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GIANT CHART OF
RADIO, ELECTRONIC,
SEMICONDUCTOR
& LOGIC
SYMBOLS

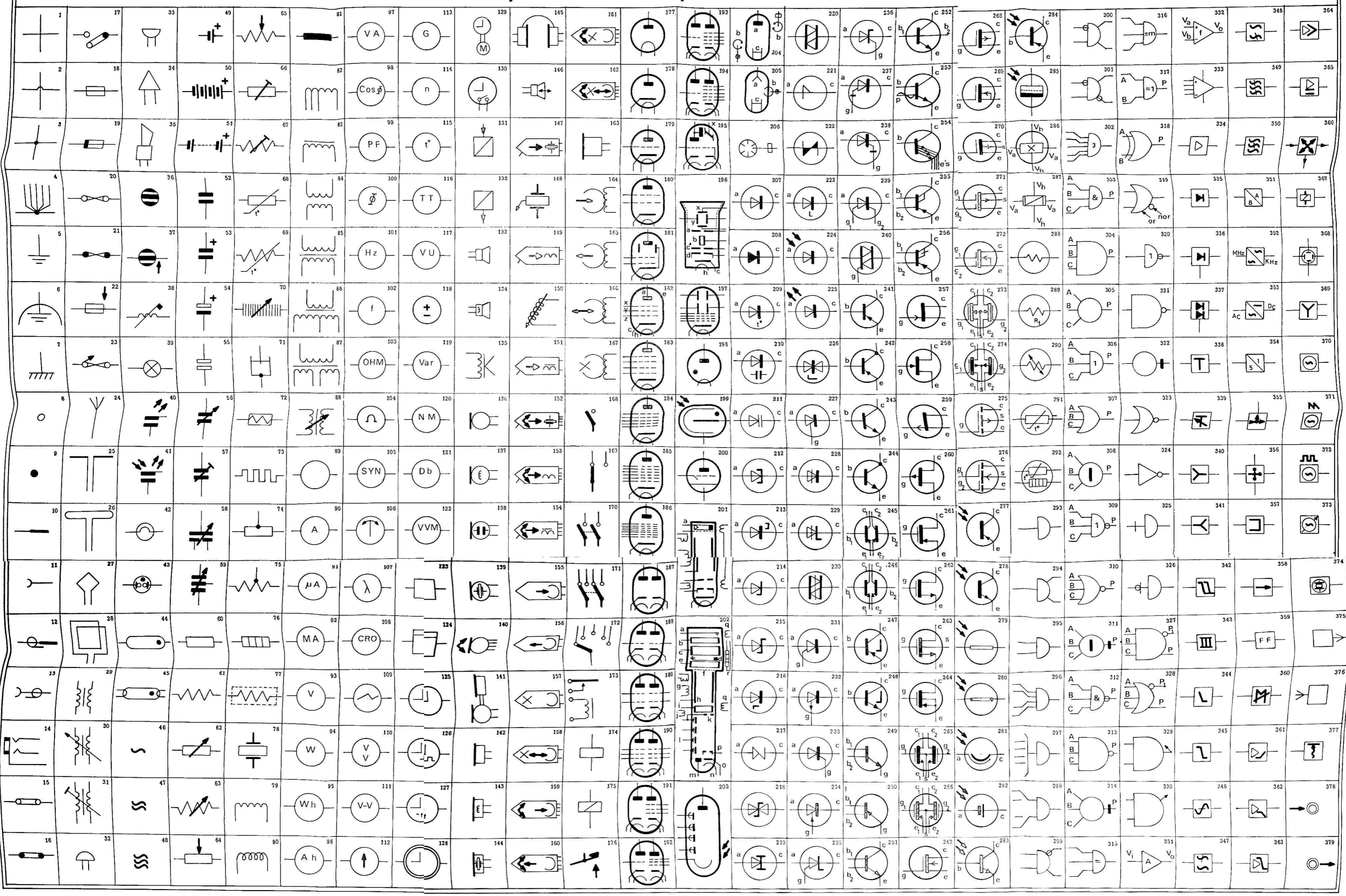
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GIANT CHART OF RADIO, ELECTRONIC, SEMICONDUCTOR & LOGIC SYMBOLS



KEY TO SYMBOLS

INTRODUCTION
The object of preparing this chart is to enable the reader to identify the most commonly used symbols in electronic circuit diagrams by their British, U.S.A., European or Japanese etc. origin.

This chart in no way sets itself as a standard and any reader who wishes to prepare drawings to a standard specification must consult the specific standard; in this country BS3939 which is available from the British Standards Institute. All other countries have standards which are similar.

KEY

- Crossing of conductors, no electrical connection
- Crossing of conductors, no electrical connection (alternative)
- Joining of conductors, electrical connection
- Common point connection
- Earth
- Clean or Noiseless earth
- Chassis
- Terminal or tag
- Bolted terminal or tag
- Plug-male
- Socket-female
- Co-axial plug
- Co-axial socket
- Typical jack socket
- Link normally closed
- Link normally closed with bolt contacts
- Hinged link normally open
- Fuse general symbol
- Fuse - thick side indicates supply line
- Fuse general symbol (alternative)
- Fuse general symbol, with bolt terminals
- Fuse with alarm contact
- Fuse with alarm contact (alternative)
- Aerial general symbol
- Dipole aerial
- Folded dipole aerial
- Frame aerial
- Frame aerial (alternative)
- Ferrite rod aerial
- Ferrite rod aerial with variable core
- Ferrite rod aerial with pre-set core
- Electric bell
- Electric buzzer
- Electric siren
- Electric horn
- Indicator general symbol
- Indicator with alarm contacts
- Solenoid operated flag indicator
- Signal lamp general symbol
- Electroluminescent device e.g. LED
- Light operated electromechanical device e.g. LDR
- Filament lamp
- Cold cathode discharge lamp e.g. neon lamp
- Discharge lamp general symbol
- Hot cathode discharge lamp e.g. fluorescent tube
- Alternating voltage or current (AC) - low frequency
- Alternating voltage or current (AC) - medium frequency
- Alternating voltage or current (AC) - high frequency
- Cell (+ve. sign optional)
- Battery (+ve. sign optional)
- Battery (alternative) (+ve. sign optional)
- Capacitor general symbol
- Polarised capacitor
- Polarised electrolytic capacitor
- Non-polarised electrolytic capacitor
- Variable capacitor general symbol
- Pre-set variable capacitor
- Variable differential capacitor
- Variable split gator capacitor
- Fixed resistor
- Fixed resistor (alternative)
- Variable resistor
- Variable resistor (alternative)
- Variable resistor (alternative)
- Pre-set variable resistor
- Pre-set variable resistor (alternative)
- Temperature compensating resistor

- Temperature compensating resistor (alternative)
- Carbon pile resistor
- Liquid resistor
- Protective fusible resistor
- Non-reactive resistor
- Tapped resistor
- Tapped resistor (alternative)
- Heater
- Heater (alternative)
- Oscillating crystal
- Inductive winding e.g. choke or coil
- Inductive winding (alternative)
- Inductive winding (alternative)
- Tapped inductive winding
- Inductive winding with dust core
- Air core transformer
- Magnetic core transformer
- Transformer with tapped secondary windings
- Transformer with separate secondary windings
- Transformer with adjustable magnetic core e.g. I. F. Transformer
- General indicating instrument e.g. meter
- Ammeter
- Microammeter
- Milliammeter
- Voltmeter
- Wattmeter
- Watt hour meter
- Amper-hour meter
- Volt-ammeter
- Power factor meter
- Power factor meter (alternative)
- Phasemeter
- Frequency meter
- Frequency meter (alternative)
- Ohmmeter
- Ohmmeter (alternative)
- Synchroscope
- Synchroscope (alternative)
- Wattmeter
- Oscilloscope
- Oscilloscope (alternative)
- Double voltmeter
- Differential voltmeter
- Galvanometer
- Galvanometer (alternative)
- Tachometer
- Pyrometer or thermometer
- Elapsed time meter
- Volume unit meter
- Current direction meter
- Var meter
- Noise meter
- Decibel meter
- Valve volt meter
- Recording instrument (insert symbol as used in 90-122 to indicate measured quantity)
- Integrating instrument (insert symbol as used in 90-122 to indicate measured quantity)
- Clock general symbol
- Impulse clock
- Synchronous clock
- Master clock
- Electric wind clockwork clock
- Time switch
- Telemetering receiver
- Telemetering transmitter
- Loudspeaker general symbol
- Loudspeaker - moving coil
- Loudspeaker - moving coil (alternative)
- Microphone general symbol
- Microphone - moving coil
- Microphone - condenser
- Microphone - crystal
- Microphone - stereo
- Handset
- Earphone general symbol
- Earphone - moving coil
- Earphone - crystal
- Headset
- Loudspeaker microphone
- Record pickup - crystal-mono
- Record pickup - crystal-mono (alternative)
- Record pickup - moving coil - mono
- Record pickup - moving coil - mono (alternative)

- Record pickup - moving coil - mono (alternative)
- Record pickup - moving iron - mono
- Record pickup - crystal - stereo
- Record pickup - moving coil - stereo
- Record pickup - moving iron - stereo
- Magnetic playback head - mono e.g. Tape recorder
- Magnetic record head - mono e.g. Tape recorder
- Magnetic erase head - mono e.g. Tape recorder
- Combined magnetic playback, record and erase head - mono
- Magnetic playback head - stereo
- Magnetic record head - stereo
- Magnetic erase head - stereo
- Combined magnetic playback, record and erase head - stereo
- Hydrophone
- Magnetic playback head (alternative)
- Magnetic record head (alternative)
- Magnetic record /playback head (alternative)
- Magnetic erase head (alternative)
- Single pole single throw (S.P.D.T.) switch
- Single pole double throw (S.P.D.T.) switch
- Double pole single throw (D.P.S.T.) switch
- Double pole double throw (D.P.D.T.) switch
- Typical multi-position rotary switch
- Typical relay
- Relay coil
- Relay coil (alternative)
- Telegraphers morse key
- Diode-directly heated
- Diode-indirectly heated
- Triode
- Tetrode
- Beam Tetrode
- Pentode
- Typical components of valve - a = anode e = envelope h = heater (filament) x = suppressor grid y = screen grid z = control grid
- Hexode
- Heptode
- Octode
- Nonode
- Twin diode
- Twin triode
- Twin tetrode
- Twin Pentode
- Diode pentode
- Triode pentode
- Triode hexode
- Triode heptode
- Typical cathode ray tube indicators e.g. magic eye x = fluorescent target
- Typical cathode ray tube x = X plates y = Y plates a, b, c = focusing electrodes d = intensity modulating electrode h = heater
- Typical cathode ray tube (alternative)
- Gas filled diode - black spot indicates gas filled envelope this can also apply to all other valve diagrams when gas filled.
- Typical geiger tube
- Mercury arc rectifier
- Typical vidicon type TV camera tube a = photo conductive storage electrode

- Typical image-orthicon type TV camera tube a = photo cathode b = image accelerator c = mesh d = target e = decelerator f = field mesh g = deflector coils h = wall anode i = persuader j = alignment coil k = gun anode l = dynodes m = electron multiplier n = anode o = heater p = cathode q = control grid r = focus coils s = external heater
- Typical photo electron multiplier tube
- Klystron - simplified symbol a = collector b = resonator c = gun
- Reflex Klystron - simplified symbol a = reflector b = resonators c = gun
- Magnetron
- With reference to symbols 207 - 240 inclusive a = cathode c = cathode g, g1, g2 = gate(s)
- p. n. junction diode
- p. n. junction diode (alternative)
- Temperature dependent p. n. junction diode
- Varactor diode
- Varactor diode (alternative)
- Tunnel diode
- Tunnel diode (alternative)
- Zener diode
- Zener diode (alternative)
- Zener diode (alternative)
- Zener diode (alternative)
- Clipper diode
- Backwards diode
- Varistor
- Shockley diode
- Bilateral diode switch
- Photo diode general symbol
- Photo sensitive diode
- Photo emissive diode
- Thyrector
- Thyristor general symbol
- Reverse blocking diode thyristor
- Reverse conducting diode thyristor
- Bi-directional diode thyristor
- Reverse blocking triode thyristor n-gate (alternative)
- Reverse blocking triode thyristor p-gate
- Reverse blocking triode thyristor p-gate (alternative)
- Reverse conducting triode thyristor n-gate
- Reverse conducting triode thyristor p-gate
- Turn off triode thyristor n-gate
- Turn off triode thyristor p-gate
- Reverse blocking tetrode thyristor e.g. gate controlled switch
- Bi-directional triode thyristor

With reference to symbols 241-278 inclusive, 283 and 284 e, e1, e2 = emitter(s) - source c, c1, c2 = collector(s) - drain b, b1, b2 = base(s) g, g1, g2 = gate(s) p = pressure input s = substrate

- p-n-p Bipolar transistor
- p-n-p Bipolar transistor with collector connected to envelope
- n-p-n Bipolar transistor
- n-p-n Bipolar transistor with collector connected to envelope
- Dual p-n-p Bipolar transistor
- Dual n-p-n Bipolar transistor
- p-n-p Avalanche transistor
- n-p-n Avalanche transistor
- Unijunction transistor with p-type base
- Unijunction transistor with n-type base
- n-p-n transistor with transverse biased base
- n-p-n transistor with transverse biased base (alternative)
- Piezo electric n-p-n Bipolar transistor
- Multimeter n-p-n Bipolar transistor
- p-n-p transistor with ohmic connection to i region
- p-n-p transistor with ohmic connection to i region
- JUGFET junction field effect transistor with n-type channel
- JUGFET with n-type channel (alternative)
- JUGFET with p-type channel
- JUGFET with p-type channel (alternative)
- IGFET insulated field effect transistor with p-type channel
- IGFET with n-type channel
- IGFET with n-type channel substrate brought out
- IGFET with p-type channel with substrate internally connected to emitter
- Dual IGFET with n-type channel
- Dual IGFET with p-type channel
- IGFET depletion type single-gate n-channel, 3 terminal
- IGFET depletion type single-gate p-channel, 3 terminal
- IGFET depletion type single-gate n-channel with substrate connected to emitter; 3-terminal
- IGFET depletion type single-gate p-channel with substrate brought out; 4-terminal
- IGFET depletion type two-gate p-channel with substrate brought out; 5-terminal
- IGFET depletion type two-gate n-channel with substrate internally connected to emitter; 4-terminal
- IGFET depletion type n-channel
- IGFET enhancement type single gate p-channel with substrate brought out; 4-terminal
- IGFET enhancement type, two-gate, n-channel with substrate brought out; 5 terminal
- p-n-p photo device
- n-p-n photo device

- Photo conductive device
- Photo conductive device (alternative)
- Photo voltaic cell a = anode c = cathode
- Photo voltaic cell (alternative) a = anode c = cathode
- Hall effect generator Va = applied voltage Vh = hall voltage
- Hall effect generator (alternative) Va = applied voltage Vh = hall voltage
- Thermistor
- Thermistor (alternative)
- Thermistor (alternative)
- Indirectly heated thermistor
- Basic gate symbol with one input and one output
- Basic gate symbol with one input and two outputs
- Basic gate symbol with two inputs and one output
- Basic gate symbol with multi-input and one output
- Basic gate symbol with multi-input and one output (alternative)
- JUGFET junction field effect transistor with n-type channel (alternative)
- Basic gate symbol with two input and two outputs one of which is negated
- Basic gate symbol with two inputs one of which is negated and two outputs
- Basic gate symbol with two inputs one of which is negated and two outputs one of which is negated
- AND Gate (O/P signal = 1 when all I/P signals = 1) Function P = A.B.C
- AND Gate (Alternative)
- AND Gate (Alternative)
- OR Gate (O/P signal = 1 when one or more I/P signals = 1) Function P = A+B.C
- OR Gate (Alternative)
- OR Gate (Alternative)
- NOR Gate (O/P signal = 0 when one or more I/P signals = 1) Function P = A+B.C
- NOR Gate (Alternative)
- NAND Gate (O/P signal = 0 when all I/P signals = 1) Function P = A.B.C
- NAND Gate (Alternative)
- Identity Element (O/P signal = 1 when all I/P signals equal)
- M and only M element (O/P signal = 1 when M and only M of I/P signals = 1)
- Exclusive OR Gate (alternative) (O/P signal = 1 when one only I/P signal = 1) Function P = A ⊕ B = AB + AB

- Exclusive OR Gate (alternative)
- Expander OR Gate
- Negator - NOT Gate (O/P signal = 1 when I/P signal = 0 and converse)
- NOT Gate (alternative)
- NOT Gate (alternative)
- Linear Gate
- Basic gate symbol with inhibited input
- Basic gate symbol with negated inhibited input
- AND/NAND Gate. Function P = A.B.C Function P1 = A.B.C
- OR/NOR Gate. Function P1 = A+B+C
- Gate Expander
- Output pull up Node
- Amplifier general symbol
- Operational Amplifier Vo = f(Va-Vb)
- Typical Integrated Circuit (IC) symbol
- Block Diagrams - 334. Amplifier 335. Detector 336. Modulator 337. Balanced modulator 338. Fixed attenuator 339. Variable Attenuator 340. Signal Compressor 341. Signal Expander 342. Equaliser 343. Phase corrector 344. Signal Distorter 345. Limiter 346. Discriminator 347. Bass pass filter 348. Treble pass filter 349. Band pass filter 350. Band stop filter 351. Transposer 352. Frequency converter 353. AC to DC converter 354. Frequency divider 355. Potential divider 356. Balanced transformer 357. Artificial balanced line 358. Isolator 359. Flip-Flop 360. Signal suppressor 361. Amplifier with emphasis 362. Amplifier with de-emphasis 363. Amplifier with limited response 364. Multi stage amplifier 365. D.C. amplifier 366. Signal coupler 367. Relay package 368. Oscilloscope 369. Resistor splitter 370. Oscillator 371. Saw tooth generator 372. Square wave generator 373. Signal generator with variable frequency 374. Crystal generator 375. Transmitter 376. Receiver 377. Recording instrument 378. Input 379. Output

NOTES

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