; 40+40, 307, 1×2. clip. 2/-; 200, 2/2, 1%×2. clip. 1/3; 2/2+2/4+16, 350/425v, 1%×2. clip. 3/3; 2/3/2/2/3/2/3, 2/30/425v, 1/%×2. clip. 3/3; 2/3/2/2/3/2/3, 2/3/2/4/2/4, 2/3; 2/3/3/2/2/3/2/2/3/2/3, 2/3/2/4, 2/4+16, 350/425v, 1/%×2. clip. 5/9; 6/4×120, clip. 2/-; 2/50, 12v, 1/%×2. clip. 5/9; 6/4×120, clip. 1/9; 6/4×2. clip. 5/9; 6/10, clip. 5/9; 6/10, 5/9; 5/10, 5/9; 5/10, 5/9; 5/10, 5/9; 2/4×2. clip. 5/9; 6/10, clip. 5/9; 6/10, 5/9; 5/10, 5/9; 2/4×2. clip. 5/9; 6/10, clip. 5/9; 6/10, 5/9; 5/10, 5/9; 2/4×2. clip. 5/9; 6/10, clip. 5/9; 6/10, 5/9; 5/10, 5/9; 2/4×2. clip. 5/9; 6/10, clip. 5/9;

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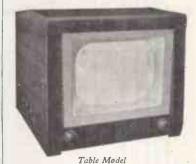
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[0080] WANTED, AN/APR-4 receiver, any units: any other good quality U.S. surplus radio and radar tubes, test sets; laboratory equip-ments, etc.; give condition and price in first letter.—Engineering Associates, 454. Patterson Rd., Dayton. 9, Ohio, U.S.A. [0234

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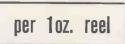
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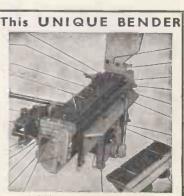
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NOTICES

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SCHOLARSHIPS. THE Council of The Institution of Electrical Engineers will consider for award this year three Research Scholarships, one Graduate Scholarship and six Student Scholarships as

Lifet Research Scholarships, one Graduate Scholarship and six Student Scholarships as follows:--HESEARCH Scholarships-Oliver Lodge, value £420 for one year, may be extended for a second year; I.M.E.A. value £420 for one year, may be extended for a second year; Swan Memorial, var £430 for one year. The for a second year; Swan Memorial, var £430 for one year. Studies and the second year is a second year. Studies and the second year is a second year, raduate level at a University or a Technical College. Silvanis Thompson, value £200 for three years; Manville, value £150 p.a. for three years; Manville, value £150 p.a. for three years; Manville, value £150 p.a. for three years; Manville £50 p.a. for three years; Manville £50 p.a. for two years; Salomons, value £100 p.a. for two years; Salomons, value £100 p.a. for ding for the receipt of applications is May, 1, 1954, for Graduet and Research Scholarships.--Full particulars of the condi-tions of award attached to each scholarship and nomination forms may be obtained in application to the Secretary. The Institution of Electrical Engineers, Savy Place, London, W.C.2. PATENTS

PATENTS

PATENIS THE Office National d'Etudes et de Recherches Aéronautiques, 55. Bid Malescherbes, Paris (Béme), holder of British Patent 658,341, pub-lished on Oct. 10, 1951, "Ultra High Frequency Magnetometer," should like to deal with con-structors in Great Britain through licensing. [2429]

THE UNIVERSITY OF SOUTHAMPTON.

DEPARTMENT of Electronics. THE Department of Electronics gives an ad-vanced course at honours degree standard in electronics; the course is full-time for one academic year and the university grants a diploma by examination to students who suc-cessfully complete the course; entry qualifica-tion is a university degree in physics or elec-trical engineering, or its equivalent; the next course will commence in October, 1954, and application for admission should be made now to the Academic Registrar, from whom further details may be obtained. [2416

SITUATIONS VACANT

SITUATIONS VACANT The engagement of persons answering these advertisements must be made through the local office of the Ministry of Labour and National Service, etc., if the applicant is a man aged 18-64 or a woman aged 18-59 inclusive, unless he or she or the employer is excepted from the provisions of The Notification of Vacancies Order 1952.

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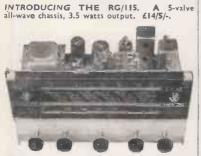
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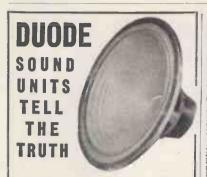
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S ENIOR broadcast receiver designer for lead-ing radio manufacturer capable of assum-ing responsibility for presentation and mechanical design and with some knowledge of broadcast receiver circuits; extensive experi-ence of tool-room and machine-shop practice essential. REPLY in confidence with full details of quali-factions and experience and salary required. Box 2894. [2403]

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QUALIFIED radio and television engineer required as branch manager for new shop in Bridgwater; permanent pensionable post; assistance given with housing, state wages re-quired; applications to be received by February 1st 1954.-West Somerset Co-operative Society, Ltd., 27-30a, East St., Taunton. [2410]

TRANSFORMER Designer required for de-velopment projects involving audio-fre-quency power transformers, pulse transformers, oil-filed units, etc.-Apply stating age, quali-fications and experience, to The Personnel Manager (Ref. R.G.), The General Electric Co., Ltd., Brown's Lane, Allesley, Coventry. [0260]

A SSISTANT Engineer required, for valve pro-duction dept. In Ruislip area; applicants must have had previous experience of valve manufacture and a sound knowledge of high vacuum technique; minimum qualifications inter B.Sc. or O.N.C.-Apply by letter to Personnel Dept., E.M.I., Ltd., Hayes, Middx. [2426

Dept., E.M.I., Ltd., Hayes, Middx. [2426 ASISTANT development engineer, experi-enced in design of C core transformers, chokes, Toroidal coils and various couplings for electronic equipment; good salary and a perma-nent position with first-class working conditions in well-equipped laboratories; good canteen sports ground and social club; 5-day week. THE premises are situated on the main bus route from Kingston and Guildford, APPLICANTS must be of British nationality and should submit full details of age, qualifica-tions and experience to the Joint Scoretary, Cot-tage Laboratories, Ltd., Fairmile Cottage, Ports-mouth Rd., Cobham, Surrey. [2444 DRAUGHTSMEN required for design and pro-

DRAUGHTSMEN required for design and pro-duction of light electro-mechanical appa-ratus, varied and interesting work; previous experience in the radio industry an advantage; please apply, stating age and full details of peleses apply, stating age and full details of relecommunications, Ltd., Ditton Works; Cam-bridge.

bridge. [2344 A specialised knowledge of the application of electronic components is required by large radio component manufacturers. The position offers excellent scope and prospects to a man of outstanding personality with the necessary experience and knowledge of the trade.-Re-piles to Box 2777. [2359] TEST gear design engineers and maintenance ence of this class of work, based on sound knowledge of electronic principles; these vacan-cles are permanent and progressive; a company pension scheme in operation; London area.-Pleace write, in confidence, giving full details of qualifications, to Box 2843. [2374]

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(Discount to trade) EMISSION REJUVENATORS, 200/250 tapped output tapped in steps. 2 v. to 2¼ v. to 2¼ v. at 2 a., at 35/6 each. Output 200/250 tapped in steps 6.3 v. to 7 v. to 8 v. up to 9¼ v. at 2 a., at 37/6 each. (Discount to trade) Both space wound for Heater/Cathode shorts

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T.V. HEATER TRANSFORMERS 200/250

6.3 v. at 7 a., 0-2-6.3 v. at 2 a., at 19/6 net. T.V. AUTO TRANSFORMERS. 0-190-210-230-240 at 6.3 v. at 7 a., 0-2-6.3 v. at 2 a. at 27/6 net.

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ENGINEER required for electrical develop-ment department of a progressive com-nunications company; national certificate standard required; salary according to ability. -Write Box 444, Sells, Ltd., Brettenham House, Lancaster Place, W.C.1. [2415

The section of the se

A. C. COSSOR, Ltd., require jun. development engs, for radar communications, television and instruments projects: eng. degree or equiv. prof. quais., expd, in developing equip. to Government and other specifications an advan-tage-Write, stating age, quals., exp. and salary rend., to Personnel Manager, 22. Highbury Grove, N.5. (2440

Texton MECHANICAL designer for television and didates should be at least of H.N.C. or similar educational standard, with a workshop appren-ticeship and have 3 years' experience as a mechanical designer; salary according to ex-perience and qualifications but not less than \$600 p.a.

2600 p.a. APPLV in writing to the Personnel Officer, MITCHAM WORKS, Ltd., New Rd., Mitcham Junction, Surrey, quoting reference R.2A. [2420]

[2420] MECHANICAL engineer with knowledge of electronics required to take charge of small department (North-West London area) engaged in the measurements of dynamic stresses in aero engines; applicants should have previous experience in this field.—Apply Box AC. 37067, Samson Clarks, 57/61, Mortimer St., W.1. [2437]

DEVELOPMENT engineer required for elec-tical engineering laboratory, engineering electrical measuring instruments.--Write, giv-ing full details of education, experience and salary required, to Employment Manager, San-gamo Weston, Ltd., Great Cambridge Rd., Enfield. gamo Enfield. [2472

DEVELOPMENT Engineer read, for the design, in new project on television relax; previous experience of T.V. carrier-type telephone systems, or wide band amplifiers an advantage; applicants with a degree in Engineering or the equivalent preferred.-Apply to Personnel Dept., (SS/2), E.M.I., Ltd., Blyth Rd., Hayes, Middx. [2425

A laboratories of The General Electric Co. Ltd., North Wembley, Middx.; applicants should have a good working knowledge of electronic circuit practice and must be capable of work-ing to schematic diagrams.—Apply in writing to Staff Manager (Ref. RLO/16), giving full details of age, qualifications and experience. [2471] [2471

APPLICATIONS are invited from craftsmen for radio and television service in areas within Herefordshire and Shropshire; appli-cants must be fully experienced in the repair and maintenance of all types of radio and television receivers; rate of pay at present 3/8 per hour, N.J.I.C. conditions.—Apply in writing to Sub-Area Manager, Midlands Elec-tricity Board, Ditherington, Shrewsbury. [2307

Writing to Sub-Artea instrager, williaritis beechtelig Board, Ditherington, Shrewsbury. [2307] ElectrRONIG engineers to become section preparation, testing in the field, and further laboratory development of guided weapons, applicants should have at least H.N.C. and 5 years' experience in the micro-wave, pulse or communication field; equivalent training and experience in H.M. Forces will also quality for these positions. ASSISTANT engineers to form such teams, either (a) with a similar background to the above or (b) having considerable experience of developing and testing small prototype electro-mechanical instruments. THE vacancies which offer exceptional scope for advancement are at Heston Aerodrome, Middlesex, periods of work at outstations in the U.K. are covered by adequate allowances and week-end leave privilege; there are likely to be opportunities for continuing some of this work in Australia at a later date; good salary with bonus, pension scheme.—Details of ex-perience and qualifications should be sent to the Assistant Manager. Dept. W.W. The Fairey Aviation Co., Lid., Research and Armament Development Division. Heston Aerodrome, Monse, Midda. 12384

DRODUCTION engineer required in the fac-tory engineering section of a radio and television manufacturer; applicants should have had experience of engineering new designs through the pre-production stages and into full production, and will be required to liaise between production and design departments.-Reply to Finico, Romferd Rd., Chigwell, Exec., Tel. Hainsali 4151.

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One minute from Tottenham Court Road Stn. COLD CATHODE RELAY UNITS, fitted two S.T.C. Cold cathode tubes, No. G240/2D, two Siemens High Speed Relays, 1,700/1,700 ohms, size of unit approx. 6in. x 7in. x 4in. £3/2/6 each. METROPOLITAN VICKERS D.C. RE-LAYS, Type B.I., 10/24 v. D.C., coil resistance, 425 + 425 ohms, four heavy make carbon contact, two medium break contacts. Housed in metal case, 7½ in. x 6in. x 2¼ in. 37/6 each. HEAVY DUTY 12/24 V. D.C. HIGH-SPEED RELAYS, pattern 637, type J6. Made by Plessey & Co. Two heavy make contacts, fitted in glass case, 5½ in. x 3½ in. x 4in. 27/6 each. 27/6 each

SOLENOID OPERATED D.C. CON-TACTORS, 200/250 volts, coil resistance 2,000 ohms, silver contacts to carry 10 amps.

INFINITELY VARIABLE-SPEED GEAR-BOXES. Fitted 4in. diam. shafts, mounted in ball-races, adjustable torque, reversible, overall size 5in. x 5in. x 4in. approx. Pre-cision made. 47/6 each.

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type D, fitted handset, extra headset, tuned buzzer, morse tapping key, etc. £5/10/- the

buzzer, morse tapping evil pair. PRECISION DIFFERENTIAL GEAR-BOXES, fitted ‡in. diam. spindle, 48 d.p. gears size 2in. diam., ‡in. deep. 8/- each. CONSTANT SPEED MOTORS, 3,000 np.m., governor controlled, continuous rating, size 5‡in.x 3‡in.x 3in., ‡in. diam. spindle. 40/- each. "STANCOR," U.S.A. 2.5 K.V.A. 50/60 cycle auto-transformers. Input, II5/250 v.

cycle auto-transformers. Input, 115/250 v. Output, 110 v. Completely shrouded. £11

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VARIABLE RHEOSTATS. Graduated j amp. to 2 amps., 45 ohms. Ideal for chargers, voltage control, etc. Ref. 50/728. Fitted in Bakelite case 4in. square 1 jin. deep. 12/6 each. SPERRY'S CONSTANT.SPEED 115 volt 50 cycles motors, 2,400 r.p.m., 3 jin. diam., 6in. long, 5/16in. spindle, 1 jin. long. Serial No. LB1931. 37/6. MINIATURE CLOCKWORK TIMERS Variable 10 seconds to 3 minutes. Ideal for

MINIATURE CLOCKWORK TIMERS Variable, 10 seconds to 3 minutes. Ideal for model work, photographic timing, etc. With slight modifications will run 15 mlns. full wind, size 1½ x 1½ x 9/16in. 3/6 each. 20-WATT POTENTIOMETERS, 200 k. Fitted slow motion dial with vernier control, 3in. diam, overallheight 4½ in. Pattern 8419. Price 37/6 each. CANADIAN FULLY SMOOTHED ROTARY TRANSFORMERS, housed in metal case 8½ x 6 x 4½ in. Input 12 v. 25 amps. Output 20 v. D.C. 60 mA. Price 40/- each. HOOVER BLOWER MOTORS, ref. No. 10KB/115 for 12/24 volts A.C./D.C., ideal for car heaters, cooling, etc. 27/6 each.

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25/-each. SANGAMO MOTOR UNITS, model 7, final speed one rev. 24 hours. 200/250 v. A.C. 50 cycles. Price 27/6 each. SANGAMO MOTOR UNITS, model 7, final speed one revolution per seven days, 200/250 v. A.C., 50 cycles. Price 30/- each. MINIATURE IMPULSE MOTORS, made by "Gents," size 3 x 2 x 1 ± in. Suitable for operating models, switches, etc. Operates on 4/6 volts A.C./D.C. and is very powerful for

operating models, switches, etc. Operates on 4/6 volts A.C./D.C. and is very powerful for its size. Price 8/6 each, Post paid. 10,000 G.P.O. type 3,000 and 600 relays, assorted contacts and coils. Siemens High Speed Relays, Uniselectors, Telephone Keys, Handset: arc Handsets, etc.

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MARCH, 1954



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SITUATIONS VACANT ENGINEER, aged 26 to 34, required to take tory manufacturing quartz crystals; university degree and experience of industrial or serviced electronic equipment essential; rudimentary knowledge of chemistry an advantage; house could be made available to successful applicant. -Write Box W.B. 8475, A.K. Advg., 212a, Shaftesbury Ave., London, W.C.2. [2412

ELECTRONIC engineer required by Birming-ham Company handling wide range of in-dustrial and laboratory instruments; applicants (age 25-35) must possess degree in Electrical Engineering or membership of I.E.E., be capable administrators, experienced in application en-gineering and able to expend sales; Salary 2750-E1,000 according to age and experience; pension scheme.—Box 3134. [2448]

VACANCIES exist for senior executive and 2 salesmen in one of the largest U.K. electronic organizations to take over planning and marketing in this country of high fidelity sound amplifying equipment; excellent oppor-tunities with first-class prospects for right type of men; experience in this field essential; when applying state age and give full parti-culars of qualifications.—Box 2999. [2419

A SSISTANT engineer required for laboratory effects on radio communication equipment; experience of measurements on radio trans-milters and receivers essential; qualifications equivalent to Ordinary Nat. Cert. or Inter. B.Sc. standard desirable.—Apply to Employ-ment Manager, Ferguson Radio Corporation, Ltd., Gt. Cambridge Rd., Enfield, Middx. [2431

INTERESTING work in connection with the development of loudspeakers of conventional and novel types is offered by a large manufac-turing company in the London area. A sound basic knowledge of electro-acoustic problems is the primary requirement, and some knowledge of amplifiers and other electronic apparatus will be of value,—write quoting ref. YS/WW, giving full personal particulars to Box 2715. [255]

TELEVISION service engineers required for long established radio and television organ-isation with branches in the main dties of Scotland; applicants must be capable of servic-ing television receivers in the field and must be able to drive light van; prospects of pro-motion for successful candidates; superannua-tion scheme in operation; excellent remunera-tion to successful candidates.—Apply Box 2844. [2376]

TELEVISION engineer, experienced, required for new workshops in Mdx.; starting salary £10 p.w. plus overtime, making earnings £12-£14 p.w. with scope for rapid advancement to head area maintenance dept, at salary range £750-£1,000 p.a. and higher posts.-Write giv-ing full details of training, experience in trade, makes specialized in, etc., and copies of refer-ences only; Security Bond required, Box 3063. [2436]

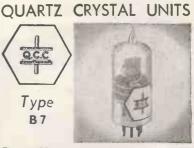
A. C. COSSOR require Davelopment Engineers for radar communications, television and instruments projects in development division. Eng. degree or equiv. pro. qual. exp in the same direction work at development en-gualifications, exp, and salary required, to Per-sonnel Manager, 22, Highbury Grove, N.5. 12420

SENIOR and junior engineers required for responsible work in radio and television aboratories, applicants for senior position should be able to undertake development work with minimum supervision; excellent conditions and salary available for applicants who are accepted.-Apply in first case to Personnel Manager (Dept. R.D.), McMichael Radio, Ltd., Wexham Rd., Slough. Applicants must be of British nationality. [2021]

A FIRST-CLASS man is required for the in-apparatus: he should preferably have served an apprenticeship in the electrical industry, be in possession of a H.N.C. and be aged about 50 to 35; good prospects are open to the right man.—Write giving full details of age, ex-perience and salary required, to Philips Bal-ham, S.W.12. [2406]

LivingSTON LABORATORIES. Lid.—we our calibration and test department, all types of electronic instruments pass through uptions, and we aim at the highest standards, uptions, interested in such work, in a small specialised organisation with ideals, are invited to approach --Mr. Urry, Livingston Laboratories, Lid. Ret-car St., London, N.19. Tel. Archway 6251, for an appointment. [2422

an appointment. Lauze A FIRST-CLASS opportunity exists in the Laudon area for a development engineer familiature or telephone type relays or similar electro magnetic devices. Excellent laboratory facilities are available and the successful candi-date will be required to initiate new develop-ment projects and carry them through to pro-duction. The initial salary will be in accordance with qualifications, and generous advancement is possible for a mn of initiative-Firld quoting ref. CB/WW, and send data of qualifications and experience to Box 2714. [2350]



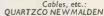
The type B7 unit is mounted in the standard B7G valve envelope and is hermetically sealed and fully evacuated.

evacuated. Available for the frequency ranges from 100 kc/s. to 500 kc/s. and from 3 Mc/s. to 16 Mc/s. Gold electrodes applied by cathodic sputtering give permanence of calibration. Normal adjustment accuracy 0.01% Max. adjustment accuracy 0.003% Early delivery can be given of most frequen-

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29-31, WEIGH LONDON, W.S.

S.E.5. [2312 MCMICHAEL RADIO, Ltd., require senior division laboratory at Slough; training and ex-perience in the field of applied electronics (in-cluding communications) and experience of working with Government Departments are the chief qualifications required.—Write, stating age and full details of training, qualifications and experience, to the Chief Engineer. Equip-ment Division, McMichael Radio, Ltd., Slough, Bucks

Test Engineers required for specification test-ing and calibration of a wide variety of medium and high frequency communication transmitters (100W to 10kW), receivers and L.F. amplifiers, etc., also for industrial R.F. heaters (250W to 30kW). Permanent posts with salary according to qualifications and ex-perience: 5-day week; canteen facilities; pen-sion scheme.—Write full details to Redifon, Ltd. (Dept. T), Broomhill Rd., Wandsworth, S.W.18. [2554]

WIRELESS WORLD

S.W.18. [2354] TECHNICIANS, Grade I (Radio) required by East African Posts and Telecoms Adminis-tration on probation for pensionable employ-ment; salary etc. In scale E742 rising to E1,134 a year; outfit allowance £30; free pas-sages; Ilberal leave on full salary; normal tour 4 years; candidates should possess a thorough practical knowledge of the working and main-tenance of radio transmitting and receiving equipment; G.P.O. staff should apply through departmental channels. WRITE to the Crown Agents, 4, Millbank, London, S.W.1; state age, name in block letters, full qualifications and experience and quote M2C/32424/NF. [2356]

M2C/32424/NF. [2336 TECHNICAL Correspondent to deal with technical and sales letters and follow up enquirles; detailed information on technical matters will be given by Laboratory, but appli-cants must have wide enough knowledge to understand general radio technical queries; must be able to write good letters; first-class English essential; write full details experience, qualifications, age and salary required.—Good-mans Industries, Limited, Axiom 'Works, Wembley. [2427]

 qualifications, age and salary required.-Good-mans Industries, Limited, Axiom Works, Wembley.
 HivAC, Ltd., manufacturers of specialised thermionic and electronic devices offer in-teresting posts for scientists, engineers and technicians in their expanding organization on research and development projects in valves, cold cathode tubes and transistors; previous experience in these fields, although an advan-tage, is not essential, but a sound education and an active and enquiring mind are; encourage-ment will be given, wherever possible, to the publication of original work.
 THE Company is a member of a major com-munications group and the posts, which are available for both senior and junior applicants, are pensionable and offer scope for advance-ment; there is a 5-day working week.
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 Application of original work in the addition of an salary expected, should be addussed too-The Engineer-in-Chief, Hivac, ited, greenhill Crescent, Harrow, Middlesex, 2007 background and preferably a degree in physics, who should be interested in the application of resins and similar thermal moulding materials for component protection, ection with guided missile projects; good salary and bonus, pension scheme.-Full details should be sent to the Assistant Manager, Dept. www, The Fairey Aviation Co, Ltd., Research and Armament Development Division; Heston Aerodrome, Hounslow, Middx. [2415 Recarch and Armament Development Division, Heston Aerodrome, Hounslow, Middx. [2413 ELECTRONIC engineers with several years invited to sppip for posts with a well-estab-lished company engaged primarily on the development of precision electronic laboratory instruments; applicants should preferably pos-sees an honour; degree or equivalent qualifica-tions in physics or light electrical engineering, although this is not essential as considerable practical experience is equally acceptable; the appointments are of a permanent nature for engineers able to undertake the responsibility for the development of new projects to the prototype stage, and they offer scope for the exercise of individual initiative; furthermore, the work covers a wide range of electronic instruments and similar devices; salaries are commensurate with qualifications and experi-ence; applications should be made in writing, stating full details, to—Chief Engineer, Purze-bill Laboratories, Ltd., Boreham Wood, Herts. 10050



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of previous experience, to Box 2842. [2373] JUNIOR engineer required for long-term de-velopments in the communication equip-ment and general electronics development field; applicants should be between the ages of 21 and 26 and should possess a degree or have had at least three years' laboratory work in the domestic radio or communication fields; these vacancies possess excellent opportunities for keen and ambitious young men; a generous salary will be paid to the selected applicants.— Please reply, giving details of qualifications and experience, to Box 3135. [2449]

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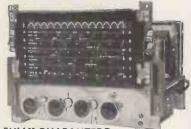


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Edinburgh, 5. [2390] TECENNICIANS required for laboratory and inspection duties in connection with design of quartz and synthetic crystals and associated circuits; applicants should be between 24 and 35 years of age and preferably have had somi industrial or services experience in radio tech-niques; salary 2500 to 2700 per annum de-pendent upon qualifications and experience; the position is tenable in South West Lances shire and is on the established staff Status with contributory pension fund and usual staff con-stitons.-Applicants are invited to write the second 5., London, S. W.I. giving ful particulars of their qualifications, experience and age. [2397] FERRANTI, Ltd., Edinburgh, have a vacancy

St., London, S.W.I, giving full particulars to their qualifications, experience and age. [2338 FERRANTI, Ltd., Edinburgh, have a vacancy in their Applications Laboratory for an Engineer-Physicist for interesting development work with a control project opening up a new field and involving digital computors, data recording and servo-mechanisms; a degree or equivalent in electrical engineering or physics is essential, and experience in some, or all, of these fields is desirable; the appointment is permanent and olfers excellent prospects in an expanding organization; a salary commen-surate with the qualifications required for this position will be paid; good conditions; statis training, qualifications and experience failer, Perranti, Ltd., Ferry Rd., Edinburgh, 5 [2388]

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wich, S.E.10. [2474 Mich, S.E.10. [2474 Mrequires electrical engineers or physicists to work on basic problems of generation and distributines electric power in alreart and of electro-technology arising from design and development of equipment; interest in advanced electromagnetic circuit techniques or in physical properties of magnetic materials desirable; aptitude for experimental work essential; mini-mum qualification Higher School Cert, (science) or equivalent, but further training to degree experimental officer, field (age 18)-576; women somewhat jess; appointments un-established.—Application forms from M.L.N.S., Technical and Scientific Register (K). 26, King St., London, S.W.1. quoting A51/54A. [2470]

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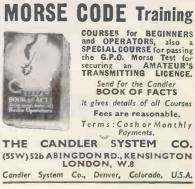
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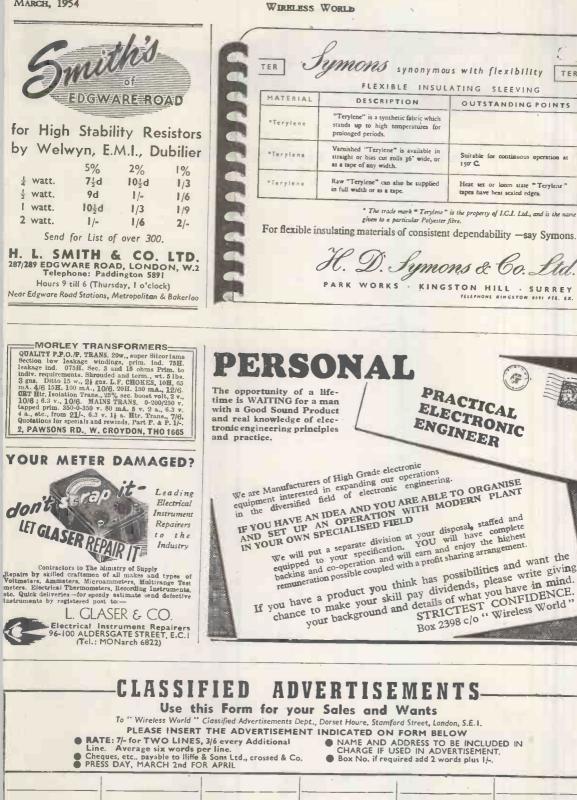
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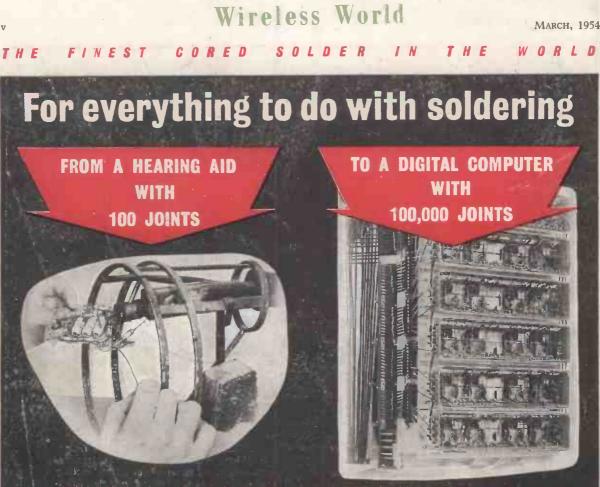
Capacity	Peak Working Volts	Dimensions in inches		T.C.C.	
in µF		Length	Diameter	Type Number	
6	3	.64	.18	CE68AA	
8	6	.71	.2	CE69A	
2	12	.64	.18	CE68B	
4	12	.71	.2	CE69B	
*8	15	.75	.26	ĊE67B	
1	25	.64	.18	CE68C	
2	25	.71	.2	CE69C	
.5	50	.64	.18	CE68D	
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1	C 16018	60/40	8	55 feet	
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