### --- H -

HARDING, DICK
MBS. Organist.
HAYTON, LENNIE
NBC. Pianist. Melody and

Madness,
IIEMINGS, BOB
WHAM, Roenester, N. Y. Pianist. A Study in Black and White

HENDRICKSON, VIRGINIA KWLC, Decorah, 1a. V

HENDRICS, BELFORD WEOA, Evansville, Ind. Pi-

anist. HERCH, MILT

NBC. Organist. The Milt Herth Trio.

HILL, ROY
WHIS, Bluefield, W. Va. Pianist. An Earlul of Music.
HILLYER, KARL

KFXJ, Grand Junction, Colo. Organist. Vesper Whispers.

HINETT, ARTHUK KYW, Philadelphia, Pa. Organist.

ganist.
HIRSCH, BERTRANO
NBC. Violinist. American
Album of Familiar Music.
HOLMES, E. G.
WNAX, Yankton, S. D. Pianist. Devotional Singers, Bohemian Band, Jammuncers,
Western Jamborce, Rodeo Recess, Happy Jack's Old Timcrs, Eleanor and Her Violin.

NBC. Pianist. Calsodent Pre-sents, Gliding Swing.

sents, Gliding Swing.
HOWARD, ROBERT
WKY, Oklahoma City, Okla.
Pianist. Piano Rambles.
HUGHES, FRANK
WKY, Oklahoma City, Okla.

Pianist. Piano Rambles.

HUTTON, JOAN

WEBR, Buffalo, N. Y. Pianist. Girl With the Flaxen

— I –

Hair.

enade.

IHRKE, ELMER A. WEMP, Milwaukee, Wisc. Organist-Novachordist. Novachord Serenade, Paradise Isle. Twilight Melodies, Canary Ser-

\_\_ J -JENSEN, HELEN WLS, Chicago, 111. Pianist.

JOHNSON, DICK KGAR, Tucson, Ariz. Pianist-Organist, Smiles, Home Folks Hymns.

JOHNSON, LAURA WJMS, Ironwood, Mich. anist-Organist. Musical Miniatures.

Atures.
JONES, SYNDEY
KXA. Seattle, Wash. Organist. Magic of the Organ.

ISL. Magic of the Organ.
JONES, VENIDA

KMOX, St. Louis, Mo. Organist. The Music Box.
JONSON, BILL

KGFF, Shawnee, Okla. Organ.

ist-Pianist. Reveri Hands of Harmony. Reveries. Four

### — K -

KAYE, MARION KMO, Tacoma, Wash. Pianist. Kaye 'n' Kaye, Monologs in Melody.

### \_\_\_ L \_

LARSEN, LARRY Malcolm NRC Organist.

Claire, Words and Music.

LEAF, ANN

NBC. Organist. Elle
dolph, Lorenzo Jones. Ellen Ran-

LEE, EDDIE

WEEI, Boston, Mass. Pianist. Musical Bec, Tea With Eddie Lee.

LEE, MARY

KGFF, Shawnee, Okla. Pi-anist. Four Hands of Harmony

LE PERE, RAY WFAA, Dallas, Texas, Organist. Evening, Employers Casualty Program.

LETRET, SHIRLEY WJBW, New Orleans, La. Pianist. Sehrama Music Program. Senramm Studios of

### — M —

McALPIN, CLO WAPI, Birmingham, Ala. Novachordist-Organist. sole Ecnoes.

McLEOD, KEITH

NBC. Planist-Organist. Arm-chair Quartette, Meet the Songwriter., Meet the Artist.

MASSEY, ALLEN
WLS, Chicago, Ill. Instrumentalist. The Westerners.

MASSEY, CURT WLS, Chicago, Ill. Instru-mentalists. The Westerners. MATTFIELD, JULIUS

CBS. Organist. Organ Loft. From the

MEEDER, WILLIAM

MEEDER, WILLIAM

NBC. Organist. The O'Neills,
Pepper Young's Family, Road
of Life, The Gospel Singer.
WDNC, Durbant, N. C.

MILLER, IRVING

NBC. Meet the Artist, Meet
the Songwriter, The Wife
Saver

### \_\_ N -

NELSON, RUTH HULSE KMOX, St. Louis, Mo. Organist. Organ Melodics. NEUMILLER, HOWARD

WBBM, Chicago, Ill. Pianist. Song Souvenirs.

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OWEN, EM WTAQ, Green Bay, Wisc. Or-ganist- Pianist.

### --- P -

PATTON, ALICE

NBC. Pianist. Backstage Wife. PATTON, LOWELL

Organist. Call to Homespun Opportu-Call to Youth, nity Religious Tunes.

CBS. Organist. Men Against Death.

PERKINS, RAY
NBC. Pianist. Letters Home.
Ray Perkins and His Piano 'Clarence.''

POLLOCK, MURIEL
NBC. Pianist-Organist. venture in Reading, Crawford Ensemble, The Family Man.

### — R —

REISENBERG, NADIA
MBS. Mozart Concerto Series.

REISER, AL NBC. Pianist. Turn Back the Clock, The Schaefer Re-

REISER, LEE

NBC. Pianist. Turn Back the Clock. The Schaefer Re-

### — S —

SCOTT QUINTET, RAYMOND CBS. Instrumentalists. Your Hit Parade.

SHEFTER, BERT NBC. Pianist. Shefter and Brenner.

SIMS, RUDOLPH

CBS, New York, N. Y. Cellist. New York Philharmonic.

SUMNER, WILLIAM
NBC. Organist. Hymns of
All Churches.

### \_\_ T -

TEMPLETON, ALEC

Pianist. Alec Templeton Time NBC. Ford Sunday Evening Hour CBS.

TIRRELL, DORIS WBZ-WBZA, Boston & Spring-

field, Mass. Organist. day Football Forecast.

TROTTMAN, ELLEN KADA, Ada, Okla. Sweet and Swing. Pianist.

### \_\_ V \_

VAN DOREN, MILDRED WEEL, Battle Creek, Mich. Pianist. Gospel Singer.

VERNON, HILDREN WBTM, Va. Danville, Or-

ganist. Hymn Time.

### - W -

WHITE, LYDIA KVOO, Tulsa, Okla, Organ-bream House, Your Jenkins' Singing Neighbor, Jenkins' Kiddies Revue, It's A Woman's World.

WILCHER, LOUISE
MBS. Pianist.
WRIGHT, KEN
WKY, Oklahoma City, Okla. Organist. Presenting Ken Wright.

### . Y -

YOUNG, FRANK WOL, Washington, D. C. Pi-anist. Tru Blu Program. anist. Tru Kraft Musical.

YOUNG, RUSSELL

KOCY, Oklahoma City, Okla. Pianist. Rhapsody In Black and White.

### - **Z -**

ZAYDE, JASCHA

WQXR, New York, N. Y. Pi-anist. Herzer and Zayde, anist. Herzer String Classics.

ZEPP, ARTHUR
KFPY, Spokane, Wash. Pianist-Organist. Portraits in
Black and White, Moonlight Sonata

ZIMMERMAN, WILLIAM WWNC, Asheville, N. C. Pi-anist. Spotlight Screnade.



# PROGRAM 5 OF 1939



Major Networks
COMMERCIAL

Major Networks
SUSTAINING

Outstanding Local Programs of Stations Everywhere

# COMPLETE LISTING OF MAJOR NETWORK 1939 COMMERCIAL PROGRAMS OF

Following is a complete listing of all national network commercial programs heard during the twelvemonth period ending Jan. 1, 1940. Listing includes in addition to the program title, network, sponsor, product and agency handling the account. Compiled through the cooperation of NBC, CBS and MBS.

NETWORK ADVERTISING AGENCY NBC—Blue & Red Henri, Hurst & McDonald	NBC—Blue Glicksman Advertising Co.	neli NBC—Blue Weill & Wilkins	iite NBC—PC Erwin, Wasey & Co.	darblers MBS Weston-Barnett	chestra NBC—Red Young & Rubicam	orse Race) NBC—Red Joseph Katz Co.	NBC-Blue N. W. Ayer & Son	CBS Lord & Thomas NBC—Red Lord & Thomas	i Her Show CBS Lord & Thomas	I the Lads CBS Young & Rubicam	CBS Young & Rubicam
PROGRAM Smilin' Ed McConnell	Boxing Bouts	Smilin' Ed McConnell	Good Morning Tonite	American Radio Warblers	Eddie Duchin's Orchestra	The Preakness (Horse Race) The Human Side of the News	Armco Band	Your Hit Parade Kay Kyser's Musical College	Sophie Tucker and Her Show	Ben Bernie and All the Lads	Music by Malneck
ADVERTISER and PRODUCT Acme White Lead and Color Works Paints	Adam Hat Stores Hats	Air Conditioning Training Corp. Correspondence School	Albers Bros. Milling Co.	American Bird Products, Inc. Bird Food	American Cigarette & Cigar Co. Poll Moll Cigorettes	American Oil Co. Gos ond Oil	American Rolling Mill Co. Steel	American Tobacco Co. Lucky Strike Cigarettes	American Tobacco Co. Roi-Ton Cigars	American Tobacco Co. Holf & Holf Tobacco	American Tobacco Co.

Our Gal, Sunday CBS Blackett-Sample-Hummert Easy Aces NBC—Blue Blackett-Sample-Hummert NBC—Blue Blackett-Sample-Hummert NBC—Red Blackett-Sample-Hummert		red CBS—PC McCann-Erickson, Inc. MBS McCann-Erickson, Inc.	B	Bob Garred  CBS—PC H. M. Kiesewetter Advertising Agency Quin Ryan's News Commentary  MBS H. M. Kiesewetter Advertising Agency	NBC—Red	Ballard's Oven-Ready Biscuit NBC-Red Henri, Hurst & McDonald	Frogram Smilin' Ed McConnell NBCBlue Henri, Hurst & McDonald	Famous Actor's Guild (Second CBS Blackett-Sample-Hummert	Album of Familiar Music NBC—Red Blackett-Sample-Hummert	e Wife NBC—Red Blackett-Sample-Hummert	Sports MBS Ivey & Ellington	r Dave MBS Anderson, Davis & Platte	Doc Barciay's Daughters CBS Blackett-Sample-Hummert	sons	NBC—Red	Terry and the Pirates NBC—Blue Stack-Goble Advertising Co. News and Rhythm CBS Sorensen & Co.	NBC—Red	NBC—Red	What's My Name  NBC—Red Young & Rubicam Avalon Time  NBC—Red Russell M. Seeds Co.
ADVERTISER and PRODUCT  Anacin Co.  Anacin  Anacin  Anacin  Just Plain Bill	Atlantic Refining Co. Football	Axton Fisher Tobacco Co. Bob Garred Twenty Grand Cigarettes Captain Herne		Bathasweet Corp.	B. T. Babbitt Co. BAB-O Cleaner	°°.	Smilin' Ed N	Bayer Co. Fan	Alb	Backstage Wife	Bayuk Cigars, Inc. Inside of Sports Phillies	Bell & Co. Red River Dave	Beneficial Management Corp.  Personal Loans	·		Bowey's Inc.  Chocolate Milk  News at	Bristol-Myers Co. For Men Only Vitalis George Jessel	eyers Co.	Whobacco Corp. Av

NETWORK ADVERTISING AGENCY MBS & Russell M. Seeds Co. NBC—Blue		NBC—Red CBS	CBSPC Russell M. Seeds Co.	NBC—Red Arthur Kudner, Inc. and Blue	NBC—Red Blackett-Sample-Hummert	CBS—PC Lord & Thomas	CBS—PC Lord & Thomas CBS Lord & Thomas	CBS Aubrey, Moore & Wallace	CBS Ward Wheelock Co. CBS Ward Wheelock Co. Nard Co.		CBS Ruthrouff & Ryan CBS Ruthrouff & Ryan, Inc.	NBC-Blue J. M. Mathes, Inc.	CBS-PC & Tomaschke-Elliott, Inc. NBC—PC	NBC—Red Edwin, Wasey & Co.	CBS—PC John H. Dunham Co. CBS L. W. Ramsey Co.
PROGRAM Plantation Party	Tommy Dorsey's Orchestra Home Town	Uncle Walter's Dog House Paul Sullivan, News	News, Views & Sports Reviews	Louis Vs Lewis (Boxing Bout)	 Young Widder Brown	Fletcher Wiley	Fletcher Wiley Hedda Hopper's Hollywood	First Nighter	Brenda Curtis Campbell Playhouse Amos n' Andy	Edwin C. Hill, The Human Side of the News	Meet the Dixons Lanny Ross	Information Please	Night Editor	Contented Program	Eddie Albright & Erwin Yeo Anson Weeks
ADVERTISER and PRODUCT Brown & Williamson Tobacco Corp. Bugler Cigarettes	Brown & Williamson Tobacco Corp. Roleigh and Kool Cigarettes	Brown & Williamson Tobacco Corp. Raleigh Tobacco	Brown & Williamson Tobacco Corp. Wings Cigarettes	<b>Buick Motor Co.</b> Motor Cars	Col Aspirin Corp.	Calavo Growers of Calif. Calavo Pears	California Fruit Growers Exchange Citrus Fruits	Campana Sales Co. Italian Balm, Coolies, Dreskin, DDD Ointment	Campbell Soup Co. Soup, Beans, Tomato Juice		Campbell Soup Co. Spaghetti	Canada Dry Ginger Ale Co. Beverages	Cardinet Candy Co.	Carnation Co.	Chamberlain Loboratories Hand Lotion

NETWORK ADVERTISING AGENCY CBS McCann-Erickson	CBS Ruthrauff & Ryan, Inc.	NBC—Red Lord & Thomas	MBS Erwin, Wasey & Co.	CBS Benton & Bowles CBS Benton & Bowles		CBS Benton & Bowles NBC—Blue Benton & Bowles CBS	Benton &	CBS Benton & Bowles NBC—Red Benton & Bowles	CBS Benton & Bowles	CBS-PC Glasser Advertising Agency	CBS Direct	MBS Marschalk & Pratt	CBS Benton & Bowles CBS Benton & Bowles	CBS Benton & Bowles	NBC-Blue Newell-Emmett	CBS Hellwig-Miller Co.	CBS J. D. Tarcher & Co.	CBS Roche, Williams & Cunnyngham
PROGRAM <b>Dr. Christian</b>	Major Bowes Amateur Hour	Cities Service Concert	Your Hollywood News Girl	Stepmother Colgate Ask-It-Basket	Wayne King Orchestra	Gang Busters Sports Newsreel of the Air	Hilltop House	Myrt and Marge Ellen Randolph	Woman of Courage	Return to Romance	Young Man With a Band	Ed Thorgersen	Pretty Kitty Kelly Sky Blazers	Jack Haley	The Man from Cook's	Society Girl	Marcelle Denya, Soprano	Bachelor's Children
ADVERTISER and PRODUCT Chesebrough Manufacturing Co.	Chrysler Sales Corp.	Cities Service Co.	Clear-Again, Inc. Cold Tablets	Colgate-Palmolive-Peet Co. Dentol Products	Colgate-Palmolive-Peet Co. Cashmere Bouquet Holo	Colgate-Palmolive-Peet Co. Shaving Cream and Cue Dentrifice	Colgate-Palmolive-Peet Co.	Faimolive Saap Colgate-Palmolive-Peet Co. Super Suds	Colgate-Palmolive-Peet Co. Octagon Products	olonial Dames, Inc. Cosmetics	Columbia Recording Corp. Records	Congress Cigar Co. La Palina Cigars	Continental Baking Co. Wonder Bread	Continental Baking Co. Wonder Bread, Hostess Cake	Thomas Cook & Son Travel Agency	Corn Products Sales Co.	Coty, Inc.	Cudahy Packing Co. Old Dutch Cleanser

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ADVERTISING AGENCY Cummer Products Co. Energine Cummer Products Co. Malle Shaving Cream	PROGRAM Paul Wing's Spelling Bee What Would You Have Done? Battle of the Sexes	NETWORK NBC—Red NBC—Blue NBC—Red	ADVERTISER and PRODUCT Stack-Goble Advertising Co. Stack-Goble Advertising Co. Stack-Goble Advertising Co.
Delaware, Lackawanna & Western Coal Co. Blue Coal	The Shadow	MBS	Ruthrauff & Ryon
Democratic State Committee Political Detrola Corp.	Talk Fulton Lewis, Jr.	CBS—PC MBS	Ray Davidson Bass-Luckoff, Inc.
Radios  Duart Manufacturing Co. Face Cream, Lation, Lipstick  Dunn & McCarthy	Spelling Bee Human Interest Enna Jettick Melodies	CBS—PC CBS—PC NBC—Red	Erwin, Wasey & Co. Erwin, Wasey & Co. Marschalk & Pratt
Enro Jeffick Snoes  E. I. Du Pont de Nemours & Co. Institutional	Cavalcade of America	CBS	Batten, Barton, Durstine & Osborn
Emerson Radio & Phonograph Co. Radios	Elliott Roosevelt	MBS	Grady & Wagner
Ethyl Gasoline Co. Ethyl Gos Euclid Candy Co. Condy Bars	Tune Up Time Euclid Ballot Box Headlines on Parade	CBS CBS—PC CBS—PC	Batten, Barton, Durstine & Osborn Sidney Garfinkel Advertising Agency Sidney Garfinkel Advertising Agency
9-8-8-8-8-8-8-8-8-8-8-8-8-8-8-8-8-8-8-8	Hobby Lobby	088 888	Young & Rubicom
Soap Products H. Fendrich Inc. Cigars Firestone Tire & Rubber Co. Tires and Tubes F. W. Fitch Co.	Smoke Dreams The Dreamer The Voice of Firestone Fitch Bandwagon	NBC - Blue NBC - Blue NBC - Red NBC - Red NBC - Red	Ruthrauff & Ryan Ruthrauff & Ryan Sweeney & James L. W. Ramsey Co.

NETWORK ADVERTISING AGENCY NBC—Red Emil Brisacher & Staff	CBS N. W. Ayer & Son CBS N. W. Ayer & Son CBS—NE David Malkiel Advertising Agency		NBC—PC Long Advertising Service	MBS Batten, Barton, Durstine & Osborn	MBS J. Walter Thompson Co.	NBC—Red Maxon Inc.	CBS Young & Rubicam NBC—Red Young & Rubicam NBC—Red Young & Rubicam	CBS Young & Rubicam NBC—Blue Young & Rubicam	and Ked NBC—Red Benton & Bowles	CBS Benton & Bowles	CBS Benton & Bowles	CBS Young & Rubicam	CBS Young & Rubicam	NBC—Blue Benton & Bowles
PROGRAM PROGRAM I Want A Divorce	Sunday Evening Hour Ford Summer Hour Christmas Program	9	Professor Puzzlewit	The Lone Ranger	Raymond Gram Swing	Hour of Charm	ur His Gang ram, starring	Ve the People The Aldrich Family	Good News of 1939 and 1940 N	Joe Penner	Kate Smith Speaks	Mary Margaret McBride Joyce Jordon Kate Smith Hour Kate Smith Speaks My Son and I We, the People	Lum and Abner	Young Dr. Malone
ADVERTISER and PRODUCT Food & Beverage Broadcasters Asen.	Ford Motor Co. Motor Cars 1. J. Fox Co. Furs		Gallenkamp Stores Co.	General Baking Co. and others Bond Bread	General Cigar Co.	While Cwi Cloars General Electric Co.	General Foods Corp. Grape Nuts General Foods Corp.	Jella Products	General Foods Corp.	Maxwell Mouse Cortee General Foods Corp.	Huskies General Foods Corp.	General Foods Corp. La France, Satina General Foods Corp. Swansdown, Columet	Sanka General Foods Corp.	rostum General Foods Corp. Post Bran Flakes

ADVERTISING AGENCY Benton & Bowles	Young & Rubicam	Blackett-Sample-Hummert Blackett-Sample-Hummert	Blackett-Sample-Hummert Blackett-Sample-Hummert Blackett-Sample-Hummert Blackett-Sample-Hummert	Batten, Barton, Durstine & Osborn	Blackett-Sample-Hummert Blackett-Sample-Hummert	a nnox neeves Advertising Westoo Advertising Agency Knox Reeves Advertising Knox Reeves Advertising Arthur Kudner, Inc. Botsford, Constantine & Gardner	Young & Rubicam	R. H. Alber & Co.	Bermingham, Castlemen & Pierce	Stack-Goble Advertising Agency	Stack-Goble Advertising Agency Charles W. Hoyt Co.	Young & Rubicam Young & Rubicam	G. H. Hartman Co.	Young & Rubicam Young & Rubicam
NETWORK CBS	CBS	NBC—Red CBS—PC and NBC—Red	Z BS Z BS Z BC - Red Z BC - Red	and CBS CBS	MBS NBC—Red	CBS—PC CBS NBC—Red NBC—Blue NBC—PC	NBC—Blue	MBS	CBS	NBC—Red	NBC—Blue NBC—Blue	CBS CBS	MBS	CBS CBS
PROGRAM Joe E. Brown	Joyce Jordon	Those Happy Gilmans The Grouch Club	Billy & Betty Curtain Time Gold Medal Hour Caroline's Golden Store	Kaltenborn Comments	Get Thin to Music Jack Armstrong	My Children By Kathleen Norris Billy & Betty Farm Radio News Gilmore Circus	One of the Finest	Old Fashioned Revival	Time To Shine	Fred Waring and His	Fennsylvanians Adventures of Sheriock Holmes Serenaders	Screen Guild Theatre Musical Playhouse	Hartz Mountain Singing	Canaries Phil Saker Al Pearce and His Gang
			<b>2000</b>	_	0.,	2 8 8 11 0	0	0	_	•	4 W	W Z	i	

NETWORK ADVERTISING AGENCY NBC—PC Erwin, Wosey & Co.	CBS Ruthrauff & Ryan	MBS Richard Foley Advertising Agency	CBS Blackett-Sample-Hummert	CBS Batten, Barton, Durstine & Osborn	CBS Batten, Barton, Durstine & Оsborn	MBS M. H. Hackett, Inc.	MBS Redfield-Johnstone, Inc.	CBS Lord & Thamas	CBS Young & Rubicam	MBS Ruthrauff & Ryan CBS Ruthrauff & Ryan	NBC-Blue Lennen & Mitchell	CBS Lennen & Mitchell	& NBC-Blue NBC-Red Lennen & Mitchell	a Dige NBC—Red Needham, Louis & Brorby NBC—Red Needham, Louis & Brorby		CBS J. Walter Thompson Co. NBC—Red J. Walter Thompson Co. NBC—Blue Hays MacFarland & Co.
PROGRAM Woman's Magazine of the Air	Holland Tulip Festival	Keep Fit to Music	Romance of Helen Trent	It Happened In Hollywood	It Can Be Done	Come to the Fair	Show of the Week	Her Honor, Nancy James	Silver Theatre	Goodwill Hour Court of Missing Heirs	Jergens Journal with		Hollywood Playhouse	Fibber McGee & Molly Alec Templeton Time	N. W.	Howie Wing The Circle Don Winslow of the Navy
ADVERTISER and PRODUCT Hecker Products Corp.	Holland Furnace Co.	Heating Equipment Hollywaad Health Bread Co.	Bedra Wallace Hopper, Inc.	Google A. Hornel & Co.	Food Products Household finance Corp.	rersonal Loans Hotel Raosevelt	Howard Clothes, Inc. and Others Men's Clothes	International Cellucotton Products Co.	International Silver Co.	Silverware Iranized Yeast Co. Iranized Yeast	Andrew Jergens Co.			S. C. Johnson & Son Floor Wax		Kellogg Co. Com Flakes Kellogg Co. Krispies

ADVERTISER and PRODUCT	PROGRAM Fletcher Wiley	NETWORK CBSPC	ADVERTISING AGENCY Federal Advertising Agency
Gelatin <b>Kalynos Co.</b> Dentrifrice	Our Gal Sunday Just Plain Bill	CBS NBC—Red	Blackett-Sample-Hummert Blackett-Sample-Hummert
Kraft-Phenix Cheese Corp.	The Kraft Music Hall	NBC—Red	J. Walter Thompson Co.
	<b>— 7</b> ———————————————————————————————————		
Lady Esther Co. Cosmetics	Guy Lombardo Orchestra	CBS & NBC—Red	Pedlar & Ryan
Lambert Co.	Grand Central Station	CBS &	Lambert & Feasley
Lamont Corliss & Ca. Pond's	True Detective Mysteries Those We Love	MBS - Blue	Lambert & Feasley J. Walter Thompson Co.
Lamont Corliss & Co. Danya Lation	Woman Magazine of the Air	NBC-PC	J. Walter Thompson Co.
Langendorf United Bokeries Bakery Products	Rush Hughes	NBC-PC	Leon Livingston Advertising Agency
Lehn & Fink Products Co. Hind's Honey & Almond Cream	Burns and Allen	CBS	William Esty & Co.
	Aunt Jenny's Real Life Stories	CBS	Ruthrouff & Ryan
Lever Brothers Co.	Big Sister Big Town	CBS	Ruthrouff & Ryan Ruthrouff & Ryan
Lever Brothers Co.	Al Jolson Show	CBS	Ruthrouff & Ryon
Litebucy and Rinso	Dick Powell Tuesday Night Party	CBS	Ruthrauff & Ryon Ruthrauff & Ryon
Lever Brothers Co.	Lux Radio Theatre	CBS	J. Walter Thompson Co.
Lawis-Howe Co.	ine Lire and Love of Dr. Susan Vocal Varieties	NBC—Red	J. Watter Inompson Co. H. W. Kastor & Sons Advertising Co.
sun	Quicksilver	& Blue NBC—Red	H. W. Kastor & Sons Advertising Co.
	Horace Heidt and his	and Blue NBC—Red	Stack-Goble Advertising Agency
	musical knights Pot of Gold Bert Lytell	NBC—Red NBC—Blue	Stack-Goble Advertising Agency H. W. Kastor & Sons Advertising Co.

/окк —Red		S McCann-Erickson S	Network Features, Inc.	S Henry Souvaine, Inc.	MBS  NBC—PC Newell-Enmett Co.	CBS & Lennen & Mitchell NBCBlue Lennen & Mitchell MBS Lennen & Mitchell NBC	S Kelly, Stuhlmon & Zorndt		Samuel C. Groot Co.	NBC—Blue Franklin Bruck Advertising Co. & Red NBC—Blue Grant Advertising Inc.
AM rogram with man and his ians		Front Page Parade MBS Green Hornet		Listen America MBS	Marriage License Bureau MBS Romances Woman's Magazine of the Air NBC	Melody and Madness with CBS Robert Benchley NBC Don't You Believe It Sensation and Swing NBC The Right Thing To Do	Lutheran Hour	Fulton Oursier  Mary and Bob's True Stories NBC  Louis-Galento (Boxing Bout)  Mariorie Mills The Girl from Maine MBC	Uncle Don	Jack Berch and His Boys XB B P Dr. I. 4.
ADVERTISER and PRODUCT Liggett & Myers Tabacco Co. Chesterfield Cigarettes, Gronger Tobacco	Local Cooperative Campaign Various	Local Cooperative Campaign Various Local Cooperative Campaign		Various  Various	Local Caoperative Campaign Vorious Losse-Wiles Biscuit Co.	Biscuris P. Lorillard Co. Old Gold Cigarettes P. Lorillard Co. Sensotion Cigarettes. Muriel Cigars George W. Luff Co.	Lutheran Laymen's League Religious	MacFadden Publications Inc. True Story Magazine Magazine Repeating Razor Co. Razors	Maine Products Malker Co.	Manhattan Soap Co. Sweetheart Saap Mars, Inc. Candy Bars

NETWORK ADVERTISING AGENCY CBS Bowman & Columbia	CBS—PC H. M. CBS—PC H. M.	iz MBS H. M. Kiesewetter Advertising Agency man Side MBS Young & Rubicam	NBC—Red Wade Advertising Agency NBC—Red Wade Advertising Agency NBC—Blue Wade Advertising Agency	-Blue Clements Co.	MBS	NBC—Red Direct	14s NBC—Red Henri, Hurst & McDonald	CBS The Blow Co.  NBC—Red The Blow Co.  MBS The Blow Co.  MBS The Blow Co.  WBS The Blow Co.	MBS The Blow Co.	e NBC-Blue Kenyon & Eckhardt	nis NBC—Blue Erwin, Wasey & Co.	 .h CBS Batten, Barton, Durstine & Osborn	ob Trout CBS Ruthrouff & Ryan
PROGRAM <b>Girl Interne</b>	Sam Hayes Bob Garred Colonel Stoopnagle's "Quixie Doodle Contest"	People's Rally Fun Quiz Edwin C. Hill, The Human Side of the News	Uncle Ezra Alec Templeton Time National Barn Dance	Dog Heroes The Moylan Sisters	Let's Go Back to the Bible	Betty Moore	Bob Becker's Dog Chats	Johnnie Presents Philip Morris Program What's My Name Guess Where Breezing Along	Name Three	Thunder Over Paradise	Carson Robison and his Buckaroos	Believe It Or Not with	Professor Quiz with Bob Trout
		°.											

ADVERTISER and PRODUCT Ohio Oil Co.	PROGRAM Melody Marathon	NETWORK NBC—Blue	ADVERTISING AGENCY Byer & Bowman Co.
Gos and Oil Old Trusty Dog Food Co. Dog Food	Just Dogs	CBS—NE	H. B. Humphrey Co.
Pacific Coast Borax Co.	Death Valley Days	NBC—Red	McCann-Erickson
Borax Palmer Bros.	Four Star News	NBC-Blue	Tucker Wayne Co.
Mottresses Paramount Pictures, Inc.	Our Leading Citizen Premiere	CBS	Buchanan & Co.
Motion Picture Penick & Ford, Ltd.	The Mighty Show	CBS	Batten, Barton, Durstine & Osborn
My-1-Fine Dessert Penn Tobacco Co.	Vox Pop	NBC—Red	Ruthrauff & Ryan
The Pepsodent Co.	Mr. District Attorney	NBC-Red	Lord & Thomas
Antiseptic & Dentifice	Bob Hope	NBC—Red	Lord & Thomas
Pet Milk Sales Corp. Pet Milk	Fet Milky Way Saturday Night Serenade Romance of Helen Trent	385	Gardner Advertising Co.  Blockett Cample Hummer
Cosmotice		2	
Charles H. Phillips Chemical Co. Milk of Magnesia	Lorenzo Jones Stella Dallas Walto Timo	NBC - Red	Blackett-Sample-Hummert Blackett-Sample-Hummert Blackett Sample Hummert
Charles H. Phillips Chemical Co.	Young Widder Brown	NBC-Red	Blackett-Sample-Hummert
Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. Proprietary Medicines Pillsbury Flour Mills	The Voice of Experience Vaughn DeLeath and Orchestra Woman in White	MBS MBS NBC—Red	Erwin, Wasey & Co. Erwin, Wasey & Co. Hutchinson Advertising Co.
Pittsburgh Coal Co.	Champions of the Keyboard	NBC—Blue	Walker & Downing
Princess Pat Ltd.	A Tale of Today	NBC—Red	Gale & Pietsch
Procter & Gamble Co.	Pepper Young's Family	NBC—Red	Pedlar & Ryan
Camay Procter & Gamble Co. Chipso	The Road of Life Manhattan Mother	X Brue NBC-Red & CBS	Pedlar & Ryan Pedlar & Ryan

ADVERTISING AGENCY Compton Advertising	Compton Advertising Compton Advertising Blackett-Sample-Hummert H. W. Kastor & Sons Advertising Co.	H. W. Kastor & Sons Advertising Co. Compton Advertising Compton Advertising Compton Advertising	Compton Advertising Blackett-Sample-Hummert Blackett-Sample-Hummert	Blackett-Sample-Hummert Blackett-Sample-Hummert Blackett-Sample-Hummert Blackett-Sample-Hummert H. W. Kastor & Sons Advertising Co. H. W. Kastor & Sons Advertising Co.		Campbell-Mithun, Inc.	Benton & Bowles	Ruthrauff & Ryan Sherman K. Ellis & Co. Ruthrauff & Ryan	Sherman K. Ellis & Co. Benton & Bowles
NETWORK NBC—Red & Blue	CBS NBC—Blue NBC—Red CBS &	N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	NBC—Blee NBC—Red NBC—Red NBC—Red	CBS NBC—Blue NBC—Red NBC—Red NBC—Red NBC—Red NBC—Red NBC—Red NBC—Red	& Blue NBC—Red CBS	CBS	CBS	NBC—Red NBC—Red NBC—Red	NBC—Red NBC—Red & MBS
PROGRAM Vic and Sade	Right to Happiness This Day Is Ours Kitty Keene Jimmy Fidler in Hollywood Gossip	Professor Quiz The O'Neills The Gospel Singer Life Can Be Beautiful Story of Mary Marlin	Against the Storm Houseboat Hannah Ma Perkins	The Goldbergs Central City The Man I Married What's My Name Trouble With Marriage Knickerbocker Playhouse Midstream	Guiding Light Kaltenborn Edits the News	Smilin' Ed McConnell	When A Girl Marries	Girl Alone Dick Tracy Quaker Variety Show	Stop Me If You've Heard This One We, The Wives Quiz
ADVERTISER and PRODUCT Procter & Gamble Co. Crisco	Procter & Gamble Co. Dreft	Procter & Gamble Co. Drene Procter & Gamble Co. Ivory Soop and Flakes	Procter & Gamble Co. Lovo Scap Procter & Gamble Co.	CAydol Procter & Gamble Co. Teel Dentrifice	Procter & Gamble Co. White Nophtho Pure Oil Co.	Gas and Oil <b>Purity Bakeries Scrvi</b> co Toystee Bread	Prudential Insurance Co. Life Insurance	Quaker Oats Co. Cereals	

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PROGRAM Chase and Sanborn Hour	One Man's Family	Rudy Vallee Program Those We Love	Getting the Most Out of Life	l Love a Mystery	Standard School Broadcasts Standard Symphony Sports Pop-Offs	Lowell Thomas—The Day's News Smilin' Jack	Smile Parade	Sales Meeting	Texaco Star Theatre	Football Games	Bennie Wiker's Tillamook Kitchen	March of Lime	Kentucky Derby Young Mr. Lincoln Premiere	Union Oil Program	99 Men and a Girl
ADVERTISER and PRODUCT Standard Brands Inc. Chase & Sanborn Coffee	Standard Brands Inc. Tender Leaf Tea	andard Brands Inc. Royal Desserts	Standard Brands Inc.	Standard Brands Inc.	Standard Oil Co. of Calif. Gas & Oil Stephano Bross.	Maryer Cigarerres  Sun Oil Co.  Sweets Co. of America. Inc.  Table Del	Swift & Co.	sundire Cleaner III & Co. Food Products	Texos Co.	Gos and Oll Gos Mater Associated Oil Co.	Tillamook Country Creamery Association Dairy Products	lime Inc. Publications	Twentieth Century Fox Film Corp. Motion Picture	Union Oil Co.	S. Rubber Products, Inc. Rubber Products

# NATIONAL NETWORK SUSTAINING PROGRAMS OF 1939

Network sustaining programs listed herein were heard on regular schedules during 1939. No special event or one-time shots are included in the listings, which were compiled with the cooperation of CBS, MBS and NBC. In a majority of the cases, programs are institutional, or time has been devoted by the networks to an educational or civic organization.



### SERIOUS MUSIC

From the Organ Loft

N. Y. Philharmonic Young People's Concert

Cincinnati Conservatory of Music Salt Lake City Tabernacle Choir and Organ

N. Y. Philharmonic Symphony Concerts

Music Hour—Columbia Concert Hall

Music Hour-Story of a Song

Music for Fun—Howard Barlow

Music Hour—Indianapolis Symphony Orch.

U. S. Navy Band

Music Hour—U. S. Army Band

Music Hour-Pop. Concert

Music Hour-Curtis Institute of Music

Music Hour—U. S. Marine Band

Music Hour—Columbia Chamber Orch.

Cincinnati Symphony Children's Concert

Music Hour-Keyboard Concerts

Music Hour—League of Composers

Columbia Concert Orch.—Exploring
Music

Music of the Restoration

Ruth Carhart with Marion Carley, pianist

Alexander Semmler, pianist

Aubade for Strings

Music Hour-Sonata Series

Clyde Barrie, baritone

Walberg Brown Strings

Musical Album

The Hour of Musical Fun—"So You

Think You Know Music"

Lewisohn Stadium Concerts

**Dorian String Quartet** 

Univ. of Kansas Music Camp

**Grant Park Concert** 

A Little Light Music

Maurice Brown, cellist

Stadium Concert—N. Y. Philharmonic

Vera Brodsky, pianist

Madrigalists

### ADULT EDUCATION

George Perrine — "This New York Town"

The Fact Finder

Americans All—Immigrants All

Words Without Music

Highways to Health

Of Men and Books

Men Behind the Stars

The Student Takes the Mike

What Price America?

### NEWS

Evening News Report
Today with Bob Trout
Press Association News
H. V. Kaltenborn Gives the News
Oddities in the News
This Week in Washington—Albert
Warner
Women's Page of the Air—Adelaide
Hawley
Man About Hollywood
Let's Go to the Fair

### DRAMA

Four Corners Theater
Men Against Death
County Seat—Ray Collins
Columbia Workshop
Buffalo Summer Theater
The West Remembers
So This Is Radio

### **SPORTS**

WABC Sports Resume
Robert Edge, sportsman—"Outdoors
with Bob Edge"
Baseball Preview
Meet Arch MacDonald
Sports Review—Mel Allen
That's What I Said—Ted Husing

### POPULAR ENTERTAINMENT

A Tune for Today
Audrey Marsh
Captivators
Deep River Boys
Fred Feibel at the Organ
Melody Ramblings with Marty Dale
Mellow Moments
Montana Slim
Waltzes of the World
Bob Byron, songs
Eye-Opener Club
Morning Almanac with Phil Cook
Have You Forgotten?
Melody Time

2nd Edition — Phil Cook Morning Almanac

Tune in the Spotlight (also called "Tune of the Day")

### ADULT EDUCATION

Adventures in Science
Americans at Work
People's Platform
Women in the World of Tomorrow
Democracy in Action
Bull Session
The Human Adventure
Professor Quiz
What's Art to Me?

### CIVIC WELFARE

Molly Steinberg-Stage Relief Fund

### RELIGIOUS

Church of the Air Wings Over Jordan Richard Maxwell—hymns Greenfield Village Chapel Choral Program—N. Y. World's Fair

## INTERNATIONAL AND FOREIGN AFFAIRS

Salute to the New York World's Fair of 1939

International Exchange Program—from Brazil

Serenade for Strings—from Montreal

### NATIONAL AND PUBLIC AFFAIRS

Current Questions Before the Senate Current Questions Before the House Foundations of Democracy

### **AGRICULTURE**

Farm News Irene Beasley—R. F. D. No. 1 Columbia's Country Journal

### NEWS

Radio Spotlight Press Radio News

Ruth Brine, Commentator

### POPULAR ENTERTAINMENT

Just Jack Shannon Boy & Girl Next Door

Organ Reveille
Poetic Strings
Aeolian Ensemble
L'Amour Toujours
Blue Interlude
Chansonette

Charles Paul at the Organ

Eton Boys Fiddler's Fancy Four Clubmen

Major Bowes Capitol Family

Manhattan Minuet Maurice Brown, cellist

Merrymakers Morning Moods

National Hillbilly Champions

Old Vienna

Organ Moods (Leo Weber at the

Organ)

Over the Hills and Far Away

Rhythmaires Romany Trail Salon Musicale Saturday Serenade Sidney Raphael Sunny Melodies Tune Time

Al Bernard and his Merry Minstrels

Barry Wood, songs

Blue Streak Rhythm Ensemble

Bluegrass Brevities Brush Creek Follies

Buffalo Follies Castillians Chicagoans The Dancepators Don Tuttle
Four Clubmen
Genevieve Rowe
Goin' South (spirituals)

Instrumentalists

Joyce Jordan, Girl Interne

Joyce Jordan, Girl Judith Arlen Keyboard Capers Le Brun Sisters Poetic Strings

Night Time on the Trail Mayfair Orchestra Melody Ramblings Melody Serenade Melody Weavers

Music, Maestro, Please

Michael Loring Midland Minstrels Not So Long Ago On the Village Green Lew White at the Organ

Iohnnie Hereford at the Organ

Patterns in Swing Pursuit of Happiness Ray Block's Varieties

Ruth Carhart with Ray Scott's

Orchestra

Stanley Hickman, songs Summer Serenade Swing Silhouette Syncopation Piece Three Trevs

Time Out for Dancing

Topical Tunes from Pittsburgh

**Tower Town Tempos** 

Tito Guizar Uncle Jonathan Accent on Music

Adventures of Ellery Queen

Alibi Club

Armchair Adventures Columbia Dance Orchestra

Concert in Rhythm Court of Reflections Doris Rhodes, songs Frances Maddux The Gay Nineties
Let's Join the Band
Make Mine Music
Maxine Sullivan
Music in the Air
Music of the Theater

Nightcap Yarns from KNX

Saturday Scene Studio Rendezvous

Summer Colony with Buddy Clark

Under Western Skies

Vocal Embers All Hands on Deck Ann Leaf at the Organ

Buffalo Presents Dance Time Fran Hines

Harry Cool and the Harmonettes

Harry Cool with Joe It Goes Like This John Sturgess Matinee Promenade

Melody Madcaps
Milton Charles Recalls
Monday Varieties
Lyn Murray Presents

Music Without End Nan Wynn Novelteers

Rhythm Roundup
St. Louis Blues
Sing Incorporated
The Texas Rangers
Tuesday Matinee
Walter Gross, pianist
Waltzes of the World
The Zany Family
Buddy Clark Musical

Dancing in the Moonlight Doris Rhodes Music Box

In the Music Room Jack Berch, songs

Console Echoes

John Kirby and his Onyx Club Five

On with the Dance Ray Heatherton, songs Saturday Swing Session This Is New York



Abram Ruvinsky Ensemble Al Helfer's Football Talks

Allen Courtney's Gloomchasers

American Forum of the Air

American Wildlife Arranged By Arthur Mann Author Author

Bach Cantata Series

Balladeer

Bamberger Symphony Benay Venuta's Revue

Betty and Buddy Book a Week BBC Music Hall Buckeye Four Carter and Bowie Cats 'n' Jammers

Charioteers
Choir Loft
Concert Hall
Concert Revue

Congressional Review of the Week

Cosmopolitans Dick Harding

Doctor Charles M. Courboin

Don Arres Ed Fitzgerald Erskine Butterfield Famous First Facts

Fiesta Time
First Offender
Fulton Lewis, Ir.

George Fisher's Hollywood Program

Get Thin to Music Green Hornet Happy Gang

Happy Larry Lawrence

Haven of Rest Hawaii Calls Hayride Hitmakers Impressions

Invitation to Waltz

Jack Arthur
John Steele
Johnson Family
Kaye Brinker
Listen America
Lone Ranger

Lucius Beebe's Play Reviews

Marine Band Concerts

Marriage Clinic

Marriage License Romance Bureau

Medical Information Bureau

Melody Strings Milton Kaye

Model Airplane Club

Morton Gould's Music for Today

Mozart Concerto Series

Muse and Music Music and Manners

Music By

Music by Faith

Music by Moonlight Music for Every Child

Musical Steeplechase

Mystery History

Nation's Playhouse

Nations School of the Air

Ned Jordan

Nobody's Children

Oberlin College Series

Old Fashioned Girl

Old Time Tunes

On a Sunday Afternoon

Pageant of Melody

Patrick Maitland

Pegeen Fitzgerald

Perole String Quartet

Pet Club Play Ball

Radie Harris

Radio Garden Club

Raymond Gram Swing

Red River Dave Reviewing Stand Rhythm Rascals

Romance in Rhythm

Rutgers Homemakers Forum

Sally's Sallies

Savoy Swing

Scrapbook Stories

Seven Men and a Maid

Show of the Week

Sigrid Schultz

Sinfonietta

Sons of the Pioneers

Songs that Sweethearts Sing

Songs without Words

Southern School of the Air

Stan Lomax

Studies in Contrast

Success Session

Symphonic Strings

This War

This Wonderful World

Thomas Conrad Sawyer

Thyra Samter Winslow

Toronto Symphony Orchestra

Toronto Trio

Trail Blazers of 1940

Tropical Serenade

Two Keyboards

U. S. Army Band Concerts

University Life

Unsung Americans

Victor Lusinchi

Waverly Root

We Want a Touchdown

Welcome Neighbor

WOR Symphony

Your European Correspondents

Your Sunday Date



Adventure in Reading
Adventures in Photograph
Affairs of Anthony
Along the News Front
Breakfast Club

Brent House Cavalcade of Hits

Cheerio Cloister Bells

Norman Cloutier Presents

Club Matinee
Don't Forget
Dreams Come True
Echoes of History
Favorite Waltzes

Foreign Policy Association Program

Lanny Gray's Rhythm School

Green Hornet Hall of Fun

Horse and Buggy Days Ideas That Came True

Library of Congress Concerts

Little Ol' Hollywood Magnolia Blossoms

Josef Marais in Bushveld Songs

Medicine in the News

Meet the Artist Melody Rendezvous Morning Musicale Music for Listening

Music for Young Listeners Name It and Take It

National Radio Forum National Vespers

NBC Music Appreciation Hour

NBC Salon Orchestra NBC Symphony Orchestra

News from London

Novelettes

Order of Adventurers Pilgrimage of Poetry

Quilting Bee Radio Guild

Rakov and His Orchestra Renfrew of the Mounted Revue in Miniature Rhythm and Song

Doc Rockwell's Brain Trust Romance and Rhythm

Roy Shield and His Orchestra

Tapestry Musicale This Moving World Tone Pictures

Trio Time

United States Marine Band United States Navy Band

Voice of Hawaii Washington Calling Wife Saver

Yesterday's Children



NBC, RED



Blue Moonlight

Dol Brissett and His Orchestra

Call to Youth Campus Capers Catholic Hour

Frances Craig's Sunday Night

Serenade

Vernon Crane's Story Book

Deliberate Reflections Do You Remember? European News

From Hollywood Today

Gene and Glenn with Jake and Lena General Federation of Women's

Clubs

Golden Melodies Gospel Singer

Homespun

Alma Kitchell's Streamline Journal

KSTP Presents Letters from Abroad

Li'l' Abner

Walter Logan's Musicale Luther-Layman Singers

Magic Waves

Music and American Youth

Music for Moderns
Music Styled for You
Musical Soiree
Musical Tete-A-Tete
NBC String Symphony
No School Today
Arch Oboler's Plays

On Your Job
Opportunity
Our Spiritual Life
Primrose Quartet
Radio Pulpit
Rangers' Serenade

Religion and the New World

Religion in the News Romance Lyrics Romance Melodies Salon Silhouettes Song Busters

Bill Stern's Sport Scraps Story Behind the Headlines

Sweet and Low

Timeless Truths Made Timely

Torch of Progress Viennese Ensemble Vocal Voques

# Outstanding Local Programs

# of Stations Everywhere

The following list of programs has been compiled by RADIO ANNUAL from questionnaires and direct contact. Listings are composed of programs voiced by stations as their most outstanding contributions to their listeners. The letters following the names of programs indicate as follows: "S," sustaining; "C," commercial; "P," participating.

# Alabama

# WHMA, Anniston

Lloyd's Kiddy Club (C) Salute to the Cities (C) Castle of Dreams (S) National Gridiron Review (C) A Listener's Choice (S) Alabama in the News (C)

# WAPI, Birmingham

Speaking of Sports (C)
Know Your City and State (P)
Women in the News (S)
Alabama Hayloft Jamboree (C)
Sleepyhead Serenade (P)
WAP! Model Electric Kitchen (P)
Auburn Farm and Family Forum (S)

WBRC, Birmingham Town Talk (Man-in-the-Street) (C)

For You (S) Birala Trio (S) Radio Forum (S)

Crossroads Varieties (C) Trail Riders (C) The Happy Hitters (S) Church of the Air (C)

# WSGN, Birmingham

Variety Show (C)
Comic Club (C)
Birmingham Day by Day (S)
Radio Club (C)
Red Goose Popularity Contest (C)
Inquiring Mike (C)
Armchair Quarterback (C)

# WMFO, Decatur

Movie Quiz (S)

Social and Household Hints (S)
Hi Light Boys (C)
Better Homes Show (S)
Afternoon Serenade (S)
Children's Program (C)
Saturday Morning Barn Dance (S)
The Up-State Hour (C)

# WCOV, Montgomery

Garden of Dreams (C)
Man on the Street (S)
litterbug Jamboree (S)
Postal Oddities (S)
lob Forum (S)
Memory Singers (S)

# HRB Selma

Musical Clock (S)

Story Telling Lady (C) All Request Program (S)

# Arizona

Social Secretary (C)

KSUN, Lowell

# KOY, Phoenix

Phoenix Little Theatre (S)
Doubling in Ivory (S)
Musical Crossword Puzzle (C)
Arizona Dude Ranch (S)
Tuesday Night Frolic (S)

# KTAR, Phoenix

KTAR School of the Air (S)
Three Bees (C)
Social Calendar (P)
Cylerk of Oxford (S)
Sylen of Incle (S)
Poetry Exchange (S)
Cavalcade of Builders (C)
Man on the Street (C)

# KTUC, Tucson

There Are Smiles (C)
Pandemonia (C)

# KVOA, Tucson

Arizona-Texas Baseball League Broadcasts (C & S)

# Arkansas

KELD, El Dodaro Sporting Events Broadcasts

# KTHS, Hot Springs Ouachita Roundup

Ouachita Roundup Food for Thought News from Home Women's World Pleasure Party

# KBTM, Jonesboro

Morning Herald—Locai News (S) You Request II, We Play II (P) Farm Service Program (P) Home-Makers Time (P) Where's the Fire (C) Children's Music (P) Musical Rodeo (C) Man on the Street (C)

# KARK, Little Rock

An Orchid to You (C) Death Rides the Highways (C)

Capitol Pride Kiddies Club (C) Unemployment Program (S) Your Neighbor Speaks (C) The Parade of Sports (C) Addiographies (C) own Talks (P)

KOTN, Pine Bluff

Coberlein's Kontest Kwiz (C) News (C & S)

The Little Brown Church (S) Cathedral of the Ozarks (S) Ozarkian Male Quartet (C) KUOA Weather Bureau (C) KUOA, Siloam Springs News for Breakfast (C) Story Book Castle (S) rade Winds (P)

California KERN, Bakersfield

Common Sense Viewpoints (S)

Radio Sportsgraph (C) Kids Club (C) 824

Football Broadcasts (C) KPMC, Bakersfield Ballad Time (C) Four Dons (P)

Carlisle Nelson, Music (P) Pight Broadcasts (C) Pigskin Freshup (C) Nevada Slim (P)

Music of the Masters (C) Clambake Broadcasts Harmony House (C) Open House (P) Golden Days (S) KRE, Berkeley

Long Cabin Kiddie Club (C) Quiz Gold (C) KHSL, Chico

Adventures in Seven Seas (S)

Milady's Merry-Go-Round (P) Calendar of Events (C) 4t Your Service (C) Spotlight Parade (C) Reno Racketeers (S) College Forum (S)

Valley Rancher's Hour (S) Early Risers Club (P) KARM, Fresno

Top Tunes at Two (C) Moods in Music (S) KIEV, Glendale

News on the Hour, Every Hour (C) ong Beach Municipal Band (S) Glen Unified School District (S) KGER, Long Beach

Dr. Taubman's Bible Class (S)

Officials on Parade (S) KECA, Los Angeles

Broadway Memories (S) ust a Moment Please Nutshell Playhouse (S) Studio Dark Room (S) Musicandidates (S) You Explain It (S) Classic Hour (S) Ouiz Club (C)

Musical Masterpieces (C) School Kids Kwiz (C) Operatic Dramas (S) Man-on-the-Street (C) KFAC, Los Angeles Whoa Bill Club (C) Parents Forum (C) Open Forum (C)

Club (P) Robert L. Johnson's Bridge Art Balser's Notebook (P) Cabbages and Kings (C) Meet Some People (S) KFI, Los Angeles Operas (S)

Johnny Murray Talks It Over (C) KFVD, Los Angeles Ho Hum (S)

Covered Wagon Jubilee (C) ack the Bellboy (C) Editor of the Air (S)

Grouch Club-Created at KFWB (C) Rambles with Russ Hughes (S) Make Believe Ballroom (P) Swingo-Musical Quiz (C) Picture of the Week (C) Let's Go Hollywood (C) KFWB, Los Angeles Telephone Quiz (C)

Nobody's Children (S) KHJ, Los Angeles Naker-Upper (P)

Alvino Ray and His Orchestra Old Fashioned Revival (C) Adventures in Rhythm (S) Hollywood Whispers (S) Pull Over Neighbor (C) Sons of the Pioneers (S) Voice of Experience (C) Help Thy Neighbor (C) Haven of Rest (S)

with the King Sisters (S) Bob Mitchell's Choir (S) Betty Jane Rhodes and dws and Lawyers (S) Adventure Ahead (S) Dramas of Youth (S)

What's the Answer? Woman's World (P) KMTR, Los Angeles Melody Lane (C) Amateur Hour (S) Spelling Bee (S) Let's Dance (P)

Sing With Your Favorite Band (S) Guess Who? (S)

viidnight Merry-Go-Round (P) Saturday Morning Party Masterworks in Wax (C) Spelling Beeliner (C) Answer Auction (C) Vightcap Yarns (S) KNX, Los Angeles Sunrise Salute (P) Camera Club (S)

Saturday Swing Club (P) Hacienda Homemaker (C) Calling Ali Tunes (P) KDON, Monterey KLS, Oakland

Cigar Box Review (P) Swing Spetlight (S) an's Journal (P) Swing Club (S)

24 Minutes from Broadway (C) Announcers Contest (S) Min on the Street (C) Commuter's Clock (P) KROW, Oakland Skullcrackers (C) (our Show (P)

Pasadena Junior College Presents (S) resterday's Headline (S) KPPC, Pasadena

Nomen's Program of the Air (C) Mythical Airplane Lessons (S) elephone Conversations Stand Accused (C) Santa's Mail Bag (C) Mythical Remote (C) Vight Club uiz (C) XVCV, Redding

nquiring Microphone (C) Feminine Varieties (C) KFBK, Sacramento Meditation (S)

Katherine Kitchen (P) Waltz Favorites (S) Breakfast Club (P)

KFXM, San Bernardino Early Birds of 1939 Pederal Mint So Forward Fea Time Marjana

KGB, San Diego

Sports News and Reviews (C) Homemaker's Catalog (P) Lowe Highlights (C) For Ladies Only Voices (S)

KFRC, San Francisco

Feminine Fancies (S)

Headlines of the Past (C) Morning Hostess (C & P) Scrap Book Stories (S) Breakfast Club (S) Brain Battle (C)

Bess Bye, the Market Scout (C) Rise and Shine (C & P)

Who's in Town Tonight (S) Thru a Woman's Eyes (P) Musical Clock (P) KGO, San Francisco

(S) A Bookman's Notebook World on Parade (S) Potato Bug Band (S) Financial Service (S)

In the Good Old Days (S) Paychecks Preferred (S) Hour House (P) 'udy Deane (S) Stringtime (S)

KJBS, San Francisco

Sherman Clay's Magic Hour or the World's Finest Music (P) Alarm Klok Klub (P)

Jim O'Neil's Newscasts (P) KJBS Night Owl Program (P)

KPO, San Francisco

International Kitchen (P) Two in the Balcony (P) Oh, Mr. Dinwiddy (S) Sidewalk Reporter (C) Fellow Sportsman (S) Oh, Teacher— (C) Sleep Serenade (C) Musical Clock (P)

Football Scoreboard (C) Waltz Reflections (S) Radio Reporter (C)

Tune Termites (S)

KSAN, San Francisco

News on the Hour Every Hour Happy Gordon and His Gang Telephone Tune Quiz The Ne'er-do-well elephone Quiz Mothers Only

KSFO, San Francisco Yawn Patrol (P)

Streamlined Headlines (C) San Francisco Calling (S) riendly Homemaker (P) Hollywood Reporter (C) Roving Reporter (C) Sportsliner (S)

Morning Concert (P) KYA, San Francisco Evening Concert (C) America Sings (S) Early Birds (P) Sportlight (C)

Farm Market Digest (S) Charley Marshall (S) Trading Post (C) KQW, San Jose

Ranchouse Revelries (S) Vlagic Hour (C)

Know Your City Government (S) Vite School Radio Theatre (S) Morning Bulletin Board (P) KVEC, San Luis Obispo Poet and the Organ (S) Rhythm by Request (P) Electricity Speaks (C) .ocal Events (C)

Your Hobby, Photography— (C) Veterans of Foreign Wars (S) Orange County Gardens (S) Orange County Quiz (C) Vicki Renee, Stylist (S) Crime Marches On (S) KVOE, Santa Ana

Highways of the Air (S) On the Sports Side (S) KDB, Santa Barbara Parents Forum (S)

Five Newscasts Daily (C) The Forge on the Air (S) KTMS, Santa Barbara Review of Sports (S)

The Scrapbook of Juan Estevan (C) College Town Meeting (S) Bob's Best Bargains (C)

KSRO, Santa Rosa

Music By and With the Masters (S) Music in the Modern Manner (S) Roscoe Breakfast Club (P) Backstage Scrapbook (S) udge Jive's Court (S) (SROlling Along (S)

Ye Olde Music Box (S) The Old Timer (C) Can You Spell KTKC, Visalia Sook Shelf (S)

Purvolite Party Night (C) Hits from Hollywood (C) Curbstone Capers (S) Footlight Follies (C) Gospel Messengers Fox Kiddle Club

# Colorado

Willie Hartzell and His KFEL-ers

KFEL, Denver

Lady, Lend An Ear (P) XLZ, Denver

Rocky Mountain Roundup (P) Women In The News (S) Farm Service Program (P) Early Risers' Club (S) Gas Hospitality House (C) Voice of the News (C) nquiring Reporter (C) Wells of Music (C) nfallible Pair (C) Captain Ozie (C) Three B's (C)

KOA's Old Opry House (S) Lamont School of Music (S) Farm Question Box (S) Once Upon a Time (S) Ranger's Serenade (S) Golden Melodies (S) Nature Sketches (S) KOA, Denver

Public Schools Program (S)

Alma Temple Religious Service KPOF, Denver

Connecticut

Yale University Football Games (C) WICC Bowling Team Broadcasts (S) Yale University Drama Series (S) Street Scene Broadcasts (S) WICC, Bridgeport

# WDRC, Hartford

Music Off the Record (P) Shoppers' Special (P) Strictly Swing (P) Esso Reporter (C) Request Time (P) Js On a Bus (P) Main Street (C) Ad-Liner (P)

Connecticut Hall of Fame (S) Your Scuthern Chef (C) Sunday Serenade (S)

The World of Sports (S) Movieland Melodies (C) Old Fire Chief (S)

## Hartford Speaks (C) Concert Hour (C) WTHT, Hartford

Hartford Public Forum (S)

WTIC, Hartford 826

ack Says Ask Me Another (C) History in the Headlines (S) The Fox Morning Watch (C) Day Dreams (C & S) Women's Radio Bazaar (P) When Day is Done (S) Noontime Varieties (S) Trans Radio News (P)

Pappy Howard's Gang (S) Doris Peck Entertains (S) Man-in-the-Street (C) WNBC, New Britain Riddle Rhythms (P) Kiddies Revue (C) 380 Club (P)

Connecticut Cavalcade (P) Community Hostess (P) Miracles in Health (C) Church Billboard (C) WELI, New Haven Club Forum (C)

Gene Archer Entertains (S)

WRC, Washington

Drecms Come True (C) Whispering Rhythm (S)

Mary Mason (P)

What Are You Reading (S) Danceland Ballroom (P) Petticoat Vagabond (S) What's In a Name (S)

Postal Telegraph Requests (P) Connecticut College Series (S) Sidney's Amateur Program Lights Along the Shore (S) Voice of the People (C) Coast Guard Band (S) WNLC, New London Melody Lane (P) Local News (P)

# District of Columbia

WJSV Drama Award Washington Hour (C) Magic Carpet (C-P) Arch McDonald (C) WJSV, Washington Elder Micheaux (S)

(3) Quiz of Two Cities (C) Cameras in Action (S) According To Coyle Baukhage Talking (S) WMAL, Washington In Town Tonight (S) Morning Prelude (S) Glen Carow (S) ack Foy (S)

American Wildlife Program (S) Tru Blu Musical Program (C) Fulton Lewis, Jr. (C) WOL, Washington If We Call (C)

Station PDS Presents (C)

Zordon Hittenmark (P) Night Watchman (P) Streamliner (P) Old Timer (S) Devotions (S)

Daily Weather Forecasts from Charles Iagnan Programs (S) National Children's Frolic (S) Weather Bureau (S)

j

Pianos Three (S)

# Florida

'alk of the Town (C) WIAX, Jacksonville ·lorida Fishing (C)

Millers Fashion Hints (C) Ford Football Finals (C) fousehold Institute (P) Shoot the Works (C) WLAK, Lakeland

Do You Read the News (S) WIOD Light Symphony (S) MIOD Dance Frolic (S) VIOD, Miami

Schoes of the Theater (S) ittle Theater of the Air (S) wo Grand Pianos (S) Pootball Roll Call (C) WKAT, Miami Beach Pelican's Pouch (S) Sport of Kings (P) Air Breaks (C) Guesso (C)

Pollins College Radio Classroom (S) Morning Roundup (C and P) Tamily Altar of the Air (S) Vorman Beasley's Fla. (C) Open House (S and P) Time for the Times (C) Want a Job (S) WDBO, Orlando

Vick's Community Bulletin Board (C) Around the Clock (C) WCOA, Pensacola

Oh! Say Can You Sing (C) WSUN, St. Petersburg Hunting & Fishing (C)

Sports Spotlight Program

Football Predictions and Scores (C) For Women Only (P and C) Little Theater of the Air (S) nter-Civic Club Council (S) Books in Review (S) Florida Speaks (S)

Storytime with Sue Nesmith Morning Devotions (S) WTAL Jamboree (S) WTAL, Tallahassee Musical Clock (S) Clambake Six (S) Dance Time (S)

West Coast Hillbillies (C) Bridge Forum (S and C) Eddie Ford Organist (C) Football Predictions (C) Musical Mailman (S) WDAE, Tampa

Frank Grasso Presents Florida Job Clinic Forward Florida WFLA, Tampa

WJNO, West Palm Beach Sunday Melody Parade Palm Beach Speaks Downtown at Noon Mr. Yes'n No Quartermaster Sall to Radio I Want a Job Grab-Bag

# Georgia

Our Church on the Air (S) Our Community Sing (C) Midnight Momentoes (S) Organ Treasures (S) WGAU, Athens

WATL, Atlanta

Mid-Day Merry-Go-Round Dinner Dance Parade (C) The Music Masters (S) Sunshine Hours (C) Five Star Final (S)

KID, Idaho Falls

Farm Hour (S and C) News (S and C)

WRDW Varieties (P) Breakfast Club (P) WRDW, Augusta

Pigskin Parade (C)

Uncle Marion Reads the Funnies For Ladies Only (C) R. C. Cola Quiz (C) Boys News (C)

Highlights of the News of the Week WRBL, Columbus

Baseball Questionnaire (C) Women in the News (S) Sons of the South (C) Red Wagon Boys (C)

History in the Making (S) WMAZ, Macon

Radio Stars on Parade (P) Boy Scout Program (S) Man on the Street (C) Gospel Singer (C)

Dalton Norman, Singing Cowboy (S) Ft. Valley Normal School Choir (C) WMGA, Moultrie

Tween You and Me (S) Saga of Savannah WSAV, Savannah

Salute to the Coastal Empire Musical Scoreboard Savannah Speaks Fime and Tide Ouiz Nite

Twelve Hundred Club (S) Kiddies Theater Club (S) Merchant's Parade (P) George Tucker (C)

WAYX, Waycross

# Idaho

United Press News (C and P) Farm Men Only (C) Bairds Big Eight (C) Home Quiz (C) KIDO, Boise

Government Reports (S) Morning Sermonette (S) KIDO Request Hour (S) Highlights (S) Boise

Stevens Sunday Noon Hour (C) Cowboy Slim (P) Sportscasts (C)

Dooly's Almanac (C) KFXD, Nampa Early Bird (P)

Six O'Clock Jamboree KSEI, Pocatello

Illinois

Rural Free Delivery Hour (P) High Schools on Parade (S) So You're Entertaining (S) WJBC Women's Hour (S) Anniversary Party (C) Sweet and Swing (P) WJBC, Bloomington Theater Time (C) Singo (C)

Home Town Birthday Party (C) Mystery Melody Time (C) WDWS, Champaign

WAAF, Chicago

Council of Foreign Relations (S) Daily Symphonic Hour (S) Mythical Ballroom (C) Breakfast Express (C) Madcap Matinee (C) Pick-Me-Up (C)

Meet the Missus— (C) Let's Get Together (S) WBBM, Chicago

Voice of the City (S) What Can I Do? (S) Musical Clock (C) Sports Huddle (C)

Sports Quiz (C)

Dr. Preston Bradley (C) WCFI, Chicago

Make Believe Danceland (P) Peekers in the Pantry (P) This Week in Labor (S) four of Opportunity (C) Radio Gossip Club (S) The Life Program (C)

Kelly's Old-Time Minstrels (C) Singing Strings (C) WEDC, Chicago

Humans of Fate (S) WENR, Chicago et's Act (S)

Weekly Amateur Hour (C) Ten O'Clock Final (C) Music You Want (C) WIID, Chicago

Bureau of Missing Persons Know Your Postal Service Women at the Crossroads Pamous Chicagoans Dramas from Life Suppertime Frolic Safety Court loastmaster

WLS National Barn Dance (C) School Time (S) VLS, Chicago

Dinnerbell (S)

Morning Devotions (S) Morning Minstrels (C) Henry's Exchange (C) Smile-A-While (C) WMAQ, Chicago

High School Studio Party (S) News Broadcasts (C and S) Cameos of New Orleans (C) Take a Picture (S)

Weiboldt, Your Neighbor (C) Cony Wons (C) Doggy Dan (C) WHFC, Cicero

Know Your Morton Paging the Preps WDAN, Danville Stamp Chats

Semi-Solid Family Parry (C) Moods and Melodies (S) uvenile Jambouree (C) Man on the Street (P) Chuck's Variety Clock Club (P) (Our Home Town (C) Sattle of Wits (C)

The Puzzle Man (C)

ohn Bernard's Let's Dance (C) Cross Country Interview (C) hree Minutes of Safety (S) Street Forum of the Air (P) WJBL, Decatur

Church in the Wildwood (S) uveniles on Parade (C) WIMV, East St. Louis The Golden Hour (C) Stern Brau Band (C) Srazy Auction (C) /ital Statistics (C)

Room Melodies (C)

Fashion Footlights (C) WIBC, Indianapolis Flapjack Boys (C) Down the Field (C) Sports Edition (C) Gilbert Forbes (C) Blues Chaser (C) raffic Court (S) Night Watch (C) The Old Ranger WIND, Gary Songs That Don't Get a Chance (S) Wedding Anniversary Program (S) Rural School of Education (S) own Meeting of the Air (S) Sing a Long with Mary (C) Metropolitan Madness (S) Gold Star Final News (C) (nox Chapel Services (C) Views of Local News (C) Homemakers Institute (C) Radio Variety Show (C) Little German Band (S) ime to Go to Work (S) Indiana Kitchen Barn Dance (P) The Shut-In Program (S) Friendly Neighbors (C) Corncrib Hoedown (C) School of the Air (S) Know Your WDZ (P) uvenile Theater (S) At Your Service (S) Varket Reports (C) Curbstone Reporter WGL, Fort Wayne Screwball Club (S) indiana Indigo (S) WEOA, Evansville WGBF, Evansville WCBS, Springfield one Ranger (C) irish Ballads (C) Traffic Court (C) WTRC, Elkhart rank Mike (C) Pet Swaps (C) WDZ, Tuscola Memories (S) City Court Dykta (C) he Bee Woman's Magazine of the Air (C) Sunday Morning Swing Session Hay-Loft Hi-Jinks Barn Dance Vick's Parade of Musical Hits Shopping with Your Neighbor Mississippi Valley News (S) Deitchman's Polka Revue His Majesty, The Baby (S) Announcers Contest (C) Social Editor of the Air Write the Manager (S) Opportunity Knocks (S) One Woman's Opinion Corn Belt Carnival (S) Community News (C) Women in the News Women of Today (C) WHBF, Rock Island uvenile Theater (S) Good Neighbor (S) WEBQ, Harrisburg Listen, Ladies! (P) Game of Wits (S) Man on the Street Musical Clock (C) Happy Valley (C) WROK, Rockford Happiness Hour Women's Forum News Programs Fen Pin Man (P) WTAD, Quincy Sports Program WMBD, Peoria Quarter uiz (S) Musical Clock oke Shop (C) WCLS, Joliet Nightfall (S) Guess It (C) Town Crier Musico (C) 828

Modern Home Forum (P) WOWO, Fort Wayne Morning Roundup (P) Hey! Mr. Motorist Hoosier Hop (S)

Merry-Go-Round (P) Man on Street (C) NOC, Davenport Morning Mail (P) 3ob Wilson Presents (C) Ozark Open House (S)

WFBM, Indianapolis Early Birds

Hoosier Farm Circle (P) Alice Abbott (P) Hoosier Talent Time (S) Big Freddie Miller (S)

Brown County Revelers (C) The Friendly House (C) School for Brides (C) Boy Greets Girl (C)

Animal Shelter Broadcast Lonesome Bill Jones (S) Man on the Street WLBC, Muncie

Football for the Fans South Bend at Play South Bend at Work WFAM, South Bend The Three Notes Little Jamboree

NSBT, South Bend Man on the Street layloft Jamboree

Highlights Weeks News in Review Notre Dame Radio Stage WBOW, Terre Haute

Perre Haute Town Meeting (S) Iona

St. Ambrose College of the Air (S) News from Our Neighbors (S) WOC Luncheon Club (P) Public Schools Program (S) four Hymns and Mine (S)

Hour of Friendship (S) Poetic Prelude (S) Vews Courier (S) KWLC, Decorah

Adventures in Physics (S) Tymns We Love (S) Chapel (P)

You, Incorporated (S) Drama Workshop (P) Campus Players (S)

Thirty Minutes to Go (P) KRNT, Des Moines Tall Corn Time (S)

Jncle Bill Reads the Funnies (C) Newsreel of the Air (C) Memories of You (S) KSO, Des Moines

The Friendly Counselor nquiring Microphone (C) Sports by Shumate (C) The Sunshine Club (S) Evening Funnies (S) Sum Fun (S)

Cheerful Charlie Flagler (C) Hometown News (C) he Rhythm Club (S) KGLO, Mason City The Mailbag (S)

North Iowa Forum (S) The Hours Ahead (C) Rural Roundtable (S) Sport's Camera (C) Mystery Melody (P) Bullseye Topics (S)

Caleb Squibb's Joke Program (C) KMA Homemaker's Program (P) KMA Country School (C) KMA Kitchen Klatter (P) KMA, Shenandoah

The Round-up on Rhythm Range (C) Lem Hawkins and His Gang (C) The Folks in Western Valley (P) KTRI, Sioux City

Women in the News (P) News on the Hour (C) Postoffice Parade (S) Blind Balladier (S) Musical Cleck (P) Sports Parade (S)

Kansas

Benedicts Mass direct from St. KVAK, Atchinson

Western Kansas Roundup Abbey Monastery KIUL, Garden City Hamilton Trio (C)

The Kansas Editor Speaks (S) Ships and Sealing Wax (S) Farm Hour Program (S) n the Music Room (S) Homemakers' Hour (S) SAC, Manhattan Local News (C)

Olaf Soward News (C) Raw-Milk Matinee (C) Peacock Program (C) Noon Hour Clock (C) KCKN, Kansas City Police Court (S)

Behind the Headlines (C) Quizzer Court (P and C) Dance with America (C) Sports Broadcasts (C) Pals of the Prairie (C) Songs of Terry (S) Amateur Hour (C) Kiddies Revue (S) KOAM, Pittsburg ou and Al (C) News (C)

The Window Shopper (P) Hilly Billy Program (P) Barn Dance Frolic (S) Meet the Visitor (C) Quizzer Court (C) Musical Clock (P) Dorothy Day (C) KSAL, Salina Farm Hour (C) Today (S)

Golden Belt Tent Theater (C) Saturday Night Roundup (P) The Crossroads Sociable (S) The Kansas Roundup (C) Oklahoma Outlaws (C) You Can't Do That (S) The Dinner Hour (P) Lee Noon News (C) WIBW, Topeka

WWL, New Orleans

Kentucky WCMI, Ashland

What Do You Think (S) Sidewalk Spell Bee (C) Woman's Club (P) Noontime Roundup (S) Hi-School Hi-Lights (S) Play Laboratory (S) WAVE, Louisville Rhythm Club (S) Melody Time (P) ewel Box (C)

en O'Clock News Review (C) Cruising in Traffic (S) Kentucky Nightmare WOMI, Owensboro

Louisiana (ALB, Alexandria

Susiness Marches On (P) Hello There (S)

(3) Southwestern Institute Program Wilson Humber's Orchestra (P) an-Am Views the News (C) Sons of the Acadians (S) wilight Quartette (P) Roscoe Whitlow (S) **XVOL**, Lafayette Emily Landry (S)

Daily High School Dance Hour Announcers Auditions of the Air Sunday Afternoon Variety Show ax Midnight Dancing Party Highlights for High School Farm and Home Hour (S) Alma Roths Bridge Quiz WBNO, New Orleans Katherine Quint (S)

High School and L.S.U. Football (C) Dreamy Melodies (S) KRMD, Shreveport Vews Program (C) Nomen's Hour (S) Dawn Busters (C) ob Mart (S)

Good Morning Neighbor (C) Soliloguy and Organ (C) Marriage Muddles (C) WCOU, Lewiston Yawn Patrol (P) WCSH, Portland Recess Time (P)

WAGM-Tingley Birthday Party (C) Saturday Nite Jam Session (S) Coffee Cup Chatter (S) Words with Music (S) WAGM, Presque Isle Maine Memories (C) de Risers Club (S) WGAN, Portland Duizz Court (C)

Stories Behind the Headlines (C) It Seems to Me (S) Around the Breakfast Table (C) Around the Dinner Table (P) Time for Romance (P) Jncle Jack's Club WBAL, Baltimore Mary Landis

Maryland

Your Friendly Neighbor (P) Better Homes Program (P) WCAO, Baltimore WFBR, Baltimore

Quiz of Two Cities (C) Carnival of Fun (C) Oben House (C) Dramagrams (S)

(S) fours for the Asking (S) Man About Town (S) WTBO, Cumberland Eleventh Hour (C) Social Column (S) Spelling Bee (C)

State Teacher's College Musical (S) Shopping Tour (C) WFMD, Frederick Music Shop (C)

'he Farmer Comes to Town (P) A Song for Sale (P and C) Golden Slipper Gang (P) Pappy and the Boys (C) Telephone Tunes (S) an MacFarlane (S)

a P)  ol Program  ool (C)  11 Band (S)	ks Rol and Henry (P) Hardytime (C) Street Reporter (P) Grand Haven Parade (P) Morning Shopper (P) Stump Us (C) WHIS, Port Huron Hired Man (P) C) News Every Hour on the Hour (C) Aunt Jane's Program (S) Kiddies Hour (P)
Kash Kwiz Barn Dance WMAS. sperter (C)  Story Book WMAS Little About WMAS Little About WMAS Little About WTAG. Wo Mendelsohn Sport Expre Radio Journ Morning Pour Morning Radio Journ Morning Pour Morni	Musical Memories (S) Auditions on the Air (C) Auditions on the Air (C) Sports Quiz (C) Children's Radio Club Och Manning's Family (S) News in Review (C) Children's Music Recital (C) Che Yawn Club (C) WWRK, Pittsfield WBRK, Pittsfield Music Recital (C) Che Yawn Club (C) Che Yawn Club (C) Che Your (C) Che Youth (S)
WAAB, Boston  Edgeworth's Frank Ryam (C)  Marriage Clinic (S)  John Melcalf's Choir Loft (S)  John Melcalf's Choir Loft (S)  John Melcalf's Choir Loft (S)  Sears News Salute (C)  Friends Radio Club (C)  Fred Long Views the News  George and Dixie (C)  Sunrise Melodies (S)  Marricy Mills (C)  Frist National's Imagene We  Gretchen McMullen (C)  Worther in Rhyme (C)  Boston Life (S)  We Women—Mary Ellen Brown (P)  Worther in Rhyme (C)  Sanrise Melodies (S)  Mary Club (D)  Froi Lange (C)  Worther (C)  Mary Morth (C)  Mary Mary Musical Parade  Lef's Interrogate (P)  Froi Lange (C)  Mary Mills (C)  Mary Morth (C)  Mary Mary Mary Club (P)  Mary Morth (C)  Mary Morth (C)  Mary Mary Mary Club (P)  Mary Morth (C)  Mary Mary Mary Club (P)  Mary Morth (C)  Mary Morth (C)  Mary Morth (C)  Mary Morth (C)  Mary Mary Mary Club (C)  Mary Morth (C)  Mary Mary Mary Club (P)  Mary Mary Mary Club (P)  Mary Morth (C)  Mary Morth (C)  Mary Mary Mary Club (P)  Mary Morth (C)  Mary Mary Mary Club (C)  Mary Mary Mary Club (C)  Mary Mary Mary Mary (C)  Mary Mary Mary Mary Club (C)  Mary Mary Mary Mary (C)  Mary Mary Mary Mary Mary Club (C)  Mary Mary Mary Mary Mary Mary Club (C)  Mary Mary Mary Mary Mary Mary Mary Mary	

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# Minnesota

Miss Sally's Here's An Idea Fergus School of the Air (S) For Women Only (P) KGDE, Fergus Falls

KYSM, Mankato

Sunshine Dinnertime Musical Roadmap Birthday Party

The Plowboys Shindig

The Voice of the Land o' Lakes Across the Garden Gate

WDGY, Minneapolis-St. Paul Music for Every Child (S)

Happy Hollow Boys (P) WDGY Barn Dance (S) Coffee Cake Club (P) Funrise Frolic (P)

188 Minnesota Farm Bureau News (C) Family Altar (C) Livestock Farmers Program (C)

KSTP, St. Paul-Minneapolis

The Movie Fan Speaks (S) The Household Forum () Sunrise Roundup (P) KSTP Presents (S)

Morning Newspaper of the Air (C) Tomorrow's Headlines Tonight (C) WCCO, Minneapolis-St. Paul Daily Messenger (C)

Saturday Morning Open House (P) Sports Through the Keyhole (S) Fitger's Sportman's Special (C) Almanac of the Air (C) Who's the Champ (C) The Sunrisers (S) adies First (P)

WMIN, St. Paul and Minneapolis Talking Things Over (C) WMIN Safety Club (S) Market Basket (P)

Church Music Appreciation (S) Merle Potter's Movie Quiz (C) WTCN, St. Paul-Minneapolis Funny Paper Show (S) News to Come (S) Parents Classroom (C) For the Ladies (C) ob Wanted (S)

Goin' to Town (P and C) KVOX, Moorhead

Ainnesota 400 Program (C) Norld of Sport (C) KROC, Rochester

Over the Kitchen Fence (C and P) unior Mixing Bowl (C and P) Sunrise Roundup (C and P) KROC Farm Service Vews Programs (C) KFAM, St. Cloud Tarm Frolics (P)

Strictly Headlines (S)

Sports Broadcasts (C) Merry and Mac (C) KFAM Jamboree (S) Sports Reporter (C) WHLFB, Virginia Please Play (S)

KWNO, Winona KWNO Theater Workshop (S) Good Morning Neighbor (P) Virginia Symphonic Band Farm and Home Hour (S) Our Friendly Neighbors Maklkes Junior Show (C) Organ Moods (S) Swing Clinic (S)

Mississippi WGCM, Mississippi City WGRM, Greenwood Revell Hillbillies (C) Boatmen's Program

Dale Simons Blue Denim Boys (S)

Oelta Chevrolet Entertains (C) Sarnyard Jamboree (P) Aorning Serenade (P) Song and Story (C) Jown South (S) unch Hour (C)

Voice of 5th Avenue (C) WFOR, Hattiesburg Sirthday Club (C) little Trouper (S) Aunt Polly (S) Vut Club (S)

Buck Turner and His Buckaroos (P) Roaming Cowboys (S) For Women Only (P) Kiddie Matinee (S) Gospel Four (S) WJDX, Jackson

Hollywood News and Views (C) Jnemployment Program (S) Pike County Ramblers (P) High School Program (S) Health Center Talks (S) Devotional Hour (S) WSKB, McComb Poetry Lady (S)

Wissouri

Aissouri Farm and Home Hour (P) Thursday Night Club (P) Ozark Open House (C) Missouri Calendar (S) Virror of Melodies (P) Sunrise Roundup (P) Musical Clock (P) KFRU, Columbia Village Choir (S)

Missouri Schools in Action (S) Your Home and Mine (P) KWOS, Jefferson City Man on the Street (C) Man in the Car (C)

Walter Wheeler's Physical Culture Community Songfest KMBC, Kansas City Man on the Street lews on the Hour Kiddies Review Dzark Wanders Jumber Please WMBH, Joplin 3am Dance Sportcast

Musical Memories Streamlined (S) KMBC Happy Kitchen (C-P) Brush Creek Follies (S) The Food Scout (C) The Little Show (S)

Musical Clock Revue (C) WDAF Birthday Bell (S) Musical Melting Pot (S) **NDAF** Birthday Bell 'ales of Industry (S) Music Box Revue (C) WOC, Poplar Bluff WDAF, Kansas City 4-Bell Roundup (C) lars Court (C) Moonbeams (S)

Little Church Around the Corner Tymns and Their Stories Treasure House of Poetry og Cabin Mountaineers Man on the Street (C) Quiz School (C) Morning Musicale (S) uncheonaires (P)

The Pony Express Roundup (S) Good Samaritan Club (S) nterstate Varieties (C) KFEQ, St. Joseph

he Land We Live In (C) Alpine Varieties (C) Mellow Time (C) KMOX, St. Louis

Saturday Night Barn Dance (C) Barnyard Follies (C) Ozark Varieties (C) Onward Road (S) Talent Court (C)

KWK, St. Louis

It's Fun to Keep House Alpen Brau Song Fest The Inquiring Squad This Woman's World Paris Fashion Revue Sunbonnet Social The Swing Clinic Barrel Roll

KXOK, St. Louis

Pop Wise and His Kiddie Quiz (C) One Man's Diary (C) Chestnut 39 Forty Four (S) Dinner with the Stars (S) Voice of the People (S)

The Woman's Page (C) Football Jamboree (C) lam for Supper (S) 832

WEW, St. Louis

Germania Broadcast of St. Louis (C) Roy Shaffer and His Gang (C) Moments with the Masters Mothers Health Class (S) Sacred Heart Hour (S) Swing for an Hour (S) Koffee Klatsch (S)

WIL, St. Louis

Civic Service Program (C) Today's Winners (C) Breakfast Club (C) Birthday Bells (S) Dawn Patrol (P)

KDRO, Sedalia

Dr. Berry, Counsellor of Life (S) Your Neighbors Opinion (S) Answer Rite Pay Nite (C) Missouri Playboys (C)

KDRO Little Theater of the Air (S) KDRO Views the News (S)

# Montana

et's Do Some Talking (S) Speaking of Sports (S) (FBB, Great Falls The Three E's (C) (FBB Hi-Lites (S)

Community Calendar (C) Meditations in Music (S)

Music of Tomerrow (C) n the Sportlite (S)

Sports Review (C) KPFA, Helena

(C) Kollege KGVO, Missoula Dude Ranch (S) his and That (S) Quiz Nite (C)

Nebraska

KMMJ, Clay Center

Mother's Best Gospel Singers (C) Harris Sunrise News (C) Gooch's Buckaroos (C) he Rockin' Chair (P) Varket Reviews (S) Wolbach News (C) Calent Review (S)

Stuart's Happy Roving Cowboy (C) KFAB, Lincoln

Around the Kitchen Kettle (C) Cornhusker Jamboree (C) All Bands Around (C) 'ootball Games (C) Coffee Pot Inn (C) Baseball Games

KFOR, Lincoln

Morning Musical Clock (C) Street Forum (C) Dual Tones (S)

Harry Johnson Sports Review (C) Magee's Dance Parade (C) Fashion Tip-Teller (C) Hollywood Hi-lites (C) I May Be Wrong (C) Birthday Club (C)

Voice of the Street (S) WJAG, Norfolk

Noon News (S) KOIL, Omaha

Orgets in the Air (S) Polly the Shopper (P) The Homemakers (C) Sports Highlights (S) Answer Please (S) unior I Q (C)

Lyle DeMoss and B'Gosh Farm Facts and Fun (S) unior Round Table (C) WOW, Omaha Little Man (S)

Boys (C) Homemaker's Club (C) Magic Story Circle (S) Man on the Street (C) Family Party (S)

KGKY, Scottsbluff Musical Misfits Local News

WOW Players (S)

Nevada

Police Blotter of the Air (S) KOH, Reno

New Hampshire

WLNH Birthday Party (P) WLNH, Laconia

WHEB, Portsmouth Number Please (P) ('Il Swap Yuh (P) Arbie Coty (P)

New Jersey

Meet Our Visitors in Boardwalk

MCAP, Asbury Park

Neighborhood Hostess (C) WPG, Atlantic City Interviews (C)

Atlantic City Entertains (S) Soardwalk Interviews (C) Your Favorite Band Kiddies Theater (C) ingle Time (C)

Platter Picnic (P) WSNI, Bridgeton Ouiz Master (C) Poultry Hour (P)

Sunday Evening Gospel Hour ack and Jill Auditions (S) Rhythm Class (C) 210 Club (P)

George—The Real McCoy (C and P) Sidewalk Reporter (C and P) WHOM, Jersey City

American Forum of the Air WOR, Newark

Raymond Gram Swing Musical Steelmakers Music and Manners Author! Author! The Shadow

Morton Gould and Orchestra WOR Symphony Orchestra Antonini Concert Series Mozart Concerto Series 'ulton Lewis, Jr.

Alfred Wallenstein's Sinfonietta one Ranger

Happiness Village (S) Symphonic Strings Dream Peddler (S) WBRB, Red Bank

Your Radio Shopper (P) Over the Tea Cups (S)

(C) The Rinaldi Family (C) Meditations (C) La Rosa Program (C) La Rosa Program (C) La Rosa Program (C) La Rosa Program (C) Music to Remember (C) String Classics (S) Footlight Echoes (S) Footlight Echoes (S) Treasury of Music (C) Breakfast Symphony (P) Great Singers Series (S) WHDL, Olean Cheek to Cheek (P) Spotlighting Sports (C) Times-Herald News (C) Times-Herald News (C) Your Civic Alfairs (S) WHAM, Rechester Rochester School of the Air Parade of Choirs N. Y. State Troopers Dramas Eastman School of Music Pied Piper Players WHEC, Rochester Tydol News Reporters (C) Ken Sparnon's String Orchestra (WHEC Presents (S) Children's Recess (C) Musical Clock (C) Iuvenile Theater (S) Children's Reporter (C) Woman's Corner (P) WSAY, Rochester Studio Frolic (P) Curbstone Quiz (S) Rhythm and Riddles (S) Breakfast Club (P) WNBZ, Saranac Lake Noonday Varieties (S) Expert's Table (C) This Woman's World (P) Moments with the Classics (S)
The Jewish Homemaker Speaks (C) So Proudly We Hail (S) Books and Music (S)  WHN, New York  There Is a Law Against It (S) Gotham Nights (S) Charles McCarthy's Early Bird (P) Now You Decide (S) Polly the Shopper (P) Microphone in the Sky (S) American-Jewish Hour (C) Refugee Theatre (S) WMCA, New York Five Star Final (C) Original Good Will Hour (C) Overseas Press Club (S) Metropolitan Closeups (S) Americana Quiz (S) Let Your Hair Down (S) Americana Quiz (S) Let Your Hair Down (S) Allie Lowe Miles (C) Bugene Lyons (C) Johannes Steel (C) WNEW, New York Make Believe Ballroom (C and P) Milkman's Matinee (C and P) Intel Things in Life (S) In the Spotlight (C) Music Hall (C amd P) Gloomchasers (C and P) Little Things in Life (S) Music Hall (C amd P) School for Listeners (S) Symphomic Varieties (S) World's Fair Reporter (S) Masterwork Hour (S) Sunrise Symphony (S) American Composer Presents Town Hall Luncheon Club (S) Town Hall Luncheon Club (S) Ivery Masques (C) Ivery Masques (C)
The Jewish Amaleur Hour (C) The Fantasy Theater (P) The Album of Humor (C) Questions in the Air (S) The Imaginary Theater (S) WyrW, Brooklyn Personality Parade (S) Meditations by Elmo Russ (S) American Legion Auxiliary (S) Radio Aris Theater (P) The Wanderer (C) WEBR, Buffalo Liberly Children's Program (C) Cy King, News Program (C) Shopper's Mattinee (P) Musical Clipper (C) School Assemblies (S) Wyoctional Guidance Series (S) Educational Series (S) WCAD, Canton Window on Streets of the World (S) Bookworms Paniry (S) The Story Behind the Painting (C) Day Dreams (S) Im and Jane (S) Western Ramblers (S) The Right Time for Listening (C) Day Dreams (S) The Might Time for Listening (C) The Diamond Horseshoe (S) The Hymn Book (S) The Woman Speaks (S)
County Sports Review (S)  WAWZ, Zarephath Programs of New Brunswick, N. J., Public Schools  New Mexico KGGM, Albuquerque KGGM, Sunshine Special (P) What Would You Do (C) Oden's Sulver Spelling Bee (C) Pot o' Gold (P) KGGM's Big Brother Club (C) March of Events (C) Merch of Events (C) Facts, Foods and Fancies (P) KOB Trading Post (S) Men in the News (C) Facts, Foods and Fancies (P) The Movie Man (C) KICA, Clovis Builders of Clovis (C) WARD, Brooklyn Yiddish Swing (S) The Irish World (C) WCNW, Brooklyn Swing Hi Club (P) Club House Politics (S) Coffee Club (S) Voice of the Negro Race (P) Club House Politics (S) Echoes of Russia (P) Voice of the Unemployed (S) WLTH, Brooklyn

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# Viusical Tete a Tete (S) WGY, Schenectady

Gordie Randall Presents (S)

Children's Theatre of the Air (S) General Electric Farm Forum (C) Fashions in Melcdy (S) Your Neighbor (S)

# Musical Clock (C) WFBL, Syracuse

Mother's Morning Meeting (C) Top 'O The Town (C) Musical Bee (C) Mr. Fix It (S)

WSYR, Syracuse

Syracuse Voices (S)

Ruth Chilton's Matinee (P) Console and Keys (S) Mid-Morning Ltd. (P) Change of Pace (P) Timekeeper (P)

# WIBX, Utica 834

Children's Theatre of the Air (S) White Elephant Trading Post (S) Musical Merry-go-Round (P) lust For the Fun of It (C) Salute to the Nations (C) Women in the News (S)

WFAS, White Plains

Your Program with Pat Barnes (C) Westchester Breakfast Club (P) Good Morning Neighber Red and Gold Ensemble Westchester Hostess (S) Magic Microphone (C) Quips and Quizzes (S)

WWRL, Woodside

Official World's Fair Quiz The Chief-Civil Service Auto Forum of the Air Tell it to the Judge Children's Diseases Society Editor

Auto Forum of the Air (S) Wings Over Queens (S) a Guardia Field (S) Community Builders Stampman Program We Women

# North Carolina

Martha Dulin-Woman's World (P) Saturday Night Roundup (C) ack Phipps at the Organ (C) The Tennessee Ramblers C) What Do Yeu Know (C) Spotlight Serenade (C) Rangers Quartette (C) The Briarhoppers (C) WWNC, Asheville WSOC, Charlotte Alarm Clock (P) Soptrs Quizz (C) WBT, Charlotte

The Sunrise Serenade (P) The Fortune Wheel (C) WPTF Little Varies (S) Sears On the Air (C) Man on the Street (C) Youth On the Air (S) The Style-Hinter (S) News In Revue (S) Carolina Chats (C) Market Basket (C) Pete & Nervy (S) Birthday Party (S) Bargain Matinee The Mailbag (P) Cactus Kids (S) WRAL, Raleigh 1210 Club (S&C) WPTF, Raleigh Headlines in the News (C) Salon Swing Group (S) Time On My Hands (C) Football Round-up C) Castlebury's News Analyst Your Hollywood Reporter (C) 'Il Bet You a Quarter (S) Early Risers Club (P) Wheel of Fortune (C) Your Duke Parade (S) Pregsure House (C) Sports Parade (C) WDNC, Durham

Carolina Planters (C) Darling Magazine (C) Opportunity Hour (P) WEED, Rocky Mount Congratulations (S) 420 Alarmer (P) Barn Dance (P) 0 The Farmer's Trading Post WDNC Little Symphony (S) Dawn Patrol (P) The Hot Stove League (S) NCNC, Elizabeth City Pobacco Plantation (S) ust a Memory (S) Oriflwood S)

Songs of Long Ago (C) Down-Home Boys (S) Fireside Program WBIG, Greensboro WGBR, Goldsboro Cherie Artist (S)

Sunday Meetin' Time (C)

Mustard and Gravy (C) WGTM Staff Plays (S) Hill-Billy Jamboree (C)

WGTM, Wilson

Wheel of Fortune (C)

Under the Carolina Moon The Dinner Bell Hour Your Morning Mail Evening Harmonies Our Neighbors

WAIR, Winston-Salem

Rhythm Rascals (S)

Man on the Street (C) For Ladies Only (S)

Lynn Davies Note Book (P) WSJS, Winston-Salem Community Sing (C) Stars of Tomorrow Man on the Street Melody Time (C) Ciddies Party For Madame Great Hymns of the Church We Visit Tonight With (S) Did You Know That (C)

Golden Quarter Hour

WFIC, Kinston

The Sunshine Club

# Vorth Dakota

KFYR, Bismarck

The Weekly Press (S) The Concert Master's Hour (S) Memcry Baseball (P) Suckoo Quiz (S)

Children's Birthday Program (S) Dance Time with Myhre (C) The Family Altar (S) KDLR, Devils Lake

Hayloft Jamboree (C) WDAY, Fargo

We Salute (C)

Everything Stops for Tea KGCU Barn Dance (C) KOVC, Valley City Hymns and Music Household Hour KGCU, Mandan Sports I View ocal News

Incle Bill's Birthday Bells

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Akron School of the Air Lucky Money Program Ladies Only The People's Choice Setsy Ross Speaks WADC, Akron

WICA, Ashtabula

Barnum's Amateur Show (C) Vignettes Ohio History (S) Penthouse of Harmony (S) Headlines of Yesterday (C)

WHBC, Canton

World In Review (S) Helpful Henry (C) Quiz (C) Coffee Time (S) News (S) Canton

WHBC Little Theatre (S)

Meet the Pecple (S) WCKY, Cincinnati

Blue Blades of the Bluegrass (C) Celebrities Visit (S)

Morn Patrol (P) Hot Coffee (P)

Inside Football Dope (C) Guess 'N Giggle (C) Bowling Time (C) WCPO, Cincinnati Silver Dollars (C) Dizzy Spells (C)

What's Yours-in Music (C) Man on the Street (C) am for Supper (C) WKRC, Cincinnati Train Time (C)

Corn Huskers Jamboree (C) Old Fashioned Girl (S) WKRC Safety Patrol (S) Economy Kitchen (P) Woman's Hour (P) Dawn Patrol (P)

Cincinnati Summer Opera Soone Country Jamboree Everybody's Farm WLW, Cincinnati My Lucky Break Smoke Dreams River Moon

Musical Chance of a Lifetime he Mad Hatterfields Vation's Playhouse Vocal Varieties

WSAI Wonder Kitchen (C) Need A Jcb (C) WSAI, Cincinnati

Cincinnati Food Show (C) Community Interviews (C) Cincinnati Symphony (S) Tans in the Streets (C) Porencon Frolics (S)

Our Cincinnati Schools (S) Burt's Amateur Hour (C) Wake Up and Swing (C) WCLE, Cleveland For Formers (S)

Matinee Dance Time (P) Old World Melodies (C) Meat of the Meal (C) The Ohio Former (S) WGAR, Cleveland

Ruth Merriam Wells (P) Fiddles & Footlights (S) Hour of Worship (C) Cultural Institute (S) City Club Forum (S) Cleveland Scene (C) 3ay Caballeros (P) Melody Cruise (C)

Revue in Miniature (S) Wake Up America (C) America Works (S) Voice of Labor (C) News By Otis (S)

WHK, Cleveland

Seven Men and a Maid (S) Beauty Parade (C) Modern Living (C)

WTAM, Cleveland

Cobwebs and Cadanzas (S) Rhythm and Romance (S) No You Remember (S) The Will to Win (S)

Words and Music By You (P) WBNS, Columbus Round Robin Review (C) Start The Day Right (P) Hello Ohio (P)

low's The Patient (S) Money at Stake (S) Lighted Window (S)

Off the Campus (P) WCOL, Columbus

Columbus Town Meeting (S) nquiring Reporter (C) unes and Trends News Programs (C) Sports Parade (C) Touth Speaks (S)

Songs that Sweethearts Sing (S) Tip Top Bandwagon (C) WHKC, Columbus The Spectator (C) Buckeye Four (C)

Silhouettes in Music (S) Sports By Sweeney (C) The Boy Friend (S) WOSU, Columbus Happy Larry (C)

Radio Junior College Programs (S) Municipal Court Proceedings (P) Women Magazine Program (P) Safety Patrol (S) WHIO, Dayton

uneful Topics (C) Safety Patrol (S) Sicycle Court (S)

Little Tom & Swinging Strings (P) Musical Radio Directory (S) WSMK, Dayton

Man on the Street

Forty Flying Fingers (S) Cowboy Church Kiddies Revue Money Talks WLOK, Lima

Hank The Hired Hand (S) Homemakers Holiday (S) Interesting Neighbors (S) Homemakers Holiday Talk of the Town (C) The Ridgerunners (P) The Wise Sisters (S)

Morning Meditations Are Ye Listenin? Tea Time Music The Bandstand Movie Magic Coffee Club

News of the Hour

WMAN, Mansfield

Musical Masterworks Hour (S) Robert Horn Newscasts (C) Selby Classmate Hour (C) WPAY, Portsmouth

Paul Wagner Sports (S) Football Roundup Magic Claw (C) By Request (P) WSPD, Toledo

Music For Young Listeners (S) The Great Masters (S) The Quiz Bee (C) Child Safety (S)

Your Radio Neighbor Kiddies Karnival (S) WTOL, Toledo Reverie (S)

Musical Cavalcade (P) Name That Song (C) The Quiet Hour (C)

#### News on the Hour-Every Hour (C) Hunting and Fishing Club (S) Pennsylvania Special Newscasts (S and C) World's Worst Program (C) Street Interview (S and C) Organ Varieties (S and C) Lucky Dollar Program (P) Song Title (P) Old Philosopher (S and C) Your Request Party (P) Know Your Movies (P) Gable Golden Trio (C) At Our House (C) Federal Symphony (S) Gospel Trumpeters (S) Music for Moderns (S) WHJB Form Service The Streamliners (P) News Broadcasts (C) Industry Speaks (C) Intercity Jamboree Trial of Talent (C) Number Please (P) Birthday Greeters WKST, New Castle YYW, Philadelphia WHJB, Greensburg Hear Yourself (C) Remember Me (C) Freddy Glover (C) Amateur Hour (C) Bob and Jean (C) Sports Parade (P) Musical Clock (C) The Job Mart (S) Radio Ranch (C) Family Altar (S) WFBG, Altoona WIBG, Glenside Danceland (P) WLEU, Erie Remote from Department Store West Oregon Cross-Cuts (C) Oad Farmer and His Boys What Lane County Thinks 3aker Community Players Covered Wagon Days (C) Me and My Shadow (S) Morning Request (P) Tunes and Topics (P) (P) Aidnight Jamboree (P) Cowboy Jamboree (P) he Price Family (C) Educational Programs Morning Request (P) Memory Timekeeper ohn Doe's Music (S) Acntana Wranglers Memory Theater (C) Nomen's Hour (P) verybody Sing (C) Amateur Hour Pootball Jamboree At Your Command rabian Nights (S) KOOS, Marshfield Concert (S) isten & Win (C) Listen Ladies (C) Want A Job (C) rail Blazers (P) lovel-enders (S) rail Blazers (P) Swap Program [WJ], Portland ORE, Eugene KALE, Portland KBPS, Portland KGW, Portland KEX, Portland 'arm Hour (P) KBKR, Baker Silver Quizz XBND, Bend ittle Betty Lamar—Kitchen Specialist (C) interesting to Women (S) ack and Ken, the Melody Men (C) Clarke's Morning Watch (C) Ed Conley, the Sunshine Bay (S) P. T. Anderson Family Drama (S) Slips That Pass in the Mike (S) Incle Dan and the Boys (C) The Old Timers (C) Four Hands of Harmony (S) KOCY, Oklahoma City Brown's Morning Watch (C) Folks from Turkey Creek (C) enkins' Kiddies Revue (C) CVOO News of the Hour (C) Yellow Cab Servicemen (C) Southwestern Serenade (S) This Woman's World (P) Camily Music Album (C) Penthouse Serenade (S) KOMA, Oklahoma City News On the Hour (C) Your Singing Neighbor KTOK, Oklahoma City Barn Dance of Air (S) Cameos of Melcdy (S) Unsolved Mysteries (S) mperial Interlude (C) For Wemen Only (C) Pulse of the Nation (C) WKY, Oklahoma City Mr. Yes and No (C) Lloyd and Thelma (C) Abner Pinfeather (C) Variety Theater (S) KGFF, Shawnee KAST, Astoria Early Birds (P) Rollickers (S) KTUL, Tulsa (VOO, Tuisa News Every Hour On the Hour (C) Twenty Years Ago This Day (C) Mother Hubbard's Cupbourd (S) Comments on World Politics (S) Family Life Forum (S) Young Toledo Presents (S) Oklahoma Garden of Memories (C) KCRC Question Box (P) Sidewalk Interview (C) If I Had a Billion (S) Man on the Street (C) For Women Only (P) Polish Radio Bell (P) It Actually Happened WTOL Playhouse (S) Double A Singers (C) Console Varieties (S) Plantation Echoes (S) WKBN, Youngstown Swee and Swing (S) Youngstown Spanish Lessons (S) Man On Street (S) nsomnia Hour (C) Neman's Club (P) Religion Alive (S) Musical Clock (P) WALR, Zanesville Musical Clock (P) Kiddies Hour (C) Marie Remm (S) XVSO, Ardmore WNAD, Norman

1210 Club (P)

KADA, Ada

KCRC, Enid

Want A Jcb

Bell Bread

WFMJ,

ce and Sam

is That So

#### rommy Means at the Console (S) Music of Yesterday and Today South Carolina South Dakota Golden Jubilee of Statehood News for Women Only (S) Builders of the Piedmont (C) The Thought for the Day (S) Hospital List Program (C) Vewspaper of the Air (C) Diamond Ball Remote (P) Gold Discovery Days (P) Forest Fire Coverage (S) Finer Things of Life (C) King's Pot O' Coffee (C) The Gift Shoppe (C) King St. Kwiz Klass (C) Palmetto Fantasies (S) stars of Tomorrow (S) Girls About Town (P) News for Women (C) fou Asked For It (S) Midday Melodies (P) WTMA, Charleston Nothing Special (S) Five Star Final (C) Musical Moods (S) WCSC, Charleston News Parade (C) Rise and Shine (P) KOBH, Rapid City WCAT, Rapid City WFBC, Greenville WAIM, Anderson Listen Closely! (P) Hi Neighbor (C) Sports Clinic (S) Organ Airs (P) WIS, Columbia You Name It KGFX, Pierre Uncle Red and His ABC Club (S) Sackground of Today's Events (S) Monday Evening Quarterback (C) With the Gov. on Capitol Hill (S) Marvels Sports Rendezvous (C) Delores Day Shopping News (P) R. I. Auditorium Boxing Bouts (S) Rhode Island Wilkes-Barre Sinfonietta (S) Cohen's Amateur Hour (S) Happy Home Program (C) 'he Radio Quarterback (S) WEAN Singing Party (S) Playhouse of the Air (S) Women in the News (C) High School Parade (S) The Reader's Guide (S) talian Radio Hour (P) Man on the Street (C) Take It Easy Time (S) Hollywood Parade (P) Hot Stove League (C) Children's Jubilee (S) Old Trading Post (P) WRAK, Williamsport NBAX, Wilkes-Barre WBRE, Wilkes-Barre Fashion Fanfare (C) WEAN, Providence WPRO, Providence WMBS, Uniontown Musical Clock (P) Sports Parade (S) Melody Men (P) Balkan Sons (P) Smile-α-while (P) Safety Show (C) IN T Revue (P) Early Riser (P) 4 Esquires (S) Sportshots (C) unior Crime Prevention Bureau (S) Organ (C) The Little Things in Life (C) Your Inquiring Reporter (C) Nite Clube of the Air (C) Music Box Melodies (C) Meet Your Neighbor (C) Treasure Trails of Song Lee Sellers Program (C) The Enchanted Hour (C) Gentlemen of Swing (C) Ollie Goes to Town (C) Pigskin Previews (C) Festival of Music (S) Designs for Dancing Footlights & Stardust Bernie Armstrong at Your Government (S) March of Progress (C) Figures in Brass (S) .azy Rhapsody (S) Blessed Eventer (P) WWSW, Pittsburgh WCAE, Pittsburgh Poetic Musings (C) KDKA, Pittsburgh You Don't Say (S) Todays Sports P) Blues Chasers (P) inger Awhile (S) Alarm Clock (C) Sports Slomts (C) Final Edition (P) WKOK, Sunbury Cheerful Charlie XQV, Pittsburgh Muted Music (S) Dutch Club (C) Big Swing (C) WPIC, Sharon Tune Ouiz (C) Tap Time (C) Airlines S) Taylor Grants' Morning Herald (C) ohn Corcoran News Program (C) Evening Ledger Music Hour (C) Vocational Forum for Youth Hal Simonds Sports Shots (C) Four Provinces Irish Hour (P) Jncle WIP Hall of Fame (C) H. & H. Children's Hour (C) Philadelphia Town Meeting (S) Laura May Stuart (P) Bill Dyer's Sports Talk (C) Nine O' Clock Scholars (S) Inter-Collegiate Debates (S) Buzz Davis Sport Shots (C) Mae Desmond Theatre (S) Two Seats on the Aisle (S) Night Club of the Air (C) San Giorgio Varieties (C) Conte Luna Melodies (C) international Children (S) Merry-Go-Round, Sr. (P) Column of the Air (S) Spatola Serenade (C) WCAU, Philadelphia Champagne Time (C) WPEN, Philadelphia WDAS, Philadelphia Information Desk (S) Hand of Destiny (S) String Serenade S) The Timekeeper (C) John Q. Public (S) WFIL, Philadelphia Mystery History (C) True Mysteries (C) For Men Only (C) Your Neighbor S) WIP, Philadelphia Mirror of Life (C) Dawn Patrol (C) 920 Club (P) Hayride (S) Nocturne

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Texas Electric's Gene Arrold (C) Little Willie & Uncle Ed (S) Today's Battles (S) Frances Warren (P) Suburban Editor (S) Suburban Editor (S) WaAP, Fort Worth The House that I am Built (S) Variety In Rhythm (P) On Wings of Song (P) Melodic Moments (S) Sweet And Lovely (P) The Jam Pantry (P) World's Greatest Short Stories (S) Sweet And Lovely (P) Helpful Homer (P) World's Greatest Short Stories (S) KRPC, Houston Dawn Patrol (P) Helpful Homer (P) Sunday Serenade (C) The Ranch Hands (C) Melodies For the Moment (S) Birthday Club (C) Melodies For the Moment (S) Spranish Program (P) KRPAB, Laredo Transcradio Sports (P) Woman's Hour (S) Spanish Program (P) KRPO, Longview KFRO, Lubbock KRTO, Lubbock KRTYO, Lubbock KRTY, Midland Education Program (P) Sidewalk (C) Children's Hour (S) Radio Theater of the Air (S) Radio Theater of Music (S) Worlds and Music (S) Weekly Concerts (C)	)
Texas Electric's Gene Arrold Little Willie & Uncle Ed (S) Today's Battles (S) Frances Warren (P) Suburban Editor (S) WBAP, Fort Worth The House that Jan Built (S) Variety In Rhythm (P) On Wings of Song (P) Melodic Moments (S) Sweet And Lovely (P) The Jam Pantry (P) World's Greatest Short Stor KPRC, Houston Dawn Patrol (P) Helpful Homer (P) Sunday Serenade (C) The Ranch Hands (C) The Ranch Hands (C) Melodies For the Moment Birthday Club (C) KPAB, Laredo Transradio News (P) Transradio Sports (P) Transradio Sports (P) Transradio Sports (C) East Texas Sundial (C) KFRO, Longview KFRO, Longview KFRO, Longview KFRO, Lubbock Drug Store Cowboys (C) East Texas Sundial (C) RATO, Lubbock Drug Store Cowboys (C) Snoop and Scoop (C) Professor Twigleaf (C) Radio Classroom (S) RKILH, Midland Education Program (P) Sidewallk (C) Children's Hour (S) Radio Theater of the Air (S) RMET, Palestine Black and White Reflections Words and Music (S) Weekly, Concerts (C)	7
KBST. Big Spring Especially for You (S) Sally Ann Time (C) Sports Revue (C) Sports Revue (C) Football Forecasts (C) Kiddy Hour (C) WFA. Dallas  Dr. Pepper House Party (C) Early Birds (S) Dr. Pepper Gasualty Program (C) Worning Meditations (C) You Might Be Right (S) Employers Casualty Program (C) Marning Meditations (C) Wrs. Tucker's Smile Program (C) Cass County Kids (S) Mocien Homemakers (C) WRR. Dallas Noon Hour Varieties (P) KDNT, Denton News Periods (S) Cars County Kids (S) WRR. Dallas Noon Hour Varieties (P) Cass County Kids (S) WRR. Dallas Noon Hour Varieties (P) Cass County Kids (S) KFPL, Dublin Court of Hersents (C) Wrey Person of Melody (S) Filosofy and Foolishness (S) Aunt Martha's Scrapbook (C) What Would You Do? (C) KFIZ. Fort Worth Texas Christian University Varieties All State Church of the Air The Job Finder J. Frank Norths Bewiey's Chick Gang (C) Keith's Fruit Express (C) Texas Cowqrils (S) Texas Cowqrils (S) Texas Cowqrils (S)	
Pippeye Club Slarmakers (S) Ship of Thought (S) Request Rhythm (S) Mynatis Twilight Echoes (C) WHBQ, Memphis Young Memphis Speaks (S) Dr. Sinbads Synonym Spellers (S) Have You Heard? (C) Concert Miniatures (S) WWC Talent Foundation (S) WMC Talent Foundation (S) Worning Revue (C) Dance Iubilee (P) WMPS, Memphis Ino the Cow (C) Iam for Supper (S) White's Man on the Street (C) Paul Southern's News (S) Hilton Hotel Dinner Quiz (C) Ranner Birthday Club (C) I Can Fill that Job (C) I Cak Free's Hilton Orchestra (S) KFDA, Amarillo Back Talk (C) Woman's Club of the Air (P) Sky Reporter (C) I Ck Justin The Jolly Texans (S) KTBC, Austin The Jolly Texans (S) Spicer Ensemble (S) KTBC, Austin Leisure Thoughts (C) Prize Persondlities (C) Slardust (S) Morning Paper and Caffee (P) Laugh Roundup (P) Woman's Page (P)	
KUSD, Vermillion  Something Old, Something New Something Hot, Something Blue (S) On Wings of Song (S) This Thing Called Radio (S) WNAX, Yankton Pot O' Gold (P) Sunset Trail (S) The Proding Post (S) The March of Agriculture (S) The March of Agriculture (S) The March of Agriculture (S) Rodeo Recess (P) The March of Agriculture (S) Rodeo Recess (P) The March of Instal WOPI School of the Air (S) Saturday Night Jamboree (S) All Request Program (P) Musical Clock (P) Breakfast Club (C) Man on Day Frolic (C) Man on Street (C) WTIS, Jackson Lambuth College Glee Club (S) Aunt Mary's Radio Kitchen (C and P WTIS Good Neighbor Program (C) Outz Program (C) WTIS Little Theorer of the Air (S) WTIS Little Theorer of the Air (S) WNOX, Knoxville Dizzy Spells (C) Indoor Sports (S) Style Show (C) News of the Week (S) All Newscasts (C) Swingster Time (C and P) Town Crier (C and P) WROI, Knoxville Ouarterback Oberies (C) Chuck Swari's Radio Roundup (P)	

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nterviews with Visiting Celebrities Town Trotter Shopping News (C) Music By Woodbury (S) Hill Billy Follies of 1940 (S) Arthur Gaeth, Newscaster (C) Northern League Baseball This Week in Review (C) Who's Who and Why (C) Reddy Kilowatt Club (C) Model Spelling Bee (C) Morning Health Club (P) Music of the Masters (S) Vermont Community Builders (C) The Breakfast Club (C) Sophisticated Swing (C) Viewing the News (S) On the Utah Trail (C) KDYL Ranch House (P) Calling All Women (C) Noman to Woman (P) The Musical Train (P) Lake Tabernacle Ausic far Madame (S) Oo You Remember (C) KDYL, Salt Lake City KUTA, Salt Lake City Story Telling Time Peggy and Her Pals KSL, Salt Lake City Sporting Events (C) WQDM, St. Albans WCAX, Burlington The Gift Box (C) Public Speaks (S) bublic Forum (S) Hall of Fame (C) Varieties KOVO, Provo Basketball (C) KSL Players Singtime (C) Selt Lost and Found Column of Air (C) Capt. Billy and the Melody S (S) KTEM Singing Convention (P) Weslaco High School Band (P) nReCo Football Broadcasts Texas Blue-Bonnet Boys (P) Flowers for the Living (C) Santa Talks to the Kiddies Goodner Home Journal (C) What Would You Do (C) Holleys Football Forecast n Texarkana Tonight (C) Czech Melody Hour (P) Our Leading Citizen (C) Honeymoon Melodies (C) The Woman's Page (S) School Sports Revue (C) Man on the Street (P) Midget Car Races (P) Gordie and Eddie (S) The Blue Jackets (P) Circus Breadcasts (C) Words and Music (S) The Old Swapper (C) KWFT, Wichita Falls School of the Air (C) Spotlights (C) Do You Know (P) 'wilight Theater (S) Lest We Forget (C) KCMC, Texarkana Mystery Tunes (P) G.B. Presents (S) KTEM Players (S) Musical Jack Pot ust We Two (S) Want A Job (C) Phoneside Chats KRGV, Weslaco KTEM, Temple KGKB, Tyler KLO, Ogden Sport Karotkin's Man on the Street (C) Kallison's Trading Post (C) Mexican Commercial Hour (P) Grand Prize Dance Parade (C) Singing Convention of the Air Ted Brown Organ Recital (C) The Weatherman Speaks (S) Happy Go Lucky Cowboys Women's Club of the Air (P) Saturday Night Parade (S) Musical Market Basket (C) The Bonehead Contest (C) The Range Ramblers (C) Professor Seven-Up (C) Wheel of Fortune (P) Man on the Street (C) Singing Gauches (C) Sportcast Program (C) Pearl Troubadours (C) Name a Number (P) Traffic Tragedies (S) The Cornshuckers (P) Music Your Way (P) WOAI, San Antonio Fashion Flashes (C) KONO, San Antonio KMAC, San Antonio KTSA, San Antonio Theatre Hi-Lites (C) exas Tall Tales (C) KABC, San Antonio KXOX, Sweetwater Rise and Shine (P) Birthday Party (S) Kiddie Kollege (C) Juvenile Stars (C) Cecil and Vi (S) Pennygrams (C) It's A Fact (C) KRRV, Sherman That Year (C) Reverie (C)

Melodies of Happiness Green Mountain Trio Farmer's Special (C) Housewive's Forum Shopping Facts (P) Fireside Forum (S) WDEV, Waterbury Man About Town Writers Club (C) Country Woman Country Man Birthday Man Contest Club

Virginia WCHV, Charlottesville

little Theatre of the Air (S) Vanity Fair (P) (copyrighted) Through the Years (S) Can You Guess? (C) Post Comics Time (C) Reveille Rhythms (P) WCHV Jamboree S) WBTM, Danville

WBTM Radio Bank (P) [ewels of Melody (C) Farm Bulletin (P)

Coffee Pot Parade (P) WSVA, Harrisonburg Nelson Huffman, tenor

Leary Family (C)

Professional Footbal Games Willie Coleman, pianist (C) WTAR Salon Orchestra WTAR, Norfolk

WTAR String Quartet WTAR Radio Theatre Fashion and Thrift Strikes and Spares WMBG, Richmond Radio Housewife

WHIS. Bluefield The Koppers Variety Show (C) The Woman's Radio Journai (P) News Periods C) Hillbilly Jamboree (P) Street Broadcast (C) Lee Moore and Janita (C) The Lilly Mountaineers (C) WCHS, Charleston Young Stars of Tomorrow (C) Old Farm Hour (P) Saturday Recess of the Air (S) Ray's Inquiring Reporter (C) Happy Family Girl (C) Karowha Valley In the News (K WGKV, Charleston Breakfast Brevities (P) Curbstone Coaches (C) WBLK, Clarksburg I Wart A Job (S) Madcap Tempos (S) Poetic Gems (S) Madcap Tempos (S) Poetic Gems (S) What's New (C) Man on the Street (C) Your Home (S) What's New (C) Man on the Street (C) Your Home (S) What's New (C) Man on the Street (C) Your Home (S) What's New (C) Man on the Street (C) Your Home (S) What's New (C) Man on the Street (C) Your Home (S) What's New (C) Man on the Street (C) Women's Club Program (S) Wasta, Clark's Varieties (S) Sagebursh Roundup (C) Original Musical Thoughits (S) Mest a Prospect (S) WASAZ, Huntington Buck Fever (C) Brithday Parkersburg Radio Theater Group (S) Sports Program (C)
Dawn Patrol (P) Listener's Club (C) KOMO. Seattle Armchair Cruises (C) Organ Concert (C) Old Songs of the Church (C) Old Songs of the Church (C) Old Songs of the Church (C) Mcrning Memoranda (P) Radio Reporter (C) KTW. Seattle Variety Hour (S) Yodeling Melcdies (C) KFPY. Spokane Nemember When (C) Sunday Evening Forum (S) Good Morning Neighbors (P) This Woman's World (P) News Programs (S and C) Sunday Evening Forum (C) Sunday Evening Forum (C) News Programs (C) Wusical Merry-Go-Round (C) News Programs (C) Wusical Merry-Go-Round (C) News Programs (S and C) Portraits in Black and While (C) Musical Merry-Go-Round (C) KMO. Tacoma Mary Terry's Happy Homes KVAN. Vancouver Happy Four (P) You and Your Neighbors (C) KUJ. Walla Walla Braden-Bell Serenaders (C) The Silver Lining (S) Early Birds (P) Classified Page (P) Scalool Children Questionnaire (S) Riddie Club (S)
Toost and Coffee Program (P) Doodlebug (P) Evening Merry Go Round (P) Say II With Music (S) KVOS, Bellingham News Programs (P) Community Singing (S) School and College Broadcasts (S) Annual Peace Arch Broadcast (S) Annual Peace Arch Broadcast (S) Annual Peace (S) Classroom Echoes (S) Land of Make-Believe (S) Classroom Echoes (S) Spelling Bee (P) Rwoundetable (S) Lives We Live (P) Plays in Miniature (S) KIRO, Seattle Farm Forum (P) Farm Forum (P) Farm Forum (P) Farm Forum (P) Farm Coose Comes to Town (S) Romance Time (C) Little Black Book (C) KIRO Louie's Time Klock Klub (P) Concert Hour (S) KIRO Louie's Time Klock Klub (C) KIRO Louie's Time Klock Klub (C) Konth In Review (S) In the Mike Light (S) News Reporter (C) Sunshine Club (C) Sunshine Club (C) Manudacturers Assn. of Wn. (C) Cook Book Quiz (C) KOL, Seattle Ray Daughters Health Club (C) I want a Job Program (C) Mast's Band Stand (C) Mast's Band Stand (C) Put 'N Take Program (C) All Women (P)
Little Minstrels of the Air (S)  WMBG Theatre (S) Gocd Morning Neighbor (P) Public School Series (S) Puppet Theatre (S) WRNL Richmond Richmond Dairy Question Bee (C) Parade of Youth (S) Current Events (S) WRNL Sunday Matinee (S) Your Music and Mine (S) In the Spotlight (S) Morning Mailbarg (P) WRTD. Richmond P.S.D.S. Presents (C) Time Teller (P) Musical Master Mind (C) Sports Parade (S) Lef's Dance (C) Do You Want A Job? (S) WRYA. Richmond C Sports Parade (S) Lef's Dance (C) On Wings of Tomorrow (C) Salute :: Virginia Industry (S) Let's Visit (S) Let's Visit (S) Let's Visit (S) Musical Clock (C) Musical Clo

Q

(S)

Farm and Home Hour (C) Wati's the Answer (C) The Hit of the Day (C) Songs by Wanda (S) Venetian Singers (S) Romancers (S)

# Wisconsin

Children's Corner of the Air (S) The Library Speaks (S) Keys to Popularity WEAU, Eau Claire Amateur Hour (C) Mixing Bowl (P)

Kinney's Man on the Street (C) KFIZ, Fond-Du-Lac Yawn Patrol (S)

Hymn Time At Home (S)

State News Passes in Review (S) Music For Every Mcod (S) Red Raven Orchestra (S) Cuckoo Club (S) WHBY, Appleton

Hayrack Cimfunny (S and P) Farm Hands (S and P) WTAQ, Green Bay Fiddler's Three (S)

a Monday Night Varieties (C and The Maskers (S and P)

Shopping with Dorothy Where to Go, What to Around Blackhawk Land Associated Press News All American Sports WCLO, Janesville Way Back When That's for Today

Wiscensin School of the Air Wisconsin Farm Program Homemakers Hour Hour of Drama WHA, Madison

Occo Farm Reporter (C) Noon News Flashes (P) Campus Jamberee (P) Football Interview (C) he Two Hanks (C) Children's Hour (S) Sports Parade (P) Smoke Rings (C) WIBA, Madison

WOMT, Manitowoc n a Concert Hall Vewscaster Hour Doing the Town Woman's World Social Calendar Air Exchange Sport Parade

What's the Answer (C) Novachord Serenade (C) Man on the Street (C) World in Review (C) VEMP, Milwaukee

Hi School Dramatics (S) Ann Leslie Scrapbook Down By Hermans (P) Mary Ann Presents (P) WISN, Milwaukee Man on Street C) Quiz Contest (C) Rendezvous (S) Heat Wave P)

Heinie and His Grenadiers (P) What's New in Milwaukee (P) Top O' The Morning (P) Early Risers Club (P) he Public Speaks (S) WTMJ, Milwaukee Scng Doctor (P)

Serenade at Twilight High Schools Speak Melody Weavers WRJN, Racine

Viusic at Twelve Thirty Parm Service Program Happy Hour Club Iuvenile Traffic Court Between Bites Club

Right-Wrong and Spelling Bee (S) Your Country Editor Speaks (S) Community Events (C) MJMC, Rice Lake Amateur Hour (C) 'amily Forum (S) Kiddle Club (C) Farm Forum S)

3 Aunt Polly's Kiddie Klub Chapel of the Air (S) Mystery Melodies VHBL, Sheboygan The Choir Boy (C) Tap the Till (C) These Three (S) Scck Talk (S)

Homemakers Forum (P) Especially for You (P) Evening Reveries (S) The Music Chest (S) Smile a While (S) WSAU, Wausau Best Wishes (S) Farm Front (P) Hi-toppers (S)

Wyoming

KWYO, Sheridan

Morning Visitor (P) Spelling Bee Request Program (P) Merchants Cash Nite (C) Man on the Street (P) Four of Sheridan (P) Hi School Day Party Line (C) Quiz Box (C)

**ALASKA** 

KFAR, Fairbanks

Amateurs of Alaska Airplane Movements The Dial Teasers On the Spot (S)

KINY, Juneau

Fisherman's Program Scandinavian Hour Request Hour Arcund Town

HAWAII

GMB, Honolul

Pro-pyh-lac-tic Amateur Hour (C) Maxwell House (Coffee) Party (C) Heinz Hawaiian Serenade (C) Listerine Question Box (C) Shipside Broadcasts Arcund the Town (P) Hawaii Calls (S)

PUERTO RICO

Cocktail Hour (S)

The Hour of Good Humor Popular Music Requests The Popular Scnaster Dramatic Episodes Dramalized News VPRP, Ponce

Programma de los Pueblos (S) Panorama Internacional (C) News in English (S) Diaria del Aire (S) WKAQ, San Juan

Embajadores del Buen Humor (S) a Correspondencia (C) Opertas Matinales (C) WNEL, San Juan Radio Teatro (P) Sal de Picot (C) (Testo (C) Pabst (C)

/irgin Islands Program (P)

## "A One Year Plan" For Sales Promotion

By WALTER P. BURN, President, Walter P. Burn & Associates, Inc.

SOMETHING must be sacrified to speed in any business such as radio. Time that vanishes so quickly into thin air may be likened to the most perishable of commodities and while primarily the station manager must keep his eye on popularizing and maintaining his station in the front rank, nevertheless a considered approach to building a firm sales foundation for his commodity is often sacrificed.

Such a condition is reflected in much of the station promotion and sales material. Too often gunning for a special account or a frenzied attempt to overcome some immediate competitive condition has been the basis on which promotional dollars have been spent. Promotional funds deserve a more studied use than that—if they are to realize a return on their investment.

#### Coverage Data

If promotional monies are not to be spent in an effort to get quick results, how, then, should they be used? First, we suggest that every station needs a complete coverage definition. Today, the most widely accepted form is the field strength measurement made by an accepted, impartial authority. An accurate field measurement, made by an engineer recognized in the field, cannot leave a station open to attacks launched at its integrity.

With an accurate measurement completed, one of the basic sales tools for broadcasters are good maps of coverage. Radio coverage is geography and can be well shown on a map, giving essential detail clearly and omitting all confusing and unnecessary names, roads, villages, etc. For the convenience of the time buyer the map should be accompanied with the latest details of sales, number of stores, radio homes, wealth factors and other indices which he uses in computing the market covered by the lists he is compiling. This means that the coverage measured by an outside authority supports the station claims.

#### Campaign

All promotional effort of this nature should be part of a trade press campaign. Trade paper copy should have a recognizable, easy-to-remember style. The principal selling arguments should be reiterated constantly. Copy with a new twist should be used from time to time, but most important of all—keep the station name before trade paper readers.

#### Proportion of Time Sales

Promotional expenditures should be based on about five per cent of time sales. While at first glance this may seem high, it is sure to pay a profit in the form of increased sales efficiency and can also be considered an "extra salesman" constantly visiting prospects and unfolding the station's story.

## TEL-PIC PLAN

Will DO A JOB FOR YOU AND YOUR SPONSOR

To those stations interested in a bang-up sponsor tieup—and what station isn't!—TEL-PIC offers the attention-getting News Display and Service.

Features of this attractive 18 by 28-inch Display and Plan: 1, One outstanding news photo mailed daily for one year. 2, Illuminated call letters bordered by constantly flashing streaks of radio like waves. 3, Removable bottom panel with plenty of space for station or sponsor message. 4, Simple, durable equipment. Just plug into either AC or DC current and display becomes animated.

The best merchant and bank windows in town are available to you. Although TEL-PIC DISPLAY SERVICE has been available for only two months, IT IS DOING AN EFFECTIVE MERCHANDISING JOB FOR OVER FIFTY STATIONS. Comparable results can be produced for your station.

Sound expensive? It isn't—you'll be surprised and pleased with the real economy of this service. Sold on a yearly budget basis. For EXCLUSIVE rights in YOUR city, write or wire now for full particulars.

#### TEL-PIC SYNDICATE, INC.

1650 Broadway

New York City

## PROMOTION DIGEST

101 Tried and Proven Showmanship Ideas

Compiled by

#### TED LLOYD

of the Staff of RADIO DAILY



COMPILING of promotional and exploitation material from the files of RADIO DAILY during the past year was done with more diligence than previous. The following tried and proven material has been instrumental no end in aiding independent stations to compete with outstanding network programs by creating local interest. The available audience at any given time during the day or night, is large enough to share amongst the various outlets. However, it requires exploitation and promotion by the individual station to obtain interest from listeners; listeners who are accustomed to standard programs.

Herewith, one may find material credited to a station or party which had been previously executed by another. RADIO ANNUAL does not assume ownership of the foregoing material nor does it necessarily signify that the basic idea for the tried stunt originated with the credited source.

Yearly this section will be abreast with the trend and it is hoped that advertising, publicity and exploitation people representing all branches of this industry will continue to forward their creations of new ideas to RADIO DAILY for publication.

To all we acknowledge our indebtedness in helping us compile this section.

Users of digested material are cautioned to bear in mind any local laws that prohibit prize contests or giveaway stunts or such contests that may come under the classification of lotteries!

## Showman's Calendar

## = FOR 1940 **=**

## —JANUARY—

- 1: New Year's Day (In all the States, Territories, District of Columbia and possessions). Paul Revere Born (1735). Proclamation of Emancipation (1863).
- 4: Utah Admitted (1896). New Mexico Admitted (1912).
- 8: Anniversary of the Battle of New Orleans (Louisiana).
- 17: Benjamin Franklin Born (1706).
- Robert E. Lee's Birthday (Alabama, Arkansas, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Mississippi, North Carolina, South Carolina, Tennessee, Virginia).
- 21: Stonewall Jackson Born (1824).
- 29: McKinley Born (1843).
- 30: Franklin D. Roosevelt's Birthday.

## \_FEBRUARY\_

- 3: Horace Greeley Born (1811).
- 4: Col. Charles A. Lindbergh Born (1904).
- 5-12: National Boy Scout Week.
- 7: Charles Dickens Born (1812).
- 9: Nebraska Admitted (1867).
- 11: Thomas A. Edison's Birthday. Daniel Boone Born (1734).
- 12: Lincoln's Birthday (Alaska, California, Connecticut, Delaware, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Kentucky, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, Montana, Nevada, New Jersey, New York, North Dakota, Ohio, Oregon, Pennsylvania, South Dakota, Tennessee, Utah, Virgin Islands, Washington, West Virginia, Wyoming).

  Georgia Day.
- 14: Valentine's Day.
  Admission Day (Arizona).
- 15: Destruction of the Maine (1898).
- 22: Washington's Birthday (All the States, Territories, District of Columbia and Colonial Possessions).
  Ash Wednesday (First Day of Lent)
- 27: Henry Wadsworth Longfellow's Birthday. First Railroad Charter (1827).
- 29: Extra Day-Leap Year.

## \_MARCH\_

- 2: Texas Independence Day.
- 3: Maine Admitted (1820). Florida Admitted (1845). First Postage Stamp used in U. S. (1847).
- 4: Pennsylvania Day.
- 5: Boston Massacre (1770).
- 7: Luther Burbank's Birthday (California).

- St. Patrick's Day Palm Sunday.
  - 21: First Day of Spring.
  - 22: Emancipation Day (Puerto Rico).
  - 24: Easter Sunday.
  - 25: Maryland Day.
  - 30: Seward Day (Alaska).

## \_APRIL\_\_

- 1: All Fools' Day.
- 6: War Declared with Germany (1917).
- 7: Peary Discovered North Pole (1909). Good Friday.
- 8: Battle of Appomatox (1865). Louisiana Admitted (1812).
- 9: Surrender of General Lec (1865).
- 12: Halifax Independence Resolution (North Carolina).
- 13: Thomas Jefferson's Birthday (Alabama).
- 14: Assassination of Abraham Lincoln.
- 19: Patriot's Day (Maine, Massachusetts).
- 21: Anniversary of Battle of San Jacinto (Texas).
- Morton's Birthday (Nebraska).
   Arbor Day (Nebraska).
- 23: William Shakespeare Born (1564).
- 24: First Newspaper Issued in America (1704). U. S.-Mexico War (1846).
- 25: War Declared with Spain (1898).
- 26: Confederate Memorial Day (Alabama, Florida Georgia, Mississippi). Slavery Abolished in U. S. (1865). First Shot of War with Germany (1917).
- 27: General U. S. Grant Born (1822).
- 28: President Monroe Born (1758).
- 29: Daylight Saving Time Starts.
- Louisiana Purchased.
   Washington Became First President (1789).
   Rhode Island Settled (1636).

## —MAY—

- 1: May Day.
  Child Health Day.
  Labor Day (Philippines).
  Dewey's Victory in Manila (1898).
- 2: Stonewall Jackson Shot (1863).
- 5: Napoleon's Death (1821).
- 7: Lusitania Torpedoed (1915).
- 10: Confederate Memorial Day (Kentucky, North Carolina).
- 11: Minnesota Admitted (1858).
- Florence Nightingale Born (1820).
   Mother's Day (2nd Sunday).

- 20: Anniversary of the Signing of the Mecklenburg Declaration of Independence (North Carolina).
- 21: Lindbergh's Flight to Paris (1927).
- 23: South Carolina Admitted (1788).
- 24: First Telegraph Message Sent (1844). Empire Day (Canada).
- 29: Wisconsin Admitted (1848).
- 30: Confederate Memorial Day (1848).

  Memorial Day (In all the States, Territories,
  District of Columbia and Colonial Possessions,
  except Alabama, Arkansas, Florida, Georgia,
  Louisiana, Mississippi, New Mexico, North Carolina, South Carolina, Virginia and Tennessee).

## —JUNE—

- 1: Kentucky Admitted (1792). Tennessee Admitted (1796).
- 3: Confederate Memorial Day (Tennessee). King's Birthday (Canada). Jefferson Davis' Birthday (1808).
- 6: Nathan Hale's Birthday (1756).
- 8: Battle of New Orleans (1815).
- 10: Franklin Drew Lightning From Sky (1752).
- Harriet Beecher Stowe's Birthday.
   Flag Day.
- 15: St. Swithin's Day. Arkansas Admitted (1836). Pioneer Day (Idaho).
- 17: Bunker Hill Day.
- 18: Battle of Waterloo (1815).
- 19: Beginning of War of 1812.
- 20: West Virginia Day.
- 21: Longest Day in Year.
- 23: Penn Signs Treaty of Peace with Indians.
- 26: First American Troops Land in France (1917).

## \_JULY\_

- 1: Battle of San Juan Hill.
  Dominion Day (Canada).
  Battle of Gettysburg (1863).
- 2: Garfield's Assassination (1881).
- 3: Idaho Admitted (1890).
- 4: Independence Day.
- 10: Wyoming Admitted (1890).
- 11: John Quincy Adams Born (1767).
- 13: Forrest's Day (Tennessee).
- 24: Pioneer Day (Utah).
- 25: Occupation Day (Puerto Rico).

## \_AUGUST\_

- 1: Colorado Day. Beginning of World War (1914).
- 3: Civic Holiday (Canada).
- 10: Missouri Admitted (1821).
- 13: Occupation Day (Phillipines).
- 15: Panama Canal Opened (1914).
- 16: Bennington Battle Day (Vermont).
- 20: Benjamin Harrison Born (1833).

#### *—SEPTEMBER—*

- 2: Labor Day.
- 6: Lafayette Day.
  President McKinley Assassinated (1901).
  First Battle of the Marne.
- 9: Admission Day (California).
- 12: Defender's Day (Maryland).
- 17: Constitution Day.
- 22: Nathan Hale Executed (1776).
- 23: First Day of Autumn.

  American Indian Day (4th Friday).

  Daylight Saving Time Ends.

## -OCTOBER-

- 1: Missouri Day.
- Wright Brothers Took First Long Distance Flight in Airplane (1905).
   Yom Kippur (Hebrew).
- 8: Chicago Fire (1871).
- 9: Fraternal Day (Alabama).
- 12: Columbus Day.
- 14: Farmer's Day (2nd Friday) (Florida).
- 18: Alaska Day.
- 19: Surrender of Cornwallis (1781).
- 27: Navy Day.
- 29: National Girl Scout Week (Ends Nov. 4).
- 31: Hallowe'en.
  Admission Day (Nevada).

## *—NOVEMBER—*

- 1: All Saints' Day (Louisiana). North and South Dakota Admitted (1889).
- 4: John Philip Sousa Born (1854).
- 5: General Election Day (Presidential).
- 7: Montana Admitted (1889).
- 11: Armistice Day. Washington Admitted (1889).
- 16: Oklahoma Admitted (1907).
- 17: Suez Canal Opened (1869).
- 28: Thanksgiving Day.

## —DECEMBER—

- 3: Illinois Admitted (1818).
- 7: Delaware Day.
- 8: Eli Whitney Born (1765).
- 11: Alfred Nobel Born (1833).
- 12: First Marconi Wireless Across Atlantic (1901).
- 16: Boston Tea Party (1773).
- 21: Shortest Day of Year.
  Pilgrims Landed at Plymouth Rock (1620),
  Woodrow Wilson's Birthday (South Carolina).
- 25: Christmas Day.
- 29: Iowa Admitted (1848).
- 31: West Virginia Admitted (1862). New Year's Eve.
- ARBOR DAY is observed in states on different days, usually in the Spring. The dates in the same states often vary from year to year by proclamation.

## **PUBLIC SERVICE**

#### SHORT-WAVE FRENCH

AS its latest contribution to adult education in Connecticut, WTIC, Hartford began a weekly series of French lessons by ultra short-wave relay. Prof. A. Croteau broadcasted a 15-minute lesson over W1XCS at Connecticut State College, Storrs, 28 miles from Hartford and WTIC, using its new frequency-modulated receiver, picked up the broadcast on 100,000 kilocycles and rebroadcast on the regular WTIC wave. Station officials believe this was the only frequency-modulated transmission in the country operating on a regular schedule.

#### RURAL SERVICE

EMPLOYING its newly acquired library of farm publications, both government and independent, WBT, Charlotte, N. C., has expanded its early morning "Alarm Clock" program to include answers to questions on farming received from listeners. New library, presented to station by S. L. Jeffords, project manager of U.S. Soil Conservation Department, is thought by station to be the most complete in the south. WBT now declares that it can answer any sensible question pertaining to farming within 24 hours of receipt of letter, and, through the new services, hopes to make the "Alarm Clock" a "pivotal source of idea exchange wherein farmers can be mutually helpful in the exchanging of success stories.

#### **LIFE-SAVING SQUAD**

THE activities of Cincinnati's life-saving squad of the city fire department was explained to the public through a special WKRC broadcast. Lieutenant Carl Rogers, of the life-saving squad, has a regular, five-minute daily program on WKRC and helps with the Friday show. To make sure that no fire interrupts the progress of the program, WKRC transcribed the fifteen minutes and played the record later. Thus, if a fire breaks out and the men have to leave, WKRC can simply stop the interview and complete the recording after the blaze is put out.

#### **CLEAN-UP CAMPAIGN**

WIRE, Indianapolis, cooperated with the newly formed Civic Pride Committee, made up of representatives from all the local women's clubs, in a "Clean Up Indianapolis" campaign. Citizens were urged to keep their own property clean and to help the city administration by assuming personal responsibility for cleanliness of public streets, parks, and buildings. Station broadcasted daily announcements and arranged a series of booster programs.

#### SPECIAL SERVICE FEATURE

BEING a native of western Nebraska, Ed Quinn, KGNF, North Platte, announcer was familiar with problems confronting the cattlemen of that district and with the fact that the weatherman works seven days a week, not six as did KGNF. Quinn queried cattlemen's and farmer's organizations and received overwhelming endorsement of a special one-hour 7:30-8:30 a.m. Sunday program of weather forecasts, overnight news and time signals which station now is airing on regular schedule set to April 2. So popular has program proved that already six sponsors have climbed on the "Farmer-Stockmen Hour" bandwagon. According to KGNF, this is the only program in the district to which cattlemen can turn on Sundays for warnings of weather changes which might decimate their herds.

#### CAPITAL AIRINGS

WITH opening of the Sixtieth General Assembly in Missouri's Capitol Building, KWOS, Jefferson City, began a series of regularly scheduled airings direct from the rostrum of the House of Representatives. Programs, aimed to keep the public informed of the doings of their representatives and to stir interest in law-making, featured actual debate on the various measures under consideration. Series opened with much fanfare, presenting on the initial broadcast the more important dignitaries and legislators as well as the principal address of Gov. Lloyd C. Stark. KWOS declared that the legislators were eager to cooperate in arranging for the broadcasts.

#### L'AMOUR

A new business is being investigated by KQV, Pittsburgh, every Tuesday and Friday at 2:15 p.m., this "business" serving as title for the variety show—"Love-Making, Inc." Show is a combination of music, songs, humor and mythical lessons on "How to Make Love." Under the sponsorship of Spear & Co., programs made their initial appearance this week.

#### "SAVE A LIFE" CAMPAIGN

WCKY, Cincinnati, began its "Save A Life" campaign with an intensive program of publicity designed to impress upon the public the necessity of cutting down Cincinnati's traffic accident toll. The week was proclaimed officially by Mayor James Garfield Stewart. The Mayor, Police Department, Metropolitan Traffic Safety Council and the Cincinnati Automobile Club, as well as the daily newspapers, co-operated with WCKY in the campaign. Safety announcements were made on WCKY at all times requiring station identification.

Each evening throughout the week at 6:30 p.m., WCKY presented a different safety program on which prominent actors, public fig-

ures and the like appeared. This was topped with a mass meeting of bicycle riders at a local theater where entertainment by WCKY artists and safety films were presented. The Mayor and other public officials were present at this meeting.

#### STORM VIGIL

AS rescue workers labored 68 hours to remove the bodies of 8 firemen killed in the Collins block fire in downtown Syracuse —worst local disaster in 40 years—WSYR stood by almost continuously bringing news of the disaster and progress of rescue work to Central New York listeners. Announcers Bill Rothrum, Arnold Schoen, Al Parker and Jan Costley and engineers George Armand, Belle Isle, Charles Just, Al Eicholzer and Al Burgess put in a total of more than 173 hours from 10 a.m., Feb. 3, to midnight Feb. 5, at the scene of the disaster. Total of 91 special broadcasts, of which 37 remoted from the scene, were aired by the station for a total of 7 hours and 30 minutes of fire news. Longest continuous stretch on the air, 44 hours, 4 minutes. Pleas were broadcast for food, cigarettes, coffee and supplies as well as a complete description of the debris removal. Station cooperated throughout with city officials in airing statements and advice.

#### "BUFFALO" HERD

THIRTY-THREE thousand nickels were accumulated in CJOR, Vancouver, studios last month as result of program Director Dick Diespecker's "Texaco Nickel Club" broadcasts. This was second year station aired the Club with this year's donations topping the last year total by 18,500 of the nickel coins. Contributions of not more than five cents from each listener were requested on the daily broadcasts up until Christmas. Money was turned over to Vancouver's two evening newspapers for their Santa Claus fund for needy families.

#### **GREETING TOURISTS**

SEVERAL times during the day KGNC, Amarillo, greets tourists with announcements similar to the following: "Attention tourists! You are now in the Panhandle of Texas! The high plains, rich in color and historic backgrounds . . . a land of oil, sleek cattle and golden grain. Stop over and make this a memorable landmark of your trip . . . or plan to return soon to Amarillo, the Helium City, the Hereford capital of the world. While here, we invite you to keep your dials set to 1410 . . . KGNC, the NBC outlet of the Panhandle for the latest war news. Welcome travelers! You, who are now speeding across the high plains on the Grand Canyon Limited. will soon reach Amarillo."

#### C. OF C. LETTER

REPRODUCTION of a letter on heavy cardboard from the Worcester Chamber of Commerce to WTAG of that city was used as a promotion piece by the station. Letter tells of a poll conducted by the organization to determine the listener interest of its "Knowledge College" program. Quotes from the actual report are given in the letter in addition to actual listening figures. Last sentence plugs radio generally in addition to WTAG: "The important conclusion reached from the survey is that radio offers the most effective and least expensive method of bringing industry's story to the public." Attached to the letter is a blue string-tag with the following legend: "WTAG-naturally."

#### BENEFIT

LARGEST crowd in the history of Springfield, Mo., to see one show in a single day turned out to see the Weaver Brothers and Elviry Troupe when they presented a benefit performance with radio stars from KWTO-KGBX in the local Shrine Mosque, according to the station. Five thousand seat Mosque was jammed for matinee and 1,500 were turned away from the evening performance, it was estimated. George Earle Wilson, of KWTO-KGBX staff, emceed the radio part of show, which featured Mike Dosch. Bob and Dick Stahl, and others. Show is an annual event originated by station manager Ralph Foster with proceeds going to Salvation Army. This year's event provided for Christmas baskets for 800 families.

## GOOD WILL

#### VACATION AIDS ON WNAX

DUE to requests from listeners inquiring about vacation spots in South Dakota, WNAX of Yankton has made arrangements with the state highway department to furnish illustrated maps and brochures picturing the state's beauty spots to listeners upon request.

#### SEE INDIANA CAMPAIGN

WIRE, Indianapolis, conducted a "See Indiana First" campaign. The Chamber of Commerce in each surrounding town is invited to send in booster material about interesting places in or near the community to be used in WIRE announcements throughout one day's schedule. Plugs such as "See Indiana First," "On Your Vacation See the Birthplace of the Famous Hoosier Poet, James Whitcomb Riley," "Visit Greenfield, Indiana," etc., were on the air at every open spot on the station's

schedule during August. Chambers of Commerce and newspapers in the towns so honored publicized the idea.

#### ENGLISH ALSO INVITED

ENGLISH radio executives and listeners received prepaid postal cards from the International Broadcasting Co., Ltd., representatives of Radio Normandy, inviting them to see "commercial" shows in production. Cards included space for the requester's name as well as firm name and position and the preferred hour.

#### **GOODWILL LISTS**

KOWH, Omaha, was offering complete drug and grocery store route lists of Omaha as goodwill gesture towards manufacturer, jobber and wholesaler field men. Lists were bound in separate pocket size booklets and divided up into time-saving easy to follow routes. At end of each route is blank space for notes and remarks on calls. Map and survey stressing the rich Omaha market were bound into both booklets. Route lists were published by the Omaha "World-Herald," owner and operator of KOWH.

#### WHAT THE PUBLIC WANTS

AN interesting experiment in listener reaction has been initiated by James F. Hopkins, general manager of WJBK, Detroit, in an attempt to get the answers to "the ever increasing number of adverse criticisms against radio entertainment appearing in the daily press." A half-page ad in the local "Times" was run by the station containing a list of questions on radio and a chart which readers were asked to fill out in accordance with their idea of an ideal radio program schedule. Questions asked dealt mainly with length of commercial announcement. According to Hopkins, the WJBK schedules will be rearranged and several new programs added as a result of the questionnaires. Results of the poll will not be made public. Hopkins said.

#### APPRECIATION

THE Oklahoma State Legislature has adopted a resolution asking the Speaker of the House to forward a letter to the management of WKY expressing that body's appreciation for the WKY News Bureau established at the state capital. WKY's News Editor, Ben Bezoff, broadcasts a daily fifteenminute program of what happens in each day's session of the legislature direct from the capitol building.

#### COMPANY SHOW

THE Bigelow-Sanford Carpet Company, of Thompsonville, Conn., began a series of programs over WSPR, Springfield, Mass., designed to give employes of the company a chance to show their talents to the public. The show, which was a half-hour every Saturday morning, was of the variety type on an amateur basis backed by an 18-piece employe orchestra. Under the direction of Wayne Henry Latham, producer, of the WSPR staff, the programs were similar in many respects to those conducted by the Wheeling Steel Company, and talent was drawn from 3,300 employes. Ad copy was held to a minimum. Arthur J. Bergstrom, of WSPR announcing staff, was emcee.

#### WLW'S SCHOLARSHIPS

IN order to promote a greater interest in the principles and practices of radio broadcasting with special emphasis on the agricultural service by radio, WLW announced the establishment of a competitive project open to all senior students of agriculture at land grant institutions of the U. S. Six-month scholarships in practical radio training at WLW were offered to two students chosen by the committee of three nationally known judges under terms of the plan.

Competition was open to all students who received their degrees in 1939. Winners were trained in all phases of radio program work at WLW between July 1 and Dec. 31 of last year, and received \$500 for expenses. Announcement of the winners was made June 1.

#### STAR CONFABS

"GRANDMA Travels," the Sears-Roebuck program on the Texas State Network, inaugurated a series of interviews with long-time Sears customers in Texas. First interview was with a West Texas farm woman who wrote the mail order house she has been trading there since 1891. Series was based on letters taken from Sears' customer files. Station managers on the network contacted the customers and arranged to bring them into their studios for the interviews.

#### 10th ANNIVERSARY

KTSM, El Paso, celebrated its tenth anniversary on August 20 and 21 by inviting listeners to visit the studios and join the festivities. Visitors were taken on guided tours of the entire station including the transmitter, studios, executive offices and sales offices. Ballroom in the hotel in which studios are located, was arranged to display "Ten Years of Progress in Radio." Guests were shown a "ham" outfit in operation and the making of transcriptions were demonstrated. Anyone wishing to do so had their voice recorded and then played back for them. All twenty-nine members of the staff wore large badges giving their first names and position. Theme of this anniversary was "You've heard us for ten years, now come up and see us." Approximately twelve hours of programs were planned for this occasion.

#### GOODWILL ACTIVITY

AT KWLK, Longview, Washington, Manager M. F. Woodling has inaugurated a successful goodwill activity: salesmen and announcers are required to make new friends every day and bring at least one each to the studios every day to meet the staff and enjoy personally conducted tour of the plant. Woodling believes personal interest of Longview citizens in their station not only helps the station but creates community interest.

#### CONTEST

#### "UNCLE LEW'S MAILBOX"

CHILDREN are invited to send letters and post cards telling of subjects in which they are interested to the "Uncle Lew and his Mailbox" show on WEW, St. Louis. These are read and then discussed, while a candid type camera is given as a prize to the writer of the best letter. Subjects of interest to youngsters, such as hobbies, games, pets, club news, handicraft and school affairs are discussed. Billy Boy and the Toy Tinker Band also appear on the show.

#### BEAUTY CONTEST

IN connection with its two programs for high school and college students, WCNW, New York, had a Beauty Contest among all New York City high school and college girls. Five prizes of Longine watches were awarded winners selected by a group of well-known men and women judges. Contest was in charge of Walter Windsor. Preliminary elimination was by means of photographs.

#### **FREE DINNERS**

HUNDREDS of suggested titles were received by Rosalind Sherman for Stanley McGinnis' new glass room restaurant in response to the offer made on one of her broadcasts over WNEW, New York when she interviewed the Sheepshead Bay restaurateur. The person submitting the name selected by the judge for the glass room, won a glass engraved card which entitled him to dinner for two once a month for life at McGinnis' restaurant.

#### "AROUND THE CLOCK"

THIS program being presented by WRTD, Richmond, is a twice daily entertainment feature offering cash awards in a test of the listener's ability to repeat what he hears. On the program a different name selected from the telephone directory is announced each day and, if that person phones the

station within 10 minutes of the announcement and repeats the exact manner in which his name was given, he receives the cash award. Peco Gleason handles the programs.

#### LISTENER RESPONSE

A single announcement, offering mechanical pencils to listeners in the northeastern Ohio and northwestern Pennsylvania area, resulted in 211 requests to WICA, Ashtabula, Ohio, according to the station. The offer was made to test audience and response on a 10 a.m. newscast.

#### P & G SLOGAN

NATION-WIDE slogan contest in behalf of Crisco was launched by Procter & Gamble through Compton Advertising, Inc. Original slogan in ten words or less was asked for plus one Crisco label. First prize was \$5,000 in cash, with 500 additional prizes of Sunbeam Electric Mixmasters. Contest ran three weeks on "Vic and Sade" program on NBC Red and Blue and "This Day Is Ours" on CBS. Printed media also was utilized.

#### WANTED: IDEAS

PUBLICITY department of KDAL, Duluth, posted a \$5 monthly prize for the best publicity suggestion emanating from any member of the staff.

#### **CORN CONTEST**

AGRICULTURAL department of WLW. Cincinnati, launched a contest to honor the "Tallest Corn Growers" in Ohio and Kentucky. Winners in the contest were awarded a loving cup and \$15 in cash, and personally presented by the governors of the respective states. Awards were made at the two state fairs. Fifteen corn growers submitting the tallest measurements were invited to ship their entries to their state fairs.

#### PRIZE PHOTOS

WDAY, Fargo, compiled an attractive magazine containing photos of recent events during the visit of Crown Prince Olav and Crown Princess Martha of Norway to North Dakota. Contest was staged with cash prizes for the best pictures of the royal couple appearing with a WDAY microphone in evidence. Best photos collected were included in the magazine telling of the WDAY coverage of the event. Magazine was distributed free of charge among listeners and was an appropriate souvenir of the event as well as a permanent record of the royal visit.

#### **BOX-TOP MERCHANDISING**

WITH the renewal of the sponsored "Piano Tones" programs for another 13-week period, a new version of the "box-top" merchandising idea was developed by KIRO, Seattle. Program is built around a contest wherein listeners mail in correct titles of old songs played during each broadcast. Under the new setup, entries in the contest must be submitted on special blanks which are attached to dry cleaned articles when delivered by the sponsor. Blanks constitute a promotional piece in themselves and provide the sponsor with a close merchandising check as well as a desired means of limiting the contest to the territory served by the sponsor.

#### CAMERA AIDS

NEW promotional wrinkle was worked out by KSTP, Minneapolis and St. Paul, in connection with the Camera College program, featuring Harry Poague, photographer for the Minneapolis "Star-Journal," KSTP publicity affiliate. On the show, during which Poague gives out picture hunches and talks about lens-snappers' problems, three weekly prizes were awarded for the best photos shot on Poague's assignment. On the day of the show, the prize-winning shot for the week was published in the paper, calling attention to the program that night, and during the show Poague spent time discussing the merits of the shot, calling attention of course of camera fans to the "Star-Journal" and the picture. For full benefit from his advice, Poaque urged them to get the paper for that night and spread it out before them while he talks about the prize-winners.

## STUNT

#### MOBILE UNIT

LATEST stunt of CJRC, Winnipeg, in promoting its Mobile Unit to local sponsors was to call in station recording department and have a transcription made of a special broadcast. Idea helps all around, station reports, as salesmen now can take the recording around to merchants rather than having to call in an engineer to drive the truck. Two cuts were made, first giving detailed information on Unit, second being a special stunt broadcast. Latter side includes conversations by announcer in Unit, driving around Winnipeg with announcer in studio, announcer at studios of affiliated station CJRM in Regina, listener at home talking on the telephone and others. Transcription has already been responsible for signing of new series, "The Night Riders," according to the station.

#### A BREAK FOR BILL

AN authentic note was introduced into the WBAL, Baltimore, "Around the Breakfast Table" programs. Program was picked up directly from the apartment of Bill Herson who announces the show. From 6:30-7:15 a.m. Herson produced the program from his apartment while seated at his own breakfast table chatting with his wife between popular recordings. At 7:15, while studio plays a record, Herson grabs a cab for the station and takes up remainder of program from there

#### LISTENER REACTION

WHAT is believed to be the first attempt to air the reaction of listeners to a program was tried by KSTP. Twin Cities, as a new experimental and educational feature, under the direction of Thomas D. Rishworth, station educational director. Program is split into two parts, the first originating in the studios; second in the radio workshop at the Mary Miller vocational high school. The first half consists of a dramatization of lives of composers by the students, while the others in the workshop listen. Then the stanza switches to the school, where the reactions of the listening group are aired. Program was aired for half an hour each Friday.

#### **FU MANCHU PROMOTION**

SUCCESS of KDKA, Pittsburgh's "coming out" party for its "Fu Manchu" serial is attested, station reports, by the attention with which prominent business men, advertising agency executives and radio program sponsors and their wives greeted the first two episodes of the serial as "previewed" at the Jan. 18 dinner. KDKA went overboard in establishing a genuine Chinese atmosphere, including incense, Chinese waitresses, egg foo yong, chop sticks — and Production Chief Charley Urquhart, whose simulation of the murderous "Fu" almost stopped the show. KDKA plans to start the serial, produced by Fields Bros, and distributed by Radio Attractions, Inc., late this month or early in February.

#### KOMA JAMBOREE

A contract between KOMA and the City of Oklahoma City has been signed for staging of weekly dances and jamborees to carry the KOMA label Saturday nights in the local auditorium. The station features "KOMA Club" in connection with the weekly dances to be presented with station talent and staff band. Admission has been set at \$1.50 plus tax per couple for non-members of the "KOMA Saturday Night Club" and \$1 plus tax for members. Memberships can be secured by applying for them at the studios of KOMA. No charge is made for the membership cards.

#### "COLLEGE OF FUN"

BAKERY sponsor of the "College of Fun," telephone quiz game on WIP, Philadelphia, started an extensive promotional campaign for the program. Prior to start of the series, entire staff of over 600 drivers for the

bread company assembled in the company's auditorium for an explanation of the game so that they would be prepared to answer any questions that might be asked of them. Large advertising sheets covered each of the several hundred wagons and trucks of the sponsor. Special flyers were distributed to the homes in Philadelphia. Flyers, which contained rules and a contest form, were also enclosed in the packages of bread. In addition, both station and sponsor inserted advertisements of the program on every radio page in local newspapers.

#### LOGICAL

FEELING that radio advertising should have audible rather than visual appeal, KGNF, North Platte, Nebr., has been operating for some time under the policy that commercial announcements should "be heard and not seen." Instead of taking the approval copy to the sponsor's place of business for O. K., it is telephoned in to him and in that way he knows just what his advertising will sound like to prospective customers.

#### MERCHANT SERIES

TO prove the worth of radio to merchants skeptical about its value, WIS, Columbia, S. C., devised a promotional stunt designed to catch their interest. Local stores were holding a Merchants' Association series of days featuring shopping specials. On those days station interviewed the managers of the shops and recorded them. Talks were played together as a group over WIS on a special Merchants' Association Shopping Day show. Later smaller discs were dubbed from the master record and given to the merchants as souvenirs.

#### SPECIAL TRAIN

WBT's sports department, cooperating with the sponsors of the Wheaties baseball broadcasts over the station, made arrangements for a special eight-car train to carry Carolina baseball fans to Washington to see the Senators-Red Sox doubleheader Sunday, August 13th. Tickets cost \$10.50 for the round trip, and the price included a reserved seat in a special grandstand section set aside in the Washington ball park for the Carolina visitors. Announcement made on Russ Hodges' daily Wheaties baseball program brought in over 400 reservations, from 27 North and South Carolina towns. Prominent sports officials of the two states were also along, and representatives of the two Charlotte newspapers, usually inclined to soft-pedal radio news in their columns, accepted invitations to go.

#### "PINOCCHIO" EXPLOITA-TION

TO introduce its new program, "Pinocchio," Radio Attractions, Inc., sent out a four-page French-fold promotion titled "Hello."

Frontispiece shows a cartoon of the featured character of the new program holding up a montage photo of the various elements that make up a radio program (i.e., dramatic actors at mike, orchestra leader and band, technicians, announcer, etc.) Inside copy gives 10 facts in a build-up of the new series, as well as a formal announcement of its release with a "statement of policy." Purposes of policy are also stated. Back page contains additional copy tieing up "Fu Manchu" program with the new series of the program-producing organization. Promotion is done in two colors on yellow photo-offset stock.

#### AMOS AND ANDY DISK

SOMETHING new in promotional work was done by WNAX, Yankton, when the station began carrying Amos 'n' Andy. It is customary for the black-face comics to send a transcription to stations joining their network, extending their best wishes, but WNAX took this short disc and worked it into a complete 15-minute show to bring to the station's listeners a little "human interest" material concerning the pair. To open, a portion of the regular "Perfect Song" theme was used, and listeners were made aware of the fact that they would soon be hearing that same theme each night over WNAX. Program Director Art Smith searched through the files and found a record made by Amos 'n' Andy some 15 years ago, when they were known as "Sam and Henry." An interesting fact brought out by the recording was that at that time their parts were reversed, with Amos as the comic, and Andy the "straight" man. This was the "Amos 'n' Andy of yesterday. Then to bring listeners up to date, the telegram and transcription from the blackface pair were used. One-minute and fiveminute spots using the material were also used for quite a time preceding the actual broadcasting of the program, calling attention to the fact that the program would now be heard over WNAX, and giving the air-time of the show over the station.

#### FREE TRIP

A free round-trip by plane to Reno was offered by KYA by a local jewelry firm to any couple planning marriage. All expenses to and from the airport, plus meals, taken care of by the sponsor. Only catch was that the couple must buy one of the firm's wedding rings—for a mere \$99.50.

#### ADD FU MANCHU PREVIEWS

FULL dress "Shadow of Fu Manchu" previews coming thick and fast. KDKA, Pittsburgh; WHEC, Rochester, and KANS, Wichita, gave the local ad boys, prospective sponsors, et al, a taste of real Chinese food, incense, and other "atmosphere" along with a couple of reels of the thriller.

#### WHEATIES STUNTS

FOLLOWING are the verious methods by which KROW, Oakland, publicized their "most popular player" contest in connection with the Wheaties baseball broadcasts: (1) movie trailers in two first-run and one second-run downtown theaters; (2) window displays at the studios and at the store of a prominent jeweler; (3) newspaper ads in 16 neighborhood and other papers; (4) letters to each grocer from baseball announcer, Dean Maddox; (5) letters to each grocer from the Oakland Baseball Club; (6) publicity photos of trophy and the baseball team; (7) publicity stories released to newspapers through advertising grocers.

#### G.E. "BULB"

NOVELTY promotion, sent out by General Electric consists of a regular Mazda lamp. Attached to the socket base is ticker tape which is housed on the inside of the bulb and which may be read by removing the base and pulling the tape out. Copy on tape reads: "Here it is in a lamp bulb. For the fourth consecutive year, Phil Spitalny, renowned maestro, and his All-Girl Sing Orchestra, will bring the General Electric Company's popular 'Hour of Charm' back to the airways at 10 o'clock E.S.T., Sunday night, September 17—and every Sunday thereafter over the Red Network of NBC."

#### WSYR PLUGS SETS

WSYR considered radio set dealers in a two-week promotion stunt designed to up the sale of portables. Courtesy announcements and daily 1x3 ads in each of Syracuse's two daily papers urged the listener to buy a portable for (1) convenience, (2) dependability, (3) enjoyment. Letters were sent to distributors and dealers urging them to feature portables in their set advertisements during the campaign. Reaction was two-fold. Not only did dealers increase space devoted to portables, but they increased space devoted to radios in general.

#### EXPO AIR SHOW

THROUGH arrangements by WIRE with the National Broadcasting Company, NBC "Breakfast Club" stars were brought to Indianapolis to appear at the fifth annual Indianapolis News Food Show and Household Appliance Exposition at the state fairground. Don McNeill, master of ceremonies for the "Breakfast Club": Evelyn Lynne, soloist on the program, and Jack Baker, vocalist, joined with Harry Bason, WIRE pianist-music director, to entertain at a special show Sunday.

#### PERSONAL APPEARANCE

KSTP, working with the Procter & Gamble Distributing Company in Minneapolis, staged two "in person" appearances of "Vic and Sade," for the Minneapolis Centennial.

In addition, "Vic, Sade and Rush," all attended two performances at the Minneapolis Auditorium as a wind-up of a week-long celebration, also were featured in a television show immediately following presentation of their regular script from the stage.

#### FOOTBALL FEED

AS a promotional stunt in connection with the Associated Oil Company's current sponsorship of football broadcasts in the West. KOY, Phoenix, invited all A. O. dealers and distributors to a buffet supper and open forum on football, with Dixie Howell, former all-American and now coach at Arizona State, and Lou Kroeck, Arizona net sportscaster, leading the discussion. Thirty minutes was allowed for discussion.

#### PHONE CALLS

AS a special promotion service, KSFO had a girl whose duty it was to phone executives of firms to inform them when broadcasts by CBS in which they may be interested were released by KSFO. This service was established as a result of the interest of CBS-KSFO listeners, not only in national and international affairs, but also in sports events and serious music offered by the Columbia network.

#### SALT LAKE CITY STUNT

IN a massed promotional effort, three Salt Lake City stations, KSL, KDYL and KUTA, took over the regular weekly meeting of the local Advertising Club and for an hour "sold" air media to the advertising executives

E. J. Broman, Ad Club vice-president and an account executive at KSL, conducted the meeting, with members of the staffs of KSL, KDYL and KUTA all appearing and participating in the discussions. This was the first time in the history of the Salt Lake City Ad Club that radio was allowed full swing, despite the fact that newspapers have frequently broken through for mass promotion.

## TIE-UP

#### WHO'S GOLDEN GLOVES TOURNEY

FOR the second year, WHO, Des Moines, again sponsored the local elimination bouts of the national Golden Gloves boxing tournament and, according to the station, this year was "bigger and better than ever." Thought to be the only radio sponsored tourney in the country, others generally being promoted by newspapers, WHO's introduction of the competition to Des Moines last year

resulted in a tourney so much bigger than was expected that "we are still gasping." Two hundred boys participated last year with 14,000 persons viewing the fights. This year station had 300 contestants and a crowd of 32,000. Tourney, under the general supervision of Bill Brown, WHO sports editor, was held in the local Coliseum, Feb. 14, 15, 16 and 22.

#### PRUNE SALE HYPO

A potent store tieup with Hedda Hopper's "Hollywood Discoveries" on V.TMJ for the California Prune Industry jumped a Milwaukee store's Saturday prune sales from 50 to 460 pounds, the station reports. Earl Tetting, Lord & Thomas special merchandising man, planted a girl in Gimbel Brothers' store to pass out hors d'oeuvres consisting of prune halves and Milwaukee cream cheese. The demonstrator, plugging California prunes and Hedda Hopper's opus on WTMJ, upped the day's prune sales for the store more than 800 per cent. The demonstration booth was surrounded with promotion advertising for the program.

#### WMCA'S NET SHOWS

PUBLICIZING the eight network daytime script serials aired between 8 and 10 p.m. on WMCA, New York, the independent station ran 8-inch ads in the daily press. In addition to giving time of each program, ads feature the slogan "dial Romance tonight—two hours of love, laughter, heartbreak, thrills!"

#### KLZ WAR COVERAGE

TO promote 24-hour coverage of European war news by KLZ, Denver, station made tie-ups whereby station's news services were publicized in four local motion picture theaters. Sixty-foot trailer, graphically illustrated by photos of troop movements and other war scenes, were shown in all four houses and were climaxed by flashing a photograph of H. V. Kaltenborn on the screen with appropriate block letter copy describing the KLZ-CBS-INS coverage. One theater gave station credit lines for news bulletins supplied at program breaks. Special service was announced by a screen slide with the news bulletins being read over p. a. system by a KLZ staff announcer. Theater featured this service in its newspaper ads in addition to a lobby display publicizing the stunt.

#### **HOT SOUP**

A unique way of backing up the Campbell's Soup program was devised by KOY, Phoenix, which served bowls of hot soup to all its studio audiences throughout a week. Listeners were invited to come down and witness any of the daily programs originating in Phoenix and to have a bowl of soup. Thousands of bowls of soup were dispensed.

#### **MOVIE PROMOTION**

"NEWS in the Air," 30-minute sound movie, was shown to more than six hundred South Carolina Esso dealers meeting in Columbia as guests of Standard Oil, United Press, and WIS. Film traced route of radio news from source to final airing by "Esso Reporter," then advanced suggestions by which dealers could promote program with greatest profit to themselves. "Esso Reporter" began January 30 at WIS on a four-a-day schedule for one year.

#### WANTED: CHARM

A survey was made with Bill Treadwell, radio writer, as chairman and several prominent radio names as committeemen, to find the ten people in the United States who possess the most charm. Charms Candy Co., of Bloomfield, N. J., with promotion head W. W. Reid, 3rd, were in back of promotion with the results exhibited at New York World's Fair.

#### **DOUBLE FEATURE**

IN cooperation with a local theater, the bakers of Longview, Cal., arranged a "Big Radio Kiddie Show" to which children were admitted for five cents and five local bread wrappers. Children saw radio show in addition to regular theater feature and had the opportunity of appearing before the microphone during the half-hour airing from theater's stage. Kiddie show is a regular feature of KFRO.

#### **USES RAILROAD POSTERS**

THE New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad placed colorful posters in its stations and trains calling attention to its daily news program over WEEI, Boston. The railroad sponsors "Herald-Travel" news daily.

#### RCA STICKERS

FOLLOWING RCA Manufacturing Co.'s renewal of its contract for "Music You Want." transcribed feature on KGO, the Leo J. Meyberg Co.. RCA distributor in San Francisco and northern California, pasted small stickers on all its packages, calling attention to fact that show was heard over KGO six nights weekly at 11:15 p.m. Idea proved so successful in stimulating interest in radio sales, it is expected to be followed on a national scale by RCA dealers throughout the country, as the program is heard over key NBC outlets. Program consists of RCA recordings by world-famous artists.

#### **MOVIE SHORT**

WFBL, Syracuse, is receiving widespread publicity through a movie short recently completed by the New York State Conservation Department which is being shown throughout the state on request. The picture, which deals with the re-stocking of streams, shows

WFBL's trailer with portable transmitter, news editor Bud Squires, and the conductor of the "Sportsman" series, Norm Bassett, in action with their special "Trout Fishing" broadcast along the shores of Chittenango creek.

#### **LOBBY DISPLAY**

THE toyer of WGAR, Cleveland, has been enlivened with caricatures of outstanding stars of the Columbia network, which were executed by local newspaper artist Don Wooton. These are the originals from which were taken displays for use on street car cards, and on taxi cab covers.

#### **SPORTS PROGRAM**

ACCORDING to Bob Soule, vice-president in charge of promotion at WFBL, Syracuse, 19,900 baseball fans in the area saw the sports film "The National Game," as presented in behalf of Leo Bolley's Tydol-Vedol Sports Review program. With Bolley on hand for a short spiel, film made 38 individual showings in 6 days before clubs, schools, etc.

#### **WJR's PLATES**

OVER 100 cars blocking traffic in the Detroit area equipped with extra "license" plates plugging WJR. General Manager Leo Fitzpatrick has WJR-1 and Chief Engineer M. R. Mitchell carries WJR-750, which is station's band on the air.

#### "GATEWAY" BUILDERS

LETTERS and full information concerning the new "Gateway to Hollywood" talent hunt programs which go over CBS Sunday were sent to all RKO exhibitors throughout the country by RKO vice-president Ned E. Depinet. Letter requests that exhibitors listen to the show and explains how the program will aid theater managers and requests their cooperation. Included are application blanks for distribution to theater patrons and an "Exhibitors' Information Bulletin" giving details of the Jesse Lasky-Wrigley show and all subsidiary tie-ins. These include a four-page folder for distribution, one-sheets and lobby cards, publicity packets, and a trailer.

#### "LONE RANGER" PRODUCTS

"LONE Ranger" received extensive, indirect promotion through the sale of 126 merchandise products sold throughout the country. Newspaper advertisements placed by department stores, displays and store promotion were used to push the products. Thirty stores in as many cities participated in the campaign. Raymond Spector handles the commercial promotion.

#### SHOP BY PHONE

KATE SMITH appeared in an ad of the New York Telephone Co. stressing the advantages of shopping by phone. Miss Smith

was seen using a telephone and stating "Radio people haven't much time to make 'personal appearances' at the stores," while the ad copy explains that the singer uses the telephone for shopping. "Freckles," her cocker spaniel, also appeared in the ad.

#### TRIPLE CAMPAIGN

WDRC unleashed a publicity campaign designed to cover as extensive a field as possible. First move was a tie-up with State Theater, which brings in leading band every week, and plays to approximately 60,000 persons in five-day period. State featured a trailer showing WDRC's chief announcer Ray Barrett in action during his "Music Off the Record" program. In return, WDRC plugged State one day a week in "Man-on-the-street" program and distributed free passes to persons interviewed. In addition, Barrett made a personal appearance at the State's late Saturday night show, introduced the featured band, which then played his "Song of the Week" selected by listeners of the "Music Off the Record" program.

Second move was tie-up with music stores throughout city which placarded windows with pictures of Barrett at work on his "Music Off the Record program. Placards were dotted with autographs of leading band conductors. Third step was widespread billboard advertising campaign on heavily-traveled highways in the state.

#### **HOTEL CARDS**

TO promote the L. B. Wilson station, Columbia programs, 50,000 watts and the station's newscasts, WCKY arranged with Cincinnati's Hotel Gibson to place flashy red cards under glass tops of each desk in the hotel's 1000 rooms. One card invites Gibson guests to visit WCKY studios on the first floor of the hotel and the other lists WCKY local and CBS news broadcasts. The cards replaced the hotel's "Radio receivers for rent" notices.

#### AD LISTINGS

KGKO, Fort Worth, was running full, one-column newspaper ads on the amusement pages of both the evening and morning Fort Worth "Star-Telegram." Ads list special programs in bold type, with art. Special attention was paid to making the ads as unique and attractive as possible. Eye-catching typography was used throughout and varied daily. Ads were prepared by KGKO's publicity department and attracted considerable attention from local readers.

#### **ELECTION SPECIAL**

A new high in promotional tie-up between newspapers and radio here was staged when KPO and KGO, NBC stations, jointly broadcast a five-hour Election Night Radio Party from the editorial rooms of "The Chronicle." Lasting from 9 p.m. until 2 a.m., the

show featured NBC musical and singing talent between bulletins on election returns.

Taking part were "Chronicle" manager Paul Smith, NBC manager Al Nelson, winning and losing candidates, and NBC entertainers Glenn Hurlburt, Clancy Hayes, Bennie Walker, Ruth Sprague, Will Aubrey, Dorothy Allen, Zella Layne, Camilla Romo, Armand Girard, Judy Deane, Three Cheers, and orchestral groups directed by Paul Martin, Ricardo, Ray Harrington, Eddie Swartout, and Walter Kelsey.

## DISPLAY

#### WLW's DISPLAY WINDOW

A promotion plan approved recently by James D. Shouse, Vice President and Station Manager of WLW, Cincinnati, utilized a large space in the WLW reception room. A window, seven feet long by three feet deep, was constructed facing the room's door. Every advertiser was given a full display of his products for a specified length of time and the displays were rotated so as to give fair play to every client. It is estimated that several thousand people per week saw the displays for every person who witnesses a show in the WLW studios must pass the window.

#### WINDOW TIEUP

IN cooperation with two sponsors, CKAC, Montreal, prepared a special window display using photographs of featured radio artists, both local and network, as well as pictures of old and new broadcasting equipment. The displays are being used in the windows of the sponsor's stores.

#### **COUNTY FAIR**

KTFI built a special booth at the Twin Falls County Fair at Filer, Idaho, with the exhibit one of the most elaborate ever built in that area. Broadcasting studio was 8 by 14 feet in size. The first unit of the station's 1,000 watt transmitter was on display as well as other broadcasting gadgets. Actual broadcasts averaged 7½ hours of commercial time plus about 15 hours of sustaining time. Special booklets were prepared on the radio industry and handed out to visitors.

#### WSAI'S POSTERS

FOUR thousand 8 x 10 posters every month and bulletins each week were distributed by the local office of the Ohio State Employment Service to promote their series of weekly broadcasts over WSAI, Cincinnati. Posters and bulletins were sent to all employees of Cincinnati industries. Listing the speak-

ers and subjects of coming broadcasts, the bulletins invited both employer and employee to listen to the programs. Posters were displayed in every machine shop and factory in the Cincinnati area.

#### WHEATIES-KMO CO-OP

GENERAL Mills' Wheaties and Bananas" sale brought two-fold results to Tacoma and vicinity grocers, via unique KMO, Tacoma, promotion. KMO ballcaster, Jerry Geehan, sent sale posters to stores. Grocers turning in posters with greatest number of fans' signatures got free ball game ducats.

#### PROGRAM PLUGS

IN connection with the Gillette-Mutual Network broadcast of the World Series, WHMA, Anniston, Alabama, secured a supply of window display material from the razor blade people and placed several window displays in local drug stores. Direct mention of the games being broadcast over the Anniston station was made in all displays. Local drug stores exerted special efforts to sell Gillette Tech Razors and good sales were reported. Station also publicized the broadcast in newspapers.

#### HORMEL LAYOUT

HORMEL, INC. used a spread in "Look" to promote its products and its program, "It Happened in Hollywood," on CBS three days a week. The ad appeared in regular "Look" format and featured talent on the show. Wayne Tiss of BBD&O's Minneapolis office prepared it. Hormel also used four pages in "Life" in which the radio program was mentioned,

#### STUDIO ROUNDUP

PARALLELING a heavy schedule of news casts WMBR sponsors, in Sterchi Furniture Co., an immense map of Europe. By use of specially designed buttons with attached ribbons leading to several miniature sized blackboards, the day's latest news is easily and clearly depicted. And due to the fact that these bulletins are printed in eraseable chalk the boards can be kept up to date with a maximum of efficiency and a minimum of bother. Among the advantages of such a map is the fact that visitors might become acquainted with the nature of the land as well as the location of various European countries. Mountains are brought out and elevated by a unique cellophane effect dabbed with a dull gray paint.

#### LARGEST RADIO

ONE of the features of Salt Lake City's annual Covered Wagon Days parade was the world's largest radio. Built for KSL, the radio was 23 feet long, nine feet high and eight feet wide. Equipped with sound equip-

#### PROMOTION DIGEST

ment, the station broadcast along the threemile route of the parade, spectacular finale of this city's annual fete honoring the pioneers who settled Salt Lake Valley in 1847.

#### WINDOW DISPLAY

A large picture panel of special events covered by KDAL, Duluth, was the center of attraction in a display window featured in a store at the city's busiest downtown corner. Besides the panel were two blow-up pictures, remote amplifier, short wave transmitter and CBS and KDAL banners.

#### **EDUCATIONALS**

WHKC, Columbus, used 100 squares of newspaper media each week to publicize its educational programs. Ads appeared in the Columbus "Citizen" and called attention to the value of local and MBS programs of an educational nature. Copy was written by Fred Sample, continuity editor of the station and stressed the idea that listeners need to know more about national and international problems.

## PROGRAM

#### "SCRAPBOOK FOR 1909"

MEN and women who participated in headline events back in 1909 took part in several broadcasts of the above title which the BBC aired. Important events in British political and scientific history as well as sketches and songs from popular musical comedies of thirty years ago was presented on the program.

#### KITCHEN SHOW

SISTER Mary St. Clara, BVM, believed to be the only Catholic sister with her own regularly scheduled air program, is commentator on a new "Kitchen of Tomorrow" cooking school program which WKBB, Dubuque, Iowa, is airing a half-hour weekly in cooperation with the Home Economics Department of Clarke College. Program remotes direct from the college campus where a model kitchen has been built on a stage according to specifications of James D. Carpenter, WKBB general manager. Mel Galliart, station program director, produces and announces the programs.

#### "A TUNE AND A TALE"

THIS program, sponsored by Loft, Inc., over WOR, New York, replaces its "Jenny of Sweetbriar Manor." New program, which debuted Jan. 11, presents the Novelty Choir in a different melody each week, and then

the "story behind the tune" is dramatized. First program featured "When the King Goes Forth to War."

#### **EXCHANGE MART**

"SWAP SHOP," offering dialers a chance to exchange unwanted articles among themselves, is the new KYA, San Francisco, idea on Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays. Persons with "swaps" send detailed information and name and address, all of which is read over the air. Anyone interested contacts the individuals directly. Program is written and produced by Adrian Gendot, features voices of Reiland Quinn and Lois Hampton,

## SPORTS "INFORMATION PLEASE"

FEATURING outstanding local sports authorities WJJD, Chicago, launched a Sunday afternoon 30 minute show titled "Challenging the Experts." Patterned after "Information Please," show presents John Carmichael of the "Daily News," Irv Kucinet of the "Times" and Jimmy Corcoran of the "American" as the board of strategists. Each week, there is a guest star—first one was Dick Hanley, former Northwestern football coach. Cash prizes are awarded to listeners sending in acceptable questions and there are additional prizes for stumping the experts.

#### JUVENILE PROGRAM RESEARCH

"IN an effort to find a satisfactory medium for children's programs," the New York Junior League began a series of "fantasy" broadcasts over WMCA from 5:15-5:30 p.m., based on original radio scripts written, directed and produced under the supervision of its society members. Titled "The Lost Star," the series, written by Frances Fullerton Neilson, ran for a period of 13 weeks and was an extension of the "Alice in Wonderland" series which the League produced on the same station last year. "The Lost Star" series deals with the adventures of a group of "Orgets," described as streamlined people inhabiting the other side of the milky way. Searching for a star that dropped from the heavens, the "Orgets" reach the earth and are involved in a series of adventures, which, according to the League producers, provide exciting entertainment from which moral lessons are subtly drawn.

#### "DID YOU KNOW?"

A late Sunday evening five-minute program was started on WEEI, Boston. It's called "Did You Know?" and consists of little-known facts as well as some erroneous ones which are usually taken for granted. These, of course, are delivered in the corrected version. Each fact is prefaced by the question, "Did You Know?"

#### **AMATEURS**

THE WTAG talent discovery program, a new amateur show, designed to include several innovations in the Worcester, Mass., broadcasting field, was launched direct from the stage of the Plymouth Theater. Show, featuring strictly amateur talent from Worcester and Central Massachusetts, is of half-hour duration and will be heard weekly on Saturday nights. Produced under the direction of Chester Gaylord, in co-operation with the Plymouth Theater, the show's chief objective is to present first class entertainment. Two professional accompanists have been engaged. One of the innovations was an interlude devoted to asking the audience questions and broadcasting their replies, or songs, by means of a roaming microphone.

#### FARMER'S INFO

WOR began signing on 25 minutes earlier at 6 a.m. in order to broadcast a program of farm information, "The Farmer's Digest," prepared by Transradio Press. Half-hour program, aired daily except Sunday, presents a "crisp" resume of market trends, weather reports, road conditions, crop statistics and agricultural news "all blended into a comprehensive picture of farming and marketing conditions throughout the east." In addition Mrs. Farmer hears of improvements in home-making, child education and some fashion hints.

#### PERSONAL PROBLEMS

DUART Manufacturing Co., makers of "Creme of Milk" cosmetics and beauty shop equipment, is sponsoring "Problem Clinic," a new type of informal program in which personal problems of listeners are discussed, over seven CBS stations on the Pacific coast. Discussions, conducted by Vance Graham and Marcia Miller aided by an attorney, reporter, business man and housewife, are entirely extemporaneous. Listeners are invited to submit questions on marriage, engagements, child training and similar matters.

#### **CIRCUS STUFF**

WBAX, Wilkes-Barre, staged a complete promotion in connection with a visit of a circus to that city. Assisted by the press agent of the circus, a spot campaign was conducted one week before the show's arrival in addition to daily 15-minute shows depicting the life "under the big top." On show day, the agent, with a portable microphone was on the lot at the break of dawn with a broadcast of the unloading of the show and the setting up of the tents. At noon he gave a description of the parade through the streets of Wilkes-Barre from a local department store, which sponsored this airing as well as the rest of the day's events. Broadcasts at 1 p.m.

and 2 p.m. were made from the sideshows and the big tent, respectively. Description of the entire matinee performance was broadcast. Tieup for the department store was made with a display of its furniture in one of the tents at the circus.

#### "COURANT" ADS

ASSOCIATED Grocers, an affiliation of 30 grocerymen in Greater Hartford and Central Connecticut, began their new three-time-a-week "Your Southern Chef" program over station WDRC with a big advertising splash in the Hartford "Courant." The program featured James Cox, expert southern recipemaker.

#### PRIZE INTERVIEWS

AS a promotion stunt for Purina's "Checkerboard Time" program, winners of the chick-growing contest held in connection with the show were brought to Phoenix from all parts of the state and interviewed in the KOY studios over the entire Arizona network, on a special "Checkerboard Special" program.

#### SPOT PLUGS

W. T. GRANT'S newly opened \$250,000 store used fifteen 50-word spots and two quarter-hour programs on KGKO, Fort Worth, to promote the store's opening. Quarter-hours originated from the store with department heads and customers being interviewed by Clarence "Scooter" Tonahill.

#### STORE DEDICATION

WHEN Purina Mills opened a new Checkerboard Store in Dallas, WFAA, which carries Checkerboard Time transcriptions regularly for the company, made a remote pickup from the store location and the Cass County Kids, WFAA trio, made a personal appearance as well as the broadcast. The stunt drew an overflow crowd and got the store off to a big start.

#### STATE FAIR

KSTP talent, featured last season on the Red network, was used by the Minnesota State Fair to plug its forthcoming exposition over four Minnesota stations. The shows, aired each Tuesday night over KSTP, KFAM, KROC and KYSM, featured Leonard Leigh, musical director of the station; the Knights of Note and their Lady, Bonnie; and Flo Seidel, torch singer.

#### INTERVIEW ETS

"INTERESTING People" is title of program idea worked over by Allyn Corris, having been conceived by Station Manager G. Richard Shafto, WIS, Columbia, S. C. Idea was to interview interesting people visiting Columbia making ET of the talk for airing later on

definite schedule along with other recorded interviews. Interviewees thus would be available at times most convenient for them.

#### RETAIL CO-OP

■ LATEST step in WKRC's campaign of cooperation with Cincinnati retailers occurred on "Woman's Hour" broadcast when prominent retail grocers appeared to tell of latest developments in that industry. Among those interviewed by Ruth Lyons, station program director, were: Gerritt Vander Hooning, president of the National Association of Retail Grocers: Homer N. McGonkey, secretary of the Ohio Retail Grocers and Meat Dealers Association and editor of the "Buckeye Grocer"; J. F. Healey, of Hilmer N. Swenson Co., agency for the NARG; and August Meyer. secretary of the Cincinnati Retail Grocers and Meat Dealers Association. Vander Hooning discussed the new movement under way in his association and other retail groups, to educate retailers in new methods of further serving the community.

#### **GOVERNMENT SERIES**

WHN. New York, presented a series of programs under the auspices of the Office of Government Reports, which sponsored recorded talks by President Roosevelt and members of his cabinet. Series was aired Tuesdays and featured heads of the various government agencies discussing functions of their departments. John M. Carmondy opened the series, all of which was presented via recordings.

#### INSIDER'S VIEWPOINT

ATTEMPT to hypo baseball broadcast was an apparent success at WSYR, Syracuse, when Nick Stemmler, Wheaties and Atlantic baseball reporter on the station invited Ted Kleinhans, pitcher of the Syracuse Chiefs, to handle a couple of half-innings of a ball game. Stunt drew a stack of fan mail for Kleinhans the next morning, station reports.

## GIVE-A WAY

#### BIRTHDAY BALL

PROMOTION folder by Artists Management for Paul Whiteman employs photos of the Whiteman crew at the President's Birthday Ball at the Mayflower Hotel, along with a letter praising Whiteman's outfit by the manager of the hotel. Letter cites this year's Ball as "the most unusual success" and declares participation was more than doubled over previous year. Folder showed P.W. with Mrs. Roosevelt and declared that "whether

it be the country's No. 1 President's Birthday Ball, the 'Junior Hop' at Yale, etc., Paul Whiteman and his Orchestra have consistently played to record breaking crowds. Paul Whiteman's orchestra gives complete entertainment satisfaction and still sets the pace as America dances."

#### STAR ALBUM

IN behalf of its "Mystery Control" remote unit, Philco Corp. distributed a 16-page "Radio Star Album" containing pictures of 144 headliners, each cut containing a small reproduction of sponsor's product. Book also included latest log of long-wave stations and listing of principal foreign short-wave stations. Book was distributed at session of Philco dealer convention at Savoy Plaza.

#### WNEW PROGRAM SKED

WNEW blossomed out with a large size printed program schedule replete with a "Highlights" box and including a special plug for the "Milkman's Matinee," all-night, all-recorded program. Item reprints a letter from Postal Telegraph stating that Stan Shaw, emcee of the "Milkman" program, received more telegrams through the company than any other individual—"possibly surpassing the President in this respect." Shaw got 26.453 messages during past year.

#### **OLD DUTCH OFFER**

CUDAHY Packing Co. offering the story of "Bachelor's Children" in book form on its CBS program by that name. Book written by Bess Flynn, author of script show, was offered in connection with a floral pattern handkerchief. Photographs of cast and announcer appear in book which is published by Donnelly's. Account, handled by Roche, Williams & Cunnyngham agency, is using 18 stations.

#### WBBM's RADIO NEWSPAPER

WBBM is distributing free to customers at the Wrigley Building restaurant, which because of its central location is the daily gathering place of radio and advertising executives, a two-page tabloid "newspaper" under the title "Radio Headliner." The Headliner is the creation of J. Oren Weaver, news editor of WBBM-CBS. It was issued several times a day during the critical days in Europe. Run off on a duplicating machine the Headliner came out at 11:45 a.m. with its first edition containing noon New York stock reports as well as news flashes. Afternoon editions hit the cocktail sippers and there was a final for dinner customers. Saturday's noon edition contained a week's business review.

#### SALES PLATTER

WFIL used a platter sales message to acquaint the trade with a new baseball score signal package. The platter contains a short punchy sales talk and a complete illustration of a sample spot. The disk idea is the brainchild of Murray Grabhorn, national sales manager, and ran three minutes. They were mailed to 50 agencies and prospects. The package guaranteed a minimum of five sets of baseball scores with an attention-getting production opening and a 25-word commercial each afternoon between the hours of 3 and 5.

#### ESSO MATERIAL

GENERAL publicity material was prepared by Marschalk & Pratt, Inc., for use by stations broadcasting news sponsored by Esso. Publicity stresses that the five-minute programs condense all news and give a complete picture of local, state, national and foreign news. Programs are broadcast at 8:00 a.m.; 12:30 p.m.; 6 p.m. and 11 p.m. on 34 stations.

#### DISPLAY GUIDE

WHK-WCLE's new Merchandising Display Guide was in the hands of Cleveland's leading drug, grocery and department store buyers, display managers and advertising managers. The Guide urges those men to tie their advertising into the campaigns on WHK and WCLE since "WHK-WCLE Advertised Products Sell." Guide is contained in an attractive maroon and gold three-ring binder. New pages are issued on the first and 15th of each month. These pages list the products on the air and give full details about some of the newer programs.

#### **GUN SHELLS**

WHBQ, Memphis, manager E. A. Alburty timed a promotional piece to coincide with the opening of Tennessee's duck-hunting season. Into empty shot-gun shells were wadded the promotional pieces, and Western Union messengers then delivered the wadded shells directly to Memphis time-buying prospects. Ducks, flying with \$-inscribed pocket-books in their bills, headed the piece. Then, in a brief text, Alburty pointed out that it was not only the season for ducks, but also for customers, and that WHBQ's inexpensive radio messages would bag the customers.

#### KPO GIVEAWAYS

SPONSOR offers on KPO, San Francisco, include a set of cheese covers by Tillamook Creamery Assn., for strip from cheese box and 25 cents; 200-page cook book by Rumford Baking Powder for label and 25 cents; and steel paring knife by Procter & Gamble, for two Dreft box tops.

#### JUMPING THE GUN

WBIG, Greensboro, N. C., prepared for Feb. 14th distribution a valentine featuring the Lone Ranger with the caption across the top "Greetings Comrade!" Centered in a large green heart is picture of the Lone Ranger astride "Silver" waving to the recipient. What was presumably a special greeting to Ranger Club members was written in "code." Whole was identified with "compliments of WBIG" in lower corner.

#### BLARNEY BRACELETS

B. T. BABBITT, INC., offered "Blarney Stone Bracelets," made from the ten tons of imported Blarney Stone recently arrived in this country, in behalf of its "David Harum" program over WOR. According to Robert Brenner of Babbitt, Inc., the stone was chiselled from the same quarry on the original grounds of Blarney Castle, County Cork, Ireland, from which the famous Blarney Stone itself came. Bracelet is of antique gold color, bearing a piece of the stone, a miniature of the Blarney Castle, a shamrock and four-leaf clover.

#### **NEW YORK "VILLAGE"**

COUNCILMAN Robert K. Straus, in connection with his weekly WHN program, gave away to listeners a large comic colored map of "Your Town—That Village of 8,000,000 People." Done in typical comic map style, the promotion piece features Jimmy Walker in the "Tammany Doghouse." Mayor LaGuardia "applauding" Tammany, Robert Moses looking for more Park sites to conquer, Grover Whalen emceeing the Fair, etc.

#### POETRY BOOK IN DEMAND

A spot announcement offering a book of 12 poems written by Barton Rees Pogue and read on the Boone County Jamboree brought 22,000 requests, according to WLW officials. Besides the poetry, the book contains pictures of the cast.

#### **COVERING BOTH SIDES**

TRADE press advertisements were mailed out by CBS telling of that network's coverage of "both sides of the railroad tracks." Piece cited statistics that those living on the "other side of the tracks" are 94 per cent radio equipped and buy more basic commodities than the more favorably situated group across the tracks which is "the only market for products made for their exclusive use and pleasure." CBS, it was pointed out, covers both sides completely.

#### **IMPARTIAL SURVEY**

PROMOTION item gagging the numerous surveys issued by networks and stations was Issued by WOC, "Your Davenport, Rock Island, Moline buy for this quarter-million market." Titled "An Impartial? Survey," piece

stated that WOC asked its own 43 staff members: "To which radio station do you listen?" Forty-two replied WOC exclusively and \*1 said WOC most of the time.

"'He is a capable engineer—now at liberty.
We gladly recommend him."

#### SELLING FOOD

REPRINT of trade press ad was distributed by WLS, Chicago, on behalf of its "Feature Foods" programs conducted by Martha Crane and Helen Joyce. Letter accompanying reprint cites statistics of sales in connection with resumption of the program over the station, and lists various promotion tie-ins used. Reprint cites the program as "the show that pulled more proof-of-purchase mail on WLS than any other in one entire year."

#### COVERAGE MAP

HAVING received a copyright on a fourcolor map outlining the WSAI "Coverage in Terms of Retail Sales," a product of the Cincinnati station's sales research department, the station is now preparing it for distribution to agencies, clients and prospective advertisers. Both primary and secondary areas are included on the map which shows coverage over a three-state area—Ohio, Indiana and Kentucky. The map, said to be first of its kind, shows the various sales divisions both in intensity of shading and size of area.

#### INFO FROM WGAR

TO all offices of its national representatives, Edward Petry & Co., WGAR, Cleveland, sends a weekly news letter embodying local trade information, items about WGAR personalities and comments on the progress of Petry-placed accounts. Written in conversational style, the letter is signed "Sixty-three Employees."

#### **SPONSOR PROMOTION**

PROCTER & GAMBLE shot the works in the Milwaukee area in backing up the local airings of its "Story of Mary Marlin" broadcast over WTMJ. A special factory detail man engaged a crew of 25 distributors and over a period of time sampled 80 per cent of the homes in Milwaukee with Ivory Soap leaving on door knobs a promotion device urging "Listen to the 'Story of Mary Marlin' daily at 2 p.m. over WTMJ." The item suggested that the card be attached to knob of radio.

#### LISTENER PERCENTAGE

WPIC, Sharon, Pa., bit off almost more than they could chew when, in an attempt to check percentage of listeners in its primary coverage area, 1000 stainless steel ashtrays were offered to the first thousand persons requesting same. Announcements were made over the station at intervals during

one day only—with 5,251 replies from persons in Pennsylvania, New York, Ohio and West Virginia. Postmarks were used in judging earliest requests. Survey gave WPIC management a thorough picture of listener percentage as well as a count of its audience at various times of the day.

#### PIE RECIPE

PROCTER & GAMBLE, through Compton Advertising, Inc., offered a special Pumpkin Mince Pie recipe on two P. & G. shows during the weeks preceding the Christmas holidays. Recipe, which was given through dealers, was offered free.

#### RADIO TOPS OTHER MEDIA

ACCORDING to an announcement by the Joe Lowe Corp., sponsors of Jack Johnstone's "Buck Rogers" serial, that program drew 8,000,000 requests for a premium book. more than was ever before received as a result of advertising in other media. Johnstone was commissioned by the Lowe Corp. to cut 39 more transcriptions of the serial while plans were under way for widespread promotion of the program in high schools of the country. Johnstone, radio production head of the Biow Agency, is authoring a 75-page booklet on scientific aspects of the "scientific world of tomorrow" for distribution through the public school systems. Prizes were offered for design and invention of scientific gadgets.

#### SKY RIDER

WWL, New Orleans, cooperated with Chicago and Southern Airlines in promoting aviation in the South. A "Sky Riders Club" was formed and members received free rides from local airport for three weeks after which a young man and lady as well as an elderly couple were chosen to participate in a three-day tour from New Orleans to St. Louis, Chicago and return with all expenses paid. Station's special events department accompanied the group and recorded impressions expressed by them en route for later broadcast.

#### **KENTUCKY "U" PROGRAMS**

LISTING of the radio programs to be presented at the University of Kentucky through WHAS, Louisville, for the six months beginning July 1 and continuing through December 31 was available to the public in a printed booklet on request to the school's publicity bureau. Booklet headlines several program series which were inaugurated during the six-month period and included a group of talks on propaganda. Besides the program listings and descriptions of various series, details of school's radio personnel, facts about other stations being used in addition to WHAS, other data was presented in the booklet.

## Rules And Regulations Of F. C. C. Regarding Production By Radio Broadcast Stations

As of January 1, 1940

#### GENERAL

Except Sundays, the licensee of each broadcast station shall maintain a minimum regular operating schedule of twothirds of the total hours that it is authorized to operate during each broadcast day (both day and night) except that in an emergency when, due to causes beyond the control of the licensee, it becomes impossible to continue operating, the station may cease operation for a period of not to exceed 10 days, provided that the Commission and the inspector in charge shall be notified in writing immediately after the emergency de-

The licensee of each standard broadcast station shall operate or refrain from operating its station during the experimental period as directed by the Commission in order to facilitate frequency measurement or for the determination of interference. (Stations involved in the after-midnight frequency monitoring programs are notified of their operating

and silent schedule.)

If the license of a station specifies the hours of operation, the schedule so specified shall be adhered to until otherwise ordered by the Commission.

#### Share-Time Stations

If the licenses of stations authorized to share time do not specify hours of operation, the licensees shall endeavor to reach an agreement for a definite schedule of periods of time to be used by each. Such agreement shall be in writing and each licensee shall file the same in triplicate original with each application to the Commission for renewal of license. If and when such written agreements are properly filed in conformity with this rule the file mark of the Commission will be affixed thereto. 1 copy will be retained by the Commission, 1 copy forwarded to the inspector in charge, and 1 copy returned to the licensee to be posted with the station license and considered as a part thereof. If the license specifies a proportionate time division, the agreement shall maintain this proportion. If no proportionate time division is specified in the license, the licensees shall agree upon a division of time. Such division of time shall not include simultaneous operation of the stations unless specifically authorized by the terms of the license.

For the purpose of determining the proportionate division of time of the broadcast day for sharing time stations one night hour shall be considered the equivalent of two day hours.

If the license of a station authorized to share time does not specify the hours of operation, the station may be operated for the transmission of regular programs during the experimental period provided an agreement thereto is reached with the other stations with which the broadcast day is shared and further provided such operation is not in conflict with (Sec. 3.72) Time sharing agreements for operation during the experimental period need not be submitted to the Com-

Departure from the regular operating schedule set forth in a time-sharing agreement will be permitted only in cases where an agreement to that effect is reduced to writing, is signed by the licensees of the stations affected thereby and filed in triplicate by each licensee with the Commission prior to the time of the proposed change. If time is of the es-sence, the actual departure in operating schedule may precede the actual filing of written agreement, provided appropriate notice is sent to the Commission and the inspector in charge.

If the licensees of stations authorized to share time are unable to agree on a division of time, the Commission shall be so notified by statement to that effect filed with application for renewal of license. Upon receipt of such statement the Commission will designate the application for a hearing, and pending such hearing, the operating schedule previ-ously adhered to shall remain in full

force and effect.

#### Limited Time Stations

If the licensee of a broadcast station is required to cease operation of the station at the time of sunset at some point within the United States, the license will specify the hour of the day during each month of the license period when operation of such station shall cease.

The licensee of a secondary station authorized to operate limited time and which may resume operation at the time the dominant station or stations on the same channel ceases operation shall, with each application for renewal of license, file in triplicate a copy of its regular operating schedule, bearing a signed notation by the licensee of the dominant station of its objection or lack of objection thereto. Upon approval of such operating schedule, the Commission will affix its file mark and return 1 copy to the licensee authorized to operate limited time which shall be posted with the station license and considered as a part thereof. Departure from said operating schedule will be permitted only in accordance with the procedure set forth in these rules.

If the licensee of a secondary station authorized to operate limited time and a dominant station on a channel are unable to agree upon a definite time for resumption of operation by the station authorized limited time, the Commission shall be so notified by the licensee of the station authorized limited time. After receipt of such statement the Commission will designate for hearing the applications of both stations for renewal of license, and pending the hearing the schedule previously adhered to shall remain in full force and effect.

#### Material Term of License Violations

In all cases where a station licensee is required to prepare and file an operating schedule, any deviation or departure from such schedule, except as herein authorized, shall be considered as a violation of a material term of the license.

All references herein to Standard time or local standard time refer to local standard time as determined and fixed by the Interstate Commerce Commission.

Time Changes

If local time is changed from standard time to daylight-saving time at the location of all stations sharing time on the same channel, the hours of operation of all such stations on that channel shall be understood to refer to daylightsaving time, and not standard time, as long as daylight-saving time is observed. This provision shall govern when the time is changed by provision of law or general observance of daylight-saving time by the various communities, and when the time of operation of such stations is specified in the license or is mutually agreed upon by the licensees: Provided, however, That when the license specifies average time of sunset, local standard time shall be observed and in no event shall a station licensed for daytime only operate on regular schedule prior to 6 a.m. local standard time or shall a station licensed for greater daytime power than night-time power operate with the daytime power prior to 6 a.m. local standard time.

Where the local time is not changed from standard time to daylight-saving time at the location of all stations sharing time on the same channel, the hours of operation of such stations shall be understood to have reference to standard time, and not daylight-saving time, unless said licensees mutually agree upon a new schedule which shall be effective

only while daylight-saving time is observed at the location of some of these stations.

The time of operation of any broadcast station which does not share time with other stations on the same channel shall be understood to have reference to local standard time unless modification of such license with respect to hours of operation is made by the Commission.

#### Station License

The station license and any other instrument of authorization or individual order concerning construction of the equipment or the manner of operation of the station shall be posted in a conspicuous place in the room in which the transmitter is located in such manner that all terms thereof are visible and the license of the station operator shall be posted in the same manner.

The license of each station shall have a licensed operator or operators of the grade specified by the Commission on duty during all periods of actual operation of the transmitter at the place where the transmitting equipment is located.

The licensed operator on duty and in charge of a standard broadcast transmitter may, at the discretion of the licensec, be employed for other dutics or for the operation of another radio station or stations in accordance with the class of operator's license which he holds and by the rules and regulations governing such other stations: Provided, However, That such duties shall in no wise interfere with the proper operation of the standard broadcast transmitter.

#### Logs

The licensee of each broadcast station shall maintain program and operating logs and shall require entries to be made as follows:

#### A. In the Program Log

a. An entry of the time each station identification announcement (call letters and location) is made.

b. An entry briefly describing each program broadcast, such as "music," "drama," "speech," etc., together with the name or title thereof, and the sponsor's name, with the time of the beginning and ending of the complete program. If a mechanical record is used, the entry shall show the exact nature thereof such as "record," "transcription," etc., and the time it is announced as a mechanical record. If a speech is made by a political candidate, the name and political affiliations of such speaker shall be entered.

c. An entry showing that each sponsored program broadcast has been announced as sponsored, paid for, or furnished by the sponsor. B. In the Operating Log

a. An entry of the time the station begins to supply power to the antenna, and the time it stops.

b. An entry of the time the program

begins and ends.

c. An entry of each interruption to the carrier wave, its cause and duration.

d. An entry of the following each 30 minutes:

(1) Operating constants of last radio stage (total plate current and plate voltage).

(2) Antenna current.

(3) Frequency monitor reading.

(4) Temperature of crystal control chamber if thermometer is used.

e. Log of experimental operation during experimental period (If regular operation is maintained during this period, the above logs shall be kept).

(1) A log must be kept of all operation during the experimental period. If the entries required above are not applicable thereto, then the entries shall be made so as to fully describe the operation.

Logs of standard broadcast stations shall be retained by the licensee for a period of two years except when required to be retained for a longer period in accordance with the provisions of the rules pertaining to logs involving communications incident to a disaster or which include communications incident to or involved in an investigation by the Commission and concerning which the licensee has been notified, shall be retained by the licensee until specifically authorized in writing by the Commission to destroy them: Provided, further. That logs incident to or involved in any claim or complaint of which the licensee has notice, shall be retained by the licensee until such claim or complaint has been fully satisfied or until the same has been barred by statute limiting the time for the filing of suits upon such claims.

#### Station Identification

a. A licensee of a standard broadcast station shall make station identification announcement (call letters and location) at the beginning and ending of each time of operation and during operation on the hour and half hour as provided below:

b. Such identification announcement during operation need not be made when to make such announcement would interrupt a single consecutive speech, play, religious service, symphony concert or operatic production of longer duration than thirty minutes. In such cases the identification announcement shall be made at the first interruption of the entertainment continuity and at the conclusion of such program.

c. In case of variety show programs, baseball game broadcasts, or similar programs, of longer duration than thirty minutes, the identification announcement shall be made within five minutes of the hour and half hour.

d. In case of all other programs (except provided in paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section) the identification announcement shall be made within two minutes of the hour and half hour.

e. In making the identification announcement, the call letters shall be given only on the channel of the station identified thereby.

#### Mechanical Reproduction

Each broadcast program consisting of a mechanical record, or a series of mechanical records, shall be announced in the manner and to the extent set out below:

- 1. A mechanical record, or a series thereof, of longer duration than fifteen minutes, shall be identified by appropriate announcement at the beginning of the program, at each fifteen minute interval, and at the conclusion of the program; provided, however, that the identifying announcement at each fifteen minute interval is not required in case of a mechanical record consisting of a single, continuous, uninterrupted speech, play, symphony, concert or operatic production of longer duration than fifteen minutes;
- A mechanical record, or a series thereof, of a longer duration than five minutes and not in excess of fifteen minutes, shall be identified by an appropriate announcement at the beginning and end of the program;

 A single mechanical record of a duration not in excess of five minutes, shall be identified by appropriate announcement immediately preceding the use thereof:

use thereof:

4. In case a mechanical record is used for background music, sound effects, station identification, program identification (theme music of short duration) or identification of the sponsorship of the program proper, no announcement of the mechanical record is required.

5. The exact form of the identifying announcement is not prescribed but the language shall be clear and in terms commonly used and understood by the listening public. The use of the applicable identifying words such as "a record", "a recording", "a recorded program," "a transcription," "an electrical transcription," will be considered sufficient to meet the requirements hereof. The identifying words shall accurately describe the type of mechanical reproduction used, i.e., where

a transcription is used it shall be announced as a "transcription" or an "electrical transcription" and where a phonograph record is used it shall be announced as a "record" or a "recording".

#### Rebroadcast Programs

(a) The term "rebroadcast" means reception by radio of the program of a radio station, and the simultaneous or gram by a broadcast station. (In case a program is transmitted from its point of origin to a broadcast station entirely by telephone facilities in which a section of such transmission is by radio, the broadcasting of this program is not con-

sidered a rebroadcast.)

(b) The licensee of a standard broadcast station may, without further authority of the Commission, rebroadcast the program of a United States standard broadcast station, provided the Commission is notified of the call letters of each station rebroadcast and the licensee certifies that express authority has been received from the licensee of the station originating the program. (The notice and certification of consent shall be given within three (3) days of any single rebroadcast, but in case of the regular practice of rebroadcasting certain programs of a standard broadcast station several times during a license period, notice and certification of consent shall be given for the ensuing license period with the application for renewal of license, or at the beginning of such rebroadcast practice if begun during a license period).

(c) No license of a standard broadcast station shall rebroadcast the program of any other class of United States radio station without written authority having first been obtained from the Commission upon application accompanied by written consent or certification of consent of the licensee of the station originating the program. (The broadcasting of a program relayed by a relay broadcast station is not considered a rebroadcast. Informal application may

be employed.)

(d) In case of a program rebroadcast by several standard broadcast stations such as a chain rebroadcast, the person legally responsible for distributing the program or the network facilities may obtain the necessary authorization for the entire rebroadcast both from the Commission and from the person or licensee of station originating the program

Attention is directed to Section 325 (b) of the Communications Act of 1934,

which reads as follows:

"No person shall be permitted to locate, use or maintain a radio broadcast studio or other place or apparatus from which or whereby sound waves are converted into electrical energy, or mechanical or physical reproduction of sound waves produced, and caused to be transmitted or delivered to a radio station in a foreign country for the purpose of being broadcast from any radio station there having a power output of sufficient intensity and/or being so located geographically that its emissions may be received consistently in the United States, without first obtaining a permit from the Commission upon proper application thereof." (Formal application required. See "Standards of Good Engineering Practice" for form number.)

#### Political Broadcasting

No station licensee is required to permit the use of its facilities by any legally qualified candidate for public office, but if any licensee shall permit any such candidate to use its facilities, it shall afford equal opportunities to all other such candidates for that office to use such facilities, provided that such licensee shall have no power of censorship over the material broadcast by any such candidate. The following definitions shall apply for the purpose of this rule: a. 'A legally qualified candidate' means any person who has met all the requirements prescribed by local, state or federal authority, as a candidate for the office which he seeks, whether it be municipal, county, state or national, to be determined according to the applicable local laws. b. 'Other candidates for that office' means all other legally qualified candidates for the same public office.

The rates, if any, charged all such candidates for the same office, shall be uniform and shall not be rebated by any means, directly or indirectly; no licensee make any discriminations in charges, practices, regulations, facilities or services for or in connection with service rendered pursuant to these rules, or make or give any preference to any candidate for public office or subject any such candidate to any prejudice or disadvantage; nor shall any licensee make any contract or other agreement which shall have the effect of permitting any legally qualified candidate for any public office to broadcast to the exclusion of other legally qualified candidates for the same public office.

Every licensee shall keep and permit public inspection of a complete record of all requests for broadcast time made by or on behalf of candidates for public office, together with an appropriate notation showing the disposition made by the licensee of such requests, and the charges made, if any, if request is

granted.



## THE LEGAL SIDE



RECENT LAW
in
REVIEW
By Louis Nizer

Seventy-Sixth Congress Legislative Digest

Federal Communications
Bar Association

Last year RADIO ANNUAL presented Mr. Nizer's article "An Analysis of New Principles of the Law of Radio." It was bailed not only by the radio industry but by members of the legal profession as a valuable contribution toward lifting the maze of uncertainty surrounding radio from the legal aspect.

In presenting the following article we believe another valuable contribution is being made, not only in the field of radio law, but indeed, to the general philosophy of law.

Lonis Nizer, a member of the law firm of Phillips & Nizer, is a prominent member of the New York Bar. He is an authority on the law of screen, stage and radio. He is the author of the book entitled NEW COURTS OF INDUSTRY, and of other legal works, such as LITERARY PIRACY, AN ANALYSIS OF THE NATIONAL LABOR RELATIONS ACT, LAW OF RECEIVERSHIPS, PROPRIETARY INTERESTS IN RADIO PROGRAMS, THE LAW OF SUBSTITUTION IN MOTION PICTURES, THE RIGHT OF PRIVACY and other articles.

Jack Alicoate.

## RECENT LAW

## IN

## REVIEW

## By LOUIS NIZER

#### INTRODUCTION

BELIEVE the reader of a legal article, no less than the listener to a symphonic concert, is entitled to know in advance the selections which have been made for him. His love for music may not be deemed less because he shuns certain compositions. His option to exclude should not be denied him.

Without suggesting the consistency of the analogy insofar as the harmonies or the values of this article are concerned, I offer the program's outline so that the reader may practice selectivity.

The first half of the program is devoted to substantive law; that is, law involving conduct as distinguished from rules of procedure. Such questions will be considered as: Is a trade-mark, which has been applied to radio broadcasts, infringed by the use of a similar trade-mark on phonograph records? Are radio slogans trade marks?

May a company selling electrical appliances under a trade name prevent the use of the same name by a subsequently formed company engaged in the manufacture and sale of phonograph and radio devices? Who can regulate the broadcast of a musical recording,—the performing artist, the recording company, or the broadcaster? May the owners of musical copyrights band together in licensing the use of compositions by radio broadcasting companies? Is a broadcasting company liable for defamatory remarks made by an employee of the lessee of broadcast time?

These questions range over many fields of law. Answers to them will be found in cases involving trade-marks, unfair competition, copyright law, patent law and defamation.

The second half of the program is devoted to procedural law which concerns the functions and decisions of the Federal Communications Commission.

## I. Substantive Aspect

#### Trademarks

RE trademarks, which are applied  $oldsymbol{A}$  to a magazine and to motion and sound films and radio broadcasts, infringed by a legend on phonograph recordings of radio speeches? Are these articles "merchandise of the same descriptive properties"? Is a radio slogan entitled to protection from a similar legend on a record? These, inter alia, are the issues raised in Time, Inc. v. Barshay, 27 Fed. Supp. 870 (S. D. N. Y. 1939). Plaintiff owns three registered marks "Time," "Time" and "The March of Time." The first two of these are for a weekly magazine and the third is for motion pictures and sound films. The plaintiff publishes and distributes the news magazine, "Time" and produces periodic radio broadcasts and motion pictures under the name of "The March of Time." The "The March of Time" broadcasts and newsreels and the "Time" magazine have been carried on for a long period and have received extensive publicity. The radio slogan "The Voice of Time" was first used in "Time" magazine in October, 1936. The narrator for the radio programs and the motion pictures has often been referred to as "The Voice of Time." For the purpose of identifying its trademarks in the mind of the public, the plaintiff has expended approximately \$4,500,000 for advertising.

As to the defendant, it advertised "The Voice of Time" records in the Herald Tribune in December, 1936.

It is charged that the defendant sells phonograph records reproducing famous radio speeches in infringement not only of plaintiff's registered trademarks, but also of its common law rights, by applying to these records the name, "The Voice of Time" thereby misleading the public into believing that it is procuring plaintiff's product when it is not.

The Federal District Court, noting that plaintiff has built up a well identified good will through the use of its trademark "Time" and "The March of Time," that these trademarks are directly associated with its publications, its radio program and its news-reel productions, and that plaintiff has also built up a certain good will in connection with the legend or slogan "The Voice of Time," held that the defendant's use of a similar phrase is an infringement of the plaintiff's trademark "The March of Time" and an unfair competition with all the plaintiff's trademarks and the good will attending his slogan "The Voice of Time."

The trademark "The March of Time" is, according to the court, valid and is infringed. It does not describe the motion pictures nor sound films nor radio broadcasts to which it is applied, and in consequence is not excluded from registration as "descriptive" under the Trademark Act (15 U.S.C.A. §85). The general use of the name and its identification would be interfered with by the use of an essentially similar trademark in a closely alfiliated art. Motion picture films as well as phonograph records involve the reproduction of sound. "In the ordinary marts of trade it is most likely that a phonograph record stamped with the mark,—'The Voice of Time' would be associated with 'The March of Time' as generally used by the plaintiff. With a wide variety of choices available there should be no effort, conscious or otherwise, to invade plaintiff's good

However, the plaintiff's trademarks covering the term "Time" as applied to a news magazine, the court maintains, are not infringed by the legend on the defendant's phonograph records, since such records are not merchandise of the same descriptive properties.

Furthermore, the court declares that the defendant's use of the mark "The Voice of Time" is unfair competition with all of plaintiff's trademarks, because of confusion that might arise as to the source or origin of the goods, and not because of confusion between a phonograph record and a motion picture. The law will not countenance the passing off of one's goods as the goods of another. It is no answer to say that phonograph records have not the same descriptive properties as sound motion pictures.

The instant court applies two well established principles in the law of trade regulation in its recognition of the necessity of a nondescriptive term for the creation of a valid trademark and the existence of goods of the "same descriptive properties" for its infringement. The latter factor, as the case indicates, is not requisite to relief from unfair competition, thus differentiating it from an infringement suit; confusion is a basis for relief in an action of unfair competition. The protection of plaintiff's radio slogan is entirely equitable in view of its prior use and general association with the plaintiff's broadcasting and motion picture activities and plaintiff's expense in advertising them. The effect of priority in a particular field will be further discussed under the topic of "Unfair Competition."

## Unfair Competition

The law of unfair competition, under certain circumstances, may protect a party from loss of a potential market and from injury to general reputation. For instance, (1) if a first merchant has established a business under his own name in wares of one sort, a second merchant may not use that name in selling other wares if they are so like the first merchant's that the public will be apt to think that the first merchant is selling them. The second may be a pirate if he uses the first merchant's trademark. (2) But the second merchant may have already established a business in his name which he may wish to extend into a market alien to the one he has been exploiting, yet akin to the first merchant's. This would probably not be a good excuse. (3) Again, the new market may be equally appropriate to and akin to the old market of each and important to the business of each.

In that event perhaps the first of the two to occupy it might succeed in retaining possession although he is junior to the other as between the markets each has heretofore been exploiting. (4) Finally, the second merchant may be forced to exploit the new market to preserve the business he already has. These variants indicate that there can be no set rule for all the cases and that the conflicting interests must be weighed.

Such was the analysis made by Judge Learned Hand in the course of his opinion in Emerson Electric M[q]Co. v. Emerson Radio and P. Corp., 105 F. (2d.) 908 (C.C.A. 2d. 1939), a case of the third type indicated above. There the plaintiff had been engaged in the manufacture and sale of electrical appliances under the name "Emerson" (registered as a trademark) since 1890. Its only and brief excursions in the field of radio were in the manufacture and sale of a generator in 1922, its experiments with receiving sets (never marketed) in 1926, and the sale of a dynamator from 1931 to 1935.

The defendant is the successor to a phonograph company which was acquired in 1915 and which made records and accessories under the name "Emerson" (registered as a trademark in 1916). Since 1923, the defendant has manufactured and sold radios and combined radio-phonographs under its trademark. In 1933, with the probable advent of television, the defendant applied for registration of its well known trademark for television and combined radio and television equipment. Despite plaintiff's opposition on the basis of confusion and similarity between plaintiff's and defendant's products, the Court of Customs and Patents decided in defendant's favor [89 F. (2d.) 349 (1937), Aff'd on Reargument, 90 F. (2d.) 331 (1937) ] and trademark registration for its old trademark as applied to radio television was issued in 1937. During the pendency of these proceedings, the plaintiff instituted the present suit for trademark infringement and unfair competition, which was the first protest against the defendant's use of its old trademark or assertion as to infringement from such use.

From 1922 to 1938, the defendant sold throughout the United States, 20,000,000 radio sets and phonographs at a value of over \$30,000,000 and expended more than \$2,500,000 for advertising.

The lower court's dismissal of the complaint was affirmed on appeal. The Court announced that the plaintiff's registration of its name did not enlarge its substantive rights, but merely conferred jurisdiction; that the plaintiff was merely a merchant which had used its name upon its goods since 1890, and that the suit was one for unfair competition. The Court pointed out that there had been no confusion in the mind of the public and that the plaintiff's reputation was not likely to suffer as the defendant has carried on a respectable business. The interests of the parties in the radio market in 1923 were evenly matched and the Court assumed, for the disposition of the case, that priority between the existing markets was the critical fact and that the plaintiff could have enjoined the defendant at that time.

But what has been the effect on the plaintiff's rights by the intervening of thirteen years between 1923 and 1936, when suit was brought? The element of delay, which is not decisive as to the remedy of an injunction for trademark infringement, is significant when the supposed infringer is using his oven name to extend an existing business into a market which no one else is exploiting under that name. And even though merely delay might not bar this suit, there was more here—the building up of an immense business at great expense by the Spring of 1936 so large that, judged as of that time, the defendant's interest in the name as applied to radios, vastly outweighed the plaintiff's.

The case boiled down to whether or not the defendant had notice of the plaintiff's claims before building up his business. Plaintiff never advised the defendant, except by this suit. The opposition in 1933 merely contested the defendant's exclusive right to the name, but was not a claim to the exclusive use by the plaintiff. Only a plain assertion of plaintiff's intention to monopolize the name would have been notice to charge the defendant and would have put at his risk the continuance of his business. The defendant should certainly not be charged with notice that plaintiff would begin to sell radios or that the public would assume their sale to be by the plaintiff. Moreover, the fact that the dispute was over a proper name already lawfully used, and not a trademark and the fact that the extension of the business was not into new territory, which is always probable,—but to new wares, which nobody can foresee, were considerations to be weighed.

The Court balanced the factor of plaintiff's priority against the cumulative weight of the lack of confusion, the absence of damage to reputation, plaintiff's delay, the development of a huge business at considerable expense and without notice, the previous lawful use of the proper name and the fact of extension into new wares, not new territory. The result reached is entirely supportable.

The Emerson case can easily be distinguished from *Time*, *Inc.* v. *Barshay*, supra, in which by contrast, the plaintiff, first merchant, was granted relief in unfair competition against the second or junior merchant. This latter case is somewhat similar to the first type (not third), described above as involving the doctrine of "passing off." Furthermore, these considerations—huge investment and considerable advertising expense, prompt action, confusion and notice plus priority, weighed heavily in favor of the first merchant.

The theory of unfair competition and the doctrine of property rights provide bases of relief against the radio broadcasting of recordings, which are labeled "Not licensed for Radio Broadcasting." Waring v. WDAS Broadcasting Sta-

tion, Inc., 327 Pa. 433, 194 Stp. 631 (1937). The same attitude is expressed where the legend or notice merely restricts the use of the record to a particular program. Waring v. Dunlea. 26 F. Supp. 338 (E.D.N.C. 1939). In this case, the notice on the record limited its use by distributee to the Ford Motor Program. The defendant, without the consent of Fred Waring, and not a licensed distributee, played one of the restricted records. The Court granted injunctive relief, following closely the reasoning of the Pennsylvania Court.

The Court recognized the plaintiff's common law "property right" in his unique rendition and pointed out that performance was not such publication as to divest the performing artist of his right. The Court also stated that the restrictive covenant was not unreasonable nor against public policy and that therefore, as to parties not within the contract, the breach of the restrictive covenant was enforceable.

In addition, relief was held available on the theory of unfair competition, as both the plaintiff and defendant were in the business of selling musical entertainment and the defendant's ability to sell at no expense the identical renditions would evidently injure the plaintiff.

It may be argued that the Copyright Law should protect an artist's electrical transcriptions since they constitute novel creations.

But if there is no restrictive notice on the record, will the Court also grant injunctive relief? The only case that discusses this problem indicates an affirmative answer. R.C.A. Mfg. Co. v. Whiteman, 28 F. Supp. 787 (S.D. N.Y. 1939). R.C.A. filed a bill of complaint against Whiteman, station WNEW and a certain sponsor to enjoin the broadcasting of phonograph records. It alleged that the use of its records by others for profit constituted a wrongful exploitation of its property rights, caused a species of unfair competition, resulting in damages because of the destruction of the

saleability of its records through constant repetition, and constituted a breach of contract resulting from violation of the restrictive covenant against broadcasting, present in the notice on certain of the records; furthermore. that the attempt by Whiteman to license records for broadcasting and publie performances constituted unfair competition and amounted to an exploitation of the plaintiff's property rights. The records which were played without permission were recorded by Whiteman pursuant to contracts consummated in 1924, 1931 and 1934. The carlier two granted all the rights and equities of Whiteman, his orchestra and members, to the master records to RCA's predecessors and the 1934 contract granted RCA the right to manufacture and sell records for use with talking machines, but not for broadcasting. Records made prior to 1932 were not restrictively labeled against broadcasting; those made since then were so labeled.

The Court enjoined Whiteman, acting alone, from licensing or authorizing any broadcasting station to play over the radio, phonograph records made by plaintiff, even under the 1934 contract, which did not grant it the right to dispose of the records for broadcasting, and enjoined the radio station from broadcasting such records without its express assent. Whiteman would also be entitled to protection from the broadcasting of phonograph records containing his renditions as against the other defendants.

The Court stated that Whiteman, because of his unique interpretation of musical selections, had a common law property right in his rendition. The fact that the musical composition itself was already subject to a copyright, did not detract from his right over and above the existing property rights of the composer as the ultimate product need not be the work of a single creator. Nor did RCA's part in the process of recording the rendition constitute such intellectual and artistic contribution as to vest in RCA

a common law property right in the rendition; its contribution was the production of a perfect recording, but the performance was by Whiteman.

Moreover, according to the Court, Whiteman had the power to and did bargain away all his common law property rights to his musical interpretations made under the 1924 and 1931 contracts, but reserved such right to his renditions in respect to the broadcasting of records made under the 1934 contract.

The Court also pointed out that the sale of a Whiteman record with or without any restrictive notice, would not give the purchaser the right to broadcast its contents over the radio in the absence of a special authorization. First, it is well settled that the performance of a work is not of necessity an abandonment of it. Publication may be "general" or "limited." And the very nature of the phonograph record, even without a restrictive notice thereon, indicates the "limited" form of its publication, it being clearly intended and made for listeners at a phonograph. not for a radio audience. Of course, the restrictive notice on records made after 1932 was of itself sufficient to "limit" the publication. In fact, the breach of such a restrictive covenant was enforceable as such, since it was not illegal, an unreasonable restraint of trade, or against public policy.

The primary basis for enjoining Station WNEW and the sponsor from broadcasting such phonograph records was that such conduct constituted unfair competition, since the defendant was misappropriating the plaintiff's property for his own profit. The Court relied on the reasoning and principles set forth in the famous case of *International News Service v. Associated Press.* 248 U.S. 215, 39 Sup. Ct. 68. On the same theory, Whiteman would be entitled to protection against the broadcasting station.

The Court in applying the questionable doctrine of "property rights" and the principles of unfair competition extended the scope of judicial protection beyond its previous bounds to include

records without restrictive notices. Such records probably date back to the time when they were exclusively used with and intended for phonographs; their potential use for broadcasting being not foreseen, notices were superfluous and not attached. This omission was remedied by the instant Court's curtailment of their use for broadcasting. Today the practice of licensing, which developed with the growth of "canned music" over the air, adequately provides for the dual use of records.

The decision also raises the interesting question as to who can license the broadcasting of records made under the 1934 contract which provides that RCA does not acquire the right to manufacture and sell records for broadcasting. On the one hand, the Court explicitly recognizes the language as a reservation by Whiteman of his common law property right and denies any such right to RCA for its contribution to the recording process, and then on othe other hand, it bars Whiteman from licensing such records for broadcasting on the ground of unfair competition. Must Whiteman obtain RCA's consent to such licensing? If so, the explicit language of the reservation is being distorted and its value decreased. In effect, RCA's purchase of the right to license for phonograph use seems to have given it an equity in the broadcasting right, at least On the same under this decision. reasoning, why should not Whiteman's consent be necessary for RCA's licensing of phonograph records in order to protect his broadcast rights. In short, what was the effect of the sale of one right and the retention of the other? The language of the reservation, considered in the light of the sale, should have left the right to license for broadcasting with Whiteman. If the reservation was intended to protect Whiteman's radio performances from the competition of his records, he correspondingly should be able to expose himself to such competition, when he so desires.

Under the recent developments in the law of unfair competition, the absence

of the element of competition is not necessarily fatal to a claim for equitable relief. This view is taken in Prouty v. N.B.C., 26 F. Supp. 265 (D. Mass. 1939). There plaintiff, author and owner of the copyrighted novel "Stella Dallas," charged the defendant with broadcasting skits and episodes in the life of Stella Dallas without plaintiff's consent, that such skits were mere improvisations, not consistent with the novel and of inferior artistic and commercial quality, and that in this way the defendant was misappropriating the plaintiff's rights to the title and character, Stella Dallas, so as to imperil further sale of the said novel or of any sequel and plaintiff's reputation as an author.

The Court denied the defendants' motion to dismiss the complaint. If it appears that in these broadcasts the defendant had appropriated without plaintiff's consent the plot and principal characters of the novel, as to injure the reputation of the work and the author and to deceive the public, relief may be afforded under the principles of unfair competition. The absence of competition between plaintiff and defendant was held not material, since it was the injury to the author and the fraud upon the public that constituted the real offense alleged.

It would seem that the defendant attempted to capitalize on the reputation of plaintiff's novel, but in a manner not punishable under the copyright law. Nevertheless, fairness to the plaintiff demands relief. The Court acts on the basis of its equitable powers.

## Copyright

Music is a vital factor in the business of radio entertainment and musical compositions are subject to the Copyright Law. Therefore, it is necessary for broadcasters to enter into some arrangement with the owners of copyrighted music in order to obtain the use of their compositions. The copyright owners have banded together to form the American Society of Composers, Authors and Publishers (ASCAP),

the constituent elements of which are clearly indicated in the title.

ASCAP was organized in 1914, principally for the purpose of protecting the legal rights of its members in copyrighted musical compositions against infringement by unlawful public performance for profit. This purpose is accomplished by licensing the performing rights of musical compositions. The receipts, except for certain deductions, are divided among the members. The functioning of the Society is described in the following terms by Justice Black, dissenting in Gibbs v. Buck, 307 U. S. 66, 59 Sup. 725 (1939), discussed infra:

"This combination apparently includes practically all (probably 95%) American and foreign copyright owners controlling rendition of copyrighted music for profit in the United States. Not only does this combination fix prices through a self perpetuating board of twenty-four directors, but its power over the business of musical renditions is so great that it can refuse to sell rights to single compositions, and can, and does require purchasers to take at a monopolistically fixed annual fee, the entire repertory of all numbers controlled by the combination. And these fees are not the same for like purchasers even in the same locality. Evidence shows that competing radio stations in the same city, operating on the same power and serving the same audience, are charged widely variant fees for identical performance rights, not because of competition, but by the exercise of monopoly power. Since it appears that music is an essential part of public entertainment for profit, radio stations or other businesses arbitrarily compelled to pay discriminatory fees are faced with price fixing practices that could destroy them, because the Society has a monopoly of practically all, if not completely all available music."

To combat this concentration of control over copyrighted music, several states, Florida, Montana, Nebraska, North Dakota, Kansas, Tennessee and

Washington, probably at the instigation of broadcasting companies, have recently enacted (bills are pending in other legislatures) so called "Anti-ASCAP" legislation. Three representative types are the Florida, Washington and Montana statutes, the first being prohibitory and the latter two regulatory.

The Florida statute makes it unlawful for the owners of copyrighted music to combine to fix license fees for the use of musical compositions for profit when the members of the combination constitute a substantial number of owners of musical copyrights. It declares the combination an unlawful monopoly, the price fixing in restraint of trade, and the collection of license fees and all contracts by the combination illegal.

The Washington statute makes it imlawful for two or more persons holding separate copyrighted works to pool their interests in order to fix prices, to collect fees or to issue blanket licenses for their commercial production. Joint undertakings for this purpose are permitted if the licenses are issued at rates assessed on a per piece system of usage. All combinations of owners of separate copyrighted musical works are required to file a complete list of their works once each year with the Secretary of State, together with detailed information.

The Montana statute provides as a condition of doing business within the State, that certain lists shall be filed (similar to list required in Washington), requires payment of two cents for every composition filed, and requires the licensing to be on the basis of a charge upon programs using the composition. Compliance with the statute is a requisite to the bringing of an action within the State.

These three statutes have already been attacked by ASCAP as invalid, inter alia, for violating the Copyright Act, the "due process" and "equal protection" clauses, for impairing the obligation of contract and for operating as an expost facto law. No final adjudication on the merits however,

has yet been made. Two test cases, which came before the Supreme Court of the United States, involved the Florida and Washington statutes and related to matters of jurisdiction and procedure. In Buck v. Gibbs, supra, the Supreme Court affirmed the decision of the three-judge Federal Court below, which had enjoined the enforcement of the statute, and held that the Federal Court had jurisdiction and that a motion to dismiss before answer was properly denied where the bill, supported by factual allegations, raised grave doubts" of the constitutionality of the act in the mind of the lower court. Justice Black vigorously dissented, stating inter alia, that the State has power to prohibit monopolistic price fixing and that the complainants failed to sustain their burden of showing the jurisdictional facts.

In Buck v. Gallagher, 307 U. S. 95, 59 Sup. Ct. 740 (1939), the Supreme Court reversed the dismissal of the bill to enjoin the enforcement of the Washington statute, holding that the requisite jurisdictional amount was shown and that certain vital evidence had been improperly excluded. Both Supreme Court cases were remanded for further proceedings. The Montana statute, which was litigated in Carl Fischer, Inc. v. Shannon, 26 F. Supp. 727 (D. Mont. 1938), dismissed ASCAP's complaint for lack of jurisdiction in reliance upon Buck v. Case, 24 F. Supp. 541 (W. D. Wash, 1939), the lower court decision in Buck v. Gallagher, supra. Probably ASCAP will be afforded an opportunity to reopen this suit in view of the Supreme Court decisions.

In an opinion, unreported to date, a Federal District Court in 1937 temporarily enjoined the Nebraska statute (similar to Florida's) which made unlawful any monopolistic combination of copyright owners and penalized the operation of such organization. The Court held that the Act impaired the obligations of contracts and deprived the copyright owners of their property without due process of law, [see Von Brandenfels, Copyright in Its Relation

to Radio Broadcasting, 18 Neb. Law Bulletin 109, 120 (1939)]. However, no final decision seems as yet to have been handed down.

This recital of legislation and litigation is incomplete at this stage. More states will probably enact such "Anti-ASCAP" legislation and the Supreme Court will eventually have to determine the merits. Meanwhile, in other jurisdictions, ASCAP continues its suits to discourage infringements and collect its tributes. Famous Music Corp. v. Melz, 28 F. Supp. 767 (W. D. La. 1939); Buck v. Crescent Gardens Operating Co., 28 F. Supp. 576 (D. Mass. 1939). At the same time the radio broadcasting companies continue to consolidate themselves into an organization known as National Association of Broadcasters (NAB). In any event, a working agreement between broadcasters and ASCAP is necessary; its exact nature will largely depend on the outcome of the legal struggle now going on.

#### Patents

Radio, talking pictures and the telephone may be considered analogous arts, in that they are all concerned with the reproduction of sound. Both scientific information and devices may be expected in some instances to be equally appropriate to them. For instance, a patented device as an amplifter may be useful for radio and sound pictures. Suppose that the patentee licenses A to manufacture and sell the device in the field of motion pictures and B only in the field of radio. and then contrary to the license. B manufactures the device for theatres and sells to C who has notice of the limitation of B's license. Is C guilty of infringement? Yes, according to General Talking Pictures v. Western Electric, 305 U. S. 675 59 Sup. Ct. 355 (1938). The Supreme Court of the United States announced that any use beyond the valid terms of a license was an infringement of the patent, and that the restrictive license was legal, since it embodied such a condition, the performance of which was reasonably

within the reward, which the patentee was entitled to secure. As the device was made and sold outside the scope of the license, the effect was precisely the same as if no license whatever had been granted. Since the purchaser knew the facts it was in no better position than if it had manufactured the device itself without a license. It was liable because it used the invention without license to do so.

Justice Black in his dissent argued that the Court was departing from its traditional view, "that when an article described in a patent is sold and passes to the hands of a purchaser, it is no longer within the limits of the monopoly. It passes outside of it and is no longer under the protection of the Act of Congress' . . . The departure here permits the patentee—by virtue of his contract with the manufacturer—to restrict the uses to which this purchaser and owner may put the device."

The dissent believes that the scope of the patent monopoly is dangerously widened by permitting unlimited restriction upon the use of patented articles in the hands of purchasers and that, as such, the extension is against public policy. But denial of the validity of such restriction may lead to an increase in patentee's selling price to compensate for his possible loss because of a smaller market, or may result in non-distribution of the patented device to the general public. Neither alternative is beneficial.

Then again, suppose a device is used to obtain an alternating current for a telephone. Subsequently, X patents a device changing a direct into an alternating current for use in an automobile radio. X discards an unwanted part of the telephone device and makes his own device smaller. Can there be an infringement of patent? No, according to Utah Radio Products Co. v. GMC, 106 F. (2d) 5 (C.C.A. 2d, 1939). The Court stated that X's device for doing the same thing as the telephone device was in an analogous art, and that neither the omission of the unwanted part nor the reduction in size constituted inventive thought. The case accords with well established principles in the law of patents.

## Defamation

Disagreement exists as to the nature of defamation by radio. Oregon and Washington statutes have defined it as libel, whereas California, Illinois and North Dakota have enacted legislation declaring it to be slander. A somewhat similar split is found in the decisions. However, New York calls an extemporaneous comment, slander, and reading from script, libel. Pennsylvania considers it a separate tort.

The significance of differentiating between libel and slander lies in the fact that the law limits recovery in the latter case to those damages which are actually proved, whereas for a libel the law presumes damage to the plaintiff although no proof of the damages suf-

fered is offered.

This entire problem received comprehensive treatment in the recent Pennsylvania case of Summit Hotel v. N.B.C., 8 A. (2d) 302 (Pa. 1939). The precise question involved, according to that Court, had never come before an Appellate Court in the United States or England, although foreshadowed in one or two decisions and ar-The issue posed was whether a radio broadcasting company, which leases its facilities, is liable for an impromptu defamatory statement, interjected "ad lib" into a radio broadcast by a person hired by the lessees, and not in the employ of the broadcasting The lower Court held that company. the defendants' liability was absolute and that it was immaterial that it had rented its facilities to another to publish and disseminate a non-defamatory program and that the defamatory interjection was spoken by the lessee's employee under circumstances which precluded anticipation or prevention by the broadcaster.

On appeal, however, the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania reversed the decision, rejecting the rule of absolute liability for radio defamation and applied a standard of due care.

The facts of the case are interesting.

N.B.C. rented its facilities to J. Walter Thompson, a commercial advertising corporation, for the transmission of a series of sponsored radio programs over one of its networks, comprising 26 stations. The series was sponsored by Shell Eastern Petroleum Products. The principal performer was Al Jolson, a comedian. All of the participants, including the announcer, were employed by the advertising company. A script for each program was prepared in advance, submitted to the broadcaster, and followed exactly by the performers at rehearsals in the broadcasting studio where it was approved. The script for June 15, 1935, called for an interview by Jolson with the winner of an annual golf championship. In broadcasting from the defendants' studio in New York City, Jolson suddenly interpolated an extemporaneous remark. In response to the golf champion's statement that he secured his first job at the Summit Hotel, Uniontown, Pa., Jolson said, "That's a rotten hotel." The interjected remark was made without warning; it did not appear in the script, had not been made at rehearsals and defendant, N.B.C., did not know the words were to be used. Present in the studio were defendants' production director and the Thompson program director; neither had an opportunity to prevent the interjection.

In an action of defamation brought to recover damages for injury to the hotel's business, no substantial attempt was made to show special damages. The trial judge instructed the jury that the remarks were slanderous per se. Upper Court assumed the remarks to be actionable per se, but noted that the defendant disputed it strenuously and "with much merit." The conclusion of the Supreme Court was that a "broadcasting company which leases its time and facilities to another, whose agents carried on the program, is not liable for interjected defamatory where it appears that it exercised due care in the selection of the lessee, and having inspected and edited the script, had no reason to believe an extemporaneous remark would be made" and could in no possible way have prevented the remark. But where the broadcasting station's employee or agent makes the defamatory remark, it is liable unless the remarks were privileged and there was no malice.

The Court, tracing the history of the doctrine of liability without fault in Pennsylvania, points out that it is restricted to redress for injuries to land, that it is not ordinarily applied to personal injuries and that it is a general exception to the modern rule that liability will not be predicated on innocent and diligent conduct. A close examination of Pennsylvania law will show that even in a suit against a publisher for defamatory remarks the rule is not one of absolute liability, as in some jurisdictions, but rather of a strict standard of care to ascertain the truth of published matter. And although this doctrine of absolute liability has been applied to radio broadcasting by analogy to the liability of newspapers in several cases in other jurisdictions, these cases are distinguishable on their facts and can be supported even under the Pennsylvania rule. Besides this analogy is inappropriate in view of the superior control in the hands of the newspaper publisher. The Court also rejects other analogies to telegraph and telephone, to dissemination by news vendors and booksellers, and to a loudspeaker device, as inherently weak.

It is dangerous, the Court states, to apply the fixed principles of the law of libel or slander to the tort of defamation by radio. The factors underlying the rule of liability for defamation are as follows: the extent and permanence of publication; the capacity for future, continuous harm; and the traditional belief in the veracity of the printed word. Newspaper defamations, according to the Court, possess possibilities for real harm far greater than radio defamations, as they constitute permanent, continuing records which, through circulation, are constantly republished. The radio word is quickly spoken and

quickly forgotten. Because of differences in the power of the stations, it may receive widely varying circulation. It is true that radio is a powerful agency and does to an extent compete with the newspapers. However, these factors are not sufficient to impose upon radio broadcasting the same rule of liability and thereby extend the Pennsylvania law of libel. Radio defamation, though possessing many attributes of both libel and slander, differs from each and may be regarded as a distinct form of action.

Furthermore, several other considerations militate against the application of the rule of absolute liability to broadcasting,—namely, the imposition of an unreasonably heavy burden on industry; possible guilt of criminal libel, though innocent of wrong; strict governmental regulation of radio via licensing as contrasted with freedom of speech; the infrequency of radio defamation plus patent check by government regulation; and opening the door to frauds and perjuries as gross as can be practised in actions of slander.

The Supreme Court of Pennsylvania has thus indicated keen insight into this problem. It has not, in accordance with the progressive spirit of the times, restricted the pleader to a particular form of action—libel or slander,—but has recognized a new and distinct tort of defamation by radio. It has weighed numerous countervailing factors in refusing to adopt a mechanical classification of the tort. And it has established as a basis of recovery, the flexible standard of due care.

On the other hand, a tenable argument may be made in favor of the imposition of absolute liability on the basis of public policy. In the instant case the injury was inflicted during a purely commercial enterprise. The defendant, who was the active party, is in a better position to shift the loss than the plaintiff, the passive victim. These considerations were entirely overlooked. Yet the Court's attitude is not surprising in view of the general reluctance in Pennsylvania to apply any

doctrine of absolute liability. This same attitude is expressed in an Iowa statute (Laws of 1937, C. 238) which specifically exempts from liability for any defamatory remark uttered as part of a radio broadcast, a broadcasting station, among others, if it "shall prove the exercise of due care to prevent publication or utterance of such statement in such broadcast."

In contrast with the elaborate analysis of radio defamation in the Summit Hotel case, the Massachusetts Court in Lynch v. Lyons, 20 N. E. (2d) 953 (Mass. 1939) did not discuss the question at all, but mechanically applied the pre-existing rules of dafamation. In an action for slander, based on statements made in radio speeches during the course of a political campaign in which the plaintiff and defendant were candidates for the office of Mayor, it was alleged in the first count that the defendant stated that the plaintiff charged relief (ERA) workers 10c each for cashing their pay checks, imputing that plaintiff, a substantial business man, for his own financial gain, was depriving the indigent, employed by the ERA, of a portion of their weekly wage for the service of cashing their checks; and in the second count. that the defendant stated that the Court records contained an action by the Commonwealth v. Lynch, in which the present plaintiff was found guilty of a violation of the liquor laws involving the sale of liquor to a minor, the inuendo being that the plaintiff was convicted of the crime of sale of liquor to a minor. In fact, a copy of the record disclosed that the complaint against Lynch, the present plaintiff, was for failure to keep a liquor book and that he was found guilty and sentenced to pay a fine. The defendant was not permitted to show by other evidence that the sale of liquor to a minor was involved. On appeal from the denial of defendant's motion for a directed verdict on the first count and for exclusion of evidence, the upper Court reversed as to the former, and sustained as to the latter.

As to the first count, the Court stated

that the acts charged to plaintiff were such as he had a legal right to do. The words and the inueudo did not impute the commission of a crime or dishonesty in office. The words were not actionable per se.

As to the second count, the Court said that the record had to speak for itself and could not be enlarged or explained by parole evidence. The words were actionable per se since they imputed the commission of a crime. Proof of justification by truth in slauder or libel must be as broad as the charge against the plaintiff. It was not here.

The failure of the Massachusetts Court to consider the nature of radio defamation may perhaps be attributed to rigid adherence to the common law form of actions—complaint clearly specified slander. The decision on the first count might have been different as there was no allegation of special damages. The case as a whole, however, is easily reconcilable with Summit Hotel v. N.B.C. supra, since the instant suit is against the speakers, not the broadcaster; the analogous situation in the Summit Hotel case would have been a suit against the performer—Jolson.

In recent years, radio has become a popular forum for the dissemination and discussion of current events, even to the extent of competing with newspapers. Periodic news summaries are broadcast over all stations. It is, therefore, natural to find reports of legislative, judicial or other public proceedings broadcasted. The question may therefore arise as to whether the common law privilege of a fair report of such proceedings, which has been embodied in several American and English statutes, applies to a radio broadcast thereof. In New York, the legislature passed a statute in 1939 (Laws 1939 c. 415, C.P.A. 337-A) protecting "a reporter, announcer, commentator, speaker, editor, broadcaster or proprietor of a radio broadcasting station facility or system" from any civil or criminal action for publication by radio broadcasting apparatus of a fair and true report (oral or written) of any judicial, legislative or other public or official proceedings or for any title or headnote to such a report which is a fair and true title or headnote thereto. An almost identical New York statute, protecting reporters, editors, publishers or proprietors of newspapers, has been on the books since 1930 (Laws 1930, c. 619, C.P.A. §337). Although no cases have as yet come up, it is safe to predict that, even in the absence of such protective legislation in other states, the same result would be reached under the common law.

## II. Procedural Aspect

# Federal Communication Commission

Pursuant to the interstate commerce clause of the federal Constitution, Congress has legislated over the field of radio communication. States cannot validly prescribe regulations covering interstate radio broadcasting. Regulations of this nature would be unconstitutional, and administrative activities thereunder enioinable. Therefore. where the New Jersey Board of Public Utility directed a radio station, admittedly engaged in interstate commerce, to apply for a certificate of public convenience and necessity, pursuant to the New Jersey Radio Broadcasting Act, the federal District Court correctly issued a permanent injunction against the Board and declared the New Jersey Act unconstitutional in its interstate operation, refusing to decide its unconstitutionality as to its intrastate operation, N.B.C. v. Board Public Utility Commissioners, 25 F. Supp. 761 (D. N. J. 1939). It would seem that where intrastate stations. operating pursuant to state supervision, but lacking federal license, substantially interfered with the federally licensed interstate stations, even such state regulation could be enjoined. The legitimate scope of state control probably covers only intrastate stations unable to interfere with the federally licensed ones.

In the exercise of its power, Congress created the Federal Communications Commission. This agency determines the granting of licenses in accordance with the "public interest, convenience or necessity." This criterion does not announce a standard so indefinite as to confer unlimited power. The yard-

stick for measuring the "public interest, convenience or necessity," as established by the Commission, includes, among other things,—a showing of citizenship, a need of services at the place, the ability of community to support the station and to furnish talent, the ability of the applicant to finance the construction and operation of the station, absence of objectionable interference with some other operating station, and conformity of the equipment with the rules of the Commission.

The Commission also decides on the renewal of licenses, "governed and limited by the same considerations and practice which affect the granting of original applications," namely, in the "public interest, convenience or necessity." However, Section 308 of the Act (47 U.S.C.A. §308 (Supp. 1938) provides that applications for renewals shall set forth such facts as prescribed by the Commission, as to citizenship, character, financial qualification, etc. And Section 312 (a) (47 U.S.C.A. §312 (a) (Supp. 1938) provides for revocation, inter alia, for violation of the Act or of authorized rules of the Commission. These two sections, according to the Court in Greater Kampeska Radio Corp. v. F. C. C. (App. D. C. 1939) (not yet reported), suggest the nature of the considerations Congress intended to be weighed and practices it intended to be followed, in determining whether applications for renewal should granted. Therefore, in considering an application for renewal, the past conduct of the applicant is an important consideration. The applicant's violations of the Act and the Commission's rules justify a denial of a renewal. Previous behavior indicates the character and fitness of the licensee, and nis qualifications to operate the station. Former renewals do not bar consideration of applicant's past record. The consideration of the need for service, efficiency of equipment and suitability of site must be weighed by the Commission along with those of the willingness and ability of the licensees to comply with the law and the rules of the Commission, as indicated in *Greater Kampeska Radio Corp.* v. F.C.C., supra.

Scientific advances in the field of radio equipment may compel the Commission to change certain of its technical requirements. For instance, the development of the directive antenna, which concentrates the station's signal in the areas desired to be served and limits the signal in other areas as not to cause interference with other stations, formed the basis of the Commission's departure from its usual allocation practice by reducing the distance between two stations of the same frequency, from 640 miles to 545. This explanation for the lack of electrical interference, despite reduced mileage separation, was accepted by the Court in Woodmen of the World Life Ins. Soc. v. F.C.C. 105 F (2d) 75 (App. D.C. 1939). The implication of this invention may be widespread; it may increase the number of stations physically possible; thereby lead to the granting of more licenses; thus sharpen competition for advertisers and talent: decrease income of existing licensees: etc. The discovery of other new devices may also lead to a similar chain of events. Such interrelated, fluctuating factors affect the Commission's decision in the granting or denial or renewal of licenses.

# The "Due Process" Requirement

The history of procedural due process is associated with civil and criminal procedure at common law. It is in this connection that its content has been spelled out. Certain requisites drawn therefrom are equally applicable to the field of administrative procedure.

It has been usually maintained that neither Court nor administrative agency may consider evidentiary matter not received in evidence. The absence of such a requirement would leave a party without an opportunity to disprove or offset matters which are being weighed by the tribunal, but of which he has not been informed. This would certainly be unjust to the party and would seem to violate the "due process" clause of the federal constitution. This element of due process was recognized in Sanders Bros. Radio Station v. F.C.C., 106 F. (2d) 321 (App. D.C. 1939), where the appellant alleged on information and belief that the Commission considered certain reports, not offered in evidence and not available to parties, in arriving at its decision. The Court forcefully proclaimed:— "Even the necessity of administrative efficiency cannot excuse the use of star chamber proceedings to deprive a citizen of a fair hearing. Consequently, if the Commission based its decision upon matter not introduced in evidence at the hearing, as was done in United States v. Abilene & Southern R. Co. 265 U. S. 274, 288, 44 Sup. Ct. 565, (1924), the order would have been void, because such matter cannot be considered as evidence when it is not introduced as such, a finding without evidence is beyond the power of the Commission, and an order or decision unsupported by evidence is void."

However, the Court found that the assertion of improper action was entirely unsupported by the record and was contradicted by the Commission's positive denial in its reply, and decided that under the circumstances, the presumption of regularity of official conduct controlled.

This view reflects the ordinary judicial attitude toward administrative procedure in erecting the same safeguards that govern the Court's conduct of trials

It has also been frequently stated, though not without contradiction, that due process requires an opportunity for oral or written argument. It might very well induce the tribunal to make

one finding, when without such argument, it may have made a contrary finding. The right of argument (oral or written), as held in the well known decision of Morgan v. U. S., 298 U. S. 468, 56 Sup. Ct. 906 (1936), is an indispensable step to a fair hearing. The failure to afford an opportunity to present oral argument was urged as a basis for invalidating an order of the Commission in Tri-State Broadcasting Co. v. F.C.C. (App. D.C. 1939) (not yet reported). Replying to this claim, the Court recognized the right of argument and pointed out that both the Communications Act and the Commission's rule pursuant thereto, provides for oral argument before the Commission in all cases heard by an examiner "on request of either party." However, an examination of the Act clearly shows that oral argument is not required to validate an order otherwise properly made. The clear words of the statute, the Court states, indicate the need of a request for oral argument. At no time did the appellant make such request. It failed to give the administrative body an opportunity to grant oral argument and cannot be heard to complain thereby for the first time in Court.

It seems that the appellant was sleeping on his rights. Oral argument, under the language of the statute, does not follow as a matter of course in all cases; its desirability in a particular instance is left to the parties. The Commission may, therefore, save a great deal of valuable time by not scheduling oral arguments unless requested. The denial of such a request, moreover, would primarily violate the statute, so that the Commission would be acting beyond its delegated authority. This action would raise no constitutional question since the statutory procedure conforms with the requirements of due process.

Findings of facts have also been deemed a requisite of due process of law. The function of such findings is lucidly described by the Court of Appeals in a footnote in *Sanders Bros. Radio Station v. F.C.C.*, 106 F. (2d)

321, 325 (App. D. C. 1939) in the following terms: ". . . the rule requiring courts and Commission to make basic findings of fact is designed to insure the decision of cases according to the evidence and the law rather than arbitrarily and in derogation of the facts and issues involved; and to apprise the parties and reviewing Court of the bases and validity of the decision thus rendered. In the absence of findings of basic facts the reviewing Court cannot determine whether the tribunal acted in accordance with the evidence presented. The requirement, therefore. is more than a mere technicality being a safeguard of the interests of all concerned."

The Court in the Sanders Bros. case. inter alia, correctly upheld appellant's contention that the Commission's decision could not be supported in view of the absence of a finding on one of the issues involved. The Commission argued that, since appellant, although given opportunity to do so, failed to furnish evidence to establish the issue. it was therefore not required to make a finding thereon. The Court, however, maintained that as the issue was clearly presented, the Commission was bound to decide it one way or the other, and to make appropriate findings of fact in support of its decision. Absence of findings, whatever the reason therefor, cannot take the place of adequate findings, and the Commission's decision cannot stand unless supported by such findings. Moreover, it is not the function of the Court to review the evidence to make findings or to justify their omission. It will not infer a proper finding on the issue from other related findings, as suggested by the Commission. Nor is it sufficient that there is much in the record or in the bill on appeal relating to the issue. The Commission must prepare the findings of fact on which its decision may be rested, otherwise the administrative process has not been completed and there is no proper basis for judicial review. Therefore, the Commission's decision is arbitrary and capricious and must be set aside.

The Court is not unduly harsh, for the requirement is well established and well known to the Commission. It does not impose an excessive burden nor unnecessarily hamper its action; and it is desirable because it clarifies the question and simplifies review. In fact, as the Communications Act requires such findings, the Commission's omission contravenes the statute.

The findings of facts must be stated in clear, unambiguous language. They must not leave room for differing interpretations, else they are uninformative and do not adequately serve their function. However, the Court may overlook one ambiguous finding where there are clear and unequivocal statements in other findings which form a sufficient basis for the Commission's determination, as was done in Yankee Network v. F.C.C. (App. D.C. 1939) (unreported to date). Iudicial leniency in such a case is commendable as it can in no way adversely affect the rights of the parties, saves time and money for all, and eliminates unnecessary delay, before the Commission's order becomes final. The Court's reprimand for ambiguity should be sufficient to prevent future recurrence.

Once the necessary findings have been made and then set out in unambiguous terms, they become final for purposes of judicial review, if based upon substantial evidence. In the exact language of the Act:—"findings of fact by the Commission, if supported by substantial evidence, shall be conclusive unless it shall clearly appear that the findings of the Commission are arbitrary or capricious," (47 U.S. C.A. §402 (e) (Supp. 1938). The crux of the problem lies in the meaning of the terms "substantial evidence." Their signification has been determined by reference to the opinion of the Supreme Court in N.L.R.B. v. Columbia Enameling & Stamping Co., 306 U.S. 292, 59 Sup. Ct. 501 (1939), which declared substantial evidence to be "more than a scintilla and must do more than create a suspicion of the existence of the fact to be established. It means such relevant evidence as a reasonable mind

might accept as adequate to support a conclusion [Consolidated Edison Co. v. N.L.R.B. 305 U.S. 197, 59 Sup. Ct. 206 (1939) ] and it must be enough to justify, if the trial were by a jury, a refusal to direct a verdict when the conclusion sought to be drawn from it is one of fact for the jury." So said the Court of Appeals in Courier Post Publ. v. F.C.C., 104 F. (2d) 213 (App. D.C. 1939) in reversing the Commission's order as based on a finding, not supported by substantial evidence and so arbitrary and capricious. Furthermore, it is not determinative that the evidence is susceptible of other conclusions than those drawn from it by the Commission, nor material that the Court might have arrived at other conclusions. Yankee Network v. F.C.C., supra. The Court is concerned with the weight of the evidence. It will not substitute its judgment for that of the Commission. See Evangelical Lutheran Synd v. F.C.A. 105 F. (2d) 793 (App. D.C. 1939).

The standard for determining "substantial evidence," above described, tends to assimilate the Commission to the position of the jury as the trier of facts. This may have been the congressional intention in view of its use of language having a well settled meaning at common law. Moreover, the same definition has been adopted by the Courts in interpreting an identical or similar provision in the Federal Trade Commission Act and in the National Labor Relations Act, respectively. In any event, the Court should avoid surrounding such an expert body as the Commission with rules imposed upon jury action because of its inexpertness.

## Rule of Priority

The main question of appeal in Colonial Broadcasters v. F.C.C., 105 F. (2d) 781 (App. D. C. 1939) was whether the Commission acted unlawfully in failing to consider and decide appellant's application contemporaneously and on a comparative basis with an application which had been filed and set for hearing prior to the filing of

appellant's application. The Commission's action was upheld. The Court referred the Commission's Rule 106-4 (now 12-21) which provides as follows:—

"In fixing dates for hearings the Commission will, so far as practicable, endeavor to fix the same date for hearings on all related matters which involve the same applicant, or arise out of the same complaint or cause; and for hearings on all applications which by reason of the privileges, terms or conditions requested present conflicting claims of the same nature, excepting, however, applications filed after any such application has been designated for hearing." (Italics supplied.)

According to the Court, this rule merely means that "where two applications are filed for the same facilities and neither has been set for hearing, the applications will be consolidated and heard together; but where, by reason of previous filing, one of the applications has been designated for hearing, the applications will be heard in turn and not necessarily on a comparative basis." This rule seems logical, reasonable and fair, as well as to promote orderly procedure. It is not inconsistent to adhere to the rule and yet permit a later applicant to intervene in the proceedings to show proper cause, if he can, why the application should not be granted. The statutory requirement of granting a license only in the public interest does not necessitate overlooking the fact of priority, leaving the field open to all newcomers and weighing all their respective merits, before the actual grant. To put the prior applicant in hodge-podge with the later applicants whose records are not made at the time his application is heard would encourage "strike" applications and would replace a fixed and easily applied standard by one of unlimited individual discretion, which should be avoided. That an advantage of positions may occasionally be conferred on persons acting promptly and with prevision does not militate against its validity. The Court maintained that

there was no abuse of discretion by the Commission.

The Commission rule on priorities is obviously one for the sake of administrative convenience. It also prevents excessive delay in accumulating too many applications, before considering their merits. The public interest is not sacrificed, since there must always be an affirmative showing, to the satisfaction of the Commission, of the usual considerations for the grant of a license.

The problem of priorities was also raised, but in a different manner, in two other cases: Pottsville Broadcasting Co. v. F.C.C., 105 F. (2d) 36 (App. D.C. 1939) (mandamus action) and McNinch v. Hectmeyer, 105 F. (2d) 41 (App. D. C. 1939) (suit to enjoin). The issue posed in both was whether, when the Court reverses a decision of the Commission and remands the case for further proceedings, the Commission is required to reconsider the same record in the light of the Court's opinion, or may reopen the case and hear it on an entirely new and different record. And incidental to the latter alternative the priority of the applicant was to be disregarded, as the Commission intended to hear and consider the prior and subsequent applications on a "comparative basis." In both cases, the Court directed reconsideration by the Commission on the record originally considered, stating that the Commission may not disregard the priority of the applicant and consider its application on a comparative basis with subsequent applications on records made after the Commission original decision.

The reasoning of the Court in the Pottsville case was as follows:—the Act empowers the Court to determine appeals on the record, to affirm or reverse the decision of the Commission, and in the event of reversal, to remand the case to the Commission to carry out the Court's judgment, which shall be final, subject, however, to review on certiorari to the Supreme Court [47 U.S.C.A. §402 (e) (Supp.

1938) J. As far as practicable the Court's order on appeal from the Commission ought to have the same effect and be governed by the same rules as apply in appeals from a lower federal Court to an appellate federal Court in an equity proceeding.

The rule, briefly stated, is,—"when a case has been decided on appeal and remanded to the trial Court, the latter has no authority, without leave of the appellate court, to grant a new trial, a rehearing, or a review, or to permit new defenses on the merits to be introduced by amendment of the answer." Of course, the Commission may upon a showing of newly discovered evidence or upon a showing of supervening facts which go to the very right of the applicant to have a license, to remake the record in those respects without the necessity of a bill of review or other like technical methods of bringing into the record new and previously undiscovered facts, but there should be some control of the exercise of this right and control is of necessity lodged in the Court.

Furthermore, the Court points out, the petitioner ought not now be put in any worse position than it occupied at the original hearing and therefore should not now be put in hodge-podge with later applicants whose records were not made at the time of the previous hearing, thus destroying his priority under Rule 106.4 (now 12.21).

McNinch v. Heitmeyer, supra, accepted the rule announced in the Pottsville case. The only substantial difference (apart from the different procedures followed) is that in the Heitmeyer case, the Commission, instead of passing on all of the issues set down for hearing before the examiner, denied the application on the single ground of applicant's lack of financial qualification and made no findings as to the other matters in issue, as was done in the Pottsville case. This difference was not considered material, though it does indicate that the administrative process is nearer completion in the Pottsville case.

Thus the Court, by analogy to the judicial hierarchy, relegates the Commission to the position of a lower tribimal and at the same time arrogates to itself the discretion of reopening a record. It rejects absolute administrative authority to determine the rights of applicants for permits without regard to previous findings or decisions made by it or by the Court which, in fact, was the real bone of contention. The criterion of public interest, convenience or necessity, in accordance with which the Commission is required to act, does not, as the Court maintains, set up such an indefinite standard as to confer unlimited power. The rule of priority, established by the Commission for the sake of administrative convenience, has been turned into a limitation upon the Commission's action, thereby freezing administrative procedure into a pattern—the very evil sought to be avoided by use of administrative bodies. In fact, the language of the rule may well permit the construction that its application is for the convenience of the Commission and therefore discretionary. Again, if the rule of priority is considered, mandatory, thus precluding a consideration of later claims on a comparative basis, it would seem to contravene the public interest, convenience or necessity. On the other hand, the denial of the priority would be unfair to prior applicants and would cause excessive delay because of the new matters to be presented.

# Exclusive Appellate Jurisdiction

The Radio Act of 1927 authorized an election to appeal either to the Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia or to the appropriate District Court. The language of the Act of 1934 is materially different. In the latter Act, Congress has made the Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia the sole appellate body (with right to petition for certiorari to the Supreme Court) whereby the action of the Commission can be tested. The question then arises

whether any other method for attacking the Commission's actions is available. Does a suit to enjoin, which contests the propriety of the Commission's action, violate the statutory provision, designating the appellate body? Is the appellate procedure such a plain, speedy, adequate remedy at law as to ground a denial of the equitable remedy? At what point in the administrative process can such attack be made, if at all? These issues were presented in Black River Valley Broadcasts v. McNinch. 101 F. (2d) 235 (App. D.C. 1939). The facts are as follows: The Commission, after hearings on certain applications. denied W's and granted plaintiff's. Thereupon, plaintiff, pursuant to a construction permit, began to erect its antenna, expending a considerable sum. Within the statutory period, W petitioned for a rehearing of its application and also that of the plaintiff. Plaintiff filed an opposition to this pe-Thereafter, the Commission granted W's petition, ordering a hearing de novo. And upon the Commission's denial of plaintiff's request for a reconsideration of its order granting the petition for rehearing, plaintiff filed a bill in equity for a decree declaring that its construction permit was a valid authorization and enjoining the Commission from conducting the rehearing. The Commission answered. alleging, inter alia, the absence of a final decision by the Commission on the plaintiff's application, the presence of a plain, speedy remedy at law by appeal under the statute, and lack of irreparable harm. The district court dismissed the bill and the Court of Appeals affirmed, stating that the bill does not set up a cause of action recognizable in equity.

As the exclusive remedy provided by the statute to test the Commission's action is vested in the Court of Appeals, it follows, according to the Court of Appeals, that other courts do not grant equitable relief in such cases. Furthermore, this statutory provision for appeal, made the exclusive remedy for an aggrieved party before the Commission, is a recognition and adoption by Congress of the well known rule that injunctive relief can not be granted where the complaining party has a plain, adequate and complete remedy at law. The establishing of the administrative tribunal together with the exclusive remedy of appeal from decisions of that tribunal to the Court. provides a plain, adequate and complete remedy. And no one is entitled to judicial relief for a supposed or threatened injury until the prescribed administrative remedy has been exhausted. Here, the plaintiff seeks to invoke injunctive relief at a point in the administrative proceedings where the rights of none of the parties have been finally determined by the Commission. Lastly, as there was no final grant of a permit or a license to the plaintiff, it went forward with the project of construction at its own risk.

The Court properly refused to allow a blockade of the duties of the agency, requiring complete exhaustion of the administrative process before the invoking of judicial remedies. Its underlying philosophy accords with the recent declaration of the Supreme Court in Meyers v. Bethlehem Shipbuilding Corp., 303 U.S. 41, 58 Sup. Ct. 459 (1939), holding that all administrative remedies must be exhausted before judicial relief can be invoked. This view suggests that the Courts have created a self-imposed limitation in their review of administrative agencies.

The Court recognized the adoption of the old equitable rule of an adequate legal remedy in both the Judicial Code and the appellate provision of the Communications Act. For this same reason, an injunction was denied in McNinch v. Heitmeyer, supra. The Court pointed out that the legal remedy of mandamus or appeal after completion of the administrative process was available. In both the Black River and Heitmeyer cases, the Court practically assumes from the existence of the legal remedies, their completeness, plainness and adequacy, and does not trouble to explain how the available remedy meets the test applied. Even at common law, the application of this test caused much difficulty.

## Appealable Interest

The question of who has an appealable interest has proved both perplexing and highly controversial. It can better be understood after an examination of the statutory provision for appeal, which states: "An appeal may be taken to the United States Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia in any of the following cases: (1) By any applicant for a construction permit for a radio station, or for a radio station license or for renewal of an existing radio station license, or for modification of an existing radio station license, whose application is refused. (2) By any other person aggrieved or whose interests are adversely affected by any decision of the Commission granting or refusing any such application. (3) By any radio operator whose license has been suspended." 47 U.S.C.A. §402 (b) 1, 2, 3 (Supp. 1938).

Subdivision (1) and (3) are plain on their face. The major dispute rages around the meaning of the catch-all subdivision (2). Some of the questions raised are:-Who is an "aggrieved" person? What is the scope of "interests adversely affected"? Does it mean anyone who might suffer as a result of the Commission's action because, for instance, he might generally dislike all broadcasting? Does it include one adversely economically affected as newspapers, magazines, other advertising media, etc.? Is one aggrieved because of the mere possibility of electrical interference? The language of the statute is literally broad enough to cover all the situations suggested, but obviously it was not the Congressional intention to produce such absurd

The content of "appealable interest" is being spelled out via litigation. Several recent cases have turned on whether the creation of "unfair," "destructive," and "ruinous" competition grounds an appeal under Section 402 (b) (2). A

final determination of this question has been made in the affirmative. The first case so to hold was Sanders Bros. Radio Station v. F.C.C., supra. In that case, the F.C.C. granted an application of X to construct a new radio broadcasting station at Dubuque, Iowa, At the same time, it granted an application of Sanders Bros. to move its station to Dubuque from across the river. Sanders Bros, petitioned for a rehearing of the decision granting X's application; its petition was denied, and this appeal was taken. On appeal, Sanders Bros. raised the question of economic injury, maintaining that there was not sufficient economic support for two stations, that the decrease in revenue would lead to impairment of service, and that greater losses than heretofore suffered by appellant would result.

The Court of Appeals held that an economic injury to an existing station through the establishment of an additional station furnishes proper grounds of contest on appeal. It added that "where the effect of granting a new license will be to defeat the ability of the holder of the old license to carry on in the public interest, the application should be denied, unless there are overweening reasons of a public nature for granting it" and "it is obviously a stronger case where neither liceusee will be financially able to render adequate service," this being the clear intent of \$402 (b) (2).

The second case was Yankee Network v. F.C.C., supra. A applied to the F.C.C. for permission to increase its power. B, another station in the same community, intervened, claiming that the change would cause such decrease in revenue as to impair its service. The Commission found that such results would not follow, and granted A's application. Thereupon, B appealed. The Commission challenged B's standing to protest. The Court dismissed the appeal on the facts and strongly reaffirmed the position taken in the Sanders Bros. case, that destructive competition constitutes a sufficient basis of appeal.

In the course of its opinion, the Court explicitly rejected the Commission's contention that the appellant had to show injury to a legal right (existing apart from statute) and that there was no legal right to be free from competition. The Court pointed out that Congress had the power to provide safeguards against destructive economic injury to existing licensees and did so. While it is true that Congress intended to preserve competition in broadcasting as indicated in the statute, it does not follow therefrom that Congress intended the Commission to grant or deny an application in any case other than in the interest of the public. The test is not whether there is a monopoly, on the one hand or an overabundance of competition on the other, but whether the grant or denial of the application will best serve the interest of the public. The rapidly increasing number of stations and the resulting competition for advertising and program talent have dangerous possibilities. If destructive competition is permitted to develop, then the more effective use of radio in the "public interest" cannot be achieved.

Again, in Tri-State Broadcasting Co. Inc. v. F.C.C., (App. D.C. 1939) (not vet reported), the Commission challenged the right of an existing licensee to appeal from its grant of a licensee to a newcomer on the basis of economic injury, as it was merely damnum absoue injuria, even if suffered. The Court cited the Sanders Bros. and Yankee Network cases as adverse to the Commission's contention, but dismissed the appeal on the facts. The granting of the license would not, according to the Court, result in such a reduction in income as to require deterioration of appellant's service to the public nor create and foster "unfair, destructive and ruinous competition" as to bring appellant within the limits of §402 (b) (2). The mere showing that the income of an existing station might be reduced if another station entered its field was not considered sufficient.

The criterion of economic injury is designed to prevent the impairment of

the financial ability required of a licensee and protect his revenue so as to permit him to render adequate service. It is admittedly undesirable to allow competition of such nature as will drive existing licensees out of business, especially in view of the considerable investment in equipment. However, a mere decrease in income resulting from additional competition does not afford a basis of appeal. It would seem that as the number of stations increases, the total revenue remaining approximately the same, there is greater probability that each new grant of a license will cause ruinous competition. In short, the industry can support only a limited number of stations which can properly serve the public interest. The test provides a guide to the Commission which must examine the basic economic facts in each situation.

A second criterion of grievance, namely, the creation of objectionable interference has been posited in two recent cases of Ward v. F.C.C., supra, and Woodmen of the World Life Ins. Soc. v. F.C.C., 105 F. (2d) 175 (App. D.C. 1939). In the former, a companion case to the Yankee Network, Inc. v. F.C.C., the appellant, licensed on a kilocycle frequency of 1470, intervened in the hearing of X's application for a license to operate its station on the same frequency, and appealed from the Commission's decision granting X's application. During this time, the appellant had on file with the Commission. its own application for an increase in power and a construction permit, which application had not yet been acted on.

The Court stated that the same considerations upon which an injury to economic interests might be sufficient to bring licensee within the terms of \$402 (b) (2) as an aggrieved person, were equally applicable in the case of objectionable electrical interference. And the pendency of appellant's own application for an increase in power and a construction permit, did not operate to cut of any right which might exist in his favor under \$402 (b) (2), under which he asserted his rights to

appeal. Furthermore, according to the Court, if the Commission's prior consideration of a previously filed and copending application where request had been made for a joint hearing, had "seriously" prejudiced an applicant, in such a case the later applicant would have an appealable interest as a person aggrieved. But there was no request for a joint hearing in this case.

Similarly, it was amounced in the Woodmen case, supra, that objectionable interference to one licensee, resulting from the granting of an increase in power to another licensee grounded an appeal by the former as an aggrieved person. Here too the appeal was dismissed since the finding of no objectionable interference was supported by substantial evidence and hence not arbitrary.

The test of electrical interference is a clear recognition of the operation of natural phenomena. The quantity of such interference would seem to be measurable by experts, but its permissible extent is a question of fact and policy to be determined by the Commission in accordance with the public interest.

Electrical interference, as a purely scientific problem, may be reduced by the use of devices as directive antennae. Consequently, additional stations may become physically possible. As more are licensed, their cumulative interference, as well as the concomitant growth of competition, will provide their own check against an excessive increase in the number of stations.

#### Conclusion

Statutory and administrative compliance with the essentials of due process in respect to non-reliance on confidential reports, oral or written argument, and findings of fact has virtually eliminated the bases of constitutional attack upon the functioning of the Federal Communications Commission. The narrower question of conformance to the legislative formula has been raised and administrative deviations rectified. However, "so long as the Commission complies with the mandate of the statute, it has and

should have, wide discretion in determining questions of both public policy and of procedural policy, and in making and applying appropriate rules therefor. It is not the function of this Court [that is, Court of Appeals for the District of Columbial to direct the Commission as to the routine of its administrative procedure so long as it conforms to the law." Therefore, it is the duty of the Court not to convert discretionary rules of procedure, established merely for the sake of administrative convenience into mandatory requirements strictly to be followed by the Commission in every case. Nor should the existence of a so-called analogous practice at common law, prove necessarily determinative, unless it indisputably accords with the Congressional intention and will not unduly constrict the action of the Commission. Nor should there be a religious application of the doctrine of stare decisis to decisions of the Commission, in view of the flexible standard of "public interest" to guide it and the fluctuating factors to be weighed.

It is, of course, highly desirable that the Commission be permitted to complete the administrative process without interference and interruption by auxiliary or collateral suits, to enjoin, begun by complaining parties. Thus, harassing suits, which may tie up administrative action and cause the loss of time and money, will be discouraged. The controversial subject of the nature of an "appealable interest" has been considered by the Court and two criteria, designed ultimately to protect the public interest, have been established, namely, destructive competition and objectionable interference.

Radio created problems in trademarks, unfair competition, copyright, patents and defamation. A necessary adjustment in the law has been and is being made through the process of litigation and legislation. Old principles have been applied to novel situations and new doctrines have been expounded when considered necessary.

Radio is finding its place both in science and in the law.

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ROBINSON, C. RAY Bank of America Bldg. Merced, Calif. ROLLO, REED T. National Press Bldg. Washington, D. C. RONON, GERALD Packard Bldg. Philadelphia, Pa. ROSENTHAL, ISADOR S. 50 Court St. Brooklyn, N. Y ROSENZWEIG, MANHEIM 2 Columbus Circle New York, N. Y. RUSSELL, CHARLES T. 140 West St. New York, N. Y. RUSSELL, PERCY H., JR. National Press Bldg. Washington, D. C. RYAN, WILLIAM 122 W. Washington Ave. Madison, Wise. SAMMOND, FREDERIC Wise. Nat'l Bank Bldg. Milwaukee, Wisc. SCHARFELD, ARTHUR W. National Press Bldg. Washington, D. C. SCHROEDER, ARTHUR H. National Press Bldg. Washington, D. C. SCOTT, FRANK D. Munsey Bldg. Washington, D. C. SEEMAN, BERNARD J. 1st Nat'l Bk. Bldg. Denver, Colo. SEGAL, PAUL M. Woodward Bldg. Washington, D. C.
SENNEFF, JOHN A., JR.
Mason City, Iowa SHEA, GEORGE F. Tower Bldg,
Washington, D. C.
SHERLEY, SWAGAR
American Security Bldg. Washington, D. C. SMITH, MISS ELIZABETH C. F.C.C. Washington, D. C. SMITH, GEORGE S. Woodward Bldg. Washington, D. C. SMITH, KARL A. Colorado Bldg. Washington, D. C. SMITH, MILTON 931 14th St. Denver, Colo.

SMITH, WM. MONTGOMERY
Shoreham Bldg. Washington, D. SMITH, WILLIAM P. Metropolitan Bank Bldg. Washington, D. C. SOCOLOW, A. WALTER 608 Fifth Ave. New York, N. Y. SOULE, O. P. Walker Bank Building Salt Lake City, Utah SOVIK, LAURENCE, ESQ. SOVIK, LAURENCE, ESQ.
University Building
Syraeuse, N. Y.
SPEARMAN, PAUL D. P.
Munsey Bldg.
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SPRAGUE, E. STUART
117 Liberty St.
New York, N. Y.
ST. CLAIR, ORLA
311 California St.
Sm. Ferneiseo, Calif

Munsey Bldg. Washington, D. C. STEVENS, RICHARD K. Packard Building Philadelphia, Pa. STOLLENWERCK, FRANK National Press Bldg. Washington, D. C. SULLIVAN, FRANCIS C. Alworth Building Duluth, Minn. SUTTON, GEORGE O. National Press Bldg. Washington, D. C. SWEZEY, ROBERT D. 30 Rockefeller Plaza New York, N. Y. SYKES, JUDGE EUGENE O. Munsey Bldg. Washington, D. C. TEMIN, HENRY 1420 Walnut St. Philadelphia, Pa. TUCKER, JOHN H. Commercial Building Shreveport, La. TUMULTY, JOSEPH P., JR. 1317 F St., N. W. Washington, D. C. TYLER, VARRO E.

109 South Ninth St.
Nebraska City, Nebr.
VAN ALLEN, JOHN W. Liberty Bank Bldg. Buffalo, N. Y. VAN DEN BERG, GEORGE Evans Bldg. Washington, D. C Washington, D. C.
VAN ORSDEL, RALPH
725 13th St., N. W.
Washington, D. C.
WADDELL, JAMES E.
Bowen Bldg.
Washington, D. C. WALKER, HENRY B. Evansville, Ind. WALKER, RALPH L. F.C.C. Washington, D. C WALLACE, HOWARD E.
Judge Building
Salt Lake City, Utah
WARNER, HARRY P. Woodward Building Washington, D. C. WATTAWA, JOHN 1317 F St. Washington, D. C. WAYLAND, CHARLES V. Earle Building Washington, D. C WEBSTER, BETHUEL M. 15 Broad St. New York, N. WEEKES, JOHN WESLEY
Decatur, Georgia
WELCH, FRANCIS X. Munsey Bldg. Washington, D. C. WHARTON, JOHN H. 67 Broad St. New York, N. Y. WHISSELL, GEORGE B. Telephone Bldg. St. Louis, Mo.
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WILLEBRANDT, MISS M. W.
Shoreham Building Washington, D. C. WILLIAMS, A. RAE Investment Bldg. Washington, D. C. WING, JOHN E. 72 West Adams St. Chicago, Ill.

STEPHENS, HUBERT D.

San Francisco, Calif.

# LEGISLATIVE DIGEST

Digest of Radio Legislation Introduced Into The Senate and House of Representatives During The Seventy-Sixth Congress-(First Session).

> (An asterisk (\*) following a bill number indicates that the bill so marked has been reported or otherwise advanced.)

## SENATE

Mr. Vandenberg; January 5, 1939 (Post Offices and Post Roads). S. 332. Provides that "manuscripts of authors' works other than actual correspondence" may be carried in the mails as third- and fourth-class matter. [Under

present law "proof sheets and manuscript copy accompanying same" are so

classified—U. S. C. 39: 325, 240.]

Mr. Johnson of Colorado; January 10, 1939 (Interstate Commerce).

As reported in Senate April 28, 1939:

Amends the Communications Act of 1934 [U. S. C. 47: 316] to prohibit the advertising of alcoholic beverages by radio, subject to maximum fine of \$1,000, 1 year imprisonment, or both, and revocation of basic permit by the Federal Alcoholic Administrator.

Mr. Sheppard; January 12, 1939 (Interstate Commerce).

The Federal Communications Commission shall have authority to issue radio station operators' licenses only to applicants 21 years of age or over, but the Commission may waive the age-limit in issuance of license to amateur operators [amending U. S. C. 47: 303 (1)].

S. 575. Mr. Capper; January 12, 1939 (Interstate Commerce).

Penalizes interstate transmission, by mail or otherwise, of advertisements for alcoholic beverages or of order solicitations in newspapers, periodicals, news reels, photographic films or records. Advertising by radio is also prohibited, or the sending of circular letters, etc., into states which bar liquor advertisements.

Mr. Reynolds; January 12, 1939 (Commerce).

The provisions of the act [36 Stat. 1358] for establishing marine schools at certain designated ports are broadened to authorize the chairman of the U.S. Maritime Commission on the application of the governor of any State, Territory, or possession of the United States, or the chief executive of another nation on approval of the Secretary of State, to furnish suitable vessels, aircraft, radio apparatus, etc., for the use of any nautical school, college, or university conducting approved courses in seamanship, engineering, aviation, etc. To aid in constructing and equipping such schools and in operating them, appropriations are authorized on a matching basis with the States, etc. The coast line of the United States and its Territories is to be divided into maritime districts equal in number to the total of the States (including inland States), Territories, and possessions for the purpose of providing suitable sites for schools.

Provides for the erection and operation of radio stations in each district for intercommunication between the schools and as a coastal network if needed as a screen against foreign radio penetration and propaganda in times of war. Four of such stations (located on the Atlantic, Pacific, and Gulf coasts and on the Great Lakes) shall be capable of being received around the world and shall broadcast regular programs of hydrographic information, storm warnings, edu-

cational programs, code messages to American Embassies, etc.

Establishes a U. S. Maritime Corps consisting of maritime workers, students, instructors, and employees of nautical schools who apply for enlistment therein; members shall be permitted, if eligible, to transfer to the Naval Reserve without examination. They shall be required annually to perform 15 days active employment in a regular maritime occupation and shall receive a base pay therefor prescribed by the Chairman of the U.S. Maritime Commission. They may, with their consent, be order to active duty. The uniform of the Corps shall be of a special design or bear a special emblem or insignia.

Authorizes appropriation of \$10,000,000 annually for the purposes of this act.

S. 635. Mr. Schwellenbach; January 16, 1939 (Interstate Commerce).

Each licensee of a radio broadcasting station shall set aside regular periods for uncensored discussion on a nonprofit basis of public, social, political, and economic problems, and for educational purposes. Equivalent facilities shall be afforded opposing viewpoints. The licensing authority and licensees shall have no power of censorship, and no license shall be revoked for broadcast of such material. (Present law [U. S. S. 47: 315] requires that equal facilities be afforded opposing candidates for public office.)

S. 636. Mr. Schwellenbach; January 16, 1939 (Interstate Commerce).

Radio-broadcasting stations shall keep records (to be open to public inspection) of: (1) Applications for time; (2) rejections of applications, with reason; (3) additions and changes requested in arranged programs on public, social, political, and economic issues and on educational subjects. [Adding to § 315 of the Communications Act of 1934, U. S. C. 47: 315.]

S. 637. Mr. Schwellenbach; January 16, 1939 (Interstate Commerce).

The provision of the Communications Act (§ 326) forbidding interference with the right of free speech by means of radio communication shall not be construed to exempt a radio licensee from liability for defamatory, profane, or obscene language or action broadcast by its employees or representatives [in lieu of the provision forbidding any person to utter any obscene, indecent, or profane language by means of radio communication].

S. 1027. Mr. Capper; January 26, 1939 (Judiciary).

In proceedings before United States courts, the grand jury, either House of Congress or any committee thereof, newspaper reporters, editors, or publishers shall not be compelled to disclose the course of confidential information obtained for publication.

S. 1095. Mr. Shepard; January 28, 1939 (Interstate Commerce). See Senate Bill No. 550.

S. 1268. Mr. Wheeler; February 9, 1939 (Interstate Commerce).

Establishes a Federal Communications and Radio Commission (to be administered by a board of three members appointed by the President for staggered 6-year terms) and transfers to it all the powers, etc., of the Federal Communications Commission. The board shall appoint necessary personnel including administrative assistants for broadcasting, communications carriers, and international radio and communications. Transfers to the Commission all personnel of the Federal Communications Commission, except those whose offices are abolished, for a period of 2 to 4 months. Such personnel shall have preference in appointment. Continues all orders, proceedings, etc., of the Federal Communications Commission.

S. 1520. Mr. White; February 21, 1939 (Interstate Commerce).

Increases the membership of the Federal Communications from 7 to 11 and abolishes the offices of the present members. Divides the Commission into two divisions (Public Communications and Private Communications) of 5 members each, the chairman to be ex officio (without a vote) member of both divisions. The chairman shall be appointed for a 6-year term at \$12,000, while the other members shall have staggered 6-year terms at \$10,000.

Division of Public Communications shall determine all cases relating to wire and radio communications intended to be received by the public directly. The Division of Private Communications shall determine cases involving communications by common carriers. The whole Commission shall have jurisdiction over the assignment of bands of frequencies, the adoption of rules and regulations, emergency communications, the communications of amateur stations, their licensing, etc.

Extends the Commission's power to regulate consolidations, etc., of telephone companies to all carriers (i. c. carriers for hire in interstate or foreign communications by wire or radio except radio broadcasters).

Permits the Commission to grant licenses to standard broadcast stations for terms of from 1 to 3 years (other stations—from 1 to 5 years), while licenses for shorter periods may be granted for experimental stations, etc.

Repeals § 314, dealing with the preservation of competition in commerce, and § 315 dealing with equal facilities for candidates for public office. Persons discussing public or political questions by radio shall first deliver in writing to the station licensee, the name of the person or organization on whose behalf such broadcast is made. The name of the speaker and the other information shall be announced at the beginning and end of such broadcast. In the case of

public officers, the following shall be announced: (1) name; (2) office; (3) whether such office is elective or appointive; and (4) by whom elected or appointed. Station licensees may not censor, alter, or control the political or partisan trend of material broadcast but if slanderous or libelous, such licensee may demand a copy thereof in advance in order to delete the slander or libel.

Suits to enforce, enjoin, set aside, annul, or suspend an order of the Commission (except those appealable to the Circuit Court of Appeals, District of Columbia) shall be prosecuted in the same manner as suits to enforce, etc., orders of the Interstate Commerce Commission. All such suits except suits to enforce such orders may also be brought in the District Court, District of Columbia. The following cases may be appealed to the Circuit Court of Appeals, District of Columbia: (1) denial of an application for an instrument of authorization for construction or operation of a radio station; (2) denial of an application for authority to transfer or assign any such instrument or control of a corporation holding such instument; (3) by other parties aggrieved by any decision of the Commission granting or denying such applications; and (4) by the holder of a revoked or suspended instrument of authority required by this act. In such appeals the review shall be limited to questions of law; findings of fact by the Commission if supported by substantial evidence shall be conclusive unless they clearly appear to be arbitrary and capricious. The court's decision shall be final except for review by the Supreme Court on certiorari [amending § 402].

S. 2058. Mr. Nye; April 4, 1939 (Post Offices and Post Roads).

Requires persons conducting contests by mail, by advertisement in newspapers, etc., in interstate commerce, or by any other facility of such commerce, to announce publicly the name of each winner and his entry.

S. 2251. Mr. Chavez; April 27, 1939 (Foreign Relations).

Directs the Secretary of the Navy to construct the United States Pan American Radio Station in or near Washington, D. C., with power sufficient to transmit programs throughout the Western Hemisphere upon high frequencies. Authorizes \$3,000,000 for construction, \$100,000 for maintenance in 1940, and necessary sums thereafter. The programs of the station, to be selected by the Secretary of State, shall be such as to promote friendly relations, and strengthen cultural, political, and commercial ties. An ex officio advisory council is provided for. Private commercial companies may use the station, without profit, and present programs approved by the Secretary of State.

S. 2466. Mr. Sheppard; May 22, 1939 (Interstate Commerce).

Directs the Federal Communications Commission to refuse licenses and renewals thereof to stations having an authorized power in excess of 50 kilowatts which broadcast network programs. Upon advance application to the Commission, network programs may be permitted in the public interest, but not to exceed 1 hour in any calendar month [adding U. S. C. 41: 307½].

S. 2611. Mr. Wheeler; June 15, 1939 (Interstate Commerce).

As passed by Senate July 18, 1939:

Authorizes the Federal Communications Commission to purchase land, etc., in Massachusetts and to erect thereon a radio-monitoring station.

#### RESOLUTIONS

S. Res. 94. Mr. White; March 6, 1939 (Interstate Commerce).

Directs the Senate Committee on Interstate Commerce to investigate the Federal Communications Commission, censorship of communications, license fee system, network and newspaper control, effects of high power, information required from applicants for station licenses, and the competition between communication companies in domestic service and the competition between companies in communication between the United States and foreign countries.

## **HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES**

H. R. 36. Mr. Curley; January 3, 1939 (Judiciary).

Prohibits the holding in contempt by any United States court of any editor, news reporter, correspondent, journalist, or publisher who refuses to reveal the source of confidential communications or conversations obtained for publication in the press, and written in the interest of public welfare, provided such conversation, etc., does not constitute an act of treason (adding to U. S. C. 28: 385).

- H. R. 94. Mr. Maloney; January 3, 1939 (Interstate and Foreign Commerce). Personal endorsements of articles by radio, if paid for, must be accompanied by statement to that effect.
- H. R. 251. Mr. Culkin; January 3, 1939 (Interstate and Foreign Commerce). Amends the Communications Act of 1934 (U. S. C. 41: 316) to prohibit the advertising of alcoholic beverages by radio.
- H. R. 253. Mr. Culkin; January 3, 1939 (Interstate and Foreign Commerce). See Senate Bill No. 575.
- H. R. 924. Mr. Culkin; January 3, 1939 (Interstate and Foreign Commerce). See Senate Bill No. 575.
- H. R. 2721. Mr. Celler; January 18, 1939 (Naval Affairs).

Instructs the Secretary of the Navy to construct a radio broadcasting station with power sufficient to transmit programs throughout the United States and other countries of the Western Hemisphere upon high frequencies, said station to be located at Jacksonville, Fla., to be known as the Pan American Radio Station. Authorizes \$700,000 for construction and \$100,000 annually for operation and maintenance.

The United States Commissioner of Education shall be in charge of all programs for said station. He shall select programs which will render a distinct national or international service, which will promote a better understanding among Republics of the American Continent, and which will be of educational and cultural value. No commercial advertising shall be permitted on said programs. General policies shall be determined by an advisory council which shall include the Secretary of State, the Director General of the Pan American Union, the Chairman of the Federal Communications Commission, the Commissioner of Education, and such other Government officials as the President may select. The council may permit privately owned radio companies to use the facilities of the Pan American Radio Station during certain periods provided that their programs do not interfere with the general purposes of this act.

H. R. 2981. Mr. Celler, January 20, 1939 (Judiciary).

Amends the Judicial Code to provide that owners, lessees, licensees, and operators of radio stations shall not be liable for libelous, slanderous, and defamatory statements made during a broadcast by one other than owners, lessees, licenses, or operators or their agents and employees if due care was exercised to prevent their publication [U. S. C. 28: 400].

- H. R. 3582. Mr. Flannery; February 1, 1939 (Interstate and Foreign Commerce).
   Advertisements of imported articles shall contain in a conspicuous place, a definite statement of the country of their origin. Radio broadcasters shall state the country of origin at the beginning and end of the period.
- H. R. 3752. Mr. Lea; February 6, 1939 (Interstate and Foreign Commerce). See Senate Bill No. 550.
- H. R. 4224. Mr. Lea; February 16, 1939 (Interstate and Foreign Commerce). Establishes a Federal Communications and Radio Commission in place of the Federal Communications Commission—similar to S. 1268 as introduced.
- H. R. 4684. Mr. McLeod; March 2, 1939 (Interstate and Foreign Commerce).

  Broadcasting stations may be licensed for periods of 3 to 5 years (now not over 2 years); reneweds are to be four not less than 2 years [umendien H. S. C.

over 3 years); renewals are to be for not less than 3 years [amending U. S. C. 47: 307 (d)].

In acting upon applications for renewals, the commission shall not consider the political views expounded over the station, or held or expressed by the applicant. Where an applicant states under oath that he believes a refusal to renew is based upon such considerations, he may appeal to the "district court of appeals" for a mandamus, and pending such action the license shall remain in force [amending U. S. C. 47: 307 (e)].

H. R. 4798. Mr. O'Toole; March 6, 1939 (Judiciary).

Only members of the bar who are also admitted to practice (or at least not debarred from practice) before the particular department or agency of the Government may represent any person or corporation in connection with any claim or matter before it involving the construction or interpretation of the Constitution or a law of the United States.

Authorizes the heads of departments and agencies to make rules of practice and procedure applicable to proceedings before their departments, etc.; existing rules and regulations are to be continued (not more than 90 days) until promulgation of the new rules.

- H. R. 5508. Mr. Peterson of Florida; April 3, 1939 (Interstate and Foreign Commerce). See Scnate Bill No. 2466.
- H. R. 5791. Mr. Schulte; April 17, 1939 (Interstate and Foreign Commerce). See House of Representatives Bill No. 6695.
- H. R. 5985. Mr. Flannery; April 25, 1939 (Interstate and Foreign Commerce).

Advertisement of Imported Articles Act—Makes it unlawful to advertise an imported article for sale by the United States mails or by any means in or affecting commerce, including radio broadcast, unless the advertisement clearly discloses the country of origin of such articles (if the article is assembled in the United States from parts, the major proportion of which, are imported, it shall show the origin of such parts only). Containers of imported articles, shipped in interstate commerce are also required to bear this information. Violation of this act shall constitute an unfair and deceptive act under section 5 of the Federal Trade Commission Act.

H. R. 6219. Mr. Doughton (by request); May 8, 1939 (Ways and Means).

Amends the Federal Alconol Administration Act (1) to place officers and employees under the civil service laws and classification act; (2) to require annual renewal of basic permits and payments of a \$10 fee (¼ of 1 cent per 12-hourgallon-capacity in case of distillers); (3) to require basic permits for manufacture, sale, etc. of malt beverages; (4) to rewrite provisions on regulation of unfair competition and unlawful practices, and to add subsections which forbid radio advertising and the bringing of liquor into any State, Territory, or possession for use in violation of its laws.

H. R. 6695. Mr. McGranery; June 6, 1939 (Interstate and Foreign Commerce).

Makes it unlawful for any person, without the written consent of the performers, to record or mechanically reproduce for profit or gain any music or program material transmitted by wire or radio or to sell or to have in his possession for sale, etc., such record or reproduction, except a recording for private, personal, civic, or political use or addresses on subjects of a public nature [adding to U. S. C. 47: chap. 5, title V].

- H. R. 6973. Mr. Lea; June 23, 1939 (Interstate and Foreign Commerce). See Senate Bill No. 2611.
- H. R. 7188. Mr. Cochran; July 13, 1939 (Interstate and Foreign Commerce).

Nullifies § 42.03 of Federal Communications Commission Regulations, adopted May 23, 1939, relating to the character of international broadcasts, and forbids the Commission to make regulations limiting such broadcasts to service which will reflect the United States culture, promote international good will, etc. [Note:—The rule was suspended July 14, 1939, Fed. Reg. July 18, 1939, p. 3336.]

H. R. 7456. Mr. Michael J. Kennedy; August 1, 1939 (Patents).

Copyright infringement by radio broadcast---similar to S. 2846 as introduced.

#### RESOLUTIONS

H. Res. 70. Mr. Connery; January 25, 1939 (Rules).

Authorizes the Speaker to appoint a committee of seven members of the House to investigate the charge that a monopoly or monopolies exist in radio broadcasting, and the effect of such on the character of programs, rates charged advertisers, etc. The committee shall also investigate the Federal Communications Commission, and all charges of neglect, inefficiency, misuse of power, corruption, etc. The committee is authorized to hold hearings, subpoena witnesses, etc. Report shall be made in whole or in part during the present Congress, together with legislative recommendations, or otherwise.

H. Res. 72. Mr. Wigglesworth; January 25, 1939 (Rules).

Authorizes the Speaker to appoint a committee of seven members of the House to make a thorough investigation of the broadcasting industry in the United States and of the policies of the Federal Communications Commission with respect to broadcasting. The committee is authorized to hold hearings, employ experts, subpoena witnesses, etc., and to report to the House its findings.

H. Res. 234. Mr. Larrabee; June 28, 1939 (Interstate and Foreign Commerce).

Directs the Federal Communications Commission to take steps to provide a method to secure data on the social and economic effects of high-power operation in the standard broadcast band (550-1600 kilocycles) in excess of 50 kilowatts. The Commission may license one or more stations for experimental purposes.



# THE EDUCATIONAL AND CULTURAL SIDE



National Association of Educational Broadcasters

**Non-Commercial Stations** 

F.C.C. Regulations

Colleges and Universities Offering Courses in Radio

Your Radio Library

# NATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF EDUCATIONAL BROADCASTERS

As of January 1, 1940

Call Lett	ers Institutions	Address	Director
KFDY	S. Dak. State College	Brookings, S. D.	S. W. Jones
KFJM	Univ. of N. Dakota	Grand Forks, N. D.	D. R. Jenkins
KFKU	Univ. of Kansas	Lawrence, Kansas	Harold G. Ingham
KOAC	Oregon State College	Corvallis, Oregon	Luke L. Roberts
KUSD	Univ. of S. Dakota	Vermillion, S. D.	R. E. Rawlins
KWSC	State College of Wash.	Pullman, Wash.	Kenneth E. Yeend
WBAA	Purdue University	Lafayette, Ind.	Gilbert D. Williams
WCAL	St. Olaf College	Northfield, Minn.	M. C. Jensen
WCAT	S. Dakota School of Mines	Rapid City, S. D.	C. M. Rowe
WESG	Cornell University	Ithaca, N. Y.	Wilmer S. Phillip
WHA	Univ. of Wisconsin	Madison, Wis.	H. B. McCarty
WHAZ	Rensselaer Poly.	Troy, New York	W. J. Williams
WILL	Univ. of Illinois	Urbana, Ill.	Jos. F. Wright
WNAD	Oklahoma University	Norman, Okla.	Homer Heck
WNYC	City of New York, Municipal Broadcasting Syste	New York, N. Y.	M. S. Novik
WOI	Iowa State College	Ames, Iowa	W. I. Griffith
wosu	Ohio State University	Columbus, Ohio	R. C. Higgy
WRUF	Univ. of Florida	Gainesville, Fla.	Garland Powell
WSAJ	Grove City College	Grove City, Pa.	H. W. Harmon
wsui	State Univ. of Iowa	Iowa City, Iowa	Carl Menzer
WRUL & WRUW	World Wide Broadcasting Foundation	Boston, Mass.	Walter S. Lemmon
	Cleveland College	Cleveland, Ohio	Gazella P. Shepherd (Mrs.)
	University of Kentucky	Lexington, Ky.	Elmer G. Sulzer
	University of Michigan	Ann Arbor, Mich.	Waldo Abbot
	Western State Teachers College	Kalamazoo, Mich.	W. G. Marburger
	Indiana University	Bloomington, Ind.	Robert Allen
	Chicago Radio Council	Chicago, Ill.	Harold W. Kent
	University Broadcasting Council	Chicago, III.	Allen Miller

# EDUCATIONAL BROADCASTING ——IN 1939———

By

## THOMAS D. RISHWORTH

Educational Director, KSTP

CORRELATION is the keynote in the development of educational broad-casting during the past year. The decade between 1929 and 1939 has seen educational radio pass through all the stages of growth from the colic of noisy infancy to the exuberance of adolescent youth. Ten years ago educators and broadcasters glared at each other as they walked the floor with their squalling child, educational radio. Today they meet at the family table to discuss their joint responsibilities toward this healthy, alert, and curious youth they have created and for whom they must choose the proper career.

#### Growth

Educational broadcasting has not matured. It is adolescent in its physical characteristics and in its mental and spiritual capacities. But it is potentially an adult, and the past year has brought it many opportunities for attaining that goal.

Correlation has dominated the efforts of the commercial broadcasters, both network and local, in their educational activities during 1939. The Columbia Broadcasting System reports that one hundred ten of its stations have designated staff members as educational directors. Sterling Fisher of CBS has appointed five regional educational directors to correlate work in this field for the entire network.

The National Broadcasting Company, under the guidance of Dr. James Rowland Angell, educational counselor, has extended its operations in the educational field to provide programs for adult and student alike, listening in the home or the classroom, in nearly every phase of learning. Listeners' aids are supplied by the National Broadcasting Company and cooperating organizations for many NBC educational features. A series of four portfolios, containing full-color reproductions of the world's greatest paintings, both classic and modern, together with biographical notes and critical analysis of the artists, is available for the "Art For Your Sake" program, constituting a complete course in art for every listener. This is typical of the expanding interest in the use of visual aids and the written word as a means of correlating listening activity with the actual learning process.

#### Conferences

Educational conferences sponsored by the networks for their own staff members and intended to afford a medium for the exchange of ideas and practices and for the development of further cooperation among affiliated stations have been held for the first time during the past year. Both CBS and NBC have called conferences of this type last year, and these meetings have attracted representatives from stations throughout the country, indicating the increased interest in educational broadcasting on the part of the commercial broadcasters.

Further correlation has been promoted by the action of the United States Office of Education and Commissioner John W. Studebaker in appointing Dr. Leonard Power as assistant in charge of Research for the Federal Radio Education Committee. During the closing months of 1939, Dr. Power has made a nationwide tour to study cooperation between broadcasters and the educational facilities of the community in every section of the country. The United States Office of Education has continued to use the facilities of all major networks in presenting programs that have created new standards for education by radio: "The World Is Yours" (NBC), "Americans All, Immigrants All" (CBS), "Democracy In Action" (CBS), and a unique experiment in the field of documentary radio presented once only on the NBC network