#### Inside: SPECIAL ALL-MACINTOSH SUPPLEMENT



AUGUST 1988

A MCGRAW-HILL PUBLICATION

The First of the 25-MHz Machines: Computing moves up another notch

#### IN DEPTH

The C Language with Kernighan and Ritchie, Stroustrup, and others

#### PLUS

Soriand, Lotus, Norton on OS/2 Four New Columns Short Takes: Dell System 220 T-DebugPLUS Grainmatik III Paradox OS/2

Compaq Deskpro 386/25

States 1

**World Radio History** 

Netpro 386/25

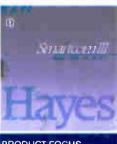
\$3.50 U.S.A./\$4.50 IN CANADA 0000-5200

Everex Step 38 /25

Intel SYP302



Apple A/UX PC Input Devices Three 20-MHz 80386s VersaCAD for the Mac



PRODUCT FOCUS Script-Driven Communications

# Turbo Languages are Super!







#### ike a rocket ...

#### 987 Programmer's Journal

Powerful features include:

- Producing EXE files
- Separate compilation
- · Built-in project management
- · Graph unit including support for IBM CGA, EGA, VGA, and 3270. Hercules and ATT 6300
- Online, context-sensitive help

\*Run on an 8 MHz IBM PC AT.

#### Add expertise:

The Turbo Pascal Toolboxes

Start with Turbo Pascal Tutor for just \$69.95 and add the others as your interests and expertise grow:

- ٠ Database Toolbox
- Editor Toolbox
- Graphix Toolbox
- Numerical Methods Toolbox
- GameWorks

Toolboxes require Turbo Pascal 4.0

#### Just \$99.95 each

**66** Each new Turbo Pascal 4.0 Toolbox is a virtual treasure of programming methods and tips.

-Giovanni Perrone, PC Week 99

Circle 26 on Reader Service Card (DEALERS: 27)

#### "Turbo Basic compiles faster than anything I have seen." -Ethan Winer, PC Magazine



Turbo Basic<sup>®</sup> is the lightning-fast Basic compiler with a total development environment that puts you in full control. Even novices can

write professional programs with Turbo Basic's full-screen windowed editor, pull-down menus, and trace debugging system. You also get a long list of innovative Borland features like binary disk files, true recursion, and increased compilation control. Plus the ability to create programs as large as your system's memory can hold—not just a cramped 64K.

The choice is basic: Turbo Basic!

#### Just \$99.95!

**66** Turbo Basic, simply put, is an incredibly good product ... Not only is this the most advanced BASIC ever, but Borland has lived up to its Turbo tradition.

-William Zachmann, Computerworld 99

#### Add another Basic advantage: The Turbo Basic Toolboxes

- · The Database Toolbox
- · The Editor Toolbox

Toolboxes require Turbo Basic 1.1

#### Just \$99.95 each.

System Requirements For the IBM PS/2<sup>•</sup> and the IBM® family of personal computers and all 100% compatibles PC-DOS (MS-DOS) 2.0 or later, 384K RAM, 640K to compile Loolboxes.

#### Compare the BASIC differences

	Turbo Basic 1.1	QuickBASIC 4.0 Compiler	QuickBASIC 4.0 Interpreter
Compile & Link to stand-alone EXE	3 sec.	7 sec.	
Size of .EXE	28387	25980	
Execution time w/80287	0.16 sec.	16.5 sec.	21.5 sec.
Execution time w/o 80287	0.16 sec.	286.3 sec.	292.3 sec.

The Elkins Optimization Benchmark program from March 1988 issue of Computer Language was used. The Program was run on an IBM PS/2 Model 60 with 80287. The benchmark tests compiler's ability to optimize loop-invariant code, unused code, expression and condi tional evaluation.

BORLAND PRESENTS

# THE APPEndes OF BODDES

World Radio History

"Fastest and most approachable implementation of that language"

-Darryl Rubin, AI Expert, on Turbo Prolog

### "Most powerful

version of Basic ever" --Ethan Winer, PC Magazine, on Turbo Basic

## And able to leap

onto "new ground in the price/performance arena"

-John H. Mayer, Computer Design, on Turbo C

> See the technological excellence of Turbo C, Turbo Pascal and Turbo Basic!

Meet Turbo Prolog 2.0: Artificial Iñtelligence like you've never seen it!

# The Critics Agree: Borland's







#### "Turbo C ... will stun you with in-RAM compilations that operate at warp speed."



Turbo C's® sleek compiler is so fast and powerful, we used it to write our equation solver. Eureka." Even better. all that muscle is wrapped in a smooth.

integrated environment with everything you need to make writing, editing and compiling your programs a snap:

- Compiles 10,000 lines per minute\*
- Online, context-sensitive help
- ANSI compatible
- Six memory models-tiny to huge
- 450 library functions
- Utilities: Librarian, Make, GREP
- Source code for MicroCalc spreadsheet
- Command-line version of the compiler
- Inline assembly that lets you mix C and assembler

-Richard Hale Shaw, PC Magazine

- Professional-quality graphics library supporting VGA, CGA, EGA, Hercules, and IBM 8514
- Interfaces with Turbo Pascal 4.0 and Turbo Prolog

#### Just \$99.95

**66** A lightning fast, fully featured C compiler suitable for almost everything ... Borland's Turbo C compiler is flexible, fast and friendly.

-Peter Feldman, PC Week 99

	Heap Sort	•
	<b>Turbo</b> C 1.5	Microsoft C 5.0
Compile time	4.7 sec.	16.3 sec.
Compile & link time	7.4 sec.	19.5 sec.
Execute time	10.5 sec.	15.5 sec.
Object code size	1119	1313
Execution size	6392	7891

Sort benchmark run on an 8 MHz IBM AT using Turbo C version 1.5 and the Turbo Linker version 1.1: Microsoft C version 5.0 and the MS overlay linker version 3.61.

#### "Turbo Pascal 4.0 flies I 4.0 is ballistic!" -Tom Swan, 1



Almost from its introduction. Turbo Pascal® has been the worldwide Pascal standard. It's fast. It's flexible. It's affordable. And it

gives you full control.

Compile more than 27,000 lines of code per minute\*. And work in a complete, integrated programming environment with pull-down menus and a full-featured editor.

You don't have to swap code in and out to beat the 64K barrier; it's designed for large programs. Break your code into convenient modules and work with them swiftly and separately. If there's an error in one, you can see it and fix it.

System Requirements For the IBM PS/2<sup>re</sup> and the IBM® family of personal computers and all 100% compatibles. PC-DOS (MS-DOS) 2.0 or later. 384K RAM.

T Customer satisfaction is our main concern: if within 60 days of purchase this product does not perform in accordance with our claims, call ou customer service department, and we will arrange a refund.

All Borland products are trademarks or registered trademarks of Borland Inter-national, Inc. Other brand and product names are trademarks of their respective holders. Copyright © 1988 Burland International, Inc. BI 1230A

System Requirements For the IBM  $\rm PS/2^m$  and the IBM® family of personal computers and all 100% compatibles. PC-DOS (MS-DOS) 2.6 or later. 384K RAM.

#### World Radio History





# Turbo Prolog 2.0: Powerful Artificial Intelligence for your real-world applications!



New Turbo Prolog<sup>®</sup> 2.0 lets you harness powerful AI techniques. And you don't have to be an expert programmer or artificial intelligence genius!

You get an all-new Prolog compiler that's been optimized to produce smaller and more efficient programs than ever before. An improved full-screen, completely customizable editor with easy pulldown menus. All-new documentation, including a tutorial rich with examples and instructions to take you all the way from basic programming to advanced techniques. Even online help!

System Requirements For the IBM PS/2<sup>--</sup> and the IBM® family of personal computers and all 100% compatibles. PC-DOS (MS-DOS) 2.0 or later. 384K RAM. More new features!

- An external database system for developing large databases. Supports B+ trees and EMS
- Source code for a fully-featured Prolog interpreter written entirely in Turbo Prolog. Plus step-by-step instructions to adapt it or include it as is in your own applications!
- Support for the Borland Graphics Interface, the same professional-quality graphics in Turbo Pascal, Turbo C, and Quattro
- Improved windowing
- Powerful exception handling and error trapping features
- Full compatibility with Turbo C so the two languages can call each other freely
- Supports multiple internal databases
- · High-resolution video support

#### Just \$149.95!

60-Day Money-back Guarantee †

For the dealer nearest you Call (800) 543-7543

#### Turbo Prolog Toolbox is 6 toolboxes in one!

More than 80 tools and 8,000 lines of source code help you build your own Turbo Prolog applications. Includes toolboxes for menus, screen and report layouts, business graphics, communications, filetransfer capabilities, parser generators, and more!

Toolbox requires Turbo Prolog 2.0

#### Just \$99.95

**66** If I had to pick one single recommendation for people who want to try to keep up with the computer revolution. I'd say, 'Get and learn Turbo Prolog.' *—Jerry Pournelle, Byte 1/88* 

An affordable, fast, and easy-to-use language.

-Darryl Rubin, AI Expert 99



KAM.

Circle 28 on Reader Service Card (Dealers: 29) World Radio History



#### AUGUST 1988 VOLUME 13 NUMBER 8

#### PRODUCTS IN PERSPECTIVE

#### 67 What's New

89 Short Takes Dell System 220, a small but powerful desktop system T-DebugPLUS 4.0, symbolic debugging for Turbo Pascal 4.0 Cambridge Computer Z88, small is beautiful Grammatik III, comprehensive grammar checking Watcom C 6.0, a class act Paradox OS/2, a solid entrée into OS/2 applications

#### EXPERT ADVICE

101 Computing at Chaos Manor: A Fond Farewell by Jerry Pournelle Is Jerry's old friend Zeke II retiring to greener pastures?

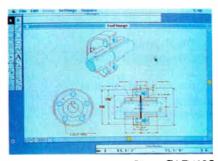
- 115 Applications Plus: New Directions by Ezra Shapiro The column's horizons are expanded, and GrandView defines a new class of software.
- 121 Down to Business: Staking Out the Territory by Wayne Rash Jr. What trends are most important to business users? This new column starts with some thoughts on networking and database servers.
- 125 Macinations: What's Up with Apple? by Don Crabb New columnist Don Crabb discusses Macintosh products and issues.
- 131 OS/2 and You: Why OS/2? by Mark Minasi The debut of this column covers some of OS/2's attractive features.



Cover Story: 25-MHz 80386 Machines/140



**Communications Packages/148** 



VersaCAD/195

135 COM1: The Wired Society by Brock N. Meeks Noted telecommunicator Brock N. Meeks surveys the communications landscape.

#### FIRST IMPRESSIONS

140 25-MHz Computing Buzzsaws by Rick Grehan From Compaq, Everex, Intel, and SimpleNet, here they come: the first of the 25-MHz 80386-based AT clones.

#### REVIEWS

- 148 Product Focus: Communications According to Script by Steve Apiki and Stan Diehl Stand-alone communications packages that can handle a communications session unattended.
- 162 Variations on the 20-MHz Theme by Ed McNierney The Tatung TCS-8000, Proteus 386A, and Everex Step 386/20 offer a range of performance and capabilities.
- 173 Four Surrogate Mice by Jeff Holtzman PC-Trac, FastTRAP, Trackball Plus, and Felix offer the functionality of a mouse without the hassle.
- 185 Unix for the Mac II by David Betz and Eva M. White Transform the Mac II into a Unix workstation with A/UX.
- 195 VersaCAD on a Mac by Paul Tuten The MS-DOS-based drafting tool is now available in a Macintosh edition.
- 200 Review Update

4

World Radio History



#### IN DEPTH

#### 202 Introduction: The C Language

205 The State of C

by Brian W. Kernighan and Dennis M. Ritchie Originally designed for systems programming, C has become one of the most widely used languages in the world.

#### 215 A Better C?

by Bjarne Stroustrup The C++ language is a superset of C that supports data abstraction and object-oriented programming.

#### 219 It's an Attitude

by Jonathan S. Linowes A mechanism for doing object-oriented programming in conventional C.

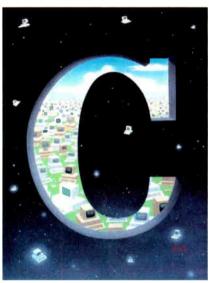
#### 226 Resource Guide

#### FEATURES

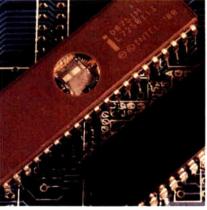
229 Making the Move to OS/2 by Robert E. Shostak, John Socha, Linda Dudinyak, and David P. Reed Top programmers from Borland, Norton, and Lotus talk about what it took to port their programs to OS/2.

#### HANDS ON

- 239 Ciarcia's Circuit Cellar: Why Microcontrollers?, Part 1 by Steve Ciarcia A tutorial perspective of the Intel 8031/8051 microcontroller family.
- 249 Some Assembly Required: The Pitfalls of Porting, Part 2 by Rick Grehan Porting an MS-DOS application to the Mac is discussed.



The C Language/202



Circuit Cellar/239

#### DEPARTMENTS

- 6 Editorial: Touching All the Bases
- 11 Microbytes
- 22 Letters
- 33 Chaos Manor Mail
- 38 Ask BYTE
- 51 Book Reviews
- 291 Coming Up in BYTE

#### READER SERVICE

- 290 Editorial Index by Company
- 292 Alphabetical Index to Advertisers
- 294 Index to Advertisers by Product Category Inquiry Reply Cards: after 296

#### PROGRAM LISTINGS

From BIX: see 182 From BYTEnet: call (617) 861-9764 On disk or in print: see card after 248

BYTE (ISSN 0360-5280) is published monthly with an additional issue in October by McGraw-Hill Inc. Founder: James H. McGraw (1860-1948). Executive, editorial, circulation, and advertising offices: One Phoenix Mill Lane, Peterbrough, NH 03458, phone (603) 924-9281. Office hours: Monday through Thursday 8:30 AM -4:30 PM, Friday 8:30 AM -1:00 PM, Eastern Time, Address subscriptions to BYTE Subscriptions, P.O. Box 7643, Teaneck, NJ 07666-9866. Postmaster: Send address changes, USPS Form 3579, undeliverable copies, and fulfillment questions to BYTE Subscriptions are 522-95 For one year, 539, 95 for three years, and 551. 95 for one year, 543.95 for throe years, in the U.S. and its possessions. In Canada and Mexico, 525.95 for one year stafe, 95 for three years in the U.S. and its possessions. In Canada and Mexico, 525.95 for one-year surface delivery to Japan, \$40 surface delivery to Japan, Y14,400 for one-year surface delivery to Japan, \$40 surface delivery to Japan, Y14,400 for one-year surface delivery to Japan, \$40 surface delivery to Japan, Y14,400 for one-year surface delivery to Japan, \$40 surface delivery to Japan, Y14,400 for one-year surface delivery to Japan, \$40 surface delivery to Japan, Y14,400 for one-year surface delivery to Japan, \$40 surface delivery to Japan, Y14,400 for one-year surface to regin subscriptions and sales should be remitted in U.S. funds drawn on a U.S. bank. Please allow six to eight weeks for delivery to first issue. Printed in the United States of America.

Poreign subscriptions and sales should be remitted in U.S. tunks ortawn on a U.S. bank. Please allow six to eight weeks for delivery of first issue. Printed in the United States of America. Address editorial correspondence to: Editor, BYTE, One Phoenix Mill Lane, Peterborough, NH 03458. Unacceptable manuscripto will be returned if accompanied by sufficient postage. Not responsible for lost manuscripts or photos. Opinions expressed by the authors are not necessarily those of BYTE. Copyright © 1988 by McGraw-Hill Inc. All rights reserved. Trademark to the United Coffice Miknes.

Copyright © 1988 by McGraw-Hill Inc. All rights reserved. Trademark registered in the United States Patent and Trademark Office. Where necessary, permission is granted by the copyright owner for libraries and others registered with the Copyright Clearance Center (CCC) to photocopy any article herein for the Tlaf fee of \$1.50 per copy of the article or any part thereof. Correspondence and payment should be sent directly to the CCC. 29 Congress \$1., Salem, MA 01970. Specify ISSN 0360-5280/83, \$1.50. Copying done for other than personal or internal reference use without the permission of McGraw-Hill Inc. is prohibited. Requests for special available in microform from University Microfilms International. 300 North Zeeb Rd., Dept. PR, Ann Arbor, MI 48106 or 18 Bedford Row, Dept. PR, London WCIR 4EJ, England.



Subscription questions or problems should be addressed to: BYTE Subscriber Service, P.O. Box 7643, Teaneck, NJ 07666-9866.

# HŲI

#### EDITOR IN CHIEF Frederic S. Lanca

OPERATIONS

Glenn Hartwig Associate Managing Editor

REVIEWS (Hardware, Software, Product Focus) Cathryn Baskin Associate Managing Editor, Dennis Allen Senior Technical Editor, Software, Curtis Franklin Jr. Senior Testing Editor, BYTE Lab, Stephen Aplki Testing Editor, BYTE Lab, Stanford Diehl Testing Editor, BYTE Lab

NEWS AND TECHNOLOGY (Microbytes, Whet's New, Short Take Rich Malloy Associate Managing Editor, D. Barker Senior Editor, News and Technology, Anne Flacher Lent Senior Editor, New Products

Peterborough: Roger Adama Associate News Editor, David Andrews Associate News Editor, Martha Hicks Associate News Editor

News coast: Gene Smarte Bureau Chief, Costa Mesa, Nicholas Baran Technical Editor, San Francisco, Frank Hayes, Associate News Editor, Jeffrey Bertolucci Editorial Assistant, San Francisco

SENIOR TECHNICAL EDITORS Ken Sheldon Features, Jane Morrill Tazelaar In Depth, Richard Grehan At Large, Tom Thompson At Large

#### TECHNICAL EDITORS

Janet J. Barron, Janet Fiderio, Jon Udell, Eva M. White, Stanley Wazola

ASSOCIATE TECHNICAL EDITOR **Robert Mitchell** 

#### CONSULTING EDITORS

Steve Ciarcia, Jerry Pournelle, Ezra Shapiro, Don Crabb, Brock Meeks, Mark Minasi, Wayne Rash Jr.

#### CONTRIBUTING EDITORS

CONTRIBUTING EDITORS Jonathan Amsterdam Programming Projects, Mark Dahmke Video, Operating Systems, Mark Haas At Large, Rik Jadmicek CAD, Graphics, Spreadsheets, Robert T. Kurosaka Mathematical Recreations, Alastair J. W. Mayer Software, Stan Miestkowski New Technology, Alan R. Solivare, Stan miastrowski new rechtadog, Atan H. Miller Languages and Engineering, Dick Pountain Algorithms, Roger Powell Computers and Music, Philip Robinson Semiconductors, Jon Shiell High-Performance Systems, Ernest Tello Artificial Intelligence

#### COPY EDITORS

Lauren Stickler Chief, Susan Colwell, Judy Connors-Tenney, Jeff Edmonds, Nancy Hayes, Cathy Kingery, Margaret A. Richard, Warren Williamson

EDITORIAL ASSISTANTS Peggy Dunham Office Manager, Linda C. Ryan, June N. Sheidon, Lynn Susan Valley

Nancy Rice Director, Joseph A. Gallagher Assistant Director, Jan Muller Assistant, Alan Easton Technical Artist

#### RODUCTION

David R. Anderson Director, Virginia Reardon Senior Editorial Production Coordinator, Denise Chartrand Editorial Production Coordinator, Michael J. Lonsky Editorial Production Coordinator

#### TYPOGRAPHY

Sherry Fiske Systems Manager, Donna Sweeney Applications Manager, Selinda Chiquoine, Christa Patterson

ADVERTISING/PRODUCTION (803) 924-8448 Lisa Wozmak Director, Lyda Clark Senior Account Coordinator, Karen Cilley, Linda Fluhr, Jeanne Gatcombe, Brian Higgins, Rod Holden, Wai Chiu Li Ouality Control Manager, Julie Murphree Advertising/Production Coordinator

MARKETING COMMUNICATIONS Horace T. Howland Director, Pamela Petrakos-Wilson Promotion Manager, Wilbur S. Watson Marketing Services Manager, Dawn Matthews Marketing Events Coordinator, Lisa Jo Steiner Marketing Assistant, Stephanle Warnesky Marketing Art Director, Sharon Price Associate Art Director, Julie Perron Market Research Analyst

#### LANNING AND RESEARCH

Michele Perron Director Faith Kluntz Copyrights Coordinator, Cynthia Damato Sanda Reader Service Coordinator

#### FINANCIAL SERVICES

FINARCAL SERVICES Philip L. Penny Director of Finance and Services, Kenneth A. King Business Manager, Christine Monkton Assistant, Marilyn Haigh, Diane Henry, JoAnn Walter, Jaime Huber

#### CIRCULATION

Dan McLaughlin Director James Bingham Newsstand Sales Manager, Vicki Weston Assistant Manager, Karen Dearochea Distribution Coordinator, Donna Healy, Direct Accounts Coordinator, Louise Menegus Back Issues

Patricia Burke Personnel Coordinator, Beverly Goss leceptionis

#### ING SERVICES

Tony Bennett Manager, Cliff Monkton, Mark Monkton, Agnes Perry



ACTING DIRECTOR Edward A. Reno Jr.

EXECUTIVE EDITOR George Bond

ASSOCIATE EDITORS Tony Lockwood, Donna Osgood San Francisco

#### ROBYTES DAILY

MICROBYTES DALLY D. Barker Coordinator, Peterborough, Rich Malloy New York, Gene Smarte Costa Mesa, Nicholas Baran San Francisco, Rick Cook Phoenix, Frank Hayes San Francisco, Jason Levitt Austin, TX, Larry Loeb Wallingford, CT, Brock N. Meeks La Mesa, CA, Stan Miastkowski Peterborough, Wayne Rash Jr., Sue Rosenberg Washington, DC, David Reed Lexington, KY

#### GROUP MODERATORS

GROUP MODERATORS David Allen Applications, Frank Boosman Artificial Intelligence, Leroy Casterline Other, Marc Greenfield Programming Languages, Jim Howard Graphics, Gary Kendall Operating Systems, Steve Krenek Computers, Brock N. Meeks Telecommunications, Barry Nance New Technology, Donald Osgood Computers, Sue Rosenberg Other, Jon Swanson Chips

#### BUSINESS AND MARKETING

Doug Webster Director (603) 924-9027, Patricia Bausum Secretary, Denise A. Greene Customer Service, Brian Warnock Customer Service, Tammy Burgess Customer Credit and Billing

#### TECHNOLOGY

Clayton Lisle Director, Business Systems Technology, MH/S, Bill Garrison Senior Business Systems Incurnougy, MH/S, Bill Garrison Senior Business Systems Analyst, Jack Reilly Senior Business Systems Analyst, Bob Dorobie Business Systems Analyst, Fred Strauss Senior Business Systems Analyst

#### PUBLISHER/GROUP VICE PRESIDENT J. Burt Totaro

ADVERTISING SALES Dennis J. Riley Director, (603) 924-9281 Sandra Foster Administrative Assistant

NEW ENGLAND ME, NH, VT, MA, RI, ONTARIO, CANADA & EASTERN CANADA John C. Moon (617) 262-1160

ATLANTIC NY, NYC, CT, NJ (NORTH) Leah G. Rabinowitz (212) 512-2096 (203) 968-7111

PA, KY, NJ (SOUTH), MD, VA, W.VA, DE, DC (215) 496-3833

ROUTHEART NC, SC, GA, FL, AL, TN Carolyn F. Lovett (404) 252-0625

IL, MO, KS, IA, ND, SD, MN, WI, NE, IN, MI, MS, OH Bob Denmead (312) 751-3740

SOUTHWEST, ROCKY MOUNTAIN CO, WY, OK, TX, AR, LA Karl Heinrich (713) 462-0767

SOUTHERN CA, AZ, NM, LAS VEGAS Jack Anderson (714) 557-6292 Tom Harvey (213) 480-5243

NORTH PACIFIC HI, WA, OR, ID, MT, NORTHERN CA, NV (except LAS VEGAS), UT, WESTERN CANADA Mike Kisseberth (415) 322-4800 Bill McAfee (415) 349-4100

TELEMARKETING L. Bradley Browne Director Susan Boyd Administrative Assistant

BYTE BITS (2x3) Dan Harper (603) 924-6830

THE BUYER'S MART (1x2) Mark Stone (603) 924-3754

REGIONAL ADVERTISING SECTIONS MID-ATLANTIC, METRO NY & NEW ENGLAND. SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA Elisa Lister (003) 924-6830

MIDWEST, PACIFIC NORTHWEST, METRO NY & NEW ENGLAND Scott Gagnon (603) 924-6830

SOUTHEAST, SOUTHWEST Denise Vernier (603) 924-9281

BYTE DECK MAILINGS

Ed Ware (603) 924-6166

A/E/C COMPLITING DECK COMPUTING FOR ENGINEERS DECK Mary Ann Goulding (603) 924-9261

INTERNATIONAL ADVERTISING SALES STAFF See listing on page 293.

EDITORIAL AND BUSINESS OFFICE:

Conce Phoenix Mill Lane, Peterborough, NH 03458, (603) 924-9281. West Coast Branch Offices: 425 Battery St., San Francisco, CA 94111, (415) 954-9718; 3001 Red Hill Ave., Building #1, Suite 222, Costa Mesa, CA 92626, (714) 557-8292. New York Branch Editorial Office: 1221 Avenue of the Americas, New York, NY 10020, (212) 512-3175. BYTEnet: (617) 861-9764 (set modem at 8-1-No 7-1-E; 300 or 1200 baud). Fax: (803) 924-7507. Telex: (803) 924-7861. SUBSCRIPTION CUSTOMER SERVICE: Non-U.S. (201) 837-1315; inside U.S. (outside NJ) 1-800-423-8272; (inside NJ) 1-800-367-0218.

 Officers of McGraw-Hill Information Systems Company: President: Richard B. Miller. Executive Vice Presidents: Frederick P. Jannott, Construction Information Group; Russell C. White, Computers and United Communications Information Group; J. Thomas Ryan, Marketing and International Senior Vice Presidents-Publishers: Laurence Altman, Data Communications; David J. McGrath, Engineering News-Record, Group Vice Presidents: J. Burt Totaro. BYTE; Frank A. Shinal, Dodge; Vice Presidents: Robert D. Daleo, Controller; Fred O. Jensen, Planning and Development; Michael J. Koeller, Human Resources; Julia Lenard, Surtane Granisma and Tanking. troller; Fred O. Jensen, Plann lems Planning and Technology.

Officers of McGraw-Hill Inc.: Joseph L. Dionne, Chairman and Chief Executive Officer; Robert N. Landes, Executive Vice President, General Counsel, and Secretary; Walter D. Servetika, Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer; Shel F. Asen, Senior Vice President, Manufacturing; Robert J. Bahash, Senior Vice President, Finance and Manufacturing; Frank D. Penglase, Senior Vice President, Treasury Operations; Ralph R. Schutz, Senior Vice President, Editorial.

BYTE and BYTE are registered trademarks of McGraw-Hill Inc.

# Integrated Software for Schematics & PCB Artwork



#### Introducing HiWIRE<sup>®</sup>Plus

Wintek's smARTWORK<sup>®</sup> pioneered low-cost printedcircuit-board CAD. Then HiWIRE set the standard for productivity and ease-of-use in schematic capture. Now Wintek introduces HiWIRE-Plus, integrating HiWIRE's schematic features with a powerful printed-circuitdesign facility.

#### **Creating Schematics**

With HiWIRE-Plus, simply connect library symbols with wires and buses. Creating and changing symbols is fast and painless. Produce your drawing using a dot-matrix printer, laser printer, or pen plotter.

#### Circuit-Board Design

HiWIRE-Plus gives you all the design freedom you want: you choose the grid size, trace widths, and pad shapes. The board size and number of layers are virtually unlimited. HiWIRE-Plus is perfect for surface-mount, microstrip, and ECL applications.

CURRENT VERSIONS HWIRE, V1.1r4; smARTWORK, V1.4r1

Circle 249 on Reader Service Card

#### **HiWIRE-Plus Advantages**

- One tool for schematics and printed-circuit artwork
- Easy-to-learn menu-driven operation; complete documentation and tutorial
- Schematic libraries with TTL, CMOS, ECL, ladder, microprocessor, and discrete components
- Netlist and bill-of-materials utilities included
- □ Circuit boards up to 60x60 inches and 256 layers
- □ Variable grid size, trace width, and pad size (.001" resolution)
- PCB library with DIPs, SIPs, SMDs, PGAs, TOs, and edge and D connectors
- Schematic-to-layout crosschecking
- Design-rule checker
- □ 800 number for free support



"HiwiRE", "smARTWORK", "Wintek", and the Wintek logo are registered trademarks of Wintek Corporation.

#### System Requirements

- IBM PC, XT, AT, or PS/2 with 512K RAM, printer port, color monitor, and CGA, EGA, or VGA graphics card
- Microsoft Mouse
- IBM ProPrinter or Epson dot-matrix printer, and/or
- Houston Instrument or Hewlett-Packard pen plotter

#### Higher Performance Better Value

Still only \$895, HiWIRE-Plus delivers quality schematics and PCB artwork. You don't need to guess if HiWIRE-Plus is right for you-we guarantee it! Try it for 30 days at absolutely no risk. Call toll free today and put HiWIRE-Plus to work for you.

#### Wintek Corporation

1801 South Street Lafayette, Indiana 47904-2993 (800) 742-6809 or (317) 742-8428 FAX: (317) 448-4823 Telex: 70-9079

Europe: RIVA Ltd., England, Phone: 0420 22666, FAX: 0420 23700 Australia: Entertainment Audio Pty, Ltd., Phone: (08) 363-0454

# TOUCHING ALL THE BASES

Hybrid speed demons, a new 80386 chip, four new monthly columns, and an In Depth section on the C language

ust 90 days ago, a handful of relatively new 20-MHz 80386-based machines sat comfortably at the top of the heap: the fastest desktop computers. Today, they have been relegated to second-tier status by a veritable explosion of 25-MHz computers.

Their reign, in turn, also may be brief: We know of at least one manufacturer who is preparing 30-MHz motherboards using "goosed" 25-MHz chips. (If it turns into a working product, you'll read about it in a future BYTE.)

But, at least for now, 25 MHz is as fast as it gets for real, desktop machines using more-or-less conventional architectures. The enhancements usually include fast RAM accessed by a proprietary 32-bit-wide memory bus and builtin disk caching. The rest of such a machine tends to be built from stock IBM PC AT-class parts. Our cover story gives you an early look at preproduction models of four examples of this new wave of hybrid speed demons.

Speaking of hybrids, the cover story also discusses the Compaq 386S, a verysmall-footprint machine that uses a new kind of 16-MHz 80386 chip: It's 32 bits wide internally, but it communicates with the outside world through an IBM PC AT-style 16-bit bus. (No, at this time, you can't use the chip as a plugand-play replacement for an 80286. To date, the only such replacement we know of is the Cheetah Adapter/386, which we covered in April 1987.)

This new chip, which is called the 80386SX, may produce a whole new

kind of IBM PC AT-class machine based on the 80386. (The 80286 could be pushed downward into entry-level machines.) In theory, this would simplify things, because everyone above the entry level could standardize on 80386-specific software and thus circumvent some of the current hoop jumping required to cope with the limitations of the 80286. (An entry-level user isn't likely to bump up against the 80286's shortcomings.) It's a development that bears close watching.

While enhancements abound on the IBM PC side, the machines based on the 68000 family haven't exactly been dead in the water, either—witness the steady stream of new products for the Mac-intosh.

In fact, there's so much interesting Macintosh material, that we've placed a special Macintosh supplement between this month's Products in Perspective and In Depth sections. Be sure to take a look.

With all this activity, it's getting more difficult to stay abreast of all the important developments in microcomputing harder to touch all the bases. That's why we've added four new monthly columns starting with this issue. They'll help ensure that you get the information you need—when you need it—in these critical areas:

OS/2: You've read about the theory, you've seen some sample code, and you may have seen an actual OS/2 application in action. But chances are, you don't own a copy of OS/2 yet. Noted OS/2 consultant Mark Minasi's "OS/2 and You" column offers some welcome perspective on making the move to OS/2 by combining technical insights, practical tips, and plain old common sense.

Communications: Brock Meeks, an award-winning author, writes about his passion: telecommunications. Each month, Brock's "COM1:" column will offer a mix of "hard" and "soft" telecommunications topics, examining the technology and issues relating to pointto-point and area computer communications.

Business: Wayne Rash's name is familiar to longtime BYTE readers: He's a regular and popular contributor. When he isn't writing for BYTE, Wayne makes his living as a computer consultant to government and business. His specialty is solving the distinctive problems encountered by those who deal with large installations of microcomputers—networking, security, operational issues...the list of possible bottlenecks is almost infinite. Proven solutions to those myriad problems are the focus of his "Down to Business" column.

Macintosh: Don Crabb is another familiar name. Don has been a regular reviewer of Mac products for us. He's a participant in Apple's educational consortium and a frequent beta tester of new Mac products. The "Macinations" column is Don's forum to share his experiences with us.

This month's In Depth section also deserves special attention: It focuses on the top language for serious software development today. Virtually every major software package available today was coded in C: The C language is quite literally the foundation of today's software industry.

For our In Depth, we went to the folks who literally wrote the book: We have excellent articles by Kernighan and Ritchie, Bjarne Stroustrup, and others. (Dennis Ritchie is the designer of the C language; he and Brian Kernighan are the authors of the standard "K&R" reference on C. Bjarne Stroustrup is the creator of the general-purpose, objectoriented superset of C called C++.) This In Depth also features an unusually rich two-page Resource Guide. It's definitely a keeper.

> —Fred Langa Editor in Chief (BIX name "flanga")



Never before has this level of Reliability and Durubility been available in floppy disks. Introducing the new RD Series from Maxell. Twice the durability of the disks you're new using. Twice the resistance to dust and dirt. And the RD Series is ten times more reliable than conventional floppy disks. The Gold Standard has always meant maximum safety for your data. Now it means even more.



THE GOLD STANDARD

# "The ALR 20MHz FlexCache 20386 proves that you don't have to be based in Texas to build the world's fastest PCs."

Welcome to California, the zero wait state.

In July of '86 Advanced Logic Research was the world's first manufacturer to release an 80386 based PC, adding to a long list of California firsts. Today at ALR, we manufacture the

world's fastest PCs. Industry peers have recognized the FlexCache 386 series as the ultimate

tool for the most demanding business applications in network, multi-user and CAD/CAM environments.



March 29. 1988

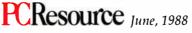
"The ALR FlexCache 20386 will make a name for itself as a heavy-duty file server. ...the FlexCache is destined for success."



The ALR FlexCache 20386 Model 150 achieved a rating of 19.7 in Byte Lab. "Tops in price and performance



" The performance they achieve sets a new standard for PCs."





"ALR has come out of nowhere over the last two years to earn a spot in the sun among important PC-compatible makers." - Jim Seymour January 12, 1988

" Well, for once the answer isn't to run right out and get your hands on a Compaq Deskpro 386/20.<sup>™</sup> Rather, it's to get your hands on an ALR FlexCache 20386."

> First Looks March 15, 1988



" ... the FlexCache 20386 yields the highest number of MIPS (million instructions per second) per dollar."



ALR Flexcache 25386 and 20386 are trademarks of Advanced Logic Research, Inc. Compag Deskpra 386/20 is a trademark of Compa World Radio History

### Redefining PC Speed

Although we can't go any further west, ALR is claiming new frontiers in PC performance and processing speeds. Now, fast is even faster. The ALR FlexCache 25386 breaks every current speed record. Our proprietary 64Kbyte Extended Emulation 82385 wis the key to 25386 Cache speed.

PC performance is redefined.

	ALR FlexCache	ALR FlexCache	IBM PS/2 70 386	ALR FlexCache	IBM PS/2 70 386
Models	20386DT-R66	20386-150	8570-121	25386-150	8570-A21
Microprocessor	80386 20MHz 32KB, 82385 Memory Cache (35ns)	80386 20MHz 32KB, 82385 Memory Cache (35ns)	80386 20MHz 0-2 wait-	80386 25MHz 64KB Extended Emulation 82385 Memory Cache (25ns)	80386 25MHz 64KB Memory Cache (30ns)
Bench Mark Deto Base Hower Meter	4.71 Mips	4.71 Mips	3.53 Mips	6.09 Mips	5.74 Mips
Captional Math CoProcessor	80387 20MHz	80387 20MHz	80387 20MHz	80387 25MHz	80387 25MHz
	1MB (80ns)	2MB (80ns)	2MB (85ns)	2MB (60ns)	2MB (80ns)
Storage 1.2MB, 5 1/4" FD 1 44MB, 3 1/2" FD	] Optional <b>(\$225.00)</b> -	1 Optional <b>(\$225.00)</b>	Not Available 1	1 Optional (\$225.00)	Not Available 1
Fixed Disk sta. Opt. Internal Full Height Fixed Disk	66MB (28ms) 66MB or 100MB	150MB (18ms)	120IMB (23ms) No Support	150MB (18ms) 150MB or 300MB	120MB (23ms) No Support
Video	Optional 16 bit VGA (\$339.00)	Optional 16 blt VGA (\$339.00)	VGA	16 bit VGA	VGA

Prices and configurations as of June 1988 and subject to change

Now that things are get'n kind'a slow in Texas...

...go West young man. Call ALR for the world's fastest PCs, under the California Sun.

#### 1-800-444-4ALR



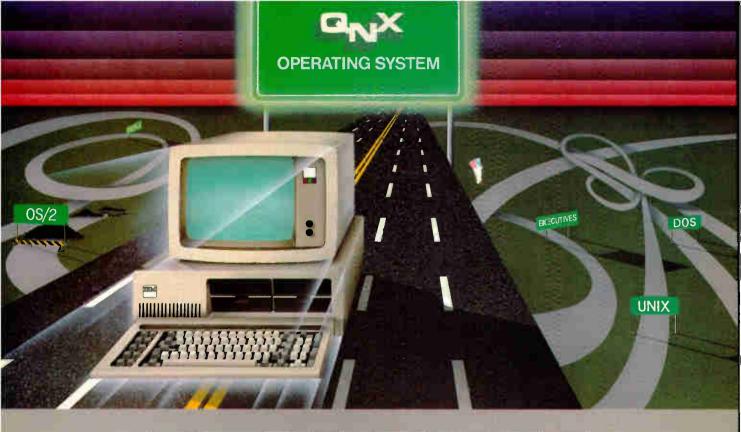
Advanced Logic Research, Inc. 9401 Jeronimo, Irvine, CA 92718 Phone: 714-581-6770 FAX: 714-581-9240 Telex: 510-601-4525 Answer back Advanced Logic Circle 6 on Reader Service Card

(DEALERS: 7)

Computer Corp. IBM, IBM PS/2 are trade marks of International Business Machines Corp. Copyright 1988 Advanced Logic Research, Inc.

15

World Radio History



# Speed without compromise.

QNX\*DELIVERS QNX delivers the speed INTEGRATED NETWORKING On of a dedicated real-time executive as well as multi-tasking, integrated networking and a multi-user development environment as rich and powerful as UNIX.

SPEED The tightly coded QNX kernel performs 3200 task switches/second on an AT, with full pre-emptive prioritized scheduling.

TASK COMMUNICATION QNX is based on a message-passing architecture, radically more innovative than PC-DOS, UNIX, or OS/2. User tasks and system tasks use the same messaging interface. This results in a single unified environment.

the QNX network, any task can send messages to any other task anywhere on the network. This direct communication is not available on other networks. The resultant "feel" of the QNX network is that of a homogeneous, tightly connected array of computers, rather than a collection of computing islands strung together on a network with comparatively limited functionality.

**DEVELOPMENT ENVIRONMENT** QNX comes with a rich set of utilities including a powerful full-screen editor, C compiler, symbolic debugger and multiple full-screen windows.

RUNTIME ENVIRONMENT QNX architecture is modular not monolithic. The

system consists of a set of tasks that provide services. Software developers can easily write tasks that add services to suit their specific application needs. It is straightforward to write tasks that interface to hardware through interrupts, I/O ports, DMA and dual-ported memory.

**TECHNICAL SUPPORT** Technical support is provided free of charge, and updates can be downloaded 24 hours/ day from our online BBS

QNX is now installed at over 60,000 sites in North America and Europe for manufacturing, process control, process monitoring, point-of-sale and many other applications.

Eliminate compromises in your realtime applications. Call for details today.

THE HP VECTRA, AND COMPATIBLES.

#### THE ONLY MULTI-USER, MULTI-TASKING, NETWORKING, REAL-TIME OPERATING SYSTEM FOR THE IBM PC, AT, PS/2,

Multi-User 10 (32) serial terminals per PC (AT). C Compiler Standard Kernighan and Ritchie. Multi-Tasking 64 (150) tasks per PC (AT). Flexibility Single PC, networked PC's, single PC with terminals, Networking 2.5 Megabit token passing. networked PC's with terminals. 255 PC's and/or AT's per network. No central servers. Full sharing 10,000 tasks per network. of disks, devices and CPU's. Thousands of users per network. Real Time PC-DOS PC-DOS runs as a QNX task. 3.200 task switches/sec (AT). Fast intertask communication From US \$450. Message Cost Passing between tasks on any machine. Runtime pricing available.



For further information or a free demonstration diskette, please telephone (613) 591-0931.

Quantum Software Systems Ltd. • Kanata South Business Park • 175 Terrence Matthews Crescent • Kanata, Ontario, Canada • K2M 1W8

QNX is a registered trademark of Quantum Software Systems Ltd

Circle 196 on Reader Service Card

UNIX is a registered trademark of AT & T Bell Lats, 1954, PC, AT, XT and PS/2, PC-DOS and OS/2 are trademarks of International Buegess Mac World Radio History and Vectra are register-d trademarks of Hewlett-Packard Company

### MICROBYTES

Staff-written highlights of developments in technology and the microcomputer industry

#### Experimental Adder Circuit Could Speed Up Clock Cycles

P robably the most fundamental operation in computing is the use of logic gates to add two register values. The speed of register-to-register addition plays a large role in determining a computer's clock cycle speed. A typical 16-MHz machine would have an add time of 62 nanoseconds (this figure does not include register-to-register times, which would increase the number somewhat); high-

performance machines like the VAX typically have an add time of 45 ns.

Researchers at Stanford University have developed a new adder circuit that they hope will speed up addition times to about 1 ns for full 32-bit addition. The "subnanosecond arithmetic project," directed by professor Michael Flynn, is sponsored by the Center for Integrated Systems, a very large scale integration (VLSI)

#### ParcPlace Hopes Smalltalk Makes It Big

Ithough BYTE devoted A almost an entire issue to Smalltalk in August 1981, the object-oriented programming environment has remained relegated to academic and research institutions. In that issue 7 years ago, Dr. Adele Goldberg wrote that the "Smalltalk system is taking flight into the mainstream of the computer programming community." As president of ParcPlace Systems (Palo Alto, CA), a new company dedicated to promoting and enhancing Smalltalk, Goldberg hopes to make good on that claim, although somewhat belatedly.

ParcPlace is working on new features for the environment, including expanded libraries of "reusable parts" and "reusable frameworks" (a series of interacting reusable parts). These libraries will enable designers of user interfaces to select graphical objects or a sequence of activities involving objects for use in their designs, similar to how a conventional programmer might call an existing function from a library for use in a program. "We're trying to provide tools for development of new interfaces, but we're dedicated to the standards of the vendors, Goldberg said. Objects consistent with AT&T's new Open Look version of Unix, for example, would be included in the Smalltalk reusable-parts libraries. "Our objective is to provide a malleable information environment where you can specify the user interface you want and find parts in libraries. Not everyone is a graphic artist or human factors expert," Goldberg said.

Other projects that Parc-Place is working on include graphical interfaces for Structured Query Language (SQL) database systems, and interfaces to object-oriented databases with extensible data types and "active objects" stored in the database. An active object can actually interact with the continued research center funded by several major electronics companies.

The adder circuit is based on a new addition algorithm that combines the best features of three commonly used addition algorithms: Ling's algorithm, the carry look-ahead algorithm, and the conditional sum algorithm. The adder circuit requires only three gate delays (the time span between the input and the output of the final sum), while current adder circuits generally require about eight gate delays.

"Ultimately," Flynn said, "we're trying to create a technology to achieve 1ns cycle times." He sees the adder circuit as the first step in that direction. However, the speed of the new circuit won't have much impact until other major processing bottlenecks, such as memory and cache access speeds, are also accelerated. The entire design of microprocessors will have to change in order to realize 1-ns processing speeds, Flynn said.

The first prototype is currently being fabricated using emitter coupled logic (ECL) gates. Flynn said he hopes the first chip will yield an addition speed of about 1.5 ns. The research group is also working on a CMOS version. The next phase of the project will include the development of a bipolar ECL floating-point multiplier circuit.

The "subnanosecond" project is futuristic, but Flynn sees more immediate potential for application of the adder and multiplier circuits in floating-point coprocessors.

#### Nanobytes

 The current shortage of 1-megabit single inline memory modules (SIMMs)-chips that are widely used in Apple Computer's Macintosh and LaserWriter-is likely to continue for another year, an Apple executive says. Apple chief operating officer Del Yocam said it will take until the "middle of next year" for supply of the chips to reach acceptable levels for manufacturers. This could mean, sources said, that Apple will have to delay introduction of new machines, such as an enhanced Mac SE. Yocam said the scarcity of 1-megabit chips is due to Japanese failure to foresee the growth in demand for 1megabit chips and the Reagan administration's trade embargoes. The memory chips Apple already has under contract will have to be used in units already in production. You can go into certain computer shops and buy the SIMMs, but you'll pay a pretty price for them.

• Only 2 percent of the computer software sold in the Arab Middle East is legitimate, according to Oliver Smoot, executive vice president of the Computer and Business Equipment Manufacturers Association. Smoot said the **98 percent piracy rate** is largely among users working for governments and state-owned companies.

 Many users didn't like continued

#### NANOBYTES

it, but one software industry executive thinks it's time to bring back copy protection for certain types of programs. "I think copy protection for business software went away prematurely," said Ken Wasch, executive director of the Software Publishers Association. Wasch told a group of Amiga developers in Washington, DC that software companies gave in to user demands too easily. "All we have to protect ourselves is moral persuasion," he said. Wasch added that the SPA uses litigation as a second line of defense. • In the future, laser printer engines with very high resolution may not be required, says president Luis Villalobos of Conographic (Irvine, CA), which makes Post-Script-compatible printer controller cards that go in IBM PCs and compatibles. Villalobos said he has seen 300- to 600-dotper-inch monochrome and color print engines. beyond the prototyping stage, that can vary dot size and/or intensity to produce apparent resolutions of 1000 to 3000 dpi. Color images produced on these systems can rival conventional optical-based printing techniques, Villalobos said.

• Meanwhile, CSS Labs (Irvine, CA) is coming out with a laser printer controller card that has its own INMOS Transputer and could, the company says, crank out 45 pages per minute. The GRIP board for IBM PCs and compatibles will work with several laser engines, the company said. When not working on printing tasks, the continued

user when selected. For example, active objects could be used to monitor the database system to keep track of who's using it and for what purposes, or for more mundane tasks such as automatically sending electronic mail to other users of the database network. Parc-Place is also working on development tools for  $\bar{C} + +$ (an object-oriented language based on C), which Goldberg said "complements Smalltalk-80 and gives C

programmers the chance to look at extensible data types."

In the last year, Parc-Place has made available a version of Smalltalk-80 for the Macintosh, and the company expects to have an MS-DOS version in beta testing this summer. Priced between \$695 and \$1295, the Smalltalk versions for the Macintosh and MS-DOS are fully compatible with the versions of Smalltalk running on Sun, Apollo, and Hewlett-Packard workstations.

In any case, Goldberg has high hopes for Smalltalk. She points to software developers, such as Borland's Philippe Kahn, talking about incorporating "Smalltalk-like features" in their products. And she sees the move in the microcomputer world toward graphical interfaces and the need for portability across operating systems as golden opportunities for Smalltalk.

### Synchronous SCSI Seen as Coming Standard for Peripherals

s CPU performance A keeps increasing, the I/O speed of disks and other peripherals is becoming the major bottleneck in system performance. The best solution to the I/O bottleneck is the synchronous small computer system interface (SCSI), according to some product designers. Adaptec (Milpitas, CA), a major manufacturer of disk controllers, sees increasing use of embedded SCSI connections in hard disk and tape drives, as well as in other peripherals such as printers, said product manager Danial Faizullabhoy. "In a year or so," he said, "SCSI

will be the de facto peripheral interface."

Synchronous SCSI is attractive because it is about 40 percent faster than asynchronous SCSI and also outperforms "native bus interfaces" such as the IBM PC AT bus and IBM's Micro Channel, proponents say. While the standard AT bus has a maximum data transfer rate of 1 megabyte per second and the Micro Channel transfers at about 3 megabytes per second, synchronous SCSI clocks in at about 5 megabytes per second. Although Faizullabhoy does not see SCSI replacing native bus interfaces, he

said that Adaptec expects most major computer manufacturers, including IBM, to have built-in synchronous SCSI ports in the next product cycle, if they don't have them already.

Adaptec will soon be announcing new controller products using synchronous SCSI. According to Faizullabhoy, the next phase in the development of SCSI will be moving up to 16-bit bandwidths. In the 1990s, he said, we'll see 32-bit-bandwidth SCSI interfaces. Meanwhile, ESDI will drop off, leaving primarily SCSI and native bus interfaces dominating the market, he said.

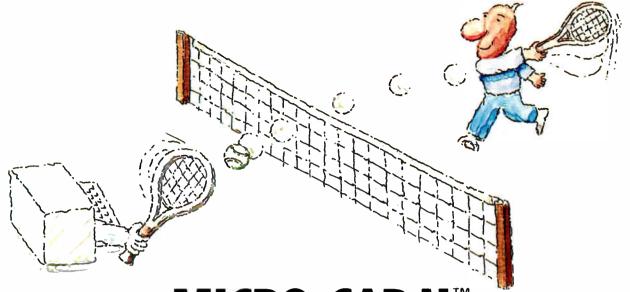
#### AMD's Database Manager Chip Replaces Software Routines

A new microprocessor peripheral that could speed up database management tasks by replacing software with hardware has been developed by Advanced Micro Devices (Sunnyvale, CA). The Am95C85 Content Addressable Data Manager (CADM) coprocessor is designed to take over from the CPU such data-manipulation tasks as sorting, searching, inserting, and deleting

records. It could be used in networking and communications, file serving, highspeed graphics systems, and other areas that require fast data manipulation.

The Am95C85 uses 1.6micron CMOS technology and contains 1K byte of RAM and a control unit. The control unit enables a single command to access the CADM's memory without having to provide physical addresses. According to the company, the chip can provide content-addressable searches for 8-byte fields in less than 10 microseconds. The chip's architecture enables cascading up to 16 of the devices for large database systems.

AMD has been working on the processor for 4 years, said Dave Horton, a development manager for the chip. *continued* 



# MICRO-CAP II. The CAE tool with fully interactive analog simulation for your PC.

Spectrum Software's MICRO-CAP II<sup>®</sup> is fast, powerful, and feature rich. This fully interactive, advanced electronic circuit analysis program helps engineers speed through analog problems right at their own PCs.

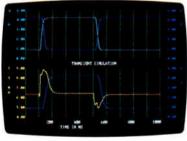
MICRO-CAP II, which is based on our original MICRO-CAP software, is a field-proven, second-generation program. But it's dramatically improved.



Schematic Editor

MICRO-CAP II has faster analysis routines. Better resolution and color. Larger libraries. All add up to a powerful, cost-effective CAE tool for your PC.

The program has a sophisticated integrated schematic editor with a pan capability. Just sketch and analyze. You can step



Transient Analysis

component values, and run worst-case scenarios—all interactively. And a 500-type\* library of standard parts is at your fingertips for added flexiblity.

MICRO-CAP II is available for IBM<sup>®</sup> PCs and Macintosh.<sup>™</sup> The IBM version is CGA, EGA, and Hercules<sup>®</sup> compatible and costs only \$895 complete. An evaluation version is available for \$100. Call or write today for our free brochure and demo disk. We'd like to tell you more about analog solutions in the fast lane.

- Integrated schematic editor
- Fast analysis routines
- High-resolution graphic output
- Standard parts library of 500\* types
- \*IBM versions only.

- Transient, AC, DC, and FFT routines
- Op-amp and switch models
- Spec-sheet-to model converter\*
- Printer and plotter\* hard copy



AC Analysis



1021 S. Wolfe Road, Dept. E Sunnyvale, CA 94087 (408) 738-4387

MICRO-CAP II is a registered trademark of Spectrum Software. Macintosh is a trademark of McIntosh Laboratory, Inc. and is being used with express permission of its owner. Hercules is a registered trademark of Hercules Computer Technology IBM is a registered trademark of International Business Machines, Inc.

World Radio History

#### NANOBYTES

on printing tasks, the board could be used as a high-speed coprocessor. In a move seen as a crucial step in U.S. efforts to overtake Japan's leadership in the semiconductor industry, the Department of Defense will boost its funding of Sematech (Austin, TX), the chip-research consortium, by \$100 million a year through 1992. Sematech chairman Sandy Kane responded to criticism that the Pentagon will pull the group's research into defenseoriented projects. "Our work is not going to be defense-related," he said. According to Kane, the Pentagon recognizes that "a healthy U.S. semiconductor industry will ultimately be good for the national defense."

 "If you ask me what the future of the microcomputer is, it is in multitasking and parallel processing," says Henri Rubin, chief operating officer of Commodore International (West Chester. PA). In an interview with BYTE, Rubin said that Commodore's use of coprocessor communications is an indication of where the company is going technologically. The Amiga maker has been a leader in supporting both Motorola and Intel processors within the same computer, he said. "Some people say we just have two computers in a box," he said, "but that's not true. It's more than that.' Our trend signaler isn't blinking brightly yet, but we could be seeing a drop in prices of gallium-arsenide chips. GigaBit Logic (Newbury Park, CA) has cut prices of its high-speed GaAs continued

"We saw the need to offload some tasks from the system CPU," he said. "One of the problems we faced, though, was like the chicken and the egg: The hardware people didn't want to build boards when there was no software to access the chip, and the software folks didn't want to port their code when there was no hardware to use it."

The chip uses a new memory cell that's "sort of a cross between RAM and FIFO," Horton said. "The cells enable us to split memory at a certain point, holding all memory above the split constant while letting us shift the remaining memory up or down, adding or deleting records." Horton theorized that the first PC application board probably would have one or two chips on-board, with sockets for a total of up to 16.

Currently, AMD has a demonstration board and software available. The

first commercial product that will use the chips will be a network bridge, from a European company, that will detect packet-address information in real time and direct it along the correct path in the network. In such an application, there is no time for the conventional lookup table approach.

CADM prices are \$49.20 for the 12-MHz version and \$66.50 for the 16-MHz version in quantities of 100. The chips are available now.

#### The Electric Cadaver

wo doctors at Stanford Medical Center have developed an electronic textbook for anatomy students that clearly demonstrates the potential power of hypertext and multimedia concepts in electronic publishing. The Electric Cadaver was developed by Dr. Robert Chase, a specialist in anatomy, and Dr. Steven Freedman, a physician with a long-standing interest in electronic publications for medical practice and training.

Built on a Macintosh II with Apple's HyperCard, the Electric Cadaver is a dynamic cross-referencing system that describes the structure and function of each part of the human anatomy. (Freedman built the first version 4 years ago on an IBM PC AT using Ashton-Tate's Framework). Images are displayed in digitized form on the computer screen and simultaneously in analog form on a videodisk player. The user can click on any part of the human body and then select from an index of topics on the screen.

Most parts of the anatomy are presented both in x-ray and bone structure form; many parts are shown from different angles and magnifications. In addition, results of physical injuries can be visually described. For example, clicking on the facial nervous system displays a normal human face on the screen. By then clicking on indicated "injury zones" on the map of facial nerves, you can see the resulting types of paralysis in the face on the screen.

The HyperCard application includes an indexing system that can select any image on the videodisk player via serial communication. The Electric Cadaver has a "Frame Editor" that lets users customize the electronic textbook by adding or editing frames, adding text, and creating animated sequences. The system demonstrated to Microbytes included video movies, developed by Chase, of various anatomical functions, as well as still-frame images.

The still-frame images are derived primarily from a database of 1600 anatomical images (which was developed with the help of the man who invented the View-Master). The images were converted in two-dimensional format to a videodisk by photographing each frame on a high-quality video camera, adding captions with a character generator, and converting the videotape to videodisk.

According to Chase and Freedman, the Electric Cadaver is a tremendous timesaver as a teaching and reference tool for medical students. "Traditionally," Freedman said, "students develop their own 'metabooks' by excerpting, compiling, and cross-referencing source material from multiple text books and other references. This is an incredible waste of time."

The electronic textbook eliminates the need for this kind of tedium and provides a much more visual and instructive presentation of the information to be learned, Freedman said. The system is also useful as a reference for physicians and surgeons; for example, a doctor could use the system to compare a CAT scan or x-ray of an unhealthy patient with a corresponding image of a normal anatomy in the Electric Cadaver.

Chase and Freedman hope to digitize the Cadaver's images in three dimensions, using a system like Digital Video Interactive, which would allow the graphics to be dynamic and adjustable so that students could change parameters (such as bone density). The doctors plan to add images from microscopic anatomy and are also exploring the use of bar code readers and other pointing mechanisms so that the system could be connected to a real cadaver. continued

# Insist on a Sysgen 5<sup>1</sup>/4" drive for your PS/2.

### Here's why:

A Sysgen<sup>™</sup> Bridge-File<sup>™</sup> gives a PS/2<sup>™</sup> full access to your current data and software, with unparalleled 5¼" disk drive performance and reliability. You get: <u>A larger capacity drive.</u> Two modes — a 360Kb and a powerful 1.2 Mb — assure you comprehensive transfer capabilities and convenience for total office needs. Others, like IBM®'s, offer only 360Kb. <u>Proven reliability.</u> In fact, Sysgen is the choice of over 100,000 satisfied Bridge-

File and tape back-up users. <u>No slot loss.</u> The Sysgen 5¼" drive adapter card doesn't take any additional slot space. IBM's does. <u>Builtin flexibility of an</u> <u>external connector.</u> You can add another Bridge-File drive or



Sysgen's high-performance tape back-up system, Bridge-Tape.<sup>™</sup> (As a Bridge-File owner, you receive a total savings of \$135 on Bridge-Tape!) What's more, Sysgen's footprint is smaller. A full 50% smaller than IBM's. For the best PS/2 access to 5¼" disks, and the best value at only \$325, insist on Sysgen Bridge-File.

Sysgen offers the only complete family of data transfer products: Including the 3½" Bridge-File floppy disk drive, for transferring information from any PS/2 to any PC. And the Bridge-Tape subsystem that's

PC and PS/2 compatible, giving you total tape back-up and data transfer flexibility.

Call for Sysgen literature or for the location of the Sysgen dealer nearest you.

#### INFO HOTLINE 1-800-821-2151



Circle 229 on Reader Service Card

Sysgen Incorporated, 556 Gibraltar Drive, Milpitas, CA 95035, (408) 263-4411. © Copyright Sysgen, Inc., 1988. Trademarks: PS/2 – IBM Corporation, Sysgen, Bridge-Tape, Bridge-File – Sysgen, Inc. Registered trademarks: IBM – IBM Corporation.

World Radio History

#### NANOBYTES

percent. GBL cut its 16G040 2-gigabit-persecond Clock and Data Recovery chip from \$180 to \$75, and its 12G014 1K-byte static RAM chip (2.5-ns cycle time) from \$92.80 to \$45.

 MIDI Expo West is set for September 10-11 at the Anaheim (CA) Marriott Convention Center. Last year's New York version attracted 3500 musicians, composers, software writers, and equipment designers. This year, the program's educational track will cover such topics as MIDI basics, computer music, and sampling techniques. For more information, contact Tony continued

#### YARC Claims 50-MHz Operation for Mac II Booster Board

ARC Systems (Westlake Village, CA) has developed a coprocessor board for the Mac II that the company says can cause applications to run about 10 times faster than on a standard Mac II. The McCrav board is based on Advanced Micro Devices' 32-bit Am 29000 processor and Am 29027 floating-point processor. YARC claims that a Mac II equipped with one of the \$4295 boards can outperform many expensive workstations.

The McCray takes advantage of the NuBus multiple-master capability that enables boards to access the bus directly, put addresses on the bus, and communicate with other boards to facilitate parallel processing, said YARC president Trevor Marshall. The standard Macintosh interface remains intact, he said.

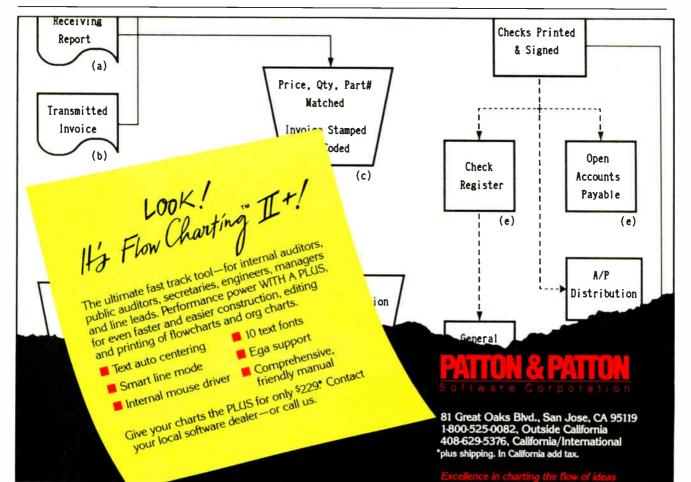
Marshall noted that the McCray's 50-MHz operation is beginning to strain the current printed-circuit-board technology. "While the board is only about 12 inches long, propagation delays at 50 MHz along the signal paths had to be accounted for when we were adjusting timing," said Marshall. When asked about potential radio-frequency interference from the McCray, Marshall said that because the board has no link to the outside, such as a serial connector, radiation would not be a problem.

The McCray has 2 megabytes of instruction RAM in a "mostly zero-wait-state" configuration and 512K bytes of one-wait-state data memory; a daughterboard slated to be available soon will increase data memory to 2.5 megabytes.

The McCray requires a Mac II with 1 megabyte of memory, a hard disk drive, a color or monochrome display, the Apple 32-bit ROM upgrade (for early machines), and an average of 10 watts of power. The standard operating system is the Macintosh Finder. An assembler, linker, and debugger are also available.

You can load up all the available slots in the Mac II and expansion chassis with McCray boards and let the Mac's MultiFinder and 68020 assign parallel processing tasks.

YARC, which spells Cray backward, stands for Yet Another Ruddy Coprocessor, the firm says. *continued* 



Circle 170 on Reader Service Card



The Intelligent Tool for Intelligent Application Development: So Powerful, Yet so Easy to Use.

### An Ounce of Innovation is Worth a Pound of Code.

As well as being an expert system tool, Intelligence/Compiler is a very high level language. Programs written in it are 20 to 50 times shorter than typical database or programming languages, and a lot more intelligent.



#### The underlying technology of Intelligence/Compiler is so outstanding, we have written a book about it. It is being used in many leading universities as the standard text book. Ask for the book "Expert Systems for Experts" by K. Parsaye and M. Chignell, published by John Wiley, at your local book store.

#### **Painless Application Development**

Don't look any further. Intelligence/Compiler is the tool you need to build royalty free applications. Find out how easy and painless it is to build intelligent applications, now!

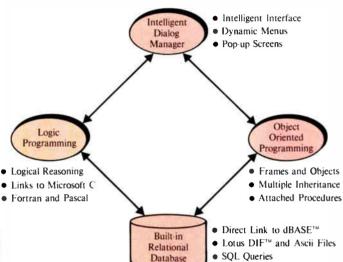
lare. Inc.

Leading in Artificial Intelligence Applications<sup>TM</sup>

### Expert Systems as High Level Programming Tools.

Intelligence/Compiler gives you unprecedented power, flexibility and ease of use for building intelligent applications.

It is the first and only intelligent database system to uniformly combine logic programming, object oriented programming and intelligent interfaces.



#### An Open Architecture for Open Minds

YES! I WANT TO **DEVELOP INTELLIGENT** APPLICATIONS FAST. Rush me \_\_\_\_ \_ copies of Intelligence/Compiler at \$490 each. Name: Company: \_ Address: Telephone: Check or Money order is enclosed. □ Visa □ Mastercard □ AMX Number: Expiration Date: Shipping and handling; US: \$9.00, Canada/ Hawaii Air: \$20.00, Overseas Air: \$50.00. California residents please add 6.5% tax. System Requirements: IBM PC, PC/XT, PC/AT or PS2 with 640K memory. Please send coupon to: Intelligence Ware, Inc. 9800 S. Sepulveda Blvd. Suite 730. Los Angeles, CA 90045.

FAX: (213) 417-8897. Telephone: (213) 417-8896.

#### NANOBYTES

mation, contact Tony Scalisi at Expocon, 3695 Post Rd., Southport, CT 06490, (203) 259-5734. Discovery Systems (Dublin, OH) has cut the price of mastering CD-ROM disks to \$1500 and the cost of duplication to \$2 per platter. The optical disk manufacturer says the CD-ROM business is gaining momentum, what with Apple's CD-ROM drive and Tandy's decision to sell such drives in its retail stores. Understanding Neural Networks: A Primer is now available from Graeme Publishing (Amherst, NH). The publisher says the \$95 report is an "easy-to-read overview of scientific and commercial develop-

#### Mac II Operating System Will Interface with NuBus

A pple Computer (Cupertino, CA) is readying a new operating system for the Mac II. Multitasking Realtime DOS (MR DOS) is a message-based operating system that can interface with the NuBus used in the Mac II. Apple is trying to avoid unnecessary NuBus interface work on the part of card makers by giving them a standard set of communication services to applications. Apple first used MR

DOS internally on the Mac-

APPC card, which performs LU 6.2 gateways to IBM machines. Diagnostics such as code downloaders and dumpers are included, as are the schematics for the board's hardware (which has its own 68000 processor and local memory). The card has 24 square inches of prototyping surface.

"We've taken the hard part of making a NuBus master and encapsulated it, providing an area where developers can add their value,"

**TECHNOLOGY NEWS WANTED.** The news staff at BYTE is always interested in hearing about new technological and scientific developments that might have an impact on microcomputers and the people who use them. We also want to keep track of innovative uses of that technology. If you know of advances or projects relevant to microcomputing and want to share that information, please contact the Microbytes staff at (603) 924-9281, send mail on BIX to Microbytes, or write to us at One Phoenix Mill Lane, Peterborough, NH 03458. said an Apple representative. "The more mundane things are done, so you now have a standardized platform. The operating system was released to help this standardization. It also allows us to move various products across different types of [Apple] cards. Communications stacks for different protocols can be ported easily now. We are committed to having intelligent cards. That may not be the only way to go, but that's the way we are going in the communications and networking environment at Apple."

Since source code to the operating system will not be released, developers will have to depend on Apple to maintain the operating system for them as the Mac hardware platform changes.

#### **Computers For The Blind**

Talking computers give blind and visually impaired people access to electronic information. The question is how and how much?

The answers can be found in "The Second Beginner's Guide to Personal Computers for the Blind and Visually Impaired" published by the National Braille Press. This comprehensive book contains a Buyer's Guide to talking microcomputers and large print display processors. More importantly it includes reviews, written by blind users, of software that works with speech.

This invaluable resource book offers details on training programs in computer applications for the blind, and other useful information on how to buy and use special equipment.

> Send orders to: National Braille Press Inc. 88 St. Stephen Street Boston, MA 02115 (617) 266-6160

\$12.95 for braille or cassette, \$14.95 for print. (\$3 extra for UPS shipping) NBP is a nonprofit braille printing and publishing house.



# New Prices WINDOWS FOR DATA®

MULTI-LEVEL MENU SYSTEM	Invoices: Create Review Frint Exit N U O I C E nuoice No.: 200784 Date: 12/8 Search for customer record? (Y/N) N Enter customer information? (Y/N) N Enter billing address? (Y/N) N Enter marketing information? (Y/N) N	V87 Time: 15:43:15 Customer Villiam Jones Innovative Software 351 Bulletin Avenue Needham, MA 82194 (617) 394-5512	CLOCK POP-UP WINDOW
NESTED FORMS	No. PRODUCT DESCRIPTION	QUANTITY PRICE AMOUNT	WINDOW
pop-0.	5 WDMS Windows for Data Microsoft 6 WDLA Windows for Data Lattice	18 295.88 2953.88 5 295.88 1475.88	
, al E	7 LOTC Windows for Data Turbe C	5 295.88 1475.88	
ABU	a LEXE Windows for Data XIMIX	2 795.00 1590.00	NNNNN
creound	9	8 8.88 3.88	KUNIG
SCROLLABLE REGION	UDXE Windows for Data - XENIX VD3B2 Windows for Data - 3B2 Unix VD5B2 Windows for Data - Sun Unix	Subtotal: 11325.00 Shipping: 0.00	RUNNING
CHOICE LIST -	UDUME Windows for Data - Sin Unix UDUME Windows for Data - MicroVax UDUME Windows for Data - Vax 788	TOTAL : 11325.00 Payment : 3.00	MESSAG WINDOW

#### 凵f you program in C, take a few moments to learn how Windows for Data can help you build a state-of-theart user interface.

- Create and manage menus, data-entry forms, contextsensitive help, and text displays — all within windows.
- Develop window-based OS/2 programs right now, without the headaches of learning OS/2 screen management. Run the same source code in PCDOS and OS/2 protected mode.
- **B**uild a better front end for any DBMS that has a Clanguage interface (most popular ones do).



#### FROM END TO BEGINNING

Windows for Data begins where other screen packages end, with special features like nested pop-up forms and menus, field entry from lists of choices, scrollable regions for the entry of variable numbers of line items, and an exclusive built-in debugging system.

#### **NO WALLS**

If you've been frustrated by the limitations of other screen utilities, don't be discouraged. You won't run into walls with Windows for Data. Our customers repeatedly tell us how they've used our system in ways we never imagined — but which we anticipated by designing Windows for Data for unprecedented adapatability. You will be amazed at what you can do with Windows for Data.

#### YOU ARE ALWAYS IN CHARGE

Control functions that you write and attach to fields and/or keys can read, compare, validate, and change the data values in all fields of the form. Upon entry or exit from any field, control functions can call up subsidiary forms and menus, change the active field, exit or abort the form, perform almost any task you can imagine.



#### **OUR WINDOWS** WILL OPEN DOORS

Our windows will open doors to new markets for your software. High-performance, source-codecompatible versions of Windows for Data are now available for PCDOS, OS/2, XENIX, UNIX, and VMS. PCDOS

versions are fully compatible with Microsoft Windows. No royalties.

#### **MONEY BACK GUARANTEE**

You owe it to yourself and your programs to try Windows for Data. If not satisfied, you can return it for a full refund.

Prices: PCDOS \$295, Source \$295. OS/2 \$495. XENIX \$795. UNIX, VMS, please call.

Call: (802) 848-7731	ext. 51
Telex: 510-601-4160 VCSOFT	FAX 802-848-3502

Vermont

Creative

Software





# This is for ev too busy to get

If you're the type of person who's too busy to read an ad, read this ad. Because you'll learn about a new tool that will help you manage people, ideas,

> Dump any random, urrelated thoughts or ideas into Agenda, and it'll help you turn that information into u stream of structured, actionable knowledge.

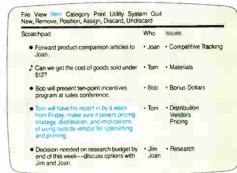
projects, and information with incredible efficiency. A tool that will help you avoid slumping into your chair, shaking your head, and asking, "How on earth will I ever get this done?''

We call it Lotus<sup>\*</sup> Agenda<sup>\*</sup>, the personal information manager.

Agenda allows you to dump random facts, thoughts, and ideas into your PC without having to structure the information in advance.

Agenda's filing system is a more sophisticated version of this filing system. You can put items anywhere you want. View them any way you want. And have access to them anytime you want. record the thousands of tasks you need to address to put together a new prod-

You can



Items. Dump information in manually, import it or use our pop-up capability while in another program.

uct line. Or the thousands of factors you need to put together a new bottom line.

Agenda will not only file these random items of information for you, it'll help you arrange them any way you want.

So you can understand them better, formulate new ideas better and extract all the answers you need better.

Which means, now you can concentrate



# eryone who's any work done.





different ways so you can pinpoint information that's important to you. Or discover new relationships you hadn't considered before. And anytime you change an item in a view, Agenda will

Categories. Agenda files items in all relevant categories so you can always find the information you need.

more on using and acting on your information. And less on processing it. How does Agenda work? First, enter your items of information



The whole idea behind Agenda is to get them all in a row.

into your PC and assign them to categories that you create.

Then Agenda will do all of your filing automatically. And thanks to Agenda's *multiple filing capabilities*, if the information is relevant in more than one place, Agenda will take it and put it in several categories at once.

This makes it easy to view your data in

Views. Looking at the same information through different views gives you a more informed perspective.

automatically update all other categories where the item has been assigned.

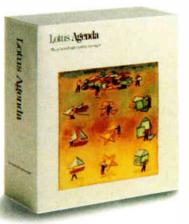
In fact, you could say that Agenda recalculates your text the way a spreadsheet program recalculates numbers.

All of which means, from now on you'll be able to come in every morning, check your Agenda, and get right to work.

Because you'll immediately know what work needs getting to.

For \$15, we'll send you an Agenda demo kit or videotape. Call 1-800-345-1043 and

ask for demo kit AGS-3058 for the 3.5" version or AGS-3053 for the 5.25" version. Or ask for videotape AGS-3063.



da and Agenda Demo Kit require an IBM® PC or compatible, with 640K and a hand disk, DOS 2.0 or higher. Lotus and Agenda are registered trademarks of Lotus Development Corporation. IBM is a registered trademark of IBM Corporati

# LETTERS

#### **Efficient Recursion**

In his article on benchmarks ("Problems and Pitfalls," June 1988, page 217), Alfred Aburto Jr. remarks on the significant performance difference between a simple loop to compute Fibonacci numbers and the recursive algorithm used in the benchmark. The inference he draws from this, that "Apparently, recursive function calls are highly inefficient," is a common misapprehension of such data. Instead, it is recursive algorithms that are often laughably inefficient and nonlinear. A loop for the 24th number requires only 24 iterations, whereas a recursive algorithm for the same number involves 92,735 procedure calls, typically extravagant for recursive statements of simple problems. (Why are Lisp programs slow?) It seems that his function calls are in fact quite efficient if something done nearly 3900 times as often takes only 4500 times as long.

Greg Bailey Santa Barbara, CA

#### **Bit-Map Assistance**

I have found "Better Bit-Mapped Lines" (March) very helpful in implementing an extremely fast line-drawing routine. While coding the Pascal into assembly language, however, I noticed that the dx\_diag and dy\_diag increments in octant 4 should be interchanged (see figure 4 on page 253).

This could have introduced a subtle bug, and I thought maybe others could avoid problems, especially when coding in assembly language, where it is tempting to turn these dx and dy increments into INCs and DECs.

> David Miller Cedar Falls, IA

#### **Test Facilities**

I was delighted to hear about your new testing facilities (Editorial, April). Benchmark comparisons and manufacturers' statements of Mean Time Between Failures are fine for choosing among a group of similar machines, but what an ever-increasing number of people in science and industry really need to know about their potential purchase is, "Just how much abuse can this machine take?" Computers originally intended for home and the office are turning up in ever more exotic environments, with ever-decreasing margins between operation and failure. The big concern then becomes what kind of safety margin is left to work with.

WE WANT TO HEAR FROM YOU. Please double-space your letter on one side of the paper and include your name and address. We can print listings and tables along with a letter if they are short and legible. Address correspondence to Letters Editor, BYTE, One Phoenix Mill Lane, Peterborough, NH 03458.

Because of space limitations, we reserve the right to edit letters. Generally, it takes four months from the time we receive a letter until we publish it.

A lab of the type you describe could supply people with some much-needed information. The thought of running expensive computer equipment into the ground may seem a little drastic, but the savings in time, money, and equipment might well be worth it. I hope you aren't reluctant to push your tests to the limit. It could be of value to many of us.

Eric J. Pilger Honolulu, HI

#### **Clearly Fuzzy**

The idea of "fuzzifying" Prolog as presented in "When Facts Get Fuzzy" by Bradley L. Richards (April) is certainly appealing. Unfortunately, the author's Prolog code lacks clarity and precision; rather than adding separate predicates such as fuzzyy(TruthValue) and threshold(ThresholdValue), it is simpler to add an extra argument to each fuzzy fact.

For instance, rather than

scary(king\_kong) :- fuzzy(0.5)

it is simpler to write

scary(king\_kong,0.5)

and then pass the truth value as an argument, rather than performing obscure manipulations of the database with "assert" and "retract."

> Stewart Rosenberg Trouy, France

#### **Corrected Attribution**

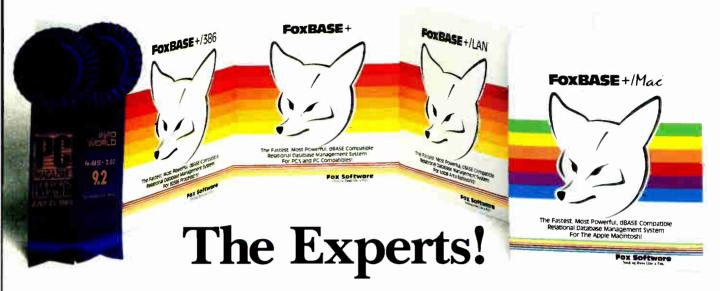
In Pete Wilson's otherwise interesting comparison of processor architectures ("The CPU Wars," May), there is an error.

The 6502 was not "originally designed by Mostek." It was designed by M.O.S. Technology, which did *not* later contract its name or otherwise become Mostek. As early as 1977, M.O.S. Technology had already been purchased by Commodore (copyright page and introduction to *The First Book of KIM.*) Mostek is still a separate company. The 6502 has been made by several companies, including Rockwell.

It is my understanding that the 6502 and M.O.S. Technology were created by a team that broke off from Motorola, I assume after losing some design arguments over the 6800. The team created a machine with one accumulator rather than two, but-far more important in the real world-two index registers, including one with the powerful capability of indexing indirectly from page zero for rapid (if not automatic) movement of gstrings and blocks. The first model (6500) was plug-compatible with the 6800 but priced at about one-fifth the 6800. The second model, the 6502, was much better because it had a built-in clock, reducing the chip count.

Perhaps most important, while Motorola was uptight and bureaucratic about samples of its \$90 chips, M.O.S. Technology gave away samples of the 6502 (\$20 each, list), including to two guys named Steve who put it in the Apple. It was also put in a lot of video games and controllers. (So maybe the comment on page 239 about 6502s being in closets is correct. I'm writing this letter on an *continued* 

# Who Says FoxBASE+ is Better than dBASE?



#### The Best Just Got Better—Now Shipping New FoxBASE+ Version 2.10!

#### Nicholas Petreley, InfoWorld Review Board:

"FoxBASE+ has outdone itself. Once again, FoxBASE+ earns an "excellent" in performance, with kudos for responding to user suggestions. For sheer productivity, there is no other choice."

#### **P.L. Olympia,** Founder & President, National Dbase Users Group / Government Computer News:

"FoxBASE+ is a supercharged dBASE, with all the features Ashton-Tate forgot. If you're into serious dBASE development and have not tried FoxBASE+, you are living in the dark ages and wasting your company's money."

**George F. Goley IV,** Cont. Editor, <u>Data Based Advisor</u>: "The product is fast, very compatible, fast, easy to use, fast, relatively inexpensive, and very fast. In every test, FoxBASE+ outperformed the other products. And people who answer the phone at Fox know what they are talking about."

**David Irwin**, Former President/CEO, <u>Data Based Advisor</u>: "From the dBASE compatibility standpoint, FoxBASE+ is flawless. From the speed standpoint, FoxBASE+ is unbelievable. From the "lazy factor" standpoint, FoxBASE+ is perfect."

#### Glenn Hart, Contributing Editor, PC Magazine:

"Initial tests of FoxBASE+ were simply stunning. In many ways, FoxBASE+ gives you the best of both worlds: all the benefits of interactive development and debugging, plus the speed and code protection of a compiler."

#### Adam Green, Contributing Editor, <u>Data Based Advisor</u>, dBASE Author:

"For the PC, FoxBASE+ has consistently set the performance standard for dBASE compatible languages. For the Macintosh, FoxBASE+/Mac will set standards for innovation and leadership in a new dBASE implementation."

#### Don Crabb, Contributing Editor, InfoWorld:

"You can expect blazing speed on the Mac. FoxBASE+/Mac breezes past tests that have proven stumbling blocks for Macintosh databases in the past. FoxBASE+/Mac combines complete dBASE compatibility with a genuine Macintosh user interface."

This is what they said about Version 2.00 of FoxBASE + . Imagine what The Experts will say about New Version 2.10 with these added features: Menu-Driven Interface, Program Documentor, Screen Painter and Template-Based Application Generator . . . and Version 2.10 is even faster than 2.00!

Join The Experts. Get your copy of the New FoxBASE + Version 2.10 today! Now available at your nearest, quality software retailer, or directly from us by calling (419) 874-0162 Ext. 320.

Because, when it comes to speed, compatibility and value, nothing runs like the New FOX – Version 2.10!

#### **Fox Software**

Nothing Runs Likea Fox.Fox Software(419) 8118 W. South BoundaryFAX: (4Perrysburg, OH 43551TELEX:

(419) 874-0162 Ext. 320. FAX: (419) 874-8678 TELEX: 6503040827 FOX

**Circle 91 on Reader Service Card** FoxBASE and FoxBASE + are trademarks of Fox Software. dBASE and dBASE III PLUS are trademarks of Ashton-Tate. Macintosh rs a trademark of Apple Computers, Inc.

LETTERS



#### FULL AT&T C++: ANNOUNCING VERSION 1.2

Guidelines announces its port of version 1.2 of AT&T's C++ translator. As an object-oriented language C++ includes: classes, inheritance, member functions, constructors and destructors, data hiding, and data abstraction. "Object-oriented" means that C++ code is more readable, more reliable and more reusable. And that means faster development, easier maintenance, and the ability to handle more complex projects. C++ is **Bell Labs' answer to Ada and Modula 2.** C++ will more than pay for itself in saved development time on your next project.

# **C**++

#### from **GUIDELINES** for the IBM PC: \$295

To Order:

send check or money order to:

P.O. Box 749, Dept. BT

To order with VISA or MC,

(CA residents add 6% tax.)

Orinda, CA 94563

phone (415) 254-9183.

**GUIDELINES SOFTWARE, INC.** 

**Requires** IBM PC/XT/AT or compatible with 640K and a hard disk. Note: C++ is a *translator*, and requires the use of Microsoft C 3.0 or later.

Here is what you get for \$295:

- The full AT&T v1.2 C++ translator.
- Libraries for stream I/O and complex math.
- The C++ Programming Language, the definitive 327-page tutorial and description by Bjarne Stroustrup, designer of C++.
- Sample programs written in C++.
- Improved installation guide and documentation.
- 30-day money-back guarantee.

C++ is ported to the PC by Guidelines under license from AT&T. Call or write for a free C++ information package.

Circle 99 on Reader Service Card

Apple IIe with 192K bytes of memory, and AppleWorks with a bunch of memory is a wonderful tool: fast and easy to use. It's a pity Scully doesn't agree.)

Mike Firth Dallas, TX

#### **WORM Standards**

I welcomed "A Quintet of WORMs" by Wayne Rash Jr. (February), but I was surprised that it said nothing about standards—or the lack of them. It seems to me that WORMs will not take off as a form of data storage until there is an agreed standard format, as has happened with the High Sierra format for CD-ROM. There has been a massive development of CD-ROM since the adoption of this standard, such that it could easily become a standard feature of PCs in the next few years.

I work in a social research unit, and in the near future I expect we'll be using desktop machines to analyze large data sets for which we currently use mainframes. For example, data from the next census in both the U.S. and the U.K. is likely to be distributed on CD-ROM. However, the initial mastering costs will probably make it prohibitively expensive to produce some of the smaller, less widely used data sets on CD-ROM, such as the U.K. General Household Survey or the U.S. Health Interview Survey. WORMs would be a convenient and relatively low-cost way of distributing such data sets. Yet this is unlikely to be attractive to either the users or the distributors of such datasets when there is no standard format. With no agreement on a standard, presumably IBM's own format will become a default standard, even though IBM produces only a one-sided WORM drive while others are producing double-sided drives.

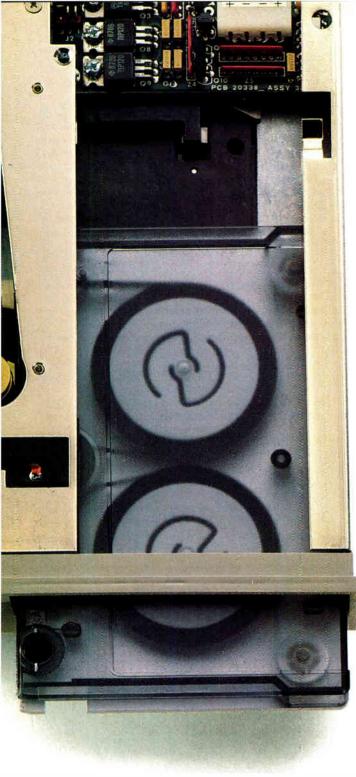
The other drawback, from the user's point of view, is the proliferating number of drives that seem to be required—floppy disk drives, CD-ROM drives, and WORM drives—not all of which are likely to fit into one box. I have noticed that WORM cartridges look quite different from CD-ROM disks. Is it at all likely that there will be a single drive that will read both CD-ROMs and WORMs? Charlie Owen

London, England

#### Hartley's Limitations

Before you discard the Fourier transform in favor of the Hartley, be aware of some serious limitations ("Faster Than Fast Fourier" by Mark A. O'Neill, April). The trivial nature of the so-called cas continued





# It's A Matter Of Security

With Everex tape backup products, users of IBM<sup>\*</sup> PC<sup>™</sup>/XT<sup>™</sup>/ATs<sup>°</sup>, compatibles or PS/2s<sup>™</sup> can easily protect the valuable information stored on their systems. A variety of options are available including external and internal units with 40MB to 125MB of capacity in cartridge, cassette or mini-cartridge drives — all at affordable prices.

Everex has been an industry leader in tape backup systems since 1984. Our popular half-height, internal units are designed to fit inside 5 1/4-inch disk drive slots. There's even a mini-cartridge drive that fits right into a disk drive slot and runs off an existing floppy controller.

With Everex tape systems, you have the flexibility to save or restore all information on your hard disk, including DOS and all other operating systems. Backup can be done file-by-file or as an entire mirror image, and you can restore individual files from image backups. If you have an assortment of PC/XT/ATs, compatibles and PS/2s, you can cut down on costs by using one Everex tape backup unit and a controller card in each computer.

When you buy an Everex tape backup system you get everything you need. This isn't true with other tape units on the market today—their extra costs can add as much as \$250 to a system.

When it comes to securing your data, it's easy to see why **Everex has the answer**.

For more information or the name of your nearest Everex dealer please call:

in Calif. **1-800-821-0807** 

in U.S.A. 1-800-821-0806



**415-498-1111 48431 Milmont Drive, Fremont, CA 94538** AUGUST 1988 • B Y T E **25** 

Everex is a trademark and Ever for EXcellence is a registered trademark of Everex Systems, Inc. IBM and AT are registered trademarks and PC, XT and PS/2 are trademarks of International Business Machines Corp. ©1988 Everex Systems, Inc. All rights reserved.

Circle 86 on Reader Service Card (DEALERS: 87)

Circle 147 on Reader Service Card



dio History

orld R

function (cosine x + sine x) should give rise to some suspicion: It is no more than a "colorized" sine function, with 45 degrees added to the angle and an amplitude equal to the square root of 2. The plain sine function would serve just as well.

The Fourier transform uses  $\cos x + \mu$ sin x, which preserves all the original signal information in two orthogonal functions-but which the Hartley simply lumps together. Consequently, any attempt to take the inverse transform is fraught with hazard-the original information has been lost. (The sum of two numbers is 7—what are the numbers?)

Anyone considering using this transform should be aware of its limitations. John C. Polasek

Orlando. FL

#### **Bigram vs. N-Gram**

I read Roy E. Kimbrell's "Searching for Text? Send an N-Gram!" (May) with interest.

I wonder whether the developers considered using a "least-common bigram" (LCB) approach similar to that described by E. Onderisin (Proceedings of the ACM Annual Meeting, 1971) and implemented at IITRI (LARC Reports, 7 (1), 1974). The LCB method yielded improvements over traditional methods. Perhaps an LCB or a "least-common trigram" approach would be simpler and less resource-intensive here, too.

> Peter Halpin Great Falls, VA

#### You Call That Fast?

Mark O'Neill ("Faster Than Fast Fourier," April) claims that the fast Hartley

transform (FHT) is twice as fast as the fast Fourier transform (FFT). The timings in table 1 compare O'Neill's algorithm with a simple (complex number) FFT for one forward and one reverse transform.

These timings show that there's more to speed than a smaller number of arithmetic operations. In particular, speed of array access is often crucial in "real" numerical applications.

In a comment on Bracewell's work, Bold (Proceedings of the IEEE, 73 (12), 1863-4) points out that a real FFT can be performed by a complex FFT on n/2points, considerably faster than the times above. If speed really is crucial, FFT algorithms can be tuned to the architecture of the machine in use.

> B. D. Ripley Glasgow, Scotland

#### **Elusive Shareware**

I have been given a copy of a very good backup program called Hardsave 1.0a. It has a message saying "Shareware from Andrew P. Wimple, Donations \$20 please.'

I would like to send Mr. Wimple a donation, but he has not left his address anywhere in the software. Do you or any of your readers know where he can be contacted?

> Jeremy Brown Leichhardt, Australia

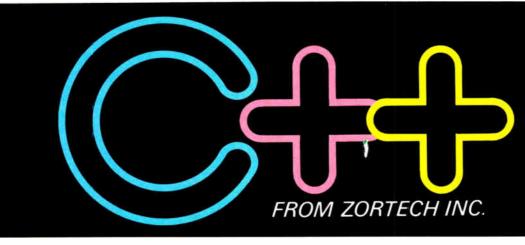
#### **Data Liberation**

I am writing this letter to request a new Freedom of Information Act. I am referring to the availability of data structures for software.

#### continued

 
 Table 1: Timings comparing O'Neill's algorithm with a simple (complex
 number) FFT for one forward and one reverse transform.

	n =	256	n = 1024	
	FHT	FFT	FHT	FFT
IBM PS/2 60 Turbo Pascal 4.0	5.16	3.62	23.51	19.56
+ 80287	0.88	1.09	4.02	5.54
RM Nimbus VX 16-MHz 80386	2.47	1.76	10.98	9.28
+ 80387	0.33	0.33	1.54	1.81
Atari ST Prospero Pascal 2.12	5.36	4.01	24.75	21.03
Sun 3/160 + 68881 + 1164/5	0.32 0.25	0.38 0.18	1.55 1.17	1.90 0.83
VAX 8650	0.085	0.050	0.420	0.270



# *The change to a pure language*

Now, C programmers can move over to C++ with Zortech C++ - the world's first 'true' C++ compiler for MS-DOS machines.

Zortech C++ is a 'true' compiler and fully conforms to Bjarne Stroustrup's specification as outlined in his book 'The C++ Programming Language'.

Previous implementations of C++ were actually 'translators' – only able to translate C++ source code into C. Of course, this was unacceptable due to the long translating and compiling times.

Now, C++ comes of age with the introduction of the world's first true C++ compiler – from Zortech!

#### Object Oriented Programming

C++ is to C what Modula 2 is to Pascal. C++ brings 'classes' to C, so you can create separate modules that contain their own data and data-related operations. These 'classes' then become new types that can in turn be used to create further modules – this allows you to practically create your own language.

#### ANSI C Superset

You don't have to throw away your existing C programs – C++ is a superset of ANSI C. Now, you can take your Microsoft C or Turbo C compatible programs and easily migrate to C++ to take full advantage of the new C++ features.

YES!

Rush me

C++ as shown below: □ Zortech C++ □ C++ Book

VISA/MC/COD/CHECK ACCEPTED

\$99.95

Name... Address .... ■ 'Codeview' Compatible

Zortech C++ is compatible with 'Codeview' – Microsoft's industry standard source code debugger.

#### Improved Program Structure

As stated in 'The C++ Programming Language', by using C++ "It would not be unreasonable for a single person to cope with 25,000 lines of code".

#### Other benefits

Here's just a few: Operator overloading, overloading function names, default arguments to functions and better type checking.

#### ESSENTIAL READING!

This 325 page book 'The C++ Programming Language' by Bjarne Stroustrup contains the original definition of C++. All the examples shown in this book have been successfully compiled and executed with the Zortech C++ Compiler.

PROGRAMMING LANGUAGE

ZORTECH BOSTON LONDON FRAMEFUET GENEVA

Circle 258 on Reader Service Card

VISA or MC...... Exp. Date

\$29.95

To: ZORTECH INC. 361 Massachusetts Ave., Arlington, MA 02174. Tel: 617-646-6703. Fax: 617-648-0603.

LL THE ORDER HOTLINE 1-800-848-8408

# **A Number of Reasons A Number**

#### Designed • for the 80386 There's a

revolution taking place in desktop computing. A revolution that's been launched by a square wafer of silicon known as the 80386 microprocessor chip. It puts minicomputer potential at PC users' fingertips. It's a fact that virtually every leading PC manufacturer has built a "box" around this chip. And it's a fact that the "New Operating System" will, supposedly, even run on it. But, it's also a fact that their system wasn't designed for the 80386. Ours is. And it's called PC-MOS/386™



compatible with the millions of PC-compatibles. Power without sacrifice. You'd expect nothing less from the new standard bearer.

#### One, Five, Up to Twenty-five Users

● From the beginning, PC-MOS/386<sup>TM</sup> was designed as a versatile operating system which could support twenty-five users as easily as it supports one. The system comes in single, five, and 25-user modules, so you're able to start with what you need and expand when you're ready.

In a multi-user setting, PC-MOS/386<sup>™</sup> uses the computing power of the host PC to drive workstations linked to standard RS-232 ports.

#### PC and PS/2 **4**• Compatible

In designing PC-MOS, we knew our first priority was to exploit the minicomputer capabilities of 80386-based PCs & PS/2s. But we went further, and developed a system which would be fully existing PCs, PC ATs, and

#### Familiar • Commands Like DIR and COPY Just as you don't have to

spent a lot of time learning.

learn a whole new array of

software to take advantage of PC-MOS/386<sup>™</sup> neither do you have to learn an entirely new set of commands.

0

COPY

Thousands of DOS Programs PC-MOS/386™ • gives you the best of the past, and the best for your future. Which means that while PC-MOS/386™ totally replaces your old DOS, you won't have to replace the programs you've

while entering a new arena of power.

And it all happens so effortlessly. You'll continue

to reap the benefits of your favorite DOS programs,

Think of it! Programs like dBASE III,

WordPerfect, Lotus 1-2-3 and Sym-

phony, WordStar, MultiMate...literally

thousands of DOS programs-all com-

DIR

patible and multi-user available.

Instead, the system builds on the knowledge you already have. "COPY" still copies files, and "DIR" still gives you a directory listing. As you might expect, we didn't stop there. There's a wealth of features that have strengthened the commands you know, making them more powerful and easier to use.

> You can choose from a variety of workstations. Mix and match dumb terminals costing under \$500 each with PCs and PS/2s running our terminal emulation software.

All of the host's resources can be shared. Programs, data, hard disks, tape backup units & printers (including

high speed laser printers) are suddenly available to all users. An 80386-PC has minicomputer potential. With PC-MOS/386<sup>™</sup> you can "mini" your micro.





# of Users Will Choose PC-MOS/386.

Concurrently Supports Virtual 8086 and • 80386 32-Bit Mode



80386-based PCs & PS/2s are dual-personality computers. To run DOS programs, they act as PCs with a 640K memory limit. But to take advantage of their minicomputer capacity, they operate in true 80386 mode which lets them address up to four gigabytes of memory. PC-MOS enables the 80386-host and its workstations to independently switch between these modes-making DOS compatibility and 80386 power simultaneously possible.

#### 7 Multi-Tasking

• While it's true you could look elsewhere for multi-tasking, why would you want to? The *other* multi-tasking operating system is not now, nor is it planned to be, multi-user. It won't even run multiple DOS applications in multi-tasking mode.

Now consider PC-MOS/386<sup>™</sup> At the touch of a key, you can switch between up to 25 different tasks. And if you have workstations connected to a host, they get multi-tasking, too. Finally...a system that won't hold you back.



8. File/Record Locking and Security When you decide to implement either a network or a multiuser system, there's a two-fold problem which must be solved: protecting your work from accidental misuse and securing it from intentional theft.

PC-MOS/386<sup>™</sup> solves both aspects of this problem. Password protected security allows you to assign file, directory, and task access to each user. Plus, files and records are locked using either PC-MOS' proprietary system or NETBIOS emulation.



1-7-3

WORD

PFRFFCT

It's been said that information is

angran.

power...which makes PC-MOS/386<sup>™</sup> a deadly weapon to your competition. Imagine on-the-road salespeople being able to file call reports and access your latest inventory data. Picture executives being able to access your corporate database from across the country, or around the world-giving them the information they need, when they need it.

Visualize branch offices tapping time-critical data with nothing more than a modem and a workstation. Working at a home office in the evening or over the weekend suddenly gets awfully productive. And that makes good business sense. The kind of sense you can't afford to be without.

> **10.** The Price...As you evaluate operating systems, ask yourself if it's reasons you're considering...or rhyme. Ask if you're getting a system for tomorrow, or one that was made for yesterday. See if you're being forced to buy new hardware because of *their* software.

And consider this.

Only one operating system in the world can give you the raw power, features, and functionality that you

demand. Its name is PC-MOS/386? And it's immediately available in one, five and 25-user versions starting at \$195.



PC-MOS/386™ is a trademark of The Software Link, Inc. PS/2, PC AT, NETBIOS, dBASE III, MultiMate, WordPerfect, Lotus 1-3 & Symphony, & WordStar are trademarks of IBM Corp., Ashton-Tate, WordPerfect Corp., Lotus 1-2 & Symphony, & WordStar are trademarks of IBM Corp., Ashton-Tate, WordPerfect Corp., Lotus 1-2 & Symphony, & WordStar are trademarks of IBM Corp., Ashton-Tate, WordPerfect Corp., Lotus 1-2 & Symphony, & WordStar are trademarks of IBM Corp., Ashton-Tate, WordPerfect Corp., Lotus 1-2 & Symphony, & WordStar are trademarks of IBM Corp., Ashton-Tate, WordPerfect Corp., Lotus 1-2 & Symphony, & WordStar are trademarks of IBM Corp., Ashton-Tate, WordPerfect Corp., Lotus 1-2 & Symphony, & WordStar are trademarks of IBM Corp., Ashton-Tate, The Corp., Lotus 1-2 & Symphony, & WordStar are trademarks of IBM Corp., Ashton-Tate, WordPerfect Corp., Lotus 1-2 & Symphony, & WordStar are trademarks of IBM Corp., Ashton-Tate, WordPerfect 1-2 & WordStar 1-2 & Symphony, & WordStar 1-2 & WordStar 1 As a software developer and consultant, I am often called upon to aid individuals converting from one software package to another. The only problem is, very often it's difficult or impossible to obtain the data structure of the existing software package.

Recently I was asked to help a physician convert from one medical billing and insurance program, sold by one of the largest companies in the U.S., to a different package from a different vendor. This physician had used the original program for several years and had accumulated several thousand patient accounts in the system.

Both a colleague and I contacted the vendor and requested a map of the program's data structure. We did not request source code or any proprietary information, and we were willing to pay any necessary costs. Our request was firmly refused, and no amount of pleading, cajoling, or threatening could pry

## If you think you can buy a better C compiler, don't. We'll buy it for you.

Buy Let's C<sup>®</sup> with csd<sup>™</sup> for just \$75. If you're not satisfied, get Turbo C or QuickC. Free.\*



Why are we making this incredible offer? Because we're absolutely certain Let's C and csd C Source Debugger are the best C programming tools you can own.

Rest assured that, like its competition, Let's C features incredibly fast in-memory compilation and produces extremely tight, high quality code. The differences lie in how much faster you can perform other programming chores.

Our debugger, for example, can cut development time in half. But that's not all:

"csd is close to the ideal debugging environment... a definite aid to learning C and an indispensable tool for program development." —William G. Wong, BYTE

And comparatively speaking: "No debugger is included in the Turbo C package ... a serious shortcoming."

-Michael Abrash, Programmer's Journal Unlike our competition. Let's C *includes* its own full-featured assembler, features documentation with *complete* examples and technical support with complete answers—the first time you call.

LET'S C:	LET'S C AND csd FEATURES	csd:
Now compiles twice as last     Integrated edit-compile cycle: editor     automatically points to errors     Includes both small and large memory     model     Integrated environment or command     line interface     8087 sensing and support	Full UNIX compatibility and complete libraries     Many powerful utilities including make, assembler, archiver     MicroEMACS full screen editor with source code included     Supported by dozens of third party libraries	Debug in C source code, not assembler     Provides separate source, evaluation,     program and history windrows     Ability to set trace points and monitor     variables     Can interactively evaluate any C expression     Can execute any C function in your program     Trace back function
But this offer is only avai	about buying any other ( lable for a limited time. So	o think fast. And see your

But this offer is only available for a limited time. So think fast. And see your software dealer or call 1-800-MWC-1700 soon. (1-312-472-6659 in Illinois.) To exchange Let's C and csd for Turbo C or QuickC, return registration card within 15 days of purchase date, notify Mark Williams Company that you are returning products and receive a return authorization number. Products must be returned within 30 days of purchase date or within 30 days of shipping date on telephone orders.



1430 West Wrightwood, Chicago, Illinois 60614, 312-472-6659 © 1988 Mark Williams Company the data structure from this prestigious vendor. Needless to say, the resulting data conversion was difficult and expensive, and it involved a great deal of manually reentering data.

I honestly do not know why this company refused our request, but I have run across this response countless times with numerous software houses. Could it be that paranoia has become so widespread that it totally obscures the judgment of major software developers, or are they simply so petty that they will hold their existing users as unwilling captives so they can continue to milk them for upgrade and maintenance fees?

Whatever the reason is, it has no justification. It is inconceivable to me that any software vendor could refuse to furnish a data map, particularly when the data is as vitally important as accounts receivable.

Furnishing the data structure of a program is not at all comparable to furnishing source code. The data structure tells little, if anything, about how the program works—it merely shows the owner of the data just where and how it is stored. Furthermore, a map of the data structure is useful only to individuals who already own the program. In no way could furnishing data structures adversely affect the sales or proprietary rights of any software vendor. Quite the contrary: In my opinion, the failure to furnish data structures should serve as a strong deterrent to buying the program in the first place.

I think the time has come for all software vendors to furnish data structures with their programs. As more and more people become increasingly dependent upon computers for storing their vital data, they should have free access to that data. Even the most wonderful program might be obsolete next year, and even the largest vendor may be in Chapter 11 next week.

I strongly advise individuals considering the purchase of any software that may have a major impact on their lives to demand that the data structure of the program be furnished at the time of purchase. Whether they are programmers or not, if they need to convert to a different program in the future, they'll have to pay a programmer far less if the data structure is already available.

> Evan P. Provisor Sharon, CT

#### Quattro and Benchmarks

Your comparison review of Quattro and Surpass ("Double Threats to Lotus continued

dio History

Vorld R/

# With Modems you can Get Smart ... or Get Smarter



FAST . . The ATI internal 2400 Baud PC modem uses data compression techniques providing data throughput speeds in excess of 4800bps.

ERROR FREE . . Uses high level MNP5 hardware error correction procedures to quaranty 100% error-free data.

DEPENDABLE. . Built by the manufacturer of the world famous EGAWONDER graphics cards, the 2400etc has full compatibility with popular communication software.

SMART . . Every modern includes a FREE copy of Mirror II communications software which allows users background tasking for receiving Electronic Mail or Data transfers concurrently with screen applications.



Suggested List Price

Smart price to pay for Smart technology AVAILABLE FROM LEADING COMPUTER DEALERS.

ATI Technologies Inc., 3761 Victoria Park Ave. Scarborough, Ontario, Canada M1W 3S2 Tel: (416) 756 0711, TIX: 06-966640 (ATI TOR) Fax: (416) 756-0720

AT Is a registered trademark of AT Technologie: Inc. MNP is a trademark of Microcrim Corporation. Mirror II is a trademark of Softklone Distribution Corporation Crosstalk - Digital Communications Associates Inc. Smartcom II - Hayes Micro Computer Products Inc. World Radio History



	500/10158 175 Bits
A Desired	<b>Einery File Transfer</b> [1] fram Millow or Griestalk usin Comment 1 t nomin file to Will Mellow Griestalk system specify block size used key Yuli
Londra Londra Crt Specia Editor Editor	receive file using XKODH (Koden 7) protocol transmit file using XKODH (Koden 7) protocol if on, use CFC error detection in XKODEM receive file using YKODEM protocol transmit file using YKODEM wulti-file protocol transmit files using XKODEM wulti-file protocol
it it it it	receive file using Kerwit protocol transmit file using Kerwit protocol get a file from a Kerwit server specify Kerwit defaults
Dayes Dayes	receive file using Swartcow II protocol file using Seatcow II protect Press A to return to the main help wewn.
TEPpev Page,	Sollest Page, Rouss Prev Command, Polnes ert Command, 1110

1-2-3" by Diana Gabaldon, June) requires some amplification.

First, you didn't mention the two addins that are bundled with Quattro at no extra charge: Menu Builder and Transcript. Menu Builder lets users create menu trees that are customized to their specific needs. Quattro is shipped with both its own menu tree and one that emulates Lotus 1-2-3.

If your readers have ever lost valuable data, they'll appreciate Transcript. It

provides a log file of keystrokes and commands selected throughout the spreadsheet session. Errors can be handled easily with the undo command. Transcript also protects against power failure or system crashes and audits changes made to a spreadsheet.

Second, Quattro provides a macro record and debugging environment. The macro record is an excellent way to create macros quickly and easily. It simply records the user's actions as they are

# **ONLY FORTRON** COMES WIT one ful **OF SERVIC** FREE. ON-S

When you buy any Fortron 286 and 386-based IBM-compatible, one full year of service at your site is part of the package. Just call the service hotline, and we'll take care of you from a network of 300 service locations throughout the country.

Because we design and build our systems right here, ourselves, you always know exactly who to call for any kind of support you need. And you'll get it. Fast.

Call toll-free for more information, and for the name of your nearest Fortron dealer: 800-821-9771. In California, (408) 432-1191.



Small Footprint 80286



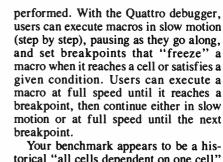
80386, 16 MHz or 20 MHz





80286 12, 16, or 20 MHz

Vorld Radio History



torical "all cells dependent on one cell" model and is not representative of a realworld spreadsheet.

Lastly, your review summed up Quattro as being the first-time user's choice. On the contrary, our research shows that more than 50 percent of current Quattro users are previous Lotus 1-2-3 users.

> **Becky Jones Product Manager** Borland International Scotts Valley, CA

We're glad you mentioned the benchmarks: Our traditional spreadsheet benchmarks are deliberately not optimized for any one kind of operationhistorically, we've made no assumptions about how a spreadsheet will be used. While this approach has the advantage of being open-ended and allows head-to-head comparisons of spreadsheets over time, these benchmarks certainly aren't perfect. For one thing, they lack fine detail that might allow readers to, for example, differentiate between performance in routine business matters versus performance in statistical number crunching.

We're changing our benchmarks: In our June issue, we rolled out BYTE's new system benchmarks for hardware. These, the first second-generation microcomputer benchmarks, produce results (from the most general to the most detailed levels) that are valid indicators of real-world performance in a variety of applications.

We're now in the process of doing the same thing for our suite of software benchmarks. Watch for our new, secondgeneration software benchmarks later this year.-Eds.

FIXES

#### Sorry, Wrong Number

In the June What's New on page 88, we printed the wrong telephone number for Plu\*Perfect Systems. The correct number is (213) 395-4584.

Circle 90 on Reader Service Card

# Accelerate.

Compaq presents high-performance computing for everyone.

-Enter

Introducing the COMPAQ DESKPRO 386 s. New technology delivers affordable 80386 performance for anyone considering 80286 PC's.

# Get off to a fast start.

TITT

Now, breakthrough technology from Compaq brings the power and potential of 80386-based personal computing to millions of business PC users.

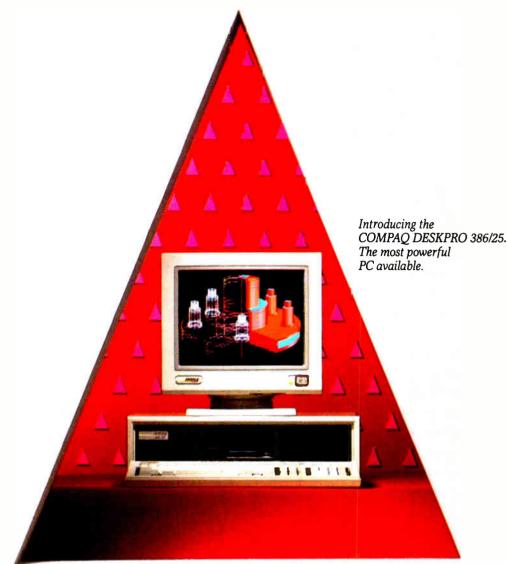
Introducing the COMPAQ DESKPRO 386S. It's the first personal computer powered by the revolutionary new Intel<sup>®</sup> 386SX<sup>\*</sup> microprocessor. It's also the first designed specifically as an affordable, high-performance alternative to 80286-based PC's.

The COMPAQ DESKPRO 386 s will run the software you have today—such as MS-DOS<sup>®</sup> and Microsoft<sup>®</sup> Operating System/2 from Compaq—up to 60% faster than most 10-MHz 80286 PC's. It will also run the 32-bit software that 80286 PC's won't run at all. Microsoft Windows/386, for example. You can tailor the COMPAQ DESKPRO 386s to your exact needs. Choose high-performance storage options such as 20-, 40-, or 110-Megabyte Fixed Disk Drives. Tape backup options. Even diskette drives in  $5^{1/4}$ -inch and  $3^{1/2}$ -inch sizes.

VGA graphics are built in. So is one megabyte of highspeed memory, expandable to 13 megabytes without using a single expansion slot. You can also add a mouse, printers and more without using additional slots.

All these features and more are packed into a sleek new design that fits places the competition can't.

So get into the PC passing lane, and head for all the 80386 power and performance you really want, with the revolutionary new COMPAQ DESKPRO 386s.



## Never look back.

Once again, Compaq introduces a PC that leaves every other in the dust. With its new Intel 25-MHz 386\* microprocessor and exclusive 32-bit COMPAQ Flexible Advanced Systems Architecture, the new COMPAQ DESKPRO 386/25 runs up to 60% faster than most 20-MHz 80386 PC's.

FLEX Architecture uses separate memory and peripheral buses operating in concert to maximize system performance, while maintaining compatibility with industry-standard hardware and software. The 25-MHz cache memory controller keeps data instantly accessible, so the processor works at 0 wait states 95% of the time.

With the addition of a 25-MHz Intel 387<sup>\*</sup> or Weitek<sup>™</sup> coprocessor, you can match the numeric processing of a dedicated workstation, at a fraction of the cost.

You can go from one standard megabyte of high-speed RAM to 16 megabytes. And, for storage-hungry applications such as most networks and multiuser systems, you can get up to a massive 1.2 gigabytes of storage<sup>†</sup> Internal tape backup options are also available.

For CAD/CAE, as a file server and for multiuser systems, the new COMPAQ DESKPRO 386/25 is the ultimate solution. And, for intense PC users who don't have a millisecond to spare, nothing less will do!



It simply works better.

## Now there's room for everyone on the fast track.

When Compaq pioneered highperformance personal computing and introduced the industry's first 80386based PC's, we gave performance-hungry business users, engineers, analysts and software developers the tools they needed to perform intense applications faster and better.

Now, with the new COMPAQ DESKPRO 386s and COMPAQ DESKPRO 386/25, we're not just pushing 80386 technology forward; we're widening it. So that PC users at every level can take advantage of the industry's highest performance—Compaq 80386 performance.

The new COMPAQ DESKPRO 386 s lets anyone considering 80286 PC's head straight for 80386 performance. The original COMPAQ DESKPRO 386 and COMPAQ DESKPRO 386/20 deliver even higher performance for more demanding applications. And now, at the top of our line is the new COMPAQ DESKPRO 386/25. The most powerful personal computer available.

Together, they create the highest-performing PC line available. In each one, our exclusive design lets every component run at optimum speed. This provides a substantial performance edge, while maintaining compatibility and connectivity with your current hardware and software.

Now, you'll run your current MS-DOS<sup>\*</sup> applications at top speed. Plus new 80386 software, such as Microsoft Windows/386. With MS<sup>\*</sup> OS/2, UNIX<sup>\*</sup> or XENIX<sup>\*</sup>, you'll simultaneously run multiple programs, switching between them instantly. And, with a COMPAQ 80386 PC, you'll do it all *faster*.

Now, with legendary Compaq performance and quality available to *everyone*, the fast track is wider than ever. So *accelerate*. Call 1-800-231-0900, Operator 64. In Canada, call 1-800-263-5868, Operator 64. We'll give you the location of your nearest Authorized COMPAQ Computer Dealer and a free brochure for any COMPAQ 80386-based computer.

COMPAQ® and COMPAQ DESKPRO 386\* are trailemarks of Compaq Computer Corporation. Microsoft? MS-DOS? XENIX\* and MS® are trailemarks of Microsoft Corporation. MS® OS:2 and MS® Windows/386 are preducts of Microsoft Corporation. Product names mentioned hreen may be trademarks and/or registered trademarks of their respective companies. "Registered US. Patent and Trailemark Office. COMPAQ DESKPRO 386/25 graphics ©1988 Accent Sofiware, Inc. ©1938 Compaq Computer Corporation. All rights r-served.

\*Hereafter referred to as 803865X, 80386 and 80387 respectively.

†Using two optional COMPAQ 300-/600-Megabyte Fixed Disk Drive Expansion Units.



It simply works better

## CHAOS MANOR MAIL

Jerry Pournelle answers questions about his column and related computer topics

#### **BIX in Europe?**

Dear Jerry,

I'm a student of economics and computer science, studying at the University of Karlsruhe.

There are three reasons why I'm writing to you. First, I really enjoy reading BYTE, because it's one of the best (if not *the* best) available computer magazines.

My second reason for writing is because I'd love to take part on BIX, but as you know, the German Bundespost ("post" is the "abbreviation" for Public Organization for the Suppression of Technology) is very restrictive concerning computer communications and, of course, is charging fairly high fees for any long-distance call.

Perhaps BYTE or McGraw-Hill could encourage activities to bring BIX to Europe. I'm thinking of a BIX bulletin board somewhere in Europe, whose contents would be sent to America once or twice a day and vice versa. This would already be a big leap forward, although it would not be as interactive as the original BIX.

Perhaps—and now I might just be daydreaming—BIX could advance to become IBIX (International BYTE Information Exchange), bringing together computer users from all over the world.

My third reason to write to you is that I've recently bought an inexpensive addon board for my IBM PC AT. To find out what kind of board I'd bought, I went through all my issues of BYTE to locate any reference to Definicon Systems, the name on the board. I was lucky to find a pointer to an older BYTE in which the DSI-32 coprocessor board had been reviewed. I was very glad to realize that I now own a "tiny VAX" to plug into my computer (a DSI-32 board running at 10 MHz, complete with memory management unit and 2 megabytes of RAM).

I've already written to Definicon Systems for further information and software, and I hope to get enough to help get the board running. Since BYTE tried to encourage buying this board by having arranged special prices for Green Hills software, I believe there still may be many people who use the DSI-32 board. Perhaps some of them would be willing to exchange information or programs with me. Readers can get in contact with me at the address below.

> A xel Mock Dahlienweg 8E 7513 Stutensee 1 Federal Republic of Germany

Thanks for the suggestions. I find Definicon stuff blazingly fast.

I passed your comments on to George Bond, executive editor of BIX, who had this to say:

"We're interested in worldwide participation in BIX, too. Already BIX has members from North and South America, Europe, Africa, Asia, and Australia. We do recognize the high costs of BIXing from outside the U.S., and we are continually looking for ways to help users reduce them.

"Incidentally, although BIX is not available directly in Europe, another BYTE service—BYTEnet Listings—is. BYTEnet Listings is a BBS with code described in BYTE articles in its download areas. There currently are BYTEnet Listings boards in more than 30 nations worldwide."—Jerry

#### Solving Problems with ASK Dear Jerry,

Last year, you wrote about having troubles with your resident software and gave an example of a batch file that rewrites the AUTOEXEC.BAT file. That's one solution, but I think I've got a better one.

The advanced edition of the Norton Utilities includes the program ASK, which is very useful for solving such problems in a tidy way. With ASK, you can build menus in a batch file, input into the batch file, and set the errorlevel *continued* 

Jerry Pournelle holds a doctorate in psychology and is a science fiction writer who also earns a comfortable living writing about computers present and future. He can be reached c/o BYTE, One Phoenix Mill Lane, Peterborough, NH 03458. Circle 25 on Reader Service Card Four ways to build better C programs...



Screen I/O manager. Features: 
 screen painter 
 virtual screens
 data validation 
 context sensitive help
 oulimited screens
 definable keys
 & much more!

#### C TOOLS PLUS \$129

#### C ASYNCH MANAGER \$175

Asynchronous communication manager. Features:  $\diamond$  speeds to 19.2K baud  $\diamond$  XON/XOFF protocol  $\diamond$  hardware handshaking  $\diamond$  XModem file transfer  $\diamond$  1/O buffers up to 64K  $\diamond$  & much more!

#### TURBO C TOOLS \$129

Full featured function library. For Borland's Turbo C. Features: 
 TSR support 
 direct video access
 VGA and EGA support 
 windows and menus
 DOS memory allocation

• interrupt service routines • & much more!

We're Blaise Computing, manufacturers of high quality function libraries designed to reduce the time and technical expertise required for serious applications development.

All of our packages include a comprehensive user reference manual with extensive examples, and sample programs. Satisfaction guaranteed or return within 30 days for a full refund.

We have a full line of products for C and Pascal. For a free brochure or to order call

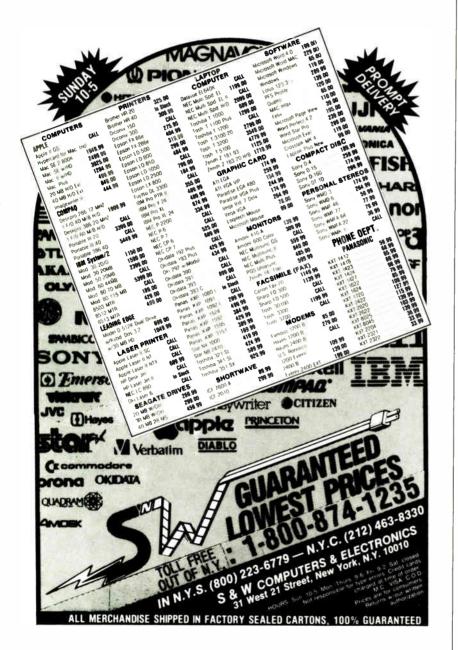


according to your input. (For a better explanation, just look it up in the Norton Integrator.) A better solution to your problem could look like this:

ECHO 1. Ready!, SuperKey, SideKick ECHO 2. Lightning, SideKick ECHO 3. DESQview ECHO 4. Windows ASK "What shall I load, "1234 if errorlevel 1 then goto ..... if errorlevel 2 then goto ..... If you want to stick to your method, you could write a little program that reboots the system via interrupt 25.

When you're using DOS 3.3, you can write better code using call instead of goto. This way your code will be much more readable.

Now to your discussion about word processors. I do almost all my editing with the Norton Editor (yes, I'm a Peter Norton fan), which can do all I need and is very small. It also supports a mouse if



connected. Just press the left mouse button, and you can move the cursor around; press the mouse button again, and you drop the cursor at the new location. I find that very useful. When it comes to output, I use  $T_{E}X$ . My second-choice editor is MicroStar from the Turbo Editor Toolbox because it cooperates with Lightning so nicely.

P.S. Just in case you are interested, I am 14 years old.

Konrad Neuwirth Vienna, Austria

Actually, I find that DESQview does pretty well on an 80386 for nearly every normal operation; when I want to run without DESQview, I generally want to change the CONFIG.SYS file as well, and ASK won't do that.

I'm a Peter Norton fan also. -Jerry

#### XyWrite's the One

Dear Jerry,

With rising frustration, I have read all the columns in your series on your search for a word processor that is transparent to you as a writer and yet has all the features that you as a hacker might want.

I am a practicing attorney, and as such I need to create nonstandard documents from scratch with reasonable regularity. I also lecture and have to prepare appropriate outlines in varying detail, tailored to the particular course.

Six or so years ago, I was introduced to XyWrite by the head of our word-processing department, in which we ran Atex at the time. I switched over from my then-beloved WordStar, and I've stuck with it ever since.

The key to XyWrite, which I don't believe you have yet had an opportunity to appreciate, is the ability to configure the program in just about any way you choose.

Do you want a keyboard that gives you all the editing functions without removing your hands from the keyboard? That's what I have. The keyboard driver for XyWrite is an ASCII file that loads when the program boots and can be rewritten to put all the editing functions under whatever mnemonic or ergonomic design you choose.

Suffice it to say that I have assigned to the Control key (or, in a few cases, Control-Alt or Alt-Shift) combinations of my choice all the following functions:

• Cursor movement: one space up, down, forward, or back; one word forward or back; one sentence forward or back; one paragraph forward or back; top *continued on page 201* 

## **11 Important Reasons** C Programmers Use **Our File Manager**

#### 1. It's written in C.

Clearly the growing language of choice for applications that are fast, portable and efficient. All of db\_VISTA's source code is written in C.

#### 2. It's fast – almost 3 times faster than a leading competitor.

Fast access that comes from the unique combination of the B-tree indexing method and the "network" or direct "set" relationships between records. A winning combination for fast performance.

#### 3. It's flexible.

Because of db\_VISTA's combination of access methods, you can program to your application needs with ultimate design flexibility. Use db\_VISTA as an ISAM file manager or to design database applications. You decide how to optimize run-time performance. No other tool gives you this flexibility without sacrificing performance.

db\_VISTA is also well behaved to work with most any other C libraries!

#### 4. It's portable.

db\_VISTA operates on most popular computers and operating systems like UNIX, MS-DOS and VMS, You can write applications for micros, minis, or even mainframes.

#### **5.** Complete Source Code available.

We make our entire C Source Code available so you can optimize performance or port to new environments yourself.

#### 6. It uses space efficiently.

db\_VISTA lets you precisely define relationships to minimize redundant data. It is non-RAM resident; only those functions necessary for operation become part of the run-time program.

#### 7. Royalty free run-time.

Whether you're developing applications for yourself or for thousands, you pay for db\_VISTA or db\_QUERY only once. If you currently pay royalties to someone else for your hard work, isn't it time you switched to royalty-free db\_VISTA?

#### db\_VISTA\*\*

#### Features

- Multi-user support allows flexibility to run on local area networks
- File structure is based on the B-tree indexing method
- Transaction processing assures multi-user consistency
- File locking support provides read and write locks
- SQL-based db\_QUERY is linkable
- •File transfer utilities included for ASCII, dBASE optional
- Royalty-free run-time distribution
- Source Code available Data Definition Language for specifying the content and organization of your files
- Interactive database access utility
- Database consistency check utility

#### **File Management Record** and File Sizes

- Maximum record length limited only by accessible RAM
- Maximum records per file is 16,777,215 Maximum file size limited only by available disk
- storage Maximum of 256 index and data files
- Key length maximum 246 bytes
- No limit on number of key fields per record
- . No limit on maximum number of fields per record

#### **Operating System** & Compiler Support

- Operating systems: MS-DOS, UNIX, XENIX, ULTRIX, Microport, VMS, Macintosh
- •C compilers: Lattice, Microsoft, IBM, Aztec, Turbo C, XENIX, UNIX and LightspeedC

#### 8. SQL-based db\_QUERY

is the query and report writing program that provides a relational view of db\_VISTA databases. Use ad hoc or link into your C applications. Royalty-free. Source code available.

#### 9. Free tech support.

60 days of free technical and application development support for every Raima product. Of course, extended support and training classes are also available at your place or ours.

#### World Radio History

#### **10. Upward database** compatibility

Start out with file management in a single-user PC environment—then move up to a multi-user LAN or a VAX database application with millions of records. You'll still be using db\_VISTA. That's why so many C programmers are choosing db\_VISTA.

#### **11. WKS LIBRARY**

The WKS LIBRARY PROVIDES THE MOST EFFICIENT WAY FOR C and BASIC programmers to interface with 1-2-3, Symphony and dBASE.

- Reads & Writes WKS & WK1 Files
- Reads & Writes DBF Files ٠
- 1-2-3, Symphony & dBASE compatible ٠
- Source Included
- No Royalties

#### 30-day Money Back Guarantee!

Price Schedule	db_VISTA	db_QUERY
Single user	\$ 195	\$ 195
□ Single user w/Source	\$ 495	\$ 495
🗆 Multi-user	\$ 495	\$ 495
Multi-user w/Source	\$ 990	\$ 990
NEW:		
WKS LIBRARY for		
Lotus 1-2-3	\$ 195	

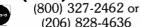
Call Today!

Ordering is easy — simply call toll-free. We'll answer your technical questions and get you started.

#### 1 (800) db\_RAIMA

VIŜA

88



(206) 828-4636

#### For international orders:

In the U.K. call	Systemstar Ltd.: FAX:	(0992)500919 (0992)554261
In Switzerland call	Comptronix AG: FAX:	01 725 04 10 01 725 87 77
In France call	ISE-CEGOS: FAX:	(1) 46 09 2828 (1) 46 09 2800
In Belgium call	Lemnie S.A.: FAX:	(02) 720.96.57 (02) 721.12.00
In Germany call	ESM GmbH:	07127/5244



3055 - 112th NE, Bellevue, WA 98004 USA FAX: (206) 828-3131 Telex: 6503018237 MCIUW © 1988 Raima Corporation

### When you want to talk computers..

ATARI COMPUTERS	AMIGA SOFTWARE	<b>MS/DOS SYSTEMS</b>
65XE       64K       Computer       109.99         130XE       132K       Computer       149.00         520ST-FM       Monochrome Syst.       699.00         1040ST       Color System       Call         SF124       Monochrome Monitor       169.00         SF1224       Color Monitor       329.00	MimeticsAmigen Gen Lock159.00New Tek Inc.Digi-View 2.0Digi-View 2.0149.00Digi-Paint44.99Sub-Logic Corp.Flight Simulator IIFlight Simulator II39.99Word Perfect Corp.Word PerfectWord Perfect199.00MACINTOSH PRODUCTS	NEC APC-IV Powermate 2,399.00 PC-TOO 80286 1.2MB, 512K 899.00 Toshiba T-1000 Laptop 799.00 Zenith Laptops Call
Atari 520 Color System \$799		NEC Multispeed- HD \$2489
Includes: 520ST-FM, 512K RAM with 3 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> <sup>11</sup> Drive Built-In, Basic, RF-MOD, Atari Mouse, and SF-1224 Color Monitor.	EVEREX	MULTIFUNCTION CARDS
ATARI ST SOFTWARE	60MB Tape Backup \$899 Hard Drives	6-Pak Plus 576 Board 149.00 Hot Shot 286 Accelerator 349.00
Access Leaderboard Golf 24.99 Antic CAD 3D 29.99	CMS           MacStack 60         899.00           Everex         40MB SCSI         999.00	Hercules Color Card 169.00 Graphics Card Plus 199.00 Intel
Avant Garde PC Ditto (IBM Emulation) 64.99	MacBottom HD45 1149.00	Inboard 386 Board
Batteries Included Degas Elite	Floppy Drives Central Point Magnum 800k	Quadram Quad386XT 80386 PC-Upgr 799.00 Video 7
Timeworks Swiftcalc/Wordwriter	Mirror Technologies 800K Floppy External	Vega V.G.A. Adapter
Professional Gem 139.00 Word Perfect Corp. Word Perfect 189.00	High Top FPD1199.00 Radius	MS/DOS SOFTWARE
AMIGA SOFTWARE	Two Page Display	Ashton-Tate d-Base III +
Absoft AC Basic	Laser View Display for II 1,749.00	Quatro 129.00 5th Generation Fastback Plus
Aegis Development Animator/Images 89.99 Draw Plus 149.00	Memory Upgrades Dove Computer Mac Snap 2SE	Fastback Plus

Aegis Development	1
Animator/Images	L
Draw Plus	L
Sonix	L
Discovery Software	L
Marander II	
Electronic Arts	ŀ
Deluxe Video 1.2	
Gold Disk Software	P
Pagesetter w/Text ed	
Micro Illusions	L
Dynamic Cad	L
	L

60MB Tape Backup	sega
вымы таре васкир	.033
Hard Drives	
CMS	
MacStack 60	
Everex 40MB SCSI	000.00
PCPC	999.00
MacBottom HD45	1149 00
Floppy Drives	1140.00
Central Point	
Magnum 800k	209.00
Mirror Technologies	
800K Floppy External	199.00
Monitors	
Network Specialties	
High Top FPD	1199.00
Radius	005 00
Full Page Display	1505.00
Two Page Display	1595.00
Laser View Display for II	1 749 00
Memory Upgrades	. 1,749.00
Dove Computer	
Mac Snap 2SE	
Scanners	
AST	
Turboscan	. 1,349.00
Datacopy	
730 Flatbed Scanner	1,199.00
MS/DOS SYSTE	MC
WI3/DUS 5151E	WIS

Ast Premium 286 & 386 . . . . . . Call Compaq Deskpro and Portbls. ... Call IBM PS/2 25, 30, 50, 60, 80 . . . . Call 

IMSI

Logitec

Lotus Lotus 1.2.3

#### SELECT FROM **OVER 3000** PRODUCTS

Hi-Řes Buss Mouse

Software Publishing

Word Perfect Corp.

Word Perfect 5.0

First Choice.

.99.00

299.00

99.99

...NEW

#### WITHIN 24 HOURS **COMPUTER MAIL ORDER**

WE SHIP 90% **OF ALL ORDERS** 

### .When you want to talk price.

#### MONITORS

Video 210A 12'' Amber       89.00         Video 410 12''A/G/W       (ea.) 139.00         Magnavox       7BM623 12'' TTL Amber       99.00         CM8505 14'' RGB/Composite       189.00         CM8515 14'' RGB/Composite       269.00         9CM053 14'' EGA       379.00         9CM082 14'' VGA Display       459.00         NEC       GS-1400 14'' Monochr. TTL       219.00         JC-1402 Multisync-II       599.00         Packard Bell       PB-1418F 14'' Flat TTL A/G/W         PB-1420CG 14'' Mid-Res CGA 269.00       PB-1420CG 14'' Hi-Res EGA         PB-1420CG 14'' Hi-Res EGA       369.00         PB-8426-MJ Uniscan Monitor       399.00         Princeton Graphics       Max-12 12'' TTL Amber       149.00         Seiko       CM-1430 14''VGA Display       649.00	
Magnavox CM 8762 14'' RGB/Comp. \$269	

#### MODEMS

MODEMS
Anchor 6480 C64/128 1200 Baud 99.99 520 ST520/1040 1200 Baud 129.00 1200E 1200 Baud External 129.00 Atari
XMM301 XL/XE 300 Baud 44.99 SX-212 St Modem
1200 Hc External         99.99           2400 External         189.00           Best Products         189.00
2400 Baud ½ Card w/software 149.00 Everex Evercom 2400 Baud External .209.00
Manantin Marine 2400 SA
Practical Peripherals
Practical Peripherals 2400 Stand Alone \$189
Hayes Smartmodem 300 Ext. 159.00 Smartmodem 1200 Int. 279.00
Hayes           Smartmodem 300 Ext.         159.00           Smartmodem 1200 Int.         279.00           Packard Bell         1200 External           1200 External         89.99           2400 External         169.00
Hayes           Smartmodem 300 Ext.         159.00           Smartmodem 1200 Int.         279.00           Packard Bell         1200 External           1200 External         89.99           2400 External         169.00           Practical Peripherals         1200 Baud External           1200 Baud Internal         79.99
Hayes           Smartmodem 300 Ext.         159.00           Smartmodem 1200 Int.         279.00           Packard Bell         1200 External           1200 External         169.00           Practical Peripherals         1200 Baud External           1200 Baud Internal         79.99           Supra         2400AT 2400 Baud Atari         169.00           U.S. Robotics         169.00         100
Hayes           Smartmodem 300 Ext.         159.00           Smartmodem 1200 Int.         279.00           Packard Bell         1200 External           1200 External         89.99           2400 External         169.00           Practical Peripherals         1200 Baud External           1200 Baud Internal         79.99           Supra         2400AT 2400 Baud Atari         169.00
Hayes           Smartmodem 300 Ext.         159.00           Smartmodem 1200 Int.         279.00           Packard Bell         1200 External           1200 External         169.00           Practical Peripherals         1200 Baud External           1200 Baud Internal         79.99           Supra         2400AT 2400 Baud Atari         169.00           U.S. Robotics         Direct 1200 Baud External         109.00

MD1-M SS/DD 51/4"8.49
MD2-DM DS/DD 5¼"9.49
MF1-DDM SS/DD 31/2"
MF2-DDM DS/DD 31/2"
MC-6000 DC-600 Tape
Sony
MD1D SS/DD 51/2"6.99
MD2D DS/DD 51/2"
MFD-1DD SS/DD 31/2"
1000
MFD-2DD DS/DD 31/2"

#### PRINTERS

#### Atari

Atari	
XDM-121 Letter Quality XL-XE	209.00
XM-M801 XL-XE Dot Matrix	199.00
XM-M804 ST Dot Matrix	199.00
Brother	
M-1109 100cps Dot Matrix	169.00
M-1509 180cps 132col	389.00
HR-20 22cps Daisywheel	379.00
Citizen	
120D 120cps Dot Matrix	159.00
Premier-35 35cps Daisywheel	479.00
Epson	
LX-800 150cps, 80 col	179.00
FX-86e 240cps, 80 col.	Call
FX-286E 240 cps, 132 col	
LQ-500 180 cps, 24-wire	Call
LQ-850 330 cps, 80 col	Call
LQ-1050 330 cps, 24-wire	Call
FX-850, FX-1050	New
Hewlett-Packard	
2225A Thinkjet	.369.00
NEC	
P2200 Pinwriter 24-wire	
P660 Pinwriter 24-wire	.459.00
P760 Pinwriter 132 col	. 679.00
Okidata	
Okimate 20 color printer	129.00
ML-182 180 cps, 80 col	
ML-320 300 cps, 80 col	.379.00
ML-390 24 wire, 270 cps	.519.00



Panasonic KX-P1080i
144 cps, 80 col. \$ <b>169</b>
Panasonic           KX-P1091i         194 cps, 80 col         199.00           KX-P1092i         240 cps, 80 col         339.00           KX-P1595         200 cps, 132 col         479.00           Star Micronics         NX-1000         140 cps, 80 col         179.00
NX-1000C C64/128 Interface 179.00 NX-15 120 cps, 132 col 329.00 <b>Toshiba</b> P321-SL 216 cps, 24-wire 499.00 P351-SX 300 cps, 24-wire 999.00

In the U.S.A. and in Canada

1-800-233-8950 Call toll-free: Outside the U.S.A. call 717-327-9575, Fax 717-327-1217 Educational, Governmental and Corporate Organizations call toll-free 1-800-221-4283 CMO, 101 Reighard Ave., Dept. A1, Williamsport, PA 17701

OVER 350,000 SATISFIED CUSTOMERS . ALL MAJOR CREDIT CARDS ACCEPTED . CREDIT CARDS ARE NOT CHARGED UNTIL WE SHIP

POLICY: Add 3% (minimum \$7.00) shipping and handling. Larger shipments may require additional charges. Personal and company checks require 3 weeks to clear. For faster delivery, use your credit card or send cashier's check or bank money order. Credit cards are not charged until we ship. Pennsylvania residents add 6% sales tax. All prices are U.S.A. prices and are subject to change, and all items are subject to availability. Defective software will be replaced with the same item only. Hardware will be replaced or repaired at our discretion within the terms and limits of the manufacturer's warranty. We cannot guarantee compatibility. All sales are final and returned shipments are subject to a restocking fee. We are not responsible for typographic or photographic errors. A108

## ASK BYTE

Circuit Cellar's Steve Ciarcia answers your questions on microcomputing

#### A Drive for All Seasons Dear Steve,

I'm looking for a 3<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>-inch floppy disk drive capable of coping with the IBM 1.44-megabyte format as well as the Apple 800K-byte format. I have asked most of the major brand representatives in Europe about this, but so far I've been without luck. I think there must be quite a market for such a device, so I don't understand why it should not exist.

> H. Anjou Gothenburg, Sweden

There's an old saying in this country that there's an oddball in every crowd. In the computer crowd, the oddball is Apple Computer. Apple's disk system for all its computers uses an unusual data encoding method called group coding, whereas modified frequency modulation (MFM) encoding is the basis for the dominant industry standard dictated by IBM. Apple's method is very software-intensive, using a variable-speed 80-track drive to obtain its 800K-byte-per-disk capacity.

The IBM 1.44-megabyte disk drive uses industry-standard controllers. The differences between the systems make designing a single drive to work with both a bit adventurous. At least two companies have attempted to market controllers that permit industry-standard 40-track double-sided drives to be used with the Apple II series; both failed. It seems highly unlikely that anyone will design and market a disk drive that works with both kinds of controllers with acceptable reliability. I'm not saying it can't be done—just that no one is likely to do it.—Steve

#### Alive and Kicking Dear Steve,

Do you know where I can get software to let me use my Osborne 1 with a hookup to an IBM PC XT? I've tried several sources without success.

> Steven Takle Fridley, MN

I don't know of any specific software package that links Osborne or other CP/M machines to IBM PCs. Maybe you can find something on CP/M bulletin board systems (BBSes), CompuServe, or The Source. You can find a large list of user groups and BBSes in Computer Shopper magazine.

You can operate a PC from a remote computer of almost any type with some communications programs. Procomm, for example, has a host mode that provides many of the features of BBS control programs, and it has a shell-to-DOS function that allows the remote user full access to the PC. All I/O is redirected to the COM port. This would allow you to use Modem7 or some other program on your Osborne to run the PC remotely. Procomm is available on most local BBSes. or you can order it from Datastorm Technologies, Inc., 1621 Towne Dr., Suite G, Columbia, MO 65205. One advantage of downloading from a local BBS is that you can try it before you buy it. - Steve

IN ASK BYTE, Steve Ciarcia, a computer consultant and electronics engineer, answers questions on any area of microcomputing and his Circuit Cellar projects. The most representative questions will be answered and published. Send your inquiry to

Ask BYTE One Phoenix Mill Lane Peterborough, NH 03458

Due to the high volume of inquiries, we cannot guarantee a personal reply. All letters and photographs become the property of Steve Ciarcia and cannot be returned.

The Ask BYTE staff includes manager Harv Weiner and researchers Eric Albert, Tom Cantrell, Bill Curlew, Ken Davidson, Jeannette Dojan, Jon Elson, Frank Kuechmann, Tim McDonough, Edward Nisley, Dick Sawyer, Robert Stek, and Mark Voorhees.

#### **Protocol Problems**

Dear Steve,

My computer is a Hewlett-Packard IPC, a machine that is apparently a poor stepchild.

My problem concerns connecting an external disk drive. According to the manuals, any drive that uses the Amigo or SS-80 protocol can be directly connected (via the HP-IB or IEEE-488) and operated using drivers in the operating system. Since I don't want to pay HP's price for its drives, I've been looking for another source. Unfortunately, no one has heard of the required protocols.

Do you know of a source of information? I've already tried HP and local dealers. I've also written to drive manufacturers, to no avail.

> James A. Hazel Bremerton, WA

A field that is evolving as rapidly as microcomputers creates its inevitable orphans and unsupported, expensive, and hard-to-find products.

For a number of reasons (but mostly by accident), the Seagate ST506 and ST412 hard disk drive interfaces have largely dominated, with a strong showing by the Shugart Associates system interface (SASI) and small computer system interface (SCSI). The HP-IB/IEEE-488 interface, though usable with hard disk drives, was developed to connect laboratory instruments to minicomputers; it is therefore less than optimal for hard disk drive applications. The newer, simpler Seagate and SCSI drives have dominated, with run length limited (RLL) coming on fast as a variant.

With this in mind, it should be no surprise to you that I haven't been able to locate any third-party drives that would be compatible with your system. Your choices would seem to be as follows: Go without a hard disk drive, buy HP's version, or get a different computer—such as a PC or PC compatible—for which bargain-priced drives are offered by dozens of suppliers.—Steve

#### **Identical Printers**

Dear Steve,

What is the difference between Epsonand IBM-compatible printers with regard to the Centronics interface? Is this difference a hardware- or software-dependent feature?

Also, is it possible to interface an *continued* 

### **NOWLEDGE IS POWER**

899

899 269

379

439 89 249

399

We're Programmer's Connection, the leading independent dealer of quality programmer's development tools for IBM personal computers and compatibles. We can give you the knowledge to help you make the best software buying decisions possible.

Informative Buyers Guide. The CONNECTION, our comprehensive buyers guide and catalog, contains prices and up-to-date descriptions of over 750 programmer's development tools by over 250 manufacturers. Each description covers major product features as well as special requirements, version numbers, diskette sizes, guarantees, and more. In addition, the CONNECTION features interesting articles by leaders in the programming industry.

How to Get Your FREE Copy: 1) Use the reader service card provided by this journal; 2) Mail us a card or letter with your name and address; or 3) Call one of our convenient toll free telephone numbers.

If you haven't yet received your copy of the Programmer's Connection Buyer's Guide. act now. Increasing your knowledge about these products could be one of the most powerful things you'll ever do.

386 products	List	Ours
	495	389
386 ASM/386 LINK by Phar Lap Software 386 DEBUGGER by Phar Lap Software	495	145
NDP C-386 by MicroWay	595	529
	595	529
NDP ForTran-386 by MicroWay PC-MOS/386 Single-User by The Software Link	195	179
PC-MOS/386 5-User by The Software Link	595	539
PC-MOS/386 25-User by The Software Link	995	869
VM/386 by IGC New	245	219
	240	213
blaise products		
ASYNCH MANAGER Specify C or Pascal	175	135
C TOOLS PLUS/5.0	129	99
PASCAL TOOLS/TOOLS 2	175	135
Turbo ASYNCH PLUS/4.0	129	99
Turbo C TOOLS	129	99
Turbo POWER SCREEN	129	99
Turbo POWER TOOLS PLUS/4.0	129	99
VIEW MANAGER Specify C or Pascal	275	219
borland products		
EUREKA Equation Solver	167	115
Paradox 2.0 by Ansa/Borland	725	525
Paradox 386 by Ansa/Borland	895	639
Paradox Network Pack by Ansa/Borland	995	725
Quattro: The Professional Spreadsheet	247	179
Sidekick Plus	200	125
Turbo Basic Compiler	100	68
Turbo Basic Support Products All Varieties	100	68
Turbo C Compiler	100	68
Turbo Pascal Compiler	100	68
Turbo Pascal Oatabase Toolbox	100	68
Turbo Pascal Developer's Toolkit	395	285
Turbo Pascal Editor Toolbox	100	68
Turbo Pascal Gameworks Toolbox	100	68
Turbo Pascal Graphix Toolbox	100	68
Turbo Pascal Numerical Methods Toolbox	100	68
Turbo Pascal Tutor	70	49
Turbo Prolog Compiler	150	115
Turbo Prolog Toolbox	100	68
Other Borland products	CALL	CALL
c language		
C talk by CNS	150	129
Eco-C88 Modeling Compiler by Ecosoft	100	69
Lattice C Compiler from Lattice	450	289
Mark Williams Let's C with FREE csd	75	54

ECO-USS Modeling Lompiler by Ecoson	100
Lattice C Compiler Irom Lattice	450
Mark Williams Let's C with FREE csd	75
Uniware 68000 C Cross Compiler by SDS	995
Uniware Z-80 C Cross Compiler by SDS	995
WATCOM C6.0 by WATCOM Group	295

#### database management

Clipper by Nantucket.	695
dBASE III Plus by Ashton-Tate	695
dBFast dBASE III Plus Comp by dBFast	99
FoxBASE + by Fox Software	395
FoxBASE +/386 by Fox Software	595

Circle 182 on Reader Service Card

#### USA...... 800-336-1166

Canada	
Ohio & Alaska (Collect)	
International	
TELEX	
FAX	

Business Hours 8 30 AM to 8 00 PM EST Monday through Friday Prices, Terms and Conditions are subject to change Copyright 1988 Programmer's Connection Incorporated



Established 1984

FrontRunner by Ashton-Tate New	195	CALL
Genifer by bytel	395	249
Tom Rettig's Library by Tom Rettig & Assoc	100	89
		•••
digitalk products		
Smalltalk/V	100	84
Smalltalk/V 286	200	175
Smalltalk/V Support Utilities All Vaneties	CALL	CALL
About -	UNEL	ONEE
golden bow products		
Vcache	60	55
Vfeature Hard Disk Ublity	80	74
Vieature Deluxe Hard Disk Utility	120	111
	60	55
Vopt Hard Disk Optimization Utility	00	00
komputerwerk products		
Finally BASIC routines	99	85
Finally Modules	99	85
	99	85
Finally XGraf		00
lahey computer products		
F77L-EM/16	695	639
F77L-EM/32	895	799
F77L-FORTRAN Compiler	477	429
Lahey Personal Fortran 77	95	85
with Toolkit	119	99
	119	55
logitech products		
Logitech HI REZ Mouse	149	119
Logitech Mouse with Plus Software	119	98
With LOGICADD	189	153
With LOGICADD and LOGIPAINT	219	179
With LOGIPAINT	149	119
Logitech Series 2 Mouse with Plus Software.	99	79
Other Logitech Products	CALL	CALL
	CALL	UALL
microsoft products		
Microsoft BASIC Compiler	295	219
Microsoft C Compiler 5 w/CodeView	450	299
Microsoft COBOL Compiler with COBOL Tools	700	465
Microsoft FORTRAN Optimizing Comp	450	299
Microsoft Macro Assembler	150	105
Microsoft Mouse Al Vaneties	CALL	CALL
Microsoft OS/2 Programmer's Toolkit	350	239
Microsoft Pascal Compiler	300	199
Microsoft QuickBASIC 4	99	69
Microsoft QuickC	99	69
Microsoft Windows	99	69
Microsoft Windows 386	195	129
Microsoft Windows Development Kit	500	329
Other Microsoft products	CALL	CALL
persoft products		
SmartMOVE New	149	135
SmartERM 220 New	149	179
SmartERM 220 New	345	309
Sindi Ferriti 240	343	209

#### **CALL for Products Not Listed Here**

#### ORDERING INFORMATION

FREE SHIPPING. Orders within the USA (including Alaska & Hawaii) are shipped FREE via UPS. Call for APO, FPO, PAL, and express shipping rates. NO CREDIT CARD CHARGE. VISA, MasterCard

and Discover Card are accepted at no extra cost. Your card is charged when your order is shipped. Mail orders please include expiration date and authorized signature.

NO COD OR PO FEE. CODs and Purchase Orders are accepted at no extra cost. No personal checks are accepted on COD orders. POs with net 30-day terms (with initial minimum order of \$100) are available to qualified US accounts only.

NO SALES TAX. Orders outside of Ohio are not charged sales tax. Ohio customers please add 5% Ohio tax or provide proof of tax-exemption.

30-DAY GUARANTEE. Most of our products come with a 30-day documentation evaluation period or a 30-day return guarantee. Please note that some manufacturers restrict us from offering guarantees on their products. Call for more information. SOUND ADVICE. Our knowledgeable technical

staff can answer technical questions, assist in comparing products and send you detailed product information tailored to your needs

INTERNATIONAL ORDERS. Shipping charges for International and Canadian orders are based on the shipping carrier's standard rate. Since rates vary between carriers, please call or write for the exact cost. International orders (except Canada), please include an additional \$20 for export preparation. All payments must be made with US funds drawn on a US bank. Please include your telephone number when ordering by mail. Due to government regulations, we cannot ship to all countries.

MAIL ORDERS. Please include your telephone number on all mail orders. Be sure to specify computer, operating system, diskette size, and any applicable compiler or hardware interface(s). Send mail orders to:

> Programmer's Connection Order Processing Department 7249 Whipple Ave NW North Canton, OH 44720

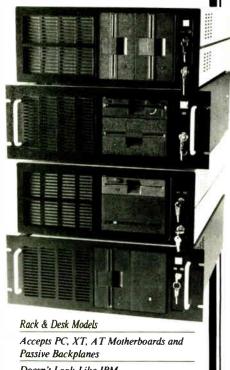
#### periscope products

heusenhe hinnneis		
Periscope I with Board	455	369
Periscope II with NMI Breakout Switch	175	139
Periscope II-X Software only	145	105
Periscope III 10 MHz version	1395	1119
peter norton products		
Advanced Norton Utilities	150	89
Norton Commander	75	55
Norton Editor	75	59
Norton Guides Specify Language	100	65
For OS/2	150	109
Norton Utilities	100	59
txm products		
DATABACK New	70	67
MACK DOS New	60	58
Turbo G GRAPHICS Development Library New	80	75
with Source Code	150	135
other products		
Actor by The Whitewater Group	495	439
APL*PLUS PC by STSC	695	529
Briel by Solution Systems	195	CALL
Dan Bricklin's Demo II by Software Garden.	195	179
Desgview Irom Quarterdeck	130	115
Oesqview API Products All Vaneties New	CALL	CALL
EXTEND FORT 77 Extens by Design Decisions New	149	129
Flow Charting II + by Patton & Patton	229	189
GRASP by Paul Mace Software	99	85
HALO 88 by Media Cybernetics	325	CALL
Instant Replay III by Nostradamus	150	129
Mace Utilities by Paul Mace Software	99	85
MathCAD by MathSolt	349	319
Microcompatibles Products All Vaneties	CALL	CALL
Microport Products All Varieties	CALL	CALL
MICROSTAT-II Statistics Pack by Ecosoft New	395	359
Opt-Tech Sort by Opt-Tech Data Proc	149	99
Peabody by Copia Intl, Specify Language	100	89
PC Tools Deluxe by Centeral Point Soft New	79	69
PMI Products All Varieties	CALL	CALL
Quinn-Curtis Products All Vaneties	CALL	CALL
STATGRAPHICS by STSC	895	699
TLIB Version Control by Burton Systems Software	100	89
5 Station LAN New	300	<b>26</b> 9
TurboGeometry Library by Disk Software	100	89
XENIX System V All Varieties by SCO	CALL	CALL

#### Circle 107 on Reader Service Card

Integrand's new Chassis/System is not another IBM mechanical and electrical clone. An entirely fresh packaging design approach has been taken using modular construction. At present, over 40 optional *stock* modules allow you to customize our standard chassis to nearly any requirement. Integrand offers high quality, advanced design hardware along with applications and technical support *all at prices competitive with imports.* Why settle for less?





Doesn't Look Like IBM	
Rugged, Modular Construction	
Excellent Air Flow & Cooling	
Optional Card Cage Fan	
Designed to meet FCC	
204 Watt Supply, UL Recognized	
145W & 85W also available	
Reasonably Priced	



Call or write for descriptive brochure and prices: 8620 Roosevelt Ave. • Visalia, CA 93291 209/651-1203 TELEX 5106012830 (INTEGRAND UD) EZLINK 62926572 We accept BankAmericard/VISA and MasterCard

IBM, PC, XT, AT trademarks of International Business Machines. Drives and computer boards not included.

40 B Y T E • AUGUST 1988

Epson-compatible printer with an IBM PC? If so, how is this done?

Finally, I'd like to know the intricacies involved if you use a serial interface (RS-232C) for the printer.

> V. Shyamasunder Bangalore, India

The hardware for an Epson interface is identical to an IBM-compatible printer interface. This interface was originated by Centronics. The commonly used signals include 8 data bits, an active-low acknowledge strobe, an active-low acknowledge strobe, an active-high level busy signal, and ground signals. The difference between the two types of printers lies in the graphics mode each supports; the graphics mode is controlled by the computer via the high bit of data sent to the printer.

In graphics mode—high bit set—an IBM-compatible printer will reproduce the high-ASCII screen graphics character of the IBM PC family; a non-IBM-compatible Epson will produce different characters. In text mode, high bit clear, the two printers will produce the same output. You can use an Epson-compatible printer with an IBM-type computer, if the IBM graphics characters are not required, simply by connecting the computer and printer with a cable that has suitable connectors at the ends, typically either a 36-pin Amphenol-type connector or a DB-25 connector.

You can use a serial printer with an IBM-type computer via a COM port and a suitable cable-usually with a DB-25 connector on the printer end and a DB-9 or DB-25 connector at the computer end. Since many serial printers follow DTE (data terminal equipment) protocol rather than DCE (data communications equipment), you'll need a null modem adapter or cable for successful operation. These adapters interchange the data and handshaking lines. While it's easy for experienced users to construct cables and adapters for serial interfacing, it is frequently frustrating and time-consuming for novices. Sources such as Jameco Electronics and JDR Microdevices (both advertise in BYTE) carry ready-made cables and adapters that will prevent or eliminate most problems. - Steve

#### **Polylingual Clone**

Dear Steve,

I'm interested in buying an IBM AT clone. However, I need the system to operate in English and Japanese (my keyboard has four character types: English, kanji, katakana, and hiragana). In Japanese mode, I need to be able to select the character I need from a shift/function key and have this character displayed on the CRT or printer.

Many printers can print in different languages (e.g., the Epson can print in German and French), but Epson USA couldn't help me. I need this system to operate as a regular computer or word processor.

> M. J. Cavanaugh Steger, IL

A PC clone that writes in English and three different Japanese character sets sounds like a tough item to find in the U.S. market. The old Epson MX-80 printers sold in the U.S. a few years ago did include a katakana character set, but I haven't seen any other printers with this feature.

You may be able to use Microsoft Windows if you can get a copy of the Japanese version. Microsoft Systems Journal (March 1988) contains an article on implementing Windows for Japanese computers. The article vaguely implies that a Japanese version of the PC AT or clone is required. It is not necessary for the printer to have the Japanese characters, however, because Windows uses its own fonts and prints in graphics mode when you use a dot-matrix printer.

You may be able to find out if this approach is feasible by calling Microsoft at (800) 426-9400.—Steve

#### Computerized Slide Show

Dear Steve,

I am attempting to store some documents that are four to eight pages long on my IBM PC. The documents contain mostly text, but some have line drawings, graphs, and maps. I'd like to retrieve these documents and display them on the screen with as little extraneous display as possible. Most word processors and desktop publishing software display more than the document on the screen. What options do I have for storing and displaying documents in this manner?

I'm using an IBM PC AT with an EGA card.

Doyle L. Jones Clinton, MS

If I understand correctly, you want to display documents page by page on your PC, but not necessarily for editing. In other words, you want a slide show.

There are a few programs that are designed especially for this kind of task. Two are Show Partner and Show Partner Professional by Brightbill-Roberts & Co., 120 East Washington St., Suite 421, continued

#### SA FLIES WITH PROTEUS PCs. SO CAN YOU PROTEUS 386A OPT. 20MHz "A 16MHz, zero wait state

The National Aeronautics and Space Administration is a regular Proteus buyer. So are thousands of professionals, as well as small and large businesses nationwide. Including Xerox, GE, Dupont, the U.S. Government, MIT and Harvard. And with good reason:

#### NATIONALLY ACCLAIMED PERFORMANCE AND SUPPORT.

"The Proteus is one of the fastest desktop computers we tested. Quality has not been compromised, yet this performance system par excellence was

priced so low." Dec., 1987 WORLD The Proteus 386/16MHz is markedly faster than any other PC we've worked with-including the Compaq

#### Deskpro 386/20!" Jan., 1988

#### COMPATIBILITY GUARANTEED. Every Proteus is American made from the ground up. And guaranteed compatible with all IBM PC/AT

software and add-on products. As well as with DOS. OS/2. UNIX, XENIX, NOVELL and all major CAD systems. None is alien to Proteus!

#### SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.

If you're not fully satisfied with your Proteus purchase, return it during the first 30 days for a full refund

#### THE MOST EXTRAORDINARY SUPPORT IN THE INDUSTRY.

We don't leave you out in orbit after we make the sale, either. Proteus has a contract with a nationwide computer maintenance company.

If something should go wrong with your Proteus system during the first 15 months, we'll send a qualified technician to your site to fix it. Free!

Just call our toll-free technical support hotline any time you have a question or need help. We'll take care of the rest.

		pro-		
	$\Box$	CACHE	286	
STANDARD FEATURES:	386A	386	GTX	286E
INTEL CPU	80386	80386	80286	80286
SPEED MHZ	20/16/6	20/16/6	12/0	8/6
WAITSTATE	ZERO	ZERO	ZERO	
SYSTEM MEMORY	1024K to 16MB	1024K to 16MB	640K to 16MB	640K to 16MB
CACHE MEMORY SIZE	64KB	64KB	32KB	
KBD. SELECTABLE SPEEDS	YES	YES	YES	YES
COPROCESSOR SUPPORT	80287/387	80387	80287	80287
32-BIT SLOTS	- 1		- 1	
16-BIT SLOTS	6	4	6	6
8 BIT SLOTS	2		2	2
SERIAL PORTS	2	1	2	2
PARALLEL PORT			1	1
HARD DISK/FD. CTLR.	YES	YES	YES	YES
1.2MB 51/4" OR 1.44MB 3.5" FD.	YES	YES	YES	YES
ROM BASED SETUP/DIAGNOSTICS	YES	YES	YES	YES
POWER SUPPLY	200W	200W	200W	200W
ENHANCED 101-KEY KBD.	YES	YES	YES	YES

SEAGATE, MINISCRIBE, MAXTOR HARD DISKS FROM \$279, VGA/EGA ADAPTORS: VIDEO 7, SK/MA, ATI, EVEREX FROM \$149, MEMORY UPGRADES, COPROCESSORS, MODEMS AT LOW PRICES.

#### **CUSTOM CONFIGURED WITH** TOMORROW'S TECHNOLOGY.

Proteus computers were custom configured to meet NASA's specs. And whether you need only one system or a hundred, we'll custom configure to your exact specifications, too. From a long list of third party,

brand name components. Including 3.5" microfloppy drives, high-speed 1:1 interleave controllers with ESDI and SCSI hard disks and 300x600/640x480 resolution VGA graphics.

IN NJ: 201-288-8629 For tech support: 1-800-541-8933 **8.6** 'hot rod'!" "Among the top 100 products of the year!"

MONOCHROME SYSTEM \$2908 EGA COLOR SYSTEM \$3329 WITH A 40MB, 28MS HARD DISK VGA SYSTEM (800x600) WITH A 40MB, 28MS HARD DISK \$3966

PROTEUS 286GTX

The second secon
keep its PC/AT and PS2 com- puters; I'll take ihe Proteur 286CTX before those on time 1
never want to be without it again!" Ernest Mau Editor ON LINE TODAY
"Fastest machine in the comparison. A superb value"
MONOCHROME SYSTEM \$1995
EGA COLOR SYSTEM \$2495
VGA SYSTEM (800x600) \$2795 WITH A 40MB HARD DISK

#### PROTEUS 286E

"The Proteus 286E is	the clear winner.
We recommend it."	WORLO
MONOCHROME SYSTEM WITH A 20MB HARD DISK	<sup>\$</sup> 1612
EGA COLOR SYSTEM WITH A 20MB HARD DISK	<sup>\$</sup> 2095

#### ORDER BY PHONE. IT'S EASY.

You don't even have to leave your desk to order a Proteus system. Or systems. Just call us direct.

The exact configuration you want will quickly land on your doorstep. All you have to do is plug it in, turn it on and blast off into the wild, blue vonder!



377 Rt. 17 50. Airport 17 Ctr, Hasbrouck Hts, NJ 07604 • Telex 510-610-0960 • FAX 201-288-9518 Electronic catalog and 24-hour tech support: set your modem to 1200B/1/8/N dial 201-288-8577 VAR/Reseller/wilume discounts available. Payment methods: credit card, COD, company POs

LOOK We're combining Computer Warehouse & Silicon Specialities and changing our name to TELEMART

DE

#### Doing Business Since 1980 A Division of CW Marketing, Inc.

...AND IT ALL ADDS—UP TO

3.6

SOFTWARE

#### **DATA BASE MANAGEMENT**

Clipper	
dBase III Plus	369
dBase III LAN	599
DB-XL Diamond	105
Eureka	88
Genifer	188
Nutshell	72
Paradox 2.0	415
PFS: Professional File	119
Q&A	185
Quickcode Plus	129
Rapid File	179
Revelation	459
Revelation Bump Disk	239
R:Base Clout (New Ver.)	175
R:Base For DOS	425
Reflex	78
VP Expert	Call
VP Info PROJECT MANAGEME	56
<b>PROJECT MANAGEME</b>	NT
Harvard Total Project Mgr. II	
Harvard Total Project Mgr. II	309 287
Harvard Total Project Mgr. II	309 287
Harvard Total Project Mgr. II Microsoft Project 4.0 Timeline 2.0	309 287 259
Harvard Total Project Mgr. II Microsoft Project 4.0 Timeline 2.0 WORD PROCESSORS Easy Extra	309 287 259 \$52
Harvard Total Project Mgr. II Microsoft Project 4.0 Timeline 2.0	309 287 259
Harvard Total Project Mgr. II Microsoft Project 4.0 Timeline 2.0	309 287 259 \$52
Harvard Total Project Mgr. II	309 287 259 \$52 185
Harvard Total Project Mgr. II	309 287 259 52 185 249 102 132
Harvard Total Project Mgr. II	309 287 259 52 185 249 102 132 57
Harvard Total Project Mgr. II	309 287 259 52 185 249 102 132
Harvard Total Project Mgr. II	309 287 259 52 185 249 102 132 57
Harvard Total Project Mgr. II	309 287 259 52 185 249 102 132 57 53 32 37
Harvard Total Project Mgr. II	309 287 259 52 185 249 102 132 57 53 32 37
Harvard Total Project Mgr. II	309 287 259 52 185 249 102 132 57 53 32 37 . Call . Call
Harvard Total Project Mgr. II	\$ 309 287 259 \$ 52 185 249 102 132 57 53 32 37 . Call . Call
Harvard Total Project Mgr. II	\$ 309 287 259 \$ 52 185 249 102 132 57 53 32 37 . Call . Call . Call . Call
Harvard Total Project Mgr. II	\$ 309 287 259 \$ 52 185 249 102 132 57 53 32 37 . Call . Call . Call . Call

Newsmaster II	•	•	•	•	•		•	\$ 39
Pagemaker			,					Call
PFS: First Publi	sh	e			,			65
Ventura Publish	in	g						475



#### GRAPHICS

Energraphics	\$186
Freelance Plus	309
Generic CAD w Dot Plot 3.0	72
Harvard Graphics 2.1	239
In-A-Vision	259
In-A-Vision	229
News Room	30
News Room Professional	42
Printmaster Plus	29
PrintShop	32
PrintShop	58
VP Graphix	56
Windows Draw!! w Clip Art	159
MICE	
PC Mouse w/Paint	
(Buss or Serial)	85
PC Mouse	
w/Autosketch (Buss or Serial) .	99
Microsoft Buss Mouse 1.0	92
Microsoft Serial Mouse 1.0	92
MS Buss Mouse w'CADD	107
MS Serial Mouse w/CADD	107
MS Buss Mouse w Windows	122
MS Serial Mouse w.Windows	122
Optimouse	
Optimouse (PC Mouse) w/Dr. Halo III	78
Optimouse (PC Mouse) w/Dr. Halo III INTEGRATIVE SOFTWA	78
Optimouse (PC Mouse) w/Dr. Haio III INTEGRATIVE SOFTWA Ability Plus \$	78
Optimouse (PC Mouse) w/Dr. Halo III INTEGRATIVE SOFTWA Ability Plus S Enable 2.0	78 RE
Optimouse (PC Mouse) w/Dr. Halo III INTEGRATIVE SOFTWA Ability Plus S Enable 2.0	78 RE 137
Optimouse (PC Mouse) w/Dr. Halo III INTEGRATIVE SOFTWA Ability Plus S Enable 2.0 Framework II	78 RE 137 352
Optimouse (PC Mouse) w/Dr. Halo III INTEGRATIVE SOFTWA Ability Plus S Enable 2.0 Framework II MS Works	78 RE 137 352 349
Optimouse (PC Mouse) w/Dr. Halo III INTEGRATIVE SOFTWA Ability Plus S Enable 2.0 Framework II MS Works PFS: 1st Choice	78 <b>RE</b> 137 352 349 113 76
Optimouse (PC Mouse) w/Dr. Halo III INTEGRATIVE SOFTWA Ability Plus S Enable 2.0 Framework II MS Works PFS: 1st Choice Smart Software System Best F	78 <b>RE</b> 137 352 349 113 76 Price
Optimouse (PC Mouse) w/Dr. Halo III INTEGRATIVE SOFTWA Ability Plus S Enable 2.0 Framework II MS Works PFS: 1st Choice Smart Software System Best F	78 <b>RE</b> 137 352 349 113 76
Optimouse (PC Mouse) w/Dr. Halo III INTEGRATIVE SOFTWA Ability Plus S Enable 2.0 Framework II MS Works PFS: 1st Choice Smart Software System Best F Symphony	78 <b>RE</b> 137 352 349 113 76 Price 435
Optimouse (PC Mouse) w/Dr. Halo III INTEGRATIVE SOFTWA Ability Plus S Enable 2.0 Framework II MS Works PFS: 1st Choice Smart Software System Best F Symphony ACCOUNTING ACCPAC	78 <b>RE</b> 137 352 349 113 76 2rice 435 Call
Optimouse (PC Mouse) w/Dr. Halo III INTEGRATIVE SOFTWA Ability Plus S Enable 2.0 Framework II MS Works . PFS: 1st Choice Smart Software SystemBest IF Symphony ACCOUNTING ACCPAC Computer Associates	78 <b>RE</b> 137 352 349 113 76 7rice 435 Call Call
Optimouse (PC Mouse) w/Dr. Halo III INTEGRATIVE SOFTWA Ability Plus S Enable 2.0 Framework II MS Works PFS: 1st Choice Smart Software System Best F Symphony ACCPAC Computer Associates DAC Easy Accounting	78 <b>RE</b> 137 352 349 113 76 7fice 435 Call Call 52
Optimouse (PC Mouse) w/Dr. Halo III INTEGRATIVE SOFTWA Ability Plus S Enable 2.0 Framework II MS Works PFS: 1st Choice Smart Software System Best F Symphony ACCOUNTING ACCPAC Computer Associates DAC Easy Accounting DAC Easy Payroll In-House Accountant	78 <b>RE</b> 137 352 349 113 76 7rice 435 Call Call
Optimouse (PC Mouse) w/Dr. Halo III INTEGRATIVE SOFTWA Ability Plus S Enable 2.0 Framework II MS Works PFS: 1st Choice Smart Software System Best F Symphony ACCOUNTING ACCPAC Computer Associates DAC Easy Accounting DAC Easy Payroll In-House Accountant	78 <b>RE</b> 137 352 349 113 76 Price 435 Call 52 38
Optimouse (PC Mouse) w/Dr. Halo III INTEGRATIVE SOFTWA Ability Plus S Enable 2.0 Framework II MS Works PFS: 1st Choice Smart Software System Best F Symphony ACCOUNTING ACCPAC Computer Associates DAC Easy Payroll In-House Accounting	78 <b>RE</b> 137 352 349 113 76 Price 435 Call 52 38 105
Optimouse (PC Mouse) w/Dr. Halo III INTEGRATIVE SOFTWA Ability Plus S Enable 2.0 Framework II MS Works PFS: 1st Choice Smart Software System Best F Symphony ACCOUNTING ACCPAC Computer Associates DAC Easy Accounting DAC Easy Payroll In-House Accountant One Write Plus 2 C One Write A/R, A/P, Payroll	78 <b>RE</b> 137 352 349 113 76 Price 435 Call 52 38 105 117
Optimouse (PC Mouse) w/Dr. Halo III INTEGRATIVE SOFTWA Ability Plus S Enable 2.0 Framework II MS Works PFS: 1st Choice Smart Software System Best F Symphony ACCOUNTING ACCPAC Computer Associates DAC Easy Accounting DAC Easy Payroll In-House Accountant One Write Plus 2 C One Write A/R, A/P, Payroll Time Slips III	78 <b>RE</b> 137 352 349 113 76 Price 435 Call Call 52 38 105 117 117 109
Optimouse (PC Mouse) w/Dr. Halo III INTEGRATIVE SOFTWA Ability Plus S Enable 2.0 Framework II MS Works PFS: 1st Choice Smart Software System Best F Symphony ACCOUNTING ACCPAC Computer Associates DAC Easy Accounting DAC Easy Payroll In-House Accountant One Write Plus 2 C One Write A/R, A/P, Payroll	78 <b>RE</b> 137 352 349 113 76 27 435 Call 52 38 105 117 117 109 <b>T</b>

UTILITIES		
1 DIR Plus	\$ 46	B
Bookmark		С
Broaklyn Bridge	69	С
Carousel 2.0	38	F
Copy II PC	18	L
Copywrite		М
Corefast	89	P
Cruise Control	29	
Cubit	Call	0
Disk Optimizer 2.0	Call	0
Disk Technician	56	R
Double DOS 4.0		R
DS Back-Up Plus	46	T
Fastback	75	Tı
Fastback Plus	86	Tı
Keyworks	53	Ti
Mace Utilities	47	Ti
Microsoft Windows 2.03	57	
Norton Commander	35	_
Norton Editor	35	С
Norton Utilities 4.0	46	
Note It Plus	45	Le
PC Tools Deluxe	36	М
Printworks for Lasers	67	М
Referee	38	м
Sidekack Plus		М
Sideways	37	P
Smart Notes	43	Τι
SQZ Plus	33	
Superkey		T)
Take Two MGR		Ty
Turbo Editor Tool Box	58	
Unlock AT	36	~
Uniock D Plus		C
XTree Professional	61	4
COMMUNICATIONS		H.
Carbon Copy Plus		La
CompuServe Subscription Kit	19	La
Crosstalk XVI		Lc
Crosstalk Mark IV	400	М
Mirror 11	33	м
Remote	Q7	P
Smartcom III	136	• •
ACCESSORIES		Q
Copy II Option Board Deluxe	\$ 99	Sı
Masterpiece	79	T٧
Masterpiece Plus		VF

#### LANGUAGES

28 : 1

Basic Compiler (Microsott) \$ 1	75
	59
	15
	59
	99
Macro Assembler (Microsoft)	86
	75
	57
	57
	79
Ryan McFarlan Cobol 60	99
	58
Turbo C	58
Turbo Pascai 4.0	58
Turbo Prolog	58
	58
TRAINING	
Chuck Yeager	
Adv. Flight Simulator \$	25
	88
	23
	29
	29
MS Flight Simulator	9
PC Logo	9
Turbo Tutor 4.0	2
	27
Typing Tutor IV	27
SPREADSHEETS	
Cambridge Analyst	-
	55
	9
Lotus 1-2-3 Ver. 2.01	-
Lotus Manuscript	-
	57
MS Excel	-
Multiplan 3.0 (Microsoft)	
	2
Quattro	
Supercaic 4	-
Twin Classic	
	7
VP Planner Plus Ca	11

- · No Charge for VISA and Mastercard
- We Do Not Charge Your Card Until Your Order is Shipped You Pay the Ground Shipping \$6.00 (except Alaksa and Hawaii)

Masterpiece Remote .

We Pay the Air Difference • Free Air applies ONLY to orders up to 10 lbs. & Civer \$50.

id Radio His

Add 5% for C.O.D. Orders

All products carry only manufacturer's warranties. We do not honor guarantees, rebates, trial penod priviledges or promotional programs offered by manuafactures.

No APO FPO, or international orders. please.

107

- Call before submitting P.O.'s Ask for National Accounts
- Personal and Company Checks Will Delay Shipping 3 weeks
- Prices, Terms & Availability Subject to Change Without Notice

#### 0 **/**•`

#### PRINTERS

	DISK	DR	IVES
Bernoulli	Box		

10 Meg . . . . . . . . . . . . \$ 889

20 Meg . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 1015

Silicon pecialties

Alps All models	Call
AST Turbo Lazer	4310
СЛОН НОТС	Call
Citizen Printers	
120D	139
180D	189
MSP 40	319
MSP 45	465
MSP 50	399
MSP 55	529
Premier 35	50 <b>9</b>
Diconix 150	309
300	480
Epson Printers	Call
Hewlett-Packard	
Disk Jet	779
Lazer Jet Series II	1775
NEC	
P2200	329
850 Silent Writer	1539
Cther Models	Call
Okidata	Call
182+	209
192+	325
292	355
294	715
Panasonic	
1080 L M2	165
1091 [ M2	199
1092	325
1524	560
1592	409
1595	469
3131	305
3151	475
Lazer 4450	1635
Star Micronics	Call
Toshiba	
	489
321 SL	655
351 SX	945
Page Lazer	2415
· ugo Luzer · · · · · · · · · ·	

	1015
470 Meg	1559
Beta Ext	1015
Beta Int	775
PC2 Card	139
Seagate	
20 MG w WD Controller	275
251-1	469
AT 40 MEG Full Height	550
Other Models	
Teac	
1.2 MEG AT	89
Floppy F55 BR	79
Toshiba	
3.5 Dr 720K	95
3.5 Dr 1.4MB	
	115
DISKETTES	
Maxell MD-2 Qty. 100	Call
Maxell MD-2HD Qty. 100	Call
Sony 51/4 Qty 100	\$ 65
Sony 31/2 Oty. 100	
MODEMS	
Haves	
Hayes	\$ 280
1209	
1200	245
1200	
1209	245 385
1209	245 385 75
1209	245 385 75 119
1209	245 385 75 119
1200	245 385 75 119 Call
1209	245 385 75 119
1200	245 385 75 119 Call
1209	245 385 75 119 Call 175
1200	245 385 75 119 Call 175 289
1209 1200B 2400B Prometheus 1200B w/Software 2400B w Software 2400B w Software Other Models US Robotics Password 1200 Courier 2400 Courier 2400E KEYBOARDS	245 385 75 119 Call 175 289
1209 1200B 2400B Prometheus 1200B w/Software 2400B w Software 2400B w Software Other Models US Robotics Password 1200 Courier 2400 Courier 2400 Courier 2400E KEYBOARDS Keytronics	245 385 75 119 Call 175 289 335
1209 1209 2400B Prometheus 1200B w/Software 2400B w Software 2400B w Software Other Models US Robotics Password 1200 Courier 2400 Courier 2400 Courier 2400E KEYBOARDS Keytronics KB5151	245 385 75 119 Call 175 289 335 \$ 119
1209 1200B 2400B Prometheus 1200B w/Software 2400B w Software 2400B w Software Other Models US Robotics Password 1200 Courier 2400 Courier 2400 Courier 2400E KEYBOARDS Keytronics KB5151 KB5153	245 385 75 119 Call 175 289 335 \$ 119 149
1209 1200B 2400B Prometheus 1200B w/Software 2400B w Software 2400B w Software Other Models US Robotics Password 1200 Courier 2400 Courier 2400E KEYBOARDS Keytronics KB5151	245 385 75 119 Call 175 289 335 \$ 119

Order Processing (602) 944-1037

#### BOARDS

AST		
Hat Shot	s	35
Six Pack Plus (256K)		19
Xformer		56
3G+		21
Other Models		Ca
ATI		
EGA Wonder		17
VIP Plus		26
Hercules		
Color Card		14
Graphics Card Plus		17
Incolor		20
Intel		
Inboard 386 PC		71
Inboard 386 w/cable		97
4020		37
80287-6		17
Orchid		
Designer EGA		29
VGA		22
Paradise		
Autoswitch 350		13
		23
VGA +		35
		30
Video-7		
VGA		26
Vega Deiuxe		18
V-RAM	•	47
TERMINALS		
Wyse		
30		28
50		36
85		43
HARD CARDS		
Plus 20 MG	\$	52
Plus 40 MG		65

World Radio History

AIR EXPRESS SHIPPING You Pay The Ground Shipping We Pay The Air Difference

	COMPOSENS
1	AST
	Model 80 \$1695
5	Model 140X 2609
5	Model 140
	Model 340 4205
5	Model 390 5839
5	Other Models Call
9	NEC
•	Multispeed EL II 1495
	Powermate
9	
9 5	Toshiba
э 5	T-1000
3	T-1200F 1565 T-1200FH
	T-1200FH
9	T-3120
0	T-3200
	T-5100
0	
9	Wyse
5	386 2735
	MONITORS
9	Amdek Monitors Call
0	NEC
5	Multisync II \$ 589
-	Monographic System 1299
	Other Models Call
	Princeton Ultrasync 485
5	Samsung Call
9	Sony Multiscan (1303) 545
9	Mitsubishi
	Diamond Scan 499
5	Zenith
9	1490



To Place an Order: 1-800-528-1054 To Follow Up on an Order: (602) 944-2552

10:00 a.m-3:00 p.m. Mon.-Fri. Order Line Hours: Monday-Friday 7:00 a.m. 6:00 p.m. Saturday 9:00 a.m.+1:00 p.m · We Do Not Guarantee Machine Compatibility

Mailing Address:

8804 N. 23rd Avenue / Phoenix, Arizona 85021

Circle 57 on Reader Service Card for M5 DUS Products. (All others: 58)

AUGUST 1988 . BY TE 43 Syracuse, NY 13202, (315) 474-3400.

Another is EGA Paint with EGA Slide by RIX Softworks, Inc., 18552 MacArthur Blvd., Suite 375, Irvine, CA 92715, (714) 476-8266.

These products are widely available from mail-order suppliers or in computer stores.—Steve

#### **Communication Problems** Dear Steve,

I recently purchased a Macintosh SE, and I was under the assumption that such a sophisticated machine would hook up to my printer, a Toshiba P1340. I also assumed that any software—such as Microsoft Works and Lotus's Jazz—would also operate with the printer. No such luck. Although I have just begun searching, I have had equally poor luck in unearthing any information that will help me solve the problem.

My Toshiba is a good product, and I'd like to continue to use it with the Mac. I have an Apple IIe and have had no problems with any of the printers I have used with it. I can't understand why a superior machine would present such a frustrating limitation.

I do have an Orange Micro C/Mac/GS linked between my Panasonic 1091 and the Mac. However, printing is so slow that I could write the documents by hand faster. I don't consider this a realistic solution. I'd appreciate any suggestions. David T. Barrat

Acton, MA

The success of the Macintosh computer, after an under-powered beginning, has been one of the more interesting phenomena of the post-1985 computer scene (parallel with, and quite distinct from, the overwhelming continued dominance of the IBM line and its clones). Perhaps the most distinctive characteristic of the Mac is its penchant for doing nearly everything in a non-IBM way. What works with IBM won't work with the Mac, and vice versa.

The individuality, though perhaps somewhat interesting, creates problems that aren't easily solved. Attempting to use the Mac with other than its own specially designed printers graphically illustrates some of those problems.

Your desire to use your Toshiba printer with the Macintosh is understandable, but it may not be possible. The Macintosh uses software drivers to communicate with devices like printers; these drivers can be found in the system folder. Apple Computer supplies drivers only for its Imagewriter and LaserWriter printers. To use a different printer, the appropriate driver must be installed in the system folder of the Macintosh. So far as I can determine, there is no driver available for your Toshiba printer. Unless you create your own driver (a nontrivial task), or one becomes available from another source, your Mac and Toshiba won't sing the same song or speak the same language.—Steve

#### Joyless Joystick

Dear Steve,

I'm trying to interface an external device to my Amiga 500 through the second joystick port. I have experimented and read a few books on the Amiga, but I can't find any way of doing output through the port. I've experimented with pokes and peeks, and I've found that I can input information through the port with the following code:

```
LOOP: PRINT PEEKW(14614540)
POKEW 14614582,0
GOTO LOOP
```

Could you show me how to do output through the port or refer me to some source?

Virender Dayal Hoboken, NJ

I understand your desire to use an unused joystick port on your Amiga for output. Tinkering with hardware and exploring new applications is one of the true joys of computing. Your desire to get output, however, isn't practical.

There are essentially two kinds of connections to electronic circuits: inputs and outputs. Except in the case of specialized devices, like transceivers and analog switches, the two functions aren't interchangeable. The Amiga 500's joystick port is for input only, and there is no way—short of redesigning, cutting, soldering, and praying—that you can change this.—Steve

#### **Do-It-Yourself CAD/CAM** Dear Steve,

I am an amateur engineer and designer with some professional experience in FORTRAN programming. I'm interested in knowing if I could construct a 1megabyte computer that would have the capability for CAD/CAM operations and FORTRAN programming. I don't think I would need BASIC for my application.

My goal is to use CAD/CAM software to construct an item on the monitor, then cut the item in selected locations and use FORTRAN to make an engineering strength analysis. I could then redesign as necessary without removing the item from memory or even from the screen.

I see various companies that sell computer components. Can I buy a keyboard, motherboard, monitor, and other components to put together a system to help me with my engineering? I don't need the extra space and chips that I guess are needed for BASIC or, say, Symphony—I would use those resources for CAD/ CAM and FORTRAN.

> Joseph Weiss Jr. South Hutchinson, KS

While I think you could construct a computer along the lines that you describe, I think it would be far more practical to purchase a standard one. There are a few things you haven't considered that make the decision fairly simple.

It turns out that all computers are pretty much the same under the hood, so any machine that can run FORTRAN or CAD/CAM programs will also run BASIC and other languages. You don't need additional hardware gizmos for those other programs; as far as the computer is concerned, they're all just programs.

By the same token, Symphony and all the other programs will run on the same IBM PC clone that will handle FOR-TRAN or AutoCAD, simply because they're programs written to use that hardware. In fact, you'll find that the CAD programs tend to have more stringent hardware requirements, because they need high-resolution displays, plotters, printers, digitizing tablets, and mice to handle complex graphic I/O.

If you're interested in CAD work, plan to buy at least an IBM PC AT clone with a 40-megabyte hard disk drive, a VGAcompatible monitor, and a mouse. That's the minimum hardware for reasonable performance. Hard copy output can go to either a laser printer or a plotter; the former can handle word processing with ease. But the tab will run about \$5000 for all that hardware, and you won't realize significant savings by assembling parts from several vendors. --Steve

#### Sounds in the Silence Dear Steve,

I want to communicate by telephone with my cousin, who is hearing impaired. I'd like to be able to use my computer and a modem, but my cousin has only teletypewriter (TTY) equipment, and I understand that there is no modem that can connect to a TTY.

The president of the Maryland State Society for the Hearing Impaired tells continued



Tallgrass makes internal and external tape backup systems for the IBM PC/XTIAT, PS/2 or compatibles, and an external unit for your Mac Plus, SE or II.

#### We've got a whole new family of tape backup systems.

Whether you've got an IBM, a compatible, or a Macintosh, you can count on Tallgrass. We back you with all the storage capacity you could ask for, plus all the features, all the support, and all the speed you'll ever need. And we make it easy to protect your valuable data. Since all operations are automatic and unattended, you can just set it, and forget it.

#### Best of all, we stand behind our products with the industry's only 3-year warranty.

But there's one other reason why so many more people are asking for Tallgrass. It's because the competition is asking so much more for their products.

allaceicosh" and "Mac Plus" are trademarks of Apple Computer Inc

Let Tallgrass start backing you up. Call 1-800-TAL-GRAS. Or write to: Tallgrass Technologies, Inc. 11:00 West 82nd St. Overland Park, KS 66214

1000



When it's worth saving, it's worth Tallgrass AUGUST 1988 • B Y T E 45

Circle 234 on Reader Service Card (DEALERS: 235)

1968 Tailorass Technologies, Inc. "IBM" is a registered trademark of International Business Ma

#### Save Hundreds of **Dollars** When You Re-Ink Costly ImageiWriter Inker Shown Printer Ribbons

Now you can re-ink fabric ribbons again and again-for just pennies each time! So, don't throw away expensive ribbons-re-ink them and save, save, save, Bede Tech Ribbon Inker comes with FREE 4-oz. bottle of black ink (lasts 50-100 re-inkings), FREE ink roller and FREE roller cover.



#### CUSTOM RIBBON INKER \$6495

Factory Set For Your Ribbon-Call with Printer Manufacturer and Model **EPSON PRINTER RIBBON INKER \$52.95 IMAGEWRITER PRINTER INKER \$49.00** 

#### **INK & RIBBONS**

Black Ink, 4 oz. bottle	\$ 4.50
Black Ink, Pint	16.50
ImageWriter ribbons, uninked	2/10.00
ImageWriter ribbons, inked	2/12.00
Colored Ink, Multi-Color Ribbon:	s CALL



#### HI-CAPACITY. LOW-COST DISK ORGANIZERS

Sturdy, stackable 200 lb. test corrugated cdb. dividers, lid. Specify High-Gloss White or Satiny Wood-Grain finish. 514 " FLOPPY DISK ORGANIZER

		_,,
Holds 100 disks	\$5.45	4/\$19.95
3.5" DISK ORGANIZER		

Holds 100 disks	\$7.45	4/\$24.95
3.5" DESK TOP DISK (	DRGANI	ZER
Holds 50 disks	\$4.45	4/\$14.95
COMPACT DISK ORGA	ANIZER	
Holds 50 C.D.s	\$3.95	4/\$13.95

MacWorld Expe Booth #5056 SEE US AT THE WORLD TRADE CENTER



#### PRINTER SILENCER \$2995!

Reduce irritating printer noise up to 90%! Attractive wood grain finish, 200 lb. test corrugated cdb. Ideal for light and medium use of printers up to  $17.5'' \times 13.5'' \times 5''$ .

MEW ACCESSORIES	
Keyboard Drawer	\$32.95
Printer/Monitor Stand	\$12.95
PC/Mac II CPU Vertical Stand	\$19.95
Mac II Monitor & CPU	
Ext. Cables	\$32.95
Mac II Keyboard Ext. Cable	\$25.95
PC Monitor/Keyboard Ext.	
Cables	\$32.95
31/2" Disk Holder w/Velcro	
Mounting	\$ 6.95
51/4 " Disk Holder w/Velcro	
Mounting	\$ 7.95
Mac, Mac Plus, Mac SE	
System Stand	\$19.95
Apple/Mac Security Cable Kit	\$32.95
Hard Keyboard Covers.	
Specify: Mac, Mac Plus,	
Mac SE Mac II, Apple IIGs	\$ 9.95
Mac SE or Mac II Extended	\$12.95
NEW EZ GLIDER™ PAD	FOR

YOUR TEFLON MOUSE Designed specifically for the new Mac II and SE Teflon padded mouse. Will also put new life into your old mouse. Specify platinum, maroon or royal blue. EZ GLIDER MOUSE PAD \$11.95 STANDARD MOUSE PAD (royal blue) \$5.95

FREE Illustrated Catalog With Many More Items • 24 Hour Shipment • 30 Day Money-Back Guarantee We Don't Bill You Until We Ship To You



Circle 24 on Reader Service Card

World Radio History

me that the Bell Telephone System has a very expensive converter that will allow modems and TTYs to connect. He tells me further that the deaf community uses machines that are based on the TTY code because (a) such machines are readily and economically available, and (b) most of the members of the deaf community cannot afford the Bell System converter.

I think you can make an enormous contribution to the many people who are hearing impaired and to the microcomputer community as well. If such a converter exists, surely you can design equipment that will serve the same function and that can be made from economical and readily available parts.

George Allison Essex. MD

I've received many useful suggestions for Circuit Cellar projects from readers such as yourself. I will seriously consider your suggestions concerning modem/TTY compatibility.

There are definitely some possibilities that deserve consideration and exploration. The microcomputer world is frequently afflicted with incompatibilities, and the differences between current microcomputer modems and the older TTY-based equipment illustrate the situation nicely.

While there are viable markets for various computer modems and TTY equipment, there is a much smaller market for protocol converters for the two communications methods. The small size of the market limits the amount of development you can accomplish without going broke.

As you said, there seems to be no general-purpose equipment on the market, other than the expensive converters sold by the phone company, that permits communication between a typical microcomputer and a TTY unit used by hearingimpaired individuals. Modifying existing commercial equipment is usually impractical unless the TTY capability has been designed into it from the beginning.

At one time Novation made an internal modem called the Apple Cat for Apple II series computers. After a simple factory hardware modification, you could use it with special software (available on disk from Novation) to work with the 45.5bit-per-second, Baudot-coded (5-bit) protocol used by TTY. However, Novation no longer makes it. Texas Instruments also has a software package available for the TI Professional that lets that computer emulate a TTY terminal, but it works in conjunction with unique TI hardware and thus has little generality. -Steve 🔳

## **COMPLETE 12 MHz ZERO-WAIT 286 SYSTEM** *WITH 32MB HARD DRIVE!*

#### Can you believe it? Yes you can!

32 MB hard drive. 12 MHz ZERO Wait State. Fully AT compatible. Our *complete* '286 system ready to plug in and fly right out of the box! At the amazing price of only \$1,295!

How is it possible? By buying direct from the manufacturer that's how. ZEOS International offers you the finest, best-backed fully AT compatible systems available . . . at *factory direct* prices.

We think you'll agree, this is the very best value you'll find anywhere.

#### ZEOS® Customer Assurance Program

Compare not only our features but the ZEOS<sup>®</sup> Customer Assurance Program as well: 1. Full refund within 30 days of shipment if you are not absolutely satisfied. 2. One full year limited warranty on parts and labor. 3. Federal Express replacement of any failed parts for your first year of ownership.

#### **STANDARD FEATURES INCLUDE:**

12" High Resolution Amber Screen TTL Monitor with Tilt & Swivel base. Easy on the eyes!

80286 CPU Zero-Wait State Motherboard with 8 I/O slots and socket for 80287 Math Co-processor.

6/12 MHz Dual Speed, Keyboard Selectable, Zero Wait-State. Phoenix BIOS!

Deluxe AT-style Case, Security Keylock, Reset Button, LEDs.

Full 101 key AT-style Keyboard, Mechanical Tactile with Pleasant

AT is a registered trademark of IBM Corporation. Due to currency fluctuations and other factors beyond our control, proces are subject to change without notice. Call for complete warranty details.

In Minnesota Call: 612-633-4591 FAX Orders Dial: 612-633-2310





S1,29500

And every ZEOS<sup>®</sup> system is fully assembled, burned-in and tested in our own laboratories. We would like to build one for you. Give us a call today!

#### **OTHER ZEOS OPTIONS:**

- Basic System Only: Everything except HDD/HDC. \$995
- Complete 64 MB hard drive system! Only \$1,595
- EGA Upgrade. 14" EGA color monitor with ZEOS EGA card. Fully tested. Add \$495
- Many other drives and options available. Call Toll Free for details, 800-423-5891.

#### NEW! ZEOS® '386 Tower System

Available now! Zeos® 386 Tower System! Complete with 64 MB HDD; Adaptec 2372 HDC, 1:1 interleave, 800 KB/sec transfer rate; 1 MB RAM, Zero-Wait, cache memory, 1.2 FDD, High Resolution tilt swivel monitor, 101 key keyboard, and more. Complete 20 MHz System \$3,495! 16 MHz \$2,995!

- Heavy Duty 200W Power Supply.
- Real Time Clock/Calendar with Battery Backup.
- 512K, 80ns Memory expandable to 1MB on the Motherboard.
- Hard and Floppy Drive Controller; 1:1, 800 KB/sec!
  - Serial and Parallel/ Printer Ports.
    - 1.2 MB High Capacity Floppy Drive.
      - 32MB hard drive.
      - High Resolution Monochrome Graphic Card.
      - FCC approved.

THERNATIONAL, LTD. 530 5th Avenue NW, Suite 1000 St. Paul, MN 55112 AUGUST 1988 • B Y TE 47

World Radio History

**ORDER NOW TOLL FREE** 

800-423-5891





## You Can Never Be Too Powerful Or Too Thin.

As portable PCs go, ours may look a bit on the skinny side. But they're by no means undernourished.

After all, each 286 and 386 powered Toshiba portable has an easy-to-read gas plasma screen. Each is IBM-compatible. And each gives you a wide range of features you'd expect only from a desktop PC.

The T3100/20, for example, weighs a scant 15 pounds, yet has an abundance of power. It comes with an 80286 micro-processor and 640KB of RAM that's extendable to 2.6MB. Plus, there's a built-in 20MB hard disk.

Our T3200 has the advantages of a 12MHz 80286 microprocessor, an EGA display system, a 40MB hard disk and 1MB of RAM expandable to 4MB. Also, its two IBM-compatible internal expansion slots let you connect your PC to mainframes, LANs and more. But what's even more impressive is how we managed to fit all this into a slim, 19-pound package.

Then there's our T5100. As amazing as it seems, we managed to squeeze a 16MHz 80386 microprocessor into a slim package that weighs less than 15 pounds. To that we added an EGA display system and a 29 msec 40MB hard disk. As your thirst for power grows, its 2MB RAM can be upgraded to 4MB. And for a limited time, your T5100 purchase entitles you to buy the powerful Paradox 386° database software for only \$299 (nearly \$600 off the retail price).

For more information on Toshiba computers and printers, call 1-800-457-7777. And rest assured that whichever Toshiba PC you choose, you'll be getting the kind of power once reserved for cumbersome desktop computers.

All of which proves you can maintain a position of great power without having to throw a lot of weight around.

Toshiba PCs are backed by the Exceptional Care program (no-cost enrollment required). See your dealer for details. IBM is a registered trademark of International Business Machines Corp. Paradox is a registered trademark of Borland Corp.







#### **INQUIRY LINE 713 784-0990** HRS: M-F 8-6 SAT. 10-3 SUNDAY CLOSED **TOLL FREE ORDER ONLY 1-800-622-EXPO**

**World Radio History** 

### **BOOK REVIEWS**

#### The Armchair Universe by A. K. Dewdney

W. H. Freeman & Co., New York: 1988, 330 pages, \$19.95 cloth, \$13.95 paper

#### **Reviewed by Hugh Kenner**

For nearly two years, a Turbo Pascal program I play with on my Zenith Z-100 has been accumulating shortcuts and speedups. It examines areas near the border of the famous Mandelbrot set and represents their detail with colored patterns. It began as a direct translation into Pascal of a program that, being in interpreted BASIC, was far too slow. The author of the BASIC program had been guided by a short algorithm in the August 1985 Scientific American. My copy of that issue was long ago swiped by someone, and the library copy I recently consulted had lost the article to a vandal's scissors. I was pleased to find it reprinted in this first collection of A. K. Dewdney's Computer Recreations columns.

I suspect that's not an uncommon scenario. Dewdney is very likely responsible for more filched and mutilated copies of Scientific American than any other current author. He has also prompted, worldwide, uncountable hours of coding time. That's because he doesn't list programs; he states some interesting theme and shows you how to think about implementing it. At the back of The Armchair Universe is a list of suppliers, and Dewdney's tone dissuades you from even thinking about buying such canned software-an altruistic act, given that Dewdney himself might be one of the suppliers. He'd like us all to get our feet wet and



our minds stretched by learning to program (i.e., think sequentially). He wants us to shed the chains of "software slavery," a state "inadvertently encouraged" by packagers.

This collection has something for almost everyone. If, like me, you're challenged by graphics, there are chapters entitled "The Mandelbrot Set" and "Wallpaper for the Mind." Higher Math? Try "Golomb Rulers" or "Hypercubes." Artificial Intelligence? Try "RACTER," "Facebender," "Checkers," more. Life? Puzzles? Simulations? They're all here. And if your fantasies run to aliens

#### ALSO REVIEWED

In the Age of th <mark>e Smart I</mark> The Future of Work and	Machir Power	ne:	•	
Programmer's Guide to	the He	e <mark>rcule</mark> s Gra	phics Ca	rds
Manufacturing Intelliger	nce			1
HyperCard Power	L	а 14	١	e

snuffing out benign systems, three pieces on "Core Wars" deal with plagues that propagate through memory, zapping anything they find except themselves.

#### **Good Medicine for Pros**

The great merit of Dewdney's approach is his patient, genial concentration on how to define a project and relax and think about it. His book might even be good medicine for pros who scorn the very idea of recreational computing. Thus he cites the solution of Jon L. **Bentley** (Programming Pearls columnist for Communications of the ACM) to the problem of finding anagrams. Assume the computer has access to a dictionary (as it must, to know if what it has found is a word). The obvious way is to exhaust the permutations, checking each in the dictionary. At 120 permutations for just 5 different letters, that's slow. But here's Bentley's "Aha!" way: Sort the letters of each dictionary word in ascending order; sort the resulting list; and pair its entries with the parent words, like this:

aecrs	acres
aecrs	cares
aecrs	races
aecrs	scare
aecrt	cater
aecrt	crate

That big but uncomplicated job once done, any anagram problem is reduced to a singleletter sort and a quick lookup. You want anagrams for *acres*? The sort is *aecrs*. The lookup finds *cares*, *races*, and *scare*. And that is all, so far as this dictionary knows.

One pleasure in The Armchair Universe problems is enjoying them in themselves (every day, in countless newscontinued



Order Toll Free 1-800-255-GTEK (4835) Fax: 1-601-467-0935 Telex 315814 (GTEK UD) MS & Technical Support 1-601-467-8048

PC/XT/AT is a Registered Trademark of IBM Corp.

Circle 97 on Reader Service Card (DEALERS: 98)

World Radio History

papers, anagrams entrance the players of a game called Jumbles), and another is the light they can throw on deeper problems. A story I especially enjoy has Dewdney in a quarry marveling at a fossil trilobite. when a man named Smith, a professor of paleontology, happens by. Why, Dewdney asks him, did the trilobites become extinct? Why, Smith rejoins, is the name Smith so common? Those turn out to be the forms of the same question, and they prompt two related algorithms-PALEO-TREE, in which genera and species survive, mutate, or die out; and NEOTREE, in which families (and their names) become extinct, leaving space for Smiths to flourish in. The chief difference is that NEO-TREE has no parallel for new species evolving. (Though what about Smythe from Smith? In fine-tuning that program, I'd insert a Vanity Factor.)

Start with 1000 family names, and, by NEOTREE's showing, in about 23 generations three-quarters of them will be extinct. That's because it's the males who carry on the name, and the empirical probability is 0.317 that a family will produce no males destined to marry. Half the families are gone in some 3 generations, two-thirds in about 10. Thereafter, attrition slows down. Will the number ever shrink to 1? Perhaps in Googolplex years (that's 10 to the 10th to the 100th). Or more likely not. If Smiths are a tenacious tribe, so are Joneses.

Then there's the Voting Simulation dreamed up by two Britons. We start with a grid of randomly colored squaressay, blue for Republican, red for Democrat. We next assume that opinions follow those of forceful neighbors. Select a voter at random: select one of his eight neighbors at random; change his persuasion to that of the neighbor. Silently and rapidly, this simulates a lot of argument, a lot of malleability, and strange things happen. (Voters near an

edge of the grid still have eight neighbors because left wraps to join right, top to join bottom. Yes, that does make the country toroidal. I have a feeling this game could be implemented on a spreadsheet.)

"First, large blocks of votes develop within the grid. The blocks are geographic areas where everyone has the same opinion." (Recall FDR's old Solid South.) "Then the blocks migrate around the grid, and for a while two blocks struggle for dominance. Finally, the two-party system collapses as everyone ends up voting the same way. The smaller block vanishes as democracy votes itself out of existence—or does it? This is a neat philosophical question."

Dewdney hastens to remark that as a model of the political process, this is "admittedly simpleminded." He also reports that even so simple a model leaves democracy looking pretty tough. Some readers reported that after an overnight run, considerable difference of opinion lingered. In Dewdney's own experience, achieving unanimity takes "the better part of a day" many million acts of random persuasion. (And what happens, he asks, if each beset voter crankily adopts an opinion the opposite of that random neighbor's? He doesn't tell, and I haven't tried it.)

#### Simulation vs. Reality

Many of Dewdney's chapters conjure up the besetting devil of Computer Simulations: Do I really gain insight into realworld events, or am I just amusing myself with a model so neat I can see how to program it? The chapter entitled 'Sharks and Fish on the Planet Wa-Tor" is a good example. Fish die of being eaten by sharks; sharks die if they haven't eaten recently enough. Both have single offspring at fixed intervals (it works best when the sharks breed more slowly). Both move at random, point to point, north, south, east, west, with this complicacontinued



## Cut loose from the LAN tangle with SCO XENIX and SCO FoxBASE+!

With industry-standard SCO<sup>T</sup> XENIX<sup>®</sup> System V and SCO FoxBASE+,<sup>T</sup> you'll enjoy a *real* multiuser system that runs your existing dBASE III PLUS<sup>®</sup> code faster, easier, more reliably—and at half the cost!

Greater Performance. With only a single PC and none of the traffic overhead required by a LAN server,

The SCO Solution is lean and fast. Users share SCO FoxBASE+, applications, and data files via inexpensive terminals—all with greater performance.

Greater Profitability. The SCO Solution gives you more for your money for greater profitability. An 8-user SCO XENIX system costs about half as much as an 8-user LAN—and adding each new user costs two-thirds less!

Greater Reliability. Because an SCO XENIX system is more reliable than a LAN, you'll spend less time solving LAN problems and more time creating SCO XENIX-based solutions.

Easier to Administer. SCO XENIX systems can be easily administered by end users. LANs are much more complicated—multiple PCs, multiple PC configurations, and multiple sources of failure. Enhanced dBASE III PLUS Functionality. SCO FoxBASE+ works just like dBASE III PLUS, only better. It reads and writes the same data files, and runs your source code at compiled speed without having to compile—for a shorter development cycle.

Future Compatibility. An SCO XENIX system protects your investment because future compatibility is built in.

By migrating your dBASE III PLUS applications to The SCO Solution, you can cut your costs and increase your profits—both today and tomorrow.

So cut loose from LANs and relax with a *real* mulituser solution — The SCO Solution — SCO XENIX and SCO FoxBASE+!

SCO FoxBASE+ is also available for larger UNIX\* systems, and FoxBASE+ is available for DOS systems.

Relax with The SCO Solution



(800) 626-UNIX (626-8649) (408) 425-7222 FAX: (408) 458-4227 TWX: 910-598-4510 SCO SACZ uucp: ...decvax!microsoft!sco!info

#### Circle 211 on Reader Service Card

SCO XENIX System V and the SCO XENIX family of software solutions are available for all industry-standard 80286- and 80386- hased computers, and the IBM® Personal System/2<sup>th</sup> Models 50, 60 and 80. SCO and the SCO logo are trademarks of The Sama Cruz Operation, Inc. IBM is a registered trademark of Wert. Corporation FoRMSE is a trademark of Wert Trademark of Wert. (988 The Sama Cruz Operation, Inc., 400 L6 molos). (998 The Sama Cruz Operation, Inc., 400 L6 molos). The Sama Cruz Operation Ltd., P.O. Box 419, 18 Norl Street. London Wilh 419 United Kingdom, +41 149 2011, (FAX). +41 1637 9381, TELEX 917/72 SOL LDN

#### How to get through traps with

#### **Quaid Analyzer**

Quaid Analyzer is a powerful diagnostic tool that shows what is going on inside your computer. Since we developed Quaid Analyzer to unravel copy-protection, we had to include ways of tracing in spite of the countermeasures used to block us. Some common ones are:

Overwrite the vector for interrupt 3, so you can't use breakpoints. Quaid Analyzer can use any of the other 255 vectors for breakpoints instead.

Overwrite the vector for interrupt 1, so you can't single step. Quaid Analyzer scrupuiously saves and restores interrupt cells when changing them. You won't notice changes to vector 1 except at the one instruction doing the change. Step over it with another command.

Checksum the program to detect breakpoints. Quaid Analyzer can report every interrupt call. Since DOS programs have to call interrupts for all system services, you get control frequently, and at revealing places. Single stepping is unaffected by checksums.

Manipulate the t flag to stop single stepping. Just avoid the single step key for one instruction. Quaid Anaiyzer has two ways to step over a few instructions.

Point the stack over the interrupt vectors. Just ask **Quaid Analyzer** to catch the next system service call interrupt. The program will have to fix everything first.

Of course, your own program probably doesn't have any tricks to block tracing. With a tool as powerful as **Quaid Analyzer**, it should be a simple matter to diagnose it.

Quaid Analyzer comes with a manual, and software on a 3 inch and a 5 inch diskette. If you are not satisfied with Quaid Analyzer, you can return it within 30 days for a refund. Quaid Analyzer is not sold by dealers in the United States or Canada. It is not copy-protected.

To order **Quaid Analyzer**, call us with your credit card, or send us a check for \$200 US funds. We ship within a day at our expense.



Quaid Software Limited Third Floor Dept B630 45 Charles Street East Toronto Ontario Canada M4Y 1S2

(416) 961-8243

Warning! For advanced programmers only.

tion: A shark will always move to (and eat) an adjacent fish when there is one.

I haven't tried this one, either, though the programming looks simple. What Dewdney reports is scenarios sensitive to geometry. Neither the initial distribution nor the actual movement seems important, but when a tight school of fish forms, then the sharks discover and destroy it, then die themselves for lack of food. Result: zero population of any kind. (Though sometimes a smaller school of fish, elsewhere on the screen. would go unnoticed until the sharks were extinct. Result: an ocean crammed with fish.)

An evident simplifying assumption is that nothing ever happens to fish, save getting eaten by sharks. Still, the game exhibits cyclic ups and downs that resemble the fluctuating numbers of predators and prey in situations that have been tabulated, as when Hudson's Bay Company counted a whole half-century's lynxes and hares. A lot of hares fed a lot of lynxes; then as hares drew near extinction lynxes died off, too, permitting a resurgent hare population... You see the pattern.

A graph of some very smooth things called the Lotke-Volterra equations looks rather similar, and they've been invoked to model predator-prey fluctuations. But by Dewdney's report, graphs derived from the Wa-Tor game look more like the Hudson's Bay data than Lotke-Volterra curves do. He's puzzled, though, by certain long-term instabilities. I'll leave it at that. Computer modeling still awaits its Leibniz.

#### BRIEFLY NOTED

In the Age of the Smart Machine: The Future of Work and Power by Shoshana Zuboff, Basic Books, New York: 1988, 468 pages, \$19.95. The television introduced to entertain may end up shaping the very schedule of our days. The microwave bought for convenience may change the type of meals we eat. Thus, examining a technology only in light of its original intentions may obscure the actual effects. Such is the case with computers: They are installed in order to increase productivity, but, in fact, they fundamentally alter the work environment. Shoshana Zuboff takes a long, careful look at what happens to the workplace when computers are introduced.

Zuboff has two basic ways of looking. First, she uses her eight in-depth studies (1981 to 1986) of companies that had recently made the transition to computerization. Second, she puts observations about the current work environment in light of a history of work informed by her wide readings in philosophy, psychology, and sociology.

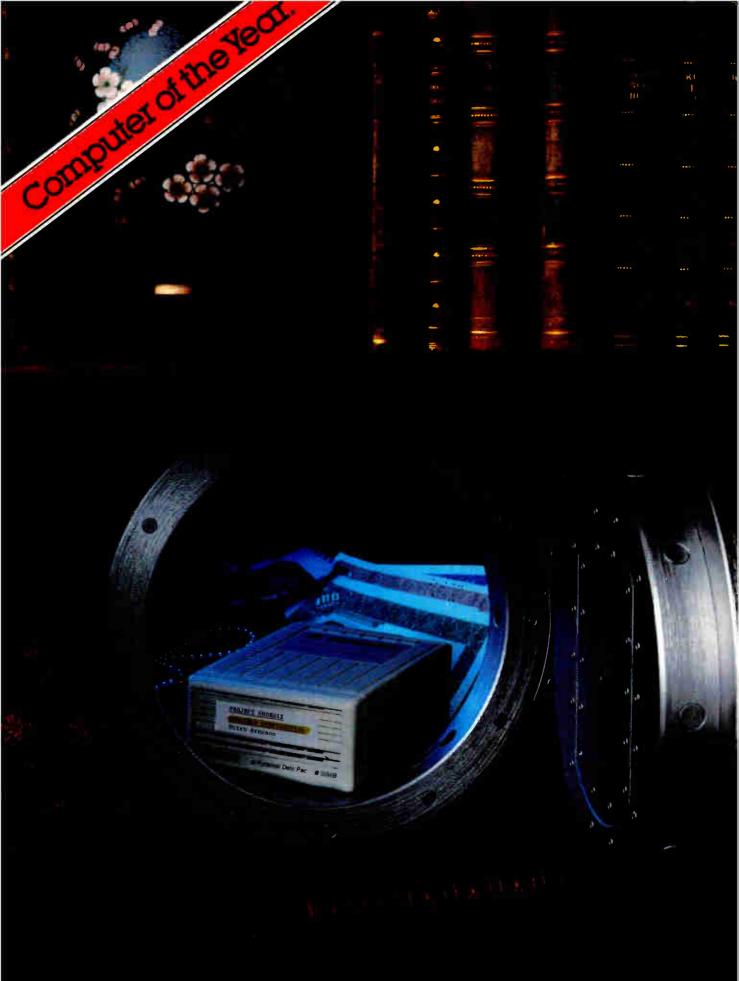
Zuboff takes the body as the focal point of her history of work. At first, work was physical labor that required bodily effort and bodily skills. As work has developed-or at least changed-throughout the centuries, it has been distributed, and the types of knowledge necessary have changed. (Zuboff's analysis of knowledge develops from her description of the different ways one's body inhabits one's environment, rather than beginning from an assumption that mind and body are fundamentally apart. This approach proves fruitful, in line with the work of the French phenomenologist Maurice Merleau Ponty.)

Zuboff looks to her case studies to find the state of work today. Her findings are not surprising. For example, at a pulp mill where workers went from checking on the pulping process by sticking their hands into the vats to checking a digital readout on a computer console, the workers have traded bodily involvement and skillful knowledge for a more abstract relationship with their *continued* 

TOLL-F	REE ORDER	LINE 1-800-4	121-3135
NOW AVAILABLE MICROSOFT MACH 20\$309 MICROSOFT WINDOWS 386\$110 FREE SOFTWARE! Purchase over \$100 and receive one of these disks absolutely FREE! Purchases		- HARDWARE - Accessories Copy II PC Deluxe \$101 Curtis Ruby 59 Logical Connection 379 Mach III Joystick 36 Masterpiece 85	EGA Monitors Casper \$410 Princeton Ultra Scan 539 Mitsubishi Diamond Scan 499 NEC – Mullisync II 600 Zenith 14" Flat Screen 650
urchase is over \$500! 1) MIXED BAG. 2	get three, or get all four disks when your PC-WRITE. FONT-SET. 4) ABC-LIST.	Masterpiece + 95 150 Watt Power Supply 69	Hard Cards           Plus 20 MB         \$52           Plus 40 MB         65
- SOFTWARE - Accounting hac Easy Acct. \$54 bac Easy Light 39 bac Easy Payroll 39 bollars & Sense 94 thouse Acct. 112 tanaging Your Money 4.0 117	LanguagesMicrosoft Pascal\$176Microsoft Quick Basic 4.059Microsoft Quick C59Ryan McFarlan Fortran390Ryan McFarlan Cobol612Turbo Basic59Turbo C 1.559Turbo Pascal59Turbo Prolog59	Boards           AST         \$319           Advantage Premium         \$319           Rampage 286         379           Sixpac Plus w/64K         129           EVEREX         2MB Above PC/XT w/o Mem         79           3MB Above AT w/o Mem         89           HERCULES         Graphics Plus         179	Hard Drives Seagate 20 MB w/cont \$26 Seagate 30 MB w/cont 29 Seagate 40 MB AT 251-2 Seagate 80 MB AT 65 Seagate 8T-125 w/cont 32 Seagate ST-138 w/cont 39
Communication Programs           rooklyn Bridge Universal         \$75           sarbon Copy Plus         108           rosstalk XVI         89           rosstalk MK4         110           lying Dutchman         64           C Anywhere III         96	Multi-User Software           Fox Base +         \$299           Microsoft Word         195           Word Perfect         310           Word Perfect Modules         ea 75	Above PC 64K         225           Above 286 w/512K         379           Orchid Tiny Turbo *         289           COMPUTERS           AZ 386           80386-16 Micro Processor, 1 MB	Modems           AZ 300/1200 w/o Soft         \$6           Everex 300/1200 w/ Soft         6           Everex 2400 INT         19           Hayes 1200 EXT w/o soft         29           Hayes 1200 BINT w/ Soft         28           Novation Parot 1200 w/Soft         9           U.S. Robotics 2400 w/o Soft         33
Data Base Managers           lipper         \$370           ondor 3         325           lataPerfect         Low Price           Base III Plus         375           BAL Diamond         115           ox Base Plus         189           aradox 2.0 Premium         435           FS: Pro File         139           owerbase         169	Project Manager         Microsoft Project       \$305         Super Project Plus       255         Timeline 2.0       265         Total Havard Man. 2       355         Spreadsheet         Lotus 1-2-3       \$295         Microsoft PC Excel       279	AZ Turbo 286 512K, 6 & 10 MHZ, keyboard, 200 wait power supply, 6 layer mother board, RT keyboard 512K, 6 & 10 MHZ, keyboard, 200 wait power supply, one 1.2 teac drive, Phoenix Bios \$999	Mice Genius \$4 Logitech 6 Microsoft Bus w/Paintbrush 9 Microsoft Serial 9 Optimouse w/Dr Halo 8 Optimouse w/DPE 18
8&A 3.0         189           buicksiker Diamond         329           evelation Advanced         485           Base For DOS         425           fellex         90           tellate & Report         112           P Info         65	Quattro       143         Surpass       329         Twin       35         VP Planner Plus       88         Utilities         Core Fast         Low Prices	AZ Turbo 8088-2 135 watt power supply, One 360K drive, 640K, keyboard \$569	Monitors           AMDEK           410 Amber         \$14           MAGNAVOX         \$15           RGB         25           NEC         19           SAMSUNG         19
Desktop Publishing agemaker Ver. 3.0 \$549 FS: First Publisher 55 entura Publisher 493 Graphics \$200	Copy II PC     \$19       Copywrite     39       Cubit     39       Deskview 2.01     72       Direct Access     49       Eureka     99       Fastback Plus     89       Formbools     56       Graph in the Box 2     55	AZ 10 150 watt power supply, dual 360K drive, 10 MHZ mother board, 640K, keyboard \$589	Flat Amber 8 TTL Amber w/lit 7 Color w/lit 24 Printers CITIZEN
hartmaster         199           lesign Cad 2D & 3D         148           lagram Master         199           asy Cad         109           eneric Cad         49           rA-Vision         270           licrosoft Chart 3.0         243           ewsroom Pro         65           rintshop         33	Mace     55       Microsoft Windows 2.03     59       Norton Advanced     75       Norton Utilities     48       PC Tools Deluxe     37       Prokey 4.0     70       Q DOS II     49       Righwriter     75       Sidekick Plus     115       Sideways     39       Siz Plus     55	AST 286 Premium or 386 Premium Computers 512K, RAM, RT enhanced style keyboard, parallel, serial and clock, 1.2MB floppy disk drive, 7 expansion slots, DOS 3.3 & Basic Available Now Best Prices	MSP 40         \$28           120 D         14           MSP 50         38           EPSON         10           L0 500         34           L0 850         55           NEC         PSXLP           PSXLP         86           PS200         53           P2200         33           LASSERS         12
Integrated bility Plus \$145 nable 352 licrosoft Works 116 FS Ist Choice 79 mart System 429 ymphony 465	Word Processing           Microsoft Word 4.0         \$185           Microsoft Word 4.0         \$185	EGA Boards           ATI Ega Wonders         \$175           Genoa Hi-Res         186           Orchid Designer         259           Paradise Auto 480         148           Paradise VGA Plus         269           Paradise VGA Proff.         399           Vega VGA         275	LASSENS NEC 690 330 AST TURBO PS 319 OKIDATA LASSERLINE 6 129 OKIDATA OKI 390 49 OKI 391 67 STAR MICRONICS NX 1000 18 NX 1000 Color 23

#### TOLL-FREE ORDER LINE 1-800-421-3135 WAREHOUSE DATA PRODUCTS 2701 West Glendale Ave. • Phoenix, AZ 85051 We do not guarantee compatibility

Servicing our PC buyers with low pricing and technical experience since 1979. Phone Hours: Monday thru Friday 7am-9pm. Saturday 9am-5pm MST.



# Secure.

 $si \cdot k\overline{u}r'$ , a. [L. securus]: The ability to keep your confidential data and your whole personal computing environment away from prying eyes and meddling associates.

Securing your personal computer files has, until now, been a complicated and mostly unreliable matter. Not any more.

The Tandon Personal Data Pac is the world's first truly removable. self-contained Winchester hard disk drive that pops in and out of its receptacle with the stroke of a key. You just lock the Personal Data Pac with your entire computing environment in your desk or your safe.

And when your business keeps vou on the move, the Tandon Personal Data Pac lets vou take

your office with you. It fits easily in your briefcase or your garment bag. If the airlines lose it, fret. Backing up a don't



full Personal Data Pac onto another takes only a few minutes. So you can take one and keep a copy secure in your safe. The Personal

Data Pac protects vour data well. It's

a hearty little traveller that can take a lot of abuse. It can cope with the rough and tumble world of the postal

system, as well as take an occasional knock off your



World Radio History

desk. Your precious programs and data remain cradled inside. Safe. secure, and ready to use.

The Tandon Personal Data Pac shatters the storage limitations of your personal computer. When vour first high-capacity Data Pac is full, pop in a fresh one and you're ready to go on. Infinitely.

If you need to share your PC, software and data. the Tandon Personal Data Pac offers the safest, cheapest and most reliable "network" pos-

sible for transferring

highcapacity files quickly and easily. And, you can make any computer your personal dedicated workstation, simply inserting your own Data

by Pac.

Let your Tandon Dealer show you how the Personal Data Pac can make living with your PC more economical and productive. See him today, or call us at 1-800-556-1234, Ext. 171 (in California 1-800-441-2345, Ext. 171).

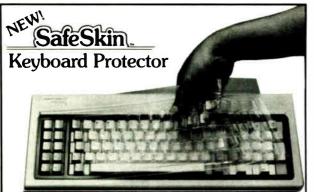
Security for a small price.



*We're redefining* personal computing.

Circle 236 on Reader Service Card (DEALERS: 237)

#### BOOK REVIEWS



#### Finally! A Keyboard Protector That:

- PROTECTS CONTINUOUSLY 24 HOURS A DAY -Against computer downtime due to liquid spills, dust, ashes, staples, paper clips and other environmental hazards.
- REMAINS IN PLACE during the operation of your keyboard. SafeSkin is precision molded to fit each key - like a "second skin."
- EXCELLENT FEEL The unique design eliminates any interference between adjacent keys, allowing smooth natural operation of your keyboard.
- SafeSkin IS VIRTUALLY TRANSPARENT Keytops and side markings are clearly visible. In fact, SafeSkin is so clear, sometimes you may not know it's there!
- DURABLE LONG LASTING SafeSkin is not a "throwaway" item. Many of our protectors have lasted over 3 years under continuous daily use, without failure.

SafeSkin is available for most popular PC's and portables including: IBM, APPLE, AT&T, COMPAQ, DEC, EPSON, KEY-TRONICS, NEC, TANDY, TOSHIBA, WANG, WYSE, ZENITH. Specify computer make and model. Send \$29.95, Check or M.O., VISA & MC include exp. date. Dealer inquiries invited. Free brochure available.

Merritt Computer Products, Inc. 4561 S. Westmoreland / Dallas, Texas 75237 / 214/339-0753

#### **MAXIT** increases your DOS addressable conventional memory beyond 640K

Top off a 512 IBM

and add another

AT's memory to 640K

Compatible with

Extend the productive life of your, IBM

PC, XT, AT or compatible. The MAXIT

256K memory card and software works automatically. If you have questions,

our customer support people will

EGA, Network, and

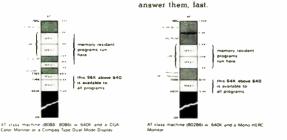
Add up to 96K above

640K to all programs

other memory cards.

- Add up to 256K above 640K for programs like FOXBASE + and PC/FOCUS.
- Short card works in the IBM PC, XT, AT, and compatibles.
- CUS. 128K beyond that. vorks in Run resident XT, AT, programs like ibles. Sidekick above 640K

Break through the 640 barrier. MAXIT increases your PC's available memory by making use of the vacant unused address space between 640K and 1 megabyte. (See illustrations)



Order toll free 1-800-227-0900, MAXIT is just \$245 plus \$4 shipping, and applicable state sales tax. Buy MAXIT today and solve your PC's memory crisis. Outside the U.S.A. call 1-415-548-2085. We accept VISA, MC, American Express

MAXIT is a trademark of Osborne McGraw-Hill IBM is a registered trademark of International Business Machines Corporation, Sidekick is a registered trademark of Borland International, Inc, FOXBASE \* is a trademark of Fox Software, Hercules is a trademark of Hercules Computer Technology, Inc, XT and AT are registered trademarks of International Business Machines Corporation, Compaq is a registered trademark of Compaq Computer Corporation work. Zuboff discovers that this has resulted in a certain amount of alienation. More interesting, she describes what happens to social relationships and work flow when employees are moved into cubicles to go one-on-one with a CRT.

Even when the results are not surprising, and even when the case study accounts go on too long, Zuboff keeps it interesting by putting the results into a larger historical and philosophical context. (She does, however, tend to suffer from the Academic Syndrome: She uses lots of jargon-"textualization" and "automaticity"--and discusses many marginally relevant authors.)

The second part of the book moves from the question of knowledge to that of power. Zuboff maintains that computerization changes the type and justification of managerial authority. Originally, a boss got the right to lord it over people because he or she was the owner. Then bosses received their legitimacy by virtue of having worked their way up the ladder. Now, bosses (or managers) have authority by dint of their mastery of the Science of Management.

Part Three discusses the techniques that "can shape and control behavior and so can be harnessed to the interests of those who employ them"-the techniques by which authority maintains itself in the computer-laden workplace. Frequently, computerization leads to increasingly centralized control, usually accomplished by centralizing knowledge (i.e., managers become information hogs). Yet Zuboff reports that several years after the transition, some companies were recognizing "the need for critical judgment at the information interface" and the value of "intellective skills" in analyzing and responding to digital information.

But the chief technique of control is "the information panopticon"—the omniscient, objective computerized record of all that occurs in the workplace or plant. Zuboff is particularly good at disclosing what life under that unceasing eye is like for both workers and managers.

At the end, Zuboff offers a brief view of a nonhierarchical organization that more uniformly distributes knowledge and skill. She also includes a section entitled "Dissent from Wholeness," which describes the disadvantages of this seemingly more egalitarian environment: a loss of sense of definition, rights, and autonomy.

At times tendentious, at times based on too few examples, at times too long, *In the Age of the Smart Machine* remains an important work.

-David Weinberger

**Programmer's Guide to the** Hercules Graphics Cards by David B. Doty, Addison-Wesley, Reading, MA: 1988, 370 pages, \$24.95. This book delivers a comprehensive treatment of Hercules graphics cards. It is occasionally marred by a bit of hype and homage to Hercules Computer Technology, but it overcomes this with clear explanations of the architecture of each card, many solid programming examples, and some knowing advice on the design of graphics software. David B. Doty describes the original Hercules graphics card, the later RamFont card, and the latest InColor card in detail.

Because the Hercules cards are programmed without using the PC ROM BIOS, writing programs for them is decidedly different than programming for other IBM graphics adapters. Doty wrote his programming examples in Microsoft Assembler and Microsoft C, but the assembly language functions can be readily changed to work with the stack frame conventions of another compiler. The functions include detecting a Hercules adapter and its type, writing a dot, reading a dot, drawing a line, displaying text, drawing circles, filling a continued

Circle 232 on Reader Service Card →

## SCSystems 1-800-669-9933

Serving Computer Buyers For Eight Years

Para Asistirle En Espanol Llame Al Tel 1-800-842-1777

#### InComm 1200B Int Modem **\$62**

w/Software

#### Samsung 14" RGB Monitor \$215

640 x 230 .51 Dot Pitch

#### Color' **Graphics Card \$44**

**Parallel Printer Port** 

#### HARDWARE

	-
ACCESSORIES	
CopyIIPC Brd Deluxe \$ 99	Haye
Masterpiece +	Haye
Master prece	Incor
COMPUTERS	Incor
	Incor
NEC	Incor
Multispeed	Incor
Multispeed EL II 1525	
Toshiba T-1100 S/Twist 1455	
T-3100/20	
1 0100/20110	Amd Prine
BOARDS	Same
	Sam
AST Adv Prem 1mb\$ 419	Gam
AST 6Pac Prem 1mb 525	
AST Sixpac	
Intel Above 286	3C50
	3C50
EGA BOARDS	3C52
	-
ATI EGAWonder \$ 175	
Genoa SuperHiRes+ 195	Citiz
Orchid Designer	120
Paradise VGA +XT	18
Paradise VGA Prof	MS
Vega VGA	MS
	C.Ito
EGA MONITORS	Pr
Dringston LUGung P 510	Pro
Princeton U/Sync 519 NEC Multisync 2 599	Sta
Samsung	NEC
	P5
HARD DRIVES	<b>P</b> 2
	Okid
Seagate 125 w/cont \$ 321	Ca
Seagate 138 w/cont 411 Seagate 30MB w/cont 294	Pana
Seagate 20MB w/cont 269	108
	109
KEYBOARDS	109
	Star
Keytronics 5151\$ 127	Nž
Keytronics 5153 161	N
L HICE	NΣ
MICE	Tosh
Logitech \$ 68	32
MŠ Bus Mouse 99	341
Optimouse w/DrHalo 92	351

MODEMS
Hayes 1200
Hayes 1200B Call
ncomm RPC1200
ncomm RPC2400 147
ncomm T1200
ncomm T2400EC
MONITORS
Amdek 410 \$ 145
Princeton MAX15 Call
Samsung RGB 215
Samsung Amber 82
3COM
8C501 ELink \$ 356
3C503 ELink II
3C523 ELink/MC
The second s
PRINTERS
Citizen
120D\$ Call
180D 199
MSP-15E 319
MSP-40
C.Itoh
ProWriter C715
ProWriter Jr.+
StarWriter D10 754
NEC PEVI D P10
P5XLP 819 P2200 335
Okidata Call on all models.
Call on all models. Panasonic
1080I/M2
10901/M2 179 1091I/M2 199
10911/m2
Star
NX-1000
NX-1000 Color Call
NX-15 Call
Foshiba
321SL
341SL
351SX 1005

#### SOFTWARE

Chipper       \$ 310         Data Perfect       255         DBase III       379         DBXL Diamond       109         Fox Base +       190         Paradox 2.0       Call         Q and A       188         Relate & Report       100         DESKTOP PUBLISHERS       Formtool         Pagemaker       \$ Call         PFS First Pub       55         Ventura       495	79 60 60 59 59	
Dollars & Sense       95         Managing Your \$       119         Communication       119         Carbon Copy Plus       \$ 106         CrossTalk XVI       89         Commwhere       57         SmartCom II       82         DATABASE       Lotus 123         Clipper       \$ 370         Data Perfect       255         Dase III       379         Paradox 2.0       Call         Q and A       188         Relate & Report       100         DESKTOP FUELISHERS       Copy IIPC         Pagemaker       \$ Call         PAS Pagemaker       \$ Call         Paremaker       \$ Call         PS First Pub       55         Ventura       495         Chartmaster       \$ 199         Generic Cad 3.0       51	79 60 60 59 59	
Dollars & Sense       95         Managing Your \$       119         Communication       119         Carbon Copy Plus       \$ 106         CrossTalk XVI       89         Commwhere       57         SmartCom II       82         DATABASE       Lotus 123         Clipper       \$ 370         Data Perfect       255         Dase III       379         Paradox 2.0       Call         Q and A       188         Relate & Report       100         DESKTOP FUELISHERS       Copy IIPC         Pagemaker       \$ Call         PAS Pagemaker       \$ Call         Paremaker       \$ Call         PS First Pub       55         Ventura       495         Chartmaster       \$ 199         Generic Cad 3.0       51	79 60 60 59 59	
Managing Your \$       119         Communication       119         Carbon Copy Plus       \$ 106         CrossTalk XVI       89         CrossTalk XVI       89         CrossTalk 4       115         PC Anywhere       57         SmartCom II       82         DATABASE       Turbo Basic         Clipper       \$ 370         Data Perfect       255         DBase III       379         DSX Diamond       109         For Base +       190         Paradox 2.0       Call         Q and A       188         Relate & Report       100         DESKTOP FUELISHERS       Copy IIPC         Pagemaker       \$ Call         PAFS First Pub       55         Ventura       495         GRAPHICS       Sidekick Plus         Chartmaster       \$ 199         Generic Cad 3.0       51         Printshop       33         Signmaster       Call         No Charge for       \$ 000         No Charge for       \$ 000         No Charge for       \$ 000         Octar ProPack       \$ 00         Ortordstar 200	60 60 59 59	
LANGUAGESCOMMUNICATIONCarbon Copy Plus\$ 106CrossTalk XVI89CrossTalk 4115PC Anywhere57SmartCom II82DATABASELotus 123ClipperData Perfect255DBase III379DBXL Diamond109Fox Base +190Paradox 2.0CallQ and A188Relate & Report100DESKTOP PUELISHERSPagemaker\$ CallPAST Prist Pub55Ventura495ChartmasterChartmaster\$ 199GraphiCS\$ Word Perfect 5.0Word Perfect 5.0SignmasterCallWord Perfect 5.0\$ Word Star ProPackWord Star 2000\$ No Charge for	60 59 59	
COMMUNICATIONCarbon Copy Plus\$ 106CrossTalk XVI89CrossTalk A115CrossTalk 4115CrossTalk 4115PC Anywhere57SmartCom II82DATABASEDATABASEDATABASEDATABASEDATABASEDATABASEDATABASEDATABASEDATABASEDATABASEDATABASEDATABASEDATABASEDATABASEDATABASEDATABASEDATABASEDATABASEDATABASEDATABASEDATABASEDATABASEDATABASEDATABASEDATABASEClipper\$ 370DATABASEClotus 123Clotus 123Copy IIPC\$ Special Colspan="2">Special Colspan="2">Copy IIPC\$ Sarada 2.0CallOperation 2.0CallOPENCIESHERSPagemaker\$ CallOPENCIESHERSChartmasterCallWorkD PROCESSING <th c<="" td=""><td>60 59 59</td></th>	<td>60 59 59</td>	60 59 59
Sarbon Copy Plus\$ 106CrossTalk XVI89CrossTalk 4115CrossTalk 4115C Anywhere57imartCom II82DATABASEDATABASEData Perfect255Dase III379DBXL Diamond109Caradox 2.0CallCaradox 2.0CallCaradox 2.0CallCaradox 2.0CallCaradox 2.0CallCopy IIPC\$Desk TOP PUELISHERSPagemaker\$ CallPartmaster\$ 199GRAPHICSChartmaster\$ 199Generic Cad 3.051SignmasterCallNo Chartaster\$ 199SignmasterCallNo Chartaster\$ 199SignmasterSideways PrintSignmasterCallNo Chartastar 2000\$ 100SignmasterSideways form cole state 200SignmasterS 199SignmasterSideways form cole state 200SignmasterSideways form cole state 200SignmasterSideways form cole state 200SignmasterSignmasterSignmasterSignmasterSignmasterSignmasterSignmasterSignmasterSignmasterSignmasterSignmasterSignmasterSignmasterSignmasterSignmasterSignmasterSignmasterSignmasterSignmasterSignmasterSignmaster <th>60 59 59</th>	60 59 59	
sssTalk XVI       89       Turbo Basic         sssTalk 4       115         Anywhere       57         artCom II       82         DATABASE       Turbo Prolog         pper       \$ 370         pper       \$ 109         pper       \$ 000         presset +       \$ 000         presset +       \$ 000         presset +       \$ 000         per set & Report       \$ 000         per set & Report       \$ 000         permaker       \$ 000         pher	59 59	
ssTalk 4       115         Anywhere       57         artCom II       82         DATABASE       Lotus 123         oper       25         a Perfect       255         aase HI       379         XL Diamond       109         Base +       190         adox 2.0       Call         oper       6         adox 2.0       Call         odadox 2.0       Call         DESKTOP PUELISHERS       Copy IIPC         remaker       \$ Call         S First Pub       55         ntransater       \$ 199         erric Cad 3.0       51         Master       Call         WORD PROCESSING         Word Perfect 5.0         Word Star ProPack         Wordstar ProPack         Wordstar 2000	59	
Anywhere       57         artCom II       82         DATABASE       Integration         oper       \$ 370         ta Perfect       255         ase III       379         XL Diamond       109         radox 2.0       Call         or AA       188         ate & Report       100         DESKTOP PUBLISHERS       Copy IIPC         remaker       \$ Call         S First Pub       55         ntura       495         GRAPHICS       Sidekick Plus         sidekick Plus       Sidekick Plus         Sidekick ProPack       Word Perfect 5.0         Word Perfect 5.0       Word Vor		
artCom II       82         DATABASE       Lotus 123       \$ C         pper       \$ 370       Lotus 123       \$ C         ta Perfect       255       Surpass       Surpass       \$ C         vXL Diamond       109       UTNLITIES       Surpass       \$ C         md A       109       UTNLITIES       Surpass       \$ C         md A       188       Copy IIPC       \$ S       \$ Serseve       \$ Desqview       Duet         DESKTOP PUELISHERS       Sorton Advanced       PC Tools Deluxe       \$ Sideways Print       \$ Sideways Print         GRAPHICS       33       mmaster       \$ 199       Word Perfect 5.0       \$ wordstar ProPack	59	
DATABASE       SPREADSHEETS         DATABASE       Lotus 123       \$ C         pper       \$ 370       Quatro       \$ C         ta Perfect       255       Surpass       \$ C         axes III       379       Surpass       \$ C         bxL Diamond       109       UTILITIES       \$ C         radox 2.0       Call       Copy IIPC       \$ S         radox 2.0       Call       Copy IIPC       \$ Desqview         nd A       188       Desqview       Duet       Fastback Plus         gemaker       \$ Call       Norton Advanced       PC Tools Deluxe       Sidekick Plus         sidekick Plus       Sideways Print       Sideways Print       Sideways Print       Sideways Print         GRAPHICS       33       Word Perfect 5.0       \$ Wordstar ProPack       Wordstar 2000       \$ C		
DATABASEper\$ 370a Perfect255guattroSurpassse III379KL Diamond109Base +190Base +190dox 2.0Callodox 2.0Calldd A188te & Report100DESITOP PUBLISHERSemaker\$ CallFirst Pub55tura495CRAPHICSrtmaster\$ 199emaker\$ 199emaker\$ 199emaker\$ 199emaker\$ 199emaker\$ 200word Perfect 5.0stabop33umasterCallNo Charge for		
ipper.       \$ 370         inper.       \$ 370         ata Perfect       255         Base III       379         BXL Diamond       109         DX Base +       190         uradox 2.0       Call         and A       188         clate & Report       100         DESKTOP PUBLISHERS       Copy IIPC         wgemaker       \$ Call         7S First Pub       55         entura       495         GRAPHICS       Word Nether 5.0         martmaster       \$ 199         word Perfect 5.0       \$ Word Star ProPack         Wordstar ProPack       Wordstar 2000		
ata Perfect       255         Base III       379         BXL Diamond       109         DX Base +       190         and A       188         Plate & Report       100         DESKTOP PUBLISHERS       Copy IIPC         agemaker       \$ Call         PS First Pub       55         Pc Tools Deluxe         Sidekick Plus         Sideways Print         WORD PROCESSING         Word Perfect 5.0         Wordstar ProPack         Wordstar ProPack         Wordstar 2000		
a Perfect       255       Quattro         ase III       379       Surpass         XL Diamond       109       UTILITIES         radox 2.0       Call       Copy IIPC       \$         nd A       188       Desqview       Duet         peradex       \$       Call       Fastback Plus         peraker       \$       Call       Norton Advanced         permaker       \$       Call       Norton Advanced         S First Pub       55       PC Tools Deluxe       Sidekick Plus         grammaster       \$       199       WORD PROCESSING         Word Perfect 5.0       \$       Wordstar ProPack       Wordstar ProPack         Wordstar 2000       No Chargo for       Start       Start	92	
ase III       379       Surpass         XL Diamond       109         Base +       190         Base +       190         adox 2.0       Call         and A       188         ate & Report       100         DESKTOP FUELISHERS       Formtool         remaker       \$ Call         S First Pub       55         tura       495         GRAPHICS       WORD PROCESSING         word Perfect 5.0       \$         Word Perfect 5.0       \$         Word Star ProPack       Wordstar ProPack         Wordstar 2000       Wordstar 2000		
XL Diamond       109         Base +       190         adox 2.0       Call         nd A       188         ate & Report       100         DESKTOP FUELISHERS       Formtool         remaker       \$ Call         S First Pub       55         attura       495         GRAPHICS       WORD PROCESSING         wordstar ProPack       Wordstar ProPack         Wordstar 2000       00	29	
Base +		
radox 2.0       Call         and A       188         late & Report       100         DESKTOP PUELISHERS       Desqview         gemaker       \$ Call         S First Pub       55         ntura       495         GRAPHICS       Sidekick Plus         artmaster       \$ 199         meric Cad 3.0       51         intshop       33         mmaster       Call         No Charges for       Word Perfect 5.0         No Charges for       Yord Star 2000		
and A       188       CopyIIPC       \$         late & Report       100       Desqview       Desqview         DESKTOP PUELISHERS       Desqview       Desqview       Desqview         gemaker       \$ Call       Mace       Mace         S First Pub       55       PC Tools Deluxe       Sidekick Plus         GRAPHICS       Sidekick Plus       Sidekick Plus       Sidekick Plus         artmaster       \$ 199       WORD PROCESSING       Word Perfect 5.0       \$         intshop       33       Word Star ProPack       Wordstar 2000       G		
ate & Report       100       Desquew         DESKTOP FUELISHERS       Duet         gemaker       \$ Call         S First Pub       55         ntura       495         GRAPHICS       Sidekick Plus         artmaster       \$ 199         word Perfect 5.0       \$ 100         Mord Samater       \$ 200         nmaster       Call         No Charge for       \$ 100	18	
DESKTOP PUELISHERS       Duet         gemaker       \$ Call         S First Pub       55         ntura       495         GRAPHICS       Sidekick Plus         artmaster       \$ 199         htshop       33         mmaster       Call         Word Perfect 5.0       \$ 199         Wordstar ProPack       Wordstar 2000	71	
DESKTOP PUELISHERS       Fastback Plus         gemaker       \$ Call         S First Pub       55         ntura       495         GRAPHICS       Sidekick Plus         artmaster       \$ 199         neric Cad 3.0       51         ntshop       33         mmaster       Call         Word Perfect 5.0       \$ Word Star ProPack         Wordstar 2000       Wordstar 2000	48	
Semaker       \$ Call         S First Pub       55         stura       495         GRAPHICS       Sidekick Plus         wrtmaster       \$ 199         heric Cad 3.0       51         htshop       33         homaster       Call         Norton Advanced       PC Tools Deluxe         Sidekick Plus       Sideways Print         WORD PROCESSING       Word Perfect 5.0         Wordstar ProPack       Wordstar 2000         No Charge for       No Charge for	88	
emaker       \$ Call       Mace         First Pub       55       Norton Advanced         pc Tools Deluxe       Sidekick Plus       Sidekick Plus         GRAPHICS       Sideways Print       WORD PROCESSING         rtmaster       \$ 199       Word Perfect 5.0       \$ 199         eric Cad 3.0       51       Word Perfect 5.0       \$ 190         tshop       33       Wordstar ProPack       Wordstar 2000         No Charge for       No Charge for       Mace	52	
Brirst Pub       55         Brirst Pub       55         Brirst Pub       55         PC Tools Deluxe         Sidekick Plus         Sideways Print         WORD PROCESSING         Word Perfect 5.0         Wordstar ProPack         Wordstar 2000         No Charge for	48	
Image: Prosene for the second state of the second	72	
GRAPHICS       Sidekick Plus         master       \$ 199         ic Cad 3.0       \$ 1         shop       \$ 3         naster       Call         Word Perfect 5.0       \$ 0         Wordstar ProPack       Wordstar 2000	36	
GRAPHICS tmaster \$ 199 ric Cad 3.0 51 ishop 33 master Call Word Perfect 5.0 \$ Wordstar ProPack Wordstar 2000	~ ~	
GRAPHICS         master       \$ 199         vic Cad 3.0       \$ 1         shop       \$ 3         naster       Call         Word Perfect 5.0       \$ 4         Wordstar ProPack       Wordstar 2000         No Charge for       Wordstar 2000	19	
WORD PROCESSING         vic Cad 3.0       51         tshop       33         master       Call         Word Star ProPack       00         Wordstar 2000       00	39	
heric Cad 3.0 51 htshop 33 htshop Call Word Perfect 5.0 \$ Wordstar ProPack 0 Wordstar 2000 0 No Charge for		
ntshop 33 Word Star ProPack 00 Wordstar 2000 00	_	
Master Call Wordstar 2000	:19	
No Charge for	all	
No Charge for	all	
MORENCE TO CHANGE TO LACA		
Mastercard or Visa		
	-	
<b>Call For Items Not Listed</b>		
	_	
aga i		
<b>SCSystems</b>		
000 Mariposa Hwy. Ste. B, Nogales, AZ 856	21	
Order Line 300-669-9933 Espanol 800-842-1	77	
tatus Line  602-275-1395		
Order Line for Europe & Mexico 602-287-5347		
r order. Manufacturers warranty applies in all cases, all warranties are handled b		

TERMS: No charge for Visa or Mastercard. We do not charge your card UNTIL WE SHIP your order. Manufacturers warranty applies in all cases, all warranties are handled by the manufacturers. We accept Purchase Orders from authorized companies only, for 3.5% above cash price. No COC orders. No refund on opened software. All prices are subject to change. Allow 14 days for personal/company checks. Arizona orders add 6.7% tax, We do not guarantee Compatibility.

#### MODULA 2 FOR MOTOROLA 68K FAMILY INTEGRATED DEVELOPMENT AND SYSTEM-SOFTWARE MCDS MODULA2-CROSS-DEVELOPMENT-SYSTEM Compiler/Linker 🔴 Interactive Real-Time-Cross-Debugger M2-compatible Cross-Assembler 🔴 Host Systems 🕨 ► UNIX ► VAX VMS IBM PC + Compatibles ► Macintosh ► soon REAL-TIME-DISTRIBUTED-SYSTEMKERNEL Messages and Mailbox Interprocess Communication: local and internode Time- and Event-Handling **Device-Driver Features** HIERARCHICAL-FILE-SYSTEM Easy adaptable to your hardware **RTDS**-interface Development- and System HIWARE AG Gundeldingerstr. 432 Software WAR Prozess-Informstik CH-4053 Basel Tel 061/50 71 51 BBD:004161 Development in MODULA2 ADA C

#### C\_talk<sup>™</sup> Object-oriented Extensions For C

#### C\_talk. A SERIOUS TOOL FOR SERIOUS SOFTWARE ENGINEERS:

Adds encapsulation, inheritance and dynamic messaging to your C compiler.

- Smalltalk-like Browser for building objects.
- Semi-automatic Make for building applications
- Preprocessor for converting objects to standard C source code.
- Foundation classes to help you get started.
- Professional telephone support from our engineering staff.

int L bool, id "y, "empty,

inter if a er fan

p = (id \*toeld->data, far in0; t < prif >data; t++

(self->rous) «o self->izel Berliespandi, /\* espand iffulf \* oo = Gwild canada, servOpjectB; /\* is new Object already is receiver \* ifGool == 0! \* oo : thes find firet suppy side \*

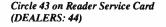
Start building software components into your next application. Join the leading edge today.

#### Order Now:

CNS, Inc. Software Products Dept 7090 Shady Oak Road Eden Prairie, MN 55344 Tel: (612) 944-0170 Fax: (612) 944-0923 30 day money back guarantee MasterCard, Visa Shipping: \$ 5 - U.S \$ 25 - Int'l

C talk is designed for an IBM® PC (or compatible) with Microsoft<sup>®</sup> C, Lattice C, Turbo C, or C86. A system with a hard drive and mouse is highly recommended.

IBM is a registered trademark of IBM Corp MICROSOFT is a registered trademark of MICROSOFT CORP C\_talk is a trademark of CNS, Inc.



**BOOK REVIEWS** 

#### closed shape, printing a screen, and saving and restoring an image to and from a file. The source code contained in the book is available directly from the author for \$30.

Today, Microsoft's C 5.0 and Borland's Turbo Pascal 4.0 provide comprehensive support for the original Hercules card, but Doty's book provides thorough background information, even for users of these languages. Whether the RamFont and In-Color cards will succeed in the market as well as the original is still unclear, but for someone who needs to program for either, the book is essential.

-Ben Myers

Manufacturing Intelligence by Paul Kenneth Wright and David Alan Bourne, Addison-Wesley, Reading, MA: 1988, 352 pages, \$40.95. This book is not only an excellent text for the engineer learning about factory automation, but it also serves as a good basis for an engineer about to specify an automation project. The authors ask all the necessary questions to determine what an automation project should accomplish. Written for the manufacturing engineer as well as the software engineer, Manufacturing Intelligence provides enough knowledge so that each can understand the mechanical and computational tasks required in factory automation.

The book is divided into four sections. The first describes the present and immediate future state of the machine tool industry. It also highlights one of the author's developments, Cell Management Language (CML), a software environment offering a high-level solution for controlling a number of incompatible machine tools and robots.

The second section goes over the different parts needed for intelligent machines to function. These include vision, machine control, and manipulators. The third section looks at how the knowledge and talent of a skilled craftsman can be transferred to an intelligent machine. Included here are examinations of artificial intelligence, flexible fixtures, and sensor technology. The last section of the book speculates on the future of manufacturing technology.

The book offers both a glossary and a good bibliography. The chapters are well cited, so readers can pursue any issue that is presented.

-Keith H. Erskine

HyperCard Power by Carol Kaehler, Addison-Wesley, Reading, MA: 1988, 435 pages, \$17.96. This book is a review of the widely acclaimed Macintosh program for the novice and entry-level HyperCardarian. Copiously illustrated, it has great breadth of subject matter, but little depth. Carol Kaehler devotes only paragraphs to concepts such as passing messages to the next handler, yet she supplies practical and indexed hints. For instance, she explains how to make sure a card inherits the correct background-not a trivial task in some situations. She provides utility scripts in one chapter, but leaves the reader to extend them.

The book covers some of the HyperTalk language at the introductory level in one brief appendix. HyperCard Power is at its best when it shows simply and step by step how to accomplish unified HyperCard tasks.—Larry Loeb

#### CONTRIBUTORS

Critic and author Hugh Kenner lives in Baltimore, Maryland. David Weinberger works for Interleaf and lives in Brookline, Massachusetts. Ben Myers designs and writes IBM PC graphics applications and lives in Harvard. Massachusetts. Keith H. Erskine is a program coordinator for Sun Microsystems in Billerica. Massachusetts. Larry Loeb is a dental surgeon in Wallingford, Connecticut.





## WHEN YOUR $\mu$ P CODE DEMANDS THIS KIND OF PERFORMANCE, SPEED IS OF THE ESSENCE.

#### AVMAC<sup>™</sup> assemblers can make your high-performance design a winner, too.

In Formula 1 racing, performance is everything. And the sport's  $\mu$ P-based instrumentation is no exception.

That's why SRD Co., Inc. chose the AVMAC 8096 assembler to develop their state-of-the-art racing dynamometer a device sophisticated enough to simultaneously calculate every parameter of Formula 1 performance — all before the vehicle has moved 4 inches!

In the critical assembly language phase of development, AVMAC "was a must."

## The race is on: in personal $\mu$ P development tools, Avocet sets the standards.

AVMAC's standard-setting speed and sophistication were needed to write the complex multi-tasking operating system at the heart of SRD's dynamometer (patent pending). When you need a macro assembler that really performs, AVMAC can give you the *same* advantage.

AVMAC supports all the most popular chip families and offers you enhanced compatibility with Intel, Motorola, Hitachi, and other chip makers. What's more, every package comes complete with our AVLINK<sup>™</sup> linker, AVLIB<sup>™</sup> librarian, AVREF<sup>™</sup> cross-reference generator, HEXFORM<sup>™</sup> object file utility, plus a 250+ page user's guide.

#### The last lap: Compatible simulation/debugging.

When it's time to test your target code, choose our unique AVSIM<sup>™</sup> simulator/debugger. It offers detailed, fullscreen CPU simulation that eliminates the need for additional hardware.

Best of all, AVSIM is designed for compatibility with AVMAC and our new Avocet C Compilers—the ideal combination for cost-effective code development —from start to finish.





#### Getting to the finish line: try before you buy.

When you order AVMAC or AVSIM, we'll include a special demo kit that you can try for 30 days.

If you're not satisfied for any reason, return the unopened software for a full refund—less the \$35 demo/documentation which is yours to keep.

Discover the power of AVMAC and the entire line of Avocet  $\mu P \mu C$  development tools. Affordably priced. With comprehensive technical phone support. And delivery in 48 hours, even overnight.

If you're in the development race, we'll get you to the checkered flag in record time.

Avocet Systems, Inc., 120 Union Street P.O. Box 490AT, Rockport, Maine 04856 \*In Maine, or outside U.S., call (207) 236-9055 TLX: 467210 Avocet CI • FAX: (207) 236-6713

THE SOURCE FOR QUALITY PERSONAL µP DEVELOPMENT TOOLS.

<sup>1988</sup> Avocet Systems. Inc. All rights reserved. Avocet logo and name: AVMAC AVMM: AVLINK, AVLIB, AVREF and HENFORM are registered trademarks of Avocet Systems. Inc.

## The new NEC desktop publishing monitors. For those getting started. And for those who can't stop.



MultiSync GS

The ideal way to break into desktop publishing. For systems from <u>PC/XT/AT/386</u> to PS/2.

MonoGraph System 1024 x 1024 resolution and 1:1 aspect ratio for the dedicated desktop publisher.

NEC has the perfect monitor for any desktop. For starters, there's our MultiSync® GS. It offers up to 64 gray scales for superior monochrome text and graphics, a flat 14" diagonal screen for minimal glare, and compatibility with just about any system you may be using, including PC/XT/AT/386 and PS/2.

Then there's our MonoGraph<sup>™</sup> System, for the ultimate in desktop publishing. It includes a graphics board that works with PC/XT/AT/386 (or 100% compatibles) and runs software like Microsoft Windows, Ventura Publisher and PageMaker. Its square 16" screen offers 1024 x 1024 resolution and the best of both portrait and landscape-style displays; there's room for a whole page of material, with space alongside for menus, icons and scrap. Best of all, with either monitor you get a feature no one else can give you at any price: NEC. For literature or a dealer call 1-800-447-4700. For technical details call NEC Home Electronics

(USA) Inc. 1-800-NEC-SOFT.

NEC is a registered trademark of NEC Corporal



## **Double Your Productivity With Carbon Copy Plus**



Carbon Copy Plus<sup>™</sup> – the industry standard in remote control software – easily lets two PCs share the same application program over ordinary phone lines.

So now you can share the same keyboard, screen and disk with a remote user thousands of miles away, allowing you to give effective product demonstrations, support remote customers or train new users—without ever having to leave your office!

#### Remote control and much more!

Of course, Carbon Copy Plus offers other advanced remote communications features, including remote printing, remote access to a local area network and remote session capture and playback. But Carbon Copy Plus also offers many of the same features found in "standard" communications programs, such as file transfer, terminal emulation and complete scripting macros. And much more!

#### **Introducing Version 5.0**

If you thought Carbon Copy Plus was powerful before wait until you see the new Version 5.0. Carbon Copy Plus has always been able to transmit text or graphics, but now our new universal graphics translator merges incompatible graphics formats. So you can jointly update a CAD diagram using your CGA, EGA, VGA or MCGA system with an associate who is using the Hercules<sup>™</sup> standard.

Just as important is our new background file transfer capability. This lets you easily send or receive files, at any time, without exiting your current application. Now you can double your productivity by working on one spreadsheet file while an associate sends you another!

#### Twice as easy

Find out why Carbon Copy Plus has become the industry standard in remote communications and is fast becoming one of the most popular communications programs overall. Call us today. We'll show you how easily you can increase your productivity.



Fully translated foreign versions now available!

A separate Carbon Copy Plus is required for each PC location Carbon Copy Plus is a trademark of Meridian Technology

All other products referenced are trademarks of their respective companies

MERIDIAN TECHNOLOGY INC

World Radio History

Circle 144 on Reader Service Card

### BYTE

# PRODUCTS IN PERSPECTIVE

- 67 What's New
- 89 Short Takes Dell System 220 T-DebugPLUS 4.0 Cambridge Computer Z88 Grammatik III Watcom C 6.0 Paradox OS/2
- Expert Advice: 101 Computing at Chaos Manor by Jerry Pournelle
- 115 Applications Plus by Ezra Shapiro
- 121 Down to Business by Wayne Rash Jr.
- 125 Macinations by Don Crabb
- 131 OS/2 and You by Mark Minasi
- 135 COM1: by Brock N. Meeks

#### First Impressions

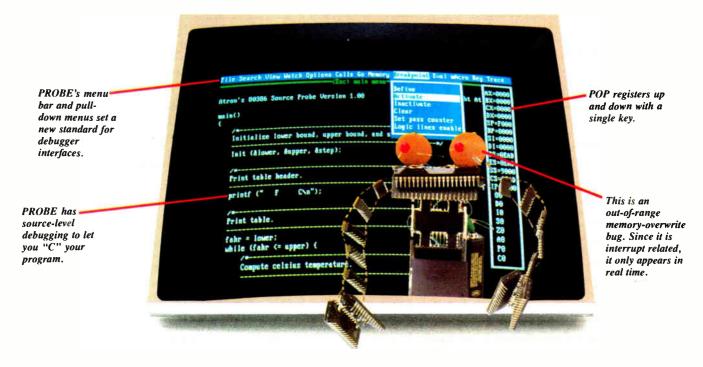
140 Compaq Deskpro 386/25, Everex Step 386/25, Intel SYP302, and SimpleNet's Netpro 386/25

#### Reviews

- 148 Stand-alone communications packages
- 162 Tatung TCS-8000, Proteus 386A, and Everex Step 386/20
- 173 PC-Trac, FastTRAP, Trackball
- Plus, and Felix 185 Unix for the Mac II
- 185 Unix for the Mac II 195 VersaCAD on a Mac
- 200 Review Update
- 200 Review Opdate



# IT'S TIME TO DO SOME SERIOUS 386 BUGBUSTING!



Welcome to your nightmare. Your company has bet the farm on your product. Your demonstration wowed the operating committee, and beta shipments were out on time. Then wham!

All your beta customers seemed to call on the same day. "Your software is doing some really bizarre things", they say. Your credibility is at stake. Your profits are at stake. Your sanity is at stake.

#### THIS BUG'S FOR YOU

You rack your brain, trying to figure something out. Is it a random memory overwrite? Or worse, an overwrite to a stackbased local variable? Is it sequence dependent? Or worse, randomly caused by interrupts? Overwritten code? Undocumented "features" in the software you're linking to? And to top it off, your program is too big. The software debugger, your program and it's symbol table can't fit into memory at the same time. Opening a bicycle shop suddenly isn't such a bad idea.

#### THIS DEBUGGER'S FOR YOU

Announcing the 386 PROBE<sup>™</sup> Bugbuster,\*from Atron. Nine of the top-ten software developers sleep better at night because of Atron hardware-assisted debuggers. Because they can set real-time breakpoints which instantly detect memory reads and writes.

Now, with the 386 PROBE, you have the capability to set a *qualified breakpoint*, so the breakpoint triggers only if the events are coming from the wrong procedures. So you don't have to be halted by breakpoints from legitimate areas. You can even detect obscure, sequence-dependent problems by stopping a breakpoint only after a specific chain of events has occurred in a specific order.

Then, so you can look at the cause of the problem, the 386 PROBE automatically stores the last 2K cycles of program execution. Although other debuggers may *try* to do the same thing, Atron is the only company in the world to dequeue the pipelined trace data so you can easily understand it.

Finally, 386 PROBE's megabyte of hidden, write-protected memory stores your symbol table and debugger. So your bug can't roach the debugger. And so you have room enough to debug a really big program.



#### COULD A GOOD NIGHT'S SLEEP PUT YOU IN THE TOP TEN?

Look at it this way. Nine of the top-ten software products in any given category were created by Atron customers. Maybe their edge is - a good night's sleep.

Call and get your free, 56-page bugbusting bible today. And if you're in the middle of a nightmare right now,

of a nightmare right now, give us a purchase order number. We'll FEDEX you a sweet dream.

#### BUGBUSTERS

TRBA

A division of Northwest Instrument Systems, Inc. Saratoga Office Center ● 12950 Saratoga Avenue Saratoga, CA 95070 ● Call 408/253-5933 today.

\*Versions for COMPAQ, PS/2-80s and compatibles. Copyright © 1987 by Atron. 386 PROBE is a trademark of Atron. Call 44-2-855-888 in the UK and 49-8-985-8020 in West Germany.

Circle 15 on Reader Service Card

# WHAT'S NEW

#### SYSTEMS

#### The Incredible Shrinking System Unit

C laimed to be the "world's smallest," Advanced Logic Research's latest systems are the FlexNode 286 and the FlexNode 386. Both occupy 4½ by 15 inches of desktop real estate and perform at 20 MHz with zero wait states by using paged interleaved cache memory.

The systems have 1.44megabyte PS/2-compatible 3½-inch floppy disk drives and industry-standard 101-key keyboards. Both have four full-length 16-bit expansion slots, as well as an optional expansion unit that provides an additional four slots and support for a second hard and floppy disk drive. Within those additional slots, you can place ALR-designed ARCnet, Ethernet, or token-ring adapter cards.

The FlexNode 286 comes standard with 512K bytes of RAM, expandable to 5 megabytes with add-in cards. The 386 comes standard with 1 megabyte of RAM and can be expanded to 13 megabytes with an optional ALR RAM-Pak. There is also room for an optional math coprocessor.

Both machines include a four-slot backplane with a single RS-232C serial port, a parallel port, and a floppy disk controller.

Price: \$1990 for basic 286; \$2549 with 30-megabyte hard disk drive and controller; \$2990 with 50-megabyte hard drive and controller; \$3490 for basic 386; \$3990 with 30megabyte hard drive and controller; \$4449 with 50-megabyte hard drive and controller.

Contact: Advanced Logic Research, Inc., 10 Chrysler Ave., Irvine, CA 92718, (714) 581-6770. Inquiry 751.



The FlexNode system has a 5- by 15-inch base.

#### Laptop Makers Shed Light on Their Screens

M itsubishi's mp286L laptop features a fluorescent backlit liquid crystal display (LCD) and four slots for add-in capabilities. The 12-/8-MHz, one-/zero-waitstate machine comes standard with a 6½- by 9¼-inch display and 640- by 400-pixel resolution.

Features include dual 1.44-megabyte 3½-inch floppy disk drives and 640K bytes of RAM that you can expand to 2.6 megabytes.

The CGA controller is in one slot, additional memory is in a second, and a built-in Hayes-compatible 2400-/ 1200-/300-bit-per-second modem is in the third. The fourth slot could be used for a local-area-networking card.

Weight is 16 pounds, not including the optional 7-pound battery pack. **Price:** \$3195; OS/2, \$325. **Contact:** Mitsubishi Electronics America, Inc., Computer Systems Division, 991 Knox St., Torrance, CA 90502, (800) 556-1234; in California, (800) 441-2345. **Inquiry 752.** 

#### SEND US YOUR NEW PRODUCT RELEASE

We'd like to consider your product for publication. Send us full information, including its price, ship date, and an address and telephone number where readers can get further information. Send to New Products Editor, BYTE, One Phoenix Mill Lane, Peterborough, NH 03458. Information contained in these items is based on manufacturers' written statements and/or telephone interviews with BYTE reporters. BYTE has not formally reviewed each product mentioned. These items, along with additional new product announcements, are posted regularly on BIX in the microbytes.sw and microbytes.hw conferences.

#### Multiuser 386 Power in an 11-inch Cube

We oused in an 11-cubicinch box, the Unix-based QB2 386 from Cubix has the advantage of being MS-DOScompatible while acting as a file server for up to eight processors or terminals.

It runs with zero- or onewait-state performance because of an alternative banking scheme. When configured with 4 megabytes of memory, it runs with zero wait states. When configured with 8 megabytes, it runs with one wait state. The standard package includes an 80387 coprocessor and an Ethernet controller.

The QB2 386, as the name implies, is based on Intel's 80386 processor. It runs Unix version 3.0 and comes standard with 2 megabytes of RAM, expandable to 8 megabytes. In a standard configuration, it includes an 80megabyte hard disk drive, a 60-megabyte tape drive for backup, and a 1.44-megabyte 5¼-inch floppy disk drive.

The built-in power-fail system involves nickel-cadmium batteries for 10-minute on-line protection. If the power stays off for longer than 10 minutes, another battery subsystem kicks in for up to an hour. Software that automatically shuts the system down is activated next, but not before the system tells you it's time to quit because it's operating on batteries. **Price: \$8995**.

Contact: Cubix Corp., 2800 Lockheed Way, Carson City, NV 89706, (702) 883-7611. Inquiry 753.

continued

#### WHAT'S NEW

#### PERIPHERALS

#### Compact Keyboard Conserves Desktop Real Estate

By compressing row spacing, Mechanical Enterprises has designed an IBM PC AT- and XT-compatible 100-key keyboard that's 60 percent smaller than traditional AT-enhanced keyboards.

The microtype keyboard measures only 11 by 6 inches and weighs less than 2 pounds. Mechanical Enterprises says its studies show that touch typists achieve normal typing speed after a short familiarization period. **Price:** \$150. **Contact:** Mechanical Enterprises, Inc., 461 Carlisle Dr., Herndon, VA 22070, (703) 435-9496. **Inquiry 754.** 

#### End Those Scrolling Blues

A dual-page landscape monitor from Nutmeg Systems lets Macintosh desktop publishing aficionados view two complete pages



Space-saving 100-key PC-compatible keyboard.

when they write, edit, and prepare layouts.

The Nutmeg 19, available for the Mac Plus, SE, and II, has a 79-dpi resolution in a 1024- by 768-pixel paperwhite phosphor display. The horizontal refresh rate is 63.65 kHz, and the vertical scan rate is 63.73 kHz.

The monitor measures 17 by 19 by 18 inches and weighs 42 pounds. Nutmeg also uses a proprietary video interface that lets you easily upgrade your monitor if you move up to a Mac II. **Price:** \$1899 for use with the

Mac II; \$1699 for use with either the Plus or SE. **Contact:** Nutmeg Systems, Inc., 25 South Ave., New Canaan, CT 06840, (203) 966-3226. **Inquiry 755.** 

#### A Passport to Portable Data

P lus Development's latest technological innovation is called the Plus Passport. It's a removable hard disk system that lets you insert 1<sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub>inch thick, 3<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>-inch 20- or 40megabyte hard disks into the company's custom chassis like you insert video cassettes into a VCR.

You then have an MS-DOS- and OS/2-compatible hard disk subsystem that works on all the IBM machines and compatibles, including systems with Micro Channel architecture.

The drives use 1-to-1 interleave for efficient data throughput and are rated for shocks of up to 150 g's. If you use the Passport for booting up other drives, you can back up as much as 40 megabytes of data in less than 5 minutes, says Plus Development.

The drive cartridges fit into a drive subsystem that fits into a standard 5<sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub>-inch halfheight bay.

Price: 20-megabyte PC version, \$1250; 40-megabyte PC version, \$1450; 20-megabyte Micro Channel version, \$1350; 40-megabyte Micro Channel version, \$1550. Contact: Plus Development Corp., 1778 McCarthy Blvd., Milpitas, CA 95035, (408) 434-6900.

Inquiry 756.

#### Yes, We Have No DataDesk Keyboards

D ataDesk International keyboards were incorrectly associated with EECO keyboards in the June What's New section on page 70 ("123-Key Keyboard Remembers Macros").

DataDesk is an independent designer and manufacturer of two popular keyboards: the Turbo-101 for IBM PC compatibles, and the Mac-101 for Macintosh computers.

The two keyboards together are compatible with just about everything on the market, including the Tandy 1000, AT&T PC 6300, and IBM PCjr. The two keyboards are 101-key units with firm keys that produce a definite "bounce feeling" that many users prefer over PC-clone and Macintosh keyboards. Price: Turbo-101, \$149.95; Mac-101, \$169.95. Contact: DataDesk International, 7651 Haskell Ave., Van Nuys, CA 91406, (818) 780-1673. Inquiry 757.

continued

#### Put Up to 8.4 Gigabytes in the Palm of Your Hand

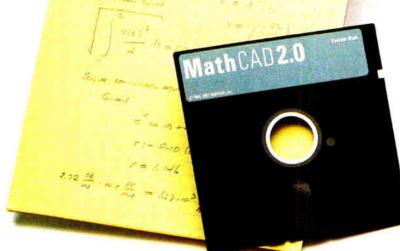
While the battle over digital audio tape (DAT) for recording music rages in both Congress and the music industry, a California company has adopted DAT technology for storing truly massive amounts of computer data.

Gigatape's Giga 1200 DAT subsystem writes from 1.2 to 8.4 gigabytes on a standard 4-millimeter digital tape cartridge. The company claims that the unit is compatible with all the IBM machines and compatibles, including the PS/2s, as well as with the Macintosh, MicroVAX, and other work stations.

The Giga 1200 uses helical scan technology, originally developed for the VCR industry, and the latest digital recording techniques. Helical scan technology involves using two read/write heads on a drum that rotates at 2000 rotations per minute.

The tape speed is 0.32 inches per second, and the data transfer rate averages 192K bytes per second. But read/write is sustained even through 1.5-megabyte-persecond bursts. That means an entire tape can be loaded with information in less than 2 hours. Error correction is handled with a proprietary code that the company claims keeps bit and burst errors to less than one in 10<sup>15</sup>. **Price:** \$6500.

**Contact:** Gigatape, Inc., 5266 Hollister Ave., Santa Barbara, CA 93111, (805) 964-8990. **Inquiry 788.** 



# Your pad or ours?

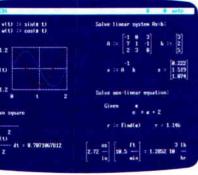
If you perform calculations, the answer is obvious.

MathCAD 2.0. It's everything you appreciate about working on a scratchpad – simple, free-form math – and more. More speed. More accuracy. More flexibility.

Just define your variables and enter your

formulas anywhere on the screen. MathCAD formats your equations as they're typed. Instantly calculates the results. And displays them exactly as you're used to seeing them – in real math notation, as numbers, tables or graphs.

MathCAD is more than an equation solver. Like a scratchpad, it allows you to add



text anywhere to support your work, and see and record every step. You can try an unlimited number of what-ifs. And print your entire calculation as an integrated document that anyone can understand. Plus, MathCAD is loaded with powerful

built-in features. In addition to the usual trigonometric and exponential functions, it includes built-in statistical functions, cubic splines, Fourier transforms, and more. It also handles complex numbers and unit conversions in a completely transparent way.

Yet, MathCAD is so easy to learn, you'll be using its full power an hour after you begin.

Requires IBM PC<sup>®</sup> or compatible, 512KB RAM, graphics card. IBM PC<sup>®</sup> International Business Machines Corporation. MathCAD<sup>®</sup> MathSoft, Inc. What more could you ask for? How about the exciting new features we've just added to MathCAD 2.0...

- Built-in equation solver
- Full matrix operations
- Two to four times increase in calculating speed
- Easier full-page text processing
- Auto-scaled plots
- Memory enhancements
- Additional printer and plotter support
- And more.

If you're tired of doing calculations by hand or writing and debugging programs, come on over to our pad. MathCAD. The Electronic Scratchpad.

Call for a detailed spec sheet and the name of a MathCAD dealer near you. **1-800-MathCAD** (In MA: 617-577-1017).



© 1987 MathSoft, Inc

#### ADD-INS

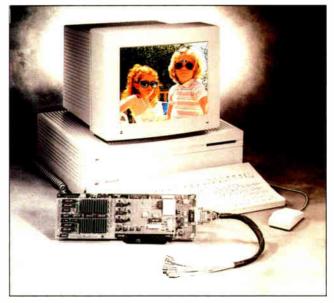
#### Manipulate Video on Your Mac II

**N** ow you can use your Mac II to display video captured from standard video sources, then manipulate that image and add graphics with the ColorCapture board by Data Translation.

The board allows real-time video that's been captured on video cameras, VCRs, and still-video equipment to be displayed on the Mac II. Two versions are available—one for the National Television System Committeee (NTSC) standard in North America and Japan, and one for the Phase Alternate Line (PAL) standard in western Europe.

Once you capture the image, you can crop the picture, add text or graphics, export color images to other applications, sharpen and soften edges, adjust brightness and contrast, add or subtract images, print hard copies, animate, and output to a videotape.

Resolution is 640 by 480 pixels, and images can be displayed from a palette of 32,768 colors. The board fits into a single Mac expansion slot with a cable that extends from the board to plug into video cameras, VCRs, or elec-



Real-time Mac II video translation.

tronic still-video equipment. For live display, you can attach composite or RGB monitors directly to the board.

Additional specialized functions include a zoom/pan/ scroll controller, which allows instantaneous magnification and close-up examination of image regions. There's also a graphics memory plane for merging text and drawing lines, arcs, curves, boxes, icons, and so on. **Price: \$2995**. **Contact:** Data Translation,

Inc., 100 Locke Dr., Marlborough, MA 01752, (617) 481-3700. Inquiry 758.

#### Low-Cost, High-Speed Modem

The ATI Technologies 2400etc is a 2400-bit-persecond internal modem that allows for the equivalent of 4800-bps data transmission with its data-compression techniques.

Only modems with MNP Class 5 error correction will communicate with this modem at maximum speed, however. MNP Class 5 provides for what the company calls "100 percent error-free data transfer." This IBM

#### Add PostScript to Your Laser Printer

The ConoDesk 6000, a PostScript-compatible printer controller, outputs PostScript code 10 times faster than competing units, the manufacturer claims.

Scalable fonts for Ventura Publisher, PageMaker, and Windows let you scale every typeface to all standard Post-Script point sizes and rotate them to any angle.

The controller uses a proprietary 32-bit microprocessor and 2.5 megabytes of RAM and works with the IBM XT, AT, Compaq 386, and compatibles. It supports Hewlett-Packard LaserJet and Canon-engine printers.

There are 13 typefaces with PostScript-compatible metrics and a 228-character set for Ventura Publisher and PageMaker. Optional software includes ConoScript, the interpreter that allows the printer to print PostScript files. Optional hardware includes HP LaserJet Series II and Canon LBP-8II video interface boards. **Price:** \$2995 for the base system with interpreters for Windows and PageMaker; \$695 for the ConoScript interpreter; \$100 to \$700 for a floating-point processor. **Contact:** Conographic Corp., 16802 Aston, Irvine, CA 92714, (714) 474-1188. **Inquiry 789.**  PC-compatible unit fits into a standard half slot and also operates at 1200 and 300 bps. **Price: \$239**. **Contact:** ATI Technologies, Inc., 3761 Victoria Park Ave., Scarborough, Ontario, Canada M1W 3S2, (416) 756-0711. **Inquiry 759.** 

#### Serial Mice Can Now Take the Bus

The Pointing Device Adapter (PDA) lets you convert your serial mouse to work on a standard PC bus, freeing up that serial port for other things.

This MicroSpeed product, a <sup>1</sup>/<sub>3</sub>-length card with software for Microsoft, Logitech, Mouse Systems, and compatible rodents, is compatible with the IBM AT, XT, PS/2 Model 30, and compatibles.

The PDA's features are many. They include an I/O address that's the same as that for bus mice, and interrupt selection for IRQ 2, 3, 4, 5, or 7. MicroSpeed's MAP (multiaxis pointer) driver with ballistic gain support is included, allowing you to better control the pointer on the screen with the mouse. While the ballistic gain feature has been available on the Macintosh mice for some time, MicroSpeed says this is the first time you can buy a mouse for PC compatibles with variable speed control.

Finally, there's a device driver for Windows applications, an AutoDesk device interface driver for AutoCAD, and MicroSpeed's KeyMAP keyboard emulator software. **Price: \$69**.

**Contact:** MicroSpeed, Inc., 5307 Randall Place, Fremont, CA 94538, (800) 232-7888; in California, (415) 490-1403. **Inquiry 760.** 

continued

# Get Sprint and you'll never be afraid of the dark!



#### Nothing holds a candle to Sprint!

Features $\bullet = \text{Yes}  \bigcirc = \text{No}$	Sprint 1.0	WordPerfect 4.2	MS Word 4.0	WordStar 4.0	MultiMate Adv. 1.0
Maximum file size	Disk	Disk	Disk	4MB	128K
Thesaurus (integrated)	•	•	•	•	•
Windows Open (maximum)	6	2	8	1	1
Files Open (maximum)	24	2	8	1	1
Cross-Reference (dynamic)	•	0	0	0	0
Indexing Options	7	1	3	3	0
Columns: Parallel	•	•	•	•	•
Snaking (chg. # same page)	•	•	Not same pg.	0	•
H-P LaserJet Support	Full	Partial	Full	Partial	Full
PostScript Support	Full	Text	Full	0	Text
Mouse Support (integrated)	•	0	•	0	0
Dynamic Shortcuts	•	0	0	0	0
Alternative User Interfaces	•	0	0	0	0
Verify Spelling as you type	۲	0	0	0	0
Programmable Macro lang.	•	0	0	0	0
Save File <sup>1</sup>	5.9	41.1	9.7	4.4	1.0
Top to Bottom <sup>2</sup>	7.5	7.5	49.4	8.1	21.0
Search and Replace <sup>3</sup>	1.6	6.6	4.6	17.1	13.4
Find Unique Word	3.3	6.2	7.0	13.8	20.6
Suggested List Price	\$199.95	\$495.00	\$450.00	\$495.00	\$565.00

Time tests were percented on an Acer 296 (8 MHz), 640K RAM. <sup>\*</sup>File size 103K. <sup>2</sup>1636 lines. <sup>3</sup>14 occurrences. Times shown are in seconds. (Benchmark details available upon request.) Prices and specifications subject to change without motice.

\*Customer satisfaction is unit main concerty. If within 60 days of purchase this product does not perform in accordance with our claims, call our customer service department, and we will arrange a refund

All Borland products atter trademarks or registered trademarks of Binland International. Inc. Other brand and product names are trademarks of their respective holders. Copyright @1348 Borland International, Inc. 81 1237

Circle 30 on Reader Service Card (Dealers: 31)

Forgetting to "Save" is a fact of life as are power outages, and it used to be that a power outage could wipe out everything you've done. Not any more. Your work is always safe when you Sprint."

Sprint's "Auto-Save" automatically saves your words as you type, so if the lights do go out, you may be in deep darkness but not deep trouble.

Sprint's Auto-Save is more than "insurance," it's also invisible. You know it's there, but it does its job without interrupting yours.

# Sprint: It's the word processor with everything!

You name it, Sprint's got it. Incredible speed, Auto-Save, a customizable user interface, and professional output. Sprint even includes a bonus pack of alternative user interfaces that make it act like WordStar,<sup>®</sup> MultiMate,<sup>®</sup> WordPerfect,<sup>®</sup> Microsoft<sup>®</sup> Word, or other familiar word processors—a \$99 value free!

Sprint has all this and does all this for only \$199.95 instead of the up to \$600 that some companies demand. Sprint automatically saves your words; it also automatically saves your money. Sprint—The fast track to performance word processing.

> 60-Day Money-back Guarantee\* For the dealer nearest you Call (800) 543-7543



#### HARDWARE • CONNECTIVITY

#### An Affordable and Expandable Fiber-**Optic Network**

ight XT- or AT-compatible computers, eight printed circuit boards, one networking hub, and fiberoptic cabling constitutes the simplest form of the new Ethernet local-area network (LAN) from 10Net Communications.

But you can expand that with more fiber-optic cabling, more boards, and more hubs. Each hub supports eight computers. To form a 392-computer, 10-megabit-per-second (mbps) LAN with as much as 6 kilometers between any two nodes, you'll need 54 hubs, 392 boards, and lots of cabling.

To expand the network even further, you can add a regenerative repeater and link two 392-computer networks. A second repeater allows you to link more than 1000 computers. The boards use Intel's 82586 Ethernet controller chip and have Hewlett-Packard LED sources and positiveintrinsic-negative (PIN) photodiode receivers to transmit and receive 850-nanometer light pulses through 62.5-micron multimode fiber-optic cabling with recommended SMA or ST connectors. Total delay between two hubs on 392-computer clusters is 25 nanoseconds.

Repeaters, which restore amplitude (like the hubs) and retime the signals, add 750 ns to transmissions. Repeaters also allow connection of fiber-optic to coaxial or cheapernet (thin coaxial) cabling.

If you add two more fulllength cards to one of the computers, you have a bridge that will link clusters of 10Net 1-mbps LANs with several types of networks, including



Ethernet local-area network from 10Net Communications.

Ethernet, Token Ring, and ArcNet. The networking software is 10Net's existing package, 10Net 4.0, which includes an electronic mail package called Network Courier from Consumers Software.

Price: PC board with software, \$1295; hub, \$2995; repeater, \$1395. (Fiber cabling and installation not included.) Contact: 10Net Communications, 7016 Corporate Way, Davton, OH 45459, (513) 433-2238. Inquiry 765.

#### Ethernet Stalks the Twisted Pair!

f vou're considering installing Ethernet but the hassle of running coaxial cable through the walls and floors is giving you pause, Hewlett-Packard has a simple solution. Its newest product, HP StarLAN 10 PC Link, uses the already-installed telephone wiring in your building to network your PC or compatibles at 10 mbps.

PC Link includes a half-

length PC card and software called OfficeShare, which provide the transport mechanism between MS-DOS- or Unix-based systems, as well as the twisted-pair Ethernet network that HP introduced last vear. With PC Link, you can locate as many as 12 PCs up to 100 meters from the networking hub. And those capabilities will increase when repeaters and bridges become available, since StarLAN 10 can support a total of 1024 PCs or Unix devices.

You can also connect your PCs using existing coaxial Ethernet networks with a device called the Twisted-Pair Media Access Unit. According to HP, before its alltwisted-pair products became available, such coaxial-totwisted-pair devices were the only way to connect PCs to Ethernet.

Price: PC Link, \$695; hub, \$2995; Twisted-Pair Media Access Unit, \$295. Contact: Hewlett-Packard Co., Customer Information Center, Inquiry Fulfillment Dept., 19310 Pruneridge Ave., Cupertino, CA 95014, or call the HP sales office listed in your telephone directory white pages. Inquiry 766.

#### Your PC or PS/2 Can Now Talk AppleTalk

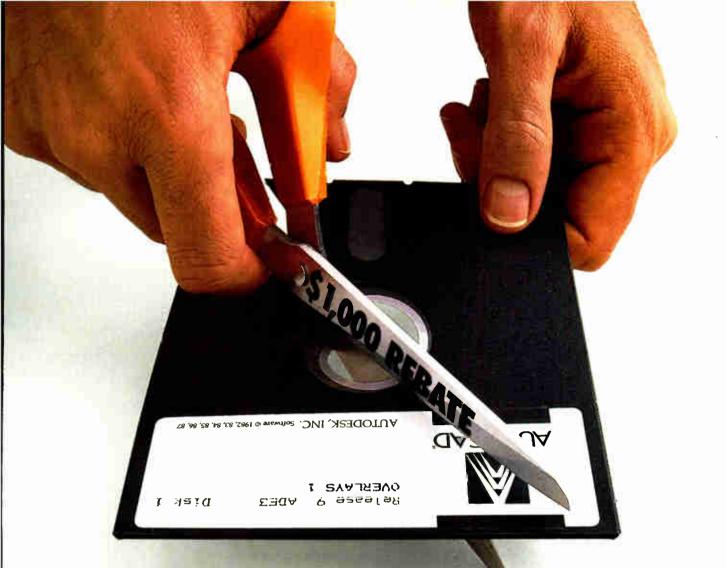
he first IBM PC- and PS/2-based AppleTalk file server supports up to 30 machines at 230 kilobits per second (kbps). It consists of a board and software for the host and the clients.

The Tangent Technologies card, dubbed the Tangent-Share, eliminates the need for a dedicated Macintosh file server or for individual hard disk drives at each workstation. As a nondedicated file server, it allows you to store files and applications from any IBM PC, PS/2, or Macintosh on the AppleTalk network host, to use the host as a local disk drive, or to transfer files between incompatible systems.

TangentShare provides both "administrator" and "super user" privileges from any IBM or Apple machine on the network. Administrator machines can perform such management functions as adding users to the network and changing passwords. The super user machines, designated by the administrator machines, have complete access privileges to all directories in the network. There can be multiple administrators and multiple super users on each network. Price: \$700 for board and

file server software: \$325 for board and IBM PC client software: \$400 for board and PS/2 client software. Contact: Tangent Technologies, 5990-K Unity Dr., Norcross, GA 30071, (404) 662-0366. Inquiry 767.

continued



# Cut yourself a better deal.

Buy MICRO CADAM CORNERSTONE "R. 1.3, send us your obsolete PC CAD software, and get a \$1,000\* check from CADAM!

If you've always wanted real mainframe-based CAD power for your IBM® PS/2," PC/AT® or compatible system, here's a sharp new offer from CADAM." Buy new MICRO CADAM CORNERSTONE R. 1.3 now. Compare its productivity, ease of use, and mainframebased features with your conventional PC CAD system. (You can go right to work with your existing CAD files, thanks to MICRO CADAM CORNERSTONE's new DXF data translator.)

Then cut up your obsolete software and send us the half with the label, along with your completed rebate coupon and proof of purchase for MICRO CADAM CORNERSTONE R. 1.3. We'll cut you a check for \$1,000.

CADAM's rebate offer is the ultimate deal on the "ultimate PC CAD production tool." But act fast. Rebate expires October 31, 1988. See your dealer today for qualification details and rebate coupon. For the location of your nearest dealer, phone CADAM toll-free today: 800-255-5710.

#### MICRO CADAM CORNERSTONE . . . The Ultimate PC CAD Production Tool



"This rebate may not be combined with any other special CADAM INC promotion or discourb and a vailable only in the United States to end users Gertain restrictions apply—see rebate coupon available from your MICRO CADAM CORNERSTONE dealer for letails and restrictions. All sales will be verified with dealer of record

CADAM is a registered trudemark and MICRO CADAM CORNERSTONE is a trademark of CADAM INC. AutoCAD is a registered trademark of Autodesk, Inc. IBM and PC/AT are registered trademarks and PS/2 is a trademark of International Business Machines Corporation. @1988 CAD M INC

### ONCE IN A BLUE MOON

#### **SCANMAN™**

Pop any image up to 4" x 11" straight into your IBM PC, XT, AT, PS/2 or 100% compatible system. Clip it, crop it, resize and rotate it, color it. Merge it. Save it. Store it. Choose between high contrast or high detail. Import images into any best-selling DTP application (PageMaker, "Ventura," etc.). Use it in any major publishing program. All you need is \$299, a spare card slot, and five minutes to set up.

HOW ON EARTH IS THIS POSSIBLE FOR \$299?

BLOGITECH

Be comforted. ScanMan corries Logitech's Customer Settisficthish Guarantee and Includes by you need to be up and running in minibles.

> Canning under (4 over 4" wide (VS. 2.5" for most (VS. 2.5" for most

Marcint

easting

colors

**World Radio History** 

# COMES A STROKE QF GENIUS.

Scan directly into a graphies editor where a full range of paint whites and tools are toallable of



adil distante encle Tricklatera













	CALL TOLL FREE: (800) 231-7717 OR (800) 552-8885 IN CALIF Please send me my ScanMaa:	<b>ORNIA</b> BY888
	ScanMan for IBM PC, XT, AT, PS/2 models 25 and 30, and 100% compatibles	<b>5299</b> .00
	ScanMan for IBM PS/2 model 50 and above and 100% compatibles \$	5 <b>349</b> .00
	Shipping and Handling (peritem):	6.50
		[
		5
	□ Check or Money Order Enclosed □ Visa □ MasterCard	
	Card NumberExp. Date	_
	Cardholder Name(Please print)	1
1	Authorized Signature	- <b>T</b>
4	Ship to: NamePhone	
	Address	1
-	City State Ziy	1.1

SKTWATCHER

PageMaker is a trademark of Aldus and Ventura Publisher is a trademark of Ventura Software Inc.

Personal Penpherals Wer

ScanMa

OGITE

-

Circle 129 on Reader Service Card (Dealers: 1.44)

Offer valid in the U.S. only, Allow 2-3 weeks for delivery, 30-day Money Back Guarantee DEALER INQUIRIES WELCOME Send to: LAGITECH, Inc., attn: Coupon Redeniption Program, 6505 Kaiser Drive, Fremont, CA 94555

#### WHAT'S NEW

#### HARDWARE • OTHER

#### Who Can Make a 4-inch Scan? The ScanMan Can

W ith 200-dpi resolution, ScanMan provides a way for you and your IBM PC, AT, XT, PS/2, or compatible to add graphics to desktop publishing, business presentations, and other documents. Then you can store the images in your personal database.

The ScanMan has a 4inch-wide scanning window, and it can scan images that are up to 11 inches long. The scanner, interface board, graphics editor, and ScanWare software are included.

ScanWare allows for scanning directly into Microsoft Windows or to Logitech's Graphics Editor. The Graphics Editor allows many manipulations, including image sizing, cut and paste, color, reverse and rotate, insert, and magnify. Compatible application packages include Aldus PageMaker, Ventura Publisher, Logitech PaintShow, Logitech Publisher, PFS: First Publisher, and ZSoft PC Paintbrush. Price: \$299.

#### Price: \$299.

Contact: Logitech, Inc., 6505 Kaiser Dr., Fremont, CA 94555, (415) 795-8500. Inquiry 761.

new IEEE 488 control-

ler from IOtech lets you

control instruments and

store data in 32K bytes of

allows up to 100 macros, or

instruction sets, to be loaded

into the unit's memory from

Called the Macro488, it

nonvolatile memory.



Logitech's 4- by 11-inch scanner.

#### More HP DeskJet Memory for Soft Fonts

E xpansion memory cards for Hewlett-Packard Desk Jet printers can expand your printer memory by 128K bytes with one cartridge or by 256K bytes with two cards.

Popular soft fonts such as Helvetica require as much as 256K bytes of memory. In fact, a single point size can use more than 50K bytes. These memory cards, therefore, provide for the necessary soft font memory. But in addition, the memory cards are compatible with hard fonts that fit into HP expansion slots.

The IEEE 488 Controller That Stands Alone

Four 32K-byte by 8-bit static RAM chips are used in each 5- by 3-inch cartridge. Each cartridge is specifically designed for one of two option slots available on each HP printer.

#### Price: \$129.

Contact: Pacific Data Products, Inc., 6404 Nancy Ridge Dr., San Diego, CA 92121, (619) 552-0880. Inquiry 762.

#### Monitor Testing Made Simple

**O** ne tool now tests monitors and nothing else. It's called the Montest-A5D3, and it tests at least six types of standard personal computer monitors: IBM PC monochrome, Color Graphics Display, Enhanced Graphics Display, Mac II, IBM PS/2, and IBM Professional Graphics Display. You use it to set alignment, convergence, and color balance.

The Montest-A5D3 generates four patterns—color bars, cross hatch, full raster, and a window—and has all the hardware and adapters needed to directly drive either analog or digital monitors. The Montest-A5D3 measures 8 by 6 by 2 inches and weighs less than 2 pounds. **Price: \$925.** 

Contact:Network Technologies, Inc., 19145 Elizabeth St., Aurora, OH 44202, (216) 543-1646. Inquiry 763.

#### Printer Ribbons That Won't Fade Away

ong after most printer manufacturers began concentrating on desktop publishing applications, one company decided to reinvent the ribbon.

Chronos Computers now offers Sta-Blk reinking printer ribbons for more than 350 popular printers, including the Apple Imagewriter I and II, the C. Itoh ProWriter, and two Epson models. The reinking technology makes the ribbons last at least 20 times longer than conventional ribbons, the company claims. Besides that, the ribbons don't fade. Price: \$49.95 for the Epson printer version; \$39.95 for the Imagewriter or ProWriter versions

Contact: Chronos Computers, 4186 Sorrento Valley Blvd., Suite H, San Diego, CA 92121, (619) 455-8200. Inquiry 764.

any computer with an RS-232C or RS-422 data port. You can control up to 14 instruments simultaneously with the Macro488. It's ideal for applications, such as vehicle testing, where vibration, and excessive temperatures, and humidity can cause problems. Because it stands alone, its relative immunity to vibration problems places the Macro488 at an advantage over computers in the field. It also operates over a temperature range of between 0°C and 35°C and a

relative humidity range of between 0 and 70 percent.

A built-in clock with time and date stamping lets you collect data at precise times or at regular or irregular intervals.

#### Price: \$995.

Contact: IOtech, Inc., 25971 Cannon Rd., Cleveland, OH 44146, (216) 439-4091. Lacuiw, 700

Inquiry 790.

continued

Oracle Corporation, the world's fastest growing software company! has just climbed past Ashton-Tate to become the world's largest supplier of database management software and services.<sup>2</sup> Why?

• Because ORACLE® runs on PCs, plus mainframes and minicomputers from IBM, DEC, DG, HP, Prime, Wang, Apollo, Sun, etc. virtually every computer you have now or ever will have. Ashton-Tate's dBASE runs only on PCs.

• Because ORACLE is a true distributed DBMS that connects all your computers — PCs, minicomputers and mainframes — into a single, unified computing and information resource. dBASE supports only primitive PC networking.

• Because Oracle has supported the industry standard SQL language since 1979. Ashton-Tate promises to put SQL into dBASE sometime in the indefinite future.

• Because ORACLE takes advantage of modern 286/386 PCs by letting you build larger-than-640K PC applications on MS/DOS that run unchanged on OS/2. dBASE treats today's 286/386 PCs and PS/2s like the now obsolete, original PC.

Don't go down in flames. Bail out from dBASE. Call 1-800-ORACLE1 and order your \$199-PC copy of ORACLE<sup>3</sup> today. Or just ask and we'll send you information on ORACLE, the number one selling DBMS on minicomputers and mainframes.



Call 1-800-ORACLE1, ext. 149 today.

### Dear Oracle,

PC ORDER PROCESSING Oracle Corporation 20 Davis Drive • Belmont, CA 94002

I want ORACLE to be THE LAST DBMS for my 286/386 PC. Enclosed is my Check or VISA MC AMEX credit card authorization for \$199 (California residents add 7% sales tax). I understand this copy is for PC development only. Offer valid only in the US and Canada.

Title Com:pany Street (P.O. Box numbers not acceptable City State Zip	
Street (P.O. Box numbers not acceptable City	)
City	)
State Zip	
Phone	
Credit Card Number	
Card Expiration Date	
Signature	BYTE
I am a value-added reseller (VAR):	

### THE LAST DBMS ONLY \$199 CALL 1-800-ORACLE1

\* Revenue doubled in 9 of Oracle's 10 years, \* Sales rate over \$200 million in current fiscal year. \* For PC development use only. Requires a 286/386 PC plus 1-MByte astended memory. Offer valid only in US & Canada, © 1988 by Oracle Corp. ORACLE\* is a reg. trademark of Oracle Corp. dBASE is a reg. trademark of Ashion-Tale. Microsoft & IBM own numerous reg. trademarks. TR8A

dBASE

Promises, no dates

All, PC Jr. too

programs

waiting

Primitive

You must

be kidding

<640K

Still

Networking PC Nets only

Nope

lainframes No Way

Minis

PCs

MS/DOS

Multiuser

**OS/2** 

Fault

Tolerant

ORACLE IBM DB2 Compatible

IBM MVS

Sun, etc. 286 & 386

>640K programs

Shipping

Mainframe quality

PC, mini & mainframe

CPU & Disk

Recovery

PCs

& VM/CMS DEC, HP,

#### SOFTWARE • PROGRAMMING

#### **Dell Releases OS/2**

D ell Computer reports that its version of Microsoft's OS/2 is a singleuser multitasking operating system for 80286 and 80386 systems. It supports VGA video adapters based on Chips & Technologies, Video Seven, and Cirrus Logic VGA controllers.

Dell's OS/2 lets you install Microsoft OS/2, MS-DOS, and Xenix on the same hard disk. Utility programs such as Etree and Speed are included. Etree displays a visual tree of the disk directory, and Speed lets you change the processing speed and keyboard repeat rate. **Price:** \$324.95. **Contact:** Dell Computer Corp., 9505 Arboretum Blvd., Austin, TX 78759, (512) 338-4400. **Inquiry 770.** 

C-List analyzes and displays the flow structure within modules. It will reformat a source program and produce structure outlines of the flow structure.

C-Hdr uses outputs from C-List to generate and update module headers.

The program runs on the IBM PC, XT, AT, and compatibles with DOS 2.0 or higher and 256K bytes of RAM. **Price:** \$89. **Contact:** Software Blacksmiths, Inc., 6064 St. Ives Way, Mississauga, Ontario, Canada L5N 4M1, (416) 858-4466. **Inquiry 769.** 

#### A Rascal for Pascal

A Pascal compiler for \$19.67? Rascal (rhymes with Pascal) supports a 64Kbyte code and a 64K-byte data segment, performs floatingpoint arithmetic with an 8087, and produces a .COM file in two passes. The company reports that the compiler is capable of compiling about 1000 lines per minute on an IBM PC and compares the object code produced to that of Turbo Pascal 4.0.

Rascal features 30 operators and 6 distinct classes. It also includes 156 standard procedures. The compiler recognizes explicit register references through standard identifiers, the company reports. It also recognizes explicit branches to labels, procedures, and functions.

Source code for the code generator and library is included. You can compile the code generator with either Turbo Pascal 4.0 or Rascal. The Rascal-generated code is about 50 percent faster, according to the manufacturer. **Price:** \$19.67.

Contact: Eugene Nelson, 1009 Vilas, Suite 3, Madison, WI 53715, (608) 257-7588. Inquiry 771.

#### Facelt Builds Menus

nstead of drawing a window, typing in the text, and positioning it on-screen, FaceIt automatically builds single windows and multimenu systems from your database and ASCII files. It determines the window size based on the amount of text to be displayed. It also automatically positions the window on-screen, configures the spacing between choices, and determines the correct number of columns.

Virtual windowing and built-in scrolling are other features of FaceIt. The program is compatible with dBASE III Plus, FoxBASE +, DBXL, Clipper, Quicksilver, and Borland and Microsoft languages. Language-specific modules are contained within FaceIt. It runs on PS/2s and compatibles. **Price: \$99**.

Contact: Black and White International, Inc., 23 West 88th Street, New York, NY 10024, (212) 787-6633. Inquiry 772.

continued

80386 C Compiler Creates Protected-Mode Code

The NDP C-386 C compiler from MicroWay is a globally optimizing compiler that was designed for the Intel 80386. It generates native 80386 protected-mode 32-bit code that runs under DOS or Unix V.

The compiler is capable of running with arrays larger than 64K bytes and can run programs as large as 4 gigabytes.

NDP C-386 is a full implementation of PCC, Bell Lab's Portable C Compiler, whose syntax is a superset of Kernighan and Ritchie C. The compiler includes all standard PCC extensions along with supersets of ANSI C and Microsoft C extensions. The new extensions include a set of graphics and BASIC-like screen handling functions, in addition to hooks to the operating system.

Coprocessors supported include the MicroWay/Weitek mW1167 and the Intel 80387 and 80287 coprocessors.

MicroWay's C compiler runs on any 80386-based computer or AT compatible with an Intel Inboard or other 80386 add-on board. A floating-point coprocessor is required, as well as 2 megabytes of extended memory. drive with at least 2 megabytes of free memory. DOS 3.2 or higher or Unix 386 System V Release 3 is also required. **Price:** \$595. **Contact:** MicroWay, P.O. Box 79, Kingston, MA 02364, (508) 746-7341. **Inquiry 768.** 

You'll also need a hard disk

#### **Document It!**

T o simplify the process of documenting C programs, Software Blacksmiths designed C-DOC, a set of documentation tools for C programmers. The tools also modify your programs and can insert documentation as a part of each individual module header.

C-Call documents the caller/called hierarchy of a group of programs. It creates graphic tree diagrams that show the flow structure. It also produces a table of contents of files versus modules, processes functions and macros with parameters, and generates cross-references of function definitions and usages.

C-Ref analyzes and documents the use of local/global parameter identifiers. It also produces summaries for individual modules for use in headers, and it produces a module- or system-level cross-reference of all identifiers, definitions, and usages.

# Take a peek at Genoa's new PC graphics add-ons.



boards and tape backup. Soon you'll be able to depend on us for all your PC graphics add-on hardware.

Over the next year, we'll be unwrapping a series of graphics products. Each is designed to give you the most reliable, vet innovative engineering features. And above all, the highest performance possible.

Our SuperVGA HiRes family, featured here, is the first in our new product series. SuperVGA HiRes offers breathtaking color and resolution. From 16 colors in 1024x768. Up to 256 colors in 800x600. You'll see more of your spreadsheets at once with SuperVGA HiRes. 132 columns and 60 rows. You'll do Windows or OS/2. In fact, every SuperVGA HiRes feature is designed to turn your IBM PC/XT/AT and PS/2 models 25 and 30 into real graphics engines.



- 100% IBM VGA compatible
  - Advanced features -1024x768 in 16 colors and 800x600 in 256 colors/Model 5200 -512x512 in 256 colors/Model 5100
- 132 columns text
- For both analog and

TTL displays

If you're looking for PC graphics add-ons, take a look at Genoa first. Our new line of products is starting delivery now!

For the Genoa dealer nearest you or to add your name to our mailing list contact: Genoa Systems Corporation, 75 F. Trimble Road, San Jose, CA 95131. Fax: 408/434-0997. Telex: 172319. Or phone: 408/432-9090. In the UK, contact Genoa Systems Limited, phone 01-225-3247. In the Far East contact Genoa/Taiwan, phone: 2-776-3933.

**Circle 94 on Reader Service Card** 



988 Genoa Systems Corporation. SuperVGA Hilles is a trademark of Genoa Systems Corporation. Windows is a trademark of Microsoft, Inc. IBM PC/ZT/AT, PS/2, and OS/2 are trademarks of International Business Machines.

#### SOFTWARE • SCIENTIFIC AND ENGINEERING

#### Data Analysis All Over Your Screen

D SP Development Corp. says the most difficult thing about DADiSP is pronouncing its name. It's pronounced "Day-Disp," and it stands for data analysis and digital signal processing.

You use the program after you've acquired data from a variety of instruments. DADiSP 2.0 is a package that lets you import ASCII and binary single or multichannel data files into the database as a data set. The program has a menu-driven interface and lets you analyze your data graphically and numerically. The waveforms are represented in windows that are treated as cells in a spreadsheet. When you make a change to a waveform in one window, the program makes the necessary alterations to others.

The worksheet can hold up to 64 windows, with each offering graphics operations such as scrolling, zooming, expansion, compression, and cursor movement.

The program has over 160 analysis routines, including signal arithmetic, signal calculus, waveform generation, Fourier analysis, frequency domain analysis, correlations, and trigonometric and statistical routines. DSP reports that the size of waveforms is unlimited, as the program pages large waveforms to and from your disk during calculations.

DOD 127 Workshoet	107	9-16-19
mm		mark
	MMM	-12.07 -13.07 -14.07 -14.07 -14.07 -14.07 -14.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07 -15.07
17. Base west (w)	41-30-44(-47) 11-4- 11-4- 11-4- 11-4- 11-4-	
LOND SAVE	ADD REMOVE INT	QUIT DAD ISP( to Unr 1.844 0.1977 JS

DADiSP waveforms are presented in multiple windows.

DADiSP runs on the IBM PC, XT, AT, and compatibles as well as on Sun and other workstations. It runs under DOS, Unix, and OS/2, according to DSP. **Price:** DOS version, \$795; Unix version, \$2495. **Contact:** DSP Development Corp., One Kendall Sq., Cambridge, MA 02139, (617) 577-1133. **Inquiry 773.** 

#### Go Solo!

**S** olo 101 is a statistical program that features fillin-the-blank-type panels that give you your statisticalanalysis options. If you need help knowing what to put into a panel, you move the cursor to the field and a help message pops up.

With Solo you can calculate the mean, standard deviation, and percentiles, and you can generate frequency tables and cross-tabulations. The program also performs multiple regression with residual analysis, stepwise regression, robust regression, weighted regression, and correlation analysis. You can store residuals, predicted values, confidence intervals, and other observation-type statistics in Solo's database. Forecasting techniques include trend analysis, single and double exponential smoothing, and seasonal adjustment. Analysis of variance procedures include general linear models, unweighted means, and repeated measures.

Solo includes a data-entry spreadsheet, database utilities, data import, report writing, and transformation capabilities. With the spreadsheet editor, you can cut and paste sections of the database, append data to existing information, and reorder columns for easier data entry and viewing. The data-import facility lets you read and write ASCII files. You can also sort, merge, transpose, or make subsets of databases. A report writer also lets you output to a printer or ASCII file.

The program runs on the IBM PC, XT, AT, and compatibles with DOS 2.1 or higher, 512K bytes of RAM, and a VGA, EGA, CGA, or Hercules graphics card. **Price:** \$149. **Contact:** BMDP Statistical Software, Inc., 1440 Sepulveda Blvd., Los Angeles, CA 90025, (213) 479-7799. **Inquiry 774.** 

#### Preview AutoCAD Drawings

W hether you're using AutoCAD or not, you can pop out of whatever program you're in and take a look at an AutoCAD (DWG) drawing with SoftWest Quick-See. Because it is a stand-alone program, you don't need Auto-CAD to run it. The manufacturer reports that it displays a drawing at close to AutoCAD Redraw speeds.

SoftWest Quick-See runs on the IBM PC and compatibles with DOS 2.1 or higher, 256K bytes of RAM, and a Hercules monochrome display adapter, EGA, CGA, or VGA. A math coprocessor and a hard disk drive are not required. **Price: \$99**. **Contact:** The Great

SoftWestern Company, Inc., 207 West Hickory St., Suite 202, Denton, TX 76201, (800) 231-6880; in Texas, (817) 383-4434. Inquiry 775.

. continued

#### AutoCAD on the Mac II

A utoCAD Release 10 runs on the Mac II and adds three-dimensional wireframe construction and surface modeling capabilities, along with new drawing and editing features. These include user-defined coordi-

nate systems, dynamic realtime zoom and three-dimensional rotation, and multiple view ports.

Release 10 is data-filecompatible with MS-DOS and Unix versions of the program, so you can read and write drawing files interchangeably between two different machines. **Price:** \$3000. **Contact:** Autodesk, 2320 Marinship Way, Sausalito, CA 94965, (415) 332-2344. **Inquiry 776.** 

**NO OTHER DESKTOP PUBLISHING SYSTEM OFFERS THIS FEATURE.** 

With the new Mannesmann Tally<sup>®</sup> Universal<sup>™</sup> Publishing System, you can practically fly.

Thanks to a Raster Image Processor board that plugs directly into your PC or compatible, you'll process your pages at a speed limited only by the speed of your computer. Not—as is typical—at the speed of the printer. And you'll transfer ready-to-print data directly to the printer through a video interface at an incredible 3-million bits per second.

So when you're using the PostScript<sup>®</sup> compatible interpreter, vou'll produce a printed page almost twice as fast as most other systems. But that's just ground speed.

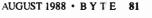
If you use Aldus® Page-Maker or Ventura Publisher," you'll



Systems:

- Universal Publishing System (includes a PostScript compatible interpreter and Document Description Language (DDL)) 2. DDL Publishing System (DDL only).
   Resolution: 300 x 300 dpi.
- Emulations: Both systems include HP\* Laserlet.
- Memory: 2 Mg.
  Typefaces: UPS includes 35 typefaces, DDL System includes 22 typefaces.
- Speed: 10 pages per-minute.
- Dual paper cassettes standard, 250 sheets each.
- Dual output bins standard, 250 sheets each.
- Manual feed handles single sheets, enve-
- lopes, transparencies, and labels. Workload: 10,000 pages-per-month.

Circle 135 on Reader Service Card (DEALERS: 136)



really take off. Because when you select DDL instead of the PostScript compatible interpreter, you'll double that speed again. And with full page bitmap graphics, you can get printed output up to 17 times as fast.

So call the number below for the name of your nearest dealer and log in your time on the New Mannesmann Tally Universal Publishing System. A pilot's license is not required.



In Washington state, call: 206-251-5524 Ext. 130

Test results available upon request. PostScript is a registered trade mark of Adobe Systems, Inc. DDL is a registered trademark of Imagen Corp. Ventura Publisher is a registered trademark of Ven tura Corp. Pagemaker is a registered trademark of Adur. Corp.

400%

Introducing our newest family of 9-wire dot-matrix printers. The re-engineered MSP series, featuring the latest advances in print technology.

To begin with, they're 50% faster. In the draft printing mode, the MSP-40 and 45 top out at 240 cps. And the MSP-50 and 55 have a maximum cruising speed of 300 cps.

Each model features a new, bidirectional print mechanism, that can generate brilliant graphics resolution. And the new MSP-50 and 55 can produce crisp, near-letter-quality print with even better throughput.

We also made it easier to load the MSP series. The paper bale has been replaced with a built-in convertible push or pull paper tractor. And the sleek new redesign

ITIZEN

STORE IN

CITIZEN

CITIZEN

CITUEN ENTER

now incorporates a rear or bottom feed. Real handy if you're printing labels, forms, cards or stationery.

As for convenience, you'll also appreciate the front panel controls, the outstanding compatibility and the wide selection of typestyles via available font cards. There's even color capability on the deluxe MSP-50 and 55.

All in all, the MSP series, with an 18-month warranty, represents an excellent value in precision-built printers. Which, considering Citizen's tradition, isn't all that new.

For the dealer nearest you, call 1-800-556-1234, Ext. 34.

In California, call 1-800-441-2345, Ext. 34.



World Radio History

DELLIXE

#### WHAT'S NEW

#### SOFTWARE • BUSINESS

#### Slideshow on the Desktop

**N** ow you can create slides with access to 16.8 million colors on a Mac II to use in your desktop presentations. Microsoft has enhanced PowerPoint 2.0 with templates that have built-in color schemes, background effects, and fonts. Other added features include a spelling checker and a find-andreplace command.

To take advantage of the preselected color schemes, you select a background color, and the program suggests contrasting colors. If you merge slides into other presentations, you can choose different color schemes, with all elements of the slide converting to the new color scheme.

The spelling checker comes with a main dictionary that you can supplement with your own words. Word-processing features of the program include tabs and decimal tabs, variable line and paragraph spacing, and five outline-like levels for bulleted copy points.

The program also lets you import graphics from Mac-Point, PICT, and EPSE file formats. Using the Macintosh Clipboard, you can incorporate graphics in any format, according to Microsoft. You can also incorporate blackand-white graphics and then color them.

PowerPoint 2.0 runs on the Mac Plus, SE, or II running System 4.1 or higher with 1 megabyte of RAM and two 800K-byte floppy disk drives or a hard disk drive. The software is compatible with AppleShare and MultiFinder. **Price:** \$395.

Contact: Microsoft Corp., 16011 Northeast 36th Way, P.O. Box 97017, Redmond, WA 98073, (206) 882-8080. Inquiry 777.



Sample desktop presentation slide from PowerPoint 2.0.

#### Make Your Commodore 64/128 a Desktop Publisher

C reate multiple-column page layouts on the Commodore 64 and 128 (in 64 emulation) with PaperClip Publisher from Electronic Arts.

You can create documents of up to 50 pages in length; manipulate text and graphics with ruler, margin, and column guides; enlarge pages with the magnify mode; and resize boxes and have text flow between them.

A text editor is included, and the font converter utility lets you convert fonts from popular word processors. You can also import text files from PaperClip II and other word processors.

The built-in graphics editor lets you import and edit graphics from other programs. You can also choose from a variety of box backgrounds and outlines, and you can work on pages from 3 by 3 inches to 8 by 14 inches with as many columns as you want. PaperClip Publisher also supports a wide variety of printers.

The program runs on the Commodore 64 and 128 with 64K bytes of RAM, a 1541 or 1571 floppy disk drive, and a mouse or joystick. **Price:** \$49.95. **Contact:** Electronic Arts, 1820 Gateway Dr., San Mateo, CA 94404, (415) 571-7171. **Inguiry 778.** 

#### 1-2-C Compiler

C ompile 1-2-C converts your worksheets into C source code instead of BASIC. It also handles more than just Lotus files and will compile any .WKS files.

Once your worksheets are compiled, you don't need the original spreadsheet program, as the worksheets become stand-alone .EXE files.

Compile 1-2-C, formerly known as LTS2C, runs on the IBM PC, XT, AT, and compatibles with 640K bytes of RAM and a 1.5-megabyte hard disk drive. The program works with Lotus 1-2-3 releases 1A and 2.01 and works with all 1-2-3 commands except Graph and Window. The program is not copyprotected. Price: \$299. **Contact:** Resource Analysis International Corp., 12581 Venice Blvd., Los Angeles, CA 90066, (213) 390-7661.

#### A Helping Hand from Handi

The makers of Handi call it "information integration software." It's one program that combines a database manager, word processor, calendar, scheduler with alarms, and report generator. You can run it as either a stand-alone or a memory-resident program.

HandiBase is the database manager. Each database holds a maximum of 65,500 B-tree indexed records. Each record can contain up to 4090 bytes of structured and free-form data. Each database can support up to 20 structured fields.

HandiWord is a word processor that performs word wrap, text block manipulation, find/replace, cut/paste, import, export, and other test manipulation functions. It handles large documents of up to 60,000 characters.

The program's calendar module is called Handi-Scheduler, and it features an alarm that you can set to remind you of appointments or other events. When the alarm goes off, a small window pops up on the screen when you're in other programs, and some text reminds you of why the alarm has gone off.

HandiReport is the report generator, and it lets you print form letters, labels, business reports, invoices, and more.

Handi runs on the IBM PC, XT, AT, and compatibles with DOS 2.1 or higher and 74K bytes of free RAM. **Price: \$49**.

**Contact:** HandiCorp, Inc., 17080 142nd Place NE, P.O. Box 1263, Woodinville, WA 98072, (800) 451-3496; in Washington, (206) 481-7026. **Inquiry 780.** 

continued

Inquiry 779.



# EmulateTheBest WithTheBrightest.

There's no denying the availability of some outstanding dedicated terminals to access Digital," Hewlett-Packard, and Data General<sup>®</sup> host systems. Which makes the task of precisely emulating the performance of those dedicated terminals on an IBM<sup>®</sup> PC or compatible a rather significant challenge.

Based on the feedback we've received from SmarTerm<sup>®</sup> users, our family of terminal emulation software has met the challenge, passed every test, and surpassed, in the opinion of a host of enthusiastic users, the performance of the host system terminals being emulated.

The reasons why we shine are fundamental.

Every SmarTerm emulation is precise. So precise, in fact, that a dedicated terminal's SmarTerm counterpart fully emulates not only advanced performance features but also unique terminal quirks and bugs.

Every SmarTerm emulation is easy to use. It's one thing to make software do what hardware does. It's another challenge to minimize software's human wear. The people designing our products understand the nature of the people using them.

Every SmarTerm emulation is easy to learn. These days, training costs are a hot topic. Software intended to boost overall system efficiency must recognize the value of learning speed. We have.

It's also easy to learn more about how SmarTerm emulations can help you shine. Your software dealer can supply all the details. Or you can contact us at (608) 273-6000 to request complete specifications and a demonstration disk of the SmarTerm emulation that precisely matches your requirements.

© 1988 Persoft, Inc., 465 Science Drive, Maclison, Wisconsin 53711 U.S.A. Persoft and SmarTerm are registered trademarks of Persoft, Inc. All Rights Reserved. IBM is a registered trademark of International Business Machines Corporation. Digital is a registered trademark of Digital Equipment Corporation. Data General is a registered trademark of Data General Corporation.



#### WHAT'S NEW

#### SOFTWARE • CONNECTIVITY

#### 10-Net Software Offers OS/2 Support and More

N etBIOS compatibility, electronic mail, enhanced network software, and support for OS/2 are added to 10-Net Plus localarea-network (LAN) soft-

The E-mail package added is Network Courier from Consumers Software. -'It supports large mail net-

Make Connections with Reunion

eunion software lets you access and process information between an IBM PC, an asynchronous host mainframe, and minicomputers. It provides two-way communication between host computers and PC applications, terminal emulation, file transfer, multitasking, and program development. The program's multitasking ability lets you run it in the background of other application programs, transferring files, sending mail, or retrieving host information, while you continue to use the application program in the foreground.

The program is menudriven and contains a dialing directory and help. To further simplify use of the program, you can redefine or remap any key on your PC keyboard. You can also create macros with Reunion, automating repetitive tasks so that one keystroke can perform a series of commands.

A Writer facility lets you create, modify, compile, and test scripts. It also imports any ASCII editor for use within Reunion. A Learn facility works and has the ability to link various mail servers together. It also features network-monitoring tools and a chat utility.

10Net recently unbundled the software, making it available for IBM Token Ring and Ethernet systems. Applications written for previous versions of 10-Net will

lets you automate communications sessions, allowing you to alter scripts. The Connect facility offers a modular structure for connecting to host computers and information services. It also includes a dialing directory.

Reunion's application language, Resource, contains about 75 commands that let you read and write to PC files, initiate and control other PC applications, call other scripts as subroutines, and let the host computer initiate PC applications.

Terminals emulated include the IBM 3101 Character Mode; DEC VT-220, VT-100, and VT-52; generic TTY; and PC7171 for protocol converters. Methods of file transfer include XMODEM and YMODEM, Kermit, Linkware, and nonprotocol ASCII.

To run Reunion you'll need an IBM PC or PS/2 with DOS 2.0 or higher and at least 384K bytes of RAM, with at least 512K bytes needed for Link ware file transfers. You also need an asynchronous COM1 port, a COM2 port, or a Net/One network adapter, and a CGA, EGA, VGA, or IBM monochrome adapter.

Price: \$175. Contact: Westford Harbor Co., 288 Littleton Rd., POB 240, Westford, MA 01886, (617) 692-9440. Inquiry 781. run on 10-Net Plus, according to 10Net Communications. **Price:** \$395 per node for

IBM Token Ring version (unbundled). Contact: 10Net Communications, 7016 Corporate Way, Dayton, OH 45459, (513) 433-2238. Inquiry 782.

#### Networking with DataEase

D ataEase, a database management program, is now available in a network version. Applications you've developed with single-user DataEase can run on DataEase LAN with a single keystroke, the company reports.

The LAN version provides three record-locking and two file-locking strategies for viewing and editing shared data. It also has a MultiView feature, which shows you multiple related files with one keystroke.

With DataEase LAN 1.1, you can have 26 databases per directory, up to 255 files per database, and up to 255 reports per database. It also provides B-tree indexing, wild-card searches, and 99 predefined choice fields. You can import DataEase, Lotus, dBASE II and III, DIF, ASCII, and mailmerge files, and you can export to Lotus, DIF, Multi-Mate, ASCII, mail-merge, and GrafTalk file formats.

DataEase LAN 1.1 runs on the IBM PC, XT, AT, 3270 PC, PS/2s, and compatibles with at least 640K bytes of RAM. You also need an interface card supported by the

DOS 3.1 network interface or Novell Netware 86 or 286 version 2.0a or higher. The database management program runs with Banyan VINES 2.1, 3Com EtherSeries and 3+ 1.2, IBM PC LAN 1.1, Novell Netware 86/286 2.0a or higher, and the AT&T StarLAN. Price: \$700; \$900 for the Workstation pack, which provides access for three additional PCs. Contact: DataEase International, Inc., 7 Cambridge Dr., Trumbull, CT 06611, (800) 243-5123; in Connecticut, (203) 374-8000. Inquiry 783.

#### Macintosh E-Mail System

M acintosh users can add the ability to communicate electronically over AppleTalk networks with QuickMail. This desk accessory offers an automatic log-in option, log-in/log-out, and password security.

With QuickMail you can have real-time private or public conferences; you can also generate a transcript of the conferences. A public bulletin board is included, and you can invoke a privacy feature for a specified length of time.

You can forward messages to other users, print them out, or save them to disk. You can also attach up to 16 files or clipboards per message and reply to or edit sent messages.

The program works on networks with the Macintosh 512KE systems and higher with at least one hard disk drive. It is compatible with AppleShare, TOPS, and Mac-Serve networks. **Price:** \$300 per 10 users. **Contact:** CE Software, 1854 Fuller Rd., West Des Moines, IA 50265, (515) 224-1995. **Inquiry 784.** 

# FACT: **MORE AND MORE PEOPLE ARE SWITCHING TO TOPSPEED MODULA-2** Top Speed Modula-2

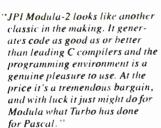
User's Manual

Library Objects

TopSpeed Modula-2

Library Source

TOP-SPEEd Modula



**Dick Pountain** Byte Information Exchange short.takes conference

"I liked all of the hard-disk space that was recovered after I deleted my BORLAND, MICROSOFT, and LOGITECH compilers, because with TopSpeed Modula-2 all the rest are obsolete." Robert D. Randall **Donnelley Marketing** 

The successor of Pascal: JPI TopSpeed Modula-2 produces better code than Microsoft C, Turbo C, Logitech Modula-2, and Turbo Pascal 4.0.

JPI TopSpeed Modula-2 is a professional Modula-2 development system with full support of memory models, multi-tasking, long data types, structured constants, long and short pointers, 80X87 inline code and emulator, separate compilation, direct BIOS/DOS calls, etc. The comprehensive library includes CGA, EGA and VGA graphics support, math functions, sorting, file handling, window management, a time-sliced process scheduler and more.

The Compiler Kit includes: High-speed optimizing compiler, integrated menu-driven environment with multi-window/multi-file editor, automatic make, fast smart linker. All Modula-2 sources to libraries included. BONUS: Complete high-speed window management module included with source. 258-page User's Manual and 190-page Language Tutorial.

The TechKit includes: Assembler source for start-up code and run-time library, JPI TopSpeed Assembler (30,000 lines/min), TSR module, communications driver. PROM locator, dynamic overlays, and technical information. 72-page manual.

System Requirements: IBM PC or compatible, 384K RAM, two floppy drives thard disk recommended).

Circle 115 on Reader Service Card



TopSpeed's seamlessly integrated environment.



VID, the Visual Interface

Debugger, coming soon.



Sieve benchmark measured by the British Standards Institution (BSI)-25 iterations on an 8MHz AT.

Compiler Kit \$99.95. TechKit \$59.95.

### To Order:

In the US & Canada, call: 1-800-443-0100 Ext 255, 24 Hours.

Or mail us your order with a check, money order, or VISA/MC information. 30-day unconditional money-back guarantee.

Shipping & handling charges: In North America: Add \$5.00 shipping & handling, plus \$2.00 for each additional product. Overseas: Add \$20.00 shipping & handling, plus \$8.00 for each additional . product.



Jensen & Partners International

1101 San Antonio Rd, Suite 301 Mountain View CA 94043 Phone: (415) 967-3200

In England and Europe contact: Jensen & Partners UK Ltd., 63 Clerkenwell Rd., London EC1M 5NP, Phone: (01) 253-4333. Compiler Kit £59.95, (add £4.69 for VAT & handling in the UK; £4.00 handling in Europe). Tech-Kit £34.95 (add £4.03 for VAT & handling in the UK; £4.00 handling in Europe).

TopSpeed is a trademark of Jensen & Partners International. Other brand and product names are trademarks or registered trademarks of their respective holders

#### WHAT'S NEW

#### SOFTWARE • OTHER

#### Design Your Own Logo

U sing an IBM PC with a TrueVision TARGA or VISTA graphics board and Flamingo's Logo Editor, you can create logos and illustrations.

The object-oriented drawing program lets you trace or create illustrations with smooth antialiased edges. The Logo Editor comes with object types such as curves, ovals, arcs, circles, lines, rectangles, irregular polygons, and text. You can choose objects from pop-up menus and manipulate them with a mouse or graphics tablet. You can also group, ungroup, rotate, flip, move, copy, scale, stretch, delete, and undelete objects.

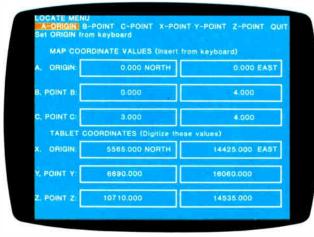
You can edit the text that comes with the cubic spline outline definitions and incorporate the text into your logos. Eight outline fonts are provided.

Layout tools include flat, gradient, or TARGA image background styles; and grids, resident color palettes, and color creation models. You can render your work onscreen through an antialiasing process that smooths the curves and lines. You can also store your designs as logos or as fonts. Logo files are read back into the Logo Editor and printed onto any TARGA image file. Font files are compatible with Flamingo Graphics' RIO.

Logo Editor runs on the IBM PC AT and compatibles with at least 640K bytes of RAM and a 10-megabyte hard disk drive. You also need a TARGA frame buffer and an analog RGB or composite monitor. The company also recommends Expanded Memory Specification memory and a math coprocessor.



An illustration created with Flamingo's Logo Editor.



HotDij matches digitizer data to other programs.

Price: \$895.

Contact: Flamingo Graphics, 875 Main St., Cambridge, MA 02139, (617) 661-1001. Inquiry 785.

#### Digitize Me

P lace data from a digitizer tablet directly into your word processor, spreadsheet, or other programs with HotDij, a memory-resident utility.

HotDij contains preprogrammed control characters to

match the digitizer data to your other programs. You can also define up to four additional sets of control characters. The program adds control characters to enter the data into columns on the monitor. It adjusts for drawing scale and corrects for drawing placement errors. HotDij keeps track of changes in scale or drawing location, as well as the application in use. Whenever you reboot, HotDij remembers your previous application and sets up for it. The program allows for keyboard input and accepts ASCII input to the digitizer.

HotDij is menu-driven. It also offers you a selection of 34 predefined digitizer interfaces. When you install the program, you must match the report format of the digitizer tablet to your computer.

Designed to run on the IBM PC and compatibles, you'll need at least 64K bytes of free RAM and an asynchronous communications port. The program comes with a wiring adapter to connect your system with a digitizer. Geocomp reports that the program works with any digitizer that sends ASCII. Price: \$335. Contact: Geocomp Ltd., 749 Van Gordon Court, Golden, CO 80401, (303) 233-1250. Inquiry 786.

#### Perk Up Your Output

f your standard 9-pin dotmatrix printer produces dull-looking output, The Image Printing Utilities may be able to help. The program achieves higher-quality output by making three print passes over each line, with a different pattern of dots each time. The dot density is 216 dots per inch vertically by 240 dpi horizontally.

The program includes 16 fonts, and all except the Graphics font include the entire character set of an IBM Graphics Printer.

The program takes up 35K bytes of RAM for each font loaded. It runs on the IBM PC and compatibles with DOS 2.0 or higher and at least 128K bytes of RAM. **Price:** \$89.95. **Contact:** Image Computer Systems, P.O. Box 647, Avon, CT 06001, (203) 678-8771. **Inguiry 787.** 

# The 3.5" Migration.

Manzana

As though by the force of nature, computer users are flocking to the new 3.5" standard.

A Clear Flight: A top-quality 3.5" drive allows direct access between older and newer systems, between IBM PC/XT/AT, compatibles and PS/2 systems, and between home office desktops and laptops in the field. And most experts agree that it's better to upgrade an older system with a 3.5" floppy drive than to downgrade a new system with an old-technology drive.

A Third First: Manzana introduced the industry's first 3.5" upgrade in 1985, and the first 1.44MB drive in 1987. Today, Manzana introduces drives it home the 3rd Internal<sup>™</sup> drive, for those with room for more than two.

Maximum Versatility: Manzana offers several drive configurations, including an internal, a hostpowered external, and a self-powered external.

All systems come with Manzana's own 3Five® software, which runs with MS-DOS version 2.0 or higher, to read, write and format disks at 1.44MB, 720K. and non-standard MS-DOS formats, including HP 150 and 110.

> Flying to PC Expo? See us in Booth #2520. Or call 805/968-1387. FAX 805/968-5449, TELEX 4932215 or write for the whole story on The 3.5" Migration, and literature on the full line of Manzana drives: Manzana MicroSystems, Inc., P.O. Box 2117, Goleta, CA 93118.

> > Soon you'll be heading in the right direction from instinct alone.

Circle 434 on Reader Service Card

Trademarks: 3Five and 3rd Internal -- Manzana MicroSystems, Inc.; IBM and PS/2 -- International Business Machines Corporation; MS-DOS - Microsoft, Inc.: HP -- Hewlett Packard Corporation; ©1988, Manzana MicroSystems, Inc

World Radio History

#### REGIONAL

# WHAT'S NEW

#### METRO NEW YORK · NEW ENGLAND

#### New 80386 PC

The PowerMate 386/20 features 130-megabyte (28-millisecond access time) and 300-megabyte (18-ms) enhanced small device interface hard disk drive options and can support up to 16 megabytes of 32-bit, 80-nanosecond RAM.

The base unit includes 2 megabytes of RAM, a 1.2megabyte 5<sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub>-inch or 1.44megabyte 3<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>-inch floppy disk drive, hard disk controller, 42-megabyte hard disk drive, and keyboard.

The Intel 80386 32-bit processor runs at 20 MHz with zero wait states. Eight fullsize expansion slots, five 5¼inch half-height internal



The PowerMate 386/20 cruises at 20 MHz.

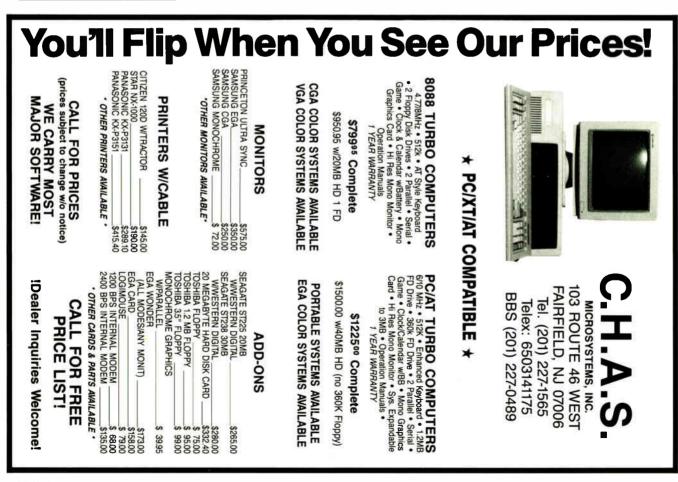
disk-storage slots, two RS-232C serial ports, one parallel printer port, a keyboard with keyboard lock and reset switch, and a built-in clock and calendar are included with the base unit.

Floppy disk options include 1.2-megabyte or 360Kbyte 5<sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub>-inch drives and 1.44-megabyte or 720K-byte 3<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>-inch drives. A 42-megabyte hard disk drive is also available.

The PowerMate 386/20 is shipped with MS-DOS 3.3 and **GWBASIC 3.2 and supports** the Microsoft OS/2 1.0 operating system. NEC's high-resolution MultiSync II and XL color monitors are offered for the PowerMate 386/20. The 14-inch II supports 800- by 560-pixel resolution, and the XL features a 20-inch display with 1024- by 768-pixel resolution. Both monitors support CGA, EGA, and VGA boards. Price: \$5795. Contact: NEC Information Systems, Inc., 1414 Massachusetts Ave., Boxborough, MA 01719, (617) 264-8000.

Inquiry 827.

continued



# PIONEER PERFORMANCE:

# Quality. Reliability. Affordability.

Pioneer Systems manufactures a complete line of personal and business computers. Pioneer backs every computer with a money-back guarantee.

All systems include the Pioneer Pack of software: Word Processing, Database Manager, Spreadsheet, Communications Software.

15 day money-back guarantee.

Prices and availability subject to change. All above prices subject to memory surcharge.

For more information on any Pioneer Model, contact Pioneer Systems.

**Pioneer Systems, Inc.** 132 Main Street Haydenville, MA 01039 413-268-9301

© 1988 Pioneer Systems, Inc.

#### **MODEL 20**

### \$795 20MB STORAGE 8088-2 PROCESSOR

- 10MHz
- 8 Expansion Slots
- 360K Floppy
- 20MB Hard Drive
- Monographics Card
- Monochrome Monitor
- AT Style Case
- 256K RAM
- 48 Hour Burn-In
- Six Month Limited Warranty

#### MODEL 80

# \$2995 80MB STORAGE 80386 PROCESSOR

- 16MHz
- 8 Expansion Slots
- 1.2MB Floppy
- 80MB Hard Drive
- Monographics Card
- Monochrome Monitor
- AT Style Case
- 1MB RAM
- 48 Hour Burn-In
- Six Month Limited Warranty

#### MODEL 40

# \$1495 40MB STORAGE 80286 PROCESSOR

- 12MHz
- 8 Expansion Slots
- 1.2MB Floppy
- 40MB Hard Drive
- Monographics Card
- Monochrome Monitor
- AT Style Case
- 512K RAM
- 48 Hour Burn-In
- Six Month Limited Warranty

#### MODEL 120



- 20MHz
- 8 Expansion Slots
- 1.2MB Floppy
- 120MB Hard Drive
- Monographics Card
- Monochrome Monitor
- Tower Case
- 2MB RAM
- 48 Hour Burn-In
- Six Month Limited Warranty

World Radio History

REGIONAL

#### WHAT'S NEW

#### METRO NEW YORK • NEW ENGLAND

#### 1-2-3 Utility Translates ASCII Files

Trans for 1-2-3 lets you convert ASCII files into .WKS, .WK1, .WRK, and .WR1 formats and import them into Lotus 1-2-3 or Symphony spreadsheets. The program interprets the patterns of the source file. Source characters automatically become values and labels. The new worksheet looks like the input file, but you can also manually change the worksheet.

The program can distinguish numeric entries from labels. It keeps a log file of progress and error messages and accepts labels that overflow column boundaries. It can also translate files up to 1000 lines long.

Trans for 1-2-3 runs on IBM PCs, XTs, ATs, and compatibles with DOS 2.0 or higher and works with Lotus 1-2-3 and Symphony. It requires 500K bytes of RAM for a 1000-line source file. **Price:** \$95. **Contact:** Intex Solutions, Inc., 161 Highland Ave., Needham, MA 02194, (617) 449-6222. **Inquiry 824.** 

#### Advanced Data Protection System

D ata Guardian, a data recovery feature of Disk Optimizer 4.0, blocks DOS from writing over an area where a deleted file is located. When you delete a file, Data Guardian stores the date, time, and filename and preserves the data space for a specified period of time (up to 99 days). A display and pattern of musical tones lets you know if the Data Guardian system is present when you delete a file.

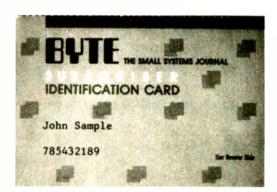
Disk Optimizer also includes these new features: an optional track saver function that protects the hard disk surface from wear by not allowing the drive head to spin over the same track for long periods of time; Refresh, a program that prevents bad spots from developing on a disk due to fading magnetic charges by reading and rewriting all data stored on a disk; and a data security program that prevents the unauthorized recovery of a file that you've deleted.

Disk Optimizer's 17 programs provide disk performance optimization, data protection and recovery, and file management and security functions. According to SoftLogic, it can optimize disk performance in less than 20 minutes and increase disk performance from 70 to 300 percent.

Disk Optimizer 4.0 runs on IBM PCs, XTs, ATs, PS/2s, and compatibles with DOS 2.0 or higher and 256K bytes of RAM. **Price:** \$69.95. **Contact:** SoftLogic Solutions, One Perimeter Rd., Manchester, NH 03103, (603) 627-9900 or (800) 272-9900. **Inquiry 826.** 

### Important TIPS\* for BYTE Subscribers: Receive Product Information 10 Days Earlier!





All you need is a touch-tone telephone and your subscriber I.D. number. See instructions facing the Reader Service Index in the back of this issue for outrageous time-saving opportunities!

\*BYTE's Telephone Inquiry Processing Service

INDEPENDENT STORE IN NYC DEDICATED							
TO IBM							
If We Don't Have It, It's Probably Not Worth Having. STORE HOURS: 9:00 A.M5:30 P.M. E.S.T. MONFRI. SATURDAYS: CLOSED JUNE-JULY-AUGUST.							
Terms, Conditions and Prices May Differ In Our Store. CORPORATE ACCOUNTS WELCOMED. PCLINK, CORP. 29 WEST 38TH STREET. 2ND FL., NEW YORK, NY 10018							
CALL TOLL FREE 1-800-221-034	All prices listed in this ad are effective July. 1-31, 1988, All Brands are Registered Trademarks. IN NET	W YORK CALL 1-212-730-8036					
THIS MONTH'S SPECIALS—AUGUST 1st through 31st.							
LQ ENGINEERING. KORTEK SUPER CARTRIDGE 499.00 FREEWAYA							
BUSINESS SOFTWARE ANSA PARADOX V 2.0	BRIGHTBILL-ROBERTS SHOW PARTNER	DISKDRIVES I OMEGA 20MB BETA II INT. DRIVE					
dBASE III PLUS 1.1	DIGITAL GEM DRAW PLUS 175.00 LOTUS DEV. FREE LANCE+(Sold In Store) 319.00	MINISCRIBE 40MB HARD DISK FOR AT 629.00 SEAGATE ST-225 20MB WITH W/D					
BORLAND INT. EUREKA 99.00	MICROGRAFX WINDOWS DRAW	SEAGATE ST-251-1 40MB FOR AT					
PROLOG 1.1	HARVARD PRESENTATION GRAPHICS 295.00 XEROX VENTURA DESKTOP PUBLISHER CALL	SYSGEN BRIDGE FILE					
TURBO BASIC	<b>Z SOFT.</b> PC PAINTBRUSH +	TOSHIBA ND-04D 1/2 HT. 360KB 149.00					
TURBO PASCAL 4.0		TOSHIBA ND-04DE-G 360KB FOR AT 159.00 TOSHIBA ND-08DE-G 1.2MB FOR AT 199.00					
CLEAR SOFT. CLEAR (CHART dBASE CODE) CALL CONSENTRIC DATA R & R REPORT WRITER FOR DBASE III+ 129.00	CORE INT. CORE FAST	EXPANSION BOARDS 64K 150NS RAM CHIPS CALL					
CROSSTALK COMMUNICATIONS CROSSTALK MK.4	FUNK SOFT. SIDEWAYS 3.2	256K 150NS RAM CHIPS CALL AST SIXPAK PREMIUM 256 C/S/P 259.00					
CROSSTALK XVI 3.6	MICROSOFT LEARNING DOS 39.00 NORTON UTILITIES V 4.0 59.00	DCA IRMA BOARD II					
FOX SOFTWARE FOX BASE PLUS V 2.0	NORTON UTILITIES ADVANCED 4.0 99.00 REVOLUTION CRUISE CONTROL	INTEL ABOVE BOARD PS/286 512K 489.00 TALL TREE JRAM-3 0K (TO 2MB)					
FOX BASE+ MULTIUSER	QUALITAS 386 TO MAX	VIDEO 7 VEGA DELUX         199.00           VIDEO 7 VEGA VGA         295.00					
JAVELIN SOFT. JAVELIN	SOFT CRAFT LASER FONT	DISKETTES					
LIFETREE SOFT. VOLKSWRITER 3 129.00 LOTUS DEV. CORP	WHITE CRANE BROOKLYN BRIDGE	DYSAN HIGH DENSITY FOR PC/AT         55.00           DYSAN DS/DD DISKETTES         29.00           3 M HIGH DENSITY FOR PC/AT         39.00					
LOTUS 1-2-3(SOLD IN OUR STORE) CALL SYMPHONY (SOLD IN OUR STORE) CALL AGENDA (SOLD IN OUR STORE)	GRAPHICTABLETS, KEYBOARDS, MICE DATA DESK TURBO KEYBOARD	<b>3</b> M 3 1/2" DS/DS 135 TPI					
MECA MANAGING YOUR MONEY 4.0	LOGITECH C7 MOUSE+PC PAINTBRUSH 99.00 LOGITECH C7 MOUSE+PAINT+CAD 149.00	ACCESORIES CURTIS SYSTEM STAND					
WORDSTAR 2000+ REL.3	LOGITECH C7 PUBLISHERS MOUSE 119.00 MICROSOFT SERIAL OR BUS MOUSE 105.00	CURTIS MONO CABLE					
WORDSTAR 2000+ REL.3 LEGAL VERSION CALL WORDSTAR PROFESSIONAL REL.5 CALL	MICROSOFT MOUSE WITH WINDOWS 145.00 PRINTERS	CURTIS DISPLAY PEDESTAL					
MICROSOFT CHART V 3.0	BROTHER TWINRITER 5 CALL BROTHER M-1709 240 CPS PAR/SER CALL	DYSAN ANTI-GLARE SCREEN					
C COMPILER	BROTHER HR40 DAISY	KENSINGTON MASTER PIECE					
MACRO ASSEMBLER	HEWLET-PACKARDLASERJET II CALL HEWLET-PACKARDDESKJET CALL OKIDATA 292	SMA PC DOCUMATE TEMPLETS					
QUICK BASIC	OKIDATA 293	TRI MAG 150 WATTS POWER PC/XT 119.00 TRIPP LITE BCI000 1000W UPS					
WINDOWS 69.00 WINDOWS 386 145.00	OUTPUT TECH OT-850XL 850 CPS CALL TOSHIBA P351 MODEL SX	NETWORKING					
WORD VERSION 4.0	HP LASER ACCESORIES BITSTREAM FONTWARE (SOFT FONTS). CALL	INVISIBLE NETWORK 200 299.00 SERVERTECHNOLOGY					
WORKS         109.00           MONOGRAM DOLLARS & SENSE         109.00           NANTUCKET CLIPPER         399.00	HEWLETT-PACKARD FONT CARTRIDGES	EASYLAN STARTER KIT FOR 2 PC'S 179.00 EASYLAN EXPANSION KIT FOR 1 PC'S 99.00					
OWL INT. GUIDE 89.00 GUARTERDECK DESQ VIEW 89.00 CONTRACTOR DESC VIEW	(A,C,D,E,G,H,) EA	SCANNERS & FACSIMILE BROTHER PERSONAL FAX-100					
SBT ACCOUNTING SOFTWARE (SOLD IN STORE) CALL SSC SOFTWARE BRIDGE	(R,Z) EA	DEST PC SCANNERS					
APL*PLUS V 7.0	IMB/2MB/4MB MEMORY BOARDS	COMPUTERS TOSHIBA					
SOPHCO PROTEC (HARD DISK PROTECTION) 185.00	IMAGEN PC Publisher Kit adds DDL, HP-GL & PostScript to HP Laserjet printers. Emulates 15 HP Cartridges, HP 7470/7475 pen plotters.	T1000 5I2KB ONE 3 1/2" D/D 4.77MHz CALL T1100+ 640KB TWO 3 1/2" D/D CALL					
SOFTWARE GROUP ENABLE V 2.0	Diablo 630, Epson MX-80/FX-80, & more.	T1200 IMBKB 20MB HD. ONE 3 1/2" D/D CALL T3100/20 640KB ONE 3 1/2", 20MB HD CALL T5100 2MB RAM ONE 3 1/2", 40MB HD CALL					
HARVARD TOTAL PROJECT MANAGERII 369.00 P.F.S. GRAPH/PLANea. 89.00	Comes with 30 (1 to 254 point) Fonts, 2Mb Ram PC Publisher Kit for HP Laserjet II	WYSE					
FIRST CHOICE 75.00 PROFESSIONAL FILE/PLAN ea. 159.00 PROFESSIONAL WRITE 139.00	MONITORS AMDEK 1280 MONITOR	2112 1.2MB D/D 1MB RAM &/12 MHz CPU, 101-KEY KEYBOARD MS DOS 3.1					
WALLSOFT THE UI PROGRAMMER	AMDEK 410A MONITOR 189.00 PGS MAX-12 (MONO MONITOR) 189.00	RAM, 1.2MB D/D, KEYBOARD, MS DOS 3.2 (8MHz) MODE, SERIAL/PARALLEL PORT CALL					
THE DOCUMENTOR 199.00 WORDPERFECT CORP	PGS ULTRASYNCH EGA MONITOR	HAUPPAUGE COMPUTER WORKS. 80386-16MHz REPLACES IBM/XT MOTHER					
WORDPERFECT V 5.0 CALL WORDPERFECT V 4.2 209.00	SONY CPD-1302/CPD-1303 MULTISCAN EGA CALL WYSE 700 1280X800 HI RES. MONITOR 789.00	BOARD. 1MB RAM, FIVE 8-BIT (2 SHORT), 2-16 BIT. 1-32 BIT SLOTS & SOCKET FOR 80387.					
DBXL	MODEMS EVEREX EVERCOM 1200 (Internal)	WORKS WITH MOST PRESENT HARDWARE INCLUDING HARD/FLOPPY DISKS DRIVES &					
QUICK SILVER DIAMOND	EVEREX EVERCOM 2400 (Internal) 199.00 HAYES SMARTMODEM 2400	KEYBOARD. OS/2, 1-2-3 (V2.01), dBASE, AUTOCAD, VENTURA, WINDOWS & OTHER MAJOR SOFTWARE COMPATIBLE					
ALDUS PAGE MAKER CALL ASHTON TATE	HAYES SMARTMODEM 1200         299.00           HAYES 1200B+SMARTCOM II         299.00           HAYES 2400B+SMARTCOM II         499.00	THIS AD WAS PREPARED USING HPLJ I					
CHART/DIAGRAM/SIGN MASTER	MIGENT 1200 POCKET MODEM 139.00	VENTURA & IMAGEN PC PUBLISHER'S KIT					
We reserve the right to repair, replace or return to manu Return Authorization Number Refore Returning Any (	TERMS AND CONDITIONS facturer for repair, all goods acknowledged faulty or dam boods. Promot attention will be given to all damaged and	aged on receipt by customer. Customer Must Call For faulty returned goods. Any goods returned for credit are					

We reserve the right to repair, replace or return to manufacturer for repair, all goods acknowledged faulty or damaged on receipt by customer. Customer Must Call For Return Authorization Number Before Returning Any Goods, Prompt attention will be given to all damaged and faulty returned goods. Any goods returned for credit are subject to 20% restocking charge, plus shipping charge. No Returns For Credit On Any Software. Customer must deal directly with the manufacturer if the customer finds any false claims made by the manufacturer. All goods are shipped VIA U.P.S. ONLY. Shipping charges are 2% of the total purchase price or \$3.00, whichever is greater. Please call for shipping charges on Printers & Accesories, C.O.D. are shipped for Cash or Cashier's Check Only. Max \$150,000, Please allow 7 to 10 working days for personal or corporate checks to clear. To expedite shipping send money order or cashier's check, or charge to your VISA OR MASTERCARD. WE DO NOT Add a Service Charge For Credit Card Usage. PRICES SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE. NOT RESPONSIBLE FOR TYPOGRAPHICAL ERRORS.

#### FULL BOARD LEVEL SERVICE & REPAIR FACILITY



#### AWinning Lineup. Hyundai's PC team delivers Outstanding

quality and competitive prices.

Super-16T. This IBM PC/NT-compatible offers all you need to get started—including software? Heatures switchable 4.7/8MHz processing speeds, 640KB RAM, one serial and one parallel port, a multi-video display adaptor, and your choice of drives, from one 5.25° floppy to a 30MB hard disk. Comes with Electric Desk Tintegrated word processing/spell checker/spreadsheet/ database management/communications software, and Keyworks, for creating menus and keyboard macros.

00

ANI

ш

00

a.

60

œ

O

٦

Ő

60

CC.

Z

Œ

α.

Packaged from \$749.95

- 80286 three-speed 8/10
   MHz microprocessor
- full-size expansion slots, plus built-in serial and parallel ports
- 640KB on-board memory,
   Fully compatible with IBM\*
- PC/AT\* hardware and software • One year limited warranty

#### **\$1099**

 Super-286C. This powerful 80286-based AT compatible features keyboard-switchable 8/00MHz processor speed and 512KB RAMexpandable to IMB. Includes six expansion slots, two serial and one parallel port, plus a 5-257-1.2MB flopp, disk drive-all in a small footprint package that fits anywhere.

Packaged from \$1099.95 • Super 286 File Server Zero wait state 8/10 MHZ. 12 Expansion Stots, 640 K RAM Expandable. 5-25° 1.2 MB Floppy Disk Drive.



#### **OVER OUR PRICES !!**



SUPPLI

m

LA.

m

n

b

Π

S

n

b

٥

n

Q0

D

٥

S

- 80286 three-speed 6/8/12 MHz microprocessor
- Nine full-size expansion slots, plus built-in serial and parallel ports
- 640KB on-board memory, expandable to 15.5MB
- Fully compatible with IBM\* PC/AT\* hardware and software
- · One year limited warranty
  - \$1499

#### POWER HAS ITS PRICE, POWERMATE 386 - SCALL BUT IT'S LOWER THAN YOU THINK. WerMate<sup>™</sup> 1 PowerMate<sup>™</sup> 2

.

#### PowerMate<sup>™</sup> 1 ● 80286 CPU

- 640 KB RAM on motherboard
- Floppy disk drive controller
- (on motherboard) Parallel printer port
- Farallel printer por (on motherboard)
- RS-232C serial port
  Six expansion slots
- of 8 MHz or 10 MHz • 1.2 MB floppy disk drive
- Parallel printer port
- Two RS-232C serial ports

80286 24/16 bit processor

Software-selectable speeds

Eight expansion slots



ALLITEMS OFFERED WHILE STDCK LASTS Ordering Information: We sho anywhere in the commental United States you UPS Proges are subject to change without noise. We accept MSA. MasterCard, presonal chebias and money orders subject to prior approval where to prior approval

subject to prior approval All returns must have prior authorization fram our customer service department with in 7 days of receipt All returns must be in like-reve condition. Complete and in organal auckaying incomplete metchandse will not be accepted for return Returned products are subject to a 20% erosolwing lee (\$2000 minimum) Detective products will be createred or relaced at APEs discretion We do not quarantee compatibility. Not responsible for typographical erors.

**175**4





EXPIRES 9/15/88

AUTHORIZED FACTORY REPAIR CENTER

88NE-6 BYTE • AUGUST 1988

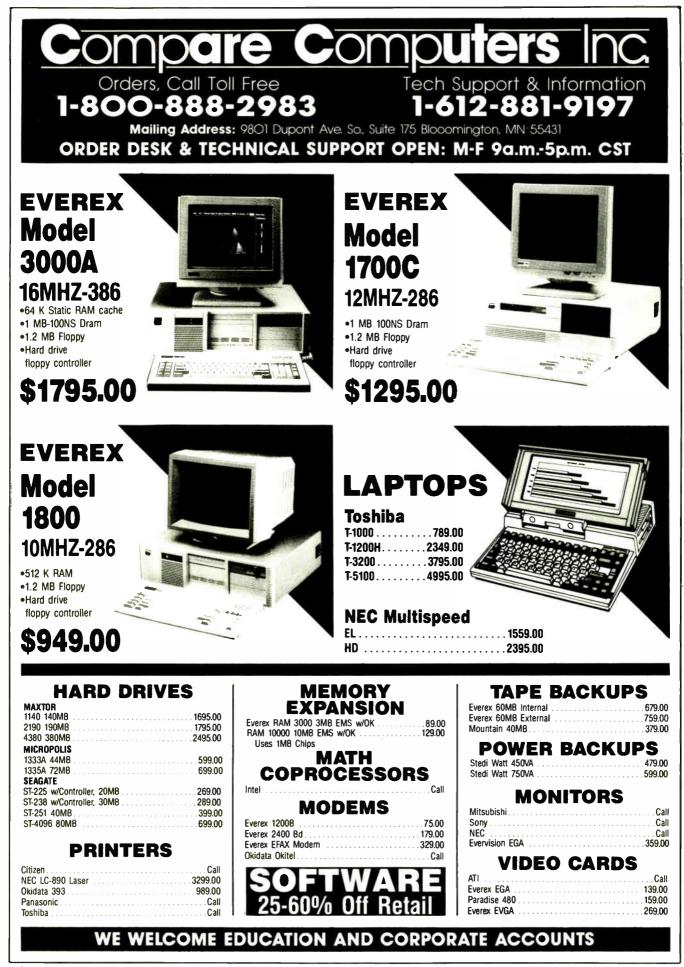
203 Southwest Cutoff Route 20, Northboro, MA 01532 FAX (617) 393-3124 • Local (617) 393-7220



Circle 429 on Reader Service Card

AUGUST 1988 • B Y T E 88NE-7

World Radio History



# BUILT BY



At UNIQ Tech, NERDS are respected. In fact they're revered. When it comes to building top-notch IBM compatible computers, no one works harder or is more concerned with quality than our nerds. NERDS is an acronym for Nouveau Engineering Research and Development Specialists. UNIQ Tech is owned and operated by engineers. This assures you that what you purchase will be evaluated, tested and scrutinized by true 'blue' (pardon the pun) professionals. Perhaps that's why 80% of our customers are dealers who specialize in networking. CAD/CAM and other complex operations that would maim a lesser computer.

Decide for yourself. Call the company that will work harder for you. UNIQ TECH, the company with NERDS.

# **Complete Solutions**

#### **COMPUTERS**

80386(16,20MHZ) 80286AT(10,12MHZ) 8088XT(4.77/10MHZ) PORTABLES TERMINALS

#### **OPERATING SYSTEMS**

DOS SCO-XENIX-386 SCO-XENIX-286 **NETWORKS** 

ETHERNET ARCNET NOVELL D-LINK 3COM

# UNIQ TECHNOLOGY, INC.

165 D New Boston St., Woburn, MA 01801 (617) 935-7150

World Radio History



# Neural Network Development Tools

on the IBM PC, XT, AT and SUN workstations

for

rapid prototyping and concept testing of neural network designs

#### <sup>from</sup> NeuralWare™

#### NeuralWorks Professional II

Includes 13 network types plus the ability to define your own network, 14 learning rules, 10 transfer functions, 11 summation functions. IBM PC \$995; SUN \$2,995.

NeuralWorks Explorer

Lets you get your feet wet in neural computing without investing a lot of money. IBM PC \$199; SUN \$795.

#### Seminars

Five-day, hands-on, applications oriented. Available throughout the country. Also available for customized inhouse presentation.

#### **Custom engineering**

Let us help solve your special problem.

Call TODAY or write for information about NeuralWare's software, seminars, and custom engineering services. Ask for Jane Klimasauskas, Vice-President Sales & Marketing.

#### Pop-up menus make NeuralWorks Professional II easy to learn, easy to use

# Full color screens and effective graphics

guide you through the networkbuilding and testing process

#### **Documentation** includes

extensive introduction to get you up to speed in neural computing

# Solve modeling and forecasting problems

- finance and economics
- servo control
- sensor processing
- CAD/CAM modeling

# Solve signal processing problems

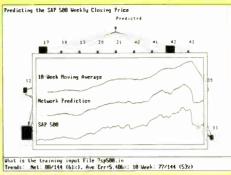
- noise filtering
- matched filters & speech recog
- data compression

# Solve expert systems problems

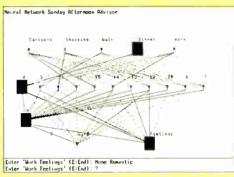
adaptive expert systems

#### NeuralWare, Inc.

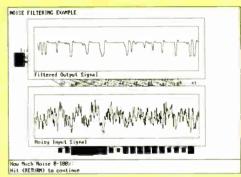
103 Buckskin Court Sewickley, PA 15143 U.S.A. 412-741-5959



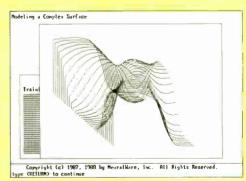
Stock Market Forecasting



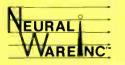
Expert Systems



#### **Noise Filtering**



Modeling



NeuralWare<sup>™</sup> is applied neural computing.

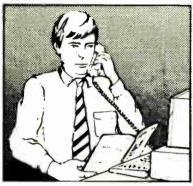
Circle 435 on Reader Service Card

#### World Radio History

AUGUST 1988 • B Y T E 88NE-11

#### Buy with

# Confidence



In an effort to make your telephone purchasing a more successful and pleasurable activity, The Microcomputer Marketing Council of the Direct Marketing Association, Inc. offers this advice, "A knowledgeable buyer will be a successful buyer." These are specific facts you should know about the prospective seller before placing an order:

#### Ask These Important Questions

- How long has the company been in business?
- Does the company offer technical assistance?
- Is there a service facility?
- Are manufacturer's warranties handled through the company?
- Does the seller have formal return and refund policies?
- Is there an additional charge for use of credit cards?
- Are credit card charges held until time of shipment?
- What are shipping costs for items ordered?

Reputable computer dealers will answer all these questions to your satisfaction. Don't settle for less when buying your computer hardware, software, peripherals and supplies.

#### **Purchasing Guidelines**

- State as completely and accurately as you can what merchandise you want including brand name, model number, catalog number.
- Establish that the item is in stock and confirm shipping date.
- Confirm that the price is as advertised.
- Obtain an order number and identification of the sales representative.
- Make a record of your order, noting exact price including shipping, date of order, promised shipping date and order number.

If you ever have a problem, remember to deal first with the seller. If you cannot resolve the problem, write to MAIL ORDER ACTION LINE, c/o DMA, 6 E. 43rd St., New York, NY 10017.

ME COMPLES

This message is brought to you by:

the MICROCOMPUTER MARKETING COUNCIL of the Direct Marketing Association, Inc. 6 E. 43rd St., New York, NY 10017



050

© Direct Marketing Association, Inc. 1988 88NE-12 BYTE • AUGUST 1988



# We're Lowering the Cost of Homework





Two full-featured systems by AHYUNDAI that take the guesswork out of buying a PC for college. Each has a hi-performance computer, printer and integrated software package, plus all necessary accessories in one tidy bundle at can't-be-beat prices.

THE TURBO SCHOLASTIC

AT-COMPATIBLE

10 MHz

640K

1.2 Meg

MODEL CPU speed RAM Floppy Hard Drive Monitor System software Warranty



XT-COMPATIBLE 8 MHz 640K 360K

THE SCHOLASTIC

30 Meg Amber w/Multi-video graphics MS-DOS & GW-BASIC, V3.2 18 months





VOTED EDITOR'S CHOICE by PC MAGAZINE

Word Processing • Spread Sheet • Graphics • Database Management • Telecommunications

PRINTER

Panasonic KX-P1091i

VOTED EDITOR'S CHOICE by PC MAGAZINE

• 4 Fonts • 99 Characters per Second • Friction & Tractor Feed

ACCESSORIES • All Cables • Box of diskettes (10) • Box of paper (1000 sheets) • Surge protector

THE SCHOLASTIC **\$1595** THE TURBO SCHOLASTIC **\$1995** Save over \$1000 on each system!

# Power Computers

Power Tools for the Mind

10 Wall Street, Burlington, MA 01803 617-273-0110

XT & AT ARE REGISTERED TRADEMARKS OF IBM CORP. Circle 438 on Reader Service Card

AUGUST 1988 • B Y T E 88NE-13

# - GET SMART

# MICRO





# SMART MICRO (E) 10 MHZ

- Compatibility—by far the best and most compatible bios We guarantee that MS-DDS eottware will operate flawleash; Colus Symphony, Right Sinulator, Wordstar 2000, Word DBase, RBase, the list goes on and on... .
- Turbo Speed-4.77 mhz to 10 mhz both keyboard and softw
- Turbo light-No guessing! if it's on, it's Turbo.
- 8 expansion slot motherboard 512K Memory-High quality pre-tested chips on a 1 MB
- FREE Hercules compatible high resolution amber monitor and graphics card. Expendible to 1MB with FREE Extended Memory Software.
- We even give you a tilt and swivel based monitor for your comfort.
- One high quality 360K floppy drive. (Our head technician checks each one.)
- Continuous and heavy duty 150 Watt power supply (15 Watts more than most competitors).
- A bettery becked-up clock/calendar
- A slot for a math co-processor chip 8087.
- 1 serial port-you can add a second
- I parallel port for your printer.
- 1 game port for joy sticks
- AT Style Keyboard with 10 Function Keys.
- FCC Class B Approved

# FREE SOFTWARE

# **659**.95

Smart Micro E with hard drive

21 megabytes - complete system ....... \$999.95 33 megabytes - complete system ...... \$1049.95 42 megabytes - complete system ...... \$1099.95

#### WHEN QUALITY, PRICE AND SERVICE COUNT

WHEN OUALTIT, PRICE AND SCREET ASSISTANCE Organism torycol system "MexPRET Orders". If CLANICAL ASSISTANCE by 2 00cm on anyweek day and it in stock, we with assist in day. Microsanar provides you with service all year round! All of or computers are given a gomary burn for 48 hours and the suburget agomary burn for 49 hours and the suburget agomary burn for 40 hours agomary burn for 40 hou AT2 8010 MONEY BACK GUARANTEE Absolutely We don't want you to have a product that you aren't happy with Just let us know with une 21 days of incerpt and upon return, we will give you a refund liese shipping handling and th

with sense all y-ar round. All of our computers are given a comary burn for 46 hours and allie satup, are burned again for 73 hours. We liver configure VOUB system and the same day in VOUB system and the same day in the same day in the same day in placed by 2:00 p.m. Dides placed allie 7:00 bm are shipped the near business day

of the systems shown come with ALL of the systems shown come with PC-WRITE word processor, PC-CALC spreadsheet, PC-DESKTEAM, and Smart Utilities.



200 Homer Avenue, Ashland, MA 01721 1-617-872-9090 FAX: 617-881-1520 TRADEMARKS-IBM Corp.; Lotus Development; Tendy Corp.; Microsoft, Inc.; Micro Smart, Inc.; Novelt, NEC; Smart-Ling.

°1988 Micro Smart, Inc.

1,7.0.0

#### You're in Good Company With Micro Smart !

In addition to the thousands of home-users Holy Cross Yale University Xerox Corporation

who rely on Micro Smart, our corporate clients Who rely on Micro Smart, our corporate Clien include: New England Power University of Alabama State of New York Boston University Georgia Tech Granite State Power Harvard University Holy Cross Holy Cross nsvivania Honeywell Mass Flectric



- SMART MICRO 386 \*\* Smart Ling\* Novell Unix & Xenix Compatible. &ri6MHZ, no well states (16/20MHZ Optional) We use 80 NS Memory Chips Compatibility—by far the best and most compatible bios. We guarantee that MS-DOS software will opersts flawlessly: Lotus, Symphony, Flight Simulator, Wordstar 2000, DBase, PBase, the tis goes on and on... 1024K-memory—Hight quality pretested chips (80 NS). Battery backed up clock calendar 1 parallel port. 1 Serial Port (second port \$20.00 additional). 8 full expansion slots Enhanced Keyclick Keyboard (101 key). Hercules compatible grephic card.

- Hercules com compatible graphic card.
- Hercules compatible graphic card. High-resolution monochrome monitor with base. 1.2MB flooppy drive. 3 hait-height external access device bays. 2 hait-height internal device bays. 2 heitheight internal device bays. me monitor with a tilt and swivel

# 95 • 42 to 204 megabyte drives installed ... from \$499 95

# 386 MAX 80386-based Systems

- Helps solve the DOS RAM Cram Problem Enhances System Speed
- Provides LIM 4.0 Expanded Memory

SoftBytes 386<sup>MM</sup> gives your 386 computer more DOS conventional memory, more speed, and up to 32 Megabytes of high-performance Lotus/Intel/ Microsoft (Version 4.0) expanded memory.







(Orders Only) Technical Assistance (617) 872-9090 Order by 2:00 p.m. shipped by 5:00 p.m. Call for this month's special.

----

# SMART MICRO/AT286 10MHz (Optional 12MHZ - "0" Wait State)

- (Optional Izmn2 · O vali State) Smart Ling · Noveil Unit & Xenix Compatible Compatibility by far the best and most compatible bios we guarantee that MS-DOS software will operate flaw-leasily: Loivs, Symphony, Fight Simulator, Wordstar 2000 Word, DBase, RBase, the list goes on and on
- 8 expansion slots to fill all of your expansion needs
- Turbo light No guessing If it's lit it's Turbo
- 512K memory High quality pre-tested chips (upgrade-able to 1MB on the motherboard)
- FREE Hercules compatible high resolution amber monitor and graphics card.
- We even give you a tilt and swivel based monitor for your comfort.
- One high quality floppy drive. 1 2 meg or 360 K. (Our head lechnician shecks each one.)
- 200 watt power supply · AT style keyboard with 10 function keys.
- 1 parallel port
- Slot for a Math Co-processor 80287
- A clock calendar for automatic time and date w/battery backup.
- + FCC Class B Approved.

# AT/286 systems complete with Hard Drives

42 megabyte complete systems 60 megabyte and larger

## Ask about our New Turbo Transfer

# SMART MICRO OPTIONS

(Sold with System) EGA exchange with EGA monitor 80287 math and EGA card (640 x 350 resolution) coprocessor \$44995 Tactile 101 key enhanced SCALL S44995 Tactile 101 key enhance VGA exchange with 10% keyboard hardware compatible EGA, CGA, DOS 3.3 and Hercules (800 x 600 Mouse resolution). 5699 69, 300/1200 baud modem CGA exchange complete with visoftware CGA Card and Monitor. \$21000 2400 baud modem \$25.00 \$CALL \$69.95 -----\$149.95 (EGA: CGA and Nultisync exchange replaces monochrome card and monitor) w/software 360K floppy disk drive 3%\*\* floppy disk hom \$115.00

Custom configurations are our specialty. If you do not see what you want here, we'll build it for you. Just ask!

## **TERMS & CONDITIONS**

The prices quoted here are for cash We will accept MasterCard, VISA. Discover and American Express COD's are accepted without any deposit Purchase Orders are accepted based on prior approval. Call today for details Prices subject to change without notice. Not responsible for typographical errors

21 day money back guarantee less shipping. handling and insurance.

# SMART™

# SMART-LINQ<sup>™</sup>



# SMART-LINQ<sup>™</sup> **NOVELL STYLE NETWORK** \$399.95 per station

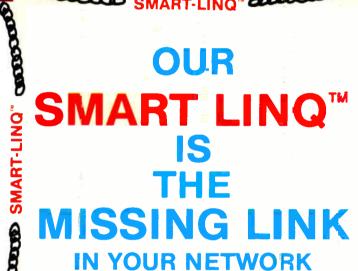
(complete with software & cables)

SMART-LINO"

EASY INSTALLATION

We prepare the system for you (standard or custom configuration) IT IS READY **TO USE** 

With SMART-LINO you just **PLUG & PLAY** 



# ADD STATIONS WITH EASE

INCOMP.

The system will handle from two to thirty work stations. Add a station whenever you need to

With SMART-LINQ" you just **PLUG & PLAY** 



# SMART-LINQ" - SMART FEATURES

# DEDICATED FILESERVER? NO<sup>1</sup>

Any Station in our network can be established as the file server. Unlike many networks, you do not need to dedicate a specific unit as a file server with SMART-LINQ

FILE & RECORD LOCK? YES<sup>1</sup>

2 YEAR WARRANTY"



#### 2 YEAR WARRANTY

We are confident of our product. Therefore we offer you a two year repair or replacement, at our option, warranty on all parts of our Smart-Ling" Network except cables. Just ship your unit to us freight prepaid and we will ship it back within 24 hours of arrival

#### AFTER WARRANTY SERVICE

As a team, we have been serving you since 1981 We know how important it is for you to be up and running. In and out of warranty service is treated the same, YOU'RE IM-PORTANT TO US! All repairs are done within 24 hours! For technical assistance call (617) 872-9090

# **ORDER TOLL FREE!** 1-800-333-884

(Orders Only) Technical Assistance (617) 872-9090 Our hours are from 9:30 a.m. to 5:30 p.m. E.S.T. Monday through Friday and from 10:00 a.m. to 4:00 p.m. E.S.T. on Saturday Call For This Month's Special



TRADEMARKS: IBM Corp.; Lotus Development; Tandy Corp.; Microsoft, Inc.; Micro Smart, Inc.; Novell; NEC; Smart-Ling. °1988 Micro Smart, Inc.

AUGUST 1988 • B Y T E 88NE-15

SOFT

World Radio History

# SAVE 15% ON THESE NEW BOOKS FROM McGRAW-HILL

# INTRODUCING PC-DOS AND MS-DOS

By T. Sheldon. 374 pp., illus., softbound Find out about the free advanced capabilities of DOS and how to use them. "Wonderfully enlightening...well-written...my pick for technical book of the year." – Online Review 056559-7. Regular Price: \$18.95 Your Price: \$16.10.

# THE WORKSTATION DATA LINK

The Micro and Mainframe Data Exchange

By M. Adrian. 256 pp., illus., softbound Shows you how to transfer many types of data files between microcomputers and mainframes and successfully integrate microcomputers into the corporate world. 000474-9. Regular Price: \$24.95. Your Price: \$21.20.

# HOW TO BE A SUCCESSFUL COMPUTER CONSULTANT

By A. R. Simon. 256 pp., illus., softbound Everything you have to know to set up and run your own computer consultant (or software development) business, full- or part-time. No business experience required! 057296-8. Regular Price: \$18.50.Your Price: \$15.70.

# A COMPREHENSIVE GUIDE TO AI AND EXPERT SYSTEMS

Now available in a TURBO PASCAL Edition! This new edition shows you how to apply AI programming techniques to create expert systems in TURBO PASCAL for your own use. 037476-7. Regular Price: \$19.95. Your Price: \$16.95.

By R. I. Levine, D. E. Drang, & B. Edelson. 256 pp., 99 illus., softbound All about artificial intelligence and how to utilize it on your personal computer. Gives you everything from basic concepts to sophisticated programming techniques. 037470-8. Regular Price: \$19.95. Your Price: \$16.95.

# INTRODUCING UNIX" SYSTEM V

By R. Morgan & H. McGilton. 480 pp., illus., softbound Guides you step by step through the facilities, commands, utilities, and applications of System V, AT&T's new version of the UNIX operating system. 043152-3. Regular Price: \$19.95. Your Price: \$16.95.

# UNIX" UTILITIES: A Programmer's Guide

By R. S. Tare. 640 pp., illus., softbound Save time and effort with popular UNIX utilities! Helps you write efficient, bug-free programs and significantly reduce turnaround time. 062884-X. Regular Price: \$24.95. Your Price: \$21.20.



CALL TOLL-FREE 1-800-2-MCGRAW

88NE-18 BYTE • AUGUST 1988

# dBASE DEMYSTIFIED: dBase II/III/III Plus<sup>®</sup> Applications and Solutions to Real Problems

By L. Barnes 288 pp., 120 illus., softbound Covers the full range of dBase features and shows how to apply the various releases of dBase to real-world problems. 003844-9. Regular Price: \$19.95. Your Price: \$16.95.

# DATABASE EXPERT'S GUIDE TO SQL

By Frank Lusardi. 224 pp. This user-friendly guide provides programmers and managers with a thorough introduction to Structured Query Language (SQL) and relational database concepts. It describes the language's constructs and guides you through complex syntactical possibilities, while emphasizing SQL's practical use in designing and implementing databases.

Hardcover 039006-1 Regular Price: \$39.95 Your price: \$33.95. Softcover 039002-9 Regular Price: \$24.95 Your Price: \$21.20.

# MICROEXPERT

By B. Thompson & W. Thompson. Your own expert system! This affordable expert system shell allows you (beginner or programmer) to see how a system works as you build it yourself. Software includes tutorial for design of knowledge base and creation of rules. Source code provided. "Highly recommended," *Online Today.* IBM PC 852109-2 Regular Price: \$64.95 Your Price: \$55.20. Apple II 852110-6 Regular Price: \$54.95 Your Price: \$46.70.

# HARD DISK MANAGEMENT IN THE PC & MS DOS ENVIRONMENT

By Thomas Sheldon. 224 pp., illustrated. This guide for organizing and managing a hard disk system gives procedures needed to build a menu system and directory structure. Softcover 056556-2 Regular Price: \$24.95 Your Price: \$21.20.

For fast service call TOLL-FREE 1-800-2-MCGRAW or use coupon below. 15-day examination period.



McGraw-Hill Book Company P.O. Box 400, Hightstown, NJ 08520

Please send me – at 15% off the regular price – the products whose code numbers (the number before the regular price in above blurb) I have checked below. I understand I have 15 days for free examination before I send payment for those products I want to keep (plus postage, handling, and local tax) and return any unwanted products postpaid.

□ 056559-7 \$16.10 □ 043152-3 \$16.95 □ 062884-X \$21.20	□ 057296-8 \$15.70 □ 003844-9 \$16.95 □ 037470-8 \$16.95 □ 037476-7 \$16.00	☐ 852109-2 \$42.45 ☐ 852110-6 \$42.45 ☐ 852138-6 \$42.45
Name		

Name.

Address\_

City\_\_\_

World Radio History

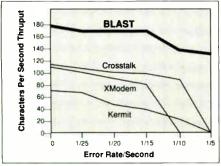
\_\_\_\_\_State\_\_\_\_\_Zip\_\_\_

# In a Noisy World...



# **BLAST** is the Unchallenged Leader In Communications Software

# Performance with increasing noise.



Noise simulation tests run with a 30K binary spreadsheet life at 1200 baud between IBM-PC's, using BLAST II, rev. 8.1. Com-parable or better results on VAX and other environments.

Most communications software performs well under ideal conditions. But in the *real* world of noisy communications circuits and satellite-routed phone calls, there's only one consistent performance leader—BLAST.

The secret is **BL**ocked **AS**ynchronous Transmission, BLAST's protected-pipelining protocol that won't slow down to a snail's pace, drop data or disconnect in adverse conditions. Noisy phone lines . . . satellites . . . PBX switches . . . X.25 packet network delays-your valuable data BLASTs through it all.

Link PCs, Macs, Minis & Mainframes Only BLAST guarantees you fast, 100% error-free file transfer among micros, minis and mainframes running under 30 different operating systems. No matter what systems you need to connect, BLAST software links them all. Connect hundreds of sites at down-to-earth prices-and let BLAST's

speed cut your phone charges, too. And the new BLAST II expands upon this rugged power with a streamlined user interface, VT-100/220 emulation, superior data compression, auto-dialing and all the other "state-of-the-art" features you'd expect. Plus, you get **BlastScript**, a powerful English-like programming language that lets you quickly create custom menu-driven applications on multiple systems. Easily set up remote polling, data collection, order entry and other powerful applications.

# The choice of the FORTUNE 500

When Bankers' Trust, Blue Cross, Exxon, Nabisco and many other FOR-TUNE 500 companies chose communications software for their financial data transfer operations, they chose BLAST to cut through the noise. Shouldn't *you* choose BLAST too? Give us a call today.

# 1-800-24-BLAST

# Any computer with BLAST can talk to any other computer with BLAST:

IBM	VM/CMS or MVS/TSO
	VAX/VMS: PDP/RSX: RT-11
DATA GENERAL	RDOS: AOS: AOS/VS
WANG	VS
PRIME	PRIMOS
HEWLETT-PACKARD .	. 3000/MPE: 1000/RTE
HARRIS	VOS
TANDEM	
UNISYS	BTOS CTOS UNIX
IBM-PC & PS/2	MS-DOS
APPLE	MACINTOSH
	AT&T: Altos: NCR: Sun HP:
	VAX & mVAX: 386 PCs.

Many others available; please inquire.





5615 Corporate Boulevard • Baton Bouge, LA 70808 • (504), 923-0888

Crosstalk is a registered trademark of Digital Communications Associates. Inc. © Copyright 1988, Communications Research Group. Inc



# One picture is worth a thousand words!

Kiss those endless upgrade fees goodbye! After well over three years of development, RIX is pleased to announce the Final Version of our EGA specific graphics editor, EGA Paint 2005. RIX was the **first** (and still the only) graphics, software company to introduce an EGA specific graphics editor, the **first** to create a combination TARGA<sup>™</sup> image translator and print package, the **first** to release a VGA specific hi-res graphics editor (in July), and now the **first to release a final version of any software program** ... ever! We at RIX had originally planned to release a separate package to implement desktop publishing capabilities but when the release date arrived, we felt our loyal users deserved a fully self-contained graphics package. Now RIX has made it possible for you to make a little history too with EGA Paint 2005 Final Version, At \$129.00, surely the best value in graphics programs ever! Find out why. Order today! RIX SoftWorks, always the best ... for less!

# COMING IN JULY COLORIX VGA PAINT!

ColoRIX VGA Paint is the cat's meow for your Hi-Res VGA system! ColoRIX supports all modes of VGA, and has time saving features like: Automatic color graduation generation, block palette freeup, image drag for 3D effects, a completely self-contained presentation package which has animation capabilities, and much more. We'll be shipping in July, first come, first served so get your order in now! Only \$199.00!

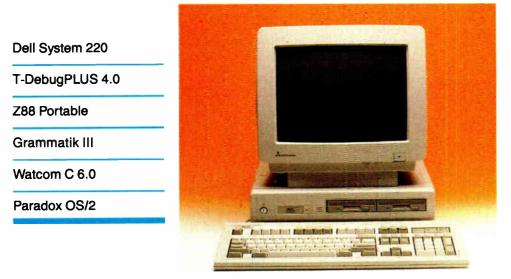


**RIX SoftWorks, Inc.** 18552 MacArthur Bl. • Suite 375 • Irvine, CA 92715 • (714) 476-8266

CALL US TOLL FREE: In CA (800) 233-5983 Outside CA: (800) 345-9059

# SHORT TAKES

BYTE editors offer hands-on views of new products



# Dell Machine Sets 80286 Speed Records

Y ou can sum up the new Dell System 220 in three words: small, powerful, and affordable. The new unit is one of the smallest desktop systems around, as well as the fastest 80286-based system available. And at \$1799, including a video graphics array (VGA) monochrome monitor, it is easily the best million-instructions-per-second-per-dollar value on the market.

The new system owes its prowess to a new 20-MHz CMOS 80286 processor, currently available only from Harris, and a high-speed chipset from Chips & Technologies that saves plenty of board space.

The System 220's small size—it takes up about as much space as a briefcase can be misleading. Inside, there are three IBM PC AT--compatible expansion slots, laid horizontally front to back. There are also sockets for up to 8 megabytes of fast 80-nanosecond memory, a socket for an 80287 math coprocessor, two serial ports and a printer port, and space for a number

# THE FACTS

Dell System 220 \$1799 with one floppy disk drive and VGA monochrome monitor; \$1999 with color monitor; \$2699 with 40-megabyte hard disk drive and color VGA monitor

## **Options:**

MS-DOS 3.3 with cache and disk utilities, \$119.95. 1 megabyte of RAM, \$500. 100-megabyte drive, \$1700.

Dell Computer Corp. 9505 Arboretum Blvd. Austin, TX 78759 (512) 338-4400 Inquiry 851. of hard disk options.

My preproduction unit came with a lively 29-millisecond 40-megabyte hard disk drive and two 1.44-megabyte floppy disk drives. Inside was an 80287 and a megabyte of memory. The system also came with a Mitsubishi color VGA monitor. In normal use, the Dell System 220 seemed immensely faster than my usual 6-MHz AT clone with a 20-megabyte drive. Also, both the floppy and the hard disk drives on the 220 were surprisingly quiet. My impression of the 220's speed was backed up by our benchmarks, which rated the 220 at about 1 percent faster than an IBM Model 80.

With all its features, the only thing the 220 might possibly lack is an 80386 processor. This could become a factor in the future, when an 80386 with a 32-bit memory bus might be required for certain high-performance software. But the 220 also lacks an 80386 machine's high price tag. And for the foreseeable future, the 220 will probably be the best number-crunching bargain on the market.

-Rich Malloy

32 hegin 33 if (c in UpperCase) then 34 if (c in UpperCase) then 35 incluse :c: 36 incluse :c: 37 read: (LoCase) 39 hegin 39 hegin 39 hegin 39 incluse :c: 30 neurond then 40 for i = 1 to Longth(lise) do hegin: 41 neurond then 41 for i = 1 to Longth(lise) do hegin: 42 for neurond then 41 for i = 1 to Longth(lise) do hegin: 42 for neurond then 42 substantion i = 1 to Longth(lise) do hegin: 42 substantion i = 1 to Longth(lise) do hegin: 42 substantion i = 1 to Longth(lise) do hegin: 43 substantion i = 1 to Longth(lise) do hegin: 43 substantion i = 1 to Longth(lise) do hegin: 43 substantion i = 1 to Longth(lise) do hegin: 44 substantion i = 1 to Longth(lise) 45 substa

# Squash Those Bugs

W henever you write a program that does more than print "Hello World" on the screen, you're likely to run into bugs. When you have to squash those bugs, a good symbolic debugger like **T-DebugPLUS 4.0** for Turbo Pascal 4.0 can make your life much easier.

Add-on programs for the Turbo Pascal environment have always found themselves continued in something of a quandary, since one of the main strengths of Turbo Pascal is its integrated set of editing, development, and debugging tools. To convince users to turn away from one of the Turbo tools, a product has to be pretty impressive. I think this debugger could turn a few heads.

T-DebugPLUS begins by offering features found in most symbolic debuggers. You can examine and alter variables using the names you gave them (instead of addresses), set permanent and conditional breakpoints, set watchpoints, and single- or multiple-step through a program. In addition, T-Debug-PLUS lets you open watch windows on up to 8 variables at a time (12 at a time with EGA or VGA graphics), switch between debug and output screens, switch between source code and assembly code views, and make use of expanded memory specification or extended memory to debug larger programs.

The instruction set in T-DebugPLUS is mnemonic to a good extent, and commands can be chained together in macros. Both when I worked through the example code provided with the package and when I used it on larger programs, I found that the features of the package were easy to learn and use, so that I was able to really use the software after a short time.

T-DebugPLUS comes with an installation program that patches TPC.EXE, TPMAP.EXE, and TURBO.EXE so that all will support local symbols. The patched versions of the programs create TPU and TPM files that are twice as large as those created by unpatched versions, but are otherwise compatible with normal Turbo Pascal files.

Using T-DebugPLUS is a simple matter. You compile your code to an .EXE file, using the /\$T+ command-line option of TPC.EXE or by setting the "Turbo Pascal map file" option to On in TURBO.EXE.

After compilation, you must exit to DOS and run T-DebugPLUS as a separate program to debug your code. This marks a change from earlier versions of T-Debug, which ran as a part of the integrated Turbo Pascal environment. According to TurboPower Software, the change was made because of the increased memory requirements of Turbo Pascal 4.0.

Though the new version of T-DebugPLUS does not fit into the Turbo environment as seamlessly as older versions, I found it to be a valuable, easyto-use tool in debugging programs. Given the price and utility of the package, the slight increase in inconvenience is most forgivable.

-Curtis Franklin Jr.

## THE FACTS

T-DebugPLUS 4.0 \$45; with source code, \$90.

Requirements: IBM PC, XT, AT, PS/2, or compatible with at least 256K bytes of RAM.

TurboPower Software P.O. Box 66747 Scotts Valley, CA 95066 (415) 322-3417 Inquiry 852.

# A Z88 Portable to Go

he Cambridge Computer Z88 is a laptop portable that weighs less than 2 pounds and is scarcely larger than a copy of BYTE. Achieving this compact size involved compromises: the Z88 has no disk drives but uses RAM for mass storage; it has only an 8line liquid crystal display rather than a 25-line one; and it's not IBM PC-compatible but comes with a complete suite of applications software in ROM, like the Tandy Model 100.

The processor is a CMOS Z80 with 32K bytes of internal RAM and 128K bytes of ROM. The 9-pin serial port works at speeds up to 38,400 bps. Power is supplied by four Walkman-size disposable dry cells that last about 20 hours. There are three slots at the front for memory cartridges.

My test machine came with 128K bytes of extra RAM and 128K bytes of EPROM. A built-in PROM programmer lets you use the EPROM as



# THE FACTS

Cambridge Computer Z88 Portable Computer \$549.00

SSI Computer System Inc. 424 Cumberland Ave. Portland, ME 04101 (207) 761-3700 Inquiry 853.

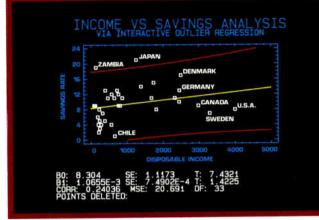
#### **Options:**

32K-byte EPROM cartridge, \$45; 128K-byte RAM or EPROM cartridge, \$110; PC Link software and cable, \$75; serial printer cable, \$14; parallel printer cable, \$65; modem, \$225. nonvolatile, write-once memory for semipermanent data like address lists; an optional ultraviolet eraser lets you reuse EPROM packs. 512K-byte RAM cartridges will be shipping soon, allowing up to 1.5 megabytes of RAM. The company is also promising 1megabyte cartridges soon.

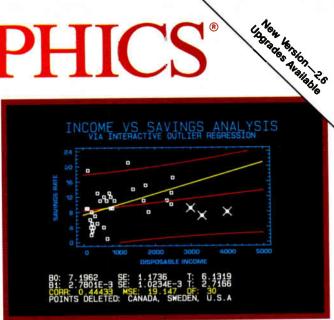
The keyboard is molded from a single sheet of black rubber and looks like a chocolate bar. Recent history has given rubber keyboards a bad name, but this one is different. It has a surprisingly positive action, and you can quickly begin to touch-type on it. The 64-key layout is of standard typewriter pitch, with a fullsize space bar and four cursor keys.

The display is a supertwist LCD with dark blue characters on pale yellow. It shows 8 lines of 100 characters; the middle 80 are used for text, and each side is reserved for menus and indicators. It's deeply recessed to avoid damage, and the top edge throws a shadow that hinders viewing in some lightings.

# **STATGRAPHICS**\*



Select the points you want to remove from your regression model...



... Then press F6 to refit the model and recalculate the statistics.

# Because "Statistical Graphics" Is Better Than Just Statistics and Graphics

Most of today's PC statistical packages give you all the statistics you'll ever need. Some even give you a few graphics. But only STATGRAPHICS from STSC gives you integrated statistical graphics in an environment you control.

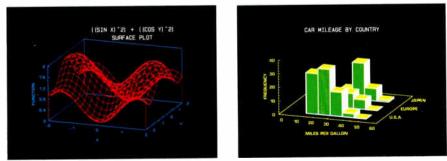
# Unique "What If" Interactivity

STATGRAPHICS lets you explore data relationships fully, producing higher quality, more timely solutions. Define your data and assumptions, run the procedure and review the results, modify data and assumptions repeatedly and take another look—and another. All without leaving the procedure or making permanent changes to your data.

# **Integrated Statistical Graphics**

Coupled with STATGRAPHICS' interactive environment are over 50 types of graphs—traditional pie and bar charts, histograms, 3-D line and surface plots, quality control charts, and more. All are integrated with the procedures so that they can be displayed instantly and modified repeatedly.

Query data points, do on-screen forecasting and model fitting, overlay graphs, or zoom-in on any area for a closer look. With flexibility like that, you can spot and investigate visual trends in your data—trends you may have missed if you looked only at the numbers.



A wide variety of graphs supported on over 100 displays, printers and plotters, including the new IBM PS/2™ Series.

# **Over 250 Statistical Procedures**

- Direct Lotus<sup>®</sup> and dBASE<sup>®</sup> interfaces
- ANOVA and regression analysis
- Experimental design
- Quality control procedures
- Multivariate techniques
- Nonparametric methods
- Exploratory data analysis
- Forecasting, time series analysis, and more.

# STATGRAPHICS-

# The Best Way to Do Statistics!

Put the power of STATGRAPHICS to work for you today—all for only \$895\*. For our free convincer kit or the name of a dealer near you, call

# (800) 592-0050 ext. 400

In Maryland, (301) 984-5123; Internationally, (301) 984-5412. Telex 898085 STSC ROVE



\*Suggested retail price in U.S. and Canada. International prices vary. Available through dealers and distributors worldwide. STATGRAPHICS, Lotus, and dBASE are registered trademarks of Statistical Graphics Corporation, Lotus Development Corporation, and Ashton-Tate, respectively.

Circle 226 on Reader Service Card

Want to save Time, Money, & Headaches?

GET SUPERSOFT's SERVICE DIAGNOSTICS

All the software, alignment diskettes, parallel/serial wrap-around plugs, ROM POSTs and extensive, professional documentation to provide the most comprehensive testing available for IBM PCs, XTs,ATs and *all compatibles* under DOS or Stand Alone. No other diagnostics offers such in-depth testing on as many different types of equipment by isolating problems to the board and chip level.

NEW: SuperSoft's ROM POST performs the most advanced Power-on-Self-Test available for system boards that are compatible with the IBM ROM BIOS. It works even in circumstances when the Service Diagnostics diskette cannot be loaded.

NEW: 386 diagnostics for hybrids and PS/2s!

For over nine years, major manufacturers have been relying on SuperSoft's diagnostics software to help them and their customers repair microcomputers. End users have been relying on SuperSoft's Diagnostics II for the most thorough hardware error isolation available. Now versions of Service Diagnostics are available to save everyone (including every serious repair technician) time, money, and headaches in fixing their computers, even non-IBM equipment.

All CPUs & Numeric Co-processors System Expansion & Extended Memory Floppy, Fixed & Non-standard Disk Drives Standard & Non-standard Printers System Board: DMA, Timers, Interrupt,

All Color Graphics & Monochrome Monitors Parallel & Serial Ports Mono, CGA, Hercules & EGA Adapters

Real-time Clock & CMOS config. RAM All Keyboards & the 8042 Controller

Join the ranks of XEROX, NCR, CDC, SONY, PRIME, ... who have bundled SuperSoft's diagnostics with their microcomputers at no risk because of our 30 day money back guarantee.

Service Diagnostics for PC, PC/XT, and compatibles only	\$169
Alignment Diskette for PC, PC/XT and compatibles (48 tpi drives)	
Wrap-around Plug for PC, PC/XT and compatibles (parallel and serial)	
Service Diagnostics for AT and compatibles only	
Alignment Diskette for AT and compatibles (96 tpi drives)	
Wrap-around Plug for AT (serial)	
ROM POST for PC, PC/XT, and compatibles only	
ROM POST for AT and compatibles only	
Service Diagnostics: The KIT (includes all of the above-save \$502)	\$495
Service Diagnostics for all other CPUs (386, V20, V30, Harris, etc.)	
Diagnostics II is the solution to the service problems of users of all CP/M-8	
CP/M-86 and MS-DOS computers	
ROM POST for PS/2 and compatibles only	
Alignment Diskette for PS/2 and compatibles (3.5 inch)	

To order, call 800-678-3600 or 217-359-2112, FAX 217-359-7225, or write SuperSoft.



FIRST IN SOFTWARE TECHNOLOGY P.O.Box 1628 Champaign, IL 61820 (217) 359-2112 Telex 270365

SUPERSOFT is a registered trademark of SuperSoft, Inc.; CDC of Control Data Corp.; IBM PC, AT & XT of International Business Machines Corp.; MS-DOS of MicroSoft Corp.; NEC of NEC Information Systems, Inc., PRIME of PRIME INC.; Sony of Sony Corp. The ROM software is powerful and cleverly integrated. A combined word processor/spreadsheet called PipeDream works like Lotus 1-2-3, using spreadsheet cells to hold document text, and acts as a simple database.

PipeDream is easy to use and permits quite sophisticated layouts. It supports underline, italic, and boldface, which are visible on the WYSIWYG bit-mapped display. To the right of the text area is a window that shows a 1-pixel-per-character page preview; as well as verifying layout, this helps you find your place in long documents.

You can interrupt any program and pop up another, and you may run as many copies of PipeDream, working on different files, as memory permits. The other programs include a good appointment diary/calendar, a calculator (with built-in unit conversions), a clock/alarm, a terminal program, and BASIC. There are also pop-up system services, including a file manager, setup options, and

# An Analyst for Your Writing

G rammatik III is a new version of Reference Software's IBM PC-compatible program for analyzing documents for grammatical and stylistic errors. Unlike Grammatik II, which checked documents against a fixed phrase dictionary, Grammatik III uses parts of speech and suffix analysis to provide more comprehensive grammar checking.

Not only does Grammatik III find possible errors, but it also offers suggestions for improvement. Grammatik III scans your document and finds basic errors like double words, unbalanced punctuation, or improper capitalization, as well as more subjective problems like use of the passive voice, pretentious expresPrinter options. When you switch off the Z88, it saves the whole environment and starts back up where you left off.

The operating system supports hierarchical directories. I/O redirection, and proper batch files with an autoexecute option. RAM cartridges are treated as separate devices, like disk drives. You can print files directly to serial or parallel printers, but the best way to use the Z88 is to upload files to a desktop PC at your office or home. The PC Link package consists of a plug-in ROM, a cable, and a disk of PC software; uploading is controlled entirely from the PC screen via menus. The communications package consists of a 1200-bps matchboxstyle modem plus a communications program in ROM.

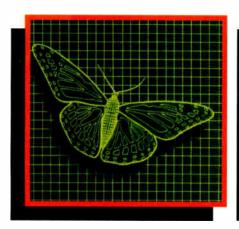
Don't disdain the Z88 just because it lacks an 80386 or a hard disk drive; the clever software makes it a match for many a larger machine. And when you have to carry it around all day, small really is beautiful.

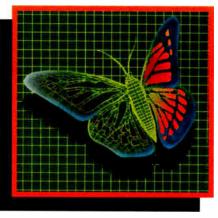
—Dick Pountain

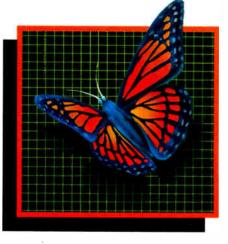
sions and cliches, wordiness, and split infinitives. In addition, Grammatik III checks for subject-verb disagreement, double negatives, incomplete sentences, and other incorrect usages. Since writing "errors" are often subjective, you can customize Grammatik III to ignore certain types of phrases.

While Grammatik II worked best with ASCII files (it had problems with wordprocessing control codes), Grammatik III is designed to work with most major PCcompatible word-processing programs. When you first install the program, you select from a menu of word processors and text formats. You then run your document through Grammatik III, either interactively or in batch mode. When in interactive mode, it flags suspected problems on the continued

# \$299 For 3-D CAD you can't beat by spending thousands more.







You can spend thousands of dollars for three dimensional CAD software and still not get the power and capability that DesignCAD 3-D

offers for a remarkable \$299! DesignCAD 3-D is proof positive that you don't have to spend a fortune for quality.

DesignCAD 3-D allows you to develop and advance any design in 3 dimensional space, while providing you with features such as shading, hidden line removal, printer and plotter support. DesignCAD 3-D's extensive file transfer utilities allow you to: transfer documents to and from IGES, DXF HPGL, transfer to GEM and Post Script and to read ASCII text files and X, Y, Z coordinate files. It allows up to 4 simultaneous views (any angle or perspective) on the screen. Complex extrusions, extensive 3-D text capabilities, auto dimensioning and a host of other features are all included with PC Resource Magazine DesignCAD 3-D, all at no extra has listed DesignCAD 3-D charge. as one of the six

DESIGNCAD 3.D

The compatibility that DesignCAD 3-D offers you means that it can be used with almost any PC compatible system. It supports

more than 200 dot matrix printers, more than 80 plotters and most digitizers and graphic adapters. DesignCAD 3-D can read drawings from most other CAD systems.

The best reason to buy DesignCAD 3-D is not the low price, the performance or the compatibility. The best reason is the amazing ease of use. DesignCAD 3-D's powerful commands mean that you can produce professional 3-D drawings in less time than you thought possible. In fact, we think you'll agree that DesignCAD 3-D is easier to learn and easier to use than any 3-D CAD system for IBM PC, at any price!

See your local computer dealer for DesignCAD 3-D, or contact:



327 S. Mill St., Pryor, OK 74361 (918) 825-4844 FAX 918-825-6359 Telex 9102400302

new computer products

worth watching in 1988.

# New, Expandable Diskette Duplicator

Model 4D delivers 240 copies per hour, using any IBM PC/XT/AT or compatible.



New Desktop and high-volume Production Autoloaders also available, for unattended operation. For more information or to order, call **415-651-5580**.

# **Datapath**

Precision Media Duplication Products © 1988, Datapath Technologies, Inc., 46710 Fremont Blvd., Fremont, CA 94538.



screen. You can edit the problem phrase or sentence, ignore it, or instruct Grammatik III not to flag this type of problem in the future. After you've finished checking the document, Grammatik III saves the edited version and makes a backup of the original.

Grammatik III also provides a statistical summary of the document (number and type of errors found, a "readability index," and other statistics).

In batch mode, Grammatik III marks your document without your intervention, saves the marked file, and creates a backup of the original. You can then work with the marked document using your word processor. Grammatik III includes an optional spelling checker, but spelling checking more than doubles the grammar-checking time. If your word processor has a separate spelling checker, it's probably better to use it.

I tested a beta version of Grammatik III using an IBM PC XT with an Orchid 286 accelerator card (TurboEGA). In batch mode, a 10,000-word document took about 4 minutes to check. I tried the process using both a hard disk and a RAM disk and got about the same results (the CPU is the

# Can You Stand Another C Compiler?

C tart with your basic C Compiler: ANSI C support, Make feature, symbolic debugger, editor, integrated development environment, overlay linker. Also give it support for the usual confusing array of memory models (small, medium, compact, large, and huge), and the ability to generate instructions compatible with the 80x86 processors, up to but not including the 80386. Plus support for the 8087, 80287, and 80387 math coprocessors.

bottleneck rather than the disk access speed).

In my tests, Grammatik III found a lot of errors but also missed some blatant ones. For example, it missed "many friends of mine lives in New York" and the incomplete sentence, "So should be fun." It did find "their going to have a party," and gave the message: [the context of "their" indicates you may have meant "there" or "they're."] Although it missed some errors and also flagged some correct grammatical phrases, the program is helpful in identifying possible stylistic or grammatical problems.

-Nick Baran

## THE FACTS

Grammatik III \$99.00

Requirements: IBM PC, XT, AT, or compatible, 128K bytes of RAM, DOS 3.0 or higher, one floppy disk drive.

Reference Software 330 Townsend St. Suite 123 San Francisco, CA 94107 (415) 541-0222 Inquiry 854.

You now have all the underpinnings of Watcom C 6.0. And most of the other C compilers that have hit the ground in the last year.

Now give it a price: \$495. A little steep? Not for what amounts to two compilers.

Here's where Watcom C begins to part company with the crowd. It actually consists of WCC, which operates with a 64K-byte data area; and WCGL, which makes use of all available memory (up to 640K bytes). The idea is that, though WCGL is slower than WCC, it can compile all the monstrous programs that would overflow WCC's memory allotment.

World Radio History

# Software Breakthrough: the RANDOM information processor

# **New Concept**

With all the software tools available, it is surprising that an important need has been overlooked—a way to deal with the countless bits of RANDOM information you spend hours with every day. Tornado will not only give you instant access to this important information ... it will help you make better decisions and even think more clearly. Try Tornado risk-free and discover the productivity software package for your PC that works wonders.

TORNAD

# ■ Information Windows

With Tornado, you process information in stacks of superfast "intelligent" windows several on your screen at once. You type into the windows; interconnect and prioritize them; and scan through them in remarkable ways.

# Free Form

Tornado is FREE-FORM. It works the way you think. To start a new window you just press N, and enter information. No file names. No extra keystrokes. To retrieve information you just press G (for Get), with any word or phrase – you'll watch Tornado zip through your windows like

lightning linking and opening

those requested. You can even flip through your windows with the arrow keys and watch them instantly pile up and lift away. These are just three of 18 easy but powerful features.

## Countless Uses

There are thousands of uses for Tornado. When Harry calls you on the phone, in two seconds flat you'll display the six windows on Harry before he finishes his first sentence! No more embarrassing pauses or scrambling for information. Tornado is so versatile you can: write and print a letter faster than ever; track things to do; edit electronic mail; and plan a project or event quickly and easily. You can even build a sophisticated "knowledge" base or an unstructured data base without programming. And that's not all. Track phone conversations, numbers, customers, and all your other RANDOM information. On a portable, Tornado is your ideal moving office. Best of all, you tailor Tornado to your own needs easily!

RANDOM Information

Limited

**Time Offer** 

ONLY

(When ordered direct)

(Mini version)

Did you ever realize that over half the information you deal with every day is the RANDOM type? Not databases -not spreadsheets -not long documents - but the information scattered around your workplace and in your head. Yet amazingly, until now there was no great software to help you - the tools were either too structured or without organization. But now, at last, there is a quick and easy solution—Tornado - acclaimed by rave reviews and accepted by corporations nationwide. Whether you are a business executive, consultant, engineer, or in any other profession, you need Tornado—it will save you endless time and effort every day—guaranteed -or your money back. Here is how it works:

**30-DAY MONEY-BACK GUARANTEE** 

# **25,000 Windows**

Instead of one window or ten, imagine up to 25,000! It's like extra memory...for your brain! The uses are endless. If you can "type" it —you can "Tornado" it, And because it's memory resident (if you choose) you can quickly jump in from other programs – even move information between them. All this power, yet reviewers agree you can start "Tornado-ing" in 15 minutes – not 15 days.

# **Three Versions**

Choose the Tornado that's right for you: Mini Tornado—\$49.95—NEW! Lowest cost version limited capacity (up to 600 windows and 60,000 characters); does not have: cut & paste, window join, screen grab & put, time & date & sequence stamp, multiple forms, compound searches.

FEATURES: free-form & predefined windows, scrolling within window, import & export to files & screens, cut & paste, auto word wrap, time & date stamp, move & join & dup windows, mono or selectable color, definable Hot-key or non-resident, unloadable, LAN support, context help, extended ASCII, smart fully adjustable windows, parallel text processing, progressive resolution and "and-or-not"like searching without keywords, and more. COMPATIBITLITY: IBM-PC/XT/AT/PS2 and compatibles; mono, CGA, 80 col EGA, and Hercules displays; 60K minimum RAM CAPACITY: Up to 500 windows and 50K per pile - 50 piles. Not copy protected.

"Excellent Excellent Excellent "PC World, Patrick Marshall

"one of the niftiest ... programs I've ever seen." BYTE, Jerry Pournelle

"Excellent value" InfoWorld, Review Board

"Editor's Choice" PC Magazine

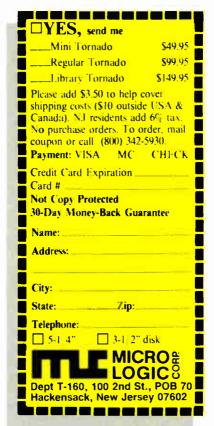
**Regular Tornado—\$99.95** Full version with all commands and full information capacity (up to 25,000 windows and 2,500,000 characters). Library Tornado—\$149.95 All commands, full capacity, plus "Library" of windows containing: free-form year logger, simple project planner, grid maker, city state area code time zone translator, and more templates and references.

# Productivity Tool

To reach your goals, you need tools that maximize your productivity and help you make your best decisions. Tornado fits the bill perfectly. In fact user surveys show you may well use Tornado more than any other software package! Order today risk-free.

> To order call: (800) 342-5930 Technical questions & NJ: (201) 342-6518

24 hr. modem: (201) 342-8101



# Fast Microprocessor Development ORION UNRAS 4620

# New Unilab 8620 analyzer-emulator --SAVE TIME, CUT COSTS

Don't waste days single-stepping through suspect code. Isolate trouble fast. Use our highspeed analyzer-emulator to trigger on symptoms - by data sequence, cycle type, address, data range. See program traces before and after trigger points as you record and display traces on the fly. Mop up via traditional breakpointing.

- Real time 8/16 bit universal emulator
- Advanced 48-channel bus state analyzer
- In-Place Emulation for 150 different µPs
- · 1µsec program time measurements
- · Fast parallel interface: load 64K in 5 sec
- · Stimulus generator included
- · Continuous real time viewing of registers, ports
- Built-in EPROM programmer
- 2730 bus-cycle trace buffer
- · Complete integrated toolkit

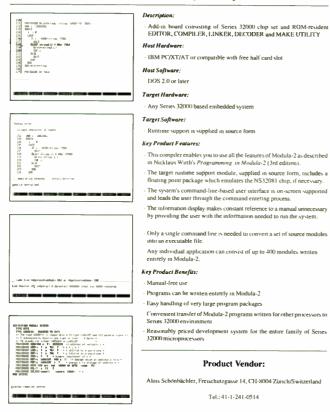
# Call Toll Free 800/245-8500 or (in CA) 415/361-8883 ORION

INSTRUMENTS

702 Marshall Street, Redwood City, CA 94063

# SERIES 32000 MODULA-2 COMPILER

Program development system for Senes 32000 based embedded systems running on IBM-PC/XT/AT and PS/2-30





SHORT TAKES

## THE FACTS

Watcom C 6.0 \$495 (includes Express C)

#### Requirements:

IBM PC, XT, AT, PS/2, or true compatible, DOS 2.0 or higher, and 512K bytes of memory recommended.

I performed some informal tests on the Watcom compiler, stacking it up against Microsoft C 5.0 on my 10-MHz AT clone. I modified our new Sort benchmark to create an array whose elements were in reverse order, and I hand-timed the execution speed of the result. (I used small models for both compilers and set no compile switches-I handed identical copies of the source code to each compiler.) The Watcom compiler's version completed in 11.3 seconds, while Microsoft's took over 15 seconds. However, the executable file Watcom created was over 12K bytes in size, while Microsoft C created an 8Kbyte executable file. I figure it's the same old equation: speed at the cost of space.

And, yes, you'll find yet another editor supplied with the Watcom disks. The editor is simple enough to use, allows you to work on more than one document simultaneously via multiple workspaces, can operate in either line mode or

**Options**: Watcom Express C, \$125 (if purchased separately)

Watcom 415 Phillip St. Waterloo, Ontario Canada N2L3X2 (800) 265-4555 Inquiry 855.

screen mode, and supports editing macros.

Watcom's answer to Turbo C and Quick C is Express C. As you might guess, you can operate Express C with Watcom's editor in an integrated environment so that all development functions-compiling, linking, editing-occur in memory.

What you might not guess is that Express C also includes a memory-resident source-level debugger that allows you to trace program execution, view and modify variable contents, set breakpoints, and display your program's output. If you launch Express C with the /d option, the debugger automatically fires up when you compile and run your program. While experimenting with the debugger, I stumbled onto a bug in the benchmark program I was creating. But that's what it's there for, right?

When I pitted Express C against Turbo C (using yet another variant of the Sort continued

BYTE • AUGUST 1988 96

# When your basic quantum leap is just not enough:

# PROBAS. **Professional Basic Programming Library**

PROBAS is a library of routines that kicks QuickBASIC and BASCOM into 5th gear and gives you powers and abilities far beyond those of mortal men. It's the greatest thing since sliced bread and if you don't get it today, your hard disk will crash in retaliation. So much for the hype, now down to brass tacks:

- 232 routines (226 in Assembly)
- 600 page 3-part manual
- Full-featured windowing
- Screen snapshots
- Virtual screens in memory
- Lightning-fast file I/O
- Access EMS as files or arrays
- Full mouse support

Plus 200 essential services from directory and equipment routines to handy string, date, time, and input routines.

Sick of running out of string space? Store hundreds of K in numeric arrays or megabytes in EMS arrays. Tired of using a kludgy SHELL to DIR to read a directory? Scan subdirectories using wild-cards and store thousands of file names, dates, and times. Wish you could drag a window containing text or a menu around the screen with a mouse? It's easy!

PROBAS virtual screens allow you to draw full or partial screens to memory, and then snap them on in an eyeblink- faster and without the limitations of PCOPY. Draw and store hundreds of pull-down menus or help screens, each in its own array, ready to be displayed anywhere on the screen at assembly speeds-you just can't get any faster.

PROBAB gives you a complete set of blazinglyfast file routines. Read or write up to 64k chunks of data at a clip, with file locking and error handling so that you can even use them in subprograms. You'll never want to use BASICs file I/O agair! No royalty and not copy protected. For all versions of QuickBASIC and BASCOM including BASCOM 6.0 for OS/2. Just \$99.001

Add \$3.00 per item (\$7.00 Canada) for shipping. Trademarks: ProBas, ProRef, ProScreen: Hammery Computer Services, Inc. QuickBASIC, BASCOM: Microsoft Corp.

# **PROBAS** TOOLKIT

The TOOLKIT is a collection of assembly and BASIC modules that use the PROBAB library to save you even more hours of grunt work. Call a ring, bar, pop-up, or pull-down menu. Pop up a mini-word processor with word-wrap in a window. Make file I/O faster with btree indexing. You get:

- Dozens of Menu Generators
- Fast B-tree indexing
- Mini-editor with word-wrap
- Patch . EXE files
- Protected storage areas
- Display text files in windows
- Julian date routines
- Documented BASIC source

Plus dozens of powerful, easy to use routines that help conserve the most valuable asset of all, time! Requires PROBAS. Just \$99.001

# PROSCREEN~ **Professional Screen Management System**

**PROSCREEN** is a full-featured screen generator /editor that will save you more design and coding time than you ever thought possible. PROSCREEN works with screens like a word processor works with text to provide complete control over screen characters, placement and colors. Edit up to 3 screens at a time and perform block moves, block copies. merge and cut and paste operations - even between screens-- with ease.

Use PROSCREEN to prototype designs, create full or partial screens for import via PROBAS, or create input screens that have up to 130 edit fields per screen. You can even take snapshots of other applications, edit them, and produce demos and working tutorials. PROSCREEN comes with subroutine source, extensive online help and a 285 page manual with tutorial and reference. Just \$99.001

# PROBAS. TELECOMM TOOLKIT

The **PROBAS TELECOMM** TOOLKIT is a collection of high-level communications modules that you plug into your code to provide popular file transfer protocols, terminal emulations, auto-dialing, phone data base, login scripts and more. Plug just the routines you need into your programs.

- Tmodem/Modem7/Xmodem-1k
- Ymodem (single and batch) CRC-16 and Checksum
- VT52, VT100, ANSI BBS etc.
- Auto Dialer & data base
- Script language support
- Full terminal program
   Documented BASIC source

The TELECOMM TOOLKIT comes with a detailed manual and a full terminal program in BASIC. Requires PROBAS. Just \$75.00!

# **PROREF**<sup>\*</sup> **On-Line Help** For PROBAS.

PROREF is three products in one-- a pop-up help system for the 232 routines in PROBAB, pop-up help for your routines, and an extension of the QuickBASIC programming environment. See the calling syntax and help for any PROBAS routine, or any of your routines, with just a few keystrokes or mouse clicks. Pop-up an ASCII chart, calculator, keyboard scan code module or almost any DOS program via hot key. Just \$50.00!

Our money-back guarantee assures you the highest quality and our technical support staff is always ready to help. Try our BBS at (301) 953-7738 or give us a call at:

(301) 953 - 2191

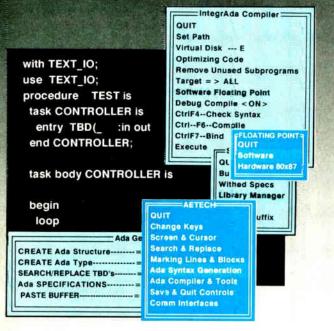


8008 Sandy Spring Road 

Laurel, Maryland 20707



...the first completely integrated Ada Programming Support Environment priced for the individual programmer on a PC. Designed for the novice as well as the software engineer.



- Validated Production Compiler
- Use on 8086,80186,80286,80386.
- Full 640KB .EXE Programs
- No Extra Memory Required
- No Math Coprocessor required.
- On-Line Library Management
- Math, Text, Console Packages included
- Multiple File Code Retrieval
- Full-Color, Full Featured Editing
- Selectable Function Keys
- Ada Subprogram and Package Generation
- Ada Type Generation
- Ada Sensitive Cursor
- Interactive Cursor Error Correction
- Interface to Ada Design Language (ADADL)
- Ada Standard Pretty Printer
- DoD 2167 Documentation Features
- Optional On-Line Ada Training Course
- No Run-Time Royalties

Aetech. Inc. 380 Stevens Ave, Solana Beach, CA 92075 (619) 755-1277

N	а	m	e

Company/Title

Address

Phone

ETECH Introductory Offer \$495

**BYTE** • AUGUST 1988

Circle 267 on Reader Service Card (DEALERS: 268) World Racio History SHORT TAKES

benchmark with a smaller array size), I found that Turbo C chalked up a compile-andexecute time of 9 seconds against Express C's 28 seconds. I thought I could attribute Express C's poor showing to the fact that it performed array- and pointer-bounds checking unless told otherwise. But even when I told it otherwise, it still hit the wire

Paradox Takes on OS/2

f you've used the MS-DOS version of Paradox, **Paradox OS/2** will be immediately familiar. Except for the OS/2 line on the opening screen, the actual user interface is identical, and it works *exactly* the same; it is compatible with files, scripts, and reports from earlier versions.

The differences showed up when I started doing some actual work. Because Paradox OS/2 runs in 80286 protected mode, it directly addresses all your system memory. That eliminates the time-consuming disk reads and memory swapping that take place under the MS-DOS version.

This immediately translates into speed. Database access, moving around tables, and doing usual work like sorting and generating reports is noticeably faster, though your mileage will vary depending on the type of database you're using and what you're doing with it.

You can run multiple Paradox OS/2 sessions at the same time, and even share data and utilities among them. This is heady stuff for those of us used to the one-task-at-a-time limitation of MS-DOS.

Paradox OS/2 uses the same concurrency controls to coordinate multiple sessions that Paradox 2 uses to coordinate multiple users on a network. There are, of course, some limitations. You can't physically make changes to two sessions concurrently, so Paraat about 27 seconds.

Watcom delivers a high bang-for-the-buck ratio when compared to Microsoft C 5.0. Watcom C is a class act, and the source-code debuggers for both the high-end C 6.0 and the integrated Express C make the whole package a real possibility for doing heavy-duty development work.

–Rick Grehan

dox OS/2 has the same abilities as its MS-DOS brother to lock tables and set what the program calls "private directories."

If you're new to OS/2, you'll soon find that there's a boundary to the apparent magic, especially if you have limited memory. Each session you start exacts its cost in processing time and RAM. While Paradox OS/2 can use up to 16 megabytes of RAM, my PC AT clone had only 3 megabytes, the minimum you need to run the program. Things started to slow down appreciably by the time I started the third Paradox session.

Paradox OS/2 is far from the ultimate OS/2 application. It's really just a sophisticated port from the MS-DOS version, which already had its own multiple-session hooks in its network support. But it's a tantalizing glimpse of the possibilities that OS/2 will offer.

-Stan Miastkowski

# THE FACTS

Paradox OS/2 \$725

Requirements: IBM AT, PS/2 or compatible, 3 megabytes of RAM, OS/2 Standard Edition 1.0 or higher, and a hard disk drive.

Borland International 4585 Scotts Valley Dr. Scotts Valley, CA 95066 (408) 438-8400 (800) 543-7543 Inquiry 856.



World Radio History

# L'rain Your C to Read...

FLAGSTAFF E

\$930

\$2,430 \$14,930

\$23,430 -\$45,930 -\$23,430

discussed.

Jerry: Pournelle holds a doctorate in pour chology and is a science fiction white who also earns a confortable living ine about comourere present and future

MAY 1987 . BYTE

ing about computers present and future.

FESTIVAL OF THE 774-5093

-\$14,930

779-3341 FLAGSTA 774-5187 FLAGSTA 74-5093 FOUNDAT

GAEBEL #631 AD AGENCY RULE

\$165.00 plus 15%

\$2,040.00 plus 28%

\$4,420.00 plus 35%

When you leed to discuss it with

anorher manager to be on safe goat to a decision can get you into trouble. The same to be on safe goat to be on safe and to be on safe goat to be

that have to be covered, contin

-Straight answer: Tell the pers

FLAGSTAFF

A 1¼"X 18" fwo-sided metal ruler with inches, picas, and offic office front side. The back side has 8 and 10 points and

# ... the Same Things You Read! APARATIVE RULE with graduated inches on ad lines on the back.

9.00 plus 15% 224.00 plus 28% 652.00 plus 35%

Observerion: There is an obviously solf defeating way to look at potential incentives. That is, to recard them as a means to intimidate

Neb) VOTAL Ban

defeating way to look at potential incentives That is, to regard them as a nears to intimidate annihywane rather than any irram tham Rut tha

That is, to regard them as a means to intimudate employees rather than encourage them. But the sources of this can be overcome by self-as

employees rather than encourage them. But the

temptation to do this can be overcome by self-ex-

coder allies offiss. I'd carried if a inage places, but i'd never been desper ate only the acentan annount of ine ivas with a centan annount of ine ivas ook the elephone apart with thy Swiss ity knie. The cover came off easily i

angung addi. A shan ing 19.85 addi. A shan ing agnag addi. A shan in

377.00 plus 38.5%

-\$320 -\$1,220

-\$8.720

Flagstaff Engineering's optical character recognition software reads almost any printed or typewritten text.

RHOIH A, A HIOHS

**SPOT**,\* our trainable OCR program, allows you to compile information from books, magazines, typewritten records, genealogical data, directories, catalogs, and public documents, including foreignlanguage material. The data captured by SPOT can be used by database, word processing, desktop publishing and typesetting applications.

look the

my knife

SPOT's flexible output options allow you to preserve the original page format, including columns and margins. Reformatting options include the choice of DCA or ASCII output files, with options to generate singlecolumn output from multiple-column text.

## Features:

High recognition accuracy

-\$930

-\$2,430

-\$14.930

-\$23,430

- Fast, easy training
- Up to five fonts per page
- Handles ligatures and kerned type

BLIC Last Col HIGH SCHOOL

R'S OFFICE

OFFICE

- Foreign language character sets
- Spelling and context checking
- On-line correction
- Affordable at \$995.00

Flagstaff Engineering leads the PC industry in desktop conversion systems for 9-track tape and 8-inch diskette data files. We have already supplied thousands of customers worldwide with our OCR systems. Call for the best prices on Panasonic, Hewlett-Packard, and Canon scanners. Dealer and volume discounts are available.

Flagstaff Engineering can modify the software code to meet your custom applications. For details, call us at (602)779-3341.

\*Syntactic Pattern Optical Translator



1120 Kaibab Lane • Flagstaff, AZ 86001 (602)779-3341 • Telex 705609 • FAX (602)779-5998 Circle 88 on Reader Service Card (DEALERS: 89)

#### EXPERT ADVICE

COMPUTING AT CHAOS MANOR **I** Jerry Pournelle



Is Jerry's old friend Zeke II retiring to greener pastures?

his is a shameless commercial. As I write this, Legacy of Heorot by Larry Niven, Jerry Pournelle, and Steve Barnes is on the best-seller list in England. About the time you read this, the paperback version will be out from Pocket Books. If every BYTE reader goes out and buys one, it will hit the best-seller list here. If you all buy another for a friend-

Well, anyway, it's a good book about the first interstellar colony (sent out by the National Geographic Society), it has a nice computer in it, and you can buy the book at your favorite bookstore. Meanwhile, there's a lot happening at Chaos Manor.

Writers are superstitious about all kinds of things. Goethe had to have a drawer full of rotten apples. Schiller wanted cats in the room. Some need a particular brand of coffee or a favorite coffee mug.

Not all writers worry about furniture, but many do. I confess I'm one of them. Of course, I don't think of it as superstition, just good organization.

What I want is a big desk, the bigger the better, that I can get right up close to, and high enough for drafting work. For years, I used a 4- by 8-foot piece of halfinch mahogany plywood screwed to the top of an ancient student desk that stood on little feet to raise it; the result was overhangs on all four sides deep enough that I could scoot a chair right up to the desk. It was a little odd getting to the drawers, but the system worked.

Of course, I didn't do my writing on that structure, because it was too high to set a typewriter on. Instead, I set my Selectric on a regular typing table, one

# A FOND FAREWELL

large enough to hold not only the typewriter, but pages to be retyped or a few books. The typing table was at right angles to the desk, so I had only to swivel around to get at it. That way, I could lay out notes and research work on the big desk, turn left to the Selectric when I was writing, and turn back to the desk to review notes.

When I got Ezekial, my old friend who happened to be a Cromemco Z80, I set things up the same way, with Zeke taking the place of the Selectric. Of course, an S-100 system with 8-inch disk drives wouldn't fit on a normal typing table, and I ended up building a furniture system that had the computer itself near the floor, the disk drives on a counter, and the 15-inch monochrome Hitachi monitor on top of the disk drives.

The keyboard first went on the Selectric's old typing table; later, I got a larger table that would hold the keyboard and a bunch of notebooks and stuff. The monitor was at eye level and 30 inches away, just far enough that I didn't need the reading element of my bifocals to read the large text put up by the Processor Technology VDM board. There were only 16 lines of 64 characters, but that was enough.

I wrote on that system for years. Ezekial himself evolved into Zeke II: a CompuPro S-100 "boat-anchor" box and CompuPro 8-inch disk drives, but the same Hitachi 15-inch monitor driven by the same VDM memory-mapped video board. Larry Niven bought an exact duplicate of Zeke II. We wrote a number of books on those two machines. I also wrote these columns and everything else I did, a total of several million words.

I tried the IBM PC when it first came out. I even bought one, but for research only. I had no temptation to use it to write books. PC text editors weren't good enough. Their only advantage was that a PC would put up 24 lines of text as opposed to Zeke's 16, but against that the PC was very slow compared to Zeke. In particular, it scrolled slower. With Zeke I could instantaneously flip back and forth by pages, which more than made up for the 16-line limitation. Also, it took a lot longer to read and write IBM 5<sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub>-inch disks than 1.2-megabyte CompuPro 8inch disks. For the first 5 or 6 years after the PC came out, there was just no incentive to change over from Zeke.

Slowly, though, PCompatibles got faster and better. EGA video put up readable text in color. New PCompatible thesaurus and spelling programs came out-although Oasis Systems' The Word Plus was for a very long time the best spelling program around (it's still the basis for the spelling checker in many well-known word processors). Writing utilities like Grammatik II (and now III) and the Readability program would work only with PCompatibles. Editor programs sprouted features not available for my old CP/M system. I found I was using the PC more and more.

Eventually, the only things I was writing on Zeke II were books in collaboration with Larry Niven. When we brought in Steve Barnes to work on Legacy of Heorot, we had another problem: Steve was using WordStar on a Kaypro PCompatible, and his files had to be translated from PC-DOS to CP/M.

Fortunately, we had the means to do it: the Golem, my big CompuPro Dual Processor (80286 master, Z80 slave board), can read and write 360K-byte 5<sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub>-inch DOS disks, and it also sports a pair of 8-inch floppy disk drives (as well as a 40-megabyte Priam hard disk drive). We could feed Steve's disks into the Golem, run his files through a filter, and write them out on 8-inch disks that Zeke II could read into our CP/M text editor.

When we finished Legacy of Heorot, I decided enough was enough. Niven was working on a new book with David Drake, and Drake uses a Toshiba T1000 PCompatible with 31/2-inch disks. Getting Drake's stuff onto the CP/M system continued

and Larry's onto Drake's Toshiba was no easy job. It was time for a change.

Niven was persuaded to go buy a PCompatible: a Zenith Z-386 with a hard disk drive, a 19-inch Electrohome monitor, and both 5<sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub>- and 3<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>-inch floppy disk drives. That took care of the Drake collaboration. I converted our latest stuff over to PCompatible format. Now I was doing all my writing on PCompatibles.

I had long since set up a PCompatible on the opposite side of my desk from Zeke; swivel left to the PCompatible, swivel right to Zeke (and also to a terminal that coutrols the Golem). Which PCompatible it was changed from time to time: first Big Kat the Kaypro 286, then Fast Kat the Kaypro 386, and now Zanna Lee the Zenith Z-386. Zeke II sat there watching in silence. He had nothing to do, and we turned him on only when a visitor wanted to see him.

Then BYTE wanted a column for the special Macintosh edition. Apple sent a Mac II. About then, Cheetah put together the Big Cheetah, a 20-MHz 80386 with a Priam 330-megabyte internal hard disk drive and a Maximum Storage APX-3200 WORM (write once, read many) drive. Commodore sent the Amiga 2000. Atari sent a Mega ST. Every one of those machines had to be set up on test stands far away from my desk, making it very inconvenient to *use* them—and after all, the point of this column is to write about stuff I've used for practical work.

Something had to be done, and I did it. Three weeks ago, Zeke II retired. We had a little ceremony and wheeled him out.

At the moment, the poor old fellow is sitting in the storeroom. All his parts are there—disk drives, Hitachi monitor, keyboard, and all the cables—but they aren't assembled. I haven't really had the heart to do it. As far as Zeke knows, he was turned off one day and hasn't been awakened again. Suppose I connect him up and he sees where he is? Unthinkable.

I confess I don't really know what to do with him. What I'd like is to find him a good home. Oh, sure, there are some mad hobbyists who'd like to have all his parts, but I can't allow that. What I want is someone who will *use* him—but who? Who, after all, is likely to want an ancient Z80 machine that's physically larger than a two-drawer file cabinet, has 8-inch disk drives that spin all the time, and has a 16-line by 64-character display driven by the world's last operating Processor Technology VDM board? He's a wonderful old guy, but he's also a museum piece.

I know from my mail that I have very

clever readers, and some seem as devoted to old Zeke as I am. I've decided to have a contest: I'm soliciting the best suggestion as to what to do with Zeke, the CompuPro S-100 Z80. I'm not sure what the prizes will be. Something appropriate, like dinner at a COMDEX or West Coast Computer Faire for the best half dozen letters, and something a bit more special for the winner.

The rules are simple: I'll consider any suggestion provided that Zeke will be kept intact and there's some chance of

he Mac has a well-deserved reputation for being easy for utter beginners to use.

implementing it. If you want to tell me why Zeke ought to be given to you, or your family, or some favorite institution, feel free. If you think he belongs in the Smithsonian, you'll have to show me some evidence that the Smithsonian would be interested. If you think he ought to be sent to the center of the galaxy, you'll have to explain how that could be accomplished.

The decision of the judge—me—is final, all entries become part of the general chaos in Chaos Manor, and some will be returned but others won't be because they're lost or the dog ate them. Contest closes on Thanksgiving Day.

## **The Furniture Dilemma**

When I first got Zeke, there wasn't any commercial computer furniture. In those days, you either made do with typing tables or designed and built your own "workstation." In the early 1980s there was a flood of the stuff, most badly designed. Gradually, evolution and the market took care of the situation, so that now you can get quite a bit of computer furniture designed for PCompatibles. There's also some for the Macintosh.

Alas, there is absolutely nothing satisfactory for the Mac II; and what has evolved for PCompatibles isn't going to be useful much longer. The problem is mice.

Until recently, PCompatible users

didn't need mice. You couldn't operate a Mac without one, but many considered a mouse for the PC to be a pretentious bit of luxury. Slowly, though, PC users began to change their minds. Some programs require mice—it's possible to use Microsoft Word without one, but you won't like it much. Others weren't designed for mice but work better if you have them: WordPerfect with either Mouse Perfect or a properly written script for Logitech's Menu mouse support package is a good case in point, being much easier to use with a mouse.

Also, the Mac has a phenomenal (and well-deserved) reputation for being easy for utter beginners to use, and much of the Mac's design philosophy is drifting over into PCompatible software designs. The upshot, in my judgment, is that mice are taking over the computer world, and pretty soon none of us will feel at home without them.

That's where the furniture problem comes in. With the exception of a few special items jiggered for the Mac and dependent on the old Mac's small footprint and weird keyboard, there isn't any computer furniture designed for mouse users.

One of the best kinds of computer desk starts with a more mundane item—office desk or credenza or even a solid countertop—and puts a keyboard drawer underneath. There are a number of keyboard drawers, and while many of them are overpriced, all the ones I've seen work quite well and are easy enough to install. All the keyboards I've used fit well in the drawer tray, and the system is solidly built so things don't wobble when I type. However, every one of those keyboard drawers, without exception, is too narrow to hold both a keyboard and a mouse.

I suppose it's only a matter of time until someone gets smart and makes a computer desk with a keyboard area large enough for both keyboard and mouse, but that hadn't happened by Spring COM-DEX; I looked at every computer furniture display in Atlanta, and except for one desklike system that's a full 4 feet wide, there wasn't a thing. Sigh.

#### **Amiga Progress**

One of my high points of COMDEX was a demonstration of new developments for the Amiga given by Dr. Harry Rubin, chief operating officer of Commodore America. Rubin's enthusiasm for the Amiga is unmatched; he reminds me of some of the company executives back in the early days of microcomputers.

One thing they showed me was Unix continued

# PROGRAMMER

helps save time, money, and cut frustrations. Compare, evaluate, and find products.

# **Real-time Programmers:**

Build multitasking into your applications, add communications and interfaces easily, write blazing code with a C-like assembler

Choose a real-time multitasking O/S, work with a classic real-time toolbox.

#### Call a Tech Rep TODAY!

Order before August 31, 1988 and <u>mention "BY888"</u> for these special prices above.

# **RECENT DISCOVERY**

C Sharp Real-time Toolkit -

includes graphics

complete. for C

DESQview API Tools -

multitasking, interfaces

Greenleaf Comm Library -

RisC - high level ASM C-like

Timeslicer - multitasking

QNX - real-time multitasking O/S

Normal SPECIAL

\$399

\$419

\$105

\$599 \$ 59

\$239

\$479

\$449

\$129

\$629 \$75

\$265

List

\$495

\$550

\$185

\$650

\$ 80

\$295

PC PC PC 389 \$\$\$ 386 Assembler/Linker 386 Debug - by Phar Lap 386/DOS Extender 129 919 Job DOS Extender DESQuiew PS/2 F77L-EM - by Lahey FOXBASE + /386 High C - by MetaWare OS/286 & 386 by Al Architects Develop: 296 PC MS PC PC PC MS \$ 109 Call 419 \$ Call Call Call Paradox 386

**386 Development Tools** 

Paradox 386	MO		Call
C Language-Compilers			
AZTEC C86 - Commercial C86 PLUS - by Cl High C Optimizing Compiler Instant-C/16M Lattice C - V3.3 Microsoft C 5.1 - with Codeview Microsoft Quick C NDP C-386 by MicroWay Turbo C by Borland Watcom C6.0	PC MS PC MS MS MS MS PC MS	\$ \$ \$	499 359 Call 259 299 69 529 67 259
C Language-Interpreter	S		
C-terp by Gimpel - full K & R C Trainer - by Catalytix Interactive C by IMPACC Associates Run/C Professional Run/C Turbo C-terp	MS PC PC MS MS PC	*****	219 89 189 145 79 119
C Libraries-Files			
BTree/ISAM - Single user CBTREE - Source, no royalties c-tree by Faircom - no royalties r-tree - report generation dB2C Toolkit V2.0 db_VISTA - Source	MS MS PC MS MS	\$	99 109 309 239 259 Call
C Libraries-General			
Blackstar C Function Library C Tools Plus - V5.0 C Utilities by Essential Greenleaf C Sampler Greenleaf Functions LIGHT TOOLS by Blaise Turbo C Tools by Blaise	PC PC PC PC PC	\$ \$	99 99 119 69 129 69 99
C-Screens, Windows, G	rap	h	CS

C-Screens, Windows,	Graphics
C Display Manager C-Worthy Interface Library dBASE Graphics for C ESSENTIAL GRAPHICS - fast GraphiC - new color version Greenleaf Data Windows w/source Quick Window/C Terminal Mapping System TurboWINDOW/C - for Turbo C VC Screen View Manager by Blaise Vitamin C - source, menus Windows for C - fast Windows for C - fast	PC \$ 109 PC \$ 249 PC \$ 235 PC \$ 279 PC \$ 155 PC \$ 259 PC \$ 75 PC \$ 75 PC \$ 75 PC \$ 119 PC \$ 199 PC \$ 199 PC \$ 219 PC \$ 219 PC \$ 219 PC \$ 219

Note: All prices subject to change without notice. Mention this ad. Some prices are specials. Ask about COD and POs. Formats: 3" laptop now available, plus 200 others. UPS surface shipping add \$3 per normal item

#### THE PROGRAMMER'S SHOP te source for so

-B Pond Park Road, Hingham, MA 02043 Mass: 800-442-8070 or 617-740-2510 6/88

dBASE IV - features new user interface	Central
Center "Multiuser file/record locking '	'ANSI + "
Center, "Multiuser file/record locking, SQL, Query By Example. 255 field reco	ords, 99 files
open. Parent-child file relations. DOS sl	nell.
	PC \$ 499
<b>DataBase &amp; File Manag</b>	ement
Advanced Revelation	PC \$ 779
CLARION - complete environment	PC Call
DataFlex by Data Access	PC \$ 595
DataFlex multiuser	PC \$1049
Magic PC - visual database	PC \$ 169 PC \$ 499
Paradox V2.0 List: \$725 Paradox Network Pack	PC \$ 719
XDB-SQL Database	MS \$ 449
Dbase Language	
Clipper compiler dBASE III Plus	PC \$ 389
dBASE III Plus	PC \$ 399 PC \$ 649
dBASE III LANPack	
DBXL Interpreter by Word Tech FoxBASE + V2.0	MS \$ 259
Quicksilver Diamond	PC \$ 369
Dbase Support	
dBRIEF with BRIEF	PC Call
dBC III by Lattice	MS \$ 169 MS \$ 229
Documentor - dFlow superset	MS \$ 229 MS \$ 249
Genifer by Bytel - code generator Integrated Development Library	MS \$ 129
Networker Plus	MS \$ 229
QuickCode III Plus	MS \$ 189
R&R Report Writer	MS \$ 139
Seek-It - Query-by-example	PC \$ 79
Silver Comm Library	MS \$ 139 PC \$ 79
Tom Rettig's Library UI Programmer - user interfaces	PC \$ 249
Other Products	
ASMLIB - 170 + routines	PC \$ 125
Back-It by Gazelle	MS \$ 119
Baler	PC \$ 459 PC \$ 229 PC \$ 169
CO/SESSION - remote access	PC \$ 229 PC \$ 169
Dan Bricklin's Demo II Disk Technician - smart upkeep	PC \$ 169 PC \$ 89
Fast Back Plus	PC \$ 149
Flash-Up	PC \$ 69
Easy Flow V5.0	PC \$ 125 MS \$ 309 MS \$ 85
Link & Locate	MS \$ 309
Mace Utilities MKS RCS	MS \$ 85 MS \$ 155
PC/Tools Deluxe-by Custom	PC \$ 69
Plink 86 PLUS - overlays	MS \$ 275
PVCS Corporate - by Polytron	PC \$ 339
PVCS Personal	PC \$ 135
R-DOC/X	MS \$ 135 PC \$ 328
Show Partner F/X Seidl Version Manager	PC \$ 328 Ms \$ 269
Source Print - V3.0	PC \$ 75
TLIB	PC \$ 89
Tree Diagrammer	rc 🔉 oj
Visible Computer: 8088	PC \$ 65
WKS Library by Raima	PC \$ 179
Fortran-C Translator	

For\_C by Cobalt Blue - complete F77 to C opti-mizing translator. 99% efficiency, MIL-STD-1753 and common F77 extension support. Runtime MS \$ 659 libraries with complete C source.

Call for a catalog, literature, and solid value



# **BRIEF** Users **NOW** you can have fast compilation AND an integrated, productive environment.

• Ver 5,000 of you were forced to make sacrifices to use BRIEF, The Programmer's Editor. Advanced compilers and new programming environments, like Turbo C and QuickBASIC, took up so much RAM that BRIEF could not fit in the same 640k

If you wanted to retain BRIEF's uniquely powerful features1 while working with larger programs, you had to sacrifice speed and continuity. Instead of a tight Edit-Compile-Edit loop, you had to slog through an obsolete Edit-Exit-Compile-Exit-Edit loop.

#### Now you no longer have to make that sacrifice.

You can enjoy the features<sup>1</sup> that have made BRIEF the best-selling and the best regarded<sup>2</sup> programmer's editor without sacrificing environment integration.

> Version 2.1 of BRIEF can be swapped in and out with a single keystroke - allowing immediate compilation with even the largest compilers: Microsoft C5.0, QuickC, Turbo C, Lattice C, dBXL, FoxBASE+ v2.0, Clipper, etc.

<sup>1</sup> For example: real multi-level Undo (not simply Undelete), flexible windowing, unlimited file size, unlimited number of simultaneous files, automatic language sensitive indentation. <sup>2</sup> For example:

"The quintessential programmer's editor," -Dr. Dobb's Journal "Right out of the box, it's a versatile, extremely powerful editor that handles most any programming task with "Simple to aplomb." - Computer Language learn and use and extremely sophisticated. Strongly recommended." - PC Magazine "Not only the best programmer's text editor l've ever seen, but it is also a tour de force in the way it was conceived and implemented."-"So far surpasses users" Computerworld expectations that it is <u>revolutionary</u>." -MicroTimes Magazine "BRIEF is truly outstanding." - Microsoft Systems Journal

# **Current BRIEF Users:**

Call Ann for details on 4 other important enhancements. Registered users of versions 2.0 or 2.01 update for only \$35.

# Haven't tried BRIEF yet?

BRIEF retails for \$195. Call Ann today for a no-risk, 60-day trial with a full, money-back guarantee.



541 Main Street, Suite 410 South Weymouth, MA 02190 617-337-6963

World Radio History

running on what appeared to be an Amiga 2000. This was full System V Unix, no compromises, and, even loaded down with several simultaneous tasks, it certainly looked fast enough. Fair warning: this is a show report. I'll have more on it when it's running here at Chaos Manor and I can turn Alex loose on it. I can only say that what I saw at COMDEX impressed the heck out of me.

Meanwhile, at the Amiga developers' conference held just before COMDEX,

they distributed new ROM chips for the 2000. Joanne Dow was given a copy for installation in my machine, and about an hour ago she came over and did the job.

ROM installation in the Amiga is simple but tedious. You have to remove about eight screws so that you can move the hard disk drive, floppy disk drive, and power supply. The good news is that they're all mounted on a rigid frame that moves as a unit, so once the screws are removed, the whole assembly lifts off to

# RESIDENT EXPERT POP-UP REFERENCE GUIDES...



# STARTING AT \$19.95!

Need help with your favorite programming language or business application but don't want to interrupt your work to fumble through a bulky user's manual? Consult RESIDENT EXPERT...our pop-up "super-help" utility containing all the reference material normally found in programming language reference guides and user's manuals.

Start with our lightning fast shell program (including our *free* PC-DOS/MS-DOS reference guides) and select your own custom library from our extensive list of titles.

The shell program uses only 58K of memory, supports auto look-up, keyword string searches, and full cross indexing. Our optional compiler lets you develop your own reference guides (or context sensitive help systems).

# Summer '88 Pricing...

Resident Expert Shell \$19.95
Resident Expert Compiler 39.95
Reference Guides for
dBase III Plus (new) \$39.95
Microsoft C (5.0)
Microsoft Quick C (1.0) 19.95
Lattice C (3.2)
Lotus 1-2-3 Rel 2 (new) 39.95
Turbo Pascal (3.2/4.0) 19.95
Turbo C (1.5) 19.95
PC Prgrmr's Reference 39.95
(BIOS/DOS/80286/MASM Guide)
1-214-727-9217
Santa Rita Software

Santa Rita Software 1000 E. 14th St., Suite 365 Plano, Texas 75074 expose the ROM chip. After that, things are simple.

AmigaDOS is not simple. I watched Joanne do her magic for a while, but I soon lost track. What I can say is that after about half an hour of work she had set up the Amiga 2000 so that on powerup you must boot it with a floppy disk—it still won't entirely boot from the hard disk drive—but that process is considerably faster than it used to be. The good news is that once that's done, the Amiga can be reset and rebooted from a RAM disk. That takes only a few seconds.

I don't know of any other computer that can boot from its own RAM disk.

There are other developments. There's a new version of the Amiga operating system, which is said to speed up disk operations. There were certainly plenty of software developers at the COMDEX Amiga booth. A number of "standard" PC programs, including WordPerfect, have been ported over to the Amiga and work fine there.

All in all, the Amiga seems to be improving steadily. More when I learn more. I'm supposed to have Unix for the Amiga coming in the next week or so.

## Scanners Live in Vain

Spring COMDEX wasn't very exciting if you were looking for something new. There were almost no new products, and not much more new technology. There was, however, considerable excitement among dealers, a general feeling that the doldrums are over and the computer industry is ready to take off again.

The most exciting new hardware product I saw was the Logitech ScanMan. This is a small hand scanner that interfaces with a Logitech printed circuit board. You run the scanner over text or pictures or whatever, and it makes a bitmapped image similar to a PC Paint file.

Meanwhile, over in the Apparel Center—where all the newcomers to COM-DEX are sent—Flagstaff Engineering was exhibiting a program that takes scanned text images and turns them into machine-readable files. I suppose I'd better explain that.

Computers can store text in two different ways. The most familiar way is as actual text files, in which the machine "knows" what's there. Each letter, number, and punctuation mark is stored as a uniquely recognizable binary number, so that the machine can not only reproduce the text, but also manipulate it in orderly ways. It can make alphabetic sorts, look at words and compare them to dictionaries, and in general act as though it *continued* 

## COMPUT ER DISCOUNT WAREHOUSE™ TOSHIBA NEC T.F.

	NEW
NEC	NEC Multispeed
NES	NEC Multispeed EL
Line and	NEC Multispeed HD w/20 Meg 2365.77
The second s	NEC Powermate 2, 40 Meg NEW
4	NEC Powermate 2, 66 Meg LOWER
Vitunomate: [un util	NEC Powermate 386, 66 Meg NEC
	NEC Powermate 386, 130 Meg PRICES

# LASER TURBO

XT Turbo, 512K, 1 floppy, P/S/G, Enhanced keyboard, EMS mem. ....\$699.10 XT Turbo, 1 floppy, 20 Meg ... 989.34 XT Turbo, 1 floppy, 40 Meg . 1194.22 XT Turbo, 1 floppy, 70 Meg . 1345.75

EMS MEMORY NO KONON THE HEA



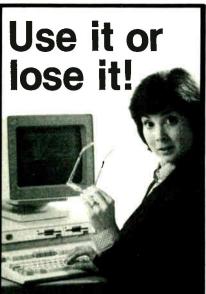
. SPE	2998.50 Aread 759.41 of Excellence 2237.55 ECIAL BUY EW MODEL	
NG	\$-300 4/8 MHz, 512K, 6 Slots S Monographics board, DOS, Keyboa S-300, 1 Floppy	rd 19.50 39.95
	\$500 AT Compatible 8/10 MHz, 8           \$7/P(C, Monographics Board, DOS, Keyl           \$500, 1.2M Floppy         \$109           \$5.500, 20 Meg         \$146           \$500, 40 Meg         \$162	board 95.45 99.80

TR

CALL FOR LOWEST CUSTOM QUOTES

HARDWARE, SO	FTWARE & PERIF	PHERALS AT DIS	COUNT PRICES
COMPUTERS	PRINTERS	NOVELL NETWORKING	MONITOR INTERFACE CARDS
MDL 70\$1312.20 MDL 170\$2988.36	EPSON	SANTA CLARA Diskless Workstation \$640.40	CDW <sup>™</sup> color card
MDL 80	EX800CALL LX800ALL FX86eCDW <sup>TM</sup> LQ500EPSON FX286eFOR LQ850MQDELS	SOFTWARE & STARTER KITS WESTERN DIGITAL 3 Node LAN kit	GENOA Spectrum (color monographic w/p)168.75 HERCULES color card w/p
MDL 120	FX850BEST LQ1050IN FX1050PRICE LQ.2500STOCK	w / Western Digital software	HERCULES monographics plus w/p 179.84 TAXAN MONDGRAPHIC w/p
IBM PS2 MDL 30, 2 dr\$1272.20 MDL 50Z, 30 MegNEW	DICOINIX by Kodak 150P / 300	Entry-level 286 Starter Kit, 8 Users SAVE NOVELL 286 Software w/Keycard 1569.09	MONOCHROME MONITORS
MDL 30, 20 Meg . 1725.17 MDL 502, 60 Meg IBM MDL 60, 40 Meg . 3340.15 MDL 70, All Mdls PS2s	IBM	NOVELL SFT Netware Level 1	AT&T Monochrome Monitor
MDL 60. 70 Meg . 3469.60 MDL 80, 40 Meg . 4497.67 MDL 80, 111 Meg 5995.80 MDL 80, 70 Meg . 5330.30	Pro Printer II \$429.95 Quietwriter III \$1295.62	Nondedicated Netware Software 286 w / Keycard	AMDEK 1280
286. Model 1\$2095.55 386. Model 300.\$9168.20 286. 40 Meg2580.19 Port. II. Mdl 21896.10	P560XL	INTERFACE CARDS	COMPAQ VGA Mono
286, 70 Meg 2895.20 Port. II, Mdl 2 1890.10 286, 70 Meg 2895.20 Port. II, Mdl 4	3550	ARCNET PC110 LANBoard	NEC Multisync GS
386 Model 130 7059.92 Port. III MdI 40 . 4159.33	OKEDATA ML 1825 \$279.76 ML 320 \$336.63 ML 182P 232 50 ML 321 472.28	ETHERNET Interface Connector	PGS MAX 12E amber color
<b>ATET</b> 6300 WGS	ML 182P	G-NET Interface Card w/cable	TAXAN 123 Green / 124 Amber 119.50 / 124.05 COLOR GRIAPHIC MONITORS
0300 W33	ML 293 Plus. 516.55 ML 393 949.55 ML 294737.10 ML 393 Color .1057.60	ACCESSORIES ARCNET Passive Hub	AMDEK color 6001 / 722 \$349 24 / 444 49
TOSHIBA 1100 Plus	PANASONIC 1080i	ARCNET Active Hub	IBM PS2 8512 Color
T3200 SPECIAL BUY T5100 NEW MODEL	1092i	Novell trained and authorized sales and support. Call CDW for all new Software versions.	PGS HX-12 Plus
P888 (XT Turbo)	3151	MODEMS & COMMUNICATIONS	MAGNAVOX 8762
PB88 w / 1 tioppy, 20 Meg	120D	AST 5251-11 Plus	VGA & EGA MONITORS COMPAQ VGA monitor
VT286 w / 40 Meg	TOSHIBA	EVEREX 12008 / 24008	MAGNAVOX 943EGA
WYSE MDL 2108 \$1082.50 MDL 2214 \$1868.30	P321SL	PACKARD BELL 2400 Int/2400 Ext 169.95/199.22 Haves	NEC Multisync 11 / PLUS
MDL 21121568.20 MDL 32162658.05	H-P Laser Jet Model 2	HAYES 1200\$289.60 2400\$424.68 12008269.20 24008	PGS Ultrasync 515.33 SONY Multiscan 1303/1302 599.45/649.25
Supersport Model 2	H-P Deskjet 689.00 NEC LC860/LC890 1982.44 / 3295.60	<b>B</b> Robotics	TAXAN 770 PLUS 499.40 ZENITH Z-1490 768.31
Supersport 286 Model 20 STOCK CALL		12008\$108.45 24008\$199.70 1200 External	VGA DISPLAY CARDS
Z-183, 20 Meg	PANASUNC LSEP	レキット表示! 1200 Int	GENOA VGA
FLOPPIES, DRIVES & TAPES	80387-16 /80387-20	1200 Plus	VIDEO-7 VGA
1/2 height floppy drive	& SCANNERS	PERMA POWER 6 Outlet Surge Supp \$29.40	ATI Wonder Card
MINISCRIBE 30 Meg 1/2 height w/RLL . 345.95 SEAGATE 20 Meg 1/2 height hard drive 289.69	CALCOMP           1023         \$3838.38         1043         \$6535.15           1042         7539.95         1044         10.305.06		NEC MVA 1024 960.50 NEC GB-1 640x480 239.43 PARADISE Auto Switch EGA 480 169.65
SEAGATE 30 Meg 1/2 height w/RLL309.72 SEAGATE 40 Meg 1/2 height	BOLAND	BC-450	VIDED 7 Vega Deluxe
GENOA 60 Meg int. tape /ext. tape	DXY-885 <b>\$1149.79</b> DPX-2000 . <b>\$3464.12</b> DXY-990 <b>1457.82</b> DPX- <b>33</b> 00 <b>4689.52</b>	4 outlet	MITSUBISHI 6905 19 inch
IOMEGA 20 + 20 External 5¼	SUMMASKETCH 12x12 \$376.30 12x18 \$632.50	500 Watt \$560.05 1200 Watt \$994.75	HIACHI 4119, 19 inch
MINISCRIBE 40 Meg 28ms	HEWLETT PACKARD HOUSTON HP7440A \$968.30 INSTRUMENTS	800 Watt638.50 6 Outlet Surge27.85 MISC. & ACCESSORIES	VERMONT Cobra
PRIAM 40 Meg /60 Meg	HP7475A1417.44 HI DMP-42 HP75502926.56 HI DMP-52 / 52MP HP7570LOWEST PRICE HI DMP-56A	A-B Switching Box (par. or serial) \$39.95 BASE 5 Pack of 10 DS/DD w/case	LOGITECH HIREZ
SEAGATE 30 Meg /40 Meg 479.80 (558.98 SEAGATE 4096 80 Meg hard disk 645.10	HP SCANJETSAVE HI DMP-61/62	KENSINGTON Masterpiece 99.99 KENSINGTON Masterpiece Plus 118.40	LOGITECH Logimouse C7 w/publisher 124.85
HARDCARDS PLUS DEVELOPMENT 20 Meg	PAPER SHREDDERS SHARP F0-300S1220 10 TOSHIBA 3010.S1314.44	KEYTRONICS 5151 IBM or AT&T 149.95 KEYTRONICS 101 104.65	MICROSOFT Mouse (Bus Version) 119.34 MICROSOFT Mouse (Serial Version) 131.26
PLUS DEVELOPMENT 40 Meg	SHARP F0-420 . 1399.95 GBC-1656	Printer Cable (IBM to Centronics) 6 ft 19.99 XT Power Supply 150 Watt	MOUSE SYSTEMS (Serial Version)
MOST ORDERS SHIPPED	HIGH VOLUME B		you find a better price
WITHIN 48 HOURS.	730 Anthony Trail, Northbrook, IL 600		ali us before you buy.
WHY WAIT		DISCOUNT WAREHO	OUSE <sup>™</sup> NOW!
WORDPERFECT 5.0 514/314		able to approved credit	
Paradox Version 2.0		33.449	
MICROSOFT Word V.4/Excell 243.50/319.30 Dredit Card charges are not submitted until I me of shipment. Ship ng and handling ad the part of the part of the other and other under S000 has been and S500 harding to the			MICROCOMPUTER MARKETING COUNCIL of the Direct Marketing Association, Inc.
tonal. On a lhard of we orders and orders under \$200,000 pease and \$500 handling in hom detentive returns subject to restioning the 4-prices reflect 3% discurit for cash we 10 business days for shoping when paying by personal creek. Software in this and im electronic components are not returnable 4-pricing subject to change. TM_Register			
trademarks of IBM and COMPAG	(012) 400 1420 (012) 20		

Cancer 60 and Reader Senser Card World Radio History



# Use DataSaver

standby uninterruptible power supply, and protect your microcomputer against costly data loss and hardware damage.

- Constant AC line protection against power disturbances and interruptions.
- Built-in spike/transient suppression and EMI noise filtering.
- Powerful sizes to protect any system from the earliest Apples to the latest PS/2's. International models, also.

For more information, call: **TOLL-FREE 800/332-3440.** In California, call 805/541-4160. Or write to us at the address below. **GSA No. GS 00K-87-AGS5393 PS**01

Dealer/VAR inquiries invited



"knows" what the files contain.

The other way machines can store text images is as bit-mapped images. In this case, the computer doesn't know that what it has stored is text; as far as the machine is concerned, this may be a picture of the planet Jupiter, a random drawing made with a paint program by a 3-yearold, a line drawing of the Washington Monument, a Gary Larson cartoon, or anything else. The machine isn't expected to know anything about the image: its only obligation is to faithfully reproduce it when called upon. The fact that this particular image happens to be a picture of a page of text is completely irrelevant.

As an example: Mrs. Roberta Isdell Pournelle's father, the late Frank Isdell, was one of the early union organizers in the copper mines in Idaho. Those were rough times: his house was dynamited by the Pinkertons in retaliation for his union activities. Frank Isdell kept a journal, handwritten on yellow lined paper. It makes fascinating reading. Mr. Isdell died long enough ago that most of his grandchildren don't remember him well, and Mrs. Pournelle and I have decided to use our considerable computer resources to publish that diary so the kids will know just what their grandfather was like.

The first part of that job is easy. We simply use an image scanner to make copies of his manuscript pages. Once we have those, we can reproduce them in any way we like, on paper with a laser printer or even as page images to be stored on a CD-ROM. What we'll have is the electronic equivalent of photocopying or photographing those pages.

The problem with that is, you can't do anything with the images other than reproduce them. Since the machine can't read those notes, it can't do spelling correction. It can't index. We can't search for key words. Like a camera, it can only produce a new image copy; and that's not quite what we had in mind. Our intent is to produce an annotated work embedding Frank Isdell in his times, with notes and maps. To properly do what we want, we'll need true text files. The only way to get those is to have someone type them in. No computer is smart enough to take handwritten text and turn it into machine-readable text.

# The Trouble with Kerning

If Frank Isdell had typed his notes, we wouldn't have such a problem. There are hardware scanners with programs that recognize typescript letters, one letter at a time. If they encounter a typeface they haven't seen before, they can be taught that one, too. These machines are called optical character readers (OCRs).

CHAOS MANOR

When an OCR sees the symbol ';', it is clever enough to recognize that as a semicolon and store it in memory as the binary equivalent of number 59. Similarly, an A is assigned the number 65, a is stored as 97, and so forth. The numbers are ASCII. ASCII is an arbitrary scheme that assigns a unique number to every letter, number (from 0 to 9), and punctuation mark. ASCII isn't the only such scheme-IBM sometimes uses a system called extended binary-coded decimal interchange code (EBCDIC), which assigns quite different numbers to each letter and punctuation mark-but it's the one used by all microcomputers.

OCRs have been with us for a long time, and they're quite good for what they're intended for, which is typescript. The trouble arises with printed text. Whereas typescripts (with exceptions like the IBM Executive, but let's not complicate matters) allow the same width to each letter-the *i* takes up just as much room as the *m*-printed text doesn't work that way. Not only is the space allocated to the i less than that given the m, but some letters actually overlap, as for example when they typeset the letter combination WA. This process is known as kerning, and it has been around for centuries, because kerned text is more readable and just plain looks better than typescript. The trouble is that kerning confuses the computer.

For years, we've heard announcements of OCR scanners that could read kerned text, and every now and then one comes out; but none of them has been worth much. At COMDEX, Flagstaff Engineering was demonstrating the Spot program that can take image-scanned text from either the Hewlett-Packard or the Panasonic scanner and turn that into machine-readable ASCII files.

The program isn't perfect. It has to be taught each typeface, and every time it runs into a kerned pair it has never seen before, it complains until you teach it what it means. You have to tell it that the symbol WA is to be interpreted as two ASCII characters rather than one. Once it learns that, it remembers. Eventually, it will know all the kerning pairs in that particular book, after which it can read the book.

I have a bunch of books I wrote on a typewriter before I got old Zeke. I either don't have the typescripts of those books, or they were so marked up in editing as to be unscannable; in any event, I have no *continued* 



Circle 183 on Reader Service Card

AUGUST 1988 • B Y T E 107

101

Grammatik II..... \$89

Grammatik III..... \$99

Readability ......\$59.95

SideKick Plus.....\$199.95

Spot.....\$9.95

Reference Software

(415) 541-0222 Inquiry 941.

(301) 738-8826

(408) 438-8400

Inquiry 943.

Inquiry 942.

330 Townsend, Suite 123

San Francisco, CA 94107

Scandinavian PC Systems

51 Monroe St., Suite 707A Rockville, MD 20850

Borland International, Inc.

4585 Scotts Valley Dr.

Flagstaff Engineering

1120 Kaibab Lane

(602) 779-3341

Inquiry 944.

Flagstaff, AZ 86001

Scotts Valley, CA 95066

(800) 628-2828 ext. 982

Items	Discussed

APX-3200 .....\$2675 Maximum Storage 5025 Centennial Blvd. Colorado Springs, CO 80919 (719) 531-6888 Inquiry 937.

Battery Watch	\$39.95
Traveling Software	
18702 North Creek Pkwy.	
Bothell, WA 98011	/
(206) 483-8088	
Inquiry 938.	

Cheetah 386 Motherboard ..... \$1195 Cheetah International 107 Community Blvd., Suite 5 Longview, TX 75602 (800) 243-3824 Inquiry 939.

 ForComment:
 \$995

 Print Shop
 \$34.95

 Broderbund Software
 17

 17 Paul Dr.
 San Rafael, CA 94903

 (415) 492-3200
 Inquiry 940.

machine-readable copies of my early works, and no easy way of making any.

That's all changing. Flagstaff Engineering has enough confidence in their programs that they're arranging to get me the loan of a Hewlett-Packard scanner, which they say will work with their software so that when we put printed copies of my old books in, we'll get machine-readable language out.

I can't wait to try that.

## **Traveling Strikes Again**

Mark Eppley of Traveling Software doesn't seem to know the rules: he held a press conference (his first ever) at COM-DEX to announce a product they're actually shipping. I understand that seven different PR agencies were so horrified they tried to straighten him out: you hold press conferences to announce stuff that you're going to ship Real Soon Now, not something that you've actually got out the door.

Anyway, Traveling has a small memory-resident program for laptops that keeps track of battery use. By doing Shift-Alt-B, you get a "fuel gauge" display that estimates the time remaining before the batteries in your particular

laptop	(you	tell	it	which	one	you	have
during	setup	) go	de	ad.			

This is one of those utilities Traveling developed largely for their own use, then partway through decided it was a salable product. You can live without it—I have for several years—but it's certainly a convenience if, like me, you have a faulty memory. I have several times got on an airplane with a partially charged Z-183 and run out of juice before the flight was over. My fault, but very annoying. Traveling's Battery Watch program would have prevented that.

I can't testify to its accuracy for all laptops, but I did test a prerelease version on my Z-183, and it's pretty good on that: it reported I had 2 hours left when in fact the machine ran for 2 hours and 10 minutes. An hour later it reported 1.1 hours remaining, so it was in fact updating its prediction by watching my use pattern.

Battery Watch has a "deep discharge" option designed to really run down your nickel-cadmium battery. Running it down until it's complete discharged and then recharging it maintains the capacity and increases the life span of the battery. Otherwise, the battery develops a "memory"; if not completely discharged, it only partially recharges. The deep discharge option may be useful for some laptops, but it certainly isn't needed for the Z-183. When I tried the program, it did continuous reads on both the hard disk and floppy disk drives.

Moreover, after I'd been running the deep discharge option and listening to it grind my hard disk and floppy disk drives for a while, the backlit screen turned itself off. The prerelease version of Battery Watch didn't know how to take control of that, which is odd, because you set the time-out constant (how long the screen will stay lit between keystrokes) in software, meaning that number has to be stored somewhere in the machine's memory. The backlit screen uses plenty of power, and if you can keep it on, that surely would be the most harmless way to deep discharge your battery. As it happens, Norman Spinrad discovered a way to do just that on the Z-183: simply give the machine the SHIP command.

SHIP is supposed to park the hard disk drive head in a landing zone, after which you turn off the computer. If you don't turn it off after issuing SHIP, the Z-183's screen backlighting stays on until the battery is gone, which is surely a more benign way than grinding the disk drives.

Mark Eppley says that the production version of Battery Watch does keep the backlight on during a deep discharge. And, although using SHIP is a gentler method to discharge the batteries, using the deep discharge option speeds up the entire discharge/recharge operation.

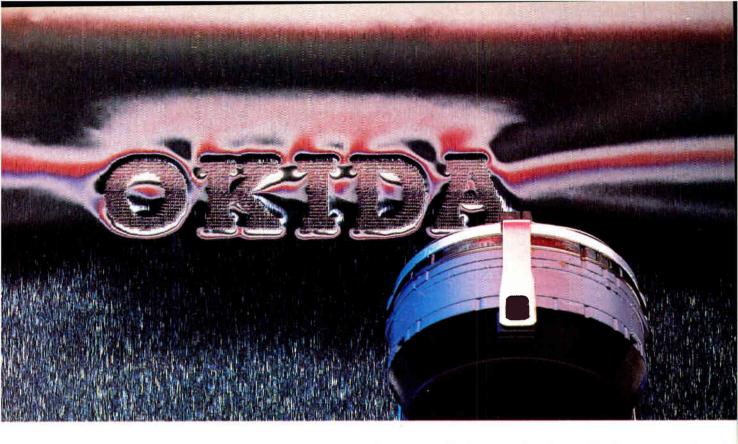
The fuel-gauge part of Battery Watch works fine, and anyone who does a lot of traveling with a portable will be better off for it.

## **Peep Shows**

One reason COMDEX wasn't very exciting was that about half the new stuff on display has been vaporware for a very long time: products announced but not yet demonstrated, much less shipping. No matter how exciting a product is, after you hear about it long enough you lose interest.

Some companies know this, and they have a policy of not making public announcements until they've really got a product. On the other hand, they also know that writers have an insatiable appetite for new things to write about, which presents them with something of a dilemma.

One way out of that is what's known in the trade as a peep show: your booth on the show floor has only shipping prodcontinued



# Why build a printhead that can punch through aluminum, when all you need is a clear impression on a 5-part form?

The answer is uncompromising quality.

We built our new 300 Series 9-pin and 24-pin printers tougher and more reliable than they have to be. With printhead pins of carbaloy/tungsten, one of the hardest metals known, they're tough enough to make a crisp impression on a sheet of aluminum. So you can imagine how sharp they'll look driving clear to the bottom of a 5-part form.

Even after printing on aluminum, we look this good on paper.

Our engineers call this "championship specs." More than 3 million loyal users call it rugged reliability. And it shows in the quality and performance of every printer and modem we make.

Call 1-800-OKIDATA for the dealer nearest you.



We put business on paper.

Circle 160 on Reader Service Card

Demonstration above made using a 24-pin MICROLINE 391 printer without ribbon on a sheet of .005 inch gauge aluminum. Actual, unretouched photograph.

٨

OKIDATA is a registered trademark of Oki America, Inc. Marque déposée de Oki America, Inc.

World Radio History

ucts, but you also have a hotel suite where you bring selected distributors, dealers, and customers for private showings; and if there's any time left over in your schedule, you bring in reporters and columnists you can trust to respect information-release embargoes. As an example, I saw the Zenith laptop computers almost a year before they were announced to the public—I'm rather proud that they incorporated a couple of my suggestions into the final product—and the Zenith Flat Technology Monitor long before it was shown to the industry in general.

When I first began writing for BYTE, there was a full 4-month delay between my draft and the actual publication. Over the years, they've whittled that down a lot: I'm writing this on May 20, just before the Science Fiction Writers of America's annual Nebula Awards banquet, and it will be in the August issue, meaning that it will be on the stands in mid-July. Of course, I should have had this in a week ago....

Anyway, one of the COMDEX peep shows was held by Intel, and I have their permission to say this much: Intel has a new PCompatible communications system, hardware and software, that will knock your eye out. I've been saying for years "one user, at least one CPU," and Intel has taken that to heart. I guarantee you'll hear more about this one.

#### ForComment:

I first saw Broderbund in San Francisco's Brooks Hall at one of the early West Coast Computer Faires. They had a tiny booth over against one wall, and they were showing the best computer games I'd ever seen. The next year they had a larger booth, and the year after that they had one of the biggest in the show, all built around computer games.

If you know computer games, you're likely to know something about computer graphics, and the temptation for games companies is to use that expertise in an attempt to penetrate the business market. Sometimes that doesn't work few even remember the name of Infocom's business programs—but sometimes it works spectacularly, as witness Broderbund's Print Shop low-end desktop publishing programs and utilities for the IBM PC.

I recently received a report that Print Shop was the best-selling PCompatible program of 1987, and I've no reason to doubt that. I've covered it in other columns; in the unlikely event you don't know about it and you have the slightest interest in using a PC for simple breadand-butter print work, check it out. It's not as elegant as some of the high-end programs, but it's easy to get into and good enough for a heck of a lot of jobs.

Anyway, Broderbund hasn't abandoned games, but they have become a serious contender in the business and education markets.

One of their better efforts is ForComment: (despite the cutesy-pie name). This is a program that lets from a few to a whole bunch of people take text files, examine them, and make editorial comments complete with date and initial stamps. The commented version can then be sent on to someone else, either by disk or through a local-area network (LAN). Either way, there are simple ways for the final editor to collate the comments and either implement or remove them. One of the neatest features is selectivity: if one of the people making comments turns out to be a complete idiot, you can set the system so that you'll never see those remarks.

Despite the fact that Niven and I are about the most successful writing team since Nordoff and Hall, I'm no great fan of collective writing; realistically, though, most corporate documents are necessarily collaborative efforts. Policy memos have to be vetted by several departments. Letters often must be reviewed by a number of specialists. All this can be expensive, especially if it's done in face-to-face meetings.

ForComment: can take up some of that burden. It's easy to learn and easy to use, and it's not overdeveloped for the job it's supposed to do. It supports about a dozen word-processing programs (including, of course, straight ASCII text files). My only complaint about ForComment: is that it doesn't recognize Q&A Write, which is the editor Niven and I are using for our next novel.

#### SideKick Plus

Readers of this column will know that I'm a longtime addict of SideKick; indeed, one of the reasons I abandoned old Zeke was that there was nothing like SideKick for CP/M. I can't imagine there's anyone out there who doesn't know what SideKick is, but just in case: it's a memory-resident program that gives you instant access to a notebook, calendar/datebook, desk calculator, phone book and dialer, and ASCII conversion table. It's a program you can get totally dependent on, as Mrs. Pournelle discovered after I installed a copy on her AT&T 6300 Plus machine.

The only real problem with SideKick was that it ate too much memory; and since it was one of the earliest of the memory residents, it didn't cooperate too well with other such programs. If you loaded it last, though, it worked quite well; and if you used it in its own DESQview window, the memory requirements were no problem at all. Consequently, although I've had SideKick Plus for some time, I was in no hurry to install it. Better is the enemy of good enough, and SideKick was good enough....

That was foolish of me. SideKick Plus does a lot more than address SideKick's problems.

It does take care of those. True, it uses more memory than SideKick did, but unlike its predecessor, SideKick Plus knows how to load most of itself into Lotus/Intel/Microsoft EMS 4.0 expanded memory. Of course, you must have an expanded memory board, but that's no problem: a whole bunch of vendors will be happy to sell you one. Alas, that will be expensive. A year ago, memory was essentially free. Now, given the U.S. Department of Commerce's success in creating and enforcing a memory chip cartel-I guess the government thought Japan, Inc., was at a competitive disadvantage and wanted to level the field-I don't know what a good expanded memory board will cost.

The important thing is that SideKick Plus has a whole bunch of new features, including an outline processor that competes with Ready!. For the past couple of years, I've used both SideKick and Ready! (Ready! has always had the ability to stuff most of itself into expanded memory, so it doesn't take up too much prime memory space); now, I'll probably eliminate Ready! entirely.

There are also alarm clocks, lots of enhancements to the calculator, real improvements to the calendar/scheduler, and enough more that it's pointless to go on. If you liked SideKick, you'll love SideKick Plus. If you don't use Side-Kick, you probably ought to rethink your situation. It was that good, and SideKick Plus is even better.

Strongly recommended.

#### **Developer's Dreams**

1

There's been a recent spate of news about a design defect in the Intel 80386/80387 chip combination; sometimes when doing 32-bit calculations, the two chips get into an Alphonse/Gaston situation, each expecting the other to do something first, and the system is locked up.

The latest major system here is a big 20-MHz Cheetah 386, with a Priam 330megabyte hard disk drive. The neat thing about the Cheetah 386 motherboard is *continued* 

# Mainframe Power for your PC!

If you need or are accustomed to the throughput of a 32-bit mini, including any of DEC's VAX series, MicroWay has great news for you. The combination of our NDP compilers and our mW1167 numeric coprocessor gives your 386 PC, VAX speed! If you don't own a 386 PC, we provide a number of economical PC and AT upgrade paths.

Many of our NDP Fortran-386 users are reporting turn around times that are two to six times faster than their VAX. The exact times are a function of the VAX processor being used, the speed of the 386, the number of users being served by the VAX, and the coprocessor being used with the 386. There are currently over 400 developers using our NDP tools to port 32-bit applications. To help the 386/1167 engineering standard emerge, MicroWay is co-marketing several mainframe applications that have been ported by our customers. In addition, this ad in-

# 32-Bit Compilers and Tools

NDP Fortran-386™ and NDP C-386™ Compilers generate globally optimized mainframe quality code and run in 386 protected mode under PharLap extended MS-DOS, UNIX, or XENIX. The memory model employed uses 2 segments, each of which can be up to 4 gigabytes in length. They generate code for the 80287, 80387, or mW1167. Both compilers include high speed EGA graphics extensions written in C that perform BASIC-like screen operations . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . \$595 each

- NDP Fortran-386<sup>™</sup> Full implementation of FORTRAN-77 with Berkeley 4.2, VAX/VMS and Fortran-66 extensions.
- NDP C-386<sup>™</sup> Full implementation of AT&T's PCC with Microsoft and ANSI extensions.

#### NDP Package Pricing:

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

387FastPAK-16: NDP Compiler, PharLap and 80387-16 Coprocessor ...... \$1299 1167FastPAK-16: NDP Compiler, PharLap and mW1167-16 Coprocessor ..... \$1695

NDP Windows <sup>™</sup> - NDP Windows includes 80 functions that let you create, store, and recall menus and windows. It works with NDP C-386 and drives all the popular graphics adapters. Library ..... \$125, C Source ..... \$250

NDP Plot<sup>™</sup> — Calcomp compatible plot package that is callable from NDP Fortran. It includes drivers for the most popular plotters and printers and works with CGA, Hercules, EGA and VGA ..... \$325

NDP/FFT™ — Includes 40 fast running, hand coded algorithms for single and double dimensioned FFTs which take advantage of the 32bit addressing of the 386 or your hard disk. Callable from NDP Fortran or NDP C with 1167 and 387 support ..... \$250 387FFT for 16-bit compilers ...... \$250

387BASIC<sup>™</sup> — A 16-bit Microsoft compatible Basic Compiler that generates the smallest .EXE files and the fastest running numeric code  Dr. Robert Atwell, a leading defense scientist, calculates that NDP Fortran-386 is currently saving him \$12,000 per month in rentals of VAX hardware and software while doubling his productivity!

Fred Ziegler of AspenTech in Cambridge, Mass. reports "I ported 900,000 lines of Fortran source in two weeks without a single problem!" AspenTech's Chemical Modeling System is in use on mainframes worldwide and is probably the largest application to ever run on an Intel processor.

Dr. Jerry Ginsberg of Georgia Tech reports "My problems run a factor of six faster using NDP Fortran-386 on an mW1167 equipped 386/20 than they do on my MicroVAX II."

MicroWay<sup>®</sup> 80386 Support

# Parallel Processing

## Monoputer™

The world's most popular Transputer development product runs all MicroWay Transputer software using either a T414 or T800. The T800 processor has built-in numerics and provides performance comparable to an 80386 running at 20 MHz with an mW1167. The new 3L Parallel C and Fortran Compilers makes this an especially attractive porting environment. Can be upgraded to 2 megabytes. Monoputer with T414 (0 MB) .......\$995

Monoputer with T800 (0 MB) ..... \$1495

#### Quadputer™

This board for the XT, AT, or 386 can be purchased with 2, 3 or 4 Transputers and 1, 4 or 8 megabytes of memory per Transputer. Two or more Quadputers can be linked together to build networks with mainframe power which use up to 36 Transputers. One customer's realtime financial application has gone from 8 hours on a mainframe to 16 minutes on a system containing five Quadputers. ... from \$3495

Transputer Compilers and Applications MicroWay and 3L offer Parallel languages for the Monoputer and Quadputer.

MicroWay Parallel C ..... \$595 MicroWay Occam2 ..... \$495 Ideally suited to take advantage of the 6 Megaflop speed of the Quadputer.....\$1600



troduces the first of many utilities that will ease the porting of your favorite in-house programs. These include tools like NDP-Plot, which provides CalComp compatible screen and printer graphics, and NDP Windows.

MicroWay has mW1167 boards in stock that run on the Compaq 386/20, IBM PS2/80, Tandy 4000, AT&T 6386, Acer 386/20, Everex Step 386/16(20), H.P. Vectra RS/16(20) and others. We now have a new board for the Compag 386/20 which combines an 1167 with VGA support that is register compatible with IBM the "SlotSaver". It features an extended 800x600 high res mode that is ideal for 386 workstations.

Finally, we still offer the 16-bit software and hardware which made us famous. If you own a PC or AT and are looking for the best 8087/80287 support on the market, call (508) 746-7341 and we'll send you our full catalog.

# Numeric Coprocessors

mW1167<sup>™</sup> — Built at MicroWay using Weitek components and an 80387 socket.

mW1167-16\$995
mW1167-20\$1595
mW1167/VGA-20 "SlotSaver" \$1995
8087 \$99
8087-2\$154
80287-8\$239
80287-10\$295
80387-16\$475
80387-20\$725
287Turbo-12 (for AT compatibles) \$450
DRAM CALL
(All of our Intel coprocessors include 87Test.)
(An or our intercoprocessors include 87 rest.)

# PC and AT Accelerators

MicroWay builds a number of 8086 and 80286based PC accelerators that are backed up by the best customer support in the industry.

Number Smasher™ (8087 & 512K)\$	499
FastCACHE-286/9 MHz	299
FastCACHE-286/12 MHz\$	399
SuperCACHE-286/12 MHz	499
Intel Inboard™ PC (1 MB) \$	950

# Intelligent Serial Controllers

MicroWay's AT4™, AT8™, and AT16™ are the fastest 80186-based intelligent serial controllers on the market. They come with drivers for UNIX, XENIX, and PC MOS.

AT4 ... \$795 AT8 ... \$995 AT16 ... \$1295

# **32-Bit Applications**

COSMOS-M/386 - SRAC's finite element package for the 80386 with an 80387 or mW1167 provides mainframe speed and capacity. Turn around times rival the VAX 8650 and are 6 to 15 times that of an AT: from \$995

PSTAT-386 — This mainframe statistics package has been used by government and in-dustry for 20 years. The full version was ported. Requires 4 to 6 megabytes of memory: \$1495

NDP/NAG™ - Features a library of 800 en-

The World Leader in PC Numerics P.O. Box 79, Kingston, MA 02364 USA (508) 746-7341 32 High St., Kingston-Upon-Thames, U.K., 01-541-5466 St. Leonards, NSW, Australia 02-439-8400

Circle 151 on Reader Service Card



P.O. Box 10261 • Phoenix, AZ 85064-0261 TOLL FREE credit with order 602-861-1090 Customer Service Hrs 10-3 PT M-F Ordering Hours 7-5 PT M-F 9-2 SAT that the Cheetah designers saw the 80386/80387 lockup problem in advance, and they are pretty sure they've designed around it. This kind of hardware arcana is a bit out of my league, but I do know this much: I've got a program said to invoke the Intel lockup bug, and it certainly doesn't do anything to the Cheetah. Since the bug is probabilistic, it could be that I just haven't run the lockup program long enough, or, who knows, there may be a bug in the bug program. But I don't seem to be able to do *anything* to that Cheetah that can hurt it.

In fact, this machine is a developer's dream. It's blindingly fast. The Priam hard disk drive is large enough to store nearly every program I have. I have both 1.2-megabyte high-density and 360Kbyte "standard PC" floppy disk drives. The Cheetah links to everything else through a serial port: so far, I've tried Brooklyn Bridge, Traveling Software's LapLink and DeskLink, and ArtiSoft's LANtastic. All work fine, so I've had no problems transferring data into and out of the system.

The real kicker is the Maximum Storage WORM drive. I seem lately to have developed a love affair with this thing.

I talked about WORM drives last month. Now I'm ready to make a flat statement: any software developer or serious writer who doesn't have a WORM drive has rocks in his head.

Well, OK, I know better than to say things like that. There are probably circumstances I don't know about. However, for serious software developers, money is *not* a good reason to avoid getting a WORM. If you're really serious about your software development or your writing, you can't afford not to have one. If your work is worth money, it's worth a good backup system; and the WORM is darned near the ultimate in backups.

A WORM drive lets you save—and recover—every version of your work. A WORM cartridge holds between 200 and 300 megabytes, and it costs a bit more than \$100. You won't need more than one per software project. (Two if you're really a worrier: use them on alternate days, and keep one in a safety deposit box well away from your house or office. That way, a fire can't do you in.)

I've used half a dozen WORM drives in the last couple of months; of those, the Maximum Storage WORM drive has been the simplest to install and easiest to use. One caution: WORM drives and the DOS program XCOPY do not work well together. I've had problems with it, and when I was out to Colorado Springs I found that the Air Force Academy computer science people had the same difficulty.

XCOPY sometimes does not save subdirectory information, even though it reports that it did. Later on, when you try to recover the files and can't find them, the tendency is to blame the WORM drive; but in fact the fault lies with XCOPY, which sometimes just plain gets lost in subdirectories. Microsoft says they're aware of this and will fix it.

Enough about WORMs. What I'm really gushing about is the big Cheetah machine. Back in S-100-bus CP/M days, Dr. William Godbout's CompuPro machines dominated the development market: the major software developers had CompuPro machines, and most of those who didn't, wished they did.

There's no similar situation in the PCompatible world. There may never be. I will say this: Cheetah has the potential. Their machines are reliable, fast, simple, and well designed. Combine a Cheetah 386 motherboard, Priam 330-megabyte hard disk drive, and Maximum Storage WORM, and you've got something approaching a software developer's dream machine.

## Winding Down

Once again I'm out of space, and there's still a huge pile of stuff on my "ready" table. One of the most important items is ArtiSoft's LANtastic, which is just possibly good enough to make 1988 the year of the LAN.

The game of the month is FTL's Dungeon Master for the Atari ST. I warn you: this game is addicting.

The book of the month is *Infinite in All* Directions by Freeman Dyson (Harper and Row). In 1887, Adam Gifford left a bequest to establish a series of lectures on natural theology. Since then, Gifford lecturers have included William James and Alfred North Whitehead. The 1985 Gifford Lectures were given by Dyson. I certainly don't agree with him on many of his points, but Freeman Dyson is one of the sanest people I've ever met. ■

Jerry Pournelle holds a doctorate in psychology and is a science fiction writer who also earns a comfortable living writing about computers present and future. Jerry welcomes readers' comments and opinions. Send a self-addressed, stamped envelope to Jerry Pournelle, c/o BYTE, One Phoenix Mill Lane, Peterborough, NH 03458. Please put your address on the letter as well as on the envelope. Due to the high volume of letters, Jerry cannot guarantee a personal reply. You can also contact him on BIX as "jerryp."

-

Circle 154 on Reader Service Card



# Microstat-II will have you up and running in 5 minutes or your money back.

perating Microstat-II couldn't be easier. No matter what your statistical needs are. Simply select the options you need from the menu system with a keyboard or a mouse and your answer is available instantly. No complex command languages to learn. On line help is only a keystroke away! Plus, it only takes three disks to operate the program. Microstat II is simple to use and fast!

# The #1 Selling Micro Statistical Package is Even Better!

Microstat is by far the most popular micro statistics package of all time. Tens of thousands of satisfied customers have relied on Microstat since 1979 for all their statistical needs. Microstat has been used for every application imaginable from checking the brine content of tuna fish to keeping game statistics for an NFL football team. Already 64 of the Fortune 100 companies have purchased Mictrostat. Virtually every major university is presently using Microstat and over 10.000 copies have been sold to the US government. Microstat. Il is even better!

# The Coverage You Need

Microstat II has the statistical tests you need. Just some of the areas of coverage are descriptive statistics, ANOVA, correla tion and regression (with stepwise), time series, hypothesis testing, nonparametrics, crosstabs and chi-square, probability distri butions, scatterplots, plus a lot more!

## Easier Installation

Microstat II provides all this power with only 3 disks and can run on a hard disk or a floppy disk system with two drives. Our competitors use up to 21 disks and most require a hard disk. Plus Microstat-II is not copy protected.

# Even Greater Flexibility

We have completely redesigned the data management section to include features our users have requested. You can have unequal cases in the same file, aliased variables, missing data, range checking, and built-in scalars on data entry, plus other new features. You can even use a mouse!

# Improved Speed and Interface

Microstat-II is 8 times faster than our own Microstat version 4.0 and almost twice as fast as the competition. This exceptional speed was achieved without any loss of accuracy. When running descriptive statistics the results were staggering (can be even faster with a numeric co processor):

Microstat-II	88 seconds
Leading Competitor	160 seconds
Microstat 4.0	

In seconds. Tests on an 8 MHz AT type machine. (no co processor). File with 12,800 cases

The user interface has also been greatly improved. A full-model regression on the infamous Longley data takes only 9 strokes with Microstat-II. One competing package, which claims to have the easiest command structure, requires 88 strokes. Plus, a specifically designed reversable scrolling feature has been added to save you even more time. You don't have to rerun a test to see output that has scrolled off the screen.

# Introductory Price Just \$395 until September 1, 1988

Microstat-II is being offered at the low introductory price of just \$395 complete. Want just a peek at Microstat-II? We'll send you a demo disk and manual for just \$19.95. Also, a generous update program is available for our loyal Microstat customers. Just inquire.

# **Absolutely Guaranteed**

We are so sure that Microstat-II will satisfy all your statistic needs that we will offer a 30-day no risk money-back guarantee.

Make statistics easy, order Microstat-II today!



Ecosoft Inc. *Circle 83 on Reader Service Card* 6413 N. College Ave., Suite 101, Indianapolis, IN 46220

 Please send me \_\_\_\_\_ copy(s) of Microstat-II and a complete manual at the low introductory price of \$395.00
 Please send me \_\_\_\_\_ copy(c) of Microstat II Dema Dick and

- Please send me \_\_\_\_\_ copy(s) of Microstat-II Demo Disk and summary manual for just \$19.95.
   Add S4 per package for UPS shipping charges. Indiana residents add 5% sales tax.
- Format: D51a"IBM 212"IEM D51a 1.2 meg
- Please send me information on upgrading my Microstat package to Microstat-II.

Name: \_\_\_\_

1 - 800

952-0472

Organization					
Address					
City			State	Zip	
Phone					
Bill my credit card.	U VISA	MC		rican Express Date	

12 MHz 80286 **AT-Compatible** 1Mb on-board DRAM Full set of ATcompatible controllers

.......

......

\*\*\*\*

Ш

EGA/CGA/MDA/ Hercules compatible HD/FD controllers

and more

#### **Big power** for smaller systems.

Little Board/286 is the newest member of our family of MS-DOS compatible Single Board Systems. It gives you the power of an AT in the cubic inches of a half height 5 1/4" disk drive. It requires no backplane. It's a complete AT-compatible system that's functionally equivalent to the 5-board system above. But, in less than 6% of the volume. It runs all AT software. And its low-power requirement means high reliability and great performance in harsh environments.

Ideal for embedded & dedicated applications. The low power and tiny form factor of Little Board/286 are perfect for embedded microcomputer applications: data acquisition, controllers, portable instruments, telecommunications, diskless workstations, POS terminals ... virtually anywhere that small size and complete AT hardware and software compatibility are an advantage.

# ou see here. AMPRO LITTLE BOARD<sup>\*\*</sup>/286

# Compare features.

- Both systems offer: 12MHz CPU
- 512K or 1Mbyte on-
- buard DRAM
- 80287 math co-processor
- option
- Full set of AT-compatible controllers
- 2 RS232C ports
- Parallel printer port
- Floppy disk controller
- EGA/CGA/MDA/Hercules video options
- AT-compatible bus
- expansion. • A wide range of
- expansion options
- IBM-compatible Award ROM BIOS

# **But only Little** Board/286 offers:

• 5.75" x 8" form factor

on a daughterboard with

no increase in volume · SCSI bus support for a wide variety of devices: Hard disk to bubble drives On-board 1Kbit serial EPROM. 512 bits available for OEMs

· Two byte-wide sockets for EPROM/RAM/ NOVRAM expansion (usable as on-hoard solid-

- state disk) • Single voltage operation
- (+5 VDC only) • Less than 10W power
- consumption
- 0-60°C operating range Trademarks: AT& PC---IBM Corp.

Hercules — Hercules Comp. Tech., Inc.; MS-DOS — Microsoft Corp.; Little Board — Ampro Computers, Inc.

# • EGA/CGA/MDA/Hercules Better answers for OEMs.

Little Board/286 is not only a smaller answer, it's a better answer... offering the packaging flexibility, reliability, low power consumption and I/O capabilities OEMs need ... at a very attractive price. And like all Ampro Little Board products, Little Board/286 is available through representatives nationwide, and worldwide. For more information and the name of your nearest Rep, call us today at the number below. Or, write for Ampro Little Board/286 product literature.



Fax: 408-734-2939 TLX: 4940302

COMPUTERS, INCORPORATEO 1130 Mountain View/Alviso Road Sunnvvale, CA 94089

Reps: Australia-61 3 720-3298; Belgium-32 87 46.90.12; Canada-(604) 438-0028; Denmark-45 3 66 20 20; Finland-358 D 585-322; France-331 4502-1800; Germany, West-49 89 611-6151; Israel - 972-3 49-16-95; http-39 6 811-9406; Japan - 81 3 257-2630; Spain - 34 3 204-2099; Sweden - 46 88 55-00-65; Switzerland - 41 1 740-41-05; United Kingdom - 44 2 964-35511, USA, contact AMPRO.

114 BYTE • AUGUST 1988



EXPERT ADVICE APPLICATIONS PLUS Ezra Shapiro



The column and a shareware classic get a "Plus," and GrandView defines a new class of software

nderstanding why we've changed the name of the column from "Applications Only" to "Applications Plus" requires a little historical perspective. When I began writing it, BYTE had no equivalent of today's Short Takes, and application reviews in general were in short supply. The name "Applications Only" was a signal to readers interested in software that here, at least, they could find reactions to lots of programs.

Times change, and BYTE's coverage of software has expanded noticeably. There is no longer quite the pressing need for short reviews. I've also found that the name has caused me grief when I've found myself writing about hardware or—heaven forfend!—programming. Every time I've digressed into those areas, I've had to concoct some strained rationale for the excursion.

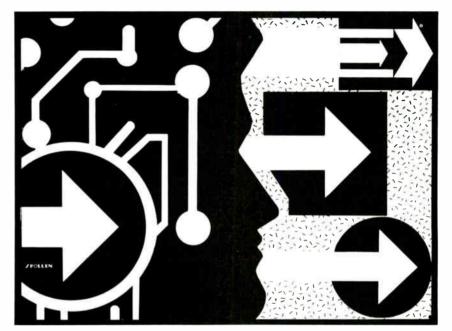
So we've borrowed a gambit from the software business by giving the column a "Plus." It sounded better than "Enhanced." The major change will be a little breathing room for the author, yours truly. The core material will remain software-oriented, but I won't feel sheepish if I write about industry issues or trackballs. I'm also hoping to add more head-to-head comparisons of products and maybe a few application projects. Expect any changes gradually, and let me know if they work.

## **Beyond ThinkTank**

When I first heard about GrandView (Symantec, \$295), I had no idea what to

7

# NEW DIRECTIONS



expect. The name sounded more appropriate for a street, or possibly a suburb, than it did for software. Also, I had been betting that the next product from the Living Videotext Division of Symantec would be an MS-DOS version of More, the state-of-the-art Macintosh outliner. So when I plugged in GrandView, I was wondering whether I would find More

In fact, GrandView could probably be called "too much of a good thing." It's billed as "Desktop Planning, Writing, and Information Management," and there's a lot to it. It is not merely an upgrade to ThinkTank. This is a new type of software, and on first glance it combines aspects of an outliner with solid word processing, project tracking, and categorization. It strikes me as being a comprehensive blend of ThinkTank, Q&A Write, InstaPlan, and possibly SideKick Plus, though it does not borrow all the features of each of those products.

If you're familiar with the long devel-

opment history of Living Videotext outline packages, you've noticed a steady movement from pure outlining to, well, information management (for want of a more precise term). The company has done a superb job of listening to its customers, and GrandView represents the latest attempt to serve the needs of the business executive. ThinkTank users have been crying for better word processing, and they have slavered at More. They've used the outliners to develop todo lists, plan projects, store databases of names and addresses, develop agendas, and so on.

Living Videotext staffers have been amazed at the odd tasks their programs have been forced to perform. And gradually, the sample files included with the rest of the product line have changed to reflect this trend, to the point where the examples could be called "A Manager's Guide." If you were to develop generic documents by sweeping all the paper off continued an executive's desk and analyzing the contents, you'd get the idea.

Anyway, you start by developing an outline, but you can switch instantly to a document view with full-power word processing (and spelling checking, I might add), or to a category view, where you can attach keywords and priorities to items. Thus, you can produce a more personally styled output document than you could with ThinkTank, and you can easily home in on important tasks.

The outliner, which can be seen as the organizing spine of the program, lets you perform all the usual Living Videotext operations: cloning, hoisting, marking and gathering, time stamping, and so on. You've got keyboard macro capacities, and GrandView lets you construct installable templates so you can quickly zap a preset form into your outline.

Aside from a few minor annoyances, such as the fact that once you've asked the installation program to set up a sec-



pocket sized address book. Prints mini

TIMESAVER (442) - Create daily

alphabetized pages

3.5" media - 83.99 ea Sorry, no Credit Card Orders Circle 172 on Reader Service Card

500 disks of quality software Hours: M-F 9am - 5pm PST

ond printer you can't back down from that decision, the program is as solid as Living Videotext's other offerings, and the company has one of the best records in the business for shipping hassle-free products. I encountered no oddities, but the 3 weeks I've been testing have been far from enough to hit all the options.

But I have found the program rather Byzantine. You can't just plug it in and go; gotta read the manual or you're lost. Good documentation and on-line help provide a big assist, but you won't learn the program without a few hours of hard study. While the integration is smooth and painless—you can switch quickly among the various views-it's also confusing at first go. Once they've mastered it, GrandView enthusiasts will spend most of their time living in the software, only coming up for air to fiddle with a spreadsheet or database.

For the quick-and-dirty outline person, like me, who likes to have Ready! around so that I can jot quick notes, GrandView is simply overkill. But I have to say that this is a first impression. I'm still flustered by the category view, and I need to experiment in depth.

One of the problems facing people who evaluate software is the need to write about new products as soon as possible after they hit the street. GrandView demands much more study. I suspect that, as with any complicated piece of software, I'm going to have to ease into it and work with it for a while before passing final judgment. Think of WordStar, XyWrite, dBASE, or most spreadsheets; you can get the rudiments in a few weeks, but the programs seem tough at that point. It's not until you've explored the nooks and crannies that you appreciate their real power.

Though my first reaction is somewhat negative, I'm positive that the product will succeed in management applications and that anybody who is looking for a tool that goes beyond simple outlining will be delighted by GrandView. So I'm going to hold off, take some time, and give you an extended-use report in a few months. GrandView is intriguing and important enough to demand at least that much attention.

#### A Way with Words

It certainly isn't the greatest word processor ever sold, but Professional Write 2.0 (Software Publishing, \$199) is without question a solid and workable MS-DOS program. There's something comfortable about the Software Publishing interface; you know what you're continued

## 116 BYTE • AUGUST 1988

COMPOSER (3) - Create, save, edit.

play, & print your music. Nice. \_ LETTERFALL V1.1 (119) - Improve

your touch typing skills; 16 levels.

Ĺ

# MODEL 24 high performance DATA EXCHANGE SYSTEM



# Engineered for speed, flexibility and expandability



Bay Technical Associates, Inc., Data Communications Products Division 200 N. Second St., Bay Saint Louis, MS 39520 USA Telex 910-333-1618 BAYTECH, Telephone 601-467-8231 or toll-free 800-523-2702

1

# CHECK THE SPECS

• The Data Exchange System, Model 24, allows high speed exchange of data between computers, printers and other peripherals.

• Powerful 16-bit CPU plus multiple high performance I/O processors allow super high speed transfer of data demanded by new faster computers and software.

• Optimum flexibility: Select the right combination of serial and parallel ports, and set *any* of these ports as a peripheral port or as a computer port.

• Basic unit expandable to 24 ports by 4-port modules offered in serial/parallel combinations.

• Standard 512KB buffer expandable to 41/2 megabytes, to handle big print/plot jobs and many small ones.

• Buffer memory dynamically allocated to maximize buffer utilization.

• Simultaneous data input and output on *all* ports, so no devices are kept waiting.

• Computer-to-computer communication concurrent with all other operations.

• Full duplex communication allows file transfer capability with many communications software packages.

• Compatible with virtually all computers, printers, plotters, modems and other peripherals.

• Pop-up RAM resident PC support software allows peripheral selection via hot key.

• Super fast throughput allows data to pass through with no apparent processing delays.

• Many user-definable parameters including separate baud rates, flow control and parity for each port.

• Internal serial-to-parallel and parallel-to-serial conversion.

• Cascading capability to increase available number of ports.

• Unlimited hotline tech support.

• Designed and manufactured in the U.S.A.

Circle 23 on Reader Service Card

doing from the start, and you rarely have to consult the excellent manual.

I had almost forgotten how pleasant it is to work with this company's products. Software Publishing is another of the few big companies that rarely releases buggy software, and it aims at the businessperson who's intent on getting to work rather than the computer guru who's in love with technicalities.

By now, the interface itself has become something of a standard. You've seen it in PFS:Write, Q&A, and a host of imitators. Function-key menu bar across the top of the screen, boxed center area for your typing, ruler and two status lines across the bottom. Hit one of the function keys, and a longer menu pops down. Default selections in menus are always highlighted, and the default choices make sense.

Most commands can be selected either from the menus or by hitting a Control sequence (Alt combinations are reserved for macros). Nothing fancy, and good correlation with printed output. It will probably offend the purists who prefer an absolutely blank screen, but the rest of us will find it unobtrusive. You've got three pleasant color schemes to choose from, and all of them are easy on the eyes (especially on an EGA monitor or better).

Here's what you get with Professional Write 2.0: a spelling checker with a 77,000-word main dictionary and a 5000-word personal dictionary. A 20,000-word thesaurus. A built-in calculator and column math. An address book for mail merge that has a nice entry screen and room for 2000 entries. Automatic envelope printing (nice, if your printer can handle it). Macro recording. Line drawing, and access to the extended character set. Support for expanded memory. File encryption. A wide selection of printers and multiple font capability, including PostScript. Context-sensitive help.

Nothing spectacular in that list, but Professional Write does offer a couple of tricks worth mentioning. Not only can you save a 40-character description of each file, but you can search the complete text of all your Professional Write documents, directory by directory, looking for a specific search string. And the program imports files from major word processors, Lotus 1-2-3, and dBASE III without any headaches.

Using the program takes absolutely no brains, and I couldn't break it as hard as I tried. My quibbles with it are relatively minor: I'd prefer a larger user dictionary, and the 2000-entry limit on address books seems low, even though you

# Items Discussed

GrandView.....\$295 Symantec Corp. Living Videotext Division 117 Easy St. Mountain View, CA 94043 (415) 964-6300 Inquiry 934.

Procomm Plus......\$75 Datastorm Technologies, Inc. P.O. Box 1471 Columbia, MO 65205 (314) 449-7012 Inquiry 935.

Professional Write 2.0 ......\$199 Software Publishing Corp. P.O. Box 7210 Mountain View, CA 94039 (415) 962-8910 Inquiry 936.

can create as many as you require.

I do, however, question the use of the word "Professional" in the program's name. This product strikes me as a basic word processor, fine for everyday use but probably not the best available for industrial-strength applications. You could probably write a book with it, but I wouldn't want to use it for a doctoral dissertation in math or physics. Likewise, it lacks legal line numbering and multiplecolumn printout. So it's not really a topechelon package.

Professional Write 2.0 is a good answer to Q&A Write, with a few features not available there, but I do recommend checking out the Symantec product if Professional Write sounds interesting to you. In fact, you probably ought to get demonstrations of a few other midlevel word processors at the same time. You won't be disappointed with Professional Write, but it's kind of a Ford. Depending on taste, you might do just as well with a Chevrolet.

## Shareware to Commercialware

This column is not the only thing to add a "Plus" to its name; Procomm, that venerable shareware workhorse, has gone commercial and has become Procomm Plus (Datastorm, \$75). The only way to get your hands on this new revision of the product is to buy it from a dealer or order it directly; you won't find the Plus version on your local bulletin board. Tom Smith and Bruce Barkelew, the authors of the program, are two of the nicest guys in the business, and I hope the change in the program's status lets them earn a decent living at last.

Procomm was definitely one of my favorite telecommunications packages: full-featured, clean, and fairly easy to understand. Procomm Plus adds some new stuff: support for more file-transfer protocols than I knew existed (including Kermit and a couple for error-correcting high-speed modems), emulation of any terminal you'd ever want to emulate, split-screen mode for CB-style on-line chat, host mode for interactive dial-in operations, and a simple text editor.

The neatest addition is a decent script language that can be mastered easily; the team's earlier efforts required you to write in gibberish. The program already had a good interface for setting keyboard macros, exit to DOS as a shell operation, automatic session logging if desired, and a one-keystroke screen capture.

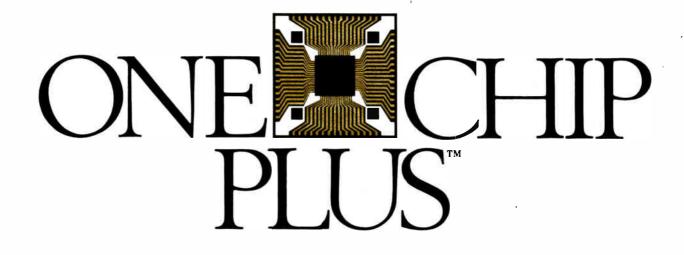
There are two other advantages to buying the private version. The first is the printed manual. Procomm Plus has some complex aspects, and step-by-step documentation is a big help. The second advantage is the support files you get in the package, which include scripts for every major on-line service and widespread bulletin board software; and dialing directories for bulletin boards in Atlanta, Austin, Boston, Chicago, San Francisco, and Washington, DC. The package also includes long lists of both U.S. and international bulletin boards. This is the kind of nicety that is almost never provided with shareware.

The program is certainly the equal of many packages already on the market, and it can legitimately compete with the category leaders. Note, however, that there is no provision for background operation, and that the script language falls short of some of the more extensive packages, like Mirror II, the latest Crosstalk, and Framework.

But on the whole, you won't go wrong purchasing and using Procomm Plus unless your requirements are sophisticated in the extreme. For day-to-day telecommunications, this is highly recommended.

Ezra Shapiro is a consulting editor for BYTE. You can contact him on BIX as "ezra." Because of the volume of mail he receives, Ezra, regretfully, cannot respond to each inquiry.

Your questions and comments are welcome. Write to: Editor, BYTE, One Phoenix Mill Lane, Peterborough, NH 03458.



... "Makes building PS/2 boards simple"

... "Quickens Micro Channel board design"

.. "Integrates all IBM PS/2 Micro Channel control needs"

... "(CEC is) making it easier to soup up the PS/2"

### ... "Their chip is the most flexible we've seen"

Microprocessor Report

ONE CHIP PLUS is a complete Micro Channel interface on a chip, plus a development package that lets you build memory, I/O or multifunction boards in less time for less money.

ONE CHIP PLUS is a product of Capital Equipment Corp., a proven supplier of hardware and software for engineers. Call today. We can help you whether you're building one board or a million.

Literature 1 800 234 4CEC Technical assistance (617) 273-1818

PS/2 and Micro Channel are trademarks of International Business Machines ONE CHIP PLUS is a trademark of Capital Equipment Corp. 99 South Bedford Street, Burlington, MA. 01803

# Make your programs millions of times smarter.

More and more, programmers and workstation builders are using DESQview 2.0 as a development tool. The reason is simple. They can create powerful, multitasking solutions today for the millions of DOS PCs in use today. Solutions comparable to those promised for tomorrow by OS/2.

### The API Advantage

Programmers who take advantage of DESQview's API (Application Program Interface) get access to the powerful capabilities built into DESQview-multitasking, windowing, intertask comunications, mailboxes, shared programs, memory management, mousing, data transfer, menubuilding and context sensitive help.

### **Bells and Whistles**

A program taking advantage of the DESQview 2.0 API can spawn subtasks for performing background operations or new processes for loading and running other programs concurrently. It can schedule processing after an interval or at a certain time. It can use DESQview's intertask communications to rapidly exchange data between programs, share common code and data; or interrupt at critical events. It can use DESQview's menuing and mousing capabilities to create menus. And there's lots more it can do.

Some of the applications under development right now using DESQview 2.0 API Tools: CAD, Medical systems, insurance, 3270 mainframe communications, network management, real estate, typesetting, point of sale, education, commodity trading, stock trading and online voting.

### 80386 Power

80386 programmers can take advantage of the 80386's protected mode for large programs, yet run on DOS and multitask in DESQview—side by side with other 80386 and DOS programs. The breakthroughs that make this possible: DOS Extenders from PharLap Software and AI Architects and DESQview support of these DOS extenders.

### **DESQview Developer Conference**

So if you are a developer, looking to create programs with mainframe capabilities, but wanting to sell into the existing base of millions of DOS PCs, come to Quarterdeck's first DESQview API Developers Conference, August 16-18, 1988 at the Marina Beach Hotel, in Marina del Rey, California. For more information call or write us.

Come learn about the DESQview 2.0 API and 80386 DOS Extenders. Meet 80386 experts as well as those smart people who are creating DESQview 2.0 API workstations solutions.

And if you want to get a leg up before the conference, ask us about the DESQview API Tools for assembler or C programmers.

# Bringing New Power to DOS. DESOview 2.0 API Toolkit.

Quarterdeck Office Systems 150 Pico Blvd., Santa Monica, CA 90405 (213) 392 9851

Circle 197 on Reader Service Card (DEALERS: 198)

I

Wayne Rash Jr.



What's best for your office? This new column offers real-world answers.

n many ways, business users of small computers are just like any other user. We have the same problems with hardware that breaks, software that isn't shipped when promised, and salespeople who know less than we do about the machines they sell.

But there are differences. We may buy hundreds of computers, risking hundreds of thousands of dollars if we make the wrong decision. We may have an office floor with 60 people who need to share the same information. Or we may have a VAX in the basement that we need to connect our personal computers to.

This is why I'm writing a business column about small computers for BYTE. It will approach personal computers from a business viewpoint, but without the bias you find in the "single machine" magazines. No one type of computer is the solution to all problems, so no one computer will dominate this column.

That's not to say that I won't write about IBM and clone machines or about Macintoshes. They are the most heavily used by the BYTE readership, and I will devote a lot of space to them. On the other hand, I won't ignore the Unix world or the less popular, specialty machines either. All these areas show great promise, and the future of your business may lie with one of these machines.

### The PC Guru

If you're reading this magazine, there's a good chance that you're the person in your organization who is the "Corporate Techie," or the "PC Guru." While you may or may not be in the organization chart as a computer staff resource, you

# STAKING OUT THE TERRITORY

serve as one. When people find out that they can't format a floppy disk, or that they *did* format their hard disk, you're the person who gets the call. You're also the person who seems to have a constant stream of visitors to your desk, all asking the same question: "I've been thinking about getting a personal computer. What kind should I get?" In many companies, you're also the person who wields a lot of the influence about what the company buys and how it uses small computers.

One of the best ways to decide what will work in your office is to look at the experiences of others. It's a lot cheaper to let someone else take the risk while you learn from their experiences. Sometimes you can't do that, though, so the next best thing is to read about them.

For this reason, I'll try to illustrate my examination of the business small computer user with case histories where they're appropriate. I'll also tell you about trends I see that are important to business users, and I'll report on hardware, software, and services that might affect your business. What I won't do is give conventional, safe answers where another answer is better, nor will I deal with information you can find out from a quick read of the manual.

#### Networking

One question that inevitably crops up each week or so concerns networks. Now that local-area networks (LANs) are known to exist, everybody wants one. Usually, the rationale is as simple as, "We have to be able to talk to each other." This means that there is a need for some portion of an organization to share some common data. Normally, the first application that comes to mind involves a database, although word processing tends to follow closely.

Often, the request for a LAN comes without a full understanding of whether that is the correct solution. Your colleague or client has read about these wonderful networks and thinks a LAN is the answer to the organization's information flow. It can be, of course, but it can also do a lot to impede that flow.

The software you choose can play a big role in making the LAN work properly especially when many users on the LAN need to use the same database. Choosing the wrong database can make your network seem to come to a stop.

I ran across an example of this problem with a network that was using dBASE III Plus on a number of workstations to access a single large database on the file server. At the same time, other users were trying to use WordPerfect. As soon as more than three or four people began to use the database, performance dropped drastically.

This happened, of course, because all the database users were trying to use the file server's disk at the same time. The first user to try got control, and the others waited in a queue. Since many single-user databases running on a network, including dBASE, treat the LAN as a disk channel, all the work for all the stations was being done by a single drive. The drive churned away, searching and indexing, while the other users waited. Of course, the repeated disk accesses added to the network traffic, slowing things even more. Response time was well over a minute on some screens.

Clearly, a number of actions can be taken to improve response time when using a database on a network. Some network operating systems, including Novell NetWare, allow very flexible arrangements of hard disks. Likewise, adding more network server cards to the file server can help improve throughput. Probably the best solution, though, is to pick a DBMS that's designed as a multiuser system in the first place.

#### The Database Server

Network performance problems with databases that were originally designed for single users have led a few manufaccontinued turers to develop new solutions. One of the best is the database server. This is a database engine that resides on a CPU dedicated to database use. Queries come to the database engine, and results are returned to the users. Ashton-Tate, developer of dBASE, has announced that, with Microsoft, it will develop just such a database server, but it has yet to deliver.

Meanwhile, a few other companies have said that they will bring out serverbased database engines. XDB Systems of College Park, Maryland, has one.

A server database engine such as XDB works by dividing the DBMS into a frontend processor and the data engine itself. The front-end processor resides on the user's workstation. It provides the user interface and translates the user's actions into SQL commands. These commands are then sent to the database server.

When the database server receives an SQL command from a workstation, it performs the requested operation and returns the result. The constant traffic of disk accesses is removed from the network, and the file server is freed from the need to support the database as well. As a result, functions not related to database management continue unimpeded, and your file server can be smaller.

### **Powerful Engine**

There is a down side to all this, of course. In the first place, XDB requires that you dedicate at least one CPU as the database server. Although you can use any IBM PC clone as the server, the capability of the server directly affects the speed of the database operations. Dr. Bing Yao, president of XDB, told me that an 80286-based machine should be considered for serious database use, and that he would tend to recommend an 80386.

There's also the need for disk space. In addition to buying a large-capacity disk for the file server, you also need one for the database server. Because this disk will be doing all the network's database work, it should be pretty fast. If performance gets to be a problem with a single database server, XDB allows you to add additional servers.

### **Fast and Easy**

There is a silver lining. XDB uses industry-standard SQL to communicate with its database engine. This means that you can move your mainframe data to your microcomputer and take along the queries that you used with DB2 as well. You can also go in the other direction, using queries from XDB to extract information from a mainframe database.

Setting up most applications is quick

### Products Mentioned

<b>XDB Server</b> \$1995 <b>XDB-SOL</b>
Developers\$495
Run-time\$195
XDB Forms
Developers\$295
Run-time \$95
XDB Systems, Inc.
7309 Baltimore Ave., Suite 220
College Park, MD 20740
(301) 779-6030
Inquiry 846.

and easy. XDB provides a fourth-generation query language for writing custom applications. In addition, there is a forms manager that allows you to define the database as you design the forms. Experienced developers can make use of C and COBOL libraries for creating applications that can't be developed in other ways. Finally, experienced SQL users can enter queries directly into an interactive SQL system.

Once the applications are developed, the user has no way of knowing whether the system is using the database engine on the network, or a single-user database on the local workstation. Indeed, XDB will work equally well in either case without changing the applications. That way, you can create an application for all your users without worrying whether it will ultimately find itself on a network or a stand-alone computer.

If you've already made the decision to invest in the hardware, software, physical plant, and personnel necessary to operate a LAN that carries a significant database processing load, the additional server and disk capacity you need to assure adequate performance is worth the cost. When you couple its fast operation and industry-standard query language, XDB is a good deal for the serious database installation.

### What's New for Business?

The network version of XDB was one of the pieces of good news at Spring Comdex. In some ways, though, this does not look to be an exceptional year for innovation in the world of IBM-compatible computers. When I checked with the firms claiming to have OS/2 products at Comdex in May, only 22 products were shipping. A few more were due out this summer, but many will not arrive until after Comdex in the fall, or even into 1989. If you use IBM PCs or compatibles and need software, you probably should plan on looking to the DOS world instead. There, products seem to be gaining maturity and functionality.

A number of Comdex vendors told me they were still waiting to see what would happen to the market before they committed resources to OS/2. Hardware development likewise seems stunted, with most manufacturers simply creating new versions of add-on boards that already exist for PCs or PC ATs and clones. There were some significant efforts demonstrated to give the PC/AT world the same capabilities as the PS/2. These included VGA cards and hard disks and controllers with 1-to-1 interleave.

The Macintosh II continues to woo business buyers away from manufacturers of IBM and compatible machines. Informix promised that its new superspreadsheet, Wingz, would finally make it to market. WordPerfect for the Macintosh finally shipped just before Comdex. Autodesk announced a version of its AutoCAD for the Mac. Bolstered by the widespread belief that the Mac is faster and easier to use, these products are gaining interest from executives, especially now that Presentation Manager for OS/2 seems to be so far away.

Unix is making a push as the business standard for microcomputers. While at Comdex, I watched as Commodore's chief operating officer Henri Rubin used a mouse to click open windows on Unix, MS-DOS, and Amiga DOS on his Amiga 2000 equipped with a 100-megabyte disk. Dr. Rubin told me that the Amiga would soon be available with additional ports to support multiuser operation. He also showed me an Amiga with a screen resolution of 1008 by 800 pixels. I wonder if Commodore is aiming at the lucrative workstation market.

On the IBM side of business, things have slowed down a little just now. Perhaps this is the time for a breather. On the other hand, perhaps it will give some of the other architectures a chance for a little more market share. ■

Wayne Rash, Jr. is a member of the professional staff of American Management Systems, Inc. (Arlington, Virginia), where he consults with the federal government on microcomputers. You can reach him on BIX as "waynerash."

Your questions and comments are welcome. Write to: Editor, BYTE, One Phoenix Mill Lane, Peterborough, NH 03458.

### Great Selection + Superior Service $_{\Sigma}$ + Competitive Prices = Top Value

We have the technical expertise to fulfill your specialized needs in software development, circuit design, data analysis, CAD and much more. Call today!

- No one offers you more variety.
- 30-day Mioney-Back Guarantee<sup>®</sup>
- Latest versions
- Over 500 name-brand products in stock, if you don't see it -- call!

### Software Development Tools

ASSEMBLERS		COBOL	
DVANTAGE Disassembler, Lifeboat	\$ 279	Micro Focus Products S	CAL
licrosoft MASM PTASM, SLA Systems	103	MS COBOL, Microsoft. Realia COBOL	46 79
in thom, ben by stematic .	. 173	RM/COBOL, Austec	76 38
ASIC		SCREENID, Norcam	38
ash-up, Sofrware Bottling Co	\$ BO	PASCAL	
S Basic Comp. 6.0 IS QuickBASIC	229	MS Pascal, Microsoft S	19
IS QUICKBASIG	69 60	Descal 2 General Software	19
BASIC, TransEra Corp	453	Turbo Pascal, Borland	_6
BASIC, Trascent Software BASIC, TrasEra Corp urbo Basic, Borland urbo Basic Toolboxes, Borland	453 69 69	Professional Pascal, Metaware	54
urbo Basic Toolboxes, Borland	69	PASCAL LIBRARIES (TURBD)	
			28
ZTECC-Commercial, Manx	S CALL	Turbo Pascul Dev. Lib., Borland \$ Metrabyte Data Acq. TODLS, Ouinn-Curt	15 9
-terp. Gimpel	232	Turbo Pascal S & E Tools, Quinn-Curtis	6
-terp, Gimpel attice C V. 3.3	232	Turbo MAGIC Sochisticated Software	20
w/Source	499	Turbo ASYNCH PLUS, Blaise	30
licrosoft C.	69	Turbo Power Tools Plus, Blaise	10
uickC, Microsoft urbo C, Boriand	69		_
		MDDULA-2	
LIBRARIES		LDGITECH Modula-2	
TOOLS PLUS 5.0, Blaise	\$ 101	Compiler Kit S Development System	19
Utility Library, Essential	125	Toolkit	- 14
ssential Communications	125	SOLID B + Toolbex, Solid Software	17
ssential Communications reenleaf Turbo Functions reenleaf Comm Library reenleaf Functions	\$ 101 125 125 79 155	StonyBrook Modula-2	17
reenleaf Functions	145	386 DEVELOPMENT TOOLS	
for Ce, Phoenix imeSlicer, Lifeboat	215	286 Man Duckton	-
urbo C TOOLS, Blaise	101	386-Max, Qualities	83
Salaman C Funit			
science & Engli	IHH H	ring Software	
	_		_
IRCUIT DESIGN/SCHEMATIC CAPTU	RE		28
IRCUIT DESIGN/SCHEMATIC CAPTU	RE		E
IRCUIT DESIGN/SCHEMATIC CAPTU WIRE, Wintek Corp ICRD-CAP II, Spectrum Software AS Deill CAD Software	RE	MathCAD 2.0, MathSoft Math Mate, MCAE Technologies muMATH, Soft Warehouse Solvel 11, Structured Scientific Software	16
WIRE, Wultek Corp ICRD-CAP II, Spectrum Software ADS Drill, CAD Software	RE \$ 849 759 CALL	MathCAD 2.0, MathSoft Math Mate, MCAE Technologies muMATH, Soft Warehouse Solvel1, 'structured Scientific Software Solver_0, SDDC	18 18 7 7
WIRE, Wintek Corp ICRD-CAP II, Spectrum Software ADS Drill, CAD Software ADS PCB, ADS Royte,	RE \$ 849 759 CALL CALL CALL CALL	MathCAD 2.0, MathSoft Math Mate, MCAE Technologies muMATH, Soft Warehouse Solvel 11, Structured Scientific Software	18 18 7 7
WIRE, Wintek Corp ICRD-CAP II, Spectrum Software ADS Drill, CAD Software ADS PCB, ADS Royte,	S B49 759 CALL CALL CALL	MathCAD 2.0, MathSoft Math Mate, MCAE Technologies muMATH, Soft Warehouse Solver IT, Structured Scientific Software Solver - Q, SDDC TKISolver Plus, Universal Tech Sys	18 18 7 7
WIRE, Wintek Corp ICRO-CAP II, Spectrum Software ADS Drill, CAD Software ADS PCB, ADS Route, Spice, MicroSim Gavies Fource	S B49 759 CALL CALL CALL	MathCAD 2.0, MathSoft Math Mate, MCAE Technologies muMATH, Soft Warehouse Solvert, "Structured Scientific Software Solver-Q, SDDC TKISolver Plus, Universal Tech Sys	18 7 39
WIRE, Wintek Corp ICRO-CAP II, Spectrum Software ADS Drill, CAD Software ADS PCB, ADS Route, Spice, MicroSim Gavies Fource	S B49 759 CALL CALL CALL	MathCAD 2.0, MathSoft Math Mate, MCAE Technologies muMATH, Soft Warehouse Solvert, Structured Scientific Software Solver-0, SDDC TK!Solver Plus, Universal Tech Sys CAD AutoCAD by A todesk S (	1E 7 39
WIRE, Wintek Corp ICRD-CAP II, Spectrum Software ADS Drill, CAD Software. ADS Pote, ADS Route. Spice, MicroSim Device Equations Source Probe graphics post-processor Parts parameter estimator Monte Carlo Analysis	S B49 759 CALL CALL CALL	MathCAD 2.0, MathSoft Math Mate, MCAE Technologies muMATH, Soft Warehouse Solvert, Structured Scientific Software Solver-0, SDDC TKISolver Plus, Universal Tech Sys CADM AutoCAD by Actodesk \$ ( AutoSketch, by Autodesk	1E 7 39 CAL
INTRE, Wintek Corp ICRD-CAP II, Spectrum Software ADS Drill, CAD Software ADS PCB, ADS Route; Spice, MicroSim Device Equations Source Probe graphics post-processor Parts parameter estimator Monte Carlo Analysis Divise I Eins Analysis	\$ 849 759 CALL CALL CALL CALL 899 309 399 309 309	MathCAD 2.0, MathSoft Math Mate, MCAE Technologies muMATH, Soft Warehouse Solvert, Structured Scientific Software Solver-0, SDDC TKISolver Plus, Universal Tech Sys CADM AutoCAD by Actodesk \$ ( AutoSketch, by Autodesk	1E 7 39 CAL
INTRE, Wintek Corp ICRD-CAP II, Spectrum Software ADS Drill, CAD Software ADS PCB, ADS Route; Spice, MicroSim Device Equations Source Probe graphics post-processor Parts parameter estimator Monte Carlo Analysis Divise I Eins Analysis	\$ 849 759 CALL CALL CALL CALL 899 309 399 309 309	MathCAD 2.0, MathSoft Math Mate, MCAE Technologies muMATH, Soft Warehouse Solvert, Structured Scientific Software Solver-0, SDDC TKISolver Plus, Universal Tech Sys CADM AutoCAD by Actodesk \$ ( AutoSketch, by Autodesk	1E 7 39 CAL
INTRE, Wintek Corp ICRD-CAP II, Spectrum Software ADS Drill, CAD Software ADS PCB, ADS Route; Spice, MicroSim Device Equations Source Probe graphics post-processor Parts parameter estimator Monte Carlo Analysis Divise I Eins Analysis	\$ 849 759 CALL CALL CALL CALL 899 309 399 309 309	MathCAD 2.0, MathSoft Math Mate, MCAE Technologies muMATH, Soft Warehouse Solvert, Structured Scientific Software Solver-0, SDDC TKISolver Plus, Universal Tech Sys CADM AutoCAD by Actodesk \$ ( AutoSketch, by Autodesk	1E 7 39 CAL
INTRE, Wintek Corp ICRD-CAP II, Spectrum Software ADS Drill, CAD Software ADS PCB, ADS Route; Spice, MicroSim Device Equations Source Probe graphics post-processor Parts parameter estimator Monte Carlo Analysis Divise I Eins Analysis	\$ 849 759 CALL CALL CALL CALL 899 309 399 309 309	MathCAD 2.0, MathSoft Math Mate, MCAE Technologies muMATH, Soft Warehouse Solvert, Structured Scientific Software Solver-0, SDDC TKISolver Plus, Universal Tech Sys CADM AutoCAD by Actodesk \$ ( AutoSketch, by Autodesk	1E 7 39 CAL
IWIRE, Wintek Corp ICRD-CAP II, Spectrum Software ADS Drill, CAD Software ADS PCB, ADS Rout:, Spice, MicroSim Device Equations Source Probe graphics post-processor Parts parameter estimator Monte Carlio Analysis Digital Files Chema II, Omation mARTWORK, Wintek Corp. ingo PCB, ACCEL Tech ingo Route, ACCEL Tech	\$ 849 759 CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL 309 309 309 309 309 309 449 469	MathCAD 2.0, MathSoft Math Mate, MCAE Technologies muMATH, Soft Warehouse Solvert, Structured Scientific Software Solver-0, SDDC TKISolver Plus, Universal Tech Sys CADM AutoCAD by Actodesk \$ ( AutoSketch, by Autodesk	1E 7 39 CAL
WIRE, Wintek Corp IICRO-CAP II, Spectrum Software ADS Drill, CAD Software ADS PCB, ADS Route, Spice, MicroSim Device Equations Source Probe graphics post-processor Parts parameter estimator Monte Carlo Analysis Digital Fires chema II, Omation AATWORK, Wintek Corp Ingo Route, ACCEL Tech ATACOULSITION/SIGNAL ANALYSI	399 309 309 309 309 309 309 309 309 309	MathCAD 2.0, MathSoft Math Mate, MCAE Technologies muMATH, Soft Warehouse SolverT, Structured Scientific Software SolverO, SDDC TKISolver Plus, Universal Tech Sys CAD AutoCAD by Autodesk Speed Enhanced Version Design CAD, American Small Bus Comp Drafix 1Plus, Furresight Drafix 3-D Modeler, Foresight EASYCAD, Evolution Computing ECAD, Picton Engineering FASTCAD, Evolution Computing CAD	18 77 39 39 20 20 16 20 16 20 16 20 16 20 16 20 16 20 16 20 16 20 16 20 16 20 16 20 16 20 20 16 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20
WIRE, Wintek Corp ICRD-CAP II, Spectrum Software ADS Drill, CAD Software ADS PCB, ADS Route; Spice, MicroSim Device Equations Source Probe graphics post-processor Parts parameter estimator Monte Carlo Analysis Digital Fires Chema II, Omation ARTWORK, Wintek Corp. Ingo PCB, ACCEL Tech Ingo Route, ACCEL Tech Ingo Route, ACCEL Tech	399 309 309 309 309 309 309 309 309 309	MathCAD 2.0, MathSoft Math Mate, MCAE Technologies muMATH, Soft Warehouse SolverT, Structured Scientific Software SolverO, SDDC TKISolver Plus, Universal Tech Sys CAD AutoCAD by Autodesk Speed Enhanced Version Design CAD, American Small Bus Comp Drafix 1Plus, Furresight Drafix 3-D Modeler, Foresight EASYCAD, Evolution Computing ECAD, Picton Engineering FASTCAD, Evolution Computing CAD	18 77 39 39 20 20 16 20 16 20 16 20 16 20 16 20 16 20 16 20 16 20 16 20 16 20 16 20 16 20 20 16 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20
IWIRE, Wintek Corp ICRD-CAP II, Spectrum Software ADS Drill, CAD Software ADS PCB, ADS Route; Spice, MicroSim Device Equations Source Probe graphics post-processor Parts parameter estimator Monte Carlo Analysis Digital Fires Chema II, Jomaton mARTWORK, Wintek Corp. Ingo PCB, ACCEL Tech Ingo Route, ACCEL Tech Ingo Route, ACCEL Tech	\$         84           \$         849           759         CALL           CALL         899           309         399           309         309           309         309           469         469           5         1.989           1.989         1.989	MathCAD 2.0, MathSoft Math Mate, MCAE Technologies muMATH, Soft Warehouse SolverT, Structured Scientific Software SolverO, SDDC TKISolver Plus, Universal Tech Sys CAD AutoCAD by Autodesk Speed Enhanced Version Design CAD, American Small Bus Comp Drafix 1Plus, Furresight Drafix 3-D Modeler, Foresight EASYCAD, Evolution Computing ECAD, Picton Engineering FASTCAD, Evolution Computing CAD	187 77 39 39 23 16 23 16 23 16 39 10 23 16 39 10 23 16 39 10 23 16 39 10 23 16 39 10 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 2 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16
IWIRE, Wintek Corp ICRD-CAP II, Spectrum Software ADS Drill, CAD Software ADS PCB, ADS Route; Spice, MicroSim Device Equations Source Probe graphics post-processor Parts parameter estimator Monte Carlo Analysis Digital Fires Chema II, Jomaton mARTWORK, Wintek Corp. Ingo PCB, ACCEL Tech Ingo Route, ACCEL Tech Ingo Route, ACCEL Tech	\$         849           759         759           CALL         8999           309         399           309         309           309         309           309         309           309         309           3299         309           3299         309           3299         309           3299         309           5         2179           1.989         1.989           1.609         1.609	MathCAD 2.0, MathSoft Math Mate, MCAE Technologies muMATH, Soft Warehouse SolverT, Structured Scientific Software SolverO, SDDC TKISolver Plus, Universal Tech Sys CAD AutoCAD by Autodesk Speed Enhanced Version Design CAD, American Small Bus Comp Drafix 1Plus, Furresight Drafix 3-D Modeler, Foresight EASYCAD, Evolution Computing ECAD, Picton Engineering FASTCAD, Evolution Computing CAD	187 77 39 39 23 16 23 16 23 16 39 10 23 16 39 10 23 16 39 10 23 16 39 10 23 16 39 10 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 23 16 2 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16
INTER, Wintek Corp ICRD-CAP II, Spectrum Software ADS Drill, CAD Software ADS PCB, ADS Route; Spice, MicroSim Device Equations Source Probe graphics post-processor Parts parameter estimator Monte Carlo Analysis Digital Fires Chema II, Omation nARTWORK, Wintek Corp Ingo PCB. ACCEL Tech Ingo Route, ACCEL Tech ATACOUISITION/SIGNAL ANALYSI syst Modules 1, 2, 3 Syst Modules 1, 2, 4 Syst Modules 1, 2, 4	S         B49           \$ 5849         759           CALL         CALL           CALL         309           3399         309           309         309           309         449           469         5           S         1.989           1.989         1.989           1.989         1.989	MathCAD 2.0, MathSoft Math Mate, MCAE Technologies muMATH, Soft Warehouse SolverT, Structured Scientific Software SolverO, SDDC TKISolver Plus, Universal Tech Sys CAD AutoCAD by Autodesk Speed Enhanced Version Design CAD, American Small Bus Comp Drafix 1 Plus, Furresight Drafix 3-D Modeler, Foresight EASYCAD, Evolution Computing ECAD, Picton Engineering FASTCAD, Evolution Computing CAD	18777 39 39 223639 89 69 451139 4531 45331
INTER, Wintek Corp ICRD-CAP II, Spectrum Software ADS Drill, CAD Software ADS PCB, ADS Route; Spice, MicroSim Device Equations Source Probe graphics post-processor Parts parameter estimator Monte Carlo Analysis Digital Fires Chema II, Omation nARTWORK, Wintek Corp Ingo PCB. ACCEL Tech Ingo Route, ACCEL Tech ATACOUISITION/SIGNAL ANALYSI syst Modules 1, 2, 3 Syst Modules 1, 2, 4 Syst Modules 1, 2, 4	S         B49           \$ 5849         759           CALL         CALL           CALL         309           3399         309           309         309           309         449           469         5           S         1.989           1.989         1.989           1.989         1.989	MathCAD 2.0, MathSoft Math Mate, MCAE Technologies muMATH, Soft Warehouse SolverT, Structured Scientific Software SolverO, SDDC TKISolver Plus, Universal Tech Sys CAD AutoCAD by Autodesk Speed Enhanced Version Design CAD, American Small Bus Comp Drafix 1 Plus, Furresight Drafix 3-D Modeler, Foresight EASYCAD, Evolution Computing ECAD, Picton Engineering FASTCAD, Evolution Computing CAD	187777 39 2226394 15115331 42316 15115331
INTER, Wintek Corp ICRD-CAP II, Spectrum Software ADS Drill, CAD Software ADS PCB, ADS Route; Spice, MicroSim Device Equations Source Probe graphics post-processor Parts parameter estimator Monte Carlo Analysis Digital Fires Chema II, Omation nARTWORK, Wintek Corp Ingo PCB. ACCEL Tech Ingo Route, ACCEL Tech ATACOUISITION/SIGNAL ANALYSI syst Modules 1, 2, 3 Syst Modules 1, 2, 4 Syst Modules 1, 2, 4	S         B49           \$ 5849         759           CALL         CALL           CALL         309           3399         309           309         309           309         449           469         5           S         1.989           1.989         1.989           1.989         1.989	MathCAD 2.0, MathSoft Math Mate, MCAE Technologies muMATH, Soft Warehouse SolverT, Structured Scientific Software SolverO, SDDC TKISolver Plus, Universal Tech Sys CAD AutoCAD by Autodesk Speed Enhanced Version Design CAD, American Small Bus Comp Drafix 1 Plus, Furresight Drafix 3-D Modeler, Foresight EASYCAD, Evolution Computing ECAD, Picton Engineering FASTCAD, Evolution Computing CAD	187777 39 2226394 15115331 42316 15115331
INTER, Wintek Corp ICRD-CAP II, Spectrum Software ADS Drill, CAD Software ADS PCB, ADS Route; Spice, MicroSim Device Equations Source Probe graphics post-processor Parts parameter estimator Monte Carlo Analysis Digital Fires Chema II, Omation nARTWORK, Wintek Corp Ingo PCB. ACCEL Tech Ingo Route, ACCEL Tech ATACOUISITION/SIGNAL ANALYSI syst Modules 1, 2, 3 Syst Modules 1, 2, 4 Syst Modules 1, 2, 4	S         B49           \$ 5849         759           CALL         CALL           CALL         309           3399         309           309         309           309         449           469         5           S         1.989           1.989         1.989           1.989         1.989	MathCAD 2.0, MathSoft Math Mate, MCAE Technologies muMATH, Soft Warehouse Solver TI, Structured Scentrific Software Solver O, SDDC TK:Solver Plus, Universal Tech Sys CADM AutoCAD by ALtodesk S ( AutoSketch, by Autodesk S ( AutoSketch, by Autodesk S ( Speed Enhanced Version Design CAD, American Small Bus Comp Drafix TPus, Furesight Drafix 3-D Modeler, Foresight EASYCAD, Petton Engineering FASTCAD, Levolution Computing ECAD, Petton Engineering FASTCAD, Evolution Computing 1 Generic GAD Generic GAD Solid Modeling 3-D Rendering Module In <sup>a</sup> A'Vision, M Crografx Windows Craph LaserCAD, DSL Link PRO-30 (DC, Enabling Technologies TurboCAD, MSA Group	187777 39 2226394 15115331 42316 15115331
INTER, Wintek Corp ICRD-CAP II, Spectrum Software ADS Drill, CAD Software ADS PCB, ADS Route; Spice, MicroSim Device Equations Source Probe graphics post-processor Parts parameter estimator Monte Carlo Analysis Digital Fires Chema II, Omation nARTWORK, Wintek Corp Ingo PCB. ACCEL Tech Ingo Route, ACCEL Tech ATACOUISITION/SIGNAL ANALYSI syst Modules 1, 2, 3 Syst Modules 1, 2, 4 Syst Modules 1, 2, 4	RE \$ 849 CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL 3399 309 309 309 309 309 309 30	MathCAD 2.0, MathSoft Math Mate, MCAE Technologies muMATH, Soft Warehouse Solver 0, SDDC TKISolver Plus, Universal Tech Sys CAD AutoStetch, by Autodesk Seped Enhanced Version Design CAD, Arrencas Small Bus Comp Drafix 1 Plus, Furesight Drafix 2 Modeler, Foresight EASYCAD, Evolution Computing ECAD, Petton Engineering FASTCAD, Evolution Computing ECAD, Petton Engineering FASTCAD, Evolution Computing Schapettion Engineering FASTCAD, Evolution Computing CAD, Evolution Computing Generic CADD Generic 3-D Solid Modeling 3-D Rendering Module In°A*Vision, M Crografx Windows Graph LaserCAD, DSL Link PRD-3D 'PC, Evabling Technologies TurboCAD, MSA Group	187779 39 CAL 2236846511539 8 6511539 8 65115336 357
WIRE, Wintek Corp ICRD-CAP II, Spectrum Software ADS Drill, CAD Software ADS PCB, ADS Advite, Spice, MicroSim Device Equations Source Probe graphics post-processor Parts parameter estimator Monte Carlo Analysis Digital Files chema II, Omation MATWOMK, Wintek Corp ingo Route, ACCEL Tech ATM ACCULISTION/SIGNAL ANALYSI Syst Addules 1, 2, 3 Syst Modules 1, 2, 4 Syst Modules 1, 2,	RE \$ 849 CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL 3399 309 309 309 309 309 309 30	MathCAD 2.0, MathSoft Math Mate, MCAE Technologies muMATH, Soft Warehouse Solver 0, SDDC TKISolver Plus, Universal Tech Sys CAD AutoStetch, by Autodesk Seped Enhanced Version Design CAD, Arrencas Small Bus Comp Drafix 1 Plus, Furesight Drafix 2 Modeler, Foresight EASYCAD, Evolution Computing ECAD, Petton Engineering FASTCAD, Evolution Computing ECAD, Petton Engineering FASTCAD, Evolution Computing Schapettion Engineering FASTCAD, Evolution Computing CAD, Evolution Computing Generic CADD Generic 3-D Solid Modeling 3-D Rendering Module In°A*Vision, M Crografx Windows Graph LaserCAD, DSL Link PRD-3D 'PC, Evabling Technologies TurboCAD, MSA Group	1877739 39 CAL 22368465115338 115338 357 27
WIRE, Wintek Corp ICRD-CAP II, Spectrum Software ADS Drill, CAD Software ADS PCB, ADS Advite, Spice, MicroSim Device Equations Source Probe graphics post-processor Parts parameter estimator Monte Carlo Analysis Digital Files chema II, Omation MATWORK, Wintek Corp ingo Route, ACCEL Tech ACCEL Tech ACCEL Tech ATM ACCUISITION/SIGNAL AN/SIVSI Syst AD Adues 1, 2, 3 Syst Modules 1, 2, 4 Syst Modules 1,	\$         849           \$         849           CALL         890           CALL         890           399         399           399         399           399         399           399         399           3099         399           3099         3099           3099         3099           3099         3099           3099         3099           3099         3099           3099         1989           1         989           469         749           709         3099           1709         309	MathCAD 2.0, MathSoft Math Mate, MCAE Technologies muMATH, Soft Warehouse Solvel T., Structured Scentrific Software Solver O, SDDC TK:Solver Plus, Universal Tech Sys (40) AutoCAD by Artodesk S ( AutoSketch, by Autodesk Speed Enhanced Version Design CAD, Arrencan Small Bus Comp Drafix 1 Plus, Furesight Drafix 3-0 Modeler, Foresight EASYCAD, Ley Otton Computing ECAD, Pelton Engineering FASTCAD, Leyolution Computing Generic CADD Generic GAD Generic GAD Sofid Modeling 3-D Rendering Module In <sup>6</sup> A Vision, M Crografx Windows Oraw w/Clip Art Windows Graph LaserCAD, DSL Link PRO-30 (DC, Enabling Technologies TurboCAD, MSA Group AutoSSL, Systems Unlimited of CA S	1877739 2216394651153318577 2216684651153318577 278
WIRE, Wintek Corp ICRD-CAP II, Spectrum Software ADS Drill, CAD Software ADS PCB, ADS Advite, Spice, MicroSim Device Equations Source Probe graphics post-processor Parts parameter estimator Monte Carlo Analysis Digital Files chema II, Omation MATWORK, Wintek Corp ingo Route, ACCEL Tech ACCEL Tech ACCEL Tech ATM ACCUISITION/SIGNAL AN/SIVSI Syst AD Adues 1, 2, 3 Syst Modules 1, 2, 4 Syst Modules 1,	\$         849           \$         849           CALL         890           CALL         890           399         399           399         399           399         399           399         399           3099         399           3099         3099           3099         3099           3099         3099           3099         3099           3099         3099           3099         1989           1         989           469         749           709         3099           1709         309	MathCAD 2.0, MathSoft Math Mate, MCAE Technologies muMATH, Soft Warehouse SolvelTI, 'structured Scientific Software Solver-0, SDDC TK:Solver Plus, Universal Tech Sys CAD AutoStetch, by Autodesk Speed Enhanced Version Design CAD, Arrercas Small Bus Comp Drafix 3-0 Modeler, Foresight EASYCAD, Evolution Computing ECAD, Pelton Engineering FASTCAP, Evolution Computing ECAD, Pelton Engineering FASTCAP, Evolution Computing ECAD, Evolution Computing ECAD, Pelton Engineering FASTCAP, Evolution Computing Teneric CAD Generic CAD Generic CAD Sorger AVision, M Crografx Windows Crasw "Clip Art Windows Crasw "Clip Art Clip Art Art Art Art Math Art Art Art Art Art Art Art Art A	1877739 39 22368465115331857 22368465115331857 2768
WIRE, Wintek Corp ICRO-CAP II, Spectrum Software ADS Drill, CAD Software ADS Drill, CAD Software ADS CB, ADS Route, Spice, Alexanon Source Probe graphics post-processor Parts parameter estimator Monte Carlo Analysis Digital Fires Chema II, Omation ARTWORK, Wintek Corp ingo Route, ACCEL Tech ATACOUISIVION/SIGNAL ANALYSI syst 2.9 Syst Modules 1, 2, 3 Syst Modules 1, 2, 4 Syst Modules 1, 2, 7 Syst Modules 1, 2, 4 Syst M	R ■ \$ 84999 CALLL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CALL CA	MathCAD 2.0, MathSoft Math Mate, MCAE Technologies muMATH, Soft Warehouse Solvel T., Structured Scentrific Software Solver O, SDDC TK:Solver Plus, Universal Tech Sys (40) AutoCAD by Artodesk S ( AutoSketch, by Autodesk Speed Enhanced Version Design CAD, Arrencan Small Bus Comp Drafix 1 Plus, Furesight Drafix 3-0 Modeler, Foresight EASYCAD, Ley Otton Computing ECAD, Pelton Engineering FASTCAD, Leyolution Computing Generic CADD Generic GAD Generic GAD Sofid Modeling 3-D Rendering Module In <sup>6</sup> A Vision, M Crografx Windows Oraw w/Clip Art Windows Graph LaserCAD, DSL Link PRO-30 (DC, Enabling Technologies TurboCAD, MSA Group AutoSSL, Systems Unlimited of CA S	1877739 39 22368465115331857 22368465115331857 2768
WIRE, Wuitek Corp ICRO-CAP II. Spectrum Software ADS Drill, CAD Software ADS PCB. ADS PCB. Probe Equations Source Probe graphics post-processor Probe graphics post-processor Probe graphics source Probe Graphics Source Note Company Source Source Note Company ADS PCB ACCEL Tech Ingo PCB, ACCEL Tech Ingo PCB, ACCEL Tech Manage Source Source Source Source Source Source Source Source Source Source Source Source Source Source Source Source Source PC Source Source Source Source Source Source Source Source Source Source Source Source Source Source Source Source Source Source Source Source Source Source Source Source Source Source Source Source Sou	2 € 499 7599300000000000000000000000000000000000	MathCAD 2.0, MathSoft Math Mate, MCAE Technologies muMATH, Soft Warehouse SolvelTI, 'structured Scientific Software Salver-0, SDDC TRISolver Plus, Universal Tech Sys CAD AutoStetch, by Autodesk Speed Enhanced Version Design CAD, American Small Bus Comp Drafix 1 Plus, Furesight Drafix 2, Modeler, Foresight EAS VCAD, Evolution Computing ECAD, Pelton Engineering FASTCAD, Evolution Computing ECAD, Pelton Engineering Generic CAD Generic CAD Generic CAD Generic CAD Generic CAD Sing Maddeling 3-D Rendering Module 1n°A *Vision, Micrografx Windows Graph LaserCAD, DSL Link PRO-30 PC, Evabling Technologies TurboCAD, MSA Group AutoESL, Systems Unlimited of CA Simples	1877739 39 22368465115331857 22368465115331857 2768
ADS Drill, CAD Software ADS Drill, CAD Software ADS PCB, ADS Route; Spice, MicroSim Device Equations Source Probe graphics post-processor Parts parameter estimator Monte Carlo Analysis Digital Files chema II, Omation MATWORK, Wintek Corp. ango ROLE, ACCEL Tech ATA ACCULSITION/SIGNALAWAY/SI syst Adoutes 1, 2, 3 syst Modules 1, 2, 4 syst Adoutes 1, 2, 4 syst Modules 1, 2, 5 syst Modules 1, 2, 4 syst Modules 1, 2, 3 syst Modules 1, 2, 3 sys	RI         759           759         759           CALL         CALL           CALL         899           3399         3399           3399         449           849         9309           309         349           1989         469           1989         469           1989         5           5         309           1989         5           5         309           11,989         175           709         759           229         249           479         7759           229         249           479         759           709         470	MathCAD 2.0, MathSoft Math Mate, MCAE Technologies muMATH, Soft Warehouse SolverTI, 'structured Scientific Software Solver-0, SDDC TKISolver Plus, Universal Tech Sys CAD AutoSteth, by Actodesk Speed Enhanced Version Design CAD, Artercas Small Bus Comp Drafix 3-0 Modeler, Forsight EAD, Evolution Computing ECAD, Pelton Engineering FASTCAD, Evolution Computing ECAD, Pelton Engineering FASTCAD, Evolution Computing ECAD, Pelton Engineering FASTCAD, Evolution Computing Generic CAD Generic 3-D Solid Modeling 3-D Rendering Module Int'A Vision, Micrograftx Windows Draw w/Clip Art Windows Draw w/Clip Art Windows Craph LaserCAD, DSL Link PRO-30 DyL, Evolution Technologies TurboCAD, MISA Group AutoESL, Systems Unlimited of CA SaucoSHAPES FSIMPLEX, Turbo View, Sublogic Corp	187779 39 2221139946511531857 114531857 277884 4
IWIRE, Wintek Corp IICRO-CAP II, Spectrum Software ADS Drill, CAD Software ADS PCB, ADS Route; Spice, MicroSim Device Equations Source Probe graphics post-processor Parts parameter estimator Monte Carlo Analysis Digital Fires chema II, Omation MATWORK, Wintek Corp ango PCB, ACCEL Tech ATA COLUSTION/SIGNALAWAY/SI syst Adules 1, 2, 3 syst Modules 1, 2, 4 syst Adules 1, 2, 4 syst Adules 1, 2, 4 syst Modules 1, 2, 4 syst Modules 1, 2, 4 syst Modules 1, 2, 4 systant Flus, Macmilian systant, Macmilian Systant, Macmilian Systant, Macmilian Systant Systems ADISP, DS Pystems ADISP, DS Pystems ADISP, DS Pystems ADISP, DS Pystems ADISP, DS Pystems ADISCH Adult, Pius BTECH Acquire, Lab Tech Corp ABTECH RADM, And Control, Hact Scentific ADISB, Mach Time Access, tus Measure	RI         759           759         759           CALL         CALL           CALL         899           3399         3399           3399         449           849         9309           309         349           1989         469           1989         469           1989         5           5         309           1989         5           5         309           11,989         175           709         759           229         249           479         7759           229         249           479         759           709         470	MathCAD 2.0, MathSoft Math Mate, MCAE Technologies muMATH, Soft Warehouse SolvelTI, 'structured Scientific Software Solver-0, SDDC TK:Solver Plus, Universal Tech Sys CAD AutoStetch, by Autodesk Speed Enhanced Version Design CAD, American Small Bus Comp Drafix 1 Plus, Firlesight Drafix 1 Plus, Firlesight Drafix 1 Plus, Firlesight Drafix 1 Plus, Firlesight Generic CAD, Merchone CAD, Pelton Engineering FAST CAD, Levolution Computing 1 Generic CAD Solid Modeling 3-D Rendering Module Int A' Vision, Micrografix Windows Draw w/Clip Art Windows Craph LaserCAD, DSL Link PRO-30 DyC, Enabling Technologies TurboCAD, MSA Group AutoESL, Systems Unlimited of CA SaucoSHAPES FSIMPLEX, Turbo View, Sublogic Corp MOUSE PROJUCIS LDGITECH HIREZ Mouse S	187779 39 CAL671394639465115331857 221639465115331857 27884 44
IWIRE, Wintek Corp IKRD-CAP II. Spectrum Software ADS Drill, CAD Software ADS PCB: ADS PCB: ADS PCB: Device Feuetians Source Prote graphics post-processor Prote graphics post-processor Prote graphics post-processor Prote graphics for the source Prote graphics of the source Prote source of the source Prote source of the source Prote source Prote Source of the source Protect of the source Prote source E.D. D.A. and Control, Hart Scientific Nap-Sft, Hem Data Corp Nap-Sft, Hem Data Corp	RI         5         849         759           759         2421         2411         2411           CALL         CALL         2411         2411           CALL         3099         3099         3099           3099         3099         3099         3099           3099         3099         3099         3099           3099         3099         3099         3099           3099         3099         3099         3099           3099         3099         3099         3099           3099         3099         3099         3099           3099         3099         3099         3099           3099         3099         3099         3099           3099         3099         3099         3099           3099         3099         3099         3099           309         3099         3099         3099           309         3099         3099         3099           309         3099         3099         3099           309         3099         3099         3099           309         3099         3099         3099           309	MathCAD 2.0, MathSoft Math Mate, MCAE Technologies muMATH, Soft Warehouse SolvelTI, 'structured Scientific Software Solver-0, SDDC TK:Solver Plus, Universal Tech Sys CAD AutoStetch, by Autodesk Speed Enhanced Version Design CAD, American Small Bus Comp Drafix 1 Plus, Firlesight Drafix 1 Plus, Firlesight Drafix 1 Plus, Firlesight Drafix 1 Plus, Firlesight Generic CAD, Merchone CAD, Pelton Engineering FAST CAD, Levolution Computing 1 Generic CAD Solid Modeling 3-D Rendering Module Int A' Vision, Micrografix Windows Draw w/Clip Art Windows Craph LaserCAD, DSL Link PRO-30 DyC, Enabling Technologies TurboCAD, MSA Group AutoESL, Systems Unlimited of CA SaucoSHAPES FSIMPLEX, Turbo View, Sublogic Corp MOUSE PROJUCIS LDGITECH HIREZ Mouse S	EAL 1877739 22213639465115331857 22264671398465115331857 278844 14922 278844 14922 278844 14922 278844 14922 278844 14922 278844 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 14922 1492
IWIRE, Wintek Corp IKRD-CAP II. Spectrum Software ADS Drill, CAD Software ADS PCB: ADS PCB: ADS PCB: Device Feuetians Source Prote graphics post-processor Prote graphics post-processor Prote graphics post-processor Prote graphics for the source Prote graphics of the source Prote source of the source Prote source of the source Prote source Prote Source of the source Protect of the source Prote source E.D. D.A. and Control, Hart Scientific Nap-Sft, Hem Data Corp Nap-Sft, Hem Data Corp	RI         5         849         759           759         2421         2411         2411           CALL         CALL         2411         2411           CALL         3099         3099         3099           3099         3099         3099         3099           3099         3099         3099         3099           3099         3099         3099         3099           3099         3099         3099         3099           3099         3099         3099         3099           3099         3099         3099         3099           3099         3099         3099         3099           3099         3099         3099         3099           3099         3099         3099         3099           3099         3099         3099         3099           309         3099         3099         3099           309         3099         3099         3099           309         3099         3099         3099           309         3099         3099         3099           309         3099         3099         3099           309	MathCAD 2.0, MathSoft Math Mate, MCAE Technologies muMATH, Soft Warehouse SolvelTI, 'structured Scientific Software Solver-0, SDDC TK:Solver Plus, Universal Tech Sys CAD AutoStetch, by Autodesk Speed Enhanced Version Design CAD, American Small Bus Comp Drafix 1 Plus, Firlesight Drafix 1 Plus, Firlesight Drafix 1 Plus, Firlesight Drafix 1 Plus, Firlesight Generic CAD, Merchone CAD, Pelton Engineering FAST CAD, Levolution Computing 1 Generic CAD Solid Modeling 3-D Rendering Module Int A' Vision, Micrografix Windows Draw w/Clip Art Windows Craph LaserCAD, DSL Link PRO-30 DyC, Enabling Technologies TurboCAD, MSA Group AutoESL, Systems Unlimited of CA SaucoSHAPES FSIMPLEX, Turbo View, Sublogic Corp MOUSE PROJUCIS LDGITECH HIREZ Mouse S	1877739 CAL671363946511533857 2226846511533857 27884 44 149223
IWIRE, Wintek Corp IICRO-CAP II, Spectrum Software ADS Drill, CAD Software ADS PCB, ADS Route; Spice, MicroSim Device Equations Source Probe graphics post-processor Parts parameter estimator Monte Carlo Analysis Digital Files Chema II, Jmation mage Route, ACCEL Tech ARTWORK, Wintek Corp ango ROLE, ACCEL Tech ACCEL Tech ACCEL Tech ARTWORK, Wintek Corp ango Route, ACCEL Tech ACCEL Tech ACCEL Tech ASTA ACCULSTION/SIGNAL AN/ALVSI Syst Modules 1, 2, 3 Syst Modules 1, 2, 4 Syst Modul	RI         759           759         759           CALL         CALL           CALL         899           3099         3093           3093         3093           3093         3093           3093         3093           3093         3093           3093         3093           3093         3093           3093         3093           3093         3093           3093         3093           3093         3093           3093         3093           3093         3093           3093         3093           3093         3093           3093         3093           3093         3093           3093         3093           3093         3093           3093         3093           3093         3093           3093         3093           3093         3093           3093         3093           3093         3093           3093         3093           3093         3093           3093         3093           3093	MathCAD 2.0, MathSoft Math Mate, MCAE Technologies muMATH, Soft Warehouse Solver 0, SDDC TRISolver Plus, Universal Tech Sys GAO AutoStetch, by Autodesk Speed Enhanced Version Design CAD, Arrencas Small Bus Comp Drafix 3.0 Modeler, Foresight EASYCAD, Evolution Computing ECAD, Petton Engineering FASTCAD, Evolution Computing ECAD, Petton Engineering FASTCAD, Evolution Computing ECAD, Petton Engineering FASTCAD, Evolution Computing Tech D, Petton Engineering FASTCAD, Evolution Computing S-D Rendering Module In*A*Vision, M Erografx Windows Graph LaserCAD, DSL Link. PRD-3D 'PC, Evabling Technologies Turbo CAD, MSA Group. AUTOCAD AOO-DNS AutoESL, Systems Unlimited of CA S AutoSHAPES FSIMPLEX, Turbo View, Sublogic Corp MOUST PRODUCIS LDGITECH HiREZ Mouse LDGITECH Beries 2 Mouse	1877739 CAL6713639465115331857 2226639465115331857 278844 149231857 278844 149231857 278844 149231857
INTRE, Wintek Corp ICRD-CAP II. Spectrum Software ADS Drill, CAD Software ADS PCB. ADS PCB. ADS PCB. Probe Equations Source Probe graphics post-processor Probe graphics post-processor Probe graphics Source Probe Graphics Note Comparison ADISP-ABS DSP Systems Ingise Comparison ADISP-ABS DSP Systems Ingise Comparison PERSIGNAL Plus BTECH Acquire, Lab Tech Corp BTECH Actions BTECH Actions Torp ADISP-ABS COPE E.D. D.A. and Control, Hart Scentific VAP-SALC, HEM Data Corp NAP-STP ADISP BASE COPE	RI         5         849         759           759         2421         2411         2411           CALL         CALL         2411         2411           CALL         3099         3099         3099           3099         3099         3099         3099           3099         3099         3099         3099           3099         3099         3099         3099           3099         3099         3099         3099           3099         3099         3099         3099           3099         3099         3099         3099           3099         3099         3099         3099           3099         3099         3099         3099           3099         3099         3099         3099           3099         3099         3099         3099           309         3099         3099         3099           309         3099         3099         3099           309         3099         3099         3099           309         3099         3099         3099           309         3099         3099         3099           309	MathCAD 2.0, MathSoft Math Mate, MCAE Technologies muMATH, Soft Warehouse SolvelTI, 'structured Scientific Software Solver-0, SDDC TK:Solver Plus, Universal Tech Sys CAD AutoStetch, by Autodesk Speed Enhanced Version Design CAD, American Small Bus Comp Drafix 1 Plus, Firlesight Drafix 1 Plus, Firlesight Drafix 1 Plus, Firlesight Drafix 1 Plus, Firlesight Generic CAD, Merchone CAD, Pelton Engineering FAST CAD, Levolution Computing 1 Generic CAD Solid Modeling 3-D Rendering Module Int A' Vision, Micrografix Windows Draw w/Clip Art Windows Craph LaserCAD, DSL Link PRO-30 DyC, Enabling Technologies TurboCAD, MSA Group AutoESL, Systems Unlimited of CA SaucoSHAPES FSIMPLEX, Turbo View, Sublogic Corp MOUSE PROJUCIS LDGITECH HIREZ Mouse S	18777339 CAL67136394651142318577 1142318577 2718844 1498

#### FoxBASE + / 386. High C, Metaware NOP FORTRAN, Microway Pharlap 386 ASM/LINK 459 839 553 422 GOTO Drawbridge, Courseware Applic Essential Graphics GraphiC, Software Endeavors GSS Graphics Dev. Toolkit, Software 386 SOFTWARE 229 322 DESQuiew, Quarterdeck Microport — Sys. V/386 Comp. MS Windows/386, Microsoft PC MOS/386, Software Link. VM/386, IGC SCO XENIX — Complete \$ CS Graphics Dev. Tournet, Survivale Endeavors HALD '88, Media Cybernetics HODPS, Ithaca Software MetaWINDDW, Metagraphics MetaWINDDW, DLUS Turbo WINDDW/C Turbo HALD (Turbo C), Media Cybernetics 399 229 554 162 232 182 1279 BO DEBUGGERS Deriscope I DTHER Periscope Products Advanced Trace-86, Morgan Scinputing Breakout, Essential Tdebug PLUS V.4.0, Turbo Power Soft wiSgurce 141 OBJECT - DRIENTED s CALL 121 41 ACTOR, White Water Group ADVANTAGE C ..., Lifeboat PforCe -, Phoenix Smalltalk/V, Digitalk Smalltalk/V286 423 479 215 85 159 泊215 w/Source Pfix86plus, Phoenix DPERATING SYSTEMS EDITORS CALL CALL 169 268 151 Microport DDS Merge Microport Sys V/AT SCO XENIX System V BRIEF, Solution Systems w/dBRIEF BRIEF Solution Systems widBRIEF Solution Systems widBRIEF Solution Systems EDIX, Emerging Technology EMACS, Unipress Kealt, Mansfield WULT-EDIT, American Cybernetics Norton Editor PC/EDT +, Boston Business Computing Pmate, Phoenix SPF/PC, Command Technology VEDIT PLUS, CompuView XTC, Wendin 579 dia.009 RO Other Microport, Sco, Wendin Products CALL 129 SCREENS/WINDOWS Schlandsminderus Greenleaf Data Windows MS Windows, Microsoft MS Windows, Dev. Kit, Microsoft PANEL Dius, Lifeboat PANEL /OC or /TC Visamin C, Creative Programming Windows for Data, Vermont Creative ScreenStar w/Source, Essential SoftCode, Software Bottling Co Turbo PDWER SCREEN 2:29 329 395 395 162 2:59 135 131 80 CALL 169 119 101 **FILE MANAGERS** Btrieve, Softcraft \$ Xtrieve Report Option CBTAEE, Peacock System c-tree, Farcom -tree dBC III, Lattice dBC III/I W/Source dBC III PLUS db VISTA Ddb DUERY, Raima XOL, Softcraft Xtrieve i A OTHER PRODUCTS 141 318 241 172 363 599 Dan Bricklin's Demo Program, Software Graden Uan Bricklin's Uemo Program, Software Graden MKS Toolkit MS OS/22 Programmer's Toolkit PC int, Gimpel Plink86Plus, Phoenix Polytron PVCS CORPORATE Pre-C, Phoenix SEIDL Version Manager Source Print, Aldebaran Labs CALL 599 1 GRAPHICS ADVANTAGE Graphics, Lifeboat 229 \$ EXP, Brooks Cole Publishing For Math, Shantha Software Lotus Manuscript PC TEX, Personal TEX T3 Sci. Word Proc., TCI Suftware Res System ID Toolbox PDINT FIVE, Pacific Crest The Professional Wheel, Dalin Inc Units, Curtis Technical Soft 129 379 375 279 199 25 145 229 499 Units, Luc. PORTAANLANGUAGE OIFF-E-0, Microcompatibles \$ 437 Extend, Design Decisions 131 Extend, Design Decisions 131 Lahey F77L-EM/32 799 Lahey Forsonal FORTRAN 89 MathPac, Systelic Systems 445 Microsofts FORTRAN w(CodeView 299 Numerical Analyst, Magus 249 Numerical Analyst, STATISTICS ABstat, Anderson Bell CSS, StatSoft Microstat, Ecosoft NWA STATPAK, Northwest P-STAT 315 469 319 749 659 P-SIAI The Scientific Wheel, Dalin Inc. SPSS/PC + StatPac Gold, Walonick Associates STATS +, StatSoft THE SYSTAT 99 749 539 229 CALL ADDITIONAL SEE PRODUCTS ATLAS'C GRAPHICS, STSC Atoms, Curtis Technical Soft COMPEDITOR, Avecolinc Engineer's Aide, Eng Prog Cincepts LASCAUX 1000 Calculator PC-Matlab, The Math Works Control System Toolbox GAUSS 339 25 155 649 \$ GAUSS Prog. Lang., Aptech Sys GAUSS Math & Stat System 240 380 \$ X-ASMS/SIMULATORS 659 375 Microtec, Relms, Uniware, Quelo \$ CALL Call for your FREE catalog today! Ordering Information Information We accept AMERICAN EX PRESS MC VISA and PERSONAL CHECKS The is no surface on lied card in C O D. New York State residents must ind sales tax. Shipping and handling \$3 95 per item within the U S sent UPS ground Rush and interna-tional service available Cal-for prevaling rates International orders add \$10 for excount orepart In the U.S. call 1-800-333-3141 International Orders: 914-332-0756 119 139 99 International orders \$10 for explicit preparation Prices and public esimilar 1201 ge without Dealers and Corporate Buyers call for special 499 209 80 rates. • Mail orders must include

Circle 214 on Reader Service Card

ChartBuster PC, Interchart Software .\$ Datatep Graph, Milhaisın Assoc. Damipiets Scientric Endeavors. PC, MAP III, Peerless Engineering PLDT2, Curtis Technical Soft TECH\*GRAPH\*PAD, binary engimeering

319 259

\$ 119

a

APLLANGUAGE

APL°P/US/PC, STSC APL°PLUS PC TOOLS, Pocket APL

SCIENTIFIC:TEXT PROCESSING

CHEM-TEXT, Molecular Design Ltd EXACT, Technical Support Software

EQUATION SOLVERS

Eureka: The Solver, Borland

\$1,500 419

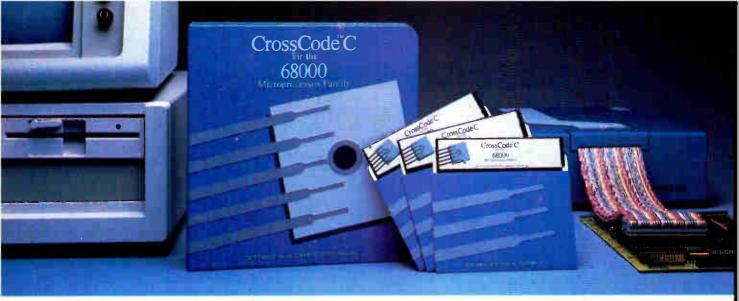
phone number. • Ask for details before you buy some manufacturers work take returns if disk seals are broken

SOFTWARE CO.

55 South Broadway, Tarrytown, NY 10591

OF SESTER CON

π



Embedded systems designers have already used CrossCode C in over 172 different applications.

### Introducing CrossCode C for the 68000 Microprocessor Family

## Finally, a 68000 C Compiler that's tailor-made for ROMable applications

**C**rossCode C is designed *specifically* to help you write ROMable code for all members of the Motorola 68000 family.

### A ROMable C Compiler?

To get truly ROMable code, you have to start with a truly ROMable compiler. Here are three **CrossCode C** features that you won't find in any ordinary C compiler:

- Compiler output code is split into five independent memory sections that you can assign into ROM or RAM as you please.
- You can optimize the code for your application because you control the sizes of data types. For example, you can optimize for speed by using two byte *ints*, or get maximum versatility by using four byte *ints*.
- You can easily write assembly language routines that call C functions and vice-versa, because the compiler uses simple, well documented parameter passing conventions.

### How About Low Level Control?

**CrossCode C** comes with an assembler that has all the features that assembly language programmers require. In fact, you could write your whole application with it:

- The assembler features an advanced macro language, conditional assembly, "include" files, and an unlimited size symbol table.
- Detailed cross references show you where you've defined and referenced your symbols.
- After a link, you can actually convert your "relocatable" assembler listings into "absolute" listings that contain absolute addresses and fully linked object code.

### **Can It Handle The Link?**

The **CrossCode C** linker is designed to handle truly huge loads. There are no limits on the number of symbols in your load or on the size of your output file. And you can always count on full 32 bit target addressability, because the linker operates comfortably in the highest ranges of the 68020's address space.

### How Does It Get To ROM?

**CrossCode C** comes with a *downloader* that puts you in touch with all EPROM programmers and emulators. It can convert your load into Motorola S-Records, Intel Hex, Tek Hex, Extended Tek Hex, and Data I/O ASCII Hex. You can also produce a binary

World Radio History

image and convert that image into any format you might want. In all formats, bytes can be split into EPROMs for an 8, 16, or 32 bit data bus.

### Why Wait?

Once you start using **CrossCode C**, you may just wonder how you ever got the job done before! It's available under MS-DOS for just \$1595, and it runs on all IBM PCs and compatibles (640K memory and hard disk are required). Also available under UNIX & XENIX.

### CALL TODAY for more information: 1-800-448-7733

Inside Illinois or outside the United States, please dial

### PHONE: 1-312-971-8170 FAX: 1-312-971-8513

SOFTWARE DEVELOPMENT SYSTEMS, INC. 3110 WOODCREEK DRIVE DOWNERS GROVE, ILLINOIS 60515 USA

CrossCode<sup>14</sup> is a trademark of SOFTWARE DEVELOPMENT SYSTEMS, iNC. MS-DOS<sup>56</sup> is a registered trademark of Microsoft: UNIX\* is a registered trademark of AT&T. XENIX<sup>46</sup> is a registered trademark of Microsoft.

Circle 221 on Reader Service Card

### EXPERT ADVICE MACINATIONS Don Crabb



# WHAT'S UP WITH APPLE?

Late shipments, abandoned products, and blown promises are driving the rest of us crazy

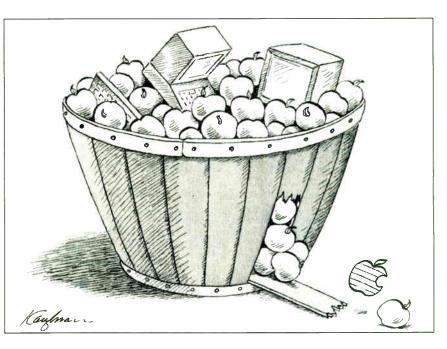
s I write this column, it is the third week of May. I am still waiting for Apple to release its System Tools 6.0 software for the Mac. I had hoped to report on the updated released versions of the System, Finder, and MultiFinder. Apple promised members of the Apple University Consortium (AUC) in March that the revised System software would be available on AppleLink, CompuServe, GEnie, MacNET, and elsewhere by the end of April, with complete shrink-wrapped kits (à la System Tools 5.0) and printed documentation soon after.

Late, incomplete, and confused distribution has plagued the release of Mac system software since the first update in 1984. In the last year, though, the confusion and problems have spread to other Apple software products, growing almost in parallel with Apple's impressive fiscal performance. As Apple has grown from an entrepreneurial enterprise to a more traditionally managed technology company, several important products have either fallen between management cracks or been released woefully incomplete.

The fact is, Apple has blown a lot of promises lately. Two more examples will serve to clarify my point: MacPascal and A/UX.

### **MacPascal**

Ever wonder what happened to MacPascal? Did you know that you can't currently buy it from Apple (or anyone else)? I first discovered the "MacPascal problem" in January. It was then that I had



Apple's new System Tools 5.0 software installed on our laboratory Macs. One of the primary uses for these machines is to teach introductory programming. Because of its friendly interface and novicecentered development environment, along with its multiple-window approach to interpreted execution and debugging, MacPascal is a perfect environment for learning. It's safe to say that MacPascal helped sell a lot of Macs to universities.

Almost as soon as the System Tools 5.0 was installed, we started having serious problems with MacPascal 2.1 (the latest version). Program files became corrupted, printing failed, working programs refused to run, and so on. To make an excruciating story short, after considerable effort I found that Apple had simply dropped MacPascal. No more versions. No bug fixes. No more MacPascal. Nothing. Apple recommended that we either run MacPascal 2.1 with old system software or migrate to another Pascal. What was even more frustrating

was that no one at Apple could point to whose decision it was to drop MacPascal.

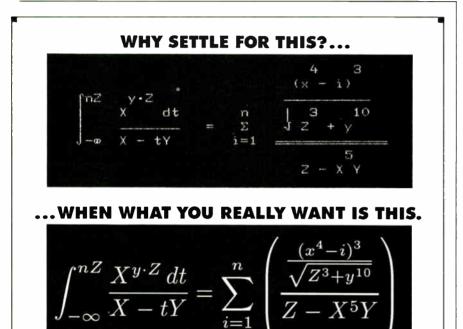
It's now 5 months later, and the only good news is that Apple is near an agreement with Symantec/Think Technologies (the original authors) to take Mac-Pascal back into its fold for an eventual rewrite and rerelease next fall. Are they kidding? People who are using MacPascal can't put their work on hold until the autumn of 1989. Most Pascal users will probably adopt our strategy: migrate to Think's Pascal compiler, Lightspeed Pascal, even though it's not as good a product for learning programming.

### A/UX

Apple's much-ballyhooed Unix for the Mac II, A/UX, is another of Apple's software mistakes. The product missed its initial ship date (August 1987) by more than 6 months. When it finally shipped in February of 1988, Apple had not done its homework in addressing one *continued*  of its largest groups of potential A/UX customers: users of System V and BSD 4.2/4.3 Unix.

As announced, A/UX was simply not competitive with Unix offerings from Sun, Apollo, and AT&T. It was too expensive, and could be purchased only on an Apple 80-megabyte hard disk; tape distribution was not available. Apple had made no provisions for distributing the source code for A/UX. Dedicated Unix users simply *must* have the source code. And despite earlier promises to the contrary, A/UX deflated the hopes of a large segment of its intended market by being mostly plain vanilla System V. A/UX definitely was *not* Unix for the rest of us.

To be fair, we should be able to forgive Apple for this last failing, especially since A/UX 1.0 is its first Unix release. Apple got a lot of technical things right with 1.0. It also broke new ground by making it easier to recover from Unix file-system errors and install new de-



Quality work should look high-quality. What better reason to try  $PCTEX^{\otimes}$ —the full implementation of Prof. D. Knuth's revolutionary TEXformatting/typesetting program.

PCTEX offers professional typesetting capabilities & advantages to PC users. It gives you control—of format, type, symbols, quality—for complex mathematical &





INC To order or for information, call: 415/388-8853 or write: Personal TEX, Inc. 12 Madrona Avenue Mill Valley, CA 94941 USA PSD: na regetter I Mot Personal TA Sine I Vision American Mathematical Switch TM Manufactor's model mode at the IDS

engineering material, statistical tables or straight matter.

So whether you're writing the next starshot manual or a thesis on relativity, you get camera/publisher-ready manuscripts to be proud of, quick & simple. Don't settle for less.

From Personal T<sub>E</sub>X, Inc., starting at \$249; VISA/MC welcome. Satisfaction guaranteed.

PCTEX FORMATTING/TYPESETTING SYSTEM • FINE TYPESET QUALITY from dot matrix or laser printers, or phototypesetters. • A COMPLETE PRODUCT. Includes • our specially written PCTRK Manual that lets you use TEX immediately • custom 'macro package' formats for letters, manuals, technical documents, etc. • the LaTEX document preparation system (with user's manual) macro package for article, book, report preparation • AMS-TEX, developed by the American Mathematical Society for professional mathematical typesetting. • OUTPUT DEVICE DRIVERS available for Epson FX, LQ • Toshiba • HP LaserJet Series • Apple LaserWriter • Screen preview, with EGA, VGA or Hercules card. • REQUIRES: IBM PC/AT, AT or compatible, DOS 2.0 or higher & 512K RAM; hard disk for printer drivers & fonts. This aid is typeset & composed using IPTEX Bistrem<sup>®</sup> fonts & liser printer Lopotype & back backprounds done photographically vices. But the other A/UX problems point to a larger management problem: an inability to announce and deliver software on schedule and as described. Apple's spin-off company, Claris, will help somewhat (by taking applications like MacWrite away from Apple), but the management difficulties remain for Apple's languages and system software.

Apple's mistakes make a disturbingly long list; I hope the folks there are learning from the errors. All the lawsuits in the world won't help retain or increase market share if the way it has handled A/UX, MacPascal, and system software becomes a trend.

### System Tools 6.0

I've worked with a beta version of System Tools 6.0 for several weeks. About all I can say is that it lives up to its beta designation. It didn't work properly on the Mac II, SE, or Plus I used for testing. Whether I copied the files to clean hard disks or used the Installer to update an existing System, the stuff just didn't work right. Screens froze for no reason, the mouse went dead, and bombs with just about every ID number known to *Inside Macintosh* cropped up. Since this is labeled an "early beta," I hope the problems are fixed before release.

The new software included a couple of interesting new features worth remembering: a notification manager and a new font format. The notification manager is supposed to notify foreground applications running under MultiFinder when a background application (e.g., a telecommunications program) needs direct attention. As it stands now, the notification manager should be useful if you expect to upload or download several files in the background while working on something else in the foreground. I hope software publishers will take advantage of this capability to allow other functions that need occasional attention to operate in the background (e.g., program compilation or hard disk backup).

The new font format, NFNT, allows up to 16,000 fonts to be loaded into a system, up from the 256 you can load now (without using a third-party DA/font manager like AlSoft's Font DA/Juggler Plus). You can also install up to 32,000 individual fonts in your system with the new format. The increased limits come from NFNT assigning font numbers to entire font families rather than to individual fonts. Unfortunately, NFNT fonts are not compatible with the existing ones, and Apple does not yet have any software to convert the old fonts to the new format *continued* 

# An inside look at the best 386 value around.

The more you lock into 386 compatibles, the more you realize that well thought-out design innovations (that really work) are few and far between.

That's why our engineers set out to design the GV-386. They realized they could unlock more of the chip's potential, if only they could speed up data retrieval, without affecting system reliability.

### **INNER POWER**

GV 386

Here's how they did it: a high-speed RAM cache

circuit—a full 64K of superfast memory—that puts your most frequently accessed data right at your fingertips. If you're ever involved in processing complex databases, long spreadsheets, or detailed engineering drawings, you'll see the value of this innovation in a second...literally.

Best of all, the cache circuit actually makes the GV-386 more reliable than other high-speed machines, by sparing integrated circuits from harsh overloading.

Our BBS is on-line 24 hours Call The Soft Stop at 918-252-9137

Prices subject to change Circle 171 on Reader Service Card

### GV-386 Specifications

- Available with 16MHz or 20MHz CPU
- Zero Wait States
- 64K Cache (keyboard enabled)
- □ IMB RAM on-board, expandable to 4MB
- Socketed for 80287 or 80387
- I/O Bus runs at 8MHz for hardware compatibility
- Six 16-bit slots; Two 8-bit slots
- Price: 20MHz systems start at \$2,750; 16MHz systems as low as \$2,375

World Radio History

### **QUALITY THROUGHOUT**

Of course, our most important criterion when designing our super compatible wasn't speed—it was quality. Take a look inside the GV-386 and you'll see it everywhere: from the highest quality components available to the intelligent use of special CMOS RAM to store system set-up information. On the outside, the fit and finish of the GV-386 would make Big Blue green. Even the user's manual has impressed users and reviewers alike.

> We'd like to tell you more about what went into the GV-386. Give us a call and we'll give you the whole story. We'll also tell you about our exclusive 30-Day Compatibility Guarantee, our full One-Year Warranty and our tollfree support service.

The GV-386 from PC Designs. With design innovations this advanced, at this price, it's an open and shut case.



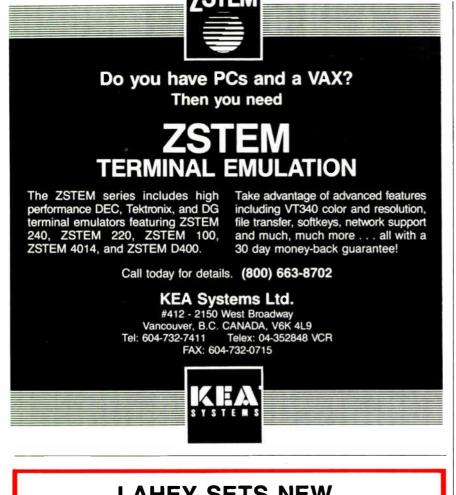
Call us now at 1-800-32-BIT PC

(800-322-4872)

2500 N. Hemlock Circle, Broken Arrow OK 74012 • 918-251-5550 (Fax, 918-251-7057)

19 Rector Street Suite 2705 New York NY 10006 • 212-514-7280 (Fax: 212-797-3973)





### LAHEY SETS NEW FORTRAN STANDARDS

LAHEY PERSON/ Low cost, Full 77 Sta			\$95
"the most robust	pping, this is the of compiler tested." nt and productive l		\$477
Language Systems for	OS 640K barrier. * or downloading of	F77L-EM/32-bit The most powerful PC Fortran r writing large programs.	<b>\$8</b> 95
PRODUCTIVITY Profiler, ULI Mathema		ibrary, Overlay Linker, Toolkit,	

Profiler, ULI Mathematical Functions Library, Overlay Linker, Toolkit, Utility Libraries, Windows, Memory Boards, 80386 HummingBoard.

IF YOU DEMAND THE VERY BEST, THEN YOU SHOULD BE USING LAHEY. CALL US TO DISCUSS YOUR PC FORTRAN NEEDS.

CALL FOR NEW FEATURES INCLUDING MATH COPROCESSOR EMULATION

30 DAY MONEY-BACK GUARANTEE FOR INFORMATION OR TO ORDER: 1-800-548-4778

Lahey Computer Systems, Inc. P.O. Box 6091, Incline Village, NV 89450 TEL: 702-831-2500 TLX: 9102401256 FAX: 702-831-8123



World Radio History

The beta 6.0 System disks I tested, despite taking up four 800K-byte disks, also lacked any NFNT fonts. Still, Apple would not have created the new font format if it didn't plan to use it, so NFNT utility software and fonts might appear as early as the Boston '88 MacWorld Expo. I expect that vendors like Adobe, who have substantial investments in existing libraries of typefaces, will eventually convert some or all of their fonts to the new NFNT format.

### FoxBASE+/Mac

I've been working with FoxBASE+/ Mac, a relational database, since December 1987, when it was a low-numbered beta. I've had the initial released version (1.0) for about a month now, and I'm impressed. FoxBASE+/Mac is fast. Not just a little bit fast, but a lot fast. In the 1000-, 10,000-, and 50,000-record flatfile tests I've run, it's faster than any other Macintosh database, relational or not. The same blazing speed held up in the limited multifile relational tests I tried (relating 3 files of 10,000, 5000, and 2500 records each). FoxBASE+/ Mac outruns 4th Dimension, McMax, dBASE Mac, FileMaker Plus, Reflex Plus, Omnis 3 Plus, Double Helix II, and others at the basic tasks of creating, importing, modifying, sorting, retrieving, and deleting database information.

FoxBASE +/Mac is a dBASE III Pluscompatible database for the Mac. It can run any dBASE III Plus code directly (once you've ported it over to the Mac using TOPS, or through a serial connection, or by using the Apple File Exchange software and a PC-compatible Mac disk drive). It can also read dBASE data files without modifications. FoxBASE +/Mac also read the PC FoxBASE files I tried.

FoxBASE +/Mac, however, is not the first software to offer complete dBASE III Plus compatibility on a Mac. The dMacIII program, first published by Format Software (a West German company), and rewritten and rereleased in 1987 by Nantucket Software as McMax, claims that honor. McMax is fast too, although slower than FoxBASE.

If FoxBASE+/Mac were just a faster version of McMax, its market would be limited primarily to developers who want to port their dBASE III applications over to the Mac. Happily, speed is just part of the appeal of FoxBASE+/Mac.

Unlike McMax, FoxBASE+/Mac includes a set of command extensions and additional features that go way beyond

dBASE. FoxBASE can build applications that incorporate many familiar Macintosh software features, such as pulldown menus, radio buttons, scrollable and editable text windows, dialog and alert boxes, resizable and scrollable output windows, font and font-size control, icon-style menus, and color on the Mac II. These features give FoxBASE+/Mac much more utility as a Macintosh-only database applications development system than McMax. FoxBASE+/Mac's direct competition is Acius's 4th Dimension. It easily beat 4D 1.04 in my benchmark speed tests (4D 1.04, the current release as of May 1988, suffers from a number of speed problems), and I suspect that even the improved 4th Dimension, version 1.1, will still be drubbed by FoxBASE in speed testing.

FoxBASE +/Mac also costs \$300 less than 4D. But speed and price are not the only concerns for database developers and users. The total development and user environment is just as important as any performance and value rating based only on speed and list price. In this more complete comparison, FoxBASE still has a lot of catching up to do. 4D provides more features, more development aids, and a better overall environment than does FoxBASE +/Mac. 4D also offers a run-time version for developers, and it supports multiple users (with proper file and record locking) over AppleShare.

Fox Software expected to release a run-time version of FoxBASE +/Mac in June for \$300. By that time, the company should also have released a LAN version compatible with the file and record locking utilities of AppleShare and 3Com's 3 + Share.

Given how rapidly Fox Software has gotten a serious Mac relational database into the market, I'd keep a close eye on it. I expect version 2.0 will keep its speed and add more development tools.

#### **FullWrite Professional**

Here's a program that looked like quintessential vaporware. First announced at the January 1987 MacWorld by Ann Arbor Softworks (the FullPaint people), its release was repeatedly postponed. Ashton-Tate finally bought it in February and began shipping it at the end of April. I've tried version 1.0 for a week and have some initial impressions.

At \$395 it's competitively priced with Microsoft Word 3.02, although Microsoft's aggressive volume and educational discount purchase program often drops Word's price to less than \$90. In contrast, I paid \$219 for my copy of Full-Write Professional from a local Chicago

Items Discussed						
Apple Macintosh	FoxBASE +/Mac 1.0\$395					
System Tools 6.0 \$39	Fox Software, Inc.					
Apple Computer Inc.	118 West South Broadway					
20525 Mariani Ave.	Perrysburg, OH 43551					
Cupertino, CA 95014	(419) 874-0162					

Inquiry 908.

FullWrite Professional ......\$395 Ashton-Tate Corp. 20101 Hamilton Ave. Torrance, CA 90502 (213) 329-8000. Inquiry 920.

computer store (not a chain franchise).

(408) 996-1010

Apple Computer Inc.

Cupertino, CA 95014

Price not set at press time

20525 Mariani Ave.

(408) 996-1010

Inquiry 906.

Inquiry 905.

A/UX 1.0

Version 1.0 is slow. In fact, as a basic editor, it is annoyingly slow. I tried writing this column using FullWrite but gave up because the screen scrolled too slowly, and search-and-replace operations creeped along (I finished the column using MindWrite 1.1). I used a 1-megabyte Mac Plus in these tests. Brief testing on an 8-megabyte Mac II showed that

*`m impressed. FoxBASE is not just a little bit fast, but a lot fast.* 

FullWrite performed well. Therefore, on a fully configured Mac II, FullWrite is a good editing choice.

There's no question about FullWrite's credentials as a high-end word processor, though. It surpasses Word's desktop publishing (DTP) features by adding page-layout and drawing functions (although it's no match for the page-layout capabilities of a complete DTP program like PageMaker 3.0). Besides the basic DTP capabilities. FullWrite has a slew of editing and formatting features just like Word: a spelling checker, an outliner (yes, a usable integrated outliner, unlike Word's useless one), automatic hyphenation, automatic indexing and table of contents creation, and floating footnotes. FullWrite also has some nice editing features that Word lacks, such as review notes and revision journaling.

Like many beta testers, I had problems with FullWrite reading Word files, but my system didn't crash. Instead, the file would open with corrupted text. The released version doesn't have this problem.

Despite FullWrite's slowness compared to Word and MindWrite, I still liked the program. It's very easy to figure out and use. If I was in the habit of creating long structured documents with some graphics elements in them, I'd probably choose FullWrite over a combination of PageMaker and Word, because it would be simpler to learn and use and still produce an acceptable result.

As a basic full-screen editor/word processor, though, FullWrite Professional is just too slow on a 1-megabyte Mac Plus, and it requires too many machine resources (at least 1 megabyte of memory, preferably 2 megabytes, and as fast a hard disk drive as you can afford). For my basic writing needs, I'll stick with MindWrite 1.1 and Word 3.02, because I don't need all the DTP features of FullWrite. MindWrite's wonderful outliner is reason enough for me to rely on it, while Word's scrolling speed and global updating acumen more than make up for its other flaws. ■

Don Crabb is the director of laboratories and a senior lecturer for the computer science department and the college at the University of Chicago. He is also a consulting editor for BYTE. He can be reached on BIX as "decrabb." The views expressed are his own.

Your questions and comments are welcome. Write to: Editor, BYTE, One Phoenix Mill Lane, Peterborough, NH 03458.

Mendelson Electronics Inc. 1-800-422-3525

### **CONTROL YOUR HOME OR BUSINESS** FROM YOUR IBM\*PC OR PC/AT COMPATIBLE

This card is what you need to TURN ON & OFF lights, machinery, and other electrical or electronic equipment.

IBM PC\* DATA ACQUISITION AND CONTROL ADAPTER DISTRIBUTION æ **PANEL** provides the capability to control and monitor processes

within a sensor base system.

Up to four IBM DATA ACOUISITION AND CONTROL ADAPTERS can be altached to an individual PC or AT

Compatible • The Adapter has

In a papter has Four analog input channels (12-bit resolution) Two analog output channels (12-bit resolution) 16-channel digital input port 16-channel digital output port Programmable sampling rates provided by a 32-bit time? Event timer Event counter programmable rate generator or programmable time delay provided by a 16-bit user timer/ counter

he Distribution Panel has Screw terminals provided to anach devices to the distribution panel Autopale grounds for twisted pair terminations - Shielded construction to minimize noise unterterence

Chromatography, Electrochemistry, Energy management, Elec-tronic testing Process control Data logging, Robotics Some parameters commonly monitored or controlled include Pressure; Flow, Displacement, Voltage, Light intensity, Rotational

Some instruments or devices that may utilize the Adapter are Chromatographs, Spectrophotometers, Pressure gages, Relay controls Thermocouples, Gas analyzers, Humidity sensors, Valve actuators Level gauges, Load cetts, Conductivity cells, ph. Meters

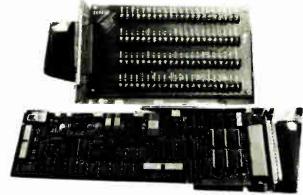
 TECHNICAL DATA
 ANALOG INPUT The analog input functions of the adapter
 ale in experie programed or interrupting mode. The analog
 lunctions provide 12-bit relative accuracy
 RESOLUTION - 12 bits
 INPUT CHANNELS - tour differential analog input

mm

**IBM\* DATA ACQUISTION AND CONTROL ADAPTER** #6451502 ORGINAL COST \$1275

**IBM\* ADAPTER DISTRIBUTION PANEL** #6451504 ORGINAL COST \$245

NEW SHIPMENT JUST



IBM PC\*DATA ACQUISITION AND CONTROL ADAPTER provides an easy to use interface for accessing the ANALOG and DIGITAL I/O. Integrates analog, binary and time/ counter devices on a single adapter card.

unipolar or bipolar user-selectable

0 to ±10 volts user-selectable ±5 and ±+10 volts user-selectable

straight binary offset binary - 5 miliamps min with normal koading and protection hom damage with the output shorted to common 2 onm mai 0.5 microfarads, mai

± 3 25 millivolt max

### THIS IS AN ORIGINAL IBM\* PRODUCT !!!

unipolar gr bijid usar-selei table

0 TO = 10 volts

user-selectable

INPU" MODES INPUT BANGES

unipola bipola OUTPUT MODE

unipolar bipolar INPUT IMPEDANCE

INPUT CUPPENT INPUT VOLTAGE Normal mode

Commos mode

COMMON MODE Rejectionizatio Integral linearity

DIFFERENTIAL Linearity

Error Stability GAIN Error

Stability OFFSET

OUR LOW! LOW!

FF5c. Error Unipolar stability Bipolar stability MONOTONICIITY

THBOLGHPUT to memory

15 and ± 10 vorts user-selectable raight binary offset binary >100 meguhms with 100 picotarads

Imited to less Phan ±4 mA

± 30 volts maximum, without damage power on or power off ±11 volts maximum

The analog output functions of the adapter operate in programed I/O mode. The analog output functions provide 12-bit relative accuracy RESOLUTION 12-0415

Number of output channels OUTPUT modes OUTPUT ranges Unipolar Bipolar INPUT CODE Unipolar Bipolar OUTPUT Current

OUTPUT Impedance CAPACITIVE loading GAIN Error

Stability OFFSET OFFSET Error unipolar Error tipolar Unipolar stability Bipolar stability MONOTONICITY SETTLING TIME

PROTECTION OVERSHOOT THROUGHPUT from memory

BOTH

±3.25 millivoti max adjustable to 0 ±8.ppm/degrees C of FSR (max) ±24.ppm/degrees C or FSR (max) 0.to 50 degrees C 10 microseconds max. to wrthin 0.1% FSR for a 10 volt step with 1000 official. of load Protected for short to common ±1% of FSR max

UNITS

25 000 conversion/second

INCLUDES TURBO PASCAL DEMO SOFTWARE W/SOURCE CODES, ADDRESSES, ANALOG & BINARY INPUT & OUTPUT MODULES

PER SET Shipping & Handling \$6.50

MENDELSON'S ADVANCED DEMO IN TURBO PASCAL AVAILABLE FOR \$25 Part No. #200-108 Demo Turbo



STORE HOURS 8:30 - 5:00 Monday thru Saturday. "IBM PC/XT is a registered trademark of IBM corp. TERMS: MasterCard/Visa/Discover Card, Check or Money order (checks allow two weeks for clearance), C.O.D. add additional \$3.00. Ohio residents add 6% State Tax. Above shipping/handling are rates for UPS ground in Continental U.S. only 340 East First Street Dayton, Ohio 45402 513/46

1-800-422-3525

513/461-3525 FAX 513/461-3391 VISA



adjustable to 0 ± 24.ppm/ilegrees C of FSR(max) ± 24.ppm/eegrees C of FSR(max) 0 to 50 degrees C 15.000 conversion/s/second min

PRICE FOR



# WHY OS/2?

It was the El Dorado of DOSes, lying beyond multitasking, beyond 640K bytes. This new column takes a practical approach to understanding—and living with—the reality of OS/2.

ne of the big selling points of the original 1981 IBM PC was its large (for the time) 256K-byte memory and greater speed. Several microcomputers in the PC's price class, like the North Star Horizon II and the Altos machines, offered multiuser and multitasking capabilities. These capabilities were offered on machines with slower CPUs and less memory, so multitasking capabilities seemed (to me and to other IBM PC buyers at the time, that is) a reasonable feature for the PC's operating system. In fact, at the time, Digital Research offered a multitasking version of CP/M for the PC. DOS 1.0 wasn't multiuser or multitasking, but at \$40 it was the cheapest available operating system, so 96 percent of the early PC owners chose it over the other options, CP/M or the p-System.

By late 1982, everyone at the local PC user's group had heard of a rumored DOS 2.0. Some of the rumors said that it would be multiuser and multitasking.

DOS 2.0 arrived, sans multiuser and multitasking. Ah, well, we told ourselves, the next version would redress these deficiencies. In 1984, IBM fired our hopes by offering a new and more powerful computer. The initial press releases showed a computer with dumb terminals on it and made reference to a 4megabyte memory capacity. The new "multiuser" AT had powers and abilities beyond that of the PC, we were told. A new DOS, version 3.0, came with it, but it didn't really do anything new save take up an extra 10K bytes or so. IBM said that a DOS to exploit this new machine's powers would be released "soon."

The rumors continued. DOS 4.0 would be bypassed altogether for DOS 5.0, the El Dorado of DOSes: Beyond multitasking, and memory beyond 640K bytes—the once-monstrous 640K bytes had become a straitjacket. The trade rags said Microsoft figured that it could knock it out by early 1986. DOS 5.0 then tried to go undercover, assuming new names seemingly each week: CP-DOS, A(dvanced) DOS, 286DOS. We didn't care what they called it. We wanted more memory and multitasking.

Finally, on April 2, 1987, IBM announced a whole slew of new hardware and software. DOS 5.0 was finally announced, calling itself OS/2.

The attractive features of OS/2 are multitasking, access to larger memory, a graphical user interface, an improved local-area network manager, legal terminate-and-stay-resident programs, better harmony among programs, a rich system interface, and compatibility with many familiar DOS commands, and, with the Presentation Manager, OS/2 provides a device-independent platform. I'll examine the first three this month and take the rest up next month.

### Multitasking

OS/2 is designed to be a single-user, Unix-like operating system for 80286 and 80386 PCs. A dozen or more (12 for OS/2 1.0, 17 for OS/2 1.1) programs can run at the same time, all loaded into memory and executing.

This concurrent multitasking goes beyond many simple systems currently available under DOS that load several programs into memory but give actual CPU attention only to the one that you are currently interacting with. In these simple systems, no background processing occurs. Such systems' main values are that they let you cut and paste between applications and that they eliminate the time required to load and unload a program. A good and inexpensive example of these programs is Software Carousel from SoftLogic Solutions.

Gordon Letwin, Microsoft's chief architect of OS/2, says that it is fundamentally different from minicomputer operating systems like Unix. Multiuser systems, he says, must appear to fairly allocate computer resources among multiple users. OS/2, on the other hand, need not appear fair to the multiple programs running in the system. In fact, Letwin argues, you really want to give the lion's share of the CPU time to the program in the foreground—the one the user is currently interacting with. Letwin claims that OS/2 does this.

OS/2 has a relatively sophisticated task-switching algorithm, incorporating a 189-level priority scheme and a dynamic adjustment algorithm for those priorities that takes into account things like how long a task has been CPUstarved and whether or not the task is just waiting for I/O. In a future column, I'll show you how to manipulate these priorities for optimum performance.

### Large Memory

"Breaking the 640K-byte barrier" has become a cliché, but OS/2 does it. The 80286 and 80386 have, of course, always had the ability to address large amounts of memory, but not while in the "real mode" (are the other modes "unreal"?) that DOS requires. Access to more memory is allowed under "protected mode"— 16 megabytes of memory, in fact.

OS/2 even goes beyond 16 megabytes. It can use extra disk space where there is insufficient RAM. If you try to run, say, a 3-megabyte program where only 2 *continued*  megabytes of RAM are free, OS/2 will transparently store 1 of the 3 megabytes on disk, treating it as if it were RAM. This scheme, called "virtual memory," is OK in a pinch, but access to disk is so much slower than access to memory that you'll want to avoid this one where possible.

Another reason to avoid virtual memory under OS/2 is that the virtual memory manager is buggy. The process of moving memory blocks temporarily to disk and back is called "swapping." The swapper program will use all the free space on your hard disk drive-you can't tell it to use only x megabytes for swapping. The swapper under 1.0 is moderately stable, although I've crashed it a few times. The swapper under the current 1.1 beta release is very fragile. If you want a stable OS/2 platform for your programs, disable the swapper by adding MEMMAN=NOSWAP, MOVE to your CONFIG.-SYS file. Bugs like this are fairly common in a new system, and they will no doubt be fixed in a future release.

As the largest disk addressable by OS/2 is the familiar 32 megabytes (yes, the old DOS limitation on disk size is still with us), and the maximum RAM addressable by OS/2 is 16 megabytes, a program using *both* RAM and virtual memory could theoretically be as large as 48 megabytes.

The virtual memory scheme could be very useful were it not for the fact that OS/2 seems unable to swap *itself*. An IBM PC AT with 2.5 megabytes of RAM cannot boot the Presentation Manager code that Microsoft shipped to developers in April, as it must have at least 2.7 megabytes to boot. Apparently, *all* of OS/2 must reside in RAM.

Another disappointment about OS/2's use of large memory is not Microsoft's fault, but Intel's. Even in protected mode, the 80286/80386 chips are designed to address the 16 megabytes in terms of 64K-byte segments. Going across segments requires more code and is slower. Many compiler writers, dismayed at how much more slowly a program runs when doing a lot of segment swapping, have simply limited static data areas to 64K bytes—one segment.

It would be a real shame if inexpensive compilers maintained this now antediluvian constraint. There are, of course, no inexpensive compilers for OS/2 currently. But an expensive one, the BASIC compiler, *still* has the 64K-byte limitation on static data.

For OS/2 to get beyond the 64K-byte segments, it would have to put the chip in a different, incompatible mode, the "32-

### Items Discussed

Microsoft OS/2 System Development Toolkit ....... \$3000 Microsoft Corp. 16011 Northeast 36th Way Redmond, WA 98073 (206) 882-8089 Inquiry 945.

bit" protected mode, but this is only available on the 80386 chip.

### **Graphical User Interface**

Whether you like them or not, WIMP (windows, icons, mice, and pointers) interfaces are chic these days. The Mac has established a solid market, and the welldressed PC these days looks like a Sun engineering workstation with a small screen. The hardware for WIMP is now in place—VGA is as good as Mac graphics, and the PS/2 comes with a rodent interface built right in. OS/2 supports EGA and VGA, as well as a variety of mice. Unfortunately, the current OS/2 releases do not support Hercules graphics.

The "point and click" ease of a graphical user interface makes using applications easier and reduces training time. The Mac can be described as not an application platform, but rather an application *funnel* in the sense that all Mac applications not only *can* look the same, but pretty much *must* look the same. The downside of this uniformity is that it grinds programmers' gears: All of us who have ever touched a compiler to code fancy ourselves artists in the field of user interface design.

The graphical user interface is handled by an optional program called the Presentation Manager (PM). The PM is to OS/2 as Windows is to DOS: Windows is not necessary under DOS, and the PM is not necessary under OS/2. Including Windows/PM, however, opens the doors to some interesting applications.

It's hard to say too much good or bad about the PM, as the current beta code (early June 1988) is very, well, unstable. In his letter to developers, Microsoft's Steve Ballmer basically said, "Here's what we've got so far, it's not reliable, better stuff is coming...."

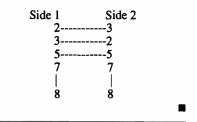
I can't see how Microsoft will have a shippable final product by October—the date Microsoft and IBM have promised release to the general public—but I wish them luck. It's easy to take potshots at Microsoft for everything being so late, but I don't see how it *couldn't* have been late. According to Microsoft, it took 35 programmers 4 years to write OS/2. That's a mighty large programming project to manage—larger, I'd guess, than anything the company has tried before.

If you know Windows, you'll spot a lot of it in the PM. The Control Panel is the same, the Alt-spacebar character does similar things, and, as in Windows 2.0, it can be managed without a rodent by using Alt keys. Applications can still communicate via the Clipboard.

However, you'll also miss a few things. As of this writing, Microsoft does not provide the desk accessories that Windows has—the clock, calculator, Reversi game, notepad, paint program, and terminal. This is a serious flaw, and it points to a major deficiency in OS/2: The frills are gone. Where DOS generally came with a BASIC interpreter and the all-purpose DEBUG, neither is supplied with OS/2 despite its \$400 price tag. Come on, now. Would giving us DEBUG and GWBASIC really hurt sales of those \$500 compiler/CodeView combinations?

### OS/2 Tip of the Month

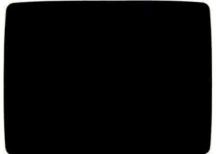
If you're going to use a serial printer under OS/2, OS/2 won't talk to the printer if it doesn't see some activity on the CTS line of the serial port, line 8 on an AT's 9-pin port or line 5 on a standard 25-pin port. The following minimum cable worked to let me "print" from my desk top OS/2 machine with a 9-pin serial connection to my 9-pin laptop (a sneaky way to capture screens for use in text):



Mark Minasi is a managing partner at the firm of Moulton, Minasi & Company, a Columbia, Maryland, which specializes in technical seminars. He can be reached on BIX as "editors."

Your questions and comments are welcome. Write to: Editor, BYTE, One Phoenix Mill Lane, Peterborough, NH 03458.

# SeeDOSrun.



Look at DOS. It looks back at you. It makes you do all the work. You need the Norton Commander.



Pull down a menu for quick, easy access to the full power and features of the program.



See this user-defined menu. It runs your favorite programs and routines at a keystroke.

New	Ace	hand		fuer	and the second		Pres
	Briter	Section 1			1000		
heik nu	C BOOM STATE	mun gertet			and the second		18.1
allong and	nand die den in				ly our ight		
with the	and the second	considered and			et montet2		
autor ma		Comparison in Local			at auto a	-	
	contempt.		-				
		- sectors					
and by insp	(Beplet	and then		stell 1			
Abrementer	aller, bei	THEREPART		Alist I	<b>1</b>		
age approximate				alles :	-		
	B42-318	C 1949-47 S	200		PG281		

View two directories—from one or two disks—at once. And more your files around quickly.

			- Methica
			CONVERTS.
STREETS			- month
			E
			- State
			-11
1			12 march
		- 2	140

Want a tree view? Just pop up a window You can scroll, mouse or Speed Search for directories.

1000	No.	in the second	No.
- 4419457 - 4419 - 441	artern he seige en		
NAME OF TAXABLE AND ADDRESS OF TAXABLE ADDRESS OF T		ME-8184 11	30111

To see your files, pick a directory on the left and see the contents on the right.



Another keystroke shows: Lotus<sup>®</sup> 1-2-3<sup>m</sup> ar Symphumy<sup>®</sup> files—without running 1-2-3 or Symphony.

Remember your last 15 commands? Our Command History does. Take your pick and run them again.

View your dBASE® II or III data without having to run dBASE. It's as close as a keystoke.

23

to run dBASE. 1-2 s a keystoke. or

See DOS run like you've never seen it before. Like you won't see it run with any other DOS enhancement shell. See version 2.0 of the Norton Commander<sup>1+</sup> a dramatically advanced version of the program *Infoworld* called "tops in its class...a new level of convenience for MS/DOS users." The new Norton Commander combines the functions of a hard disk manager with all the features you need to support and enhance the DOS command line. Yet it's flexible enough to get out of your way when you don't need to see it. Novice or expert, you'll want to see your dealer right away. And see how fast DOS can run.

### Circle 176 on Reader Service Card (DEALERS: 177)

Designed for the IBM® PS/2<sup>e</sup> and PC families, and 100% compatibles. Available at most software dealers, or direct from Peter Norton Computing. Inc., 2210 Wilshire Bivd. #186, Santa Monica, CA 90403, 213-319-2000, Visa and MasterCard welcome. ©1988 Peter Norton Computing.





### **Tomorrow's LAN Solutions – Today.** EtherLAN Plus<sup>\*\*</sup>/The Affordable Ethernet Solution

In today's LAN world, every new LAN manufacturer seems to have a new idea of what a network should be. Standards for the industry are few and far between, but are there if you want to pay for them. Wouldn't it be nice if for once you could buy a LAN system, at a price you can afford, <u>and</u> be fully compatible with the <u>ethernet</u> standard? Well now you can!

### **Turn Key Ethernet**

EtherLAN is here to give you <u>everything</u> you need to set up an ethernet LAN system. You'll receive the EtherLAN network adapter, 25 feet of thinwire ethernet coax cable, T connector and easy to understand Installation and User's Guides, all for one low price. In addition to this, you'll also receive

complete software needed to get your new EtherLAN system up and running quickly. You'll get NETBIOS software and <u>also</u> a complete network operating system to make using your new EtherLAN system even easier.

### SimpleWARE<sup>™</sup> Makes EtherLAN Unbeatable

The operating system you'll get works as a shell above DOS, so all your normal DOS programs will run on EtherLAN as well as locally.

134 BYTE • AUGUST 1988

Even better yet, you can use standard DOS commands to control your network, so you are not stuck spending hours to learn a new set of commands. The operating system functions transparently, so you won't even know you're on a network.

### Features You Can Rely On.

- Fully ethernet and cheapernet compatible (IEEE 802.3).
- Fast a full 10,000,000 bit per second.

EtherLAN	6 Node	Com	parison
----------	--------	-----	---------

500 Kbytes	Read and Write	Retail
EtherLAN	11 and 10 seconds	\$4199
3Com*	14 and 12 seconds	\$5670
Novell SFT*	10 and 9 seconds	\$8265
*Figures from PC M		

- NO dedicated servers are required.
- Transparent operation —operates as a shell above DOS.
- Easy to use DOS type commands or pop up menus.
- Share disks, subdirectories, printers and plotters.
- DOS file and record locking.
- Up to 5 printers per server.
- Time and Date sharing.
- Electronic Message System.

- · Low memory requirements.
- NETBIOS compatible.
- Everything you need is included at one low price.

### The best news of all is the price.

At only \$699.95 per node, you get all hardware, software, cabling and manuals needed.

### **Introductory Offer**

Four Node Kit for only \$2499.00. Save over \$300.00.

With features like these, and an affordable price per node, how can you lose?

Call Toll Free 1-800-262-8010 1-714-529-8850 (in CA)



VISA, M/C, COD, or Prepaid orders accepted.



### Simple Net Systems, Inc.

545 W. Lambert Rd., Suite A Brea, CA 92621 FAX: (714) 529-2413

Requires IBM PC/XT/AT or compatible, running DOS 3.10 or higher. EtherLAN is a registered trademark of Simple Net Systems, Inc. Other brand and product names are trademarks of their respective holders.

Circle 17 on Reader Service Card (DEALERS: 18)

### EXPERT ADVICE COM1: Brock N. Meeks



### Surveying the electronic communications landscape

yrus Field never imagined in his wildest dreams the global effect of his accomplishment in 1866: the laying of the Atlantic cable. Ten years later, Secretary of State William Evarts spoke the following words at a ceremony commemorating that event:

"Columbus said, 'There is one world, there shall be two.' Cyrus W. Field said, 'There are two worlds—there shall be one.'"

Welcome to the wired society.

Telecommunications is the infrastructure of the computer industry, the lifeline of a wired society. Whether you're pushing binary files across the country on a dedicated line or simply typing in a comment on BIX over voice-grade telephone lines at 1200 bits per second (bps), some form of communication is taking place.

Consider this electronic communications landscape: Local-area networks (LANs) are the city streets; computer conferencing systems are the interstate highways; packet-switched networks are the global trade routes; and bulletin board systems are the rambling country roads that stitch communities together.

### A Technological Misfit

The world's economy flows across an electronic global highway every day, much of its information base at the beck and call of a simple carrier tone. Yet, for all its importance, telecommunications is a bastard child: merely acknowledged, begrudgingly accepted, never quite fitting in.

For example, a BYTE survey shows that 60 percent of you own a modem and

# THE WIRED SOCIETY



18 percent plan to buy a modem in the near future. However, use of communications software ranks a distant fourth behind the "big three" of applications: word processing, spreadsheets, and database programs.

My love affair with PC-based communications began with a Commodore Vic-20, a 9-inch black-and-white TV, and a 300-bps direct connect modem. After some 6 years on-line, half of that spent writing about telecommunications topics ranging from pirate bulletin boards to security issues to governmental attempts to strangle free access to public information, my blind love affair has matured into a clearer understanding of and a healthy respect for telecommunications.

A good friend and fellow communications writer, Art Kleiner, told me he hit a "curmudgeon stage" with the technology a couple years back. This stage entailed an uneasy satisfaction with the overall environment of "being on-line." So, instead of merely defending the technology to critics, he began asking questions. And demanding answers.

Why is the technology so difficult to understand? Why is it so difficult to get a modem and communications software package to successfully dial a remote computer? Why, why, why?

My own curmudgeon stage shortly followed Art's. But this isn't a bad thing. As Art told me, "It's made me look for answers and explore ways to push the technology, instead of just accepting whatever came along as well and good." His philosophy is an information-age extension of the old dictum "Question authority."

So I'm a bit skeptical when I hear that telecommunications is just about to take off, poised to become the "next wave" of computer productivity. It hasn't happened, folks. And for good reasons.

For example, people still oversell the technology. It's good for some things, but bad for others. And there are built-in *continued* 

problems with every application, but that should come as no surprise; few things more technologically advanced than a disposable lighter work dependably.

For all the above grousing, however, I believe the real advancements and advantages of telecommunications are indeed just around the corner (the trouble comes in defining just how far up the street that corner lies).

In this column I'll look at the complex factors driving the communications industry today and tomorrow. To do that, I'll examine three broad areas of the industry: technology, issues, and effects.

### Technologies

For the purposes of this column, communications technology deals with the nuts and bolts of pumping bits and bytes from the desktop to other intelligent devices. Access may be via a direct connection, a local-area network, or dial-up communications.

My discussions will focus on topics such as modem technology. Modems are becoming more sophisticated, capable of pushing data faster and more efficiently. How is this being accomplished, and why isn't it being done on a larger scale?

The burgeoning modeln market is beginning to demand dial-up 9600-bps modems, and the industry is starting to respond. One small catch, however, is compatibility, the plague of the computer industry. For example, many 9600-bps modem manufacturers use the Microcom Networking Protocol (MNP) for error correction, but each implements it in a slightly different way.

The telecommunications environment, as a whole, is no different. The drive for faster, faster, faster creates a fractured marketplace with incompatible implementations of "standards" in a kind of free-market "to each his own" mentality.

There are signs of a "coming together" on these issues, however, and I'll keep a close watch on those developments. One good sign is the growing acceptance of the X.400 electronic message exchange standard among providers of electronic mail services.

Then there's communications software, which is like any other piece of software: The one you're reared on is the one you'll most likely die for. Trying to get people to change their brand of communications software is like trying to get the Dalai Lama to change his religion.

When are communications software developers going to learn that the quintessential user isn't the quintessential programmer? And that the user doesn't want to learn a programming language that may as well be Urdu, just to write advanced script files?

For telecommunications to become as indispensable as the word processor, programmers are going to have to concentrate on truly seamless approaches to telecommunicating. The program should take care of most of the work so you can just boot up and go on-line.

I'll be looking at the best and brightest of the future communications packages here. I don't expect miracles right away, but I'm impressed with rumblings I hear coming just over that horizon.

Another aspect of the technology is the systems—the networks and information services—with which the modems and communications software interact. These include computer conferencing systems like BIX, consumer information continued

Travel Companions.

The WorldPort 2400<sup>™</sup> and the WorldPort 1200<sup>™</sup> modems are the perfect travel companions for your portable computer. They work virtually anywhere in the world, including hotel rooms and phone booths, allowing you to connect in a few million more locations than other modems.

With features superior to internal units, the WorldPort line of modems is the smart choice for all your communication needs. WorldPort modems operate from their own internal battery,

drawing no power from your laptop. Cutting edge technology brings you features such as Bell and CCITT standards, direct connect and acoustic interface (300 and 1200 bps), tiny size and a tiny price. The WorldPort 1200<sup>™</sup> can be easily upgraded to 2400 bps and both the WorldPort 2400<sup>™</sup> and the upgrade come with Carbon Copy PLUS<sup>™</sup> communications software.

Find out more about the travel companions that won't tie down your portable computer. Call us today for more information about the WorldPort line of modems, or the name of your nearest dealer, at **800-541-0345.** (In New York, 516-261-0423.)



Touchbase Systems, Inc. 160 Laurel Avenue Northport, NY 11768 (516) 261-0423 TELEX: 6502848020 FAX: (516) 754-3491

WorldPort 1200 and WorldPort 2400 are trademarks of Touchbase Systems, Inc., Carbon Copy PLUS is a trademark of Meridian Technology Inc.

### Which would you like to see first? The world's fastest dBASE compiler or the most powerful database development language?

Surprise. Now you get both in the same package. New Clipper<sup>™</sup> from Nantucket<sup>\*</sup>

Clipper

Our latest version – Summer '87 – is still the bestperforming compiler ever. It lets users run dBASE\* applications up to 20 times faster. But there's a lot more to it than raw speed.

Because new Clipper is one of the most powerful, full-featured development languages ever. And gives you more control over your applications than any release of dBASE ever will. Now or in the future.

Instead of designing Clipper as an add-on, we've structured it as an extended database language that uses dBASE as a subset. In addition to emulating the dBASE language, we've added commands for menus, screens, windows and extended functions. As a result, you get dBASE compatibility and an entirely new level of power and versatility.

And with Clipper's open architecture, you can write functions in Clipper, C, Assembler or other languages, and integrate them into one seamless application. Which helps you create more sophisti-

 $\mathbb O$  Nantucket Corporation, 1988. Nantucket is a registered trademark and Clipper is a trademark of Nantucket Corporation. dBASE is a registered trademark of Ashton-Tate.

cated applications in less time. And by using our full-featured debugger, you'll be done even faster.

We also give you source code security that keeps users from damaging your application. And sophisticated record and file locking capabilities that make networking applications easier to create. But no matter what you create, you don't have to buy runtime modules or additional software. You don't even have to pay licensing fees.

If you haven't tried Clipper yet, just call (213) 390-7923 today. We'll send you full information and a free demo diskette. Or the complete program, if you'd rather.

But call today. And see how easy it is to find the

best dBASE development language. Just get the fastest compiler. And open the box.

Nantucket, 12555 W. Jefferson Boulevard Los Angeles, CA 90066 Telex: 650-2574125



utilities like CompuServe, LANs, electronic mail (E-mail), and international packet-switched networks. It's in these "hot spots" of telecommunications that the technology comes alive, or should come alive.

Tom Mandel, a futurist and senior analyst at the Stanford Research Institute in Palo Alto, California, is completing a landmark study entitled *Interactive Telecommunications Services: Precursors of the Wired Society*. He says, "Direct consumer access to information through electronic means is going to grow dramatically in the next 5 years. I think we'll see a growth rate, in terms of users, of anywhere between 25 and 30 percent."

Although Mandel is optimistic about the growth of interactive systems like BIX, CompuServe, and E-mail, he says, "We won't see a true mass market emerge." Instead, several niche markets will spring up and profit.

Such niche markets include services like NewsNet, which offers the full text of some 300 specialized newsletters and publications; on-line services like BIX, which cater primarily to a more technical crowd; or Quantum Link, an on-line entertainment service for owners of Commodore computers. In essence, there isn't likely to be one service for all people in the near future.

"To create sufficient demand for a mass market, people are going to have to be given a reason to go outside their normal media requirements: TV, the newspaper, and magazines," says Mandel. "To create sufficient demand for new services at levels attractive to the everyday Joe, the design, delivery, and pricing of consumer services will have to improve significantly."

Here, I'll examine these "niche markets"—what's hot, what's not, and why.

#### Issues

Congress, in grappling with the effects of new technologies on today's society, has issued several reports out of the Office of Technology Assessment (OTA). The bottom line for the OTA is that any kind of electronic communications systems, with the possible exception of E-mail services, is actually a publishing medium. When you place something on-line, you become an author; the system becomes the publisher.

This author/publisher relationship raises issues of copyright, intellectual property rights, free speech, and the rights of privacy. A 1986 OTA report states, "Electronic dissemination creates some very complex issues with respect to the public interest, and involves the intellectual property system in other issues such as communications, antitrust, and freedom of speech." A broad brush, indeed.

> , '1

had students from around the world take my class, and I've never set foot in a classroom.

Beyond these thorny issues are those of governmental regulation and legislation. Earlier this year, the Federal Communications Commission (FCC) withdrew a proposal that would have dramatically increased the rates that on-line service subscribers would have to pay. The FCC withdrew it, in large part, because of a tremendous grass-roots coalition between service providers and their subscribers: you and me.

It was an issue near and dear to all users of on-line services. And they won. But only because the entire issue was hashed out on every imaginable system from the basement BBS to BIX.

In 1986 Congress saw the need to pass the Electronic Communications Privacy Act, an amendment to the Wiretap Act of 1968. This landmark legislation gave at least some basic privacy rights to private electronic correspondence. And earlier this year, the first lawsuit under the ECPA was filed in an Illinois court.

Such issues can't be separated from discussions about communications, because after the smoke of technological advancement clears, the issues are still smoldering. I'll look at these, too.

#### Effects

Any technology that directly affects the way humans interact creates unexpected results. A historical example is the telephone. Thought of as merely a business tool when first brought into the public, a way for the boss to stay in touch with the remote worker, it quickly became a social tool and has largely remained so, relegating its original intent to a secondary level.

Electronic communications change the way people work, how they work, and the very structure of organizations that implement such systems (ask Oliver North—who destroyed paper documents but didn't understand that deleted E-mail messages on a PROFS system are archived—about the effects of electronic communications). For example, communications technology is changing how educational systems accomplish tasks, and new methods of teaching are springing up.

I teach graduate-level courses for Connected Education, a program for the Media Studies department under the auspices of the New School for Social Research in New York. And although I've had students from around the world take my courses, I've never set foot in a classroom; the courses are all taught via the EIES conferencing system located on the campus of the New Jersey Institute of Technology.

Nonprofit organizations are beginning to use computer communications to extend their effectiveness—and their budgets. And the presidential candidates are relying on telecommunications to help them coordinate campaigns and keep statewide campaign offices informed of new strategies.

These effects are crucial to the success of communications because they offer tangible results that you can point out to the critics of the technology.

This column will also highlight noteworthy applications of communications and keep you informed on how they affect various segments of the world.

#### **Future Stock**

In the coming months, I'll take a look at aspects from each of these various areas. From the bumpy back roads of BBSes to the superhighways of computer conferencing systems, the global highway will be well traveled.

My regular "watering holes" are: BIX ("brock"), MCI Mail ("bmeeks"), and CompuServe (7036,1355). For those of you who are hooked into the more esoteric Usenet (you know who you are), I can be reached on the WELL via the pathway "ihnp4!ucbvax!cogsci.berkeley.edu!well!brock."

As well-traveled as I am across this electronic landscape, I don't stop everywhere. If there's an issue, a topic, or a technology that you think deserves a stop along the way, let me know.

Brock N. Meeks is a San Diego-based freelance writer who specializes in high technology. You can reach him on BIX as "brock."

Your questions and comments are welcome. Write to: Editor, BYTE, One Phoenix Mill Lane, Peterborough, NH 03458.

### The Farther Away You Get, the Better We Look.

### Introducing REMOTE<sup>2</sup> It's never been so easy to do so much in distant PC operation.

Until now, to have this kind of flexibility and control over a host PC, you'd have to be in the same room.

Now, even if you're thousands of miles away, REMOTE<sup>2</sup> allows you to operate a host PC's application software with total control and exact mapping of the host keyboard...fast file transfers even while an application program is running ...remote printer redirection...an error-checked, datacompressed link even with conventional modems...and CGA color graphics.

REMOTE<sup>2</sup> comes in two parts–R2HOST and R2CALL– available together or separately, so you can create the combination to meet your exact needs. R2HOST is also accessible from most terminals and terminal emulators.

Circle 65 on Reader Service Card

REMOTE<sup>2</sup> is packed with features users have asked for. A choice of three distinct automatic and manual answering modes. Directory-to-directory file transfers using a half-screen display of host files. Proprietary file transfer protocol with redundant file skipping and partial file recovery (other popular protocols also supported). A "Phone Book" that facilitates one-entry calls from listings of names, numbers, and passwords. Host call-back capability. Integrated, context-sensitive help system. LAN access. Mainframe access to an IBM host with IRMA. And more.

Discover the new remote control program from the makers of CROSSTALK. Ask your dealer about REMOTE? or write us.



CROSSTALK COMMUNICATIONS/1000 Holcomb Woods Parkway, Roswell, Georgia 30076/(800) 241-6393

A Division of Digital Communications Associates, Inc.

CROSSTALK is a registered trademark of Digital Communications Associates, Inc. CASL, IRMA and Smart Alec are trademarks of Digital Communications Associates, Inc. CompuServe is a registered trademark of CompuServe, Inc., an IRK Block Company

# 25-MHz Computing Buzzsaws

She Canna Go Much Faster Than This, Captain!

he 80386 system builders have cranked the dial up another notch. And from Compaq, Everex, Intel, and SimpleNet, here they come: the first of the 25-MHz 80386-based AT clones. Several other companies, including IBM, Advanced Logic Research, and Everest Computer have also announced 25-MHz machines.

Judging from the preproduction systems I just looked at, "AT clone" is not a precise term. It's probably more accurate to say that these machines have AT parts grafted onto them. Like the Six Million Dollar Man, with his frail, biologic human parts stitched together with superhuman bionic limbs, these machines marry a significant portion of an 8-MHz AT that limps alongside a highspeed, 32-bit 80386 system. Each machine accomplishes this dual personality in different ways, yet there are striking similarities—at least on the surface.

All four machines have a number of 8-MHz ATcompatible expansion slots that you can feed from the market's never-ending supply of peripheral boards. Each machine also has a 32-bit expansion bus for a high-speed memory board supplied by the company (sort of a similarity and a difference—since each machine's 32-bit expansion bus is proprietary). This leaves you in a predicament: If you want to upgrade memory beyond what you can place on the motherboard, you can either buy a slow, less-expensive AT-bus memory board from any number of sources, or a fast, more expensive 32bit memory board from the company that made your machine.

### Compaq Deskpro 386/25

Compaq's Deskpro 386/25 looks so much like the Deskpro 386/20, you'd swear all the company did was jack up the CPU to 25 MHz and jack up the price to over 10 grand. But if you examine the motherboards, there has been some redesign: Most of the remaining dual inline package (DIP) chips have been replaced with surface-mount technology.

However, Compaq refers to most of the design and options of the Deskpro 386/25 as "current technology." Current, that is, with respect to the 386/20. (For a review of the Deskpro 386/20, see

the February BYTE.) The only new options for the 386/25 are new hard disk drives (up to 600 megabytes in an expansion unit), a new 80386 hardware technical manual, and sockets for the new 25-MHz versions of the 80387 and Weitek 1167 coprocessors. Interestingly, you can install both coprocessors in the same machine. They will coexist peacefully, and your software can choose between them. (A 25-MHz Weitek processor was not available at the time I was writing this. I did, however, benchmark the machine with a 25-MHz 80387).

The Flex architecture is still there (see the February review for details), only now it's running at a higher clock speed. As with the 386/20, you can download the BIOS (including the video BIOS) to RAM for faster execution. The CPU and math coprocessor sit on a local highspeed bus with cache memory and are managed by an 82385. Compaq continues to deliver the high level of quality the company is famous for. The chassis is well built, with plenty of attention to radio-frequency-interference shielding.

My test system was loaded: a 300megabyte ESDI (enhanced small device interface) hard disk drive, 3 megabytes of RAM, a 1.2-megabyte 5¼-inch floppy disk drive, a 135-megabyte tape backup unit, Compaq's Video Graphics Controller board (VGA-

compatible) and more standard peripherals than I

> Everex Step 386/25

Compaq Deskpro 386/25 have space to mention. You can purchase the Deskpro 386/25 in one of two models that differ only in mass storage. The Model 300 has a 1.2-megabyte 5¼-inch floppy disk drive and a full-height 300megabyte hard disk drive and sells for \$13,299; the Model 110 has a half-height 110-megabyte hard disk drive and a price tag of \$10,299. You can add combinations of 1- and 4-megabyte memoryexpansion boards to bring the system's total memory up to 16 megabytes.

### Everex Step 386/25

What really attracts me to the Everex is the tinted-glass window on the front panel that slides open to reveal a miniature starship's control panel. This 21/2 by 5-inch area is a tiny paradise of switches and lights. Across its top is an amber alphanumeric LED panel that keeps you abreast of equipment checks at boot-up (it says things like "DMA OK") and which disk, cylinder, and head is accessed during normal operation ("C:0017 0" means drive C, cylinder 17, head 0). Beneath the LED is a power light and a hard disk access light. Farther down is a three-position toggle switch beside three lights, one each for 8-, 12-, and 25-MHz operation. The next panel down holds the turnkey lock for locking your keyboard, and moving lower you come to a pair of push buttons: one for shutting off the speaker and another for rebooting the system.

Inside, the Everex is all business. It houses eight expansion slots: six ATstyle, one 8-bit "drop-slot," (for 8-bit boards that have added to their real estate by extending below the lip of the connector) and one 32-bit slot. The 32-bit slot in the review machine held a 2-megabyte RAM card. On the motherboard were eight 256K-byte single in-line memory modules (SIMMs) (filling all the SIMM slots available) and

256K bytes of high-speed static RAM (SRAM) for the cache. The review system also had an 80-megabyte full-height hard disk, a 1.2megabyte 5<sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub>-inch half-height floppy disk drive, and a 1.44-megabyte 3<sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub>-inch floppy disk drive. For video, Everex supplied one of its EGA boards and an Evervision MN-200 monitor.

Everex also provides extensive utility software, including a hard disk utility package and RAMdisk software. The hard disk utility software includes an extensive diagnostic section, as well as software for creating either Extended DOS partitions, which allow you to create logical drives of up to 32 megabytes each on a single physical drive, or Super DOS partitions, which allow you to create a single partition of up to 285 megabytes on one drive.

You must be careful about one thing on the Everex, though: The configuration program (you get to it by a hot-key sequence—I stumbled into it via a bug in the ROMs that an engineer at Everex assured me would be eliminated on future machines). The program asks you a lot of questions. Unless you have the manual to explain what they all mean, and unless you are intimately familiar with the options you have tacked onto your system, you can really bunge things up.

The cost for a minimum Everex 386/25 system—case, power supply, motherboard, keyboard, 1 megabyte of memory, DOS 3.3, and a 1.2-megabyte floppy disk drive and controller—is \$5999. The configuration I tested has a price tag of just over \$9500.

#### Intel SYP302

Here's a machine for OEMs only. I've included it here because it will show up on the shelves as the basis for systems from other manufacturers. The System SYP302 from Intel's OEM Platform division gets you a motherboard (populated with a range of memory amounts), power supply, and hard and floppy disk drives (optional). The OEM has to supply the frivolities of computing...such as a keyboard, video boards, CRTs, and whatever additional peripherals you need. (For a motherboard with 2 megabytes, a chassis, and a power supply, an OEM can expect to pay \$6449.)

My Intel system came with a halfheight 44-megabyte hard disk drive, with a pop-out to either add another one or replace the current one with a full-height drive. It also had a 1.2-megabyte 5<sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub>inch floppy disk drive and pop-outs for three more half-height drives under that. Between the power supply and I/O sockets, I found 4 megabytes of memory in 4 SIMM packages, with room for 4 more. (You can take the machine to 24 megabytes with plug-in memory cards.) Hidden somewhere on the motherboard (I looked, but couldn't find it-I suspect it was in the darkness beneath the drives) is 64K bytes of 35-nanosecond SRAM used as processor cache memory. There's also a socket for a 25-MHz 80387. Fortunately, the socket was occupied on the machine I tested.

There is no Intel 82385 cache controller chip on the SYP302, though I fully expected to see one. In conversation with an Intel engineer. I was told that this is because at the time the engineers were designing the SYP302 system, Intel was unsure that a 25-MHz version of the 82385 would be available in time for the SYP302. Consequently, the engineers of the 302 set about creating a cache controller from discrete components. The caching system is posted write-through (more on this later) and uses a directmapping scheme; that is, there is no sophisticated algorithm-such as a leastrecently used formula-used to update main memory from the cache.

Arranged along the back of the

motherboard is a lineup of eight I/O continued

Intel SYP302



connectors. You can use seven of these as 16-bit AT slots (they operate as though attached to an 8-MHz AT machine), and the eighth as an 8-bit drop slot. Two of the seven AT-compatible slots are lined up with 86-pin AT32 32-bit expansion slots that operate at full 25-MHz processor speed. Currently, the AT32 slots will accept only an Intel AT MEM8 8-megabyte expansion board.

The Intel SYP302 uses the Phoenix BIOS. You can have the BIOS downloaded to RAM at boot-up time (the BIOS routines execute faster out of RAM than out of ROM), and a jumper on the motherboard chooses either DOS or Unix operation. Unix operation maps the ROM to the very top of the physical memory-address space so that Unix sees a large contiguous RAM space.

The Intel machine has to take the prize for being the most unattractive of the group. Its left front panel juts out in a way that suggests either a design afterthought or an engineering kludge and is actually an artistic attempt to hide the intake vents that span the front underside of the chassis. Keep in mind, however, that this is an OEM machine. Anything that might be even remotely mistaken for a frill took a back seat to function.

### Netpro 386/25

SimpleNet's Netpro 386/25 is one of the first systems based on the Intel SYP302 box. On the outside, the Netpro 386/25 looks just like the Intel system. When you remove the cover and look inside, the Netpro 386/25 looks just like the Intel system. Then, when you run the benchmarks, the Netpro 386/25 performs-if you allow for statistical errors in timings-just like the Intel system.

The only possible performance differences you will see depend on the peripherals you plug in. In the case of my Netpro machine, I received an Orchid Designer VGA board and a combination hard/floppy disk drive controller hooked to an 80-megabyte hard disk drive, a 1.2megabyte 5<sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub>-inch floppy disk drive, and a 1.44-megabyte 3<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>-inch floppy disk drive.

At the time of this writing, the Netpro 386/25 is available in two models: The Model 1 is a 4-megabyte monochrome system with an 80-megabyte hard disk drive, a 1.2-megabyte 5<sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub>-inch floppy

 
 Table 1: Speed differences between 20- and 25-MHz 80386-based systems
 range from about 50 percent improvement to more than double, when running such standard tests as BYTE's Matrix inversion.

CPU	IBM PC AT	IBM PS/2 Model 80	Compaq Deskpro 386/20	Everex Step 386/25	Compaq Deskpro 386/25	Intel SYP302	Netpro 386/25
Matrix	11.69	4.75	3.06	2.44	2.47	2.25	2.56
String Move	)						
Byte-wide Word-wide:	80.41	39.51	26.11	16.02	25.01	21.59	21.57
Odd-bnd.	80.41	39.09	31.01	20.01	25.65	23.64	23.60
Even-bnd	40.26	19.66	13.07	8.02	12.51	10.80	10.80
Sieve	73.65	29.11	23.18	15.25	15.25	16.33	16.34
Sort	84.39	33.11	26.89	11.44	11.45	12.19	12.19
CPU Index:	1.00	2.27	3.13	5.08	4.20	4.44	4.35
FLOATING-	POINT						
Math	46.46	10.77	7.01	5.71	5.64	5.86	5.82
Error <sup>2</sup>	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Sine(x)	20.05	4.61	3.29	2.65	2.58	2.64	2.66
Error	2.00E-09	2.00E-09	2.00E-09	2.00E-09	2.00E-09	2.00E-09	2.00E-09
e <sup>x</sup>	17.20	4.50	3.06	2.54	2.47	2.56	2.57
Error	1.00E-09	1.77E-02	1.77E-02	1.77E-02	1.77E-02	1.77E-02	1.77E-02
FPU Index:	1.00	4.15	6.10	7.47	7.64	7.40	7.38

The floating-point benchmarks use 8087-compatible instructions only.

<sup>2</sup> The errors for the floating-point benchmarks indicate the difference between expected and actual values, correct to 10 digits or rounded to 2 digits.

All times are in seconds. All figures were generated using the 8088/8086 version of Small-C (16-bit integers). Figures for 80386 machines do not use 80386-specific instructions. For a full description of all the benchmarks, see "Introducing the New BYTE Benchmarks," June BYTE.

disk drive, an EtherLan adapter, and a retail price tag of \$12,499; the Model 2 sports a VGA display, an extra 3<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>-inch floppy disk drive, a 102-megabyte hard disk drive, and a price of \$13,499.

As an aside, the monitor I received with the Netpro was an RE5515 multiscan monitor from Relisys. For the most part, it worked quite well, but during the benchmarking, the BYTE Lab personnel noticed that whenever the system changed graphics modes, they had to adjust the horizontal width of the display. This did no damage to the hardware or program execution, but the effect was unbearably annoying.

#### All the Difference in the World

These machines' claim to fame is speed. Caching obviously plays an important role in this area; when I inadvertently disabled the cache on the Intel machine, its performance dropped to what I would expect from a 16-MHz AT. Many manufacturers of these (and other) high-speed systems spend much of their time touting their caching system's high "hit rate" and low "effective wait states." What about these systems?

The Everex uses a proprietary Advanced Memory Management Architecture (AMMA) that-according to the company-gives the system a performance boost beyond standard cache systems. First, AMMA permits you to expand the cache memory from 64K bytes (the minimum) to 256K bytes as your system memory expands. Second, processor cache systems based on the Intel 82385 cache controller chip-the Compag uses the 82385—are write-through, which means that as the processor writes data into the cache memory, it also writes the data to the system memory so that system memory is kept up to date with cache memory. A write-through cache will experience a performance reduction during write operations that access the slower main memory. (To be specific, Intel refers to the 82385's cache implementation as posted write-through and claims that a posted write-through allows the 80386 to issue a write to the cache and proceed with the next operation without having to wait for the update to slower main memory. However, if multiple write operations occur back-toback, the system can bottleneck as the processor waits for the cache controller to update main memory.)

Everex's AMMA controller implements a true buffered-write cache that updates main memory only when necessary (e.g., when the direct memory access system reads a section of main memory that corresponds to memory updated in the cache) and does so in blocks of up to 128 bits at a time.

Is the AMMA worth its salt (or silicon)? My guess is that the best indicator of the AMMA's speed advantage over an 82385-based cache would be the String Move benchmark (see table 1), and in fact the Step 386/25 does turn in times that are noticeably faster than the other systems for that benchmark. Whatever the reason-larger cache size or smarter cache management-the Everex does seem to be able to move data between the CPU and memory more quickly than the other machines. For the other benchmarks, the Everex shows no clear win over the Compaq, and only a marginal lead over the Intel and Netpro.

#### **A Dual Personality**

As sophisticated as these machines are, I cannot help pointing out how similar their philosophy is to that of the Apple IIGS. The IIGS used the 65816, a processor that was an upgrade to the 6502, with larger registers and a wider address range. Compare this with the 80386's improvements over the 80286/8086. The IIGS had internal fast RAM, but the system was slowed to 1 MHz during access to the IIe-compatible I/O slots. Compare this with how these machines must reduce execution speed during access to the AT-compatible slots. Finally, the IIGS had a special fast-RAM/ROM memory-expansion slot. Compare this with each of the 25-MHz machines' proprietary 32-bit high-speed memory expansion slots. It seems that compatibility plagues the hardware engineers of the PC world as well as the Apple world. Are these dual-personality machines the only possible response in the demanding face of compatibility? And how much trouble are we getting into with all the proprietary 32-bit buses?

My personal choice among these machines is a toss-up between the Everex and the Compaq. The Everex does appear to have a leg up on the Compaq and the Intel-based machines in terms of raw speed, but the Compaq comes from a fine heritage of dependable workhorses, and there's certainly plenty of Compaq peripherals to draw from.

Ultimately, you have to ask yourself whether or not the extra speed is worth the extra cost. Is there enough software out there that makes use of the 80386 that you need right now? The 80386 should begin showing its real power as more multitasking applications appear, and a serious Xenix or Unix user might have no other choice. For those who use these

### The Compaq 386s

T hough not a 25-MHz machine, I find the new Compaq 386s to be more interesting than the other ones reviewed here. Why? Because the Compaq 386s uses the new Intel 80386SX processor, a 16-MHz CPU that is related to the 80386 in the same way the 8088 is related to the 8086.

Internally, the 80386SX and 80386 look identical, externally the 80386SX uses a 16-bit data bus. For the manufacturer, this translates to simpler board design, lower chip cost, and smaller package size. For us, it means we can get a good 80386 system for less money.

Another attraction of the Compaq 386s is its integration of much of the peripheral hardware onto the motherboard. Not only will you find the expected: real-time clock and calendar, parallel printer port, and serial port; there's also the unexpected: VGA controller (with a 16-bit data path that software may one day take advantage of), and a mouse port. Compaq also throws in some welcome utilities: their expanded memory manager (CEMM) package for support of the Lotus/Intel/ Microsoft Expanded Memory Specification (LIM/EMS) and Compaq's own disk-caching software.

Compaq serves the 386s in a variety of flavors. You have your choice of no internal hard disk drive (the Model 1 at \$3799), a 20-megabyte hard disk drive (the Model 20 at \$4499) or a 40-megabyte hard disk drive (the Model 40 at \$5199). All three models include 1 megabyte of memory, a 5¼-inch 1.2megabyte floppy disk drive, and 4 ATstyle expansion slots as standard. If backup is one of your sensitive areas, you might check into their tape backup systems: 40 or 135 megabytes. Be careful when exploring the memory-upgrade paths for the Compaq 386s, though. There are four memory expansion options available in a variety of permutations that take the system to a maximum system memory of between 4 megabytes and 13 megabytes. Inside the Compaq 386s are four AT-style slots and one high-speed memory expansion slot.

I'm also giving the Compaq 386s

machines as MS-DOS applications boxes, it may well be that a specimen from the apparently endless supply of faster-and-faster AT clones will do. Still, it's nice to put on your goggles, black flight jacket, and Red Baron scarf and sit down in front of all those megabytes and



	Compaq 386s
CPU	
Sieve:	32.73
Sort:	27.04
Matrix:	5.38
String Move:	
Byte-wide:	52.24
Word-wide:	
Odd-bnd.:	44.05
Even-bnd.:	26.14
Doubleword-wide	
Odd-bnd.:	29.42
Even-bnd.:	19.70
Floating Point	
Math:	11.12
Error:	0.0
Sine(x):	4.63
Error:	2E-9
e <sup>x</sup> :	4.53
Error:	1.77E-2

high marks for external appearance particularly when placed next to the Bauhaus design of the Intel box. It has a smaller footprint than an AT (15 by 16 inches), so it fits nicely onto typing tables that the other 80386 systems would topple.

For an idea of the machine's performance, the table above shows the benchmark results for our 80386 low-level tests. The Compaq 386s runs at about half the speed of it's bigger brother (the Deskpro 386/20) for the CPU and FPU tests. The Compaq 386s is not a barnburner in the speed category, but if your plans include a solid 80386 machine it's worth a closer look.

megahertz to whip through an application in a morning instead of a whole day.  $\blacksquare$ 

Rick Grehan is a BYTE senior technical editor. You can reach him on BIX as "rick\_g."



# The Dell System 220. Once again the critics stole the words right out of our mouth.

"The Dell System 220 runs most PC Labs system benchmark tests at speeds that would make you think you're running a 386." -PC MAGAZINE

"the Dell machine is renewed evidence that the price of 286-based desktop equipment continues to drop rapidly, making such machines very attractive for daily work under MS-DOS even as they hold out the promise of running OS/2 in the future." -WILL FASTIE, PC WEEK

"...includes a year's on-site support...in the price of the computer. This is the sweetest support deal offered by any computer vendor in the industry." -ERIC KNORR, PC WORLD

"The hot item from a technical point of view is the System 220. This machine runs a 286 processor at 20 MHz, which is its major claim to fame." –WILL FASTIE, PC WEEK

"the System 220 has more going for it than just speed." -PC WORLD

World Radio History



The reviews are beginning to pour in. And they read like a wish list for every power user looking to exceed the ordinary limitations of a 286 computer.

The computer everyone is praising in such glowing terms is the Dell System 220.

The first 286 computer with a clock speed of 20 MHz.

It's totally MS-DOS<sup>®</sup> and MS<sup>®</sup>OS/2 compatible. Yet it sells for much less than you may pay for a 386 computer.

Because you buy it direct from us. Eliminating the mark-ups and margins of computer stores.

We design and build every Dell computer right here in Austin, Texas.

We put each and every one through a comprehensive burn-in and a battery of diagnostic tests before we ship it.

And after we ship, we give you the best technical support you'll find anywhere in the computer industry.

Our technicians are on the phone from 7AM to 7PM every business day.

Almost any question you may have about a Dell system can be answered over the phone.

And, in the rare case, that your question can't be answered by an on-line technician, we'll send a Honeywell Bull technician by the next business day.

A full year of on-site Honeywell Bull service is included within the purchase price of your Dell system.

Your Dell computer also comes with a thirty-day money back guarantee.

And we back every one of our computers with a one year limited warranty on any defective parts or workmanship.

For more information about Dell computers, read the reviews in the trade press, turn the page, review our product offerings, and call us at (800) 426-5150. You'll like what we have to say.

TO ORDER, CALL SOO-426-5150 IN THE U.S. AND CANADA AUGUST 1988 • BYTE 145

### The Dell Computer Store.

Welcome to our store.

We believe you'll find this an extremely pleasant shopping experience.

Our sales staff is on hand to serve you from 7AM to 7PM (CST) from Monday thru Friday.

Just call (800) 426-5150 and we'll give you the technical assistance and information you need to make sure you're buying the system that's right for your needs.

Then you have the option of either a direct purchase or your company can take advantage of our Leasing Plan.\*

Once you've made your choice, our Total Satisfaction Guarantee gives you thirty days from the day you receive your system, to decide if you are absolutely, totally satisfied with the product.

If you're not, simply return the system and you'll receive a full refund. No questions asked.

Your Dell computer is supported by a team of technical experts that can be reached every business day, from 7AM to 7PM (CST), simply by calling (800) 624-9896.

In most cases, any question you may have about your Dell system can be answered by one of our technicians on the phone.

Our technicians are also supported by Honeywell Bull service engineers who can be sent to your office by the next business day, should on-site service be required.

This optional service contract is available in over 95% of the United States, with over 1,000 engineers in 198 service locations.

We also offer a One Year Limited Warranty, which warrants each system we manufacture to be free of defects in materials and workmanship for one full year. During that period we will repair or replace any defective products properly returned to our factory.

Feel free to call or write for the complete terms of our Honeywell Bull Service Contract, Guarantee and Warranty Dell Computer Corporation, 9505 Arboretum Blvd., Austin, Texas 78759-7299

Dell products are available on GSA contract. Call us to get GSA pricing. 146 BYTE • AUGUST 1988



The top of the line. It's our highest performance computer available, faster than the IBM<sup>†</sup>PS/2<sup>†</sup> Model 80 and the Compaq<sup>†</sup>386/20. It runs at 20 MHz with the latest 32bit architecture. Since it also has Intel's Advanced 82385 Cache Memory Controller, and high performance disk drives, the System 310 is ideal for intensive database management, complex spreadsheet development, CAD/CAM, desktop publishing or performance as a network file server.

### Standard Features:

- Intel<sup>+</sup> 80386 microprocessor running at 20 MHz.
- 1 MB of 80 ns 32-bit RAM expandable to 16 MB without using an expansion slot.
- Advanced Intel 82385 Memory Controller with 32 KB of high speed static RAM.
- Socket for 20 MHz 80387 coprocessor.
- 5.25" 1.2 MB or 3.5" 1.44 MB diskette drive.
- Dual diskette and hard disk drive controller.
- Enhanced 101-key keyboard.
- I parallel and 2 serial ports.
- 200-watt power supply.
- 8 expansion slots.

### **Options:**

- I MB RAM upgrade kit.
- 20 MHz Intel 80387 math
- coprocessor. 2 MB or 8 MB memory expansion boards.

\*Lease for as low as \$148/Month.

System 310	With Monitor & Adapter			
Hard Disk Drives	VGA Mono	VGA Color	VGA Color Plus	
40 MB - 28 ms	\$4,099	\$4,299	\$4,399	
90 MB - 18 ms ESDI	\$4.899	\$5,099	\$5,199	
150 MB - 18 ms ESDI	\$5,399	\$5,599	\$5,699	
322 MB - 18 ms ESD1	\$7,399	\$7,599	\$7,699	





As fast as most 386 computers, at less than half the price-more power for the money than any other system. An 80286 system that runs at 20 MHz, with less than one wait state. Completely compatible for both MS-DOS and MS® OS/2 applications (it runs faster than IBM PS/2 Model 80), and with a remarkably small footprint, the System 220 is the ideal executive workstation. The system uses page mode interleaved memory resulting in a performance increase of about 15 percent.

### **Standard Features:**

- 80286 microprocessor running at 20 MHz.
- 1 MB of RAM expandable to 16 MB (8 MB on system board).
- Integrated diskette and VGA video controller on system board.
- One 3.5" 1.44 MB diskette drive.
- Integrated high performance hard disk interface on system board.
- Enhanced 101-key keyboard.
- I parallel and 2 serial ports.
- LIM 4.0 support for memory over 1 MB.
- Real-time clock.
- Three full-sized AT† compatible expansion slots.
- Socket for 80287 coprocessor.
   Options:

### 3.5" 1.44 MB diskette drive.

- Intel 80287 coprocessor.
- 1 MB RAM upgrade kit.
- \*Lease for as low as \$85/Month.

	With Monitor				
System 220	VGA Mono	VGA Color	VGA Color Plus		
One Diskette Drive	\$2,299	\$2,499	\$2,599		
40 MB – 29 ms Hard Disk	\$2,999	\$3,199	\$3,299		
100 MB – 29 ms Hard Disk	\$3,799	\$3,999	\$4,099		



### THE 12.5 MHz SYSTEM **200.**

A great value in a full-featured AT compatible. An 80286 computer running at 12.5 MHz, this computer is completely MS-DOS and MS OS/2 compatible. The System 200 offers high speed drive options, industry standard compatible BIOS and on-site service. As Executive Computing said of this computer's predecessor, "If faster processing speed and low cost are two key issues affecting your purchase decision, this machine might be the ideal choice for your office."

### **Standard Features:**

- Intel 80286 microprocessor running at 12.5 MHz.
- 640 KB of RAM expandable to 16 MB (4.6 MB on system board).
- 5.25" 1.2 MB or 3.5" 1.44 MB diskette drive.
- Dual diskette and hard disk drive controller.
- Enhanced 101-key keyboard.
- I parallel and 2 serial ports.
- 200 watt power supply.
- Real-time clock.
- 6 expansion slots. (4 available with hard disk drive controller and video adapter installed).
- Socket for 8 MHz 80287 coprocessor.

### **Options:**

- 512 KB RAM upgrade kit.
- 8 MHz Intel 80287 coprocessor. \*Lease for as low as \$78/Month.

System 200	With Monitor & Adapter					
Hard Disk Drive	Mono	VGA Mono	VGA Color	VGA Color Plus		
20 MB	\$2,099	\$2,299	\$2,499	\$2,599		
40 MB - 40 ms	\$2,299	\$2,499	\$2,699	\$2,799		
40 MB - 28 ms	\$2,499	\$2,699	\$2,899	\$2,999		
90 MB - 18 ms ESD1	\$3,299	\$3,499	\$3,699	\$3,799		
150 MB - 18 ms ESDI	\$3,799	\$3,999	\$4,199	\$4,299		
322 MB - 18 ms ESDI	\$5,799	\$5,999	\$6,199	\$6,299		



### Circle 261 on Reader Service Card

### A Full Line Of Computers With A Full Line Of Configurations.

At Dell, we understand that different users have different needs. So we tailor each system to the user's individual requirements.

We offer monitors, graphics boards, tape backups, dot matrix and laser printers, hard disk and diskette drives, expanded memory boards, serial mice and more.

We also offer third party software applications for virtually

every business application including: accounting, communications, desktop publishing, graphics, word processing, integrated applications and user training.

So when your Dell System arrives, you can do productive work the minute you unpack the box.

We can build you the system you've been looking for.

COMMON TO THE SYSTEM 310, SYSTEM 220 AND SYSTEM 200:

The Dell System Analyzer. MS-DOS and OS/2 compatible. Security lock with locking chassis. 12 month on-site service contract (Available on complete systems).

**PRINTERS/SOFTWARE.** We offer a full-line of printers and popular software. All printers come with our 30-day money-back guarantee and one year warranty.

### LASER PRINTERS.

LASER SYSTEM 150; \$5,995. 15 pages per minute, text and full-page graphics. Dual 250 sheet-input trays. LASER SYSTEM 80; \$3,295. 8 pages per minute, text and full-page graphics. LASER SYSTEM 60; \$2,195. 6 pages per minute, text and full-page graphics.

### DOT MATRIX PRINTERS.

PRINTER SYSTEM 800; \$699.95. Highest resolution text and graphics from a 24-wire dot matrix printer. Draft quality at 200 cps. Correspondence quality at 132 cps. Letter quality at 66 cps. Standard parallel and serial interfaces. Wide carriage. PRINTER SYSTEM 600; \$499.95. 9-wire dot matrix. Draft quality at 240 cps. Near-letter quality at 60 cps. Standard parallel interface. Wide carriage. PRINTER SYSTEM 300; \$199.95. 9-wire dot matrix. Draft quality at 144 cps. Near-letter quality at 36 cps. Four standard fonts. Paper parking. Standard parallel interface.

**SOFTWARE.** Operating System Software. Dell Enhanced MS-DOS 3.3 with disk cache and other utilities; \$119.95. Dell Enhanced MS OS/2 Standard Edition 1.0 \$324.95.



All prices and specifications are subject to change without notice. Please inquire for current details. Dell cannot be responsible for errors in typography or photography. In Canada, leasing is not currently available and configurations and prices may vary. Microsoft, MS® and MS-DOS® are owned by Microsoft Corp. †Signifies registered or unregistered trademarks owned by entities other than Dell Computer Corporation. \*Payments based on a 36-month open-end lease. Please inquire for further details. © 1988 DELL COMPUTER CORPORATION.



The BYTE Lab tests communications programs that can go to work when you go home

Steve Apiki and Stan Diehl

Carbon Copy Plus Crosstalk Mk.4 Crosstalk XVI HyperACCESS Instant Terminal MaxOnline Mirror II Move-It PC BLAST II Procomm Plus Relay Silver Smartcom III Softerm PC

# Communications

f you were stranded on an island with a bottle of aspirin, a personal computer, and a modem, what communications package would you most like to have along? Make the wrong decision and you're likely to need the aspirin. Finding software that lets you use your modem may be easy, but the package with the speed, automation, and flexibility to let you make the most of your system is a rare find indeed.

Data communications is often the same procedure from day to day. But say you just got a new 19,200-bit-per-second modem and you need to find a package that can handle it. You may want something that can run in the background without a multitasking operating system. Or maybe you're just tired of running through the same log-on procedure by hand, over and over again. The best thing about new software is the performance increase you can get for a relatively small amount of money.

The subjects of this month's product focus are MS-DOS-based, stand-alone communications software packages that have a script language—a feature that can relieve you of hours of tedium and hours of connect time. Generally, a script language lets you program your system to handle a communications session unattended. Programmed with a sophisticated script, your computer can recognize prompts from the host systems and act accordingly—say, sending queries or transferring files.

The packages we reviewed vary, however, in their ability to save you from sinking that saved time back into learning a cumbersome script language or a difficult command sequence. They also range in maximum transfer speeds from 2400 to 115,200 bps, and in price from about \$70 to about \$250—but you don't always get what you pay for.

System requirements are generally the same: Most run under DOS 2.0 on a single 3<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>-inch or 5<sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub>-inch floppy disk drive and in 192K bytes of RAM. All the packages let you use BIX, CompuServe, or other information services, and they let you upload and download files from your company's mainframe. However, many of them will perform at their top transfer rate only when they're talking to a computer running the same software. We'll highlight differing requirements in the individual sections that follow (also see table 1).

### **Carbon Copy Plus 5.0**

Meridian Technology's Carbon Copy Plus 5.0 is a good example of a package that is strong overall and provides unique features for specialized needs. It requires an unusually large (256K-byte) section of memory, but it exchanges code size for speed by loading its configuration program directly into memory. It includes 224 pages of documentation.

Carbon Copy is more than a utility for communicating with mainframes-it's also a remote PC control package. Because of this, it is broken down into two executable programs, CC for the host and CCHELP for the remote side. The remote user can access host command files to read or write, control the host's graphics screen, and send output to the host's printer. Disk access is made possible through CCDOS, a DOS look-alike that gives host file control to the remote user through an almost transparent additional program layer. For example, CCHELP is able to specify the host's drive C by entering HC:. Actual file transfers are accomplished with a simple COPY command and are conducted using Carbon Copy's own error-checking protocol.

The host can limit file access by disabling CCDOS. As an added security measure, the host can dial a preset callback number upon receipt of a valid password from an inquiring computer. CC can also be run in a resident (background) mode so the host user can continue to run applications while file transfers are taking place.

# According to Script

1129 and Nondey, Duplet, 157 1990	

. . .

Package name	Price	Copy- protected <sup>2</sup>	Documen- tation	Minimum RAM (bytes)	Maximum data transfer rate (bps)	Learn mode	Text editor	Back- ground operation
Carbon Copy Plus 5.0	\$195	•	224 pages	256K	38,400	0	0	•
Crosstalk Mk.4 1.01	\$245	0	424 pages	256K	115,200	۲	٠	0
Crosstalk XVI 3.61	\$195	0	199 pages	96K	115,200	0	0	0
HyperACCESS 3.28	\$149	٠	232 pages	192K	57,600	0	0	0
Instant Terminal 1.1	\$ 95	0	71 pages	192K	19,200	0	0	0
MaxOnline 2.4	\$70	0	222 pages	256K	19,200	•	0	0
Mirror II 3.6.12	\$ 70	0	368 pages	192K	115,200	۲	٠	•
Move-It 4.02	\$150	0	155 pages	128K	19,200	0	0	0
PC BLAST II	\$250	0	322 pages	256K	38,400	0	٠	0
Procomm Plus 1.1A	\$ 75	0	340 pages	192K	115,200	۲	۲	0
Relay Silver 1.01	\$150	0	591 pages	192K	19,200	٠	۲	•
Smartcom III 1.08	\$24 <del>9</del>	0	218 pages	512K	115,200	۲	۲	•
Softerm PC 3.0	\$195	0	728 pages	256K	115,200	۲	٠	•

All this host mode power doesn't come at the expense of terminal-emulation capability. Carbon Copy can hold its own against dedicated mainframe links, with transfer speed that puts it right up with Crosstalk Mk.4, support for the most common transfer protocols, and emulation support for five popular terminals.

The terminal commands are clear and efficient, mostly Alt-key combinations. In fact, Carbon Copy was the best at our manual keystroke benchmark, and, though the commands are short, they are by no means cryptic. The compilable script language is similarly tight, although it does not contain the advanced decision-making structures of some packages.

If you're interested primarily in MS-DOS-based communications and need a package that will enable very intimate data sharing over the telephone, then this may be the one you're looking for. Keep in mind, however, that all the specialized features require at least two copies (one for the host and one for the remote terminal) at nearly \$200 apiece.

#### Crosstalk Mk.4 version 1.01

A real communications software Cadillac, Crosstalk Mk.4 version 1.01 from Digital Communications Associates (DCA) is a hefty package that requires two 360K-byte floppy disk drives and the assimilation of a 424-page user's manual. It includes a comprehensive script language and a top-drawer price of \$245. The list of terminals it can emulate is as long as your arm (see table 2); you can edit text with a built-in editor; and, in addition to supporting every major filetransfer protocol, it introduces one of its own, called DART.

DART is essentially an upgrade of the older Crosstalk protocol, with new features that include crash recovery and time and date stamping. Crash recovery enables file transfers to continue after an error is corrected, appending new data onto that already sent.

If, despite all the protocol options available, you still must do an ASCII transfer, you won't have to worry about speed. With a rate of 115,200 bps supported and the ability to send and receive with only limited line waits, Crosstalk turned in an excellent time on our filetransfer benchmark.

The command mode is built on the Crosstalk system of loading command modules for making preset calls. The modules can contain connection settings, protocols, and terminal emulations. This system is relatively easy to use once you get familiar with it, although keeping track of all the two-letter commands often requires hunting through the manual. Crosstalk Mk.4 had an average showing on our keystroke benchmark; it suffered from the need to send an attention signal before any commands.

Most outstanding of all its features is its CASL script language. CASL uses multiple decision loops, has specialized disk-access commands, and can create much more than script files. Because of its command specialization and its size (over half the manual is dedicated to CASL commands), writing simple scripts like our script benchmark can be difficult for those unfamiliar with the language. Fortunately, Crosstalk Mk.4 provides a learn script that lets you record a session into a script file that can simply be edited. With the learn script, what would have taken nearly 500 keystrokes to program by hand was reduced to the 197 indicated in table 3.

Although Crosstalk Mk.4 is a very powerful package, its price puts it in a range (shared by Smartcom III, as discussed later) reserved for only those in real need of its most advanced features.

#### Crosstalk XVI 3.61

Crosstalk XVI, though the standard by which other communications packages are measured, falls short of the mark itself in our tests. Version 3.61 requires only 96K bytes of RAM and costs \$195.

The software emulates nine popular terminals, but it supports fewer protocols and is more difficult to learn than most modern packages. The common way to run command mode is to load command files containing directory information. You can supplement this by following script menus or by entering two-letter commands. As with Crosstalk Mk.4, the process takes some getting used to but can be efficient once you are familiar with the language. There is a status table that you can access with a single key to find your connect options; however, finding the table with less commonly used information (like the modem commands) can take several commands. The system had an average score on our continued

### You can rely on your file server for LAN communications...



You're getting the drift of this message already. File servers aren't designed to solve the PC user's communications problem. But now there's a system that is.

### Now there's COMMIX™ 32.

It's a general purpose local area network for PCs and minicomputer hosts. It connects you with the host, other PCs, and peripherals such as printers, plotters, or modems through simple, pop-up menu commands.

For file transfer and E-mail as a background task. For printer spooling and sharing directly from your applications programs. For terminal emulation that's automatic. COMMIX 32 will let anyone perform common LAN tasks—without the need for expert assistance.

### Install it quickly. Expand it easily.

Almost any PC user can install and connect with COMMIX. With each connection, you're saving time and money. Because each COMMIX connection costs as little as \$125.

Then take advantage of expansion possibilities. With our optional Ethernet<sup>®</sup> Link Module, you can create larger LANs with thousands of users. And through our optional Wide Area Network Module, distant COMMIX LANs can appear as one network.

### If you're lost at sea.

And looking for solid LAN. The COMMIX 32 is available now. Send us a message: ITRON, a Division of Infotron Systems Corporation, 130 Gaither Drive, Suite 116, Mount Laurel, NJ 08054. TEL: (609) 722-5575 FAX: (609) 234-0451

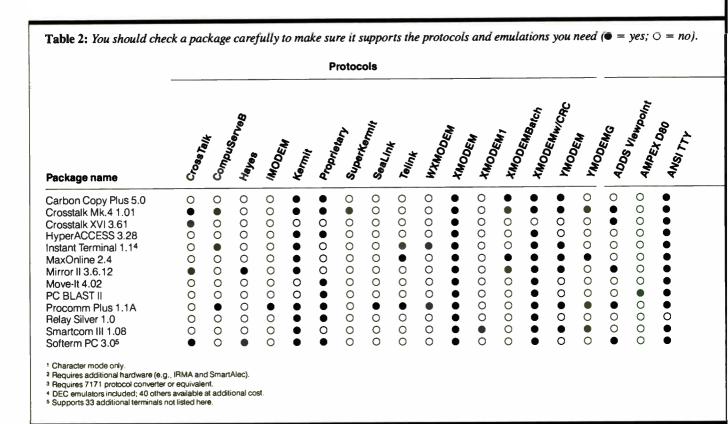
### I-800-423-8044



COMMIX is a trademark of Infotron Corporation Ethernet's a registered trademark of Xerox Corporatio

#### PRODUCT FOCUS

### COMMUNICATIONS SOFTWARE



manual keystroke test.

Writing a script file is simply a matter of listing commands, and there are no shortcuts except for abbreviated command strings. Decision loops based on received strings must be implemented using the when construct—a technique that can lead to errors with unexpected input.

Only the XMODEM error-checking protocol is supported in addition to Crosstalk's own. Data transfer rates are supported to 115,200 bps, but our ASCII transfer test shows the severe performance hits that you get when flow-control characters and character waits are necessary for error-free transmission. Crosstalk XVI was one of the few packages we tested that took longer to send a file to a faster machine than to receive it—a clear indication of high software overhead.

Overall, Crosstalk XVI is an average package at an above-average price. Crosstalk look-alike programs are easy to come by, but many of them have added features and flexibility that Crosstalk has not.

#### HyperACCESS 3.28

Hilgraeve's HyperACCESS is a versatile communications package with solid filetransfer ability and unique features that make it useful for widely varying applications. Version 3.28 sells for \$149.

HyperACCESS supports XMODEM, Kermit, and its own Hyper protocol. Despite its moderate maximum transfer rate, HyperACCESS compared favorably to higher-rated packages in our throughput tests, with low overhead and flawless XON/XOFF synching. The software features optional data compression capability for both XMODEM and the Hyper protocol.

But speed is not HyperACCESS's only asset. It also has a powerful host mode that allows remote control over DOS and DOS programs. Remote user access can be limited to read only, DOS only, or one program only.

One weakness in an otherwise good package is its use of a menu-driven command mode. Although the manual keystroke score was average, the commands involve constant flipping through layers of menus. Transferring files is especially taxing.

HyperACCESS features Hyper Pilot, a compilable script language that lets you check for syntax errors before you're actually on-line. Unfortunately, the script language itself does not allow many shortcuts, and it fared poorly on the programming keystroke test. In addition, if you're used to other software's script languages, which are all similar, you'll find that learning Hyper Pilot requires some adjustments.

#### **Instant Terminal 1.1**

Take our advice: When the Instant Terminal manual mentions that a little file on the supplemental disk is intended only for a "computer engineer, technician, or programmer," don't listen. Print the file. Using the sparse 55-page reference manual that came with the package, we assumed Instant Terminal was a cheap Procomm clone. In fact, the sign-on screen tells you that Datastorm Technologies, the Procomm people, licensed the software to Softronics. But with a little digging, we found a full scripting language and features that are only hinted at in the published documentation.

Instant Terminal even ran a Procomm script, including GOSUBs and conditionals, without an edit or a hitch. Still, it's not a full implementation, the most notable omission being a learn facility.

One other problem with the "cheap Procomm clone" assumption: Procomm costs less. With a single emulation, Instant Terminal will run you \$95.

As the name suggests, Instant Terminal touts its terminal-emulation features. Our review copy included a software module and documentation supplement

### PRODUCT FOCUS

### COMMUNICATIONS SOFTWARE

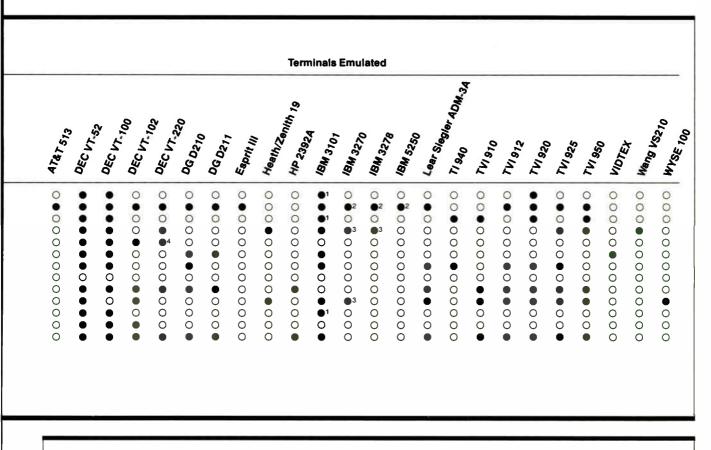


Table 3: The packages varied widely in ease of programming and thoughput. (All times are in seconds.)

Package	Keystrokes to create BIX script	Keystrokes for manual BIX session	1-megabyte send at highest bps	1-megabyte receive at highest bps	Perfect-line 1200-bps send	Perfect-line 1200-bps receive	Typical-line 1200-bps send	Typical-line 1200-bps receive
Carbon Copy Plus	286	19	310	722	590	588	592	589
Crosstalk Mk.4	197	26	318	770	595	592	589	591
Crosstalk XVI	237	24	873	618	592	591	588	589
HyperACCESS	479	26	296	770	589	592	593	597
Instant Terminal	343	19	885	884	596	597	596	595
MaxOnline	158	26	579	549	619	597	606	598
Mirror II	117	25	475	926	594	598	597	597
Move-It	145	44	1653	1660	589	590	587	593
PC BLAST II	419	38	435	1259	596	592	600	594
Procomm Plus	142	22	452	542	587	587	590	588
Relay Silver	117	30	740	656	593	592	594	595
Smartcom III	162	23	98	262	582	584	587	585
Softerm PC	195	33	950	954	667	665	655	661

for DEC VT-220 emulation. An order form enclosed with the package lists 40 additional emulator modules. Although most of the telecommunications packages reviewed here include a variety of common emulations, documentation was almost invariably poor. Instant Terminal fills this gap. So if you need to emulate an obscure terminal, or if you have a specific application on only one or two terminals, look into Instant Terminal. However, if you access multiple hosts, take note: The first emulation goes for \$15; after that, they're \$50 a shot.

### MaxOnline 2.4

Though sometimes bogged down by multiple menus, this \$70 package offers

abundant features for its price. The menus are well designed, making Max-Online a very easy package to use, especially for novices. The operations you need most show up on the first screen. And if anything's missing, you can add new functions by editing USER.MNU.

MaxOnline reaches a maximum data continued



# "Give me one good reason to give up C."

### "How about 43?"

### Modula-2 saves more time and money than any other programming environment.

- I. High-level language
- 2. Readable, maintainable code
- 3. Ideal for team programming
- 4. Supports multi-tasking
- 5. Emerging international standard 6. Pascal or C programmers learn it
- in hours
- 7. Language for modern engineering
- 8. Consistency checks across modules
- User control over exported/imported objects
- 10. Traps most programming errors
- Fewer bugs in final code
- 12. Easy low-level access

### The LOGITECH Modula-2 programming environment goes far beyond the language.

- 13. Faster project throughput
- 14. Corporations rely on it
- 15. Adds a rich set of tools to the language
- 16. Best debuggers for any language
- 17. Configurable, easy-to-use text editor
- 18. Integrated environment
- 19. Powerful windowing interface
- 20. Compiles twice as fast as MS-C.
- 21. Code as fast as the best C compilers
- 22. Mature and reliable
- 23. Extended library
- 24. Standard object format
- 25. C libraries can be used
- 26. Supports EGA 43-line mode
- 27. Automatic MAKE
- 28. Flexible overlays
- 29. Price/performance leader

### PRODUCT FOCUS COMMUNICATIONS SOFTWARE

transfer rate of only 19,200 bps, but it scored credibly on our benchmarks, timing under 10 minutes on both 1-megabyte transfers. Adequate scripting and a functional learn mode combine for easy automation, while the 222 pages of documentation include plenty of instructive programming routines and command examples. The distribution disk also contains demonstration scripts.

MaxOnline touts a windowing feature that supports simultaneous file transfer from two COMM ports. It falls short of true background mode, but it can speed up extensive file-transfer tasks. While one window downloads from a remote host, the other port can process files over a direct line. You can customize each window and easily jump back and forth. Remote operation excels for a program in this price category. Simple commands set passwords, restrict log-ons to specific users, allow varying levels of access, and trigger an interactive chat mode. Easy file management is also available.

The compact scripting language handles most basic commands. It would not, however, support an IF WAITFOR statement, counting instead on a time-out error to break from the mail loop. Parameters are easy to change, with an overview screen and menus available for most entries. MaxOnline illustrates how far communications software has come: A little money buys a professional package with plenty of power.

### Mirror II 3.6.12

Being accustomed to a given command system and script language may be your only reason for sticking with an otherwise weak communications product. SoftKlone's Mirror II 3.6.12 solves that problem by letting you use the familiar Crosstalk system while adding a learn command, background mode, text editor, strong terminal emulation, and some friendly screen displays. All this, including 368 pages of clear documentation, will run you a mere \$70.

Although the command structure is virtually identical to Crosstalk's and is not any easier to learn, Mirror II's screen displays present your connect information clearly and let you scroll through all the parameters you have set. It performed at Crosstalk's level in the manual keystroke test, the only difference being an added stroke to get past the initial screen display without waiting it out.

Running Mirror II in the background is easy, requiring only a hot-key toggle to switch between itself and another application. It can handle the difficult task of simultaneously receiving a file and doing disk-intensive operations with only about a 5 percent performance hit, and without errors. Be warned that Mirror's 192K bytes plus your operating system take up a big chunk of a 640K-byte memory, and you may be severely limited as to the other applications you can run.

If you're not used to the Crosstalk script language, there is a learn facility to help get you started. Using it enabled us to cut the programming keystrokes down to an excellent 117, including editing. Mirror adds the ability to access a command completion register to the standard Crosstalk command set, which makes possible decision loops based on 22 separate conditions.

The software supports all common protocols, including Crosstalk. It scored very well in our ASCII send test, but lower than average on our ASCII receive. In this case, the flow control necessary to properly send the file from the Compaq 386/20 to the AT at 115,200 bps was unusually sluggish.

Mirror II is a very good, strong, and flexible package for less than half the price of Crosstalk. Those comfortable with the Crosstalk command file format may well find a new favorite here.

### Move-It 4.02

When you boot up Move-It, all you get back is an asterisk. After delving through so many programs with reams of overlapping menus and multiple keystrokes for one simple command, that lonely command prompt was refreshing. Of course, you have to rely on the 155 pages of documentation—without an index—and a few help screens to get you through the learning phase. The stark screen display disguises a powerful program with a full scripting language.

Though simple in concept, the program's price tag (\$150) puts it in a class where it must match the performance of some tough competition. Unfortunately, it lacks the basic features required to meet that goal. Take the phone book, for example: It is a raw ASCII file, where each line contains an entry, and a comma separates each argument of an entry (e.g., phone number, data transfer rate, and parity). Again, the simplicity appealed to us, but for the price of this package, you should not have to exit the program and run up a word processor each time vou add a phone entry. And during XMODEM transfers, you should get more of a status update than just a row of dots across the screen.

Move-It's elegant scripting almost makes up for the lack of a learn facility. Even without automatic generation of code, it took only 145 keystrokes to program the full BIX session. Move-It handles the BIX mail loop with typical efficiency. It first looks for the read/action prompt (meaning mail is in the box), then jumps to one label if the prompt is encountered, or to another label if it is not; thus:

#### MA read/action:

#### JU no\_more\_mail FALSE JU more\_mail

Unlike many of the programs we reviewed, you don't have to wait for a timeout to fall through the mail loop. This structure not only produces efficient code but also handles a variety of complex chores.

Still, when the program drifts away (an affliction all too common during telecomputing), you start to miss the menus and status prompts so common in the other packages. And this program drifts off more than others. It hung when it couldn't detect a dial tone, it hung when connected to a Hayes-compatible modem it didn't think was compatible enough, and it even hung when an invalid data transfer rate was entered. There's nothing more infuriating than a hung program that stares back at you with only that lonely asterisk.

#### PC BLAST II

In a category with Smartcom III and Crosstalk Mk.4, the \$250 PC BLAST II faces some brutal competition. Even with 300-plus pages of documentation and some powerful features, it just doesn't achieve top-of-the-line status. The manual lacks coherent organization, and the sparse index skips the first two sections. BLAST scripts handle complex chores, but they run erratically-a fatal flaw when automating on-line procedures. BLAST also comes up short on maximum data transfer rate (38,400 bps) and number of protocols supported (only XMODEM and the functional, though nonstandard, BLAST protocol).

BLAST reverts to some cryptic scripting language. Unfortunately, the documentation covering the command structure doesn't help much. While most programs use the Wait For standard to await specific prompts, BLAST uses a TTRAP command. Still, even after employing numerous traps and delays, BLAST insisted on flooding BIX with a burst of commands. Although BIX handled it, some services won't. For protocol transfers, you've got to access the online menu and then send local keystrokes to automate the menu selections. This inefficient method invites trouble. The TUPLOAD and TCAPTURE commands support only text transfer. On top of that, BLAST lacks a learn facility.

The setup file enhances automation by triggering script files and loading variables such as @logfile and @password, but this doesn't make up for the inefficiencies. A keystroke count exposes the problem: The manual session took 38 keystrokes to complete, while the command script required 419. For the price BLAST demands, it should be doing more of your work. Other programs in BLAST's price category deliver elegant scripting, full features, and smooth operation—an enviable standard, and one that BLAST simply does not meet.

#### **Procomm Plus 1.1A**

Procomm Plus offers the best of both worlds: cheap yet powerful, easy to use yet rich with features. At first glance, it appears plain enough for public domain, and yet it supports almost any telecomputing application: 11 standard protocols, 14 terminal emulations, every common configuration up to 115,200 bps, host mode, split-screen chat mode, an automated phone book, macros, and a surprisingly powerful script language. In the old price (\$75) versus performance ratio, Procomm leads the field.

Procomm employs the familiar PC-Talk key sequences to get the job done. The key combinations are, for the most part, logical; and for those that aren't, one keystroke calls a comprehensive overview screen. The 340-page manual, well-organized and indexed, does not leave you ripping out pages with one hand and hair with the other. Page references at the beginning of each chapter supplement a detailed table of contents and a complete index.

Although some compatibility quirks are to be expected in the world of telecommunications programs, Procomm did better than some. A few of the packages could not handle the POPCOM modem, a purported Hayes compatible, but Procomm had no trouble with it at all. Another Hayes compatible incessantly reported Carrier Detect High, and most of the programs had problems with this. Some dealt with it on boot-up by flashing a warning or initiating a reset. Some even dropped into terminal mode, fully on-line, refusing to believe that no one was home. Procomm Plus simply ignored it. Perhaps this exposes a lack of sophistication, but it can be a blessing. Telecomputing causes enough headaches without your program getting picky.

continued

- 30. Support for dual mode operations
- 31. Dynamic link libraries
- 32. For standard/extended version of OS/2
- 33. Multiple threads
- 34. Virtually unlimited program size
- 35. Makes mixing languages easy
- 36. Most powerful editor under OS/2
- 37. Background compilation while editing
- 38. Run-time checks
- 39. Stack checks even in threads
- 40. OS/2 uses Modula-2 parameter passing mechanism
- Upgrade available for Modula-2 DOS users
- Direct Hotline and free Bulletin Board support for all Modula-2 products

#### 43. It's affordable!

Call toll-free: 800-231-7717 In California: 800-552-8885

	-
Please send me:	
Modula-2 Compiler Pack (DOS) \$ 99.00	
Modula-2 Toolkit (DOS) \$ 169.00	
Modula-2 Development \$ 249.00	
System (DOS, includes	
Compiler and Toolkit)	
Modula OS/2 \$ 349.00	
Modula-2 VAX/VMS version \$2,500.00 Shipping & Handling (per item) \$ 6.50	
= ompping a nanamig (per nem) 4 0.50	
CA residents add applicable	
• Saics tax •	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Check/money order included     Dysa      MasterCard	
Visa MasterCard	
Card Number Exp. Date	
Cardholder Name	
Authorized Signature	
Ship to:	
Name	
Address	
City State	
Zip Phone	
Offer valid in U.S. Only Dealer inquiries welcome.	
Educational prices available. BY888	
Send to:	
I E LOGITECH	
Logitech, Inc. Attn: Coupon Redemption Program	
6505 Kaiser Drive, Fremont, CA 94555	
In Europe, contact: LOGITECH SA in Switzerland Tel: ++41 (0) 21-869-96-56	
In the United Kingdom, contact: LOGITECH UK	
Tel: ++44 (0) 525-22-22-11	
AUGUST 1988 • B Y T E 155	

O ur tests seek to evaluate communications software performance in two broad categories: throughput and ease of use. To this end, we devised benchmarks to pinpoint performance ability in eight separate areas.

The first is our manual keystroke test, where we record the number of keystrokes necessary to carry out a defined session on the BIX conferencing system. It provides a quantitative measure of the relative complexity of using the command mode. The session consists of logging on, filing and downloading mail, filing and downloading messages, and logging off. Keystrokes that are used for commands in terminal mode (i.e., commands for BIX's use only) are not counted. We made every effort to use keyboard shortcuts where these were available. The count begins on the first stroke after the program is started and ends when we have returned to DOS.

For our second test, we wrote a script language program to automate the same BIX session, and we determined the

As for the script language, Procomm boasts a complete command set: 1f... then...else looping, case structures, a Shell command for DOS operation, subroutines, and advanced screen handling. This power does not come at the cost of simplicity. For instance, Procomm handled the BIX mail loop with ease:

WAITFOR "read/action"; BIX prompt ; when you have mail IF WAITFOR ; if you have mail, GOTO more\_mail; go get it ENDIF

Sure, it looks obvious; but few packages handle the loop so easily. For all but the most complex programming projects, Procomm scripting will do the job. Only the lack of a true background mode dampens our endorsement. The Shell command allows you to escape to DOS while still on-line, but file transfers will not proceed until Procomm returns to the foreground.

Procomm meets a software designer's most stringent standard: Pack in the features, but keep the interface simple. It doesn't intimidate, but it can still handle complex applications. Above all, it strives for invisibility, flashing menus at you only when asked and remaining as

#### The Tests

keystrokes needed to enter and execute the script. Since BIX's mail subsystem requires that you file memos individually, and the amount of messages can vary from day to day, the program must have some kind of input-based decision structure to work properly.

We chose to use the language's best structure, not necessarily its most compact, for handling unexpected conditions. If abbreviated commands were possible, we used them. If the package had a learn facility, we counted only the keystrokes needed to use the learn mode and to edit the resulting script.

Throughput was measured using two data files (a 64K-byte file and a 1-megabyte file), transferred between a standard IBM PC AT and a Compaq Deskpro 386/20 under fixed conditions. The terms send and receive are always referenced to the AT. The 1-megabyte ASCII transfer test times the send and receive timings of one million A characters via a null modem connection and using no error checking. We pushed for the greatest error-free transfer rate we

unobtrusive as possible. A noble achievement, and a goal all too often neglected.

#### **Relay Silver 1.0**

Relay Silver 1.0 is a fully featured communications software package that requires 192K bytes of RAM and two floppy disk drives. It includes two manuals with over 500 pages of well-referenced documentation, and it sells for \$150. Relay Silver is weak in throughput, ease of commands, and terminal emulation, and the unusual extra features it adds are not enough to make up for these basic lacks.

Among the added features are a sophisticated background mode, a text editor, and a script language learn facility. The background mode allows Relay Silver to run as a true terminate-and-stayresident (TSR) program, always accessible through a hot-key combination. Unfortunately, background file transfers were quite slow when running a diskintensive application in the foreground.

ASCII transfers were quick enough, but hard to get going. At high speeds, the software occasionally locks when using XON/XOFF, apparently because the receiver doesn't catch all the data and never sends the next XON. For hard-wired connections, Relay Silver needs a null modem cable configuration that differs could get, which is not merely a function of data transfer rate; it often meant adjusting flow control and line or character wait parameters. At 115,200 bps, we should see 1-megabyte transfer times of about 90 seconds (1 megabyte/ (115200/10)), but typical times were more on the order of 10 minutes, which was the fastest transfer time the software (and the disks) could correctly handle.

To determine how the software reacted under everyday conditions, we measured the transfer rate of a 64K-byte data file at 1200 bps over two simulated phone lines. The first line, simulated by our modem testing equipment, was a "perfect" line, with virtually no noise and no line impairment. The connection was made using two 1200-bps Hayescompatible modems. The second line simulated was a "typical" line, with typical noise, attenuation, and phase jitter. These parameters were determined by the preliminary draft of EIA-496, a specification for universal communication equipment tests.

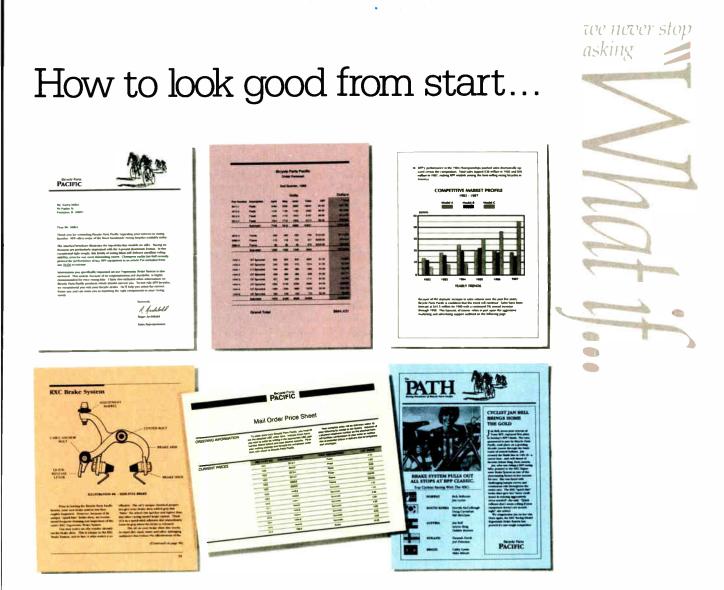
from that of almost every other package.

The command mode is menu-driven beyond reason, and to accomplish any file transfers with the menu, you must edit an entire directory specification. A command entry mode of sorts is available through an attention key, but that handy bit of information is buried well within the documentation. Once you find it, you can enter script commands directly from the keyboard. Even with this shortcut, Relay Silver had a lower-thanaverage score on manual key counts.

On the plus side, Relay has a powerful script language and a good learn facility. Relay also finished with an excellent keystroke count in our programming test. The commands are simple and intuitive, and editing a learned script can take remarkably little effort. In addition, Relay includes an application program interface—software hooks that let you easily incorporate Relay scripts into your own programs. The manufacturer says a new release of Relay Silver with script enhancements and additional terminal emulations will be available this fall.

#### Smartcom III 1.08

For elegant scripting, full features, and pure telecomputing power, you just can't *continued* 



### to finish.

#### The HP LaserJet Series II Printer.

Nothing brings your ideas to life like the HP LaserJet Series II Printer from office memos to forms

to newsletters. As the leading laser printer, it works with all popular PCs and PC software packages. And, with a wide range of fonts, you get more options to create superior looking documents.



With additional memory you can even print sophisticated 300 DPI full-page graphics. And with HP's ScanJet scanner, you can also easily add photographs,

illustrations and text. No wonder more people choose the original over all other laser printers combined.

So call 1 800 752-0900, Ext. 900D for your nearest HP dealer.



C Hewlett-Packard 1988

Print samples were created using Microsoft Word, Microsoft Excel, and Aldus PageMaker

Circle 102 on Reader Service Card

AUGUST 1988 • B Y T E 157

World Radio History

#### PRODUCT FOCUS COMMUNICATIONS SOFTWARE

### **Company Information**

**Communications Research Group** 5615 Corporate Blvd. Baton Rouge, LA 70808 (504) 923-0888 Inquiry 900.

Datastorm Technologies, Inc. 1621 Towne Dr., Suite G Columbia, MO 65202 (314) 474-8461 Inquiry 901.

Digital Communications Associates, Inc. SoftKlone

1000 Holcomb Woods Pkwy. Roswell, GA 30076 (404) 998-3998 Inquiry 894.

Hayes Microcomputer Products, Inc. P.O Box 105203 Atlanta, GA 30348 (404) 441-1617 Inquiry 903.

#### Hilgraeve, Inc. P.O. Box 941

Monroe, MI 48161 (800) 826-2760 Inquiry 895.

#### Maxon Systems, Inc.

353 Vintage Park Dr., Suite B Foster City, CA 94403 (415) 377-0269 Inquiry 897.

#### Meridian Technology, Inc.

7 Corporate Park, Suite 100 Irvine, CA 92714 (714) 261-1199 Inquiry 893.

**Relay Communications, Inc.** 41 Kenosia Ave. Danbury, CT 06810 (800) 222-8672 Inquiry 902.

336 Office Plaza Dr. Tallahassee, FL 32301 (904) 878-8564 Inquiry 898.

#### Softronics

7899 Lexington Dr., Suite 210 Colorado Springs, CO 80918 (800) 225-8590 Inquiry 896.

Woolf Software Systems, Inc. 23842 Archwood St. West Hills, CA 91307 (818) 703-8112 Inquiry 899.

beat the Old Guard. Smartcom III requires a hefty 512K bytes of RAM, an 80-column display, and a hard disk drive, but the package includes everything: a full-functioned editor, file compression and data encryption, on-line disk management, a complete command set, an integrated compiler, simultaneous sessions, remote access capability, and an excellent learn facility. The fourdisk set is not for the casual user, as the \$249 price tag attests, but if you have heavy-duty uses in mind, Smartcom III will do the job.

Multiple menus and excessive help screens can be annoying and inflexible. but Smartcom III's implementation of those features works. You can find your way around the system and experiment with only occasional glances at the ample (218-page) documentation.

The editor, unlike many integrated editors, is fairly painless, and, when

editing script files, it offers some helpful debugging tools. Debugging the scripts of other packages can become tiresome because most errors are only discovered on-line. The Smartcom compiler, accessible from within the editor, catches many errors; and when problems do arise, you can avoid the headache of switching from one module to another or, worse, from one program to another. After Smartcom detects a compilation error, it puts you right where you need to be: back in the editor.

Hayes has included a complete programming environment with multiple conditional structures, windowing, speed optimization, and full error trapping. The language is verbose (even with a learn facility, it took 162 keystrokes to edit the automated session). But the selling point here is power. With the less expensive packages, you usually employ a generic routine and hope all unfolds as

expected, but Smartcom lets you pick the right command for each application. Start the learn facility and watch Smartcom create your script in an upper window as the session churns along on the main screen. It even scrambles your password. Slick.

Smartcom blazed through our 1-megabyte benchmarks. Unlike almost every other program, Smartcom could truly handle its advertised maximum data transfer rate. Sending the file from the AT to the Compaq, Smartcom scorched along at 115,200 bps with no delays at all and broke the tape in 98 seconds. Of course, the AT can't capture that fast, but Smartcom let us know about character errors right up front. Instead of waiting for the 1-megabyte transfer to complete, only to find errors in the file, we simply aborted the process, popped down to 38,400 bps, and sent the file to the AT in a record 262 seconds.

If you need a full range of features, or if you plan an extensive programming project (such as a bulletin board system or a complex sequence of unattended sessions), the Smartcom investment pays off quickly.

#### Softerm PC 3.0

Although Softerm did not excel at our benchmarks, registering 954 seconds on the important 1-megabyte receive test, it did run through them with admirable ease. The configuration parameters were not only comprehensive but easy to find and modify. When a problem did occur, the excellent documentation (over 700 pages packed in two manuals) covered it. And there's lots to cover: a complete script language, learn mode, background operation, direct remote access, six popular protocols, queue scheduling, and a text editor.

For terminal emulation, Softerm breaks away from the pack. Chapter 4 of the reference manual lists 45 terminals, and each is well documented. That chapter alone runs 200 pages. In an area where most of the packages come up woefully short, Softerm deserves special accolades.

Unique resident features are also noteworthy. Softerm's Communication Agent, coupled with an unattended host mode, enables true background operations. A hot-key toggle lets you queue a script file containing the MONITOR command, turning control to the remote terminal while the local computer runs DOS operations or application programs. Resident menus also offer disk management and sophisticated host accontinued

# Small cash input for laser-quality output.

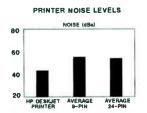


#### Dear Reader:

This letter was printed on one of the finest printers available today.

The HP DeskJet Printer.

It prints text and graphics more crisp and clear than 24-pin printers. And as you can see from the chart, it's a lot quieter than 24-pin printers, too.



It's also easy to use. It does your important office tasks, but it's small enough to fit on your desk. Everything considered, it's the perfect personal printer.

And one of the most amazing features of all is its price. It's under \$1,000.

Call us for the name of your local HP Dealer at 1 800 752-0900 Ext. 908B. Then go see for yourself why we call it laser-quality printing.

Sincerely achivot Richard Snyder

World Radio History

The HP DeskJet Printer. Laser-Quality Output for Under \$1000.



C Hewlett-Packard 1988 PE12811



#### COMMUNICATIONS SOFTWARE

#### A Message To Our Subscribers

**F** ROM TIME TO TIME WE MAKE THE BYTE SUBSCRIBER list available to other companies who wish to send our subscribers material about their products. We take great care to screen these companies, choosing only those who are reputable, and whose products, services, or information we feel would be of interest to you. Direct mail is an efficient medium for presenting the latest personal computer goods and services to our subscribers.

Many BYTE subscribers appreciate this controlled use of our mailing list, and look forward to finding information of interest to them in the mail. Used are our subscribers' names and addresses only (no other information we may have is ever given).

While we believe the distribution of this information is of benefit to our subscribers, we firmly respect the wishes of any subscriber who does not want to receive such promotional literature. Should you wish to restrict the use of your name, simply send your request to the following address.

**BYTE** MAGAZINE Attn: Subscriber Service P.O. Box 7643 Teaneck, NJ 07666-9866

<b>1</b> ,1,1
C

### "IT MAKES C-C-CROSSTALK SEEM T-T-TONGUE-TIED."

If you're talking to a DEC mainframe, no communication software emulates the VT220, VT100 or VT52 terminal more accurately, easily, or eloquently than VTERM. \*

Hot keys. Kermit. Automatic reformatting for spreadsheets and databases. VTERM has it all.

Why not join the 60,000 users of VTERM (many of whom moved up from Crosstalk). And try the DEC terminal emulation package that has everyone in the business buzzing.

FREE EVALUATION	
Name	
Title	VTERM
Company	$- \mid \cap \mid$
Address	$ \bigcirc$
Telephone ()	DEC Terminal Emulator
I am a user 🔲 dealer 🗌. Mail to:	
Coefficient Systems Cor 611 Broadway, New York, New York 100	12 (212) 777-6707 вус-8/8
* VTERM refers to VTERM/220, VTERM/4010, etc. products from Co Crosstalk is a trademark of Digital Communications	Associates, Inc.

World Radio History

cess. The File Agent uses configurable device specifiers, letting you access remote computers as if they were local disk drives.

Softerm's learn mode creates only macros; you've got to enter script code manually. The editor saves you some keystrokes by generating commands and by catching entry errors, but it can be inflexible. In fact, the script language itself suffers from a rigid structure. Not an open programming environment, but the kind you may appreciate at debugging time or when coding complex sessions.

The menu structure is somewhat confusing. For instance, F4 from the Softerm Functions menu, labeled File Transfer, does *not* let you transfer files; for that feature, you must call the Utility Functions menu. A better design would save keystrokes and enhance clarity.

With so many features and admirable power, Softerm deserves its place alongside the expensive communications packages. It can do the job, but it's not a program you can go to work on right out of the box. A steep learning curve, annoying rigidity, and poor performance in our benchmark tests thwart the promise of this full-featured package.

#### The Big Picture

Today's communications software has come a long way. Learn modes, easy macro definition, and context-sensitive help make telecomputing simpler than ever. With powerful scripting and abundant features, the best programs don't sacrifice sophistication. If you have a quick and easy session to run, complex features stay out of your way; but if you need more power, it lies in wait. By gleaning the features and checking benchmarks, you should pick a package that is most closely aligned to your application.

For instance, if you have limited hardware and perform long file transfers, background operation becomes vital. It frees your local keyboard and enhances productivity. It also limits your choices considerably: While most programs can access DOS without logging out, they lack true background. On the other hand, if you desire simultaneous transfers, a program like MaxOnline or Mirror II can do the job by accessing both COMM ports.

Our line simulator benchmarks show all packages performing XMODEM transfers equally well. Clearly, though, with 1-megabyte transfer rates ranging from over 20 minutes to less than 2 minutes, software affects throughput. And a high data transfer rate does not necessarily ensure performance; software over-

#### COMMUNICATIONS SOFTWARE

head and line waits can significantly hamper transfer speed. Crosstalk XVI and Smartcom III both tout maximum data transfer rates of 115,200 bps, yet their 1-megabyte transfer times differ by as much as 13 minutes—very significant when tying up a valuable resource.

Proprietary protocols can make a difference. Carbon Copy compressed our file of 64,000 A characters and sent it in 12 seconds. The BLAST protocol handles noise exceptionally well. Each package emphasizes specific features, but a couple of them bring it all together.

#### Top of the Line

For overall performance, Smartcom III leads the field. It set the standard for 1megabyte transfer, the most telling of our benchmarks. It includes all necessary features and throws in all those little extras that make the job easier—such as recalling filenames from the first couple of keystrokes, encrypting files and scrambling passwords for added security, and allowing simultaneous on-line sessions.

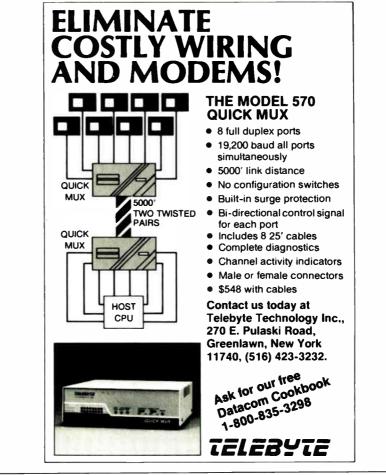
Smartcom's scripting also sets the pace. When faced with ever-changing prompts and the vagaries of on-line communications, you need a language that has full error trapping and can handle all the anomalies. You'll still run into programming limits, but, for an application language, Smartcom attains the state of the art.

#### **Price vs. Performance**

Here Procomm Plus wins our endorsement. Unobtrusive and easy to use, it still includes all major features and supports an enviable set of protocols and terminal emulations. It achieves simplicity with standard Alt-key combinations and with a comprehensive menu that's a single keystroke away. Its power comes from a surprisingly strong scripting language. And it's highly flexible—an indispensable feature for telecomputing tasks. Although it lacks the sophistication of Smartcom III or Crosstalk Mk.4, Procomm Plus does the job admirably well at a reasonable price.

Generally, we were impressed by the overall quality of all the packages tested. Once lagging behind the telecomputing revolution, communications software has filled the gap with full programming capability and creative proprietary features. Going on-line has never been easier.

Steve Apiki and Stan Diehl are testing editors for the BYTE Lab. They can be reached at One Phoenix Mill Lane, Peterborough, NH 03458, or on BIX as "apiki" and "sdiehl."



### "IT MAKES PROCOMM LOOK LIKE AMATEURCOM."

If you talk to a DEC mainframe, no software emulates the VT220, VT100 or VT52 terminal more accurately or professionally than VTERM.\*

Hot keys. Kermit. Automatic reformatting for spreadsheets and databases. VTERM has it all.

Why not join the 60,000 users of VTERM (many of whom moved up from Procomm). And try the DEC terminal emulation package that's in a totally different league.

which is mine to keep.	orking copy of VTERM/22
Title	VTERM
Company	$  $ $\sim$
Address	$-$   $\bigcirc$
Telephone ()	DEC Terminal Emulator
l am a user ☐ dealer ☐. Mail to: Coefficient Systems Cou 611 Broadway, New York, New York 100	rporation )12 (212) 777-6707 вур-8

Circle 46 on Reader Service Card

World Radio History



#### The Tatung TCS-8000, Proteus 386A, and Everex Step 386/20 take different paths to high performance

#### Ed McNierney

s more 80386-based computers become available, you'd think they'd be as similar as peas in a pod. But that's not the case. As computers based on the 80386 move beyond the initial 16-MHz wave to 20 MHz, design variations between different systems become more prominent. Those variations show up clearly as differences in performance.

The 20-MHz systems reviewed herethe Tatung TCS-8000, Proteus 386A, and Everex Step 386/20-follow different design philosophies. The three systems show a remarkable range of performance and operational capabilities for a set of machines that are superficially so similar. Each couples its CPU with an enhanced AT-style keyboard, a reasonable-size hard disk drive, and an EGA display subsystem. Yet on closer inspection and testing, each shows unique performance features, and the group as a whole shows a variation in performance of more than 100 percent on some of the benchmarks.

#### **Fast Cache**

The most prominent factor in an 80386based system's performance is the memory architecture. Since the 20-MHz 80386 is an exceptionally memoryhungry processor with a instruction prefetch queue to keep filled, its demands

# Variations on the 20-MHz Theme

on memory access are severe. Unfortunately, memory costs are such that the several megabytes of sub-50-nanosecond static RAM (SRAM) required to give the 80386 unimpeded memory access would make any system prohibitively expensive. But that much fast memory isn't necessary; good performance can be obtained for a fraction of the cost by using a well-designed memory system. Each of the three systems reviewed uses a different approach to memory architecture.

The Tatung TCS-8000 takes the simplest approach. The CPU accesses all the 80-ns memory through a 16-bit data path and requires no proprietary 32-bit extension bus. The resulting system runs with two wait states at all times, and you can add more memory with any conventional memory-expansion board. Unfortunately, this simple solution almost always results in a performance penalty that puts the TCS-8000 at the bottom of this three-system heap in memory-intensive operations. However, that fast RAM makes the Tatung TCS-8000 almost as fast as the Compaq Deskpro 386/20, which uses 100-ns RAM.

The Proteus 386A takes an intermediate approach with a motherboard that can support 4 megabytes of 100-ns memory with a 32-bit data path. This dynamic RAM (DRAM) is supplemented by a 64K-byte 45-ns SRAM cache. Since most applications do not require more than 4 megabytes of RAM, this system provides a reasonable performance compromise. This system also does not use a proprietary 32-bit expansion slot, so if you add more memory, it must be accessed through a 16-bit bus. The cache system caches all memory, however, not just the memory on the motherboard; as a result, the performance degradation that the 16-bit memory produces is moderated. Testing showed that this caching had little effect on the performance of the system, which ran memory-intensive operations just slightly faster than the Tatung TCS-8000.

The Everex Step 386/20's memory system is perhaps the most unusual of the



Not peas in a pod: From left to right, the Tatung TCS-8000, Proteus 386A and Everex Step 386/20 travel different paths to improved performance. group, but it produces the best overall performance. You can install up to 8 megabytes of 120-ns DRAM on the system board, with another 8 megabytes available in a full 32-bit expansion slot. To boost the performance of this DRAM, a 64K-byte SRAM cache (expandable to 256K bytes) is also used but with a twist.

Most PC cache systems are the writethrough type. If data is in the cache, it's read from there; otherwise, it's read from main memory. But when data is written, it's always written to the cache first and then "through" the cache into main memory. As a result, the cache offers little benefit on memory writes. However, since the bulk of a CPU's work consists of reading instructions to execute, this write penalty does not seriously affect performance.

But Everex, deciding to squeeze all possible speed out of its system, has implemented a write-back cache instead. In this cache system, if a data write occurs to a memory location in the very fast 25ns cache, that write occurs only to that memory and not to main memory. It then marks the cache location as "dirty" because its value differs from the main memory location it is caching. When that same location is read again, it is read directly from the cache until a new memory access causes that cache location to be overwritten. When new memory is moved into the cache, the current contents of the cache are checked to see if they are dirty. If so, those contents are

written out to main memory before they're overwritten. Thus, a memory location that is frequently written to gets written much more quickly than in a conventional "write-through" system.

#### **Tatung TCS-8000**

The TCS-8000 as reviewed lists for \$5288, not including a math coprocessor. The system supports a 10-MHz 80287 or 80387 coprocessor, neither of which Tatung supplies; the review system was equipped with a 10-MHz 80287. You can't vary the coprocessor speed, but you can switch the system CPU speed between 20 MHz and 8 MHz from the keyboard using the Ctrl-Alt-Minus keys. The system always powers up in the slower 8-MHz speed. If you really get into trouble, a convenient hardware reset switch is provided on the front panel of the system unit.

The motherboard of the review unit held 2 megabytes of 80-ns RAM on SIMM (single in-line memory module) chips, with sockets for up to 4 megabytes. You can add more memory with an AT-style memory card. There are eight slots: two 8-bit and six 16-bit. The serial/ parallel card and the EGA card take up both 8-bit slots, and the floppy/hard disk drive controller takes one 16-bit slot, leaving five 16-bit slots free.

The review unit had one 1.2-megabyte 5¼-inch floppy disk drive and one fullheight hard disk drive. There is room for two other half-height devices. The Mini-Scribe 6053 40-megabyte hard disk drive performed well and reliably, but it fell behind the performance expected of a drive in this class. According to the Coretest, it had a data transfer rate of 169.9K bytes per second, an average seek rate of 33.7 milliseconds, and a track-to-track rate of 5.7 ms. As a result, all the Tatung's disk-based benchmark results were the poorest of the three machines.

Although a disk support software package was included with the system, it did not include a disk-cache utility, as the other two systems did. Disk-cache utilities are becoming standard equipment on 80386 machines, and one could improve the Tatung TCS-8000's general performance.

The display adapter is an ATI EGAcompatible short card with additional support for Hercules graphics modes and several enhanced EGA modes, including 800 by 560, 640 by 480, and 752 by 410 pixels. Tatung supplied its own EGA CM-1480 monitor, which features an additional monochrome mode: When the monitor is operating in text mode, a switch can change the normal white-onblack display to amber on black, green on black, or bright white on blue.

The Tatung system suffers from a poor keyboard. Although the feel of the keys is similar to that of many of the softer keyboards, the lack of a firm touch is overshadowed by the poor layout. The layout resembles the new IBM Enhanced 101key layout at first glance, but there are *continued* 





#### Everex Step 386/20, Proteus 386A, Tatung TCS-8000

#### **APPLICATION-LEVEL PERFORMANCE**

WORD PROCESSING XyWrite III + 3,52	Everex 386/20 Med/Lrg	Proteus 386A Med/Lrg	Tatung TCS-8000 Med/Lrg	DATABASE dBASE III + 1.1	Everex 386/20	Proteus 386A	Tatung TCS-8000
Load (large)	:14	:13	:13	Copy	:51	:50	1:42
Word count	:02/:16	:02/:17	:03/:22	Index	:19	:19	:23
Search/replace	:04/:20	:05/:22	:05/:23	List	1:52	2:56	3:44
End of document	:02/:13	:01/:13	:02/:14	Append	1:40	1:35	2:03
Block moves	:10/:10	:10/:10	:11/:11	Delete	:02	:02	:03
Spelling check	:07/:47	:07/:50	:09/1:02	Pack	1:19	1:36	2:30
Microsoft Word 4.0	.071.47	.077.00	.00/1.02	Count	:17	:16	:19
Forward delete	:11	:11	:14	Sort	1:16	1:15	1:23
Aldus PageMaker 1.0a				3011	1.10	1.13	1.20
Load document	:11	:05	:16	Index:	1.55	1.45	1.06
Change/Bold	21	:23	:28		1.55	1.45	1.00
Align right	:16	:20	:21	SCIENTIFIC/ENGINE	FRING		
Cut 10 pages	:16	:17	:19	Solen in io/Endin		Proteus 386A	Tatung TCS-8000
Place graphic	:04	05	:05	AutoCAD 2.52		1101000 0000	luting 100-0000
Print to file	1:40	1:44	2:02	Load SoftWest	:38	:57	2:01
			E.OE	Regen SoftWest	:26	:45	:47
Index:	3.06	2.73	2.31	Load StPauls	:10	:19	:15
		<b></b>		Regen StPauls	:05	:09	:09
SPREADSHEET	Everex 386/20	Proteus 386A	Tatung TCS-8000	Hide/redraw	8:48	14:37	15:22
Lotus 1-2-3 2.01				STATA 1.5	0.10	14.07	IU.LL
Block copy	:02	:03	:03	Graphics	1:27	1:17	2:17
Recalc	:01	:01	:01	ANOVA	:14	:23	28
Load Monte Carlo	:15	:16	:16	MathCAD 2.0			
Recalc Monte Carlo	:04	:03	:03	IFS 800 pts.	:12	:22	:23
Load rlarge3	:04	:04	:04	FFT/IFFT 1024 pts.	:13	:26	:25
Recalc rlarge3	:01	:01	:01				
Recalc Goal-seek	:03	:03	:03	Index:	3.68	2.26	1.94
Microsoft Excel 2.0							
Fill right	:04	:04	:05	COMPILERS	Everex 386/20	Proteus 386A	Tatung TCS-8000
Undo fill	1:26	1:28	2:01	Microsoft C 5.0			
Recalc	:01	:01	:01	XLisp compile	3:33	4:20	4:51
Load rlarge3	:20	:22	:26	Turbo Pascal			
Recalc rlarge3	: <mark>01</mark>	:01	:01	Pascal S compile	:04	:05	:06
Index:	3.37	3.20	2.98	Index:	2.75	2.22	1.92

All times are in minutes: seconds. Indexes show relative performance; for all indexes, an 8-MHz IBM PC=1

#### LOW-LEVEL PERFORMANCE<sup>1</sup>

CPU	Everex 386/20	Proteus 386A	Tatung TCS-8000		Everex 386/20	Proteus 386A	Tatung TCS-8000		Everex 386/20	Proteus 386A	Tatung TCS-8000
Matrix	3.04	3.19	3.54	Hard Seek <sup>4</sup>				Text			
String Move				Outer track	3.33	3.28	3.31	Mode 0	9,12	16.53	22.02
Byte-wide	20.05	31.25	29.42	Inner track	3.31	3.33	3.30	Mode 1	9.09	16.51	22.01
Word-wide				Half platter	10.00	6.64	13.29	Mode 2	8,59	16.55	21.68
Odd-bnd.	25.05	25.29	29.59	Full platter	12.56	8.35	16.64	Mode 3	8.57	16.55	21.68
Even-bnd.	10.00	15.65	14,74	Average	7.30	5.40	9.13	Mode 7	N/A	16.87	N/A
Sieve	19.10	20.00	22.50	DOS Seek				Test			
Sort	14.29	21,48	25.00	1-sector	11.97	8.25	18.47	average	8.84	16.60	21.85
				32-sector	41.90	41.82	64.30	Graphics			2.100
lindex:	4.07	3.22	3.01	File I/O <sup>6</sup>				CGA:			
				Seek	0.11	0,13	0.11	Mode 4	1.70	1,56	2.00
FLOATING P	OINT <sup>2</sup>			Read	1.09	1.16	0.98	Mode 5	1.65	1.54	2.01
	Everex	Proteus	Tatung	Write	1.01	1,14	1.14	Mode 6	1,67	1.65	2.01
	386/20	386A	TCS-8000	1-megabyte				EGA:	1.07	1.00	2.01
Math	7,18	32.52	27.99	Write	6.89	7.33	8.55	Mode 13	3.48	3,35	3.98
	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	Read	7.03	7.66	8.22	Mode 14	3.59	3.65	4.27
Sine(x)	3.30	14.37	11.17	- Tiedd	7.00	7.00	0.22	Mode 14	3.70	3.70	4.12
	2.00E-09	2.00E-09	2.00E-09	Index:	1.41	1.44	1.17	Graphics	<b>0</b> .70	0.70	4.12
ex	3.19	12.10	9.76	L Index.	1.41		1.17	average	2.63	2.57	3.06
	1.00E-09	1.00E-09	1.00E-09					average	2.03	2.57	3.00
	1.002-00	1.002-09	1.002-03					Index:	1.59	1.17	0.94
Index:	5.96	1.42	1.74								0.04

CONVENTIONAL BENCHMARKS Everex

LINPACK

(MFLOPS)

(Dhry/sec)

Livermore Loops<sup>6</sup>

Dhrystone (MS C 5.0)

386/20

172.03

0.17

6793

Proteus

386A

623.40

0.04

5945

Tatung TCS-8000

507.90

0.05

5291

N/A = Not applicable; mode not supported by graphics adapter.
 1 All times are in seconds. All figures were generated using the 8088/8086 version (1.1) of Small-C (16-bit integers). Figures for 80386 machines do not use 80386-specific instructions.
 2 The floating-point benchmarks use 8087-compatible instructions only.

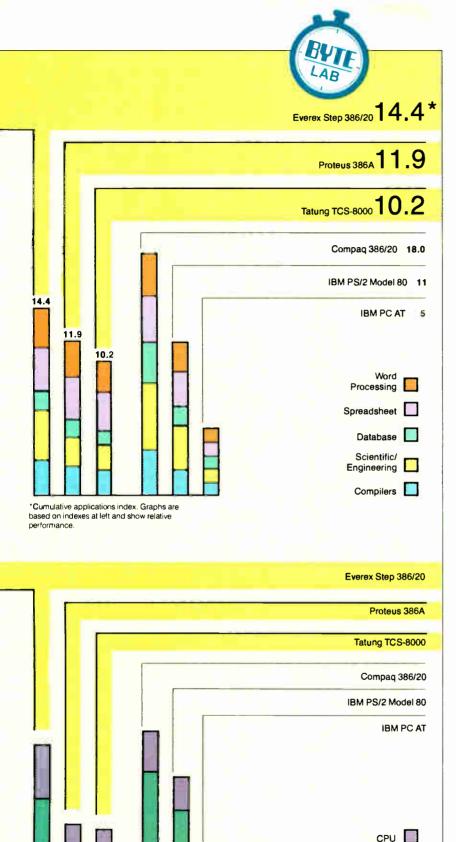
<sup>3</sup> The errors for the floating-point benchmarks indicate the difference between expected and actual values, correct to 10 digits or rounded to 2 digits.

4 Times reported by the Hard Seek and DOS Seek are for multiple seek operations (number of seeks performed currently set to 100).

<sup>5</sup> Read and write times for the File I/O benchmarks are in seconds per 64 Kbytes.

<sup>6</sup> For the Livermore Loops and Dhrystone tests only, higher numbers mean faster performance.

For a full description of all the benchmarks, see "Introducing the New BYTE Benchmarks," June BYTE.



REVIEW VARIATIONS ON THE 20-MHZ THEME

some variations in key positions.

The system's documentation includes four binders of material, two of which are supplied by Microsoft for the Tatung version of MS-DOS 3.21 and for GW-BASIC. The other two manuals are the Tatung user's guide and technical reference; these two suffer severely from confused English, spelling and grammatical mistakes, and poor organization and indexing. Information is scrambled throughout the manuals, and not much effort was spent keeping complex and technical information separate from the standard user information required to set up and operate the system.

A poor set of documentation makes it difficult to take a computer system seriously. The cost of writing documentation is small compared to developing and distributing an 80386-based computer system, yet better documentation would produce a big benefit for both the manufacturer and the user.

The TCS-8000 has a 1-year parts and labor warranty; service is provided by Tatung.

In general, while the Tatung system did not fail or break down, it didn't have any outstanding features. Its quirky keyboard and generally ordinary performance put it near the bottom of the list when compared to the other systems available. A new manual, better support software, and a new keyboard could make the system a reasonable, if unremarkable, 20-MHz 80386 choice.

#### Proteus 386A

The Proteus approach to personal computers is to be a hardware supermarket. Its catalogs include a wide variety of hardware options, and you order them in whatever combination you want. Proteus offers support and service with a 15month on-site warranty with each of its systems. For users who don't have the courage or the time to take the cover off their system units every time something goes wrong, a comprehensive support system like Proteus's can be very welcome.

The Proteus 20-MHz 80386 system comes with a socket for an optional 80287 math coprocessor. The keyboard controls the system's operating speed and cache memory controller. The Ctrl-Alt-Plus and -Minus keys switch the operating speed between 20 MHz and 6 MHz, and the Ctrl-Alt-Left-Shift-Plus and -Minus keys enable or disable the SRAM cache memory when the system is running at 20 MHz. The cache is always disabled at 6 MHz, because at that speed continued

World Radio History

FPU

Disk I/O

Video

#### REVIEW VARIATIONS ON THE 20-MHZ THEME

	Tatung TCS-8000	Proteus 386A	Everex Step 286/20
Company	Tatung Co. of America, Inc. 2850 El Presidio St. Long Beach, CA 90810 (213) 979-7055	Proteus Technology Corp. 377 Route 17 Airport 17 Center Hasbrouck Heights, NJ 07604 (201) 288-8629	Everex Computer Systems Division 48431 Milmont Dr. Fremont, CA 94538 (800) 356-4283
Components	Processor: 80386 running at 20 MHz, switchable to 8 MHz; socket for optional 10-MHz 80287 or 80387 math coprocessor Memory: 1 megabyte of 16-bit two-wait-state DRAM standard on motherboard, expandable to 16 megabytes Mass storage: 1.2-megabyte 5¼- inch floppy disk drive; optional 40- megabyte 5¼-inch hard disk drive Display: Optional Enhanced EGA card with Hercules emulation; optional Tatung CM-1480 EGA monitor Keyboard: 101-key Modified Enhanced keyboard I/O interfaces: One DB-25 parallel port; one DB-9 serial port; six 16- bit and two 8-bit expansion slots Other: Phoenix Technologies BIOS with ROM-based Setup utility; hardware reset switch	Processor: 80386 running at 20 MHz, switchable to 6 MHz; socket for optional 10-MHz 80287 math coprocessor Memory: 4 megabytes of 32-bit zero-wait-state DRAM on motherboard, expandable to 16 megabytes; 64K bytes of 45-ns SRAM cache memory Mass storage: 1.2-megabyte 5¼- inch floppy disk drive; optional 720K-byte 3½-inch floppy disk drive; optional 320-megabyte 5¼- inch hard disk drive Display: Optional Everex EVGA enhanced EGA with Hercules emulation and high-resolution EGA display modes; optional NEC MultiSync II display monitor Keyboard: 101-key Modified Enhanced keyboard I/O interfaces: One DB-9 and one DB-25 serial port; one DB-25 parallel port; six 16-bit and two 8- bit expansion slots Other: American Megatrends BIOS with ROM-based Setup utility; hardware reset switch	Processor: 80386 running at 20 MHz, switchable to 10 or 7 MHz; optional 20-MHz 80387 math coprocessor Memory: 2 megabytes of 32-bit zero-wait-state DRAM on motherboard, expandable to 16 megabytes; 128K-byte 25-ns SRAM cache memory, expandable to 256K bytes Mass storage: 1.2-megabyte 5¼- inch floppy disk drive; optional 80- megabyte hard disk drive Display: Optional Everex EGA card; optional Everex EGA card; optional Everex EGA card; optional Everex EGA monitor Keyboard: 101-key Modified Enhanced keyboard I/O interfaces: 1-to-1 interleave floppy/hard disk drive controller; one DB-9 serial port; one DB-25 parallel port; six 16-bit, one 8-bit, and one dual 32-bit or 8-bit expansion slot Other: Front-panel LED status display; hardware reset switch; speaker disable switch; Everex Enhanced American Megatrends BIOS with ROM-based Setup utility
Size	6¾ × 22½ × 18⅓ inches; 59½ pounds	6¾ × 21⅓ × 17⅓ inches; 54 pounds	7 × 22 × 17½ inches; 58 pounds
Software	MS-DOS 3.21; GWBASIC 3.2; Tatung display drivers; MiniScribe disk management and diagnostic software	MS-DOS 3.30; GWBASIC 3.3; Everex EVGA utilities; SpeedStor disk caching and utility software	MS-DOS 3.3; GWBASIC 3.3; Everex Magic I/O support software; Everex EGA display adapter support software
Options	Monochrome display adapter: \$99 Hercules/EGA card: \$189 VGA card: \$595	720K-byte 3½-inch floppy disk drive: \$98 20-megabyte to 320-megabyte hard disk drives: \$261 to \$2895 Everex EGA card: \$139 Everex EVGA card: \$269 14-inch monochrome monitor: \$129 EGA monitor: \$375 NEC MultiSync II monitor: \$675	80387-20 coprocessor: \$1495 Weitek 1167 math coprocessor board: \$1995 40-megabyte hard disk drive: \$550 80-megabyte hard disk drive: \$795 Everex EGA card: \$169 Everex EGA monitor: \$399
<b>Documentation</b>	Tatung TCS-8000 User's Manual; Tatung TCS-8000 Technical Manual; MS-DOS User's Guide; GWBASIC Manual	MS-DOS User's Guide; GWBASIC Manual; Everex Magic I/O Adapter reference; Everex EVGA Display Adapter reference; SpeedStor disk utility software reference; Proteus User's Guide	Everex System 386 User's Guide; NEC Everex Magic I/O operating manual
Price	Standard system with 1 megabyte of RAM, 1.2-megabyte 5¼-inch floppy disk drive, and floppy/hard disk drive controller: \$3500 System as reviewed: \$5288	Standard system with 1 megabyte of RAM, 64K-byte cache, floppy/ hard disk drive controller, and 1.2- megabyte 5¼-inch floppy disk drive: \$3190 System as reviewed: \$8522	Standard system with 1 megabyte of RAM, 64K-byte RAM cache, floppy/hard disk drive controller, and 1.2-megabyte floppy disk drive: \$4399 System as reviewed: \$6437
	Inquiry 883.	inquiry 884.	inguiry 885.

# Princeton's Very Good Answers.

Without question, Princeton's PSC-28 and PSM-03 monitors will bring you the ultimate in VGA performance. Princeton was the first to offer truly compatible VGA dedicated monitors. Our PSC-28 is a 770  $\times$  570, .28mm dot pitch, high resolution analog color monitor that can display an infinite number of colors. The PSC-28 also features a convenient color button for green, amber or cyan text. The PSM-03, a high resolution analog monochrome monitor gives you outstanding 800  $\times$  630 resolution, and the ability to display infinite shades of gray. Plus sharp crisp graphics and character definition from its dynamic focusing circuitry.

Both monitors are compatible with IBM PC\*, XT\*, AT\*, PS/2, Apple Macintosh SE\* and compatible personal computers. Each gives you full compatibility with the leading VGA adapter cards including the QuadVGA and VEGA VGA. So if VGA meets all your needs (and you don't require the additional flexibility of our famous ULTRASYNC and MAX-15 autosynchronous monitors), investigate the cost/performance value of the



PSC-28 and PSM-03.

Unsurpassed quality, service and performance make it hard to beat Princeton monitors. We offer better value than our competition. We call it the Visible Edge. For answers to all your questions about VGA compatible monitors, contact us at 601 Ewing Street, Building A, Princeton, New Jersey 08540 (609) 683-1660, x 810.

\*Requires proper adapter card



#### THE VISIBLE EDGE

# **TURN-POINT AMERICA**





"...I picked the Turnpoint 386 board as my first choice... Overall, it was the best buy...combining solid performance with a good price."

Don Crabb, Byte, June 1988



- a) 80286 Motherboard 12.5 Mhz 0 wait state, Norton SI 15.3, socketed for 4 Mb DRAM, EMS software included.
- b) 80386 Motherboard Available in 16/20 Mhz and 20/25 Mhz versions, full AT size or XT size, socketed for 2 Mb or 8 Mb DRAM.
- c) VGA Card 100% register compatible with IBM, resolutions up to 1024x768x16 colors, hardware zoom, pan, and scan, application driver software included.
- d) Super Multi I/O Floppy controller for 1.44Mb thru 360k, 2 serial, 1 parallel, 1 game port.

Please call our toll free line for distributor pricing. All of Turn-Point America's products carry a one year parts and labor warranty. Visa, MasterCard, and COD accepted.

Circle 245 on Reader Service Card TRADEMARKS and REGISTERED TRADEMARKS: IBM - International Business Machines

#### ness Machines

#### Sales 1-800-247-6413 Tech Support (702) 746-1818



Turn-Point America éclat corporation

3495 N. McCarran Blvd. Reno, NV 89503 Telex: 650 308 4898 MCI Fax: (702) 746-2306

Circle 3 on Reader Service Card

#### REVIEW VARIATIONS ON THE 20-MHZ THEME

the standard DRAM is fast enough to keep up with the processor at all times. The front panel features a hardware reset switch for desperate moments. The system Setup program is in ROM and can be accessed during boot-up.

In the review system, the Proteus motherboard came with 4 megabytes of 100-ns DRAM for the main memory and 64K bytes of 45-ns SRAM for the cache memory, both in DIP chips installed in sockets. Additional system memory requires an AT-style expansion card. The motherboard has eight slots: six 16-bit and two 8-bit. The EGA/VGA and parallel/serial cards take both 8-bit slots, and the floppy/hard disk drive controller card takes a 16-bit slot. This leaves five 16-bit slots free. As configured, the review system lists for \$8522.

The computer has space for five halfheight disk drives. The review unit included a standard 1.2-megabyte 5 ¼-inch floppy disk drive and an optional 720Kbyte 3<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>-inch floppy disk drive. The hard disk drive was a full-height Maxtor XT-4380E 320-megabyte ESDI (enhanced small device interface) drive. The Coretest rated this drive as having a data transfer rate of 212.5K bytes per second, an average seek rate of 13 ms, and a track-to-track rate of 3.7 ms.

Although the Proteus 386A uses a hardware cache memory system, its performance on memory-intensive benchmarks is not appreciably different from the Tatung system, which does not have a cache. Disk-intensive tests, however, show excellent performance due to the high-performance ESDI hard disk drive. This disk comes with SpeedStor disk management and caching software, which allows the entire disk to be split up into only three DOS partitions, two of which are larger than 32 megabytes.

With the SpeedStor software cache installed in extended memory, the disk benchmark times dropped dramatically, some running as much as 25 times faster; but even without the cache, the disk's 13ms average access time greatly boosted system performance. For someone investing in a 20-MHz 80386 system, a high-speed hard disk drive is an essential, and the disk drives that Proteus supplies are more than worth the money.

The Proteus 386A uses an Everex EVGA card that can generate either TTL (EGA-style) or analog (VGA-style) output signals and is an extremely flexible display device. In addition to the standard device drivers, the EVGA software utilities include a wide selection of installable font files that replace the EGA's standard fonts with either more attrac-

tive, more decorative, or more compact fonts, including one suitable for 132-column text displays. The card comes with device drivers to support a variety of high-resolution display modes for Auto-CAD and Microsoft Windows. Proteus supplied a very nice NEC MultiSync II monitor with the review unit.

The Proteus User's Guide comes in a small three-ring binder and is well organized and easy to read. It includes a "New Users" section for beginners and a "For Advanced Users" section for more experienced owners.

The Proteus keyboard is another "clone keyboard." Its layout resembles the IBM Enhanced keyboard, except that the Backspace and backslash/vertical bar keys assume their older AT positions. The keyboard offers no tactile feedback at all, and the keys offer so little resistance to pressure that it's a wonder they spring back again. A better keyboard design would help this system a lot.

If it's used with a replacement kevboard or as a file server on which the keyboard gets little use, the Proteus 386A is a reasonable performer with a solid backing of warranty support and repair service. It is worthy of serious consideration in disk-intensive operations, provided you can tolerate the minor annoyances in the system.

#### Everex Step 386/20

In several respects, the Everex Step 386/20 is the outstanding member of this group of machines. Its appearance sets it apart right from the start, with a flashy front-panel LED text display, speed and control switches, and a collection of indicator LEDs all protected by a sliding transparent cover. The text display tracks the progress of the system's power-on self-test and boot procedure, and from then on it continuously displays the disk drive, cylinder, and head most recently accessed by the disk drive controller system.

The front panel provides three control switches for selecting the system's operating speed at power-up, turning the system speaker on or off, or causing a hardware reset to occur. The system can operate at either 20, 10, or 7 MHz, and the Ctrl-Alt-Plus and -Minus key combinations allow you to speed up or slow down the processor. The system includes an optional 20-MHz 80387 math coprocessor whose speed matches the CPU and which is synchronized with it at all times.

The review system has a list price of \$6362; it came equipped with 2 megacontinued

#### The best Modula-2

compilers for PCs and compatibles

#### Taylor Modula-2

The professional high-performance compiler for PCs: the fastest compiler in the world

- \* unrivalled speed of compliation 7,000-10,000 lines per minute (80286, 8 MHz). excellent code
- Mini-computer standard global optimisation. Code performs 1580 Dhrystone tests per second! (80286,8 MHz) \* ultra-compact
- high code density and a library of unrivalled compactness (23 modules in a total of 13K!)
- completely standard implementation Follows N. Wirth's standard for Modula-2. BIOS indepen-dent uses MS/PC DOS exclusively.
- easy to use

Straightforward user interface. Comprehensive documen-tation for system programmers. \* Guarantee and support One year guarantee. Maintenance contracts available.

Swiss quality product.	
TaylorModula-2 Demo disk	\$ 900 \$ 10

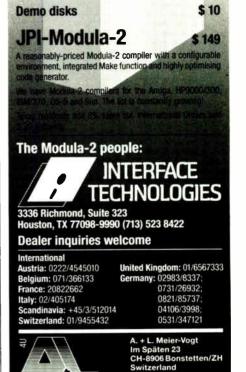
#### M2SDS

#### \$ 99

The professional Modula-2 software development system M2SDS comprises the following features in an easy-to-use window environmen

- modern, syntax-driven editor fast compiler
- linker producing EXE programs
- unique library manager comprehensive standard library

There are a vast number of tools, toolboxes, demo disks, public domain programs and books for M2SDS - probably more than for any other development system! M2SOS was used for the writing of the Farsight integrated business software packagel



# The Official Endorsed Books On **Uatter**

Over 175,000 Copies In Print

Borland-Osborne/ McGraw-Hill offers you the only full line of endorsed books on Quattro. These titles combine Borland's own technical expertise with Osborne/McGraw-Hill's publishing savyy. With these official Quattro titles, you'll have a comprehensive library that keeps pace with you as you develop greater skills with Quattro."

Philippe Kahn, President & CEO, Borland International, Inc.

#### Usual true Made Law by Lisa Biow

NO

lat

Guides you through a step-by-step introduction **\$19.95** 600 pp. ISBN: 0-07-881347-6

#### Sing Qualities

The Professional Spreadsheet by Stephen Cobb

Gets you up and running fast with basic to more advanced techniques. \$21.95 - 584pp. ISBN: 0-07-881330-1

#### Unalities Security Submittees Shortent by Craig Stinson

Unveils a clever selection of Quatro tricks. \$21.95 650pp. ISBN: 0-07-881400-6 Available: 8/88

#### Qualificate Primary, Charty,

by Stephen Cobb

Unlocks Quattro's full power for serious business. **\$22.95** 600pp. ISBN: 0-07-881367-0

#### matters The Couple

#### by Yvonne McCoy

Details every Quattro feature. command, and function. **\$24.95** 666pp. ISBN: 0-07-881337-9

#### Qualifyers: The Poeke Reference

by Stephen Cobb

Puts essential commands and features at your fingertips. **\$5.95** 128pp. ISBN: 0-07-881378-6

#### **ORDER TODAY!**

Available at Fine Book Stores and Computer Stores Everywhere or **CALL TOLL FREE** 800-227-0900 Visa, MasterCard, & <u>American Express Accepted</u>

Osborne McGraw Hill 2600 Tenth Street Berkeley, CA 94710

#### BORLAND OSBORNE/McGRAW·HILL

S

S

QUATTRO SECRETS: SOLUTIONS: SHORTCUTS

OBLEM

S / M Orathur et als proved and

B

CURRENT OF

#### mational Inc. Congregitt@1988, McGraw-Hill, Inc.

S

World Radio History

E R

emprohensive Desktop Re outprohensive Desktop Re outprohensive Desktop Re outprohensive Desktop Re

S

F

bytes of 120-ns DRAM on SIMMs and 64K bytes of 25-ns SRAM in socketed DIP chips for the cache memory. You can add additional memory via a proprietary 32-bit expansion slot; up to 16 megabytes of memory can be added at exactly the same performance level as the original system-board RAM. The motherboard has eight slots-six 16-bit and two 8-bit. The floppy/hard disk drive controller uses a 16-bit slot, and the Everex EGA and parallel/serial cards both use 8-bit slots. One 8-bit slot shares space with the 32-bit memory-expansion connector.

The system uses a very fast SRAM cache, and the resulting performance shows a noticeable improvement over the other two systems (which were quite close to each other in system speed). The benchmark results show clearly superior performance across the board. The Everex memory system definitely makes a difference.

The Step 386/20 has room for five half-height devices. Data storage in the review system consisted of a standard 1.2-megabyte 5<sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub>-inch floppy disk drive and a Toshiba MK-56FB 72-megabyte hard disk drive with an RLL (run-lengthlimited) controller. The Coretest indicated that the Toshiba drive had a data transfer rate of 490K bytes per second, an average seek time of 27.5 ms, and a track-to-track time of 5.6 ms.

Video display was handled by an Everex EV-659 EGA/parallel card. I used an NEC MultiSync II monitor with the review system.

The system came with a number of utilities, but without an operating system; I used the MS-DOS 3.3 shipped with the Proteus system. The company says that it is now shipping DOS 3.3 with the system. The utility software includes test and diagnostic programs and a RAM disk and disk-cache utility. The system Setup program is in ROM and is accessed during boot-up.

The keyboard itself appears to be identical to the one used by Proteus, with the same soft feel and poor tactile feedback.

The Everex Step 386/20 comes with a 1-year on-site warranty for parts and labor. Service is handled by National Computer Service and covers the U.S. and Canada.

The manual for the system was available only in a prerelease photocopy form, but it was a well-organized document. A printed version is now available. The manual contains little extraneous material and gets to the point clearly and quickly. Additional documentation supplied for the monitor (from NEC) and the I/O adapter card was also up to the same standard.

#### On the Bench

I tested all three computers with a variety of software: Microsoft Windows 1.03, SideKick 1.56, Turbo C 1.0, Quick C 1.0, and BRIEF 2.0. For hardware tests, I used my Everex Evercom 1200-bit-persecond modem and the Microsoft Bus Mouse. Everything worked fine with each computer.

The Small-C and Application benchmarks tell the whole story. The Everex Step 386/20 took the honors in the CPU test. This speed difference can be attributed to the SRAM cache combined with the fast 100-ns main memory. The Proteus 386A put in a good second-place performance, with the Tatung TCS-8000 showing a respectable third.

The FPU tests went hands down to the Everex Step 386/20-not surprisingly, since it was equipped with a 20-MHz 80387 while the other machines were running 10-MHz 80287 coprocessors. The File I/O test went to the Proteus 386A. It was running a 320-megabyte Maxtor with a very fast (13-ms) access time. The Video test gives the relative speed of the video cards; in this case, the Everex Step 386/20 (running-what else-an Everex card) was the leader.

The Application tests ranked the three in this order: Everex Step 386/20, Proteus 386A, and Tatung TCS-8000. The Everex Step 386/20 pulled ahead with the combination of its SRAM cache, fast math coprocessor, and efficient hard disk drive. The Proteus 386A placed a close second, with the Tatung TCS-8000 trailing the pack.

#### **Everex Step 386/20 Pulls Ahead**

If you're comparing machines by price, the Proteus 386A and Tatung TCS-8000 offer good value. The Proteus 386A has the advantage of a superior warranty, and you can order the computer with the options you want. But if you're betting on a performance and value horse race, the Everex Step 386/20 wins by several lengths. It features good performance and a convenient front panel, and it is manufactured and supported in the U.S. As these early entries into this highspeed market show, a careful selection of well-coordinated components can produce a true high-speed powerhouse system.

Ed McNierney is a principal engineer at Lotus Development Corp. and lives in Groton, Massachusetts. He can be reached on BIX as "mced."

611

International

Austria: 0222/4545010

Scandinavia: +45/3/512014

Switzerland: 01/9455432

Belgium: 071/366133

France: 20822662 Italy: 02/405174



United Kingdom: 01/6567333 Germany: 02983/8337:

0731/26932:

0821/85737:

04106/3998

0531/347121

World Radio History

**Applications Generator** \$ 395

\$ 495

\$ 290

\$ 59

\$ 30

S 188

\$ 144

or the Amiga, HP-UX, IBM/370 9 and Son, The list is constant-

INTERFACE

TECHNOLOGIES

Amadeus Generate Modula-2 programs directly from your own input, and save yourself hours of coding!

**Tools and Toolboxes** 

Modula-2

#### Graphics

M2Graph*	\$ 65
Controls Hercules cards in Modula-2.	
M2EGA*	\$ 65
Controls EGA cards in Modula-2.	

**Modula Graphics Toolbox I\*** \$ 112 A collection of extremely fast graphics routines for CGA cards written in Modula-2.

Modula Graphics Toolbox II\* \$ 188 Comprehensive package of Modula-2 procedures for all cur-rently available graphics cards. Includes grahics window system, font generator, sprite handler, mouse driver, maths routines, as well as pie chart, histogram and line graph functions etc.

#### Input/Output

Other Tools

Pascal-Modula Converter Converts Turbo-Pascal to Modula-2.

Make full use of your Megabytes of memory expansion

la-2 interface to National Instruments IEEE Interface

This is only a small selection from our comprehensive list of tools for Modula-2. Demo disks are available for products marked with an asterisk. Send \$ 10 for three demo disks, \$ 20 for seven. There is also a wide choice of books and lite-

RTA-Utility Disk 2-10x faster I/O, extended MathLib.

M2 Prolib

Ultra fast o

The professional I

**B-Tree ISAM** 

**EMS-Utilities\*** 

M2IEEE-Interface

n Modula-2.

ula-2 compilers for

The Modula-2 people:

3336 Richmond, Suite 323

Dealer inquiries welcome

Houston, TX 77098-9990 (713) 523 8422

LCR-Window Manager*	\$ 133
Fast, compact window system.	
M2Windows*	\$ 188

Fast, professional window system. Small, high-performance library with integrated menu system and simple mask generator

#### Modula Mask & Menu Generator\* \$ 360 Development system for creating masks and menus in Modula-2 source code. Mask, menu and frame editor. Sup-ports all colours and attributes.

# How fast is *Fast*?

## KONAN'S TenTime™ Intelligent Caching Disk Controller

Waiting for your disk?

The *TenTime*<sup>™</sup> Controller eliminates disk bottlenecks.

- Zero Latency Time
- 1 to 1 Interleave
- Elevator Seeks
- Automatic Preread
- Optional Floppy Control

Circle 122 on Reader Service Card (DEALERS: 123)

\*Ten times faster than standard AT 16 bit controller cards

10X Faster Access Speed\*
3X - 10X Faster Throughput
4Mb/sec Transfer Rate\*
16 Bit AT Controller
On-board Cache Ram

- DOS/Unix Compatible
- Intelligent Cache Routine

+data transfer from controller to PC

(goggles not included) Available for IBM AT, Tandy AT and compatibles

Leading Innovator Since 1978



1829 West Drake Drive, Suite 103, Tempe, Arizona 85283, FAX 602-345-2829, (602) 345-1300 (602) 345-1300



# Four Surrogate Mice



Trackballs and trackwheels are becoming common for manipulating text and data

Jeff Holtzman

Clockwise from top left: the MicroSpeed PC Trac, MicroSpeed FastTRAP, Fulcrum Trackball Plus, and Lightgate Felix. ntrigued by graphic interfaces but hate mice? Then you might try one of the following four pointing devices to get the functionality of a mouse without the hassle. PC-Trac, FastTRAP, and Trackball Plus utilize optomechanical trackball technology; the fourth, Felix, employs a new optical data-tablet technology. I tested serial versions of these four devices on IBM and compatible equipment; PC-Trac and FastTRAP also come in bus versions, and a Macintosh version of Felix is available.

Generally speaking, mice have some advantages over trackballs, including smaller size and, often, better bundled software. Trackballs, however, are usually easier to control, so you may like them better than mice for more detailed operations. If you're used to a mouse, it may take a while for you to get used to a trackball. But after overcoming your initial resistance, chances are you'll enjoy using it.

MicroSpeed, the company that got its start in the DOS world with a clockspeed-enhancement accelerator, designed and manufactures both PC-Trac and FastTRAP (which stands for fast triaxis pointer). These two devices are similar internally and externally-and they even use the same CMOS microcontroller. PC-Trac combines an optomechanical trackball with three buttons; to that configuration, FastTRAP adds an additional vertically oriented wheel, called a trackwheel, that also drives an optomechanical system. PC-Trac and FastTRAP sell for \$119 to \$169, depending on the version you choose.

The Fulcrum Trackball Plus, put out by Fulcrum Computer Products, is the Volkswagen of trackballs for personal computers. It combines low price (\$95) with many mouse and digitizing pad emulations, and less-than-perfect support for text modes. Budget-conscious buyers and those who require multiple emulations will find this a satisfactory, if uninspiring, product.

Cats hate mice, and Lightgate's electronic Felix is supposed to be a mouse killer. The documentation is full of nearreligious fervor about Felix's merits. Hype aside, it turns out that Felix works acceptably for navigating text and graphics screens. Its software is a little rough, however: Depending on the application you're running, you must load various RAM-hungry drivers via a large batch file. And the documentation does little to help you figure out how to streamline the process of loading the drivers. But you will like the fact that Felix comes with a special Lotus 1-2-3 driver that makes it practical to use a pointing device with that program.

#### PC-Trac and FastTRAP

The serial version of PC-Trac is available for \$119, the bus version for \$139. Fastcontinued

#### REVIEW FOUR SURROGATE MICE

Name	PC-Trac	FastTRAP	Trackball Plus	<sup>7</sup> Felix
Type	Trackball	Tri-axis pointer	Trackball	Pointing device
Company	MicroSpeed, Inc. 5307 Randall Place Fremont, CA 94538 (415) 490-1403	MicroSpeed, Inc. 5307 Randall Place Fremont, CA 94538 (415) 490-1403	Fulcrum Computer Products 459 Allan Court Healdsburg, CA 95448 (707) 433-0202	Lightgate 6202 Christie Ave. Emeryville, CA 94608 (415) 596-2350
Features	Microsoft Mouse emulation in hard- ware, three buttons, ballistic-gain-con- trol software, 200- dot-per-inch resolution; 10K bytes of memory used	Microsoft Mouse emulation in hard- ware, 2- and 3-axis operation, three buttons, ballistic- gain-control soft- ware, 200-dpi reso- lution; 10K bytes of memory used	10 mouse and digi- tizing tablet emu- lations, six buttons, power pack, 100-dpi resolution; 8K bytes of memory used	Two emulations, one button, 1-to-1 pointer-to-screen mapping, 1-2-3 and AutoCAD support, power pack, 320- dpi resolution; 40K bytes of memory used
Size	$7\frac{1}{2} \times 4\frac{1}{4} \times 2\frac{1}{2}$ inches; 12 ounces; 6-foot cord	$7\frac{1}{2} \times 4\frac{1}{4} \times 2\frac{1}{2}$ inches; 12 ounces; 6-foot cord	41/2 × 53/4 × 13/4 inches; 41/2 ounces; 4-foot cord	6 × 6 × 1 inches; 12 ounces; 7-foot cord
Hardware Needed	IBM PC, XT, AT, PS/2, or compatible with one floppy disk drive	IBM PC, XT, AT, PS/2, or compatible with one floppy disk drive	IBM PC, XT, AT, PS/2, or compatible with one floppy disk drive and a serial port	IBM PC, XT, AT, PS/2, or compatible with one floppy disk drive
Software Needed	MS-DOS 2.0 or higher	MS-DOS 2.0 or higher	MS-DOS 2.0 or higher	MS-DOS 3.1 or higher
Documentation	PC-Trac User's Guide; KeyMap User's Guide; "50 Things to Do with a Used Mouse"	FastTRAP User's Guide; KeyMap User's Guide; "50 Things to Do with a Used Mouse"	3-page installation instructions; 30- page technical manual	15-page installation guide; 17-page Lotus 1-2-3 guide
Price	Serial version: \$119 Bus version: \$139	Serial version: \$149 Bus version: \$169	<mark>\$95</mark>	IBM version: \$199 Macintosh version: \$149
	Inquiry 889.	Inquiry 890.	Inquiry 891.	Inquiry 892.

TRAP costs \$149 for the serial version; the bus version is \$169. Both devices use the same case, which is about 2½ inches high at the highest point. The feel of the trackball in both PC-Trac and FastTRAP is smooth and solid. I wish, though, that the FastTRAP trackwheel had more resistance and its switches required less pressure; these alterations would give it a more consistent overall tactile sense.

Because of their overall similarity, I'll discuss the two devices as one, distinguishing between them only when necessary.

When you rotate the trackball, in either the text or graphics mode, the position of a special on-screen cursor varies accordingly. When the cursor moves to a menu title bar or icon, you press a button to make the functions represented by that menu or icon available for use. Further trackball movement lets you traverse the list of menu items; pushing a button then executes the currently selected function.

Text-mode programs seldom include drivers for pointing devices, so many pointer vendors include programs that enable their devices to at least emulate cursor-key motion. MicroSpeed, for example, includes a utility called KEY-MAP.COM that allows trackball motion to send the cursor up, down, left, and right. This utility also lets you program each of the device's three push buttons to deliver a single keystroke. Each button can also be used alone or in combination with the Shift, Alt, or Control keys, giving you a total of 12 programmable button combinations to provide functions such as traversing the menu system of your spreadsheet. However, there aren't enough button combinations to map every function of your word processor or spreadsheet. KEYMAP.COM would be much more useful if you could program multiple keystrokes for each button-key combination.

An editor also lets you define as many as 32 named sets of programmed key substitutions, which are maintained in KEYMAP.COM. To define more than 32 templates, you can create and save programs under different names, such as KEYMAP1.COM, KEYMAP2.COM, and so forth. MicroSpeed supplies key sets for WordStar, Lotus 1-2-3, Turbo Pascal, and several others.

You can operate both PC-Trac and FastTRAP either in a Microsoft Mousecontinued

# COMPUTERS FROM IOWA?

Galeway 2000 is centrally located in order to efficiently serve the entire country. We are honest, hard working, well educated people, committed to succeeding and growing in the highly competitive micro-computer market. Gateway 2000 is a full-service and support organization that realizes the key to our success lies in a satisfied customer base.

One look at the configuration we have listed below and you will see that we have high quality equipment at an incredible price. We have many different configurations available, so call one of our knowledgeable sales people, if you have any questions.

We look forward to doing business with you, and establishing a long term business remionship.



#### 16 Mhz 286 EGA SYSTEM

80286-16 Processor 1 Meg 80NS Ram 1.2 Meg Floppy 1.44 Meg Diskette Drive 40 Meg Seagate ST251 Samsung EGA Monitor w/Card 2-Parallel/2-Serial Ports 101 Key Enhanced Keyboard DOS 3.3 w/GWBasic 1 Year Warranty 30 Day Money Back Guarantee



#### 20 Mhz 386 VGA SYSTEM

80386 Processor Running at 20MHZ 1 Meg 60 NS Ram (Expandable to 8 Megs) 1.2 Meg Floppy Drive 1.44 Meg D skette Drive 80 Meg Seagate ST4096 (28MS) WD 1006 Controller (1 to 1 Interleave) Samsung Multisynch Monitor w/VGA Board VGA/EGA/CGA/MDA/Hercules and 300x600 Modes 2-Parallel/2-Serial Ports 101 Key Enhanced Keyboard Tower Case w/275 Watt Power Supply 80287 and 80587 Sockets DOS 3.3 w/GWBasic 1 Year Warranty 30 Day Money Back Guarantee



Gateway 2000 • P.O. Box 2414 • Sioux City, IA 51107 800-233-8472/712-255-7899

Due to the volatility in the DRAM market, all prices are subject to change.

\$3995.00

World Radio History

emulation mode or in native mode. With native mode, you can utilize Fast-TRAP's tri-axis capabilities. Microsoft mode is the default, but you can alter a DIP-switch setting to force booting in native mode. In Microsoft mode, you can program the middle button to emulate simultaneous depression of the two outer buttons.

Both devices provide an emulated drag mode. Without this feature, you might find it hard to drag a trackball, pressing the button with one finger while you rotate the ball with others. For example, to choose a block of numbers for formatting in Excel, you position the cursor at one corner of the desired range, initiate drag mode by pressing the middle button, move the trackball to select the desired spreadsheet cells, and terminate drag mode by pressing the middle button again.

The trackball is handy for navigating even a standard text-mode spreadsheet, such as VP-Planner. You can move by row or column much faster with the trackball than even by holding a cursor key down. And with FastTRAP, you can use the trackwheel to page up, down, left, or right, very quickly.

If you use WordStar 4.0, the trackball cursor movement is somewhat jerky. You will have better luck with other editors, such as the one in Turbo Pascal that allows the cursor to roam freely about the screen.

You can use FastTRAP's trackwheel in several ways. You can traverse menus without moving the cursor from the current position, traverse the third (z) axis in a CAD program, or, in conjunction with a utility supplied by MicroSpeed, page up and down in a spreadsheet or word processor.

Even if you're not doing three-dimensional CAD work, the trackwheel can come in handy. In AutoCAD, for example, to get at the command menus, normally you must move the drawing cursor (cross hairs) from wherever you are to the far right edge of the screen, make your selections, and then move the cross hairs again to wherever you need the cursor. With FastTRAP, simply rotating the track wheel activates the menu; you can traverse it by using more rotation, selecting items as usual with the left button. When you move the trackball again, you pick up where you left off with the cross hairs. You must load a separate driver, however, to use AutoCAD and Windows in this mode.

#### Software Drivers

You can install either device easily since they both emulate the Microsoft Mouse

#### **Test Setup**

I tested each device in this review on two machines: an AST Premium/286 (10 MHz, zero wait states) with 1.5 megabytes of Expanded Memory Specification (EMS) 3.2 memory, a 40-megabyte hard disk drive (ST-251), an Orchid Designer VGA card, and an NEC MultiSync monitor; and an IBM PC XT with 1.5 megabytes of EMS 4.0 memory, a 20-megabyte hard disk drive (ST-225), a Hercules monochrome graphics card, and a Microsoft Mach 20 accelerator board.

On the AST, I used the following software to test each device: Auto-CAD 9.0 (VGA mode), Windows 2.0 (in Orchid's proprietary 800- by 600-pixel, 16-color mode), and AutoSketch (EGA mode); under Windows, I tested several of the desktop accessories, as well as Page-Maker 1.0a and Excel. On the IBM, I tested each device with VP-Planner, AutoSketch, and WordStar 4.0, all running under DESQview 2.01. I also tested compatibility with DESQview itself.

in hardware. If you have a Microsoft or compatible mouse, you just unplug the mouse and plug in FastTRAP or PC-Trac; the existing mouse driver will allow you to use it just as you would your mouse.

For best performance, you should take advantage of MicroSpeed's software drivers. You can load the drivers via CON-FIG.SYS using MAP.SYS, or via AUTO-EXEC.BAT using MAP.COM. With either driver, you can specify which serial port the device is connected to, among other parameters.

Driver versions 2.0 and higher allow ballistic gain control, a feature that provides dynamic speed and distance management. For example, when you rotate the trackball slowly, the pointer traverses only half the screen. But if you rotate the ball quickly over the same distance, the pointer traverses the whole screen.

FastTRAP's documentation consists of a well-written, well-organized 40page manual that contains both an index and a table of contents. Beginners will find the information presented clearly and logically; advanced users will not find it insulting. Approximately half the book contains technical information on how FastTRAP works, software protocols and functions, and even a wiring diagram for 9-pin and 25-pin serial ports. (Microsoft charges \$25 for this type of optional technical information.) A separate manual discusses how to use KEYMAP.COM.

Documentation for PC-Trac was not complete when I wrote this review. The review device came with the FastTRAP manual and semifinal PC-Trac-specific documentation. MultiSpeed says the finished version will be shipping by the time you read this review, and it will not include the FastTRAP manual.

A booklet of cartoons called "50 Things to Do with a Used Mouse" is sent free to PC-Trac and FastTRAP owners when they send in their warranty registration card.

#### Trackball Plus

Although Trackball Plus is about the same height as the MicroSpeed devices, it has only about half the footprint. The device has a grand total of six push buttons, only some of which are available in any given emulation mode. You change modes by pressing various combinations of buttons, or by using STB.COM from the DOS command line.

Emulations include: mice from Microsoft and Mouse Systems; graphics tablets from Houston Instruments, Retrographics, Tektronix, Hitachi, and Summagraphics (ASCII and binary); and the USI Optomouse. Separate software drivers provide the proper program interface for the Microsoft and Mouse Systems emulations; for the others, the target application must have a built-in driver.

The Trackball Plus plugs into an RS-232 serial port; versions are available with both 9-pin and 25-pin connectors. A separate cable runs from the serial port connector to a wall-mount transformer that supplies the unit with power. After plugging in the hardware, you set the desired mode and then (if necessary) install the Microsoft or Mouse Systems driver. Both .COM and .SYS drivers are supplied for these two emulations. Fulcrum's drivers are unlike most mouse drivers that load at the DOS command line: You cannot remove them from memory without rebooting. When you try to install a different driver, you receive a Driver already installed message.

The trackball itself functions fairly well in graphics applications. It has a good feel, and on-screen motions are smooth. However, there is no way you *continued* 

# "An exceptional value "This program has all the features

"I was impressed. It wins the costeffective award."

John Dvorak, PC Magazine

We appreciated those kind words. They helped make MONEYCOUNTS® 4.0 one of today's most popular accounting/money management programs for home and business. But we couldn't leave well enough alone. So we're introducing new

#### MONEYCOUNTS 5.0 ...an unbelievable buy at just \$29!

MONEYCOUNTS® 5.0 balances your checkbook ... prepares your budget ... manages your cash, checking, savings, credit cards... prints 5 types of financial statements including net worth...3 types of inquiry reports... general ledger, accountant's trial balance, and graphics. Its fast financial data base handles up to 999 accounts and 100,000 transactions a year.

MONEYCOUNTS® 5.0 is a CPA-designed money management/accounting system you can use for home or business. It's easy to use, requires no accounting knowledge, is menu-driven with on-line help, has a fast financial calculator, works with monochrome or color monitors, comes with a printed manual and is not copy protected.

SAME DAY SHIPPING. Order today and own MONEYCOUNTS® 5.0 for only \$29! Add \$5 shipping/ handling (outside North America, add \$10). Iowa residents please add 4% sales tax.



375 Collins Road NE Cedar Rapids, IA 52402

MONEYCOUNTS 5.0 now also ....

- · prints any type of pin-feed check and updates your records automatically
- estimates your 1988 income tax
- analyzes financing options, savings programs...computes interest rates, loan payments...prints amortization schedules
- manages mail lists-zip and alpha sorts-and prints labels and index cards
- provides password protection, fiscal year support, and pop-up notepad.

and capabilities of money management

Leonard Hyre, PCM Magazine

1 - we Ve

programs costing 10 times as much."

#### VISA, MASTERCARD & COD ORDERS CALL 1-800-223-6925

(In Canada, call 319/395-7300)

Dept. B 375 Collii Cedar R	ION 5.0		
NAME			
ADDRESS	8		
CITY			
STATE/ZI	РРНС		
CHECK	) MONEY ORDER 🔲 VISA 🗳	MASTER	CARD
CARD #		EXP. DA	TE
No. of Copies	Product	Price Each	Total
	MONEYCOUNTS <sup>®</sup> 5.0 (Needs IBM or compatible computer, at least 256k memory, DOS 2.0 or more, two disk drives or hard disk)	\$ 29.00	
	Shipping & Handling	\$ 5.00	\$ 5.00
			\$

#### Inside the Trackballs

**B** oth PC-Trac and FastTRAP use from National Semiconductor's COPS (Controller Oriented Processor System) family. They contain the program, data, and temporary storage, as well as system timing and I/O control. Inputs to PC-Trac include three push buttons and two slotted optical encoders; FastTRAP is similar but has a third encoder plus a trackwheel and a shaft-mounted encoder wheel. The devices have identical cases, but a panel covers the unused trackwheel slot in PC-Trac.

Four transistors on a printed circuit board interface the input devices to the microcontroller; except for the push buttons, all the electronics are mounted on one other small printed circuit board. The two boards are interconnected by a four-conductor flex circuit. All subassemblies—the PC boards, encoder shafts, switch caps, and cable—are press-fit into the base of the case. Everything is nicely arranged, and the overall impression is one of quality design and manufacture.

Because of the devices' low power re-

can adjust sensitivity, nor can you use ballistic gain control.

In the Microsoft mode, I found the sensitivity satisfactory under Windows and AutoCAD, but unsatisfactory under AutoSketch. In addition, in the Summagraphics Bit Pad One mode under the version of AutoCAD (9.0) used for testing, I got no results from operating the alternate cursor button, which should allow you to move the cursor between two locations. According to the manufacturer, this version of AutoCAD precludes the efficient use of the alternate cursor button. Like the MicroSpeed devices, the Fulcrum Trackball Plus supports a dragemulation mode.

A separate program, SETCUR.COM, is supposed to allow the trackball to emulate cursor keys in text applications, but I found this emulation erratic when used under WordStar. It did work with Xy-Write, however. The installation document states, "Use of this function with word-processing programs, where precise horizontal control is needed, may be unsatisfactory." It is. On the other hand, when I used just the supplied Microsoftemulation driver, I had no trouble navigating DESQview's menus with Trackball Plus. quirements (a few milliamperes), they do not need a separate power transformer; as with most mice, they draw the power they require directly from the control lines of the port to which they are connected.

The COPS microcontroller is not interrupt-driven; rather, it continuously scans the six input ports. When it detects a switch opening or closure, or a trackball or trackwheel motion, it formats a message that it sends to the host computer via the serial port. In mouse mode, it sends a standard 3-byte message that contains button status and an 8-bit relative x, y displacement. In native mode, it adds a fourth byte that allows the transmission of third-button status and z-axis information from the trackwheel.

At the programming level, interface with the mouse driver is accomplished via the standard interrupt 33 hexadecimal. MicroSpeed's driver recognizes the standard Microsoft function calls (0 to 19), and it adds 11 extended functions of its own (64 to 74).

A look at the inside of Trackball Plus

Ergonomically, the buttons aren't up to today's standards. They are awkwardly located and definitely biased toward right-handed users. In fact, I can't see how a left-handed person would be able to use them at all. You also have to use too much pressure to activate them.

A 30-page technical manual and a 3page installation guide are included. Neither is written or produced in the style of most of today's manuals, and nontechnical users may have trouble finding the necessary installation information. However, the company says the documentation and the packaging are being redone, and by the time you read this, the updated documentation and packaging should be available.

#### Felix

Protruding through the Felix low-profile hardware case is a single button mounted on a moving shaft. This button normally functions as the left mouse button; the right button is simulated by moving the shaft to the upper-left or upper-right corner and double-clicking. Right-handed and left-handed users will find it easy to use Felix since both corners are provided. When you double-click in the lower-right corner, Felix enters a "precishowed that it was built with less elegance and economy than the Micro-Speed devices. The PC board is handsoldered, and traces of flux were evident all over the board. An Intel 8051 running at slightly over 7 MHz provides the unit's intelligence. A separate 2764 (8K-byte) EPROM contains the control program and data. Like the MicroSpeed devices, the 8051 works on a polled (not an interrupt-driven) basis.

Lightgate was notably tight-lipped about Felix's internal operation. However, by both inspecting the device and talking with technical-support personnel, I was able to gather some information. Two orthogonal plastic slides with precision-etched slots serve to interrupt the beams between a pair of orthogonal optical encoders. A proprietary microprocessor then processes that information, formats it, and sends it to the host computer. The microprocessor senses changes in the pointer's velocity and alters the outgoing message rate, thereby varying on-screen response.

Layout, materials, and construction in Felix are all first-rate.

sion" mode in which cursor movement is restricted to just a portion of the screen. However, you have to press the button farther down compared to similar devices, and there is no tactile feedback to inform you when contact has been made. Thus, I found double-clicking under Windows to be slightly tiring.

Felix's software lets you change the button assignments and even move the buttons to the keyboard (i.e., using Felix just for positioning, and using keyboard keys to perform button functions). The software is supplied in both 5¼-inch (360K-byte) and 3½-inch (720K-byte) formats.

Felix's chief claim to fame is a 1-to-1 mapping with the screen (in nonprecision mode). When you move the pointer shaft to the upper-left corner of the 1.1- by 1.1-inch active portion of the device, the cursor will be in the upper-left corner of the screen. When you move the pointer to the lower-right corner, the cursor follows suit. In precision mode, a smaller portion of the screen is mapped to Felix, thereby allowing more accurate positioning in that portion of the screen.

Felix's secondary claim to fame is a feature called "Hot Spots." Hot Spots continued

# This Software Won't Run.



# Without This.

And that's the way California Software Products, Inc. wants it. And a host of other big and not-so-big software developers who use our Software Sentinel. To make sure their successful software is protected. So it stays successful.

We've become used to being seen with topnotch software. A lot of the reason is how our engineers designed the Software Sentinel family. For the developer and the user. To make it the most technologically foolproof yet easiest to use software protection key you or CSPI can get.

For users of BABY/36 and the thousands of other programs we're protecting, it's a cinch to get up and running. They simply plug the Software Sentinel into the PC's parallel printer port. That's it. How much easier can it get? Users can even make unlimited backup copies. And run them wherever and whenever they need to-as long as they have the Software Sentinel key.

As long as we're talking success, there's something else you should know. Right now, our engineers are putting the finishing touches on a new micropro-

cessor that we'll use in a whole new generation of software and data protection products. With the same high-performance and highreliability of our past successes but with many new features. Which no doubt is going to make life even easier for you and CSPI.

The Software Sentinel. Making sure software developers stay successful with the successful software they've developed.

For more information on the Software Sentinel family, contact Rainbow Technologies, 18011-A Mitchell South, Irvine, California 92714; or call (714) 261-0228.

Software Sentinel Features: • Runs under DOS and Xenix • Uses algorithm technique, never a fixed response • Minimal implementation • Higher level language interfaces included • Transparent operation

★ The New SentinelPro<sup>™</sup>- Half The Former Size, All The Features.

RAINBOW TECHNOLOGIES

18011-A Mitchell South, Irvine, CA 92714 • (714) 261-0228 • TELEX: 386078 • FAX: (714) 261-0260 ©1988 Rainbow Technologies, Inc. Software Sentinel and Sentinel Pro are trademarks of Rainbow Technologies, Inc. BABY/36 is a trademark of California Software Products, Inc.

Circle 203 on Reader Service Card (DEALERS: 204)

AUGUST 1988 • B Y T E 179

are locations at the perimeter of the pointing area that provide keyboard macro functions. By moving the pointer to a Hot Spot and clicking, you can insert a number of keystrokes into the currently running application.

There are 12 Hot Spots. You can activate each alone or in combination with the Control, Alt, or left or right Shift key, for a total of 60 Hot Spots. Felix comes with a number of predefined sets of Hot Spot macros, an editor for creating your own, and a print utility for displaying and printing them. The Lotus and AutoCAD Hot Spot macros are extremely useful for getting at often-used functions quickly.

You can utilize Lotus macros remarkably well, so it is practical, and even desirable, to use Felix with the spreadsheet. For example, moving the pointer into the upper-right corner sends a slash (/) keystroke, activating 1-2-3's familiar horizontal menu.

Other Hot Spots let you move to the beginning or end of the spreadsheet, scroll by row or column, or make large jumps to distant areas of the spreadsheet. Hot Spots that you activate in conjunction with the Alt key let you execute common Lotus functions (e.g., learn and recall modes, and paging up, down, left, and right). You can add 36 custom macros to the other Hot Spot layers.

According to the manufacturer, cursor positioning is erratic under DESQview and programs running under it, so I ran my test software directly from DOS. Lightgate is presently working on drivers for Microsoft Windows/386.

Except for the less-than-desirable tactile feedback for the push button, Felix's overall feel is quite nice. The pointer slides easily, and I had no trouble positioning it accurately on the 800- by 600pixel enhanced VGA screen. Lightgate is correct when it says that the 1-to-1 pointer/cursor mapping can aid productivity.

#### **Running an Application**

To run an application with Felix, you move to the application's subdirectory and load Felix drivers, followed by the application itself. For example, to load AutoCAD, you would move to its subdirectory and type C>FELIX ACAD. This Felix command actually invokes a fairly lengthy batch file—more than 100 lines in the version tested—that does conditional testing to determine which application you're loading, and then loads the appropriate drivers.

MOUSE.EXE is used for most applications, but FLXACAD.EXE loads drivers for AutoCAD and AutoSketch, and FLX-123.EXE loads the Lotus (or 1-2-3) driver. Another program loads the Hot Spot macro file for the selected application. Then the application itself is run.

Processing a long batch file is inefficient; a shorter batch file for each application would be an improvement. To speed things up, you can move the appropriate lines for your application to a separate batch file. To avoid unnecessary waiting, Lightgate should have either supplied separate batch files to load each application or written a single software driver that supports all—or at least most—applications. The supplied drivers generally occupy about 40K bytes of memory, about 3 to 5 times as much as most mouse and trackball drivers use.

You install Felix by plugging the cable into your 25-pin serial port (or into the supplied 9-pin-to-25-pin adapter, which is then inserted into the port), plugging a small power transformer into an AC outlet, and then inserting the coaxial power plug into the rear of the 25-pin connector.

An installation program copies files to a subdirectory called \FELIX on the user's disk. The program also adds that directory to the path statement in your AUTOEXEC.BAT file. The old version is saved as AUTOEXEC.OLD.

According to the manufacturer, a new version (1.05) is due out by the time that this article is in print. Lightgate says the new version will feature support for relative mode, for programs such as Dr. HALO.

The quality of the documentation is not as good as the quality of the device itself. Here's an example of the gibberish that permeates the main manual: "Felix buttons use an innovative technology which is about to change your pointing life. Their operation is based on the kinesthetic space created by the little square which is Felix's travel area. The implementation is our ergonomically informed solution to the challenges and hazards of input device use."

Even the sections in which the company really is trying to present useful information are difficult because of the verbose, self-conscious writing style. To get the device working, I found the READ.ME file and the FELIX.BAT file to be more useful. All in all, the manual needs to be thoroughly reworked to make it easier to understand how to set up and use Felix.

A separate manual covers using the special 1-2-3 driver software. You will find it more informative and less filled with rhetoric than the main manual.

#### **Trackball versus Mouse**

If you need a pointing device, first you must choose between a mouse and some other device. The main disadvantage of a mouse is that you must have some clear space on your desk on which to operate it. All the devices discussed here overcome that problem. A trackball can also be advantageous for fine, detailed work, because it's easy to control the ball with your fingertips. Some mice, however the new Microsoft Mouse in particular are light enough to make fingertip control possible. Overall, I prefer a mouse because it's smaller and easier to handle.

If you decide against a mouse, Fulcrum's Trackball Plus is easy to set up and use, and it is the least expensive device of its type. A developer desiring information on the software protocols of the emulated devices might buy one for the documentation alone, because software protocol data regarding the various devices is all conveniently collected in this one manual. However, Trackball Plus suffers from its lack of support for text modes, its nonergonomic buttons, and its right-handed bias.

Despite its problems, Felix is an intriguing device. Its positioning system and Hot Spot macro system are topnotch. You will find the push button less than perfect, however, as is the collection of software drivers. With more compact and elegant drivers, rewritten documentation, and some form of tactile feedback on the button, Felix will be a product to contend with.

Currently, however, the MicroSpeed devices are my favorites. Both are well designed, engineered, and manufactured, and neither requires a bulky and inconvenient external power transformer. The documentation is excellent, the plug-in-and-go Microsoft emulation makes it easy to get started, and the ballistic-gain-control drivers provide a longmissing capability for MS-DOS machines.

FastTRAP costs \$30 more than PC-Trac. Viewed simply as a mouse replacement, it may not be worth the extra expense. But if you are working with AutoCAD or want a fast way of paging through your word processor or spreadsheet, it is worthwhile. Other developers are working on FastTRAP drivers that may also justify the extra expense. ■

Jeff Holtzman owns Publishing Concepts, a firm that specializes in evaluation, verification, and documentation of high-technology products. He lives in Ann Arbor, Michigan, and can be reached on BIX as "editors."





#### Unretouched Screen Images

#### Buy The One On The Left And You'll Have To Put It Where The Sun Don't Shine.



The monitor on the right, however, can be placed anywhere you like. Even in direct sunlight. It's the new *Flat Technology Monitor* from Zenith Data Systems–winner of *PC* 

*Magazine's* coveted "Technical Excellence Award" in the hardware category for 1987.

#### You Have To See Zenith To Believe It

So clear. So precise. So lifelike. It's the only monitor with a completely flat screen. A breakthrough that has redefined monitor quality forever. Industry experts are already convinced. And once you see it in person, you'll be a believer, too.

#### **Bigger, Brighter, Glare-Free**

Our Flat Technology Monitor has an impressive 14 - inch display. And even though it's bigger, it's 50% brighter than conventional CRT's and it has 70% greater contrast. So you get colors with greater depth and definition that make your reports, charts and graphs come alive like never before.

The Flat Technology Monitor is virtually glare-free. So you can work longer without the usual headaches and eyestrain. And that means greater productivity. But to get the whole picture, you have to see it with your own eyes.

#### **Backward And Forward Compatibility**

You also get full compatibility with the high resolution VGA Video generated by IBM's new PS/2\* computers. And with Zenith's Z-449 or other VGA-class video cards, you can enjoy CGA, MDA, Hercules and EGA graphics as well.

#### Experience Zenith's Latest Technology Breakthrough

Obviously, a mere picture can't do justice to our new Flat Technology Monitor. It demands a face-to-face evaluation. For a hands-on demonstration, call today for the name of your nearest authorized Zenith Data Systems dealer—the Flat Technology Monitor is available in quantities right now.

#### 1-800-553-0305





THE QUALITY GOES IN BEFORE THE NAME GOES ON\*

© 1988, Zenith Data Systems Circle 255 on Reader Service Card Personal System/2 and PS/2 are registered trademarks of IBM Corp. AUGUST 1988 • B Y T E 181

# PICK BIX BRAINS

### ... With a 10 Day Trial Membership

If you've thought about joining **BIX** before but weren't sure it was what you needed, now is the time to try it. Because now for a limited time, we're inviting you to try **BIX** for 10 days. If at any time during this 10 day trial period you don't feel **BIX** has made you a more knowledgeable microcomputer user, we'll refund your entire registration fee. You pay only for time spent on the system.\* (See log-on instructions for bourly rates).

Explore **BIX** in your home or office. Put its power to work for you and unleash your full microcomputer potential — programming, designing, specifying, researching — and more.

Try **BIX** for 10 full days and see what it can do for you. Explore more than 160 conferences. Access vendor support. Speak to expert consultants. Research new products and systems, and download public domain software.

#### Prepare yourself for success

It takes a sharp mind and hard work to stay ahead, and having the right tools helps.

Today, you can put one of the most powerful instruments for career advancement to work for you: **BIX**.

- Learn about new products before they hit the market.
- Get quality marketplace feedback on the products you're thinking of purchasing before you invest.
- Research problems and find the solutions that no one else has been able to render.
- Access some of the most advanced public domain software available in the industry.
- Increase your working knowledge of micros to make more confident purchasing decisions and recommendations.

#### Join BIX and arm yourself with the latest in microcomputerrelated information

**BIX**'s exclusive *Microbytes* newswire gives you complete, daily, up-to-date computer industry information. You'll gain insight from BYTE editors and writers who analyze new products and their potential impact, inform you of the latest mergers and acquisitions, and report late-breaking news from important seminars and conferences.

#### Talk to colleagues worldwide

#### You'll stay on top of your company's

business with **BIX's electronic mail** service.

"Talk" to your east coast, west coast — even European — contacts all in the same day.

Or, simply communicate with other **BIX** users worldwide. Share information and ideas privately, or in conference.

#### Choose any option for online access with a one time \$39 membership fee

- Use MasterCard, VISA or American Express and begin your 10 day trial use of **BIX** right now.
- The 10 day trial also applies if you open an individual pre-paid account on **BIX**. Trial commences once we open your account and notify you.
- Other billing options including qualified corporate accounts are available. (Sorry, our 10 day trial is not available for these accounts.) Call or write **BIX** for details.

Use credit cards for immediate access or call the **BIX** Helpline for information on any other payment option at, 1-800-227-2983 (from U.S. and Canada) 603-924-7681 (in New Hampshire and elsewhere).

Act now! Our 10 day trial offer is subject to cancellation at any time.

++Continental U.S. Tymnet rates. Rates from other areas are available from BIX.

Circle 450 on Reader Service Card



<sup>\*</sup>To notify **BIX** that you wish to discontinue service at any time during the trial period, call the **BIX** Helpline, and your entire membership fee will be refunded. \*\***BIX** can be accessed via Tymnet throughout the U.S. and Canada. For the Tymnet number nearest you, call the **BIX** Helpline or Tymnet at 1-800-336-0149. †If your local Tymnet number is a toll call you will receive additional charges from your local phone company at their prevailing rate.

#### BIX is easy to join

To log-on to BIX, simply:

Set your computer's telecommunications program for full-duplex, 8-bit characters, no parity, 1 stop bit OR 7-bit characters, even parity, 1 stop bit. I'se 300 or 1200 baud.

Call your Tymnet number \*\* and respond as follows:

Tymnet Prompt	You Enter		
Garble or request for "terminal identifier"	a		
login:	bix (CR)		
BIX logo/name:	bix.038 (CR)		

Callers outside the US, who have a communicating computer or terminal and a packet switching account with their host country phone system can reach **BIX** by entering 310690157800. To commence registration, enter the code listed at the **BIX** logo/name: prompt.

After you register, you'll automatically be taken to the **BIX** Learn Conference, an online tutorial that will show you how to begin using the system immediately. Time spent in the Learn Conference is FREE. Complete system documentation will be sent to you within a few days.

Access time will be billed at the following hourly rates.\*

**Off-Peak Time \$11** /hr. (\$9 **BIX**, \$2 Tymnet )†† (\* *PM* = 6 *AM weekdays, all day weekends and bolidays*) **Peak Time** \$20/hr. (\$12 **BIX**, \$8 Tymnet )†† (6 *AM* = \* *PM weekdays*)



One Phoenix Mill Lane Peterborough, NH 03458

World Radio History

# MIRRORI

## The Closer You Look... The More You Find!

ike this Russian Doll, a careful inspection of MIRROR II will reveal layer upon layer of carefully crafted features designed to provide you with the best solution to today's and **tomorrow's** data communication problems.

MIRROR II (the Crosstalk® SuperKlone) provides a superior reflection of the best in Crosstalk XVI®, at a fraction of the cost. MIRROR II comes complete with a superset of the Crosstalk XVI® Script language. This Scripting capability and MIRROR II's background communications mode gives you the power to fully automate your PC communications, and the freedom to use your PC for other tasks while sending or receiving data.

- Background communications mode (call or answer)
- File transfer protocols including Xmodem (Batch, CRC or Checksum), Crosstalk®, Hayes®, Ymodem and Kermit
- Terminal emulations for DEC VT-100 / 52, IBM 3101 (character or block mode), Televideo 910 / 920 / 925 (character or block mode), Adds Viewpoint, ADM-3A, Data General D210, ANSI and Honeywell VIP7200
- Learn mode for the automatic creation of auto-logon Scripts
- Full screen Wordstar-like text editor
- Site License (the cost effective way to standardize)
- 60-Day, No Questions Asked Money-Back Guarantee

## **69.95** To order, call Toll-Free: 1-800-634-8670

(In Florida call 904-878-8564). Visa / MasterCard / COD. \$5.00 for Shipping and Handling (\$8.00 for COD orders) Florida residents please add 5% sales tax. MIRROR II and SoftKlone are trademarks of SoftKlone Distributing Corp. / IBM is a registered trademark of International Business Machines Corp. / WordStar is a registered trademark of MicroPro International / Crosstalk and Crosstalk XVI are registered trademarks of Digital Communications Associates Inc. / Hayes is a registered trademark of Hayes Microcomputer Products Inc.

# 

For A Unique BOD 634,8670 Dorge Construction BOD 634,8670 Offer



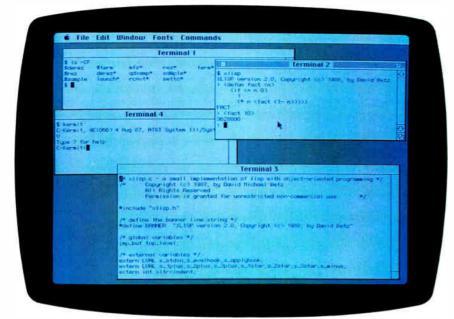
336 Office Plaza Drive Tallahassee, Florida 32301 Telephone: (904) 878-8564 Telex: 6714280 KLON

MIRROR II is designed far use on IBM and 100% compatible microcomputers (including the IBM PS/2 line) running MS-DOS / PC-DOS 2.0 or higher and is not copy protected





# Unix for the Mac II



With A/UX, the Mac II becomes a low-end workstation

David Betz and Eva M. White

ure, the Macintosh II's hardware is as powerful as some workstations, and it even uses a 16-MHz 68020 like the Sun and Apollo workstations. But before you call the Mac II a real workstation, you need to add a powerful operating system that supports multitasking, virtual memory, and networking to a variety of machines: one like Unix, for instance.

That's exactly what Apple's A/UX 1.0 is all about. It's a port of AT&T Unix

System V Release 2 for the Mac II. However, A/UX differs from most other workstation versions because it is based on AT&T System V instead of Berkeley 4. To maintain compatibility with other workstations, A/UX includes important Berkeley Standard Distribution (BSD) 4.2 and 4.3 extensions, such as signals and sockets.

A/UX supports up to two additional users (using the Mac II's serial ports) and the ability to network across an Ethernet using NFS (Network File System) and TCP/IP (Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol).

What really makes A/UX different from most other versions of Unix is that it gives you the ability to run Mac applications and to access the Mac's user interface Toolbox ROM routines. With these routines, you can write a Unix application with a Mac windowing interface. Unfortunately, this initial release does not provide a point-and-click windowing interface to Unix similar to that of the Mac operating system. In A/UX 1.0, you can run only one Mac application at a time, and the Toolbox routines don't yet support the Finder, desk accessories, or the printing manager (see "Unix and the Mac Interface" by Rick Daley on page 89 of the Macintosh Special Edition.)

To run A/UX, you need a Mac II with a minimum of 2 megabytes of memory and a paged memory management unit (PMMU). A/UX comes installed on an Apple 80SC 80-megabyte hard disk drive. You can get it on either an internal (\$4879) or external (\$4979) drive. If you buy it on an external drive, you'll also need an Apple small-computer-systeminterface cable system to attach it to the Mac. Also, if you plan to use A/UX as a multiuser system, Apple recommends adding 2 megabytes of memory for each additional simultaneous user. You will also need an EtherTalk card.

The 80-megabyte hard disk drive comes preformatted into five partitions: a small Mac Hierarchical File System (HFS) start-up partition (2 megabytes), a large (56-megabyte) partition that comprises the root (/) and user (/usr) Unix file systems, and a 14-megabyte partition that Unix uses as swap space. The remaining two 3-megabyte partitions hold duplicate copies of the eschatology file system, which are used by the auto-recovery utility.

#### Using A/UX

Starting A/UX involves booting the Mac operating system from the start-up partition and then launching the sash standalone shell application. You can choose to either make sash the start-up application or just double-click on the sash icon. Sash opens a window and starts a countdown timer that, if allowed to complete the 10-second count, will then start the Unix boot sequence. Interrupting the counter will drop you into the standalone shell.

While the main function of sash is to continued

#### A/UX 1.0

#### Туре

Multitasking operating system

#### Company

Apple Computer, Inc. 20525 Mariani Ave. Cupertino, CA 95014 (408) 996-1010

#### Format

Apple 80SC 80-megabyte hard disk

#### Language

C and assembly

#### **Hardware Needed**

Mac II with a minimum of 2 megabytes of memory and a 68851 PMMU

#### **Documentation**

Getting Started with A/UX A/UX System Overview A/UX Installation Guide A/UX Command Reference (A-L) A/UX Command Reference (M-Z and Games) A/UX Programming Languages and Tools, Volumes 1 & 2 A/UX Programmer's Reference A/UX Local System Administration A/UX System Administrator's Reference A/UX Text Editing Tools A/UX Text Processing Tools A/UX Communications User's Guide A/UX User Interface A/UX Toolbox: Macintosh ROM Interface

#### Price

Monochrome system: \$9297 Color system: \$9897 Internal upgrade: \$4879 External upgrade: \$4979

#### Inquiry 904.

load Unix, you can also use it to manipulate the files in the A/UX file systems, or the files in either of the two eschatology file systems. Sash provides a subset of the standard Unix file manipulation tools, including mv, cp, and ed, as well as the file system checker fsck and the file system debugger fsdb. Other uses for sash are to partition hard disks, to build A/UX file systems, and to change kernel-tuning parameters.

#### **Standard Unix**

A/UX comes with all the standard Unix tools for software development, text

The text-processing tools include the vi text editor and the nroff and troff text formatting utilities. Apple also includes a utility license from Adobe to convert the output of troff to PostScript.

For communications, A/UX provides uucp, the Unix-to-Unix copy program, and its associated utilities, which allow multiple Unix systems to communicate through ordinary dial-up connections as well as by hard-wired serial links. The uucp software is the basis of the worldwide Usenet network. However, the Usenet software itself is not included with A/UX.

The system comes with public domain software source code for GNU EMACS, Kermit, and Unix compression utilities. This software takes up 9 megabytes of disk space, and you can delete it if you need the space.

A couple of features unique to A/UX are the auto-configuration and auto-recovery utilities. The auto-configuration utility simplifies the normal Unix procedure for installing new devices. Under Unix, installing a new device requires editing make files, copying the required drivers, and rebuilding and installing the kernel. To install an A/UX-supported device, you need to shut down A/UX. power off the Mac, install the hardware, bring the system back up using the device's installation disk, and run the installation program on the disk. This installs the driver software and reboots A/UX. When A/UX comes back up, the auto-configuration utility rebuilds the Unix kernel to add the new device driver software and then reboots again with the newly created kernel.

The auto-recovery mechanism is intended to guarantee that you can boot Unix into multiuser mode even after fairly severe file system damage has occurred. This mechanism uses the eschatology file systems to maintain backup copies of all critical Unix files. If, during the boot process, the recovery program detects that any of these files are missing from the main Unix file systems, it replaces them with copies from the recovery file systems. The auto-recovery program also checks for bad blocks on the disk and fixes file protection and ownership on critical files.

The sash utility handles the autorecovery features of A/UX. If sash has trouble performing the Unix boot sequence, it invokes an auto-recovery procedure. The full auto-recovery takes about 45 minutes, but you can reduce this time significantly by disabling the block check portion of the auto-recovery process. Even in the case of an abnormal shutdown, like a power failure, the Unix fsck utility that runs as part of the startup sequence can usually fix most problems without having to resort to the lengthy auto-recovery process.

To test the auto-recovery utility, we renamed the kernel (/unix) to /unix-.save and attempted to reboot the system. When the reboot failed, we invoked the auto-recovery program, which restored the kernel from one of the recovery file systems. We found out the hard way that any time you rebuild the kernel, you should be sure to run the two programs /etc/eu and /etc/eupdate to update the files on the recovery file systems. This procedure is only mentioned in the ReadMe file on the hard disk. We missed this step the first time, and the auto-recovery utility was unable to restore the kernel. Also, somehow in the process, we managed to delete the backup copy. Fortunately, we were able to use the sash copy utility to move the kernel manually from one of the recovery file systems.

#### **Backup strategies**

The auto-recovery mechanism is not a substitute for making regular backups, since it can restore only critical system files. It makes no attempt to restore user data files or programs. Auto-recovery is intended only to get the system back up and running after serious failures so that you can use normal backups to reconstruct the complete system.

Another good reason for making a backup is that when A/UX boots for the first time, it starts out in what is known as single-user mode. In this mode, all the Unix file protection is disabled, and it is very easy for an inexperienced user to do significant damage to crucial files. The safest approach would be to make a backup copy of the 50-megabyte Unix file system using one of the several Unix backup utilities supplied, such as CPIO.

Unfortunately, performing a backup isn't easy. The only backup medium A/UX 1.0 supports is the 800K-byte floppy disk drive (version 1.0 does not support the cartridge tape drive). Since there are about 45 megabytes of files on the system as distributed by Apple, a full backup requires approximately 56 800Kbyte floppy disks.

#### TrueVista<sup>™</sup> Videographics Adapters

### We Just Made Choosing Your Graphics Card

518



You've probably seen our TrueVista products, or you've heard about their powerful features like the real-time frame capture, on-board TI 34010 coprocessor, large frame buffer, NTSC/PAL compatibility and more. Recently, we announced several new products in the series, each with unique potential for your applications from video to digital pre-press to image processing. So now, whether your choice is an AT-class platform or the Macintosh® II, you only need one source for your graphics need the TrueVista series. The chart below or thes several key differences in the sources.

4M

#### **TrueVista Series**

FEATURES	AT HIGH TH	ATT HALF AND	ATUNCA 412	NuVista 2M	NoWinta 4M
BUS	A	AT .	-57	MuBus	Nations
MAXIMUM 32 bits/pixel ADDRESSABLE 16 bits/pixel RESOLUTIONS 8 bits/pixel	512 x 512 1024 x 512 1024 x 1024	1024 x 512 1024 x 1024 2048 x 1024	1024 x 1024 2048 x 1024 2048 x 2048	1024 x 512 1024 x 1024 2048 x 1024	1024 x 1024 2048 x 1024 2048 x 2048
VMX EXPANSION	2-10 Mbytes	2-10 Mbytes	2-10 Mbytes	TBA	TBA
PRICE	\$2995.	\$4250.	\$5995.	\$4250.	\$59 <mark>9</mark> 5.

#### Now There's Software You Can Count On, Too.

To complete the equation, add in STAGE <sup>™</sup>, our comprehensive graphics environment for the 34010. Since STAGE is host-independent, it allows you to access the coprocessor directly, regardless of the bus. So your program on the AT can be quickly ported to the Macintosh II. Customers will not be tied to one platform either, as files and programs will be compatible across both hosts. STAGE is currently available for the AT Vista series, and will be available soon for the NuVista as well. With the new members of the TrueVista family and the release of STAGE, you now have everything you need to develop exciting new products for the next generation of computer graphics. And many applications are already appearing to assist you in your immediate needs. Contact us to learn more about our products or our third-party developer program and the support available to you. You'll soon see how you can count on Truevision to provide all your graphics solutions.



7351 Shadeland Station, Suite 100, Indianapolis, IN 46256 800/858-TRUE INTERNATIONAL: Canada 416/499-9400 France 33-13-952-6253 Italy 39-2-242-4551 Switzerland 41-1-825-0949 U.K. 44-1-991-0121 West Germany 49-89-612-0010 Other 617/229-6900

Prices quoted are US Domestic suggested retert prices: Macintoshis a registered trademark of Appie Computer, Inc. Circle 244 on Reader Service Card

#### Macintosh Toolbox Support

Apple supplies several tools with A/UX to support developing applications that use the Mac interface. You use a utility called mfs to move files between the Mac operating-system environment and A/UX. This utility is not capable of handling HFS floppy disks, so you must format 800K-byte floppy disks as Macintosh File System (MFS) volumes. The launch utility runs applications that were built in the Mac operating system and

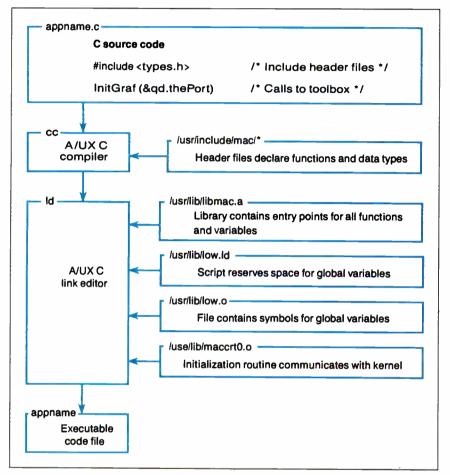


Figure 1: The steps involved in creating an A/UX application that uses the Mac ROM.

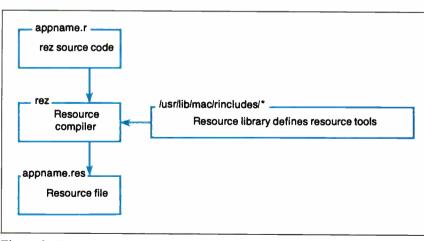


Figure 2: The steps involved in creating a resource file.

moved over with mfs. You can debug Mac applications using the standard Unix debuggers adb(1) and sdb(1).

The launch utility successfully ran MacPaint 2.0 and MacDraw 1.9.5, but MacWrite 5.0 bombed, giving a memory-fault error. However, the error didn't disable the machine in any way.

A/UX comes with a resource compiler (rez) and decompiler (derez) whose source files are compatible with their counterparts in the Mac Programmers' Workshop (MPW). The rez utility translates resource description files to binary files that resource-manager functions in the Toolbox ROM can use. These resources describe the windows, menus, and dialog boxes that are familiar parts of all Mac applications. The decompiler translates binary resource files back to source form. It is useful for making alterations in existing resource files without having to reconstruct the entire file from scratch if no source is available for it.

There are two approaches to developing A/UX applications that use the Toolbox. You can develop them under the Mac operating system using the tools there, transfer them to A/UX using mfs, and run them using the launch. Or, you can develop, debug, and run them using A/UX tools. Figure 1 shows the library and header files that make up the Toolbox and, graphically, how you construct the code portion of an application under A/UX. Figure 2 shows how you construct the resource file. (Under the Mac operating system, the code portion and resource portion are stored together; under A/UX, these two pieces are in separate files.)

To build an A/UX application, you must include the appropriate header files in your program source and then link with the Toolbox files libmac.a, low.ld, low.o, and maccrt0.o. The library libmac.a contains the entry points for the Toolbox functions and variables; low.ld and low.o arrange access to the Mac lowmemory globals; and maccrt0.o initializes the Toolbox interface and the trap dispatch tables and then invokes the main routine of the application.

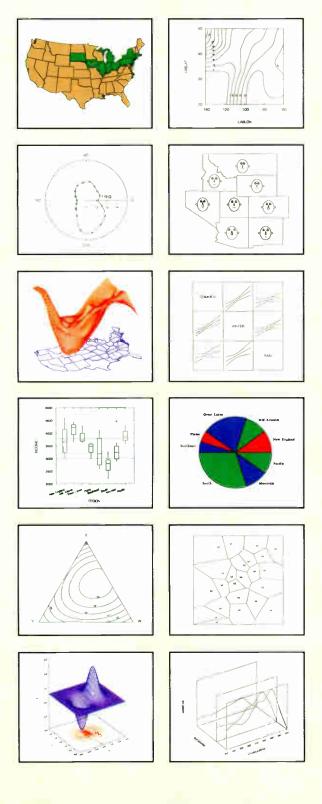
The initialization code also opens a special device driver, called /dev/uinter0, that sets up access to the screen buffer, handles events in a manner similar to the event manager in the Toolbox ROM, tracks the cursor, and sets up the A-line trap handler.

Applications access the Mac Toolbox ROM by issuing A-line trap instructions. A/UX handles these trap instructions by continued



# Systat. Because other statistics and graphics packages are not enough.

**Systat** now offers more statistical graphics than any other PC or mainframe package. And we still give you less bulk with more statistics.



Statistics Basic statistics, frequencies, t-tests, post-hoc tests Multiway crosstabs with log-linear modeling, association coefficients, PRE statistics, Mantel-Haenszel, asymptotic standard errors Nonparametric statistics (sign, Runs, Wilcoxon, Kruskal-Wallis, Friedman two-way ANOVA, Mann-Whitney U, Kolmogorov-Smirnov, Lilliefors, Kendall coefficient of concordance) Pairwise/ listwise missing value correlation, SSCP, covariance, Spearman, Gamma, Kendall Tau, Euclidean distances, binary similarities Linear, polynomial, multiple, stepwise, weighted regression with extended diagnostics Multivariate general linear model includes multi-way ANOVA, ANOCOVA, MANOVA, repeated measures, canonical correlation Principal components, factor analysis, rotations, components scores Multidimensional scaling Multiple and canonical discriminant analysis, Bayesian classification Cluster analysis (hierarchical, single, average, complete, median, centroid linkage, k-means, cases, variables Time series (smoothers, exponential smoothing, seasonal and nonseasonal ARIMA, ACF, PACF, CCF, transformations, Fourier analysis Nonlinear estimation (nonlinear regression, maximum likelihood estimation, and more).

**Graphics** Overlay plots Drivers for most graphics devices *Two dimensional:* Error Bars Scatterplots Line and Vector Graphs Vector, Dot, Bubble and Quantile Plots Bar Graphs (single, multiple, stacked, range) Box plots (single and grouped) Stem-and-leaf diagrams Linear, quadratic, step, spline, polynomial, LOWESS, exponential smoothing Confidence Intervals and ellipsoids (any alpha value) Smooth mathematical functions Rectangular or polar coordinates Log and power scales ANOVA interaction plots

Histograms (regular, cumulative, fuzzy) Stripe and jitter plots Gaussian histogram smoothing Scatterplot matrices Voronoi Tesselations Minimum spanning tree Maps with geographic projections (U.S. state boundary file included) Chernoff faces Star plots Fourier plots Pie charts Contour plots on regularly and irregularly spaced points Control charts and limits *Three dimensional:* Data plots Smooth function plots Vector plots Linear, quadratic, spline, least squares surface smoothing Threedimensional type fonts.

**Data Management** Import/export Lotus, dBase, and DIF files Full screen data editor Full screen text editor Unlimited cases Missing data, arrays, character variables Process hierarchical, rectangular or triangular files, irregular length records Character, numeric, and nested sorts Merge and append large files Unlimited numeric and character variable transformations Subgroup processing with SELECT and BY Value labels and RECODE Statements Macro processor with programming language, screen control, file manipulation, applications generation, and report writing.



Systat operates on IBM PCs and compatibles, MS-DOS and CP/M machines, several UNIX minicomputers, and the VAX/Microvax. Menu/windowed Macintosh version also available. Single copy price \$795 USA and Canada, \$895 Foreign. Site licenses, quantity prices and training seminars available. No fees for technical support. Statistics and graphics available separately.

For more information, call 312 864.5670 or write Systat Inc., 1800 Sherman Avenue, Evanston, IL 60201.

The following are registered trademarks: CP/M of Digital Research, Inc., IBM PC of IBM, Inc., MS-DDS of Microsoft, Inc., Macintosh of Apple Computer Inc., UNIX of AT&T and VAX of Digital Equipment Corporation.

#### Systat. Intelligent software.

 Table 1: While the Sun 386i/250

 is significantly faster than the Mac

 II running A/UX, in this

 configuration, the Sun costs about

 twice as much.

	N	Number of Tasks					
	1	2	4	8			
Mac II							
with A/UX	2.9	4.9	8.2	15.7			
SUN							
386i/250	2.0	3.0	6.0	12.0			
Note: In both o reported. The SU the Mac II uses a	IN 386i u	ses a 25					

switching to supervisor mode and dispatching to code within the A/UX kernel. Once this code determines that the trap was a Toolbox ROM call, it invokes the trap handler and switches back to user mode. The user-mode trap handler then uses the dispatch tables to call either a ROM-based routine or a RAM-based patch. RAM-based patches update ROM code, as in the standard Mac operating system, and redirect Mac operating-system calls to routines that translate them to equivalent Unix calls.

You must then create the resource file containing definition objects such as windows, menus, and dialogs, and compile it with the rez resource compiler.

Finally, to run any programs under A/UX that use the Mac interface, you must have the program toolboxdaemon running as a background process. This program is responsible for setting up the shared memory structures that all Toolbox applications use. It is also responsible for cleaning up after a Toolbox process when it exits. This includes removing shared memory structures and windows from the screen. In version 1.0, the shared memory contains mostly cursor data.

#### **Missing Mac User Interface**

In A/U $\bar{X}$ , there is no facility like the Mac Finder to launch applications and manage files. A/UX provides three different shells (command interpreters)—the traditional Bourne shell (sh), the Berkeley C shell (csh), and the Korn shell (ksh). Each of these shells uses a command-line interface. The closest A/UX comes to having a windowing interface is a sample program, called Term, that lets you open multiple windows, each running the Unix command-line interface. Since this is a sample program, full source code is provided so that you can modify it to suit your own needs.

As you would expect with a Mac application, Term lets you move or resize each window. One nice feature is a history mechanism that makes it possible to scroll back through a session to review output that has already scrolled out of the window. Unfortunately, you cannot cut and paste in these windows.

Each window acts as a terminal emulator implementing a subset of the DEC VT-100 control codes. You can also select the font and size of the text in each window.

Since A/UX allows only one Toolbox application to run at a time, it isn't possible to run any other program that uses the Toolbox from within the Term program. This means that to run another Toolbox program, you need to close down whatever is going on in each of the windows and exit from the Term program. This

# OOPS LITE. LESS FILLING. GREAT TASTE.

Object Oriented Programming (OOPS) is the most refreshing development ever to hit PC computing because it makes programming natural and easy. And if you've got a thirst for the world's best selling OOPS, get your hands on OOPS Lite, Smalltalk/V.

Thousands of scientists, engineers, programmers and educators have chosen Smalltalk/V because it's less filling. Unlike other OOPS which require deep-pocket workstations and a zillion bytes of RAM, Smalltalk/V runs on box-stock PC/XTs and clones with 512K and still has room to develop full-bodied applications.

Thousands more have chosen Smalltalk/V because it's the fastest, easiest way to get a great taste of OOPS. And that taste has led to satisfying results in everything from finance to medicine to space.

These people found that the real value of

personal computing isn't just manipulating a word processor, a spreadsheet or a modern user interface. It is using their PC as a sculptor uses clay. And Smalltalk/V with its unique design clarity, natural parallel between problem and solution, and forgiving nature gets you there with gusto.

Smalltalk/V is only \$99.95 and comes with the best object oriented programming tutorial money can buy. And when you're ready for something even more potent, move up to new Industrial Strength OOPS, Smalltalk/V 286 for just \$199.95. Both come with our 60 day money-back guarantee. Check out Smalltalk/V at your dealer. If

Check out Smalltalk/V at your dealer. If he doesn't have it, order toll free: 1-800-922-8255. Or write to: Digitalk, Inc., 9841 Airport Blvd., Los Angeles, CA 90045. OOPS Lite. Everything

you've ever wanted in a great OOPS. For less.

World Radio History



limits the usefulness of the program as a standard interface to A/UX.

#### **Expanded Networking**

If you want to go beyond the three users that can be accommodated by the console and the two serial ports, you can buy an Ethernet card and use the networking software that comes with A/UX.

A/UX supports Sun Microsystems' NFS, which allows a Mac II running A/UX to participate in a network of workstations and hosts and to share files. NFS makes it possible to treat files on other systems as if they were resident on your local machine.

There is also support in A/UX for the TCP/IP network protocol. This protocol and a number of utilities included with A/UX let you copy files between nodes on a network and establish remote log-in sessions with other nodes.

AU/X doesn't support AppleTalk, so if you want to connect a LaserWriter printer, you have to use an asynchronous link to one of the serial ports.

Even though the system comes with networking software, the documentation does not include the A/UX Network Administration manual that you need to set up a network. This manual is available for \$18.50 to APDA (Apple Programmer's and Developer's Association) members.

To measure the multitasking performance of A/UX, we ran the multitasking-shell benchmark published in the August 1984 BYTE on page 406. For comparison, we ran the same benchmark tests on a Mac II with 5 megabytes of memory and A/UX on an external 80megabyte hard disk drive, and on a Sun 386i/250 with 8 megabytes of memory and a 327-megabyte hard disk drive running Berkeley Unix 4.3. In the benchmark results, A/UX on the Mac II ran notably slower than the Unix implementation on the Sun system (see table 1). However, performance may be acceptable when you consider that the Sun system costs about twice as much.

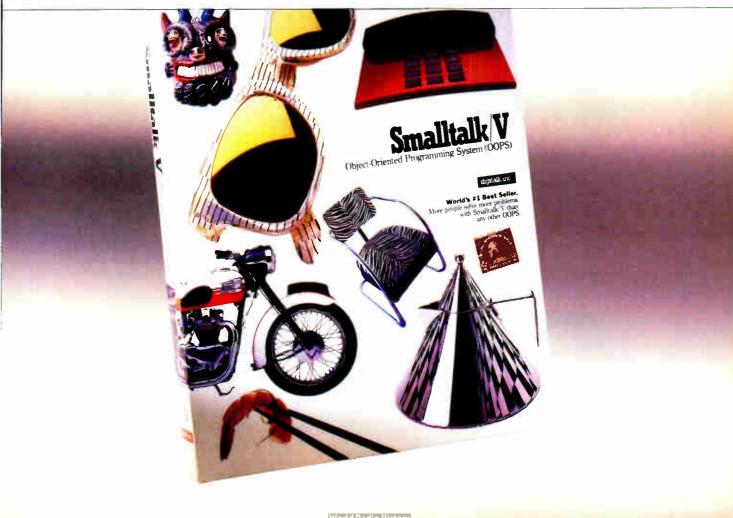
#### **Close**, **But No Cigar**

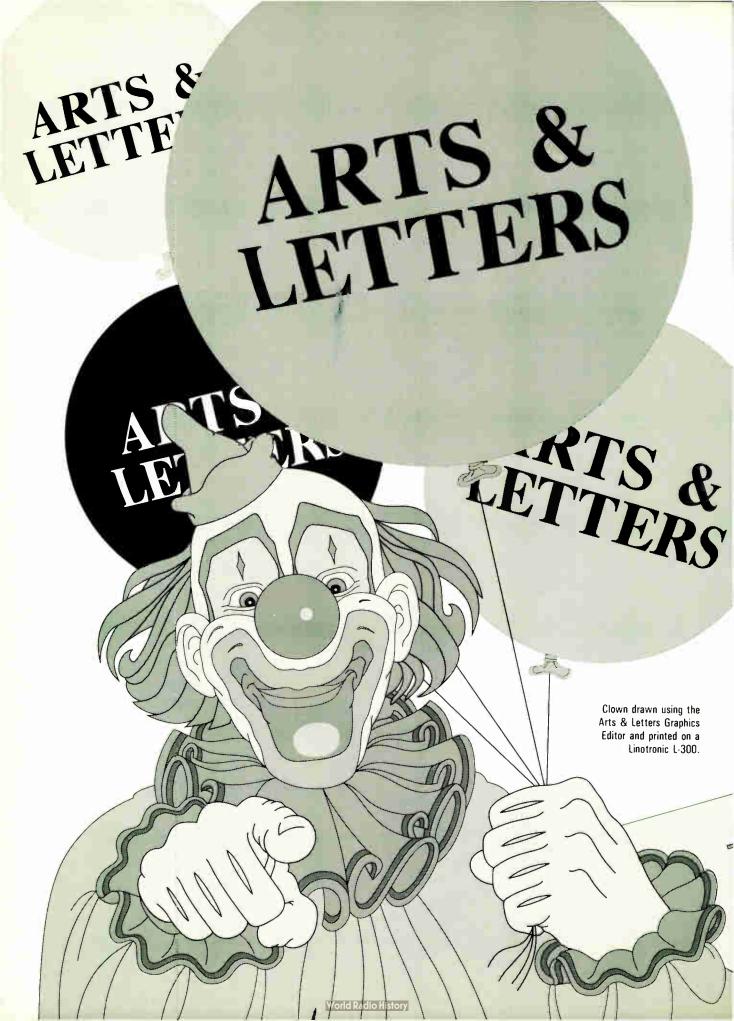
Apple's A/UX is a good first step toward transforming the Mac II into a Unix workstation. It's good because it gives you multitasking, virtual memory, and access to a network. But it is not yet well integrated with the Mac user interface. Also, the limitation of running only a single Toolbox application at a time makes it difficult to use even the Term program as a standard interface.

You might expect A/UX to make the Mac II into a true workstation, but it doesn't quite measure up. Although it does provide the ability to connect to a network, it does not provide the kind of interactive interface that is familiar to users of other workstation products. While the Mac interface is available from within A/UX, the primary interface is the Unix command-line shell.

However, A/UX is a good implementation of Unix System V and should be useful where there is a need for a system that allows Unix applications to run in a network environment and where the ability to run Mac applications is required. A/UX will be easier to use when and if Apple provides a Finder-like interface that will truly transform the Mac into a point-and-click Unix machine.

David Betz is a Unix consultant and a former senior editor for BIX. Eva M. White is a BYTE technical editor.





# If You're Serious About Graphics.

#### Why Clown Around

Arts & Letters is a family of products with an unsurpassed assortment of object-oriented clip art, typefaces, composition aids, and freeform drawing tools. And Arts & Letters runs on your IBM or IBM compatible personal computer.

#### Can't Draw a Straight Line?

For those of us with little artistic skill, the *Arts & Letters* Composer comes complete with thousands of professionally-drawn clip art images you can size, stretch, twist, bend, flip, and rotate.

Compose diagrams, maps, flow charts, word charts, and organization charts. Cut, copy, and paste your compositions into any of the popular desktop publishing applications that support Windows, or print directly to any laser printer (a PostScript-equipped printer is not required).

#### Draw Your Own

Depending on your level of artistic ability, use the Arts & Letters Graphics Editor to modify predrawn clip art, trace scanned images, or draw complex illustrations.

Even if you're a skilled artist, modifying predrawn clip art can save lots of time when you're working against a deadline.

#### **Editing Features**

The *Graphics Editor* allows you to adjust the direction and shape of each curve interactively by clicking on the control points and fine tuning the curve. You can split a shape at a point, delete segments, join shapes, snap to points, move a point or group of points, and much more.

#### **Exchanging Data**

Arts & Letters supports a variety of techniques for exchanging data between Windows applications and non-Windows products such as Ventura Publisher. Arts & Letters supports TIFF, EPS, WMF and CGM.

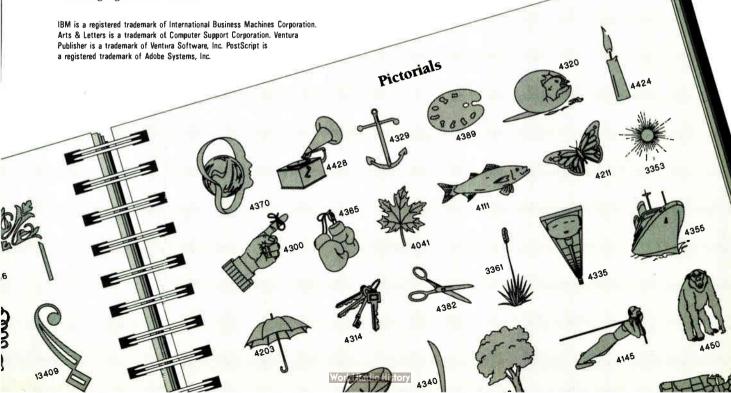
For more information about *Arts & Letters* and a FREE Publisher's Typescale, call or write today.

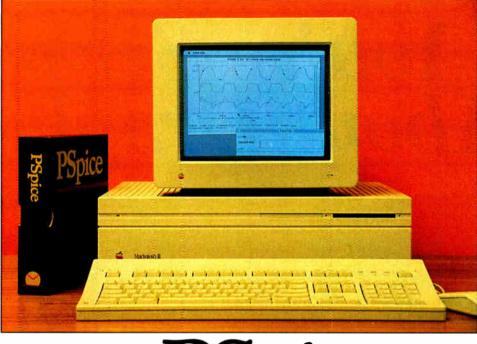
#### **Computer Support Corporation** 15926 Midway Road

Dallas, Texas 75244 (214) 661-8960

Suggested Retail Arts & Letters Composer — \$395 Graphics Editor — \$595

Circle 56 on Reader Service Card





# PSpice

#### The Standard for Analog Circuit Simulation Now Available on the Macintosh II

Since its introduction just over four years ago, MicroSim's PSpice has sold more copies than all other commercial Spice programs combined. In addition to running on the IBM PC family, including the new PS/2, the Compaq 386, the Sun 3 workstation and the VAX/VMS family, PSpice is now available on Apple's Macintosh II.

All these features which have made PSpice so popular are available:

- Standard parts libraries for diodes, bipolar transistors, power MOSFET's, opamps, voltage comparators, and transformer cores.
- GaAs MESFET devices.
- Non-linear transformer devices modeling saturation, hysteresis, and eddy current losses.
- Ideal switches for use with, for example, power supply and switched capacitor circuit designs.

In addition, all these PSpice options are available on the Macintosh:

- Monte Carlo analysis to calculate the effect of parameter tolerances on circuit performance.
- The Probe "software oscilloscope", allowing interactive viewing of simulation results.
- The Parts parameter extraction program, allowing you to extract a device's model parameters from data sheet information.
- The Digital Files interface, allowing you to transfer data from your logic simulator to (or from) PSpice. The interface performs the necessary D to A or A to D conversions.

Each copy of PSpice comes with our extensive product support. Our technical staff has over 50 years of experience in CAD/CAE and our software is supported by the engineers who wrote it. With PSpice, expert assistance is only a phone call away.

Please call or write today for a free evaluation copy of PSpice. Find out for yourself why PSpice is the standard in analog circuit simulation.

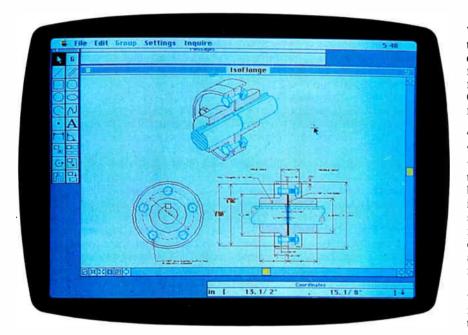
MicroSim Corporation

23175 La Cadena Drive, Laguna Hills, CA 92653 U.S.A. • (714) 770-3022 (800) 826-8603 • Telex 265154 SPICE UR
PSpice is a registered trademark of MicroSim Corporation; Macintosh II is a trademark of Apple Computer. Inc.; Compaq 386 is a trademark of Compaq Computer Corporation; IBM PC, PS/2 are registered trademarks
of International Business Machines Corporation; Sun is a trademark of Sun MicroSystems, Inc.; VAX and VMS are trademarks of Digital Equipment Corporation.

Circle 149 on Reader Service Card (DEALERS: 150)



# VersaCAD on a Mac



A CAD package for PCs finds its way to the Macintosh

Paul Tuten

orn with an established name in the MS-DOS world, Versa-CAD Macintosh Edition is a comprehensive two-dimensional drafting and design system for creating accurate working drawings for a variety of disciplines. The VersaCAD package comes with a 247-page user's manual that includes a tutorial section, a "tour" disk that contains a demonstration program, and a disk with a Hyper-Card Help stack. These also serve as valuable training aids. VersaCAD Macintosh Edition retails for \$1995. It requires a Mac Plus or SE with 1 megabyte of RAM or a Mac II with a minimum of 2 megabytes of RAM, an Apple monochrome or color monitor, and Finder 5.5 or higher. You'll need extra memory to use large monitors and to make use of Multi-Finder. If you have a Mac Plus or SE, you should equip it with an accelerator board with a 68881 math coprocessor to take full advantage of VersaCAD's speed. Finally, you'll need a minimum of 4 megabytes of hard disk space for programs, temporary workfiles, and drawings.

VersaCAD 1.1, the version I tested, supports a comprehensive list of output devices, including the Apple Imagewriter and LaserWriter for nonscale hard copies. For accurate drawings, it supports plotters from Bruning, Calcomp, Data Products, Enter Computer, Hewlett-Packard, Houston Instrument, United Innovations, Mutoh, Numonics, Roland, and Western Graphtec. A VersaLINK application converts VersaCAD drawings to and from ASCII text, Initial Graphics Exchange Specification (IGES), and .DXF files. In these formats, you can exchange drawing information not only between different CAD applications but even between different computer systems.

#### The Working Area

The main display consists of a drawing window bordered by the familiar Macintosh title bar, close, resize, and scrolling buttons. In addition, five window-option icons are embedded along the bottom left scroll bar. Clicking on these window icons lets you magnify any area of the drawing for detail work, or back away for a bird's-eye view of the entire drawing, regardless of its size.

Beneath the menu bar is a Message window that prompts you for input during object construction and editing. At the screen's bottom is a Coordinates window that shows the location of the drawing cursor in absolute, relative, or polar coordinates. To the left is a Tools window—a palette of icons for object creation and manipulation tools. You can toggle all these windows (plus two hidden Constraints and Construct palettes) open and closed from the Settings menu bar selection.

I found that I was using the Constraints and Construct palettes more than the Message and Coordinates windows, so I closed the latter two to save room on my SE's screen. For SE users, a more productive, but also more expensive, solution would be to add an external monitor to display the drawing window. Then you could display the support functions windows on a second screen while using a multimonitor program, such as E-Machines' Double Feature.

#### **A Pick of Tools**

The two choices on the top of the Tools palette are Selection and Group. The Secontinued

#### VersaCAD 1.1

#### Туре

Two-dimensional CAD package

#### Company

Versacad Corp. 2124 Main St. Huntington Beach, CA 92648 (714) 960-7720

#### Format

Six 31/2-inch floppy disks

#### **Hardware Needed**

Macintosh Plus or SE with 1 megabyte of RAM, or Macintosh II with 2 megabytes of RAM, and a hard disk drive

#### Software Needed

Finder 5.5 or higher

Language

C

#### Documentation

247-page user's manual

Price \$1995

#### Inquiry 907.

lection tool lets you pick individual objects for editing and manipulation. Each object that Selection calls up displays its associated, movable, pivot-and-handle point. The Group tools let you build aggregates of objects.

The palette has 12 more tools, which you use to add objects to your drawing. The Line tool lets you create a single or continuous line, and Multiline draws two or more parallel lines simultaneously. Rectangle lets you draw squares and rectangles by designating opposite corners or three points. Polygon draws regular polygons with 3 to 180 sides.

To draw a circle, you choose a center and a radius or designate a diameter and its two endpoints. You can make an ellipse by picking the axes or a center and the axes. You create an arc from two endpoints and an arbitrary point on the arc, or from a center point and two endpoints. With Bézier, you can create three-point Bézier curves and multipoint spline curves. You handle point entry by screen position, grid snap, object snap, or coordinate entry (this is also the case with all the tools mentioned previously).

You can write on the drawing, either in

individual lines or in blocks, using the Text tool. Character height and width, as well as line spacing, may be varied. You can assign font numbers to your built-in LaserWriter fonts for PostScript output. VersaCAD can automatically apply linear and angular dimensions, either singly or as baseline or chain dimensions.

The last six tools on the palette are for object manipulation. You can move and stretch objects and groups of objects. You can copy in one or two directions, or circularly, leaving one or more copies. Rotate lets you move objects about their associated pivot points. Scale shrinks or expands objects or groups of objects, either proportionally or unproportionally. Mirror flips objects or copies of objects about an axis. The Explode command breaks objects and symbols into their component parts.

The Construct palette contains important tools for precise geometric constructions. Extend/Trim lets you trim elements to other elements and objects. With Break, you can split a line and trim it to two different objects or two different portions of the same object. Fillet lets you draw a specified radius between two self-trimming lines, as does Chamfer. Perpendicular lets you create right-angle lines at any distance from the endpoint of a normal line. With Parallel, you can draw lines at a specified distance from each other. The Tangent function makes lines at a specified angle to circles, arcs, and ellipses, or tangent to arcs and perpendicular to lines. You can use Isometric to create an isometric view from three orthographic views.

The tools in the Constraints palette are used in conjunction with those in the Tools and Construct palettes. Constraints tools help you make your drawings more precise. Besides Free (or unconstrained) input, there is Rotation, X Lock, and Y Lock, which let you fix input to a specified angle, or to an x or yaxis.

The Grid and Increment snap tools set up a grid with incremental points. These points then attract the cursor to the nearest specified location for geometric input. This is nice in some ways, but it often dramatically slows repainting when the grid is displayed. The No Snap function switches this option off. The Intersection, Object, and Equation tools are excellent for accurate placement of objects in relation to each other, during both construction and later manipulation.

In most cases, the tools have additional options that you can obtain by doubleclicking on each tool's icon.

#### Picks from the Menu

The menu bar displays the Apple symbol with whatever desk accessories you have installed, along with About VersaCAD and Help. The Help item contains a drawing of the three palette windows mentioned previously, with labels that describe each tool function.

The Files menu contains New Drawing, which is for creating an empty drawing that retains the current settings of the properties, units, and window. Open Drawing retrieves drawings and also allows them to merge with the current drawing (at the same drawing units). Close stores the drawing window. Save Drawing and Save Drawing As put the current work on disk arranged by objects or by current group. Crunch compresses the workfile by permanently removing all deleted objects.

New Library lets you create special files of symbols. Symbols are collections of objects that are used repeatedly, such as windows and doors, or bolts and nuts. Obviously, having them predrawn as part of a library can save you a good deal of drawing time. Open Library gives you access to your symbols files.

Page Setup and Print give you a nonscale hard copy of displayed drawings on a printer. Besides a long list of plotters to select from, Plot Select contains an encapsulated PostScript selection; this option lets you use VersaCAD drawings with page layout programs. Plot Setup and Plot produce accurate output of the entire drawing, to any scale, on laser printers and plotters. Quit closes the VersaCAD program.

The Edit menu selection has the usual Macintosh Undo, Cut, Copy, and Paste options, plus Clear Last Entry, Restore Last Entry, Select All Objects, and Show Clipboard Contents. It also has additional items to aid you in editing objects. A Properties item lets you edit the level number, pen number, color, line density and width, line style, and top and bottom z-coordinate values of objects. A powerful Geometry item lets you look at and edit almost every geometric attribute of an object on the drawing; you can also invoke Geometry by double-clicking on the object. Handle moves the handle point of the selected object to alternate locations or back to the object's default location.

The Group menu contains options that you use in conjunction with the Group selection from the Tools palette. Clear Current Group removes all objects from the current group. Build by Inverse creates a group by replacing all objects in the current group with all other objects. *continued* 

# Never Lose Your Work Again!

# Introducing Cocoon," A Genuine Breakthrough.

Blocks	Carcor	"Inst layout	*Options	-
Renove	Locate text	Beint enhancen	ents 'Rey nacros	P1 Help
<b>U</b> ado	"Next locate	Niew page	Graphics	<b>^q</b> uit
	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1			
	the spreadsheet eystroke logging (		media had the foll	owing comme
nt it's b	such a simple, ye solution."	function: t.func- "T		is one sk should

Remember all those times you've had an important work session disappear from the computer? Well, that's one problem you can forget for good!

**Instant Disaster Recovery** Cocoon, a uniquely powerful utility from Daybreak Technologies, protects your work from power failures, system failures, assorted accidents and just plain human error.

Cocoon is virtually invisible as it logs each keystroke to hard disk. It stays in the background, with no sacrifice of system or software speed. And your key log file takes up just 10K on your disk!

**Document Your Work And Review Your Logic** Cocoon captures your train of thought while it's recording your work. You can easily get an instant replay of entire session to reconstruct your logic and assumptions.

**Create Custom Tutorials And Demos** It's easy to train and sell with Cocoon. Play back one keystroke at a time. Or use fastforward to skip ahead.

**Create Keyboard Macros** Versatile Cocoon translates keystrokes into macros that you can transport to your application program for use later.

**Debug Programs** Software developers can resimulate the problem or bug — again

and again — while reading the program map through the debugging utility to locate the difficulty.

**Truly A Must-Have Utility** Daybreak first introduced this remarkable function in the Silk<sup>®</sup> spreadsheet. PC Magazine put our recovery capabilities high on

their "1-2-3 WISH LIST." "At most, this feature is a lifesaver; . . . it can save the day (and maybe a job). — J. Blake Lambert, *Computer Age*, August, 1987. Well, we say this is the second most important piece of software you can buy, right after DOS.

Cocoon's Recover Mode Brings Back Every Key Stroke. You'll find Cocoon indispensable in a wealth of applications, including... Lotus<sup>®</sup> 1-2-3<sup>®</sup> and Symphony,<sup>®</sup> WordStar 2000<sup>®</sup> and WordStar Professional,<sup>®</sup> WordPerfect,<sup>®</sup> Codesmith,<sup>®</sup> P-fix,<sup>®</sup> Enable,<sup>®</sup> IBM<sup>®</sup> PE-II,<sup>®</sup> Ability Plus,<sup>®</sup> And many, many more!

**Special Introductory Offer – Just \$49.95!** No other PC utility offers you Cocoon's solid protection and worksaving features.

Enjoy these unequalled advantages soon — and save with our special publisherdirect introductory offer. Order by mail through September 30, 1988 for just \$49.95. (After that, Cocoon retails for \$99.00)

Credit card holders can call toll-free — or use the coupon today. Act now — you really need Cocoon, and you'll save by getting it right away. Fact is, Daybreak's "work insurance policy" pays for itself the first time you recover a session!



#### DAYBREAK TECHNOLOGIES, INC.

Charge to your credit card and call toll-free: **1-800-443-0100**, ext. 361E

Toll-free number is for credit card orders only. For product information, call Customer Service at (213) 542-5888.

System Requirements: IBM or compatible with DOS 2.0 or higher and hard disk.

Rush My Cocoon Today!		
Name	Add \$5 per copy if you want 3.5" diskette Add shipping & handling (\$5.00 each for U.S. & Canada. \$20.00 each all other countries)	
Organization	Calif. residents add 6.5% sales tax	
Address	Total \$	
CityStateZip Phone_()	Payment Method Check or money order enclosed, made payable Daybreak Technologies. (Sorry, no CODS!) Charge arty Disc. Discussion Code	e to
Mail To: Cocoon Introductory Offer, Dept. 361E Daybreak Technologies, Inc., P.O. Box 5629, 21213B Hawthorne Blvd., Torrance, CA 90509	Charge my □ Visa □ Master Card Acct. #Expir. Da Signature	ate
Do not enclose cash. Offer valid through Septeml	er 30, 1988. Please allow 4-6 weeks for delivery.	

Cocoon and Silk are trademarks of Daybreak Rechnologies, Inc. IBM and PE-II are registered trademarks of International Business Machines Corporation. Lotus, 1-2-3 and Symphony are registered trademarks of Lotus Development Corporation Microsoft and MS-DOS are registered trademarks of Microsoft Corporation. WordPerfect is a registered trademark of WordPerfect Corporation. WordStar 2000 and WordStar Professional are registered trademarks of Microsoft Corporation. WordPerfect is a registered trademark of WordPerfect Corporation. WordStar 2000 and WordStar Professional are registered trademarks of Microsoft Corporation. WordPerfect is a registered trademark of WordPerfect is a registered trademark of Visual Age. P-fix is a registered trademark of Phoenix Corporation Build by Properties lets you create or edit groups by all objects that do or do not have specified properties in common. Build by Fence creates groups by specifying objects either inside or outside a rectangular area, and Build by Objects lets you add or subtract specific object types to the current or new group.

The Settings menu contains valuable features, such as Input, which lets you directly input absolute, relative, or polar coordinates for geometric creation and manipulation. Besides the usual decimal degree and degrees-minutes-seconds options in the polar mode, bearing is also available. Properties lets you set such object attributes as level number, pen number, color, line density and width, up to eight line styles, and top and bottom z coordinate values. VersaCAD is sometimes referred to as a two-and-one-half-dimensional system because it can record z-coordinate values but not display them. This ability to record z coordinates can be useful if you are using drawing-coordinate data in CAM.

You can add arrows or center markers to objects, and you can set template property to objects being added. These objects could serve as construction lines for layout development, and they can be turned off for displaying or plotting.

With the Units item, you set the drawing's unit of measure when you begin. There can be only one unit of measure per drawing. VersaCAD works on the concept of real-world modeling. That is, if you are going to lay out a schematic of a new interstate highway, for example, you might make miles the unit of measure and choose polar coordinates in bearing format. On the other hand, if you were designing an assembly jig for an airplane wing, you would make inches your unit of measure and choose absolute coordinates in decimals of an inch. For an Esize plot of both drawings, you can set the plot scale so that 1 unit equals 0.125 inch.

All the necessary units are available, including decimals and fractions of inches and feet, and fractions of miles, millimeters, centimeters, meters, and kilometers. If you want, you can also define your own units of measure.

Levels lets you specify up to 250 levels to display and plot. Levels are not selfprotecting; for example, you can trim lines to each other even if they are in different levels. You protect levels by turning them off, thus making them invisible.

Configuration sets the size of temporary Hatch files needed to calculate hatch boundaries. Preferences lets you set a drawing's background, grid, selected object, and cursor color (if available). Show Marker, Template, and Symbol turn the display of these items on and off. The workfile has a running clock of usage time that can be stopped with a Pause option.

Also under the Settings menu are Constraints, Coordinates, Message, Tools, and Construct items, all of which I've previously discussed. Symbols opens the symbols library from which the currently selected symbol was placed. Hatch lets you add hatching lines to any enclosed boundary; it also calculates areas and cross sections. Many of Settings' option windows can be left open for more convenient access.

The Inquire menu contains Drawing, which shows all the level numbers and pen numbers used on a drawing, along with the total number of objects, symbols, and time used. Workfile displays the storage that all the objects and symbols use, the total number of different symbols, and the corresponding storage you have left; it also indicates total drawing time and the elapsed time since your last file operation.

VersaCAD's workfile can contain 6000 objects, 2000 symbol components, and 200 unique symbols. This should be adequate storage for most drawings, but if it isn't, the workfile storage space can be expanded by an experienced programmer. Keyboard equivalents for almost all icons and menu options are present.

#### **Stackware Utilities**

Bill of Material is a HyperCard stack that counts all symbols used on a drawing. Descriptive data such as name, size, unit cost, unit weight, labor, and grade for each symbol in your library is entered in the Bill of Material stack. A Count function automatically counts the symbols, and Create Report prepares a materialslist type of report that shows the totals of each symbol and all the descriptive information.

You can edit any part of the report and save it as a text file for use in a word processor or spreadsheet, or you can convert it to VersaCAD format for use on the face of the drawing.

Bill of Material also contains a utility for calculating the total length of lines and rectangles on the drawing. For example, in a plumbing drawing, if all drain pipes are represented by lines of the same color, or on a certain level or pen number, Bill of Material can automatically add the total length of these lines.

The FileDump stack provides a conve-

nient way to examine and edit the contents of drawing and library files. The source code for getVcad and putVcad are provided. These script functions extend HyperCard and let it read/write VersaCAD files; they also let you create customized VersaCAD HyperCard utilities. Sample drawings and libraries are included in the VersaCAD and Bill of Materials tutorials.

#### **Drawing Conclusions**

The most serious of VersaCAD's few limitations is the lack of an auxiliary view system for creating drawings with views of different scales. For example, if you want a drawing with a quarter-scale main view and a half-scale section view, you have to either draw both views at their respective scales and plot full-size, or draw the main view at half size and the section view at full size and plot at halfscale, or draw the main view full-size and the section view twice-size and plot at quarter-scale. In any case, you have a model with one or more views that are not real-world size. Perhaps a better alternative in this example would be to keep the views in two different models and overplot them on the same paper at the different scales-but VersaCAD has no built-in provisions to do this.

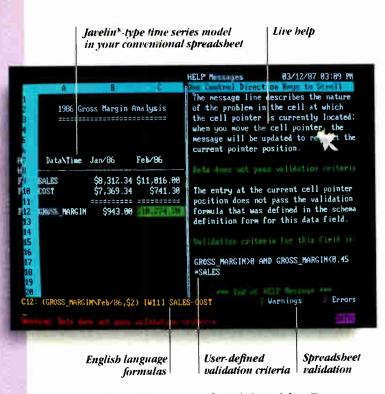
A vital feature of VersaCAD is its workfile. When you are working on a drawing, all work is done in a temporary workfile that VersaCAD automatically saves on disk. Thus, even if you are working on a new drawing that you have not saved, you will probably not lose all your work if a system error occurs, which I did occasionally experience.

VersaCAD seems to have all the necessary tools and options that a draftsperson needs to get the job done. However, I would not buy VersaCAD for an out-ofthe-box Mac Plus or SE. Without a coprocessor accelerator board in the system, VersaCAD's slowness is a limiting factor. For example, I constructed a model with about 100 objects. On a vanilla Mac SE, a repaint of the model took well over a minute. On a Mac II, the same drawing took less than 3 seconds.

VersaCAD Macintosh Edition is a full-featured drafting tool that is well suited for a broad range of applications. But if you're going to spend almost \$2000 for the program, do yourself a favor and run it on a machine that won't make you long for your drafting board.

Paul Tuten of Wichita, Kansas, is a tool engineering contractor for the aircraft industry and uses a CAD system daily. He can be reached on BIX as "editors."

# Can Your Spreadsheet Do Any Of This For \$69.95?





"Silk's improved graphics, fine use of function keys, interactive belp, global search and replace, and easy-to-rearrange worksheet are reason enough to buy... At some point, you have to think about moving onward and upward (from Lotus). Silk gives you reason enough." – PC Magazine

- Twice as fast as Lotus<sup>®</sup> with 8087/80287 coprocessor installed
- Keystroke logging prevents the loss of your worksheet sessions
- Fast, productive forms processing just fill in the blanks
- Allocation models cut the pie any way you want
- Excellent use of function keys
- Global search and replace
- Enhanced graphics
- · Easy-to-rearrange worksheets
- Goal seeking, i.e. what price to charge to make X% profit?
- Two foreign exchange formats

Rush My Silk 1.1 Today!	copies of Silk 1.1 @ \$69.95
	Add \$10 per copy for 3.5" diskettes
Name	Add shipping & handling (\$6.50 each for U.S. & Canada, \$40.00 each all other countries)
Organization	Calif. residents add 6.5% sales tax
	Total \$
Address	Payment Method
CityStateZip	Check or money order enclosed, made payable to Daybreak Technologies. (Sorry: no CODs!)
CityCititCity	Charge my 🗆 Visa 🗆 Master Card
Phone ()	Acct. #Expir. Date
MAIL TO: Silk 1.1 Introductory Offer, Pept. 361E Daybreak Technologies, Inc., P.O. Box 5629, 21213B Hawthorne Blvd., Torrance, CA 90509	Signa ute
Do not enclose cash. Offer valid through Septen	nber 30, 1988. Please allow 4-6 weeks for delivery

**World Radio History** 

And That's Just The Start Of Silk's\* Exciting Features ...

With all this — and more — going for Silk, Jim Gultinan of Cordata concludes "On a scale of 1 to 10 with Lotus being a 10, Silk is a 12." Soft Sector sums it up by saying "Silk is one of the most complete spreadsheet packages on the market today."

Yes, here's your spreadsheet wish list come true. At a price you dreamed of!

#### Special Introductory Offer — New Version 1.1 Is Just \$69.95!

In reviewing the original Silk spreadsheet, Seybold Outlook said "this is a lot of software for the money." And we say "with this special introductory offer, it's a lot less!" Enhanced Silk 1.1 is just \$69.95 when you order directly from the publisher, now through September 30, 1988. After that, it's still an exceptional value at \$298.00 retail.

Why not order right now? And see for yourself why Orange Bytes Magazine says "Try Silk, but be careful, you may find your copy of 1-2-3 collecting dust."

#### DAYBREAK

Charge to your credit card

and call toll-free: **1-800-443-0100**, ext. 36IE Toll-free number is for credit card orders only. For product information, call Customer Service at (213) 542-5888.

System Requirements: IBM<sup>®</sup> PC or compatible with PC-DOS<sup>®</sup> or MS-DOS<sup>®</sup> 2.0 or higher, with 512KB memory: hard disk recommended.

Silk is a registered trademark of Daybreak Rechnologies, Inc. IBM and PC-DOS are registered trademarks of International Business Machines Corporation. Librus and Lotus 1-2-3 are registered trademarks of Lotus Development Corporation Microsoft and MS-DOS are registered trademarks of Microsoft Corporation javelin is a registered trademark of Javelin Software Company.

Circle 72 on Reader Service Card (DEALERS: 73)

# Review Update

#### **Fine-Tuning the Benchmarks**

The June issue saw the introduction of BYTE's new system benchmarks. The August issue marks the first, and probably not the last, revision. Version 1.1 of the low-level Small-C benchmarks incorporates several changes, all in the Disk I/O tests.

A bug fix for the DOS Seek 1- and 8sector test came first. In the original test, checks for the end of disk failed because the test stored the sector variables in integer format. We quickly ran into sector sizes too large for Small-C to deal with as integers. We fixed the problem by changing the integer format to character pointers.

This fix uncovered an additional problem with the 8-sector part of the test. Basically, the 8-sector read was too sensitive to the effects of disk buffering. In version 1.1, we've enlarged the 8-sector read test to 32 sectors.

Finally, we changed the method of recording the results for the File I/O test. We've switched from seconds per K byte to seconds per 64K bytes for reporting the disk throughput times.

Apart from these changes, we've also made a couple of additional revisions. For the application-level benchmarks, we've dropped the Cursor Move test from the word-processing suite because of unreliable results. Second, we've switched from using an arithmetic mean to a geometric mean for calculating both the application-level and low-level indexes.

In light of these changes, we've rerun all the benchmarks for Advanced Logic Research's FlexCache 20386, which we reviewed in June, as well as for our baseline systems. The revised disk results are shown in the table above. The changes in the application benchmarks give the FlexCache a cumulative application index of 18.0. Application indexes for comparative systems are as follows: 18.0 for the Compaq Deskpro 386/20, 11 for the IBM PS/2 Model 80, and 5 for the 8-MHz IBM PC AT. The review of three 20-MHz 80386 systems on page 162 this month also reflects all these changes.

In upcoming reviews of 80386 systems, we'll be using a newly ported 32bit version of the BYTE Small-C comThe results for the revised Disk I/O benchmarks still show that ALR's FlexCache 20386 comes in slightly ahead of the Compaq Deskpro 386/20 in disk performance.

FlexCache 20386	Compaq 386/20	IBM PS/2 Model 80	IBM PC AT (8 MHz)
8.48	10.68	14.98	14.95
17.00	19.08	32.79	65.18
0.11	0.13	0.12	0.29
0.42	0.45	1.11	1.33
0. <b>79</b>	0.78	1.07	1.23
2.50	2.23	1.46	1.0
	20386 8.48 17.00 0.11 0.42 0.79	20386         386/20           8.48         10.68           17.00         19.08           0.11         0.13           0.42         0.45           0.79         0.78	20386         386/20         Model 80           8.48         10.68         14.98           17.00         19.08         32.79           0.11         0.13         0.12           0.42         0.45         1.11           0.79         0.78         1.07

piler for low-level benchmarks. For details on the 80386 version of the benchmarks, see the text box "80386 Benchmarks" by Rick Grehan on page 142 of this issue.

One last note: The graphs for the system reviews in June—ALR's FlexCache 20386, NEC's MultiSpeed HD, and Hewlett-Packard's Vectra CS Model 20—were labeled incorrectly. The application indexes, cumulative application indexes, and low-level indexes were correct, but the keys for the graphs were labeled in reverse order. We apologize for the error.

-Cathryn Baskin

#### **Deviance with Concurrent DOS 386**

Sometimes benchmark tests give you alarming results, and it's difficult to pin down the problem. That's just what happened with my review of Digital. Research's Concurrent DOS 386 in the July issue.

The BYTE Lab ran the single-task benchmark for Concurrent DOS 386 on several different systems and obtained essentially the same results (which were printed with the review)—that it performed about as well as MS-DOS. But the test results obtained using my own ARC 386i were quite different, at least at first. In fact, my preliminary findings showed a single task under Concurrent DOS 386 to be about 3 times slower than the same task running under MS-DOS.

I initially ran the benchmark tests on my ARC 386i with 3 megabytes of 16-bit 120-nanosecond memory on an Everex 159 memory card installed "above" the 512K bytes of 32-bit memory on the ARC's motherboard. With the 16-bit memory installed, Concurrent DOS 386 barely puttered along, taking 40 seconds to perform one iteration of the benchmark in one window, while the same task ran in only about 13.5 seconds under MS-DOS.

Because the test program was only about 5K bytes, I decided to try the test without the 16-bit memory board installed. Admittedly, running even a 5Kbyte program in only the 512K bytes of 32-bit base memory makes for a tight squeeze since Concurrent DOS 386 is so large. And certainly, most *real* applications cannot fit in so little memory. Nonetheless, without the 16-bit memory, performance improved noticeably. A single task actually ran faster than under DOS, taking 12.5 seconds to complete an iteration.

The explanation for the anomaly is painfully obvious: Running tasks in 16bit memory on an ARC 386i slows performance down dramatically.

—Alex Lane

-

# BYTE

# Bonus All Mac Supplement Macintosh Special Edition



**Inside MultiFinder** Mac Networks Color QuickDraw HyperCard A/UX Short Takes

# dBASE<sup>®</sup> Users—Attack the Mac with FoxBASE+/Mac

#### New Frontiers, No Fears.

FoxBASE+/Mac gives you the unprecedented ability to run your dBASE programs on the Macintosh immediately without changing a single line of code! But there's much more. With FoxBASE+/Mac you can create beautiful, robust applications that are truly Mac-like—using the familiar dBASE language!

#### Speed and Power.

FoxBASE +/Mac gives you speed to burn — plus the power and performance you've come to expect from Fox. In fact, FoxBASE +/Mac is by far the fastest database system available on the Mac today—up to 200 times faster!

#### View Window.

The View Window is the master control panel for FoxBASE +/Mac's graphical, non-programming interface. Use it to open and close files, set up indexes, establish relations, access BROWSE, and even to modify database structures!

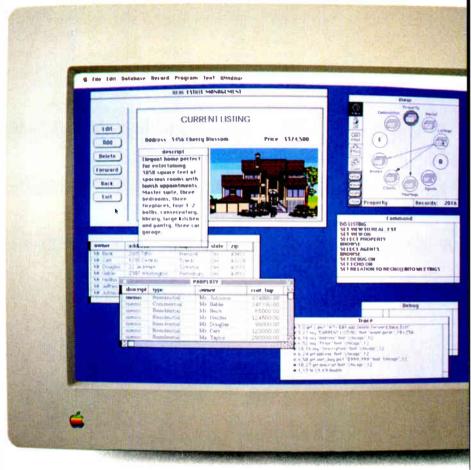
#### **BROWSE.**

FoxBASE +/Mac's BROWSE feature brings new convenience and power to database display and editing! You're in complete control — BROWSE lets you dynamically adjust the size and order of fields displayed, add or delete records, and split the window to show different database sections side-by-side. Together, BROWSE and View Windows *eliminate* the need to write programs for common database operations!

#### **Integrated Graphics.**

Copy and paste graphs, charts, diagrams and even pictures into your database instantly! FoxBASE+/Mac gives you the power to display these graphics, or merge them into reports and documents!

FoxBASE and FoxBASE + are trademarks of Fox Software. dBASE and dBASE 111 PLI'S are trademarks of Ashton-Tate. Macintosh is a trademark of McIntosh Laboratory, Inc., licensed to Apple Computer, Inc.



You can create stunning screens like this with FoxBASE + /Mac —*immediately!* This actual FoxBASE + /Mac screen photo illustrates the View Window, Command Window, Integrated Graphics, Memo field editing, Trace and Debugging Facilities, and the BROWSE feature.

#### **Command Window.**

FoxBASE+/Mac's Command Window gives both experienced developers and novice user ultra-convenient access to the dBASE command language—just type a command into the Command Window, and it's executed!

#### Get The FoxBASE+/Mac Facts Now!

Call (419) 874-0162 Ext. 320 for more information about FoxBASE +/Mac. Or visit your local software retailer.



FoxBASE+/Mac is part of the award-winning family of products from Fox Software. For two years in a row, FoxBASE+ has been given the prestigious Editor's Choice award by *PC Magazine*, and scored an impressive 9.2 out of a possible 10 when tested by *InfoWorld*'s Review Board!

#### Fox Software Nothing Runs Like a Fox.

Fox Software, Inc. 118 W. South Boundary Perrysburg, OH 43551

(419) 874-0162 Ext. 320 FAX: (419) 874-8678 Telex: 6503040827

Circle M26 on Reader Service Card

AUGUST 1988 VOLUME 13 NUMBER 8



Editorial: Microcomputing's Vanguard by Fred Langa

Short Takes

Twelve All-Time Favorites by Ezra Shapiro 21

Macintosh Redux by Bruce Webster

Take a Walk on the Mac Side by Jerry Pournelle

MultiFinder Revealed by Phil Goldman

46

The Well-Connected Mac by Janet J. Barron and Robert L. Mitchell

HyperCard: What Is It? by Brian L. Dear

HyperCard: How Does It Work? by Laurence H. Loeb

75

Using Color QuickDraw on the Mac II by Jan Eugenides 83

Unix and the Mac Interface by Rick Daley

89

Editorial Index by Company

BY TE (1SSN 0360-5280) is published monthly with an additional issue in October by McGraw-Hill Inc. Founder: James H. McGraw (1860-1948). Executive, editorial, circulation, and advertising offices: One Phoenix Mill Lane. Peterborough, NH 03458, phone (603) 924-9281. Office hours: Monday through Thursday 8:30 AM-4:30 PM, Friday 8:30 AM-1:00 PM. Eastern Time. Address subscriptions to BYTE Subscriptions, P.O. Box 7643, Teaneck, NJ 0766-966. Postmaster: Send address changes, USPS Form 3379, uncleilverable copies, and fulfillment questions to BYTE Subscriptions, P.O. Box 763, Teaneck, NJ 0766-966. PostGo-966. Second-class postage paid at Peterborough. NH 03458 and additional mailing offices. Postage paid at Winnipeg, Manitoba. Registration number 9321. Subscriptions are 522.95 for one-year at 564-95 for three years. 375 for one-year at delivery to L3. and its possessions. In Canada and Mexico, 523.95 for one-year, 545.95 for two years, 543-95 for three years. 375 for one-year at delivery to Lagan, Y14,400 for one-year surface delivery to apan, 540 surface delivery to lagan, Y14,400 for one-year surface delivery to apan, 540 surface delivery to apan, Y14,400 for one-year surface delivery to apan, 540 surface delivery to algand, Y14,400 for one-year surface delivery to apan, 540 surface delivery to algand, Y14,400 for one-year surface delivery to apan, 540 surface delivery to algand, Y14,400 for one-year surface delivery to a trate upon request. Single copy price is \$3.50 in the U.S. and its possessions, 53.95 in Canada, \$4.50 in Europe, and \$5 elsewhere. Foreign subscriptions and sales should be remitted in U.S. fund farwn on a U.S. bank. Please allow six to eight weeks for delivery of first issue. Printed in the United States of America.

United States of America. Address editorial correspondence to: Editor, BYTE, One Phoenix Mill Lane, Peterborough, NH 03458. Unacceptable manuscripts will be returned if accompanied by sufficient postage. Not responsible for lost manuscripts or photos. Opinions expressed by the authors are not necessarily those of BYTE. Copyright © 1988 by McGraw-Hill Inc. All rights reserved. Trademark registered in the United States Patent and Trademark Office. Where necester approximation is mentation by the authors mark of United States Patent and Trademark Office.

Copyright © 1988 by McGraw-Hill Inc. All rights reserved, Trademark registered in the United States Patent and Trademark Office. Where necessary, permission is granted by the copyright owner for libraries and others registered with the Copyright Clearance Center (CCC) to photocopy any article herein for the flat fee of 51.50 per copy of the article or any part thereof. Correspondence and payment should be sent directly to the CCC, 29 Congress St., Salem. MA 01970. Specify ISSN 0360-5280/83, \$1.50. Copyrign done for other than personal or internal reference use without the permission or bulk orders should be addressed to the publisher. BYTE is available in microform from University Microfilms International, 300 North Zeeb Rd., Dept. PR, Ann Arbor, MI 48106 or 18 Bedford Row, Dept. PR, London WC1R 4EJ, England.



1

Subscription questions or problems should be addressed to; BYTE Subscriber Service, P.O. Box 7643, Teaneck, NJ 07666-9866.

# How Macintosh of the safest deci

The business computing world has recently undergone some fairly radical changes.

Consequently, so has the entire concept of "safety."

Because, at present, only one computer offers all the promise for the future, and delivers on it today: the Macintosh<sup>\*</sup> II personal computer.

## First, we met your standards.

Serious business has some serious standards, and Macintosh II is prepared to meet every one.

Like breakneck speed. Full expandability. Vast memory. A choice of monitors. A wide range of sophisticated programs for every business use. And the capacity to store even the most intimidating mountain of information.

Its own power aside, Macintosh II is also more than prepared to meet the standards of other machines. Whether they speak MS-DOS, UNIX\* or assorted dialects of mainframese, from IBM to DEC.

So it can work with files from —and run—MS-DOS programs like Lotus 1-2-3 and WordPerfect. Connections are perfectly painless via the AppleTalk<sup>®</sup> network system, using a wide variety of cabling, including Ethernet.<sup>®</sup>

#### Then, we raised them.

Of course, there's more to business than simply meeting standards. Which is why we've put such effort into exceeding them.

Macintosh II is an entirely new generation of computer, building on the graphical interface pioneered by Macintosh. It's working at full strength today, with an operating system that exploits every bit of its astonishing power.

The latest part of that system, MultiFinder, adds multitasking capabilities. The result being, you can switch effortlessly between applications or do a number of different things at the same time.

This higher standard leads to a new world of possibilities.

For example, you can now use advanced programs for Apple<sup>®</sup> Desktop Publishing — the standard we created over two years back — right alongside your business programs. So it's much easier to integrate different efforts into a single document.

In the Macintosh tradition, what you see on screen is exactly what you can expect on paper. And every program works very much the same way, helping to cut training costs drastically.

It's a technology that can actually raise the standard of how you get all your information. Because with Macintosh, all your computers (including mainframes) can be accessed in the same intuitive way.

But why read about it when you can be an eyewitness. See the whole family of Macintosh computers and LaserWriter® II printers at an authorized Apple dealer. Call 800-446-3000, ext. 300, for a location nearby.

Then you'll understand why so many business people feel the same way about getting a Macintosh II:

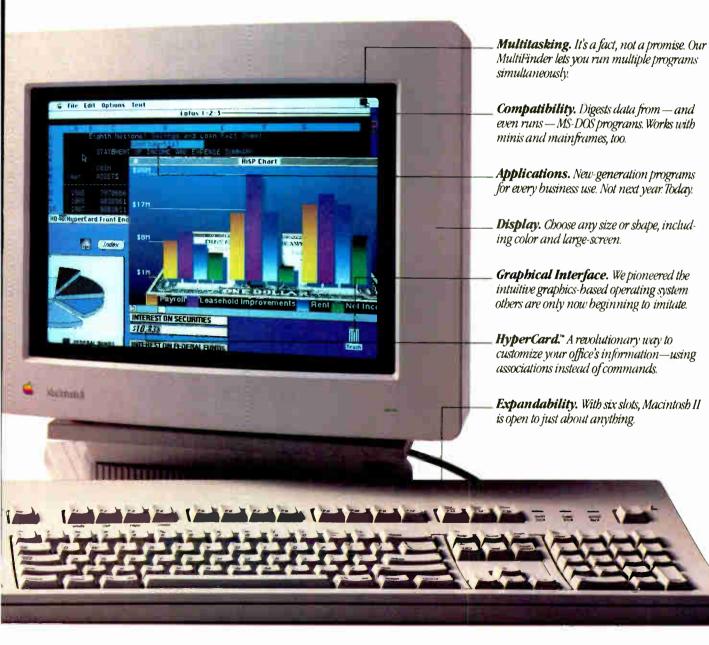
Better safe than sorry.





<sup>© 1988</sup> Apple Computer, Inc. Apple, the Apple logo, Macintosh, AppleTalk and LaserWriter are registered trademarks of, and MultiFinder and HyperCard are trademarks of Apple Computer, Inc. MS-DOS is a registered trademark of Microsoft Corp. UNIX is a registered trademark of ATGT. IBM is a registered trademark of IBM Corp. DEC is a registered trademark of Digital Equipment Corp. WordPerfect is a trademark of BY T E • 1988 Mac Special Edition

# I came to be one sions in business.



of WordPerfect Corp. Lotus and 1-2 3 are trademarks of Lotus Development Corp. Ethernet is a registered trademark of Xerox Corp. NuBus is a trademark of Texas Instruments. Macintosh II comes with a CPU (which isn't shown bere) and a mouse (which is). For the sake of custom configuration, monitor and keyboard are purchased separately. As are your desk, chair, trash can and pencil cup. 1988 Mac Special Edition • BYTE 3

# Microcomputing's Vanguard

More and more, it's a Blue *and* Red world out there. BYTE readers have seen it coming for years.

uick! Name the only magazine whose coverage of the Macintosh II won an award for editorial excellence in an international competition that was sponsored by the Society for Technical Communication.

Need a hint? It's a large publication, routinely reaching over 147,000 Macintosh users, far more than publications like *MacWeek*, *Macazine*, *Macintosh Today*, and the like.

Another hint: In addition to being one of the world's largest magazines for Mac users, it's one of the very few that has been there from day one back in 1984; it has covered every Mac in detail, from the first fledgling machine through the world-class power of today's Mac II.

Still stumped? Well, it's about the only magazine for Mac users that doesn't have a "Mac" in its title.

You're holding it in your hands: BYTE.

BYTE's readers were among the earliest and most enthusiastic adopters of the Macintosh. Year by year, as the Mac's power and expandability have grown—as it has finally delivered on that early bright promise—the installed base of Mac users among BYTE readers has climbed steadily. Today, over 35 percent of BYTE's 420,000 readers use Macs, and that number is still growing fast.

What amazes me is that almost all BYTE's Mac users are also IBM PC users. These readers are truly the van-



guard of microcomputing—proficient on more than one type of machine and completely comfortable in the increasingly common office environment where Macs and PCs sit cheek by jowl. Like all BYTE readers, these folks are a versatile, pragmatic group, not at all locked into a single mold, or constrained by arbitrary philosophical blinders. Faced with a given task, they'll use whatever hardware and software will get the job done well, religious debates about microcomputing purity be damned. They're the corporate gurus who can assist any user on any machine anywhere in their organization.

But you already know this: It's you I'm talking about.

For some 4 years now, BYTE has covered the Mac as part of our "regular" coverage. No, that won't change. For example, the August issue of BYTE carries a full review of A/UX—Apple's interesting implementation of a "semigraphical" Unix for the Mac II.

But from time to time we want to do more, to concatenate our coverage and focus attention on the Mac in a major way.

The result is the Mac supplement you're now reading. If you use a Mac, you'll find plenty of useful information on Mac technology and applications in BYTE's best tradition—information that no Mac-specific magazine gives you.

If you're not currently a Mac user, you'll find a rich vein of interesting, perspective-building information that can broaden your microcomputing horizons and help prepare for the day when count on it—you're called upon for advice in a Macintosh matter.

For example, "MultiFinder Revealed" isn't just a glossy list of features or a simplistic user's guide to Multi-Finder. Instead, Apple's Phil Goldman—one of MultiFinder's creators provides a true insider's look at how the Mac's multitasker works.

Another Apple employee, Rick Daley, explains some of the design decisions underlying A/UX, and he offers insights that can help make your use of or programming for A/UX more effective.

A very meaty piece on networking the Mac will fill you in on Mac-to-Mac, Mac-to-PC, Mac-to-VAX, and other connectivity options to allow the Mac to peacefully coexist with other hardware in almost any setting.

Two articles on HyperCard explain its strengths and weaknesses (as one author points out, there are times, after all, when a word is worth a thousand pictures). They go on to show you how to build practical, workable stacks, and point to some of the best sources for obtaining user-written stackware.

Jerry Pournelle, Ezra Shapiro, and Bruce Webster all offer their own unique perspectives on how far the Mac has come, where it's going, and what it's like to make the switch from the DOS world to that of the Mac.

A hands-on article on Color Quick-Draw shows you how to make use of the Mac II's color capabilities.

And (of course) lots more.

We're pleased to bring you this highquality bonus reading, and we welcome your feedback by mail (Write to: Editor, One Phoenix Mill Lane, Peterborough, NH 03458), by BIX, by MCI Mail, or by telephone.

Enjoy.

—Fred Langa Editor in Chief (BIX name "flanga")

### Borland's new Turbo Pascal Family makes programming fast and easy



urbo Pascal<sup>•</sup> code compiles and runs at better than a sizzling 12,000 lines per minute. Its clear, logical design makes it easy to learn and use.

Turbo Pascal is truly compatible with Inside Macintosh, which means that you're on familiar ground—that's why so many Mac users have made it their standard. Best of all, it's only \$99.95!

#### NEW!

#### The Turbo Pascal Tutor is just for you!

A companion to Turbo Pascal, Turbo Pascal Tutor quickly teaches you how to program your Mac in Pascal! This interactive tutorial on disk and 700-page manual really show you how from the basics to advanced programming on the Mac in Turbo Pascal, MPW Pascal or any version of the language you're using.

#### You get . . .

- A concise history of Pascal and step-by-step concepts for the beginning programmer.
- A Programmer's Guide taking you through all the specifics you'll need from Pascal program structure to data types, records and files.
- An advanced programming section covering linked lists, stacks, sorting and searching algorithms and more.
- A full guide to using the power of the Macintosh in Pascal, from use of the visual interface to memory management and debugging.
- Source code on disk you can use in your own programs without paying royalties.
   Only \$69.95!

#### NEW!

#### Turbo Pascal Numerical Methods Toolbox™

Numerical analysis at your fingertips! This complete collection of state-of-the-art routines and programs solves all the most common problems in science and engineering. And you're free to include the source code in your own programs. Includes:

- □ Solutions to equations
- □ Interpolations
- Matrix operations: inversions, determinants and eigenvalues
- Differential equations
- □ Least squares approximations
- □ Fourier transforms Only \$99.95! NEW!

#### Turbo Pascal Database Toolbox®

Provides you with the search and sort routines you need for your Pascal data-base applications.

- Turbo Access locates, inserts or deletes records using B+ trees, and does it fast.
- Turbo Sort uses the Quicksort method to sort data on single items or multiple keys.
- You get source code on disk and a free sample database using the Mac interface that you can tailor to your specific needs.

Only \$99.95!

**66** Turbo Pascal is fast: 12,000 lines of good, compiled Pascal code in 60 seconds.

Howard Katz, MACUSER **J** 

All products require a Macintosh with at least 512K.

All Borland products are trademarks or registered trademarks of Borland international, inc: or Borland/Analytica, inc: Other brand and product names are trademarks or registered trademarks of their respective holders: Copyright © 1987 Borland International Bi-1127B



For the dealer nearest you or to order by phone



Call (800) 543-7543

Circle M9 on Reader Service Card (DEALERS: M10)



## When The Price Counts As Much As The Performance

A picture is worth a thousand words. But should it cost you thousands of dollars to scan one into your Macintosh<sup>™</sup> generated documents? We think not! Announcing the new super hero of scanning technology – VisionScan<sup>™</sup>.

#### VISIONSCAN – A FULL FUNCTION OPTICAL SCANNER FOR \$695.00

VisionScan is easy to use. Our unique flat bed design will allow you to quickly and quietly scan virtually anything. VisionScan does not require an additional investment in hardware, nor does it monopolize your ImageWriter<sup>™</sup> like the other lower priced scanner. In fact, VisionScan software operates as a desk accessory and will allow you to continue using the computer while scanning. VisionScan is shipped complete with all of the hardware, software and connecting cables needed to allow your Macintosh to begin scanning immediately. And it works in the ambient light found in most office environments.

#### **GREAT WITH GRAPHICS**

VisionScan is the perfect companion to your desktop publishing program. Included with every VisionScan is DeskPaint<sup>™</sup>, the graphics editor desk accessory. DeskPaint will allow you to edit the captured image by cropping, resizing, redetailing, lightening, darkening or otherwise embellishing it to suit the design of the page. And all of this can be done without exiting from your desktop publishing programs like PageMaker<sup>™</sup>, Quark XPress<sup>™</sup> and Ready,Set,Go!<sup>™</sup>, to name just a few. VisionScan with DeskPaint is also compatible with other popular paint programs like Illustrator<sup>m</sup> and Freehand<sup>m</sup>.

#### WE ALSO HAVE A WAY WITH WORDS

For an additional \$200.00 a specially developed version of Read-It!™ O.C.R. by Olduvai Corporation is also available. Read-It! is a trainable software program that will allow your Macintosh to read and store the printed word.

#### VISIONSCAN – TECHNOLOGY MADE AFFORDABLE

Call us! Mike and Lisa are ready to ship your VisionScan today.

#### **30 DAYS TO LOVE IT**

We are so confident that you will love your VisionScan that we will give you 30 days to use it. If at the end of that time you don't think that VisionScan is a great buy, call us and send it back for a full refund.



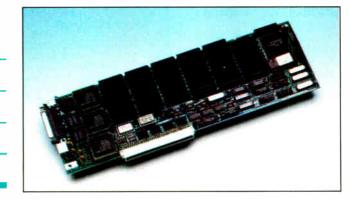
Circle M51 on Reader Service Card

VisionScan Is a trademark of Warp Nine Engineering, Inc. Macintosh and ImageWriter are trademarks of Apple Computer Company. DeskPaint is a trademark of Zedcor, Incorporated. Pagemaker and Freehand are trademarks of Aldus Corporation. Quark XPress is a trademark of Quark, Incorporated. Ready,Set,Gol is a trademark of Letraset USA.

#### SHORT TAKES

BYTE editors offer hands-on views of new products

Spectrum/24
MacRecorder
PageMaker 3.0
scriptExpert
Gofer for the Mac



#### The SuperMac Spectrum/24 Video Board

f you try to use a Macintosh II with a standard video board to do image processing, you'll soon discover that having only 256 colors available for a digitized picture is pretty limiting. No longer: Not only does SuperMac Technology's Spectrum/24 video board provide you with a 1024- by 768-pixel display on a 19-inch monitor, but each pixel can have 24 bits of color information. Put another way, while standard video boards use 1 byte per pixel for color information and give you a choice of only 256 colors out of a palette of 16,777,216 colors, the Spectrum/24 uses 3 bytes per pixel in a "chunky-planar" color format that lets you use the entire color palette. The Spectrum/24 also supports Apple's 13-inch AppleColor **RGB** monitor. Because Apple has recently announced 32-bit indexed and "chunky" direct color formats that are incompatible with the Spectrum/24's color format, it's sold only to developers. When Apple issues its system using the new color formats, SuperMac plans to release an INIT that will patch QuickDraw to properly drive the Spectrum/24.

The Spectrum/24 comes with an adapter cable and a 3<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>-inch floppy disk. The adapter cable matches the video board's DB-25 connec-

tor to the DB-15 connector of either a 19-inch SuperMac Color Trinitron monitor cable or an AppleColor RGB monitor cable. On the disk, a Monitors CDEV file lets you set the display's depth (1, 2, 4, 8,or 24 bits) and size (640 by 480 pixels, 1024 by 768 pixels, or in the 1-bit mode [4096 by 1536 pixels]) from the Control Panel. The SMT-Images application displays 24-bit color images. Several digitized images are on the disk for use with SMT-Images and show off the board's capabilities. The source code for SMT is included, so a developer can write applications to use the

board's color capabilities. Board installation is quick and easy: You simply turn off the Mac II, pop the hood, and plug the Spectrum/24 into a NuBus slot. Then close the hood, connect the cables, switch on the power, and drag the software files from the floppy disk to the hard disk, making sure to place Super-Mac's Monitors CDEV into the System Folder to replace Apple's Monitors file.

In the 1-bit color (blackand-white) mode, you can configure the Spectrum/24 for a 4096- by 1536-pixel display, which comfortably holds a MacDraw document that's two pages tall and seven pages wide. Hardware panning, where the image automatically scrolls vertically or horizontally when the mouse pointer reaches the screen edge, is supported for this extended display. This panning feature worked smoothly.

If you find 8-bit color images breathtaking, 24-bit color images will knock you out. In this mode, digitized pictures retain their photographic quality. There is no granularity to the image: You cannot see any fringing or "boundaries" in areas of subtle color changes at all. On the down side, you'll need

THE FACTS

Spectrum/24 video board \$2000

Requirements: Macintosh II with 2 megabytes of RAM and color monitor SuperMac Technology 295 North Bernardo Ave. Mountain View, CA 94043 (415) 962-2900 Inquiry M141. more memory: a minimum of 2 megabytes of RAM is required, and you'll do lots better with 5 megabytes or more. Screen updates are noticeably slower, if not downright sedate, but that's because there is 3 times as much color information to manage. However, you can set the display to the usual 8-bit color mode and work as before and use the 24bit color mode only when your work requires it. Finally, 24bit color image files are a lot larger than their 8-bit color counterparts: A typical 24-bit color file often fills an entire 800K-byte floppy disk. Plan to budget for a large hard disk along with the extra memory.

Although the Spectrum/24 demands more memory and limits display performance, the results are well worth it. The ability to use a virtually unlimited choice of colors with this board makes the Mac II a serious image-processing engine.

-Tom Thompson

#### Digitize Sound, Put It in HyperCard

**M** acRecorder is one of those great products that lets you be constructive and also have some fun. It's a hardware/software combination for inputting sounds into a Macintosh and then manipulating them with a sound-editing program. The package comes with a small recording device, the MacRecorder itself, and the editing/enhancing software, called Sound-Edit. And if that's not enough to justify paying out \$199, Farallon has tossed in the neatest HyperCard applicacontinued

# Save Big Bucks On

#### MEMORY UPGRADES SuperMac Dataframe XP30 (w/Cable) ....\$849

1 Megabyte CMOS SIMMs . Call! 68020 Accelerator Boards . Call!

Ange abyte CMOS SIMMS . Call? 68020 Accelerator Boards . Call? HARD ORIVES Hardware House Internal 3 1/2" Drives for SE/II: MAX 30 (30mb seagate, 33ms)\$477 MAX 40 (40mb Quantum, 12ms)\$477 MAX 80 (80mb Quantum, 12ms)977 CMS 30 MB "MacStack"	Dataframe XP60 (w/cable) 1197 Dataframe XP150 Internal . 2097 MONITORS Classic II 13" Mac II Color Monitor \$399 Moniterm Viking 1 (19" SE/II)
60 MB "MacStack" 777 60 MB Tape Backup 697 Call for other CMS products; Prices too low to print!	Full Page Display (SE/ID 1549 Sony 13" Multiscan color\$677
Microtech Int'l (5-Year Warranty)	Sigma Designs
Nova 20 MB External \$597	Laserview 19" (SE/ID\$1695
Nova 30 MB External 997	APPLE HARDWARE
Nova 50 MB External 997	Mac SE 30mb System:
Nova 80 MB External 1397	12 800k Floppies, 30mb Internal
PCPC	Seagate, Keyboard)\$2695
MacBottom 21 MB SCSI \$747	Mac II w/Keyboard 3099
MacBottom 32 MB SCSI \$47	Laserwriter II SC 2249
MacBottom 45 MB SCSI 1147	Laserwriter II NT 3699
Internal 1200 baud modems available	Laserwriter II NTX 5199

#### TOLL FREE: 800-356-2892

lardware House,

3637 Locust St., Phila., PA 19104 (215) 386-2208 MC/VISA, You will not be charged until shipped. Prices subject to change without notice.

#### FORTRAN PROGRAMMERS

If you are serious about your FORTRAN on the Macintosh, you should be using DCM's MACTRAN PLUS.

#### MACTRAN PLUS is a fully integrated development system comprising of:

- an Editor with multiple files capability
- a native code optimising Compiler with the option to generate in-line 68020/68881 code
- an on-line Symbolic, Source Level Debugger
- a Linker with Library facilities

#### Featuring:

- simplified interface and full access to Mac Toolbox full ANSI 77 standard with extensions from VAX and ANSI 8X for easy porting of mini and mainframe
- applications: including Namelist, DOWHILE, IMPLICIT NONE and long variable names (31 chars) generate clickable, stand alone applications
- IEEE 754 floating point conventions including double precision complex
- execution time array bound, arithmetic overflow/ underflow checking option
- batch mode of operation, bit manipulation functions, cross reference listings
- \* library manager to organise relocatable modules into libraries

Visit us at the Mac Expo Booth #420 and avail special show discounts.



Macintosh is a trademark of Apple Computer, Inc. MACTRAN PLUS is a trademark of DCM Ltd. Other brand and product names are trademarks of their respective holders.





#### THE FACTS

MacRecorder \$199

Requirements: Any Mac with at least 512K bytes of memory; Farallon recommends at least 1 megabyte and two 800K-byte floppy disk drives for working with SoundEdit; HyperSound requires at least 1 megabyte of memory, at

tion yet-a program for putting recorded sounds into HyperCard stacks.

The MacRecorder digitizer, about the size of a big mouse, has a built-in microphone, microphone-in and line-in jacks, and a volume knob. It plugs into either the modem or the printer port. If you've got an older Mac with DB-9 ports, you'll first have to find an adapter cable; the digitizer connector has an 8-pin male plug. You can record sound live or from an audio system. With two MacRecorders, you can record two channels simultaneously. The built-in microphone isn't bad; I recorded live sounds and taped music with it, and the results were free of distortion.

The device samples sound at 22 kHz, but if you want to save space, you can set it as low as 5 kHz (where you can store as much as 3 minutes in a megabyte of RAM or disk

least 128K bytes of ROM, a hard disk drive, and HyperCard; users of older Macs will need a cable with male DB-9 and female DIN-8 connectors.

**Farallon Computing** 2150 Kittredge St. Berkeley, CA 94704 (415) 849-2331 Inquiry M142.

space; at 22 kHz, the maximum is 45 seconds). When each second at 22 kHz takes up 22K bytes of memory, you have to decide between sound quality and storage. Farallon says MacRecorder will "accurately" record frequencies of up to 10 kHz.

After you've gotten the sounds into the Mac, you can work with them using Sound-Edit. The program displays a window of waveforms; below it are the function icons (e.g., record, playback, and input level) and indicators (e.g., a box that shows the length of a waveform). You work with the waveform as you would a piece of text: selecting, editing, cutting and pasting, and changing characteristics. Sound strings can be stored in formats for other applications, such as Studio/Jam Session, Sound-Cap, and VideoWorks.

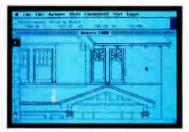
The powerful editor has a continued

# REAL CADD FOR YOUR MAC... JUST \$99.95!



#### Affordable CADD. And it's only the beginning.

The CADD stands for Computer Aided Design and Drafting. With a suggested retail price of just \$99.95, Generic CADD Level 1 makes the power of real CADD affordable. And it's just part of a family of Generic CADD products that will make you more productive than ever before.



#### Standard Max interface for ease of use.

Now you can produce accurate drawings with real world scale on the Mac Plus, Mac SE, or Mac II. You can edit multiple drawings in separate windows and cut and paste between them. CADD Level 1 is also multifinder compatible.

#### Symbol Libraries boost productivity.

From office furniture to specialized electronics symbols, our Symbol Libraries save you the time of redrawing repetitive elements every time you need them.

#### Add the power of real CADD to your Max.

Move your Macintosh drawings into the real world. Call us at 1-800-228-3601 for your free CADDalog or the name of your Generic dealer. And find out why we say the only thing generic about us is the price.

1988 Generic Software, Inc. Generic CADD Level 1 is not copy protected and comes with a 60-day money back guarantee, Registered users get free technical support from Generic.

Level 1 and Generic CADD are trademarks of Generic Software, Inc. Macintash is a trademark of the Apple Computer Corp.

11911 North Creek Porkway South, Bothell, WA 98011

Circle M27 on Reader Service Card (DEALERS: M28)





#### "VAX-to-the-Macs" Specialists – With A Respected Family Tree!

White Pine Software offers a complete family of products for total two-way Macintosh<sup>™</sup>/VAX<sup>™</sup> communication: text, graphics, file transfers and program access.



Mac240, VMacs, and Reggie are trademarks of White Pine Software, Inc., DEC, VT, VAX, are trademarks of Digital Equipment Corporation; MacDraw, MacPaint, and Clipboard are trademarks of Apple Computer, Inc.; Macintosh is a trademark licensed to Apple Computer, Inc.

#### USED Mac STUFF!! We Buy, Sell & Horsetrade Popular Computers!!

Mac SE.....Call Mac Plus.....Call Mac 512e.....Call Mac 512.....\$750. Exchanges SE20 Internal to:

45 meg. Int....575.

100 Meg......1375.

Kensington turbo

mouse......55.

400k External.75.

Image II......400.

Mac mouse to

Printers

MOG CPUS

Mac Stuff

Mac+ Roms....100. Keyboards.....Call MotherB'ds....Call Power Sply...225. 800k Drives....Call Hard Drives...Call Carry Bag......45. Mouse......65.

We Buy Apple Parts & Acc. Shreve Systems 2421 Malcolm St. S,port,La. 71108 Fax 318-865-2006 good box of special effects that let you do all kinds of things to the sounds you've recorded, including adding reverb, changing pitch and volume, filtering, and flanging. The program can also generate frequency-modulated signals and tones.

One of my favorite effects turns recordings backward; we could have used something like this 20 years ago to run Beatles songs backward and find out if Paul was really dead, without ruining our record players.

SoundEdit also has a mixer that lets you work with input from four different channels. I don't know if professional studio engineers would use this program (and I'm sure Farallon doesn't expect them to), but you could use it at home to do some interesting things with music tracks.

HyperSound is where you can get really constructive with this package. It's an innovative program for recording mono sounds and then painlessly copying them into HyperCard stacks, from which you can play them back. The possibilities for developers working on music instruction or history stacks, for just one sample application, are intriguing. And it really works.

Getting graphics into Hyper-

Card is simple; Farallon has made getting sound into it just as easy. You just record the sound or music or voice using MacRecorder and then copy it to the stack that you want it in; you don't have to do any HyperTalking. Due to Hyper-Card limitations, output has to be in mono.

HyperSound's interface looks like a cassette tape deck; you don't have to be a recording engineer to figure this thing out. The accompanying manual has a good section on sound and recording, explaining things like waveforms and frequencies, samples and cycles, and envelopes and mixers.

This is one of the best Mac packages out there because it's innovative and inexpensive; it lets you work with sound and play with sound. For people developing stackware, it's a low-cost way to add sounds to stacks, which is no little feat. My one complaint is that I wish Farallon would sell a version that comes with the adapter (male DB-9 and female DIN-8 connectors) needed to hook MacRecorder to older Macs. Finding such a cable is not easy in some parts of the world, like New Hampshire, for example.

—D. Barker

#### Aldus Makes a Fine Program Even Finer: PageMaker 3.0

aving done time in a newspaper production room, I'm partial to the pasteup approach to page makeup. You know: Take the typeset galley, run it through the hot wax, slap it down on the gridded layout sheet, and hack at it with an X-acto knife until it fits the design (or at least seems to fit). I took an instant liking to Aldus's PageMaker because it uses the paste-up metaphor, an intuitive approach that makes sense to me, and it means no more cranky typesetters, hot wax-

ers, and deadly knives.

But I had enough problems with the first version of the program to make me start shopping around for another desktop publishing package. The 1985 edition of Page-Maker sometimes just did weird things. Text wouldn't flow properly into the columns, chunks of type would disappear, and sometimes the program just wouldn't do what it was supposed to do. These inexplicable problems didn't occur consistently, which *continued* 

\*\*318-865-6743\*\*

# Mac II/PC Workstation

#### Recapture Valuable Desk Space!

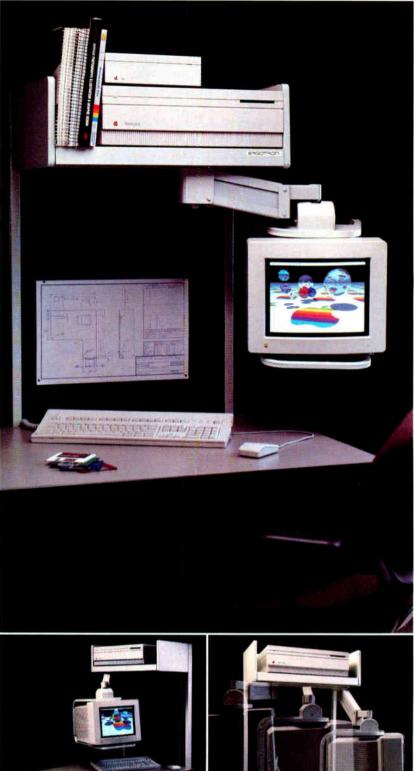
Everyone who needs the power of a Personal Computer or Mainframe also needs the space that the Monitor and Processor occupy. With no desk space to organize work and lay out projects, the computer's effectiveness is limited. The Mac II/PC Workstation by Ergotron takes a totally new approach to workstation ergonomics. It provides a unique arm suspension system and shelf area giving the operator the ultimate in adjustability and space savings.

The Radial Arm raises the monitor off the desk and an adjustable Shelf takes the Processor out of the way, but still within reach of the operator.

The list of features includes:

- A sturdy tubular frame that is positioned on the side of or behind your desk or work area.
- 6" vertical Monitor adjustment with the simple touch of a hand.
- 20" horizontal Radial Arm adjustment - the monitor can be pushed into a "park" position.
- The Mechanism on the end of the Radial Arm provides unequalled 360° rotational and 20° tilt adjustment for the CRT.
- Adjustable Processor shelf.
- Compatible with Macintosh, PC's & compatibles, Mainframes, and other CRT's and graphics systems that have monitors weighing up to 65 lbs.
- Ideal for Businessmen, Engineers,
- Graphics Designers, & Desktop
   Publishers.

For more information, contact Ergotron or your local Computer Dealer.





#### Make Your Mac Into a Forecasting Wizard!

#### RATS

#### **Time Series/Econometrics**

RATS is your key to an integrated environment for analysis, forecasting and graphics with time series data. Generate forecasts using Box-Jenkins (ARIMA), exponential smoothing, large model simulations, and others. Use the wide variety of regression procedures to analyze your data. Almost unlimited power is yours for only \$300!! Call or write for more information today!

#### EZ-X11 Seasonal Adjustment

With EZ-X11 and your Mac, seasonal adjustment has never been easier. It handles both guarterly and monthly adjustments, and includes trading day and holiday options. You can adjust series singly or set up EZ-X11 to adjust hundreds at a time. The full Mac interface makes X11 comprehensible. At \$150.00, it's a program you must have. (Works with or without RATS).

VAR Econometrics P.O. Box 1818 Evanston, IL 60204-1818 (800) 822-8038 (312) 864-8772



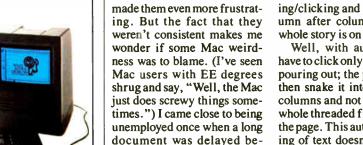
#### Pack your Mac in seconds

Padded Cordura case holds either Macintosh Plus or SE. Padded interior compartments protect and organize your Mac's keyboard, mouse and external drive. It's easy to carry with leather handle grip and adjustable non-slip shoulder strap.

Six colors: Black, Burgundy, Charcoal, Navy, Royal and Platinum

New version also holds extended keyboard.

<b>()</b>	For a dealer near you call toll free <b>1-800-548-0053</b>			
Wes Wes	West Ridge Designs 1236 N.W. Flanders • Portland, OR 97209			



PageMaker 3.0

Requirements:

5.5 or higher

\$595 (\$75 upgrade for

registered owners of 2.0)

Macintosh Plus, SE, or II

with a hard disk drive:

System 4.1 and Finder

cause of my problems with PageMaker. Aldus fixed all that with version 2.0. I've pushed that program hard and not run into any snags. With PageMaker 3.0 for the Mac, PageMaker got even better.

The biggest change to 3.0 is a feature Aldus calls "autoflow." In the older editions, you have to place text on the page column by column. You click the mouse, and the text pours onto the page, stopping when it gets to the bottom of the first column. You then click on a little thing that looks like a window-shade handle to get the rest of the text, move to the next column, and pour in some more text. You keep doing this clicking and load-

Aldus Corp. 411 First Ave. S Seattle, WA 98104 (206) 622-5500 Inquiry M143.

ing/clicking and pouring, column after column, until the whole story is on the page.

Well, with autoflow, you have to click only to get the text pouring out; the program will then snake it into subsequent columns and not stop until the whole threaded file is down on the page. This automatic flowing of text doesn't work with complicated or fancy layouts-for that, you have to use the old manual approach or the new semiautomatic approach-but it works swell with basic pages. This might not sound like a big deal, but if you're working on a long document that involves laying down lots of files on multicolumn pages, autoflow can save you hours.

If you need to wrap text around graphics, the semiautomatic text-flow mode is adequately fast and easy to use. In general, PageMaker is now considerably better at placing text in unusual ways and gives a designer more flexibility in laying out a page.

Aldus has also added publicontinued

#### SHORT TAKES

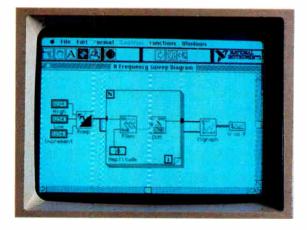
Blues News

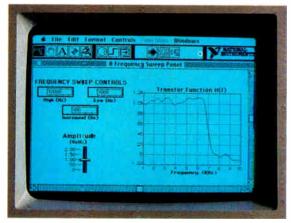
12 BYTE • 1988 Mac Special Edition Circle M52 on Reader Service Card



#### YOU CAN WRESTLE WITH **A FEW THOUSAND LINES OF CODE TO** PROGRAM YOUR EXPERIMENTS.

Developing scientific experiments takes creativity. Writing code to run them takes sweat. At least it used to. But no longer. Because we've just solved the scientific and engineering programming problem.





## **OR YOU CAN USE** LabVIEW.

#### **Picture the perfect programming language.** Imagine software where diagrams are really executable

programs.

Imagine running experiments and simulations through front panels that look and act just like instruments. On screen!

Imagine reusable software modules that can control your instruments, in any application. Programs for data acquisition, data reduction, signal processing, analysis, conversion, and display.

Imagine a programming environment so powerful that productivity is measured in hours instead of days.

The Macintosh made it possible. LabVIEW made it happen. Automated testing, measurement, and simulation has never been easier or faster. Call for details. 800/531-4742.

#### DESKTOP ENGINEERING HAS ARRIVED.

#### NATIONAL INSTRUMENTS 12109 Technology Blvd. Austin, TX 78727

800/531-4742 512-250-9119

1988 Mac Special Edition • B Y T E 13

#### **Computers For** The Blind

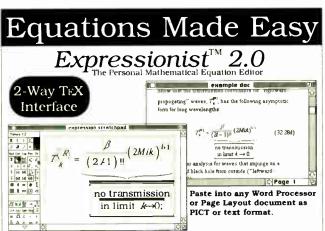
Talking computers give blind and visually impaired people access to electronic information. The question is how and how much?

The answers can be found in "The Second Beginner's Guide to Personal Computers for the Blind and Visually Impaired" published by the National Braille Press. This comprehensive book contains a Buyer's Guide to talking microcomputers and large print display processors. More importantly it includes reviews, written by blind users, of software that works with speech.

#### Send orders to:

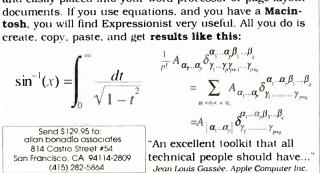
National Braille Press Inc., 88 St. Stephen Street, Boston, MA 02115 (617) 266-6160

NBP is a nonprofit braille printing and publishing house.



All mathematical symbols available from an editable palette.

Expressionist 2.0 is a powerful application and desk accessory that enables mathematical equations to be quickly and easily placed into your word processor or page layout documents. If you use equations, and you have a Macintosh, you will find Expressionist very useful. All you do is create, copy, paste, and get results like this:



BYTE • 1988 Mac Special Edition Circle M3 on Reader Service Card 14

cation templates to Page-Maker. These are predefined layouts for different kinds of documents, such as a newsletter, a brochure, a business report, or a product spec sheet. Chic designers wouldn't dare use such things, but if you're in a hurry to produce a document that looks clean and readable, these templates are useful. You just delete the text that's on the prefashioned pages and dump in your own from your word-processing package. Minor adjustments depend on how fussy you are, and you can make major adjustments to these templates if you're so inclined.

I can't do justice to Page-Maker's capabilities and features in this space. I've got enough room to say that 3.0 is a better package and is worth every penny of the \$75 upgrade from 2.0. I've yet to find a bug. The manuals are some of the best I've read; Aldus does a fine job explaining how to use what could be a very complicated program. If you don't like reading manuals, you can work your way through this program just by jumping into it. But I wouldn't recommend that.

Although I've got a list of things I'd love to see incorporated in the next version, my only complaint with 3.0 is that it requires a hard disk drive, which means another expense for some users and (here comes the bottom line) means I can't run it on my Mac at home.

-D. Barker

#### **Push-Button Programming** for HyperCard

W hile you can use Hyper-Card without doing any programming, the HyperTalk scripting language allows you to customize HyperCard buttons, cards, and fields. Unfortunately, Apple's HyperCard user manual provides little information on how to use HyperTalk. So, to learn it, you must turn to other sources. One is scriptExpert, written by Dan Shafer and distributed by Hyperpress Publishing.

The scriptExpert program is a push-button code generator for HyperTalk. You can

#### THE FACTS

scriptExpert \$79.95

Requirements: Macintosh Plus, SE, or II with 1 megabyte of memory and HyperCard

Hyperpress Publishing P.O. Box 8243 Foster City, CA 94404 (415) 345-4620 Inquiry M144.

write HyperTalk scripts by simply selecting commands and messages that are displayed on the screen in the form of buttons. As you select commands, scriptExpert prompts you for appropriate messages, arguments, and loop constructs. For example, say you want to add a button to a card that beeps and displays a message. From the script-Expert command screen, you select the Beep command and enter the number of beeps you want. Then you select the Answer command and enter the message and user responses desired. As you enter correct HyperTalk commands, the resulting script appears in a window in the right corner of the screen. An online help library is included that provides help and examples for any HyperTalk command. You can also zoom into the script window for fullscreen editing of your script. After saving your script, you can return to the appropriate stack and paste the script into a button.

continued



#### New features make Tempo II smarter, easier, faster!

**Smart controls.** Menu, dialog box, check box and window actions replay as intended, even when conditions change.

**Play macros by name.** It's your choice-play a macro by its key code or by typing its name in a popup dialog box. And, specify how many times to repeat the macro when you play it!

**Autopaste**. Turn any selected text or graphics into a macro, to insert paragraphs, artwork, etc., with a keystroke.

**Universal macros**. Macros you record in one program can play in all programs.

**Popup menu.** The Tempo II menu is *always* available, even when other menus cannot be selected.

#### Plus features from Tempo 1.2...

**Pause** for a given time, until a preset time, or for user entry. Include your own dialog box to guide a new user.

**Link** macros together, either directly or conditionally, based on any text that may be copied via the Clipboard. Nest macros, too, virtually without limits.

**Repeat** for any number of times, or repeat if or until a condition is met.

**Real Time**—replay cursor movements and delays exactly as you recorded them.

Tempo 1.2 owners-Upgrade to Tempo II for only \$49! Call us, or send check or credit card order today!

For Macintosh Plus, SE and Mac II. Great with MultiFinder, works wonders with windows on large or multiple screens, ideal for hard-driven Macs (and their masters).

©1988 Affinity Microsystems, Ltd. All rights reserved.



The next step in Macintosh automation.

#### Simply record your actions for instant replay

Tempo II watches and records while you work, then goes to work for you. In any program. Instantly.

From a repetitive font and size change, to a series of complex data base entries, record them once, replay with a single command. Tempo II saves you time, which makes your work faster, easier, *fun* even.

One click starts recording. Even macros that automatically repeat and branch to others are recorded with point-and-click simplicity.

New features make your work easier. Transfer instantly between programs and files. Autopaste text or graphics. Perform hundreds of search and move operations. All with a keystroke.

See for yourself. Let Tempo II put all of your manual labors on automatic.

**\$149.95 with a 90-day money-back guarantee.** Buy Tempo II today-you'll start saving time and effort immediately, every time you use your Macintosh. Call us for the name of a Tempo II dealer nearest you.

#### Call 800-367-6771 today!



**Affinity Microsystems, Ltd.** 1050 Walnut Street, Suite 425 Boulder, CO 80302 303-442-4840 800-367-6771

#### **EXPANSION CHASSIS** for the Macintosh

ExpanSE, ExpanSE Plus, &

chassis from Second Wave,

Inc., enable your Macintosh

SE, Plus, & II to work with a

Users: Make your Macintosh a

powerful personal workstation

with a Second Wave expansion chassis full of option boards.

Dealers: Increase add-on sales

boards in your store by using a

Developers: Use the chassis as

a research & development tool

for hardware design & debug.

as a burn-in rack or test bed.

Manufacturers: Use the chassis

with option boards and a

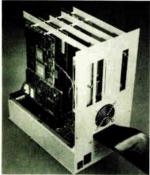
chassis. Demonstrate option

chassis in your showroom.

full array of option boards.

#### Accelerators

Large Screen Monitors Expanse II, expansion Communications **Data Acquisition** Transputers MS-DOS



Second Wave expansion chassis come complete with an interface card, cables, and the chassis with SE or NuBus slots, a power supply and fan.



To order a chassis, contact: Second Wave, Inc. 9430 Research Blvd. Echelon II, Suite 260 Austin, TX 78759 (512) 343-9661

# SHORT TAKES

At first glance, scriptExpert seems very inflexible. When you start a script, you have to either finish it or start over. The scriptExpert program insists on correct syntax and won't let you add invalid commands to your script. You can't save partially completed scripts and then come back later and edit them. But the purpose of scriptExpert is to help you generate working scripts, and the inflexibility actually helps novice Hyper-Talk programmers avoid bugs. Experienced programmers will find scriptExpert useful because it reduces the amount of typing you have to do. For example, say you want to create an IF...THEN... ELSE loop. The scriptExpert program sets up the If loop, and you just fill in the conditional statements and variable values. The program automatically indents the appropriate code within the loop to make your script easy to follow.

If your script does have logical bugs, you can edit the script using HyperCard's built-in editor.

My only complaint is that scriptExpert does not recover well from user errors. I lost a couple of scripts by making mistakes when editing the script window on my own.

The 50-page scriptExpert user manual is primarily a tutorial that takes you step-bystep through the process of developing a HyperCard stack application. Knowing virtually nothing about HyperTalk programming, I found the tutorial extremely helpful in understanding the basic concepts of developing a HyperCard application on my own. Although experienced programmers may find scriptExpert useful, it is really aimed at beginners learning HyperTalk. A good complement to the program is Dan Shafer's book, HyperTalk Programming.

—Nick Baran

#### Protect Your Copies of BYTE

NOW AVAILABLE: Custom-designed library files or binders in elegant blue simulated leather stamped in gold leaf.

Binders—Holds 6 issues, opens flat for easy reading. \$9.95 each, two for \$18.95, or four for \$35.95.	Files—Holds 6 issues. \$7.95 each, two for \$14.95, or four for \$27.95.
Mail 10: Jesse Jones Industries,	Order Now!
Dept. BY, 499 East Erie Ave., Philadelphia, PA 19134	1-800-972-5858
Please send files; binders for BYTE magazine,	Name:
Enclosed is S Add S1 per file/binder for postage and	Address:
handling. Outside U.S.A. add \$2.50 per file/binder (U.S. funds only please).	City:
Charge my: (minimum \$15) American Express NasterCard Diners Club	State:Zip: Sansfaction guaranteed. Pennsylvania residento add 6% sales tax. Allow 5-6 weeks deinerry in the U.S.
Card #	
Exp. Date	
Signature	

#### **Text Retriever Pops Up** on the Mac

ofer, that handy little G pop-up program for finding text buried in a file somewhere, has helped me out countless times on my MS-DOS machine. Because I also use a Macintosh, I was interested when Microlytics brought out a Mac version of the search-and-retrieve program. We've got a densely populated 80-megabyte hard disk in the BYTE Lab Mac II: there are so many files and folders on it that it's tough to quickly find whatever it is you're looking for.

The program works as a desk accessory. After you call it up, you tell Gofer what you want it (Microlytics insists on calling it "him") to find, where you want it to look, and how you want it to look. The program will search for any combination of characters or numbers, which you specify in a text-entry box. You then tell Gofer where to go, and it will look in any or every file or folder on any floppy or hard disk. The program goes on its search and keeps you posted in a window, in which you can see where Gofer is looking and how many finds it's hitting. The program will flash the finds on the screen as it flies through files or will stop at each find, depending on how you've set up the search.

You can get very specific about what you send Gofer after; you can instruct it to find exact matches or "close" matches. Asking for close matches can be risky, though. On a search of document files for anything close to OS/2, for example, Gofer turned up hundreds of finds, including just about every word that began with O. Microlytics says this approach will be finetuned for the next version.

If you want to be really pre-

#### SHORT TAKES



#### THE FACTS

Gofer \$79.95

Requirements: Mac 512Ke with System 4.1/Finder 5.5 or higher

cise and thorough, you can set up Boolean searches using the logical operators AND, OR, NOT, or NEARBY; for example, you could tell Gofer to look for *Shapiro* NEARBY *Pournelle*, and it should find all the places where *Shapiro* and *Pournelle* are mentioned within a certain specified distance of each other.

Gofer will copy files to the Clipboard or write them to an application. If you want a hard copy of what you find, you can send the retrieved text to a printer. This capability wasn't implemented in the beta version I used, which was called 1.0a33, but Microlytics says it will be ready soon. The program can also work as a file browser, letting you scan selected files without having to set up a search.

I used Gofer to look through tons of Word and PageMaker documents, scattered across hard and floppy disks. In its simple search mode, it almost always found what I asked it to look for. When I polished up the search using the operators, it always found the text I asked it to look for. The only oddness was the scrambling of Microlytics, Inc. 300 Main St. East Rochester, NY 14445 (800) 828-6293 (716) 377-0130 Inquiry M145.

PageMaker files. In Gofer's display window, they were readable but filled with gibberish text and hieroglyphics. This should be corrected when Microlytics (or developer Millennium Computer Corp.) adds new "handlers" for different storage formats.

It's asking for trouble to compare the MS-DOS version of a program with the Mac version, but I'll do it anyway. While both programs are good, reliable, fast text retrievers, the Mac version is easier to use. The whole Mac approach—windows, menus, and dialog boxes—makes it easier to set up a search. On the other hand, it took me a while to get comfortable with the MS-DOS version.

After Microlytics implements the features mentioned in the prerelease documentation (such as letting you be more specific as to which files to look in) and makes the "close match" unit more discriminating as to what it turns up, Gofer will be a fine desk accessory for anyone who has to go through lots of crowded places to find something. -D. Barker



# People who deal with "baud" of McGraw-Hill information.

Nobody understands the value of good information better than the people who work in computers and communications.

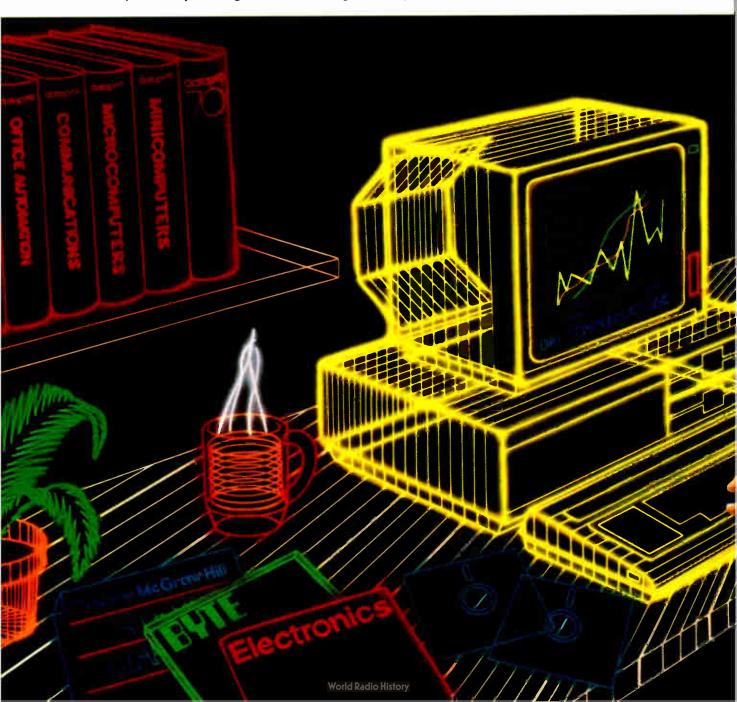
And for those people, no information carries more weight than McGraw-Hill's. We provide the databases, analyses and news that computer and communications professionals rely on to illuminate the workings of their industries.

Everyone in the business keeps up with the latest developments by reading McGraw-Hill maga-

zines. BYTE, Electronics and Data Communications are all required reading in the field. So are books from Osborne/McGraw-Hill.

For MIS/EDP and communications professionals, Datapro's print and on-line directories and reports cover every aspect of computer hardware and software from mainframes to micros, as well as communications and office automation.

For people who manufacture or sell microcomputers and microsoftware, Future Computing is the



# and "byte" use every bit

number one information source for product tests, analyses and comparisons.

People who specialize in communications are wired into CCMI/McGraw-Hill, to receive not only the hard facts on communications tariffs, but also in-depth analyses and bottom-line recommendations via print, software and on-line products.

And when telecommunications and computer companies plan for the future, they rely on DRI Communications to provide them with forecasts of economic forces and industry trends.

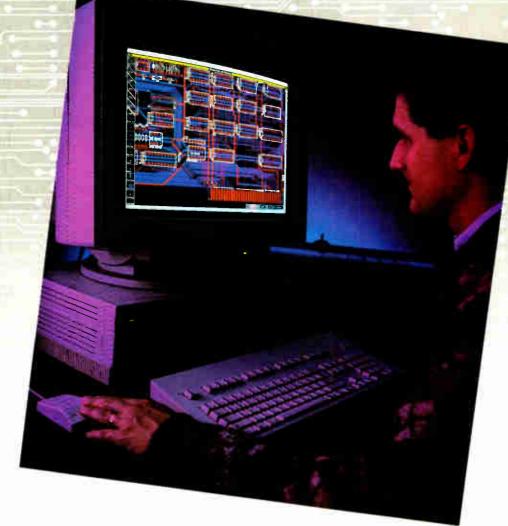
When it comes to turning megabytes into megabucks, nothing computes like McGraw-Hill information. McGraw-Hill, Inc., 1221 Avenue of the Americas,

New York, N.Y. 10020.

#### McGraw-Hill. Information that leads to action.



# Enter The New Age of Electronic CAD



#### The wait is over for a powerful, easy to use electronic design workstation.

With the new Douglas CAD/CAM Professional System, you can now experience computer-aided design without going over budget and without sitting through months of tedious training. Running on the Apple Macintosh Plus, SE and II, the Professional System from Douglas Electronics excels in price/performance, short learning curves and ease of use.

As the newest addition to the Douglas CAD/CAM line of printed circuit board design and manufacturing systems, the Professional System is a fully integrated engineering tool that will take you from the schematic drawing to the final routed board. The software features full color, unlimited multilayers and .001" control which makes surface mount technology (SMT) and other difficult tasks a snap. Professional Layout includes a parts placement facility. Schematic includes fully interactive digital simulation and net list generation. A flexible, multi-pass router completes the design cycle with a 16 layer routing capability.

The new age of electronic CAD has come with the high resolution and speed of a Macintosh engineering workstation. You'll be designing your first circuit board just minutes after the Professional System software has been loaded into your computer In addition, the Macintosh's graphics capabilities allow for powerful features such as the ability to transfer Professional System drawings into final engineering documentation.

Computer-aided design wasn't meant to be time consuming and complicated. If your present CAD system has got the best of you, it may be time you enter the new age of electronic CAD with the powerful, easy to use Douglas CAD/CAM Professional System.

Take your first step by ordering a fullfeature Demo. All three programs are included for just \$25.

Call or write for more information and to place your order.

Circle M22 on Reader Service Card

© 1988 Douglas Electronics

Photography: © 1987 ed Jew

Macintosh is a trademark of Apple Computer, Inc.

World Radio History

**Douglas** 

718 Marina Blvd. San Leandro, CA 94577 (415) 483-8770 BYTE MACINTOSH SPECIAL EDITION

# Twelve All-Time Favorites

#### **Ezra Shapiro**

Let's say you were going to be shipwrecked on a desert island for the rest of your life, and someone offered you a twist on the classic question. Instead of the traditional 10 favorite books or records, you would be allowed to bring your 10 most prized software packages for your Macintosh (yes, it's a very refined desert island, with three-pronged electrical outlets all over the place). What would you choose, and why?

The above is a therapeutic exercise that was suggested to me by Bruce Webster as a way to help me narrow my focus when I was beginning to work on this article. I dutifully sweated over my list, cheated a little ("Does it have to be 10? How about 14?"), and came up with my own personal Mac favorites. Some of the choices were predictable—and some were a little weird—but I had concocted my list.

I proceeded to put it away and ignore it for a week; when I returned to it, I noticed that it made a pretty good assessment of the state of refinement, or lack thereof, in the Macintosh universe. It also recapitulated my history with the Mac, a long story of alternately falling in and out of love with the machine.

#### In the Beginning

These days, it's not very fashionable to advocate a computing environment based on a closed system architecture. In many ways, however, today's open Macintosh owes its rich universe of software—if not its very existence—to the authoritarian nature of its initial design. Ask any member of the original Macintosh design team, from Jef Raskin on down, and you'll get the same answer: The Mac seduced developers into using a standardized interface.

The difficulty of writing meaningful code in the limited memory space of the first 128K-byte Mac made the interface routines provided in the machine's ROM so attractive to programmers that they adopted the standard Macintosh "look" without too much grumbling. The ToolEzra recounts the Mac's history and names his dozen top programs

box ROM turned out to be far more than a collection of shortcuts for programmers; it became the guiding force in all Mac software. The combination of the Toolbox, a modular program structure, and extensive use of bit-mapped graphics proved to be a fertile ground indeed for the development of new software.

And it was new software, too, built around graphics rather than text. The Mac was the first successful personal computer that pumped out pixels rather than characters (though characters could be made from pixels easily enough). Looking back, it's not surprising that MacPaint was the program that propelled the Mac into consumers' hearts, while MacWrite evoked little enthusiasm, particularly from business buyers. But as the Mac slowly matured, the software base grew with it. The gaps began to be filled with spreadsheets, database managers, and other prosaic applications. It took a few years, but the Mac became a "real" computer at last.

But in the beginning, the Mac was something of a dog. Intriguing, yes. Easy to use, yes. But boy, was it frustrating to do any serious computing on the machine.

When I first joined the staff of BYTE in 1983, I found a Lisa on my desk. After playing with it for a few days, noting its slowness and inflexibility, I embarked on a serious project to unload the machine on anyone in the office who would take it off my hands. I worked out a trade and was relieved to replace the Lisa with a stock IBM PC. Nothing fancy, but software availability alone made the exchange worthwhile.

The Lisa spawned the Macintosh, and in 1984 a few Macs began filtering into the office. What caught my fancy—and indeed made everyone take notice of this new machine—was MacPaint. On a character-oriented machine like the IBM PC, I pushed words and numbers. On the Mac, I could doodle or even produce legitimate artwork. I was enchanted. So here we have the first program category for one of my Mac favorites—design.

Today, I vote for SuperPaint from Silicon Beach Software. It's a direct descendant of MacPaint, but it allows for much greater refinement. You can create with all the MacPaint tools, perform distortions, swap graphics with a wide range of other programs, edit at laser-printer resolution, magnify and shrink your work area with pinpoint control, and, in general, have a real good time. SuperPaint also lets you work on a second plane of draw-type artwork, so you also get much of the functionality of MacDraw.

I have to give a nod of appreciation to GraphicWorks, which is equal in many respects to SuperPaint, though more confusing and tougher to learn. Graphic-Works was originally named Comic-Works, and it's designed to integrate text and graphics into the sort of panels you'd have in a comic strip. The airbrush tool is more adjustable than SuperPaint's, and you can work on multiple layers. Another nod goes to Adobe Illustrator, Aldus FreeHand, and Cricket Draw, all excellent programs at the higher end of professionalism for the serious artist. But the all-around winner is SuperPaint.

One aside: I have to promote one other art program to my list, Fontographer from Altsys. With it, you can create your own laser fonts. It predates any other program that manipulates the Bézier *continued* 

١.

curves that make up PostScript outlines, and it contains the germ of the technology on which they're all based. If you're patient, you can do wonderful things with this product.

#### **Back to the Story**

Even though I fell in love with MacPaint, I did not fall in love with MacWrite, Apple's companion word-processing program. The typefaces were nice, but I could run rings around it with grubby old WordStar on the IBM PC. So I held back; I was not yet ready to become a Mac convert.

The program that started to convince me that the Macintosh might be a tool for more than creative doodling was Think-Tank 128 from Living Videotext. This gem of an outliner ran perfectly well on those early memory-poor Macs. Writing an outline, then moving branches of it from place to place, made perfect sense as a mouse operation. It was exciting to realize that text manipulation could, in fact, be a very visual process.

ThinkTank 128 was rudimentary compared to the version for MS-DOS machines; many of the spiffier editing features were nixed due to memory constraints. But as soon as the Macintosh was fattened to 512K bytes, there was ThinkTank 512, which was more than enough to fulfill the promise of its predecessor. ThinkTank 512 had a host of new features, including a convenient text editor that let you create long text sections as part of an outline, and the ability to import graphics. ThinkTank 512 was suddenly far more than an outliner; it was a word processor, a database for artwork, and a spectacular tool for constructing tightly organized reports.

The reigning heir is called More (though Living Videotext has become part of Symantec), and it defines the state of the art in outline processing. More remains true to the visual outliner from which it grew, but it's almost an operating system in and of itself—an operating system within the context of indented outlines. You can use the program to sketch ideas, flesh them out with the word-processing functions in the editor, create databases with installable outline templates, dial phone numbers, convert your outlines to tree diagrams or bullet charts, and on and on and on.

More was one of the first programs to launch the discipline of desktop presentation, and it is so good a program that I almost forgot to include it in my list. It's such a natural, I assume everyone has it; I have to remind myself that it isn't sold as a part of the Mac package.

#### **The Next Phase**

Shortly after the arrival of the 512K-byte machine, dubbed the Fat Mac, my head was turned even farther by PageMaker from Aldus and Microsoft's Excel spreadsheet. PageMaker was responsible for that all-consuming concept of desktop publishing. It lets you gather text and artwork created with other programs and pull them into finished layouts. It's based on the metaphor of the paste-up artist's drawing board, and you cut and paste on the screen as you would in a graphics studio, only you can dispense with the scissors and the rubber cement.

PageMaker began as a sophisticated piece of program design, and Aldus has continued to improve it. We're now up to version 3.0, which finally lets you create humongously long publications without having to perform every little design operation one at a time. It fully supports style sheets (in fact, it can exchange named styles with Microsoft Word 3.01), and it is a pleasure to use.

I have to nod at Quark XPress and Ready-Set-Go! 4.0, PageMaker's worthy competitors, but PageMaker was my first love in this category. Also, PageMaker was the program that convinced me that the Mac was a real machine, one that I could both use *and* love.

Excel proved that the Macintosh interface was ideal for spreadsheets. Though I wouldn't have thought so before, it turned out that zooming around on a grid of numbers was made easier with a mouse. And Excel allowed linked worksheets to avoid the bloat of large worksheets fenced into smaller regions for printing. The program also has an exceptionally powerful macro language. Excel was the spreadsheet that finally began to get the Mac into business workplaces.

However, I haven't included Excel as one of my top choices, but only due to my personal habits. Though I like spreadsheets, I'm not a number cruncher by trade. I vote for Microsoft Works, a nice integrated package with spreadsheet, word processor, database, and telecommunications modules. Nothing spectacular, but solid and reliable. With the addition of two add-in programs from Tim Lundeen, WorksPlus Spell (one of the slickest spelling correctors I've ever used) and WorksPlus Command (an aweinspiring macro package that completes the job of integration), Works handles just about everything I need to do. Needless to say, it's also my winner in the word-processing category.

If you need super power in any of Works' areas, I'd recommend going with a stand-alone program (Works is a mite slow), but for overall flexibility, Works with the Lundeen additions is my pick.

#### **This Year's Craze**

"Hypertext," the current buzzword in Macintosh application design, has come to be a term that's at least as ill-defined as desktop publishing, the former titleholder in the ambiguity department. As near as I can figure, hypertext means "interrelated text and graphics organized by the creator into a structure not necessarily bound by the limits of hard-copy output." In other words, hypertext is an attempt to exploit the abilities of the computer itself as a presentation device. Typically, hypertext programs let you link screen areas (called buttons) that can be clicked with a mouse to reveal new regions of data.

Rather than nominating HyperCard, Apple's hypertext Erector-Set-in-a-box, or Guide, a solid implementation of the concept, I find myself leaning toward TeleRobotics' Course Builder, a program that lets instructors manufacture self-contained teaching programs that implement many of the core ideas of hypertext. Written by the prolific Bill Appleton, Course Builder lets you link artwork, sound, text, and animation into the framework of a teaching system. A student can move from item to item at his or her own pace, answer multiple-choice or specific-answer quizzes, and refer to related materials in a neatly structured environment.

What's so beautiful about Course Builder is that you don't have any need to program; you define the course using a straightforward "logic editor" (that's my phrase, not Appleton's). You simply link blocks representing elements of your course in a kind of flowchart, and then Course Builder does the rest for you.

The other prong in my mild attack on HyperCard is provided by 4th Dimension, the database development system from Acius. If you're going to have to program, you might as well go for top power. This is a full-featured relational database that gives the developer absolute control of the interface. You want your own menus, click boxes, entry forms, whatever? Fine, you got 'em. You can program and debug in a programmerish way, or you can build a flowchart (much like Course Builder), and away you go. This is my choice for databases.

My third hypertext-like favorite is a game, Chris Crawford's Balance of Power. Working with maps, menus, graphs, and descriptions, Balance of Power lets you play out a global political continued

1

# While Others Talk Of The Future, We Deliver It. QuickMail...Available NOW

Multiple Personal Directories

Remote Dist. In Included

0.16/0/0/0

Custom Message Forms Message Filing System Soltware Bridbes Included

1

Bulletin Board

Autonatic Fanctions

InBox MicroSoft<sup>®</sup>Mail Aliach Clibboard Allach Files

QuickMail /

Conlerencie

Whether you have a few Macintoshes® with a LaserWriter<sup>®</sup>or hundreds connected through zones. bridges, gateways and modems... you need QuickMail! Our radically new design is complete and intuitive. It will forever change the way you view electronic mail. Now, send mail seamlessly to wide area networks, hardware devices and other software systems.

Send mail across the hall

or around the world

with a click!

\$300 per 10 users.

See your dealer today.

E SOFTWARE 1854 Fuller Road, P.O. Box 65580. West Des Moines, IA 50265. Ph: 515-224-1995

#### TWELVE ALL-TIME FAVORITES

Hey Mac, Nisus Is Not Just Another Vord Processor.

Here's why.

Want to draw a picture without ever leaving the program? *Easy.* Want to wrap text all the way around it or let the text flow right

through? *Easy.* Want to see it all in glorious color? *Easy.* 

Need a particular word or phrase by searching through all files, open or not? *Easy*.

Need to use our superior dictionary, thesaurus, hyphenation or outlining? *Easy.* 

Want to undo what you just did,

or any number of things you did before? *Easy.* 

NISUS

Want to use the fastest word processor on the market? *Easy.* Line numbers? Envelopes?

Auto-save? Column selection? Adjustable page preview? Ten clipboards that can be edited and printed? Your favorite page layout ready when you open a new file? *Easy.* It's all easy when you have Nisus.



Nisus is a trademark of Paragon Concepts, Inc.

confrontation between the U.S. and the USSR. Click your mouse on Mexico on the map, and you get a display of the status of your relations with that country. Select menu items to adjust your policies, read newspaper reports, or dig for historical or quantitative analysis. Very hyper, and one hell of a game.

#### Finally, Some Fun

VideoWorks II from MacroMind is another impressive example of pushing the Mac interface to its limits. It's an animation package that lets you mix sound and graphics into your own Macintosh movies. You have to write a script (called a "score"), which takes some time to learn, but once you get the hang of it, you're in the motion picture business. VideoWorks II even provides a nice shortcut if you're pressed: You can place an object on the screen in one position, place it again in a second spot, and VideoWorks II animates the transition.

It could very well be next year's hypertext; if not, it still represents a great area for creative exploitation. Even if you don't want to make your own cartoons, you can use it to animate your bar-graph or pie-chart presentations. Imagine an exploded diagram that actually explodes!

#### Not All Roses

Of course, depending on whom you talk to, the Macintosh interface is far from perfect. It lacks a number of the amenities we've come to associate with more traditional computer systems. The iconbased environment is certainly easy to learn, but some users eventually resent the way the Mac's simplicity gets in the way of real operating speed. I have rounded out my set of favorite programs with three utilities that extend the power of the Macintosh's operating system to cover some of the gaps.

One of the Mac's most lamented deficiencies is the absence of a good keyboard macro facility. Fast touch-typists find the constant interruption of mouse movements to be both distracting and time-consuming, particularly during text entry. Though most menu functions can be abbreviated to a combination of shortcut keystrokes, mouse actions (e.g., scrolling and selecting) are not usually automated from the keyboard. Enter QuicKeys from CE Software, a keyboard enhancing utility that lets you attach any single Mac operation to a one-keystroke combination command. You can still mouse along if you want to, but judicious assignment of functions to keystrokes will keep your fingers on the keyboard continued

24 BYTE • 1988 Mac Special Edition

(619) 481-1477 Outside CA (800) 922-2993

4954 Suri Valley Rd., Del Mar, CA 92014 Circle M40 on Reader Service Card

# V.I.P.

# **The First Family of Macintosh Programming**

Getting the most from your Macintosh means taking control --- programming! Creating full-featured Mac programs used to be difficult. Not any more! Programming a Mac is as easy as using one.

### **Visual Programming**

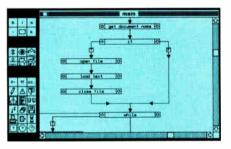
The idea is to use the visual power and intelligence of the Mac to make it easy to program. You program visually and the Mac interacts with you, preventing mistakes. Thus the name Visual Interactive Programming<sup>™</sup> or V.I.P. for short.

V.I.P. is a new type of language where a graphic interface replaces a text editor. Traditionally, programming is done by typing program statements into an editor following the rigid rules of a language's arcane syntax.

Visual programming, on the other hand, is done by pointing, clicking icons and entering expressions and arguments into an on-screen diagram.

A V.I.P. program is composed of graphic elements which can be cut, copied and pasted. The program is automatically structured with classical logic forms such as *if...then...else* or loops such as *while...do* and *for...next*. These are presented graphically. **The program becomes visual!** 

V.I.P. provides more than 220 precompiled procedures, greatly simplifying programming. On-line help is always there, keeping you on track.



V.I.P. 's Graphic Editor

### **Beginners Love It**

V.I.P., an interpreter, provides quick feedback. It's ideal for learning. Create programs with full Mac features thirty minutes after opening the package. A separate tutorial, *Macintosh Introductory Programming*, explains the basics.

V.I.P. is also great for experienced programmers who are seeking a painless introduction to the Mac.

### **Experts Are Amazed**

V.I.P. forms the nucleus of a powerful development system. A family of products offers amazing versatility.

Managers, sold separately, add new procedures facilitating spreadsheets, databases and vertical applications.

Translators, also sold separately, turn a V.I.P. program into "C" or "Pascal" source code, ready for compilation.

Imagine the benefits of developing in a friendly, interactive environment and with a few mouse clicks, having a standalone application.

### Extend HyperCard & 4D

V.I.P. programs, translated to "C", can be automatically compiled to HyperCard XCMDs or XFCNs or Fourth Dimension external procedures. These can offer added features such as multiple windows or full color on a Macintosh II.

### Write Programs Faster V.I.P. improves productivity. In tests at Fortune 500 corporations, programs were finished ten times faster. V.I.P. also means linear progress; the last 10% of a project won't take 50% of the time.

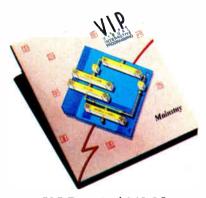
and automatically documented modules. The Press Agrees

Other benefits are structured programs

V.I.P. received overwhelmingly positive reviews. **MacUser** called it "the wave of the future", while **MacWorld** described it as a "Very Important Program". **MacTutor** characterized V.I.P. as "The Next Generation".

### Features

Icon-based programming. Simplified interface to Mac toolbox. Visual, source level debugger. Fast, interpreted with many pre-compiled routines. 200 page tutorial/reference manual. 20 example programs (2 disks). Run-time package. No license fees. Not copy-protected.



### V.I.P. only \$149.95 Managers: Speech \$49.95, Grid \$59.95, Matrix \$95, Advanced I \$95, Advanced II \$125, Communications \$125, Database/Form \$295. Translators: to Lightspeed C or Pascal, MPW C or Pascal, or to Turbo Pascal \$89.95 each. Tutorial: *Macintosh Introductory Programming* Book (2 disks/275 pages) \$49.95

### **Order V.I.P. Today**

To order, see your dealer or call Mainstay at (818) 991-6540. Mastercard, VISA, AMEX and COD are OK. Add \$5 for shipping/handling. CA residents add 6.5% sales tax.

For more information, write or call Mainstay, 5311-B Derry Ave. Agoura Hills, CA 91301 (818) 991-6540.

In Europe, contact Mainstay at 71 rue des Atrebates, Brussels, Belgium (02) 733 97 91, Telex 62239.



Visual Interactive Programming is a trademark of Mainstay. Lightspeed is a trademark of Symantec. MPW and HyperCard are trademarks of Apple computer. Fourth Dimension is a trademark of ACIUS.

World Radio History

t

£50 05

# Items Discussed

 Balance of Power
 \$49.95
 Suitcase

 Mindscape
 Software

 3444 Dundee Rd.
 599 Nort

 Northbrook, IL 60062
 Sunnyval

 (312) 480-7667
 (408) 749

 Inquiry M241.
 Inquiry

 Fontographer
 \$395

 Altsys Corp.
 \$20

 720 Avenue F, Suite 108
 \$395

 Plano, TX 75074
 \$214)

 (214)
 424-4888

 Inquiry M243.
 \$395

 4th Dimension
 \$695

 Acius
 \$20300 Stevens Creek Blvd., Suite 495

 Cupertino, CA 95014
 \$408) 252-4444

 Inquiry M244.
 \$450

 More
 \$295

 Living Videotext
 \$117

 117 Easy St.
 Mountain View, CA 94043

 (800) 441-7234
 \$800) 626-8847 in California

 Inquiry M245.
 Inquiry M245.

PageMaker	\$595 I
Aldus	
411 First Ave. S	<b></b>
Seattle, WA 98104	1
(206) 622-5500	I
Inquiry M246.	F
	(
QuicKeys	. <mark>\$99.95</mark> (
CE Software	(
801 73rd St.	j

CE Software 801 73rd St. Des Moines, IA 50312 (515) 224-1995 Inquiry M247.

Suitcase	
Software Supply	
599 North Mathilda Ave.	
Sunnyvale, CA 94086	
(408) 749-9311	
Inquiry M248.	
Inquiry MI240.	
<b>6 6 1</b>	
SuperGlue\$89.95	
Solutions International	
29 Main St.	
P.O. Box 989	
Montpelier, VT 05602	
(802) 229-9146	
Ìnquiry M249.	
SuperPaint\$149.95	
Silicon Beach Software	
9770 Carroll Canyon Center, Suite J	
San Diego, CA 92126	
(619) 695-6956	
Inquiry M250.	
VideoWorks II\$195	
MacroMind	
Iviacioivinia	
1028 West Wolfram St.	
1028 West Wolfram St.	
1028 West Wolfram St. Chicago, IL 60657	
1028 West Wolfram St. Chicago, IL 60657 (312) 871-0987 Inquiry M251.	
1028 West Wolfram St. Chicago, IL 60657 (312) 871-0987	
1028 West Wolfram St. Chicago, IL 60657 (312) 871-0987 Inquiry M251.	
1028 West Wolfram St. Chicago, IL 60657 (312) 871-0987 Inquiry M251. Works 1.1	
1028 West Wolfram St.         Chicago, IL 60657         (312) 871-0987         Inquiry M251.         Works 1.1         \$295         Excel         \$395         Microsoft	
1028 West Wolfram St.         Chicago, IL 60657         (312) 871-0987         Inquiry M251.         Works 1.1       \$295         Excel       \$395         Microsoft       16011 Northeast 36th Way	
1028 West Wolfram St.         Chicago, IL 60657         (312) 871-0987         Inquiry M251.         Works 1.1       \$295         Excel       \$395         Microsoft       \$16011 Northeast 36th Way         P.O. Box 97017       \$295	
1028 West Wolfram St.         Chicago, IL 60657         (312) 871-0987         Inquiry M251.         Works 1.1       \$295         Excel       \$395         Microsoft       \$16011 Northeast 36th Way         P.O. Box 97017       Redmond, WA 98073	
1028 West Wolfram St. Chicago, IL 60657 (312) 871-0987 Inquiry M251. Works 1.1	
1028 West Wolfram St.         Chicago, IL 60657         (312) 871-0987         Inquiry M251.         Works 1.1       \$295         Excel       \$395         Microsoft       \$16011 Northeast 36th Way         P.O. Box 97017       Redmond, WA 98073	
1028 West Wolfram St. Chicago, IL 60657 (312) 871-0987 Inquiry M251. Works 1.1	
1028 West Wolfram St.         Chicago, IL 60657         (312) 871-0987         Inquiry M251.         Works 1.1       \$295         Excel       \$395         Microsoft       \$395         16011 Northeast 36th Way       P.O. Box 97017         Redmond, WA 98073       \$206) 882-8080         Inquiry M252.       WorksPlus Command         S99.95       \$299.95	
1028 West Wolfram St.         Chicago, IL 60657         (312) 871-0987         Inquiry M251.         Works 1.1       \$295         Excel       \$395         Microsoft       16011 Northeast 36th Way         P.O. Box 97017       Redmond, WA 98073         (206) 882-8080       Inquiry M252.         WorksPlus Command       \$99.95         WorksPlus Spell       \$79.95	
1028 West Wolfram St.         Chicago, IL 60657         (312) 871-0987         Inquiry M251.         Works 1.1       \$295         Excel       \$395         Microsoft       \$395         16011 Northeast 36th Way       P.O. Box 97017         Redmond, WA 98073       \$206) 882-8080         Inquiry M252.       WorksPlus Command       \$99.95         WorksPlus Spell       \$79.95         Lundeen & Associates       \$79.95	
1028 West Wolfram St.         Chicago, IL 60657         (312) 871-0987         Inquiry M251.         Works 1.1       \$295         Excel       \$395         Microsoft       \$395         16011 Northeast 36th Way       P.O. Box 97017         Redmond, WA 98073       \$206) 882-8080         Inquiry M252.       WorksPlus Command       \$99.95         WorksPlus Spell       \$79.95         Lundeen & Associates       P.O. Box 30038	
1028 West Wolfram St.         Chicago, IL 60657         (312) 871-0987         Inquiry M251.         Works 1.1       \$295         Excel       \$395         Microsoft       \$395         16011 Northeast 36th Way       P.O. Box 97017         Redmond, WA 98073       \$206) 882-8080         Inquiry M252.       WorksPlus Command       \$99.95         WorksPlus Spell       \$79.95         Lundeen & Associates       \$79.95         P.O. Box 30038       Oakland, CA 94604	
1028 West Wolfram St.         Chicago, IL 60657         (312) 871-0987         Inquiry M251.         Works 1.1       \$295         Excel       \$395         Microsoft       \$395         Microsoft       \$395         Microsoft       \$395         Morks 1.1       \$295         Excel       \$395         Microsoft       \$395         Microsoft       \$395         Mortheast 36th Way       P.O. Box 97017         Redmond, WA 98073       \$206) 882-8080         Inquiry M252.       WorksPlus Command       \$99.95         WorksPlus Spell       \$79.95         Lundeen & Associates       \$79.95         P.O. Box 30038       \$79.95         Oakland, CA 94604       \$800) 233-6851	
1028 West Wolfram St.         Chicago, IL 60657         (312) 871-0987         Inquiry M251.         Works 1.1       \$295         Excel       \$395         Microsoft       \$395         16011 Northeast 36th Way       P.O. Box 97017         Redmond, WA 98073       \$206) 882-8080         Inquiry M252.       WorksPlus Command       \$99.95         WorksPlus Spell       \$79.95         Lundeen & Associates       P.O. Box 30038       \$79.95         Oakland, CA 94604       \$800) 233-6851       \$800) 922-7587 in California	
1028 West Wolfram St.         Chicago, IL 60657         (312) 871-0987         Inquiry M251.         Works 1.1       \$295         Excel       \$395         Microsoft       \$395         Microsoft       \$395         Microsoft       \$395         Morks 1.1       \$295         Excel       \$395         Microsoft       \$395         Microsoft       \$395         Mortheast 36th Way       P.O. Box 97017         Redmond, WA 98073       \$206) 882-8080         Inquiry M252.       WorksPlus Command       \$99.95         WorksPlus Spell       \$79.95         Lundeen & Associates       \$79.95         P.O. Box 30038       \$79.95         Oakland, CA 94604       \$800) 233-6851	

and your train of thought intact. You can even chain keyboard macros into long sequences, thus automating a whole string of commands.

My second utility, one that is fast becoming everyone's favorite, is a little program from Steve Brecher of Software Supply called Suitcase. The original Mac design allows for only 16 desk accessories and a limited number of fonts (the maximum varies from program to program). If you like to have a large collection of memory-resident desk accessories, or if you want wider access to the growing panoply of Mac typefaces, you need Suitcase. Though there are theoretical limits, installing Suitcase gives you as many accessories and typefaces as any mortal normally needs. You're more likely to run out of RAM and/or disk space before you make Suitcase choke.

The third utility, Solutions' Super-Glue, is a print-to-disk driver that lets you look at formatted output on the screen without requiring the originating program. If you send a file to disk using SuperGlue, the saved image can then be manipulated by any other program as if it were a graphic. Thus, you can capture a page of a spreadsheet, drop the image into a layout program, shrink it, and make marginal notes before printing it out. You can build a report with a word processor that uses the output of any sophisticated analytical tool you have.

In many cases, the SuperGlue image is smaller than the original file, which is handy for data transfer and true electronic publishing. The program lets you crop, resize, reposition, and extract text from images to your heart's content. Why Apple didn't see a need for such a utility built into the operating system is beyond me, but this little gem is an essential addition to the Mac arsenal.

I wish I could add one more capability to this list of remedial utilities—batch files, some sort of concise language to pipeline a series of operations that involves a number of programs and a number of files. I'd settle for the ability to add a shell to the Mac interface that could give me (dare I say it) a command line with batch handling that is not based on icons. I realize that this flies in the face of the icon-and-mouse dogma, but the more you work with computers, the more you appreciate ways to slice off a few seconds, even if it involves procedures that are not quite so easy to learn.

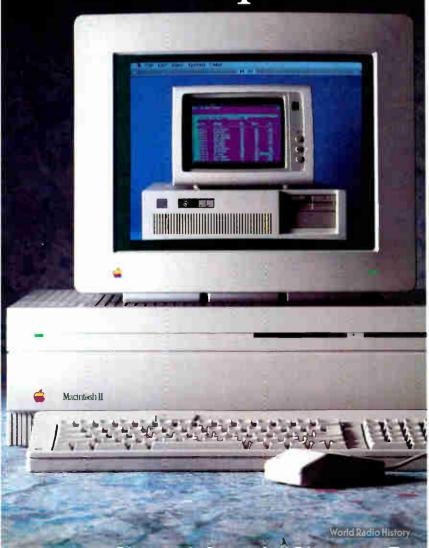
### The Wrap-Up

There you have it, an even dozen recommendations spanning the range of Macintosh applications: SuperPaint, Fontographer, More, Works (with WorksPlus Spell and WorksPlus Command), Page-Maker, Course Builder, 4th Dimension, Balance of Power, VideoWorks II, QuicKeys, Suitcase, and SuperGlue. If you ask another Mac aficionado for his or her top dozen selections, you probably won't get the same list, but I guarantee you'll get several duplicates. The Mac is getting its share of excellent software. ■

Ezra Shapiro is a consulting editor for BYTE. You can contact him on BIX as "ezra." Because of the volume of mail he receives, Ezra, regretfully, cannot respond to each inquiry.

Your questions and comments are welcome. Write to: Editor, BYTE, One Phoenix Mill Lane, Peterborough, NH 03458. The Breakthrough Used To Be ATs And Macs In The Same Room.

# Now They're In The Same Computer.



It was getting pretty crowded. As more and more Macintoshes started showing up at work, the duplication of computers, monitors, printers and keyboards was simply getting out of hand.

And while there was still a need to use vital programs like Lotus<sup>®</sup> 1-2-3<sup>®</sup> and dBASE<sup>®</sup> there was also an ever increasing demand for the Macintosh. Would the two computer environments be able to work together?

Times have changed. Now Macintosh<sup>\*\*</sup> IIs can run MS-DOS<sup>®</sup> software just as easily as Macintosh applications. With AST's Mac286<sup>†\*</sup> the AT-compatible, 80286 computer-on-aboard that runs inside the Macintosh II. Its advanced hardware design actually runs faster than an IBM<sup>\*</sup> PC AT.

With Mac286, familiar MS-DOS programs take advantage of many of the elements of the Macintosh environment. Copy and paste text, print on an Apple® LaserWriter, store your files on the Mac hard disk and share DOS files with other users. It's that easy.

Of course, the future is built in, too. By installing an advanced hardware solution for MS-DOS compatibility, you're insuring a home for the best of today's, and tomorrow's, software programs.

Because there's one thing you can always count on in the world of personal computers. Times will change.

If you're interested in putting an AT-compatible computer inside your Mac II, call AST at (714) 863-0181 or fill out the coupon, and we'll tell you how you can have the best of both worlds.

Improved Video Reformance.
□Yes, send me information on the Mac286. □Yes, have an AST representative call me.
Name
Title
Company
Address
City State Zip
Phone
Send to: AST Research, Inc. 2121 Alton Ave.



RESERRCH INC. Times Have Changed.

AST markets products worldwide—In Europe and the Middle East call: 44 1 568 4350; in the Far East call: 852 5 717223. AST and AST logo registered and Mac286 trademark of AST Research, Inc. IBM and AT registered trademarks International Business Machines Corp. Apple and LaserWriter registered and Macintosh trademark of Apple Computer, Inc. MS-DOS registered trademark Microsoft Corp. Lotus and 1-2-3 registered trademarks of Lotus Development Corp. dIASI: registered trademark Ashton-Tate. Copyright 1988 AST Research, Inc. All rights reserved.

### Create a 3.5" Micro Diskette with unlimited protection against a hostile world.

You're covered. BASF molds the rigid plastic jacket of its 3.5" Micro Diskette to its own specifications, providing unsurpassed protection for the flexible disk within. Call 800-343-4600 for the name of your nearest supplier.

The Spirit of Innovation.



BASE

# Macintosh Redux

**Bruce F. Webster** 

It's mid-April as I write this, and a lot of water has gone under the bridge since last I wrote for BYTE. I've moved back to California, penned a number of articles for other publications, written some manuals for a certain unnamed software firm, and have even started work on my first honest-to-goodness book. So, why am I here? Because, in light of my extensive and consistent coverage of the Macintosh from 1984 to 1987, BYTE has graciously invited me back for the first-ever BYTE Macintosh supplement. They figured I might have a few things to say, and, true to form, I am *not* at a loss for words.

The still-warm (but cooling) news is, of course, the lawsuit by Apple against Microsoft and Hewlett-Packard for "violation of audiovisual display copyright," because Apple thought that the New Wave user interface from HP looked too much like the Mac Finder. And, of course, Microsoft has filed a countersuit. The merits and issues of this case are best discussed elsewhere (and, in fact, I think I will), but it indicates the direction Apple's attitude has taken since the Mac burst upon a skeptical world 4½ years ago.

### **Evolution in Action**

I first saw the Macintosh in Guy Kawasaki's office at Apple, in December of 1983, a month or so before its announcement. Wayne Holder and I were there, representing Oasis Systems/FTL Games as president and vice president, respectively. Our ostensible purpose was to consider porting our word-processing utilities (spelling, punctuation, and style checkers) to the Mac. Our real purpose was to see the Mac ahead of time. I was initially disappointed at the lack of slots, but Guy assured me that schemes were underway to use the high-speed RS-422 ports as "virtual slots."

Three weeks after the Mac was announced (February, 1984), I bought one, off the shelf, with money out of my own pocket. It had 128K bytes of RAM, 64K bytes of ROM, a 512- by 342-pixel monoThe path from then to now was anything but easy for the Mac

chrome display, a single 400K-byte floppy disk drive, no slots (virtual or otherwise), and an 8-MHz 68000 processor. It was slow, crashed a lot, required multiple disk swaps to copy a file, and had little software available. But it was mine, and I was thrilled to have it.

The Macintosh I use today is a Mac II, with 5 megabytes of RAM, 256K bytes of ROM, two displays (AppleColor highresolution RGB monitor with a fully expanded Mac II video card, and a Sony GDM-1952 19-inch Trinitron RGB monitor with the SuperMac Spectrum video card), a 40-megabyte hard disk drive, an 800K-byte floppy disk drive, six NuBus slots, a 16-MHz 68020 processor, and a 16-MHz 68881 math coprocessor. It's fast, seldom crashes, has thousands of software titles available, and copies files with no extra disk swapping. Unfortunately, it's not mine, and I'm not sure when I'll be able to come up with the money to buy such a system.

Apple has come a long, long way in the past 4 years, as has the Macintosh. The Mac was initially derided as a toy or dismissed as a curiosity. And through the last 4 years, it's always been a major source of controversy and contention. The Mac versus IBM debates have been hot and heavy, reaching a level of intensity reserved for such classic issues as calculators (RPN vs. algebraic notation), languages (Pascal vs. C, BASIC vs. Pascal, and assembly vs. high-level), and operating systems (Unix vs. anything else).

Now, the Macintosh is the system that everyone either wants or wants to imitate, IBM included. That's something of an amazing feat.

### **How Apple Got There**

The path from then to now was anything but easy for the Mac. It's hard to remember now, and seems incredible in retrospect, but it was several months after the Mac's introduction before external disk drives (much less hard disk drives) were generally available. After an initial spurt of sales, fueled by technophiles like me, the Mac went into a slump for almost a year, a slump that many believed was not only the end of the Mac but the end of Apple as well. Some of Apple's decisions along the way (anyone remember the \$1000 RAM upgrade from 128K to 512K bytes?) did little to help things. Even the emergence of the "Fat" Mac with 512K bytes didn't help that much; software and operating system alike were space hogs, and the memory and disk configurations of the Macintosh just weren't sufficient to handle their demands.

The real breakthrough, in retrospect, was the Mac Plus. With 1 megabyte of RAM and an 800K-byte floppy disk drive as standard, plus a small-computer-system-interface port for hard disk drives and significant speed improvements in the operating system and ROM, it was the first Mac system that had the resources and horsepower to do serious work. Sales took off, surprising everyone (including, I suspect, Apple); for a while there, the Mac Plus was the single best-selling model of computer in the U.S. The enlarged basic configuration and improved sales drew in a lot of software development firms that had been watching from the sidelines.

The final steps toward success were the introductions of the Mac SE and the Mac II. Like a lot of other folks, I focontinued

۱

cused mostly on the Mac II (an open Macintosh, at last!) and dismissed the Mac SE as just another "toaster," in a platinum case instead of beige. However, it was the SE that shot off in sales this time, displacing the Mac Plus. The key was the capacity for an internal hard disk drive. Sales reports I've seen indicate that about 80 percent of all Mac SEs are sold with a hard disk drive.

Meanwhile, the Mac II established an open architecture for the Mac family. Hardware developers now had a standard upon which to base their efforts, and owners had a machine that could be expanded with special tools and bizarre cables. And, despite the hefty price tag, Mac II sales have been strong.

### What Apple Does Right

Given its strong financial condition and growth of market share, Apple has done many things right. But what the company does best isn't something that shows up directly on the balance sheets, though ultimately it's reflected there. Its greatest strength is that Apple operates from a place of vision.

Before I get accused of succumbing to Apple evangelism, let me explain. I've visited a lot of computer firms, talked with their leaders and employees, read their press releases, and used their products. It's obvious that a lot of them have an attitude of "sell the iron and move on." Most of those companies just get by, despite (in some cases) having significant or innovative products. The ones that succeed the most are the ones with a vision, whatever it may be.

Apple, from what I can see, has a very well defined vision of the future and its role in that future. Its vision is reflected in its internal documents, in the talks given by its people, and by its communications with developers. The company is planning now for products that will be released in 5 years, based on how it thinks things will (and should) be then. Apple sees its products as a force for social change—hence the almost religious fervor at times. But this imbues the company with a desire for innovation not often found at firms concerned only with the bottom line.

That innovation gives Apple an important place in the market; it is the leader and everyone else is following, even IBM and Microsoft. What else can you say after an IBM spokesman, at a press conference about the forthcoming Presentation Manager, explains the product's need by pointing to the relatively brief time required for learning how to use the Macintosh? Would products like Presentation Manager, GEM Desktop, and Amiga's Workbench really exist if it weren't for the Macintosh? The fact is, Apple has some hot ideas and technology, and others want it for their systems.

In the ancient Chinese game of Go, there is a term, *sente*, which refers to one player having control of how the game is being played. I have *sente* if every move I make forces you to respond. I may have a

> pple has a very well defined vision of the future and its role in that future.

weaker position overall, but for now, I get to control how the game goes, because you perceive each of my moves as being too threatening to ignore.

Apple right now has sente in the computer market. Apple plays the user-interface move; pretty soon, everyone is trying to come up with a Mac-like user interface (while, of course, avoiding a lawsuit). Apple plays the desktop publishing move; pretty soon, everyone says they're into desktop publishing. As other moves come into play, the rest of the players must react. That may be overstating the situation, but not by much. Just look at all the nifty "new" concepts in hardware and software on MS-DOS systems and ask yourself: How many of these showed up on the Mac first? Apple leads instead of following.

This is not to say that Apple doesn't derive ideas and concepts from elsewhere; its heritage from the Xerox PARC and other such places is well known. But the Xerox PARC stuff was around for years; why didn't anyone else use it before Apple? As it was, IBM (and Microsoft) waited until the Mac user interface was well established (and well proven) before tentatively following suit. No pun intended. It's easy to see how many concepts pioneered or developed on the Mac have migrated to other systems; there is little evidence of concepts flowing the other way.

One more thing that Apple does right, at least from the viewpoint of its employees and stockholders: It makes money.

Lots of it. True, that's not always popular with consumers. I've groused for years about Apple's standard product pricing policy: Start it out high, let it drift down as needed to keep supply and demand matched, make one last official price cut to make room for its replacement product, then (at some point) halt production and let the remaining inventory sell off. And it works, especially with good products. The result is that Apple had \$1 billion in sales during the last quarter of 1987, with net profits double those of a year earlier. On top of that, Apple has no real debts. Adjusting for the 2-to-1 stock split that took place last year, Apple stock currently sells for about \$82 a share, whereas 3 years ago it hit bottom at around \$13 a share. And that cash allows Apple to continue its innovation.

### What Apple Does Wrong

I was tempted to make this section "What Apple *Did* Wrong," but it's too easy to pick over Apple's past mistakes, and, besides, it's been hashed over too many times already. What's more, Apple has fixed many of those problems. The real question is, what is Apple doing wrong now?

First, Apple is squandering its advantage. Sente works only as long as you are willing to avoid responding directly to your opponent's moves. Once you decide to turn and fight, there's a good chance of sente shifting to your opponent. And I think that's what may very well happen with the Apple lawsuit against HP and Microsoft.

Let me stop here to say that I am not as unsympathetic to Apple's suit as others are. Apple has a copyright on the Mac user interface; to fail to defend that copyright could mean losing it. And, as I've pointed out, it is Apple who spent the money and took the risk, and the company is less than thrilled about other folks jumping on the bandwagon after the fact, especially when some of those folks have the initials IBM. Apple has fought long and hard to get into corporate offices; its penetration is based largely on the strength of its user interface and its desktop publishing abilities. The IBM/MS-DOS domination is based on a substantially inferior user interface: how much of Apple's gains will disappear if the Other Side comes up with something even half as good as the Mac?

Having made Apple's case, I must now assert my feelings that the lawsuit will ultimately cost the company more than it saves. Reaction among industry, press, and users (including a lot of Mac users) has been overwhelmingly negative. Some have even pointed out how good IBM looks by comparison. This, of course, ignores IBM's litigious history, as well as its subtle hints about landing with both feet on anyone cloning PS/2s without a license; I'm not sure the comparison is valid.

I don't think the lawsuit is unfounded, but I do think that it won't slow up the competition as much as Apple hopes, and it will cost the company more in goodwill than it's worth. Ultimately, the only way for Apple to continue to succeed is to continue to innovate. Rightly or wrongly, many interpret the lawsuit as a tacit admission by Apple that it doesn't have much else going for it.

The second thing that Apple is doing wrong is ignoring the home market. MS-DOS clones have gotten so inexpensive that they are making a substantial penetration into households, hurting sales of Apple IIs (especially the overpriced IIGS), Amigas, and Atari STs. Apple has taken a step in that direction by dropping the price of the Mac Plus some, but the drop isn't enough; you won't see significant home market penetration of the Mac until it hits the critical \$999 price point. Given how little it costs to make a Mac Plus at this point (even with the rise in RAM prices), Apple could afford to sell the Mac Plus that cheap. True, margins on the Mac Plus itself might be a bit thin, but anyone who buys a Mac is going to buy an Imagewriter and probably an external floppy or hard disk drive.

Besides, Apple is ignoring the influence that the home market can have on business purchases. If I buy a cheap MS-DOS clone for home, I have a strong incentive to have an MS-DOS system at work as well. If I have a Macintosh at home, chances are I'm going to want one at work, too, both because I can bring work home and because it's a heck of a lot easier to use all the way around. Folks have a way of getting hooked on the Mac; having an inexpensive home system could well be another foot in the office door.

Third, Apple is getting a bit too complacent, smug, and fat. Complacent, in that it is slow to correct design flaws and bugs in its products and has sometimes been unwilling to even acknowledge their existence. Smug, in that the company goes around telling everyone its vision and seems terribly sure that no one else has an equal (much less superior) vision; that no one else might pass it up in the race for leadership. Apple might be in for a surprise. Fat, in that its current growth is explosive and appears to bog down operations somewhat. I've had friends interview at Apple recently who have commented on how nobody seems to know fully what's going on, that they aren't willing to take action or make a decision. A recent article in the San Jose Mercury News (Business Section, March 17, 1988, by Alex Barnum) stated that the group within Apple that is responsible just for finding and buying real estate consisted of over 100 people. The symptoms of corporate obesity are starting to appear.

### **Apple's Current Problems**

On top of what I think are its current mistakes, Apple also has a number of problems to face. The biggest problem is the aging of its system software. John Sculley has publicly stated that Apple is doing a slow rewrite of the entire operating system. Good. MultiFinder is, from a user's viewpoint, nicer than the original Finder, but it's still not a true multitasking system. Ultimately, it's going to require a from-the-ground-up rewrite of the Mac operating system to transform it from what was developed for that original, crippled 128K Mac to something capable of truly supporting a multimegabyte, multitasking system with large massstorage devices. The question is, can Apple do that without making all the current software obsolete? The answer is, possibly, but it ain't gonna be easy.

Another problem is the challenge of developing applications for the Macintosh. Apple has done little (if anything) to make the Macintosh easier to program. In fact, with the introduction of color, sound, and MultiFinder, programming the Mac has become even more difficult. Look at all the major companies that have had delay after delay in release dates for Macintosh software, in some cases over a year. A fair amount of criticism has been leveled at those firms (and sometimes justly so), but the trend has gotten too broad for it to be strictly a problem of the firms themselves.

A case in point: the WordPerfect Corporation. I happen to be good friends with one of the lead programmers on the team that developed the Macintosh version of WordPerfect. Back when I was living near the company in Orem, Utah, I used to ask him regularly how things were going. The response I usually got was a rueful grin, a shake of the head, and a brief discussion on the newest obstacles presented by the Mac operating system and ROMs. These were bright, talented, knowledgeable programmers; they were just frustrated by a system that was difficult to code for. The common wisdom about programming the Mac is that there is a steep learning curve at first, then it tapers off. In truth, there are two steep curves, the second showing up as you try to get an application ready for market. In other words, once you get the knack of it, it's very easy to produce Mac software that's 75 percent reliable. It's that last 25 percent (especially the last 10 percent) that's a killer.

Finally, lawsuit or no lawsuit, Apple can't keep its competitors from being innovative. Even IBM appears to have learned some things from Apple and seems to be taking steps to foster creativity in PC development and to market its products more aggressively. The problem with being the leader is that everyone has a clear shot at your back. If Apple can't respond quickly and effectively, it may find itself falling behind.

### **Future Directions**

Ezra Shapiro made a cogent observation about predicting the Macintosh's future: Those who know what's really being developed won't talk, and those who are free to speak don't really know what's going on. I'm in that latter group, but, heck, I've never let a lack of hard information stop me before.

In the MS-DOS world, you have an almost continuous spectrum of systems from under \$1000 to over \$7000; in many cases, you can use the same expansion cards (and certainly the same software) on both extremes of that range. In fact, it's easy to start out with a system in the sub-\$2000 range and upgrade it, piece by piece, to the over-\$6000 range, with commensurate improvement in power, speed, and flexibility.

By contrast, you've got four basic Macintosh systems: Mac Plus; Mac SE with floppy disk drives; Mac SE with a hard disk drive; and Mac II with a hard disk drive. (Yeah, you could buy a Mac II with just floppies, but that's like buying a Ferrari with a two-gallon gas tank.) The Plus, SE, and II have three different standards for hardware expansion; the Plus has different ROMs than the SE and the II; and only the II supports color (officially). In other words, you basically have three subfamilies within the Macintosh line, with little ability to recycle hardware as you upgrade.

Apple needs something to bridge the gap (in money, size, compatibility, and performance) between the Mac SE and the Mac II. Two possibilities come to mind. One is an "SE-in-a-box": a system that looks somewhat like a Mac II, though possibly smaller, with just a 16continued



**MACINTOSH REDUX** 

1	Exxon	25	Standard Oil (Ohio)	49	Consolidated Foods
2	General Motors	26	AT&T Technologies	50	Lockheed
3	Mobil	27	Boeing	51	Georgia-Pacific
4	Ford Motor	28	Dow Chemical	52	Monsanto
5	IBM	29	Allied	53	W.R. Grace
6	Техасо	30	Eastman Kodak	54	Signal Companies
7	E.I. du Pont	31	Unocal	55	
8	Standard Oil (Ind.)	32	Goodyear	56	Nabisco Brands
9	Standard Oil of Cal	33	Dart & Kraft	57	Johnson & Johnson
10	General Electric	34	Westinghouse Elec.	58	Coastal
11	Gulf Oil	35	Philip Morris	59	Raytheon
12	Atlantic Richfield	36	Beatrice Foods	60	Honeywell
13	Shell Oil	37	Union Carbide	61	Charter
14	Occidental Petroleum	38	Xerox	62	General Mills
15	U.S. Steel	39	Amerada Hess	63	TRW
16	Phillips Petroleum	40	Union Pacific	64	Caterpillar Tractor
17	Sun	41	General Foods	65	Aluminum Co. of Amer.
18	United Technologies	42	McDonnell Douglas	66	Sperry
19	Tenneco	43	Rockwell Int.	67	Gulf & Western Ind
20	ITI	44	PepsiCo	68	Continental Group
21	Chrysler	45	Ashland Oil	69	Bethlehem Steel
22	Procter & Gamble	46	General Dynamics	70	Weyerhaeuser
23	R.J. Reynolds Ind.	47	3M	71	Ralston Purina
24	Getty Oil	48	Coca-Cola	72	Colgate-Palmolive

# 27 million Americans can't read. And guess who pays the price.

While American business is trying to stay competitive with foreign companies, it's paying an added penalty. The penalty of double-digit illiteracy.

Believe it or not, 27 million American adults can't read and write. Another 47 million are literate on only the most minimal level. That adds up to almost one third of our entire population...and probably a disturbing number of your employees.

What does illiteracy cost you? Get out your calculator. Illiterate adults make up 50%-75% of our unemployed. Every year they cost us an estimated \$237 billion in lost earnings. They swell our welfare costs by \$6 billion annually and diminish our tax revenues by \$8 billion.

Illiteracy costs you through your community, too. It robs the place where you work and live of its resources. It undermines the potential of the people who make your products and the people who buy them. No dollar figure can be assigned to this. But over the years, this may be the costliest loss of all.

What can your company do about this? It can join in local efforts to fight illiteracy. It can volunteer company dollars and facilities for better school and tutorial programs. It can invest in a more literate community.

The first step is to call the Coalition for Literacy at 1-800-228-8813 or fill out the coupon below. Do it today. You may find it's the greatest cost-saving measure your company has ever taken.

merica	Please send brochure with additional information We want to discuss funding the Coalition for Literacy Please have a representative contact me		
s a good	Name		
rvestment.	fitle Company		
	Address State Zip C ity State Zip		
	Please return to: Coalition for Literacy Business Dwision PO: Box 81826 Lincoln, NE 68501 1826		

MHz 68000 on-board and a socket for a 68881. It would have room for two floppy disk drives, or a floppy and a 3<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>-inch hard disk drive. It would also have, say, four slots. Such a box could sell for around \$2000, the current street price for an SE with two floppies. Yet it would allow users to make use of multiple video cards, color displays, and other Mac II expansion cards. And it would be a great add-in box, encouraging owners to expand in a way the Mac SE doesn't.

The second possibility is a mini-Mac II, essentially a Mac II in the box described for the Mac SE above. It would create a Mac II that didn't take up quite so much space or cost quite so much. It would have fewer slots, but the smaller box would be more popular in corporate desktop settings. A motherboard upgrade from the SE-in-a-box to the mini-Mac II would be yet another source of revenues for dealers and Apple alike. It would be priced to sell for about \$1000 less than a equivalent Mac II system.

Finally, there's probably a Mac III in the future—essentially a Mac II with a 68030 processor, an 80-megabyte internal hard disk drive, and lots of memory. It might even have some direct memory access support and a graphics coprocessor, though Apple has shown a sad reluctance to unburden the CPU from doing just about everything. The Mac III will be a good \$1500 to \$2000 more than an equivalent Mac II system and will be aimed at the workstation market.

### From Scorn to Success

Apple has done a great job of taking a system that so many scorned and making it a rousing success. However, success can lead to complacency, complacency to caution, and caution to stagnation. The Macintosh has replaced the Apple II as Apple's breadwinner. Is Apple working on the Macintosh's replacement?

As for me, the ride's been fun. The Macintosh has long been my system of choice, and the shots I've taken at Apple over the years have been out of a desire to see things improve, not out of any intent to harm or tear down. I hope that things do continue to improve at Apple; I'll be interested to see what steps the company takes over the next year or so. In the meantime, I've got work to do, so I'll get off my soapbox and get to it.

Bruce F. Webster is a freelance writer living in Soquel, California. You can reach him on BIX as "bwebster."

Your comments are welcome. Write to: Editor, BYTE, One Phoenix Mill Lane, Peterborough, NH 03458.

32 BYTE • 1988 Mac Special Edition

DALLAS SEPT. 14–15 BOSTON SEPT. 21–22 PALO ALTO OCT. 5–6

© Informix Software, Inc. "Wing:," "HyperScript" and "Informix" are trademarks of Informix Software, Inc. "Macintosh" is a trademark of Apple Computer, Inc.

### PUT THE POWER OF WINGZ BEHIND YOUR APPLICATIONS.

In two days, you can learn to program powerful custom applications using this much-anticipated new software for the Macintosh.

The Wingz Developer Seminar: we will show you how to build applications with all the power, speed, capacity and incredible graphics that Wingz has to offer.

Learn how to fully exploit HyperScript, the new powerful command language specifically designed to unleash the full potential of Macintosh workstations.

The two-day Wingz developer seminar costs \$495. It's a handson intensive training program. We recommend that attendees have some prior programming experience. Seminar fee includes:

тм

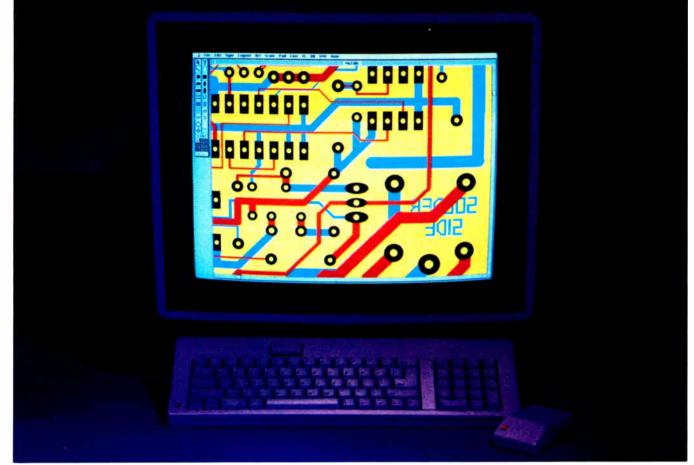
- Two Days Classroom Instruction,
- A Fully-Functioning First Release of Wingz Software,
- Including HyperScript Development Language and Sample Files,
- Wing: Souvenir Flight Bag,
- Wing: Developer Sportshirt.

Return the postage paid application card.

If the card is missing, please call 1-800-331-1763 ext. 3800.

WINGZ FROM INFORMIX SOFTWARE, INC.

# MCCRD<sup>®</sup>: powerful. Simple. Affordable.



### High-Performance Electronic Design Software

It's a whole new ballgame for electronic CAE/CAD. MAC II has given the EE powerful new tools to work with. And McCAD — the world's leading desktop engineering software for the Macintosh — gives you the way to press those advantages when designing PCB's. Put it all together, and you have a CAD system that's faster, that has more memory, more storage and filing...and co/or.

Remember, McCAD is a true integrated system. We have modules that take you from schematics to PCB design to fabrication, with a lot of stops in-between. Buy one stand-alone component or the whole package. It's up to you. Mix and match for your own workstation needs.

And easy? If you're tired of user-friendly promises that turn sour with incomplete systems, complicated manuals and convoluted procedures, McCAD is your answer.



VISIT US AT MACWORLD EXPOSITION BAYSIDE EXPO CENTER, BOSTON AUGUST 11-13, 1988 Booth #816

McCAD is a registered trademark of VAMP, Inc./ Macintosh is a trademark of Apple Computer, Inc.

McCAD is so easy to understand and use, the engineer can start operating it immediately with no break in his work.

You ask about economy? This might just be the best part. Not only does McCAD have one of the most enticing price tags around, it also gives you the best price-forperformance in the industry. For example, our integrated EDS system — including PCB, schematic, router and Gerber output — costs only \$1,495. And our stand-alone modules start as low as \$395.

When it comes to engineering software for the Macintosh, McCAD cannot be underpriced and outperformed by anyone. Period.

So, it's simple. All you have to do is make the best investment of your professional life, and then sit back and relax. McCAD does the rest.



6753 Selma Ave., Los Angeles, CA 90028 (213) 466-5533 FAX: (213) 466-8564 Telex: 650-262-3069 Answer Back: 650-262-3069-MCI

Circle M49 on Reader Service Card

World Radio History

# Take a Walk on the Mac Side

Jerry Pournelle

I'd worked until quite late and was trying to sleep in, when I was awakened by hysterical laughter. Roberta was standing at the foot of the bed whooping, "Now they've done it!"

"Uh? What?" I demanded.

"Now they've done it!"

No matter what I said, she cackled insanely and repeated her line. I got up and padded to the front door, where I found they'd indeed done it: I was greeted by a pile of boxes higher than my head. In fact, several piles of boxes, all wedged together. Enough boxes that it was impossible to get past them. We were barricaded by boxes of computers.

"Now they've done it," Roberta giggled. I had to admit things had gone a bit far. Just then the UPS truck drove up with more boxes, only there wasn't any way for him to get past the ones Federal Express had delivered—and the mailman was coming.

Eventually, we got the stuff sorted out and brought inside. It wasn't all computers. Some was stuff we had ordered from Sears. Some was software—it's amazing what all Microsoft sends in their OS/2 package.

Most, though, was from Apple: a Macintosh II, a color monitor and monitor stand, two enormous boxes of software, a LaserWriter, and another box of accessories for the LaserWriter, including cables for AppleTalk. There was also Priam's new 330-megabyte MacDisk and some other stuff I've forgotten. All told, it nearly filled the front room.

Each box from Apple was topped off with a paper threatening dire consequences if I lost anything: machine, software, boxes, packing material (including plastic worms); Apple wants *everything* back. The letter is stiff enough that I contemplated packing everything back up and getting it out of here the same day, but of course I didn't. Eventually, we had everything upstairs and unpacked, and I sent the boxes out to our public storage locker. Jerry unleashes a Macintosh II on his treasure trove of software

### Setting Up

Everyone has the problem of computer furniture, but with me it's worse than most because we have so many systems here: not just computers, but also printers and monitors. Although there are always one or two main machines I'm using constantly, most systems are here just for testing. There's not enough space for everything, so some machines have to be brought out, used awhile, then put away until new software or boards arrive and they're needed again.

I looked at commercial computer enclosures, and I even bought one from Yield House, but it was too expensive and too large.

Then I bought several heavy-duty, two-shelf, lab-equipment rolling carts and fastened keyboard drawers under their top shelves. These were large enough for big machines like CompuPro S-100 "boat-anchor" systems with 8inch disk drives. The only problem was that the carts were *too* big; it wouldn't take many to fill the storeroom.

Then the local Builder's Hardware had a sale on microwave carts. These come with casters and three shelves. There's even an enclosed bottom compartment, where I can store system documents and software. The tops of these carts were too high for comfortable typing, but I solved that by making a plywood shelf that I attached at the proper height and putting a keyboard drawer under that. These carts worked so well that Roberta is using one as the permanent place for her AT&T computer.

Those were fine at first. The carts were nearly perfect for early IBM computers. Alas, they're no good at all for Macintoshes. There's no room in those keyboard drawers for a mouse to operate. You can put the mouse on the shelf above the keyboard, but reaching across the keyboard for the mouse gets tiresome in a big hurry.

After many experiments, I set up my Mac Plus on an oversize typing table. The Plus sits on the AST-2000 hard disk drive, the DataDesk 101-key keyboard sits in front of that, and the mouse rests next to the keyboard on a genuine Apple mouse pad thoughtfully provided by Apple's Bruce Chamberlain. All in all, it works quite well.

I've also seen a computer desk called a Mac Station from Hubbard Furniture. This comes on casters and has a dropdown keyboard shelf that's wide enough for keyboard and mouse. Alas, neither the Mac Station nor a simple typing table will work with a Mac II. The machine is too large, and you don't want to sit as close to the Mac II monitor as to that of the Mac Plus.

Hubbard also has a two-shelf system on casters. This isn't bad, and it would be more than good enough for most offices; but due to severe space limits, I need the area under the table for manuals, and the Hubbard system wasn't designed for that. I could see that the Mac II was going to need a lot of space for manuals—at least at first—and I'd also need a place to put the MacDisk.

I temporarily solved the problem by putting the Mac II on one of the rolling lab carts and setting the keyboard and mouse on a typing table in front of it. This works pretty well, but it makes for an awfully big station.

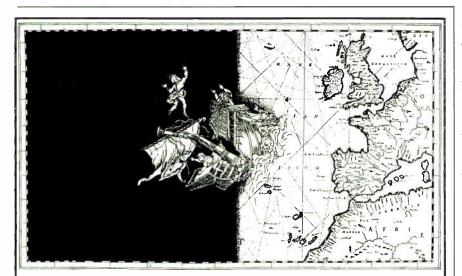
The furniture problem isn't made any easier by the Mac II's basic design. The continued keyboard port is on the back, on the right side as you face the Mac II. The cable has to be plugged into the left side of the Mac II keyboard, because, although there's a cable socket on the keyboard's right side, you have to plug the mouse into that.

I suppose if you're left-handed everything would be fine. Well, maybe not. Even if you plug the mouse into the left side of the keyboard, you won't want to route the keyboard cable along the right side of the Mac II because that's where

the hardware reset button is. Sometimes vou just can't win.

Once you decide where to put the Mac II, setting it up is a snap. The monitor is clean and crisp. Its stand is worth commenting on, too. Most monitor stands are clearly afterthoughts, but the Mac II's tilt/swivel stand was clearly designed for the system and is about the best-working one I've ever seen.

After you get everything installed, you won't have to reach behind the ma-



# Don't Laugh, To This Day There Are Still People Who Look At Data In Two Dimensions.

May we respectfully suggest that you forget what you "know" about your spreadsheet full of data.

Because now there's MACSPIN<sup>™</sup> 2.0.

Which means that trends, patterns, relationships and information, that until now have been virtually impossible to see, will suddenly become perfectly clear.

MACSPIN not only adds a new dimension to your

data, but also to your or particle physics, when thinking. You'll discover new things, and make new decisions.

MACSPIN uses powerful tools to manipulate the data on screen, allow-

ing you to

display in

an infinite

variety

of ways.

You can

alter per-

spective,

rotate, animate and

complicated multi-

So, whether you're

in marketing, finance

simplify even the most

analyze the

it comes to data analysis, there really is another world out there. MACSPIN.

See your dealer or call D<sup>2</sup> Software at (512) 454-SPIN.



MACSPIN is fully compatible with the Macintosh 512, Plus, SE & II and comes with a 60-day money-back guarantee. MACSPIN is a trademark of D2 Software, Inc. 5609-B Adams Avenue, Austin, Texas 78756, Macintosh is a trademark of Apple Computer, Inc.

variate data.

MacUsei

chine very often, either. Although there's an on/off switch back there, the Mac II has a shutdown command in software. When you use it, both the Mac II and the monitor are completely powered down. There's a switch right on the keyboard that turns them back on. This is an idea whose time has come.

Incidentally, it's just as well that the shutdown procedure turns off the Mac II's monitor; it gives off more heat than my 19-inch Electrohome monitor.

### Getting Started

When the Mac II came, I was in the middle of doing my taxes. Tax time at Chaos Manor used to be pretty grim, but lately it's been much better. First, over the years I've refined my accounting program-written in compiled CBASIC for CP/M and later transferred to an IBM PC-to the point where it does most of the work.

There's still a flurry of year-end entries into the journal, but that's more tedious than difficult; and once all the entries are made, the accounting software posts them to over a hundred ledger pages, keeping track of what was family expense and what was business expense. then posts the proper percentages of family items like electricity and house insurance into the appropriate ledger pages. I did have to go in and manually correct entertainment to match the new tax law's 80 percent requirement, but that was no problem.

The second reason I don't go mad trying to do my taxes is SoftView's MacIn-Tax. I've said before that MacInTax is worth buying a Mac for-and I haven't changed my view. Taxes are traumatic enough, though, that I didn't want to be learning to use the Mac II while I was doing them, so I set MacInTax up on the Mac Plus.

Everything worked fine until I wanted to print my tax forms. Then I discovered that the Mac Plus had forgotten how to use the Imagewriter.

I don't normally have a printer attached to the Mac Plus. The Imagewriter, a very early one bought (along with the 128K-byte Mac that eventually was upgraded into a Mac Plus) about a month after Apple brought out the Macintosh, normally resides in my youngest son's room. Richard Stefan is on the Notre Dame debate team-they're going to both the state and national competitions this year-and has his own Mac that he uses to support the debate team activities. Every year, though, I borrow the Imagewriter to print my taxes, and it has always worked until now; thus, it was

Circle M19 on Reader Service Card World Radio History

quite a shock when it wouldn't print.

Since it was after 6 p.m. on April 15th, I was more than a bit concerned. Then I remembered the Mac II. Surely it would know how to print. In something of a panic, I unpacked the Mac II and set it on one of my test stands. I didn't read any papers. I just plugged the cables into the obvious places and turned it on.

It came up just fine. I used the Mac Plus to download MacInTax and all my tax forms onto a 3<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>-inch floppy disk and brought that over to the Mac II; made a new folder on the Mac II's hard disk drive and labeled it "Taxes 1987"; and copied everything into it. MacInTax came up fine when I double-clicked it. For about a minute I contemplated setting up the LaserWriter, but I thought that might be pushing my luck. I connected up the Imagewriter and tried to print.

I forget the error message, but it was considerably more informative than the one I got with the Mac Plus; it said something about driver not installed, I think. Whatever it said drove me to open the Mac II manual for the first time. That told me that on disk II of the System Tools I would find the Imagewriter driver, and I should copy that into the System Folder on the Mac II's start-up disk. Then I should use the Chooser, which I'd find by pulling down the Apple Logo, to install the Imagewriter, after which everything ought to work fine.

It did. In a couple of minutes I had the satisfactory sound of the printer going wheep! wheep!, and I could go to dinner. It took about an hour to print out the forms, but so what?

I figured out the next day that if I'd followed the same procedure—copying the driver into the System Folder and using the Chooser to select it—on the Mac Plus, that would have worked, too. I think what happened is that sometime in the past year, one of the boys updated the system software on the Plus and didn't bring over the printer driver.

Anyway, once the taxes were done, it was time to set up the Mac II properly. As I said earlier, the modified microwave carts were totally inadequate, so I found a new and better workstation; the Mac II is now right next to my desk.

The Mac II is shipped with a booklet that says "DON'T DO ANYTHING UNTIL YOU'VE READ THIS." Naturally, I didn't see it until long after I had the Mac II up and running; if I had, I wouldn't have had to go to the thick Mac II manual to get my taxes printed. The booklet is pretty complete on how to set it up and get going. A pity I didn't see it earlier, but there was no harm done.

On the other hand, I did learn that you really can get these things going with a minimum of fuss and bother. Most of the setup is intuitive, and where it's not, the manuals are very clear and well indexed. Usually. There are exceptions, as we'll see; but my pleasant introduction to the Mac II certainly prejudiced me in its favor.

### Priam MacDisk

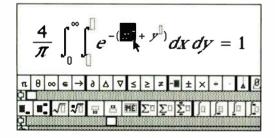
I have a Priam 330-megabyte hard disk drive on my big Cheetah 386, and I love it. While I was on the phone to Priam's Pat Kline, I mentioned that I was getting a Mac II.

"We make the same disk for the Mac that you have on your PC." She laughed. "Want to try one?"

That decision didn't take long. As it happens, the MacDisk came in the same continued



Edit equations like this:



### And get printer output like this:

$$\frac{4}{\pi} \int_0^\infty \int_0^\infty e^{-(x^2 + y^2)} dx \, dy = 1$$



6475-B East Pacific Coast Highway, Suite 392 Long Beach, CA 90803 • (213) 433-0685

### **Tired? Frustrated?**

Still struggling to construct equations using MacDraw or MacPaint? Then you're ready for MathType<sup>M</sup> - a new tool for putting mathematical equations in your documents.

### **Equations by Clicking**

MathType is visual and intuitive, the way Macintosh applications were meant to be. All you do is click on symbol and template icons – no codes or Option/Shift key combinations to remember. And by nesting templates within templates, you can build even the most complex expressions quickly and easily.

### Working Together

Use the familiar Cut and Paste functions to move MathType equations into word processing or desktop publishing documents. MathType works with MacWrite, Microsoft Word, PageMaker, Ready, Set, Go and any other programs that accept graphics from the clipboard.

### Two-way TEX Interface

MathType can also translate equations to  $T_EX$  and back, allowing it to serve as an easy-to-use front-end to the  $T_EX$  language. Stop counting braces and cut down on training time.

MathType is available now for only \$149. Call or write for a free demo disk and brochure with sample ImageWriter and LaserWriter output. 10% educational discount available. Credit cards accepted.

MathType is a trademark of Design Science, Inc. Trademarks are – Macintosh, MacWrite, MacDraw, ImageWriter, LaserWriter: Apple Computer Inc. – Microsoft Word: Microsoft Corp. – PageMaker: Aldus Corp. – TEX: American Mathematical Society. – Ready, Set, Go Letraset



The first problem was that the documentation, while quite complete, never mentioned the Mac II at all. It told how it could be connected to a Mac Plus or an SE, but that's all. But it was clearly a small-computer-system-interface (SCSI) device. I called Priam just to be sure; but if I hadn't managed to get anyone, I was prepared to go ahead and connect it to the Mac II anyway. As it happens, I got a technician who told me I'd guessed right—installation is the same for the Plus, SE, and II.

The MacDisk is a self-contained box about the size of a ladies' shoe box. It has two lights on the front and a little window on the back. The lights are the usual power-on and disk being accessed. There are buttons above and below the little window. By pushing these buttons, you can make any number between 0 and 7 appear. If you intend to boot your machine from the MacDisk (as you might if you have a Plus or an SE with no other hard disk drive), the number must be set to 1; otherwise, it can be anything but 1 or 7 (7 is reserved by Apple for internal use).

The little buttons are close to the power switch on the back, so it's easy to hit one by accident. If you do, there's no permanent harm done, but your Mac may not be able to find the MacDisk until you put the setting back the way it was.

Installing the MacDisk is the simplest thing in the world. Set the priority number in the little window; connect the SCSI cable to the Mac II and the Mac-Disk; plug the SCSI terminator (supplied in the box with the MacDisk) into the other slot on the back of the MacDisk; and turn on the power switch. Now turn on the Mac, insert the disk that comes with the MacDisk, and transfer the Priam file into your start-up System Folder. Reset the Mac.

Once that's done, you're in business. The MacDisk is already formatted, and it has 330 megabytes available. It's blazingly fast: an 11-millisecond average seek time, meaning it's about as fast as RAM disks were in the old CP/M days. Like all Priam disk drives, it's rugged. I've had one in my old CompuPro 8/16 Dual Processor since 1982. It's in use just about every day, and while I always tell people to back up their data, the fact is that I have never lost a byte from any Priam disk drive. When you turn off the power to the MacDisk, it automatically parks the heads in a safe landing zone. You can then carry it to another machine, like a Mac Plus or an SE, plug it in, and—provided that you've installed the disk-access driver—the new machine will be able to get at all the files on the MacDisk. I've been using the MacDisk for painless data transfer from the Plus to the Mac II.

Also, since the MacDisk has two SCSI ports on the back, you can daisy chain it with any other SCSI device, including another MacDisk. In my case, I chained it with the AST-2000 that resides under my Mac Plus. The AST-2000 does *not* have two SCSI ports, but it doesn't mind being downstream of the MacDisk.

I have two minor complaints about the MacDisk. First, it has a more highpitched noise than I prefer. It happens that though I am nearly deaf in the lower frequencies, I hear high frequencies better than most people, so I may be ultrasensitive; no one else seems even to have noticed the sound. Also, I don't want to make too much of this. The MacDisk is certainly no noisier than the fan in the Mac II, and after a few minutes, I don't notice either one of them.

The second complaint is the cable's length. The cable Priam supplies is just long enough to let you put the MacDisk next to your Mac II. If you put it on the right-hand side, it will block access to the hardware reset switch. It would go nicely on the left side, but as it happens, I have the Mac II all the way over to the left side of its lab cart.

A better place for the MacDisk is on a shelf underneath the Mac II, and that's where mine is, but it has to sit on a box because the blooming cable isn't long enough to let it rest on the lab cart's lower shelf.

The odd part, incidentally, is that the AST-2000, which sits underneath the Mac Plus a mere 3 inches away from the Plus's SCSI port, comes with a cable about 3 feet long. One day I'll swap those cables.

Anyway, those are minor irritations, easily worth putting up with for what I get: blinding speed, utter reliability, and enough disk space that even I won't fill it up soon. Highly recommended.

### **Keyboards**

I've been using DataDesk 101-key keyboards on all my PCompatible computers for some time. I was never much impressed with the original Macintosh keyboard, and the one they installed when they upgraded the machine to a Plus wasn't a lot better; so when DataDesk of-



fered me a Mac Plus keyboard, I jumped at it.

I've been using it for months now, and I'm very fond of it. True, after I spilled Grand Marnier in it the keys began to stick, but I cured that by washing it in the kitchen sink; about 100 dead ants floated out. I dried it with a hair dryer, and it has worked fine ever since. DataDesk keyboards are rugged, and I like their feel.

Naturally, I supposed that the Mac II keyboard would be the usual Apple clunker, so even before I got the Mac II, I got DataDesk to send me their Mac II keyboard.

I was wrong.

You can save money by buying a Data-Desk keyboard and getting your Mac II with no keyboard at all, and that may well be worth doing. There's nothing wrong with the DataDesk keyboard. Indeed, it's pretty good. It even has the sockets for the keyboard cable and mouse in the center of the board, which is a much better place for them than where Apple has them. DataDesk also gives you free software to configure your function keys; Apple makes you pay extra.

The feel of the DataDesk keyboard for the Mac II is *not* the same as those for the Mac Plus and PCompatibles; it's more like the original IBM PC keyboard's feel. It's also about that noisy. If you loved the old IBM keyboard, you'll love this.

The thing is, though, the Apple Mac II keyboard is more than pretty good. It's very good indeed. It's sculpted. The keys have a good feel—for my money, better than the DataDesk Mac II's (but not as good as the DataDesk for the Mac Plus or PCompatibles). The only odd thing about Apple's Mac II keyboard is that the little bumps to indicate home keys to a touch-typist aren't on the f and j keys where you'd expect them, but on the d and k keys. This can take getting used to.

Apple's Mac II keyboard does cost more, and you'll also have to buy configuration software; whether it's worth the difference in cost is something for you to decide. For me, the bottom line is that I've installed the Apple keyboard on the Mac II and put the DataDesk keyboard in the closet; but then, I'm not paying for it. (I still use the DataDesk keyboard on the Mac Plus.)

### Software

After I got the Mac II set up with the 330megabyte MacDisk, I went poking about in nooks and crannies turning up Mac software. There was a lot. After a while, I happily sat down to a perfect orgy of software installation. Alas, a lot of stuff won't work with the Mac II.

It's particularly sad that I can't run Strategic Conquest Plus on the Mac II. This was my runner-up Game of the Year for 1987, and it's in contention for 1988 as well; it's one of those games that's fun to play many more times than once. You can save games in progress on the AST-2000 hard disk drive on the Mac Plus; to actually run the game, you need the copy-protected hard disks. (You can run the game from copied disks, but if the game detects that, it sets the difficulty level impossibly high and proceeds to blow you away.)

You can start the game from the hard disk drive, but it looks to the floppy disk drive; if the game's disk 1 is in the internal drive, the floppy disk drive trundles for a moment, then ejects disk 1 with a message asking for disk 2. Disk 2 contains all (and only) the files concerned with sound effects. After they're loaded into memory, the disk is ejected and the machine asks for disk 1 again.

If you try running the game on the Mac II, though, it loads and appears to be running; but disk 1 never pops out, and you are never asked for the sound-effects disk. The game plays, but there are no sound effects. I then tried transferring both game disks to the hard disk drive and starting up from here (with the original disk 1 in the Mac II's floppy disk drive), but I got the same result. It never sees the sound effects.

On the other hand, the Mac II's screen is bigger than the Plus's-and the game shows more of the game map on the Mac II's screen than it did on the Plus. Also, when it generated a map, it made the strangest one I've ever played on (and I've played a lot of Strategic Conquest Plus, I'm ashamed to say). I played it for a while; the game seems to play fine, except for the lack of sound effects. Eventually, I saved the game onto a floppy disk and transferred it to the Mac Plus. It runs fine there. I'm even winning; I wasn't winning on the Mac II, which I suspect thought I was playing with a pirated copy.

On the other hand, Reach for the Stars, another game much played here, not only runs fine on the Mac II but comes up automatically in color. You see more of the star map, and it's certainly faster. Of course, it's not copy-protected, either.

### **Compatibilities**

There's no predicting what will run on the Mac II and what won't. Dark Castle—one of the most visually impressive continued



# SCREEN FOR HELP!

No need to squint and strain trying to read the data displayed on your screen! Sher-Mark Products introduces the Anti-Glare Magnification Screen, developed for your protection and convenience.

- Circular polarizing filter made by Polaroid<sup>®</sup> Corporation improves contrast, reduces glare up to 99%.
- Lightweight Magnification Lens enlarges characters and images to TWICE THEIR SIZE.
- Attaches to your Macintosh SE, Plus, 512K or 128K in less than 30 seconds.
- At just \$89.95, an economical alternative to an external monitor—and sized for easy portability.

Order your Anti-Glare Magnification Screen today—and put an end to computer fatigue forever.

**1-800-323-1776** Ext. 71 SHER-MARK PRODUCTS, INC.

521 East 83rd Street—Suite 2R New York, NY 10028 (212) 249-0494 (212) 988-7045

I

Please send me Anti-Glore Magnitication Screen(s) at \$89.95 each plus \$3.00 shipping and handling per unit. New York State residents add appropriate State & Local sales tax per unit Check or Money Order for \$enclosed, orCharge to my Amencan Express [] MasterCard Viso						
PLEASE PRINT Acct #Exp Date						
Name						
Address						
City						
Stote Zip						
© 1988 Sher-Mork Products, Inc. Potent Pending B						

games ever done—won't run; whether it's started from the hard disk drive or the floppy disk drive, it gives the following message:

"Sorry, Dark Castle cannot run because there is a problem with the way memory is allocated (77588878 high bytes).

"This could be due to other software that is already installed in memory (for example, Switcher, Tempo, RAM disks, print spoolers, network software, etc.). "The simplest way to avoid this type of problem is to turn off the Macintosh and start up using Dark Castle disk number one."

Needless to say, following that advice only produces that same message.

MindWrite is a rather good word processor and outline program that I have grown rather fond of on the Mac Plus. It isn't copy-protected, either: it runs fine off the Plus's hard disk drive. However, not only wouldn't it work on the Mac II,

# Our Copier Comes With A Fancy Wrapper.



CopyMaker

In these days of plain wrap labels, it's nice to know that somebody still lets you dress things up.

Applied Data Communications' new CopyMaker Plus 3.5-inch diskette duplication system is a master at the finishing touch: creating and applying custom-printed labels as fancy as you like in flat or wrap-around styles.

In one very quick operation, the CopyMaker Plus copies diskettes, prints up to 15 lines of custom type on your labels, and applies the labels to the diskettes. With easy-to-use software running on your Macintosh or PC that automatically turns out hundreds of the fanciest copied and labeled diskettes around. Day after day.

The CopyMaker Plus makes you look good in other ways too. With accuracy that places labels within 1/32 of an inch and white glove handling that keeps your diskettes factoryfresh and scratch-free.

Fast-and-fancy copying and labeling skills make the CopyMaker Plus the bestdressed duplication system going for software manufac-

turers and large companies that distribute data on diskettes.

For more information on how you can dress up your 3.5-inch diskettes, call Applied Data Communications today toll-free at 1-800-221-5486.



©1988, Applied Data Communications, Inc.

CopyMaker Plus is a trademark of Applied Data Communications, Inc. Macintosh is a trademark of Apple Computer, Inc.

it failed disastrously: when I tried to run it, the machine hung so thoroughly that I had to use the hardware reset to recover.

Apparently the MindWrite folks had the same problem I did when I tried to run MindWrite 1.1 on the Mac II. They wrote MindWrite 1.1 to Apple's specs and released it shortly before Apple released MultiFinder. They tell me that Apple changed the MultiFinder just before they released it, in a way that causes MindWrite 1.1 to crash. They're providing a free update that corrects the problem.

On the other hand, WriteNow, an easily learned and very "Mac-like" word processor/text editor that was written before the Mac II ever came out, works fine on every Mac I have, from the old 512Kbyte Mac through the Plus to the II (and is perfectly adequate for most of my word-processing jobs).

Epyx's Sub Battle, which is also not copy-protected, almost works, but some of the visuals are distorted, there's no sound, and eventually the machine hangs and has to be reset. Mac Attack, a tank battle game, has to be started from the floppy disk drive; when you do, it first displays a logo, then a message that the sound effects won't work on a Lisa (!), then finally gives you bombs and a system error message, after which the machine goes so dead you have to use the power switch to restart it.

I could go on listing things that do and don't work, but surely the point is made: you simply can't know what Mac Plus software will run on the Mac II. In general, it's less likely to work if it's copyprotected, but that's no infallible guide, as witness MindWrite. All I can really tell you is to experiment.

### LaserWriter and AppleTalk

The Apple philosophy is to make things simple. That's fine as long as everything works. But as soon as something goes wrong, it's a different story.

Setting up the Mac II was simple enough that I didn't think there'd be any problem installing the LaserWriter. After all, the directions were clear. I went through them step by step, installing first the hardware, then the software. In 5 minutes both were done, and it was time to test the printer.

It wouldn't work. The Mac II couldn't find the printer. Unfortunately, the error message wasn't any more helpful than that, either.

I went back through the printer documents and carefully followed the installation procedure again. When that didn't work, I read everything I had about

### World Radio History

AppleTalk. Alas, that wasn't much, but it was enough to show I'd connected all the cables properly.

Finally, I tried setting up the Mac Plus to run the LaserWriter. I got the same results as with the Mac II. That printer just wasn't talking to computers. It was time to call Apple. I suppose I could have used this as an opportunity to test Apple's technical-support system, but BYTE was in a tearing hurry for this column, so I called the office that sent me the Mac II in the first place.

The people there know their stuff. I described what I'd done. I was conducted through a few tests. I'd guessed them from the documents, but I was glad to have my guesses confirmed. The diagnosis was positive: either a cable was bad, or the electronics board in the Laser-Writer had gone south in shipment. I was offered a choice: they'd send new cables and a new electronics board by Federal Express, or I could take the printer to a local Apple dealer. I opted to have the parts sent to me.

By this time, I was really desperate. This was a Wednesday afternoon. Thursday at noon I was due to catch an airplane to Colorado Springs to take part in some activities at the Air Force Academy. On Saturday morning, I was due to catch an airplane that would get me back here just in time to attend Larry Niven's 50th birthday party-and this column had to be in New Hampshire by the following Monday morning.

Apple was true to their word: on Thursday morning, the new cables and board arrived. It took me precisely 1 minute to replace the LaserWriter's electronics board. (I'll admit that I rehearsed by removing and reinstalling the original the night before.) Then I plugged in the new AppleTalk cables and turned on the system. It still didn't print, but that was because I'd skipped a step in the reinstallation; when I called in the Chooser and set things up properly, everything was fine.

### Cables

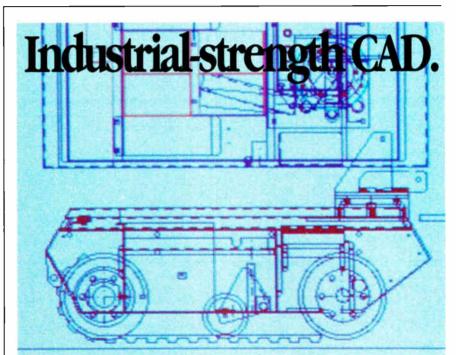
After I got back from Colorado Springs, I left the new cables in place and reinstalled the old board in the LaserWriter: not only wouldn't it print, but I got the same symptoms as before. So that board definitely was defective; it wasn't the cables at all.

On the other hand, it might have been. I've had some experience in cable design: I was once in charge of human factors for a good part of Boeing, and designing cable ends so that they can't be plugged in backward or to the wrong place is one task of the human factors group. Thus, I can say with some authority that the Apple cabling system is a miserably poor design.

THE MAC SIDE

The original Macintosh-all the way up to the Mac Plus-used standard DB-9 plugs for the printer and a different plug system entirely for the keyboard. Under the new system (Mac Plus, SE, and II), all Apple cables terminate in tiny round cable ends about 3/8 inch in diameter. Some of these cables have 8 or 9 active pins in them. Others have only 3 or 4.

They're supposed to have small plastic keys that make it impossible to plug the wrong cable into the wrong socket, but in fact that doesn't work. It's not only physically possible, it's also fairly easy to jam an AppleTalk (9-pin) cable into a socket intended as the auxiliary keyboard socket. Worse, since these are on the back of the machine and are labeled only with ambiguous (and tiny) icons, continued



# With all the advantages of the Macintosh.

The Macintosh promises enormous benefits to engineers and other designers. All it takes is the right software to take advantage of the superior ease of learning and speed of the Macintosh. Not just drawing programs, but real CAD.

MGMStation™ is real CAD. It's part of a fast, sophisticated, cost-effective CAD/CAM



package developed for engineers and designers. It offers capabilities equal to mainframe CAD packages, with floating point precision up to 16 decimal places. Unlimited zoom. Color or black-and-white output. Auto dimensioning. Multiple layers, multiple windows. Hatching and filling of arbitrary shapes. Sophisticated functions like filleting and chamfering. Display precision beyond that of QuickDraw<sup>\*\*</sup> (note the smooth curves). And built-in plotter drivers. Options include symbol libraries and an IGES conversion utility.

MacUser dy n. Winner \* 8

If you're designing mechanical parts, you may be interested in our CAM package, too. It handles milling, turning, sheet metal cutting and wire EDM. See your dealer for your HyperCAD™ demo stack or write us on your

letterhead for a free disk.

If you are serious about creating producible designs quickly and efficiently, you can't afford to waste your time on anything less. MGMStation. Real CAD.

from Micro CAD/CAM Systems, Inc.



THE MAC SIDE

IOtech offers the widest selection of *easy-to-use* IEEE 488 (GPIB) interfaces for the Macintosh.

•NuBus IEEE board for the Macintosh II

•SCSI / IEEE controller for the Macintosh Plus, SE & II

 Serial / IEEE controller for long-distance applications

•Serial / IEEE plotter converter for HPIB plotter interfacing

 Desk accessory software for IEEE control from any application

•Language drivers for IEEE control from Basic, C, Fortran, Pascal, Hypercard and more

 Menu driven software for scientific analysis and graphics

### -30 day money-back guarantee

-2 year warranty

•Call or send for your FREE Technical Guide



10tech...the choice is easy



(216) 439-4091 Telex 6502820864 Fax (216) 439-4093 25971 Cannon Road • Cleveland, Ohio 44146 London (074) 86-12-87 • Paris (1) 34810178 • Zurich (01) 821 944 Milan 02-4120260 • Linkoping 013 11 01 40 • Gorinchem 01830-35333 Sidney (2) 452 3831 • Seoul 784-9942 • Munkh and other European, North African and Middle East countries not listed (089) 71020. that's easy to do even if you're trying to be careful. I managed to do it, with the result that the machine did some very odd things until I set it right.

Worse, though, if you do jam the cable into the wrong socket, you may well damage the cable. The pins in a male Apple cable are tiny and are easily pushed deep into the cable end. I ruined two AppleTalk cables. One was repairable with needle-nose pliers and a lot of patience. The other had the wires pushed so far back into the cable that nothing would get them out again. Since it's also impossible to take the cable housing apart, once that plug is damaged, you're probably going to have to buy a new cable.

Except for potential profits to Apple in cable sales, I see no reason for going to these delicate and unrepairable cable ends. I predict considerable profit for a third-party outfit ready to supply better cables for Apple computers.

### WriteNow Nonsense

WriteNow is not a bad editor, but its publisher, T/Maker, has done something that could drive you crazy if you're not careful.

T/Maker provides you with two disks, one containing the WriteNow program, and another with a demo version called Sample WriteNow, which you're free to copy and pass on to friends who want to try it out. Sample WriteNow works just like the regular version, with one exception: it prints "CREATED WITH SAM-PLE WRITENOW" across the top and bottom of every page of every document you create.

Here's the problem: if you have Sample WriteNow anywhere on your hard continued

# **Items Discussed**

Mac-101 .....\$169.95 DataDesk International 7651 Haskell Ave. Van Nuys, CA 91406 (818) 780-1673 Inquiry M254.

Mac Station ...... Price not available Hubbard Furniture 1946 Raymond Northbrook, IL 60062 (312) 272-7810 Inquiry M255.

MacInTax ......\$119 SoftView 4820 Adohr Lane, Suite F Camarillo, CA 93010 (805) 388-2626 Inguiry M257.

MindWrite \$195 Access Technology Access/MindWork Division 200G Heritage Harbor Monterey, CA 93940 (408) 648-4000 Inquiry M258.

World Radio History

Reach for the Stars\$40Strategic Studies Group1820 Gateway Ave.San Mateo, CA 94404(415) 571-7171Inquiry M259.100

Strategic Conquest Plus...... \$59.95 PBI Software, Inc. 1163 Triton Dr. Foster City, CA 94404 (415) 349-8765 Inquiry M260.

VideoWorks II ......\$195 MacroMind, Inc. 1028 West Wolfram Chicago, IL 60657 (312) 871-0987 Inquiry M261.

WriteNow 1.07 ......\$175 2.0.....\$195 T/Maker Co. 1973 Landings Dr. Mountain View, CA 94043 (415) 962-0195 Inquiry M262.



# The Problem

is not a lack of text, it's a lack of

# Information

Introducing

# rch<sup>1</sup>Text

### TRUE, Relational Hypertext The Difference Between Text and INFORMATION

- Quickly transform raw text into useful information
- Inherent graphic interface for ease of use
- Quickly build, search and link nodes of information
- Manage text from many different sources

Circle M11 on Reader Service Card Call now for a free brochure! ArchiText<sup>™</sup> is a revolutionary text analysis, management and presentation package for researchers, educators, writers, marketing professionals and anyone who needs to organize large quantities of textual information.

ArchiText manages text originating from diverse sources such as keyboard entry; word processing files (text format); scanned data from OCR devices; files imported via modem or from other applications (databases, spreadsheets, outliners, etc.); and files imported from optical disk storage systems.

ArchiText, \$349.95, from Brainpower, Inc. 24009 Ventura Bivd, Calabasas, CA 91302 800-345-0519 • (CA) 818-884-6911



- FREE run-time application for viewers, complete with unique activity tracking system
- Full-feature, stand-alone program that requires less than 400k of memory to operate
- Powerful tool for the analysis and synthesis of textual information

Come see us at booth 5655 during the August MacWorld Expo/Boston.

disk when you click on a WriteNow document, it could come up in the Sample version.

That is and isn't T/Maker's fault. When you click on a Macintosh document of any kind, the Finder will locate the appropriate application no matter where you've got it ferreted away (unlike DOS machines, which won't look outside of the current directory unless you explicitly tell them to). In the case of WriteNow, the version you get depends on which one you most recently fiddled with—even moving a version to another folder seems to be enough to reset the default to that version.

It happened that Larry Niven's birthday came just after I got the Mac II. Now that I had a LaserWriter, I thought I'd make a really fancy card to go with the present. I'd used WriteNow on the Plus, and since I was more or less familiar with it, I tried it first. Alas, I hadn't eliminated Sample WriteNow before I did that, and my 3 hours of composition were completely wasted, since I couldn't print the card without the "CREATED WITH SAMPLE WRITENOW" idiocy.

Surprise: so diligently does the Finder search for that idiotic Sample version that even with the Sample version on *another hard disk*, the Finder will go find it and bring it in when you invoke WriteNow by clicking on a document.

After eliminating all traces of Sample WriteNow from the MacDisk, I wrote a new birthday card by invoking Write-Now. It printed fine; but the next time I called it in, that damnable message printed across top and bottom.

I was about to erase all copies of WriteNow and go to MacWrite or Ready-Set-Go!, when I got suspicious and used the Mac II's Find File desk accessory to search for the word *Sample* in a filename. Sure enough, it told me there was a copy of Sample WriteNow on the internal hard disk drive. When I erased that and tried to bring in my birthday card, the system told me I should get the application file out of the Trash.

In rage, I turned off the machine. When I turned it back on, I was finally rid of the Sample Curse: now I can bring in documents and print them without the horrible "CREATED WITH SAMPLE WRITENOW" printed top and bottom.

For all that, WriteNow is a good editor that is easy to use—once you've *permanently* eliminated all traces of the Sample program.

### Locked!

The real reason for getting a Macintosh isn't languages (although if you're an APL addict, you'll find that works better on a Mac than it's likely to on a PCompatible). When Excel was available only on a Mac, you might have been seriously tempted to get one just for that; but now they've got Excel available running under Windows, and it's at least as good on PCs with EGA as it is on the Macin-

he real reason to get a Mac is that it can run programs and do things few other machines can do. VideoWorks II is a spectacular program for the Mac.

tosh. MacInTax also runs about as well on PCompatibles with EGA as it does on the Macintosh.

You might get a Mac because of its ease of operation. Unfortunately, there are problems. I personally find it as easy to get around in PC-DOS as to manipulate icons, and indeed, I can get awfully sick of dragging little pictures to the Trash. Worse, though, the Mac can do strange things to you.

Example: in trying to test the Mac-Disk, I created an enormous file by copying into one folder named Foo everything else on both the MacDisk and the Mac's internal hard disk drive. Then I moved the files back and forth. Eventually, I was through playing and needed to eliminate the Foo folder.

I dragged it to the Trash, but it wouldn't erase. The Mac kept telling me the folder contained locked files. To make it worse, after the machine told me it wouldn't do what I wanted, it made me click on "OK," even though it wasn't OK at all.

Study of the Mac II manual eventually showed me how to determine whether a file is locked or not: you have to find the file, select it, then go up to the menu bar and "Get INFO" on it. After that, you can unlock it.

Unfortunately, the Mac operating system has no other way to tell you which files are locked, so you have to go through them one at a time. I had over 70 different files in Foo, and I had to look at each one before I could erase the thing. I can't say I appreciated that.

### VideoWorks II

The real reason to get a Mac is that it can run programs and do things few other machines can do. VideoWorks II is one of the most spectacular programs for the Mac. This is a program for creating and displaying animated graphics. It will also do sound effects.

I've only started playing with Video-Works II, and I already love it. The tutorial programs are good enough that I haven't much needed the manual. The manual is good enough to remind you of what you learned in the tutorials. Video-Works II can take advantage of color monitors and other features of the Mac II; indeed, it's one of the best demonstrations of the Mac II's capabilities. Recommended.

### Winding Down

I'm out of space, and there's still scads of Mac II stuff lying on my desk. I haven't discussed HyperCard, which is another program you might consider getting a Mac for.

There's no room for Owl International's Guide, a program that's a serious match for HyperCard. What with the Apple/Microsoft lawsuit, one wonders how hard Microsoft will work on Mac software in the future, but even so there's a pile of it now.

The Mac game of the month is PBI Software's Strategic Conquest Plus. I hope they come up with a version that works on the Mac II.

I expect it's obvious that although I started off with serious reservations, I like the Mac II quite a lot. The bottom line is that I've moved Old Zeke, my original CompuPro Z80, off to the storeroom, and I'm using a CAD program to help me design furniture to put the Mac II in his place.

Jerry Pournelle holds a doctorate in psychology and is a science fiction writer who also earns a comfortable living writing about computers present and future. Jerry welcomes readers' comments and opinions. Send a self-addressed, stamped envelope to Jerry Pournelle, c/o BYTE, One Phoenix Mill Lane, Peterborough, NH 03458. Please put your address on the letter as well as on the envelope. Due to the high volume of letters, Jerry cannot guarantee a personal reply. You can also contact him on BIX as "jerryp."

World Radio History



# **COREL Macintosh WORM Drives**

### Huge Storage Capacity

COREL WORM drives have the capacity of 1,000 floppies with the speed of a hard drive - ideal to get your ever-increasing storage needs under control.

### Total Mac Compatibility

COREL WORM drives are engineered to be 100% MAC compatible so you don't have to learn any new commands or routines. Use them with all your existing applications just like your floppy or hard drive.

### "Plug and Play"

Everything you need is included: Drive, Software , Cable, and Manual.

### Low cost/Mbyte

Under \$15/Mbyte of on-line capacity. This is almost as low in cost as tape but with random access, greater reliability, and much longer life media.

### **Dozens of Applications**

- Hypercard databases
- Archiving (15 yr.min. life)
- Back-up copies
- Multiple copies
- Graphics libraries
- CAD-CAM libraries
- Image files
- Software libraries
- LAN File servers
- Audit trails
- CD-Rom development
- Data distribution
- Unix applications
- Workstation back-up
- Tape replacement
- Bernoulli replacement

### Proven Software

COREL has led the way in PC compatible WORM drives with the leading installed base of over 3,000 units. Now it brings the benefits of this experience to the Macintosh.

### Proven Hardware

COREL uses proven drive mechanisms from the leaders of the industry such as Panasonic, Ricoh and Maxtor.

### Optional Developers Kit

For users & OEM's that want to modify the normal optical disk software for their own special applications.

### Hot Line & Bulletin Board

Just in case you have any problems, COREL provides total support to find the solution quickly and efficiently.

### **Two Choices of Drive** Each COREL drive is a complete, ready-togo subsystem.

- COREL 400 \$2,895 400 Mbyte capacity (2 x 200/side) Cartridges \$99 each.
- COREL 800 \$3,995
   800 Mbyte capacity (2 x 400/side) Cartridges \$160 each.

No delays, you will receive your drive within a few days of your order.

COREL specialists are ready to answer any questions you have on this exciting new technology. Call or Fax us now.



COREL Systems Corporation, 1600 Carling Avenue, Ottawa, Ontario, K1Z 8R7 Tel: (613) 728-8200 Fax: [613) 728-9790

Circle M18 on Reader Service Card

World Radio History

# **MultiFinder Revealed**

### **Phil Goldman**

MultiFinder is a first-generation multitasking operating system for the Macintosh. It runs on all machines from the Macintosh 512Ke up to the Mac II.

The phrase "first generation" has two important meanings. First, it highlights the fact that MultiFinder has been added to the system software at a time when the Mac environment is relatively stable and well defined. Therefore, it was necessary to support all the features of the systems, some very subtle, that applications have come to depend on.

"First generation" also implies that there will be successive generations. MultiFinder is released every six months as a part of the Apple system-software update. As a result, MultiFinder is an evolving product; yet, at the same time, it must guarantee that applications continue to work across releases.

### The Look of MultiFinder

MultiFinder doesn't markedly change the look and feel of the Macintosh. When a Mac boots up, the only indication that MultiFinder is running is the small icon located on the far right-hand side of the menu bar. The look does change, however, in one small but important way: When you open an application from the Finder (the application you see when you start up the Mac), the Finder itself doesn't disappear. Before MultiFinder, you could execute only one application at a time, and only one application could be visible at a time.

With MultiFinder, multiple applications can be visible at once. Each application is represented by its set of windows, known as its *layer*. As a user, you interact with only the frontmost layer (i.e., the application in the top layer receives all the user events, such as mouse and keyboard clicks), the same way you typically interact with only the frontmost window of a given layer. Other layers can be visually active, but the actions of the corresponding applications don't occur in direct response to your actions. The One of MultiFinder's coauthors provides clues to the mysteries of MultiFinder

application in the frontmost layer also owns the menu bar.

You can switch between applications in three ways. First, clicking the mouse in any window of a layer brings the application in that layer to the front. Second, the apple menu includes a list of the currently running applications; choosing a particular item with an application's name brings that application's layer to the front. And third, clicking on the icon in the menu bar cycles through the applications in each layer.

### **Cooperation**, Not Competition

At the very heart of MultiFinder lies its task-switching mechanism. This mechanism implements an operating-system technique known as *cooperative multitasking*, which allows the tasks themselves to completely control the mechanism. In MultiFinder, a task is simply one instance of an application program. There is no policy to which applications must adhere; each task determines exactly when it wishes to yield control of the CPU—it will never return control until it explicitly decides to do so.

Cooperative multitasking has its advantages and its disadvantages. As an applications developer, you can assume your application has complete control over the machine while it runs. Thus, you can make many simplifying assumptions, especially when you want real-time control. If the operating system itself decides when to switch between tasks, as in preemptive multitasking, it can't always know exactly when is the best time to switch; it simply doesn't know as much about a task as the task itself does.

On the other hand, cooperative multitasking requires correct responses from every task. If a single task decides that it won't yield the CPU, then the entire system will appear to hang. Even if a task just holds the CPU for too long a period, the response time of the system can suffer dramatically.

The entire structure of the Macintosh application model revolves around the assumption that an application will constantly call the Toolbox traps, \_GetNext-Event, \_WaitNextEvent, and \_Event-Avail, to retrieve an event and respond to it. It's relatively painless to switch between applications when those calls are made.

For these same reasons, cooperative multitasking would be a disaster in a generic Unix environment. In this case, there is a real loss of transparency as Unix tools are command-line-driven rather than event-driven, and thus don't necessarily make certain calls with any known frequency. Also, when you use such an environment, you're more likely to create your own quick-and-dirty applications, which might crash but shouldn't hang the entire system if they do. Of course, if you use only shell scripts as tools, then it would be simple to build the necessary cooperation into the shell interpreter.

The moral of this is that cooperative multitasking is very useful, but only when you can make certain assumptions about the run-time environment. However, there wasn't much of a choice for the Macintosh. Although the existing application model could theoretically support preemptive multitasking, it would involve a great deal of rewriting of Toolcontinued

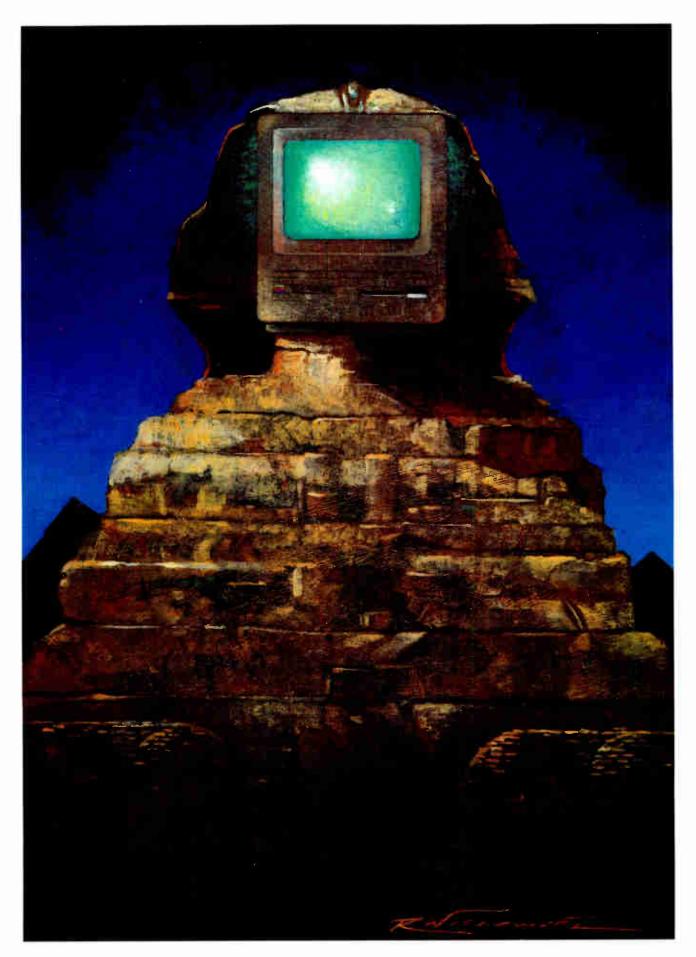


ILLUSTRATION: ROBERT WISNEWSKI © 1988

box and operating-system code, code that is currently in ROM. In addition, there would be greater compatibility problems.

### **Heaps of Memory**

Before explaining the hows and whys of cooperative multitasking under Multi-Finder, let's discuss the backdrop against which task switching occurs: the memory model provided by MultiFinder.

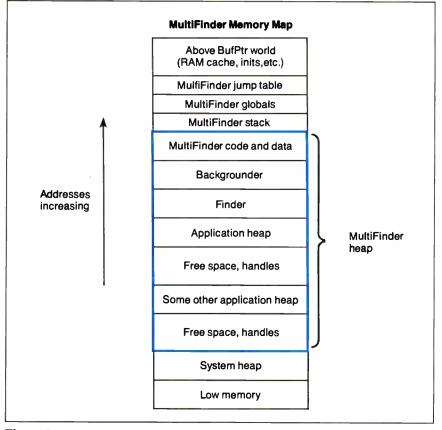
MultiFinder doesn't radically change the Macintosh interface that a user sees, but instead extends that model in a logical manner. This is also true of the model that the applications developer uses. The memory model, for example, changes little except to support multiple applications in memory at one time.

The basic Macintosh memory model consists of one application heap (a heap is a large chunk of memory partitioned and managed by the Memory Manager) and one system heap. MultiFinder has multiple application heaps (see figure 1). These heaps are created as nonrelocatable blocks in the MultiFinder heap, which is located in the same place as the single application heap is in the basic model—directly above the system heap. MultiFinder still uses a single system heap. The basic Macintosh model has a somewhat arbitrary partitioning of memory and resources between the system and application heaps. With the new model, one of the primary purposes of the system heap is to share resource blocks among the applications (resources are blocks of data that are read from resource files and tracked in memory using resource maps).

This design works out nicely for three reasons. First, sharing naturally saves space, which is critical on a system with 1 megabyte or less of RAM. The space needed by a single application can be a very large percentage—sometimes 100 percent—of the machine's total memory.

Second, moving system resources out of the application heap implies that significantly fewer system-memory requirements will be made of the heap. An application that attempts to do a complete accounting of memory usage in its heap has problems when the system allocates blocks behind its back. The new scheme alleviates this problem to a great extent.

Finally, since all the shared resources are located in the system heap, they don't



**Figure 1:** The MultiFinder memory map. Notice that MultiFinder has more than one application heap.

need to be reinitialized each time an application launches. Much of the time spent in the original system's launch code, and in the initialization code of the application itself, was spent reloading the resources from disk. Some of these resources, such as fonts, can be very large.

However, MultiFinder's sharing creates a much greater, and much more dynamic, need for space in the system heap. Early in the development effort, the system heap was significantly enlarged when MultiFinder itself started up. However, it became obvious that this was too great a space penalty to pay. The Memory Manager was modified to allow the system heap to grow and shrink (at the expense and gain of the MultiFinder heap) as memory needs dictated, thus allowing extra space for both system-memory requests and new application heaps.

Although the changes to the memory model are fairly subtle, some applications make assumptions that are no longer valid. Some applications assume that the system and application heaps are contiguous. Others assume that certain resources will be put in the application heap rather than the system heap. The latter assumption is particularly dangerous because of the actions that an application might take based upon it. For example, one application has a procedure that continually purges such resources when there is no free space in the application heap. Under MultiFinder, the application is actually freeing space in the system heap, and not alleviating the problem at all. Worse, the application actually ends up deadlocked in a loop, continually purging these resources but never freeing up enough memory.

This entire situation is a result of certain strong implicit assumptions about the "classic" Mac's memory model. Fortunately, very few applications make such assumptions.

### **Context Switching**

MultiFinder employs cooperative multitasking, switching contexts only when the application calls the trap\_WaitNext-Event, \_GetNextEvent, or \_Event-Avail. The scheduler does a context switch in three cases: as part of a layer switch, as a switch into a background application, or to let an application update its windows.

A context switch is a fairly large operation on a Macintosh. The environment is so rich that the context belonging to a task is potentially very large. Fortunately, on average, most applications avoid creating huge contexts for themselves (except for the many low-memory locations that are



accessed on their behalf) by making use of the memory-saving features below.

In general, a context switch consists of saving the context of the task being switched in (known as the source task) and then restoring the context of the task being switched out (the destination task). In the Mac, the switch also requires removing (and saving) application-specific entities from system data structures from the source task, and restoring those entities from the destination task. These entities include:

• Device-control entries (DCEs): The Unit Table is an array of handles to device-control entries, located in low memory. Each DCE corresponds to a local driver, one that belongs to the application. The driver's resources come from the application's resource file. (Although it might come from a different file, it can never be the system file.) The memory for the driver is located in the application's heap.

When a task is switched out, the system must remove all the DCE handles for its local drivers from the Unit Table and save them in a structure local to the task. When the task is switched back in, the system restores its drivers from its local structure. When an application quits, either with dignity or because of a crash, the system again removes its DCE handles from the table.

Most applications don't employ local drivers. An application's own desk accessory (such as a word processor with a spelling checker) is simply a special type of driver on the Mac.

However, most of the drivers come from the system file, including the system desk accessories, AppleTalk drivers, and default print drivers. These drivers are never switched; therefore, it's very important that the unit number (i.e., the index into the Unit Table) of a particular local driver not match that of any system driver. If it does, then when the local driver is switched in, its local DCE handle will clobber that of the system driver in the Unit Table. Worse, when the task is switched out, there will be an empty hole in the Unit Table, and you won't know which system driver should be restored.

• *Trap patches:* Trap patching is the method by which the routine associated with a given A-line trap is replaced by a new routine. (An A-line trap captures those instructions whose first byte is A.) Pointers to these routines are kept in two tables in low memory known as the operating-system and Toolbox trap tables. The A-line dispatcher indexes into the

appropriate table based on the number of the trap executed.

While most applications never need to patch traps, there are some that do. For example, an application might patch out all the Memory Manager traps that allocate master pointers (MPs). When the Memory Manager runs out of MPs in a heap, it allocates a new block of them. This new block is nonrelocatable, so it could easily cause fragmentation. Therefore, the trap patches would just make sure to compact the heap if there are no MPs left when the trap call is made.

MultiFinder tracks the traps that each application patches. When the application is switched out, its patch-routine pointers are removed from the trap table and replaced by the pointers to the previous routines. When the application is switched back in, its routines are restored. Patches are also permanently removed when the application guits.

In order to track patches by the applications, MultiFinder itself must patch the trap \_SetTrapAddress, which is the mechanism by which other traps are patched. At the time the trap is called, a record is saved denoting the new trap routine, the old routine (i.e., the one that is currently being used), and the trap number.

One of the problems with patching is that the application's patch must jump to the old routine; it can't call the old routine as a procedure. This is necessary because system patches often look back up the stack to see who called them. They will activate only if they see a particular return address on the stack. Therefore, you have to call these routines without changing the stack. The only way to do this is to jump to them.

This has two major implications. First, it's not possible to do patch code entirely from a high-level language. At the very least, you'll need assembly language glue (a glue routine is one that converts between the different calling conventions of other languages and the Pascal that the Macintosh ROM expects). Second, it's illegal for an application to have a patch that does post-processing—that is, that has code after the call to the old routine.

• Vertical-blank tasks (VBLs): VBLs are small routines that run during the vertical-retrace interrupt on the Macintosh. This is the interrupt that signifies that the Mac screen has just been completely redrawn from the screen memory. It is used for creating flicker-free animation and also for any type of quick, repetitious tasks. Under MultiFinder, VBLs are treated much like DCEs; that is, they are switched in and out of the VBL queue as their corresponding application is switched in and out. MultiFinder doesn't track these VBLs in the same way it does trap patches. Instead, during the context switch, it walks down the VBL queue, looking for tasks that fall within the application's heap; the VBLs are saved and removed like the DCE handles. They are restored in the same manner. The VBLs belonging to an application are also removed when it quits.

This method provides a way for applications to have persistent VBLs. That is, if an application installs its VBL in the system heap rather than its application heap, the VBL is never removed, not even if the application itself quits.

• *Resources:* The Resource Manager has been changed under MultiFinder so that all resources from the system file are placed in the system heap. This is necessary in order to share these resources among the applications. It's impossible to share a resource in another application's heap; the data for the resource will be destroyed if that other application quits.

Originally, MultiFinder used an algorithm for resources similar to those for VBLs, patches, and DCEs. That is, it would walk through the system map, saving and restoring resource entries belonging to each application. Besides the wasteful redundancy of data involved, using this method greatly damaged the application-initialization and contextswitching times. The latter time was so poor that background tasking seemed too inefficient to implement if a context was to be provided to the background application.

The sharing itself is easily implemented by allowing all the applications to share the system resource map in their resource chains. A resource chain is a linked list of resource maps used as a search path for resources (see figure 2a). Therefore, the old picture of a resource chain has been transformed into a resource wheel (see figure 2b), with the system heap as its hub and each chain as a spoke. The arrows illustrate the search order for resources. They also represent the only order in which the list comprising each spoke is linked. It's impossible for any application to traverse from its spoke to another, so each application still sees only its resource chain.

<sup>•</sup> Low memory: Toolbox and operatingcontinued

system low-memory locations are conceptually divided into those locations that are application-specific and those that are system-wide. For the most part, these correspond to the Toolbox and operating-system locations, respectively, but there are many exceptions. Under MultiFinder, the application-specific locations are saved and restored between low memory and a copy of those locations (one per application) when the task is switched out and then back in.

You must take special care when switching certain memory locations. Some must be switched in a prescribed order relative to others. For example, there is a system VBL, called the "stack sniffer," that constantly checks to make sure the bottom of the application's stack is above the top of the application's heap. Its purpose is to detect collisions between the two—if detected, a system error is generated, and the application quits. Therefore, it's necessary to actually set the variable named StkLowPt to 0 (disabling the stack sniffer), and then switch out the variable that points to the application heap. You must restore this variable, called ApplZone, from the new application *before* you restore StkLowPt, because as soon as the latter becomes nonzero, the stack sniffer is reenabled. When this occurs, the system had better be in a consistent state.

• *Registers:* Each application must have its own set of registers, so the context switch remains transparent in this regard as well. However, since MultiFinder knows that context switches occur only inside calls to particular traps, it needs to save only those registers that, by convention, a trap routine won't destroy: data registers D3 through D7 and address registers A2 through A7.

Some of these registers indirectly contain more context information that is switched when the register itself is. For example, register A7 points to the application's stack. Therefore, when A7 is switched, so is the run-time stack being used, even when processing is still in the

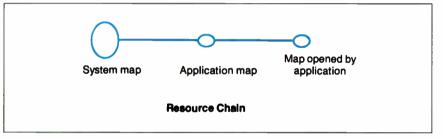


Figure 2a: The original MultiFinder plan for sharing resources involves searching a resource chain like this one.

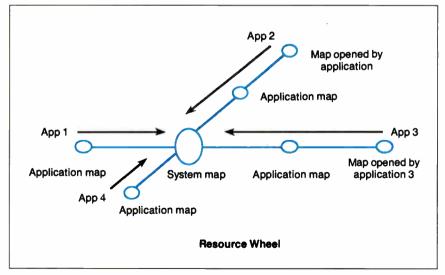


Figure 2b: A more efficient plan has been implemented using a resource wheel. The resource chain still exists for each application, but the plan adds the system heap as the hub of the wheel.

heart of the MultiFinder switching code. Likewise, register A5 typically points at an application's global variables, which are referenced as negative offsets from this pointer; for this reason, they are known as A5 globals. When register A5 is switched, references to globals are switched as well.

If the machine has a floating-point unit (FPU), as the Mac II does, then the floating-point registers and context are also saved and restored. Here, the term "context" refers to the internal state of the FPU itself.

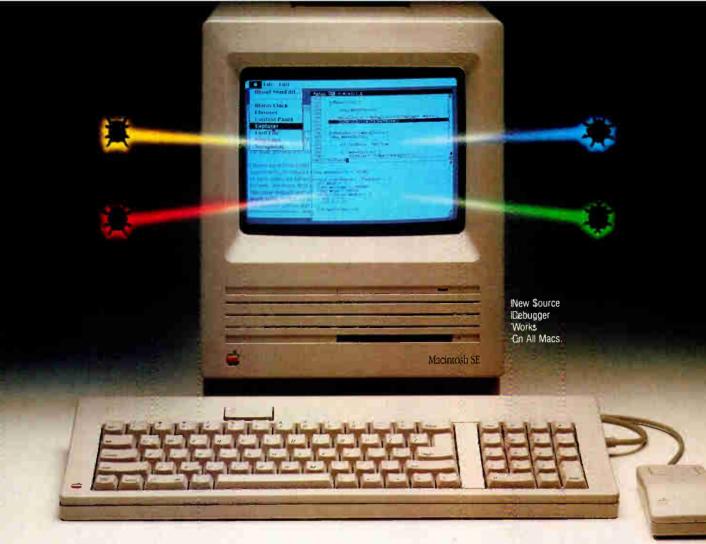
### **Moving Between Layers**

A layer switch is the process by which another layer of windows comes to the front, ahead of the current top layer. The process is rather lengthy compared to a context switch (it occurs across several calls to \_WaitNextEvent or \_GetNext-Event), and actually includes it as part of the layer-switch process.

Layer switching is not transparent to the application. In fact, the switch requires the explicit cooperation of the applications being switched, whether they know it or not. They must accomplish such activities as changing the active state of their topmost window, converting their local Clipboard format to and from the global one if necessary, and desisting from attempting to control the cursor or the menu bar.

It's difficult to persuade older applications (written before MultiFinder) to do all these things, so a little subterfuge is in order. MultiFinder uses a technique known as *scrap coercion* to fool an application into believing that you have chosen a desk accessory (with a window that's very far off-screen) and the copy item (from the edit menu) from the source task; it convinces the destination task that you have chosen the paste item and then closed the desk accessory. (*Scrap* is data that you want to transfer between applications.)

The motivation for employing this process is twofold. First of all, it forces the source application to deactivate its frontmost window (usually deactivating its scroll bars) in its layer when moving from the front, and vice versa for the destination task, which is coming to the front. Without this, the visual effect of multiple layers would be confusing-the frontmost window of every layer would appear to be active. Worse, some applications take advantage of the fact that no other window lies on top of the frontmost window, and do semilegal drawing that wouldn't work if the application weren't continued



# Aztec C's NEW <u>Source Debugger</u> Takes The Work Out Of Debugging!

Stop entering print statements and re-compiling over and over. Stop spending your time looking at assembly language and hex dumps. Stop agonizing over features you need but can't find...Start using Aztec C's NEW Source Debugger (SDB). It has all the features you expect and more!

### - UNIQUE SDB FEATURES -

Debug your code at the Source Level
 Set Breakpoints and Single Step by Source Line
 Access all Global and Local Variables by Name
 Evaluate and Print the Value of Any C Expression
 Displays all Structure Element Names and Values
 Assembly Language Debugger for intermixed routines
 Debug drivers and desk accessories
 Separate Windows for Source, Data and Commands
 Supports 68010, 68020 and 68881 processors
 Take Advantage of the Introductory Special / Call Today
 1-800-221-04400 (outside NJ)
 Telex: 4995812MANX

Fax: 201/542-8386

(N.I and Outside U.S.)

Aztec C now supports MPW! It compiles blocks of more than 64k for larger applications — which always breaks other compilers. And it produces tighter and faster code. The only logical choice for the Mac is Aztec C and its New SDB.

Maci	intosh II Benchmar	ks	
Dhrystone	Aztec C	MPW-C	Lightspeed
Build Time (sec)	16	25	22
Object Size	4k	4k	107k
Code Size (bytes)	9824	10976	17090
Run Time	258	299	299
Optimizer (Released May 1) g	ives even Better Perfor	mance!	
See for Yourself Demo Disk	Available.		

 SDB Introductory Special through August 31, 1988

 30 Day Satisfaction Guaranteed

 Source Debugger (Reg \$199.)

 Aztec C68k/Mac Prof. Sys (Reg \$199)

 Package of Both

 SAUC OVER 50%

 ONLY \$179.

 Reseller and Distributor Inquiries Welcome

 OOD VISA MCC Wire (damostics & int) & terms

COD, VISA, MC, Wire (domestic & intl.) & terms



1 Industrial Way, Eatontown, New Jersey 07724

World Radio History

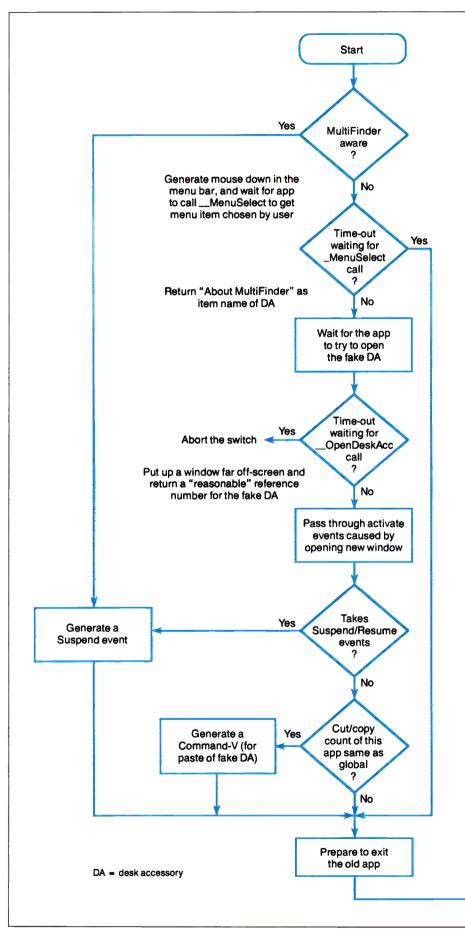
in the frontmost layer. An application can't see the window list of other applications, so the scrap-coercion deskaccessory window can be viewed as a reminder to the application that there are other windows above it, even if it can't quite see them.

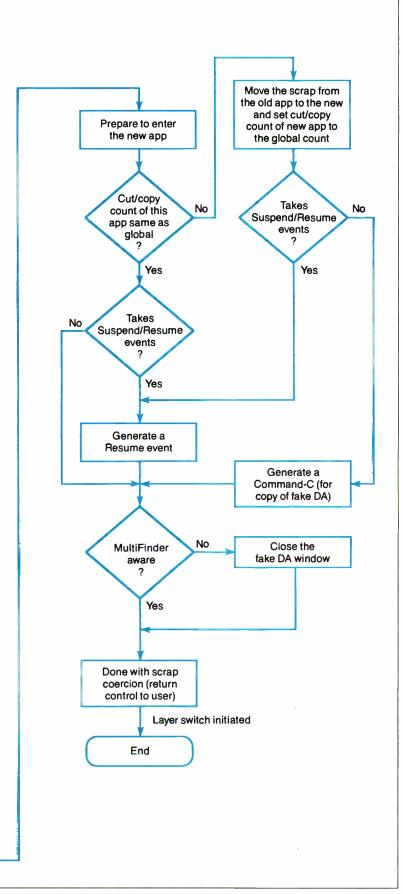
In another way, the desk accessory acts as a marker for the rest of the world. and this is its primary role in the scrapcoercion process-to "coerce the scrap." That is, it must persuade an application to convert its private scrap to the global scrap (the data for the Clipboard). This is important because the application's private scrap could be located anywhere, in any form, in memory or on disk. When the application converts to the global scrap, it puts the data in a welldefined location (in a file named clipboard or in memory referenced from low-memory global ScrapHandle) in a well-defined format. Thus, MultiFinder can copy the data to the global scrap of the destination application.

The premise behind scrap coercion is that once you have cut or copied work with desk accessories, it's necessary for an application to convert to the global scrap when you wish to paste the Clipboard into a desk accessory. Likewise, the application must convert the global scrap to its private one when it thinks you have chosen paste with the frontmost desk-accessory window. The application thinks that the desk accessory has altered the contents of the global scrap; thus, the private one must be refreshed.

If applications are somewhat more MultiFinder-friendly, you don't need to go through the entire charade. If an application can handle Suspend and Resume events, then it knows when it's being layer-switched to and from (for which it receives Resume and Suspend events, respectively, as notification). However, in this case, it's still necessary to convince the application of the deskaccessory activity, so it will deactivate its top window. Therefore, an application can actually set a flag that officially deems it MultiFinder-friendly, meaning that it will deactivate its front window when it receives a Suspend event and activate it again when it receives a Resume. In this way, you don't need any of

Figure 3: MultiFinder's method of optimized scrap coercion. Note that you can keep the number of states down by using Suspend and Resume events and if your application has the most recent data in its scrap. This method eliminates the process of copying between global scraps.





the machinery for the desk-accessory charade, thus speeding up the layer switch.

MultiFinder uses a state machine in order to implement scrap coercion. Each state represents the accumulation of all the expected actions the application has accomplished during the process, and the arcs between states represent the correct or expected action to get closer to getting the desk accessory opened and eventually closed again. An action basically consists of a call to some Toolbox trap, most likely \_GetNextEvent or \_WaitNextEvent, or a time-out caused by not calling the expected trap soon enough.

The state machine is really known as optimized scrap coercion (see figure 3). The original notion of scrap coercion came from Switcher, an application from Apple to switch applications, allowing one application at a time on the screen. Much of the time in Switcher's scrap coercion was spent copying the scrap between applications. Therefore, Multi-Finder keeps track of whether you have done a cut or copy, and thus changed the Clipboard, and it copies handles only when the application being switched to has stale data. This is reflected in the flowchart. Notice that the number of states entered is much smaller if the application receives Suspend and Resume events and is MultiFinder-friendly. The number of states is also smaller if the application already has the most recent data in its scrap, and the potentially time-consuming process of copying between global scraps is completely eliminated.

### What's New

One of MultiFinder's goals was application-level transparency, as evidenced by the machinery described for context and layer switching. However, in certain areas, providing new services creates major optimizations in time and space. Thus, only those applications that use the new services break the transparency; for them, it's obviously beneficial.

WaitNextEvent: One example of the new services is the new Toolbox trap \_Wait-NextEvent. This trap is similar to \_Get-NextEvent, in that it can be used as the event dispatcher at the heart of any event loop. In addition, it provides a way for an application to sleep for a specified time if no events are pending. This allows the trap to move away from the polling behavior implicit in the use of \_GetNext-Event, which is called as often as possible.

continued

### Circle M39 on Reader Service Card



### Turns any PICT file into its C or Pascal source!

You know how difficult solving PICT incompatibilities can be. Most major Macintosh developers use *PICT Detective* to solve those mysterious problems you should, too!

### Version 2.0 Features

- · Stand-alone application
- · Analyzes any PICT
- Displays symbolic description of each picture element
- · C, Pascal, Rez output
- · Examines damaged pictures
- Full Color QuickDraw support
- Parses picture comments—both standard and your own
- · Complete with MPW tools



Ask your local dealer, or order direct with Visa/Mastercard: Call (619) 721-7000



PICT Detective is a trademark of Palomar Software, Inc. Macintosh is a trademark of Apple Computer, Inc.

\* California residents add 7% sales tax. Nominal shipping and handling charges extra.

### SEE US AT MACWORLD EXPO/BOSTON

### MULTIFINDER REVEALED

Another service provided by \_Wait-NextEvent is to return a new event, mouse-moved, when the cursor has moved outside a bounding region provided by the application. This again makes polling unnecessary, as in the case where an application needs to change the cursor as it passes over different areas on the screen. This need might occur, for example, when an application wants to change the cursor from the arrow to the I-beam cursor shape while the cursor moves into a region that contains editable text.

A final need for polling in the classic Mac model was to give drivers time to run. This was accomplished by requiring the application to call the trap \_System-Task as often as possible, which, in turn, would dispatch time to the drivers as appropriate. This requirement is eliminated by using \_WaitNextEvent. The trap routine is responsible for scheduling the drivers.

The Pascal calling convention for the trap is as follows:

FUNCTION WaitNextEvent(mask: INTE-GER; VAR event: EventRecord; sleep: LONGINT; mouseRgn: RgnHandle): BOOLEAN;

The mask and event parameters are the complete set of arguments for \_GetNext-Event. The sleep parameter is the number of clock ticks until the system should awaken the application (and return a null event to it) if no events have been returned beforehand. MouseRgn is a handle to a region that should bound the cursor.

Temporary memory calls: MultiFinder provides a service by which it can, for example, allocate or deallocate blocks in its heap just as it would handles in other heaps. This is useful when an application has a short but memory-intensive need. There is a new set of traps for accessing these services-different from the direct Memory Manager traps available. These traps allow for a level of indirection that will prove useful for MultiFinder. For example, they would allow memory to be found in places where it wasn't originally located (perhaps not even in a heap). This might be useful, for instance, if a Mac II NuBus card provides extra RAM, but the RAM isn't contiguous with main memory; with these new traps, it would be possible to build another heap from which to allocate temporary memory.

More importantly, the explicit calls for the temporary memory allow Multi-Finder to track memory use by all applications. Therefore, if an application quits without deallocating its memory, or if it crashes, then MultiFinder can clean up after it and not orphan the temporary memory blocks that the application didn't release. Also, it would be desirable to do more stringent error checking on the blocks, as an inconsistent Multi-Finder heap could easily cause the entire system to crash.

Launch: The original operating-system trap \_launch terminates the current application and then executes the new application. Recent systems have provided an additional feature to \_launch known as sublaunch. Basically, in sublaunch, an application sets a certain launch flag that tells the operating system that it expects to be relaunched after the new applica-tion terminates. This provides a degree of automation when the launchee is to be used for a brief, specific purpose. However, it suffers from all the obvious problems inherent in a unitasking model. Also, the launcher's context (e.g., the documents that are open, the window sizes, and the positions) is lost when the application is relaunched, unless it explicitly saves and restores it itself. Even then, this is a fairly time-consuming process to sit through.

With MultiFinder, the application can set yet another launch flag that tells the operating system that the application expects to return from the launch trap itself; it doesn't automatically wish to be terminated. In this way, the application avoids the loss of context caused by the sublaunch, as it just sticks around.

In its development stages, MultiFinder always allowed \_launch to return to the launching application, rather than terminating it. This offered a great deal of leverage to many applications in that they automatically could take advantage of the new launch capabilities without having to be programmed for them explicitly. Unfortunately, some applications implicitly assume that the \_launch trap will never return. Usually, the problem is that there is simply no more code in the program after the call to \_launch; after the return, the application runs wild. Thus, it was necessary to force applications to prove that they were ready to continue running. They prove it by setting the TwitchLaunch flag in the extended \_launch parameter block.

Under MultiFinder, the call to \_launch is simply a request to launch and execute an application. In the trap itself, memory is allocated for the application from the MultiFinder heap, and the system data structures necessary to support the application are initialized. However, the first instruction of the application code isn't actually executed until the layer switch, which was also initiated in \_launch, is completed. In newer versions, MultiFinder determines if the launchee already exists. If it does, Multi-Finder merely initiates a layer switch to the application; it doesn't create a new copy.

Open document and quit events: When the user chooses Shutdown from the Finder's Special menu, the Finder will try to quit all the other running applications first. It does this by passing a special event to MultiFinder, one per application, which MultiFinder converts into the actions necessary to persuade the application to quit gracefully.

Basically, these actions are used to inform the application that the user has decided to quit. More specifically, they convince the application that the Quit item has been selected from its File menu. Then control returns to the user for responses to any ensuing dialogues, such as requests to save changed documents before quitting.

A problem arises if the application has no File menu or Quit item, or if they are spelled slightly differently. Therefore, the Finder doesn't actually pass these strings explicitly in the Quit event that it sends to MultiFinder. Instead, the Finder specifies two resource IDs, numbers 100 and 101. These are used to find string resources of type 'mstr' where the two IDs refer to the File-menu name string and the Quit-item name string, respectively.

MultiFinder first looks in the application for these resources. If it doesn't find them, then it will use the default ones located within its own resource map. This allows applications with nonstandard versions of these strings to still be quittable before shutdown. For example, HyperCard has its own resource ('mstr', 101) set equal to the string "Quit Hyper-Card." Using the resources also solves the one problem posed by using applications in other languages. You can customize older applications with different menu strings by using ResEdit or some other tool to put the 'mstr' resources in the application's resource file. Multi-Finder itself can be modified so that its default 'mstr' resource is in the language most commonly used by the applications it runs.

In much the same way as with the Quit event, the Finder also sends an Open event through newer MultiFinders when you open the document of an already existing application (usually by doubleclicking on its icon). The Open event is converted to the actions necessary to convince the application that you have chosen the Open item from the File menu, but it really looks for the resources ('mstr', 102) and ('mstr', 103), respectively, for the title and item strings. Unlike the situation with the quit actions, in this case MultiFinder doesn't return control to the user quite yet.

Most applications at this point bring up the Standard-File dialog box to allow you to choose which document to open. MultiFinder already knows which docu-

xplicit calls for temporary memory will allow MultiFinder to track memory use by all applications.

ment it wishes to open (the Finder has told it), and, therefore, it convinces the application that it has indeed put up the dialog box (by patching out \_SFGetFile and \_SFPGetFile), and that the user has chosen the particular document. Since the dialog box is never made visible, what you see after the double-click in the Finder is a layer switch to the document's creator application, followed by the application magically opening a window for the document.

### **Building and Burning Bridges**

During the development of MultiFinder, we were amazed at how many applications worked with it, no matter what twist or turn we were experimenting with at the time. These applications were so resilient that they seemed to be impossible to break, even while MultiFinder itself was unstable.

Unfortunately, certain other applications were much more fragile. While the number of incompatible applications eventually became very small, this was due largely to explicit fixes within Multi-Finder to fix problems within the applications themselves, bugs that the Multi-Finder environment revealed.

For example, a couple of applications

would crash unless they were loaded into the first megabyte of the MultiFinder heap. Therefore, we had to "specialcase" these applications and make sure that the launch-time memory allocation kept the blocks for these applications within the first megabyte. This was difficult because the Mac's Memory Manager has no concept of absolute addresses; the memory-allocation traps grab memory from wherever they can find it. You have to play some ugly tricks on the Memory Manager to get the bounded block.

Another problem with the allocation is that because the application's heap block must lie so low in the MultiFinder heap, it might have to be launched into a block lower than the system heap can shrink, and thus these applications might be unlaunchable even when there's plenty of memory above 1 megabyte. In any case, they definitely stunt the system heap's growth.

Another application assumes that the value of low-memory global CurrentA5 never changes during asynchronous file reads and writes. This variable is so named because it serves as a static pointer to an application's globals; you could reload register A5 from this global if for some reason the register's contents had changed. Unfortunately, the asynchronous file-completion routine supplied by the application runs at interrupt time, so it might execute after another application that has a different value for CurrentA5 is already running. Therefore, MultiFinder waits for a pending asynchronous file operation to complete before context switching.

There are many more examples of such hacks in MultiFinder. From one point of view, they are ugly, applicationspecific pieces of code that shouldn't be part of an operating system. But, from another point of view, they can be seen as bridges between the liberties permitted applications in the original Macintosh operating system and the more restrictive rules necessary in the MultiFinder environment. Newer applications must obey these rules, so no new hacks will be added. In addition, as applications are revised and fall into disuse, it will be possible to remove the hacks for them. Thus, these bridges will eventually be burned-but not until the entire application base has crossed them.

Phil Goldman is coauthor of MultiFinder and a member of the Macintosh OS Group with Apple Computer in Cupertino, California. You can reach him on BIX as "editors."

# FLEXSCAN<sup>®</sup> 9070S, PC Hi-Res That Looks Like a Million.

The FLEXSCAN 9070 Multiple Scan monitor is of course compatible with other multi-scans, but includes improvements that will give you the professional edge which is the mark of a good investment.

You can extend your multi-scan range from 20kHz to 50kHz in practical terms. This means that, at the 48-50 kHz range, you can make use of PC CAD/CAE capabilities at a resolution of up to 1024 dots  $\times$  768 lines. The FLEXSCAN 9070 takes advantage of non-interlace high resolution signal as high as 1024  $\times$  768 to provide you with a flicker free display at much brightness. You can also use the 9070 with IBM PS/2 or VGA compatible boards at a high resolution mode like 800  $\times$  600 and 1024  $\times$  768 (non-interlace).

The FLEXSCAN 9070 provides a 16-inch screen, large enough for CAD/CAE and 3-D projections, yet small enough to fit comfortably into your home work space.





1024 dots  $\times$  768 lines Graphics (Non-interlace) AutoCAD

Also, for your convenience, all controls and switches, including the alternate video input, are located within easy reach on the front panel. The FLEXSCAN 9070 is compatible with a wide range of IBM, Apple, and other products, allow you to use all of today's popular programs---at a resolution that looks like a million.

### FLEXSCAN<sup>®</sup> MODEL 9070S

- •IBM VGA(PS/2), 8514/A, PGC, EGA compatible and CAD/CAE use.
- Apple Mac. II and SuperMac Spectrum compatible
- Max. 1280 dots × 800 lines high resolution
- 1024 dots × 768 lines display on Non-Interlace signal delivers flicker-free high-res graphics
- 20kHz to 50kHz horizontal scan automatic adjustment. 50Hz to 80Hz vertical scan automatic adjustment
- 16 inch, 0.31mm dot pitch and newly developed XF(Extended Field) Gun to obtain both brightness and sharp focus.
- Front mounted controls including the input signal select switch between 2 video input.
- Selecting white or Amber displays colored application in shades of gray or amber
- Tilt-Swivel stand standard

# NANAO USA CORPORATION

23510 TELO AVE., SUITE 5 TORRANCE, CA 90505 PHONE (213) 325-5202 FAX (213) 530-1679

### Specifications are subject to change without notice

APPE Macritosh II are registered trademarks of Apple Computers Inc. ARTIST, ARTIST 19 (a) ARTIST 10 ARTIST 100 (b) are todemarks of Control Systems Inc. 18M IB/ PC 31 AT and PC-22 are registered trademarks of International Business Macrines Colonomics Spasshow. It is a hostwarks, Technologies, SpassFCA Heise Colonal Control (Colonal) and Colonal Colona Colonal Colonal Colonal Colonal Col

> Circle M36 on Reader Service Card (DEALERS: M37)

World Radio History

# **The Well-Connected Mac**

Janet J. Barron and Robert L. Mitchell

What constitutes a network? Everyone has a different opinion. Essentially, a network is any hardware or software configuration that interconnects computers and other intelligent devices to allow a meaningful exchange of data.

A network can comprise a simple set of connections that allow two Macintoshes to share a laser printer. It may be a more sophisticated local-area network (LAN) that supports application, file, and peripheral sharing, or it may include microcomputer-to-host links that let the Mac access mainframe resources, such as the corporate database.

The success of the Mac has helped Apple get its foot in the corporate door. Now, with an increasing number of Macs in the office, the next step is to integrate them with other computing resources. Macs, IBM PCs, minicomputers, and mainframes can share the same building, but they can't always share the same applications or data. Fortunately, much of the technology necessary to network these disparate environments is already in place.

The foundation of Mac networking is the LAN: the physical and logical connections that assemble data into packets and route it through a cabling system to its proper destination. Upon this platform, higher-level functions such as file sharing, electronic mail (E-mail), and internetwork communications occur.

### **Applecentric Networking**

Because networks have never been easy to implement, most people probably think of LANs as being quite complicated, consisting of a bunch of jerryrigged wires connecting groups of similar, local machines. The ease with which you can construct an AppleTalk network may go far to change that image.

Anthony Cagle, Apple's manager of Communications Product Development, breaks networking into two basic models: a simple AppleTalk Personal Network configuration in which you can

## A guide to networking on the Macintosh

share peripherals among multiple workstations, and a more sophisticated, more recent model that, via Appleshare fileserver software, centralizes file storage to let networked Macs share resources and control file access.

At the heart of the company's communications strategy is AppleTalk, a proprietary seven-layer communications architecture that's similar to the International Organization for Standardization's Open Systems Interconnection (OSI) reference model. AppleTalk comprises a suite of networking protocols built into the Mac that serve as the foundation of the Apple-Talk Personal Network and that determine every aspect of Macintosh communications, from the type of LAN interconnections that is used to how applications communicate between workstations (see figure 1).

What sets an AppleTalk LAN apart from its PC LAN counterparts is that it supports peer-to-peer communications between devices. Unlike a 3Com or Novell PC LAN, there is no controlling node in an AppleTalk network; all communications are of equal importance and all commands are processed sequentially.

An AppleTalk network is also relatively easy to set up because the network is self-configuring. This is made possible by the AppleTalk Name Binding Protocol (NBP), which dynamically assigns a name and address to each node as it's connected to the network. By contrast, adding a new node to a typical PC LAN requires the system administrator to bring the network down and then make the necessary hardware and software changes to reconfigure it.

AppleTalk's Printer Access Protocol (PAP) provides the connections necessary to allow shared access to a laser printer, and AppleTalk Filing Protocol (AFP) determines how file sharing takes place over the network. AppleTalk runs over a proprietary shielded twisted-pair cabling scheme called LocalTalk at 230.4 kilobits per second (kbps). Since AppleTalk is part of the Mac operating system, network operating-system software is not required. The AppleTalk design also includes a LocalTalk interface that's built into the Mac serial port, eliminating the need for a LAN interface card.

LocalTalk supports up to 32 users over distances of up to 1000 feet between nodes. However, bridge devices, such as Hayes's NetBridge, let you interconnect distinct AppleTalk LANs to expand the total number of users. Repeaters amplify the AppleTalk signal to extend maximum cabling distances; the TOPS repeater, for example, increases the maximum cabling distance to 2000 feet.

### **Alternatives to LocalTalk**

AppleTalk is not limited to LocalTalk connections: You can configure it to operate over a variety of other media. One alternative is to use less expensive unshielded twisted-pair wire. Farallon Computing's PhoneNet, for example, replaces LocalTalk with telephone wire and RJ-11 telephone jacks. You can daisy chain the devices together or use existing telephone wire in a star configuration. In the latter, a hub controller routes data between devices. Another, more expensive implementation is Northern Telecom's LANStar Apple-Talk, which supports up to 1344 Mac IIs, IBM PCs, and other devices at 2.56 megabits per second (mbps) over existing telephone wiring. A central controller can directly connect all devices, or it can continued

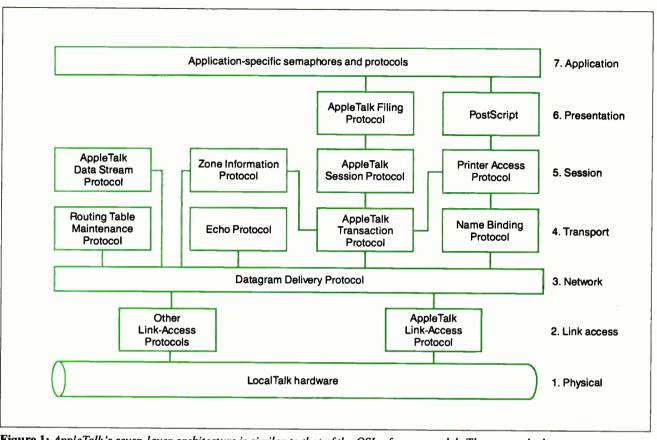


Figure 1: AppleTalk's seven-layer architecture is similar to that of the OSI reference model. The protocols, however, are proprietary.

act as a bridge between AppleTalk LANs throughout a building.

If electrical interference or network security is a problem, another alternative is to run AppleTalk over a fiber-optic cabling system, such as that supplied by DuPont Electronics of New Cumberland, Pennsylvania. Fiber isn't easily tapped, it's impervious to electromagnetic interference, and you can run it up to 4900 feet between devices. On the other hand, fiber cabling systems are expensive, and the medium's high bandwidth (in the hundreds of megabits) usually makes it more cost-effective as a backbone for interconnecting multiple AppleTalk LANs. Dupont's scheme currently supports transmissions at LocalTalk speeds (230.4 kbps), far short of fiber's potential. Dupont is working on a system that will support AppleTalk at higher speeds.

If LocalTalk speeds are too slow, you can run AppleTalk over a 10-mbps coaxial-cable Ethernet network. Ethernet is key to connecting the Mac to many other computing environments. Apple's implementation, EtherTalk, is a NuBus Ethernet interface card for the Mac II that replaces AppleTalk's physical and linkaccess protocols with the IEEE 802.3 coaxial-cable Ethernet specifications. Other vendors, like Kinetics, offer an Ethernet interface card for the Mac SE or an external box that works with the Mac's small computer system interface (SCSI) port.

An alternative to connecting Macs directly to Ethernet is to provide an AppleTalk-to-Ethernet gateway, such as Kinetics' FastPath. Macs on LocalTalk access Ethernet through a device that converts between LocalTalk and Ethernet protocols.

A recently approved standard for running Ethernet over unshielded twistedpair wire offers the advantages of Ethernet speeds without the expense of installing coaxial cable. A Mac interface card that supports Ethernet over standard telephone wire should be available from Kinetics by the time you read this.

LocalTalk simply provides basic connectivity between Macs. You'll need additional software to support services such as file sharing. Apple's Appleshare file-server software lets you share files stored in a central location. Designed around AFP, Appleshare runs on a dedicated Mac Plus with a hard disk drive and lets you restrict access to files you create. You must first log on to Appleshare before you can access the server. You own each file that you create, and you determine who has access to each file and at what level. Each person on the network can have no access, read-only access, or read-and-write access. Another security feature is Appleshare's drop folder; anyone on the network can deposit documents into it, but files in the drop folder are invisible to everyone except the folder's owner.

In addition to file-sharing capability, file- and record-locking capabilities are necessary to ensure that two users don't attempt to write to the same file at the same time. Each application must handle this function for its own files; most conform to the AFP specifications.

The main drawback of Appleshare is that you have to dedicate a Mac Plus as a file server. One alternative, TOPS, takes advantage of AppleTalk's peer-to-peer communications capability to provide distributed file service; all nodes act as both file servers and requesters (see the *continued* 

# **MAC NIFICENT**

Introducing our new Macintosh<sup>™</sup> Communications Package<sup>™</sup>: 2400bps modem, MicroPhone<sup>™</sup> software, cable, and a price that makes it all worthwhile.

This one's just for the Macintosh. Even the color is Mac-compatible. And you'll look a long time for a more complete value...a value that begins with our Practical standalone 2400 modem. Feature for feature the PM2400SA is way out in front of anything comparable. Hayes'™ compatibility is 100%. Even the Macintosh version of Hayes' Smartcom™ can't tell the difference. But there's more to the PM2400SA than that...

- 2400, 1200, or 0-300bps operation.
- Automatic adaptive equalization for error-free operation over common phone lines.
- LED displays for all functions.
- Full or half-duplex operation.
- Pulse or touch-tone dialing.



- User modifiable, non-volatile, RAM stores modem configurations.
- Automatic answer mode.
- Complies with Bell 212A, 103, FCC Part 68, etc.

We've made a great deal greater! By itself the PM2400SA is a great value. But, along with the modem, our Communications Package includes both the cable you need and MICROPHONETM... the communications program that goes beyond any program available for the Mac...FREE. The complete package is an absolutely irresistible \$299!

Improved technology. Performance. Value. And the best guarantee in the business...a performance guarantee that's 5 full years long. Hardware, software, a rock solid guarantee, and superior value...we'll say it again, "macnificent!"



31245 La Baya Drive, Westlake Village, CA 91362 Sales Office: 1-800-442-4774 Corporate Headquarters: 1-818-706-0333 FAX: 1-818-706-2474 All products and names trademarked are properties of their respective manufacturers. 1988 Practical Peripherals, Inc. All rights reserved.

MODEMS • BUFFERS • IBM & APPLE ENHANCEMENTS • INTERFACES

Circle M42 on Reader Service Card

### THE WELL-CONNECTED MAC

# It's TOPS

### Nicholas M. Baran

OPS is an AppleTalk-compatible I distributed network operating system that lets Macintoshes and IBM PCs share files, hard disks, and laser printers. Unlike Appleshare, however, TOPS does not require a dedicated central file server, but distributes this function between all workstations. TOPS consists of software for each Mac and IBM PC, and it runs over Local-Talk or telephone-wire cabling, such as Farallon Computing's PhoneNet. It's compatible with applications that support the AppleTalk Filing Protocol (AFP), and it can also support Sun workstations.

If you're using TOPS/DOS on the PC, you'll also need the TOPS Flash-Card or another AppleTalk PC interface card. FlashCard supports standard 230.4-kilobit-per-second (kbps) Local-Talk speeds for laser printer and PC-to-Mac communications, but it can also transmit PC-to-PC at 770 kbps. By the time you read this, a similar product may be available for the Mac, according to TOPS. FlashCard includes a standard plug-in card with software drivers and an installation guide.

### **Distributing File Service**

TOPS is a distributed network operating system. When you use TOPS, you don't need to dedicate a Mac as a file server,

text box "It's TOPS" by Nicholas M. Baran). Another way to avoid buying a dedicated server is to allow a Mac to act as both a central file server and a workstation. Tangent Technologies' Mac-Serve, for example, offers the benefits of centralized file storage for up to 16 users on a Mac hard disk. You can designate the hard disk of any Mac as a shared disk and divide it into private or shared volumes. This arrangement works best with a few nodes; as network activity increases, the server work station's performance rapidly decreases.

### Mac to PC

Unlike the Mac, there is no de facto communications architecture built into the IBM PC. Rather, each LAN vendor has developed its own proprietary set of networking protocols. While these companies use industry-standard LAN topologies, such as Ethernet and Token Ring at as you do with Appleshare, Apple's centralized file-server software. Each machine in the network acts as both a "client," using the resources of other machines, and as a "server," providing its resources to other computers on the network.

For example, if your workstation is an IBM PC XT, once you run TOPS/ DOS and log on to the network, you can "publish" local file folders, volumes, or an entire hard disk, so any networked Mac or PC can access it. Only those files that you publish are available to other network clients. On the Mac desktop, the XT's hard disk appears as an icon representing another Mac hard disk. The Mac can also transfer files from the XT for local storage.

A key issue with every network is security. TOPS uses a password scheme that you can apply to any published folder, volume, or disk on the network. You can also specify that the files be read-and-write or read-only access, and that only one user access the volume at a time. It's not possible, however, to let some users have limited access and some have no access to a file, as you can with Appleshare.

By contrast, Appleshare lets you set access privileges with a desk accessory, and security is more stringent. You must log on to the network to access the file server. You own the folders (or subdirectories) that you create, and you determine which users have access to those folders and what level of access each user has.

### Setting Up

I set up a TOPS network that consisted of a Mac SE, an IBM PC XT, and an Apple LaserWriter IINTX, arranged in a typical daisy-chain configuration. I connected the devices to each other via Farrallon's PhoneNet connectors, which consist of two RJ-11 plugs: one input jack, and one output jack. The daisy-chain end connectors have only one RJ-11 connection; a special resistor provided with the connector kit terminates the other plug.

Getting TOPS up and running is simple. You connect each Mac by plugging a LocalTalk connector into the Mac's printer port. If you're connecting PCs to the network, you install FlashCards, connect the RJ-11 cables supplied with the PhoneNet RJ-11 connectors, and install the software on each system, and you're ready to go. TOPS on the PC is a RAM-resident program that you load from the DOS prompt or via an AUTOEX-EC.BAT file. The program requires 170K bytes to 230K bytes of RAM, and it is copy-protected, so you must buy a copy of TOPS for each workstation.

their lowest levels, each one has its own method of providing higher-level functions. The result is a fragmented approach to interconnecting Macs and PC LANs.

There are two ways to integrate Mac and PC LAN environments: You can integrate PCs into an AppleTalk network, or you can extend the PC LAN environment to support the Mac. The latter may not be an option if your PC LAN doesn't support the Mac, however. On the other hand, if all you need to do is perform simple file exchanges between Macs and PCs or occasionally access a PC application, you may want to look into several LAN alternatives (see the text box "Exchanging Data" by Cynthia W. Harriman on page 62).

PCs can participate on an AppleTalk network via an AppleTalk PC interface card, which fits into a standard expansion slot on the IBM PC. However, this still limits PCs to printing documents on a networked laser printer. Appleshare PC, an extension of Appleshare, lets PC users access an Appleshare file server. Other software packages, such as TangentShare from Tangent Technologies, let you configure an IBM PC or PS/2 to participate on an AppleTalk network as an AFP-compatible file server.

Another way to network Macs and PCs is by linking the Mac to a PC LAN. However, PC LANs are generally more complicated and more expensive than AppleTalk LANs, and they may be less cost-effective for small work groups. The dominant vendors are 3Com, Novell, and Banyan. As a participant on the LAN, a Mac may have access to a range of services, including E-mail, file sharing, gateways to hosts, and other LANs.

3Com offers an extension to its 3+Share network operating system that allows the Mac SE or II to participate as a On the Mac, the TOPS system resides as a desk accessory that automatically loads when you start the Mac. (You can bypass TOPS installation by holding down the Command and Option keys when you start up.)

#### Making an Impression

Aside from file sharing, perhaps the greatest incentive for using TOPS is being able to share a laser printer. But using a laser printer on the network has some limitations. PCs can't print directly to the laser printer unless you buy a copy of NetPrint software for each PC. If you don't have NetPrint, you can send a file to the laser printer from the DOS prompt using the TPRINT command, which is similar to the DOS PRINT command. With TPRINT, you have to first print the file to disk using your word processor or some other application and then send it to the laser printer via TPRINT. This two-step printing process can prove to be a bit cumbersome.

NetPrint intercepts output that has been directed to the PC's printer port and sends it instead to the laser printer on the network. It supports PostScript files and includes a translator for printing IBM ProPrinter or Epson-compatible files. NetPrint operates in the background so that you can continue with other work after you've sent the file to the print queue.

Another feature allows Mac or PC users without hard disks to share hard disks in other workstations. I created a

3Com network node. As such, it can share peripherals and access PC or Mac files stored on a central file server. An Appleshare file server can also support Mac workstations over a 3Com network; however, 3Com's file server does not support AFP. Appleshare file servers on LocalTalk can be linked directly to a 3+Server, which acts as a gateway to 3Com's Ethernet network. Macs with an Ethernet interface card can also operate on a 3Com network directly. A product is also in the works that will allow the Mac to communicate with the 3+Open file server, which runs OS/2 Extended Edition.

Once linked to a 3Com network, Mac participants can access gateways to other LAN environments, such as a token-ring network. Many large corporations also use 3Com's internetwork bridges and gateways to construct wide-area networks (WANs) that connect geographiseparate directory on my PC's hard disk for Mac files, installed several Mac programs on the PC, and ran them from the Mac without a hitch.

The major consideration when sharing a hard disk is data compatibility. Obviously, you can't use a Mac file in a PC application unless it has a compatible data format. TOPS provides a set of translator programs on the Mac that converts between many popular Mac and MS-DOS application files. For example, you can translate a WordStar file to MacWrite or a Lotus 1-2-3 file to Jazz. Many other applications use common data formats on the PC and the Mac or include conversion utilities.

My only complaint with the TOPS system is the documentation, which could explain some details more clearly. I had to make several calls to TOPS's technical-support line before I had things running smoothly. However, TOPS's technical support was excellent. TOPS also provides on-line technical support on BIX.

The cost for TOPS is about \$250 for each Mac, \$59 per laser printer, and \$430 for each PC without NetPrint. Including NetPrint, which I highly recommend, the cost per PC rises to almost \$620. Although the price per PC is a bit steep, TOPS is an elegant and simple solution for small networks of PCs and Macs.

Nicholas M. Baran is a BYTE technical editor. He can be reached on BIX as "nickbaran." TOPS 2.0

#### Туре

AppleTalk networking software for Macintosh and IBM PC

#### TOPS/Macintosh

Price: \$249 Requirements: Mac 512K, Plus, SE, or II

#### TOPS/DOS

Price: \$189 Requirements: IBM PC or compatible with DOS 3.1 or higher; 512K bytes of RAM recommended; one expansion slot for FlashCard

#### **TOPS FlashCard**

Price: \$239 Requirements: IBM PC and one available expansion slot

#### TOPS NetPrint

Price: \$189 Requirements: Same as TOPS/DOS

#### **TOPS Teleconnector**

Price: \$59

#### Company

TOPŚ, a Śun Microsystems Co. 950 Marina Village Pkwy. Alameda, CA 94501 (415) 769-9669

Inquiry M151.

cally dispersed LANs via Tymnet or other packet-switched networks.

Novell recently introduced NetWare Macintosh, an AppleTalk-compatible version of its NetWare LAN operating system. In contrast to 3Com's approach, Novell does not require that an extension of its network operating system reside on each Mac. Instead, Novell has mapped the AppleTalk protocols to NetWare. All protocol translation occurs on the Novell file server, which provides the Mac with transparent access to Novell LAN resources. To Macs attached to a NetWare LAN, the NetWare server appears to function as an Appleshare device. You can connect the Mac to a NetWare server via Ethernet or LocalTalk connections. Once linked to the Novell LAN, you can access resources on DEC and IBM hosts and can take advantage of X.25 interfaces to packet-switched services and WAN bridges.

At the time of this writing, Banyan had not introduced its much rumored software that would extend its VINES network operating system to the Mac. However, Macs can indirectly access files on a Banyan server via a TOPS network. A PC attached to both a TOPS and a VINES network acts as a gateway between the two environments.

#### Mac to DEC

Early last spring, Apple and DEC announced a joint development effort to integrate AppleTalk and DECnet networks. While products have yet to emerge, areas for potential product development include terminal emulation, file sharing and network management, and services such as E-mail. The Apple/ DEC alliance strengthens AppleTalk's credibility in the corporate world and may provide users with network-mancontinued

# Exchanging Data

I f a simple exchange of data between Macs and IBM PCs and compatibles is what you're looking for, several inexpensive alternatives to constructing a LAN are available: establishing a direct connection, performing disk-format conversion, and adding PC coprocessing to your Mac.

Direct-connection schemes use file transfer software to send data between the Mac and PC over dial-up lines or through an RS-232C or small computer system interface (SCSI) link. Disk-format conversion requires adding a third disk drive to your Mac that can read and write PC disk formats. PC coprocessing boards and software let you run PC applications on the Mac. Depending on your needs, a combination of these options may be appropriate. You may also need file-translation software to allow Mac applications to read PC files.

#### **Direct Connection**

The easiest approach to exchanging data is to cable the Mac and PC machines together for quick file transfers. If you choose this approach, you can connect the serial ports on the two machines with an appropriate cable (if you already own one, Apple's Imagewriter I printer cable has the right pin-outs), and you can use standard communications software to send files back and forth.

A more basic approach is to buy a turnkey package like MacLink Plus. This product comes with a serial cable and easy-to-use custom file-transfer software for both the Mac and the PC. The drawback of serial connection, however, is that you'll have to transmit at a relatively slow speed: 57.6 kbps is the current limit.

agement capabilities under Ethernet that AppleTalk currently lacks.

The venture also benefits DEC, which has had limited success with its personal computer offerings. Integrating the Mac into DECnet will be good news for the many firms that use both Macs and VAXes. DEC's research has shown that 36 percent of its VAX users also have Macs and need ways to integrate and enhance these systems.

In the meantime, there are several ways to connect Macs and VAXes. These include VT-100 and VT-200 terminal emulation, DECnet software for the You can overcome this constraint by using the Mac Plus, SE, or II's SCSI. This requires a SCSI PC board and a connecting cable to the Mac's SCSI port. Transmission speed ranges from 1.4 mbps (Mac SE to PC) to 4.2 mbps (Mac II to AT)—substantially faster than serial connections. QuickShare is one product that supports SCSI Mac-to-PC file transfer.

If your machines aren't close enough to allow direct connection, you can use a modem to establish a dial-up connection. For example, MacLink Plus offers a modem option that includes password protection. You can boot MacLink Plus on your office PC, then dial in from a Mac at home, enter the password, and download a Lotus 1-2-3 worksheet. You can then work on it using Excel (which accepts 1-2-3 files) and send it back to the office PC when you're finished. The remote Mac controls the session; you don't need someone at both ends. In addition, MacLink Plus translates many PC application files to Mac application formats.

#### Adding a Drive

Another popular file-transfer solution is to add a special disk drive that lets the Mac read and write DOS-formatted disks. Several options currently exist that let you add an MS-DOS drive to the Mac, and at least one product, Match-Maker, provides a Mac drive on the PC. While all three MS-DOS drives let the Mac read PC disks, each differs in its hardware requirements, its user interface, its file-translation capability, and the PC media it supports.

Dayna Communications' DaynaFile

Mac, and AppleTalk file-server software for the VAX (see figure 2). The latter two alternatives require a Mac connection to DECnet's Ethernet backbone via an Ethernet interface card or an Apple-Talk/Ethernet gateway.

Terminal-emulation packages, available for the Mac Plus, SE, and II, perform the necessary protocol translation to allow the Mac to act as a DEC terminal. Terminal emulation requires software for the Mac and the host, and an RS-232C cable to link the two machines. In addition to remote-terminal capabilities, many terminal-emulation packages

connects to the SCSI port on any Mac Plus, SE, or II and handles both PC-to-Mac and Mac-to-PC conversions. It's available in configurations that support either 360K-byte and 1.2-megabyte 5<sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub>inch floppy disks, or 720K-byte and 1.44-megabyte 3<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>-inch floppy disks. DaynaFile interacts with the Mac's operating system and other software to appear as another Mac drive. In Finder, you can transfer files to and from your PC disk just as you would between Mac floppy disks. Within applications, you can access PC files transparently with the usual Open and Save commands. DaynaFile also includes translation software that converts between PC and Mac application files.

Apple's PC 5.25 Drive is similar to DaynaFile, but it requires a special interface board that makes it usable on only the Mac SE and II. You can transfer files in both directions, but the floppy disk drive reads only 360K-byte PC disks and requires a special transfer program (included with the Mac) to move files; Mac Finder and Mac applications can't access the PC disk directly.

A third alternative is Peripheral Land's Infinity I, a high-capacity 5<sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub>inch floppy SCSI drive intended as a mass-storage device for Mac files. It reads 360K-byte and 1.2-megabyte PC disks, but you can't write Mac files to it.

If you primarily use a PC, you can install MatchMaker, a half-size drive controller board and software that lets you connect a single- or double-sided Mac external floppy disk drive to your PC. The software supports five commands: COPY, DIR, DELETE, TYPE, and

also provide file transfers and other functions. Pacer Software's PacerLink, for example, supports file transfer, virtual disk, and print spooling.

Unfortunately, terminal emulation does not take advantage of the Mac's intelligence; all processing takes place on the host. One solution is to install DECnet software, such as Technology Concepts' CommUnity-Mac, which lets a Mac function as a DECnet end node. Such packages support the Mac interface so that attached Macs can share host resources and access files transparently. Unlike terminal emulation, however, INIT (format). [Editor's note: For more information on QuickShare, DaynaFile, and MatchMaker, see "PCs and Macs Working Together" by Emil Flock in the May BYTE.]

#### Coprocessing

If you need to run PC programs as well as access PC data on your Mac, consider adding PC coprocessing. You can choose either of two coprocessor boards from PerfecTek and AST Research, or you can select software from Insignia, which emulates MS-DOS on the Mac. Mac coprocessing is currently unavailable for the PC.

When comparing coprocessing options, look into the way each product emulates various PC video options (CGA, Hercules, and monochrome are available); how it allows for keyboard differences between the two machines; whether it can access DOS data files and programs from a PC floppy disk drive attached to the Mac; and whether MS-DOS files can share a Mac's hard disk drive. Further, check out how much memory this two-for-one approach eats up, and how performance compares to that of a stand-alone PC or AT.

Whatever system you use to exchange data between Macs and PCs, keep in mind that transferring data between the two machines may be only half the battle; files often need to be translated between Mac and PC application formats before they're usable. Luckily, the current trend is toward greater file compatibility between Mac and PC programs. For example, Microsoft's Excel can accommodate Lotus 1-2-3 spreadsheets, and Mac and PC versions of Excel,

DECnet node emulation allows the Mac to function as an intelligent peer device and requires no special host software. Connection to the DECnet backbone requires an Ethernet interface card or Ethernet gateway. CommUnity software for MS-DOS computers and Sun workstations also provides connectivity with the Mac via DECnet.

A third option is to buy software, such as Alisa Systems' AlisaTalk, that lets a VAX operate as an AFP-compatible file server. A similar alternative is Pacer Software's PacerShare, which is an implementation of Appleshare for the VAX.

## **Products Mentioned**

DaynaFile

single-drive unit ...... \$650-\$850 two-drive unit...... \$810-\$1205 Dayna Communications, Inc. 50 South Main St.. Suite 530 Salt Lake City, UT 84144 (801) 531-0600 Inquiry M182.

Infinity I\$1095
Peripheral Land
47800 Westinghouse Dr.
Fremont, CA 94538
(415) 657-2211
Inquiry M184.

Mac + PC for MacPlus ......\$995 for Mac SE ......\$1095 PerfecTek Corp. 726 South Hillview Dr. Milpitas, CA 95035 (408) 263-7757 Inquiry M188.

Mac286 .....\$1499 AST Research, Inc. 2121 Alton Ave. Irvine, CA 92714 (714) 863-1333 Inquiry M186.

Microsoft Word, and other applications are available. But many other programs still require file-translation software that may or may not be included with the data exchange option you choose. MacLink Plus ......\$195 DataViz, Inc. 16 Winfield St. Norwalk, CT 06855 (203) 866-4944 Inquiry M180.

MatchMaker ......\$149 Micro Solutions 132 West Lincoln Hwy. DeKalb, IL 60115 (815) 756-3411 Inquiry M185.

PC 5.25 Drive ......\$528 Apple Computer, Inc. 20525 Mariani Ave. Cupertino, CA 95014 (408) 996-1010 Inquiry M183.

QuickShare ......\$465 Compatible Systems Corp. P.O. Drawer 17220 Boulder, CO 80308 (303) 444-9532 Inquiry M181.

SoftPC .....\$595 Insignia Solutions, Inc. 1255 Post St., Suite 625 San Francisco, CA 94109 (415) 885-4455 Inquiry M187.

Cynthia W. Harriman of Portsmouth, New Hampshire, is the author of The MS-DOS-Mac Connection (Brady/ Simon & Schuster, 1988). She can be reached on BIX as "editors."

These packages let the Mac access VAX files and laser printers, and they are based on AppleTalk for VMS, a developer's tool that implements the AppleTalk protocol suite on the VAX.

Once Mac-to-VAX network links are set up, application-level communications can occur. One promising development in Mac-to-VAX communications is Network Innovations' CL/1, an SQL-based connectivity language that programmers can use to transparently link Mac and VAX databases. Mac databases that support CL/1 can automatically retrieve data from a VAX database. Access of remote data is transparent to the user, to whom all transactions appear to be happening locally. An Apple subsidiary, Network Innovations plans to extend CL/1 to support other host computers in the future. A few Mac database programs, such as HyperCard, are already providing VAX links through CL/1.

#### Mac to IBM Host

The primary method of connecting the Mac to an IBM mainframe is through terminal emulation. Several configurations are possible (see figure 3). A cocontinued

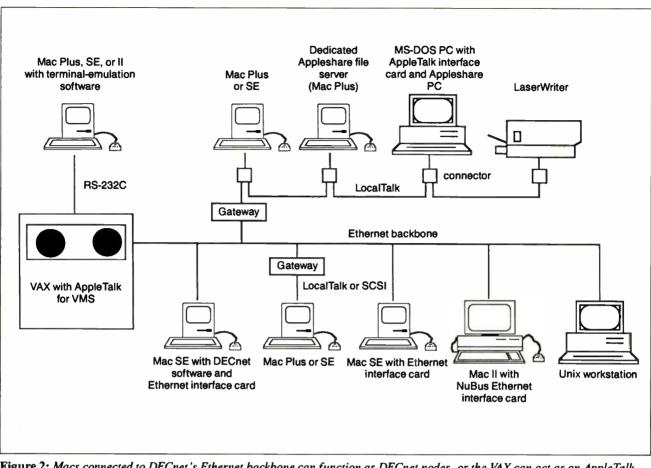


Figure 2: Macs connected to DECnet's Ethernet backbone can function as DECnet nodes, or the VAX can act as an AppleTalk file server.

axial cable can connect the Mac to an IBM 3174 cluster controller, which assembles terminal input into packets and forwards them to the mainframe.

A similar approach is to install an AppleTalk-to-IBM 3270 gateway such as Tri Data Systems' Netway 1000. The Netway acts like an IBM 3274 cluster controller to let multiple workstations on AppleTalk establish concurrent 3270 terminal-emulation sessions (Netway supports up to 16 simultaneous sessions). Most 3270 terminal-emulation packages also support file transfer, but the Mac is still a dumb terminal: It simply acts as a window to processes occurring on the host.

The third option is far more powerful. It's a peer-to-peer approach in which Mac applications support MacAPPC, a developer's tool that implements IBM's Advanced Peer-to-Peer Communications or Logical Unit (LU) 6.2 architecture on the Mac. Unlike terminal emulation, MacAPPC lets the Mac interact transparently as an intelligent node with any computer supporting LU 6.2. In an APPC environment, the user may know nothing about the network and need not be aware of when a connection to the network or to another computer occurs. The application running on the Mac handles this automatically. Applications supporting MacAPPC operate on behalf of the user to transparently provide connection to the network.

MacAPPC comprises a set of APPC functions that reside on a Mac II acting as a nondedicated LU 6.2 gateway on AppleTalk. MacAPPC includes a 68000-based intelligent communications card installed in the Mac II, and an LU 6.2 server utility that supports LU 6.2/Node Type 2.1 functions and acts as the LU 6.2 gateway.

The system administrator controls the APPC gateway. Once activated, the gateway downloads all the LU 6.2 and Node Type 2.1 protocols onto the 68000 card, which distributes sessions over Apple-Talk to Macs running special driver software. The Mac's Chooser lets you select from one or more LU 6.2 gateways on the network. With the advent of MacAPPC, the stage is set for distributed processing between Macs and IBM mainframes. You'll have to wait for the development of applications that take advantage of this new platform, however.

#### Mac to Others

Apple's push is in the areas of DEC and IBM connectivity; however, the Mac can link to many other systems, as well. For example, several methods are available for connecting Macs with Unix workstations and hosts. Here, the standard Macintosh operating system, which supports AppleTalk, requires a different approach than the A/UX Mac, Apple's Unix workstation. A/UX supports the Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) and Sun Microsystems' Network Filing System (NFS)-the de facto network transport and file-sharing standards in the Unix environment (see "Unix and the Mac Interface" by Rick Daley on page 89).

Since the A/UX Mac supports NFS and TCP/IP, connecting to a Sun or other

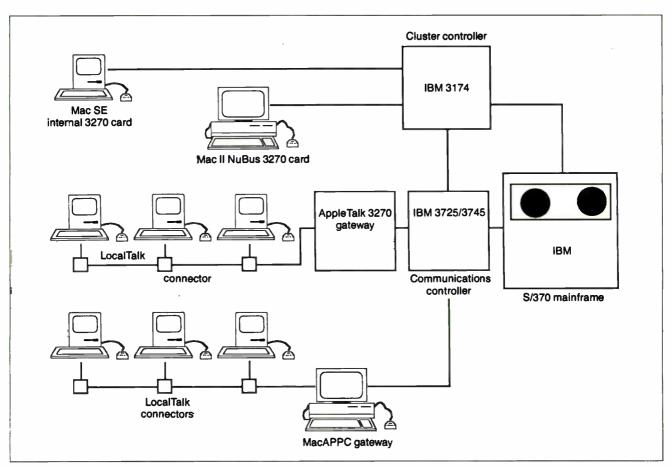


Figure 3: MacAPPC goes beyond 3270 terminal emulation and 3270 gateways to let the Mac act as an intelligent peer node on an IBM SNA network.

Unix workstation is simply a matter of buying an Ethernet interface card to establish the LAN connection. For the standard Mac operating system, TOPS/ Sun workstation software lets a Sun workstation act as a TOPS network file server. Macs can access both PC and Sun files on the file server, and can indirectly access host files through an NFS network. The Sun workstation connection to the TOPS network requires an Apple-Talk-to-Ethernet gateway.

Information Presentation Technologies offers even broader connectivity with Unix-based systems. Its product, uShare, connects Macs, A/UX Macs, PCs, and Apollo workstations, and it provides gateways between AppleTalk, Ethernet, and Apollo Domain token-ring networks. Macs can also take advantage of gateways between Apollo, DEC, and IBM environments.

The uShare software lets the A/UX Mac or an Apollo Unix-based workstation function as a nondedicated Appleshare-compatible file server on an AppleTalk LAN, or the Mac can emulate a Unix work station to access and run Unix applications. To the Mac, the Unix workstation appears as an ordinary Appleshare server. Connection is via an Apple-Talk interface card in the Unix host or an Ethernet interface card in the Mac. Other services supported include E-mail, virtual disk, and print-spooling capabilities.

Beyond the Unix environment, links to other hosts are limited to terminal emulation. Packages are available to connect the Mac to Prime, Pyramid, Data General, Stratus, Tandem, Wang, Hewlett-Packard, and Cray hosts.

#### **Coming Attractions**

In addition to supporting AppleTalk, Apple has stated its commitment to develop links to IBM's Systems Network Architecture (SNA), the OSI protocols, and the TCP/IP internetworking protocol suite. Apple has also committed itself to supporting the OS/2 environment, and the company is developing a Micro Channel-compatible AppleTalk interface card for PS/2s.

When it comes to support for internetworking, Apple is being pragmatic; it plans to support both OSI and TCP/IP. Apple already supports TCP/IP on the A/UX Mac and plans to support it under the Mac operating system. Regarding OSI protocols, Apple is also working on X.400 and X.25 gateways. An X.400 gateway would provide LocalTalk connectivity to other networks supporting the X.400 E-mail interchange standard. An X.25 gateway would provide a direct interface between AppleTalk and public packet-switched networks such as Tymnet. Support for token-ring LANs is also in the works. However, Apple has not announced when these products will be available.

Apple owns a minority stake in Touch Communications, an OSI software vendor that implements the full suite of OSI protocols in a variety of computing environments. Touch's OSI Mac Developer's Kit ports the OSI protocol stack to the Mac. Developers who write applications for Touch's OSI Mac can link them to *continued* 

# A Sampling of Mac Connectivity Products

#### 3+ for the Mac

3+ for the Mac ......\$495 3+Share and 3+Server ......\$7995 Extension of 3+Share network operating system that connects the Mac to 3Com's 3+Network Requirements: 3+Share, Ethernet interface card or LocalTalk, 3+Server 3Com Corp. 3165 Kifer Rd. Santa Clara, CA 95052 (408) 562-6400 Inquiry M152.

3+Mail for the Mac ......\$595 Lets Mac send E-mail to other Macs or PCs over 3+Network Requirements: 3+Share, 3+ for the Mac 3Com Corp. Inquiry M153.

EtherLink/NB......\$595 Ethernet interface card Requirements: Mac II 3Com Corp. Inquiry M154.

#### MacMainframe

#### Constellation III for the Mac

MacIRMA ......\$1195 IRMA card for Mac 3278, 3279 Requirements: Mac II or SE Digital Communications Associates 1000 Alderman Dr. Alpharetta, GA 30201 (404) 442-4000 Inquiry M159.

FastNet.....\$899 and up Ethernet controller products for the Mac SE, Plus, and II (SCSI version also available); includes Technology Concepts, Inc. 's CommUnity-Mac software Requirements: Mac SE, Plus, or II Dove Computer Corp. 1200 North 23rd St. Wilmington, NC 28405 (919) 763-7918 Inquiry M160.

#### **PhoneNet**

Per Mac......\$59.95 StarController ......\$1695 Cabling system supports up to six AppleTalk nodes over twisted-pair. Optional StarController links up to 12 PhoneNets Requirements: None Farallon Computing, Inc. 2150 Kittredge St. Berkeley, CA 94704 (415) 849-2331 Inquiry M162.

#### uShare

Mac.....\$149 Host ...... \$395 to \$2995 AppleTalk interface card ......\$395 AFP-compatible file-server software for A/UX Mac II. Apollo, and other Unix machines. Supports AppleTalk, Ethernet, and Apollo Domain tokenring environments Requirements: Mac Plus, SE, or II; Unix to Appleshare connection requires AppleTalk/Ethernet gateway, Ethernet interface card, or AppleTalk Interface Card (for Unix hosts). Information Presentation Technologies, Inc. 23801 Calabasas Rd., Suite 2011 Calabasas, CA 91302 (818) 347-7791 Inquiry M163.

#### MacServe.....\$250

Software converts Mac on Apple Talk to disk and print server; read-access file sharing only; runs in background mode Requirements: Apple Talk Infosphere, Inc. Inquiry M165.

Kinetics, Inc. A Division of Excelan 2540 Camino Diablo Walnut Creek, CA 94596 (415) 947-0998 Requirements: Mac Plus or higher. Inquiry M166.

#### EtherPort

#### Series II, Series III Twinax

Series II (multiport) ...... \$1495 to \$3495

Series III (single port)....... \$1195 Mac to IBM System 34, 36, and 38 protocol-conversion and file-transfer software Requirements: Any Mac KMW Systems Corp. 6034 West Courtyard Dr. Austin, TX 78730 (512) 338-3000 Inquiry M168.

MacMenlo......\$395 Tandem 6520 and 653X terminalemulation and file-transfer software Requirements: Any Mac Menlo Business Systems, Inc. 201 Main St. Los Altos, CA 94022 (415) 948-7920 Inquiry M169.

#### 

PacerShare.....\$400 and up Turns VAX/VMS into an Appleshare file server and lets the Mac access VAX files Requirements: PacerLink, Ethernet Pacer Software, Inc. Inquiry M171.

NetBridge......\$399 AppleTalk network device bridge Requirements: Mac 512Ke or higher Shiva Corp. 222 Third St., Suite 100 Cambridge, MA 02142 (617) 864-8500 Inquiry M172.

#### InBox

Software for three Macs	\$350
Each additional Mac	\$1 <mark>2</mark> 5
Per PC	<mark>\$195</mark>
E-mail software for AppleTalk	
networks	
Requirements: AppleTalk	
Symantec Corp.	
Think Technologies Division	
135 South Rd.	
Bedford, MA 01730	
(800) 648-4465	
Inquiry M173.	

#### CommUnity-Mac

Netway 1000 .....\$3995 AppleTalk-to-3270 gateway device provides IBM 3270 terminal emulation and file transfer for up to 16 Macs Requirements: Mac 512Ke or higher, AppleTalk Tri Data Systems, Inc. 1450 Kifer Rd. Sunnyvale, CA 94086 (408) 746-2900 Inquiry M177.

Reflection 1 for the Mac ........\$249 Hewlett-Packard 2392A terminalemulation and file-transfer software Requirements: Mac 512K or higher Walker Richer & Quinn 2825 EastLake Ave. E Seattle, WA 98102 (206) 324-0350 Inquiry M178.

Mac 240......\$199 DEC VT-100, VT-200, VT-220, VT-240 terminal-emulation software Requirements: Mac 512Ke White Pine Software, Inc. 94 Route 101A Amherst, NH 03031 (603) 886-9050 Inquiry M179.

# Apple's Macintosh Connectivity Products

#### **Network Interface Cards**

#### LocalTalk PC Card

AppleTalk interface card for the IBM PC that provides basic connectivity to a LocalTalk network; it lets the PC access a networked laser printer. Price: \$249

#### **EtherTalk Interface Card**

An Ethernet interface card for the Mac II. Price: \$699

#### **Terminal Emulation**

#### AppleLine

A protocol converter that translates between AppleTalk and IBM 3270 protocols to establish Mac-to-IBM mainframe communications. Price: \$1295

#### MacTerminal

Multifunction terminal-emulation software that lets a Mac emulate a DEC VT-52 or VT-100 terminal or an IBM 3278 Model 2 terminal when used with an AppleLine protocol converter. Price: \$125

#### AppleLine 3270 File Transfer

Software that works with the AppleLine protocol converter to transfer files between the Mac and an IBM 3270 mainframe. Price: \$99

#### Software Development

#### **AppleTalk for VMS**

An implementation of AppleTalk that runs on a VAX. Price: \$5000 per site license

#### **CL/1**

Database connectivity language from Apple subsidiary Network Innovations Corp. Mac database applications supporting CL/1 can transparently access data in VAX databases. Price: \$3000 to \$23,750 per host

#### MacAPPC

Hardware and software that lets Mac applications support IBM's Advanced Program-to-Program Communications architecture. APPC allows for distributed transaction processing between Macs and other computers supporting APPC. Available late 1988. Price: \$2500 per site license

#### **MacWorkstation**

Software that lets minicomputer and mainframe host software developers create applications that support the Mac user interface. Price: \$2500 per site license, \$5000 per developer's license

#### LAN Software

#### Appleshare

Apple's file-server software that runs on a Mac Plus. The Mac Plus becomes a dedicated file server. Price: \$799

#### Appleshare PrintSpooler

Print-spooler software that runs on Appleshare. Price: \$299

#### **Appleshare PC**

Software that lets PCs participate on an Appleshare file server. It requires an AppleTalk interface card. Price: \$149

#### Interpol

Network-management utility; troubleshooting and fault isolation. Price: \$99

DEC VAX and IBM PC environments through Touch's OSI implementations for those systems.

Another promising development is Apple's MacWorkstation, which lets host software developers and programmers build a Mac user interface into hostbased applications. MacWorkstation goes a step beyond terminal emulation in that it gives host applications access to the Mac interface without requiring host processing time. In addition, MacWorkstation "Exec" software modules let programmers migrate some host-processing tasks to the Mac.

One benefit of MacWorkstation is that it makes network use more efficient. By allowing MacWorkstation to handle the user interface, Apple claims that some beta users have reduced network traffic by 75 percent. MacWorkstation will run over a variety of connections, including AppleTalk, Ethernet, serial, and IBM SNA networks.

#### What's Missing

Ultimately, to have a complete range of networking capabilities for the Mac, companies such as Apple, DEC, IBM, and others must agree on ways to make their systems work together. Progress toward this goal is being made through Apple's joint development project with DEC and through commitments to OSI and to providing links to IBM's SNA. However, to a large extent, Apple depends on other companies to provide connectivity products for the Mac.

Apple plans to meet with many of these companies to present a complete set of specifications and interfaces for which developers will be invited to build products. The point, as Apple's Cagle puts it, is to develop products that go beyond simply allowing the Mac to emulate dumb terminals. "Are we doing anything more useful than would be done by putting a dumb terminal on a desk?" Cagle asks. "If not, for the same amount of money [that you'd spend on a Mac], you can get several dumb terminals."

Developers need to do more than just provide a window to the mainframe, Cagle says. "Electronic mail is a beginning, but there are a lot of vertical applications that are very important. We intend to be more focused from the perspective of the user's needs."

Janet J. Barron is a technical editor and Robert L. Mitchell is an associate technical editor for BYTE. They can be reached on BIX as "neural" and "r.mitchell."

# Glossary

#### AFP

AppleTalk Filing Protocol allows file sharing to take place by controlling file access on an AppleTalk network.

#### APPC

Advanced Program-to-Program Communications, also known as Logical Unit (LU) 6.2, is IBM's SNA session protocol. In an SNA network, APPC allows direct, peer-to-peer communications between applications, eliminating the need for a host to act as an intermediary.

#### AppleTalk

Apple's proprietary communications architecture for the Mac. AppleTalk's seven-layer structure is similar to that of the OSI Reference Model (see the text box "Overview of AppleTalk," on page 164 of the July 1987 BYTE).

#### Bridge

A device that interconnects similar local-area networks, such as two AppleTalk LANs. Both LANs must share a common addressing scheme. No protocol conversion is necessary.

#### CSMA/CD

Collision Sense Multiple Access with Collision Detection. LAN access protocol used in Ethernet and the IBM PC Network. Nodes listen to the bus and wait until the network is quiet before transmitting. When two nodes attempt to transmit simultaneously, each detects the resulting collision and waits a random time interval before attempting to retransmit (see the text box "IEEE 802 LAN Standards," on page 150 in the July 1987 BYTE).

#### CSMA/CA

Collision Sense Multiple Access with Collision Avoidance. Network access scheme used in AppleTalk's link access protocol. As with CSMA/CD, the node waits until the bus is quiet before attempting to transmit, but rather than detecting collisions, CSMA/CA attempts to minimize their occurrence by using request-to-send and clear-to-send packets before sending data (see the text box "Overview of AppleTalk," on page 164

"Overview of AppleTalk," on page 164 in the July 1987 **BYTE**).

#### Gateway

An intelligent device that interconnects dissimilar networks; it performs necessary protocol conversion to allow communication between both environments.

#### LocalTalk

The physical network components and link-level protocols for sending data across an AppleTalk network. These protocols are built into the Mac and can run over shielded twisted-pair or telephone wire at 230.4 kbps.

#### LU 6.2 See APPC.

#### Node Type 2.1

Also called Physical Unit 2.1. IBM SNA network-node specification that allows direct physical links between peer nodes. Previously, SNA specified a master/slave relationship in which two nodes couldn't establish a session without going through a mainframe.

#### SDLC

Synchronous Data Link Control. Link-level protocol that forms the foundation of IBM's SNA.

#### **SNA**

Systems Network Architecture. IBM's communications architecture that defines physical connections, protocols, and procedures for all IBM computers and devices.

#### TCP/IP

Transmission Control Protocol/ Internet Protocol. A set of internetworking protocols originally developed by the Department of Defense for ARPANET; now an industry standard.

#### X.400

International standard for E-mail exchange specified by the CCITT.

## YOUR MACINTOSH CAN READ BAR CODES & MAGNETIC STRIPES



## with TPS ELECTRONICS' WEDGE READERS

- Ches not affect keyboard
- \* No additional port needed
- · No card slot needed
- No extra software needed
- Completely transparent to any program; looks like keyboard input
- Most formats available
- Also available: Bar code printing software Magnetic encoders Portable bar code readers Readers for other micros and terminals

#### **TPS ELECTRONICS**

4047 Transport Street Palo Alto, CA 94303 415-856-6833 Telex: (Graphnet) 371 9097 TPS PLA FAX: 415-856-3843

World Radio History

# 120 MINUTES OF SPAGHETTI WESTERNS. OR 80 MEGABYTES OF BACKED-UP DATA.



Did you ever dream that you could record data as well as movies on an ordinary, inexpensive videocassette? That, after the shoot-em-ups leave you laughing, a head crash doesn't have to leave you crying?

Pinch yourself. And start keeping those precious megabytes safe and sound with the newest version of our ingenious Videotrax<sup>®</sup> system. Now featuring a controller and software for the Macintosh<sup>™</sup> Plus, Macintosh SE, or Macintosh II computer.

The system utilizes our enhanced Videotrax VCR—or any old VCR for that matter—to back up data on standard VHS or Beta cassettes. Hooks up to your Mac's SCSI port with standard cables. And—by reason of exhaustive testing, self-monitoring, and the long-term experience of tens of thousands of microcomputer users is more reliable than any other backup option. Not to mention easier.

Because a VCR, you already understand. And our pull-down menus tell you everything else you need to know. How to copy or restore an entire hard disk, specific files, or just the files that have been

added or changed since the last backup. Could anything be simpler?

As a matter of fact, yes. With our "smart" Videotrax VCR, everything happens automatically.

You can see it for yourself by visiting your nearest Videotrax dealer. And you can get the name of your nearest dealer by calling 800-992-9779 (in California, 800-821-0612).

We strongly suggest you do that. Because if your data means anything to you, acquiring Videotrax protection is a thought you should definitely entertain.



Corporate Headquarters: 3501 Sunflower, P.O. Box 25059, Santa Ana, CA 92799. © 1988 Alpha Microsystems. All rights reserved. Videotrax is a registered trademark of Alpha Microsystems. Macintosh is a trademark of Apple Computer, Inc.

For a demonstration of Videotrax see us at Booth #636.

# HyperCard What Is It?

Brian L. Dear

Finally, the Macintosh has a friendly environment for programmers. HyperCard has been called a hypertext system, a relational database manager, a game, and an "information handler." Despite all proclamations, however, it's none of these; rather, it's a tool for developing any and all of them. Undeniably, it's a fun way to work, but what exactly is it, and why the fuss? HyperCard is an *authoring system*, and it is significant because it is the first authoring system to reach the general public.

Classifying HyperCard as an authoring system opens the door to all the issues, implications, and problems that have come to be associated with such systems. For example, one of the strongest temptations for an author is to overuse available special effects: too many colors or fonts, too much text, too many graphics, too much audio. Much of the stackware currently available for HyperCard suffers from these kinds of problems. Perhaps, if we understand what is already known about authoring, we can lessen the likelihood of repeating history.

#### **Authoring Systems**

An authoring system is an integrated software toolkit used to create interactive applications that communicate knowledge. Typically, the goal of these applications is to impart knowledge, and the purpose behind using them is to learn. In computer-based learning applications, for example, this knowledge falls into a particular academic or training domain: The application takes the role of tutor; the user takes the role of student. Increasingly, authoring systems have been used to develop other kinds of applications as well. With an authoring system like HyperCard, the knowledge is likely to be of a more practical nature, such as name and address lists, appointment calendars, and travel and business information.

Authoring systems are not new. There is an old and well-established authoring

Sometimes a word is worth a thousand pictures

community, whose scope, historically, hasn't spread much beyond the bounds of educational institutions. Authoring systems originated out of a need to generate large amounts of computer-based learning materials, or courseware, in a shorter period of time than it would take with a traditional programming language.

Educators have many long-standing reasons for favoring authoring systems over more traditional programming languages. Key among them is the emphasis on interactivity, or give and take, with the machine. In computer-based learning situations, it's crucial that the computer actively stimulate and involve the student. Stimulation requires a wisely chosen blend of outputs—graphics, text, and, when appropriate, color, audio, and video. Involvement requires the same wise selection of available inputs—keyboard, mouse, touch-sensitive screen, digitizing pad, speech, and so on.

Good courseware is, by definition, highly interactive. A good authoring system typically features a variety of tools, providing a rich assortment of possibilities for stimulating and involving the student. While the number and sophistication of these tools varies greatly from system to system, experienced authors agree on the "essential" ingredients.

• *Branching*. An authoring system must support direct, conditional, and user-controlled movement through the application.

• Creating, storing, and displaying bitmapped graphics. For most applications, you need a resolution of at least 512 by 350 pixels; the system should support such resolutions.

• Response analysis. Since interactivity is the key to success in an authoring system, it should support a powerful set of string functions to examine a user's input and match it against a list of correct alternatives. The system should also check for correct spellings and let you set a threshold level for misspellings; that is, it should accept minor misspellings if you wish.

• Audio and video support. The system should support the software routines required to control random-access audio and videodisk devices.

• Multiple levels of authoring. Because expertise varies greatly from author to author, the system must be able to support a range of authoring skills. The lowest level is typically menu-driven and the easiest to use. A more experienced author would probably access a higher level, which should include an editor for writing source code in an authoring language.

• Standard programming features. The authoring language should support the constructs found in a standard programming language, such as IF...THEN... ELSE, REPEAT...UNTIL, FOR...NEXT, and so on.

• File manipulation. The authoring system should support the necessary tools to manipulate (e.g., create, read, write, and destroy) files; in other words, it should support database management.

• Other language support. You should be able to write your own routines in a general-purpose language, like Pascal, C, or assembly language, and include them in the authoring language.

#### **Strengths and Weaknesses**

When you need to develop a highly interactive application, an authoring system is probably your best bet. A good authoring system often turns out to be especially *continued* 

World Radio History

amenable to developing materials that have nothing to do with education. Over the years, many people have discovered that such a system proved to be just the right tool for creating presentation programs or developing games (except for those that require assembly language, such as arcade games). Authoring systems save time because you don't need to program a specific set of response-analysis, display, and branching routines for each application. These functions are built in and usually much more flexible than those available in a traditional language library.

On the other hand, applications developed with an authoring system almost always run more slowly than their traditional counterparts. Sometimes the increased flexibility is worth the cost in speed and efficiency, but it's a choice you have to make. Applications developed with an authoring system are also likely to consume more disk space and memory, due to the larger overhead required. HyperCard, for instance, requires a great deal of overhead to keep track of cards, buttons, and scripts.

#### Three Ways of Seeing

The Macintosh interface is based on solid psychological theory that can be traced to the work of psychologist Jerome Bruner and his colleagues. In Bruner's book *Toward a Theory of Instruction* (Cambridge: Harvard University Press, 1966), he identified three types of mental representation: enactive, iconic, and symbolic.

The first, *enactive* representation, involves how we remember action, movement, and coordination—the "psychomotor" skills. Learning the latest dance, how to swing a baseball bat, or how to operate a stick shift, we represent these skills enactively. When we want to "tear off" HyperCard's Tools menu, we call upon enactive representations of various actions with the mouse: clicking, dragging, and releasing.

The second type of mental representation is *iconic*; it refers to the mental summarization of visual and other sensory stimuli. We call on iconic representations to fill in, complete, or extrapolate. Icons and bit-mapped graphics are two examples of the Macintosh's heavy use of iconic representation.

The highest levels of abstraction involve the third type, symbolic representation: This refers to words and language. When we name a card in a HyperCard stack, write a HyperTalk script, or say the word HyperCard itself, we are using symbolic representations. nonprogrammers are quickly becoming HyperTalk experts.

The Macintosh is considered a userfriendly machine because it appeals to all three forms of mental representation. It's easy to learn, and its software is easy to use because of the heavy dose of enactive and iconic representation, forms we are most likely to resort to when learning something new. The success of the Macintosh user interface is largely due to its rich mix and constant cycling of the enactive, iconic, and symbolic.

In contrast, we could classify IBM PC software—dBASE III, WordStar, and the command-line style of MS-DOS itself, for example—as more symbolic than Mac software. One theory might be that preference for a Mac over an IBM PC or vice versa is due at least in part to how comfortable you are with heavily symbolic representation.

Recent software developments reveal some intriguing trends. The IBM PC world is paying more and more attention to enactive and iconic representations: Witness Microsoft Windows, Excel, and OS/2. The Macintosh world, on the other hand, is now adding more symbolic kinds of representation to its repertoire: Consider A/UX, Apple's implementation of Unix.

HyperCard takes advantage of the various capabilities of the Macintosh interface. It resides in the Mac's very flexible operating environment, whose design is sensitive to all three modes of mental representation. HyperCard incorporates highly advanced concepts in computer science, many of which originated in the research on object-oriented programming environments such as SmallTalk. Many people who have never programmed before are quickly becoming experts in HyperTalk and stack development because of its ingenious *context*. Everyone knows what a button is.

Older authoring systems, especially those on time-shared minicomputers or mainframes, were limited in their ability to meet an author's demands. The speeds at which you could display text, graphics, and animated sequences on older hardware had a great impact on the possibilities available. In a way, this was a blessing, because the limitations forced you to consider your options more carefully.

As these hardware and software limitations disappear, the range of options widens tremendously. HyperCard is merely a hint of the future for authoring systems. But as the range of options expands, we will have to be increasingly careful with our designs.

#### **Creating Stacks**

Stack developers need to be especially careful in designing stacks. There is a strong temptation to overdo it and get carried away with all the options available. Designing and developing interactive computer applications is an exciting and engrossing task, but it requires restraint, temperance, and constant consideration of the user for whom the stack is intended. Here are some points for you to consider, based on lessons learned by authors of computer-based learning materials.

• The right tool. Is HyperCard the right tool for the job? Or would a conventional Macintosh programming language be more appropriate for this application? HyperCard isn't the solution to every problem.

• *Time.* How much time do you have to develop the stack? Applications take time, and you're just as likely to find bugs in your HyperTalk scripts as you are in a C or Pascal program. The authoring process is very similar to the life cycle of creating any programming product; good programs require constant testing and refinement.

• Goals. Why are you using HyperCard? What do you hope to achieve? Does your goal meet the user's needs; for example, will it increase the user's productivity?

• Usefulness. Will the stack serve some genuinely useful purpose? Or are you writing it simply as an exercise, as programming practice? Experienced authors always ask, "Why does this application need to be on-line?" You should make a list of all the reasons why it should be on-line and compare it to one showing all the reasons it would work fine off-line—in print, for instance.

• Audience. Who will be using the stack? Is it for personal use, or do you plan to sell it commercially or offer it as shareware? Even if it's just for your own use, you should be sensitive to how its design appeals to the three levels of mental representation. Pictures get old fast. Sometimes, as Bruner said, a word is continued

# Low prices, great service

#### Hard Drives

#### **CMS Mac Stack SD Series**

(Mac Plus, SE. II)	
SD 20 Megabyte	.\$549
SD 30 Megabyte	.\$649
SD 43 Megabyte	.\$789
SD 60 Megabyte	.\$825
SD 80 Megabyte	<sup>\$</sup> 1249
SD 102 Megabyte	<sup>\$</sup> 1289

#### SD 140 Megabyte ..... \$1389 CMS Pro Series Internal Mac SE/II

CMS Pro Series Internal Mac SE/II
20 Megabyte SE rear\$489
30 Megabyte SE rear \$529
45 Megabyte SE rear \$689
43 Megabyte Mac II <sup>\$</sup> 645
60 Megabyte Mac II \$699
80 Megabyte Mac II \$1145
100 Megabyte SE rear \$1489
102 Megabyte Mac II \$1189
140 Megabyte Mac II \$1389
150 Megabyte Mac II \$1879

#### Everev

Everex
External 20D \$509
External 40D \$929
91D (II, SE, Plus only) \$1445
Zero Footprint
20 DLX§575
40 DLX
91 DLX \$1549
40/60 DTL \$1795

300 Megabyte Mac II ..... \$2799

#### Everex Internal for Mac II

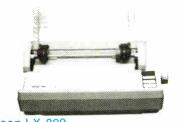
20 ID
40 ID\$845
91 ID \$1395
Tana Daala an

#### Tape Back-up

Everex 60 Megabyte External
60T <sup>\$</sup> 895
CMS 60 Megabyte External
TS-60 <sup>\$</sup> 729
800K External



FX-86e, FX-286e, LQ-500, LQ-850 LQ-1050, LQ-2500, Call for prices



Epson LA-800	
9 pin, 180 cps <sup>\$</sup>	199
Grappler C/Mac	

Epson LQ-500
24 pin, 180 cps \$369
Grappler LQ\$79
General Computer
PLP Laser \$1598
Hewlett Packard
DeskJet§728



#### SmarTeam External 1200 ..... \$149 External 2400 ..... \$229

#### **Beverly Hills**

External 1200
Everex 2400 with cable <sup>\$</sup> 229
Migent Pocket Modem <sup>\$</sup> 115
DCA Mac Irma-Mac II or SE <sup>\$795</sup>

#### **SE Silencer** Ultra quiet



Al tens in stock will ship in the case of the stock will ship in the stock will ship

#### **Dove Computer**

MacSnap Tool Kit \$15	
MacSnap 524 \$170	
MacSnap 524S \$215	
MacSnap 548 \$395	
MacSnap 548S \$450	
Mach II/SE Accelerator \$589	
Co-Processor	
60001 \$205	

68881....<sup>\$</sup>295

#### Call for SIMM prices **Data Desk Keyboard**

101-key layout, 15 Function keys, separate numeric and cursor pads, positive Tactile feel ..... \$139

#### **Accessories**

Mouse Systems							
A+ Mouse				 • •			 . <sup>\$</sup> 65
A+ ADB Mouse	•••	• •	•	 •	• •	•	 . \$79

#### **Dust Covers**

Mac/+/SE \$14
Mac Keyboards (specify type) \$9
Mac II CPU only <sup>\$10</sup>
Mac II with mono monitor \$19
Mac II with color monitor <sup>\$</sup> 19
Apple Laserwriter \$23
Apple Imagewriter \$9
Apple Imagewriter LQ <sup>\$</sup> 12

#### **Carrying Cases**

CM7 Tall Bag for
extended keyboard\$75
CM6 for standard
+/SE keyboard \$69
Kensington Microware
System Saver \$63
System Saver SE \$52
System Saver SE

#### Aldus

System Stand Mac II .....\$19 Printer Stand ..... \$15

Mouse Pad..... \$8

#### OUR POLICY

- · Plain and simple, Hardware, your satisfaction guaranteed or your money back
- Software, defective software will be replaced immediately Manufacturers policies prohibit us from offering refunds on opened software
- We accept most major credit cards with no surcharge added
- Your credit card is not charged until we ship
   Please allow 10 days for personal and company checks
- to clear C O D orders accepted
- We gladly accept purchase orders from most major institutions
   California, Texas and Georgia residents please add the appropriate local sales tax
- To place orders call Monday thru Friday 7AM to 6PM P S T · Prices and Availability subject to change

(213) 273-3710

(213) 675-2522

VISA

279 South Beverly Drive, Suite 1200, Beverly Hills, California 90212

worth a thousand pictures. If you're designing the stack for many users, then you need to be extra sensitive to the broad range of user preferences.

For example, suppose you're designing a personal financial-planner stack that ends with a simple electronic checkbook. Which would be better for its users: making them use the mouse to click on a bunch of buttons in a fancy graphic representation of a calculator (emphasis on the enactive and iconic), making them type their arithmetic expression into the HyperCard message box (emphasis on the symbolic), or giving them the option to do either?

• Sound. The Macintosh can generate fairly decent digitized and synthesized sound. You should use sound resources with restraint. Ask yourself whether the stack's users will really benefit from those digitized audio clips of Captain Kirk's voice.

• *Title pages.* Do you really need one? How often do you expect users to access

the stack? Will they use it all the time, or only once in a great while? Most software packages deliberately lack a title page. Consider what the users really get out of looking at your title page every time they enter the stack.

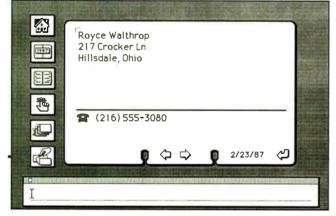
• Shadowing. Shadowing two adjacent sides of a box may indeed enhance the three-dimensional illusion. But are you trying to highlight the box, or the information in the box? If you're only shadowing for aesthetics, you may be better off without it.

• Fonts. Using too many different fonts is almost always worse than using just a few. If the design calls for using unusual fonts in a stack intended for other users, remember that many users may not have your font files on their systems; if you use them, you may have to include them as resource files in your stack.

• Foreground vs. background. A relatively recent feature of authoring systems is the ability to designate some portions of the screen as foreground and others as background. Sharing the same background among a sequence of cards reduces both the amount of new information on the screen and the amount of storage required for the stack.

• Visual effects. One of HyperCard's more interesting—and fun—features is its collection of visual effects. When designing your application, however, be careful about using them. Effects like barn door, iris, dissolve, and venetian blind may be stimulating and attentiongetting, but they may also be distracting. An application that uses a lot of visual effects tends to call attention to itself; in other words, too many or too complex visual effects can make what should usually be a transparent interface all too apparent.

• Degree of realism. If there's one thing authors of computer-based learning materials face every day, it's the balance between realism and practicality. How realistic do graphics have to be to get the point across? Unfortunately, many Mac-



**Figure 1:** Do the Rolodex card-file notches really add to the understanding of the information in this stack?

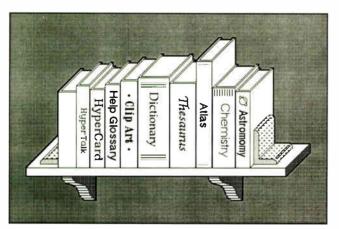
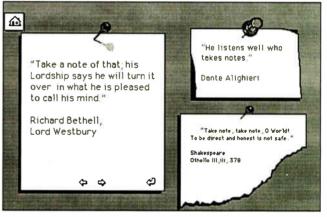


Figure 3: The books make a pretty menu, but is it an appropriate user interface?



**Figure 2:** Torn scraps of paper and memo pins look realistic, but what purpose do they serve on a computer screen?

First Name and Initi	al Last Nami	e <u>Mr./Ms.</u>
Customer Number	Order date	Mail or Phone
/isa/MC Number	Expiration Code	Credit Card or Check
		Mkt. code
Red Widget	Check \$	Order Entry
Sift Order 🗌	Total Due	
Customers )	•	Cancel

Figure 4: Forms like these may work fine on paper, but online they impede the user's productivity.

intosh developers can't resist the temptation to over-simulate physical reality: In effect, they try to make hardware out of software.

Stackware developers need to ask themselves these kinds of questions over and over again: Do I really need that pretty, digitized image of a telephone? Will the users really benefit from pictures of Rolodex cards so faithful to the real thing that even the card's notches are present? Real Rolodex cards have those two notches for a reason. Think long and hard before putting them on-line. Remember, in stackware (as in courseware), graphics gobble up disk space fast. Consider the degree to which your HyperCard displays facilitate or impede the user's abilities to mentally process what you have presented (see figures 1, 2, and 3).

• Forms. When designing fill-in-theblank forms on a computer display, first consider how faithful the form must be to its paper equivalent. Some forms, like the 1040 tax form, work well when faithfully transferred on-line. Users are quite familiar with the paper versions of the 1040 forms; thus, a faithful computer rendition is important. But most paper forms demand a better design when put on-line. Remember that paper forms are designed primarily for the benefit of the clerk who must read them. Since on-line forms eliminate that drudgery, the design of such forms should consider its users (see figure 4).

#### A New Standard

In its short lifetime, HyperCard has become the standard against which all others must now compete. Its ease of use and intuitive interface have captured the imagination and boosted the confidence of many novice programmers.

But we must remember that Hyper-Card is the latest in a long line of authoring systems. Many lessons have been learned over the years, and stackware developers should strive to consider the issues, both good and bad, that authoring systems raise. With an understanding of the design principles of authoring systems, we are less likely to make the same mistakes again.

#### ACKNOWLEDGMENT

I am grateful to Apple Fellow Alan C. Kay for a discussion of Bruner's theory and the Macintosh.

Brian L. Dear is director of product development at Coconut Computing, Inc., in San Diego, California. He can be reached on BIX as "whofan."

# HyperCard How Does It Work?

#### Laurence H. Loeb

Make it work the way you want it to

What I remember most from the Boston MacExpo in August 1987 is Bill Atkinson's smile as he showed off Hyper-Card's tear-off menus for the first time. He waited as the implications of using tear-offs started to percolate through the room. As more and more people started to comprehend what their eyes were telling them, Bill broke out into this great, loopy grin that said, "Isn't it nice to have something work the way you want it to?"

This new tool forced me to do some serious questioning about how I'd been using the Macintosh in my dental business. I had been using several discrete programs to do the business functions, in a manner that had remained basically the same since 1984. I generated information for each patient with a database and a word processor, and I used the Finder to sort by date for accounts receivable. A simple system, true, but it worked.

I had tried to make an electronic patient chart with MacPaint. While I could save the graphical information I needed, I hadn't used it very much. I needed different kinds of information while I was working, not just graphics; I needed the text as well. Moreover, I didn't want to have to reenter data I already had in electronic form. I needed the maximum return for each input.

HyperCard lets me combine graphics with text—it's MacPaint with buttons that do things. (I use a mouse better than a keyboard when I have gloves on, anyway.) A HyperChart can bring up detailed areas of interest without a fixed sequence. That's the point of the navigation features: to let HyperCard keep track of where you've been. It does housekeeping—and windows, to boot. They're called cards, but you can do things with them that are "windowlike."

The patient chart is a common denominator in dental treatment: It's a graphical record that's pretty standard in content. Specific implementations of it may vary, but the information tends to be similar. If I could devise a way to present this record on a Mac's screen, I could refer to it, as I do to paper records, during treatment. And while I was at it, I thought I'd make it userextensible; that is, if I wanted to change the symbols I used to mean various kinds of treatments, or add new ones, I could without a major effort.

#### **Customizing with HyperCard**

HyperCard gives me the paint tools that let me customize an application any way I see fit-and they're built in. I don't need any complicated calling sequences. Eventually, I used the background of a card the same way I had used the Mac-Paint document earlier; that is, the background contains the basic graphical information I need on all charts (see figure 1). I can then overlay whatever symbols I want on top of this, ending up with a graphical record that is the equivalent of a drawing on a preprinted form (see figure 2). If I need a reminder about something specific, I can attach a Post-it note at the touch of a button (see figure 3). More "paper simulation," sure, but that's what I'm comfortable with.

After deciding on the basic paradigm, I had to decide how the stack should "flow." In this application, I need to move from the general to the specific from the basic chart to a specific tooth. And what simpler way to get there than to click over its position on the chart? HyperCard lets me do this with a "transparent" background button—one that a patient-information card can inherit. If I click on the button, it tries to do what its *continued* 

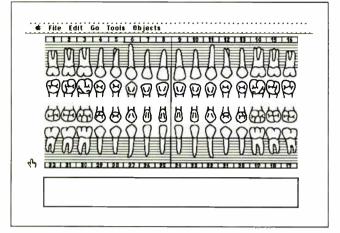


Figure 1: The basic graphical information needed for a dental chart.

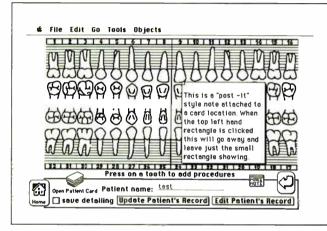
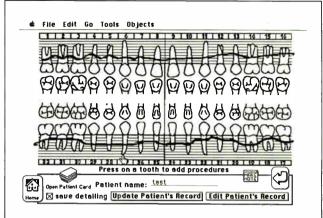
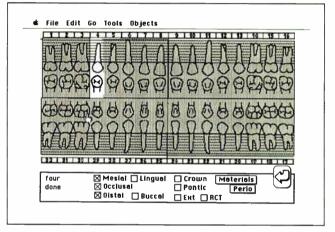


Figure 3: A Post-it note serves to remind me of anything unusual.



**Figure 2:** This chart contains bone-level information drawn with a brush tool.



**Figure 4:** I can put in the treatment for a specific tooth by pushing the applicable buttons.

script tells it. Since it's "transparent," all I see is that I'm pointing at and clicking on a specific tooth. In the background button's script, I set up the card I want to go to next. Once I select a specific tooth—and, by implication, the card as well—I can either record current information or call up a history of what has occurred in the past.

I find that the simplest way of showing history is to have a procedure record in English that I can display as I need it. To make the integration work well, the stack has to create this record as each treatment is recorded. To input the information, I simply click on the applicable buttons (see figure 4), and the stack creates a text container with this information in it. To do this, the stack checks the highlight property of each of the buttons when the card is closed by the action of the return button. (A fragment of the closeCard routine I used is shown in listing 1.) If the highlight of a detail button is true, that button has been clicked. The stack then builds a text container that has the name of the clicked button in it.

When I have recorded all the treatment information, a button click updates the appropriate text file with all the text containers for a particular date. (It would be easy, for example, to use tabs in building the text file if I later wanted to use this file in Excel or another database that recognizes tabs.)

#### **Adding the Extras**

One protection I wanted to build into the stack was to have it remind me if I forgot to save my changes. Almost all Macintosh programs do this, so why not a stack? The script to do this is deceptively simple (see listing 2) and is performed when control leaves the patient's card. (The variable changedRec is set to true when one of the hold variables has something other than empty in it. The name of the current patient, currentpt, is also the name of the patient's card.)

This script shows HyperTalk's ability to send messages that HyperCard can actually *perform*. Instead of having to goto a line of a script, you can pass an activating message to a particular object, and it will perform its own script. For instance, in this script, sending the mouse-Up message to the button has the same effect as clicking on the button with the mouse. This kind of system message is an elegant way to program "top down." Each object can potentially be accessed as a executable module. (Yes, this *is* object-oriented programming.)

But HyperTalk can't deal with everything: It can't put up a standard Mac fileselect dialog box, for example. For this, HyperCard's designers left a "backdoor" entry, called XFCNs, which provide a way to link code generated by an-

#### HYPERCARD

**Listing 1:** This routine checks the highlight property of the buttons when the card is closed.

on closeCard

end if

[omitting global setups and the like]

```
put empty into buildline
--you can't use a container without letting
--HyperCard know about it first
put empty into flagger
```

```
--check each button
get the hilite of background button id 4
if it is true then
put "L" before buildline
put true into flagger
--let our end know we have
--something in the buildline
end if
get the hilite of background button id 5
if it is true then
put "B" before buildline
put true into flagger
```

[more similar code omitted]

```
if flagger is true then
    put "--5--" & return & buildline &&
    restmat & return into hold5
        --holding area for tooth 5
    end if
end closeCard
```

Listing 2: This script puts up a typical Macintosh reminder so I don't forget to save my changes.

```
on closeCard
global changedRec
 get the hilite of button 3
 if it is true then
      --indicates the save check box is clicked
  if changedRec is true then --put up dialog box
  answer "Save changes to patient record?"
  with "OK" or "Cancel"
      --exit now if they don't want to save changes
   if it is "Cancel" then exit closeStack
   send mouseUp to card button id 45 of this card
      --press the "update patient record" button
      --just as if the mouse had clicked it
  put false into changedRec
      --since we wrote the patient's record,
      --reset the flag
  end if --end the first if construct
 end if --end the check box construct
end closeCard
```

other programming language (like C or Pascal) into HyperTalk-accessible verbs. Steve Maller of Apple wrote a nice XFCN to put up the file-select dialog box. In my text-editor card, I use this widely available XFCN, along with Dewi Williams's HyperTalk function for getting only the last part (the true filename) out of a full path name; that's what the FileName XFCN puts into a container (see listing 3).

continued

## Subscription Problems?



We want to help!

If you have a problem with your BYTE subscription, write us with the details. We'll do our best to set it right. But we must have the name, address, and **zip** of the subscription (new and old address, if it's a change of address). If the problem involves a payment, be sure to include copies of the credit card statement, or front and back of cancelled checks. Include a "business hours" phone number if possible.

#### BYTE

Subscriber Service P.O. Box 7643 Teaneck, NJ 07666-9866

## Back, by popular demand.

Just a few years ago, illegal hunting and encroaching civilization had all but destroyed the alligator population in the south. They were added to the official list of endangered species in the United States. Now alligators have made a

comeback:

Conservationists intent on preserving this legendary reptile helped the alligator get back on its feet. Once again some southern swamps and marshes are teeming with alligators. With wise conservation policies, other endangered species have also made comebacks . . . the cougar, gray whale, Pacific walrus, wood duck, to name a few. If you want to help save our endangered species, join the National Wildlife Federation, Department 106, 1412 16th Street, NW Washington, DC 20036

Listing 3: This routine gets the real filename out of a full path name.

```
on mouseUp
 put FileName("TEXT") into theFile
     --invoke the FileName XFCN only showing TEXT files
  set lockscreen to true
  if theFile is not empty then
                                -- cancel hasn't been pressed
    open file theFile
    read from file theFile for 16384
    --take the entire file in at once; up to the EOF
    put it into card field "Text Box"
    --display file in text box on card
    set the scroll of card field "Text Box" to 0
     --set to the top of the field
    close file theFile
    put LastPathComponent(theFile) into card field "File Name"
     --file name from full path
    put "Patient Record" into card field "whatKind"
     --force feed this, so the edit card can be reused
  end if
  set lockscreen to false
end mouseUp
-- LastPathComponent: given a file pathname, returns the last
-- component (i.e., whatever comes after last colon, if anything).
-- From Dewi Williams
function LastPathComponent name
    --scan backwards for the last colon.
  repeat with i = the length of name down to 1
    if character i of name is ":" then exit repeat
  end repeat
  if i is 1 then
    -- Name was of the form ":thing" or "thing". Check for leading
    -- colon, and adjust if necessary. Done for generality.
    if first character of name is ":" then
      put 2 into i
    end if
  else
    add 1 to i -- skip the colon
  end if
  -- Name was of the form "Thing:otherthing". Return "otherThing".
  put empty into lastpath
  repeat with j = i to the length of name
    put character j of name after lastpath
  end repeat
  return lastpath
end LastPathComponent
```

One of the tools I used during development was a stack that had most of the available public domain HyperCard tools available on it. You don't need to reinvent the wheel. The creator of the Developer Stack is Steve Drazga, who organized the information in a HyperCard-like manner. This is an extremely well done stack. He even put HyperTalk syntax in it for a quick on-line reference, similar to Steve Capps's *Programmer's On-Line Companion*. I found it easier to have the syntax available within HyperCard for the odd quick reference than to have to search through a book. (I probably could have used the Help stack that is included with HyperCard, but the arrangement in the Developer Stack was much more compact.) Updating the stack is also done in an ingenious manner that doesn't require downloading the entire stack again and again. You can transmit just the changes, and the stack updates itself.

#### System Details

I finally came up with a "master record" card that I could clone into specific patient records. This is the first card you encounter upon opening the stack. I wanted to allow only three actions at this

```
78 BYTE • 1988 Mac Special Edition
```

Listing 4: This script creates an employee card by hiding and showing a card field. -- "edit the employee data" button on mouseUp set lockscreen to true set the scroll of card field 4 to 0 show card field 4 show card button id 9 set lockscreen to false end mouseUp --when done editing click this button on mouseUp global nopush put true into nopush send opencard to this card --surprise! send an openCard message end mouseUp --what happens when you open an employee card? on openCard global nopush if nopush is true then --otherwise the openCard message --would scramble the popping order put false into nopush else push recent card end if set lockscreen to true hide card field 4 --hide the history field put card field 4 into record --put the text into a variable if offset ("\*\*", record) > 0 then --"\*\*" is a marker for end of --employee's address information put char 1 to (offset("\*\*", record) -2) of record into card field 3 --put up to the "\*\*" into a visible LOCKED field, --so user can't mess with the data else put "Error encountered in opening card" into msg play boing show msq wait for 3 seconds hide message pop card exit openCard end if set lockscreen to false end openCard

point—go back home, make a new card, and open an existing one. So I wouldn't alter the master card, I covered it with buttons in the forefront that will do these tasks when clicked. Most HyperCard novices overlook the manner of arranging buttons (or other objects) so that an intended overlap occurs. The Home Card button overlaps all the other buttons on my stack, for instance. If two HyperCard objects occupy the same space, one will overlap the other. To get the desired overlap, you select the button and invoke the bring closer/send back HyperCard commands. This is similar to what you might do in MacDraw with objects, except that in HyperCard each type of object has its own layer.

If I select the open button, a dialog box appears asking for a name. At this point, an implicit shift in the card handling may occur. You can define a special name to mean that a different kind of record—for instance, an employee record—should be retrieved rather than a patient record. That employee card may include employee data, such as address and phone number, or you could use it as a payroll system if appropriate HyperCard funccontinued



What you add on to your computer, if you're a blind operator, is almost more important than the computer itself.

Scanners, modems, braille printers, speech synthesizers, braille output devices and a host of other peripherals are described in "Add-Ons: The Ultimate Guide to Peripherals for the Blind Computer User."

The product reviews contained in this book are written by those who know them best—blind computer users.

\$16.95 for braille or cassette \$19.95 for print

Send orders to:

National Braille Press Inc. 88 St. Stephen Street, Boston, MA 02115 (617) 266-6160

NBP is a nonprofit braille printing and publishing house

#### HYPERCARD

# Some Available HyperCard Stacks

Focal Point \$99.95 Activision, Inc. 3885 Bohannon Dr. Menlo Park, CA 94025 (800) 345-2888 Inquiry M211.

DentalStack.....\$395 PBC Enterprises P.O. Box 925 Wallingford, CT 06492 (203) 269-6903 Inquiry M212.

Electronic Call Screening ..... \$49.95 Kanode Associates 4709 East Sandra Terrace Phoenix, AZ 85032 (602) 482-3155 Inquiry M213. 
 HyperCard
 \$49

 Apple Computer, Inc.
 20525 Mariani Ave.

 Cupertino, CA 95014
 (408) 973-2222

 Inquiry M214
 14

Typefaces of DT Publishing... \$24.95 with book...... \$39.95 Publishing Resources, Inc. 1785 Pearl St. Boulder, CO 80302 (303) 442-1100 (800) 553-1666 Inquiry M215.

An assortment of public domain stacks is available on BIX in the stackware area of the listings tions are embedded in it.

I made a HyperText employee card simply by hiding and showing a card field. (A card field works for this rather than a background field, because it can store individual information as well as display it. If you used a background field common to all employee cards, there would be more overhead to make sure the correct information was being shown.) Listing 4 contains the script for the buttons that do all the work for this field.

#### **Create Your Own**

What possible use would you have for a dental stack? Perhaps a lot, if you're a dentist; probably none if you're not. But HyperCard as a tool can, with a dose of ingenuity and creativity, help you make something that you need. I certainly couldn't have created this application as simply without it, and DentalStack has helped me a great deal.

Laurence H. Loeb is an electrical-engineer-turned-dental-surgeon in Wallingford, Connecticut. He is comoderator of the macintosh conference on BIX. He can be reached on BIX as "lloeb."

## The Macintosh as an Engineering Workstation

World Radio History

DesignWorks<sup>™</sup> brings you electronic schematic and simulation capabilities formerly available only in systems 10 - 100 times the price. This design capability is integrated with the Macintosh's well-known text and graphics capability to give you an amazingly easy to use and low cost engineering workstation for digital circuit designers.

#### DesignWorks Features:

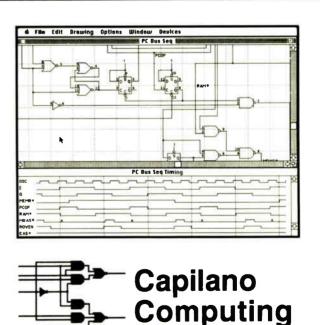
- fully interactive, 13-state digital logic simulation.
- simulation output through on-screen "probes" or a logic-analyzer style timing diagram.
- individual device delays can be from 0 to 32767 units.
- laser, dot-matrix and pen plotter output support
- simulation support for PROMs, PLAs and RAMs.

• many editing features including full Cut/Copy/Paste clipboard support, device dragging with full rubber-banding, symbol rotation and mirroring, etc.

• includes libraries with hundreds of common logic devices with full simulation.

• supports bussing and multipage drawings with off-page connectors.

- interfaces with Douglas CAD/CAM PCB layout.
- full price, including libraries and simulation: \$685.00
- low-cost educational versions also available.



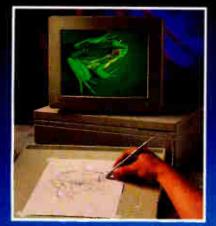
545 - 108th NE, Suite 6, Bellevue WA 98004 (604) 669-6343

Macintosh is a trademark of Apple Computer, Inc. DesignWorks is a trademark of Capilano Computing Systems Ltd. Douglas CAD/CAM is a trademark of Douglas Electronics

# Introducing Bit Pad Plus. No Matter What You Do On Your Macintosh<sup>\*</sup>...



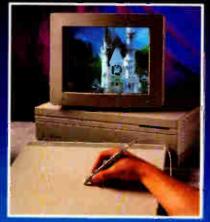
**Desktop Publishing** 



Brawing/Tracing

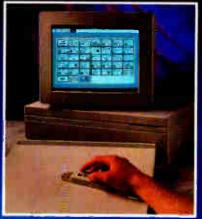


CAD/CAM/CAE



# ring Design Graphics M Now You Can Do It Better.

**Business Graphics** 



Menu Selection

Bit Pad Plus is the latest tablet from Summagraphics – the world's leading supplier of graphics tablets. This versatile, 12" by 12" input device greatly enhances the graphics capabilities of your Macintosh to create a more productive, more professional graphics workstation.

and Data Print Plan

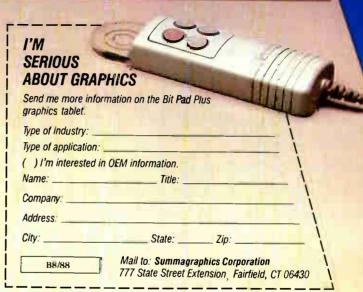
Our Bit Pad Plus comes with a four-button cursor, stylus, and an Apple® Desktop Bus™ interface to connect to your computer – no separate power supply is needed. It performs menu selection and steering functions as well as a mouse. Plus it allows you to trace and draw naturally. Provides better accuracy through higher resolution. And it's compatible with all Macintosh II and SE software.

Why settle for less from another tablet or mouse? If you're really serious about graphics, move up to Bit Pad Plus today.



See us in MacWorld Expo Booth #5546.

Draw on our experience® 203-384-1344 © 1988 Summagraphics Corporation. All rights reserved.



Images court<mark>e</mark>sy of: Pageniaker from Aldus Publishing, VersaCAD, Powerpoint from Microsoft, PixelPaint from SuperMac Technologies, True Vision and Apple Computer, Inc.

Circle M47 on Reader Service Card

# The Joystick Ousts the Mouse

#### A Professional Mouse/Joystick for all Apple Users

The new MACH IV plus (mouse/joystick) from CH Products is a professional mouse replacement and joystick for all Apple II and Macintosh computers. Engineered for use with all mouse intensive applications software. At the flip of a switch the MACH IV plus can shed its serious work ways and be ready for use with your favorite simulation or game software.

> The MACH IV plus has many advanced features over its predecessor, the MACH IV, including an absolute mode that tracks and acts like a mouse, as well as three rate modes. It also provides greater reliability and is 100% compatible with all mouse and joystick driven software. Suggested Retail - \$89.95

### or Plug the Mirage into Your Existing Apple Computer and Use Your Existing CH Joystick

#### MIRAGE<sup>TM</sup> – Joystick/Mouse Interface for all Apple Computers

The new MIRAGE from CH Products is a multi-featured interface for using CH Products' Apple compatible joysticks with all Apple II and Macintosh computers and programs which use a mouse for input. MIRAGE turns your joystick into a high performance mouse alternative that is 100% compatible with all Apple mouse ports and software. Installation is a snap, just connect the MIRAGE connector where you usually plug your mouse, plug your joystick (Mach II. Mach III or FlightStick) into the MIRAGE and you're ready to mouse around!

Suggested Retail - \$54.95 **COMPATIBILITY:** 

MACH IV plus - Quad and MIRAGE - Quad for: Apple II, IIE, IIC, Mac 128, Mac 512 (Apple II, IIE require Apple mouse card to use in mouse mode). MACH IV plus - ADB and MIRAGE - ADB for: Apple IIGS, Mac SE, Mac II.



A Joystick Technologies, Inc Company

A Division of Joystick Technologies, Inc. 1225 Stone Drive, San Marcos, CA 92069 See your Dealer today, or for credit card orders, call: USA 1-800-624-5804: CA 1-800-262-2004. For more information, call: (619) 744-8546.

# Using Color QuickDraw on the Mac II

Jan Eugenides

I have to admit it: I didn't think color on the Macintosh was important. But when I began to explore my new Mac II, I saw I was wrong. Color adds vitality and clarity; it's no mere frill. Best of all, it's not that difficult to add color to your own programs, using Color QuickDraw.

I obtained an early beta draft of Inside Macintosh Volume V (1987, Apple Programmer's and Developer's Assoc.), which contains information on the various color routines. After much experimentation, I worked out an interesting method of color animation. The technique involves constantly modifying the color lookup table contained in the video RAM. It works with any AppleColor monitor and video card, and should work with any third-party video board as long as it supports a 256-color mode. This application produces absolutely stunning, almost mesmerizing, effects, so I've named it Mesmer (see photo 1). The C listing is fairly long, so only fragments of it appear here. [Editor's note: The complete listings for this article are available in a variety of formats. See page 3.]

I'll briefly explain some of the features of Color QuickDraw and how these are used to produce Mesmer's effects. A detailed description of Color QuickDraw is beyond the scope of this article, but it is available in Inside Macintosh Volume V or you can check out Scott Knaster's Macintosh Programming Secrets from Addison-Wesley. We're only going to cover the groundwork we need to understand what Mesmer does, and dive right in for a close look at the code. At the end of this article I'll explain some caveats to using this technique, but Mesmer provides several working examples of how to access and use Color QuickDraw for your own needs.

#### **Color QuickDraw**

If you are familiar with QuickDraw, Color QuickDraw holds few surprises. Most of the same drawing commands are available, except that you can now speciHere's a working example of a Mac II color animation

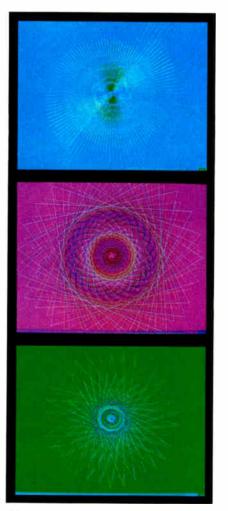


Photo 1: Mesmer in operation.

fy the color to be used for the operation. The standard Macintosh drawing interface, the grafPort, supports the eight original QuickDraw colors: black, yellow, magenta, red, cyan, green, blue, and white. Since Mesmer uses 256 colors to produce its effects, this requires you to draw in a color grafPort (cGrafPort) instead. The structure of a cGrafPort is practically identical to a grafPort, and both structures are the same size. Apple was able to pack more information into a cGrafPort by changing several fields (bkPat, pnPat, and fillPat) from bitpattern data to handles pointing to color information. Also, the portBits field no longer points to a BitMap structure that itself points to the grafPort's bitmapped data, but has a handle to a color pixel map that contains information on the color image. The easiest way to allocate a cGrafPort is to simply call NewC-Window() in your application. This ROM call is similar to the old New-Window() call, but instead creates a color window using a cGrafPort.

All colors in Color QuickDraw are manipulated in an RGB space. The RGB space serves as a common ground where applications can use color in a consistent, hardware-independent manner. Color values are represented by an RGBColor data structure that specifies the red, green, and blue components of a color. (See code fragment 1.) Each of the three components are short integers (16 bits) that can have values from 0000 hexadecimal for the lowest intensity to FFFF hexadecimal representing the highest intensity. If all three components are zero, the color is black. If all three are FFFF hexadecimal, the color is white. Whenever all three components are equal to one another, the result is a shade of gray. All other combinations result in colors. You should note that although RGBColors store each component as a short integer, Color QuickDraw currently uses only one byte of information per color compocontinued

#### Code fragment 1: RGBColor data structure.

```
typedef struct RGBColor{
    unsigned short red;    /* magnitude of red component */
    unsigned short green;    /* magnitude of green component */
    unsigned short blue;    /* magnitude of blue component */
} RGBColor;
```

```
Code fragment 2: ColorTable data structure.
```

```
typedef struct ColorTable{
  long   ctSeed; /* unique identifier for table */
  short   ctFlags; /* flags describing the spec array */
  short   ctSize; /* number of entries - 1 */
  CSpecArray   ctTable; /* array [0..0] of ColorSpec */
  } ColorTable, *CTabPtr, **CTabHandle;
```

#### Code fragment 3: The Environs structure.

short machine, rom;

```
Environs(&rom, &machine);
```

#### Code fragment 4: Using GetGDevice to extract the pixel depth

GDHandle gH; PixMapHandle pH;

gH = GetGDevice(); /\*get a handle to main graphics device\*/
pH = (\*\*gH).gdPMap; /\*get a handle to its PixMap\*/
if((\*\*pH).pixelSize == 8) /\*examine the pixelSize field\*/
/\*a pixel size of 8 indicates 256 colors are available\*/

#### Code Fragment 5: Inner drawing loop for Mesmer.

#### Code fragment 6: Using SetEntries( ).

```
for(n = 0; n < 512; n++)
{
  tempval = temptable[255]; /* shift all entries down one */
  for(j=254; j>=0; j--)
     temptable[j+1] = temptable[j];
  temptable[0] = tempval;
  SetEntries(0,255,temptable); /* install the new clut */
  Delay(lL,&ticks); /* slow rotation slightly */
  }
```

nent, which gives you a palette of  $2^{24}$  or 16,777,216 colors.

How is an RGBColor presented on, say, a monitor? Color QuickDraw uses a lookup table mechanism that translates RGBColors into values that a video board then uses to index into its own map of color information. The information in this map, or color lookup table (CLUT), is used by the hardware to drive the monitor. This arrangement effectively hides the messy hardware details from programmers and allows them to focus on developing products rather than worry about compatibility problems.

Color QuickDraw groups a cGraf-Port's colors into a data structure called a ColorTable. Its structure is shown in code fragment 2. As you can see, each entry in the color table is not simply an RGBColor but a ColorSpec. A Color-Spec data structure consists of a value field (short integer) followed by an RGBColor. This value field is nothing more than 3 to 5 of the most significant bits of each component of the RGBColor record. These values are used to index into the video board's color map to determine what colors you see. My output device was a color monitor, but these values could index into a color map whose values describe the "best-fit" colors for a color printer. These values are used internally by Color QuickDraw (actually the Color Manager) and shouldn't be modified by your application. I'll show how this mechanism works in the "Using the Color Manager" section.

In place of the old familiar BitMap used by a grafPort is the PixMap, a structure that defines the cGrafPort's pixels. The first three fields of a PixMap are the same as those of a BitMap: a pointer to the pixel image (baseAddr), an offset that determines the number of bytes from one row of pixels to the next (rowBytes), and the boundaries of the image (bounds). A PixMap contains additional fields that define the horizontal and vertical resolution of the image (hRes and vRes); the image's depth, or physical bits per pixel (pixelSize); and other information. In its current incarnation, Color QuickDraw uses a "chunky" pixel image format that has all of a pixel's bits stored consecutively in memory, and all of a row's pixels stored consecutively as well.

Although QuickDraw works with RGB colors, it also provides other ways to define a color. Color QuickDraw has conversion routines for HSV (hue, saturation, and value), HLS (hue, lightness, and saturation) and CMY (cyan, magenta, and yellow) color models. The Color Picker package contains routines to display a color wheel that lets you select a particular color from it (see photo 2), and routines to convert between the various color definitions.

There's more to Color QuickDraw, of course: color cursors, color patterns, new drawing modes, a new picture format, and new text-handling routines. But, in general, Color QuickDraw can be regarded as an enhancement to the old QuickDraw, not a departure from it. Programs written with the original Quick-Draw still run under Color QuickDraw, as long as they don't make any assumptions about an image's pixel depth or memory requirements.

#### Checking Your Machine Environment

When writing a color application, it's a good idea to add code that checks whether Color QuickDraw is available on the Macintosh executing your program. Since these routines are written in 68020 code, attempting to run them on a Mac Plus or Mac SE will produce a system bomb—a clearly undesirable result. Fortunately, it's easy to have your application check what type of machine is running it. The Environs() function returns information about the machine and the ROM; it is shown in code fragment 3. If a Mac II is running your application, machine will be equal to 2.

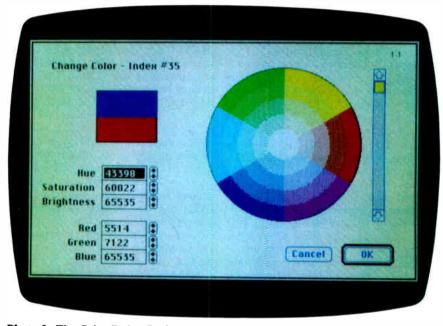
Currently, only the Mac II has color capabilities, so this is a sufficient check. However, for future compatibility, it's better to check directly for the availability of Color QuickDraw itself, using the SysEnvirons() call. Apple's Technical Note #129 explains how to do this.

Once you have determined that the color calls are available, you should determine the current pixel depth; put another way, how many colors are currently available? This question arises from the fact that the number of colors displayed can be set by the user via the Control Panel.

For simplicity, I designed Mesmer to

require 256 colors. This is not a great idea for a commercial application, which should be capable of running with any number of colors, but it's fine for a short demonstration application. To ensure that the display is using 256 colors, Mesmer examines the pixel depth of the main graphics device, which is the display that encompasses that part of the Desktop with the menu bar.

continued



**Photo 2:** The Color Picker Dialog box. You can select a color by pointing and clicking on the color wheel or by typing values into the text field boxes. Values for a color can be entered as an RGB color model or an HSV color model.

Listing 1: The gDevice data structure. Mesmer extracts information about the depth of the screen from gdPMap, which is a handle to the PixMap associated with this gDevice.

typedef struct {	GDevice		
<pre>{     short     short     short     ITabHandle     short     SProcHndl     CProcHndl     short     PixMapHandle     long     GDHandle     Rect     long     short     short     Handle     Handle     long </pre>	<pre>gdCompProc; gdFlags; gdPMap; gdRefCon; gdNextGD; gdRect; gdCCBytes; gdCCBytes; gdCCDepth; gdCCXData; gdCCXMask; gdReserved;</pre>	///////////////////////////////////////	reference number of driver */ client ID for search procedures */ device type */ handle to inverse lookup table */ preferred resolution of GDITable */ list of search procedures */ list of complement procedures */ grafDevice flags word */ PixMap for displayed image*/ reference value */ handle of next gDevice */ device's bounds in global coordinates */ device's current mode */ rowBytes of expanded cursor data */ handle to cursor's expanded data */ handle to cursor's expanded mask */ future use. MUST BE 0 */
) GDevice, *GDB	er, "GDHandle		

World Radio History

#### **Graphics Devices**

Because the Mac II supports a variablesize screen, different pixel depths, and even multiple screens, we need a way to keep track of and manipulate whatever video devices are attached. Color Quick-Draw uses a structure called a gDevice, or graphics device, that describes each device's characteristics. The structure of a gDevice is shown in listing 1.

When you start up the Mac II, it determines the number of installed video boards, reads the device-specific information on each (such as screen size and pixel depth), and creates a linked list of gDevices for each video board.

A gDevice doesn't have to correspond to a physical device, however. A logical gDevice behaves just like a real screen device, but it won't have a software driver associated with it. For example, you can create a logical gDevice in memory, and draw into it. This is useful when you want to write into an off-screen Pix-Map whose pixel depth or set of colors is different from that of the screen.

The routine GetGDevice() returns a handle to the current gDevice, which is just what we need to find out how many colors the monitor is using. Code fragment 4 shows the C code for doing this.

Another thing you should check, although it's not color-related, is the size of the screen. The QuickDraw global screenBits.bounds contains the rectangle of the main screen. Mesmer uses this information to open a full-screensize window. If your application needs to figure out the shape and size of a Desktop that spans several screens, the lowmemory global GrayRgn (at address 9EEh) contains the RgnHandle (region handle) to a standard QuickDraw region that describes the Desktop.

#### Creating a Color Look-Up Table

To achieve its swirling animation effects, Mesmer requires a customized CLUT. Color QuickDraw uses a CLUT to select the colors to be displayed; each graphics device has its own. The colors in the screen's CLUT are the only colors available for display. A request for a particular RGB value is matched to the nearest available color in the CLUT, and that color is displayed. An application cannot be sure of getting the exact color it requests unless it provides a CLUT to the graphics device that specifies the exact values it needs. Mesmer sets the screen's CLUT directly. An approved method of accomplishing this in a way that is more suitable in a complex environment is the Palette Manager (see the "The Good and the Bad" section).

I took advantage of the HSV color def-

inition to calculate a "rainbow" of colors (that is, colors that blend smoothly from one hue to another). By leaving the saturation and value parameters at their highest values and varying only the hue, it's easy get colors that are evenly spaced all around the rim of the color wheel. These are the most brilliant colors available, which is just what I wanted for Mesmer. The Color Picker's HSV2RGB() routine converts each HSV color to its RGB equivalent, and these values are then stored in an array. Listing 2 shows a part of the code I used to create Mesmer's CLUT. It generates an array of 256 evenly spaced colors that are then written into a clut resource of an arbitrarily named resource file. After creating the file, I used ResEdit to copy and paste the clut resource into Mesmer's resource file.

#### Using the Color Manager

The Color Manager is a set of routines designed to work directly with graphics hardware, providing RGB color space information to Color QuickDraw or instructing the hardware to modify its color map as required to display a new set of colors. Macintosh graphics devices convert arbitrary pixel values in their frame (display) buffer into actual RGB values, as determined by the CLUT for the device. Changing the CLUT changes

Listing 2: LightspeedC code to generate the color look-up table (CLUT) resource for the Mesmer application. A CLUT that contains a "rainbow" of smoothly blended colors is generated and written into a resource file called Fred.

```
/*color table generator*/
 MakeCLUT()
{
  CTabHandle
               ctabH;
  HSVColor
               hColor:
               refNum;
  short
  ctabH = (CTabHandle)NewHandle((long)sizeof(ColorTable)); /*allocate space
                                                               for color table*/
  hColor.saturation = 65535;
                                 /*set saturation to max*/
  hColor.value = 65535;
                                /*set value to max*/
                                /*for 256 colors*/
  for (n = 0; n < 256; n++)
                                 /*create 256 evenly spaced hues*/
      hColor.hue = n*256;
      HSV2RGB(&hColor, & (**ctabH).ctTable[n].rgb);
      /*the value field is just the most significant bits of the RGBColor*/
      (**ctabH).ctTable[n].value = 0; /*just set it to zero, color manager does
                                         the rest*/
      }
                                     /*use the current version identifier*/
  (**ctabH).ctSeed = GetCTSeed();
  (**ctabH).ctSize = 255;
/*size of color table minus one*/
                                     /*create a resource file*/
  CreateResFile("\pFred");
  refNum = OpenResFile("\pFred");
  AddResource(ctabH, 'clut', 200, "\pFred");
/*add our new clut to it*/
  CloseResFile(refNum);
}
```

the colors displayed without changing the pixel values stored in the frame buffer. This is the secret of Mesmer's animation effects: Once an image is created, the colors can be changed by modifying the device's CLUT without redrawing the image. By carefully selecting the sequence of colors in the CLUT and shifting the index to them around, you can generate a wide variety of special effects. Mesmer's graphics, as nice as they are, really just scratch the surface.

There are three sets of Color Manager routines that Mesmer uses to produce the animation effect: Color2Index(), Index2Color(), and SetEntries(). Color2Index() finds the best match to a random starting RGBColor for each drawing sequence. It returns the index value into the CLUT for that color, which becomes the starting color. For each iteration of the inner drawing loop, this index is incremented. It wraps around at 255 so that all 256 colors of the CLUT are used in sequence, starting with the random color. This produces a rainbowcolored drawing. The pattern itself is randomized as well, so it produces many combinations of colors and patterns.

As the index is incremented, the Index2Color() routine is used to retrieve the RGBColor corresponding to that index from the CLUT. The Color Quick-Draw call RGBForeColor() sets the drawing color, and LineTo() does the actual drawing. This inner drawing loop is shown in code fragment 5. The variable v is set randomly before the loop begins, as is the starting index value, index. The variables v, theta, and r are all float-type variables, while index, x, and y are short integers.

Once the rainbow-colored pattern has been drawn, the real fun begins. Set-Entries() changes the current gDevice's CLUT (in this case, it's the screen). You can change the entire table, or just specified entries. Mesmer uses SetEntries() to swap the whole CLUT. First, a copy of the CLUT is made. Next, each table entry is rotated up one position, with the contents to the top entry moved to the bottom. Then the screen is set to the new CLUT using Set-Entries(). The result is that each color on the screen changes to the color that was adjacent to it in the CLUT. Because the colors are selected sequentially around the color wheel, it appears as though the colors themselves move to the next line in the pattern. Since the patterns move in a circular way outward from the center of the screen, the colors appear to swirl outward as well, blending and changing as they go (see photo 1). The C code fragment 6 shows how this is done. After the CLUT rotates a couple of times in one direction, it reverses direction for another two full rotations.

There is one caveat to using the Set-Entries() routine. You must be careful to set the CLUT back to its original state before leaving your application. Otherwise, you can wind up with some very strange and even illegible displays produced by subsequent applications that rely on the screen CLUT having the standard set of colors. Mesmer does this by using its own copy of the standard CLUT, saved as a resource. A better way would be to save and restore the current CLUT each time the application runs.

#### The Good and the Bad

The main disadvantage to Mesmer's approach is that it uses the Color Manager directly, instead of the Palette Manager, to animate colors. The Palette Manager routines operate more or less transparently across multiple screens, while the Color Manager routines do not. Thus, Mesmer is limited to operating on the main screen only. Apple strongly recommends that color animation be accomplished through the Palette Manager to avoid potential problems that result from manipulating colors at the Color Manager level. In a multitasking environment, changing the screen CLUT directly can confuse other applications that are running concurrently with your own, since there is no way for them to sense that the colors have changed. Nothing will crash, of course, but the displays may be less than optimal.

The advantage to Mesmer's animation scheme is that it's relatively easy to implement, while the Palette Manager routines are more complex. Since most of us have only one screen, Mesmer still serves as a good example of how to use Color Quick-Draw, and it shows the interaction between Color QuickDraw, the Color Manager, and the video hardware. ■

Jan Eugenides is a senior software engineer at Solutions Inc. in Montpelier, Vermont. He has written articles for several Macintosh-specific magazines. He can be reached on BIX as "j.eugenides."

"the richest and most expressive programming language I've ever used"

Alpha Pop-11 for the Macintosh

#### "the ideal language... an artful blend of Pascal, Lisp, and Forth with a dash of Smalltalk and Prolog"

Quotes: Dick Pountain, BYTE May 1988 For orders, information, and free Hypercard stack about AlphaPop, please contact: Computable Functions Inc. • 35 South Orchard Drive, Amherst, MA 01002 U.S.A. • 413-253-7637

World Radio History

# h h h h

# DATAPRO Means Accurate.

Information. We base our purchases on it. Formulate opinions from it. Make intelligent decisions with it.

Provided . . . it is correct. Inaccurate information is oftentimes less useful than none at all. It leads to misinterpretation. And in making a poor choice. Datapro means accuracy. Our information services contain up-to-date documented reports on products and services in microcomputers, information processing and data and voice communications. Reports that help you separate truth from fiction. And in today's everchanging industry, that requires constant research and review. Our product and pricing comparisons are carefully developed. Technology reports are documented. User ratings are statistically analyzed. Competitive reports are scrutinized. And How-to-Advice columns are meticulously edited.

Start making your decisions based on the facts. To receive your free literature pack on Datapro's subscription services, call us today at 1-800-DATAPRO (1-800-328-2776) or use the reader service card.



Circle M58 on Reader Service Card

# Unix and the Mac Interface

**Rick Daley** 

A/UX 1.0 is Apple's version of AT&T Bell Laboratory's Unix System V version 2 for the Macintosh II. What makes A/UX stand out from other Unix systems is the A/UX Toolbox (software that gives A/UX programs access to the Mac user interface ROM routines). With the Toolbox, applications developers can give their programs the familiar look and feel of the Mac user interface. (For further details on A/UX 1.0, see "Unix for the Mac II" by David Betz and Eva M. White on page 185 of this issue.)

The Toolbox is a set of tools and libraries that let you run existing "wellbehaved" Mac applications under A/UX, or write new A/UX applications that can use the Mac user interface.

There are two main components in the Toolbox: It has a program named launch for executing existing Mac binaries, and a C library named LIBMAC. A for creating new A/UX programs that can access the user interface toolbox as well as standard Unix libraries.

Table 1 shows which Mac operating system routines the Toolbox 1.0 supports. In this first release, you can run only one A/UX Toolbox application at a time, and the finder, desk accessories, and printing manager are not supported. Nor does the Toolbox support custom device drivers. The A/UX Toolbox in A/UX 1.1 (which should be in beta version by the time you read this) will support the desk manager, the printing manager, the color manager, and the palette manager.

#### **Compatibility Issues**

The main compatibility issues are in the areas of memory management, process scheduling, and file management. To understand what is involved in integrating these environments, you must first understand the differences between A/UX and the Mac operating system. A/UX is a multitasking, 32-bit virtual memory operating system; the Mac is a single-tasking operating system that uses The A/UX Toolbox for the Mac II gives you the potential for a point-and-click Unix

a handle-based memory manager. A/UX requires a 68851 paged-memory-management unit (PMMU) for multitasking and virtual memory support as well as protection of one task from another. Virtual memory lets a process access more memory than the machine physically has. Unfortunately, these features isolate you from the hardware, and you are expected to make requests to the operating system kernel to manipulate the hardware. This is important, because it means that a bug in one program won't inadvertently crash the entire system.

While the Mac operating system provides an interface to the hardware, it cannot prevent you from accessing hardware and memory directly. Other conflicts between the Mac operating system and A/UX are caused by the fact that the Mac's handle-based memory manager assumes only 24 bits of significance. The A/UX library takes care of the 24- to 32bit problem for programs that used the prescribed interface, but some programs go around the Mac operating system's interface to gain speed. You must modify these so-called "ill-behaved" applications for them to run under A/UX.

#### A/UX and the Mac ROM

The Mac ROM contains a large library of routines that an application can call. These routines are broken into two sections. The first section is the user interface toolbox, which contains code to present the standard Mac user interface. These include routines to draw text and graphics, to create and manipulate windows and menus, and to get input from the user through the mouse and keyboard. The second section of the Mac ROM contains the operating system calls. These are routines to read and write files, to allocate memory, and to manipulate various devices, such as the serial ports.

Figure 1 shows the strategy that A/UX uses to communicate between an A/UX C program and the Mac ROM: When you make a call to the Mac operating system, the Toolbox routes the call to one of A/UX's operating system calls; when you make a call to a Mac user interface routine, the Toolbox translates it to a call in the Mac user interface ROM code.

The A/UX Toolbox sets up a memory map that is close enough to the one used by the native Mac operating system that it fools the code in ROM and in applications. Because the PMMU's job is to keep programs from accessing anything but their own code and data, Apple had to provide a means to get around some of the protection facilities of A/UX so that programs can get to the screen's frame buffer and the Mac ROM. Before transferring control to a program, the Toolbox library makes several calls to the A/UX kernel to change the memory map making the ROM and the screen's frame buffer accessible. Also, it creates a small memory segment at virtual address 0 to contain Mac low-memory globals. The ROM code maintains these globals, and some applications can even access them directly. The resulting memory map is shown in figure 2.

The recommended way for an application to access the Mac ROM routines is through the 68000 CPU family's 1010 emulator trap mechanism, often called an A-line trap. A 1010-emulator trap occontinued

# W DO YOU GET H ŀΚ HOUTA

Most young people have one answer to this problem. They avoid it until they're out of college. But they could be getting solid work experience while they're still in college. With your company's help. And ours.

We're Co-op Education. A nationwide program that helps college students get real jobs for real pay, while they're getting an education. But we can't do it without you. Those real jobs have to come from real companies. Like yours.

For more information on how you can participate in this valuable program, write Co-op Education, Box 775E, Boston, MA 02115.

Not only will you be giving students a chance to earn money and pick up the most valuable kind of knowledge, you'll be giving yourselves a chance to pick up the most valuable kind of employee.

# **Co-op Education.**

You earn a future when you earn a degree.

uncil A Public Service of This Publication ©1987 National Commission for Cooperative Education

# EDITORIAL INDEX BY COMPANY

Index of companies covered in articles, columns, or news stories in this issue Each reference is to the first page of the article or section in which the company name appears

INQU	IRY # COMPANY	PAGE INQ	UIRY # COMPANY	PAGE INQU	IRY # COMPANY	PAGE
M258 M244 M211 M143 M246 M155 M156 M243 M183 M214 M186 M157	ACCESS TECHNOLOGYACIUSACIUSACIVISIONADDISON-WESLEYALDISON-WESLEYALDUSALISA SYSTEMSALTSYSAPPLE COMPUTERAST RESEARCHAVATAR TECHNOLOGIES	21 M255 71 M144 83 M163 57 M164 57 M164 165 165 165 165 165 165 165 165 165 165	HYPERPRESS PUBLISHING     INFORMATION PRESENTATIO TECHNOLOGIES     INFOSPHERE     INSIGNIA SOLUTIONS     KANODE ASSOCIATES     KINETICS		PBC ENTERPRISES PBI SOFTWARE PERFECTEK PERIPHERAL LAND PRIAM PUBLISHING RESOURCES SHIVA SILICON BEACH SOFTWARE SOFTWIEW SOFTWARE SUPPLY SOLUTIONS INTERNATIONAL STRATEGIC STUDIES GROUP SUN MICROSYSTEMS	35 57 57 35 71 57 21 35 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 35
M247 M181 M158 M254 M180 M182 M159 M160	CE SOFTWARE COMPATIBLE SYSTEMS CORVUS SYSTEMS DATA DESK INTERNATIONAL DATAVIZ DAYNA COMMUNICATIONS DIGITAL COMMUNICATIONS ASSOCIATES DOVE COMPUTER DUPONT ELECTRONICS	57 M253 57 M253 57 M251 35 M266 57 M165 57 M165 57 M145 57 M185 57 M185	UNDEEN & ASSOCIATES MACROMIND MENLO BUSINESS SYSTEMS . MICROLYTICS MICROSOFT MICROSOLUTIONS	21 M173 21, 35 M262 M174 57 M175 7 M242 21 57 M152	SUPERMAC TECHNOLOGY SYMANTEC	
M142 M162 M161	FARALLON COMPUTING	7, 57 M170			TOPS TOUCH COMMUNICATIONS TRI DATA SYSTEMS WALKER RICHER & QUINN	

#### BYTE ADVERTISING SALES STAFF:

#### Dennis J. Riley, Director of Sales, One Phoenix Mill Lane, Peterborough, NH 03458, tel. (603) 924-9281

NEW ENGLAND ME, NH, VT, MA, RI, ONTARIO CANADA & EASTERN CANADA John C. Moon (617) 262-1160 McGraw-Hill Publications 575 Boylston Street Boston, MA 02116

#### ATLANTIC NY, NYC, CT, NJ (NORTH) Leah G. Rabinowitz (212) 512-2096 McGraw-Hill Publications 1221 Avenue of the Americas-36th Floor New York, NY 10020

(203) 968-7111 McGraw-Hill Publications Building A—3rd Floor 777 Long Ridge Road Stamford, CT 06902

EAST PA, NJ (SOUTH), MD, VA, W.VA, DE, D.C. (215) 496-3833 McGraw-Hill Publications Three Parkway Philadelphia, PA 19102

SOUTHEAST NC, SC, GA, FL, AL, TN Carolyn F. Lovett (404) 252-0626 McGraw-Hill Publications 4170 Ashford-Dunwoody Road Suite 420 Atlanta, GA 30319

#### MIDWEST

IL, MO, KS, IA, ND, SD, MN, KY, OH, WI, NB, IN, MI, MS Bob Denmead (312) 751-3740 McGraw-Hill Publications Blair Building 645 North Michigan Ave. Chicago, IL 60611

SOUTHWEST, ROCKY MOUNTAIN CO, WY, OK, TX, AR, LA Karl Heinrich (713) 462-0757 McGraw-Hill Publications 7600 W. Tidwell Rd.—Suite 500 Houston, TX 77040 SOUTHERN CA, AZ, NM, LAS VEGAS Jack Anderson (714) 557-6292 McGraw-Hill Publications 3001 Red Hill Ave. Building #1-Suite 222 Costa Mesa, CA 92626

SOUTH PACIFIC

Tom Harvey (213) 480-5243 McGraw-Hill Publications 3333 Wilshire Boulevard #407 Los Angeles, CA 90010

NORTH PACIFIC HI, WA, OR, ID, MT, NORTHERN CA, NV (except LAS VEGAS), UT, W. CANADA Mike Kisseberth (415) 362-4600 McGraw-Hill Publications d'25 Bathery Street

425 Battery Street San Francisco, CA 94111

Bill McAfee (415) 349-4100 McGraw-Hill Publications 951 Mariner's Island Blvd.— 3rd Floor San Mateo, CA 94404

BYTE BITS (2x3) Dan Harper (603) 924-6830 BYTE Publications One Phoenix Mill Lane Peterborough, NH 03458

The Buyer's Mart (1x2) Mark Stone (603) 924-3754 **BYTE Publications** One Phoenix Mill Lane Peterborough, NH 03458

Regional Advertising (So. CA, Mid-Atlantic, New York/New England) Elisa Lister (603) 924-6830 BYTE Publications One Phoenix Mill Lane Peterborough, NH 03458

**Regional Advertising** (Southeast, Southwest) Denise Vernier (603) 924-9281 BYTE Publications One Phoenix Mill Lane Peterborough, NH 03458

Seavex Ltd. 400 Orchard Road, #10-01 Singapore 0923 Republic of Singapore Tel: 734-9790 Telex: RS35539 SEAVEX

Seavex Ltd. 503 Wilson House 19-27 Wyndham St. Central, Hong Kong Tel: 5-260149 Telex: 60904 SEVEX HX Regional Advertising (Pacific NW, Midwest, New York/New England) Scott Gagnon (603) 924-6830 BYTE Publications One Phoenix Mill Lane Peterborough, NH 03458

#### **BYTE Deck Mailings**

BY 1E Deck Mailings National Ed Ware (603) 924-6166 BYTE Publications One Phoenix Mill Lane Peterborough, NH 03458

A/E/C Computing Deck Computing for Engineers Mary Ann Goulding (603) 924-9281 BYTE Publication One Phoenix Mill Lane Peterborough, NH 03458

**International Advertising Sales Staff:** 

Mr. Hans Csokor Publimedia Reisnerstrasse 61 A-1037 Vienna, Austria 222 75 76 84

Mrs. Gurit Gepner McGraw-Hill Publishing Co. PO Box 2156 Bat Yam, 59121 Israel 3 866 561 321 39

Ros Weyman Serving Germany, Austria, & Switzerland McGraw-Hill Publishing Co. 34 Dover St London W1X 4BR England 01 493 1451

Mrs. Maria Sarmiento Pedro Teixeira 8, Off. 320 Iberia Mart 1 Madrid 4, Spain 1 45 52 891

Michael Karnig Andrew Karnig & Associates Finnbodavagen S-131 31 Nacka, Sweden 8-44 0005

Mr. Alain Faure McGraw-Hill Publishing Co. 128 Faubourg Saint Honore 75008 Paris France (1) 42-89-03-81

Karen Lennie McGraw-Hill Publishing Co. 34 Dover St. London W1X 4BR England 01 493 1451

Emilio Zerboni McGraw-Hill Publishing Co. Via Flavio Baracchini 1 20123 Milan, Italy (2) 89010103

Him Morita McGraw-Hill Publishing Co. Overseas Corp. Room 1528 Koom 1528 Kasumigaseki Bldg. 3-2-5 Kasumigaseki, Chiyoda-Ku Tokyo 100, Japan 3 581 9811

Mr. Ernest McCrary Empresa Internacional de Comunicacoes Ltda. Comunicacoes Ltda. Rua da Consolacao, 222 Conjunto 103 01302 Sao Paulo, S.P., Brasil Tel: (11) 259-3811 Telex: (100) 32122 EMBN

# READER SERVICE

To get further information on the products advertised in BYTE, fill out the reader service card by circling the numbers on the card that correspond to the inquiry number listed with the advertiser. This index is provided as an additional service by the publisher, who assumes no liability for errors or omissions.

## Alphabetical Index to Advertisers

#### Inquiry No.

Inquiry No.	Page No.	inquiry No.
M1 1ST DESK SYSTEMS, INC	<b>CIV</b>	M16 COM
M2 AFFINITY MICROSYSTEMS	15	* CON
M3 ALLAN BONADIO ASSOC.	14	M18 COR
M4 ALPHA MICRO	70	M19 D2 S
M5 ALPHA MICRO		M58 DATA
APPLE COMPUTER	2,3	M20 DCM
M56 APPLIED DATA COMMUNICATIO		M21 DES
AST RESEARCH INC.	27	M22 DOU
M7 BASF	28	M23 EDU
M8 BEVERLY HILLS COMPUTER	73	M24 EDU
M9 BORLAND INTERNATIONAL	5	M25 ERG
M10 BORLAND INTERNATIONAL	5	M26 FOX
M11 BRAINPOWER	43	M27 GEN
M57 BYTE BITS	79	M28 GEN
BYTE SUB SERVICE		M29 HAR
M41 CALIFORNIA FREEWARE	93	* INFC
M12 CAPILANO COMPUTING	80	M30 IO TI
M13 CE SOFTWARE	23	M31 MAC
M14 CH PRODUCTS		M32 MAC
M15 CH PRODUCTS		M33 MAII

M16 COMPUTABLE FUNCTIONS INC	.87
COMPUTER CONTINUUM	. 79
M18 COREL SOFTWARE	.45
M19 D2 SOFTWARE	. 36
M58 DATAPRO	. 88
M20 DCM DATA PRODUCTS	
M21 DESIGN SCIENCE	.37
M22 DOUGLAS ELECTRONICS	
M23 EDUCOMP COMPUTER SERVICES .	. 38
M24 EDUCOMP COMPUTER SERVICES .	. 38
M25 ERGOTRON	.11
M26 FOX SOFTWARE	CII
M27 GENERIC SOFTWARE	9
M28 GENERIC SOFTWARE	9
M29 HARDWARE HOUSE	
INFORMIX SOFTWARE	
M30 IO TECH	.42
M31 MACONLY, INC	.17
M32 MACDOCTOR ELECTRONICS	CIII
M33 MAINSTAY	. 25

#### inquiry No. Page No.

inquiry No.	Page No.
M34 MANX SOFTWARE SYSTEMS	51
<ul> <li>MCGRAW-HILL INFORMATION.</li> </ul>	18,19
M35 MICRO CAD/CAM INC.	41
M36 NANAO	56
M37 NANAO	
M38 NATIONAL INSTRUMENTS	
M39 PALOMAR SOFTWARE INC.	54
M40 PARAGON CONCEPTS INC.	
M42 PRACTICAL PERIPHERALS	
M43 SECOND WAVE INC.	16
M44 SHER-MARK PRODUCTS	39
M45 SHREVE SYSTEMS	10
M47 SUMMAGRAPHICS	
M48 TPS ELECTRONICS	
M49 VAMP INC	
M50 VAR ECONOMETRICS	
M51 WARP NINE ENGINEERING	6
M52 WEST RIDGE DESIGNS	12
M53 WHITE PINE SOFTWARE	
* Correspond directly with company	

Page No

## Index to Advertisers by Product Category

Inquiry No.	Page No. inc	uiry No. Page No.	Inqui	iry No. Page N	io. Inquiry M	No. Page No.
HARDWAR	RE	6 MONITORS	M50			RLAND INTERNATIONAL 5 RLAND INTERNATIONAL 5
M60	ADD INS M3	6 NANAO	M72	APPLE2/MAC APPLICATIO Miscellaneo		SOFTWARE
AST RESEARCH INC		4 SHER-MARK PRODUCTS 39		EDUCOMP COMP. SERVICES.	38	LOMAR SOFTWARE INC 54
M61		7 PRINTERS/PLOTTERS	m24	EDUCOMP COMP. SERVICES	38 M78 API	PLE2/MAC-COMMUNICATIONS
M18 COREL SOFTWARE M32 MACDOCTOR ELECT		0 IO TECH 42	M73	APPLE2/MAC APPLICATIO Word Processi	M92 FP	ACTICAL PERIPHERALS 59 HITE PINE SOFTWARE 10
M62 INSTR		8 SCANNERS	M40		24	
COMPUTER CONTIN     M30 IO TECH	NUUM 79 M5	8 TPS ELECTRONICS	M74	APPLE2/MAC-C	M79	MAIL ORDER/ RETAIL
M63 KEYI		9 SYSTEMS	M27	DOUGLAS ELECTRONICS	9 M8 BE	VERLY HILLS COMP
M14 CH PRODUCTS M15 CH PRODUCTS		• APPLE COMPUTER 2,3	M35	GENERIC SOFTWARE MICRO CAD/CAM INC VAMP INC	41 M29 HA	ALIFORNIA FREEWARE
M47 SUMMAGRAPHICS		SOFTWARE	M75	APPLE2/MAC-L		IREVE SYSTEMS 10
M4 ALPHA MICRO M5 ALPHA MICRO		0 APPLE2/MAC APPLICATIONS Business/Office		CE SOFTWARE	11100	EDUCATIONAL/ INSTRUCTIONAL
M7 BASE	45	1 1ST DESK SYSTEMS, INC CIV	M76	APPLE2/MAC-LANGUAG	ES M58 DA	TAPRO
		1 BRAINPOWER	1	BORLAND INTERNATIONAL BORLAND INTERNATIONAL	5	FORMIX SOFTWARE
M56 APPLIED DATA COM • AST RESEARCH INC		1 APPLE2/MAC APPLICATIONS Scientific/Technical	M20	DCM DATA PRODUCTS	.8 +	MISCELLANEOUS
M43 SECOND WAVE INC	N	3 ALLAN BONADIO ASSOC 14	M33	MAINSTAY	25 51	
M44 SHER-MARK PRODU	···   M1	2 CAPILANO COMPUTING 80			M25 ER	GOTRON
M65 MODEMS/M	ULTIPLEAURS	1 DESIGN SCIENCE	M77	APPLE2/MAC-UTILITI	ES   M52 WE	EST RIDGE DESIGNS 12
M42 PRACTICAL PERIPH	ERALS 59 M3	8 NATIONAL INSTRUMENTS 13	M2	AFFINITY MICRO SYSTEMS	15 Corres	pond directly with company

# If you think all memory upgrades are created equal, let us make a few points of distinction

Before you buy a memory upgrade, it pays to really examine what you're getting for your money.

We can show you what to look for by making these points of distinction on Brainstorm,<sup>™</sup> the complete memory expansion kit from Mac Doctor Electronics.

#### GUARANTEED EXPANDABILITY

All memory upgrades are expandable, right? Wrong. Only Brainstorm guarantees full expandability up to 4 megabytes. When you try to expand the others, they require you to insert memory chips that they don't even provide! Or they tell you to remove the Mac's motherboard and wait 8 weeks to get your upgrade back.

Brainstorm lets you upgrade quickly and easily by simply exchanging a plugin memory module. You can even do it yourself.

#### SOFTWARE THAT OUTPERFORMS THE REST

We're pointing out the fact that Brainstorm comes with a complete set of Performance Software™. Of course, most upgrades include utility software.

But what really sets us apart is our user's *Guide To* Increased Mac Performance. This guide tells you in plain English how to squeeze every byte of usefulness out of your memory increase—and that's a definite distinction. able motherboard space. In fact, it's so compact that even at 4 megabytes, Brainstorm accommodates both internal hard drives

#### NOW AVAILABLE FOR MAC 128, 512, PLUS, SE AND II

Lifetime guaranteed memory chips

Plug-in memory module to expand from 1 to 2 or 4 megs

Less power consumption with PowerSaver™

> Compatibility guaranteed

#### NO FAN NEEDED

Brainstorm doesn't require a fan to keep its cool, because it uses special PowerSaver<sup>™</sup> and CMOS memory chips that reduce memory energy consumption over 50%.

That's why you can increase memory size up to four times and run as cool as before! Just ask the others to do the same trick...

> THE SMALLEST UPGRADE GIVES YOU MORE

The Brainstorm memory kit doesn't penalize you by taking all of your avail-

ł

Software included to increase performance

and external drives that use clip-on SCSI ports. And even allows you to install the daughterboards of accelerators.

#### GUARANTEES THE OTHERS CAN'T TOUCH

Mac Doctor guarantees that Brainstorm will function without defect or we will repair or replace it free for one year. The memory chips are guaranteed for a lifetimefree replacement for as long as you own your Macintosh. And, you get the special guarantees of both expandability and compatibility.

#### 100% COMPATIBILITY WITHOUT FAIL

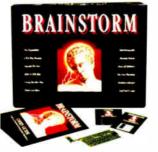
Use whatever Apple software and accessories you want with Brainstorm, because it's fully compatible with both old and new Apple ROMs, the 400K and 800K disk drives and all software for Macintosh computers.

#### FREE NEWSLETTER ON INCREASING MAC PRODUCTIVITY

Call today and get a free subscription to *Brainstorming*, the bimonthly newsletter that explains how memory upgrades work and gives you tips on getting the most from your Mac.

See how Brainstorm can improve your Mac's productivity at a price you can afford; only \$779 for a Brainstorm with a two megabyte module for a Mac 512E. Order Brainstorm now by calling (415) 964-2131, extension 25.

And learn the distinction between a quality memory upgrade—and all the rest. Mac Doctor Electronics, 1145 Terra Bella Avenue, Mountain View, CA 94043.



## **Application Generation Programs:**

1stTEAM and 1stFILE; Relational database engines.

1stTEAM and 1stFILE are stand-alone central processing programs that merge, analyze, report, join, append, and convert TEXT, while performing productively in a mini-mainframe environment. They are each complete information management systems capable of maintaining mailing lists, lead tracking, order entry and inventory. Both feature MACROS that provide in-depth analysis by producing new datafiles and reports using extremely simple . techniques. Each performs automatic mail-merge by adding data to your letters and print free-form reports and multiple labels with click-only ease. 1stTEAM and 1stFILE have nearly identical interfaces enabling you to use them interchangeably. The screen set ups are automatic once the field names and types are chosen. Formats can be easily changed any time.

#### • Level-3 vs. Level-4; Single-User vs. Power-User

1stFILE-3 is the single-user, low-end version of the Level-4 offerings having fewer fields and characters, no pre-programmed time and date MACROS, and lacking certain other power-user features. The choice of 1stFILE-4 or 1stTEAM-4 depends primarily on how much repetitive work you do. These multi-user programs look and feel similar and can produce identical output. 1stTEAM-4 offers the significant advantage of creating our exclusive HyperAccess Icons for data automation and transparent data exchange with HyperCard. These icons are actual command documents that can be launched from the finder singularly, or "linked" to perform an unlimited number of steps. In addition, HyperCard can be used to transparently run these HyperAccess icons. 1stFILE-4 can run HyperAccess icons, but cannot create them.

#### · Multi-User System; Easy to use, high productivity.

A typical multi-user system would have a copy of 1stTEAM for each administrator to design and control the system. Clerical personnel use 1stFILE-4 to run HyperAccess and access data.

## **Accessory Programs:**

1stDESK accessory programs increase data productivity, versatility, and appearance.

#### • 1stPORT-4: File Transfer and Conversion.

1stPORT is the only productive method to transfer and convert any data, formatted or unformatted, from any computer or other data source. 1stPORT features our exclusive graphic interface that reformats column boundaries easily. Optional HyperAccess automation.

LINE WELL where you get the new "lines".	Drag a LINE to add or change a boundary.		

Part	Area	Company	Price	
Part AXLES AXLES	NORTH	Ajax Co.	2113.35	
	SOUTH	Harris Motor Co.	1 83362.02	
mucc	NOBTH	Edison Tools Co.	4 65397 10	

#### **1stSCAN-4: Graphic Forms**

1stSCAN automatically creates an exact reflection of your printed form as a database entry screen in 90 seconds from any MacPaint file. The file created is a standard 1stDESK file, ready to enter up to 2 billion records and print with Laser quality fonts.

199		HEALTH INSURANCE CLAIM FORM (CHECK APPLICABLE PROGRAM BLOCK BELOY)			
CHANFUS (SPONSOR'S SSIN) PATIENT AND INSURED (S		CHAMPUA (UA FILE NO.)		FECA BLACK LUNC	OTHER (CERTIFICATE SSR
L) 2. PATIENT'S DATE OF		ob o or i b Lity	D. INSURED'S	ION NAME (LAST NAME, FIRST NAM	NE, MIDDLE INITIAL)
E	S. PATIENT'S SEX	FENALE	S. INSUNED'S	I.D. NO. FOR PROCEAM CHECK	ED ABOUE

#### 1stMERGE Level-3 and -4: Professional Mail Merge.

1stMERGE is a stand-alone list manager that creates a standard 1stDESK file and outputs directly to your word processing program with three mouse clicks. Create a form letter in any word processing program that can Save-as-MacWrite. 1stMERGE inserts the names just as though it were personally typed. Just use "[]" brackets to define the data insertion points.

Alligetor Aeros

[First Name] [Last Name] [Str. Address] [City], [State] [Zip Code]

Dear [Title] [Last Name],

Imagine yourself enjoying all these attractions as a landowner in sunny south central Florida at an unbelievable price! The [Last Name] family can be the envy of everyone in 9 [City], [State] when you announce you're moving from [Str. Address] to Alligator Acres!

• 1stBBS: Remote Bulletin Board.

#### • 1stGATE: BBS, Gateway, and Remote Database.

1stDESKs' simple, unique, long term solution to global information exchange applications is accomplished remotely by combining both distributed processing and distributed database. World Radio H

 $\hat{\mathbf{v}}$ 

1

ST FREE

Page

Colo 

or Catalog and

DEMO

7

Industrial

Park

Road, Medway,

MA

02053

1-800-522-2286 Trade

and

Disc

See

us

a

MacWorld,

Boston,

World

Center

#### continued from page 34

or bottom of screen; top or bottom of document.

• Screen: one screen forward or back; scroll 12 lines up or down.

• Delete: character; next or previous word; to end or beginning of line; sentence (cursor anywhere in the sentence); paragraph (cursor anywhere in the paragraph).

• Other: underscore from cursor to end of line; change case (uppercase to lowercase or lowercase to uppercase); directory; certain other DOS functions; automatic paragraph numbering.

And that's only a partial list.

If you want these things laid out as in WordStar, you can come close. In fact, with that in mind, someone has written a keyboard file for XyWrite called XyStar. Many other functions are available, and all are called by two-letter codes that can be installed or rearranged within the keyboard file at any time you wish. You can have more than one keyboard file and load the alternates for use at any point in a document.

You can create style sheets, or their equivalent, save them as save/gets, and load them at boot-up or any other time, including in the middle of a document.

Text reformats instantly as you make insertions or deletions.

The spelling checker can either do a whole document at once or correct you as you go along.

Be assured that I have no connection with XyQuest other than my faith in its product.

> Peter H. Weil Larchmont, NY

My original introduction to XyWrite was from my friend and publisher Jim Baen, who told me I'd love it. Alas, by then I was addicted to SideKick, and in those days XyWrite wouldn't run with SideKick or, indeed, with any other memory-resident program.

The latest XyWrite does work nicely with memory-resident programs, and it even runs under DESQview, so there aren't any real barriers to my using it; but by the time they got it to do that, I was in the middle of a book with something else.

I'll get at XyWrite Real Soon Now, I promise. I know that a lot of my colleagues use it, and it does a neat job of interfacing with Atex, which most publishers like.—Jerry

## OS/2 Makes It Easier Dear Jerry,

You've missed some of the major points concerning OS/2. These include the following:

• Hardware independence. OS/2 has the potential of blowing the roof off the software industry. Instead of having to write device drivers for video, printers, and input devices, programmers can concentrate on improving algorithms, adding features, and better debugging. Developing new products and upgrades to old ones can thus be speeded. By the way, there is absolutely no reason OS/2 won't support EGA. All someone has to do is write a display driver for it. Once. The issue of device independence also applies to Microsoft Windows, which is part of the proving ground for these ideas.

• OS/2 does not replace MS-DOS. OS/2 will not be available to end users until sometime this year. Applications will start to trickle out about that time. It won't be until 1989 that OS/2 applications will start putting pressure on the MS-DOS market. Millions of 8088/86 machines will be able to run only MS-DOS. Many of these machines will never need OS/2. Microsoft has announced its continuing support of MS-DOS.

• You don't have to buy a PS/2. IBM would like you to believe that the PS/2 is the wave of the future. Fortunately, because OS/2 frees applications from being hardware-dependent, we will be saved from enslavement to Big Blue. All you will need to run OS/2 with Presentation Manager is an 80286 or higher processor, 2 or more megabytes of memory, a hard disk drive, and a graphics adapter. These are my recommendations, not necessarily the listed requirements. These features are increasingly common these days. It's not as if you are required to buy the most expensive configuration available. Many 8088 machines will be upgradable to OS/2 compatibility.

If you can run CP/M until your Z80s grow moldy, then I'm sure there will be those who are still running MS-DOS when I crumble to dust. Operating systems are tools for applications; applications are tools for users. In the "old days," users shopped for software and then bought the computer that ran it. Now that computers have become somewhat commodity items, users will shop for software and buy the operating system that runs it. If you don't need OS/2, then don't buy it.

> Dennis Williamson Memphis, TN

We'll just have to see what happens; the key to OS/2 will be how many software developers write programs making use of it. I do hope you're right about the operating system making things easier; I also hope that someone gets a good Modula-2, or even Ada, for OS/2, since I am not about to try programming in C, particularly the C that comes with the OS/2 Developer's Kit.—Jerry



# The C Language

rogramming languages—what can you say about them? They're supposed to let you write software that can be understood more easily than machine language, and in fairness they do. But many are so terse and cryptic that you wonder how machine language could be any more difficult to read.

And choosing the right language for a particular task is becoming as complex as knowing which dialect of which tongue the people speak in a remote area of Botswana. If you're writing artificialintelligence applications, you want one language; for scientific formulas, you want another; and the choices multiply almost by the number of variables in your system. On-line business applications might require one language, while the off-line ones should be written in yet another.

One constant that arises out of this apparent chaos is the choice of the C language for system programming. From its inception, C has lifted the system programmer out of the constant bit-twiddling of assembly language—a welcome relief. And now C is expanding its influence to applications programming as well. But C has its limitations. While you can program around most of them, you have to do just that.

C++ was designed to be C's successor. It overcomes many of the limitations of the C language, it offers object-oriented programming, and it presents a more comprehensive applications-programming language.

This month, we are proud to offer two articles by noted experts in the C language. First, the famed team of Brian W. Kernighan and Dennis M. Ritchie explains how C is evolving in "The State of C." They delve into what C can do—and what it can't—and provide a look at the elements involved.

Then, the guru of C + +, Bjarne Stroustrup, explains how C + + differs from C and describes the object-oriented approach to applications programming in "A Better C?"

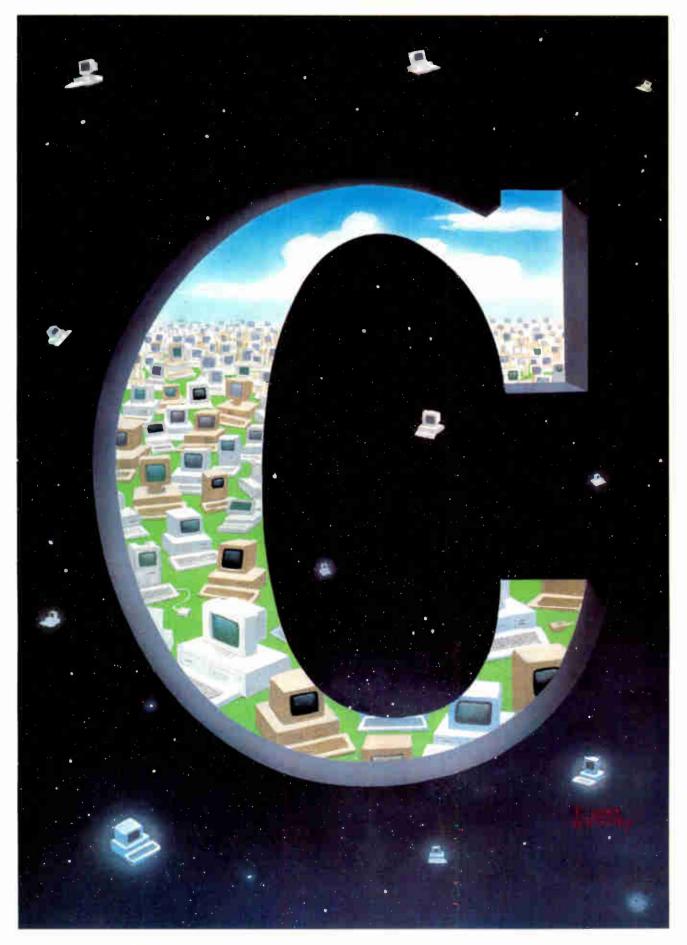
But C devotees are not to be outdone. In "It's an Attitude," Jonathan S. Linowes shows how object-oriented programming can indeed be accomplished in C, although that's not its natural habitat. This article discusses the OOPC conventions.

The battle between C and C + + is just heating up. There are quantities of C compilers and interpreters available for both the Macintosh and the IBM PC worlds. More and more companies are announcing C + + compilers and translators. C has seized control of the systemprogramming field, but only time will tell whether C or C + + will win the fight for the applications arena.

> —Jane Morrill Tazelaar Senior Technical Editor, In Depth

- 205 The State of C by Brian W. Kernighan and Dennis M. Ritchie
- 215 A Better C? by Bjarne Stroustrup
- 219 It's an Attitude by Jonathan S. Linowes

#### 226 Resource Guide



#### CLEO is your SNA, BSC and Coax Gateway



#### **Sharing Information**

Whatever your industry, your computers need to share information with your mainframe. Or. they need to exchange data with other computers. In either case, you need a total communications solution. You need software, hardware interfaces and modems that all work together smoothly. You need CLEO!

CLEO software products allow your computer to communicate with minicomputers and mainframes, and to emulate their workstations. Since 1981, CLEO has provided communications between micros, minis, and mainframes for the automotive, insurance, medical and banking industries. Today over 78,000 CLEO users worldwide are running on all major computer brands. The greatest number of these users run CLEO software on IBM Personal Computers and NETBIOS LANS.

#### Complete

#### Software/Hardware Package

Every CLEO package contains all the software and hardware accessories you'll need. Your selected CLEO SNA, BSC, or Coax software is packaged with 1) an internal modem card for dial-up applications, or 2) an interface card and cable for use with your existing modem, or 3) a Coax card for local connectivity. There's no waiting for non-CLEO add-ons. And, you get prompt, singlesource service.



range from \$795.00 for most stand-alone packages, up to \$1,995.00 for the 32-user SNA gateway. Call us today to discuss your application.

#### **CLEO Software**

1639 North Alpine Rd. Rockford, IL 61107 Telex 703639 FAX 815/397-6535

#### **Headquarters:**

USA: 1-800/233-2536 Illinois: 1-800/422-2536 International: 815/397-8110

Sales and Distribution: Benelux: 31 (0) 33-948888 Canada, East: 800/361-3185 Canada, West: 800/361-3185 Canada, Wontreal: 514/737-3631 Colombia, S.A.: 12172266 Denmark: 02 94 81 19 France: 146861136 Italy: (0331) 634 562 Mexico City: 596-5539 Sweden: 468311780



CLEO and 3780Plus are registered trademarks of CLEO Software. IBM is a registered trademark of International Business Machines Corporation.

#### IN DEPTH THE C LANGUAGE

# The State of C

## It's not just for system programming anymore

#### Brian W. Kernighan and Dennis M. Ritchie

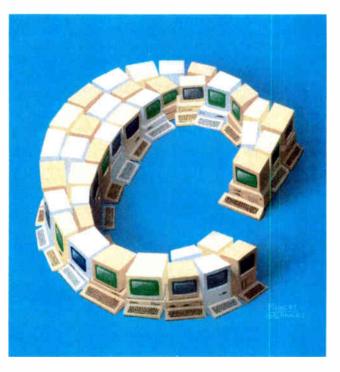
is a general-purpose programming language that was originally designed and implemented around 1972 by Dennis Ritchie at Bell Labs. Its early growth was closely associated with the Unix system where it was developed, since both the system and most of the programs that run on it are written in C. In recent years, C has become popular in a much wider variety of environments, and it is no longer tied to any one operating system or machine.

The C language was originally designed for "systems programming"—that is, for writing programs like compilers, operating systems, and text editors. But it has proven quite satisfactory for other applications as well, including database systems, telephone-

switching systems, numerical analysis, engineering programs, and a great deal of text-processing software. Today, C is one of the most widely used languages in the world, and C compilers exist for almost every computer.

#### Where Did It Come From?

C has its roots in the language BCPL, designed by Martin Richards around 1967.



BCPL is a "typeless" language: It operates only on a single data type, the machine word. As such, BCPL was an excellent match to the hardware of wordoriented machines. In 1970, Ken Thompson designed a stripped-down version of BCPL for use with the first Unix system on the PDP-7; this language was called B. It too is typeless.

With the advent of the PDP-11, on

which the next version of Unix was written, it became clear that a typeless language did not match this hardware nearly as well. The PDP-11 provided several different sizes of fundamental objects—1-byte characters, 2byte integers, and 4-byte floating-point numbers—and B provided no way to even talk about these different-size objects, let alone operators to manipulate them.

The C language was originally an attempt to deal with a variety of types of data by adding the notion of data type to the B language. In C, as in most languages, each object has a type as well as a value; the type determines the meaning of the operations that can be applied to the value, and how much storage is occupied. For example, declarations like int 1, j;, double

d;, and float x; determine the operations and space requirements of the variables. In the statement d = x + 1 \* j;, the compiler uses the type information to determine that integer multiplication is adequate for 1 \* j, but the result must be converted to floating point before it is added to x and then converted to double precision for assignment to d.

continued

Although C was originally implemented for a PDP-11, it was used on other machines as early as 1975. Steve Johnson implemented a "portable compiler," designed to be relatively easy to modify, to generate code for different machines. Since then, C has been implemented on most computers, from the smallest microcomputers to machines as large as the CRAY-2. The C language is sufficiently well standardized, even without a formal standard, that with some care you can write C programs that will run without change on any machine supporting the language and a minimal run-time environment.

C began on a small machine and was derived from a sequence of small languages; its designer preferred simplicity and elegance to features. Furthermore, C has, from the beginning, been meant for system-programming applications, where efficiency matters. Accordingly, it's not surprising that C is a good match for the capabilities of real machines. For example, it provides as its basic data types only those objects that are directly supported by typical hardware: characters, integers (perhaps of several sizes), and floating-point numbers (again in several sizes).

You can create more complicated objects like arrays, structures, and so forth, but C provides few operators for manipulating them as a unit; you must write the functions that compare strings, assign one array to another, and so on.

Somewhat more unusual, C doesn't provide input and output operations as part of the language. This is not to say that C programs can't do I/O, of course, but simply that I/O is done by functions defined by the user or in a library, and not by built-in statements of the language. This is in contrast to, for example, FORTRAN'S READ and WRITE, and the INPUT and PRINT of BASIC, which are parts of those languages.

To complete the list of things that C might provide but doesn't: It has no storage management, like Pascal's new function, and no facilities for concurrent processing, such as Ada's rendezvous mechanism. You can easily write these capabilities in C, but they are provided by function libraries, not as part of the language. Function calls are notationally clumsier than direct operators; for example, compare BASIC's string comparison

IF A = B THEN ...

to the way you might write it in C:

if (equal(a, b)) ...

206 B Y T E • AUGUST 1988

Function calls also involve more overhead than in-line code.

In any case, the degree to which features are omitted from C is one of its distinguishing characteristics.

#### **Linguistic Elements**

Control flow: Control flow in C is quite conventional, although richer than in FORTRAN or BASIC. C contains two decision-making statements: if...else and switch. In the statement

#### if (expr) stat1 else stat2

*expr* is evaluated; if it's true (nonzero), *stat1* is executed; otherwise, *stat2* is executed. The entire else part of the statement is optional. In

```
switch (expr) {
  case const1: stat1
  case const2: stat2
  ...
  default: stat
}
```

*expr* is evaluated and its value compared against the various *consts*. If it finds a match, the corresponding *stat* is executed. If it doesn't, the *stat* for the default part is executed. The default is optional. The switch statement is like Pascal's case statement, except that Pascal has no default.

C also contains three loops: while, for, and do. In the statement

while (expr) stat

*expr* is evaluated; if it's true, *stat* is executed, and *expr* is evaluated again. When *expr* becomes false, the loop terminates. The statement

for (stat1; expr; stat3) stat2

is equivalent to the while loop:

```
stat1
while (expr) {
   stat2
   stat3
}
```

The do statement is like Pascal's repeat...until except for the sense of the termination test. In the statement

do stat while (expr)

stat is executed, and expr is tested. If it's true, the loop repeats.

The statement break causes an immediate exit from an enclosing loop or switch; the statement continue causes the next iteration of a loop to begin. C also provides a goto statement, but it's infrequently used.

In all these examples, a *stat* can be a single statement like x = 3 or a group of statements enclosed in braces, which are like begin...end in other languages. Statements end in semicolons.

Data types: The basic data types in C are char (a single byte); int, short, and long (integers of various lengths); and float and double (floating-point numbers of two different lengths). The char data and the various integers can be signed or unsigned.

You can combine these objects into an infinite (in principle) set of "derived" data types using arrays, structures, unions, and pointers. Arrays are familiar:

char mesg[100];

defines an array mesg of 100 bytes, accessed as mesg[0] through mesg[99]. C doesn't provide a string data type; it uses arrays of char instead, with the end of the data marked by a 0 byte. This is what the compiler generates for a string constant like "hello world\n". Within a string, certain "escape sequences" like \n are used to represent special characters like newline. This string contains 12 characters and a terminating 0 byte.

A structure is a collection of related variables that need not have the same type (like a record in Pascal). For example,

```
struct object {
    int x, y; /* position */
    float v; /* velocity */
    char id[10]; /* identification */
};
struct object obj;
```

declares a structure called object and defines a variable obj of type struct object. Individual members of the structure are referred to as obj.v, and so on. Notice that the object structure includes an array id, whose components are obj.id[0] through obj.id[9]. You can have arrays of structures, as well.

C provides pointers, or machine addresses, as an integral part of the language, in a much less restricted form than in Pascal and Ada. The declarations

#### char \*pc; struct object \*pobj;

declare pc to be a pointer to char, and pobj to be a pointer to an object structure. The value that a structure points to is accessed by \*pc or \*pobj, as suggested by the form of the declaration; the "dereferencing" operation \* is equivalent to the caret (^) in Pascal. Individual members of the structure are accessed by, for example,  $pobj \rightarrow v$ .

If p is a pointer to an object of type T and currently points to an element of an array of Ts, then p+1 is a pointer to the next element in that array. Similarly, if p and q point to elements of the same array, and p is less than q, then q - p is the number of elements from p to q. In short, arithmetic operations on pointers are scaled by the size of the object to which they point; the actual size is usually irrelevant as you program. When it is relevant, a sizeof operator exists to compute it, so the program doesn't specify the explicit size for any particular machine. C's complete integration of pointers and address arithmetic is one of the strengths of the language.

Operators and expressions: C has a rich set of operators compared to most conventional languages. Besides the usual arithmetic operators +, -, \*, /, and % (remainder), several other groups deserve special mention.

First, C provides operators for manipulating bits within a word (see table 1). For example, the function in listing 1 counts the 1-bits in its argument by repeatedly testing the rightmost bit, then shifting the argument one position to the right until it becomes 0. The declaration unsigned means that n will be treated as a logical quantity, not an arithmetic one.

The function bitcount illustrates a second group of operators. Any operator such as >> that takes two operands has a corresponding "assignment operator," such as >>=, so that the statement

v = v >> expr

can be written more concisely as

v >>= expr

This notation is easier to read, particularly when v is a complicated expression instead of a single-letter variable.

A third group of operators deals with logical conditions. The operators && and || are evaluated left-to-right, and evaluation stops as soon as the value of the expression is known. In a construction like

if (i < N && x[i] > 0) ...

if i is greater than or equal to N (which is presumably the size of the array x), then the test involving x[i] will not be made. This behavior of logical operators is called "short-circuit evaluation."

*Functions*: The overall structure of a C program is a set of declarations of variables and functions. These definitions are often kept in separate files if the program is large; you can compile them separately and link them together with a linking loader.

Within a function, variables are normally "automatic"—that is, they appear when the function is entered and may disappear when it is left, as in the bitcount. However, if you declare a variable as static, it retains its value from one call to the next. Variables declared outside of any function are global; they can be referred to anywhere in the program.

Functions are recursive; the standard (and hackneyed) example is the factorial function (see listing 2). The arguments to a function are passed by value, which means that the function receives a copy of the argument, not the original object. (Notice that the function bitcount modified its argument; this is safe because it's actually a copy.) You can always obtain the effect of call by reference when necessary by passing a pointer to the object. Function arguments and return values can be any of the basic typespointers, structures, or unions. To pass an array, you pass a pointer to its first element.

#### The ANSI Standard

For many years, the definition of C was the reference manual in the first edition of *The C Programming Language*. In 1983, ANSI established a committee to provide a modern, comprehensive definition of C. The result, the ANSI standard, or ANSI C, is expected to be approved late in 1988. Modern compilers already support most of the features of the standard.

The language has changed relatively little since 1978; one of the goals of the standard was to make sure that most existing programs would remain valid, or, failing that, that compilers could produce warnings of new behavior.

Basically, the most important change is a new syntax for declaring and defining functions. A function declaration can now include a description of the function's arguments; the definition syntax changes to match. This extra information makes it much easier for compilers to detect errors that are caused by mismatched arguments; in our experience, it's a very useful addition.

continued

 
 Table 1: The C operators for manipulating bits within a word; these are necessary for many system-programming applications.

- & bitwise AND
- bitwise OR
- bitwise exclusive-OR
- one's complement
- << left shift
- >> right shift

**Listing 1:** The bitcount function counts the 1-bits in its argument by repeatedly testing the rightmost bit, then shifting the argument one position to the right until it becomes 0.

```
bitcount(n) /* count 1 bits in n */
unsigned int n;
{
   int b;
   for (b = 0; n != 0; n >>= 1)
        if (n & 1)
            ++b;
   return b;
}
```

**Listing 2:** The classic example of a recursive function—the factorial function—written in C.

To illustrate, consider this typical fragment of C as it would once have been written:

int n; double x, sqrt(); x = sqrt(n);

The sqrt function expects an argument of type double, but n is an int. This error is not detected, and the results are guaranteed to be nonsense. With the new function prototype syntax from ANSI C, you would write the fragment this way:

int n; double x, sqrt(double); x = sqrt(n);

Here the compiler has been informed about the type that sqrt expects, so it generates code to convert the integer n to floating point. If you inadvertently wrote an expression that couldn't be converted to double, such as x = sqrt(&n);, the compiler would catch the error.

The syntax of function definitions changes to match; formal parameters are listed between parentheses after the function name. Thus, the function bitcount would become:

bitcount(unsigned int n)
{
 ...
}

There are also other small-scale language changes. Structure assignment, enumerations, and the void data type, all of which had been widely available, are now officially part of the language. You can initialize automatic structures and arrays, and you can do floating-point computations in single-precision; this may lead to more efficient computation on smaller machines.

The properties of arithmetic conversions are spelled out more carefully. There are now hexadecimal constants and escape sequences as well as the octal ones. The C preprocessor, which does textual macro substitution, is much more elaborate; it gives substantially more control over the macrogeneration process. Most of these changes will have only minor effects on your programming.

A second significant contribution of the standard is the definition of a library to accompany C. It specifies functions for accessing the operating system (e.g., to read and write files), formatted input and output (scanf and printf), memory allocation (malloc), string manipulation (e.g., strcmp), mathematical computations (e.g., sin and log), and the like.

A collection of standard header files to be included with user-written programs provides uniform access to declarations of functions and data types. Programs that use this library to interact with a host system are assured of compatible behavior. Most of the library is closely modeled on the Unix system's "standard I/O library," and similar routines are widely available on other systems as well. Again, you won't see much change.

Because most computers directly support the data types and control structures that C provides, the run-time library required to implement self-contained programs is tiny. The standard library functions are only called explicitly, so you can avoid them if you don't need them. Most of them can be written in C and, except for the operating-system details they conceal, are themselves portable.

#### An Assessment of C

C is a compact, efficient, and expressive language. Indeed, C is good enough that it has almost completely supplanted the use of assembly language programming on many systems. The use of a clean, readable high-level language has overwhelming advantages; one is simply that it becomes possible to *read* programs, which is excruciatingly difficult in some languages.

C is a relatively "low level" language. This characterization is not pejorative; it simply means that C deals with the same sorts of objects that most computers do namely, characters, numbers, and addresses. These can be combined and moved about with the arithmetic and logical operators implemented by real machines.

Since C is relatively small, it can be described in a small space and learned quickly. You can reasonably expect to know and understand and, indeed, regularly use the entire language.

Another advantage is its portability. Although C matches the capabilities of many computers, it is independent of any particular machine architecture. With a little care, it's easy to write portable programs that can be run without change on a variety of machines. The standard makes portability issues explicit and prescribes a set of constants that characterize the machine on which the program is run.

Another of C's strengths is its absence of restrictions. A popular trend in programming languages is "strong typing," which (roughly speaking) implies that the language undertakes to check carefully that the program contains only valid combinations of data types. Strong typing sometimes catches bugs early, but it also means that some programs just can't be written, because they inherently require violations of the type-combination rules.

A storage allocator is a good example: You can't write Pascal's new function which returns a pointer to a block of storage—in Pascal, because there's no way to define a function that can return an arbitrary type. But it's easy and safe to write it in C because the language lets you state that a specific violation of the type rules is intentional.

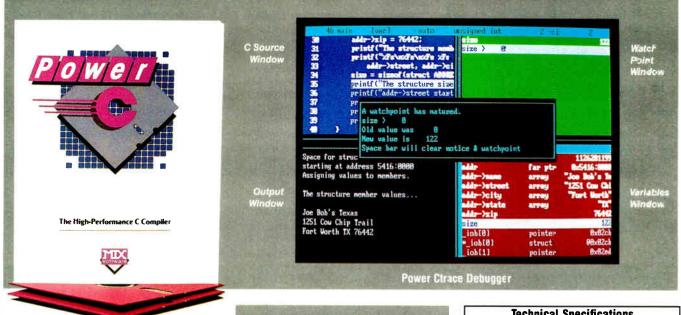
C is not a strongly typed language, but as it has evolved, its type checking has been strengthened. The original definition of C frowned on, but permitted, the interchange of pointers and integers; this has long since been eliminated, and the standard now requires the proper declarations and explicit conversions that good compilers had already enforced. The new function declarations are another step in this direction. Compilers will warn of most type errors, and there is no automatic conversion of incompatible data types. Nevertheless, C retains the basic philosophy that programmers know what they are doing; it only reguires that you state your intentions explicitly.

C has even proven to be a good language for other languages to compile into. One of the best examples is the Yacc-compiler compiler, which converts the grammar specification for a language into a C program that is used to parse statements in that language. Naturally, one language specified this way is C itself.

What's wrong with C? At the lowest level, there are some poor choices of operator precedences. Some users feel that the switch statement should be changed so that control doesn't flow through from one case to the next, as it does now. The concise syntax is sometimes daunting to newcomers; complicated declarations are often hard to read. One of the new examples in the second edition of *The C Programming Language* is a pair of programs to convert C declarations into words and back again.

Portability problems sometimes arise if you rely on undefined or implementation-defined properties. For example, the order in which function arguments are evaluated is not specified, so it's possible to write code that depends on that order and will thus execute differently on *continued* 

## How to create high-performance programs without wasting your time or money



#### Step 1: The \$19.95 **Power C compiler**

Power C is the new ANSI compatible C compiler that runs faster than Microsoft C and has more functions than Turbo C®. Power C combines high-performance software with superb documentation, all for less than the price of most C books alone. It's your fast route to fast programs without the fast bucks. Compare Power C to the competition and see how much time and money you'll save.

Performance/Price Chart (execution times in seconds)						
	Power C	Quick C®	Turbo C®			
1) fib	23.8	53.4	26.4			
2) sieve	27.6	43.2	25.5			
3) tdbl	3.5	9.0	9.6			
4) diskio	13.5	14.4	14.3			
5) report	11.0	71.7	60.7			
6) drystone	36.6	41.6	31.8			
Compile/Link	73.9	113.5	81.4			
EXE File Size	25120	32092	27184			
Compiler Price	<b>\$</b> 19.95	\$99.00	<b>\$</b> 99.95			
Debugger Price	<b>\$</b> 19.95	N/C	N/A			
Library Source	\$10.00	<b>\$</b> 150.00	\$150.00			
Total Cost	\$49.90	<b>\$</b> 249.00	\$249.95			

N/C no charge - N/A not available Benchmarks compiled using Make utility, command-line compiler, and medium memory model



## **Power Ctrace debugger**

Power Ctrace is the new state-of-the-art C debugger that makes Microsoft's Codeview look like old technology. Power Ctrace will reduce the time you spend debugging your C programs by at least a factor of 10. With Power Ctrace. you'll be working smarter instead of harder. Actually, you'll be having so much fun that it won't even feel like work anymore.

Unlike other debuggers, Power Ctrace lets you debug graphics programs on a single monitor. You can even debug programs that write directly to video memory. However, the major advantage of Power Ctrace is simple operation. You won't waste any time trying to understand or remember cryptic commands. With Power Ctrace, a single keystroke is all it takes. Help screens show you which key to press and pop-up menus list your options. Invest just 10 minutes with Power Ctrace now and you'll save hours from now on.



**Technical Specifications** 

Power C includes: Power C compiler with integrated Make, Power C Linker, Power C Libraries (450 functions); the Power C book (680 pages), and support for. ANSI standard IEEE floating point 8087/80287 coprocessor auto-sensing of 8087/80287 automatic register variables unlimited program size 1 mixed model (near & far pointers) graphics on CGA, EGA, VGA, & Hercules Optional Products: Power Ctrace debugger <u>1</u> 1 Library source code BCD business math

Order now by calling our toll free number or mail the coupon to Mix Software, 1132 Commerce Drive, Richardson, TX 75081.

#### 1-800-333-0330

For technical support call: 1-214-783-6001 Minimum System Requirements:

DOS 2.0 or later, 320K memory, 2 floppy drives or hard drive Runs on IBM PC, XT, AT, PS/2 and compatibles

60 day money back guarantee Name Street City State Zip Telephone Money Order Check Paying by: 🗆 МС Visa Discover Card # Card Expiration Date **Disk Size** Computer Name □ 51/4 31/2 Product(s) (Not Copy Protected) Power C compiler (\$19.95) Power Ctrace debugger (\$19.95) Library Source Code (\$10.00) (includes assembler & library manager) BCD Business Math (\$10.00) Add Shipping (\$5 USA – \$20 Foreign) Texas Residents add 8% Sales Tax Total amount of your order Power C & Power Ctrace are trademarks of Mix Software Inc Quick C & Codeview are registered trademarks of Micros. It Corri Turbii C is a registered#rademark of Borland International В

#### **Computers For The Blind**

Talking computers give blind and visually impaired people access to electronic information. The question is how and how much?

The answers can be found in "The Second Beginner's Guide to Personal Computers for the Blind and Visually Impaired" published by the National Braille Press. This comprehensive book contains a Buyer's Guide to talking microcomputers and large print display processors. More importantly it includes reviews, written by blind users, of software that works with speech.

#### Send orders to:

National Braille Press Inc., 88 St. Stephen Street Boston, MA 02115, (617) 266-6160

NBP is a nonprofit braille printing and publishing house.

#### FULL POWER AT YOUR FINGERTIPS.

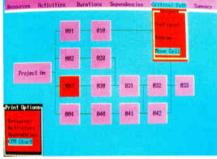
DISCOVER TWO WORLDS WITH THE ADVANCED SCREEN GENERATING FACILITY FOR "C" PROGRAMMING ENVIRONMENTS, STAGEHAND, and its COMPREHENSIVE DEMO FACILITY, PLAYWRITE.

#### Create your screens with STAGEHAND: Full screen editor. User defineable edit function keys. Set multiple color text & prompts. Define window borders, size and position. Create full screen & context sensitive help. Extensive printouts for documentation. Define valid function keys, pageup, pagedown. Define internal/external help screens. Idle and active input field color. Fully defineable input sequence. Define default prompt values. Full input field definitions including: Protected Auto Class Class Anatomic Case Type Must Fill Keystroke Edit Cursor Positioning Transparent Upper Case Data Types No View Lower Case Sequencing Required Yes/No Auto Move ull runtime support with STAGEMANAGER: Full library support routines w/source code. Multiple overlapping windows. Scrollable regions. Auto scolling windows. User idle time routine support. User prompt routine support. User keystroke routine support. User function key routine support.

- User pageup/pagedown routine support. Hot key to user printer handler.
- Hot key to DOS.
- Auto screen timeout.

#### owerful demo generating P LAYWRITE:

- Screen <u>quick</u> display demos.
- Create quick interactive demos.
- Create powerful full featured interactive demos.



#### Total product support for:

- FREE telephone support.
  FREE STAGEMANAGER source code.
- Comprehensive manual including library routine definition and examples.

#### SPECIAL PACKAGE PRICE \$199.00!

TO ORDER CALL 1 800-DATACODE OR (516) 331-7848 - C.O.D. OR AMER. EXPRESS. DEALER INQUIRES WELCOME. LOOK FOR MS/082, UNIX AND VAX VERSIONS THIS SUMMER!

#### DATACODE INCORPORATED

1065 ROUTE 112, PORT JEFFERSON STATION , N.Y. 12776

different machines. This is not a grave problem, since it's easy to detect the dependency, but people still overlook it from time to time, with unfortunate effects.

#### What's Next?

Over the past decade, C has evolved, although the rate of change has been slow. The ANSI standard formalizes these changes and adds a few of its own. There has been a steady increase in the amount of error-checking by the compilers: Although there are still few restrictions on what you can say, you now need to be more explicit when you're doing something strange.

Where is C likely to go in the next few years? The most likely evolution is to continue this slow but steady improvement, with new features added cautiously. Caution is necessary simply because of the importance of maintaining compatibility with the huge body of C code already in use. Changes cannot be made gratuitously.

Realistically, C itself isn't likely to change to a major degree; rather, new languages will come from it. One example is C + +, which provides facilities for data abstraction and object-oriented programming while remaining almost completely compatible with C (see "A Better C?" on page 211). In the meantime, C wears well as your experience with it grows. With 15 years of C experience, we still feel that way.

Editor's note: Adapted with permission from Potentials, December 1983, pages 26-30. Copyright 1983 IEEE.

#### BIBLIOGRAPHY

- Kernighan, Brian W., and Dennis M. Ritchie. The C Programming Language. 1st ed. Englewood Cliffs, NJ: Prentice-Hall, 1978. This is the standard reference on C.
- Kernighan, Brian W., and Dennis M. Ritchie. The C Programming Language. 2nd ed. Englewood Cliffs, NJ: Prentice-Hall, 1988. This edition describes ANSI C.
- Stroustrup, Bjarne. The C++ Programming Language. Reading, MA: Addison-Wesley, 1986.

Brian W. Kernighan and Dennis M. Ritchie are members of the Computing Science Research Center at AT&T Bell Laboratories in Murray Hill, New Jersey. Dennis is the designer of the C language. Together they wrote the standard reference on C. They can be reached on BIX as "editors."

 Microsoft 4.x, 5.x, Quick C, Turbo C. No royalties or runtime fees.
FREE updates to registered users.

# Test Drive InfoWorld's Best 386 Value!

Of the 24 80386-based machines tested by InfoWorld only 3 received "Excellent Value" ratings. Micro 1 received the highest rating of the group.

#### NOW AVAILABLE WITH NATIONWIDE ON-SITE SERVICE

#### Micro 1 MICRO 1 POWER 386

The speedy Power 386 by Micro I is among the five fastest systems for CPU speed. It features solid performance scores and a competitive price tag.

The Power 386 clocked an impressive 5.20 CPU in our Autobench testing. This speed surpasses the Compaq Deskpro 386/20 by .21 and rates a welldeserved excellent score. The system's 80-megabyte Seagate hard drive had a sequential access of 2.86 for a very good score. With a rating of 3.21, hard disk random access also receives a very good score.

Neither software nor hardware compatibility was a problem for the Power 386. Micro 1 claims Microsoft OS/2 compatibility. Software compatibility is very good; hardware compatibility earns an excellent score.

The Micro 1 machine met all the expandability requirements, earning an excellent score in this category. Micro 1 packs manuals for hard disk, 80387, 1/O.

monitor, and V-Cache in one common binder. The user's manual includes step-by-step operation and installation guidelines for beginners. Documentation earns a good score.

A one-year warranty is offered on the Power 386. Micro 1 also offers a 30-day money-back guarantee on the system. Repairs are handled by the vendor or authorized dealers. A five-year extended warranty is available. Support policies are good.

In short, we consider this an excellent value.

Intel

Itel

ITT

#### Call for a free consultation.

Siemens Tandem Computers

United Airlines

Wells Fargo

Westinghouse

University of Calif.

TRW

For 3 years, we've been the choice of Corporate America:

American Express Anheuser-Busch Associated Press Boeing Aerospace Clorox Coca-Cola Dcan Witter Ernst & Whinney

- Federal Communications Com. Ford Aerospace Heath Zenith Honcywell Lockheed Missiles & Space
- Lucas Film Martin-Marietta MasterCard McDonnell Douglas MCI ΝΛ Pacific Bell Rockwell International

Call to discuss your custom configuration.

1-800-338-4061

In California, call (415) 974-5439 Circle 274 on Reader Service Card



\$3095 16MHz, 50MB system Tower add \$190

#### **Pay only \$1395**

with trade in of your IBM AT. Only \$52/mo!

20MHz add \$595. 80MB add \$495 110MB add \$595. RAM to 10MB call for quote. UNIX systems available.

#### PRODUCT SUMMARY

#### MICRO 1 POWER 386

Company: Micro 1 Inc., 557 Howard St., San Francisco, CA 94105; (800) 338-4061, (415) 974-5439 in CA. List Price: \$6,145.

Features: 20-MHz, zero-wait-state 80386 CPU; EGA board and monitor; one serial port; one parallel port; 80287 coprocessor support; optional card available for 80387 support.

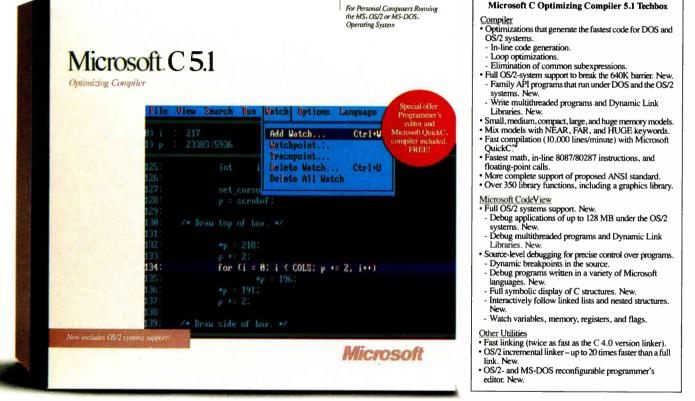
Peripherals: Enhanced keyboard; 200-watt power supply; battery-powered clock/calendar. Storage and Memory: 80-megabyte MFM hard disk; 1.2-megabyte floppy drive; 4 megabytes of RAM. Support: One-year limited warranty; 30-day money-back

quarantee. Pros: Second highest performance scores overall. Cons: Technical support difficult to reach. Summary: Low price and solid performance make this system hard to beat.

Note: Micro 1 has increased our customer service department staffing by 100%. Try our direct line and see for yourself! (415) 974-6997



# Introducing the fastest possible way to create the fastest MS-DOS programs possible.



Everything about Microsoft<sup>®</sup> C Optimizing Compiler version 5.1 is dedicated to the professional programmer.

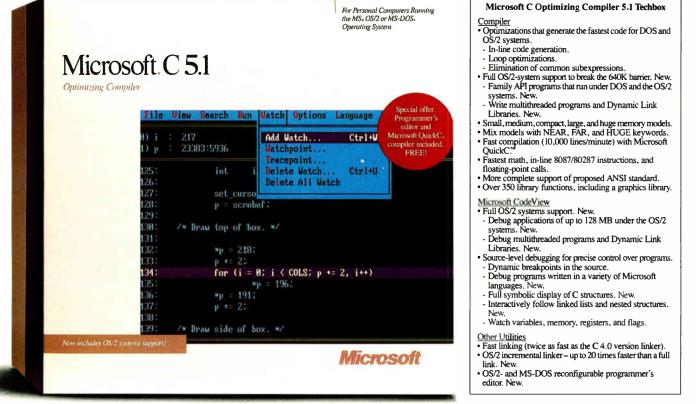
Fast code. Fast development. Fast debugging. And full support for both MS-DOS<sup>®</sup> and the OS/2 systems in a single package.

There's no faster C code on a PC, because powerful optimizations, such as in-line code generation and loop enregistering, generate executables that are compact and efficient. The documentation even teaches you special coding techniques to squeeze every last bit of speed out of your code.

Fast code isn't all you get. Under MS<sup>®</sup> OS/2, the 640K barrier is gone so you can write C programs as large as a gigabyte. You can call the operating system directly. Create more responsive programs (multiple threads allow program operations to overlap). And build Dynamic Link Libraries (DLLs) that can be shared, saving valuable memory. DLLs also allow your main programs to be smaller, so they load faster.

4

# Introducing the fastest possible way to create the fastest MS OS/2 programs possible.



You can even write a single Family API program that runs under both MS-DOS and MS OS/2.

Microsoft Editor is the first reconfigurable text editor for programmers that lets you develop under MS-DOS and MS OS/2. Under MS OS/2, multitasking lets you edit one file while you compile another, which cuts development time. You can even generate multiple compiles that report errors directly back into your source code.

Microsoft CodeView® is the highly acclaimed

window-oriented source-level debugger that makes debugging fast and efficient. You can view program execution while you watch variables and register values change. And under MS OS/2 you can debug multithreaded applications, DLLs, and programs as large as 128 MB.

New Microsoft C Optimizing Compiler 5.1 for the professional programmer. It's all the speed you need. Call (800) 541-1261, **Department I53**.

Microsoft, the Microsoft logo, MS, MS-DOS, and CodeView are registered trademarks of Microsoft Corporation.

# Get your work done before The future of personal computing is clear. More

I he ruture of personal computing is clear. More powerful PCs. Easier to use PCs. With graphics and character-based programs working side by side. Talking to each other. Multitasking. Windowing. Menuing. Mousing. Getting your work done easier and faster.

#### Have it all now.

DESQview<sup>™</sup> is the operating environment that gives DOS the capabilities of OS/2.<sup>™</sup> And it lets you, with your trusty 8088, 8086, 80286, or 80386 PC, leap to the productivity of the next generation. For not much money. And without throwing out your favorite software.

Add DESQview to your PC and it quickly finds your programs and lists them on menus. So you can just point to the program, using keyboard or mouse, to start it up. DESQview knows where that program lives. And what command loads it.

For those who have trouble remembering

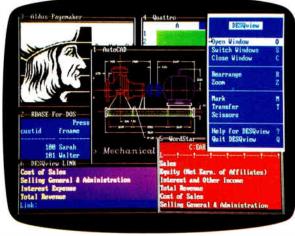
DOS commands, it adds menus to DOS. It even lets you sort your files and mark specific files to be copied, backed-up, or deleted all without having to leave the program you're in.

Best of all, DESQview accomplishes all this with a substantial speed advantage over any .alternative environment.

#### Multitask beyond 640K.

When you want to use several programs together, you don't have to leave your current program. Just open the next program. View your programs in windows or

DESQVIEW SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS: IBM Personal Computer and 100% compatibles (with 8086, 8088, 80286, or 80366 processors) with monochrome or color display, IBM Personal System/2• Memory. 640K recommended; for DESQview itself 0-145K • Expanded Memory (Optional): expanded memory boards compatible with the lintel AboveBoard; enhanced expanded memory boards compatible with the AST RAMpage; EMS 4.0 expanded memory boards • Disk: two diskette drives or one diskette drive and a hard disk • Graphics Card (Optional): Hercules, IBM Color/Graphics (CGA). IBM Enhanced Graphics (EGA), IBM Personal System/2 Advanced Graphics (CGA)• Mouse (Optional): Mouse Systems, Microsoft and compatible • Modem for Auto-Dialer (Optional): Hayes or compatible • Modem for Auto-Dialer (Optional): Hayes OS 0:3-32 • Software: Most PC-DOS and MS-DOS application programs; programs specific to Microsoft Windows 103-203, GEM 1.1-3.0, IBM ToyView 1.1• Media: DESQview 20 is available on either 51/47 or 31/27 floppy diskette.



full screen. Open more programs than you have memory for. And multitask them. In

For programmers, DESQview's API, with its strengths in intertask communications and multitasking, brings a quick and easy way to adapt to the future. With the API's mailboxes and shared programs, programmers are able to design programs running on DOS with capabilities like those of OS/2.

640K. Or if you own a special EMS 4.0 or EEMS memory board, or a 386 PC, DESQview lets you break through the DOS 640K barrier for multitasking. If you have other non-EMS memory expansion products like AST's Advantage or the IBM® Memory Expansion Option, we have a

solution for you, too. The ALL CHARGE-CARD™ 'unifies' all your memory to provide up to 16 megabytes of continuous workspace. DESQview lets you use this memory to enhance your productivity. You can start 1-2-3 calculating and tell Paradox to print mailing

labels while you're writing a report in Word Perfect, or laying out a newsletter in Ventura Publisher, or designing a building in AutoCAD. DESQview even lets you transfer text, numbers, and fields of information between programs.

#### Fulfill the 386 promise.

For 80836 PC users, DESQview becomes a 386 control program when used in conjunction with Quarterdeck's Expanded Memory Manager (QEMM)-386—giving faster multitasking as well as virtual windowing support.

And when you use DESQview on an IBM PS/2<sup>™</sup> Model 50 or 60 with QEMM-50/60 and the IBM Memory Expansion Option, DESQview gives you multitasking beyond 640K.

#### Experts are voting for DESQview. And over a million users, too.

If all of this sounds like promises you've been hearing for future systems, then you can understand why over a million users have

Chosen DESQview. And why PC Magazine gave DESQview its Editor's Choice Award for "The Best Alternative to OS/2," why readers of InfoWorld twice voted CHOKE DESQview "Product of the Year"



why, by popular vote at Comdex Fall for two years in a row, DESQview was voted "Best PC Environment" in *PC Tech Journal's* Systems Builder Contest.

DESQview lets you have it all now.

YES!	Qty Product	Format	Price Each	Totals		
	DESQview 2.0	□5-1/4 □3-1/2	\$129.95			
I need increased	QEMM-386	□5-1/4 □3-1/2	\$59.95			
productivity now!	QEMM-50/60	□5-1/4 □3-1/2	\$59.95			
productivity now:	ALL CHARGECARD (Spe	cial for DESQview owners)	\$200.00*			
Name	Shipping	& Handling \$5 in USA / \$10	) outside USA			
Address		Calif Residents add 6.5%				
-	State 7in		Grand Total			
City State Zip Payment Method D Visa D MasterCard Expiration/						
0         Account #         150 Pico Boulevard, Santa Monica, CA 90405 (213) 392-9851						

"This ALL CHARGECARD is designed for the IBM PC AT and PS/2 50 and 60. If you have another type of 80286-based PC, there's a version for you, too. Please call 1-(800) 387-2744 for special ordering information. Offer expires August 31, 1988. Trademarks are property of their respective holders: IBM, OS/2, PS/2, 1-2-3, Paradox, Word Perfect, Ventura Publisher, AutoCAD, Intel, Above Board, AST, RAMpage, Advantage, Hercules, Mouse Systems, Hayes, Microsoft, Windows, Top View.

Circle 199 on Reader Service Card (DEALERS: 200)

# A Better C?

This child of C goes its parent one better in compatibility and portability

Bjarne Stroustrup

he C++ language is a general-purpose programming language that is, except for minor details, a superset of C. It improves on C through its support of data abstraction and object-oriented programming. The main influences on its design, in addition to C, were Simula-67 and Algol68 (see references 1 and 2).

C + + was first installed 5 years ago. Today, it has several independent implementations and many thousands of installations. It is being used for major university research projects and for large-scale software development in companies such as Apple, Apollo, AT&T, and Sun.

It has been applied to most branches of programming, including banking, CAD, compiler construction, database

management, image processing, graphics, music synthesis, networking, programming environments, robotics, simulation, scientific computation, switching, and very-large-scale-integration design.

#### A Better C

C++ improves the notational convenience of C and provides greater type



safety. It compensates for C's weaknesses without compromising C's strengths. In particular, there is no program that can be written in C but not in C++, nor is there a program that can be written in C so that it achieves greater run-time efficiency than it does in C++(see reference 3).

C is clearly not the cleanest language ever designed nor the easiest to use, but it owes its current pervasiveness to several key strengths:

• Flexibility: You can apply C to almost every application area and use almost every programming technique with it. The language has no inherent limitations that preclude writing particular kinds of programs.

• Efficiency: C's semantics are "low-level." That is, its fundamental concepts mirror those of a traditional computer. Consequently, it's relatively easy, both for you and for a compiler, to efficiently use hardware resources for a C program.

• Availability: Given any computer, from the tiniest microcomputer to the largest supercomputer, chances are that there's an acceptablequality C compiler available for it, and that such a com-

piler supports an acceptably complete and standard C language and library. There are also libraries and support tools available, so you rarely need to design a new system from scratch.

• Portability: While a C program may not be easily or automatically portable from one machine (or operating system) to another, such a port is usually possicontinued

#### The Origin of C + +

#### **Rich Malloy**

C ++ (pronounced "C plus plus"), like many other languages, began life as a tool to solve a specific problem. Bjarne Stroustrup, a Bell Labs researcher, needed to write some simulation programs. Simula67, the first real object-oriented language, would have been ideal for these programs except for its comparatively slow execution speed. Dr. Stroustrup chose instead to write a new version of C, which he called "C with Classes." By 1983, the language had evolved considerably and the name was changed to C++.

After further evolution, Bell Labs' parent company, AT&T, began offering

ble. The level of difficulty is also usually low enough that even porting software that contains inherent machine dependencies is both technically and economically feasible.

C++ preserves these strengths and remedies some of C's most obvious problems. For example, function arguments are type-checked in C++, and coercions are applied where they are found to be appropriate:

```
extern double sqrt(doublt);
// declare square-root function
...
double d1 = sqrt(2);
// fine: 2 is converted to
// a double
...
double d2 = sqrt("two");
// error: sqrt() does not
// accept a string
```

The // notation was introduced into C++ from BCPL (see reference 4) for comments starting at the // and ending at the end of the line.

As shown, C + + makes you specify a function's argument types in a function declaration so that the standard type conversions (such as int to double) can be implicitly applied, and type errors (such as calling a function requiring a double with a char\* argument) can be caught at compile time. With minor restrictions, the draft ANSI C standard accepts the C + + function-calling rules and the syntax for function declarations and function definitions (see reference 5).

C++ provides in-line substitution of functions:

The name C + +, like the language itself, is terse but meaningful. The name, coined by an associate of Stroustrup's named Rick Mascitti, concisely describes the evolutionary nature of the language. The term "++" is, of course, the increment operator in C, suggesting that the language C + + is "a bit more than C." A possible alternative name, C+, is not only less inspired but also liable to generate a syntax error.

Rich Malloy is an associate managing editor at BYTE. You can reach him on BIX as "rmalloy."

```
inline int max(int a, int b)
  ( return a>b?a:b; }
...
int x = 7;
int y = 9;
...
max(x,y);
// generates: x>y?x:y
max(f(x),x); // generates:
// temp=f(x); temp>x?temp:x
```

Unlike the macros commonly used in C, in-line functions obey the usual type and scope rules. Using in-line functions can lead to apparent run-time improvements over C. In-line substitution of functions is especially important in the context of data abstraction and object-oriented programming. With these styles of programming, very small functions are so common that function-call overhead can become a performance bottleneck.

In addition, C + + provides typed and scoped constants, operators for free store (dynamic store) manipulation, and many other features.

When the ANSI C committee finishes its work, the definition of C + + will be reviewed to remove gratuitous incompatibilities. This will not be a major task, though, because C + + and ANSI C have already absorbed most of the "new ANSI C" features from each other.

For example, the notion of a pointer to "raw storage," vold\*, was incorporated into C++ from ANSI C, as were notational conveniences such as the suffix u indicating an unsigned literal (e.g., 12u) and hexadecimal character constants (e.g., 'xfa'). However, the most important features of C++ relate to the support of data abstraction and objectoriented programming and are thus outside the scope of ANSI C and unaffected by changes in the draft ANSI C standard.

#### **Data Abstraction**

Data abstraction is a programming technique in which you define general-purpose and special-purpose types as the basis for applications (see reference 6). These user-defined types are convenient for application programmers since they provide local referencing and data hiding. The result is easier debugging and maintenance and improved program organization.

In C + +, you can define types that you then can use as conveniently as, and in a manner similar to, built-in types. Common examples are arithmetic types such as rational and complex numbers.

```
class complex (
  double re, im;
public:
  complex(double r, double i)
    ( re=r; im=i; }
  complex(double r)
    ( re=r; im=0 }
  // float->complex conversion
  friend complex
    operator+(complex, complex);
  friend complex
    operator-(complex, complex);
  // binary minus
  friend complex
    operator-(complex);
  // unary minus
  friend complex
    operator*(complex, complex);
  friend complex
    operator/(complex, complex);
};
```

The declaration of class complex specifies the representation of a complex number and the set of operations on it. The keyword class is C + +'s term for *userdefined type*. The declaration of class complex has two parts.

The initial part specifies the representation of a complex number and is by default private. This representation (consisting of the two double-precision floating-point numbers re and im) is accessible only to the functions defined in the declaration of class complex.

The second part of the declaration specifies how a user can create and manipulate complex numbers. It is called the public part of the declaration because it provides an interface to the general public. It consists of two constructors and the usual arithmetic operations. A constructor is a function that constructs a value of a given type. The first constructor for complex creates a comcontinued

×.

# WARP SPEED

#### 30 Day Risk-Free Trial • On-Site Service Available The Fastest PC's in the Galaxy, at down to Earth Prices

ama

#### 12/Slot Power 286/386

We put the 80286 on a card so you can apgrade to the 80386 whenever you're ready. Most of our corporate accts. prefer this American-designed, industrial quality machine. Why? 12 slots, 240 watt power supply, 4 drive openings & ruggedized construction Tower, rack-mounted and motherboard versions available.

50MB, mond, system

#### 386 Speed, 286 Price

12MHz, zero wait states with 1 to 1 controller and Power Optimiser software makes this AT compatible the fastest at any price. Landmark speed Test rates this 286 at 15 6MHz! The data transfer rate is 4 times faster. A complete system with 1MB RAM, monitor and 50MB, 33ms hard sk is only:

50MB

12MHz 1 wait state, 640K, 50MB

101 Keyboard, 1.2MB

#### Passport 286 & 386

New large screen.

Micro 1 introduces the Passport 266 & 386 portables that keep pace with the best Compaq has to offer. 12. 16 or 20MHz and up to 8MB of zero wait state memory lives you more power than most desktop computers. Both the 11", 640 x 400 resolution backlit, supertwist LCD screen and gas plasma screen are far more readable than typical laptop screens. External EGA and VGA output optional. 1 to 1 interleave controllers and 50 to 150MB drives optional. 200 watts, 6 slots standard.

386-16MB, 20M	IB	\$3295
286-12 640K, 2	OMB	\$1995

''Micro l's clones are designed

tor industrial use. . .none are so well made."

Paul Muller, Ford Aerospace, Palo Alto, CA

#### 30MHz Performance

The Power 366 outruns the IBM Model 80 and CompaqDeskpro 386 20 How do we do it<sup>3</sup> 20MHz, zero wait state with 64K of static RAM cache and ultra-high speed ESDI hard disks with 1 to 1 interleave buffered controllers. Add to this our special Power Optimiser software that accelerates reads and writet by 300°, and you've got the best that money can buy, at the price! Landmark, Speed Test rating 30MHz.

UNIX systems with DOSMERGE now available. Ask about our Tower!

16MHz 24MHz Landmark 1MB Complete system with 50MB and monitor.

#### \$2895

Call for price on 20MHz and other configurations.



557 Howard St. Sar. Francisco: CA 94105 Tech Support: 415 974-6997 Fax: 415 974-6996

Summur Computer S 12A Chapel St. North Colchester Essev CO2 7AT UK 10206 761950 FAX 0206 761941 Telex 940 11232

To order call toli free:

1-800-338-4061

In California call (415) 974-5439

Ask our customers about our quality, service and prices:

American Express Anheuser-Busch Associated Press Boeing Aerospace Clorox Coca-Cola Dean Witter Ernst & Whinney Federal Communications Com Ford Aerospace Heath Zenith Honeywell Intel Itel ITT Lockheed Missiles & Space Lucas Film Martin-Marietta Master-Card McDonnel Douglas MCI NASA Pacific Bell Rockwell International Siemens Tandem Computers TRW United Airlines University of Calif. Wells Fargo Westinghouse

plex number given a coordinate pair; the second creates a complex number given a single floating-point number (using the obvious mapping of the real line into the complex plane). Together they provide the two obvious ways of initializing a complex variable. For example:

```
complex a = complex(1.2);
// a becomes (1.2,0)
complex b = complex(3.4,5.6);
```

The arithmetic operations are defined by friend functions: Specifically, these functions are completely ordinary except that they are granted access to the otherwise inaccessible representation of complex numbers by the friend declarations. The notation operator+ is used to name a function defining the addition operator, +. The number of arguments determines whether an operator function implements a binary or a unary operator. For example, operator-(complex, complex) defines subtraction of complex numbers, whereas operator-(complex) defines unary minus.

Such functions can be defined as

```
complex operator+(complex a1,
   complex a2)
{
   return complex(a1.re+a2.re,
      a1.im+a2.im);
}
```

#### and used like this:

```
main()
{
    complex a = 2.3;
    complex b = complex(1/a,7);
    complex c = a+b+complex(1,4.5);
}
```

Here, a receives the value (2.3,0) by implicit application of the constructor complex(double); b receives the value (1/2.3,7); and c becomes the value (2.3+1/2.3+1,7+4.5)—that is, about (3.7,11.5).

The constructors and the operator functions let you use complex numbers just as if they were built into the language. In-line functions let the run-time efficiency of a user-defined type come close to an equivalent built-in type.

Hiding the representation is the key to modularity. It allows the representation of a class to be changed without affecting users. For example, you might decide to change the Cartesian representation of complex used above to a polar one. Such a change would affect only the functions listed in the class definition. User code, such as main(), is unaffected. Debugging can also be greatly simplified by proper use of such data hiding.

Programming with classes shifts the emphasis from the design of algorithms to the design of classes (user-defined types). Each class is a direct representation of a concept in the program; each object the program manipulates is of some specific class that defines its behavior. In other words, every object in a program is of some class that defines the set of legal operations on that object. This lets you program in a language with a set of types, or concepts, appropriate to the application. An engineer might use complex numbers, matrices, and fast Fourier transforms, while the telephony-software designer might prefer types such as switch, line, trunk, handset, and digit buffer.

In C + +, this style of programming is supported by a general and flexible set of mechanisms for data hiding, by constructors providing optional guaranteed initialization, by destructors providing optional guaranteed cleanup (termination), and by operator overloading and user-defined coercions providing a convenient and conventional notation for many kinds of applications. All these features are cleanly integrated into the language, and all uses are checked for type violations and ambiguities at compile time to catch errors as early as possible and to avoid unnecessary run-time overheads.

#### **Object-Oriented Programming**

Concepts do not usually come as selfcontained entities. On the contrary, most concepts relate to other concepts in a variety of ways. For example, the concepts of airplane and car relate to those of vehicle and transport; the concepts of mammal and bird relate to each other through the more general concept of vertebrate animal, through the concepts of a circle, rectangle, and polygon involve the general concept of a shape.

Therefore, representing concepts directly as types in a program also requires ways of expressing the relations between types. C + + lets you specify hierarchically organized classes. This is the key feature supporting object-oriented programming. Hierarchical organization is an extremely important way of coping with complex issues in many fields and has, not surprisingly, also proven to be a good way of organizing programs in a wide variety of application areas.

Consider defining a type shape for use in a graphics system. The system has to support circles, triangles, squares, and many other shapes. First, you specify a class that defines the general properties of all shapes:

You can define the calling interfaces for draw() and rotate(), but you cannot yet define their implementation. They are, therefore, declared virtual (the Simula67 and C + + term for "to be defined later in a class derived from this one"). They will be defined for each specific shape. Given this definition of class shape, you can write general functions manipulating shapes:

```
void rotate_all(shape* v[],
    int size, int angle)
// rotate all members of
// vector "v" of size "size"
// "angle" degrees
{
    for (int i = 0; i < size; i++)
    v[i]->rotate(angle);
```

For each shape v[i], the proper rotate() function for the actual type of the object will be called. That "actual type" is not known at compile time.

To define a particular shape, you must say that it is a shape and specify its particular properties:

```
class circle : public shape {
    // a circle is a shape
    int radius;
public:
    void draw() { /* ... */ };
    void rotate(int) {}
    // yes, the null function
};
```

A class is said to be *derived* from another class, which is then called its *base* class. Here, circle is derived from shape, and shape has a base class of circle. A derived class is said to inherit the properties of its base. In addition to such inherited properties, a derived class has its own specific properties. For example, class circle has the member radius in addition to the members col and center that it inherited from class shape.

Note that the new shape center was continued

# Command.

#### CompuServe Navigator speaks your language.

If you're accustomed to the friendly Mac<sup>®</sup> computing style, you no longer have to compromise when you go online.

Because now CompuServe Navigator<sup>™</sup> software gives you user-friendly, Mac-like icons and the kind of familiar display formats you prefer.

You're in command. Search Forum Message Boards and Data Libraries

faster than humanly possible, automatically. Retrieve files using the latest and fastest version of B Protocol. Write and answer EasyPlex\* and Forum correspondence, offline.

# Performance.

#### Run your Mac on auto-pilot.

MacWorld Expo/Boston '88

CompuServe Navigator makes the most of every second you spend online. It logs on, takes care of your Forum business and pending electronic mail, and logs off. It can even run unattended, while

you're away or in the background as you use another program.

You can pre-set CompuServe Navigator to go online during off-peak hours. And of course there's a terminal mode for easy conventional access.

No other software gets more out of CompuServe Forum resources. All for just \$59.95. Regularly \$79.95.

To order online, type GO ORDER at any ! prompt, or call 1-800-848-8199. In Ohio and Canada, call 614-457-0802.



Information Services, PO. Box 20212 5000 Arlington Centre Blvd., Columbus, Ohio 43220 An H&R Block Company

Circle 52 on Reader Service Card

Requires 512K minimum memory, 800K drive storage, and a CompuServe Information Service membership. Mac is a registered trademark of Apple Computer, Inc. CompuServe Navigator is a service mark of CompuServe Incorporated.

added without modifying "old code," such as the rotate\_all() function and other shapes. The ability to extend a program by adding new variations of a basic concept (i.e., adding new derived classes given a base class) without touching old code is a major boon. Using traditional techniques, such additions require access to the source code of the system you want to extend, require understanding of the key implementation details of the old code, and carry the risk of introducing errors in the already-tested old code. Furthermore, using derived classes, improvements and bug fixes done to a base class are automatically "inherited" by every class derived from it.

I chose the "shape" example because everyone understands about shapes, not because object-oriented programming has anything particular to do with graphics. Graphics is a good area for objectoriented techniques, but most uses of such techniques in C + + have nothing to do with graphics. Other examples are compilers, operating-system kernels and device drivers, switching software, and network simulations.

In many contexts, it is important that the C + + virtual-function mechanism be nearly as efficient as a "normal" function call. The additional run-time overhead is about five memory references (depending on the machine architecture and the compiler), and the memory overhead is one word per object plus one word per virtual function per class.

C + + provides multiple inheritance (see reference 7), or the ability to derive a class from more than one direct base class. For example, if you have a class task representing the concept of a concurrent activity, and a class displayed representing the concept of something displayed on the screen, you might write:

```
class displayed_task
  : public displayed, public task
  { ... }
```

Now a displayed\_task is really both a displayed and a task, so a displayed\_ task can be used wherever a displayed or a task is required:

```
void wait(task*,int);
// do something to a task
void update(displayed*);
// do something to a displayed
f()
{
   // make a displayed_task:
   displayed_task* dtp =
        new displayed_task(
```

```
/* appropriate arguments */ );
```

```
wait(ctp,10);
// use displayed_task as a task
update(ctp);
// displayed task as displayed
```

```
,, lippinge_outer up dispinged
```

Naturally, the usual type-checking rules, ambiguity rules, and encapsulation mechanisms are applied to multiple inheritance to ensure the usual degree of safety and efficiency.

#### Why C + +?

What distinguishes C + + from other programming languages? C + + was designed under severe constraints of compatibility, internal consistency, and efficiency. No feature was included that would cause a serious incompatibility with C at the source or linker levels; would cause run-time or space overheads for a program that did not use it; would increase run time or requirements for a C program; would significantly increase the compile time compared with C; or could only be implemented by making more demands than in a traditional programming environment.

Traditional languages such as C, FOR-TRAN, Pascal, and Modula-2 don't provide anything comparable to C + +'s features for data abstraction and objectoriented programming. This gives the C++ programmer a strong advantage when it comes to understanding, writing, and maintaining programs. It's often important that the improved structure of C++ programs be achieved without sacrificing efficiency or restricting the range of areas for which the language is suitable.

Ada provides facilities for data abstraction that may not be as elegant as C++'s but should be about as effective in actual use. But Ada doesn't provide an inheritance mechanism to support object-oriented programming, so C++has greater expressive power in this area.

C++ is distinguished among languages that support object-oriented programming, such as Smalltalk, by a variety of factors: its emphasis on program structure; the flexibility of encapsulation mechanisms; its smooth support of a range of programming paradigms; the portability of C++ implementations; the run-time efficiency (in both time and space) of C++ code; and its ability to run without a large run-time system.

C++ is a programming language in the traditional sense and is not a complete program development system or a complete execution environment. It can be installed easily into an existing C program development or execution environment, and C++-specific tools can then be added as needed. In addition, several C++-specific environments are being built to suit specific needs (see references 8 and 9).

The emphasis on explicit static structure (as opposed to a weak type-checking, as in C, or purely dynamic typechecking, as in Smalltalk) is particularly important for projects involving many programmers and for individual programmers using large libraries written by others. C + +'s strong type-checking and encapsulation mechanisms have repeatedly proven themselves by dramatically reducing integration time for larger projects. Similarly, C + + provides a good base for designing libraries with precisely defined, elegant, and statically checked interfaces.

C++ has a single, very flexible, type system. This makes it possible to use hybrid programming styles without violating the C++ type system. It also lets you choose a style of programming closely matching individual application areas.

#### REFERENCES

1. Birtwistle, Graham, et al. *SIMULA BE-GIN*. Studentlitteratur, Lund, Sweden, 1971. Chartwell-Bratt Ltd., U.K., 1980.

2. Woodward, P. M., and S. G. Bond. *Algol 68-R Users Guide*. London: Her Majesty's Stationery Office, 1974.

3. Stroustrup, Bjarne. The C++ Programming Language. Reading, MA: Addison-Wesley, 1986.

4. Richards, Martin, and Colin Whitby-Strevens. *BCPL—The Language and its Compiler*. New York: Cambridge University Press, 1980.

5. Prosser, David F. Draft Proposed American National Standard for Information Systems—Programming Language C X3 Secretariat, CBEMA, Washington.

6. Stroustrup, Bjarne. "What Is 'Object-Oriented Programming'?" *IEEE Software Magazine*, May 1988.

7. Stroustrup, Bjarne. The Evolution of C++: 1985-1987. Santa Fe, NM: Proc. USENIX C++ Workshop, November 1987.

8. Linton, Mark A. "Distributed Management of a Software Database." *IEEE Software*, November 1987, pp. 70–76.

9. Stroustrup, Bjarne. Possible Directions for C++: 1985-1987. Santa Fe, NM: Proc. USENIX C++ Workshop, November 1987.

Bjarne Stroustrup is the designer and original implementor of C++. He works at AT&T Bell Labs, Murray Hill, New Jersey. You can reach him on BIX as "bstroustrup."

#### Train for the Fastest Growing Job Skill in America

#### **Only NRI teaches** you to service all computers as you build your own, fully PC-compatible micro-now with 20 meg hard disk drive!

The Department of Labor ranks computer service high on its list of top growth fields, with accelerated demand creating more than 30,000 new jobs within the next 10 years.

You can cash in on this opportunity-either as a full-time corporate technician or an independent service-person-once you've learned all the basics of computers the NRI way.

#### Get inside the latest, fully IBM PC-compatible Sanyo computer—now with hard disk drive

As an NRI student, you'll get total hands-on training as you actually build the latest-model Sanyo 880 Series computer from the keyboard up. It's fully IBM PCcompatible, plus you now go on to install a 20 megabyte hard disk drive to complete your total computer system. Throughout your training, you'll perform demonstrations and experiments that will give you a total mastery of computer operation and servicing techniques.

#### Understanding you get only through experience

You need no previous knowledge to succeed with NRI. You start with the basics, rapidly building on the fundamentals of electronics with bite-size lessons. You perform

Your incomparable total systems training includes all this: NRI's unique Discovery Lab® to let you design and modify circuits, diagnose and repair faults • NRI's digital multimeter, complete with "talk-you-through" instructions on audio cassette • Digital logic probe that lets you visually examine computer circuits • The latest Sanyo 880 Series computer with "intelligent" keyboard and 51/4" floppy disk drive • 20 megabyte hard disk drive you install internally 8K ROM, 256K RAM • Bundled software including GW-BASIC, MS-DOS, WordStar, CalcStar • Reference manuals, programming guidelines, and schematics.

See other side for highlights of NRI's "hands-on" computer training ---

hands-on experiments with your NRI Discovery Lab® and then move on to master advanced concepts like digital logic, microprocessors, and computer memories.

#### Learn at home in your spare time

You train in your own home at your own convenience, backed at all times by your own NRI instructor and the entire NRI staff of educators and student service support people. They're always ready to give you guidance, follow your progress, and help you over the rough spots to keep you moving toward your goal.

Get all the facts from NRI's 100-page catalog.



ELECTRONICS Figure 100 Figure 100 Figur	Check one FREE catalog only. Computer Electronics TV, Audio, and Video Servicing Electronic Music Technology Basic Electronics			
Ser /	Name		(Please Print)	Age
COMPUTER ELECTRONICS	Street			
training prepares you to service all computers as you build your own fully				
IBM PC compatible computer. Total	City		State	Zip
systems training includes 51/4" floppy			1	
disk drive, 20 meg hard disk drive,	11	courses approved ander		
monitor, test equipment, software, and	GI Bill	Check for details		160-

169-088

NRI Discovery Lab<sup>3</sup>.

## Learn Computer Servicing Skills with NRI's "Hands-On" Training



Using NRI's unique Action Audio Cassette, you are talked through the operation and practical application of your hand-held digital multimeter—the basic, indispensable tool for the computer specialist.



You'll set up and perform electronics experiments and demonstrations using your NRI Discovery Lab<sup>5</sup>. You'll even interface the lab with your computer to "see" keyboard-generated data.



After you build this digital logic probe, you'll explore the operation of the Sanyo detached "intelligent" keyboard and its dedicated microprocessor.



Next, you install the disk drive. You learn disk drive operation and adjustment, make a copy of the MS-DOS operating disk, and begin your exploration of the 8088 CPU.

#### Total Computer Systems Training, Only From NRI

No computer stands alone . . . . it's part of a total system. And if you want to learn to service and repair computers, you have to understand computer *systems*. Only NRI includes a powerful computer system as part of your training, centered around the new, fully IBM PC-compatible Sanyo 880 Series computer.

As part of your training, you'll actually build this powerful Sanyo 880 Series IBM PC-compatible computer. It has two operating speeds: the standard IBM speed of 4.77 MHz and a remarkable turbo speed of 8 MHz.

#### Mastery is "built-in"

You'll assemble the Sanyo "intelligent" keyboard, install the power supply and 5¼" floppy disk drive, and attach the highresolution monitor. But that's not all. You'll go on to install a powerful 20 megabyte hard disk drive—today's

most-wanted computer peripheral—now included as part of your hands-on training.

The many demonstrations and experiments you perform as you build your Sanyo computer will give you a total mastery of computer operation, based on a thorough knowledge of the intricacies of computer theory.

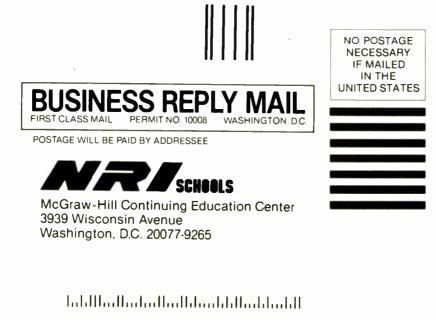
#### 100-page, free catalog tells more . . . send today

Send the postage-paid reply card today for NRI's 100-page catalog that gives all the facts about computer training, plus career training in robotics, data communications, TV/audio/video servicing, and many other fields. If the card is missing, write to NRI at the address below.



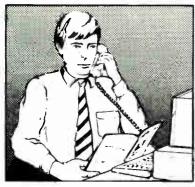
McGraw-Hill Continuing Education Center 3939 Wisconsin Avenue Washington, D.C. 20016 We'll give you tomorrow.

## SEND TODAY FOR FREE CATALOG



#### Buy with

# Confidence



In an effort to make your telephone purchasing a more successful and pleasurable activity, The Microcomputer Marketing Council of the Direct Marketing Association, Inc. offers this advice, "A knowledgeable buyer will be a successful buyer." These are specific facts you should know about the prospective seller before placing an order:

#### Ask These Important *Questions*

- How long has the company been in business?
- Does the company offer technical assistance?
- Is there a service facility?
- Are manufacturer's warranties handled through the company?
- Does the seller have formal return and refund policies?
- *Is there an additional charge for use of credit cards?*
- Are credit card charges held until time of shipment?
- What are shipping costs for items ordered?

Direct Marketing Association, Inc. 1988

Reputable computer dealers will answer all these questions to your satisfaction. Don't settle for less when buying your computer hardware, software, peripherals and supplies.

#### **Purchasing Guidelines**

- State as completely and accurately as you can what merchandise you want including brand name, model number, catalog number.
- Establish that the item is in stock and confirm shipping date.
- Confirm that the price is as advertised .
- Obtain an order number and identification of the sales representative.
- Make a record of your order, noting exact price including shipping, date of order, promised shipping date and order number.

If you ever have a problem, remember to deal first with the seller. If you cannot resolve the problem, write to MAIL ORDER ACTION LINE, c/o DMA, 6 E. 43rd St., New York, NY 10017.

ME COPIFUTES

This message is brought to you by:

the MICROCOMPUTER MARKETING COUNCIL of the Direct Marketing Association, Inc. 6 E. 43rd St., New York, NY 10017



Osin

021

MEREN

# KEY INTO OUR LANGUAGE TECHNOLOGY

#### Microlytics is the Leading Supplier of Linguistic Technology in Software & Firmware.

We offer spelling verifier/correctors in English (U.S. and U.K.) and nine European languages. Our Word Finder \* thesaurus is the best selling electronic thesaurus on the market, with over 1.5 million copies sold. The New York Times recently called it "The finest electronic thesaurus available."

We use a powerful compression technology, developed at the Xerox Palo Alto Research Center (PARC), to squeeze the entire Word Finder thesaurus into only 92K of ROM space (15,000 main word entries and 220,000 synonyms - 3X this amount if you count all inflected forms). Our 100,000 word English spelling lexicons (U.S. and U.K.) take only 120K of ROM or disk space. Our 400,000 word Italian lexicon takes 123K bytes (source: Zingarelli). Unlike other compression techniques, ours require under 10K of lookup code, and under 1K of RAM. Decompression is instantaneous. Our new phonetic correction algorithms are unsurpassed in the industry.

Our customers include Ashton-Tate, Claris, Lotus, MicroPro, Microsoft, Symantec, Xerox, XyQuest, and many others. Word Finder is the thesaurus bundled in Microsoft Word, WordStar 4.0, FullWrite, Manuscript, and XyWrite. Our speller won *PC Magazine* Editor's Choice in 1987 for the implementation in XyWrite III Plus, compared to a field of 32 products with spelling technology from every vendor in the industry. It is also used in FullWrite and MacWrite 5.0.

We provide the technology in the SelecTronics WordFinder WF-220 handheld dictionary/thesaurus. Other applications of our technology include OCR and speech recognition verification. We can customize for any requirement.

GOfer", the high speed text retrieval program that works without indexing on the IBM PC and Macintosh is another of our products. A powerful grammar checking system outperforming anything else on the market, and requiring far less overhead, will be available soon.

> We offer our products in turnkey implementations in both software and firmware, and welcome OEM and distributor inquiries. We support the IBM PC, Macintosh, Intel 8031, 8051, 8088/8086, the Z-80, and 68000 machine code.

#### For further information contact:

Mr. Robert Atkins, Vice President, Sales/Marketing Mr. Roger Fearing, Western Regional Sales Manager

> MICROLYTICS, INC. 300 Main Street, Suite 1592 East Rochester, New York 14445 (716) 248-9150

> > FAX: (716) 248-3868 Telex: 6503021536



TEXT RETRIEVAL

ra Finc

Word Finder is a registered trademark of Microlytics. Inc. Spell Finder, GOfer and Microlytics are trademarks of Microlytics, Inc. Other brand and product names are trademarks or registered trademarks of their respective holders.

#### IN DEPTH THE C LANGUAGE

# It's an Attitude

There's a lot of extra coding, but you can do object-oriented programming in conventional C

#### Jonathan S. Linowes

bject-oriented programming is not dependent on any given programming language; it's an attitude. Structured programming asks you to answer the questions, "How is my data transformed?" and "What are my inputs and outputs?" Object-oriented programming asks, "What are the things I will be working with?" and "What do I expect these things to do?" It is becoming a popular alternative to conventional structured techniques for organizing and thinking about programs.

OOPC is a mechanism for object-oriented programming using standard C. It's not a programming language in itself, nor is it a preprocessor. Rather, it's a collection of conventions and programming techniques that, if fol-

lowed, give you many of the benefits of today's object-oriented programming languages—benefits such as data encapsulation, modularity, and inheritance.

Through OOPC, I introduce the concepts of object-oriented programming in a practical and familiar context, rather than complicating the issue with a new language and a new syntax. To demonstrate OOPC techniques in action, I have



implemented the MyShape example adapted from *The C++ Programming Language* by Bjarne Stroustrup (Addison-Wesley, 1986), pages 213 to 221.

Object-oriented programming techniques are very good for prototyping applications. In fact, OOPC was developed for the MIT Media Laboratory UseIT project, a user-interface test-bed system. The UseIT system lets you easily build components of a user interface, modify an interaction technique (such as changing a pop-up menu into a pulldown), and quickly program entirely new objects. This was a fairly complex project with multiple programmers and required the ability to make quick code modifications. Using object-oriented programming techniques made the UseIT system easy to understand and modify.

**Objects as Virtual Devices** You can think of object-oriented systems as a collection of independent virtual devices communicating with each other, each with its own internal structure. These virtual devices, called *objects*, consist of *properties* (private data) and *methods* (the operations applied to that data). The internal structure of an

object is not accessible to any other object or program. This concept of data encapsulation is key to object-oriented programming, as it separates the object's implementation from its use.

Objects communicate with other objects through messages. You send messages to create new objects, to modify and inquire about an object's property continued

values, and to request the object to perform specific actions. In a sense, messages are like op codes to the object. An object can send messages to any other object, including itself.

You create objects by instantiating classes. Classes act as templates for objects, which have a particular set of properties and methods. All instances of a given class have the same properties and methods, although the values of each property will vary.

The distinction between object classes and instances is analogous to the relationship between structure definitions and structure variables. For example, in C, struct sname  $\{ \dots \}$ ; declares a template for structure sname, and struct sname varname; declares varname as an instance of sname.

Object classes are organized into a hierarchical taxonomy of subclasses and superclasses. With subclasses you can define increasingly specialized object types. Superclasses let you share generalizations among separate classes.

An object inherits all the properties and methods of its superclass. A class can distinguish itself from its superclass by assigning different default property values, substituting methods for specific messages, and adding new properties, methods, and messages.

When you send a message to an object, the object's message handler receives the message and checks for a local method for that message. If it has none, the message is forwarded to the object's superclass message handler, and the method there is used. If the superclass doesn't recognize the message, it sends the message along to *its* superclass, and so forth, until a method is found. The message is declared invalid if no method is found.

#### Using OOPC Objects

The OOPC programmer interface consists of a header file, the functions New and Send, and a library of message-handler functions. Message handlers receive messages and invoke the corresponding methods. Every object class in the object library has a message handler.

The header file, 00PC.H, contains common definitions for standard data types in OOPC, such as class messagehandler function declarations and message definitions.

Instance objects are identified with a reference, or handle, of type Object, defined in OOPC.H, returned when a new instance is created. You must use this identifier whenever you reference the object—for example, when sending it messages. When you use the Object handle, Listing 1: OOPC code for the MyShape example program. This code creates several shapes—a rectangle, a line, and a face (MyShape)—and then stacks them on top of each other.

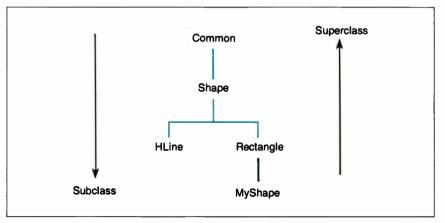
```
stack_on_top( p2, p3 );
    stack on top( p1, p2 );
    /* re-draw */
    refresh_shapes( screen );
}
stack_on_top( q, p )
    Object q, p;
ł
    Msg North Result north;
    Msg South Result south;
    Msg_Move_Param move;
    Send( p, MSG_NORTH_r, NULL, &north );
    Send( q, MSG SOUTH r, NULL, &south );
    move.dx = north.x - south.x;
    move.dy = north.y - south.y + 1;
    Send( q, MSG MOVE p, &move, NULL );
}
refresh shapes ( screen )
    Object screen;
{
   extern Object shape list[];
    extern int shape count;
   Msg Draw Param draw;
    int i:
   Send( screen, MSG_CLEAR, NULL, NULL );
   draw.screen = screen;
    for (i=0; i<shape_count; i++)</pre>
        Send( shape_list[i], MSG DRAW p, &draw, NULL );
    Send ( screen, MSG REFRESH, NULL, NULL );
}
```

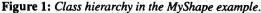
applications need never know the internal structure of the object.

object = New( handler );

You create a new instance with the function New:

where handler is the message-handler function for the class of the object you





```
#include <stdio.h>
#include "oopc.h"
main()
(
    Object
                                 screen;
    Object
                                 pl, p2, p3;
    Msg Set Rectangle Param
                                 set rect p;
    Msg Set Hline_Param
                                 set hline p;
    Msg_Set_Myshape_Param
                                 set myshape p;
    Msg Draw Param
                                 draw p;
    Msg_Move_Param
                                 move p;
                                 1 :
    int
    /* create screen buffer */
    screen = New( Screen );
    /* create shapes */
    p1 = New( Rectangle );
    set_rect_p.xmin = 0; set_rect_p.ymin = 0;
    set_rect_p.xmax = 10; set_rect_p.ymax = 10;
    Send ( p1, MSG SET RECTANGLE_p, &set_rect_p, NULL );
    p2 = New(Hline);
    set_hline_p.x = 0; set_hline_p.y = 15; set_hline_p.length = 17;
    Send( p2, MSG SET HLINE p, &set hline p, NULL );
    p3 = New( Myshape );
    set_myshape_p.xmin = 15; set_myshape_p.ymin = 10;
    set myshape p.xmax = 27; set myshape p.ymax = 18;
    Send( p3, MSG_SET_MYSHAPE_p, &set_myshape_p, NULL );
    /* draw them */
    refresh shapes ( screen );
    /* re-arrange the shapes */
    move_p.dx = -10; move_p.dy = -10;
    Send( p3, MSG MOVE p, &move p, NULL );
```

are creating. The function New returns the handle of the instance into whatever variable name you've specified for the object. When you create an object, New allocates memory for the object's properties and initializes this memory to default values. It returns a null object if it can't create the instance.

Objects are sent messages with the Send macro function:

error = Send( object, message, &parameters, &result );

where object receives the message, message enumerates it, and the last two arguments are pointers to the parameter and result blocks whose contents depend on the particular message specified (they could be null). The function Send returns an error code (0=ok).

A message is actually just an enumerated integer type, such that each message has a unique value. Some examples include MSG\_SET\_RECTANGLE\_p, which sets a rectangle's corner coordinates; MSG\_ASK\_NORTH\_r, which requests the top-center point of a rectangle; and MSG\_DRAW\_p, which tells the object to draw itself. The name extensions \_p, \_r, and \_pr remind you that the object requires a parameter block, result block, or both, along with the message.

When a message requires parameters, it has an associated data structure for stuffing the parameter values, named, by convention, *message\_Param*. For example, Msg\_Draw\_Param is the parameter block for the MSG\_DRAW\_p message (Msg\_Draw\_Param specifies the screen on which to draw the object). Similarly, results are returned in the structure *mes*sage\_Result. For example, structure Msg\_North\_Result contains the point returned by MSG\_NORTH\_r. These parameter and result blocks are the same regardless of which object receives the message.

Unfortunately, because OOPC requires that you be able to send different data structures to the same function, you can't perform type checking to verify that the correct blocks are specified for a given message. However, the messagenaming convention, combined with the parameter- and result-block structures, form a satisfactory interim solution without a preprocessor. The naming conventions make it easier to visually verify the code, and the C compiler will verify the types of each specific parameter/result field within the blocks.

#### An Example

The class hierarchy in figure 1 shows the superclasses and subclass used for the MyShape example. The class Rectangle includes coordinates defining its two corners. MyShape is a subclass of Rectangle that implements a picture of a face. It uses the Rectangle properties to define its border and adds properties for the eyes and mouth (defined as horizontal lines). Messages and methods regarding the border of a MyShape object are inherited from its superclass, Rectangle; other messages are handled by the local method, MyShape. In OOPC, all objects are subclasses of class Common.

The main program, shown in listing 1, creates three shapes—a rectangle, a horizontal line, and an instance of MyShape (a face)—and draws them on the screen. Then, the line is stacked on top of the face, the rectangle is stacked on top of the line, and the drawing is refreshed.

When an instance of a class is created, its properties are set to default values, leaving it to the application to set them to desired values. For example, new rectangles are created at (0,0)-(0,0), which is not very useful. The new object must then be set, such as at (0,0)-(10,10), as in the example.

The MyShape example shows how you can write procedures that manipulate objects without knowledge of the objects they will be manipulating. For example, the stack\_on\_top function rearranges arbitrary objects, as long as they understand the messages MSG\_NORTH, MSG\_ SOUTH, and MSG\_MOVE, to get their topcenter and bottom-center points and to change their positions. Similarly, the function refresh\_shapes sends MSG\_ DRAW to the objects in the display list, without knowing anything about the objects there. In fact, you can code and compile these functions before writing the object classes they are manipulating. continued

#### IN DEPTH

Listing 2: The chain of inheritance for the rectangle class. If a rectangle object is not able to recognize a message, the Base macro will pass it up to a superclass, Shape, to see if the message is defined there. If Shape can't decode the message, it will pass it up to Common. If Common can't understand the message, an error is returned. /\*\_\_\_\_\_ \* excerpt from file: rectangle.c \* definition of rectangle object structure \*/ typedef struct ( # include "rectangle.p" } Rectangle\_Object; /\*\_\_\_\_\_ \* file: rectangle.p \* properties for Rectangle class (subclass of Shape) ----\*/ #include "shape.p" /\* inherited properties \*/ /\* local properties \*/ int xmin, ymin; /\* northeast corner \*/ /\* southwest corner \*/ int xmax, ymax; /\*-----\* file: shape.p \* properties for Shape class (subclass of Common) -----\*/ #include "common.p" /\* inherited properties \*/ /\* no local properties \*/ /\*-----\* file: common.p \* properties for Common class -----\*/ /\* Common is top level, has no parent \*/ /\* properties common to all objects \*/ Functionp dispatch; /\* message handler function \*/ /\* other properties may include a class identifier, archive file name, etc.\*/ /\*------\* excerpt from file: rectangle.c \* methods for Rectangle class (subclass of Shape) -----\*/ #include <stdio.h> #include <malloc.h> #include "oopc.h" /\* base class dispatcher \*/ #define Base(this,msg,par,res) Shape(this, msg, par, res) /\*-----\*/ /\* message dispatcher \*/ -----\*/ continued

#### **Implementing OOPC Objects**

OOPC uses an #include chaining technique that requires that each object be compiled separately. Each class is made of at least two source files: *class*.C and *class*.P. The .C file contains the message handler and individual methods. The .P file contains the class properties. You must include the header file OOPC.H at the top of every source (.C) file in addition to the object's class property file.

Using nested file inclusion, the .P files provide the mechanism for property inheritance. For example, listing 2 shows the Rectangle\_Object data structure. The fields of this structure are included from the RECTANGLE.P file. The first statement of the file is another include file, SHAPE.H, containing the properties from Rectangle's superclass.

Superclass properties appear in memory before subclass properties, as shown in figure 2, which facilitates method inheritance. When a message is deferred by a class to its superclass, the object's handle is passed. Since this handle is actually a pointer to the object's property data, the superclass can access the properties it knows of, yet need not (and should not) access the subclass properties.

Each object class has a single messagehandler function having the same name as the object itself. Thus, rectangles have a message handler called Rectangle.

The handler is a "switch" statement with cases for each message recognized locally by the class, calling the corresponding method—a static local function. If the message handler does not recognize the message, the message is forwarded up to the superclass message handler. Listing 2 is an excerpt of the file RECTANGLE.C, showing the chain of inheritance an unrecognized message will follow.

Even if an object has a method for a message, it can still inherit the superclass method and then augment the result. In the initialization method, for example, the object first inherits its superclass method to initialize the superclass properties and then initializes its own properties.

Because the topmost class is Common, the first property of every object is a pointer to the object's message-function handler. The Send macro function takes advantage of this fact by simply accessing the first field of the object. The following is an excerpt from OOPC.H showing how Send is implemented:

typedef int (\*Functionp)();

# New diskdoubler<sup>™</sup> doubles the storage capacity doubles the storage capacity of your hard disk



#### Upgrade the disk drive in your PC the easy way!

Datran's new DiskDoubler dd2000 is a short card that simply fits into any available slot on an IBM, PC, XT, AT, 386 or compatible, DOS 2.0 or greater.

Upgrade a 20 MB disk into a 40 MB. The DiskDoubler lets you double the storage capacity of any hard disk without loss of performance. No matter what size hard disk you have, the Disk-Doubler will double it.

Works With All Data. The DiskDoubler compresses data stored on a hard disk, including application programs, program files, COM and EXE files. You will appreciate the doubling of capacity for word processing, spreadsheets, and database files.

Powerful dBASE Capacity. The Disk-Doubler is especially powerful when handing dBASE II, III and III Plus files, storing on the average three times as much data on your hard disk, i.e., your 20 MB hard disk will perform like a 60 MB disk . . . an 80 MB disk will act like a 240 MB model. It works equally well for any size hard disk . . . and for only \$189.00.

Principle of Operation. At the heart of the DiskDoubler is a new, powerful high-speed data compression microprocessor that incorporates Datran's state-of-the-art data compression technology, which represents years of research and development.

Totally Transparent Operation. Datran's high speed data compression technology coupled with our extensive operating software allows the DiskDoubler to process data at speeds compatible with disk operating speeds. It looks as though you've added a disk drive of double the capacity to your PC.

Breaks the 32 MB DOS Barrier. Because the DiskDoubler doubles the amount of data your disk drive stores, it effectively increases the 32 MB DOS barrier to 64 MB without any special software.

Simple Installation. Once the simple, fast installation is complete, the Disk-Doubler operates in the background and is completely user transparent. The dd2000 works with yours existing hard disk controller.

No Formatting Required as is necessary with RLL controllers. DiskDoubler will even double the capacity of a drive already using RLL technology.

Low Power Consumption. The 1/2 watt DiskDoubler eliminates the need for upgrading your power supply, as would be needed if an additional disk drive were added pulling 15 to 30 watts.

Long Life Performance. With a long three-year limited warranty, DiskDoubler is a simple, inexpensive and reliable way to double your disk storage.

Satisfaction Guaranteed. Datran backs the DiskDoubler with s 30-day no questions asked money back guarantee.



Leadership in Data Compression Technology

Datran Corporation/2505 Foothill Blvd./La Crescenta/CA 91214/Phone (818) 248-8780/FAX (818) 248-8788/Telex 4932115/TurboCorn (818) 248-8789

#### IN DEPTH IT'S AN ATTITUDE

```
int Rectangle( this, msg, param, result )
   Rectangle_Object* this;
   Message
                       msq:
   Caddr
                       param;
   Caddr
                       result;
{
   int error = 0;
   switch (msg) {
   case MSG NEW r:
       error = Rectangle_new( result );
       break;
   case MSG INITIALIZE:
       error = Rectangle_init( this );
       break:
   case MSG_SET_RECTANGLE_p:
       error = Rectangle setrect ( this, param );
       break;
   case MSG MOVE p:
       error = Rectangle move( this, param );
       break:
   case MSG_DRAW_p:
       error = Rectangle_draw( this, param );
       break;
   case MSG NORTH r:
       error = Rectangle north( this, result );
       break;
   case MSG_SOUTH_r:
       error = Rectangle south( this, result );
       break:
   default:
       error = Base( this, msg, param, result );
       break:
   }
   return error;
}
                            ----*/
/* rectangle class methods */
/*-----
        ----*/
static int Rectangle move (this, param)
   Rectangle_Object *this;
   Msg Move Param *param;
{
   this->xmin += param->dx;
   this->ymin += param->dy;
   this->xmax += param->dx;
   this->ymax += param->dy;
   return 0;
}
```

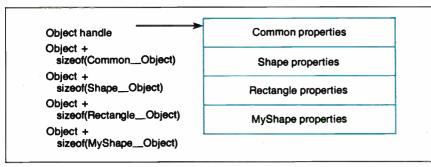


Figure 2: Memory organization of MyShape class properties.

```
#define Send(obj,msg,param,
    result)\
((*(obj->dispatch))(obj,msg,
    param,result))
```

To implement Send, I first define the data type Functionp, which is a pointer to a function. Then I define a data structure that declares as its member an item called dispatch, which is of type Functionp. Finally, I give this structure the tag \*Object, so that Object is a data type that is a pointer to a structure whose first member is a pointer to a function. In the Send macro, obj is of type Object, so obj->dispatch will fish out the pointer to the desired function. The rest of this line executes the function.

Finally, the function New is an interface for sending a MSG\_NEW message to a dispatch function. New creates an instance for an object class that you can then use with the function Send.

```
typedef struct { Object object; }
   Msg_New_Result;
Object New( dispatch )
      Functionp dispatch;
   {
       Msg_New_Result new;
       (*dispatch)( NULL,
            MSG_NEW_r, NULL, &new );
       return new.object;
   }
}
```

#### **Limitations of OOPC**

As you can see, there is a lot of extra coding you must tend to yourself, such as setting up the include chain and making sure that you pass the correct parameters to an object. These are details that an object-oriented language can manage for you. Object-oriented languages differ in their support for memory management.

The advantage of using a conventional language is that it doesn't require the additional investment of buying and learning a new language. Plus, it's code-compatible with any existing libraries and tools you currently use. ■

Editor's note: The source code for the OOPC object classes and the MyShape example are available in a variety of formats. See page 3 for further details.

Jonathan S. Linowes is a founding partner of Sirlin Computer Corp. in Hudson, New Hampshire, specializing in database and computer graphics systems. He can be contacted on BIX as "editors."



# Bring to your DTP systems a new style and give your HP series II<sup>m</sup> a second life.

Same PageMaker™ file printed using a normal IBM PC/AT™ connected to an HP Laserlet Series II. Same PageMaker file printed using an IBM PC/AT with PageStyler<sup>™</sup> connected to an HP LaserJet Series II.

#### Destiny's low-cost PageStyler adds 100% PostScript<sup>™</sup> compatibility to your HP series II without sacrificing your printer's current capabilities.

With PageStyler from Destiny Technology you can go either way—in style with PageStyler, the PostScript language compatible sub-system, or with HP PCL.<sup>™</sup> You choose, from your keyboard to your printer. Destiny offers full PostScript compatibility from any software package with PostScript drivers, with enough memory to handle full-page graphics, font selection, and image transfers. PageStyler, the only way to go, if you go in style.

#### COMPATIBLE SOFTWARE

- Ventura Publisher ™
- PageMaker ™
- Harvard Graphics <sup>™</sup>
- Designer <sup>™</sup>
- Other software based on Windows™
- WordPerfect 5.0 ™
- The Office Publisher™
- MicroSoft Word 4.0™ & Excel™
- Manuscript <sup>™</sup>
  Destiny has tested these software packages. More software packages will be tested and

announced.



Destiny Technology Corporation 930 Thompson Place • Sunnyvale, California 94086 Phone: 800-874-5553 • 415-537-9044 (inside CA) FAX: 408-733-0870 TLX: 3729687

AbsScript Language is a trademark of Adobe Systems Law-Hei Plus and Lakerlet Series II are trademarks of Hewlett-Packard. Canon LBP is a trademark of Canon, Inc. PCL tPrimur Command Language is a trademark of Hewlett-Packard. PageStyler is a trademark It Destiny Technology Corp. PC/AT is a trademark of International Business Machines. Machines is a trademark of Apple Computer. Inc. Software trademarks belong to their individual manufacturers.

#### IN DEPTH THE CLANGUAGE

#### **Resource Guide**

Advantage C + + .......\$495 PC, XT, AT, and compatibles **Run/C Interpreter......\$120** PC, XT, AT, and compatibles **Run/C Professional .....\$250** PC, XT, AT, and compatibles Lifeboat Associates 55 South Broadway Tarrytown, NY 10591 (800) 847-7078; in New York, (914) 322-1875 **Inquiry 947.** 

Aztek C68K-r B-shell ....\$120 Aztek C68K/MPW-p .....\$175 Aztek C68K/MPW-d .....\$299 Mac Manx Software P.O. Box 55 Shrewsbury, NJ 07701 (201) 542-2121 Inquiry 948.

C Compiler (one user)....\$895 PC compatible Wintek Corp. 1801 South St. Lafayette, IN 47904 (800) 742-6809; in Indiana, (317) 742-8428 Inquiry 953. C Native Compiler......\$1000 PC-DOS for 8088, 8086, 80186, and 80286 machines Whitesmiths, Ltd. 59 Power Rd. Westford, MA 01886 (617) 692-7800 Inquiry 954.

CrossCode C for the 68000 ......\$1595 *PC compatible* UniWare Z80 C Compiler ......\$1595 *PC compatible* Software Development Systems, Inc. 3110 Woodcreek Dr. Downers Grove, IL 60515 (800) 448-7733; in Illinois, (312) 971-8170 Inquiry 955.

C\_\_Talk.....\$149.95 PC compatible CNS, Inc. Software Products Dept. 7090 Shady Oak Rd. Eden Prairie, MN 55344 (612) 944-0170 Inquiry 956.

The C Workshop ......\$69.95 PC compatible Wordcraft 3827 Penniman Ave. Oakland, CA 94619 (800) 888-0852 ext. 955; in California, (415) 534-2212 Inquiry 958.

C-86 Plus C Compiler ....\$497 PC, XT, AT, and PS/2 compatible Computer Innovations, Inc. 980 Shrewsbury Ave. Tinton Falls, NJ 07724 (201) 542-5920 Inquiry 961.

C 86/88 RTX866......\$1295 XT and AT compatible Real-Time Computer Science Corp.

1390 Flynn Rd., Unit E Camarillo, CA 93010 (805) 987-9781 Inquiry 962.

**Definitive** C

DeSmet DC88 ...... \$99 PC compatible C Ware Corp. P.O. Box 428 Paso Robles, CA 93447 (805) 239-4620 Inquiry 966.

Eco-C ......\$59.95 Mac and Z80 CP/M ECO-C88 C Compiler ......\$99.95 MS-DOS Ecosoft, Inc. 6413 North College Ave. Indianapolis, IN 46220 (317) 255-6476 Inquiry 967.

**Guidelines C + +** .......**\$295** *PC, XT, AT, and compatibles* Guidelines Software, Inc. P.O. Box 749, Suite B Orinda, CA 94563 (415) 254-9183 **Inquiry 968.** 

#### IN DEPTH

THE C LANGUAGE

High C ......\$595 PC compatible High C for the 80386 .....\$895 80386 MetaWare, Inc. 903 Pacific Ave., Suite 201 Santa Cruz, CA 95060 (408) 429-6382 Inquiry 969.

Hyper-C.....\$100 Mac Spectra Micro Development P.O. Box 41795 Tucson, AZ 85717 (602) 884-7402 Inquiry 970.

Let's C/csd ...... \$75 PC and PS/2 compatible Mark Williams Co. 1430 West Wrightwood Chicago, IL 60614 (800) 692-1700; in Illinois, (312) 472-6659 Inquiry 973.

Lightspeed C .....\$175 Mac Think Technologies, Inc. 135 South Rd. Bedford, MA 01730 (617) 275-4800 Inquiry 974. Living C Plus....... \$199.95 PC, AT, XT, and PS/2 compatible Living Software, Inc. P.O. Box 1188 Framingham, MA 01701 (617) 881-6343 Inquiry 975.

ø

#### Mac-to-IIGS C Compiler .....\$500

Apple IIGS Megamax C ...... \$199.95 Mac Megamax, Inc. P.O. Box 851521 Richardson, TX 75085 (214) 987-4931 Inquiry 978.

#### Microsoft C (includes

Mix C Compiler ......\$19.95 PC compatible Mix C Works .......\$39.95 PC compatible Mix Software 2116 East Arapaho, Suite 363 Richardson, TX 75081 (214) 783-6001 Inquiry 980. MPW C.....\$150 Mac Apple Programmers and Developers Association 290 Southwest 43rd St. Renton, WA 98055 (206) 251-6548 Inquiry 981.

NDP C-386 ......\$595 PC and 80386 compatible; MS-DOS and Unix MicroWay, Inc. P.O. Box 79 Kingston, MA 02364 (617) 746-7341 Inquiry 982.

#### **Objective-C (per user) ...\$495** *PC/MS-DOS* The Stepstone Corp. 75 Gien Rd. Sandy Hook, CT 06482 (203) 426-1875 **Inquiry 983.**

Optimum-C.....\$139 PC compatible Datalight 17505 68th Ave. NE, Suite 304 Bothell, WA 98011 (206) 367-1803 Inquiry 950.

#### QC88 C Compiler ...... \$90

PC compatible The Austin Code Works 11100 Leaf wood Lane Austin, TX 78750 (512) 258-0785 Inquiry 949.

#### Sierra C (68000 cross

compiler)......\$2000 AT compatible Sierra Systems 6728 Evergreen Ave. Oakland, CA 94611 (415) 339-8200 Inquiry 984.

Small-C PC compatible A variety of shareware and public domain versions are available. Inquiry 985. Turbo C ......\$99.95 PC, XT, AT, and compatibles Borland International, Inc. 4585 Scotts Valley Dr. Scotts Valley, CA 95066 (408) 438-8400 Inquiry 987.

Watcom Express C ......\$125 Introductory offer......\$75 PC compatible Watcom C (includes Watcom Express C) .....\$495 Introductory offer .....\$295 PC compatible Watcom 415 Phillip St. Waterloo, Ontario Canada N2L 3X2 (519) 886-3700 (800) 265-4555 (U.S. and Canada) Inquiry 988.

# NATURAL LANGUAGE INTERFACE



#### THE COMPUTER CHRONICLES MAKES KEEPING UP WITH THE INFORMATION AGE EASY

Stewart Cheifet and Gary Kildall are your co-hosts for a weekly half-hour television program aimed at computer users, owners, educators and computer industry professionals If you're looking for help in finding out what's new and what's news, tune in to THE COMPUTER CHRONICLES every week on your local public television station.

Regular commentators are Jan Lewis, President of Lewis Research Corporation and publisher/editor of



JAN LEWIS



GEORGE MORROW

The Computer Chronicles is funded in part by McGraw-Hill's **BVIE** magazine. The Computer Chronicles is a co-production of WITF/ Harrisburg and KCSM/San Mateo.

HyperAge magazine, and George Morrow, founder of Morrow Designs.

Topics this season include: CD ROMS — Shareware — Multitasking — Business Graphics — Investment Software — PC Imaging — PC Networks — Decision Support Software — Laser Printers — Hypercard — Input Devices — and MUCH MORE.

Each week THE COMPUTER CHRONICLES looks at the top stories of the week in Random Access, a news segment designed to keep you informed about the latest developments in the computer industry.

THE COMPUTER CHRONICLES, a weekly halfhour of public television that just might be the help you need.

#### THE COMPUTER CHRONICLES IS NOW ON BIX

Bix, the Byte Information Exchange, now has a conference for the Computer Chronicles.

Now you can communicate directly with the staff of the Computer Chronicles to suggest topics for future shows or to request information or details on past shows.

Once on Bix, just type "join comp.chron" at the colon (:) prompt.

# MAKING THE MOVE TO OS/2

Top programmers from Borland, Norton, and Lotus talk about converting a database, TSR, and spreadsheet from MS-DOS to OS/2



ith all the talk about OS/2—its multitasking features, the heritage it brings from MS-DOS, the problems it leaves behind, complaints that it costs too much or takes up too much memory the question foremost in the minds of most per-

sonal computer users is: Should I bother? Granted, OS/2 has some powerful features, but how many programs will actually run under it, and how many of those will take full advantage of its capabilities? If only a few programs run under OS/2, or if they run only in the DOS-compatibility box, why not just stick with MS-DOS?

Whether or not a critical mass of OS/2 programs becomes available depends on two things: how hard it is to write new OS/2 programs, and how hard it is to port established MS-DOS programs to OS/2. Given the time it takes to develop an application program, we can expect that the first OS/2 programs will be updates of MS-DOS programs.

So, how hard is it to port a program from MS-DOS to OS/2? To find out, we asked top programmers from Borland, Norton Computing, and Lotus Development to tell us about their experiences in converting a popular program to run under OS/2. Their thoughts should be valuable if you're considering upgrading to OS/2—and wondering whether the number of available programs will justify the cost and effort—or if you're thinking about porting your own programs to OS/2.



#### Robert E. Shostak

Y ou might expect that with its gaggle of new features, including multitasking and interprocess communication, porting a DOS program to OS/2 might be a big job. Indeed, if you plan to take advantage of these new features, a port could involve significant redesign and implementation work. On the other hand, if you don't need fancy multitasking capabilities and your program has minimal direct interface to the operating system or BIOS, you might only need to recompile and relink your source code.

Paradox is a high-end relational database management system. It is quite a large and elaborate program, so we ended up dealing with many of the issues that would arise in porting other applications.

These issues fall into two categories: external and internal. External issues arise by virtue of new or different features in OS/2 that are apparent to the user. Internal issues, by contrast, are implementation concerns that have no bearing on functionality or performance and are therefore transparent to the user of the program.

#### External Issues

The more interesting considerations in porting to OS/2 have to do with taking advantage of its new functions, such as multitasking. These are the ones that users will notice; they're also the ones most likely to vary from application to application.

In the case of Paradox, we wanted a user to be able to run multiple copies (called *instances* in OS/2 parlance) of the program simultaneously. In fact, we wanted to make it possible for these instances to access the same tables simultaneously. For example, a user should be able to query a table at the same time that the program is printing a report for that table in the background.

OS/2's session manager automatically handles scheduling among multiple instances of a program(s). It does not, however, automatically manage concurrent access to data. But since Paradox 2.0 was written as a multiuser (i.e., networked) application, it already had the built-in mechanisms needed to synchronize multiuser access to tables. We had only to adapt these mechanisms so that multiple sessions would be treated in the same way as multiple users.

continued

The most difficult technical problem we needed to resolve to obtain this effect involves Paradox's "private directory" machinery. In a multiuser configuration of Paradox, each user designates a certain directory as his private directory. It stores temporary tables (such as the Answer table) that other users cannot access. It is essential that no two users specify the same private directory, and, in fact, this directory is usually chosen to reside on each user's local hard disk.

A n OS/2 program must be better behaved than a DOS program.

In order to handle multiple sessions in addition to multiple users, we needed to provide a unique private directory for each session. To obtain maximum transparency to the user, we opted to use a mechanism that would automatically create a new subdirectory for each session a user initiates. The mechanism depends on OS/2's support of global shared memory, allowing different program instances to communicate with one another.

Other external issues we needed to deal with had to do with sharing memory and CPU resources among OS/2 tasks. Under DOS, applications (other than terminate-and-stay-resident [TSR] programs) typically grab all the memory when they're loaded. Applications also assume, of course, that they have exclusive use of the CPU. Under OS/2 and other multitasking or multiuser operating systems, programs must be better behaved. In particular, they must be careful to allocate only as much memory from the operating system as they actually need. They must also be written in a way that does not tie up the CPU unnecessarily; for example, a tight keyboard-check loop could needlessly hog the CPU. Under OS/2, you need to give control back to the operating system periodically so it can dispatch other tasks while your task is waiting for input.

#### Internal Issues

The most obvious difference between programs written for OS/2 and those written for DOS is the way programs make calls to the operating system. In DOS, an operating system call is made by loading up some registers with arguments to the call, then issuing INT 21h (hexadecimal). In OS/2, programmers must replace these INT 21h calls with calls to a set of named routines known as the OS/2 Application Programming Interface (API). You can think of the API as a function library of the kind normally provided with languages such as C and Pascal. The main difference is that references to functions in the API are resolved not at program-link time, but at load time, using OS/2's dynamic-linking capability. Arguments pass to the API routines on the stack, just as with high-level languages.

Most DOS function calls have an exact correspondent in the API, though the arguments or error-handling conventions may be somewhat different.

The API also has functions to replace the BIOS interrupts that DOS applications typically call. Owing to its multitasking capabilities, OS/2 needs much more control over devices such as the screen and keyboard than does DOS, so tasks don't interfere with each other. Indeed, these devices and the mouse are treated as first-class system devices. With OS/2, gone are the days when you could write directly to screen memory at B800. Of course, this is a benefit rather than a restriction, because it resolves the compatibility issues associated with BIOS-level primitives and provides greater device independence.

Be aware that OS/2 programs use Pascal calling conventions to call API functions, with the consequence that the arguments are popped off the stack by the API function itself, not by the caller. Many C compilers use the "caller pops" convention as the default, which means you might need to use a compiler option to get the right effect. You should also make sure your compiler does not truncate the names of external references to eight characters, since many of the API functions have longer names.

If, like Paradox, your program is written at least partly in assembly language, you need to be aware of a number of other minor internal issues. Assembly language for OS/2 needs to be written more carefully than for DOS in a number of respects. First, OS/2 requires that every segment be given a class name of either CODE, DATA, or STACK; in DOS, on the other hand, class names are largely unimportant.

Another restriction is that segments in class CODE cannot contain self-modifying code. The reason is that OS/2 permits code segments to be shared among different instances of the same program, or even different programs. If the first instance of an already-loaded program changes its code, the second instance (which will be a copy of the instance already residing in memory) would not be a true copy of the original code.

A further constraint is that segment registers cannot be used as general-purpose scratch registers for 16-bit quantities, as they can under DOS. Since OS/2 programs run in protected mode, you can load the segment registers only with valid memory handles, called *selectors*. If you load a segment register with an arbitrary 16-bit datum, you are likely to trigger a protection violation.

Still another internal issue we came across in porting Paradox is the difference in how the system handles the Control-Break key combination. Under DOS, applications that detect Control-Break typically trap interrupt 1Bh, which is triggered by the BIOS when that key combination is pressed. Under OS/2, a Control-Break key press generates a *signal*. Signals are asynchronous event notifications, much like software interrupts, which an application can trap using the DosSetSigHandler API primitive. OS/2 will also generate signals when the user presses Control-C or when a process is terminated.

#### **Better Than Expected**

As you can see, our port required the consideration of many technical issues, though most of them were fairly minor in scope. The process was greatly facilitated by the protection features of OS/2, which make debugging C code much easier. Since references to invalid memory addresses are caught instantly by the operating system, bugs manifest themselves in OS/2 much sooner than they do in DOS.

Upon completing the job, we were delighted to discover that the resulting product—Paradox for OS/2—performed even better than we expected. Not only does it offer true multitasking, but it also runs faster than the DOS version, owing to OS/2's support for large amounts of physical and virtual memory.

Robert E. Shostak, formerly chief scientist for Borland International, is the cofounder of a new company, Mira Technology. He is the co-creator of the popular Paradox database management system, and cofounder of the product's parent company, Ansa, a subsidiary of Borland. He can be reached on BIX as "editors." continued

# **SPECIAL TURBO SALE**

#### Get \$5.00 Off Every Turbo Pascal<sup>\*</sup>4 Book Get \$3.00 Off Every Turbo C<sup>\*</sup>& Turbo Basic<sup>\*</sup> Book









#### by Herbert Schildt

For all C programmers, beginners to pros, this excellent guide helps you write Turbo C programs that get professional results.

Borland-Osborne/McGraw-Hill Programming Series \$16.95

#### Advanced Turbo C\*

#### by Herbert Schildt

Unveils Turbo C power programming techniques to serious programmers. Covers Turbo Pascal conversion to Turbo C and Turbo C graphics.

Steven Paperback, ISBN: 0-07-881280-1, 397 pp., 7% x 91/4 Borland-Osbarne/McGraw-Hill Programming Series

#### Turbo C\*: THE COMPLETE REFERENCE

#### By Herbert Schildt

Covers Version 1.5

Programmers at every level of Turbo C expertise can quickly locate information on Turbo C functions, commands, codes, and applications — all in this handy encyclopedia.

Shing Paperback, ISBN: 0-07-881346-8, 850 pp., 7% x 9¼ Borland-Osburne-McGraw-Hill Programming Series \$21,95



#### Turbo Pascal® THE COMPLETE REFERENCE

Covers Version 4 by Stephen O'Brien The first single resource that lists every Turbo Pascal command, function, and feature, all illustrated in short examples and applications. Ideal for every Turbo Pascal programmer.

Borland-Osborne/McGraw-Hill Programming Series

### For A Limited Time Only







#### Using Turbo Pascal® VERSION 4

#### by Steve Wood

Build the skills you need to become a productive Turbo Pascal 4 programmer. Covers beginning concepts to full-scale applications.

Stears Paperback, ISBN: 0-07-881356-5, 546 pp., 7% x 91/4 Borland-Osborne/McGraw-Hill Programming Series

#### \$14.95

#### Advanced Turbo Pascal® VERSION 4

#### by Herbert Schildt

The power of Turbo Pascal 4 will be at your fingertips when you learn the top-performance techniques from expert Herb Schildt.

Soland-Osborne/McGraw-Hill Programming Series

#### \$16.95

#### Turbo Pascal®

#### PROGRAMMER'S LIBRARY, SECOND EDITION

#### by Kris Jamsa and Steven Nameroft

Take full advantage of Turbo Pascal, and the newest versions of Turbo Pascal, with this outstanding collection of programming routines. Includes routines for the Turbo Pascal toolboxes. Paperback, ISBN: 0-07-881368-9, 600 pp., 7% x 9% Borland-Osborne/McGraw-Hill Programming Series

\$17.95



#### Using Turbo Basic®

by Frederick E. Mosher and David I. Schneider

Introduces Turbo Basic to novices and seasoned pros alike. Learn about the Turbo Basic operating environment and the interactive editor.

**1945** Paperback, **ISBN: 0-07-881282-8**, 457 pp., 7% x 9¼

Borland-Osborne/McGraw-Hill Programming Series

\$16.95

ORDER TODAY! CALL TOLL-FREE 800-227-0900 Use Your Visa, MasterCard, or American Express

Osborne McGraw-Hill 2600 Tenth Street Berkeley, California 94710

Circle 166 on Reader Service Card

Turbo Basic, Turbo C, and Turbo Pascal are registered trademarks of Borland International. Copyright © 1988 McGraw-Hill, Inc.



#### GUIDES TO PORTING, PORTING GUIDES

John Socha and Linda Dudinyak

O ur first impressions of OS/2 weren't exactly positive. After all, here was an operating system whose manuals filled 2 feet of shelf space, compared with the single manual for MS-DOS 2.0. We weren't thrilled at having to master such a complex operating system. But once we cracked the manuals, we changed our minds.

Our task was to convert the Norton On-Line Programmer's Guides—a pop-up reference program for programmers—from a TSR program running under MS-DOS to a protected-mode OS/2 program that could run concurrently with other programs. TSR programs like the Norton Guides are often difficult to write under DOS. But not under OS/2.

#### TSRs under OS/2

OS/2 handles most of the hard work of writing a pop-up program under OS/2, making such programs almost a joy to write. There are three main areas where OS/2 proves quite helpful: monitoring the keyboard for the hot key, saving the current screen contents, and switching screen modes. Since MS-DOS is not a multitasking operating system, TSR programs for MS-DOS need extra code to switch screen modes and to determine when the programs can make DOS calls. Both problems vanish entirely under OS/2 because they're handled by the operating system, which leaves only the issue of how to monitor the keyboard.

Under OS/2, this function is supported by *device monitors*, which allow programs to monitor raw keystrokes before they're passed on to the keyboard services. Any program that registers itself as a device monitor can monitor the keyboard buffer (looking for a hot key), change key sequences, or add key sequences (which is useful for macro programs). The Norton Guides monitors the buffer looking for Shift-F1 and pops up on the screen as soon as it sees this key combination.

Writing the device monitor for a single screen group was easy. What we wanted, however, was to register the Norton Guides as a global device monitor, which can monitor keystrokes in all screen groups. In this way the Guides could pop up in any screen group, not just the screen group from which Guides was installed. We discovered several interesting things about screen groups in the process.

#### Now Appearing on Multiple Screens

OS/2 has 16 independent screen groups; this allows multiple programs to run at the same time, each with its own virtual screen. Strictly speaking, a screen group refers to all the threads that are attached to a given virtual screen. The physical screen (the monitor) displays only one virtual screen and can be switched between the different screen groups at will. So far, so good.

What isn't obvious is that the first four screen groups (0 through 3) are reserved for use by OS/2: 1 is unknown, 2 is for the session manager, 3 is for the DOS-compatibility box, and 4 is for detached processes. Registering a device monitor with all these screen groups can cause OS/2 to lock up. Only screen groups 4 through 15 are available for OS/2 programs.

As it turns out, we were able to register our device monitor with screen group 1 without any ill effects; the Guides popped up over the session manager. But registering with screen groups 2 or 3 caused OS/2 to lock up. Registering with screen group 0 caused no visible problems, but we still weren't able to determine what it's for. In the end, we decided to register the Guides with only screen groups 4 through 12. This allows you to run the Guides as a pop-up on top of an application in any of those windows.

#### **A Problem with Threads**

Another sticky issue had to do with the thread priorities. The Norton Guides starts a separate thread for each of the 12 screen groups it monitors. Each thread goes through a very tight loop that reads one character (from its screen group), checks to see if it's the hot key (in which case it calls pop\_up\_ng), and writes the character to the next keyboard monitor in the chain (or Kbd-CharIn and KbdPeek if there are no more monitors).

We had a problem, however. When we typed characters on the keyboard, they appeared very slowly on the screen. We soon found that the individual threads didn't have high enough priorities. For some reason, the 12 threads weren't receiving enough of the system time to be able to pass on keystrokes efficiently.

Our first thought was to increase the priority on each of the 12 threads we created to *time-critical*. We suspected that increasing each thread's priority shouldn't slow down the system, since each thread would receive CPU time only when a new keystroke became available. We tried this method, and it seemed to work—that is, until we ran a program that used the mouse.

Programs that use the mouse can't afford to sit around until KbdCharIn returns a keystroke, since they must also constantly poll the mouse. As a result, they must loop until either there is a mouse event, or there is a keystroke waiting in the buffer. This looping consumes more CPU time than a program that simply waits until KbdCharIn returns a keystroke. This means that less CPU time is left over for background tasks. We didn't understand why this should cause a problem; having set the priority of our 12 threads to time-critical, we assumed that our threads would receive time when—and only when—new keystrokes became available. But for some reason, this wasn't the case for programs that used the mouse.

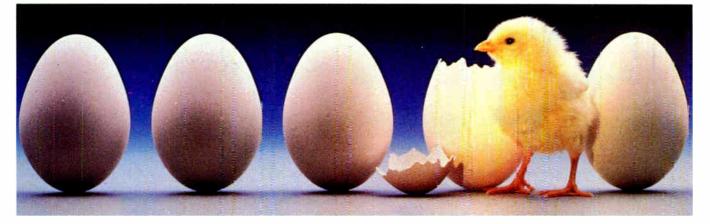
Thanks to Microsoft's technical support, we finally found a solution that seems to work in all cases: We set the priority on the main thread (thread 1), rather than the individual threads, to time-critical. This in turn set all the child threads used to monitor the 12 screen groups to time-critical as well. We still don't understand why the other method didn't work and this method does, though it almost certainly has to do with the algorithms used in the OS/2 scheduler, which Microsoft has not made public.

#### **Optimizing Screen Performance**

The other area that required some attention was optimizing screen performance. Most programs in the DOS world write directly to the screen to obtain fast screen updates because both the DOS and ROM BIOS calls for writing to the screen are very slow. OS/2, on the other hand, provides a number of different procedures for writing to the screen that are fairly fast—as long as you follow a few basic rules. These procedures include writing to the physical screen (which is possible, but discouraged), writing to a logical screen, and using the VioWrtxxx calls.

We first considered writing directly to the physical screen, since our code was fine-tuned for writing directly to screen memory, but we quickly abandoned this idea since OS/2 continued

## TRY THE NEW GENERATION FOR \$30



#### **KNOWLEDGEPRO**

KnowledgePro uses Topics to store "Chunks of knowledge." Topics can contain data, hypertext, procedures, calculations, rules, lists and pictures. Using a dozen simple commands, non-programmers can use topics to explain complex procedures, rules or recommendations. Using the other 100 plus commands, professional programmers can create sophisticated expert system tools and applications quickly and easily.

#### HYPERTEXT

Hypertext can be a powerful tool for organizing text, graphics and data, but without an underlying structure the user becomes lost in a maze of information. KnowledgePro adds structure, control and intelligence to create an exciting new teaching medium.

## Once you've used KnowledgePro you'll never go back to your shell!

#### Q. Who's using it?

**A.** Engineers, Educators, Lawyers, Scientists, Managers, Authors, Bankers, Software Developers, Expert System Developers, Computer VARs and VADs, Trainers, Consultants, Experts in Agriculture, Manufacturing, Insurance, Petroleum, Government and many many more.

#### Q. What are they doing with it?

**A.** Intelligent tutorials, smart manuals, procedure guides, rule books, computer aided instruction, sales and promotion, data analysis, non-linear documents, text analysis, diagnostics, software front-ends, expert systems, training and education, hypertext authoring, case studies, insurance claim determination, investment analysis, intelligent forms there seems to be no limit to the diversity of applications.

#### Q. What can I do with the demo system?

**A.** The KnowledgePro demonstration system comes with a 100 page manual and lots of examples to get you started. You can create and save small working knowledge bases. The only commands that you can't use are those for handling external files or chaining knowledge bases. We even credit your \$30 toward the cost of the full system.

#### Q. How much is the full development system?

**A.** KnowledgePro costs \$495 and there are no run-time charges, so you don't have to pay more when you distribute your applications. The Database Toolkit (for access to dBASE and Lotus 123 files) costs \$49 and the Graphics Toolkit (for access to PC Paintbrush pictures) costs \$89. Our KnowledgeMaker induction system (for creating rules from data) costs \$99. KnowledgePro runs on IBM PC, AT and PS/2 compatible machines with 640K memory.

**TO ORDER Call 518-766-3000** (Amex, Visa, M/C accepted) or send \$30 + \$5 shipping & handling for the demo (\$38 total foreign) or \$495 + \$8 shipping & handling for the full system (\$553 total foreign) to Knowledge Garden, Inc., 473A Malden Bridge Road, Nassau, NY 12123. In NY State please add 7% sales tax.

## KnowledgePro

By Bev & Bill Thompson The first Knowledge Processor.





In association with



KnowledgePro is a registered trademark of Knowledge Garden, Inc., Lotus 123 is a registered trademark of Lotus Development Corp., dBASE is a trademark of Ashton Tate. IBM is a registered trademark of International Business Machines Inc., KnowledgeMaker is a trademark of Knowledge Garden Inc. Photo Tcherevkofi ©

doesn't allow pop-up programs (which use VioPopup) to access the physical screen.

The next option was to use the logical screen buffer, which lets you write to a screen buffer as if it were the physical screen. You then have to call VioShowBuf to display the changes you've made to the logical screen. Again, we abandoned this approach because pop-up programs are not allowed to use these calls.

In other words, pop-up programs are allowed to use only the VioWrtxxx calls to write to the screen.

As it turned out, we were able to convert our library routines over to calls to VioWrtxxx easily and quickly since, in most cases, we replaced long assembly language routines with a few C calls. Unfortunately, updating the screen display went from very fast (in the DOS version) to painfully slow. Something was wrong.

#### The Case of the Missing Cursor

The original assembly language code for the Norton Guides used a virtual cursor for writing characters and strings to the screen—the system kept track of where the virtual cursor was last positioned, and it recalled this offset from the screen buffer when placing new characters on the screen. This let us write one character at a time almost as quickly as writing a string.

OS/2, on the other hand, has no virtual cursor for writing. Instead, whenever you want to write a character or string to the screen, you have to pass the row and column where you want to start writing on the screen. So when we converted our assembly language routines in the Guides over to OS/2 calls, we often asked OS/2 to write a single character at a time. Each time we asked it to do that, it had to calculate the offset in the screen buffer from the row and column values. This calculation takes time, which accounted for the slow screen updating in our initial conversion of the Guides.

The solution was to write an entire line (or at least large chunks of a line) at a time, rather than a single character at a time. Once we rewrote several routines to buffer their output for transfer in large chunks, screen performance increased to the point where the OS/2 version of the Guides was nearly as fast as the DOS version.

#### **Helping Ourselves**

We were delighted with the ease of converting the Norton Guides from a TSR program running under MS-DOS into an OS/2 protected-mode pop-up program. The conversion was much smoother and quicker than we could have hoped for; it took a total of about 2 months from first opening the OS/2 box until we shipped the OS/2 version of the Norton Guides.

Thanks to OS/2's DOS-compatibility box, we were able to use the Norton Guides itself to help us convert the Guides to OS/2. As we were starting the conversion, we had a 900K-byte Guides database to the OS/2 API that was nearing completion. The database has a DOS-to-OS/2 equivalency chart that helped us learn OS/2 and convert the Guides software. To access the database, we ran the original version of the Guides in OS/2's DOS-compatibility box. The database is cross-referenced electronically, and we found using it to be faster than looking things up in the manual.

John Socha is director of R&D at Peter Norton Computing and creator of the Norton Commander and the Norton Guides software. He is also coauthor of Peter Norton's Assembly Language Book. Linda Dudinyak, a programmer with Norton Computing, converted the Norton Guides into an OS/2 program. Before joining Norton Computing, she worked at Lotus Development on Lotus Metro. They can be reached on BIX as "editors."

## 1-2-3 FOR OS/2

#### David P. Reed

In developing 1-2-3 Release 3 for OS/2, the development team at Lotus learned a number of useful things about programming for OS/2 that would benefit anyone about to embark on a serious OS/2 programming project. One of our objectives for 1-2-3 Release 3 was that it be the ultimate Family API application—with common, compatible code for both DOS and OS/2 versions, down to the binary level—without being limited by the functions available in the Family API. Other objectives, such as high quality, performance, and portability, made the picture more complex.

Realizing these objectives required, first, that we go beyond the standard Family API by emulating OS/2 functions in DOS to enhance the Family API and bring it closer to OS/2's functionality; second, that we get directly at the graphics functions of the EGA, VGA, and other special devices; and finally, that we use OS/2's dynamic-link library (DLL) facility for configurability.

#### The Family Way

The Family API, a subset of the OS/2 system API, is designed to allow construction of applications that run equally well in DOS (versions 2.0 and higher) and OS/2. The Family API subset lets you do nearly anything you would have done in MS-DOS and BIOS calls.

One advantage this facility provides to the designer is that programs that stick to the Family API can be linked and bound into "dual-mode executable" files that can run either in MS-DOS or in OS/2. The BIND utility combines the OS/2 program with a special stub loader that takes over at program start-up in MS-DOS, replacing the calls to OS/2 system routines with stubs that emulate those calls with their MS-DOS equivalents. An additional advantage is that each system loads only those portions of the bound executable file that are of interest to that particular system.

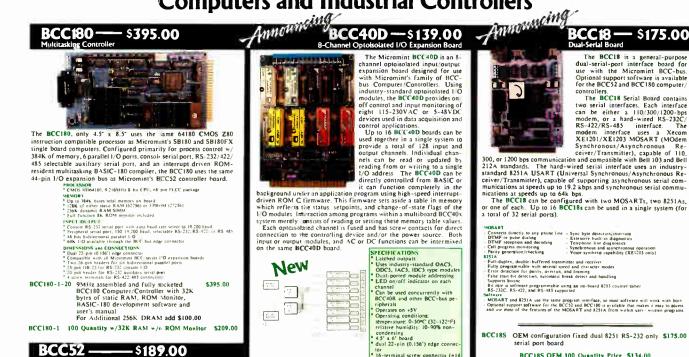
These dual-mode programs are great for those little (and not so little) utilities, such as installation programs and file utilities, that you don't want to maintain separately on each operating system.

But there's more value to this mechanism than might be obvious right away. For example, suppose you want to write a program that behaves well in DOS but, when running in OS/2, uses some of the new features of OS/2, such as starting up a program as a background task, loading a DLL, or changing the size of memory segments. You can still tell whether these features are available at run time by using the DosGetMachineMode call (included in the Family API subset), which returns a 0 if you are running under DOS, and a 1 if under OS/2.

Or, you can extend the Family API. Imagine a typical OS/2 call (say, DosSetMeUpAndKnockMeDown) that wasn't included in the Family API subset. You can add new routines to the library of emulators that are substituted by OS/2. All you need to do is write your own DosSetMeUpAndKnockMeDown call that works in DOS and add it to a library that you bind in with your program. When you run the program in OS/2, it will call the OS/2 version, and when you run in DOS, it will call the substitute version.

In 1-2-3 Release 3, we built our own simple multitasking system that is implemented in OS/2 by using threads (which are not in the Family API), and in DOS by hooking various BIOS intercontinued

### **MICROMINT'S** Gold Standard in Single Board **Computers and Industrial Controllers**



BASIC-52 Computer/Controller

BASIC-52 Computer/Controller The BCC53 Computer/Controller is Micromini's hottest selling standalone single board microcomputer. Its cost-effective architecture needs only a power supply and terminal to become a complete development or end-use system, programmable in BASIC or machine language. The BCC52 uses Micromini's new 80C52-BASIC CMOS microprocessor which contains a ROM resident 8K byte floating point BASIC-52 interpreter. The BCC52 contains sockets for up to 48K bytes of RAM/EPROM ano-"intelligent" 2764/128 EPROM pro-grammer, 3 parallel ports, a serial terminal port with auto baud rate se-lection, a serial printer port, and it is bus compatible with the full line of BCC-bus expansion boards. The BCC52 bridges the gap between ex-metaria lenter excellers and

BCC-Dus expansion boards. The BCC-Dus deges the gap between ex-pensive programmable controllers and hard-to-justify price sensitive control applications. BASIC: 62's full floating point BASIC is fast and efficient enough for the most complicated tasks, while its cost effective degin allows it to be considered for many new areas of implementation. It can be used both for development and end-use ap-elections plications

Since the BASIC-52 is bus oriented, it supports the following Micromint expansion boards in any of Micromint's card cages with optional power supplies:

optional particular	
BCC22 Smart terminal board	BCC40R 8-Channel relay output
ADP500 User vocabulary, digitized	board
speech board	BCC53 Memory and 6 port I/O
BCC25 LCD display board	expansion board
BCC33 3 port I/O expansion board	BCC13 8-bit and BCC30 12-bit
BCC40D 8-Channel optoisolated	A/D converter boards
1/O expansion board	BCC18 Dual channel serial I/O boatd

BASIC 52 Controller Board 5 "52 PAK" Starter System includes: BCC52,ROM A&B UTIL.,CC01,MB08,UPS10 \$189.00 \$449.00 BCC52 BCC-SYST.5 BCC52 OEM 100 Quantity Price -- \$149.00

BCC32C Lower power all CMOS version of the BCC52 \$199.00 NOTE: The BCC52 series is available in Industrial Temperature Range, fully tested at temperature. Prices start as low as \$294.00 in single quantities. Be sure to call for a quote on your specific Industrial OEM requirements

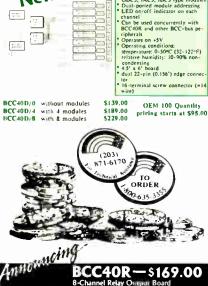


on-board Baud rates 110-9600 bps Data and address bus available for 56K memory and 1/O expansion Consumes only 1.5 watts at +5, +12, and -12V

BCC11\* BASIC System Controller \$139.00

OEM 100 Quantity Price \$89.00

\* Now Available in Industrial Temperature Range



BCC40R

8-Channel Relay Outur

The Micromunt BCC40R is an 8channel relay output expansion board designed for use with Micromint's family of BCC-bus Computer /Con-trollers. Using efficient mechanical relays, the 4CC40R provides con-tact-closure on off control of eight AC- or DC-powered devices for data somitistions and empired applications.

Act of the spokered devices for data sequisition and control applications, Up to 16 BCC-40R boards can be used together in a single system to provide a total of 128 relay output channels. The relays are controlled by channels. In relays are commonle of writing to a board-specific 1/O ad-dress. The relays on a BCC40R board can be controlled either as a set of eight relays at a single 1/O address or individual relays at eight separate 1/O address. I/O addresse



\$169.00

The addresse, The BCC40R can be directly con-trolled from BASIC or it can function completely in the background under an application program using high speed interrupt-driven ROM C firmware. This firmware sets aside a table in memory which reflects the status and sepoints of the relays. Interaction among programs within a multibard BCC40A system merely consists of reading or setting these membry table values. The right relay outputs have screw contacts for direct connection to the control ing device and/or the power source. Four of the relays have single-pole-doulle-throw (SPDT) output connections and four relays have single-pole-ting to throw (SPST) output connections.

SPECIFICATIONS	- 1 - N	
Contacts rated fcr-1/10 HP, 3A 120V resistive, cr 3A CIVDC	New	****
· Latched relay outputs		
* LED on/off aids mor on each channel * Power on/off failsafe: No arbittary		T
closures on power up/down " Can be used concerning with		1.20
BCC40D and other BCC-bus peripherals		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
<ul> <li>Operates on +12V</li> <li>Operating conditions: 0-50°C (32-122°F) relative humidity; 10-90%</li> </ul>	-	1
noncondensing 4.5" a 6" board	(s = 0) (s, c)	
* dual 22-pin (0.196) edge connector * 20-terminal scre * connector (#14 wire)	ing in the	111
BCC40R 8-Channel rela	w output board	\$169.00

World Radio History

\$174.00

8-Channel relay output board OEM 100 Quantity price

The BCC18 is a general-purpose dual-serial-port interface board for use with the Micromint BCC-bus. Optional support software is available for the BCC52 and BCC180 computer/

\$175.00

standard 8231A USAKI (Universal Synchronous/Asynchronous Re-ceiver/Transmitter), capable of supporting asynchronous serial com-munications at speeds up to 64k bps. The BCCI8 can be configured with two MOSARTs, two 8251As, or one of each. Up to 16 BCCI8s can be used in a single system (for a total of 23 area a porting).

BCC18 -

DTMF or pub DTMF recepti Call progress of Parity generalistic 1251A Full-duplet, d Fully program Error detection False start bit Supports bisyn Bit rate as soft RS-232C, RS- Saftware - MOSART and Optional support	on and decoding Telephone line dugmontes monitoring Synchronous and synchronous ion/checking Voice synthesis capability (XEL) louble-buffered framitier and receiver mable with several iped and character modes n for parity, overrun, and framing derection, automatic beak derect and handling	er er r will work with both
	EM configuration fixed dual 8251 RS-2 erial port board	32 only \$175.00
	BCC18S OEM 100 Quantity Price \$13	4.00
BCC18U-1 BCC18U-2 BCC18U-3 BCC52/18	8251/8251 Dual RS-232/485 serial 8251/1201 Modem and serial port 1201/1201 Modem /Modem board BCC52 serial port utilities softward	\$209.00 \$359.00 \$499.00 \$75.00
	-BUS n Products	
	Sin	gle Qty, Price
BCC08	Single Channel UART Serial Board	\$149.00
BCC13	8-bit, 8 Channel A/D Board	\$129.00
BCC30	12-bit, 16 Channel A. D Board	\$197.00
	25-line, 80 Character Terminal Board	\$249.00
BCC25	LCD Board (4x20) or (8x40*)	\$159.00
BCC55	Fully Decoded & Buffered Prototyping Board	\$ 79.00
BCCxx	X-10 Power Line Controller	\$ 59.00
BCC53	Multifunction Expansion Board	\$160.00
	4 Slot Mini-Motherboard	\$ 69.00
MB08	8 Slot Full Motherboard *Call for current pricing	\$ 85.00

#### REPRESENTATIVES

ACCESS TECHNOLOGIES 1408 Richmond Dr Placentia, Ca. 92670 Tel:(714) 996-3917

MICROFUTURE 41040 Cornac Terrace Fremont, Ca. 94538 Tel:(415) 657-0264

#### DISTRIBUTOR

J.B. DESIGNS & TECHNOLOGIES LTD. 15 Market Place Cirencester, Glos. GL7 2PB England

Tel: 0285-68122 Fax: 0285-68859



TEL: (203) 871-6170 TELEX: 643331 FAX : (203) 872-2204

MICROMINT INC. **4 PARK STREET** VERNON, CT. 06066





Ö

rupts. Using the Family API and dual-mode executable file tools made it a straightforward project.

#### **A Peripheral Issue?**

The wide variety of peripheral equipment, such as printers, plotters, video displays, and math coprocessors, made possible by the IBM PC's open architecture is a boon to users. However, dealing with that variety in a programming environment involves a great deal of planning. For Release 3, we decided to break the code up and have one major portion—the *core*—that would always be the same no matter what peripherals were present, and a set of replaceable parts—the *drivers*—that could be chosen by the core, depending on the environment. For example, depending on the presence or absence of a math coprocessor, the core could load a hardware-optimized or software-emulated math library.

OS/2 provides a nice tool for implementing these replaceable modules in the form of DLLs. Although OS/2 provides several different ways to use DLLs, our development team chose one that was particularly appropriate for handling the case of replaceable modules.

One form of dynamic linking allows you to use *ordinal entry* points to select the entry points of a DLL. To define the interface to a replaceable module, we assigned ordinal numbers to each of its entry points (e.g., 1=INIT, 2=TERMINATE, 3=ADD, 4=SUB, and so on). Then each version of a replaceable module received its own unique name: FLT87.DLL, FLTSOFT.DLL, and FLT1167.DLL, for example.

At start-up time, we decide which modules to use (depending on which peripherals are available) and load them. To use a particular version of the module, we initialize a table of pointers to each of the ordinal entry points of the desired module. First, we call DosLoadModule to get a module handle for the module of the right name. Then for each integer n from 1 to N, we call DosGetProcAddr to get the address of the entry point to put into the entry-point table.

Finally, to call the entry point at run time, we use the C macro facility to make the procedure look just like a regular C call:

where entrypoint[2] is the pointer to the desired floatingpoint add procedure that we obtained. The user of floating\_add(), then, never needs to know that it is a DLL.

One more key point: If a DLL must be written in C (only a few of ours were in the Microsoft Macro Assembler [MASM]), it must be compiled with special options under the Microsoft C 5 (or IBM C/2) compiler. The option /Au specifies that entry points are to load the 80286 segment register DS with the DGROUP group address belonging to the DLL itself, and that the segment register SS will not equal DS. Few of the standard C libraries can be safely called from such DLLs because of this special memory option. See the C compiler manual for further details.

#### Minimal-Fuss Graphics

Although OS/2 will eventually have the full graphics functionality available in the Presentation Manager, OS/2's initial support for graphics is limited. On the other hand, 1-2-3 has always had graphics, so we had to find a way to make graphics work under OS/2—something that is not obvious at first.

The major block to doing graphics right is that I/O operations (IN and OUT instructions) to EGAs and VGAs must be done frequently (every few instructions) in the course of drawing lines, symbols, and characters. In OS/2 protected mode, IN and OUT instructions cause an illegal instruction trap. However, you can bypass this restriction by using the linker's definition (.DEF) file facility to make one or more code segments run at the processor's I/O privilege level (IOPL).

In this situation, the required graphics code will usually be written in assembly language. Since the code cannot be debugged with a debugger and can cause the whole operating system to crash (just like a device driver), it is a good idea to keep these IOPL routines short and simple. We recommend passing arguments in registers (though you can use the stack if you specify the right information in the .DEF file). For example, a routine that does an OUT to port 3D5h of the current value of AL might be written as follows:

RISKY SEGMENT BYTE PUBLIC 'CODE'

PUBLIC OUT3D5 OUT3D5 PROC FAR MOV DX,3D5H OUT DX,AL RET OUT3D5 ENDP RISKY ENDS

The segment RISKY would be declared as an IOPL segment in the .DEF file, and the entry point OUT3D5 would be declared as IOPL as well.

With all the work done at assembly and link time, the payoff comes when OS/2 loads this program. OS/2 loads the segment RISKY so that it runs at IOPL level, and an 80286 call gate is set up for the procedure 0UT3D5. When some program calls 0UT3D5, it actually calls the call gate, which causes the processor to switch modes to the IOPL, switching to a new stack reserved for that purpose. Here, it is perfectly acceptable to execute 0UT instructions, and so forth. Then, when the RET instruction is executed, another mode switch and stack switch happens, so that you are now back at the caller's level.

One more note about saving and redrawing: If you create your own graphics, you lose OS/2's screen-group switching features and have to spawn a separate thread to handle saving and redrawing the screen. Unfortunately, such a thread is nearly impossible to debug!

#### Lots to Learn, Lots of Benefits

Fashioning 1-2-3 Release 3 so that it will run equally well under OS/2 and DOS has, thus far, been easier than we expected. OS/2 has fewer bugs than we anticipated from the initial release of a major operating system. Its documentation is also better than we thought it would be—certainly better than the first generation of MS-DOS manuals—though still lacking in its tutorial aspects.

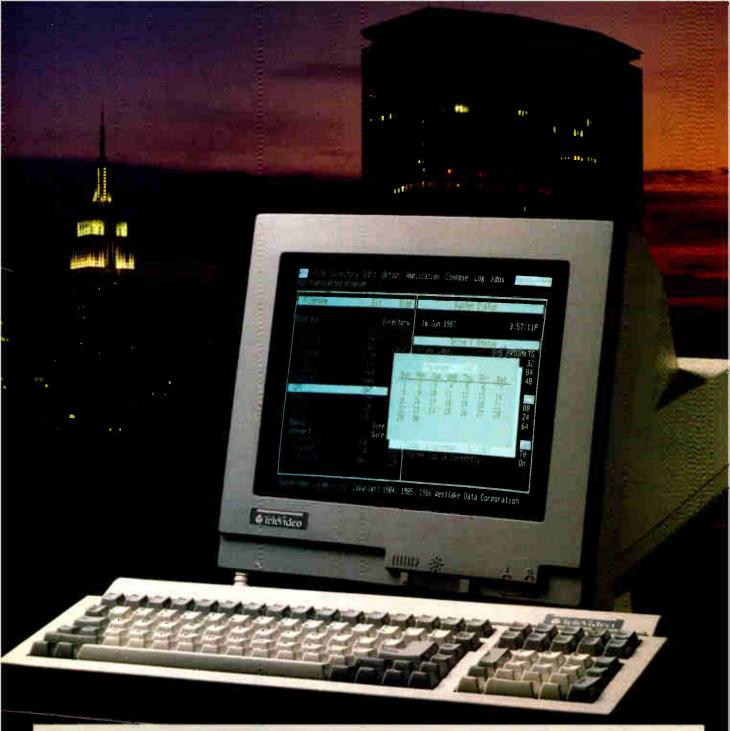
The programmer who wants to explore OS/2 will find lots to learn, discover, and invent with this new environment. OS/2 has a tremendous amount of power and flexibility that we're all only just learning to use. Over time, we'll learn even more sophisticated things to do with it, from which users and programmers alike stand to benefit.

David P. Reed, vice president for R&D with the Software Products Group at Lotus Development, heads up the team that designed the forthcoming 1-2-3 Release 3. He has an MS and a Ph.D. in computer science from MIT. Dr. Reed came to Lotus from Software Arts, the developers of the original VisiCalc spreadsheet. He can be reached on BIX as "editors."



PRO-C — CHANCELOGIC INC. XENIX and MSDOS — Microsoft Corp. QNX — Quantum Software Systems Ltd. UNIX — AT&T Bell Laboratories.

۱



## An Incredible Display Of Power And Versatility.

For just \$599,\* the new 965 gives you ASCII, ANSI and IBM\* PC compatibility in one terminal.

The new 965's versatility is unparalleled. It supports 23 terminal emulations, more than any other model in its class. You even get your choice of ASCII, ANSI or IBM Enhanced PC keyboard styles.

There's a 14" flat display in green or page-white with crisp, clear characters in a high-resolution 10x16 matrix. A 2-position keyboard with a true accounting keypad, 20 userprogrammable editing keys, and 128 programmable function keys.

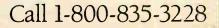
The 965 can display up to 49 data lines, enough to show large spreadsheets or two normal display pages of text at the same time. No other terminal this affordable can do that.

The 965's state-of-the-art single board design uses a 16-bit CPU and sophisticated gate array to give you a high-performance, very reliable terminal with a full one-year enduser limited warranty. The 965. A whole new look in terminals from TeleVideo. Call us toll-free or write today for more information.

TeleVideo Systems, Inc., 1170 Morse Ave., Sunnyvale, CA 94088-3568.

Circle 270 on Reader Service Card

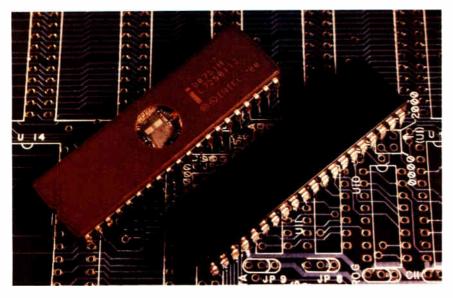




Steve Ciarcia

Part 1

## WHY MICROCONTROLLERS?



Microcontrollers are used in keyboard and disk interfaces and in numerous other devices. Here's a tutorial on the 8031/8051 microcontroller family.

Photo 1: Two versions of the Intel MCS-51 family: the 8031 ROMless microcontroller and the 8751 programmable (EPROM on-chip through the quartz window) microcontroller. one are the days when a complex project required a suitcase full of TTL ICs and a wire-wrap gun. As with most of the recent Circuit Cellar designs, under the hood there are a few carefully chosen discrete ICs controlled by a microprocessor. The trade-off is simple: Hardware is expensive and software is cheap—once you get it right.

Many of you have noticed that I have been using two popular microcontrollers from Intel—the 8031 and the 8051—as the control elements in Circuit Cellar designs. I've received many requests for general information about these microprocessors and for guidance in applying them elsewhere. With that as an incentive, I decided to present this combination tutorial/development system project.

In this first part of a two-part article, I'll introduce the members of the 8031/ 8051 chip family and describe using them as embedded microcontrollers. The second part will present all the elements of a useful development system intended to simplify the process of designing systems using the 8031/8051 family.

#### The Difference in a Name

It's important to be clear on the distinction between microcomputers, microprocessors, and microcontrollers. That way, you'll understand where the 8031/8051 family fits in the big picture.

A microprocessor is just the CPU part of a computer, without the memory, I/O, and peripherals needed for a complete system. For example, 8088 and 80286 chips are microprocessors (the "micro" prefix designates that this CPU element is at the chip level). All other chips in an IBM PC are there to add features not found within the microprocessor chip itself. The hardware designer can choose different chips to implement those features in different ways, although a designer has little room for choice if the end result is supposed to be an IBM PC clone.

When a microprocessor is combined with I/O and memory peripheral functions, the combination is called a microcomputer. Of course, vendors anxious to designate that their computer is more powerful than others often shed the "micro" prefix, but it's still a microcomputer given today's definition. Ultimately, good economic sense suggests that all computers, including minicomputers and mainframes, will utilize the same basic elements, just differentiated by quantity.

The fact that combining a CPU with memory and I/O produces a microcomputer also holds true at the chip level. Many companies add these peripheral functions onto the same substrate with the CPU to make a complete microcomputer. These devices are called singlechip microcomputers to differentiate them from their big-cousin desktop microcomputers.

Generally speaking, microcomputer chips are designed for very small computer-based devices that don't need all the functions of a full computer system. In cost-sensitive control applications, *continued*  even the few chips needed to support a CPU like an 8088 or Z80 are too many. Instead, designers often employ a singlechip microcomputer (or a slightly expanded circuit using one) to handle control-specific activities. When singlechip microcomputers are designed or used in industrial control systems, they are often called single-chip microcontrollers. Basically, there is no difference between microcomputers and microcontrollers; the name depends on how we use them.

Frequently, microcontrollers are used to replace circuit functions that ordinarily require many low-level chips or need the main CPU's attention each time the circuit is active. The IBM PC keyboardinterface circuit is a prime example of the use of a microcontroller chip. In the PC, a half dozen chips (excluding I/O addressing and decoding) are necessary to receive and decode the serial clock and data bit stream from the keyboard. In the IBM PC AT (and the CCAT I presented in September and October 1987), this low-level circuitry is replaced with an 8742 microcontroller that completely simulates the old circuit and incorporates additional features in one chip.

#### The Intel 8051 Family

The Intel 8051 is a classic microcontroller (a generation more advanced than the 8742) and a true single-chip microcomputer containing parallel I/O, counter/timers, serial I/O, RAM, and EPROM or ROM (depending on the part type). The 8051 family contains several members (Intel refers to it as the MCS-51 family), each adapted for a specific type of system.

The different versions are outlined in table 1, and a block diagram of the 8051

Table 1: Members of the 8051 microcontroller family tree.					
Device name	ROMIess version	EPROM version	ROM bytes	RAM bytes	16-bit timers
8051	8031	(8751)	4K	128	2
8051AH	8031AH	8751H	4K	128	2
8052AH	8032AH	8752BH	8K	256	3

is shown in figure 1. The 8051 has two close relatives, the 8751 and the 8031 (see photo 1), and a cousin, the 8052. All versions contain the same CPU, RAM, counter/timers, parallel ports, and serial I/O. The 8051 contains 4K bytes of ROM, which must be custom-masked when the chip is manufactured. In the 8751, the ROM is replaced with EPROM that you can program (the schematic for an 8751 programming adapter for the Circuit Cellar serial EPROM programmer presented in October 1986 is available by writing to me).

The 8031 is meant for expanded applications and uses external memory. The 8031 uses three of the four on-chip parallel ports to make a conventional address and data bus with appropriate control lines.

You might wonder why you'd choose a single-chip microcomputer in the first place if you end up converting it back to function as a CPU with other peripheral chips. Basically, it depends on the degree of expansion required. Since the 8031 still contains RAM, a parallel port, and a serial I/O port—even when functioning as the CPU core of an expanded circuit—the eventual number of chips necessary to expand the I/O or memory is still considerably less for the same ultimate capability than with a straight

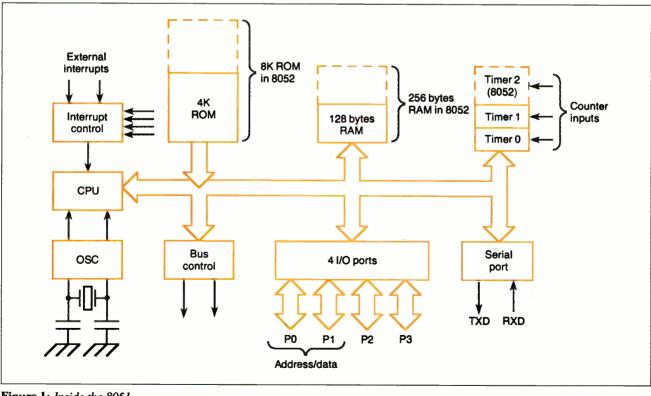


Figure 1: Inside the 8051.

microprocessor and peripheral chips. I'll go into the possible expansion techniques later.

Intel and other companies sell variations of the 8051 family with more internal memory, more I/O, lower power, and so forth. An 80C31 is a CMOS lowpower version of the 8031, for example. The 8052, which I have also used in projects, is the same as the 8051, except that it has another counter/timer and additional RAM and ROM.

Using an 8051 is as simple as hooking up the power supply and clock crystal. Unlike the 8031, however, you have to supply Intel with a program for the 8051 so it can create a chip mask defining the internal ROM. (If your program is not quite right, it's time for another mask.)

As you might expect, both mask making and chip building take time and money. (Since I did this for a recent project, I thought you might be interested in some manufacturing information. If you plan on making an 8051 microcontroller and need to mask your own chip, the onetime masking charge is about \$3000, with a minimum order of 1000 chips.) Mask programming makes sense for an application that uses thousands of identical 8051s a year, but it is not practical for low-volume systems and prototypes.

The 8751 has all the features of the 8051, except that an on-chip EPROM replaces the ROM program storage. Making a program change is as simple as erasing the EPROM with ultraviolet light and burning another program. Many developers use 8751s until the code works, then commit to a large 8051 order with the program in ROM. If the product volume is low enough, it's often worthwhile to use 8751s in the final product. An 8051 costs about \$4 to \$5 apiece in thousands; an 8751 is about \$25 to \$40.

The 8031 has no on-chip program storage at all. The system must include an external EPROM and an address latch. Considering the falling prices of EPROMs and the heavy costs of using either 8051s or 8751s in low volumes, the 8031 is a viable alternative despite the additional chips. For many small systems, the 8031/EPROM combination is far more cost-effective than an 8051. (This is the type of system I'll describe in my examples.)

As I mentioned before, all members of the 8051 family have the same core hardware and therefore use the same core instruction set. While some members have one or two additional instructions for features unique to the particular chip, I'll use the term "8051" to describe the "8051 chip family," unless I'm talking about a specific version with unique requirements.

#### Making It Real

With all that in mind, let's look at configuring a usable "computer/controller" using an 8031 microcontroller chip as part of the system. Remember that in a single-chip microcontroller, internal hardware replaces all the digital logic you'd normally add for control, timing, and so forth. You need add only the keyboard, display, relays, switches, and user-specific I/O that actually makes up the final product.

Figure 2a shows the bare-bones 8031 microcontroller system: the 8031, a 2764 EPROM to hold 8K bytes of program, and a 74LS373 latch to demultiplex the address/data bus. The system has 128 bytes of RAM on the 8031, a bidirectional parallel I/O port, a bidirectional serial port, two counter/timers, and two external interrupt inputs. With a 12-MHz crystal (most often, we select 11.0592 MHz for communications rate compatibility), it executes most instructions in one machine cycle—a peak rate of 1 million instructions per second. Not bad for three chips, is it?

A single I/O port can scan a 16-key matrix. With an additional output bit, it can drive a 2-line by 20-character smart liquid crystal display at the same time. The remaining I/O bits can handle triacs or power field-effect transistors for AC or DC control. Burn a program into the EPROM, and you have a real-time power controller. Run the serial port through a MAX232 RS-232C level converter, and you have a standard serial port for remote control or status monitoring at your master computer.

If you don't need the serial port, counter/timers, and external interrupts, the 8031 can use those special bits as a second parallel I/O port, so the minimum system can have up to 16 I/O bits. Each bit can be tested, set, and cleared individually under program control.

If one or two parallel I/O ports aren't enough for your application, figure 2b (an expansion of figure 2a) shows what's needed to get three more: Add a single 8255 programmable peripheral interface. The 8255's port C can be set up for automatic handshaking, so now you have the basis for a serial-to-parallel (and back) format converter or 24 more I/O bits for a bigger controller. Notice that no "glue" chips are needed between the 8031 and the 8255.

Because the 8255 uses the RD\ and WR\ bits, the second I/O port isn't completely free. The 6 remaining bits can

still handle either general I/O or their individual special functions, though.

If your application requires more than 128 bytes of RAM, figure 2c (figure 2a expanded to include 2b and 2c) shows how to get 8K bytes of RAM by adding a 6264 static RAM chip. Now you can build a fancy buffering format converter, a data logger, or a serial-programmable power controller. A 62256 RAM would give 32K bytes with no more effort, still with no glue chips!

Finally, for those of you who need lots of RAM and I/O, figure 2d (figure 2a expanded to include the circuitry of 2b, 2c, and 2d) shows how to connect multiple I/O chips. The 74LS138 decoder generates chip select signals from the 8031's output addresses, with each select covering an 8K-byte range. The system shown has 16K bytes of RAM and seven bidirectional I/O ports. Pretty nice for seven chips.

The point of all this is that the "computer" part of your control system need not require elaborate hardware. For a unit of any reasonable size, you'll spend most of your hardware design time on the I/O devices rather than on the 8031 circuits, which is exactly as it should be.

Perhaps now you understand why I have been using the 8031 frequently. The main benefit of a microcontroller is the ease of adding new features to your system, just by changing the program, not changing the circuit-board connections. A new EPROM can give the hardware a completely new personality. Try doing that by rewiring a board of TTL control logic!

#### The Software Swamp

Every microprocessor has an instruction set exhibiting the conflict between all the instructions that could possibly be useful and the few that fit on the chip. The 8051 has many bit-manipulation instructions and few general instructions, reflecting its design as a controller rather than as a computer.

Most 8051 instructions are 1 or 2 bytes long, with the remainder requiring 3 bytes. All instructions except MUL and DIV execute in one or two instruction cycles. An instruction cycle is 1 microsecond ( $\mu$ s) at a 12-MHz clock rate. MUL and DIV lag along at 4  $\mu$ s.

If you've written assembly language programs for any other microprocessor, you'll find some of the same instructions in the 8051's code. To understand the 8051's instructions, you must be familiar with the three main address spaces defined on the chip: 64K bytes of procontinued

HANDS ON

CIARCIA'S CIRCUIT CELLAR

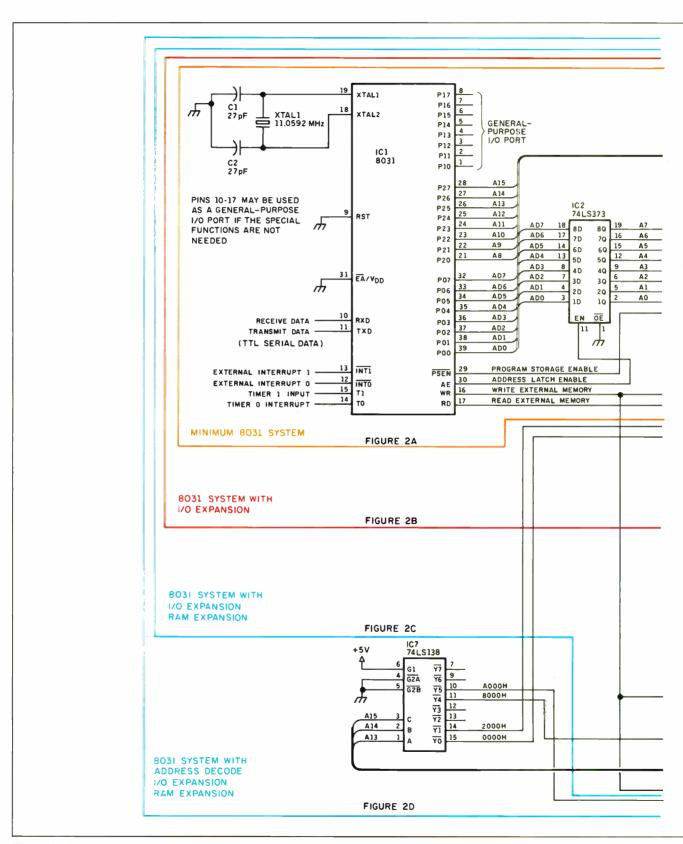
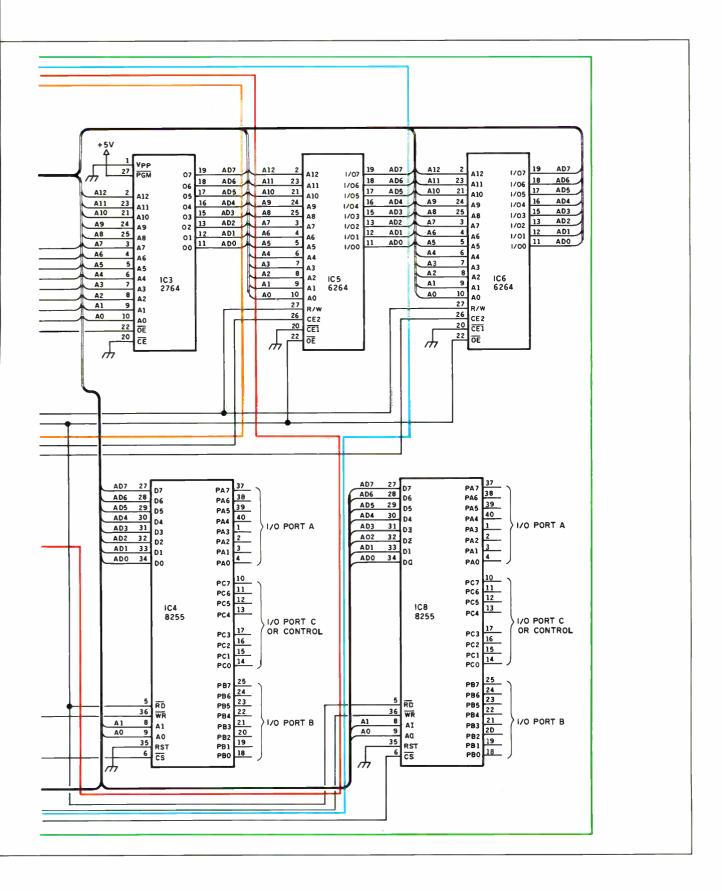


Figure 2: Growing an 8031 system. (a) A minimum configuration, (b) minimum system with I/O expansion, (c) system with I/O and RAM expansion, and (d) system with address decode logic and even more RAM and I/O.

1





World Radio History

Ł

gram memory addressed by the program counter (PC), 64K bytes of external data memory addressed by the data pointer (DPTR), and the on-chip internal data memory addressed in several different ways. Each instruction implies a particular address space, so you have to know where your data resides to select the right instruction.

There is a sharp distinction between internal and external data addresses. Internal addresses refer to locations on the 8051 chip, which can be accessed in a variety of ways. External addresses are located off the chip, in the 64K bytes of external data memory, and can be accessed only with MOVX instructions.

The four main internal data memoryaddressing modes are direct, immediate, register, and register indirect. Direct mode embeds an internal RAM address in the instruction. Immediate mode uses the data value itself. Register and register indirect modes use a register number, with indirect addressing taking the contents of that register as a direct address to access the data.

The MOVX instructions transfer a single byte between the accumulator and external data memory. The DPTR register contains a 16-bit external data memory address, which can be either loaded by a single MOV or incremented. Unfortunately, there aren't any other 16-bit instructions.

The 8051 has a single accumulator, called ACC or A depending on the instruction. Nearly all instructions use the accumulator in one way or another. An auxiliary accumulator (called B, of course) is used by MUL and DIV. Many data-manipulation instructions can move data to or from one of the active banks of eight "working registers" in internal RAM. Four register banks are available.

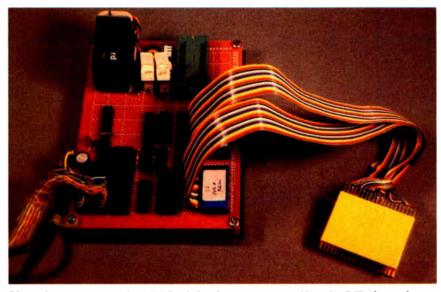
Because most controller applications require handling at least a few I/O bits, the 8051 has a rich selection of bitmanipulation instructions that are completely separate from the standard byte instructions. A single instruction can set, clear, complement, or copy any bit in internal data memory. The on-chip I/O ports show up in that address space, so there's no need for the "read, mask, set, combine, write" instructions found in most other microprocessors.

Unlike the Intel 8088 or Z80 microprocessor families, the 8051 has no explicit I/O instructions. The on-chip I/O ports are mapped into the internal data memory-address space and accessed with the same MOV instructions used for other transfers. You have to map off-chip I/O into the external data memory-address space and access it with MOVX instructions.

Rather than belaboring the various instructions in detail, I'll introduce them next month in short chunks of code that do useful tasks as we build some hardware. With those examples as a base, you should have little trouble designing your own system.

#### Ugly Reality

The trade-off for not wiring up a board of TTL gates is writing a program for the EPROM. That program tests the inputs, computes the outputs, and handles all the



**Photo 2:** A prototype of the DDT-51 development system. Note the DIP clip at the end of the cable for attaching onto the target system's processor.

timing to make the system work correctly. Unless you are much better than average, your program won't do the right thing the first time you try it out.

The ugly reality of microcontroller systems is getting the software to work. It's made considerably more ugly by microcontrollers buried inside specialized systems—those never intended to look or act even vaguely like a computer.

For example, which system would you rather debug: an IBM PC AT with a full keyboard, EGA display, hard disk drive, and state-of-the-art editors and debuggers, or a microcontroller in a 3- by 5- by 4-inch box with four push buttons and two LEDs, cabled to a heater in a vat of photographic solution?

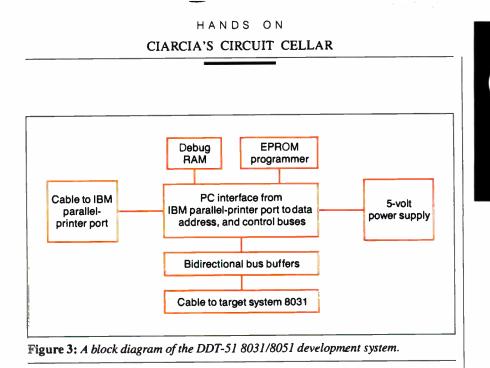
The traditional way to debug microcontroller programs is called "burn and crash." You burn the program into EPROM, plug it in, turn it on...and then try to figure out why it crashed. Doing a Sherlock Holmes on the listing is the only way to find bugs in the program, although a logic analyzer and an oscilloscope help a lot.

The major problem with burn-andcrash debugging is the damage caused by a crash if you are trying to debug a program when the controller is attached to actual machine hardware. Imagine what happens when your new 10-story hammerhead crane controller goes "full speed counterclockwise" and refuses to reset.

Obviously, burn and crash has its limitations. An 8051 simulator program running on a host computer development system removes most problems and simplifies finding program bugs. The simulator reads the EPROM's data and interprets the 8051 program one instruction at a time. Because all the 8051's registers, I/O ports, and memory are provided by simulator variables, you can display and modify memory contents at will. Even better, because the simulator's software replaces the 8051's hardware, there's no way that an errant program can damage anything.

With the simulator, you can use program breakpoints to stop execution at specific 8051 instructions or when a given condition occurs. Also, since the simulator records how the 8051 program got to a particular instruction, you can undo each step back to the source of the problem at the press of a key.

Unfortunately, while a simulator is a great step up from burning and crashing, it is not a true real-time test. Because the execution of each 8051 instruction requires the execution of many program instructions in the development system, the



simulated run time is much slower than the real-time rate on the actual hardware. A further complication is that interrupt timing is not easily duplicated on a simulator.

The ultimate solution is an in-circuit emulator (ICE), which is a special development system peripheral plugged into the 8051's socket in the actual hardware (called the target system). From the target's point of view, the ICE is an 8051 running at full speed. From the user's perspective, the ICE provides many of the features of a simulator, along with the ability to run programs at full speed using the real hardware.

Ideally, an ICE will have no effect on the target system, because all the 8051's features are provided in high-speed hardware. The 8051's internal registers and I/O ports are visible because the ICE uses discrete logic rather than a single chip. The development system directly monitors what's going on, logic comparators control the breakpoints, and there's no interference until the ICE stops at the selected instruction.

All this hardware makes ICE systems rather expensive. If you are developing many 8051 designs, an ICE is the only way to go. As a practical matter, however, an ICE is far beyond the typical user's budget and is generally reserved for the corporate lab.

#### A More Modest System

There is a middle ground between personal computer-based software simulators and hardware ICE systems. It's often enough to stop at a breakpoint and single-step through instructions while watching the target system's LEDs blink and relays click. By trading off some speed and hardware for time and money, a much simpler program development system can provide many features of an ICE at a fraction of the cost.

The DDT-51 system is an IBM PCbased 8031/8051 development and dynamic debugging tool (see photo 2). It uses a modified parallel printer port and a small circuit board to give the IBM PC complete control over the target system's hardware. The DDT-51 downloads the 8051 program into 8K-byte static RAMs, thus eliminating the need to burn an EPROM for each program change. An on-board 2K-byte static RAM holds the small amount of 8051 code required to support single-stepping and breakpoints. A disassembler shows the current 8051 instruction on the IBM PC's display while single-stepping, as well as the current 8051 registers and internal data memory values.

This system connects between the IBM PC and the target system (see figure 3). It has only about a dozen chips, including the world's simplest (and slowest) 2764 EPROM programmer.

The DDT-51 won't handle all possible 8051 target systems, but it will give you a good start. With that in hand, we can continue on with other interesting Circuit Cellar project designs.

#### Experimenters

As is the custom with Circuit Cellar projects, the software for the DDT-51 development system is available for downloading from my multiline bulletin board free of charge. The number is (203) 871-1988. Of course, this downloaded software is limited to noncommercial personal use unless licensed otherwise.

#### Next Month

The hardware and software specifics of the DDT-51.  $\blacksquare$ 

continued

Capital Gain.

Time and again, you've heard it said, "To make money, you have to have money."

The truth is, you have to know how to save money before you can think about making more.

That's why more and more people are joining the Payroll Savings Plan to buy U.S. Savings Bonds. That way, a little is taken out of each paycheck automatically.

In no time, you'll have enough Bonds for a new car, your child's education, even a dream vacation.

Whatever you save for, Bonds are the safest, surest way to gain capital.



When you put part of your savings into U.S. Savings Bonds you're helping to build a brighter future for your country and for yourself.

A public service of this publication and The Advertising Council.

# Spot the Top Dot.

Epson\* LQ-2500

Toshiba P3518A

## And we'll ship it to you FREE for 30 days.

The bad news is, this is a quiz. The good news is, we're going to make it easy.

ACCEL:500

AMT Accel:500

All three of these 24-pin dot matrix printers are versatile, rugged office-quality printers. They all provide a variety of type styles and compatibility with most popular software. But there's only one Top Dot. And all the clues you need to find it are right here in this ad.

Top Dot's high performance features include combined letterquality text and graphics, color printing, and a sizzling 480 cps draft speed.

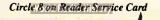


SelectDial puts total printer control at your fingertips.

A unique Select-Dial<sup>™</sup> feature gives Top Dot effortless, fingertip control. And plug-in Intelli-Cards<sup>™</sup> provide instant software upgrades.

Top Dot's \$985 price is a remarkable \$500 below comparable printers. Even more remarkably, it includes toll-free hotline support, a 2-year warranty, an unheard-of full year of on-site service, and a Quick-Start kit packed with \$150 worth of supplies, software, documentation and more.

Epson is a registered trademark of Seiko Epson Corporation. Accel-500, Select-Dial and Intelli-Card are trademarks of Advanced Matrix Technology, Inc. @1988 Advanced Matrix Technology, Inc.



And only Top Dot is available in your choice of finish: Executive Black or traditional lvory.

You have to visit a dealer to buy two of the printers on this page. But you can get Top Dot delivered to your door by UPS.<sup>®</sup>

Just call 1-800-637-7878, correctly identify the Top Dot, and

	COMPARISON CHART		
	AMT	Epson	Toshiba
	Accel-500	LQ-2500	P351SX
Print speed			
(12cpi)			
Draft Mode	480 cps	324 cps	300 cps
Merno Mode	200 cps	N/A	N/A
LQ Mode	80 cps	90 cps	100 cps
Plug-in fonts	card	card	cartridge
Color printing	standard	N/A	optional +
Warranty	24 mo	18 mo	18 mo
On-site service	1 yr	N/A	N/A
Price	\$985	\$1449*	\$1499°
Starter Kit	standard	N/A	N/A

\*\*manufacturer's suggested list price +\$239

we'll ship it to you. FREE.\* If after 30 days, the Top Dot hasn't become indispensable to your office, just send it back. Otherwise, do nothing. We'll charge \$985 to your credit card or bill you against your purchase order. That's all there is to it.

And if you're still not sure of the answer, don't worry. Our operators will give you three chances to get it right.



Quick-Start Kit contains supplies, cable, software, documentation—even transparency materials. A \$150 value FREE with Top Dot.



Ventura Peripherals, 100 Rancho Road, Suite 27 Thousand Oaks, California 91362 Special thanks for the technical contributions provided on this article from Jeff Bachiochi and Ed Nisley.

Diagrams specific to the Intel 8031/8051 architecture are reprinted by permission of Intel Corp.

#### **Parts Sources**

One advantage of using an industry standard like the 8031 is that it's easy to obtain. The following companies are a few possibilities:

Digikey Corp., P.O. Box 677, Thief River Falls, MN 56701, (800) 344-4539 Jameco, 1355 Shoreway Rd., Belmont, CA 94002, (415) 592-8121 JDR Microdevices, 110 Knowles Dr., Los Gatos, CA 95030, (800) 538-5000

Krueger Technology, Inc., 2219 South 48th St., Tempe, AZ 85282, (800) 245-2235

#### Literature

The 8051 family doesn't have the wealth of publications you're used to seeing for the IBM PC. Fortunately, Intel prints a few useful and surprisingly readable manuals covering the tricky hardware and software details. These manuals are available from your local Intel office for a reasonable fee, or contact Intel Corp., Literature Dept., 3065 Bowers Ave., Santa Clara, CA 95051.

The order numbers include the latest revision after the dash, so you may find that there's a new edition out:

*Embedded Controller Handbook*, number 210918-005: The straight dope on all Intel's microcontrollers, from the 8096 to the 8048, including the 8051 family. It includes many hardware details, along with quite a bit on 8051 software and applications.

Microsystem Components Handbook, number 230843-004: This two-volume set gives assorted Intel microprocessor and peripheral chip data sheets. These are the definitive words on how the chips are supposed to work: heavy-duty specs, not for beginners.

#### Hardware

Although the DDT-51 development system includes a simple 2764 EPROM programmer, you'll eventually need a "real" EPROM burner. You need look no further than the Circuit Cellar serial EPROM programmer available from CCI, 4 Park St., Suite 12, Vernon, CT 06066, (800) 635-3355.

#### Software

The single most essential program is a cross assembler that runs on your IBM PC, eats assembly language files, and spits out hexadecimal files for the EPROM burner. You can spend as much or as little on these as you see fit, but doing assemblies by hand is not much fun. I speak from experience.

The shareware Pseudo-SAM 8031 cross assembler is available on the Circuit Cellar BBS under the name PS51A123.ARC. It has most of the useful features, few frills, and is quite serviceable. A newer version is available from PseudoCode, P.O. Box 1423, Newport News, VA 23601, BBS phone (804) 898-7493.

Avocet Systems (120 Union St., Rockport, ME 04856, (207) 236-9055) produces excellent "industrial-strength" assembler and simulator programs for a variety of microprocessors and microcontrollers. The AVMAC51 assembler and AVSIM51 simulator have contributed to many recent projects. They give excellent results. I recommend using one or both of these as the best way to optimize the performance and cost benefits of the DDT-51 development system and an excellent way to get a system up and running in a short time.

Editor's Note: Steve often refers to previous Circuit Cellar articles. Most of these past articles are available in book form from BYTE Books, McGraw-Hill Book Co., P.O. Box 400, Hightstown, NJ 08250.

Ciarcia's Circuit Cellar, Volume I covers articles in BYTE from September 1977 through November 1978. Volume II covers December 1978 through June 1980. Volume III covers July 1980 through December 1981. Volume IV covers January 1982 through June 1983. Volume V covers July 1983 through December 1984. Volume VI covers January 1985 through June 1986.

#### **Circuit Cellar Ink**

It's virtually impossible to provide all the pertinent details of a project or cover all the designs I'd like to in the pages of BYTE. For that reason, I have started a bimonthly supplemental publication called Circuit Cellar Ink, which presents additional information on projects published in BYTE, new projects, and supplemental applications-oriented materials. For a one-year subscription (6 issues), send \$14.95 to Circuit Cellar Ink, P.O. Box 3378, Wallingford, CT 06494. Credit card orders can call (203) 875-2199.

There is a multiline Circuit Cellar bulletin board system (running TBBS 2.0M) that supports past and present projects in BYTE and Ink. You are invited to call and exchange ideas and comments with other Circuit Cellar supporters. The 300-/1200-/2400-bps BBS is online 24 hours a day at (203) 871-1988.

To receive information about the Circuit Cellar Ink publication for hardware designers and developers, please circle 100 on the Reader Service inquiry card at the back of the magazine.

Steve Ciarcia (pronounced "see-AREsee-ah") is an electronics engineer and computer consultant with experience in process control, digital design, nuclear instrumentation, and product development. The author of several books on electronics, he can be reached on BIX as "sciarcia."

Your questions and comments are welcome. Write to: Editor, BYTE, One Phoenix Mill Lane, Peterborough, NH 03458.

## BYTE's Subscriber Benefits Program

Your BYTE subscription brings you a complete menu of the latest in microcomputer technology every 30 days. The kind of broad-based objective coverage you read in every issue. In addition, your subscription carries a wealth of other benefits. Check the check list:

#### BONUSES

- Annual Separate Issues: In addition to BYTE's 12 monthly issues, subscribers also receive our annual IBM PC issue free of charge, as well as any other annual issues BYTE may produce.
- **BYTE Deck:** Subscribers receive five BYTE postcard deck mailings each year—a direct response system for you to obtain information on advertised products through return mail.

#### ✔ Reader Service: For information on products advertised in BYTE, circle the numbers on the Reader Service card enclosed in each issue that correspond to the numbers for the advertisers you select. Drop the post-paid card in the mail and we'll get your inquiries to the advertisers.

- ✓ TIPS: BYTE's Telephone Inquiry System is available to subscribers who need fast response from advertisers. After obtaining your Subscriber I.D. Card, dial TIPS and enter your inquiries. You'll save as much as ten days over the response to Reader Service cards.
- You get access to the BYTEnet: Bulletin Board Service, which allows you to download, via



modem, valuable program listings. There is no connect charge for this service.

- ✓ Subscription Service: If you have a problem with, or a question about your subscription, you may call our service department toll-free at 800-423-8272 (in New Jersey call 800-367-0218) during regular business hours (Eastern Time). You can also use Subscription Service to obtain back issues. Should you care to correspond, use the following address: P.O. Box 6821, Piscataway, N.J. 08855.
- Editorial Indices: Available through our customer service department P.O. Box 328, Hancock, New Hampshire 03449.

#### PAID SERVICES

✔ BIX: BYTE's Information Exchange puts you on-line 24 hours a day with your peers via computer conferencing and electronic mail. All you need to sign up is a microcomputer, a modem, and telecomm software. For further information and cost, call 1-800-227-BYTE.

- Program Listings: Listings of programs that accompany BYTE articles are now available on BIX, on disks or in quarterly printed supplements (see reply cards in this issue for cost information), or call 1-800-258-5485.
- Microform: BYTE is available in microform from University Microfilm International in the U.S. and Europe. See Contents page for cost information.

#### DISCOUNTS

- One-year subscription at \$22.95
- M Two-year subscription at \$39.95
- Three-year subscription at \$55.95
- One-year group subscription for ten or more at \$18.95 each. (Call or write for details.)

#### TOLL-FREE NUMBERS FOR YOUR CONVENIENCE:

Subscriptions & Back Issues: 1-800-423-8272 (in N.J., 1-800-367-0218)

BIX: 1-800-227-BYTE

Program Listings Orders: 1-800-258-5485





It's indispensable.

## BYTE LISTINGS Your way!

It's easy. Now there are three ways to get sourcecode listings that go with BYTE articles-on disk, in print or on line.

## **LISTINGS ON** DISK BYTE listings on

disk are right for you if you want to compile or run programs quickly. Also included on disk are the month's BIX highlights specific to your machine format.

## **LISTINGS IN** PRINT This print sup-

plement contains sourcecode listings described in the issues of BYTE.

## **LISTINGS FROM**

BIX (BYTE Information Exchange) By joining BIX, you can download BYTE source-code listings at standard BIX rates. See BIX informational ad listed in Reader Service index in this issue.

## FOR DIRECT **ORDERING CALL TOLL FREE:** 800-258-5485

Call: M-F, 8:30 a.m. to 4:30 p.m. Eastern Tim

(603-924-9281 for New Hampshire residents)

For credit card orders only.

#### ON DISK- \* Including the Highlights Ser **Highlights Sp** Machine For

Disks of listings from December 1985 to present are available at the prices stated at right. Please mark the appropriate format and note the issue date below. If you are ordering a subscription, please note the issue date on which you would like it to begin.

Month

Year

onth's BIX Hic To Your R.	Single Month (one disk)	IN USA: Annual Subscription (13 disks)	OUTS Single Month (one disk)	IDE USA: Annual Subscription (13 disks)
5¼ inch: IBM PC* Apple II Kaypro 2 CP/M MS-DOS 8 Sector* TI Professional	□ \$8.95	☐ \$69.95 (Save \$46.40)	☐ \$1 <b>0</b> .95	☐ \$89.95 (Save \$52.40)
3½ inch: Apple Macintosh <sup>*</sup> Atari ST <sup>*</sup> Amiga <sup>*</sup> IBM PS/2 <sup>*</sup>	<b>□</b> \$9.95	☐ \$79.95 (Save \$49,40)	<b>□</b> \$11.95	□ \$99.95 (Save \$55.40)

#### **IN PRINT**

#### **1988 Supplement Issues**

□ January through March \$6.95 in USA \$7.95 outside USA

Monthly supplements replace quarterly supplements starting in April. Indicate the month you're ordering in the space below.

Month

Year

\$2.50 per issue in USA \$3.50 per issue outside USA

#### **Annual Subscriptions:** \$19.00 in USA

\$22.00 outside USA

Please note month and year you would like the subscription to begin.

**COMBINED DISK** 

SUBSCRIPTION

If you are ordering a subscription, please note the issue date on which you would like it to begin

AND PRINT

Bundled together,

giving you the convenience of diskbased source-code plus the ease of reference of

print.

Month Year

#### **1987 Supplement Issues** IN USA-

- □ January through March 1987 for only \$6.95.
- April through June 1987 for only \$6.95. (Includes 1986 Index).
- July through September 1987 for only \$6.95.
- Cotober through December 1987 for only \$6.95.
- 1987 subscription only \$18.00.

#### OUTSIDE USA:

- □ January through March 1987 for only \$7.95.
- April through June 1987 for only \$7.96
- July through September 1987 for only \$7.95.
- October through December 1987 for only \$7.95.
- 1987 subscription only \$21.00.

#### **1986 Supplement Issues** IN USA:

- January through June 1986 for
- only \$8.95. July through September 1986 for

FOL D

HERE

- only \$6.95. October through December 1986
- for only \$6.95. 1986 Annual Subscription for only \$18.00.

#### OUTSIDE USA:

- January through June for only \$9.95
- June through September for only \$7.95.
- C October through December for only \$7.95.
- 1986 Annual Subscription for only \$21.00.

	IN USA: Annual Subscription	OUTSIDE USA: Annual Subscription
i% inch:	(Save \$58,35)	□ \$109.95 (Save \$75.35)
Apple II Kaypro 2 CP/M MS-DOS 8 Sector		
31⁄2 inch: Apple Macintosh Atari ST Amiga IBM PS/2	□ \$99.95 (Save \$61.35)	□ \$119.95 (Save \$78.35)

Please complete in full.	AUG	GUST
Name		Check enclosed
		MasterCard
City	State Zip	
County or Parish	Country	from outside the U.S. please remit in U.S. funds drawn on a U.S. bank. Thank you.)
Credit Card #		
Exp. Date Signature	Date	
Please all	ow 4-8 weeks for delivery.	





## BUSINESS REPLY MAIL

POSTAGE WILL BE PAID BY ADDRESSEE



One Phoenix Mill Lane Peterborough, NH 03458-9990

FOLD



Moving from an MS-DOS "glass teletype" into the windowed world of the Macintosh

he IBM PC grew up in a textoriented world. Its confusing array of video modes and the fact that you have to settle for text or graphics but not both make it seem like graphics on the PC was an afterthought—and programmers are still paying for it. A program on an MS-DOS machine must create its own environment, and that environment may be as simple as a series of commands entered a line at a time, or as complex as mouseactivated windows and pull-down menus.

In contrast, the seamless integration of graphics and text was most important from the Mac's very inception...and programmers are still paying for it.

On the Mac, a program's environment has largely been predefined. This situation is fine for the Mac user, who can expect a high degree of consistency in the user interfaces of all Macintosh programs. For programmers, it's a mixed bag: You don't have to work out the details of how user interface components (such as windows and menus) operatethe Mac designers have done that already. But you do have to deal with starting friction that's orders of magnitude greater than that found on MS-DOS machines. In other words, the Mac has all these built-in tools, and the programmer has to figure out how they work.

The programmer's travails are exacerbated when faced with porting an existing MS-DOS application to the Macintosh. You don't have the luxury of designing the program from scratch with the Mac's user interface in mind. To

#### Part 2

## THE PITFALLS OF PORTING

avoid a massive redesign of the entire program (unless you can afford it), you must perform reconstructive surgery and graft Macintosh windows and menus onto your program. Such was the case as Small-C made its journey across the gulf from MS-DOS to the Macintosh.

#### On an Even Keel

The two largest problems in taking Small-C to the Macintosh were the 68000 processor and the Finder. Once I had located code for a run-time library, the latter was easy compared to the former (see the text box "Small-C Run-Time Library" on page 250). Dealing with the 68000 meant coping with one feature that I knew would be a pleasure and another I knew would be a problem. Let's get the problem out of the way first; it's called alignment.

If the 68000 accesses a word or a doubleword in memory, it *must* do so at an even address. When a program on the Macintosh attempts to grab anything other than a byte from an odd address, you get that infamous system-error bomb box with ID=2 in the corner.

Now, keep that "feature" in mind as you consider that Small-C dynamically reserves space on the stack for a function's local variables. What happens if you define a function with a mix of int and char variables as local variables? Examine the following code:

func1()
{ inta;
 charb;
 intc;
 ..code...
}

Variables a, b, and c are local and require 9 bytes of space on the stack. Their offsets into the local block of storage are 0 for a, 4 for b, and 5 for c. See the speed bump coming up? Since Small-C sets aside only 1 byte for b, c ends up at an odd address. And c is an integer (i.e., a doubleword). Oops.

The way out of this dilemma requires adding an unused byte here and there to keep local int variables on an even byte alignment. The Small-C compiler's declloc() routine determines how much stack space a given function's local variables require. As declloc() scans the list of a function's local variables, it adds to an accumulating variable (called declared) an amount that depends on the variable's type (1 byte if char, 4 bytes if int or pointer) and whether or not the variable is an array.

The declloc() routine also has the job of keeping track of each local variable's offset into the function's local stack space (so when an expression references a local variable, the compiler knows what code to emit). To correct for alignment, I modified declloc() so that, if it is reserving space for an int variable, it checks the total space that has already been reserved for local variables. If declloc() determines that it has already reserved an odd amount of space (so the int variable would end up at an odd address), it adds 1 byte to the local variable space, correctly aligning the integer.

Actually, the alignment problem gets much more subtle. You cannot set the 68000's stack pointer—the A7 register to an odd address; you can only push and pop words and doublewords. Consequently, if a function defined only a char as a local variable, Small-C would emit SUBQ.L #-1,SP to reserve 1 byte on the stack—and blooey. I corrected that by modifying the compiler so that it does not allow a function's local variables to allot a net odd amount on the stack.

All this means that you can end up with some wasted bytes in a function's local variable space. How many depends on how int and char definitions are interleaved. Minimizing wasted bytes would involve adding more intelligence to the compiler than I thought necessary. *continued* 

## Small-C Run-Time Library

T he amount of effort that you must put into simply displaying a character on a Macintosh is simply staggering. This is thanks to the complexity of the Mac's ROM routines; it is as though you have to crack a software barrier in order to execute the most rudimentary operations, but once you've crossed that threshold, even complex graphic and disk I/O operations become simple.

I knew that if I began working from scratch to create screen I/O routines, file I/O routines, event handlers, a window handler, and so on, porting Small-C would be just a dream (or maybe a nightmare). I therefore invoked that most sacred of all programming dicta, "Don't reinvent the wheel," and went in search of a set of packaged routines. That's when I discovered Steve Wil-

(It would actually mean having the compiler rearrange the order in which char and int variables are stored in the local stack space. Some Macintosh C compilers, having run into the same problem, add this technique of variable rearrangement as an option. It's an option because rearranging variables makes debugging harder: You can't look at the source code and get a clear picture of where variables are stored.)

On the subject of variables, let's talk about initialization. Most C compilers let you initialize a variable at declaration time with instructions like these:

int j=4; int k[3]={0,1,2}; char c='F';

These instructions would compile to assembly language that, for the 8088, might look like the following:

j DW4 k DW0,1,2 c DB'F'

This is fine for the 8088/80286. When the executable file for this program is brought into memory, the proper values for j, k, and c are automatically loaded. Not so for the Macintosh.

When you launch an application on the Mac, the system moves the code into memory and makes data space available to the application in a global data area liams's book Programming the Macintosh in Assembly Language (Berkeley, CA: Sybex Books, 1985).

This book contains the complete source code listings for the run-time library routines I needed: window handling, text display, disk I/O, and more. (There are functions in Williams's library that Small-C never uses; I kept them in, anyway, in case you wanted to extend the language in some direction that I haven't thought of.) I set about modifying those routines to interface with Small-C, and I had a working runtime library in weeks' less time than I would have if I had started from scratch. In addition to all this, it's a great book, and it's worth the \$24.95 price if you're serious about Macintosh assembly language.

(normally set to 32K bytes). Unfortunately, you cannot initialize the contents of this area; you can only reserve space in it. (If you're using the Macintosh Development System [MDS] assembler, you use the DS directive to define storage space in the global data area.)

You can initialize locations in the code space (the memory where the application's executable file resides) using the DC directive. However, you should use the DC directive only for defining constants, so that the code segment stays read-only. (Strictly speaking, you can use DC to define variables, but this gets you into a host of problems, particularly on future processors such as the 68030, where the separation of code and data is strictly enforced.)

What this all boils down to is that BYTE's 68000 Small-C does not let you initialize variables at declaration time. This can get messy if you have, say, a large array to initialize and you're faced with having to create a long string of assignment statements. A good solution is to create a fast assembly language routine that reads from a table and "mass-loads" the array from the table entries.

#### **The Good Part**

The real blessing I was looking forward to in porting Small-C to the Mac was that the 68000 would allow me to break the 64K-byte barrier: 32-bit registers meant 32-bit integers and 32-bit pointers. It's true that there would be a limit of 32K bytes to global data space, but there was no theoretical limit to data storage local to functions, or storage you could acquire through malloc() and related functions. Besides, 32K bytes is nothing to sniff at for any language called "small."

The jump to 32-bit integers required only that I alter routines in the compiler that dealt directly with the size of integers in the target code. In other words, I had to change those parts of the compiler that handled code like the following:

int i, j, k[14];

j=k[i\*3];

For the int declaration code, the 68000 compiler reserved  $4 \times 16 = 64$  bytes: 4 bytes of code per integer, rather than 2 as on the 8088 version. Also, when the compiler encounters the assignment statement and generates code for the index portion (1\*3), it has to add code to multiply the result by the number of bytes per integer so the index into the array is resolved into a true byte offset. The 8088 version of Small-C simply doubled the index (as did the original Small-C); the 68000 version quadruples it.

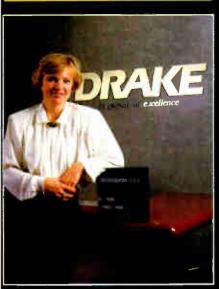
#### **Memory Management**

Remember the memory map last month? The MS-DOS version of BYTE Small-C handled the memory management functions (alloc() and free()) by simply reserving space in physical memory above the user's program. This scheme was simple and consequently resulted in an obvious restriction on alloc() and free()—namely, that you had to free blocks of memory in reverse order to how they were allocated (see figure 1).

Well, the Macintosh memory manager routines \_Newptr and \_DisposPtr changed all that. If you're already familiar with these trap routines, you'll see the connection right off: They do exactly what alloc() and free() are supposed to do. Consequently, whereas the MS-DOS version of BYTE Small-C must maintain the run-time library variable \_Umemptr to keep track of free memory, the Macintosh handles everything automatically. And for gravy, the Macintosh routines regularly compact memory, so Macintosh Small-C programs needn't free memory blocks in reverse order.

Let's be careful here. Notice that the memory management routines I'm using allocate *pointer* blocks, not *handle* blocks. As programs make calls to the Mac memory management system, the operating system will, as required, purge *continued* 

#### Case History#60302



"With branches in North America, England, Switzerland, Australia, New Zealand, and Hong Kong, we needed a database solution that could run on a world of different PCs, LANs and minicomputers," said Eva Nohra of Drake International, one of the world's most successful personnel service agencies. "We chose DataFlex for all our inhouse programming because it gave us this needed capability while providing a standard interface that looks and performs the same on a stand alone PC as it does on a LAN or MicroVAX."

#### No programming changes required from system to system. "DataFlex delivers, by far, more

combinations of hardware and operating systems than any of the competition, and DataFlex source code is transportable, without

## "Lots of DBMS/4GL products promise the world... DataFlex delivered it for Drake International."

Eva Nohra, Drake International, Toronto, Ontario

change, to every supported system. That's very important to Drake International because it gives each office the flexibility to acquire the computer hardware that is best suited to a situation without worrying about re-inventing the wheel and spending a fortune on program development. All we need to do is install the run-time module for the desired system and we're up and running immediately with proven, standardized programming."

## Easy to use for even the least technical operators.

"A major component of our recruitment and placement operations involves mailing lists. DataFlex's capability to quickly generate reports utilizing a wide range of variables is extremely important," explains Nohra. "DataFlex's intuitive 'Point and Shoot' Query technique makes it easy for nontechnical operators, even those lacking previous knowledge of programming or query language syntax, to be productive after only minimal training. There are a lot of products which promise the world, but for Drake, DataFlex has really delivered."

Take the first step to more efficient program development today. Return the coupon below for your free DataFlex Demonstration Diskette.

R

Toll Free Sales Lines: Nationwide 1-800-451-FLEX In Florida 1-800-331-3960

Data Access Corporation 14000 S.W. 119th Avenue Miami, Florida 33186 (305) 238-0012 TELEX: 469021 Data Access CI FAX: (305) 238-0017

> For more information, call from your modem 1-800-444-8080(300-1200 baud, 8 bit, no parity 1 stop bit) and enter the access code FLEX3 when prompted. *Circle 68 on Reader Service Card*

FREE SELF-RUNNING DATAFLEX D	DEMO
(PC-DOS/MS-DOS ONLY)	BYTE 8/1/88
Find out more about DataFlex's ease of use and programming	
Mail this coupon today for your free self-running demonstration	on diskettes.

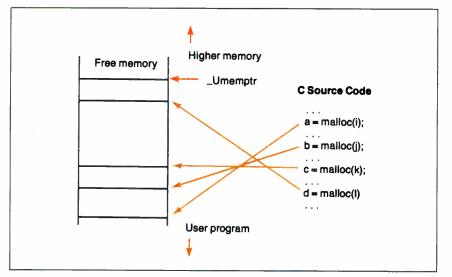
Name		
Company		
Address		
City	State	Zip
hone ( )		

How many computer systems are in use at your company? Do you use a Local Area Network or Multi-User computer?

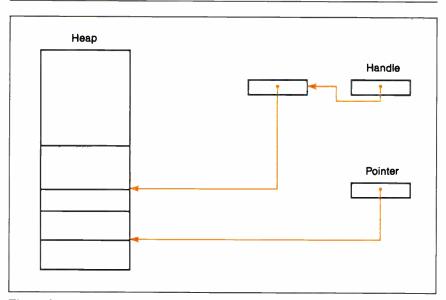
Data Access Corporation, 14000 S.W. 119 Avenue, Miami, Florida 33186

unused blocks and move relocatable blocks to create large contiguous free space (a process referred to as "defragmentation"). Blocks accessed via handles are relocatable unless you specifically tell the operating system otherwise (by "locking a memory block"). Since the handle is a double-indirected pointer, the block can be moved and the second pointer modified without affecting the handle. However, blocks accessed via pointers are nonrelocatable, because moving the block would require modifying the pointer.

Since BYTE Small-C's alloc() function reserves nonrelocatable blocks only, it is conceivable that a BYTE Small-C program that makes repeated calls to alloc() and free() might deplete memory by fragmenting it so badly



**Figure 1:** The 8088 version of BYTE Small-C handles memory allocation as an upward-growing stack tracked by the global variable \_Umemptr. Memory blocks (left) allocated by the source code (right) must be freed (using the free() function) in the reverse order to how they were allocated (i.e., the block that d points to must be released before the block that c points to). BYTE's Small-C for the Mac removes this restriction.



**Figure 2:** On the Mac, a pointer is a 32-bit entity that holds the address of a block of memory. A handle is a pointer to a pointer to a block. Notice that the system can relocate the upper block without altering the contents of the handle; not so with the lower block.

that the operating system can't create a usable free block (see figure 2). In spite of this restriction (and for most programs you can ignore it), the Macintosh version's memory management routines are far better than the MS-DOS version's.

#### Life with the Finder

There's a fundamental difficulty in crowbarring a language originally developed on the "glass teletypes" into the windowed world of the Macintosh. In my port, the difficulty appeared cloaked in the guise of the system variables argc and argv[]. C programmers will recognize argc as the system variable that indicates the number of arguments on the command line; argv[] is an array of pointers to each of the argument strings.

But wait: This is on the Macintosh. You don't execute programs, you launch them by double-clicking on an icon. There *is* no command line. What, then, do you do with argc and argv[]?

Macintosh C compilers use various ways to skirt the problem of the command-line arguments. For example, Lightspeed C simply does not support them; Aztec C provides a shell program that creates a Unix-flavored lineoriented environment. I took a hybrid route. When you launch a BYTE Small-C program, it opens a window and prompts with Command line:. Whatever you type in response to this prompt is passed on to arge and argv[].

I realize that, although this approach makes porting programs from MS-DOS Small-C to the Mac easier, the technique is slightly inelegant. However, the source code for the compiler is available in *Programming the Macintosh in Assembly Language* (see the text box on page 250). If you don't like the way I've handled command-line arguments, you're welcome to alter the compiler appropriately.

#### Exit(0)

Throughout the porting of Small-C to the Mac, I asked myself over and over what compromises I was willing to live with. I'm sure that, for a commercial product, these questions translate to the determination of trade-offs between deadlines and lost features. The silver linings are whatever additional goodies a new architecture lets you attach to your program. ■

Rick Grehan is a BYTE senior technical editor at large. He has a BS in physics and applied mathematics and an MS in computer science/mathematics from Memphis State University. He can be reached on BIX as "rick\_g."

## PUT 420,000 MICRO MENTORS TO WORK.

Advertise in the new BYTE magazine and let the people other people come to for advice help spread your message. We have a total of 420,000 paid readers who are powerful because they're knowledgeable. Each one is a leader in personal computer decisionmaking at his company. And each one believes that ads in BYTE are a valuable source of information.

- 93% provide advice about *acquiring* micros, peripherals and software, an average of 25 times a month.
- 85% are directly involved in purchasing decisions about microcomputers and related equipment for their company.
- **96%** work for a company that currently owns or uses microcomputers.
- 75% of these companies plan to buy an average of 145 microcomputers in the next 12 months.

In short, when it comes to making a purchase decision, people listen to BYTE readers. So if you're not planning on advertising in BYTE, you may be planning an advertising schedule without teeth.



SOURCE: 1988 BYTE Subscriber Profile

THE BUYER'S MART is a monthly advertising section which enables readers to easily locate suppliers by product category. As a unique feature, each BUYER'S MART ad includes a Reader Service number to assist interested readers in requesting information from participating advertisers.

RATES: 1x-\$475 3x-\$450 6x-\$425 12x-\$375 Prepayment must accompany each insertion. VISA/MC Accepted.

AD FORMAT: Each ad will be designed and typeset by BYTE. Advertisers must

#### ACCESSORIES

#### FREE CATALOG

Thousands of parts and new surplus electronic parts at super low prices. FAST ORDER PROCESSING AND SHIPPING (95% of all orders shipped within 48 hours) CALL OR WRITE FOR A FREE CATALOG.

ALL ELECTRONICS CORPORATION P.O. Box 567, Van Nuys, CA 91408-0567

1-800-826-5432

Inquiry 576.

#### HOW TO PROTECT YOUR COMPUTER and make it last longer.

Call (800) 356-5794 Ext 1002 for a FREE catalog from the world's largest manufacturer of uninterruptible power systems. Call or write today!

**BEST POWER TECHNOLOGY, INC.** P.O. Box 280, Necedah, WI 54646 In Wis. (608) 565-7200 Ext. 1002

(800) 356-5794 Ext. 1002

Inquiry 577.

#### **CUT RIBBON COSTS!**

Re-ink your printer ribbons quickly and easily. Do all cartridge ribbons with just one inker! For crisp, black professional print since 1982, You can choose from 3 models: Manual E-Zee Inker — \$39.50 Electric E-Zee Inker — \$39.50 Ink Master (Electric) — \$159.00 1000's of satisfied users in 5 years. Money back guarantee.

**BORG INDUSTRIES** 

#### 525 MAIN ST., JANESVILLE, IA 50647

1-800-553-2404 In IOWA 319-987-2976 Inquiry 578.

#### SELF-INKING PRINTER RIBBON Awarded United States Patent #4701062 Lasts 10-15 times longer than the conventional ribbon For printers using '4" width open spool ribbon:

 Oliodata 824.830.84.92.93
 Dec LA 180/120

 Teletype-33, 35
 Dec LA 180/120

 Star Gemini 10X
 Deletype-Model 40

 Extel
 T60/09.08,080

 Contact 630, 800, 800, 800, 800, 800, 800
 Dec LA 30/18M 1443

 Contact us by mail, phone or televis and we will how and you a brochure
 Dechard us by mail, phone or televis and we will how and you a brochure

#### CONTROLLED PRINTOUT DEVICES, INC.

POB 869, Baldwin Rd., Arden, NC 287

(704) 684-9044 • TELEX: (FILMON-AREN) 577454 Inquiry 579.



send you your personalized samples. P.O. Box 592, E. Freetown, MA 02717

#### Inquiry 580.

#### ACCESSORIES

THE BUYER'S MART **A Directory of Products and Services** 

#### SMART PRINTER STAND

UNDERSTAND Is an attractive printer stand with switchable data cover-sion, surge suppression & power switch. Saves space & avoids clutter! UNDERSTAND-PP: \$295 (2 parallel in, 1 parallel out) UNDERSTAND-PS: \$395 (1 parallel & 1 serial in, 1 parallel out) MAS Inc. 15941 S. Harlem Ave., Suite 333, Tinley Park, IL 60477 (815) 469-4501

Inquiry 581.

#### ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE

#### FREE AI DEMO DISK Our eye-opening 20 page catalog features Expert System Shells & Toolkits plus over fifty other AI Pro-grams. Please send large SASE with one doilar postage for your free demo and catalog so we can keep disk prices low. Expert System Six Pack-six Expert System Shareware Shells with sample rulebases and full

documentation just \$59.95. THINKING SOFTWARE, INC. 46-16 Sixty-fifth Place, Woodside, NY 11377

HIGH PERFORMANCE BUILES BASED EXPERT SYSTEM "SHELL" (H.E.S.).

Caters for thousands and thousands of rules, integrate with your existing database. Easy to use, no knowledge of pro-gramming required. Applications: medical diagnosis, fault diagnostics, business, admin. banking, finance, insurance, law, engineering, available on PC/XT/AT, MS-DOS, Xenix, Unix. Demo copy \$84 (with facility to create 300 rules). Full version \$21,000.

HORIZON SOFTWARE LTD. 27 East St., Leicester LE1 6NB. U.K Tel (44) 533 556550

Inquiry 582

#### Eliza in 'C'

Originally developed at MIT, Eliza is perhaps the first artificial Intelligence Program, Now available with full 'C' source code. MS/DOS diskette \$79.95, or 9 track 1600 tape \$179.95. MC, Visa, or COD.

#### (206) 391-3725 LAN Comp Systems 14524 Issaquah-Hobart Rd., Issaquah, WA 98027

Inquiry 583.

#### NanoLISP \$99.99

An MS-DOS Common LISP interpreter that supports most Common LISP operations and strictly adheres to the standard. Numerous advanced and extra features, excellent debugging facilities, sam-ple Al programs, fully-indexed manual, free technical support

**Microcomputer Systems Consultants** Box 6646, Santa Barbara, CA 93160 (805) 963-3412

Inquiry 584.

#### World Radio History

#### ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE

#### muLISP<sup>™</sup> 87 for MS-DOS

Fast, compact, efficient LISP programming environ-ment. muLISP programs run 2 to 3 times faster & take 1/2 to 1/3 the space of other LISPs. 450 Com-mon LISP functions, multi-window editing & debugging, flavors, graphics primitives, lessons & help, demo programs, comprehensive manual.

Soft Warehouse, Inc. 3615 Harding A lulu, HI 96816 (808) 734-5801

Inquiry 585

furnish typewritten copy. Ads can include headline (23 characters maximum),

descriptive text (250 characters is recommended, but up to 350 characters can

be accomodated), plus company name, address and telephone number. Do not

DEADLINE: Ad copy is due approximately 2 months prior to issue date. For ex-

ample: October issue closes on August 11. Send your copy and payment to THE

BUYER'S MART, BYTE Magazine, 1 Phoenix Mill Lane, Peterborough, NH 03458.

For more information call Mark Stone at BYTE 603-924-3754.

send logos or camera-ready artwork.

#### **BAR CODES**

#### **BAR CODES & BIG TEXT**

On EPSON, IBM, OKI dot matrix or LaserJet. Design any format/size on ONE easy screen, 1-120 fields/label, 13 text sizes to 1" — readable at 50 ft. AIAG, MIL-STD, 2 of 5, 128, UPC/EAN, Code 39, etc. Color, Reverses, File Input, FAST-\$279. Other menu-driven bar code programs from \$49. 30 day \$ back

#### Worthington Data Solutions ills St., Santa Cruz, CA 950

(800) 345-4220 In CA: (408) 458-9938

#### BAR CODE READERS

From the manufacturer for PC/XT/AT, & PS/2, At-From the manufacturer for PCA I/AI, & PS/2, AI-taches as 2 nd keyboard, reads as keyed data. Ex-ternal or bus install. With steel wand—\$399. Also Kimtron, Link, Wyse, & RS-232. Ponables, Lasers, slot badge readers, and MagStripe too! 30 day \$ back.

#### Worthington Data Solutions

417A Ingalls St., Santa Cruz, In CA: (408) 458-9938 (800) 345-4220

#### PRINT BAR CODES/BIG TEXT FROM YOUR PROGRAM

Add bar codes and big graphics text to your program. Print from ANY MS-DOS language. Bar codes: UPC, EAN, 2 of 5, MSI, Code 39. Epson, Oki, IBM dot matrix text up to ½", LaserJet up to 2", Font cartridges not required, \$159-\$239, 30 day \$\$ back.

### Worthington Data Solutions 417-A Ingalis St., Santa Cruz, CA 95060

(800) 345-4220

In CA: (408) 458-9938

#### BAR CODE MADE EASY

PERCON® E-Z-READER\* keyboard interfaces and multiuser RS-232 models make it easy to add bar code to virtually any computer/terminal WITHOUT SOFTWARE MODIFICATION. Immediate shipping. Two year warranty. Bar code printing software available Call for details on fast, accurate, <u>assy</u> data ntry. Substantial reseller discounts

**PERCON®** 

2190 W. 11th St., Eugene, OR 97402 (503) 344-1189

Inquiry 586.

#### BAR CODE

#### **READ & PRINT BAR CODES**

Fast, reliable data entry into your programs as If from your keyboard. Internal unit for PC, XT, AT PS/2-M30. RS-232 unit for DOS & Non-DOS systems (incl. all PS/2). Stainless steel wand and LASER interfaces. Powerful Bar Code and Text printing software

Seagull Scientific Systems 601 University Ave., Suite 150, Sacramento, CA 95825 (916) 386-1776

#### BAR CODE READERS

Among the industries best and most widely used barcode reader, reads all major barcode formats (code 39, 2 of 5, UPC/EAN, codabar), connects between keyboard & system, advanced CMOS uses keyboard power supply, connects to all IBM compatibles and DIN terminals, completely OS indepen-dent, software independent. Same day ship, 1 year warrany, 30 day satisfaction guarantee. CALL for prices too low to determine the software of the software of the software of the software determined of the software of the software of the software of the software determined of the software adve

**Solutions Engineering Sales** 8653 Georgia Ave., Silver Spring, MD 20910 800-635-6533

Inquiry 587.

#### DATA INPUT DEVICES

Bar Code & Magnetic Stripe Readers for microcom-puters & terminals, including IBM PS/2 & others, DEC, AT&T, CT, Wyse, Wang, All readers connect on the keyboard cable & are transparent to all software. Low cost bar code print programs & magnetic encoders also available. GSA contract #GS00K87AGS5346.

#### **TPS Electronics** 4047 Transport, Palo Alto, CA 94303

415-856-6833 Telex 371-9097 TPS PLA

Inquiry 588

#### BAR CODE SCANNER/READER

For PC/XT/AT and compatibles, and APPLE II. Keyboard emulating model with wand for only \$249. Reads 2 of 5 UPC/EAN/JAN/UPC E, Code 39, CODABAR with 1 yr warranty

Also RS-232C and CENTRONICS models with choice of wands, hand-held, and auto scanners. Call or write for free catalog.

TRADE MATRIX of Silicon Valley Jose, CA 951

(800) 222-4229 Ext. 39, (408) 238-1784

#### Inquiry 589

#### CAD/CAM

New! CADKEY3 Version 3.02 CADKEY CADExpert ..... On-line Tutorial New! CADKEY 1 ... CADKEY 3 on a Budget New! CADKEY Solid Synthesis Real Power We also carry the new CADJET Master Templates and other fine support products for CADKEY.

HLB Technology PO Box 527, Blue Ridge, VA 24064

MC/VISA

703-977-6520

Inquiry 590.

#### ISN't IT TIME THAT YOU DID

SOMETHING NEW WITH YOUR CAD SOFTWARE? Etch your CAD design in wood, plastic, glass, etc. Cut your CAD drawings out of wood, plastic, viryl, rubber, etc. Introducing the Kern Electronics CAD/CAM controller. We specialize in making your idea become a reality.

**Kern Electronics** 812 King Ave. S.W., Wadena, MN 56482 218-631-2641

Inquiry 591

#### CASE

#### Affordable CASE

A new concept in Computer Aided Engineer-ing for developing PC/DOS applications! C Dispatcher generates fast, efficient C code for command and menu driven applications. Develop, document, and change easily. Many features. For many compilers. \$295.00 MC/Visa Amaryllis inc. MA 01740 563 Wat d Rotton

(617) 365-5456

Inquiry 592.



#### **CD-ROM**

#### Public Data on CD-ROMs

- Econ/Stats I-Indices & other economic data Consu/Stats-BLS/Census consumer studies 1973
- 8 1984

- & 1984 Agri/Stats—Agricultural series Makes tables, DIF, or ASCI \$49 each, req. MS-DOS CD-ROM publishing services available
- **Hopkins Technology** 421 Hazel La., Hopkins, MN 55343 (612) 931-9376 Compuserve 74017,614

Inquiry 594

#### COMMUNICATIONS

#### **MULTI-LINE PC-DOS BBS**

The Bread Board System (TBBS). Secure, reliable, fullfeatured commercial information system for IBM XT/AT/386/PS2 or compatible. Menu editor allows customization by nonprogrammers. Kermit, X & Y IBM Modem. High performance allows up to 32 simultaneous callers. User audit trail. 300/1200/2400/9600 bps. eSoft, Inc. 15200 E. Girard Ave. #2550, Aurora, CO 80014

(303) 699-6565

Inquiry 595

FAX MACHINES	\$395
MURATA FAX 1200/1600	\$795/925
SHARP FAX F0300/F0500	\$1195/1495
TOSHIBA FAX 30100/3300/3700 \$108	3/1240/CALL
RICOH 10/20	\$1295/1595
CANON FAX 20	\$1279
PC/XT SYS.Receive/Transmit FAX+Scanner .	\$1595
PC/XT Telephone Answer & Voicemail	\$1195
Prepay prices Visa/MC 2% cod 2% resto	xck 20%
TELEPHONE PRODUCTS C 23591 #213 El Toro Rd., El Toro, CA 92630 714/	ENTER
Inquiry 596.	and a second

#### **COMPUTER INSURANCE**

#### **INSURES YOUR COMPUTER**

SAFEWARE provides full replacement of hardware. media and purchased software. As little as \$39 a year provides comprehensive coverage. Blanket coverage; no list of equipment needed. One call does it all. Call 8 am-10 pm ET. (Sat. 9 to 5)

**TOLL FREE 1-800-848-3469** (Local 614-262-0559)

SAFEWARE, The Insurance Agency Inc.

Inquiry 597.

#### COMPUTER RENTALS

N TA LS R E MONTHLY YEARLY WEEKLY IBM - APPLE COMPAQ Full Stock for Immediate Deli Free Service & Maintenance 89 e Deliver PER MO 800 PC-RENTL IBM PS/2 Model 50

Inquiry 598.

#### **CROSS ASSEMBLERS**

#### **CROSS ASSEMBLERS**

Universal Linker, Librarian Targets for 36 Microprocessors Hosts: PC/MS DOS, micro VAX, VAX 8000 Developed and supported at:

#### ENERTEC, INC. BOX 1312, Lansdale, PA 19446

MC/VISA

215-362-0966

Inquiry 599.

#### **CROSS ASSEMBLERS**

Macros, PC Compatible, Relocatable, Condi-tionals, Fast, Reliable from \$150 .from \$150 also: Disassemblers EPROM Programmer Board **MICROCOMPUTER TOOLS CO.** Phone (800) 443-0779

In CA (415) 825-4200 912 Hastings Dr., Concord, CA 94518

Inquiry 600.

#### **Professional Series**

PseudoCode releases its PseudoSam Professional Series of cross assemblers. All popular processors. Macros, Conditional Assembly, and Include Files. Vir-tually unlimited size. For IBM PC's, MS-DOS 2.0 or greater. With manual for \$35.00. Each additional \$20.00. (Mi res. 4% tax). Visa/MC. (Dealer Inquiries Welcome.) Order from distributor

**Micro Kit** 6910 Patterson, Caledonia, MI 49316, 616-791-9333.

Inquiry 601.

#### 680X0 Cross Assemblers

Now, necessary and the second second

**RAVEN Computer Systems** (612) 636-0365 Box 12116, St. Paul, MN 55112

Inquiry 602.

#### **ASSEMBLERS & TRANSLATORS**

Over 20 high quality, full function, fast relocatable and absolute macro assemblers are available im-mediately. Source language translators help you change microcomputers. Hosts: MS/DOS, CPM80, ISIS

**RELMS**<sup>™</sup>

P.O. Box 6719, San Jose, CA 95150 (408) 356-1210 SA TWX 910-379-0014 AMEX MC/VISA

#### Inquiry 603.

AUGUST 1988 • B Y T E 255

#### **CROSS ASSEMBLERS**

#### 780/HD64180

SLR Systems cross assemblers run on PC and are compatible with Microsoft M80/L80 \$195.00 for assembler and linker. We have CP/M emulator cards for PC. Up to 12.5 mhz Z80 clock speed, starting at \$249.95! Also Z80/HD64180 C compilers.

**Z-World** 1772 Picasso Ave., Davis, CA 95616 (916) 753-3722 Please see our ads on page 273.

Inquiry 604.

#### DATA CONVERSION

MEDIA CONVERSION/DATA TRANSLATION More than just a straight dump or ASCII transferl Word Processing, DBMS, and Spreadsheet data on Olsks or Tapes transferred directly into applications running on Mainframes, Minis, Micros, Dedicated Word Processors, Typesetters, and Electronic Publishing systems. IBM PS2 & Macintosh suported #1 in the translation industry!

CompuData Translators, Inc.

3325 Wilshire Blvd., Suite 1202, Los Angeles, CA 90010 (213) 387-4477 1-800-825-8251

Inquiry 605

#### DATABASE MGMT. SYSTEMS

#### SOFTWARE KIT PACKAGING

OEM supplier to one of the world's largest computer companies offers quality packaging and supplies for your software products. From diskettes to printed manuals. Quality products reflecting your company's image is our highest priority. Call or write

**COMPUTER LOGICS LIMITED** 4845 Transit Road Unit K-8, Depew, NY 14043 (716) 633-2810 Fax (716) 633-2813

Inquiry 606

#### **dBASE III WORKALIKE \$39** 1 on 1 = 3II "a programmable relational DBMS...the 1 on 1 = 31 "a programmable relational DBMS...the menu mode is a fancier and more complete version of dBASE's...faster operation in the Interactive mode...dBASE III is a trademark of Ashton-Tate...at \$39, 1 on 1 = 311 is a great deal for those who would be glad to have a dBASE III Plus clone" *PC MAGAZINE* 51/1780. \$39 + \$4 s/h AMEX add \$2.00 \$39 + \$4 s/h AMEX add \$2.00 1 on 1 Computer Solutions 26 Finch , Trumbull, CT 06611 203-375-0914 Inquiry 607. DATA/DISK CONVERSION **QUALITY CONVERSIONS** Scanning • Tape Disk \*TYPEWRITTEN \$33 per page to ASCII \*TYPESET 6-24 point Low Rates (\*WP Formats available) IMAGES Logos/Line Art/Glossies **1st Run Computer Services Inc.** 1261 Broadway, Suite 508, New York, NY 10001 (212) 779-0800

Inquiry 608.

#### **Get the Expertise You Need!**

Disk/Disk • Tape/Disk • OCR Over 1,000 formats! 31/2, 51/4, or 8 inch disks; 9 track mag tape; 10 MB Bernoulli cartndge. Data base and word processor translation. Specialists in Govern-ment Security Data. Call for free consultation.

**Computer Conversions, Inc.** 9580 Black Mtn. Rd., Ste J, San Diego, CA 92126 (619) 693-1697

Inquiry 609.

#### DATA/DISK CONVERSION

DISK CONVERSIONS Media transfer to or from: IBM, Xerox, DEC, Wang Lanier, CPT, Micom, NBI, CT, also WP, WS MS/WRD, DW3, MM, Samna, DEC DX, MAS 11, Xerox-Writer, ASCII

FREE TEST CONVERSION CONVERSION SPECIALISTS 531 Main St., Ste. 835, El Segundo, CA 90245 (213) 545-6551 (213) 322-6319

Inquiry 610

#### **DISK & TAPE CONVERSIONS** AUTOMATICALLY SAVE TIME AND MONEY Over 1000 formats from Mini, Micro Mainframe, W Word Pro cessors. & Typesetters. TAPE Conversions as low as \$23.00 MB

DISK Conversions as low as \$15.00 per Disk Call or write TOOAY for a cost saving guotation

**CREATIVE DATA SERVICES** 

1210 W. Latimer Ave., Campbell, CA 95008 (408) 866-6080

Inquiry 611.

#### DISK INTERCHANGE SERVICE COMPANY

DISC specializes In transferring files between incom-patible disk formats, and between disk and 9-track tape. Dedicated Word Processors

- Mini, Micro & Mainframe Computers
   9-Track Tape (800, 1600 and 6250 BPI)
   MSDOS, CP/M, UNIX, DOS, PRODOS, TSX+, RT-11 2 Park Drive . Westford, MA 01886
  - (617) 692-0050

Inquiry 612

#### HEWLETT PACKARD TO MACINTOSH

Translate programs written in Hewlett Packard BASIC to run on the Macintosh. Copy files from HP Technical computers to Macintosh. Custom work quoted. Write

Indv Conversions

5525 N. Broadway St., Indianapolis, IN 46220 Inquiry 613

#### **CONVERSION SERVICES**

Convert any 9 track magnetic tape to or from over 1000 formats including 3½", 5¼", 8 disk formats & word processors. Disk to disk conversions also available. Call for more info. Introducing OCR Scanning Services.

Pivar Computing Services, Inc. 165 Arlington Hgts. Rd., Dept. #B

Buffalo Grove, IL 60089 (312) 459-6010 Inquiry 614.

#### dBASE III COMPILERS

#### FREE dBASE III + **COMPILER DEMO DISK** Don't buy Clipper" until you see our FREE dBASE Com-piler Evaluation Krt. Includes DEMO DISK with 8 PRGS and results of compiling with Clipper, Ouicksilver & Fox-BASE + . Also 15 benchmark tests, complete magazine reviews, and detailed brochures about all 3 compilers FREE. No obligation. Call 24 hours, 7 days. dataBASE Specialties (415) 652-2790 P.O. Box 2975, Oakland, CA 94618

#### **DEMOS/TUTORIALS**

#### INSTANT REPLAY III

Build Demos, Tutorials, Prototypes, Presentations, Music, Timed Keyboard Macros, and Menu Systems. Includes Screen Maker, Keystroke/Time Editor, Program Memorizer, and Animator. Recid Great Reviews! Simply the BEST. Not copy protected. No royalties. 60 day satisfaction money back guar. IBM and Compath \$149.95 U.S.Chk/Cr. Crd Demo Diskette \$5.00

#### NOSTRADAMUS, INC.

3191 South Valley Street (ste 252) Salt Lake City, Utah 84109 (801) 487-9662

Inquiry 615

#### **DISK COMPATIBILITY**

#### **IBM PC's USE Mac DISKS**

MatchMaker lets you plug any Macintosh exter-nal floppy drive into an IBM PC. Half size card and software lets you copy to/from, view directory, in-Itialize, or delete files on the Mac diskette. Works with PCs, XTs, ATs, and compatibles. The easy way to move information!

\$149.00 Visa/MC/COD/Chk

**Micro Solutions Computer Products** 132 W. Lincoln Hwy., DeKalb, IL 60115 815/756-3411

Inquiry 616.

#### DISK DUPLICATION

DUPLICATION IS THE SINCEREST FORM OF FLATTERY Let us Flatter you!!! See us for all disk duplication needs. 10 disks to 100,000 and more All formats-All systems. Best prices-Our own in-house printing of documentation-labels-sleeves

#### SYSTEMS SUPPORT DATA

223 North Royal Avenue, Front Royal, VA 22630 1-800-231-4355

Inquiry 617.

#### **DISK DUPE EQUIPMENT**

**DO YOUR OWN DUPLICATION** Copy 10,000 or only 10 in as little as 15 seconds each with famous Mountain Duplication equipment at the very best prices!! See us of your duplication equipment needs from Disks to Drives to Duplicators.

#### SYSTEMS SUPPORT DATA

223 North Royal Avenue, Front Royal, VA 22630 1-800-231-4355

Inquiry 618.

#### **DISK DRIVES**

PS/2 DRIVES FOR PC's AT's CompatiKit/PC \$329 CompatiKit/AT \$309

Built-in floppy controllers-no problem. Supports multiple drives and formats. Lets your computer use IBM PS/2 1.4M diskettes plus more! Call for further information or to place an order. VISA/MC/COD/CHECK.

Micro Solutions Computer Products 132 W. Lincoln Hwy., DeKalb, IL 60115 815/756-3411 815/756-3411

#### Inquiry 619.

#### DISKETTES

CHEAP DISKS!!! Although this headline may not convey quality....our 31/2" floppy disks do! **100% Certified** 72pk only 98¢ 1.44 MEG only \$2.60 SYSTEMS SUPPORT DATA 223 North Royal Avenue, Front Royal, VA 22630 1-800-231-4355

Inquiry 620.

#### DUPLICATION SERVICES

SOFTWARE DUPLICATION One Stop Shopping • Technical Support
 Custom Packaging • Drop Shipping
 Copy Protection • Fast Turnaround
 • Competitive Pricing SATISFACTION GUARANTEED 800-222-0490 NJ 201-462-7628 **MEGA**Soft PO. Box 710, Freehold, NJ 07728 See our ads on page 271

Inquiry 621.



SILTRONIX, INC. P.O. Box 82544, San Diego, CA 92138 1-800-637-4888

Inquiry 626.

#### HARDWARE

IBM PS/2's Up to 41% off!		
	Retail	Your Cost
MODEL 50-386	(New)	\$Call
MODEL 60-041	5,295	3,395
MODEL 60-071	6,295	3,850
MODEL 80-041	6,995	4,395
MODEL 80-071	8,495	4,995
MODEL 80-111	10,995	7.895
MODEL 80-311	13,995	9,995
American Micro Computer ( 2890 Griffin Rd., Suite #4, Ft	Center (305 Lauderdale,	985-9400

Inquiry 627

MYRIAD MODEM 2400BPS ONLY \$119 • Mayes compatible • For IBM PC/XTAT & compatibles • Made in USA DATA ERA STORE (408) 729-4589 1556 Halford Ave., No. 168, Sante Clara, CA 95051
Inquiry 628.
8096 Microcontroller Single Board 8096/7, Ser. Interface, 5V only; Assembler+Forth in EPROM+Manual/Software Guide \$400. Add-on EPROM Simulator incl. download SW \$350. Hardware/Software evaluation package incl. cabling and tutorial books \$580. Cross Compiler (Assembler/Forth) available. DIGITAL MICROCH, WA 98012 (206) 338-2406
Inquiry 629.
CHIP CHECKER           • 74/54 TTL + CMOS         • 8000 Nat. + Signetics           • 144200 CMOS         • 9000 TTL           • 14424 Pin Chips         • 30" TL           • 14242 Pin Chips         • 3" TL           • 14242 Pin Chips         • 3" TL           • 14242 Pin Chips         • 3" TL           • 1425 Pin Chips         • 4" TL           • 1425 Pin Chips         • 5" TL           • 1425 Pin Chips         • 5" TL           • 1425 Pin Chips         • 6" TL           • 14400 Pin Chips         • 5" TL           • 1440 Pin Chips         • 6" TL           • 1450 Pin Chips         • 6" TL
INDUSTRIAL STRENGTH SINGLE BOARD COMPUTER Has optimum features for monitor + control applica- tions: 16 Chan A/D + A RS221422 Ports + 48 Prog I/D Lines • 8 Opto INs • 8 HIDrive OUTs • 4 Timers • Watchdog • 104K Memory • 5,25 x 80 Options: Resi- dent FORTH OS with Target Compiler, Editor, Assem- bler, + Aulo Load/Start, 5 MHz 8085 • 4 Chan DIA • Battery Backed Clock/RAM • Networking • PC Support. E-PAC 1000 + \$249.00 E-PAC 2000 + \$449.00 EMAC INC. PO. Box 2042, Carbondale IL 62902 (618) 529-4525 Inquiry 631.
87C51 PROG. \$125.00 The UPA 87C51 Programming Adapter lets you use your general purpose programmer to program the 87C51, 8751H, AMD8753H, 87C252, and 8752BH. Also lets you program the 87C51/8751H security bits and the 87C51 encryption array. It's very simple and VERY cost effective.

#### HARDWARE

PCB-70 512Kbyte or	TY BUBBLE FOR YOUR PC 5/76C available from MemTech 1 megabyte of non-volatile Bubble Memory. 7 AT, or compatibles. Designed to operate
in the hars Version 2.0	through 3.3 of MS-DOS and PC DOS. from: 512K, 1 megabyte \$1245.
Contact:	MemTech Blue Ravine Rd., Folsom, CA 95630
	(916) 351-3100

Inquiry 633.

BUY ★ SELL ★ TRADE Apple ● IBM ● Compag ● Service Parts ● Accessories ● Systems ● PRE-OWNED Electronics, Inc. 30 Clematis Avenue, Waltham, MA 02154 800-274-5343 FAX 617-891-3556 Service Centers and Dealers welcome Inquiry 634.
HARDWARE ADD-ONS
PC CARDS/KITS           • 8 bit A/D card, 0-5V         579           • 8 bit D/A card, 0-2.5V         579           • Relay driver card, 8 outputs (3A)         \$149           • Digital I/O (8 TTL input/output)         579           • JB XT computer kit wimonitor         \$499           • FREE CATALOG — parts, kits, computers <b>JB COMPU-TRONIX</b> 3816 N. Wadeworth Bird., Wheat Ridge, CO 80033         (303) 425-9586
Inquiry 635.
INFORMATION
100 TABLES From the U.S. Statistical Abstract "The U.S. Statistical Abstract" has a wide variety of public information on (economics, health, educa- tion, crime, the world and more.) 100 selected tables of the 1986 Abstract are now available on disk in (CAL, WKS, CSV, or TXT) formats for (PC or MAC or most CP/M)—\$49.95 <b>EALIFEACTS</b> Box 536, San Raleel, CA 94915 Tel. 415-485-1781
Inquiry 636.
INVENTORY MANAGEMENT
INVENTORT MANAGEMENT
STOCK-MASTER 4.0         Commercial grade inventory management software at micro prices.         • Supports all 12       • Slock Status Reporting transaction types         • Trend Analysis       • Slock Status Reporting • Cuality Control         • Multiple Locations       • Order Entry         • Purchase Order Tracking       • Atterial Requirements         • Orden Order Reporting       • On Line Inquiry         • Serial/Lot ¥ Tracking       • Datienses Systems, Inc.         • TrF Riverside Are, Newport Beach, CA 92663       714-759-0582
Inquiry 637.
LANS
LANLINE-1 with SAFFRON1 NETWARE 115,200 BAUD XFR RATE Link Four PC Computers To Any PC Computer Vie R5232
Cant Four PC MTP and Sectors, or Laptops MENU Driven: Read Directory, Remove Dir, Copy Files, Dieter Files, and Print To Any Printer Connected. 31/s and 51/s disks. You Will Love It reg s139.955 PECIAL INTRODUCTORY

6184 Teall Station, Syracuse NY 13217 Telex 6715617 LOGS (315) 478-0722

#### World Radio History

LOGICAL SYSTEMS CORPORATION

VERY cost effective.

Inquiry 632.

Inquiry 638.

#### LAPTOP COMPUTERS

LAPTOP SPECIALS LAPTOPS: • Toshiba • Zenith • NEC • DATAVUE AFFORDABLE 5%" or 3%" DRIVE UNITS for LAPTOPS & DESKTOPS including Tandy 1400 LT. • DICONIX PRINTERS • 768 card for T1000 • 2400 BAUD MODEMS for Laptops . Laptop software · Hard drives · Fast reliable and friendly service. For Low Pricing call

#### COMPUTER OPTIONS UNLIMITED 201-469-7678 (7 Days, 9 am-10 pm Eastern time)

Inquiry 639.

LAP-LINK

The ultimate solution for linking laptop computer with any IBM compatible desktop PC. 115, 200 baud transfer rate—faster than any other product available. No installation necessary, aasy to use split screen design. Includes incredible "universal cable" that connects any two computers. Transfer entire disks faster than a DOS copy command Only \$129.95 including universal cable and both 34\* and 54\* disks. "Bridge" owners can trade in for only \$89.95 w/o cable.

or only 589.95 wo cause. **Traveling Software, Inc.** 310 North Creek Parkway, Bothell WA 98011 800-343-8080 (206) 483-8088 19310 North Creek P 1-800-343-8080

Inquiry 640.

LEGAL

#### LEGAL DOCUMENT MAKER All pleadings and documents.

Any word processor software. Free Brochure. New! Supra II™

**TSC - The Software Company** P.O. Box 872687, Wasilla, AK 99687 (907) 373-6550

Inquiry 641.

MAC

#### DEVELOPMENT TOOLS

Professional Programmers Extender: Standard Mac interface, lists, printing, graphics, tiling. Extender GraphPac: Quality color graphs. Line, bar, semi-log, customizable symbols.

#### **INVENTION Software** (313) 996-8108

Inquiry 642.

#### **MEMORY CHIPS**

		( CHIP:	
41256-15-12-10	Call	51000 (1 Meg)	Call
4164-15	Call	51258 for Corr	paq 386.6.43
4164-12	Call	8087-3-2	
41128 Piggy Back for AT.	. 2.63	80287-6-8-10	. 155/233/293
41464-12 (64Kx4)	3.27	80387	Cal
414256 (258Kx4)	Call	NEC-¥20-8	Cal
2764,27128,27256,27512	. Call	Mouse	
Prices	subject	to change	
ESSKAY		719.24	53-3353

Inquiry 643.

#### MUSIC

MIDI - PC/XT \$84.95

Your MIDI instruments can talk with your PC/XT via a MIDIATOR9. Software INCLUDEDI MT-8 Sequencer, Perfor-mance Spitter/Auto-Chorder, & MIDI Monitor, Requires 256K, DOS 2.0+, Std. Serial Pont (COM1 or COM2) & std. cables. Needs no modifications, exp. siol, or power sup. Introduc-tory Price 548/95+500 s/h, TX res. add 7.25% tax. MC, VISA, Check (allow 10 days). Key Electronic Enterprises

9112 Hwy. 80 W., Suite 221-B, Fort Worth, TX 76116 (817) 560-1912

Inquiry 644.



#### PROGRAMMER'S TOOLS

Microsoft QuickBASIC does Database Management. db/LIB Database Library is 100% dBASE file compat. Only \$139.00.

AJS Publishing, Inc. (800) 992-3383 (818) 985-3383 in CA

CLIPPER" DEVELOPMENT TOOLBOX CLIPPER\* DEVELOPMENT TOOLBOX Alternative Business Training, Inc. Introduces BOATSWAIN'S MATE®, a set of over 200 functions, procedures, and DOS Utilities for dBase\* programmers who use clipper as a com-piler. Thousands of development hours have gone into this software in order to save you hours of programming time. Whether you are a nonce or a serious clipper developer, the BOATSWAIN'S MATE® is for you. Free list of library func-tions available. Source code available. Call 1-800-328-7677 In N.H. 1-357-8665

ALTERNATIVE BUSINESS TRAINING, INC. 206 Washington St., Keene, NH 03431

Inquiry 646.

#### TLIB<sup>™</sup> 4.0 Version Control

BURTON SYSTEMS SOFTWARE P.O. Box 4156, Cary, NC 27519 (919) 856-0475

Inquiry 647.

#### 8049/8051 Disassembler

Intelligent code tracking disassembler inputs data from Intellingent Code tracking disastentibler inputs oala from Intel hex, Motorola hex, straight binary and Intel object file formats. Provides comment programs for target pro-cessor. Great for diaassembling output from high level language compliers for hand optimization. Variety of op-tions for customization. Disassembler \$149,95; Demo \$5.00, appld to purchase; S/H in U.S incl. MC/VISA

MONITRONICS, INC. 800 W. Rock C

405-364-0024

Inquiry 648.

#### TURBO PLUS \$99.95

mming tools for Turbo Pascal 4.0 Screen Painter, Code Generator, I/O Fields, Dynamic Menus, Programming Unit Libraries, Sample Programs, 280 Page Illustrated Manual. 60 Day Satisfaction Guaranteel Brochures & Demo Diskettes avail. Highly Favorable Reviews! IBM & Compatibles.

Nostradamus Inc. 3191 South Valley S Lake City, UT 84109 St. (Suite 252) Salt L (801) 487-9662

Inquiry 649.

#### **PROGRAMMER'S TOOLS**

#### Modula-2

Novell's Btrieve is the industry standard file manager. PMI's new Repertoire/Btrieve Toolkit lets Modula-2 pro-PMIS new Repending/bitnewe locolkit lets Modula-2 pro-grammers write sophisticated Btrieve applications quick-ly and conveniently. Includes full copy of Repertoire. On-ly \$149. For JPI, Logitech, Stony Brook, FST, etc. From the creators of Repertoire. DynaMatrix, EmsStorage, Graphix, Macro2, and NetMod. MC/VISA/MEX/PO/COD.

PMI 4536 SE 50th, Portland, OR 97206 (503) 777-8844; TLX: 6502691013

Inquiry 650.

#### FREE BUYER'S GUIDE See Page 39

Programmer's Connection is an independent dealer representing more than 250 manufacturers with over 700 soft-ware products for IBM personal computers. Call to receive our FREE comprehensive Buyer's Guide or refer to page 39 of this issue to see a partial list of our software products.

**Programmer's Connection** 800-336-1166 216-494-3781

Inquiry 651

#### The SOURCE GENERATOR (c) More than a "DISASSEMBLER". Takes executable machine code program (\*EXE or \*COM) and produces

\*ASM flie. Generates: symbol, opcode, operand, and even a comment. Plus Table of all references. Generated files can be modified and reassembled. \$95.

Write to: SYLVERSOFT Inc.

Parc Samuel Holland, Suite Quebec, Canada G1S 4S2

Inquiry 652.

#### PUBLIC DOMAIN

#### OUTSTANDING IBM SOFTWARE ONLY \$2.75/DISK OR LESS

Our collection contains the latest versions of the Best Shareware and Public Domain Programs. Most are menu driven with full documentation. 350° format is also sailable. Orders shipped First Class Within 24 hours and Satisfaction is guaranteed Write or call for FREE CATALOG Today

A.C.L. (916) 973-1850 1621 Fulton Ave., Suite #35-B. Sacramento, CA 95825

Inquiry 653

### \$3.00 SOFTWARE FOR IBM PC Hundreds to choose from, wordprocessors, databases, spreadsheets, games, lotto, com-munications, business, music, bible, art, education, Inducations, business, music, bible, an, education, language and useful utilities for making your com-puter easier to learn. Most programs have documentation on the disk. WRITE FOR YOUR FREE CATALOG TODAY!

BEST BITS & BYTES PO Box 8245, Dept-B, Van Nuys, CA 91409

In CA: (818) 781-9975 800-245-BYTE

Inquiry 654.



 400 IBM PC & compatibles disks = 200 Amige disks = 125 Arari ST disks
 200 Amige disks = 125 Arari ST disks
 PC disks as low as \$1.25 each, Amiga & ST as low as \$1.60 each Rent or buy. Free shipping! Call toll free, write or circle reader service for FREE BIG CATALOGUE with full descriptions. Please specify computer—48 hr: turnaround! **Computer Solutions** 

P.O. Box 354--Dept. B, Mason, Michigan 48854 1-800-874-9375 (M-F 10-6 EST) 1-517-628-2943



#### **PUBLIC DOMAIN**

#### **RENT SOFTWARE \$1/DISK**

Rent Public Domain and User Supported Software for \$1 per diskfull or we'll copy. IBM (342" also). Apple, C-64, Sanyo 550 and Mac. Sampler \$3. VISA/MC. 24 hr. info/order line. (619) 941-3244 or send #10 SASE (specify computer) Money Back Curranted Guaranteel

FutureSystems Box 3040 (T), Vista, CA 92083 (619) 941-9761 office: 10-6 PST Mon-Sat.

Inquiry 656.

QUALITY SOFTWARE IBM/COMPATIBLES Get a Word Processor, Spreadsheet, Database, Money Manager and 5 arcade games plus our 10,000 program catalog for ONLY \$10.00 (+s/h) 800-992-1992 (National) 800-992-1993 (Ca only) 619-942-9998 (Foreign) VISA, MC, AMEX Accepted. (COD + 1.90) The International Software Library 511-104 Encinitas Blvd., Encinitas, CA 92024

Inquiry 657.

#### **FREE SOFTWARE**

Buy or Rent \$1/disk World's largest Free Software Library of IBM PC & Com-patibles and Macintosh. Over 3000 programs for Religion, Utilities, Business, Com., Word Processor, Education, and Games on 5.4" and 3.5" format. Best quality, Lowest rate, and Fastest service. For fast free catalogue write to:

#### SOFTSHOPPE

5022, Ann Arbor, MI 48105 (313) 763-8721 P.O. Box 15022,

Inquiry 658.

#### \$4.00 SHAREWARE \$4.00 IBM-PC Compatible Software

- Over 700 Disks to Choose From
- Not Half Full Like Some Distributors
- · Dozens of Programs in All Categories Call or Write for FREE Catalog on Disk — Please specify 5¼" or 3½" Disk —
- The Software Kingdom

PO. Box 358. Manchester, NH 1-800-552-DISK (In N.H.) (603) 627-0444

Inquiry 659.

#### SECURITY

#### **BIT-LOCK® SECURITY**

Plracy SURVIVAL 5 YEARS proves effectiveness of powerful multilayered security. Rapid decryption algorithms. Reliable/small port transparent security device. PARALLEL or SERIAL port. Countdown and timeout options also available. KEY-LOK" security at about 1/2 BIT-LOCK cost.

**MICROCOMPUTER APPLICATIONS** 7805 S. Windemere Circle, Littleton, CO 80120 (303) 922-8410 or 798-7683

Inquiry 660.

#### COPY PROTECTION

The world's leading software manufacturers depend on Softguard copy protection systems. Your FREE DISKETTE introduces you to SuperLock"—Invisible copy pro-tection for IBM-PC (and compatibles) and Macintosh. Hard disk support Customized versions • No source code changes • LAN support · New upgrades available (408) 773-9680 SOFTGUARD SYSTEMS, INC. 710 Lakewey, Suite 200, Sunnyvele, CA 94086 FAX (408) 773-1405

Inquiry 661

#### SOFTWARE/ACCOUNTING

#### ACCOUNTING TUTOR \$79.95

Peanuts and Caviar Accounting Software is de-signed to introduce the principles of accounting and bookkeeping to non-accountants through its software and textbook. It then may be used as your business' accounting software. Being used by educational institutions to teach accounting (e.g. Pepperdine, etc.) \$79.00

COUNTERTRADE PRODUCTS, INC. 5145 Idylwild Tr., Boulder, CO 80301 303-530-5433

Inquiry 662.

dBASE BUSI	VESS TOOLS
* General Ledger	* Purch Ord/Invntory
* Accounts Recvbl.	* Accounts Payable
* Order Entry	* Job Costing
* Sales Analysis	* Job Estimating
\$99 EA. + s&h w/dBASE 2.	3 or 3+ SOURCE CODE
dATAMAR SYSTEMS	Cr. Crd/Chk/COD
4876-B Santa Monica Ave. San Diego, CA 92107	(619) 223-3344

Inquiry 663

#### FINANCE MANAGER II

Easy to learn, fully integrated, menu-driven bookkeeping system for small business and personal use. IBM PC, XT, AT, PS/2 or compatible. Try before you buy! General Ledger evaluation copy for only \$10

CALL TODAY! (719) 528-8989 HOOPER INTERNATIONAL: PO Box 62219, Colorado Springs, Colorado 80962

Inquiry 664.

#### SOFTWARE/BASIC

**XGRAF DRAWS IN BASIC!** FINALLYI XGRAF replaces QuickBASIC's poor drawing commands with assembly language calls that work on Hercules, EGA, VGA, CGA and EEGA screens. Only \$99.00 + \$4.00 S&H. Call us at 1-800-423-3400 (9:00 AM to 8:00 PM EST) KOMPUTERWERK, INC.

PA 15215 851 Parkview Blvd., Pittsburgh, For info., call (412) 782-0384

Inquiry 665.

#### SOFTWARE/BASIC TOOLS

#### **QuickWindows**

As seen in the Microsoft Value-Pack Catalog! Create windows, pop-up and pull-down menus, data-er screens, and multiple-input dialog boxes quickly and easily Full support of Microsoft mouse, Join the many Fortune 50 comparise using QuickWindows and order your copy today. QuickWindows \$79. Advanced \$139. For Microsoft QuickBASIC or BASCOM.

Software Interphase, Inc. 5 Bradley St., Suite 106 • Providence, RI 02908 (401) 274-5465

Inquiry 666.

#### SOFTWARE/BUSINESS

DATA ENTRY SYSTEM
Heads-down data entry with two-pass verification for the PC/XT/AT - PS/2 & compatibles. Loaded with features
like: Auto dup & skip, verify bypass, range checks, &
table lookups. Fully menu driven only \$395. Call for free 30 day trial period.

#### COMPUTER KEYES 21929 Makah Rd., Woodway, WA 98020 (206) 776-6443 1-800-356-0203

#### SOFTWARE/BUSINESS

#### **TPRO88 - ROUTE FINDER**

A powerful interactive system for finding routes on transportation networks w/up to 512 nodes and 16K links. TPRO88 can find the shortest path between two nodes. sequence up to 50 stops, compute minimum spanning trees and times/distances between all points. Req. IBM PC, 192K, graphics adapter. \$149 w/8087 support, user's guide, sample U.S. Highway network. VISA/MC.

EASTERN SOFTWARE PRODUCTS, INC. POB 15328, Alexandria, VA 22309 (703) 360-7600

Inquiry 667.



#### 1-2-3° + @RISK = Risk Analysis

Manage risk with @RISK 1-23 Add-InI An @RISK simulation automatically reflects thousands of "what-if" scenarios. If View full range of possible outcomes II Monte Carlo simulation II Graphs in .PIC format III 30 new probability distribution @functions New required for all Harvard MBAs FREE DEMO

**Pallsade** Corporation 2189 Elmira Road, Newfield, NY 14867 (607) 564-9993

Inquiry 669.

#### SOFTWARE/CHURCH

#### **PowerChurch Plus®**

Fast, friendly, reliable church administration system. Full fund accounting, mailing lists, membership, contributions, attendance, word processing, accts. payable, payroll, multi-user support, and much more - all for \$695 complete. FREE demo version.

**F1 SOFTWARE** P.O. Box 3096, Beverly Hills, CA 90212 (213) 854-0865

Inquiry 670.

#### ROMAR CHURCH SYSTEMS"

Membership-61 fields plus alternate addresses, labels, letters, reports any field(s). Offering 256 funds: optional piedge: statements; post to 255x/yr; Finance-gen ledger wibudget up to 500 subclais & 99 depts, month & YTD reports anytime for any month. Attendance-B service times, 250 events per ser-vice; 60 consecutive weeks Available for floppy, 3% & hard disk. Ad too short! Write for free 48-page guide.

Romar Church Systems, Attn: BJB PO. Box 4211, Elkhart, IN 46514 (219) 262-2188

Inquiry 671.

#### STOREHOUSE

Treasurers, make your job easy and fun! You'll im-press your church board with the professional look of your new reports. Members will be grateful for the handy tithe receipts. No more budget alloca-tions to calculate. Spend more time doing what you want to do. Top quality-\$295.

Scott D. Charlton 7509 Pear Tree La. Fort Worth, TX 76133 (817) 370-1450

Inquiry 672.

#### SOFTWARE/CULINARY

#### **Ethnic Recipes**

IBM Compatible Floppy Greek, Arab, Slav, Ethiopian

Send \$9.11 inc. tax & shipping

Golden Cobra P.O. Box 25, Palmer, TX 75152

Inquiry 673.

#### SOFTWARE/ENGINEERING

Affordable Engineering Software FREE APPLICATION GUIDE & CATALOG Circuit Analysis • Root Locus • Thermal Analysis • Plotter Drivers • Engineering Graphics • Signal Processing • Active/Passive Filter Design • Transfer Function/FFT Analysis • Logic Simulation • Microstrip Design • PC/MSDOS • Macintosh • VISA/MC

BV Engineering • Professional Software 2023 Chicago Ave., Suite B-13, Riverside, CA 92507 (714) 781-0252

Inquiry 674.

#### **Engineer's Aide** Join the Desktop Engineering Revolution Pipeline/Ductwork Sizing Pump/Fan/Compr. Sizing Heat Exchanger Sizing House programs in one stand alone integrated package for \$695. For IBM PC & Macintosh. EPCON 1-800-367-3585 (24 hr)1-805-484-5381 (Ca)

Inquiry 675.

#### STRUCTURAL ANALYSIS

MICROSAFE: Inexpensive, easy to learn and use Finite Element Analysis for IBM PCs and compatibles. Up to 400 nodes, 600 beams, 500 plates. Graphics. 2-D: \$75, 3-D: \$120, Both: \$160. Overseas add \$20. Evaluation copies. NOT COPY-PROTECTED. Ask for brochure.

MICROSTRESS Corp. (Dep. BM1) 10950 Forest Ave. S., Seattle, WA 98178-3205 (206) 772-0508

Inquiry 676.

#### SIMULATION WITH GPSS/PC"

GPSS/PC\* is an IBM personal computer implementa-tion of the popular mainframe simulation language GPSS. Graphics, animation and an extremely interac-tive environment allow a totally new view of your simula-tions. Simulate complex real-world systems with the most interactive and visual yet economical simulation software.

#### **MINUTEMAN Software**

(617) 897-5662 ext. 540 (800) 223-1430 ext. 540 Inquiry 677



#### SOFTWARE/ENGINEERING

#### FREE ENGINEERING MAGAZINE

Personal Engineering is a monthly magazine sent free of charge (USA only) to scientists/engineers who use PCs for technical applications. Topics each month include Instrumentation • Data Acq/Control • Design Automation. To receive a free sample issue and qualification form either circle below or send request on letterhead to: Personal Engineering Communications

Box 1821, Brookline, MA 02146

Inquiry 679.

EC-Ace ANALOG CIRCUIT ANALYSIS You can afford to get started with EC-Ace, a subset of the powerful ECA-2 circuit simulator. Includes all the basics and builting raphics. • AC, DC, Temperature, Transfent • A full S25 pg. ECA-2 manual. • Interactive, twice as fast as SPICE. • Interactive, twice as fast as SPICE. • EC-Ace 2.31 IBM PC or Mac \$145. Call 313-663-6810 for FREE DEMO Tatum Labs, Inc. 1478 Mark Twain Ct., Ann Arbor, MI 48103
nquiry 680.
SOFTWARE/GENERAL
US\$5INCLUDING DISK

USAS INCLUDING DISK			
Over 2,000+ software titles for IBM-PC Apple ] [,+,e,c,GS. Macintosh, C64/128, Amiga. Latest titles and versions. Lots of			
hi-quality manuals. Best services.			
1200 bps Pocket-size Modem			
256K Auto Hi-Res EGA card			
16 MHz AT/286 Motherboard/4 Mb			
Lots of bargains, ram chips, etc Specify your computer type. FREE catalog sent to you by air-mail. Write:			
IBRAHIM BIN ABU BAKAR, Dept. BYTE			
Raffles City PO. Box 1029, Singapore 9117 REPUBLIC OF SINGAPORE			
naulas CO4			

Inquiry 681

#### SOFTWARE/GRAPHICS

#### PC TECHNICAL GRAPHICS

TEKMAR is a graphics library for the EGA or Tecmar Graphics Master. Similar to PLOT-10, includes WINDOW, VIEWPORT, AXIS. Support for HP, HI plotters. Curve fitting, complete plotting program. Log, semi-log, multi-axis, 3-D, contours. Jerry Pournelle (Aug 86 Byte). "As good as any I have ever seen..." Demo disks, literature available Advanced Systems Consultants 21115 Devonshire St. #329, Chatsworth, CA 91311 (818) 407-1059

Inquiry 682.

#### **TurboGeometry Library**

(Source & Manual) Turbo Pascal, C. Mac, & Microsoft C. Over 150 2 & 3 dimen-sional routines including: Intersections, Transformations, Equa-tions, Hidden Lines, Perspective, Curves, Areas, Volumes, Cip-ping, Planes, Marrices, Vestors, Distance, PolyDecomp. IBM PC (Comp.), MAC

VISA/MC \$99.95 Disk Software, Inc. 2116 E. Arapaho #487, Richardson, TX 75081 (214) 423-7288

Inquiry 683.

Engineering * Graphics * Log	Numeric Spreadsheet Lotus 1-2-3 Interface J. Date & Linear Axes		
System * Curve Fitting & Smoothing See "What's New" page 82, Byte June, 1988, Sup-			
ports all video standards, PC printers & plotters. Ten curves with 5000+ points each. Plus many more ad-			
vanced features. Call Today.			
Edmond Software			
3817 Windover Drive	1-405-842-0558		
Edmond OK 73013	1-800-992-3425		

#### Inquiry 684.

#### World Radio History

#### SOFTWARE/GRAPHICS

#### FPLOT PEN PLOTTER EMULATOR

Use your dot matrix or laser printer as an HP pen plotter. Fast hi-res output. Vary line width. Includes plotter. Fast hi-res output, vary little working com-VPLOT virtual plotter utility to capture plotting com-mands. Supports NEC P5/P6, IBM Proprinter, Ep-son LO/MX/FX, HP Laserjet, Uses Hercules, CGA, EGA or VGA for screen preview. \$64 check or m.o. HORIZON SOFTWARE Suite 605, 24-16 Steinway St., Astona, NY 11103

212-418-8469

Inquiry 685.

#### **GRAPHICS PRINTER SUPPORT**

AT LAST! Use the PrtSc key to make quality scaled B&W or color reproductions of your display on any dot matrix, inkjet, or laser printer. GRAFPLUS supports all versions of PC or MS-DOS with IBM (incl. EGA, VGA), Tecmar, and Hercules graphics boards. \$49.95.

Jewell Technologies, Inc. 4740 44th Ave. SW, Seattle, WA 98116 800-628-2828 x 527 (206) 937-1081

Inquiry 686.

#### CGA→Hercules<sup>™</sup> Graphics

Mode-MGA\* allows you to use business graphics, games, BASICA graphics and other CGA specific software with your Hercules\* Monochrome Graphics adaptor and monochrome monitor. Works with all CGA programs. \$79:5 (+ \$\$ style write: SkTSR version, 30-day money back guarantee. Call or write:

T.B.S.P. Inc. 2265 Westwood Blvd., Suite 793, Los Angeles, CA 90064 (213) 312-0154

Inquiry 687.

#### SOFTWARE/HEALTH

#### FamilyCare<sup>™</sup> Software

This comprehensive medical diagnostic program gives parents peace of mind when dealing with health problems of newborns through teenagers. It analyses hundreds of possible symptoms, injuries, and diseases, offering specific instruction for medical care, home treatment, and medications. It provides answers quickly in life-threatening situations

#### FamilyCare" Software

Lundin Laboratories, Inc. 29451 Greenfield Rd., Suite #216, Southfield, MI 48076 800/426-8426 313/559-4561 or

Inquiry 688.

#### SOFTWARE/INVESTMENT

The new Business Week TOP 1000 and Mutual Fund Scoreboard Delatities use the enormous power of your IBM or compatible PC to select, rais, and compare every equity and fixed income mutua fund on the market (Mutual Fund Scoreboard), and withauly every subiness Week 1000 company (TOP 1000)—At the touch of a key Scoreboard Business veek 1000 company (10<sup>o</sup> 1000)--A the tooch of a key, Mittual Fund Scoreboard Dialectries: \$49.95 each or \$239.90 for subscriptions to both. TOP 1000 & TOP 1000 ELTC busicities: \$199 for the TOP 1000 & 5.399 for the ELITE version which oftens name & addresses of the top officers tool Order now or receive imore information by calling 1400-553-3575 (In 11110ns; call 1-312:250-252). Business Week Diskettes PO. Box 621, Elk Grove. IL 60009 Or write to:

Inquiry 689.

#### SOFTWARE/LANGUAGES

#### FORTH-RIGHT & FORTH-WITH **DRUMA FORTH-83** Strict 33 STANDARD, Ideal for instructors/beginners. 1MB+ memory, 64K speed & compactness to 320K. Comprehensite DOS Interfaces. On-line dockjossary. Headerless code. ASCIL/SCR files. Other sup-ports. Powerful development em/ronment. IBM PC/XT/AT & ALL compatibles Standard package \$79, S&H \$2, VISA/MC 15 day money back. CALL or WRITE DRUMA INC. 6448 Hwy. 290 East E103, Austin, TX 78723 a: 512-323-0403 8Board: 512-323-2402 Orders: 512-323-0403

Inquiry 690.

#### SOFTWARE/LANGUAGES

#### **FORTRAN for Macintosh**

Language Systems FORTRAN is a full-featured FOR-TRAN 77 compiler integrated wMPW. Full ANSI FOR-TRAN 77 plus VAX-type extensions. SANE numerical calculations & data types incl. COMPLEX\*16 68000, 68020 and 68881 object code. Arrays greater than 32K. Link with Pascal, C, MacApp. \$304 wMPW via air. MC/VISA/Check. MAC+, SE, Mac II. HD req.

Language Systems Corp. 441 Carlisle Drive, Herndon, VA 22070 (703) 478-0181

Inquiry 691.

#### The SPINDRIFT Library

At last I low there's a way for FORTRAN programmers to do the things they always wanted to do: Execute other programs via CALL EXEC; edit key control of CURSOR; WINDOWS; POP UP HELP; Wildcard file search; Sawe' restore screen images; COLOR. 150 subroutines and functions in all. *Prica*: 154. • SAM Write for DEMO DISK: \$5 credited to purchase. Specify your Compiler.

Spindrift Laboratories, Ltd. 116 S. Harvard Ave., Arlington Hts., IL 60005 (312) 255-6909

Inquiry 692.

#### MULTI-USER DEVELOPMENT PLATFORM

MULTI-USER DEVELOPMENT FUENT Gain the 80366 edge for your applications with THEOS C. an advanced compiler for the new THEOS 366 multi-user, nutitasking operating system. Meets ANSI C standard, pius offers the power of 250 additional functions for VDI graphics, real-time processing and file access. Provides UNIX and DOS source code compatibility. Breaks 64K limitation. Two-volume manual set. BASIC Language package also available. For complete multi-user solutions, call us today.

### THEOS Software Corp. 1777 Bothelho Dr., Suite 360, Walnut Creek, CA 94596

FAX (415) 935-1177

(415) 935-1118

Inquiry 693.

#### SOFTWARE/LOTTERY

#### WIN LOTTO

Win LOTTO GAIL HOWARD'S systems have won \$27 million for 9 Lotto jackpot winners! Now available on IBM PC 5¼" diskettes the complete authentic Gail Howard Wheeling Systems (Smart Luck Computer Wheel" \$2995 + \$2 s/h; also Gail Howard's Smart Luck Computer Advantage" \$39.95 + \$2 s/h (specify Lotto game). VISA/MC welcome. Smart Luck Computer Systems, Dept. B-1 1271 West Dundee Rd., Suite 16-A, Buffalo Grove, IL 60089

312-934-3300A list of Gail Howard's Lotto books is also available. Inquiry 694.

#### SOFTWARE/MATHEMATICS

What? You've never seen a complex function?

Try f(z) - The Complex Variables Graphing Package for PC's with CGA/EGA

"Let our animated screens show you what the printed page cannot."

#### Lascaux Graphics (212) 654-7429

Inquiry 695.

#### SOFTWARE/PACKAGING

## HARD TO FIND COMPUTER SUPPLIES FOR SOFTWARE DEVELOPERS & POWER USERS Cloth binders & slipcases like IBM's. Vinyl binders, boxes, and folders in many sizes. Disk pages, envelopes, & labels. Low quantity imprinting. Bulk disks. Everything you need to bring your software to market. Disk and binder mailers. Much morel Low PricesI Fast service. Call or write for a FREE CATALOG.

Anthropomorphic Systems, Limited 376 E. St. Charles Rd., Lombard, IL 60148

312-629-5160 -800-DEAL-NOW

Inquiry 696.

#### SOFTWARE/PACKAGING

SAVE SAVE SAVE SAVE ET'S TALK LABELS We do disk labels (5¼" & 3½) • Better • Faster • Cheaper • Because we specialize in disk labels...Let's Talk

We also have Tyvek Sleeves Mailers 

Binders 
Vinyl Pages We are a complete software packaging service. Hice & Associates 9303 Cincinnati-Columbus Rd., West Chester, OH 45069 513-777-0133

Inquiry 697.

#### SOFTWARE/PRODUCTION

#### **Bullet Design Software**

Five-disk pack designs projectiles from your description. No math, engineering skill. Used by military, commercial bullet-makers in nine countries. By world's leading authority in the field. \$72. (200-pg. book, \$5) VISA/MC

## Corbin Software 600 Industrial Circle. Whitte City, OR 97503

503-826-6737

Inquiry 698.

#### SOFTWARE/SCANNERS

**Optical Character Recognition** Stop retyping: PC-OCR<sup>®</sup> software will convert typed or printed pages into editable text files for your word processor Works with HP ScanJet, Canon and most other scanners. Supplied with 15 popular fonts. User trainable: you can teach PC-OCR<sup>®</sup> to read virtually any typestyle, incl. foreign fonts. Proportional text, marks printer output, Xerox copies OK. \$385. Check/VISA/MC/AmExpCOD

Essex Publishing Co. ). Box 391, Cedar Grove, NJ 07009 (201) 783-6940 P.O. Box 391

Inquiry 699.

#### SOFTWARE/SCIENTIFIC

DATA ACQUISITION & ANALYSIS ON PC'S Free application assistance. Tell us about your DSP, process control, A/D or DA needs. Our expert engineering staff will provide you with a system soution to fit your needs and budget. A/D & IEEE 488 boards from MetraByte, Scientific Solutions and Analog Denose - Anayles software including PRIME FACTOR FFT subroutine Brary. FOURIER PERSPECTIVE II schwarosel inves rystems analysis. - Menu driven software including al. Laboratory featinologies. Course-Cursts and Goldan. Scientific Angeler and Science Science Science (Science) See "What is New Table Science Science (Science) See "What is New Table Science Science) Science Science Science Science (Science) Science Science Science Science Science (Science) Science Scie 1988 LOW PRICES-Satisfiction GUARANTEED ALLIGATOR TECHNOLOGIES ax 9706, Fountain Valley, CA 92708 FAX. (714) 850-9987 MCI. ALLIGATOR Tel. (714) 850-9984 Inquiry 700.

#### Spectra Calc Data Processing

Acquire and analyze data from commercial or custom Acquire and analyze data from commercial or custom analytical instrumentation. Fast real-time display, WYSIWYS plotting. Extremely fast applications for curve fitting, deconvolution, PLS algorithms etc. Spectral search and archive. Array programming language includes matrix, FFT, graphic commands.

GIC

603-898-7600 800-862-6004 FAX 603-898-6228

100% GUARANTEED! Top-Quality PC Software for Engineers & Scientists. All with complete money-back guarantee. See MATHTOOI " The Numerical Methods Toolbox \$95 in BYTE'S June '88 "What's New." Guil's line includes: MATHTOOL", CHEMCALC® PIPE-CALC® & PETROCALC®. FREE CATALOGI from

**Gulf Publishing Company** Dept. LE • PO. Box 2608 • Houston, Texas 77252 (713) 520-4444 FAX: (713) 520-4433

Inquiry 702.

#### SOFTWARE/SCIENTIFIC

Scientific/Engineering/Graphics Libraries Turbo & Lightspeed Pascal, Modula-2, C Send for FREE catalogue of software tools for Scientists and Engineers. Includes: Scientific subroutine libraries, device independent graphics libraries (including EGA, HP plotter and Laserjet support), scientific charting libraries, 3-D plotting library, data acquisition libraries, menu-driven cess control software. Versions available for a variety of popular languages

#### **Quinn-Curtis**

1191 Chestnut St., Unit 2-5, Newton, MA 02164

Inquiry 703.

#### SOFTWARE/SORT

#### **OPT-TECH SORT/MERGE**

Extremely fast Sort/Merge/Select utility. Run as an MS-DOS command or CALL as a subroutine. Supports most languages and filetypes including Btrieve and Unlimited filesizes, multiple keys and much dBASE. more! MS-DOS \$149. XENIX \$249.

(702) 588-3737

#### **Opt-Tech Data Processing**

P.O. Box 678 - Zephyr Cove, NV 89448

Inquiry 704.

#### SOFTWARE/TAX PREP.

W-2 (COPY A) ON FLOPPY The W-2 MAG program makes an IRS/SSA FORMAT floppy from a data entry screen or imported ASCII file. Includes manual and application forms. Used nation wide
 Step-by-step data entry
 Free phone support
 Prints W-2 forms
 PC compatible **Illinois Business Machines Inc.** Department PC 1403 Box 310 Troy Rd., Edwardsville, IL 62025 PH. # (618) 692-6060 Inquiry 705. SOFTWARE/TOOLS C or T Pascal Code Instantly

Complete database in just minutes. Draw & Paint your screen, show what fields to use for indexes That's it-running source code in 6 seconds. Automatic context sensitive help, programmer docs on each program, \$389/TPascal ver. or \$499/TC or MS-C ver

(800) 227-7681 Call ASCII

Inquiry 706.

#### NATURAL LANGUAGE SOFTWARE

Use JAKE to create a front end to your database, game, or graphics program! JAKE translates English queries and commands into C function calls and data structures. JAKE offers context-sensitive semantic processing; Interfaces easily; <64K mem.

\$495. INTERACTIVE DEMO \$10 ENGLISH KNOWLEDGE SYSTEMS, INC. Alley, CA 95066 5525 Scotts Valley Dr. #22, Scotts (408) 438-6922

Inquiry 707.

#### STATISTICS

#### STATA

Statistics and graphics join to make STATA the most powerful package for the PC. No comparable pro-gram is as fast, friendly, and accurate. \$20 Demo. Quantity discount available. Call toll-free for more in-formation. AVUEA/IM. formation, AX/VISA/MC.

1-800-STATAPC

Computing Resource Center 10801 National Boulevard, Los Angeles, CA 90064 (213) 470-4341

Inquiry 708.

AUGUST 1988 • B Y T E 261

395 Main St., Salem, NH 03079

Inquiry 701.

#### **STATISTICS**

#### THE SURVEY SYSTEM

An easy-to-use package designed specifically for questionnaire data. Produces banner format, cross tabs & related tables, statistics (incl. regression) & bar charts. Codes and reports answers to open-end questions. All reports are camera-ready for profes-sional presentations. CRT interviewing option. **CREATIVE RESEARCH SYSTEMS** 15 Lone Oak Ctr., Dept. B, Petaluma, CA 94952

707-765-1001

Inquiry 709.

#### **RESULTS NOT SIGNIFICANT?**

Next time use EX-SAMPLE. Expert program estimates sam-ple size using power analysis for comparisons of means, props, regression, ANOVA, chi-square, log-linear, LISREL, sunway, experiments, many more Justify sample size to fund-ing agencies, plan sampling budget, Can pay for itself in a single study. IBMMS-DOS, S195-s/h. (So% educ. disc.). VISAMC/PO, 30-day guarantes. Call now for FREE brochure.

The Idea Works, Inc.

100 West Briarwood, Columbia, MO 65203 314-445-4554

1-800-537-4866 Inquiry 710.

#### STATISTIX" II

Comprehensive, powerful and incredibly easy-touse. Full screen editor, transformations, linear models (ANOVA, regression, logit, PCA, etc), ARIMA, most standard stat procedures. Clear, well organized documentation. Satisfaction guaranteed. \$169 PC DOS, \$99 Apple II.

#### NH ANALYTICAL SOFTWARE O. Box 13204, Roseville, MN 55113 (612) 631-2852

Inquiry 711.

#### NCCC

Professional,	easy to	USÐ,	menu	driven	statistical
system. Used	by over	5,000 r	researcl	hers.	
• 5.0	Statistica	al Syste	em —\$!	99	
• 5.1	Graphics	s (20 8	3D)-	\$59	
	Power P			t-\$49	
	Exp. De				
	Survival				
We accept	checks,	PO's, \	/isa, M	C. Add	\$3 s/h.
	N	CSS	S-B		
865 E	ast 400 N			UT BAO	37
000 2		-546-0		0. 0.0	

Inquiry 712.

#### StatPac Gold™

Voted World's Best Statistical & Forecasting Package in 1987 by PC World Magazine readers, Six times more votes than the next closest competitor. More comprehensive & easier to use than all others. Get the facts. Call now for your FREE brochure. 1-800-328-4907

#### Walonick Associates, Inc. 6500 Nicollet Ave. S., Minneapolis., MN 55423

(612) 866-9022

#### Inquiry 713.

#### TEXT RETRIEVAL

## **TEXT RETRIEVAL** GOlin: high speed test retrievel schwarz for IBM PC compatible and Apple Machitosh computers. Highly acclamed. \* No file conversion or indicating required 5 Secruches for test in any Mie. (SSC), EBCDIC, WordStar, etc.) \* RAM mexident operation for immediate availability, also runs as a stan-dard DOS application—beak Accessory on the Macrinosh. \* Moves test access different file formats (DispleyWrite to WordStar, MS Word to WordPreferet, etc.). CMLY \$78.951 Call or write to order; (VISA, MC, COD, Check)

- Microlytics
- 300 Main St., Suite 1591, East Rochester, NY 14445 (800) 828-6293 (716) 377-0130 In NYS
- Inquiry 714.

#### UTILITIES

#### CleanUp

the File Management System FEATURES: global file search, wild card & Attribute file marking, source & target space info, file copy to multiple disks when full, pop up windows, prompted file deleting and many more for MS/DOS. Price: \$49.95

> 1-800-553-0846 **Acme Software Works**

1380 156th Ave. N.E. Suite 147, Bellevue, WA. 98007

Inquiry 715.

Enhanced DOS Commands Get directory listings of all files that *don't* match a template. Search all directories for files matching a template. New commands and new versions of existing commands, all with lots of variable options. Plus all comcommands, all with loss of variable opticits. Five all content mands accept special codes to reduce repetitive en-tries. Get the most from DOS with these time-saving routines, For MS-DOS/PCDOS 2.0 and higher. \$29,95

**Driscoll Graphics** 135 E. Church, PO. Box 625 Clinton, MI 49236

Inquiry 716.

#### MATCH PRINTERS TO PC

Mach A Printer adapts most printers to PC/PS2 and compatibles. With this resident driver, get the full extended IBM ASCII character set on most printers Prench, Spansh, German, tallian Swedeh, Greek, etc. and logic symbols. Wohis great with Apple imagewifer and DI M , Egoin and most diasywhete punters. Solve character compatibility price \$559.95 a. \$2 SAH. California residents add 61Me sales tas. MOChecks. MO/Checks

MATCH SOFTWARE 91606-1113 6426 Cold Toll free # 1 (800) FLOPPYO

Inquiry 717.

#### COPY AT TO PC

The 1.2mB drive has long been known to READ but NOT reliably WRITE on 360kB floppies. With "CPVAT2PC" 1.2mB drives CAN reliably WRITE 360kB floppies saving a slot for a second hard disk or backup tape. "CPWAT2PC" (Not Copy Protected) offers the preferable SOTTWARE SOLU-TION." ONLY \$79+\$4 S/H VISAINC/COD UPS B/R MICROBRIDGE COMPUTERS 655 Skyway, San Carlos, CA 94070 Order toll free 1-800-523-8777 415-593-8777 (CA) 212-334-18 TELEX EZLNK 62873089 FAX 415-5 212-334-1858 (NY) FAX 415-593-7675

Inquiry 718.

#### **Recover deleted files fast!**

Disk Explorer now includes automatic file recovery. You type in the deleted file's name, Disk Explorer finds and restores it. Disk Explorer also shows what's really on disk; view, change or create formats, change a file's status, change data in any sector. MS-DOS \$75 U.S. Check/Credit card welcome

QUAID SOFTWARE LIMITED 45 Charles St. E. 3rd Fl. Toronto, Ontario, Canada M4Y 1S2 (416) 961-8243

### HANDS OFF THE PROGRAM®

Locks Hard Disk. - Restricts Floppy Use. Protects Subdirectories. Normal Use of DOS Commands and Application Software IBM PC, XT, AT and True Compatibles. DOS V2.0 and Higher: Hard Disk System. Keep Other People's HANDS OFF Your System VISV/MC \$89.95 VISA/MC

SYSTEM CONSULTING, INC. 314 Canterbury Dr., Pittsburgh, PA 15238 (412) 963-1624

Inquiry 719.

#### UTILITIES

#### **LOGGER®**

ogger, for IBM-PC and compatibles, tracks and reports: Jser, Time on, Time off, Directories used, Programs used, Program start/end time, and calculates totals. Tracks directories/files: Opened, Created, Renamed, Deleted. Completely transparent. Retails for \$74.95 with quantity discounts available

System Automation Software, Inc. 1-800-321-3267 or 1-301-565-8080

Inquiry 720.

#### **FasTrieve®**

FasTrieve, for IBM-PC and compatibles, indexes your wordprocessing documents to instantly (< 1 sec.) retrieve text using your search expressions (boolean statements, phrases, spelling variations). Retrieved text can be edited, printed, and saved to disk. Retails for \$99. Discounts available

System Automation Software, Inc. 8555 16th St., Silver Spring, MD 20910 1-800-321-3267 or 1-301-565-8080

Inquiry 721.

#### \$79.95!!

Buy the RED Utilities now! Programs include: Disk cache to speed hard disk. Printer spooler. Batch file compiler. Path command for data files. Wild card exceptions. Protect hard disk from accidental formatting. Sort directories. Over 10 more programs. IBM PC. Visa/MC.

The Wenham Software Company (617) 774-7036 5 Burley St., Wenham, MA. 01984

Inquiry 722.

#### WORD PROCESSING

#### FARSI / GREEK / ARABIC / RUSSIAN

Hebrew, all European, Scandinavian, plus either Hindi, Pun-jabi, Bengali, Gujarati, Tamii, Tha, Korean, Viet, or IPA Full-[ab], Bengali, Gujarati, Tamii, Thai, Korean, Viet, or the Your leatured multi-language word processor supports on-screen foreign characters and NLO printing with no hardware modifications. Includes Font Editor, \$355 dor matrix; \$150 add' for laser; \$19 demo. SV in U.S. Incid. Req. PC, 640K, graphics. 30 day Guarantee. MC/VISA/AMEX

GAMMA PRODUCTIONS, INC. 710 Wilshire Blvd., Suite 609, Santa Monica, CA 90401 213/394-8622 Tix: 5106008273 Gamma Pro SNM

Inquiry 723.

#### DuangJan

Bilingual word processor for English and: Armenian, Bengali Euro/Latin, Greek, Hindi, Khmer, Lao, Punjabi, Russian, Sinhalese, Tamil, Thal, Viet. \$109+\$5 s/h (toreign + \$12 s/h). Font editor includ-ed. For IBM with dol-matrix & LaserJet printer. Demo \$6 + \$1 s/h.

MegaChomp Company 4 Cottman Ave., Philadelphia, PA 19149-1606 (215) 331-2748 3524 Co

Inquiry 724.

#### PC-Write<sup>™</sup> Shareware Ver. 2.71

Fast, full featured word processor/text editor for IBM PC. With spell check, screen clip, mailmerge, split Screen, ASCII files, macros Easy to use. Supports 400 printers - LaserJet + and PostScript. Software, User Guide, and Tutorial on 2 disks for \$16. Try it, then register with us for only \$69 and get User Manual, 1 year tele-support, newsletter and 2 upgrades. 90-day guarantee. VISAVMC.

Quicksoft 1-800-888-8088 CALL TODAY! 219 First N., #224-BYTC, Seattle, WA 98109

Inquiry 725.



Circle 33 on Reader Service Card

**World Radio History** 

AUGUST 1988 • B Y T E 263



## Mail-OrderElectronics24 HOUR ORDER HOTLINEALL OTHER INQUIRIES (7AM-5PM PST)415-592-8097415-592-8121

NEC V20 & V30 CHIPS	MICROPROCESSOR COMPONENTS	MISC. COMPONENTS
Replace the 8086 or 8088 in Your IBM-PC and Part No. Increase ha Speed by up to 40%! Price	MISCELLANEOUS CHIPS 6500/6800/68000 Cont. 8000 SERIES Cont. Part No. Price Part No. Price Part No. Price	TANTALUM CAPACITORS
UPD70108-5 (5MHz) V20 Chip \$ 7.49	D765AC 4-95 3.95 6845	IM         1/35         1/1 @ 35V         18         IM47/35         47µ1 @ 35V         45           IM1/35         1µ1 @ 35V         .18         IM68/35         68µ1 @ 35V         49
UPD70108-8 (8MHz) V20 Chip \$ 8.95	WD9216 695 495 6850 195 8237-5 495 449 95H90 995 495 6852 195 8243 225 1.75	TM 2/35 2 2µl @ 35V 24 TM10/35 10µl @ 35V 69
UPD70108-10 (10MHz) V20 Chip <del>\$21.95</del> \$14.95 UPD70116-8 (8MHz) V30 Chip \$11.95	Z80, Z80A, Z80B SERIES         6854.         1.49         1.19         8250A.         6.49           Z80.         1.25         .99         MC68000L8         11.95         9.95         8250B (For IBM)	POTENTIOMETERS
UPD70116-10 (10MHz) V30 Chip \$24.95 \$19.95	Z80-CTC	Values available (insert ohms into space marked "XX"); 500s), 1K, 2K, 5K, 10K, 20K, 50K, 100K, 200K, 1MEG
7400	Z80-PI0	43PXX % Watt, 15 Turn
Part No. 1-9 10+ Part No. 1-9 10+	Z80A-CTC. 1,79 8031. 3.95 8259-5. 225 Z80A-DART 4.95 80C31. 9.95 8272 495 3.95	TRANSISTORS AND DIODES
7400         29         19         7485         .65         .55           7402         29         19         7486         .45         .35	Z80A-PI0	2N2222A 35 2N4401 12 1N4148
7404         .29         .19         7489.         .205         1.95           7405         .35         25         7490.         .49         .39	Z80B	2N3055 65 1N270. 25 1N4735
7406	Z80B-Pi0	SWITCHES
7408         .35         .25         74123         .55         .45           7410         .29         .19         74125         .55         .45	6500/6800/68000 SER. 8087(5MHz) .99.95 8751 (35 8MHz)39.95 6502	JMT123 SPDI, 0n:0n 1.19 206-8 SPDI, 16-pin 0/P 1.29 MPC121 SPDI, 0n:0fl 0n1.19 MS102 SPST, Momentary .39
7414.         .49         39         74126.         .69         .59           7416.         .39         29         74143         .3.95         3.85	65C02(CMOS) <del>695</del> 7.75 8087-2(8MHz) 159.95 8755	D-SUB CONNECTORS
7417         .39         29         74150         1.35         1.25           7420         .35         .25         .74154         1.35         1.25	6532	DB25P Mile 25-pm .75 DB25S Female, 25-pm .79
7430.         .35         .25         74158.         .459         .99           7432.         .39         .29         74173         .85         .75	65C802 (CM0S) 19 95 15 95 81 55-2	LEDS
7438         .39         29         74174         .59         .49           7442         .55         .45         74175         .59         .49	6802	XC556R T14, Red 12 XC556Y T14, Yellow 15 XC556G T14, Green. 15 XC556C T14, Green 15
7445	6821. 1.75 8212. 2.29 AY-3-1015D. 4.95	IC SOCKETS
7447	HI-3-1010H	Low Profile Wire Wrap (Gold) Level #3
7472.         .89         .79         74198         .1.85         1.75           7473.         .39         .29         74221         .99         .89	MICROPROCESSOR SALE!	8LP
7474.         .39         29         74273         1.95         1.85           7475.         .49         .39         74365.         .65         .55	Part No. Price	16LP
7476	8052AHBASIC CPU w/BASIC Interpreter	28LP 27 28WW 1.39 40LP .29 40WW 1.89
74LS	MC68008L8 32-Bit MPU (8-Bit Data Bus)	Soldertail Standard (Gold & Tin) & Header Plug Sockets Also Available
74LS00         29         .19         74LS165         .75         .65           74LS02         .29         .19         74LS166         .99         .89	MC68705P3S 8-Bit EPROM Microcomputer <del>\$14.95</del> \$9.95	74HCHI-SPEED CMOS
74LS04	MC68705U3S 8-Bit EPROM Microcomputer \$10.95	Part No.         Price         Part No.         Price           74HC00         25 .19         74HC175         69 .49
74LS06109 .99 74LS17549 .39 74LS07109 .99 74LS1894.59 4.49	80286-10 16-Bit Hi Performance MPU \$99.95	74HC02 <del>25</del> 19 74HC221 <del>1 19</del> 89 74HC04 <del>29</del> 19 74HC240 <del>99</del> 69
74LS08	80287-8 Math Co-processor (8MHz) \$245.95 80287-10 Math Co-processor (10MHz) \$309.95	74HC08 <del>29</del> 19 74HC244 <del>99</del> 69 74HC10 <del>29</del> 19 74HC245 <del>99</del> 79
74LS14	80387-16 Math Co-proc. (16MHz) GRIO ARRAY \$494.95	74HC14 49 29 74HC253 59 39 74HC30 29 19 74HC259 89 39
74LS30. 29 .19 74LS243. 69 .59 74LS32. 35 .25 74LS244. 69 .59	80387-20 Math Co-proc. (20MHz) GRIO ARRAY \$795.95	74HC32 29 25 74HC273
74LS42 49 39 74LS245 89 79 74LS47 99 89 74LS259 99 89	COMMODORE CHIPS	74HC74
74LS73	Part No. OYNAMIC RAMS Price Part No. Price	74HC85
74LS75	*4116-15 16384 x 1 (150ns) 1.09 LAG570 1095 9.95	74HC123
74LS85	4128-20 131,072 x 1 (200ns) (Piggyback) 9:25 2.75 WD1770 41:95 9:95 4164-100 65:536 x 1 (100ns)	74HC132 -69 39 74HC4050 -59 .39
74LS90	4164 150 65,536 x 1 (150ns)	74HC139 49 .39 74HC4511 129 .99
74LS12359 49 74LS37479 69 74LS12549 39 74LS39389 79	*TMS4416-12 16,384 x 4 (120ns). 995 6510. 995	74HC163 65 39 74HC4538 89
74LS13849 .39 74LS5906.05 5.95 74LS13949 .39 74LS624 <del>2.05</del> 1.49	41256-80         262,144 x 1         (80ns)         14,95         6525         -4.95         2.49           *41256-100         262,144 x 1         (100ns)         14.49         6526         -14.95         12.95	<b>74HC174</b>
74LS154	'41256-120         262,144 x 1         (120ns)         13.95         6529         2.95           '41256-150         262,144 x 1         (150ns)         12.95         6545-1         495 3.25	74HCT00
74LS158	50464-15 65.536 X 4 (150ns) (4464) 10.95 6560 10.95	74HCT02 29 17 74HCT157 69 19 74HCT04 29 17 74HCT174 69 35
74LS164	6569 <del>24.95</del> 15 95	74HCT08
74S/PROMS*	*2016-12 2048 x 8 (120ns). 4.95 6581 (120n table	74HCT32 - 29 21 74HCT244 - 99 .39 74HCT74 - 49 25 74HCT245 - 19 79
74S00.         29         74S188*         1.49           74S04.         29         74S189         1.69	2018-45         2048 x8         (45ns)         6.95         6582 (9V)         4.95           2102         1024 x1         (350ns)         .89         8360         14.95           2114N         1024 x4         (450ns)         .99         8360         14.95	74HCT36
74S08	2114N 2L 1024 x 4 (200ns) Low Power	LINEAR
74S32	5101 256 x 4 (450ns) CMOS	DS0026CN 1.95 LM1458N
74S85	*6116P.3         2048 x 8         (150ns) CMOS         6.49         8564         9.95         4.95           *6116LP-3         2048 x 8         (150ns) LP CMOS         6.95         8566         24.95         15.95	TL074CN         1.19         LM1488N         49           TL084CN         99         DS14C88N (CMOS)         1 19           AF100-1CN         895         LM1489N         49
74S124 2-75 1 95 74S373 149 74S174 79 74S374 149	6264LP-12 8192 x 8 (120ns) LP CMOS	LM307N
74S175	6514 1024 x 4 (350ns) CMOS. 3.49 8722. 995 6.95	LM309K
74F	EPROMS 310654-05 9.95	LM318N 99 LM1872N 195 LM319N 129 LM1872N 195 LM319N 129 LM1896N-1 149 79
74F00	TMS2516 2048 x 8 (450ns) 25V	LM323K. 3.95 ULN2003A .79 LM324N .39 XR2206 .3.95
74F08	TMS2532A 4096 x 8 (450ns) 21V. 5.95 4.49 318020-04 1095 8.95 TMS2564 8192 x 8 (450ns) 25V. 995 7.95 325302-01. 10.95	LM338K 495 XR2211 295 LM339N 39 XR2243 1.95
74F32	TMS2716 2048 x 8 (450ns) 3 Voltage	LF347N. 1.79 26LS29 3.95 2.95 LM348N. 69 26LS31, 1.19
74F86	2708 1024 x 8 (450ns)	LM350T 2 95 26LS32 1.19 LF351N
CD-CMOS	2716-1 2048 x 8 (350ns) 25V	LF353N. 49 LM2901N
CD4001	2732 4096 x 8 (450ns) 25V. 3.95 901229-05 11.95	LF356N
CD4011 .19 CD4082	2732A-25 4096 x 8 (250hs) 21V	LM360N 2 19 MC3450P 195 49
CD4013	2764-20 8192 x 8 (200ns) 21V	LM380N-8 99 85 MC3471P 195 75 LM386N-3 89 MC3479P 479
CD4017	2764A-25 8192 x 8 (250ns) 12.5V	LM387N 99 MC3486P 1 69 LM393N 39 MC3487P 1 69 99
CD4020	2764-45 8192 x 8 (450ns) 21V. 2.95 27064-15 8192 x 8 (150ns) 21V (CMOS) 6.49 27128-20 16.384 x 8 (200ns) 21V. 649 27128-20 16.384 x 8 (200ns) 21V. 649	LM399H. 2.95 LM3900N 49 LF411CN 79 LM3905N 1.19
CD4027	27128-25 16.384 x 8 (250ns) 21V	TL497ACN
CD4040	27128A-25 16.384 x 8 (250ns) 12.5V. 525 74C08 35 74C240 69 27C128-25 16.384 x 8 (250ns) 21V (CMOS) 695 74C10 35 19 74C244 1.79	NE555V 29 LM3916N 195 XRL555. 59 NE5532 69
CD4050	27256-20 32,768 x 8 (200ns) 12.5V. 6.95 74014 59 740373 195	LM556N 49 7805K (LM340K-5) 129 NE558N 89 7805K (LM340K-5) 129
CD4052	27C256 25 32,768 x 8 (250ns) 12.5V (CMOS) 795 74C32 35 74C374 195 27512-20 65,536 x 8 (200ns) 12.5V,, 13,49 74C74 59 74C912 895	LM565N 99 7815K (LM340K-15) 1.29 LM567V 79 7805T (LM340K-15) 1.29
CD4063	27512-25 65,536 x 8 (250ns) 12.5V 11.95 11.25 740851.49 740915	LM741CN. 29 7812T (LM340T-12)
CD4067	EEPROMS 74038 35 740920 4 95 74039 549 395 740921 4 95	LM747CN 59 7905K (LM320K-5) +35 99 MC1350P +09 89 7905T (LM320T-5) 59
CD4069	2815A-25         2048 x 8         (250ns) 5V Read/Write         5.95         74090         99         740922         395           2817A         2048 x 8         (350ns) 5V Read/Write	MC1377P 229 75472 59 39 MC1377P 229 75477 69 49
CD4072	52B13 (21V) 2048 x 8 (350ns) 5V Read Only 1.49 740173 +05 59 740925 5.95	LM1414N +29 .49 MC145406P 295
PARTIAL LISTING . OVER 400	O COMPONENTS AND ACCESSORIES IN STOCK! · CA	LL FOR QUANTITY DISCOUNTS
	<b>*RAM'S SUBJECT TO FREQUENT PRICE CHANGES</b>	•

1



Sales Tax FAXES: 415-592-2503 or 415-595-2664 8/88

Circle 112 on Reader Service Card

MasterCard

1355 Shoreway Rd., Belmont, CA 94002 • 24 HR. ORDER HOTLINE 415-592-8097 • All Other Inquiries (7am-5pm PST) 415-592-8121

Telex: 176043

©1988 Jameco Electronics

World Radio History

ECTRONICS



Call Toll Free:         1-8800-6224-89249           Box Box         Calcom 01431. 6273 HP 7835         1395           Abve Board 286         319 Orchd Try Turbo 255         Andre 205         Andre 205         1398         Particle View 100         139         <				Circle 51 on Reader Service Card
BOARDS         COMPUTERS           Above Board 286         319 Orchd Try Turb         259           Ast Model 286         CALL Saray PC-7100         1744           Adv. Dig. Slave         SAVE Orchid Designer         266           Ast A POI         309 Paradise 480Auto         145           Ast A POI         309 Paradise 480Auto         145           Ast A POI         309 Paradise 480Auto         145           Ast S 251 11E         559 Paradise VGA         238           NU GA Wonder         .172 STB VGA EM         299           Samung Laptops SAVE Toshiba 31000         728           BCA AM AT         220 Stagma VGA H         .220           Samy CC 7000A         .1165 Toshiba 31000         728           Samy CC 7000A         .1165 Toshiba 3100         728           Shary AS2 Toshiba 7120H         .201 Yega Deluze         .101 STM Stagma PC-7000A           Genoa GA HiRes         .201 Yega Deluze         .105 Toshiba 3100         .201 Stagma PC-7000A           Ander SIBWWE Vererk/Winker 100 Computence         .201 Yega Deluze         .201 Yega Adagma PC-4000         .201 Yega Adagma PC-4000           Ander SIBWWE Vererk/Winker 30 Computence         .201 Yega Adagma PC-202 Yega VGA:         .201 Yega Adagma PC-202 Yega VGA:         .201 Yega Adagma PC-202 Yega VGA:			Calcomp 1023GT _ 3785 Houston 624495 Calcomp 59023395 HP 74751395 Calcomp 1043GT . 6275 HP 7550 A2895 Enter SP 18003095 HP 75957595	Alps Allegro 24         365         NEC 5200         528           Canon BJ 130         795         NEC 5300         698           Citizen120D         142         NEC P5XL         815           Citizen 180D         158         NEC P9XL         1018
Hercules VGA       242 Video 7 Vega VGA.252       Acer 80386:16 MH/2/0 Wait/ Meg Ram       2745         Metheus 1104       1099 VMI IM 1024       2795         Arist/BNWE/verex/Number 9/Computone       CALL         Taltree/Quadram/Verticom/Intel/West. Dig.       CALL         NEC Powermate Portable 286/640k/20M       3095         Sperry PC IT 512k/44M HD/Keyboard       3095         Sperry PC IT 512k/44M HD/Keyboard       7565         Yee 2008: 8 MH/2/512k/1.2M Drive       1565         Samsung S500 AT: 10MH/2/MD Drive       1595         Yee 2108: 8 MH/2/512k/1.2M Drive       1595         Yee 212k: 12.5 MH/2/ Wait/1.2M Drive       1599         Yee 212k: 12.5 MH/2/ Wait/1.2M Drive       1699         Yee 212k: 12.5 MH/2/ Wait/1.2M Drive/       1699         Yee 212k: 12.5 MH/2/ Wait/1.2M Drive/ <td>Above Board 286         319 Orchid Tiny Turbo         259           Adv. Dig. Slave         SAVE Orchid Designer         268           AST 4 Port         309 Paradise 480Auto         145           AST 5251-11E         595 Paradise VGA+         238           ATI VGA Wonder         .SAVE Paradise VGA Pro         352           ATI EGA Wonder         .172 STB VGA EM         299           BOCA RAM AT        </td> <td>AST Model 286 CALL Sharp PC-7100</td> <td>Houston 41/42 2095 Ioline 4000 3995 Houston 61 3295 Roland 980 1195 Houston 56A 3795 Roland 880 929 Numonics/Taxan/Versatec/JDL/Other Models CALL <b>DIGITIZERS</b> Calcomp12 x12 365 Kurta IS 12 x 12 315 Calcomp36 x 48 3195 Kurta IS 12 x 17 535 GTCO 24 x36 1945 Summa 12 x 12 + 348</td> <td>Citizen MSP45         408         Panasonic 1091M2         198           Fujitsu DL3400         512         Panasonic 1524         549           Okidata 390         475         Panasonic 1595         439           Okidata 391         649         Star NX1000         169           NEC P2200        </td>	Above Board 286         319 Orchid Tiny Turbo         259           Adv. Dig. Slave         SAVE Orchid Designer         268           AST 4 Port         309 Paradise 480Auto         145           AST 5251-11E         595 Paradise VGA+         238           ATI VGA Wonder         .SAVE Paradise VGA Pro         352           ATI EGA Wonder         .172 STB VGA EM         299           BOCA RAM AT	AST Model 286 CALL Sharp PC-7100	Houston 41/42 2095 Ioline 4000 3995 Houston 61 3295 Roland 980 1195 Houston 56A 3795 Roland 880 929 Numonics/Taxan/Versatec/JDL/Other Models CALL <b>DIGITIZERS</b> Calcomp12 x12 365 Kurta IS 12 x 12 315 Calcomp36 x 48 3195 Kurta IS 12 x 17 535 GTCO 24 x36 1945 Summa 12 x 12 + 348	Citizen MSP45         408         Panasonic 1091M2         198           Fujitsu DL3400         512         Panasonic 1524         549           Okidata 390         475         Panasonic 1595         439           Okidata 391         649         Star NX1000         169           NEC P2200
NEC Multisync +	Hercules VGA         242 Video 7 Vega VGA .252           Metheus 1104         1099 VMI IM 1024         2795           Artist/BNW/Everex/Number 9/Computone         CALL           Tailtree/Quadram/Verticonvintel/West. Dig         CALL           MONITORS         CALL           Amdek 310A         69 PGS Ultra Synch         498           Amdek 1280         645 PGS LM 300         539           Intercolor 19*VGA         1595 Tatung Multiscan         479           Mitsubishi 1371A         489 Taxan 770+         515           Mitsubishi 20* Auto         1845 Thomson 4160RGB         225	Acer 80386:16 MHz/0 Wait/1 Meg Ram         2745           Acer 80386:20 MHz/0 Wait         CALL           NEC Powermate Portable 286/640k/20M         2645           Sperry PC IT 512k/44M HD/Keyboard         2795           Samsung S500 AT: 10MHz/40M Drive         1565           Televideo 386: 16 MHz/2m1 2M Drive         2595           Wyse 2108: 8 MHz/512k/1.2M Drive         1199           Wyse 2112: 12.5 MHz/1M/1.2M Drive         1695           Wyse 2114: 12.5 MHz/1M/1.2M Drive         1695           Wyse 386: 16 MHz/1M/1.2M Drive         2695	Hitachi 11 x 11         439 Summa 24 x 36         3095           Kurta IS 3         CALL Summa 42 x 60         4195           MODEMS         ATI ETC.         159 Novation Parrot         85           Anchor 2400E         145 Practical 1200I         65           AST 9600         779 Prometheus 2400B 2         119           Avatex 1200 Ext.         95 Prometheus 2400G         149           Hayes 1200         279 Racal-Vadic 2400VP .399         142 USR Courier 2400         299           Incomm T2400 MNP         235 USR 2400E         345	C Compiler 5.1 279 MS Word 4.0
PG Hand Scanner 158 Datacopy 730 1095 Televideo 905 315 Wyse 856 399 PGS LS-300 /w PC Paintbrush & OCR 965 Televideo 955 375 Wyse 99GT 469 AST/Hewiett Packard TaxanOthers CALL Visual inv/DiFAdetSume/Faico CALL credit cards and selected PO's are accepted.	NEC Multisync +	ITT/Ártos/Compag/AT&T/Apple	Multitech 224 EH	PlusCard 40M

International orders are welcome.



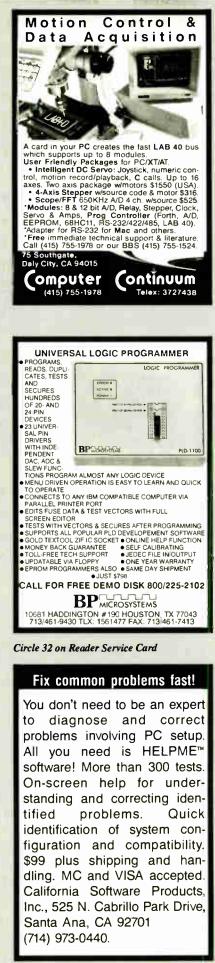


Circle 192 on Reader Service Card

Circle 193 on Reader Service Card World Radio History Circle 194 on Reader Service Card







Circle 37 on Reader Service Card

**World Radio History** 

(DEALERS: 38)

Circle 80 on Reader Service Card \*FREE 3M Headcleaning Kit 05-00 DS-HD Available .73<sup>\*</sup> 1.49 5.25" 1.59 4.753.50" OC-1000 ....12.80 DC-300XLP .... 19.65 .... 17.40 DC-600A ..... 21.85 DC-2000 HOLLY World's Finest Professional Quality Color Diskettes Unlike other "so-called manufacturers" (fabricators, in reality) these color diskettes are Wholly KAO! ■ LIFETIME WARRANT ■ 75%+ CLIPPING LEVEL ■ 100% Tested & Certified ■ 110% of Industry Standards ■ Rainbow Colon Pack or Solid Pack for organizing your data files ■ Sturdy re-usable plastic storage box, includes Tyvek sleeves, ID labels & W/P tabs 1.69 .... in Piastic Storage Box .... 1.35 3.50" High Density 2MB ..... 3.49 SUMMER SPECIALS ★ Box of Ten 5 25" DS/DD-48 TPI 350 Disks (min 10 boxes) ✤ Plastic Storage Box of TEN 3 50" DS/DD 1290 Rainbow Color Disks (min 5 boxes) . ★ KAD High Density in Minidex/78 with 60 KAD 5.25" DS/HD "AT" 570 ★ KAO 3.50" DS/DD in Microdex/25 3300 with 25 KAD 3.50" DS/DD . 3M 3.50" DS/DD in Flip 'n File 1750 with 10 3M 3.50" DS/DD (min 5 boxes) ★ BASE in Minidex/60 with 1995 30 BASE 5 25" DS/DD (min 2 boxes) Verbatim DataLifePlus M 3.50" DS/DD 5 25" DS/HD 5.25" DS/DD .75 1.59 1.49 (min. 5 boxes) \*FREE Plastic Library Case 5.25" DS/DD 3 50" DS/DD 5 25" DS/hD 1.35 .95 65 (min. 10 boxes) as aua 5 25" DS/DD 3.50" DS/DD 5 25" DS/HD 1.32 .89 48 (min 10 boxes) 1 BLACK DISKS COLOR DISKS .29 .39 . 5.25" DS/DD 48TPL . .82 .75 ..... 5.25" DS/HD 96TPI 1.05 ..... 3.50" DS/DD 135TPF ..... 1.21 \*5 25" Bulk Disks with Tyvek color-coded ID labels and wip tabs add E¢ OUR NAME Disks/ Envelopes LOGO Put your name on the world's best diskettes! Choose from 3M, BASF, KAO Color or Sony Media. Call for Information. TERMS: VISA Mastercard or AMEX COD only add \$3.00 Prepaid orders dirduct 2% cash discount PO's accepted from recognized institutions and corporatio Net 30 Shipping: \$4/100 or fewer disks WE BEAT ANY PRICE! Toll Free Order Line: Information Line: 1-800-523-9681 1-801-255-0080 TLX-9102404712 FAX-801-572-3327 **DISKCO TECHNOLOGIES, INC.** 213 Cottage Avenue P.O. Box 1339 Sandy, Utah 84091 269 AUGUST 1988 • B Y T E



Circle 159 on Reader Service Card



Circle 50 on Reader Service Card



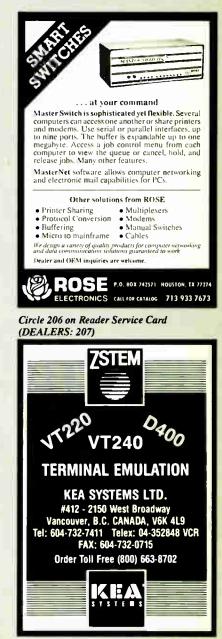


Circle 106 on Reader Service Card





Circle 53 on Reader Service Card



Circle 120 on Reader Service Card

Circle 10 on Reader Service Card World Radio History





Circle 140 on Reader Service Card





Circle 75 on Reader Service Card

World Radio History

FCC APPROVED! Sub-Mini AT! The Space Saver 3-DR. Capability THE OPT 8-Expansion Slots! Basic System: 8/10MHz Speed, Ø Wait
3-LEDs, Reset & Turbo Switch
0-1MB on Board With ØK · 200-Watt Power Supply · AT Style Keyboard 1ea 1.2M Floppy Disk Drive 1ea Floppy/H.D. Controller tea Mono Graphics Card W/Printer
 tea 12" TTL Amber Monitor W/Swivel Base Assembled & Tested \$963.00 10MHz XT Turbo Basic System: Baby AT Case W/Keylock
 4.77/10MHz Hardware 1ea Floppy Disk Controller 1ea Mono Graphics electable 8 Expansion Slots
0-640K on Board With 0K Card W/Printer • 1ea 12" TTL Amber Monitor W/Swivel 150-Watt Power Supply XT Style Keyboard Base 1ea 360K Floppy Disk Drive Assembled & Tested \$493.00 IOMHz or 12MHz AT-286 Basic System: 6/10 or 6/12 MHz Speed, 1ea 1.2MB Floppy **Disk Drive** 0 Wait 8 Expansion Slots 1ea Floppy & H.D. 0-1MB on Board With ØK Controller Regular AT Slide Case 1ea Mono Graphcis or Digital Display Case • 200-Watt Power Supply Card W/Printer 1ea 12" TTL Amber Monitor W/Swivel Base AT Style Keyboard Assembled & Tested 10MHz 12MHz **Regular Case** 938.00 1001.00 Digital Case 959.00 1022.00 PERIPHERALS AT/XT 

 PEHIPHEHALS AI/XI Floppy Disk Controller With Cable

 S22.50

 Hard Disk Controller With Cable
 \$72.20

 O-384K Multifunction Card, OK
 \$86.30

 Monochrome Graphics Printer Card
 \$43.80

 Color Graphics Printer Card
 \$50.00

 Enhanced Graphics Printer Card
 \$50.00

 Dolar Game I/O Card
 \$18.80

 Dual Game I/O Card
 \$18.80

 Dual Game I/O Card
 \$18.80

 Serial I/O Card
 \$18.80

 Multi I/O W/Controller
 \$61.30

 Multi I/O W/Controller
 \$63.30

 No-Stot-Clock
 \$28.80

 A:77/10MHz XT Turbo Motherboard
 \$93.80

 A:77/10MHz XT Turbo Motherboard
 \$93.80

 XT Flip Top Case
 \$35.30

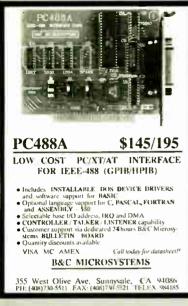
 XT Flip Top Case
 \$32.90

 Baby AT Case, XT
 \$47.10

 150-Watt Power Supply
 \$48.80

 For XT 234 5.6.7 89 10 11 12 13 15. 16 18 19 21 22 23 24 For AT Floppy/H.D. Controller W/Cables 128K RAM Card, 0K 2MB EMS RAM Card, 0K Seriai/Parallel Card 6/10MHz AT Motherboard, 0 Wait 6/12MHz AIn Motherboard, 0 Wait 8/10MHz Mini AT Motherboard, 0 Wait AT SLide Case AT SLide Case W/Digital Display Mini AT Slide Case 200-Watt Power Supply 200-Watt Power Supply 200-Watt Power Supply (UL) 200-Watt Power Supply For Mini AT For AT \$156.30 \$68.80 26 \$123.80 \$46.30 \$331.30 27 29 30 31 \$393.80 32 \$64.70 85.90 61.20 81.30 33 35 36 95.00 78.80 ORDER HOT LINE 1-800-543-5107 Technical Information (714) 990-2097 Hours: Mon. - Fri. 9:00 am - 6:00 pm PST Please write for our complete price list JAWIN COMPUTER PRODUCTS 565 W. Lambert Rd., #C VHA Brea, CA 92621 Terms: Please add 5% (or \$2.00, whichever is higher) plus 254 for each \$100.00 CA residents please add 6% sales tax. We accept VISA/MC/Cash Personal checks please allow 2 weeks to clear All merchandise is warranted for 1 year unless otherwise stated AUGUST 1988 • BYTE 271

Circle 113 on Reader Service Card (DEALERS: 114)



#### Circle 21 on Reader Service Card

#### **Dealers!**

Network-OS LAN Systems - Includes Boards, Cabiling, Terminators and Software. Two-user hardware and software for under \$1,000 list!

Close-Up Remote Communications - Support your customer without leaving your office. Authored by Cogitate for Norton-Lambert!

Context Sensitive Help for DataFlex, RM/ COBOL, Clipper and dBase III - Puts your application's documentation "on line."

DataFlex Database Management - True Multi-User database for MS/PC-DOS, Unix and Xenix. Site licensing available.

Dump/Restore-XT - Seven utilities for the MS/ PC-DOS user.

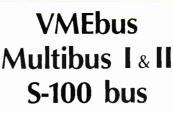
Call or write today for our catalog and pricing!

COGITATE, INCORPORATED "A Higher Form of Software" 24000 Telegraph Road Southfield, MI 48034 (313) 352-2345/Telex: 386581 Vise/MasterCard Accepted

Circle 48 on Reader Service Card



Circle 63 on Reader Service Card



To achieve performance, you need a performance bus. To find out the latest information on any of the above buses, you need

## **SUPERMICRO**

the magazine for integrators and users of VME, Multibus, and S-100.

SUPERMICRO, PO Box 2089, Proxo, UT 84603

To find out how you can receive a trial issue, circle the number below.

Circle 227 on Reader Service Card



Circle 62 on Reader Service Card

OPTICAL DISKS
LASERDRIVE
as featured in PC WEEK 4/26/88 • 800MB storage on single disk • connecting to any host via SCSi interface
• Plug'n Play to any operating system only <b>\$4995</b> Limited time only
PANASONIC LS5000 \$2495 - 200 MB
OPTICAL MEDIA For IBM & Panasonic Optical Drives - <b>\$52</b>
We carry a full line of 51/4" & 12" Optical Drives
SKAN TEKNOLOGIES, INC. optical storage systems (212) 809-5570 (516)295-2237





Circle 220 on Reader Service Card





Circle 64 on Reader Service Card

Circle 217 on Reader Service Card



Circle 233 on Reader Service Card





Circle 210 on Reader Service Card



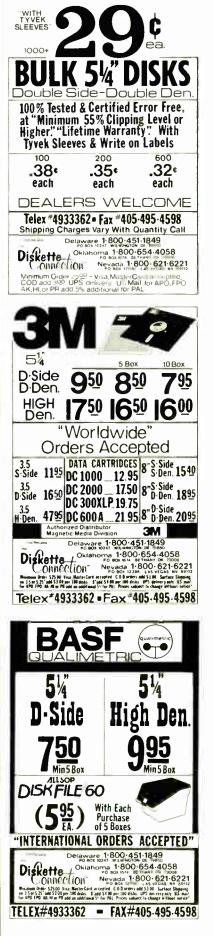
gram for Z80 or HD64180

This professional, IBM-PC based, compiler is a complete implementation of the "C" language for the Z80 or HD64180 microprocessor. Includes features such as: function prototyping, 31-character names, single precision floating point, full library source, M80-L80 and SLR Systems #ompatibility, etc. Hi-Tech™ "C" has been established for years in Australia. Pricing from \$295.00. We also have Z80/HD64180 co-processor cards for IBM-PC and PC/AT. Call for a full catalog of Microprocessor development tools.

Z-World 1772A Picasso Ave. Davis, CA 95615 (916) 753-3722 In Germany: iSystem Tel: 08131/1687

Circle 260 on Reader Service Card





Circle 81 on Reader Service Card





#### CONTINUOUS FORM LABELS

CONTINU	000310		JELJ	
Size	Across	Box Oty.	Price/1,000	
23/4 x 7/16	1 across	10,000	\$1.95	
2 <sup>3</sup> /4 x 7/16	4 across	20,000	\$1.95	
21/2 x 15/16	1 across	5,000	\$2.18	
21/2 x 15/16	3 across	15,000	\$1.98	
23/4 x 23/4°	1 across	2,500	\$12.00	
23/4 x 1-7/16	1 across	5,000	\$3.00	
3 x 15/16	4 across	20,000	\$2.00	
3.3 x 15/16	4 across	20,000	\$2.05	
31/2 x 15/16	1 across	5,000	\$1.90	
31/2 x 15/16	2 across	10,000	\$1.90	
31/2 x 15/16	3 across	15,000	\$1.90	
31/2 x 15/16	4 across	20,000	\$1.90	
4 x 15/16	1 across	5,000	\$3.21	
4 x 15/16	3 across	15,000	\$3.21	
4 x 1-7/16	1 across	5,000	\$3.25	
4 x 1-7/16	3 across	15,000	\$3.25	
	quoted for t igned for th			
	-			
"The Quality Disk & Label Specialist				

The Quality Disk & Label Specialist Since 1982" 1040 Broadway Westville, NJ 08093 609-456-6996 FAX# 609-456-7172 All products assembled in the U.S.A. All orders F.O.B. Westville, NJ C.O.D. orders add \$2.20



#### Sand Btr cor-cor-1 )::: Bond CHB (Checkey Frint Becasi E 3.90 7 4 01 Curves, ellipses Any size symbols User defined library \* Paper size to 34" x 44" \*WYSIWYG Pop-up menus Automatic PANning to scan drawing quickly Hercules monochrome, CGA, EGA IBM/EPSON, NEC, OKIDATA, HP LaserJet HP-GL, DM/PL, SweetP plotters VISA **Daytron Electronics** Add s&h (\$4 USA, \$20 foreign) 610 S. Sherman,#104 Texas residents add 8% sales tax Richardson, Tx 75081 CALL 1-214-669-2137

Circle 74 on Reader Service Card



Circle 126 on Reader Service Card



Vopt is the fast, safe disk organizer. It will guickly eliminate the file fragmentation that slows your disk operations.

Vopt includes Vmap for viewing the organization of your disks plus numerous other utilities that test and report on the efficiency of your system.

Call for a free demo disk!

\$3 shipping/handling \$59.95 CA add 6.5% sales tax.

GOLDEN BOW SYSTEMS 2870 Fifth Ave., Suite 201 San Diego, CA 92103 800/284-3269

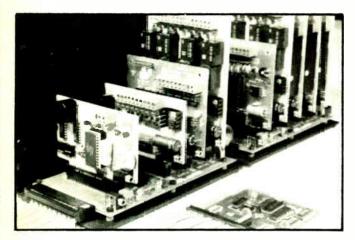
Circle 95 on Reader Service Card



Ι	Cs PRC	DAY SH	T DEI	LIVER	Y!!!
	OUTSIDE OK				
			IC RAM		
ćt.		8Kx9	100 ns	\$600.00	TATIN
15		8Kx1	100 ns	36.25	* CLUM
돌물		6 <b>Kx</b> 1	60 ns	16.00	ORAN
Zer		6Kx1	80 ns	15.30	Pon
		6Kx1	100 ns	14.50	+000
VDE e &		6Kx1	100 ns	15.50	24.4
UPGRAD Portable		6Kx1	120 ns	13.25	` <u>9</u> 2
Out		6Kx1	150 ns	11.75	37
	<b>41264</b> + 6	4Kx4 EPR	120 ns	16.95	036
I HEHBD Compaq	27C1000 12	EPR 8Kx8	200 ns	\$37,50	~~~~
포칭		4Kx8	200 ns	14.95	7-8
52		2Kx8	250 ns	7.50	80287-8 5245.00
N X		6Kx8	250 ns	6.95	80 S2
PC			RAM	0.95	. <del>.</del> .
÷₩8		2Kx8	120 ns	\$16.50	7-2
-	6264P-12	8Kx8	120 ns	13.75	8087 S160
OPEN	61/2 DAYS, 7:30 A	м-10 рм	SHIP VIA	FED-EX O	N SAT.
WE EX	PORT ONLY TO CANAL				ANDS
SAT DELIVERY MasterCard VISA or UPS CASH COD INCLUDED ON Factory New, Prime Parts uPco					
FED-EX ORDERS HIC DODDOC FCC ODC HIM HAITED HIC					
24 000 S Peona Ave . (010) 067 4061					
Pr. P-1 \$18,25 1 a No minimum order. Please note that proces are subject to					
change Shipping A maximum share of the state of the state of the state and address of the state					

Circle 148 on Reader Service Card

The Amazing A-BUS



An A-BUS system with two Motherboards A-BUS adapter (IBM) in foreground

## Plug into the future

With the A-BUS you can plug your PC (IBM, Apple, TRS-80) into a future of exciting new applications in the fields of control, monitoring, automation, sensing, robotics, etc.

Alpha's modular A-BUS offers a proven method to build your "custom" system today. Tomorrow, when you are ready to take another step, you will be able to add more functions. This is ideal for first time experimenting and teaching.

A-BUS control can be entirely done in simple BASIC or Pascal, and no knowledge of electronics is required!

An A-BUS system consists of the A-BUS adapter plugged into your computer and a cable to connect the Adapter to 1 or 2 A-BUS cards. The same cable will also fit an A-BUS Motherboard for expansion up to 25 cards in any combination.

The A-BUS is backed by Alpha's continuing support (our 11th year, 50000 customers in over 60 countries).

The complete set of A-BUS User's Manuals is available for \$10.

#### About the A-BUS:

 All the A-BUS cards are very easy to use with any language that can read or write to a Port or Memory. In BASIC, use INP and OUT (or PEEK and POKE with Apples and Tandy Color Computers)

They are all compatible with each other. You can mix and match up to 25 cards to fit your application. Card addresses are easily set with jumpers. • A-BUS cards are shipped with power supplies (except PD-123) and detailed manuals (including schematics and programming examples)

#### **Relay Card**

RE-140: \$129 Includes eight industrial relays. (3 amp contacts. SPST) individually controlled and latched. 8 LED's show status. Easy to use (OUT or POKE in BASIC). Card address is jumper selectable.

Reed Relay Card RE-156: \$99 Same features as above, but uses 8 Reed Relays to switch low level signals. (20mA max). Use as a channel selector solid state relay driver, etc.

Analog Input Card AD-142: \$129 Eight analog inputs. 0 to +5V range can be exwanded to 100V by adding a resistor. 8 bit resolution (20mV). Conversion time 120us. Perfect to measure voltage, temperature, light levels, pressure, etc. Very easy to use.

12 Bit A/D Converter AN-146: \$139 This analog to digital converter is accurate to C25%. Input range is -4V to +4V. Resolution: 1 millivolt. The on board amplifier boosts signals up to 50 times to read microvolts. Conversion time is 130ms. Ideal for thermocouple, strain gauge, etc. 1 channel. (Expand to 8 channels using the RE-156 card).

Digital Input Card IN-141: \$59 The eight inputs are optically isolated, soit's safe and easy to connect any "on/off" devices, such as switches, thermostats, alarm loops, etc. to your computer. To read the eight inputs, simply use BASIC INP (or PEEK).

24 Line TTL I/O DG-148: \$65 Connect 24 input or output signals (switches or any TTL device) to your computer. The card can be set for input, latched output, strobed output. strobed input, and/or bidirectional strobed #0. Uses the 8255A chip.

**Clock with Alarm** CL-144: \$89 Powerful clock/calendar with: battery backup for Time, Date and Alarm setting (time and date); built in alarm relay, led and buzzer; timing to 1/100 second. Easy to use decimal format. Lithium battery included

Touch Tone® Decoder PH-145: \$79 Each tone is converted into a number which is stored on the board. Simply, read the number with INP or POKE. Use for remote control projects, etc.

A-BUS Prototyping Card PR-152: \$15 31/2 by 41/2 in, with power and ground bus. Fits up to 10 1.C.s

Add \$3.00 per order for shipping. Visa, MC, checks, M.O. welcome. CT & NY residents add sales tax. C.O.D. add \$3.00 extra. Canada: shipping is \$5 Overseas add 10%

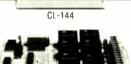




Circle 12 on Reader Service Card



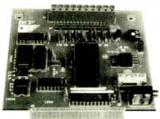




**RE-140** 



IN-141



AD-142

ALPHA Products

242-B West Avenue, Darien, CT 06820

motors simultaneously. Incredibly, it accepts plain English commands like "Move arm 10.2 inches left". Many complex sequences can be defined as "macros" and stored in the on board memory. For each axis, you can controlcoordinate (relative or absolute), ramping, speed, step type (half, full, wave). scale factor, units, holding power, etc. Many inputs: 8 limit & "wait until" switches, panic button, etc. On the fly reporting of position, speed, etc. On board drivers (350mA) for small steppers (MO-103) Send for SC-149 flyer **Remote Control Keypad Option** RC-121: \$49 To control the 4 motors directly, and "teach" sequences of motions. PD-123: \$89 Power Driver Board Option Boost controller drive to 5 amps per phase. For two motors (eight drivers). **Breakout Board Option** BB-122: \$19 For easy connection of 2 motors 3 ft, cable ends with screw terminal board

Smart Stepper Controller SC-149: \$299

World's finest stepper controller. On board microorocessor controls 4

Stepper Motor Driver ST-143: \$79

Stepper motors are the ultimate in motion control. The special package (below) includes everything you need to get familiar with them. Each card drives two stepper motors (12V, bidirectional, 4 phase, 350mA per phase). Special Package: 2 motors (MO-103) + ST-143: PA-181: \$99

## Stepper Motors MO-103: \$15 or 4 for \$39 Pancake type, 2¼" dia, ¼" shaft, 7 5°/step. 4 phase bidirectional, 300

step/sec, 12V, 36 ohm, bipolar, 5 oz-in torque, same as Airpax K82701-P2.

#### **Current Developments**

Intelligent Voice Synthesizer, 14 Bit Analog to Digital converter, 4 Channel Digital to Analog converter, Counter Timer, Voice Recognition.

#### A-BUS Adapters for:

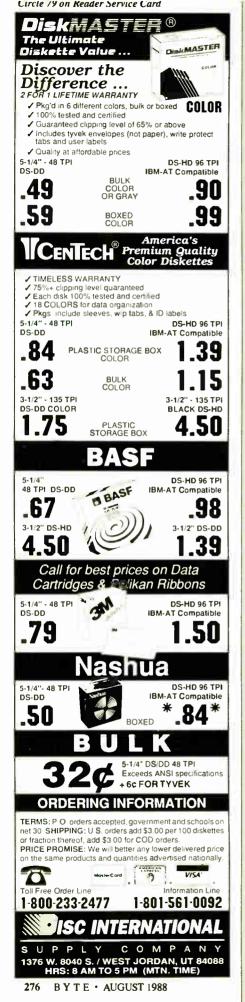
IBM PC, XT, AT and compatibles. Uses one short slot	AR-133\$69
Tandy 1000, 1000 EX & SX, 1200, 3000. Uses one short slot	AR-133\$69
Apple II, II+, IIe. Uses any slot	AR-134\$49
TRS-80 Model 102, 200 Plugs into 40 pin "system bus"	AR-136\$69
Model 100. Uses 40 pin socket (Socket is duplicated on adapter)	AR-135\$69
TRS-80 Mod 3,4,4 D. Fits 50 pin bus (With hard disk-use Y-cable)	AR-132\$49
TRS-80 Model 4P. Includes extra cable (50 pin bus is recessed)	AR-137\$62
TRS-80 Model I. Plugs into 40 pin I/O bus on K8 or E/I	AR-131\$39
Color Computers (Tandy).Fits ROM slot Multipak. or Y-cable	AR-138\$49

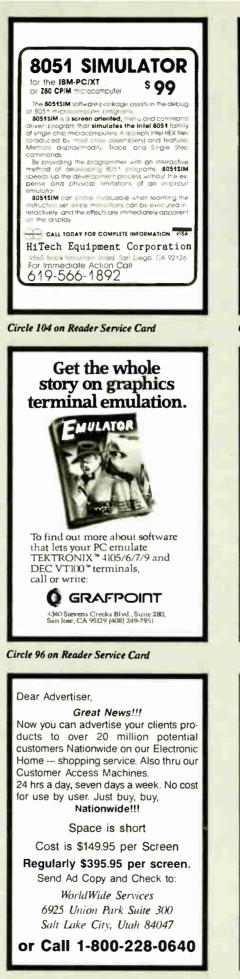
A-BUS Cable (3 ft, 50 cond.) CA-163: \$24 Connects the A-BUS adapter to one A-BUS card or to first Motherboard. Special cable for two A-BUS cards: CA-162: \$34

#### A-BUS Motherboard MB-120: \$99 Each Motherboard holds five A-BUS cards. A sixth connector allows a second Motherboard to be added to the first (with connecting cable CA-161: \$12). Up to five Motherboards can be joined this way to a single A-BUS adapter. Sturdy aluminum frame and card guides included.

Technical info: (203) 656-1806 Orders only 800 221-0916 Except in CT Connecticut orders: (203) 348-9436 All lines open weekdays 9 to 5 Eastern time

World Radio History







\*A 5% fee is added to each Item ordered.

Call Now!!!

#### 1-800-228-0640

WorldWide Services 6925 Union Park Suite 300 Salt Lake City, Utah 84047

Circle 251 on Reader Service Card

World Radio History

Circle 252 on Reader Service Card



Circle 139 on Reader Service Card

World Radio History

AUGUST 1988 • B Y T E 27



Circle 254 on Reader Service Card



Circle 161 on Reader Service Card



Circle 195 on Reader Service Card



Circle 143 on Reader Service Card

## DATA ACQUISITION TO GO NTERFACE FOR ANY COMPUTER FREE IBM SOFTWARE Impacts via RS-232. Fully IBM compatible. Built-in BASIC. Stand alone capability. Expandable. Battery Option. Basic system: 16 ch. 12 bit A/D, 2 ch. D/A, 32 bit Digital I/O. Expansion boards available. Direct Bus units for many computers. (201) 299-1615 P.O. Box 246, Morris Plains, NJ 07950

Circle 84 on Reader Service Card

Mea	LOG I/O and DSP ideal for PC based surement/Test, Control, stics, and Signal Processing
PC-12	•16 SE or 8 DF inputs, programmable gain amplifier, precision S/H, 12-bit A/D, dual 12-bit D/A, I/O Filters, 8-bit digital I/O, memory mapped I/O assisted by timer. \$650.
p	•12-bit A/D & D/A with I/O Filters and timer, for voice I/O, IEEE Speech Course, etc. \$450.
PC-DMA12	2e12-bit A/D and D/A to 100 KHz, duai- channel DMA controller for concurrent I/O capability, programmable H/W timer for zero timing jitter, I/O filters, program- mable gain and offset amplifiler, 16-chan- nel auto-scan multiplexer, 8-bit digital I/O, etc. \$1250.
	6•Features compatible to PC-DMA, but with 16-bit A/D and dual 16-bit D/A. \$1595.
PC-DSP 22	2 e22-bit floating point DSP board for PC, compatible to the above PC-DMA boards for R/T DSP, 1 K complex FFT in 10msec.
SAMPLE	hard disk transfer, search, audio edit, etc.
D/Aservo	v products include 1 MHz 12-bit A/D and motor controller, etc. All products supported iver and application packages.
PC	CANETICS, Inc. D Box 70549, Pasadena, CA 91107 (818) 584-0438



MICROSAT II Expansion Board \$700 \$700 MMEDIATE DELIVERY • For IBM PC/XT/AT and compatible. • Satellite data receiver - 9600 baud. • Satellite bulletin board. • Satellite bulletin board. • Satellite video and audio option - Add \$200 PERSONAL SPACE COMMUNICATIONS 707 Johnson Road, Blaine WA 98230 [6041597-6298 TLX 04-508306 FAX [6041597-6214]

Circle 174 on Reader Service Card

World Radio History

Circle 39 on Reader Service Card



Circle 239 on Reader Service Card



Circle 209 on Reader Service Card

Circle 19 on Reader Service Card

Circle 269 on Reader Service Card

## Low Prices, Fast Service.

Satisfaction Guaranteed! Since 1975





- 4.77 & 8 MHz 🛝 640K Motherboard with 256K
- 8 slots
   8087 socket
- 150W power supply

#### **Option A**

- High resolution amber monitor
- Hi-res graphics card add
- Parallel printer port ..... \$148

#### **Option B**

- Hi-res RGB color monitor
- add • Hi-res graphics card
- Parallel printer port ..... \$298

#### **Option** C

- Hard disk drive
- Dual hard disk controller 30 MB for XT 40 MB For PC/XT/AT
  - add \$298 add \$498

Amdek 310A \$98

Best selling hi-resolution non-glare amber monitor

### No Slot Clock MICROSOFT. MS-DOS 3.21

#### Intal Math Coprocessors

8087 <sup>\$</sup> 98	8087-2 <sup>\$</sup> 138
8087-1 <sup>3</sup> 198	80287-6 <sup>s</sup> 178
80287-8 <sup>\$</sup> 228	80287-10 <sup>\$</sup> 268
80387-16 \$468	80387-20 \$728

### PC Mouse

LogiTech mouse	3
Mouse systems mouse \$98	3
Microsoft mouse\$108	3
Genius mouse <sup>\$</sup> 58	3
Fastrap trackball	3
Deluxe joystick \$24	4

#### Place orders toll free! Continental U.S.A. 1-800-421-5500 Inside California 1-800-262-1710 All others 1-213-973-7707 Fax machine 1-213-675-2522

Prices at our eight store locations will be higher on some items.

California Torrance, Santa Ana, Woodland Hills Kearny Mesa, Sunnyvale

Texas Addison Houston Georgia Smyrna

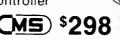
Circle 111 on Reader Service Card



2400 baud 1/2 card internal ... \$128 1200 baud external...... \$88 2400 baud external ..... \$168

### 30 MB Hard Disk

Complete kit with controller



10 MB PC/XT Kit\$198
20 MB PC/XT Kit <sup>\$</sup> 248
20 MB Card\$398
40 MB for AT\$338
40 MB PC/XT Kit \$468
Mountain 40 MB Tape \$398

## 360K Disk Drive

Half height, IBM compatible **Direct Drive** 



Tandon TM100-2 full height for IBM PC or XT ...... \$118 1.2 MB for AT..... \$98 5¼" drive for PS/2.....\$268

720K....<sup>\$</sup>98 1.44 MB....<sup>\$</sup>128

### VGA Package

Monitor & Card \$648

• 800 x 560

• Up to 256K brillant colors Hi-res EGA card 640x480 .... \$128 EGA monitor 640x350 ..... \$378 VGA AutoSync monitor 800 x 560 ..... \$498

NEC MultiSync II 640x560 ... \$598 RGB color monitor 640x240 .\$258 Vega VGA card ......\$278 Paradise VGA card ..... \$278



**EPSON 9 Pin** 

<sup>\$198</sup>

LX-800

**EPSON Near Letter Quality** 

Near Letter Quality Printer



**EPSON Letter Quality Printers** LQ-850, LQ-1050, LQ-2500 . . Call

FX-850, FX-1050, EX-800 .... Call

## HEWLETT LaserJet II <sup>\$1698</sup>



List Price \$2595 Extra Toner Cartridge ...... \$98 PDP 4 MB RAM card w/OK ... \$198 1 MB 2 MB 4 MB

\$348 \$648 \$1148

## HP DeskJet <sup>\$698</sup>



List Price \$995 300 x 300 DPI with full with full page graphics Extra ink cartridge ..... ....<sup>\$</sup>18



Limited Quantity! 1.5 MB RAM card ...... \$198 Toner cartridge ..... \$58

OKIDATA
Okidata 320 \$358
Okidata 321\$498
Okidata 390 <sup>\$</sup> 498
Okidata 391 <sup>\$</sup> 688



We accept checks, credit cards or purchase orders from qualified firms and institutions. No surcharge on credit card orders. CA., TX. & GA. residents add sales tax. Prices & availability subject to change without notice. Shipping & handling charges via UPS ground 50¢/lb. UPS air \$1.00/lb. Minimum charge \$3.00.

4901 W. Rosecrans Ave. Box 5046 Hawthorne California 90251-5046





## 3<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>" Disk Drive

## IC's, Parts, Components...Shipped Fast! West Coast's Largest Selection...Call for More

RAM Upgrades!	7402 18 7475 35 74158 65 7404 18 7476 35 74173 65	CD4001 \$18 CD4017 \$.59 CD4047 \$.65 CD4002 18 CD4018 59 CD4047 \$.55 CD4002 59 CD4048 75 CD4007 59 C04020 59 CD4049 29	CD4069 \$.29 CD4510 \$.69 CD4543 \$.89 CD4070 29 CD4511 69 CD4555 99 CD4071 29 CD4512 69 CD4556 99
• 64K/120ns CALL • 64K/150ns CALL	7406         .35         7486         .35         74175         .65           7407         .35         7490         .35         74176         .65           7408         .25         7493         .35         74181         .175           7408         .25         7495         .35         74181         .175           7410         .25         7495         .35         74189         .295	CD4008         .59         CD4024         .49         CD4050         .39           CD4009         .59         CD4025         .59         CD4015         .59         CD4051         .39           CD4010         .29         CD4027         .35         CD4052         .59           CD4011         .29         CD4030         .29         CD4053         .59           CD4011         .29         CD4040         .65         CD4050         .149	CD4072         29         CD4518         79         CD4584         69           CD4073         .79         CD4519         .79         CD4409         6.95           CD4076         .65         CD4520         .79         CD1441D         7.95           CD4081         .29         CD4528         .79         CD14411         8.95           CD4082         .29         CD4528         .79         CD14411         8.95
256K/100nsCALL     256K/120nsCALL     256K/120nsCALL     256K/150nsCALL	7414         35         74121         35         74193         65           7420	CD4013 29 CD4042 65 CD4063 1.49 CD4016 59 CD4046 65 CD4066 29	CD4093 .35 CD40103 1.90 Call Us For More!!
DYNAMIC RAMS	7432	CO-PROCESSORS V20/30 8087 (5 MHz) \$105. 80287 10 (10 MHz) 365. 8087-2 (8 MHz) 160. V20-5 (5 MHz) \$9.95 80287 (5 MHz) 165. V20-8 (8 MHz) 12.95	SIMM RAM MODULES
4116/200ns Call 446/1/50ns Call MK4332/200ns Call 41256/100ns Call 4164/200ns Call 41256/120ns Call 4164/150ns Call 41256/150ns Call 4164/120ns Call 41264/150ns Call	7447 95 <b>74C CHIPS</b> 74000 \$ 25 740154 \$2.85 740374 \$1.69	80287-8 (8 MHz) 265. V30-8 (8 MHz) 17.95	PC'S 256K x 9(120ns) CALL 1Mb x 9(120ns) CALL 100 256K x 8(120ns) CALL
1164/PIN ONE Call 4128/150ns Call 4164/PIN ONE Call 4128/150ns Call 416/200ns Call 8118/4517 Call 416/150ns Call 1MEG/100ns Call 4464/120ns Call TMS 4161/150ns Call	74C02         .25         74C173         .99         74C903         .19           74C04         .25         74C174         .99         74C906         .19           74C08         .35         74C175         .99         74C912         .695           74C10         .35         74C21         .125         74G92         .395           74C14         .49         74C240         .169         74G92         .395	T/02A - 1ms         \$5.55         27128         -450ns         \$4.95           2532 - 450ns         4.50         27256 - 200ns         7.95           2564 - 450ns         9.95         270256 - 250ns         7.95           2708 - 450ns         4.25         27512 - 250ns         13.75           2716         4.95         8741         24.95	MAC'S 1Mb x 8(120ns) CALL CRYSTALS
STATIC RAMS           2102LP/450ns         \$.99         6116/120ns         \$2.95           2101/450ns         1.79         6116LP/150ns         2.45	74C32         .35         74C244         1.69         74C929         4.89           74C90         1.19         74C373         1.69         74C332         14.89           Partial Listing Only!!!         Partial Listing Only         Partial Listing Only <t< th=""><th>2716 4.95 8741 24.95 2716-1 5.95 8742 24.95 27C16. 5.95 8748 16.95 TMS2716-450ns 8749 19.95 (3v) 8.49 8751 49.95</th><th>1 000MHz \$3 25 5 0688MHz \$2 25 15 000MHz \$2 25 18432MHz 3 25 6 000MHz 2 25 16 000MHz 2 25 2 000MHz 2 25 6 144MHz 2 25 18 000MHz 2 25 2 007152MHz 2 25 6 5536MHz 2 25 18 432MHz 2 25</th></t<>	2716 4.95 8741 24.95 2716-1 5.95 8742 24.95 27C16. 5.95 8748 16.95 TMS2716-450ns 8749 19.95 (3v) 8.49 8751 49.95	1 000MHz \$3 25 5 0688MHz \$2 25 15 000MHz \$2 25 18432MHz 3 25 6 000MHz 2 25 16 000MHz 2 25 2 000MHz 2 25 6 144MHz 2 25 18 000MHz 2 25 2 007152MHz 2 25 6 5536MHz 2 25 18 432MHz 2 25
2112/450ns         2.69         6264LP/120ns         4.95           2114/450ns         .89         6264LP/150ns         4.45           21142         1.19         6264/150ns         4.25           21142         1.99         62256/120ns         1285	Call us for components	2732 - 450ns 3.95 8755 19.95 2732 - 250ns 4.95 68764 19.95 27632 6.95 68766 19.95 2764 - 450ns 3.95 68761 24.95	2 4576MHz 2 25 8000MHz 2 25 20 000MHz 2 25 3000MHz 2 25 9000MHz 2 25 1184MHz 2 25 32788MHz 2 25 10 000MHz 2 25 22 1184MHz 2 25 3579MHz 2 25 10 000MHz 2 25 36 000MHz 2 25 4000MHz 2 25 11 000MHz 2 25 48 000MHz 2 25
6116/150ns	74LS00 \$19 74LS125 \$45 74LS241 \$99 74LS0219 74LS126 49 74LS242 99 74LS0319 74LS136 45 74LS243 99 74LS0419 74LS139 45 74LS243 99	2764 - 4250ns         4.95         68705P         19.95           27C64 - 450ns         6.95         2816-EE         7.95           27128 - 250ns         5.95         2864-EE         19.95           Z80         SERIES         280         280	4 032MHz 2 25 13 000MHz 2 25 32 768KHz 1 50 5000MHz 2 25 DSCILLATORS
74HCT02 25 74HCT163 65 74HCT541 1.99 74HCT04 25 74HCT164 55 74HCT563 2.99 74HCT08 25 74HCT164 65 74HCT564 2.99 74HCT08 25 74HCT175 65 74HCT573 1.99 74HCT27 30 74HCT2741 1.29 74HCT573 1.99	74L505 . 19 74L5153 59 74L524 99 74L508 . 19 74L5154 1.29 74L5257 69 74L509 . 19 74L5157 40 74L5258 69 74L510 . 19 74L5157 40 74L5258 69 74L510 . 35 74L5158 40 74L5259 99 74L514 35 74L5161 49 74L5273 99	Z80CPU         \$1.49         Z80ASID/0         \$4.95           Z80CTC         1.49         Z80ASID/1         4.95           Z80DART         4.49         Z80ASID/2         4.95	1000MHz         55 05 6500MHz         55 05 16 000MHz         55 0           18432MHz         55 05 75 0800MHz         55 05 10 257MHz         55 0           2000MHz         55 05 8000MHz         55 01 8000MHz         55 01           24376MHz         55 00 8000MHz         55 01 8000MHz         55 01           24376MHz         55 00 8000MHz         55 01 8000MHz         55 01           2500MHz         55 01 000MHz         55 01 8608MHz         55 01           2500MHz         55 01 000MHz         55 01         6608MHz         55 01
74HCT74 49 74HCT244 1.29 74HCT640 1.99 74HCT38 50 74HCT245 1.29 74HCT646 2.99 74HCT157 65 74HCT257 65 74HCT563 2.99 74HCT160 65 74HCT259 1.10 74HCT564 2.99	74LS1435 74LS16149 74LS27399 74LS2728 74LS16349 74LS322179 74LS3025 74LS16449 74LS323179 74LS3228 74LS16549 74LS36559 74LS4799 74LS16699 74LS36559	Z80ACPU         1.99         Z80BCPU         2.99           Z80ACTC         1.99         Z80ECTC         3.99           Z80APID         1.99         Z80BPID         3.99	3 6864MHz         .5 50         11 000MHz         5 50         20 000MHz         5 50           4 000MHz         .5 50         12 000MHz         5 50         22 000MHz         5 50           4 91520MHz         .5 50         12 000MHz         .5 50         24 000MHz         5 50           5 000MHz         .5 50         14 3150MHz         .5 50         24 3050MHz         .5 50
LINEAR CA3086 \$1.19 LM566 \$1.10 LM3900 .45 CA3089 1.19 LM567 .75 LM3909 1.25	74LS7335 74LS173 .49 74LS367 .59 74LS7435 74LS174 .49 74LS368 .99 74LS7535 74LS175 .49 74LS373 .99 74LS7635 74LS189 .3.95 74LS374 .99	BIPOLAR PROMS/PALS           825123         \$ 1.29         745189         \$1.69           825126         1.29         745287         1.99           825126         1.29         745287         1.99	5 0688MHz . 5 50 15 000Hrz 5 50 37 250Hrz 5 50 6 000Hrz . 5 50 15 000Hrz 5 50 43 200Hrz 5 50 6 144Hrz . 5 50 15 758MHz 5 50
CA3403         1.19         LM723         30         LM3911         1.95           LF347N         1.49         LM733         30         LM3914         2.75           LF348N         1.49         LM741         30         LM3915         2.75           LF356H         1.99         LM747         .60         LM3916         2.75           LF356H         1.99         LM748         65         LM4024         395	74LS85         49         74LS190         49         74LS33         99           74LS86         28         74LS191         49         74LS62         189           74LS96         28         74LS191         49         74LS62         189           74LS90         45         74LS192         49         74LS629         1.89           74LS93         .45         74LS193         49         74LS640         1.89           74LS107         45         74LS155         49         74LS611         1.89	825129         1.99         745288         1.99           825137         2.99         745471         4.99           825181         7.99         745472         6.99           825191         11.99         PAL 16L8         4.99           745188         1.29         PAL 20L8         9.95	62PIN ST (PC/XT) \$1.95 50PIN W/W (Apple) 4.50 50PIN ST (Apple) 2.50 62PIN ST (AT) 4.95
LM301 30 LM1414 1.49 LM4044 3.95 LM309K 1.00 LM1886 3.29 LM4136 1.50 LM317K 2.95 LM1330 1.95 LM4558 .75 LM317T 1.75 LM1350 1.25 LM7555 2.50	74LS109 45 74LS221 65 74LS670 99 74LS123 49 74LS240 99 74LS688 1.89 74F SERIES	80000 SERIES 8031 \$ 2.95 8212 \$1.95 8035/39 2.95 8216 1.95	EXTENDER CARDS           APPLE         \$14.95         IBM PC         \$24.95           S100         24.95         IBM AT         34.95
LM318 1.15 LM1358 195 LM7556 2.50 LM319 95 LM1372 2.25 LM7660 2.95 LM320T-XX 60 LM1408L8 2.50 LM7663 2.95 LM320K-XX 135 LM1458 .40 LM78H05 6.95 LM323K 4.25 LM1488 60 LM78H12 6.95	74F00         \$ 35         74F153         \$ 59         74F243         \$ 129           74F02        35         74F157         59         74F244         1.29           74F04        35         74F158         59         74F245         1.29           74F04        35         74F160         59         74F245         1.29           74F00        35         74F161         59         74F258         .79           74F10        35         74F161         .59         74F258         .79	8080A         3.95         8224         1.95           8085A         2.95         8237A/S         5.95           8086         7.50         8250         6.95           8088         7.95         8251A/S         1.95	PROTO CARDS           APPLE         \$12.95         IBM PC         \$24.95           \$100         19.95         IBM AT         34.35
LM324 35 LM1489 60 LM8038 3.75 LM33502 1.19 LM1889 2.50 MC3423 1.49 LM336D2 1.19 LM2003 .75 MC3479 2.69 LM337H 2.49 LM2206 3.75 MC3470 2.99	74F11         .35         74F163         .59         74F280         2.89           74F20         .35         74F174         .69         74F373         1.49           74F32         .35         74F175         .69         74F374         1.49           74F64         .49         74F181         1.99         74F379         1.99	8088-2         9.95         8253-5         1.95           80186-6 (5MHz)         14.95         8255-5         2.95           80186-6 (5MHz)         24.96         8257-5         2.95           80286-6 (5MHz)         19.95         8259-5         2.95           80286-6 (5MHz)         19.95         8259-5         2.95           80286-8 (8MHz)         34.95         8272/765         4.25	OIP SWITCH           1 POSITION         \$.49         7 PDSTION         \$.89           2 PDSTION         .59         8 PDSTION         89           3 PDSTION         .69         9 PDSTION         129
LM337K 4.95 LM2111 1.19 MC3480 6.99 LM338K 6.95 LM2211 2.75 MC3486 1.69 LM340T-XX 60 LM2240 1.75 MC3487 1.69 LM340K-XX1.35 LM2900 1.19 LM3524 1.99 LM358 4.5 LM2900 1.19 TDA1170 5.49	74F74 . 49 74F189 2.99 74F399 2.99 74F86 . 49 74F219 4.99 74F521 2.99 74F109 49 74F240 1.29 74F533 2.99 74F139 49 74F241 1.29 74F534 2.99 74F151 59	80386 (16MHz) 525 00 8275 24.95 8202 11.95 8279 4.95 8203 14.95 8264 4.95	4 PDSTIDN
LM376 1.69 LM2917 129 TDA1180 5.99 LM380 .95 LM3045 1.19 TL074 1.65 LM386 .95 LM3054 1.99 TL081 .75 LM393 .65 LM3079 1.49 TL082 .85	SOLDERTAIL         HR16S/T59         22PINW/W 1.29           SPINL/P.         \$10         HR18S/T69         24PINW/W 1.29	68000 SERIES 68000/8MHz \$12.95 68020/16MHz \$249.95 68010/8MHz 19.95 68450 49.95 68010/10MHz 39.95 68881/12MHz 179.95	ECDNO ZIFS           16 PINZIF         \$3.50         40 PINZIF         \$6.95           24 PINZIF         3.95         64 PINZIF         9.95
LM497 250 LM3130 .95 TL084 125 LM565 30 LM3140 95 ULN2003 1.19 LM556 45 LM3160 195 ULN2064 1.79 LM558 85 LM3161 1.95 ULN2064 1.49 LM564 2.75 LM3161 1.95 ULN2081 1.49	14PINL/P12 HR20S/T79 28PINW/W 1.59 16PINL/P12 HR22S/T89 40PINW/W 1.99 18PINL/P16 HR24S/T99 HI RES W/W 20PINL/P20 HR26S/T 1.19 HR8W/W \$.79	68020/12MHz 149.95 68881/16MHz 219.95	TEXTOOL ZIFS           16 PINZIF         \$4.50         40 PINZIF         \$9.95           24 PINZIF         5.95         64 PINZIF         17.95           28 PINZIF         8.95         17.95
LM565         1.50         LM3852         1.49         ULN2981         1.99           74HC SERIES	22PINL/P22 HR40S/T 1.49 HR14W/W 1.19 24PINL/P25 HR64S/T 4.99 HR16W/W 1.29 28PINL/P27 WIREWRAP HR16W/W 1.29 40PINL/P29 BPINW/W 5.59 HR20W/W 1.69 48PINL/P99 14PINW/W 5.59 HR22W/W 1.79	6502         \$2.95         6520         \$2.95           65C02         11.95         6522         4.95           6502A         4.95         6532         4.95           6502B         6.95         6545         9.95           6510         9.95         6551         4.95	IC TEST CLIPS           14 PIN         \$3.95         40 PIN         \$19.95           16 PIN         3.95         64 PIN         39.95
74HC00 \$25 74HC125 \$50 74HC174 \$65 74HC02 25 74HC132 50 74HC175 65 74HC04 25 74HC133 50 74HC240 129 74HC08 25 74HC138 55 74HC244 129 74HC09 27 74HC139 55 74HC244 129	64PINL/P 2.49 16PINW/W .69 HR24W/W 1.99 HI RES 18PINW/W .99 HR28W/W 2.29 HR85/T . \$.39 20PINW/W 1.19 HR40W/W 3.49 HR14S/T49	6800 SERIES 6800 \$2.95 6821 \$2.95	24 PIN 12.95 68 PLCC 69.95
74HC1025 74HC148 .75 74HC368 .65 74HC1125 74HC151 .65 74HC373 1:29 74HC1425 74HC153 .65 74HC374 1.29 74HC2025 74HC154 3.75 74HC4020 .99	SPECIAL FUNCTION VOICE RECOGNITION 16450-16 BIT CHIP SET 49.99 VAMAHA DXY 8250-8 BIT	6802 4.95 6845 4.95 6810 2.95 6850 4.95 Since 1976	68 PIN \$14.95 100 PIN \$22.95 84 PIN 19.95 Cell for More
74HC32         25         74HC157         65         74HC4060         99           74HC74        35         74HC161         65         74HC4066         99           74HC85        65         74HC161         65         74HC4075         89           74HC85        65         74HC164         1.15         74HC4075         89           74HC112        65         74HC173         .65         74HC4078         1.49	YAMAHA DXY 8250-8 BIT CHIP SET	TOP Compu	
Advanced Compu		PHONE FOR ALL USA	nimum MALL DRDER rge tor VISA or Mastercard rchasing agreements available lect to change without notice • Drders subject to availability • Supply limited on certain items
Mail Order: P.O. Box 17329 Irvine. CA 92713 Retail: 1310-B E. Edinger, Santa Ana, CA 9270		• Limited wa	store pricing may vary. Not responsible for typos. tranties and other conditions may apply or our NEW 1988 Catalog

282 B Y T E • AUGUST 1988 Circle 5 on Reader Service Card

## 57 (**2**7) Since 1976...The Nation's TOP Computer



PC COMPATIBLE CARDS	
ACP Advanced Cards/IBN Monographics/HGAw/print port	4 55
Colographics w/pinter port SuperEGA Genca compatible SuperVGA.1024x768 Diamond Multi V0.2s,p.g.c/XT	. 55.
SuperEGA, Genoa compatible SuperVGA 1024x768	169.
Diamond Multi I/0.2s,p.g.c/XT	339. 139.
XT Six-Pak compatible/0K XT Six-Pak compatible/0K XT 286 Accelerator card XT Multi //0 w/floppy contr XT dual Floppy controller XT dual Floppy controller XT Serial I/0 card	269.
XT Multi I/O w/floppy contr	69.
XT dual Hoppy controller XT Serial I/D cant	29.
XT/AT Parallel I/O card	29. 29.
AT Serial VO card . XT/AT Game adapter port	39. 29.
XT/AT EPROV programmer	149.
AT 3.5Mb w/Multi I/O, OK . AT SuperMULTI I/Osv/floopy	199. 119.
PS/2 Multi I/D	. 99.
XT Senal I/O card . XT/AT Parallel I/O card AT Senal I/O card XT/AT Carna adapter port XT/AT Carne adapter port XT/AT EPROW programmer AT 3.5Mb wMutti I/O, 0K AT SuperMutti I/O wfioppy PS/2 Mutti I/O PS/2 Floppy controller 1 4Mb HP Lasenet 1Mb Ram card	89. 349.
MOTHERROARDS	
MOTHERBOARDS XT Turbo w/BIOS, 8MHz XT Turbo w/BIOS, 10MHz	. 89.
XT Turbo w/BIOS, 10MHz	. 99. 289.
AT 286 w/BIDS, 10MHz AT Baby w/BIDS, 12MHz AT 386 w/BIDS, 16MHz	299.
AT 386 w/BIDS 16MHz	1499.
HARDWARE	
AST Research	600
Advantage 2/386 mod 80,1Mb	699. 725.
Advantage 2/286,PS/2,0K	349. 389.
Rampage 2/286 PS/2 512K	499.
AST Hesearch Xiormer/266, 512X, 100 Hz Advantage 2/366 mod 80, 1Mb Advantage 2/266, Fo22, 0K Advantage Premium 286,512K Rampage 2/266 F522, 512K Rampage 2/266, F522, 512K Rampage 2266, 512K	489.
AST Sixpakplus DK ATT Technologies EGA Wonder 800 VGA/VIP	119.
EGA Wonder 800 .	199. 319.
VGA/VIP 2400etc int_Modern w/MNP-5	319.
GENOA	
Super EGA	call.
Super VGA	.call.
GULFSTREAM EZ-FAX Board wisoftware	1188.
HERCULES Color Card/ CGA	149.
Graphics Card Plus	. 174.
INTEL Inboard 386/PC to 386	888.
Inboard 386/PC to 386 Inboard 386/AT to 386 Above Board 2,PS/2 mod50/60 Above Board 286,AT,512K . Above Board 286,AT,512K .	1059. 299.
Above Board 2,PS/2 mod50/60 Above Board 286 AT 512K	299.
Above Board PS/286,model 30	329. 349.
	102. 205.
8087-2 (8MHz)	.158.
80287-6 (6MHz) .	185. 255.
80287-10 (10MHz)	309. 549.
80387-16 (16//Hz)	549. 799.
ORCHID Technology	
Tiny Turbe 286 -REDUCED!	289.
5087-1 (10MHz) PS/2 8087-2 (8MHz)	699.
PARADISE Autoswitch 480	400
VGA Plus	.199.
OUADRAM	
Quad386XT Prosvpc(640x480.752x410)	747. 269.
Vicrofazeril buffer w/64K	239.
Quadsprint XT accellerator	98.
Microfazeril buffer w/64K Quadsprint XT accellerator Liberty EMS XT card, 0K Silver Quadboard, Sopak comp	98.
VIDEO 7 VEGA Deluxe Vega VGA	100
Vega VGA	199.
INPUT OFVICES	
Advanced PC Keyboards	
Advanced PC Keyboards 5160 84key XT/ATswitchable 5161 101key XT/ATswitchable	. 59.
5161 101key XT/ATswitchable	. 79.
CH Products Mach II Joystick-IBM	. 39
Mach Il Joystick-Apple	39. 39.

Mach III Joystick-F Mach III Joystick-A Gamecard III	BM 49. pple 49.
KEYTRONICS KB101 101key/AT	89.
KB5151 84KBy 08L	
IBM PC/XT/AT Jo Mouse PC/XT/AT LIGHTGATE Felix for PC/XT/AT	serial 89.
LOGITECH Bus Mouse PC/XI Serial Mouse PC/	7/AT
MICROSOFT Bus Mouse w/PC P Serial Mouse w/PC Serial PS/2 w/PC P	aintbrush 105. Paintbrush 105. Paintbrush 118
MSC Technolo PC Mouse serial	gies XTAT 98.
PS/2 Mouse seria PC Mouse bus PC SUMMAGRAP	
SummaSketch	449.
SONY 31/2"Micro Floppy	
TEAC 558V 360K Flop	DV/PC/XT/AT 89.
TOSHIBA AME	RICA
31/2' Micro 1 44M ND04D 360K Flop ND04E-G 360K Flop ND04E-G 360K Flo ND08DE-G 1 2Mb	000C//T 04
NDO8DE-G 1 2Mb HARD DISK D	AT gray 110. DRIVES
MICROPOLIS	
1335 85Mb Full ht	65ms 849.
3650 43Mb Half ht 6053 53Mb Full ht	,61ms 389. 28ms 649.
8428 28Mb Malf b	65mr BLL 200
PLUS Develop Plus20 Hardcard, 2 Plus40 Hardcard, 4	ment OMb,49ms 549, OMb,39ms 719,
SEAGATE ST225 25MD,65ms ST138 38MD,8ewl ST238 38MD,65ms ST251 51MD,40ms ST251 51MD,40ms	31/2" call. w/WD RLL 398.
ST251 51Mb.40ms ST251-1 51Mb 28n	
ST251 51Mb,40ms ST251-1 51Mb,28n ST4038 38Mb,40n ST4096 96Mb,28n WESTERN DIG	S-REDUCEDI 469. IS-REDUCEDI 799.
WESTERN DIG FilecardPS30 PS/20 Filecard30	449.
1006RAH Contr. 1: 1003RAH Controlle 1003WA2 Floppy/H	finterleave 199. r RLL/AT 187.
1002-27X Controlle	er BLL/XT 98
1002-WX1 Control BACKUP DEV	
ALPHAMICRO VCR Video tape bac	
IOMEGA	
Bernoulti 20: 1b 51/4 Bernoulli dual20: 1b Bernoulli dual20Mb	Savt 1805
Tri-pak 20N b cartri Tri-pak 20Mb cartri	dge,51/4 189. dge,8 255.
PC38 Adapter card PS4 AdapterPS/2m	dge,51/4 189. dge,8 255. 1 PC/XT/AT 189. nod.50,60,80 299.
	backup(int) . 199.
IRWIN 1100 XT AT 10Mb I 1200 XT 20Mb bac 145C AT 40Mb bac 245P PS 2401 bac	backup(int) . 199. kup(int) . 369. kup(int) . 499. ackup 479.
IRWIN 1100 XT AT 10Mb I 1200 XT 20Mb bac 145C AT 40Mb bac 245P PS 2401 bac	backup(int) 199. kup(int) 369. kup(int) 499. ackup 479. chnologies kup(int) 338.
	backup(int)         199.           kup(int)         369.           kup(int)         499.           ackup         479.           schnologies         480.           kup(int)         338.           kup(int)         338.           kup(int)         599.           kup(int)         599.



AT Replacement Battery Direct replacement for real-time clocks, AT/286/386

	_
COMPUTERS	
Advanced 386 Clones	1795.
Advanced386/16base system Advanced386/16 w/40Mb	2195.
Advanced386/16w/80Mb	2495.
Advanced 285 Clones	849.
Advanced286 10base system Advanced286/10 w/20Mb	1099.
Advanced286/10 w/40Mb	1299.
Advanced XT Clones AdvancedXT base system Advanced VXT w/mono/20Mb	489.
Advanced V/XTw/mono/20Mb	. 999.
call for options & details	
AST Research Prem um286 Vodel140 40Mb	2995.
	2195.
Prem um386* odel340 40Mb	4699.
call for all AST models	
Dorthhis III Model20	call.
Deskpro286 Model20	call, call,
Deskpro286 Model20 Deskpro386 Model40 Portable386 Model40	call.
EPSON	
Equity I+ Equity II+	call.
Equity III.	call,
HYUNDAI	
Hyundai286 HyundaiXT	call.
Hvundai PC LAN Terminal	call.
NEC	
Multispeed EL backin LCD Multispeed HD, 20Mb	call. call.
	çalı,
4501 Lanton cupate Bong -	699.
4502 dual floppy, 640K	1295.
4502 dual Roppy, 640K 4520 Laptop, 20Mb PC7100 Portable, 20Mb PC7221 Portable286, 20Mb	2195.
PC7221 Portable286, 20Mb	2895.
PC7221 Portable286, 20Mb TOSHIBA T1000 Laptop single floppy T1100+ dual floppy. T1200 Laptop 20Mb T3100 Laptop 20Mb	749.
T1100+ dual floppy	1420.
T1200 Laptop, 20Mb T3100 Laptop286, 20Mb	2395.
T3200 286 full keybd 40Mb	2995. 3995.
T3200 286 full keybd 40Mb T5100 386, EGA, 40Mb	4995.
NETWORKS	
3COM	
Ethernet card	399. 399.
WESTERN DIGITAL	
StarLan/Novell starter lut (network for less than \$400/node	1077.
Ethernet Plus adapter board	239.
ViaNet LAN software	120.
Starhub	
MODEMS	
Advanced MODEMS	-
1200baud w/software(int) 1200baud External	79.
1200baud Pocket MODEM	99
2400baud w/software(int) 2400baud External	. 149.
HAVES	159.
Smartmodern 12006 w/sw(int) . Smartmodern 1200 External . Smartmodern 2400B w/sw(int) . Smartmodern 2400 External	299.
Smartmodern 1200 External	299. 299.
Smartmodern 24008 w/sw(iiii) .	447.
MIGENT	
Pocket MDDEM 1200	. 129.
PROMETHEUS 2400G External	. 199.
2400G External 2400B/2 w/software (int)	149.
2400PS PS/2 w/software(int) 1200B/2 w/software(int) sale!	299.
MONITORS	79.
ANDER	
AMDEK VIDEO 310A 12' amber TTL	. 99.
410A 12° amber gm or white 1280 13° graphics(1280x800)	153.
1280 13" graphics(1280x800) LaserDrive CD ROM w/Mic soft	799.
IBM MONITORS	833
8503 12" Mono(640X480) 8512 14" Color analog	
0000 12 110 0(0101100)	228. 527.

Don't feel like the Lone we are also suffering fi memory. ACP sells mo IC's than other other m supplierButlthe pre us up a walli. We can't price, but we are gettir PLEASE BEAR WITH price comes down our SELLING Chip Call us, we're	rom loss bre Memo hail order sent sho get them get them, USas t	of ory Upgrade r ortage is driving n at the right	
memory. ACP sells mo IC's than other other m supplierButlthe pre- us up a walll. We can't price, but we are gettir PLEASE BEAR WITH price comes down our SELLING Chip	pre Memo nail order sent sho get them og them. USas t	ory Upgrade r ortage is driving n at the right	•
IC's than other other m supplierButlthe pre- us up a walll. We can't price, but we are gettir PLEASE BEAR WITH price comes down our SELLING Chip	nail order sent sho get them og them. USas t	r ortage is driving n at the right	•
us up a wall. We can't price, but we are gettin PLEASE BEAR WITH price comes down our SELLING Chip	get then og them. USas t	n at the right	•
price, but we are gettin PLEASE BEAR WITH price comes down our SELLING Chip	ug them. USas f		
PLEASE BEAR WITH price comes down our SELLING Chis	USas f	the market	
price comes down our			•
,		ng.	•
8513 12" EGA(640x480 8514 16" Hi-res(1024x768)	595. 1395.	System Saver Ile System Saver Ilgs	-
MAGNAVOX Multiscan 14" multimode	599.	Printer Muffler, 80column MICROCOMP. ACC	CE.
EGA 14" w/gm&amber switch CGA 13" color	399. 288.	51/4' Rolitop Diskette File 31/2' Rolitop Diskette File	e
TTL Mono 12" gm or amber NEC	89.	PC Vacuum Cleaner	
Muttisync II 13' TTL/analog Multisync Plus 15' VGA/EGA	595. 945.	CRT Valet (12"x12") . Underdesk Keyboard Drav	wer
Multisync XL 20'(1024x768) Monograph sys (1024x1024)	2275. 1555.	FLIP n' FILE FNF MiniXT,100 51/4',sn FNF MicroXT,100 31/2',s	
SAMSUNG LTI		FNF Maxi,50 8', smoke FNF Micro,25 31/2', smo	
Flatscreen 12" amber TTL	99. 88. 268.	Universal Printer Stand	
Mono 12" amber TTL CGA 14" RGB Color EGA 14" EGA/CGA Color SONY	395.	DISKETTES-litetime 5 1/4" OS/DO Diskettes Maxell MD2-D	PC
CPD1302 13" Muthscan color .	699.	Verbatim Datalite DS/DI	D
CPD1303 13 EGA	569.	Full MD2D Advanced Color w/plastic	bo
WY30 14' terminal WY50 14' terminal	349.	5 1 4" OS/HO High Den Maxell MD2-DD	sny
WY60 14' terminal ASCII	519.	Verbatim DatalifeHD Fuji MD2HD	
PRINTERS DICONICS KODAK		3 1/2" High Oensity Oisl Maxell	ks(
150P Portable printer(par) 300P w/wde carriage(par)	339.	Verbatim Datalite Fuji	
EPSON		Sony PRINTER BUFFERS	;
LX800 80column, 180cps EX800 FX286e,FX86e,LQ850		Advanced 64K parallel bu Advanced 64K AB buffer	ffer
ACP is full line Epson dea	ler	SWITCH BOXES Advanced 2-position AB.	36
HEWLETT PACKARD Lasenet Series II	1699.	Advanced 2-position AB, Advanced 2-position AB, Advanced par/ser conver	ter
Deskjet w/aser quality Scanjet flatbed scanner	895. 1549.	Advanced ser/par conver BuffaloSX PC share {up t	ter
IBM PRINTERS Proprinter II, 240cps Proprinter X24, 240cps 24pm	435.	Logical Connection 256K INTELLICOM	
Proprinter X24, 240cps 24pin Proprinter XL24, 240cps 24pin	635. 835.	Longlink-Parallel Longlink Senal	
NEC P2200, 24pin(360x360dpi)	. 399.	Quicklink-Par to Ser-64K Quicklink-Par to Par-64K	
P565XL Color,100cpsNLQ P660 Pinwriter, 65cpsNLQ	1095. 599.	Megalink-4prt Buff-Par & TRIPPLITE	Se
LC890 S lentwriter Laser OKIDATA	3649.	Isobar4 surge supp w/4 o Isobar8 surge supp w/8 o	utle
ML393,180cpsNLQ .	995. 245.	Line Conditioner w/4 outle	ets
ML192+, parallel	319.	Backup Power Supply, 45 Backup Power supply 67 Backup Power Supply, 10 Backup Power Supply, 20	5w
ML193+, parallel Laserline 6 (reg IBM int.)	1399.	Backup Power Supply, 10 Backup Power Supply, 20	00
PANASONIC KX-P1080i, 160cps draft,par KX-P1091i, 192cps draft,par	185.	GOLDSTAR DVM S DM 6135-3.5 DVM	C
KX-P1091i, 192cps draff, 132 KX-P1092i, 240cps draff, 132 KX-P1524, 24pin, 80cps NLQ	339.	DM 6235-3.5 DVM DM 6335-3 5 DVM	
SEIKOSHA	495.	DM 6133-3 5 DVM DS-7020-20MHz Scope	
SL80A1, 24pin	366.	DS-7040-40MHz Scope MEMORY UPGRAD	ES
SBP10A1, 18pin, 800cps SK3000A1, 9pin, 300cps,s/p	3299. 399.	64K or 256K Upgrades(se 1Mb SIMM s or Ram s	et o
SK3005A1, 9pin, 300cps,132 TOSHIBA	499.	SDFTWARE	
P321SL, 24pin, 216cps P341SL, 24pin, 216cps	579. 699.	nep -not copy prote	cte
P351SX,(color add \$179)	1099. call.	COPY protected	
		Pagemaker/IBM Pagemaker/MAC	
PLOTTERS	-	Freehand MAC ALPHA SOFTWARE	-ne
PLOTTERS HOUSTON INSTRUMEN			
HOUSTON INSTRUMEN DMP41 or 42 DMP51 or 52	2399. 3099.	Advanced Keyworks1.0 Alpha/three1.0	
HOUSTON INSTRUMEN DMP41 or 42 DMP51 or 52 SCANCAD DMP56A	2399.	Advanced Keyworks1.0 Alpha/three1.0 AMER. SMALL BUS	IN
HOUSTON INSTRUMEN DMP41 or 42 DMP51 or 52 SCANCAD DMP56A ROLAND	2399. 3099. 2499. 4399.	Advanced Keyworks1.0 Alpha/three1 0 AMER. SMALL BUS Design CAD 3D 3 0 ANSA	SIN
HOUSTON INSTRUMEN DMP41 or 42 DMP51 or 52 SCANCAD DMP56A ROLAND DXY880, 8 pen AB size DXY980	2399. 3099. 2499.	Advanced Keyworks1.0 Alpha/three1 0 AMER. SMALL BUS Design CAD 3D 3 0 ANSA Paradox v1 1 Paradox v2 0 w/EMS&EE	
HOUSTON INSTRUMEN DMP51 or 42 DMP51 or 52 SCANCAD DMP56A ROLAND DXY880, 8 pen AB size DXY880, 8 pen AB size DXY880 ACCESSORIES	2399. 3099. 2499. 4399. 1088. 1488.	Advanced Keyworks1.0 Alpha/three1.0 AMER: SMALL BUS Design CAD 3D 3.0 ANSA Paradox v1.1 Paradox v2.0 w/EMS&EE ASHTON TATE-ncp dBasell plus 1.1	
HOUSTON INSTRUMEN DMP51 or 42 DMP51 or 52 SCANCAD DMP56A ROLAND DXY880,8 pen AB size DXY880,8 pen AB size DXY880 ACCESSORIES COMPUTER ACCESSOF D15 Power Director	2399. 3099. 2499. 4399. 1088. 1488. <b>1488.</b>	Advanced Keyworks1.0 Alphathree1 0 Seign CAD 3D 3 0 ANSA Paradox v1 1 Paradox v2.0 w/EMS&EE ASHTON TATE-ncp dBaseIII plus 1.1 Rapdifie 1.2	EMS
HOUSTON INSTRUMEN DMP51 or 42 DMP51 or 52 SCANCAD DMP56A ROLAND DXY880, 8 pen AB size DXY890 ACCESSORIES COMPUTER ACCESSOR PIS Power Director PIS Power Director PIS A puter stand agine.	2399. 3099. 2499. 4399. 1088. 1488. 7/ES 89. 62.	Advanced Keyworks1.0 Alphathree1.0 AMER. SMALL BUS Design CAD 30 3.0 ANSA Paradox v1.1 Paradox v2.0 w/EMS&EE ASHTON TATE-ncp dBaseIII plus 1.1 Rapdike 1.2 Multimate AdvantageII 11 Appkause Presentation plus	EMS
HOUSTON INSTRUMEN DMP51 or 42 DMP51 or 52 SCANCAD DMP56A ROLAND DXY880,8 pen AB size DXY880,8 pen AB size DXY880 ACCESSORIES COMPUTER ACCESSOF D15 Power Director	2399. 3099. 2499. 4399. 1088. 1488. 7/ES 89. 62. 289.	Advanced Keyworks1.0 Alphathree1.0 AMER. SMALL BUS Design CAD 30.3.0 ANSA Paradox v2.0 w/EMS&EE ASHTON TATE-ncp oBaseIII plus 1.1 Rapdfile 1.2 Multimate AdvantageII 11	ems 0

Sup	plier	
Special Purchase CLOSI	EPSON TOUTS!	RAM
	5 1/4" Diskettes each 32 Jadsprint Card To 10 MHz sale 9 npatible or Board, 0K sale 9 1, EMS, 0K sale 9	
EPSON Equ 1200 Baud In with software . Sharp PC500	nty I+sale 69 nternal Modern	9. 9.
2 serial/paralle Diablo 620 P	0 Baud Modem Vgame/softwareSale 12 Printersale 24 sonal Computer ouse/joyIMS-DOS 2.0 29	9.
69. 119. 39.	Turbo C 1 5 Refex 1 14 Quattro	69. 99. 149.
29. 22.	Eureka BRODERBUND-cp Print Shap	99.
39. 119.	Print Shop Graphics Library 1 or 2 Toy Shop	23. 37.
er <b>49.</b>	Memory Mate 2 0-ncp COMPUSERVE Subscription kit	45. 29.
oke 10. noke 11. 	Groilers Online Encyclopedia COMPUTER ASSOCIATE:	34.
e	Supercalc 4 v1 1 Superprotect plus v3 0	339. 339,
warranty C/XT360K	CROSSTALK COMM-ncp Crosstalk XVI v3 61 Crosstalk MK4 v1 01	99.
	DAC SOFTWARE.ncn	139.
0X . 8.	DAC Easy Light v1 0 DAC Easy Accounting v2 0 DIGITAL RESEARCH-ncp	49. 69.
23.	GEM Draw p us v2 01 GEM Desktop Publisher	185. 270.
	EXECUTIVE SYSTEMS-no XTREE v2 0 XTREE Professional v1 0	45.
49.	FUNK SOFTWARE-ncp	
49.	Sideways v3 2 InWord v1.0	42.
er 129. 169.	51h GENERATION-ncp Fastback Plus	99.
636 <b>29.</b> 525 <b>29.</b>	FOX SOFTWARE Foxbase+ single user	<b>22</b> 0.
525 29. 69. 69.	GENERIC-ncp Generic CADD 3 0	65
7) 499.	LIFETREE-ncp Volkswriter 3 Plus Total Word v1.0	160. 259.
199.	LOTUS Hal	99.
199. 149. 149.	Lotus 123/Hal Bundle Manuscript	call. 349.
Ser 299.	MECA-cp Managing your Money, Tobias	129.
lets 59. lets 69.	MICROLYTICS Goter Wordfinder	45. 65.
149.	MICROPRO-ncp	269.
w 575. W 999. Dw 1299.	Wordstar 2000 Rel 3	199.
OPES 49.95	MICRORIM-ncp R BASE 5000 R Base SystemV	369. 469.
52.95 59.95	MICROSOFT-ncp Windows 386 Windows 2.03	139.
59.95 419.	Quick C v1.0	66. 69. 69.
699. of 9) call,	Word v4 0 Excel v2 0/AT	219.
of 9) call. call.	NORTON-ncp Utilities 4.0	69.
ted	Commander Guides(assem,C,bas, or pascal)	49. 59.
	PAPERBACK SOFTWARE VP Planner sale! VP Expert	<b>49</b> . 69.
499.	SURPASS SOFTWARE-ncj Surpass v1 0	
call. hcp 175.	SYMANTEC-ncp	299.
232.	Q & A v2 0 Q & A Write Grand View	139. 175.
NESS-ncp 168.	TRAVELING SOFTWARE	86.

actec 499. 379. call. E-ncp 175. 232. SINES ncp 168. 329 424 EMS 422 219 275 Call 0 kQ 139 19 69 69

Lapink mus . TURNER HALL-ncp SQ2! Plus Note:ri Plus(Lotus123 notes) Cambridge Spreadsheet Anist 4Word (123 Wordprocessing)

WordPerfect v5.0 WordPerfect v5.0 WordPerfect Library v1 1 WordPerfect Executive DataPerfect v2.0

86.

65. 55. 75. 65.

499

240. 65. 125. 299.

Laplink Plus

XEROX Ventura

\$25.00 Minimum MAIL ORDER
 No Surcharge lor VISA or Masterard
 Vorume purchasing agreements available
 Pricing subject to change without noice
 ACP Retail store pricing may vary. Not responsible for typos
 Limited warranties and other conditions may apply

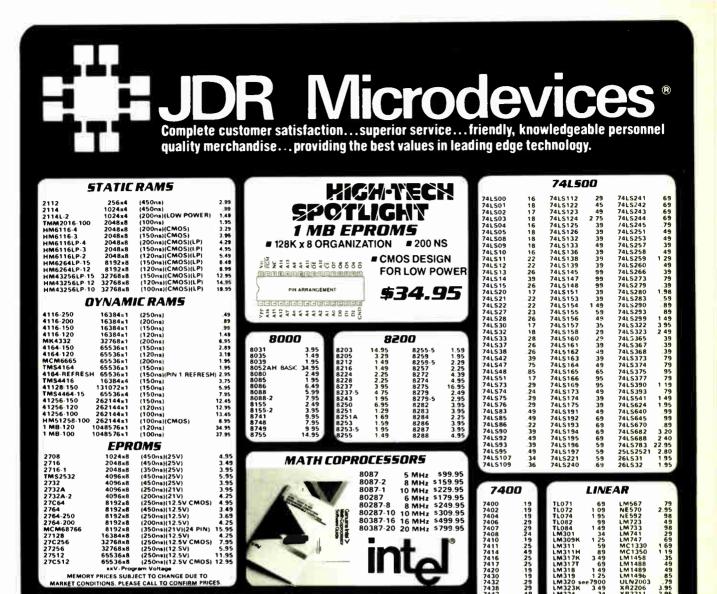
Call for our NEW 1988 Catalog ...

🔭 Advanced Computer Products, Inc. for Fast Service Mail Order: P.O. Box 17329 Irvine, CA 92713 **Order by Phone!** Retail: 1310-B E. Edinger, Santa Ana, CA 92705



**NEW PHONE FOR ALL USA** 800-FONE ACP

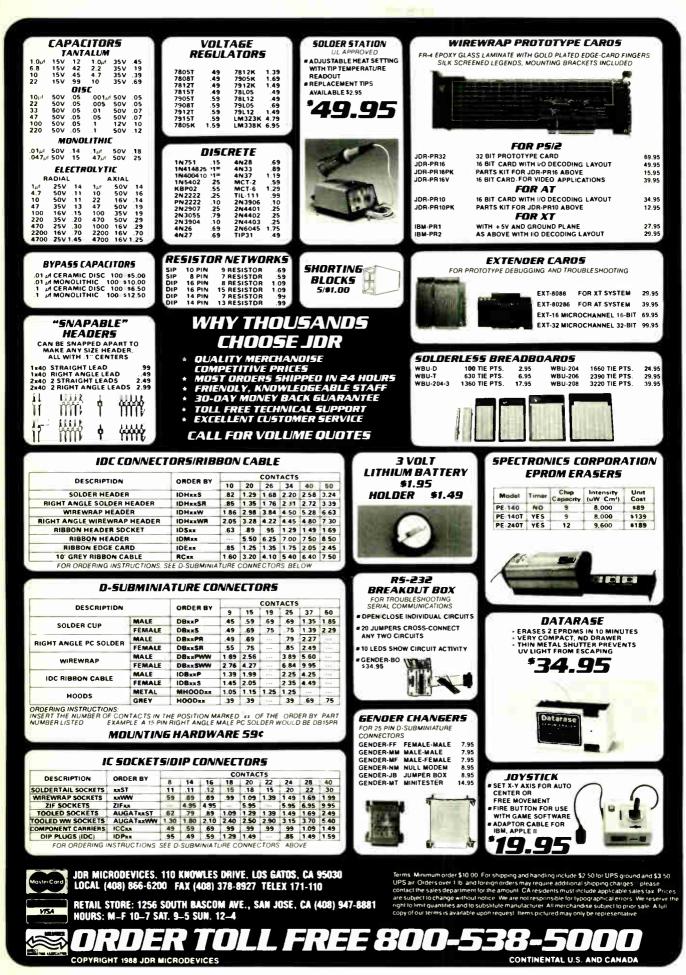
800-366-3227 • 714-558-8813



		ASE CALL TO CO	NFIRM PRICE	5.						7432 7438	-29 29	LM320 see7900 LM323K 3 49		.79
					- 21		_	·		7442	49	LM324 34	XR2211	2 95
6500		Z-80		0.0		V 20 SERI	E6 ]	PA.	16	7445	69	LM331 3 95		1 95
				DIS		VEU SERI		FA.	13 1	7447	.89	LM334 1 19 LM335 1 79		1 29
1.0 MH	lz 📕	2.5 MH	z	CONTROL	LERS	V20- 5 MHz	8.95	1618	s2.95	7473	33	LM336 175		1 29
6502	2.25	Z80-CPU	1.25				10 95	16R8	\$2.95	7475	45	LM338K 449		1 95
65C02 (CMOS				1771	4.95		2 95		\$2.95	7476	.35	LM339 .59	MC3480	8.95
6520	1.65	-4.0 MH	z 🛛	1791	9.95		13.95	16R6	\$2.95	7483	.50	LM340 see7800		2.95
6522	2.95	Z80A-CPU	1 2 9	1793	9.95	*Replaces 8088 speed up PC 10-4		16R4	\$2.95	7485	59	LF 353 59		.49
6526	13.95	Z80A-CTC	1 69	1795	12 95	speed up PC 10-4	10 10		_	7486	35 2 15	LF356 99 LF357 99		2 25
6532	5.95	Z80A-DART	5.95	1797	12 95					7490	39	LM358 59		1 89
6545	2.95	Z80A-DMA	5 95	2791	19 95			74F/	745 📉	7493	35	LM380 .89		3 4 9
6551	2.95	Z80A-PIO	1 89	2793 2797	19.95 29.95	CRYSTAL	5.1	74F00	.35	74121	.29	LM383 1.95	MC4044	3.99
2.0 MH	/~ 🔳	Z80A-SID 0	5 95	8272	4.39	32.768 KHz	.95	74F02	.35	74123	49	LM386 .89		1 25
		Z80A-SID 1	5 95	UP0765	4 39	1.0 MHz	2.95	74F04	.35	74125	.45	LM393 45		69
6502A	2.69	Z80A-SID 2	5 95	MB8876	12 95	1.8432	2.95	74F08	.35	74150 74151	1.35	LM394H 5 95 TL494 4.20		1 49
6520A	2.95	6.0 Mł	17	M88877	12 95	2.0	1.95	74F10	.35	74153	.55	TL494 4.20		1 95
6522A 6532A	5.95	Z80B-CPU	2 75	1691	6 95	2.4576	1.95	74F32	.35	74154	1.49	NE555 25		1 95
6532A	3.95	Z80B-CTC	4.25	2143	6 95	3.579545	1.95	74F64	.55	74157	.55	NE556 49	75154	1 95
6551A	6.95	280B-PIO	4 25	9216	6.29	4.0	1.95	74F74	.39	74159	1.65	NE558 79		1.25
		Z80B DART	6 95		-	5.0	1.95	74F86	.55	74161 74164	.69	NE564 1.95 LM565 .95		1.25
3.0 MH	'z 📕	280B-510 0	12.95			5.0688	1.95	74F138	.79	74166	1.00	LM566 1.45		39
65028	4.25	Z808-SIO 2	12.95	UAR	TE	6.0	1.95	74F139	.79	74175	89	NE590 2.50		1.29
		28671 ZILOG	9.95	υΑπ	' '	6.144 8.0	1.95	74F253 74F157	.89	74367	.65		K TO-3. T TO	
				AY5-1013	3 95	10.0	1.95	74F240	1.29					
6800	1 1			AY3-1015	4 95	10.738635	1.95	74500	.29					
		CLOC	~	TR1602	3 95	12.0	1.95	74502	29				_	-
1.0 MH2	z 🚺			2651	4.95	14.31818	1.95	74504	.29		CMO5	HIGH SPEE	D CMO5 -	
6800	1.95	CIRCUI	TS	IM6402 IM6403	3 95	16.0	1.95	74508	.35			4055 30	74140104	1 00
6802	2.95		. –	INS8250	6.95	18.0	1.95	74510	.29	4001 4011	.19	4066 .29	74HC154 74HC157	1.09
6803	3.95	MM58167	9.95	NS16450	10 95	18.432	1.95	74532	.35	4011	.25		74HC244	.55
6809	2.95	MM58174 MSM5832	9.95			20.0	1.95	74574	.49	4013	35	4081 .22	74HC245	.85
6809E	2.95	m3M3032	2.95			22.1184	1.95	74586	.35	4015	.29	4093 .49	74HC273	.69
6810	1.95				-	32.0	1.95	745112	2.75	4016	.29	14411 9.95	74HC373	.69
6820	2.95		-	MIS	L. ]			745124	2.75	4017	.49	14433 14.95 14497 6.95	74HC374 74HCT00	.69
6821 6840	3.95	BITRA	TE 1	ADC0804	2.99	OSCILLATO	DRS	745153	.79	4018 4020	.69	4503 .49	74HCT02	-25
	4.95	GENERA		ADC0809	3.85	1.0MHz	5.95	745157	79	4021	.69	4511 .69	74HCT04	25
6843				DAC0800	3.29	1.8432			.95	4023	.25	4518 .85	74HCT08	.25
6843 6844 6845	6 95 2.75	MC14411	9.95	DAC0800 DAC0808	3.29	1,8432 2.0	5.95 5.95	74S158 74S163	.95 1.29	4023 4024	.25	4528 .79	74HCT32	.27
6844 6845	6 95	MC14411 BR1941	9.95 4.95				5.95	74S158 74S163 74S175	.95 1.29 .79	4023 4024 4025	.25 .49 .25	4528 .79 4538 .95	74HCT32 74HCT74	.27
6844	6 95 2.75 4.75 1.95	MC14411 BR1941 4702	9.95 4.95 9.95	OAC0808 DAC1022 MC1408L8	1.95 5.95 1,95	2.0 2.4576 2.5	5.95 5.95 5.95 5.95	745158 745163 745175 745195	.95 1.29 .79 1.49	4023 4024 4025 4027	.25 .49 .25 .39	4528 .79 4538 .95 4702 9.95	74HCT32 74HCT74 74HCT138	.27
6844 6845 6847	6 95 2.75 4.75	MC14411 BR1941	9.95 4.95	DAC0808 DAC1022 MC1408L8 8T28	1.95 5.95 1.95 1.29	2.0 2.4576 2.5 4.0	5.95 5.95 5.95 5.95 4.95	74S158 74S163 74S175 74S195 74S240	.95 1.29 .79 1.49 1.49	4023 4024 4025 4027 4028	.25 .49 .25 .39 .65	4528 79 4538 95 4702 9.95 74HC00 21	74HCT32 74HCT74 74HCT138 74HCT139	.27 .45 .55 .55
6844 6845 6847 6850 6883	6 95 2.75 4.75 1.95 22.95	MC14411 BR1941 4702	9.95 4.95 9.95	OAC0808 DAC1022 MC1408L8 8T28 8T97	1.95 5.95 1.95 1.29 .59	2.0 2.4576 2.5 4.0 5.0688	5.95 5.95 5.95 5.95 4.95 4.95	745158 745163 745175 745195 745240 745241	.95 1.29 .79 1.49 1.49 1.49	4023 4024 4025 4027	.25 .49 .25 .39 .65 .69 .59	4528 .79 4538 .95 4702 9.95 74HC00 .21 74HC02 .21 74HC04 .25	74HCT32 74HCT74 74HCT138 74HCT139 74HCT161 74HCT161 74HCT240	.27 .45 .55 .55 .79
6844 6845 6847 6850 6883 <b>2.0 MH</b>	6 95 2.75 4.75 1.95 22.95	MC14411 BR1941 4702 COMB116	9.95 4.95 9.95 8.95	DAC0808 DAC1022 MC1408L8 8T28 8T97 DP8304	1.95 5.95 1.95 1.29 .59 2.29	2.0 2.4576 2.5 4.0 5.0688 6.0	5.95 5.95 5.95 4.95 4.95 4.95 4.95	745158 745163 745175 745195 745240 745241 745244	.95 1.29 .79 1.49 1.49 1.49 1.49	4023 4024 4025 4027 4028 4040 4042 4044	.25 .49 .25 .65 .69 .59 .69	4528 79 4538 95 4702 9.95 74HC00 21 74HC02 21 74HC04 25 74HC08 25	74HCT32 74HCT74 74HCT138 74HCT139 74HCT161 74HCT240 74HCT244	.27 .45 .55 .55 .79
6844 6845 6847 6850 6883 <b>2.0 MH</b> 68800	6 95 2.75 4.75 1.95 22.95 Iz 2.95	MC14411 BR1941 4702 COMB116	9.95 4.95 9.95 8.95	DAC0808 DAC1022 MC1408L8 8T28 8T97 DP8304 9334	1.95 5.95 1.95 1.29 .59 2.29 1.75	2.0 2.4576 2.5 4.0 5.0688 6.0 6.144	5.95 5.95 5.95 4.95 4.95 4.95 4.95 4.95	745158 745163 745175 745195 745240 745241 745244 745280	.95 1.29 .79 1.49 1.49 1.49 1.49 1.49	4023 4024 4025 4027 4028 4040 4042 4044 4046	.25 .49 .25 .69 .59 .59 .69	4528 .79 4538 .95 4702 9.95 74HC00 .21 74HC02 .21 74HC02 .21 74HC08 .25 74HC08 .25 74HC10 .25	74HCT32 74HCT74 74HCT138 74HCT139 74HCT161 74HCT240 74HCT245	.27 .45 .55 .55 .79
6844 6845 6850 6883 <b>2.0 MH</b> 68800 68802	6 95 2.75 4.75 22.95 22.95 22.95 2.95 3.95	MC14411 BR1941 4702 COMB116	9.95 4.95 9.95 8.95 <b>5//L</b>	OAC0808 DAC1022 MC1408L8 8T28 8T97 DP8304 9334 9368	1.95 5.95 1.95 1.29 .59 2.29 1.75 2.85	2.0 2.4576 2.5 4.0 5.0688 6.0 6.144 8.0	5.95 5.95 5.95 4.95 4.95 4.95 4.95 4.95	745158 745163 745175 745195 745240 745241 745244 745280 745287	.95 1.29 .79 1.49 1.49 1.49 1.49 1.95 1.69	4023 4024 4025 4027 4028 4040 4042 4044 4046 4047	.25 .49 .25 .69 .59 .69 .69	4528 .79 4538 .95 4702 9.95 74MC00 .21 74HC02 .21 74HC04 .25 74HC08 .25 74HC10 .25 74HC14 .35	74HCT32 74HCT74 74HCT138 74HCT139 74HCT161 74HCT240 74HCT244 74HCT245 74HCT273	.27 .45 .55 .79 .89 .89 .99
6844 6845 6847 6850 6883 <b>2.0 MH</b> 68800 68802 68809£	6 95 2.75 4.75 1.95 22.95 22.95 12 2.95 3.95 5.49	MC14411 BR1941 4702 COMB116 INTERS	9.95 4.95 9.95 8.95 <b>5/L</b> 9.95	OAC0808 DAC1022 MC1408L8 8T28 8T97 DP8304 9334 9368 9602	1.95 5.95 1.95 1.29 2.29 1.75 2.85 .69	2.0 2.4576 2.5 4.0 5.0688 6.0 6.144 8.0 10.0	5.95 5.95 5.95 4.95 4.95 4.95 4.95 4.95	745158 745163 745175 745240 745241 745244 745280 745287 745288	.95 1.29 .79 1.49 1.49 1.49 1.49 1.49 1.69	4023 4024 4025 4027 4028 4040 4042 4044 4044 4046 4047 4049	.25 .49 .25 .39 .69 .59 .69 .69 .69	4528 79 4538 95 4702 9.95 74HC00 21 74HC02 21 74HC08 25 74HC08 25 74HC10 25 74HC14 35 74HC14 35	74HCT32 74HCT74 74HCT138 74HCT139 74HCT161 74HCT240 74HCT240 74HCT245 74HCT273 74HCT373	.27 .45 .55 .79 .89 .99 .99
6844 6845 6850 6883 <b>2.0 MH</b> 68800 68802 68809 68809	6 95 2.75 4.75 1.95 22.95 2.95 2.95 3.95 5.49 5.99	MC14411 BR1941 4702 COMB116 INTERS ICL7106 ICL7106 ICL7107	9.95 4.95 9.95 8.95 5//L 9.95 10.95	OAC0808 DAC1022 MC1408L8 8T28 8T97 DP8304 9334 9368 9602 ULN2003	1.95 5.95 1.95 1.29 2.29 1.75 2.85 .69 .79	2.0 2.4576 2.5 4.0 5.0688 6.0 6.144 8.0 10.0 12.0	5.95 5.95 5.95 4.95 4.95 4.95 4.95 4.95	745158 745163 745175 745195 745240 745241 745244 745280 745287 745288 745299	.95 1.29 .79 1.49 1.49 1.49 1.49 1.95 1.69 2.95	4023 4024 4025 4027 4028 4040 4042 4044 4046 4047 4049 4050	.25 .49 .25 .39 .65 .69 .69 .69 .69 .69 .29	4528 79 4538 95 4702 9.95 74HC00 21 74HC02 25 74HC04 25 74HC08 25 74HC10 25 74HC14 35 74HC14 35 74HC24 35	74HCT32 74HCT74 74HCT138 74HCT139 74HCT161 74HCT240 74HCT244 74HCT245 74HCT273	.27 .45 .55 .55 .89 .89 .99 .99 .99
6844 6845 6847 6850 6883 68800 68800 688092 688095 688095 68809 688095 688095	6 95 2.75 4.75 22.95 22.95 22.95 2.95 3.95 5.49 5.99 1.85	MC14411 BR1941 4702 COMB116 INTERS ICL7106 ICL7107 ICL7660	9.95 4.95 9.95 8.95 <b>5//L</b> 9.95 10.95 1.99	DAC0808 DAC1022 MC1408L8 8T28 8T97 DP8304 9334 9368 9568 9602 ULN2003 MAX232	1.95 5.95 1.95 1.29 2.29 1.75 2.85 .69 .79 7.95	20 2.4576 2.5 4.0 5.0688 6.0 6.144 8.0 10.0 12.0 16.0	5.95 5.95 5.95 4.95 4.95 4.95 4.95 4.95	745158 745163 745175 745195 745240 745241 745244 745280 745287 745288 745299 745373	.95 1.29 .79 1.49 1.49 1.49 1.95 1.69 1.69 2.95 1.69	4023 4024 4025 4027 4028 4040 4042 4044 4044 4046 4047 4049	.25 .49 .25 .65 .69 .69 .69 .69 .29 .29 .69	4528 79 4538 95 4702 9.95 74HC00 21 74HC02 21 74HC04 25 74HC08 25 74HC08 25 74HC10 25 74HC14 35 74HC14 35 74HC32 35	74HCT32 74HCT74 74HCT138 74HCT138 74HCT138 74HCT240 74HCT244 74HCT245 74HCT245 74HCT373 74HCT373 74HCT374 74HCT374	.27 .45 .55 .55 .89 .89 .99 .99 .99 .99 .99 .99 7 1.19
6844 6845 6847 6850 6883 <b>2.0 MH</b> 68800 68802 68809 68809 68809 68821 68845	6 95 2.75 1.95 22.95 22.95 2.95 3.95 5.49 5.99 1.85 4.95	MC14411 BR1941 4702 COMB116 INTERS ICL7106 ICL7106 ICL7107 ICL7660 ICL8038	9.95 4.95 9.95 8.95 <b>5/L</b> 9.95 10.95 1.99 3.85	OAC0808 DAC1022 MC1408L8 8T28 8T97 DP8304 9334 9368 9602 ULN2003 MAX232 MC3470	1.95 5.95 1.95 2.29 1.75 2.85 .69 .79 7.95 1.95	2:0 2:4576 2:5 4:0 5:0688 6:0 6:144 8:0 10:0 12:0 16:0 18:432	5.95 5.95 5.95 4.95 4.95 4.95 4.95 4.95	745158 745175 745195 745240 745241 745244 745280 745287 745288 745299 745273 745373	.95 1.29 79 1.49 1.49 1.49 1.49 1.69 1.69 1.69 2.95 1.69 1.69	4023 4024 4025 4027 4028 4040 4042 4044 4044 4046 4047 4049 4050 4051 4052 4053	25 49 39 65 69 69 69 29 69 29 69 69 69	4528 79 4538 95 4702 9.95 74MC00 21 74MC02 21 74MC04 25 74MC08 25 74MC10 25 74MC14 35 74MC14 35 74MC32 35 74MC32 35 74MC34 45 74MC18 45 74MC18 45	74HCT32 74HCT74 74HCT138 74HCT138 74HCT139 74HCT240 74HCT240 74HCT245 74HCT273 74HCT273 74HCT373 74HCT373 74HCT373 74HCT393 74HCT393 74HCT404	.27 .45 .55 .79 .89 .99 .99 .99 .99 .99 .99 7 1.99 0 .99
6844 6845 6847 6850 6883 88800 688002 688092 688095 688095 68809 68809	6 95 2.75 4.75 22.95 22.95 22.95 2.95 3.95 5.49 5.99 1.85	MC14411 BR1941 4702 COMB116 INTERS ICL7106 ICL7107 ICL7660	9.95 4.95 9.95 8.95 <b>5//L</b> 9.95 10.95 1.99	DAC0808 DAC1022 MC1408L8 8T28 8T97 DP8304 9334 9368 9568 9602 ULN2003 MAX232	1.95 5.95 1.95 2.29 2.29 1.75 2.85 .69 .79 7.95 1.95 2.95	20 2.4576 2.5 4.0 5.0688 6.0 6.144 8.0 10.0 12.0 16.0	5.95 5.95 5.95 4.95 4.95 4.95 4.95 4.95	745158 745163 745175 745195 745240 745241 745244 745280 745287 745288 745299 745373	.95 1.29 .79 1.49 1.49 1.49 1.95 1.69 1.69 2.95 1.69	4023 4024 4025 4027 4028 4040 4042 4044 4044 4044 4046 4047 4049 4050 4051 4052	25 49 39 65 69 69 69 29 29 29 29 69	4528 79 4538 95 4702 995 74MC00 21 74MC02 21 74MC04 25 74MC08 25 74MC10 25 74MC14 35 74MC14 35 74MC74 35 74MC74 35 74MC138 45	74HCT32 74HCT74 74HCT138 74HCT138 74HCT138 74HCT240 74HCT244 74HCT245 74HCT245 74HCT373 74HCT373 74HCT374 74HCT374	.27 .45 .55 .79 .89 .99 .99 .99 .99 .99 .99 .99 .99 .9

JDR Microdevices and the JDR Microdevices logo are registered trademarks of JDR Microdevices. IBM, AT, PS/2 are trademarks of International Business Machines

Circle 116 on Reader Service Card



Circle 116 on Reader Service Card

World Radio History

AUGUST 1988 • B Y T E 285



Circle 117 on Reader Service Card



THE NEW ST-251-1 DRIVE IS 30% FASTER WITH AN AVERAGE ACCESS TIME OF 28 MS. EASY TO INSTALL HALF-HEIGHT ST-251-1

WITH MCT-HDC CONTROLLER WITH MCT-ATFH CONTROLLER

#### 1/2 HEIGHT DRIVES

20 MB, 65 MS, 5T-225 WITH MCT-HDC CONTROLLER WITH MCT-ATFH CONTROLLER

30 MB RLL, 65 MS, 5T-238 WITH MCT-RLL CONTROLLER WITH MCT-ATFH-BLL CONTROLLER

40 MB, 40 M5, 5T-251 WITH MCT-HDC CONTROLLER WITH MCT-ATFH CONTROLLER

60 MB RLL, 40 MS, 5T-277 WITH MCT-RLL CONTROLLER WITH MCT-AT/FH CONTROLLER

#### FULL HEIGHT DRIVES

30 MB, 40 MS, ST-4038 80 MB, 28 MS, ST-4096

\$569.00

\$639.00

\$559.00 \$895.00

\$225.00

\$249.00

\$429.00

\$499.00

\$269.00

\$339.00

\$299.00

\$389.00

\$469.00

\$539.00

\$549.00

\$639.00



TRUE HERCULES COMPATIBILITY SUPPORTS LOTUS 123 PARALLEL PRINTER PORT CONFIGURES AS CPT1 OR LPT2 USES VLSI CHIPS TO ENSURE RELIABILITY MCT-MGP ENHANCED GRAPHICS ADAPTOR \$149.95

100% IBM COMPATIBLE PASSES IBM EGA DIAGNOSTICS 256K OF VIDEO RAM ALLOWS 640 X 350 IN 16 OF 64 COLORS . COMPATIBLE WITH COLOR AND ROME ADAPTORS MCT-EGA

COLOR GRAPHICS ADAPTOR \$49.95 COMPATIBLE WITH IBM GRAPHICS STANDARDS SUPPORTS RGB. COLOR & COMPOSITE MONOCHROME 640 320 X 200 RESOLUTION. LIGHT PEN INTERFACE MCT-CG

### MULTIFUNCTION CARDS

MONOGRAPHICS MULTI I/O TOTAL SYSTEM CONTROL FROM A SINGLE SLOT CTRL 2 FLOPPY S, SERIAL, PARALLEL GAME PORT CLOCK CAL . RUN COLOR GRAPHICS SOFTWARE ON A MONOCHROME MONITOR

MULTI I/O FLOPPY CONTROLLER \$79.95 A PERFECT COMPANION FOR OUR MOTHERBOARDS • SUPPORTS UP TO 2 360K FLOPPIES, 720K WITH DOS 3 2 SERIAL PARALLEL, GAME PORT, CLOCK CALENDAR MCT-MIO

MIO-SERIAL-2ND SERIAL PORT

\$59.95 MULTI I/D CARO USE WITH MCT-EH FOR A MINIMUM OF SLOTS USED MCT-IO

AT MULTIFUNCTION CARD	\$139.95
ADDS UP TO 3 MB OF RAM TO YOUR AT	
USER EXPANDABLE TO 1 5 MB, OR 3 MB V	VITH OPTIONAL
PIGGYBACK BOARD (0 K INSTALLED) . INC	LUDES
SERIAL AND PARALLEL PORT	

1

COPYRIGHT 1988 JDR MICRODEVICES

2

	BACK BOARD
ATMF SERIAL-2ND SERIAL PORT	RIAL PORT





TEAC DISK

\$**99**95

\$129.95

\$89.95 \$119.95

\$109.95 \$129.95

% HEIGHT FLOPPY DISK DRIVES

TAPE BACK-UP

5¼" TEAC FD-55G DS/HD 1.2M 5¼" FUJITSU M2551A DS/DD 360K 5¼" FUJITSU M2553K DS/HD 1.2M

51/4" DS/HD:1.2M 31/2" MITSUBISHI DS/DD (AT OR XT)

ARCHIVE XL

DRIVE

MOTOR

FD-55B

DOUBLE SIDED/

51/4" DS/DD 360K 51/4" DS/HD 1.2M

DOUBLE DENSITY

360K 51/4" DRIVE RELIABLE DIRECT DRIVE



JUST A NOTE TO LET YOU KNOW THAT MY SALESPERSON, HELEN MORSE, AT YOUR COMPANY HAS BEEN VERY HELPFUL AND COURTEOUS. THIS IS A PLEASANT CHANGE FROM MOST TELEPHONE SALESPEOPLE I DEAL WITH. PLEASE PASS MY THANKS TO HELEN. I PLAN ON DOING FREQUENT BUSINESS WITH JOR AS MY NEW COMPANY, ODEN INC, GETS GOING, AND HELEN'S ATTITUDE AND HELPFULNESS ARE A MAJOR REASON WHY I LIKE DOING BUSINESS WITH YOU LIKE DOING BUSINESS WITH YOU.



World Radio History

## BUILD YOUR OWN SYSTEM



OVER 20,000 JOR SYSTEMS HAVE ALREADY BEEN BUILT. EASY TO ASSEMBLE IN JUST 2 HOURS WITH A SCREWORIVER. SAVE MONEY AND LEARN ABOUT YOUR COMPUTER AT THE SAME TIME.

## 12 MHZ AT COMPATIBLE **\$1101**70

- 12 MHZ BABY AT MOTHERBOARD 256K RAM MEMORY
- MINI-AT CASE W POWER SUPPLY AT STYLE KEYBOARD
- 1 2 MB FLOPPY DRIVE
- FLOPPY HARD DRIVE CONTROLLER MONOCHROME MONITOR GRAPHICS ADAPTOR

COMPATIBLE 50 h INCLUDES SERIAL PORT 2 PARALLEL

10 MHZ XT

PORTS, CLOCK CALENDAR AND GAME ADAPTOR RUNS COLOR GRAPHICS ON A MONOCHROME MONITOR MOTHERBOARD

- 256K RAM MEMORY 135 WATT POWER SUPPLY FLIP TOP CASE
- AT STYLE KEYBOARD
- AT STITLE RETBOARD
  360K FLOPPY DRIVE
  MONOGRAPHICS I O CARD
  MONOCHROME MONITOR

## 16 MHZ 1 MB 386



- MYLEX 386 MOTHERBOARD 1 MB RAM ON BOARD
- 200 WATT POWER SUPPLY
- AT STYLE CASE
- ENHANCED AT STYLE KEYBOARD 1.2 MB FLOPPY DRIVE
- AT FLOPPY HARD CONTROLLER
- MONOCHBOME MONITOR

\$299.95

MONOGRAPHICS CARD

WITH KIT PURCHASE IT'S A JOR EXCLUSIVE EASY TO FOLLOW 20 MINUTE VHS TAPE SHOWS YOU STEP-BY-STEP HOW TO BUILD AN XT COMPATIBLE SYSTEM. WITHOUT KIT \$19.95

VIDEO

INSTRUCTIONS

\$ 495

## OTHERBOARD

\$379.95

#### TURBO 4.77/8 MHZ

#### \$99.95 12 MHZ MINI 80286

- 4 77 OR 8 MHZ OPERATION WITH 8088-2 & OPTIONAL 8087-2 CO-PROCESSOR
- FRONT PANEL LED SPEED INDICATOR AND RESET
   SWITCH SET SUPPORTED
   CHOICE OF NORMAL TURBO MODE OR SOFTWARE
- SELECT PROCESSOR SPEED
- MCT-TURBO
- MCT-XTMB STANDARD MOTHERBOARD \$87.95

#### 80286 6/8 MHZ

- # 8 SLOT (2 EIGHT BIT, 6 SIXTEEN BIT) AT MOTHERBOARD
- HARDWARE SELECTION OF 6 OR 8 MHZ 1 WAIT STATE
- KEYLOCK SUPPORTED, RESET SWITCH, FRONT PANEL LED INDICATOR
   SOCKETS FOR 1 MB OF RAM AND 80287
- BATTERY BACKED CLOCK
- MCT-ATMB

- 6 MHz, 10 MHz (0 1 WAIT STATE), 12 MHz (1 WAIT STATE)
- USES ZYMOS ASIC'S FOR LESS CHIPS GREATER
- BSE3 211003 KSIC STONLESS C RELIABILITY
   SUPPORTS 256K 1024K MEMORY
- RE-CHARGEABLE HIGH CAPACITY NI-CAD BATTERY
- 6 16 BIT SLOTS 28 BIT SLOTS
  MOUNTS IN STANDARD XT CASE

MCT-BATMB-12 MCT-BATMB 6/10 MHZ MINI 80286 BOARD \$389.95

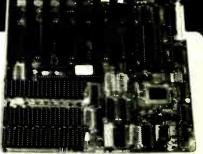
#### 16 MHz MYLEX 386 \$1649.00

- . 1 MB RAM ON BOARD
- 8 SLOTS, 2 8-BIT, 6 16-BIT SUPPORTS 80287 MATH CO-PROCESSOR SUPPORTS 80387 W ADAPTOR 64 KB CACHE FOR NEAR 0 WAIT STATE

USES AMI BIOS

MCT-386 MR

MCT-386 MB-4 4 MB MEMORY INSTALLED \$2649.00 MCT-386 MB-MCB MATH CO-PROCESSOR ADAPTOR BOARD \$149.00





SINGLE CHIP USES LESS POWER IMPROVES RELIABILITY

- KEY SELECTABLE SPEED 4 77 MHz OR 10 MHz
   2 3 TIMES FASTER THAN A STANDARD
- 2 3 TIMES FASTER THAN A STANDARD
   RESET SWITCH KEYLOCK AND SPEED POWER INDICATORS SUPPORTED
- MCT-TURBO-10

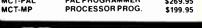
EVELOPMENT



PROGRAMS 27XX & 27XXX EPROMS UP TO 27512 SUPPORTS VARIOUS PROGRAMMING FORMATS AND VOLTAGES

- SPLIT OR COMBINE CONTENTS OF SEVERAL EPROMS .
- OF DIFFERENT SIZES READ, WRITE, COPY, ERASE CHECK AND VERIFY SOFTWARE FOR HEX AND INTEL HEX FORMATS
- MCT-EPROM

#### MCT-EPROM-4 4 GANG PROGRAMMER \$189.00 MCT-EPROM-10 10 GANG PROGRAMMER \$299.95 MCT-PAL PAL PROGRAMMER \$269.95



- I YEAR WARRANTY ON MCT PRODUCTS **30 DAY MONEY BACK** GUARANTEE TOLL-FREE TECHNICAL **SUPPORT** NEXT DAY AIR SHIP AVAILABLE



World Radio History

Circle 117 on Reader Service Card



FRAME GRABBERS
PRICE       PRICE         with       without         frame       frame         grab       grab         HRT 256.4       256 x 256 x 4       495         HRT 256.8       256 x 256 x 8       735         HRT 512.8       512 x 512 x 8       995         HRT 512.8       512 x 512 x 8       995         IBM PCIXTAT COMPATIBLE       DIGITALIZE IN REAL TIME         DIGITALIZE IN REAL TIME       50 FTWARE LIBRARY OF IMAGE ANALYSIS ROUTINES         SOFTWARE LIBRARY OF IMAGE ANALYSIS ROUTINES         FIELE SOFTWARE LUBRARY OF IMAGE ANALYSIS ROUTINES         FIELE SOFTWARE LUBRARY OF IMAGE ANALYSIS ROUTINES         FIEL CREDIT ON UPGRADES TO REGISTERED OWNERS         FULL CREDIT ON UPGRADE PURCHASE IN FIRST YEAR         RETURN OLD BOARD AND JUST PAY DIFFERENCE         INPUT DEVICES (optional)         Microsoft Mouse (bus or serial)       539         Bit Pad Plus by Summagraphics       5359         FIGH RES TECHNOLOGIES       PLONE 416 497 6493         FAX 416 497 1988       FAX 416 497 1988
Circle 265 on Reader Service Card
<image/> <image/>
UNIPRO THE UNIVERSAL PROGRAMMER AND MEMORY/TTL IC TESTER FOR PC/XT/AT
E(E)PROM (16K-1MB) PAL (20 & 24 pins) BIPOLAR 874142/48/49/50 CPU 87(C)51/44 CPU DYNAMIC/STATIC RAM & TTL TESTER Option: 4 Socket adaptor only \$585 complete
Other products available. Individual program- mers for E(E)PROM (up to 1MB), PAL, BIPOLAR, 8748 series, 8751 series, Memory/TTL Tester, and gang programmers with 4, 8, 8 16 sockets. Also industrial quality EPROM Eraser with timer and safety switch is available (erases 30 of 28 pin eproms at a time). OEM & Distributor welcome.
10 % educational discount 473 Sapena Ct. #24 Santa Clara, CA 95054 XELTEK VISA Tel (408) 727-6995 FAX (408) 727-6996 AMEX

World Radio History



Circle 263 on Reader Service Card

HARD DISK CONTROLLE	RS
ADAPTEC	1.1
PC/XT Controller ST506/412	
2071 PC/XT to ST506 RLL (1 drive)	
2072 PC/XT RLL 2370 PC/AT to ST506 RLL	\$149
3530 SCSI to Tape QIC 36	
4000 SCSI to ST506/412	
4520 SCSI to ESDI	
5500 SCSI to ST506/412	
5580 SCSI to SMD	\$175
XEBEC	1
S1410 SASI Controller	
S1420 SASI to 51/4" Floppy & Hard Disk Controller	\$99
Apple II, II+, IIE Host Adapter	\$29
OTHERS	
OMTI 20C, L SASI Controller	
DTC 510A SASI Controller	
WD 1002-SHD Xebec Compatible SASI Controller . Konan DJ-210 3.5" SASI to ST506/412 (Xebec 1410 c	lone) \$89
Call for ca	ble prices.
Controller manual	Is \$8 each.
R.	
A'K	
Computer Surplus Store	"WE
Phone 408-434-1060	BUY
FAX 408-434-0931	AND
Telex 1561447	SELL"
MC/VISA/Discov	er/CDD's

Circle 61 on Reader Service Card



Circle 109 on Reader Service Card

## EDITORIAL INDEX BY COMPANY

Index of companies covered in articles, columns, or news stories in this issue Each reference is to the first page of the article or section in which the company name appears

COMPANY

PAGE

**INOUIRY #** 

INQ	UIRY # COMPANY	PAGE	INQ	UIRY #
751	ADAPTEC. ADDISON-WESLEY	51		FEDE CO
/51	ADVANCED LOGIC RESEARC ADVANCED MICRO DEVICES		944 785	FLAG FLAN
967	ALCYON	226	908	FOX S
904 905	APPLE COMPUTER11, 1	25, 185	891	FULC
906				PRC
989	APPLE PROGRAMMERS &		786	GEOC GIGA
968	DEVELOPERS ASSOCIATION ARCHIMEDES SOFTWARE	N226	788	GIGA
920	ASHTON-TATE	125	965	GIMP
	AT&T	11	976	GRAE GUID
759 776	ATI TECHNOLOGIES	67		
	AVOCET SYSTEMS	239	780 903	HANI HAYE
	BASIC BOOKS		205	PRO
77 <b>2</b>	BLACK AND WHITE		766	HEWI
	INTERNATIONAL	67	895	HILGI
774 856	BMDP STATISTICAL SOFTWAR BORLAND	RE67	959	IBM
020	INTERNATIONAL. 11, 89, 10	01.226	7 <b>87</b>	IMAG INTEL
943			790	IOTEC
940	BRODERBUND SOFTWARE	101		JAME
974 784	C WARE			JDR M
784 939	CE SOFTWARE CHEETAH INTERNATIONAL			KRUE
764	CHRONOS COMPUTERS	67	984	LANG
964	CNS	226	980	LATTI
	COMMODORE INTERNATIONAL	11	955	LIFEB
900	COMMUNICATIONS RESEARC	H	892 983	LIGHT
	GROUP	148	761	LOGIT
	COMPAQ COMPUTER	140	956	MANX
	EQUIPMENT MANUFACTUR	ERS	981	MARK
0/0	ASSOCIATION	11	937	MAXI
969	COMPUTER INNOVATIONS	226	897	MAX0 MCGR
985	CONSULAIR		754	MECH
	CSS LABS	11	986	MEGA
753	CUBIX		893 977	MERII
758 757	DATA TRANSLATION	67	777	MICRO
783	DATADESK INTERNATIONAL . DATAEASE INTERNATIONAL	67	760	MICRO
958		226	768	MICRO MIT M
935	DATASTORM		752	MITSU
770	TECHNOLOGIES 11 DELL COMPUTER	5,148 67 80	000	AME
	DIGIKEY	239	988	MIX SO
894	DIGITAL COMMUNICATIONS		763	NETW
	ASSOCIATES DISCOVERY SYSTEMS	148	755	NUTM
773	DSP DEVELOPMENT		973	OASYS
975	ECOSOFT			OFFIC: ASSE
778	ELECTRONIC ARTS	67	762	PACIFI
771	EUGENE NELSON	67	/02	PACIFI
885	EVEREX COMPUTER SYSTEMS DIVISION		756	PLUS D
	14	0, 102	884	PROTE PSEUD
				10000

	COMPANY FASE
944 785 908 891	FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION135FLAGSTAFF ENGINEERING101FLAMINGO GRAPHICS67FOX SOFTWARE125FULCRUM COMPUTER PRODUCTS173
786 788 965 976	GEOCOMP
780 903 766 895	HANDICORP
959 787 790	IBM
	JAMECO
984 980 955 892 983 761	LANGUAGE PROCESSORS
956 981 937 897 754	MANX SOFTWARE226MARK WILLIAMS226MAXIMUM STORAGE101MAXON SYSTEMS148MCGRAW-HILL BOOKS239MCGUAUNICAL SUPERFORM239
754 986 893 977 777 760 768	MECHANICAL ENTERPRISES67 MEGAMAX
752 988	MITSUBISHI ELECTRONICS AMERICA 67 MIX SOFTWARE 226
763 755	NETWORK TECHNOLOGIES 67 NUTMEG SYSTEMS
973	OASYS
762 756 884	PACIFIC DATA PRODUCTS67PARCPLACE SYSTEMS11PLUS DEVELOPMENT67PROTEUS TECHNOLOGY162PSEUDOCODE239

INQ	UIRY #	COMPA	NY F	AGE
979	PATION	AL SYSTEM	c.	226
970		IME COMPL		220
	SCIEN	СЕ		226
854	REFERE	NCE SOFTV	ARE 89	, 101
902		COMMUNIC		148
779		CE ANALYS		
942	SEMATE	NAVIAN PC	SYSTEMS	101
	SIERRA	CH SYSTEMS	•••••	11
972	SILICON	COMPOSE	S	226
	SIMPLE	NET		
898	SOFTKL	ONE		.148
946	SOFTLO	GIC SOLUTI	ONS	.131
896 769	SOFTRO	NICS RE BLACKS		.148
709 963		RE BLACKS		67
/00		MS		226
	SOFTWA	RE PUBLISH	IERS	
	ASSOC	IATION		11
936		RE PUBLISH	IING <mark></mark>	.115
978		A MICRO		00 c
853		OPMENT PUTER SYST	·····	.226
000	STANFO	RD MEDICA		09
	STANFO	RD RESEAR	СН	
	INSTIT	UTE		.135
0/0	STANFO	RD UNIVER	SITY <mark></mark>	11
960 934	SVMANT	0FT TEC	·····	.226
767		T TECHNOL		<mark>67</mark>
883		COMPANY (		100
782	10COMM	UNICATION	S	.102
765	10NET CO	OMMUNICA	TIONS	67
957	THE AUS	TIN CODE V	ORKS	.226
775		AT SOFTWI		
	COMPA	NY TWARE TOO		67
	THE SOF	PSTONE	IWORKS	.226
971	THEOS S	OFTWARE	••••••	226
982	THINK T	ECHNOLOG	IES	.226
938	TRAVELI	NG SOFTWA	RE	.101
852	TURBOP	OWER SOFT	WARE	<mark>89</mark>
907	VERSACA	D	••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	195
	W. F. FR	EEMAN		
855	WATCOM			226
781	WESTFO	RD HARBOR	L	. 67
962 061	WHITESN	AITHS	••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	.226
961 899	WOOLES	OFTWARE S	VETEME	226
966	WORDCR	AFT	131EM3	226
846				
040		rems		
	YARC SYS	STEMS		. 11
	ZORTECH	I		226

COMPANY

DACE

### COMING UP IN BYTE

#### **PRODUCTS IN PERSPECTIVE:**

The **Product Focus** for September will zero in on 600-dot-per-inch Post-Script-compatible laser printers. Testing of 13 such machines by our laboratory staff has brought out some interesting and surprising features.

System reviews include 80386-based laptop machines from both GRiD and Toshiba and a desktop 80386 from AST Research.

A hardware review will look at 10 facsimile transmit/receive boards for the IBM PC and compatibles.

In software reviews, first on the list will be a look at Ada—as implemented on the Macintosh. Next comes a look at two **application reviews**. One is Dataplex, a new data-entry and format-conversion program from Tools and Technologies; the other is Total Word from Lifetree Software, a product that straddles the line between word processing and desktop publishing. Possible Short Takes for September include two 25-MHz accelerator boards for the Macintosh—from Radius and Novy Systems, respectively. Also in for scrutiny will be a new product from Borland International: Turbo Prolog 2.0. Konan has a new disk drive controller with built-in memory. Proximity Software has released Choice Words, a Merriam-Webster dictionary on a disk. An extended Short Take will look at a cardsize motherboard replacement from Sota.

Our expanded columns section has contributions from Jerry Pournelle, Ezra Shapiro, Wayne Rash Jr., Don Crabb, Mark Minasi, and Brock N. Meeks. In their own ways—and from their own perspectives—each presents a thoughtful look at the products and technologies that make up the whole world of microcomputing.

#### **IN DEPTH:**

The most obvious component of most computers, regardless of how they're used, is the screen. Now that we've looked at monitors in a previous Product Focus, we're going to take a look at the technology that underlies the display interface. In September, we'll have an overview of the current state of the art, followed by a detailed discussion describing how some of the most striking displays in the industry are developed and created.

#### **FEATURES:**

In our new Hands On section, Steve Ciarcia presents the second part of his microcontroller project, and Rick Grehan presents the next installment of Some Assembly Required floating-point without a coprocessor. We also have articles available on power protection for microcomputers, new user interfaces, parallel Prologs, and an OS/2 communications program.

## Subscription Problems?



## We want to help!

If you have a problem with your BYTE subscription, write us with the details. We'll do our best to set it right. But we must have the name, address, and zip of the subscription (new and old address, if it's a change of address). If the problem involves a payment, be sure to include copies of the credit card statement, or front and back of cancelled checks. Include a "business hours" phone number if possible.

## BYTE

Subscriber Service P.O. Box 7643 Teaneck, NJ 07666-9866

To get further information on the products advertised in BYTE, fill out the reader service card by circling the numbers on the card that correspond to the inquiry number listed with the advertiser. This index is provided as an additional service by the publisher, who assumes no liability for errors or omissions.

\* Correspond directly with company

## Alphabetical Index to Advertisers

Inqu	iry No. Page No.	Inqu	uiry No.	Page N	o.   Inqu	ilry No.	Page No.	Inqu	iry No.
	A + L MEIER VOGT 169	68	CUESTA SYST	EMS 10	6 136	MANNESMANN TALL	r	206	ROSE
	A+L MEIER VOGT 171			EMS 10		MARK WILLIAMS			ROSE
	ACCEL TECH					MATHSOFT			R.J. SV
	ADVANCED COMP. PROD. 262,283			C 2		MAXELL DATA PRODU			SABIN
	ADVANCED LOGIC RESEARCH 8,9 ADVANCED LOGIC RESEARCH 8,9	09		21		MCGRAW-HILL NRI . MEAD COMPUTER			SAFEV
		70		СН		MEGASOFT			SANTA
	AETECH	71		СН 11		MEGASOFT			SCHW
268	AETECH		DAYBREAK TE	CH 11	9   142	MENDELSON ELECTI		214	SCIEN
	AK SYSTEMS			CH 11		MEP (MICRO ELEC. P			SEALE
	ALOIS SCHONBACHLER 96 ALPHA PRODUCTS 275			CTRONICS 27		MERIDIAN TECHNOL			SHAM
	AMER. SMALL BUS. COMP 93			FIED COMP.)27 A. AMERICA)144-14		MERRITT COMPUTER MICRO LOGIC CORP.			SILICO
	AMPRO			NT'L) 144-14		MICRO 1			SIMPL
14	ATI TECHNOLOGIES			INOLOGY 2		MICRO 1			SIMPL
	ATRON					MICROCOM SYSTEM			SKAN '
	AVOCET SYSTEMS					MICROCOMP. MKTG.			SN'W
	B&B ELECTRONICS			TIONAL		MICROLYTICS			SOFT
21	B&C MICRO 272			NECTION 27		MICROMINT			SOFT
	B&C MICRO					MICROSIM CORP			SOFTV
	BAY TECHNICAL ASSOC 117					MICROSIM CORP			SOFTV
24	BEDE TECH 48	84				MICROSOFT			SOLUT
	BINARY TECH			OLLABORATIVE 2		MICROWAY			SPECT
	BIX					MIX SOFTWARE			STSC SUPER
	BORLAND					M.H.I.			SUPER
	BORLAND					NANTUCKET			SYSGE
	BORLAND 1		FORTRON INC		2 156	NATURAL MICROSYS			SYSTA
	BORLAND 1	91		E		NEC HOME ELEC. DIV			SYSTA
	BORLAND					NEC INFO. SYS			S.C. S
	BORLAND			1					TALKIN
	BP MICROSYSTEMS								TALLG
	BUS COMPUTER SYSTEMS 263					ON TARGET			TANDO
•	BUYERS MART 254-262					ORACLE			TANDO
•	BYTE BACK ISSUES 296			<u></u>		ORION			TELEB
269	BYTE BITS					OSBORNE/MCGRAW			TELEM
•	BYTE CIRCULATION			OMP. SERVICES 6		OSBORNE/MCGRAW OSBORNE/MCGRAW			TELEM
•	BYTE SUB. MESSAGE 160			KARD 18		PACIFIC COMPUTER			TIMELI
•	BYTE SUB. SERVICE 291			P		PACIFIC COMPUTER			TOSHI
	BYTEK			CHNOLOGIES 28		PARSONS TECHNOLO			TOSHI
	CADAM					PATTON & PATTON			TOUCH
36	CADAM					PC DESIGN			TRUE
	CALIFORNIA SOFTWARE 269					PERSOFT			TURNE
	CANETICS					PERSONAL SPACE CO			UNIVE
	CAPITAL EQUIPMENT 119			EWARE 1		PERSONAL TEX		247	UNIVE
	CAPITAL EQUIPMENT 24					PETER NORTON		•	VERMO
	CENTRAL COMP. PROD 272 CHANCELOGIC INC 237					PETER NORTON			WARE
	CITIZEN AMERICA			ER PROD 28 TRONICS . 264,28		PRINCETON GRAPHIC PROGRAMMERS SHO			WINTE
	CLEO SOFTWARE 204			TER PROD 27		PROGRAMMER'S CON			WORLI
43	CNS INC			TER PROD 27		PROGRAMMER'S PAR			WORL
	CNS INC	115	JENSEN & PAR	TNERS INT'L		PROTEUS TECH. COP		253	XELTE
	COEFFICIENT SYS. CO 160			EVICES 284,28		QUA TECH			XENDE
	COEFFICIENT SYS. CO 161 COGITATE			EVICES 286,28					ZENIT
	COGITATE 270			EVICES					ZEOS
	COMPACT DISK PRODUCTS 94	119	KEA SYSTEMS	12		QUA TECH			ZORTE
	COMPAQ COMP. CORP 32A-D					QUA TECH			Z-WOR
	COMPUCOM GROUP 270			GARDEN 23		QUA TECH		260	Z-WOR
	COMPUSAVE			17		QUA TECH			
	COMPUSERVE			JTER SYSTEMS 12		QUA TECH			
	COMPUTER CONTINUUM 269			RAPHICS 27		QUALSTAR		INTE	RNATIO
54	COMPUTER EXPO 50			CES		QUANTUM		No N	orth Am
	COMPUTER MAIL ORDER 36,37			CES 28		QUARTERDECK OFFI			
	COMP. SUPPORT GROUP 192,193					QUARTERDECK OFFI			ABCC
	COMPUTER WAREHOUSE . 42,43					QUARTERDECK OFFI			ANALY BCL
	COMPUTER WAREHOUSE . 42,43 COMP. DISCOUNT WAREHSE, 105					QUARTERDECK OFFI RADIO SHACK			BIX
	COMP. SURPLUS STORE 289					RAIMA		•	BYTE
	CONTECH. 272					RAINBOW TECHNOLO		•	BYTE
63	CONTROL VISION 272	•	LOTUS DEVEL	OPMENT 20,2	1 203	RAINBOW TECHNOLO	OGIES 179	•	BYTE S
	COVOX	•		ENT M1-M5		RAINBOW TECHNOLO			CALEN
65	CROSSTALK COMM 139	135	MANNESMAN	1 TALLY 8	1   205	REAL TIME DEVICES		480	COMPI

206	ROSE ELECTRONICS 270 ROSE ELECTRONICS 270
207	
209	R.J. SWANTEK     280       SABINA INT'L.     280       SAFEWARE     273       SANTA CRUZ OPERATIONS     53       SANTA RITA SOFTWARE     104       SCHWAB     289       SCIENCE & ENGIN. SW     123       SEA LEVEL     273       SHAMROCK COMPUTER     99       SILICON SPECIALTIES     42,43       SIMPLE NET SYSTEM     134
210	SAFEWARE 273
211	SANTA CRUZ OPERATIONS 53
212	SANTA RITA SOFTWARE 104
213	SCHWAB 289
214 215	SCIENCE & ENGIN. S/W 123
215	SHAMPOCK COMPLITED 00
57	SILICON SPECIALTIES 42 43
58	SILICON SPECIALTIES 42.43
17	SIMPLE NET SYSTEM 134
18	SIMPLE NET SYSTEM 134
217	SKAN TECH
218	SN'W ELECTRONICS 34
219	SOFTRUONE DISTRIBUTING . 184
220	SIMPLE NET SYSTEM 134 SIMPLE NET SYSTEM 134 SKAN TECH 272 SN'W ELECTRONICS 34 SOFTKLONE DISTRIBUTING 184 SOFTRONICS 272 SOFTWARE DEVELOP, SYS. 124 SOFTWARE LINK THE 242
222	SOFTWARE LINK. THE
223	SOFTWARE LINK, THE 28,29
224	SOFTWARE LINK, THE 28,29 SOFTWARE LINK, THE 28,29 SOLUTION SYSTEMS 103
225	SPECTRUM SOFTWARE 13
226	STSC
227	SUPERMICHO 272
229	SPECTRUM SOFTWARE 13 STSC 91 SUPERMICRO 272 SUPERSOFT 92 SYSGEN 15
230	SYSTAT 189
231	SYSTAT 189 SYSTAT 189 SYSTAT 189 S.C. SYSTEMS 59 TALKING TECHNOLOGY 273 TALLGRASS TECH 45 TALLGRASS TECH 45
232	S.C. SYSTEMS
233	TALKING TECHNOLOGY 273
234 235	TALLORASS TECH
236	TANDON 56.57
237	TANDON         56,57           TANDON         56,57           TELEBYTE TECH. INC.         161           TELEMART         42,43           TELEMART         42,43
238	TELEBYTE TECH. INC 161
57	TELEMART 42,43
58 270	TELEMART 42,43
239	TELEVIDEO 238
240	TOSHIBA 48.49
241	TIMELINE 279 TOSHIBA 48,49 TOSHIBA 48,49 TOUCHBASE SYSTEMS INC. 136
242	TOUCHBASE SYSTEMS INC. 136
2 <b>43</b>	
244	TRUEVISION 187
245 248	IUMNPOINT SYSTEMS
240	UNIVERSAL DATA
	TRUE DATA PROD. 209 TRUEVISION 187 TURNPOINT SYSTEMS 168 UNIVERSAL DATA 280 UNIVERSAL DATA 280 VERMONT CREATIVE 19 WABEHOUSE DATA PROD. 55
248	WAREHOUSE DATA PROD 55
249	WINTEK CORP. 5
250	WINTEK CORP. 280 WORLDWIDE SERVICES 276 WORLDWIDE SERVICES 276
251 252	WORLDWIDE SERVICES 276 WORLDWIDE SERVICES 276
252	YEI TEK 280
254	XELTEK 289 XENDER 278 ZENITH DATA SYSTEMS 181 ZEOS INT'L 47 ZERICON 278
255	ZENITH DATA SYSTEMS 181
256	ZEOS INT'L
257	ZERICON
256	20HIECH
259 260	Z-WORLD 273
200	Z-WORLD
INTE No Ni	RNATIONAL SECTION 88IS-1-32 orth American inquiries please.

Page No.

476	ABC COMPUTER	88IS-23
477	ANALYTICAL ENGINES	68IS-22
478	BCL	88IS-26
479	BIX	88IS-31
•	BYTE BACK ISSUES	88IS-20
•	BYTE CIRCULATION	88IS-30
	BYTE SUB. MESSAGE	88IS-18
	CALEND	88IS-13
480	COMPUADD	88IS-11

292 BYTE • AUGUST 1988

Mac Supplement follows page 200. See Reader Service Index and card on page M96.

Advertising Supplement included with this issue: Priority One Electronics (U.S. Subscribers)

Inquiry No. Page No.	Inquiry No.	Page No.	Inquiry No.	Page No.	Inquiry No.	Page No.
481 CUBIX	391 COMMUNICATIONS RES. 392 COMPUTER LANE	. 88M/AT-6 . 88M/AT-5	433 F&W COMMUNICA 434 MANZANA		421 RIX SOFTWOR	
483 ELONEX	COMP, FOR THE BLIND		<ul> <li>MCGRAW-HILL BO</li> </ul>		423 TATUNG SCIEN	CE & TECH 88PC-7
503 GLOBE MFG. SALES 88IS-18	393 CORTEX	88M/AT-3	<ul> <li>MICROCOMP, MKTG, 0</li> </ul>	OUNCIL . BENE-12	414 VILLARREAL CI	ONSULTING88PC-8
484 GREY MATTER	<ul> <li>MICROCOMP.MKTG.COUNC</li> </ul>	L 88M/AT-8	* MICROSMART	88NE-14.15	424 VUTEK SYSTEM	IS 88PC-8
485 IAR	394 OWL COMPUTER	. 88M/AT-7	435 NEURALWARE		425 VUTEK SYSTEM	IS 88PC-6
488 IES	395 S.F. MICRO	. 88M/AT-1	436 PC LINK			
487 INES 881S-28			437 PIONEER SYSTEMS .			
488 INVERDATA			438 POWER COMPUTER .		Southeast	88 SE 1-8
489 LASER TEAM	Midwest	88 MW 1-8	439 RIX SOFTWORKS			
490 MICROPROCESS. ENGIN. 88IS-24			440 RIX SOFTWORKS		399 HARD DRIVES	
491 MICRO TECHNOLOGY 88IS-2	378 ALTEX ELECTRONICS		<ul> <li>ROBT. TINNEY GRAPH</li> </ul>		400 HARD DRIVES	
492 MITSUBISHI KASEI 88IS-32	<ul> <li>COMPARE COMPUTER</li> </ul>		441 UNIQTECH		401 KNAPCO	
493 NIPPON COLUMBIA 88IS-19	377 CORTEX				MCGRAW-HILL	
494 NOVELL DEVELOPMENT 88IS-29	378 HARD DRIVES INT'L					G. COUNCIL 88SE-5 88SE-8
<ul> <li>SEMITECH MICRO ELEC. 88IS-15</li> </ul>	379 HARD DRIVES INT'L		Pacific Coast	88 PC 1-18	MICROMINT	
<ul> <li>SOFTLINE CORP</li></ul>	380 KORE, INC.		100.05			GRAPHICS 88SE-6
496 STONE COMPUTECH CO. 88IS-28	MICROCOMP. MKTG. COUN		409 3-F		403 WJL	
497 STONE COMPUTECH CO. 88IS-28	381 SCIENTIFIC SOLUTION		410 ALTEC TECHNOLC • BYTE TIPS		403 WJL	
498 STONE COMPUTECH CO. 88IS-28	382 SCIENTIFIC SOLUTION		411 COMPUTER LANE			
499 S-100	383 Y.E.S. MULTINATIONAL	68MW-4	412 COMPUTOWN		Southwest	88 SW 1-8
500 S-100				88PC-14		
501 USA SOFTWARE	Northeast	88 NE 1-20	EXPOCONSUL INT		387 ALTEX ELECTR	ONICS 88SW-1
502 WARREN POINT LTD 88IS-24	Horthouse		415 KNAPCO	88PC-15		88SW-2
	429 APPLIED PROG. ELEC.	88NE-6.7	418 MERLIN PUBLISHI		389 COMPUTER LA	
REGIONAL SECTIONS	BYTE TIPS	88NE-4	MICROCOMP. MKTG. (			E BLIND 88SW-4
HEGIORAL SECTIONS	430 COMMUNICATIONS RE		417 MICROCOMP. SQL		388 D-DATA	
Mid-Atlantic 88 M/AT 1-8	COMPARE COMPUTER		418 NU-MEGA		<ul> <li>MCGRAW-HILL</li> </ul>	BOOKS 88SW-7
mic-Augustic 00 m/Al 1-6		88NE-10	419 PC SIG			G. COUNCIL 88SW-5
* BYTE TIPS	432 C.H.A.S. MICRO		420 RIX SOFTWORKS		* ROBT. TINNEY	GRAPHICS 88SW-8

### **BYTE ADVERTISING SALES STAFF:**

#### Dennis J. Riley, Director of Sales, One Phoenix Mill Lane, Peterborough, NH 03458, tel. (603) 924-9281

NEW ENGLAND ME, NH, VT, MA, RI, ONTARIO CANADA & EASTERN CANADA John C. Moon (617) 262-1160 McGraw-Hill Publications 575 Boylston Street Boston, MA 02116

ATLANTIC NY, NYC, CT, NJ (NORTH) Leah G. Rabinowitz (212) 512-2096 McGraw-Hill Publications 1221 Avenue of the Americas— 36th Floor New York, NY 10020

(203) 968-7111 McGraw-Hill Publications Building A-3rd Floor 777 Long Ridge Road Stamford, CT 06902

EAST PA, NJ (SOUTH), MD, VA, W. VA, DE, D.C. (215) 496-3833 McGraw-Hill Publications Three Park way Philadelphia, PA 19102 SOUTHEAST NC, SC, GA, FL, AL, TN Carolyn F. Lovett (404) 252-0626 McGraw-Hill Publications 4170 Ashford-Dunwoody Road Suite 420 Atlanta, GA 30319

#### MIDWEST

IL, MO, KS, IA, ND, SD, MN, KY, OH, WI, NB, IN, MI, MS Bob Denmead (312) 751-3740 McGraw-Hill Publications Blair Building 645 North Michigan Ave. Chicago, IL 60611

SOUTHWEST, ROCKY MOUNTAIN CO, WY, OK, TX, AR, LA Karl Heinrich (713) 462-0757 McGraw-Hill Publications 7600 W. Tidwell Rd. – Suite 500 Houston, TX 77040

SOUTH PACIFIC SOUTHERN CA, AZ, NM, LAS VEGAS Jack Anderson (714) 557-6292 McGraw-Hill Publications 3001 Red Hill Ave. Building #1-Suite 222 Costa Mesa, CA 92626

Tom Harvey (213) 480-5243 McGraw-Hill Publications 3333 Wilshire Boulevard #407 Los Angeles, CA 90010

NORTH PACIFIC NORTH PACIFIC HI, WA, OR, ID, MT, NORTHERN CA, NV (except LAS VEGAS), UT, W. CANADA Mike Kisseberth (415) 362-4600 McGraw-Hill Publications 425 Battery Street San Francisco, CA 94111

Bill McAfee (415) 349-4100 McGraw-Hill Publications 951 Mariner's Island Blvd.— 3rd Floor San Mateo, CA 94404

BYTE BITS (2x3) Dan Harper (603) 924-6830 BYTE Publications One Phoenix Mill Lane Peterborough, NH 03458

The Buyer's Mart (1x2) Mark Stone (603) 924-3754 BYTE Publications One Phoenix Mill Lane Peterborough, NH 03458

**Regional Advertising** Regional Advertising (So. CA, Mid-Atlantic, New York/New England) Elisa Lister (603) 924-6830 BYTE Publications One Phoenix Mill Lane Peterborough, NH 03458

**Regional Advertising** (Southeast, Southwest) Denise Vernier (603) 924-9281 BYTE Publications One Phoenix Mill Lane Peterborough, NH 03458

Telex: RS35539 SEAVEX

Seavex Ltd. 503 Wilson House 19-27 Wyndham St. Central, Hong Kong Tel: 5-260149 Telex: 60904 SEVEX HX Regional Advertising (Pacific NW, Midwest, New York/New England) Scott Gagnon (603) 924-6830 BYTE Publications One Phoenix Mill Lane Peterborough, NH 03458

BYTE Deck Mailings National Ed Ware (603) 924-6166 BYTE Publications One Phoenix Mill Land

Peterborough, NH 03458 A/E/C Computing Deck Computing for Engineers Mary Ann Goulding (603) 924-9281 BYTE Publications One Phoenix Mill Land Peterborough, NH 03458

**International Advertising Sales Staff:** 

Mr. Hans Csokor Publimedia Reisnerstrasse 61 A-1037 Vienna, Austria 222 75 76 84

Mrs. Gurit Gepner McGraw-Hill Publishing Co. PO Box 2156 Bat Yam, 59121 Israel 3 866 561 321 39

Ros Weyman Serving Germany, Austria, & Switzerland McGraw-Hill Publishing Co. 34 Dover St. London W1X 4BR England 01 493 1451

Mrs. Maria Sarmiento Pedro Teixeira 8, Off. 320 Iberia Mart 1 Madrid 4, Spain 1 45 52 891

Michael Karnig Andrew Karnig & Associates Finnbodavagen S-131 31 Nacka, Sweden 8-44 0005

Mr. Alain Faure McGraw-Hill Publishing Co. 128 Faubourg Saint Honore 75008 Paris Franc (1) 42-89-03-81

Karen Lennie McGraw-Hill Publishing Co. 34 Dover St. London W1X 4BR England 01 493 1451

Emilio Zerboni McGraw-Hill Publishing Co. Via Flavio Baracchini 1 20123 Milan, Italy (2) 89010103

Seavex Ltd. 400 Orchard Road, #10-01 Singapore 0923 Republic of Singapore Tel: 734-9790

Hiro Morita McGraw-Hill Publishing Co. Overseas Corp. Room 1528 Kasumigaseki Bldg. 3-2-5 Kasumigaseki, Chiyoda-Ku Tokyo 100, Japan 3 581 9811

Mr. Ernest McCrary Empresa Internacional de Comunicacoes Ltda. Rua da Consolacao, 222 Conjunto 103 01302 Sao Paulo, S.P., Brasil Tel: (11) 259-3811 Telex: (100) 32122 EMBN

To get further information on the products advertised in BYTE, fill out the reader service card by circling the numbers on the card that correspond to the inquiry number listed with the advertiser. This index is provided as an additional service by the publisher, who assumes no liability for errors or omissions.

Inquiry No.

287

\* Correspond directly with company

## Index to Advertisers by Product Category

#### Inquiry No.

### Page No.

#### HARDWARE

280	ADD INS
12	ALPHA PRODUCTS 275
21	B&C MICRO
22	B&C MICRO
•	BINARY TECH
40	CAPITAL EQUIPMENT 119
41	CAPITAL EQUIPMENT
63	COMPUTER CONTINUUM 269 CONTROL VISION
- 03	DATRAN CORP
94	GENOA
487	INES
109	IO TECH
122	KONAN 172
123	KONAN 172
142	MENDELSON ELECTRONICS . 130
151	MICROWAY
159	NOHAU CORP. 270
162	ON TARGET
164	OSBORNE/MCGRAW-HILL 58
174	PERSONAL SPACE COMM 278
186	QUA TECH
187	QUA TECH
188	QUA TECH
189	QUA TECH
190	QUA TECH
191	QUA TECH
192 193	QUA TECH
193	QUA TECH
205	QUA TECH
205	ROSE ELECTRONICS
381	SCIENTIFIC SOLUTIONS . 88MW-1
382	SCIENTIFIC SOLUTIONS . 88MW-1
215	SEA LEVEL
227	SUPERMICRO 272
233	TALKING TECHNOLOGY 273
244	TRUEVISION
260	Z-WORLD
281	DRIVES
434	MANZANA
229	SYSGEN 15
282	HARDWARE PROGRAMMERS
-	
20	B&C MICRO 271
32 32	BP MICROSYSTEMS
32 34	BP MICROSYSTEMS
97	BYTEK
97 98	GTEK INC. 52
264	INNOVATIONS 270
380	KORE, INC
126	LINK COMP GRAPHICS 274
128	LOGICAL DEVICES 280
253	XELTEK
254	XENDER 278

Inqu	ilry No. Page No.	Inqu	liry No.	Page No.
283	INSTRUMENTATION	53	COMPUTER AGE	LTD
-		102	HEWLETT-PACKA	RD 159
84	ELEXOR	103	HEWLETT-PACKA	RD 157
162	ON TARGET	489	LASER TEAM	
			MANNESMANN TA	
284	MASS STORAGE		MANNESMANN TA	
_			NEC INFO. SYS	
10	AK SYSTEMS 270	160	OKIDATA	
86	EVEREX		PRINCETON GRAI	
87	EVEREX		RAINBOW TECH.	
•	MAXELL DATA PRODUCTS 7		ROSE ELECTRON	
492	MITSUBISHI KASEI 88IS-32	1	ZENITH DATA SYS	
493	NIPPON COLUMBIA 88IS-19		ZERICON	
195	QUALSTAR	1 201	22/10/01	
	SKAN TECH	289	SCANN	ERS/DIGITIZERS
	TALLGRASS TECH	209	SCANN	EHS/DIGITIZEHS
	TALLGRASS TECH	88	FLAGSTAFF	100
	TANDON 56,57	1	FLAGSTAFF	
	TANDON	1	F&W COMMUNICA	
			HIGH RES. TECHN	
	MISCELLANEOUS			
			LOGITECH	
19	B&B ELECTRONICS 280		LOGITECH	
	BEDE TECH		VUTEK SYSTEMS	
	CUESTA SYSTEMS 106	425	VUTEK SYSTEMS	
	CUESTA SYSTEMS 106	I		
	DATAPATH TECH	290	SOFT	VARE SECURITY
	GLOBE MFG. SALES 88IS-18			
	INTECTRA	1	COVOX	
	INTEGRAND 40	r	QUA TECH	
	INVERDATA 88IS-22		QUA TECH	
			QUA TECH	
	KADAK		QUA TECH	
	MERRITT COMPUTER PROD 58		RAINBOW TECHNO	
	ORION	1	RAINBOW TECHNO	
	UNIVERSAL DATA	414	VILLARREAL CON	SULTING88PC-8
24/	UNIVERSAL DATA			
285	MODEMS/MULTIPLEXORS	291		SYSTEMS
			ABC COMPUTER .	
	ATI TECHNOLOGIES	1	ADVANCED LOGIC	
	CENTRAL COMP. PROD 272		ADVANCED LOGIC	
	COMPUCOM GROUP		AMPRO	
	MICROCOMPUTER SQUARE 88PC-2		BUS COMPUTER S	
	TELEBYTE TECH INC 161		CORTEX	
242	TOUCHBASE SYSTEMS INC. 136	377	CORTEX	88MW-6
		481	CUBIX	8815-7
286	MONITORS	261	DELL COMP. (N. AI	MER.) . 144-147
		262	DELL COMP. (INT'L	L) 144-147
	NEC HOME ELEC. DIV 62,63	483	ELONEX	88/S-25
423	TATUNG SCIENCE & TECH.88PC-7	85	ENGINEERS COLL	ABORATIVE 269
		90	FORTRON INC	
292	NETWORK HARDWARE	433	F&W COMMUNICA	TIONS 88NE-17
		93	GATEWAY 2000	175
	BAY TECHNICAL ASSOC 117	113	JAWIN COMPUTER	PROD 271
	COGITATE	114	JAWIN COMPUTER	PROD 271
	ITRON	274	MICRO 1	
	NATURAL MICROSYSTEMS 201		MICRO 1	
	PERSONAL SPACE COMM 278		MICROSMART	
	ROSE ELECTRONICS 270		OMEGA MICRO SY	
207	ROSE ELECTRONICS 270		OWL COMP. SERVI	
		167	PACIFIC COMPUTE	R 267
288	PRINTERS/PLOTTERS		PACIFIC COMPUTE	
-			PC DESIGN	
	ADV. MATRIX TECH 248,247		PIONEER SYSTEM	
266	CITIZEN AMERICA 82,83		PROTEUS TECH. C	

Inqu	Jiry No. Pag	e No.
53	COMPUTER AGE LTD.	270
102		
103		
489		
136		
135		
•		
160		
178		
202	RAINBOW TECH	278
206		
255	ZENITH DATA SYSTEMS	. 181
257	ZERICON	. 278
289	SCANNERS/DIGITI	ZERS
	FLAGSTAFF	
	FLAGSTAFF	
433		
265		
129		74,75
130		
424		
425	VUTEK SYSTEMS 88	IPC-8
290	SOFTWARE SECU	RITY
64	COVOX	. 272
	QUA TECH	
203		
	RAINBOW TECHNOLOGIES . VILLARREAL CONSULTING88	
291	SYST	EMS
476	ABC COMPUTER 88	IS-23
6		
7	ADVANCED LOGIC RESEARCH	18,9
•	AMPRO	. 114
33	BUS COMPUTER SYSTEMS .	. 263
393	CORTEX	AT-3
377	CORTEX 88M	
481		
	DELL COMP. (N. AMER.) . 144	
262		
		S-25
	ENGINEERS COLLABORATIVE	
90		
	F&W COMMUNICATIONS 88N GATEWAY 2000	
114		
	MICRO 1	
	MICRO 1	
•	MICROSMART 88NE-1	
402	OMEGA MICRO SYSTEMS 88	
	OWL COMP. SERVICES . 88M/	
	PACIFIC COMPUTER	
	PACIFIC COMPUTER	
	PCDESIGN	127

#### 201 RADIO SHACK ..... CIV SEMITECH MICRO ELEC. 8815-15 496 STONE COMPUTECH CO. 8815-28 497 STONE COMPUTECH CO. 8815-28

498	STONE COMPUTECH CO. 881S-28
240	TOSHIBA
241	TOSHIBA 48,49
245	TURNPOINT SYSTEMS 168
441	UNIQTECH 88NE-9
256	ZEOS INT'L
259	Z-WORLD

#### TERMINALS

Page No.

#### SOFTWARE

293	IBM/MSDOS APPLICATIONS Business/Office
30	BORLAND
31	BORLAND
47	COGITATE 270
68	DATA ACCESS 251
72	DAYBREAK TECH. 199
73	DAYBREAK TECH. 199
91	FOX SOFTWARE 23
92	FTG
95	GOLDEN BOW 274
•	LOTUS DEVELOPMENT 20.21
•	MICRO LOGIC CORP
•	MICROLYTICS
155	NANTUCKET
494	NOVELL DEVELOPMENT 8815-29
•	ORACLE
169	PARSONS TECHNOLOGY 177
199	QUARTERDECK OFFICE SYS. 214
200	QUARTERDECK OFFICE SYS. 214
٠	RAIMA
294	IBM/MSDOS APPLICATIONS Scientific/Technical
39	CANETICS
74	DAYTRON ELECTRONICS 274
83	ECOSOFT 113
138	MATHSOFT 69
149	MICROSIM CORP. 194

83	ECOSOFT
138	MATHSOFT
149	MICROSIM CORP
150	MICROSIM CORP
435	NEURALWARE
170	PATTON & PATTON
175	PERSONAL TEX
225	SPECTRUM SOFTWARE 13
226	STSC
230	SYSTAT
231	SYSTAT
295	IBM/MSDOS-CAD
263	ACCEL TECH

Mac Supplement follows page 200. See Reader Service Index and card on page M96.

Advertising Supplement included with this issue: Priority One Electronics (U.S. Subscribers)

_	
Inqui	ry No. Page No.
13	AMER. SMALL BUS. COMPUTERS 93
35	CADAM
38	CADAM
249	WINTER CORP
29 <del>6</del>	IBM/MSDOS-LAN
	ROSE ELECTRONICS 270
207	ROSE ELECTRONICS
17	SIMPLE NET SYSTEM
18	SIMPLE NET SYSTEM 134
297	IBM/MSDOS-GRAPHICS
58	COMP. SUPPORT GRP 192,193
272	DESTINY TECHNOLOGY 225
488	IES 88/S-12
439	RIX SOFTWORKS 88NE-20
440	RIX SOFTWORKS 88NE-20
420	RIX SOFTWORKS
298	IBM/MSDOS-LANGUAGES
3	A+L MEIER VOGT
11 16	ALOIS SCHONBACHLER 96 AVOCET SYSTEMS
28	BORLAND
27	BORLAND
28	BORLAND 1
29	BORLAND 1
•	CALEND
43	CNS INC
44	CNS INC
78	DIGITALK INC
99	GUIDELINES SOFTWARE 24
485	IAR 88IS-27
108	INTELLIGENCEWARE 17
115	JENSEN & PARTNERS INT'L 87
125	LAHEY COMPUTER SYSTEMS 128 LOGITECH 154
132	LOGITECH 155
133	
134	LOGITECH 154
137	MARK WILLIAMS
	MICROSOFT
152	MIX SOFTWARE
	WINTEK CORP
258	
299	IBM/MSDOS-UTILITIES
	A + L MEIER VOGT
267	
288	
15	ATRON
25	BLAISE
37	
38 271	
273	
70	
71	
101	HAMMERLY COMP. SERVICES 97
104	HI TECH EQUIP

Inqui	ry No. Page No.
105	HIWARE 60
137	MARK WILLIAMS
152	MIX SOFTWARE
418	NU-MEGA
178	PETER NORTON
177	PETER NORTON
•	QUAID SOFTWARE LTD 54
197	QUARTERDECK OFFICE SYS . 120
198	QUARTERDECK OFFICE SYS . 120
208	R.J. SWANTEK 280
212	SANTA RITA SOFTWARE 104
228	SUPERSOFT
•	VERMONT CREATIVE
300	IBM/MSDOS-COMMUNICATIONS
•	CLEO SOFTWARE
45	COEFFICIENT SYS. CO 160
46	COEFFICIENT SYS. CO 161
391	COMM. RESEARCH 88M/AT-6
430	COMM. RESEARCH 88NE-19
65	CROSSTALK COMM
75	DCS (DIVERSIFIED COMP.) 271
96	GRAFPOINT
119	KEA SYSTEMS
120	KEA SYSTEMS
144	
173	PERSOFT
219	SOFTKLONE DISTRIBUTING . 184
	SOFTRONICS
220	
	SOFTRONICS
220 301	
220 301	OTHER-CROSS DEVELOPMENT
220 301	OTHER—CROSS DEVELOPMENT SOFTWARE DEV. SYS 124
220 301	OTHER—CROSS DEVELOPMENT SOFTWARE DEV. SYS 124
220 301	OTHER-CROSS DEVELOPMENT SOFTWARE DEV. SYS 124 MAC M1-M96
220 301	OTHER—CROSS DEVELOPMENT SOFTWARE DEV. SYS 124
220 301	OTHER-CROSS DEVELOPMENT SOFTWARE DEV. SYS 124 MAC M1-M96
220 301 221	OTHER-CROSS DEVELOPMENT SOFTWARE DEV. SYS 124 MAC M1-M96 SUPPLEMENT
220 301	OTHER-CROSS DEVELOPMENT SOFTWARE DEV. SYS 124 MAC M1-M96 SUPPLEMENT 2 MAIL ORDER/
220 301 221	OTHER-CROSS DEVELOPMENT SOFTWARE DEV. SYS 124 MAC M1-M96 SUPPLEMENT
220 301 221 * 302	OTHER-CROSS DEVELOPMENT SOFTWARE DEV. SYS 124 MAC M1-M96 SUPPLEMENT 2 MAIL ORDER/ RETAIL
220 301 221 * 302 409	OTHER-CROSS DEVELOPMENT SOFTWARE DEV. SYS. 124 MAC M1-M96 SUPPLEMENT 2 MAIL ORDER/ RETAIL 3-F. 68PC-16
220 <u>301</u> 221 * <b>302</b> 409 5	OTHER-CROSS DEVELOPMENT SOFTWARE DEV. SYS. 124 MAC M1-M96 SUPPLEMENT 2 MAIL ORDER/ RETAIL 3-F. 68PC-16 ADV. COMP. PRODS. 282,283
220 <u>301</u> 221 * <u>302</u> <u>409</u> 5 410	OTHER-CROSS DEVELOPMENT SOFTWARE DEV. SYS. 124 MAC M1-M96 SUPPLEMENT 2 MAIL ORDER/ RETAIL 3-F
220 301 221 * 302 409 5 410 378	OTHER-CROSS DEVELOPMENT SOFTWARE DEV. SYS. 124 MAC M1-M96 SUPPLEMENT 2 MAIL ORDER/ RETAIL 3-F
220 301 221 * 302 409 5 410 378 387	OTHER-CROSS DEVELOPMENT SOFTWARE DEV. SYS. 124 MAC M1-M96 SUPPLEMENT 2 MAIL ORDER/ RETAIL 3-F
220 301 221 * 302 409 5 378 378 377 477	OTHER-CROSS DEVELOPMENT SOFTWARE DEV. SYS. 124 MAC M1-M96 SUPPLEMENT 2 MAIL ORDER/ RETAIL 3-F & & PROS. 282,283 ALTEC TECHNOLOGY & & PROS. ALTEX ELECTRONICS & & MW-9 ALTEX ELECTRONICS & & & MW-9 ALTEX ELECTRONICS & & & & MW-9 ALTEX ELECTRONICS & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & &
220 301 221 * 302 409 5 378 387 477 429	OTHER-CROSS DEVELOPMENT SOFTWARE DEV. SYS. 124 MAC M1-M96 SUPPLEMENT 2 MAIL ORDER/ RETAIL 3-F 88PC-16 ADV. COMP. PRODS. 282,283 ALTEX ELECTRONICS 88M-9 ALTEX ELECTRONICS 88M-9 ALTEX ELECTRONICS 88M-9 ALTEX ELECTRONICS 88M-9 ALTEX ELECTRONICS 88M-9 ALTEX ELECTRONICS 88M-9
220 301 221 * 302 409 5 378 378 377 477	OTHER-CROSS DEVELOPMENT SOFTWARE DEV. SYS. 124 MAC M1-M96 SUPPLEMENT 2 MAIL ORDER/ RETAIL 3-F. 68PC-16 ADV. COMP. PRODS. 282,283 ALTEC TECHNOLOGY 68PC-6 ALTEX ELECTRONICS 88NW-8 ALTEX ELECTRONICS 88NW-8 ALTEX ELECTRONICS 88NW-1 ANALYTICAL ENGINES 88IS-22 APPLIED PROG. ELEC. 88IS-28
220 301 221 * 302 409 5 410 378 387 477 429 478 429	OTHER-CROSS DEVELOPMENT SOFTWARE DEV. SYS. 124 MAC M1-M96 SUPPLEMENT 2 MAIL ORDER/ RETAIL 3-F. 88PC-16 ADV. COMP. PRODS. 282,283 ALTEC TECHNOLOGY 88PC-8 ALTEX ELECTRONICS 88MW-8 ALTEX ELECTRONICS 88ME-8 BUYERS MART 254-282
220 301 221 * 300 302 409 5 410 378 387 477 429 478	OTHER-CROSS DEVELOPMENT SOFTWARE DEV. SYS. 124 MAC M1-M96 SUPPLEMENT 2 MAIL ORDER/ RETAIL 3-F
220 301 221 * 302 409 5 410 378 387 477 429 478 478 478 49	OTHER-CROSS DEVELOPMENT SOFTWARE DEV. SYS. 124 MAC M1-M96 SUPPLEMENT 2 MAIL ORDER/ RETAIL 3.F
220 301 221 * 302 409 5 410 3787 429 477 429 478 • •	OTHER-CROSS DEVELOPMENT SOFTWARE DEV. SYS. 124 MAC M1-M96 SUPPLEMENT 2 MAIL ORDER/ RETAIL 3-F & & PC-16 ADV. COMP. PRODS. 282,283 ALTEC TECHNOLOGY & & PC-8 ALTEX ELECTRONICS & & & W-3 ALTEX ELECTRONICS & & & & W-3 ALTEX ELECTRONICS & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & &
220 301 221 * 302 409 5 410 378 387 429 478 477 429 478 480	OTHER-CROSS DEVELOPMENT SOFTWARE DEV. SYS. 124 MAC M1-M96 SUPPLEMENT 2 MAIL ORDER/ RETAIL 3-F 88PC-16 ADV. COMP. PRODS. 282,283 ALTEC TECHNOLOGY 88PC-8 ALTEX ELECTRONICS. 88MW-8 ALTEX ELECTRONICS. 88IW-9 ALTEX ELECTRONICS. 88IW-9 ALTEX ELECTRONICS. 88IW-9 ALTEX ELECTRONICS. 88IW-9 ALTEX ELECTRONICS. 88IW-9 ALTEX ELECTRONICS. 88IW-9 ALTEX ELECTRONICS. 88IW-9 COMPACT DISK PRODUCTS. 94 COMPACT DISK PRODUCTS. 94 COMPACE COMPUTERS. 88IW-5 COMPACE COMPUTERS. 88IN-5 COMPACE COMPUTERS. 88IN-5
220 301 221 * 300 5 409 5 410 378 3877 477 478 429 478 429 478 5 5 480 51	OTHER-CROSS DEVELOPMENT SOFTWARE DEV. SYS. 124 MAC M1-M96 SUPPLEMENT 2 MAIL ORDER/ RETAIL 3-F 68PC-18 ADV. COMP. PRODS. 282,283 ALTEC TECHNOLOGY 88PC-8 ALTEX ELECTRONICS 88MW-9 ALTEX ELECTRONICS 88ME-4,7 BCL 8815-22 BUYERS MART 254-282 COMPACT DISK PRODUCTS 94 COMPARE COMPUTERS 88ME-5 COMPARE COMPUTERS 88ME-5 COMPARE COMPUTERS 88ME-5 COMPACE 287
220 301 221 * 302 409 5 410 378 387 477 429 478 478 478 478 478 478 478 478	OTHER-CROSS DEVELOPMENT SOFTWARE DEV. SYS. 124 MAC M1-M96 SUPPLEMENT 2 MAIL ORDER/ RETAIL 3-F. 88PC-16 ADV. COMP. PRODS. 282,283 ALTEC TECHNOLOGY 88PC-8 ALTEX ELECTRONICS. 88MW-8 ALTEX ELECTRONICS. 88NW-8 ALTEX ELECTRONICS. 88NE-52 COMPARE COMPUTERS. 88NE-5 COMPARE COMPUTERS. 88NE-5 COMPUSAVE 287 COMPUTER AGE 88NE-10
220 301 221 * 302 409 5 410 3787 429 477 429 478 49 5 480 51 1357 41 155 41 1557 41 1557 41 1557 40 1557 40 1557 40 1557 40 1557 40 1557 40 1557 40 1557 40 1557 40 1557 40 1557 40 1557 40 1557 40 1557 40 1557 40 1557 40 1557 40 1557 40 1557 40 1557 40 1557 40 1557 40 1557 40 1557 40 1557 40 1557 40 1557 40 1557 40 1557 40 1557 40 1557 40 1557 40 1557 40 1557 40 1557 40 1557 40 1557 40 1557 40 1557 40 1557 40 1557 40 1557 40 1557 40 1557 40 1557 40 1557 40 1557 40 1557 40 1557 40 1557 40 1557 40 1557 40 1557 40 1557 40 1557 40 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557 1557	OTHER-CROSS DEVELOPMENT SOFTWARE DEV. SYS. 124 MAC M1-M96 SUPPLEMENT 2 MAIL ORDER/ RETAIL 3-F
220 301 221 * 302 409 5 410 3787 429 477 429 478 477 429 478 54 10 51 431 54 389	OTHER-CROSS DEVELOPMENT SOFTWARE DEV. SYS. 124 MAC M1-M96 SUPPLEMENT 2 MAIL ORDER/ RETAIL 3-F & & PC-16 ADV. COMP. PRODS. 282,283 ALTEC TECHNOLOGY & & PC-8 ALTEX ELECTRONICS & & & W-3 ALTEX ELECTRONICS & & & W-3 ALTEX ELECTRONICS & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & &
220 301 221 * 302 409 5 410 378 387 429 478	OTHER-CROSS DEVELOPMENT SOFTWARE DEV. SYS. 124 MAC M1-M96 SUPPLEMENT 2 MAIL ORDER/ RETAIL 3-F 88PC-16 ADV. COMP. PRODS. 282,283 ALTEC TECHNOLOGY 88PC-8 ALTEX ELECTRONICS 88MW-8 ALTEX ELECTRONICS 88IS-22 APPLIED PROG. ELEC. 88IS-22 COMPACT DISK PRODUCTS 94 COMPARE COMPUTERS 88IS-5 COMPARE COMPUTERS 88IS-5 COMPUTER SART 287 COMPUTER AGE 88IS-11 COMPUTER LANE 88SW-8 COMPUTER LANE 88SW-8
220 301 221 * 302 409 5 410 378 387 477 477 429 478 429 478 429 478 429 478 429 478 429 478 429 478 429 478 429 478 429 478 429 478 429 478 429 478 429 478 429 478 429 478 429 478 478 479 478 477 478 479 478 479 478 477 478 479 478 477 478 479 478 477 477 478 479 478 477 478 479 478 479 478 479 478 479 478 477 479 478 479 478 479 478 479 478 479 478 479 479 478 479 478 479 478 479 479 479 479 479 479 479 479	OTHER-CROSS DEVELOPMENT SOFTWARE DEV. SYS. 124 MAC M1-M96 SUPPLEMENT 2 MAIL ORDER/ RETAIL 3-F 68PC-16 ADV. COMP. PRODS. 282,283 ALTEC TECHNOLOGY 88PC-8 ALTEX ELECTRONICS 88MW-8 ALTEX ELECTRONICS 88MW-8 ALTEX ELECTRONICS 88MW-8 ALTEX ELECTRONICS 88MW-8 ALTEX ELECTRONICS 88MW-8 ALTEX ELECTRONICS 88MW-8 COMPACT DISK PRODUCTS 94 COMPACE COMPUTERS 88ME-5 COMPARE COMPUTERS 88ME-5 COMPUTER AGE 88NE-10 COMPUTER LANE 88WAT-5 COMPUTER LANE 88WAT-5 COMPUTER LANE 88WAT-5
220 301 221 * 300 300 300 300 300 300 300	OTHER-CROSS DEVELOPMENT SOFTWARE DEV. SYS. 124 MAC M1-M96 SUPPLEMENT 2 MAIL ORDER/ RETAIL 3-F. 88PC-18 AUTEX ELECTRONICS 282,283 ALTEC TECHNOLOGY 88PC-8 ALTEX ELECTRONICS 282,283 ALTEX ELECTRONICS 88W-9 ALTEX ELECTRONICS 88W-9 ALTEX ELECTRONICS 88W-9 ALTEX ELECTRONICS 88W-9 ALTEX ELECTRONICS 88W-9 ALTEX ELECTRONICS 980N-9 ALTEX ELECTRONICS 980N-9 COMPARE COMPUTERS 880N-9 COMPARE COMPUTERS 880N-5 COMPUTER AGE 880N-10 COMPUTER LANE 880N/AT-5 COMPUTER LANE 880N/AT-5 COMPUTER LANE 880N/AT-5
220 301 221 * 302 409 5 410 378 387 429 478 477 429 478 478 478 479 5 5 57	OTHER-CROSS DEVELOPMENT SOFTWARE DEV. SYS. 124 MAC M1-M96 SUPPLEMENT 2 MAIL ORDER/ RETAIL 3-F 88PC-16 ADV. COMP. PRODS. 282,283 ALTEC TECHNOLOGY 88PC-8 ALTEX ELECTRONICS 88MW-8 ALTEX ELECTRONICS 88NW-8 ALTEX ELECTRONICS 88NW-8 COMPACE COMPUTERS 88NW-7 COMPUTER ALTEX 88N
220 301 221 * 302 409 5 409 5 410 3787 477 429 478 477 429 478 49 5 5 480 511 557 58	OTHER-CROSS DEVELOPMENT SOFTWARE DEV. SYS. 124 MAC M1-M96 SUPPLEMENT 2 MAIL ORDER/ RETAIL 3-F
220 301 221 * 302 409 5 409 5 410 3787 477 429 478 477 429 478 49 5 5 480 511 557 58	OTHER-CROSS DEVELOPMENT SOFTWARE DEV. SYS. 124 MAC M1-M96 SUPPLEMENT 2 MAIL ORDER/ RETAIL 3-F 88PC-16 ADV. COMP. PRODS. 282,283 ALTEC TECHNOLOGY 88PC-8 ALTEX ELECTRONICS 88MW-8 ALTEX ELECTRONICS 88NW-8 ALTEX ELECTRONICS 88NW-8 COMPACE COMPUTERS 88NW-7 COMPUTER ALTEX 88N

Inquiry No. Page No.						
80	COMP. DISCOUNT WAREHOUSE 105					
61	COMP. SURPLUS STORE 289					
82	CONTECH					
432	C.H.A.S. MICRO					
79	DISC INTERNATIONAL 276					
80 81	DISKCOTECH					
82	DISKS TO GO	1				
413	D-DATA					
388	D-DATA					
482	ECOSOFT AG 88IS-28					
484	GREY MATTER 88IS-21					
378	HARD DRIVES INT'L 88MW-7					
379	HARD DRIVES INT'L 88MW-7					
399 400	HARD DRIVES INT'L 88SE-1 HARD DRIVES INT'L 88SE-1					
106	IC EXPRESS					
111	JADE COMPUTER PROD 281					
112	JAMECO ELECTRONICS 264,265					
116	J.D.R. MICRODEVICES 284,285					
117	J.D.R. MICRODEVICES 286,287					
117	J.D.R. MICRODEVICES 288					
415	KNAPCO 88PC-15					
401	KNAPCO					
:	MCGRAW-HILL BOOKS 88NE-18					
	MCGRAW-HILL BOOKS 88SE-7 MCGRAW-HILL BOOKS 88SW-7					
139	MEAD COMPUTER					
140	MEGASOFT					
141	MEGASOFT					
143	MEP (MICRO ELEC. PROD) 278					
147	MICROCOM SYSTEMS					
•	MICROCOMP, MKTG. COUNCIL88M/AT-8					
•	MICROCOMP, MKTG. COUNCIL 88MW-3					
:	MICROCOMP. MKTG. COUNCILS8NE-12					
	MICROCOMP. MKTG. COUNCIL88PC-10 MICROCOMP. MKTG. COUNCIL 88SE-5					
	MICROCOMP. MKTG. COUNCIL 88SW-5					
•	MICROCOMP. MKTG. COUNCIL 217					
•	MICROMINT					
•	MICROMINT					
148	MICROPROCESSORS UNLTD. 274					
153	MONTGOMERY GRANT 288					
154	M.H.I. 112					
394 436	OWL COMP. SERVICES . 88M/AT-7 PC LINK					
430						
438						
181						
182	PROGRAMMER'S CONNECTION 39					
183	PROGRAMMER'S PARADISE . 107					
209	-					
213						
214	I					
218 57						
58						
218						
•	I					
224						
499	S-100					
500						
232						
395						
422 57						
57						
239						
	1					

Inquiry No. Page No.				
243		289		
501	USA SOFTWARE	88IS-5		
248	WAREHOUSE DATA PROD	55		
403	WJL	88SE-2		
383	Y.E.S. MULTINATIONAL	88MW-4		

#### 303 EDUCATIONAL/ INSTRUCTIONAL

•	BYTE BACK ISSUES 296
	BYTE BACK ISSUES 88IS-20
269	BYTE BITS 280
•	BYTE CIRCULATION 248
•	BYTE CIRCULATION 88IS-30
•	BYTE MARKETING 253
•	BYTE SUB. MESSAGE 180
•	BYTE SUB. MESSAGE 88IS-18
•	BYTE SUB. SERVICE
•	BYTE TIPS
•	BYTE TIPS 88NE-4
•	BYTE TIPS
•	BYTE TIPS 885W-2
•	COMPUTERS FOR THE BLIND88M/AT-4
•	COMPUTERS FOR THE BLIND 88SW-4
•	EXPOCONSUL INT'L 88PC-12
121	KNOWLEDGE GARDEN 233
127	LOGICAL DEVICES 280
490	MICROPROCESS. ENGIN. 88IS-24
185	OSBORNE/MCGRAW-HILL 170
166	OSBORNE/MCGRAW-HILL 231
419	PC SIG

#### DESKTOP PUBLISHING

418 MERLIN PUBLISHING ..... 88PC-4

304

**MISCELLANEOUS** 161 ON TARGET ... . 278 \* ROBT, TINNEY GRAPHICS 88NE-16 \* ROBT. TINNEY GRAPHICS 888E-6 \* ROBT. TINNEY GRAPHICS 885W-6 305 **OPERATING** SYSTEMS 196 QUANTUM . . . 10 222 SOFTWARE LINK, THE .... 28,29 223 SOFTWARE LINK, THE .... 28,29 **306 ON-LINE SERVICES** 479 BIX 88IS-31 450 BIX ..... 182,183 52 COMPUSERVE ....

251 WORLDWIDE SERVICES ..... 276

252 WORLDWIDE SERVICES . . . . . 276

491 MICRO TECHNOLOGY .... 88IS-2

	1005	100 (	1007	1000	BACK ISSUES FOR SALE		
Ian	<b>1985</b> \$6.00	1986	1987	<b>1988</b> \$6.00	SPECIAL ISSUES and INDEX		
Jan. Feb.	\$6.00	\$6.00	\$6.00	\$6.00	BYTE '83-'84 INDEX \$2.00		
March	\$6.00	\$0.00	\$6.00	\$6.00	BYTE 1985 INDEX \$2.50		
April	\$6.00		\$6.00	\$6.00	BYTE 1986 INDEX \$2.00		
May	\$6.00		\$6.00	\$6.00	BYTE 1987 INDEX \$2.50		
June	\$6.00	\$6.00	\$6.00	\$6.00	BITE B87 INDEX         \$2.30           1985 INSIDE THE IBM PCs         \$4.75		
July		\$6.00	\$6.00	\$6.00			
Aug.	\$6.00	\$6.00	\$6.00				
Sept.	\$6.00	\$6.00	\$6.00		APPLICATIONS SOFTWARE TODAY SPECIAL \$4.00		
Oct.	\$6.00	\$6.00			Circle and send requests with payments to: BYTE Back Issues		
Nov.	\$6.00				One Phoenix Mill Lane		
Dec.	\$6.00	\$6.00			Peterborough, NH 03458 (603) 924-9281		
□ Check enclosed Payments from foreign countries must be made in US funds payable at a US bank. □ VISA □ MasterCard							
			-		Exp. Date		
Signaturi							
					per copy for Canada and Mexico; and \$2.00 per copy to foreign countries (sur- 12 weeks for foreign delivery.		
				•	International Advertising section of book.		
CITY			_		State Z1p		
			SU	BSC	RIBERS ONLY!*		
	TE	5			Telephone Inquiry Processing System		
					n bring product information as much as 10 days earlier.		
SEND FOR YOUR 1) SUBSCRIBER I.D. CARD					bscriber or have lost your I.D. card, circle #1 on the Reader Service label. We will immediately send your personal TIPS subscriber card.		
GET PI	REPARED	2)			er Number, as printed on your Subscriber I.D. Card, in boxes in Step 5 below. Il in blank boxes)		
		3)			nformation desired in boxes in Step 7b below. Il in blank boxes.)		
CALL 7	rips	4)	Now, on	Now, on a Touch-Tone telephone dial: (413) 442-2668 and wait for voice commands.			
ENTER YOUR 5) SUBSCRIBER AND ISSUE NUMBERS		(Enter b ignoring	When TIPS says: "Enter Subscriber Number" (Enter by pushing the numbers and symbols [# or * enclosed in the boxes] on telephone pad ignoring blank boxes) Enter				
		6)		IPS says "E ] [#] [8] [8] [#]	nter magazine code & issue code" III		
ENTER YOUR 7a) INQUIRIES			When TIPS says "Enter (next) Inquiry Number" Enter one inquiry selection from below (ignore blank boxes)				
		b	) Repeat '	7a as needec	l (maximum 17 inquiry numbers)		
			2. □ □ 3. □ □ 4. □ □		6		
END S	ESSION	8)	End ses	sion by ente	ring 🖲 🖲 🗓 🗰 🏢		
		9)			ng final message and need assistance, call (603) 924-9281.		

If you are not a subscriber fill out the subscription card found in this issue or, call BYTE Circulation 800-423-8912. \*Domestic and Canadian Subscribers Only!

## **OUR NEW PRINTERS MAKE EVEN BAD WRITING LOOK GOOD.**

CHAPTER ONE THE BLACKEST HOUR IS MIDNIGHT

It was not a night fit for man or beast what with the sky being as black as ink and it starting to rain like cats and dogs. As if things weren't bad enough Jeffrey Whipple had to climb all the way up to the top of Bald Eagle hill in his snakeskin boots so new their smell reminded him of a car he once leased in Flagstaff, Arizona just to check things out because earlier in the day a message had gotten through that there was going to be trouble this night so he was feeling ominous as the dry wind whipped up the dust around his feet and wondering if he should go on or go back to camp when suddenly, he heard a twig crack behind him or thought he did but as he turned he wheth see anything except the black bleakness of the

We're sorry that our new 24-wire Pinwriter<sup>®</sup> P5200 and P5300 printers can't do much for the quality of your writing. But they can certainly do wonders for the way it looks. The secret is the ribbon. Other dot matrix printers only use a fabric ribbon. Our Pinwriters print with both a fabric and a letter-quality, multi-strike film ribbon-the same kind used on executive typewriters.

The NEC Pinwriters can also enhance your writing in other ways. They have seven resident type styles. Plus four more are available on plug-in font cards. Which means you can express your thoughts with just the right typeface. You can also get an inexpensive, user-installed color option. And if graphics are part of your story, these Pinwriters produce the highest resolution of any printer you can buy. Call NEC Information Systems at 1-800-343-4418 to see

how much better our new Pinwriter P5200 and the wider

P5300 can make your writing look. Whether you're a budding Hemingway, or a Hemingway & Company.

#### NEC PRINTERS. THEY ONLY STOP WHEN YOU WANT THEM TO.





ters and Communication

and a state of the

## Tandy Computers: Because <u>there is</u> no better value.

# The Tandy<sup>®</sup> 1000 TX

111111111111111111



Buy a Tandy 1000 TX and receive a <sup>\$</sup>299<sup>95</sup> Color Monitor... at no extra charge.

#### Power you need at a great price

Now, for a limited time, buy a Tandy 1000 TX computer for only \$1199 and we'll include our CM-5 Color Monitor. The PC-compatible Tandy 1000 TX features a high-speed Intel<sup>®</sup> 80286 microprocessor for far greater processing power than ordinary PCs.

#### Comes with its own software

With the included Personal DeskMate<sup>™</sup> 2 software, you get seven popular applications: Text—an easy-to-use word-processing program; Worksheet—a spreadsheet-analysis application; File—an efficient electronic-filing system; Paint—a colorful graphics program; Music—for playing and composing songs; Calendar—to keep those important dates; and Telecom—to communicate with other computers and information services.

## Start computing immediately

This system is ready to run from day one because the TX comes with 640K RAM, a 720K 31/2" disk drive, all the necessary adapters, as well as MS-DOS® 3.2 and GW-BASIC.

#### Choose from a variety of computers

Tandy offers a complete line of PCcompatible computers for every need. Visit a nearby Radio Shack today and take advantage of this special offer featuring the remarkable Tandy 1000 TX with Personal DeskMate 2 and the CM-5 Color Monitor.



Offer includes Tandy 1000 TX (25-1600) and CM-5 Color Monitor (25-1043). Monitor appearance may vary. Personal DeskMate 2 communications require modern. Intel/Reg. TM Intel Corp. IBM/Reg. TM IBM Corp. MS-0DS/Reg. TM Microsoft Corp. Sale bregins 6/21/88. ends 8/23/88

TANDY