

# RADIO & TELEVISION NEWS

OCTOBER  
1950

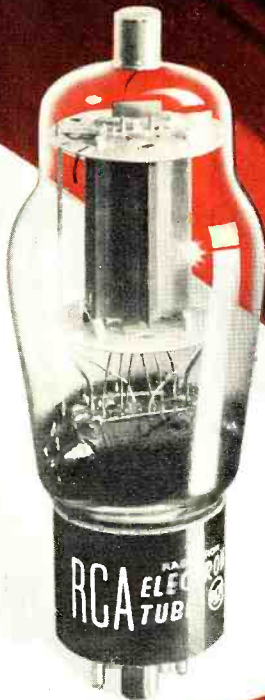
RADIO-ELECTRONIC  
ENGINEERING  
EDITION

*Measuring*  
THE ELECTRICAL  
CHARACTERISTICS  
OF A  
TRANSMITTING TUBE

PAGE 100



THE QUALITY OF RCA TUBES IS UNQUESTIONED



**RCA for** *Deflection Tubes*  
... with dependability

Each standard by which you judge a tube in service is considered in establishing the design requirements of RCA tubes. Dependable performance of deflection circuits starts with *dependable* tubes. For example,

RCA-designed driver tubes, such as the 6SN7-GT and 12AU7—as well as the RCA-6K6-GT and RCA-6AQ5 vertical-deflection tubes—are exceptionally low in microphonics. They are built for *dependable* performance.

RCA-designed horizontal deflection tubes, such as the 6BG6-G, easily withstand peak plate voltages of 5000 volts, and as readily meet peak emission demands on the cathode. They, too, are built for *dependable* performance.

For these reasons, RCA tubes offer *dependability* beyond the average. With fewer service failures and fewer costly call-backs, there is, then, an additional hidden profit in every RCA tube and kinescope you sell.

*Always keep in touch with your RCA Tube Distributor*



**RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA**  
ELECTRON TUBES  
HARRISON, N. J.



## You Practice COMMUNICATIONS

I Send You Parts To Build This Transmitter

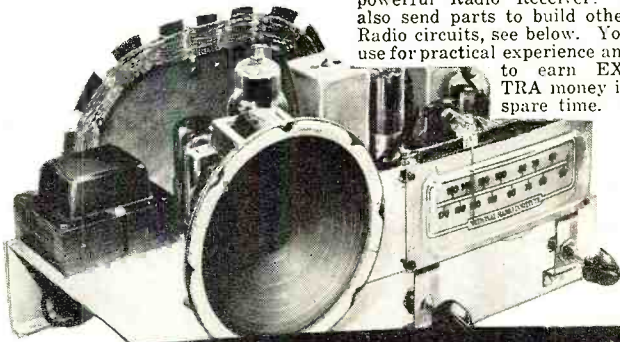
As part of my Communications Course you build this low power broadcasting transmitter, learn how to put a station "on the air," perform procedures demanded of Broadcast Station operators, make many tests.



## You Practice Radio SERVICING

On This Modern Radio You Build With Parts I Send

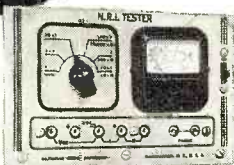
As part of my Servicing Course, I send you the speaker, tubes, chassis, transformer, loop antenna, EVERYTHING you need to build this modern, powerful Radio Receiver! I also send parts to build other Radio circuits, see below. You use for practical experience and to earn EXTRA money in spare time.



# BE A RADIO-TELEVISION TECHNICIAN

Learn Servicing or Communications by Practicing in Spare Time with KITS OF RADIO PARTS I Send

**YOU BUILD** this Tester with parts I send early in my Servicing Course. Helps you fix neighbors' Radios and EARN EXTRA MONEY in spare time.



**YOU BUILD** Vacuum Tube Power Pack as part of my Communications Course; get experience with packs of many kinds. Learn how to correct Power Pack troubles.

**YOU BUILD** this A. M. Signal Generator as part of my Servicing Course. It provides amplitude-modulated signals for many tests and experiments.



J. E. SMITH, President  
National Radio Institute

Do you want good pay, a job with a bright future and security? Would you like to have a profitable shop or store of your own? If so, find out how you can realize your ambition in the fast growing, prosperous RADIO-TELEVISION industry. Even without Television, the industry is bigger than ever before. 81 million home and auto Radios, 2,700 Broadcasting Stations, expanding use of Aviation and Police Radio, Micro-wave Relay, Two-way Radio for buses, taxis, etc., are making opportunities for Servicing and Communications Technicians and FCC-Licensed Operators.

### Television is TODAY'S Good Job Maker

In 1949, almost 3,000,000 TV sets sold. By 1954, 20,000,000 TV sets estimated. 100 TV Stations now operating. Authorities predict 1,000 TV Stations. This means more jobs, good pay for qualified men all over the United States and Canada.

### Many Soon Make \$10 Extra a Week in Spare Time

Keep your job while training. Hundreds of successful RADIO-TELEVISION TECHNICIANS I trained had no previous experience, some only a grammar school education. Learn Radio-Television principles from illustrated lessons. Get PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE—build valuable multimeter—experiment with circuits common to Radio and Television. Keep all equipment. Many students make \$5, \$10 extra a week fixing neighbors' Radios in spare time. SPECIAL BOOKLETS start teaching you the day you enroll.

### Send Now For 2 Books FREE—Mail Coupon

Send now for my FREE DOUBLE OFFER. You get actual Servicing lesson to show you how you learn at home. Also my 64-page book, "How to Be a Success in Radio-Television." Read what my graduates are doing, earning; see equipment you practice with at home. Send coupon in envelope or paste on postal. J. E. SMITH, President, Dept. OKR, National Radio Institute, Washington 9, D. C. Our 37th Year.

## I TRAINED THESE MEN



"I have been operating my own Servicing business. In two years I did \$14,000 worth of business; net profit, \$6,850. Have one full time employee, an N.R.I. Student."—PHILLIP G. BROGAN, Louisville 8, Ky.

"Four years ago, I was a bookkeeper with a hand-to-mouth salary. Now I am a Radio Engineer with a key station of the American Broadcasting Company network."—NORMAN H. WARD, Ridgefield Park, N. J.



"When halfway thru the N.R.I. course, I made \$5 to \$8 a week fixing sets in my spare time. Am now selling and installing Television sets and antennas."—E. J. STREITENBERGER, New Boston, Ohio.



"My first job was operator with KDLR, obtained for me by your Graduate Service Dept. I am now Chief Engineer of Police Radio Station WQOX. I never hesitate to endorse N.R.I."—T. S. NORTON, Hamilton, O.



# Veterans YOU MUST ACT FAST

G. I. Bill gives you valuable training benefits. For each 3 months of training eligibility, you can get a full year of N.R.I. Training. Keep your job while learning. But Act Now! Time is running out!

## HURRY!

Mail Coupon Now!

## Good for Both—FREE

The ABC's of SERVICING

MR. J. E. SMITH, President, Dept. OKR  
National Radio Institute, Washington 9, D. C.

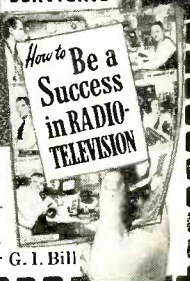
Mail me Sample Lesson and 64-page Book about How to Win Success in Radio-Television. Both FREE. (No Salesman will call. Please write plainly.)

Name..... Age.....

Address.....

City..... Zone..... State.....

Check if Veteran Approved for training under G. I. Bill









# Which Do You Want?



Better Pay



A Nice Home



A New Car



Greater Security



Happy Vacations and Travel

Get Your FCC Ticket  
Then Use Our  
Amazingly Effective  
Job-Finding Service  
To Get a Better Job

Add Technical Training to Your Practical Experience and

# Get Your FCC COMMERCIAL RADIO OPERATOR LICENSE



I can train you to pass your FCC License Exams in a few short weeks if you've had any practical radio experience—amateur, Army, Navy, radio servicing or other. My time-proven plan can help put you, too, on the road to success.

Let me send you FREE the entire story. Just fill out the coupon and mail it. I will send you, free of charge, a copy of "How to Pass FCC License Exams," plus a sample FCC-type Exam, and the amazing new booklet, "Money Making FCC License Information."  
Edw. H. Guilford  
Vice President

in a Minimum of Time

Get this Amazing Booklet FREE



TELLS HOW—

WE GUARANTEE

TO TRAIN AND COACH YOU AT HOME  
IN SPARE TIME UNTIL YOU GET

**YOUR FCC LICENSE**

TELLS HOW—

Employers Make

**JOB OFFERS Like These  
to Our Graduates Every Month**

Telegram, April 7, 1950 from Chief Engineer, Broadcast Station, Pa. "Immediate opening for engineer. Automobile and First Phone a must. If graduate available please forward name and address."

Letter, April 14, 1950 from Chief Engineer, Broadcast Station, Montana. "Immediate opening for Engineer-Announcer, basic salary \$62.50 . . . real future for right man."

Letter, January 30, 1950 from Chief Engineer, Broadcast Station, Tenn. "Have openings for operators. If you have men, please have them contact us."

These are just a few examples of the job offers that come to our office periodically. Some licensed radioman filled each of these jobs . . . it might have been you!

**HERE'S PROOF FCC LICENSES ARE OFTEN SECURED  
IN A FEW HOURS OF STUDY WITH OUR  
Coaching AT HOME in Spare Time**

Name and Address	License	Hrs. of Training
James A. Gram 11 West Main St., Cuba, New York	1st class telephone	34
Ernest K. Hodson Box 1001, Caldwell, Idaho	1st class telephone	71
Howard J. Kischassy Rt. 2, Box 736, El Cajon, California	2nd class telephone	49
Ralph I. Nichols 510 Elm St., Kerrville, Texas	2nd class telephone	34

**CLEVELAND INSTITUTE OF RADIO ELECTRONICS**

Desk RN-22, 4900 Euclid Bldg., Cleveland 3, Ohio  
(Approved for Veteran Training Under "GI Bill of Rights")

October, 1950

TELLS HOW—

**Our Amazingly Effective  
JOB-FINDING SERVICE**

**Helps CIRE Students Get Better Jobs**

Here is just one recent example of Job-Finding Results

**GETS JOB WITH CAA**

"I have had a half dozen or so offers since I mailed some fifty of the two hundred employment applications your school forwarded me. I accepted a position with the Civil Aeronautics Administration as a Maintenance Technician. Thank you very much for the fine cooperation and help your organization has given me in finding a job in the radio field."

Dale E. Young, 122 Robbins St., Owosso, Mich.  
**Your FCC Ticket is always recognized in all radio fields as proof of your technical ability.**

**Get All 3 FREE**

**MAIL COUPON NOW**

Cleveland Institute of Radio Electronics  
Desk RN-22—4900 Euclid Bldg., Cleveland 3, Ohio  
(Address to Desk No. to avoid delay)

I want to know how I can get my FCC ticket in a few short weeks. Send me your FREE booklet, "How to Pass FCC License Examinations" (does not cover exams for Amateur License), as well as a sample FCC-type exam and the amazing new booklet, "Money-Making FCC License Information."

NAME .....

ADDRESS .....

CITY..... ZONE..... STATE.....

Veterans check for enrollment information under G.I. Bill.

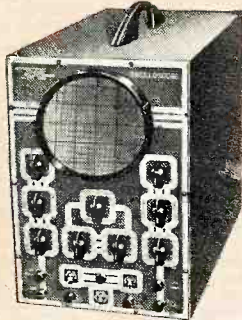


# NEW... EICO

## Instruments and KITS

Over 50,000 SERVICEMEN must be right!

### give you Laboratory Precision at Lowest Cost!



#### NEW 5" PUSH-PULL OSCILLOSCOPE

All-new laboratory-precision scope with all the extra sensitivity and response for precise servicing of TV, FM & AM sets. Push-pull undistorted vertical and horizontal amplifiers. Boosted sensitivity, .05 to .1 rms volts/inch. Useful to 2.5 MC. TV-type multivibrator sweep circuits, 15 cps—75 KC. Z-axis intensity modulation feature. Dual positioning controls move trace anywhere on screen. Complete with 2-6J5, 3-6SN7, 2-5Y3, 58P1 CRT. 3-color etched rubproof panel; steel case. 115 v., 60 cycle AC. 8½ x 17 x 13".

Model 425-K, KIT, only \$39.95

Model 425, factory wired, \$69.95

#### NEW VACUUM TUBE VOLTMETER

Laboratory-precision VTVM for trigger-fast operation and lifetime service. 15 different ranges. Large 4½" meter, can't-burn-out circuit. New zero center for TV & FM discriminator alignment. Electronic AC & DC ranges: 0-5, 10, 100, 500, 1000 v. (30,000 volts & 200 MC with HVP-1 & P-75 probes). Ohmmeter ranges, 2 ohms to 1000 megs. DB scale. New stable double-triode balanced bridge circuit—extreme accuracy. 26 megs DC input impedance. 3-color etched rubproof panel; steel case. 115 v., 60 cycle AC. 9-7/16 x 6 x 5".

Model 221-K, KIT, only \$23.95

Model 221, factory wired, \$49.95

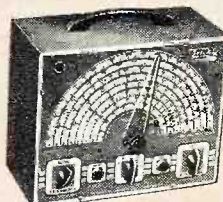
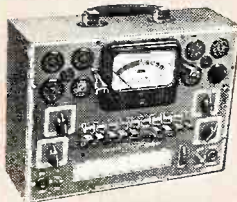


#### NEW TUBE TESTER

Brand new professional tube tester and merchandiser EICO Service-Engineered for unbeatable value! Large 4½" full-vision meter. Tests conventional and TV tubes including 9-pin miniatures. New lever-action switches—tests every tube element. Illuminated "Speed Roll-Chart." 2-grid cops. Short and open-element tests. Spare socket for new tubes. Protective overload bulb. Electronic rectifier. 3-color etched panel; rugged steel case. 115 v., 60 cycle AC. 12½ x 9½ x 4¾".

Model 625-K, KIT, only \$29.95

Model 625, factory wired, \$44.95



#### NEW SIGNAL GENERATOR

For FM-AM precision alignment and TV marker frequencies. Vernier Tuning Condenser. Highly stable RF oscillator, range: 150 KC—102 MC with fundamentals to 34 MC. Separate audio oscillator supplies 400-cycle pure sine wave voltage. Pure RF, modulated RF or pure AF for external testing. Attractive three-color etched rub-proof panel; rugged hammertone steel case. 115 v., 60 cycle AC. 9-7/16 x 8 x 4¾".

Model 320-K, KIT, only \$19.95

Model 320, factory wired, \$29.95

#### NEW BATTERY ELIMINATOR, CHARGER & BOOSTER

For all auto radio testing. Latest-type full-wave bridge circuit, 4-stack manganese copper-oxide rectifiers. Specially designed transformer, variable from 0 to 15 volts. Continuous: 5.8 v., 10 amps. Intermittent: 20 amps. 10,000 mfd filter condenser. Meter measures current and voltage output. Fused primary; automatic reset overload device for secondary. Hammertone steel case. 115 v., 60 cycle AC. 10½ x 7¾ x 8¾".

Model 1040-K, KIT, only \$22.95

Model 1040, factory wired, \$29.95

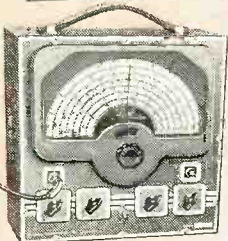


#### NEW DELUXE SIGNAL GENERATOR

A laboratory-precision generator EICO Service-Engineered with 1% accuracy. Extremely stable, frequency 75 KC—150 MC in 7 calibrated ranges. Illuminated harline vernier tuning. VR stabilized line supply. 400-cycle pure sine wave with less than 5% distortion. Tube complement: 6X5, 7F7, 6C4, VR-150. 3-color etched panel; rugged steel case. 115 v., 60 cycle AC. 12 x 13 x 7".

Model 315-K, KIT, only \$39.95

Model 315, factory wired, \$59.95

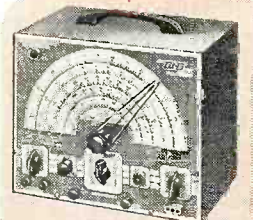


#### NEW SWEEP GENERATOR

Covers all TV-FM alignment frequencies, 500 KC—228 MC. Vernier-driven dial; center of each of 13 TV channels marked on front panel. Sweepwidth variable 0-30 MC with mechanical inductive sweep—permits gain comparison of adjacent RF TV channels. Crystal marker oscillator, variable amplitude. Provides for injection of external marker. Phasing control. Complete with HF tubes: 6X5GT, 12AU7 (dual-triode), 2-6C4. Lens crystal. 10 x 8 x 6¾". 5 MC Crystal, ea. \$3.95.

Model 360-K, KIT, only \$29.95

Model 360, factory wired, \$39.95

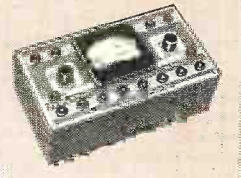


#### VOLT-OHM-MILLIAMMETER

Pocket-size VOM cram-packed with value! 22 different ranges. 3" D'Arsonval movement. Ring-type shunts. Germanium crystal rectifier. Ranges—DC: 0-5, 50, 250, 500, 2500 v. AC & Output: 0-10, 100, 500, 1000 v. DC Ma: 0-1, 10, 100. DC Amp: 0-1, 10. Ohm: 0-500, 100,000; 0-1 Meg. DB: -8 to -55. 3-color etched panel; rugged hardwood case. 8 x 4½ x 3".

Model 511-K, KIT, only \$14.95

Model 511, factory wired, \$17.95

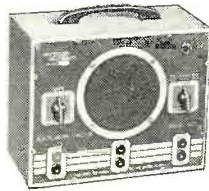


#### MULTI-SIGNAL TRACER

Highest gain and flexibility in low-cost field. Audibly traces all IF, RF, Video and Audio from ANT to SPKR or CRT without switching. Response well over 200 MC. Integral test speaker. Provision for visual tracing with VTVM. Complete with 6SJ7, 6K6, 6X5. Germanium crystal diode. 3-color etched panel; rugged steel case. 115 v., 60 cycle AC. 10 x 8 x 4¾".

Model 145-K, KIT, only \$18.95

Model 145, factory wired, \$28.95



R F PROBE

Sensitive Germanium crystal probe for signal tracing and measurements to over 200 MC. Extends range of VTVMs and scopes.

P-75K KIT, for VTVM;

P-76K for Scope; ea. \$3.75

P-75 or P-76, factory wired, ea. \$7.50



HIGH VOLTAGE PROBE

New professional EICO-engineered HV probe carefully designed and insulated for extra safety and versatility. Extends range of VTVMs and voltmeters up to 30,000 v. Lucite head. Large flash-guards. Multi-layer processed handle. Complete with interchangeable ceramic Multiplier to match your instrument.

HVP-1 (wired) only \$6.95

### EICO SUPER-SIMPLIFIED INSTRUCTIONS

Easy-to-follow step-by-step EICO pictorial and schematic instructions—most explicit and comprehensive in electronics!—supplied with each Kit. **Anyone can build the EICO Kits!**

**ELECTRONIC INSTRUMENT CO., Inc.**  
276 NEWPORT STREET, BROOKLYN 12, N. Y.

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#### the exclusive EICO Make-Good GUARANTEE

Each EICO Kit and Instrument is doubly guaranteed, by EICO and your jobber, to contain only selected quality components. EICO guarantees to replace any component which might become defective in normal use if returned to the factory transportation charges pre-paid within 90 days of purchase. EICO guarantees all Kits assembled according to EICO's simplified instructions will operate as specified therein. EICO guarantees service and calibration of every EICO Kit and Instrument at the nominal charge as stated in the instructions.

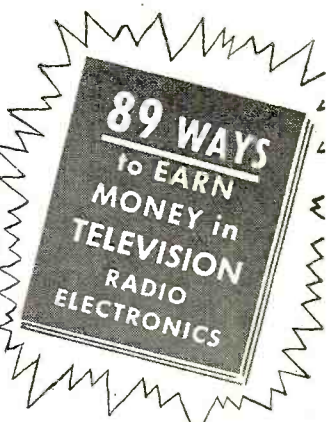
Be sure to look at the EICO line before you buy any higher-priced equipment! Each EICO product is jam-packed with unbelievable value. **YOU** be the judge—compare EICO at your local jobber today, and **SAVE!** Write **NOW** for free newest Catalog R.

Prices 5% higher on West Coast

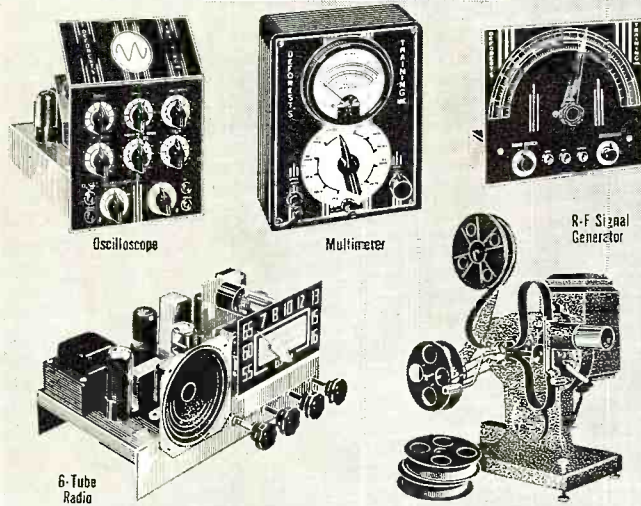
RADIO & TELEVISION NEWS



**GET IT! READ IT YOURSELF!**  
**FREE Opportunity News Bulletin**  
 shows you **89 WAYS** to earn money in  
**TELEVISION**  
**RADIO, ELECTRONICS**



**OPTIONAL FEATURE**  
 ABOVE: Build and keep a real 16 INCH commercial TV receiver — a wonderful instructional project. Optional at slight additional cost after completing regular training.



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**DeFOREST'S TRAINING, INC.**  
 CHICAGO 14, ILLINOIS  
 A De VRY INSTITUTION

*Let us show you how readily you may prepare to enter this highly profitable field.*

Mail coupon today for YOUR FREE COPY of one of the most interesting, opportunity-packed News Bulletins we have seen. It shows you SCORES OF WAYS to make money in today's amazing, billion dollar field of Television, Radio, Electronics.

**NOW—GET THE ANSWERS!**

See HOW you can get the start you need toward a real job or your own profitable business . . . HOW you may get into work that pays real money, that's so interesting . . . HOW to build toward a grand future in one of America's most rapidly growing, promising, newer fields of opportunity.

**NO PREVIOUS EXPERIENCE OR KNOWLEDGE NEEDED:** You'll see WHY DeForest's Training, Inc. offers one of the most complete combinations of practical home training advantages available today . . . HOW you can get and keep the same type of basic electronic equipment used in our Chicago training laboratories, one of the nation's finest . . . HOW you set up your own HOME LABORATORY and work over 300 experiments — including building and keeping the commercial-type test equipment shown at lower left.

**HOME MOVIES:** You'll even see HOW you can get the wonderful advantages of "learn-by-seeing" movies on the wall of your own room. See hidden actions that can help you tremendously to understand and remember certain points.

**EMPLOYMENT SERVICE:** And by all means, see HOW you can get training that also combines an Employment Service for that all-important starting help after you complete the program.

**MILITARY SERVICE!**

If subject to military service, the information we have for you should prove doubly interesting. Mail coupon today.

**MODERN LABORATORIES:** If preferred, you can get all your preparation in our new Chicago training laboratories—one of the finest of its kind.

**Here is YOUR big chance!**

DeFOREST'S TRAINING, INC., Dept. RN-G-10  
 2533 N. Ashland Ave., Chicago 14, Ill.

Without obligation, I would like that new Opportunity News Bulletin showing 89 ways to earn money in Television-Radio-Electronics . . . and how I may prepare to get started in this thrilling field.

Name..... Age.....  
 Street..... Apt.....  
 City..... Zone..... State.....



**NO SHADOWS**

with new  
**DUAL SPOTLIGHT**  
Soldering Gun

Pull the trigger of your new light-duty Weller Soldering Gun, and instantly twin spotlights focus on the job—banish every shadow. Five seconds later the tip is at soldering heat! No waiting. No wasted current. This streamlined 135-watter—newest of the famous Weller line—is fast! Built compactly for working in crowded chassis, too. And the time and power you save pays for your Weller Gun in a few months.

**New**  
**135-Watt**  
**Weller**  
**Soldering**  
**Gun**

**Specially Designed**  
**for TV and Radio Work**

- **DUAL SOLDERLITE**—Two prefocused spotlights completely eliminate shadows.
- **OVER/UNDER DESIGN**—Tube construction braces tip and improves visibility.
- **5-SECOND HEATING**—Pull the trigger and you solder!
- **LONGER REACH**—Slides easily into deep chassis; reaches the tightest corners.
- **GREATER CAPACITY**—Smaller, lighter, with greater soldering capacity.
- **TRIGGER-SWITCH CONTROL**—Adjusts heat to the job. No need to unplug gun between jobs.
- **DUAL HEAT**—Single heat 100 watts; dual heat 100/135 watts; 120 volts; 60 cycles. Handles all light-duty soldering.

See new Models WS-100 and WD-135 at your distributor, or write for bulletin direct.

• **SOLDERING GUIDE**—Get your new copy of "Soldering Tips"—revised, up-to-date, fully illustrated 20-page booklet of practical soldering suggestions. Price 10¢ at your distributor, or order direct.

**WELLER**  
ELECTRIC CORP.

810 Packer Street, Easton, Pa.



For the **RECORD.**

BY THE EDITOR

**E**ACH year at this time we find ourselves attending various conventions and conferences within our industry. The month of October has always been a month of planning. Engineers are attending the many technical conferences now held annually throughout the country. Radio amateurs are busy at work modifying their equipment for a long winter season of QSO'ing. The radio-TV service technician is analyzing his requirements for equipment and is studying up on requirements for a better understanding of his field of endeavor, and the audio man is planning, if possible, to attend the Audio Fair in New York the latter part of this month.

We have recognized that most of our regular readers have a keen interest in audio. That which we choose to call electronics embraces many facets within our industry. Audio, as a topic, is something we all encounter either professionally or hobby-wise as we pursue the art known as electronics. The interest in the reproduction and recording of sound has reached the point where it receives attention from nearly every radio or TV technician, student, or experimenter.

Recognizing the need for more and more practical information on audio subjects we are again devoting a major portion of our November issue to a discussion of subjects within the audio category.

We have assigned special articles to many of the leading audio men in the country. We are proud of our authors and, as usual, they have really come through with some outstanding material.

For example, Glen Southworth undertook a construction article on a high quality amplifier providing 20 watts output, dual high gain input channels, and simplified tone control. Then, there's J. N. A. Hawkins who for a period of years has been developing a novel phase inverter circuit feeding push-pull 6V6's to give 10 watts output at very low distortion. It contains a very effective tone control circuit.

Audio technicians will particularly like the article on "Sine and Square Wave Testing of A.F. Amplifiers" written by Howard Anthony, and the professional audio man, particularly one engaged in custom installations, will learn much from the article on "A High-Quality Sound System for the Home" by H. F. Olson and A. R. Morgan of *RCA Laboratories*, both prominent audio engineers.

Another one of our popular writers,

J. Carlisle Hoadley, has prepared an excellent constructional article on a combined preamp and tone control unit which is compensated for Fletcher-Munson curves, and there's a very fine article of special interest to public address specialists; namely, the complete design and application of a mobile public address and auxiliary power unit which is a real money-maker.

One of the outstanding audio engineers in the country, Dr. Howard Tremaine of the *University of Hollywood*, is preparing a discussion of transmission lines for audio circuits. He will also, in the future, discuss other audio topics based on the results of years of study in the field.

Your editor will start a new series on "Complete Record-Reproduce Systems" designed for maximum utility and flexibility. The use of jack fields and other broadcast and recording studio techniques will be thoroughly discussed, and the series will analyze the advantages and disadvantages of certain audio equipment for semi-professional use.

Another well-known writer for *RADIO & TELEVISION NEWS*, John Goodell, discusses phonograph pickups with particular emphasis on crystal and magnetic types. Mr. Goodell also covers requirements for pickups for all three record speeds and describes some of the new "universal" stylii recently developed.

A "must" item is the article on a new simplified volume compressor designed by Edwin C. Miller of *Northwest Radio Consultant Services* and Tad Jones of Station KAVR. This article will meet with wide approval from many of our audio readers. The performance of the unit is excellent with very low distortion.

Those of you who built the tape recorder mechanism designed by Lloyd Hust will welcome the article on the design of a companion two-channel magnetic amplifier. It's easy to build and produces good results.

For those who build their own test equipment an article on a new RC beat frequency oscillator will certainly have wide appeal. This one is written by Richard Dorf, prominent audio consultant.

To those of us who have at one time or another encountered the hum problem there is a welcome solution to be found in the article by Lawrence Fleming showing how hum sources may be controlled. Many other articles on audio, together with regular features, will make our November issue of particular value to our readers. We think you will agree. . . O.R.

**RADIO & TELEVISION NEWS**



**NOW!** get your new  
**ALLIED 1951 catalog!**

**FREE**

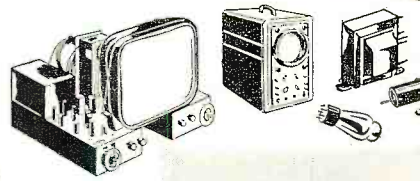
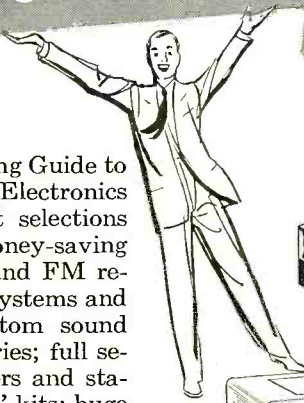
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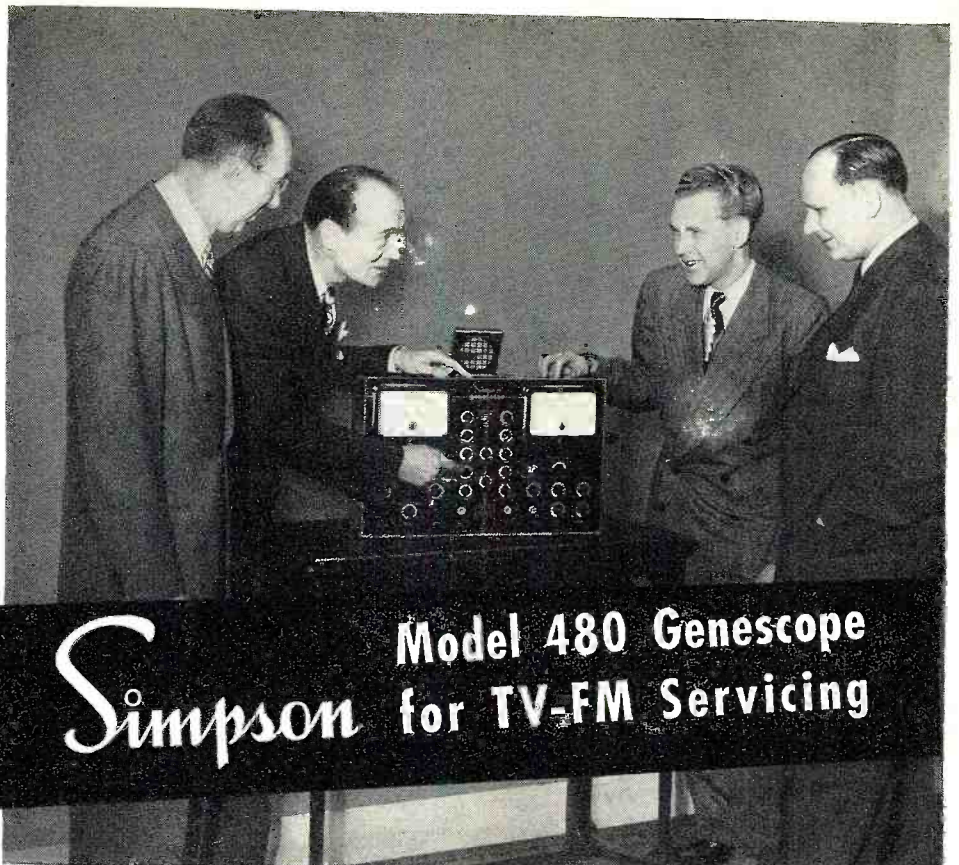
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# Simpson Model 480 Genescope for TV-FM Servicing

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For proper testing, servicing, and alignment of all TV and FM receivers, the Simpson Model 480 Genescope is the ideal instrument, leading general service managers agree.

These service managers know that modern FM and TV development and servicing demands test equipment made to the most exacting standards. They prefer the Simpson Model 480 Genescope because it is the most accurate, flexible, and convenient instrument available.

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In addition to providing all necessary signal sources, the new Simpson Genescope includes a high sensitivity oscilloscope of unique advanced design, complete in every detail. Equipped with a high frequency crystal probe for signal tracing. AM and FM oscillator sections provided with large, easy to read dials with 20:1 vernier control and 1000 division logging scales. *Revolutionary, ingenious, exclusive* output termination provides for various receiver impedances, either direct or through an isolating condenser. Step attenuator for control of output. Size 22" x 14" x 7 1/2". Weight 45 lbs. Shipping Weight 54 lbs.

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## THESE RANGES SHOW HOW MUCH THE SIMPSON GENESCOPE CAN DO FOR YOU

### FREQUENCY MODULATED OSCILLATOR

Band A: 2-120 megacycles  
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Sweep width variable from zero to 15 megacycles

Sweep rate 60 cycles per second

Specially designed frequency sweep motor

Continuously variable attenuator

Crystal calibrator: 5 megacycles  $\pm$  .05%

Audio Oscillator 400 cycles

Output Impedance 75 ohms

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30% modulation at 400 cycles or unmodulated

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Visual method of beat frequency indication

### OSCILLOSCOPE

Vertical sensitivity: 35 mv per inch

Horizontal sensitivity: 70 mv per inch

Linear sweep frequency: 3 cycles to 60 kilocycles

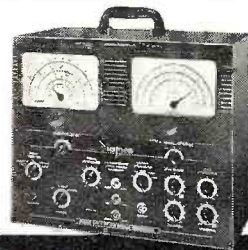
60 cycle sine sweep

Frequency essentially flat to 200 KC. usable to over 3 megacycles

### THE SIMPSON MODEL 479 TV-FM SIGNAL GENERATOR

Exactly the same circuits, ranges and functions as the Model 480, described above, with the exception of the oscilloscope. Size 17" x 14" x 7 1/2". Weight 34 lbs. Shipping Weight 40 lbs.

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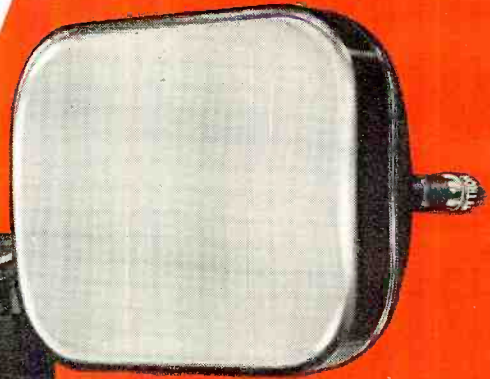
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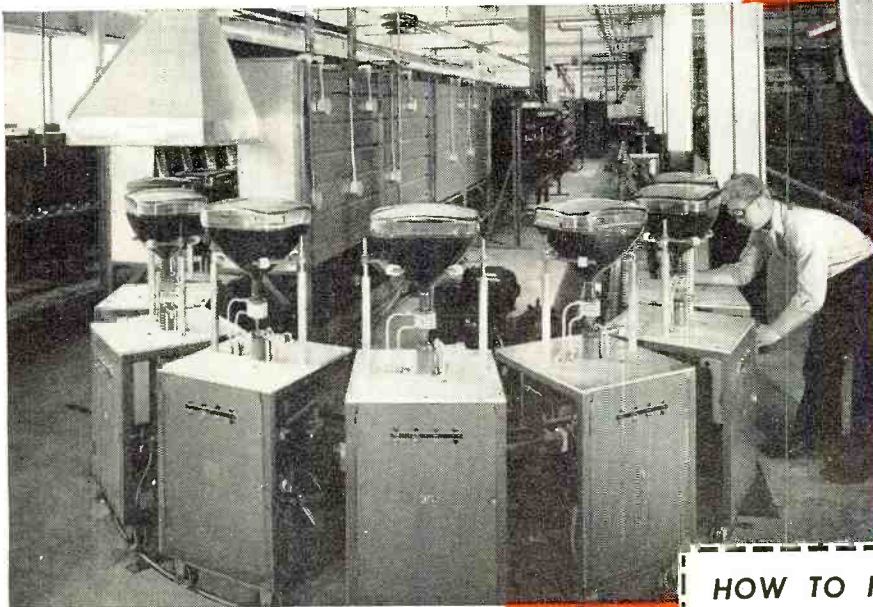


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Its rectangular design really clicked. Because it is logical . . . compact . . . economical. Everyone seems to want Hytron rectangular TV picture tubes. We just haven't been able to make enough.

But now we can serve you better. With a new, ultra-modern plant devoted to rectangulars. The original Hytron 16RP4. Also the new Hytron 14-, 17-, and 20-inch tubes.

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## NEW PLANT

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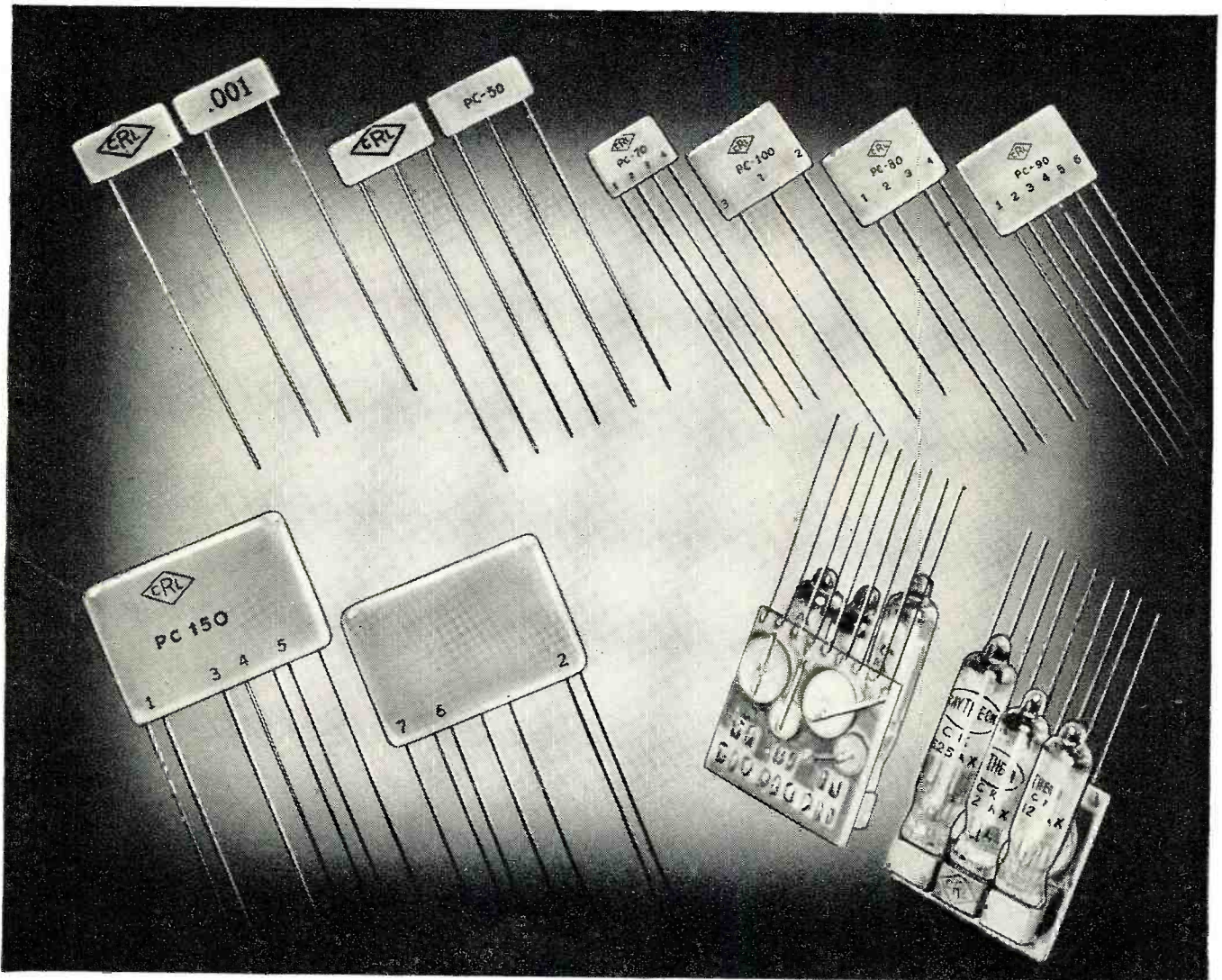
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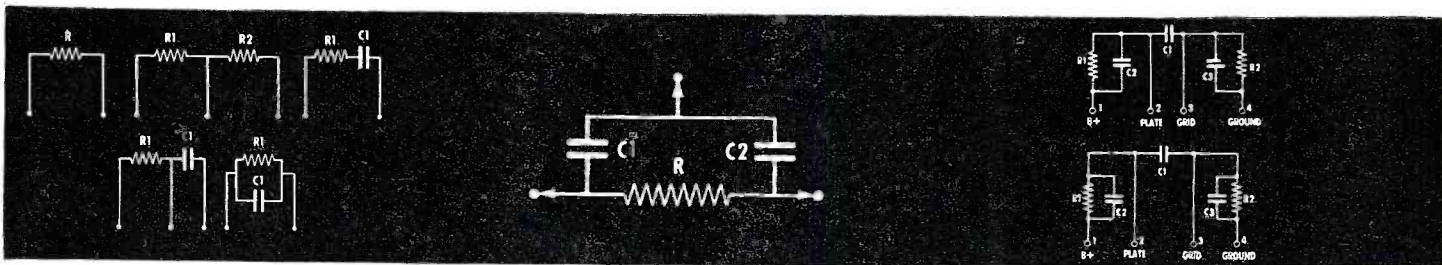
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The resistor-capacitor units diagrammed here are only  $1\frac{1}{32}'' \times \frac{1}{32}'' \times \frac{1}{64}''$  thick maximum. These tiny units are ideal where small size is essential in low-voltage applications.

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YOU'VE heard about them for years — maybe you've seen them in sets you've repaired — now you can get them right through your Centralab jobber . . . PRINTED ELECTRONIC CIRCUITS!

Pioneered and made by Centralab, the first name in electronic ceramics, you'll find that Printed Electronic Circuits save you time, space and weight, save you "customer grief" . . . save you soldering.

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Get your Centralab's P.E.C. replacement data (by part numbers) at once . . . see your jobber or use the coupon below. And remember—if it isn't a Centralab it isn't an original printed electronic circuit.

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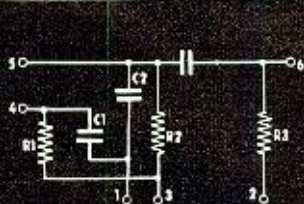
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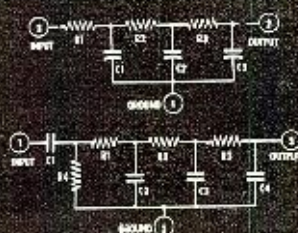
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City.....Zone.....State.....

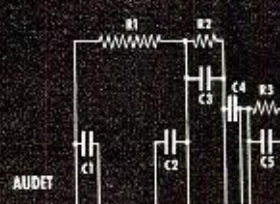
## ELECTRONIC CIRCUITS NOW AVAILABLE TO YOU



Pentode couplers can easily replace 6 components normally found in audio circuits. Think of it only 6 soldered connections instead of 12!



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## MIKES AND PHONES THAT ARE "CRYSTAL CLEAR"

### HAND OR DESK MICROPHONE

(BA-116)



Rugged dependability and uniform frequency response. Unbeaten in its price range for PA, home, institutional and industrial use. Use in hand or on desk without need of stand. But also equipped for use with standard  $\frac{5}{8}$ " 27 thread stand. Brown metallic finish, 8' cable. List, \$14.75.

### "VIBROMIKE" (VM-1)

Miniature contact-type microphone with unusually wide frequency response.  $\frac{7}{8}$ " x  $\frac{3}{4}$ " x  $\frac{5}{8}$ ". Output volume from .05 to .1 volt or higher. Complete with mounting clamp and 25' cable. List, \$19.50.



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A beautiful new microphone for applications that require natural reproduction of both music and voices. Uses an advanced development of the "Acoustical" cartridge pioneered by Brush. Pickup pattern non-directional in the horizontal plane. Essentially flat frequency response from 40 to 10,000 cps. Designed for use with  $\frac{5}{8}$ " 27 thread stand. Finished in maroon plastic and brushed chromium . . . . . List, \$22.50.

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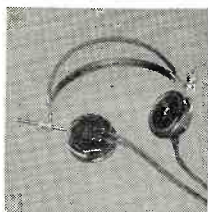
### LAPEL MIKE (BL-2)

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*Monitor with a Brush Phone*



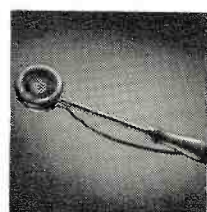
High fidelity Model "A-1", \$18.00



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"BA-303" Hushatone \$9.75

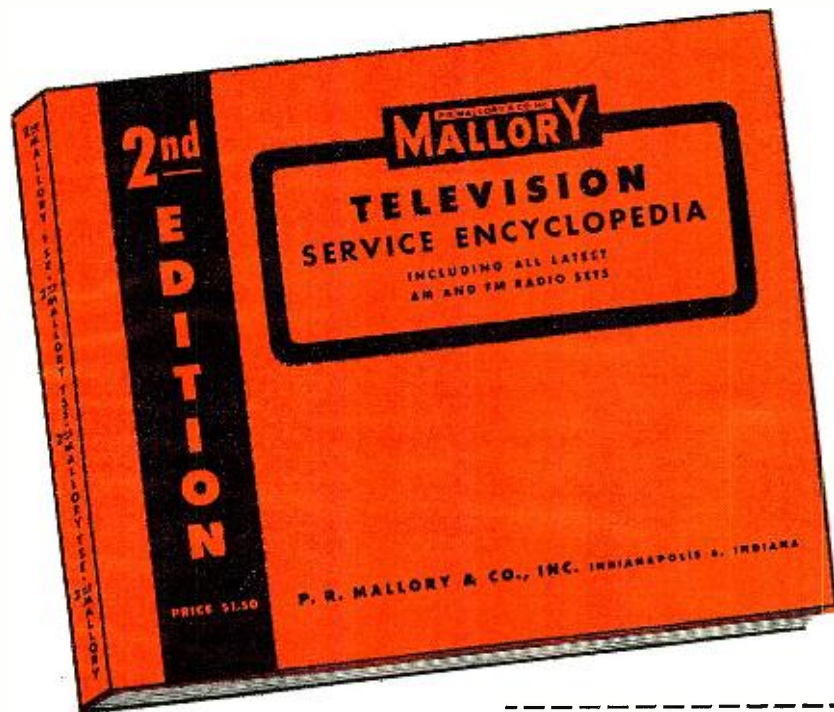
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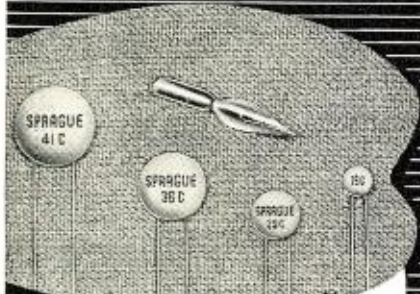
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DISC CERAMIC LINE

DEVELOPED especially for the television industry, Sprague Cera-mite Capacitors fill the bill for the alert service technician!

Temperature-compensating, general-use, and high-K bypass types fit every type of circuit application. The low self-inductance feature of the flat plate with uni-directional lead design gives better high frequency performance than the older tubular ceramics which they replace. And they're ideal as mica capacitor replacements, too!

Tiny and dependable, every Cera-mite is rated at 1000 volts test, 500 wvdc, and for operation at 185°F.

Cera-mites are clearly stamped with capacitance—no confusing color coding.

Stock up at your Sprague distributor without delay!

Write for Cera-mite Bulletin

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# Spot Radio News

★ Presenting latest information on the Radio Industry.

By RADIO & TELEVISION NEWS\*

WASHINGTON EDITOR

**THE KOREAN CRISIS AND COLOR TV** found themselves common targets of seething Congressional comments as the race to set standards reached its final stages toward the closing weeks of summer. With rumors, indicating that the Asiatic situation and our heavy defense plans might stifle a color decision, whistling through practically every office in the Capitol, legislators concerned with communications activities became quite concerned. Someone had to confirm or deny these whispers, it was felt. And someone did, in a blunt decisive way, Senator Edwin C. Johnson. As chairman of the all-powerful Senate Interstate and Foreign Commerce Committee, who sparked the color hearings, it was believed that his remarks would tell the story. The story was told in an acid letter to FCC Headman Wayne Coy, which blasted the whisperers, denouncing them as . . . "busy-body scandal mongers."

Describing the employment of the current crisis as an alibi for delay by the detractors of color television and a frantic move, the Senator declared that such thinking shows . . . "how desperate they (*rumorists*) are for any excuse for procrastination, deferment, or weasley worded proposed findings which have the deadly effect of delay itself." The Senator then added in this letter, which incidentally was believed to be so important that it was entered in the *Congressional Record*, that . . . "it is wholly unrealistic for these selfish interests to seize upon the war needs as an excuse; it indicates an utter lack of appreciation of the important part played by electronics in modern war."

In the Senator's opinion, the . . . "immediate commercial utilization of color television would be of vast aid to the defense effort in testing engine flame colors, observations of guided missiles, surveillance of various atomic processes, and in a number of other still secret processes and developments. Whether or not the Korean conflict, or even a major expansion of it, would seriously affect production in the electronics industry is beside the point."

Declaring that Korea was not part of the testimony, the fiery statesman said that . . . "even if it were honestly believed that a decision for im-

EDITOR'S NOTE: Just as we go to press we received word from Washington that the FCC has given "temporary approval" to the CBS color television system. Final decision will not be made until December 5th when RCA, CTI and others will be asked to submit any additional testimony which will convince the Commission that standards for CBS should be delayed or standards for other systems set up.

mediate utilization of color could not be put into effect, because of the war, the Commission has no duty or responsibility or even right to use such an anticipated development as a prop for no decision now, or for a proposed or tentative decision, or for anything other than a clear-cut definitive decision based on the record before it."

Referring to letters sent to the FCC by the proponents of color, urging a prompt color decision, the Senator stated that these letters . . . "prove conclusively, once and for all, that the selfish interests conspiring for delays are not the pioneers who have fought the hard battle in the laboratory and expended millions of dollars to make this amazing recreational and educational development available to the American people."

Banging into the whisperers, the Senator added that these . . . "busy-body scandal mongers . . . ignore the nine months of tedious, detailed, and searching hearings only recently completed, the most intensive ever held by an administrative agency. They forget the time and money spent by CTI, RCA, and CBS in presenting their cases. Any further delay will place us far behind the rest of the world in this potentially phenomenal improvement of the television art."

Soon after this stinging note reached the Commission's office, Chairman Coy declared that the FCC did not intend to delay its color decision because of world problems. The chairman of the board of RCA, General Sarnoff, also rebuked those who had been waging a *delay war*, in a letter to the Commission, stating that . . . "On behalf of RCA and NBC, we wish to reiterate that we have not and do not favor any delay in the establishment by the FCC of commercial standards for color television. . . ."

CBS's prexy, Frank Stanton, also forwarded a strong note criticizing delay movers to the seven guardians of

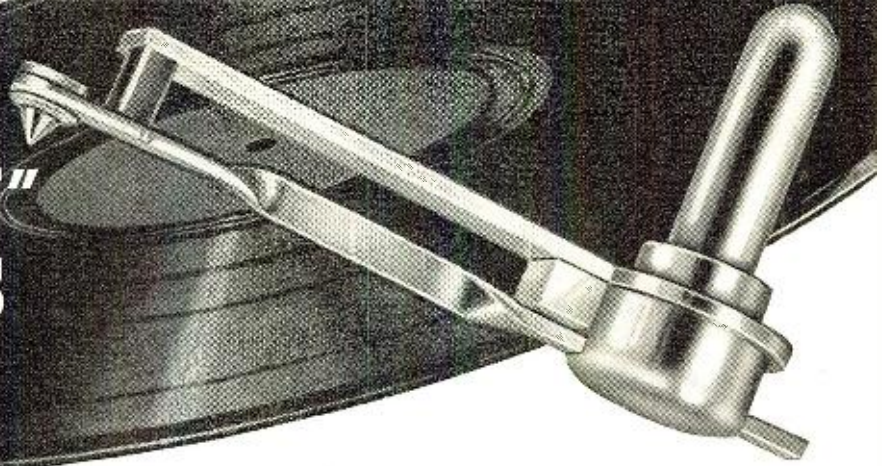
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NOW...in all G-E Variable Reluctance Cartridges...at no extra cost!



# "BATON" STYLUS

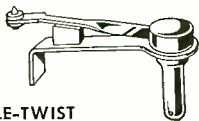


## An Exciting New Discovery in High Fidelity Reproduction!

THERE'S terrific sales appeal—as well as listening pleasure—in this revolutionary General Electric Stylus! Like a baton in the hands of a skilled symphony conductor, it brings out the full tonal quality of recorded music as you've never heard it before!

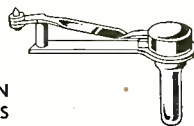
Its feather-light tip, on the end of a dual-twist cantilever arm, follows every curve and dip of the record groove with a compliance so delicate it picks up frequencies through 10,000 cycles per second! The blasting, buzz, and hum so annoying in most record reproduction are virtually wiped out. Above all—the tone fidelity of the Baton Stylus is unsurpassed by any other commercially available unit! Equipped with diamond or sapphire tip, it fits any G-E replaceable stylus cartridge.

### HOW COMPLIANT CAN A NEEDLE BE?



SINGLE-TWIST STYLUS

Until the development of the Baton Stylus, this model afforded unsurpassed fidelity. The single-twist arm and single damping block were designed for a tracking pressure of 21 grams. It was recognized, however, that lighter pressure would lengthen both record life and stylus life.



BATON STYLUS

Bending and twisting to every undulation of the record groove, this stylus reproduces each tone value with amazing clarity. Tracks at 6 grams—thus providing the maximum degree of compliance that may be used successfully with commercially available tone arms. Double damping blocks filter out superfluous vibrations.

### Dealers and Servicemen!

There's a big market for the Baton Stylus among present users of General Electric cartridges. Hi-fi fans and record enthusiasts everywhere will want this sensational new model in their phonograph tone arms. Be sure you get your share of this business... the coupon below can open the door to new customers, new sales, new profits.

### FREE Baton Stylus Folder!

General Electric Company, Section 9100  
Electronics Park, Syracuse, New York

Send me FREE folder on the new Baton Stylus.

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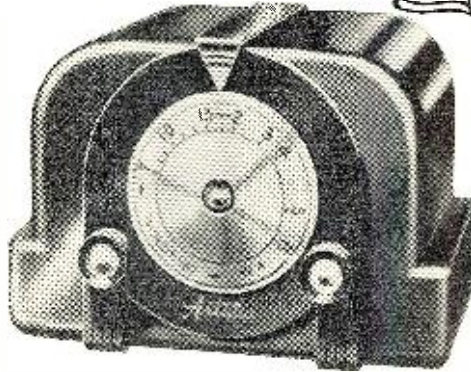
You can put your confidence in—

**GENERAL ELECTRIC**



# Presenting the NEW Astatic TV and FM Boosters Models BT-1 and BT-2

*Astatic* raised tremendously the level of improved TV reception through pre-amplification of signal, when it developed its famous deluxe model AT-1 Booster with exclusive variable gain control and dual tuning. Now Astatic brings another great advancement to the progress of TV enjoyment — with two low-cost boosters that equal, to all practical purposes, the primary function of the highest priced units. Never before has so much quality been incorporated in a booster to sell at so low a price. Why not get the complete details? Write today.



**Booster Model BT-2**  
List Price \$32.50



**Booster Model BT-1**  
List Price \$29.95

**Only ASTATIC offers  
as complete a choice of  
BOOSTER MODELS**



**Booster  
Model AT-1**  
List Price  
\$49.50

Increasing numbers of TV set owners will still want the finest Booster that money can buy — and that means Astatic's deluxe Models AT-1 and AT-1B, with rich furniture finish mahogany or blond wood cabinet, exclusive and variable gain control, dual tuning and powerful four-tube operation.

## LOOK AT THE AMAZING QUALITY FEATURES IN THESE LOW-PRICED BOOSTERS

- 1 Employ Mallory Inductuner for continuous variable tuning.
- 2 High gain, very uniform on both high and low channels.
- 3 Simplified controls—single tuning knob with continuous tuning through both TV and FM bands.
- 4 Band width adequate over entire range.
- 5 Low noise design and construction.
- 6 No shock hazard to user.
- 7 Off-on switch for easily cutting in and out of circuit.
- 8 Selenium rectifier.
- 9 Use single 6AK5 Tube.
- 10 Provide for either 72 ohm or 300 ohm impedance input and output.
- 11 Model BT-2 has handsome, dark brown plastic cabinet.
- 12 Model BT-1 has metal cabinet in rich mahogany woodgrain finish.
- 13 Large dial face is easy to see in tuning.
- 14 Model BT-2 has recessed pilot light to show when booster is on.



the ether, declaring that . . . "I would like to underscore what the record already makes clear, that *Columbia* has always wanted and now wants a prompt and definitive decision adopting a system of color television and fixing full commercial standards therefor. We are not and never have been in favor of any deferment whatever of a definitive color decision."

While in the Senator's caustic barrage of words, industry was praised for its efforts in the color push, the singular effort, of which many believe the admirer of color was particularly proud, was the Condon report, which appeared shortly before the historic letter was framed. It was this report which in its semi-official status indicated that color TV was now possible, and thus bolstered the Congressional leader's views. As stated in our report last month, the Condon Committee edict declared that the *CBS* field sequential system had reached a satisfactory state as to color fidelity, but was not likely to improve substantially, while the *RCA* system can be expected to improve, and the *CTI*, which was less fully developed, has . . . "somewhat greater possibility of future improvement."

The Condon report was met with mixed reactions by the proponents, particularly *CBS* and *RCA*, with *CBS'* vice-president, Adrian Murphy, highly critical of several sections of the review. According to Murphy, the report . . . "by dealing primarily with theoretical ultimate performances, which may or may not be achievable to some extent, obscures the comparative readiness of the respective systems to render satisfactory commercial service in the home on both local and network basis. . . . Moreover we feel that some confusion on this score results from . . . the opinions on . . . potentialities and future improvements. . . . The paragraphs referred to on the one hand do not explicitly cope with relative readiness, and on the other hand they seem to indicate, by implication, that a system has an advantage because it has more difficulties yet to overcome. This seems tantamount to implying that in the 100-yard dash a 15-second man is more promising than a 10-second man because the former has greater 'opportunity for improvement.'"

From *RCA's* lab division chief, Dr. C. B. Jolliffe, came the comment that the committee had gone . . . "out of its way to be fair" . . . and that the group was . . . "entitled to great credit for its brilliant job in presenting a clear, constructive analysis." There appeared to be one section of the report of which Dr. Jolliffe was somewhat critical, and that covered the commentary on the disc. The Condon group had cited the advantages of the filter, but according to Dr. Jolliffe, omitted the disadvantages. On this point, he declared that . . . "If disc apparatus is to aid *CBS* in the categories of color fidelity, registration,  
(Continued on page 145)



OCTOBER, 1950

**RADIO &  
TELEVISION  
NEWS**

**RADIO-ELECTRONIC**

# *Engineering*

TELEVISION

RADAR

ELECTRONICS

RESEARCH

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# RADIO-ELECTRONIC

## Engineering

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### OCTOBER, 1950

WORK-COILS FOR H.F. HEATING .....R. A. Whiteman 3A  
AN AMPLIFIER FOR MAGNETIC OSCILLOGRAPHS.....C. J. Tirk 7A  
THE MONOFORMER.....Allen C. Munster 8A  
ELECTRONIC FLUORESCENCE DETECTOR-COMPARATOR..Charles Weeks 10A  
RADIO NAVIGATION EQUIPMENT — PART 2.....John P. Griffin 11A  
MICROWAVE ANTENNAS.....J. Racker 15A  
OFF-RESONANCE RESPONSE-LARGE DEVIATION.....Chester W. Young 32A

#### DEPARTMENTS

PERSONALS .....22A	NEW PRODUCTS .....26A
NEWS BRIEFS .....24A	TECHNICAL BOOKS .....29A



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COVER PHOTO — Courtesy of Westinghouse Electric Corp.

A dichroic mirror, which will reflect only a certain color of light, being prepared at the Westinghouse Electric Corp. laboratories. While in a vacuum, special metal compounds are evaporated and condense on the glass. The thickness and number of layers deposited determine the color which is reflected.





# WORK- COILS for H. F. HEATING

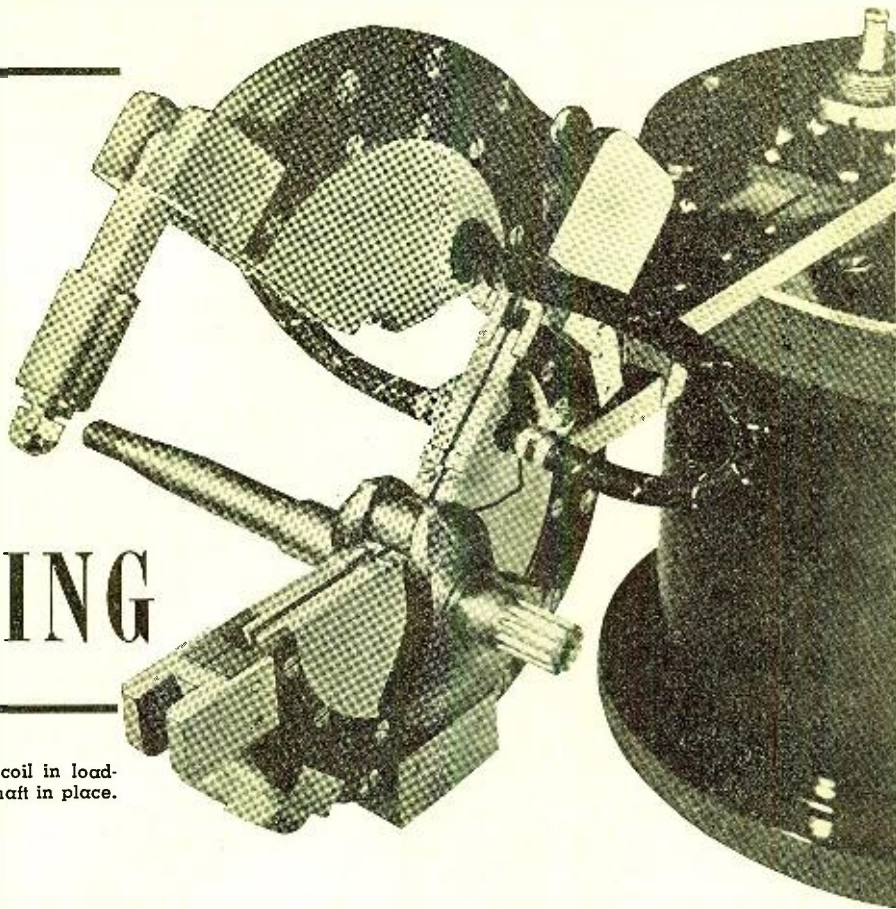


Fig. 1. Split type work-coil in loading position with crankshaft in place.

By **R. A. WHITEMAN**  
Consulting Engineer, Chicago

***Theoretical analysis and practical experimentation are combined to obtain the optimum design for induction heating work-coils.***

THE application of induction heating to surface hardening, brazing, melting and annealing of metals requires suitably-designed work-coils in order to concentrate the heating effect to specific regions of the materials. To heat a metallic object by the induction method, it is placed in the vicinity of the work-coil and strong electric currents are induced in the object, thereby generating heat without contact. The distribution of the induced currents, and likewise the heat generated, depend upon the geometrical configuration of the work as well as the work-coil conductors. A detailed discussion of the advantages and disadvantages of different work-coil configurations will be included in this article.

There are two methods of approach to the study of the performance of a coil as a work-coil in induction heating. One is the electric-circuit concept as applied to the coil. This concept includes the lump electrical parameters as resistance and reactance and enables performance measurements to be made with the aid of a Q-meter. The other method, which is more academic in nature, considers the magnetic field in the vicinity of the work-coil as well

as the power equations applied to the metallic load. This method provides a means of visualizing and computing the effects of changing the work-coil shape on the magnetic field as well as the coupling efficiency with the load. These two methods will be studied and their respective advantages applied to a number of applications.

The electric-circuit concept as applied to the study of the performance of a work-coil and conductive load is best understood by considering the schematic representation as shown in Fig. 2.

The work-coil, as illustrated in Fig. 2, has an inductance  $L_c$ , a resistance  $R_c$ , and is supplied by a voltage  $E_c$  generated directly by a vacuum-tube

oscillator or the secondary of a current transformer. The piece of metal or the work to be heated may be represented electrically as in Fig 2 by a resistance  $R_w$  in series with an inductance  $L_w$ . The mutual inductance between the work and the work-coil is indicated by  $M$ . The circuit equations for the work-coil and the work are:

$$(R_c + j\omega L_c) I_c + j\omega M I_w = E_c \quad (1)$$

$$j\omega M I_c + (R_w + j\omega L_w) I_w = 0 \quad (2)$$

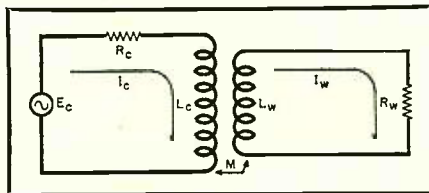
$f$  is the frequency in cycles per second and the inductances are in henrys. To obtain the input impedance to the loaded work-coil, these two equations are solved for the ratio of  $E_c$  to  $I_c$  or  $E_c/I_c$ . This ratio expressed algebraically is:

$$Z_c = R_c + \frac{(\omega M)^2 R_w}{R_w^2 + (\omega L_w)^2} + j\omega \left[ L_c - \frac{(\omega M)^2 L_w}{R_w^2 + (\omega L_w)^2} \right] \quad (3)$$

This equation shows that the effective input resistance to the loaded work-coil is increased by the presence of the metallic load while the effective inductance has decreased.

For convenience of test measurement,

Fig. 2. Equivalent circuit of work-coil and conductive load showing work-coil current and work current electrically separated but magnetically coupled.





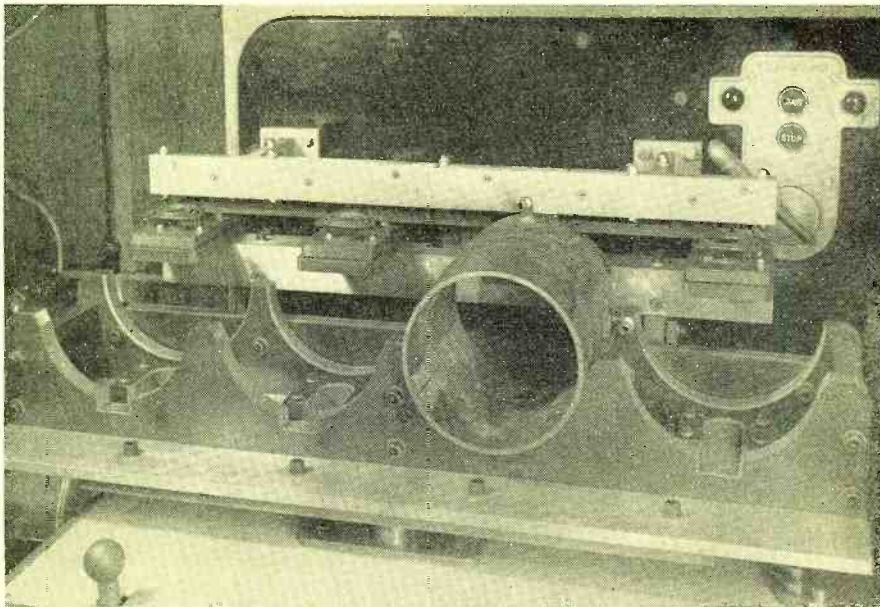


Fig. 3. Spiral-type work-coils for brazing suction fittings into compressor housings.

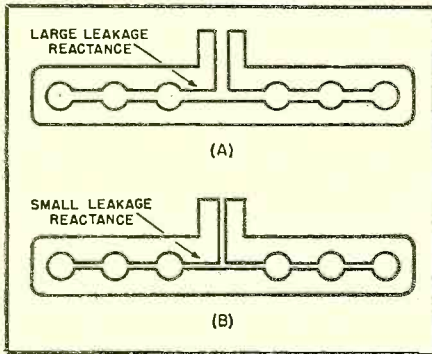


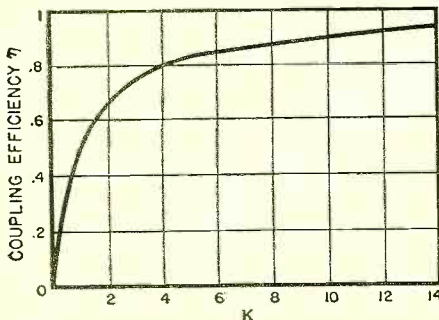
Fig. 4. (A) Poor arrangement of six work-coils in series. Leakage reactance is high, yielding low coupling efficiency. (B) Better arrangement with low leakage reactance and high coupling efficiency.

let  $\omega L_w/R_w$  be the  $Q$  of the work or  $Q_w$ . Then the increase in the effective resistance due to the metallic load is:

$$\Delta R_c = \left(\frac{M}{L_w}\right)^2 R_w \frac{Q_w^2}{Q_w^2 + 1} \quad (4)$$

which will provide a method of evaluating the efficiency of the work-coil and work. The efficiency of the circuit illustrated in Fig. 2 is defined as the ratio of the power transferred to the load

Fig. 5. Variation of coupling efficiency with parameter  $K$  showing a high efficiency for  $K$  greater than four.



to the total power supplied to the terminals of the circuit. This ratio is:

$$\eta = \frac{\Delta R_c}{R_c + \Delta R_c} \quad (5)$$

and by substituting Eq. (4) in (5) and assuming that  $Q_w$  is at least equal to or greater than 4, the efficiency formula reduces to:

$$\eta = \frac{\left(\frac{M}{L_w}\right)^2 \frac{R_w}{R_c}}{1 + \left(\frac{M}{L_w}\right)^2 \frac{R_w}{R_c}} \quad (6)$$

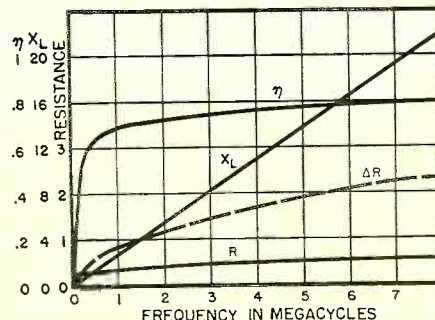
In order to facilitate the study of the general shape of the curve expressed by Eq. (6), let the fundamental parameter  $K$  be equal to  $(M/L_w)^2 (R_w/R_c)$ , and then the efficiency equation becomes:

$$\eta = \frac{K}{1 + K} \quad (7)$$

This equation is plotted as a curve in Fig. 5 with the efficiency  $\eta$  plotted along the ordinate and  $K$  along the abscissa.

To illustrate the functional relations of the above circuit equations in a quantitative manner, consider the measurements and calculations made on a

Fig. 6. Efficiency curve with reactance and resistance vs. frequency for a work-coil loaded with magnetic steel.



typical multi-turn work-coil closely coupled to a magnetic steel load. With the aid of a  $Q$ -meter operating at a frequency of one-half megacycle, the inductive reactance of the loaded coil was found to be 1.4 ohms and the corresponding effective resistance was .89 ohms. At one megacycle, the inductive reactance was measured as 2.85 ohms and the effective resistance was 1.18 ohms. A graph of these and other measurements together with the calculated work-coil efficiency is shown in Fig. 6. This example illustrates the application of the electric-circuit concept to the study of the performance of a typical work-coil.

A tremendous amount of design and experimental time applied to adjusting a work-coil can be saved by first evaluating the desired  $Q$  for the oscillator tank-circuit and then measuring the loaded tank-inductance with a  $Q$ -meter. This may be done with a reasonable degree of accuracy by using the formula:

$$Q = \omega C R_L \quad (8)$$

where  $R_L$  is the load impedance of the tank circuit and  $C$  is the tank capacitance. By disconnecting the inductance of the tank circuit from the tank capacitance, the tank inductance with work-coil and load are ready for  $Q$ -meter measurements. If the measured  $Q$  is greater than the computed value, the load impedance of the loaded work-coil is too high for the particular high-frequency voltage available and the power converted to heat in the load will be less than required. Likewise, if the measured  $Q$  is less than the computed value, the impedance of the work-coil will be too low and considerably more power will be absorbed by the load than desired. The numerical value of the  $Q$  of this circuit may be decreased or increased as desired, by either of several adjustments or by taking advantage of all of them. These adjustments consist of increasing or decreasing the coefficient of coupling with the load, changing the number of turns of the work-coil and as a last resort changing the capacitance of the tank circuit which will also change the frequency of operation. The effects of these adjustments are quickly and easily observed with the aid of a  $Q$ -meter, thereby simplifying the procedure of work-coil design.

One very important method of increasing the coefficient of coupling between a work-coil and the work is that of reducing the leakage inductive reactance. This will, of course, reduce the  $Q$  of the tank circuit as well as the reactive circulating current. A reduction of the leakage inductive reactance can be accomplished by decreasing unnecessary areas enclosed by the leads



and other conductors of the work-coil. An example of a poorly arranged coil consisting of a group of 6 work-coils in series is shown in Fig. 4A. A much better arrangement of the conductors with less enclosed area is shown in Fig. 4B and as a result of this geometry, there is less leakage inductive reactance. An application of this type of series connection is shown in Fig. 8 and illustrates very well how the leakage-inductive reactance can be reduced to a very small value.

Another important factor that must be kept in mind when attempting to increase the coefficient of coupling is the cross-sectional shape of the work-coil conductor. If the cross-section of the conductor is circular and the coupling coefficient is not sufficient, it is possible to increase the coefficient by a few per-cent by using a conductor with an elliptical cross-section. The major axis of the ellipse should be perpendicular to the work surface. In fact the use of conductors with an elliptical cross-section will produce such a highly concentrated magnetic field that the temperature pattern will be extremely non-uniform.

Of all the various shapes and types of work-coils used for induction heating, the conduction material used in many applications is generally 3/16" or 1/4" diameter copper tubing. The cooling of tubing type work-coils may be accomplished by passing water through the coil. It is interesting to note that this type of work-coil may be used as an internal or external coil for heating purposes. An arrangement of a typical coil for internal work is shown in Fig. 7A while a coil used for external work is shown in Fig. 7B.

There are applications of induction heating where a tubular work-coil can not be used because of the geometrical shape of the work. Any work to be heat treated that cannot pass through a tubular work-coil can be enclosed by a two-piece or split-type work-coil. This particular application is well illustrated by the split-type coil shown in the photograph of Fig. 1.

In this analysis of work-coils thus far, no consideration of the depth of

Fig. 7. (A) Constructional layout for an internal work-coil showing how to arrange coil leads close together. (B) Arrangement for external work-coil showing a constant pitch helix.

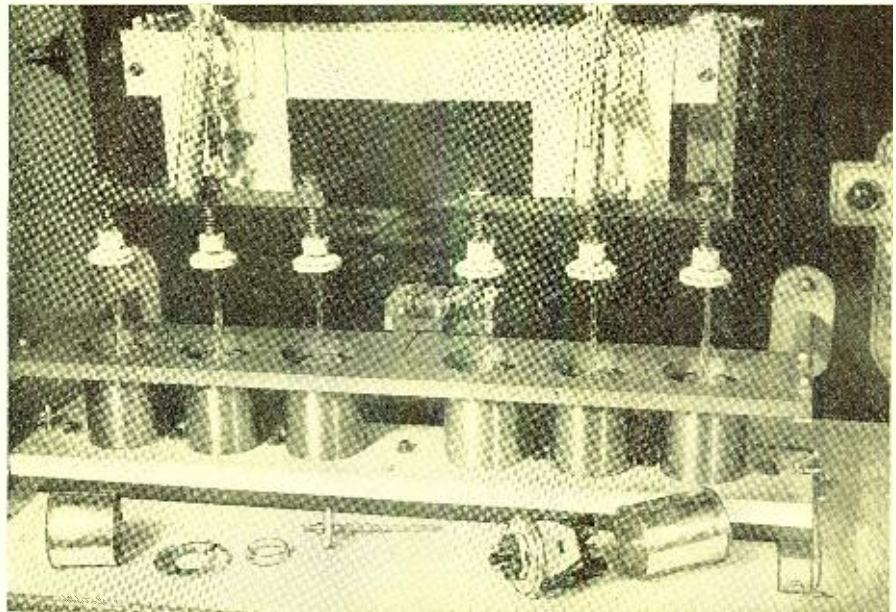
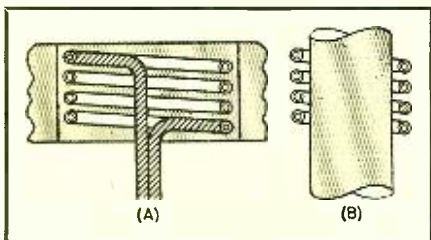


Fig. 8. Arrangement of six work-coils in series with small leakage reactance.

penetration of the induced currents into the work has been made. It is important to note that the induced-current density is dependent upon the radius of curvature of the heated surface and that on a convex surface the depth of penetration will be greater and on a concave one less than  $(C/2\pi)\sqrt{\rho/\mu f}$ . This means that the induced-current density will be less at the tooth points than in the tooth spaces of a cam as well as a gear. Since the heat generated is proportional to the square of the induced-current density, less heat will be developed at the convex than at the concave surfaces.

This non-uniform distribution of the heat developed may be compensated somewhat by increasing the frequency of operation. The net effect is to decrease the depth of penetration and depend upon heat conduction to equalize the temperatures. If the shape of the work is such that the concave surface is adjacent to a large mass of metal, the heat developed will be conducted rapidly away from the concave surface and also compensate for the higher heat intensity.

Furthermore, it is important to emphasize that when the depth of penetration of the induced currents in the work is much less than the over-all dimensions, then neither the resistivity  $\rho$  nor the permeability  $\mu$  of the materials will affect the distribution of peripheral density of the induced currents. The distribution of the magnetic field strength under such conditions will be about the same for both steel and copper. The values of  $\rho$  and  $\mu$  will affect only the depth of penetration and the actual amount of heat generated by induced currents in the surface layers of the metal.

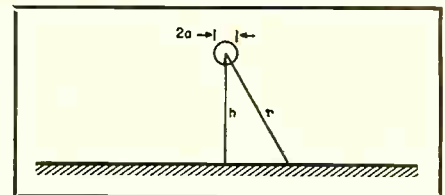
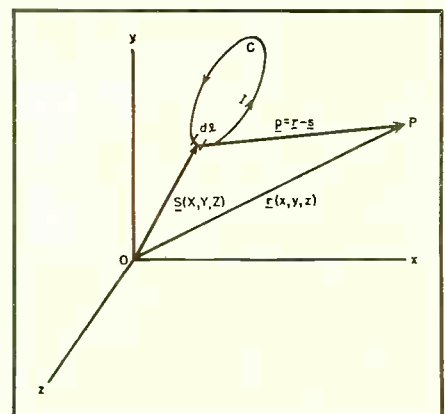


Fig. 9. A current-carrying conductor above a sheet of conducting material.

Although it is customary to think of a tubular coil in the shape of a helix to have a constant pitch, it has been advisable and in some applications necessary to use a variable pitch coil. It is erroneously believed by some, that the depth of penetration depends upon the pitch of the work-coil, but the depth of penetration is actually given by the formula  $(C/2\pi)\sqrt{\rho/\mu f}$ . The magnetic field intensity does depend upon the pitch of the helix and consequently determines the power developed in the surface layer extending to the depth of penetration. As the pitch of the coil is decreased and the magnetic field intensity increased, the power will in-

Fig. 10. Current-carrying circuit C, illustrating Ampere's law.





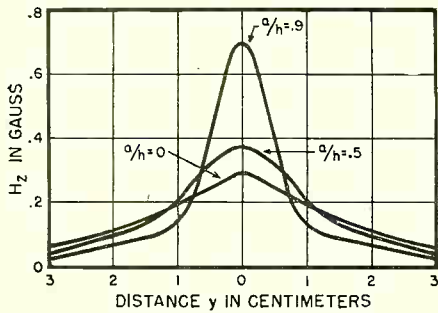


Fig. 11. Magnetic field intensity in a conducting sheet due to a single current carrying conductor.

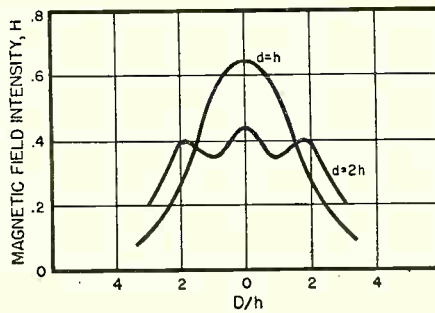


Fig. 12. Magnetic field intensity in a conducting sheet of material under a three-conductor work-coil.

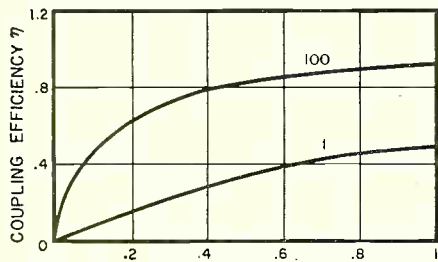
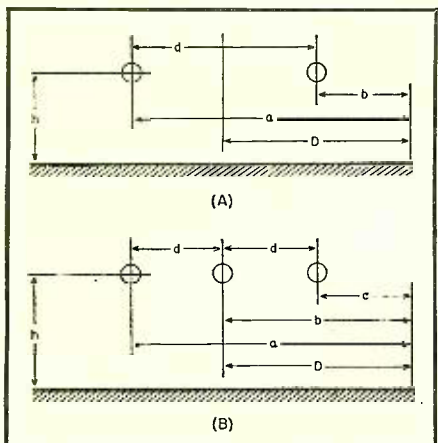


Fig. 13. Coupling efficiency of a conductor over a conducting sheet of material for two values of  $\mu_w \sigma_c / \sigma_w$

crease and the temperature will rise more rapidly to its required point, but the depth of penetration remains the same. Of course, if the power is developed for the same period of time, the heat energy will extend beyond the depth of penetration due only to conduction.

It is because of heat conduction that the depth of heat treatment is greater on a surface closer to the turns of a work-coil. An off-center piece of metal within a work-coil will have more power developed per square inch of surface but the depth of penetration is the same. A practical approach to compensate for this variation in manufacturing processes is to rotate the load slowly at approximately 60 r.p.m. The motion of the work will distribute the higher and lower intensities of

Fig. 14. (A) Two, and (B) three current-carrying conductors above a sheet of conducting material.



power over the entire heated area periodically so that the net result is a fairly uniform heat treatment instead of a non-uniform heating effect.

The problem of obtaining a satisfactory efficiency and performance of a work-coil is not too difficult to solve by the trial and error method when the coil is a simple helix; however, for a great many applications a special coil shape is necessary and an understanding of the performance of a number of basic shapes is of great value.

To make this study of basic coil shapes as systematic as possible, it is advisable to introduce the second method of analyzing the efficiency and performance of work-coils. Since this method requires calculations which are different in detail for different coil shapes, a general method of calculating the coupling efficiency of an electromagnetic configuration will be presented. This general method is based upon a formula known as Ampere's law and is expressed algebraically as:

$$H = \int \frac{I dl \times \rho}{\rho^3} \dots (9)$$

where these quantities are shown in Fig. 10 and represent the magnetic intensity vector  $H$  at a point  $P$  due to the electric circuit  $C$ . Point  $P$  is a distance  $\rho$  from the differential circuit element  $dl$  which in turn is carrying an electric current  $I$ . The integration is to extend over the entire electric circuit  $C$ . It is also necessary to note that the product indicated in Eq. (9) is the Gibbs' vector product. Since the current density  $J$  is numerically equal to the magnetic field intensity vector  $H$ , Eq. (9) may be substituted for  $J$  in the following equation which expresses the power developed in the work load. This equation is:

$$P_w = \frac{1}{\sigma_w S_w} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} J_w^2 dx \dots (10)$$

where  $\sigma_w$  is the conductivity of the work load and  $S_w$  the depth of penetration. Likewise, the power dissipated in the work coil is

$$P_c = \frac{1}{\sigma_c S_c} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} J_c^2 dx \dots (11)$$

where the corresponding quantities are for the work-coil instead of the work load. Of course, the evaluation of the integrals (10) and (11) is not accomplished in a simple manner unless the electromagnetic configuration is fairly simple. The evaluation of (10) and (11) will be given for a few basic arrangements so that the coupling efficiency  $\eta$ , already expressed in Eq. (7), can be computed with the aid of:

$$\eta = \frac{P_w}{P_w + P_c} \dots (12)$$

In order to evaluate the equations expressed by (10), (11) and (12), it is first necessary to find the magnetic intensity vector  $H$  with the aid of Eq. (9). This cannot be done with the formula as it is expressed by (9) because the method of notation is not dependent upon the coordinate system used for solving the problem. This difficulty may be overcome in two steps by first using rectangular coordinates and then transforming to the most convenient coordinate system for the particular problem under consideration. For the rectangular coordinate system, let:

$$r = x i + y j + z k \dots (13)$$

$$dl = dX i + dY j + dZ k \dots (14)$$

$$\rho = (x - X) i + (y - Y) j + (z - Z) k \dots (15)$$

By substituting equations (14) and (15) in (9), the three mutually perpendicular components of  $H$  are obtained. Since the integration of (9) is performed along a curve in space, the coordinates  $X$ ,  $Y$  and  $Z$  can be expressed in terms of a single parameter  $m$ , and thereby reduce Eq. (9) to the forms:

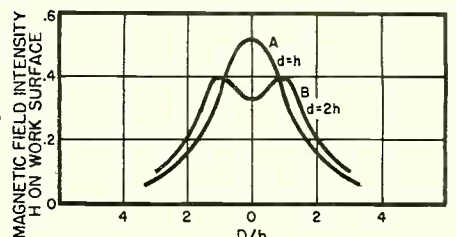
$$H_x = \int \frac{m_1}{m_0} f_1(m) dm \dots (16)$$

$$H_y = \int \frac{m_1}{m_0} f_2(m) dm \dots (17)$$

$$H_z = \int \frac{m_1}{m_0} f_3(m) dm \dots (18)$$

As a basic arrangement and a first approximation to a single turn coil around a large diameter load, consider  
(Continued on page 28A)

Fig. 15. Magnetic field intensity in a conducting sheet of material under a two-conductor work-coil.



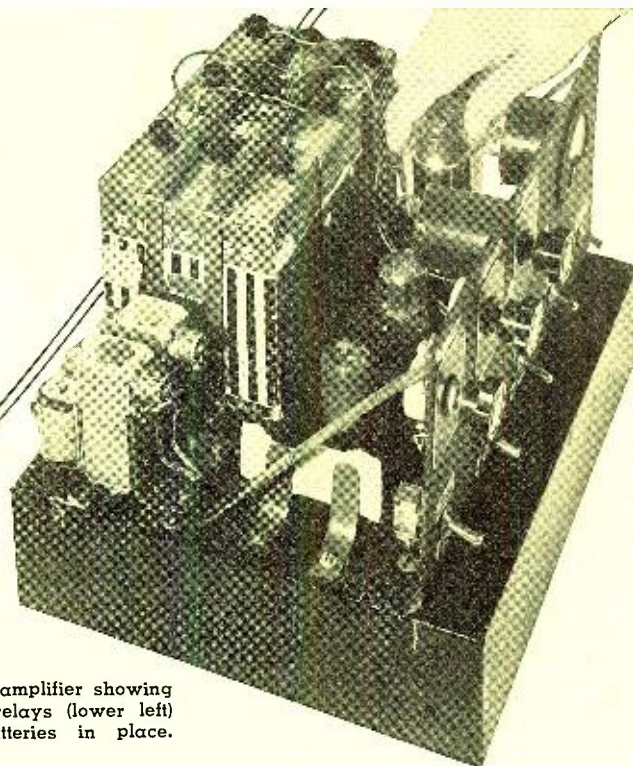


# An AMPLIFIER for MAGNETIC OSCILLOGRAPHS

By **C. J. TIRK**

Engineering Laboratories  
Westinghouse Electric Corp.

Top view of amplifier showing  
the coaxial relays (lower left)  
and the batteries in place.



## *Design of a 3-stage transformerless amplifier having a high impedance input and a low impedance output.*

**B**UT FOR ONE major limitation — low input impedance — the magnetic oscillograph would have a much wider field of application. It could, for example, be used to record voltages appearing at potential taps of condenser bushings, a use for which it is ideally suited, but for its one drawback. The advent of a new amplifier, which offers the necessary high impedance input, will undoubtedly extend the utility of the already useful magnetic oscillograph.

By the use of this amplifier the field of the magnetic oscillograph is extended to include many measurement problems confronting utility and industrial engineers. In addition to the application mentioned above, utility engineers could use the oscillograph for such things as recording voltages at the potential taps of carrier-current coupling devices; engineers in industry can find a multitude of new uses, such as in recording the operation of electronic devices.

The magnetic oscillograph is primarily a recording device. It can make multiple, simultaneous records, and is well adapted to measurements of transient phenomena. The frequency response of the magnetic oscillograph extends from d.c. to several thousand cycles per second, which range is adequate for many important measurements.

Without modifying any of these desirable characteristics, the new amplifier, which has an input impedance of 10 megohms, removes the impedance limitation. This condition permits the use of the oscillograph with various forms of capacitance voltage dividers, as well as making possible a performance record of electronic control sys-

tems and servomechanisms, with no more burden on the circuits than would be imposed by a vacuum-tube voltmeter.

The new amplifier has three stages (see Fig. 1A). The input and output stages are cathode coupled to give high input and low output impedances, and the second stage is plate coupled to provide voltage gain. Twin triodes are used throughout. The double input is so arranged that the difference of two voltages that are above ground potential can be measured, with the amplifier chassis and power supply grounded.

A separate amplifier is required for

each oscillograph element. Within the frequency range of the oscillograph, the amplifier distortion, including phase shift, is negligible. The over-all sensitivity of the amplifier-oscillograph combination depends in part, of course, on the oscillograph sensitivity. With a high-frequency-response element, the sensitivity is about three volts per inch; with a high-sensitivity element, it is about 0.06 volt per inch.

Because most tests in which the amplifier is used are staged, or are of such a nature that the device is self-calibrat-

(Continued on page 25A)

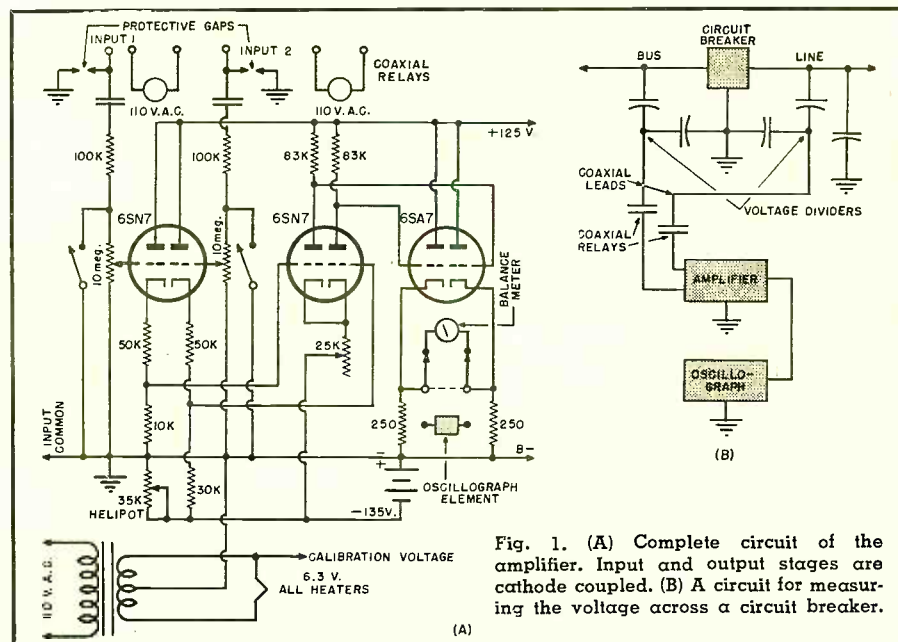


Fig. 1. (A) Complete circuit of the amplifier. Input and output stages are cathode coupled. (B) A circuit for measuring the voltage across a circuit breaker.



# The MONOFORMER

By  
**ALLEN C. MUNSTER**  
Research Div., Philco Corp.

**Any desired single-valued transfer characteristic may be obtained to an accuracy of 1% with the monoformer.**



Fig. 1. Typical monoformer tubes. The transfer characteristics may be seen on the aluminum discs at the ends of the tubes.

THE MONOFORMER is an electronic cam. By all-electronic methods it can provide any desired single-valued transfer characteristic. Voltage and impedance levels employed are those common to electronic systems, and power requirements are small. The monoformer employs a small electrostatic cathode-ray tube containing a target plate carrying the desired transfer characteristic, and a simple feedback network. For many applications the feedback network contains no components other than a single resistor.

With regard to accuracy and response time the monoformer compares favorably with electromechanical devices used to develop nonlinear relationships. The monoformer has excellent transient response, reaching its final output within 3 microseconds after a step of input voltage is applied. The transfer function is accurate to within one per-cent. Repeatability is substantially unaffected by tube aging and the like.

### Method of Operation

The various components of the mono-

former are shown in Fig. 4. The gun structure of the monoformer tube is conventional. An additional anode is included to collect secondary electrons from the target plate used to replace the phosphor. This target plate consists of an aluminum disk printed with carbon ink. As shown in Fig. 3, the desired law of the monoformer forms the boundary between the uncoated and carbon-coated areas of the target disk.

The monoformer shown in Fig. 4 operates by servoing the electron beam to the boundary between the aluminum and carbon areas of the target plate. Aluminum and carbon have different secondary emission ratios. Consequently the target current is a function of the material struck by the electron beam. A voltage determined by this target current is fed back to one set of deflection electrodes in such a sense that the electron beam is caused to move to the boundary separating the coated and uncoated areas.

If the boundary between the two areas is  $y = F(x)$ ,  $y$  signals may be obtained from the deflection electrodes

in the feedback loop, while the independent  $x$  signal is applied to the other set of deflection electrodes. The monoformer does not introduce any active loading or extraneous signals into the input signal bus.

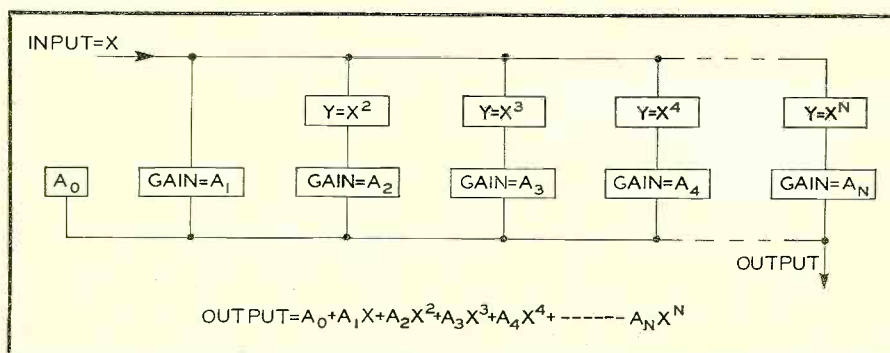
### Transient Response

The monoformer behaves like a proportional servo system when the frequency response around the feedback loop is adequate. However, very high frequency feedback signals can be required by either high frequency input signals or transfer functions having steep slopes. In either case the electron beam may be driven completely onto one of the target areas, and the system temporarily acts as a regulator rather than a servo. The dead zone of the conventional regulator is replaced by a servo zone in the monoformer. The damping provided by the servo zone prevents instability although a small overshoot may occur. Analysis shows that the monoformer with no more than one stage of amplification in the feedback loop is always stable.

Transient response may be improved by increasing the figure of merit of either the feedback amplifier or the monoformer tube. (Transconductance of the monoformer is  $\delta I_{target} / \delta E_{deflection}$  as the electron beam crosses the boundary between the target areas.) Increase of the monoformer transconductance much beyond its present value of 40 micromhos requires either an improved secondary emission surface or redesign of the electron gun to increase the current density of the beam.

Push-pull feedback provides better transient response than does single-

Fig. 2. Block diagram of a polynomial generator.





ended feedback because the deflecting voltages add but the time constants associated with the deflection plates do not. Furthermore, push-pull feedback provides greater accuracy.

### Accuracy

The monoformer electron beam cannot track the target curve exactly, but must produce an error signal to effect deflection of the beam to the curve. This "static error" can be reduced by increasing the gain around the feedback loop. If an amplifier is employed in the feedback network, it may limit at output voltages above that required for the peaks of the monoformer law without affecting static accuracy. However, limiting in the feedback amplifier will impair the transient response.

If sufficient gain is provided around the feedback loop, accuracy of the monoformer is limited mainly by aberrations in the electron beam, but some error is caused by astigmatism if single ended deflection is employed. Errors are largest when the law of the monoformer has corners which are too sharp for the beam to resolve.

### Applications

The monoformer may be used wherever a nonlinear relationship is required. Its major uses to date have been:

1. Analog computers, where the relationship  $y = f(x)$  is used to modify an input voltage for computational purposes.
2. Volume compressors and expanders, to increase the efficiency of transmission systems.
3. Waveform generators, where the input signal,  $x$ , may be a sawtooth or sine wave, and the output signal,  $y$ , is the waveform desired.

Targets for these applications are illustrated in Fig. 3. The clipper-limiter shown may be used as either an "infinite-clipper" (deflection to left of center of target), or as a linear amplifier with a sharp limiting threshold (deflection to right of center of target).

In many analog computer applications it is desirable to alter the relationship  $y = f(x)$  for different problems. If the number of different relationships required is small, separate monoformer tubes may be employed. However it is not necessary to obtain a new monoformer for each relationship. The outputs of several monoformers may be added to obtain new functions as shown in Fig. 1 where a number of monoformers of the form  $y = x^n$  are used to generate an arbitrary polynomial of the form  $y = \sum_n a_n x^n$ . By replacement of the monoformers with those of the form  $y = e^{nx}$  or  $y = \cos nx$ , the same generator may be used to generate  $y = \sum_n a_n e^{nx}$  or  $y = \sum_n a_n \cos nx$ . Such a machine can be used to solve many of the

time consuming equations confronting the engineer.

### Construction of the Monoformer

The gun structure of monoformer is that of a standard electrostatic cathode-ray tube, except that the grid-cathode spacing is less than that usually found in tubes which employ intensity modulation. This smaller spacing permits increased beam current, but makes cut-off more remote. Since the monoformer tube is not generally intensity modulated, cut-off is unimportant.

The target is a one inch diameter aluminum disk with the law of the monoformer printed in carbon ink. Printing is done from a photoengraving made from a larger drawing. This process prevents the introduction of errors between the large, easily checked drawing and the final product.

Two monoformer tubes are shown in Fig. 1. The tubes are 8 inches long and 1 1/4 inches in diameter. Standard CRT bases are employed. Connections to the target and collector electrode are made by conventional CRT high voltage connectors. In the tubes shown, the collector electrode was made transparent to permit easier observation of the target. The target is usually dusted lightly with phosphor to assist in initial adjustment of the monoformer.

### Operating Conditions

Typical operating conditions for the monoformer tube without amplification in the feedback loop are given in Table I. Both positive and negative voltages are applied to the tube so that the signal from the target may be d.c. coupled to the deflection plates without introducing any distorting fields between the deflection plates and the second anode.

If an amplifier is used in the feedback loop, the collector may be connected to the second anode and the target operated with negative bias. The plate voltage required for the amplifier tube then serves to bring the average feed-

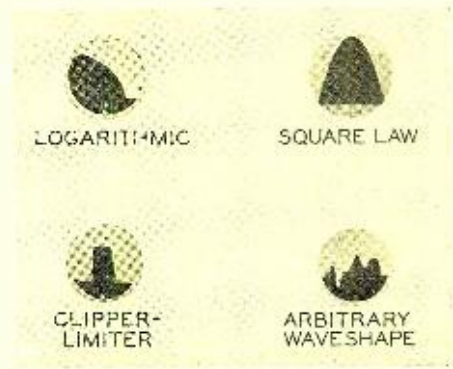


Fig. 3. Typical monoformer targets. The targets are made of aluminum and the dark portions, constituting the desired wave shape, are printed with carbon ink.

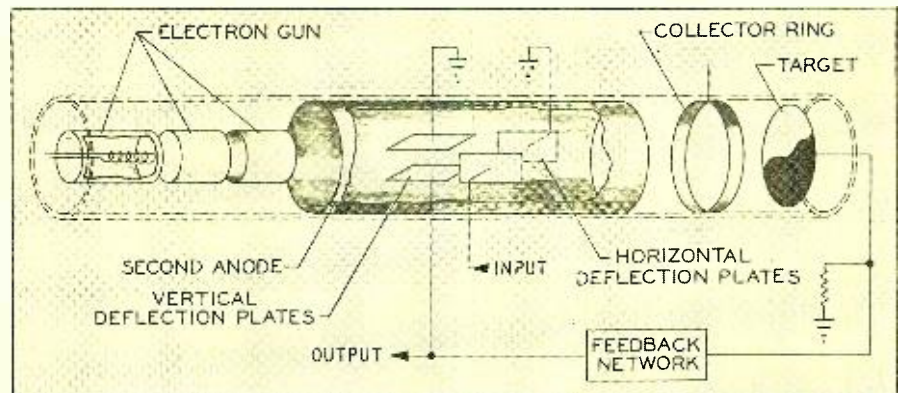
Accelerating Voltage	-500 volts
Accelerating Current	400 microamperes (including centering controls, etc.)
Second Anode Voltage	0 volts
Collecting Voltage	100 volts
Collecting Current	50 microamperes
Signal Input	40 volts for full deflection
Signal Output	30 volts for full deflection
Accuracy	1%
Response Time	400 $\mu$ sec. to step input

Table I. Typical operating conditions for the monoformer tube without amplification in the feedback loop.

back signal level applied to the deflection plates to the same potential as the second anode. With suitable amplification in the feedback loop, the response time may be decreased to 1  $\mu$ sec. without loss of accuracy.



Fig. 4. Details of the interior construction of a printed target monoformer tube. The gun structure is similar to that of a standard electrostatic cathode-ray tube.





# ELECTRONIC FLUORESCENCE DETECTOR- COMPARATOR

By **CHARLES WEEKS**

Technical Director  
Menlo Research Laboratory



Fig. 1. Operator is shown making a routine laboratory comparison.

***This instrument, called a Fluoretor, provides an ultraviolet light source powered by flashlight batteries. It features an integral dark chamber.***

ULTRAVIOLET light sources of various kinds have been widely applied in the commercial detection and identification of materials such as ores, minerals, chemicals, food contaminants, and the like. Materials-testing engineers use u-v for non-destructive fluorescent examination of parts and structures for manufacturing defects or incipient strain failures.

Criminologists utilize such equipment for discovery of clues, for comparison and identification of fabrics, dusts, and stains of many kinds as well as for tracing the movement and handling of objects which have been treated in such a way as to leave fluorescent markings on the hands of people touching them. Altered documents, postage stamps, gems, and a tremendous variety of items yield valuable information under ultraviolet. In medical fields, diagnosis of certain skin infections such as ring-worm, and measurement of blood circulation (with the use of fluorescent tracing materials injected into the blood

stream) are two of many possible uses.

A recent development of Menlo Research Laboratory, Menlo Park, California, permits the application of u-v to such operations without the limitations imposed by power lines, heavy

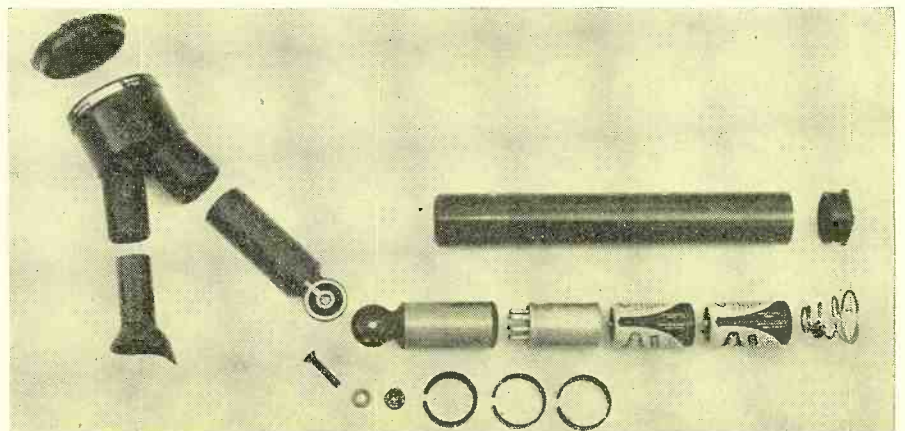
batteries, and high ambient light levels. The instrument, called a Fluoretor, is illustrated in use in Fig. 1, making a routine laboratory comparison.

The specimens being examined are enclosed within the light-tight cylindrical housing in the technician's left hand. Complete self-contained power supply is housed in the barrel of the handle which is attached by a knuckle joint to the light-source and filter housing. The specimens are studied under a three-power magnifying eyepiece which slides in and out for focusing. The end cap of the dark-chamber housing is a slip fit and a set of six caps is provided for securing various kinds of samples for observation.

Specimens too large for insertion in the chamber can be inspected by holding the open end of the dark-chamber against their surfaces. For irregular surfaces, a soft-sponge-rubber cone fits this end of the unit and excludes ambient light under the area under study.

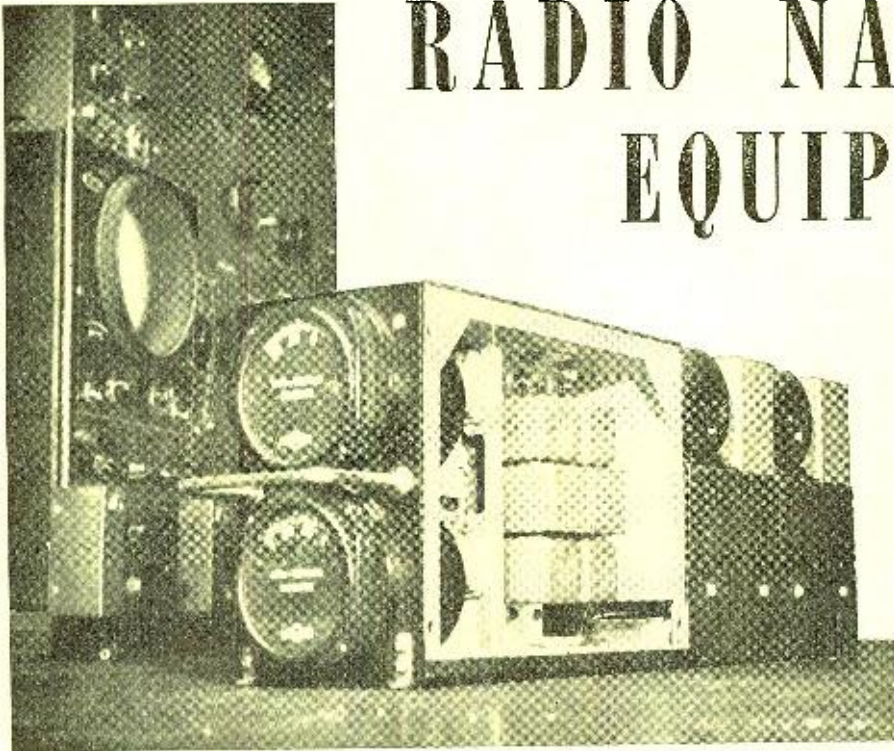
An exploded view of the instrument is shown in Fig. 2. Connections between  
*(Continued on page 29A)*

Fig. 2. Exploded view of the Fluoretor shows the various parts used in its construction. Note the flashlight batteries used as a power source.





# RADIO NAVIGATION EQUIPMENT



Dual accessory unit for VOR navigation system.

By **JOHN P. GRIFFIN**

Northwest Airlines, Inc.

ceiver provides for both track flying by means of a radial selector (Omni-Bearing Selector) and a deviation indicator and for ADF flying by means of the RMI.

The accessory unit houses two dynamotors, the servo amplifier for the RMI and the Omni-Bearing Indicator. Since the unit is mounted in the radio rack, the bearing indicator is not used by the pilot. For that reason the unit will get scant attention in this article. It is not shown on Fig. 1; however, the indicator portion of the accessory unit is shown in other schematics where its function is pertinent to the operation of other circuits.

The receiver also serves as an ILS localizer receiver and may be used as a v.h.f. communications receiver by providing the proper type antenna. (V.h.f. communication signals are vertically polarized, Omni-range and localizer signals horizontally polarized.)

A switch on the Omni-Bearing Selector selects either tone or phase modulated localizer signals. An audio volume control is located on the Radio Control Panel.

Primary supply is 28 volts d.c. from the ship's bus and 26 volts, 400 cycles from the ship's inverters. Tube types CK5654/6AK5 and 5670 are used throughout the unit except one 0A2 voltage regulator.

Fourteen crystals supply the injection frequencies for the first converter. They are selectable by the tap switch driven by the megacycle autopositioner. As is indicated in the block diagram of Fig. 3, the megacycle positioner also tunes the crystal multiplier string as well as the four tuned circuits in the r.f. amplifier preceding the first converter.

Injection frequencies for the second converter are supplied by a group of 20 crystals and are selected by a switch driven by the tenth megacycle autopositioner. This positioner simultaneously tunes the second injection crystal multiplier circuit as well as the four tuned circuits associated with the first i.f. amplifier string.

Signals received in the selected 2 mc. band pass through a pair of tuned

## The second and concluding part includes a detailed analysis of the various portions of a VOR system.

THE FAIRLY complete analysis of the Visual Omni-Range instrumentation and circuitry which follows is intended to give the reader a comprehensive, over-all picture of the functioning of the system.

### VOR Instrumentation

A functional diagram of the instrumentation system appears in Fig. 1. The system provides the following facilities:

a. Localizer, tone type, for the reception of ILS signals.

b. Localizer, phase type, for reception of ILS signals from phase type localizers which are expected to come into general use because of their improved accuracy and other advantages. The transmission system is practically identical to the system of VOR transmission.

c. Omni-Directional Range reception, combining ADF and magnetic compass information on the Radio Magnetic Indicator.

d. Omni-Directional Range reception with course information presented on the ILS Deviation Indicator.

### Receiver

Channel selection is made from the cockpit by use of a control which permits a choice of any one of 280 channels over a nine-wire system. The coarse

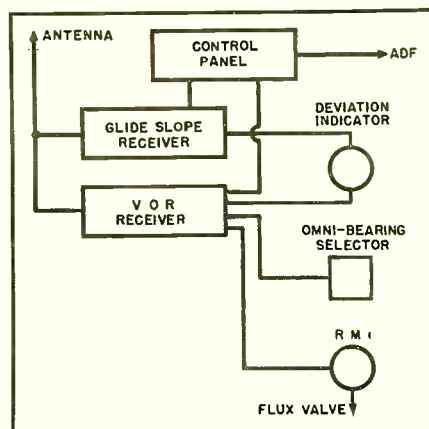
frequency dial may be set to any one of ten positions and the fine frequency to any one of 28 positions.

A mechanism, designated the Auto-positioner, drives either the megacycle shaft or the tenth megacycle shaft from a single motor through a pair of simple overrunning clutches and stop mechanisms.

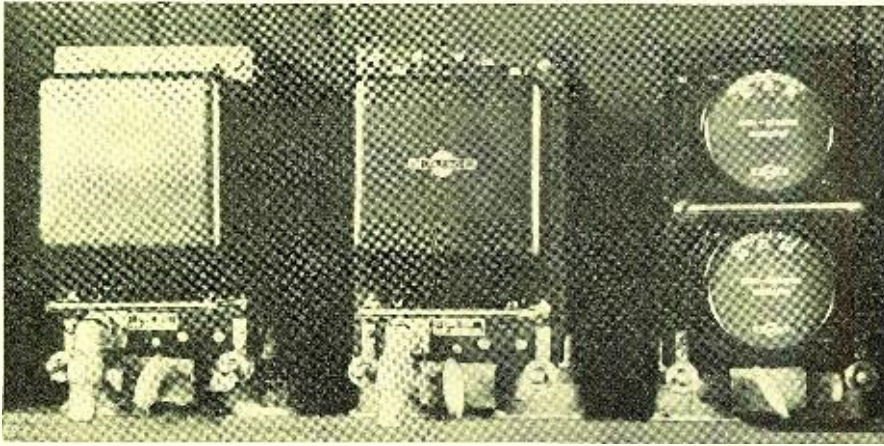
The receiver is a double conversion superheterodyne having a tunable first i.f. of 19.5-21.4 mc. and a second fixed i.f. of 3.2 mc. Refer to the block diagram of Fig. 3.

When used with the accessory unit for complete instrumentation the re-

Fig. 1. Functional block diagram of the VOR instrumentation system.







VOR installation in NWA aircraft—two receivers, one dual accessory unit.

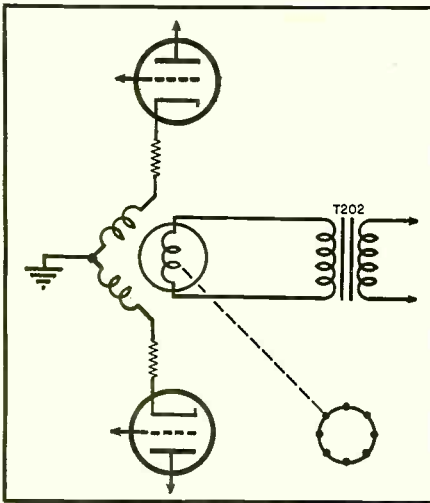


Fig. 2. Typical resolver circuit.

circuits to the first converter. Also feeding the first converter is an injection voltage of suitable frequency to heterodyne the signal down to a frequency lying within the 19.5-21.4 mc. band of the first i.f. strip. This first amplifier is tuned to the specific frequency desired and it is thereby selectively amplified. It is then fed to the second frequency converter where it mixes with an injection voltage ob-

tained from the second crystal group. The output of the second frequency converter lies in the middle of the 3.2 mc. second i.f. amplifier pass band and is selectively amplified and passed to the detector.

Rejection of adjacent channel signals is provided by the selectivity of the second i.f. which operates at 3.2 mc. Added to the selectivity of the first i.f. an over-all rejection of 70 db. to adjacent channel signals is obtained.

Accurate operation of the indicator system requires a constant signal output which is obtained by the use of a d.c. amplifier in the a.v.c. system. A combination oscillator and rectifier is used to provide the negative voltage supply for the d.c. amplifier circuit and for other bias applications.

There is nothing unusual about the detector. It includes a peak clipping type noise limiter. A tap on one of the frequency selector wafers in the receiver selects the proper audio gain setting for 30 per-cent modulated voice signals emanating from navigation facilities and 100 per-cent modulation signals delivered by communication stations. The level switching, combined with the inherent leveling action of the noise limiter, insures close control of

audio output at the proper preselected level.

### Indicating System

Illustrated in Fig. 6 are the facilities for the operation of the Omni-Range and localizer indicating system. The RMI, which combines the magnetic and Omni course information, is a separate instrument unit but is controlled by a servo amplifier which is an integral part of the radio receiver.

Voltage from the detector feeds through an amplifier into a 10 kc. filter and thence through an additional amplifier to an FM discriminator where the reference phase is removed from the 10 kc. subcarrier. The modulation frequency is then passed through a phase splitting network and amplifier to the two quadrature field coils of a resolver which forms part of the Omni-Bearing Selector. From the resolver the voltage is fed through an amplifier and phase detector to the vertical needle of the deviation indicator. Immediately ahead of the 10 kc. filter, voltage from the detector is taken off and passed through a 30 cycle filter from which the 30 cycle variable phase voltage emerges. After amplification and phase detection it has the characteristics necessary to the operation of the deviation indicator. This portion of the circuit provides for deviation indicator flying of any preselected radial.

The TO-FROM indicator on the Omni-Bearing Selector is an auxiliary indicator. It indicates TO when the aircraft is on course and headed toward the station. It indicates FROM when the aircraft is on course and headed away from the station. It moves to the center position when either the reference or the variable signal falls below a safe value.

Operation of the TO-FROM indicator is through a phase detector which is combined with the phase detector operating the course needle of the deviation indicator. In order to properly control the indicator, it is neces-

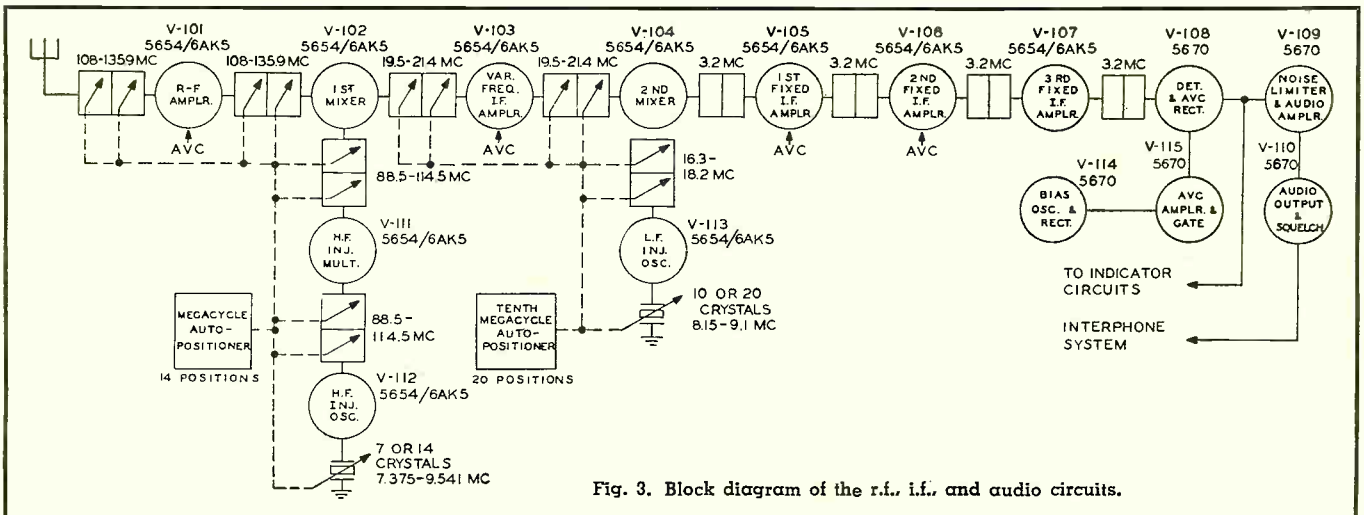


Fig. 3. Block diagram of the r.f., i.f., and audio circuits.



sary to shift the phase of the variable voltage entering this second detector through an angle of 90 degrees. This means that the indicator will show the pilot which side of the station he is on and will swing from TO (correct reading) to FROM (incorrect reading) if the aircraft crosses a course line 90 degrees displaced from the selected course.

At a position due south or due north of the station there would be no phase difference and the resultant, fed to the deviation indicator, would keep the needle centered. At any other position of the aircraft the needle would show a deflection. If the manual phase shifter (Omni-Bearing Selector) is manipulated to bring the needle back to zero, it will then read in degrees the circular distance it was moved, which is the phase difference or the azimuth position of the aircraft. Now if the pilot flies to keep the needle centered he will maintain a constant phase difference and will be flying a radial to the station.

**Circuits**

Refer to the block diagram of Fig. 3. In position one of the frequency selector, the r.f. amplifier and its tuned circuits pass all frequencies between 108 and 110 mc. A band 2 mc. wide appears in the first frequency converter. In this position, the injection into the first converter is exactly 88.5 mc. The 88.5 mc. injection frequency can beat with anything in the 2 mc. range and produce any number of i.f. frequencies. The following i.f. stage, however, is tuned exactly to a tenth of a megacycle. If it happens to be tuned to 19.5 for example, that will be the strongest beat frequency passed and for all practical purposes, the only frequency appearing at the control grid of the second converter. Since the above mentioned high i.f. stage tuning is ganged to the crystal selector and the oscillator tuning is ganged to the crystal selector, only one frequency is injected, via the cathode, into the second converter, namely 16.3 mc. The difference frequency is 3.2 mc., which is the fixed intermediate frequency. Had the high i.f. amplifier been tuned to any of the other frequencies presented to it by the first converter, then the new frequency, upon entering the second converter, would mix with a new injection frequency to produce 3.2 mc. For example, if the high i.f. amplifier is tuned to 19.8 mc., the auto-positioner will at the same time shift crystals and tune the second oscillator to 16.6 so that these are the two frequencies entering the mixer. Their difference, 19.8-16.6 is 3.2, the fixed i.f.

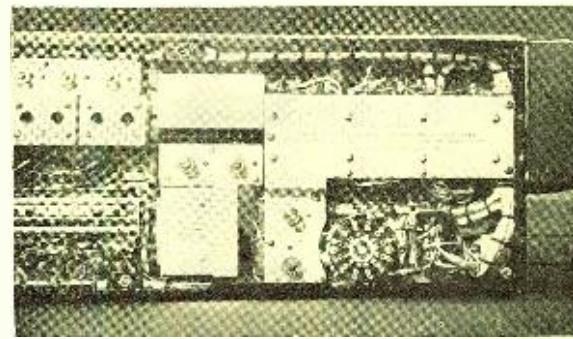
Refer to Fig. 7. The signal from the third fixed i.f. stage is detected in the

right hand section of the diode-connected tube  $V_{108}$ . The left hand section of  $V_{115}$  is a d.c. amplifier for a.v.c. The right half is used as an a.v.c. gate.

The diode load resistor for the a.v.c. detector is  $R_{134}$ . There will be no drop across  $R_{134}$  while the input to the diode is zero. It can be seen from an inspection of Fig. 4 that when the no-input condition prevails, there is no potential difference between grid and cathode of  $V_{115}$ , the a.v.c. amplifier. Since there is a positive voltage on the plate, current will flow through  $R_{114}$ ,  $R_{137}$ ,  $R_{136}$ ,  $R_{135}$  and the tube. The current flow through the resistor string is sufficient to nullify the bias voltage from  $V_{114}$  (connected between  $R_{136}$  and  $R_{137}$ ). One triode section of  $V_{114}$  operates as an oscillator and the other section, connected as a diode, rectifies the oscillator output. The d.c. thus obtained is applied between  $R_{136}$  and  $R_{137}$ . This action places both cathodes of  $V_{115}$  above ground potential. The gate section will be cut off due its positive cathode. Hence no signal input to the a.v.c. detector results in a closed gate.

A signal input to  $V_{108}$  will result in a drop across  $R_{134}$ . This drop will bias the a.v.c. amplifier,  $V_{115}$ , to near cut-off. With little or no current flowing in the resistor string,  $R_{114}$ ,  $R_{137}$ ,  $R_{136}$ , and  $R_{135}$ , the bias applied from  $V_{114}$  becomes effective in making the cathodes of  $V_{115}$  negative. The gate section of  $V_{115}$  now has a negative cathode and will conduct, resulting in a.v.c. output voltage which is applied to the control grids of four of the r.f. and i.f. amplifier tubes.

In the same schematic, Fig. 7, the right hand section of  $V_{109}$ , the first audio stage, is biased to cut-off when no modulated signal is being received and is allowed to conduct when the input contains a modulated signal. The cut-off bias is developed by the right sec-



Collins 51R v.h.f. navigational receiver.

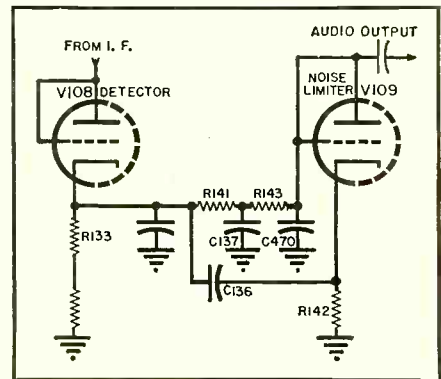


Fig. 4. Circuit of the noise limiter.

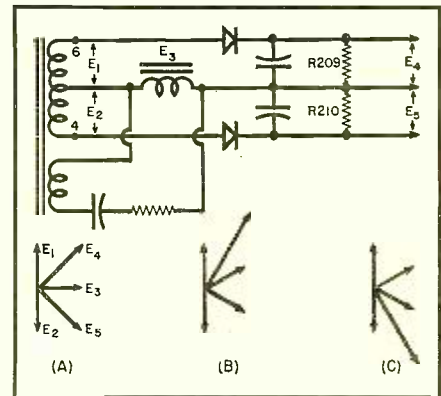


Fig. 5. Discriminator circuit and operation.

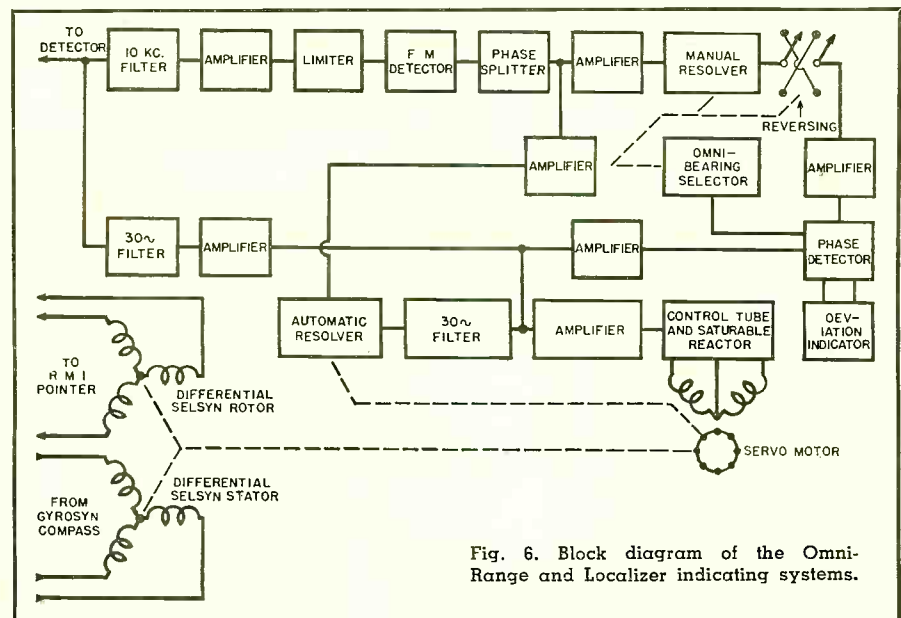


Fig. 6. Block diagram of the Omni-Range and Localizer indicating systems.



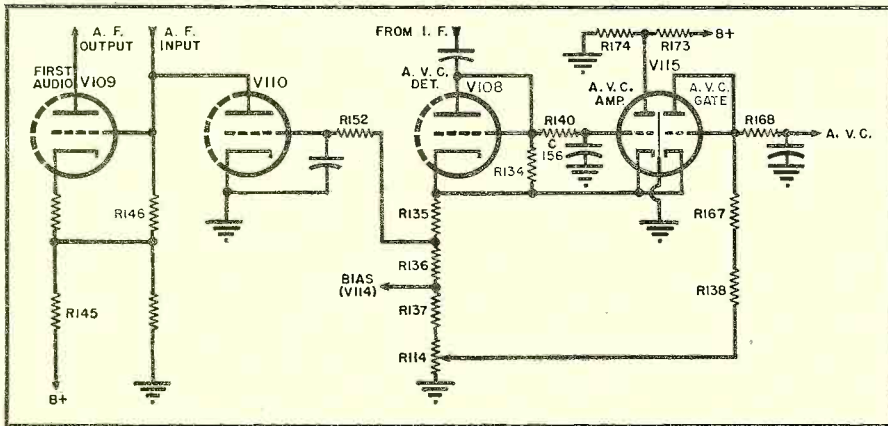


Fig. 7. Circuit of the detector, a.v.c., and audio squelch.

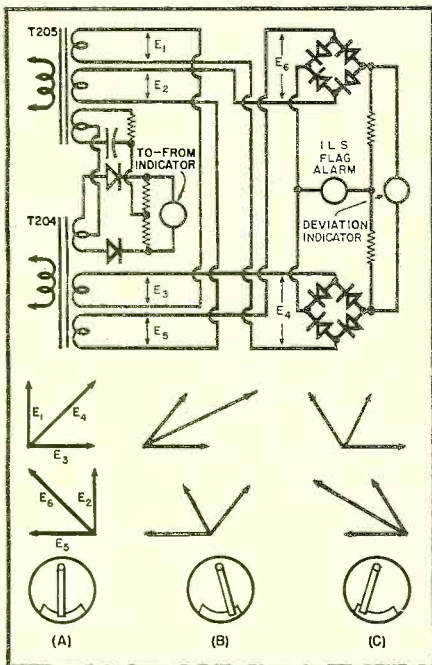


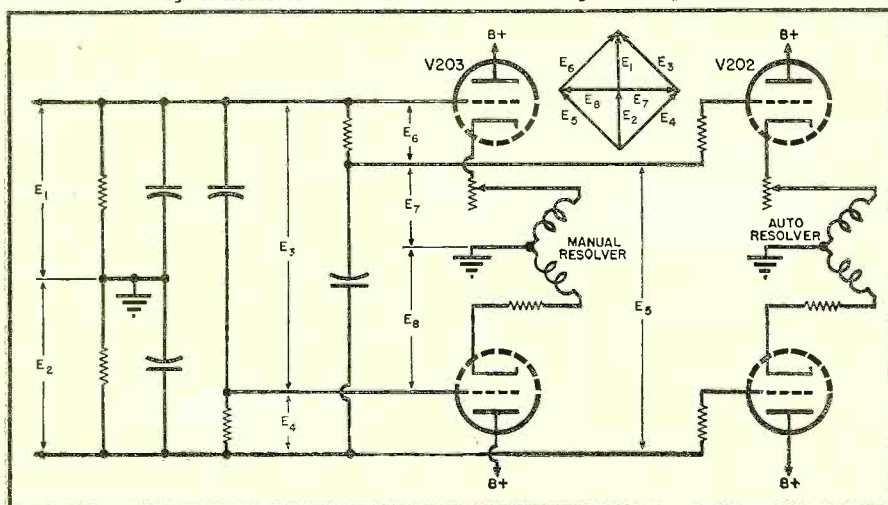
Fig. 8. Deviation circuit and operation.

tion of  $V_{110}$  whose grid is connected to resistor string  $R_{135}$ ,  $R_{136}$ ,  $R_{137}$ , and  $R_{114}$ . As previously explained, when there is no signal input, the a.v.c. amplifier is conducting and as a result there is a

positive voltage developed at the junction of  $R_{135}$  and  $R_{136}$ . Since  $V_{110}$  is connected to this point, the tube is conductive and its current flow develops a voltage across  $R_{146}$  which is applied to the grid of  $V_{109}$ . Being thus biased to cut-off,  $V_{109}$  does not conduct when there is no signal input. When a signal appears, the drop across  $R_{134}$  cuts off  $V_{115}$  and with no current flowing through  $R_{135}$  and  $R_{136}$ , the bias from  $V_{114}$  predominates at the junction of these resistors. This negative voltage cuts off  $V_{110}$  and with the cessation of plate current through  $R_{146}$ ,  $V_{109}$  is no longer biased to cut-off.

As shown in Fig. 4, the noise limiter is connected to the cathode of the detector. The positive audio pulses thus derived are straightened out by the filter network through which they are passed and applied to the diode plate ( $V_{109}$ ). This positive voltage on the diode plate enables the tube to conduct. Since the cathode of the diode is connected to the same signal source through  $C_{136}$ , tube conduction varies at an audio rate. Any sharp noise pulse will not appear on the plate because of the smoothing action of the filter but will appear as a positive pulse on the cathode and bias the tube to cut-

Fig. 9. Resolver feed circuit with vector diagram of operation.



off. Since recovery time is practically instantaneous the gap thus produced in the continuity of the audio is not noticeable.

Refer to Fig. 5. The voltage across terminals 4 and 6 is rectified in the crystal diodes and appears at the load resistors  $R_{209}$  and  $R_{210}$ . The voltage across the third winding is applied to the choke in the center leg. This third winding is series resonant at 9960 cycles with the condenser shown and will therefore apply its maximum voltage across the choke when the primary frequency is 9960 c.p.s. As shown in vector diagram A, this voltage is 90 degrees out of phase with the voltages appearing across the load resistors. As the primary voltage swings to its 480 cycle maximum in one direction this phase changes as shown in vector diagram B. As it swings in the opposite direction the phase of  $E_3$  reverses. Since this swing occurs at a rate of 30 c.p.s. the demodulated 30 cycle voltage is delivered to the output.

### Instruments

The input to the indicating system contains the reference and the variable signals. It is the phase difference between these signals which indicates aircraft position and which operates the deviation indicator. In passing through the upper branch of the diagram shown in Fig. 6, the reference phase is removed from the 10 kc. subcarrier, is demodulated and presented to the manual resolver which is part of the Omni-Bearing Selector. This resolver, actuated by the previously mentioned knob on the right side of the instrument, reduces the phase shift between reference and variable signals to zero and shows in the window the angular difference between the two voltages.

Besides going to the manual resolver, the reference voltage is also fed to the automatic resolver. Assume for the moment that there is zero phase shift (null position) through this resolver. The resolver output following a 30 cycle filter is mixed with the variable phase voltage and fed to a phase sensitive amplifier. Under the no-phase-difference condition there will be no output from the amplifier and no torque on the servo motor. Should the aircraft now change its position to a point where there is a difference in phase between reference and variable signals, the output of the phase sensitive amplifier will drive the servo motor. Since the rotor of the automatic resolver is connected mechanically to the same shaft as the rotor of the servo motor, it also turns and moreover will turn in the direction necessary to reduce the phase angle. Obviously the motor will stop turning when the phase angle

(Continued on page 31A)



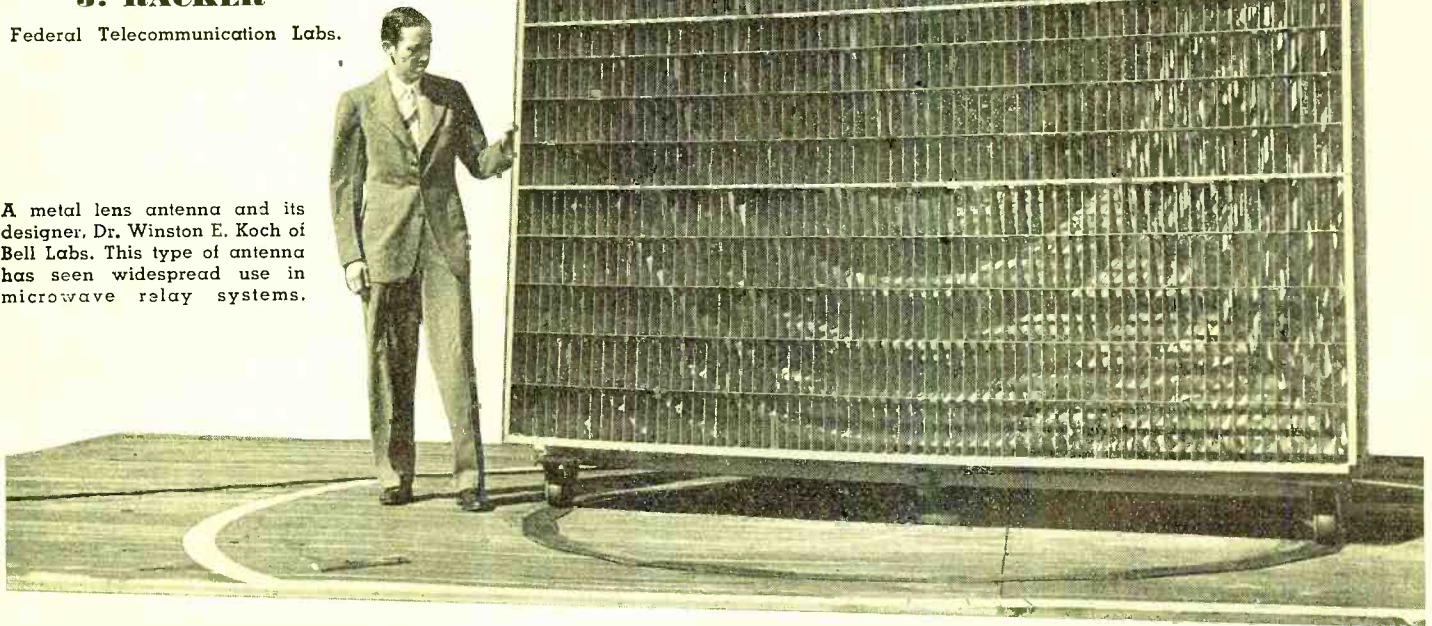
# MICROWAVE ANTENNAS

By

**J. RACKER**

Federal Telecommunication Labs.

A metal lens antenna and its designer, Dr. Winston E. Koch of Bell Labs. This type of antenna has seen widespread use in microwave relay systems.



## A discussion of such factors as directivity and gain for the three most important microwave antenna types—parabolic, horn, and lens antennas.

**T**HE ability to achieve a high degree of directivity with simple, inexpensive antennas is by far the most important reason for the expanded use of microwave equipment. The directivity or power gain that can be attained is best illustrated by noting that a 1 watt, 2000 megacycle system using 10-foot parabolic antennas for both transmitting and receiving provides equivalent service to a system using dipole antennas and an output of about 1,000,000 watts. Because of this factor, it has become more economical in many areas to use radio links for television and communication relaying purposes than equivalent wire-line circuits. Furthermore it is readily conceivable that in the future a large portion of inter-city telephone facilities will be effected through the use of microwave links.

There are many types of antennas that have been developed, particularly for radar applications. Most of these are modifications of three basic types, namely, parabolic, horn, and lens an-

tennas. It is far beyond the scope of this article to cover all of the many types and discussion will be confined to the three aforementioned types. In some texts covering this subject, antenna arrays are described; however, the author has defined<sup>2</sup> the lower limit of microwaves at 900 mc., at which frequency arrays are rarely used.

There are two terms frequently employed to describe the characteristics of microwave antennas. One, the power gain, determines the effectiveness of the antenna for transmitting purposes.

The power gain of a microwave antenna is given by:

$$G = \frac{P}{P_0} = 10 \log_{10} \frac{P}{P_0} \text{ (db)} \quad (1)$$

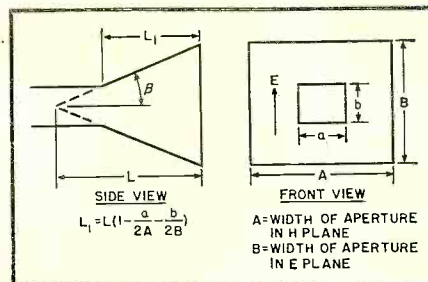
where  $P$  is the power flow per unit area of the transmitted electromagnetic wave at some distant point in the direction of maximum radiation, and  $P_0$  is the power flow per unit area at that same point which would have been produced if all the power were radiated equally in all directions (isotropic antenna). (Note that comparison is made with respect to isotropic rather than dipole antenna).

The second parameter, the effective area, is a qualitative measure of the ability of the antenna to collect power at the receiver. The effective area of a receiving antenna is defined by the following expression:

$$A = \frac{P_r}{P_0} \quad (2)$$

where  $P_r$  is the received power available at the antenna terminals, and

Fig. 1. Electromagnetic horn.





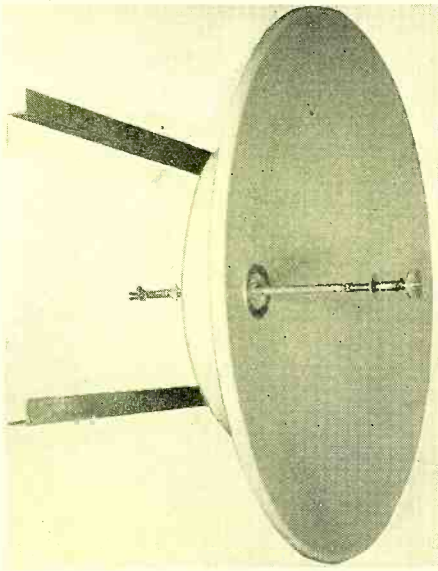


Fig. 2. Circular parabolic antenna.

$P_o'$  is the power per unit area of the incident wave.

It can be shown that there is a constant relationship between gain and effective area of an antenna. The ratio  $G/A$ , furthermore, is the same for all types of antennas and is equal to:

$$\frac{G}{A} = \frac{4\pi}{\lambda^2} \dots \dots \dots (3)$$

From Eq. (3) the gain of an antenna can also be defined as:

$$G = \frac{4\pi A}{\lambda^2} \dots \dots \dots (4)$$

Fig. 4. Radiation pattern of (A) isotropic antenna and (B) directive antenna.

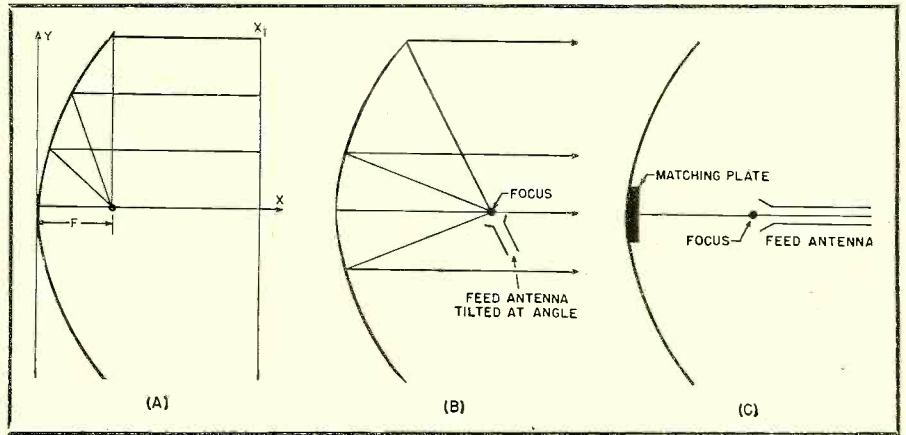
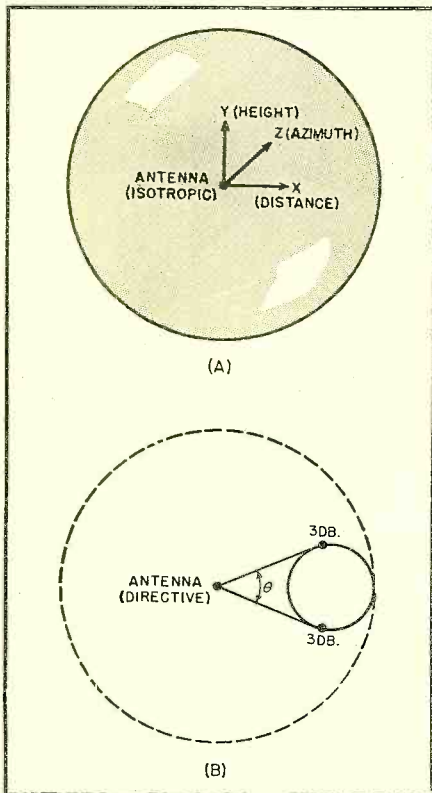


Fig. 3. (A) Parabolic curve. (B) Offset feed antenna used to minimize shadow. (C) Matching plate for improving impedance matching of parabola.

It should be noted that Eq. (3) applies only when the antenna and wave polarizations are the same. For the case where they are not, the gain is given by the equation:

$$G_a = G \cos^2 \alpha \dots \dots \dots (5)$$

where  $\alpha$  is the angle between plane of polarization of the antenna and the incident field.

Power gain is achieved because the antenna concentrates the available energy in the desired direction rather than radiating it omnidirectionally. This characteristic can also be described by the antenna "beam width" which is determined from the radiation pattern of the antenna. For an isotropic antenna the radiation pattern would be in the form of a sphere, as shown in Fig. 4A, while the pattern of a typical circular parabolic microwave antenna would be in the form of a cone as shown in Fig. 4B. The angle  $\theta$  of this cone at the 3 db. points is called the beam width, while the power gain of the antenna is proportional to the area of the sphere divided by the area of the cone for the same value of  $R$ . (Some energy is lost in side lobes not shown in Fig. 4B). Thus it is seen that the smaller the beam width, the higher the power gain.

Most antennas designed for microwave transmission can be readily analyzed through the use of simple optical principles. One such antenna, which is the electrical counterpart of the reflector in flashlights and automobile headlamps, is the parabolic antenna. Because of the simplicity of this antenna and its adaptability to a coaxial line feed, it is used in virtually all applications at, and below, 2000 megacycles.

Fig. 3A shows a parabolic curve, which from geometry, can be described by the following equation:

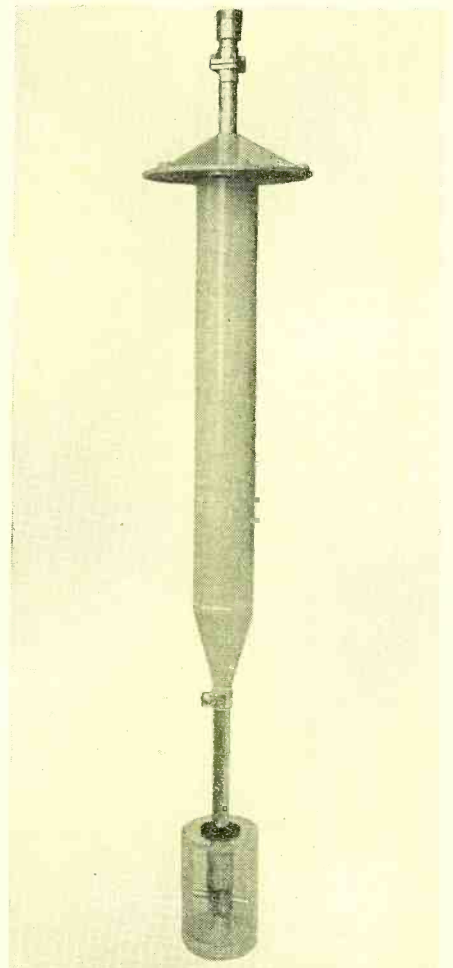
$$y^2 = 4 F x \dots \dots \dots (6)$$

where  $F$ ,  $y$ , and  $x$  are as defined in Fig. 3A.

Two properties of the parabola make it particularly useful for focusing ra-

diant energy. First, if a spherical wave source is placed at the focal point, any ray initiating from the focus is reflected in a direction parallel to the axis of the parabola; secondly, the distance traveled by any ray from the focus of the parabola to a plane  $\alpha_1$  at some distance away is always the same and is independent of the path taken. Therefore, as shown in Fig. 3A, a plane wavefront is transmitted with all points on the plane at the same phase.

Fig. 5. Doublet feed antenna system using disk reflector.





The parabola in Fig. 3A is represented only in the  $x-y$  plane. For most purposes the antenna is made parabolic in the  $z$  plane also and this antenna, shown in Fig. 2, is known as a circular parabola. For some applications, it is desirable to have a wide angle in the  $z$  plane and a narrow angle in the  $y$  plane (Fig. 4A defines the three planes with respect to earth) in which case the configuration shown in Fig. 6, known as a parabolic cylinder, can be used.

Conversion of the mathematical principle shown in Fig. 3A into a practical antenna involves a number of problems. For one, we have assumed a point source emitting spherical waves existing at the focal point. This can be effected by placing an isotropic antenna at this point. This type of antenna would illuminate the parabola properly but, however, it would also transmit energy outside the parabolic surface, which would either go into an undesired direction or be out of phase with the plane wave reflected from the parabola. This effect is called "spill over". The ideal characteristic of the focal point source would, therefore, be an antenna emitting a spherical wave over the parabolic portion only and be zero elsewhere.

In practice it is impossible to achieve such a pattern and some compromise between "spill-over" and uniform illumination must be effected. It has been noted empirically that best results are obtained with a feed which has a major radiation lobe striking the center of the reflector, its intensity decreasing smoothly to a value about 10 db. below maximum in the direction of the reflector boundaries and remaining small for all directions which do not strike the parabola. This pattern also allows for variations in space or geometric attenuation which occur in different parts of the wave front.

Another problem is physically attaining a point source which, of course, is a theoretical concept of an element which occupies no space. Since the feed antenna must have a finite length, its effect on the radiation pattern must be considered. It is obvious that the feed antenna will absorb a certain amount of energy at the center of the wave front. This introduces a "shadow" in the radiation pattern. This "shadow" can be minimized through use of an offset feed section as shown in Fig. 3B. This, however, decreases the gain and increases the magnitude of the minor lobes.

Another effect of having the feed antenna pick up some of the reflected energy is that a mismatch occurs in the feed line which is constant in amplitude but varies in phase as the frequency is varied. This mismatch can be compensated over a band by placing a raised plate at the apex of the reflector

as indicated in Fig. 3C, but this plate also produces a harmful effect on the pattern. A trial and error procedure is usually employed to effect best results for a particular application. This is done by making a wooden model and spraying electrically important surfaces with metal. It is of course much easier to modify wood models.

The type of feed antenna used will depend upon the type of line used to connect transmitter to antenna. Generally, to match to a coaxial line a half wave doublet with a reflecting element is used. The reflecting element can be another doublet, a plane sheet, a half cylinder, or a disk. The disk, shown in Fig. 5, and the half cylinder appear to give best operation. It should be noted that a doublet does not have a spherical field and hence optimum polarization is not obtained. This factor limits the angle between focal point and rim of the reflector to a maximum of 140 degrees which is sufficient for most commercial applications.

Above 3000 megacycles it is practical to feed the parabola with the

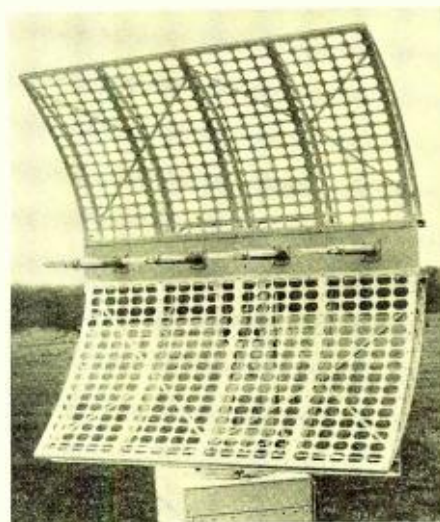


Fig. 6. Cylindrical parabolic antenna.

radiation from an open-ended wave guide. Where a circular parabola is used, a circular  $TE_{11}$  wave guide should be used for a feed since it gives almost ideal phase and polarization characteristics. The aperture of this guide is

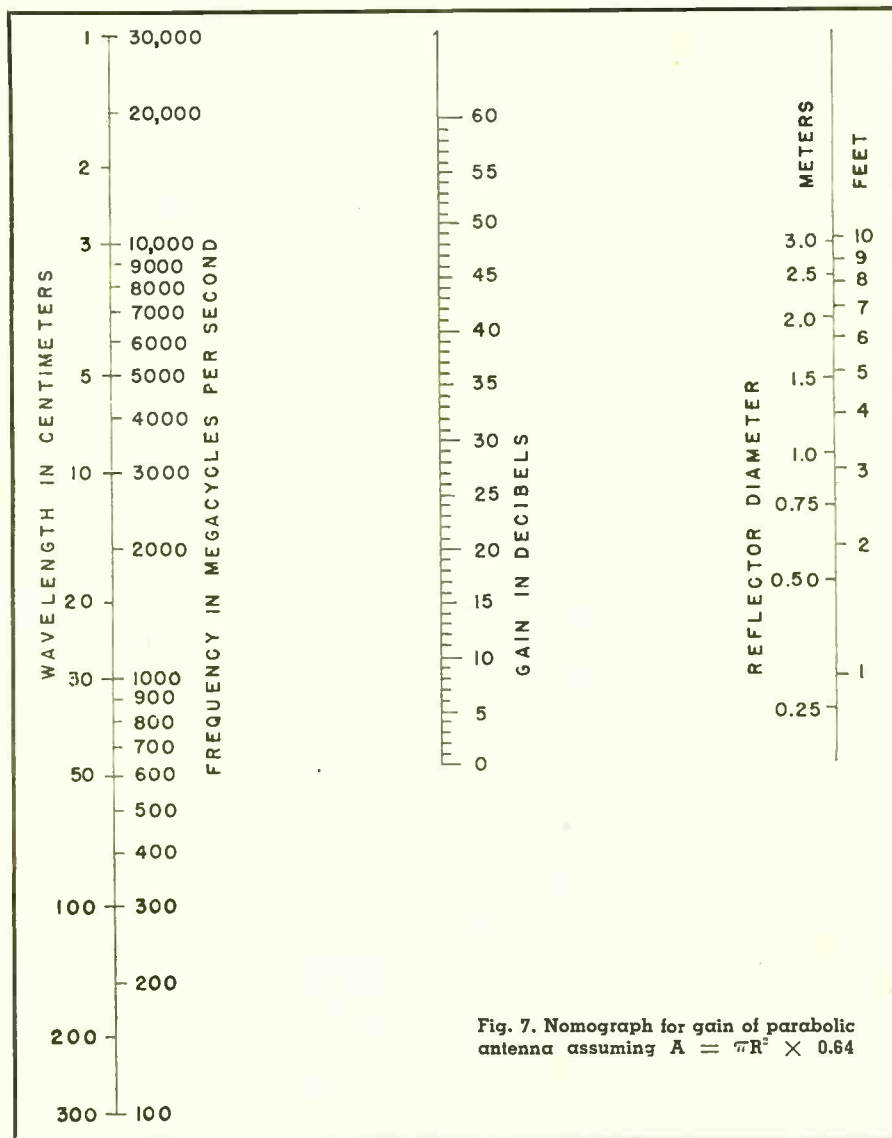


Fig. 7. Nomograph for gain of parabolic antenna assuming  $A = \pi R^2 \times 0.64$



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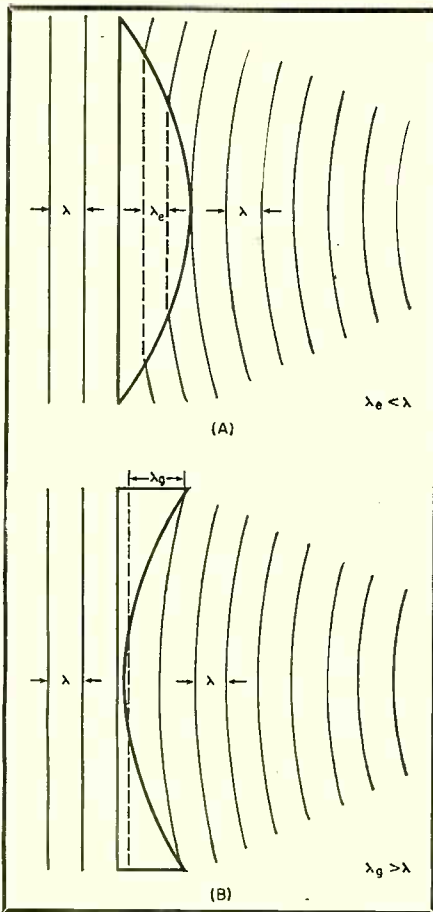


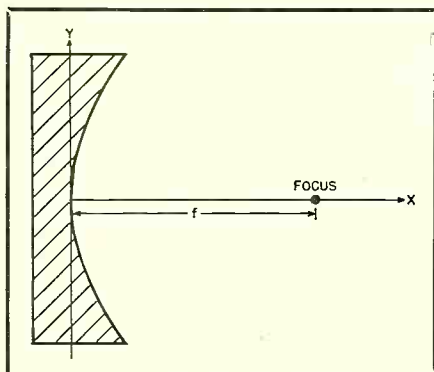
Fig. 8. Focusing action of (A) dielectric lens, and (B) metal type lens.

sometimes flared (increased in diameter in the shape of a horn) to improve directivity. Its dimensions are such as to support the dominant mode only.

A rectangular  $TE_{1,0}$  wave guide does not generally give a circularly symmetrical radiation pattern, but is suitable for feeding a parabolic cylinder. The radiation pattern of a  $TE_{1,0}$  feed is approximately elliptical so that the most efficient reflector area should be nearly elliptical, though for mechanical convenience it is more economical to use a rectangular shape.

The effective area of the parabola is a function of the type of feed used and the shape of the reflector will there-

Fig. 11. Metal lens profile.



fore vary for different antennas. However, a close approximation of the effective area of most circular parabolas using either a doublet or waveguide feed is given by:

$$A = 0.64 \pi R^2 \dots (7)$$

where  $R$  is the radius of the circle projecting across the parabola's rim.

The gain of this parabola, from equation (5), is equal to:

$$G = \frac{4 \pi R^2 \times 0.64}{\lambda^2} \cong \frac{24.4 R^2}{\lambda^2} \dots (8)$$

This equation is plotted on the nomograph shows in Fig. 7.

The beamwidth of the parabola is given by the equation:

$$\theta = \frac{70\lambda}{D} = \frac{35\lambda}{R} \text{ degrees} \dots (9)$$

10-foot diameter parabolas are the maximum that are used for most commercial installations because of wind loading, tower rigidity requirements, etc. At 2000 mc.  $\theta$  for a 10 foot dish is  $3.7^\circ$ .

As indicated previously, an open-ended wave guide excited at its input by a microwave generator will radiate energy into space. However, since the impedance of free space is different from that of the guide, a mismatch will exist at the guide termination and standing waves will be set up along the line. Furthermore, some of the energy

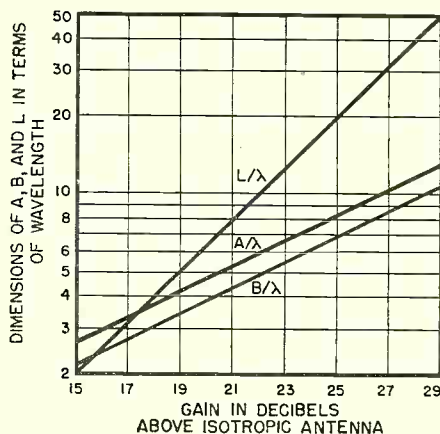


Fig. 10. Gain of electromagnetic horn.

will be diffracted at the opening of the guide causing the radiated energy to scatter and results in poor directivity.

To improve directivity and minimize mismatch, some type of transformer should be used between the guide and free space. The simplest type of transformer that would effect this result is a horn-shaped device, shown in Fig. 1, which operates in a similar manner to the exponential line described in a previous article<sup>1</sup>. The smaller the angle,  $\beta$ , (Fig. 1) is made, the more gradual the impedance transformation and the smaller the diffraction effect, so that the power gain is increased.

It has been found that a definite re-

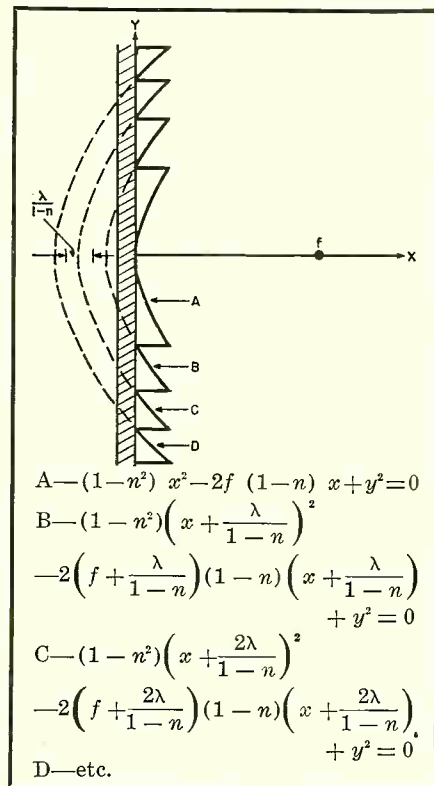


Fig. 9. Profile of "step" metal lens.

lationship must exist between  $L$ ,  $A$ , and  $B$  of Fig. 1 for optimum transmission. Fig. 10 plots these three parameters versus the gain in decibels. An approximation for the gain of an electromagnetic horn, for the case where  $L > a^2/\lambda$ , is given by the following equation:

$$G = \frac{10ab}{\lambda^2} \dots (10)$$

The beam width in the  $E$  plane is:

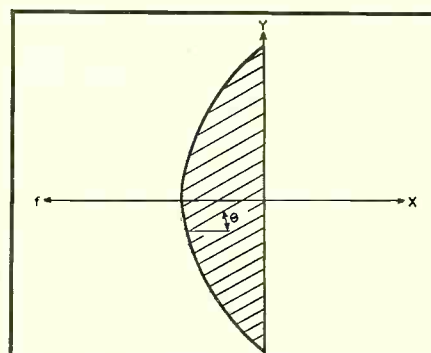
$$\theta_E = \frac{51\lambda}{b} \text{ degrees} \dots (11)$$

while the beam width in the  $H$  plane is:

$$\theta_H = \frac{70\lambda}{ba} \text{ degrees} \dots (12)$$

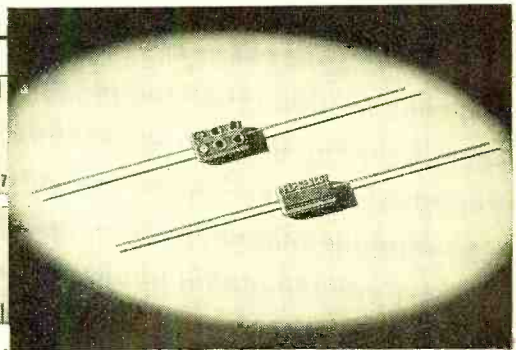
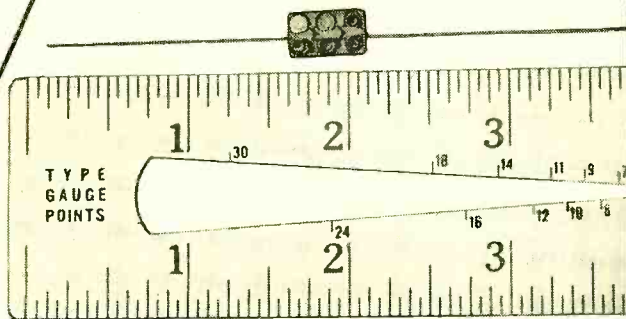
The effective area of the horn is a function primarily of its size. It is possible to calculate this effective area through the use of Eq. (3) and the graph given in Fig. 10. A figure of 0.5 (of  $A \times B$ ) is frequently used as a typical value. (Continued on page 30A)

Fig. 12. Profile of path-length lens.





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**Personals**

**CECIL S. ALLEN** has been named executive vice president and general manager of *Raytheon's Russell Electric Company* Division in Chicago. Prior to joining *Russell Electric*, Mr. Allen was vice president and general manager of the Pacific Coast Division of *A. O. Smith Corporation*, Milwaukee for two and one-half years. For sixteen years, Mr. Allen served in various capacities with *General Electric Company*.



**C. J. BIVER** has been appointed commercial engineer of the central region for *General Electric's Tube Division*, according to an announcement by E. F. Peterson, Manager of Sales for the division. Mr. Biver, whose headquarters will be located in Chicago, was application engineer for the Tube Divisions in the central region prior to his new appointment and was formerly commercial engineer for the *Ken-Rad Tube and Lamp Corp.*, at Owensboro, Ky.



**JACK W. GARRISON**, physicist at Armour Research Foundation of Illinois Institute of Technology, will head a newly organized nucleonics section in the physics department of the Foundation. Mr. Garrison joined the Foundation in 1943 after six years as research engineer for the *U. S. Gypsum Company*. He is a graduate of Butler University. This newly organized section at the Institute will apply radioactive tracer techniques to research problems.



**DR. KENNETH H. KINGDON**, formerly assistant director of the *General Electric Research Laboratory* at Schenectady, has been appointed technical manager of the Knolls Atomic Power Laboratory. Dr. Kingdon, who was one of the first scientists to isolate appreciable quantities of the energy-releasing form of uranium U-235 from the natural element, has been with the Research Laboratory since 1930, and has headed its atomic power work since 1946.



**KEN RANDALL**, former associate of *M. J. Shapp Company*, will take over representation of the *Barry Corporation*, *Condenser Products Co.*, *Electric Motor Corp.*, *Cyclohm Motor Corp.*, *Thordarson Electric Mfg. Co.*, *The Workshop Associates, Inc.*, and *Switchcraft, Inc.* Mr. Randall has been associated with *Sears*, *Roebuck* and *RCA* in various capacities. Milton J. Shapp will devote his full time as President of the *Jerrold Electronics Corporation* of Philadelphia, Pa.



**DR. GEORGE W. VINAL**, Chief of the Electrochemistry Section of the National Bureau of Standards, has retired after more than forty-two years of distinguished service to the Government. Best known for his classical book, *Storage Batteries*, Dr. Vinal has contributed extensively to scientific journals and is internationally known for his research in the field of electrochemistry and the development of the silver voltammeter and the standard cell.





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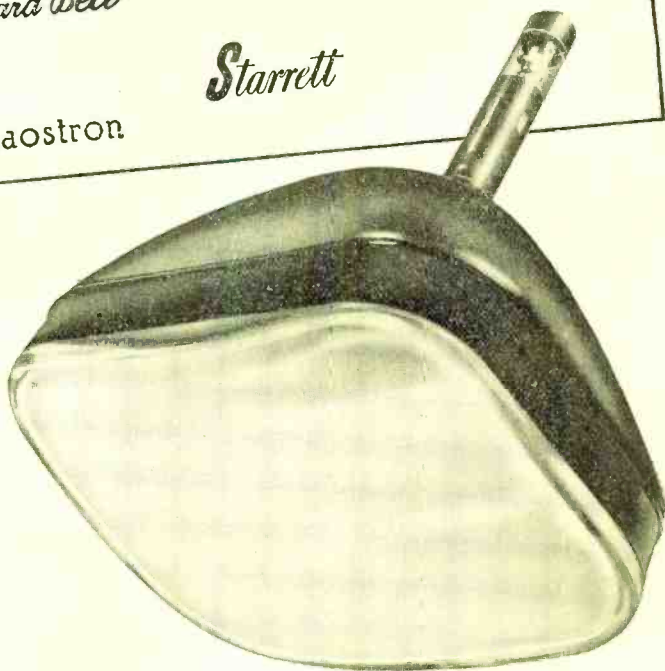
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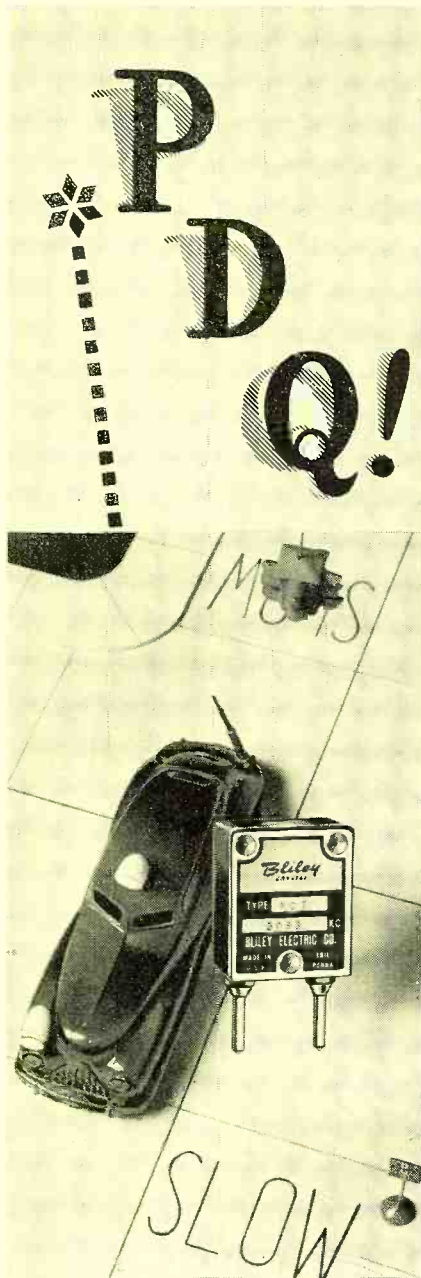
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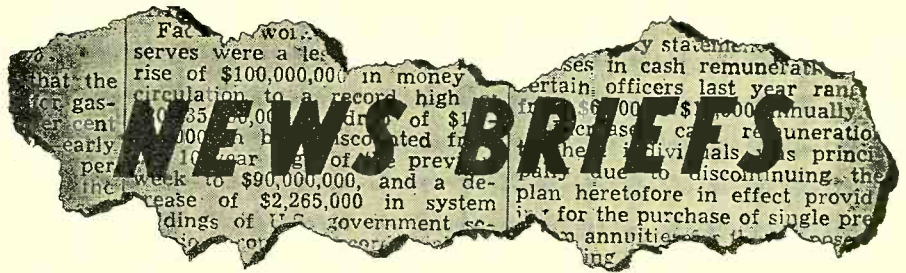
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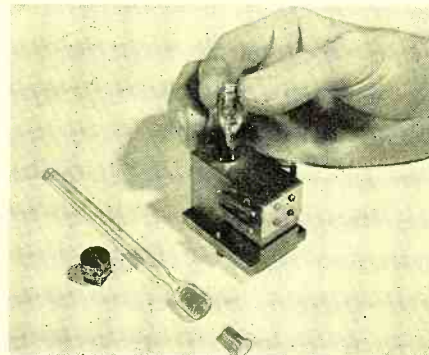
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**OVEN LOADING TECHNIQUE**

Jesse Sherwood of the National Bureau of Standards has developed a new oven loading technique for use in the atomic-beam clock program to over-



come the problem of the introduction of highly reactive materials, such as alkali metals, into the oven which acts as the beam source.

In the new technique, the oven used with the atomic-beam magnetic resonance apparatus is of a conventional type, but the cesium metal is distilled into a specially designed ampoule and sealed off under vacuum. The ampoule contains a well into which is inserted a carefully lapped aluminum plug of about 7 mm. diameter. This plug is removed before filling and then set firmly in place after sealing. When the ampoule is heated to 80-100° C, it will crack because of the larger thermal expansivity of aluminum, referred to glass.

With this new method, it is possible to load the oven, carry out further checks on the experimental conditions, and pump out the system before exposing the active metal.

**ELECTRONIC TRAFFIC SYSTEM**

The city of Denver, Colorado, has launched a \$125,000 modernization plan of its entire downtown network of traffic signals and controllers which will employ a revolutionary combination of fixed-time-cycle and electronic traffic control equipment.

Initially, the installation will include 104 *General Electric* type F traffic controllers to be supervised electronically by a master cycle selector. All controller dial units and the master selector will be remotely housed on a central control panel in Denver's City and

County building, and individually connected to the controller switching mechanisms in control boxes at 104 downtown intersections.

In this new system any cycle timing between 40 and 125 seconds as well as red-green light percentages will be electronically adjusted. Every six minutes the electronic master selector will add up this traffic count, compute the proper timing cycle and red-green splits to handle the traffic flow, and then automatically adjust the individual controllers by varying the voltage and frequency on their synchronous drive motor.

**NEW GAUGE MEASURES "NOTHING"**

Scientists at the *Westinghouse Research Laboratories*, Pittsburgh, Pa., have revealed a new instrument called an "ion gauge" which can detect the presence of air in a vacuum where only one air molecule remains out of every 10,000 billion originally present.

This supersensitive gauge looks like a large radio tube and behaves in a similar manner. The gauge was developed by Robert T. Bayard, under the supervision of Dr. Daniel Alpert, head of the inter-atomic physics section. Dr. Alpert explained that for



measuring ordinary low pressures, scientists use a column of mercury whose height corresponds to the atmospheric pressure which is about 30 inches. Using the new gauge, pressures that would raise a column of mercury only one-thousandth of a billionth of  
*(Continued on page 29A)*



## Oscillograph Amp.

(Continued from page 7A)

ing, no special precautions were taken in the circuit to minimize drift. A regulated heater voltage can be used if desired. A lead from the heater transformer provides a convenient source of calibrating voltage. The input leads are shielded cable and are connected to the amplifier through coaxial-type relays, which maintain the integrity of the shielding, and make possible the convenient connection or disconnection of the input. Small gaps provide protection against accidental overvoltages. The plate circuit requires 0.5 ampere at 125 volts direct current. A small motor-generator set is the most convenient source of plate voltage, since it is independent of line-voltage fluctuations and can carry a number of amplifiers without overload.

Preparatory to operation, the amplifier is balanced and the gain adjusted for a satisfactory oscillograph deflection. With the balance meter (see Fig. 1A) in the circuit, the variable resistor in the cathode circuit of the first stage is adjusted to give a zero reading. Then, with the oscillograph in the circuit, the input-voltage dividers are adjusted to give the required deflection.

This amplifier, with its double-input feature, is particularly useful in line-dropping tests, in which the voltage across the terminals of a circuit breaker is to be measured. For example, in the circuit of Fig. 1B, the voltage across the breaker on opening is required. The double input permits the voltage across the two capacitance dividers to be measured with the amplifier, power supply, and oscillograph grounded. If a single-input amplifier were used, all apparatus would have to be insulated from ground, which is inconvenient and can lead to measurement errors.

The relays on the amplifier chassis are a convenience in tests of this type. By opening the circuit to one divider the gain can be adjusted for proper deflection. Furthermore, the relays make possible rapid disconnection of the amplifier if draining of the voltage divider must be avoided.

The measuring circuits ahead of the amplifier must be arranged so that the signal appearing at the amplifier input is faithful to the original voltage. These circuits will depend on the particular measurement required, and are a separate problem in themselves.

Although the amplifier is not on the market, it consists of standard components available from radio parts suppliers, and can be assembled by any competent meter shop. The cost is so small that practically any job that can use such a device warrants its construction.

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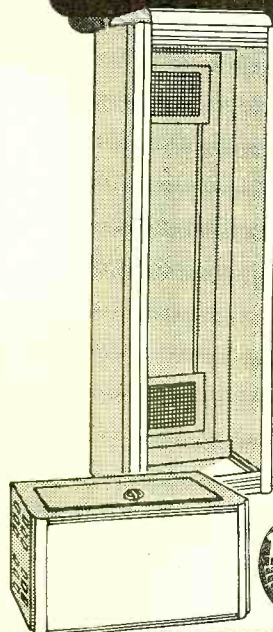
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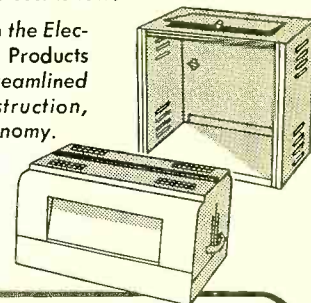
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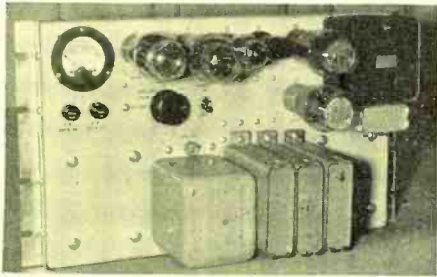
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# NEW PRODUCTS

## TV POWER SUPPLIES

General Electric Company, Syracuse, N. Y., has announced two new regulated power supplies for television station applications. Both units, types



TP-12-A and TP-13-A, feature single-phase input, high current capabilities and low ripple.

The TP-12-A can supply 300 to 900 milliamperes at 275 to 300 volts with a maximum ripple of less than 0.01

volts peak-to-peak. The TP-13-A can supply 0 to 300 milliamperes at 275 to 400 volts with a maximum ripple of less than 0.05 volts peak-to-peak.

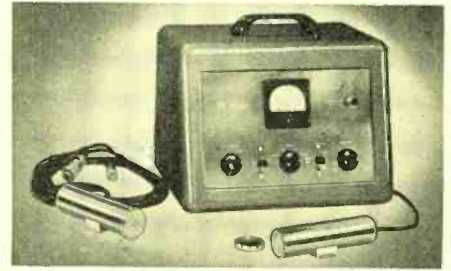
Further information on these power supplies is available from the GE Commercial Equipment Division at Electronics Park, Syracuse, N. Y.

## LABORATORY MONITOR

Model 1615 Radiation Sentinel laboratory monitor for alpha-beta-gamma detection announced by Nuclear Instrument and Chemical Corp., 229 West Erie St., Chicago 10, Ill., may be used for checking clothing, benches, glassware, and hands or fingertips for contamination, or for continuous monitoring of background air contamination or isotope decay.

This model may also be used to count samples with activities between 100 and

50,000 counts per minute where accuracy of measurement need not be better than 3% standard error. A choice of five different ranges, from 500



to 50,000 counts per minute full scale, is provided. A chart recorder may be attached for maintaining a permanent written record.

## FREQUENCY METER

Now available from Gertsch Products, Inc., Los Angeles 25, California, is its new FM-1 v.h.f. frequency meter which reads the frequencies direct. The range is from 20 to 480 mc.

It is guaranteed to be accurate to within .005% in the temperature range of 32° to 120° F., and operates from dry batteries or from a regulated laboratory power supply. Provision is made to modulate the carrier approximately 30% at 1000 cycles.

## 2000-MPH TIMING EQUIPMENT

The Temporal Sequence system announced by Beckman & Whitley, Inc., 914 San Carlos Ave., San Carlos, California, is based on slit-type camera techniques which can record and measure velocity and acceleration of objects moving at 2000 m.p.h. in a single optical image.

To measure optical events, a slit camera records time sequence past or



within a vertical plane passing through the optical axis of the lens. Besides photographing the event, this equipment automatically records, on the same film, electronically-timed numbers showing elapsed seconds and hundredths with intermediate pips spaced at thousandths of a second.

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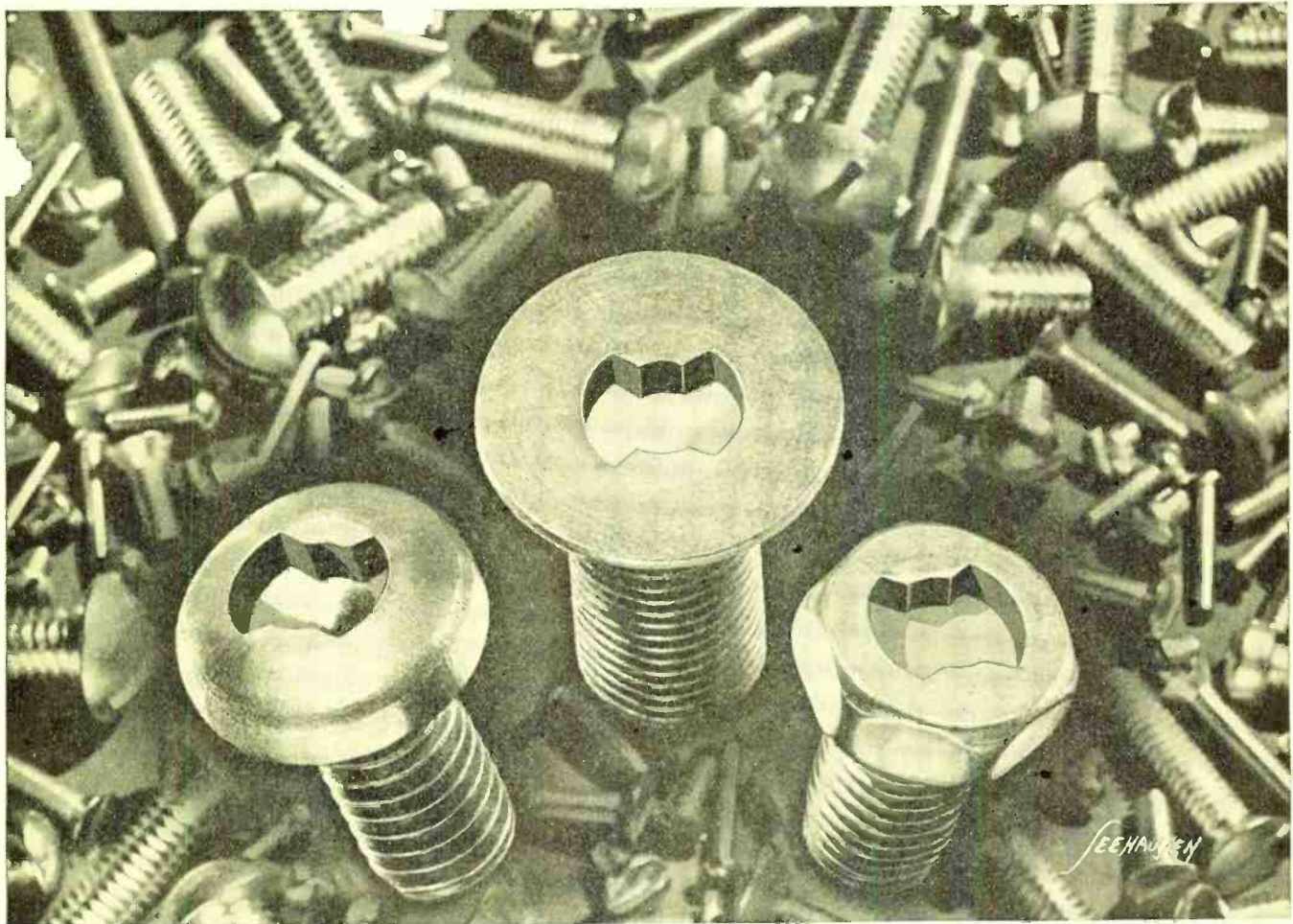
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CLEVELAND 2

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# Work-Coils

(Continued from page 6A)

a straight conductor parallel to a plate of conducting material. A sectional view of this arrangement is shown in Fig. 9, where the radius of the cylindrical conductor is  $a$  with its center at a distance  $h$  away from the conducting plate.

Considering the  $X$  and  $Y$  axes in the plane of the figure and the  $Z$  axis perpendicular to the plane of the figure, the numerical values of (16) and (17) are zero while that of (18) becomes

$$H_z = \frac{I\sqrt{1 - (a/h)^2}}{\pi h[1 - (a/h)^2 + (y/h)^2]} \quad (19)$$

The series of graphs of Eq. (19) shown in Fig. 11 indicate the distribution of  $H_z$  on a conducting surface for different values of the ratio  $a/h$ .

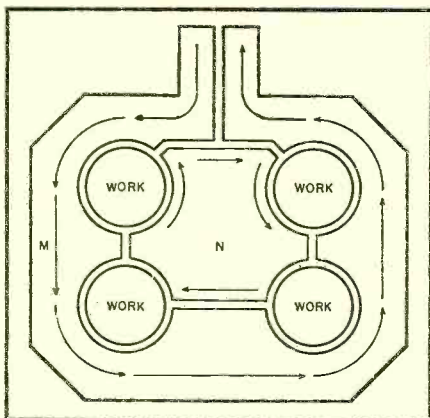
With the aid of Eqs. (10) and (11) the formulas for  $P_w$  and for  $P_c$  are calculated for the metallic load and the current carrying conductor.

The ratio of  $P_w/P_c$  then provides a simple means for obtaining the coupling efficiency for this arrangement. This efficiency as expressed by Eq. (12) is:

$$\eta = \frac{1}{1 + \frac{h}{a} \left[ \frac{\mu_c \sigma_w}{\mu_w \sigma_c} \right]^{1/2}} \quad (20)$$

and is illustrated in Fig. 13 for different conductor spacings. Although these results are based upon a single cylindrical conductor in the vicinity of a metallic sheet as a load, they are very indicative of expected results for more complicated arrangements. When the conductor and the metallic sheet are made of the same material, the quantity under the radical sign in Eq. (20) is unity, and the maximum coupling efficiency will exist when the ratio  $h/a$  is also unity. Since the ratio  $h/a$  cannot be less than unity and may increase to any value, the graph in Fig. 13 has been plotted with the ratio  $a/h$  as the abscissa. All physically possible values for  $a/h$  lie between zero and unity and provide a condensed coordinate system.

Fig. 17. Current concentrator arrangement for soldering or braying four joints simultaneously.



The operation and performance of a single conductor in the vicinity of a conducting sheet has been presented by Eqs. (19) and (20) and Figs. 9, 11, and 13. These formulas and graphs are of value as they are, but in order to have a more complete point-of-view of this subject, similar but supplementary formulas should be included for two and three conductors. This becomes more evident when it is realized that two and three turn work-coils are frequently used in conjunction with current transformers. To modify the formulas of a single conductor arrangement, consider the conductor location in Figs. 14A and B. By noting that there are two conductors in Fig. 14A and three in Fig. 14B, and applying Eq. (19), with  $a$  equal to zero, to each conductor, the current distribution in the load is plotted in Figs. 15 and 12. It is quite obvious that the current distribution in the load is not

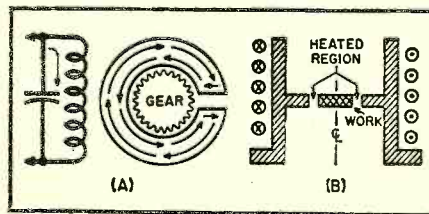


Fig. 16. (A) Basic schematic arrangement of induced-current concentrator. (B) Arrangement of current concentrator and work.

flat for one, two or three conductors but peaked and therefore will give temperature striations when very short heating cycles are used. This effect becomes less pronounced for smaller values of the ratio  $a/h$ .

In order to illustrate the practical application of Eqs. (16), (17), and (18), consider a work-coil satisfying the plane-curve of a Spiral of Archimedes. This coil will lie in a plane and will produce an axial magnetic field. If we consider the coil to lie in the  $x-y$  plane with the origin of the coordinate system coinciding with the center of the coil, the magnetic intensity produced by this coil will lie entirely along the  $z$ -axis.

By applying Eqs. (16), (17), and (18) to the current carrying coil in the shape of this spiral, a set of equations is obtained in terms of the rectangular coordinate system. Since it is much more convenient to express these equations for the spiral in terms of polar coordinates, let  $(r, \theta)$  be the polar coordinates of a point  $(X, Y)$  on the two dimensional spiral. The general form of the polar equation is :

$$r = f(\theta) \quad (21)$$

where  $\theta$  is the curve parameter. The transforming equations which transform from the rectangular system to

the polar system of coordinates, when substituted in Eq. (9), yield equations in the form of (16), (17), and (18). In this particular application,  $H_x$  and  $H_y$  are zero while the magnetic field intensity along the  $Z$ -axis is:

$$H_z = \int_{\theta_0}^{\theta_1} \frac{d\theta}{f(\theta)} \quad (22)$$

For the spiral under consideration, the evaluation of Eq. (22) is direct and yields:

$$H_z = 2\pi n \log_e r_1/r_0 \quad (23)$$

Since the power delivered to a load varies as the square of  $H_z$ , for the spiral type of coil, it is quite evident that it is necessary to make the number of turns  $n$  as large as size permits and  $V_0$  as small as possible. A coil of this type but with a curved surface is very well exemplified in Fig. 3 and provides a work-coil with a very strong magnetic field in the direction parallel to its axis.

In order to concentrate the induced currents to the desired regions of heat treating, Babat and Losinsky have developed the concept of the *eddy-current concentrator*. Their basic idea is to arrange the work-coil in such a manner that its surface is type zero from a topological standpoint. Schematically we may refer to the diagram in Fig. 16A which shows the path of the tank, work-coil and work-currents with the aid of arrows. A sectional drawing of the primary coil and special work-coil concentrator is shown in Fig. 16B with the heated regions indicated. Although the same fundamental laws of design of work-coils apply to the current-concentrator type, under certain kinds of loads, this type accomplishes its purpose with greater ease.

Another example of the current-concentrator principle is that shown in Fig. 17, where four lugs are being brazed to a cap by means of a single-turn coil. The outer portion of the work-coil is identified by the letter  $M$  and carries the work-coil current. The concentrator, which is cut to fit around the lugs, is marked  $N$ .

Thus we have seen, from the foregoing discussion, that the design of work-coils for induction heating is best accomplished by combining the mathematical approach with that of the experimental. Either method alone is quite unsatisfactory and time consuming. It is important to realize this when designing work-coils and by carefully applying the theory and selecting critical coil parameters, the final design may be achieved in a few experimental steps.

The author desires to express his appreciation to the *Induction Heating Corporation* for the accompanying work-coil photographs.



# TECHNICAL BOOKS

**"DISSOCIATION ENERGIES"** by A. G. Gaydon, D.Sc. (London). Published by *Dover Publications, Inc.*, 1780 Broadway, New York 19, N. Y. 239 pages. \$3.95.

In this clearly written and illustrated text Dr. Gaydon has attempted to clarify the inconsistencies and unsolved problems which exist in present literature on dissociation energies. The results of recent research in the field are here recorded and analyzed, and the author has included a discussion of part of the theory of molecular spectroscopy because of the importance of accurate determination of the values of the dissociation energies of diatomic molecules.

There are chapters on the determination of dissociation energies by thermal methods and by controlled electron impact, although the approach is chiefly from a spectroscopic standpoint. Numerical data for about 250 diatomic molecules, together with the values which the author believes are most likely to be correct, are also included in this book.

**"ELECTROMAGNETIC THEORY"** by Oliver Heaviside. Published by *Dover Publications, Inc.*, 1780 Broadway, New York 19, N. Y. 386 pages. \$7.50.

To celebrate the centennial anniversary of Oliver Heaviside's birth, *Dover Publications, Inc.*, has published this new edition of his well-known, unconventional examination of nineteenth century electrophysics.

This interesting book is an unabridged edition of volumes 1, 2, and 3 which were originally published between 1891 and 1912. Everything relating to electrical induction—the energy of electric currents, the forces and fluxes of energy in the electromagnetic field, etc.—has been worked out by the author in careful detail. Subjects include Maxwell's theory, eolotropic relations, the electrostatic stress in air, Lagrange's equations, scientific limitations on human knowledge, and over 500 other topics.

Although the author offers no up-to-the-minute treatise on communication theory, nuclear fission or electronics, readers will find that Heaviside's genius for instilling into his writings the flavor of his own personality makes this book one of the most popular and readable works in applied science.

A critical and historical introduction by Ernst Weber, Director, Microwave Research Institute, Polytechnic Institute of Brooklyn was prepared especially for this edition.

## News Briefs

(Continued from page 24A)

an inch can be detected and measured.

Although the gauge was developed specifically to aid Dr. Alpert in the study of the behavior of atoms, electronics, and radiation in gas-filled tubes, it is expected that the instrument will find widespread use in other fields.

### PRODUCTION OF TEFLON

A new unit of the *Du Pont Company's* plastics plant near Parkersburg, W. Va., has gone into commercial production of Teflon tetrafluoroethylene resin. This unit makes available to the chemical and electrical industries and other users of Teflon a productive capacity several times that of the plant at Arlington, N. J., where manufacture of the material in relatively small commercial quantities was started in 1943. This completes the first expansion started at the Parkersburg plant less than two years ago with the commercial manufacture of nylon molding powder, tapered bristles, etc.

For the next few months the unit will produce granular Teflon only. Further expansion is under way for the manufacture of the new Teflon Suspensoid.

### Fluorescence

(Continued from page 10A)

sub-assemblies are by plug and socket or, in the case of the swiveling knuckle joint, by slip rings. Power is supplied by two size D flashlight dry cells which give an operating life of about 12 hours on a 50 per-cent duty cycle.

For the ultraviolet examination of large areas, where light levels are reasonably low, the dark-chamber is removed and the handle with generator and filter unit attached, can be used as a wand in the manner of an ultraviolet "flashlight". This method is useful in checking for rodent or insect infestations in food warehouses, identification of persons marked with fluorescent tracing powders, and such techniques.

A circuit of the unit is provided in

Fig. 3. Circuit of Fluoretor

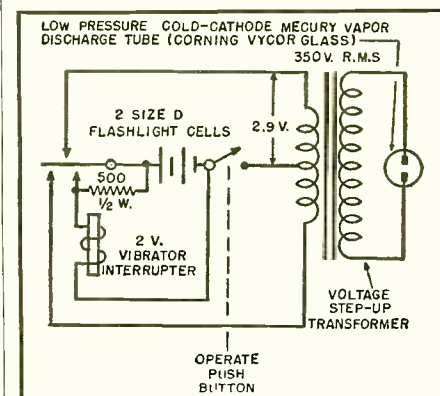


Fig. 3. A modified 2-volt vibrator interrupter is driven by the dry cells through a series resistor which limits current. Approximately 2.9 volts is developed across each half of the primary winding. The turns ratio of the power transformer is such as to supply 350 volts r.m.s. across the terminals of the light source. This is a specially-made low-pressure cold-cathode mercury-vapor discharge tube wound in a flat spiral with approximately 1¼ in. outside diameter. Corning Vycor brand glass is used. This lamp produces 93 per cent of its output in the spectral band at 2537 Angstroms. No radiation is emitted below 2000 A., thus no ozone is produced to interfere with passage of ultraviolet or cause other possible undesirable effects.

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# Microwave Antennas

(Continued from page 20A)

The horn, which is similar in many respects to the acoustical horn, finds its widest application as a feed for either a parabolic or lens antenna at frequencies where wave-guide transmission lines are used.

## Lens Antennas

Another optical device that can function as an antenna is the lens, which performs in a manner similar to that of the parabolic reflector in that it transforms a spherical wave into a uni-phase wave at the aperture of the lens.

As in the case of the optical lens, the focusing action depends upon a change in phase velocity of the spherical wave as it goes from one medium to another. The lens may take two forms; the dielectric type, shown in Fig. 8A, in which the velocity of the wave is decreased by the medium or dielectric, or the metal type, shown in Fig. 8B, in which the phase velocity is increased in the medium, the medium being comprised of a series of parallel plates.

It can be shown that when a electromagnetic wave is confined between conducting plates which are parallel to the electric vector and spaced apart a distance greater than one half wavelength, its phase velocity is greater than its free space velocity. When the plates are separated by air, the effective index of refraction is equal to<sup>8</sup>:

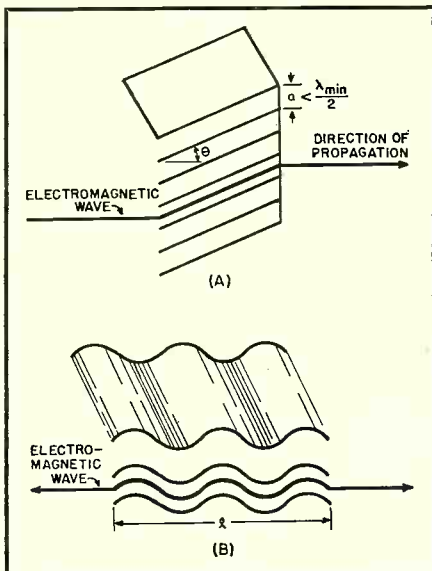
$$N = \sqrt{1 - \left(\frac{\lambda}{2a}\right)^2}, \quad a > \frac{\lambda}{2} \quad (13)$$

where  $a$  is the spacing between the conducting plates.

The profile of a metal lens is shown in Fig. 11. The curvature of this lens can be determined from the following equation:

$$(1-N^2)x^2 - 2(1-N)fx + y^2 = 0 \quad (14)$$

Fig. 15. Dielectric effect achieved by (A) slanting plates and (B) serpentine plates.



This is the equation of an ellipse having a radius of curvature, at  $y = 0$ , of:

$$r = f(1-N) \quad (15)$$

A lens of this type would have considerable thickness at the top and bottom. It is possible to reduce this thickness through the use of a system of steps, shown in Fig. 13, in which the thickness of each step is equal to:

$$t = \frac{\lambda}{1-N} \quad (16)$$

Fig. 9 shows the equations of the curves for the successive steps.

The dielectric type of lens can be obtained by using slanted or serpentine conductors, as shown in Fig. 15, so that it will take the waves a longer period of time to traverse the distance involved because of the longer path taken. The

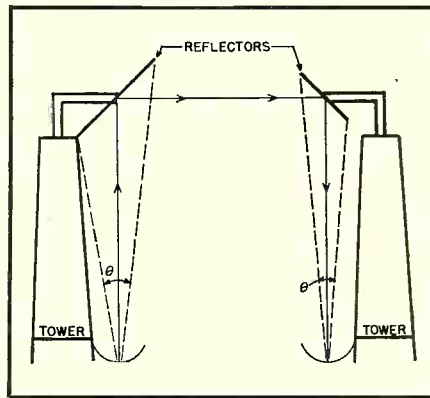


Fig. 14. System of reflectors used to minimize transmission line losses.

index of refraction for this type of lens is equal to<sup>8</sup>:

$$N = \frac{1}{\cos \theta} \text{ for slanted type} \quad (17)$$

$$N = \frac{l}{l_0} \text{ for serpentine type} \quad (18)$$

and the equation of the curve shown in Fig. 12A is:

$$(N^2-1)x^2 + 2fx(N-1) - y^2 = 0 \quad (19)$$

This lens has the advantage over the previously described metallic lens in that it provides broader bandwidth, greater simplicity, and less severe tolerances.

## Use of Antennas as Transmission Lines

For installations where long lengths of transmission line are required to reach the antenna, a serious problem of excessive attenuation and expense is involved. For these cases a system of reflectors, shown in Fig. 14, in which the antenna is placed on the ground and beamed toward a reflector which in turn directs the wave in the desired direction, can be employed. Usually the antenna beam is perpendicular to the ground, and the reflector is at a 45 degree angle.

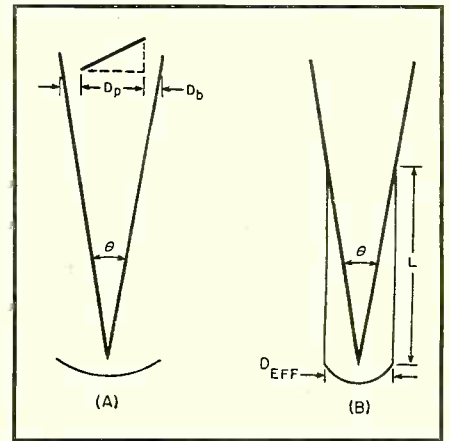


Fig. 13. Parameters for calculating the power reflected from a reflector.

Simple geometry can be used to determine the per-cent of power that is reflected by the reflector. The reflected power is equal to the ratio between the projected area of the reflector divided by the area of the beam at the reflector point. Referring to Fig. 13A, the power reflected becomes:

$$P_r = \left(\frac{D_b}{D_p}\right)^2 \quad (20)$$

where  $D_p$  and  $D_b$  are the diameters of the projected reflector and the beam respectively. It should be noted, of course, that  $P_r$  cannot be greater than 1, hence Eq. (20) holds only for  $D_p < D_b$ .

Another factor that should be remembered is that the antenna does not act as a point source but generates a wave of finite length equal to the effective area of the antenna. This area projects in the direction of the major lobe until the projected line crosses the theoretical beam line as shown in Fig. 13B.

The length,  $L$ , in this figure is, from geometry, equal to:

$$L\theta = D_{eff}; \quad L = \frac{D_{eff}}{\theta} \quad (21)$$

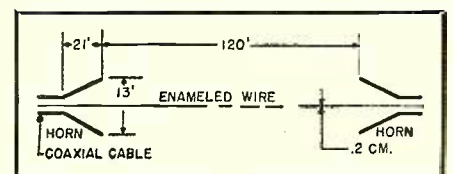
with  $\theta$ , the beamwidth, in radians.

For a parabolic antenna with an effective area of 0.64, or an effective diameter of 0.8, Eq. (21), using the value of  $\theta$  given in Eq. (9) converted to radians, becomes:

$$L = \frac{0.8D}{\theta} = \frac{0.8D}{\frac{70}{57.3} \cdot \frac{\lambda}{D}} = \frac{D^2}{1.5\lambda} \quad (22)$$

A very recent development in the transmission line art that shows great promise for the future is the surface

Fig. 16. Schematic sketch of a surface wave transmission line.





wave transmission line. This line, also known as the G-String and G-Line, is still in the experimental stage but published results<sup>10</sup> indicate a very great improvement in attenuation can be achieved. For example, for the 120 foot line shown in Fig. 16, the measured attenuation was 2.2 db. at 1600 mc.; 2.3 db. at 3300 mc.; and 4.5 db. at 4500 mc. This compares very favorably with an equivalent length of RG-8/U cable which has an attenuation of 13 db. at 1600 mc.; 22 db. at 3300 db.; and 30 db. at 4500 mc.

This line utilizes an entirely new principle in microwave transmission line design in that the electromagnetic energy is not transmitted via a guided radiated wave, but is confined within the surface of the transmission line. It can be shown that if a TEM wave can be generated with a z component, it will not radiate into space, but will be confined within the surface of the wire.

The author is grateful to Mr. A. G. Clavier, *Federal Telecommunication Labs.*, for his permission to use his nomograph of parabolic antenna gain.

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The following information is published in order to clarify a misunderstanding created by the publication of Dr. Georg Goubau's talk on "Surface Wave Transmission Line" in the May 1950 issue of this magazine.

It should have been indicated that this material was the transcript of a talk given by Dr. Goubau at the Annual IRE Convention in New York City on March 8, 1950 and not a special article written by him for this magazine.

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## Radio Navigation

(Continued from page 14A)

reaches zero for then the output of the phase sensitive amplifier will be zero. It follows that the card will indicate phase angle and therefore bearing, hence the name Omni-Bearing Indicator.

Fig. 2 shows a simplified form of a resolver circuit. The grids of the tubes are fed 30 cycle signals 90 degrees displaced from each other. The resolver or phase shifter stator coils, being in series with the comparatively large resistors in the cathode circuits, carry constant currents. By virtue of the construction of these coils coupled with the fact that they are fed out of phase currents, they produce a rotating field. For each mechanical degree through which the resolver is turned there will be a phase displacement of 1° in the induced rotor voltage.

The 30 cycle signal developed in the

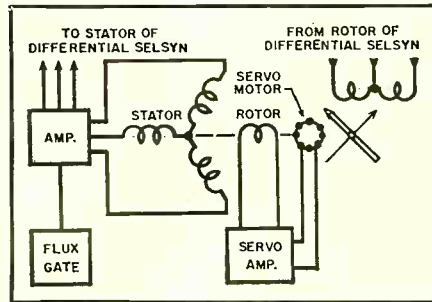


Fig. 10. Automatic circuits. Differential selsyn is shown in Fig. 6.

discriminator as described previously is fed to a phase splitting network ahead of  $V_{203}$  and  $V_{202}$  as shown in Fig. 9. The purpose of this network is to supply the four grids with voltages 90 degrees separated from each other. The two resolvers shown symbolize the ones in the pilot's Omni-Bearing Selector and in the Omni-Bearing Indicator in the accessory unit.

From the output of the auto resolver the reference signal, after some further mistreatment, arrives at the primary of  $T_{205}$  whose secondary appears in Fig. 8. Our variable signal shows up in the primary of  $T_{204}$ . Operation of the deviation indicator from these two secondaries can easily be deduced from observation of Fig. 8.

Three phase voltage containing direction information from the flux gate (gyrosyn compass) appears in the stator of the RMI card drive motor as shown in Fig. 10. Direction information is contained in the amplitude relationship of the three phases. Voltage induced in the rotor is amplified in a servo amplifier whose output drives a servo motor on the same shaft and this positions the rotor to null with the stator. The compass card on this shaft then reads magnetic heading.

With GCA (Ground Control Approach) and Teleran already accepted, and other developments rapidly coming to the fore, it appears that full automatic flight control is no longer just a dream of the future.

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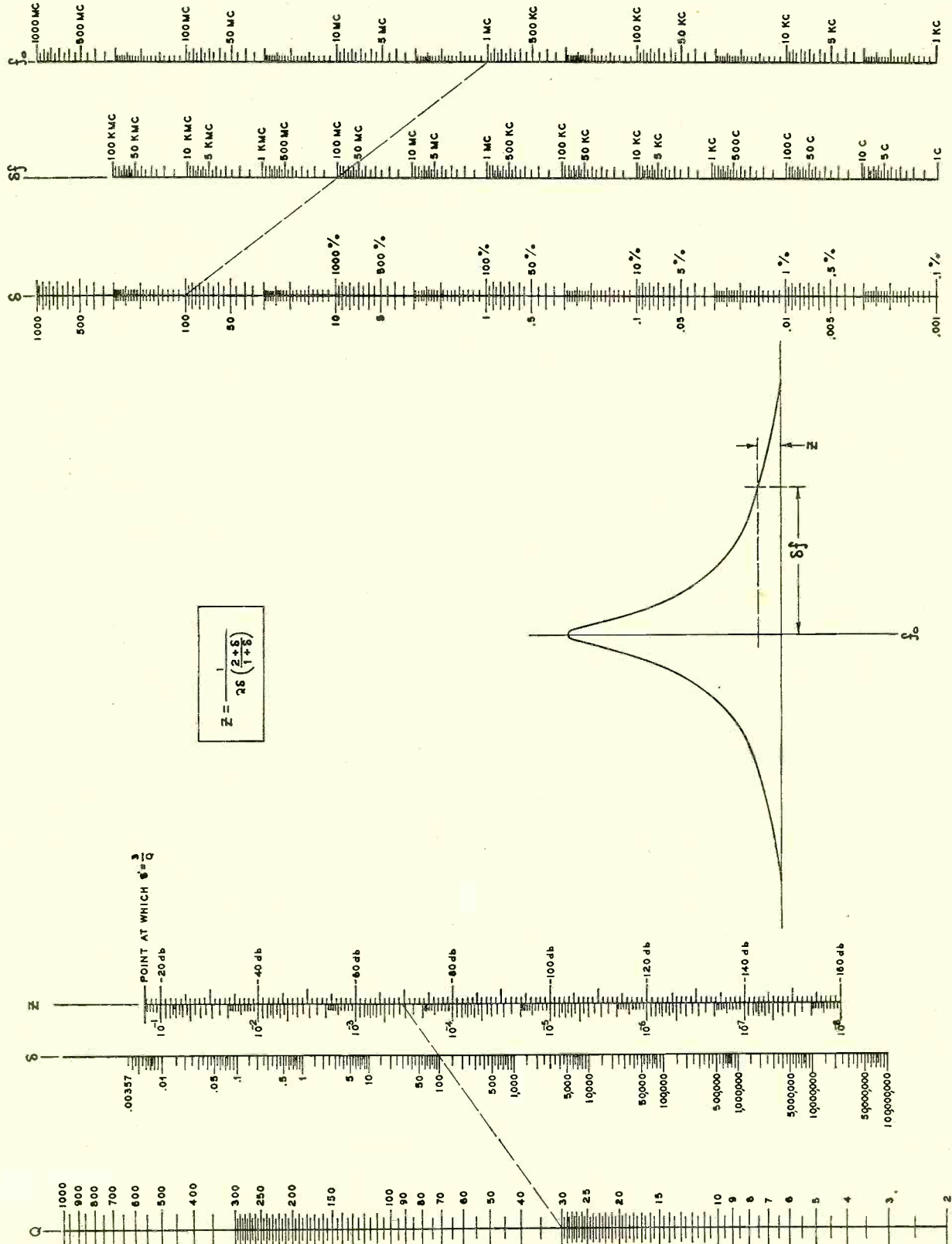


# OFF-RESONANCE RESPONSE—LARGE DEVIATION

**CHESTER W. YOUNG**, Senior Electronic Eng., Consolidated Vultee Aircraft Corp.

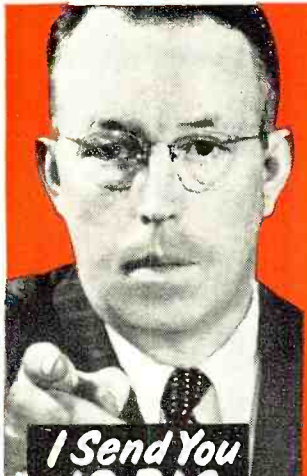
**T**HIS nomograph is an aid in finding the response of a circuit to a given frequency which is greater than  $3/Q$  times the resonant frequency of the tuned circuit.

Align resonant frequency  $f_0$  with desired frequency  $\delta f$  to give  $\delta$ . On left-hand side, align  $\delta$  with  $Q$  to give response on  $Z$  scale.



Courtesy of Consolidated Vultee Aircraft Corp.





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Radio-Television is now America's greatest opportunity field! Trained men are needed to fill good jobs and handle profitable Radio-Television Service work. I have trained hundreds of men for success in Radio-Television—and I stand ready to Train you too, even if you have no previous experience. My training is 100% practical—designed to give you the knowledge and experience you need to make money in Radio-Television in the shortest possible time. I Train you with up-to-the-second revised lessons—PLUS many big kits of Radio-Television equipment. You actually do over 300 demonstrations, experiments and construction projects. In addition, you build a powerful 6-tube 2-band radio, a multi-range test meter and a complete Television receiver! All equipment is **YOURS TO KEEP.**

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Radio-Television is growing with amazing speed. More than 2000 Radio broadcasting stations PLUS an additional 102 Television stations are now on the air. Radio sets and TV receivers are being made and sold in record-breaking numbers. If you enjoy working with your hands . . . if you like to do interesting and varied work . . . if you really want to make good money and work in an industry that has a future . . . **YOU BELONG IN RADIO-TELEVISION.** But you MUST have good Training to "cash in" . . . the kind of Training that starts you out with basic fundamentals and carries you right through every circuit and problem of Radio-Television Servicing and Repair. In a word . . . that's Sprayberry Training . . . the course backed by more than 20 years of association with the Radio-Television industry!

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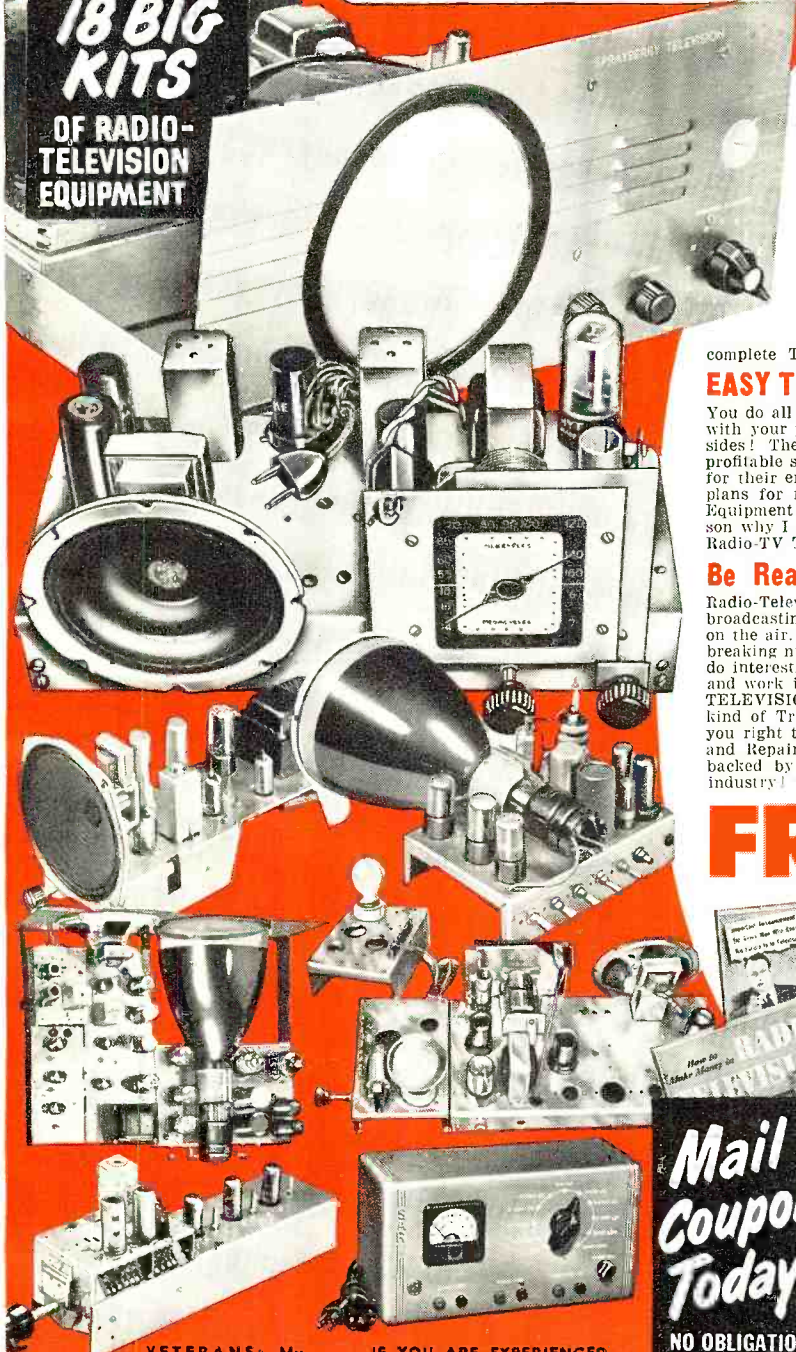
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19½" Television-Radio-Phonograph Console

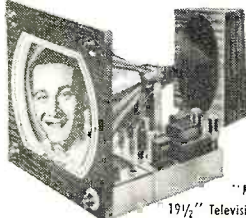
Never before have you seen such tremendously BIG clear pictures, such luxurious cabinets, such sensationally low Factory Prices as Midwest offers in its 31st Anniversary Line of 19½" and 16½" TV Consoles, TV - Radio - Phono Combinations and complete TV Chassis.

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19½" Television Console



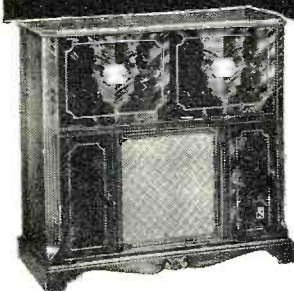
"MIDWEST"  
19½" Television Chassis and Speaker

Check these features: Mammoth 19½-Inch Picture Tube (225 sq. in. image); Synchronized sound and picture; Simplified One-Knob Tuning; Big 12" Panasonic Speaker; Video-Sonic Tuner; and scores of other features.



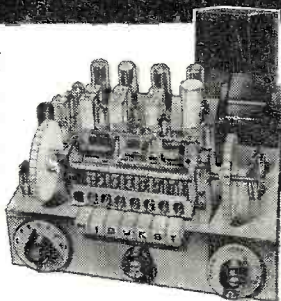
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**RADIO & TELEVISION NEWS**



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**SYLVANIA  
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Type 501

FOR THE BEST IN TEST EQUIPMENT  
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**Sylvania TV  
Oscilloscope**  
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This new, high-gain, wide-band instrument accurately displays any TV pulse, wave-shape, or signal. Sensitivity: 0.01 volts/inch. Band width useful to 4.0 mc. Frequency compensated attenuator.

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A compact, efficient instrument equipped with electronically controlled sweep circuits to eliminate the complexities found in mechanical sweeps. Ideal companion instrument for Type 501 Marker Generator.



It's here at last! The new Sylvania TV Marker Generator we promised you.

Now you can offer better TV service than ever before. This new Sylvania instrument provides *two* separate signals for marking an oscilloscope trace of response curves, accurate adjustment of traps, frequency spotting, measuring band width, and correct adjustment of the popular 4.5 mc. intercarrier sound circuits.

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October, 1950

21





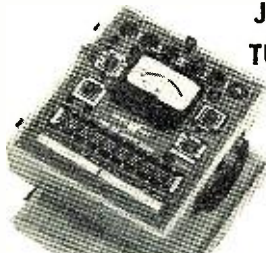
## NEW! TV SIGNAL GENERATOR 3 INSTRUMENTS IN ONE

With the new Superior Model TV-30 Television Signal Generator you can now accurately align TV i-f and front ends without the use of an oscilloscope or TV sweep generator. The TV-30 does all the work in a fraction of the time. Check these features: Built-in modulator may be used to modulate the r-f frequency; also to localize the cause of trouble in the audio circuits of TV receivers. Double shielded oscillator circuit. Linear calibrations throughout. Frequency Range:

# 29<sup>35</sup>

4-Bands--no switching 18-32 mc. 35-65 mc. 54-98 mc. 150-250 mc. Audio Modulating Frequency: 400 cycles (Sine Wave). Attenuator: 4-position, ladder type with constant impedance control for fine adjustment. Tubes (2) 6C4, 6SN7. Comes complete with shielded coaxial lead and all operating instructions. Overall size: 6 x 7 x 9".  
25-21694R--Shipping Weight 10 lbs. .... **29.35**

## JUST OUT! EMC MODEL 202 TUBE-OHM-CAPACITY TESTER

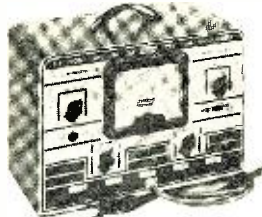


# 43<sup>61</sup>

This brand new EMC Model 202 TUBE-OHM CAPACITY-TESTER is designed to test all tubes including the novel and subminiature types by the standard emission method. It has individual sockets for each type of tube base, and supplies heater voltages from 0.75 to 117. Completely flexible switching arrangement. It can also test cold-cathode, magic-eye, voltage regulator, and ballast tubes. Capacitor leakage can be checked to one megohm, resistance to 4 megohms, and capacitance from .01 to 1 mfd. The instrument is housed in a hand-rubbed portable oak case with hinged cover and carrying handle. Panel finished in 3-color hammer-

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25-21610R--Shipping Weight 12 lbs. .... **43.61**

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# 22<sup>95</sup>

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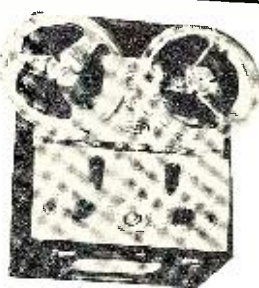
in. meter. Accurate within 2% on all ranges. For 105-125 volts, 50-60 cycle AC. Sturdy steel case, 11-1/2 x 9 x 6 in., in gray hammerloid finish. Complete, easy-to-follow instructions included.  
32-24374R--Shipping Weight 12 lbs. .... **22.95**

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35-22614R--Shipping Weight 26 lbs. .... **159.50**

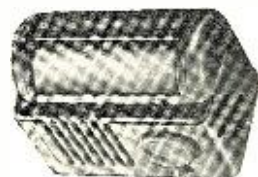
## AM CHASSIS HIGH FIDELITY



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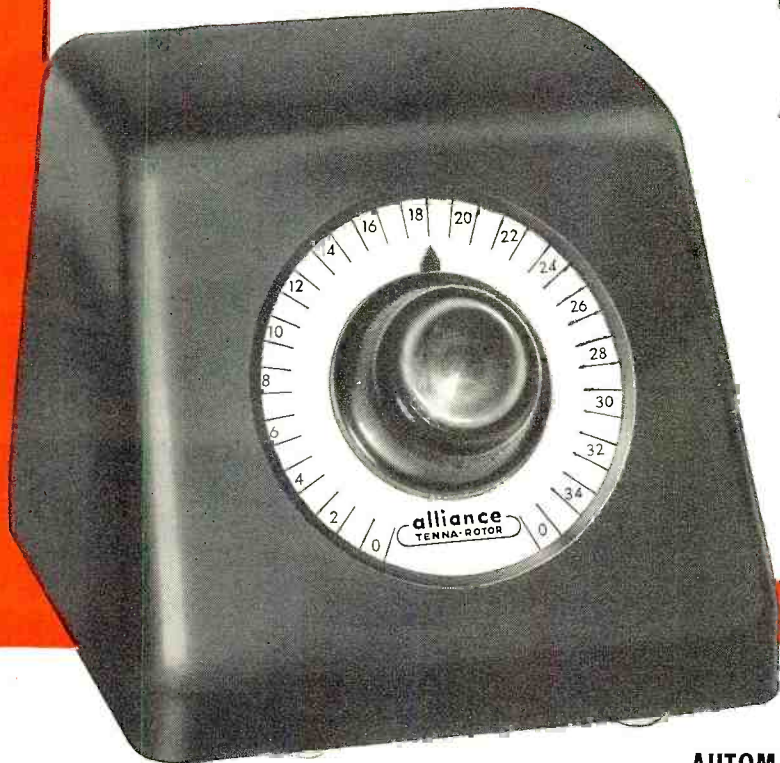




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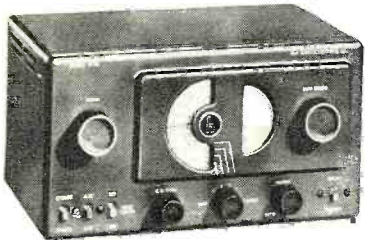
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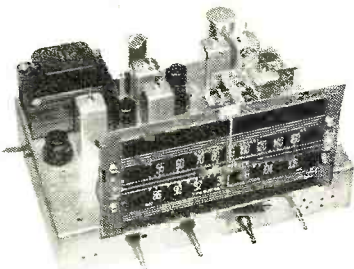


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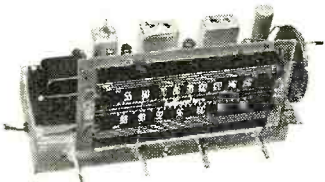


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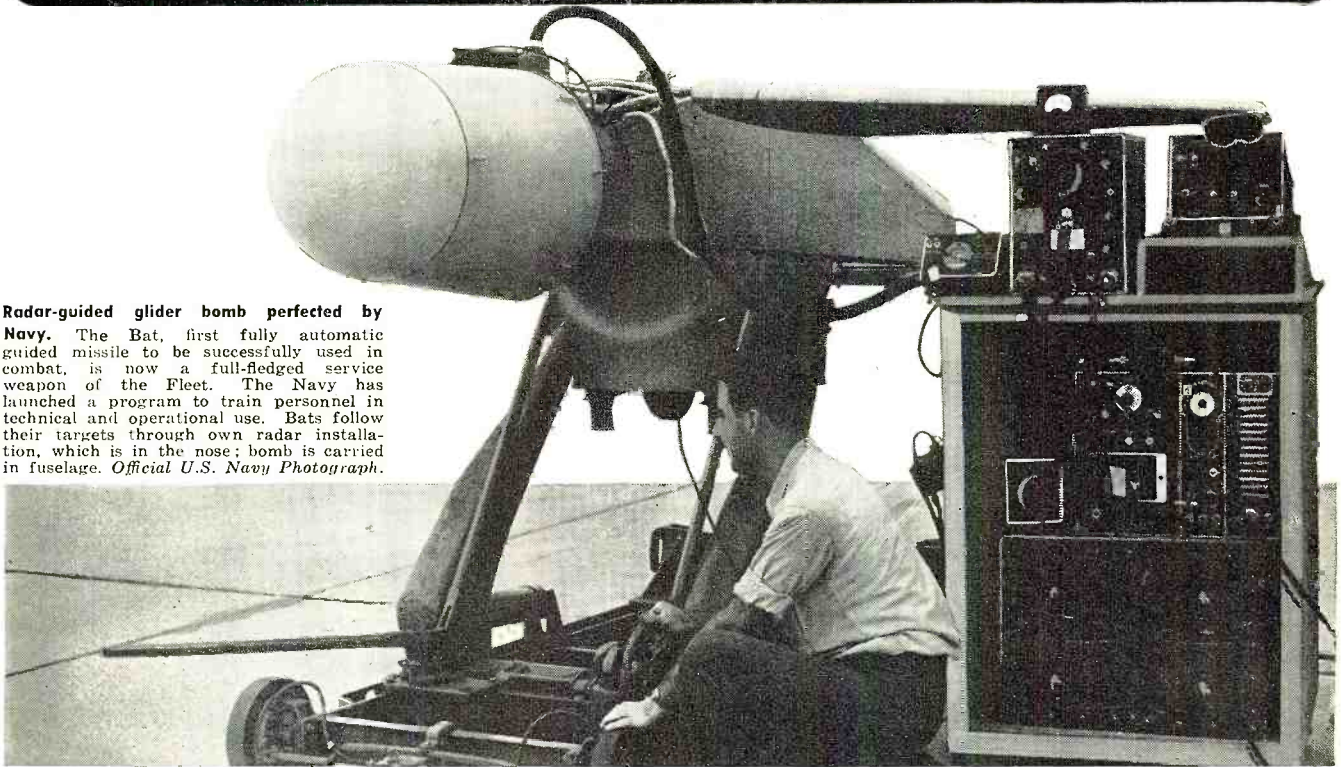
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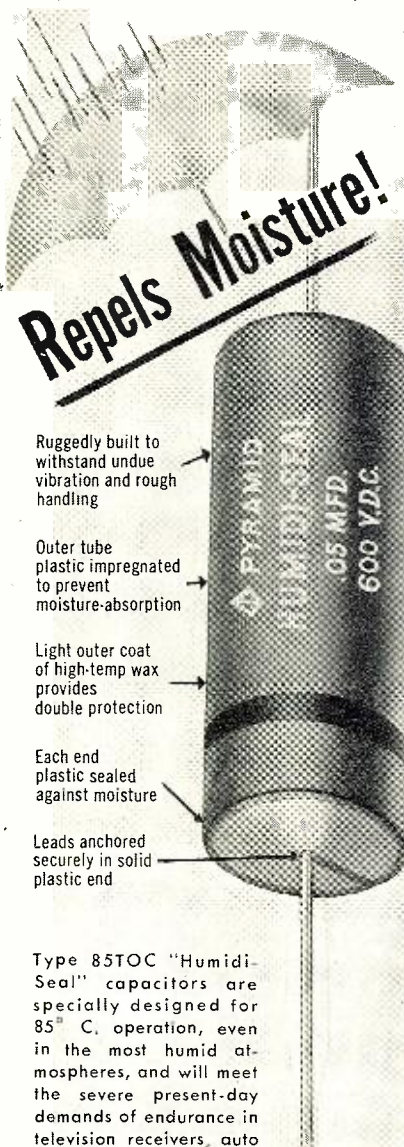
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TELEGRAMS: WUX Paterson, N. J.  
CABLE ADDRESS: Pyramidusa

*Within the*  
**INDUSTRY**

**CECIL S. ALLEN** has been elected to the post of executive vice-president and general manager of *Raytheon Manufacturing Company's Russell Electric Company Division* in Chicago.



Prior to joining *Russell*, Mr. Allen was vice-president and general manager of the *Pacific Coast Division of the A. O. Smith Corporation* for two and a half years. For sixteen years he served in various capacities with the *General Electric Company* and during the war he was section engineer in *G.E.'s* fractional horsepower motor engineering division at Fort Wayne.

\* \* \*

**W. A. BUCK** has been named vice-president and general manager of the *RCA Victor Division of Radio Corporation of America* . . . Election of **HARRY E. AUSTIN** as vice-president in charge of the Pacific Coast District for *RCA Communications, Inc.* was announced recently . . . *C. P. Clare & Co.*, Chicago relay manufacturer, has promoted **L. E. NOELCK** to the post of assistant sales manager . . . **CHARLES F. WATTS** has been named assistant purchasing agent in charge of television cabinet procurement for *Andrea Radio Corp.* . . . **L. M. SANDWICK** is the new vice-president and general sales manager of *Scott Radio Laboratories*. He was formerly merchandising manager of the firm . . . **J. GRAYSON JONES**, formerly chief engineer, has been named vice-president of *Conrac, Inc.*, Glendora, California manufacturer of television receivers . . . The appointment of **JOSEPH KATTAN** as distribution manager has been revealed by *Emerson Radio & Phonograph Corporation* . . . *Sylvania Electric Products Inc.* has made three new appointments of interest to the industry. **ROBERT L. McNELIS** has been promoted to the post of distributor sales representative for the Radio Tube Division. **DONALD E. SMITH** has been transferred to the renewal tube sales department, and **CURTIS K. WALL** has joined the distributor sales department of the company . . . **ALFRED S. BACKUS** has been appointed to the post of plant manager of the Clifton, New Jersey operation of *Mycalex Corporation of America* . . . The Television-Radio Division of *Westinghouse* has named **FRED S. McCARTHY** of Chicago to the post of sales promotion manager of the division . . . **WALTER F. KRAM** has joined the engineering staff of the *Ballantine Laboratories, Inc.* at Boonton, N. J. as

senior engineer . . . **F. W. TIETSWORTH** has been named commercial engineer for the eastern sales region of *General Electric's* Tube Divisions. The same divisions have also appointed **G. E. BURNS** as field sales manager and **W. C. WALSH** western regional sales manager in the replacement field . . . **SAMUEL J. SPECTOR**, president of the *Insuline Corporation of America*, was elected to the board of directors of the 1951 Radio Parts and Electronic Equipment Shows, Inc. . . . **RON MERRITT** is the new field sales agent for the Instrument Division of *Allen B. Du Mont Laboratories, Inc.* He will cover the Northwestern territory . . . *Reeves Soundcraft Corp.* of Long Island City, N. Y. has appointed **HARRY P. WESTON** as executive vice-president of the firm. He was formerly with *Graham-Paige Corp.* . . . **REAR ADMIRAL C. A. RUMBLE**, USN (Ret.) has joined the *Erie Resistor Corporation* as manager of its Washington Division . . . **T. R. MATHEWS** has been named distributor manager of the Radio-Television Division of *Stromberg-Carlson Company* . . . **JOHN GRAY**, a recent graduate from the University of Illinois School of Engineering, has been named to head the Industrial Sales Correspondence department of *Simpson Electric Company* of Chicago . . . **JACK STEVENS** has been elected vice-president of the *Geo. Stevens Mfg. Co., Inc.* of Chicago. He has been with the firm since 1942 . . . **BEN WILLIAMS** is the new general manager of *Richmond Television Corporation*, manufacturer of the *Natalie Kalmus* television receiver line . . . **J. M. TAYLOR** has joined the *Whitney Blake Company* of New Haven, Conn. as assistant sales manager for that wire firm . . . **DAN DEANER**, a well-known figure in the radio and television sales field, has joined *International Television Corporation* as sales manager.

\* \* \*

**MATTHIAS LITTLE** has been elected president of the *Quam-Nichols Company*, Chicago speaker and electronic components manufacturer. He succeeds James P. Quam who was elevated to the post of chairman of the board.



Mr. Little, who joined the company in 1930, has been vice-president of the firm since 1946. During the war he served as a major in the air force.

Mr. Quam plans to devote a greater part of his time to the development

**RADIO & TELEVISION NEWS**

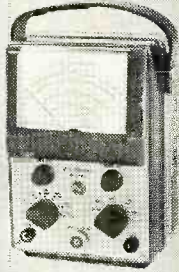


# MAKE LAFAYETTE YOUR HQ FOR GENUINE RCA PARTS & EQUIPMENT

★ Complete Stocks! ★ Quick Delivery!

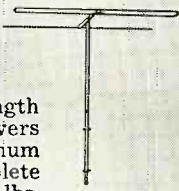
## New Senior VoltOhmyst

The WV-97A has a range of usefulness extending beyond that of any other instrument in the field. The new Senior VoltOhmyst measures dc voltages in high-impedance circuits, even with ac present. It reads the rms values of sine waves or recurrent pulses, even in the presence of dc. Its electronic ohmmeter has a range of ten billion to one. Like all RCA VoltOhmysts, it features high input resistance, electronic protection from meter burn-out, zero-center scale for discriminator alignment, molded-plastic meter case, a 1-megohm isolating resistor in the dc probe, and sturdy metal case for good rf shielding. 25P21527, Wt. 12 lbs. .... **\$6250**



## RCA FM Folded Dipole Antenna **\$559**

Excellent for use in low-signal strength areas. Specially designed for FM receivers with 300-ohm inputs. Lightweight aluminum construction. Ready for mounting. Complete with 5 ft. mast. 28N21816; Shpg. Wt. 5 lbs.



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## RCA SERVICE MANUALS!



VOLUMES I—II—III—IV  
A \$22.00 Value for \$15.00

Buy the entire series of RCA Victor Service Data Books from Lafayette for \$15.00 — you save \$7.00! Pays for itself over and over in time saved and service jobs speeded! No. 23F20197. Shipping Weight: 6 lbs.

RCA TV DATA BOOK \$1.50

Authoritative, easy to follow alignment procedures, circuit and service data. Approx. 100 pages. 23F19904; Shpg. Wt. 1 lb.

RCA TV COMPONENTS .25  
Gives complete technical, installa-

tion and application data on RCA TV components for use with 16AP4. 32 pages. 23F19903; Shpg. Wt. ¼ lb.

RCA RECEIVING TUBE MANUAL ..... 35

Complete technical data on all glass and metal receiving tubes, plus theory and operation of each unit. 257 pages. 23N19963; Shpg. Wt. ½ lb.

RADIOTRON DESIGNERS HANDBOOK ..... 1.22

New manual sponsored by RCA for the set designer. 365 pages. 23N19680; Shpg. Wt. 1 lb.

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HOT-OFF-PRESS  
LATEST BUYS!

Clip coupon at once for your free copy of Lafayette's big new buy-book! Hi-Fi, Parts, Tubes, Components, TV, P.A. — everything in radio and electronics.



SEND ALL MAIL ORDERS TO NEW YORK, PLEASE

## genuine RCA TV components



Stock No.	RCA No.	Description	Price ea.
6F5977	201D1	Deflecting Yoke	4.41
6F5978	201D2	Deflecting Yoke	7.64
6F6002	201D3	Deflecting Yoke	8.76
6F6003	201D12**	Deflecting Yoke	4.41
6F5979	201R1	Width Control	.41
6F5980	201R2	Width Control	1.29
6F5981	201R3	Horizontal Linearity Control	.47
6F5877	201R4*	Width Control	.59
6F5878	201R5*	Horizontal Linearity Control	.71
6F6004	201T6**	Power Transformer (30-tube)	15.29
6F6005	201T7**	Power Transformer (24-tube)	12.35
6F6006	201T8**	Power Transformer (21-tube)	11.17
6F6007	201T9*	Power Transformer (27-tube)	12.35
6F6008	201T10*	Power Transformer (27-tube)	12.35
6F5982	201X1	Yoke Mounting Hood	.76
6F5983	202D1	Focus Coil	4.41
6F5876	202D2*	Focus Coil	6.47
6F5984	203D1	Ion-Trap Magnet	3.82
6F6009	203D3**	Ion-Trap Magnet (PM type)	1.23
6F6010	203R1**	Hor. Osc. & Sync. Control Coil	1.06
12F10168	204L1	Filament Choke	.12
6F5986	204T2**	Vertical Output Transformer	2.94
6F5970	204T3	Horizontal Output	7.06
6F6011	204T9**	Vertical Defl. Output Transf.	2.65
6F5971	208T1**	Horizontal Block, Osc. Transf.	2.29
6F5972	208T2**	Vertical Block, Osc. Transf.	1.62
6F5973	208T3	Horizontal Block, Osc. Transf.	1.62
6F5974	208T8**	Horizontal Sync-Disc. Transf.	1.35
6F6012	208T9**	Ver. Blocking Osc. Transformer	1.47
6F5975	211T1	Horizontal Output Transformer	3.29
6F5976	211T2	Horizontal Output Transformer	11.17
6F6013	211T3	Hor. Defl. Output & HV Transf.	3.29
6F5875	211T5*	Hor. Defl. Output & HV Transf.	5.59

\*For 16" set using 16AP4 TV Tube. \*\*Used with both 16AP4 and 10BP4 Tubes. Prices shown are less 2% discount.

## RCA Repl. T.V. Controls

Stock No.	RCA No.	Sect. 1	Sect. 2	Price ea.
6N5883	71443	20	10*	.97
6N5884	71446	10,000	1 meg.	2.50
6N5885	71784	500,000	10,000	2.53
6N5886	71971	1,000	50,000	1.47
6N5887	72758	1 meg.	50,000	1.47
6N5890	73193	10,000	500,000	1.82

\*Single tapped control. Prices shown are less 2% discount.

## ORDER DIRECT from Lafayette

100 Sixth Avenue  
New York, N. Y.

24 Central Ave.  
Newark, N. J.

110 Federal St.  
Boston, Mass.

542 E. Fordham  
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LAFAYETTE RADIO (Radio Wire Television, Inc.)  
100 Sixth Avenue, N. Y. 13, N. Y., Dept. RJ-50

- Please rush your new free catalog 950
- Please fill the attached order.

Name .....

Address .....

City ..... Zone ..... State .....





“Only three minutes on the job and this Amphenol **INLINE** Antenna is fully assembled and going up the ladder!

I save hours of installation time with Amphenol Quick-up antennas, and even more important, because of the sturdy, durable construction of **AMPHENOL** antennas, I know I won't be called back to make repairs.

For quick, easy handling—and above all, durability, there's nothing like the Amphenol **INLINE** Antenna.”

**AMPHENOL**

**QUICK-UP -INLINE\* ANTENNAS**

\*U. S. PAT. NO. 2,474,480.

**AMERICAN PHENOLIC CORPORATION**  
1830 SO. 54TH AVENUE • CHICAGO 50, ILLINOIS

of new products in the speaker and television fields. He is the holder of many electronics patents. His new post will also enable him to take an active part in several of the trade association activities in which he is most interested.

\* \* \*

**E. H. ULM**, formerly sales engineer for the Electronics Division of *Sylvania Electric Products Inc.* has been named merchandising manager of that division.



He joined the staff of the Electronics Division in 1945 as a sales engineer. Prior to that time Mr. Ulm was associated with the field engineering force of the Radio Division of the *Western Electric Company* where he served as an instructor in radar and sonar. During 1943 he served as an anti-submarine warfare field engineer for the Division

of War Research, Columbia University.

Mr. Ulm is a member of the IRE, the Radio Club of America, and the AIEE.

\* \* \*

**TELEVISION EXPERTS** from nine countries recently met in Geneva, Switzerland, under the chairmanship of Dr. W. Gerber of the Swiss General Post Office to discuss the matter of establishing detailed standards for telecasting.

Delegates from Belgium, Denmark, Italy, the Netherlands, Sweden, Switzerland, France, the United Kingdom, and the U. S. were present. The purpose of the meeting was to establish standards for 625-line television systems. While the U. S., France, and the United Kingdom are telecasting on other standards, it is possible that the other countries represented will adopt the 625-line standard.

\* \* \*

**RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA** has announced that it has voluntarily relinquished four of its trademarks to public domain.

The U. S. Patent Office has been asked to cancel *RCA's* registration of the tradenames "Iconoscope," "Kinescope," "Orthicon," and "Acorn." According to Frank M. Folsom, president of the company, the industry is now using these tradenames in a generic and descriptive manner and *RCA* is willing that they be so used.

\* \* \*

**CALVIN SILVERMAN**, 15-year old senior from Huntington High School, Long Island, was presented the first prize in the Long Island Science Congress competition as the representative of the school's Radio Amateur Club.

The club was awarded an *Eico* Model 511-K volt-ohm-milliammeter kit for its achievement in the construction and operation of a modern 300 watt, all-band amateur transmitter.

\* \* \*

**SOL PREDEGER** has been appointed vice-president of *Majestic Radio & Television, Inc.* of Brooklyn, New York. He is director of purchases for *Majestic* and also for *Garod Radio Corporation*.

Mr. Predeger has been associated with the two companies for a period of 13 years as director of all purchasing activities. He has also served in a similar capacity with *Fada*. A pioneer in the radio industry, he has served various companies for over 20 years.



Mr. Predeger's appointment is the first step in the company's plan for a general expansion in the purchasing department. *Majestic* is contemplating further additions to executive personnel in view of increased production schedules, according to Leonard Ashbach, president of the firm.

\* \* \*

**ADMIRAL CORPORATION**, Chicago television manufacturer, has received the merit award of the American Society of Industrial Engineers, Detroit, for leadership in research, engineering, design and manufacture in the radio and television fields. The award is made in limited numbers each year to those companies which, in the opinion of the board,

(Continued on page 122)

**RADIO & TELEVISION NEWS**



# Television camera with the eyes of a cat!

Why an image orthicon camera can see with only the light of a match

No. 9 in a series outlining high points in television history

Photos from the historical collection of RCA

• Show any camera fan the things a television camera is asked to do, and you'll leave him gasping!

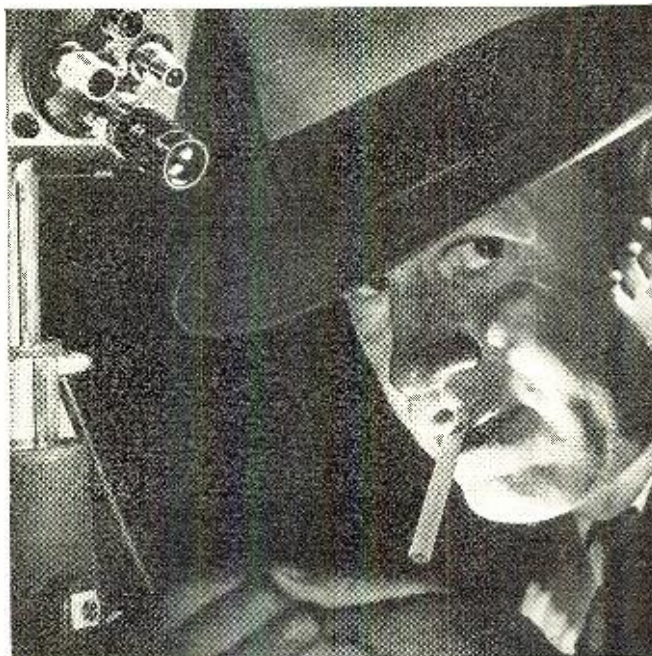
Accustomed to using flash bulbs and floodlights—or taking time exposures in dim light—the still photographer is tied to the limitations of lens ratings and film speed. But a television cameraman operating the RCA image orthicon camera gets sharp, clear pictures—in motion—in places where lack of light would *paralyze* the most costly “still” camera.

The secret, of course, is that the picture signals created within the RCA image orthicon camera can be intensified millions of times for transmission.

Youthful ancestor of this supersensitive instrument is the *iconoscope tube* invented by Dr. V. K. Zworykin, of



Here, in a testing battery at RCA Tube Plant in Lancaster, Pa., RCA image orthicon pick-up tubes get the final seal of approval from an engineer.



Although dramatic action, in television plays, is often presented in the dimmest light—no detail is missed by the RCA image orthicon camera.

RCA Laboratories. It was television's first all-electronic “eye”—without any moving parts, presenting no mechanical problems.

Basing their research on principles uncovered by Dr. Zworykin's iconoscope, RCA scientists were then able to develop the image orthicon pick-up tube. Although simple to operate, and virtually fool-proof, it is actually one of the most complex and compact electronic devices ever developed.

Within its slim length—not much bigger than a flash-light—are the essentials of three tubes, a phototube, a cathode ray tube, an electron multiplier. The phototube converts a light image into an electron image, which is electrically transferred to a target and scanned by an electron beam to create a radio signal. The electron multiplier then takes the signal and greatly amplifies its strength so that it may travel over circuits leading to the broadcast transmitter.

Inside the image orthicon tube, more than 200 parts are meticulously assembled. There's a glass plate thinner than a soap bubble... a copper mesh pierced with 250,000 tiny holes to the square inch. A piece of polished nickel pierced with a hole so small you couldn't thread it with a human hair!

The image orthicon television camera, as it has been developed by scientists at RCA Laboratories, is now 100 to 1000 times as sensitive as its parent—the iconoscope... and in the dark, sees almost as clearly as the keenest eyed cat!



**Radio Corporation of America**  
WORLD LEADER IN RADIO—FIRST IN TELEVISION



## Saving energy for better low-cost telephone service



*Arrow points to tube containing a wire specimen under test for surface conductivity. The tube and wire are excited to resonance by microwaves from generator at extreme left. Conductivity is calculated from frequency values indicated by barrel-shaped wavemeter (top center) and resonance curves traced on an oscilloscope screen (not shown).*

In the waveguides which conduct microwaves to and from the antennas of radio relay systems, current is concentrated in a surface layer less than 1/10,000 inch thick, on the inner surface of the waveguide. When these surfaces conduct poorly, energy is lost.

To investigate, Bell radio scientists devised exact methods to explore this skin effect at microwave frequencies.

Scratches and corrosion, they found, increase losses by 50 per cent or more. Even silver plating, smooth to the eye,

can more than double the losses of a polished metal. Very smooth conductors, like electropolished copper, are best. An inexpensive coat of clear lacquer preserves initial high conductivity for many months.

Energy saved *inside* a microwave station is available for use in the radio-relay path *outside*. So stations can sometimes be spaced farther apart, and there will always be more of a margin against fading. Here is another example of the practical value of research at Bell Telephone Laboratories.

# BELL TELEPHONE LABORATORIES



WORKING CONTINUALLY TO KEEP YOUR TELEPHONE SERVICE BIG IN VALUE AND LOW IN COST



# RAYTHEON TELEVISION



## MEANS BUSINESS!

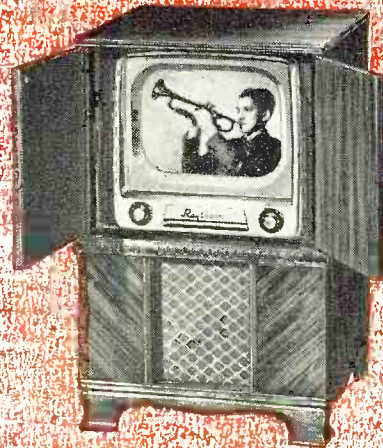
### RAYTHEON WILL NOT SACRIFICE QUALITY TO ACHIEVE BARGAIN PRICES

Our quality is your guarantee of satisfaction. That is why folks who buy Raytheon television sets are satisfied customers. And no wonder! Every Raytheon set is precision engineered . . . made of fine parts and materials . . . to give outstanding performance.

Raytheon uses no short cuts . . . leaves out no parts . . . in order to cut prices. You can buy Raytheon with confidence because of its quality and dependability.

See the beautiful models now available in the new 1951 Raytheon line. And remember: Raytheon is dependably built for dependable performance!

List prices range from \$189.95 to \$625.00



### RAYTHEON GIVES YOU THIS PROOF OF DEPENDABILITY!



**PROOF!** Raytheon television is backed by the famous Good Housekeeping Guaranty Seal.



**PROOF!** Backed by a liberal one-year Warranty.



**PROOF!** Backed by the Underwriters' Laboratories Seal!



**PROOF!** Made by a leader in electronics for 25 years.

**Dependably Built for Dependable Performance**

As Advertised in *Life*, *Good Housekeeping*, *Saturday Evening Post*

**BELMONT RADIO CORPORATION**  
5921 W. Dickens Ave., Chicago 39, Ill.  
Subsidiary of  
**RAYTHEON MFG. CO.**

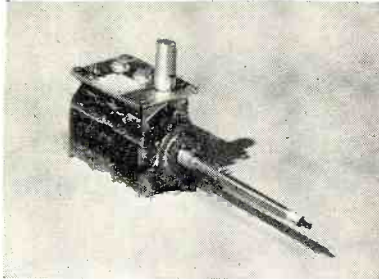


# OUTSTANDING VALUES NOW AVAILABLE

## G I—13-CHANNEL TELEVISION TUNER

For replacement or construction work. Capacity type tuner with fine tuning control. Using 3—6J6 tubes. Input for 300-ohm line. One of the finest front ends ever built.

Each.....\$6.95 less tubes  
Lots of 3..... 6.50 each



## VOLUME CONTROL STEAL

250,000 } With switch—2½" milled shaft  
500,000 } 39c ea.  
1 meg. } Lots of 10.....\$3.72  
2 meg. } Asst. of 25..... 8.74

## Standard Type Replacement Phono Cartridge

All New—All Guaranteed  
Type No. 1 will replace Shure W58A  
Webster N10  
Astatic L70  
Price—only \$1.85 ea. Lots of 10 \$17.90  
Type No. 2 will replace Shure W56A  
Webster N10  
Astatic L-72  
Price—only \$1.99 ea. Lots of 10 \$18.90

## CERAMICON CONDENSERS

Standard Manufacture  
Kit of 100 most often used ceramicons—now only.....\$4.95

## GT TUBE CARTONS

Sturdy—Many Uses.  
Box bulk tubes, spare parts, nuts and bolts.  
\$.79 per 100  
4.95 per 1000

## KNOB ASSORTMENT

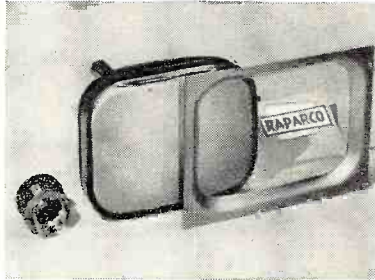
Includes half push on and half set screw knobs.  
All used often.  
100 knobs only.....\$1.89

## MOST POPULAR VIBRATORS

Covering 95% of all uses at great savings.  
Standard 4-prong.....\$1.19 ea.  
10 for \$10.50  
Delco 4-prong.....\$1.29 ea.  
10 for \$11.90  
Buick Vibrator.....\$2.59 ea.  
10 for \$22.50

## NOW! LARGE 14" or 16" PICTURE FROM YOUR 10" or 12" TELEVISION SET

Servicemen: Convert customers' sets for extra profits! 90% of all conversions can be made by use of the RAPARCO conversion kit.



Includes 14BP4 CR tube, 70° deflection yokes, and attractive lucite mask.  
Complete, only.....\$29.95

## HIGHEST QUALITY TELEVISION COMPONENTS AT LOWEST PRICES YET!

Standard Manufacture—All New—All Guaranteed. All these parts are used constantly in repair or conversion work.

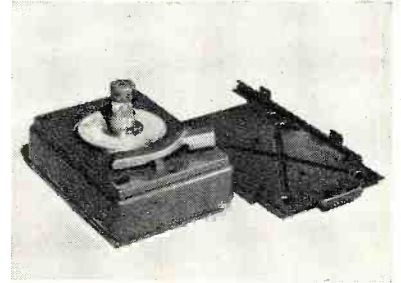
70° Deflection yoke—includes leads and resistors.....\$3.50 ea.  
60° Deflection yoke..... 2.25 ea.  
Flyback transformer for 12½" set.. 2.75 ea.  
Flyback transformer for 16" set.... 3.50 ea.  
14" Attractive Lucite Square Mask.. 3.95 ea.  
16" Attractive Lucite Square Mask.. 4.50 ea.  
14BP4 Square, Black 14" CR tube.. 24.95 ea.  
16TP4 or 16XP4 Square Black 16" CR tube.....37.50 ea.

## INDOOR TELEVISION ANTENNA



Now TV reception without the outdoor antenna. Effective range 20 to 25 miles from station. Excellent reception. Easily installed—takes 5 seconds. Easily orientated. Heavy base—will not tilt. Attractive. Friction clutch-type action on the rods.  
Complete with lead in.....\$1.79

## CRESCENT CHANGERS for the RCA 45-R.P.M. System



A complete changer ready for installation or attachment. Beautiful in appearance, built to last under constant service.

Each changer comes complete with Crescent "Rollway" mounting for custom installations.  
Price complete.....\$8.59

Metal Base for RCA 45 R.P.M. changer—Mahogany Hammerloid Finish.\$1.00

## PM REPLACEMENT SPEAKERS ALL NEW—ALL GUARANTEED

4" Alnico V.....\$1.19 ea.  
5" Alnico V..... 1.29 ea.  
6" Pin Cushion Alnico V..... 1.69 ea.  
6" Round Alnico V..... 1.69 ea.  
4x6" PM Alnico V..... 1.59 ea.  
7" PM Pin Cushion Heavy Alnico V  
Offset holes for auto replacement. 2.29 ea.  
6x9" PM Heavy Alnico V..... 2.29 ea.  
8" PM Heavy Alnico V..... 3.25 ea.  
10" PM Heavy Alnico V..... 3.95 ea.  
12" PM Heavy Alnico V..... 5.25 ea.

## CUSTOM BUILT AUTO RADIOS POPULAR BRAND—FITS IN THE DASHBOARD

6-tube sets of highest quality. Includes 6" PM speaker.

For '49-'50 Ford..... }  
'49-'50 Chevrolet..... } Complete—  
'49-'50 Hudson..... } ready to install  
'49-'50 Plymouth..... } \$35.50 ea.  
'49-'50 Dodge..... }

ORDER BY CAR TYPE

## RADIO PARTS COMPANY SPECIAL OF THE MONTH Top Cowl Mount Auto Antenna

3-section staff—60" Bakelite insulator with chrome trim. Single-hole mount. Complete with shielded lead and universal plug.

This month only.....\$1.59 ea.  
Case of 25..... 1.52 ea.

Radio Parts Company, 614 RANDOLPH ST., CHICAGO 6, ILL.



**YOUR OPPORTUNITY IS HERE NOW! LEARN**

# TELEVISION

**RIGHT AT HOME!**

By the new method of

## TRANSPONDENCE

training on film and tape recordings



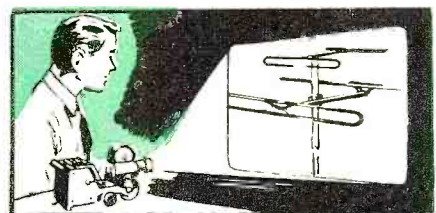
Now the De Forest-Sanabria Corporation—a division of the world's largest television training school—brings class-room instruction to you right in your own home! You actually hear your instructor's recorded voice. At the same time you watch "blackboard" size projected pictures, diagrams and illustrations. It's the quick, easy way to equip yourself for the big earnings in television—today!

**LOOK . . . You get the tape recorder and projector right at the start of your course!**



**HEAR your instructor**

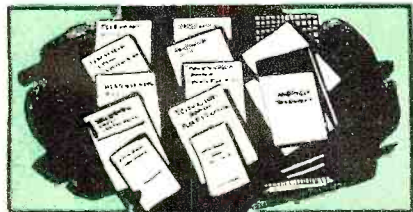
It's even better than the classroom, because you can repeat the instructor's lectures until they're thoroughly understood.



**SEE 2000 illustrations**

You learn quicker when you see diagrams and illustrations in black-board size.

You get the famous "TRANSPONDER" precision built, high fidelity tape recording machine with your very first lesson—and a powerful projector with which you can view diagrams and illustrations enlarged to a size that makes them easy to see and understand.



**READ from reference library**

You receive complete books, pamphlets and manuals to supplement your instructor's lessons.



**ASK your questions on tape**

Tell your instructor about anything that puzzles you and get his answers back pronto.



**BE A SUCCESS . . . ACT NOW!**

Millions of television set owners are demanding qualified television technicians to service their sets. There is a tremendous shortage of such qualified men today and will be for many years to come. Get in on the ground floor of this booming industry and be prepared to accept a steady, big pay job for life. We can qualify you quickly, easily, surely—and help get you a job when you complete your course. Send for illustrated booklet that gives the complete details.

**MAIL COUPON TODAY!**

De Forest-Sanabria Corporation **FREE BOOK**  
Dept. RN-10  
5050 Broadway, Chicago 40, Ill. **TELLS HOW**

Dear Sirs:  
Please send me copy of your free illustrated booklet which describes the new TRANSPONDENCE method of learning television at home under the direction of Dr. Lee de Forest and U. A. Sanabria.

NAME \_\_\_\_\_ AGE \_\_\_\_\_  
ADDRESS \_\_\_\_\_  
CITY \_\_\_\_\_ STATE \_\_\_\_\_  
(Mail in envelope or paste on a postcard.)

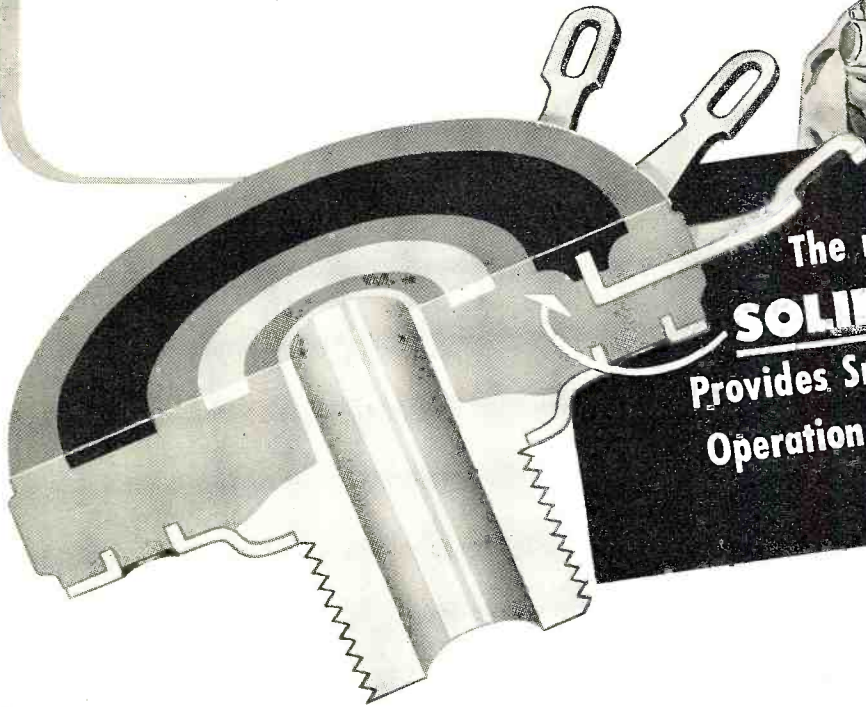
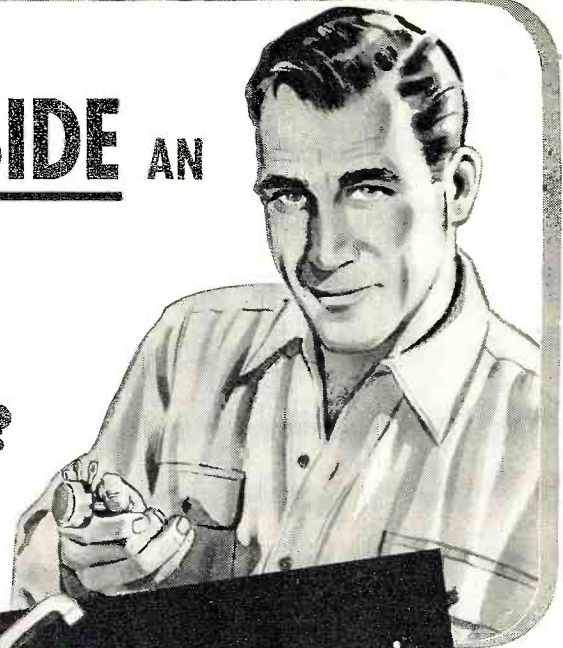
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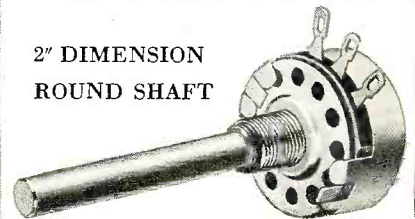
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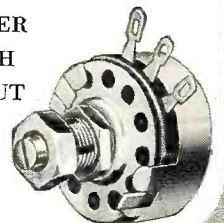
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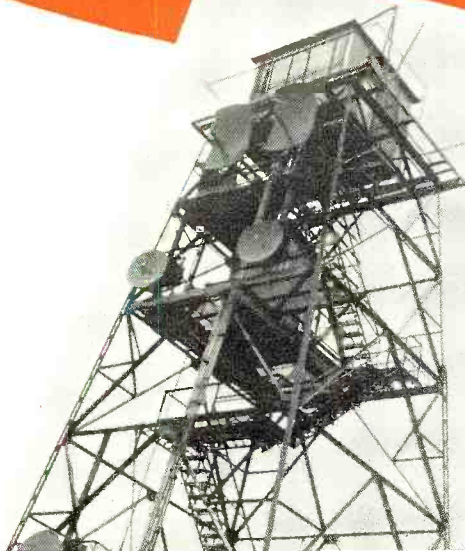
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# The MICROWAVE ERA BEGINS

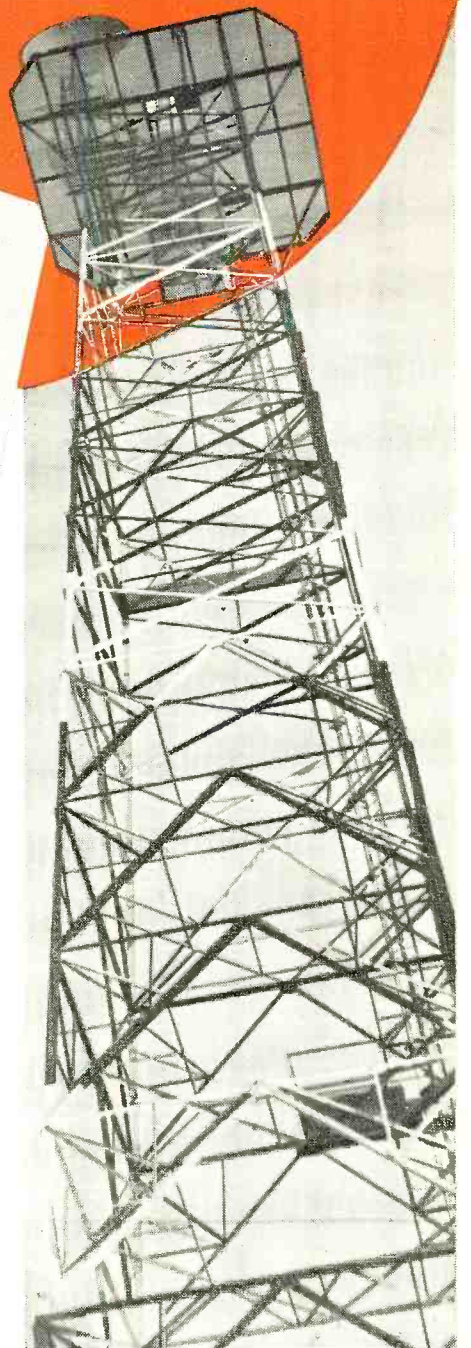


Western Union's microwave tower, Neshanic, N. J. Upper antennas (truncated) are part of Philco's 6000 mc. microwave relay system. Lower parabolic antennas are part of RCA's 4000 mc. microwave relay system. Diversity receiving antenna may be seen lower left.



Top section of "H" fixture microwave antenna-supporting structure. 100 ft. wood poles are used. Plane reflectors, 4 by 6 feet, are mounted on top and reflect microwave beam from 4 ft. parabolic antennas below. This is part of the Rock Island's microwave communications system from Norton to Goodland.

By  
**LEO G. SANDS**  
Sales Engineer  
Philco Corporation



A.T.&T. microwave tower at repeater station located between Richmond and Norfolk, Va. Philco 10 ft. parabolic antenna is on top of tower. Waveguide is used to feed units.

**Microwave relays will someday replace cross-country overhead telephone lines. Equipment described will be displayed at the 27th annual meeting of the Communications Section of the Assn. of American Railroads meeting at French Lick, October 17-19.**

**A**LL over the country, towers topped by queer looking mirror-like reflectors or parabolic antennas are arising. These towers, spaced from 15 to 50 miles apart, are spelling the doom of the overhead telephone wires that follow almost every highway and railroad track. The complete elimination of the pole line is still far off, but construction of new open wire pole lines, except for local distribution, seems unlikely.

For several years, there has been talk of the day when beamed radio would start taking the place of wires for point-to-point overland communications. That day has arrived. Although the microwave art is not new, inexpensive equipment was not available until 1949 and very few systems had been ordered prior to 1950.

In the prewar year 1940, a radio relay system was installed by Philco engineers to bring television programs to New York and Philadelphia. This relay link operated in the vicinity of 200 megacycles. In 1947 this pioneer radio relay was replaced with a 1400 megacycle microwave system. During

the war, the armed services made considerable use of microwave and u.h.f. equipment for point-to-point communications. Today, television broadcasters make use of microwave links to transmit television signals from their studios to the television transmitters.

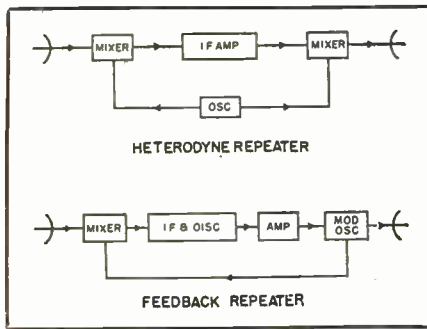
Although it is comparatively easy to build microwave transmitters and receivers, the biggest problem was the design of repeater equipment for long haul relay systems. A long microwave relay system consists of two terminals and a large number of intermediate repeaters. These repeaters must be capable of receiving and retransmitting microwave signals with a minimum of distortion to provide high quality circuits and very little crosstalk.

The ideal repeater would consist of a microwave amplifier in which demodulation and remodulation does not take place. However, such a repeater has not yet been developed. Currently available repeaters fall into three classifications: (1) a transmitter and receiver connected back-to-back; (2)

a heterodyne repeater; and (3) a feedback repeater. All three types have merit and can be used with multiplexing systems compatible with the specific type of repeater.

The first commercial application of negative feedback at microwave frequencies is incorporated in the feedback type microwave repeater developed by Philco. In this repeater, the output of the receiver is fed back to the receiver's own local oscillator klystron, causing it to track the incoming frequency modulated signal. The output of the klystron is divided so that a small percentage of this output is injected into the mixer of the





Block diagram show simplified circuitry of two types of microwave repeater units.

superheterodyne type receiver and the major portion of the output is fed into the antenna system as the outgoing signal. To provide duplex operation, two repeater units, one for each direction of transmission, are multiplexed into common antennas. Only a single klystron-type tube is required for both transmission and reception in a single direction.

A back-to-back type of microwave repeater consists of a receiver whose output is fed to a transmitter. For duplex operation, two transmitters and two receivers are required at each repeater station. In this type of repeater at least two microwave oscillator tubes are usually required for each direction, one as the receiver local oscillator and the other in the transmitter.

The heterodyne type repeater is not commonly used in communications relay systems due to its cost and complexity. However, it has found wide use in television relays. Here a comparatively low frequency signal produced by beating the incoming modulated microwave signal with the output of the receiver local oscillator is amplified. This low frequency signal (v.h.f.) is used to beat against a microwave oscillator to produce a microwave signal at the sum or difference of the two frequencies.

Several types of tubes are used as microwave signal sources and include lighthouse tubes, planer triodes, magnetrons, and klystrons. Power outputs of these tubes vary from a few milliwatts to several watts.

Several groups of radio frequencies in the microwave region have been

allocated by the Federal Communications Commission for point-to-point use by various industries, transportation services, public safety organizations, broadcasters, and communications common carriers. The 6000 megacycle band offers many advantages, such as high antenna gain, adaptability to simple circuitry, availability of reliable long-life tubes, and excellent propagation characteristics.

Antennas with parabolic reflectors are generally employed. The effective power gain, for example, of such an antenna with a dish of four foot diameter is in the order of 34 db. at 6500 megacycles. This means that a one watt transmitter will effectively radiate the equivalent of a 2500 watt signal. A waveguide is often used for connecting the antenna to the microwave transmitter, receiver, or repeater. Alternatively, passive reflectors are used in lieu of long waveguide runs. A plane reflector, rectangular in shape, is mounted atop a tower or other suitable supporting structure and the parabolic antenna is mounted near the ground aimed at the reflector. The signal is bounced off the mirror-like reflector in the desired direction in the same manner as a beam of light is reflected by a mirror. In practice the parabolic antenna dishes are usually mounted on brackets on the roof of the equipment shelter. As the antennas are exposed to the elements, heating facilities are provided for feed horns and antenna dishes when used in cold climates. With the antennas mounted outdoors, there is the possibility that the dishes may be eventually filled with leaves, dirt, or snow. Furthermore, the end of the feed horn makes an attractive target for the hunter. To provide greater protection for the paraboloids and feed horns, Philco engineers have recently designed a new type of microwave equipment shelter in which the antennas are mounted indoors under the roof. Windows made of a special type of pressed Fiberglas, virtually transparent to microwaves but opaque to light, are installed in the slanting roof of the shelter. The antennas are aimed through these windows at the plane reflectors on the tower. To prevent frosting or the accumulation of snow, thermostatically controlled infrared

lamps are used to heat the Fiberglas windows.

One antenna with or without a plane reflector is used at terminals for simultaneous transmission and reception. Two antennas are required at repeater stations in combination with waveguide feeds or plane reflectors, each of which is used for transmitting and receiving simultaneously in one direction to and from the adjacent repeater or terminal.

The popular term for a single link, the space between adjacent repeaters or terminals is a "hop." For example, a three hop system consists of two terminals and two repeaters. The signal originating at a terminal on frequency  $f_1$  is retransmitted by the first repeater on frequency  $f_2$  and is retransmitted again on frequency  $f_1$  by the second repeater. The signal arrives at the far terminal in three hops. For duplex operation, another signal travels simultaneously in the reverse direction.

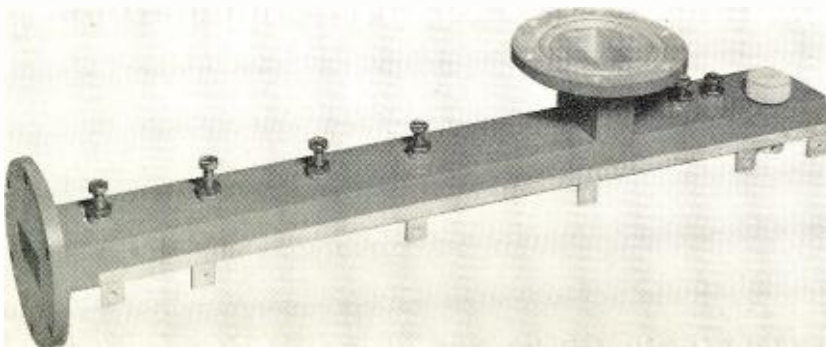
The practical length of a hop is determined by the heights of the antenna supports, terrain, transmitter power, receiver sensitivity, and antenna gain, coupled with good engineering practice. Line-of-sight conditions are not good enough except for very short hops. At least 50 feet of clearance above trees is considered desirable. Hops varying in length from 15 to 50 miles are common. Longer hops where sufficient terrain clearance is available could be considered, however, long hops are more apt to suffer from fading.

A properly designed microwave relay system makes allowances for fading. When frequency modulation of the microwave signal is employed, shallow fades go unnoticed. A microwave system with a 30 db. fading margin provides a continuous signal without serious degradation of circuit quality even during deep fades. In the 2000 megacycle band, deep fades are not as frequent as in the 6000 megacycle band. However, the higher antenna gain available at 6000 megacycles permits designing a system with a greater fading margin, with the result that operation in either band is almost identical. The hop length at 2000 megacycles or 6000 megacycles can be the same, as here again the much greater antenna gain at the higher frequency more than compensates for the slight difference in propagation characteristics.

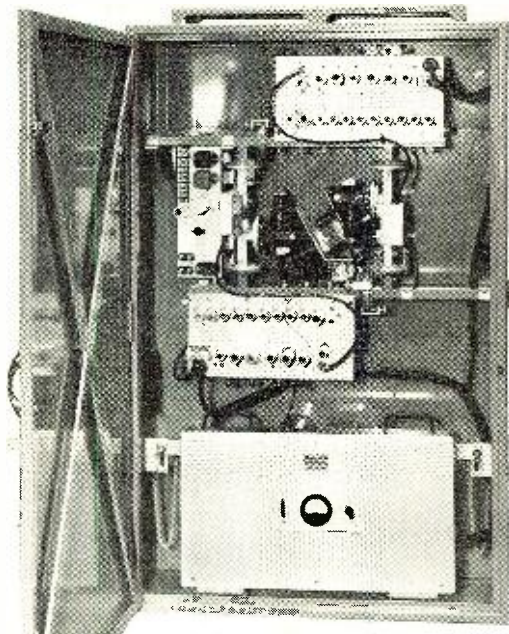
The width of the transmitted beam from a four foot parabolic antenna at 6000 megacycles is three degrees. Although this appears to be a very narrow beam, 25 miles out it is over a mile wide at the half power points. Much emphasis has been placed on tower twist, but an analysis of the facts reveals that tower rigidity is not as important as has been popularly supposed. As fading seldom occurs at the same time as high wind velocity, the fading margin also compensates for tower twist.

The basic microwave system is ca-

A four-section r.f. filter for a Philco microwave receiver. This is part of the Philco CLR-5 repeater for use in 6575-6875 mc. band. Tuning slugs are pretuned and sealed at factory.

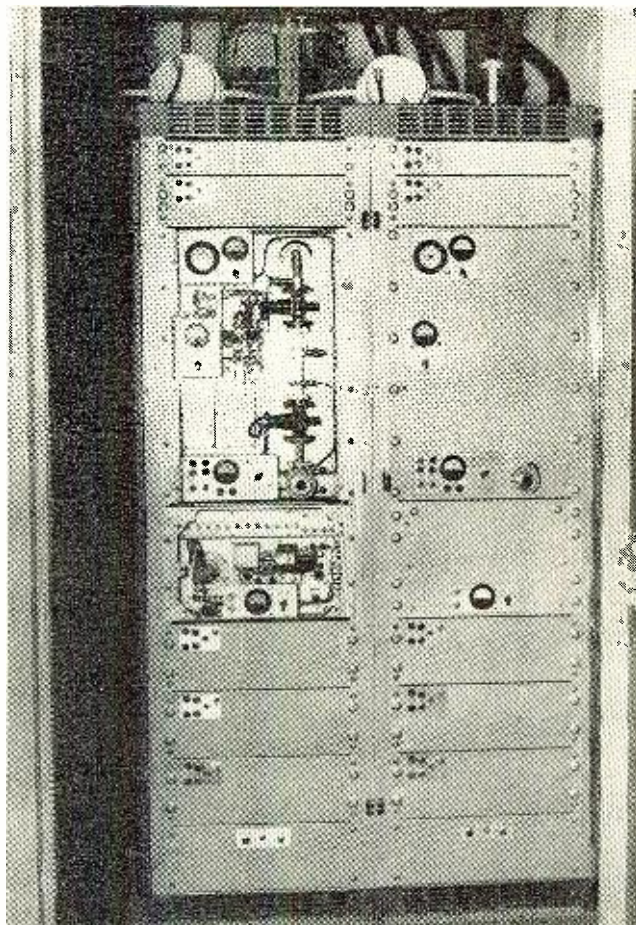






Philco CLR-5 microwave repeater for 6575-6875 mc. band. Two complete one-way feedback repeaters and common power supply are housed in a single cabinet. The microwave carrier is frequency modulated. It may be used with frequency-division or time-division multiplex terminals. Only one klystron is required for each direction. The same klystron serves both as the receiver local oscillator and the FM transmitter tube.

Philco TLR-2 microwave repeater for television service as used by Western Union. A similar unit is used by American Telephone & Telegraph Company in its microwave relay system.



pable of a modulated intelligence bandwidth of considerable proportions. To transmit several simultaneous voice conversations, musical programs, telegraph messages, etc., the modulation acceptance band of the microwave system is subdivided by means of multiplex channelizing equipment. These fall into two general classifications, frequency-division and time-division multiplex systems.

The most common form of frequency-division multiplexing device is the standard telephone wire line carrier terminal employing AM with single sideband transmission and with the carrier suppressed. This type of channelizing equipment which is very economical with bandspace may be used with single hop systems or with multiple hop microwave relay systems employing repeaters which introduce very little distortion. As the carrier is suppressed, this type of multiplex equipment lends itself to party-line service on a bridging basis. Telephone carrier terminals of the single sideband type but without suppression of the carrier may be used for deriving through circuits but not bridged party-line channels.

Another form of frequency-division multiplex system is the FM subcarrier which lends itself well to microwave applications where economy of bandspace is not important. The FM subcarrier is not as critical of repeater distortion as is the single sideband suppressed carrier, hence it may be

effectively used with the back-to-back type of repeater. However, its extravagant use of bandspace does limit the number of channels that can be derived.

Several types of time-division multiplexing systems have been developed, making use of pulse amplitude modulation, pulse time modulation, pulse position modulation, pulse width modulation and pulse code modulation. Pulse amplitude modulation, popularly referred to as P.A.M. provides high quality voice circuits with a minimum of crosstalk and with economical use of bandspace. For example, a 32 voice channel P.A.M. multiplex terminal requires less than 300 kilocycles of bandspace. With P.A.M. it is possible to provide party-line circuits as well as through trunk circuits. Individual voice channels may be dropped off and injected at intermediate microwave repeaters without degradation of the channel.

A cost analysis reveals that for systems requiring four or fewer channels, particularly when many drop-offs are required, frequency-division multiplexing is less expensive, whereas in systems with a greater number of voice channels, time-division multiplexing can be provided at less cost. Unless otherwise specified a channel is a voice channel 300 to 3300 cycles wide. Telegraph, teleprinter, telemeter, and supervisory control channels require much less bandspace than a voice channel. When a frequency-division

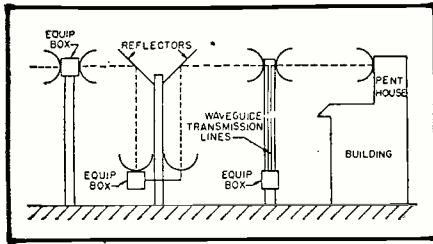
multiplexing system is used for deriving voice channels, narrow-band carriers for on-off transmission, such as telegraph carriers, are generally applied directly to the microwave equipment modulation input. In time-division systems, a single voice band may be sub-divided to handle from 8 to 16 AM or frequency-shift telegraph or telemeter carriers.

With the exception of communications common carriers, the channel requirements of most potential users of microwave communications systems does not approach 32 voice channels. Manufacturers are offering multiplex systems with 3, 4, 5, 8, 10, 12, 16, 20, 24, or 32 voice channels as required by the user. Some of the equipment being offered is expandable in steps of 1 or 4 voice channels.

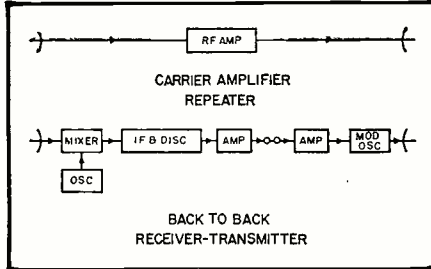
To provide compatibility with telephone systems the multiplex terminals must be provided with suitable termination equipment. A two-way voice channel normally terminates on a four-wire basis, two to the transmitter input and two to the receiver output, so that a hybrid network is required to provide two-wire termination which will permit connection into a switchboard or a conventional telephone instrument. In addition, provision must be made for ringdown or dial signaling.

Although the microwave industry is just starting to grow, great progress has already been made in the past year. The first railroad-operated mi-





How microwave signals are relayed.



Block diagram of carrier amplifier repeater and back-to-back receiver-transmitter.

microwave communications system to be established on a permanent basis has been installed by the *Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific Railroad* along its Denver to Chicago main line. This 5 hop pilot system between Norton and Goodland, Kansas will supplement and perhaps eventually replace wire line communications facilities in an area where snow, wind, sleet, and dust raise havoc with pole lines. Initially, the *Rock Island's* 6000 megacycle microwave link, 106 miles in length, will provide facilities for a train dispatcher's party-line telephone channel, a party-line message telephone channel, a local party-line telegraph

circuit, and four through telegraph circuits.

The *Santa Fe Railway System* is installing a 6000 megacycle microwave communications system to provide additional communications facilities between Beaumont and Galveston, Texas. Eight voice channels derived by pulse amplitude modulation will be provided. Three unattended repeater stations are to be installed on the Bolivar Peninsula to make up a four hop relay system. To assure uninterrupted communication, standby microwave equipment will be provided at both terminals as well as at the repeaters. An automatic fault-alarm system will advise maintenance personnel at Galveston of equipment or primary power failures as well as identification of the station requiring attention.

In the petroleum industry, a number of pipe line companies are installing microwave relay systems to provide direct communication between pumping stations, regional offices, and for remote control of system-wide v.h.f. mobile radio systems. The *Humble Pipe Line Company* is to install a 6000 megacycle microwave communications system along 400 miles of pipe line between Houston and Kemper, Texas. Two terminals and eighteen intermediate repeater stations will make up the *Humble* relay system. Pulse amplitude modulated multiplex equipment will provide eight voice channels of which one to four will be dropped off at intermediate repeaters.

The Bonneville Power Administration of the United States Department of the Interior has awarded contracts for equipment for a vast microwave relay system which will blanket the

State of Washington. In circuit miles, this will be the largest microwave system ordered to date for non-common carrier service. The Bonneville communications network will also make use of pulse amplitude modulation for deriving up to 24 voice channels. In addition to telephone facilities, the microwave system will also be used for power line relaying, remote control, and the locating of faults along power transmission lines.

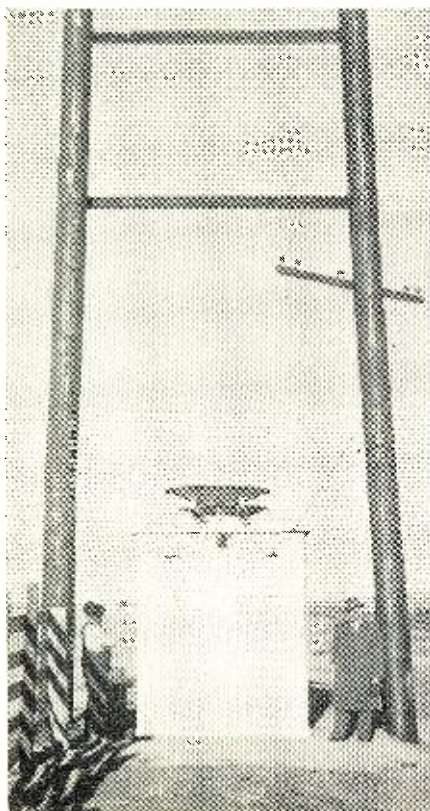
For relaying of television programs, a number of microwave relay systems have already been installed and many more are projected. A 6000 megacycle microwave link installed by the *Western Union Telegraph Company* has been in continuous operation for over two years. This link extends from the Chrysler Building in New York to the P.S.F.S. Building in Philadelphia via two intermediate repeaters located at Neshanic and Mt. Laurel, N. J. Paralleling this link is the *Philco*-owned television relay which links the Empire State Building in New York with the WPTZ transmitter at Philadelphia. One intermediate repeater at Mt. Rose, N. J., joins the two terminals.

The *American Telephone & Telegraph Company* has a number of microwave relay systems in operation and according to the newspapers many more are planned. In April of 1950, a 6000 megacycle microwave relay system was placed in service between Richmond and Norfolk, Virginia, by the *Bell System* to feed network TV programs to the Hampton Roads area.

It is obvious that the microwave relay art has emerged from the experimental stage to become a vital part of the nation's communications system. In times of national emergency, microwave relay systems can be used to augment existing wire line facilities and they can be installed in much less time. Economically, wire lines cannot compete, as the cost of a microwave communications system runs from only \$400 to \$800 per mile. The current estimated cost of building a two-wire pole line runs from \$800 to \$1500 per mile. A pair of wires will provide one telephone circuit unless multiplexed. The number of channels that can be derived from a single pair of wires is limited by electrical losses. Multi-channel carrier equipment for wire line telephony is more expensive and more complex than microwave multiplex equipment.

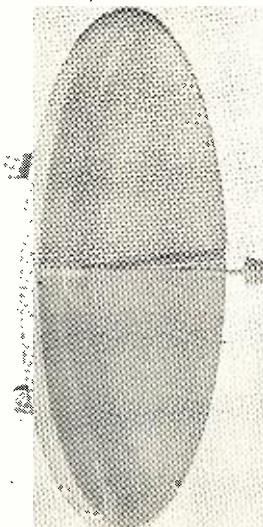
Performance-wise, the microwave relay, being less vulnerable to storms, should provide greater reliability than overhead wire lines. Furthermore, it will carry more types of intelligence and can be expanded more readily and at lower cost. Microwave systems have provided uninterrupted service during snow, sleet, and wind storms which have prostrated wire lines. With well designed equipment and adequate preventive maintenance, reliability approaching 100% can be attained.

The year 1950 will be recorded historically as the year the microwave relay made its impact felt. -50-



Lower section of "H" fixture antenna support and microwave equipment shelter. This Philco Type CLR-5 microwave repeater and emergency gasoline engine-driven power generator are housed within the prefabricated concrete slab building. A pair of 4 ft. parabolic antennas are mounted on the roof.

Four foot parabolic antenna for the 6575-6875 mc. band. The unit has a three degree beam and an effective power gain of 34 db.







## TV SHOP ON ROLLERS

*Only one completely equipped test bench is required with this unique and time-saving servicing system.*

By **ROBERT HERTZBERG**

Conventional service benches have been completely eliminated in the shop of Tele-Vuers Service Center, Inc. The chassis remains fixed on table—if technician wants to work on any part of the set he merely swings the table around. The loudspeaker on table is part of the shop intercom system. A multimeter on the table is the main servicing tool. For alignment jobs and more complex servicing procedures the table can be rolled over to single test bench which is equipped with marker and signal generators, a square-wave generator, v.t. v.m., and scope. When sets have been serviced or are awaiting servicing they are housed on special racks that keep them safe and out of the way. A large tag on each set carries the full "case history."

**A** UNIQUE method of speeding up service jobs and saving the back muscles of the technicians doing the work has proved highly successful in the shop of Tele-Vuers Service Center, Inc., of Bloomfield, N. J., one of the largest and busiest exclusive TV organizations in the East. Each chassis requiring attention is placed on a small, individual table measuring 2x3 feet and equipped with ball-bearing casters on the legs. The shop manager puts the service notes or schematic diagram alongside the set. The table is fitted with a.c. power outlets and antenna posts, with flexible leads attached. When any one of the dozen technicians in the shop is ready, he simply pushes the table over to his chair position against a wall, where he plugs in the power and antenna connections.

About 90% of the servicing operation is done with the aid of nothing more than a high-resistance multimeter, according to Robert O. Lewis and Joseph Werner, co-owners of the center, which employs 55 people and handles more than 14,000 contracts. If a set requires alignment the table

is pushed over to a corner of the shop where a complete assortment of signal and marker generators, scopes, etc., is available on another table. When a set is given a final OK, it is wheeled into another room containing a large row of sturdily-built cubbyholes, transferred to one of the latter, and tagged for release.

Because the chassis remains on one table from the time it is "put into work" until the time it goes on the shelf, a great deal of effort is saved and much double-handling is eliminated. There are no fixed benches of the conventional type anywhere in the shop.

The tables are of very simple construction. The legs are 2x4's, the side braces and the bottom shelf are ¾-inch shelving, and the top is a solid piece of ¾-inch plywood. Regular furniture casters permit the largest and heaviest receivers to be pushed around with ease. Two dozen of them are about enough in a shop of a dozen men; that is, there is always one set waiting for a technician while he is working on another.

—30—



# PHOTOELECTRIC Control for Industry

*The electric eye, probably best known for its novelty uses, is an important industrial "tool."*

By  
**ED BUKSTEIN**

red rays, and in this respect they exceed the performance of the human eye.

## "On-Off" Controls

In many of its applications, the phototube serves as a light-operated switch. The basic circuit arrangement of a photoelectric control is shown in Fig. 2. When light strikes the cathode of the phototube, electrons are emitted and attracted by the positive potential of the anode. The resulting current flow produces a voltage drop across  $R_1$  which makes the grid of  $V_1$  positive. The increased plate current of  $V_1$  causes the relay to close. The relay contacts then operate a light, bell, alarm, motor, or other device.

If the voltage drop across  $R_1$  is applied as bias to the cathode of  $V_1$ , the relay will close when the light beam is interrupted. In addition, the relay may have normally-open or normally-closed contacts or both, so that circuit operation may be initiated by the presence of light or by its absence.

The circuit shown in Fig. 2 can be used to control the filling of bottles. When the liquid in the bottle reaches a predetermined level, it intercepts a light beam. The relay in the photoelectric control then stops the filling mechanism until the next bottle moves into position. As shown in Fig. 1, photoelectric devices are used to inspect bottled beverages. The presence of any foreign particles changes the amount of light reaching the phototube. The relay then operates a reject mechanism to remove this bottle.

The circuit shown in Fig. 2 will also serve as a smoke or flame detector. The presence of smoke will decrease the amount of light reaching the phototube, and the relay will then sound an alarm. In some installa-



Fig. 1. Bottled beverage inspection. Each bottle passes between light source and bank of phototubes. Foreign matter affects light, operating reject relay.

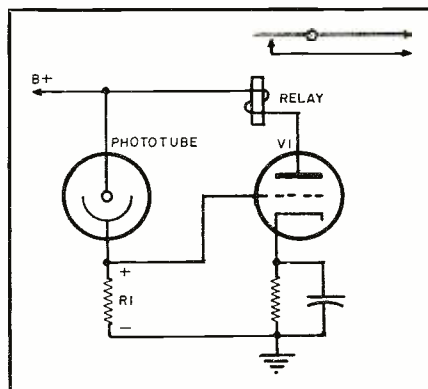
THE photoelectric tube, popularly known to the public as the electric eye, is in many respects the most versatile member of the electron tube family. A complete listing of the applications of photoelectric devices would more than fill this page. They count objects passing on a conveyor belt, they inspect bottled beverages and reject those containing foreign particles, they turn on lights in buildings and at airfields when the natural illumination falls below a predetermined level, they perform color matching operations in paint and textile factories, they judge the temperature of heated metals by the color, they open garage doors when an automobile approaches, they inspect and sort objects according to size, shape, or color, and they sound alarms in cases of smoke or fire.

In spite of its manifold and varied applications, the phototube is comparatively simple in structure. In its usual form (Fig. 3), it consists of a semi-cylindrical cathode coated with a photosensitive material, and a straight wire anode. These elements are enclosed in an evacuated or a gas-filled glass envelope. The straight wire anode is used because it offers little obstruction to light to the cathode.

Caesium, rubidium and barium are

examples of photosensitive materials. These materials emit electrons when struck by light. The spectral sensitivity of the phototube—its response to various wavelengths of light—is determined by the nature of the cathode material. By proper choice of materials, the tube may be made most responsive to red or to violet or to any other portion of the light spectrum. Phototubes are available which will respond to ultraviolet or to infra-

Fig. 2. Basic circuit arrangement of photoelectric control. The light falling on the phototube causes flow of current through  $R_1$ . The voltage drop across  $R_1$  makes grid of  $V_1$  positive. Increased plate current of  $V_1$  causes the relay in the circuit to close.





tions, circuit action is initiated when light from the flames reaches the phototube. In a related type of equipment, the phototube "watches" the pilot burner in an oil or gas furnace. If the pilot should become extinguished, the photorelay closes the fuel supply. This prevents unignited fuel from accumulating in the furnace.

Phototubes are often used to safeguard operators of power machinery. If the operator should accidentally get his hand in the machine, a beam of light is interrupted and the photorelay opens the main power circuit.

Elevator leveling is another application of the phototube. If the elevator is not properly aligned with the floor level, the photorelay cuts off the power to the door opening mechanism.

The phototube is widely used for sorting objects according to color. Beans, for instance, passing through a revolving drum are inspected by phototubes. If the bean is white it is passed by the machine, but a dark or discolored bean causes the photorelay to actuate a reject mechanism. One installation of this type sorts 80,000 pounds of beans daily.

Used as a pin-hole detector, phototubes inspect steel strip at a rate of 1000 feet per minute. The presence of a hole in the steel allows light to pass through to a phototube. The photorelay then operates a marking device which marks the location of the defect.

If the relay of Fig. 2 is replaced with an electromechanical counter, the circuit will serve to count objects passing on a conveyor belt. Each object, in passing, interrupts a light beam and causes the numbered discs of the counter to move up one position. Similar arrangements are used to totalize highway traffic or count department store customers.

Fig. 5 shows a commercial photoelectric control. A unit of this type is extremely versatile and can be applied to a wide variety of photocontrol operations.

### Loop Control

In many manufacturing processes, a continuous strip of cloth, metal, or other material passes in turn through several machines. If the material does not pass through each machine at the same rate, it may pile up in front of one of the machines or it may be stretched to the point of breakage. Photoelectric controls are used to allow and maintain a predetermined amount of slack in the strip of material. This arrangement is referred to as *loop control* and is illustrated in Fig. 4. Under normal conditions, the strip of material interrupts the light beam to photocontrol number one but not to control number two. If the material passes too rapidly through machine 2, the slack will be taken up and light will reach photocontrol number one. This control will then act to slow down the driving motor

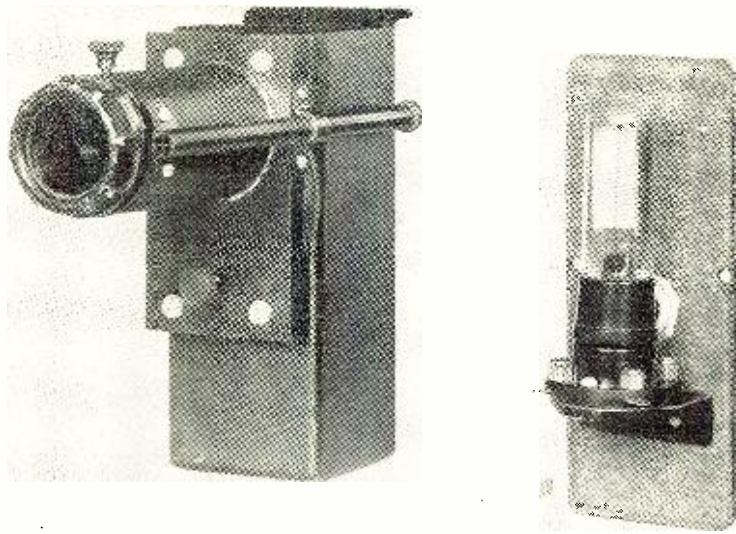


Fig. 3. Phototube holder for photoelectric pyrometer, an instrument which judges the temperature of heated metal by its color. Left view shows lens barrel and sighting tube. Right view shows the unit with the cover removed to expose the phototube.

of machine 2. If machine 1 tends to speed up, there will be excessive slack in the material, and light to photocontrol number two will be interrupted. This control will then slow down machine 1.

### Photoelectric Pyrometer

Because the phototube is sensitive to changes of color, it may be used as a temperature measuring or control device. When used for this purpose, it is referred to as a *photoelectric pyrometer*. In this application, the phototube "looks" through a window into a furnace where metal is being treated. As the temperature of the metal increases, its color changes through the various shades of red to white heat. The phototube, detecting these changes of color, operates a meter which may be calibrated di-

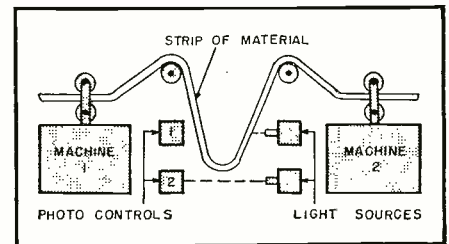


Fig. 4. Loop control prevents strip of cloth, metal, or other material from piling up in front of machine or from being stretched to the point of breaking.

rectly in degrees of temperature. In other cases, the output of the phototube may be used to control the heating mechanism and to maintain a constant temperature.

-30-

Fig. 5. Photoelectric control unit. The opened cover reveals the relay, phototube, and amplifier. In operation the light enters through the hole in cover of unit.





# A SINGLE-TUBE ELECTRONIC KEY

By

**DONOVAN V.  
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Ass't. Professor of Electronics  
University of Arkansas

**T**HE electronic key, designed to fill present-day needs, must meet certain fundamental requirements as to circuit construction and performance. Among such requirements are:

1. Dots and dashes must be self-completing so that all dots (or dashes) will be the same length, including the last in a series. The key lever must serve only to initiate a dot or dash and not to complete it.

2. The circuit must be such that a dot following a dash (or a dash following a dot) within a letter cannot be initiated until the dash (or dot) and the following space are both completed. This feature is essential for effortless keying, since otherwise the operator must not close the key lever on the opposite side until the dash (or dot) is completed. This requires an extremely critical sense of timing, and if condition number one is fulfilled, then, by all means, requirement number two must also be met. In addition, release of the key lever in the middle of a dot or dash must not affect the length of that character.

3. The key switching requirements must be simple and adaptable to ordinary mechanical bug technique.

4. A smooth control of speed must be obtainable over a range from about 10 to 40 w.p.m.

5. The ratio of dot length to dash length must be variable to suit the tastes of different operators. Some objection may be raised to this requirement, since the theoretically correct ratio is three to one. However, some deviation from this value may allow easier sending by some operators.

6. The ratio of dot length to space length, the so-called weight of keying, must be variable to suit the tastes of different operators. Again some objection may be raised, since the theoretically correct ratio is one to one, but some operators prefer a slightly heavier weight than normal. Those who object to this requirement can always set the ratio at unity and saw off the shaft.

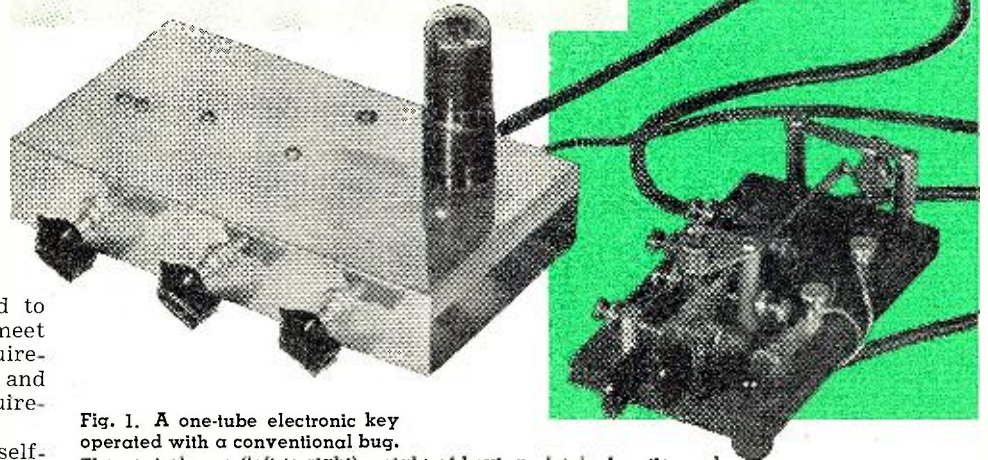


Fig. 1. A one-tube electronic key operated with a conventional bug. The controls are (left to right) weight of keying, dot-dash ratio, and speed. The on-off switch is also actuated by the knob in the center.

***Using only one dual-function tube, this new circuit is simple yet comes close to being the ideal key.***

7. The three controls: speed, dot-dash ratio, and weight of keying, must be independent of one another. For example, a change in the speed setting must not change the dot-dash ratio nor the weight of keying.

8. The circuit must be electrically and mechanically stable and rugged. For example, the circuit must be operative from a power source having poor voltage regulation. Variations in tube characteristics must not affect the operation. The circuit must be reliable and foolproof and not require any critical adjustments on the part of the operator.

9. The circuit must be simple, use a minimum number of inexpensive components, and be conducive to compactness of construction and economy in construction and operation. All parts used in its construction must be readily available.

Considering all of the stringent requirements, it is not surprising that electronic keys have not been developed to the point where they are considered as a necessary adjunct to the average ham station. However, the history of electronic keys has been one of considerable progress, which means that more and more of the requirements listed have been met. The circuit to be described herein represents, in the author's opinion, one of the closest approaches yet made to the ideal electronic key.

The circuit requires only one tube, as shown in Fig. 2. A 117L7GT tube performs the dual function of half-

wave rectifier and relay tube. The screen is tied to the plate, thus making a triode out of the beam tetrode section. A voltage divider, consisting of  $R_8$  and  $R_9$ , normally biases the tube beyond cut-off, so that the relays  $RL_1$  and  $RL_2$  in the plate circuit are normally de-energized.

When the circuit is first put into operation, both  $C_1$  and  $C_2$  charge to the full plate supply voltage (about 140 volts). When the key lever is thrown to the dot side, two things begin to happen. Condenser  $C_2$  discharges very quickly through the very low resistance  $R_1$ . Simultaneously, the grid of the tube is driven positive by virtue of the voltage dividing action of  $R_3$  and  $R_6$  plus  $R_7$ . ( $R_4$  is negligible as far as the grid voltage is concerned.) As the grid is driven positive, the plate current quickly rises to a high value, energizing relays  $RL_1$  and  $RL_2$ . Energizing  $RL_1$  opens the discharge path for  $C_2$ , thus permitting it to recharge to the plate supply voltage. The charging current flows through  $R_6$  and  $R_7$ , thus maintaining the grid voltage at a value sufficient to keep the relays energized after  $RL_1$  has opened the discharge path and removed "B+" from the voltage divider in the grid circuit. As  $C_2$  approaches full charge, the charging current approaches zero, the grid voltage becomes more negative, and the plate current approaches zero. Eventually relay  $RL_1$  becomes de-energized, thus re-closing the discharge path. If the key lever is still closed when  $RL_1$  be-



comes de-energized, the cycle repeats itself.

Relay  $RL_2$  is shunted by resistors  $R_{10}$  and  $R_{11}$  so that it becomes de-energized at a higher value of current than  $RL_1$ . Proper adjustment of  $R_{10}$  makes  $RL_2$  open at any time during the charging period of  $C_2$ , thus allowing the weight of keying to be varied at will.

If the key lever is closed on the dash side the action is similar, except that a longer time is required to charge  $C_1$  due to its higher capacitance. The purpose of resistors  $R_1$  and  $R_2$  is to prevent, as far as possible, any interaction between the voltages on  $C_1$  and  $C_2$ . Complete isolation is impossible, of course, with the result that the dot-dash ratio is not entirely independent of the setting of the speed control  $R_7$ . As  $R_7$  is varied, the discharge time for both  $C_1$  and  $C_2$  is varied, but at the slower speeds (higher values of  $R_7$ ) greater interaction occurs between  $C_1$  and  $C_2$ , resulting in a slight reduction in dash-to-dot ratio. The interaction could be completely eliminated by using entirely independent charging paths for  $C_1$  and  $C_2$ , but this would require a ganged potentiometer for speed control as well as an additional tube. Variation in  $R_2$  changes the charging time for  $C_1$ , thus varying the dash-dot ratio. The purpose of  $R_2$  is to prevent excessive grid current being drawn by the tube and upsetting the charging characteristics of  $C_1$  and  $C_2$ .

The circuit shown meets requirements 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, and 9 very satisfactorily. The only requirement which leaves anything to be desired is number 7, which states that the three controls; speed, dot-dash ratio, and weight of keying, must be independent. The speed and dot-dash ratio are independent of the weight of keying control, but the dot-dash ratio and weight of keying vary slightly with a change in speed. However, if the speed is not varied over a ratio greater than about  $2\frac{1}{2}$  to 1, the change in dot-dash ratio and weight of keying is small. This encompasses the normal range of about 12 to 30 w.p.m., so that only when changing from a very low to a very high speed, or vice versa, will any readjustment of the other two controls be necessary.

The circuit shown is very insensitive to changes in plate supply voltage. For example, a variation from 90 volts to 300 volts affects the operation of the circuit only slightly.

Fig. 1 is a photograph of a unit built using the circuit diagram of Fig. 2. All of the components except the tube are mounted beneath the chassis. The line switch and the dot-dash ratio control are on the same shaft. In order to avoid the necessity of building a lever system, an ordinary mechanical bug was modified to serve the purpose. This has the additional advantage of permitting the key to be placed in the regular operating position and the controls placed in the most convenient position

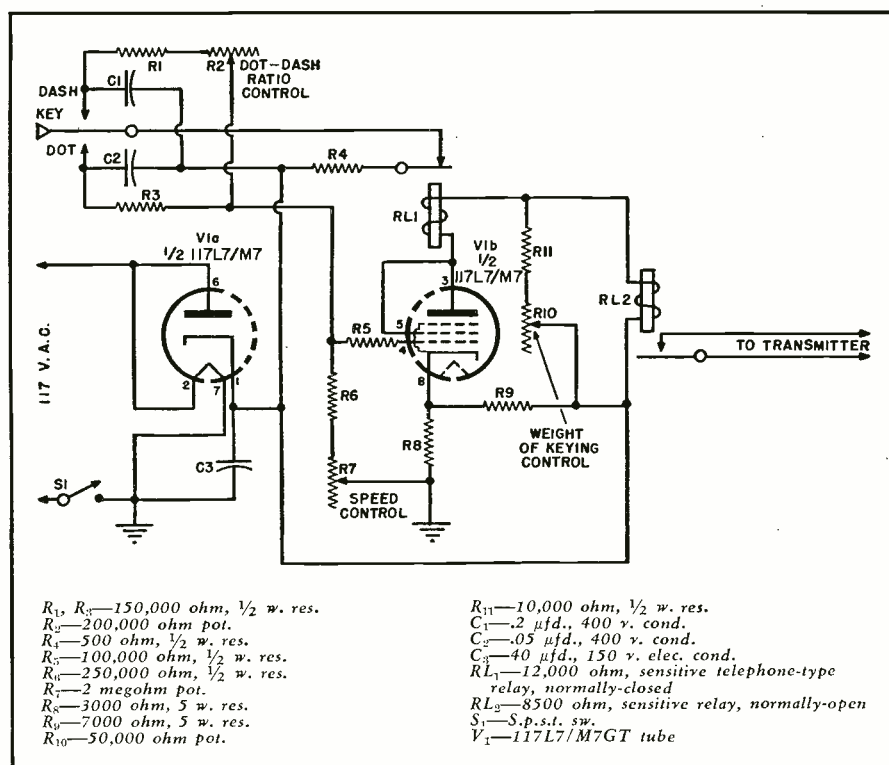


Fig. 2. Complete schematic diagram for building the electronic keying unit.

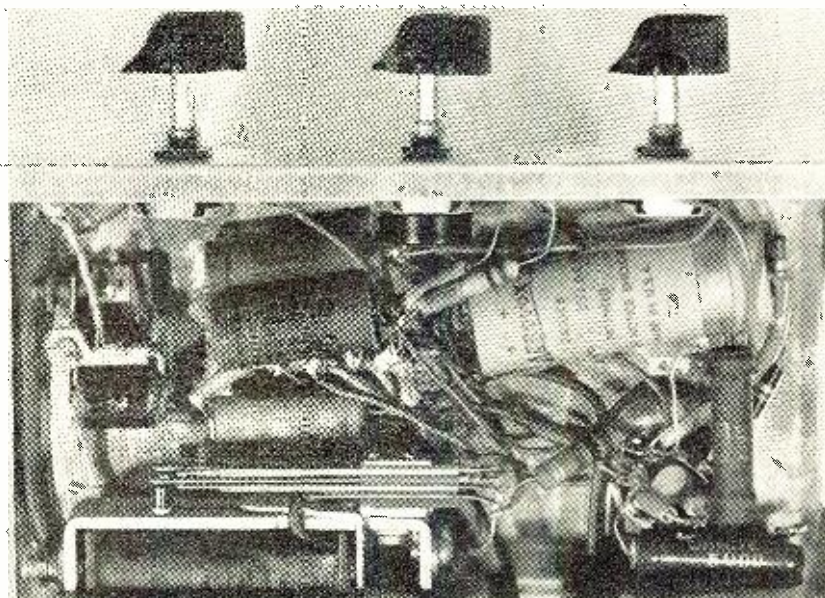
for adjustment with the other hand. The only modification necessary was removal of the weight from the vibrator, adjustment of the dot contacts to provide positive closure without vibration, and removal of the connection between the dot and dash contacts. A three-conductor cable connects the key to the chassis. The only disadvantage to this arrangement is that the key is at line potential and represents a hazard to the operator. Enclosure of the key is recommended in order to eliminate this hazard.

The large relay, shown in Fig. 3, is a telephone-type which is available on

the surplus market for less than a dollar. This unit,  $RL_1$ , on the diagram, should be duplicated for best results. The coil resistance of this relay is 12,000 ohms and closes at  $3\frac{1}{2}$  ma. and opens at 2 ma. The small relay  $RL_2$ , is a sensitive 8500 ohm unit. This relay is not critical and other units having approximately the small coil resistance and sensitivity could have been used. The closing current should be no greater than about 3 or 4 ma. A d.p.s.t. relay, used for  $RL_2$ , would permit keying a monitoring oscillator simultaneously with the transmitter.

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Fig. 3. Placement of parts is not critical as this under-chassis view shows.





# ADD A NOISE LOCALIZER CIRCUIT To Your Signal Tracer



Noise localizer being used to locate source of noise in a.c./d.c. receiver. The d.c. selector switch is in "150-volt" position to prevent damage to low voltage components. "Hot" lead of test probe is connected to top of standard insulated prod held by technician. Lead shown clipped to receiver has other end connected to shielded cable of test leads. A signal tracer probe can be seen at right of unit's cabinet.

By  
**WILLIAM A. TRETTER**

Technical Institute  
Temple University

***All components—resistors, coils, tubes, etc.—can be checked without removing them from the circuit.***

THE addition of a few components to the input circuit of the signal tracer will make it a more versatile instrument. Of the number of additional uses to which it can be put, two important ones are: It will localize the source of noise in a "cold" set; secondly, it can also be used as a very high resistance ohmmeter.

Some of the checks include locating noisy and microphonic tubes, noisy variable and fixed condensers, noisy coils and transformers, noisy variable and fixed resistors, and noise caused by leakage across tube sockets and terminal boards, etc. All of the above listed tests are made with no power applied to the receiver under test.

A study of the circuit shown in Fig. 1 shows how the input circuit of the signal tracer is wired to accommodate the additional components. A three position switch selects the proper voltage for either a.c. receivers or a.c./d.c. sets. In the "off" position the signal tracer is used for its normal functions. The 150 volt tap is used

when checking receivers employing only 150 volt components. The zero to one milliammeter is optional since plug-in jacks can be used to accommodate the shop instrument thus saving the cost of another meter.

The test lead is merely a short length of shielded cable with the outer shield grounded to the chassis of the signal tracer. When making checks with the noise localizer, this test lead is substituted for the standard signal tracer probe that usually incorporates a fixed germanium crystal.

After the circuit additions have been made, apply power to the signal tracer. As soon as plate voltage is present the meter will deflect to full scale and then immediately drop back to zero after the input condenser is fully charged. Shorting the test leads will cause the meter to read full scale or one milliamper, and at the same instant a very loud "click" will be heard in the loudspeaker of the signal tracer. This loud "click" is caused by the sudden discharge of the input condenser. When the leads

are again separated, another click will be heard as this condenser again begins to charge.

What makes this method so effective is the fact that normal voltage is applied to the circuit under investigation and current flows if the circuit has continuity. Should any momentary open, short, or arc-over occur, it will be heard in the loudspeaker as a loud crackle or hiss.

The service technician should be familiar with normal leakage found in all types of condensers. Mica condensers have leakage so small that it can barely be detected with the average ohmmeter. With this method, however, it is possible to detect the slightest amount of leakage present in all high gain amplifier and television circuits.

After the standard signal tracer probe has failed to locate the source of noise, the receiver is turned off and the power plug disconnected. The selector switch on the signal tracer is then set to the proper voltage tap, depending on whether the receiver is a.c./d.c. or an a.c. set employing a power transformer. Connect the outer shield or clip lead to the "B plus" terminal in the set. The probe is then momentarily connected to the plates and screen grids of the tubes. If a loud clean click is heard at each instant of contact, the circuit has continuity. The meter will be a more definite indication of this and at the same time will measure any resistance present. Circuit components should be tapped and "jiggled" before



moving the probe to the next check point.

If, while checking one of the described circuits, a crackling or hissing sound is heard in the loudspeaker, it indicates that one of the parts is defective. Leave the clip lead connected and move the probe along the circuit towards this clip lead. As the probe is moved across solder joints, dropping resistors, and other circuit components, the noise may get louder and at some point may disappear completely. This indicates that the noisy component is no longer between the two test leads. The procedure now is to move the probe back to the last point where the noise was heard, and then move the clip lead towards the probe. The disturbance will be loudest when the noisy component is directly between the two test leads. Regardless of whether it is a defective resistor, coil, or poor contact, it will create a terrific noise in the signal tracer loudspeaker.

This same procedure is followed when checking grid and cathode circuits. The clip lead is left connected to the receiver chassis or "B minus," while the other probe is momentarily connected to the grids, cathodes, and other elements that normally return to "B minus." Should a noisy component be present in the circuit, move one test lead along the circuit towards the other until the disturbance is loudest.

Checks for microphonic and noisy tubes are made with the tubes "cold." The test leads are connected across two adjacent elements at the base pins and the tube is gently tapped. Even "good" tubes may show up as slightly microphonic under this test. If several good tubes are compared with one that is known to be noisy, the difference can be noted and used for future reference. Since the tubes are "cold" in the set they cannot amplify the noise and transmit it to other stages.

An inspection of the noise localizer circuit will show that at no time can more than one mil of current flow between the test leads so there is no danger of excessive current through a circuit under test. The only precaution that need be taken is to discharge all large condensers after connecting the test probes. The d.c. voltage selector switch must be in the "off" position when tracing a signal through the set with the signal tracer probe, otherwise damage to the crystal may result. The input condenser in Fig. 1 must be wired into the circuit if the signal tracer input does not have one. Any value around .01  $\mu$ fd. mica rated at 600 volts will do.

Noisy tuning condensers, whether caused by poor rotor contact or by intermittent shorts between rotor and stator, can be located easily. An intermittent short also shows up as a small arc as the tuning condenser is rotated, whereas a noisy rotor will result in a scraping sound in the loudspeaker.

Arc-over inside a broken carbon or wirewound resistor is usually a difficult fault to track down with an ordinary ohmmeter or the signal tracer probe. The ohmmeter fails because of the low voltage employed, and the signal tracer will detect noise at several points in the receiver. The noise localizer will find the trouble in nine out of ten cases where other methods fail.

Transformers and coils are tested by using the same procedure described earlier. Intermittent shorts and arc-over will be audible as a loud hiss or crackling in the signal tracer speaker. Noisy multiband, phono, and tone selector switches can be checked in the same manner. Dirt and corrosion can cause noise in any of the circuits connected to the selector switches. Here, too, poor contact will show up as a "hiss" or crackling in the loudspeaker.

Should any feedback or motorboating occur when the volume is turned up full, it can be eliminated by adding two .5  $\mu$ fd. condensers between the 150 volt tap, the 250 volt tap, and ground. But it will seldom be necessary to operate the noise localizer at full volume.

The variable resistor, shown as the "zero adjust" in Fig. 1, may be required to compensate for variations in power supply voltages. It is adjusted for one milliamperes or full scale deflection after the warm-up period. If the supply voltage maximum is around 150 volts, the 125,000 ohm resistor is not required. The lower voltage will reduce the high resistance range of the ohmmeter somewhat.

An instrument of this type is not intended to replace the regular signal tracing techniques. Rather it is an adjunct to aid in the difficult cases which

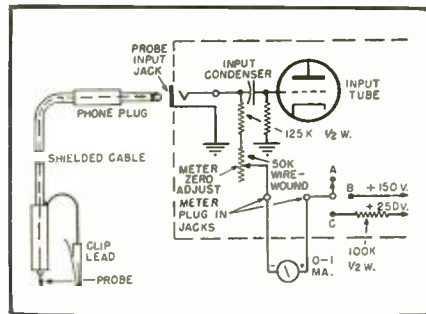


Fig. 1. Wiring diagram of the input circuit found in the average signal tracer and the additional components required when the noise localizer is incorporated. When the selector switch is in position "B" or "C" the noise localizer circuit is turned on. The cable shown is substituted for the standard signal tracer probe when the noise localizer circuit is in operation.

can not be located by conventional means.

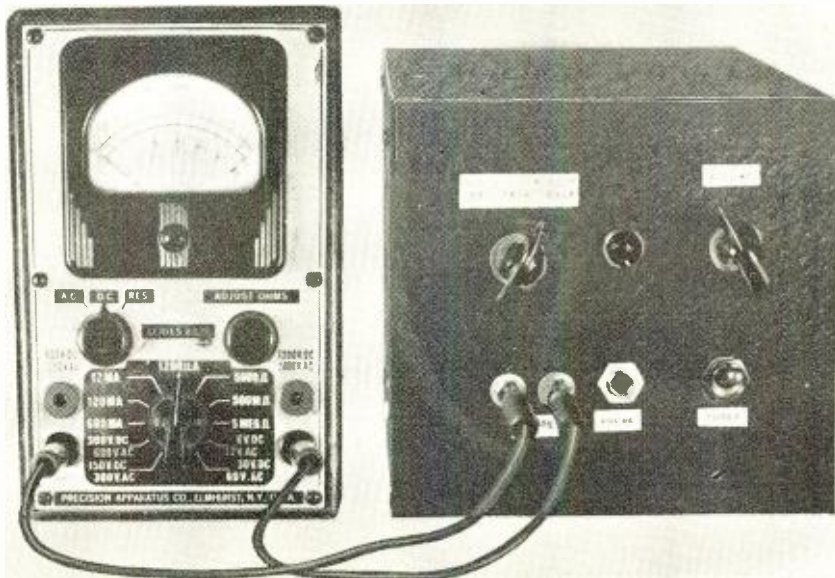
It is essential that the parts used in the localizer be of good quality to prevent erroneous conclusions caused by noisy parts in the instrument itself. It would be rather foolish to add to the existing receiver faults.

If it is desired, the meter scale may be calibrated to read directly in ohms, increasing the versatility of the instrument. If a 250 volt plate supply is available, a maximum range of five megohms may be obtained. Resistors of known value may be used for calibration.

The small cost of the parts needed to add the noise localizer is a good investment and will pay high dividends in time saved. Wear on other equipment is also reduced since now a signal tracer, ohmmeter, and noise localizer are incorporated into one unit.

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Over-all view of the noise localizer. All parts are mounted inside of the cabinet. Holes are drilled along the top and bottom of the rear panel to provide the required ventilation. The circuit used is similar to the one described in the October 1949 issue of RADIO & TELEVISION NEWS in the article "A Signal Tracer at Minimum Cost." The only changes are the addition of the noise localizer circuit and substitution of a 6SN7GT for the two 6J5 tubes.





# DUAL-INPUT TAPE RECORDER AMPLIFIER

By  
**GLEN SOUTHWORTH**



Over-all view of the auxiliary input unit used in conjunction with tape recorder.

ALTHOUGH in general use for only a few years, tape recording is rapidly supplanting nearly every other type of high quality recording media, even the popular phonograph record often being a copy of a tape master recording. Even after a comparatively short period of development, tape represents the highest quality recording technique known, with machines having a range of sixty decibels, low distortion, and excellent frequency response to above fifteen thousand cycles being available from a number of manufacturers.

The comparatively excellent quality and low operating cost of relatively inexpensive tape mechanisms have led manufacturers to offer a number of low cost tape machines to the public. The purchaser who wishes to use one of these machines for high quality recording and playback is usually faced with several limitations brought about by the necessity for economy in the design of the machine. The first of these is usually an inadequate power output stage and loudspeaker, making an additional power amplifier and speaker system desirable. When this adjustment is made two other factors may become noticeable: an unpleasantly high noise level, usually hum, and deficiencies in frequency response at both very high and low frequencies, both of which are not too noticeable when limited range equipment is used. Noise may originate in two places, in the amplifier system, where the conventional procedures of decoupling, shielding, elimination of ground loops, etc., may be used, or due to electromagnetic coupling between the motor or power transformer and the tape playback head, hum may be introduced at this point and may often be reduced by the use of soft iron as magnetic shielding.

Several other drawbacks that might be mentioned are the usual absence of provision for mixing the inputs from more than one microphone and the lack of adequate monitoring and volume level indicator facilities. In many recorders the only level indicator is of the neon bulb type which is often difficult to interpret and may

suffer from a tendency to drift, with consequent over or under recording.

The experimenter who has obtained one of the several inexpensive tape machines now on the market may find it convenient to construct an auxiliary input system such as the unit shown in the accompanying schematic and photograph. This amplifier includes two high gain inputs, separately controlled, an equalizer for the 7.5 inch tape speed, and a separate output stage for monitoring and v.u. meter. Intended primarily to extend the range and usefulness of a conventional tape machine, it should likewise make an excellent unit for the reader who wishes to assemble his own complete system for use with a high quality amplifier speaker combination.

Several features are incorporated in this amplifier design that are worthy of note. One in particular is the use of 100,000 ohm volume controls in the mixer stage. This can be very important from the standpoint of maintaining uniform high frequency response at all settings of the control. Due to the input capacity of the tube as well as stray capacity to ground, the conventional five hundred thousand ohm pot may act as a low-pass filter at mid-setting where there is a resistance of 250,000 ohms in series with the grid of the following tube. In the circuit shown, this resulted in more than ten db. attenuation at ten thousand cycles even though very short leads and no shielding were used. Use of lower impedance controls tends to minimize this

effect although larger coupling condensers must be used to prevent low frequency attenuation.

It will be noted that the two plates of the 6SL7 mixer tube are isolated from each other by 100,000 ohm resistors rather than tied together as is often the practice. This is done to prevent serious intermodulation distortion which may be caused when both channels are used simultaneously, as it reduces the effect of the plate circuit of one half of the tube, acting as a widely varying load upon the other one.

The equalizer circuit ( $R_{13}$ ,  $C_6$ ,  $R_{14}$ ,  $C_7$  and  $S_1$ ) produces ten decibels boost at fifty cycles and approximately nine db. boost at ten thousand c.p.s., with the point of minimum boost being between fifteen hundred and two thousand cycles, thereby closely matching the characteristics needed for a tape speed of seven and one half inches. When used during both record and playback cycles, this gives an equivalent equalization of approximately twenty decibels at both ends of the audio range. If a constant current recording characteristic is used with a recording head such as the *Shure* TR5, this amount of equalization should give over-all response flat within a few decibels from fifty to ten thousand c.p.s. at the 7.5 inch tape speed.

Inasmuch as the system may be required to amplify input signals as low as a few hundred microvolts, it is necessary to reduce the noise level in the amplifier as much as possible. It will be noticed that a potentiometer with



the center tap grounded is placed across the filament supply. This is often useful in minimizing hum pickup when a high impedance input, such as a crystal microphone, is used, and should be adjusted for minimum hum under these conditions. Likewise, it is desirable to use a separate ground system such as shown in the schematic, as this is often of considerable importance, particularly around the input stage where it is usually desirable to isolate the input jack from the chassis. By following these practices the hum level of the unit built by the author was very low, even though a.c. was used on all filaments. Resistance-capacitance filtering was used in the circuit in order to prevent possible coupling between the magnetic field of the power transformer and a choke, with resultant induced hum.

A ninety mil power transformer was used in the amplifier constructed by the author in order to have available power for an external bias oscillator or audio power stage, however for the circuit shown this could easily be reduced to forty mils. Due to the relatively light loading of the power supply by the voltage amplifier stages alone, care should be taken that the voltage at the cathode of the rectifier does not exceed a safe value with regard to the filter condenser at this point.

In operation the auxiliary amplifier is intended to be used to drive the stage of a conventional recorder which drives the recording head. This can usually be done with a minimum of rewiring or circuit alteration. A closed circuit jack installed on the recorder chassis makes a very convenient arrangement as the recorder may then be used either with its self-contained amplifier or, by plugging in, with the external amplifier system. If desired, the output stage of the auxiliary amplifier may be used to directly drive a high impedance recording head, such as the *Shure TR5* dual track or *Indiana Steel* single track, through a suitable series resistance. When used in conjunction with a bias oscillator tape transport mechanism, and high quality amplifier for playback, this arrangement should be well suited for those who wish to assemble their own systems. If desired, more than two input channels can be incorporated, and the design may be modified easily to provide two entirely separate channels for dual track binaural recording or the simultaneous reproduction of two separate programs.

As the ultimate quality of the reproduction will depend to a great extent upon the original input signal, the choice of a microphone is of considerable importance. For some reason or another, little is said about the advantages of crystal microphones other than that they are inexpensive and possess a relatively high output level. Due to the fact that dynamic or ribbon microphones are almost invariably used in broadcast work, the

misconception that these types have inherently superior fidelity has gained ground. The widespread use of magnetic microphones can be traced largely to a number of other factors. One of the most important is the fact that they are low impedance devices that can be used with long cables and complicated switching and mixing arrangements without fear of hum pickup. With regard to actual fidelity, the magnetic microphone is subject to a number of serious distortions, particularly nonlinearity and poor transient response (especially in the case of ribbon microphones) as well as a number of other factors. These distortions are sometimes considered valuable by the broadcast engineer for reasons that will be noted later.

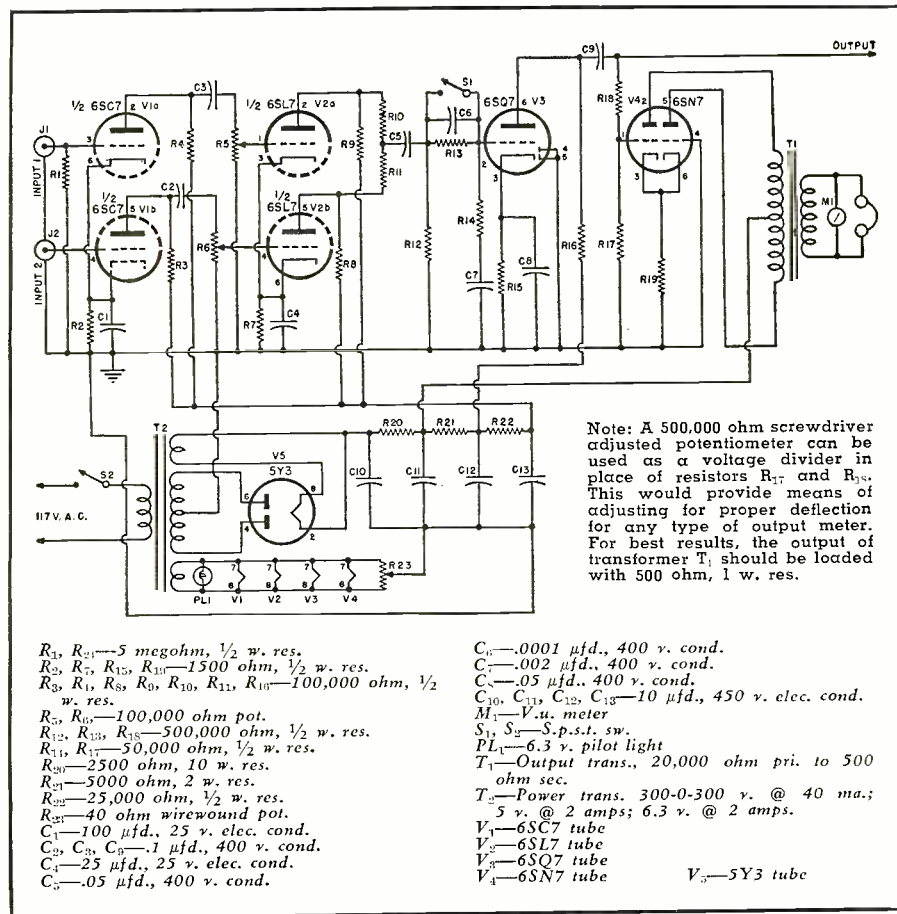
The crystal microphone is a sensitive, highly damped, pressure operated transducer capable of remarkably good linearity over a very wide dynamic range as well as excellent transient response. Similarly, excellent units may be purchased with good frequency response from below thirty c.p.s. to above ten kilocycles. While these qualities imply superior fidelity, they bring up several interesting problems in reproduction. Most important of these is the fact that the associated equipment used to translate the electrical output of the microphone back into acoustic energy may have defects or limitations that are accentuated by the wide range input.

An example of the foregoing that is of considerable importance in broadcast and other work where a maximum output level must be obtained whenever practical, is the relationship between the peak amplitudes and the average power contained in such complex sounds as speech or music. This relationship is usually determined by the type and complexity of the original sound and the fidelity of the microphone and associated equipment. With conventional broadcast equipment this ratio is approximately ten decibels, meaning that to obtain an average output of one watt an amplifier with undistorted sine wave capabilities of ten watts must be used. Limited frequency response, nonlinearity, and poor transient response all tend to lower this ratio. On the other hand, the author's experiments with crystal microphones have indicated that due to superior transient and complex wave characteristics, a ratio of peak-to-average power of fifteen or twenty decibels may be required for undistorted reproduction. These results tend to approximate some of those found by experimenters in the new, ultra-wide range, miniature condenser microphones.

The implications of the differences between peak and average power ratios are of considerable importance. Assuming an increase of six db. in the ratio by the use of accurate wide range mike pickup, this will mean

(Continued on page 114)

Schematic of audio amplifier. It will drive any high impedance recording head.





# DESIGN DATA On High IMPEDANCE PROBES

By  
**R. G. MIDDLETON**

**Practical theory of probe design—points covered apply to all circuits where high impedance and frequency compensation are major requirements.**

OSCILLOSCOPES are much more useful when provided with high-impedance probes, since waveforms may then be observed in critical circuits and high-impedance circuits without serious disturbance of circuit function. Practical theory of probe design is explained in this article, so that a probe may be designed for any requirement.

Besides offering a high impedance to source voltages, an oscilloscope probe has the important property of frequency compensation. Practically, this means that when a square wave is tested with the probe, the screen pattern will appear as in Fig. 1A with faithful reproduction, and not as Figs. 1B and 1C.

Square waves from a suitable multivibrator are particularly convenient for adjusting scope probes; this is because a square wave actually is built up of multitudes of harmonic frequencies.

What has happened in the case of

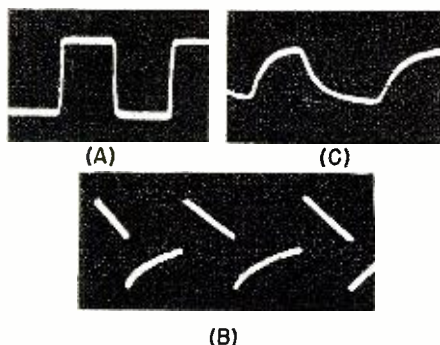


Fig. 1

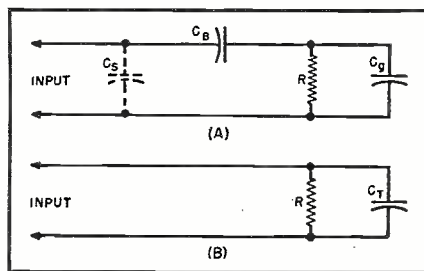


Fig. 2

Figs. 1B and 1C? Nothing but frequency distortion; the input network to the scope has discriminated against low frequencies in the first case, and against high frequencies in the second, but with a properly designed probe, both waveforms may be restored to the shape of 1A over the useful range of the scope.

The square-wave method of testing is used to trim up the input circuit of a scope by adjusting for a 100-cycle square wave and then checking response on a 10,000-cycle square wave.

Design factors involved are indicated in Fig. 2. The input terminals of the scope work into a circuit composed of resistance and capacitance in shunt. The blocking capacitance shown in Fig. 2A is to be neglected, since it is effectively a short circuit at the frequencies of interest. The stray wiring capacitance  $C_s$  may be combined with the tube input capacitance  $C_g$  to form the equivalent circuit of Fig. 2B.

The resistance,  $R$ , is the value of the grid leak, and may be slightly lower

if leakage exists between input terminals, socket springs, wire insulation and ground, or blocking condenser and ground. This effective shunt resistance may be represented by  $R$ .

Now this is evidently an input circuit which is not frequency-independent. At very high frequencies, the effective shunt capacitance  $C_T$  forms a bypass to ground which impairs the quality of waveform indication on the screen of the scope, as well as detuning and loading the resonant, high-impedance circuits being tested.

This drawback is easily overcome in scope design by using an  $RC$  probe like that shown in Fig. 3, the electrical characteristics of which compensate for the deficiencies of the input circuit. As will be demonstrated, the series resistance  $R_1$  and series capacitance  $C_1$  of the probe exhibit a frequency characteristic which can exactly correct the deficiencies of  $R_2$  and  $C_2$ , the shunt parameters of the

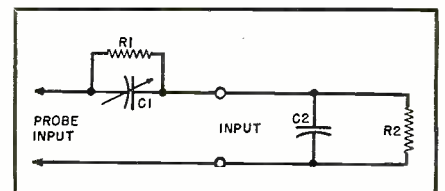
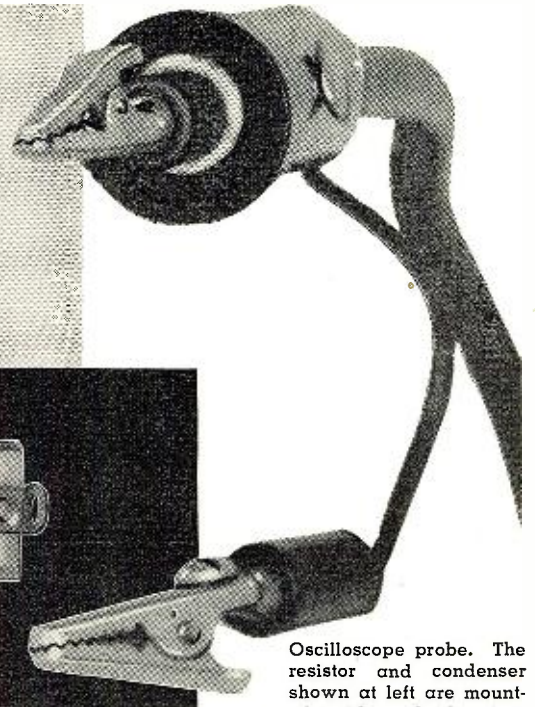


Fig. 3

circuit. Moreover, choice of suitable values of probe resistance and capacitance transforms the input impedance (absolute value) to a magnitude ten times as great as that encountered in typical practice. It can be shown that when  $R_1 C_1 = R_2 C_2$ , the input circuit becomes independent of frequency; in practice, this is verified by applying a square wave to the probe at several fundamental frequencies and

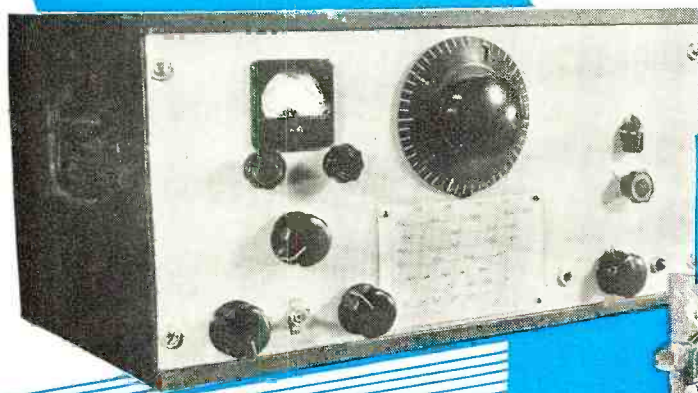
(Continued on page 137)



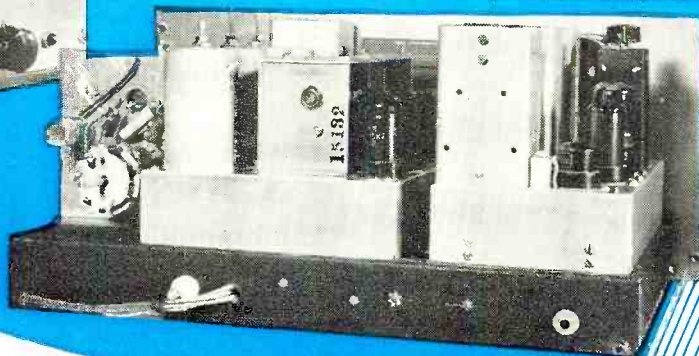
Oscilloscope probe. The resistor and condenser shown at left are mounted inside probe housing.



# BANDSWITCHING SUPERHET for HAM BANDS



Front and rear views of the home-built superhet.



By

**R. W. JONES, W6EDG**

THE usual receiver described for the amateur or experimenter - who prefers to "roll his own" resorts to plug-in coils, regenerative i.f. and r.f. stages and is generally not equipped with the refinements of even the cheapest factory-built job. This article will describe a bandswitching superhet of unique design for the amateur bands. This receiver has good selectivity, good sensitivity, excellent reset value on the tuning controls, and dual conversion for better image rejection on the higher frequency bands. This receiver is built in units, each unit is complete and may be replaced or modified without disturbing other units of the receiver. It is not intended that anyone will use this article for building a "Chinese Copy" of this receiver. It is felt that any amateur or experimenter that undertakes building a superhet receiver of this size will have many ideas of his own. This article, while detailed, will be more a description of the circuits and ideas used and notes on the development of this receiver. The receiver described in this article is the result of several years of construction and use of home-built superheterodynes.

The first model was a conventional type receiver with two r.f. stages, two i.f. stages at 456 kc. and plug-in coils. This receiver was designed for general coverage with a bandspread tuning condenser for the ham bands. A few years' use of this receiver brought out its faults and the final model, the receiver described in this article, evolved from use of this conventional type receiver.

**Basically, a tuner for the 3.4-4.2 mc. band with a companion converter covering 7, 14, 27, and 28 mc. bands.**

The first drawback of the earlier models was the plug-in coils. To cover all the ham bands and general coverage required 16 plug-in coils. Naturally the plug-in coil needed was always missing and at the bottom of a drawer. Plug-in coils are 1932 equipment, no one wants to spend time and money building a receiver and then have to change plug-in coils.

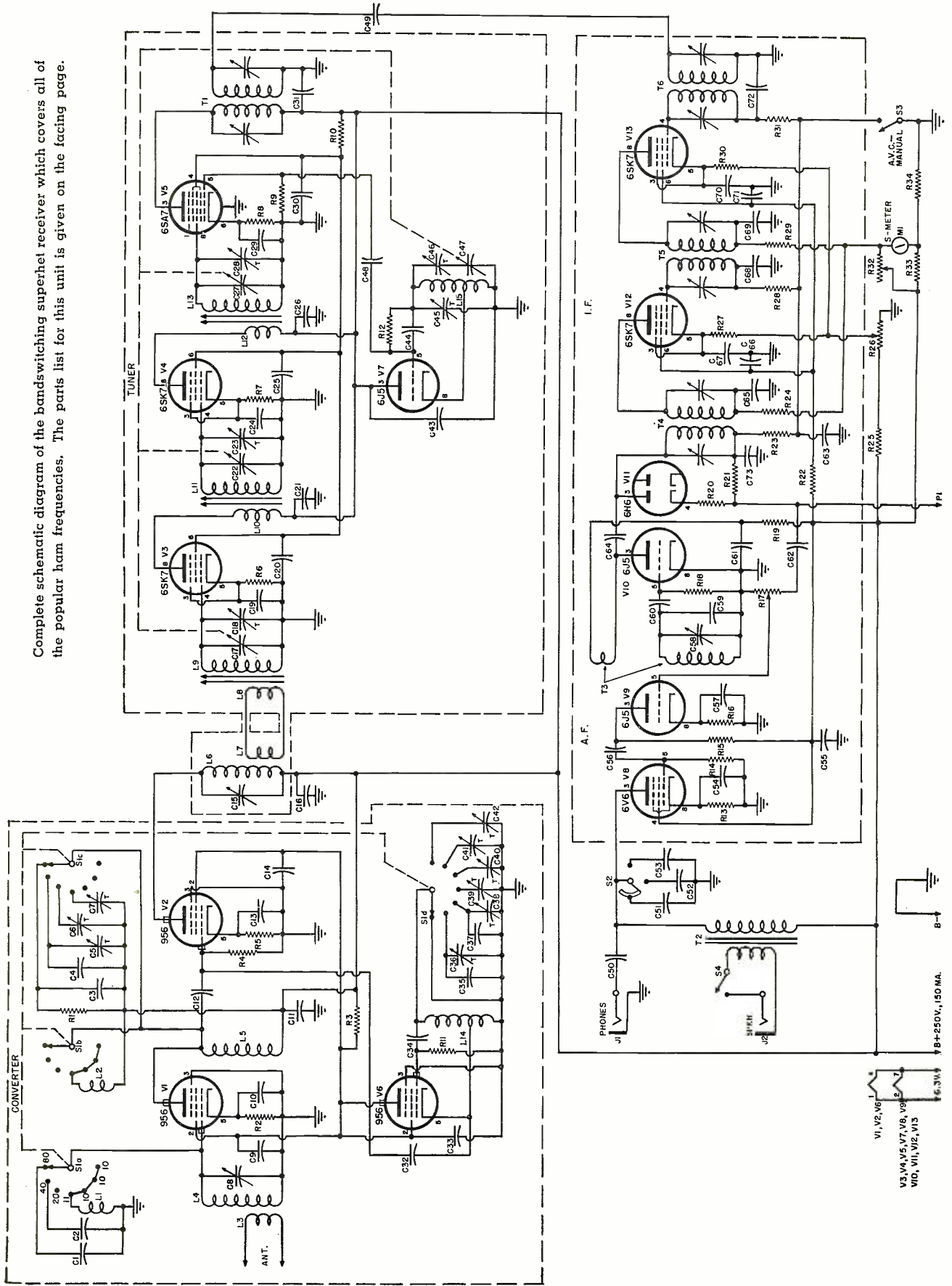
The original receiver was built for general coverage with a small percentage of overlap on each band. After some use of the receiver it was noticed that it was never used on any frequencies but the ham bands so the general coverage feature could have been eliminated. With the system of general coverage and separate bandspread condensers there was poor reset value on the tuning controls which made schedule keeping and frequency spotting difficult. With the conventional 456 kc. i.f. the image rejection on ten and eleven meters was very poor. The frequency stability was also poor on ten and eleven meters, being especially noticeable on c.w. signals. As could be expected with 456 kc. i.f. the selectivity of the original model was not very good. The earlier models were built on a steel chassis as one unit, which made servicing and modifications difficult.

The receiver described in this article

is basically a tuner operating in the frequency range of 3.4 to 4.2 mc. with a converter (fixed tuned) ahead of it for converting 7, 14, 27, and 28 mc. signals into signals falling in the range of 3.4 to 4.2 mc. The i.f. system following the 3.4 to 4.2 mc. tuner is on 175 kc. with the first set of transformers at critical coupling, *a la* Q-5'er, for good selectivity. The block diagram shows the units and their functions. On the block diagram is also shown the fixed tuned converter oscillator frequencies. In all cases the difference frequency is used, and for all bands the oscillator—in the fixed tuned converter—is lower than the received signals frequency with the exception of 7 mc. Note from the tuning chart that the tuning for the 7 mc. band is the reverse of the others. To demonstrate the action of the fixed tuned converter a received signal frequency of 14,000 kc. will be taken as an example. With the 14,000 kc. signal mixed with 10,450 kc., the output of the mixer will be the sum and difference of the two signals. Since the output of the 956 mixer is tuned to the 3.4 to 4.2 mc. range the sum signal will not be present. The difference frequency will be 3550 kc., when the 3.4 to 4.2 mc. tuner is tuned to 3550 kc. the 14,000 kc. will be heard. A received signal at the other end of the 14 mc.



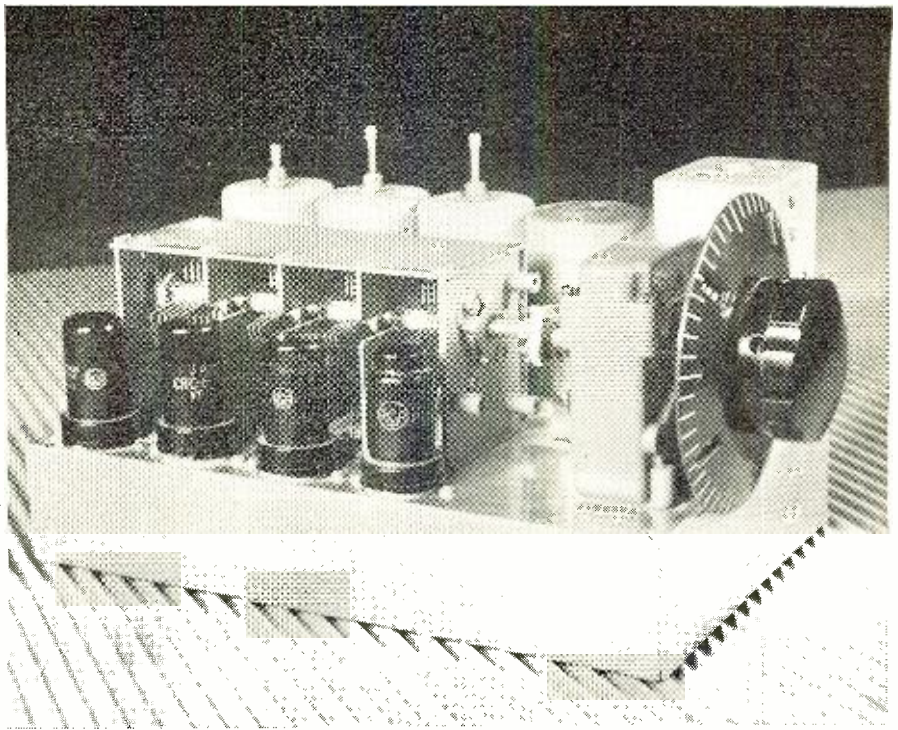
Complete schematic diagram of the bandswitching superheli receiver which covers all of the popular ham frequencies. The parts list for this unit is given on the facing page.





band, 14,400 kc. for instance, would provide a difference of 3950 kc. The 14,400 kc. signal would be audible when the tuner is set to 3950 kc. This same theory applies to all bands except 80 meters; the frequency of the heterodyned signal at the input of the 3.4 to 4.2 mc. tuner being equal to the difference between the original received signal frequency and the fixed tuned converter oscillator frequency. On 7, 14, 27, and 28 mc. the fixed tuned converter is used as a converter but for the 3.5 to 4.0 mc. amateur band it is used as an r.f. amplifier with the converter oscillator disabled. Several systems of mechanical switching were tried for connecting the antenna to the 3.4 to 4.2 mc. tuner when tuning the 80 meter amateur band but were found impractical due to capacity in the switch which allowed 80 meter signals to get into the tuner when using the receiver on other bands. Since the tuning range of the tuner is only from 3.4 to 4.2 mc. only about 700 kc. can be covered on each band setting. This requires three separate band settings for the entire ten meter band, but this is not objectionable and allows good bandsread on the other bands. If the receiver were designed for complete coverage of the ten meter band in 500 dial divisions it would make the bandsread much less on the other bands. The ten meter band is divided so that the c.w. portion is one band, the low end of the phone band another, and the high end of the phone portion the third band setting. The tuning chart shows clearly the bands and their relation. Since this type receiver does its tuning for all bands on the same frequency there is a uniform rate of frequency change per dial division on all bands. At the bottom of the tuning chart is given the kc./div. for each section of the tuning range. This is a good feature when someone tells you they are going "up ten kc."

The receiver is built in four separate



The 3.4 to 4.2 mc. tuner. Output i.f. can is mounted on chassis behind dial gear box.

units; the fixed tuned converter, the 3.4 to 4.2 mc. tuner, the i.f.-a.f. chassis, and the foundation chassis. The foundation unit is a 11" x 17" x 2" steel chassis with power supply connections, panel, "S" meter, and output transformer mounted on it. Some of the controls are mounted on the foundation chassis and others on the individual chassis. The complete schematic diagram shows location of various parts. Building the receiver in units makes for easy servicing and also facilitates the complete change of one section without disturbing any other unit.

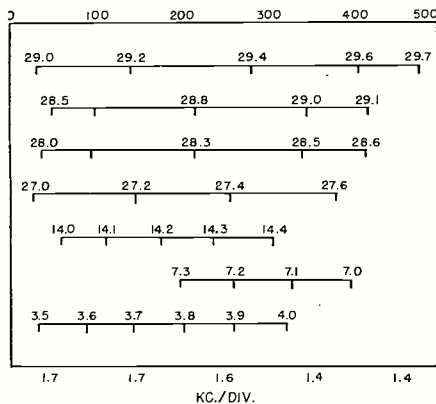
The converter front end uses three 956 acorn tubes. The acorn tube was chosen for two reasons; it is easier to use with this type of construction be-

cause its plate and grid leads come out at opposite ends of the tube envelope, and it is cheap on the surplus market. The three tubes used in the converter are all the same type to make replacements easier. The converter has no chassis, the works being built on three uprights of aluminum which are, in turn, held apart by the bandswitch. One acorn tube is mounted on each upright of aluminum; the front tube is the r.f. tube, middle tube the mixer, and the rear tube the fixed tuned oscillator. The two outside uprights of aluminum have feet for mounting on the foundation chassis. The band change switch and the r.f. stage tuning condenser are mounted so that their shafts extend through the front panel when the converter is

Complete parts list for the bandswitching superhet ham receiver. The circuit diagram appears on the opposite page.

- |   |   |  |
|---|---|--|
| <p><math>R_1</math>—10,000 ohm, <math>\frac{1}{2}</math> w. res.<br/> <math>R_2, R_6, R_7</math>—200 ohm, <math>\frac{1}{2}</math> w. res.<br/> <math>R_3</math>—50,000 ohm, 2 w. res.<br/> <math>R_4</math>—150,000 ohm, <math>\frac{1}{2}</math> w. res.<br/> <math>R_5, R_8, R_{21}, R_{25}</math>—2000 ohm <math>\frac{1}{2}</math> w. res.<br/> <math>R_9</math>—22,000 ohm, <math>\frac{1}{2}</math> w. res.<br/> <math>R_{10}</math>—10,000 ohm, 5 w. res.<br/> <math>R_{11}, R_{12}, R_{15}, R_{18}, R_{19}, R_{22}, R_{23}, R_{24}</math>—100,000 ohm, <math>\frac{1}{2}</math> w. res.<br/> <math>R_{13}</math>—600 ohm, 5 w. res.<br/> <math>R_{14}, R_{24}</math>—220,000 ohm, <math>\frac{1}{2}</math> w. res.<br/> <math>R_{16}</math>—2000 ohm, 2 w. res.<br/> <math>R_{17}</math>—1 megohm pot.<br/> <math>R_{20}, R_{28}</math>—500,000 ohm, <math>\frac{1}{2}</math> w. res.<br/> <math>R_{21}</math>—50,000 ohm, <math>\frac{1}{2}</math> w. res.<br/> <math>R_{22}</math>—50,000 ohm, 5 w. res.<br/> <math>R_{23}, R_{32}</math>—10,000 ohm wirewound pot.<br/> <math>R_{27}, R_{36}</math>—300 ohm, <math>\frac{1}{2}</math> w. res.<br/> <math>R_{33}</math>—4000 ohm, <math>\frac{1}{2}</math> w. res.<br/> <math>C_1, C_2</math>—350 <math>\mu</math>fd. mica cond.<br/> <math>C_3, C_{24}, C_{41}, C_{57}</math>—100 <math>\mu</math>fd. mica cond.<br/> <math>C_4</math>—80 <math>\mu</math>fd. mica cond.<br/> <math>C_5, C_6, C_7, C_{15}, C_{36}, C_{38}, C_{39}, C_{40}, C_{41}, C_{42}</math>—4-40 <math>\mu</math>fd. mica trimmer<br/> <math>C</math>—35 <math>\mu</math>fd. var. cond. (Hammarlund HF35)<br/> <math>C_9, C_{10}, C_{11}, C_{13}, C_{14}, C_{16}, C_{19}, C_{20}, C_{21}, C_{24}, C_{25}, C_{26}, C_{29}, C_{30}, C_{33}, C_{43}</math>—006 <math>\mu</math>fd., 400 v. cond.<br/> <math>C_{12}, C_{15}</math>—50 <math>\mu</math>fd. mica cond.<br/> <math>C_{17}, C_{23}, C_{27}, C_{47}</math>—Four-gang tuning cond. (See text)<br/> <math>C_{18}, C_{22}, C_{28}</math>—100 <math>\mu</math>fd. (max.) trimmer (Hammarlund APC-100)</p> | <p><math>C_{31}, C_{32}, C_{56}, C_{62}, C_{68}, C_{72}</math>—.01 <math>\mu</math>fd., 400 v. cond.<br/> <math>C_{32}</math>—15 <math>\mu</math>fd. mica cond.<br/> <math>C_{35}</math>—300 <math>\mu</math>fd. mica cond.<br/> <math>C_{37}</math>—400 <math>\mu</math>fd. mica cond.<br/> <math>C_{45}</math>—140 <math>\mu</math>fd. (max.) var. cond. (Hammarlund MC140-M)<br/> <math>C_{46}</math>—1000 <math>\mu</math>fd. mica trimmer<br/> <math>C_{47}</math>—Insulated hookup wire twisted together (See text)<br/> <math>C_{50}, C_{53}, C_{61}, C_{63}, C_{65}, C_{66}, C_{67}, C_{69}, C_{70}, C_{71}</math>—.1 <math>\mu</math>fd., 400 v. cond.<br/> <math>C_{71}, C_{72}</math>—006 <math>\mu</math>fd. mica cond.<br/> <math>C_{74}, C_{75}</math>—10 <math>\mu</math>fd., 50 v. cond.<br/> <math>C_{76}</math>—15 <math>\mu</math>fd. var. cond. (Hammarlund HF15)<br/> <math>C_{78}</math>—500 <math>\mu</math>fd. mica cond.<br/> <math>C_{80}</math>—200 <math>\mu</math>fd. mica cond.<br/> <math>C_{81}</math>—4 t. insulated hookup wire around lead from i.f. can to diode plate<br/> <math>L_1</math>—10 t. #24 en. <math>\frac{1}{8}</math>" long on Amphenol <math>\frac{3}{4}</math>" x <math>1\frac{1}{16}</math>" form<br/> <math>L_2</math>—10 t. #24 en. <math>\frac{1}{2}</math>" long, on Amphenol <math>\frac{3}{4}</math>" x <math>1\frac{1}{16}</math>" form<br/> <math>L_3</math>—7 t. #24 en. <math>\frac{1}{4}</math>" long on Amphenol <math>\frac{3}{4}</math>" x <math>1\frac{1}{16}</math>" form<br/> <math>L_4</math>—15 t. #24 en. <math>\frac{1}{2}</math>" long on same form as <math>L_3</math><br/> <math>L_5</math>—19 t. #24 en. <math>\frac{3}{4}</math>" long on Amphenol <math>\frac{3}{4}</math>" x <math>1\frac{1}{16}</math>" form<br/> <math>L_6</math>—34 t. #24 en. closewound on <math>1\frac{1}{4}</math>" form<br/> <math>L_7</math>—11 t. #24 en. closewound on same form as <math>L_6</math>, closely coupled<br/> <math>L_8</math>—10 t. #24 en. closewound on <math>1\frac{1}{4}</math>" form</p> | <p><math>L_9</math>—46 t. #24 en. closewound on same form as <math>L_8</math><br/> <math>L_{10}</math>—10 t. #24 en. closewound on <math>1\frac{1}{4}</math>" form<br/> <math>L_{11}</math>—46 t. #24 en. closewound on same form as <math>L_{10}</math><br/> <math>L_{12}</math>—10 t. #24 en. closewound on <math>1\frac{1}{4}</math>" form<br/> <math>L_{13}</math>—46 t. #24 en. closewound on same form as <math>L_{12}</math><br/> <math>L_{14}</math>—8 t. #24 en. <math>\frac{1}{2}</math>" long, tapped <math>1\frac{1}{4}</math> t. from gnd. end on Amphenol <math>\frac{3}{4}</math>" x <math>1\frac{1}{16}</math>" form<br/> <math>L_{15}</math>—40 t. #24 en. <math>\frac{7}{8}</math>" long, on <math>1\frac{1}{4}</math>" form, tapped 4 t. from gnd. end<br/> <math>J_1</math>—Phone jack<br/> <math>J_2</math>—Speaker jack<br/> <math>P_1</math>—Standoff terminal (See text)<br/> <math>M_1</math>—0-1 ma. "S" meter<br/> <math>S_1</math>—S.p. 11-pos. bandswitch (See text)<br/> <math>S_2</math>—Shorting-type, 3-pos. ("Tone Control")<br/> <math>S_3</math>—S.p.s.t. sw. ("AVC-Manual")<br/> <math>S_4</math>—S.p.s.t. toggle sw. ("Speaker")<br/> <math>T_1, T_2, T_3, T_4</math>—175 kc. i.f. trans. (National)<br/> <math>T_2</math>—Output trans., pentode to v.c. (5000 ohm pri.)<br/> <math>T_3</math>—456 kc. b.f.o. trans. padded to 175 kc. with 500 <math>\mu</math>fd. (Cond. <math>C_{50}</math>)<br/> <math>V_1, V_2, V_6</math>—956 tube<br/> <math>V_3, V_4, V_{12}, V_{13}</math>—6SK7 tube<br/> <math>V_5</math>—6S47 tube<br/> <math>V_7, V_9, V_{10}</math>—6J5 tube<br/> <math>V_8</math>—6V6 tube<br/> <math>V_{11}</math>—6H6 tube<br/>         Note: Coils <math>L_8</math> through <math>L_{13}</math> are built on slug tuned forms (see text)</p> |
|---|---|--|



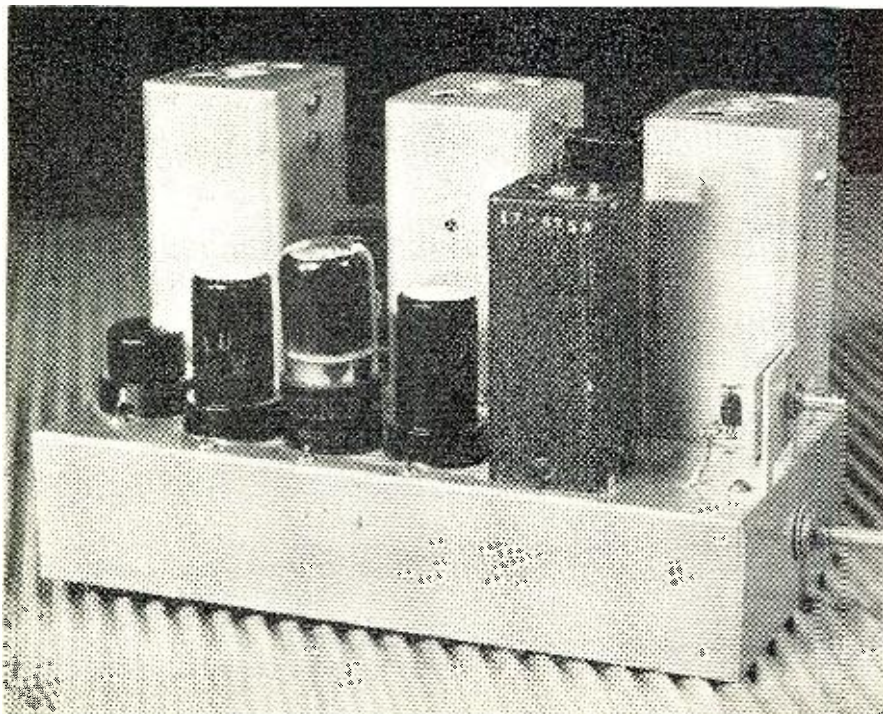


Tuning chart for the front of the superhet.

bolted to the foundation chassis. The oscillator of the converter is fixed tuned, and the oscillator padders are mounted in a ring on the end of the bandswitch assembly. The bandswitch wiring is as simple as possible. A system of paralleling inductances for the r.f. and mixer stages is used for coverage of all the ham bands.

The combined value of inductances in parallel is calculated the same as resistors in parallel and it is possible to cover a range of 3.5 to 30 mc. with only two inductances in each grid circuit. The mixer stage has a fixed trimmer for each band while the r.f. stage trimmer is adjustable from the front panel. The only adjustments required for changing bands are to turn the bandswitch and adjust the r.f. stage trimmer for maximum signal. Tuning from one end of the band to the other will require readjustment of the r.f. stage trimmer but normal frequency excursions will not. Fixed condensers could be used in the r.f. stage but this would require broadbanding and some inherent loss of sensitivity.

The i.f.-a.f. chassis. The two controls are the b.f.o. condenser and a.f. gain control.



The first model of this converter used a harmonic oscillator, that is, the oscillator grid circuit was on a lower frequency and the output taken at the fourth or fifth harmonic from a tuned circuit in the plate of the oscillator. The purpose of this was to get good oscillator stability on the higher frequency bands. This system did not work, however, because of other than the wanted harmonics appearing in the plate circuit. These unwanted harmonics were very weak but they would beat with strong local signals and cause "ghosts" in the middle of the band. The stability of the system as described is very good and there is no need for better. Ten meter c.w. operation is a pleasure with this receiver and not the ordeal it was with the old conventional type receiver. No ground returns are made to parts of the bandswitch assembly itself, each stage has a common ground point and these points are all tied together. Trouble was experienced with oscillations in the r.f. stage when the bandswitch was used as a ground return. Note in the photograph of the converter that the antenna connections are right at the r.f. stage. The antenna leads are brought in through the side of the receiver cabinet at that point. It is best not to run the antenna lead through the receiver cabinet due to the possibility of the 3.4 to 4.2 mc. tuner picking up 80 meter signals. The bandswitch is made up of wafers of a single-pole eleven-position shorting type bandswitch with seven positions in use, leaving four blank for later additions. The oscillator uses six padders, the oscillator being disabled by shorting the grid coil for the 80 meter band when the r.f. and mixer stages are used as bandpass amplifiers. The output of the conver-

ter is taken from a tuned circuit in the plate of the mixer tube. The coupling between the plate and output winding is very tight for even output over the frequency range 3.4 to 4.2 mc. The converter output inductance is mounted directly under the fixed tuned converter in the foundation chassis. The output coil of the converter is shielded and shielded leads are used to reduce the possibility of pickup of unwanted signals. Note in the photograph the aluminum bracket supporting the trimmer condenser for the r.f. stage. This support is a strip of aluminum held to the bandswitch assembly by the mounting nut on the threaded shaft of the bandswitch. The ten meter band has no trimmer for the mixer stage, the stray capacity being sufficient to resonate the mixer inductance to 28 mc. This will change with individual layouts and design and may require a trimmer in other models.

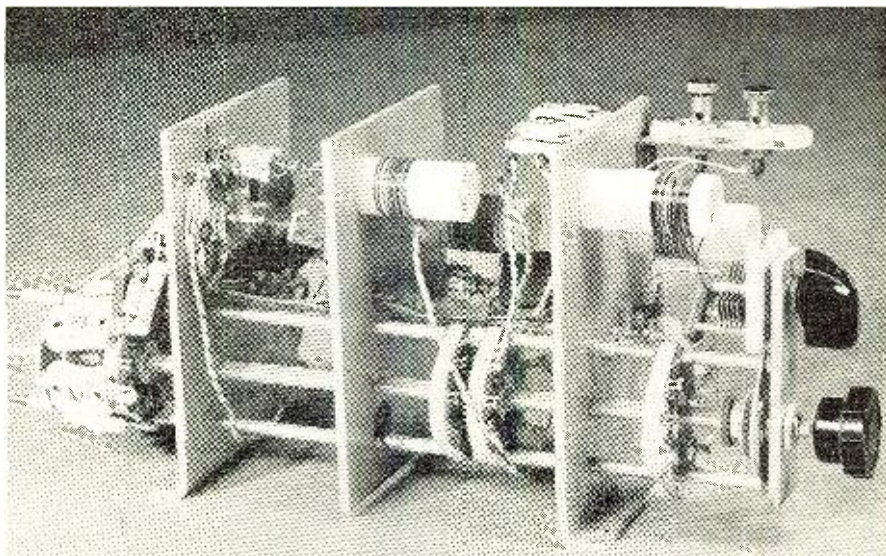
The 3.4 to 4.2 mc. tuner of the receiver is a two-stage r.f. amplifier, mixer, and oscillator unit. This complete tuner is built on a 11" x 7" x 2" aluminum chassis. The r.f. stages are 6SK7's, the mixer a 6SA7, and the oscillator a 6J5. The four-gang tuning condenser is from a BC-603 tuning unit. The maximum capacity is 50  $\mu\mu\text{fd}$ . per section with one plate removed from the three front sections and two plates from the double-spaced section. These tuning units, with push-buttons and dial, are available at surplus for \$2.50 and they are better built than some standard models costing several times as much. Alternately, two 50  $\mu\mu\text{fd}$ . dual minatures could be ganged. The tuning dial, push-buttons, and trimmers were all stripped off and some of the extra fittings filed off to make a neat and well shielded four-gang tuning unit. The coil shields were picked up in a surplus store, four for a dollar. They were originally used on some low frequency inductances and have  $\frac{3}{8}$ " diameter adjustable slugs in them. The coils inside the shields are five-prong, plug-in type coils that are a holdover from an earlier model receiver. These coils, thanks to the fixed tuned converter, are never plugged in or out. Having the tuning slugs and also the trimmers makes it easy to obtain good tracking over the frequency range 3.4 to 4.2 mc. Good tracking for this unit is important and the effort and time spent to achieve it will be well spent. The Millen type shielded coil with adjustable tuning slug would work as well or probably better than the coils used in this receiver. No matter what type coil is used it must be well shielded. There is no adjustable slug for the oscillator inductance, the tuning range being adjusted by the series padder mounted inside the coil shield. Good shielding of this tuner is important for several reasons; in keeping unwanted signals out of the tuner when tuning the higher frequency bands, in keeping harmonics of the tuner oscillator from being heard



through the converter front end, and in keeping the tuner oscillator from beating with strong signals and mixing in the r.f. stage of the fixed tuned converter. All three of these conditions have been experienced with earlier unshielded models. Many different combinations of heterodyned frequencies are possible with two oscillators in one receiver. The output of the tuner is on 175 kc., with a 175 kc. i.f. can mounted on the tuner chassis. This transformer is loosely coupled, capacitively, to the input i.f. transformer in the i.f.-a.f. unit. The coupling is about 2 or 3  $\mu\text{pfd.}$  of capacity which is made up of two pieces of insulated wire twisted together for half an inch or so. This condenser is  $C_{40}$  on the schematic.

The i.f.-a.f. chassis is a 9" x 5" x 2" aluminum unit with two i.f. stages, a second detector-a.v.c., a b.f.o., and two audio stages. The i.f. stages are on 175 kc. and the input transformer is loosely coupled to the i.f. transformer in the plate circuit of the 6SA7 mixer in the tuner unit. This coupling capacity should be adjusted for good selectivity. The i.f. transformers are *National* 175 kc. cans. These cans, as supplied, were equipped with 1 megohm resistors across one of the windings. These resistors were removed to improve the "Q" of the transformer. The b.f.o. transformer is a 456 kc. b.f.o. can padded with additional capacity to 175 kc. One half of the 6H6 is not used, the second detector being a conventional diode which also supplies the a.v.c. voltage. The audio gain control is mounted on the i.f.-a.f. chassis and the shaft is long enough to extend through the front panel. The b.f.o. trimmer is also mounted on the i.f.-a.f. chassis and is coupled to a bearing shaft on the front panel with a flexible coupling. The i.f. gain is external to the i.f.-a.f. chassis and the lead to it is carried in a cable. The standoff terminal beside the 6H6, visible in the photograph, is an output connection across the diode load resistor for connecting an oscilloscope for visual alignment of the i.f. system or for connecting a v.t.v.m. for conventional alignment. The b.f.o. trimmer condenser has one corner of one of the rotor plates turned down so that when completely meshed it shorts and disables the beat oscillator. The output transformer, a small pentode-to-voice coil job, is mounted external to the i.f.-a.f. chassis on the foundation chassis. Note in the schematic the switch,  $S_2$ . This "Tone Control" has been found valuable in cutting down the annoying heterodynes from adjacent channel stations.

The "S" meter is in a bridge circuit in the plates of the two i.f. stages, these are the only stages biased with the a.v.c. system. Using a bridge type circuit for the "S" meter enables us to use an ordinary 0-1 ma. meter. The dial is a *National* NPW-O type with gear box. This dial is, in my opinion, the best on the market for ham receiver use and well worth its



Assembled view of the fixed tuned converter. This photograph shows the method for mounting the oscillator padders in a ring on the end of the receiver's bandswitch.

\$9.00 net price. In choosing a dial for your home-brewed receiver it is well to remember that the dial will get more physical use than any other control on the receiver and a cheap dial can spoil the operation of an otherwise excellent receiver. The calibration chart is mounted directly under the dial; it is mounted behind a piece of lucite which is held on with four small machine screws. The tuning chart, like the plug-in coils, was always missing when needed before it was mounted on the receiver panel. The panel is a standard size 19" x 8 3/4" aluminum panel painted with a light gray enamel. A cabinet is required in a receiver of this type because of the necessity for good shielding.

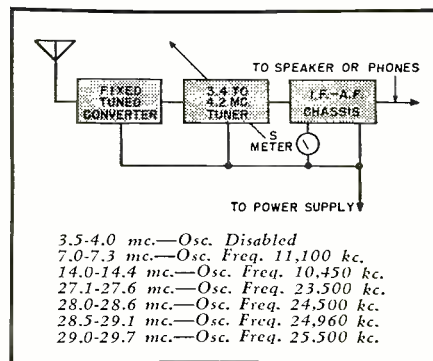
When aligning the three sections it is best to align each unit individually before trying them all together. The fixed tuned converter could be used with a separate receiver tuning from 3.4 to 4.2 mc. and all the circuits peaked up. The oscillator of the fixed tuned converter can be set and checked with a general coverage receiver with a fairly accurate dial calibration or with a frequency meter.

The tuning range of the 3.4 to 4.2 mc. tuner is set with the series padder on the oscillator. After the tuning range has been set the two r.f. amplifiers and mixer trimmers and slugs are adjusted for good tracking. Some trimming of the inductances may be necessary to get good tracking.

The i.f. transformers on 175 kc. should be adjusted with a signal generator. If a sweep type signal generator is available a scope can be connected to  $P_1$  for visual alignment. If an ordinary type signal generator is used a v.t.v.m. may be used for indication across  $P_1$ .

The power supply for the receiver should provide 250 volts d.c., well filtered, at about 100 ma. and 6.3 volts a.c. at 6 amps.

While voltage regulation of the power supply is not necessary, it would



Block diagram of the receiver. Receiver frequency ranges with the corresponding oscillator frequencies are also given.

be an added refinement and can easily be accomplished with a VR105 and VR150 tube connected in series across the power supply output.

The fundamental design used in this receiver precludes the possibility of obsolescence in the event that different frequency coverages are wanted for any reason. Fixed tuned converters for different frequency ranges may be designed without the usual problems of tracking and their attendant difficulties.

The advantage of a definite tuning ratio saves many bandspread calculations.

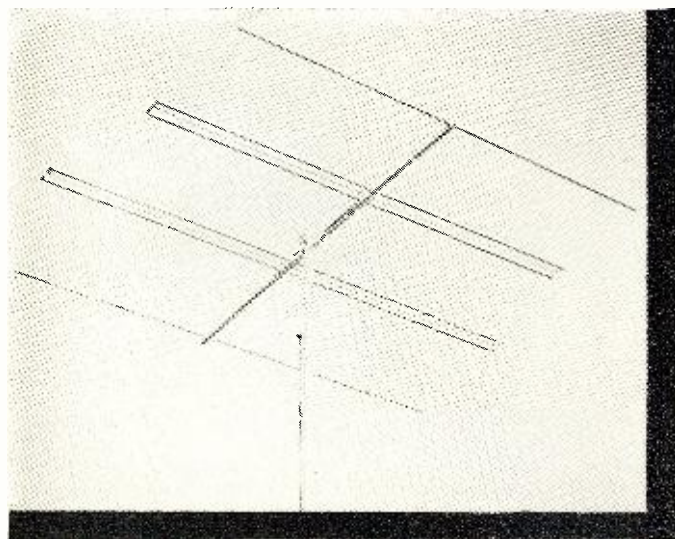
Is this the final model? No, I'm thinking now, not of a bigger but of a better receiver. It would make a nice receiver with miniature tubes all the way through, crystals for the fixed tuned converter, and some other refinements. Perhaps gang tuning of the fixed tuned converter r.f. and mixer stages with the 3.4 to 4.2 mc. tuner, maybe even the same or better sensitivity in half the space with some of these new smaller components. One thing I'm convinced of; I have the right idea for tuning and bandswitching and the future models will be the same basic circuit as this receiver.



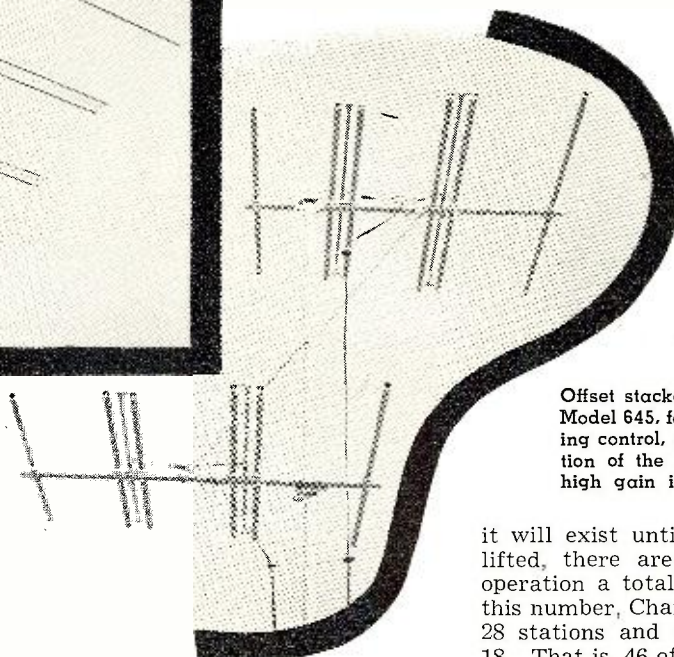
# TWO-CHANNEL TV YAGI DESIGN

By  
**G. N. CARMICHAEL**  
 Chief Eng., Trio Manufacturing Co.

***New design provides good co-channel (4 and 5) operation in fringe areas.***



Single Yagi bay. Trio's Model 445 provides 10 db. gain over entire range from Channel 4 through 5. Front-to-back ratio is over 20 db. for total range. New design provides four-element Yagi performance from a single bay antenna.



Offset stacked Yagi array. This Trio Model 645, for use with voltage phasing control, provides maximum rejection of the back signal as well as high gain in the forward direction.

IT IS generally conceded that the Yagi antenna offers the best possibilities for TV reception in fringe areas. The characteristics of this type of antenna—high gain, sharp lobe pattern together with high front-to-back ratio, and low vertical wave angle response—combine to produce the necessary qualifications for a TV aerial for low signal level areas. However, the increasing number of chan-

nels available in many fringe areas has made installations of Yagi bays for each channel prohibitive because of cost and difficulty of installation. It is natural to consider the possibility of one bay having sufficiently broad frequency response to cover two adjacent channels. Experiments in tuning the elements to obtain this result are not too promising. Since the functioning of the parasitic elements of a Yagi antenna are dependent on dimensions and spacing to provide the proper phasing, it is not possible to have characteristic parasitic behavior over a range of frequencies which is any considerable percentage of the fundamental frequency.

The attempt to obtain adjacent channel operation of a single antenna bay is more difficult on Channels 4 and 5 because of the frequencies, 66-72 mc. for Channel 4 and 76-82 mc. for Channel 5. The fact that there is a break between these two channels means that a total range of 16 mc. must be covered, nearly 25% of the lowest frequency. Although this difficulty does not exist on other adjacent channels, and considerable success can be obtained on the high channels by a compromise tuning of the parasitic elements, it is on Channels 4 and 5 that the problem is most acute.

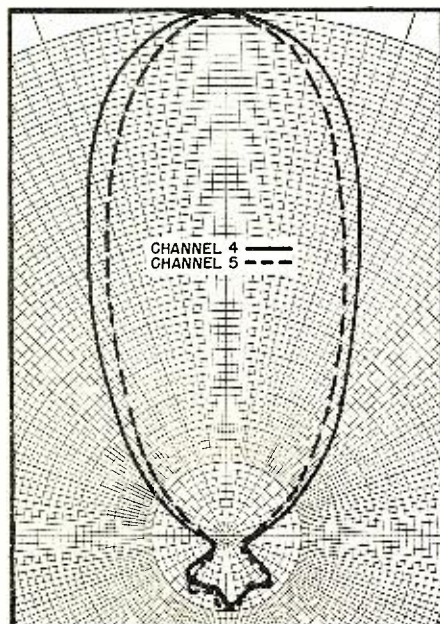
On the basis of the present allocations, which represent the situation as

it will exist until after the freeze is lifted, there are now or will be in operation a total of 109 stations. Of this number, Channel 4 will contribute 28 stations and Channel 5 will have 18. That is, 46 of the 109 stations will be in operation on these two channels. For this reason, a further study of a single antenna bay for Channels 4 and 5 seems very much worthwhile.

A design was finally worked out on a basis which represents a new departure in parasitic antennas. In final form, the antenna consists of four elements whose functioning is different on the two channels. On Channel 4, the elements act as reflector, dipole, director, director, in that order; while on Channel 5, the same elements act as reflector, reflector, dipole, and director. In order to understand the possibility of such action, it should be remembered that the parasitic elements obtain their effect by the re-radiated and induced voltages which combine with proper phase relation in the active element and are delivered by the active element to the feed-line. However, the active element, even at maximum efficiency, delivers only 50% of this voltage to the feed-line. The remaining energy is, in large part, re-radiated. That is, an active element has some of the necessary characteristics of a parasitic element. Final design was largely experimental, since there were no previous results on which to compute dimensions and spacing.

Fig. 5 shows the layout, dimensions, and spacing of the antenna. No constructional details are given since those will be a matter of personal preference. It is not necessary that

Fig. 1. Voltage patterns on Channels 4 and 5.





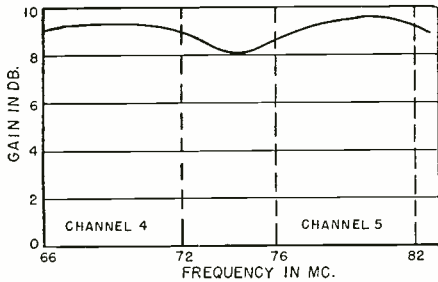


Fig. 2. Voltage gain over reference dipoles.

any of the elements be insulated from the boom except the center elements of the folded dipoles. These folded dipoles are critical as to element size and spacing, since the impedance step-up depends on the relative diameters and spacing. They consist of an active element of  $\frac{3}{8}$ " o. d. paralleled by two elements of  $\frac{5}{8}$ " o. d. each spaced  $1\frac{1}{2}$ " center-to-center from the active element. The  $\frac{3}{8}$ " active element is, of course, the active dipole and is broken at the center with a  $1\frac{1}{2}$ " gap with the phasing strips connected at these points. The phasing strip is of 300 ohm twin-lead, transposed between the dipoles and with the feedline taken off  $7\frac{1}{2}$ " from the point of attachment to the longer dipole.

Fig. 1 shows voltage lobes for channels 4 and 5. It should be noted that these patterns are typical Yagi patterns. The front-to-back ratio is not quite as high as can be obtained from a single channel four-element Yagi tuned for maximum front-to-back, but remains above 20 db. from the video carrier of Channel 4 through the sound carrier frequency of Channel 5. Fig. 2 shows voltage gain plotted against two reference dipoles, one for Channel 4 and one for Channel 5. Both Fig. 1 and Fig. 2 were obtained from received signals from stations at least 90 miles distant. It is the author's feeling that such data obtained from locally generated signals is practically valueless since it does not take into account the vertical wave angle involved in reception of distant stations.

Since the number of stations on Channels 4 and 5 is so large, there is another problem of increasing importance in fringe areas, that of co-channel interference. For example, at the author's home, in west central Illinois, the following stations create a difficult situation: KSD-TV Channel 5, 92 miles south, 20 degrees east; WOC-TV Channel 5, 125 miles north; WNBQ Channel 5, 240 miles northeast; WHBF-TV Channel 4, 125 miles north; WBKB Channel 4, 240 miles northeast; and WDAF-TV Channel 4, 240 miles west. No conventional antenna has provided a solution to the interference existing on these channels. However, another approach to the problem has provided a means of reception.

Fig. 3 shows two of the antenna bays just described installed in such a way that a wavefront will intercept the two bays with a phase difference. For a signal from a forward direction,

this phase difference will be of the order of 90 degrees with the voltage in the lower bay leading the voltage in the upper bay. A signal from the rear will provide a phase difference of approximately the same amount, but in this case, the voltage in the lower bay will lag. With separate feedlines brought down to the ends of a 42" open-wire line, as in Fig. 4, and with a variable tap on this line to provide the exact phasing required, it is possible to obtain practically complete suppression of the unwanted signal while still maintaining high forward gain for the desired signal. It may be necessary to reverse the connections to one end of the open-wire line to provide the necessary phasing.

The spacings required in Fig. 3 are 67" distance between upper and lower bays, and a total offset of 37" obtained by mounting the upper bay 15" back of its director, with the lower bay 15" forward of its reflector.

An antenna embodying the principles involved in this article is produced by *Trio Manufacturing Co.* of Griggsville, Ill. In order to provide manual control of the phasing, the open-wire line is replaced by a fixed inductance with a continuously variable tap. This, together with a d.p.d.t. switch for transposing one of the feedlines, gives complete control of the required voltage phase.

By means of the phasing control, the interfering signal may be "tuned out," permitting interference-free reception of the desired station. The over-all effect of this adjustable feature is to make reception possible under conditions that normally would be unsatisfactory for enjoyable television viewing.

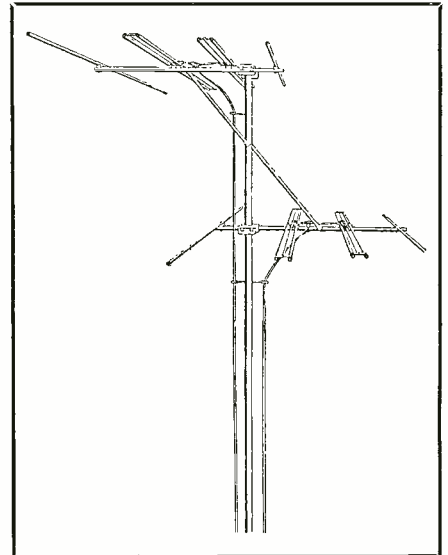


Fig. 3. Offset Yagi bays to provide independent voltages to the phasing control.

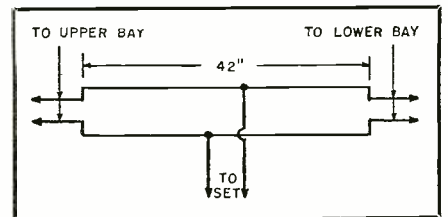
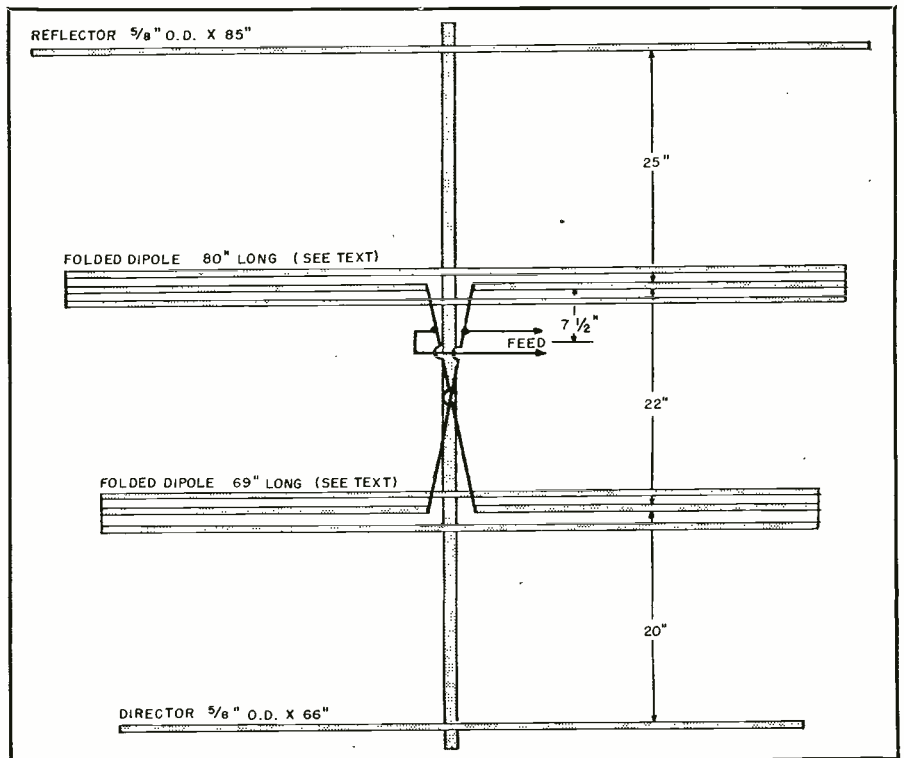


Fig. 4. Open wire line for proper phasing.

It may be of interest to readers to know that the author, during the development work on this antenna in the summer months of 1950, logged 24 of the 39 stations then in operation on Channels 4 and 5.

-30-

Fig. 5. Over-all dimension of Yagi antenna designed for operation on Channels 4 and 5.





# Adding a Frequency Sweeping Circuit to the Wien Bridge Audio Oscillator

By HUBERT SEAR

***This sweep frequency circuit can be added to any Wien bridge audio oscillator. It is easy to build and requires only one tube.***

THE purpose of this article is to present a method for making a sweep frequency audio oscillator other than that discussed by Glen Southworth in his article "Build a Sweep Frequency Audio Oscillator" which appeared in the February 1950 issue. In Mr. Southworth's article, a beat frequency type of audio oscillator is described in which the output of a fixed frequency and a variable frequency oscillator, both operating near 455 kc., are mixed in a non-linear detector. The difference frequency thus generated falls in the audio range. The tank circuit of the variable oscillator is tuned with a fixed condenser and a small variable air-dielectric condenser, rotated by an electric motor thus causing its output frequency to vary. This changes the difference frequency generated in the detector throughout the audio frequency range.

The same results may be obtained more simply by making the following modification of the Wien bridge oscillator—a well-known source of very stable audio oscillations. The frequency determining component of this type of oscillator is an RC network. The principle of operation of the Wien bridge oscillator may be summarized by the statement that the phase shifts around the circuit (see Fig. 1) are zero at only one frequency, that is, the frequency where the RC network reactances are:  $R_1XC_1=R_2XC_2$ ;  $R_1=XC_1$ ;  $R_2=XC_2$ . At this point oscillations occur at a frequency  $F_0$ , determined by the formula:

$$F_0 = \frac{1}{2\pi\sqrt{R_1C_1R_2C_2}} = \frac{1}{2\pi R_1C_1} = \frac{1}{2\pi R_2C_2}$$

It is clear from these equations that any change in  $R_1$  and  $R_2$  or  $C_1$  and  $C_2$

changes the frequency of oscillation. The two resistances or the two capacitances must be changed together to satisfy the reactance equations.

Sweeping of the audio frequency spectrum would result if  $R_1$  and  $R_2$

EDITOR'S NOTE: A review of the advantages and applications of a sweep frequency audio oscillator is purposely omitted from this text. Glen Southworth, in his recent article "Build a Sweep Frequency Audio Oscillator" published in the February 1950 issue, covered these points quite thoroughly and readers may refer to that issue.

were each shunted by a changing resistance such as the plate resistance of a vacuum tube. The plate resistance can be changed by varying the voltage on the vacuum tube grid. This arrangement is indicated in Fig. 2. A miniature tube, the type 12AU7, is used in this circuit although a 6J6 or other twin-triode could be used. In this case the miniature tube was used in order that this circuit could be installed in a Wien bridge oscillator which was already on hand. It is important that both triodes be in the same envelope in order that their characteristics, which change with the aging of the tube, change together.

The plate voltage for this tube is obtained from the oscillator power supply. The grid voltage, applied equally to both tubes, swings between minus 20 volts and plus 5 volts, changing the plate resistance of both triodes

from about several thousand megohms when the tube is cut off to about 4000 ohms when it is conducting the maximum allowable current at this plate voltage. The a.c. grid voltage may be obtained by a resistor across the 60 c.p.s. power lines, tapped to give 25 volts peak-to-peak or 8.9 volts r.m.s. (as read on an ordinary voltmeter).

A convenient divider giving these approximate voltages may be made up of a 1250 ohm resistor in series with a 14,150 ohm unit. The values required are not critical and stock values of 1200 and 15,000 ohms will be satisfactory.

The condensers  $C_3$  and  $C_4$  should be matched to within 1% by means of a bridge. Again the exact values are not too critical and condensers may be paralleled to give the approximate values specified.

Resistors  $R_3$  and  $R_4$  must also be matched to within 1%. The value required for these two resistors will be determined, to some extent, by the resistors in the Wien bridge oscillator. When connected to the oscillator, different sizes of resistors may be tried and the optimum value determined by experiment.

The output connections shown in Fig. 2 are connected in parallel with the Wien bridge oscillator's frequency determining circuits. The exact connections will depend on the oscillator circuit used. The series resonant circuit  $R_5, C_5$  would be connected in parallel with the equivalent series



resonant circuit in the oscillator. The parallel resonant circuit  $R_6, C_6$  is connected in parallel with the equivalent circuit in the oscillator. A common ground lead is also run between the two units.

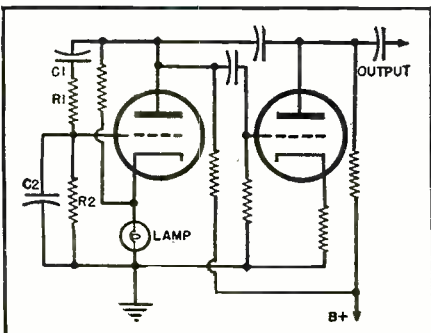
The 20  $\mu$ fd. condensers may be obtained with a paper dielectric or as electrolytics. If the latter is used, care must be taken that the correct polarity is observed.

The circuit may be disabled by disconnecting the plate voltage, thus allowing the use of the audio oscillator as originally designed. The Wien bridge oscillator controls should be set at the lowest frequency of the instrument when using the sweep tube.

Equalization of the two triodes may be necessary with small series resistors in the cathode leads. Different types of grid waveforms allow logarithmic or differential sweep of the audio spectrum. These special waveforms may be generated from the 60 cycle power line sine wave by limiting, clipping, and the proper filters.

Small parts of the spectrum may be swept by changing the extent of grid voltage swing. Isolated regions can be swept by clipping the peaks of the applied sine wave with back-to-back rectifiers, as shown in Fig. 3. The operation of this circuit is made clear with the aid of Fig. 4 which shows the relations of grid voltage to frequency in the 12AU7 tube. If the frequency range between A and B is to be examined, grid voltages between C and D must be swept. That is, the output waveform shown in Fig. 3 is required. It is obtained with the biased rectifiers. *Rect.1* and *Rect.2* They are in series with an adjustable bias produced by  $R_3-C_3$  and  $R_4-C_4$ . When the applied voltage is zero, a voltage exists on the bias network from a previous cycle. As the applied voltage increases, *Rect.1* acts as an open switch as long as this voltage does not exceed the bias. When it does, *Rect.1* conducts, maintaining the applied voltage at a constant level set by the value of the bias. The current passed by *Rect.1* is used to charge  $C_3$  which will maintain the bias voltage across the resistor. When the applied voltage falls below the bias, *Rect.1* stops conducting and the applied voltage is transmitted to the 12AU7 grid exactly as it appears across the 1250 ohm input resistor.

Fig. 1. Circuit diagram used to explain the principle of operation of a Wien bridge audio oscillator. See text for reference.



The same operation occurs on the negative swing of the applied voltage in *Rect.2*,  $R_4$  and  $C_4$ . The part of the 25 volt wave that is allowed to pass to the 12AU7 can be varied by changing the bias voltage developed, i.e., by changing the setting of  $R_3$  and  $R_4$ . In this manner it is possible to obtain any asymmetrical clipped wave which would be required. Such a wave would be used to sweep the region *EF* in Fig. 4 which requires a grid voltage swing lying asymmetrically about the d.c. grid bias of the 12AU7.

Due to the slight charge and discharge of the integrating  $RC$  networks in series with the rectifiers, the clipped wave developed is not exactly flat-topped as shown in Fig. 3. This would cause a change in the plate resistance of the triodes, but it can be shown that it does not affect the frequency of the Wien bridge oscillator significantly. There is a 12 per-cent change in the 12AU7 grid voltage when clipping above the 1 volt level due to discharging of  $C_3$  and  $C_4$ . This causes an error in output frequency of .05 per-cent at 10,000 c.p.s.  $C_3$  and  $C_4$  discharge even less when clipping at higher levels (only 10 per-cent when clipping above 10 volts). Therefore, it is clear that this circuit affects the accuracy of the Wien bridge oscillator in no truly significant manner.

It has now been shown that by the application of electronic methods to an instrument that is known for its accuracy and reliability, the Wien bridge audio oscillator, an increase in the flexibility of the instrument is achieved. In the beat frequency type oscillator inaccuracies of output frequency occur due to drifting of the high frequency oscillators, a thing which is avoided in the Wien bridge oscillator. The initial zero beating, required in the type of instrument described by Mr. Southworth, is needed before it is used but is avoided by the use of the circuit described herein. Lock-in occurs in the high frequency beat oscillators when they are operated very close to the same frequency in an attempt to get a very low audio frequency beat note. Mr. Southworth reports that this occurs when the audio frequencies approaching 100 c.p.s. are developed and the output of the instrument suddenly drops to zero. Lock-in of the high frequency oscillators may be minimized by special shielding and careful electrical isolation of the two oscillators. This is not required in the Wien bridge oscillator.

When using the sweeping circuit described here, sweeping at 60 c.p.s., obviously frequencies lower than this cannot be swept. However, it is not necessary for the grid excitation to be obtained from the 60 c.p.s. power lines. Lower frequency vibrators or flasher units used in advertising displays may be used to produce the grid drive, thus allowing the lower frequencies, available from the Wien bridge oscillator, to appear in the output.

The above-mentioned features, plus the absence of mechanical parts and special construction, as well as the

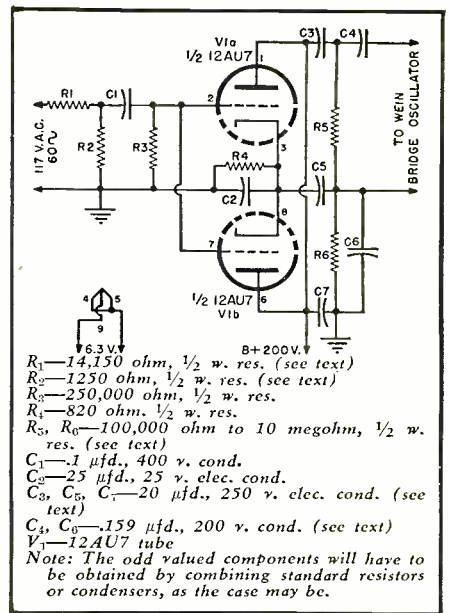


Fig. 2. The frequency sweeping circuit. This circuit may be incorporated in any Wien bridge audio oscillator the constructor may have on hand. Actually, the resistance of both plates of the dual triode vary at a predetermined rate, thus sweeping the oscillator circuit of the bridge unit.

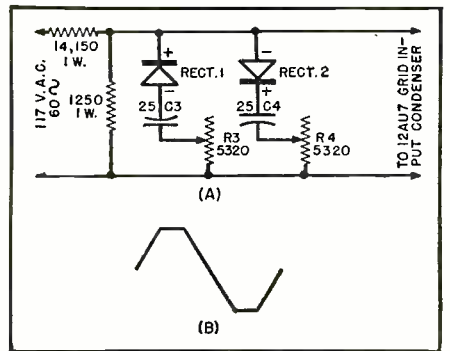
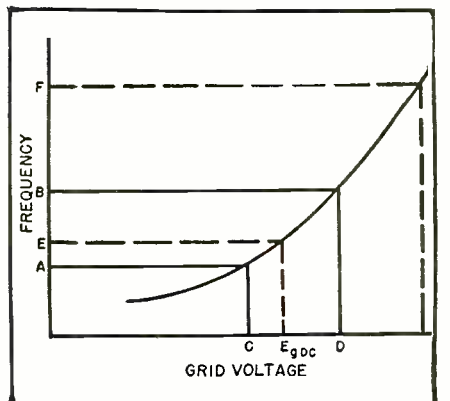


Fig. 3. Circuit used across input of Fig. 2 if greater flexibility of sweep is desired. Isolated regions can be swept by clipping the peaks of the applied sine wave with rectifiers which are connected back-to-back.

ease with which the circuit may be added to existing equipment, recommends this type of sweep frequency audio oscillator to the radio technician or experimenter.

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Fig. 4. Curve showing the relationship of 12AU7 grid voltage and the frequency.





# CONSISTENT FRINGE AREA

## TV RECEPTION

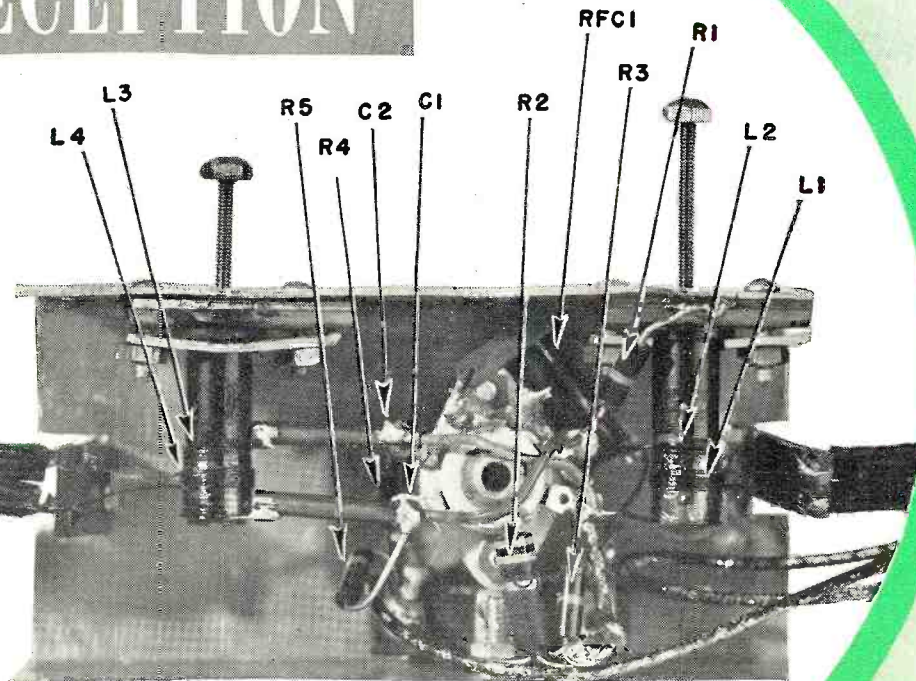
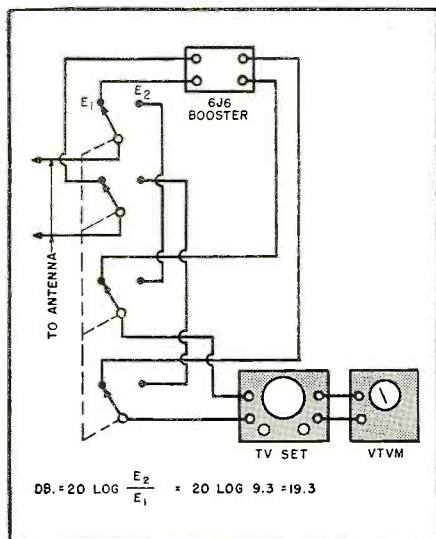


Fig. 1. 6J6 booster built for use on Channel 5. Actual size is 4" x 2". Coils were made from salvaged slug-tuned forms.

By  
**RICHARD J. BUCHAN,**  
WØTJF

**An antenna and booster combination having a 38.9 db. gain. The booster is compact and easy-to-duplicate.**

Fig. 2. Test setup to determine booster gain under actual receiving conditions. The v.t.v.m. connections to TV set are the same as those shown in Fig. 8. Tests were made under weak signal conditions to minimize the effects of a.g.c. Voltage ratio of 9.3 was average of ten tests.



OVER a year ago KSTP-TV, located 105 airline miles north of Briceyn, Minnesota, started telecasting with an antenna slightly over 500 feet high and a power of 25 kilowatts. After studying antenna books and experimental charts put out by the FCC, the conclusion was reached that a 2.5 microvolt signal (except for a temperature inversion) was about all that could be expected. In spite of this, a small set was purchased and connected up. The actual results would tend to verify this 2.5 microvolt value; although means of actually measuring the signal were not available. Assuming that a 250 microvolt signal would be necessary

for excellent reception using a straight dipole, it was concluded that a 40 db. gain would have to be obtained through a high gain antenna-booster combination. This figure seemed impossible to obtain without a massive antenna array and a super booster.

Since then a series of boosters and antennas have been built. All (both the antennas and boosters) had the typical characteristic faults. The boosters, using 6AK5's with tuned input and output circuits, showed good gain but little if any improvement in signal-to-noise ratio, and the serious fault of insufficient bandwidth which seriously degraded the picture definition. Loading the tuned circuits did help this situation, but resulted in loss

of badly needed gain. Various commercial boosters were tried—but all lacked something. In fact, some even

**EDITORS' NOTE:** In the course of preparing this article for publication it was suggested that this same booster could be used as a 2 meter preamp. Although it has not actually been tried in this application, all indications are that this unit, with the proper coils, could be used for this purpose. Theoretically, it is possible to obtain a 20 db. gain at 200 mc. It should be possible to cover the 2-m. band without retuning.

lowered the signal-to-noise ratio although they did have good gain. The next to the last booster built, using two 6J4's in cascade, did result in a

lowered the signal-to-noise ratio although they did have good gain. The next to the last booster built, using two 6J4's in cascade, did result in a



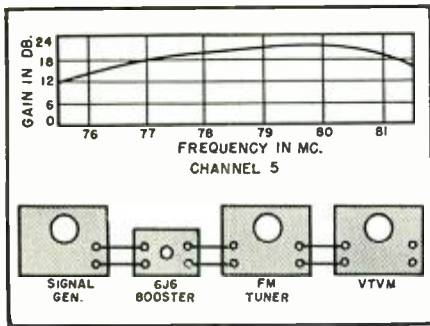


Fig. 3. Test setup and graph showing broadband booster response. The equation for determining db. gain is the same as that shown in Fig. 2. The voltage  $E_1$  is obtained with the signal generator connected directly to the FM tuner and the output adjusted to 1 volt on the v.t.v.m.  $E_2$  is obtained with the booster in the circuit and the FM tuner adjusted for maximum output at each frequency.

signal-to-noise ratio improvement, good gain, and not too selective tuning. The final booster built used a single 6J6 in a tuned-plate, tuned-grid neutralized circuit. Slug-tuned coils were used with only the tube and stray capacitance across the tuned circuit. This resulted in a booster having a very good signal-to-noise ratio, 19.3 db. gain (See Fig. 2) and an extremely broad band as shown in Fig. 3. It is indeed gratifying to switch in the booster and watch the snow diminish (instead of increasing as with most boosters), the large increase in picture contrast and brightness, and because of the broad tuning no degrading of the picture quality. A further advantage is the circuit which is completely balanced in every respect. This results in a very definite reduction in noise due to ignition and other forms of electrical interference. Circuit and construction details are shown in Fig. 5, and a photograph of the original booster built for Channel 5, using  $\frac{3}{8}$ " slug-tuned forms from a junked broadcast receiver, is shown in Fig. 1. Since it would be difficult to obtain coil forms such as were used in the original boosters a third booster was constructed using *National XR 50* coil forms in order to obtain coil data for all channels using commercial type forms. Although one booster using these forms will tune four of the five low channels and all the high channels, separate boosters for each channel were built for the following reasons:

1. It is rather slow to adjust the two tuning slugs for each channel. This would be especially true if tuning from Channels 3 to 6, or 7 to 13.

2. It is easier to adjust the tuning with a signal generator and output meter than with the station signal. Lacking this equipment a very good adjustment can be made using the station signal if a time is picked when little fading is present.

3. Although neutralization could be sufficient to prevent oscillation over the entire high or low band with one adjustment, a better signal-to-noise ratio can be obtained by accurately

neutralizing the booster for each channel. Fig. 4 shows a booster switching circuit for convenience in changing stations or cutting the booster completely out of the circuit. It certainly enhances the entertainment value of TV to be able to change stations without having to retune the booster each time. This feature becomes even more important when others in the family operate the set. In the event standing waves are present on the antenna transmission line or the line between the booster and the set, a definite improvement can be made by connecting a small variable condenser (10 to 20  $\mu$ fd. maximum capacity) across the transmission line at the set or booster input and adjusting it for maximum gain. A simple test for standing waves can be made by pinching the twin lead between the thumb and forefinger at various points along the line. A noticeable increase or decrease in picture brightness indicates the presence of standing waves, the magnitude being indicated by the amount of change. If difficulty is experienced in tuning the booster or obtaining the gain it should have, be sure and make this test.

The experience has been the same in antenna building. Two three-element arrays stacked a half-wave apart, four two-element arrays stacked a quarter-wave apart, four four-element arrays stacked quarter-wave, cubical quads, single four-element arrays, and a few more antennas of various types have been tried. One thing I did learn, the antenna theory to be found in books does work out in practice; and one thing in particular—you don't get something for nothing (except in the last antenna built). When a three-element parasitic array is supposed to have a 7 db. gain, that's

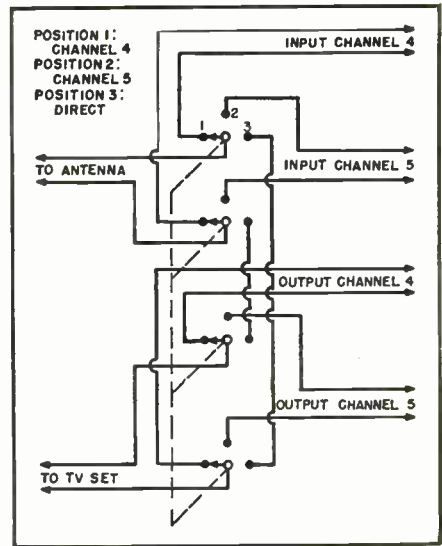


Fig. 4. Switching circuit used with separate boosters for Channels 4 and 5. This also makes an ideal setup for comparing the actual performance of two boosters.

what it will have, and it will have to be well built to get that. The parasitic arrays all had the same common fault—tune them up for maximum gain on the video frequency and you get practically no sound; broadband them to cover both sound and video frequency and the gain starts to drop off; build one for Channel 5 and there will not be much pickup on Channel 4; tune them for a high front-to-back ratio on the video frequency, and very little front-to-back ratio on the sound frequency; tune them for a compromise front-to-back ratio and not sufficient attenuation is available on either video or sound channels to cut out a station with equal signal strength to the rear. The entrance of WOI, Ames.

Fig. 5. Circuit diagram and construction notes, including coil data, on the 6J6 booster.

COIL DATA USING NATIONAL XR 50 FORMS		
Channel	$L_1, L_2$	$L_3, L_4$
7,8,9, 10,11, 12,13	1 t. #22 plastic wound directly over center of $L_1, L_2$	3 t. #16 en. spaced $\frac{1}{16}$ "
5,6	3 t. #22 en. insulated from $L_1, L_2$ by layer of cellophane tape. Same spacing as $L_1, L_2$	7 t. #22 en. spaced $\frac{1}{16}$ "
3,4,5,6	3 t. #22 en. insulated from $L_1, L_2$ by layer of cellophane tape. Same spacing as $L_1, L_2$	9 t. #22 en. spaced $\frac{1}{16}$ "
2,3,4	3 t. #22 en. insulated from $L_1, L_2$ by layer of cellophane tape. Same spacing as $L_1, L_2$	11 t. #22 en. spaced $\frac{1}{16}$ "

Note:  $\frac{1}{16}$ " is the entire available winding space on the XR 50 coil form.

$R_1, R_2$ —100,000 ohm,  $\frac{1}{2}$  w. res.  
 $R_3$ —47 ohm,  $\frac{1}{2}$  w. res.  
 $R_4, R_5$ —25,000 ohm,  $\frac{1}{2}$  w. res.  
 $C_1, C_2$ —Approx.  $\frac{1}{2}$ " of #22 plastic covered wire inserted in  $\frac{1}{8}$ " copper tubing and connecting the tube plates to the coils  
 $RFC_1$ —#22 en. closewound on  $\frac{1}{4}$ " form,  $\frac{1}{4}$ " winding length  
 $L_1, L_2$  (Channel 4)—2 t. #22 plastic covered wire closewound over  $L_2, L_3$  with cellophane tape between the two windings  
 $L_2, L_3$  (Channel 4)—6 t. #22 en. spaced to occupy  $\frac{1}{2}$ " on  $\frac{3}{8}$ " slug-tuned form from 274 series surplus transmitter  
 $L_1, L_2$  (Channel 5)—4 t. #25 en. closewound

over  $L_2, L_3$  with cellophane tape between the two windings  
 $L_2, L_3$  (Channel 5)—13 t. #22 en. closewound on  $\frac{3}{8}$ " slug-tuned form salvaged from junked b.c. set  
 Note: To neutralize, disconnect the filament and adjust  $C_1, C_2$  for minimum output. The null is very definite. If oscillation occurs readjust. The test setup of Fig. 3 is ideal for this adjustment.  $C_1, C_2$  are adjusted by changing the distance the plastic wire is inserted in the copper tubing.  
 Tuning: Adjust  $L_1$  for maximum output at video frequencies. Adjust  $L_3$  for maximum output at audio frequencies. The tuning is very broad and it may be necessary to vary the number of turns or the spacing in order to hit a peak.



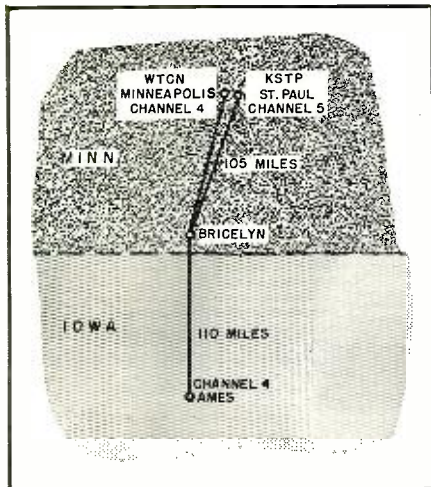


Fig. 6. Location of Bricelyn, Minn. in relation to TV stations operating in area.

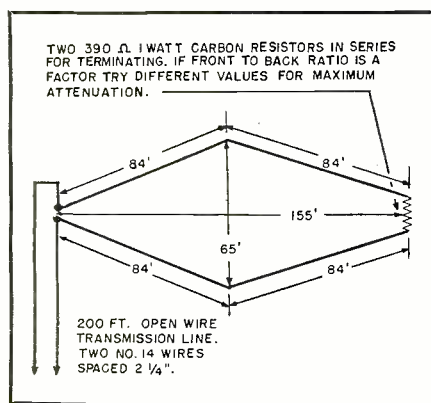


Fig. 7. Rhombic designed for zero-wave angle Channel 4, 5 3/4 wavelengths per leg.

Iowa, into the video field on the same channel as WTCN (Minneapolis, Minnesota, Channel 4) directly in line and the same distance to the rear really caused trouble. The diagram in Fig. 6 illustrates the problem involved. After a week of experimenting with a four-element array, tuning it for maximum front-to-back ratio with a signal generator exciting a folded dipole and an output meter connected across the output of an FM tuner connected to the four-element beam, the conclusion was reached that the only solution was to build four antennas—separate arrays for picture and sound for both Channels 4 and 5. The experi-

ment further indicated that even then complete suppression of WOI could not be obtained, and anything over a 7 db. gain would require four big separate antennas. No attempt was made to receive WOI. The "Laker" basketball games and state basketball tournament over WTCN was what I was working for.

About this time the statement was read in an antenna book that a rhombic cut for an odd multiple of quarter wavelengths to a leg had an infinite front-to-back ratio. A rhombic 3 and 3/4 wavelengths to a leg was hastily constructed. Even though tied to a power pole, telephone pole, top of the house and not over a few feet from telephone lines, it not only cut out WOI almost completely, but had a definite gain over the present antenna in use. This, to me, was a surprise since the rhombic was not over twenty feet off the ground and the antenna in use was a pair of three-element beams stacked a half-wave apart and matched to a 300 ohm line through an open quarter-wave matching stub tuned for maximum gain. Furthermore, not a "Laker" basketball game over WTCN had been missed over the entire season with this antenna. This whole array was 40 feet off the ground compared to about half that for the rhombic. Theoretically, the rhombic should have had about the same gain as the parasitic array if it were the same distance off the ground. The improvement could be attributed to the zero wave angle for which the rhombic was designed—a much more favorable angle for fringe area reception than can be obtained with a parasitic array; or it could substantiate the theory that in the case of long antennas the gain in receiving exceeds the gain in transmitting because of the large area exposed to the signal. At any rate, the rhombic was so successful that a permanent one was designed 5 3/4 wavelengths to a leg and supported by 45 foot "A frame" masts constructed from 2x3 timbers, 24 feet in length. The results exceeded my expectations—despite the performance of the temporary rhombic. Both WTCN and KSTP were received with equal signal strength, no discrimination between sound and video frequencies, no interference from WOI except for an occasional

gurgle on the sound due to the carrier beats, plus a 9.6 db. gain (see Fig. 8B) over the pair of stacked three-elements previously described. I had always considered this antenna to have a 10 db. gain although no actual measurements were made over a reference dipole. Using 10 db. as a basis, that would give the rhombic a 19.6 db. gain for receiving. There are, of course, many variables involved, such as the five foot difference in height, a more favorable location for the rhombic (an open field across the road with a 200 foot open wire transmission line) or the six-element array may not have an actual 10 db. gain. For further construction details see the article "Rhombic Antennas for Television" by Woodrow Smith in the October, 1949 issue of RADIO & TELEVISION NEWS. Since there are good books on rhombic design, and since every case is different because of the available space, actual design and constructional details will not be discussed here. The dimensions of the final rhombic are given in Fig. 7. For those interested in the effect of height, a loss of 6 db. was experienced by lowering the antenna from 45 to 22 1/2 feet. This would tend to verify the theory that the voltage pickup is directly proportional to the height.

The 6J6 booster and final rhombic antenna were completed about the same time. The combined gain equals 38.9 db. Somewhat short of the original goal of 40 db. but still a lot of gain. A comparison of the reception with the previous antennas and booster (two 6J4's) was indeed a revelation which not only made me feel that the year of part time experimenting had not been in vain but also prompted the writing of this article.

A record of the performance of the antenna-booster combination has been kept. Since what one person might call good performance another might call fair or even poor, I have set up a code of standards which is used in recording the antenna performance. The performance record is given below covering each evening from the time the antenna was completed until this article was in the mail.

*Excellent*—Movie definition, perfect sound, no fading, no snow. Reception such as that expected in the primary service area of the station.

*Good*—Slight snow, good definition, perfect sound, some slight fading.

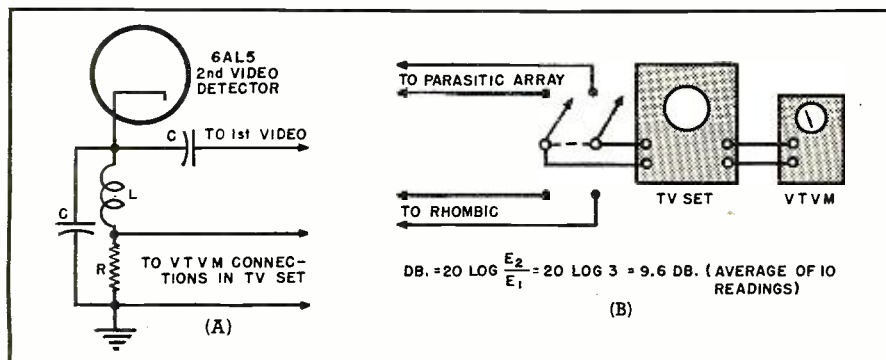
*Fair*—Some snow, fair definition, good sound, occasional fade.

*Poor*—Snowy, considerable fading, poor definition, fair sound. Still entertaining (especially sporting events).

*Very poor*—Not worth watching, but still some picture and sound.

The Record: Excellent—4; Good—6; Fair—5; Poor—2; Very Poor—1. The "very poor" night occurred during a severe sleet storm and it is believed the lack of signal was due to ice on the open transmission line rather than because of a weak signal.

Fig. 8. (A) Method of connecting v.i.v.m. to TV receiver. (B) Test setup to determine gain. Tests were made without booster and with low signal input to minimize a.g.c. effects.







# International SHORT-WAVE

Compiled by **KENNETH R. BOORD**



IT'S a pleasure this month to dedicate the *ISW Department* to radio in Mozambique, Portuguese East Africa. Our thanks go to the *International Monitoring Service*, San Carlos, California, for this current data, received direct by IMS from the station:

The *Radio Club of Mozambique* transmits in both Portuguese and English. In Portuguese, the station operates as the *Radio Club of Mozambique*, but for the English transmissions it is called—for convenience—*Lourenco Marques Radio*, explains Frank Lamping, the director for Davenport & Meyer (Pty.) Ltd., Hendon House, 42, Pritchard St., Johannesburg, South Africa, managers in the Union of South Africa. The Portuguese section operates on a limited commercial basis, but *Lourenco Marques Radio* is wholly commercial and has built up a large listenership in the Union of South Africa and in adjacent territories. *Lourenco Marques Radio* numbers among its sponsors such internationally-known firms as *Colgate-Palmolive Peet*, *Sterling Drugs*, *Chesebrough Mfg. Company*, *Proctor & Gamble*, *Richard Hudnut*, and others.

*Lourenco Marques Radio* has programs in English at 2300-1100 (Sundays from 0000) on 11.8 (actually this is approximately 11.764, although the station lists it currently as 11.8) and 4.93; 1100-1600 daily on 3.49 and 4.93; has no news bulletin. Programs consist of music, dramatic shows, and so on, with commercial announcements.

*Radio Club of Mozambique* radiates programs in Portuguese at 0000-0100 daily, 0400-0600 Sundays, and 0430-0630 weekdays on 9.67 (actually, this appears now to be approximately 9.805), 1100-1500 daily on 4.82 (actually, more recently has also been noted on the approximately 9.805 channel to 1500 by Pearce, England), and 1100-1300 daily on 15.200 (may be as low as 15.190 at times); news in Portuguese is scheduled 0015 (weekdays), 0530, 1200, 1320 (weekdays), and 1450 (weekdays); other programs consist generally of musical entertainment.

Identification for the English trans-

(Note: Unless otherwise indicated, all time is expressed in American EST; add 5 hours for GMT. "News" refers to newscasts in the English language. In order to avoid confusion, the 24 hour clock has been used in designating the times of broadcasts. The hours from midnight until noon are shown as 0000 to 1200 while from 1 p.m. to midnight are shown as 1300 to 2400.) The symbol "V" following a listed frequency indicates "varying." The station may operate either above or below the frequency given.

missions usually is each quarter or half hour—consists of four chimes followed by the announcer saying—"Lourenco Marques for Happy Listening in the . . . meter bands from six o'clock in the morning until eleven o'clock at night"; the interval-signal for English transmissions is "Sarie Marais."

Reports are welcomed and are answered by QSL cards; QRA is Radio Club of Mozambique, P.O. Box 594, Lourenco Marques, Mozambique, Portuguese East Africa.

Stations were listed as CR7AA, 11.8 (11.764?), 7.5 kw.; CR7AB, 3.49, 7.5 kw.; CR7BC, 15.19, 10 kw.; CR7BU, 4.93, 7.5 kw.; CR7BE, 9.67 (now 9.805?), 10 kw.; CR7BJ, 9.77, 7.5 kw., and CR7BV, 4.82, 7.5 kw.

Mozambique, Portuguese East Africa, extends from Cape Delago (10° 40' south latitude) to the Union of South Africa; to the west lies the Union of South Africa and Rhodesia; on the north is Tanganyika (formerly German East Africa, but surrendered to the British in November, 1919). Mozambique has 297,731 square miles, and a population (1940) of 5,085,630.

Our best wishes go to *Radio Club of Mozambique* and *Lourenco Marques Radio* for continued successful broadcasting.

\* \* \*

### Radio Organizations

At my request, Arne Skoog, Stockholm, head of the *International League*

of *Short-Wave Editors*, has compiled this interesting data on European radio agencies:

"I.N.R. stands for Institut National Belge de Radiodiffusion, that is, the Belgian National Broadcasting Corporation, which broadcasts also on short-wave via OTC, Leopoldville, Belgian Congo; many OTC programs are produced and recorded in Brussels, headquarters of I.N.R., but news, musical programs, and 'Amongst Friends' are produced in Leopoldville.

"The I.N.R., with headquarters at 18, Place Eugene Flagey, Brussels, is a large and modern radio house, consists of a French and a Flemish section (N.I.R.), and also 'Service Mondiale,' which organizes the short-wave programs; head of that Service is Frans Zoete, and director of the station in Leopoldville is Leopold Le Roye.

"O.I.R. stands for Organization Internationale de Radiodiffusion, which has moved to Prague and which now has only 'Eastern Powers' as members.

"U.I.R. stands for Union Internationale de Radiodiffusion, a prewar organization in Geneva; the Technical Center in Brussels belongs to a separate company but was then operated by the U.I.R. and later by the O.I.R.

"Now, the 'Western Powers' of Europe—including Sweden—have formed a new organization—O.E.R., that is, (Continued on page 132)

\* This neat, attractive listening post, belonging to John J. Oskay, ex-W2BJZ of New Jersey, is the answer to many a DX-er's dream. The equipment, from left to right, includes a Hallicrafters S-40A receiver, a Meissner Model 9-1076 crystal frequency standard for 10, 50, and 100 kc., a Cardwell BC-221Q frequency meter with a range of from 125 to 40,000 kc., a Hallicrafters SX-71 receiver, with an RME DB-22A preselector.





# TROUBLESHOOTING CHART

## for the NEW HAM

By  
**CHARLES J. HERZER,**  
W2CEP

**No "cure-all" claims are made for this tabulation  
but it is a handy thing to have around the shack.**

NE of the greatest adventures in ham radio is planning and constructing your first transmitter. After carefully searching through handbooks and back issues of radio magazines, the rig which most nearly fits the purpose is selected. After many hours of construction the little pride-and-joy is ready to put on the air. (We hope!) The wiring is carefully checked and for the umpteenth time we read again the paragraph, in

the article describing our rig, entitled "Adjustment." We are assured that there is nothing unusual about the rig and with ordinary precautions and adjustment it should work, etc., etc. Hopefully, we look for what is meant by "usual" and "ordinary."

After stalling around and wading through a lot of deep technical stuff, which we suppose some day we may understand, we begin to realize that the electrode voltages and the power

output can vary in a bewildering number of ways. The big problem is what to measure, how should it read and, if it doesn't read properly, what's wrong and what can be done about it. What we need is a troubleshooting chart like those they have in the television service manuals whereby a person with limited knowledge can accomplish a lot.

Well, chum, here's your chart. It makes no claim to cure all of your ills but it's a start anyway. It assumes that you have the normal amount of horse-sense and a means of measuring the voltage and current to each electrode; namely: plate, screen, and grid. It is not possible to make up a chart

*(Continued on page 106)*

Listing of some of the most common transmitter faults along with the probable causes and method for correcting them.

TROUBLE	CAUSE	REMEDY
Small or no dip in the plate current as the plate tank circuit is tuned through resonance.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. No excitation.</li> <li>2. Amplifier input tank not tuned to resonance.</li> <li>3. Overload of the stage due to parasitic oscillation.</li> <li>4. Too tightly coupled load.</li> </ol>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Plug in a crystal. Check for output from the driver by noticing if there is grid current on the amplifier without high voltage applied to the amplifier.</li> <li>2. Tune for maximum (but not over-rated) grid current. This should occur at the dip in the driver plate current.</li> <li>3. A probable cause may be low frequency parasitics caused by the use of r.f. chokes in both the input and output. Use series feed in the output.</li> <li>4. Ease off the coupling of the load to find the dip while tuning. (Pentodes can't stand high off-resonance inputs for long.)</li> </ol>
Double resonance in the plate tank circuit. There is one setting of the condenser for dip in the plate current and another slightly off for maximum output.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Poor voltage regulation. With a series screen-dropping resistor the maximum screen current and the minimum screen voltage occur at the dip in plate voltage. Since the power output is controlled by the screen voltage, slightly more power output may be obtained with more plate current by detuning the tank and thus giving higher screen voltage.</li> <li>2. Too little capacity in the output tank circuit.</li> <li>3. Insufficient excitation.</li> </ol>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. If the supply voltage is so high that a high value of screen dropping resistor (in excess of that recommended) is needed to get the rated screen voltage, use a system of regulated screen supply.</li> <li>2. Take off one or more turns from the coil so that resonance is obtained using more of the condenser. Use a "Q" of 12 or more.</li> <li>3. Get the recommended grid current at the proper bias for the type of emission used.</li> </ol>
Plate and screen current soar to excess when excitation is removed.	This is normal with grid-leak bias used without some additional protective bias.	Unless you enjoy replacing tubes put in either a moderate cathode resistor (bypassed), bias battery, etc., which need give only enough bias to prevent destruction of the tube should excitation fail. With no excitation ALL of the input is dissipated as heat within the tube.
With excitation removed (and reduced plate and screen voltages) there are variations in the plate current as the plate tank is tuned over the entire range. Try this for various settings of the input condenser.	V.h.f. parasitics. Note: There may be other v.h.f. parasitic circuits external to and not shown by tuning of the tank circuits so this is not a complete test for parasitics.	Use a v.h.f. choke right at the plate terminal of the tube. (10 to 15 turns or so of No. 20 on a 1/4 inch dia. high value carbon resistor.) Use 50-ohm carbon resistor at the screen and grid pins and, most important of all, use a common point for bypassing to ground.
Cannot reduce the plate current to zero using the rated cut-off bias.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Very poor voltage regulation in the power supply.</li> <li>2. Plate or screen fed through series dropping resistors.</li> <li>3. Bias obtained through use of a cathode resistor. In this case there must be some current in order to get a voltage across the resistor.</li> </ol>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Use choke input power supply with a low-resistance choke.</li> <li>2. Use more bias up to the point where you do not exceed the rated value under operation.</li> <li>3. Use a separate bias supply.</li> </ol>



TROUBLE	CAUSE	REMEDY
Difficulty in coupling power out of the plate tank. High harmonic output.	Too much inductance and not enough capacitance in the tank circuit.	Take a turn or so off of the coil to get an L-C ratio which will give a "Q" of 12 or more as explained in handbooks.
Plate current spontaneously rises, especially if the tube is operated at higher than rated grid or plate dissipation. The tube "runs away with itself."	The grid got hot enough to emit electrons and overcame the bias which only made it hotter.	The tube is usually ruined. Keep within rated values while tuning up and while in operation.
High unloaded plate current at the dip.	With high-C tank circuits as occur with high-output screen tubes on high frequencies (such as using a 10 meter coil on 20) there are high currents circulating in the unloaded tank.	When delivering power to a load these losses decrease and are not serious. Make sure this is the case by checking the power output. Use an L-C ratio for a "Q" of 12 or more.
Poor performance as a frequency doubler or multiplier.	1. Insufficient excitation. 2. Insufficient bias. 3. High C and low L tank circuit.	1. The efficiency of multipliers is less than straight-through operation and more drive is required if the same output is expected. 2. High values of negative bias distort the wave-shape and create harmonics (in this case desirable). 3. A high L and low C tank is best for harmonic generation.
Excess screen current.	1. Excess excitation. 2. Light or no load on the stage. This results in a large plate-voltage swing and with low voltage on the plate the electrons are attracted to the screen. 3. Excess screen voltage.	1. Use no more excitation than necessary to give rated output at rated bias. With a series screen-dropping resistor, an increase in excitation beyond a certain point will actually result in a decrease in output. 2. Increase the load to optimum and do not operate the tube without load except for short tests. Do not load much beyond the point where further loading does not affect the screen current as this only increases the plate dissipation. (The plate current rises, true, but not the power output.) 3. If the screen voltage must be higher than rated in order to get the rated plate current check the bias and excitation and keep within rated values.
When load is applied the grid current drops excessively.	1. Insufficient excitation. 2. Excess bias.	1. Adjust coupling to driver or increase input to the driver. (If the driver is a pentode remember that the output is controlled by the screen voltage more so than the plate voltage.) 2. Use the rated value for the type of emission.
Low rectified grid current in the driven stage with normal input power to the driver (measured with no plate voltage on the driven stage).	1. Amplifier input tank not tuned. 2. When capacity coupling is in use between stages there is too much or too little used. 3. The impedance of the driven grid circuit is much different from the impedance of the driver plate circuit. 4. Not enough driver power.	1. Use proper constants. If the driver is also a harmonic generator favor a high L and low C circuit, taking into account also the inductance of the leads and the capacitance of the tubes. The tube capacities involved are the output capacity of the driver and the input capacity of the amplifier. 2. Usually, increasing the capacity increases the load on the driver but the reverse may also give increased output. 3. With a single-ended input tank and a grid impedance higher than the driver plate impedance, tap the driver plate down on the coil. If the reverse impedances are in effect tap the grid down. 4. Use a bigger driver.
The grid current in a battery-biased stage falls off after a period of operation. The bias battery still shows normal or better voltage.	The internal resistance of the battery is high due to age (in spite of its voltage).	Replace the battery with a fresh one.
Wrong value of bias voltage from a bias supply using a gaseous V-R tube.	If the glow is from the central cathode the tube is in the circuit wrong. The glow must be from the inner surface of the plate.	Reverse the connections to the tube. Remember, in this case the chassis is at the positive potential.
Insufficient bias as measured from the cold end of the grid choke to the chassis with grid leak plus cathode bias.	Wrong way to measure the bias in this case.	The bias is the total voltage developed across the grid leak and the cathode resistor. Add the sum of the drops across these resistors while the rig is loaded.
When the plate tank is tuned slightly to the high-frequency side of resonance there is a sudden increase in output power and grid current.	Self-oscillation due to improper neutralization.	Isolate input and output circuits. Shield the lower portion of the tube. Neutralize.
Impossible to neutralize the stage at any setting of the neutralizing condenser.	Chances are with tubes which have a low grid-to-plate capacitance (such as 6L6) the wiring itself introduces enough capacity so that the neutralizing condenser "over neutralizes."	Isolate the input from the output and use short leads. Use inductive or link neutralization.
Impossible to maintain exact neutralization except at resonance (usually with a split-stator condenser and small capacity).	With tubes of high output capacity the stray circuit capacities have more influence over the balance of the circuit than the capacity of the tank.	Use a coil of such inductance that a reasonable amount of condenser is used. Don't try to operate too many bands with one coil.
With no plate current applied there are variations of the rectified grid current as the output tank condenser is tuned.	This is a very good test for incomplete neutralization.	Neutralize.
Can reduce the r.f. in the plate tank circuit by neutralizing but cannot eliminate it.	Magnetic or capacity coupling between the input and output of the tube which is external to the tube.	Mount the input and output coils with their axes at right angles to each other. Shield the input from the output. As a test, disconnect the output plate tank from tube and if r.f. persists it is due to magnetic coupling.
Key clicks not traceable to the actual keyed stage or keying constants.	Instability in the amplifier caused by tendency toward self oscillation or parasitics. Even though the stage has nothing to do with the keying it must be remembered that the electrode voltages and currents vary over a wide range in the short interval on make and break.	Have the amplifier completely neutralized and take the required steps to eliminate parasitics. When a stage ahead of the amplifier is keyed the amplifier should be biased so that the plate current is nearly, but not completely, cut-off in the "key-up" condition.
High harmonic output.	1. Low "Q" grid tank. 2. Capacity coupling (which makes no discrimination between fundamental and harmonic). 3. Over excitation. 4. Excess bias.	1. Use a "Q" of 12 or so. 2. Use link coupling and, if necessary, a shielded link or a Faraday screen. 3 & 4. Use rated grid current at the rated bias for the type of emission.



# TV Servicing With GRID-DIP OSCILLATOR

By  
**WALTER S. ROGERS,**  
WIDFS

WHEN television really hit the consumer market many an "old timer" in the radio game gave up hope of ever being able to service these receivers after studying the accompanying schematics and investigating the "engineering" servicing techniques required. The new and seemingly involved test instruments, the unfamiliar circuit designations, and the complicated test patterns all combined to discourage the technician whose life up to that time had been devoted to repairing relatively uninvolved a.c.-d.c. midgets and straightforward consoles. Some of these service technicians spent time and money taking courses in servicing television receivers, others gave it up as a bad job. To the newcomer it looked very much as if television servicing would require a PhD. and a laboratory full of costly instruments new to radio servicing.

Many of the fellows in the radio service profession got along with the service manuals, a volt ohmmeter, and a simple signal generator. Experience counted. One line of sets had coupling condenser trouble. In damp locations another model receiver needed to have the electrolytics replaced each year. The author spent one summer "curing" set ills with only a six volt voltmeter, a few batteries, and a defective signal generator as test "equipment." To be sure this test setup took more time for complicated repairs but the simplicity of the equipment notwithstanding, it was easy to determine what end of the set needed attention first.

One old-time radio technician followed a servicing technique similar to the author's. He worked from the back end of the set forward. After giving the set an "aural" check and if the receiver wasn't in smoke, a few voltages were checked and the tubes given a once-over. Then he would look for signs of audio by touching the grid of the audio tubes with the 6 volt and battery gadget which was being used as a circuit tester. If there was no response, then it was time to check the speaker, voice coil, transformer, and tube circuits. Most sets

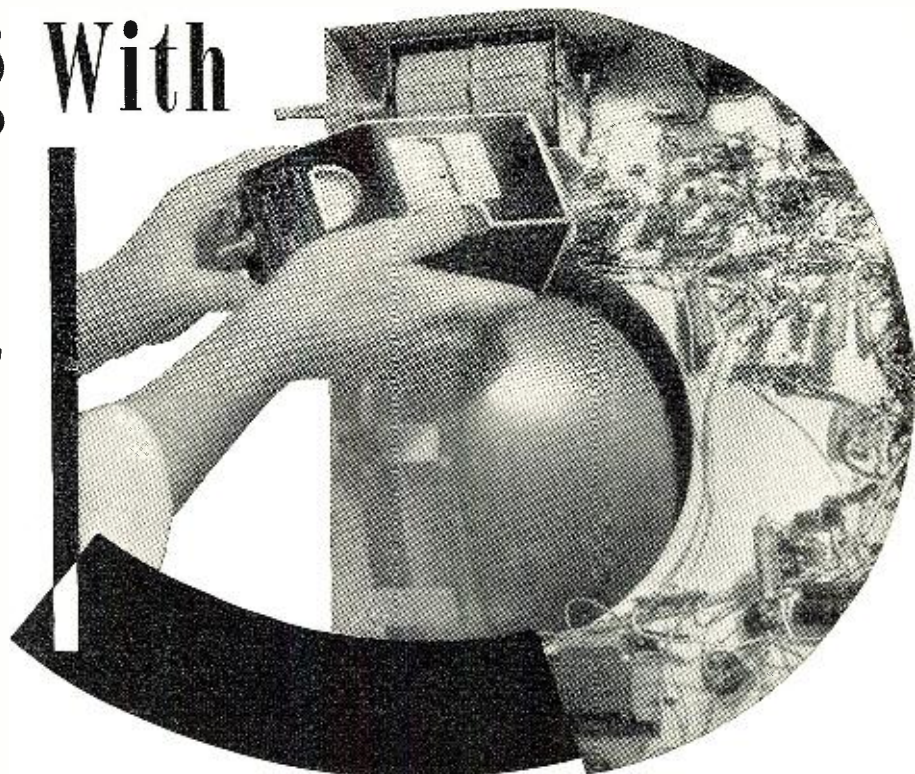


Fig. 1. The i.f. coils can be checked with set turned off.

**Every technician has his own pet servicing procedure. Here is one system—the GDO which has been used by many of the "old timers." Like any other method it has its pro's and con's.**

were of the field-excited speaker type, thus the magnetic pull on a steel tool gave a rough check. Next followed a check of the detector and so on to the antenna end of the set itself until the trouble was located and corrected. This back-to-front radio servicing sequence is a familiar one to the old timers in the radio servicing game.

Now television servicing can be tackled in much the same way by the use of a good grid dip oscillator. The author is using a *Millen* No. 90651 unit for his servicing work. Most service technicians consider a grid dip oscillator as a laboratory tool of use only in communication and research work. Actually a grid dip oscillator, which costs no more than a good tube tester, can be worth its weight in gold in television servicing work.

Several months ago the author started gathering data on the use of a grid dip oscillator in TV servicing. A few of the video service technicians known to the author were using the grid dip oscillator but they had run across this application for the instrument accidentally or as a result of having the unit called to their attention by friends. As the material accumulated, new applications and better techniques were found, thus the suggestions embodied in this article form a mere nucleus of possible methods for simplified TV servicing.

The *Millen* No. 90651 grid dip oscillator used by the author is a convenient unit which may be held and tuned one-

handed and covers the range from 300 mc. to 1.7 mc. It has an isolated power supply and the controls are such that it is ideally suited for TV servicing applications (see Fig. 4). New coils have been announced which will extend the low frequency range to 225 kc., thus carrying the usefulness of the instrument into the AM servicing field.

A grid dip oscillator is nothing more than a small oscillator which covers the desired frequencies and has a sensitive meter in series with the grid circuit. This grid meter dips positively when the oscillator coil is closely coupled to another coil tuned to the same frequency. The small amount of power absorbed from the oscillator circuit excites the grid less and thus reflects a drop in grid current when coupled to a circuit resonant to the same frequency. While this sounds simple, to build a unit free from false indications and then calibrate it is a real job. The case must be solidly bonded and have no casual joints, otherwise the instrument will be subject to all sorts of erratic results. The calibrated scale on a commercially-built unit is spread on a drum dial so that it can be easily read. The standard unit in the author's possession has been checked at several points and was well within the 2 or 3 per-cent required. The addition of the telephone jack, as shown in Fig. 2, makes adequate provision for the introduction of supply modulation needed in television servicing. While the designers of the in-



strument probably didn't have that particular application in mind it has proven very handy for television work.

### TV Servicing Procedure

In order to check the practicality of the instrument before preparing this article, several television technicians were asked to use the grid dip oscillator on their regular servicing calls. One of these men was an old hand at the game, another was a beginner who had only recently graduated from radio school and was making his first appearance as a "professional," while others in the group had military radar or television servicing backgrounds.

It is not the author's contention that any "dope" can service a complicated television set on the first try providing he is equipped with a grid dip oscillator. However, a relatively unskilled person who has received proper instructions *can* line up an intentionally misaligned set so that it will produce a good picture and it is a much simpler procedure than that needed with an oscilloscope. In fact, two sets which didn't yield to oscilloscope figure techniques were aligned quickly when the proper grid dip oscillator techniques were applied. One set being checked had i.f. coils at one-half frequency while another standard make, for some reason, came through with the i.f. at twice the frequency. With the aid of the instrument, it was a simple matter to trim or pad to bring the i.f.'s in line.

In servicing the set, first start with a few voltage checks. See that all the tubes are lighted (or warm—most TV tubes are the small glass miniatures). Look for the raster on the tube. Chances are that the cathode-ray tube is getting voltage when the screen shows life. What can be seen and heard at this stage provides a fair indication of the possible source of trouble. Now is the time to use the grid dip oscillator.

Select a coil for the video range (21 or 37 mc., etc.), put terminals on a phone plug so that leads can be run to an audio oscillator. While a *Hewlett-Packard* modified 200B, rated at one-quarter of a watt at 500 ohms output, was used in this application, a home-built oscillator can be used providing it has a volume control and covers the 500 to 1000 cycle range. Turn on the grid dip oscillator and then tune it to the video frequency. Turn on the audio oscillator which should be set at about 780 cycles and about half gain. If the video and sweep circuits are functioning at all a horizontal line pattern similar to that shown in Fig. 3 will appear. This figure and the vertical bars, with a frequency run on the audio oscillator, are the key—using the horizontal video first and audio, then working to the front end before trying the vertical. The vertical needs the r.f. amplifier as the grid dip oscillator output without some direct wire connections, which are to be avoided, is not powerful enough to show vertical lines by radiation pickup at the video

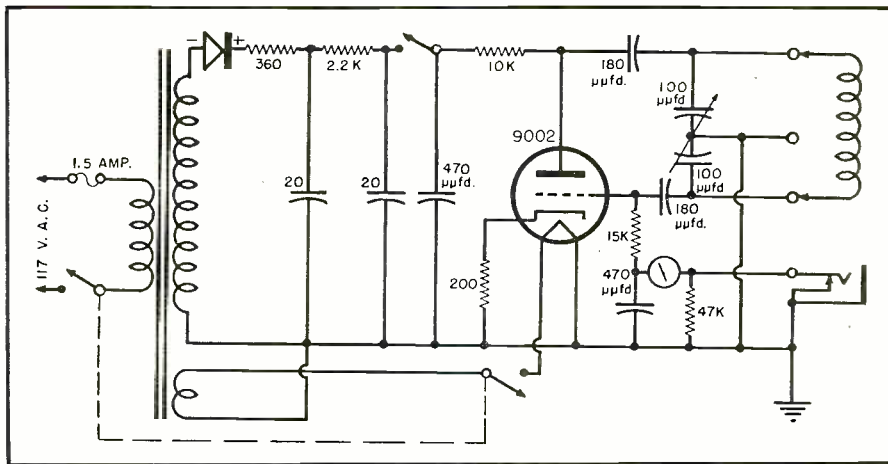


Fig. 2. Diagram of Millen grid dip oscillator. The TV modulator plugs into phone jack.

frequencies. Thus, the sequence suggested should be followed until the use of the grid dip oscillator in TV servicing becomes second nature.

### Servicing Applications

Based on the results of several practical service applications, the grid dip oscillator is best used to isolate the trouble sections of the receiver and then to function as a test unit for the individual components which could be causing the trouble. There is no standard procedure to be followed except to work first from the video for horizontal bars and then checking the audio itself, in detail, if need be, with the traps, sweep circuits, linearity, discriminator, speaker, etc. With an adequate audio signal generator, a complete response run may be made. It is important that the grid dip oscillator is not overloaded as the signal will be frequency modulated so severely that it will not be representative of a standard signal.

Using the video frequency with the 780 cycle audio modulation, the service technician should obtain the horizontal lines as shown in Fig. 3. There will be a good chance to check focus, contrast, and vertical linearity with the grid dip oscillator set at the center of the video i.f. The audio is checked by moving to the higher frequency end of the i.f. where the traps, needed to keep the sound from reaching the picture circuits, can be checked.

One of the most cogent reasons for

using the grid dip oscillator for troubleshooting, according to the service technicians who have been using it, was that the condensers, coils, oscillating or non-oscillating circuits could be checked rapidly whether the receiver was on or off. With the proper coil and the grid dip oscillator used as instructed in the manual, the actual servicing took less time than the setting up of the more complicated pattern checking equipment previously used.

With what appears to be normal operation from the back of the set, adjust the grid dip oscillator to an r.f. channel and disconnect the antenna. The *Millen* unit used by the author gave plenty of drive a few feet from the front end of the TV receiver, except in instances where the receiver was *very* dead. The instrument may be used as the receiver oscillator when the modulation is cut off. The oscillator frequency and operation can also be checked by turning off the plate current of the grid dip oscillator and with the phone plug removed so that it operates as a sensitive absorption wavemeter, it will indicate whether or not the set's oscillator is operating properly.

A further use of the unit is suggested by Fig. 1, where the i.f. coils are checked to see that they are aligned to the fundamental. By probing from coil to coil it is possible to check whether there is a normal increase in

(Continued on page 177)

Fig. 3. Horizontal test bars as they appear on TV screen. Absence of vertical bars in later tests indicate vertical sweep defect.

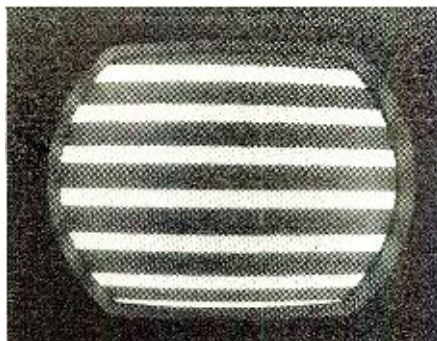
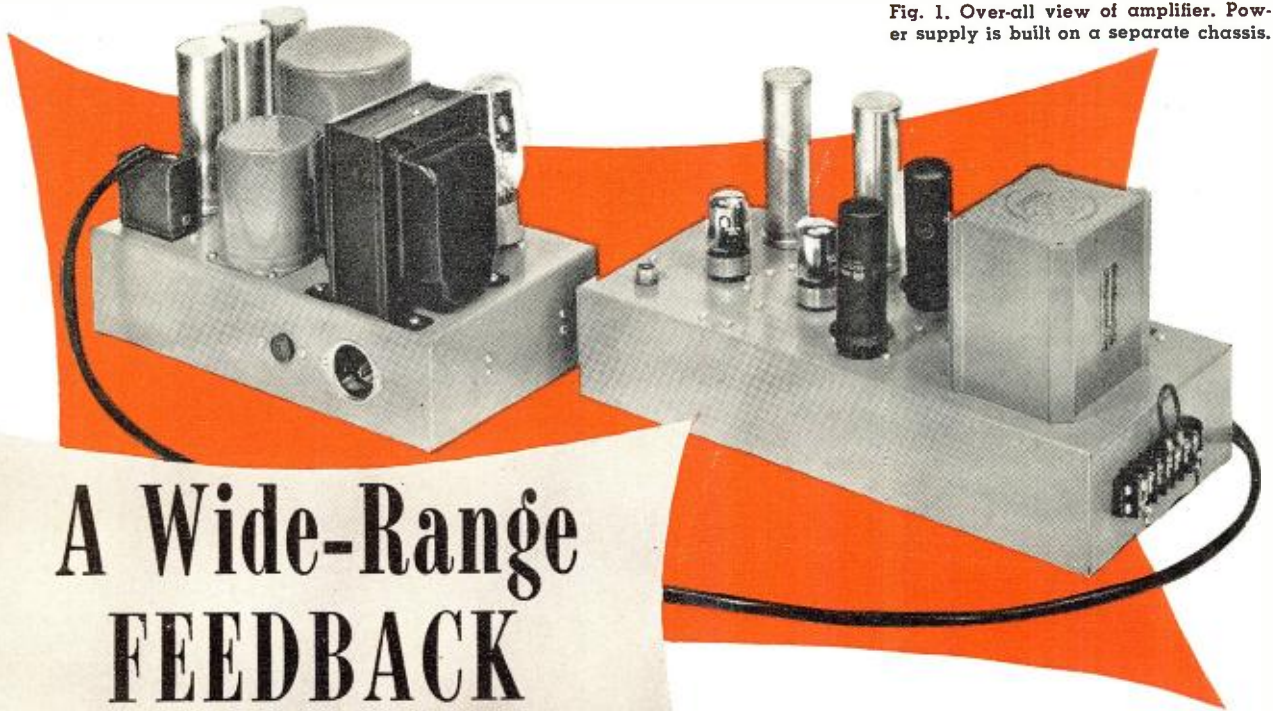


Fig. 4. The Millen No. 90651 grid dip oscillator which covers from 1.7 to 300 mc. Low frequency coils to 225 kc. are available.





Fig. 1. Over-all view of amplifier. Power supply is built on a separate chassis.



# A Wide-Range FEEDBACK AMPLIFIER

*Inverse feedback over 4 stages proved no problem to author in designing this American version of the "Williamson Amplifier."*

By

**ROBERT M. MITCHELL**

Circuit Application Engineer, United Transformer Co.

**T**HE growing demand for increased realism in the reproduction of sound, both in music and speech, has necessitated a reconsideration of several basic problems in the design of audio amplification equipment. These problems are concerned with psychological as well as physical phenomena, and involve such varied considerations as system bandwidth, room acoustics, the sensation of loudness, and the relationship between dis-

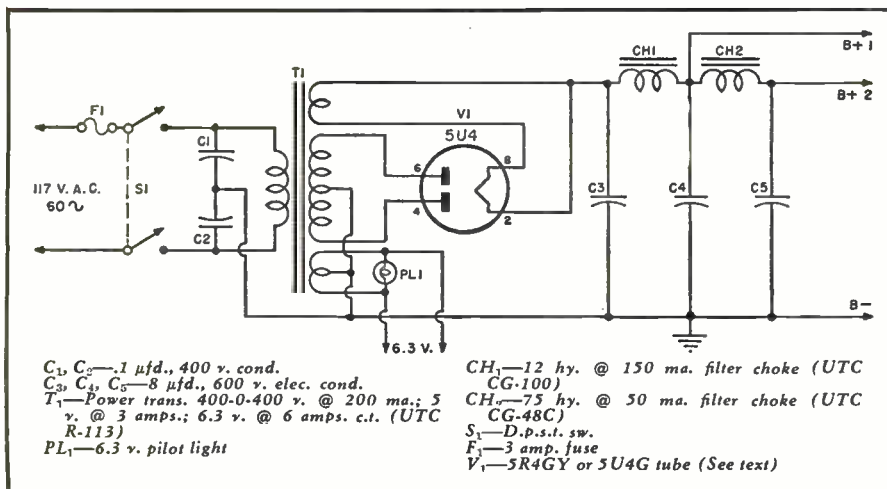
ortion products and musical dissonance, to name only a few. In this continued striving for more faithful reproduction, negative feedback plays an indispensable part.

At one time negative feedback was used somewhat as a remedy, that is, it ameliorated gross defects in equipment of mediocre quality until some of the resultant specifications were comparable to those of higher quality equipment. Fortunately for the music-

lover, those days are largely past, and feedback is now more profitably employed in refining the characteristics of an already superior system. Thus, it is becoming more common to find large amounts of feedback being used with medium-power, all-triode amplifiers of very linear characteristics, employing parts of the highest quality. The employment of such large amounts of feedback requires that, for stability's sake alone, the gain-frequency and phase-frequency characteristics of the original amplifier be controlled over a range much greater than that over which the benefits of the feedback are desired. Terman, in his "Radio Engineers Handbook," page 226, gives as an approximate rule the relation of one octave extension of range for every 10 db. of feedback desired, plus one or two octaves as a margin of safety. Thus, if it is desired to produce an amplifier with 20 db. of feedback and a useful range of 20 to 20,000 cycles, it is necessary that the characteristics of the feedback loop be controlled for at least three octaves beyond this range, or from 2.5 cycles to 160,000 cycles. Since the control of gain characteristics is a comparatively simple matter for resistive-capacitive coupled stages, the crucial component in a high-quality amplifier is the output transformer.

A high-quality amplifier of excellent linearity and utilizing 20 db. of feedback around all four stages and the output transformer has recently

Fig. 2. Schematic diagram and parts list covering the amplifier power supply.





been developed in England by Mr. D. T. N. Williamson. This "Williamson" amplifier was literally designed around a special output transformer, and used standard English parts. It is the purpose of this article to describe an outstanding version of this amplifier which uses a stock output transformer and standard American parts.

The heart of the amplifier is the output transformer, UTC LS-63. This transformer matches push-pull loads of 10,000 and 6000 ohms to a wide range of voice coil impedances. The frequency response of the transformer alone extends smoothly within 1 db. from 15 cycles to 50 kc. at medium power levels. This response enables the entire amplifier to be incorporated in the feedback loop with complete freedom from instability. The resulting feedback amplifier has a frequency characteristic which is flat within 1 db. from 10 cycles to 100 kc.!

The amplifier circuit is straightforward and simple. As may be seen from Fig. 3, it consists of four stages; a voltage amplifier, direct-coupled to a split-load phase inverter, a push-pull voltage amplifier, and a push-pull power amplifier stage. The output tubes are 1614's, connected as triodes, with self bias. Except for a lower maximum plate voltage rating, this tube is electrically identical to the 807, but has the additional advantages of being single-ended in construction and having a standard octal base.

In order to permit flexibility of operation, the amplifier was built on two chassis, one containing the amplifier proper, and the other the power supply. Figs. 1 and 5 show the top-chassis and under-chassis views respectively of the two units. Point-to-point wiring is used throughout, with short, rigid leads and a common ground bus serving to reduce stray coupling and hum pickup. The ground bus picks up the individual grounds in order, starting at the highest level stages and progressing in order to the lower stages, where it is finally grounded to the chassis at the input.

The performance of the amplifier depends to a large extent on the balance of the push-pull stages. The output transformer constants (inductance, leakage, etc.) are precision-balanced, so that no adjustments are needed for that component. The plate load resistors for the push-pull driver stage should be matched, as should also the plate and cathode resistors in the phase inverter stage. Before the amplifier is placed in operation, two simple adjustments must be made. These adjustments set the operating conditions for the output stage, and normally need be made only once.

Since the total plate dissipation for the two 1614's is 50 watts, the total cathode current must be limited to 120 milliamperes. This is accomplished by inserting a milliammeter in the common leg and adjusting  $R_{20}$ . This will produce a bias of about 38 volts when the plate to ground voltage is 440 volts, and will keep the static plate

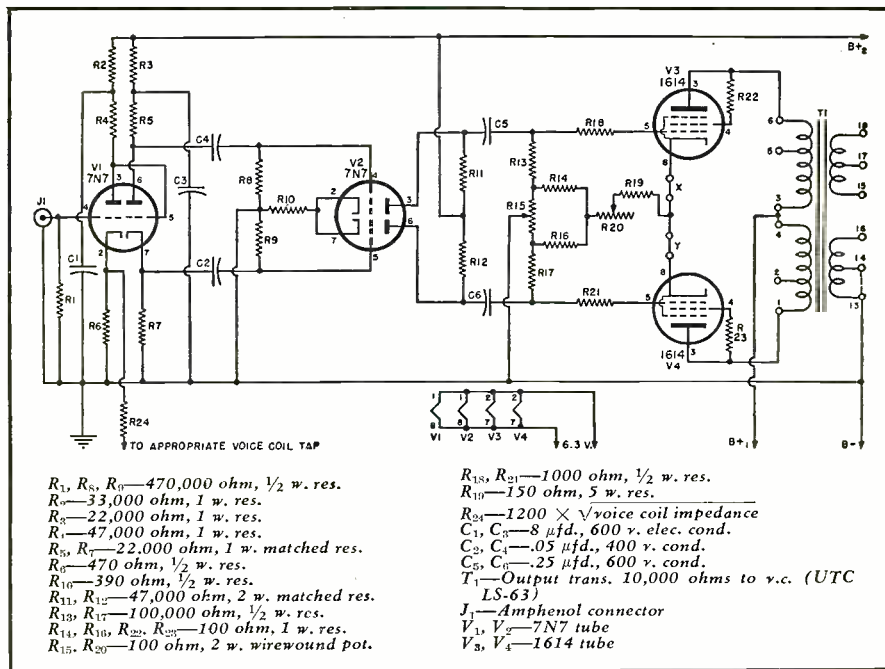


Fig. 3. Complete schematic diagram of the wide-range feedback amplifier unit.

dissipation within the 50 watt rating. After this is done, the standing currents in each tube are adjusted to equality by placing milliammeters at points X and Y, and adjusting  $R_{15}$ . This adjustment reduces the unbalanced d.c. current in the output transformer primary, and, consequently, improves the low frequency response.

When adjusted according to the above instructions, the amplifier is operating almost completely in Class A, and will deliver 8 watts of power with almost undetectable distortion (less than 0.1%). Although this may seem to be a rather low power output, it is more than adequate for home listening. For reproduced music to sound at

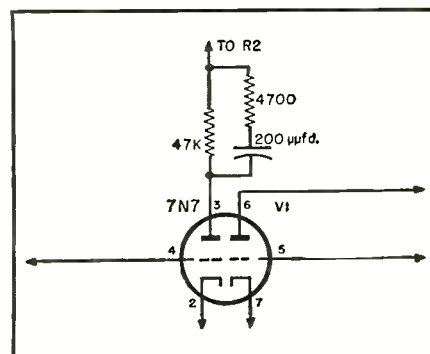
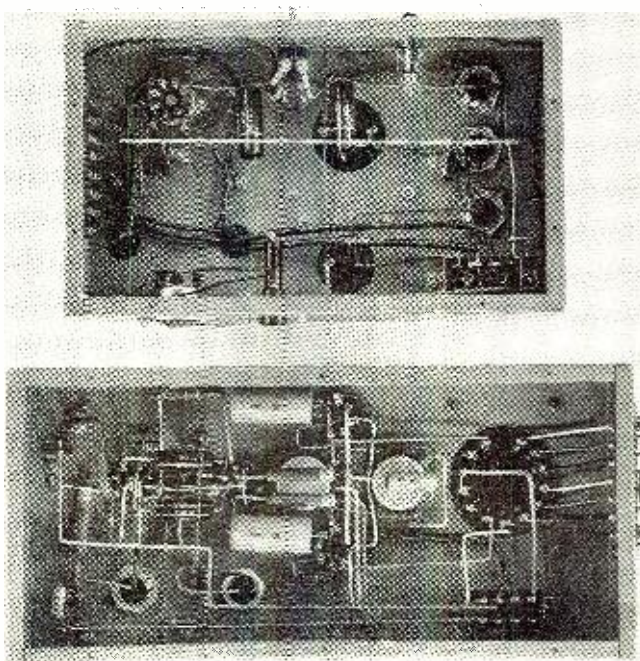


Fig. 4. Phase correcting network which can be used to eliminate the effects of excessive stray capacity or capacitive loads.

Fig. 5. Under chassis views of the audio amplifier and accompanying power supply.





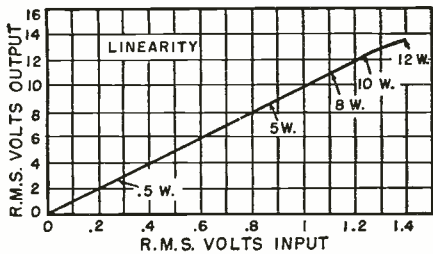


Fig. 6. Linearity curve of the amplifier.

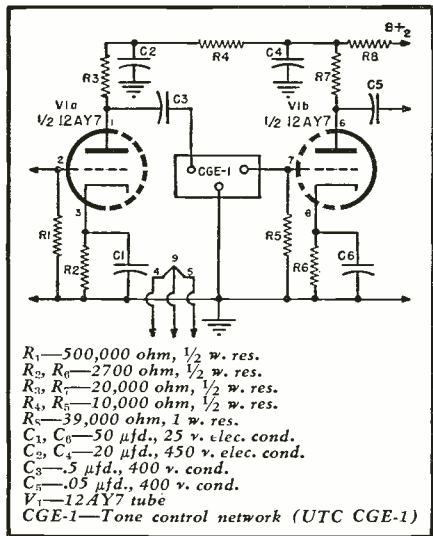


Fig. 7. An equalizing circuit, giving up to 15 db. boost or cut at either end of the spectrum, which may be used with amplifier.

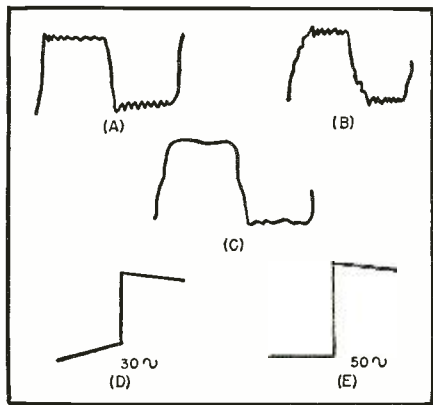
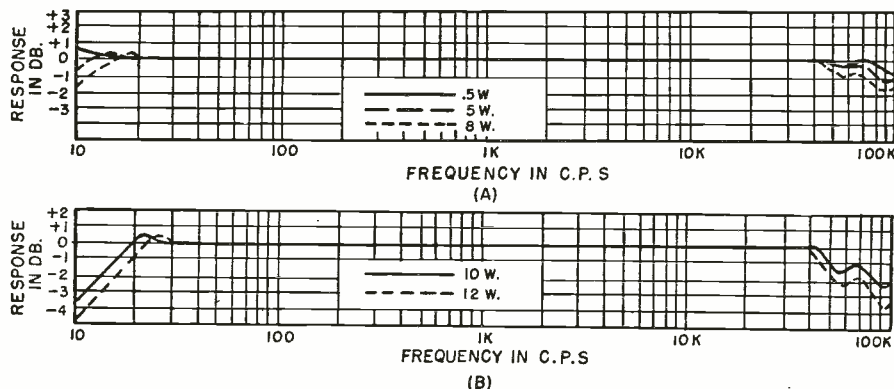


Fig. 8. Frequency response of the amplifier. See text for an explanation of waveforms.

Fig. 9. (A) Frequency response at different output levels for Class A operation, and (B) the frequency response of the amplifier in Class AB<sub>1</sub> operation at higher levels.



(Continued on page 166)

about concert level to the listener in a large-sized living-room requires an average of about 5 milliwatts of acoustic power. In a fair-sized living-room of say, 2500 cubic feet volume, a value half this great is adequate. Allowing an average of 20 db. (100 times as much power) for peaks, a value of 0.25 watts is obtained. To produce this acoustic power through a speaker system of 10% efficiency requires an electrical power of 2.5 watts. Under these conditions the 8 watt amplifier has a safety margin of undistorted power of more than 3 times, or 5 db. If more power is required, the bias may be changed so as to operate the output stage more in Class AB<sub>1</sub>, by adjusting  $R_{20}$  for 110 ma. total current (approximately — 40 volts bias), and adjusting  $R_{15}$  for equal currents as before. Under these conditions the distortion is 0.3% at 10 watts and 1% at 12 watts.

In the English design, a phase correcting network across  $R_1$  is a permanent part of the amplifier. This tends to increase the margin of stability at high frequencies. The leakage inductance of the UTC LS-63 is so low that this network is ordinarily not required. However, if the secondary load is highly capacitive or other stray capacities are introduced in the amplifier, it may be desirable to add this network. If the output tube currents are high when all components are properly connected and all other measurements are correct, it is usually an indication that the circuit is oscillating at a very high frequency due to the stray capacities mentioned above. In such cases, the phase correcting network shown in Fig. 4 will eliminate this.

The power provided by the power transformer and that dissipated by the output tubes in particular is considerably larger than in most home amplifiers. Consequently, the constructor must allow for adequate ventilation when mounting the unit in cabinets, etc.

If the "B<sub>+</sub>" voltage is too high, because of high line voltage, for example, the 5R4GY tube (Fig. 2) should be used in place of the 5U4G. This tube may be plugged directly in the same socket, since the basing is iden-

tical, and due to its larger internal drop, will give a lower output voltage.

The performance characteristics of this amplifier are illustrated in tabular and graphic form in Figs. 6, 8, and 9. All of the measurements were made with a source resistance of 50,000 ohms and a non-inductive resistor of 15 ohms connected to the 15 ohm secondary terminals of the output transformer.

Fig. 9A shows the frequency response at different output levels for Class A operation, while Fig. 9B shows the response for Class AB<sub>1</sub> operation at higher levels. The response of the amplifier with 40 volts bias is essentially the same at low levels as that of Fig. 9A. The linearity of the amplifier over the entire power range is shown in Fig. 6.

The low distortion content of this amplifier is outstanding. At 8 watts (actual measured power dissipated in the load resistor, not an "equivalent power") the distortion is less than one-tenth of one per-cent. Because the distortion is so minute, it is necessary that several precautions be taken in measuring it, in order to insure that spurious voltages such as noise, hum, etc. are not included in the results. The author has found that a satisfactory procedure is to pass the audio generator output through a low-pass filter of at least 60 db. attenuation and measure the harmonic components of the amplifier output with a wave analyzer.

One of the desirable features of audio amplifiers is low output impedance, and in this respect a negative feedback amplifier is unsurpassed. The ratio of the load resistance to the effective output impedance is called the damping factor, since it determines the effectiveness of the amplifier in damping vibrations originating in the loudspeaker.

A common value of damping factor for beam tubes with feedback or triodes without feedback is 3. The damping factor of this amplifier is 27, equivalent to an output impedance of 0.55 ohm at the 15 ohm secondary. This ability of the amplifier to damp the loudspeaker contributes substantially to the "cleanness" of reproduction.

Another factor contributing to clarity in reproduction is the transient response. Because of the ease of interpretation involved, transient response is usually tested by means of square waves. The high frequency square wave response of the amplifier is shown in Fig. 8. In this diagram (A) represents the response of the entire amplifier to a square wave of 10 kc. repetition rate. The rapidity with which the maximum value is attained, i.e., the short rise time, is a graphic indication of the extremely small leakage inductance and stray capacitance of the output transformer. For comparison purposes the high frequency square wave response of a poorly designed unit is shown in Fig. 8B.



# A Variable Width SQUARE-WAVE GENERATOR

By  
**J. CARLISLE HOADLEY**



Two views of home-built unit. The calibration shown on the front panel may be copied providing specified components are used and that the layout is not altered appreciably from that illustrated.

NE of the most frequently used instruments to be found in the electronic laboratory is a square-wave generator, which combines a multiplicity of outputs with versatility of operation. The construction of this very useful piece of equipment is covered in this article.

It is, essentially, a square-wave generator together with amplifiers, inverters, and an output stage. The block diagram in Fig. 1 gives the set-up. The object is to produce a square wave which rises as nearly vertically as possible, has a flat top for a desired length of time, and then cuts off as fast as possible. In many instances it is desirable to vary the duration of this square wave, *i.e.*, the length of the "top," and it is evident that if the front and back are not steep the duration of the top is not distinct. It is, of course, impossible to produce a square wave with vertical sides, as that would mean a voltage rising to a given value in an infinitely small period of time. This might be done if it were not for the fact that all circuits have inherent capacities, and these capacities must be charged while the voltage is rising. Of course, the time necessary to charge a capacity is a function of its size. It would seem, then, that the important item in building a square-wave generator would be the reduction of all important capacities.

As a general rule, then, it is desirable to keep the circuit capacities small and use low impedance circuits. The formula which states the time necessary to charge or discharge a condenser through a resistance is,  $T=RC$  where  $T$  represents the time necessary for the voltage to rise to

**Details on a generator unit whose pulses can be varied from 1 to 140 microseconds in width with a repetition rate of 60 to 600 cycles-per-sec.**

$1-1/e$  (approximately  $\frac{2}{3}$ ) of its maximum value or, to fall to  $1/e$  (approximately  $\frac{1}{3}$ ) of its original value, where  $T$  is stated in seconds;  $R$ , in ohms; and  $C$  in farads. More usable units would be  $T$  in microseconds;  $R$  in megohms; and  $C$  in micromicrofarads. The value of  $e$  is 2.718.

This, then, is the first consideration in building a good square-pulse generator—the reduction of all unwanted capacities.

Secondly, the unit should perform several functions. It must be understood at this point that we are considering a square-wave generator of the unsymmetrical type, *i.e.*, where the first half of each cycle is smaller (or greater) than the second half and is, moreover, variable in width, amplitude, polarity, and repetition rate.

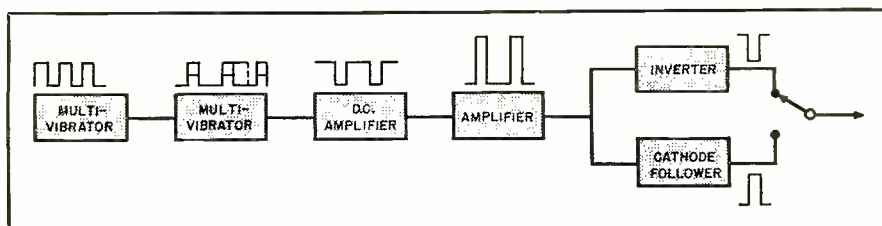
Referring to Fig. 1, we find an ordinary symmetrical multivibrator whose function is to provide a means for frequency stabilization.

A multivibrator is not too stable a device, and since we wish to produce a square wave which is stable, maintaining any width at which it is set, it is better to synchronize the pulse gen-

erating multivibrator from another multivibrator whose sole function is to produce recurrent symmetrical square waves.

There would also be unwanted interaction between the frequency and width control if both were incorporated in one multivibrator. We have, therefore, the first multivibrator in Fig. 1. It is coupled into the second multivibrator, which is of a different type. This multivibrator is biased so that it will not operate by itself, but will remain off until a pulse of energy is received, which neutralizes the bias and allows it to flop once. It is often referred to as a flip-flop, or trigger circuit. In coupling the first multivibrator to the second, it is desirable to transfer only a very short pulse of energy so that this pulse will not in any way affect the resultant square wave. Thus, coupling is by means of a very small condenser so that the square wave from multivibrator number one is differentiated. Fig 2 illustrates this result. The small condenser charges as the square wave rises, but, being small, it discharges almost immediately. At the end of

Fig. 1. Block diagram of square-wave generator. Two multivibrator stages are used.



\* Audio Sub Section Head, Radio and Communications Section, Electronics Test Division, Naval Air Test Center, Patuxent River, Maryland.







ing the war, but their operations were, of necessity, cloaked in secrecy. Suffice it to say that they comprise a sweep generator using high vacuum tubes instead of gas tubes.

These tubes, usually in the form of a multivibrator, are biased just as  $V_2$  is in this pulse generator, so that it goes off only when a pulse is received. This multivibrator is coupled to a circuit which generates a linear saw-tooth whose length is very short, the exact length being determined by the phenomenon being observed.

For rough checking of several cycles, an ordinary scope may be used. Due to the limited sweep frequency, it will not be possible to observe a single cycle, but a check of the operation may be made.

Fig. 4 shows the picture that should be obtained when several cycles of the unit's output are under observation. The pulses will appear very dim at low recurrence rates and will by no means be brilliant at the highest rate.

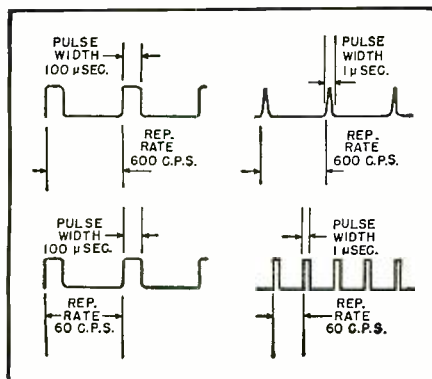
The main uses for this generator are: first, as a keying source for electronic circuits which operate only in the presence of a recurrent pulse; second, when one wishes to measure the operation time of a circuit or the duration of a waveform from a circuit. The pulse generator puts out a pulse which can be varied from one microsecond to 140 microseconds in width. Its rise time is better than .2 microsecond and the fall is better than .5 microsecond. The repetition rate may be varied from 60 to 600 cycles per second. The amplitude of the positive square wave is approximately 200 volts, and the negative wave is -125 volts. This negative amplitude is reached at less than the maximum position of  $R_{20}$ , but since the inverter tube will not handle a greater swing, this is as high as it should be turned.

If care is taken to use parts of exactly the value specified and if the layout is not changed appreciably, the calibration may be copied from the photograph. If more accurate calibration is desired the widths may be compared with sine waves of known frequency on an oscilloscope.

If the reader would like additional material on trigger circuits the author recommends a study of O. S. Puckle's book "Time Bases" (Wiley).

-30-

Fig. 4. Oscilloscope patterns obtained.



# Mac's RADIO SERVICE SHOP

By JOHN T. FRYE



## MENDING HARNESS

"THERE!" Mac said as he placed a little white radio on the "repaired" shelf; "that's the very last set we had to fix. We are all caught up."

"Hey!" his assistant, Barney, said in wide-eyed amazement, "what goes here? That's the first time I ever remember that happening. Is business falling off? Have you got my Social Security paid up?"

"Now don't get excited," Mac said soothingly. "Business is all okay. I have simply been putting in a lot of overtime lately. My wife has been visiting her sister in St. Louis this past week, and I got the fidgets sitting around home by myself; so I have been coming down here every night and knocking out several sets. You better turn in your Boy Scout badge for not having been observant enough to notice this."

"Well," Barney said complacently as he tilted the stool upon which he was sitting back against the wall and propped his generous-sized feet up on the service bench, "it is a revolting development, but we may as well face it. Just wake me up if any business comes in that requires my personal attention."

"Oh no you don't!" Mac said as he scooped a handful of shredded paper out of a tube-shipping box and sprinkled it over Barney's recumbent form. "We are going to do what we used to do when I was a boy down on the farm and a rainy day kept us out of the fields; namely and to wit: mend harness."

"Mend harness?" Barney questioned. "I always knew you worked me like a horse, but I never caught sight of any harness around here."

"A figure of speech, my boy," Mac explained. "I mean that we are going to take advantage of this lull to overhaul some of our equipment and otherwise catch up on some of the little things around the shop that we do not have time to take care of when business is rushing."

"That's got a kind of nasty sound to it," Barney commented dubiously. "What are some of those 'little things'?"

"First, I want every instrument in the shop thoroughly cleaned and waxed. I especially want those instruments that we take with us to the customer's home to be gleaming. A dirty instrument with frayed cord and test leads makes an impression on a customer about like that he would have if his doctor used a rusty stethoscope or a soiled tongue-depressor on him; but you will note that a doctor, that wisest of 'servicemen,' always sees to it that his instruments are immaculate.

"Replace any a.c. cords that show the least sign of insulation failure, and make up new test leads for all of the portable instruments. While you are at it, too, you may as well make up a few new test lead terminations."

"What's a 'termination'?" Barney demanded.

"A big word to describe a useful little gadget. In ninety per-cent of the cases, the ordinary test prod is all you need; but there are times when it is handy or even necessary to have a needle-point prod or one with a clip on the end of the lead. It is foolish to lug around a pair of separate leads for each of these rarely-needed cases. If an alligator clip or a phono-needle

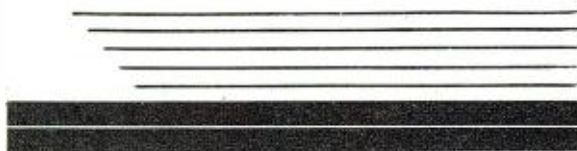
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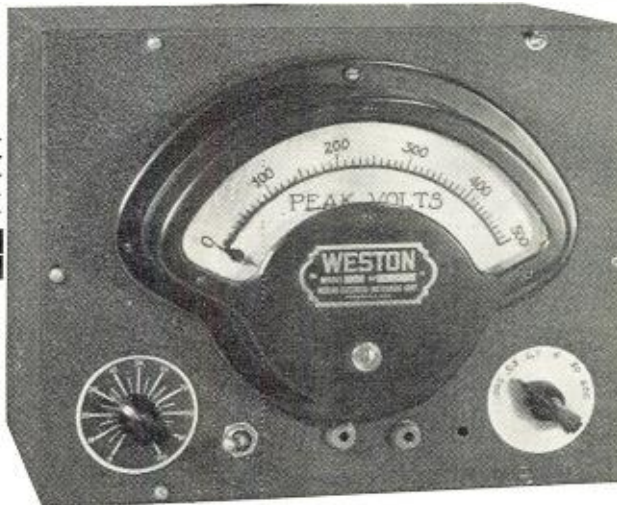
# An OSCILLOSCOPE CALIBRATOR

By  
**DEAN KIMBALL**

Over-all view of the oscilloscope calibrator. Any size cabinet which will house the meter can be used.



**A variable source of a.c. voltage which is used to measure, by comparison method, any voltage from .015 to 500 volts.**



UNTIL the advent of television, the oscilloscope was not widely used by the average service technician. Its use is almost a necessity in television service, however, and

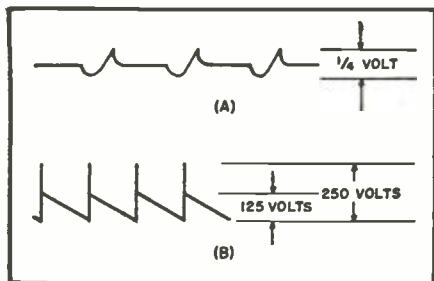


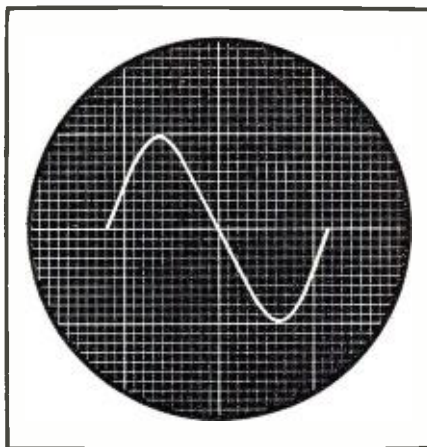
Fig. 1. Range of calibrated patterns encountered in most of the service manuals.

its introduction as a television service instrument will no doubt lead to its use for many other service problems for which it is peculiarly fitted. The oscilloscope is potentially a voltmeter with unique properties, because it is not only capable of measuring a wide range of voltages (.015 to 500 volts with a good oscilloscope) with almost any waveform, but it makes possible the visual analysis of the waveform and the frequency of the measured voltage. However, few oscilloscopes have any convenient means provided within them for measuring the actual value of the voltage applied to the input. The most that is done in oscilloscopes within the service instrument price range is to provide an internal signal of 6 volts or so for calibrating purposes. Obviously this is inadequate when the service manual probably will show calibrated patterns which range all the way from that of Fig.

1A to the pattern shown in Fig. 1B. When the oscilloscope is supplemented by the calibrator described herein, all such voltage measurements can be made conveniently.

The instrument described here is not a voltmeter in the usual sense of the word. Rather it is a variable source of a.c. voltage whose peak value is continuously measured by the built-in diode voltmeter. By means of the variable control,  $R_2$ , the voltage across the decade voltage divider can be set at any value between 50 and 500 volts. The voltage selected is applied to the input of the oscilloscope as a standard signal to set the gain of the oscilloscope at some convenient value, or the output of the calibrator may be matched with an unknown voltage to measure it. If a single-

Fig. 2. Oscilloscope is adjusted so that signal under test fills a convenient number of squares. Calibrator is then switched in to measure the voltage of test signal.



pole, double-throw switch (low capacity type) is placed at the input terminals of the oscilloscope, this calibrator then becomes a quickly available comparison standard for measuring voltages of all values within its range.

The accuracy of the unit is affected by the following components; the quality of the meter, and the accuracy of the decade resistors. The series diode voltmeter is linear when used with load resistors above about 100,000 ohms. The condenser  $C_1$  should be large enough to maintain the accuracy of the diode voltmeter at 60 cycles. If extreme precision in all parts of the meter scale is wanted, it would be wise to check the meter against a laboratory standard at several points on the scale, since meters which are not hand calibrated sometimes show rather large discrepancies at the low end of the scale. However, this is not necessary for most service work. Using the voltage ranges shown, the meter need have only one scale calibration of 0-500.

## Circuit Details

Transformer  $T_1$  is a small power transformer which will deliver slightly more than 500 volts peak. The center tap is not used. There need not even be any filament winding on  $T_1$ . A separate filament transformer is used for the 6H6, since filament voltage would not be constant if the filament winding were on the core of  $T_1$ .

The voltage divider can be made up of stock wirewound, 5 or 10 watt resistors since these are cheap and quite accurate. However, if high accuracy is wanted, precision resistors could be used or the wirewound resistors could be selected for accuracy. Note that



the 100,000 ohm resistor should have a minimum rating of 2.5 watts.

Neither output terminal is grounded, therefore no polarity need be observed. However, when the selector is set on the 500 volt range, precautions should be taken to avoid shock and to avoid shorting the output terminals.

$R_1$  and  $R_2$  should be adjusted so that  $R_2$  covers the voltage range from about 40 volts to slightly over 500 volts. The values given are approximate and will vary with the rating of transformer  $T_1$ . These resistors also limit the current through  $R_2$  so that it is not required to dissipate more than its rating.

The calibrator is built in a black crackle box. A box of this size is not necessary to house all the parts, but is needed to mount the large fan type meter used. If the constructor wishes to use a smaller meter, the parts could be mounted in a somewhat smaller box, thus making a more compact instrument. It is important to mount the potentiometer  $R_2$  where it will have adequate ventilation since it dissipates about 20 watts. If it is mounted below the chassis, there should be a few ventilating holes drilled above it in the chassis. It would also be wise to drill a few holes in the side or bottom of the case to let in air. The back of the box is left open for ventilation. The placement of parts otherwise is not critical.

#### Uses of the Calibrator

The major use of the calibrator will be for measuring the values of various parts of the waveforms encountered in checking a television receiver. This is done as follows: The gain control of the oscilloscope is set so that the pattern occupies some convenient number of squares on the crosshatched screen. See Fig. 2. The s.p.d.t. switch is then flipped over to the calibrator. Without moving the oscilloscope gain control, the controls  $R_2$  and the decade switch are set so that the height of the pattern from the calibrator is the same as that to

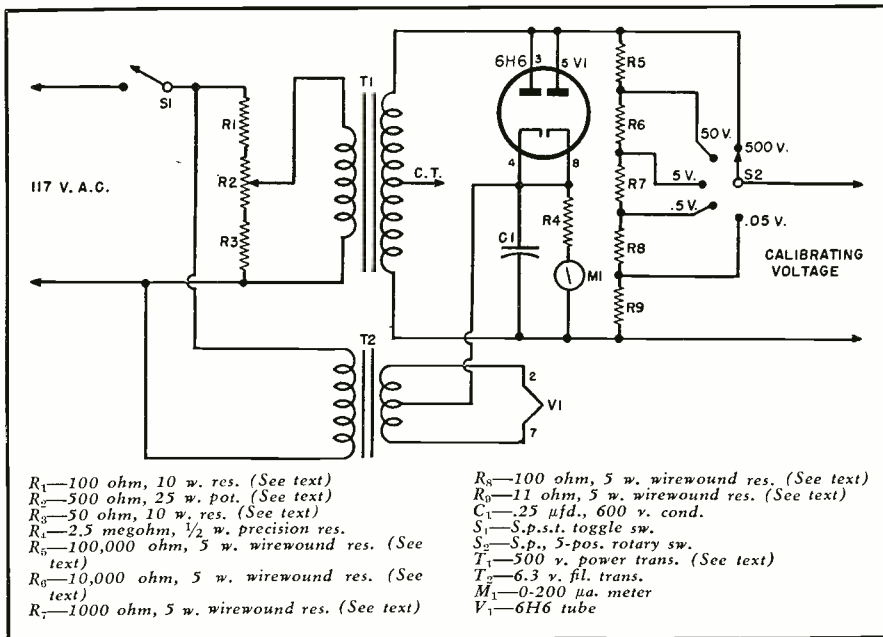


Fig. 3. Diagram of calibrator. Unit may, alternatively, be built into scope cabinet.

be measured. The value read on the meter multiplied by the value indicated by the decade switch then gives the peak value of the unknown voltage. Thus the voltages from the minimum indication of the oscilloscope up to 500 volts can be measured. By means of a voltage divider applied to the scope input, even higher voltages could be measured.

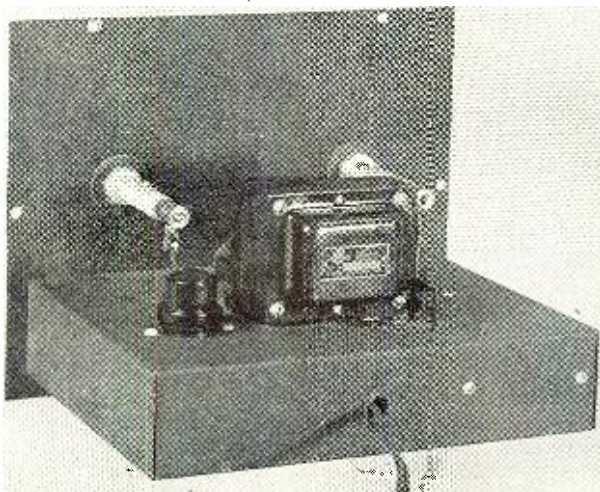
If the calibrator is constructed with good accuracy in mind, it becomes a standard by which other a.c. meters can be calibrated, and its use for a standard need not be limited to 60 cycle instruments. Meters can be calibrated at any frequency which is within the flat response range of the oscilloscope. It must be remembered that this unit measures peak and not r.m.s voltage.

The calibrator can be used to measure very low resistors with considerable accuracy. The unknown resistance can be set up in series with a known low resistor of similar value.

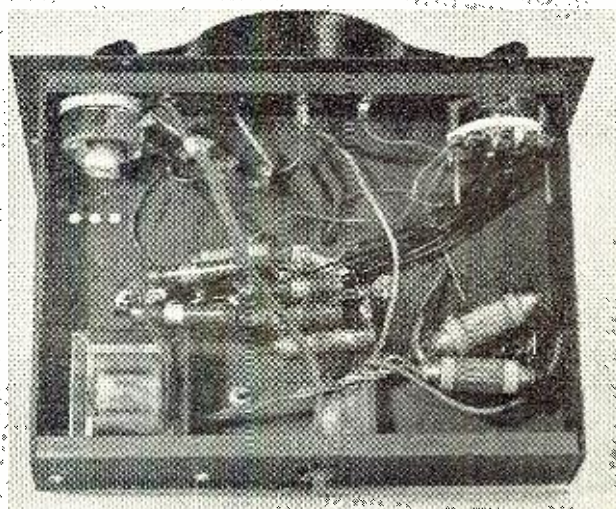
By running a fairly large a.c. current through the combination the voltage drop across each resistor can be measured by means of the calibrator and the resistance of the unknown computed from these two readings. Lacking a known low resistor, an a.c. ammeter can be used to measure the current through the unknown. The voltage measuring leads should be attached to the unknown resistance inside where the current connections are clipped on so that the contact resistance of the current connections is not included in the measurement.

A few of many other uses are: measuring the voltage output of microphones, phonograph pickups, and other low voltage devices; checking amplifier input voltages, stage gain, and power output; and measuring the voltage of odd waveforms. Since the waveform is being observed on the oscilloscope, one can check the peak value or any other part of the wave.

Top chassis view of the home-built oscilloscope calibrator.



The under chassis view. Note the simplicity of the wiring.



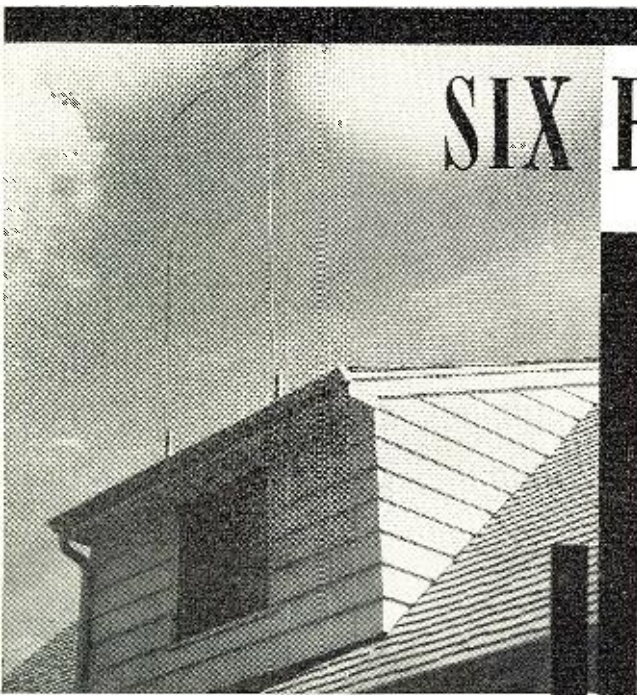


# SIX BANDS - BUT NEAT

By

STAN JOHNSON, W0LBV

*Details on two new, efficient amateur antennas which are inconspicuous and neat, yet cover all popular ham bands.*



The end-fire array. This unit is made up of two standard roof-type whip antennas and a polystyrene rod.

LIKE many another luckless ham, the writer lives in a new house —in a new and treeless district —where any ordinary beam would stick out like a sore thumb, and make for anything but good relations with the neighbors. Yet, like most hams, he hates to operate without a beam for 10 meters, and worse, he likes to work all bands, right up through 160 meters.

This article deals with a practical solution to the tough problem of providing an antenna system which will furnish a choice of two beams on 10 meters, plus an effective radiator on 15, 20, 40, 80, and 160 meters without creating a neighborhood eyesore. Proof that the antenna system is neat lies in a recent incident in which a ham from a neighboring state, trying to find the house by spotting the antenna system, wandered around the neighborhood for an hour and finally had to be "talked in" via the land line!

Essentially, the antenna system consists of two antennas; a two-element end-fire array fed at the bottom, and a long wire, end-fed with tuned feeders. The end-fire array is unique in that the only parts protruding from the house are two neat broadcast band-type "whip" antennas. The long wire, thanks to a careful choice of both feeder and flat top length, is readily tunable over a very wide frequency range with a simple tuner made up entirely from one of the inexpensive "TU" surplus tuning units from the BC-375 transmitter.

First, the end-fire array. This antenna is made up of two standard roof-type whip antennas which have the small whip ends folded down and joined by a light polystyrene rod. This method of construction insures that

the spacing will remain uniform even in a fairly high wind, an important feature for a close-spaced array.

The additional length needed for each element of the 10 meter beam, plus the feed system, can be tucked away in almost any attic. The antenna is "pieced out" with lengths of RG-8/U cable (braid removed). Even better would be the use of heavy aluminum clothesline wire which would increase the frequency range of the antenna.

The ends of the antenna are brought together at a pair of insulators in series, as shown in the drawings and photograph.

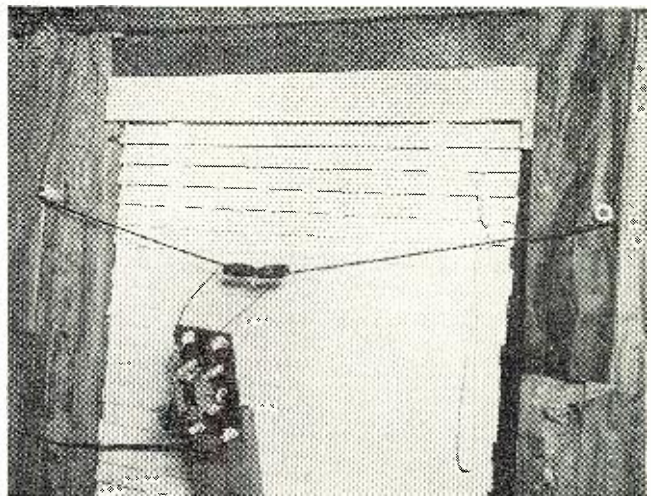
There are several possible methods of feeding the antenna, and the two systems which the writer has tried are shown in the drawings. The simplest method, illustrated in one of the photos, is to use a tuned circuit link-coupled to a 300 ohm line of twin-lead which goes to the pick-up coil on the transmitter. The tuned circuit, which should have as large a coil and as little capacity as will still allow "loading up," is simply tuned to resonance as indicated by the old, familiar pick-

up loop with its usual flashlight bulb.

An alternate system, which seems to be both less frequency-sensitive and more efficient, uses a quarter-wave matching stub. For detailed information on tuning up a stub see any of the standard handbooks. Suffice it to say that the antenna is first shock-excited by a nearby antenna, for example, by a folded dipole cut for 10 meters and connected to the 300 ohm feed line and then simply draped near the base of the antenna. The antenna is tuned to resonance as indicated by maximum brilliance in a flashlight bulb connected in the center of the shorting bar. Then the 300 ohm line is tapped on the stub at the point of lowest standing waves, as indicated by a standard twin-lamp standing wave indicator.

As the current at the connection to the antenna may be quite high, low power should be used on the exciting antenna to prevent burning out of the flashlight bulb.

The antenna is vertically polarized, of course. Contrary to a surprisingly common misconception, the transmitted polarization matters little for any



"Attic view" of the end-fire array. The ends of the antennas are fed to a tuned circuit link-coupled to a 300 ohm line which goes to pick-up coil on the transmitter.



"skip" contact, as when the waves bounce off the ionosphere they wind up both vertically and horizontally polarized, willy-nilly. For ground wave contact, of course, polarization is important, and the beam works especially well with mobile rigs with vertical whips. Like any vertical antenna the two element beam is susceptible to man-made noise and is somewhat worse than a horizontal for BCI. But it is less apt to cause TVI—so name your poison.

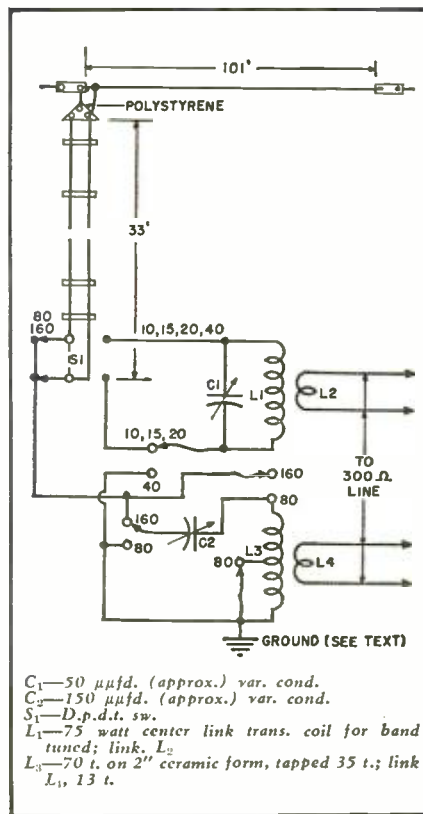
The vertical beam was placed in operation just as the 10 meter band was slipping into the summer slump, so results with the beam are not conclusive as this is written. But there is every indication that it will hold its own with any conventional two-element beam. There is considerable evidence that it really shines when the band is "sour." For example, it yielded an S8 from a KH6 in Hawaii when the KH6 was an S2—although running five times the power used in the writer's rig.

Now the "long" wire. Let no one sniff at a long wire for 10 meters. In theory, a wire three wavelengths long concentrates most of its radiation in the general direction of the wire, and at low angles, with a gain of about 2 db. The theory works out in practice and then some. The long wire shown in the drawings has been in use nearly a year. Although only 22 feet above the ground it yields consistent S9 plus reports from Hawaii with a 120 watt rig, has turned in S8's from Guam and Germany, and a 10 db. over S9 in Argentina. The four major lobes are vaguely apparent but the antenna does fairly well completely around the compass.

Besides being duck soup to erect, a long wire is a natural for tucking away inconspicuously. The writer's runs along the ridge of the house, just below the top of the roof, for the length of the house, then drops down at a slight angle to a pole at the edge of the alley. Since the pole was placed there by a large firm for another purpose nothing had to be erected to support the antenna. This mild chicanery is helped along by the fact that the antenna wire is #18 copperclad steel wire which is a bit hard to see even from 22 feet.

The 101 foot length chosen for the antenna represents about all that can be squeezed onto most city lots. Further, it is a nice length for a resonant flat top on 10, 15 (if we ever get it), and 20 meters. For 40 meters and 80 meters, the 33 foot open wire feeders (made with soft copper #18 wire and using 2 inch plastic spreaders approximately the same color as the roof) get into the act as part of the radiator, the net result being a 134 foot end-fed wire on 40 and 80 meters. On 160 meters, a ground is added, and the antenna worked as a Marconi.

The "ground" should be a good one. By the simple expedient of driving a 6 foot pipe down in one of the window wells alongside the house, dumping



Details for constructing the six-band, long-wire antenna described in text.

in 20 pounds of salt, and soaking the works for a couple of days, the output from the writer's 160 meter rig climbed 6 db. at a test point in another state. Since 6 db. is equivalent to quadrupling the power the 40¢ worth of salt was the best buy in town.

The tuner for the long wire antenna uses two variable condensers from the "TU" tuning unit mentioned previously, two coils, one wound up on a form salvaged from the tuning unit and one a standard 75 watt coil, and miscellaneous clips and insulators. The di-

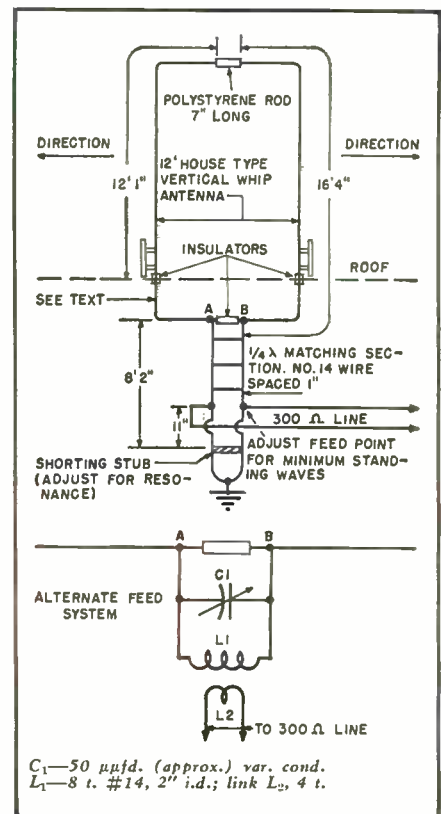


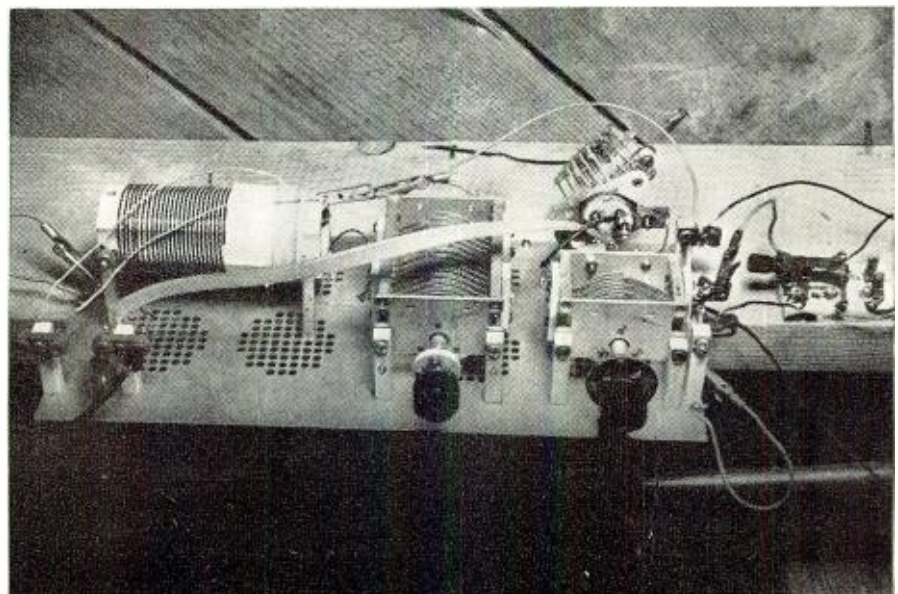
Diagram of the end-fire array which uses two whip antennas and the rod.

agram shows how tuning can be provided on any of the bands simply by shifting the clips to get the proper combination.

How should the antennas be oriented? Well, that will depend upon a lot of variables, including the real estate and the countries you want to work. In any case, the ideal scheme is to mount the antennas at right angles to each other. If this is done, you can work in almost any direction; both antennas are bi-directional on 10 meters.

—30—

Tuner for the long-wire antenna. Complete wiring details are shown in schematic above.





# PICTURE DISTORTION

## Due to Horizontal Foldover

*A review of the causes of an annoying interference problem that has baffled many service technicians.*

By  
**D. LERNER & J. HOWELL**  
Philco Corporation

NE type of picture distortion which appears puzzling to many service technicians is the effect of "horizontal foldover." This distortion might take place in a scene where a person in the field of action walks to the left of the screen, seemingly out of camera range, only to appear to reverse his direction and stroll back again to the right, while enveloped in a filmy light background.

This peculiar effect is caused in most cases by the unblanking of the picture tube before the electron beam, during its retrace time, has completely finished its journey across the screen from right to left. Since the speed of the electron beam across the picture

tube face during retrace is about five times as fast as its speed during the scanning period, much less energy is imparted to the fluorescent screen by the retracing electron beam. Thus the short strip or area on the left-hand side of the screen, during the time while the retrace is visible, appears much less bright than that portion of the picture scanned during the normal trace period. Because the direction of the electron beam reverses completely from retrace to trace period, the scene is scanned in opposite directions and the area of double scanning on the left portion of the screen is folded over on itself. Hence the name, "horizontal foldover."

Referring to Fig. 1, the relation in time between the horizontal blanking pedestal and the horizontal saw-tooth sweep signal is shown. In many receivers the horizontal oscillator is triggered by the leading edge of the horizontal sync pulse. Therefore, the time that remains for complete horizontal retrace is that time between the leading edge of the sync pulse and the end of the "back porch" (see Fig. 1). The time allotted for retrace may be decreased too much if the back porch, as transmitted by the station, is too short.

Fig. 1. Sync pulse saw-tooth relationship.

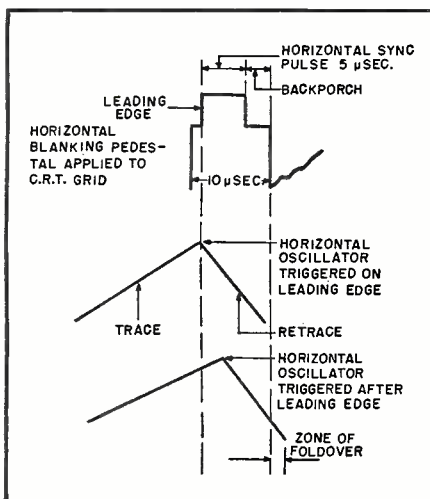
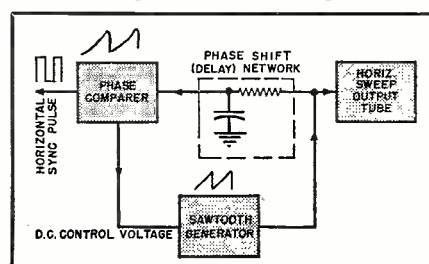


Fig. 2. Diagram of the a.f.c. pulse width horizontal sync circuit with delay network.



The return time from right to left may be lengthened, in some cases, due to variations in inductance of the horizontal deflection yoke.

In receivers using the a.f.c. (automatic frequency control) pulse width system of horizontal sweep, the oscillator does not sync in (trigger) on the leading edge of the sync pulse, but rather some time (a few microseconds) afterwards. See Fig. 1. Thus the foldover condition is exaggerated by the over-all reduction in time allotted for spot return.

To overcome the effect of foldover at the transmitter, the sync pulse may be speeded up so that it effectively moves over to the left on the pedestal and thus lengthens the back porch. At the receiver the entire horizontal sweep may be speeded up in relation to the blanking pulse applied to the picture tube, and this can be accomplished rather easily in receivers using the a.f.c. pulse width type of sync.

Briefly, the operation of the a.f.c. pulse width type of sweep circuit is as follows: The incoming horizontal sync pulse is combined with a portion of the horizontal saw-tooth voltage that is used for horizontal deflection in the phase comparator circuit. The resultant d.c. voltage, developed across the phase comparator cathode load, is used to control the frequency of the horizontal oscillator. This is shown in simple block form in Fig. 2. If we could make the saw-tooth used for deflection pur-

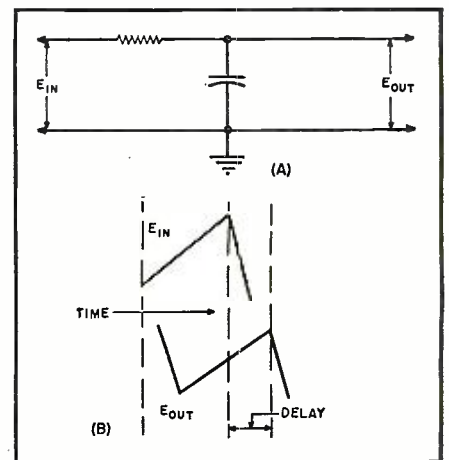


Fig. 3. Diagram of a simple delay network.

poses lead the saw-tooth used for phase comparison, we would, in effect, have accomplished the same purpose as speeding up the sweep with respect to the blanking pulse. This is done by a simple delay network consisting of a resistor and condenser, as shown in Fig. 3.

The output voltage  $E_{out}$  will lag the input  $E_{in}$  because of the finite time required to charge the condenser through the series resistance. Looking at the circuit another way, we can say that the input voltage  $E_{in}$  leads the output voltage  $E_{out}$ . By inserting a delay or phase shifting circuit in series with the saw-tooth feeding the phase comparator,

*(Continued on page 139)*



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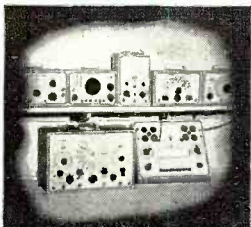


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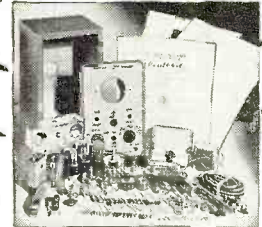
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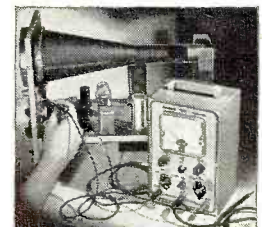
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The magnetic alloy shield supplied for the C.R. tube is of new design and uses a special metal developed by Allegheny Ludlum for such applications.

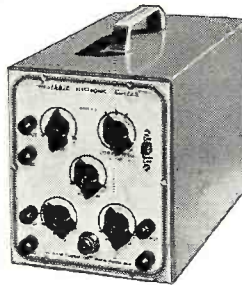
The Heathkit scope cabinet is of aluminum alloy for lightness of portability.

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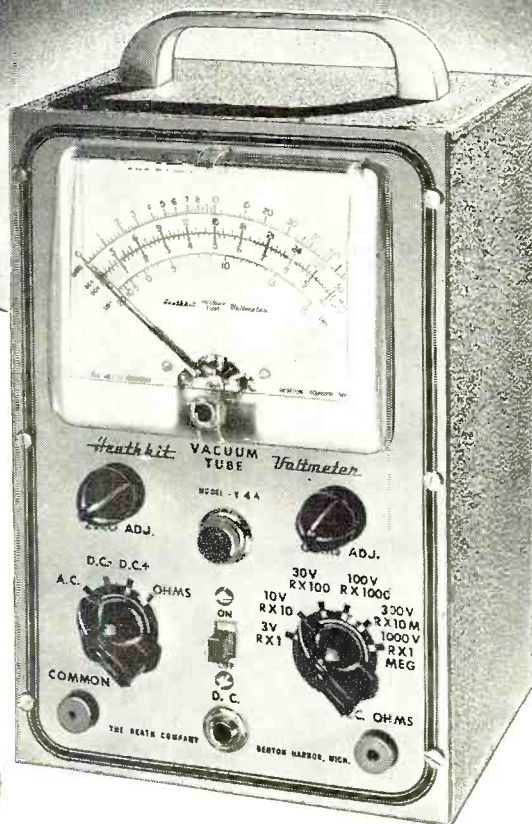


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**LOW PRICE \$23.50**

The new Heathkit Model V-4A VTVM Kit measures to 30,000 Volts DC and 250 megacycles with accessory probes — think of it, all in one electronic instrument more useful than ever before. The AC voltmeter is so flat and extended in its response it eliminates the need for separate expensive AC VTVM's. + or - db from 20 cycles to 2 megacycles. Meter has decibel ranges for direct reading. New zero center on meter scale for quick FM alignment.

There are six complete ranges for each function. Four functions give total of 24 ranges. The 3 Volt range allows 33⅓% of the scale for reading one volt as against only 20% of the scale on 5 Volt types.

The ranges decade for quick reading.

New ½% ceramic precision are the most accurate commercial resistors available — you find the same make and quality in the finest laboratory equipment selling for thousands of dollars. The entire voltage divider decade uses these ½% resistors.

New 200 microampere 4½" streamline meter with Simpson quality movement. Five times as sensitive as commonly used 1 MA meters.

Shatterproof plastic meter face for maximum protection. Both AC and DC voltmeter use push-pull electronic voltmeter circuit with burn-out proof meter circuit.

Electronic ohmmeter circuit measures resistance over the amazing range of 1/10 ohm to one billion ohms all with internal 3 Volt battery Ohmmeter batteries mount on the chassis in snap-in mounting for easy replacement.

Voltage ranges are full scale 3 Volts, 10 Volts, 30 Volts, 100 Volts, 300 Volts, 1000 Volts. Complete decading coverage without gaps.

The DC probe is isolated for dynamic measurements. Negligible circuit loading. Gets the accurate reading without disturbing the operation of the instrument under test. Kit comes complete, cabinet, transformer, Simpson meter, test leads, complete assembly and instruction manual. Compare it with all others and you will buy a Heathkit. Model V-4A. Shipping Wt., 8 lbs. Note new low price, \$23.50



**New 30,000 VOLT DC PROBE KIT**

Beautiful new red and black plastic high voltage probe. Increases input resistance to 1100 megohms, reads 30,000 Volts on 300 Volt range. High input impedance for minimum loading of weak television voltages. Has large plastic insulator rings between handle and point for maximum safety. Comes complete with PL55 type plug.

No. 3366 High Voltage Probe Kit.  
Shipping Wt., 2 pounds.

\$550

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*Heathkit*  
**RF PROBE KIT**

Crystal diode probe kit extends range to 250 megacycles = 10% comes complete with all parts, crystal, cable and PL55 type plug.

No. 309 RF Probe Kit.  
Shipping Wt., 1 lb.

\$550



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NEW  
*Heathkit*

# T.V. ALIGNMENT GENERATOR KIT



Shipping Wt., 16 lbs.

**\$39.50**

- ★ New simplified circuit for easy calibration and assembly.
- ★ New 2 band built-in marker covers 19 to 75 Mc.
- ★ New dual spider sweep motor for long life.
- ★ New blanking circuit gives base line for better alignment.
- ★ New variable oscillator gives high output fundamentals on high TV band.
- ★ New standby switch keeps instrument ready for instant use.
- ★ New 6 to 1 slow speed drive on both master oscillator and marker tuners.

The new Heathkit TV Alignment Generator incorporates the new developments required for modern TV servicing. An absorption marker circuit covering all possible IF bands and even several of the RF bands. The new blanking circuit provides a base reference line which is invaluable in establishing proper traces. The new sweep motor incorporates dual spiders in the speaker frame assuring better alignment and long life. The mounting of the speaker sweep motor has been simplified for easy alignment.

The variable master oscillator covers 140 to 230 Mc. thus giving high output fundamentals where they are most needed. Low band coverage 2 Mc. to 90 Mc.

A new step attenuator provides excellent control of output.

Planetary 6 to 1 drives on both oscillator and marker provides smooth easy control settings.

A standby position is provided making the instrument always instantly available.

Horizontal sweep voltage with phasing control is provided. No other sweep generator under \$100.00 provides all these features — comes complete with instruction manual. Model TS-2.

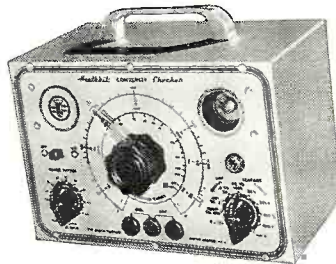
## Heathkit CONDENSER CHECKER KIT

Only  
**\$19.50**

### Features

- Power factor scale.
- Measures resistance.
- Measures leakage.
- Checks paper-mica-electrolytics.
- Bridge type circuit.
- Magic eye indicator.
- 110 V. transformer operated.
- All scales on panel.

Checks all types of condensers over a range of .00001 MFD to 1,000 MFD. All on readable scales that are read direct from the panel. NO CHARTS OR MULTIPLIERS NECESSARY. A condenser checker anyone can read. A leakage test and polarizing voltage for 20 to 500 Volts provided. Measures power factor of electrolytics between 0% and 50%. 110 V. 60 cycle transformer operated complete with rectifier and magic eye tube, cabinet, calibrated panel, test leads and all other parts. Clear detailed instructions for assembly and use. Model C-2. Shipping Wt., 7 lbs.



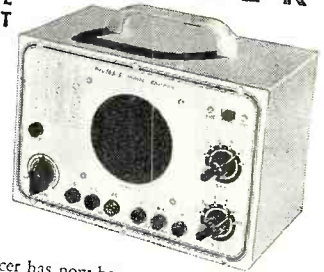
## NEW Heathkit SIGNAL TRACER AND UNIVERSAL TEST SPEAKER KIT

**\$19.50**

### Features

- High sensitivity
- Complete set of speaker impedances
- Tests microphones and PA systems
- Tests both single and push-pull speaker circuits

The popular Heathkit Signal Tracer has now been combined with a universal test speaker at no increase in price. The same high quality tracer follows signal from antenna to speaker — locates intermittents — defective parts quicker — saves valuable service time — gives greater income per service hour. Works equally well on broadcast — FM or TV receivers. The test speaker has assortment of switching ranges to match push-pull or single output impedance. Also test microphones, pickups, PA systems — comes complete — cabinet, 110 V. 60 cycle power transformer — tubes, test probe, all parts and detailed instructions for assembly and use. Model T-2. Shipping Wt., 8 lbs.



## Heathkit TUBE CHECKER KIT

### Features

Sockets for every modern tube — blank for new types.

Fastest method of testing tubes — saves time — makes more profit.

Rugged counter type birch cabinet.

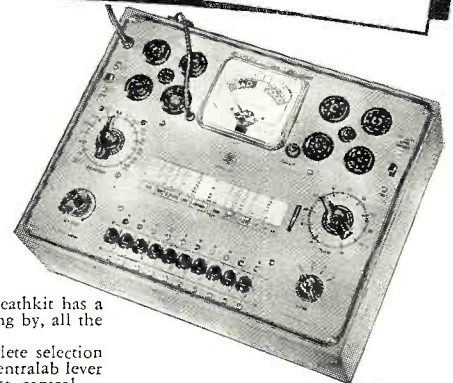
Test your tubes the modern way — dynamically — the simplest, yet fastest and surest method — your Heathkit has a switch for each tube element and measures that element — no chance for open or shorted elements slipping by, all the advantages of the mutual conductance type without the slow cumbersome time consuming setups.

Your Heathkit Tube Checker has all the features — beautiful 3 color BAD-GOOD meter — complete selection of voltages — roller chart listing hundreds of tubes including the new 9 pin miniatures — finest quality Centralab lever switches for each element — high grade birch counter type cabinet — continuously variable line adjust control — every feature you need to sell tubes properly. The most modern type tube checker with complete protection against obsolescence. The best of parts — rugged oversize 110 V. 60 cycle power transformer — finest of Mallory and Centralab switches and controls, complete set of sockets for all type tubes with blank spare for future types. Fast action brass gear driven roller chart quickly locates the settings for any type tube. Simplified switching cuts necessary testing time to minimum and saves valuable service time. Short and open element check. Simple method allows instant setup of new tube types without waiting for factory data. No matter what the arrangements of tube elements, the Heathkit flexible switching arrangement easily handles it. Order your Heathkit Tube Checker Kit today. See for yourself that Heath again saves you two-thirds and yet retains all the quality — this tube checker will pay for itself in a few weeks — better assemble it now. Complete with instructions — pictorial diagrams — all parts — cabinet — ready to wire up and operate. Model TC-1 Shipping Wt., 12 lbs.

Gear driven roller chart gives instant setup for all types.

Tests each element separately for open or short and quality.

Beautiful 3 color meter — reads good-bad and line set point.



**\$29.50**

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NEW 1951  
*Heathkit*

# SIGNAL GENERATOR KIT

## Features

- Sine wave audio modulation.
- Extended range 160 Kc. to 50 megacycles fundamentals.
- New step attenuator output.
- New miniature HF tubes.
- Transformer operated for safety.
- Calibrated harmonics to 150 megacycles.
- New external modulation switch.
- 5 to 1 vernier tuning for accurate settings.

A completely new Heathkit Signal Generator Kit. Dozens of improvements. The range on fundamentals has been extended to over 50 megacycles; makes this Heathkit ideal as a marker oscillator for T.V. New step attenuator gives controlled outputs from very low values to high output. A continuously variable control is used with each step. New miniature HF tubes are required for the high frequencies covered.

Uses 6C4 master oscillator and 6C4 sine wave audio oscillator. The set is transformer operated and a husky selenium rectifier is used in the power supply. The coils are precision wound and checked for calibration making only one adjustment necessary for all bands.

New sine wave audio oscillator provides internal modulation and is also available for external audio testing. Switch provided allows the oscillator to be modulated by an external audio oscillator for fidelity testing of receivers.

A best buy — think of all the features for less than \$20.00. The entire coil and tuning assembly are assembled on a separate turret for quick assembly — comes complete — all tubes — cabinet — test leads — every part. The instruction manual has step-by-step instructions and pictorials. It's easy and fun to build a Heathkit Model SG-6 Signal Generator. Shipping Wt., 7 lbs.

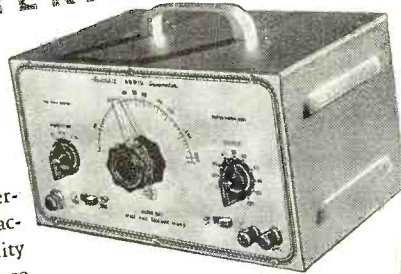


**\$19.50**

## Heathkit SINE AND SQUARE WAVE AUDIO GENERATOR KIT

Either sine or square wave.  
Stable RC bridge circuit.  
Covers 20 to 20,000 cycles.  
Less than 1% distortion.

Hundreds of Heathkit Audio Generators are used by speaker manufacturers—definite proof of their quality and dependability. The added feature of square wave opens up an entirely new field of amplifier testing. Uses the best of parts, 4 gang condenser, 1% calibrating resistors, metal cased filter condensers, 5 tubes, completely calibrated panel and detailed instruction manual. One of our best and most useful kits. Model G-2. Shipping Wt., 12 lbs.



**\$34.50**

## THE NEW *Heathkit* HANDITESTER KIT

- Beautiful streamline Bakelite case.
- AC and DC ranges to 5,000 Volts.
- 1% Precision ceramic resistors.
- Convenient thumb type adjust control.
- 400 Microampere meter movement.
- Quality Bradley AC rectifier.
- Multiplying type ohms ranges.
- All the convenient ranges 10-30-300-1,000-5,000 Volts.
- Large quality 3" built-in meter.



**\$13.50**

A precision portable volt-ohm-milliammeter. An ideal instrument for students, electricians, mechanics, radio service, experimenters, hobbyists, etc. Rugged 400  $\mu$ a meter movement. Twelve complete ranges, precision dividers for accuracy. Easily assembled from complete instructions and pictorial diagrams. An hour of assembly saves one-half the cost. Order today. Model M-1. Shipping Wt., 2 lbs.

## NEW *Heathkit* BATTERY ELIMINATOR KIT

### Features

- Provides variable DC voltage for all checks.
- Locates sticky vibrators-intermittents.
- Voltmeter for accurate check.
- Has 4000 MFD Mallory filter for ripple-free voltage.

Even the smallest shop can afford the Heathkit Battery Eliminator Kit. A few auto radio repair jobs will pay for it. It's fast for service, the voltage can be lowered to find sticky vibrators or raised to ferret out intermittents. Provides variable DC voltage 5 to 7½ Volts at 10 Amperes continuous or 15 Amperes intermittent. Also serves as storage battery charger. Ideal for all auto radio testing and demonstrating.

A well filtered rugged power supply uses heavy duty selenium rectifier, choke input filter with 4,000 MFD of electrolytic filter for clean DC. 0-15 V. voltmeter indicates output which is variable in eight steps. Easily constructed in a few hours from our instructions and diagrams — better be equipped for all types of service — it means more income. Model BE-2. Shipping Wt., 19 lbs.



**\$22.50**

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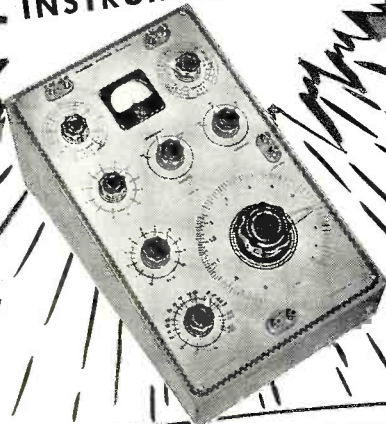
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**New  
LABORATORY  
INSTRUMENT KITS**



**HUNDREDS OF LABORATORIES USE  
Heathkit IMPEDANCE BRIDGE as Standard**

**Features**

- Measures inductance 10 microhenries to 100 henries
- Measures resistance .01 ohms to 10 megohms
- Measures capacitance .00001 MFD to 100 MFD
- Measures "Q" and power factor.

Measures inductance from 10 microhenries to 100 henries, capacitance from .00001 MFD to 100 MFD. Resistance from .01 ohms to 10 megohms. Dissipation factor from .001 to 1. "Q" from 1 to 1,000. Ideal for schools, laboratories, service shops, serious experimenters. An impedance bridge for everyone — the most useful instrument of all, which heretofore has been out of the price range of serious experimenters and service shops. Now at the lowest price possible. All highest quality parts. General Radio main calibrated control. General Radio 1,000 cycle hummer. Mallory ceramic switches with 60 degree indexing — 200 microamp type binding posts with standard 3/4" centers. Beautiful birch cabinet. Directly calibrated "Q" and dissipation factor scales. Ready calibrated capacity and inductance standards of Silver Mica, accurate to 1/2 of 1% and with dissipation factors of less than 30 parts in one million. Provisions on panel for external generator and detector. Measure all your unknowns the way laboratories do — with a bridge for accuracy and speed.

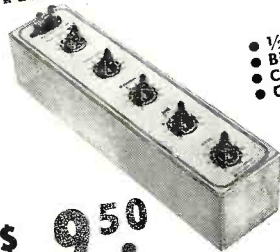
**\$69.50**

Internal 6 Volt battery for resistance and hummer operations. Circuit utilizes Wheatstone, Hay and Maxwell circuits for different measurements. Supplied complete with every quality part — all calibrations completed and instruction manual for assembly and use. Deliveries are limited. Model IB-1. Shipping Wt., 15 lbs.

**NEW Heathkit LABORATORY  
RESISTANCE DECADE KIT**

**Features**

- 1/2% Accuracy
- Birch Cabinet
- Ceramic Switches
- Covers 1 ohm to 99,999 ohms



**\$ 9.50**

The new Heathkit Resistance Decade is a handy tool for laboratory, school and service shop. Ideal for test setups, calibrating instruments, bridge measurements, selecting multipliers, etc.

Uses the finest Centralab ceramic switches, 1/2% ceramic decade resistors and heavy birch cabinet matching other laboratory equipment. The range is 1 ohm to 99,999 ohms in one ohm steps.

Finest quality throughout to withstand school usage — heavy aluminum panel — laboratory type binding posts — the fine decades are extremely simple to assemble — complete kit. Model RD-1. Shipping Wt., 4 lbs.

**NEW Heathkit LABORATORY  
POWER SUPPLY KIT**

**Features**

- Supplies 6.3 V. AC at 4.5 Amps.
- Heavy duty construction.
- Handy for schools, labs., and service shops.
- Supplies variable DC 50-300 Volts.
- Shows voltage or current on 3 1/2" meter.

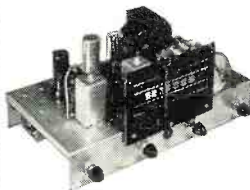


**\$29.50**

This new Heathkit Variable Power Supply Kit fills hundreds of needs — use it for experimental circuits — no need to build a separate power supply — use it for a test voltage to determine proper coefficients in unknown circuits — calibrate instruments with its variable voltage, etc. This new Heathkit supplies 50 to 300 Volts continuously variable DC together with an AC filament voltage of 6.3 Volts at 4.5 Amperes. A built-in 1 MA 3 1/2" meter has proper shunts to read 0-500 Volts and 0-200 Milliampers. The circuit uses a 5Y3 rectifier, two 1619 tubes as electronic control tubes to vary the output voltage with a single potentiometer. Case measures 7 1/8" x 13" x 7 1/8". Has instruction manual for assembly and use. Model PS-1. Shipping Wt., 18 lbs.

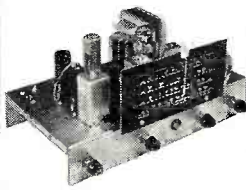
**Heathkit RECEIVER & TUNER KITS for AM and FM**

**TWO HIGH QUALITY Heathkit SUPERHETERODYNE  
RECEIVER KITS**



Model BR-1 Broadcast Model Kit covers 550 to 1600 Kc. Shipping Wt., 10 pounds.

**\$19.50**



Model AR-1 3 Band Receiver Kit covers 550 Kc. to over 20 Mc. continuous. Extremely high sensitivity. Shipping Wt., 10 lbs.

**\$23.50**

Two new Heathkits. Ideal for schools, replacement of worn out receivers, amateurs and custom installations.

Both are transformer operated quality units. The best of materials are used throughout — six inch calibrated slide rule dial — quality power and output transformers — dual iron core shielded I.F. coils — metal filter condensers and all other parts. The chassis has phono input jack — 110 Volt outlet for phono motor and there is a phono-radio switch on panel. A large metal panel simplifying installation in used console cabinets is included. Comes complete with tubes and instruction manual incorporating pictorials and step-by-step instructions (less speaker and cabinet). The three band model has simple coil turret which is assembled separately for ease of construction.

**TRUE FM FROM Heathkit  
FM TUNER KIT**

**\$22.50**



The Heathkit FM Tuner Model FM-2 was designed for best possible tonal reproduction. The circuit incorporates the most desirable FM features — true FM — ready wound and adjusted coils — 3 stages of 10.7 Mc. I.F. (including limiter).

Tube lineup: 7E5 oscillator, 6SH7 mixer, two 6SH7 I.F. stages, 6SH7 limiter, two 7C4 diodes as discriminator, 6X5 rectifier.

The instrument is transformer operated making it safe for connection to any type receiver or amplifier. The R.F. coils are ready wound — mounted on the tuning condenser and the condenser is adjusted — no R.F. coils to wind or adjust.

A calibrated six inch slide rule dial has vernier drive for easy tuning. The finest parts are provided with all tubes, punched and formed chassis, transformers, condensers and complete instruction manual. Model FM-2. Shipping Wt., 10 lbs.

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# ENJOY MUSIC AT ITS *Finest* WITH **Heathkit AMPLIFIERS**

## NEW *Heathkit* HIGH FIDELITY 20 WATT **AMPLIFIER KIT**



**\$21.50**

### Features

- Push-pull 6L6's.
- Full 20 Watts output.
- Fully enclosed chassis.
- Provisions for reluctance pickup compensation stage.
- Cased high fidelity output transformer.
- Treble and bass boost tone controls.
- Full range of output impedances 3.2 ohms to 500 ohms.

The finest amplifier kit we have ever offered — check the features. This inexpensive amplifier compares favorably with instruments costing five times as much. Nothing has been spared to provide the best reproduction — an ideal amplifier for the new Heathkit FM Tuner listed below.

Dual tone controls for control of both treble and bass. Bass control is of the boost type for maximum listening pleasure. Optional preamplifier stage for use with G. E. reluctance pickup or microphone. Uses inverse feedback to give excellent response over entire range. Tube lineup: 6SJ7 preamplifier stage, 6J5 phase splitter stage, two 6L6's in push-pull and 5Y3 rectifier. (6SC7 as optional compensation stage).

Uses highest quality Chicago Transformer Corporation cased output transformer with taps of 3.2, 8, 15, 60 and 500 ohms to match any speaker combination. Power transformer is conservatively rated for continuous operation in sound systems. Tone control gives maximum bass boost of 6 db at 70 cycles. Amplifier has maximum gain of 75 db. Response within 3 db 20 to 20,000 cycles. Shipping Wt., 17 lbs. Complete with all parts, tubes and instruction manual. Model A-5A Amplifier with preamplifier for G. E. cartridges or microphone \$23.50 12" 20 Watt Speaker, No. 326..... 7.50

## *Heathkit* ECONOMY 6 WATT PUSH-PULL **AMPLIFIER KIT**



**\$12.50**

No. 304,  
12-inch Speaker... **\$6.95**

This new Heathkit Amplifier was designed to give quality reproduction at a very low price. Has two preamp stages, phase inverter stage and push-pull beam power output. Comes complete with six tubes, quality output transformer (to 3-4 ohm voice coil), husky cased power transformer and all other parts. Has tone and volume controls. Instruction manual flat  $\pm 1\frac{1}{2}$  db from 50 to 15,000 cycles. A quality amplifier kit at new low price. Better build one. Model A-4. Shipping Wt., 7 lbs.

## *Heathkit* RECEIVERS and TUNER CABINETS



**\$4.95**

Order No. 350 for FM tuner

Blonde birch veneer cabinet for either the receivers or tuner. Modern styling is an asset to any room. 5" speaker fits in end of cabinet when used with receivers. Size 7 x 13½ x 8¼ inches. Shipping Wt., 5 lbs. Order No. 345 for either receiver

Metal professional type communications receiver cabinet. Finished in deep grey to fit the panel supplied with Heathkit BR-1 and AR-1 Receivers (panel shown not included with cabinet). 5" speaker mounts in end of cabinet. Gives professional appearance to Heathkit receivers. Size 7 x 14 x 7¼ inches. Shipping Wt., 6 lbs.

5" Permoflux Speaker for either cabinet for use with either Heathkit Receiver No. 320 5" Speaker..... \$2.75



**\$4.50**

No. 335 Cabinet for receivers only.

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Quantity	Item	Price	Quantity	Item	Price
	Heathkit Oscilloscope Kit — Model O-6			Heathkit VTVM Kit — Model V-4A	
	Heathkit T.V. Alignment Gen. Kit — TS-2			Heathkit R.F. Probe Kit — No. 309	
	Heathkit FM Tuner Kit — FM-2			Heathkit H.V. Probe Kit — No. 336	
	Heathkit Broadcast Receiver Kit — Model BR-1			Heathkit R.F. Signal Gen. Kit — Model SG-6	
	Heathkit Three Band Receiver Kit — Model AR-1			Heathkit Condenser Checker Kit — Model C-2	
	Heathkit Amplifier Kit — Model A-4			Heathkit Handitester Kit — Model M-1	
	Heathkit Amplifier Kit — Model A-5 (or A-5A)			Heathkit Variable Power Supply Kit — Model PS-1	
	Heathkit Tube Checker Kit — Model TC-1			Heathkit Resistance Decade Kit — Model RD-1	
	Heathkit Audio Generator Kit — Model G-2			Heathkit Impedance Bridge Kit — Model IB-1	
	Heathkit Battery Eliminator Kit — Model BE-2			Heathkit Signal Tracer Kit — Model T-2	
	Heathkit Electronic Switch Kit — Model S-2				

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# SAVE \$ ON SUN SURPLUS AND STANDARD SPECIALS!

## CRYSTALS Low Freq.

FT-241 A holder 1/2" pin spacing, for ham and general use, Xtal controlled Signal Generators, marked in army Mc harmonic frequencies—Directions for deriving fundamental frequencies enclosed. Listed below by fundamental frequency, fractions omitted.

412	426	442	475	493	504	516	372	381	390	401
413	427	443	477	494	506	518	374	383	391	402
414	429	444	479	495	507	519	375	384	392	403
415	431	445	481	496	508	522	376	386	393	404
416	433	446	483	497	509		377	387	394	405
418	434	447	484	498	511		379	388	395	408
419	435	448	485	503	515		380		396	409
420	436	462	487						397	411
422	437	468	488						400	
423	438	472	490							
424	440	473	491							
425	441	474	492							

450	531.944									
452.777	533.333									
461.111	536.111									
464.815	537.500									
465.277	538.888									
476.388										
529.166										
530.555										

## HAM CRYSTALS

FT-243 holders 1/2" pin spacing, for ham and experimental use. Fractions omitted.

4280	6140	7740	8273	3735	5850	6475	6806	7573
5280	6173	7773	8306	5305	5373	6440	7306	7640
5485	6206	7806		5677	5875	6450	7340	7673
6206	6208	7840		5700	5900	6473	7373	7706
6540	6773	7873		5706	5906	6475	7406	7806
6673	6840	7936		5740	5925	6506	7440	8173
6875	6873	7925		5750	5940	6540	7473	8340
6100	6906	7973		5760	5973	6573	7506	
6106	6973	8240		5773	5975	6606	7540	

5910	6610	7580	2045	2260	2415	3215	3570
6370	7350	7810	2105	2282	2435	3237	3580
6450	7480	7930	2125	2300	2442	3250	3945
6470			2145	2305	2532	3322	3855
6407.9	each		2155	2320	2545	3510	3955
6522.9			2220	2360	2557	3520	each
6547.9	1.29		2258	2390	3202	3550	1.29

Payments must accompany order. Enclose 20c for postage and handling. Minimum order \$2.00 plus postage. Crystals shipped packed in cloth bags inasmuch as they are shock mounted. All shipments guaranteed.

## REDUCED FOR CLEARANCE

### Bendix 100 Watt Transmitter

4 separate ECO's with tubes, 3-807, 4-12SK7. Complete instructions for converting to 10, 20, 40, and 80 meters supplied. Only a few left at this low price!

**\$29.95 LIKE NEW | \$19.95 USED**



### FAMOUS WEBSTER WIRE RECORDERS

Original \$137.50 **\$85**  
Sensationally Reduced to  
These are brand new (#7) models but discontinued. That's why Sun can offer them at this low, low price! They operate by simple foot control that leaves hands free... takes dictation, transcription and play back. Use wire over and over again. Terrific buy!

**TERMS:** All items F. O. B., Washington, D. C. All orders \$30.00 or less, cash with order. Above \$30.00, 25 per cent with order, balance C.O.D. Foreign orders cash with orders, plus exchange rate.

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OF WASHINGTON, D. C.  
938 F STREET, N. W. WASH. 4, D. C.

# An Inexpensive

# CONDENSER AGER

**Rejuvenate those electrolytics. Don't take a chance on that old condenser and burn out a power supply.**

By  
**JAMES W. LASSITER**

FROM time to time the experimenter can obtain electrolytic condensers at greatly reduced prices, and he often has a number scattered around which have not seen use for months. All electrolytic condensers show a decrease in leakage resistance after a period of idleness, and initially may leak as much as five milliamperes per microfarad of capacity when first placed in use, this leakage current dropping rapidly to normal amounts in from three to ten minutes, depending on rated voltage. The great disadvantage of this is the possibility of overloading the transformer and rectifier during this initial period, with consequent burnout.

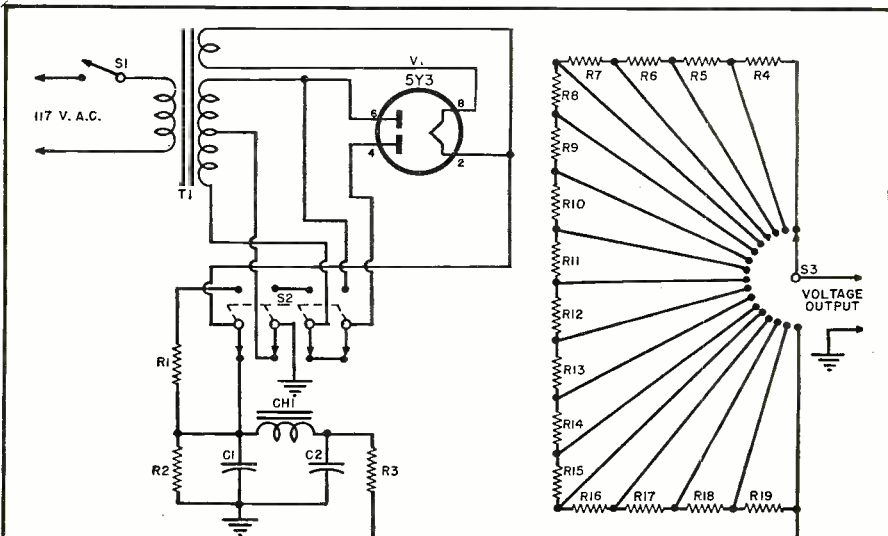
This disadvantage is easily overcome by aging the condenser through the application of voltage prior to its use, just as was done during its manufacture. Commercial designs for aging

devices call for heavy duty parts, all expensive. The design covered in this article will apply up to 600 volts d.c. to the condenser, and the resistance of the condenser at the applied voltage is easily determined.

The circuit is unusual in that the secondary of a center-tapped transformer is used with a full-wave rectifier for lower voltages, and by means of a switch, with a half-wave rectifier for higher voltages. The peak inverse voltage is kept within the rectifier rating, and current flow is sufficiently low to prevent core saturation in the transformer secondary. In lieu of a variable resistor in the transformer primary (for voltage control), which would require a separate filament transformer, a 17-position, single-pole switch is wired as a rheostat.

As the circuit resistance is known at any position of the switch, the resistance of the condenser is found by measuring total circuit voltage, the voltage across the condenser, and then solving by the proportion: Total circuit voltage minus condenser voltage is to

Circuit diagram. It will give you quality status of electrolytics up to 600 v. d.c.



- R<sub>1</sub>—50,000 ohm, 5 w. wirewound res.
- R<sub>2</sub>—3.3 megohm, 1 w. res.
- R<sub>3</sub>, R<sub>10</sub>—5000 ohm, 10 w. wirewound res.
- R<sub>4</sub>—2.2 megohm, 1/2 w. res.
- R<sub>5</sub>—1 megohm, 1/2 w. res.
- R<sub>6</sub>—270,000 ohm, 1/2 w. res.
- R<sub>7</sub>—180,000 ohm, 1 w. res.
- R<sub>8</sub>—150,000 ohm, 1 w. res.
- R<sub>9</sub>—120,000 ohm, 1 w. res.
- R<sub>10</sub>—90,000 ohm, 2 w. res.
- R<sub>11</sub>—60,000 ohm, 2 w. res.
- R<sub>12</sub>—12,000 ohm, 1 w. res.
- R<sub>13</sub>—10,000 ohm, 1 w. res.

- R<sub>14</sub>—9000 ohm, 2 w. res.
- R<sub>15</sub>—8000 ohm, 5 w. wirewound res.
- R<sub>16</sub>—7000 ohm, 5 w. wirewound res.
- R<sub>17</sub>—6000 ohm, 5 w. wirewound res.
- R<sub>18</sub>—5000 ohm, 5 w. wirewound res.
- C<sub>1</sub>, C<sub>2</sub>—4 μfd., 1000 v. cond. (See text)
- CH—15 hy., 50 ma. choke (See text)
- S<sub>1</sub>—S.p.s.t. sw.
- S<sub>2</sub>—4-pos. d.t. sw.
- S<sub>3</sub>—17-pos. s.t. sw.
- T<sub>1</sub>—Power trans. 240-0-240 @ 40 ma.; 5 v. @ 2 amps.
- V<sub>1</sub>—5Y3GT or 80 tube



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known resistance as condenser voltage is to condenser resistance. Because of the high circuit resistance a vacuum tube voltmeter is advisable.

In practice, a fairly large resistance is introduced into the circuit and direct readings of the voltages developed are taken. As the condenser ages, the voltage across it rises, and this voltage is readily adjusted by varying the circuit resistance. Electrolytic condensers should have a resistance in excess of 500,000 ohms at the applied voltage. Time required to age the condenser will vary with shelf time, capacity, and voltage rating, all of these factors increasing the time. Seldom will more than a very few minutes be necessary. Values have been chosen to give a wide range of control.

The author combined the tester with a power supply for experimental purposes. For those not wanting this feature the condensers and choke may be omitted, and a simple RC filter for meter protection substituted if desired. The total cost, with condensers and a 5"x9"x3" chassis, was less than \$10.

-30-

## SOMETHING FOR NOTHING?

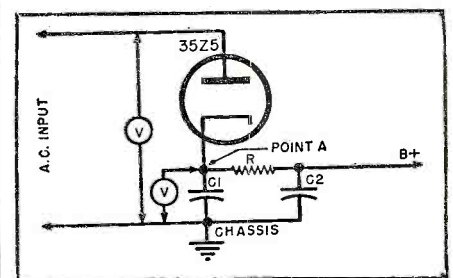
By ROBERT HERTZBERG

**M**OST radiomen get their first practical circuit experience by poking around the chassis of an ordinary five-tube a.c.-d.c. receiver. If you have a voltohmmeter, you can have a bit of fun. Set it for a.c. and touch its leads to the chassis and pin 5 of the 35Z5 (see Fig. 1); it will read the line voltage, say 120. Shift the meter to d.c. and touch the probes to ground and Point A in the diagram. The latter is representative of the transformerless power supplies in general use. You're expecting a lower voltage, because you know that the rectifier tube introduces a drop, but the meter reads about 135. "Are we getting something for nothing?" you ask.

No. Remember that an a.c. meter reads "effective" value, which is between the zero and the peak points of the a.c. alternation. The zero value is of course zero, but many experimenters overlook the fact that the peak is 1.4 times the "effective" meter reading. This brings the actual top voltage in this case to 168. There is a drop through the rectifier, but what is left is still more than 120 volts, and the filter condenser  $C_1$  (of the dual  $C_1$ - $C_2$ , 40-20  $\mu$ fd. unit) charges at this higher voltage and a d.c. meter at this point indicates it.

-30-

Fig. 1



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- WIDE RANGE RESPONSE—40 to 17,500 CPS.
- ONLY 2 WIRES TO CONNECT TO ANY AMP OR RADIO
- NEW HEAVY DUTY CONSTRUCTION

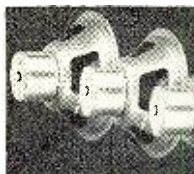


"WHY PAY MORE?"

SALE PRICE **\$12.95**

McGee announces our new 1951 model 12-inch coaxial speaker, designed for the critical music listener for use with high fidelity audio systems and radios. This new model reproduces all music and voice with a natural quality. It is improved over our last model in that the 12" woofer now has a heavy duty 31 oz. Alnico 3 magnet. This speaker is a coaxially suspended tweeter has a specially designed cone for the higher register of music and voice. It will respond up to 17,500 CPS. The high pass filter is attached in place of any ordinary speaker (only two wires to connect). Why pay \$20 to \$40 for a speaker? McGee has them made to their own specifications, by the thousands and passes the savings on to you. We have sold over 10,000 coaxial speakers. Why pay more than McGee's price? McGee's 12" 20 watt wide range coaxial PM speaker, Model CU-14X. Net price, \$12.95; 2 for \$25.00. Shipping weight 10 lbs.

**SUPER HEAVY DUTY 10" PM \$4.95**



We made a special purchase on several hundred 20 watt, 10", 32 oz. Alnico 3 magnet PM speakers. Deep throat and easy moving cone. Ideal for all high fidelity sound systems and radio replacement. The magnet on this speaker is usually used on a 1 1/2" size. Very efficient, good high and bass response. You'll appreciate it when you get your hands on this speaker. Attractive copper finish, 8 ohm voice coil. Stock No. 1023PS. Weight 7 lbs. Net price \$4.95 each.

Order three of these and use them in a cluster of three. They will take 60 watts of audio and have more cone area than any 1 1/2" speaker. For high power, top quality P.A. work. Think this over. 3 No. 1023PS speakers for only \$13.95.

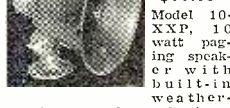
**REG. \$54.00 LIST 25 WATT DRIVER AND TRUMPET \$23.95**



This trumpet and driver is especially designed for outdoor speaker uses, churches, sound trucks, etc. It is the most popular size sold today. McGee offers you more for your money. Each speaker is fully guaranteed.

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**10 WATT PAGING SPEAKER \$11.95**



Model XXP, 10 watt paging speaker with built-in weather-resistant driver. Spun aluminum construction, 8 ohm voice coil. Regular net on this speaker is only \$15.00. A special purchase by McGee makes this \$11.95 price possible. Shipping weight 4 lbs.

**HIGH FIDELITY OUTPUT TRANS. 20 20,000 CPS. Only \$6.95 BEST VALUE IN U.S.A. A-403-6600 ohms. Plate to Plate.**

Why pay \$20.00 or \$30.00 for an output? Supreme quality and high fidelity output transformer. Designed to match push-pull plates (2-110, 2-140, or 2-A05), class AB, to 4-8-15-250 and 500 ohm; with 10% feedback winding. Housed in a compound filed case 3 7/8 x 1 1/2 x 1 1/2. Actual net weight 6 lbs. If you want the best quality from your audio system, order this transformer. Response essentially flat from 20 to 20,000 cycles. We have tried several high fidelity outputs in our lab and find this to be the best value. Even though your amplifier only puts out 10 or 15 watts, this 34 watt job is what you should have. Connecting instructions are furnished. Stock No. A-403. Shipping weight 8 lbs. Net price \$6.95.

**40-WATT OUTPUT "CAPEHART" HIGH FIDELITY \$7.95**

Stance built for Capehart for this finest combination. 40 watt capacity all windings interwound to increase high frequency response and decrease capacity losses. High inductance in coils makes for best efficiency at low audio frequency. This high fidelity output transformer is fully shielded and has a net weight of 6 lbs. Made to match push-pull 6L6 tubes 5,000 ohm plate to plate. Has tertiary winding for 10% feed back and voice, coil windings of 4 and 8 ohms. Frequency response plus or minus 2 dB from 20 to 15,000 cycles. Down 6dB below 20 cycles and above 20,000 cycles. Furnished with connecting instructions. Size 3 1/2 x 4 x 1 1/2. Shipping weight 8 lbs. Stock No. SX-55, net... \$7.95 Stock No. SX-44. Same as SX-55 only 25 watt capacity. Same winding. Shipping weight 5 lbs., net... \$4.95

**NEW 1951 MODEL 15" "COAXIAL" PM SPEAKER**

20TH ANNIVERSARY SALE PRICE

**\$17.95**

McGee's new 1951 Model 15" coaxial PM speaker is here! And at a price everyone can afford, \$17.95. This speaker is ideal for all types of radio and audio amplifier use. It may be connected to any 8 ohm output transformer. The 15" woofer has a 32 oz. Alnico 3 magnet and the coaxially suspended 5" speaker has its own magnet and voice coil. A true coaxially built speaker. The high pass filter prevents low frequency notes from reaching the tweeter. The response of this 15" coaxial is from below 20 CPS to above 17,500 CPS. It is the best speaker value in the U.S. today. We buy these by the carload and pass our savings on to you. If you have or are building one of our high fidelity master kits, this speaker is the one you should have. It is a tremendous value. Why pay more than McGee's price, for a 15" coaxial PM speaker? Stock No. P15-9. Shipping weight 14 lbs. 20th Anniversary sale price \$17.95 each, 2 for \$34.00.

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**5-STATION INTERCOM MASTER**



MASTER STATION **\$14.95** SUB STATION **\$3.95** EACH

5 station intercom master station, in an attractive walnut cabinet, 10x5 1/2x6", 5 pushbuttons, you can call any one or more substations. Talk-listen switch has a silent position. Volume control on front panel for easy access. The amplifier is of the conventional AC-DC design, with plenty of power. Equipped with a full size Alnico V PM speaker. This intercom master is new 1950 production by a well known factory. Made to sell at a much higher price. Only 300 to 400 units left. Buy now. Price of \$14.95 each. Shipping weight 5 lbs. Net price \$14.95.



Molded walnut plastic substations for use with Model 2520 Master. Full size Alnico V magnet PM speaker, spring return call-back switch, size 5 1/2 x 8 1/2. Shipping weight 2 lbs. each. Mounts either on the wall or may be set on a desk or attractive. Net price \$3.95 each, 5 for \$18.95. 3-wire plastic intercom cable, 100 ft. \$1.50, 500 ft. \$7.50, 1000 ft. \$12.60.

Intercom master, same as above, except in addition to the 5 station switch a 6th pushbutton is added to call all stations at once. Stock No. 2701. Net price \$16.95 each.

**10-STATION A.C. MASTER STATION \$24.95**



- Powerful—6V6 Output Tube
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- Sub Stations \$3.95 Each

Super heavy duty, 10 station intercom master, designed for continuous service. A powerful AC transformer type with 80 watt, 6V6 output and 6S17 driver. 24" Alnico V PM speaker. This intercom master is housed in a walnut cabinet 14" long, 6 1/2" deep and 7 1/2" high. Designed to install in a 2 wire system. Separate all station call switch. Talk-listen switch has a silent position. Made to sell for a much higher price. McGee made a fortunate purchase and passes the bargain on to you. Shipping weight 12 lbs. Stock No. 2520. Net \$24.95 each. We have a few Model 2520. Built for Master to Master use. Price on Master to Master \$25.95.



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Our leader, automatic changer scoop. Base size 13 x 13". Plays 12" or 12 1/2" 78 RPM records automatically. Has Astatic L-70 cartridge. Priced complete with a metal base, which can be used in slide away compartment or as a table top base, or changer can be lifted off base to fit your needs. Stock No. AD-12. Shipping weight 17 lbs. Scoop price \$10.95 each.



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Armchair radio-phonograph combination cabinet, ready-cut to house the S-56 Hallicrafters, 24" high x 27" wide x 16" deep. Hinged lid covers record changer compartment. Will accommodate 10 to 12" 8 rpm records. Date of a record changer up to 14" square. Changer board is blank, you cut to fit your changer. Knobs and mounting holes cut for S-56 Hallicrafters. Cabinet is of top quality and has furniture type finish. Shipping weight 40 lbs. Available in walnut, mahogany or blond.

**S-56 HALLICRAFTERS \$59.95**

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• WIDE RANGE • AUTOMATIC FREQUENCY CONTROL ON F.M. Receives 88 to 108 Mc F.M. and Broadcast 550 to 1600 kc. Fine for Custom Installation Model S-56 Hallicrafters, 11 tube AM-FM radio receiver chassis for broadcast, and 11 tube FM receiver chassis. Automatic frequency control on FM, holds the receiver in perfect tune. Phono connection on rear of chassis. Full range tone control with bass boost. Push-pull 6X6 tubes in audio system. Frequency response essentially flat, from 50 to 14,000 CPS. Wide vision accurately calibrated slide rule dial with pre-selection on broadcast band. Output transformer matches any 8 ohm speaker. 4 antenna terminals, two for AM and two for FM. This is the finest type of home radio that we know of today. Better get your order in early. Designed to be used in conventional radio selling in the \$400 to \$600 class. The regular dealers' net on this chassis is \$110.00. However, a lucky purchase enables us to offer these brand new, factory cartoned S-56 Hallicrafters chassis, complete with tubes and operating instructions, at only \$59.95 less speaker. Chassis size 12 1/2 x 10 x 7 3/4". Weight 25 lbs. Brand new factory cartoned. Buy your S-56 with a wide range FM speaker.

**Pre-amplifier for S-56 \$3.95**

Dual purpose preamplifier for either S-56. Only 4 wires to connect (instructions furnished). With this you can convert set to operate either a G.E. variable reluctance pick-up or a crystal or dynamic mike, making your S-56 a home P.A. system. Preamp Model SR-69. Size 3 1/2 x 4 x 3". Shipping weight 2 lbs. Net price, \$3.95. Crystal mike and desk stand, \$4.95 extra.

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VM Model 407 deluxe record changer—plays them all—intermixes flip over crystal pickup with twin needles—a very sleek designed record changer—base size 12 1/2 x 13. Ship. weight 12 lbs. VM-407. Net \$35.28. Buy the VM-950 changer with or without base. Choice of G.E. VR or crystal cartridge. We think the VM-950 record changer is the finest in America. It automatically plays all speeds and all sizes; 12-10-in., 33 1/3 or 78 rpm, 10-12-in., 33 1/3 or 78 rpm and 12 and 10-in. records of the same speed intermixed. 12 1/2 x 13 1/2 or 12 7/8-in. 45 rpm. Automatically shuts off after the last record. Size 13 1/2 x 16 1/2 x 7 1/4 high. Offered with crystal cartridge, G.E. VR cartridge, or either with a base. VM-950, 3 speed changer with standard output crystal cartridge and needles for 1 and 3 mil. (78 rpm, 33 1/3, 45 rpm.) Net \$28.35. VM-950GE, 3 speed changer with the new RPX-050 magic button, all-in-one variable reluctance cartridge with stylus. Net \$31.27. VM-955, 3 speed changer with crystal cartridge on a base. Net \$31.53. VM-955GE, 3 speed changer with RPX-050 cartridge and stylus; with base. Net \$33.99.

**MODEL CN-1232 12 INCH 25 WATT PM \$5.95**

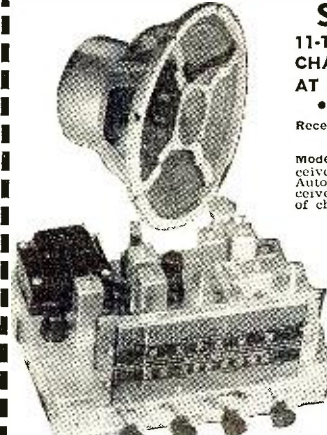
Another McGee red hot Special 12" 32 oz. Alnico 3 ring magnet PM. 8 ohm voice coil speaker. Made by consolidated. A regular \$17.00 list. Shipping weight 8 lbs. Model CN-1232. Actual net price \$5.95 each, 4 for \$22.00.

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Self-Contained Amplifier and Speaker. Here is a red hot value! A complete self-contained 78 rpm record player with its own amplifier built into the speaker cabinet. It has a 1.5 oz. Alnico PM speaker. Extra heavy duty 78 rpm phono motor. The amp and speaker are concealed under the attractive plastic base. This is a complete built-up player and has better tone and more power than you would expect for a player of its size. No preamp necessary. 78 RPM Model, Stock No. CE-78, \$6.95. 33 1/3 RPM Model, Stock No. CE-33 has Webster crystal pick-up needle. Net, \$6.95. Buy 3 for \$19.50.

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General Elec. 78 RPM Record Players to attach to any radio or amplifier. Heavy duty motor and standard crystal phono pick-up. Volume control and off-on switch. Shipping weight 8 lbs. (No preamp necessary). 78 RPM Model, Stock No. CE-78, \$6.95. 33 1/3 RPM Model, Stock No. CE-33 has Webster crystal pick-up needle. Net, \$6.95. Buy 3 for \$19.50.



- S-56 chassis with our \$32.50 list 12" coaxial (CU-14X) PM speaker, both for \$69.50.
- S-56 chassis with our Model P-15XC 15" coaxial speaker. Both for \$75.95.
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October, 1950

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100 molded plastic tubular by-pass condensers. All 600 volt. And all by the same nationally known mfg. Regular dealers net is over two and one half times our 20th Anniversary sale price. You'll chuckle when you look these over. Here's what you get: 10-.001, 10-.002, 20-.003, 20-.01, 20-.02, 10-.03 and 10-.1. Our big deal No. RN-202, 100 plastic tubulars. Shipping weight 2 lbs. Net price \$8.95.

**100 TOP QUALITY 600 VOLT TUBULARS \$5.95**

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**20 50x30 MFD. 150 VOLT \$9.75**

Here's a red hot value. 20 of our XX quality replacement electrolytics. The most popular condensers in use today. Takes care of 90% of your AC-DC radio filter needs. Compact construction 1950 production. 1 year guarantee. 50-30 mfd. 150 volt, housed in a cardboard tube with common negative, has long flexible leads. 20th Anniversary, big deal No. RN-204. Sale price \$9.75.

**20 SELENIUM RECTIFIERS \$9.95**

20 top quality selenium rectifiers. Guaranteed 2nd to none. Latest compact construction. All standard 130 volt. Use these for your AC-DC sets when tubes are hard to get. 10-65 mill and 10-100 mil selenium rectifiers. McGee's big deal No. RN-205. Shipping weight 2 lbs. Net price \$8.95.

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Here's a red hot deal for you fellows that do a lot of auto radio service. 10 standard brand metal Oz4 tubes and 10 of our famous 4-prong serrated metal vibrators. This vibrator is of the latest design, for long life. Standard diameter can, short enough to fit all Chrysler auto sets, also fits 600, 600A, etc. Our 20th Anniversary, big deal No. RN-110. You get 10 Oz4 metal tubes and 10 4-prong vibrators, all for \$16.95. Shipping weight 5 lbs.

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10 50x30 150 VOLT COND. 10 OZ4 TUBES  
10 4-PRONG VIBRATORS 10 35Z5 TUBES  
50 .01 600 VOLT 50 .05 600 VOLT  
10 65 MILL SEL. RECTIFIERS

Here is a real value for the radio repair man. All these parts listed are fast moving items. Fully guaranteed. Tubes are standard brand. The by-passes are all 1950 production. This deal is held as a deal only and not broken up. A McGee 20th Anniversary special, deal No. RN-590. Net price \$49.95

**SELENIUM RECTIFIERS**

65 Mil Selenium Rectifier.....49c  
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4 x 6 inch.....1.69 oz. magnet 1.69  
5 x 7 inch, oval.....1.47 oz. magnet 2.19  
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**\$19.95 BUYS A NEW St. George Wire Recording Mechanism ONLY 200 TO SELL**

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G.E. RPX010, with permanent magnets \$2.95 each; 10 for \$24.95.

Kit of parts to build 7F7 type preamplifier, \$2.49 extra.

A lucky purchase by its cables this terrific General Electric cartridge value.

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Our leader dynamic mike Model D-1. Our leader high impedance dynamic mike. Shipped with 12 ft. cable. Very special at \$9.95 each. Top Quality Chrome Floor Mike Stand, \$5.95.

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	6X6GT	7B6	7Z4	14F7	57	12AT6	1LN5	
	6Q7	7B7	7Z8	14H7	58	12AX7	1N5	
	1C6	6J7	7B8	12J5	76	11Z6	5T4	
	1E5	6Q7	7C4	12J7	140T			1R5
	1G4	6B8W7	7C5	12K7	14R7			1N5
	1L4	6SH7	7C7	12K8	14R7			3V4
	1S5	6S17	7E7	12Q7	23Z6			1Q5
	1T3	6SK7	7E7	12SC7	27			3Q4
	1T5	6S7	7E7	12SK7	50			5Y4
	2A5	6X5	7I7	12SG7	35W4			5V4
	5U4	7A4	7N7	12SH7	35Z5			5Z3
	5Y3	7A4	7Q7	12S7	43			6X4
	5Y4	7A6	7S7	12SN7	47			6AT6
	6A2	7A7	7V7	14B7	50Y6			6S17

The above list is not all of the tubes that we have in stock. We will give you standard brand tubes not listed as follows:

\$1.25 list.....59c	\$1.80 list.....89c	\$2.65 list.....\$1.25
1.65 list.....79c	2.40 list.....\$1.14	3.20 list.....\$1.37
		3.20 list.....1.52

## BROADCAST QUALITY TRANSFORMER KIT

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Why Pay More **Sale Price \$12.95**

Here is the hottest transformer kit we have ever offered. Originally intended for use in the high priced Lear recorder amplifier. A suggested diagram is furnished to build your own amplifier, with inputs for G.E. variable reluctance phono pickup, crystal phono pickup or radio tuner. The output is a compound filled case, 3 x 2 1/2 x 3 1/2" high, weight 2 1/4 lbs. response 18 to 22,000 CPS, matches 2-0V6 in push-pull (15-watts), output taps match 4 or 8 ohm speaker. The power transformer is a fully shielded upright model, 3 1/2 x 4 1/2" tall, weight 5/4 lbs. This transformer is utilized in a full wave selenium rectifier bridge, (easy to hook up, full details included), which relieves 300 volts at 200 ma. with the best possible regulation. Also has a 6.3 volt 5 amp. filament winding. The selenium rectifiers come with this kit. The choke weighs 2 1/4 lbs. and is the same size as the output. You get full description of the kit, including a suggested schematic. You supply the other parts. We furnish the power transformer, choke, output and rectifiers. Shipping weight 15 lbs. Stock No. TD-1822. Net price.....\$12.95

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Be it driver of our 12SD2, 15" 32 oz. PM speaker, both for \$15.45. 2 mfd. capacitor to connect tweeter. 50c extra. Two of our 1025PS, super quality 10" PM speakers and one of the HF-5 tweeter, all for \$24.95. This combination will take 30 watts and will sound beautiful.

1 No. 1025PS, 10" PM speaker and 1-HF-5 tweeter, both for \$19.95.

1 our Model No. 15-SB, 15" PM and 1-HF-5 tweeter, both for \$19.95.

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**3-SPEED RECORD PLAYER-RADIO WHY BUY JUST A RECORD PLAYER?**

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# Safety Switch Plus

**Build safety into your ham shack by installing this unit as a main a.c. outlet for transmitter.**

By JAMES KAUKE

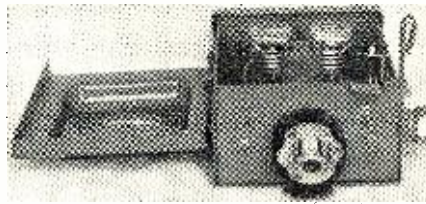


Fig. 1. Bottom view of the safety switch showing power outlet plug in position.

THE importance of safety in the radio amateur's ham shack cannot be over-emphasized. One of the most important precautions which can be taken is in the matter of the installation of a safety switch as a main a.c. outlet for transmitter power. When making a.c. power available in the shack it is an easy matter to provide room for such features as BCI and TVI filter accessories, fusing in the radio room, and a disconnect that makes a positive cabinet ground.

Commercial and military installations usually employ extensive bonding and grounding with various provisions being made for the safety of the apparatus and personnel. The ham radio transmitter should be installed in conformance with good commercial practice.

An inspection of the *Underwriters' Laboratories'* recommendations shows that No. 12 AWG wire will handle 20 amperes. At 220 volts, one should have plenty of copper for that ultimate "full gallon" transmitter. In my case I am running 500 watts' input or less on radiophone and fusing the 110 volt a.c. service at 15 amperes.

A group of enclosed, fused switches, rated at 30 amperes, was inspected and although most of them would do, I kept in mind the fact that a little extra room would allow, the desired disconnect and a chance to include filtering. The Palmer\* Type O switch (see Figs. 1 and 2) was ultimately chosen upon the recommendation of a wiring inspector. The Type O makes provision for a lock to prevent accidental opening of the switch box and its attendant danger of shock to the junior members of the family. The switch can be locked in the "off" position to prevent unauthorized use of the rig.

Three wires are desirable. One wire

\* Catalogue No. 2123, The Palmer Electric & Mfg. Co., Wakefield, Mass.

should be available to make the first circuit to ground the transmitter and two wires are needed to carry the a.c. despite the polarity encountered or the fused grounds in the wiring circuits. Since I prefer plugs that don't fall out just as I get ready to operate, I selected "Twist Lock." The plug is the Type No. 9965 *Hubbell* unit and the receptacle is the Type 7310-B, as shown in Fig. 3.

It is possible to have two receptacles, if desired, but since the line is fused for one transmitter and since one transmitter at a time should be sufficient, one receptacle is used at WIDFS.

The safety switch is mounted about 24 inches from the floor and along-

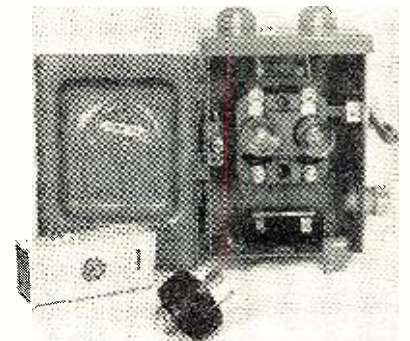
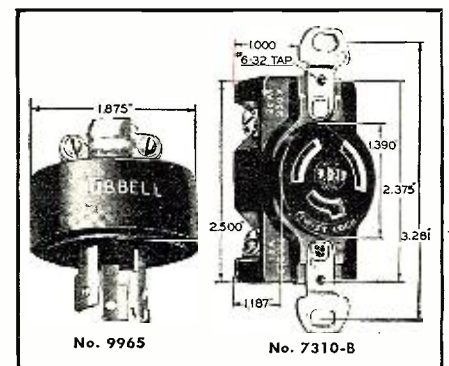


Fig. 2. Safety switch and fused disconnect with space for r.f. filtering unit.

side of the main transmitter. A second rig, which may see completion in the future, will find room on the other side of this switch. The switch is just large enough to make it conspicuous in case of trouble.

The circuit can be varied to suit the individual user. My unit is installed in accordance with Fig. 4. Three wire

Fig. 3. The Hubbell plug and receptacle.





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Type #1410. Contains two 3 1/2" meters—a 75-0-75 microamp Galvanometer and a 0-1 MA multi-scale meter. Has tap switch for changing range. Ranges are as follows: 75-0-75 microamps, 1 MA 2.5 MA, 50 MA, 25 volts, 500 volts. Ideal for balancing discriminators and general lab use. Housed in hard wood case with hinged cover. 10" x 8" x 4 1/2". Only \$14.95 ea.

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110/220 volt 60 cycle solenoid D.P.D.T. rated at 5000V 15A. Heavy duty parallel contacts. Sturdy construction. Isolantite insulation. Base 8" x 10 1/2". Made by Monitor Controller \$18.50 Same specs. as above, but DPST \$12.50 Same specs. as above but SPDT \$12.50



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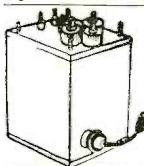
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• Scales for all the following ranges:  
• 0-50 ma. 0-100 ma. 0-200 ma. 0-500 ma.  
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Only \$2.50 each. 3 for \$6.75

**THORDARSON PLATE TRANSFORMER**

CHT Series, Model T15P 22, 110/220 volt 60 cy. Primary: 3500V, 3000V, 2500V, 2000V C.T. Secondary: 625 watts. Weight 70 Lbs. \$22.50 ea.



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10 mfd 600 vdc......89	1/1 mfd 7000 vdc.....2.25
4 mfd 1000 vdc......95	2 mfd 6000 vdc.....9.95
10 mfd 1000 vdc.....2.50	1 mfd 7500 vdc.....6.50
2 mfd 1500 vdc.....1.25	.01/.01 mfd 12 kv.....5.75
6 mfd 1500 vdc.....2.95	2 mfd 7500 vdc.....12.75
10 mfd 1500 vdc.....3.75	.65 mfd 12,500 vdc.....12.75
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.001 600 volt dc digital micas..... 15 for .99  
.006 600 volt, digital micas..... 12 for .99  
Butterfly cond. 2 to 11 mmf ball brngs..... 3 for .99  
C.B type 4 micas..... .001 600vdc..... 10 for .99  
10,000 ohm potentiometers..... 6 for .99  
Var. cond. 150 mmf .07 spacing..... 2 for .99  
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550 Volts CT, 125 ma. 5 V. @ 2A, 6.3 V @ 4A Pri 117 V 60 cy. Fully cased \$1.95 ea.

**POWER SUPPLY KIT**

Uses transformer described and illustrated plus (1) 150 ma choke, (1) dual oil capacitor, and (1) socket. All for only \$2.99

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Pri 110 V 60 cy. Sec 880 V CT @ 100 ma. 6.3 V @ 4A, 5V @ 3 A. Fully cased.....\$2.49 ea.

**POWER TRANSFORMERS**

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940 volts CT, 125MA, 6.3V 8A, 6.3V, 2.5A, 6.3, 1.2A-6.3V, 5A, 5V, 3A.....3.95 ea.  
1110 volts CT 60 MA, 920 volts CT 160 MA, 6.3V, 18A, 6.3V, 1.25A, 5V2A 5V2A.....4.95 ea.  
300 volts CT 300 MA, 2.5V7A, 2.5V7A, 6.3V, 1.5A. 2.75

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6 Henry 80 ma 220 ohms, open frame......69  
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4.3 Henry 445 ma 39 ohms, fully cased..... 4.25  
10 Henry 350 ma 125 ohms, tapped, full case..... 2.95  
15 Henry 250 ma 290 ohms, tapped, full case..... 2.20  
20 Henry 36 ma 350 ohms, fully cased......69  
12 Henry 250 ma 190 ohms, fully cased..... 2.00  
5 Henry 170 ma 110 ohms, fully cased..... 1.55

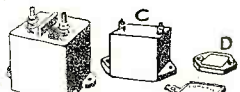


**HIGH CURRENT MICAS**

Type G4 Ceramic Case 5/4" High, 5" Diameter Tolerance 5% or Better.

CAP	Amps	KV	Price	CAP	Amps	KV	Price
MFD	1 Me	DC	Each	MFD	1 Me	DC	Each
.08	60	4	\$27.50	.009	40	15	\$29.50
.1	70	20	29.50	.01	43	15	29.50
.65	60	5	24.50	.0025	23	20	29.50
.037	45	6	26.50	.0031	26	20	29.50
.02	40	9	29.50	.003	30	22	33.50
.02	55	10	29.50	.0033	25	25	35.50
.0117	40	14	24.50	.0031	12	30	27.50
.0075	30	15	24.50	.0005	10	30	27.50
TYPE G1							
.00024	4	6	\$3.95	.001	10	10	\$5.95
.0003	4	6	3.95	.002	13	10	5.95
.0005	5	6	3.95	.01	25	7	6.95
.001	7	6	4.95				
.002	11	6	4.95	.001	14	20	14.50
TYPE G2							
TYPE G3							

**BAKELITE CASED MICAS**



MMF	VDC	Price	MMF	VDC	Price
D .001	600	\$.18	C .001	3 KV	\$.90
E .01	600	.26	C .002	3 KV	.95
D .02	600	.26	D .005	3 KV	.70
E .027	600	.26	C .005	3 KV	1.24
C .01	1 KV	.45	C .006	3 KV	1.50
C .07	1 KV	.55	D .002	3 KV	.70
D .02	1200	.35	C .001	5 KV	.70
C .024	1500	.65	C .0005	5 KV	.85
C .033	1500	.75	C .0015	5 KV	1.60
C .015	2 KV	.80	C .003	5 KV	1.90
C .02	2 KV	.90	C .005	5 KV	2.50
D .002	2500	.45	C .002	6 KV	2.90
E .005	2500	.55	B .002	8 KV	5.95
C .025	2500	.75	B .0005	8 KV	2.90
NON INDUCTIVE RESISTORS					
250 ohm 100 watt.....\$0.75					
500 ohm 100 watt......75					
12500 ohm 150 watt......95					
METER MULTIPLIERS					
2 Meg 1/5 of 1% Cage enclosed 2 KV.....\$3.95					
2 Meg 1/2 of 1% Tubular 2KV..... 1.95					
4 Meg 1/2 of 1% Tubular 4KV..... 3.75					
IN21B SILICON DIODES, \$0.35 ea.; 10 for.....\$2.90					
HEAVY DUTY CERAMIC RF SWITCH					
Single Pole 11 pos.....\$0.99 ea.					
UTC type PA 5000 ohm plate to 500 ohm line and 6 ohm voice coil. 10 watt. 60 to 1000 cps — 1 DB. CLOSE OUT AT \$1.99					
SOLAR CONSTANT VOLTAGE					
Pri. 95-125 Volt—Sec. Output 115V 2000VA					
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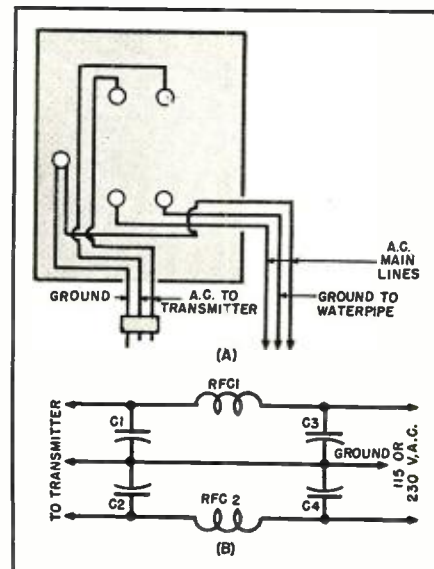


Fig. 4. Method for installing safety switch.

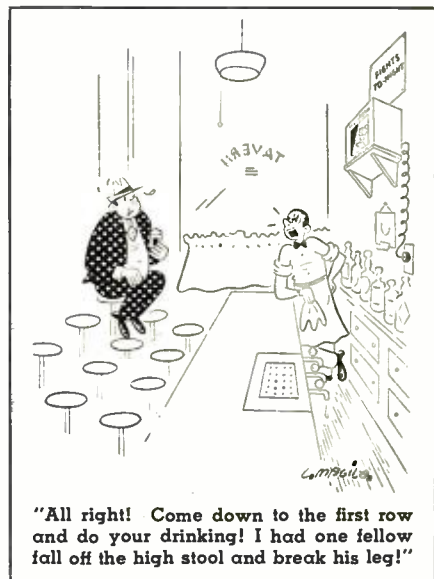
*Tivex* (No. 12 wires) connect the plug to the transmitter proper to complete the installation. This allows changes in the transmitter or changing to another rig at a later date, but there is ample copper to deliver the a.c. power needed and the rack is automatically grounded.

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Unfortunately filtering is difficult to standardize. Rigs, conditions, and fortune seem to vary. However, there is room for condensers and r.f. chokes in the upper portion of the steel cabinet. In my case two .01  $\mu$ fd., 600 v. (1200 volt test) mica condensers were all that were needed. There is room for a 1 inch form about 4½ inches long to accommodate a dual-wound r.f. choke in addition to four mica condensers if needed. It is suggested that tests be made as the ultimate circuit will depend on the rig and installation.

Switch to safety before it is too late! Many have talked about it—now is a good time to do it!


—30—





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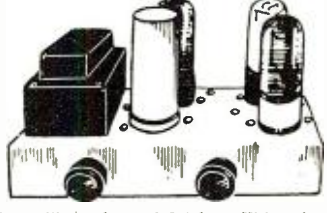


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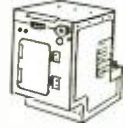
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1B60	4.95	3C45	12.80	10V	.39	331A	14.50	804	8.50	958A	.18	8029	4.95	RK19	1.50
IN21	.89	3CP1	1.40	10SPEC	.69	338A	3.75	805	3.50	959	.35	8030	12.95	RK20A	7.50
IN23	.69	3DP1A	3.95	10BP4	22.45	348A	5.95	807	1.25	966A	.99	8031	7.50	RK21	1.25
IP23	1.95	3D21A	1.10	10CP4	29.50	350A/B	2.75	808	1.35	972A	2.95	8032	3.75	RK22	4.95
IP25	14.50	3EP1	2.50	12DP7	12.50	354C/D	19.95	809	2.50	975A	14.95	8033	1.95	RK23	4.75
IS21	3.95	3E29	7.95	12FP7	14.95	357B	4.95	810	7.75	991	.23	8034	.88	RK25	4.95
2AP1	3.59	3F7	1.75	12HP7	2.95	371A/B	.50	811	2.00	1603	3.50	8035	.69	RK28A	3.95
2B22	3.95	3GP1	4.95	12HP7	12.95	374A	1.25	812	2.50	1611	1.25	8036	2.75	RK31	2.50
2C1	1.18	3HP7	3.50	12KP4	49.50	393A	3.50	812H	6.90	1612	1.50	8037	.35	RK32	3.95
2C21	.25	3JP7	7.95	12LP4	25.50	394A	3.50	813	6.75	1613	.45	8038	4.95	RK33	.25
2C22	.28	4-65A	14.50	15E	1.25	399A	2.50	814	2.40	1614	1.35	8039	12.50	RK34	.25
2C26A	.18	4-125A	27.50	15R	.50	400A	3.25	815	1.25	1616	.50	8040	70.00	RK39	1.75
2C34	.25	4-250A	37.50	15D4	.49	401A	1.95	816	1.19	1619	.15	8041	125.00	RK47	3.95
2C43	2.98	4A1	.98	21C	.35	403A/B	1.75	826	.35	1620	4.95	8042	110.00	RK48A	3.95
2C43	9.50	4AP10	4.50	35T	4.95	414A	9.50	828	9.95	1621	.98	8043	2.75	RK51	3.95
2C44	1.75	4B25	7.90	45SPEC	.25	436A	2.75	829A/B	7.25	1622	1.75	8044	8.95	RK52	4.50
2C46	7.50	4C21	.69	53A	24.95	444A	1.00	830	2.95	1624	1.05	8045	5.95	RK59	1.75
2C51	6.50	4C35	19.45	75TL	3.50	446B	1.95	830B	3.25	1625	.35	8046	8.95	RK60	12.95
2D21	1.16	4D22	9.95	100TH	11.00	450H	24.95	832A	4.95	1626	.25	8047	3.75	RK63	12.95
2E22	4.95	4E27	12.50	101F	4.95	461A	9.50	833A	34.25	1629	4.95	8048	9.95	RK65	24.95
2E25A	1.25	4E26	110.00	114A	.69	462A	6.50	834	5.50	1629	.19	8049	17.50	RK72	.65
2E26	3.95	5AP1	1.85	114B	1.25	531	4.95	836	1.25	1630	.49	8050	9.50	RK73	.65
2E30	2.39	5AP4	1.85	120	5.95	532A	4.95	837	1.50	1631	1.35	8051	49.50	RX21	3.10
2J21A	10.75	5BP1	1.75	121A	2.65	631PI	4.95	838	2.25	1633	.75	8052	37.75	RX120	8.75
2J26	6.95	5BP4	2.50	203A	16.95	700A	19.00	843	.25	1636	3.50	8053	14.95	T21	1.75
2J27	13.95	5C22	49.50	205B	4.50	703A	3.50	845 W	4.00	1638	.75	8054	160.00	T200	10.95
2J30	19.95	5CP1	1.50	205F	4.50	704	1.49	849A/H	69.50	1641	.45	8055	9.75	UH50	5.95
2J31	8.95	5CPIA	9.95	211	.40	705A	1.00	851	25.00	1642	.25	8056	21.00	UX200	.75
2J32	11.95	5D21	24.50	215A	.50	706AY	18.50	860	3.75	1644	1.43	8057	65.00	VR75	.98
2J33	19.95	5FP7	1.25	217C	9.80	706CY	18.50	861	35.00	1645	1.98	8058	1.98	VR78	.25
2J34	19.50	5GP1	5.50	218	12.50	706DY	16.00	864	45.00	1649	1.25	8059	49.50	VR90	.65
2J36	5.95	5HP1	2.95	219	2.65	706EY	45.00	865	1.95	1654	2.40	8060	5.35	VR91	1.49
2J37	12.95	5HP4	9.95	227A	2.65	706GY	49.50	866A	1.25	1655	1.50	8061	11.50	VR105	.75
2J38	12.95	5HP7	3.95	231D	1.20	707A/B	14.00	866J	1.19	1665	1.05	8062	65.00	VR150	.50
2J48	24.50	5J23	100.00	249C	1.75	708A	3.75	872A	1.30	1851	.95	8063	3.95	VT127A	2.60
2J49	19.50	5J29	12.50	250R	7.00	710A	2.95	874	3.5	1960	.95	8064	17.95	VU111	.50
2J50	29.50	5JF1	24.50	250TH	19.50	713A	1.00	876	28	2000T	125.00	8065	17.95	WL460	14.95
2J55	2.95	5JP1	9.50	266A	4.95	714AY	4.75	878	1.75	2050	.95	8066	17.50	WL52A	6.75
2J54B	24.95	5LP1	11.95	259A	4.95	715A/B	6.75	884	1.49	2051	.40	8067	19.95	WL562	150.00
2J61	24.50	5LP5	14.50	274B	1.00	715C	22.50	885	.98	5514	4.95	8068	12.95	WL616	85.00
2K23	24.95	5MP1	4.95	275A	7.95	717A	.58	891	110.00	5516	5.95	8069	2.75	Z225	1.95
2K25	21.95	5NP1	1.98	282A/B	9.95	720DY	34.95	892R	175.00	5562	10.00	8070	2.75	ZB120	6.95
2K28	24.95	6AF6G	.88	283A	10.95	721A/B	2.60	902P1	3.50	7193	.18	8071	4.60	ZB3200	150.00
3AP1	4.75	6AS6	2.89	286A	10.95	723A/B	7.95	905	2.75	8005	2.00	8072	2.00		
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3B23	1.95	6F4	5.95	290A	4.95										
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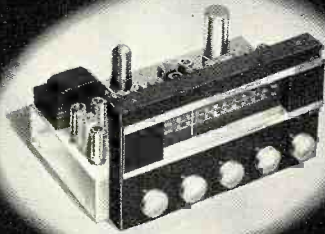
**Niagara Radio Supply Corp.**

Dept. N-100 160 Greenwich Street, New York 6, N. Y.

Phone Dlgby 9-1132-3-4



*this is it—  
this is the tuner  
you designed!*



*the*  
**CRAFTSMEN RC-10  
HIGH FIDELITY  
FM-AM TUNER**

This new tuner was your idea. It is the precisely engineered answer to hundreds of questions . . . the solution to scores of problems . . . the outgrowth of countless suggestions we've received from you. Developed from your ideas—and a few of ours—the RC-10 retains every feature of the famous RC-8. And it offers a host of innovations.

- Built-in pre-amplifier compensated for reluctance pickups.
- Automatic Frequency Control entirely eliminates drift, simplifies tuning.
- 5 microvolt sensitivity on both FM and AM.
- 10 kc filter on AM eliminates inter-station squeals.
- Base and treble tone controls for boost, cut, or 20—20,000 cycle flat response.

SEE . . . the RC-100A ultra-sensitive, custom TV with built-in booster.

HEAR . . . the RC-2 high fidelity amplifier. All units finished in chrome.

Write for information—or send 50¢ for instructions and schematics.

THE RADIO

**craftsmen**  
INCORPORATED

Dept. M-1, 1617 S. Michigan Ave., Chicago 16, Ill.

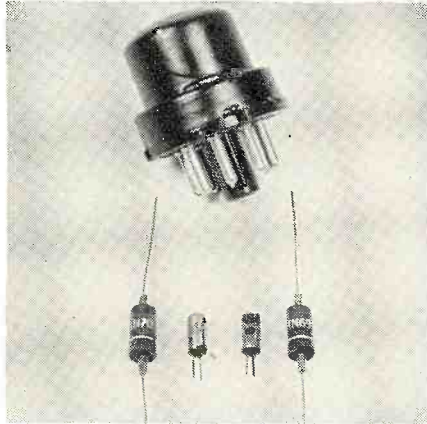
# What's New in Radio

For additional information on any of the items described herein, readers are asked to write direct to the manufacturer. By mentioning RADIO & TELEVISION NEWS, the page, and the issue number, delay will be avoided.

## GERMANIUM DIODES

The *General Electric Company*, Syracuse, New York, has announced the addition of five new types of germanium units to its line.

Included are two new transistors the types SX-4A and Z2, which use a metal case with two silver-plated



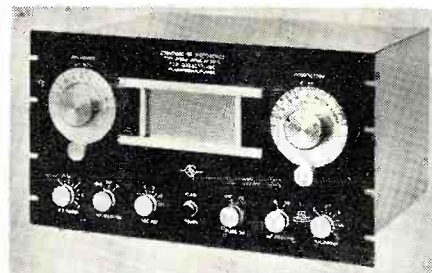
phosphor bronze connecting pins. Each of the type SX-4A units is checked for power gain of between 13 and 20 db. with .1 volt input at 5 kc. Maximum ratings are: emitter d.c. current of 1 ma.; collector d.c. current of 2 ma.; and emitter r.m.s. signal of .3 volt. The Z-2 units are checked for characteristics suitable for trigger circuits.

The types 1N69 and 1N70 germanium diodes, built to JAN specifications, have also been added to the line. Both feature a new rugged mechanical construction for either solder or clip-in mounting.

The fifth of the new units is the *G-E Quad*, type G-9, which is a combination of specially selected germanium diodes with matched characteristics. The diodes are hermetically sealed in a compact metal radio tube shell with standard octal base.

## FREQUENCY STANDARD

A new frequency standard, the Model SF50-A, is currently being mar-



keted by *Rex Bassett, Incorporated* of Fort Lauderdale, Florida.

This instrument is a compact, temperature and crystal controlled, r.f.

standard generator in combination with a high accuracy audio interpolation oscillator. The r.f. section provides output which can be accurately synchronized with WWV on 10 kc. and all multiples thereof, and is useful up to and beyond 160 mc.

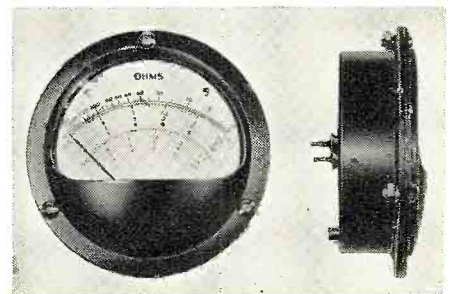
The audio frequency section provides continuously variable a.f. output throughout the range of 50 c.p.s. to 6000 c.p.s. A built-in panel loudspeaker is provided for monitoring of the interpolation oscillator and terminals are located on the chassis for connection to an external oscilloscope or counter panel.

In addition to its primary function as a frequency measuring device, the instrument may be employed for purposes of alignment, distortion checking, and amplifier gain adjustment.

## PANEL METER

A 4½ inch, hermetically-sealed panel meter has been added to *Marion Electrical Instrument Company's* line as the HM 4.

This new and compact meter, which is only 1½ inches in depth, is provided with a solder type zero adjuster which permits adjustment without breaking the hermetic seal. A rubber gasket is



included for use as a pressure seal for panel mounting.

Either 1% or 2% accuracy rating is available. Dials are standard or specially calibrated, depending on requirements. Full details on the HM 4 are available from the company at Manchester, New Hampshire.

## NEW SPEAKER

*University Loudspeakers, Inc.* of 80 South Kensico Avenue, White Plains, New York, has developed a new 12" wide-range cone speaker for television replacement work, high-fidelity audio equipment, p.a. systems, and auditorium sound applications.

The Model 6200 covers the frequency range up to 10,000 cycles at 30 watts continuous power. The speaker incorporates an exclusive "W" shaped 1½ pound Alnico V magnet with a

*(Continued on page 99)*



# 4 Pages of TEST EQUIPMENT at prices every serviceman can afford!

## MONEY BACK?

Every single unit described on this and the following pages is offered on a strict "money-back-if-not-satisfied-basis." No if's—no but's—no maybe's. Simply send your order for any

unit or units you select and try them out for 10 days. If not completely satisfied—return for refund in full. No explanation necessary. You are sole judge.

## GUARANTEE?

Every instrument sold by us is covered by a one-year guarantee. Guarantee registration card is included with shipment.

## KITS?

We have discontinued advertising TEST EQUIPMENT in Kit form. The units offered on these 4 pages are completed instruments, NOT KITS! Every model is factory-wired, calibrated and ready to operate.

# TUBE TESTERS

## THE NEW MODEL 247



Check octals, loctals, bantam jr., peanuts, television miniatures, magic eye, hearing aids, thyratrons, the new type H.F. miniatures, etc.

### Features:

★ A newly designed element selector switch reduces the possibility of obsolescence to an absolute minimum.

★ When checking Diode, Triode and Pentode sections of multi-purpose tubes, sections can be tested individually. A special isolating circuit allows each

section to be tested as if it were in a separate envelope.

★ The Model 247 provides a supersensitive method of checking for shorts and leakages up to 5 Megohms between any and all of the terminals.

★ One of the most important improvements, we believe, is the fact that the 4-position fast-action snap switches are all numbered in exact accordance with the standard R.M.A. numbering system. Thus, if the element terminating in pin No. 7 of a tube is under test, button No. 7 is used for that test.

Model 247 comes complete with new speed-read chart. Comes housed in handsome hand-rubbed oak cabinet sloped for bench use. A slip-on portable hinged cover is indicated for outside use. Size: 10 $\frac{3}{4}$ "x8 $\frac{3}{4}$ "x5 $\frac{3}{4}$ ".

**\$29<sup>90</sup>**  
NET

## SUPERIOR'S NEW MODEL TV-10



★ Tests all tubes including 4, 5, 6, 7, Octal, Lock-in, Peanut, Bantam, Hearing-Aid, Thyratron, Miniatures, Sub-Miniatures, Novals, etc. Will also test Pilot Lights.

★ Tests by the well-established emission method for tube quality, directly read on the scale of the meter.

★ Tests for "shorts" and "leakages" up to 5 Megohms.

★ Uses the new self-cleaning Lever Action Switches for individual element testing. Because all elements are numbered according to pin-number in the RMA base number-

ing system, the user can instantly identify which element is under test. Tubes having tapped filaments and tubes with filaments terminating in more than one pin are truly tested with the Model TV-10 as any of the pins may be placed in the neutral position when necessary.

★ The TV-10 does not use any combination type sockets. Instead individual sockets are used for each type of tube. Thus it is impossible to damage a tube by inserting it in the wrong socket.

★ Newly designed Line Voltage Control compensates for variation of any line voltage between 105 Volts and 130 Volts.

★ Free-moving built-in roll chart with complete data on all tubes.

The Model TV-10 operates on 105-130 Volt 60 Cycles A.C. Comes housed in a beautiful hand-rubbed oak cabinet complete with portable cover.

**\$39<sup>50</sup>**  
NET

TO ORDER—TURN TO PAGE 98 FOR RUSH ORDER FORM

## GENERAL ELECTRONIC DISTRIBUTING CO.

DEPT. RN-10, 98 PARK PLACE

NEW YORK 7, N. Y.

1



# BUY WITH CONFIDENCE!!

## WE KNOW THE PRICE IS UNBELIEVABLY LOW...

But that's not all! In addition, this finely engineered instrument provides a degree of accuracy never before attained in a unit selling for even double this price. Furthermore—in designing this unit, we took advantage of every recent improvement in components. For example, by using slug-tuned coils, we are able to efficiently adjust each instrument for

perfect accuracy. This feature will also enable you to recalibrate the model 200 periodically without having to return it to the factory. The use of a Noval tube (the 12AU7) with its extremely low inter-electrode capacity enabled us to reach a higher frequency range than was heretofore possible in a unit of this type.

# THE NEW MODEL 200 **AM and FM** **SIGNAL GENERATOR**



### SPECIFICATIONS

- ★ **R.F. FREQUENCY RANGES:** 100 Kilocycles to 150 Megacycles.
- ★ **MODULATING FREQUENCY:** 400 Cycles. May be used for modulating the R. F. signal. Also available separately.
- ★ **ATTENUATION:** The constant impedance attenuator is isolated from the oscillating circuit by the buffer tube. Output impedance of this model is only 100 ohms. This low impedance reduces losses in the output cable.
- ★ **OSCILLATORY CIRCUIT:** Hartley oscillator with cathode follower buffer tube. Frequency stability is assured by modulating the buffer tube.
- ★ **ACCURACY:** Use of high-Q permeability, tuned coils adjusted against 1/10th of 1% standards assures an accuracy of 1% on all ranges from 100 Kilocycles to 10 Megacycles and an accuracy of 2% on the higher frequencies.
- ★ **TUBES USED:** 12AU7—One section is used as oscillator and the second is modulated cathode follower. T-2 is used as modulator. 6C4 is used as rectifier.

The Model 200 operates on 110 Volts A.C. Comes complete with output cable and operating instructions.

**\$18<sup>85</sup>**  
**NET**

**2**

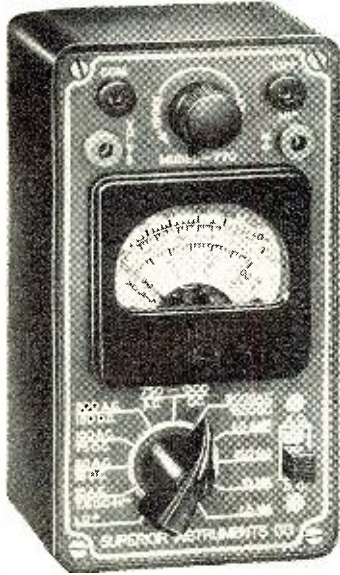
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## GENERAL ELECTRONIC DISTRIBUTING CO.

DEPT. RN-10, 98 PARK PLACE, NEW YORK 7, N. Y.



# MONEY BACK GUARANTEE!!



## SUPERIOR'S new model 770 AN ACCURATE POCKET-SIZE VOLT-OHM MILLIAMMETER

(SENSITIVITY: 1000 OHMS PER VOLT)

### FEATURES

- ★ Compact-measure 3 1/8" x 5 7/8" x 2 1/4".
- ★ Uses latest design 2% accurate 1 Mil. D'Arsonval type meter.
- ★ Same zero adjustment holds for both resistance ranges. It is not necessary to readjust when switching from one resistance range to another. This is an important time-saving feature never before included in a V.O.M. in this price range.

★ Housed in round-cornered, molded case.

★ Beautiful black etched panel. Depressed letters filled with permanent white, insures long-life even with constant use.

The Model 770 comes complete with self-contained batteries, test leads and all operating instructions.

### SPECIFICATIONS

- |  |   |
|--|---|
| <b>6 A.C. VOLTAGE RANGES:</b><br>0—15/30/150/300/1500/3000 VOLTS | <b>4 D.C. CURRENT RANGES:</b><br>0—1.5/15/150 MA. 0—1.5 AMPS. |
| <b>6 D.C. VOLTAGE RANGES:</b><br>0—7.5/15/75/150/750/1500 VOLTS  | <b>2 RESISTANCE RANGES:</b><br>0—500 OHMS 0—1 MEGOHM          |

**\$13<sup>90</sup>**  
NET



## SUPERIOR'S new model 670 SUPER-METER A COMBINATION VOLT-OHM MILLIAMMETER PLUS CAPACITY REACTANCE INDUCTANCE AND DECIBEL MEASUREMENTS

### SPECIFICATIONS:

- D.C. VOLTS:** 0 to 7.5/15/75/150/750/1,500/7,500 Volts
- A.C. VOLTS:** 0 to 15/30/150/300/1,500/3,000 Volts
- OUTPUT VOLTS:** 0 to 15/30/150/300/1,500/3,000 Volts
- D.C. CURRENT:** 0 to 1.5/15/150 Ma. 0 to 1.5 Amperes
- RESISTANCE:** 0 to 500/100,000 Ohms 0 to 10 Megohms
- CAPACITY:** .001 to .2 Mfd. .1 to 4 Mfd. (Quality test for electrolytics)
- REACTANCE:** 700 to 27,000 Ohms 13,000 Ohms to 3 Megohms

**INDUCTANCE:** 1.75 to 70 Henries 35 to 8,000 Henries

**DECIBELS:** —10 to +18 +10 to +38 +30 to +58

### ADDED FEATURE:

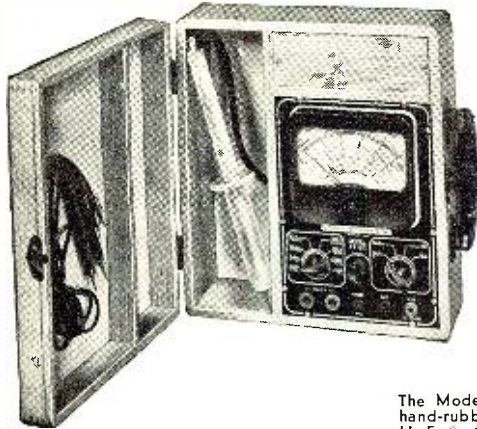
The Model 670 includes a special GOOD-BAD scale for checking the quality of electrolytic condensers at a test potential of 150 Volts.

The Model 670 comes housed in a rugged, crackle-finished steel cabinet complete with test leads and operating instructions. Size 5 1/2" x 7 1/2" x 3".

**\$28<sup>40</sup>**  
NET

SUPERIOR'S  
new model TV-20

## 20,000 OHMS PER VOLT MULTI-METER and TELEVISION KILOVOLTMETER



### SPECIFICATIONS

- 9 D. C. VOLTAGE RANGES: (At 20,000 ohms per Volt)  
0-2.5/10/50/100/250/500/1,000/5,000/50,000 Volts
- 8 A. C. VOLTAGE RANGES: (At 1,000 ohms per Volt)  
0-2.5/10/50/100/250/500/1,000/5,000 Volts
- 5 D. C. CURRENT RANGES  
0-50 Microamperes  
0-5/50/500 Milliamperes  
0-5 Amperes
- 4 RESISTANCE RANGES:  
0-2,000/20,000 ohms 0-2/20 Megohms
- 7 D. B. RANGES: (All D. B. ranges based on  
Odb = 1 Mv. into a 600 ohm line)  
— 4 to + 10 db + 36 to + 50 db  
+ 8 to + 22 db + 42 to + 56 db  
+ 22 to + 36 db + 48 to + 62 db  
+ 28 to + 42 db
- 7 OUTPUT VOLTAGE RANGES:  
0 to 2.5/10/50/100/250/500/1,000 Volts

### ADDED FEATURE:

The Model TV-20 includes an Ultra High Frequency Voltmeter Probe. A Silicon V. H. F. Diode together with a resistance capacity network provides a frequency range up to 1,000 MEGACYCLES. When plugged into the Model TV-20, the V. H. Probe converts the unit into a Negative Peak-Reading H. F. Voltmeter which will measure gain and loss in all circuits including F. M. and T. V.; check capacity and impedance; test efficiency of all oscillator circuits; measure band-width of F. M. and T. V.; etc.

The Model TV-20 operates on self-contained batteries. Comes housed in beautiful hand-rubbed oak cabinet complete with portable cover. Built-in High Voltage Probe. H. F. Probe. Test Leads and all operating instructions. Measures 4 1/2" x 10 1/4" x 1 1/2". Shipping Weight 10 lbs.

**\$39<sup>95</sup>**  
NET

TO ORDER TURN TO PAGE 98 FOR RUSH ORDER FORM

**GENERAL ELECTRONIC DISTRIBUTING CO.**

93 PARK PLACE

DEPT. RN-10

NEW YORK 7, N. Y.

**3**



Superior's model CA-12



MODEL CA-12 COMES COMPLETE WITH ALL LEADS AND OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

# SIGNAL TRACER

THE WELL KNOWN MODEL CA-12 IS THE ONLY SIGNAL TRACER IN THE LOW PRICE RANGE INCLUDING BOTH METER AND SPEAKER!!!

### SPECIFICATIONS

- ★ Comparative Intensity of the signal is read directly on the meter—quality of the signal is heard in the speaker.
- ★ Simple to Operate—only one connecting cable—no tuning controls.
- ★ Highly Sensitive—uses an improved vacuum-tube voltmeter circuit.
- ★ Tube and Resistor Capacity Network are built into the detector probe.
- ★ Built-in High Gain Amplifier—Alnico V Speaker.
- ★ Completely Portable—weighs 8 pounds—measures 5 1/2" x 6 1/2" x 9".

**\$29.95**  
NET

Superior's new model TV-30

# TELEVISION SIGNAL GENERATOR

ENABLES ALIGNMENT OF TELEVISION I. F. AND FRONT ENDS WITHOUT THE USE OF AN OSCILLOSCOPE!



**FEATURES** Built-in modulator may be used to modulate the R. F. Frequency, also to localize the cause of trouble in the audio circuits of T. V. Receivers.

Double shielding of oscillatory circuit assures stability and reduces radiation to absolute minimum. Provision made for external modulation by A. F. or R. F. source to provide frequency modulation. All I. F. frequencies and 2 to 13 channel frequencies are calibrated direct in Megacycles on the Vernier dial. Markers for the Video and Audio carriers within their respective channels are also calibrated on the dial.

Linear calibrations throughout are achieved by the use of a Straight Line Frequency Variable Condenser together with a permeability trimmed coil.

Stability assured by cathode follower buffer tube and double shielding of component parts.

**SPECIFICATIONS** Frequency Range: 4 Bands—No switching; 18-32 Mc., 35-65 Mc., 54-98 Mc., 150-250 Mc.

Audio Modulating Frequency: 400 cycles (Sine Wave). Attenuator: 4 position, ladder type with constant impedance control for fine adjustment. Tubes Used: 6C4 as Cathode follower and modulated buffer. 6C4 as R.F. Oscillator. 6SN7 as Audio Oscillator and power rectifier.

Model TV-30 comes complete with shielded co-axial lead and all operating instructions. Measure 6" x 7" x 9". Shipping Weight 10 lbs.

**\$29.95**  
NET

**GENERAL ELECTRONIC DISTRIBUTING CO.**

DEPT. RN-10, 98 PARK PLACE, NEW YORK 7, N. Y.

GENTLEMEN:

PLEASE RUSH THE MATERIAL LISTED BELOW:

QUANTITY	MODEL	PRICE

TOTAL

\$..... (Payment in Full Enclosed)

\$..... (Deposit Enclosed—Ship Balance C.O.D.)

SHIP TO:

Name .....

Address .....

City ..... Zone ..... State .....

**RUSH  
ORDER  
FORM**

**CUT  
OUT  
AND  
MAIL  
TODAY!**





## What's New in Radio

(Continued from page 94)

rim-centered type of assembly which permits the cone and voice coil assembly to be replaced out in the field in the matter of minutes without the use of any special tools or jigs.

Literature on the Model 6200 and other speakers in the company's line is available on request.

### CLIPPER-FILTER

A device for clipping and filtering speech before modulation in radiotelephone transmitters has been recently introduced by *Standard Transformer Corporation* of 3580 Elston Avenue, Chicago 18, Illinois.

Known as the *Stancor SA-403-A*, this compact unit is applicable to almost any existing or proposed AM or FM transmitter.

Measuring only 1 3/4" x 1 3/4" x 4 7/8", the SA-403-A requires no onboard wiring and is designed to plug into



the octal socket vacated by removing a tube in the speech amplifier circuit.

Bulletin 360, giving complete specifications on the new clipper-filter, is available on request.

### HYTRON TUBE PULLER

*Hytron Radio & Electronics Corp.* of Salem, Massachusetts, has released the seventh in its series of service technician's shop tools.

Developed after two years' research, the new tube puller is designed to permit the easy installation or removal of 7-pin miniature tubes. The positive grip insures immediate removal of the tube while the special neoprene rubber resists heat. The puller will not harm the tube and adjusts automatically to varying tube diameters. The tube puller works by suction and friction on top of the tube.

Distribution of the new tube puller is being handled by the company's jobbers.

### PLASTIC-METAL SCREW

*Forman Insulating Screw Corporation* of 401 Broadway, New York 13, New York, has developed a new fastener which is said to be comparable in strength and accuracy to a standard metal screw yet has the additional advantages of electrical insula-

tion, shock resistance, and vibration damping.

Basically, the new screw consists of a serrated metal core which has been extrusion-coated with a thermoplastic material. The type of core and plastic used depends entirely on the use to which the screw will be put. The metal core runs the entire length of the screw and furnishes most of the screw strength. The plastic exterior gives the unit all of its extra insulating and sealing qualities. The metal core carries the torque applied by the screwdriver.

Stock sizes range in diameter from No. 8 to 1/2" with cellulose acetate insulation; from No. 10 to 3/8" with

polyethylene; from No. 8 to 3/8" with cellulose acetate butyrate; and from No. 8 to 1/2" with ethyl cellulose insulation.

Full details on stock and special items in the line are available from the company on request.

### REGULATED POWER SUPPLY

*Kepec Laboratories, Inc.* of 149-14 41st Avenue, Flushing, New York, has announced a new Model 510 regulated power supply which features two completely independent outputs.

Features include low ripple content, low output impedance, fuses on input and output circuits, and output cur-

(Continued on page 149)

# World's Most Versatile TV Antenna

# telrex UNIVERSAL CONICAL-V-BEAM\*

Copyright 1950

## 6 SUPER EFFICIENT ANTENNA TYPES IN ONE PACKAGE!

**AVAILABLE IN ONE OR TWO BAY MODELS**

ASSEMBLES AS STANDARD CONICAL-V-BEAM FOR BEST ALL CHANNEL RECEPTION

CAN BE USED AS MODIFIED CONICAL-V-BEAM HAVING 3 FINGERS

CENTER ELEMENTS MAY BE CUT TO ANY RECOMMENDED LENGTH FOR INDIVIDUAL CHANNEL EMPHASIS

The UNIVERSAL features this 3-slot element clamp for both driven and reflector elements — provides complete flexibility in element arrangement for any operating condition.

Telrex engineers offer famous Conical-V-Beams in the Universal Series — the antenna with versatility, plus! Universal-V-Beams can be installed two ways — for standard all-channel service or modified for selective channel emphasis. The service man can "tailor" the antenna to the location right on the job — one antenna, in one complete package for highest possible performance under all local conditions. For fast installation and complete customer satisfaction, specify the new Universal by Telrex! See your distributor or write direct for information, now!

ALL ELEMENTS OF LASTING, SOLID DURAL ROD

MODEL U2X-TV (Single Bay).....	\$9.80 List
MODEL U4X-TV (Two-Bay, Stacked).....	21.10 List

\* REGISTERED TRADEMARK

Patents Pending

Be sure it's a "CONICAL-V-BEAM" — Look for the TELREX\* Trademark

# telrex INC.

CONICAL-V-BEAMS\* ASBURY PARK 7, N. J.

AMERICA'S STANDARD OF COMPARISON

THE SKILL TO DESIGN

THE FACILITIES TO PRODUCE

THE ABILITY TO DELIVER



# STANDARDS CONTROL—

## Key To Quality Tube Production



Miss Norene Evans checks an Eimac 750T to determine the amount of vibration the tube elements will withstand before shorting.

**Unique test console provides performance data on over 50 different types of tubes.**

INTEL-McCullough, Inc., makers of Eimac tubes, maintains the quality of its products by extensive testing of random samples of a fixed percentage of all tubes made in addition to the customary production test procedures.

The findings of the standards control department and the statistics

they compile have appreciable bearing on the manufacturing techniques employed and the recommended electrical ratings for tubes. Tests performed cover all phases of the tube's electrical characteristics as well as life expectancy and their ability to withstand mechanical stresses.

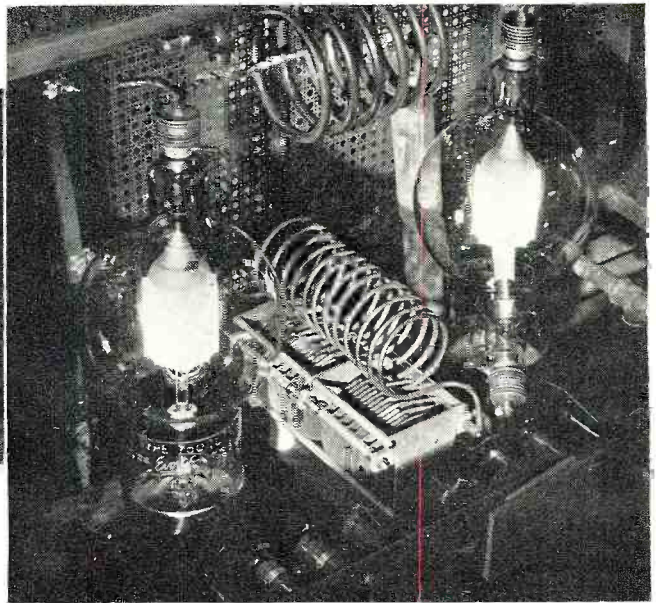
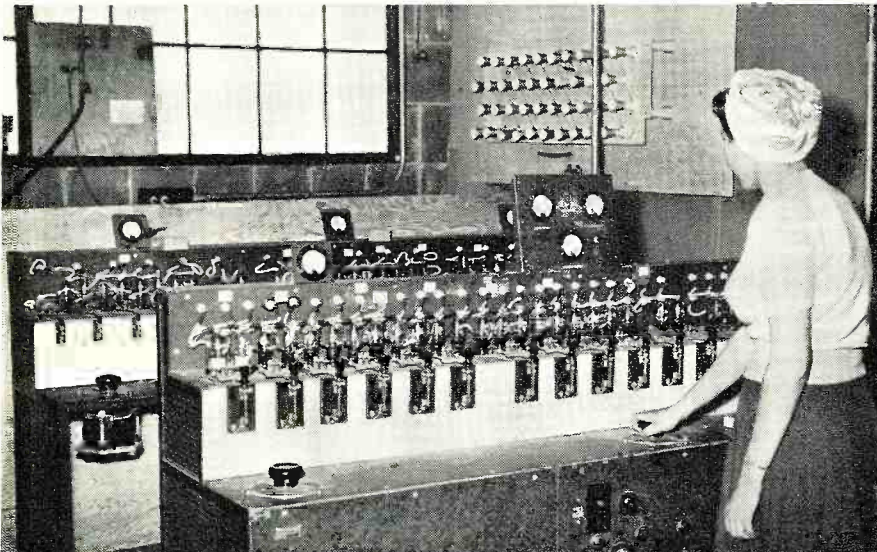
One of the instruments that this

special laboratory employs is the test console shown on the front cover. It was designed and built by Eimac engineers to be not only versatile in the number of tube types it can test but also in the variety of tests it can perform. At present it is used to analyze over 50 Eimac tube types at any plate voltage up to 35 kv. As normally used, it requires from 3 to 10 minutes to complete a determination. Direct readings can be made of gas current, d.c. grid current, primary emission of the control grid, primary emission of the screen grid, mu, cathode emission, filament current, and plate, grid, and filament temperatures. Meter accuracy is checked weekly and is maintained to a 1% tolerance.

Other instruments subject tubes to tests indicating the maximum vibration they can withstand, the amount of torque the terminals will withstand, dimensional tolerances, and interelectrode capacitances.

The standards control department also maintains life test racks where tubes are run to destruction under conditions simulating field use. Present accumulated data on a tube such as the 4-125A represents over a million hours of life testing and provides a wealth of needed engineering data.

Eimac 25T's undergoing life test as Miss Helen Hulshoff checks meter readings.



Two Eimac 750TL's undergoing life testing procedure.



# Aim Your Electronics Career HIGH!

**Whether You're in the Armed Services or in Industry, CREI Technical Training Qualifies You for More Interesting Jobs AT BETTER PAY!**

Electronics gives rockets "brains" to make scientific observations, gives airplanes "eyes" and "ears" to navigate, gives explosives target directions. The man who knows electronics is sure of an interesting, well-paid career whether he's in the Armed Services or in essential industry. If you want *the* technical training that pays off quickly with a lifetime career, make an immediate decision to start at CREI at once.

**VAST FACILITIES.** At CREI you work with the latest equipment in quarter-million dollar buildings with over 120,000 square feet of fully equipped class rooms, modern television and radio broadcasting studios, transmitters, control rooms, and experimental laboratories. Here you are grounded in the fundamentals required for development work in guided missiles, television, and all the other important fields of communications and electronics.

**UNLIMITED SCOPE.** As a CREI graduate dozens of career opportunities are within your grasp. Every branch of electronics—engineering, research, and operational—has its own group of successful CREI graduates. Our experience in training thousands of men for the Army, Navy and Coast Guard in World War II, coupled with our background as a pioneer in technical education and our close connections with industry, assure you of nothing but the best in technical preparation.

**NO DELAY IN CLASSES.** New classes start twice a month. Due to the unique, personalized method of instruction you establish your own speed of progress, advancing to new work as soon as you master a subject, not retarded by slower students. Aim your career high! Get started in electronics at once *via CREI!*

**RESIDENCE SCHOOL APPROVED FOR VETERANS**  
High level home study training also available for professional radio men.

**MAIL THIS COUPON AT ONCE FOR FREE CATALOG**

Please send FREE Residence School Catalog

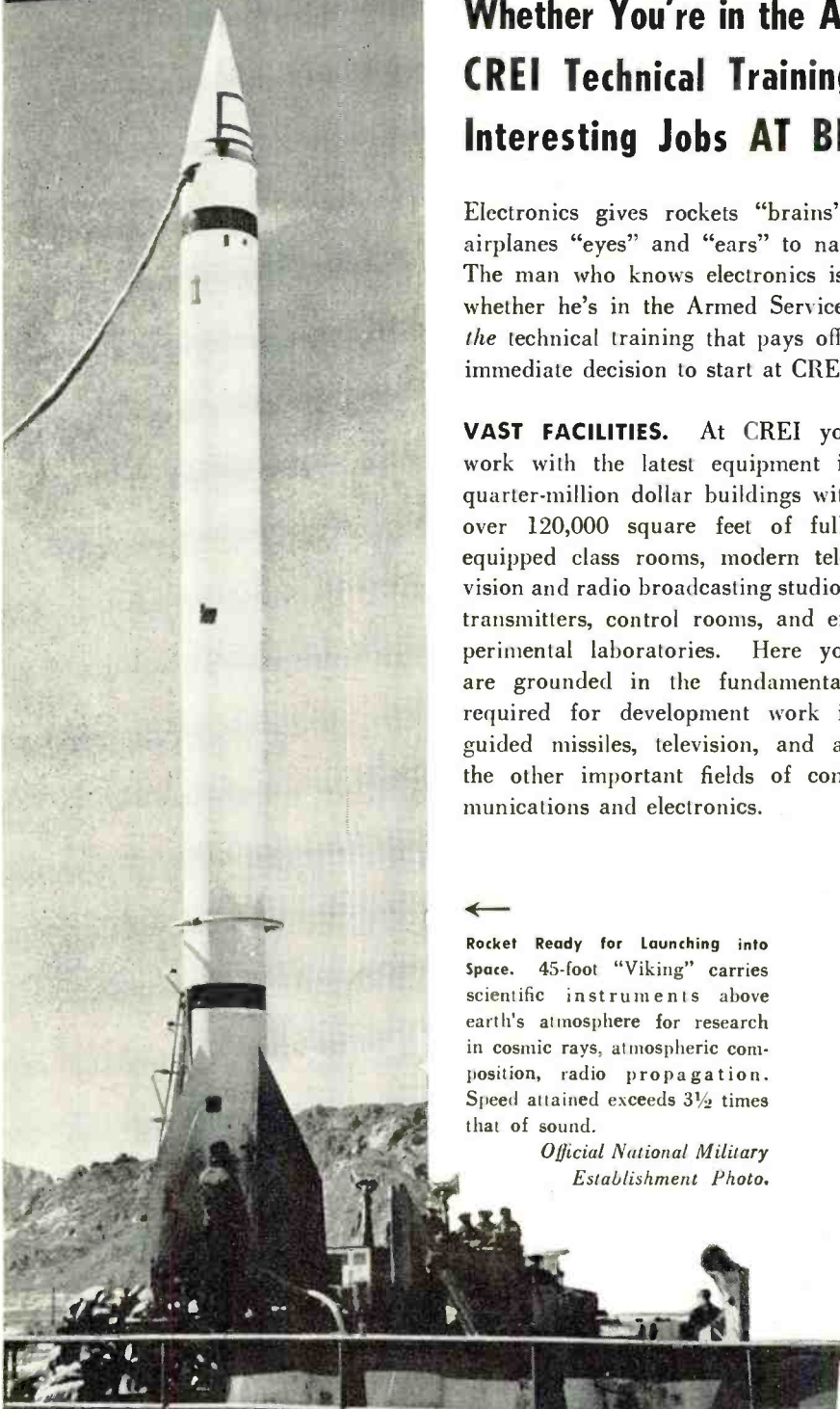
Name.....

Street.....

City..... Zone..... State.....

Veteran  Non-Veteran  Age.....

Send details about Home Study Courses



Rocket Ready for Launching into Space. 45-foot "Viking" carries scientific instruments above earth's atmosphere for research in cosmic rays, atmospheric composition, radio propagation. Speed attained exceeds 3½ times that of sound.

*Official National Military Establishment Photo.*



## CAPITOL RADIO ENGINEERING INSTITUTE

*An accredited technical institute founded in 1927.*

16th Street and Park Road, N. W., Dept. 1310B Washington 10, D. C.





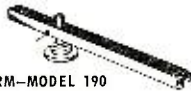
# A message to Music Lovers and Record Playing Enthusiasts!

Bring your recorded music into sharp focus and enjoy concert hall realism... your record player will do this when equipped with Pickering high quality audio components.

Your records, (LP's or Standard) need not produce fuzzy, noisy, distorted music. Inherent in their sound grooves is fine musical realism of concert hall quality that can be recreated without distortion or extraneous noises. All that is required is a record player equipped with fine audio components: pick-up, arm, compensator, preamplifier, etc. Such components by Pickering are the choice of engineers, leading record critics, music lovers and specialists in the production of custom record playing systems.

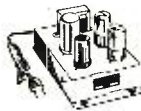
For the utmost in quality specify  
Pickering Audio Components!

Pickering High Fidelity Components are available through leading jobbers and distributors everywhere... detailed literature will be sent upon request.



PICKUP ARM—MODEL 190

PREAMPLIFIER  
MODEL 230H



CARTRIDGES  
SERIES 120,  
140 and 150



RECORD COMPENSATOR  
MODEL 132E



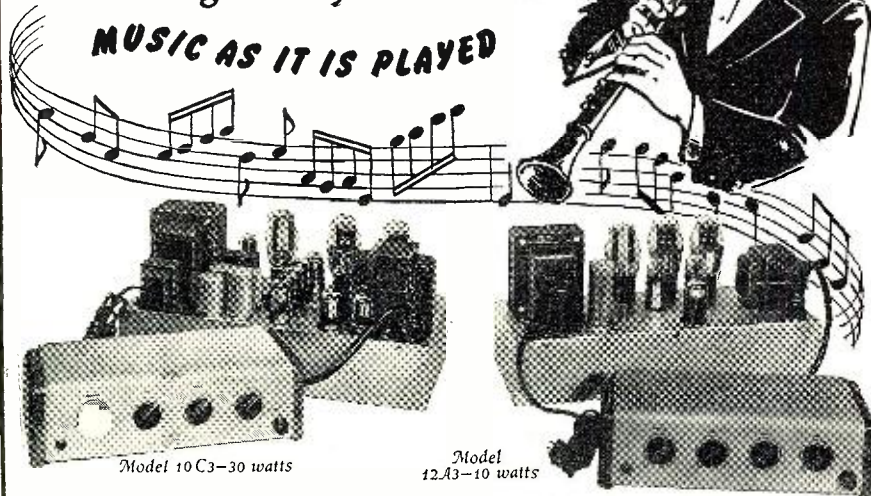
LOUDSPEAKER  
MODEL 180L



Pickering & Company, Inc. Oceanside, L. I., N. Y.

## The BROOK All Triode High Quality AUDIO AMPLIFIERS bring into your home

MUSIC AS IT IS PLAYED



Model 10C3—30 watts

Model 12A3—10 watts

Write Today for FREE Booklet,  
"BETTER LISTENING",  
Technical Bulletin and  
detailed Distortion Analysis.

- The full volume of a symphony in your home with all its brilliance.. or reduced to a whisper.. still keeping its natural tone.
- Extreme low volume without loss of quality.
- Reduction of listening fatigue.
- Distortion and intermodulation at a new low.
- Separate controls stepped for bass and treble.

**BROOK ELECTRONICS, Inc.**  
Dept. R.J-O • 34 DeHart Place • Elizabeth, N. J.

### Mac's Service Shop

(Continued from page 71)

chuck is soldered to a phone-tip jack, this jack can be slipped over the end of the test prod and so will convert it to whatever type of lead you need. These 'terminations' take up lots less space than do complete and separate test leads and serve the purpose just as well."

"Is that all we have to do?"

"Oh no; we are just getting started. I also want you to put a separate line-switch and pilot lamp on our tube checker. That present arrangement of having the line-switch on the 'Line Volts Adjust' control is not so hot. I have already had to replace two of those controls that had the wire elements worn out by the wear produced in turning the thing off and on. Putting in a separate switch will get away from this; and, while you are at it, you may as well put in a red-jeweled pilot lamp so we won't leave the tester on when we are not using it. There is plenty of room."

"And may I be so bold as to ask what you are going to be doing while I am slaving away on these projects?"

"You may," Mac said with a grin. "I am going to check and recalibrate our test oscillators. After those hot humid summer days, they are bound to be off a trifle; but if I correct them now, at the beginning of October, they should be all right all during the winter. I want to make sure that when our test oscillator pointer says '456 kc.' it is 456 kc."

"Is that so important? I don't think you would see much difference in tracking if the i.f. were off four or five kc."

"The difference in tracking is not the whole story. It is important that the i.f.'s be right on the nose. Broadcast stations are placed on the even ten kilocycle frequencies. The i.f. frequencies are seldom divisible by ten. This is no accident. If, by error, we should set up the i.f.'s on 450 kc., two strong broadcast stations 450 kc. apart could mix right in the input circuit and both ride on through the i.f. channel; but if our i.f. was properly set on 456 kc., this could not happen, for no two broadcast stations are ever 456 kc. apart. What is more, setting the i.f.'s off their correct frequency by only a couple of kilocycles will often put a disagreeable 'birdie' on a particular station."

"How are you going to do this recalibrating?"

"If the frequency is not too far off, I intend simply to make a correction note and paste it on the generator. For example, it may say, 'Set pointer to 454 to get 456 kc.' I prefer doing this to disturbing the insides of the instrument, and I know by experience that the oscillator may drift enough by spring so that the dial reading will again be correct. Of course, if any major discrepancy is found, I'll re-



1000 KC crystal ET cut.....\$3.95  
 3" scope shield.....1.29  
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 ATC 100 mmfd air trimmer screwdriver shaft......29  
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 500 watt 12.5 ohm power rheostat.....3.49



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 24 mfd 1500v DC 3KV flash. Excellent for speed lamp.....3.95

# TUBES!! BRAND NEW! STANDARD BRANDS! NO SECONDS! COMPARE! TUB S!!

0A3/VR75	51.29	3C31/C10	53.49	217C	56.75	811	52.49	8014	524.50	0A2	128.77
0B3/VR90	1.29	3C45	12.75	227A/5C27	2.49	812	2.85	8020	5.89	0A4G	68.07
0C3/VR105	1.05	3C61	1.39	240C	2.95	812H	6.90	8025	5.95	0B2	68.77
0D3/VR150	8.9	3C71-S1	2.29	250R	5.95	813	8.95	9001	2.95	0A6	68.87
1B22	8.75	3DP1	3.10	250TH	18.95	814	2.25	9002	.65	01A	68.87
1B23	8.75	3DP1A	3.95	250TL	18.95	815	2.25	9003	.65	1A3	68.87
1B24	24.95	3DP1-S2A	1.95	274A	5.50	816	1.19	9004	4.45	1A4P	68.87
1B25	2.95	3D21A	1.98	274B	1.95	826	.98	9005	2.35	1A5GT	68.87
1B27	24.50	3E20	12.95	276A	6.95	828	12.75	9006	.29	1A6	68.87
1B29	2.79	3F21	4.75	293A	2.98	829	7.45	9007	9.99	1A7GT	68.87
1B32	2.79	3F21	4.75	294A	3.95	829B	12.95	C5B	9.95	1AB5/8016	68.87
1B36	24.96	3HP7	2.29	300B	9.95	830B	3.95	C6A	7.95	1B3/25S	68.87
1B38	32.50	4-65A	4.21	304TH	3.95	831	4.95	832A	4.45	1B5/25S	68.87
1N21 Ntal	1.89	4-250A	29.95	305A	24.95	832A	7.95	C100D	1.49	1B7GT	68.87
1N21B Ntal	3.25	4AP10	4.95	307A/RK75	6.95	833A	37.50	CK502AX	2.95	1B8GT	68.87
1N22 Ntal	1.35	4B22/ELH	3.95	307L	6.95	833A	81.0	CK507AX	2.95	1C6GT	68.87
1N23 Ntal	1.75	4B24/ELHC	5.95	310A	6.5	838	1.23	CK506AX	2.25	1C7G	68.87
1N23A Ntal	1.25	4B25/HC	7.50	323A/B	24.50	841	.33	CK507AX	2.25	1D7C	68.87
1N23B Ntal	3.95	4B26/2000	8.95	327A/5C3	4.49	843	1.95	CK512AX	2.25	1D8GT	68.87
1N27	1.69	4B28	2.95	328A	12.95	845	3.75	CK517AX	8.45	1E5GT	68.87
1N34	.85	4B32	9.95	331A	12.95	849	29.50	CK100S	.35	1E5GT	68.87
1N34A	3.49	4C27/CV92	2.65	350B	1.75	852	6.25	VK100B	.69	1F4	68.87
1P23	3.49	4C35	49.50	350B	1.75	852	6.25	FF30	.35	1F5C	68.87
1P24	.79	4D23	27.50	368AS	2.39	860	6.95	FF30A	.69	1G4GT	68.87
1P36	3.79	4D23	9.95	371A	6.59	861	10.95	P127A	22.50	1G6GT	68.87
1P37	3.79	4D23	9.95	371B	6.59	864	1.45	P128A	89.50	1H6GT	68.87
2A1	4.95	4E27/257B	1.25	384A	1.75	865	1.45	P128A	89.50	1H6GT	68.87
2A1P	4.95	5A1	17.95	393A	3.95	866A	1.15	FF60	79.50	1H6GT	68.87
2C21 RK33	4.95	5A4	3.69	417A	8.95	869B	26.50	FF62A	397.50	1J6GT	68.87
2C22/7103	1.95	5B1P	2.29	434A	2.95	872A	1.85	FG27A	8.75	1L4	68.87
2C23	1.25	5C1P	2.95	446B	1.79	876	.89	FG27A	8.75	1L4	68.87
2C29A	24.50	5C1P	2.95	446B	1.79	876	.89	FG27A	8.75	1L4	68.87
2C30	2.75	5C1P	2.95	446B	1.79	876	.89	FG27A	8.75	1L4	68.87
2C31	1.49	5C1P	2.95	446B	1.79	876	.89	FG27A	8.75	1L4	68.87
2C32	7.50	5C1P	2.95	446B	1.79	876	.89	FG27A	8.75	1L4	68.87
2C33	1.25	5C1P	2.95	446B	1.79	876	.89	FG27A	8.75	1L4	68.87
2C34	1.19	5C1P	2.95	446B	1.79	876	.89	FG27A	8.75	1L4	68.87
2C35	4.69	5C1P	2.95	446B	1.79	876	.89	FG27A	8.75	1L4	68.87
2C36	3.69	5C1P	2.95	446B	1.79	876	.89	FG27A	8.75	1L4	68.87
2C37	2.29	5C1P	2.95	446B	1.79	876	.89	FG27A	8.75	1L4	68.87
2C38	1.49	5C1P	2.95	446B	1.79	876	.89	FG27A	8.75	1L4	68.87
2C39	2.29	5C1P	2.95	446B	1.79	876	.89	FG27A	8.75	1L4	68.87
2C40	7.50	5C1P	2.95	446B	1.79	876	.89	FG27A	8.75	1L4	68.87
2C41	1.25	5C1P	2.95	446B	1.79	876	.89	FG27A	8.75	1L4	68.87
2C42	1.19	5C1P	2.95	446B	1.79	876	.89	FG27A	8.75	1L4	68.87
2C43	4.69	5C1P	2.95	446B	1.79	876	.89	FG27A	8.75	1L4	68.87
2C44	3.69	5C1P	2.95	446B	1.79	876	.89	FG27A	8.75	1L4	68.87
2C45	2.29	5C1P	2.95	446B	1.79	876	.89	FG27A	8.75	1L4	68.87
2C46	1.49	5C1P	2.95	446B	1.79	876	.89	FG27A	8.75	1L4	68.87
2C47	2.29	5C1P	2.95	446B	1.79	876	.89	FG27A	8.75	1L4	68.87
2C48	1.49	5C1P	2.95	446B	1.79	876	.89	FG27A	8.75	1L4	68.87
2C49	2.29	5C1P	2.95	446B	1.79	876	.89	FG27A	8.75	1L4	68.87
2C50	7.50	5C1P	2.95	446B	1.79	876	.89	FG27A	8.75	1L4	68.87
2C51	1.25	5C1P	2.95	446B	1.79	876	.89	FG27A	8.75	1L4	68.87
2C52	1.19	5C1P	2.95	446B	1.79	876	.89	FG27A	8.75	1L4	68.87
2C53	4.69	5C1P	2.95	446B	1.79	876	.89	FG27A	8.75	1L4	68.87
2C54	3.69	5C1P	2.95	446B	1.79	876	.89	FG27A	8.75	1L4	68.87
2C55	2.29	5C1P	2.95	446B	1.79	876	.89	FG27A	8.75	1L4	68.87
2C56	1.49	5C1P	2.95	446B	1.79	876	.89	FG27A	8.75	1L4	68.87
2C57	2.29	5C1P	2.95	446B	1.79	876	.89	FG27A	8.75	1L4	68.87
2C58	1.49	5C1P	2.95	446B	1.79	876	.89	FG27A	8.75	1L4	68.87
2C59	2.29	5C1P	2.95	446B	1.79	876	.89	FG27A	8.75	1L4	68.87
2C60	7.50	5C1P	2.95	446B	1.79	876	.89	FG27A	8.75	1L4	68.87
2C61	1.25	5C1P	2.95	446B	1.79	876	.89	FG27A	8.75	1L4	68.87
2C62	1.19	5C1P	2.95	446B	1.79	876	.89	FG27A	8.75	1L4	68.87
2C63	4.69	5C1P	2.95	446B	1.79	876	.89	FG27A	8.75	1L4	68.87
2C64	3.69	5C1P	2.95	446B	1.79	876	.89	FG27A	8.75	1L4	68.87
2C65	2.29	5C1P	2.95	446B	1.79	876	.89	FG27A	8.75	1L4	68.87
2C66	1.49	5C1P	2.95	446B	1.79	876	.89	FG27A	8.75	1L4	68.87
2C67	2.29	5C1P	2.95	446B	1.79	876	.89	FG27A	8.75	1L4	68.87
2C68	1.49	5C1P	2.95	446B	1.79	876	.89	FG27A	8.75	1L4	68.87
2C69	2.29	5C1P	2.95	446B	1.79	876	.89	FG27A	8.75	1L4	68.87
2C70	7.50	5C1P	2.95	446B	1.79	876	.89	FG27A	8.75	1L4	68.87
2C71	1.25	5C1P	2.95	446B	1.79	876	.89	FG27A	8.75	1L4	68.87
2C72	1.19	5C1P	2.95	446B	1.79	876	.89	FG27A	8.75	1L4	68.87
2C73	4.69	5C1P	2.95	446B	1.79	876	.89	FG27A	8.75	1L4	68.87
2C74	3.69	5C1P	2.95	446B	1.79	876	.89	FG27A	8.75	1L4	68.87
2C75	2.29	5C1P	2.95	446B	1.79	876	.89	FG27A	8.75	1L4	68.87
2C76	1.49	5C1P	2.95	446B	1.79	876	.89	FG27A	8.75	1L4	68.87
2C77	2.29	5C1P	2.95	446B	1.79	876	.89	FG27A	8.75	1L4	68.87
2C78	1.49	5C1P	2.95	446B	1.79	876	.89	FG27A	8.75	1L4	68.87
2C79	2.29	5C1P	2.95	446B	1.79	876	.89	FG27A	8.75	1L4	68.87
2C80	7.50	5C1P	2.95	446B	1.79	876	.89	FG27A	8.75	1L4	68.87
2C81	1.25	5C1P	2.95	446B	1.79	876	.89	FG27A	8.75	1L4	68.87
2C82	1.19	5C1P	2.95	446B	1.79	876	.89	FG27A	8.75	1L4	68.87
2C83	4.69	5C1P	2.95	446B	1.79	876	.89	FG27A	8.75	1L4	68.87
2C84	3.69	5C1P	2.95	446B	1.79	876	.89	FG27A	8.75	1L4	68.87
2C85	2.29	5C1P	2.95	446B	1.79	876	.89	FG27A	8.75	1L4	68.87
2C86	1.49	5C1P	2.95	446B	1.79	876	.89	FG27A	8.75	1L4	68.87
2C87	2.29	5C1P	2.95	446B	1.79	876	.89	FG27A	8.75	1L4	68.87
2C88	1.49	5C1P	2.95	446B	1.79	876	.89	FG27A	8.75	1L4	68.87
2C89	2.29	5C1P	2.95	446B	1.79	876	.89	FG27A	8.75	1L4	68.87
2C90	7.50	5C1P	2.95	446B	1.79	876	.89	FG27A	8.75	1L4	68.87
2C91	1.25	5C1P	2.95	446B	1.79	876	.89	FG27A	8.75	1L4	68.87
2C92	1.19	5C1P	2.95	446B	1.79	876	.89	FG27A	8.75	1L4	68.87
2C93	4.69	5C1P	2.95	446B	1.79	876	.89	FG27A	8.75	1L4	68.87
2C94	3.69	5C1P	2.95	446B	1.79	876	.89	FG27A	8.75	1L4	68.87
2C95	2.29	5C1P	2.95	446B	1.79	876	.89	FG27A	8.75	1L4	68.87
2C96	1.49	5C1P	2.95	446B	1.79	876	.89	FG27A	8.75	1L4	6



Buy—

# TROUBLEPROOF TELEVISION

## THE 630 TV WILL WORK WHERE OTHERS FAIL!

Own the Television Set preferred by more Radio and Television Engineers than any other TV set ever made! **THE ADVANCED CLASSIC 630 TV CHASSIS.**

With the latest 1950 improvements the 630 TV will out-perform all other makes in every way. The 30 plus tube circuit should not be compared to the cheaply designed 24 tube sets now being sold under standard brand names.

• **Greater Brilliance**

Assured by the new 14-16 KV power supply.

• **Flicker-Free Reception**

Assured by the new Keyed AGC circuit—no fading or tearing of the picture due to airplanes, noise, or other interference.

• **Greater Sensitivity**

Assured by the new Standard Tuner, which has a pentode RF amplifier and acts like a built-in High Gain Television Booster on all channels! The advanced 630 chassis will operate where most other sets fail, giving good performance in fringe areas, and in noisy or weak locations.

• **Larger—Clearer Pictures—for 16" or 19" tubes**

Assured by advanced circuits. Sufficient drive is available to easily accommodate a 19" tube.

• **Trouble-Free Performance**

Assured by use of the finest materials such as molded condensers, overrated resistors, RCA designed coils and transformers, etc.

• **RMA Guarantee**

Free replacement of defective parts or tubes within 90 day period. Picture tube guaranteed fully for an entire year at no extra charge!

PRICE COMPLETE, **\$159.50**  
LESS PICTURE TUBE.....

### EXTRA CLEAR PICTURE TUBES

#### Standard Brands

ONE YEAR GUARANTEE

12 1/2" (Black or White)...	\$21.00	Glass 16" Rectangular (Blk.)	\$39.95
Glass 14" Rectangular (Blk.)	24.00	Glass 19" Round (Black)	69.50
Glass 16" Round (Black)	39.95	Glass 16" Round (White)	36.50

#### TELEVISION CABINETS

##### 16" Table Model Cabinet

A gorgeous table model cabinet for the average size living room. Outside dimensions 23 3/4" Wide x 24" High x 24" Deep. 16" Table Model Cabinet, Walnut or Mahogany..... **\$39.95**

##### 16" Economy Console Cabinet

An exceptional buy in a console cabinet made of fine veneers to house the 630 TV chassis, tube, and speaker. Outside dimensions are 39" High x 24" Wide x 22 1/4" Deep. **\$39.95**

##### DeLux Full Door Console

Gracefully designed to be one of the beauty spots of your home. Doors swing open to view television. Exquisitely finished. Outside dimensions 26 1/4" Wide x 41" High x 25" Deep. 16" DeLux Full Door Console, Walnut or Mahogany..... **\$74.95**

##### Exotic Chinese Console

The distinctive beauty of the Chinese design cabinet makes it one of the most charming of our entire stock. The full doors conceal the TV set and controls. Outside dimensions 41" High x 26 1/4" Wide x 25" Deep. 16" Exotic Chinese Console, Walnut, Mahogany or Ebony..... **\$112.50**

Protective Glass window for any above cabinets..... **\$2.25**

#### SPECIAL!!

##### THE NEW DOUBLE V TV ANTENNA

Price—Only \$4.95 Less Mast

5 Ft. Sectional Mast 75c

All Merchandise Subject to Prior Sale. All Prices Subject to Change without Notice.

WRITE FOR COMPLETE CATALOG N-10

## EDLIE ELECTRONICS INC.

154 Greenwich St. New York 6, New York

calibrate the whole thing in accordance with the information given in the instruction manual."

"Where are you going to get your frequency standards?"

"Silly boy!" Mac chided. "I'll use the broadcast stations and WWV, of course. For the low frequencies, harmonics that fall in the broadcast band can be used. For example, I can locate 455 kc. very exactly by making the second harmonic of this frequency zero beat with the carrier of the broadcast station on 910 kc. For higher frequencies than the broadcast band, I can use fundamentals or harmonics that fall on the various WWV frequencies of 5000, 10,000, and 15,000 kc. The crystal markers we have for the i.f. frequencies of our TV generator make it unnecessary for us to worry about the calibration there.

"I also intend to check all of our meters. This afternoon I am taking the multimeter to the high school physics laboratory to set the low-range d.c. scales exactly on the nose as compared with a standard cell they have there. The a.c. ranges will also be checked against the fine a.c. meter in the lab. Then I'll bring the multimeter back to the shop and check all of our meters against it. The multimeter and another meter can be connected in parallel across a flashlight battery, a "B" battery, etc., and the two readings compared. Of course, I need not tell a seasoned old technician like yourself that both meters should be connected at the same time rather than separate readings being taken to make sure that the voltage does not change with the difference in loading between the multimeter and the other meter."

"How about the ohmmeters?"

"I'll check those by testing several wirewound resistors. Those wirewound jobs are plenty accurate enough for that purpose."

"Just supposing," Barney said cautiously, "I was able to get all of the instruments cleaned up and the tube-tester fixed before supper time. Would you have any other 'little thing' you would want me to do?"

"Oh, yes; I've got a job you will love because it is a sitting-down job. As you know, we take about every radio and television trade magazine on the market, and there is a wealth of fine, current material in these magazines that can be found nowhere else. The only trouble comes in being able to put your finger on a particular article when you want it.

"Fortunately, some of the editors appreciate this problem and do what they can to help. For example, RADIO & TELEVISION NEWS prints a complete annual index in their December issue.

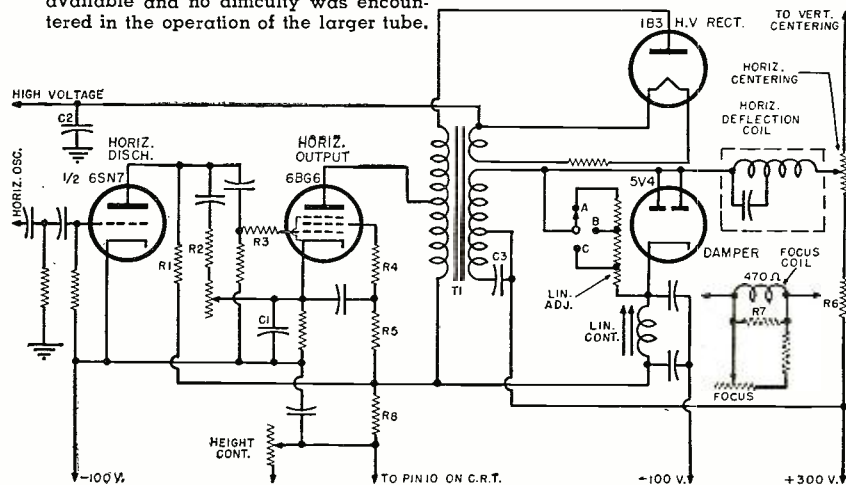
"What I want you to do is to go back through our entire file of magazines and clip out all of those indices—indexes to you—and arrange them in a loose-leaf notebook. Then when we want some information on a particular subject—say wire recorders, for example—we can look in this magazine index book and quickly sort out the issues that carried information on the subject. After that—Say, Junior, what are you looking so down-in-the-mouth about?" Mac broke off to ask.

"Well," Barney said as he got a bottle of carbon tetrachloride and a can of paste wax out of the cupboard, "I was just thinking that it will take me a full week of ordinary working days to recover from the effects of this one day that we had nothing to do!"

-30-

### CONVERTING RCA 8TS30 AND 630TS TV RECEIVERS TO 16"

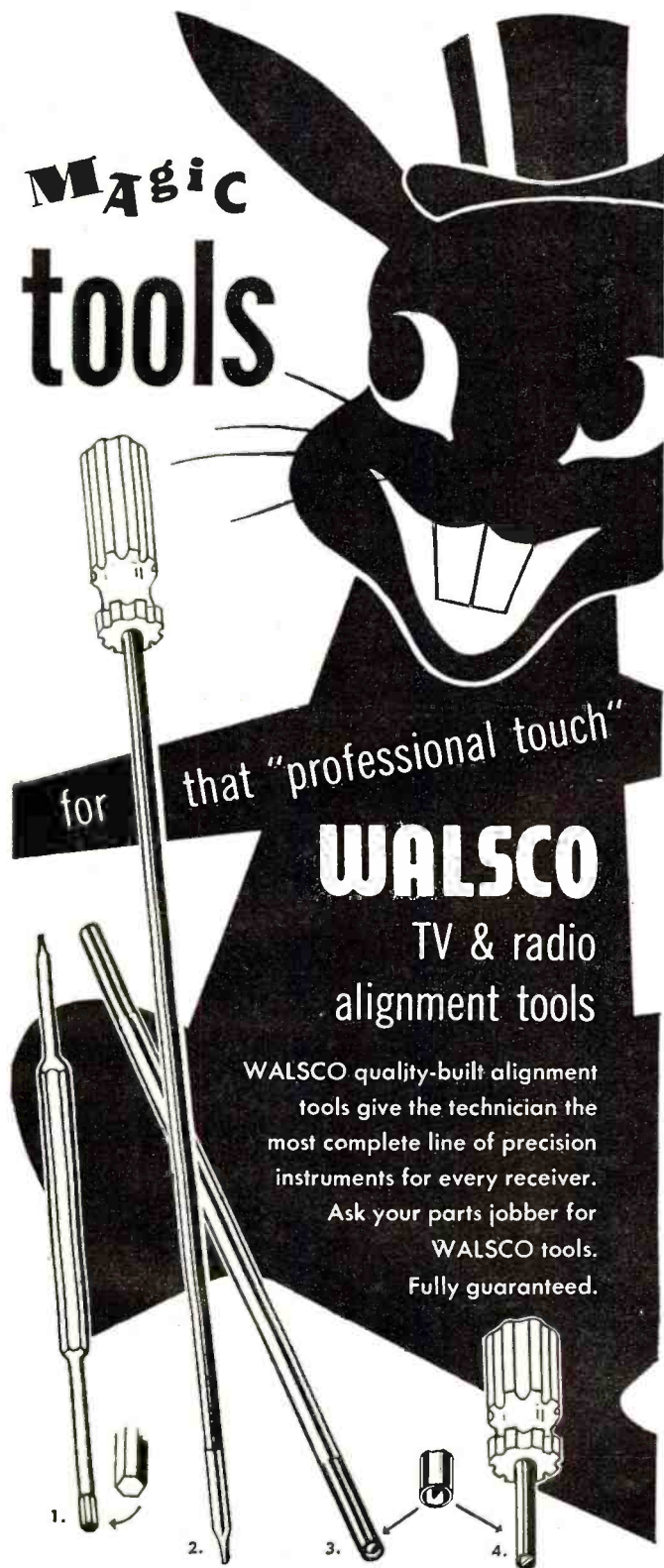
From Leonard J. D'Airo of Brooklyn comes details on a simple conversion for the popular models 8TS30 and 630TS to accommodate a 16" tube. The changes required are simple and easy to make. There is plenty of horizontal sweep available and no difficulty was encountered in the operation of the larger tube.



Changes and Additions			
From	Change to	From	Change to
R <sub>1</sub> 680,000 ohm	500,000 ohm	R <sub>7</sub> 1800 ohm	3300 ohm
R <sub>2</sub> 6800 ohm	10,000 ohm	R <sub>8</sub> 56,000 ohm	100,000 ohm
R <sub>3</sub> Add	100 ohm	C <sub>1</sub> .1 μfd.	.25 μfd.
R <sub>4</sub> Add	47 ohm	C <sub>2</sub> .0005 μfd., 10,000 v.	.0005 μfd., 20,000 v.
R <sub>5</sub> 22,000 + 18,000 ohm	5000 ohm	C <sub>3</sub> Add	.05 μfd.
R <sub>6</sub> Add	10 ohm	T <sub>1</sub> 9 kv.	12.5 kv. (RCA)



# Magic tools



WALSCO quality-built alignment tools give the technician the most complete line of precision instruments for every receiver. Ask your parts jobber for WALSCO tools. Fully guaranteed.

1.

2.

3.



1. Combination hex stud and small screwdriver for I.F. alignment on Zenith, Hoffman, Belmont, and similar T.V. sets. Molded of toughest, pure nylon. Catalog No. 2526.
2. Tough, extra long (12") front-end aligner for Admiral, Emerson, RCA, etc. Replaceable nylon tip. Catalog No. 2523.
3. Duplex I.F. aligner with recessed blades. One side for #6, other side for #4 studs. Unbreakable plastic. Catalog No. 2519.
4. Short (2") I.F. tool with recessed blade. Perfect for cramped quarters.

WRITE FOR WALSCO CATALOG 51-N

**WALSCO**

Walter L. Schott Co., Beverly Hills, Calif. • Chicago 6, Ill.

October, 1950

**Koenig**

## Telebeamer ROTATOR

**2 HEAVY DUTY MOTORS GIVE...**

**BETTER PERFORMANCE..  
LONGER LIFE!**

Koenig Telebeamer Rotator gives the *peak* of performance. Telebeamer is the *most dependable* rotator made today; it holds heavy antennas through 80-mile winds. Absolutely weatherproof, trouble-free, easy to install. Positive acting electrical stops at both ends of 360° turn eliminates lead damage. Children can't damage the Koenig Telebeamer by continuous operation.



**NEW CABINET in smart mahogany, or blonde wood**



Patent Pending

Indicator shows exact antenna bearing at every instant; comes in plastic, mahogany or walnut case. Motors work independently; one turns rotor clockwise, the other counter-clockwise.

**Write for prices and specifications**

**Koenig Engineering Co.**  
735 SOUTHWEST BLVD. KANSAS CITY, 3, KANSAS



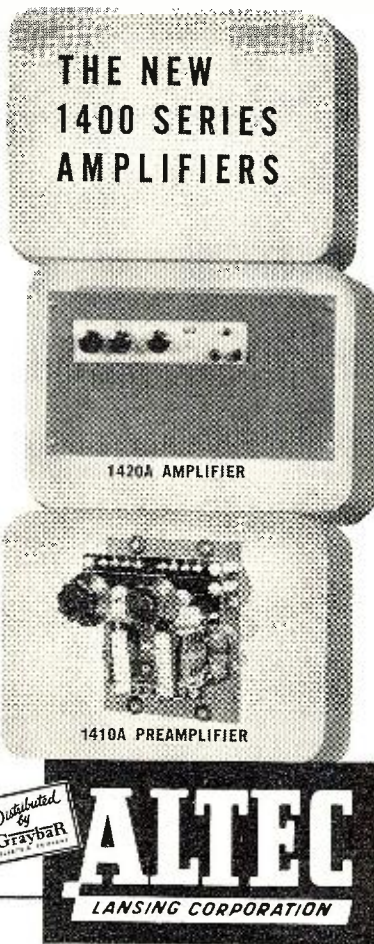
# Bui ding Block Design!

Successors to the famous 140 series amplifiers, the new ALTEC 1400 series is the most versatile amplifying, preamplifying, mixing group ever designed. Building block design permits combinations to provide 2 to 12 mixing input channels—preamplifiers that can be mounted on the power amplifier chassis or externally—mixing controls that can be mounted remotely from all other apparatus—output at line level, when required, or 35 to 75 watts. Thorough mechanical and electronic design and outstanding quality make the new ALTEC 1400 series perfect for every speech input and public address requirement.

1161 N. VINE ST., HOLLYWOOD 38, CALIF.  
161 SIXTH AVE., NEW YORK 13, NEW YORK



**ALTEC**  
LANSING CORPORATION



## Troubleshooting Chart

(Continued from page 62)

for all possible rigs and tubes but the fundamentals are all the same. Probably most trouble occurs with the very power-sensitive tetrode and this chart is made up with that in mind.

Even though there are only a couple of notations on the screen, don't neglect this element as it has a major influence on the tube. Usually, unless the screen is properly bypassed to the common ground point and fitted with a 50-ohm resistor to suppress parasitics it can cause all sorts of difficulties

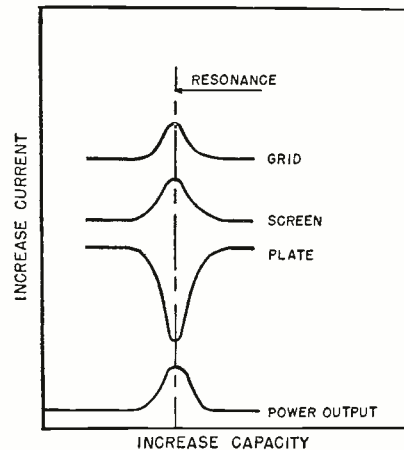
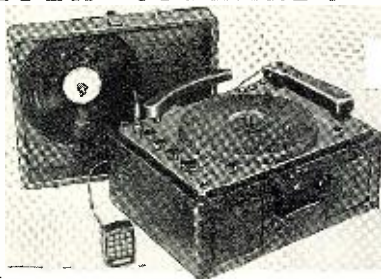


Fig. 1. Electrode current vs. loading.

## GREATEST HOME RECORDER VALUE EVER OFFERED!



Here's a sensational new home recorder value

that towers above everything in its price class!

With the new MEISSNER 4DR, anyone can do a professional job of recording. It is simple to operate, yet possesses features recorders selling for much more do not have.

Audio fidelity ranges up to 4500 CPS — much higher than all other types of comparably priced recorders.

The 4DR operates at *all three* standard speeds — 33-1/3, 45 and 78 RPM!

There's no other recorder that can compare! It's entirely new — entirely alone in its greatness of value! See it — hear it at your Dealer's soon!

Illustrated Folder on Request

### FEATURES

- Records and plays back all speeds — 33-1/3, 45 and 78 RPM
- 33% longer recording and play back time
- Much higher audio fidelity than ANY type recorder in its price class
- High quality crystal microphone supplied
- Ideal for custom installation
- Twin speakers
- Rich, modern styling. Attractive red alligator synthetic leather case
- Motor cooled by built-in fan
- Magnetic — 10 ohm recording head uses any standard short shank needle or stylus
- Available three ways for wide variety of applications

**MEISSNER**

for Magnificent Reception

MANUFACTURING DIVISION, MAGUIRE INDUSTRIES, INC. :: MT. CARMEL, ILLINOIS, U.S.A.

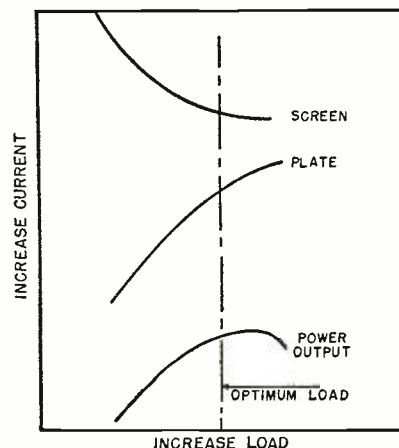
extending even to keying and modulation troubles.

The graphs are included to point out the manner in which the tube can be expected to behave under variation of load (Fig. 1) and variation of tuning (Fig. 2). It is important that anyone trying to adjust a rig for optimum performance have this information in mind.

Pay attention to the tube manual. Remember that all of the input to the screen must be dissipated as heat. Also take time to estimate the power output and compare it with the input to determine the dissipation within the tube.

-30-

Fig. 2. Electrode current vs. tuning.









**These Men are Getting  
PRACTICAL TRAINING**



**IN  
TELEVISION-  
RADIO  
ON REAL  
TELEVISION SETS  
RADIO RECEIVERS  
F.M. RECEIVERS  
IN THE GREAT  
SHOPS OF COYNE**

Big opportunities are waiting for men who know the practical and technical end of Television and Radio. That's what you get at COYNE—besides practical Shop Training in F.M., Electronics and other branches of this giant field. Remember, Television is the fastest growing opportunity field today, and Radio is one of the biggest.

**NOT "HOME STUDY" COURSES**

All Coyne Training is given in our mammoth Chicago training shops. We do not teach by mail. You train on actual equipment, under friendly instructors. Previous experience unnecessary. Hundreds of firms employ Coyne trained men.

**OLDEST, LARGEST, BEST EQUIPPED  
SCHOOL OF ITS KIND IN AMERICA**

Come to the Great Shops of Coyne in Chicago. Established 1899—now in our 51st Year. Fully approved for G.I. training. Finance plan for non-veterans.

**MAIL COUPON FOR FREE BOOK**

Send today for big new book packed with large pictures taken in Coyne Shops. No obligation. No salesman will call. Get the facts now!

**COYNE** B. W. Cooke, Pres.  
**ELECTRICAL & TELEVISION-RADIO SCHOOL**  
500 S. Paulina St., Dept. 70-1K  
Chicago 12, Illinois



B. W. COOKE, Pres.  
COYNE Electrical, & Television-Radio School,  
500 S. Paulina Street, Dept. 70-1K Chicago 12, Ill.

Send FREE BOOK and full details on Television-Radio Course.

NAME.....  
ADDRESS.....  
CITY.....STATE.....

# THE AD-VISER

2

## SUCCESSFUL LAYOUT TECHNIQUES

By  
**IRVING SETTEL**

**W**HEN a man builds a house, there must be some written plan to guide the constructor. Advertisements, like houses, must have a blueprint from which advertising people can work. The layout, however crude, is a pictorial representation which depicts the idea of the proposed advertisement.

The importance of a well constructed layout cannot be overemphasized. This does not mean that high priced artists must be employed. As a matter of fact, anyone can create an effective layout if he knows the basic formula. Thousands of radio and television dealers insist upon personally executing this vital task. Having learned the "tricks of the trade," they feel that layout making is important enough to warrant their personal consideration. They feel too that this should not be entrusted to others when it takes so little time and is so easy to accomplish.

**Why a Layout Is Important**

First, let us discuss why a layout plays such an important role in advertising. As part of the advertisement, an effective layout can mean the difference between getting your message read and having it ignored in favor of your competitors' ads. Competition is so keen in modern newspapers that the element of attention-getting is of utmost importance. Your layout, if it is a good one, will attract attention. In addition, it will maintain the readers' attention long enough to get your message across. Layout should guide the potential customer's eye from the starting point, usually the headline or illustration, through the structural sequence of the written message. It will keep the reader's eye within the framework of your ad. It will move the eye from one logical resting place to another . . . from the headline to the message to the price to your store name.

It is urged that every radio and television dealer at least assist in making his own layouts. If you have an advertising agency handling your account, do not hesitate to submit rough suggestions. If your local newspaper makes up your ads, your help will be appreciated. The newspaper advertising department is usually too

busy to give you individual consideration so necessary to effective layout and selling. In addition, chances are that they are making up your competitors' ads too. This means that each advertisement will probably look alike to the average reader. Drawing your own layout will add distinctiveness to your promotion. Your interest will result in better layouts and consequently, more profitable trade. No one knows your business or customers as well as you do. No one knows better how to combat competition than the dealer who must contend with competitive situations every day.

Expensive equipment is not necessary for layout work. A five and dime store smooth paper pad is sufficient. The size will depend upon the largest ad you intend to run. In addition, purchase a few very soft pencils, a ruler, a triangle and a soap eraser. Your complete cost should not exceed \$2.50.

**Effective Layout**

There are three basic elements which are included in most ads. They are as follows:

1. The *illustration*. . . Not always used but highly recommended for all radio and television ads.
2. The *copy*. . . Includes the headline, subheadline, paragraphs of copy, prices, sizes, etc.
3. The *logotype*. . . The name of your store or organization, always necessary in every ad.

Before making the layout, you should decide approximately what the headline will be. You should have an idea which items you intend to display as illustrations. You should know how much space the copy will consume. It is your job to determine the best placement of these elements. Never forget that you are primarily interested in attracting attention, maintaining attention, and directing the reader's eye into the proper channels. First make a series of miniature tryouts or *thumbnail sketches*. Draw a few small boxes which have been scaled down from the proposed newspaper size.

Roughly sketch in your headline. A scribbled mass for the illustration is sufficient. Draw horizontal lines for copy. After your first thumbnail sketch is completed, try another. Draw the elements in different places. Slant your headline, place a border around your copy, make the entire advertisement in reverse (white on



**MAIL ORDER ADDRESS**  
 1060-2 N. ALLEN AVE.  
 PASADENA 7, CALIF.  
 SYCAMORE 4-7156  
 RYAN 1-8271

# PHOTOCON SALES

## OCTOBER SPECIALS

**RETAIL SALES STORE**  
 1240 EAST COLORADO ST.  
 PASADENA 1, CALIF.  
 SYCAMORE 6-7217

### TEST EQUIPMENT

IE-19A Test Set for SCR-522—Complete with manual, original factory backing	<b>\$325.00</b>
IE-36 Test Set for SCR-522—EXCELLENT USED	<b>\$22.50</b>
TS-184A/AP Test Set for APS-13—GOOD	<b>\$44.50</b>
I.M. Type Frequency Meter with calibration book	<b>79.50</b>
I.M. Frequency Meter Power Supply—115V. A.C.	<b>39.50</b>
BC-906 Frequency Meter	<b>12.95</b>
I-100A Contains BC-713 and BC-714—Test Set for ARN-7 and 269 Compass	<b>595.00</b>
TS-16/APN Test Set for APN-1 Altimeter	<b>69.50</b>
BC-221 AJ and AK Frequency Meters	<b>89.50</b>
BC-221 Frequency Meters—GOOD COND.	<b>69.50</b>
Model 84—Measurement Corp. Signal Generator with manual	<b>750.00</b>
General Radio Impedance Bridge No. 650A with manual	<b>225.00</b>
Hewlett-Packard Audio Oscillator Model 200C with manual	<b>125.00</b>
1-222 Signal Generator	<b>100.00</b>
1-222 Signal Generator	<b>75.00</b>

### HIGH VOLTAGE OIL CAPACITORS BRAND NEW

1. mfd. 15,000 WVDC General Electric Pyramid	<b>\$14.95</b>
.65 mfd. 12,500 WVDC Cornell Dubilier	<b>12.95</b>
.02 mfd. 20,000 WVDC Cornell Dubilier	<b>4.95</b>
.5 mfd. 25,000 WVDC Industrial Condenser	<b>14.50</b>
.00025 mfd. 25,000 WVDC Western Electric	<b>3.00</b>
1. mfd. 6000 WVDC Westinghouse	<b>5.95</b>

APN-9 LORAN SCOPE—Clean, EXCELLENT USED COND. **\$175.00**

BC-611 Handie Talkie	<b>\$59.50</b>
BC-222 Walkie-Talkie—Frequency 28-52 mc. with crystal—less tubes, battery, and antenna	<b>14.50</b>
BC-684 Transmitter with tubes—Frequency 27-38.9 mc. Excellent mobile—25 watts	<b>12.95</b>
MN-26C Bendix Compass Receiver—150-1500 K.C. with dynamotor, tubes, shock mtg., and new MN-20E Loop	<b>22.50</b>

APN-4 Indicator Scope and Receiver Power Supply with tubes and crystal. GOOD USED . . . . . BOTH FOR **\$34.50**

BC-464 TARGET RECEIVER 5 Channel Remote Sensitive Relays, Battery Case, Antenna, 68-73 mc. . . . . BRAND NEW **\$14.95**

Crystal and Coil Sets for Handy-Talkies, 2670, 3885, 4280, 4840, 5327.5, 5437.5, 5500 K.C.—2 Crystals and 2 Coils per set. PER SET. . . . . NEW **\$ 1.95**

MINE DETECTOR SCR-625 for locating metal, underground pipes, etc. with manuals . . . . . NEW **59.50**

### TUBE SPECIALS

5CP1 5" Cathode Ray Tube—New boxed. 4 for \$4.00. . . . . **\$1.19**

I.F. Transformers for SCR-522—1st, 2nd, and 3rd . . . . . EACH, NEW **\$ .35**

CD-501 Cable for PE-103 BC-654 . . . . . NEW **1.95**

SPEAKER 6" Compartment P.M. Weather-proof—25 watts. . . . . EXCELLENT **7.75**

SN RADAR Transmitter-Receiver with antenna—Operates on 115V. A.C.—PORTABLE . . . . . USED EXCELLENT **\$500.00**

FL-8 Range Filter . . . . . NEW **\$1.95**

HS-23 III Imp. Headset with ear cushions . . . . . NEW **2.45**

CD-307 Extension Cord for HS-23 . . . . . NEW **.49**

MC-385D Headset adapter . . . . . **.35**

ASD Radar Scope with 5FP7—USED **\$2.95**

HS-30 Headset—Complete with matching transformer, 6' cord and PL55 plug. NEW Dynamic Headset and Mike—P. O. Mark II . . . . . NEW **1.95**

RM-29 Park of SCR-284, similar to EE-8. Excellent for wall mounting type telephone . . . . . NEW **\$7.95**

TRANSFORMER—200-0-200 @ 50 ma. 6.3 V. @ 3 amps 115 V. Primary. NEW. **\$ 1.45**

TRANSFORMER—700-0-700 @ 75 mills. 6.3 V. @ 1.2 amps. 5 V. @ 3 amps 115 V. Primary 60 cycles . . . . . NEW **1.95**

TRANSFORMER—6200 V. @ 325 ma. easily C.T. for 3100-0-3100 @ 650 ma. Primary 105/110/115 V. 60 cycles. American Transformer Company . . . . . NEW **39.50**

Plug for APN-4 Scope and Receiver—Complete Set . . . . . NEW **\$3.75**

Mountings for APN-4 Scope and Receiver . . . . . EACH **2.00**

### SCR-522 EQUIPMENT

SCR-522 TRANSMITTER-RECEIVER UNIT with tubes. . . . . EXCELLENT COND.	<b>\$59.00</b>
PLUGS—Set for SCR-522 (6 plugs). NEW	<b>3.75</b>
PE-94 24 volt Dynamotor power unit for SCR-522 . . . . . NEW	<b>4.50</b>
BC-602 Control Box. . . . . NEW	<b>1.50</b>
BC-631 Jack Box. . . . . NEW	<b>.95</b>
AN-104A Antenna. . . . . NEW STEEL COPPER	<b>1.95</b>

BC-348 Mounting Base . . . . . NEW **\$2.25**

BC-348 Outlet Plug . . . . . NEW **.69**

BC-348 Mounting Base and Outlet Plug . . . . . NEW **2.50**

WESTON TACHOMETER GENERATOR model 724 Type C. . . . . GOOD USED **\$12.95**

WESTON ELECTRICAL TACHOMETER METER Model 545 for use with 724 Generator. Speed 0-2000 R.P.M. Ratio 2:1 . . . . . NEW **14.50**

### SOUND POWERED HEAD AND CHEST SETS—T.V. INSTALLATIONS

Field Telephones	Home Installations
Light Weight Type	
Manufactured by U. S. Instrument Corp.	
New . . . . .	<b>\$5.95 per set</b>
Excellent Used. . . . .	<b>3.95 per set</b>
Fair Used . . . . .	<b>2.95 per set</b>
Tested . . . . .	<b>5.00 per pair</b>

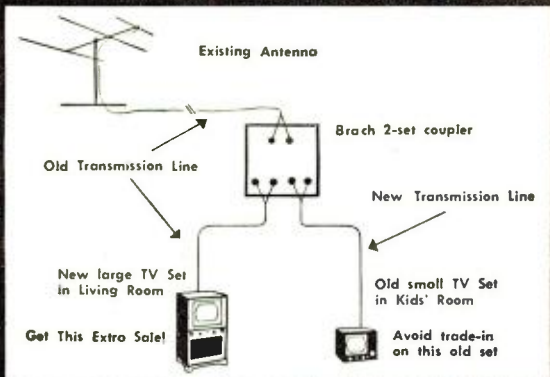
APN-1 Altimeter Indicator, basic movement 0-1 ma. 5 ma. shunt, 270° dial. An excellent basic movement for constructing your own meters. . . . . BRAND NEW Meter Rectifier—full wave midrect selenium—10 volts, 30 ma. . . . . NEW **.29**

BC-620 MOBILE FM TRANSCEIVER—20 to 27.8 mc. with tubes. . . . . EXCELLENT COND. **\$11.95**

PE-120 Power Supply for BC-659 or BC-620—6 or 12 V. D.C. Excellent Condition with tubes. . . . . **7.50**

TERMS: Prices f.o.b. Pasadena, 25% on all C.O.D. orders. Californians add 3% sales tax.

## TWO SETS IN EVERY HOME Made Easy with New Coupler



### The Brach 2-Set Coupler

- Eliminates interference
- Matches 300 & 75 ohm lines
- Installs with hand tools
- Low in cost
- Avoids trade-in sales

Order From Your Jobber Today

**BRACH MANUFACTURING CORP.** (Div. of General Bronze Corp.)  
 200 Central Ave. Newark 4, N. J.



## TRANSFORMERS REACTORS FILTERS

"THE STANDARD BY WHICH OTHERS ARE JUDGED"

Write for Catalog No. 500A  
**UNITED TRANSFORMER COMPANY**  
 150 VARICK STREET • NEW YORK 13, N. Y.  
 Export Div.: 13 East 40th St., New York 16, N. Y. Cables: "Arlab"



# the **chicago** V.T.V.M. ELECTRONIC MULTITESTER

A versatile new Chicago Vacuum Tube Volt Meter with more ranges and greater utility—at the lowest price in the industry!

**\$39<sup>00</sup>**  
net



- RANGES**
- DC VOLTS**  
0-5, 10, 50, 100, 500, 1000, 5000. Input impedance: 20 megohms (including 10 megohms in the DC probe)
- AC VOLTS**  
0-5, 10, 50, 100, 500, 1000, 5000  
Input impedance: 10 megohms
- OHMS**  
0 to 1000 megohms in 6 ranges with center scale readings of 10, 100, 1000, 10K, 1Meg., 10Meg.
- CAPACITANCE**  
50 MMF to 5000 MF in 6 ranges. Low voltage-power source enables testing of electrolytic condensers.
- MILLIAMPERES**  
DC 0-1, 10, 100, 500  
(Not electronic) 50 millivolt drop.  
Operates on 115 V.A.C. Dimensions: 6 $\frac{3}{4}$ " Wide x 9 $\frac{1}{2}$ " High x 6" Overall Depth

The big 5 $\frac{1}{2}$ " meter is mounted in a handsome brown Hammerloid case slanted for easy reading.

See Your Parts Distributor or Write for Complete Information

**CHICAGO INDUSTRIAL INSTRUMENT CO.**

536 W. ELM ST. • CHICAGO 10, ILL.

**RADIOMEN!** Get Into This  
**BIG PAY-BIG DEMAND** Picture

**TELEVISION  
SERVICING**

Let **MILTON KIVER** Help You Train at Home

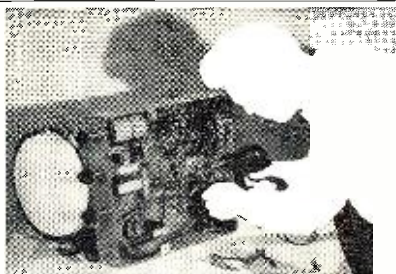
Men with the right training in Television Servicing are in big demand . . . pull down big pay. T.C.I. TRAINS YOU RIGHT with easy-to-follow technical training designed by servicemen, for servicemen! You learn practical, professional type Television Servicing without leaving your present job. Included are money-making extras such as set conversion, master antenna installation, COLOR TV and field servicing short cuts. You can start earning Television money after the first few lessons. You learn to test, trouble shoot, repair and service all types of TV sets.

**HERE'S HOW YOU GET EXPERIENCE!**

You train on your own 29-tube television receiver (12 $\frac{1}{2}$ , 16 or 19" tube), furnished as part of your course. We loan you test instruments. As an optional feature you can get two weeks of actual field experience going out on service jobs and working on the repair bench for Chicago's largest independent servicing organization. You learn Television Servicing by *actually doing* Television Servicing . . . you get the *practical* know-how you need to qualify for **BIG MONEY** in this fast-growing field!

**ACT NOW!** Fill out and mail coupon for **FREE** Catalog and **SAMPLE LESSON**. Write **TODAY!**

**TELEVISION COMMUNICATIONS  
INSTITUTE**  
205 W. Wacker Dr., Dept. **1-A**, Chicago 6, Ill.



**YOU GET** and keep famous RCA 630 TS type Television receiver.

**YOU DO** actual testing, servicing, trouble shooting and repairing.

**FOR THE BEGINNER**  
T.C.I. offers a low-cost Pre-Television Course in Radio, especially designed to prepare you for television in just 5 to 7 weeks. Everything you need from basic radio . . . through servicing . . . to Television.

**MAIL NOW FOR FREE BOOKLET**

TELEVISION COMMUNICATIONS INSTITUTE  
205 W. Wacker Dr., Dept. 1-A, Chicago 6, Ill.

YES! Rush **FREE** Catalog on your practical home-study course in Television Servicing. Include **FREE** Sample Lesson. I am not obligated. Salesman will not call.

Name . . . . . Age . . . . .

Address . . . . .

City . . . . . Zone . . . . . State . . . . .

( ) **BEGINNERS** check here for information of Pre-Tel Radio Course.

black). After making a few of these, choose the sketch which you believe best fulfills the essentials of good promotion. Then roughly draw this in correct size. As rough as it is, if you are careful in its execution, it is probably good enough a layout from which a newspaper can work.

We know that our layout must attract attention. This means that it must be different from other ads. There are many tricks which can be employed to achieve *difference* and some of the better ones are the following:

**Balance . . .** Place your layout elements in unusual positions, still maintaining the structure necessary to good balance. Sometimes, extremes are useful but often a little slant of your headline, illustration and copy will do the trick.

**Border . . .** A border surrounding the ad will not only create unity but also achieve distinction. Unusual borders have been used successfully to attract attention.

**Backgrounds . . .** Unusual backgrounds look good but are dangerous. They may attract attention to themselves, thereby taking away interest from the sales message of the ad. Use backgrounds sparingly.

**White Space . . .** The use of white space is probably one of the most effective methods of achieving attention. The more white space surrounding the ad, the less competition from the other ads. Although some radio and television merchants frown upon the buying of space for this purpose, white space has probably sold more radios and television sets indirectly than any other element of layout.

**Movement . . .** Arrows, pointing hands, etc., all assist in moving the reader's attention from one place to another. More popularly used in pointing illustrations. For example, some advertisers illustrate their wares pointing toward the next structural step in the ad. This causes the reader to look in the same direction. Properly placed illustrations will do a fine job of leading the eye. When the principle of movement has been effectively applied, the eye is led from one feature of the ad to another in the order of importance.

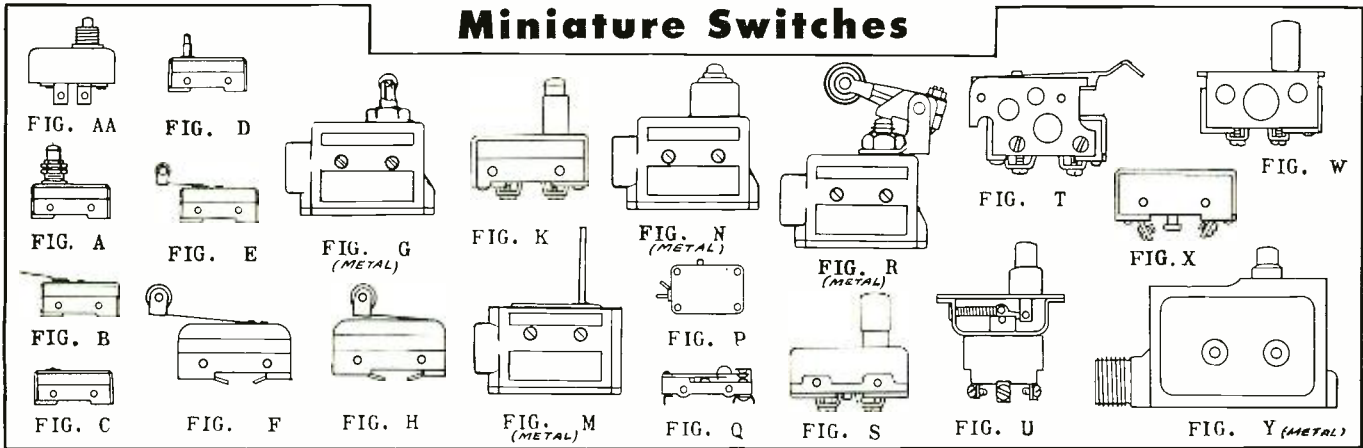
**Reverse . . .** When your competitor is using great portions of white space, you can achieve interest and distinction by using reverse or white headlines, copy and illustration on a black background. Your "black ad" will be different and thereby attract attention in contrast to the "white ads."

**Ovals and circles . . .** The shape of the advertisement as determined by a newspaper, is either square or rectangular. However, the shape of the ad itself need not conform to this contour. Ovals and circles are very effective attention getters because of the contrast they present to the straight lines of the average ad. You can also set up your headline in various shapes and have a round illustration made. Sometimes the reading



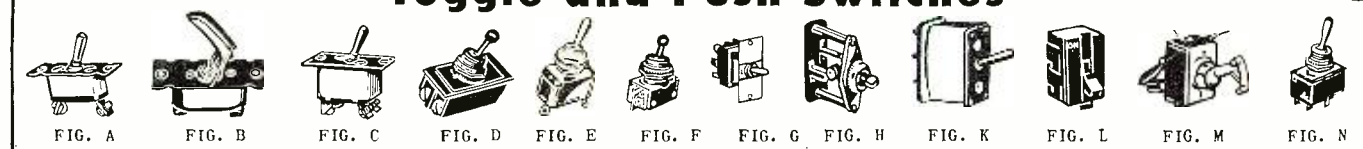
# SAVE on Miniature and Toggle Switches at WELLS

## Miniature Switches



STOCK NUMBER	MANUFACTURER	MFR. TYPE NO.	CONTACTS	ILLUSTRATION	PRICE EACH	STOCK NUMBER	MANUFACTURER	MFR. TYPE NO.	CONTACTS	ILLUSTRATION	PRICE EACH
305-10	Microswitch	WP3M5	N.C.	FIG. AA	\$0.40	PH-111	Microswitch	GRS	N.O.	FIG. D	\$0.49
305-160	Microswitch	WP-5M3	N.C.	FIG. AA	\$0.40	311-116	Microswitch	SW-186	N.C.	FIG. D	.63
307-210	Microswitch	YP3A	N.O.	FIG. AA	.50	303-49	Microswitch	YZ2YST	SPDT	FIG. D	.68
303-67	Microswitch	YZ7RA6	N.O.	FIG. A	.71	309-93	Microswitch	BRS36	SPDT	FIG. D	.68
PH-100	Acro	RO182T	N.O.	FIG. A	.71	370-17	Microswitch	QRS	SPDT	FIG. D	.75
301-46	MU-Switch	MLB-321	SPDT	FIG. B	.85	PH-112	MU-Switch	MBW	SPDT	FIG. E	.72
301-93	Microswitch	YZ-2YLTC1	SPDT	FIG. B	1.01	311-25	MU-Switch	CUN24155	N.C.	FIG. E	.80
301-30	MU-Switch	RO2M	SPDT	FIG. B	.95	370-10	Acro	RD2M12T	N.O.	FIG. E	.75
301-78	MU-Switch	Green Dot	SPDT	FIG. B	.75	303-32	Microswitch	YZ-3RW2T	N.O.	FIG. F	.65
303-79	Microswitch	BZ-RL32	SPDT	FIG. B	.75	306-10	Microswitch	BZE-2RQ9TMI	SPDT	FIG. G	2.48
303-85	MU-Switch	MLB323	SPDT	FIG. B	.67	PH-120	Microswitch	YZ7RQ9T6	N.O.	FIG. G	.75
305-154	Acro	XD4-5L	SPDT	FIG. B	.78	309-101	Microswitch	BZ-2FW221	SPDT	FIG. H	.95
311-130	Acro	—	SPDT	FIG. B	.70	PH-113	Microswitch	RZBQT	SPDT	FIG. K	.58
PH-101	Microswitch	BRL18	SPDT	FIG. B	.78	L306-1010	Acro	RO7-8586	N.O.	FIG. K	.55
PH-102	Microswitch	YZRL812	N.O.	FIG. B	.65	370-18	Acro	HR071P2T5F1	N.O.	FIG. K	.60
PH-104	Microswitch	YZ3RLTC2	N.O.	FIG. B	.64	370-19	Microswitch	YZRQ41	N.O.	FIG. K	.65
PH-105	Microswitch	YZR31	N.O.	FIG. C	.53	370-8	Microswitch	RN-11-HO3	SPDT	FIG. M	1.50
PH-106	Microswitch	R-R36	N.C.	FIG. C	.50	309-157	MU-Switch	—	N.C.	FIG. N	1.15
PH-107	Microswitch	BR-26	N.C.	FIG. C	.53	370-15	MU-Switch	AHB203	SPDT	FIG. N	1.25
PH-108	Microswitch	WZ-2RT	N.C.	FIG. C	.50	370-7	Microswitch	WZE-7RQTN	N.C.	FIG. N	1.35
305-161	Microswitch	YZ3R3	N.O.	FIG. C	.71	305-11	Acro	2M031A	N.O.	FIG. P	.37
311-115	Microswitch	WZR31	N.C.	FIG. C	.71	305-50	Microswitch	Open Type	SPDT	FIG. Q	.35
311-123	Microswitch	WZ-7R	N.C.	FIG. C	.60	303-84	Acro	HR07-4PST	N.O.	FIG. S	.50
311-126	Acro	HRR07.1A	N.C.	FIG. C	.50	303-83	Microswitch	YZ-RQ4	N.O.	FIG. S	.50
311-125	Acro	HRR07.1A	N.O.	FIG. C	.53	PH-114	Microswitch	WZR-31	N.C.	FIG. T	.65
311-121	Microswitch	WZ7RTC	N.C.	FIG. C	.50	PH-115	Cutter-Hammer	8905K564	DPDT	FIG. U	.65
311-128B	Microswitch	YZ	N.O.	FIG. C	.53	PH-116	Microswitch	WZRQ41	N.O.	FIG. W	.60
370-6	Microswitch	X757	N.C.	FIG. C	.45	PH-118	Microswitch	BZRQ41	SPDT	FIG. W	.60
PH-119	Microswitch	WZR-8X	N.C.	FIG. C	.45	311-128A	Microswitch	YZ-RTX1	N.O.	FIG. X	.90
PH-109	Microswitch	RRS13	N.C.	FIG. D	.45	PH-117	MU-Switch	Z	N.C.	FIG. Y	1.35
PH-110	Microswitch	BRS36	SPDT	FIG. D	.53						

## Toggle and Push Switches



STOCK NUMBER	FIG.	CONTACT ARRANGEMENT	MANUFACTURER & NUMBER	PRICE EACH	STOCK NUMBER	FIG.	CONTACT ARRANGEMENT	MANUFACTURER & NUMBER	PRICE EACH
PH-500	A	SPDT	B1B	\$0.35	303-65	C	DPST	CH AN-3023-2	\$0.45
PH-501	A	SPDT	AN3022-3B	.35	305-174	C	DPDT CENTER OFF MOM 1 SIDE	AN-3023-5	.50
PH-503	A	SPDT CENTER OFF MOM EACH SIDE	B11	.32	305-177	C	DPDT CENTER OFF MOM EACH SIDE	C-3	.50
PH-505A	A	SPDT MOMENTARY	B21	.30	305-176	C	DPDT CENTER OFF MOM EACH SIDE	AN-3023-7	.50
PH-505	A	SPST	AN-3022-2B	.30	305-173	C	DPDT	8710K3	.55
PH-506	A	SPDT CENTER OFF	AN-3022-1	.35	305-175	C	DPDT CENTER OFF MOM EACH SIDE	3712K3	.50
PH-507	A	SPDT CENTER OFF MOM EACH SIDE	AN-3022-7B	.32	305-179	C	DPDT CENTER OFF MOM EACH SIDE	8732-K2	.50
PH-508	A	SPST MOMENTARY	AN-3022-8	.28	309-163	C	DPDT CENTER OFF MOMENTARY	CH C-11	.55
PH-513	A	SPDT CENTER OFF	CH AN-3022-1B	.38	309-162	C	DPST	CH C-1	.45
PH-514	A	SPST	CH B-5 A	.35	309-164	C	DPST MOMENTARY	CH 8711K3	.40
PH-516	A	SPST	B5	.35	370-31	C	DPDT	CH C-1B	.55
LT-104	A	SPDT 1 SIDE MOMENTARY	CH 8905K568	.35	305-87	D	1 SIDE DPST MOM 1 SIDE SPST	AH & H	.95
309-168	A	SPST	168553	.30	LT-100	F	SPST	CH	.22
370-1	A	SPST MOMENTARY	CH AN-3022-8B	.25	LT-101	F	SPST MOMENTARY	AH & H w LEADS	.20
370-4	A	SPDT CENTER OFF	CH B-9A	.35	301-51	G	4PDT MOMENTARY	CH 8905K12	.75
370-14	A	SPDT CENTER OFF 1 SIDE MOM.	CH B-7A	.30	305-140	H	DT NO MAKE EACH SIDE	OPEN FRAME	.25
370-25	A	SPST MOMENTARY	CH B-6B	.25	309-161	K	SPST	CH 8781K3	1.95
305-171	A	SPDT CENTER OFF MDM 1 SIDE	8209K5	.32	305-76	L	DPST	AH & H OPEN FRAME	.75
309-169	B	SPST MOMENTARY	CH B-19	.35	301-12	M	DPST	AH & H SPECIAL FOR HANDY	.40
PH-509	C	DPST	AN-3023-2B	.45	LT-107	N	DPST	AH & H TALKIE	.25
PH-510	C	DPDT MOMENTARY	CH 8715K2	.50					
PH-511	C	DPDT MOMENTARY	CH 8715K3	.50					
PH-512	C	DPST CENTER OFF	CH 8720K1	.55					
PH-515	C	DPDT CENTER OFF	C-9A-8700K2	.55					
PH-517	C	DPDT	C-5A-8701K2	.55					

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matter can be set in unusual shapes. This is often difficult to read and should be avoided.

The above "tricks" when applied carefully, easily solve the problem of attracting attention. Before deciding upon any or all of these, study your newspaper and your competitors' ads. Try to achieve *difference* and you will be achieving *interest*. Utilize all the production facilities of your newspaper. Use the *benday* or dotted background for interesting design. Use large bold headlines for blatant attention. However, always be on your guard lest in gaining attention of the reader, the element of attraction detracts from the sales message. Never forget that *selling* is the main purpose of the ad.

-50-

## PHASE SHIFT OSCILLATOR

By RUFUS P. TURNER, K6AI

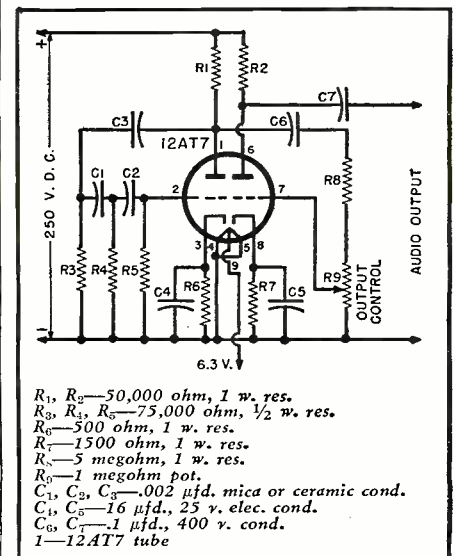
Many textbooks make passing mention of the phase shift RC oscillator circuit. Advantages of this oscillator are: good waveform and stability; elimination of transformers, chokes, and other coils; simplicity; and compactness. It is a logical choice for single-frequency work, such as the modulating oscillator in a signal generator. However, few published works go so far as to give actual practical circuit constants for this oscillator circuit.

The accompanying diagram shows the complete circuit of a 400-cycle phase shift oscillator worked out by the author. In this arrangement, one half of a 12AT7 miniature twin triode tube is used as the phase shift oscillator, the other half as an isolating amplifier. The oscillation frequency is determined by the 3-condenser, 3-resistor phase network: C<sub>1</sub>, C<sub>2</sub>, C<sub>3</sub>, R<sub>1</sub>, R<sub>2</sub>, and R<sub>3</sub>. The six components in this group must, therefore, be measured carefully for exact specified values.

Audio output is approximately 25 volts into open circuit. Some improvement in stability can be expected by employing a 250-volt regulated d.c. power supply.

-50-

Diagram of phase shift oscillator.



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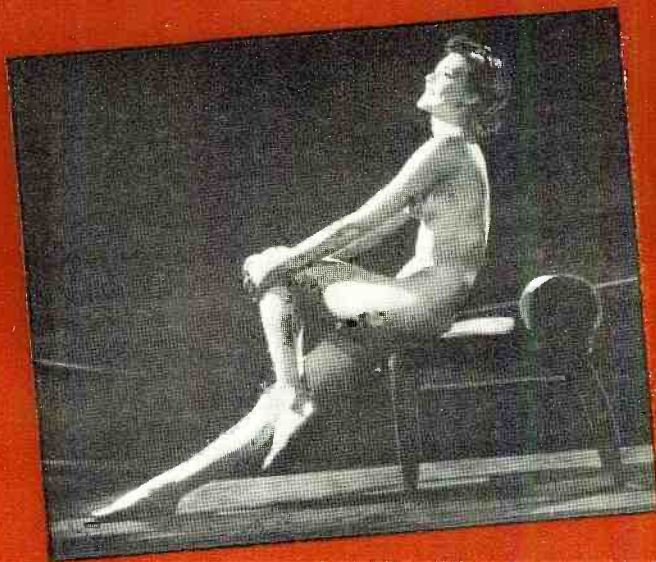
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## Recorder Amplifier

(Continued from page 47)

that the output capacity of the reproducing system must be quadrupled in order to produce the same approximate sound level. This, of course, may be of considerable economic importance where large amounts of power are being handled, such as in broadcast work or public address. For the high fidelity enthusiast, not only must the implications of added power reserve be considered but also the effect of the heightened transient and complex wave response upon his amplifier and speaker system.

Thus, the choice of a microphone appears to depend, to a large extent, upon the associated equipment as well as the type of mike pickup to be used, but, in any event, the user should be well aware of the difference between the peak and average output of the microphone. The most accurate indicator of peak recording level will be an oscilloscope or a peak reading vacuum tube voltmeter. If the conventional r.m.s. voltmeter is used as a volume level indicator, it is safest to calibrate the peak meter swing against an oscilloscope while talking into the microphone. Usually the meter will read from six to twenty decibels below the peak level indicated by the scope screen, depending upon the type of microphone, meter damping, and the strength of the voice transients.

Microphone placement is another problem in good reproduction. It is sometimes assumed that a closeup microphone technique is desirable because it minimizes the effects of the acoustics in the recording environment and allows control of the balance between the various instruments or voices through multiple microphone mixing. There are several drawbacks to this method, however, particularly in monaural reproduction. One of the most important of these is the fact that the tone color of many instruments is strongly affected by surrounding acoustics, especially in the case of instruments which produce strong transients which are converted to relatively slowly damped wave trains by a room with "live" acoustics. Obviously it will be much easier for the average reproducing system to handle these fairly long damped wave trains than to handle the brief, powerful, initial transient. Likewise, since the average living room does not have concert hall characteristics a fairly distant pickup may be desirable from the standpoint of added "liveness." Another interesting example of close vs distant pickup was to do with the human voice. An examination of oscilloscope patterns shows that the voice may produce strong transients with a repetition rate of between 100 and 200 cycles. These transients may stimulate chest cavity or room resonances strongly



giving a resultant "deep" voice to the individual. However if the microphone is held close to the lips, radiation from the chest and other sources will be discriminated against with resultant unnatural reproduction, although low frequency resonances in the reproducing system may be excited to produce the well-known "boomy" speech.

If distant pickup microphone technique is desired, such as currently seems to be gaining favor, it is important that nonlinearity in the microphone and recorder be reduced to a minimum. This is because of the fact that if the microphone is separated from the sound source by more than a few feet, most of the energy it receives will result from wall reflections. If the system is nonlinear, high amplitude sounds will usually suppress weaker tones and a careful balance between the pickup of direct and reflected sound radiation must be achieved for passable results. In the case of a linear system the microphone may be placed with the assurance that the output will simulate that which a live auditor would hear at that location, subject to the limitations of monaural reproduction. Other than the microphone, the most likely sources of nonlinearity are due to improper tape bias adjustment and in the loudspeaker of the playback system. A method used by the author for adjustment and testing of equipment is to place the microphone in the center of a conventional "live" room and record a number of various sounds simultaneously, such as a wrist watch ticking nearby, a larger clock across the room, someone talking quietly at the end of the room, and traffic in the street. With poor equipment the result will be a confused jumble of noise, while with good linearity the result will be remarkable clarity and ability to separate and recognize the various sounds.

-30-

## ANTENNA AD STANDARDS

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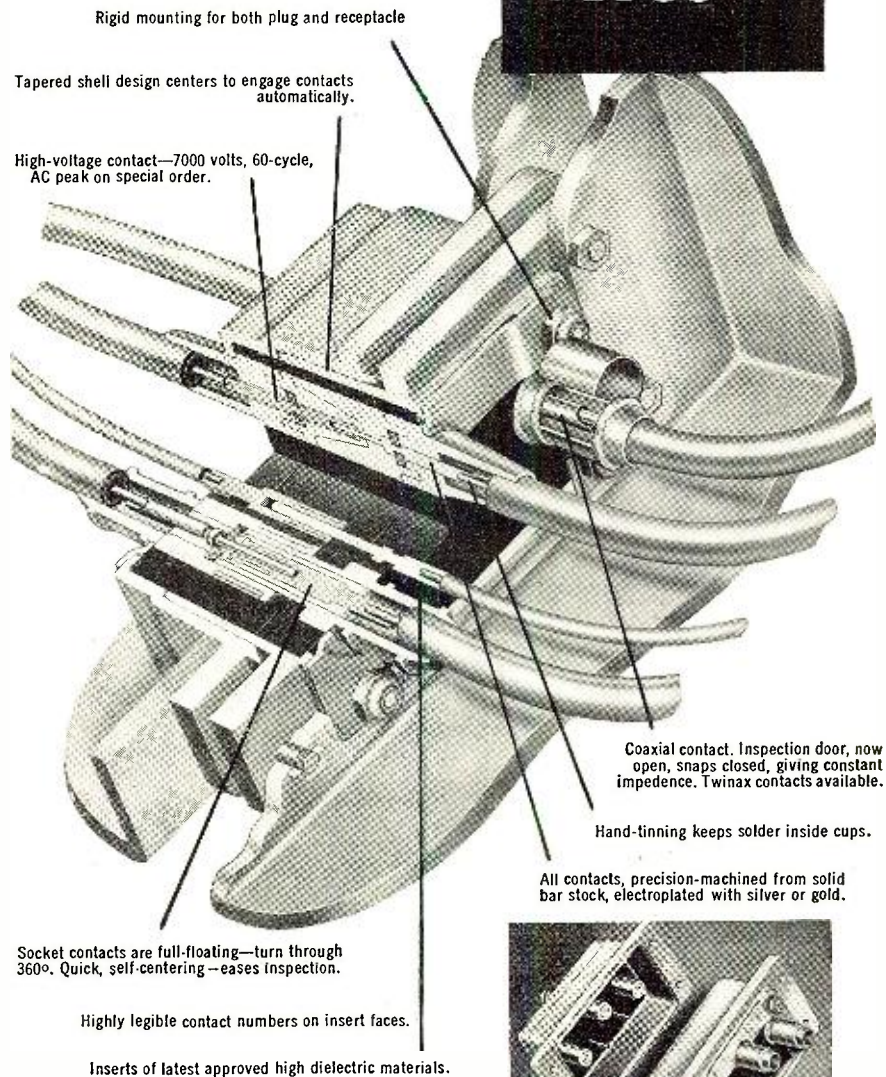
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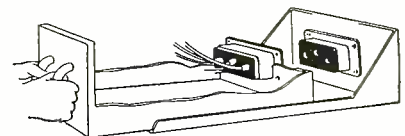
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Cornell-Dubilier's new Catalogue No. 410 covering its line of "Powercon" vibrator converters is a combination catalogue and manual that can also serve as a handy reference and guide.

Twenty-two models in five different types are covered, *i.e.*, a.c. and d.c. converters, phono motor and record player converters, battery chargers and eliminators, d.c. to a.c. converters, and d.c. and a.c. mobile and fixed station dual-operation converters. Each model is illustrated and described in detail. In addition, there is a 9-page manual on using vibrator converters.

Copies of the new Catalogue No. 410 may be obtained from the company at South Plainfield, New Jersey.

## UTC CATALOGUE

The complete UTC line of transformers, reactors, and filters is listed and described in the new Catalogue 500 issued by United Transformer Company, 150 Varick Street, New York 13, New York.

This 28-page catalogue carries concise descriptions on all of the units,

application data, amplifier circuits, performance curves, and other useful information in tabular form.

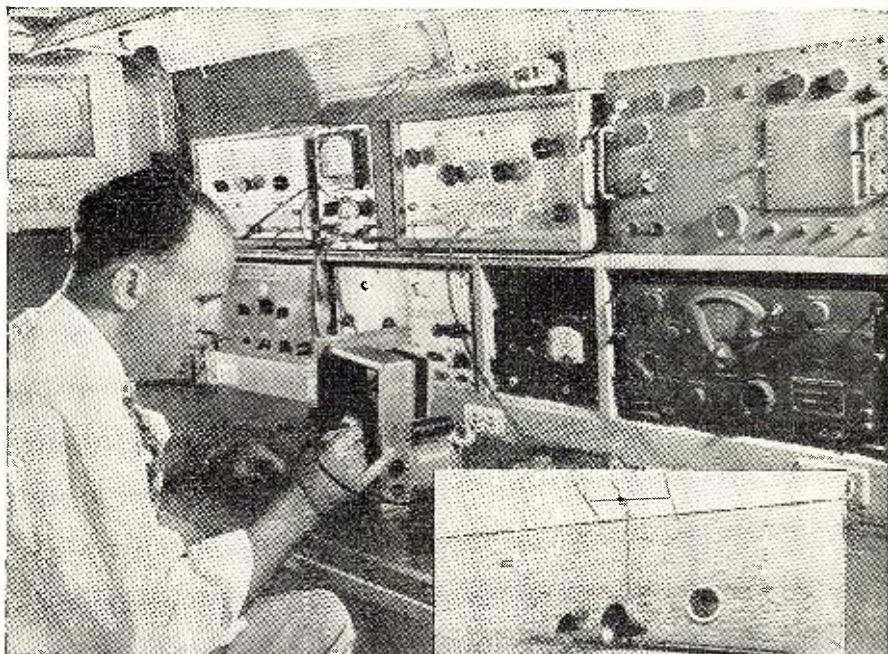
Copies of this new publication are available without charge from the company.

## "TRIPLE PINDEX"

A new and revised edition of RCA's "Triple Pindex," the handy quick-reference guide to tube base diagrams, has been announced by the company's Tube Department.

Enlarged throughout, the base diagrams for more than 600 tube types, including more than 60 kinescopes, have been included in this new edition. The guide permits instant location and simultaneous study of any two or three base diagrams. The "Triple Pindex" is actually three complete and separate base diagram booklets which are joined in a single cover by a spiral wire binding. To locate a tube base diagram, the technician flips over the pages of one of the booklets. If a second diagram is needed, it may be located in the second booklet without disturbing the first diagram. A third

Television and radio sets are repaired at the customers' doors with equipment and tools carried in this unusual truck, owned by Electro-Crafts Television of Kansas City, Missouri. This fully-equipped laboratory-on-wheels was built into a standard Dodge truck. An auxiliary generator provides 110 volts a.c. to operate equipment.

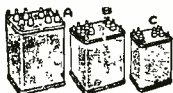


Over-all view of the combination repair shop-on-wheels, delivery truck, and advertising medium converted by Electro-Crafts Television of Kansas City from a standard Dodge Route-Van truck. Sets can be delivered or repaired on the spot in a lab set up within the truck.



RADIO & TELEVISION NEWS





**TOP TRANSFORMER BUYS!**  
These XFRMRS ARE UNDERRATED  
As Per Army Spec.

Comb. Transformers—115V/50-60 cps input	Item	H.V.	Amp.	Filaments	Price
CT-861	2100VCT	.175	7.5V/2A, 2.5V/10A	4.25	
CT-142	645VCT	.060	5V/2A, 6.3V/1.2A	3.95	
CT-825	360VCT	.340	6.3VCT/3.6, 6.3VCT/3A	1.95	
CT-976	600V	.100	2 x 12.6V/1	3.95	
CT-626	1500V	.160	2.5/12, 30/100	9.95	
CT-154	350VCT	.070	6.3/6, 6.3/1.8 3 lbs	2.95	
CT-071	110V	.200	33/200, 5V/10, 2.5/10	4.95	
CT-378	2300V	.050	5V/3A, 2.5V/10A	6.25	
CT-367	580VCT	.050	5VCT/3A	2.95	
CT-721	550VCT	.100	6.3/1, 2.5VCT/2	2.95	
CT-99A	2x110VCT	.100	6.3/1A, 2.5VCT/7A	3.25	
CT-91A	726V	.100	5V/3A, 6.3/3.5	3.25	
CT-680	700VCT	.205	5V/3, 5V/2A	3.95	
CT-328	115V	2.2	40V/2.2A, 115V/2.2A	4.49	
CT-441	50V	2.00	5V/2.4, 5V/1.2	2.29	
CT-408	350VCT	.026	5V/3A	2.75	
CT-268	1100VCT	.400	6.3V/1.6	4.25	
CT-931	585VCT	.086	5V/3A, 6.3V/6A	6.95	
CT-610	1250	.002	2.5V/2.1A, 2.5V/1.75A	4.95	
CT-37	350VCT	.026	5V/3A	2.75	
CT-102	1080VCT	.055	25V/3A, 6.3V/1.8A, 6.3V/1.2A	5.95	
CT-866	330V	.065	6.3V/1.2, 6.3V/600 MA	1.75	
CT-319	330VCT	.085	5V/2, 6.3/7.5, 6.3/3	3.25	
CT-526	510VCT	.025	12.5/300 MA, 6.3/5A	1.95	

Filament Transformers—115V/50-60 cps input	Item	Rating	Each
FT-852	23V 3.53 A	1.79	
FT-308	58V/2.2A	2.25	
FT-599	110V/3.00, 6.3V/2A	1.95	
FT-719	1.3V 2A	1.79	
FT-029	13.5V/1.11A	.79	
FT-074	2.5V/10A, 6.3/9A	1.79	
FT-23-1	6.3V/3A	1.10	
FT-367	5VCT/1.9, 5VCT/40A	1.10	
FT-610	5VCT/1.9, 5VCT/6.75, 5VCT/6.75	1.10	
FT-781	866 Trans. 2 x 2.5/9A	2.25	
FT-346	6.3/2, 6.3/4.5	1.49	
FT-511	3.4V/300A, 7.5V H x 10 <sup>7</sup> x 57/2W	14.95	
FT-576	2.5V/2.5, 7V/7A (Tape @ 2.5V/2.5A), 16 lbs.	9.95	
FT-674	8.1V/1.5A	1.10	
FT-157	4V/16A, 2.5V/1.75A	1.10	
FT-391	6.4V/2A	1.10	
FT-736	2 x 6.3VCT/3.2-1.2A	1.49	
FT-461	2 x 6.3VCT/1A	1.10	
FT-899	2.5V/5.5A 29000 Rms.	3.95	
FT-418	6.3VCT/1A, 6.3VCT/7A	1.95	
FT-735	6.3VCT/5A, 6.3VCT/1A	1.79	
FT-101	6V/2.5A	1.10	
FT-738	6.3VCT/1, 2.5V/2	1.69	
FT-774	6.3V/16A	.79	

Plate Transformers—115V/50-60 cps input	Item	Rating	Each
PT-976	Auto: 120VCT/10 MA	\$.69	
PT-31A	2 x 300V/5 MA	29.95	
PT-46A	4080VCT N.L. 3 3/8" to 1 3/8" H x 6 1/2" W x 7 1/2" D. 20 lbs.	79.95	
PT-633	4150V/400 MA 1 1/2" x 9 1/4" x 9" D. 70 lbs.	43.95	
PT-75-2	3780/3446/3112VCT/77 MA	10.95	
PT-28-1	4600VCT/0.77	12.95	
PT-403	Auto: 70V/1A	2.29	
PT-160	1120VCT/770 MA, 590VCT/82 MA, 25 lbs.	24.95	
PT-170	Auto: 156/146/137/120—71A	69.95	
PT-848	3140VCT/750 MA for BC545, BC1069A	69.95	
PT-139	42V/46V/50V/55V/15.2A 7 3/4" x 7" W x 6 1/2" H	10.95	
PT-637	400V/20 MA	.98	
PT-589	9V/1.6A	.49	
PT-31A	2 x 300V/5 MA	.79	
PT-976	120VCT/10 MA	.79	
PT-57-1	62V/3.5A	2.95	
PT-12A	280VCT/2A	2.95	
PT-104	690V/450 MA	4.95	
PT-054	980V/450 MA	5.25	
PT-997	78V/.00754 KVA	1.49	

SPECIAL TYPES			
Item	Pri.	Output	Price
STF-946	210/220/230	2.5V/4A 3 1/2" H x 2 1/4" D.	\$1.29
STF-443	230/440	11VCT 125A 6 1/2" H x 6 1/2" x 8" 15 lbs.	15.95
STF-638	230	5V/9A 5 1/2" H x 4 1/2" x 3 1/2"	4.95
STF-05-05	115/230	2 x 5V/7.5 7" H x 7" x 5" D.	4.25
STF-622	230	30-25-20V/1 MA	.69
STF-968	230	2.5V/6.5A	1.10
STF-405	230/115	5V 12/9A	2.95
STF-370	220/440	3 x 2.5V/5A, 2.5V/15A, 5 1/2" x 5 x 4 1/2"	2.95
STF-619	110/220	2.5V/500A, 7" x 3 1/2" x 3 1/2"	19.95
STF-11A	230	2 x 4V/50V/2 x 5V/6A, 12.6/1A	2.95
STF-631	230	2 x 5V/27A 2 x 5V/9A, 103/4H x 5 x 7 30 lbs.	24.95
STF-968	230	2.5V/6.5A	1.95
STF-608	230	24V/600, 5V/3A, 2 x 6.3V/1A	2.25
STF-45A	13/78/90	2 x 2.5/6.5, 6.3V/4" 7 Fw.	3.25
STF-306	100/120/200/240	5VCT 10 amp 20000 VCT	3.95

PL			
Item	Pri.	Output	Price
STP-945	210/20/30	1100VCT/300 5 1/2 x 4 x 3 1/2	\$5.95
STP-444	230/460	230/105/115/125 15 lbs. 5 1/2 x 6 x 4 1/2	14.95
STP-613	230V	2 x 230/05	1.29
STP-823	137V	121VCT/300 MA	2.95
STP-780	82V	400V/0.02	1.29
STP-08B	50V	2 x 750V/1 MA	.98
STP-311	30/35/40	95 NL-50VFL 1 Amp.	.59

COMB.			
Item	Rating	Price	
STC-627	230V	1500/160, 110V/200, 3.3V/200, 5V/10, 2.5/14/10	\$5.95
STC-611	230V	200V/200, 4 x 6.3V/3	2.95
STC-16A	230V	260V/0.3, 100V/1, 6.3V/4.2	2.95
STC-607	220V	700VCT/160, 40VCT/100, 15/10/15V/100 MA	3.95
STC-612	230V	400V/30, 190/30, 2 x 5V/2.5 w/2-866 Socket	3.95
STC-622	230V	250V/100, 2 x 5V/2-9.2 4 Png. Sockets	3.25
STC-047	200V	700V/80 MA, 110/30 MA, 24V/80 MA, 2 x 6.3/3-1A, 11V/3, 5V/5A, 2.7/5A	4.95

**RL 9 or RL 7**  
Interphone Amplifier Convert to High Fidelity Phone Amp. or Speech Amp. Compl. w/12AG, 12SL7, 2 Chokes, INPRMR, DYN for 24v operation, etc. \$2.75



**RADIATOR MALLORY OAK VIBRATORS IN STOCK 12, 28, 32V.**

**OIL CONDENSERS FAMOUS MAKES BRAND NEW**

Mfd.	Volt	Price
15	220AC	\$ 2.20
5.5	400	.50
	600	.45
	1 600	.98
7	600	1.05
5	750AC	1.69
7	800	1.20
	1K	.69
1.5	1K	.78
	2 1K	.98
	4 1K	.98
.25	1.5K	1.05
1	1.5K	.89
1.5	1.5K	.95
2	1.5K	1.05
6	1.5K	1.23
1	2K	.98
1	2.5K	2.20
1.5	4K	2.95
100	4000	29.00
1.1	4.8K	2.95
1	5K	2.95
1	6K	2.79
15	6K	3.95
1.5	6K	9.75
1	7K	3.95
1.1	7K	3.95
1	7.5K	2.99
1	7.5K	12.95
15	8K	4.95
1	10K	14.95
1	10K	15.98
1	15K	27.50
.015	16K	6.95
.25	20K	16.95
.5	25K	32.50
1	25K	75.00
1	4 50	2.99
1	100	.15
2.5	100	.23

**Line FILTER, GE 100 Amp Filter w/2x5Mfd 50V o/p cond. Operates on 110V AC DC. .... \$1.95**

**Aircraft Radio Transmitter CRV 52233, 28VDC ATB Equip. RCA less T.U. As Is. .... \$39.95**

**R-9A APN4 Loran Rec Power Supply 400 cy 31FS Quad. Tuned switches connect etc. N. C. As Is. Less tubes. .... \$14.95**

**ID6 APN4 Scope 5" Lo-ran. Full of Hesis. Micra Basic As Is. Operates. N. C. As Is. Less Tubes. .... \$9.95**

**BC433 Mod or unmod CW Reception 200-17500 Hz 3 bands 14 or 24V & 115V AC ADP. Radio Compass As Is. Less Poor Condition. .... \$11.95**

**BC929 A3BP1 Scope Indicator containing Ant. Switch & Motor w/2-24-2-BHGCT, 2-GSN7, 1-6HG, 1-6X5, 1-3BP1, 1-6X4, 1-6X5, 1-6X4, 1-APN2. New. .... \$25.95 w/Converter. Dia. to 110V 60 cy.**

200VDC			
Item	Rating	Price	
2x.1	2ST	.15	
2x.1	3ST	.15	
2x.1	4ST	.16	
2	2ST	.20	
2	2ST	.15	
.5	2ST	.15	

400VDC			
Item	Rating	Price	
2x.25	3ST	.21	
2x.1	3ST	.21	
2x.1	12ST	.20	
3x.1	3ST	.25	
1	2TT	.19	
.5	1TT	.19	
1	2ST	.23	
2	2ST	.26	

600VDC			
Item	Rating	Price	
1	2BT	.20	
1	2ST	.21	
2x.1	3ST	.27	
2x.1	3ST	.27	
2x.1	2ST	.26	
3x.1	ST	.25	
2x.25	3ST	.23	
.25	3TT	.20	
1	2ST	.30	
2x1	3ST	.30	
2	2ST	.40	
2	2BT	.39	

**1000 VDC**  
1 2ST .45

**MANY OTHERS**

**T.V. Transformer, 110v, 60 cy 7" or 9" 3000v/5 MA, 720 vet/200 MA, 6.4/3.7 A, 6.4/3.7 A, 5/3A, 1.25/.3A. .... \$3.95 New**

**SERVO AMPLIFIER A-5 Automatic Pilot. Less tubes contains sockets, hatchub cond, trans audio, etc. Special. .... 95c ea.**

**0-5 MA & 0-5 V Scale w/110V Movement. 2 Metal Case Resnick Meter 98c ea. 10 for \$9.00. 0-250V 3 1/2" Rd Bake Weston 47.5V. 0-5 MA Basic 4 1/2" Rect Bake 100 Meg/600V/60V/30 YDC. \$5.95. 0-150 VAC 3 1/2" Rd Bake Weston 47.5V. 0-5 MA Basic 1 1/2" Rect. Simpson Mod. 23 w/mult. scales 3-10 Meg/600V/5MA. \$4.25. 100-0-100 Microamps 4 1/2" Rect. Bake. Weston Mod 801. \$8.95. 0-200 Microamp 4" Rect. Bake. Weston 741. \$13.95. 0-300 VDC 4" Rect. Bake Weston 741. \$13.95. 0-1 MA 3" Sq Ge Mod 53. \$5.95. 0-10 MA 3 1/2" Rd Bake Dejure 5310. \$5.95.**

**Avail. in Stock. Dual XMTTR & Dual Rect. Triple Rack Mounts. MT63-MT 33MVT/1 Bent & Banded. Up. Sold As Is. No Refund. Repairable \$1.00 ea.**

**GP7 Aircraft XMTTR. Good Condition. As Is. Less T. U. .... \$17.50**

**400 MA 12 HY Choke 30 ohms Hm. sealed Special \$3.75**

**WRITE FOR FLYERS OF SURPLUS PLUMBING AND ACCESSORIES**

**MICROWAVE**

**MINICAPS PIGTAIL**

Mfd.	Volt	Price
30	450	\$0.49
30	300	.45
30	350	.45
40	450	.50
40	525	.70
16	350	.35
16	525	.10
16	450	.40
16	100	.24
20	25	.20
20	80	.25
20	450	.40
20	350	.20
40	MMF #205	8
40	MMF #142	8
3-25 MMF		10
ar. Ceramicon		4
2-20 MMF		4

**Variable TRIMMER CONDENSERS**

Mfd.	Volt	Price
40-20	135	19c
20	150	19c
2x20	150	29c
2x30	150	29c
40-20	150	39c
2x40	150	39c
30-50	150	39c
3x20	150	39c
3x30	150	39c
50/2x40	25/150	39c
2x40/12	150	39c
2x40/20	150	39c
3x40	150	39c
2x50/20	150/25	39c
2x50/10	150	39c
60-30/150	150/25	39c
80-40/30	150/25	39c
100	150/25	39c
40-30	200	39c
20-160	200/25	39c
2x32	250	39c
30	350	39c
50-30	350	39c



**Service-Dealers:**  
DO A  
**\$50,000**  
**TV BUSINESS**  
ON A  
**\$500. INVESTMENT!**

Get into the TELEVISION BUSINESS in a BIG WAY with the TRANSVISION FACTORY-AGENT PLAN!

YOU GET—

- EXCLUSIVE TERRITORY
- SPECIAL PRICES to undersell competition
- NO INVENTORY

You work from our MILLION-DOLLAR INVENTORY.

**Requirements:**

- You must be a Radio-TV Technician (experienced only).
- You must have a presentable location.

Write TODAY for complete FACTORY-AGENT PLAN, to—  
**TRANSVISION, INC.**

Dept. RN, NEW ROCHELLE, N. Y.

**FIELD STRENGTH METER**

- A must for every TV Serviceman!
- Saves 1/2 the work.
- Improves installations.



**NEW LOW PRICE**

Model FSM-1, complete with tubes. Net \$79.50  
All Transvision Prices are fair traded; subject to change without notice. Prices 5% higher west of the Mississippi.

**TRANSVISION, INC.**

Dept. RN NEW ROCHELLE, N. Y.

diagram may be located in the same manner.

Tube types are listed both alphabetically and numerically, permitting the booklet to be used like a dictionary or telephone directory. A 4-page cross index in the back of the book lists additional types, together with a key to appropriate diagrams in the book.

Copies of the "Triple Pindex" are available from RCA distributors at a cost of 75 cents.

**CONTACT SWITCHES**

*Guardian Electric Manufacturing Company* of 1621 West Walnut Street, Chicago 12, Illinois, has recently issued a bulletin entitled "Contact Switches by Guardian" which is available on request.

Numerous line drawings and charts are employed to give information relative to sizes, designs, and materials available in standard contact blades, lug adapters, and insulating separators. Also included are details on the "Engineer's Kit," a unit containing working samples of bushing stock, mounting brackets, contact assemblies and fixtures, fish paper, contact blades, lifters, etc.

**STANCOR TRANSFORMERS**

A new edition of the *Stancor* transformer catalogue is currently available from *Standard Transformer Corporation* of 3580 N. Elston Avenue, Chicago 18, Illinois, or from any of the company's distributors.

This 20-page catalogue, designed especially for those in the radio, sound, and industrial electronics fields, lists complete electrical and physical specifications on more than 400 part numbers. Also included is a complete price list and handy charts.

**A.C. POWER PLANTS**

The growing interest in standby power plants in national defense and war production applications makes the new catalogue just issued by *Kato Engineering Company* of 1415 First Avenue, Mankato, Minnesota, of particular value at this time.

The new catalogue lists all types of a.c.-d.c. generating plants which provide from 500 watts to 25,000 watts output. Included are units suitable for use in homes, on farms, for institutions, as well as water-cooled plants for heavy-duty applications.

Pertinent data on operating costs, installation and service, generator types available, accessories, and fuel is also included. For a copy of this catalogue, write the company and ask for Form 650-X "Katolight."

**AIDS FOR THE BLIND**

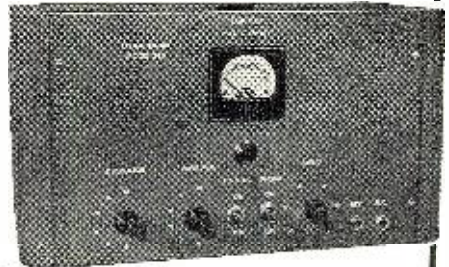
The Special Services Department of the American Foundation for the Blind, Inc., 15 West 16th Street, New York 11, New York, has just issued a catalogue which lists the various aids for the blind that are currently available from that organization.

Of particular interest to persons in

**BUY OF A LIFETIME!**

**Tried and Proven the World Over**

**LETTINE MODEL 240**



This beautiful transmitter originally sold for \$98. Buy it direct from our factory for only \$69.95, complete with instructions for TVI reduction. Even if you already have a transmitter of your own, this rig makes an excellent standby. You can't afford to miss this opportunity.

The 240 is a complete 40 watt Phone-CW rig, working all bands from 160 to 10 meters; complete with (8 x 14 x 8) cabinet, self contained power supply, meter, tubes, crystal and coils for 40 meters. Tube line-up: 6V6 osc., 807 final, 6SJ7 mike amp., 6N7 phase inverter, 2 6L6s mod., 5U4G rect. Weight 30 lbs. 90 day guarantee. PRICE... \$69.95 \$20 deposit with order—the balance C.O.D.

Coils for 80, 20 and 10 meters \$2.42 per set. Coils for 160 meters \$3.00.

**LETTINE RADIO MFG. CO.**

62 Berkley St. Valley Stream, N. Y.



**INTERLOCKING SMALL PARTS CABINETS TO FIT ANY SPACE**

MULTI DRAWERS are the handy small parts steel storage cabinets you and your friends have always wanted! Each 5 x 2 7/8 x 2 1/4 drawer (painted green) interlocks on top, bottom or sides making it possible to fit them around existing fixtures for economy of space. Card holder on front of each MULTI DRAWER. Immediate delivery in sets of 12 at \$3.50 per set. Mail coupon now!

**THE CINCINNATI VENTILATING CO., INC.**

Third and Madison Sts., Covington, Ky.

Please send sets of MULTI DRAWERS @ \$3.50 per set  
 C.O.D.  Check  Money order enclosed  
I agree to pay postage.

I am interested in being a MULTI DRAWER dealer. Send full information.

Name \_\_\_\_\_

Address \_\_\_\_\_

City and State \_\_\_\_\_



the radio and electronics field are the listings covering an auditory circuit analyzer for blind radio technicians and sightless hams, a braille slide rule, a modified micrometer with raised graduations around the barrel, a stapled tape measure, and a collapsible cane which technicians will find helpful as it can be telescoped to fit into a pocket.

Copies of the catalogue as well as all of the merchandise listed are obtainable from the Special Services Department at the address listed before.

**TUBE DATA**

The RCA Tube Department has just issued a revised edition of its quick-reference booklet, "RCA Receiving Tubes for AM, FM, and Television Broadcast."

Designed for the service technician, engineer, student, or ham, this new 24-page booklet covers more than 450 RCA receiving tubes and picture tubes, including more than 50 new types. It provides a means of easy checking as to the characteristics and socket connections for each tube type as well as a classification chart which groups the tubes according to their family class, their functions, and their filament or heater voltages, thus facilitating the determination of the type designation of a tube for a desired purpose.

The booklet, Form 1275-E, may be obtained from the company's tube distributors or by sending 10 cents in coin to Commercial Engineering, RCA Tube Department, Harrison, New Jersey.

**POWERSTAT TRANSFORMERS**

A 16-page bulletin, featuring the company's complete line of "Powerstat" variable transformers, has just been released by *The Superior Electric Company* of Bristol, Connecticut.

The new bulletin P550 describes in detail both manually operated and power driven variable transformers as well as the company's line correctors. Also included is data on "Voltbox" a.c. power supplies, oil-cooled "Powerstats," and the recently-introduced explosion-proof units. Photographs, performance curves, graphs, wiring diagrams, and similar descriptive illustrations make this a handy reference manual.

**JERROLD CATALOGUE**

*Jerrold Electronics Corporation* of 121 North Broad Street, Philadelphia 7, Pa., has just issued a comprehensive catalogue covering its "Mul-TV System."

Included in the new two-color catalogue is full information on the installation and operation of the system as used in apartment houses, hotels, and other multi-unit buildings, as well as in the stores of television dealers. The booklet shows diagrammatically how a "Mul-TV System," including antenna, master control amplifier unit, and distribution outlets, is installed in a typical apartment house or store.

October, 1950

# BECOME AN ELECTRONIC TECHNICIAN IN 12 MONTHS

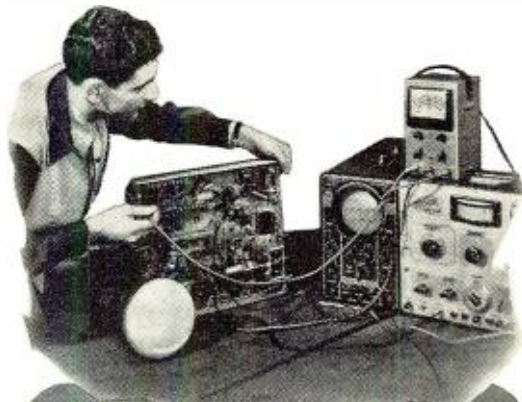
## TRAIN NOW FOR IMPORTANT RESPONSIBILITIES

Do you have 12 months to invest in a training program that can bring immediate and life-long opportunities?

Then investigate the Technician courses available at this College of Electrical Engineering. For example, in those valuable 12 months you can earn your Electronic Technician's Certificate. You enter the fascinating field of Industrial Electronics. You are trained for responsibilities of tremendous growing importance to the strength and welfare of the nation.

This world-famous course also supplies the basic fundamentals so that you can progress into studies of radar, television and other branches of Communication Electronics.

- Over 35,000 alumni and 1,535 students
- Faculty of 85 specialists
- Train in modern, well-equipped shops.



### 6 additional months make you a RADIO-TELEVISION TECHNICIAN

It is academically possible for the Electronic Technician to complete this course in 6 months of study. You are then ready for vital assignments in the fields of Communication Electronics.

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Copies of the new catalogue are free of charge and may be secured by writing the company direct.

**ONAN PAMPHLET**

D. W. Onan & Sons Inc. of Minneapolis 5, Minnesota, has issued a four-page folder describing how any business, factory, institution, farm or home can be protected against property damage, production losses and danger to human life which are the frequent results of electric power failures.

The company's new standby generator, specially designed for tractor-belt drive, is described and illustrated in the folder.

When requesting copies of this pamphlet, please ask for Standby Folder A-277.

**"SERVICE NEWS"**

The first issue of the monthly "Telrex Service News" made its appearance recently as a house organ for Telrex, Inc. of Asbury Park, New Jersey.

The new brochure is prepared for

the thousands of "Conical-V-Beam" dealers and service technicians throughout the nation with its contents written expressly for those who use the company's products. Each issue carries a column "Tek-Talk" by M. D. Ercolino, an antenna range map for major TV areas, antenna performance graphs, miscellaneous product news, "Tricks of the Trade," and a question-answer column.

Dealers and technicians who have not received the "Service News" may obtain a copy free of charge from their Telrex distributors.

**IRC CATALOGUE**

International Resistance Co. of 401 N. Broad St., Philadelphia 8, Pa., has issued a new data sheet giving details on the company's "Concentrikit" stock assortment.

The stock assortment covered by the catalogue contains all necessary parts for easy assembly of any of 144 different concentric dual controls.

A copy of Catalogue DC2S is available to service technicians on request.

-30-

**HARVEY RADIO OPENS NEW SOUND DEPARTMENT**

**A**N "Audio-Torium," representing the latest techniques in the demonstration and merchandising of audio equipment, was formally dedicated last month in New York by Harvey Radio Company.

Located in the heart of the Times Square district, the new "Audio-Torium" represents a complete departure from the "horse-and-buggy" type of sound room which has prevailed in the past.

The "Audio-Torium" features a decorated acoustically-treated ceiling, indirect fluorescent lighting, and blonde oak-paneled walls. In technical design, no effort has been spared to avoid the bailing-wire or breadboard technique for interconnecting tuners, speakers, amplifiers, recorders, etc.

All components on display are per-

manently connected to a large central control panel which permits instant selection of any among thousands of possible audio equipment combinations. Among the unique technical features of the "Audio-Torium" is the use of low-capacity coax-type cable in both input and output circuits to assure freedom from high-frequency attenuation. The means of assuring impedance match by feeding the signal from low-level pickups through cathode followers prior to introduction into amplifier circuits is also a unique feature.

Construction of the "Audio-Torium" required the use of more than 10,000 feet of low-capacity cable, 568 Cannon type XL connectors, 300 d.p.s.t. toggle switches, 300 closed circuit jacks, and other miscellaneous items in impressive quantities.

-30-

Among the visitors who attended the opening of Harvey Radio Company's "Audio-Torium" was Lincoln Walsh (left), designer of the Brook all-triode amplifier, who is shown discussing audio merchandising with Roy Neusch, director of Harvey's sound department.





# PRACTICAL HOME-STUDY

# RADIO COURSE



### WORTH MUCH MORE

"You should get more money for your Course. The first week I studied it, I made \$10.00 repairing sets. I built my own test outfit from details given in this course. I have repaired 100 radios to date. Signed: Robert C. Hammel, 120 W. 13th, Davenport, Iowa.



### COMPLETED IN 8 WEEKS

"I am very satisfied with the course. When I was at the twelfth lesson I started repairing radios. It took me two months to master your course." From a letter written by Roger Lanza, 1679 Poupart, Montreal, Canada.



"I have found since taking your course how modern and up to date it really is. There is not one page in the whole course which anyone interested in radio can afford to miss. Your course started me on the road to a well paid job and has repaid me many times." Charles Alspach, 433 Elm St., Reading, Pa.

## AMAZING BARGAIN OFFER

Here is your practical home-study course at a give-away price. The 22 lessons cover all topics just like other correspondence radio courses selling for over \$150.00. Our amazing offer permits you to obtain the course complete for only \$2.50, nothing else to pay. Course covers fundamentals, modern circuits, practical radio repairs. Includes hundreds of diagrams, thousands of repair hints, many trouble-shooting short-cuts.

### RADIO TRAINING FOR HOME-STUDY

The easy-to-follow lessons of this home-study course will show you quickly how to repair all types of radio sets. There are lessons on how to open a shop and operate a successful radio business. Every lesson is well illustrated, interesting to read, really easy to understand and apply. No special previous knowledge is needed. The early lessons explain important principles. Other lessons cover test equipment, trouble-shooting, circuit tracing, television, and every important topic of radio servicing.

### PRACTICAL ON-THE-JOB MATERIAL

Learn new speed-tricks of radio fault-finding, case histories, servicing short-cuts, extra profit ideas. Included are many large lessons on the use of regular test equipment, explanation of signal tracing, use of oscilloscope, transmitters, P. A., television, recorders, etc. Let this information save for you enough time on a single job to pay the full price of \$2.50, for the complete course of these money-making lessons.

### IN MANUAL FORM

# \$2.50

COMPLETE

SPECIAL OFFER  
READ THE DETAILS

### EASY TO UNDERSTAND AND APPLY

The practical lessons of this course-manual are easy to follow and apply to actual radio jobs. Hundreds of radio and television facts that puzzled you will be quickly cleared up. You will find yourself doing radio repairs in minutes instead of hours—quickly finding faults or making adjustments. Every new radio development of importance and thousands of time-saving facts are packed into this giant-size complete course-book.

### SATISFACTION GUARANTEED

Use the no-risk coupon below to order the Course for 10-day examination in your own home. Look over this material, read a few lessons, use this aid to fix a few radios. Only then decide to keep the lessons at the bargain price of \$2.50 (full price), or return the material for a cash refund.

## SUPREME TELEVISION MANUALS

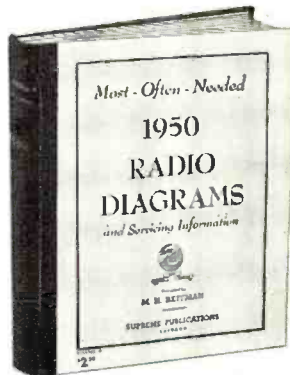
### MOST AMAZING MONEY-SAVING BARGAINS

The television series manuals are the most remarkable values offered by Supreme Publications in their 17 years of business. These TV manuals at only \$3 and \$2 each are amazing bargains and defy competition. There is nothing else like them. Each manual is a virtual treatise on practical television repairs. By normal standards, each such large manual packed as it is with practical facts, hundreds of illustrations, diagrams, charts, photographs, and expensive extra-large blueprints, should sell for \$10—but as SUPREME special values they are priced at \$3 and \$2 each. Only a publisher who sold over one million TV and radio manuals can offer such bargains based on tremendous volume-sales.

## SUPREME RADIO MANUALS

### New 1950 Radio Diagrams

Now you can benefit and save money with Supreme amazing scoop of 1950. This one giant volume has all the service data you need on all recent radio sets. Here you have clearly-printed large schematics, needed alignment data, parts lists, voltage values, and information on stage gain, location of trimmers, and dial stringing illustrations. This is the help you need to find tough faults in a jiffy. The new 1950 radio manual is a worthy companion to the 9 previous volumes used to an advantage by over 128,000 shrewd radio men.



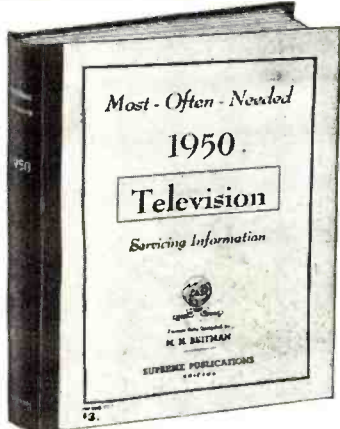
### BIGGEST BARGAIN IN SERVICE DATA

You get best values at lowest prices in Supreme Publications manuals. For the remarkable bargain price (only \$2 for most volumes) you are assured of having on hand needed diagrams and all other essential repair facts on 4 out of 5 sets you will ever service. Every popular radio of all makes from old-timers to new 1950 sets is covered. Select manuals wanted, see below. Rush coupon today to try manuals for 10 days.

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**SUPREME Most-Often-Needed RADIO DIAGRAMS**  
 Each Manual only \$2. (1949 is \$2.50); 192 pages of diagrams, alignment data, voltage values, parts lists, and service hints; large size, 8 1/2"x11". To order, see coupon below. **RADIO**  
**DIAGRAMS**  
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 Price \$2.50



### New 1950 T-V Manual

This newest giant volume of the series covers 1950 television factory data. Here is everything you need to repair and adjust all present day TV sets. Covers all popular makes from Admiral to Zenith. There are circuit explanations, 144 pages of alignment procedure, many test patterns, response curves, pages of waveforms, voltage charts, hints, factory recommended changes, and ten mammoth 11 x 15-inch blueprints. Available at your radio jobber or postpaid. See coupon. Price only ..... **\$3**

New 1950 TELEVISION manual contains complete service data on all popular present-day television sets of all makes. Gives description of modern circuits, test patterns, response curves, many oscilloscope waveforms, alignment tables, service hints, diagrams in the form of double-spread blueprints, test points, voltage charts, etc. Extra large size: 8 1/2"x11", manual-style binding, flexible covers, at your jobber or by mail, only. **\$3**



Compiled by M. N. Beitman, radio engineer, teacher, author, and serviceman.

1949 T-V Manual. Similar to the volume listed above. Has 160 extra-large pages, plus 9 double-spread giant blueprints. To order see coupon at right, only.... **\$3**  
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October, 1950

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Volts. Reg. \$11.00 ea. Special . . . \$3.95  
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ries to 110-125 Volts. AC, will deliver approximately  
750 to 800 Volts, DC, 200 ma. when connected to a  
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\$23.00—our price per pair, \$2.98. Shipping weight  
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HOUR METERS, slightly used, perfect condition,  
same as used in your home. 110-125 volts.  
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4 Wire Shielded Cable, 6 Ft. with Plug. . . 7 for \$1.00

IRC—300 Watt—300,000 OHM Wire Wound Res. 95c

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## Within the Industry

(Continued from page 28)

have made outstanding contributions  
to the productive arts in their fields.

**ROCKWELL M. GRAY** of the *Rauland-  
Borg Corp.* of Chicago was recently



named chairman of  
the Association of  
Electronic Parts  
and Equipment  
Manufacturers at  
the annual meeting  
of that trade group.

John H. Cashman,  
*of Radio Craftsmen,  
Inc.,* Chicago was

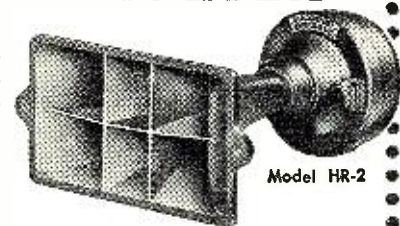
chosen vice-chairman while Helen  
Staniland Quam of the *Quam-Nichols  
Co.,* Chicago was reelected treasurer  
for her fifteenth annual term. Ken-  
neth C. Prince was reelected executive  
secretary and legal counsel for the  
group.

James M. Blackledge, of *Gramer  
Transformer Corp.,* the 1949-1950  
chairman, reported that the associa-  
tion's mobilization committee has been  
in conference with the armed forces  
procurement groups and government  
officials in Washington laying the  
groundwork for all-out cooperation in  
the production of military communi-  
cations equipment. Mr. Blackledge  
pointed out that EP & EM members  
and other electronic producers in the  
Chicago area led the nation in the  
production of military communi-  
cations materiel during the last war, and  
that on the basis of present produc-  
tion capacity the same group can meet  
any schedule the Washington planning  
group assigns.

**SIGHTMASTER CORPORATION** has re-  
cently moved its sales office and show-  
room to 111 Cedar Street, New Ro-  
chelle, New York . . . **CASCADE TELE-  
VISION CORP.** has moved its production  
facilities to a new and larger fac-  
tory at 153 Chestnut Street, Irvington,  
New Jersey . . . **RCA** has expanded  
its receiving tube production facilities  
by the large-scale installation of new  
and improved automatic tube-making  
machinery at the company's Harrison,  
N. J. and Indianapolis, Ind. receiving  
tube plants . . . **ATOMIC INSTRUMENT**

**COMPANY** has moved to new, larger,  
and more conveniently located quar-  
ters at 84 Massachusetts Avenue, in  
Cambridge, Massachusetts . . . **BICK-  
FORD BROTHERS,** wholesale distribu-  
tors in the Buffalo and Rochester  
areas, has been purchased by the **RCA  
VICTOR DISTRIBUTING CORPORATION**  
. . . **FIELDEN INSTRUMENT CORPORA-  
TION** of Philadelphia plans to expand  
its line of products now that it has  
taken possession of new and larger  
office and factory space at 2920 North  
4th Street . . . **JFD MANUFACTURING  
CO. INC.** has taken over the entire  
first floor of the modern **AIR KING**  
building located at 6315 Fifteenth Av-  
enue in Brooklyn and has thus ac-

# ATLAS "Multi-Cellular" TWEETER



Model HR-2

**SIX CELL, WIDE ANGLE**  
DISTRIBUTION: 100° x 50°  
Clean and efficient to 15,000 cycles  
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sectoral horn, flush  
mounting 6 3/4" wide,  
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new high in realism—  
smooth and clean  
musical brilliance.  
Perfect articulation  
and Sibilance in  
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In radio service work, time means money. Locate  
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110 V. AC-DC line, start at speaker end of circuit  
and trace back, stage by stage, listening in set's  
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on Sensitivity, Gain, Peaking, Shielding. Tube test-  
ing. Wt. 13 oz. Fits pocket or tool kit. Satisfac-  
tion, or money back! See at your distributor or  
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Laboratory, Inc.

DEPT. A, 1125 BANK STREET

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QUALIFIED JOBBERS WRITE, WIRE  
FOR DETAILS.



quired an additional 36,000 square feet of production space . . . **GENERAL ELECTRIC COMPANY** has purchased the **ILLINOIS CABINET COMPANY** of Rockford, Illinois as a supplier of television and radio cabinets. *G.E.* has been a partial owner of the cabinet company since 1947 . . . A new entrant into the electronic components manufacturing field in **TETRAD COMPANY, INC.** of 4921 Exposition Blvd., Los Angeles. The new company will manufacture miniature solenoid coils . . . A new building, providing 20,000 square feet of additional production space, is now in operation at the main Plymouth factory of **JOHN MECK INDUSTRIES** . . . **SHOBE INC.**, *Philco* distributor in the Tennessee area, has just opened a new distributing plant in Memphis . . . **RADIO-MATIC OF AMERICA, INC.** has just acquired plant facilities for the production of radio and television cabinets at 760 Ramsey Avenue, Hillside, New Jersey . . . **GENERAL ELECTRIC COMPANY** has announced a three million dollar expansion program for its receiving tube plants at Owensboro, Ky. and Tell City, Ind., involving the addition of 134,000 square feet of floor space and new tube making equipment.

-30-

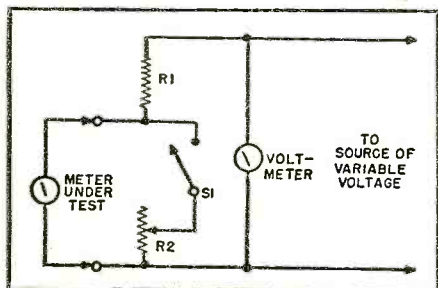
### METER CHARACTERISTICS

By LEON G. WILDE

**O**FTEN it is desired to know the sensitivity and resistance of a meter movement. The resistance cannot, in general, be determined with an ohmmeter, as the current sent through the meter movement by the ohmmeter will frequently be sufficient to cause permanent damage. The method described measures both the resistance and sensitivity with no possibility of damage to the meter.  $R_1$  is a precision resistor having a value of at least 100 times the expected meter resistance, and  $R_2$  should have a resistance of approximately twice the meter resistance. The variable voltage can be obtained from an adjustable power supply or potentiometer voltage divider. In operation, the adjustable voltage is set to a minimum, the meter is connected with  $S_1$  open, and the voltage is increased until the meter reads full-scale. The sensitivity (full-scale deflection) will equal the voltmeter reading divided by the value of  $R_1$ .  $S_1$  is then closed, and  $R_2$  adjusted for half-scale reading on the meter, after which  $S_1$  may be opened, and the resistance of  $R_2$ , which is now equal to the meter resistance, may be read on any ohmmeter without danger.

-30-

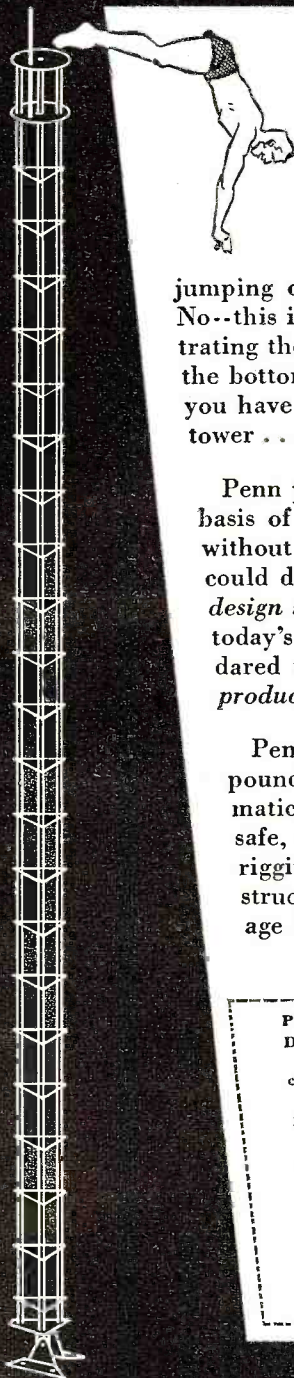
Setup for determining meter characteristics.



October, 1950

Low Price on Towers?

"TO GET TO THE BOTTOM YOU HAVE TO GO TO THE TOP"



Have "deals and whispers" on tower prices got him so confused he's decided to solve it all by jumping off one of the d----d things? No--this is just our screwy way of illustrating the fact of the matter: To get to the bottom of the tower price situation, you have to go to the maker of the top tower . . . the Penn Teletower.

Penn prices low on the straight, open basis of *superior mass production* . . . without benefit of "deals." Only Penn could dare to offer a tower *improved in design* at a *reduced price* in the teeth of today's market . . . for *only Penn* has dared to go "all out" in applying *mass production technique* to tower making.

Penn towers weigh less than two pounds a foot . . . feature exclusive, automatic pilot pole alignment that permits safe, easy 2-man erection without use of rigging hoists . . . provide sectional construction that cures inventory and storage headaches.

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Company .....

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PENN BOILER & BURNER MFG. CORP.  
LANCASTER, PA.

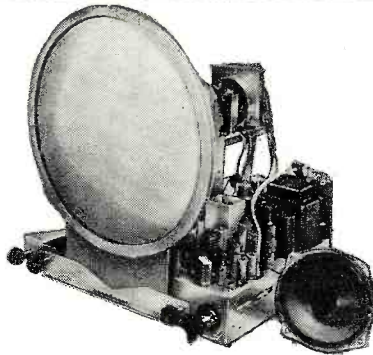


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# TELEVISION

## De Luxe KITS from 19 inch to 10 inch with Keyed AGC

TECH-MASTER KITS are acknowledged by the radio industry as the finest for quality and performance. Avoid the danger of buying untested brands . . . insist on TECH-MASTER . . . indisputably the finest of them all. All components are factory mounted. Easy to follow instructions assure perfect performance in comparatively short time.

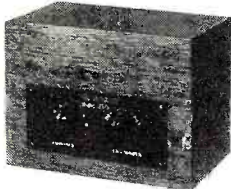


## TECH-MASTER TV ACCESSORY KITS

### Booster

KEYED A. G. C. CIRCUIT for 630-Type chassis.

"Hi-Sweep" VOLT-AGE MULTIPLIER.



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## TECH-MASTER PRODUCTS CO.

443-445 Broadway, New York 13, N. Y.

More leading engineers and technicians have built Tech-Master for their own use than any other Television Kit.



## Technical BOOKS

"PRACTICAL TELEVISION ENGINEERING" by Scott Helt. Published by Murray Hill Books, Inc., New York. 694 pages. Price \$7.50.

The author of this text is with the Research Division of Allen B. Du Mont Laboratories, Inc. as well as serving as Instructor-in-Charge of Columbia University's "Principles and Practice of Television" course.

With this diversified background it is easy to see why this text has proved to be such a practical expose of the subject. The text material is fairly comprehensive and covers the fundamentals of picture transmission, the cathode-ray tube, the CR oscillograph, the electron tubes used for image pickup, the synchronizing generator, the video amplifier and cathode follower, the voltage regulated power supply, the TV receiver, the TV camera chain, the TV transmitter, and finally television broadcasting techniques.

Designed for the manufacturing and sales engineer, broadcasting engineer, student, and technician, the text covers transmitting and broadcasting problems thoroughly and in easy-to-understand language. Both the theoretical and practical aspects of lenses, lighting, CR tubes, transmitters, receivers, etc., are included.

An excellent bibliography and a group of review questions accompany each chapter so that the student who is using this book as a home-study text can check his grasp of the subject matter.

This book will undoubtedly find its way into the libraries of technical television personnel throughout the country and provide a sound addition to the existing literature on the subject.

\* \* \*

"MOBILE RADIO HANDBOOK" edited by Milton B. Sleeper. Published by FM-TV Magazine, Great Barrington, Mass. 165 pages. Price \$2.00 paper, \$4.00 cloth.

This thoroughly practical handbook has been designed to assist company executives and public officers responsible for the planning and purchasing of communications equipment as well as the communications engineer, system supervisor, operator, and maintenance man who must keep such equipment in operation.

With more than 12,000 main stations and over 200,000 mobile units currently in use, the need for such a text can hardly be questioned. The fact that the new FCC rules and allocations will undoubtedly create an even larger demand for this type of equipment makes the appearance of this book particularly timely.

The first three chapters cover factors which must be considered when planning mobile or point-to-point systems.

## RADIO & TELEVISION NEWS

# WOULD YOU SEND \$1.50 TO GET \$9.50 ?

Well, here's even more for your money!

For only \$1.50, you get —

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**Total Value — Over \$9.50**

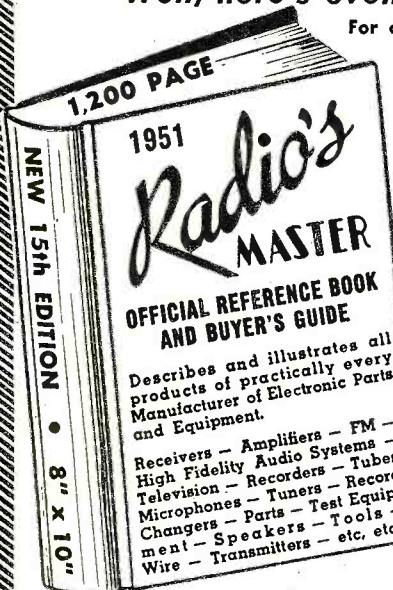
YOU'VE undoubtedly seen previous editions of this indispensable book at the right hand of important Engineers and busy Purchasing Agents. Now, here is your opportunity to put it to work for you — to save you real money and time in your purchases of Radio-Electronic equipment and parts.

AND, who alone brings you this sensational offer? — HARRISON RADIO, of course! Your Quality source of supply since 1925! As Authorized Factory Distributor for all leading Manufacturers, we give you fast and dependable store and Mail Order service! And we guarantee our prices to be the lowest obtainable anywhere!

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10 H. 100 M.A.	59c
59 H. 100 M.A.	95c
3.7 H. 145 M.A.	59c
10 H. 20 M.A.	39c

**A Repeat Item by Popular Demand**

A limited supply of Navy "LM" Frequency meters will go to the first comers at **\$12.95** ea. These units must go on an "as is" basis at this Low Price. They are less tubes, crystal and calibration book. Some are minus knobs and dial but have very clean—new looking insides.

**HEADSETS—MIKES**

HS-23 Hi Imp. Headsets	New	\$2.95
HS-33 Lo Imp. Headsets	New	2.95
HS-30 Hi Imp. Headsets	New	1.50
	Used	.79
T-17D Carbon Mike	New	2.75
	Used	1.50
T-24 Hi Imp. Carbon Mike	New	1.19
T-30 Throat Mike	New	.98
T-45 (or Navy) Lip Mike	New	.98

**Portable VHF Communication Unit**

Two-way radio telephone equipment designed for operation between 152 and 162 megacycles. Adaptable for many uses, a complete unit including the rechargeable storage battery weighs but fifteen pounds, and is housed in a sturdy case 1 1/2"x9"x4 1/4", provided with shoulder-straps.

This brand new set of big name manufacture comes complete with battery, battery tray, **\$89.50** and handset but less crystal.

Battery charger is extra at **\$19.95**

**Mobile VHF Communication Unit**

Adaptable for many mobile uses, this is a compact unit 3 1/2"x8"x15 1/2", operating on 152 to 162 megacycles. It is six-volt powered direct from storage battery, and is complete with the tone filter and crystal; handset, control box, antenna and installation kit. **\$129.50**

Brand new, ready to go. **\$129.50**  
Extra 18" stub type antennae are available. **\$2.95**

**Miscellaneous SPECIALS**

	Used	New
ID 6 APN 4 Scope, Excellent	\$29.50	
R 7/APS 2 Receiver-Indicator		\$79.50
R 78/APS-15 Receiver-Indicator	34.50	
BC 1287 A Scope	75.00	
SCR 7 Indicator Scope	12.95	
SCR 522 Transceiver 100 to 150 MC.	34.95	75.00
BC 1206 Receiver, 200 to 400 KC.		5.95
MN 26 C	17.50	24.95
RA 10 DA Receiver	17.50	24.95
RT7/APNI Transceiver	4.95	9.95
APN 1 Complete	24.50	
BD 71 6 Pos. Switchboard	9.95	12.95
EE 8 Field Phones	7.95	
BC 347 Interphone Amplifier	2.95	
L-70 Tuning Meter	.89	
AM 61 Indicator Amplifier	9.50	
SCR 625 Mine Detector	39.50	
BC 461 Veeber Root Counter	.59	
BC 442 Less Condenser	1.49	1.95
APS 13 UHF Antenna, Fair		.98
FL 8 Filter		2.95
L-97 Bias Meter	3.95	4.95
RM 29 Remote Telephone Control	7.95	9.95
BC 602 Control Box		.98
RL 42 Antenna Gearbox Motor and Reel	4.95	7.50
TS 10—Sound powered phones	\$6.50	
APS 13—Transceiver		\$17.50
BC 1066 A—150 to 225 MC Portable Receiver adaptable to many amateur uses. In Canvas Carrying Bag. New		\$6.95
Tuning Units for BC 375—Presently most numbers are available in excellent condition with case at	\$2.95 ea.	
BC 306—Antenna Tuning Unit for BC 375. Excellent condition.		\$1.50 ea.

One Tube Interphone Amplifier—Small compact aluminum case fully enclosed. 2 1/4"x3 3/4"x5 3/4". Less Tube **79c**

BC 717 Transmitter, New but less Tubes **\$24.50**

96Q1 Complete Autotune assembly with motor and frame as used in ARC-1 Transmitter. New **\$35.00**

BC 709 Battery operated lightweight interphone amplifier. Complete with tube and shock mount, but less battery. **New \$3.95**

SCR 183 Complete **New \$49.50**

Motor—Universal Electric, 24 VDC, will also operate on 24 VAC Diameter 1 1/8"; Length 2 1/8"; Shaft 1/4"x3/4" **New \$1.49**

MC 385A—Headset Adapter **New \$49c**

**Information and Prices on Request**

BC 639 Receiver with RA 42 Rectifier

RTA 1B Transceiver

TA J224 Transmitter and MP 10G Power Pack

SCR 269 Compass Installation

R 5/ARN 7 Compass Installation

MN 26 Compass Installation

L. L. S. Installation (R 89-BC733)

MD-22-URA/T1 Radar Modulator

AN APRI Receiver and Tuning Units

ASB7 Complete Radar Installation

TS-251 Test Set BC 221 Freq. Meter

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Drastically Reduced from 10 to 50%  
Nationally Advertised Brands

813 <b>\$6.95 ea.</b>		807 <b>\$1.79 ea.</b>	
Type	Net Price	Type	Net Price
1A4P	\$0.24	6R7	\$0.34
1A6	.19	6SF5GT	.34
1B5/25S	.24	6S7G	.39
1B26	2.29	6S7T	.39
1B29	.39	6S7J	.69
1B32-532A	2.29	6T7G	.39
1C6	.19	6U7G	.29
1C7G	.19	6Z7G	.29
1D5GP	.24	6ZV5G	.29
1D7G	.19	7C4/1203A	.24
1F4	.24	7E5/1201	.19
1F5G	.24	10YV25A	.19
1H4G	.24	12A6	.34
1J6G	.24	12A6GT	.34
1V	.24	12A7	.34
2A6	.39	12A8GT	.19
2A7	.24	12F5GT	.29
2C26A	.19	12H6	.29
2V3G	.49	12J5GT	.24
2X2/879	.39	12J7GT	.24
3FP7	.98	12Q7GT	.24
4AP10	.98	12SF5	.24
5BP4	2.95	12SF5GT	.24
5CP1	2.95	12SN7GT	.39
5D21	19.95	12T3	.29
5FP7	.95	15R	.19
5J23	6.95	15R	.59
5T4	.49	2J22	1.95
6AB7	.59	28D7	.34
6AJ5	.89	30SPEC	.39
6B8	.59	(Vt67)	.59
6C4	.39	30	.24
6D8G	.59	304TL	1.29
6F5GT	.39	32L7GT	.39
6F6G	.59	33	.24
6H6	.39	34	.24
6J7GT	.39	35/51	.24
6L5G	.39	36	.24
6L7G	.39	37	.24
		38	.38
		39/44	.24
		49	.39
		50	.39
		56	.24
		57	.24
		77	.24
		77A/44L	.29
		316A	.34
		371B	.34
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		714V	4.95
		801A	.39
		829	6.95
		832	4.95
		837	1.49
		841	.29
		864	.29
		872A	.98
		954	.34
		956	.34
		957	.34
		1625	.24
		2050	.89
		2051	.49
		9002	.34
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		9006	.29
		GL4A21	.39
		Amperite	
		10T1	.29
		Jan	
		CRP72	.98
		REL36	.89
		VR105	.89
		VR150	.49

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**SURPRISE PACKAGE**

20 lbs. Ass't radio parts. A \$25.00 value for only **\$1.95**

**Headphone Receivers ANBH1**

Low impedance, used—good condition **39c ea.**

**COMMAND (SCR 274 N) EQUIPMENT**

	Used	New
BC-453	\$12.95	
BC-454	5.95	
BC-455	7.95	9.95
BC-456		2.95
BC-457	5.95	
BC-458	5.95	8.95
BC-696 (or T19)	14.95	24.95
BC-450—3 Receiver Remote Control	.89	1.95
BC-442		2.95
3 Receiver Rack	1.95	
2 Transmitter Rack	1.50	
Complete Command set as removed from aircraft—3 receivers—2 transmitters—Relay unit—control boxes—mounting racks—plugs—modulator and dynamotors—crated Set.		<b>\$34.50</b>

**MONTHLY SPECIALS**

BC 456 Modulator of 274 N Command Equipment. Used condition **98c ea.** 2 for **\$1.69**  
NOTE: The overwhelming majority of these units is in A-1 excellent condition, with tubes.

**RT7/APNI TRANSCIEVER UNIT—**

Used as an altimeter, it may be converted for signaling control circuits, citizens band, etc. Complete with 14 tubes and dynamotor they are in good used condition at the amazingly low **\$4.95** price of.....



SEND FOR FREE 8-PAGE ILLUSTRATED BULLETIN listing many exceptional values

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**BC 434 COMPASS CONTROL BOX**

Contains 0-5 mil meter suitable for "S" meter—pots, knobs, crank, jacks, switches, five grain of wheat bulbs Like new at only **\$1.29** and numerous other parts.



**CONDENSERS**

	Each
2 mfd. 4000 VDC. OIL FILLED	\$2.95
1 mfd. 6000 VDC. OIL FILLED	1.98
.25 mfd. 15000 VDC. OIL FILLED	4.95
.00025 mfd. 25000 VDC. OIL FILLED	2.95
.4 mfd. 1500 VDC. OIL FILLED	.29
2 mfd. 600 VDC. OIL FILLED	10 for 2.49
1 mfd. 600 VDC. OIL FILLED	3 for 1.00
1-1-1—1200 VDC. OIL FILLED	5 for 1.00
50 mmdf—5KV—5 Amp. Vacuum Cond.	2 for 1.00
	1.19

IS-185 Weston Voltmeter Model 433—0 to 150 VAC 25 to 2400 cycles. **\$24.95**

AS-138/ARN—10 inch streamline loop as used with direction finding receivers. Fixed position, it is ideal for planes, boats, auto-mobiles. **\$2.95**

**BC 906—Frequency Meter**

Range 150-225 MC with modification possible for lower frequencies of TV, etc. Contains 0-500 DC microammeter and uses Battery pack of 1.5 V and 45 VDC. **\$12.95**  
Like New—Less Batteries.....

**FLAP PITCH MOTOR**

24 VDC. will operate on AC—11,000 R.P.M. Complete with gear box **\$2.95** and limit switches.....ea.

SOLENOID 110V 60cyc. coil complete with trip arms that really snap into place and hold. New **49c**

**BC-605 Interphone Amplifier**

Easily converted to an ideal intercommunication set for office—home—or factory.  
Original—New... **\$4.95**  
Like New..... **3.95**  
(With Schematic)



See April 1950 Radio News for complete conversion data.

**BC-604 Transmitter FM 20-28 MC**

11 and 15 meters. Can be operated on 10 meters—10 channel push button crystal. With all tubes and meter but less dynamotor. **\$14.95**

Excellent Condition **\$14.95**  
Crystals—**14.95**  
Set of 80.....

BC 603 **\$24.95**

Receiver—Good. Used.....

**BC 620**

Receiver-Transmitter—2 crystal channels—20 to 27.8 MC FM—13 tubes. Metered, Plate and Filament..... **New \$14.95**  
Used **9.95**

PE 97 Power Supply for above 6-12 volt vibrator type. **\$2.95**

Used less tubes, vib. & con..... **\$2.95**  
FT 250 Mount for both BC 620 and PE 97 New **\$1.50**

**BC 223**

Brand new Transmitter with all three tuning units, two tuning unit cases, spare tube carrying case, shock mount and brace; but less tubes **\$19.95** at new low price of.....

Set of 5 tubes..... **\$3.95**  
Tuning units are available separately at **\$.50**  
PE 125—12-volt Vibrator Pack..... **New \$12.95**  
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Spare parts kit for PE 125 containing 2 tubes; 2 vibrators and 13 fuses in metal container with handle and clasp (BX 41)..... **New \$2.95**

All shipments FOB warehouse. 20% Deposit required on all orders. Minimum order accepted—\$5.00. Illinois residents, please add regular sales tax to your remittance.



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**APN-1 ALTIMETER TRANSCEIVER**

Easily converted to AC for 420 ham band. Also has parts for TV sweep generator with use of wobulator. Can be modified for citizens' band. Excel. cond. Complete ..... \$3.49  
Schematics for above. Ea. .... .95

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52 ohm. Brand new. Per ft. .... .06  
Per 100 ft. .... \$4.95

**LM FREQUENCY METER**

Freq. 125 kc. to 20,000 kc. Complete with tubes and crystal (less calibration book). Good cond. .... \$22.50

**ID-93/APG-13A SCOPE**

Makes small lab scope by converting power transformer. Has all sweeps. Excel. cond. ... \$19.95

**METERS**

See our bargain-packed section on METERS in the September/50 issue RADIO NEWS, Page 114.

**SELSYN MOTORS**

115 V. 60 cycles. Terrific for beam indicators, etc. Good cond. PER PAIR. .... \$7.95

**PE103 DYNAMOTOR**

6 and 12 V. input; output, 500 V. @ 160 mils. Ideal for mobile. Excel. cond. .... \$15.95

**LOOPS! LOOK! LOOPS!**

**MN-20-E** for MN-26 and RA-10, etc. New, boxed. Ea. .... \$2.95  
**DUI-1** Has 2-tube amplifier. New, boxed ..... 24.95  
**MN-24C** CAA approved. Good cond. .... 24.95  
**LP-21A** for ADF. Excel. cond. .... 7.95

**SELENIUM RECTIFIER**

Fine for 24V. @ 3 amp. and surplus equipment. Only ..... \$2.39

**CONDENSERS**

10 mfd. @ 600 V. New. .... \$ .99  
3 mfd @ 1500 V. W.E. .... 1.29  
W.E. No. 188-A Seven different condensers in one can from 1-.0015. 3 CANS FOR 1.29

**TS-15-A HANDSET**

American Carbon Mike with 2,000 ohm phone with PL-55 and PL-68 plugs and cord attached. NEW ..... \$4.50

**TUBES! LOOK! THESE CRAZY PRICES!**

ALL NEW, BOXED:	1625	.....\$9.35
811	.....	\$2.95
813	.....	7.50
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6AG5	.....	.89
6J6	.....	.89
717B	.....	.79
1625	.....	\$2.95
829B	.....	4.50
832A	.....	3.95
2D21	.....	1.09
5BP4	.....	1.75

**TRANSFORMERS**

Filament: 5V. @ 10 amps for 872 tube. 60 cycles, with socket. Good cond. .... \$6.95  
Filament: 5.1 V. @ 100 amps. Ideal for spot welding. Good used cond. .... \$24.95  
Peerless Matching Xfmr: 50-500 or 500-50. Brand new and boxed: "Pick-up CARTRIDGE" For turntable NEW ..... 1.95  
**PE104 VIBRATOR POWER SUPPLY:** For BC654. Input 6 or 12 V. Output, 51 V. neg. bias. 90 V. B. plus @ 5-10 mils. 1 1/2V. filament @ 350 mils. Excel. cond. .... \$7.50

**TV TUNER**

13-channel turret with 6CG6 RF amplifier and 6J6 oscillator mixer. Has silver contacts, 3/4 in. shaft, conical vernier control. All tubes and parts factory connected and aligned. Screen grid and audio output. See June/50 RADIO NEWS, P. 58.  
New, late model ..... \$19.95  
Conical TV antenna, new ..... 4.95  
Arrow TV antenna, New ..... 7.50

**RECORD CHANGERS:** 78 r.p.m. Standard brands. Near New ..... \$14.95  
**HI-FI AUDIO AMPLIFIER:** Push-pull 6F6 to low imp. voice coil. Easily modified for use with turntable or PA system. Excel. cond. .... \$10.95

**TU17 & 18 TUNING UNIT:** For BC223 Transmitter. TU17 covers 2-3 mc; TU18 covers 3-4.5 mc. Excel. con. .... \$1.95  
**BC-733 & 89/ARNS LOCALIZER & GLIDE PATH RECEIVER COMBINATION:** Teriff receiver for FM & 2-meter band. Complete with tubes & xials. Both in good cond. .... \$19.95  
See March/50 RADIO & TELEVISION NEWS for conversion.

**ARC-5 OR 274-N TRANSMITTERS COMPLETE**

2-1-3 mcs. Excel. for ship use. ....	\$10.95
3-4 mcs. Used, excel. cond. ....	9.95
4-3 mcs. Used, excel. cond. ....	3.50
5-3-7 mcs. Used, excel. cond. ....	3.50
7-9-1 mcs. Used, excel. cond. ....	9.95

**ARC-5 OR 274-N RECEIVERS**

1-5-3 mcs. For ship use, Excel. cond. ....	\$14.50
3-6 mcs. excel. cond. ....	3.95
6-9-1 mcs. good cond. ....	5.95
190-550 Kcs. excel. cond. ....	9.95
Command Receiver flex. cab. 6" ....	6.95
Command Receiver 28V dynamotor. ....	.79
Command Knobs for Receiver. Ea. ....	.69
MD7/ARC-5 Plate Modulator. ....	7.95
BC-456 Screen Modulator. ....	1.95

**274N ANTENNA RELAY BOX**

Contains RF meter plus 50 mmd H. V. vacuum cond. and relay. New in carton. .... \$2.25

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tems, frequencies and rules for each service, and the proper procedures to be followed in filling out the license application forms. The next three chapters are devoted to the matter of selecting the correct equipment for the system chosen and gives specifications on all of the mobile equipment currently available. Antennas and towers receive particular attention in two chapters devoted to this subject. A particularly valuable chapter on maintenance should prove a boon to the technician. A section on operator licenses and another on general FM theory round out this text.

We believe that persons in the mobile radio field would be doing themselves a great service to investigate this handbook as it will provide most of the answers needed in the day-to-day operation of two-way mobile equipment.

\* \* \*

**"FREQUENCY MODULATION"** by K. R. Sturley. Published by *The Chemical Publishing Co., Inc.*, Brooklyn. 94 pages. Price \$4.75.

Although presented in concise form, this text covering FM radio manages to convey an amazing amount of information on the subject. Designed for the radio technician, the author outlines the principles of frequency and phase modulation systems, the advantages and disadvantages of such systems over amplitude modulation, the modulating methods, and the various details of the FM receiver in simple terms.

The book is divided into seven main sections covering the general nature of the system, the advantages and disadvantages of FM and PM transmission, methods of modulating the frequency or phase of a carrier, the FM receiver, frequency to amplitude conversion, and a discussion of the complete receiver.

Treatment of the subject matter is largely mathematical and the student should have a working knowledge of college algebra and calculus for a complete understanding of the text. The book is well illustrated with charts and diagrams while a complete schematic of a typical FM receiver is included in the appendix. A fairly comprehensive bibliography on the subject of FM further enhances the text material.

\* \* \*

**"MOST-OFTEN-NEEDED 1950 RADIO DIAGRAMS AND SERVICING INFORMATION"** compiled by M. N. Beitman. Published by *Supreme Publications*, Chicago. 192 pages. Price \$2.50.

This is the tenth volume of this popular servicing series to appear and covers AM and FM combinations, straight receivers, and record changers produced during the past year.

Sets diagrammed include those of almost thirty manufacturers. In addition to a complete schematic on each of the receivers there is information on the correct alignment procedure, dial stringing data, trimmer locations,

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For your satisfaction, **Harry Diamond**, **Sol Sterman W2JWX**, and **Harold Kahn** who have served you for many years, want you to know that Midway is under their personal supervision. Their record in the past is your guarantee of the finest quality, service and savings now and always.

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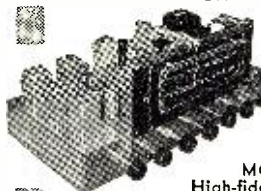
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Browning  
tuners.

MODEL RJ-20A  
High-fidelity FM-Ant Tuner  
incorporating tone controls

To truly enjoy FM . . .

and the unmarred brilliance Armstrong-circuit FM alone makes possible — you need the performance of the RJ-20A. The man who knows radio knows nothing less will give equal performance.

Music is flawless, noise-free — every instrument sounds true . . . speech is clear, with astonishing "presence". Tuning is precise and drift-free.

And for better AM . . .

Superior performance with maximum tonal quality. Wide-range tone control to suit your taste; 20 db. treble and bass boost.

Also available: RJ-12B FM-AM tuner with triple tuned IF transformers in AM, RV-10A FM tuner only. All with same Armstrong FM circuit.

Free Bulletin RN-1050 gives performance curves and data on these high-fidelity tuners.



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ENGINEERED FOR ENGINEERS

RADIO & TELEVISION NEWS



as well as a concise step-by-step procedure for correct alignment.

A representative assortment of auto radios has also been included which, along with the record changer data, makes this book of particular interest to the technician.

\* \* \*

**"BETTER TV RECEPTION IN FRINGE AND LOW-SIGNAL AREAS"** by Woodrow Smith & R. L. Dawley. Published by *Editors and Engineers Limited*, Santa Barbara, California. 137 pages. Price \$2.50. Paper.

This is a thoroughly practical handbook for the installation technician. The text is written in easily understood language and is lavishly illustrated with photographs and line drawings.

The book is divided into six chapters. The first chapter, How the TV Signal Gets to the Receiver, covers fringe area reception, the space wave, the effect of irregular terrain, antenna height considerations, atmospheric effects, tropospheric propagation, absorption and scattering, antenna efficiency, elevation angle determination, horizon signal source, feed line matching, and proper viewing conditions. The second chapter deals with the various things the installation technician can do to improve television reception such as, field strength surveys, the use of field strength meters, a study of various signal deviations, the elimination of ghosts and fading, the use of boosters, and the adjustments which can be made to the receiver itself to improve sensitivity and increase the apparent signal strength.

The third chapter deals with the various types of television receiving antennas, their characteristics and applications. The fourth chapter discusses transmission lines and distribution systems while the fifth section covers the antenna, mast, and feed line installations. The final chapter is devoted to an analysis of the various types of interference and the steps which can be taken to eliminate or alleviate the condition.

All-in-all we believe that the alert technician operating in TV fringe areas will find this book extremely practical and a valuable addition to his kit of working "tools."

-30-



"Last week \$24.95 for rectifier tubes. This week \$24.50 for a hat. Any questions?"

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the preferred  
transformers  
for every circuit application!



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POWER, FILAMENT, AUDIO, DRIVER,  
VIBRATOR

ASK FOR CHICAGO—THEY'RE  
BETTER REPLACEMENTS—  
YET THEY COST NO MORE!

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**63 MANUFACTURERS  
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Get this easy-to-use, time-saving guide to exact replacements for all popular television receivers. Simplifies servicing, cuts repair-bench time. Write us today for your free copy!

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# Station of the Month

**MARS BEAMS WEEKLY BROADCASTS**

MARS—Army Headquarters station, WAR, located at the Pentagon Building, Washington, D. C., broadcasts a weekly message each Tuesday at 0100Z and at 0400Z. (This is Monday at 8 p.m. and 11 p.m., Eastern Standard Time; Monday at 7 p.m. and 10 p.m., Central Standard Time; Monday at 6 p.m. and 9 p.m., Mountain Standard Time; and Monday at 5 p.m. and 8 p.m., Pacific Standard Time.)

Simultaneous broadcasts are made on frequencies 3497.5 kc., 6997.5 kc., 14,405 kc., and 20,994 kc. Each message is sent three times, once at 10 words per minute, once at 15 words per minute, and once at a higher rate of speed—usually 20 words per minute.

Designed especially to transmit quasi-official traffic and training information to MARS members, the broadcast offers an excellent opportunity to all amateurs in building up their code proficiency.

**T**HE history of ham radio is studied with the adventures and exploits of operators who figuratively eat, sleep, and drink amateur radio.

One such operator is Merrill D. Beam of Fort Monmouth, New Jersey, whose amateur station, A2BX (K2BX) has been named MARS Station of the Month by Captain E. L. Nielsen, Chief, MARS—Army.

Beam is a ham's ham. Not only is he active in MARS—Army nets (net control station on MARS New Jersey Sub-Net ZED), but he also is active in MARS—Air Force, checks regularly into ARRL traffic nets, and still finds time to lend a helping hand to amateur newcomers with code practice, procedure, or theory problems.

Beam, now Chief of the Maintenance Branch, Radar Engineering, Squier Labs, Fort Monmouth, has been active in the radio field since, at the age of 11, and using a spark-gap transmitter

from his home in Johnson City, New York, he made his first contact with a neighbor, Wallace Dunmore, three miles away. There were no assigned calls in those days, operator initials serving as identification.

His first call was 8BFO; subsequently, Beam has held 2AGX, 2NB, NV2NB, 3PR, W3PR, 3XB, and his present call K2BX.

Biggest thrill in public service for Beam came in 1928 when the dirigible "Italia," captained by the famous Italian explorer, General Umberto Nobile, cracked suddenly into the ice about 650 miles from the North Pole and spilled the General and eight crew members out onto the ice. Six other crewmen were still aboard as the ship bounced back into the air and disappeared. They were never heard from again. Luckily, an emergency radio had been thrown clear. The marooned group patched up the set as best they could and put out a feeble "SOS"

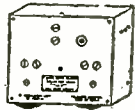
Merrill D. Beam, A2BX/K2BX, of Fort Monmouth, New Jersey—a "ham's ham."





**TWIN COAXIAL CABLE  
at a Sensational Price**

Two No. 12 stranded conductors within a copper shielded, vinyl jacketed, polyethylene core. Can handle over 5 KW of R.F. power. The ideal TV lead for the most exacting installations such as apartment house antenna systems. Perfect for any twinax use calling for cable within the range of 70 to 95 ohm nominal impedance. Regular price 72c per ft. Your cost \$15.00 per hundred feet. Ask for RG-57U RG-59U 72 Ohm Coax. The most popular TV type. Regular price 17c per ft. Your cost 7c per ft. or \$6.50 per c.



**SIGNAL CORPS INTERCONNECTOR RELAY BOX 730A**

This valuable unit, made by Bell, and more familiarly known by the U. S. Army designation BC-616, is encased in a highly polished aluminum case 6 3/4" x 5 1/2" x 2 1/2" and contains 150 mfd. of condenser capacity, sensitive relays, resistors, and terminal strips. Order several at the give-away price of only..... **\$1.95**

**SUPER SPECIAL**

**FAIRCHILD bombsight POWER UNITS.** Brand new, contains 9 tubes with a value of \$15.00; 8 electric motors or generators, 8 of the permanent magnet field type; relays; and 20 valuable precision resistors plus a multitude of the ordinary kind, in addition to many condensers and potentiometers. All for only..... **\$14.95**



**CYBERNETICS!**

**RT1463 12 Stage Electronic Brain** containing 3-7F7, 1-7Y4, 3-7N7, 4 potentiometers, numerous resistors, filter and bypass condensers, filter chokes, power and audio transformers, and six sensitive plate relays. A military development that provided amazing stepless control proportional to correction required, in the original application. This phenomenal unit, with its 3 multistage push-pull amplifiers and six 5,000 ohm relays in bridge circuits, will accurately control any 3 operations, related or unrelated, in minutely adjustable uniquely quantitative variations in either forward or reverse directions. 9"x7"x8" black crackle aluminum case. Brand new in original carton..... **\$9.95**

**MOTOR DRIVEN Bandswitching Tuning Turret**

4 bands above 100 Mc. #14 silver plated coil wire. Tuning condensers, driving motor diagram included. Only..... **\$2.95**



Eliminate the danger of fatal shock. Use our G.E. Interlock Safety Switches priced at only **\$1.00** each.

**STROMBERG CARLSON**

Power Switching Relay Box. Neat 3 1/2"x4 1/2"x5 1/2" Steel case with tight fitting cover. Beautiful crackle finish..... **\$0.98**

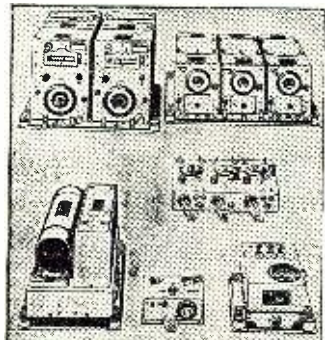
**"DRILLMASTER" ELECTRIC DRILL**

Pistol grip electric drill, ideal for hobbyists. Complete with sander, buffers, grinding wheels, etc. **\$9.95**



**YOU PAYS YOUR MONEY  
YOU TAKES YOUR CHOICE!**

**SCR-274 COMMAND SET... THE GREATEST RADIO VALUE IN HISTORY**

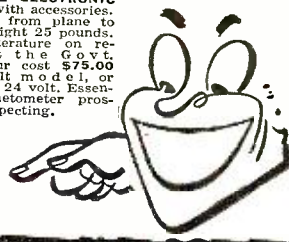


A mountain of valuable equipment that includes not 1 but 3 of the hottest superhet Communications Receivers, the famous BC-453, BC-454 and BC-455, each with tuned R.F. stage, 3 rang condenser, crystal, and 6 working tubes not counting rectifiers. Included are 2 Tuning Control Boxes; 1 Antenna Coupling Box with R.F. meter to measure power into antenna; 4-28V dyno motors (alteration of set to 110V operation is quick and simple); 2-40 watt transmitters including crystal and pre-amplifier and modulator so transmitters can be used for voice or code. 29 tubes supplied in all. Guaranteed electrical condition. A super value at **\$59.95.**

**MICROPHONES**

Super Special—Highest quality all chrome bullet-shaped CRYSTAL MIKE of topflight nationally-known brand **\$5.95.** Bullet DYNAMIC MIKE, **\$7.85** T-32 MIKE with desk or table stand..... **\$2.95** MIKE Jr. .... **60c**

**BRAND NEW 14 TUBE ELECTRONIC ALTIMETER**, complete with accessories. Shows altitude height from plane to terrain below. Total weight 25 pounds. Descriptive literature on request. Cost the Govt. \$1000.00, your cost \$75.00 for the 12 volt model, or \$45.00 for the 24 volt. Essential for magnetometer prospecting.



**ANTENNA KIT**

For Gibson Girl transmitter, 300 ft. antenna wire, 2 balloons, 2 hydrogen generators, box kite for windy weather, searchlight, Complete kit..... **\$9.95**

**SOS EMERGENCY TRANSMITTER SOS**

This is the famous Gibson Girl Transmitter that saved so many lives during the war. It is used as a distress call transmitter on boats and airplanes. The Gibson Girl is the easiest transmitter in the world to operate. No instruction or experience necessary. No external power supply required for operation. It is merely necessary to turn the crank on the top of the transmitter and power is generated and the distress signal is automatically sent out on the international distress frequency. Brand New Gibson Girl transmitter complete with tubes..... **\$9.95**

**CO-AXIAL CONNECTORS**

Army No. PL 259 or Amphenol 83-15P  
Army No. SO 239 or 83-1R  
Army No. PL 258 or 83-1J  
Army No. M 359 or 83-1AP  
49c each—in lots of 10 assorted, 39c each

**1000 CYCLE AUDIO FILTERS**

Navv PD52010-1 low pass audio filters as mentioned in the "Peaked Audio" article in June CQ, and designated by the above number, are the exact electrical and physical equivalent of commercial audio filter units selling for \$35.00 wholesale. They are infinitely better than the surplus "Radio Range Filters" being sold for reducing QRM, and at 2 KC off resonance for example, a 2 section filter using PD52010-1 is capable of twice the selectivity available through the use of the QR-er (the BC-453 section of the 274N which has provided the amateurs' previous highest standard of interference elimination), EXTRA SPECIAL—NAVY PD52010-1 with diagram..... **\$2.00**

**AC-DC POCKET TESTER**

This analyzer featuring a sensitive repulsion type meter housed in a bakelite case, represents the culmination of 15 years' achievement in the instrument field by a large company specializing in electronic test equipment. Specifications of the AC-DC Model Volt-Ohm-milliammeter: AC Volts—0-25, 50, 125, 250. DC Volts—0-25, 50, 125, 250. Milliamperes AC—0 to 50. DC Milliamperes—0 to 50. Ohms Center Scale—100,000, Ohms Scale—2400. Capacity—.05 to 15 Mfd. Total Price, prepaid anywhere in the USA..... **\$7.00**



**Phonograph Scratch Eliminator**

Consists of 2 condensers and powdered iron core choke connected in a filter network. Same as used in most jukeboxes to improve low pitch. Connects instantly between pick-up and amplifier. A super bargain at..... **\$2.00**

**HURRY**

Get your 2 gang midjet superhet tuning condensers with 1/2" shaft and trimmers. Reg. \$1.25 each, now 5 for..... **\$2.00**

**NO FOOLING**



A real professional serviceman's tube analyzer that makes it possible to predict the life expectancy of a tube. The new different, sensational 1950 Model Dynamic Mutual Conductance Tube Tester checks all tubes for gas, microphonics, hum emission, shorts and mutual conductance in microhms. Detects more weak tubes, Unexcelled in accuracy. Completely new switching arrangement that is really obsolescence proof. Imagine the exclusive advantage of a tube tester with the astounding ability to instantly test future tube types or tube types not listed on the built-in roll chart. No other tester can make such a claim!!! Portable Model **\$68.50**; Counter Model **\$64.50**.

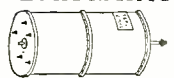
**POWER RHEOSTAT**

Exceptionally Rugged, Trouble-free design. Withstands severe overloading to many times the nominal 25 watt rating without burning or smoking. Perfect for motor speed control or line voltage adjustment. 3 sizes available: 50, 60, and 200 ohms. Regular price \$5.20. Special..... **\$1.00**



**\$12.95 TAKES ALL THREE BIG BARGAINS**

**1. SENSATIONAL, FASCINATING, MYSTERY, SELSYNS** made by G.E. Company. Two or more connected together work perfectly on 110V AC. Rotation of the shaft of one Selsyn and all others connected to it will rotate exactly as many degrees in the same direction, following unerringly as if the units were connected together by shafting instead of wire. This is true whether you twist the shaft of the master unit a fraction of a revolution or many revolutions. Useful for indicating direction of weather vases, rotating directional antennas, or controlling innumerable operations from a distance. Complete with diagram and instructions. Matched pair **\$4.95**.  
**2. ALUMINUM GEAR BOX 18x8x7** that contains two powerful electric motors and two matched gear trains, 62 gears in all varying in size from 1/4 to 4 inches in diameter. This unit is readily converted to rotate a beam antenna or for any other similar use. **\$5.00**.  
**3. HOME WORKSHOP AT BARGAIN PRICE.** Accurate and precise 2 speed guaranteed hobby lathe, the essential machine for the home workshop. Sturdy enough for light production work or factory standby service. Supplied with 56" of belting for connecting to any available electric motor or power take-off. Included in this unbelievable offer are such accessories as a 3/2" drill chuck with specially hardened tool steel jaws, a 4" electric furnace, high speed grinding wheel, a cotton buffing wheel with a large supply of buffing compound, and a 4" steel wire scratch brush. Your cost **\$6.00**. Sole export agent. Distributor inquiries invited.



**NEW G.E. TRANSMITTER**

Brand new General Electric BC-975 or BC-101 transmitters, export packed, complete set of spare tubes as well as 10 and 20 meter conversion instructions. **\$100.00**  
BC-312, BC-348 or BC-224 receivers sold with the above transmitters (unit price for unit). 1000-mile range..... **\$125.00**

Universal 4 lead broadcast band oscillator coil (can be converted to 3 lead type by addition of jumper). Ten for..... **\$1.00**



**3-Gang Broadcast Band Permeability Tuner.** Was \$3.50. Now **\$1.50.**



**REMOTE CONTROL UNIT**  
Aluminum case 4x3x2 containing 2 potentiometers, triple pole switch, 4 knobs, phone jack, gear mechanism and revolution counter..... **99c**  
With 8 prong JAN connector to fit box..... **\$1.39**

**SPECIAL**

50 MMF, 24 plate variable cond., 29c or 3 for 99c



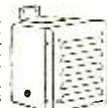
**ACRO-TELE-VISION CHASSIS CRADLE**

**SENSATIONAL BUY**

**RT-1711 Brand New 12 Tube, 110 Volt Receiver-Indicator-Oscilloscope** complete with all tubes and power supply (Govt. APA1 Radar Set). Scope tube is equipped with a detachable calibrated screen..... **\$39.95**



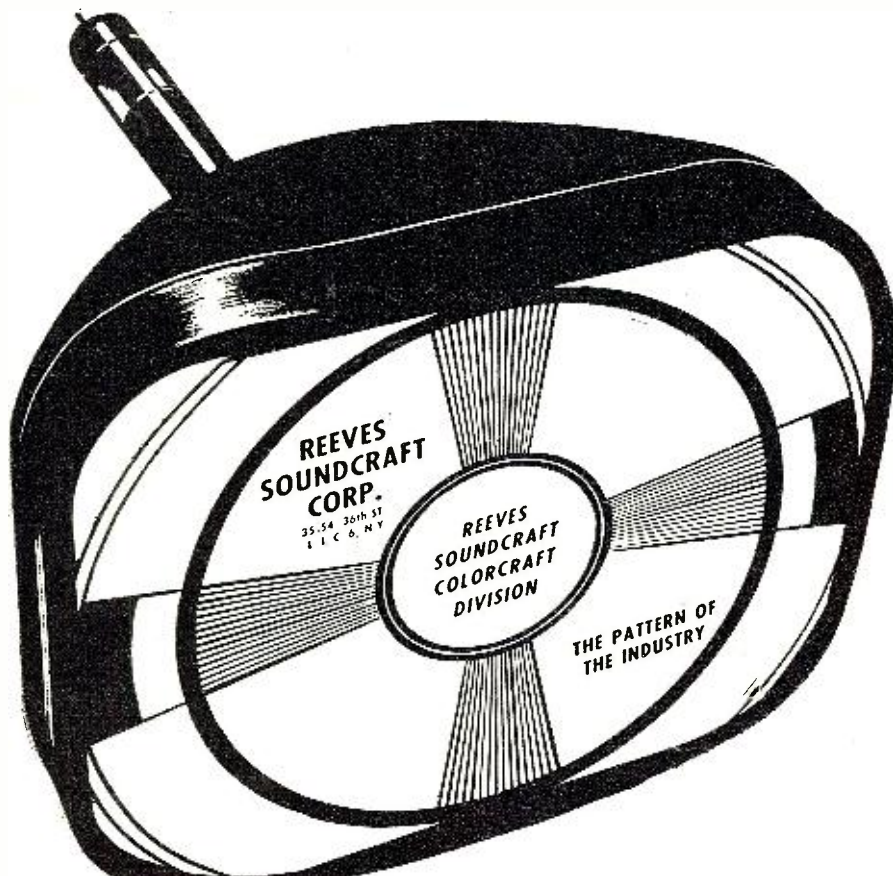
**LS-7 "PM SPEAKERS"**  
Latest type PM Speaker in a fully-enclosed finished metal cabinet. This speaker and case match communication receivers and in addition make perfect intercom remote stations. Our price **\$4.50**, including output transformer..... **\$4.95**



Bayonet type radio pilot light sockets, \$5.00 a hundred. Mazda licensed bulbs, per 10..... **50c**

Pays for itself in a week—Saves and eliminates broken tubes, coils, dials, etc. Cadmium plated steel, finger-tip control. A necessity for Television Service. Your Cost..... **\$4.69**





which was picked up by Beam who was tuning through the amateur bands in New York. He sounded the alarm to the newspapers and soon workers from the Spitzbergen rear base effected the rescue.

Other highlights of his amateur career include experimental work (W3XB) with Professor Picard, Dr. Kendrick of Tufts College, and Dr. Woodruff of Pennsylvania State College on Kennelly-Heaviside Layer fading, handling all traffic for the Philadelphia-Pittsburgh area for Admiral Byrd's first antarctic expedition, and earning ARRL awards.

Beam's engineering background includes affiliation with *Western Electric* and *Vitaphone Corporation*, work with *International Business Machines Corporation*, *Bell Telephone Company*, and stints as Chief Engineer with broadcast stations WIAD, WELK, WCAU, WHP, and WSYR.

During World War II Beam was assigned first with the Office of the Chief Signal Officer in Washington, D. C., and later as head of the Fifth Army Forward Team, rebuilding captured enemy radio stations and putting them on the air for jamming and/or propaganda (psychological warfare) purposes.

-30-

## DANGER!

By H. LEEPER

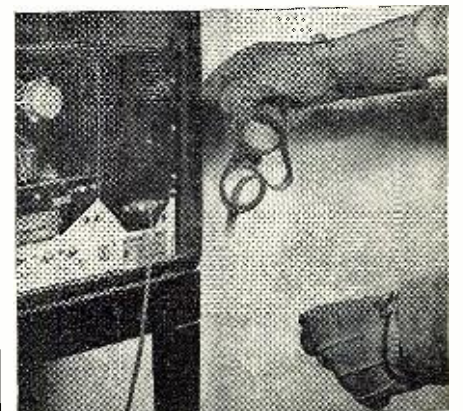
**A**LTHOUGH much has been said and written about the dangers involved in the careless handling of television picture tubes there are still many technicians who are ignoring the most elementary safety precautions when working on these units.

The danger from implosion during the installation or removal of the tube is ever present and the cautious service technician will wear heavy leather gloves and protect his eyes with specially-designed goggles when handling these tubes.

The habit of donning gloves and goggles is an easy one to acquire, takes little time or trouble, and can possibly save an eye or even a life! Start developing this habit today.

-30-

The importance of wearing goggles and heavy leather gloves when installing a television picture tube cannot be over-stressed. The danger from implosion is ever-present.



RADIO & TELEVISION NEWS

## WAR SURPLUS BARGAINS Get 'em now while they're still available!

**FREQ. METER BC-438.** Easily converted to precision lab. xtal calibrated heterodyne-type freq. meter and sig. gen. 20 to 440 mc., with audio modulation. We furnish simple instructions for conversion and calibration. Has power supply, tubes, and lab. standard xtal. Start where your BC-221 or IM ends. Excellent cond. . . . . \$27.50 complete as described. While they last. . . . .

**NAME-BRAND MOBILE FM. 152-162 mc.** New, post-war, at amazing close-out prices. 6 v. taxi set only \$125, WALKIE TALKIE only \$79.50. Complete w/handset, antenna, etc., Less xtals. Write for descriptions.

### DYNAMOTORS

**DM-42-A.** 12 v. two outputs: 1080 v. 360 ma for PA. plus 515 v. 215 ma. for mod. etc. NEW. . . . . \$9.95  
**DY-12.** 24 v. two outputs: 1150 v. 350 ma; plus 400 v. 400 ma. NEW (less base). . . . . \$7.95  
**PE-73.** 24 v. 1000 v. 350 ma; with starting relay, filters, etc. NEW-\$5.95; FAIR USED. . . . . \$4.95  
**INVERTER: PE-218.** 24 v. in. output 115 v. regulated, 400 cy, 1500 va. NEW. . . . . \$24.50

### LOOK WHAT \$2.65 WILL BUY!

**A 6 V DYNAMOTOR.** Very low battery drain. Multiple windings! 250 v DC, 100 ma; to 350 v DC, 70 ma. No brushes to add or shift around. No extra work. Or use as a 2:1 or 1:2 Step-up or step-down xfmr for DC voltage! Change 6 to 12, or 12 to 24, or vice versa. Handles up to 3 amps. Or use as a GENERATOR. Turn with motor, get 12 v DC at 12.6 A. or 24 v DC at 6.3 A. plus high voltage. Complete doc sheet furnished. BRAND NEW. . . . . \$2.65

### MARINE SPECIALS

**LORAN SPECIAL! AN/APN-4.** with "A" model indicator, includes receiver, mounts, plugs, inverter. Excellent used. . . . . \$49.50  
**AN/APN4** with NEW "B" indicator. . . . . 69.50  
 Extra for NEW inverter, with either above. . . . . 4.00  
**ID-6B/APN-4.** New, original pack. . . . . 45.00  
**AN/APN-4 MANUAL.** At great cost we reproduced the most important 100 pages of the original, impossible-to-get, original instruction manual. . . . . \$7.50

**G.L. "MARINER" TRANSMITTER.** 180 w. input, 120 w. to antenna, 90% modulated, 4 chan. xtal cont., 12 or 24 v. input (specify volt. & freq. when ordering), w/Dynamotor, connecting cord, xtals, tubes (parallel 814's final), mike, all fitted and ready to operate. Built-in recr., break-in relay in addition to ant. switching relay. Dimensions: 8 1/4" deep, 17 1/4" wide, 19 1/2" high. Tubes included: 10Y speech amp, two 211 mod., 12A5 osc., 16Z5 IPA, two 814 PA. This xmtr. built from \$1200 cov. cost surplus. W/instructions FCC license approval guaranteed. . . . . \$225.00

**G.L. "MARINER" RECEIVER.** Long wave, broadcast, marine and short wave reception. A beautiful conversion of finest Navy surplus! All controls, vernier tuning, BFO ON-OFF and AVC-MVC on entirely new front panel. Coaxial type antenna fittings furnished. Tagged wires out of rear to connect to battery to power DU-1 loop and to kill B+ with xmtr. break-in relay. 12 or 24 v DC. Compact: 15 1/2" long, 8" wide, 6 3/4" high. No plugs needed, ready to go (less speaker). . . . . \$49.50  
 Specify voltage. . . . .

### MORE MARINE SPECIALS

**NAVY TYPE ARA SCR-274N Receiver.** 1.5-3 MC. Rewired for 12 v with brand new 12 v dynamotor, mid. on back. Phone plug built into front, rebuilt for front panel control (ON-OFF, Vol., CW-MCW, tuning). With harness and plug for 12 v input and for output to power DU-1 loop. New, converted (less spkr.). . . . . \$29.50  
 Same as above, but for 24 v. . . . . \$24.50

**DU-1 Manual Directional Finder.** Goes ahead of G.L. "Mariner," ARA, or any other receiver. Converted for Marine bands, still retains half of broadcast band and all the lighthouse and beacon band. 2 tube pre-amplifier. No 180° ambiguity. True bearing immediately. New, converted. . . . . \$32.50

**Waterproof Bulkhead Speaker** with matching transformer, very hi-f. . . . . \$9.95

### EXPERIMENTER'S SPECIAL

A receiver you can do wonders with! Make intermod. analyzer for testing audio amplifiers, convert to FM, etc. Has dual bridge instrument rectifiers, also super AVC system. RF is 108.3 to 110.3. Has 3-717A tubes (use as direct replacement for 6SK7, with much more gain), 2-12SR7, 1-12SQ7, 1-12A6, 1-12AH7, 2-12SR7. With schematic, all conversion dope, excellent condition. . . . . \$5.95

**3-DIGIT** resettable Veeder-Root counter with pilot lamp assembly, wafer switch, nice case. New. . . . . 79c

**TU-25** Plug-in tuning unit for BC-223. freq. 3500-5550 kc., includes meters. Ideal low power xmtr. foundation, or a feast for parts. Ant. coupling, ant. inductance, xtal selection switches, coils, condensers, etc. In useful, hinged-top, steel case. NEW. . . . . \$1.29

**Willard 2 v wet cell battery.** new, 20 amp. hrs. . . . . 98c

### GADGETEER'S SPECIALS

**ZA Test Oscillator CDE-60050.** Used to feed 90 and 150 cy. modulation to recr. input. Contains 12 v vibrator (we tried it on 6 v and it works there, too). Has two vibrating reeds giving separate tone outputs. In black plastic case with mtg. plate, instructions and schematic. Has switch, capacitors, chokes, pot., octal socket, etc. Brand new, orig. pack. . . . . 49c

**Position Transmitter of Mark-16** Gunsighting unit, Eastman-Kodak, brand new. Full of valuable components. Original packing. . . . . 49c

**BABY WINCH.** Geared motor. Dozens of uses around home, boat, or shack. Just the thing for operating garage doors, gates, etc. Makes excellent beam rotator or bar-becue drive. Has two low-speed high-torque outputs, both reversible by electrical switching. One is a sprocket-toothed wheel, the other is a ratchet-coupled cable drum. Both or either are stopped and/or reversed by adjustable limit switch or remote electrical control. 24 v DC universal motor runs perfectly on 8 to 24 v, 60 cy AC, geared down to nice, easily-controlled low speed. With simple instructions. . . . . \$4.95

**Only . . . . . \$4.95**

**25 LB. SURPRISE PACKAGE. GAMBLE? . . . . . \$1.95**

**WANTED!** Your spare Surplus Equipment and Tubes, Dynamotors, Recrs, Xmters, Test Equipment. Send list, stating condition and your rock bottom price.

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# NOVEMBER

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October, 1950

131



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**Radio & TV Industry  
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**International Short-Wave**  
(Continued from page 61)

Organization European de Radiodiffusion; this group is taking over the old U.I.R. and will operate the Control Center in the future; also publishes a monthly bulletin with information concerning new stations and other data."

**Identification**

Here are some interesting identification announcements to help identify Arabic-speaking outlets, as compiled by Herbert Bluman, Tel Aviv, Israel, for *Nattugglan*, Sweden:

*Limassol, Cyprus*—"Mehattat esh-Shark el adna l'il iza'at il-arabiya."  
*Damascus, Syria*—"Houna Damash."  
*Beirut, Lebanon*—"Mehattat el' iza-'a il-Lubaniya, Beyrout."  
*Baghdad I, Iraq*—"Hatheehee Barr-da'd" ("gh" in Baghdad pronounced like a guttural "r").  
*Mecca (or Djeddah), Saudi-Arabia*—"Il iza'a l'il ezza-kiyah l'il-mamlakat es-Saudiya."  
*Sanaa, Yemen*—"Houna San'a."  
*Cairo, Egypt*—"Il Kehira."  
*Tel Aviv, Israel*—"Mehattat Isra'il."  
*Algiers, Algeria*—"Al-Jeza'er."  
*Rasmallah, Trans-Jordan*—"Houna il Kuds, il eza'a il Urduniya-Hashemiya."  
*Tangiers, Morocco*—"Houna Tanj'r."  
*Omdurman, Anglo-Egyptian Sudan*—"Houna Omdurman."  
Other stations—*BBC, London*, "Londona," *Paris*, "Houna Baris;" *Moscow*, "Houna Moskov;" *Teheran*, "Teh-rn;" *India*, "Delhi;" *Indonesia*, "Houna Jakarta."

**"Op-Aid" Available**

"OP-AID," recently published by the *Amalgamated Short Wave Press, Ltd.*, London, as successor to the *Short-Wave Listeners' Annual*, is now available in the United States, for 30 cents, postpaid, direct from Anson Boice, 28 Eisenhower Drive, New Britain, Connecticut.

Topics covered by "OP-AID" include prefixes; block allocations; amateur prefixes, alphabetical; amateur prefixes by country; call areas; radio zone boundaries; local time conversion (GMT); mileage table (from London); QSL bureaus of the world; international "Q" code; amateur codes; International Morse Code; states and zones charts; maps of USA and USSR call areas, and other pertinent information.

**"World Radio Calls"**

From Arthur Cushen, New Zealand, comes this word—"World Radio Calls," 1950 Edition (48 pages) of the callbook of the *New Zealand Radio DX League*, is now available. The book is handy size—8½x5½ inches—has a complete list of every known broadcasting station in the world (except in the case of South America where, due to shortage of space, only those above 1 kw. in power were listed in the BCB section); the log covers New Zealand, Australia, South Pacific, Asia, Africa and Middle East, Europe,

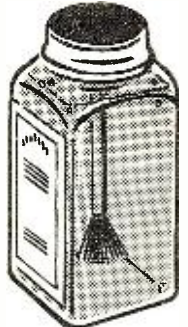


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costly  
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A newly developed Chemical compound of various Resins, Gums and Synthetics, ANTENNA KOTE is recommended for safely coating all exposed exterior television connections.

Dielectric Strength — Volts/Mil 1050.  
(May be used for arrest of voltage leakage)  
Dries hard in 8 hours.  
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Eliminates rust and corrosion.  
(Does away with the use of tape)  
Excellent resistance to heat, oil, acid, salt water, chemicals and moisture.



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Exclusive territories for sales representatives.  
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AMPLIFIER**  
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Exclusive feedback circuits. Model 200 PG offers frequency response of ±0.1 DB, 10 to 50,000 CPS. Distortion at 20 watts is 0.2%—no phase shift or transient oscillations of any kind. Write today for free technical bulletin.

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North America, South America, in the BCB; on s.w. has complete list of all stations, powers, schedules, slogans, et cetera, from 2.240 to 26.100; the North American BCB section lists calls, location, power, and zone, and is well set out with space for additions on each frequency. The book has a striking two-color cover, details on the DX hobby, and so on.

"Price is 2/3 or 35 cents, postpaid, and can be had from the *New Zealand Radio DX League*, 15, Plunket Street, Dunedin S. 2, New Zealand (or from our North American Representative, Don Trelford, % Dept. of Lands & Forests, Foleyet, Ontario, Canada); if orders are mailed direct to New Zealand, please send seven 5-cent stamps. Don will airmail the orders to us from Canada and so speed delivery."

\* \* \*

### This Month's Schedules

**Argentina**—Buenos Aires noted recently in the 19-m. band, varying 15.210-15.250; seemed to be relaying LR4, "Radio Splendid," at times announcing also "Radio del Estado" and "Radio Red Argentine" (Argentine Network); strong signal in N.C. 1720-1800. (Ferguson). Also reported by Oskay, N. J., on such varying (measured) channels as 15.2166, 15.234, 15.2236. *Radio Sweden* reports this outlet at 1500-1800; says *Radio El Mundo* is currently heard in Sweden on 6.180, around 1800.

**Australia**—*Radio Australia* has effected these changes—To British Isles, 0155-0315, VLB3, 11.76, replaced VLB4, 11.85; at 1500-1800, VLA8, 11.76, replaced VLA4, 11.85; at 0900-1000 is now using VLB6, 15.200. To Africa now 1015-1115 over VLB9, 9.58. The French program 0245-0345 now is on VLG11, 15.21, replacing VLG10, 11.76.

**Austria**—*Blue Danube Network*, 9.617, Salzburg, sent QSL card and listed schedule as Sunday 0100-1800, weekdays 0000-1800; news Sundays 0200, 0400, 0600, 1300, 1500, 1755; daily news 0030, 0115, 0400, 0600, 0800, 1000, 1215, 1655, 1755. (Pearce, England)

**Belgian Congo**—OTM, 9.400 and 6.295, has news in French 0000-0009, followed by music. (Bellington, N. Y.)

**Brazil**—ZYC9, 15.370, Rio de Janeiro, "Radio Tupi," noted 1645 with poor signal, bad CWQRM. (Saylor, Va.) ZYB9, 15.156, Sao Paulo, noted with good level to 2130 sign-off. (Russell, Calif.) Sao Paulo on approximately 9.605 seems to relay *Radio Record*, 1000 kc.; signs off 2300 with gongs. (Stark, Texas) *Radio Sweden* reports *Radio Record* on 6.040 after 1800.

ZYN7, 15.165, Fortaleza, noted 1400 with American recordings. Also noted signing off 1500. (Leary, Ind.)

**Canada**—Schedules for the *International Service*, at the time this was compiled, were—*European Service*—0915-1130, CKNC, CKCX; 1130-1545, CKNC, CKCS; 1545-1600, CKCS; 1600-1830, CKCS, CHOL. *Australasian Service*—2250-2320, commentaries from the UN (except Sat., Sun.), CKLX, CHOL; Sunday only, English for Southwest Pacific Area, 0340-0530,

## Real values on hard-to-obtain items

### TRANSFORMERS-CHOKES:

2.5V, 10A, 10KV insulation. Suitable for 866, 836, etc. Reduced to **\$2.79 ea.**

5H, 400ma chokes. Fully shielded, drawn steel case. Made by Chicago Transf. Reg. \$4.95, reduced to **\$2.95 ea.**

10H, 200 ma choke. Hermetically-sealed steel case. Also has hum-bucking tap. A beautiful item only **\$1.98.**

10H, 50 ma choke. Strap mounting. Handy for dozens of applications. Reg. 98c, reduced to **65c.** Charger or fil. trans. Pri. 110V, 60 cycle. Secondary, 9-10-11-12-13 volts @ 1.2 A. Fully cased. A buy at **\$1.49.**

Vibrator transformer. 6V imp. Secondary 345-0-345 @ 150 ma. Also has bias winding. Fully cased. Bargain at **\$1.49 ea.**

Power transformer. 780V, CT @ 200 ma. 2.5V at 8a, 5V at 8A, 6.3V at 6A. Pri. 115V, 60cy. AC. Has electrostatic shield. Upright mount. Shipping weight 11 lbs. Only **\$4.95.**

Fil. transf. 24V at .6 amp. Open frame type. **\$1.95 ea.**

### CAPACITORS:

4 mfd., 2500V oil-filled, Industrial Co. only **\$3.95 ea.**

### MICROPHONES:

Aircraft-type, push-to-talk mlke. Button on top. NEW. A real buy! Were \$1.15 ea. now reduced to **59c.**

RCA Hand Mike. Hi-grade, single button. Bronze colored w/cord and plug. NEW. Were \$1.98 now reduced to **98c ea.**

### TELEPHONE EQUIPMENT:

EE89 Repeaters (see previous ads). Only a few left. NEW! Regularly **\$9.95 ea.** now **\$6.95 ea.** RM-29A Telephones. BRAND NEW. With TS-13 handsets. Formerly **\$25.95 pr.** Now **\$17.50 pr.** Handset hanger. Beautiful cast aluminum shell finished in black wrinkle. Takes all makes and models. An extremely useful, well-made item only **\$1.95 ea.**

### EE-8 FIELD TELEPHONES

Used, workable . . . . . **\$10.95 pair**  
Used, good . . . . . **\$12.95 pair**  
All units tested before shipment.

### STORAGE BATTERIES:

2 volt, Willard. Dry packed. Very special at **\$1.19 ea.**  
3 1/2 volt storage bat. Consists of 18, 2V units in sturdy case. Here is really a bargain! Only **\$17.95.**

### RECEIVERS:

SCR-522 Receiver. Used, good condition. With tubes **\$14.85 ea.**

R89/ARN 5A RECEIVERS. See March Radio-Electronics for converting to FM set. Brand new, orig. boxes. Now only **\$10.95 ea.**

### LOW FREQUENCY CRYSTALS

Precise units in holders. Ideal for oscillators as markers, BFO, etc. Can also be used as resonators for crystal filters. 453.70, 455.5, 457.4, 454.81, 466.66, 468.51, 500, 450. Freq. in KC. These are an excellent buy at only . . . . . **89c ea.**

### SPECIAL PLUGS & CONNECTORS

For PE-103, male and female (male fits PE-103), new . . . . . **85c set**  
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PL-Q103 for BC-348—new . . . . . **75c ea.**  
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PL-58 fits into EE-8 telephones and many switchboards—new . . . . . **30c ea.**  
PL-106 fits RM-14 telephones and others—new . . . . . **45c ea.**  
8 pr. Female. Fits SCR-284 equip. . . . . **35c ea.**

### EICO KITS in stock

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### Power Supply for Any 274-N Receiver

Here it is—at last! Just plug it into the rear of your 274-N RECEIVER . . . any model! Complete kit, and black metal case, with ALL parts and diagrams. Simple and easy to build in a jiffy. Delivers 24 volts plus B voltage. No wiring changes to be made. Designed especially for the 274-N receiver. All necessary parts for conversion of rest of receiver also included. ONLY **\$7.95.** TUNING KNOB for 274-N Receiver. 59c ea.



### ULTRA-VIOLET LIGHT SOURCE FOR TELEVISION AND C/R TUBE EXAMINATION

O-R now presents . . . new . . . an 8-watt, ultra-violet, "black-light" source! Here is a highly effective and time saving device for checking burn spots and other defects in phosphors of C/R tubes. C/R tube face fluoresces when exposed to this special black-light to give visual indication of condition of phosphor. Reflected light from C/R tube face is negligible and tube does not have to be in operation. An invaluable device for TV service shops, schools, laboratories. Also used in medical, chemical, foods, stamps, criminology . . . a thousand uses. In kit form including Sylvania 8 watt, black-light tube, ballast, starter, mounting panel, tube clips, reflector, line cord/plug, hardware, instructions. Simple shadow box for outer housing is easily made. Complete kit (less outer housing) . . . only **\$4.95** Also . . . complete "black-light" equipment for any industrial or experimental application. Inquiries invited.



### NEW! PORTABLE GEIGER COUNTER

A small light-weight unit (2 pounds), with a sensitivity that compares favorably with instruments many times its purchase price. Rugged and dependable and intended for professional use. Batteries used provide long life and low replacement cost. Each Geiger counter comes complete ready for use with instructions and radio-active ore sample for comparison tests. An extremely low price on a fine little unit—only . . . . . **\$35.00**

HS-30 Phones. NEW in boxes. Only . . . . . **\$1.29**  
HS-16 fones . . . . . **\$1.35 ea.**

### HEAVY-DUTY AUDIO AMPLIFIER

Brand-new, manufacturers over-run. 15 watts output. 2—6L6, 1—6C5, 1—6SL7, 1—6U4G. Crystal or magnetic phono input—also 600 ohm telephone line. Mounted on 10 x 17 x 9" chassis. Separate bass-treble controls. Freq. response, 40-15000 cycles. Operates from 110V, 60 cy AC. Regular **\$147.50**, reduced to **\$39.50.**

### UHF WHIP ANTENNA

Four sections—extends to 24", closes to 8". Has 8/32 tapped hole in bottom for mounting. Ball on top **90c ea.**

### TWELVE FOOT, HEAVY-DUTY WHIP

Actually 12'8" in length. Composed of four, sturdy sections which plug-in and screw together. Consists of sections MS-50, 51, 52, 55. BRAND NEW! A handsome buy on a highly desirable mobile antenna. Only **\$1.50 complete.**

### AN-75-D WHIP ANTENNA

A great buy for you mobile men. 7'3" collapsible to 14". Has 9 sections—corrosion-proof brass. Sturdy bakelite mount with jiffy wing-nut fastener. These sold formerly at \$2.50 ea. Now, BRAND NEW, only . . . . . **\$1.25 ea.**



### ALUMINUM CHASSIS

A beautiful little drawn, .025" aluminum chassis. 5 1/4" long, 3 1/4" wide, 1 3/8" deep. Bright-dipped finish. Use for RF stages, TV filters, amplifiers, etc. Only **49c ea.**; 3 for . . . **\$1.35**

### AN-GSC-T1 CODE TRAINING SET

Complete with 10 keys. Consists of a variable pitch audio oscillator powered by universal power supply. DC, 6-12-24-115V. AC, 115-230V. Voltage selectable by switch. Has loudspeaker and volume control. Contained in carrying case 17 x 10 1/4 x 13". Ideal for code training groups, clubs, schools, etc. NEW original boxes. Were **\$49.50**, now **\$16.95 ea.**

TM-11-437 Manual. Completely describes above equipment. Circuit diagrams, parts list, etc. **\$1.00 ea.**

### FL-8 FILTER AND "FILTER FACTS" BOOKLET

BRAND NEW Both for **98c**

MINIMUM ORDER \$2.00. ALL ITEMS SUBJECT TO PRIOR SALE.

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**10 DAY MONEY BACK GUARANTEE**

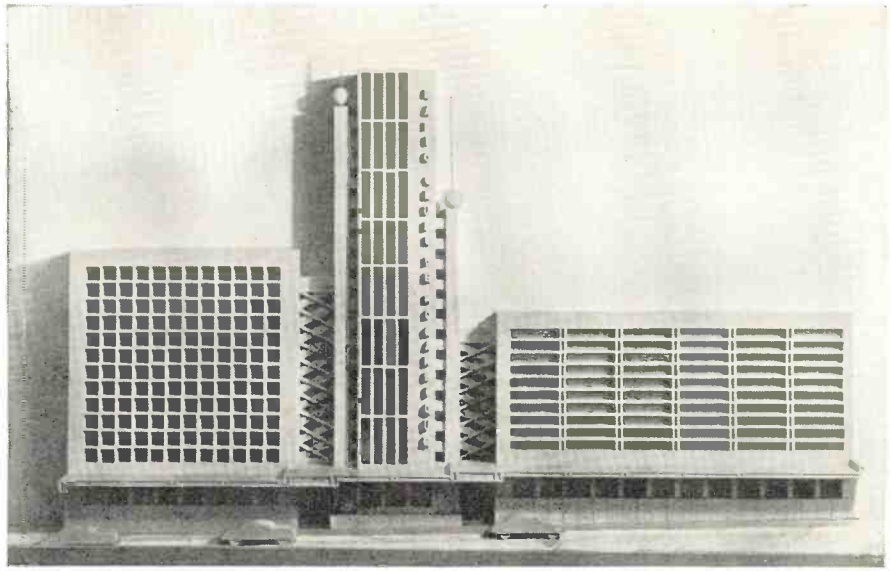
Dept. RN-100, Murray Hill Books, Inc., 232 Madison Ave., New York 16, N. Y.

Enclosed find \$4.00 for **PRACTICAL TELEVISION SERVICING** book; or  send C.O.D. for this amount plus postage, and I will pay postman. If I do not like book, I will return it postpaid in 10 days and you guarantee to refund my \$4. (Price \$4.50 outside U.S.A.—No C.O.D.'s but same return privilege.)

Name .....

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City..... Zone..... State.....



Model of the new studios being built for Lourenco Marques Radio and Radio Club of Mozambique at Lourenco Marques, capital of Mozambique, Port. East Africa.

**CHOL, CKLO. Caribbean and Latin American Service**—1850-2145, CKRA, CKCX; 2145-2235, CKRA, CKCS. Channels are CKNC, 17.82; CKCS, 15.32; CKCX, 15.19; CKLX, 15.09; CKRA, 11.76; CHOL, 11.72, and CKLO, 9.63.

**Cape Verde Islands**—CR4AA, 5.895, noted to 1700 sign-off. (Staples, England)

**Chile**—CE1190, approximately 11.898, noted leaving air 2315 with orchestra playing Elgar's "Land of Hope and Glory," followed by chimes playing the first six notes of that melody; also noted 1930. (Russell, Calif.)

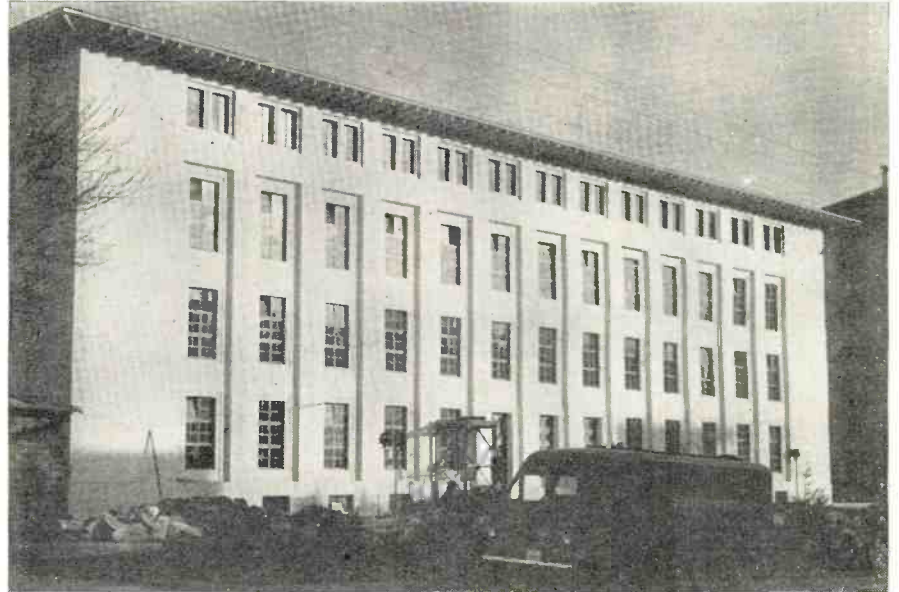
**China**—At the time this was compiled, "Radio Peking" was announcing only 15.060 and 10.260; news 0830. Cushen, N. Z., received a verification from Peking which listed those channels and schedule of 0330-1030, reports **Radio Australia**. Bellington, N. Y., recently noted the 19-m. outlet (ac-

tually 15.054V) signing on 0330 with male chorus. In verifying for Cox, Dela., gave QRA as Peking Broadcasting Station, 3 St. Si-Chang-An, Peking, China. Oskay, N. J., recently measured the 19-m. channel as 15.0554 at 0620.

A Chinese outlet has been noted on measured 5.983 with music 0535. (Oskay, N. J.) Reported by Russell, Calif., at 0630 with music, and as Nanking.

**Costa Rica**—Rosenauer, Calif., received letter, QSL card, and schedule from TIFC, "Lighthouse of the Caribbean," P.O. Box 1307, San Jose, Costa Rica. Listed as the "Harry Strachan Memorial Station," operated by the Radio Voice of the Latin American Mission, Inc., Ridgefield Park, New Jersey; has TIFC, m.w., 995 kc., and TIFC, s.w., 9.645; m.w. transmitter is RCA DTA 1-L, output 1 kw.; s.w. transmitter is a homemade, temporary job, output 200 to 250 watts, using a

This is Turkey's second modern Broadcasting House. The building was completed late last year in Istanbul. The other was built in Ankara in 1938 where a new 100 kw. short-wave transmitter will soon go into regular broadcast service.





quad antenna; hours of operation are 1600-2400; programs in English include Sunday 1600-1700, 2300-2400, and Mon.-Sat. 2330-2400.

**Cuba**—COBL, listed 9.833V, Havana, "Radio Cadena Suaritos," recently has been on 9.855, noted evenings. (Stark, Texas) Heard signing off 0002 with fair signal; relays CMBL, 850 kc., m.w. (Neeley, Ore.)

**Curacao**—PJC2, 5.010, Willemstad, heard 1950 with popular music; English announcement 2000, followed by English program, "Holland Today and Tomorrow"; left air 2130 with Dutch National Anthem; this is Mondays. (Cox, Dela.)

**Denmark**—OZH, 15.165, Copenhagen, noted 1130-1330 with Home Service; good signal but becomes noisy around 1300. (Saylor, Va.)

**France**—Paris now uses 6.145 in parallel with 6.200 for English beam to Britain 1345-1445. (Pearce, England)

**French Camerouns**—According to Radio Sweden, by this time Douala should have replaced the 600 watt 9.150 outlet with a new 1 kw. transmitter on 7.287, scheduled daily 1230-1530.

**French Indo-China**—Stark, Texas, hears the "Voice of Viet Nam," 9.620, early mornings; Balbi, Calif., confirms has moved there from former 9.670, says should have news in French 0815, and in English 0830; parallels 7.265 which has poorer signal.

Hanoi, 6.190, noted early as 0830, signs off 1030. (Russell, Calif.)

"Radio France Asia," Saigon, advised Cushen, N. Z., would move from 11.840 to 11.830 to avoid interference from LRT and DUH5; however, it has been noted on 11.830 here in the USA ever since it began use of its "claimed" 11.840 outlet! Should be in clear after VLW3, Perth, W. Australia, signs off 0500, and should have news at that hour.

**French Morocco**—QRA for Radio Maroc is 15 Avenue du Congo, Rabat, French Morocco, Africa. (Patrick, England) Radio Maroc, 6.006, opens 0050 (some days not until

(Continued on page 136)

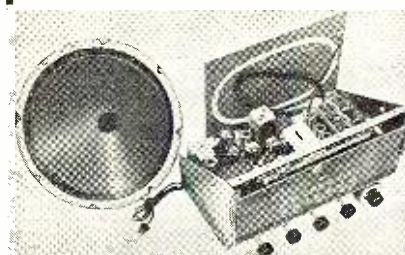
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ATTENTION SERVICEMEN—Did you know there are over 19 million consoles waiting to have a modern AM/FM chassis installed? Here is a gigantic sales market just waiting for you to develop. In fact there are thousands of out-moded radios in your "backyard" just waiting to be replaced.

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- JACKSON SIGNAL-GENERATOR—Range 100 KC to 40 MC—Excellent condition. \$39.95
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- FREQUENCY TEST SET—MARK 9 MODEL—New. \$18.50
- FAULT FINDERS TEST SET—Peerless; SCT #T-2002 Ser. #12987—contains Galvanometer—Varley Loop—Wheatstone bridge and Murray Loop—makes resistor measurements and loop tests from 10 to 100,000 ohms—in golden-rod carrying case—used but excellent condition—less 30 Volt battery. \$29.95
- I-198-A SIGNAL GENERATOR—C. I. C. No. 1. \$29.95
- TEST UNIT 102-A—Multi vibrators at 1-10 or 20 & 100 KC—115 V 60 cy. used with tubes for plug mounting. \$29.95
- WESTINGHOUSE BASE METER—Ohm Range—0-2000 or higher with proper shunt. \$9.95
- Mill Range—0-30 Volt Range—0-150 or higher with proper shunt. \$7.95
- METER SHUNTS—50 MV @ 480A—New. \$7.50
- 50 MV @ 300 Amps. \$7.50

- ALTIMETER RT/APN-1-430 MC RCVR.—contains 14 tubes—3 1 meg. precision resistor—dynamic motor—numerous other valuable parts—New. \$9.95
- T-26 APT-2 RADAR SET—50/115V-1 phase—400-2000 cycle @ 26 VDC—660 day—4—contains following tubes: (2)5R4 (2)6AC7 (1)2X2 (1)807 (1)6AG7—New with manual. \$19.95
- RADIO MODULATOR BC-188-A—contains Western 2506 200 MA DC meter—used with BC-187 unit. \$4.95
- MODULATOR UNIT MD-25 (XAI/ARA/VA-2) \$3.95
- Volts for BC-375 transmitter—New with tubes. \$9.95
- HONE & WHETSTONE FOR SHOP—fishing—hunting—(handle is cord burnisher) 4 1/2 x 3/2 x 1/2. \$3 for 25c. doz. \$8c
- PHOTO-CELL—G.E.—GL-1P24—New. \$1.50
- CERAMIC COIL FORM & TUNING SLUG—1 1/2 x 1/2. \$1.00
- COIL SET & CRYSTALS FOR RT-TX-BC-721-B—on freq. of 3500 KC (5300 & 5955 xtal., ant. & tank coils). \$7.95
- COIL ASSY BOX—contains variable & fixed conds., chokes—resistors—coils—out of BC-312 revrs.—New. \$1.75
- COIL UNIT C-439—New—for receiver BC-AS-229—(201-308 KC & 2500-4700 KC). \$1.75
- CERAMIC COIL FORMS—2" dia.—7/16, 1/2, 1 1/4"—New. \$1.50
- BC-746-A TUNING UNIT—complete with 2 crystals (4845 & 5300 KC)—R.F. coil 4855 KC—New. \$1.00

### AMPLIFIERS

- RL-7 INTERPHONE AMPLIFIER—convert to Hi fidelity phone or spec. amp.—compl. with 12AG & 12SL7 tubes—2 chokes—1 xfmr.—Dyn. for 24 Volt operation. \$2.75
- BC-212-G INTERPHONE AMPLIFIER—contains (2)6C5 tubes—New. \$2.95
- BC-247 INTERPHONE AMPLIFIER—contains (1)6F8 tube and output transformer. \$1.50
- BC-1141 AMPLIFIER—used with BC-625 Mine-Detector—New with following tubes: (2)1N5 (1)1G5 \$6.95
- SERVO-AMPLIFIER—New—less tubes—contains 18 gm conds.—xtms—2 neon sockets—8 relays—Part of B-29 Computer. \$4.95
- G.E. WIEN BRIDGE SERVO-AMPLIFIER—contains (2)6L6 tubes—3 neon bulbs—10,000 M choke—2 & 4 MFD/600 V electrolytic caps. 5V sec.—130V sec.—300/300/6 sec.—all 60 cycle—WT. approx. 10 lbs.—New. \$14.95

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- IMAGINE!! RADIO PARTS KIT 158 valuable radio parts you need every day! It's the spare parts sold mine you always wished you had—Now available at a sensational bargain price. **HERE'S WHAT YOU GET**
- 2 24 Volt motors with coaxial switch-units Motors alone worth price of entire kit
  - 2 AEROVOX .01 MFD @ 5000 V Oil Condensers
  - 2 AEROVOX .02 MFD @ 8000 V Oil Condensers
  - 2 AEROVOX .1 MFD @ 3000 V Oil Condensers
  - 2 1-1 MFD @ 600 Volt Oil Condenser
  - 1 Dual 8-5 MFD Oil Condenser
  - 1 80 MA Filter Choke
  - 1 1-500 V Oil Condenser
  - 1 .02-600 V Oil Filled Tubular
  - 1 .01-600 V Oil Filled Tubular
  - 1 .05-600 V Oil Filled Tubular
  - 2 1-1000 V Oil Filled Tubular
  - 4 20,000 ohm Volume Control W.W.
  - 1 5000 ohm Volume Control W.W.
  - 1 5000 ohm Volume Control W.W.
  - 2 100,000 ohm Volume Controls
  - 2 250,000 ohm Volume Controls
  - 1 2 deck Wave Band Switch
  - 1 Noise Filter Choke
  - 2 IRC Carbothm Resistors
  - 1 Fast .01-600 V Oil Condenser
  - 1 IMH R.F. Choke
  - 4 Insulated Grid Clips
  - 1 IRC 24 W. 4JL Resistor
- PLUS wire wound resistors, carbon resistors, acorn grid clips, screws, lock washers, nuts, mica conds., pilot lamps, capacitors, motor brushes and many other useful items.
- Entire Kit Sensationally priced at **\$12.95** New—each item individually wrapped
- Shipping wt. 24 lbs.

### CONTROL BOXES

- BC-345 Switchbox \$ .25
- BC-366 Jackbox \$ .25
- BC-434-A Control Box for BC-433 Compass \$ .25
- 1 S meter, 1/2 mil movement. \$ 1.25
- BC-451 Radio Control Box. \$ .50
- BC-451 Reo Control Box with counter-switches—jacks—knobs. \$ 1.95
- BC-602-B—used with SCR-522. \$ 1.50
- BC-629-B—Jackbox—New. \$ .50
- BC-648-A—used with BC-645—New—contains 3 LM-45 bulbs & sockets. \$ 1.00
- BC-913 ANTENNA CHANGE OVER SWITCH—BC-913 type manual 2616. \$ 1.00
- BC-958—BC-965—Used with BC-966 IFF revr. \$ 1.00
- RE-1/ARR-1 Junction Box—12 or 24 VDC—contains aligning trimmer—relay switch—(2)50-239 amphenols—New. \$ 1.50
- C/30/ARC-5—New. \$ 1.00
- C/1/ARC-6 \$ .50
- MC-125-A Control dial. \$ .25
- BENDIX STATION BOX 3613. \$ 1.00
- REAR MOTOR CONTROL UNIT 2616. \$ 1.95
- BENDIX ANTENNA LOOP SWITCH BOX 3724 \$ .35
- MN-52 H.B.C. or J Azimuth Control—New. \$ 1.00

All items USED unless otherwise stated. All orders F.O.B. Detroit. Michigan customers add 3% sales tax. 25% payment must accompany all orders.

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- BC-348 RECEIVERS—Excellent condition—Less tubes. \$49.95
- With tubes. \$69.95
- SCR-522 TRANSCEIVER—100-150 MC—Used but good condition—with tubes. \$39.95
- BC-645 TRANSCEIVER—430-500 MC—can be easily converted to citizens & ham bands—New. \$14.95
- BC-733 LOCALIZER RECEIVER—108-110 MC—contains 10 tubes—6 crystals—New, in carton. \$6.95
- RE-1/ARR-1 HOMING RCVR.—Jan. RADIO NEWS tells how to convert this revr. to Hi-Freq. for use with your present revr.—contains: 4 807's in final—uses 4 VDC operation—New. \$5.95
- BENDIX TA-12 AIRCRAFT RADIO XMTR.—300-1200 KC—807 buffer and parallel 807's in final—uses 4 12SK7 osc. tubes for each 4 channels. \$39.95
- MN-26-C or V COMPASS RECEIVER. \$18.00
- ASB-8 RECEIVER—CAV-46 AC—contains (7)6AC (1)6H6 (1)6J5 (2)953 tubes—New, in carton. \$21.00
- ASB-8 INDICATOR—contains: (2)6SH7 (3)6HG (1)6AC7 (1)6AG7 (1)1S02 2 21 CR tubes—New, in carton. \$18.00
- ATB RADIO TRANSMITTER CRV-52233—New—with dual plug in tuning units for 3 to 9.5 MC—contains following tubes—(1)1623 (1)VR-1's in final—New. \$29.95
- RADAR INDICATOR BC-704—from Radar SCR-521 (ASB) with 7 tubes less 5" CR tube & shield—makes excellent serv.—New in a 30x11x10 inch chest. \$12.95
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- REMOTE INDICATOR BC-1153-A—with 5P7 CR tube \$5.95

MINE-DETECTOR SCR-625—for locating metal—underground pipes, etc. New with manual—in over-seas wrapping and crated \$69.95 A few used but excellent condition. \$49.95

- BUTTERFLY COND.—with silver plated loop attached approx. 1x1x1 1/2" 98-156 MC 100-300 MC \$ .38
- 5 GANG TUNING COND.—40 MMFD per sec.—40:1 gear reduction. \$ 1.49
- FILTER COND.—30 MFD @ 450 VDC—15 MFD @ 450 VDC—15 MFD @ 350 VDC—40 MFD @ 25 VDC. \$ .79
- McELROY AUTOMATIC KEYS—for xmtr. keying or code practice—Has pre-set and sensitivity relay. Variable speed motor, 110 VAC or DC—less (2)1776 (1)1776 tubes. \$2.13
- CD-307 WOLF-PONES—similar to EE-8—but in 8" feet. \$ .75

### RELAY AND SWITCHES

- POWER PANEL AMMETER SWITCH—New—Westinghouse 3Z9877—silver plated wipers & contacts—used for switching any one of 3 phases to meter—as position 1, 2, 3, & off. \$9.00
- FENWAL THERMOSWITCH—Type #S1620—10 amps.—115 VAC or 5 amp 230 VAC—Compression Type. \$ 1.50
- RELAY BOX BC-616—New—contains the following—(1)3000 ohm Keying Relay (1)2500 ohm Time Relay (1)1000 ohm Channel Selector Relay (1)Capacitor, paper 150 MFD @ 50 VDC—(1)Terminal Block, TM-204—2 resistors. \$ 1.50
- RELAY SWITCH—Generator Current Control—Westinghouse spec. #94-32278—Current Rating 200 amps—New, in carton. \$ 2.50
- RM-29 WOLF-PONES—similar to EE-8—but in metal case—less phones. \$ 7.95
- TS-13 Phones for RM-29 Unit—New. \$ 4.00
- ABC POWER SUPPLY—Model 24 serial 260—IN-PUT: 24 VDC 8 amps—OUT-PUT: 1.5V @ .3 amps—65V @ .01 amps—6V—MPG. by Setchell Carlson—New. \$ 4.95
- KENYON XMTR. #5527—110/220V pri.—11 Volt CT @ 2FM VAC sec. \$ 39.00
- 1 MIN. CONTACT RELAY & CONTACTOR E-08—New—wound clock ass'y with 1 min. phospor sweep hand & contact mechanism—a scope Now at. \$ 2.95

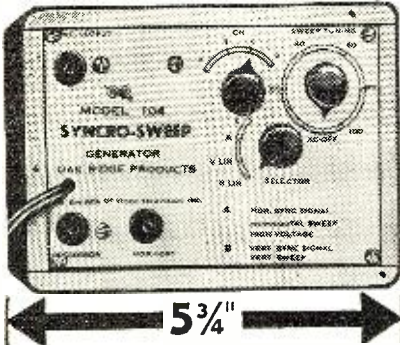


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SYNCHRO-SWEEP Generator  
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5 3/4"

The ONLY generator that supplies its own sweep and synch pulses for signal-tracing sweep and synch circuits.

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Here is a completely new and needed invention in test equipment which is widely endorsed by TV experts. It's a simple rugged unit that tests all TV sets for linearity, synch, sweep and high voltage. No test pattern or program needed, this handy little unit generates its own signals. T. M. reg. app. for. Pat. app. for. Model 104.....dealers' net \$44.50

★ SUBSTITUTION Tester

This 5 1/4 x 4 x 2 1/4 substitution tester is loaded with features. It has a test speaker with voice coil and transformer connections, a range of resistors, paper, ceramic, electrolytic condensers and a variable potentiometer. All this plus a simple signal tracer! Model 101.....dealers' net \$17.95

★ SIGNAL Generator

This is the signal generator which combines small size, sturdiness, accuracy and dependability. From antenna to CRT or speaker it is built to test. It is packed with features that make your TV testing easier, faster and more profitable! Model 103.....dealers' net \$33.50

★ HIGH VOLTAGE Meter

For portability and accuracy this midsize meter is perfect. Its precision movement has three ranges, 0-500V, 0-15KV, 0-30KV and 10,000 ohm/volts sensitivity. It is the ideal meter for high voltage on-the-job testing. Model 102.....dealers' net \$17.95



The TV Serviceman can have all four of these instruments in one convenient carrying case. The four instruments will give top efficiency and speed on all "on-the-job" servicing. Sturdy case is equipped with table mounting bracket.

Model A-100, 4 units individually boxed in carrying case, net \$120.90  
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0100) with "La Marseillaise," followed by news in French. (Bellington, N. Y.)

French West Africa—Boice, Conn., has received verification from Radio Dakar confirming reception on 11.895; stated schedule on 208 m. and 11.895 is 0200-0300, 0700-0830, 1300-1800; on 15.340 at 1400-1600; new card shows map of Africa in yellow, French West Africa depicted in red, and Dakar (Continued on page 158)

**THE BC-454  
"TWO-BANDED"**

By EARL F. BRYANT, KH6ABE

THERE certainly is plenty of room for complaint concerning the very common BC-454 and ARC-5 equivalent receivers. "Cuss" 'em if you will but compare price tags with any other gear available—including surplus if time and trouble of conversion can be counted an economic factor—and the truth automatically "outs" that here is one set that has a place in every ham shack. The HRO-kilowatt boys use them as standby and portable gear while the forcibly budget-minded SWL's and beginning hams find that they can have a pretty considerable amount of receiver and still stay 'way over there on the safe side of ten bucks.

Very likely, most of the breed have been placed back out of the way in honor of the usual 80 meter summer fadeout—that's what happened at KH6ABE and KH6YI. This made for an ornery situation since both stations were 80 meter c. w. only rigs and it's no fun standing over in the line of silent keys. One afternoon while looking at one of the crude little devices—yes, looking—why listen?—the two of us suddenly realized that the maximum frequency available is just a little more than twice the minimum. That is, the calibration is from three to six megacycles plus perhaps five or six hundred kilocycles of "dark-space" at the ends of the dial. Now, slide the whole business so that minimum frequency becomes 3.5 mc. and the top becomes a very pretty 7.2 or 7.3 mc. So we do it!

By the time-honored "cut-and-try" method (what's math anyway?) we determined that there are just exactly two turns too many on each of the coils to permit two-band operation (that's on the flat-wound coils, of course—no need to touch the pi-wound section). Realignment is best accomplished by putting a hefty in-the-band signal in at the antenna terminal, diddling the trimmers on the oscillator section of the main tuning condenser until the signal can be located by turning through the band, and then peaking the mixer section. Once put as near to proper alignment as this the whole range can be shifted up or down a little by manipulation of the oscillator trimmers. Both of the receivers we worked over in this manner wound up with a frequency range of 3.2 to 7.3 mc.

The local consensus is that a two-band BC-454 becomes quite worthy of such refinements as double conversion, noise-limiter, bandspreading—jobs that never got done before but have now been completed at KH6YI—li'l Earl is cautious enough to let the other guy work out the kinks on big additions but doesn't mind wielding a wicked pair of side-cutters for a worthy cause.

**CUT HOLES FAST  
IN RADIO CHASSIS**



WITH A GREENLEE  
RADIO CHASSIS PUNCH

• GREENLEE Punches make this tough job easy. Merely turn with an ordinary wrench... make accurate, clean holes in a hurry. No reaming or tedious filing. There's a GREENLEE punch for each of these sizes: 1/2", 3/8", 3/4", 7/8", 1", 1 1/8", 1 1/2", 1 3/8", 1 1/2", 1 3/4", 1 1/2", 2 1/4"—for cutting holes to take sockets, plugs, etc. Also GREENLEE makes Knockout Punches and Cutters for conduit and meter holes up to 3 1/2". Write for facts. Greenlee Tool Co., 1890 Columbia Avenue, Rockford, Illinois.

TOOLS FOR CRAFTSMEN

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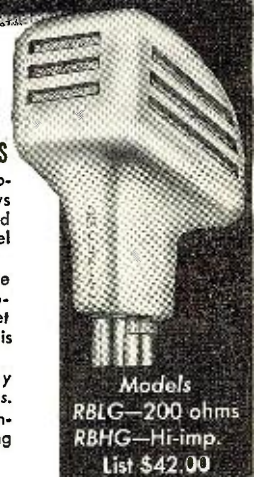
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## High Impedance Probes

(Continued from page 48)

observing the resulting fidelity of screen response.

Since  $R_1$  and  $C_1$  are unrestricted aside from the value of their product, the input impedance of the probe is under the designer's control. Practical limits are encountered, however, in the matter of signal attenuation.

The impedance ratio of the input circuit with and without the probe is under the control of the designer, and is approximately equal to  $R_1/R_2$ . Hence, if  $R_2$  is 0.75 megohm, the input impedance can be raised ten times and frequency characteristics improved by making  $R_1 = 7.5$  megohms.

The design rules to be observed are: Determine the input impedance desired, and make a choice of  $R_1$  accordingly. Neglect the influence of a blocking condenser. Measure or estimate the value of  $C_2$  and make  $R_1 C_1 = R_2 C_2$ , choosing a small variable condenser for  $C_1$ , such as a ceramic trimmer condenser.

After making up the probe, connect it to the scope input, and with a square-wave generator connected to the probe, vary  $C_1$  until the best square-wave form is obtained on the screen. The probe is now ready for use in high-impedance test work.

Alert designers will note that these basic principles apply to many other situations besides probes, and will make use of them whenever they are designing circuits in which frequency compensation is a factor to be considered.

-30-

General Electric Company has recently announced a new transmitting tube, the GL-5680, which has been especially designed for use as a power amplifier in Coast Guard transmitters to aid long-range navigation. The tube is forced-air cooled and may be operated at maximum ratings at frequencies as high as 5 mc. In pulsed r.f. power amplifier service, the tube is capable of delivering a peak power output of 90,000 w. at 15,000 v. under typical operating conditions. It can also be used as an r.f. power amplifier and oscillator or as an a.f. power amplifier and modulator.



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5F4 5G4 5H4 5I4 5J4 5K4 5L4 5M4 5N4 5O4 5P4 5Q4 5R4 5S4 5T4 5U4 5V4 5W4 5X4 5Y4 5Z4 6A4 6B4 6C4 6D4 6E4 6F4 6G4 6H4 6I4 6J4 6K4 6L4 6M4 6N4 6O4 6P4 6Q4 6R4 6S4 6T4 6U4 6V4 6W4 6X4 6Y4 6Z4 7A4 7B4 7C4 7D4 7E4 7F4 7G4 7H4 7I4 7J4 7K4 7L4 7M4 7N4 7O4 7P4 7Q4 7R4 7S4 7T4 7U4 7V4 7W4 7X4 7Y4 7Z4 8A4 8B4 8C4 8D4 8E4 8F4 8G4 8H4 8I4 8J4 8K4 8L4 8M4 8N4 8O4 8P4 8Q4 8R4 8S4 8T4 8U4 8V4 8W4 8X4 8Y4 8Z4 9A4 9B4 9C4 9D4 9E4 9F4 9G4 9H4 9I4 9J4 9K4 9L4 9M4 9N4 9O4 9P4 9Q4 9R4 9S4 9T4 9U4 9V4 9W4 9X4 9Y4 9Z4 0A4 0B4 0C4 0D4 0E4 0F4 0G4 0H4 0I4 0J4 0K4 0L4 0M4 0N4 0O4 0P4 0Q4 0R4 0S4 0T4 0U4 0V4 0W4 0X4 0Y4 0Z4 1A4 1B4 1C4 1D4 1E4 1F4 1G4 1H4 1I4 1J4 1K4 1L4 1M4 1N4 1O4 1P4 1Q4 1R4 1S4 1T4 1U4 1V4 1W4 1X4 1Y4 1Z4 2A4 2B4 2C4 2D4 2E4 2F4 2G4 2H4 2I4 2J4 2K4 2L4 2M4 2N4 2O4 2P4 2Q4 2R4 2S4 2T4 2U4 2V4 2W4 2X4 2Y4 2Z4 3A4 3B4 3C4 3D4 3E4 3F4 3G4 3H4 3I4 3J4 3K4 3L4 3M4 3N4 3O4 3P4 3Q4 3R4 3S4 3T4 3U4 3V4 3W4 3X4 3Y4 3Z4 4A4 4B4 4C4 4D4 4E4 4F4 4G4 4H4 4I4 4J4 4K4 4L4 4M4 4N4 4O4 4P4 4Q4 4R4 4S4 4T4 4U4 4V4 4W4 4X4 4Y4 4Z4 5A4 5B4 5C4 5D4 5E4 5F4 5G4 5H4 5I4 5J4 5K4 5L4 5M4 5N4 5O4 5P4 5Q4 5R4 5S4 5T4 5U4 5V4 5W4 5X4 5Y4 5Z4 6A4 6B4 6C4 6D4 6E4 6F4 6G4 6H4 6I4 6J4 6K4 6L4 6M4 6N4 6O4 6P4 6Q4 6R4 6S4 6T4 6U4 6V4 6W4 6X4 6Y4 6Z4 7A4 7B4 7C4 7D4 7E4 7F4 7G4 7H4 7I4 7J4 7K4 7L4 7M4 7N4 7O4 7P4 7Q4 7R4 7S4 7T4 7U4 7V4 7W4 7X4 7Y4 7Z4 8A4 8B4 8C4 8D4 8E4 8F4 8G4 8H4 8I4 8J4 8K4 8L4 8M4 8N4 8O4 8P4 8Q4 8R4 8S4 8T4 8U4 8V4 8W4 8X4 8Y4 8Z4 9A4 9B4 9C4 9D4 9E4 9F4 9G4 9H4 9I4 9J4 9K4 9L4 9M4 9N4 9O4 9P4 9Q4 9R4 9S4 9T4 9U4 9V4 9W4 9X4 9Y4 9Z4 0A4 0B4 0C4 0D4 0E4 0F4 0G4 0H4 0I4 0J4 0K4 0L4 0M4 0N4 0O4 0P4 0Q4 0R4 0S4 0T4 0U4 0V4 0W4 0X4 0Y4 0Z4 1A4 1B4 1C4 1D4 1E4 1F4 1G4 1H4 1I4 1J4 1K4 1L4 1M4 1N4 1O4 1P4 1Q4 1R4 1S4 1T4 1U4 1V4 1W4 1X4 1Y4 1Z4 2A4 2B4 2C4 2D4 2E4 2F4 2G4 2H4 2I4 2J4 2K4 2L4 2M4 2N4 2O4 2P4 2Q4 2R4 2S4 2T4 2U4 2V4 2W4 2X4 2Y4 2Z4 3A4 3B4 3C4 3D4 3E4 3F4 3G4 3H4 3I4 3J4 3K4 3L4 3M4 3N4 3O4 3P4 3Q4 3R4 3S4 3T4 3U4 3V4 3W4 3X4 3Y4 3Z4 4A4 4B4 4C4 4D4 4E4 4F4 4G4 4H4 4I4 4J4 4K4 4L4 4M4 4N4 4O4 4P4 4Q4 4R4 4S4 4T4 4U4 4V4 4W4 4X4 4Y4 4Z4 5A4 5B4 5C4 5D4 5E4 5F4 5G4 5H4 5I4 5J4 5K4 5L4 5M4 5N4 5O4 5P4 5Q4 5R4 5S4 5T4 5U4 5V4 5W4 5X4 5Y4 5Z4 6A4 6B4 6C4 6D4 6E4 6F4 6G4 6H4 6I4 6J4 6K4 6L4 6M4 6N4 6O4 6P4 6Q4 6R4 6S4 6T4 6U4 6V4 6W4 6X4 6Y4 6Z4 7A4 7B4 7C4 7D4 7E4 7F4 7G4 7H4 7I4 7J4 7K4 7L4 7M4 7N4 7O4 7P4 7Q4 7R4 7S4 7T4 7U4 7V4 7W4 7X4 7Y4 7Z4 8A4 8B4 8C4 8D4 8E4 8F4 8G4 8H4 8I4 8J4 8K4 8L4 8M4 8N4 8O4 8P4 8Q4 8R4 8S4 8T4 8U4 8V4 8W4 8X4 8Y4 8Z4 9A4 9B4 9C4 9D4 9E4 9F4 9G4 9H4 9I4 9J4 9K4 9L4 9M4 9N4 9O4 9P4 9Q4 9R4 9S4 9T4 9U4 9V4 9W4 9X4 9Y4 9Z4 0A4 0B4 0C4 0D4 0E4 0F4 0G4 0H4 0I4 0J4 0K4 0L4 0M4 0N4 0O4 0P4 0Q4 0R4 0S4 0T4 0U4 0V4 0W4 0X4 0Y4 0Z4 1A4 1B4 1C4 1D4 1E4 1F4 1G4 1H4 1I4 1J4 1K4 1L4 1M4 1N4 1O4 1P4 1Q4 1R4 1S4 1T4 1U4 1V4 1W4 1X4 1Y4 1Z4 2A4 2B4 2C4 2D4 2E4 2F4 2G4 2H4 2I4 2J4 2K4 2L4 2M4 2N4 2O4 2P4 2Q4 2R4 2S4 2T4 2U4 2V4 2W4 2X4 2Y4 2Z4 3A4 3B4 3C4 3D4 3E4 3F4 3G4 3H4 3I4 3J4 3K4 3L4 3M4 3N4 3O4 3P4 3Q4 3R4 3S4 3T4 3U4 3V4 3W4 3X4 3Y4 3Z4 4A4 4B4 4C4 4D4 4E4 4F4 4G4 4H4 4I4 4J4 4K4 4L4 4M4 4N4 4O4 4P4 4Q4 4R4 4S4 4T4 4U4 4V4 4W4 4X4 4Y4 4Z4 5A4 5B4 5C4 5D4 5E4 5F4 5G4 5H4 5I4 5J4 5K4 5L4 5M4 5N4 5O4 5P4 5Q4 5R4 5S4 5T4 5U4 5V4 5W4 5X4 5Y4 5Z4 6A4 6B4 6C4 6D4 6E4 6F4 6G4 6H4 6I4 6J4 6K4 6L4 6M4 6N4 6O4 6P4 6Q4 6R4 6S4 6T4 6U4 6V4 6W4 6X4 6Y4 6Z4 7A4 7B4 7C4 7D4 7E4 7F4 7G4 7H4 7I4 7J4 7K4 7L4 7M4 7N4 7O4 7P4 7Q4 7R4 7S4 7T4 7U4 7V4 7W4 7X4 7Y4 7Z4 8A4 8B4 8C4 8D4 8E4 8F4 8G4 8H4 8I4 8J4 8K4 8L4 8M4 8N4 8O4 8P4 8Q4 8R4 8S4 8T4 8U4 8V4 8W4 8X4 8Y4 8Z4 9A4 9B4 9C4 9D4 9E4 9F4 9G4 9H4 9I4 9J4 9K4 9L4 9M4 9N4 9O4 9P4 9Q4 9R4 9S4 9T4 9U4 9V4 9W4 9X4 9Y4 9Z4 0A4 0B4 0C4 0D4 0E4 0F4 0G4 0H4 0I4 0J4 0K4 0L4 0M4 0N4 0O4 0P4 0Q4 0R4 0S4 0T4 0U4 0V4 0W4 0X4 0Y4 0Z4 1A4 1B4 1C4 1D4 1E4 1F4 1G4 1H4 1I4 1J4 1K4 1L4 1M4 1N4 1O4 1P4 1Q4 1R4 1S4 1T4 1U4 1V4 1W4 1X4 1Y4 1Z4 2A4 2B4 2C4 2D4 2E4 2F4 2G4 2H4 2I4 2J4 2K4 2L4 2M4 2N4 2O4 2P4 2Q4 2R4 2S4 2T4 2U4 2V4 2W4 2X4 2Y4 2Z4 3A4 3B4 3C4 3D4 3E4 3F4 3G4 3H4 3I4 3J4 3K4 3L4 3M4 3N4 3O4 3P4 3Q4 3R4 3S4 3T4 3U4 3V4 3W4 3X4 3Y4 3Z4 4A4 4B4 4C4 4D4 4E4 4F4 4G4 4H4 4I4 4J4 4K4 4L4 4M4 4N4 4O4 4P4 4Q4 4R4 4S4 4T4 4U4 4V4 4W4 4X4 4Y4 4Z4 5A4 5B4 5C4 5D4 5E4 5F4 5G4 5H4 5I4 5J4 5K4 5L4 5M4 5N4 5O4 5P4 5Q4 5R4 5S4 5T4 5U4 5V4 5W4 5X4 5Y4 5Z4 6A4 6B4 6C4 6D4 6E4 6F4 6G4 6H4 6I4 6J4 6K4 6L4 6M4 6N4 6O4 6P4 6Q4 6R4 6S4 6T4 6U4 6V4 6W4 6X4 6Y4 6Z4 7A4 7B4 7C4 7D4 7E4 7F4 7G4 7H4 7I4 7J4 7K4 7L4 7M4 7N4 7O4 7P4 7Q4 7R4 7S4 7T4 7U4 7V4 7W4 7X4 7Y4 7Z4 8A4 8B4 8C4 8D4 8E4 8F4 8G4 8H4 8I4 8J4 8K4 8L4 8M4 8N4 8O4 8P4 8Q4 8R4 8S4 8T4 8U4 8V4 8W4 8X4 8Y4 8Z4 9A4 9B4 9C4 9D4 9E4 9F4 9G4 9H4 9I4 9J4 9K4 9L4 9M4 9N4 9O4 9P4 9Q4 9R4 9S4 9T4 9U4 9V4 9W4 9X4 9Y4 9Z4 0A4 0B4 0C4 0D4 0E4 0F4 0G4 0H4 0I4 0J4 0K4 0L4 0M4 0N4 0O4 0P4 0Q4 0R4 0S4 0T4 0U4 0V4 0W4 0X4 0Y4 0Z4 1A4 1B4 1C4 1D4 1E4 1F4 1G4 1H4 1I4 1J4 1K4 1L4 1M4 1N4 1O4 1P4 1Q4 1R4 1S4 1T4 1U4 1V4 1W4 1X4 1Y4 1Z4 2A4 2B4 2C4 2D4 2E4 2F4 2G4 2H4 2I4 2J4 2K4 2L4 2M4 2N4 2O4 2P4 2Q4 2R4 2S4 2T4 2U4 2V4 2W4 2X4 2Y4 2Z4 3A4 3B4 3C4 3D4 3E4 3F4 3G4 3H4 3I4 3J4 3K4 3L4 3M4 3N4 3O4 3P4 3Q4 3R4 3S4 3T4 3U4 3V4 3W4 3X4 3Y4 3Z4 4A4 4B4 4C4 4D4 4E4 4F4 4G4 4H4 4I4 4J4 4K4 4L4 4M4 4N4 4O4 4P4 4Q4 4R4 4S4 4T4 4U4 4V4 4W4 4X4 4Y4 4Z4 5A4 5B4 5C4 5D4 5E4 5F4 5G4 5H4 5I4 5J4 5K4 5L4 5M4 5N4 5O4 5P4 5Q4 5R4 5S4 5T4 5U4 5V4 5W4 5X4 5Y4 5Z4 6A4 6B4 6C4 6D4 6E4 6F4 6G4 6H4 6I4 6J4 6K4 6L4 6M4 6N4 6O4 6P4 6Q4 6R4 6S4 6T4 6U4 6V4 6W4 6X4 6Y4 6Z4 7A4 7B4 7C4 7D4 7E4 7F4 7G4 7H4 7I4 7J4 7K4 7L4 7M4 7N4 7O4 7P4 7Q4 7R4 7S4 7T4 7U4 7V4 7W4 7X4 7Y4 7Z4 8A4 8B4 8C4 8D4 8E4 8F4 8G4 8H4 8I4 8J4 8K4 8L4 8M4 8N4 8O4 8P4 8Q4 8R4 8S4 8T4 8U4 8V4 8W4 8X4 8Y4 8Z4 9A4 9B4 9C4 9D4 9E4 9F4 9G4 9H4 9I4 9J4 9K4 9L4 9M4 9N4 9O4 9P4 9Q4 9R4 9S4 9T4 9U4 9V4 9W4 9X4 9Y4 9Z4 0A4 0B4 0C4 0D4 0E4 0F4 0G4 0H4 0I4 0J4 0K4 0L4 0M4 0N4 0O4 0P4 0Q4 0R4 0S4 0T4 0U4 0V4 0W4 0X4 0Y4 0Z4 1A4 1B4 1C4 1D4 1E4 1F4 1G4 1H4 1I4 1J4 1K4 1L4 1M4 1N4 1O4 1P4 1Q4 1R4 1S4 1T4 1U4 1V4 1W4 1X4 1Y4 1Z4 2A4 2B4 2C4 2D4 2E4 2F4 2G4 2H4 2I4 2J4 2K4 2L4 2M4 2N4 2O4 2P4 2Q4 2R4 2S4 2T4 2U4 2V4 2W4 2X4 2Y4 2Z4 3A4 3B4 3C4 3D4 3E4 3F4 3G4 3H4 3I4 3J4 3K4 3L4 3M4 3N4 3O4 3P4 3Q4 3R4 3S4 3T4 3U4 3V4 3W4 3X4 3Y4 3Z4 4A4 4B4 4C4 4D4 4E4 4F4 4G4 4H4 4I4 4J4 4K4 4L4 4M4 4N4 4O4 4P4 4Q4 4R4 4S4 4T4 4U4 4V4 4W4 4X4 4Y4 4Z4 5A4 5B4 5C4 5D4 5E4 5F4 5G4 5H4 5I4 5J4 5K4 5L4 5M4 5N4 5O4 5P4 5Q4 5R4 5S4 5T4 5U4 5V4 5W4 5X4 5Y4 5Z4 6A4 6B4 6C4 6D4 6E4 6F4 6G4 6H4 6I4 6J4 6K4 6L4 6M4 6N4 6O4 6P4 6Q4 6R4 6S4 6T4 6U4 6V4 6W4 6X4 6Y4 6Z4 7A4 7B4 7C4 7D4 7E4 7F4 7G4 7H4 7I4 7J4 7K4 7L4 7M4 7N4 7O4 7P4 7Q4 7R4 7S4 7T4 7U4 7V4 7W4 7X4 7Y4 7Z4 8A4 8B4 8C4 8D4 8E4 8F4 8G4 8H4 8I4 8J4 8K4 8L4 8M4 8N4 8O4 8P4 8Q4 8R4 8S4 8T4 8U4 8V4 8W4 8X4 8Y4 8Z4 9A4 9B4 9C4 9D4 9E4 9F4 9G4 9H4 9I4 9J4 9K4 9L4 9M4 9N4 9O4 9P4 9Q4 9R4 9S4 9T4 9U4 9V4 9W4 9X4 9Y4 9Z4 0A4 0B4 0C4 0D4 0E4 0F4 0G4 0H4 0I4 0J4 0K4 0L4 0M4 0N4 0O4 0P4 0Q4 0R4 0S4 0T4 0U4 0V4 0W4 0X4 0Y4 0Z4 1A4 1B4 1C4 1D4 1E4 1F4 1G4 1H4 1I4 1J4 1K4 1L4 1M4 1N4 1O4 1P4 1Q4 1R4 1S4 1T4 1U4 1V4 1W4 1X4 1Y4 1Z4 2A4 2B4 2C4 2D4 2E4 2F4 2G4 2H4 2I4 2J4
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amount of detuning necessary to sound the alarm, is adjusted by varying  $V_2$  bias with  $R_{11}$ .

Typical performance of the phase inverter is as follows: When balanced, the potential of both plates is 95 volts. A signal of plus 2 volts applied to the input of  $V_1$  causes  $P_1$  of  $V_1$  to drop to about 50 volts while  $P_2$  rises to 160 volts. A signal of minus 2 volts causes  $P_1$  to rise to 160 volts and  $P_2$  to drop to about 50 volts. Thus, the sensitivity is equal for detuning either way, the nonlinearity being of no consequence in this application. If this sensitivity is too great it can be reduced by applying only part of the discriminator d.c. output to  $V_1$ .

The d.c. phase inverter shown with  $V_1$  is not theoretically stable with variation in plate supply voltage. However, the drop of plate supply voltage from 300 to 200 volts produced only a slight unbalance which was easily corrected by resetting  $R_c$ . Changing tubes had no effect.

-30-

## Picture Distortion

(Continued from page 76)

as shown in Fig. 2, we can delay the saw-tooth which is used for sync comparison with respect to the saw-tooth feeding the deflection yoke. The saw-tooth applied to the phase comparer circuit is represented by the voltage  $E_{out}$ , and the saw-tooth used to feed the

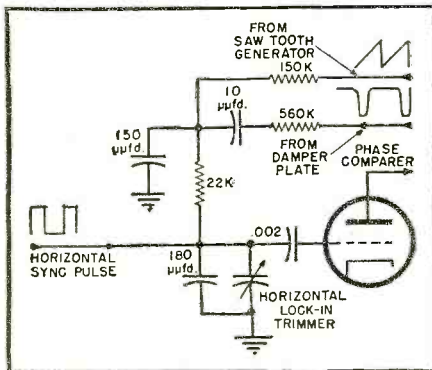


Fig. 4. Diagram of the phase comparer input circuit showing the delay network.

horizontal deflection coil is represented by the voltage  $E_{in}$ .

We have now accomplished the task of speeding up, or advancing in phase, the deflection sweep in relation to the blanking pulse applied to the picture tube grid.

The actual circuit as used in production receivers is shown in Fig. 4. Here it shows that the shaping pulse from the damper plate is also fed through the delay network before it reaches the phase comparer in order to maintain the proper shape or slope of the saw-tooth used for phase comparison.

If it is desired to apply this circuit to other receivers, the values may vary from those shown.

-30-

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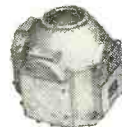
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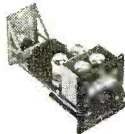
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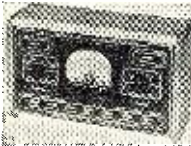
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# NEW 1951 TV RECEIVERS

## "MANDARIN"

Of special interest to homemakers who have Chinese Chippendale or other Oriental-motif furniture is the "Mandarin," a 19" television console



recently introduced by *Sightmaster Corp.* of 20 West 35th Street, New York 16, N. Y.

The set is housed in a full-door, hand-painted Chinese design cabinet which is available in various color combinations.

## "COSMOPOLITAN"

The *Magnavox Company's* newest TV receiver is the modern "Cosmopolitan" which is available in either white oak or mahogany finish.

This 16" set features the company's 12" magneto-dynamic speaker for three-dimensional realism.

The set, which includes a synchro-matic chassis with 20 tubes, instant tuning, built-in antenna, and "Magna-Lok," is being manufactured at the company's Fort Wayne, Indiana, plant.

## "THE CATALINA"

*Olympic Radio & Television, Inc.,* 34-01 Thirty-Eighth Avenue, Long Island City, New York, recently intro-



duced twelve new television receivers which make up the company's 1951 line.

"The Catalina," Model 766, is a

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\* It seems as though everyone who makes condensers today likes to talk about non-contamination, dust-free rooms, white coated and gloved workers, etc.

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Pioneer Manufacturers of Battery Eliminators  
**RADIO & TELEVISION NEWS**



three-way console with a 16" rectangular picture tube. The combination includes, in addition to the video, an AM-FM radio and a three-speed record player.

The receiver is available in two finishes. The Model 766 has a mahogany cabinet while the Model 766B is in blonde finish.

### STEWART-WARNER SETS

Ten new television models, ranging in size and type from a 14" table model to a 19" console with AM-FM radio comprise the *Stewart-Warner Corporation* line for 1951.

The "top of the line" is the Model



9122-A custom deluxe 19" console. This set provides 203 square inches of viewing area plus AM-FM radio reception. The cabinet is of authentic 18th Century English styling in dark Honduras mahogany.

The receiver uses 28 tubes plus 3 rectifiers, has a one-knob picture control, channel eye tuning, the "Miracle" turret tuner, and gated a.g.c.

The Model 9122-A is being manufactured at the company's plant at 1826 Diversey Parkway, Chicago 14, Illinois.

### MOTOROLA SET

The Model 19K3, a 19" television console, is receiving special attention among the twenty-nine new models



being introduced by *Motorola, Inc.* of Chicago.

This new set is housed in one of the company's "Fashion Award" cabinets and is done in 18th Century styling in hand-rubbed mahogany.

In addition to its big 19" tube, the

# PRICES ARE BORN HERE RAISED ELSEWHERE

**RADIO ELECTRONICS**

**PROP PITCH MOTORS**  
For your Beam Antennas  
20 Volt to 32 Volt, A.C.  
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1 1/4 RPM Gear Reduction,  
7000 to 1.  
ALL BRAND  
NEW..... \$13.95 ea.

**ARMY FIELD TELEPHONES**  
Type EE-8—Talk as far as 17 miles, wonderful 2-way communication at a very low cost, ideal for homes, farms, factories, etc., up to 6 phones can be used on one line. Each phone complete with Ringers, Mgr. nets, Batteries, etc. Used, but good as new \$16.95 pair  
360 Foot Roll Wire for above..... \$1.95 roll

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DM-512 Input 12 V. D.C. @ 3.8 Amps.  
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DY-82—Input 28 V. D.C. @ 1.1 Amp.  
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190 KC to 550 KC (Appr. wt. 12 lbs.) \$8.95 ea.  
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All used but complete and in good condition.

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3 to 4 MCS \$8.95 ea. 5.3 to 7 Mgr. \$4.95 ea.  
Complete with Tubes and Crystals, excellent condition.

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Easy to operate, easy to carry. Can be used for detecting ore deposits, both metallic and non-metallic. Now being used extensively by Miners, Prospectors, Beachcombers and Explorers. These sets are brand new and come complete with Detector head with antenna; Reflector meter and housing and exploring rod; a bag for carrying equipment while operating and a wooden case for storing or transporting unit when not in use. These units contain Tubes, and instruction books. Shipping weight is 125 lbs. Weight when operating unit is 22 lbs. All New—Complete with Batteries and ready to operate \$29.95

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A Real Buy. SPECIAL.

**T.C.S. POWER SUPPLIES**  
24 Volt D.C. Motor Generator Set complete with Two 24 Volt, 3/16 H.P. Motors driving two Generators, which put out following voltages  
225 V. @ 100 MA  
400 Volts @ 200 MA \$35.00 set  
12 Volt D.C. at 5 Amps. ....  
Both above units, complete with mounted Filter Bases.

**RAK-RAL POWER SUPPLY**  
Input 110 V. 60 Cycles. AC.  
Output 6.2 V. @ 2 Amps.  
90 V. .001 Amps.  
180 V. .035 Amps. \$5.95

**GYRO MOTOR UNITS**  
Dual Gyro Unit which was used in conjunction with Auto-Pilot equip. Both Gyro Motors mounted on a single base, wired in parallel for 12 or 24 Volt operation. One used as the Azimuth control and the other as an elevation control. When ordering these Units, specify 12 or 24 Volt.  
Our price—Special..... \$4.95 ea.

**BC 1073 WAVEMETER**  
Resonant cavity tuning from 120 to 210 MCS. Complete with power supply for 110 Volt, 60 Cy. A.C. and 18 tubes. \$17.95 ea.  
Our low price.....

**MIDGET SELSYNS**  
AY type operates from 6-12 Volts 60 Cvel. Use as both transmitter and receiver. These compact little units draw almost no current and work fine for all remote position indicating applications. OD 2 1/4 x 2 1/4 x 2".  
All New (Appr. wt. 1 lb.) Each 98c

**ATTENTION HAMS! GREATEST BUY EVER!**  
MODEL GO-9 TRANSMITTERS. ALL BRAND NEW. This type of transmitter was used primarily in the U.S. Navy for C. W. and M.C.W. transmission with approximately 100 watts power output. Power supply operates from 115 V., 400 to 800 Cy. but is easily changed for 60 Cy. operation. These units cover the 20, 40 and 80 meter bands directly using an E.C.O. With a simple addition they can also operate on 10 meters. A good modulator for voice transmission can also be put into this equipment. Frequency range is from 300 to 600 K.C. and from 3,000 to 18,000 K.C. These units are furnished with tubes, cabinets, original schematic diagram and conversion diagrams. Also data for the 10 meter and modulation conversion and all other necessary conversion for 10 meter operation are supplied. ALL BRAND NEW, COMPLETE..... \$74.95 Ea.

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Part of C-1 Gyro. Contains 24 V. DC. Servo Motor Clutch 4 Relays which control rotation of motor and a set of differential gears which control speed of output shaft in either direction. Can be used by itself to rotate beam antenna or as a boat rudder control. Excellent condition..... \$4.95 Ea.

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NEW. Uncharged (Appr. wt. 4 lbs.) TYPE 20-2..... \$1.05 Ea.  
Complete set of three with Box and Connections to make a 6 volt, 20 Amp. Hrs. Battery Uncharged (Appr. wt. 15 lbs.).... Set \$3.95

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3"-0 to 50... \$3.95 Ea.	3"-0 to 400 DC. \$3.95 Ea.
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3"-0 to 150... 3.95 Ea.	3"-0 to 2500 DC. 3.95 Ea.
3"-0 to 200... 3.95 Ea.	3"-0 to 1.5... 3.95 Ea.
3"-0 to 250... 3.95 Ea.	3"-0 to 4... 3.95 Ea.
3"-0 to 300... 3.95 Ea.	3"-0 to 20... 3.95 Ea.
3"-0 to 350... 3.95 Ea.	

(All are 1 Ma. full scale, require external multiplier.)

**2" WESTON SPECIAL**  
0 to 30 V. DC and 0 to 120 Amps. DC \$3.95 Ea.  
0 to 30 V. DC and 0 to 240 Amps. DC 3.95 Ea.

**BC-605 INTER-PHONE AMPS.**  
(See conversion of this Unit on Page 140 in April issue—Radio Telv. News) Ideal for Inter-Com; Office to office; airplane inter-com, etc.; Complete with Tubes, Diagram and Case. Easily converted.  
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**BEACON RECEIVERS**  
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BC 1033—70 to 80 Megs. Complete with Tubes, operates on 24 Volt D.C. \$3.95

**HEINEMANN CIRCUIT BREAKER**  
15 Amp.—120 Volts AC \$ .97 Ea.  
7 Amp.—24 Volts DC \$ .50 Ea.  
ALL NEW (Appr. 1 lb. ea.)

**AN/APN4 INDICATOR SCOPES**  
IDGA, APN-4 complete with 25 tubes and 100 KC calibrated crystal to time sweeps and marker pips at 2, 20 and 100 KC, 5CP1 tube easily converted to test scope. Greatest value ever.  
Our price, SPECIAL..... \$24.95 ea.  
Approx. Weight 45 Lbs.

**MG-149F INVERTER**  
Input 24 Volt DC 36 Amps. 110 V. 400 Cy. AC. 500 V.A. Output at 90% P.F. Used, excellent condition..... \$8.95 ea.

**TRANSFORMERS**  
(All for 110 V. 60 Cycles)

5 V. 115 Amps. ....	\$ 7.95
5 V. 130 Amps. ....	8.95
5 V. 190 Amps. ....	14.95

**SCR 522 VHF TRANSCEIVERS**  
(2 Meter Bands)  
Two Chassis—BC 625 Transmitter & BC 624 Receiver—XTAL Controller. 15 Watts Output. Complete with tubes. All in excellent condition. \$32.50

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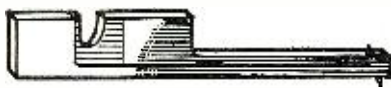


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PICKUP  
IS TO  
OTHER PICKUPS  
AS  
FM RADIO  
IS TO  
AM RADIO**

The difference between the quality of music obtainable from the new PFANSTIEHL STRAIN-SENSITIVE PICKUP and that from ordinary pickups is as great as the difference between good FM radio and AM radio reception.

There are good reasons why the PFANSTIEHL STRAIN-SENSITIVE PICKUP brings out the brilliance of truly great voices and orchestras... the latent music on your records that other methods of reproduction leave untouched.

- The PFANSTIEHL STRAIN-SENSITIVE PICKUP is an amplitude transducer with a CONSTANT RESISTANCE of about 250,000 ohms.
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ELEMENT (enlarged)



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A special preamplifying circuit is necessary for operation of this new pickup. Four styles of preamplifiers with and without power supply and continuous tone controls are available, and are engineered to provide the correct polarized current for the pickup element, and also to provide the first stages of signal gain.

Proof of the excellence of the PFANSTIEHL STRAIN-SENSITIVE PICKUP is apparent both in tests and in actual listening, when its wide range flat response is best demonstrated. Ask your radio supply man or use the handy coupon below to get complete FREE INFORMATION.

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set features target tuning, an improved power transformer for better fringe area operation, and "good neighbor" shielding, a recent development which reduces oscillator radiation which can cause interference in neighboring TV sets.

The console measures 39 1/4" x 28" x 22 1/16".

**19" TABLE MODEL**

The newest addition to the *Starrett Television Corp.* line of 1951 television receivers is a 19" tube table model.

Features of this new set include a high efficiency horizontal output transformer, a super-power vertical output circuit (with extra tube), a phono-jack, and unitized controls.

The company is manufacturing this and other sets in its 1951 line at 601 West 26th Street, New York, N. Y.

**"THE KENWOOD"**

Among the television receivers introduced by *Stromberg-Carlson Company* of Rochester, New York, in its 1951 line is "The Kenwood," a 17" combination.

Designated the Model 17 RPM, this video-FM-AM-phonograph combination is housed in a hand-rubbed mahogany veneer cabinet of authentic Hepplewhite design. The set provides a 158 square inch screen on the 17" black glass picture tube.

The receiver features the company's long-life tuner, keyed a.g.c., and 6-to-1 gear reduction tuning for micro-accurate station or channel selection. It also incorporates a built-in antenna, a



12" PM speaker, as well as a three-speed record changer, and AM-FM radio. The set carries the *Underwriters' Laboratories* approval.

**HALLICRAFTERS TV**

The *Hallcrafters Company* of 4401 West Fifth Avenue, Chicago 24, Illinois, has announced twenty-two new television receivers in its 1951 line.

The "800 line" features a new dynamic tuner which uses a precision-printed circuit to obtain accuracy and sharpness of tuning, the "Silver Vortex" built-in antenna, a ventilated chassis, the use of a wider i.f. bandwidth, automatic contrast control and picture lock-in, high contrast black tubes, and a focalizer control which

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**R-9A/APN-4 RECEIVER & POWER SUPPLY.** Converts to 60 cy. operation for 160 meter, 4 channel recvr. or hi-voltage pwr. supply for scope. \$4.89  
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**BC-906 LAB. PRECISION FREQ. METER.** Range 150-225 MC. For upper TV channels or other uses. Easily modified for lower TV channels. Contains 0-500 DC Micro-Ammeter. Operates on simple DC power (1.5V and 4.5V). Precision vernier dial. Diode-Triode tube. With aluminum carrying case (1 1/2" x 8 3/4" x 6 1/2") and original wood case. With Plug-In Antenna and Less Antenna and Hand Calibrated charts \$11.87 only \$8.88

**BC-929 INDICATOR SCOPE for APN-2.** Also ideal as over modulation indicator. Contains 8 tubes: 1-3BP1, 2-6SN7, 1-6G6, 2-6B6, 1-2X2 and 6X5. A great inexpensive test scope \$12.89  
**BC-457 TRANSMITTER.** Tunes 4-5.3 MC. In good used condition, complete with tubes and crystals. A wonderful buy at this low, low price \$3.89

**R89/ARN-5 GLIDE PATH RECEIVER.** See March, 1950, issue of Radio Electronics for conversion information to FM Tuner. Broad band pass. Xial controlled local oscillator. 2.7 MC IF's. Complete with 7-AGAJ5, 1-12SR7, 2-12SN7, 1-28P7 relays, xials, etc. Yours at just \$4.49

**ARR-7 RECEIVER.** Airborne version of SX-28A. 3 stages RF, BFO, Noise Limiter, AVC, Xial phasing, manual or motor tuning. S-meter. 550 Kc-42 MC. 12 tubes, less speaker. Good used condition \$94.50  
**ARR-5 RECEIVER.** This is the airborne version of VHP S-38. 27-144 MC. Easily padded into 2 meter band. Used, but in good condition \$94.50

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SINGLE BAY.....\$3.78

1237—  
DOUBLE BAY.....\$7.56

NO. 1231  
\$15.89

1230—Double Bay Conical.....\$7.31  
1215—Swift-Rig Folded Hi and Lo..... 4.43  
1814—Economy Chimney Mount—dozen lots... .89  
1302-1308—Five El. Yagi any Lo-Channel..... 11.25  
1307-1313—Five El. Yagi any Hi-Channel..... 4.95  
1219—Swift-Rig Folded Hi Straight Lo..... 4.07  
2102—DeLuxe Indoor Antenna..... 1.95  
1860—Chimney Mount—dozen lots..... 1.00  
1873—3 1/2" Mast Standoff Ins.—lots of 100..... .08  
1870—3 1/2" Wood Screw-Eye Ins.—lots of 250... .02  
1874—4" Nail-in Insulator—lots of 250..... .02  
1882—10'-1 1/4" Galv. Steel Mast—dozen lots.... 1.23  
1229—Single Bay Conical..... 3.90  
1231—For Bay Conical..... 15.88

Send for quantity prices and complete list

TELEVISION SUPPLY CO.  
Box 213 Gracie Square Station  
New York, N. Y.



projects through the back of the cabinet.

Among the units demonstrated to the company's distributors recently was the Model 890, a 20" rectangular tube combination console which fea-



tures radio and phonograph reception in addition to the video. The set is housed in a "Provincial" type cabinet which fits in with many different types of "informal" furniture styles.

### HOFFMAN TV

The trend toward larger picture sizes is being carefully followed in the 1951 line of television receivers introduced by Hoffman Radio Corporation of Los Angeles.

One of the attractive models being presented by this West Coast firm is the 890, a 19" console housed in a blonde oak cabinet of modern design. The cabinet measures 38 1/2" x 29 1/2" x 21 1/2" and is constructed of Eastern hardwoods with waxed finish.

The receiver features the company's "Easy-Vision" lens for visual comfort, the "Silver Circle" tuner circuit, dual i.f. stages for separate sound and video adjustment, electronic black-and-white for even brightness on all channels, and a tunable "In-Dor" antenna. The circuit uses 18 tubes plus 2 rectifiers in addition to the picture



tube. A 12" speaker with increased bass response for tonal clarity has also been incorporated.

### RCA'S 1951 LINE

One of the attractive, popularly priced television receivers in the 1951 line of receivers recently introduced

October, 1950

# The NEW Automatic Radio

## RECORD SMASHING VALUES!

1949 and 1950  
**FORD AUTO RADIOS**

List Price..... **\$52.50**

1949 and 1950  
**PLYMOUTH-DODGE RADIOS**

List Price..... **\$52.50**

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**CHEVROLET RADIOS**

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**ATTRACTIVE DISCOUNTS TO DEALERS**

### SPECIALS

- R5/ARN-7 Radio Compass Receiver w/Tubes, Used, Excel. Cond. . . . \$24.95
- BC-433G Radio Compass Receiver w/Tubes, Used, Excel. Cond. . . . \$24.95
- Gibson Girl Distress Transmitter. Complete with bag and parachute. New. . . \$8.95
- Gibson Girl Kit includes 2 Balloons w/Hydro. Generators, Kite, Lamp, Wire, New . . . . . \$8.95

### CHECK THESE VALUES

BC-709 Interphone Amplifier. Ideal for Aircraft-Booster Tele. Phone. New . . . . . \$4.00

MN-26Y Radio Compass Receiver, 150-225KC, 320-695KC, 3.4-7.0 MCS, 28 Volt Bendix. New. . . \$39.95

RA-10DB Receiver, Bendix, New. . \$19.95

BC-733D Receiver, New, less Dynamotor . . . . . \$10.95

BC-224 Receiver, New, less Dyn. . \$100.00

BC-412 5" Radar Oscilloscope. . \$48.95

American Blower & Motor, GE 1/2 HP, 115 V 1 Phase 60 Cy. 172 RPM Air Output 439 CFM 434". Brand New. . . . \$24.95

### CAPACITORS

UPRIGHT MOUNT		EA.	TEN
2X.25 mfd	400 VDC	\$0.30	\$0.25
.5 mfd	400 VDC	.30	.25
1 mfd	500 VDC	.30	.25
2X.0.5 mfd	400 VDC	.30	.25
.25 mfd	600 VDC	.30	.25
2X.1 mfd	600 VDC	.35	.30
1 mfd	600 VDC	.35	.30
.5 mfd	600 VDC	.35	.30
1 mfd	600 VDC	.35	.30

BATH TUB		EA.	TEN
40 mfd	50 VDC	\$0.35	\$0.30
4 mfd	50 VDC	.35	.30
50 mfd	50 VDC	.45	.40
4 mfd	50 VDC	.45	.40
2X.1 mfd	200 VDC	.20	.15
4X.1 mfd	400 VDC	.25	.20
2 mfd	400 VDC	.45	.40
.05 mfd	600 VDC	.25	.20
.25 mfd	600 VDC	.30	.25
.5 mfd	600 VDC	.30	.25
1 mfd	600 VDC	.35	.30
2 mfd	600 VDC	.40	.35
4 mfd	600 VDC	.55	.60
8 mfd	600 VDC	.70	.75
1 mfd	600 VDC	1.00	.90
1.8 mfd	600 VDC	1.20	1.10
10 mfd	600 VDC	1.20	1.10
.5 mfd	1000 VDC	.50	.45
2 mfd	1000 VDC	.60	.55
.25 mfd	2000 VDC	1.10	1.10
.5 mfd	3000 VDC	2.25	2.00
1 mfd	7500 VDC	3.25	2.95
1 mfd	7500 VDC	9.50	9.00
1 mfd	12,000 VDC	12.95	12.00
.0008 mfd	15,000 VDC	6.50	6.00
.045 mfd	16,000 VDC	5.95	4.95

### WALKIE-TALKIES

RANGE 2.3-4.6 MC. NEW With operating accessories. Additional information available upon request.

De-Ion Line Starter DPST, 115V, 60 Cy., 15A, 1 HP. rating, Westinghouse, New. . . . . \$4.50

Genuine Upright Desk Telephone and Ringing Box, New. . . . . \$3.25

New Headset, 600 Ohm, New. \$2.45

### LINEAR POTENTIOMETERS WW

OHMS	WATTS	MFG'R	EA.	TEN
200	2	Chicago Tel.	.30	.25
1000	2	Trefz	.30	.25
3000	2	Chicago Tel.	.30	.25
10,000	2	Chicago Tel.	.35	.30
5000	3	Trefz	.30	.25
7500	3	Trefz	.35	.30
10,000	3	Trefz	.35	.30
25,000	3	Wirtz	.35	.30
50,000	4	Trefz	.50	.45
15	25	DeJur	.55	.50
20	25	Ohmite	.55	.50
25	25	DeJur	.55	.50
50	25	DeJur	.55	.50
100	25	IRC	.55	.50
200	25	DeJur	.55	.50
500	25	DeJur	.55	.50
1000	25	DeJur	.60	.55
3000	25	DeJur	.65	.60
5000	25	DeJur	.70	.65
15,000	25	DeJur	.80	.70
20,000	25	DeJur	.95	.80
150/Switch	50	AN3155-50	1.10	.90
200/W Switch	50	IRC	1.10	.90
800	50	Ohmite	1.10	.95
10,000	50	DeJur	1.75	1.50
15	60	Ohmite	1.50	1.25
15	75	IRC	1.50	1.25
750	150	Ohmite	2.45	2.10

### CERAMIC ROTARY SWITCHES

Pole	Position	Section	Shaft	Price
2	3	4	7/8"	\$0.40
2	4	4	1"	.45
2	8	2	2 1/2"	.45

### TERMS:

Minimum order \$5.00—Mail orders promptly filled—All prices F.O.B. Boston, Mass. Send M.O. or check. Shipping charges sent C.O.D. 25% deposit required with all C.O.D. orders.

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**NOW!**  
**Top Quality**  
**TUBES**  
**at Top**  
**Savings!**



Type	Price	Type	Price	Type	Price
1A4	\$.29	6AU6	\$.56	12AV7	\$.93
1A5GT	.67	6AV6	.51	12AX7	.69
1A6	.29	6AW6	.75	12BA6	.54
1B3GT	.74	6BA6	.54	12BA7	.69
1B4	.29	6BA7	.69	12BE6	.55
1B5	.29	6BC5	.63	12J5	.50
1C5GT	.75	6BE6	.56	12J7	.63
1C6	.29	6BG6G	1.48	12K7	.57
1C7	.29	6BH6	.65	12K8GT	.59
1D5	.29	6BJ6	.56	12SA7	.80
1D7	.29	6BQ6GT	.95	12SF5	.29
1D8	.29	6C4	.45	12SK7GT	.55
1E7	.29	6C5	.58	12SL7GT	.67
1F4	.29	6C6	.54	12SN7GT	.59
1F5	.29	6CB6	.63	12SQ7GT	.49
1F6	.29	6CD6G	1.69	19	.29
1F7	.29	6D6	.67	19B6G6	1.60
1G4	.29	6D8	.29	19T8	.87
1G5	.29	6E5	.69	20	.29
1H4	.29	6F5	.29	22	.29
1H5GT	.55	6F6	.51	24A	.29
1H6GT	.29	6J5GT	.47	25AC5	.95
1HG6	.29	6J6	.78	25BQ6	.97
1L4M	.66	6J7G	.50	25L6GT	.56
1L6	.63	6K5	.70	25W4	.57
1N5GT	.67	6K6GT	.47	25Y5	.49
1P5GT	.64	6K7	.59	25Z5	.49
1Q5GT	.64	6K8	.69	25Z6	.29
1R5	.65	6L5	.29	26	.58
1S5	.54	6L6	.90	27	.49
1T4	.65	6N6	1.00	32L7	.49
1T5GT	.64	6P5	.43	33	.29
1U4	.65	6R7	.29	34	.29
1U5	.54	6S4	.54	35/51	.29
1V	.29	6S7	.29	35B5	.55
1X2	.78	6SA7GT	.54	35C5	.55
2A5	.29	6SD7GT	.59	35L6	.57
2A6	.29	6SF7GT	.67	35W4	.42
2A7	.29	6SK7GT	.53	35Z5	.46
2E5	.29	6SL7GT	.67	36	.29
2X2	.77	6SN7GT	.63	37	.29
3A4	.49	6SQ7GT	.47	38	.29
3Q4	.70	6SU7	.49	39	.29
3Q5	.74	6T8	.91	41	.69
3S4	.68	6U5	.61	42	.57
3V4	.69	6U7	.69	45Z5	.58
5AZ4GT	.43	6V6GT	.56	46	.29
5U4G	.49	6W4	.54	50B5	.57
5V4G	.85	6W6	.55	50C5	.57
5Y3GT	.43	6X4	.43	50L6	.59
5Y4G	.49	6X5GT	.44	56	.29
5Z4M	.96	6Z7	.29	57	.29
6A3	.29	7A7	.69	58	.29
6A7	.79	7B6	.69	59	.29
6AB4	.61	7F7	.49	76	.67
6AC5	.85	7L7	.29	77	.49
6AG5	.63	12A8	.29	80	.46
6AK5	.99	12A8GT	.50	82	.29
6AL5	.56	12A15	.52	89	.29
6AQ5	.57	12AT6	.49	V99	.29
6AR5	.50	12AT7	.80	X99	.29
6AS5	.59	12AU6	.53	117L7	1.19
6AT6	.49	12AU7	.67	117Z3	.50
6AU5GT	.89	12AV6	.49	117Z6	.71
				9002	.49

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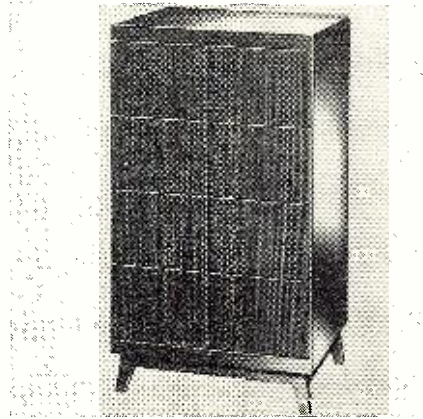
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by Radio Corporation of America of Camden, New Jersey, has been named "The Modern."

This Model 6T75 is a full-door console on a swivel base which makes it



possible to face the set toward any part of the room. In this way furniture rearrangement is no longer required. The cabinet, which is available in walnut, mahogany, or limed oak finish, is of advanced modern de-

sign. The cabinet measures 41" x 23½" x 21".

The set has a 16" tube and incorporates the newly-developed RCA electronic circuits.

"The Modern" is only one of the 18 models which constitute the RCA '51 line.

**RAYTHEON LINE**

Raytheon Manufacturing Company's 1951 line of television receivers consists of twenty-one models ranging in size from 12½" to 20" units.

Sixteen of the receivers in the 1951 line are entirely new, with five of the most popular numbers in the Spring line being carried over. Three of the sets have 12½" tubes while eighteen units are equipped with 16" to 20" tubes.

The top of the line is a four-way console combination with a 20" picture tube, AM-FM radio, and an automatic phonograph which plays all record speeds. This set is housed in a mahogany Chippendale cabinet and has been designated "The Adams."

All of the receivers in the line feature the company's "Ray-Dial" con-

**TURRET SOCKETS FOR UNIT-TYPE CONSTRUCTION**

By RUFUS P. TURNER, K6AI

BREADBOARDS and lab-table hay-wire "lashups" have been used for years for the quick wiring and testing of experimental circuits. Both of these schemes leave much to be desired in safety, solidness, compactness, and stability. The new turret sockets, available in loctal, octal, and miniature sizes, now permit the experimenter to wire all normal components of a single stage rigidly to the associated tube socket. Soldering lugs are mounted around a bakelite "turret tube" rigidly fastened to the under side of the tube socket. Holes are provided at both top and bottom of this tube for passage of wires.

In addition to providing an efficient means for quickly assembling a complete circuit for testing, the turret socket allows the entire finished stage to be transferred as a compact unit to a main chassis simply by bolting the tube socket in place in the normal manner. The accompanying photographs

show appearance of the turret socket and typical methods of using it.

-50-

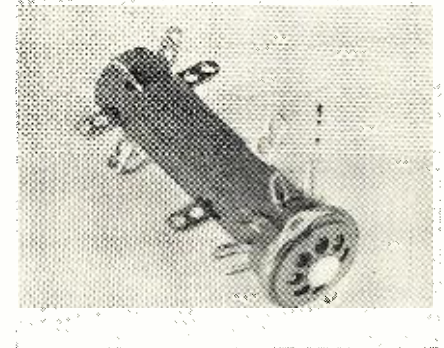
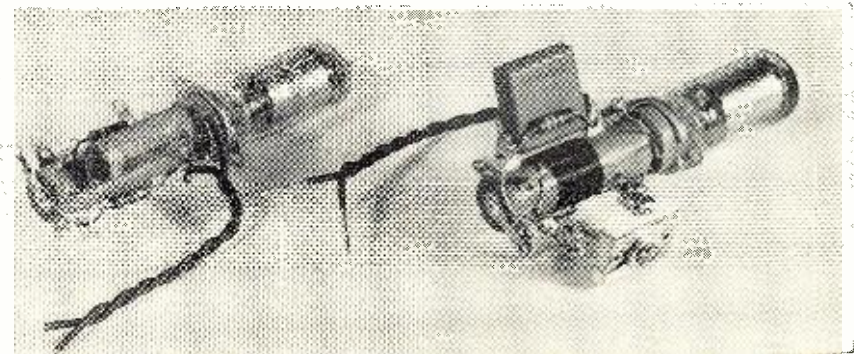


Fig. 1. Miniature turret socket ready for wiring. Pretinned lugs are mounted radially on the center bakelite turret tube.

Fig. 2. Two miniature turret sockets wired with complete electronic circuits, and with tubes plugged in. The left-hand assembly is a complete resistance-coupled amplifier stage. The right-hand arrangement is a complete oscillator circuit. Note that the oscillator coil is wound directly on the turret tube in this application.





tinuous tuner, single knob tuning, "Hi-Lite" picture power which provides high picture tube anode voltages, built-in antenna, a balanced magnetic speaker, full transformer operation of both heater and d.c. power circuits, and prefixed focus.

The Raytheon line is being manufactured at the Belmont Radio Corporation Division's plant in Chicago.

-50-

### Spot Radio News

(Continued from page 18)

convertibility, small area and inter-dot flicker . . . for securing purposes . . . RCA should be entitled to offsetting points under additional categories for electronic versus mechanical operation, no limitation of picture size and no limitation of viewing angle."

**IN A CONTINUING EFFORT** to prove the worthiness of their color system, RCA demonstrated over a coax-ultra high circuit between Washington, New York, Princeton, and Bridgeport, how signals could be transmitted effectively over a 200-mile wire line, relayed over a high-frequency radio link and eventually be rebroadcast on the ultra highs. Signals originating in the studios of WNBW, at the Wardman Park Hotel in Washington, were piped over a coaxial line to WNBT in New York, and from this point beamed to a receiving station at Princeton, about 45 miles from New York City. At this key point, the signals were fed to a relay circuit and aired to NBC's experimental ultra-high station at Bridgeport. At a site twelve miles away in the home of NBC's chief engineer, O. B. Hanson, the final signals were received on a converted v.h.f. color receiver.

A few days prior to this special test, appeared a report which also disclosed the progress which had been made at the receiving end of color. The text revealed that research work on RCA color tubes had now reached a point where receivers using these tubes can produce color pictures of increased brightness and substantially the same resolution and stability as pictures produced on standard black and white receivers. Commenting on this advancement, Dr. Jolliffe said that the increase in brightness of the tri-color tubes has been due to the development of an improved red phosphor, making it possible to eliminate the red filter from the front of the tube and thus increase light output two to one, and the use of improved tube techniques which provide a higher light output, using the same applied voltages as used in the original demonstration models. It has also become possible to build a color tube whose length is approximately the same as a standard monochrome picture tube.

There will be quite a color-program schedule for Washington this fall, according to Dr. Jolliffe, who pointed out that a seven-day plan is being pre-

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pared to replace the present five-day arrangement, with studio presentations being offered every day from the Wardman Park studios.

**THE FAR-EASTERN BATTLEGROUND**, with its blazing frontlines, has begun to emphasize, once again, the importance of radio and electronic operations as a key agent for the ground, air, and naval forces. And once again, industry has begun to contribute in a mighty healthy way to the all-out defense effort. Increased facilities of many plants, streamlined purchasing techniques and the well-organized cross servicing program inaugurated under the administration of Maj. Gen. H. M. McClelland, director of communications-electronics for the Joint Chiefs of Staff, have provided an effective flow of material to the Armed Forces, and minimized the initial impact on civilian production. Contributing factors to the effective program have been the extremely well-knit plans which were set up over a year ago when the National Security Resources Board announced its plans for industrial mobilization. Meeting with members of the trade associations, Arthur M. Hill, then NSRB chairman, revealed how industry was to be mobilized, should war come, and what steps were to be taken immediately as a measure of preparedness. Plans provided for the use of over 600 plants for the manufacture of small and large types of components, equipment, and special products.

A few weeks prior to the Hill meeting, the Signal Corps had held a special conference, during which Major General Spencer B. Akin, the Army's Chief Signal Officer, and Leighton H. Peebles of the NSRB, reviewed how industrial mobilization would be expedited. The now-familiar *contingent-contract plan* designed to shorten conversion time from peace to war production was proposed at that meeting.

With the plans discussed at these and subsequent meetings relayed to industry, manufacturers had become oriented to the emergency requirements and thus when the critical era did appear some months ago, apparatus for the military began to be processed with a minimum of confusion.

As the situation became more and more tense, accelerated production schedules were studied, and the possibilities of enlarged groups for special advisory council work were reviewed. One group which has been proposed now would serve the Signal Corps, and assist the corps in industry relations, provide technical and military assistance in obtaining equipment and personnel and also assist in the training of Signal Corps personnel with industry. This proposal was made at a meeting held in the Pentagon and attended by Brig. Gen. David Sarnoff (SCR) of RCA; William H. Harrison, *I.T.&T.* prexy, a major general in the Signal Corps reserve; Carrol O. Bickelhaupt, *A.T.&T.* vice-

**RADIO & TELEVISION NEWS**



prexy, an SCR brigadier general; and W. W. Watts, RCA vice-prexy in charge of engineering products, a Signal Corps reserve colonel; as well as members of the Army which included Lieut. Gen. T. B. Larkin, assistant chief of staff, G-4, U. S. Army General Staff; Maj. Gen. J. K. Christmas, chief, Procurement Division, Office of the Assistant Chief of Staff, G-4, and Maj. Gen. S. B. Akin, Chief Signal Officer of the Army.

Aware that eventually industry will be called on to produce much more than anticipated in the pre-Korean days, two billion four hundred million dollars' worth of equipment being the current estimate, and that consumer production could suffer under such a production load, an expanded mobilization plan has been initiated under the guidance of a National Electronics Mobilization Committee, with RTMA Prexy Robert Sprague, who is also president of *Sprague Electric*, and RCA Prexy Frank Folsom as chairmen of the group. Describing the activities of the new committee, Sprague said that the group wants to get an early start on procurement requirements and problems, and avoid the pitfalls which faced industry when World War II flared up. Commenting on present conditions, Sprague declared that the defense requirements impact on the components industry, the backbone of radio and television manufacturing, would not be as severe as initially expected. It was his opinion that, barring any unforeseen developments in the world situation, manufacturers would be able to maintain a rather substantial civilian production until at least '51. He also felt that it should be possible to produce the 6,000,000 television sets, estimated for the year, as well as the 10,000,000 radio sets.

The general consensus on military production was that there might be about a 20% bite into civilian activities, but that most plants were well able to carry this additional requirement, without any severe dislodgement of distribution.

**WORLD EVENTS** have prompted the processing of many new sets of rulings by the FCC, one of the most important of which have been those governing a Disaster Communications Service.

Defining disaster communications, the Commission cited that two classifications shall exist: communications when there is no impending or actual disaster, and communications when the emergency does exist.

When all is quiet, the Commission points out that the service can be used for drills and tests to insure the establishment and maintenance of efficient networks of disaster stations. These drills and tests may include the pre-arranged exchange of communications by stations of established networks with stations outside of any established network, provided that the purpose of such an exchange is to pro-

vide training and practice. When disaster hits, the service must then be used to provide communications directly concerning safety of life, preservation of property, or maintenance of law and order by authorized government agencies, as well as other vital types of contacts essential in emergencies.

Any amateur radio operator license issued by the FCC authorizing operation of a ham station will give the operator the necessary authority to operate an authorized disaster station in the 1750- to 1800-kc. band. And any commercial radio op license qualifies its holder to operate an authorized disaster station. The rules specify that all transmitter adjustments or tests, during or coincident with the installation, servicing, or maintenance

of a disaster station, which may affect its proper operation, will have to be made by or under the supervision and responsibility of the holder of the ham or commercial op tickets.

Discussing licenses for the new stations, the Commission stated that they may be obtained by filling out application form 403. The licenses normally will be issued for an original term of from one to four years. Special calls will be issued for the disaster operation, and each station will have to use these calls at the beginning of each series of contacts, repeating the call at least once every fifteen minutes.

Congratulations to the FCC for their vision in creating this powerful medium of contact for those moments of desperate need! . . . . . L.W.



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**Deflection Yoke.** Stancor Part Number DY-1. Exact duplicate of RCA type 201D1. For use with direct viewing kinescopes such as 7DP4 and 10BP4.

**Focus Coil.** Stancor Part Number FC-10. Exact Duplicate of RCA type 202D1. For use with magnetically focused kinescopes such as RCA type 10BP4.

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For complete specifications and prices of these and other Stancor TV replacement components, see your Stancor distributor or write for Television Catalog 337.

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## INEXPENSIVE TRANSMITTER METERING

By FRANK R. CANNING, W2GCB

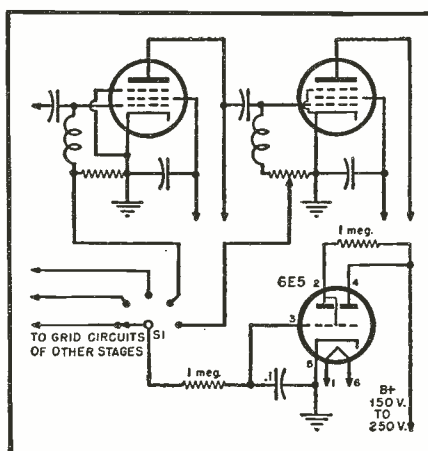
THE desire to meter all stages of a new five-stage, four-band exciter came into conflict with the fact that our only meter was a 100 ma. unit—far too large to measure small grid currents. This meter was already doing duty in the power amplifier, and switching it into the exciter looked like too much trouble. As the exciter was designed expressly to eliminate our TVI problem, all frequency multiplication was done at very low power—oscillator and frequency doublers all being 6K7's at only 150 volts. Hence, overloading was hardly likely, and all that was really needed was some means to indicate resonance in the various tank circuits.

This is accomplished in the manner shown in the circuit of Fig. 1. The ray-control grid of a 6E5 "magic eye" tube is switched to the control grids of the different stages of the exciter. The rectified d.c. grid bias voltage present on the grids thus controls the angle of the shadow on the 6E5's target—the higher the bias, the narrower the shadow. To adjust any plate tank to resonance, just switch the 6E5 to the following grid and tune for narrowest shadow.

At the plate voltage used here, 150 volts, the 6E5 requires only —4 volts or so to close the eye. If any stage normally operates at bias voltages over this value, the voltage applied to the 6E5 must be reduced. This is done by tapping the grid leak at a point that just closes the eye when the preceding stage is resonant. For low-power stages a potentiometer may be used; for tubes running appreciable grid current a wirewound resistor with sliding tap is better. If a tube like the 807, which usually requires a definite value of grid current, is used, a meter should be connected temporarily in the grid return and the excitation adjusted for rated current. Then the potentiometer should be set so the eye just closes, and the meter can be removed.

With the 6E5 still plentiful on the surplus market, the cost of the tube, switch, two resistors, and one condenser is still below the cost of even an inexpensive meter, and it will tell you anything a meter will. For that matter, there's no reason why you couldn't permanently connect a 6E5 in every stage of the transmitter, instead of switching. Any way you look at it, it's a bargain. —50—

Fig. 1.





**What's New in Radio**  
(Continued from page 99)

rent and voltage meters. Each d.c. output voltage is continuously variable from 200 to 500 volts, 0 to 200 ma. For all output voltages, the output



voltage variation is less than 1/2 percent for both line fluctuation from 105 to 125 volts and load variation from minimum to maximum current. Ripple voltage is less than 5 millivolts. Each a.c. output is 6.3 volts, 6 amperes, center-tapped and unregulated. Power requirements are 600 watts.

The power supply is housed in a cabinet measuring 14" x 21" x 14 1/4" and finished in gray hammertone.

**NEW SEALED RELAY**

Designed for a variety of commercial, industrial, portable, and military equipment, the new 8744-1 sealed relay manufactured by *Advance Electric and Relay Co.* of 2435 North Naomi Street, Burbank, California, has passed all tests and requirements of the Army Signal Corps and the Air Materiel Command at Wright Field.

The hermetically sealed unit is small in size and features three stud mounting and solder lug terminals. The enclosure will accommodate three ampere rated relays in contact combinations up to and including 4 pole, d.t. Measurements are 1 7/16" x 1 5/8" x 1 1/16".

**NEW MULTITESTER**

*Chicago Industrial Instrument Co.*, 536 West Elm Street, Chicago 10, Illi-



nois, has recently added a new multitester to its line of test equipment.

Several new features have been incorporated into the instrument, including ranges not usually covered in

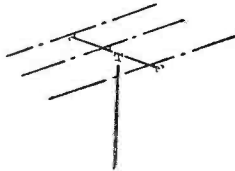
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Plumber's delight 3 element beam quickly assembled; furnished with Gamma match. Extremely light; all aluminum construction; grounded antenna; very low priced. Furnished less mast and lead. Full instructions furnished.

Narrow spaced .... \$14.75  
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Double Conversion sharp selectivity, plus built-in NBFM at moderate cost. 11 tubes plus voltage regulator and rectifier.

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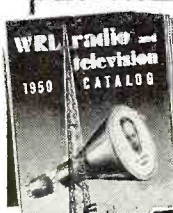
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NEW  
S-78 FM/AM CHASSIS**



Superb broadcast performance for custom installations. 10 tubes, rectifier. 8 watt output. One RF, 21F.

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Deal with the "World's Most Personalized Radio Supply House". Send for your new complete WRL Catalog containing everything new in radio.



Just right for your control room wall. Approximately 28" x 42". Contains time zones, amateur zones, leading shortwave stations, monitoring stations. **25c**

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10 Meter Beam Info  
 SX-71 Info  
 S-40B Receiver info

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- ABSOLUTELY NO KNOWLEDGE OF RADIO NECESSARY
- NO ADDITIONAL PARTS NEEDED
- EXCELLENT BACKGROUND FOR TELEVISION

The **PROGRESSIVE RADIO EDU-KIT** will help you, if you want an EDUCATIONAL AND INTERESTING HOBBY, or if you want to get into a WELL-PAYING BUSINESS, or if you want to INCREASE YOUR KNOWLEDGE OF RADIO.

Absolutely no knowledge of radio is necessary. The **PROGRESSIVE RADIO EDU-KIT** is the product of many years of teaching and engineering experience. The detailed instructions and quizzes are clearly written and illustrated, so that they can be understood by anyone between the ages of 12 and 80.

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Each of the 15 radios you will build operates on 110-120 volts, AC or DC. These sets have been designed to teach you the PRINCIPLES OF RADIO. Therefore, you will build a variety of circuits. The **PROGRESSIVE RADIO EDU-KIT** IS EXCELLENT FOR LEARNING THE PRINCIPLES OF RECEIVER, TRANSMITTER, AND AMPLIFIER DESIGN. It is used in many Radio Schools and Colleges in U.S.A. and abroad. It is used by the Veterans Administration for veteran training.

Quizzes are provided as part of the **PROGRESSIVE RADIO EDU-KIT**. They will be corrected by our staff at no extra cost.



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- ELECTRICAL AND RADIO TESTER
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Model  
1040-K  
\$22.50

Brand new 6 volt power supply for extra reserve electrical power for all auto radio testing. Latest type full wave bridge circuit. Extra heavy duty 4 stack manganese copper oxide rectifiers. Latest variac type transformer: 0-15 volts output. Continuous operation: 10 amps; intermittent: 20 amps. 10,000 mfd filter condenser. Meter measures current and voltage output. Double protection: fused primary and automatic reset overload device for secondary. Handsome hammer-tone steel cabinet. 115 v. 60 cycle. 10 1/2 x 7 1/4 x 8 3/4".

## NEW EICO 5" SCOPE KIT WITH PUSH PULL DEFLECTION

Gives you all the sensitivity and response for precise servicing of TV, FM and AM receivers. Push pull undistorted vertical and horizontal amplifiers. Boosted sensitivity. .05 to .1 rms volts/inch. Useful to 2.5 mc. TV type multivibrator sweeps circuits. 15 cps-75 kc. Z-axis intensity modulation feature. Dual positioning controls move trace anywhere on screen. Complete with 2-6J5, 3-6SN7, 2-5Y3, 5BP1 crt. 3-color etched rub-proof panel; rugged steel case. 115 v. 60 cycle. 8 1/2 x 17 x 13". Model 425-K ..... \$39.95



## NEW! EICO TUBE TESTER KIT



Model  
625-K \$29.95

Large 4 1/2" full vision meter. Tests conventional and TV tubes including 9-pin miniatures. New lever-action switches tests every tube element. Illuminated speed-roll chart. 2 grid caps. Short and open element tests. Spare socket for new tubes. Protective overload bulb. Electronic rectifier. 3-color etched rub proof panel, rugged steel case. 115 v. 60 cycle. 12 1/2 x 9 1/2 x 4 1/4".

## New! Eico Deluxe Kit!

### TV-FM-AM SIGNAL GENERATOR

Precision engineered with 1% accuracy. Extremely stable. Frequency 75KC-150 MC in 7 calibrated ranges. Illuminated fine vernier tuning. VR stabilized line supply. 400 cycle pure sine wave with less than 5% distortion. Complete with 6X5, 7F7, 6C4, VR 150. 3 color etched rubproof panel. Rugged steel case. 115 v. 60 cycle. 12x13x7". Order model 315-K ..... \$39.95



### EICO VACUUM TUBE VOLTMETER KIT!

Precision V T V M for trigger - fast operation and dependable. Lifetime service. Model 221-K. \$23.95

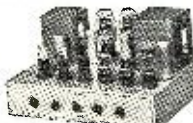
### MEISSNER T8CK FM TUNER KIT

Front end factory assembled and aligned. I.F. coils prealigned. Complete with tubes & instructions. Less wire & solder. Similar to model 8C. \$29.97

## PEERLESS HI-EFFICIENCY TRIODE AMPLIFIER KIT

YOU GET—  
4 Peerless transformers, chassis, bottom plates, RC mounting board, all instructions & diagrams.

\$46.80



20 to 20,000 cps response 0.5 db. 7db of inverse feedback through 5 stages and output transformer. 12 W. output at 2 1/2% intermodulation distortion. Cathode follower driver. Cathode phase inverter. Signal to noise ratio 67 db. Output impedances: 16, 8, 4 or 2 ohms. Equalized for GE, Pickering, etc., pickups. Tone control. 8 Tubes: 2-6J7, 1-6J5, 2-6SN7, 2-6A5G, 1-5V4G. Tubes not included in kit.

Order from Dept. RN-10 or call Mulberry 2134  
Write for FREE FYI Bulletin

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**RADIO PARTS CO., Inc.**  
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equipment of this type. There are seven ranges of a.c. and d.c. volts to 5000; 0 ohms to 1000 megohms in six ranges; capacitance coverage from 50  $\mu$ fd. to 5000  $\mu$ fd., and current readings from 0 to 500 ma. in four ranges.

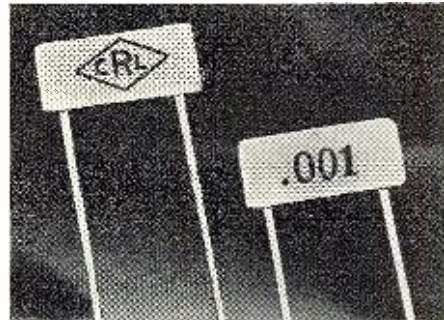
The entire unit is housed in a case with a specially designed sloping front panel which tips upward to provide better meter visibility. The instrument may be used either in an upright position or lying flat by removing and rotating the panel in the case. The 5 1/2" meter gets the full benefit of overhead lighting and is easy to read whether the user is sitting or standing.

A descriptive folder on the new instrument is available on request.

## FLAT-PLATE CAPACITORS

The Centralab Division of Globe-Union Inc. of Milwaukee, Wisconsin has developed a new line of ceramic flat-plate capacitors which offer higher capacities than have been heretofore available.

The new units are of unusual thinness making them particularly useful in many electronic applications. They



are available in .02, .05, and .1  $\mu$ fd., all rated at 600 volts.

An even smaller version is available in lower voltage ratings. Known as the "Min-Kaps," these units are designed for miniature applications and are rated at 150 volts. The "Min-Kaps" measure just 1 1/2" x 7/32" x 1/4".

## OSCILLOSYNCHROSCOPE

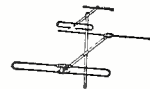
Browning Laboratories, Inc. of Winchester, Massachusetts, is currently in production on the Model OJ-17 oscillosynchroscope which has been specially designed for laboratory applications.

The high gain vertical amplifier has a response flat from 5 cycles to 16 mc., extending beyond 30 mc., including the use of a .2 microsecond signal delay line. Two completely separate sweep systems permit accurate display of repetitive phenomena with recurrence rates as high as 10 mc., or transient and recurrent pulses as short as .05 microseconds.

Built-in trigger and delay generators are provided for synchroscopic applications such as those encountered in radar circuits.

Accurate time measurements may be made by use of .1, 1, 10, and 100 microsecond timing markers. Vertical signal amplitude measurements are also possible using a direct reading deflection calibration system. The

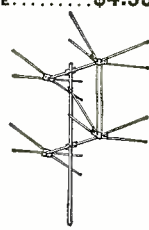
## OUTSTANDING - TV - VALUES



**MODEL #300**  
Folded dipole complete with reflector and d high frequency adapter. Covers 13 channels. All alum. construction. Less mast. Shpg. wt. 7 lbs. PRICE.....\$4.95

### MODEL #200-D

Stacked array. Consists of 2 complete conicals and connecting bars. Very rigid construction. Covers all 13 channels. Matches 300 Ohm or 72 Ohm. Center impedance 150 Ohm. Ideal for low signal areas. An outstanding buy. Shpg. wt. 12 lbs. SENSATIONAL \$6.75 OFFER at less mast. \$8.75

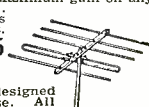


### MODEL #200-S

Single array. Same construction as above. Shpg. wt. 7 lbs. Price, less mast. .... \$4.00



**MODEL #500**  
All-band folded dipole antenna. Ideal for rotator use. Maximum gain on any channel. All alum. construction. Less mast. Shpg. wt. 8 lbs. Price.....\$4.95



### MODEL #Y-100

5 element Yagi Hi-Gain beam designed specifically for fringe area use. All alum. construction. Cut to specific channels. Shpg. wt. 4 lbs. Channel #7, \$4.50; Channel #9, \$4.00; Channel #11, \$3.85; and Channel #13, \$3.75. The prices are less mast. "V" type antenna. Price \$4.25

## ANTENNA ACCESSORIES

CM-100 Chimney Mount.....\$ 1.50  
WM-100 3" Wall Bracket..... .50  
WM-100 15" Wall Bracket..... 2.75  
5-ft. 1 1/2" OD Steel Mast, Plated..... .75  
6-ft. 1 1/2" OD Alum. Mast..... 1.60  
6-ft. 1" OD Alum. Mast..... 1.25  
3 1/2" 300-ohm stand-off insulators (50 coax cable). Per 100, \$3.00; Per 500, \$12.00.  
"U" Bolt Assemblies—ideal for most couplings. .12 for \$1.50; 50 for 5.00  
Best Quality 300-ohm twin lead. 100' \$2.50; 1000' 15.00  
High Quality 72-ohm Coax Cable. 100' \$4.00; 500' 19.00  
Folded Dipole Hi-Frequency Adapters..... 1.35  
Conical Hi-Frequency Adapters..... 1.50  
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TERMS: All shipments F.O.B. Newark, New Jersey. 25% deposit with orders, balance C.O.D. Minimum order \$2.00. Include ample postage.

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## PHILLIPS VERSA- TOOL

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THESE FEATURES

No job too heavy or too delicate for the Phillips Versa-Tool. Compact, light in weight, 110-115 Volt AC, 310 Watts, the Phillips Versa-Tool was designed for perfect balance and ease of operation.

- **Rigid Copper Tips**—Four interchangeable tips that absolutely won't sag or bend under pressure.
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- **High Intensity Light**—A concentrated light beam focused where it eliminates all shadows.
- **Two-Position Switch**—Position 1 gives operator light only. Position 2 gives both light and heat.

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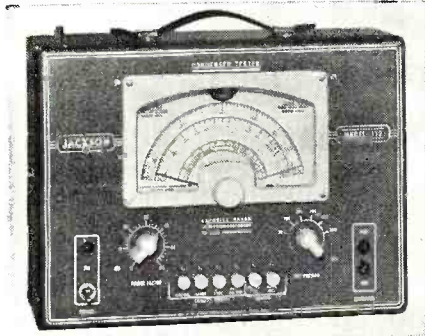


high voltage cathode-ray tube employed provides a trace sufficiently bright to be photographed even under high writing rate, single sweep conditions.

The OJ-17 consists of five separate chassis units assembled in a rack cabinet mounted on casters. A compartment is provided for permanent installation of an "Oscillo-Record" camera.

### CONDENSER TESTER

The Jackson Electrical Instrument Co. of 18 South Patterson Boulevard,

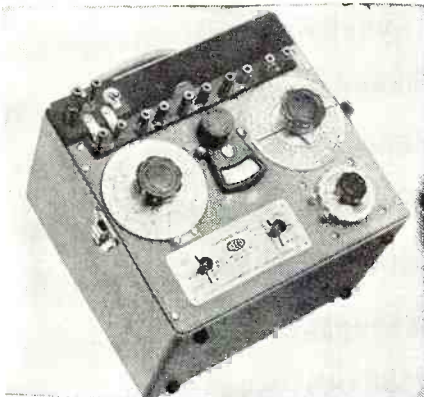


Dayton 1, Ohio, has added a fourth instrument to its "Challenger" line series.

The new instrument is a push-button controlled condenser tester, the Model 112. It provides fast, positive range selection for capacity and leakage tests. The unit is capable of checking all types of faulty condensers including electrolytics, papers, micas, etc. The instrument uses a new method for leakage tests which eliminates the counting of flashes on the electron ray tube indicator. Six test voltages from 20 to 500 volts are available. The dial is glass-enclosed and equipped with the company's "Scale Expander" pointer which doubles the effective scale length.

### IMPEDANCE BRIDGE

Brown Electro-Measurement Corporation of 4635 S.E. Hawthorne Blvd., Portland 15, Oregon, is currently in production on a new Model 250-B uni-



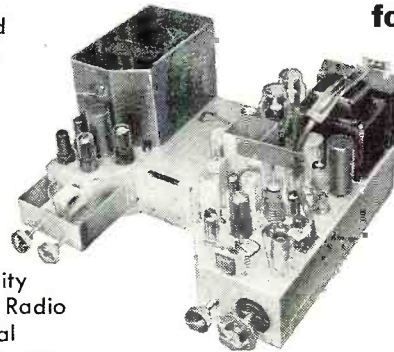
versal impedance bridge and the companion Model 850-B bridge amplifier.

Because of its small size and light weight the new instrument is particularly well suited for portable applications.

The bridge features the use of wire-

## No Price Increase for Chelsea's FAMOUS 630 TYPE CUSTOM CHASSIS Now With Built-In AM-FM Radio

- Completely wired
- Voltage Doubler
- 30 tubes
- Improved AFC
- Keyed AGC
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- Adapted for use with Rectangular Tubes (Specify when ordering)



for 16" or 19" OPERATION

Less CRT

**\$169<sup>95</sup>**

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Without AM-FM and Less CRT

**\$134.95**

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16DP4A..\$29 • 19" CRT..\$55

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## CHELSEA'S POPULAR C-4 CHASSIS

LATEST 1950  
Completely-wired  
Factory-Engineered models

**\$99<sup>95</sup>**

12" OPERATION  
Plus \$1.80 Fed. Tax

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16" OPERATION  
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COMPLETE

with PICTURE TUBE  
PHONO JACK &  
SWITCH

and

FREE 1 YEAR  
WARRANTY

- Quality-controlled throughout, with keyed AGC, AFC and front end down to 45 microvolts. Superb value.

Write Dept. W for latest literature and prices—AND COMPARE!

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Prices and Models subject to change without notice.

The November issue of  
**RADIO & TELEVISION NEWS**  
will be on sale October 31st.  
Be sure to reserve your copy  
with your Newsdealer.

### HOW TO LEARN CODE FASTEST GET YOUR FCC LICENSE SOONER

New DUPLEX PRACTI-CODE Code Practice Sets generate high volume and "easy-to-copy" tone comparable to "pure d.c. note." Contains high efficiency 4-inch PM Speaker driven by no vacuum tubes! Work 6 months on only one 1 1/2-volt cell—No parts to burn out!



Complete with professional key and cell—Nothing else to buy! Absolutely no RI or TV! External terminals included: 6 sets may operate on one line. Finest quality components throughout.

Model "A" (right): Wood Cabinet, red, green, yellow or blue pastels, 3 1/2 x 5 x 10 1/2"—\$5.95 complete, plus 50c for shipping & handling. Model "B" (left): Hammett-type grey metal cabinet, 3x6x6"—\$6.95 complete, plus 50c for shipping & handling. One-year factory guarantee on both models. Send M.O. or Check. Write for Catalog No.



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CABLE	CRYSTALS	SOCKETS	LET US QUOTE
CAPACITORS	FILTERS	SOLENOIDS	YOUR NEEDS.
CERAMICONS	FUSES	SPAGHETTI	
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	(sine-cosine)	IRON-CORE	
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**RECTANGULAR  
BLACK TUBE**

**16 in. TELEKIT**

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**16 BR Telekit**  
Less  
**\$79.95** Tubes  
Console Cabinet shown  
**\$29.95**



You can build this fine 16 in. rectangular black tube TV set. All you need is pliers, screw driver, and soldering iron. It's easy to assemble; no previous knowledge of TV is required. The tuning unit and hi-voltage supply are factory wired and tested for you. A big 54 page illustrated instruction book guides you through easy assembly. Satisfactory results are **GUARANTEED** by Factory Service Plan and Warranty. Write today for complete information.

**12-B Telekit**  
**\$69.95**  
**8-B Telekit**  
**\$49.95**



Both Less Tubes

Exciting new low prices on Telekits let you have a fine 8 1/2 or 12 1/2 inch set for a price far lower than comparable commercial sets. Over 35,000 Telekits have been successfully assembled by following the big illustrated Telekit instruction book. No previous knowledge of TV is required. Satisfactory results are **GUARANTEED** under the Telekit Factory Service Plan. Write for full information.

**12 Channel Tuner**  
**\$12.95**



Pre-built, factory aligned. Stage of R.F. amplification. Telekit 12 channel tuner equips any TV set with video I.F. of 25.75 to 26.1 Mc and sound I.F. of 21.25 to 22 Mc. Not a kit. Complete with tubes. Only 4 wires to connect.

**Telekit Booster**  
**\$12.95**



Brings in TV signals bright and clear. Especially helpful in fringe areas. For use with any TV set. **NOT A KIT**. Completely assembled with tubes.

**TELEKIT**

**ELECTRO-TECHNICAL INDUSTRIES**  
1432 N. BROAD ST. DEPT. R PHILADELPHIA 21 PA.

wound resistors which are adjusted to a precision of  $\pm .05\%$  in the bridge arms. A directly calibrated slide wire consisting of a .05% precision decade with a coaxially mounted single turn rheostat for interpolating within the decade steps is used as the main LRC dial.

Included in the compact aluminum cabinet are the precision reference standards, 100 c.p.s. tone generator, zero center suspension galvanometer with a deflection sensitivity of  $\frac{1}{2}$   $\mu$ a./mm., and four replaceable flash-light cells to power the bridge.

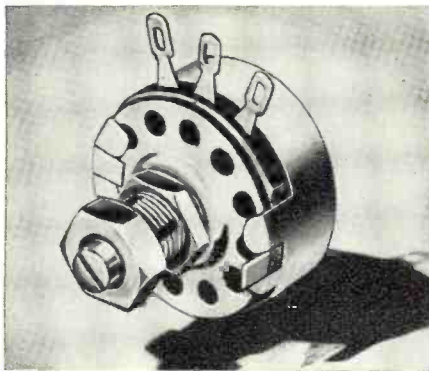
The accessory null amplifier may be placed in a compartment in the bridge and has a rectifier circuit which permits the bridge galvanometer or other suitable meter to be used as a visual null indicator.

Bulletins giving full details on both of these units are available from Dept. RN-2 of the company.

**NEW POTENTIOMETER**

*Ohmite Manufacturing Company* of 4974 Flournoy Street, Chicago 44, Illinois, has recently introduced a 2-watt molded composition potentiometer with linear taper.

Known as the Type AB locking shaft potentiometer, the new unit is



particularly suited for industrial and military applications where resistance adjustments are infrequent and where tampering with the adjustment must be discouraged.

According to the company, the solid-molded resistance element, heat-treated under pressure, is unaffected by heat, cold, moisture, or length of service. The terminals are imbedded in the resistance element and all parts are corrosion resistant.

The new Type AB potentiometer is available in sixteen stock resistance values from 50 ohms to 5 megohms. The unit is 1 1/16" in diameter and extends 9/16" behind the panel. A s.p.s.t. switch, to be attached to the back of the control, can be supplied at extra cost.

For complete information on the new unit, write to the company for a copy of Bulletin 131A.

**SIGNAL GENERATOR**

Of interest to service technicians, engineers, and hams is the announcement from *Electronic Instrument Co., Inc.* of 276 Newport Street, Brooklyn 12, New York, that it has released its

*The Improved 1951*

**Concertone  
RECORDER**



Model 1401

"just like  
being there"

- Equalization conforms to NAB recommended standards • Extended frequency response—40 to 15,000 c.p.s.  $\pm$  2db • Tape noise down to random level • More powerful drive motor • Improved braking system • Monitors directly from tape while recording • Plays up to 10 1/2" NAB reels • Write for Bulletin No. 102.

MODEL NO. 1401—Complete for console installation, with dual track heads.....

**\$345.00**

Manufactured by

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Coated **INSIDE** and **OUT**. **DIP-COATED** process keeps Aero Towers bright and new. Rust resistant. Will not brown.

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Strong electric aircraft welds at **EACH** joint (not just one or two) prevents sway. Provides sturdy safe ladder-like cross members.

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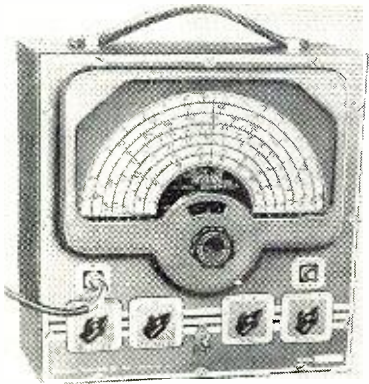
**AERO TOWER DIVISION**  
Knepper Aircraft Service  
1016 Linden Street  
Allentown, Pa.

**RADIO & TELEVISION NEWS**



Model 315 deluxe r.f. signal generator in kit form.

Designated the Model 315-K, the new unit may be used for TV, FM, and AM receiver alignment. Featur-



ing an accuracy better than 1% on all seven separate calibrated ranges, the Model 315-K has a stable, boosted range oscillator circuit that covers the full range of 75 kc. to 150 mc. Bandsread vernier tuning is provided. The illuminated gear-driven pointer is designed to prevent backlash, and the special 0-100 reference scale speeds repeat settings.

Due to a VR tube circuit, the accuracy of the Model 315-K is independent of line voltage fluctuations from 105 to 130 volts. The four-step shielded r.f. output attenuator is designed for constant output impedance.

For full details on the new Model 315-K signal generator kit, write direct to the company at the above address.

#### LOW TORQUE POT

An ultra-low-torque potentiometer, incorporating design characteristics new to the precision instrument field, has been announced by *Electro-Mec Laboratory* of 225 Broadway, New York, New York.

The new potentiometer may be used in any installation where an exceedingly small mechanical moving force needs to be converted into a corresponding electrical voltage. Designs



of the new unit are available to carry currents as high as .1 ampere and with outputs sufficient to operate indicating, recording, or controlling de-

vices, without amplification, thus offering substantial savings in cost, size, and weight, according to the manufacturer. Resistance values between 50 and 200,000 ohms are provided.

Complete data on the new potentiometer will be furnished on request.

#### SENSITIVE RELAY

The new Series 1816, just introduced by *Assembly Products, Inc.* of Chagrin Falls, Ohio, is a sensitive relay with heavy-duty ratings.

The coil of the new unit is 15,000 ohms and operates on 5 ma. d.c. Contacts are snap action and will handle 15 amps, 115 volts or 7½ amps., 230 volts a.c. The standard units are s.p.d.t. or d.p.d.t. but other coil and










contact combinations can be furnished.

Designed for high differential between pull-in and drop-out, the relay is normally high speed in action. However, it may be used for time delays from a fraction of a second up to 30 seconds or more by the use of condensers connected across the field.

The coil is thoroughly impregnated against moisture. The relay may be mounted in any position. Over-all dimensions are 1¼" wide, 2½" long, and 1¼" high. The relay weighs 5 ounces.

#### PRECISION RESISTORS

*Shallcross Manufacturing Co.*, Colingdale, Pa., has announced the availability of an improved vertical style precision wirewound resistor for use

<p><b>MICROPHONES</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Pressure</li> <li>• Velocity</li> <li>• Cardioid</li> <li>• Varcoustic</li> <li>• Hand Sets</li> <li>• Sound Power</li> <li>• Telephones</li> <li>• Stands, Plugs, Cables and Connectors</li> </ul> 	<p><b>AMPLIFIERS</b></p>  <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Pre-Amplifiers</li> <li>• Line Amplifiers</li> <li>• Voltage Amplifiers</li> <li>• Power Amplifiers</li> <li>• Remote Amplifiers</li> </ul>	<p><b>SPEAKERS</b></p>  <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Cone Type</li> <li>• Horns and Drivers</li> <li>• High-Fidelity Speakers</li> <li>• Speaker Accessories</li> </ul>	<p><b>SPEAKER HOUSINGS</b></p>  <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Baffles, All Types</li> <li>• Console Cabinets</li> </ul>
<p><b>INTERCOM SYSTEMS</b></p>  <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• All Master Systems</li> <li>• Master-Remote Systems</li> <li>• Combination Systems</li> </ul>			<p><b>PORTABLE SOUND SYSTEMS</b></p> 
<p><b>CUSTOM-BUILT EQUIPMENT</b></p>  <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Consoles</li> <li>• Desks</li> <li>• Turrets</li> <li>• Cabinets</li> </ul>			<p><b>PROGRAM CONTROL UNITS</b></p>  <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Single Channel</li> <li>• Dual Channel</li> <li>• Custom-Built</li> </ul>

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where mounting requirements make it desirable to have both terminals at the same end of the resistor. These units provide a longer leakage path from the mounting screws to the terminals.

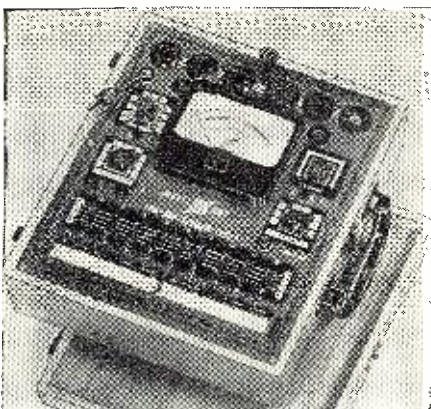
The company's units incorporating this new design feature have been designated as the Types BX120, BX140, and BX160. All types are designed to meet JAN requirements for styles RB40B, RB41B, and RB42B respectively. For commercial use the resistors carry somewhat higher ratings than for JAN applications.

Complete details will be furnished on request to the manufacturer.

### VERSATILE TESTER

*Electronic Measurements Corp.* of 423 Broome Street, New York 13, New York, has recently introduced a new tube-ohm-capacity tester which has been designated the Model 202.

The instrument is designed to test all tubes including the noval and sub-miniature types. Standard emission



method of testing gives easy, direct reading. Individual sockets are included for each type of tube base, which tests all tubes from .75 volt to 117 filament volts.

Additional features of this new test instrument include a completely flexible switching arrangement, a line voltage control that compensates for line variations between 105 and 135 volts, and a check for shorts and leakages.

Condenser leakage can be checked to 1 megohm, resistance to 4 megohms, and capacity from .01 to 1  $\mu$ fd. The entire unit is housed in a portable oak case with carrying handle. The built-in roll chart is protected by a non-breakable transparent plastic.

### INSULATED GROMMET

A metal formed grommet, completely covered by rubber, has been developed by *Automotive Rubber Company, Inc.* of 8601 Epworth Blvd., Detroit 4, Michigan.

Of interest to the electrical and electronic field, the new "Sta-Put" series 3120 grommets can be installed easily and quickly by means of an expanding hand tool. The tool is used to roll and force the grommet's curled prongs tight against the under surface.

The company claims that regardless of the amount of motion or vibration

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# HI-HEAT

INCREASED WATTAGE

# TIPS



For use with No. 776 Handle & Cord Set

Stop wrestling with big irons. New HI-HEAT TIPS in your Ungar Electric Soldering Pencil produce a really versatile tool that'll perform on a par with the big, bulky 100-150 watt irons. If you can't get immediate delivery, please be patient, for production hasn't yet caught up with demand. Ask your supplier for No. 1236 Pyramid or No. 1239 Chisel. List price, \$1.25 each.

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**RADIO & TELEVISION NEWS**



in the part that passes through the hole the grommet will not loosen or pull out and expose the sharp edges of the blanked metal.

Data sheets listing the present available sizes and full details on the line are available on request from the company.

### CAPACITY BRIDGE

Simpson Electric Company of 5208 W. Kinzie Street, Chicago, Illinois, has recently introduced a new bakelite-encased capacity bridge, the Model 381.

The new condenser tester measures just 3 3/8" x 5 1/2" x 2 3/8" and weighs 1 3/4 pounds. A special patented circuit allows for three capacity ranges, 20  $\mu$ fd. to 500  $\mu$ fd., .005  $\mu$ fd. to 2  $\mu$ fd., and 1  $\mu$ fd. to 500  $\mu$ fd.

The panel is of rust-resistant etched aluminum which is easy to read under all conditions. Complete instructions for switch setting come with each instrument.

### D.C. POWER SUPPLIES

Opad-Green Co. of 71-3 Warren Street, New York 7, New York, has recently introduced a new series of general purpose, low-voltage d.c. power supplies.

Featuring continuously variable outputs on all models, these units carry continuous duty ratings of 10 amperes. They are available in ranges of 0-8 volts, 0-12 volts, and 0-28 volts d.c. The a.c. input requirements are 115 volts, 60 cycles single phase. A variable voltage transformer and a fixed ratio transformer insure minute and precision control of the d.c. output, according to the company.

The d.c. voltage and current may be read directly on two 3" meters. The ammeter is calibrated in steps of 200 ma. and has a full scale value of 10 amperes. Bench space requirements are 8"x16 3/4". A descriptive bulletin, GPA1, is available on request. -50-

Max Liebowitz (left) president of the Empire State Federation of Electronic Technicians, presents Hal Bersche, Renewal Sales Manager of RCA Tube Department, with certificate of appreciation for department's cooperation and participation in a television service course for independent technicians conducted by the ESFETA. The New York association's TV service series featured lectures by J. R. Meagher and A. J. Petrasek, RCA TV specialists.



# SELENIUM RECTIFIERS AND SPECIALIZED ELECTRONIC COMPONENTS

## SINGLE PHASE

### Full Wave Bridge

Input: 0-18 VAC		Output: 0-12 VDC	
Type No.	Current	Price	
B1-250	250 Ma.	\$ .98	
B1-1	1.0 Amp.	2.49	
B1-1X5	1.5 Amp.	2.95	
B1-3X5	3.5 Amp.	4.50	
B1-5	5.0 Amp.	5.95	
B1-10	10.0 Amp.	9.95	
B1-20	20.0 Amp.	15.95	
B1-30	30.0 Amp.	24.95	
B1-40	40.0 Amp.	27.95	
B1-50	50.0 Amp.	32.95	

Input: 0-36 VAC		Output: 0-26 VDC	
Type No.	Current	Price	
B2-150	150 Ma.	\$ .98	
B2-250	250 Ma.	1.25	
B2-300	300 Ma.	1.50	
B2-2	2.0 Amp.	4.95	
B2-3X5	3.5 Amp.	6.95	
B2-5	5.0 Amp.	9.95	
B2-10	10.0 Amp.	15.95	
B2-20	20.0 Amp.	27.95	
B2-30	30.0 Amp.	36.95	
B2-40	40.0 Amp.	44.95	

Input: 0-115 VAC		Output: 0-90 VDC	
Type No.	Current	Price	
B6-250	250 Ma.	\$ 2.95	
B6-600	600 Ma.	5.95	
B6-750	750 Ma.	6.95	
B6-1X5	1.5 Amp.	10.95	
B6-3X5	3.5 Amp.	18.95	
B6-5	5.0 Amp.	24.95	
B6-10	10.0 Amp.	36.95	
B6-15	15.0 Amp.	44.95	

### Full Wave Center Tap

Input: 10-0-10 VAC		Output: 0-8 VDC	
Type No.	Current	Price	
C1-10	10.0 Amp.	\$ 6.95	
C1-20	20.0 Amp.	10.95	
C1-30	30.0 Amp.	14.95	
C1-40	40.0 Amp.	17.95	
C1-50	50.0 Amp.	20.95	

## THREE PHASE

### Full Wave Bridge

Input: 0-234 VAC		Output: 0-250 VDC	
Type No.	Current	Price	
3B13-1	1.0 Amp.	\$22.00	
3B13-2	2.0 Amp.	32.00	
3B13-4	4.0 Amp.	56.00	
3B13-6	6.0 Amp.	81.50	
3B13-10	10.0 Amp.	105.00	
3B13-15	15.0 Amp.	120.00	

### RECTIFIER MOUNTING BRACKETS

For Types B1 through B6, and Type C1. \$ .35 per set  
For Types B3..... 1.05 per set

## CATALOG

Write for our Catalog No. 719, which lists additional Selenium Rectifiers, associated transformers, condensers and filter chokes.

## POWER SUPPLIES



GENERAL PURPOSE low voltage DC power supplies, with variable outputs. Rugged—Dependable—Precision Control.

### Features

- ✓ Long life FULL WAVE SELENIUM RECTIFIERS
- ✓ Output voltage continuously adjustable from zero to maximum
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- ✓ Stepless control
- ✓ Instant Power—no warm-up period
- ✓ Dimensions: 8 1/2"x16 3/4"x8"
- ✓ Assembled and Ready to Operate
- ✓ For 115 VAC 60 cycles

Model	Voltage	Current	Price
GPA510	0-8 VDC	10 Amps.	\$69.50
GPA1210	0-12 VDC	10 Amps.	75.00
GPA2810	0-28 VDC	10 Amps.	85.00

## RECTIFIER CAPACITORS

CF-1	1000 MFD	15 VDC	\$ .98
CF-20	2500 MFD	15 VDC	1.95
CF-6	4000 MFD	30 VDC	3.25
CF-19	500 MFD	50 VDC	1.95
CF-16	2000 MFD	50 VDC	3.25
CF-21	1200 MFD	90 VDC	3.25
CF-9	200 MFD	150 VDC	1.69
CF-10	500 MFD	200 VDC	3.25

Mounting clamps for above capacitors. .... 15c ea.

## RECTIFIER TRANSFORMERS

All Primaries 115 VAC 50/60 Cycles

Type No.	Volts	Amps.	Shpg. wt.	Price
XF15-12	15	12	7 lbs.	\$ 3.95
TXF36-2	36	2	6 lbs.	3.95
TXF36-5	36	5	8 lbs.	4.95
TXF36-10	36	10	12 lbs.	7.95
TXF36-15	36	15	20 lbs.	11.95
TXF36-20	36	20	25 lbs.	17.95
XFC18-14	18 VCT	14	10 lbs.	5.95

All TXF Types are Tapped to Deliver 16, 17, 18 Volts Center-tapped.

## RECTIFIER CHOKES

Type No.	Hy.	Amps.	DG Reg	Price
HYX6	.055	600MA.	2.0	\$ 1.50
HY5A	.028	5	.20	3.95
HY10	.02	10	.30	9.95
HY10A	.014	10	.04	7.95
HY20A	.007	20	.02	12.95

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0-6 Amperes DC } ..... Any range \$2.49 each  
0-12 Amperes DC }  
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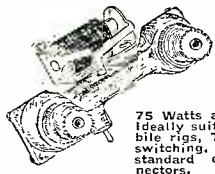
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Set of 83-1SP Co-ax connectors for above \$0.99

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0-15 Amp. DC BENCH METER, NEW	4.95
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RS9 AIRN 5 receiver, with tubes, NEW	10.50
100 KC precision crystal	5.95
1000 KC xtal. \$3.95; 5 MC xtal.	3.50
BLILEY SAIC-100 dual 100/1000 kc xtal.	6.95
BEACHMASTER output transformer 250 W	9.95
FOUR QUADRANT PHASING CAPACITOR	2.95
BC-733 receiver with tubes, NEW	9.95
CRAMER time delay relay 120 sec.	7.95

### METER SPECIALS

RD 3 1/2" O-20 ua (O-100 scale)	\$14.50
SO 3 1/2" O-200 ua DC	6.50
SO 3 1/2" O-1 MA DC S Scale	3.95
SO 2 1/2" O-9 VDC	.99
SO 2 1/4" O-100 AMP DC with shunt	.99

### 3" METERS

0-50 ua DC	\$12.95	0-50 AMP AC WH	\$5.95
100-0-100 mA	8.95	0-75 Uses	3.95
0-500 ua GE	8.95	JST 31-F MTR	7.95
0-1 MA DC	5.95		
0-2 MA DC WH	4.95		
0-5 MA DC WH	4.95		
0-15 MA SP Scale	2.95		
0-15 MA DC GE	3.95		
0-2 MA DC WH	3.45		
0-30 MA DC GE	4.50		
0-50 MA DC WH	4.50		
0-80 MA DC WE	4.50		
0-100 MA DC	4.50		
0-150 MA DC WH	4.50		
0-200 MA DC GE	4.50		
0-300 MA DC	4.50		
0-500 MA DC	4.50		
0-1 AMP DC WH	4.95		
0-2 AMP DC Shp	5.95		
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30T	8.95		
0-150 VAC WH	5.95		
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### CHOKES

200 HY 6 MA 620 OHM	\$0.99
8 HY 50 MA	.59
10 HY 80 MA 240 OHM	1.29
20 HY 110 MA Sub Sig	3.29
10 HY 150 MA 140 OHM	1.39
7 HY 200 MA 100 OHM Herm Seal	3.49
4-10 HY 200 MA 150 OHM SWINGING CH.	6.19
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2.5 VCT 10 A 10KV Insulation	\$3.95
5 VCT 3A, 2.5 KV Insulation	2.35
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6.3 V 1.2 A	2.14
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6.3 V 4 Amps	6.19
6.3 V 12A, 6.3 V 2 A Herm Seal	4.50

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240 VCT 50 MA	\$2.15
650 VCT 90 MA, 6.3V 2A, 5V 3A	3.00
700 VCT 90 MA, 6.3V 4A, 5V 3A	3.28
610 VCT 160 MA, 6.3V 3A, 5V 3A	4.34
800 VCT 300 MA, 6.3V 10A, 6.3V 9A 5V 3A	9.35
800 VCT 300 MA, 6.3V 10A, 5V 6A, 5V 2A	6.35
800 VCT 200 MA, 5V 3A, 6V 4A	6.50
300 V 100 MA, 22V VCT 100 MA, 6.3V 3.5A, 2.5V 10A	2.75
750-600-0-600-750, 225 MA	8.75
115V, 220V Tap, Pri-850V CT, 280MA-36V 7A-6.3V 3A-5V 3A	12.50

### OIL CAPACITORS

7 MF 330 VAC	\$0.95	1 MF 2000 VDC	\$1.79
5 MF 600 VDC	.45	25 MF 2000 VDC	.99
2 MF 600 VDC	.59	1 MF 2000 VDC	1.25
4 MF 600 VDC	.74	1 MF 2000 VDC	1.45
6 MF 600 VDC	.89	4 MF 2000 VDC	3.95
10 MF 600 VDC	.95	8 MF 2000 VDC	5.95
2 MF 1000 VDC	1.79	5 MF 2000 VDC	3.39
5 MF 1000 VDC	1.79	25 MF 3000 VDC	1.45
10 MF 1KV DC	2.75	5 MF 3000 VDC	1.49
15 MF 1KV DC	3.95	3 MF 3000 VDC	6.95
2 MF 1.5 KV DC	1.25	3 MF 3000 VDC	4.75
4 MF 1.5 KV DC	2.49	2 MF 5000 VDC	6.95
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## AFCA NEWS

### Augusta-Camp Gordon

The chapter's July 27th meeting took place at the Sheraton Bon-Air Hotel in Augusta. Plans were announced for the August meeting which will feature a conducted tour of the Southern Bell Telephone plant at Augusta.

The guest speaker of the evening was Lieutenant Griffith of the Signal Training Regiment of Camp Gordon, who recently returned from Korea. He gave a most interesting talk on the current situation and his address was followed by Signal Corps movies taken in Korea.

At the conclusion of the program, the members and guests adjourned to the penthouse for a buffet supper.

The officers and directors of the Augusta-Camp Gordon Chapter held a luncheon meeting August 3rd at the Camp Gordon Officers' Club. The meeting was occasioned primarily by the presence of Col. George P. Dixon, AFCA National Executive Secretary, who stopped at Camp Gordon enroute to Atlanta.

In addition to Colonel Dixon, those present included: W. H. Mansfield, AFCA National Director and Secretary of the Southern Bell Telephone Company; Ralph Grist, Coordinator of Military Services, Southern Bell Telephone; Charles Eberhart, Marion Symms, and Hugh Fleming, all of Southern Bell of Augusta; Henry Wright, Associate Editor, "Augusta Herald"; Col. Henry J. Hort, chapter president; Lt. Colonels Thomas K. Trigg, Edward W. Butzke, and Marcus W. Heskett, and Majors Walter J. Hewitt and Norman J. Kinley, all of Camp Gordon.

After luncheon, Colonel Dixon gave an informal talk and then led a round-table discussion on chapter problems. All present had an opportunity to comment or ask questions. Interest revolved mostly around the type of programs on which meetings could be built. Colonel Dixon stated that he had inquired of fifteen separate corporations as to whether they would be willing to sponsor lectures or demonstrations to AFCA chapters and had been gratified to receive twelve replies indicating interest in the idea. He remarked that once chapters are aware of this and dates can be coordinated so that tours could be efficiently made, all concerned can look forward to an interesting series of programs.

### Baltimore

The 1950-51 executive committee of the chapter held its first meeting on July 13th in the offices of the Bendix Radio Division. Present were: Wilbur L. Webb, president; E. K. Jett, past president; Walter Evans, past president; Capt. Richard E. Elliott, USN, vice-president; Col. Henry W. Williams, vice-president; George C. Ruehl, Jr., secretary; E. K. Foster, chairman of student activities; Donald C. Lee, program committee chairman; and Clinton H. Johnson, publicity committee chairman.

The program for the ensuing year was discussed and numerous ideas were proposed and noted by the program chairman. It was decided that the first meeting of the new year be held in late September at a downtown hotel in Baltimore and that it be a social affair enabling the new officers and members to become acquainted.

The possibilities of organizing student chapters were considered and E. K. Foster, general manager of Bendix Radio, was appointed chairman of a committee to develop this phase of chapter activity.

Group membership came in for considerable discussion and it was decided that President Webb would discuss the potential group members with Colonel Dixon, AFCA Executive Secretary, at an early visit to national headquarters in Washington.

### Cleveland

The Board of Directors of the Cleveland Chapter met on June 21st in the Union Commerce Building to elect officers and make plans for the coming year. The directors are: L. J. Shaffer, Ohio Bell Telephone Company; V. G. Krebs, National Advisory Committee for Aeronautics; W. McClusky, Citizens Telephone Company;



T. F. Peterson, *American Steel & Wire Company*; G. F. Prideaux, *General Electric Company*; C. H. Endress, *Willard Storage Battery Company*; L. K. Wildberg, *Radiart Corporation*; T. R. Beatty, *National Carbon Company*; and L. A. King, *The Rola Company, Inc.*

The following slate of officers was unanimously elected: L. J. Shaffer re-elected president; V. G. Krebs, 1st vice-president; W. McClusky, 2nd vice-president; T. F. Peterson, secretary; G. F. Prideaux, treasurer; C. H. Endress, member, executive committee.

President Shaffer reported on the national council meeting and the chapter presidents' conference which he had attended at the AFCA annual convention in May.

**Detroit**

Elwyn C. Balch, chief engineer of the *Michigan Bell Telephone Company*, was elected president of the Greater Detroit Chapter at its 1950 annual business meeting on June 13th in the New Veterans Memorial Building.

Other officers elected were: 1st vice-president—George H. Goldstone, attorney, reelected for a second term; 2nd vice-president—Charles E. Quick, *Detroit Edison Company*, reelected for a second term; 3rd vice-president—Lt. Col. Peter D. Green, director of communications, 10th Air Force; secretary—Leo J. Ritter, *New York Central Railroad Company*; assistant secretary—D. J. Basolo, *Michigan Bell Telephone Co.*; treasurer—W. Clare Edwards, *Michigan Bell Telephone Co.*; assistant treasurer—James V. Grann, *Jam Handy Corporation*.

The chapter constitution and by-laws, previously approved by national headquarters, were formally adopted by the membership.

The other business of the meeting was devoted to the problem of securing greater attendance at chapter meetings and the question of obtaining additional members. A committee was also appointed to look into the matter of having the chapter make awards to outstanding students in ROTC communications units at various universities and colleges in the Greater Detroit area.

**Fort Monmouth**

At a meeting of the chapter's Board of Directors on July 18th, committee chairmen were appointed as follows: membership—Capt. David M. Uhler; meetings—W. L. Seibert; industrial relations—Arthur F. Daniels; reserve affairs—W. F. Atwell; public relations—Lt. Col. B. Abramowitz; financial—Maj. James McClung; memorial—Maj. H. E. Maxwell; group membership—Lt. Col. Robert Haffa.

Capt. David Uhler and Col. E. A. Kenny were elected to fill vacancies on the Board until the annual election in November. Lieut. Stanley B. Upchurch was appointed treasurer to succeed Miss Florence Adair who had resigned.

**October, 1950**



Switch Model Illustrated

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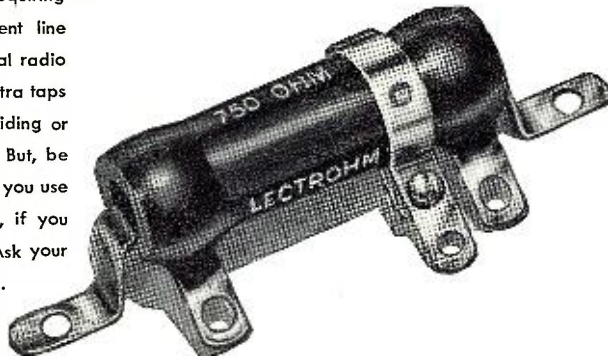
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The financial report covering the AFCA convention at Fort Monmouth in May was presented to the Board and was approved. After considerable discussion, it was decided that the chapter would suspend meetings during August and September and would make plans for an enthusiastic meeting in October, to be supported by a good speaker and entertainment and food, at chapter expense.

### Philadelphia

Philadelphia Chapter members turned out en masse for an informal dinner dance on June 10th in honor of their president, W. W. Watts, Vice President of RCA Victor Division. During the evening, Col. R. R. Rinkensch, program committee chairman, presented Colonel Watts with a hand carved shield bearing the AFCA emblem and the words "Colonel W. W. Watts, Organizer, First President, Philadelphia Chapter, 1947-1950."

The gathering took place at the Officers' Club of the Philadelphia Quartermaster Depot and was attended by some 400 members and guests.

-30-

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## International Short-Wave

(Continued from page 136)

clearly marked. Bellington, N. Y., and Sutton, Ohio, say both 15.341 and 11.896 (measured channels) have news 1400; however, on Sundays I find these have music instead of news.

Germany—DTSP, 15.28, Munich, noted in point-to-point broadcast to New York at 1015. (Russell, Calif.)

"Radio Free Europe" is the name of a new station in Western Germany; operates on 6.135 daily 1200-1800; is an American station directed to Eastern Europe. (Radio Sweden)

Radio Frankfurt now sends QSL card (formerly sent letter). (Pearce, England)

Orchwall, Sweden, says the new Berlin (Russian Zone) station on 6.115 is heard well at 0000; Pearce, England, received letter verification from this one for its 6.115 and 7.140 outlets, but no details were given.

Greece—The Greek Forces Station, Kavala, is heard on 7.650 to leaving the air 1500. (Radio Australia) Radio Sweden lists its schedule as daily 0530-0800, 1200-1500 (Sundays to 1600).

Radio Athens, 15.345, is good level in N. C. during 1730-1745 news. (Parker) Guatemala—TGWA, 9.76, Guatemala City, now runs after 0000; heard some nights as late as 0200. (Bellington, N. Y.)

Haiti—4VEH, Cap-Haitien, has been measured on 9.886 but at times has been found as low as 9.880; good signal evenings and 0700-0800. (Ferguson, N. C.) Heard signing off around 2102 in French and English. (Allen, Mass.) 4VRW, Port-au-Prince listed 10.135, recently was noted back on approximately 9.790 when identified 2055 in English as 4VW and 4VRW, affili-

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ated with CBS and United Nations Radio; asked for advertising; said is on air 10 hours daily but that may be for only 4VW, m.w. outlet. (Stark, Texas) 4VCN, 6.407, Port-au-Prince, noted with music 2000, good level in Dela. (Cox)

**Honduras**—HRN, approximately 5.875, Tegucigalpa, noted with good signal around 2230. (Russell, Calif.)

**Hungary**—Budapest is now sending QSL card. (Pearce, England)

**Iran**—Radio Teheran, 15.100, noted with good signal in news 1500-1505, then dance music to 1530 closedown. Staples, England, reports EQC, 9.660, in parallel.

**Israel**—4X4VA, Tel Aviv, is back on the air on 6.726 and 12.250; *English* music 1240-1400; outlet on 6.726 is putting in strong signal in Lebanon and Syria. (Radio Sweden) Tel Aviv, 9.018, 6.830, news still at 1415. (Pearce, England)

**Italy**—Rome is still moving around. Noted with news 2110 for West Coast on 9.630, 11.810, 11.905, 15.120, 17.820 (Saylor, Va.) Seems to have extended schedules considerably, especially for *English* newscasts.

**Jamaica**—ZQI, Kingston, seems to have changed schedules recently; noted in N.C. signing off 2300 on 4.950; also noted around 0625 on same channel. (Ferguson) Heard with news 2130, some CWQRM. (Saylor, Va.) Bellington, N. Y., reports the 3.480 channel at 2030 with news. Kroll, N. Y., lists QRA of this one as Jamaica Broadcasting Co., The Government Broadcasting Station, 2 Seaview Avenue, Half-Way Tree, Kingston, Jamaica, B.W.I.

**Japan**—JBD3, 15.235, noted with poor signal 0000, QRM'd by Moscow. (Balbi, Calif.) JKM, 4.930, noted signing off 0730; Tokyo, 4.86, noted to after 0815, excellent quality. (Russell, Calif.)

**Korea**—When this was compiled, HLKA, 7.933, Seoul, under control of the North Korean Communists, was being heard with weak signal in Oregon around 0830, through heavy CWQRM; no *English* noted. (Neeley) *Pyongyang Radio* was being heard in Calif. with excellent level 0730, off 1015; no *English* noted. (Russell, Balbi) Frequency of *Pyongyang* is approximately 4.500.

**Luxembourg**—Radio Luxembourg, 6.090, noted Saturdays 1700 with "Bringing Christ to the Nations" (*English*). (Pearce, England)

**Madagascar**—Radio Tananarive is reported on 6.170, heard in New Zealand (Australia) Stark, Texas, and Bellington, N. Y., have been hearing a station on approximately 9.515 from 2230 sign-on that they believe is Tananarive. Not noted Saturday nights, so may be off then or may come on later that day.

**Malaya**—BFEB, 11.88, Singapore, has QRM mornings from XEHH, Mexico City. (Neeley, Ore.) The Blue Network, Singapore, outlet on 7.250 still heard with news 0900. (Deskins,

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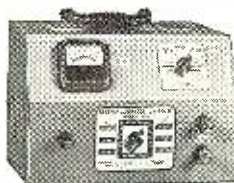
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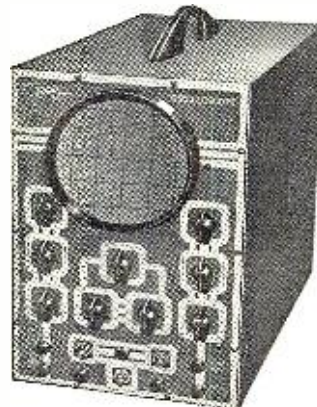
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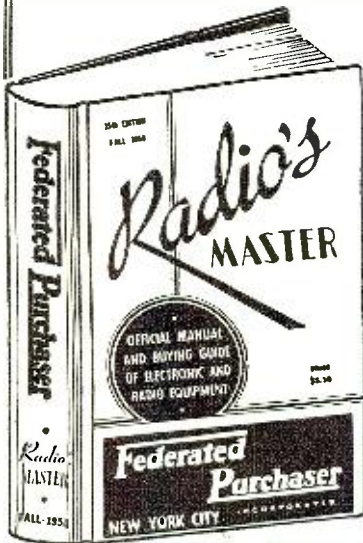
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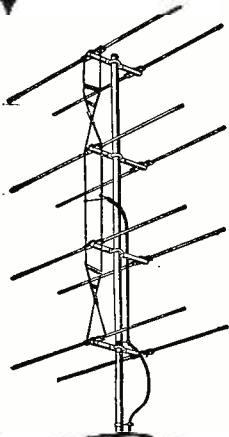
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Calif.) Harmonic noted some days on 14.500. (Neeley, Ore.)

**Malta**—FBS, Middle East, noted in England on 11.895 at 1015 asking listeners to retune to 7.220; noted 0225 on 7.220 and at 0230 with BBC relay; from 0400 could be heard in parallel on 11.895. (Pearce)

**Mexico**—The Mexican Hoof and Mouth Disease Control Commission station, X9BGG, heard in Dela. 0133 testing on 5.880; good signal for 50 watts. (Cox) XDY, 9.919, Chapultepec, "Radio Mex," listed 20 kw., noted 2145 with poor signal in N.C. (Parker)

**Mozambique**—Lourenco Marques noted with *English* program on 11.764 mornings to after 0830; Portuguese program noted around 0000 on approximately 9.805. (Stark, Texas) Neeley, Oregon, says the 9.805 channel has good to fair signal but is badly "mauled" by AØ carrier on about 9.807.

The 4.93 channel, with *English* program, is sometimes audible to fair in the Eastern U.S. from 2300. (Cox, Dela., Bellington, N. Y.)

Pearce, England, hears the Portuguese program on approximately 9.805 to 1500 or later when signs with "A Portuguesa"; Portuguese news 1320.

**New Caledonia**—Radio Noumea, 6.038, will soon have *English* broadcasts for listeners in New Zealand; present schedule is 0200-0540. (Cushen, N. Z.) At times has QRM from Radio Monte Carlo. (Bellington, N. Y.)

**New Zealand**—Radio New Zealand now often takes relays from 2YC instead of 2YA. (Neeley, Ore.)

**Nicaragua**—YNMG, 8.007, "La Voz de Jinotepe," noted 2145-2300 sign-off; suffers intermittent CWQRM but signal is fair to good; power appears 100 watts. (Neeley, Ore.)

**Nigeria**—The "Voice of Nigeria," Lagos, is reported on 9.490; frequencies listed by the station in verifying, however, were 6.035, 9.655; times of transmissions were listed 0100-0230, 0600-1700 (Sundays 0100-1700). (Radio Sweden)

**Norway**—Radio Sweden reports that the *English* program "Norway This Week" is now 15 minutes earlier, that is, Sundays at 0700, 0900, 1500, 1900, and 2100.

**Outer Mongolia**—Ulan-Bator, 8.400, is still heard mornings in the U.S., noted 0545 in N. J. with S-7 signal; man in native language. (Oskey) Russell, Calif., reports Ulan-Bator on 5.265 around 0615.

**Pakistan**—Karachi, 17.835, noted fair in news 0105-0116, some QSB. (Sutton, Ohio) At the time this was compiled, Radio Pakistan was being heard in Eastern USA with news 2100 on both 15.335 and 15.270 (latter with bad QRM from "Voice of America" on same channel). Karachi, 17.835, noted 1200 by Wadhams, Calif. Pearce, England, was hearing the 11.885 channel with news 1230.

**Panama**—Slutter, Pa., reports HOJA, "Radio Provincias," Panama City, 9.642, at 2000 with music; listed

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300 watts; noted in New York 2015-2030 by Bellington. HOXB, 11.810, Panama City, noted in Calif. by Rusself around 2330, signing off 0000.

*Peru*—OAX1B, 6.197, Piura, heard 2038, music. (Cox, Dela.) OAX4W, 9.375, Lima, noted with good level—some CWQRM—2000-2030. (Parker, N. C.)

*Philippines*—DZH3, 9.500, Manila, has NBC news 1100 when battles with XEWW, Mexico City. DZH2, 9.64, Manila, heard around 0930, fair level; announces DZRH, 650 kc., 10 kw., as well as DZH2, 1 kw. (Neeley, Ore.) Davao, 3.950, heard 0530. (Radio Australia)

Rosenauer, Calif., received a letter and QSL card from the Far East Broadcasting Co., Manila, which operates DZAS, 680 kc., 10 kw.; DZH6, 6.030, 1 kw., and DZH7, 9.730, 3 kw. DZH6 uses a center-fed dipole antenna; DZH7 uses a "V" beam directed on Bombay, India. According to the letter, the station expects soon to have a more powerful transmitter, to operate in the 16- or 19-m. band, using a rotating beam antenna; according to the QSL card, additional calls assigned include DZH8, DZH9.

DYH4, Ilialio City, has been heard testing on 6.055 and 840 kc. from 0500 to 0700, with some sideband QRM from YDF, 6.045, Djakarta, USI; however, reception is generally good in New Zealand; call is DYSB on 840 kc., m.w.; reports have been requested frequently to DYH4, Ilialio City, Philippine Islands. (Cushen, N. Z., via Radio Australia)

DZ13, 6.110, Republic Broadcasting Corporation, Calvo Buildings, Escolta, Manila, Philippines, operates 1600-1200; owner is Bob Stewart, formerly of DZAB-DZH5; chief engineer is Jose Guevarra. (Cushen in N. Z. DX Times)

*"The People's Station,"* 6.170, Manila, noted with news 0745. (Balbi, Calif.)

*Portugal*—OTC, Leopoldville, reports *Emissora Nacional*, 15.015, Lisbon, is heard in Sweden 1000-1200. (Neeley, Ore.) This may be the "unknown" widely heard in USA early mornings and afternoons to around 1600; Oskay, N. J., measured the "unknown" transmitter as on about 15.018. Pearce, England, says Lisbon appears to use 15.100 on Saturdays only, other days is heard on about 15.025.

*Sao Tome*—DX Radio, Sweden, reports CR5SB, 17.667.5, Radio Clube de Sao Thome e Principe, heard 0730-0800 and on 4.800 at 1500-1600.

*Saudi-Arabia*—Cushen, N. Z., has received verification from Djeddah; it was explained that Djeddah is about half-way along the Red Sea coast and about 80 miles west of Mecca; transmitting equipment includes six 3-kw. transmitters—one on m.w. and 5 on s.w. Currently lists 725 kc., 3.950, 5.975, 9.650, 11.850 (may be 11.750?), and 11.960 (may be 11.950?), with schedule of 0230-0315, 1040-1115, 1230-1345; the first three transmissions may be changed soon; studios are now being constructed at Mecca and when completed, a high-frequency (FM) station

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30-450 V w/.....ea. 35c
10-10-450 V.....ea. 52c
20-20-450 V.....ea. 59c
10-10-10-20.....ea. 29c
450V-150-25V.....ea. 59c
30-30-400 V.....ea. 47c
350 V.....ea. 47c
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10-150 V.....ea. 23c
10-10-150 V.....ea. 29c
10-10-10-150 V.....ea. 35c
15-150 V.....ea. 25c
20-150 V.....ea. 30c
30-150 V.....ea. 35c
40-150 V.....ea. 35c

15-15-150 V.....ea. 35c
20-10-150 V.....ea. 35c
20-20-150 V.....ea. 35c
30-20-150 V.....ea. 47c
30-30-150 V.....ea. 47c
35-35-150 V.....ea. 47c
40-20-150 V.....ea. 47c
40-40-150 V.....ea. 47c
40-40-150 V.....ea. 47c
20-25 V.....ea. 47c
50-30-150 V.....ea. 47c
20-16-16-350 V.....ea. 47c
Sprague type.....ea. 47c
25-25-150 V.....ea. 47c
200-10 V.....ea. 47c
15-15-40-20.....ea. 35c
150 V-25 V.....ea. 35c
20-20-150-25V.....ea. 47c
30-30-200-150 V.....ea. 47c
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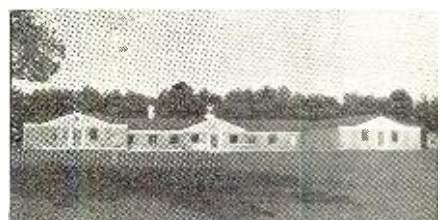
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will be used to relay to the s.w. outlets at Djeddah.

*South Africa*—SABC has now replaced all BBC news relays with SABC news which is relayed from Johannesburg by land-line to other broadcasting centers. (Hannaford, South Africa)

ZRB, 9.11, Pretoria, noted 0015 relaying SABC news. (Bellington, N. Y.)

Worris, N. Y., has converted these current SABC schedules for me—"A" Program is *English*; "B" program is Afrikaans; "C" Program is commercial ("Springbok Radio" in *English*-Afrikaans). Schedule is 9.87, Johannesburg (A) 0315-0715 (Sun. to 0840); 9.523, Johannesburg (B) 0315-0715; 7.295, Johannesburg (C) 0100-1000 (Sun. to 1015); 7.255, Cape Town (B) 0315-0715, 0900-1130 (Sun. 0315-1130); 5.88, Cape Town (B) 2345-0130 (no sign-on Sat., Sun. signs on 0055), 1145-1605 (Sat. to 1645), carries "A" Program Wed. 1320-1605; 4.895, Johannesburg (B) 0900-1350 (Sat. and Sun. from 0725); 4.878 Pietermaritzburg (B) 2345-0130 (no sign-on Sat., Sun. signs on 0055), 0315-0715, 0900-1605 (Sat. 0315-1645, Sun. 0315-1605); 4.80, Johannesburg (A) 0900-1130 (Sat. from 0720, Sun. from 0850); 3.45, Johannesburg (B) 2345-0130 (no sign-on Sat., Sun. signs on 0055), 1200-1605 (Sat. to 1645); 3.356, Johannesburg (C) 2345-0130 (no sign-on Sat., Sun. signs on 0055), 1140-1605 (Sat. to 1645).

*Surinam*—PZC, 15.405, Paramaribo, heard signing off 2107 with fine signal; programs chiefly music with announcements in Dutch; some days has *English* announcements also. (Neeley, Ore.)

*Sweden*—Radio Sweden has replaced 15.155 with 6.065 at 1300-1700. (Skoog, Sweden)

*Syria*—Radio Sweden reports Damascus now on 9.590 with news 1630; frequency not confirmed.

*Tahiti*—Radio Tahiti, 12.080, scheduled now 2300-2345, noted at times with old USAF Network transcriptions (such as Fred Waring, Hit Parade). (Russell, Calif.)

*Tangier*—Nattugglan, Sweden, reports Radio International, 6.110, 1700-1730.

*Thailand*—When this was compiled, Bangkok was noted with its 0500-0630 *English* program on 6.010 and 11.910; announces a 19-m. outlet but this was not then audible in Melbourne. (Sanderson, Hutchins, Australia)

*Trieste*—AFS, Trieste, an American Army Station, is operating on 7.670 at 0000-1800; suffers QRM from Radio Sofia, Bulgaria, same channel; the American station also operates on m.w. 1511 kc. (Radio Sweden)

*Turkey*—At the time this was compiled, Radio Ankara had not yet put its new 100 kw. transmitter into regular operation; however, tests some time ago over TAT, 9.515, and TAV, 17.840, were reported to have been quite successful (with many reports from all parts of the world), and the new transmitter should be in regular use shortly. Radio Ankara recently announced in its *Mailbag Program*

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5" P.M. .68 oz.	.32	.29	
5" P.M. 1 oz.	.98	.93	
5 1/2" P.M. 1.47 oz.	1.10	1.04	
6" P.M. 1 oz.	1.40	1.32	
6" P.M. 1.47 oz.	1.50	1.42	
10" P.M. 6.8 oz.	3.69	3.59	
12" P.M. 4.64 oz.	4.59	4.25	

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*Uruguay*—Radio El Espectador, 11.835, Montevideo, heard signing off 2204, fine level; announces CXA14 and CXA19; uses 3-note chime. (Neeley, Ore.)

*USA*—AAH of the Alaskan Communications System, Seattle, Washington, heard in Pa. loud and clear on announced 14.8675; also announced 10.72; noted some evenings (EST). (Hankins)

*USI*—Menado, Celebes, noted on 9.84 (listed 9.72) to 0930 sign-off; sometimes has strong teletype QRM. (Neeley, Ore.) Also heard in Texas, mornings, by Stark.

Cushen, N. Z., airmails me he hears Medium, 4.160, to after 1030 and that sign-off "appears" to be 1100; mainly native music, relays news in Indonesian from a network 0930; Kediri, 3.510, heard to 1000; Kotaradja, Sumatra, 8.910, noted 0930; YDG, 3.332, Surakarta, noted signing off 1030.

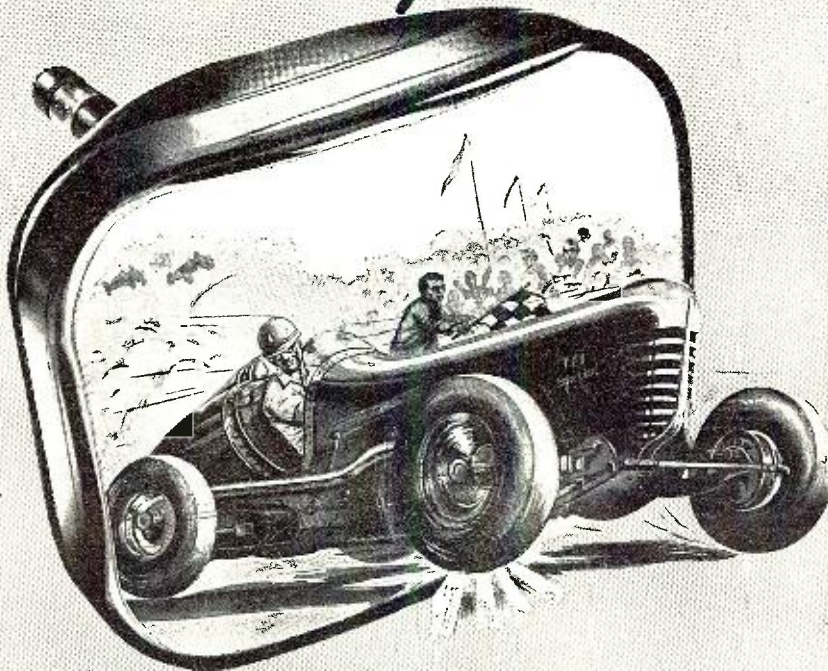
Here are current schedules for *Djakarta Radio*, as received airmail from Thomas, New Zealand—0600-0700, *English*, YDC, 15.150, to Australia-New Zealand, YDB2, 4.910, to Malaya; 0700-0800, Chinese, YDC, 15.150, to China, YDB2, 4.910, regional; 0800-0900, Arabic, YDC, 15.150, to Indonesia, YDB2, 4.910, to Malaya; 0900-1000, Hindu-Urdu, YDC, 15.150, to India-Pakistan, YDB2, 4.910, regional; 1000-1100, *English*, YDC, 15.150, to India-Pakistan-Burma, YDE, 11.770, to West Coast USA-South Africa; 0930-1030, Indonesian, YDF, 6.045, to South East Africa; 1100-1200, Arabic, YDF2, 11.785, to Middle East, YDC, 15.150, to Near East; 1200-1300, French, YDF2, 11.785, to Near and Middle East-Europe; 1300-1400, Dutch, YDF2, 11.785, to Europe-New Zealand; 1400-1500, *English*, YDF2, 11.785, to Europe-New Zealand, and 1030-1130, French, YDB3, 7.270, to Indo-China, and YDB2, 4.910, regional.

*USSR*—Moscow's "claimed" 11.820 channel, used to North America evenings and mornings, has been measured 11.82491 at 1820 sign-on. (Oskey, N. J.) A Soviet transmitter noted on 15.440 signing on 1200 in German or Yiddish. (Leary, Ind.) *Radio Sweden* says Alma Ata now operates on 9.340 and 9.300; audible in Sweden 0700-1100.

*Vatican*—HVJ, 15.095, noted 1315 with *English*. (Leary, Ind.)

A letter received by Hartle, Pa., from the *Vatican Radio* states—"Regarding the new transmitter donated to His Holiness, it will be at least several months before we can put it into operation, the reason being that many building changes are necessitated by the new installation. However, when put into effect it will definitely make reception of Vatican broadcasts in the States available on a much wider scale than at present." This indicates that the new transmitter—reported to be

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100 kw. and a gift to the Pope from Dutch Catholics—will operate in the s.w. bands although European sources reported earlier it was for either l.w. or m.w. transmissions. I hope to have further information direct from the Vatican soon.

**Venezuela**—YVOG, 3.310, Trujillo, 1 kw., has BBC news in Spanish daily 2100, probably transcribed. (Cox, Dela.)

**Yugoslavia**—Radio Belgrade, 9.505, has changed schedule; noted now with news 0045-0100 when signs off air; announces next *English* broadcast for 1115 (probably over 6.100V). (Bellington, N. Y., and Pearce, England)

## Last Minute Tips

Skoog, Sweden, flashes that the *two new* high-powered short-wave transmitters of *Radio Sweden* will be ready for testing within a few months.

Neeley, Ore., flashes to me that the Papeete, Tahiti, transmitter on 6.980 is *Radio Club de Oceanien* (which at least formerly had call FO8AA); at 2300 sign-on, *Radio Tahiti* announces in French that the 12.080 outlet is *Radio Electrique* while 6.980 is "*Emission de Radio Club de Oceanien.*" He also reports the "*Voice of Viet Nam,*" Indo-China, on 9.620, with *English* now 0830-0930; has Indo-China news 0845, editorials 0900, world news 0915; these periods are 5 to 10 minutes in duration and programs are filled in with popular music; 7.265 parallels; at 0930 gives Saigon Time as 2230.

Tel Aviv, Israel, is back on 9.0108 with news 1600; sign-off varies 1630-1645. (Bellington, N. Y.) I recently noted the Home Service opening on approximately 9.615 on a Sunday 0000.

"Unknown" Arabic-speakers heard on 11.75 and 11.95 by Bellington, N. Y., and myself (here in West Virginia), news in Arabic 2320, are believed to be Djeddah, Saudi-Arabia, on new schedule; opens 2300 but sign-off varies around 2350.

*Radio Sweden* has a "vague" report of a new Norwegian station at Vadsoe on 7.010, 20 kw.; no other details listed.

*Radio New Zealand* has brought some new calls and channels into use. New schedule is 1300-1545, ZL8, 9.620, ZL3, 11.780; 1600-0145, ZL10, 15.220, and ZL4, 15.280; 0200-0630, ZL8, 9.620, ZL3, 11.780. (Cushen, N. Z., via Radio Australia)

Hutchins, Australia, reports Viet Nam, Indo-China, on 6.190 with news 0545.

An *English*-speaking station noted on 9.490 at 1425 and signing off 1500 with "God Save the King"; may be Salisbury, Southern Rhodesia; note Salisbury on 3.320 signing off same time. (Pearce, England) If the 9.490 one isn't Salisbury, may be Lagos, Nigeria, also reported this channel.

Airmail flashes from Sanderson, Australia, include BCAF, 8.996, Taiwan, noted 0545, fair signal, Chinese news, and BED2-4, 7.151, noted 0530 with news; Kuala Lumpur, 6.025, Malaya, noted 0830, and *Radio Malaya*,

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7.200, Singapore, noted 0630 with news, then stock exchange reports; *Radio Hue*, 7.205, Indo-China, 0600 with news in Vietnamese; DYB2, 4.98, Philippines, 0545 with music; *new* DHY4, 6.055, heard 0540 in *English*.

**Press Time Flashes**

From Brazil, Serrano airmails this data—*Radio Record*, Sao Paulo, is now transmitting on 6.055 afternoons and evenings (EST), sometimes in parallel with 9.605; still testing. PRN9, 9.29, Rio de Janeiro, now begins transmissions at 1730 (Sunday 1800) with the news program of "Agencia Nacional" (in Portuguese). *Radio Nacional*, also Rio, currently operates 0400-0450, PRL8, 11.72; 0455-1135; PRL7, 9.72; 1138-1515, PRL9, 6.147; 1530-2305, PRL7, 9.72; Saturday and Sunday 0400-0450, PRL8, 11.72, and 0455-2305, PRL7, 9.72. A *new* s.w. transmitter of 50 kw. will be bought from RCA to give *Radio Nacional* better coverage of all Brazil. Then s.w. sessions will be carried simultaneously on two channels. PRL7, 9.72, soon may change to 9.505 to avoid QRM from Moscow. There are no plans at present to put in use the 16-m. (17.85) outlet. A letter from "Difusoras del Uruguay," 18 de Julio 1393, Montevideo, Uruguay, confirms reception of the tropical band station CXW, 3.24, 1 kw., horizontal half-wave antenna beamed N-S; relays "Cadena Uruguaya de Radiodifusion" at 1815-1945.

The "unknown" widely heard in the East on approximately 15.020 as early as 0600 and to 1530 closedown has been identified definitely as Lisbon, Portugal. Afternoons is in dual with the 11.04 channel and has news in Portuguese 1515-1530. (Bellington, N. Y., Ferguson, N. C.)

Despite persistent reports that XEWW, Mexico City, had shifted frequency, at the time this was compiled it was measured on exactly 9.500. (Oskay, N. J.)

*Radio Dakar*, 11.896, 15.341, definitely has *English* news (by woman) daily *except* Sunday 1400. (Pearce, England; Ferguson, N. C.; Bellington, N. Y.)

OZU, 7.26, Copenhagen, Denmark, has added a transmission directed to the Faroe Isles 0830-0850. (Patrick, England)

Students in Oslo, Norway, will operate a station similar to the "merry" Ukesenderen NTH in Trondheim this autumn; probably will be testing by now around 1700-1730 on 6.185, 9.540. (Radio Sweden)

*Radio Sweden* explains Rome is operating over a *new* station on 6.010, 9.630, 11.905, 15.315, 17.770, 17.805, as well as over the old Busto Arsizio outlets on 11.810, 15.120.

Tel Aviv, Israel, is definitely on 9.018.8 now and has *English* daily 1600-1645. Wants reception reports from the U. S. (Fargo, Ga.)

*Radio Noumea*, FK8AA, New Caledonia, heard signing off 0530 on measured 6.038.4. (Oskay, N. J.)

Far Eastern Network, 9.605, Tokyo,

good in California around 0300; signs off 0330. (Winch)

"Radio Nacional," 15.450, Bogota, Colombia, seems to be a *new* outlet; heard by Ferguson, N. C., at 2130 with news in Spanish; noted by Bellington, N. Y., signing off 2330.

Sao Tome, 17.677, noted on a Sunday recently at 0700-0802 when signed with "A Portuguesa." (Ferguson, N. C.) Sent schedule of 1430-1600 daily on 4.807.5 and each Thursday and Sunday 0700-0800 on 18.677.5. (DeMyer, Mich.)

Djeddah, 11.75, 11.95, Saudi-Arabia, still heard from 2300 sign-on to 2330 to 2350 (sign-off varies); Arabic news 2320. (Bellington, N. Y.)

"Brazil Calling" is heard nightly

now at 2005-2030 over ZYK3, 9.565, Recife, Brazil. (Bellington, N. Y.)

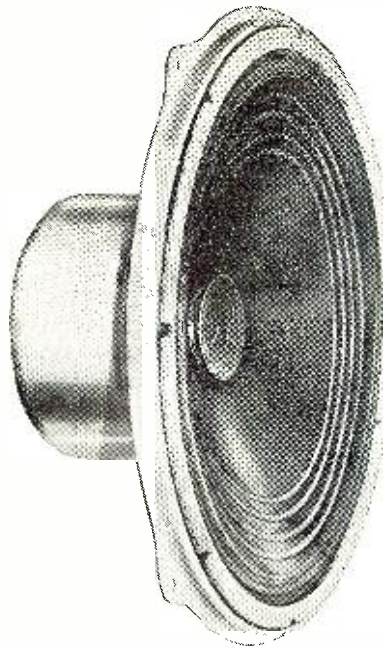
Damascus, Syria, is using Arabic, *English*, French, and Turkish on 6.000, 9.550, 12.000 on Fridays 2345-0300, 0400-0800, 1100-1700; Sunday 2345-0300, 0430-0800, 1100-1700; other days 2345-0100, 0600-0800, 1100-1700; *English* is 0600 and 1630. *Radio Algiers* radiates in French 1330-1800 on 9.570; has *two new* s.w. transmitters (25 kw.) under construction. (Radio Sweden)

**Acknowledgements**

Thanks for the FB reports; as the winter DX season gets under way, I'll be expecting many more—to 948 Stewartstown Road, Morgantown, West Virginia, USA. . . . KRB.

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The directivity pattern covers a total angle of 60 degrees and is approximately uniform over the frequency range. The magnetic structure contains a bridge network to supply equal flux density to the air gap for each voice coil, from a two-pound magnet made of Alnico V material.

The 515S2 is designed for flange-mounting in order that the large-cone section can be positioned with its front edge flush with the front of the baffle. This arrangement provides the highest operating efficiency. The baffle should be part of an enclosure made of 3/4-inch plywood lined with one-inch thickness of sound-absorbent material. The enclosure should have a volume of 5 to 10 cubic feet with a port-hole opening of 30 to 100 square inches placed below the speaker mounting hole. The 515S2 is also designed for rim mounting according to RMA Standards and, therefore, can be used as a direct replacement for existing 15-inch rim-mounted speakers.

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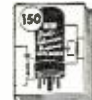
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## Feedback Amplifier

(Continued from page 68)

The curvature of the leading edge is an indication of poorer high frequency characteristics. The amplifier's response without feedback may also be seen in Fig. 8C. The small oscillations on the top of the square wave pattern are due to the shock excitation and are quite normal. They are of small amplitude and very high frequency, and have no effect on the amplifier performance in the audio range.

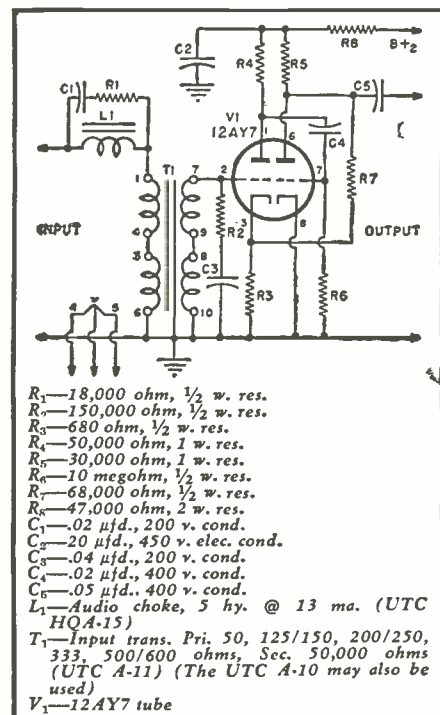
In making square wave tests it is essential that a wide range oscilloscope be used, since otherwise the waveform seen on the screen will be completely different from that entering the oscilloscope. Ordinary oscilloscopes are generally quite unsatisfactory for this purpose, since the required flat frequency range is at least from 10 cycles to 2 megacycles.

The low frequency square wave response is shown in Figs. 8D and E. The extremely slight tilt in the top of the wave is indicative of the large primary inductance (150-200 henrys) and small phase shift (12 windings interleaved) of the transformer.

The amplifier described was designed to be a power-amplifier unit of such optimum characteristics that improvements in other components in a complete system would never make the main amplifier the weak link in the chain. Consequently, there have been no provisions for control functions or frequency compensating equipment, since these could be more readily changed if they were physically separate from the main amplifier.

In order to make a complete unit

Fig. 10. Diagram of a commercial equalizer-amplifier for a variable reluctance pickup.





for highest-quality home listening, the following auxiliary equipment is desirable: 1. Volume Control, 2. Bass and treble equalization, 3. Reluctance-type pickup compensation.

The first control is readily achieved merely by making  $R_1$  a 500,000 ohm potentiometer. This is the only control which can be added to the body of the amplifier. Any additional tone controls or equalizing circuits must be placed before the amplifier, since if inserted internally, they would upset the feedback loop.

An excellent circuit giving up to 15 db. boost or cut at either end of the spectrum is shown in Fig. 7. When this circuit is used before the amplifier, the volume control should be  $R_1$  of the equalizer, in order to prevent overload of that circuit.

Fig. 10 shows a professional type equalizer-amplifier for the variable reluctance type pickup. This provides not only more accurate low frequency compensation, but also a slight high frequency roll-off to compensate for recording pre-emphasis.

Because it combines the desirable features of fidelity, simplicity, and economy, this amplifier is unusually attractive to the home builder. With this amplifier in his possession, the high fidelity enthusiast may be confident that he has a sound design that cannot be rendered obsolete by improvements in program material quality.

-30-

## TV IN BRAZIL

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The show was broadcast from the studio of Radio Tamoio and viewed through receivers placed in the studio of Radio Tupi and at the entrances of the buildings housing the respective stations. The first broadcast was reported to be very successful and was enthusiastically received both by the studio audiences and the large crowds which gathered in the street.

Regular telecasting was scheduled to begin within thirty days of the original program, according to the U. S. Embassy report from Rio.

-30-

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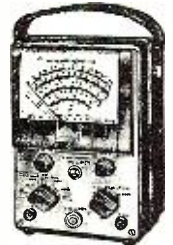
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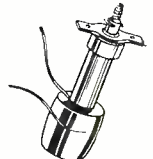
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### Running Time Meters

Sangamo Model 17-B

In hours & 1/10th hours to 9999.9  
110/230 V, 60 cycles, A.C. (Please specify voltage.)

110/230 V.....\$4.50  
230 V only.....3.50

### Variable Reset Timers

Sangamo Model 21

Opens circuit from 0 to 3 minutes, calibrated in 5 second intervals. Will handle 10 Amps or more (please specify voltage.)  
110/230 V.....\$4.50  
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FOB Oakland, 25% cash with order, balance COD.

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The Emergency Radio Transmitter. Sends SOS signals automatically on 500KC, 150-mile range. No batteries required. Has hand-driven generator, tubes, 300 ft. antenna wire like new.

It's only **\$2.95**



Or complete with Instruction Manual, Kite, Hydrogen Generator with feed pipe, Antenna Wire, Balloon, Signal Lamp **\$8.95**

## NAVY TBY TRANSCEIVER

28 to 80 Megacycles. Frequency equipment. Types of transmission JICW Telegraphy and Telephony power output. .5 watts. Complete with tubes, aerial. Head set, crystal controlled. Microphone, 3 spare tubes and canvas carrying case **\$24.95**

## PHOTO ELECTRIC CELL (SELENIUM)

Mfd. by Selenium Corp. of America. 500 Microamperes per lumen. Generates 1/2 volt in bright sunlight. Used for photo exposure meters; colorimeters; with sensitive relays, etc. Generates current without batteries....Each **\$1.49**

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3" Square 0-15 Mill D.C., G.E. **\$3.45**  
3" Round 0-15 Mill D.C., Westinghouse... **3.45**  
2" Round 0-5 Amp. D.C. .... **.59**  
4" Square 0-200 Microamps. Simpson Basic VTVM movement. .... **7.95**

## WATTHOUR METERS

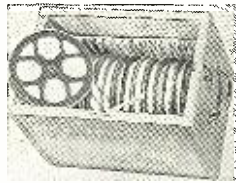
G.E., 1-16 single phase 60 cycle 115-120V, 5 amp—two wire—glass case.... **\$4.95**  
Westinghouse or Santamo—metal case.... **\$3.95**  
115-120V., 5 Amp. 60 cycle, single phase

## EVEREADY AIR CELL BATTERY

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TS-10 Sound Power handsets. **27.95**  
Brand New. Each \$15.00. 2 for  
Transtat Volt Regulator, 115V., **1.49**  
400 cy, 6 Amp.

## We Have Available CODE PRACTICE TAPE



which was used for code practice work by the Signal Corps—from slow to fast practice. 15 rolls on 16MM metal reels in heavy wooden slotted case, to be used with McElroy TG10 Keyers, Tone Keyers or any code practice

unit using printed tape. Special **\$9.95**

## GOULD STORAGE BATTERIES

Completely covered black hard rubber case, with wing nut terminals on side. 6 x 10 x 10" high; non-spillable, 12V., 34 amp. hours. 5 hour rate; wgt. 40 lbs. when fully charged. New, shipped in original sealed carton....Each **\$9.95**

## ELECTRIC STORAGE BATTERY

Same description as above, 24V., 11 Amp. hours. Size 8 x 8 x 7 1/2" high. Wgt. 34 lbs. **\$12.95**  
In original sealed carton.

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MICRO SWITCHES BZ-S.P.D.T. .... **.39**

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531 Westinghouse **\$9.95**  
724A Sylvania **4.95**  
724B Western Electric **1.50**  
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## DEFLECTION YOKE CLAMP

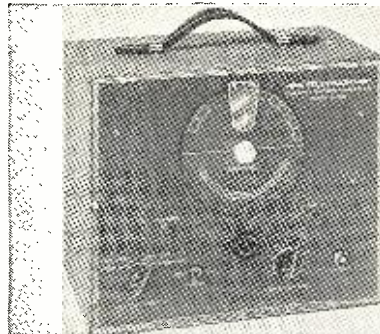
The development of a "Speed Nut" clamp that solves deflection yoke assembly problems for television manufacturers has been announced by *Tinnerman Products, Inc.* of 2036 Fulton Road, Cleveland 13, Ohio.

Adaptable for several different applications, the clamp serves, in some cases, only to mount the yoke to the hood. Where powdered iron cores are used, it also clamps the cores in position. The clamp also provides a solid support for the yoke and picture tube, eliminating the danger of misalignment and broken connections which frequently result from rough handling during shipment.

Specifications and additional data are available from the company.

## TV PATTERN GENERATOR

Approved *Electronic Instrument Corp.* of 142 Liberty Street, New York, New York, is currently marketing the Model A-470 linearity pattern



generator for all types of TV alignment and servicing applications.

This new test instrument permits the adjustment of vertical and horizontal linearity, setting of the hold control, checking for hum in deflection circuits, permits the making of relative sensitivity measurements, and allows troubleshooting without the use of station patterns.

The Model A-470 is housed in a heavy gauge steel cabinet finished in battleship grey. It uses seven standard tubes and a 1N34 crystal. For full details on this linearity pattern generator write the company direct.

## 17" TV TUBE

The Buffalo and Syracuse plants of the *General Electric Company's* Tube Division have begun production on a 17" rectangular picture tube.

The new tube is the third rectangular type to be made by the company. The others are the 14" and 16" glass models.

Designated the 17BP4-A, the new tube has a neutral-density faceplate and is a magnetic-focus-and-deflection

tube. It features an electron gun designed to be used with an external, single-field ion trap magnet for the prevention of ion spot blemish. An



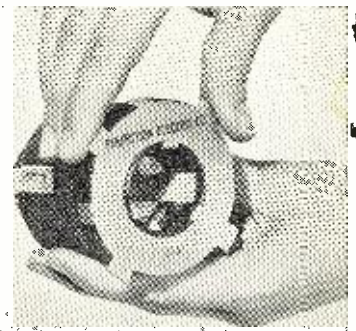
external conductive coating serves as a filter condenser when grounded.

Heater voltage of the 17BP4-A is 6.3 volts and the heater current is .6 ampere plus or minus 10 per-cent. Complete information on the new tube may be secured from the Tube Divisions of the company in Schenectady, N. Y.

## CENTERING CONTROL

*Perfection Electric Company* of 829 South State Street, Chicago 5, Illinois has recently introduced a control for centering television pictures that cuts the time required for that operation to a mere 3 seconds.

Known as the "BeamaJuster," the new unit eliminates the old style mechanical and electrical controls that required numerous brackets, springs, and connections for assembly and took skill and patience to adjust. The control consists of a pair of rotating aluminum plates, one of which holds a permanent magnet. The unit is snapped on the back cover of the TV tube yoke.



It fits any standard yoke and is suitable for any size tube.

The picture is centered by rotating the outer plate with the fingers. Fine adjustments are made by moving the



outer plate up or down or to either side. Once set the picture will not drift, according to the company.

#### AIR-SPACED FEEDLINE

The new "Goodline Airlead," manufactured and distributed by *Don Good, Inc.*, 1014 Fair Oaks Avenue, South Pasadena, California, has been especially designed to eliminate excessive feedline losses in television and ham installations.

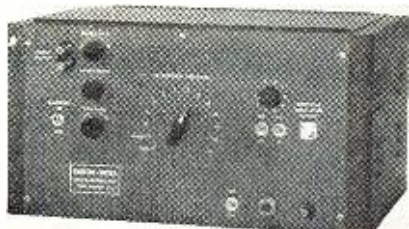
According to the manufacturer, because of the removal of 80% of the loss-producing dielectric web between the wires, the new "Airlead" permits the maximum practical transfer of the signal from the television antenna to the television receiver so that clear and sharp snow-free pictures can be obtained. The 80% removal also allows for the effective utilization of air for insulation and consequently the lowest possible loss is effected.

The feedline comes in five lengths. Samples, new illustrated literature, and complete information are available from the manufacturer.

#### "SWITCHA-SWEEP"

The *Kay Electric Company*, Maple Avenue, Pine Brook, New Jersey has announced the availability of its "Switcha-Sweep," a new electronic TV sweep generator with fundamental outputs on all channels as well as output in the i.f. range.

A rotary switch selects the desired



channel which is swept through a range of 15 mc. by an all-electronic system. The instrument also produces a zero level reference baseline on the oscilloscope display. Saw-tooth sweep eliminates phasing problems. The amplitude modulation of the sweep signal is less than 1% per megacycle. Both switched and continuously variable output attenuation are provided, with maximum outputs of about .5 volt on the 70 ohm unbalanced output and 1 volt on the 300 ohm balanced output.

The sweep contains no internal markers and is intended for use with external marker generators. A regulated power supply is provided to allow operation of the instrument under very poor power line conditions.

#### "ROTO-RAK"

A new television service rack which is said to cut down servicing and alignment time by as much as an hour a day has been introduced by *The Arbor Manufacturing Corporation* of Depew, New York, as the "Roto-Rak."

# At Last!

## A YAGI WITH HIGH GAIN ON 2 CHANNELS!

**TRIO** — always First in TV Antenna development announces with pride a completely new and revolutionary Yagi that *Actually* provides FULL 10 DB on EACH of Two Channels. Available for channels 4 and 5, in the low band, and channels 7 and 9 in the high band; this amazing antenna design also maintains better than 20 DB front-to-back ratio over the entire frequency range of the two channels for which each antenna is designed.

#### The Advantages of a New TRIO 2-Channel Antenna;

- Provides gain on both channel 4 and 5 (or 7 and 9) Equal to Any Two conventional 4-element yagis!
- One bay replaces bulky stacked array!
- One lead replaces old-style 2-lead systems!
- Less weight-per-gain than any other TV antenna!
- Greatly reduced installation costs for complete TV coverage!

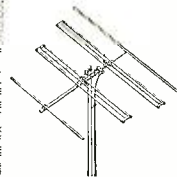
#### How It Works

Antenna consists of 4 elements whose functioning is different on the two channels. For example; in Model 445, the elements, on channel 4, act as reflector, dipole, director, director, in that order; while on channel 5, the same elements act as reflector, reflector, dipole and director. Careful design ensures proper impedance match with standard 300 ohm lead.

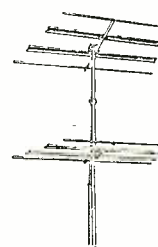
#### Eliminates Co-Channel Interference when used in "Controlled Pattern" system.

The new TRIO 2-Channel Yagi is available in single bay, conventionally stacked 2 bay array for additional gain and as the famous "Controlled Pattern" system utilizing 2 bays, off-set stacked and tuned with the remarkable TRIO "Phasitron" that completely eliminates Venetian-Blind Effect when caused by co-channel interference!

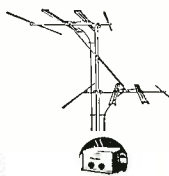
- Model 445 — Single bay Yagi for Channels 4 and 5.
- Model 445-2 — Conventional 2 bay stacked array for Channels 4 and 5.
- Model 479 — Single bay Yagi for Channels 7 and 9.
- Model 479-2 — Conventional 2 bay stacked array for Channels 7 and 9.
- Model 645 — "Controlled Pattern" System for Channels 4 and 5.



Single 4 element yagi with dual purpose elements.



Two of the new TRIO yagis may be stacked to get up to 17 DB forward gain.



The "Controlled Pattern" System — eliminates "Venetian-Blind Effect" when caused by co-channel interference.

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Designed to handle any size or make of TV chassis, the service technician merely fastens the two chassis bars to the bottom of the chassis, sets up the frame by spreading it apart, and mounts the chassis bars on the cross-arms.

All parts are easily reached by turning the entire assembly, which can



then be locked in any convenient position. The rack can be set up next to the test bench and since it is equipped with casters it may be moved about while the set is mounted. The unit may also be adapted for use in automatic record changer repair.

### TV ALIGNMENT TOOL

*Spot Tools, Inc.* of Morris Plains, New Jersey has recently begun marketing a new illuminated television alignment tool.

The new unit has a sturdy aluminum barrel containing two batteries, a bulb, reflector, and a shock-resistant spring which protects the bulb should the tool be dropped. The handle is water-resistant.

The lucite tip, which is set in tenite, will accommodate alignment tips of two diameters. The tool comes



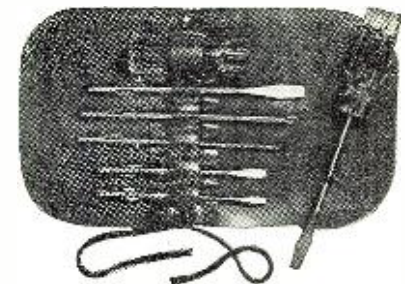
equipped with one tip. As the tips are interchangeable and the light spots the working area, the new unit is a time-saver for the TV technician.

### NEW "VOLTOHMYST"

A radically new **RCA "Senior Volt-Ohmyst,"** the first electronic service-type voltmeter providing direct peak-to-peak measurement of complex wave shapes up to 1400 volts, has been announced by the Test and Measuring Equipment Section of the **RCA Tube Department, Harrison, New Jersey.**

Especially designed for television signal tracing and industrial servicing, the new Model WV-97A contains a full-wave, high-impedance, high-fre-

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5 Tempered and Hardened Tool Steel blades and extra large non-inflammable shock proof plastic handle in plastic tool roll.

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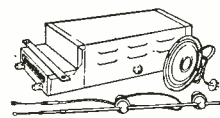
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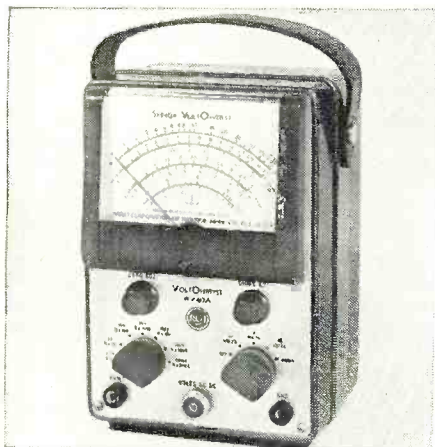
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quency signal rectifier circuit featuring wide frequency response and high voltage ratings.

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voltages, resistance values, and r.m.s. values of sine waves. The direct-reading peak-to-peak scales permit the technician to measure sync pulses, composite waveforms, and deflection voltages in TV receivers without time-consuming computations.

The instrument also provides seven d.c. ranges, seven a.c. r.m.s. ranges, seven peak-to-peak ranges, and seven ohm ranges, all continuous in ratio steps of about three-to-one without skip ranges.

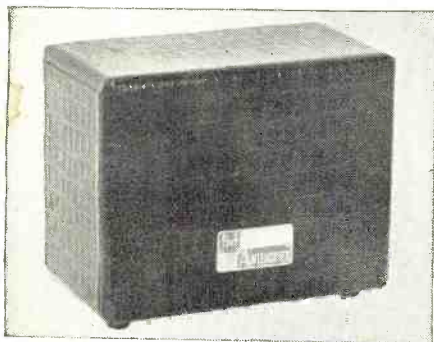
Full details on the "Senior Volt-Ohmyst" are available from RCA distributors.

#### TV BOOSTER

A television booster which operates automatically without tuning has been announced by *Blonder-Tongue Laboratories* of 20 Gunther Avenue, Yonkers, N. Y.

The new booster, called the "B-T Antensifier," utilizes an original, patented wideband amplifier principle which allows simultaneous amplification of the high and low television bands, as well as sound, without adjustment. An automatic power switch is controlled by the TV receiver's "on-off" knob, yet requires no internal connection to the TV chassis.

The unit incorporates a new amplifier which offers a high average gain



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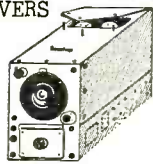
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2-1-3 MC LN. Orig. \$40. Now... **9.95**

GO-9 XMITTER Freq. range 3-18 MC and 300-600 KC. 100w output. Brand New! Complete with tubes and spare part kit. Comes in 3 units, high and low freq. xmitter and rectifier. Only a few available... **\$69.50**

CITIZENS BAND FREQ. METER LAVOIE VHF FREQ. METER. Type 105SM. Types from 375-725 MC. 1% Brand New! Complete... **\$49.95**

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ARC-4 VHF TRANSCEIVER. 140-144 MC. Xtal cont. Xmitter has 832 Final modulated by 6L6's, 10w output. 13 tube rcvr., two ind. RF secs., may be operated simultaneously or individually. Comes with Xtal, Dynamotor and tubes. Tubes Top cond., used. Orig. \$150. Now... **\$25.00**

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BC-620 FM TRANSCEIVER. 20 to 27.9 Megacycles. Part of SCR-509. Includes PE-120 Vibrator Power Supply, Battery Case, Shock Mounting, AN-29 Telescopic Antenna. Used, but in excellent condition... **\$22.50**

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SCR-269 ADF Systems	APS-6	Link 1498
1-100 Radio Compass Test Sets	APS-3	PP-39/TRC-2
1E-19 VHF Test Sets	SCR-717	AT-49/APR-Y
1-96 VHF Test Sets	SCR-729	BC-929
SCR-718	TDS	BC-800
CRT-3 Emergency Transmitter	TBQ	APN-2
BC-221 Modulated or Unmodulated and LM Freq. Meters	HS-33	SO-7 Parts
BC-376 Marker Beacon Test Set	TC-15A	RC-79A
AN ARN-8 Marker Beacon Set	TS-226A	ARG-13A
	LZ Test Set	CP-11/APR-15
	1E-56A	TN-1/APR-1
		TPS-1 Ant. Rotator

Plus many, many other items. Write for complete information.

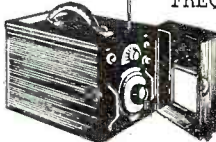
### BC-1073 WAVEMETER

PWR. SUPPLY SECTION 110 V 60 Cy. 330 V DC 85 MA 2 section filter. Also 15 tubes; 10. 6NS7's, 1-5Y3, 1-6H6, 1-6S17, 1-6V6, 1-6SA7. Can be purchased separate at... **\$9.95**

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Freq. range 150-225 Mc. Uses 0-500 DC microammeter for indicator. Comes in black crackle carrying case with handle. 12 1/2 x 8 3/4 x 6 1/2". Net 18 lbs. Complete with tubes and calibration chart. Brand new... **\$14.95**

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Operate on 6v DC, 34 MC varied either direction depending xtals, Xmttr and Rcvr has aluminum case with antenna relay. Xmttr uses 1073.125 KC xtal in osc. stage followed by 4 doublers and 1 fin. amp., all using HY 65 tubes. Mike amp. and Freq. Mod. use 1C7G tubes. Xmttr. stages have metering jacks. Rcvr is superhet. Xtal cont. local osc. at 8060 KC. Power Supply on chassis using Carter 6v gen., output 450v, 250ma. 6v vibrator Pow. Sup. for Rcvr. All tubes inst. heating. Included is control box, hand set, 8" spkr. and extra microphone. Used. Complete set only... **\$45.00**

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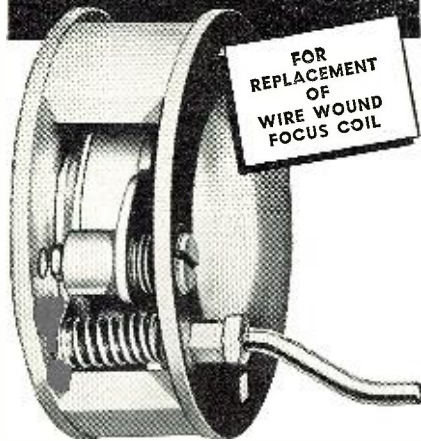
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Aluminum supporting bracket is furnished with kit.

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The booster is housed in a compact cabinet finished in alligator grain and measuring 7½ x 5¾ x 4¼".

## WARD'S YAGI

The Ward Products Corp. of Cleveland, Ohio has added a TV antenna to its line, the new Yagi.

Based on the interlinking folded dipole principle, this model is said to be different from other antennas. Designed to provide good performance in fringe areas of weak signal strength, a built-in impedance transformer steps up impedance. Its narrow beamwidth permits maximum energy pickup, and pinpoint directivity with a very high front-to-back ratio eliminates co-channel interference, according to the company.

There is a separate model for each TV channel. The antenna is constructed with "Perma-Tube" cross arms for maximum horizontal torsional strength. Mast brackets take up to 1½" masts. Stacking kits for stacking either high or low band arrays are also available. The units are factory preassembled, ready to unfold and install.

## PORTABLE TV "LABORATORY"

Oak Ridge Products of 239 East 127 Street, New York 35, New York, has developed a miniature composite test



"laboratory" for the servicing of FM and television receivers.

The unit includes the company's Models 101 substitution tester, 102 high voltage meter, 103 signal generator, and 104 synchro-sweep generator all in a single carrying case.

The new instrument case is available in two models, the X-100 which has all four units permanently attached inside the carrying case, and the A-100 in which the four units have individual cabinets housed in a larger carrying case.

## AMPLIFIER TUBE

A new double-ended beam power amplifier tube, designed for use as the horizontal deflection amplifier in television receivers, has just been announced by the Tube Divisions of General Electric Company, Syracuse, New York.

When used with suitable components, the new tube (6CD6-G) is capable of fully deflecting any picture tube having a deflection angle up to 70

**it's terrific!**

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**TELEVISION LINEARITY PATTERN GENERATOR**  
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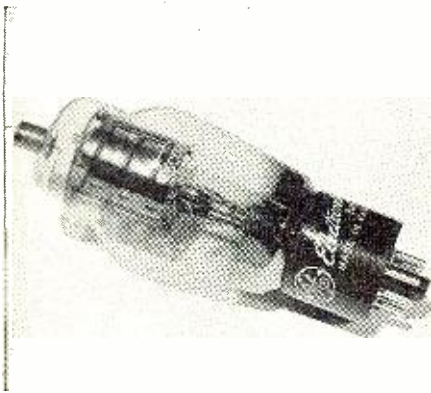
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**RADIO & TELEVISION NEWS**



degrees and operating at anode voltages up to 14 kilovolts.

The 6CD6-G is rated with a peak positive pulse plate voltage of 6000 volts; maximum d.c. plate voltage of



700 volts; plate dissipation, 15 watts maximum; d.c. plate current, 170 ma. maximum.

Complete data on the new tube may be obtained from the company.

### WAND ANTENNAS

Peerless Products Industries, Inc. of 812 North Pulaski Road, Chicago 51, Illinois has introduced two new low cost indoor antennas, the "Golden Wand" units.

Both models, which cover the TV and FM bands, have dipoles made of highly polished Admiralty brass which will not rust or corrode; easy, jamless telescopic action; automatic friction allowing adjustment of the dipoles at any angle without slipping; and phosphor bronze contacts for best electrical conduction.

The Model G84TV has a tarnish-free and rustproof round base in gold satin finish with a plastic knob for dipole adjustment. The Model 50TV has a heavily weighted base of molded polystyrene in highly polished mahogany-walnut finish.

Catalogues and price information on either or both of these antennas are available from the manufacturer.

### NOVEL ANTENNA

The Radion Corporation of 1137 N. Milwaukee Avenue, Chicago 22, Illinois, has introduced a novel indoor

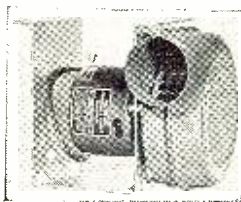


television antenna, the Model TA55 "Foto-Tenna."

To the casual observer the new antenna appears to be an ordinary leatherette photograph album. Actually

### A-220 MC. CONVERTER FROM THE SURPLUS R-1/ARR-1 RECEIVER

Ideal compact unit for conversion to the 1 1/2 meter band. Uses four 954 Acorn tubes. Size: 3 1/2" x 3 1/2" x 10". For complete conversion instructions, see Radio News Jan., 1949. Price..... \$6.95



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Brand New 115 Volt 60 cycle blower, as illustrated, approx. 100 Cubic Ft. Dis. 3 1/4" intake, 2" outlet. Motor size: 3 1/2" x 3". 1525 RPM. Complete with mounting bracket. Govt. surplus. Individually boxed. Order \$7.95 No. RN-3604

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12 V. 1 amp.....\$1.50	24 V. 2 amps.....\$2.25
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MARK II B19. 2.00	SCR-183 ..... 2.00

### WHIP ANTENNA EQUIPMENT

#### MAST BASES—INSULATED:

MP-132—(Illustrated) 1" heavy coil spring, 2" insulator. Overall length: 11 1/2". Weight: 2 1/2 lbs. Price.....\$3.95  
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MS-54 or 55. Larger sections than MS-53...Ea. 75c  
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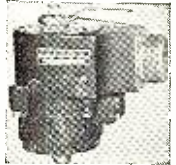
BC-457 Transmitter—4 to 5.3 MC...\$	5.95	\$8.95
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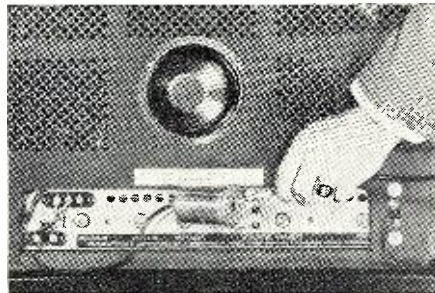
the folder conceals an effective indoor antenna which is said to provide reception in most metropolitan locations.

The new antenna comes complete with 10 feet of 300 ohm lead-in. The company will provide full details on request.

## MATCHING TRANSFORMER

The Brach Manufacturing Corporation of 200 Central Avenue, Newark, New Jersey, has developed a new 75 to 300 ohm matching transformer with high pass filter action.

The new unit, which has been designated the No. 72-300, is designed to be a perfect termination at Channels 2-13 but offers a serious mismatch to



diathermy and short-wave interference transmissions in the i.f. band. A coaxial fitting is furnished with the transformer to make a low-loss connection to RG-59/U. The transformer has negligible loss over the complete TV band and a voltage gain of two-to-one.

## TV FUSE KIT

Littelfuse Inc. of 4757 Ravenswood Avenue, Chicago 40, Illinois, is currently marketing a handy fuse kit for television service technicians.

The kit, which measures only 2 1/4" by 1 1/2", contains 10 fuses in eight of the most-often-needed types. Two of the eight are duplicated, giving more adequate coverage on the more popular types.

Additional details on this new fuse assortment are available from the company.

## ADJUSTABLE TV TABLE

The Abner-Hull Manufacturing Company of 143 Newbury Street, Boston, Massachusetts is presently marketing an adjustable television table which can be used with virtually any make or model table TV receiver.

The table is made from kiln dried Northern hard woods and finished in "deep color" brown mahogany. Models finished in blonde wood are also available. The table is designed with reversible panels to provide high or low edges depending on the requirements of the television set. The legs are equipped with glides and an adjustment for non-rocking.

This table is adjustable from 16 1/4" x 16 1/4" to 26 1/2" x 26 1/2". The adjustment feature is completely concealed and the size adjustment can be made in less than a minute without the use of tools.

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RADIO Diagrams 50c; Record Changers, Records 60c; Television Diagrams with service data \$1.00 up. State Manufacturer and model number. Kramer's Radio Service, Dept. RX, 36 Columbus Ave., New York 23, N. Y.

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3-WAY Portables, \$12. Other bargains see June classified. Catalog. Smith, 46 Fisher Ave., Roxbury, Mass.

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AN/APR-4, APR-5A Receivers and Tuning Units, laboratory quality Test Equipment, dial telephones, stepping switches, Motorola program-clocks and tuners, surplus stocks. ARR-5, ART-13, etc. Describe and price in first letter. Chas. Littell, Farhills Box 26, Dayton 9, Ohio.

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HERMAN Lewis Gordon, Registered Patent Attorney, Patent Investigations and Opinions. Warner Building, Washington, D. C.

LANCASTER Allwine & Rommel Registered Patent Attorneys. Patent practice before U.S. Patent office. Validity and Infringement investigations and opinions. Booklet and form "Evidence of Conception" forwarded upon request. Suite 414, 815 15th St., N.W. Washington 5, D.C.

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David Kusner, second prize winner in the National Science Fair, selected a new RCA Senior VoltOhmyst as his award.

Presented recently by J. B. Coleman, Asst. Director of Engineering for RCA, the prize was won by Kusner for his exhibit of an elaborate, automatic r.f. heating unit.

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Page	Credit
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66, 67	United Transformer Company
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120	Harvey Radio Company
128	MARS
134 (top)	Lourenco Marques Radio
134 (bottom)	Radio Turkey

**ERRATUM**

In the article "New Applications for Crystal Diodes" appearing in the June 1950 issue, further checking has shown that the low voltage regulator shown in Fig. 5 will not operate as described.

Due to a faulty setup with a voltage source of poor regulation, erroneous readings were obtained which indicated that voltage regulation was being obtained. Further checking by the author under conditions more closely controlled, showed that the apparent regulation was due to a faulty voltage source. We regret any inconvenience this error may have caused our readers.

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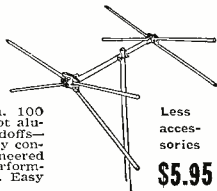
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# INDEX OF

# Advertisers

OCT.  
1950

While every precaution is taken to insure accuracy, we cannot guarantee against the possibility of an occasional change or omission in the preparation of this index.

ADVERTISER	PAGE	ADVERTISER	PAGE
Aaron Electronic Sales.....	135	Mallory & Co., Inc., P. R. . . . .	15, Fourth Cover
Acorn Electronics Corp. . . . .	164	Martin Mfg. Co. . . . .	151
Ad-Ritz Mfg. Corp. . . . .	164	Mass. Radio School. . . . .	162
Adson Radio & Electronics Co. . . . .	140	Meissner Mfg., Division Maguire Industries, Inc. . . . .	106, 177
Alliance Manufacturing Co. . . . .	23	Merit Transformer Corp. . . . .	128
Allied Radio Corp. . . . .	9	Midway Radio & Television Corp. . . . .	126
Altec Lansing Corporation. . . . .	106	Midwest Radio & Television Corp. . . . .	26
Alvarado Supply Co. . . . .	142	Miles Reproducer Co., Inc. . . . .	161
American Phenolic Corporation. . . . .	23	Milwaukee School of Engineering. . . . .	119
American Television & Radio Co. . . . .	120	Murray Hill Books, Inc. . . . .	134
Amperite Company, Inc. . . . .	136	McGee Radio Company. . . . .	87, 88, 89
Amplifier Corp. of America. . . . .	112, 172	McGraw-Hill Books, Inc. . . . .	134
Approved Electronics Inst. Corp. . . . .	172	National Radio Institute. . . . .	3
Arrow Sales, Inc. . . . .	125	National Schools. . . . .	Third Cover
Ashe Radio Co., Walter. . . . .	24	National Union Radio Corp. . . . .	146
Asstic Corporation, The. . . . .	18	Newark Surplus Materials Co. . . . .	122
Atlas Sound Corporation. . . . .	122	Niagara Radio Supply Corp. . . . .	93
Baltimore Technical Institute. . . . .	171	Northwestern Vocational Inst. . . . .	174
Bell Telephone Laboratories. . . . .	30	Oak Ridge Products. . . . .	136
Belmont Radio Corporation, Subsidiary of		Offenbach & Reimus Co. . . . .	133
Bethone Mfg. Co. . . . .	31	Ohmite Manufacturing Company. . . . .	34
Berlant Associates. . . . .	152	Opad-Green Company. . . . .	155
Bond Equipment Co. . . . .	163	Peak Electronics Co. . . . .	91
Boyce-Roche Book Co. . . . .	92	Penn Boiler & Burner Mfg. Co. . . . .	123
Brach Mfg. Corp. . . . .	109	Pfanzstiel Chemical Co. . . . .	142
Brierley, Ltd., J. H. . . . .	155	Phillips Mfg. Co. . . . .	150
British Industries Corporation. . . . .	169	Photocon Sales. . . . .	109
Brook Electronics, Inc. . . . .	102	Pickering & Company. . . . .	102
Browning Laboratories, Inc. . . . .	126	Platt Electronics Corp. . . . .	174
Brush Development Company. . . . .	14	Poly-Tech. . . . .	156
Buffalo Radio Supply. . . . .	129	Precision Electronics, Inc. . . . .	132
Candler System. . . . .	172	Premier Radio Tube Company. . . . .	161
Cannon Electric Company. . . . .	115	Progressive Electronics Co. . . . .	149
Capitol Radio Engineering Institute. . . . .	25, 101	Pyramid Electric Company. . . . .	26
Central Radio & Television Schools, Inc. . . . .	170	Quam-Nichols Company. . . . .	172
Centralab, Division of Globe-Union, Inc. . . . .	12, 13	RCA Institutes, Inc. . . . .	163
Chelsea Television Center, Inc. . . . .	151	RCA Service Company, Inc. . . . .	166
Chicago Industrial Instrument Co. . . . .	110	Radio Corporation of America. . . . .	Second Cover, 29, 153
Chicago Transformer. . . . .	127	Radio Craftsmen, Incorporated, The. . . . .	94
Cincinnati Ventilating Co., Inc., The. . . . .	118	Radio Ham Shack, Inc. . . . .	103
Clayson, K. D. . . . .	167	Radio Parts Company. . . . .	32
Cleveland Institute of Radio Electronics. . . . .	5	Rad Press. . . . .	171
Clippard Instrument Laboratory, Inc. . . . .	122	Rad Tel Co. . . . .	144
Coin Radio & Television Corp. . . . .	166	Raytheon Manufacturing. . . . .	86
Columbia Electronic Sales. . . . .	126	Red Arrow Sales. . . . .	148
Comet Electronic Sales. . . . .	143	Reeves Soundcraft Co. . . . .	130
Communications Equipment Co. . . . .	117	Reliance Merchandizing Co. . . . .	173
Concord Radio Corp. . . . .	22	Richfred Television Sales Co. . . . .	176
Coyne Electrical & Television-Radio School. . . . .	108, 166	Rider Publisher, Inc., John F. . . . .	170
Dakoline Chemical Co., Inc., Electronic Chemicals Division. . . . .	132	Rose Company, The. . . . .	164
DeForest-Sanabria Corp. . . . .	33	Rumph Co., Dave. . . . .	145
DeForest's Training, Inc. . . . .	7	Sams & Co., Inc., Howard W. . . . .	90, 132, 154
East Coast Electronics. . . . .	150	Schoff Company, Walter L. . . . .	105
Editors & Engineers, Limited. . . . .	116	Science Kits, Ltd. . . . .	159
Edlie Electronics, Inc. . . . .	104	Senco Radio, Inc. . . . .	137
Electro Devices Incorporated. . . . .	139	Simpson Electric Company. . . . .	10
Electro Products Laboratories, Inc. . . . .	140	Simpson Manufacturing Co., Inc., Mark. . . . .	114
Electro Technical Industries. . . . .	152	Spartan School of Radio and Electronics. . . . .	111
Electronic Instrument Co., Inc. . . . .	6	Spencer-Kennedy Laboratories, Inc. . . . .	175
Electronic Measurements Corporation. . . . .	168	Spellman Television Company. . . . .	112
Electronic Technical Institute. . . . .	158	Sprague Products Company. . . . .	16
Electronics Institute, Inc. . . . .	172	Sprayberry Academy of Radio. . . . .	19
Embassy Engineering Co. . . . .	159	Stahl, Inc., Michael. . . . .	168
Enmons Radio Supply. . . . .	167	Standard Surplus. . . . .	141
Espey Manufacturing Company, Inc. . . . .	135	Standard Transformer Corporation. . . . .	147
Fair Radio Sales. . . . .	173	Star Electronic Distributors, Inc. . . . .	170
Federated Purchaser Incorporated. . . . .	159	Sun Radio & Electronics Co., Inc. . . . .	148
Feiler Engineering Co. . . . .	164	Sun Radio of Washington, D. C. . . . .	84
Franklin Technical Institute. . . . .	173	Supreme Publications. . . . .	121
G. L. Electronics. . . . .	130	Swedgal Radio Co., Inc. . . . .	162
General Electric Company. . . . .	17, 85	Sylvania Electric Products, Inc. . . . .	21
General Electronic Distributing Co. . . . .	95, 96, 97, 98	TAB. . . . .	107, 178
General Test Equipment. . . . .	173	Tech-Master Products Co. . . . .	124, 175
Goodheart, R. E. . . . .	161	Tekni-Labels Company. . . . .	169
Greentee Tool Co. . . . .	136	Tele-Clear Corporation. . . . .	154
Harrison Radio Corp. . . . .	124	Television Communications Institute. . . . .	110
Harvey Radio Company, Inc. . . . .	165	Telex Supply Co. . . . .	142
Heath Company, The 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83		Telex, Inc. . . . .	148
Henry Radio Stores. . . . .	114	Templar, Inc. . . . .	99
Henshaw Radio Supply. . . . .	159	Templar Products Co. . . . .	170
Hudson Radio & Television Corp. . . . .	167	Thomas Electronics, Inc. . . . .	163
Hy-Grade Electronics, Inc. . . . .	86	Transvision, Inc. . . . .	118
Hytron Radio & Electronics Corp. . . . .	11	Tri-State College. . . . .	155
Illinois Condenser Co. . . . .	140	Trio Manufacturing Co. . . . .	169
Indiana Technical College. . . . .	158	Turner Company, The. . . . .	157
Instructograph Company. . . . .	158	Ungar Electric Tool Co., Inc. . . . .	154
Jensen Industries, Inc. . . . .	146	United Technical Laboratories. . . . .	157
Knepper Aircraft Service, Aero Tower Division. . . . .	152	United Transformer Company. . . . .	109
Koenig Engineering Company. . . . .	105	Universal General Co. . . . .	151
Lafayette Radio. . . . .	27	Universal Microphone Corp. . . . .	177
LaPointe-Plascomold Corp. . . . .	160	University Loudspeaker • Inc. . . . .	138
Lectrohm, Incorporated. . . . .	158	V & H Radio & Electronics Supply. . . . .	171
Leotron Research Labs. . . . .	176	Valparaiso Technical Institute. . . . .	161
Leotone Radio Co. . . . .	160	Van Nostrand Co., D. . . . .	162
Lettine Radio Mfg. Co. . . . .	118	Weller Electric Corp. . . . .	8
Loris Sales. . . . .	155	Wells Sales, Inc. . . . .	111
		Wholesale Radio Parts Co., Inc. . . . .	150
		World Radio Laboratories, Inc. . . . .	149
		Ziff-Davis Publishing Company. . . . .	113, 131



## TV Servicing with GDO

(Continued from page 65)

sensitivity as the front end is approached.

Only after the horizontal circuit is functioning properly should the grid dip oscillator be used to check the vertical pattern. Some service technicians feed a signal generator, set for 150 to 200 kc. output, into the video amplifier, to give a number of vertical lines. But, with a grid dip oscillator it is necessary to have the front end gain so that the instrument needs no direct connections to the set.

To obtain and hold a horizontal pattern, the grid dip oscillator frequency is tuned to the channel frequency and then carefully tuned off this frequency until a pattern of vertical lines is noted. Final tuning must be done by the set control with the contrast and brightness adjusted to their optimum settings. At this point it is advisable to check horizontal linearity with other vertical circuit functions.

As in all good television alignment procedures, each channel should be checked from the front end. Using the horizontal bars or a local station if possible, align each channel to its proper frequency. It is the usual practice to tune the local stations in with the contrast set at "gray," adjust for brightness for a fine definition, clear the "gray" picture, and then bring up the contrast to the desired level. The resultant picture is one that shows up the results of a good alignment job. When the grid dip oscillator is used properly it provides a new approach to television servicing which promises faster, easier servicing which is more along the line of the old-time radio servicing techniques.

-50-

## NEW TELEVISION STATIONS

TWO Vancouver radio stations, CKWX and CKNW, have recently made formal application to the Canadian Broadcasting Corporation for permission to enter the television field, according to word released by the U. S. Department of Commerce.

Famous Players (Paramount) has also expressed interest in a Vancouver video outlet. The CBC Board of Governors favors a joint application from Vancouver commercial groups which would share costs. Such a group, it is understood, would be able to expect some financial aid from the CBC. Thus far, no joint applications have been made.

There are at present about 150 TV receivers in the Vancouver area. Excellent reception from Seattle is reported. Approximately 600,000 persons, living within 60 miles of Vancouver, would form the potential television audience.

Montreal and Toronto are the only TV stations authorized by Canadian broadcasting officialdom thus far, but both Vancouver and Ottawa hope to get studios before 1952.

-50-

October, 1950

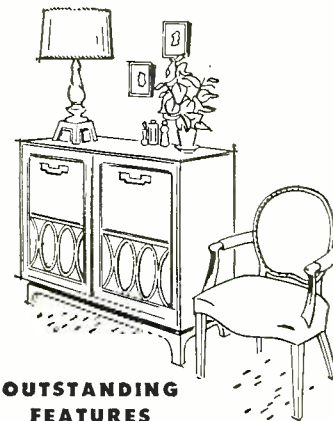


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- TONE CONTROL: Combination control provides bass boost up to 11 db at 40 CPS and treble attenuation up to 13 db at 10,000 CPS.
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- No additional pre-amplifier required to use variable reluctance phono pick-up.
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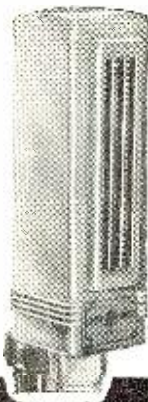
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1.03	289	1300	3333	16500	100000
1.03	299	1350	3384	16800	110000
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3	320	1495	3730	18000	125000
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5	350	1600	4200	18800	145000
5.025	360	1640	4220	19000	147000
6.25	366.6	1646	4280	19500	150000
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7	375	1670	4310	20500	160000
7.8	380	1680	4400	20500	165000
7.9	389	1710	4444	21000	166750
8	390	1712	4500	21500	167000
10.38	400	1740	4720	22000	169200
11.25	410	1770	4750	22500	175000
12	414.3	1800	4850	22900	180000
13.52	418.8	1818	4900	23150	185000
14.25	426.9	1865	5000	23250	186600
14.5	427	1892	5100	23400	190000
15	440	1894	5210	23500	198000
16	450	1895	5235	24000	200000
17	452	1896	5270	24600	201000
19	460	1897	5300	25000	205000
19.2	470	1898	5400	25200	210000
22	475	1899	5600	25400	215000
22	478	1900	5730	25833	220000
23	480	1901	5770	26000	225000
24	487	1902	5910	26500	229000
25	500	1903	6000	26600	230000
26	520	1904	6100	27000	235000
28	525	1905	6200	27500	240000
30	540	1906	6140	28000	240000
31.5	550	1907	6200	28430	245000
37	575	1908	6300	28500	250000
48	580	1909	6495	29000	265000
49	588	1910	6500	29500	268000
50	600	1911	6840	29900	270000
51.78	612	1912	6950	30300	275000
62	625	1913	7000	31000	294000
66.7	633	1914	7320	31500	300000
60	640	1915	7500	32000	307500
63	641	1916	7700	33000	311000
68	645	1917	7717	35000	314000
74	649	1918	7900	37000	316000
75	650	1919	7920	38100	325000
80	657	1920	8000	39000	330000
81.4	665	1924	8000	39000	335000
68	668	1926	8094	39500	350000
89.8	670	1960	8250	40000	353500
95	673	1980	8500	42000	375000
100	675	2000	8700	43000	380000
101	680	2045	8770	45000	405000
102	681	2046	8900	47000	402000
105.7	684	2095	9100	47500	420000
107	689	2141	9445	48000	422000
120	697	2142	9500	48600	425000
121.2	699	2145	9710	49000	450000
125	700	2150	9800	50000	458000
130	714	2160	9920	50000	458000
132	733	2190	9902	55000	500000
147.5	740	2187	10000	56000	520000
150	750	2195	10430	57065	521000
160	800	2200	10500	58333	525000
165	806	2250	10630	60000	543000
170	850	2300	10900	61430	550000
175	854	2400	10936	62000	570000
179	899	2450	11000	64000	575000
182	900	2463	11400	65000	600000
182.4	910	2485	11500	66000	620000
200	917	2490	11690	66500	650000
209.4	946	2500	12000	67500	654000
216	978	2525	12500	68000	660000
220	1000	2600	12800	70000	690000
220.4	1030	2625	13000	72000	700000
225	1056	2635	13100	73500	750000
230	1059	2700	13500	75000	761300
235	1067	2750	13550	80000	800000
240	1100	2850	13600	82000	813000
245	1110	2860	14000	84000	850000
245.4	1150	2870	14250	86000	900000
250	1155	2900	14400	85750	930000
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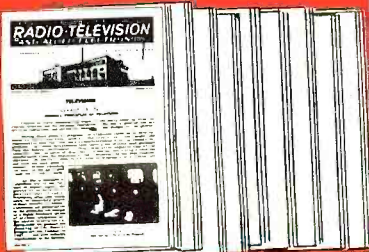


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