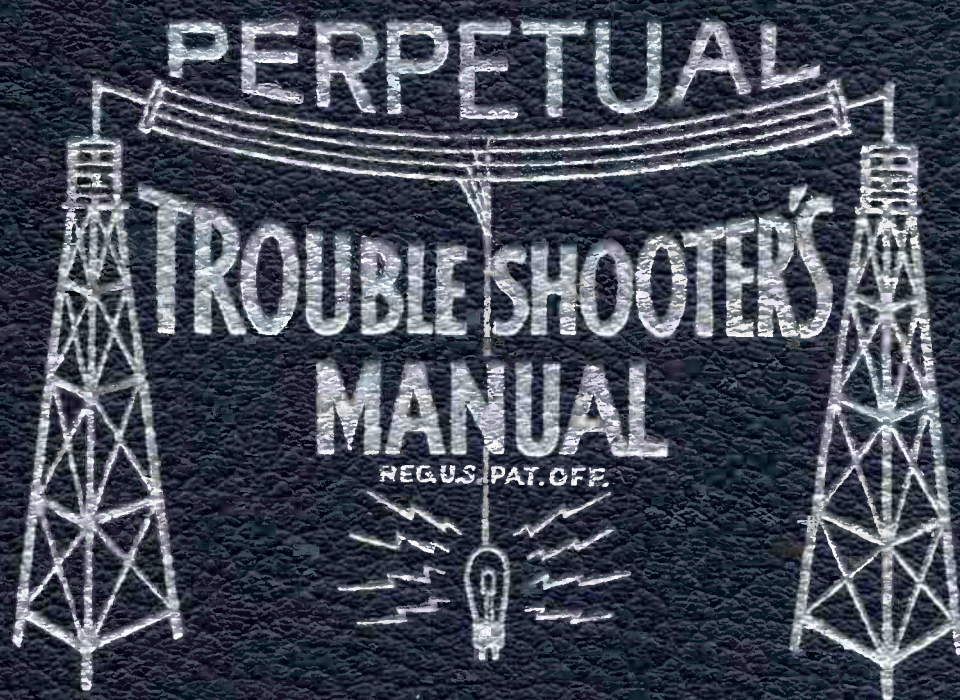


VOLUME X



JOHN F. RIDER

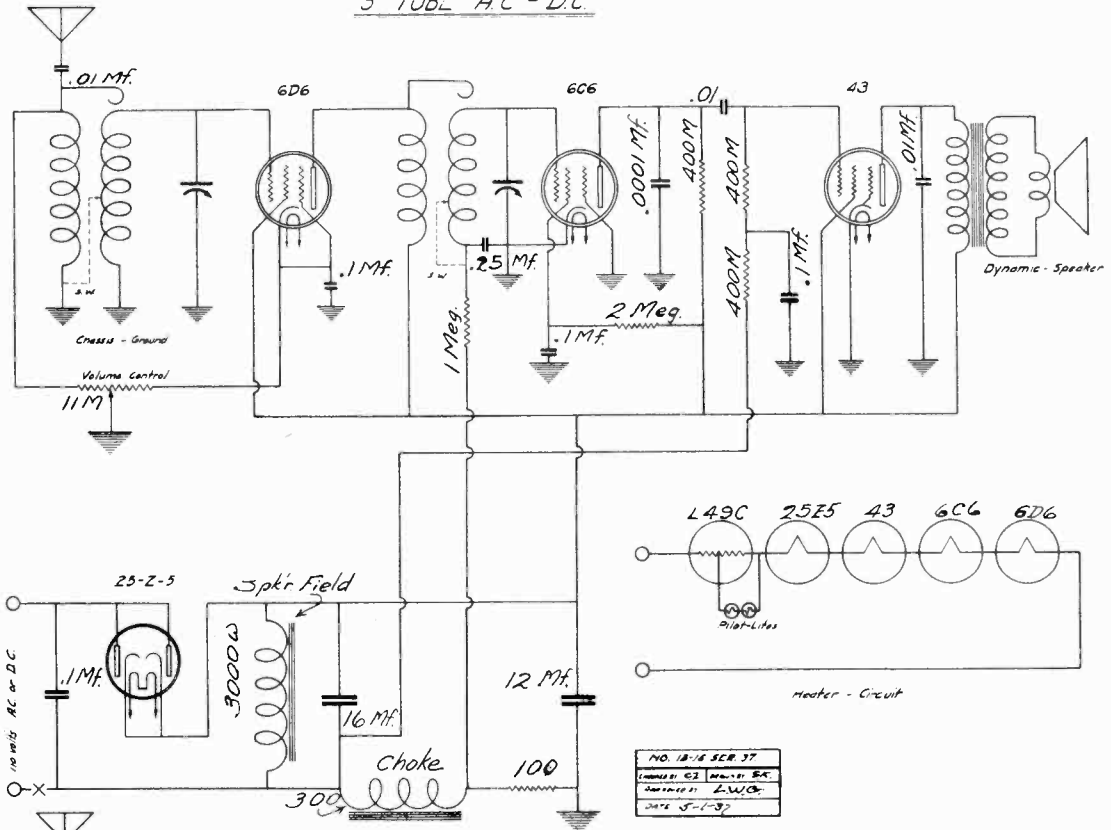
MODELS 15,16 Ser.37

MODEL 20, Ser.37

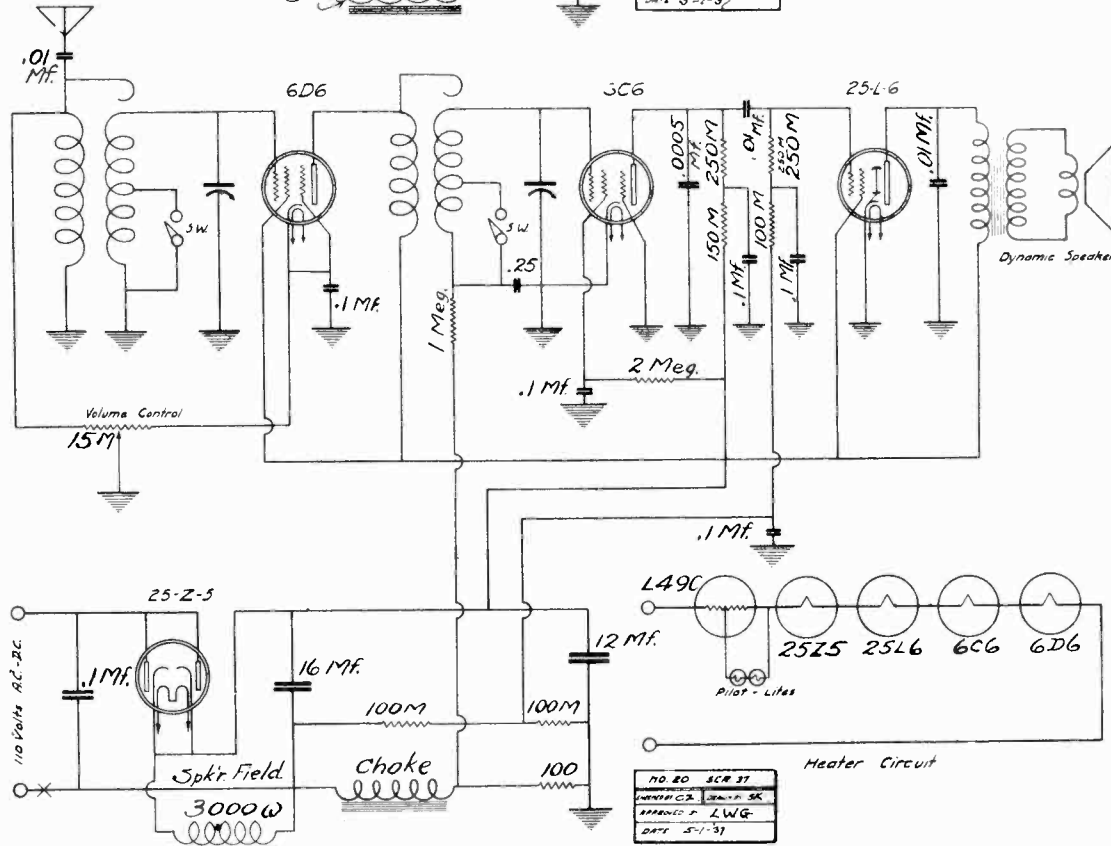
Schematics

PACIFIC RADIO CORP.

5 TUBE A.C. - D.C.



NO. 15-16 SER. 37
DESIGNED BY G. J. [unclear] SK
APPROVED BY L. W. G.
DATE 5-1-37

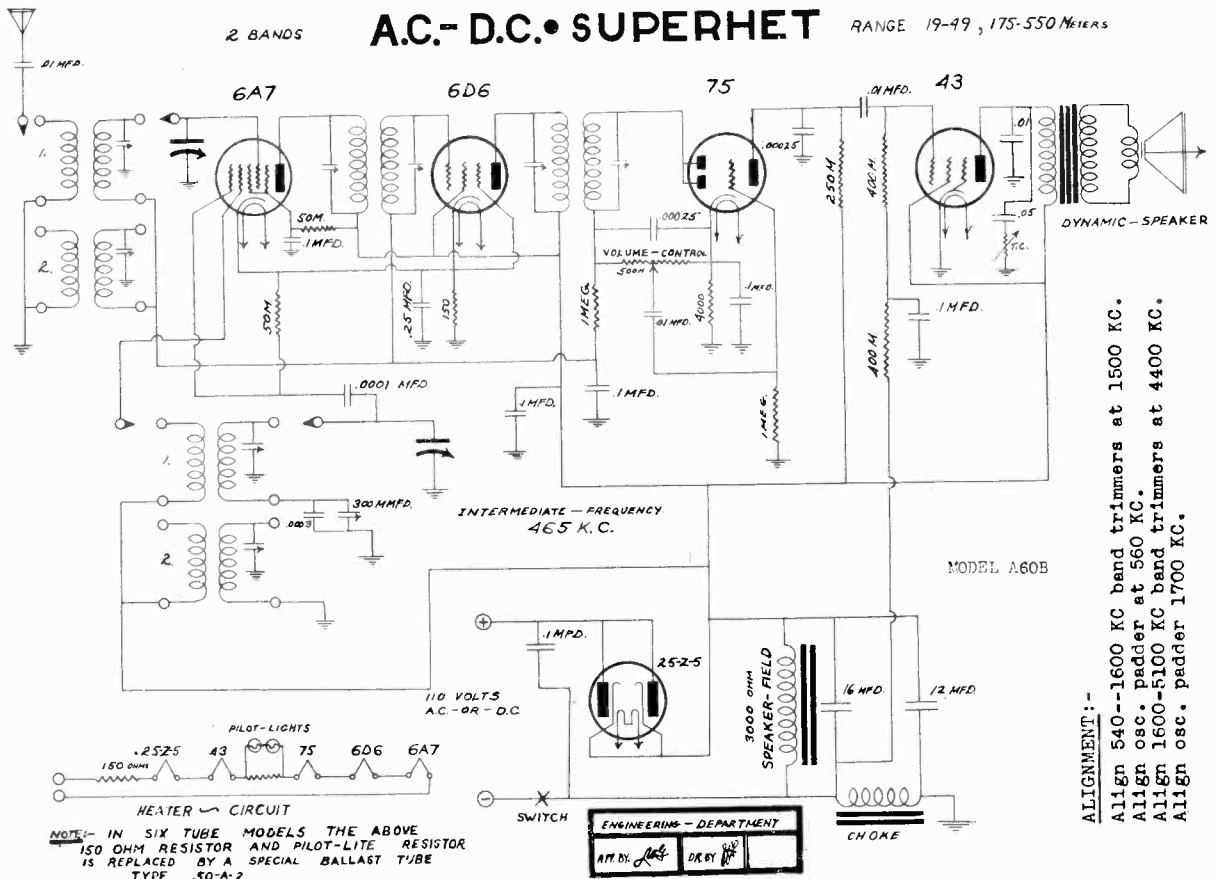
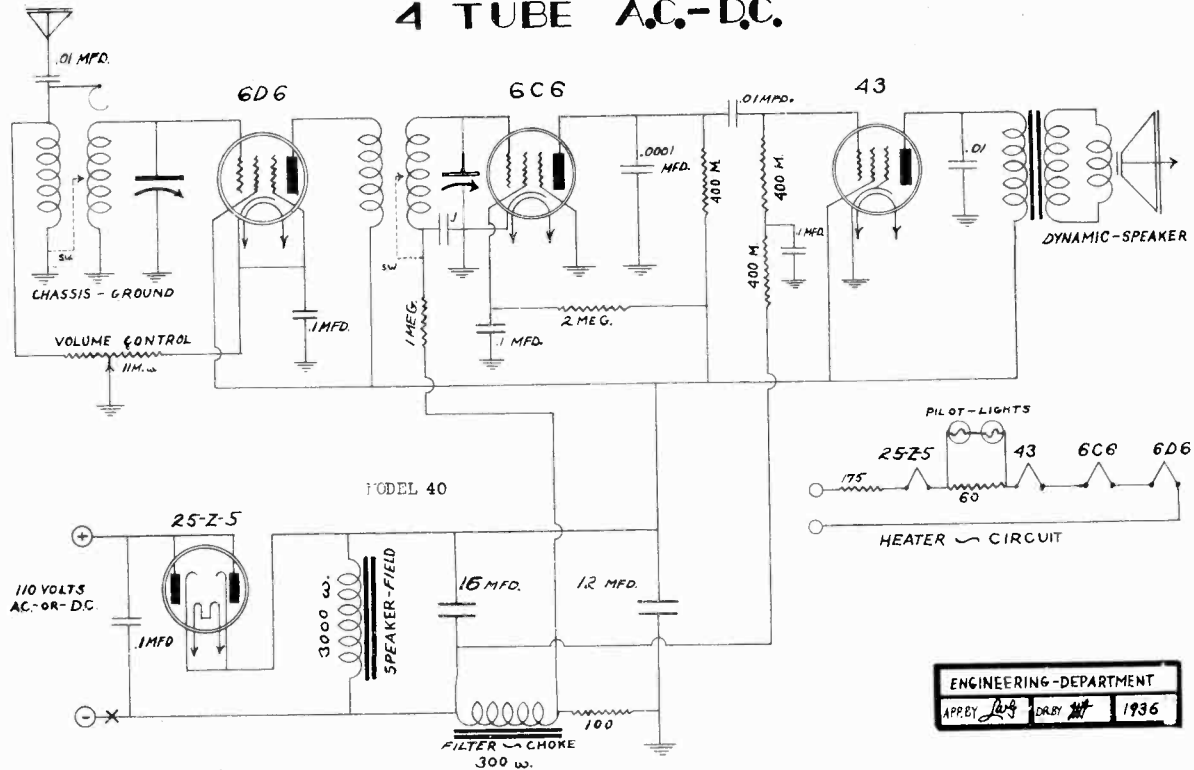


NO. 20 SER. 37
DESIGNED BY G. J. [unclear] SK
APPROVED BY L. W. G.
DATE 5-1-37

PACIFIC RADIO CORP.

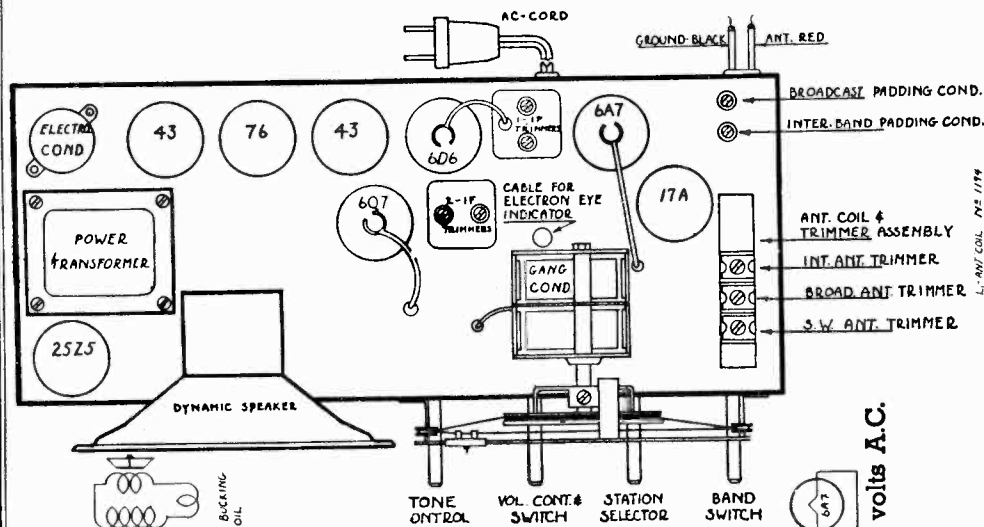
MODEL 40
Schematic
MODEL A60B
Schematic, Alignment

4 TUBE A.C.-D.C.

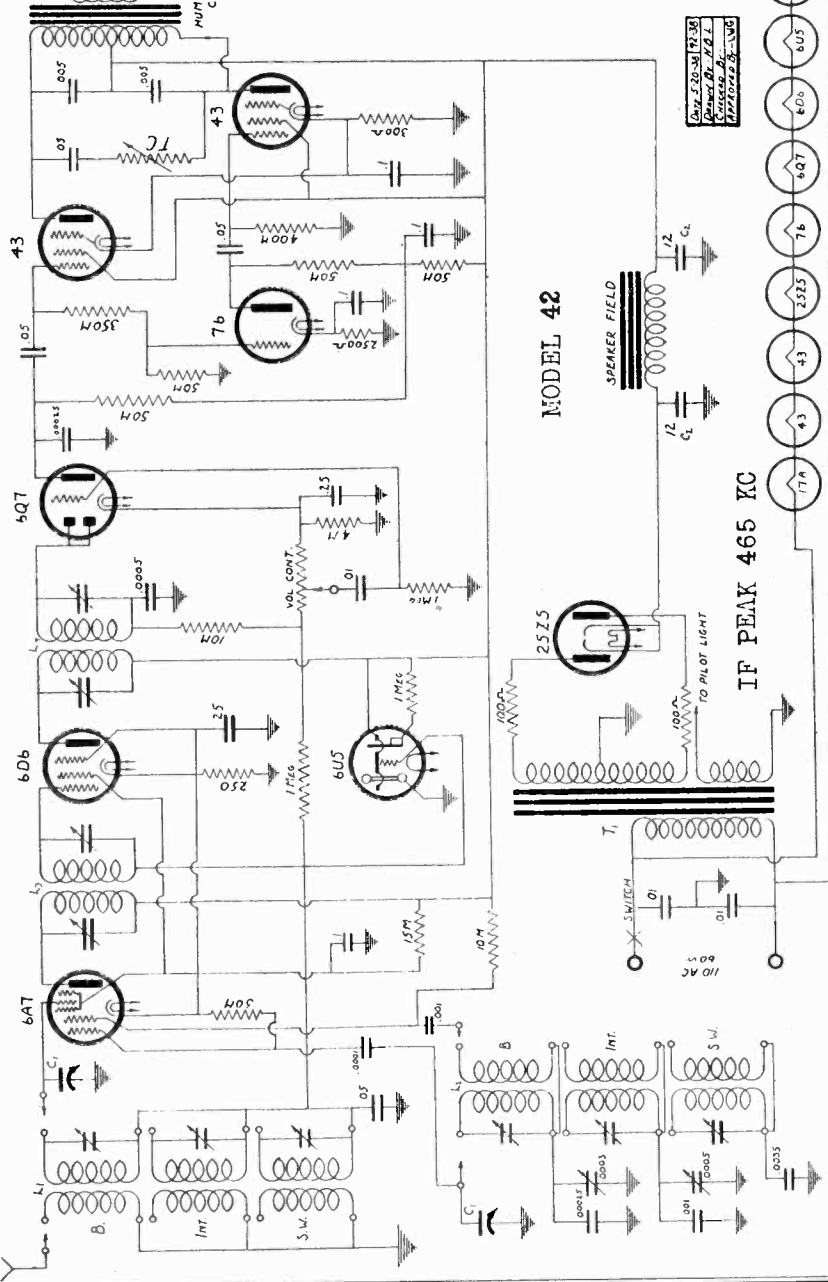


PACIFIC RADIO CORP.

MODEL 42
Schematic, Socket
Trimmers

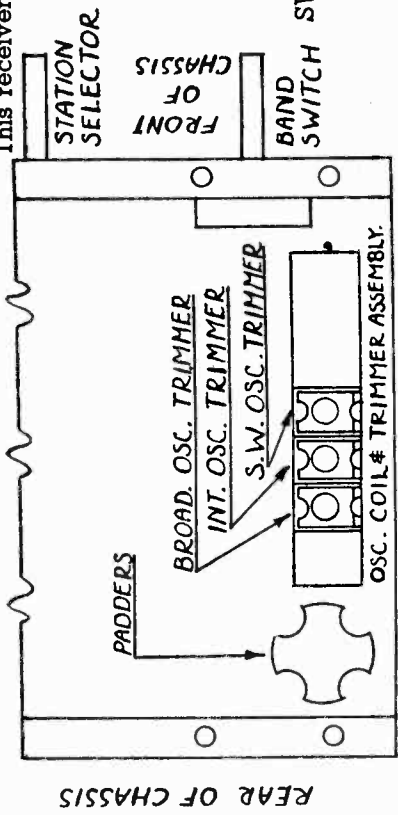


- L₁ ANT. COIL. # 1794
- L₂ OSC. COIL. # 1795
- L₃ 2ND IF TRANS. # 310
- L₄ 3RD IF TRANS. # 310
- OSC. COND. # 305
- TRIM. COND. # 183
- BAND SWITCH # 183
- SELECT. COND. # 1727
- C-TUNING COND. # 1824
- T-POWER TUNING. # 1528
- SPEAKER 6" # 1741
- 6" # 1743



This receiver is designed to operate on 110-115 volts A.C.

FOR ALIGNMENT, SEE THAT OF MODEL 35
ON PACIFIC PAGE 9-6, RIDER'S VOL. IX



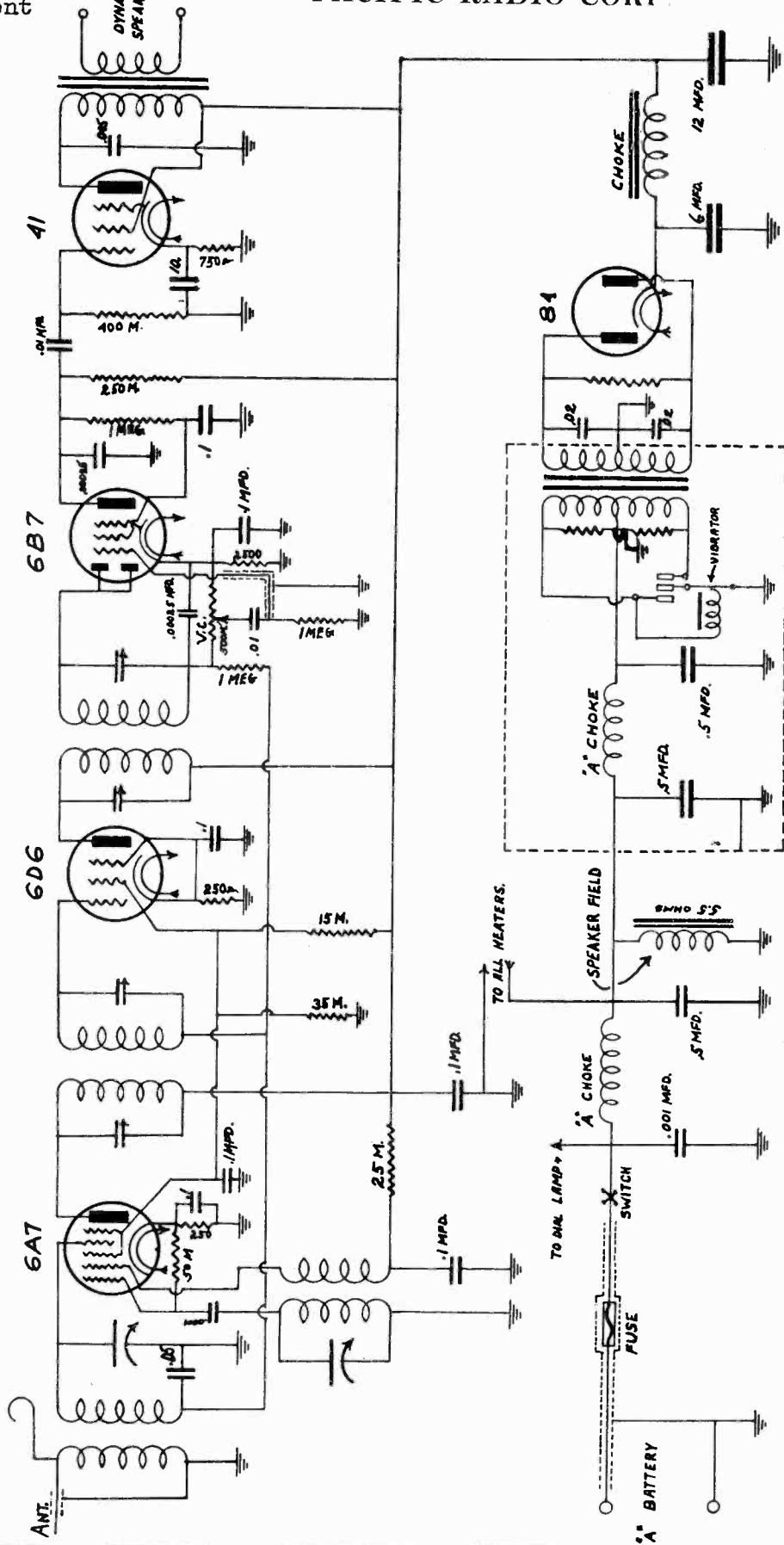
RANGE IN KILOCYCLES	BAND	SWITCH POSITION
540—1710 KC	Broadcast	Left
1710—5800 KC	Intermediate	Center
5800—17500 KC	Short Wave (foreign)	Right

BOTTOM VIEW OF CHASSIS:

MODEL 101, Early 1935
Schematic
Alignment

PACIFIC RADIO CORP.

5 TUBE AUTO RADIO



CONVENTIONAL ALIGNMENT, SEE
SPECIAL SECTION VOLUME VIII

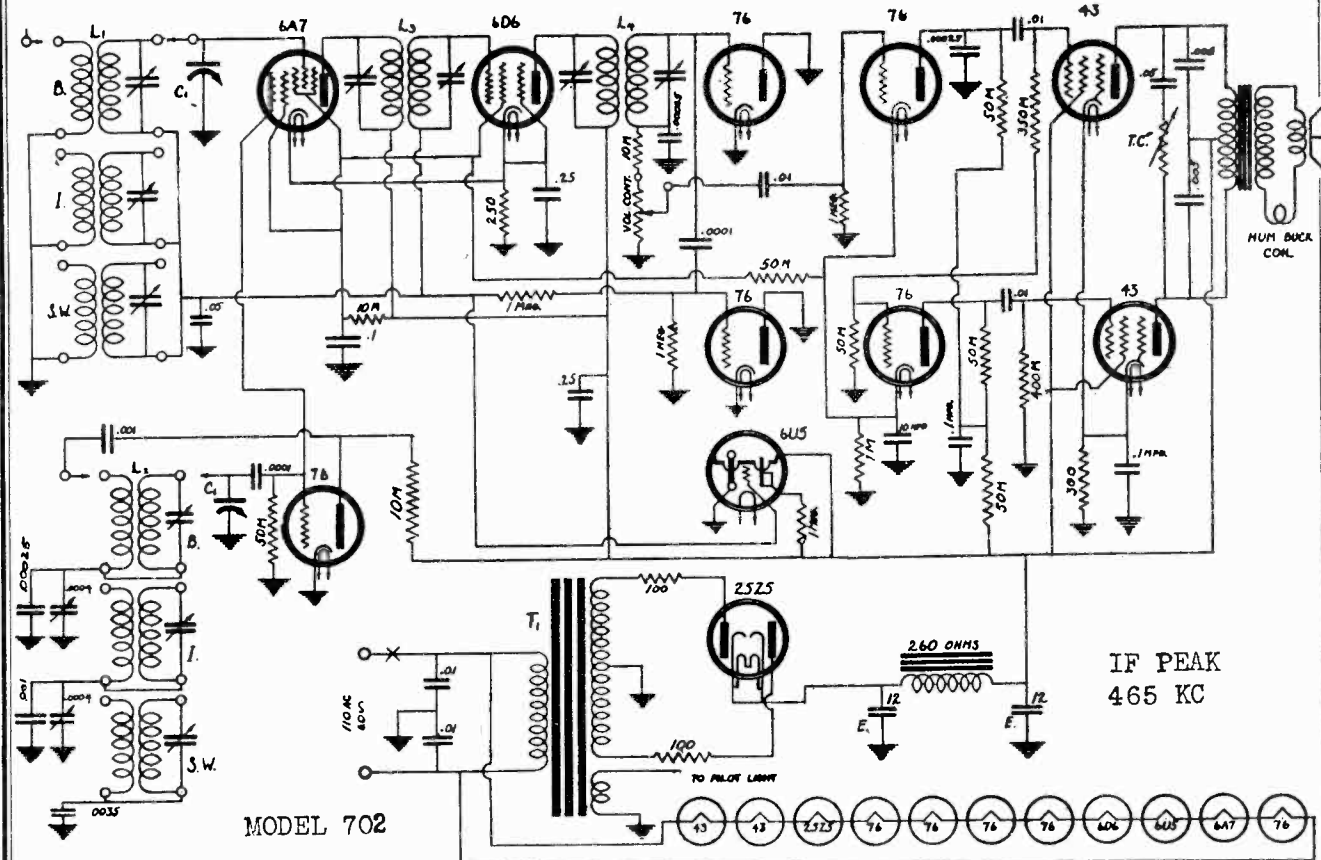
ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT
CIRCUIT — 5 TUBE AUTO SUPERMET
APR BY <i>[Signature]</i> APRIL 1, 1935

ALIGNMENT

INT. FREQ. PEAK ---- 456 KC
ALIGN TRIMMER CONDENSERS AT 1400 KC

PACIFIC RADIO CORP.

MODEL 702
Schematic, Socket
Trimmers

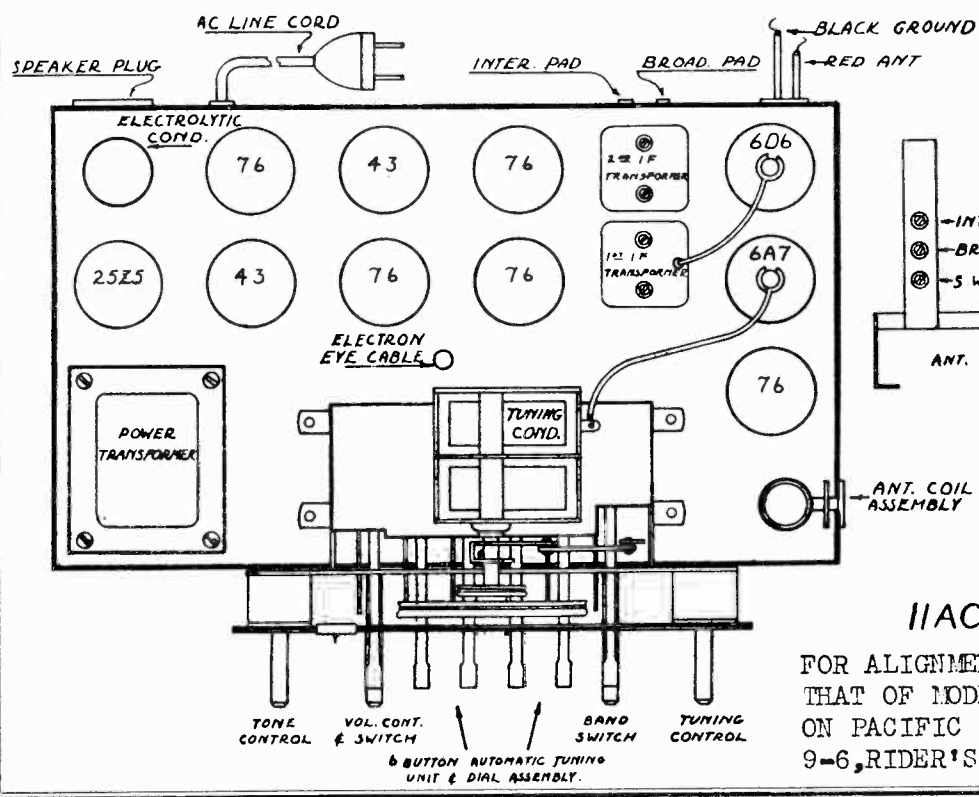


MODEL 702

IF PEAK
465 KC

This receiver is designed to operate on 110-115 volts A.C. 60 cycles.

- L₁-ANT. COIL ASSEMBLY NO. H94.
- L₂-OSC. COIL ASSEMBLY NO. H95.
- L₃-1st IF TRANSFORMER NO. 309.
- L₄-2nd IF TRANSFORMER NO. 310.
- T₁-POWER TRANSFORMER NO. 528.
- DYNAMIC SPEAKER 6" N741 B" NO. 742.
- VOL. CONT. & SWITCH NO. 221.
- tone control NO. 305.
- C₁-VARIABLE COND. NO. 624.
- E-ELECTROLYTIC FILTER COND. NO. 1789.
- BAND SWITCH NO. 123.
- PADDER COND. NO. 10112.



- ⊗ -INT. ANT TRIMMER
- ⊗ -BROAD. ANT TRIMMER
- ⊗ -S W ANT TRIMMER

RANGE IN KILOCYCLES	
540—1710 KC	
1710—5800 KC	
5800—17500 KC	

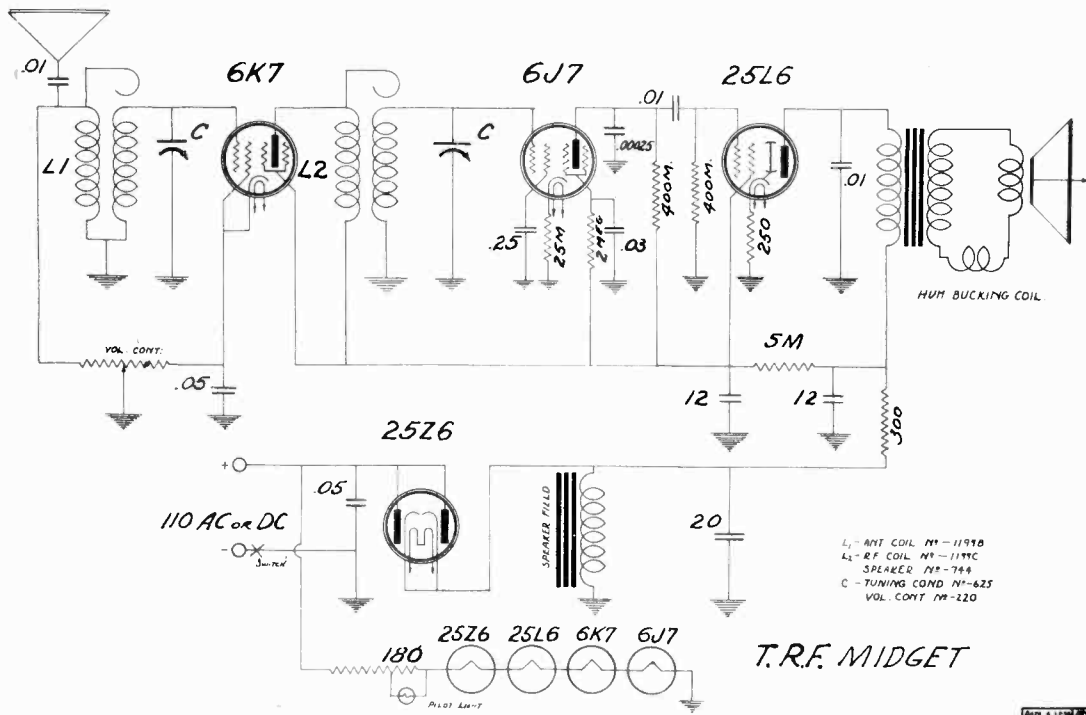
IIAC

FOR ALIGNMENT, SEE
THAT OF MODEL 35
ON PACIFIC PAGE
9-6, RIDER'S VOL. IX

BAND	
Broadcast	540—1710 KC
Intermediate	1710—5800 KC
Short Wave (foreign)	5800—17500 KC

MODEL TRF Midget
Schematic
MODEL 915
Schematic, Alignment

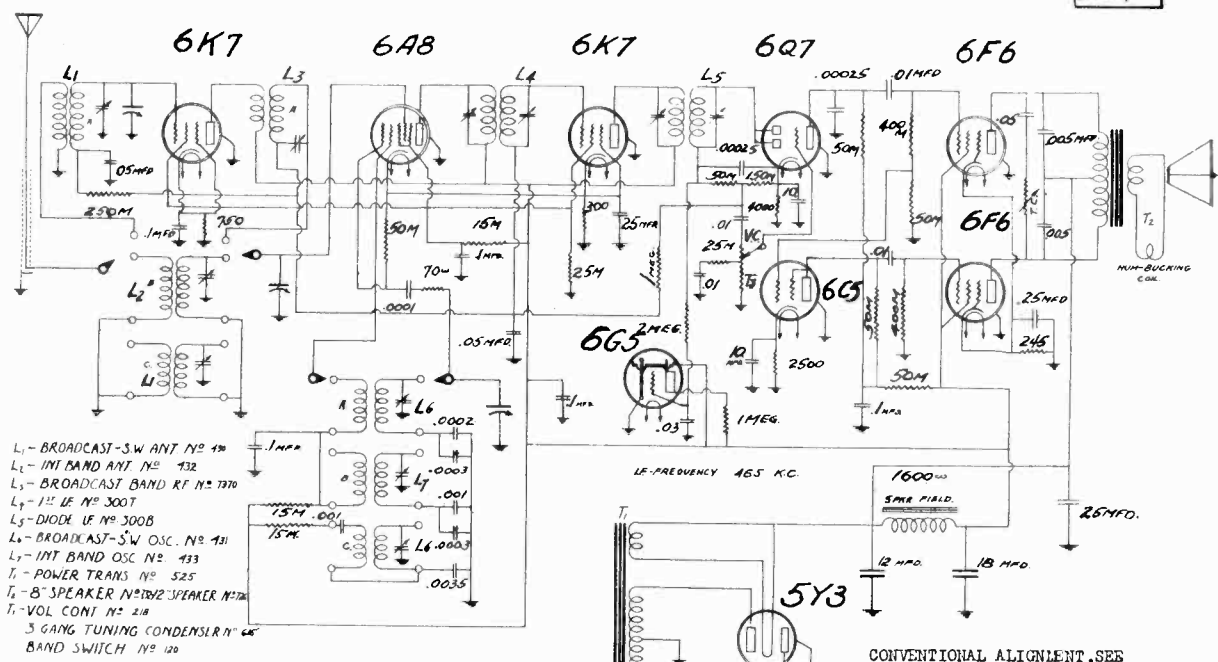
PACIFIC RADIO CORP.



- L₁ - ANT. COIL N^o 1197B
- L₂ - RF. COIL N^o 1197C
- SPLASHER N^o 744
- C - TUNING COND. N^o 625
- VOL. CONT. N^o 120

T.R.F. MIDGET

Form 10-10-35
Checked by
Approved by



- L₁ - BROADCAST-SW ANT N^o 430
- L₂ - INT BAND ANT N^o 432
- L₃ - BROADCAST BAND RT N^o 7370
- L₄ - 1st LF N^o 3007
- L₅ - DIODE LF N^o 3008
- L₆ - BROADCAST-SW OSC. N^o 431
- L₇ - INT BAND OSC N^o 433
- T₁ - POWER TRANS N^o 525
- T₂ - B-SPEAKER N^o 1612 SPEAKER N^o 720
- T₃ - VOL CONT N^o 218
- 3 GANG TUNING CONDENSER N^o 62
- BAND SWITCH N^o 120

MODEL 915

115V
60N

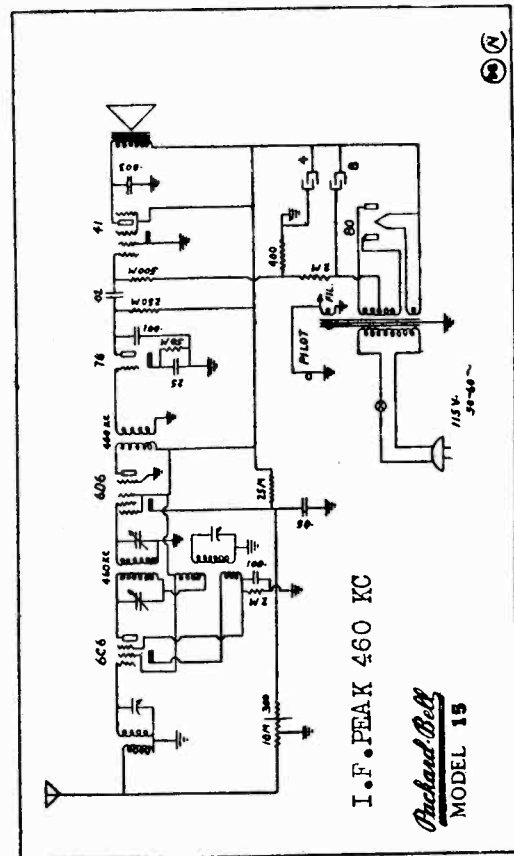
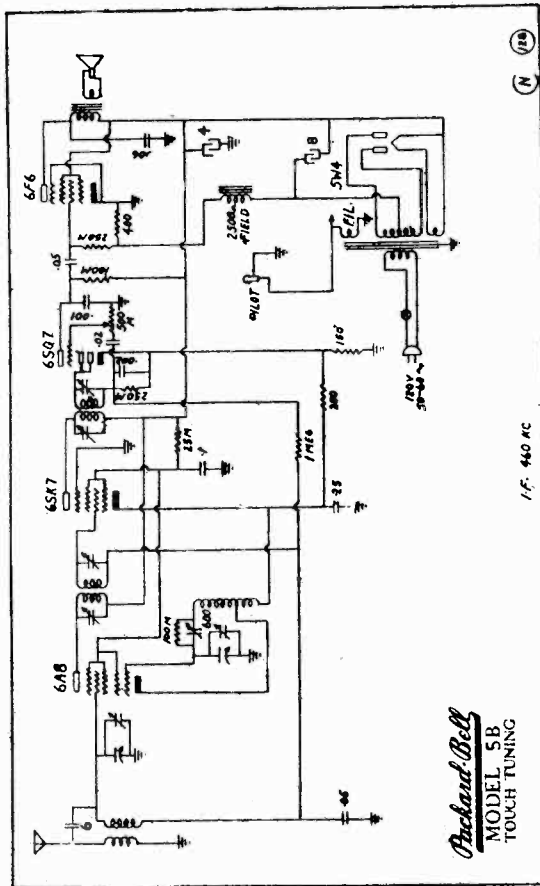
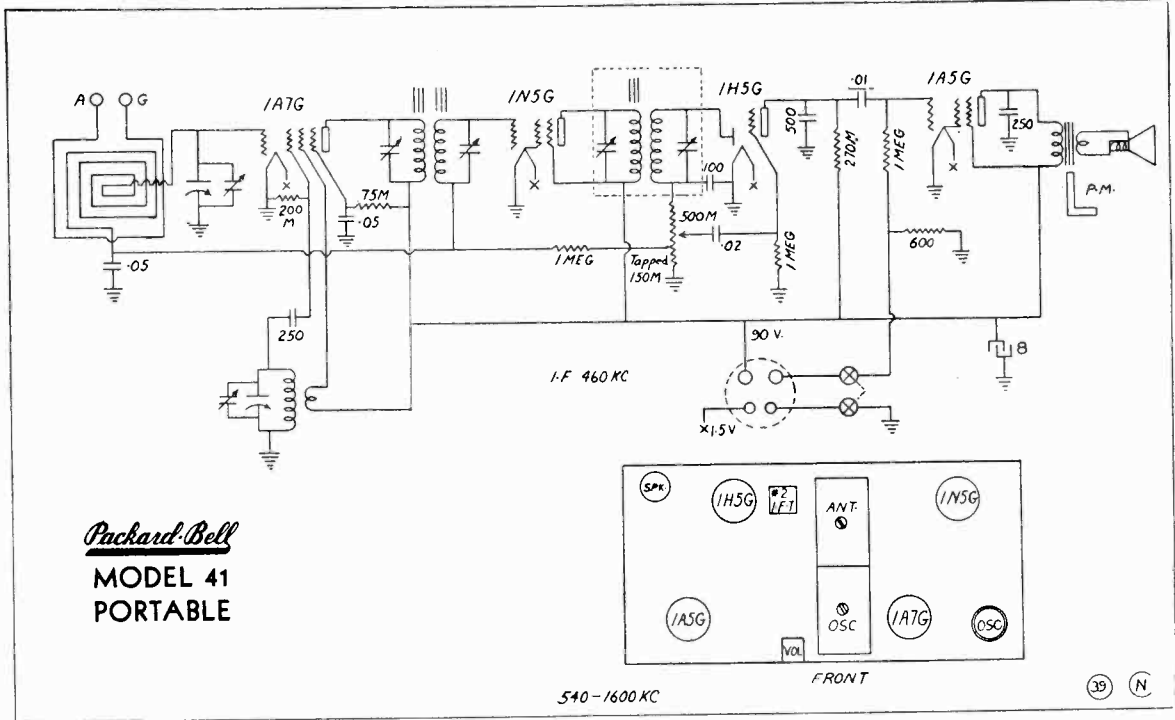
CONVENTIONAL ALIGNMENT, SEE
SPECIAL SECTION, VOL. VIII

Form 10-10-35
DATE 2-27-35
APPROVED BY
CHECKED BY

MODEL 41
Schematic, Socket
Trimmers

PACKARD BELL CO.

MODEL 5B
MODEL 15
Schematics



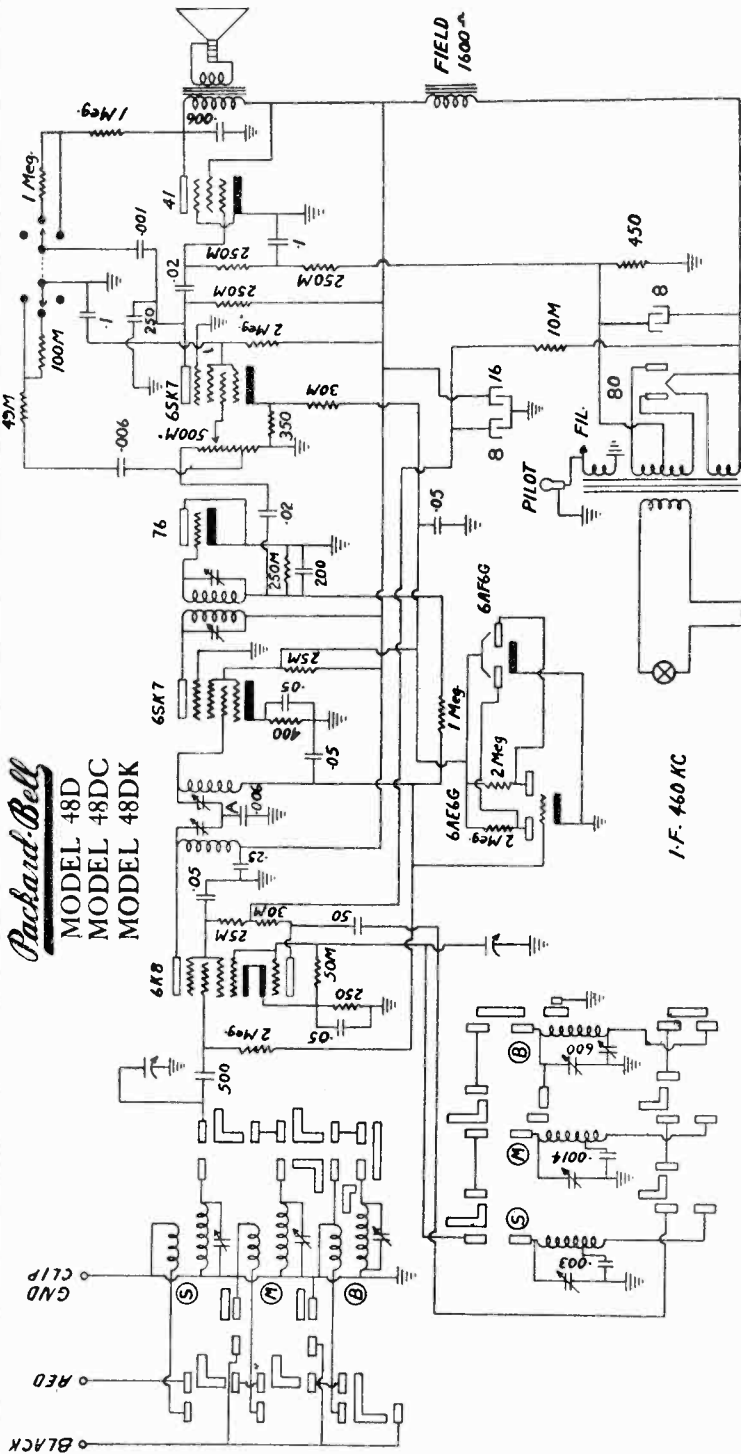
MODEL 5D
 MODEL 40 Portable
 Schematics, Socket
 MODELS 48D, 48DC, 48DK
 Schematic

PACKARD BELL CO.

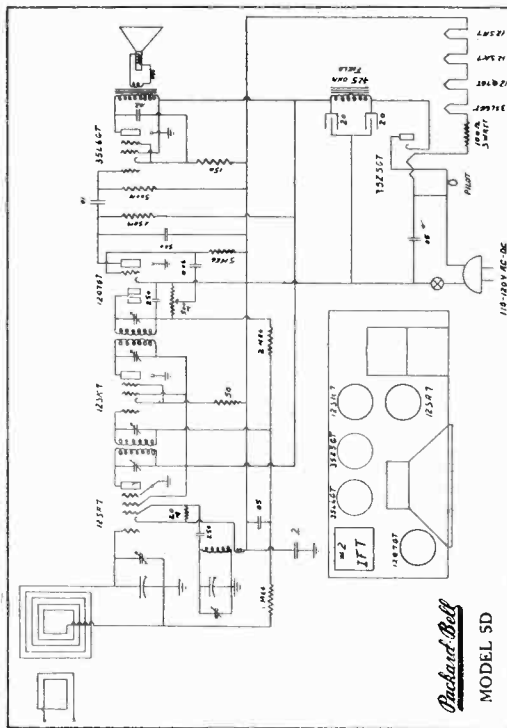
NOTE---

- 1. GROUND POINT "A"
- 2. ALIGN I-F USUAL METHOD B. 550-1750 KC
- 3. REMOVE GROUND AT "A" M. 175-625 KC
- 4. BAND SWITCH SHOWN IN BROADCAST POSITION S. 625-22 MC

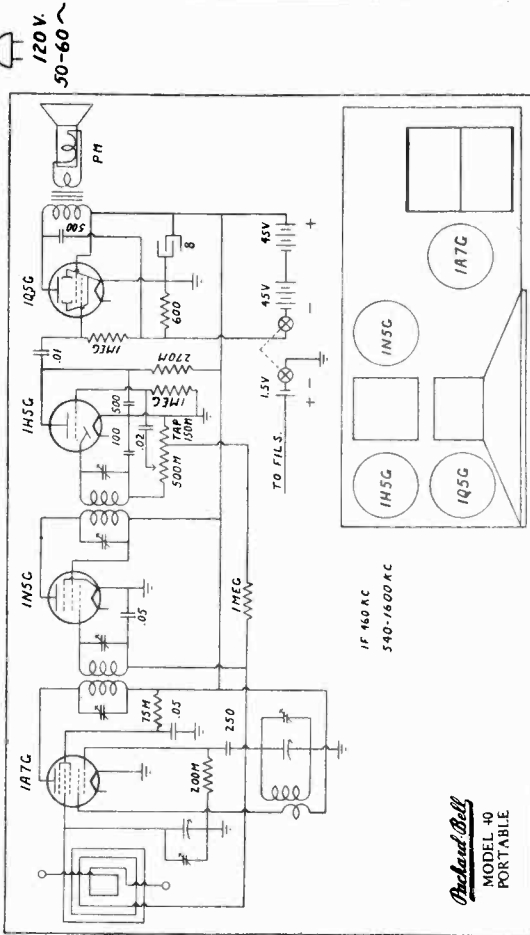
(115) (N)



Packard-Bell
 MODEL 48D
 MODEL 48DC
 MODEL 48DK



Packard-Bell
 MODEL 5D

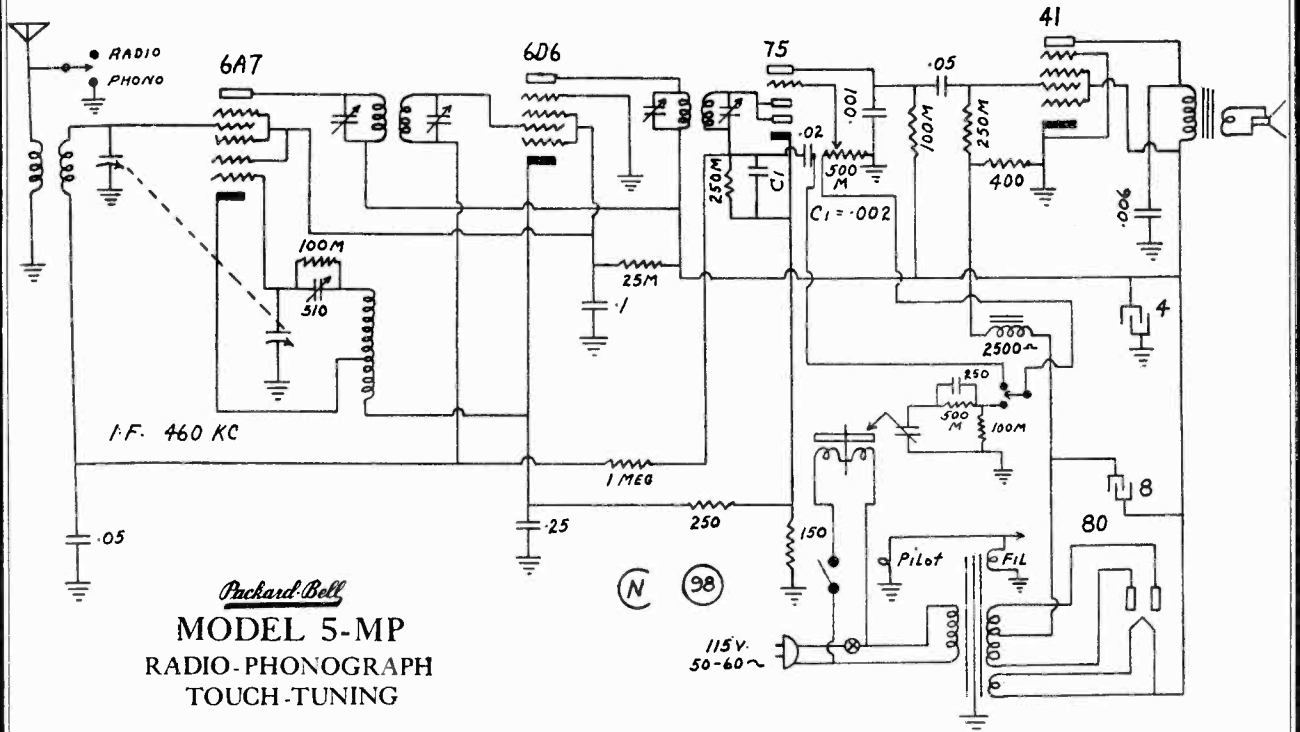


IF 460 KC
 540-1600 KC

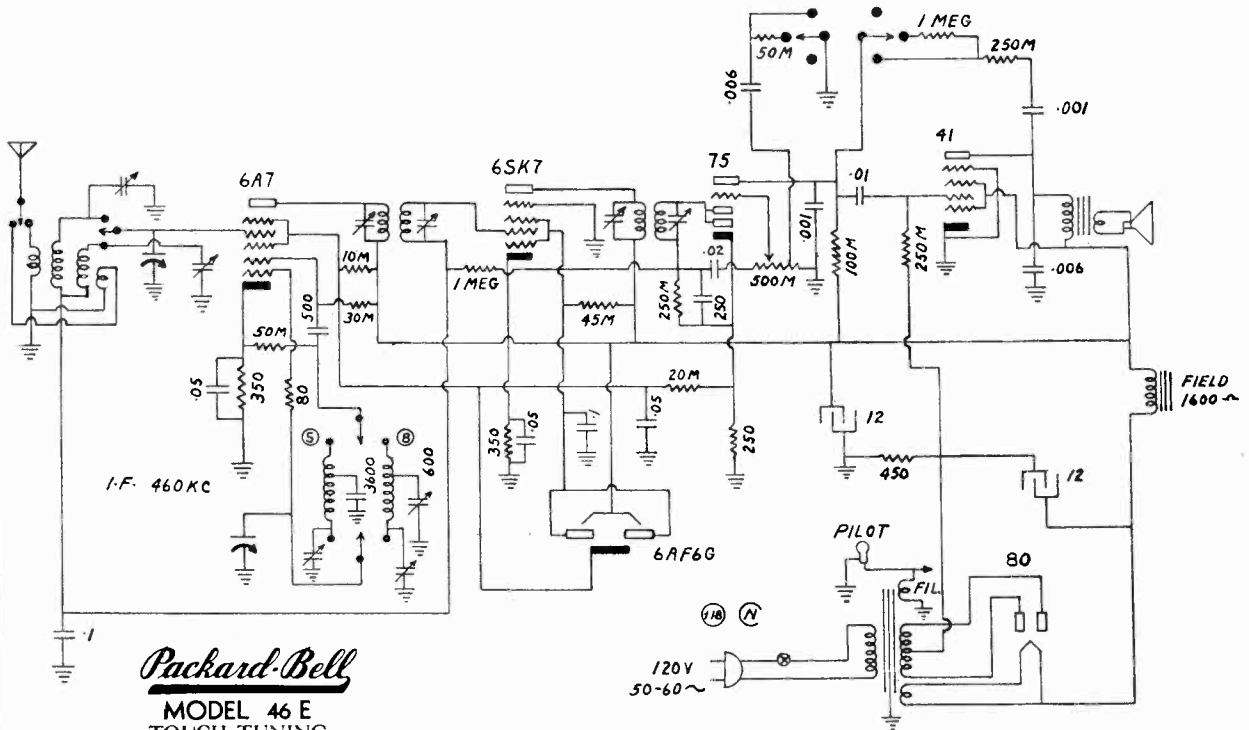
Packard-Bell
 MODEL 40
 PORTABLE

PACKARD BELL CO.

MODEL 5MP
MODEL 46E
Schematics



Packard-Bell
MODEL 5-MP
RADIO-PHONOGRAPH
TOUCH-TUNING

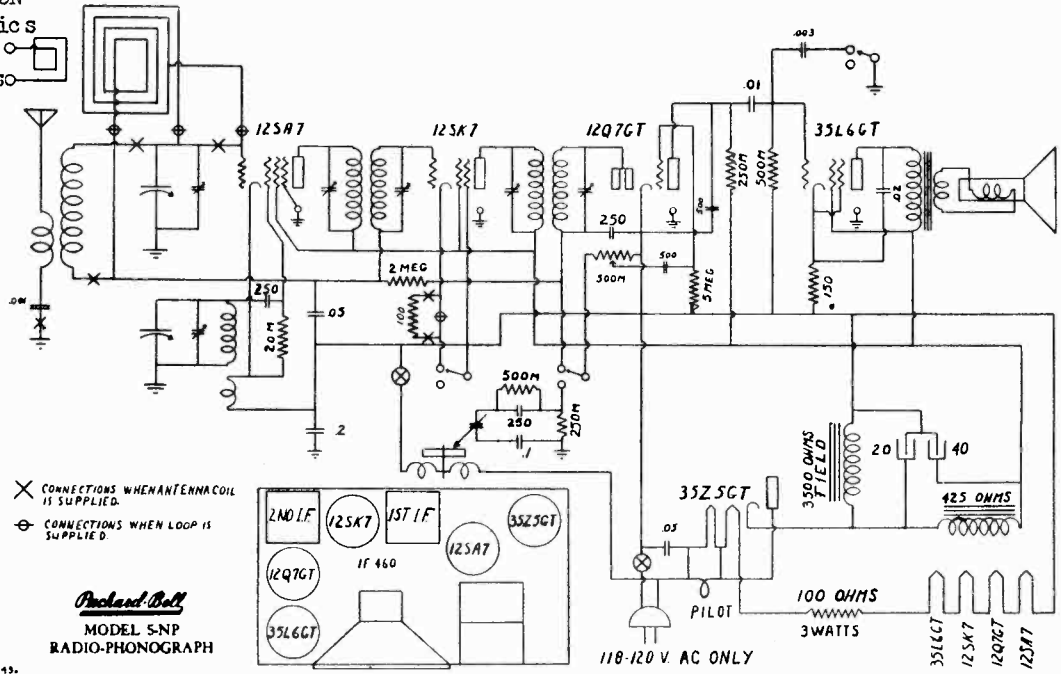


Packard-Bell
MODEL 46 E
TOUCH-TUNING

B 540-1750 KC
S 5.7-18.5 MC

MODEL 5N
MODEL 5NP
MODEL 35N
Schematics
Socket
Trimmers

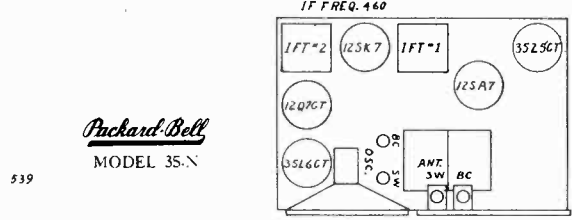
PACKARD BELL CO.



X CONNECTIONS WHEN ANTENNA COIL IS SUPPLIED.
O CONNECTIONS WHEN LOOP IS SUPPLIED.

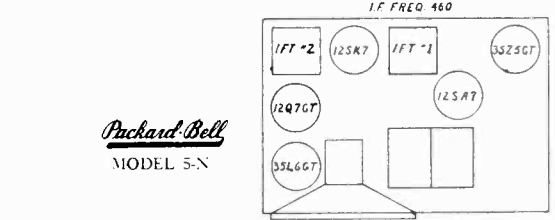
Packard-Bell
MODEL 5-NP
RADIO-PHONOGRAPH

13.

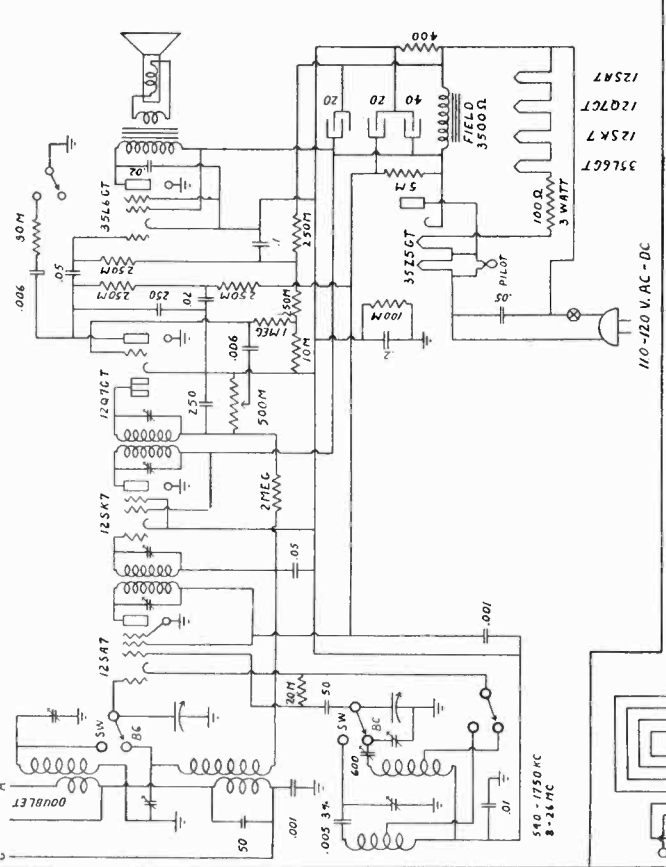


Packard-Bell
MODEL 35-N

539



Packard-Bell
MODEL 5-N



X CONNECTIONS WHEN ANTENNA COIL IS SUPPLIED.
O CONNECTIONS WHEN LOOP IS SUPPLIED.

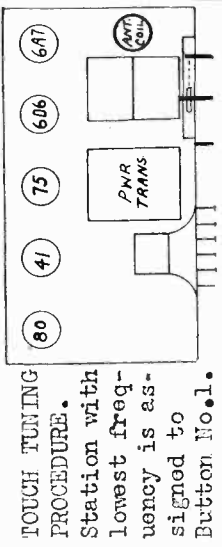
MODEL 75 Auto
Schematic, Socket
Trimmers, Alignment

PACKARD BELL CO.

MODEL 35L
Schematic, Socket
Tuner Data

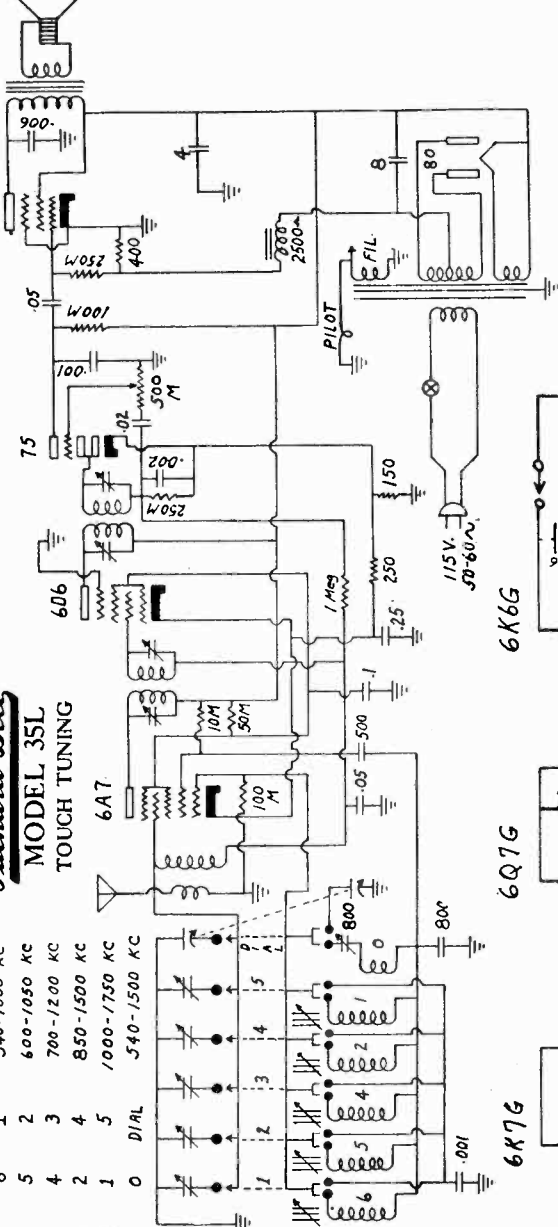
Packard-Bell
MODEL 35L
TOUCH TUNING

COIL BUTTON	RANGE
6	1 540-1000 KC
5	2 600-1050 KC
4	3 700-1200 KC
2	4 850-1500 KC
1	5 1000-1750 KC
0	DIAL 540-1500 KC

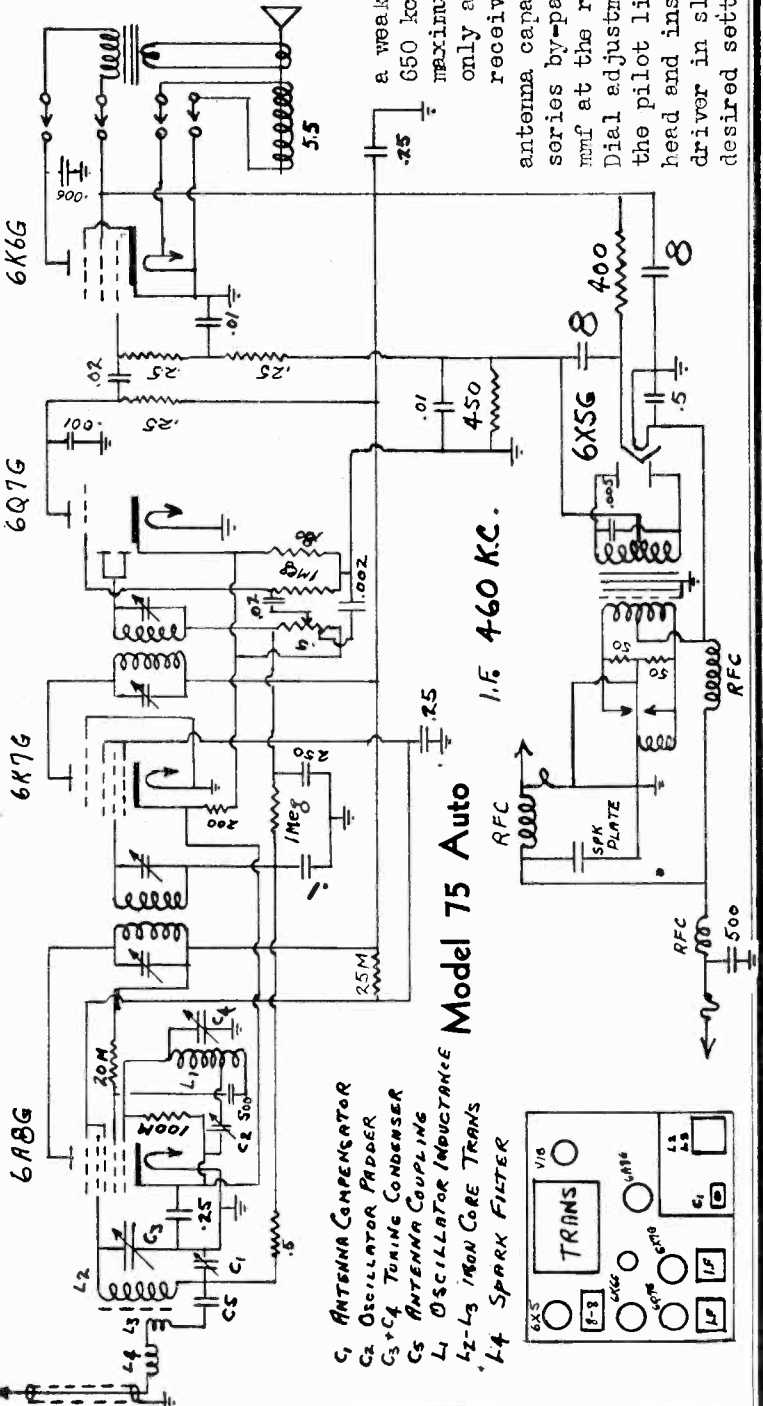


TOUCH TUNING PROCEDURE.
Station with lowest frequency is assigned to Button No.1.
Push this to "IN" position, select station by turning Osc. screw No.1 for maximum volume and adjust further with Ant. Trimmer screw No.1. Set other four buttons in the same way with their respective adjustments. Do not use button marked "Dial" to change from manual tuning; just push button for station desired.

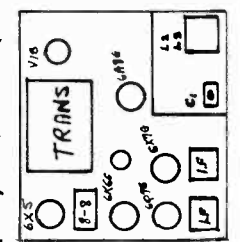
IF PEAK 460 KC.



Ant. Trimmer is in front corner of box. To trim remove button in box. Turn station knob until stop is reached; Adjust pointer to the right hand stop line on dial face. Tune in a weak signal between 550 and 650 kc and adjust trimmer for maximum volume. This is the only adjustment to match the receiver to the antenna. If antenna capacity is too high, use a series by-pass condenser, 250-500 mmf at the receiver and shield it. Dial adjustment is made by removing the pilot light in rear of control head and inserting a small screw-driver in slot, turning pointer to desired setting.

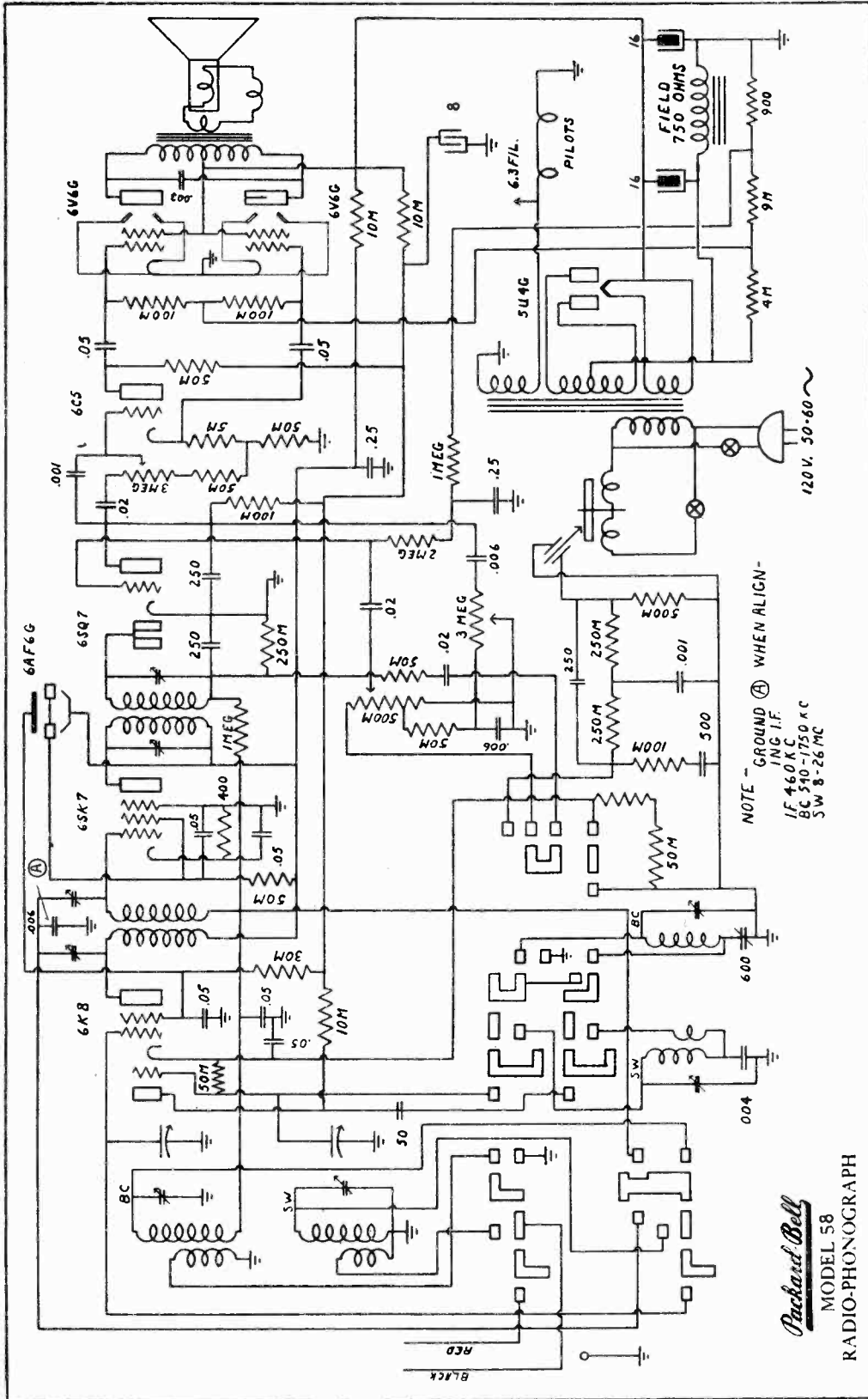


- C₁ ANTENNA CAPACITOR
- C₂ OSCILLATOR PADDER
- C₃+C₄ TUNING CONDENSER
- C₅ ANTENNA COUPLING
- L₁ OSCILLATOR INDUCTANCE
- L₂-L₅ IRON CORE TRANS.
- L₄ SPARK FILTER



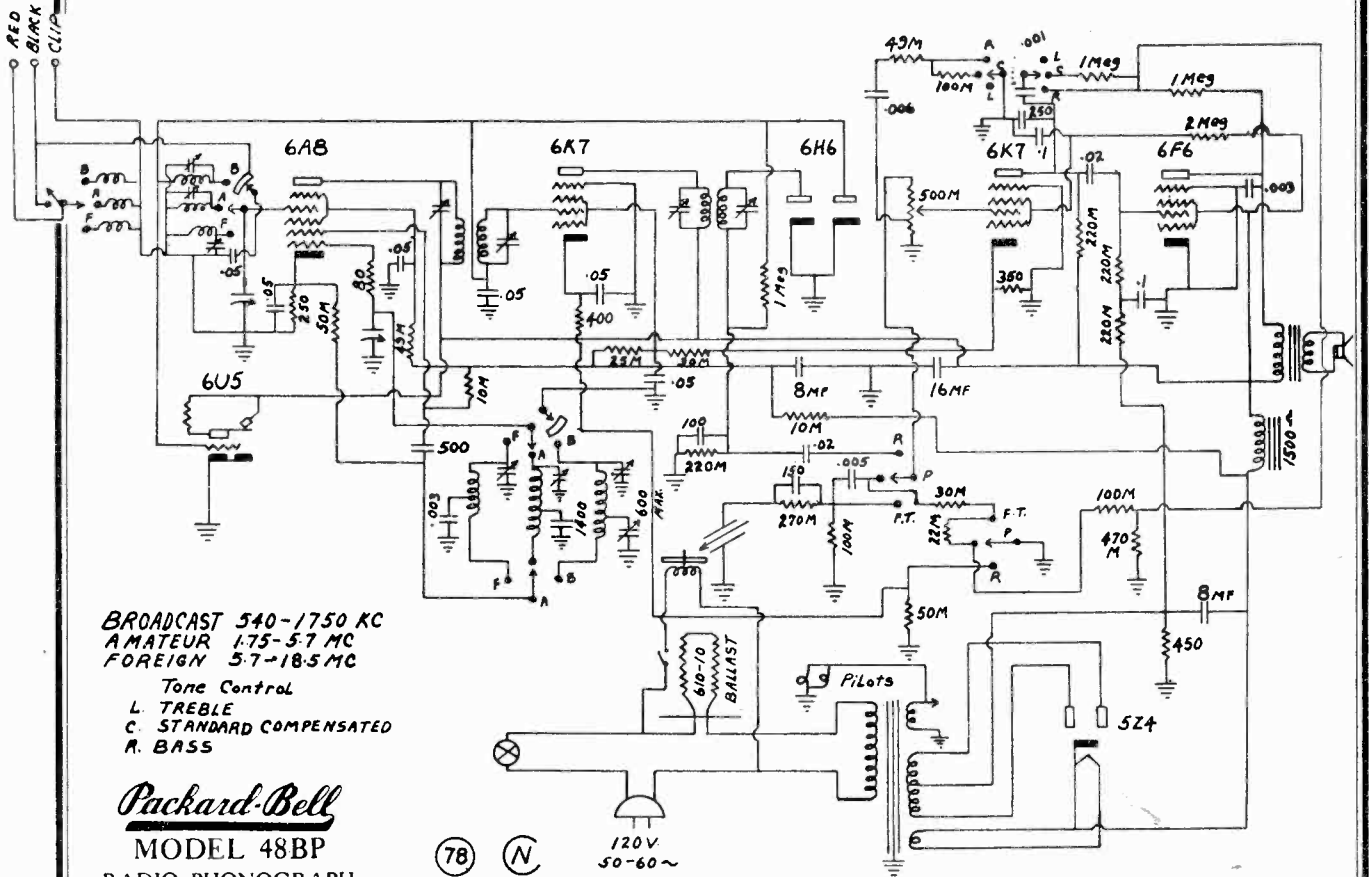
MODEL 58
Schematic

PACKARD BELL CO.



PACKARD BELL CO.

MODEL 48BP
MODEL 160
Schematics



BROADCAST 540-1750 KC
AMATEUR 1.75-5.7 MC
FOREIGN 5.7-18.5 MC

Tone Control
L. TREBLE
C. STANDARD COMPENSATED
A. BASS

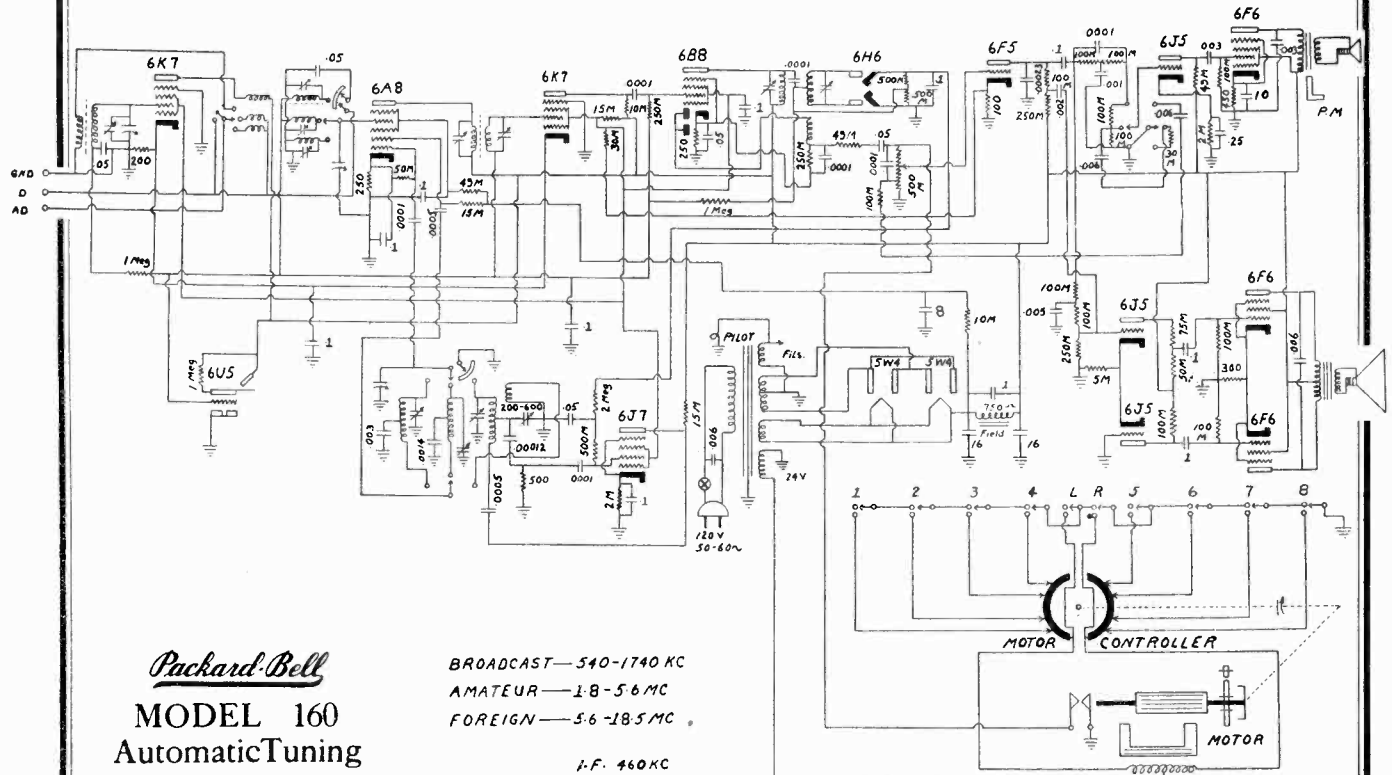
Packard-Bell

MODEL 48BP
RADIO-PHONOGRAPH

(78) (N)

120V
50-60~

I.F. 460 KC.



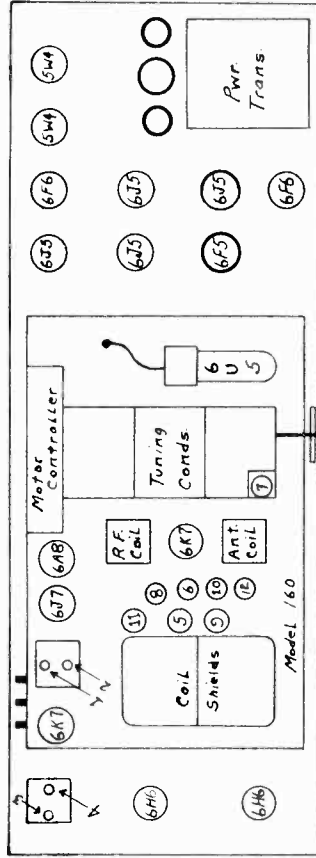
Packard-Bell
MODEL 160
Automatic Tuning

BROADCAST—540-1740 KC
AMATEUR—1.8-5.6 MC
FOREIGN—5.6-18.5 MC

I.F. 460 KC

MODEL 160
Socket, Trimmers
Tuner Data, Alignment

PACKARD BELL CO.

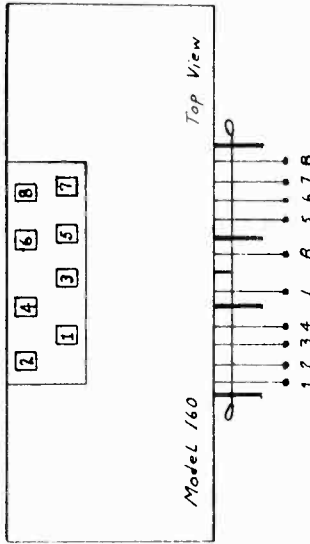


Model 160 Automatic

Alignment Procedure
 Turn the dial (manually) to 1740 kc position (plates of tuning condenser completely unmeshed) and set the volume control at maximum. Turn the band switch to broadcast position. Short the cathode of 6H6 tube (now connected to 2 meg-resistor) to chassis so that the automatic frequency control action will be nullified during alignment. Connect the output lead of the signal generator to the control grid of the 6A8 tube through a .006 condenser and set dial of generator to 460 kc. Adjust I.F. trimmers 1-2-5 and 4 until maximum output is obtained, meanwhile maintaining as low a value of signal as will allow obtaining of accurate adjustment.

Now tune signal generator to 1740 kc and connect output lead through .006 condenser to antenna post of receiver. Turn dial pointer of receiver to horizontal position and adjust oscillator trimmer 5, antenna trimmer 7 and first detector trimmer 6 for maximum output. Next tune generator to 600 kc. Turn dial pointer of radio to point of maximum signal and adjust trimmer 8 for increase in signal. At the same time rock the tuning condenser back and forth through resonance while adjusting the padder until maximum output is obtained. This should occur when the receiver dial is set at approximately 600 kc. Now tune back across the dial and if not exactly on kc at the high frequency end readjust trimmers 5-6 and 7 for correction. Do not attempt to play this receiver with only one speaker as there are two audio channels and the tone quality will be very poor unless both speakers are used.

send Number 2. (1.8 to 5.6 Mc) Turn knob of waveband switch to Amateur position. Tune signal generator to 5.5 mc and set radio dial to 5.5 position. Adjust oscillator trimmer 9 and antenna trimmer 10 for maximum output. There is no A.F. stage on the Amateur and Foreign bands. Band Number 3. (5.6 to 19.5Mc) Turn knob of waveband switch to Foreign position. Tune signal generator to 18 mc and connect output lead to antenna post through a 200 Mfcd condenser and a 400 ohm resistor. Set volume control at maximum. Turn radio dial to 18 mc and adjust oscillator trimmer 11 and first detector trimmer 12 for maximum output. After completing alignment of all bands then disconnect 6H6 cathode jumper so that the AFC will be active again. The discriminator circuit is adjusted at the factory and should not be touched under any circumstances.



Model 160 Automatic

The automatic frequency control in the Model 160 Packard-Bell radio is so adjusted that it does not interfere with the normal selectivity of the receiver. Any station that can be received without automatic frequency control can also be received with it. The only instances where A.F.C. will give preference to a more powerful station is where the stronger station will be heard in the background of the weaker one. From this it is obvious that an A.F.C. switch is unnecessary. This eliminates a control which would have been confusing to most people.

INSTRUCTION FOR SETTING MARKERS ON CONTROLLER. To begin with, in setting the motor controller (located at center-rear of chassis) one must first determine what stations are desired on the eight station keyboard. To do this examine the stationized dial and determine the location of stations related to each side of dial center. This done, it is then necessary to allot a sufficient number of sliders (station markers) corresponding to push-button switches on station keyboard of receiver panel below large dial.

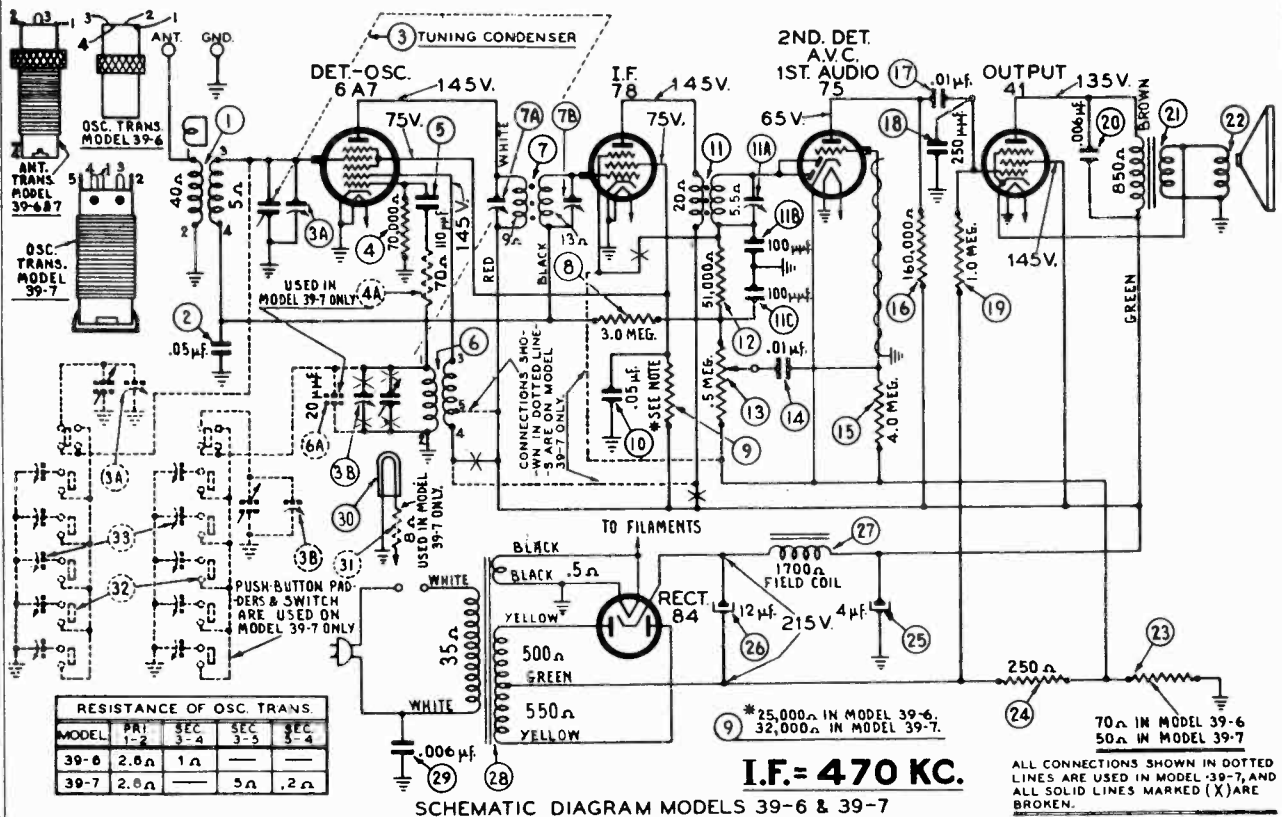
Let us take for example a choice which would give us 5 stations between center and left hand side of dial, and 3 between center and right hand side of dial. We then consider push-button switches to correlate in numerical order with stations chosen as follows: KECA, KGFJ, AKKD, KXK, KFWB, KHJ, KMFC, and KPI, giving KECA No. 1 position, others following consecutively, completing with KPI as No. 8. Considering push-buttons on panel from left to right as reading from 1 to 8, a correct sequence will result from left sliders at rear of chassis. Control sliders are set up to correspond with buttons in correct numerical order, (that is, on rear slider rail you will find 4 buttons, and on front slider rail 4 buttons). Buttons or sliders on front are odd numbers, i.e., 1-3-5-7, and on rear rail are the even numbers, i.e., 2-4-6-8. Looking from rear the right hand slider corresponds to left front panel push button looking from the front.

OPERATION: Starting with KECA, push button No. 1 until it locks. We then reach back and push slider No. 1 back and forth until dial pointer comes to rest at KECA as marked on dial. Follow this procedure for all other stations.

The buttons marked R and L are used to tune in stations not set up on the keyboard. For example: If one is listening to KHJ and decides to change to KFOX then all that is necessary is to press the button L down until pointer turns to KFOX, then release the button and the pointer will stop. Or if one is listening to KHJ and wants to change to KEHA just press the button R down and hold until the pointer gets to KEHA, then release. In other words button R controls the motor to the right and button L to the left.

PHILCO RADIO & TELEV. CORP. Schematic, Voltage
Socket, Trimmers

MODELS 39-6, 39-7, Code 121



Models 39-6, 39-7, Code 121

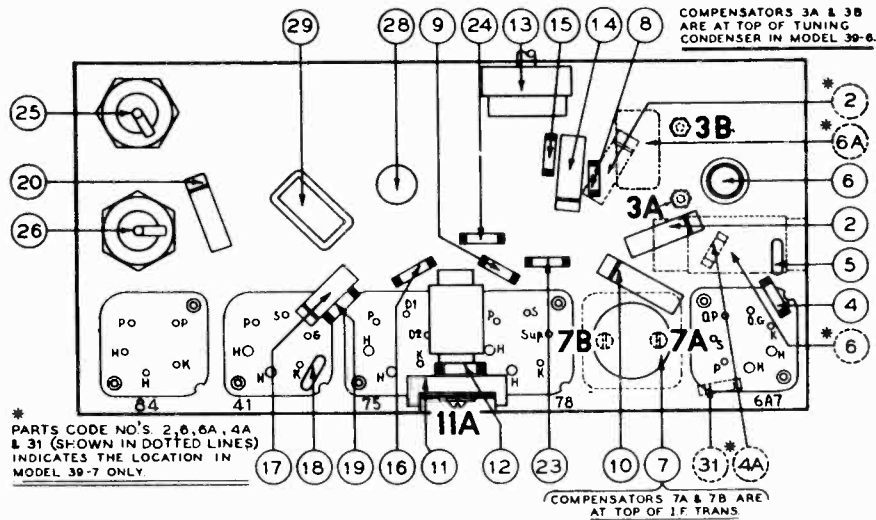


Fig. 2. Part Locations, Underside of Chassis

FREQUENCY RANGE: 530 to 1720 K.C.

INTERMEDIATE FREQUENCY: 470 K.C.

PHILCO TUBES USED: 6A7, First Detector Oscillator; 78, I.F. Amplifier; 75, Second Detector, A.V.C., First Audio; 41, Audio Output and 84, Rectifier.

POWER SUPPLY: 115 V., 50 to 60 cycle A.C.

Power Transformers are available for operation on 115 V., 25 to 40 cycles A.C.

POWER CONSUMPTION: 30 watts.

AUDIO OUTPUT: One (1) watt.

MODELS 39-6, 39-7, Code 121
Alignment, Parts

PHILCO RADIO & TELEV. CORP.

Alignment of Compensators

EQUIPMENT REQUIRED:

- (1) Signal Generator; Philco Model 077 Signal Generator which has a fundamental frequency range from 115 to 36,000 K.C. is the correct instrument for this purpose.
- (2) Output Meter, Philco Model 027 Circuit Tester, incorporates a sensitive output meter and is recommended.
- (3) Philco Fiber Handle Screw Driver, Part No. 27-7059, and Fiber Wrench, Part No. 3164.

OUTPUT METER: The Philco 027 Output Meter is connected to the plate and screen terminals of the type 4I tube and adjusted for the 0 to 30 V.A.C. scale. After connecting the output meter, adjust the compensators in the order as shown in the tabulation below. Locations of the compensators are shown on Fig. 2. If the output meter pointer goes off scale when adjusting the compensators, reduce the strength of the signal from the generator.

Schem. No.	Description	Part No.	Schem. No.	Description	Part No.
6A*	Silver Mica Cond. (20 mfd.) (39-7)	30-1123	1	Ant. Trans. (39-6)	32-2583
7	1st I.F. Trans. Assy. (39-6)	32-3120	1	Ant. Trans. (39-7)	32-3039
8	1st I.F. Trans. Assy. (39-7)	32-3121	2	Tubular Cond. (.05 mfd.)	30-4519
9	Resistor (3.0 meg., ½ watt)	33-350339	3	Tuning Cond. (39-6)	31-2335
	Resistor (25,000 ohms, ½ watt)		3	Tuning Cond. (39-7)	31-2338
	Resistor (32,000 ohms, ½ watt)	33-325339	4	Resistor (70,000 ohms, ½ watt)	33-370339
	Resistor (39-7)		4A*	Resistor (70 ohms, ½ watt) (39-7)	33-070339
10	Tubular Cond. (.05 mfd.)	33-323339	5	Mica Cond. (110 mfd.)	30-1031
11	2nd I.F. Trans. Assy.	30-4444	6	Oscillator Trans. (39-6)	32-3021
		32-2674		Oscillator Trans. (39-7)	32-2122
12	Resistor (51,000 ohms, ½ watt)	33-351339	29	Condenser (.006, moulded)	30-4423
13	Volume Control (.5 meg.)	33-5254	30	Pilot Lamp	34-2064
14	Tubular Cond. (.01 mfd.)	30-4479	31*	Pilot Lamp Resistor (8 ohms, ½ watt)	33-980331
15	Resistor (4.0 meg., ½ watt)	33-540339	32*	Push-Button Switch	42-1477
16	Resistor (160,000 ohms, ½ watt)	33-416339	33*	Padder Strip Assy.	31-6290
17	Tubular Cond. (.01 mfd.)	30-4169		* Indicates parts used on Model 39-7 only.	
17	Tubular Cond. (.01 mfd.) (39-7)	30-4572			
18	Mica Cond. (250 mmfd.)	30-1032			
19	Resistor (1.0 meg., ½ watt)	33-510339			
20	Tubular Cond. (.006 mfd.)	30-4125			
21	Output Trans. (Speaker 36-1461)				
22	Cone and Voice Coil Assy. (Speaker 36-1461)	36-4095			
23	Resistor (70 ohms, ½ watt), Model 39-6	33-070339			
	Resistor (50 ohms, ½ watt), Model 39-7	33-050339			
24	Resistor (250 ohms, ½ watt)	33-125339			
25	Electrolytic Cond. (4 mfd., 300 V.)	30-2327			
26	Electrolytic Cond. (12 mfd., 300 V.)	30-2328			
27	Field Coil (Replace Speaker 36-1461)				
28	Power Trans. (115 V., 50 to 60 cycles)	32-7979			

TYPE OF CIRCUIT: Models 39-6, code 121; and 39-7, code 121, employ a five-tube A.C. operated superheterodyne circuit, covering standard broadcast frequencies; Automatic Volume Control, and Pentode Audio Output. In general the two models are similar but differ in their tuning mechanisms and cabinets.

Model 39-6 is manually tuned and is assembled in cabinet type C.

Model 39-7, code 121, in addition to being manually tuned, is equipped with six Electric Automatic Push-Buttons. Five push-buttons are used for selecting any one of five stations in the standard broadcast range, and one push-button for changing to manual tuning. The procedure for adjusting the push-buttons for reception of stations will be found in the instructions supplied with each set.

Opera- tion in Order	SIGNAL GENERATOR			RECEIVER			Special Instruc- tions
	Output Connections to Receiver	Dummy Antenna Note A	Dial Setting	Control Setting	Adjust Compensators in Order	Adjust for max. output	
1	6A7	.1 mf.	470 K.C.	Vol. Cont. Max.	11A, 7B, 7A	Adjust for max. output	NOTE A—The "Dummy Antenna" consists of a condenser connected in series with the signal generator output lead (high side). Use the capacity as specified in each step of the above procedure. NOTE B—DIAL CALIBRATION: With the tuning condenser in "maximum capacity" position (plates fully meshed), set the dial pointer between the two horizontal lines at the low frequency end of the scale (550 K.C.).
2	Ant. Lead	100 mf.	1550 K.C.	Vol. Cont. Max.	3B, 3A	Adjust for max. output Note A, B	

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Schematic, Chassis
Parts List

PHILCO RADIO & TELEV. CORP.

MODEL 39-17
Codes 121,122

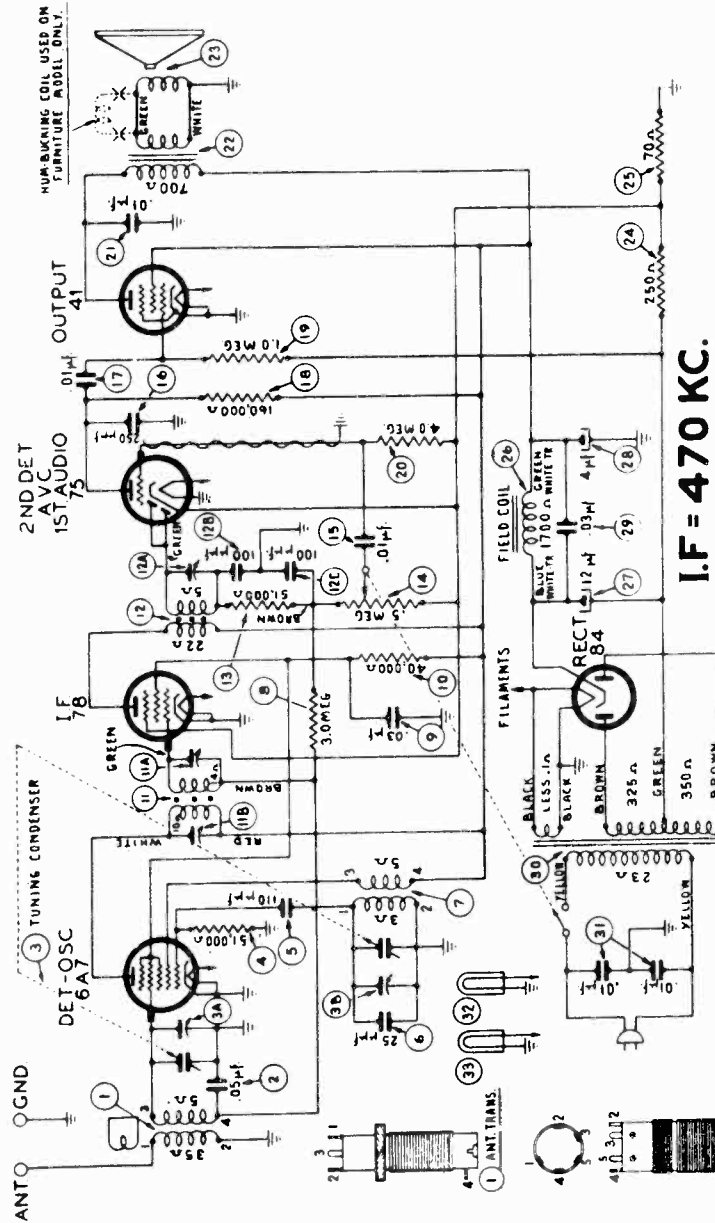


Fig. 3. Schematic Diagram—Model 39-17, Code 121-122

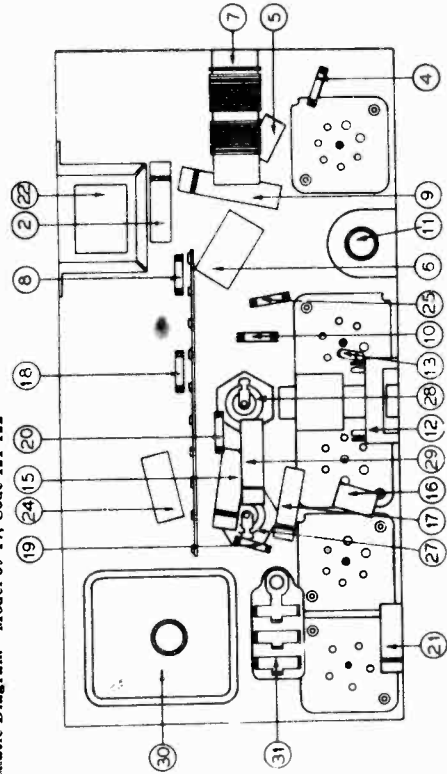


Fig. 4. Part Locations, Underside of Chassis

June 1938

REPLACEMENT PARTS Model 39-17; Codes 121 & 122

Schem. No.	Description	Part No.
1	Antenna Transformer	32-1039
2	Condenser (.05 mf. tubular)	30-4519
3	Tuning Condenser Assembly	31-2265
4	Resistor (51,000 ohms, 1/2 watt)	33-351339
5	Condenser (110 mmf. mica)	30-1031
6	Condenser (25 mmf., silver plated mica)	30-1112
7	Oscillator Transformer	32-3040
8	Resistor (3.0 megohm)	33-530339
9	Condenser (.03 mf. tubular)	30-4449
10	Resistor (40,000 ohms, 1/2 watt)	33-340339
11	1st I. F. Transformer As semly	32-3075
12	2nd I. F. Transformer As semly	32-2944
13	Resistor (51,000 ohms, 1/2 watt)	33-351339
14	Volume Control and On-Off Switch	33-5276
15	Condenser (.01 mf. tubular)	30-4479
16	Condenser (mica, 250 mmf.)	30-1032
17	Condenser (.01 mf. tubular)	30-4572
18	Resistor (16,000 ohms, 1/2 watt)	33-316339
19	Resistor (1.0 megohm, 1/2 watt)	33-510339
20	Resistor (4.0 megohm, 1/2 watt)	33-540339
21	Condenser (.01 mf. tubular)	30-4572
22	Output Transformer	32-7980
23	Cone and Voice Coil Assembly for Speaker (Pt. No. 36-1426-1)	36-4083
	(Part No. 36-1426-3)	36-4085
	Cone and Voice Coil Assembly for Speaker (Pt. No. 36-1440)	36-4086
24	Resistor (250 ohms, wire wound)	31-25431
25	Resistor (70 ohms, 1/2 watt)	33-070339
26	Field Coil for Speaker (Pt. No. 36-1426)	36-4083
	† Field Coil for Speaker (Pt. No. 36-1440)	36-4085
27	Condenser (12 mf. electrolytic)	30-2319
28	Condenser (4 mf. electrolytic)	30-2236
29	Condenser (.03 mf. tubular)	30-4449
30	Power Transformer (115 volts, 50-60 cycles)	32-7974
31	Condenser (.01 mf.—.01 mf. bakelite)	3903DG
32	Pilot Lamp	34-2064
33	Pilot Lamp	34-2064

Cable and Plug (power)	L-2778
Dial and Frame Assembly	31-2283
Dial Tuning Drum Assembly	31-2281
Dial Tuning Cord Assembly	31-2275
Dial Tuning Spring (cord)	28-8919
Clip (Mfg. R. F. Coils)	28-5002
Chip (Mfg. R. F. Coils)	28-5003
Escutcheon Plate (extension shafts, F cabinet)	56-1051
Escutcheon Pin	W-950
Knob (Tuning)	27-4750
Knob (Volume)	27-4753
Pilot Lamp Socket Assembly	38-9612
Pointer (dial)	28-5934
Push-Buttons	27-4749
Shaft Extension (Volume)	27-6036
Shaft Extension (Tuning)	38-9640
Sleeve-long Tuning Shaft Extension (F Cabinet)	28-6928
Sleeve-short Tuning Shaft (T and F Cabinet)	28-6935
Spring-retaining Volume Shaft	28-6887
Socket (6 prong)	28-8915
Socket (7 prong)	27-6107
Socket (5 prong)	27-6035
Speaker (F Cabinet)	36-1440
Speaker (T Cabinet)	36-1426-1
Tab Kit	optional { 36-1426-3 40-6391

MISCELLANEOUS PARTS

Description	Part No.
Automatic Tuning Unit (complete)	31-2282
Bezel Assembly (dial)	40-6364
Bezel Gasket (dial)	27-9174
Bezel (push buttons)	28-5929
Bezel Gasket (push buttons)	27-9218
Bezel Clamp (dial)	28-5153

MODEL 39-17
Codes 121, 122
Socket, Trimmers,
Alignment, Voltage

PHILCO RADIO & TELEV. CORP.

SPECIFICATIONS

TYPE OF CIRCUIT: A. C. operated; superheterodyne circuit, covering standard broadcast band (540 K. C. to 1720 K. C.); Automatic Volume Control; and pentode output.

Codes 121 and 122 chassis of this model are similar with the exception of Speaker and Cabinet.

The receiver is designed to operate from a "Philco Utility Aerial," part No. 45-2450. This aerial system should be used to obtain maximum performance from the receiver.

POWER SUPPLY: Voltage—115 volts. Frequency—50-60 cycles. Power consumption—40 watts.

INTERMEDIATE FREQUENCY: 470 K. C.

TUNING RANGE: 540 to 1720 K. C.
AUDIO OUTPUT: 2 watts.

PHILCO TUBES USED: Five tubes: 1-6A7, 1st detector and oscillator; 1-78, I. F.; 1-75, 2nd detector, Automatic Volume Control, and 1st audio; 1-41, Output; and 1-84, Rectifier.

TUNING MECHANISM: Pulley and cable drive for Manual tuning. Push-Button for Automatic Tuning. The procedure for adjusting and operating the Automatic Tuning Push-Buttons will be found in the instructions supplied with each set.

CABINETS: Code 121 chassis in type "T" cabinet.
Code 122 chassis in type "F" cabinet.

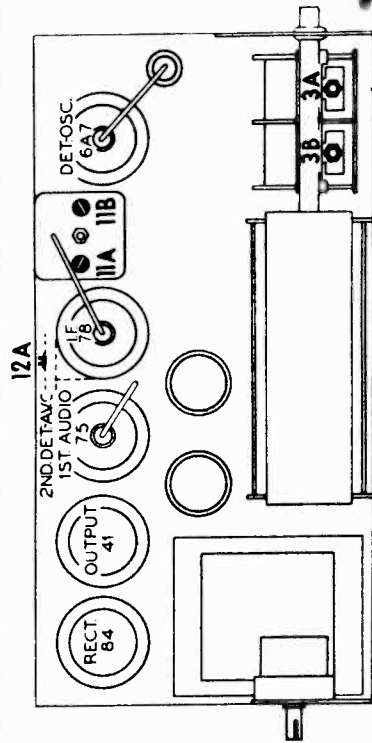


Fig. 2. Locations of Compensators

Alignment of Compensators

needed (3) Philco Fiber Handle Screw Driver, part No. 27-7059, and Fiber Wrench, part No. 3164

OUTPUT METER: The Philco 027 Output Meter is connected to the plate and cathode terminals of the type 41 tube. Set the meter to use the 0-30 volt scale.

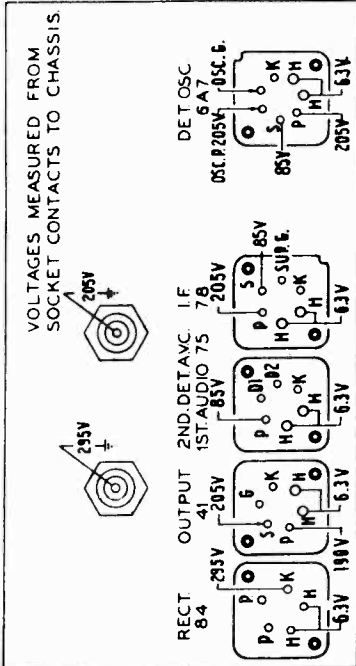


Fig. 1. Socket Voltage—Underside of Chassis View

The voltages indicated by arrows were measured with a Philco 027 Circuit Tester, which contains a sensitive voltmeter. Volume Control at minimum—Tuning Condenser set for no signal—line voltage 115 A. C.

EQUIPMENT REQUIRED: (1) Signal Generator: Philco Model 077 Signal Generator which has a fundamental frequency range from 115 to 36,000 K. C. is the correct instrument for this purpose. (2) Output meter, Philco Model 027 Circuit Tester, incorporates a sensitive output meter and is recom-

Operations In Order	Signal Generator		Receiver		Special Instructions
	Output Connections To Receiver	Dummy Antenna (Note A)	Dial Setting	Control Settings	
1	6A7 Grid	.1 mf.	580 K. C.	Vol. Cont. (Max.)	(12A) (11A) (11B)
2	Ant. Ter.	100 mmf.	1550 K. C.	Vol. Cont. (Max.)	(3B) (3A) See Note B

NOTE A—The "Dummy Antenna" consists of a condenser connected in series with the signal generator output lead (high side). Use the capacity as specified in each step of the above procedure.

NOTE B—**DIAL CALIBRATION:** In order to adjust the receiver correctly, the dial must be aligned to track properly with the tuning condenser. To adjust the dial proceed as follows: With the push button unit disconnected from the gang, the pointer is to be set on the extreme left edge of the index line (low frequency end of the scale) with the gang closed. The gang is then opened until the pointer is at the right edge of the index line and, with the push button shaft at its closed stop, the push button coupling is tightened on the gang shaft.

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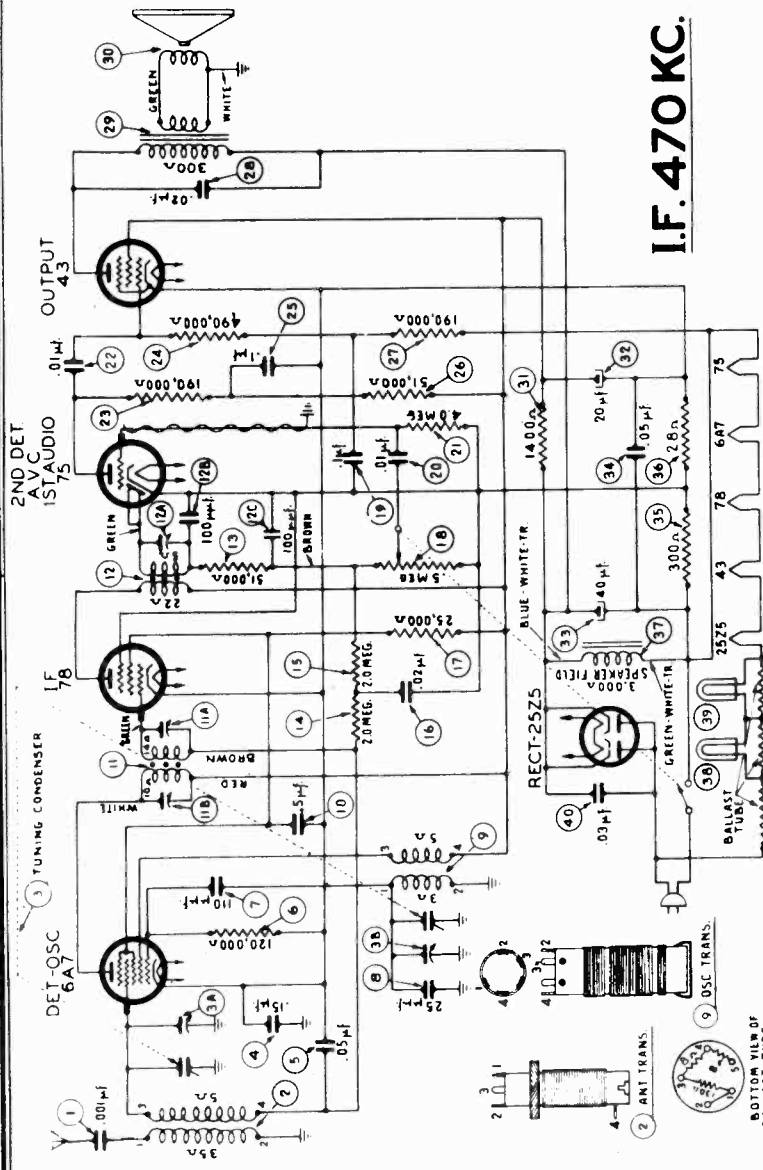
PHILCO RADIO & TELEV. CORP.

MODEL 39-18
Codes 121,122
Schematic, Chassis
Parts List

REPLACEMENT PARTS
Model 39-18, Codes 121 & 122

Schem. No.	Description	Part No.
1	Condenser (.001 mfd. tubular)	30-4453
2	Antenna Transformer	32-3039
3	Tuning Condenser Assembly	31-2265
4	Condenser (.15 mfd. tubular)	30-4505
5	Condenser (.05 mfd. tubular)	30-4519
6	Resistor (120,000 ohms, 1/2 watt)	33-412339
7	Condenser (110 mmf., mica)	30-1031
8	Condenser (25 mmf., silver plated mica)	30-1112
9	Oscillator Transformer	32-3040
10	Condenser (.5 mf., tubular)	30-4551
11	1st I. F. Transformer Assembly	32-3075
12	2nd I. F. Transformer Assembly	32-2944
13	Resistor (51,000 ohms, 1/2 watt)	33-351339
14	Resistor (2.0 megohms, 1/2 watt)	33-520339
15	Resistor (2.0 megohms, 1/2 watt)	33-520339
16	Condenser (.02 mf., tubular)	30-4516
17	Resistor (25,000 ohms, 1/2 watt)	33-325339
18	Volume Control and On-Off Switch	33-5276
19	Condenser (.1 mf., tubular)	30-4499
20	Condenser (.01 mf., tubular)	30-4572
21	Resistor (4.0 megohms, 1/2 watt)	33-540339
22	Condenser (.01 mf., tubular)	30-4572
23	Resistor (190,000 ohms, 1/2 watt)	33-419339
24	Resistor (490,000 ohms, 1/2 watt)	33-449339
25	Condenser (.1 mf., tubular)	30-4499
26	Resistor (51,000 ohms, 1/2 watt)	33-351339
27	Resistor (190,000 ohms, 1/2 watt)	33-419339
28	Output Transformer	30-4215
29	Cone and Voice Coil Assembly (Speaker Part No. 36-1444-1)	36-4083
30	Cone and Voice Coil Assembly (Speaker Part No. 36-1444-3)	36-4085
31	Resistor (1400 ohms, 1/2 watt)	36-4086
32	Condenser (20 mf., electrolytic)	33-214339
33	Condenser (40 mf., electrolytic)	30-2245
34	Condenser (.05 mf., tubular)	30-3232
35	Resistor (300 ohms, wire wound)	33-130431
36	Resistor (28 ohms, 1/2 watt)	33-028339
37	Field Coil for Speaker (Pt. No. 36-1444)	36-1444
38	Field Coil for Speaker (Pt. No. 36-1445)	36-1445
39	Pilot Lamp	34-2068
40	Condenser (.03 mf., tubular)	30-4449

* When ordering Speaker or Cone assembly, specify which of the small numbers (1 or 3) following the part number is required.
† Replace Speaker.



I.F. 470 KC.

Fig. 3. Schematic Diagram, Model 39-18, Code 121-122

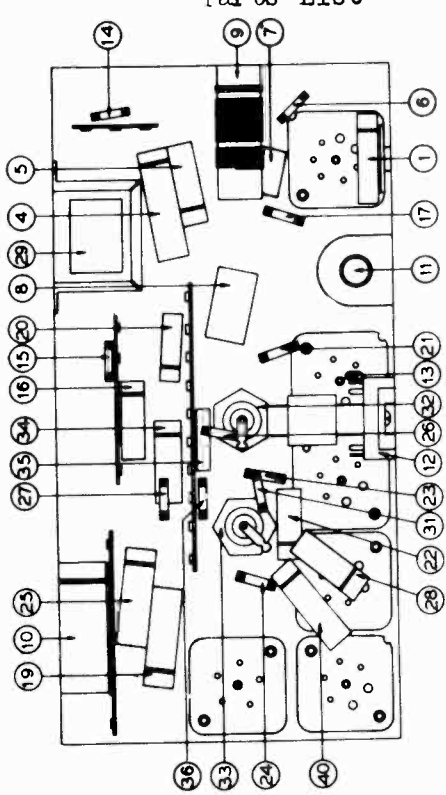


Fig. 4. Part Locations, Underside of Chassis

June 1938

MODEL 39-18
Codes 121, 122
Socket, Trimmers

PHILCO RADIO & TELEV. CORP.
SPECIFICATIONS

TYPE OF CIRCUIT: A. C. - D. C. operated; superhetrodyne circuit, covering standard broadcast (540 K. C. to 1720 K. C.) frequency; Automatic Volume Control; and pentode output.

Codes 121 and 122 chassis of this model are similar with the exception of Speaker and Cabinet.

The receiver is designed to operate from a "Philco Utility Aerial," part No. 45-2450. This aerial system should be used to obtain maximum performance from the receiver.

POWER SUPPLY: Voltage—115 volts A. C. or D. C. Power consumption—55 watts.

INTERMEDIATE FREQUENCY: 470 K. C.

TUNING RANGE: 540 to 1720 K. C.

PHILCO TUBES USED: 1—6A7, 1st detector and oscillator; 1—78, I. F.; 1—75, 2nd detector, Automatic Volume Control, and 1st audio; 1—43, Output; 1—25Z5, Rectifier; and 1—BKV51DJ, ballast tube.

TUNING MECHANISM: Pulley and cable drive for Manual tuning. Push-Button for Automatic Tuning. The procedure for adjusting and operating the Automatic Tuning Push-Buttons will be found in the instructions supplied with each set.

CABINETS: Code 121 chassis in type "T" cabinet.
Code 122 chassis in type "F" cabinet.

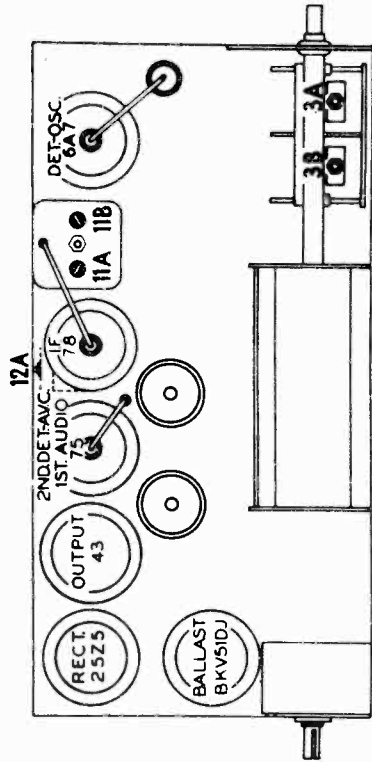


Fig. 2. Locations of Compensators

- (3) Philco Fiber Handle Screw Driver, part No. 27-7059 and Fiber Wrench, part No. 2164.
- (4) Philco Set Transformer, part No. 32-2763.

OUTPUT METER:

The Philco 027 Output Meter is connected to the plate and cathode terminals of the Type 43 tube. Set the meter to use the 0-30 volt scale.

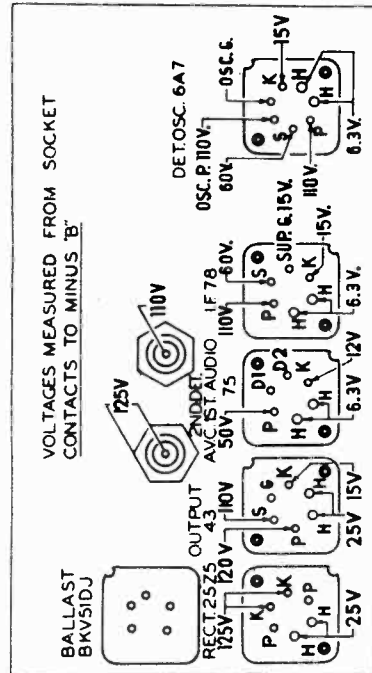


Fig. 1. Socket Voltage—Underside of Chassis View

The voltages indicated by arrows were measured with a Philco 027 Circuit Tester, which contains a sensitive voltmeter. Volume Control at minimum—Tuning Condenser set for no signal—line voltage 115 A. C.

Alignment of Compensators

EQUIPMENT REQUIRED:

- (1) Signal Generator; Philco Model 077 Signal Generator, which has a fundamental frequency range from 115 to 36,000 KC., is the correct instrument for this purpose.
- (2) Output meter; Philco Model 027 Circuit Tester incorporates a sensitive output meter and is recommended.

Operations in Order	Signal Generator		Receiver		Special Instructions	
	Output Connections to Receiver	Dummy Antenna (Note A)	Dial Setting	Control Settings		Adjust Compensators in Order
1	6A7-Grid	.1 mf.	470 KC	Vol. Cont. Max.	(12A) (11A) (11B)	See Note B
2	Ant. Ter.	100 mmf.	1550 KC	Vol. Cont. Max.	(3B) (3A)	See Note C See Note D

NOTE A—The "Dummy Antenna" consists of a condenser connected in series with the signal generator output lead (high side). Use the capacity as specified in each step of the above procedure.

NOTE B—Insert the signal generator output lead into the "Med" jack and the ground lead into the "End" jack of the signal generator. Connect the other end of the output lead to terminal No. 1 on the Set Transformer, part No. 32-2763, and the cable ground to terminal No. 2. Nos. 3 and 4 terminals of Set Transformer are then connected to the chassis and 6A7 grid, respectively of the receiver with short pieces of wire. Insert the 0.1 mf. in series with the No. 4 lead which connects to the grid.

NOTE C—DIAL CALIBRATION: In order to adjust the receiver correctly, the dial must be aligned to track properly with the tuning condenser. To

adjust the dial proceed as follows: With the push button unit disconnected from the gang, the pointer is to be set on the extreme left edge of the index line (low frequency end of the scale) with the gang closed. The gang is then opened until the pointer is at the right edge of the index line and, with the push-button shaft at its closed stop, the push-button coupling is tightened on the gang shaft.

NOTE D—Insert the signal generator output lead into the "Med" jack and the ground lead into the "End" jack of the signal generator. Connect the other end of the output lead to terminal No. 1 on the Set Transformer, part No. 32-2763, and the cable ground to terminal No. 2. Nos. 3 and 4 terminals of Set Transformer are then connected to the chassis and antenna lead, respectively of the receiver with short pieces of wire. Insert the 100 mmf. in series with the No. 4 lead which connects to the antenna lead.

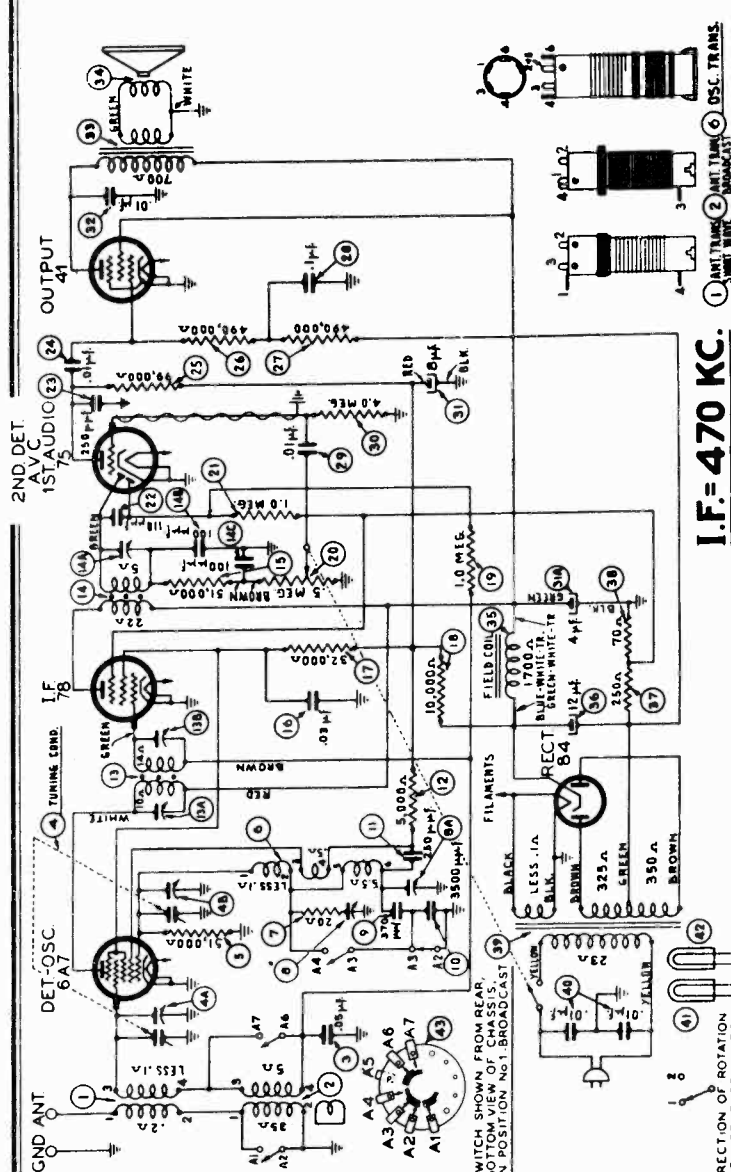
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PHILCO RADIO & TELEV. CORP.

MODEL 39-19
Codes 121, 122
Schematic, Chassis
Parts List

REPLACEMENT PARTS
Model 39-19, Codes 121 & 122

Schem. No.	Description	Part No.
1	Antenna Transformer (Range 2)	32-2822
2	Antenna Transformer (Range 1)	32-2821
3	Condenser (.05 mf. tubular)	30-4519
4	Tuning Condenser Assembly	31-2273
5	Resistor (51,000 ohms, 1/2 watt)	33-351339
6	Oscillator Transformer (Ranges 1 and 2)	32-3036
7	Resistor (20 ohms, 1/2 watt)	33-020339
8	Compensator (two sections, plated mica)	31-6257
9	Condenser (370 mmf., silver)	30-1110
10	Condenser (3500 mmf., mica)	30-1094
11	Condenser (250 mmf., mica)	30-1032
12	Resistor (5000 ohms, 1/2 watt)	33-250339
13	1st I. F. Transformer As-sembly	32-3075
14	2nd I. F. Transformer As-sembly	32-2944
15	Resistor (51,000 ohms, 1/2 watt)	33-351339
16	Condenser (.03 mf. tubular)	30-4449
17	Resistor (32,000 ohms, 1/2 watt)	33-332339
18	Resistor (10,000 ohms, 1 watt)	33-310439
19	Volume Control and On-Off Switch	33-510339
20	Resistor (1.0 meg., 3 watts)	30-1031
21	Resistor (1.0 meg., 1/2 watt)	30-1032
22	Condenser (110 mmf., mica)	30-4572
23	Condenser (250 mmf., mica)	33-399339
24	Condenser (.01 mf. tubular)	33-449339
25	Resistor (99,000 ohms, 1/2 watt)	33-449339
26	Resistor (490,000 ohms, 1/2 watt)	33-449339
27	Resistor (490,000 ohms, 1/2 watt)	33-449339
28	Condenser (.1 mf. tubular)	30-4364
29	Condenser (.01 mf. tubular)	30-4479
30	Resistor (4.0 meg., 1/2 watt)	33-540339
31	Condenser (8 mf. 4 mf., elec-trolytic)	30-2323
32	Output Transformer	30-4572
33	Cone and Voice Coil Assem-bly (Speaker Part No. 36-1426-1)	36-4083
34	Cone and Voice Coil Assem-bly (Speaker Part No. 36-1426-3)	36-4085
35	Field Coil for Speaker (Part No. 36-1426-2)	36-4086
36	Resistor (250 ohms, 1/2 watt)	33-125431
37	Resistor (70 ohms, 1/2 watt)	33-070339
38	Power Transformer, 115 v., 30-60 cycles	32-7974
39	Condenser (.01 mf.-.01 mf., bakelite)	3903-DG
40	Pilot Lamp	34-2064
41	Pilot Lamp	34-2064
42	Wave Switch	42-1449
43	Replace Speaker.	



I.F. = 470 KC.

Fig. 3. Schematic Diagram, Model 39-19, Code 121-122

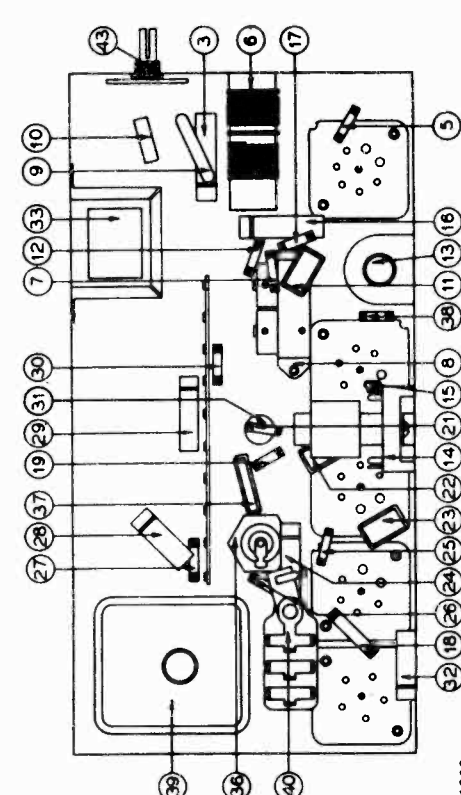


Fig. 4. Part Locations, Underside of Chassis

June 1938

* When ordering Speaker or Cone assembly specify which of the small numbers (-1 or -3) following the part number is required.

Description	Part No.
Automatic Tuning Unit (com-plate)	31-2282
Bezel Assembly (dial)	40-6364
Bezel Gasket (dial)	27-9174
Cable and Plug (power)	L 2778
Cable Speaker (F Cabinet)	41-3431
Dial and Frame Assembly	31-2298
Dial Tuning Drum Assembly	31-2275
Dial Tuning Cord Assembly	28-8919
Dial Tuning Spring (cord)	28-8902
Clip (mtg. K. F. coils)	28-3002
Escutcheon Plate (extension shafts, F Cabinet)	56-1051
Escutcheon Pins	W-950
Knob (Tuning)	27-4750
Knob (Volume)	27-4753
Knob (Wave Switch)	27-4754
Pilot Lamp Socket Assembly	38-9612
Pointer (Dial)	28-9934
Push-Button	27-4749
Screw Tuning Knob	28-6882
Shaft Extension (Volume and Wave Switch)	38-9640
Shaft Extension (Tuning) Ex-tension (F Cabinet)	28-6928
Sleeve Long-Tuning Shaft	28-6935
Sleeve Short-Tuning Shaft (T and F Cabinet)	28-6887
*Speaker (F Cabinet—code 121) optional	36-1426-3
Speaker (F Cabinet—code 122)	36-1449
Spring-Retaining Volume Shaft	28-8915

MODEL 39-19
Codes 121, 122
Socket, Trimets

SPECIFICATIONS

TYPE OF CIRCUIT: A. C. operated; superhetrodyne circuit with two tuning ranges, covering standard broadcast (540 K. C. to 1720 K. C.) and short wave (5.6 M. C. to 18.0 M. C.) frequencies; Automatic Volume Control; and pentode output.

TUNING RANGES: 540 K. C. to 1720 K. C. 5.5 M. C. to M. C. 19.0

AUDIO OUTPUT: 2 watts.

Codes 121 and 122 chassis of this model are similar with the exception of Speaker and Cabinet.

PHILCO TUBES USED: Five tubes: 1-6A7, 1st detector and oscillator; 1-78, I. F.; 1-75, 2nd detector, Automatic Volume Control, and 1st audio; 1-41, Output; and 1-84, Rectifier.

The receiver is designed to operate from a "Philco Utility Aerial," part No. 45-2450. This aerial system should be used to obtain maximum performance from the receiver.

TUNING MECHANISM: Pulley and cable drive for Manual Tuning. Push-Button for Automatic Tuning. The procedure for adjusting and operating the Automatic Tuning Push-Buttons will be found in the instructions supplied with each set

POWER SUPPLY: Voltage—115 volts. Frequency—50-60 cycles. Power consumption—40 watts.

CABINETS: Code 121 chassis in type "T" cabinet
Code 122 chassis in type "F" cabinet

INTERMEDIATE FREQUENCY: 470 K. C.

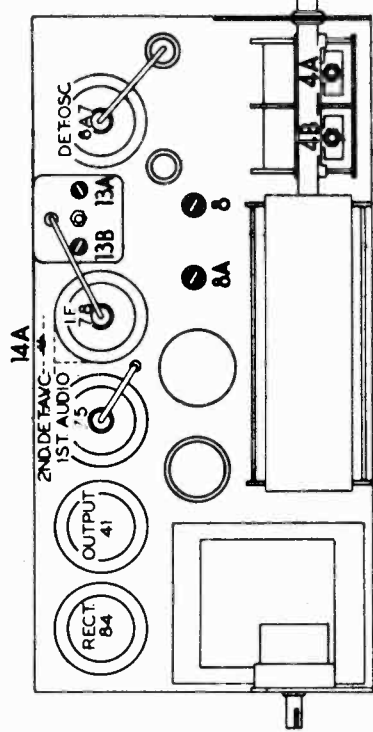


Fig. 2. Locations of Compensators

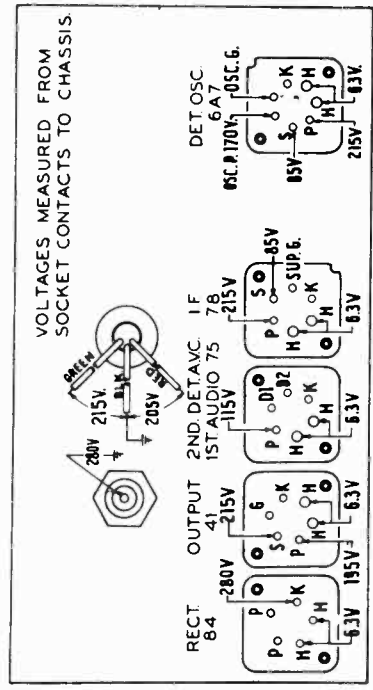


Fig. 1. Socket Voltage—Underside of Chassis View
The voltages indicated by arrows were measured with a Philco 027 Circuit Tester, which contains a sensitive voltmeter. Volume Control at minimum—Tuning Condenser set for no signal—line voltage 115 A. C.

ALIGNMENT OF COMPENSATORS

EQUIPMENT REQUIRED: (1) Signal Generator. Philco Model 077 Signal Generator which has a fundamental frequency range from 115 to 36,000 K. C. is the correct instrument for this purpose. (2) Output meter: Philco Model 027 Circuit Tester, incorporates a sensitive output meter and is recommended. (3) Philco Fiber Handle Screw Driver, part no. 27-7059 and Fiber Wrench, part no. 3104.

OUTPUT METER: The Philco 027 Output Meter is connected to the plate and cathode terminals of the type 41 tube. Set the meter to use the 0-30 volt scale.

Operations In Order	Signal Generator			Receiver		Special Instructions
	Output Connections To Receiver	Dummy Antenna (Note A)	Dial Setting	Dial Setting	Control Settings		Adjust Compensators In Order
1	6A7 Grid	.1mf	470 KC	580 KC	Vol. Cont. (max.)	(14A) (13B) (13A)
2	Ant. Ter.	10/mmf	18 MC	18 MC	"	(4B) Note B
3	"	"	1550 KC	1550 KC	"	(8) (4A) (8A)
4	"	"	580 KC	580 KC	"	Roll Tuning Condenser
5	"	"	1550 KC	1550 KC	"	(8)

NOTE A—The "Dummy Antenna" consists of a condenser connected in series with the signal generator output lead (high side). Use the capacity as specified in each step of the above procedure.

NOTE B—**DIAL CALIBRATION:** In order to adjust the receiver correctly, the dial must be aligned to track properly with the tuning condenser. To adjust the dial proceed as follows: With the push button unit disconnected from the gang, the pointer is to be set on the extreme left edge of the index line (low frequency end of the scale) with the gang closed. The gang is then opened until the pointer is at the right edge of the index line and, with the push button shaft at its closed stop, the push button coupling is tightened on the gang shaft.

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PHILCO RADIO & TELEV. CORP.

MODEL 39-25, Code 121
Schematic

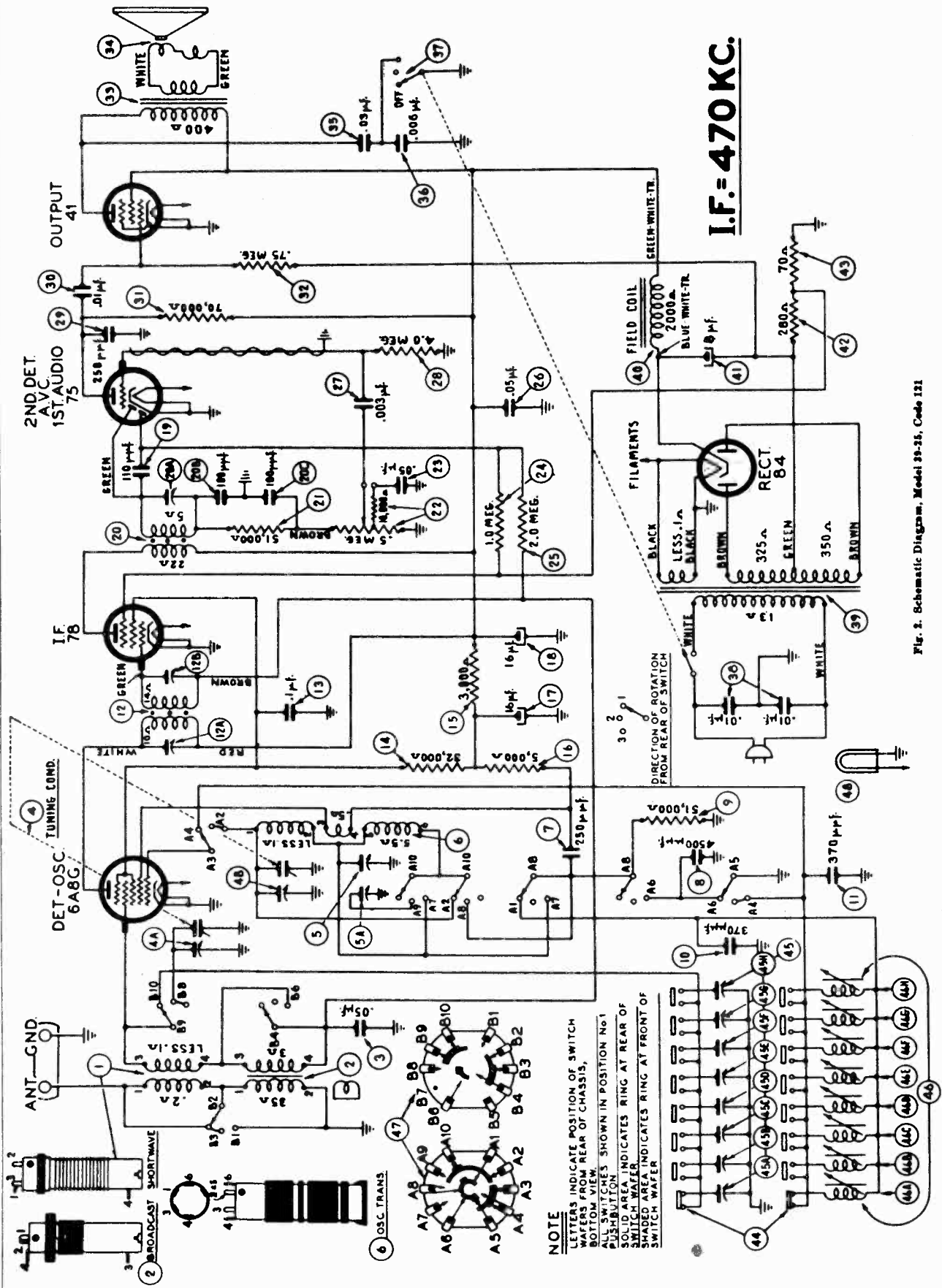


Fig. 2. Schematic Diagram, Model 39-25, Code 121

MODEL 39-25

Code 121

Alignment, Chassis

Tuner Data

PHILCO RADIO & TELEVISION CORP.

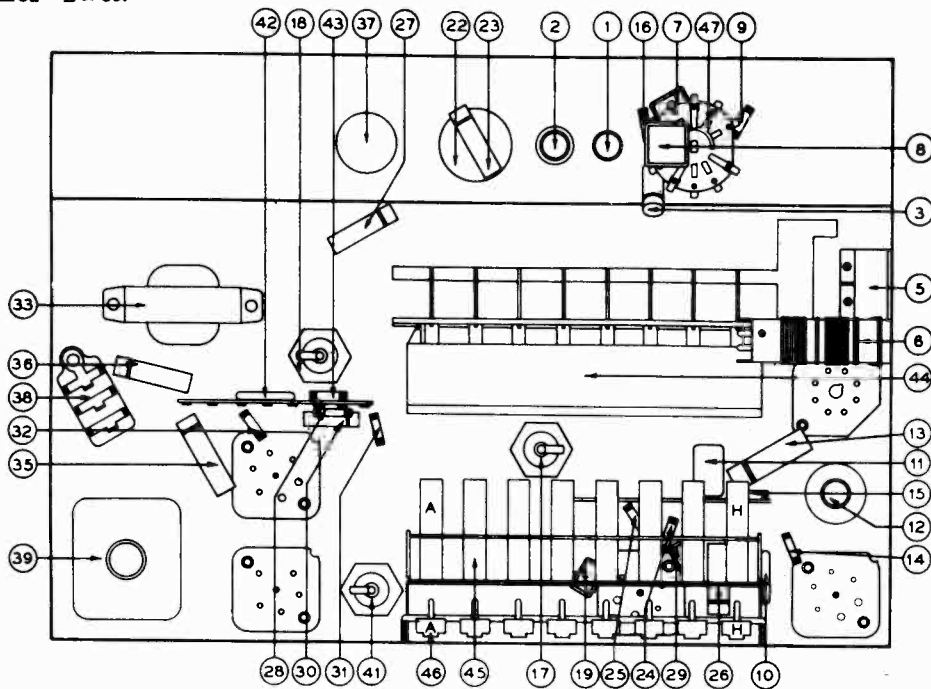


Fig. 3. Part Locations, Underside of Chassis

TUNING MECHANISM: Pulley and cable drive for Manual tuning. Electric Push-Button for Automatic tuning.

CABINETS: Types "T" and "XF"

Alignment of Compensators

EQUIPMENT REQUIRED: (1) Signal Generator: Philco Model 077 Signal Generator which has a fundamental frequency range from 115 to 36,000 K. C. is the correct instrument for this purpose. (2) Output meter, Philco Model 027 Circuit Tester, incorporates a sensitive output meter and is recommended. (3) Philco Fiber Handle Screw Driver, part No. 27-7059, and Fiber Wrench, part No. 3164

OUTPUT METER: The Philco 027 Output Meter is connected to the plate and cathode terminals of the Type 41 tube. Set the meter to use the 0-30 volt scale. After connecting the output meter adjust compensators in the order as given below.

Operations in Order	Signal Generator		Receiver			Special Instructions
	Output Connections to Receiver	Dummy Antenna (Note A)	Dial Setting	Control Settings	Adjust Compensators in Order	
1	6A8G Grid	1 mf.	470 KC	Vol. Cont. max.	(2)(A), (12B), (12A)	
2	Ant. Ter.	100 mmf.	180 MC	Vol. Cont. max.	(4B)	See Note B
3	Ant. Ter.	100 mmf.	1550 KC	Vol. Cont. max.	(5) (4A)	
4	Ant. Ter.	100 mmf.	580 KC	Vol. Cont. max.	(5A)	
5	Ant. Ter.	100 mmf.	1550 KC	Vol. Cont. max.	(5)	

NOTE A—The "Dummy Antenna" consists of a condenser connected in series with the signal generator output lead (high side). Use the capacity as specified in each step of the above procedure.

These detailed instructions have been prepared to make sure the correct procedure is followed in setting the stations on the Philco Electric Push-Button Tuning models. The work requires the use of a Philco Model 077 Station Setter and a part No. 27-7059 Insulated Screw Driver.

(A) Select eight of the most popular stations received in the locality and remove their call letters from the call letter sheets supplied. Place the call letters in the windows above the buttons, making sure that each respective button covers the frequency of the station for which it is to be used. The frequency range of the circuits are as follows:

Circuits

1 and 2	540 to 1030 kilocycles
3 and 4	670 to 1160 kilocycles
5 and 6	900 to 1470 kilocycles
7 and 8	1170 to 1660 kilocycles

These numbers are stamped on the unit as seen from the rear. Looking at the front of the cabinet the numbers read from left to right.

(B) Connect the aerial and ground to the "ANT" and "GND" terminals of the receiver.

NOTE B—DIAL CALIBRATION: In order to adjust the receiver correctly the dial pointer must be aligned to track properly with the tuning control. To do this, set the dial pointer on the extreme left index line at the low frequency end of the scale.

(C) Turn the receiver Tuning Range Selector to position two ("Manual Tuning") and tune the receiver to the station to be set on the first button.

(D) Plug the output leads of the Station Setter into the "High" and "Gnd" jacks, and turn the output controls to maximum. Turn the modulation control to "Modulation Off." Connect the output lead of the Station Setter to the "ANT" and "GND" terminals of the receiver and tune to the frequency of the station being received. As the indicator is slowly tuned through the frequency of the station there will be two points at which a high pitched swish will be heard, one above and one below the frequency of the station. When the indicator is on the frequency of the station, minimum high pitched swish will be heard.

(E) Set the modulation control of the Station Setter for "Modulation On." The modulated signal of the Station Setter will then be heard through the receiver.

(F) Turn the receiver Tuning Range Selector to position one (Automatic Tuning) and push in the first button. Using the Part No. 27-7059 Insulated Screw Driver, turn the number 1 "OSC" screw until the modulated signal of the Station Setter is tuned in to maximum volume. Then adjust the number 1 "ANT" screw for maximum signal.

(G) Remove the output lead of the Philco Station Setter from the "ANT" terminal of the receiver and turn its indicator off the frequency of the station. The program of the desired station will then be heard on the receiver.

(H) With the volume of the receiver low, slowly turn the number 1 "OSC" back and forth until maximum output is received. Repeat the same procedure for the number 1 "ANT" screw.

After setting up the first station, the same procedure given under (C) to (H) is used for the other stations.

PHILCO RADIO & TELEV. CORP.

MODEL 39-25
Code 121
Socket, Trimmers
Voltage, Parts

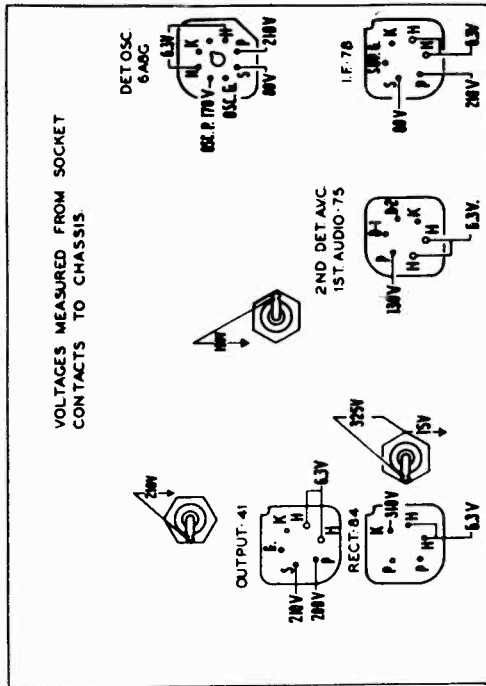


Fig. 1. Socket Voltage—Underside of Chassis
The voltages indicated by arrows were measured with a Philco 027 Circuit Tester, which contains a sensitive voltmeter. Volume Control at minimum—Tuning Condenser set for no signal—line voltage 115 A. C.

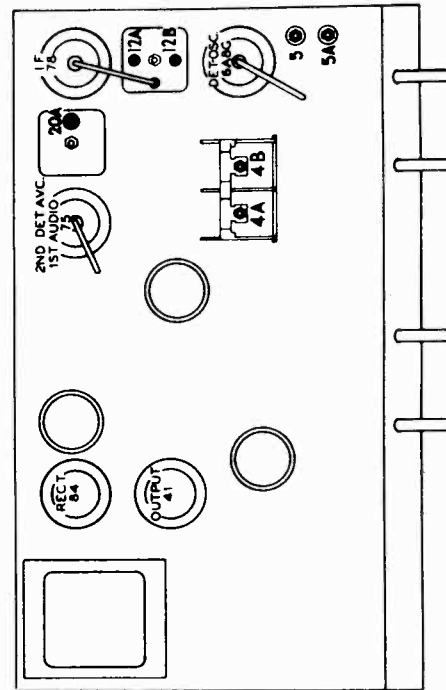


Fig. 4. Locations of Compensators

REPLACEMENT PARTS—MODEL 39-25, CODE 121

Schem. No.	Description	Part No.	Schem. No.	Description	Part No.
1	Antenna Transformer (short wave)	32-3027	42	Resistor (280 ohms, wire wound)	33-128431
2	Antenna Transformer (broadcast)	32-3026	43	Resistor (70 ohms, 1/2 watt)	33-070339
3	Tubular Condenser (.05 mf.)	30-4519	44	Push-Button Switch	42-1446
4	Tuning Condenser Assembly	31-2267	45	Compensator Strip Assembly	31-6256
5	Dual Padder Unit	31-6255	45A	Compensator, No. 1, 540-1030 K. C.	31-6274
6	Oscillator Transformer	32-3028	45B	Compensator, No. 2, 540-1030 K. C.	31-6274
7	Condenser (250 mmf., mica)	30-1032	45C	Compensator, No. 3, 670-1160 K. C.	31-6276
8	Condenser (4500 mmf., mica)	30-1109	45D	Compensator, No. 4, 670-1160 K. C.	31-6276
9	Resistor (51,000 ohms, 1/2 watt)	33-351339	45E	Compensator, No. 5, 900-1470 K. C.	31-6278
10	Condenser (370 mmf., silver plated mica)	30-1110	45F	Compensator, No. 6, 900-1470 K. C.	31-6278
11	Condenser (370 mmf., silver plated mica)	30-1110	45G	Compensator, No. 7, 1170-1600 K. C.	31-6280
12	1st I. F. Transformer Assembly	32-3018	45H	Compensator, No. 8, 1170-1600 K. C.	31-6280
13	Condenser (.1 mf., tubular)	30-4455	46	Electric Tuning Coil Assembly (complete)	32-3031
14	Resistor (32,000 ohms, 1/2 watt)	33-332339	46A	Osc. Coil, No. 1, 540-1030 K. C.	32-3042
15	Resistor (3000 ohms, 1/2 watt)	33-230339	46B	Osc. Coil, No. 2, 540-1030 K. C.	32-3042
16	Resistor (5000 ohms, 1/2 watt)	33-250339	46C	Osc. Coil, No. 3, 670-1160 K. C.	32-3042
17	Electrolytic Condenser (16 mf., 250 V.)	30-2331	46D	Osc. Coil, No. 4, 670-1160 K. C.	32-3042
18	Electrolytic Condenser (16 mf., 250 V.)	30-2331	46E	Osc. Coil, No. 5, 900-1470 K. C.	32-3041
19	Condenser (110 mmf., mica)	30-1031	46F	Osc. Coil, No. 6, 900-1470 K. C.	32-3041
20	2nd I. F. Transformer Assembly	32-3030	46G	Osc. Coil, No. 7, 1170-1600 K. C.	32-3041
21	Resistor (51,000 ohms, 1/2 watt)	33-351339	46H	Osc. Coil, No. 8, 1170-1600 K. C.	32-3041
22	Volume Control (500,000 ohms)	33-5289	47	Range Switch	42-1445
23	Condenser (.05 mf., tubular)	30-4444	48	Pilot Lamp	34-2210
24	Resistor (1 meg., 1/2 watt)	33-510339		Bezel Assembly	40-6365
25	Resistor (2 megs., 1/2 watt)	33-520339		Bezel Gasket	27-9175
26	Condenser (.05 mf., tubular)	30-4518		Bezel Screw	W-1834
27	Condenser (.003 mf., tubular)	30-4469		Cable (speaker)	41-3443
28	Resistor (4.0 megs., 1/2 watt)	33-540339		Cable (power)	L-2778
29	Condenser (250 mmf., mica)	30-1032		Dial Scale	27-5403
30	Condenser (.01 mf., tubular)	30-4572		Dial Spring	28-8908
31	Resistor (70,000 ohms, 1/2 watt)	33-370339		Dial Pointer	28-5941
32	Resistor (750,000 ohms, 1/2 watt)	33-475339		Dial Drive Cord Assembly	31-2269
33	Output Transformer	32-7978		Dial Drive Spring	28-8913
34	Voice Coil and Cone Assembly (for "T" Speaker, part No. 36-1439)	36-4087		Dial Tuning Shaft Assembly	31-2260
	(for "XF" Speaker, part No. 36-1437)	36-4088		Dial Tuning Drum	31-2281
35	Condenser (.03 mf., tubular)	30-4449		Knob	27-4332
36	Condenser (.006 mf., tubular)	30-4445		Socket (5 Prong)	27-6035
37	Tone Control and On-Off Switch	42-1443		Socket (6 Prong)	27-6036
38	Condenser (.01 mf., bakelite)	3903-DG		Socket (7 Prong)	27-6099
39	Power Transformer	32-7976		Pilot Lamp Socket Assembly	38-9607
40*	Field Coil for Speaker, part No. 36-1439			Pushbutton	27-4759
	*Field Coil for Speaker, part No. 36-1437			Speaker (T Cabinet)	36-1439
41	Electrolytic Condenser (8 mf., 400 V.)	30-2330		Speaker (XF Cabinet)	36-1437

* Replace Speaker.

MODEL RP-1, Code 122

Wireless Record Player PHILCO RADIO & TELEV. CORP.

Schematic, Instructions

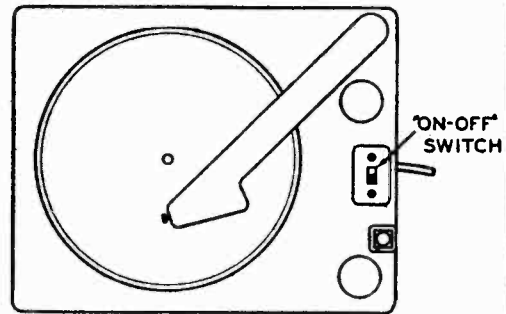
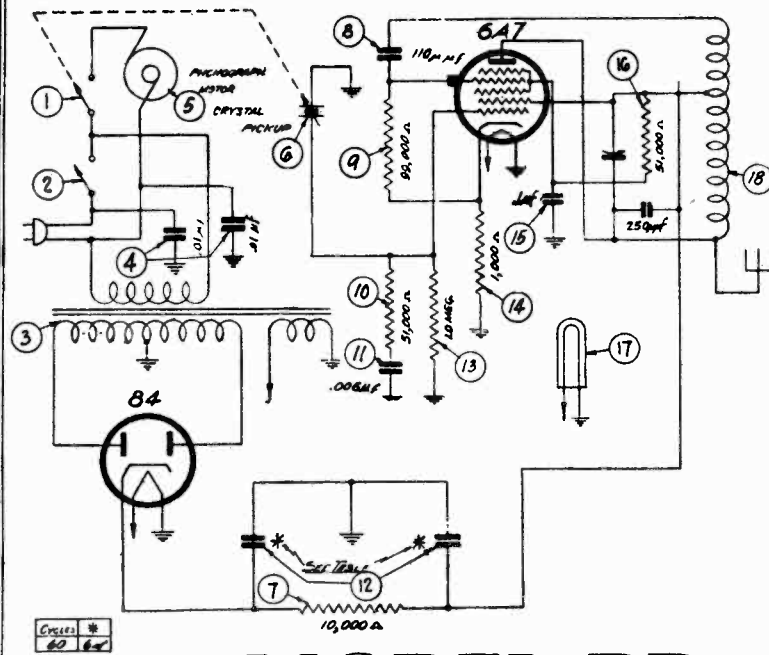


DIAGRAM A

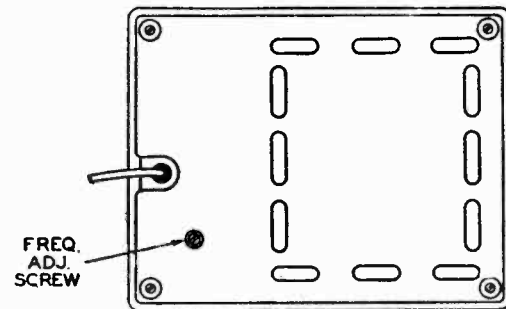


DIAGRAM B

MODEL RP-1

CODE - 122

WIRELESS RECORD PLAYER

The Model RP-1 is a remote type record player which can be used in conjunction with any standard broadcast receiver to reproduce phonograph records.

To place unit in operation:

First. Remove all packing material, being sure to save the small envelope attached to the tone arm. This envelope contains needles, needle screw, and rubber bumper.

Second. Lift off record turn-table and remove motor support tape by carefully pulling out tack and cutting the tape. Replace turn-table.

Third. Disengage tone arm (pickup) by rolling rubber locking ring down along arm rest and pushing sideways on tone arm. **Do not lift arm vertically when locked.**

Fourth. Place rubber bumper (contained in small envelope attached to tone arm) between the jaws of the arm rest, large end up. This forms a suitable rest for tone arm when not in use.

Fifth. Insert needle as far as possible into the tone arm head, and tighten securely with the needle screw, which should be inserted in the head of the tone arm. A Philco needle (like furnished) is recommended for best results.

Sixth. Check to make sure your electric supply agrees with that specified on the name label located on under side of cabinet and insert line cord plug into a convenient power outlet.

If in doubt as to the electric supply, check with your local power company.

The unit is now ready for operation. Place record on turn-table and slide "Off-On Switch" (Diagram "A") to "On" position; this will be indicated by pilot light in tone arm.

After allowing sufficient time for tubes to warm up, place tone arm on record; this automatically starts motor.

Next go to your radio and tune to approximately 540 KC (54 on most dials), at which setting the phonograph signal will be picked up. Volume can be regulated by the radio receiver's volume control in the normal way.

At the end of the record, return the tone arm to rest position, which will automatically turn motor off. It is not necessary to slide "Off-On Switch" to the "Off" position between records.

If interference from broadcast stations is encountered the frequency of the unit can be changed to any other frequency between 530 KC and 580 KC by adjusting the small screw indicated in Diagram "B." Turning screw clockwise lowers the frequency, counter-clockwise raises the frequency. **This adjustment is best made while the unit is in operation.**

If hum is experienced it may be necessary to reverse the power plug of the record player, the radio, or both. In some cases it may be advisable to use the same receptacle for record player and radio.

No definite rule can be established for the relative location of the record player to your radio; individual trial will establish best location. However, in general, satisfactory operation may be obtained up to a distance of fifty (50) feet, provided local noise conditions are not too severe.

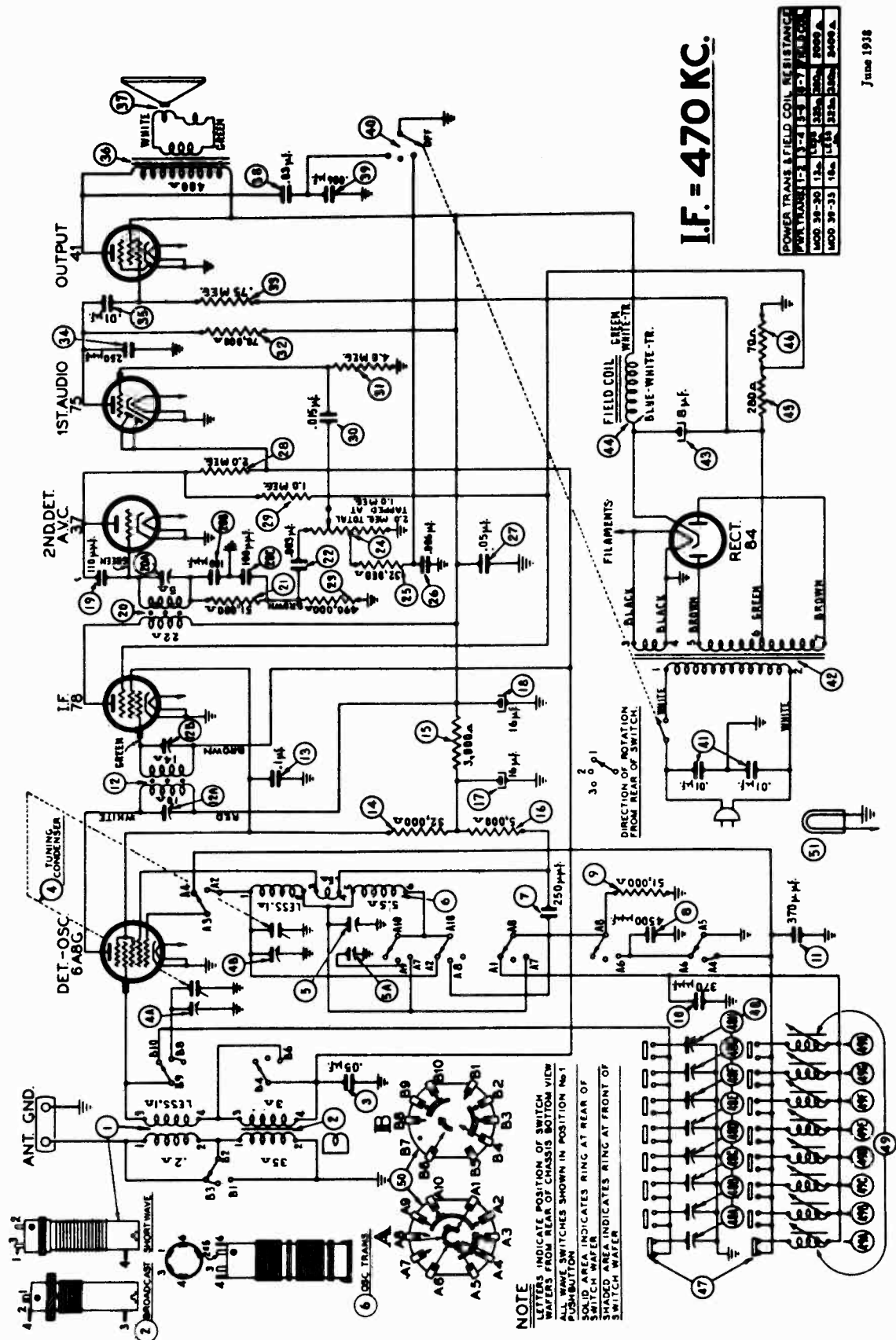
IMPORTANT . . . Do not attempt to force tone arm past stops.

MODEL RP-1-122 WIRELESS RECORD PLAYER

Schem. No.	Description	Philco Part No.
1	Motor Switch and Plate Assembly	42-1486
2	Master Switch	42-1406-2
3	Power Transformer	32-8043
4	Line Condenser (.01-.01 mf., 600 v.)	3903-DG
5	Motor	35-2021
6	Crystal Pickup	35-2022
7	Filter Resistor (10,000 ohms, 1/2 watt)	33-310344
8	Oscillator Grid Condenser (110 mmf.)	30-1031
9	Oscillator Grid Resistor (99,000 ohms, 1/2 watt)	33-3993-4
10	Comp. Resistor (51,000 ohms, 1/4 watt)	33-351344
11	Comp. Condenser (.006 mf., 200 v.)	30-4467
12	Electrolytic Condenser (6 mf.-6 mf., 150 v.)	30-2388
13	Grid Resistor (1 meg., 1/2 watt)	33-510344
14	Cathode Bias Resistor (1000 ohms, 1/2 watt)	33-210344
15	Screen By-Pass (.1 mf., 200 v.)	30-4499-S
16	Screen Resistor (51,000 ohms, 1/2 watt)	33-351344
17	Pilot Light (6-8 v., 250 amp.)	34-2064
18	Oscillator Coil and Padder Assembly	32-3218

PHILCO RADIO & TELEVISION CORP.

MODELS 39-30, 39-35
Code 121
Schematic

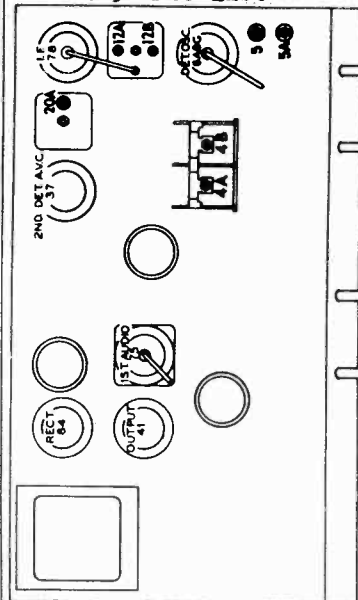


June 1938

Fig. 2. Schematic Diagram—Models 39-30, 39-35, Code 121

MODELS 39-30, 39-35, Code 121

Voltage, Socket, Trimmers PHILCO RADIO & TELEVISION CORP.
Chassis, Parts List



MODELS 39-35, 39-30, CODE 121.
Fig. 4. Locations of Compensators—Top of Chassis

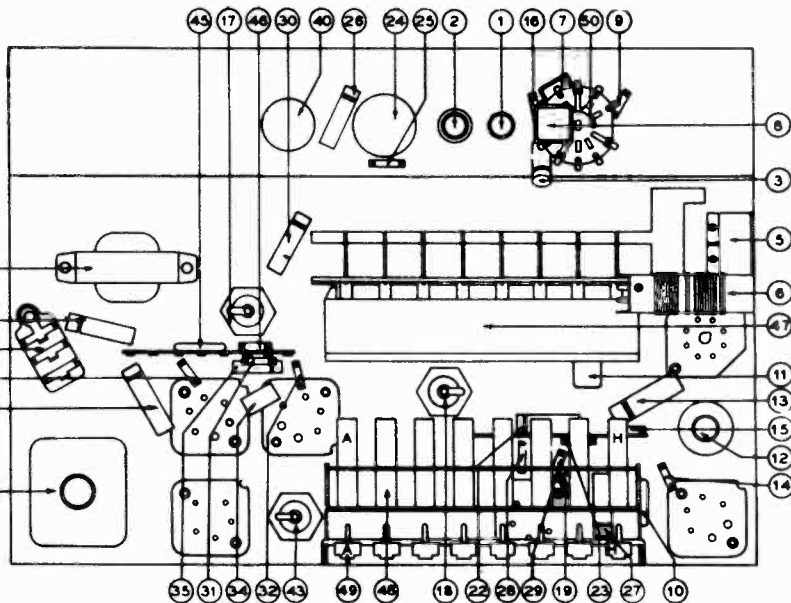


Fig. 3. Parts Locations—Underside of Chassis

No.	Description	Part No.
1	Antenna Transformer (short wave)	32-3027
2	Antenna Transformer (broadcast)	32-3026
3	Condenser (.05 mf., tubular)	30-4519
4	Tuning Condenser Assembly	31-2267
5	Dual Padder Unit	31-6255
6	Oscillator Transformer	32-3028
7	Condenser (250 mmf., mica)	30-1032
8	Condenser (4500 mmf., mica)	30-1109
9	Resistor (51,000 ohms, 1/2 watt)	33-351339
10	Condenser (370 mmf., silver plated mica)	30-1110
11	Condenser (370 mmf., silver plated mica)	30-1110
12	1st I. F. Transformer Assembly	32-3018
13	Condenser (1 mf., tubular)	30-4455
14	Resistor (32,000 ohms, 1/2 watt)	33-332339
15	Resistor (3000 ohms, 1/2 watt)	33-230339
16	Resistor (5000 ohms, 1/2 watt)	33-250339
17	Electrolytic Condenser (16 mf., 250 V.)	30-2331
18	Electrolytic Condenser (16 mf., 250 V.)	30-2331
19	Condenser (110 mmf., mica)	30-1031
20	2nd I. F. Transformer Assembly	32-3030
21	Resistor (51,000 ohms, 1/2 watt)	33-351339
22	Condenser (.003 mf., tubular)	30-4469
23	Resistor (490,000 ohms, 1/2 watt)	33-449339
24	Volume Control (2.0 megs)	33-5275
25	Resistor (32,000 ohms, 1/2 watt)	33-332339
26	Condenser (.006 mf., tubular)	30-4467
27	Condenser (.05 mf., tubular)	30-4518
28	Resistor (2.0 meg., 1/2 watt)	33-520339
29	Resistor (1.0 meg., 1/2 watt)	33-510339
30	Condenser (.015 mf., tubular)	30-4515
31	Resistor (4.0 megs., 1/2 watt)	33-540339
32	Resistor (70,000 ohms, 1/2 watt)	33-370339
33	Resistor (750,000 ohms, 1/2 watt)	33-475339
34	Condenser (250 mf., mica)	30-1032
35	Condenser (.01 mf., tubular)	30-4572
36	Output Transformer	32-7978
37	Cone and Voice Coil Assembly for 39-30 T. speaker pt. No. 36-1439-3	36-4091
	for 39-30 T. speaker pt. No. 36-1439-2	36-4087
	for 39-35 XX. speaker pt. No. 36-1438-2	36-4089
38	Condenser (.03 mf., tubular)	30-4449
39	Condenser (.006 mf., tubular)	30-4445
40	Tone Control and On-Off Switch	42-1444
41	Condenser (.01 mf., .01 mf., bakelite)	3903 DG
42	Power Transformer: 115 V., 60 cycle: for 39-30	32-7976
	for 39-35	32-7977
43	Electrolytic Condenser (8 mf., 400 V.)	30-2330
44	*Field Coil for Speaker, part No. 36-1439-2	
	*Field Coil for Speaker, part No. 36-1438-2	
45	Resistor (280 ohms, wire wound)	33-128431
46	Resistor (70 ohms, 1/2 watt)	33-070339
47	Push-Button Switch	42-1446
48	Padder Strip Assembly	31-6256
48A	Compensator, No. 1, 540 — 1030 KC.	31-6274
48B	Compensator, No. 2, 540 — 1030 KC.	31-6274
48C	Compensator, No. 3, 670 — 1160 KC.	31-6276
48D	Compensator, No. 4, 670 — 1160 KC.	31-6276
48E	Compensator, No. 5, 900 — 1470 KC.	31-6278
48F	Compensator, No. 6, 900 — 1470 KC.	31-6278
48G	Compensator, No. 7, 1170 — 1600 KC.	31-6280
48H	Compensator, No. 8, 1170 — 1600 KC.	31-6280
49	Electric Push-Button Coil Assembly	32-3031
49A	Osc. Coil, No. 1, 540 — 1030 KC.	32-3042
49B	Osc. Coil, No. 2, 540 — 1030 KC.	32-3042
49C	Osc. Coil, No. 3, 670 — 1160 KC.	32-3042
49D	Osc. Coil, No. 4, 670 — 1160 KC.	32-3042
49E	Osc. Coil, No. 5, 900 — 1470 KC.	32-3041
49F	Osc. Coil, No. 6, 900 — 1470 KC.	32-3041
49G	Osc. Coil, No. 7, 1170 — 1600 KC.	32-3041
49H	Osc. Coil, No. 8, 1170 — 1600 KC.	32-3041
50	Wave Switch	42-1445
51	Pilot Lamp	34-2210
	Pilot Lamp Socket Assembly	38-9607
	Push-Button	27-4759
	Speaker (T Cabinet 39-30) optional	36-1439-3
	Speaker (XX Cabinet 39-35)	36-1439-2
	Socket (5 Prong)	27-6035
	Socket (6 Prong)	27-6036
	Socket (7 Prong)	27-6099
	Tab Kit	40-6392

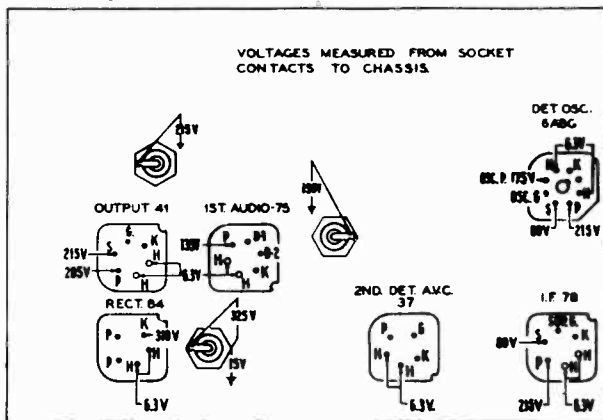


Fig. 1. Socket Voltages—Underside of Chassis

The voltages indicated by arrows were measured with a Philco 027 Circuit Tester which contains an accurate voltmeter. Volume control at minimum, range switch in broadcast position, line voltage 115 A. C.

TYPE OF CIRCUIT: A. C. operated; superheterodyne circuit with two tuning ranges, covering standard broadcast (540 K. C. to 1720 K. C.) and short-wave (4.9 M. C. to 18.0 M. C.) frequencies; Automatic Volume Control; and pentode output.

The receiver is designed to operate from a "Philco Safety Aerial," Part No. 40-6371. This aerial system should be used to obtain maximum performance from the receiver.

POWER SUPPLY: Voltage, 115 volts. Frequency, 50-60 cycles. Power consumption 45 watts.

INTERMEDIATE FREQUENCY: 470 K. C.

TUNING RANGES: 540 K. C. to 1720 K. C.; 4.9 M. C. to 18.0 M. C.

PHILCO TUBES USED: 1-6A8G, 1st detector and oscillator; 1-7B, I. F.; 1-37, 2nd detector, Automatic Volume Control; 1-75, first audio; 1-41, output; and 1-84, Rectifier.

TUNING MECHANISM: Pulley and cable drive for Manual tuning. Electric Push-Button for Automatic tuning.

CABINETS: Types: "T" for 39-30 and "XX" for 39-35.

* Replace Speaker

† Model T Cabinet uses two optional speakers. The part numbers of the speakers are the same with the exception of a dash number (-2 or -3) following the part number. When ordering a Cone and Voice Coil Assembly, the part number as indicated must be specified.

MODEL S-1622

PHILCO RADIO & TELEVISION CORP.

MODELS 39-30, 39-35

Alignment, Socket, Trimmers

Code 121

Alignment

ALIGNMENT

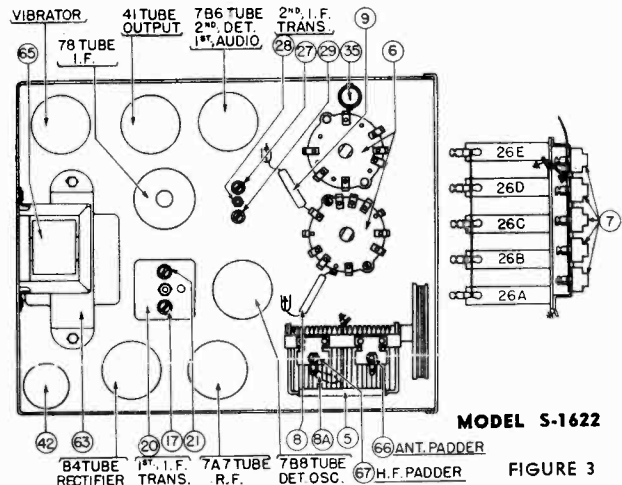
MODELS 39-50, 39-35 (CODE 121); S1622.

Equipment—Fully charged heavy duty storage battery or 6-volt power pack, 077 or 177 Philco Set Tester, 27-7159 Padding screw driver.

General—The output meter must be connected by means of an adapter to the plate of the type 41 output tube and to the Radio chassis.

With the Radio and signal generator set up for operation at the prescribed frequency, turn the Radio volume control on full and set the signal generator attenuator so that a half scale reading is obtained on the output meter. The signal in the speaker should be audible but not loud.

The shielding on the generator output lead must be connected to the Radio housing.



MODELS 39-50, 39-35, CODE 121.

Operations	Signal Generator			Receiver			Special Instructions
	Output Connections To Receiver	Dummy Antenna (Note A)	Dial Setting	Dial Setting	Control Settings	Adjust Compensators In Order	
1	6A8G Grid	.1 mf.	470 K. C.	580 K. C.	Vol. Cont. Max.	(20A) (12B) (12A)	
2	Ant. Ter.	100 mmf.	18.0 M. C.	18.0 M. C.	Vol. Cont. Max.	(4B)	See Note B
3	Ant. Ter.	100 mmf.	1550 K. C.	1550 K. C.	Vol. Cont. Max.	(5) (4A)	
4	Ant. Ter.	100 mmf.	580 K. C.	580 K. C.	Vol. Cont. Max.	(5A)	
5	Ant. Ter.	100 mmf.	1550 K. C.	1550 K. C.	Vol. Cont. Max.	(5)	

NOTE A—The "Dummy Antenna" consists of a condenser connected in series with the signal generator output lead (high side). Use the capacity as specified in each step of the above procedure

NOTE B—DIAL CALIBRATION: In order to adjust the receiver correctly the dial pointer must be aligned to track properly with the tuning condenser. To adjust the dial proceed as follows: With the tuning condenser closed, set the dial pointer on the extreme left index line at the low frequency end of the scale.

MODEL S-1622

OPERATION	SIGNAL GENERATOR		DUMMY CAPACITY	SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS	ADJUST PADDER
	FREQUENCY	CONNECTION			
1	Press the Automatic Station Selector button until "DIAL" appears in the window			and stations can be tuned in by Manual Tuning.	
2	470 K.C.	To Antenna Receptacle on Radio	35 Mmfd. See Note 1	Turn Tuning Condenser Plates Out of Mesh as Far as They Will Go.	29 27 21 17
3	1580 K.C.	To Antenna Receptacle on Radio	35 Mmfd. See Note 1	Note 2	67
4	1500 K.C.	To Antenna Receptacle on Radio	35 Mmfd. See Note 1	Set Tuning Condenser at 1500 K.C.	66 Note 3

Make all adjustments for maximum reading on the output meter.

NOTE 1—Connect the antenna lead, Part No. L-2765, to the antenna receptacle in the radio. Connect a 35 Mmfd. Condenser in series between the signal generator and the antenna lead.

NOTE 2—Turn the condenser rotor plates completely out of mesh as far as they will go.

NOTE 3—When the antenna stage adjustment is made with the Radio installed in the car, the Radio antenna lead must be connected to the car antenna in the usual manner. Connect the signal generator output lead to a wire placed near the car antenna but not connected to it.

MODELS 39-30,39-35
 MODELS 40-150,40-155
 MODEL 40-160
 MODELS 40-180,40-185,40-190
 MODELS 40-195,40-200

PHILCO RADIO & TELEV. CORP.

MODEL 108
 Tuner Data
 MODELS 40-120,40-125
 Alignment, Trimmers

EQUIPMENT REQUIRED: MODELS 40-120,40-125.

(1) Signal Generator; Philco Model 077 Signal Generator which has a fundamental frequency range from 115 to 36,000 K. C. is the correct instrument for this purpose.

(2) Output Meter; Philco Models 027 or 028 Vacuum Tube Voltmeters and Circuit Testers incorporate a sensitive output meter and are recommended.

(3) Philco Fiber Handle Screw Driver, Part No. 45-2610. Aligning adapter Part No. 45-2767.

OUTPUT METER: The Philco 027 or 028 Output Meter is connected to the plate and screen terminals of the type 35A5 tube and adjusted for the 0 to 30 V. A. C. scales.

VACUUM TUBE VOLTMETER: To use the vacuum tube voltmeter as an alignment indicator make the following connections:

Remove the 7C6 tube from its socket and insert the aligning adapter, Part No. 45-2767, then replace the tube in the adapter. Connect the negative terminal of the vacuum tube voltmeter to the wire which protrudes from the side of the adapter. Attach the positive terminal of the voltmeter to the chassis. The positive terminal is connected to the chassis.

After connecting the output meter, adjust the compensators in the order as shown in the tabulation below. Locations of the compensators are shown on Fig. 2. If the output meter pointer goes off scale when adjusting the compensators, reduce the strength of the signal from the generator.

Operations in Order	SIGNAL GENERATOR			RECEIVER			SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS
	Output Connections to Receiver	Dummy Antenna Note A	Dial Setting	Dial Setting	Control Settings	Adjust Compensators in Order	
1	7C7 See Note C	.1 mf.	455 K. C.	560 K. C.	Vol. Cont. Max.	14A, 14B, 15A	Push "IN" Manual Button Model 40-125
2	Ant. Ter.	10 mmf.	1600 K. C.	1600 K. C.	Vol. Cont. Max.	2B	See Note B See Note C
3	Ant. Ter.	10 mmf.	1400 K. C.	1400 K. C.	Vol. Cont. Max.	2A	

NOTE A — The "Dummy Antenna" consists of a condenser connected in series with the signal generator output lead (High side). Use the capacity or resistance as specified in each step of the above procedure.

NOTE B — DIAL CALIBRATION: In order to adjust the receiver correctly, the dial must be aligned to track properly with the tuning condenser. To do this, proceed as follows: Turn the tuning condenser to the maximum capacity position (plates fully meshed). With the condenser in this position, the tuning pointer is set horizontal at the low frequency end of the scale (540 K. C.).

NOTE C — Compensators 2A and 2B are at the top of the tuning condenser. Compensator 2A is on the front section and compensator 2B on the rear section. When padding the I. F. the signal generator can be attached to the 7C7 grid on the front section of the tuning condenser.

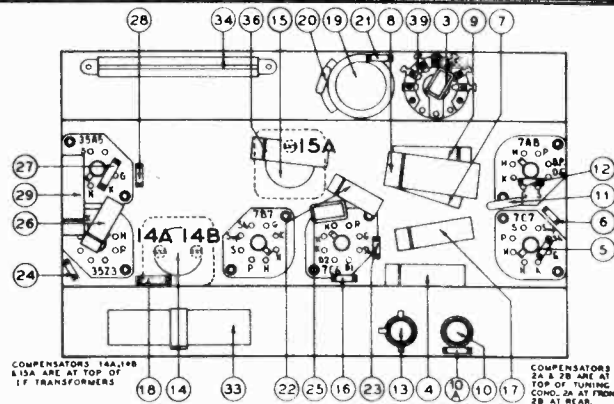


Fig. 1

Adjusting Push Button Tuning - MODELS 39-30,39-35,108 (CODE 121); 40-150,40-155; 40-160; 40-195,40-200;40-180,40-185,40-190.(FOR BUTTON ADJUSTMENT FREQUENCIES FOR MODELS 39-30,39-35, & 108 (CODE 121); SEE PARTS LISTS OF THESE MODELS).

In order to adjust the electric push buttons accurately for reception of broadcast stations, a vacuum tube voltmeter such as Philco Model 027 and 028 should be used. In addition, an insulated padding screw driver part No. 45-2610 and Loktal aligning adapter part No. 45-2767 are required. With this equipment at hand proceed as follows:

Insert the station call letters into the windows above the buttons. The station with the lowest frequency is placed in the first button on the left and the highest frequency is placed in the button on the extreme right. Each push button is adjusted by two set screws located on the rear of the push button unit. Each set of screws is numbered and covers a frequency range as follows:

MODEL 40-160

Push Button	Frequency Range
1	540-1000 K. C.
2	650-1100 K. C.
3	740-1300 K. C.
4	900-1500 K. C.
5	1100-1600 K. C.

MODELS 40-195, 40-200

Push-Button	Frequency Range
1, 2, 3	540-1030 K. C.
4, 5	670-1160 K. C.
6, 7, 8	900-1600 K. C.

MODELS 40-150,40-155,40-180,40-185,40-190.

Push-Button	Frequency Range
1, 2, 3	540-1060 K. C.
4, 5	650-1110 K. C.
6, 7	920-1600 K. C.

Looking at the front of the cabinet, the first button on the

left is adjusted by set screw No. 1. The next push button by set screw No. 2 and the remaining push buttons in order.

1. Remove the 7C6 A. F. tube from its socket and insert the aligning adaptor, then replace the tube in the adaptor. Connect the negative terminal of the vacuum tube voltmeter to the wire which protrudes from the side of the adaptor. Attach the positive terminal of the voltmeter to the chassis.

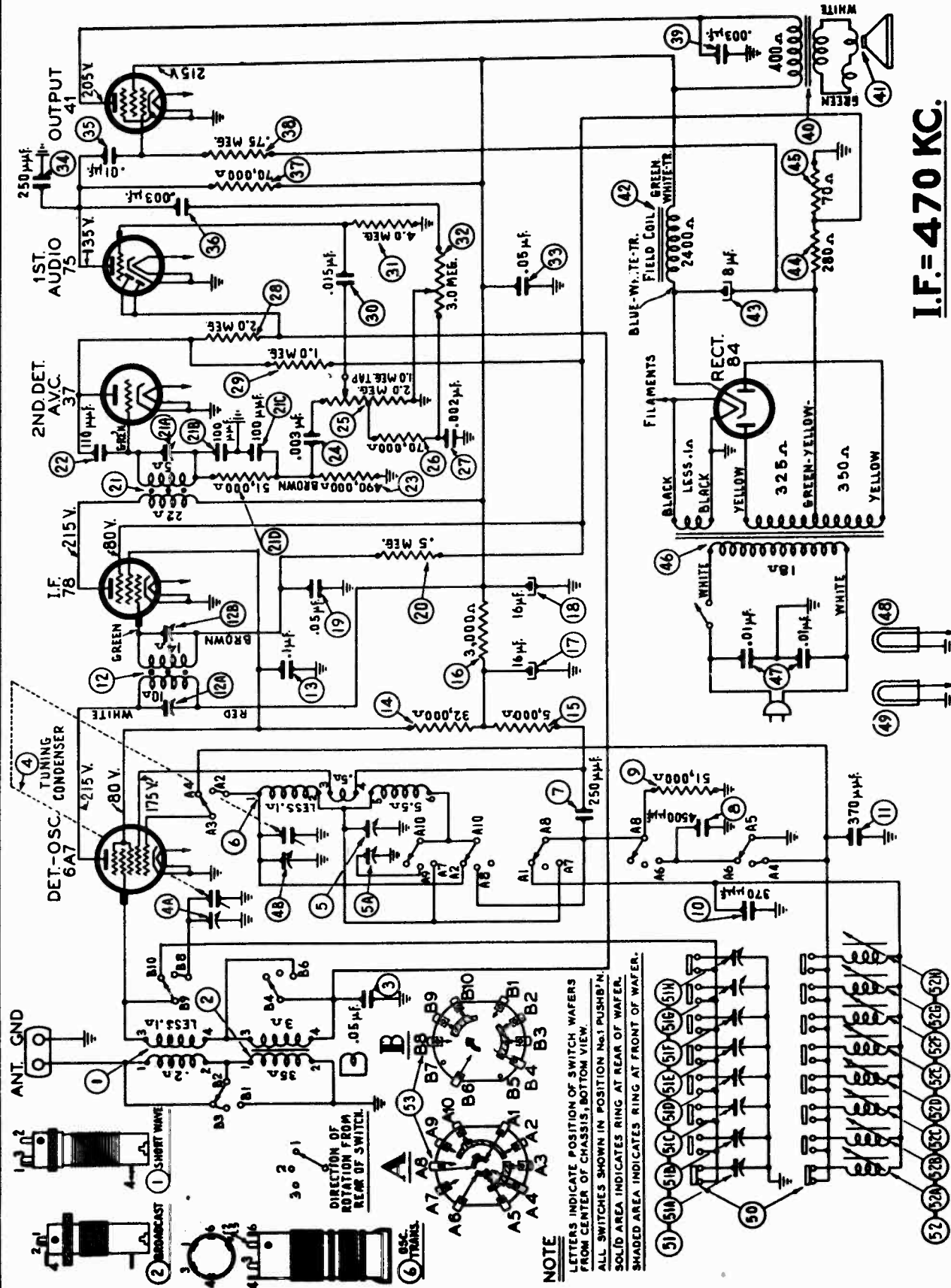
2. Turn the receiver on and set the tuning range disc to "Broadcast" (Manual Tuning).

3. Set up the Model 077 Station Setter about 3 feet from the receiver and connect a loop constructed out of about 6 feet of wire to the high and ground output jacks of the signal generator. Turn the output controls to maximum and set the modulation control to "MOD. ON". Manually tune in the first station to be set up on push button No. 1. After doing this set the indicator of the 077 Signal Generator to the frequency of the station being received. As the indicator approaches the frequency of the station a whistle will be heard; leave the indicator at this point. Turn the receiver tuning range disc to "Push Button" and press in No. 1 button. Using the insulated screw driver turn the No. 1 "Osc." screw until the broadcast station identified by the signal generator is heard; at this point, turn the indicator of the signal generator away from the frequency of the station. Readjust No. 1 "Osc." and "Ant." screws for maximum deflection of the vacuum tube voltmeter pointer. Station No. 1 is now adjusted properly. After setting up the first station the same procedure as outlined above is used for the remaining stations.

When this model is to be set up to receive the sound of a television program tuned in by the special type Philco television sets or when it is to be used in conjunction with a Philco Record Player, push-button No. 1 should be used. To tune in these programs, the same procedure as given for ordinary broadcast stations as outlined above is used.

PHILCO RADIO & TELEV. CORP.

MODEL 39-36
Schematic, Voltage



I.F. = 470 KC.

SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM MODEL 39-36

MODEL 39-36

Alignment, Socket
Trimmers, Chassis
Tuner Chassis, Parts

PHILCO RADIO & TELEV. CORP.

SPECIFICATIONS

TYPE CIRCUIT: Philco Model 39-36, code 121 is a six tube, A.C. operated superheterodyne circuit with two tuning ranges covering standard broadcast (540-1720 K.C.) and shortwave (5 M.C. to 18.0 M.C.) frequencies. In addition, the receiver employs Electric Automatic Push-Button Tuning for automatically selecting any of eight standard broadcast stations, continuously variable tone control, automatic volume control, and pentode audio output.

POWER SUPPLY: 115 V., 60 cycle A.C. 42 watts. For operation on 115V., 25 to 40 cycles, A.C. current or 220 V. 50 to 60 cycles A.C. current.

rent, different power transformers are required, and can be obtained from your distributor.

INTERMEDIATE FREQUENCY: 470 K.C.

PHILCO TUBES USED: 6A7, First Detector Oscillator, 78, I.F. Amplifier; 87, Second Detector-A.V.C.; 75, First Audio; 41, Audio Output and 84, Rectifier.

CONTROLS: The new Philco Disc Controls are used on this model for adjusting tuning, volume, tone and frequency range.

CABINETS: Type XX.

Alignment of Compensators

EQUIPMENT REQUIRED:

- (1) Signal Generator; Philco Model 077.
- (2) Output Meter, Philco 027 Circuit Tester.
- (3) Philco Fiber Handle Screw Driver, Part No. 27-7059, and Fiber Wrench, Part No. 8164.

OUTPUT METER: The Philco 027 Output Meter is connected to the plate and cathode terminals of the type 41 tube. After connecting the Output Meter, adjust compensators in the order as given in tabulations below. Locations of the compensators are shown in Fig. 1.

Operations	SIGNAL GENERATOR			RECEIVER			Special Instructions
	Output Connections To Receiver	Dummy Antenna (Note A)	Dial Setting	Dial Setting	Control Settings	Adjust Compensators in Order	
1	6A7 Grid.	.1 mf.	470 K.C.	580 K.C.	Vol. Cont. Max. Range Switch (Brdst.)	(21A) (12B) (12A)	
2	Ant. Ter.	100mmf.	18.0 M.C.	18.0 M.C.	Vol. Cont. Max. Range Switch (S.W.)	(4B)	See Note B, C
3	Ant. Ter.	100mmf.	1550 K.C.	1550 K.C.	Vol. Cont. Max. Range Switch (Brdst.)	(5) (4A)	
4	Ant. Ter.	100mmf.	580 K.C.	580 K.C.	Vol. Cont. Max. Range Switch (Brdst.)	(5A)	
5	Ant. Ter.	100mmf.	1550 K.C.	1550 K.C.	Vol. Cont. Max.	(5)	

NOTE A—The "Dummy Antenna" consists of a condenser connected in series with the signal generator output lead (high side). Use the capacity as specified in each step of the above procedure.

NOTE B—Dial Calibration: In order to adjust the receiver correctly, the dial must be aligned to track properly with the tuning condenser. To adjust the dial, proceed as follows:

With the tuning condenser closed (maximum capacity), set the dial pointer on the extreme left index line at the low frequency end of the broadcast scale. The arrangement of the drive cable is shown in Service Bulletin No. 805.

NOTE C—Compensators (4A) and (4B) are located on top of the tuning condenser. Compensator (4B) is the first one from the tuning drum side.

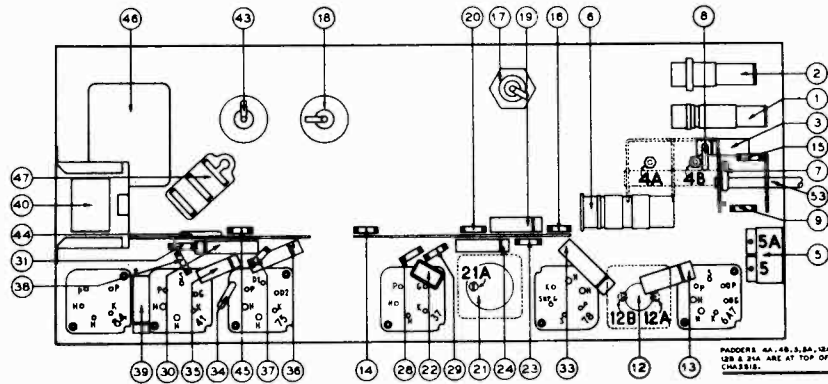


Fig. 1.—Part Locations—Underside of Chassis

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Replacement Parts

No.	Description	Part No.
1	Ant. Trans. (S.W.)	33-3027
2	Ant. Trans. (B.C.)	33-3026
3	Tubular Cond. (.05 mf.)	30-4519
4	Tuning Cond. Assy.	31-2346
5	Dial Padder Unit	31-6255
6	Oscillator Trans.	33-3028
7	Mica Cond. (250 mmf.)	30-1032
8	Mica Cond. (4500 mmf.)	30-1109
9	Resistor (51,000 ohms, 1/2 watt)	33-351339
10	Condenser (Silver Mica)—370 mmf.	30-1110
11	Condenser (Silver Mica)—370 mmf.	30-1110
12	1st I.F. Trans. Assy.	32-3018
13	Tubular Cond. (.1 mf.)	30-4455
14	Resistor (32,000 ohms) 1/2 watt	33-32339
15	Resistor (5,000 ohms) 1/2 watt	33-250339
16	Resistor (2,000 ohms) 1/2 watt	33-230339
17	Electro. Cond. (18 mf.)—250 Volts	30-2331
18	Electro. Cond. (16 mf.)—250 Volts	30-2370
19	Tubular Cond. (.05 mf.)	30-4519
20	Resistor (490,000 ohms, 1/2 watt)	33-449339
21	2nd I.F. Trans. Assy.	32-3129
21A	Compensator Part of 21	
21B	Condenser Part of 21A	
21C	Condenser Part of 21A	
21D	Resistor (51,000 ohms—1/2 watt)	33-351339
22	Mica Cond. (110 mmf.)	30-1031
23	Resistor (490,000 ohms, 1/2 watt)	33-449339
24	Tubular Cond. (.003 mf.)	30-4580
25	Volume Control (2 meg.)	33-5286
26	Resistor (70,000 ohms)	33-370339
27	Tubular Cond. (.002 mf.)	30-4591
28	Resistor (2.0 meg., 1/2 watt)	33-520339
29	Resistor (1.0 meg., 1/2 watt)	33-510339
30	Tubular Cond. (.015 mf.)	30-4515
31	Resistor (4.0 meg., 1/2 watt)	33-40339
32	Tone Control (8.0 meg.)	33-5287
33	Tubular Cond. (.05 mf.)	30-4518
34	Mica Cond. (250 mmf.)	30-1032
35	Tubular Cond. (.01 mf.)	30-4572
36	Tubular Cond. (.003 mf.)	30-4582
37	Resistor (70,000 ohms, 1/2 watt)	33-370339
38	Resistor (.75 meg., 1/2 watt)	33-475339
39	Tubular Cond. (.003 mf.)	30-4469
40	Output Trans. for Speaker Part No. 36-1438	33-7978
41	Cone and Voice Coil Assy. for Speaker Part No. 36-1438-2	36-4099
42	Pilot Coil, Replace Speaker Part No. 36-1438-2	
43	Electro. Cond. (8 mf.—400 V.)	30-2371
44	Resistor (280 ohms)	33-128431
45	Resistor (70 ohms, 1/2 watt)	33-40339
46	Power Trans. 115V. (50 to 60 cycles)	32-7977
46A	Power Trans. 115 V. (25 to 40 cycles)	
47	Bakelite Cond. (.01 mf.—01 mf.)	5903DC
48	Pilot Lamp (Dial)	34-2063
49	Pilot Lamp (Dial)	34-2064
50	Push Button Switch	42-1462
51	Compensator Assy.	31-6256
51A	Compensator No. 1 (540-1030 K.C.)	
51B	Compensator No. 2 (540-1030 K.C.)	
51C	Compensator No. 3—870-1180 K.C.	
51D	Compensator No. 4—870-1180 K.C.	
51E	Compensator No. 5—900-1470 K.C.	
51F	Compensator No. 6—900-1470 K.C.	
51G	Compensator No. 7—1170-1800 K.C.	
51H	Compensator No. 8—1170-1800 K.C.	
52	Electric Push-Button Coil Assy.	33-3031
52A	Osc. Coil No. 1—540-1030 K.C.	32-3042
52B	Osc. Coil No. 2—540-1030 K.C.	32-3042
52C	Osc. Coil No. 3—870-1180 K.C.	32-3042
52D	Osc. Coil No. 4—870-1180 K.C.	32-3042
52E	Osc. Coil No. 5—900-1470 K.C.	32-3041
52F	Osc. Coil No. 6—900-1470 K.C.	32-3041
52G	Osc. Coil No. 7—1170-1800 K.C.	32-3041
52H	Osc. Coil No. 8—1170-1800 K.C.	32-3041
53	Wave Switch	42-1478

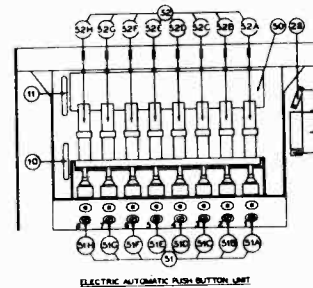


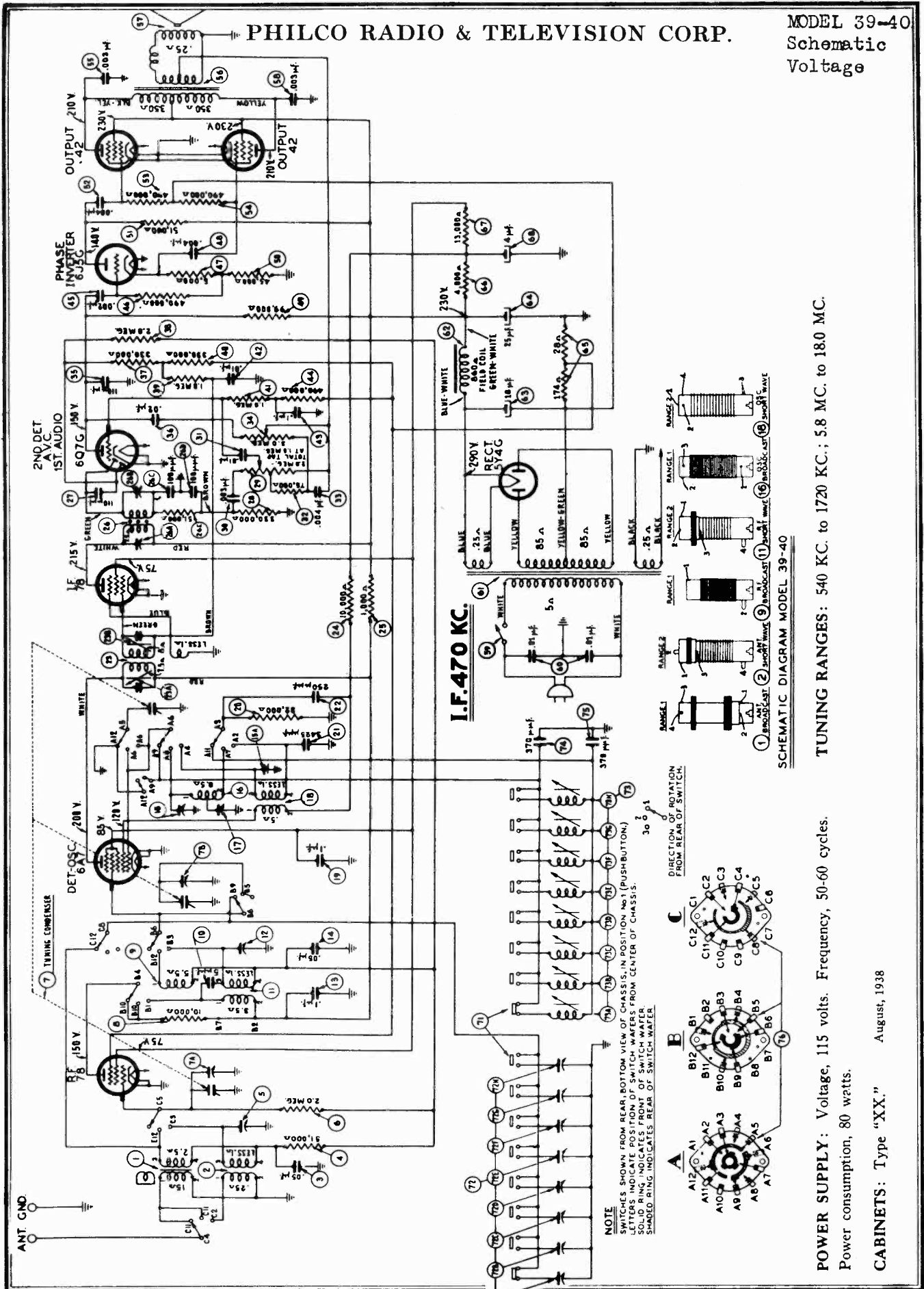
Fig. 2.—Part Locations—Push Button Unit FOR PUSH-BUTTON ADJUSTMENTS SEE INDEX

Miscellaneous Parts

Description	Part No.	Description	Part No.	Description	Part No.
Base	54-1104	Dial Drive Cord (Pointer)	31-2316	Push-Buttons	37-4750
Bracket and Bearing (Tuning Drum)	34-9682	Disc Control (Tuning)	27-4786	Socket (5 prong)	37-4035
Cable (Power)	L-2778	Disc Control-Range Switch	27-4787	Socket (6 prong)	37-4036
Coupling (Tuning Condenser)	31-9901	Disc Control (Volume)	27-4784	Socket (7 prong)	37-4099
Dial	37-5452	Drum (Tuning Condenser)	38-9716	Spring (Dial Drive Cord)	33-8013
Dial Pointer	54-1032			Speaker	36-1438-2
Dial Drive Cord (Tuning)	31-2315				

PHILCO RADIO & TELEVISION CORP.

MODEL 39-40
Schematic
Voltage



TUNING RANGES: 540 KC. to 1720 KC.; 5.8 MC. to 18.0 MC.

POWER SUPPLY: Voltage, 115 volts. Frequency, 50-60 cycles.

Power consumption, 80 watts.

CABINETS: Type "XX." August, 1938

SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM MODEL 39-40

MODEL 39-40, Code 121
 Socket, Trimmers
 Chassis, Tuner Chassis
 Drive Data, Parts

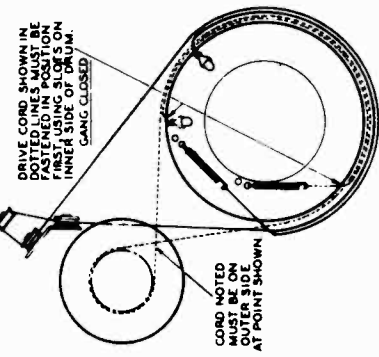
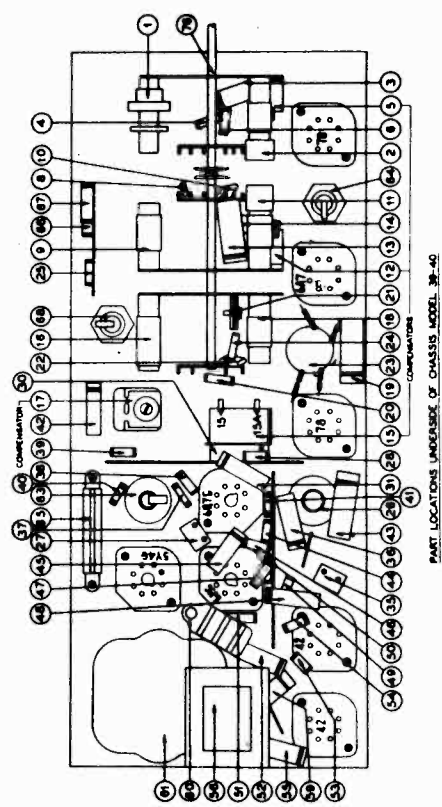
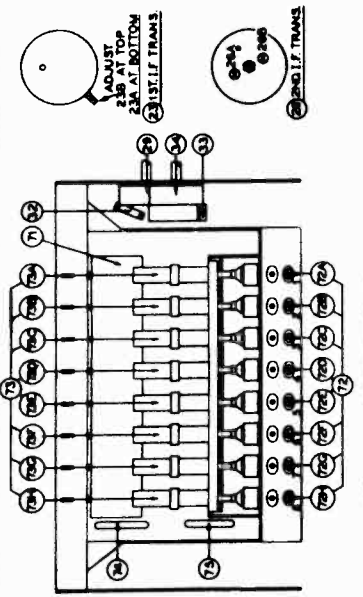
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Replacement Parts
 Model 39-40, Code 121

Schem. No.	Description	Part No.
1	Antenna Transformer (Range 1, Brdct.)	32-3056
2	Antenna Transformer (Range 2)	32-3055
3	Condenser (.05 mf tubular)	30-4519
4	Resistor (51,000 ohms, 1/2 watt)	33-351339
5	Compensator (Range 2, S. W.)	31-6212
6	Resistor (2.0 megohms, 1/2 watt)	33-520339
7	Tuning Condenser	31-2296
8	Resistor (10,000 ohms, 1/2 watt)	33-310339
9	R. F. Transformer (Range 1, Brdct.)	32-2379
10	Condenser (5 mmf mica)	30-1083
11	R. F. Transformer (Range 2, S. W.)	32-3046
12	Compensator (Range 2, S. W.)	31-6212
13	Condenser (.1 mf tubular)	30-4455
14	Condenser (.05 mf tubular)	30-4519
15	Compensator (two sections)	31-6093
16	Oscillator Transformer (Range 1, Brdct.)	32-2120
17	Oscillator Transformer (Range 2, S. W.)	31-6230
18	Condenser (.1 mf tubular)	32-3051
19	Resistor (33,000 ohms, 1/2 watt)	30-4455
20	Resistor (33,000 ohms, 1/2 watt)	33-323339
21	Condenser (495 mmf mica)	30-6655
22	Condenser (250 mmf mica)	32-3076
23	1st I. F. Transformer Assembly	31-10139
24	Resistor (10,000 ohms, 1/2 watt)	33-310339
25	Resistor (10,000 ohms, 1/2 watt)	31-210339
26	2nd I. F. Transformer	32-2581
27	Condenser (110 mmf mica)	30-1031
28	Resistor (330,000 ohms, 1/2 watt)	33-433339
29	Volume Control (2.0 megohms)	33-5286
30	Condenser (.01 mf tubular)	30-4581
31	Condenser (.01 mf tubular)	30-4581
32	Resistor (70,000 ohms, 1/2 watt)	33-370339
33	Condenser (.004 mf tubular)	30-4578
34	Tone Control (3.0 megohms)	33-5287
35	Condenser (.110 mf mica)	30-1031
36	Condenser (.02 mf tubular)	30-4481
37	Resistor (330,000 ohms, 1/2 watt)	33-433339
38	Resistor (2.0 megohms, 1/2 watt)	33-510339
39	Resistor (1.0 megohm, 1/2 watt)	33-433339
40	Resistor (330,000 ohms, 1/2 watt)	33-433339
41	Resistor (1.0 megohm, 1/2 watt)	33-510339
42	Condenser (.01 mf tubular)	30-4581
43	Condenser (.1 mf tubular)	30-4455
44	Resistor (490,000 ohms, 1/2 watt)	33-493339
45	Condenser (.002 mf tubular)	30-4579
46	Resistor (490,000 ohms, 1/2 watt)	33-493339
47	Resistor (5000 ohms, 1/2 watt)	33-250339
48	Condenser (.004 mf tubular)	30-4578
49	Resistor (99,000 ohms, 1/2 watt)	33-399339
50	Resistor (45,000 ohms, 1/2 watt)	33-353339
51	Resistor (51,000 ohms, 1/2 watt)	33-351339
52	Condenser (.004 mf tubular)	30-4578
53	Resistor (490,000 ohms, 1/2 watt)	33-493339
54	Condenser (.003 mf tubular)	30-4469
55	Output Transformer	32-7981
56	Comp. and V. C. Assembly for (S. C. Part No. 38-1450)	36-4089
57	Speaker (1000 mf tubular)	30-4469
58	A. C. Switch	42-1467
59	Condenser (.01 mf to .01 mf bakelite)	3901DG
60	Per. Trimmers: 115 v., 60 cycle	32-7998
61	Field Coil, Replicas Speaker	36-1450
62	Elect. Condenser (18 mf)	30-2335
63	Elect. Condenser (25 mf), 250...	30-2333
64	Elect. Condenser (25 mf), 250...	30-2333
43	B. C. Resistor	33-3358
44	Resistor (4000 ohms, 1/2 watt)	33-240339
45	Resistor (13,000 ohms, 1/2 watt)	33-313339
46	Elect. Condenser (4 mf), 250...	30-2334
47	Pilot Lamp	34-2064
48	Pilot Lamp	34-2064
49	Push-Button Switch	42-1462
50	Push-Button Switch	42-1462
51	Padder Strip Assem., Complete	31-6259
52	Compensator No. 1 (540-1030 K.C.)	32-3042
53	Compensator No. 2 (540-1030 K.C.)	32-3042
54	Compensator No. 3 (670-1160 K.C.)	32-3042
55	Compensator No. 4 (670-1160 K.C.)	32-3042
56	Compensator No. 5 (900-1470 K.C.)	32-3041
57	Compensator No. 6 (900-1470 K.C.)	32-3041
58	Compensator No. 7 (1100-1600 K.C.)	32-3041
59	Compensator No. 8 (1100-1600 K.C.)	32-3041
60	Compensator No. 9 (1100-1600 K.C.)	32-3041
61	Compensator No. 10 (1100-1600 K.C.)	32-3041
62	Coil No. 1 (540-1030 K.C.)	32-3042
63	Coil No. 2 (540-1030 K.C.)	32-3042
64	Coil No. 3 (670-1160 K.C.)	32-3042
65	Coil No. 4 (670-1160 K.C.)	32-3042
66	Coil No. 5 (900-1470 K.C.)	32-3041
67	Coil No. 6 (900-1470 K.C.)	32-3041
68	Coil No. 7 (1100-1600 K.C.)	32-3041
69	Coil No. 8 (1100-1600 K.C.)	32-3041
70	Condenser (.370 mmf silver mica)	30-1110
71	Condenser (.370 mmf silver mica)	30-1110
72	Wave Switch	42-1440
73	Bezel	56-1104
74	Bezel Gasket	56-1036
75	Bearing (Drum Shaft)	27-9245
76	Bearing (Speaker)	L-2778
77	Cable (Power)	41-3430
78	Cable (Tuning Condenser)	31-2291
79	Dial (Scale)	27-5421
80	Dial Clamp	56-1034
81	Dial Gasket	27-9224
82	Dial Gasket	27-9225
83	Dial Pointer	56-1033
84	Dial Drive Cord (Tuning)	31-2315
85	Dial Drive Cord (Pointer)	31-2316
86	Dial Drive Cord Spring	28-8913
87	Disc Control (Tuning)	27-4766
88	Disc Control (Range Switch)	35-9702
89	Disc (Tone Control)	27-4764
90	Disc (Volume Control)	27-4765
91	Disc (Autome Control)	38-9661
92	Drum Bracket and Bearing (Tuning Condenser)	38-9662
93	Shaft (Control Drums)	28-6924
94	Socket Assembly-Dial Lamp	38-9694
95	Socket Assembly-Dial Lamp	38-9695
96	Socket (6-prong), 78-tube	27-6036
97	Socket (6-prong), Octal	27-6086
98	Socket (7-prong), Octal	27-6107
99	Socket (7-prong), 6AV-tube	36-1450
100	Speaker	36-1450
101	Tab Kit	40-6392

Miscellaneous Parts

Grommet (Mtg. Push-Button Switch)	27-4610
Grommet (Mtg. Tuning Unit Assy.)	3914
Grommet (Mtg. Tuning Unit Assy.)	3915
Nut (A. C. Switch)	W-1757
Screw (Mtg. Chassis)	W-124
Screw (Bezel)	W-1345
Washer (Speaker Mtg. Chassis)	27-1839
Washer (Speaker Mtg. Chassis)	27-4571
Washer (A. C. Switch)	W-894



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MODEL 39-40
MODEL 39-45

PHILCO RADIO & TELEVISION CORP.

MODEL 39-36
Tuner Data

Alignment, Tuner Data

ADJUSTING ELECTRIC PUSE-BUTTON TUNING FOR MODELS 39-36, 39-40, AND 39-45

In order to set the Electric Push-Buttons correctly for each station, the procedure as given below should be carefully followed. Accurate adjustment of the buttons requires the use of a Philco Model 077 Station Setter and a part No. 27-7059 insulated screw driver.

(A) Select eight of the most popular stations received in the locality and remove their call letters from the call letter sheets supplied. Place the call letters in the windows above the buttons, making sure that each button covers the frequency of the station for which it is to be used. Two adjustment screws for each button are located on the rear of the push-button unit. Each set of screws is numbered and covers a frequency range as follows:

Push-Button	Frequency Range
1 and 2	540-1030 KC.
3 and 4	670-1160 KC.
5 and 6	900-1470 KC.
7 and 8	1100-1600 KC.

Looking at the front of the cabinet, the first button on the left is adjusted by set screw No. 1, the next button by set screw No. 2, and the remaining buttons in the same order.

(B) Connect the aerial and ground to the "ANT" and "GND" terminals of the receiver.

(C) Turn the receiver Tuning Range Selector to position 2 (Broadcast) and tune the receiver to the station to be set on the first button.

(D) Plug the output leads of the Station Setter into the "High" and "Gnd" jacks, and turn the output controls to maximum.

Turn the modulation control to "Modulation On." Connect the output lead of the station setter to the "ANT" and "GND" terminals of the receiver and tune to the frequency of the station being received. As the indicator is slowly tuned through the frequency of the station, there will be two points at which a whistle will be heard, one above and one below the frequency of the station. When the indicator is on the frequency of the station the whistle will be eliminated and the modulated signal of the station setter will then be clearly heard through the receiver.

(E) Turn the receiver Tuning Range Selector to position 1 (Push-Button) and press in the first button. Using the part No. 27-7059 insulated screw driver; turn the No. 1 "OSC" screw until the broadcast station identified by the station setter signal is tuned to Maximum Volume.

(F) Remove the output lead of the station setter from the "ANT" terminal of the receiver and turn the indicator of the Station Setter off the frequency of the station. The program of the desired station will then be heard in the receiver without the modulated signal.

(G) With the volume of the receiver low, slowly turn the No. 1 "OSC" screw back and forth until maximum output is received. Repeat the same procedure for the No. 1 "ANT" screw.

After setting up the first station, the same procedure given under (C) to (G) is used for the other stations.

ALIGNMENT OF MODEL 39-40

Operations	SIGNAL GENERATOR			RECEIVER			Special Instructions
	Output Connections to Receiver	Dummy Antenna (Note A)	Dial Setting	Dial Setting	Control Setting	Adjust Compensators to Max. Reading	
1	6A7	.1 mf	470 KC.	580 KC.	Vol. Max. Range Switch Broadcast	26B, 26A, 23B, 23A	
2	Ant. Ter.	150 mmf	1550 KC.	1550 KC.	"	15, 7B, 7A	See Note B and C
3	Ant. Ter.	150 mmf	580 KC.	580 KC.	"	17	Roll Tuning Condenser
4	Ant. Ter.	150 mmf	1550 KC.	1550 KC.	"	15	
5	Ant. Ter.	400 ohms	18.0 MC.	18.0 MC.	Range Switch S. W.	15A, 12, 5	

NOTE A—The "Dummy Antenna" consists of a condenser connected in series with the signal generator output lead (high side). Use the capacity as specified in each step of the above procedure.

NOTE B—Dial Calibration. In order to adjust the receiver correctly, the dial must be aligned to track properly with the tuning condenser. To adjust

the dial, proceed as follows: With the tuning condenser closed (maximum capacity), set the dial pointer on the extreme left index line at the low frequency end of the broadcast scale. The arrangement of the drive cable is shown on page 3.

NOTE C—Compensators (7A) and (7B) are located on top of the tuning condenser. Compensator (7A) is the first one from the tuning drum side.

ALIGNMENT OF MODEL 39-45

Operation	SIGNAL GENERATOR			RECEIVER			Special Instructions
	Output Connections to Receiver	Dummy Antenna (Note A)	Dial Setting	Dial Setting	Control Setting	Adjust Compensators to Max. Reading	
1	6A7	.1 mf	470 KC.	470 KC.	Vol. Max. Range Switch Broadcast	30B, 30A, 27B, 27A	
2	Antenna	150 mmf	1550 KC.	1550 KC.	"	21, 8B, 8A	See Note B and C
3	Antenna	150 mmf	580 KC.	580 KC.	"	22	Roll Tuning Condenser
4	Antenna	150 mmf	1550 KC.	1550 KC.	"	21	
5	Antenna	400 ohms	5.0 MC.	5.0 MC.	Range Switch Police	21A	
6	Antenna	400 ohms	18.0 MC.	18.0 MC.	Range Switch S. W.	21B, 14, 4	

NOTE A—The "Dummy Antenna" consists of a condenser connected in series with the signal generator output lead (high side). Use the capacity as specified in each step of the above procedure.

NOTE B—Dial Calibration: In order to adjust the receiver correctly the dial must be aligned to track properly with the tuning condenser. To adjust the dial, proceed as follows: With the tuning condenser closed (maximum

capacity), set the dial pointer on the extreme left index line at the low frequency end of the broadcast scale. The arrangement of the drive cable is shown on page 3.

NOTE C—Compensators (8A) and (8B) are located on top of the tuning condenser. Compensator (8A) is the first one from the tuning drum side.

MODEL 39-71

Schematic, Voltage, Socket PHILCO RADIO & TELEV. CORP.
Alignment, Trimmers, Parts
Chassis

Operations in Order	SIGNAL GENERATOR			RECEIVER			Special Instructions
	Output Connections to Receiver	Dummy Antenna (Note A)	Dial Setting	Dial Setting	Control Settings	Adjust Compensators in Order	
1	1A7G Grid	.1 mfd.	470 K. C.	580 K. C.	Vol. Cont. Max.	12A, 11B, 11A	Note C
2	Ant. & Grd. Terminals	400 ohms	1550 K. C.	1550 K. C.	Vol. Cont. Max.	2B, 2A	Note B Note C

NOTE A — The "Dummy Antenna" consists of a condenser or resistor connected in series with the signal generator output lead (high side). Use the capacity or resistance as specified in each step of the above procedure.

NOTE B — **DIAL CALIBRATION:** In order to adjust the receiver correctly, the dial must be aligned to track properly with the tuning condenser. To adjust the dial proceed as follows: Turn the tuning condenser to maximum capacity (plates fully meshed). With tuning condenser in this position set the pointer to the small "black dot" at the low frequency end of the dial scale.

NOTE C — To adjust the I. F. compensators, remove the back from the cabinet, which is held in place by four screws. The chassis is then taken out by removing the four screws and two corks and reach the cabinet, and the Tuning and Volume knobs. The I. F. compensators are located on top of the I. F. transformers.

When adjusting the Antenna (2A) and Oscillator (2B) compensators, the chassis must be assembled in the cabinet with the batteries and loop in place. The Signal Generator output lead with the "Dummy Antenna" is then connected to the terminals marked "Ant" and "Grd" underneath the cabinet. The antenna and oscillator compensators are then adjusted through the holes in the bottom of the cabinet.

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BATTERIES REQUIRED: One (1) Philco "A" Pack, Part No. 41-8017; two (2) Philco "B" Packs, Part No. 41-8018.

BATTERY DRAIN: "A" — 240 Ma.; "B" 8.5 Ma. Total current with no signal.

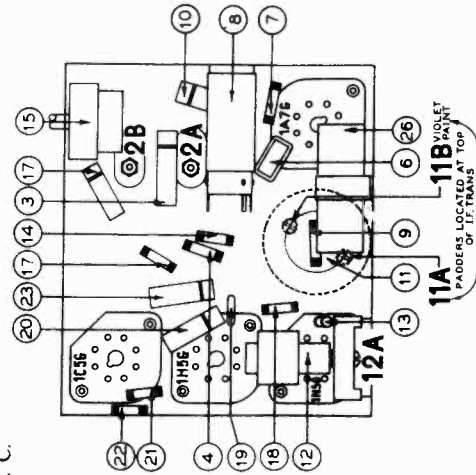
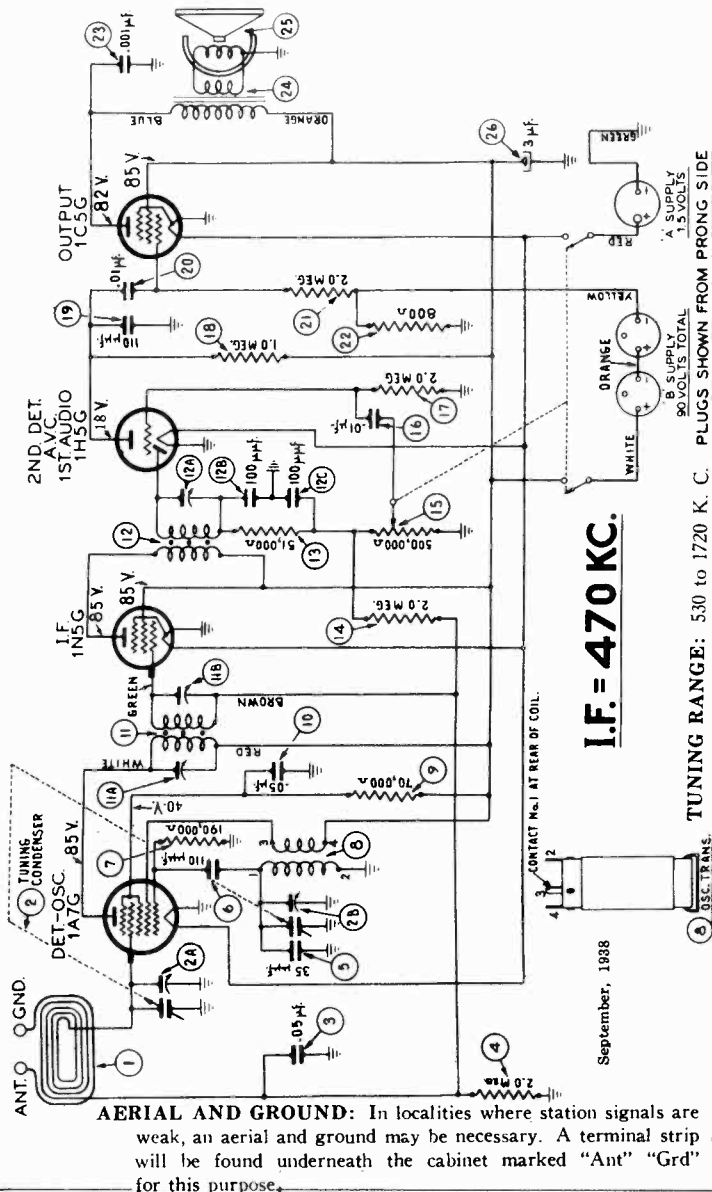


Fig. 1. Compensator and Part Locations Underside of Chassis

- 26**
- Electrolytic Cond. (3 mf.) 30-2359
 - Bezel Window 27-5434
 - Dial Pointer 31-2321
 - Dial Drive Cord / Ass'y. 28-5185
 - Dial Tuning Shaft & Brkt. Assy. 31-2323
 - Eccutcheon (knobs) 31-1254
 - Eccutcheon (screws) W-2126
 - Knob (Tuning, Volume) 27-4331
 - Loop Antenna 40-6421
 - Pulley (Tuning Condenser) 28-6662
 - Socket (6 prong) 27-6086
 - Socket (7 prong) 27-6087
 - Spring (Dial Cord) 28-8751
 - Speaker 36-1451

Replacement Parts

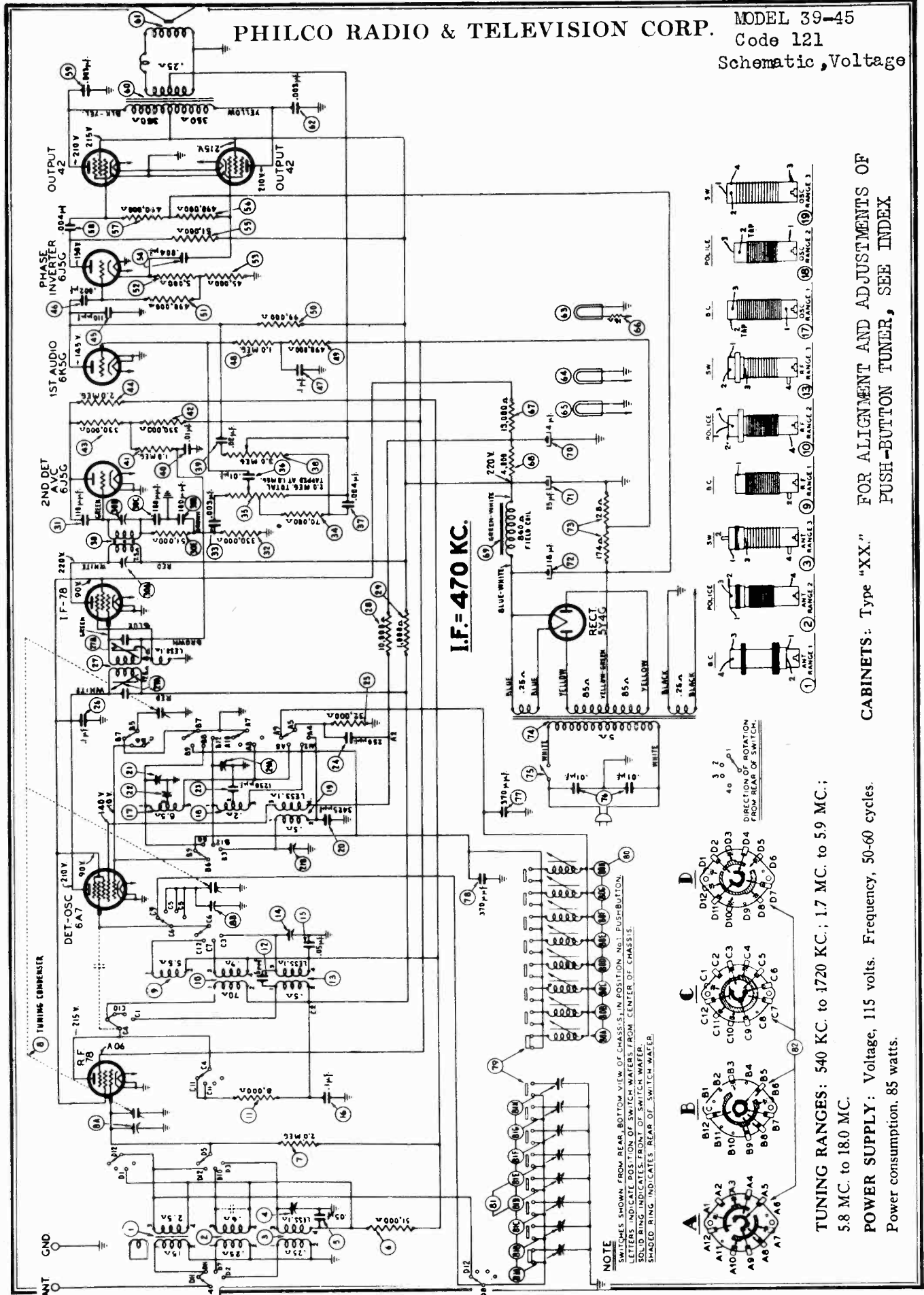
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|-----------------|------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|
| Code No. | Description | Part No. |
| 1 | Loop Assy. | 40-6421 |
| 2 | Tuning Cond. | 31-2322 |
| 3 | Tubular Cond. (.05 mf.) | 30-4519 |
| 4 | Resistor (2 megohm) | 33-520339 |
| 5 | Mica Cond. (.35 mmf.) — mounted on top of tuning condenser | 30-1095 |
| 6 | Mica Cond. (110 mmf.) | 30-1031 |
| 7 | Resistor (190,000 ohms) | 33-419339 |
| 8 | Oscillator Trans. | 32-3118 |
| 9 | Resistor (70,000 ohms) | 33-370339 |
| 10 | Tubular Cond. (.05 mf.) | 30-4444 |
| 11 | 1st I. F. Trans. Assy. | 32-3103 |
| 12 | 2nd I. F. Trans. Assy. | 33-351339 |
| 13 | Resistor (51,000 ohms) | 33-520339 |
| 14 | Resistor (2 megohms) | 33-520339 |
| 15 | Volume Control & Switch | 33-520339 |
| 16 | Tubular Cond. (.01 mf.) | 30-4572 |
| 17 | Resistor (1 megohm) | 33-510339 |
| 18 | Mica Cond. (110 mmf.) | 30-1031 |
| 19 | Resistor (2 megohm) | 33-520339 |
| 20 | Tubular Cond. (.01 mf.) | 30-4572 |
| 21 | Resistor (800 ohms) | 33-180339 |
| 22 | Tubular Cond. (.001 mf.) | 30-4201 |
| 23 | Output Transformer for Speaker No. 36-1451-3 | |
| 24 | Voice Coil Assy. for Speaker No. 36-1451-3 | |
| 25 | Speaker | 36-4090 |

PHILCO RADIO & TELEVISION CORP.

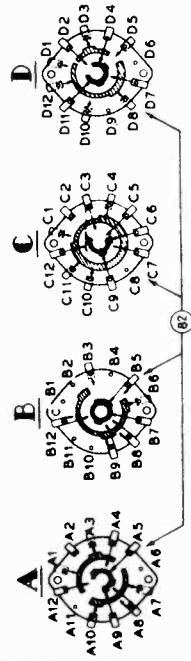
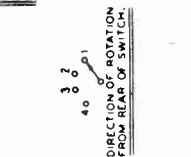
MODEL 39-45

Code 121

Schematic, Voltage



CABINETS: Type "XX" FOR ALIGNMENT AND ADJUSTMENTS OF PUSH-BUTTON TUNER, SEE INDEX



NOTE SWITCHES SHOWN FROM REAR, BOTTOM VIEW OF CHASSIS. IN POSITION NO. 1 PUSH-BUTTON. LETTERS INDICATE POSITION OF SWITCH WAVERS FROM CENTER OF CHASSIS. SOLID RING INDICATES FRONT OF SWITCH WAVER. SHADED RING INDICATES REAR OF SWITCH WAVER.

TUNING RANGES: 540 KC. to 1720 KC.; 1.7 MC. to 5.9 MC.; 5.8 MC. to 18.0 MC.

POWER SUPPLY: Voltage, 115 volts. Frequency, 50-60 cycles. Power consumption, 85 watts.

MODEL 39-45, Code 121

Socket, Trimmers, Chassis

Tuner Chassis, Drive Data

Parts List

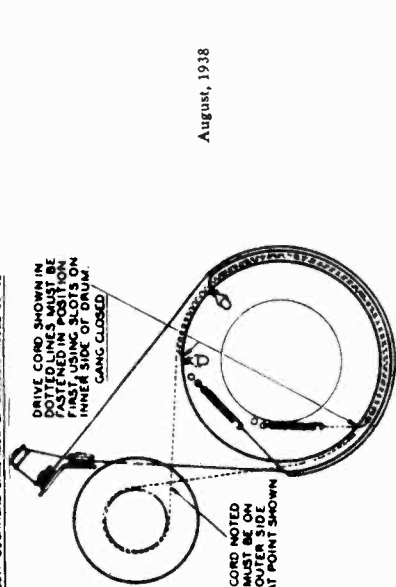
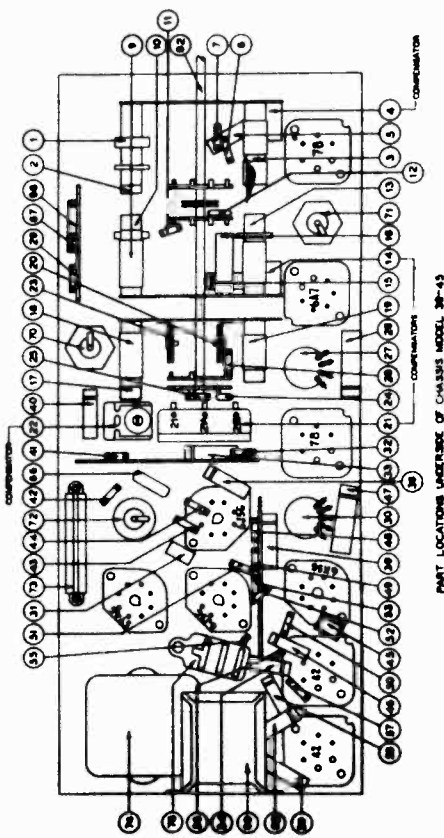
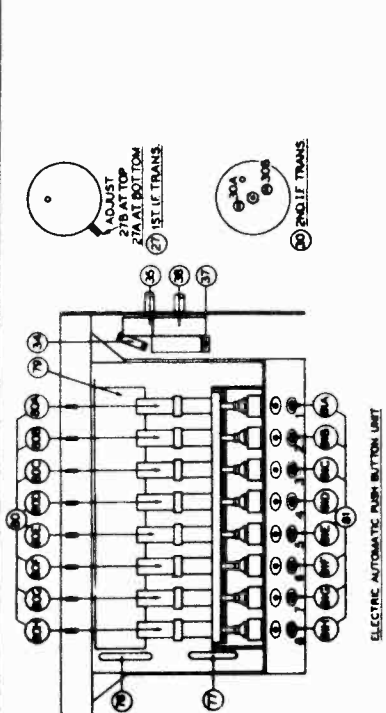
PHILCO RADIO & TELEV. CORP.

Replacement Parts
Model 39-45, Code 121

Schem. No.	Description	Part No.	Schem. No.	Description	Part No.
1	Ant. Trans. (Range 1), B. C.	32-3056	49	Resistor (490,000 ohms)	33-4493139
2	Ant. Trans. (Range 2), Police	32-3053	50	Resistor (99,000 ohms)	33-3903139
3	Ant. Trans. (Range 3), S. W.	32-3055	51	Resistor (490,000 ohms)	33-4493139
4	Ant. Compensator (Range 3)	31-6212	52	Resistor (50,000 ohms)	33-2503339
5	Tubular Cond. (.05 mfd)	30-4519	53	Tubular Cond. (45,000 ohms)	33-3453339
6	Resistor (31,000 ohms)	33-3513339	54	Tubular Cond. (.004 mfd)	30-4578
7	Resistor (250 megohms)	33-2503339	55	Resistor (31,000 ohms)	33-3513339
8	R. F. Trans. (Range 1), B. C.	32-2379	56	Resistor (490,000 ohms)	33-4493139
9	R. F. Trans. (Range 2), Police	32-2379	57	Resistor (490,000 ohms)	33-4493139
10	R. F. Trans. (Range 3), S. W.	32-2379	58	Tubular Cond. (.003 mfd)	30-4469
11	Resistor (8000 ohms)	33-2803339	59	Output Trans.	32-7981
12	Mica Cond. (5 mfd)	30-1083	60	Comp. and Voice Coil Assy. for Speaker (Part No. 36-1450)	36-4089
13	R. F. Trans. (Range 3), S. W.	32-3046	61	Speaker (Part No. 36-1450)	30-4469
14	R. F. Compensator (Range 3)	31-6212	62	Tubular Cond. (.003 mfd)	30-4469
15	Tubular Cond. (.05 mfd)	30-4519	63	Pilot Lamp Dial	34-2210
16	Tubular Cond. (.1 mfd)	30-4455	64	Pilot Lamp Power	34-2210
17	Osc. Trans. (Range 1), B. C.	32-3046	65	Pilot Lamp	34-2210
18	Osc. Trans. (Range 2), Police	32-3046	66	Resistor (113,000 ohms)	33-016431
19	Osc. Trans. (Range 3), S. W.	32-3051	67	Resistor (4000 ohms)	33-2403339
20	Tracking Condenser, Semifixed (3425 mfd)	31-6266	68	Field Coil, Replace Speaker (Part No. 36-1450)	30-2334
21	Osc. Compensator (Broadcast)	31-6266	69	Electrolytic Cond. (4 mfd)	30-2334
21A	(Police, Part of 21)		70	Electrolytic Cond. (25 mfd)	30-2333
22	Osc. Compensator	(s.w. part of 21)	71	Electrolytic Cond. (18 mfd)	30-2335
23	Tracking Condenser, Semifixed (1230 mfd)	31-6230	72	B. C. Resistor	33-33358
24	Mica Cond. (250 mfd)	31-6262	73	Power Trans. (115v., 60 cycle)	32-7998
25	Resistor (32,000 ohms)	30-1032	74	A. C. Switch	42-1467
26	Tubular Cond. (.1 mfd)	33-3323339	75	Resistor (.01 to .01 mfd)	30-3110
27	1st I. F. Trans. Assy.	30-4455	76	Silver Mica Cond. (370 mfd)	30-3110
28	Resistor (10,000 ohms)	32-3079	77	Silver Mica Cond. (370 mfd)	30-3110
29	Resistor (1000 ohms)	33-3103339	78	Push-Button Switch	42-1462
30	2nd I. F. Trans. Assy.	33-2103339	80	Push-Button Osc. Trans. Assy. (8 coils)	32-1031
31	Mica Cond. (10,000 mfd)	30-1031	80A	Coil No. 1 (540-1030 KC.)	32-3042
32	Mica Cond. (10,000 mfd)	30-1031	80B	Coil No. 2 (540-1030 KC.)	32-3042
33	Tubular Cond. (.003 mfd)	33-433339	80C	Coil No. 3 (670-1160 KC.)	32-3042
34	Resistor (70,000 ohms)	31-1390	80D	Coil No. 4 (670-1160 KC.)	32-3042
35	Volume Control	33-1390	80E	Coil No. 5 (900-1470 KC.)	32-3042
36	Tubular Cond. (.01 mfd)	30-4166	80F	Coil No. 6 (900-1470 KC.)	32-3041
37	Tubular Cond. (.004 mfd)	30-4178	80G	Coil No. 7 (1100-1600 KC.)	32-3041
38	Tone Control	33-5287	80H	Coil No. 8 (1100-1600 KC.)	32-3041
39	Tubular Cond. (.02 mfd)	30-4481	81	Padder	31-6259
40	Resistor (1.0 megohm)	30-4169	81A	Comp. No. 1 (540-1030 KC.)	
41	Resistor (330,000 ohms)	33-433339	81B	Comp. No. 2 (540-1030 KC.)	
42	Resistor (330,000 ohms)	33-433339	81C	Comp. No. 3 (670-1160 KC.)	
43	Resistor (330,000 ohms)	33-433339	81D	Comp. No. 4 (670-1160 KC.)	
44	Mica Cond. (110 mfd)	33-5203339	81E	Comp. No. 5 (900-1470 KC.)	
45	Tubular Cond. (.002 mfd)	30-1031	81F	Comp. No. 6 (900-1470 KC.)	
46	Tubular Cond. (.1 mfd)	30-4579	81G	Comp. No. 7 (1100-1600 KC.)	
47	Resistor (1.0 megohm)	30-4455	81H	Comp. No. 8 (1100-1600 KC.)	
48	Resistor (1.0 megohm)	33-510339		Wave Switch	42-1451

Miscellaneous Parts

55-1092	Bezel Gasket	55-1092	Shaft Control Drums	28-6924
27-924	Bearing (Drum Shaft)	27-924	Socket Assembly Dial Lamp	38-9694
56-1036	Cable (Power)	56-1036	Socket Assembly Dial Lamp	38-9692
L-2778	Cable (Speaker)	L-2778	Socket (6-prong) (78-tube)	27-6036
41-3430	Coupling (Tuning Condenser)	41-3430	Socket (6-prong) (Octal)	27-6086
27-5404	Dial (Scale)	27-5404	Socket (7-prong) (Octal)	27-6053
56-1034	Dial Clamp	56-1034	Speaker	36-1450
27-9224	Dial Gasket	27-9224	Tab Kit	40-6392
27-9225	Dial Gasket	27-9225	Mounting Parts	
36-1033	Dial Pointer	36-1033	Grommet Push-Button Switch	27-4510
31-2315	Dial Drive Cord (Tuning)	31-2315	(Mfg. Tuning Unit Assy.)	3015
28-8913	Dial Drive Cord, Pointer	28-8913	(Mfg. Tuning Unit Assy.)	W-1257
27-4766	Disc Control (Tuning)	27-4766	Nut (Speaker Mtg.)	W-124
38-9702	Disc Control (Range Switch)	38-9702	Nut (Speaker Mtg. Chassis)	W-1345
27-4764	Disc (Tone Control)	27-4764	Screw (Washer)	W-1834
27-4765	Disc (Volume Control)	27-4765	Screw (Washer)	W-1834
38-9661	Drum Assembly	38-9661	Washer (Speaker Mtg.)	27-467
38-9662	Drum Bracket and Bearing (Tuning Condenser)	38-9662	Washer (Speaker Mtg. Chassis)	27-4571
			Washer (A. C. Switch)	W-894



August, 1938

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CORRECT METHOD OF INSTALLING DRIVE CORDS ON TUNING CONDENSER DRUM

PHILCO RADIO & TELEV. CORP.

MODELS 39-70, Code 121,
39-75, Code 121, 122
Schematic, Socket, Trimmers
Chassis

Alignment Notes

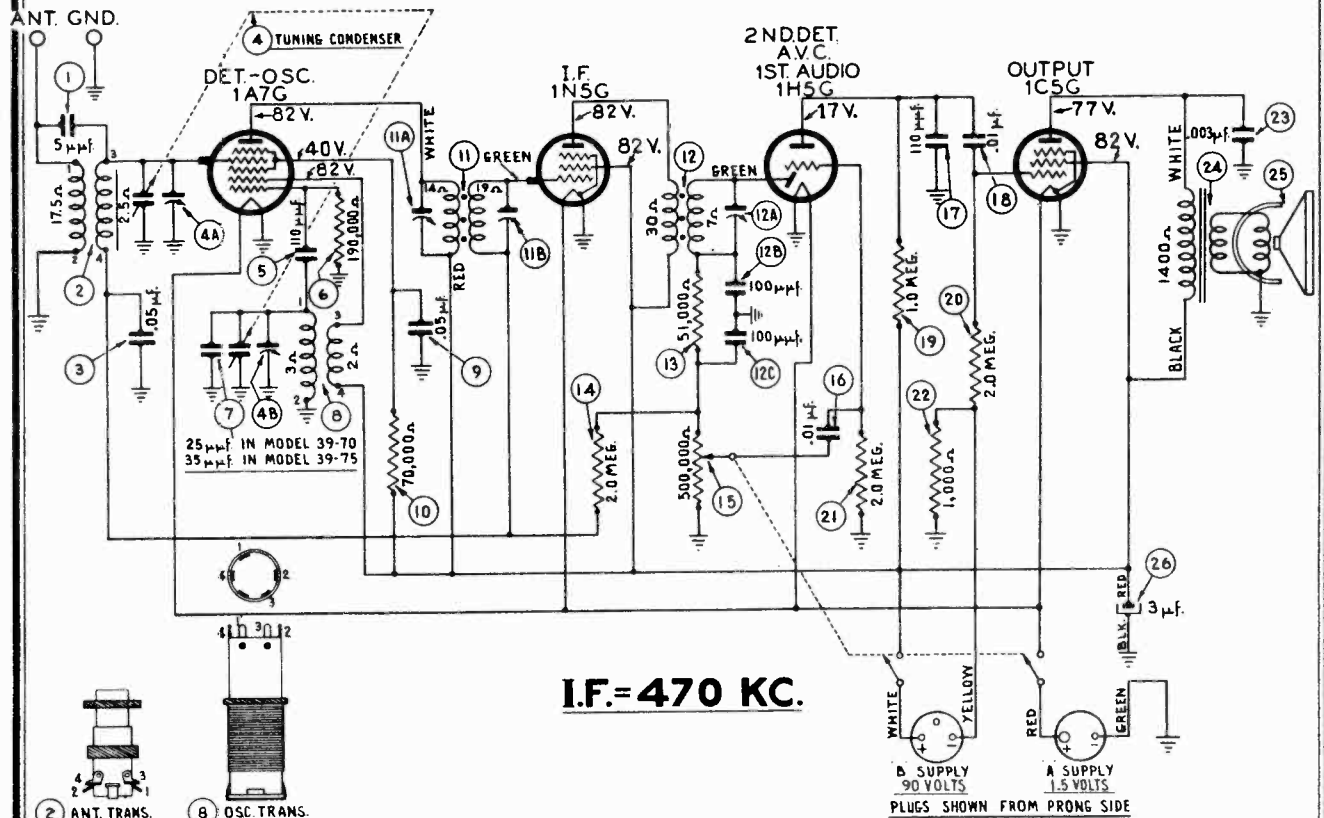
NOTE A—The "Dummy Antenna" consists of a condenser or resistor connected in series with the signal generator output lead (high side). Use the capacity or resistance as specified in each step of the above procedure.

NOTE B—**DIAL CALIBRATION:** In order to adjust the receiver correctly, the dial must be aligned to track properly with the tuning condenser.

Model 39-70 and 39-80—To adjust the dial proceed as follows: Turn the tuning condenser to maximum capacity (plates fully meshed). With the tuning condenser in this position, set the pointer horizontally across the dial.

Model 39-75—With the tuning condenser in the maximum capacity position (plates fully meshed), loosen the coupling screws connecting the push-button unit to the condenser. The pointer is then set on the extreme left edge of the index line (low frequency end of the scale) with the tuning condenser fully closed. The gang is then opened until the pointer is at the right edge of the index line. The push-button shaft is then turned counter-clockwise to its "stop." With the tuning condenser and push-button shaft in these positions tighten the coupling set screws.

NOTE C—The locations of the compensators in Models 39-70, 39-75 and 39-80 are shown in Figs. (1), (2) and (3) respectively.



SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM MODEL 39-70 & 39-75

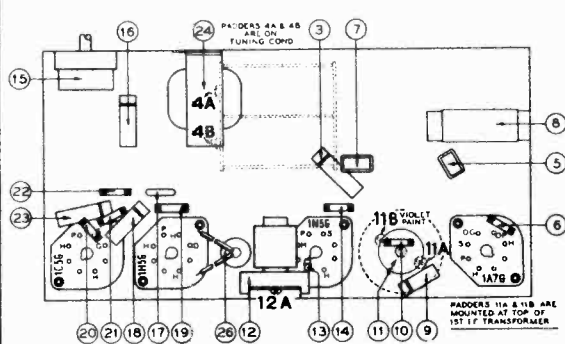


Fig. 1. Compensator and Part Locations
Model 39-70, Code 121
Underside of Chassis

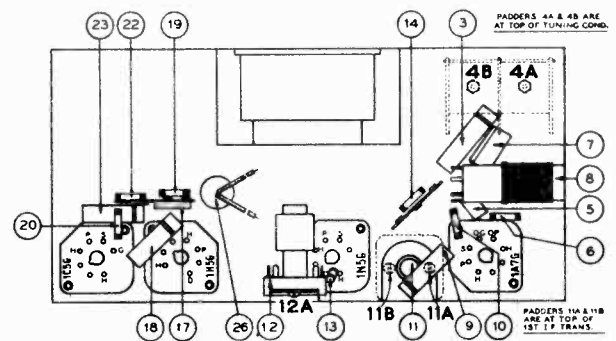


Fig. 2. Compensator and Part Locations
Model 39-75, Code 121-122
Underside of Chassis

MODELS 39-70, Code 121,
39-75, Code 121, 122 PHILCO RADIO & TELEV. CORP.
Alignment, Parts List
MODEL 39-80, Code 121
Alignment

REPLACEMENT PARTS
Models 39-70, Code 121, and 39-75, Codes 121-122

Schem. No.	Description	Part No.	Schem. No.	Description	Part No.
1	Condenser (5 mmf. mica) (Part of No. 2)	30-1097	14	Resistor (2.0 megohms, 1/2 watt)	33-520339
2	Antenna Transformer (Includes No. 1)	32-3080	15	Volume Control and On-Off Switch, 39-70	33-5290
3	Condenser (.05 mf. tubular)	30-4519	16	Volume Control and On-Off Switch, 39-75	33-5291
4	Tuning Condenser Assembly, 39-70	31-2300	17	Condenser (.01 mf. tubular)	30-4572
5	Tuning Condenser Assembly, 39-75	31-2265	18	Condenser (.01 mf. tubular)	30-4572
6	Condenser (110 mmf. mica)	30-1031	19	Resistor (1.0 megohm, 1/2 watt)	33-510339
7	Resistor (190,000 ohms, 1/2 watt)	33-419339	20	Resistor (2.0 megohms, 1/2 watt)	33-520339
8	Condenser (25 mmf. mica), 39-70	30-1067	21	Resistor (2.0 megohms, 1/2 watt)	33-520339
9	Condenser (35 mmf. silver plated mica), 39-75	30-1113	22	Resistor (1000 ohms, 1/2 watt)	33-210339
10	Oscillator Transformer, 39-70	32-3019	23	Condenser (.003 mf. tubular)	30-4469
11	Oscillator Transformer, 39-75	32-3083	24	Output Transformer	32-7995
12	Condenser (.05 mf. tubular)	30-4444	25	Cone and Voice Coil Assemblies	
13	Resistor (70,000 ohms, 1/2 watt)	33-370339	39-70 "B"	Spkr. Pt. No. 36-1435	36-4090
			39-70 "B"	Spkr. Pt. No. 36-1442	36-4092
			39-75 "B"	Spkr. Pt. No. 36-1442	36-4090
			39-75 "F"	Spkr. Pt. No. 36-1447	36-4092
			24	Electrolytic Condenser (3 mf.)	30-2346

MISCELLANEOUS PARTS
Model 39-70, Code 121

Bezel Window	27-5417	On-Off Indicator Parts—	
Cable (Battery)	41-3427	Hub and Lever	38-9658
Dial	27-5416	Toggle Link and Brkt. Assy.	38-9700
Dial Drive Cord	31-2317	Spring (Toggle Link and Brkt. Assy.)	28-8925
Dial Drive Spring	28-8751	Snap Fastener	56-1156
Dial Pointer	28-5468	Pulley, (Tuning Condenser)	36-6662
Knob	27-4332	Shaft Assy. (Tuning Condenser)	W-1400
		Shaft (Tuning)	31-2290
		*Speaker ("B" Cabinet)	36-1435
		*Speaker ("F" Cabinet)	36-1447

Model 39-75, Code 121-122

Automatic Tuning Unit Complete	31-2282	Knob (Volume)	27-4753
Bezel (Dial)	40-6364	Knob (Tuning)	27-4750
Bezel (Gasket (Dial))	27-9174	Knob Screw (Tuning)	28-6882
Bezel (Push-Button)	28-5929	Push-Button	27-4749
Bezel Gasket (Push-Button)	27-9218	Push-Button Spring	28-8918
Dial	27-5420	Sleeve—Start (Tuning Shaft, Code 121-122)	38-6887
Dial Pointer	28-5434	*Speaker (T Cabinet)	36-1442
Dial Drive Cord	31-2275	Socket (1A7G)	27-6099
Dial Drive Cord Spring	28-8919	Socket (6 prong)	27-6086
Dial Drive Drum (Tuning Condenser)	31-2281	Socket (2 prong)	27-6087

Model 39-75, Code 122

Extension Shaft (Volume)	18-9640	*Speaker (Speaker)	27-6115
Extension Shaft (Tuning)	28-6928	*Speaker (Code 122)	36-1447
Extension Sleeve—Long (Tuning Shaft)	28-6935	Spring (Retaining Vol. Knob)	28-8915

Specifications

TYPE OF CIRCUIT: Models 39-70, 39-75 and 39-80 are four-tube battery operated superheterodyne receivers covering standard and broadcast and state police stations. The receivers employ the new Philco Farm Radio tubes, which require only one 45C tube. The receiver for Volume Control and a Philco speaker are especially for battery radio. In general, these models are similar but differ in their tuning mechanisms, speakers and cabinets.

Model 39-70 is manually tuned and is assembled in cabinet types "F" (floor model) and "B" (table model).

Model 39-75, codes 121 and 122 is equipped with automatic push-button and manual tuning. The automatic tuning mechanism contains six push-buttons for selecting any of six stations in the standard broadcast band. The procedure for adjusting and operating the push-buttons will be found in the instructions supplied with each set.

Code 122 of this model is assembled in cabinet type "F" (floor model). Code 121 in cabinet type "T" (table model).

Model 39-80 is manually tuned and is assembled in cabinet type "B" (table model) and cabinet type "A" (floor model).

In addition to the two Philco speaker cabinets, Model 39-80 has a sound chamber for the speaker. This sound chamber produces a sound effect which results in greater clarity of tone and intensity of sound output. Bass compensation is also included in the volume control circuit.

TUNING RANGE: 530 to 1720 K. C.

INTERMEDIATE FREQUENCY: 470 K. C.

PHILCO TUBES: One 1A7G, First Detector and Oscillator; one 1N5G, I. F. Amplifier; one 1H5G, Second Detector; First Audio and Automatic Volume Control, and one 1A5G (1A5G Model 39-80) Pentode Output.

BATTERIES REQUIRED: One (1) Philco "A" Pack, Part No. 41-8014; one (1) Philco "B" Pack, Part No. 41-8015.

INSTALLING BATTERIES: The batteries are arranged in the cabinet in such a manner that they form part of the sound chamber air column.

ALIGNMENT OF COMPENSATORS

OUTPUT METER: The Philco 027 Output Meter is connected to the plate circuit of the type 1A5G tube. Models 39-70 and 39-75 use a 1A5G tube. Models 39-80 use a 1A5G tube. After connecting the output meter, adjust the compensators in the order as shown in the tabulation below. Locations of the compensators are shown on page 2. If the output meter pointer goes off scale when adjusting the compensators, reduce the strength of the signal from the generator.

PROCEDURE FOR MODELS 39-70 AND 39-75

Operations in Order	SIGNAL GENERATOR			RECEIVER		
	Output Connections to Receiver	Dial Setting	Antenna Note A	Dial Setting	Control Setting	Adjust Compensators
1	1A7G Grid	470 K. C.	1550 K. C.	580 K. C.	Vol. Max.	Vol. Max. 12A, 11B, 11A
2	Ant. (White)	225 mid.	1550 K. C.	1550 K. C.	Vol. Max.	4B, 4A

PROCEDURE FOR MODEL 39-80

Operations in Order	SIGNAL GENERATOR			RECEIVER		
	Output Connections to Receiver	Dial Setting	Antenna Note A	Dial Setting	Control Setting	Adjust Compensators
1	1A7G Grid	470 K. C.	1550 K. C.	580 K. C.	Vol. Max.	13A, 12B, 12A
2	Ant. (White)	225 mid.	1550 K. C.	1550 K. C.	Vol. Max.	4B, 4A

Special Instructions

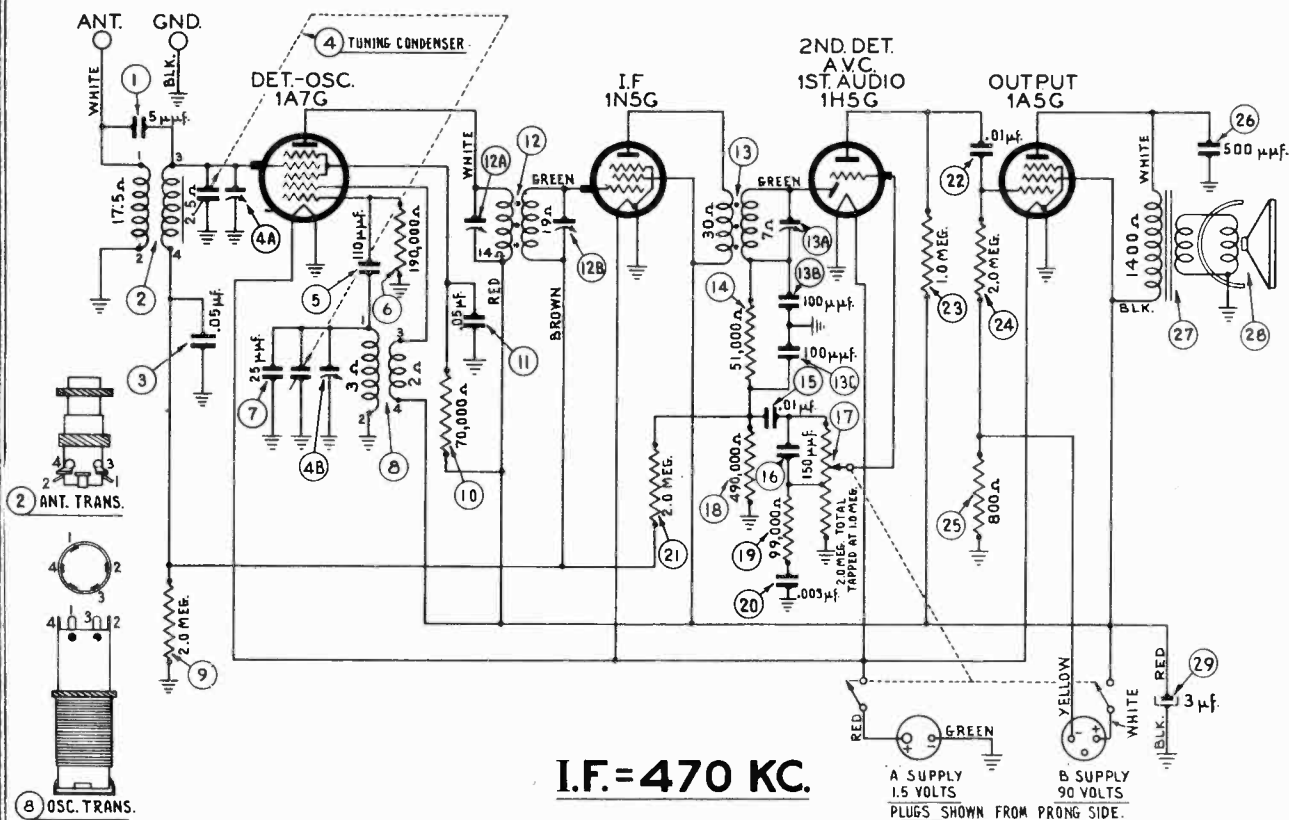
Note B
Note C

Note B
Note C

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PHILCO RADIO & TELEV. CORP.

MODEL 39-80, Code 121
Schematic, Socket
Trimmers, Chassis
Parts List



I.F. = 470 KC.

SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM MODEL 39-80

Replacement Parts
Model 39-80, Code 121

Schem. No.	Description	Part No.
1	Condenser (mica, 5 mmf.—Part of No. 2)	30-1097
2	Antenna Trans.	32-3080
3	Condenser (tubular, .05 mf.)	30-4519
4	Tuning Cond.	31-2300
5	Condenser (mica, (110 mmf.))	30-1031
6	Resistor (190,000 ohms, 1/2 watt)	33-419339
7	Condenser (mica, 25 mmf.)	30-1067
8	Oscillator Trans.	32-3019
9	Resistor (2.0 meg., 1/2 watt)	33-520339
10	Resistor (70,000 ohms, 1/2 watt)	33-370339
11	Condenser (tubular, .05 mf.)	30-4444
12	1st I. F. Trans. Assy.	32-2841
13	2nd I. F. Trans. Assy.	32-3081
14	Resistor (51,000 ohms, 1/2 watt)	33-351339
15	Condenser (tubular, .01 mf.)	30-4572
16	Condenser (mica, 150 mmf.)	30-1033
17	Volume Control and On-Off Switch	33-5238
18	Resistor (490,000 ohms, 1/2 watt)	33-449339
19	Resistor (99,000 ohms, 1/2 watt)	33-399339
20	Condenser (tubular, .003 mf.)	30-4580
21	Resistor (2.0 meg., 1/2 watt)	33-520339
22	Condenser (tubular, .01 mf.)	30-4479
23	Resistor (1.0 meg., 1/2 watt)	33-510339
24	Resistor (2.0 meg., 1/2 watt)	33-520339
25	Resistor (800 ohms, 1/2 watt)	33-180339
26	Condenser (mica, 500 mmf.)	30-1114
27	Output Trans.	32-7984
28	Cone Assy. for Speaker 36-1410	36-4093
28	Cone Assy. for Speaker 36-1436	36-4094
29	Electrolytic Condenser (3 mfd.)	30-2346
	Bezel Assy.	40-6374
	Bezel Screw	W-1834
	Brkt. (Mag. Set in XF Cabinet)	56-1058
	Cable (Battery)	41-3437
	Dial	27-5413
	Dial Pointer	56-1091
	Dial Drive Cord	31-2318
	Dial Drive Cord Spring	28-8751

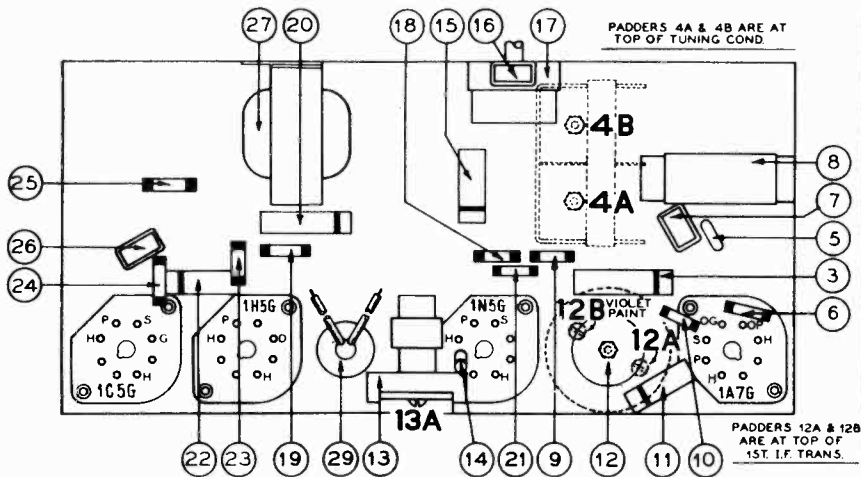
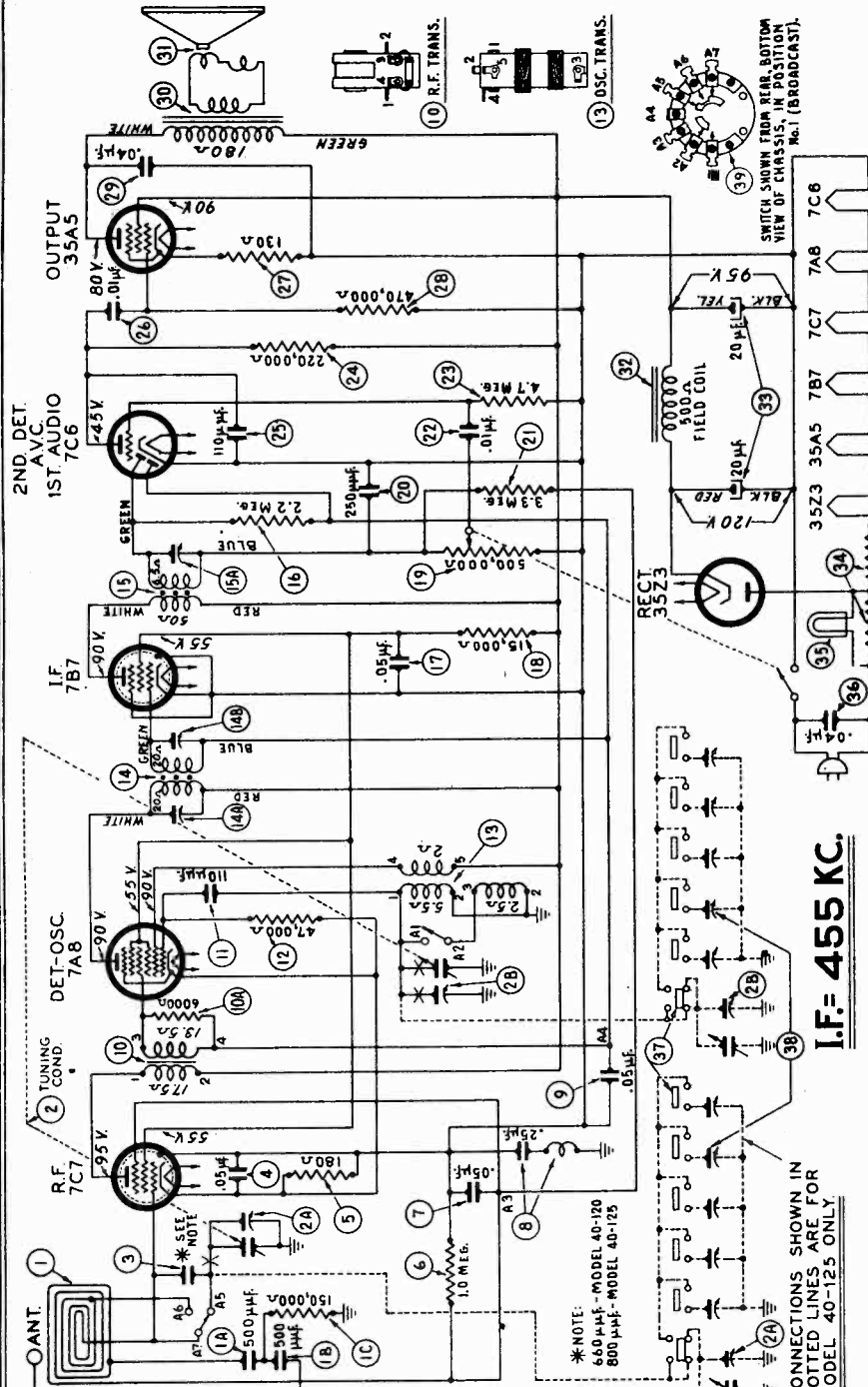


Fig. 3. Compensator and Part Locations
Model 39-80, Code 121
Underside of Chassis

Description	Part No.	Description	Part No.
Knob	27-4604	Pulley Screw (Tuning Condenser)	W-1400
On-Off Indicator Parts—		Shaft Assy. (Tuning)	31-2290
Hub and Lever	38-9658	Speaker (B Cabinet)	36-1410
Toggle Link and Brkt. Assy.	38-9701	Speaker (XF Cabinet)	36-1436
Spring (Toggle Assy.)	28-8925	Socket (6 prong)	27-6086
Snap Fastener	56-1156	Socket (7 prong)	27-6087
Pulley (Tuning Condenser)	28-6662	Socket (Speaker)	27-6115

MODELS 40-120, 40-125
Schematic, Voltage
Parts List

PHILCO RADIO & TELEV. CORP.



SCHE. No.	DESCRIPTION	PART No.	SCHE. No.	DESCRIPTION	PART No.
1	Loop Antenna Assy. (Model 40-120)	38-9889	16	Resistor (2.2 meg., 1/2 watt)	33-822339
1A	Mica Cond. (500 mmfd.)	30-1114	17	Tubular Cond. (.05 mfd.)	30-4819
1B	Mica Cond. (500 mmfd.)	30-1114	18	Resistor (15,000 ohms, 1/2 watt)	33-315339
1C	Resistor (180,000 ohms, 1/2 watt)	33-415339	19	Volume Control & On-Off Switch	33-3306
2	Tuning Cond. Assy. (Model 40-120)	31-2388	20	Mica Cond. (250 mmfd.)	30-1074
3	Mica Cond. (.25 mfd.)	38-9881	21	Resistor (3.3 meg., 1/2 watt)	33-333339
4	Tubular Cond. (.05 mfd.)	30-4819	22	Tubular Cond. (.01 mfd.)	33-847339
5	Resistor (180 ohms, 1/2 watt)	33-118339	23	Resistor (4.7 meg., 1/2 watt)	30-4479
6	Resistor (1.0 meg., 1/2 watt)	33-510339	24	Resistor (220,000 ohms, 1/2 watt)	33-422339
7	Tubular Cond. (.05 mfd.)	30-4819	25	Mica Cond. (110 mmfd.)	30-1130
8	Tubular Cond. & Choke Assy. (.25 mfd.)	38-9881	26	Tubular Cond. (.01 mfd.)	30-4872
9	Tubular Cond. (.05 mfd.)	30-4819	27	Resistor (130 ohms, 1/2 watt)	33-113336
10	R. F. Trans. Assy.	32-3273	28	Resistor (470,000 ohms, 1/2 watt)	33-447339
10A	Resistor (6000 ohms, 1/2 watt)	33-240339	29	Tubular Cond. (.04 mfd.)	30-4119
11	Mica Cond. (110 mmfd.)	30-1130	30	Output Trans. (Spkr. Part No. 36-1469-1)	32-8047
12	Resistor (47,000 ohms, 1/2 watt)	33-347339	31	Cone & Voice Coil Assy. (Spkr. Part No. 36-1469-9)	32-8044
13	Oscillator Trans. (Model 40-120)	32-3258	32	Field Coil (Replace Spkr. Part No. 36-1469)	32-8044
14	1st I. F. Trans. Assy.	32-3237	33	Electrolytic Cond. (20-20 mfd.)	30-2403
15	2nd I. F. Trans. Assy.	32-3238	34	Filament Resistor	33-3378
			35	Pilot Lamp	34-2068

May, 1939.

adjusting and operating push button tuning will be found in the instructions supplied with each receiver. Instructions for setting up the television push button is supplied with Philco Television Receivers. This model is assembled in special type "C" cabinet.

TUNING RANGE: 540 to 1600 K. C. 1.6 to 3.3 M. C.

INTERMEDIATE FREQUENCY: 455 K. C.

POWER SUPPLY: 115 volts A. C. or D. C. current.

POWER CONSUMPTION: 28 watts.

AUDIO OUTPUT: 1 watt.

PHILCO TUBES USED:
7C7, R. F.; 7A8, oscillator and first detector; 7B7, I. F.; 7C6, second detector, first audio; 35A5, output; 35Z3, rectifier.

CABINET DIMENSIONS: Height 6 7/16 1 1/4
Depth 6 7/16 1 1/4
Model 40-120..... 7 7/16 1 1/4
Model 40-125..... 7 7/16 1 1/4

Fig. 2 SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM MODELS 40-120 & 40-125

TYPE OF CIRCUIT: FOR ALIGNMENT, SEE INDEX

Models 40-120 and 40-125 are six (6) tube super-heterodyne receivers employing the new Philco built-in super aerial system which eliminate an outside aerial, and Philco High-Efficiency Loktal tubes. In addition, other features of design are: two tuning ranges; special high gain R. F. stage; automatic volume control and a Beam power audio output stage. In general, these models are similar but differ in their tuning mechanisms and cabinets.

Model 40-120 is dial tuned and assembled in cabinet type "C".

Model 40-125 is equipped with six electric push buttons for automatically selecting stations in addition to dial tuning. Five push buttons are used for stations one of which can be used in combination with a Special type PHILCO TELEVISION receiver for reception of television sound programs. The sixth push button selects dial tuning.

I.F. 455 KC.

CONNECTIONS SHOWN IN DOTTED LINES ARE FOR MODEL 40-125 ONLY

SCHE. No.	DESCRIPTION	PART No.
36	Tubular Cond. (.04 mfd.)	30-4119
37	Push Button Switch (Model 40-125)	42-1512
38	Padder Strip (Model 40-125)	31-6313
39	Wave Switch	42-1505
	Cable & Plug (Power Supply)	1-3199
	Cabinet (Model 40-120)	16-899
	Clip (Coll. Mtg.)	28-5002
	Dial	37-5517
	Drive Cord Assy.	31-2387
	Drive Shaft Assy.	31-2370
	Knobs (Volume-Tuning-Wave Switch)	27-4809
	Pilot Lamp Socket Assy.	38-9828
	Pointer (Dial)	16-899
	Pointer (Knob)	38-1468
	Spring (Drive Cord Assy.)	38-9854
	Speaker Assy.	36-1469
	Sockets (Loktal)	55-0578

MISCELLANEOUS PARTS—MODEL 40-125

Cabinet	16-899
Escutcheon Plate (Pushbutton)	28-5742
Escutcheon Pins	W-1074
Knobs (Pushbutton)	27-4824
Tab (Dial)	27-5526
Tab Kit	40-8473

Schematic, Socket, Trimmers

PHILCO RADIO & TELEV. CORP.

MODELS 40-150, 40-155

MODELS 40-180, 40-185

40-190

POWER SUPPLY: 115 Volts, 25 and 60 cycle AC.

POWER CONSUMPTION: 60 watts.

AUDIO OUTPUT: 2 watts.

FREQUENCY TUNING RANGES: Three.

540 to 1550 K. C.

1.5 to 3.4 K. C.

6.0 to 18 M. C.

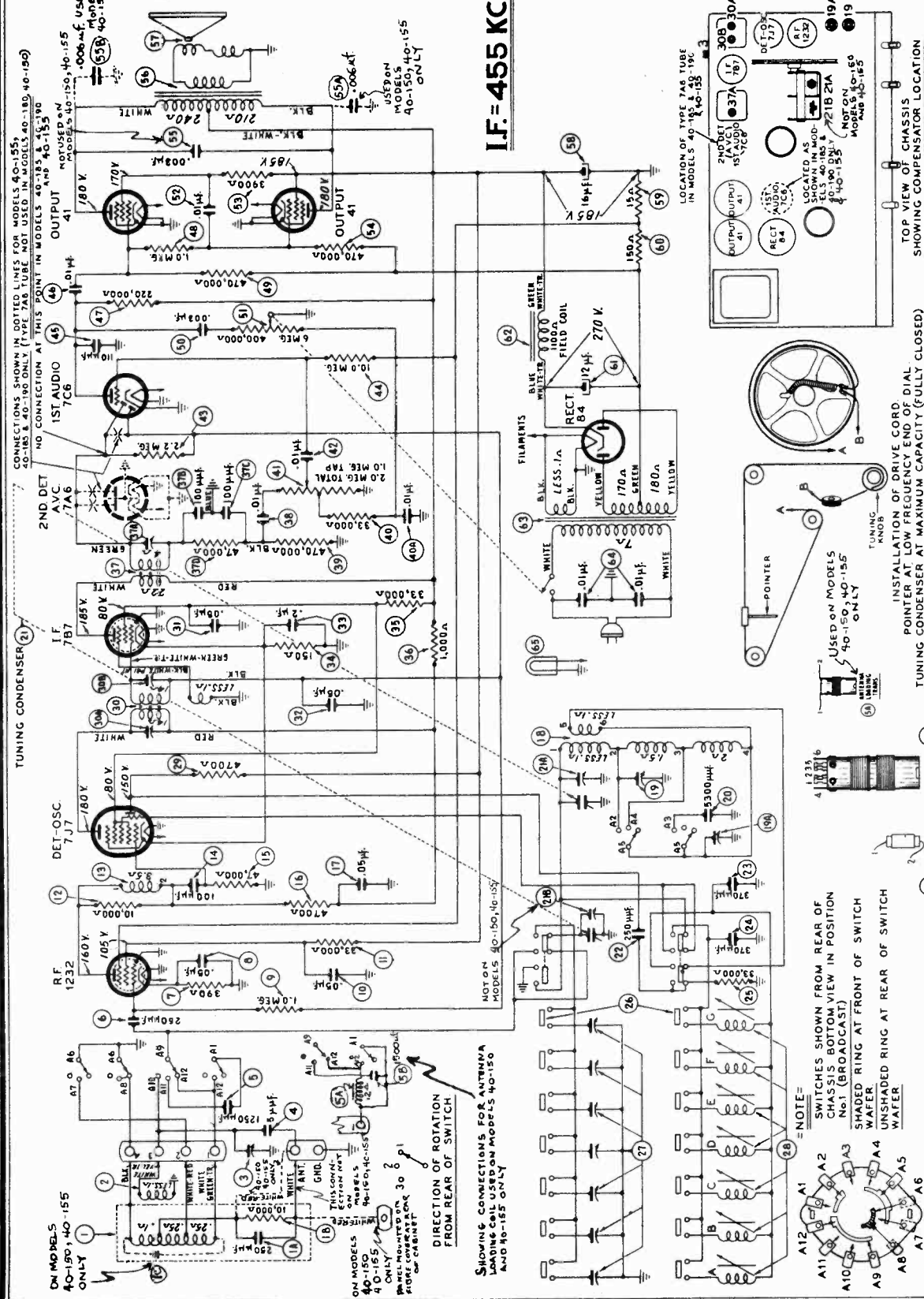


Fig. 1—Schematic Diagram
 SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM MODELS 40-180, 40-185 & 40-190, models 40-150, 40-155
 May, 1939.
 FOR TUNER ADJUSTMENTS SEE INDEX
 The voltages indicated were measured with a Philco Model 027 Voltmeter (1000 ohms per volt) — Power supply 115 volts, 60 cycle — Volume control minimum — No signal being received — Range switch "Brdst."

MODELS 40-150,40-155 PHILCO RADIO & TELEV. CORP.

MODELS 40-180,40-185,40-190

Alignment

TYPE OF CIRCUIT: (Models 40-150 and 40-155 Models 40-180, 40-185 and 40-190 are Electric Push-button and dial tuned radios incorporating the new Philco Built-in Super Aerial system which eliminates an outside aerial and reduces local static interference to a minimum. The models are also designed to receive the sound of a television program tuned in by special type Philco Television Sets.

PHILCO BUILT-IN SUPER AERIAL SYSTEM—Included in the built-in super aerial system is a statically shielded loop for broadcast band reception and a short wave receiving loop. A feature of the built-in broadcast band statically shielded loop is that it may be turned to the position in which it picks up a minimum amount of interference, or if interference is not

present the loop may be set in the position where best reception is obtained.

In general, these models are similar with the exception of the number of tubes used and cabinet design. Model 40-180 employs a seven tube receiver. Models 40-185 and 40-190 employ eight tube receivers assembled in different type cabinets.

Each model is equipped with eight electric tuning push buttons for automatically selecting stations. Six of the push buttons are used for broadcast stations, one for selecting dial tuning and one push button may be set up for use with a Philco wireless Record Player or the sound program tuned in by special Philco Television Sets.

Model 40-150 employs seven (7) tubes and Model 40-155, eight (8) tubes.

Aligning of Compensating Condensers Equipment Required

(1) *Signal Generator.* In order to properly adjust this receiver an accurately calibrated signal generator such as Philco Model 077 is required. This signal generator covers a frequency range of 540 to 36,000 K. C. (2) *Indicating Device.* To obtain maximum signal strength and accurate adjustment of the padders a vacuum tube voltmeter and circuit tester such as Philco Models 027 and 028 is

recommended. When using the vacuum tube voltmeter, an aligning adaptor, Philco Part No. 45-2767, is necessary for connecting to the A. V. C. circuit. These testers also contain an audio output meter which may also be used as an indicating device. (3) *Aligning Tools.* Fiber handle screw driver, Philco Part No. 45-2610, and fiber wrench, Philco Part No. 7696.

Connecting Aligning Instruments

VACUUM TUBE VOLTMETER—To use the vacuum tube voltmeter as an alignment indicator make the following connections:

1. Adjusting I. F. Circuit.

Remove the 1232 R. F. tube from its socket and insert the aligning adaptor, then replace the tube in the adaptor. Connect the negative terminal of the vacuum tube voltmeter to the wire (light color) which protrudes from the side of the adaptor. Attach the positive terminal of the voltmeter to the black wire.

2. Adjusting R. F. Circuit.

To adjust the R. F. circuit, the aligning adaptor is inserted in the 7C6 A. F. tube socket. The vacuum tube voltmeter remains connected to the adaptor as given in the above paragraph.

With the voltmeter connected in this manner a very sensitive indication of the A. V. C. voltage is obtained when the padders are adjusted. If an audio output meter is used, connect it to the plate

and socket terminals of the 4I output tube and adjust the output meter for the 0 to 30 A. C. scale.

After connecting the aligning indicator, adjust the compensators in the order as shown in the tabulation below. Locations of the compensators are shown on the schematic diagram, page No. 2. If the output meter pointer goes off scale when adjusting the compensators, reduce the strength of the signal from the generator.

SIGNAL GENERATOR: When adjusting the I. F. padders, the high side of the signal generator is connected through a .1 mfd. condenser to terminal No. 1 of the loop terminal panel at the rear of the chassis. The ground or low side of the signal generator is connected to the chassis of the receiver.

When aligning the R. F. padders a loop is made from a few turns of wire and connected to the signal generator output terminals; the loop is then placed two or three feet from the loop in the cabinet. Do not remove the receiver loop from the cabinet. It is necessary when adjusting the padders that the receiver be left in the cabinet.

Models 40-150, 40-155 40-180 - 185 - 190

Operations	SIGNAL GENERATOR		RECEIVER			Remarks
	Output Connections	Dial Frequency	Dial Frequency	Control Settings	Adjust Compensators for Max. Signal	
1	High Side to No. 1 Ter. Loop Panel	I. F. 455 K. C.	580 K. C. No Signal	Range Sw. "Brdest." Volume "Max." Push-Button "Dial"	37A, 30, 30A	See Note A.
2	Use Loop on Generator	18 M. C.	18 M. C.	Range Sw. "SW." Volume "Max." Push-Button "Dial."	21A	Note B. Note D.
3	Use Loop on Generator	1400 K. C.	1400 K. C.	Range Sw. "Brdest." Volume "Max."	19A, 21B	
4	Use Loop on Generator	580 K. C.	580 K. C.	Range Sw. "Brdest." Volume "Max."	19	Roll Cond. Note C.
5	Use Loop on Generator	1400 K. C.	1400 K. C.	Range Sw. "Brdest." Volume "Max."	19A, 21B	Roll Cond. Note C.
6	Use Loop on Generator	18 M. C.	18 M. C.	Range Sw. "SW."	3	Roll Cond. Note C.

NOTE A—A "Dummy Antenna" consisting of a .1 mfd. condenser is connected in series with the signal generator output lead (high side).

NOTE B—**DIAL CALIBRATION:** In order to adjust the receiver correctly the dial must be aligned to track properly with the tuning condenser. To adjust the dial, proceed as follows: With the tuning condenser closed (maximum capacity), set the dial pointer on the extreme left index line at the low frequency end of the broadcast scale. The arrangement of the drive cable in this position is shown in the schematic diagram.

NOTE C—When adjusting the low frequency compensator of Range One (Broadcast) or the antenna and R. F. compensators of the high frequency tuning ranges, the receiver Tuning Condenser must be adjusted (rolled) as follows: First tune the compensator for maximum output, then vary the tuning condenser of the receiver for maximum output. Now turn the

compensator slightly to the right or left and again vary the receiver tuning condenser for maximum output. This procedure of first setting the compensator and then varying the tuning condenser is continued until there is no further gain in output reading.

NOTE D—To accurately adjust the high frequency oscillator compensator to the fundamental instead of the image signal, turn the oscillator compensator to the maximum capacity position (clockwise). From this position slowly turn the compensator counter-clockwise until a second peak is obtained on the output meter. Adjust the compensator for maximum output at this second peak.

If the above procedure is correctly performed, the image signal will be found (much weaker) by turning the receiver dial 910 K. C. below the frequency being used on any high frequency range.

Socket, Trimmers
Chassis, Parts

PHILCO RADIO & TELEV. CORP.

MODELS 40-150, 40-155
MODELS 40-180, 40-185
40-190

PHILCO TUBES USED:

MODEL 40-150, 40-180-1232, R. F.; 7J7, Converter; 7B7, I. F.;
7C6, Second Detector and First Audio; two 41, Audio Power Out-
puts; 84, Rectifier.
MODEL 40-155, 40-185 AND 40-190-1232, R. F.; 7J7, Converter;
7B7, I. F.; 7A6, Detector; 7C6, First Audio; two 41, Power
Outputs; 84, Rectifier.

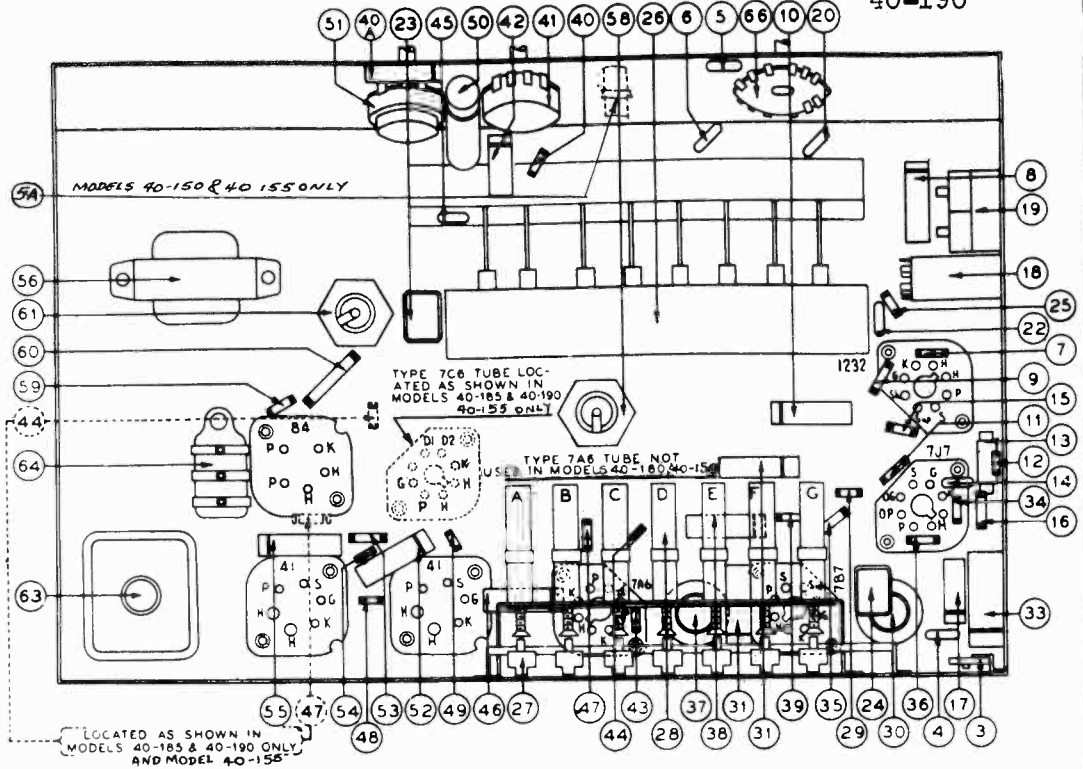


Fig. 2—Part locations underside of chassis

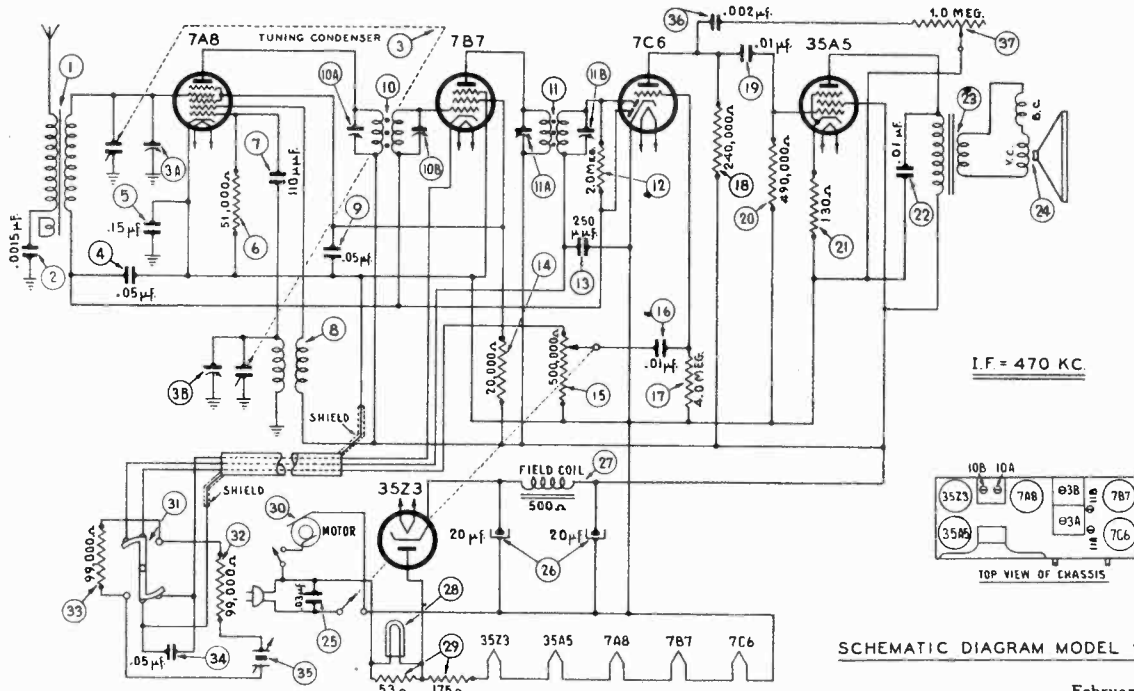
Replacement Parts—Models 40-180, 40-185, 40-190

Sch. No.	Description	Part No.	Sch. No.	Description	Part No.
1	Loop Ass'y (Broadcast)	38-9880	46	Tubular Cond. (.01 mfd.)	30-4572
1A	Mica Cond. (250 mmfd.)	61-0033	47	Resistor (220,000 ohms, 1/2 watt)	33-422339
1B	Resistor (10,000 ohms, 1/2 watt)	33-310339	48	Resistor (1.0 meg., 1/2 watt)	33-510339
2	Loop Ass'y (Short Wave)	38-9884	49	Resistor (470,000 ohms, 1/2 watt)	33-447339
3	Compensator	31-6308	50	Tubular Cond. (.003 mfd.)	30-4469
4	Mica Cond. (5 mmfd.)	30-1097	51	Tone Control & On-Off Switch	33-5314
5	Mica Cond. (1250 mmfd.)	5886	52	Tubular Cond. (.01 mfd.)	30-4572
6	Mica Cond. (250 mmfd.)	61-0033	53	Resistor (3900 ohms, 1/2 watt)	33-239339
7	Resistor (390 ohms, 1/2 watt)	33-139339	54	Resistor (470,000 ohms, 1/2 watt)	33-447339
8	Tubular Cond. (.05 mfd.)	30-4444	55	Tubular Cond. (.003 mfd.)	30-4469
9	Resistor (1.0 meg., 1/2 watt)	33-510339	56	Output Trans.	32-8053
10	Tubular Cond. (.05 mfd.)	30-4123	57	Cone & Voice Coil Ass'y (Spkr. Part No. 36-1479-2)	36-4089
11	Resistor (33,000 ohms, 1/2 watt)	33-333339		(Spkr. Part No. 36-1479-4)	36-4111
12	Resistor (10,000 ohms, 1/2 watt)	33-310339	58	Electrolytic Cond. (16 mfd., 200 V.)	30-2406
13	R. F. Coupling Trans.	32-3194	59	Resistor (15 ohms, 1/2 watt)	33-015351
14	Mica Cond. (100 mmfd.)	30-1128	60	Resistor (150 ohms, 1 watt)	33-115451
15	Resistor (47,000 ohms, 1/2 watt)	33-347339	61	Electrolytic Cond. (12 mfd., 350 V.)	30-2405
16	Resistor (4700 ohms, 1/2 watt)	33-247339	62	Field Coil (Replace Spkr., Part No. 36-1479)	
17	Tubular Cond. (.05 mfd.)	30-4123	63	Power Trans. (115 Volts, 50 to 60 Cycle)	32-8052
18	Oscillator Trans.	32-3195	64	Line Cond. (Bakelite, .01-.01 mfd.)	3903-DG
19	Compensator (2 Section)	31-6298	65	Pilot Lamp	34-2210
20	Mica Cond. (5300 mmfd.)	30-1134	66	Wave Switch	42-1490
21	Tuning Cond. Ass'y	31-2391		Speaker	36-1479
22	Mica Cond. (250 mmfd.)	61-0033	Models 40-150, 40-155		
23	Silver Mica Cond. (370 mmfd.)	30-1110	Parts listed below apply to Models		
24	Silver Mica Cond. (370 mmfd.)	30-1110	40-150, 40-155 only. For parts not		
25	Resistor (33,000 ohms, 1/2 watt)	33-333339	found below refer to list for Models		
26	Push Button Switch	42-1489	40-180, 40-185 and 40-190 above.		
27	Padder Strip (Push Buttons)	31-6299	Sch. No.	Description	Part No.
28	Coil Strip Ass'y		1	Loop Ass'y (Broadcast)	38-9894
28A	Coil No. 1		1C	Compensator Ass'y	31-6318
28B	Coil No. 2	540-1060 K. C.	4	Mica Cond. (5 mmfd.)	30-1120
28C	Coil No. 3		5A	Mica Cond. (1500 mmfd.)	7139
28D	Coil No. 4	650-1110 K. C.	5B	Ant. Loading Trans.	32-3290
28E	Coil No. 5		8	Tubular Cond. (.05 mfd.)	30-4519
28F	Coil No. 6		21	Tuning Cond. Ass'y	31-2401
28G	Coil No. 7	920-1600 K. C.	33	Tubular Cond. (.2 mfd.)	30-4587
29	Resistor (4700 ohms, 1/2 watt)	33-247339	38	Tubular Cond. (.01 mfd.)	30-4581
30	1st I. F. Trans. Ass'y	32-3245	40A	Tubular Cond. (.01 mfd.)	30-4581
31	Tubular Cond. (.05 mfd.)	30-4123	42	Tubular Cond. (.01 mfd.)	30-4581
32	Tubular Cond. (.05 mfd.)	30-4519	55B	Tubular Cond. (.006 mfd.)	30-4504
33	Tubular Cond. (.2 mfd.)	30-4536	55A	Tubular Cond. (.006 mfd.)	30-4504
34	Resistor (150 ohms, 1/2 watt)	33-115339	57	Cone and Voice Coil Ass'y (Spkr. Part No. 36-1483-2)	
35	Resistor (33,000 ohms, 1/2 watt)	33-333339	62	Field Coil (Replace Spkr. Part No. 36-1483)	
36	Resistor (1000 ohms, 1/2 watt)	33-210339	63	Power Trans. (110 Volts, 60 Cycles)	32-8065
37	2nd I. F. Trans. Ass'y	32-3246		Speaker	36-1483
38	Tubular Cond. (.01 mfd.)	30-4479			
39	Resistor (470,000 ohms, 1/2 watt)	33-447339			
40	Resistor (33,000 ohms, 1/2 watt)	33-333339			
40A	Tubular Cond. (.01 mfd.)	30-4479			
41	Volume Control (2.0 meg.)	33-5275			
42	Tubular Cond. (.01 mfd.)	30-4479			
43	Resistor (2.2 megs., 1/2 watt)	33-522339			
44	Resistor (10.0 megs., 1/2 watt)	33-610339			
45	Mica Cond. (110 mmfd.)	30-1130			

MODEL 101

Schematic, Socket, Trimmers
Alignment, Parts

PHILCO RADIO & TELEV. CORP.



SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM MODEL 101

February, 1939.

Model 101 is a combination Phonograph and Radio Receiver. The phonograph section is designed to play 10 or 12 inch standard records (78 R. P. M.) and includes a manually operated crystal pickup and Turntable Motor.

The radio receiver employs an A. C. or D. C. operated superheterodyne circuit covering standard broadcast and police stations. (540 to 1720 K. C.)

POWER SUPPLY: Radio, 115 volts A. C. or D. C. Phonograph, 115 volts — 60 cycles only.

POWER CONSUMPTION: 57 watts.

INTERMEDIATE FREQUENCY: 470 K. C.

PHILCO TUBES USED: Five tubes; 1-7A8, first detector oscillator; 1-7B7, I. F. amplifier; 1-7C6, 2nd detector; A. V. C., first audio; 1-35A5, audio output, and 1-35Z3, rectifier.

ALIGNMENT OF COMPENSATORS

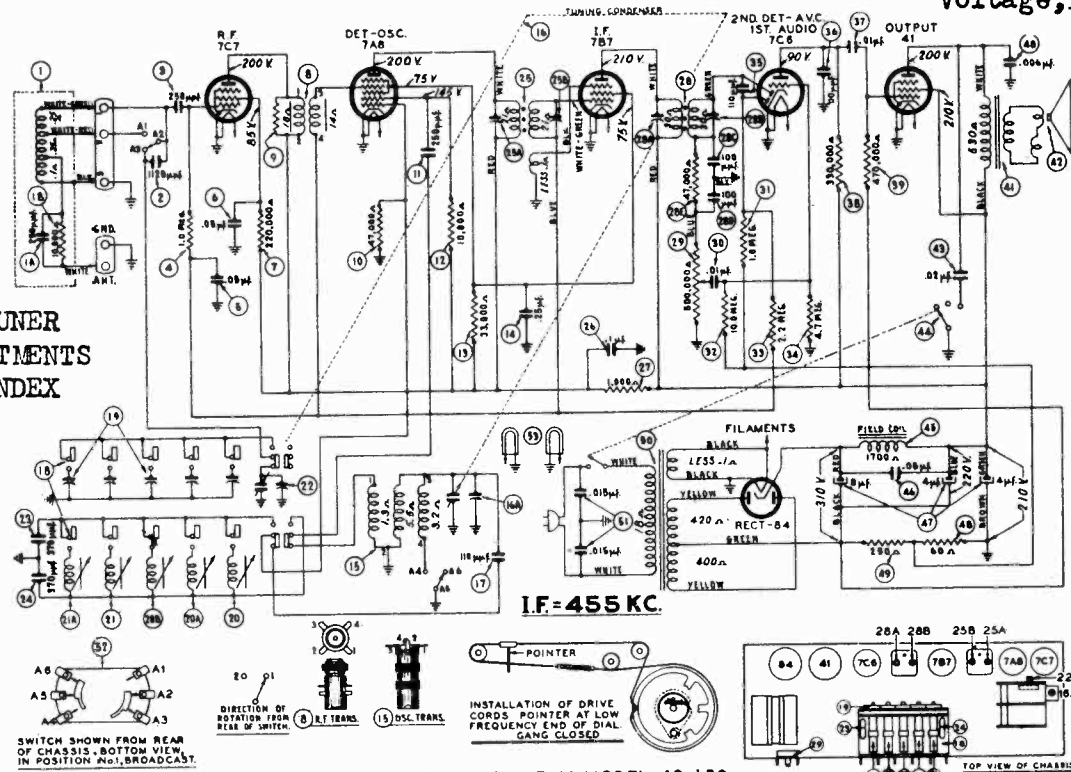
Operations in Order	SIGNAL GENERATOR				RECEIVER		SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS
	Output Connections to Receiver	Dummy Antenna Note A	Dial Setting	Dial Setting	Control Settings	Adjust Compensators	
1	Ant. Section of Gang	.004 mfd.	470 K. C.	540 K. C.	Vol. Max. Tone Treble	11A, 11B, 10A, 10B and 11B	Adjust for max. output
2	Ant.	100 mmfd.	1500 K. C.	1500 K. C.	Vol. Max. Tone Treble	3B, 3A	Adjust for max. output

Sche. No.	Description	Part No.	Sche. No.	Description	Part No.
1	Ant. Trans.	32-3151	21	Resistor (130 ohms, 1/2 watt)	33-113339
2	Tubular Cond. (.0015 mfd., 200 V.)	30-4555	22	Tubular Cond. (.01 mfd., 400 V.)	30-4572
3	Tuning Cond.	31-2354	23	Output Trans. (for speaker 36-1469-1)	32-8047
4	Tubular Cond. (.05 mfd., 400 V.)	30-4519	24	Output Trans. (for speaker 36-1469-9)	32-8044
5	Tubular Cond. (.15 mfd., 400 V.)	30-4505	25	Speaker	36-1469
6	Resistor (51,000 ohms, 1/2 watt)	33-351339	26	Tubular Cond. (.03 mfd., 400 V.)	30-4449
7	Mica Cond. (110 mmfd.)	30-1031	27	Electrolytic Cond. (20-20 mfd., 150 V.)	30-2382
8	Osc. Trans.	32-3152	28	Field Coil (Replace Speaker 36-1469)	
9	Tubular Cond. (.05 mfd., 400 V.)	30-4519	29	Pilot Lamp	34-2068
10	1st I. F. Trans.	32-3149	30	Line Resistor	33-3367
11	2nd I. F. Trans.	32-3150	31	Phono Motor	35-1158
12	Resistor (2.0 megohms, 1/2 watt)	33-520339	32	Radio Phono Switch	42-1500
13	Mica Cond. (250 mmfd.)	30-1032	33	Resistor (99,000 ohms, 1/2 watt)	33-399339
14	Resistor (20,000 ohms, 1/2 watt)	33-320339	34	Resistor (99,000 ohms, 1/2 watt)	33-399339
15	Volume Control (500,000 ohms)	33-5306	35	Tubular Cond. (.05 mfd., 400 V.)	30-4519
16	Tubular Cond. (.01 mfd., 200 V.)	30-4479	36	Crystal Pickup	415-1027
17	Resistor (4.0 megohms, 1/2 watt)	33-540339	37	Tone Arm and Crystal Pickup complete	35-2026
18	Resistor (240,000 ohms, 1/2 watt)	33-424339	38	Tubular Cond. (.002 mfd., 400 V.)	30-4579
19	Tubular Cond. (.01 mfd., 400 V.)	30-4572		Tone Control	33-5320
20	Resistor (490,000 ohms, 1/2 watt)	33-449339		Motor Switch	42-1498

PHILCO RADIO & TELEV. CORP.

MODEL 40-160
Schematic, Socket
Trimmers, Chassis
Voltage, Parts

FOR TUNER
ADJUSTMENTS
SEE INDEX



SCHMATIC DIAGRAM MODEL 40-160

Power Supply: 115 V., 25 and 60 Cyc. A. C.
Power Consumption: 45 watts.

Frequency Tuning Range: (Two) 540 to 1550 K.C. 1500 to 3350 K.C.
Intermediate Frequency: 455 K.C.
Audio Output: 2 watts.

May, 1939

Sch. No.	Description	Part No.
1	Loop Assy	38-9897
1A	Mica Cond. (250 mmfd.)	61-0033
2	Resistor (10,000 ohms, 1/2 watt)	33-310.339
2	Mica Cond. (1120 mmfd.)	30-1140
3	Mica Cond. (250 mmfd.)	61-0033
4	Resistor (1.0 meg., 1/2 watt)	33-510.339
5	Tubular Cond. (.05 mfd.)	30-4519
6	Tubular Cond. (.05 mfd.)	30-4123
7	Resistor (220,000 ohms, 1/2 watt)	33-422.339
8	R. F. Trans.	32-3283
9	Resistor (6800 ohms, 1/2 watt)	33-268.339
10	Resistor (470,000 ohms, 1/2 watt)	33-447.339
11	Mica Cond. (250 mmfd.)	61-0033
12	Resistor (10,000 ohms, 1/2 watt)	33-310.339
13	Resistor (33,000 ohms, 1/2 watt)	33-333.339
14	Tubular Cond. (.25 mfd.)	30-4448
15	Oscillator Trans.	32-3212
16	Tuning Cond.	31-2374
17	Mica Cond. (110 mmfd.)	30-1130
18	Push Button Switch	42-1493
19	Padder Strip and Bracket Assy.	31-6325
20	Coil No. 1—540-1000 K.C.	32-3042
20A	Coil No. 2 650-1100 K.C.	
20B	Coil No. 3 740-1300 K.C.	
21	Coil No. 4—900-1500 K.C.	
21A	Coil No. 5—1100-1600 K.C.	32-3041
22	Compensator	31-6308
23	Silver Mica Cond. (.370 mmfd.)	30-1110
24	Silver Mica Cond. (.370 mmfd.)	30-1110
25	1st I.F. Trans.	32-3210
26	Tubular Cond. (.1 mfd.)	30-4455
27	Resistor (1000 ohms, 1/2 watt)	33-210.339
28	2nd I.F. Trans. Assy.	32-3211
29	Volume Control	33-5319
30	Tubular Cond. (.01 mfd.)	30-4572
31	Resistor (1.0 meg., 1/2 watt)	33-510.339
32	Resistor (10.0 meg., 1/2 watt)	33-610.339
33	Resistor (2.2 meg., 1/2 watt)	33-523.339
34	Resistor (4.7 meg., 1/2 watt)	33-547.339
35	Mica Cond. (110 mmfd.)	30-1130
36	Mica Cond. (110 mmfd.)	30-1130
37	Tubular Cond. (.01 mfd.)	30-4572
38	Resistor (330,000 ohms, 1/2 watt)	33-433.339
39	Resistor (470,000 ohms, 1/2 watt)	33-447.339
40	Tubular Cond. (.006 mfd.)	30-4504
41	Output Trans.	32-8056
42	Cone and Voice Coil Assy. (Spkr. Part No. 36-1480-3)	36-4086
43	Tubular Cond. (.02 mfd.)	30-4599
44	Tone Control and On-Off Switch	42-1520
45	Field Coil (Replace Spkr. Part No. 36-1480)	
46	Tubular Cond. (.05 mfd.)	30-4123

Sch. No.	Description	Part No.
47	Electrolytic Cond. (8-4-4 mfd.)	30-2400
48	Resistor (60 ohms, 1/2 watt)	33-060.339
49	Resistor (250 ohms, 1/2 watt)	33-125.339
50	Power Trans.	32-8055
51	Line Cond. (.015-.015 mfd.)	3903-DG
52	Wave Switch	42-1494
53	Pilot Lamps	34-2064

MISCELLANEOUS PARTS

Description	Part No.
Bezel	27-4842
Cabinet	10398A
Cable and Plug (Power Supply)	L-1199
Clip (Coil Mtg.)	28-5002
Dial	27-5506
Drive Cord Assy. (Pointer)	31-2382
Drive Cord Assy. (Tuning Cond.)	31-2400
Escutcheon (Push Button)	27-4843
Insulating Bushing (Insulate Drive Shaft)	27-9437
Knobs (Tuning, Tone, Volume, Wave Switch)	27-4332

Description	Part No.
Knobs (Push Buttons)	27-4824
Pilot Lamp Socket Assy.	38-9908
Pointer	56-1479
Reflector (Pilot Lamp)	27-9455
Rubber Hose (Tuning Cond. Drive)	27-9432
Spring (Tuning, Drive Cord)	28-8751
Spring (Pointer, Drive Cord)	28-8953
Spring (Drive Shaft, Grounding)	28-8955
Screw (Bezel Mtg.)	W-1834
Speaker	36-1480
Socket (Type 84 Tube)	27-6035
Socket (Type 41 Tube)	27-6036
Socket (Loktal, Type 7A8 Tube)	27-6129
Socket (Loktal, Type 7C7, 7B7, 7C6 Tubes)	27-6131
Tab (Dial)	27-5528
Tab (Television)	27-9451
Tab Kit	40-6474
Tuning Shaft	56-6052
Tuning Drive Drum Assy.	38-9883
Washer ("C" Type, Tuning Shaft)	28-2043

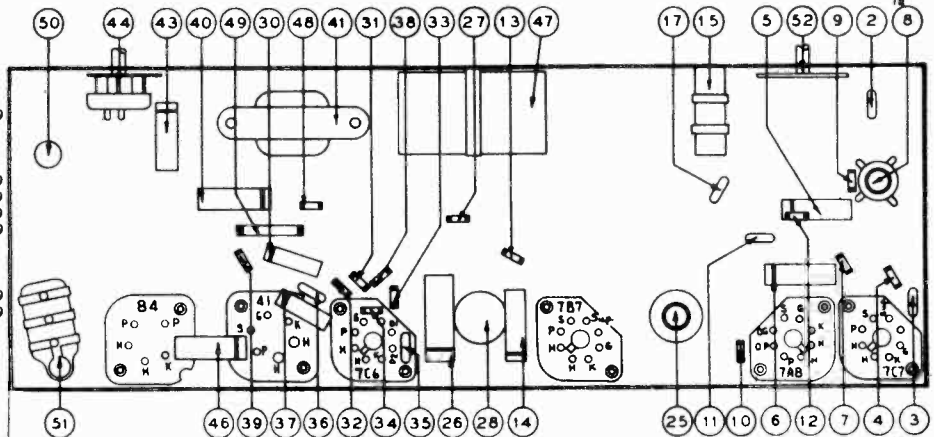


Fig. 2—Part Locations, Underside of Chassis

MODEL 108, Code 121
 Socket, Trimmers, Chassis
 Tuner Unit Chassis
 Alignment

PHILCO RADIO & TELEV. CORP.

MODEL 40-160
 Alignment

MODEL 40-160. **Aligning of Compensating Condensers**

Equipment Required

(1) Signal Generator. In order to properly adjust this receiver an accurately calibrated signal generator such as Philco Model 077 is required. This signal generator covers a frequency range of 540 to 36,000 K.C. (2) Indicating Device. To obtain maximum signal strength and accurate adjustment of the padders a vacuum tube voltmeter and circuit tester such as Philco Models 027 and 028 is recommended. These testers also contain an audio output meter which may be used as an indicating device. (3) Aligning Tools. Fiber handle screw driver Philco Part No. 45-2610 and when using the vacuum tube voltmeter for adjusting the set, an aligning adaptor Part No. 45-2767 is required.

Connecting Aligning Instruments

VACUUM TUBE VOLTMETER: To use the vacuum tube voltmeter as an alignment indicator make the following connections:

1. **Adjusting I.F.:** Remove the 7C7 R.F. tube from its socket and insert the aligning adaptor in the socket, then replace the tube in the adaptor. Connect the negative terminal of the vacuum tube voltmeter to the light colored wire which protrudes from the side of the adaptor. Attach the positive terminal of the voltmeter to the black wire.

2. **Adjusting R.F. Padders:** To adjust the R.F. padders, insert the aligning adaptor in the 7C6 socket and place the tube in the adaptor. The vacuum voltmeter remains connected to the adaptor as given in the Adjusting I.F. above.

With the voltmeter connected in this manner a very sensitive indication of the output voltage is obtained when the padders are adjusted. If an audio output meter is used, connect it to the plate and socket terminals of the 41 type tube and adjust the output meter for the 0 to 30 A.C. scale.

After connecting the output meter, adjust the compensators in the order as shown in the tabulation below. Locations of the compensators are shown on the schematic diagram page No. 2. If the output meter pointer goes off scale when adjusting the compensators, reduce the strength of the signal from the generator.

SIGNAL GENERATOR: When adjusting the I.F. padders, the high side of the signal generator is connected through a 1 mfd. condenser to terminal No. 1 of the loop terminal panel at the rear of the chassis. The ground or low side of the signal generator is connected to the chassis of the receiver.

When aligning the R.F. padders a loop antenna is made from a few turns of wire and connected to the signal generator output terminals; the loop is then placed two or three feet from the loop in the cabinet. Do not remove the receiver loop from the cabinet. It is necessary when adjusting the padders, that the receiver be left in the cabinet.

SIGNAL GENERATOR			RECEIVER			
Operations in Order	Output Connections to Receiver	Dial Setting	Dial Setting	Control Setting	adjust compensators	Special Instructions
1	High Side to No. 1 Ter. Loop Panel	455 K.C.	580 K.C.	Vol. Max. Range Switch "Broadcast" Dial push button "In"	28A 28B 25A 26B	See Paragraph on Signal Generator Above
2	Use Loop on Generator	1500 K.C.	1500 K.C.	Vol. Max. Range Switch "Broadcast"	16A 22	Note A

NOTE A—Dial Calibration: In order to adjust the receiver correctly the dial must be aligned to track properly with the tuning condenser. To adjust the dial, proceed as follows: With the tuning condenser closed (maximum capacity), set the dial pointer on the extreme left index line at the low frequency end of the broadcast scale. The arrangement of the drive cable in this position is shown in Schematic Diagram.

MANY OF THE PARTS IN THIS PHILCO, SUCH AS CONDENSERS AND RESISTORS, ARE HELD TO MUCH CLOSER TOLERANCE THAN STANDARD REPLACEMENT PARTS. GENUINE PHILCO REPLACEMENT PARTS MUST BE USED TO OBTAIN SATISFACTORY PERFORMANCE OF THIS MODEL.

MODEL 108, CODE 121. **ALIGNMENT OF COMPENSATORS**

EQUIPMENT REQUIRED:

- (1) Signal Generator; Philco Model 077.
- (2) Output Meter, Philco 027 Vacuum Tube Voltmeter and Circuit Tester.
- (3) Philco Fiber Handle Screw Driver, Part No. 27-7059, and Fiber Wrench, Part No. 3164.

OUTPUT METER: The Philco 027 Output Meter is con-

nected to the plate and cathode terminals of the type 41 tube. The Vacuum Tube Voltmeter can also be used in aligning the receiver by connecting the Negative terminal through a one megohm Resistor to the 6A7 grid. The Positive terminal is connected to the chassis. After connecting the Output Meter, adjust compensators in the order as given in tabulation below. Locations of the compensators are shown in Fig. 1.

Operations in Order	SIGNAL GENERATOR				RECEIVER		SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS
	Output Connections to Receiver	Dummy Antenna Note A	Dial Setting	Dial Setting	Control Settings	Adjust Compensators in Order	
1	6A7 Grid	.1 mf.	470 K. C.	580 K. C.	*Vol. Cont. Max. Range Sw. (Brdcst)	(21A) (12B) (12A)	
2	Ant. Ter.	100 mmf.	18.0 M. C.	18.0 M. C.	Vol. Cont. Max. Range Sw. (S. W.)	(4B)	See Note B, C
3	Ant. Ter.	100 mmf.	1550 K. C.	1550 K. C.	Vol. Cont. Max. Range Sw. (Brdcst)	(5) (4A)	
4	Ant. Ter.	100 mmf.	580 K. C.	580 K. C.	Vol. Cont. Max. Range Sw. (Brdcst)	(5A)	
5	Ant. Ter.	100 mmf.	1550 K. C.	1550 K. C.	Vol. Cont. Max.	(5)	

NOTE A—The "Dummy Antenna" consists of a condenser connected in series with the signal generator output lead (high side). Use the capacity as specified in each step of the above procedure.

NOTE B—DIAL CALIBRATION: In order to adjust the receiver correctly, the dial must be aligned to track properly with the tuning condenser. To adjust the dial, proceed as follows: With the tuning

condenser closed (maximum capacity), set the dial pointer on the extreme left index line at the low frequency end of the broadcast scale. The arrangement of the drive cable is shown in Service Bulletin No. 305.

NOTE C—Compensators (4A) and (4B) are located on top of the tuning condenser. Compensator (4B) is the first one from the tuning drum side.

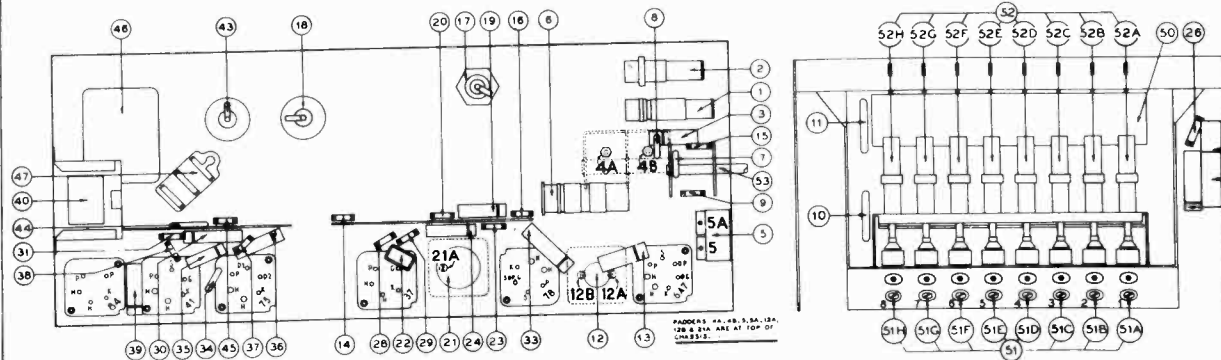


Fig. 1

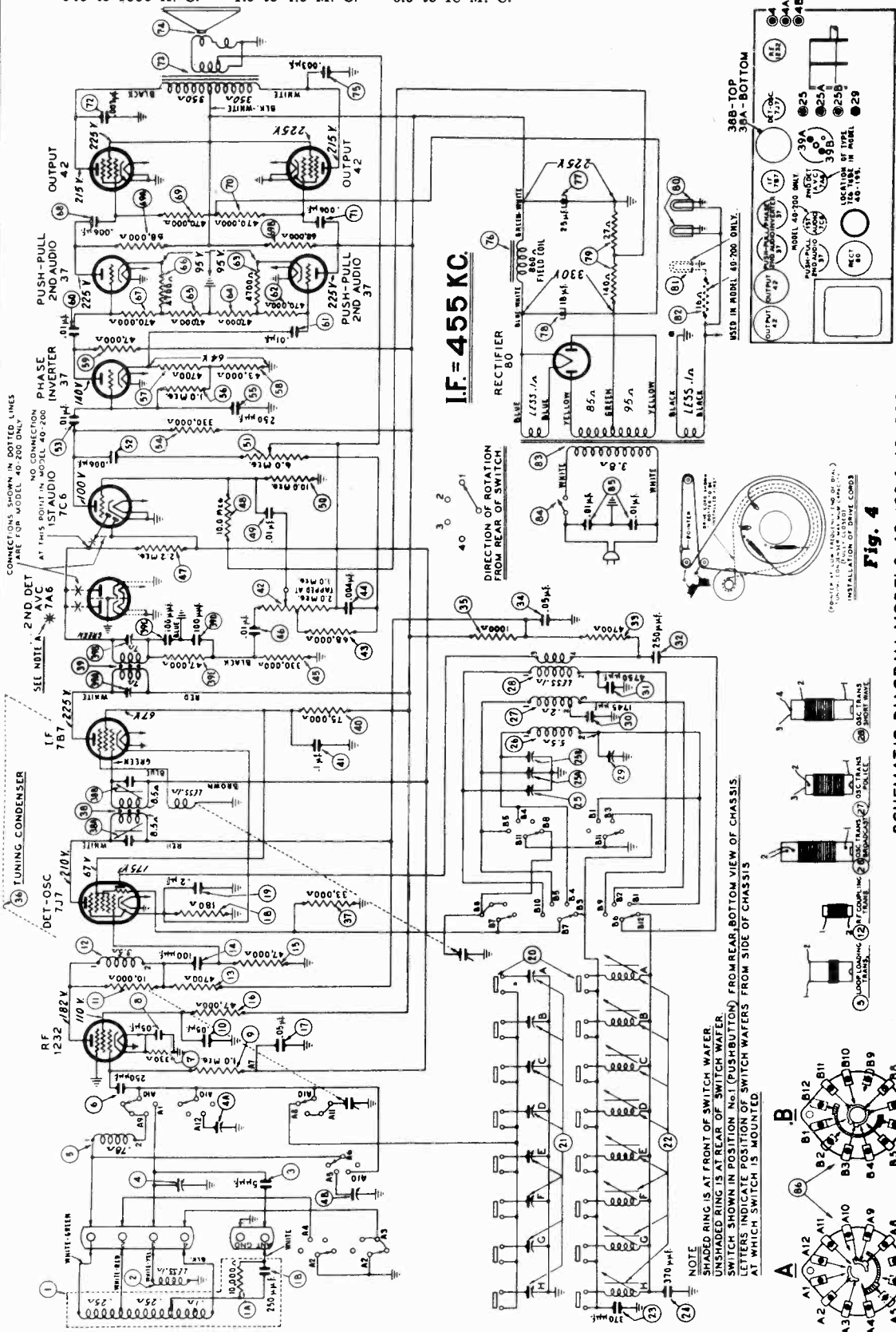
ELECTRIC AUTOMATIC PUSH BUTTON UNIT

PHILCO RADIO & TELEV. CORP.

MODELS 40-195, 40-200
Schematic, Voltage, Socket
Trimmers

POWER SUPPLY: 115 Volts, 25 and 60 cycle A. C.
POWER CONSUMPTION: 110 watts.
FREQUENCY TUNING RANGES: (Three)
540 to 1550 K. C. 1.5 to 4.0 M. C. 6.0 to 18 M. C.

INTERMEDIATE FREQUENCY: 455 K. C.
AUDIO OUTPUT: 5 watts.



SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM MODELS 40-195 & 40-200

Fig. 1 — Schematic Diagram

The voltages indicated were measured with a Philco Model 027 Voltmeter (1000 ohms per volt) — Power supply 115 volts, 60 cycle — Volume control minimum — No signal being received — Range switch "Brdst."

FOR TUNER ADJUSTMENTS, SEE INDEX

May, 1939.

PHILCO RADIO & TELEV. CORP.

MODELS 40-195, 40-200
Alignment

TYPE OF CIRCUIT: Models 40-195 and 40-200 are Electric Push-Button and dial tuned radios incorporating the new Philco Built-in Super Aerial system which eliminates an outside aerial and reduces local static interference to a minimum. These models are also designed to receive the sound of a television program tuned in by special type Philco Television Sets.

PHILCO BUILT-IN SUPER AERIAL SYSTEM:

Included in the built-in aerial system is a statically shielded loop for broadcast band reception and a short wave receiving loop. The feature of the built-in broadcast band statically shielded loop is that it may be turned to the position in which it picks up a minimum amount of interference, or if interference is not present the loop may be set in the position where best reception is obtained.

In general, both radios are similar with the exception of the number of tubes used and cabinet design. Models 40-195 and 40-200 employ ten and eleven tubes respectively.

Each receiver is equipped with eight electric tuning push buttons for automatically selecting stations. Seven of the push buttons are used for broadcast stations and one push button (left hand push button preferably) may be set up for use with a Philco wireless Record Player or the sound programs tuned in by Special Philco Television sets.

PHILCO TUBES USED: Model 40-195

1232, R. F.; 7J7, Converter; 7B7, I. F.; 7C6, Second Detector, A. V. C., and First Audio; 37, Phase Inverter; two 37, Drivers; two 42, Audio Power Outputs; 80, Rectifier.

Model 40-200

1232, R. F.; 7J7, Converter; 7B7, I. F.; 7A6 Detector A. V. C.; 7C6 First Audio; 37, Phase Inverter; two 37, Audio Drivers; two 42, Power Outputs; 80, Rectifier.

CABINET DIMENSIONS:	Height	Width	Depth
Model 40-195 type "XX".....	38"	29½"	13½"
Model 40-200 type "RX".....	36½"	34½"	14½"

**Aligning of Compensating Condensers
Equipment Required**

(1) Signal Generator. In order to properly adjust this receiver an accurately calibrated signal generator such as Philco Model 077 is required. This signal generator covers a frequency range of 540 to 36,000 K. C. (2) Indicating Device, to obtain maximum signal strength and accurate adjustment of the padders a vacuum tube voltmeter and circuit tester such as Philco Models 027 and 028 is recommended. When using

the vacuum tube voltmeter, an aligning adaptor Philco part No. 45-2767 is necessary for connecting to the A. V. C. circuit. These testers also contain an audio output meter which may also be used as an indicating device. (3) Aligning Tools, fiber handle screw driver Philco part No. 45-2610 and fiber wrench Philco part No. 7696.

Connecting Aligning Instruments

VACUUM TUBE VOLTMETER — To use the vacuum tube voltmeter as an alignment indicator make the following connections:

1. ADJUSTING I. F. CIRCUIT:

Remove the 1232 R. F. tube from its socket and insert the aligning adaptor, then replace the tube in the adaptor. Connect the negative terminal of the vacuum tube voltmeter to the wire which protrudes from the side of the adaptor. Attach the positive terminal of the voltmeter to the chassis.

2. ADJUSTING R. F. CIRCUIT:

To adjust the R. F. circuit, the aligning adaptor is inserted in the 7C6 A. F. tube socket. The vacuum tube voltmeter remains connected to the adaptor as given in the above paragraph.

With the voltmeter connected in this manner a very sensitive indication of the A. V. C. voltage is obtained when the padders are adjusted. If an audio output meter is used, connect it to the plate and socket terminals of the 42 type tube and adjust the output meter for the 0 to 30 A. C. scale.

After connecting the aligning indicator, adjust the compensators in the order as shown in the tabulation below. Locations of the compensators are shown on the schematic diagram page No. 2. If the output meter pointer goes off scale when adjusting the compensators, reduce the strength of the signal from the generator.

SIGNAL GENERATOR: When adjusting the I. F. padders, the high side of the signal generator is connected through a .1 mfd. condenser to terminal No. 1 of the loop terminal panel at the rear of the chassis. The ground or low side of the signal generator is connected to the chassis of the receiver.

When aligning the R. F. padders a loop is made from a few turns of wire and connected to the signal generator output terminals; the loop is then placed two or three feet from the loop in the cabinet. Do not remove the receiving loop from the cabinet. It is necessary when adjusting the padders, that the receiver be left in the cabinet.

Operations in Order	SIGNAL GENERATOR			RECEIVER			SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS
	Output Connections to Receiver	Dummy Antenna Note A	Dial Setting	Dial Setting	Control Setting	Adjust Compensators in Order See Fig.	
1	High Side to No. 1 Ter. Loop Panel	.1 mfd.	455 K. C.	580 K. C.	Vol. Max. Range Switch "Brdcat."	39B, 39A 38B, 38A	See Note A
2	Use Loop on Generator		1500 K. C.	1500 K. C.	Vol. Max. Range Switch "Brdcat."	29B, 4B	See Note B
3	Use Loop on Generator		580 K. C.	580 K. C.	Vol. Max. Range Switch "Brdcat."	29	Roll Tuning Condenser Note C
4	Use Loop on Generator		1500 K. C.	1500 K. C.	Vol. Max. Range Switch "Brdcat."	25B, 4B	
5	Use Loop on Generator		3.5 M. C.	3.5 M. C.	Vol. Max. Range Switch "Police"	25A, 4A	
6	Use Loop on Generator		18.0 M. C.	18.0 M. C.	Vol. Max. Range Switch "S. W."	25, 4	Check Image Signal Note D

NOTE A — A "Dummy Antenna" consisting of a .1 mfd. condenser is connected in series with the signal generator output lead (high side).

NOTE B — **DIAL CALIBRATION:** In order to adjust the receiver correctly the dial must be aligned to track properly with the tuning condenser. To adjust the dial, proceed as follows: With the tuning condenser closed (maximum capacity), set the dial pointer on the extreme left index line at the low frequency end of the broadcast scale. The arrangement of the drive cable in this position is shown in Fig. 4.

NOTE C — When adjusting the low frequency compensator of Range One (Broadcast) or the antenna and R. F. compensators of the high frequency tuning ranges; the receiver Tuning Condenser must be adjusted (rolled) as follows: First tune the compensator for maximum output, then vary the tuning condenser of the receiver for maximum output. Now

turn the compensator slightly to the right or left and again vary the receiver tuning condenser for maximum output. This procedure of first setting the compensator and then varying the tuning condenser is continued until there is no further gain in output reading.

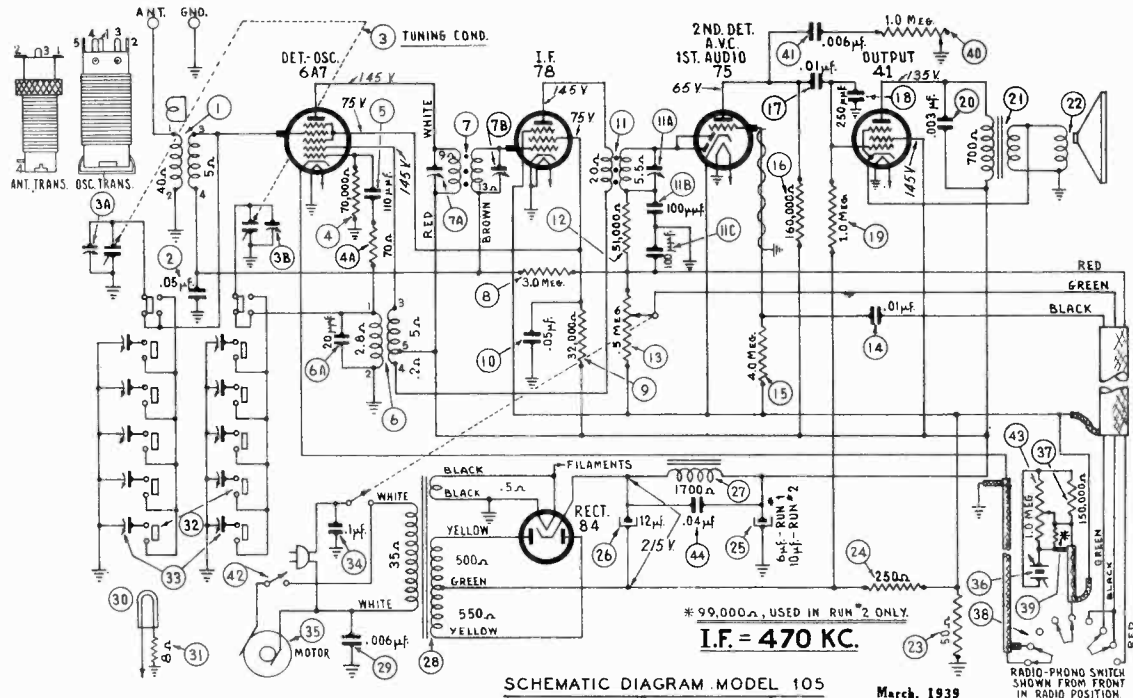
NOTE D — To accurately adjust the high frequency oscillator compensator to the fundamental instead of the image signal, turn the oscillator compensator to the maximum capacity position (clockwise). From this position slowly turn the compensator counter-clockwise until a second peak is obtained on the output meter. Adjust the compensator for maximum output at this second peak.

If the above procedure is correctly performed, the image signal will be found (much weaker) by turning the receiver dial 910 K. C. below the frequency being used on any high frequency range.

MODEL 105
Schematic, Voltage, Socket

PHILCO RADIO & TELEV. CORP.

Trimmers, Chassis, Parts
Alignment



SCHMATIC DIAGRAM MODEL 105

March, 1939

POWER SUPPLY: 115 V., 60 cycle A. C. POWER CONSUMPTION: 57 watts. AUDIO OUTPUT: One (1) watt.

Model 105 is a combination Phonograph and Electric Automatic Tuning Radio Receiver. The phonograph is designed to play 10 or 12 inch standard records (78 R. P. M.) and consists of a semi-automatically operated crystal pickup and Turntable Motor.

The radio receiver consists of a five tube A. C. operated superheterodyne circuit, covering standard broadcast frequencies (530 to 1720 K. C.) with Automatic Volume Control and Pentode Audio Output. In addition to being manually tuned, there are six Electric Automatic Push Buttons. Five push buttons are used for selecting any one of five stations and one for changing to manual tuning. The procedure for adjusting the push buttons for reception of stations will be found in the instructions supplied with each receiver.

NOTE — DIAL CALIBRATION: With the tuning condenser in "maximum capacity" position (plates fully meshed), set the dial pointer between the two horizontal lines at the low frequency end of the scale (550 K. C.).

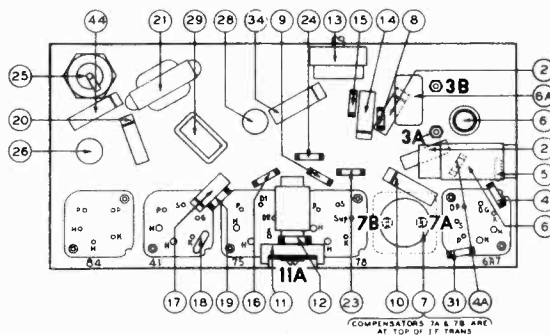


Fig. 1

PART LOCATIONS — UNDERSIDE OF CHASSIS

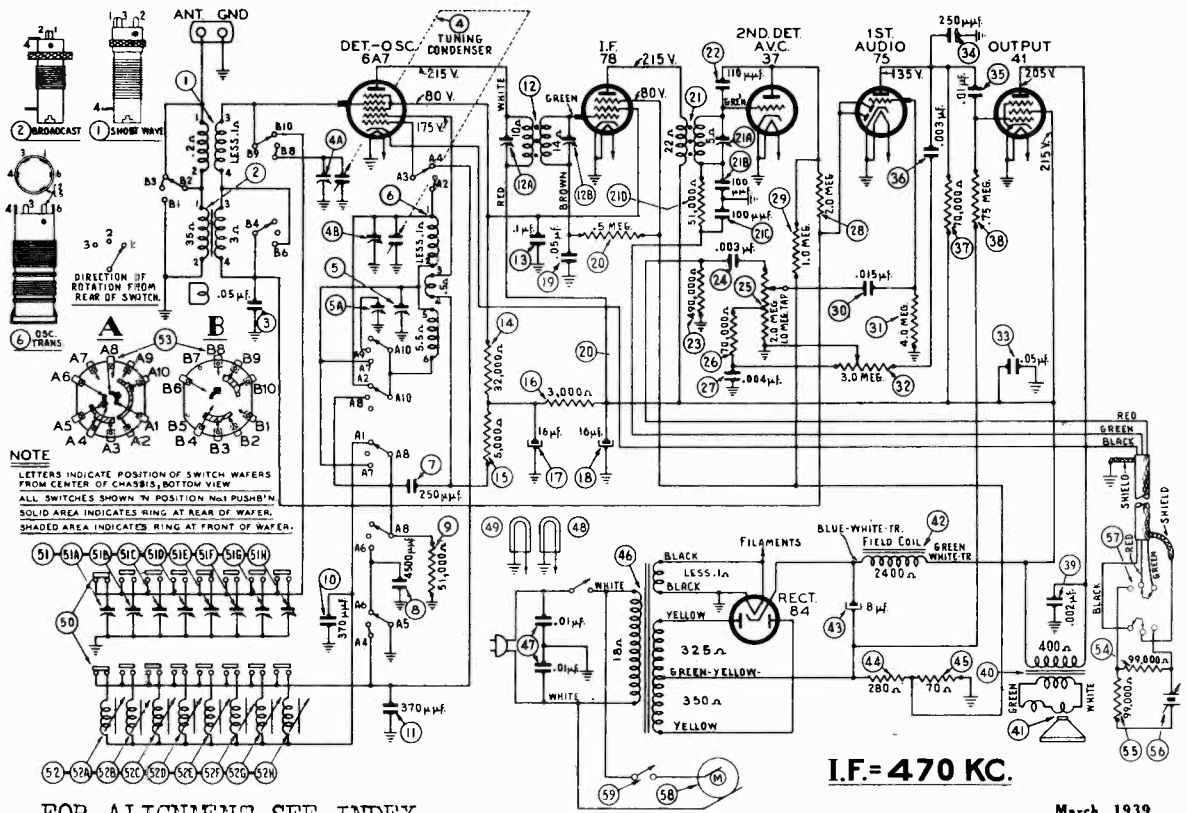
ALIGNMENT OF COMPENSATORS

Operations in Order	SIGNAL GENERATOR				RECEIVER		SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS
	Output Connections to Receiver	Dummy Antenna Note A	Dial Setting	Dial Setting	Control Setting	Adjust Compensators in Order	
1	6A7	.1 mf.	470 K. C.	580 K. C.	Vol. Cont. Max.	11A, 7B, 7A	Adjust for max. output
2	Ant. Lead	100 mf.	1550 K. C.	1550 K. C.	Vol. Cont. Max.	3B, 3A	Adjust for max. output. Note A, B

Sche. No.	Description	Part No.	Sche. No.	Description	Part No.	Sche. No.	Description	Part No.
1	Ant. Trans.	32-3039	17	Tubular Cond. (.01 mfd.)	30-4572	29	Condenser (.006 mfd., moulded)	30-4423
2	Tubular Cond. (.05 mfd.)	30-4519	18	Mica Cond. (250 mmfd.)	30-1032	30	Pilot Lamp	34-2064
3	Tuning Cond.	31-2338	19	Resistor (1.0 meg., 1/2 watt)	33-510339	31	Pilot Lamp Resistor (8 ohms, 1/2 watt)	33-980331
4	Resistor (70,000 ohms, 1/2 watt)	33-370339	20	Tubular Cond. (.003 mfd.)	30-4582	32	Push Button Switch	42-1477
4A	Resistor (70 ohms, 1/2 watt)	33-070339	21	Output Trans.	32-7980	33	Padder Strip Assy.	31-6290
5	Mica Cond. (110 mmfd.)	30-1031	22	Cone & Voice Coil Assy.		34	Tubular Cond. (.1 mfd.)	30-4122
6	Osc. Trans.	32-2122		{ Run #1 Speaker No. 36-1440-3 } 36-4086	35	Phono Motor	35-1158	
6A	Mica Cond. (20 mmfd., silver cap)	30-1123		{ Run #2 Speaker No. 36-1473 } 36-4120	36	Crystal Pickup without mtg. parts	35-2031	
7	1st I. F. Trans. Assy.	32-3121	23	Resistor (50 ohms, 1/2 watt)	33-050339	37	Crystal Pickup complete with mtg. parts	35-2027
8	Resistor (3.0 meg., 1/2 watt)	33-530339	24	Resistor (250 ohms, 1/2 watt)	33-125339	38	Resistor (150,000 ohms, 1/2 watt)	33-415339
9	Resistor (32,000 ohms, 1/2 watt)	33-332339	25	Electrolytic Cond.		39	Radio Phono Switch	42-1502
10	Tubular Cond. (.05 mfd.)	30-4444		{ Run #1, 6 mfd., 450 V. } 30-2265	39	Resistor (99,000 ohms, 1/2 watt)	33-399339	
11	2nd I. F. Trans. Assy.	32-2674		{ Run #2, 10 mfd., 450 V. } 30-2091				
12	Resistor (51,000 ohms, 1/2 watt)	33-351339	26	Electrolytic Cond. (12 mfd., 300 V.)	30-2404			
13	Volume Control (.5 meg.)	33-5254	27	Field Coil		40	Tone Control (1.0 meg.)	33-5320
14	Tubular Cond. (.01 mfd.)	30-4479		{ Replace Speaker Part No. 36-1440, Run #1 } 36-4086	41	Tubular Cond. (.006 mfd.)	30-4591	
15	Resistor (4.0 meg., 1/2 watt)	33-540339		{ Replace Speaker Part No. 36-1473, Run #2 } 36-4120	42	Motor Switch	42-1498	
16	Resistor (160,000 ohms, 1/2 watt)	33-416339	28	Power Trans. (115 V., 50-60 cycles)	32-7979	43	Phono Volume Control (1.0 meg.)	33-5323
						44	Tubular Cond. (.04 mfd.)	30-4119

PHILCO RADIO & TELEV. CORP.

MODEL 108, Code 121
Schematic, Voltage
Parts



FOR ALIGNMENT, SEE INDEX

SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM MODEL 108

March, 1939

ADJUSTING ELECTRIC PUSH BUTTON TUNING:— For frequency ranges of buttons see parts 51A through 51H in parts list. For adjusting procedure see INDEX.

POWER SUPPLY: 115 V., 60 cycle A. C. 69 watts.
INTERMEDIATE FREQUENCY: 470 K. C.

PHILCO TUBES USED: 6A7, First Detector Oscillator; 78, I. F. Amplifier; 37, Second Detector, A. V. C.; 75, First Audio; 41, Audio Output and 84, Rectifier.

Sche. No.	Description	Part No.	Sche. No.	Description	Part No.	Sche. No.	Description	Part No.
1	Ant. Trans. (S. W.)	32-3027	36	Tubular Cond. (.003 mf.)	30-4582	56	Crystal Pickup (without mtg. Parts)	35-2031
2	Ant. Trans. (B. C.)	32-3026	37	Resistor (70,000 ohms, 1/2 watt)	33-370339		Crystal Pickup (complete with mtg. Parts)	35-2027
3	Tubular Cond. (.05 mf.)	30-4519	38	Resistor (75 meg., 1/2 watt)	33-475339	57	Radio Phono Switch	42-1509
4	Tuning Cond. Assy.	31-2346	39	Tubular Cond. (.002 mf.)	30-4177	58	Phono Motor (115 volt, 60 cycle)	35-1158
5	Dual Padder Unit	31-6255	40	Output Trans. for Speaker Part No. 36-1438-2	32-7978	59	Motor Switch	42-1498
6	Osc. Trans.	32-3028	41	Cone and Voice Coil Assy. for Speaker Part No. 36-1438-2	36-4089		Bezel	56-1104
7	Mica Cond. (250 mmf.)	30-1032	42	Field Coil, Replace Speaker Part No. 36-1438-2			Bracket & Bearing (Tuning Drum)	38-9662
8	Mica Cond. (4500 mmf.)	30-1109	43	Electro. Cond. (8 mf. 400 V.)	30-2371		Cable (Power)	L-2778
9	Resistor (51,000 ohms, 1/2 watt)	33-351339	44	Resistor (280 ohms)	33-128431		Coupling (Tuning Condenser)	31-2291
10	Condenser (Silver Mica) (370 mmf.)	30-1110	45	Resistor (70 ohms, 1/2 watt)	33-070339		Dial	27-5452
11	Condenser (Silver Mica) (370 mmf.)	30-1110	46	Power Trans. (115 V. 50 to 60 cycles)	32-7977		Drive Cord Assy. (Tuning)	31-2315
12	1st I. F. Trans. Assy.	32-3018	47	Bakelite Cond. (.01 mf. .01 mf.)	3903DG		Drive Cord Assy. (Pointer)	31-2316
13	Tubular Cond. (.1 mf.)	30-4455	48	Pilot Lamp (Dial)	34-2064		Disc Control (Tuning)	27-4766
14	Resistor (32,000 ohms, 1/2 watt)	33-332339	49	Pilot Lamp (Dial)	34-2064		Disc Control (Range Switch)	27-4767
15	Resistor (5,000 ohms, 1/2 watt)	33-250339	50	Push Button Switch	42-1462		Disc Control (Tone)	27-4764
16	Resistor (3,000 ohms, 1/2 watt)	33-230339	51	Compensator Assy.	31-6256		Disc Control (Volume)	27-4765
17	Electro. Cond. (16 mf.) 250 volts	30-2331	51A	Compensator No. 1 (540-1030 K. C.)			Drum & Shaft (Tuning Cond.)	38-9716
18	Electro. Cond. (16 mf.) 250 volts	30-2370	51B	Compensator No. 2 (540-1030 K. C.)			Needle Screw	218-1047
19	Tubular Cond. (.05 mf.)	30-4519	51C	Compensator No. 3 (670-1160 K. C.)			Nut ("T" Type Motor Mtg.)	W-1758
20	Resistor (490,000 ohms, 1/2 watt)	33-449339	51D	Compensator No. 4 (670-1160 K. C.)			Knob (Pushbutton)	27-4758
21	2nd I. F. Trans. Assy.	32-3129	51E	Compensator No. 5 (900-1470 K. C.)			Pointer	56-1033
21A	Compensator Part of 21		51F	Compensator No. 6 (900-1470 K. C.)			Screw (Pickup Mtg.)	W-2027
21B	Condenser Part of 21A		51G	Compensator No. 7 (1170-1600 K. C.)			Screw (Motor Mtg.)	W-599
21C	Condenser Part of 21A		51H	Compensator No. 8 (1170-1600 K. C.)			Screw (Chassis Mtg.)	W-454
21D	Resistor (51,000 ohms, 1/2 watt)	33-351339	52	Electric Push Button Coil Assy.	32-3031		Sleeve (Motor Mtg.)	28-5274
22	Mica Cond. (110 mmf.)	30-1031	52A	Osc. Coil No. 1 (540-1030 K. C.)	32-3042		Spring (Drive Cord Assy.)	28-8913
23	Resistor (490,000 ohms, 1/2 watt)	33-449339	52B	Osc. Coil No. 2 (540-1030 K. C.)	32-3042		Spring (Pushbutton)	56-1238
24	Tubular Cond. (.003 mf.)	30-4580	52C	Osc. Coil No. 3 (670-1160 K. C.)	32-3042		Socket (5 prong)	27-6035
25	Volume Control (2 meg.)	33-5286	52D	Osc. Coil No. 4 (670-1160 K. C.)	32-3042		Socket (6 prong)	27-6036
26	Resistor (70,000 ohms)	33-370339	52E	Osc. Coil No. 5 (900-1470 K. C.)	32-3041		Socket (7 prong)	27-6099
27	Tubular Cond. (.004 mf.)	30-4334	52F	Osc. Coil No. 6 (900-1470 K. C.)	32-3041		Speaker	36-1438-2
28	Resistor (2.0 meg., 1/2 watt)	33-520339	52G	Osc. Coil No. 7 (1170-1600 K. C.)	32-3041		Turntable	315-1007
29	Resistor (1.0 meg., 1/2 watt)	33-510339	52H	Osc. Coil No. 8 (1170-1600 K. C.)	32-3041		Washer (Rubber coupling, Turntable shaft)	315-1002
30	Tubular Cond. (.015 mf.)	30-4515	53	Wave Switch	42-1478		Washer (Metal coupling, Turntable shaft)	315-1003
31	Resistor (4.0 meg., 1/2 watt)	33-540339	54	Resistor (99,000 ohms, 1/2 watt)	33-399339		Washer (Rubber, Motor Mtg., top)	3915
32	Tone Control (3 meg.)	33-5287	55	Resistor (99,000 ohms, 1/2 watt)	33-399339		Washer (Rubber, Motor Mtg., bottom)	27-4818
33	Tubular Cond. (.05 mf.)	30-4518						
34	Mica Cond. (250 mmf.)	30-1032						
35	Tubular Cond. (.01 mf.)	30-4572						

MODEL 936
Schematic, Socket
Trimmers, Chassis
Parts

PHILCO RADIO & TELEV. CORP.

PHILCO MODEL 936

I.F. = 470 KC

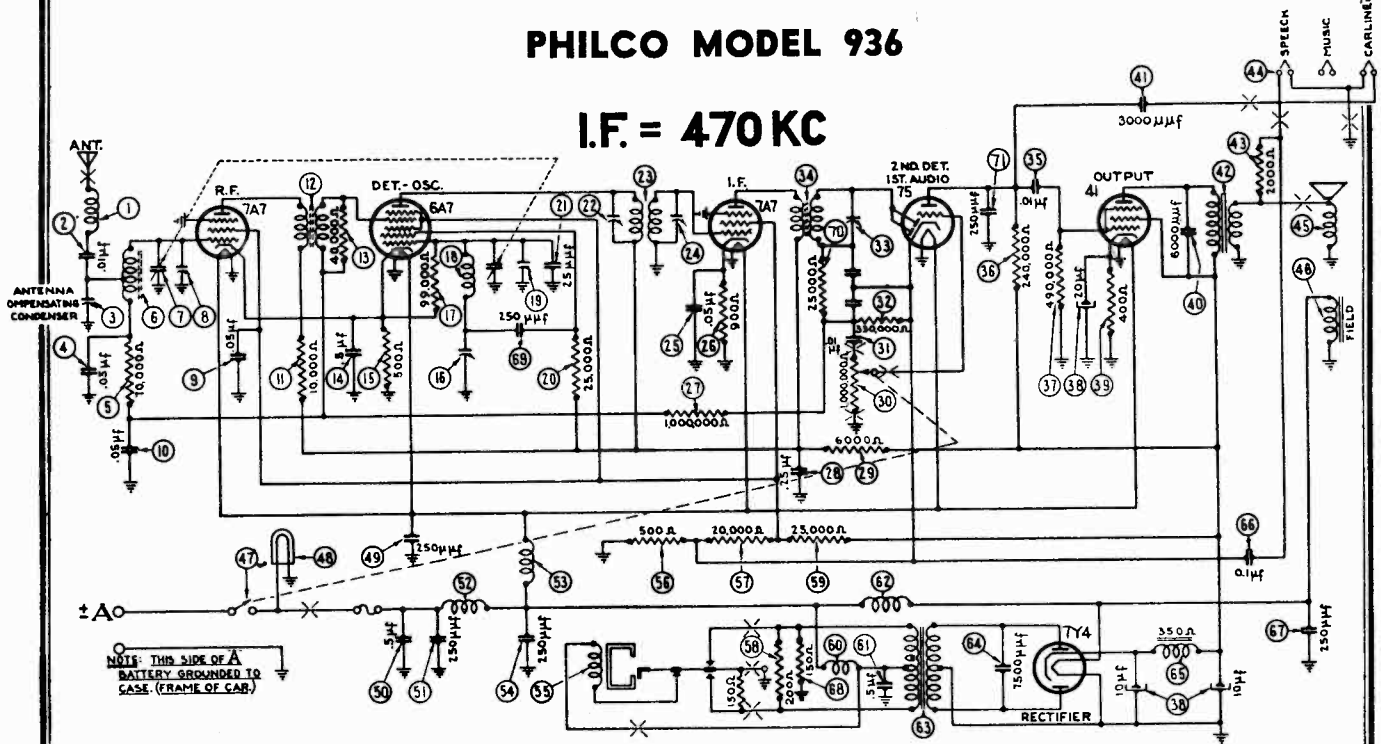


FIGURE 2

FOR ALIGNMENT, SEE INDEX

MODEL 936 PARTS LIST

No.	Description	Part No.	No.	Description	Part No.
1	Antenna Choke	32-1956	39	Resistor (400 ohms)	33-140438
2	Condenser (.01 mfd.)	30-4479	40	Condenser (6,000 ohms)	30-4024
3	Antenna Compensator	31-6248	41	Condenser (3,000 mmfd.)	30-4469
4	Condenser (.05 mfd.)	30-4444	42	Output Transformer	65-0048
5	Resistor (70,000 ohms)	33-370257	43	Resistor (2,000 ohms)	33-220447
6	Antenna Transformer	65-0085	44	Reception Control	412-1004
7	Tuning Condenser	63-0016	45	Cone and Voice Coil Kit	91-0028
8	First Padder (on Tun. Cond.)		46	Field Coil	Not Replaceable
9	Condenser (.05 mfd.)	30-4569	47	On-Off Switch and Vol. Control	
10	Condenser (.05 mid.)	30-4444	48	(1,000,000 ohms)	33-5268
11	Resistor (10,000 ohms)	33-310337	49	Pilot Lamp	34-2040
12	R. F. Transformer	65-0009	50	Condenser (250 mmfd.)	61-0033
13	Resistor (40,000 ohms)	33-340237	51	Condenser (.5 mfd.)	30-4474
14	Condenser (.5 mfd.)	30-4565	52	Condenser (250 mmfd.)	61-0033
15	Resistor (500 ohms)	33-150438	53	"A" Choke	65-0037
16	Low Frequency Padder	31-6230	54	Filament Choke	65-0057
17	Resistor (99,000 ohms)	33-399337	55	Condenser (250 mmfd.)	61-0033
18	Oscillator Transformer	65-0052	56	Vibrator	41-3398
19	Second Padder (on Tun. Cond.)		57	Resistor (500 ohms)	33-150438
20	Resistor (25,000 ohms)	33-325337	58	Resistor (20,000 ohms)	33-320337
21	Condenser (25 mmfd.)	30-1108	59	Resistor (200 ohms)	33-120347
22	Padder (Pri. 1st I. F. Trans.)		60	Resistor (25,000 ohms)	33-325437
23	First I. F. Transformer	65-0044	61	Vibrator Choke	32-2483
24	Padder (Sec. 1st I. F. Trans.)		62	Condenser (.5 mfd.)	30-4565
25	Condenser (.05 mfd.)	30-4444	63	Choke	32-1374
26	Resistor (900 ohms)	33-190438	64	Power Transformer	65-0046
27	Resistor (1,000,000 ohms)	33-510257	65	Condenser (7,500 mmfd.)	30-4567
28	Condenser (.25 mfd.)	30-4448	66	Filter Choke	32-7959
29	Resistor (6,000 ohms)	33-260337	67	Condenser (.01 mfd.)	30-4499
30	Vol. Control (1,000,000 ohms)		68	Condenser (250 mmfd.)	61-0033
31	and On-Off Switch	33-5268	69	Resistor (150 ohms)	33-115337
32	Condenser (.01 mfd.)	61-0014	70	Condenser (250 mmfd.)	61-0034
33	Padder (330,000 ohms)	33-433337	71	Resistor (25,000 ohms)	33-325437
34	Padder (Sec. 2nd I. F. Trans.)		72	Condenser (250 mmfd.)	30-1032
35	Second I. F. Transformer	65-0045	73	Control Unit	85-0058
36	Condenser (.01 mfd.)	30-4501	74	Dial	53-0304
37	Resistor (240,000 ohms)	33-424337	75	Tuning and Volume Knob	27-4725
38	Resistor (490,000 ohms)	33-449337	76	Distributor Resistor	33-1196
39	Filter Condenser		77	Interference Condenser	30-4007
	(10-10-20 mfd.)	61-0028	78	Control Mtg. Bracket	28-5790

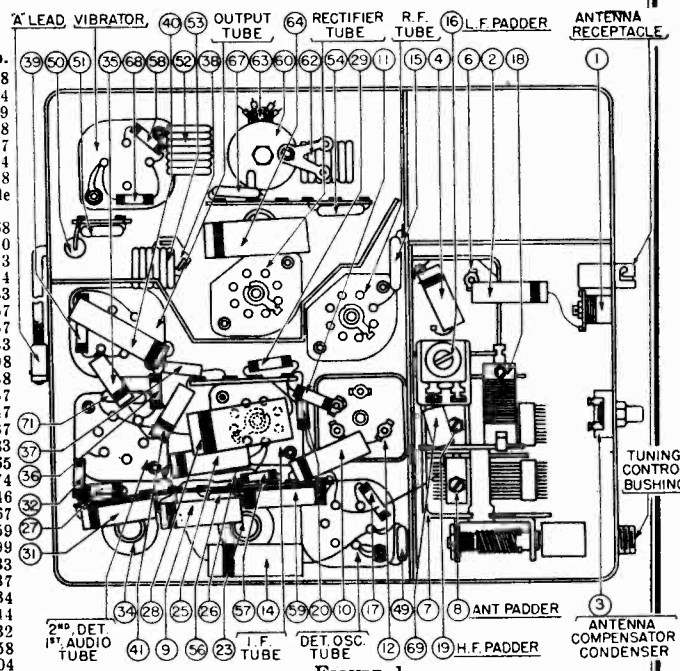


FIGURE 1

No.	Description	Part No.	No.	Description	Part No.
	Reception Control Mtg. Bracket	28-5852		"T" Bolt	28-6161
	Flexible Shaft	57-0631		Nut	W518

JANUARY 5, 1939

Trimmers, Chassis
Parts

PHILCO RADIO & TELEV. CORP.

MODEL 937
Schematic, Socket

I.F. = 470 KC

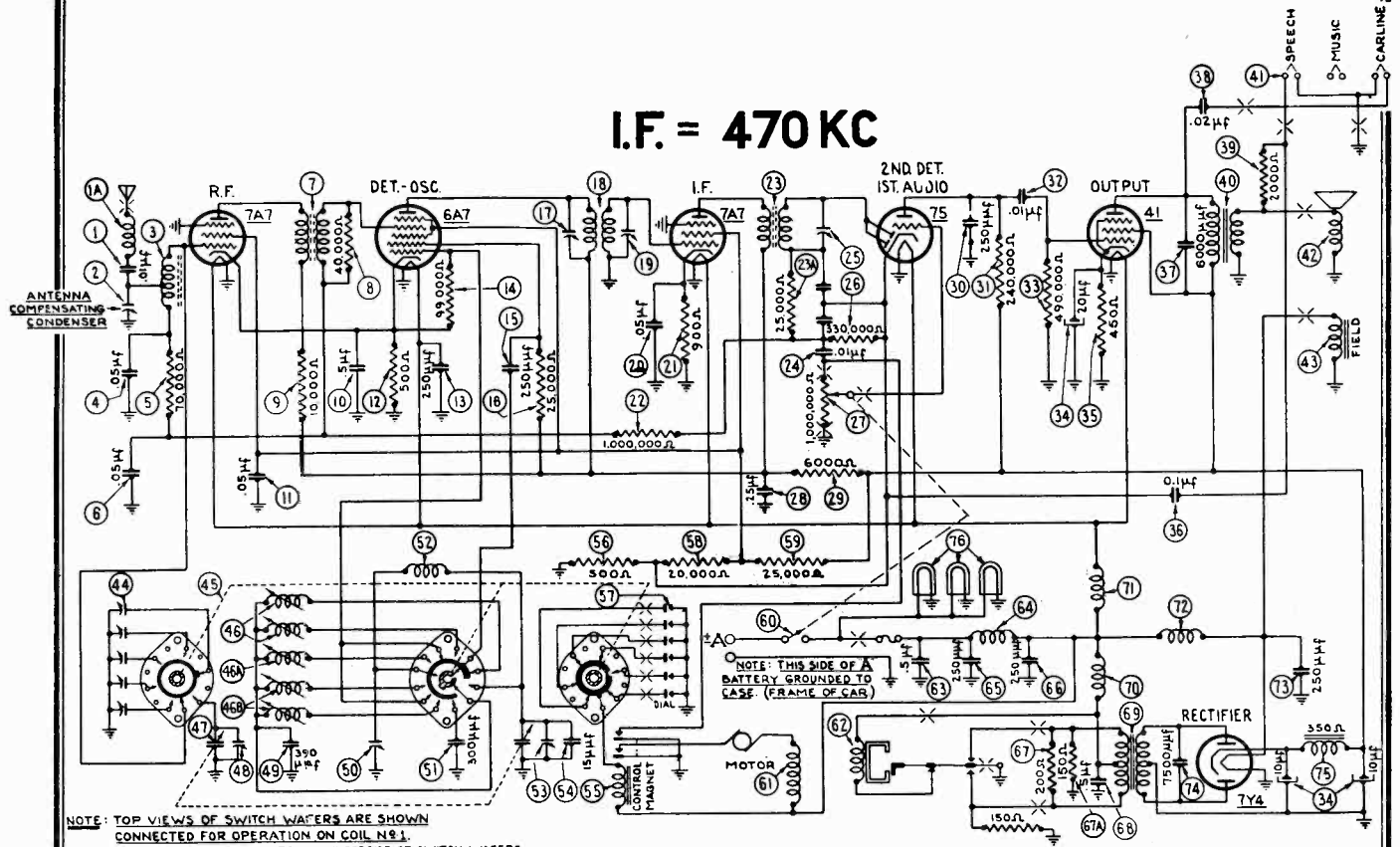


FIGURE 1

MODEL 937 PARTS LIST

No.	Description	Part No.	No.	Description	Part No.
1	Capacitor (.01 mfd.)	30-4479	40	Output Transformer	65-0048
2	Antenna Choke	77-0161	41	Reception and Push Button	
3	Antenna Compensating		42	Control	77-0179
4	Capacitor	Part of 44	43	Cone Kit	91-0028
5	Antenna Transformer	65-0085	44	Field Coil	Not Replaceable
6	Capacitor (.05 mfd.)	30-4444	45	Antenna Padder Assembly	77-0172
7	Resistor (70,000 ohms)	33-370257	46	Wafer Switch	77-0180
8	Capacitor (.05 mfd.)	30-4444	47	Oscillator Transformer	
9	R. F. Transformer	65-0009	48	(High Freq.)	65-0088
10	Resistor (40,000 ohms)	33-339137	49	Oscillator Transformer	
11	Resistor (10,000 ohms)	33-310337	50	(Med. Freq.)	65-0089
12	Capacitor (.5 mfd.)	30-4565	51	Oscillator Transformer	
13	Capacitor (.05 mfd.)	30-4569	52	(Low Freq.)	65-0090
14	Resistor (500 ohms)	33-150438	53	Tuning Capacitor	63-0016
15	Capacitor (250 mmfd.)	61-0033	54	First Padder (on Tun. Cond.)	
16	Resistor (99,000 ohms)	33-399337	55	Silver Cap Capacitor	
17	Capacitor (250 mmfd.)	61-0033	56	(390 mmfd.)	61-0031
18	Resistor (25,000 ohms)	33-325337	57	Low Frequency Padder	31-6230
19	Padder (Pri. 1st I. F. Trans.)		58	Silver Cap Capacitor	
20	First I. F. Transformer	65-0044	59	(330 mmfd.)	61-0003
21	Padder (Sec. 1st I. F. Trans.)		60	Oscillator Transformer	65-0052
22	Capacitor (.05 mfd.)	30-4444	61	Second Padder (on Tun. Cond.)	
23	Resistor (900 ohms)	33-190438	62	Capacitor (15 mmfd.)	61-0038
24	Resistor		63	Motor and Relay Assembly	77-0178
25	(1,000,000 ohms)	33-510257	64	Resistor (500 ohms)	33-150438
26	Second I. F. Transformer	65-0045	65	Push Button and	
27	Resistor (25,000 ohms)	33-325337	66	Reception Control Assembly	77-0179
28	Capacitor (.01 mfd.)	61-0014	67	Resistor (20,000 ohms)	33-320337
29	Padder (Sec. 2nd I. F. Trans.)		68	Resistor (25,000 ohms)	33-325437
30	Resistor (330,000 ohms)	33-433337	69	On-Off Switch and Volume	
31	Vol. Control (1,000,000 ohms)	33-5268	70	Control (1,000,000 ohms)	33-5268
32	and On-Off Switch		71	Motor	83-0001
33	Capacitor (.25 mfd.)	30-4448	72	Vibrator	41-3398
34	Resistor (6,000 ohms)	33-260337	73	Capacitor (.5 mfd.)	30-4474
35	Capacitor (250 mmfd.)	30-1032	74	"A" Choke	65-0057
36	Resistor (240,000 ohms)	33-424337	75	Capacitor (250 mmfd.)	61-0033
37	Capacitor (.01 mfd.)	30-4501	76	Capacitor (250 mmfd.)	61-0033
38	Resistor (490,000 ohms)	33-449337	77	Resistor (200 ohms)	33-120347
39	Filter Capacitor		78	Resistor (150 ohms)	33-115347
40	(10-10-20 mfd.)	61-0028	79	Capacitor (.5 mfd.)	30-4565
41	Resistor (450 ohms)	33-145337	80	Power Transformer	65-0046
42	Capacitor (.1 mfd.)	30-4499	81	Vibrator Choke	32-2483
43	Capacitor (6,000 mmfd.)	30-4024	82	Filament Choke	65-0057
44	Capacitor (.02 mfd.)	30-4495	83	Choke	32-1374
45	Resistor (2,000 ohms)	33-220447	84	Capacitor (250 mmfd.)	61-0033

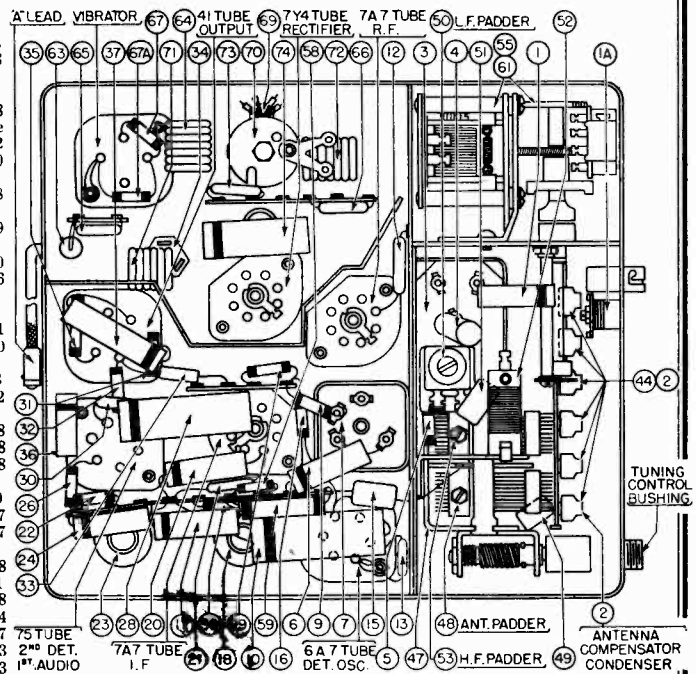


FIGURE 2

No.	Description	Part No.	Description	Part No.
85	Capacitor (7,500 mmfd.)	30-4567	Bracket (Automatic Control Mfg.)	57-0638
86	Filter Choke (350 ohms)	32-7959	Distributor Resistor	33-1196
87	Pilot Lamp	34-2040	Interference Capacitor	30-1007
88	Call Letter Kit	81-0088	Dial	55-0304
89	Tuning Control (Manual)	85-0060	Tuning and Volume Knob	27-4689

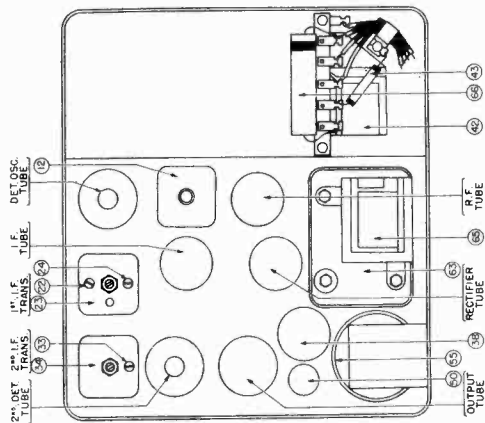
JANUARY 3, 1939

MODEL 936

MODEL 937

Trimmers, Alignment

PHILCO RADIO & TELEV. CORP.



MODEL 936 — ADJUSTMENTS

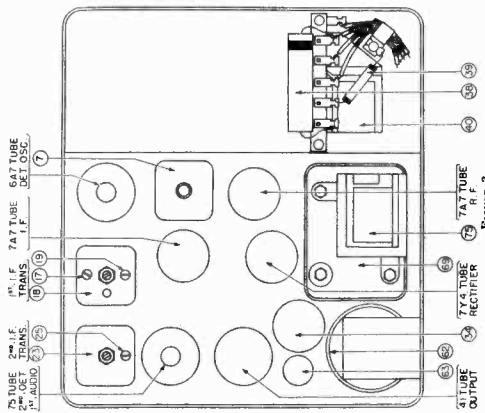
All padding adjustments are carefully made at the factory and ordinarily no readjustments are necessary. However, when readjustments are required, the procedure given below must be followed in detail.

Equipment — Fully charged heavy duty storage battery or 6 volt power pack, 077 or 177 Philco Set Tester, 27-7159 Padding screw driver.

General — The output meter must be connected by means of an adapter to the plate of the type 41 output tube and to the Radio chassis.

With the Radio and signal generator set up for operation at the prescribed frequency, turn the Radio volume control on full and set the signal generator attenuator so that a half scale reading is obtained on the output meter. The signal in the speaker should be audible but not loud.

The shielding on the generator output lead must be connected to the Radio housing.



MODEL 937 — ADJUSTMENTS

All padding adjustments are carefully made at the factory and ordinarily no readjustments are necessary. However, when readjustments are required, the procedure given below must be followed in detail.

Equipment — Fully charged heavy duty storage battery or 6 volt power pack, 077 or 177 Philco Set Tester, 27-7159 Padding screw driver.

General — The output meter must be connected by means of an adapter to the plate of the type 41 output tube and to the Radio chassis.

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OPERATION	SIGNAL GENERATOR CONNECTION		DUMMY CAPACITY	SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS	ADJUST PADDER
	FREQUENCY	CONNECTION			
1		ADJUST THE ANTENNA COMPENSATOR ⑤ TWO TURNS FROM TIGHT		Turn Tuning Condenser Plates Out of Mesh as Far as They Will Go.	⑤
2	470 K.C.	To Grid of 6A7 Tube	.1 Mfd.	Note 2	⑤
3	1580 K.C.	To Antenna Receptacle on Radio	See Note 1	Set Tuning Condenser at 1400 K.C.	⑤
4	1400 K.C.	To Antenna Receptacle on Radio	See Note 1	Set Tuning Condenser at 580 K.C.	⑤
5	580 K.C.	To Antenna Receptacle on Radio	See Note 1	Note 2	⑤
6	1580 K.C.	To Antenna Receptacle on Radio	See Note 1	Note 2	⑤
7	1400 K.C.	To Antenna Receptacle on Radio	See Note 1	Note 2	⑤
8	1200 to 1400 K.C.	Note 5	Note 5	Note 5	⑤

Make all adjustments for maximum reading on the output meter.

NOTE 1 — Connect the antenna lead, Part No. 41-3191, to the antenna receptacle in the radio. Connect a 50 Mmfd. Condenser in series between the signal generator and the antenna lead.

NOTE 2 — Turn the condenser rotor plates completely out of mesh as far as they will go.

NOTE 3 — Rock the tuning condenser while adjusting the low frequency paddler. Tune the condenser to the signal and adjust the paddler for maximum output. Rotate the tuning condenser back and forth slightly for maximum output. Then readjust the paddler for maximum output. Repeat this procedure until no further improvement is noticed.

NOTE 4 — When the antenna stage adjustment is made with the Radio installed in the car, the Radio antenna lead must be connected to the car antenna in the usual manner. Connect the signal generator output lead to a wire placed near the car antenna but not connected to it.

NOTE 5 — When installing the radio in the car, follow the installation instructions carefully. Tune in a weak broadcast signal between 1200 and 1400 Kilocycles on the control scale. Remove the plug button on the end of the radio and adjust the antenna compensator ⑤ [See Figure 2] for maximum signal.

OPERATION	SIGNAL GENERATOR CONNECTION		DUMMY CAPACITY	SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS	ADJUST PADDER
	FREQUENCY	CONNECTION			
1		PRESS THE RETURN TO DIAL BUTTON UNTIL STATIONS CAN BE TUNED IN BY MANUAL TUNING.		ADJUST THE ANTENNA COMPENSATOR ⑤ TWO TURNS FROM TIGHT	
2	470 K.C.	To Grid of 6A7 Tube	.1 Mfd.	Turn Tuning Condenser Plates Out of Mesh as Far as They Will Go.	⑤
3	1580 K.C.	To Antenna Receptacle on Radio	See Note 1	Note 2	⑤
4	1400 K.C.	To Antenna Receptacle on Radio	See Note 1	Set Tuning Condenser at 1400 K.C.	⑤
5	580 K.C.	To Antenna Receptacle on Radio	See Note 1	Set Tuning Condenser at 580 K.C.	⑤
6	1580 K.C.	To Antenna Receptacle on Radio	See Note 1	Note 2	⑤
7	1400 K.C.	To Antenna Receptacle on Radio	See Note 1	Note 2	⑤
8	1200 to 1400 K.C.	Note 5	Note 5	Note 5	⑤

Make all adjustments for maximum reading on the output meter.

NOTE 1 — Connect the antenna lead, Part No. 41-3191, to the antenna receptacle in the radio. Connect a 50 Mmfd. Condenser in series between the signal generator and the antenna lead.

NOTE 2 — Turn the condenser rotor plates completely out of mesh as far as they will go.

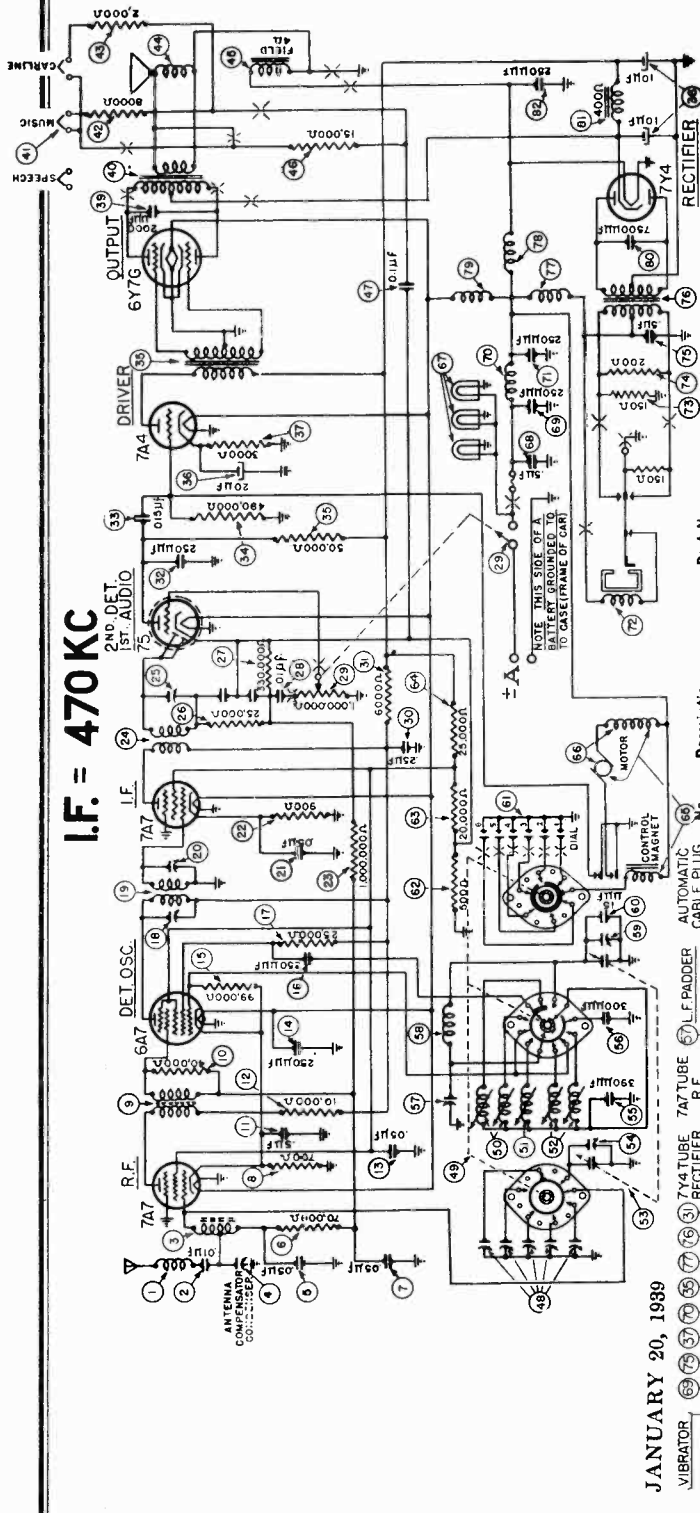
NOTE 3 — Rock the tuning condenser while adjusting the low frequency paddler. Tune the condenser to the signal and adjust the paddler for maximum output. Rotate the tuning condenser back and forth slightly for maximum output. Then readjust the paddler for maximum output. Repeat this procedure until no further improvement is noticed.

NOTE 4 — When the antenna stage adjustment is made with the Radio installed in the car, the Radio antenna lead must be connected to the car antenna in the usual manner. Connect the signal generator output lead to a wire placed near the car antenna but not connected to it.

NOTE 5 — When installing the radio in the car, follow the installation instructions carefully. Tune in a weak broadcast signal between 1200 and 1400 Kilocycles on the control scale. Remove the plug button on the end of the radio and adjust the antenna compensator ⑤ [See Figure 2] for maximum signal.

PHILCO RADIO & TELEV. CORP.

MODEL 938K
Schematic, Chassis
Parts



I.F. = 470KC

JANUARY 20, 1939

NOTE: TOP VIEWS OF SWITCH WAFERS ARE SHOWN CONNECTED FOR OPERATION ON COIL NO. 1. SHADOWED MOTORS ARE LOCATED ON UNDERSIDE OF SWITCH WAFERS.

Part No. Description No.

①	Antenna Choke	77-0161	⑤1	7A4 DRIVER	65-0085
②	Condenser (.01 mfd.)	30-4479	⑤2	6Y7G OUTPUT	65-0097
③	Antenna Transformer	65-0085	⑤3	7A7 2ND. DET.	33-280337
④	Antenna Compensator	31-6948	⑤4	7A7 1ST. AUDIO	33-370257
⑤	Condenser (.05 mfd.)	30-4444	⑤5	6A7 DET. OSC.	61-0034
⑥	Resistor (70,000 ohms)	33-370257	⑤6	7A7 R.F.	61-0034
⑦	Condenser (.05 mfd.)	30-4444	⑤7	6A7 DET. OSC.	61-0034
⑧	Resistor (700 ohms)	33-110438	⑤8	7A7 R.F.	61-0034
⑨	R. F. Transformer	65-0009	⑤9	6A7 DET. OSC.	61-0034
⑩	Resistor (40,000 ohms)	33-340257	⑥0	7A7 R.F.	61-0034
⑪	Condenser (.5 mfd.)	30-4365	⑥1	6A7 DET. OSC.	61-0034
⑫	Resistor (10,000 ohms)	33-310337	⑥2	7A7 R.F.	61-0034
⑬	Condenser (.05 mfd.)	30-4369	⑥3	6A7 DET. OSC.	61-0034
⑭	Resistor (99,000 ohms)	33-399337	⑥4	7A7 R.F.	61-0034
⑮	Condenser (.25 mfd.)	61-0034	⑥5	6A7 DET. OSC.	61-0034
⑯	Resistor (25,000 ohms)	33-325337	⑥6	7A7 R.F.	61-0034
⑰	Padder (Pri. 1st. I. F. Trans.)	65-0044	⑥7	6A7 DET. OSC.	61-0034
⑱	Padder (Sec. 1st. I. F. Trans.)	65-0044	⑥8	7A7 R.F.	61-0034
⑲	Resistor (900 ohms)	30-4444	⑥9	6A7 DET. OSC.	61-0034
⑳	Resistor (1,000,000 ohms)	33-190438	⑦0	7A7 R.F.	61-0034
㉑	Second I. F. Transformer	65-0045	⑦1	6A7 DET. OSC.	61-0034
㉒	Padder (Sec. 2nd I. F. Trans.)	65-0045	⑦2	7A7 R.F.	61-0034
㉓	Resistor (25,000 ohms)	33-395957	⑦3	6A7 DET. OSC.	61-0034
㉔	Volume Control (1,000,000 ohms)	33-433337	⑦4	7A7 R.F.	61-0034
㉕	Condenser (.01 mfd.)	33-448337	⑦5	6A7 DET. OSC.	61-0034
㉖	Resistor (6,000 ohms) and On-Off Switch	30-4448	⑦6	7A7 R.F.	61-0034
㉗	Volume Control (.25 mfd.)	33-5268	⑦7	6A7 DET. OSC.	61-0034
㉘	Condenser (.25 mfd.)	30-4488	⑦8	7A7 R.F.	61-0034
㉙	Resistor (250 mfd.)	33-103257	⑦9	6A7 DET. OSC.	61-0034
㉚	Condenser (.015 mfd.)	30-1032	⑧0	7A7 R.F.	61-0034
㉛	Resistor (490,000 ohms)	33-449337	⑧1	6A7 DET. OSC.	61-0034
㉜	Resistor (50,000 ohms)	33-351337	⑧2	7A7 R.F.	61-0034
㉝	Filter Capacitor (110-10-20 mfd.)	61-0028	⑧3	6A7 DET. OSC.	61-0034
㉞	Resistor (3,000 ohms)	33-230337	⑧4	7A7 R.F.	61-0034

FIGURE 2

MODEL 938K
Socket, Trimmers
Alignment

PHILCO RADIO & TELEV. CORP.

Alignment MODEL 938K

All padding adjustments are carefully made at the factory and ordinarily no readjustments are necessary. However, when readjustments are required, the procedure given below must be followed in detail.

Equipment — Fully charged heavy duty storage battery or 6 volt power pack, 077 or 177 Philco Set Tester, 27-7159 Padding screw driver.

General — The output meter must be connected by means of an adapter to the plate of the type 6Y7G output tube and to the Radio chassis.

With the Radio and signal generator set up for operation at the prescribed frequency, turn the Radio volume control on full and set the signal generator attenuator so that a half scale reading is obtained on the output meter. The signal in the speaker should be audible but not loud.

The shielding on the generator output lead must be connected to the Radio housing.

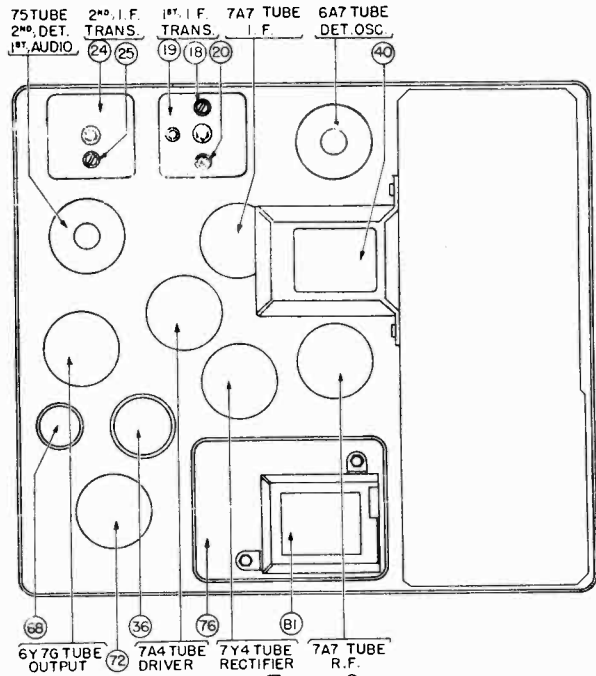


FIGURE 3

OPERATION	SIGNAL GENERATOR		DUMMY CAPACITY	SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS	ADJUST PADDER
	FREQUENCY	CONNECTION			
1	PRESS THE RETURN TO DIAL BUTTON UNTIL STATIONS CAN BE TUNED IN BY MANUAL TUNING. ADJUST THE ANTENNA COMPENSATOR ④ TWO TURNS FROM TIGHT.				
2	470 K.C.	To Grid of 6A7 Tube	.1 Mfd.	Turn Tuning Condenser Plates Out of Mesh as Far as They Will Go.	②③ ②① ①⑧
3	1580 K.C.	To Antenna Receptacle on Radio	See Note 1	Note 2	③⑨
4	1400 K.C.	To Antenna Receptacle on Radio	See Note 1	Set Tuning Condenser at 1400 K.C.	⑤④ Note 4
5	580 K.C.	To Antenna Receptacle on Radio	See Note 1	Set Tuning Condenser at 580 K.C.	⑤⑦ Note 3
6	1580 K.C.	To Antenna Receptacle on Radio	See Note 1	Note 2	⑤⑧
7	1400 K.C.	To Antenna Receptacle on Radio	See Note 1	Set Tuning Condenser at 1400 K.C.	⑤④ Note 4
8	1200 to 1400 K.C.	Note 5	Note 5	Note 5	④

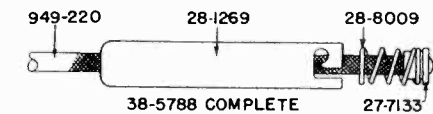
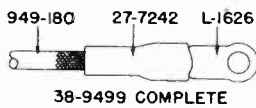
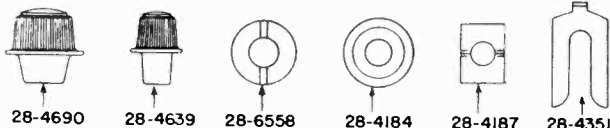
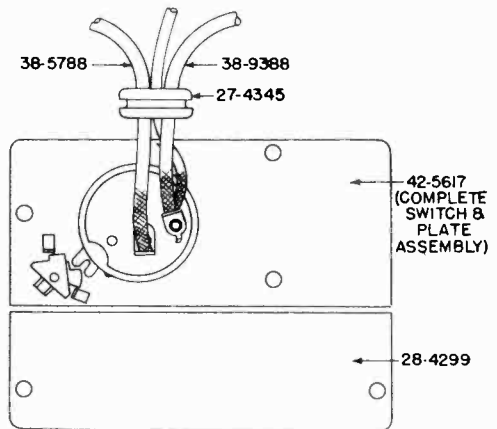
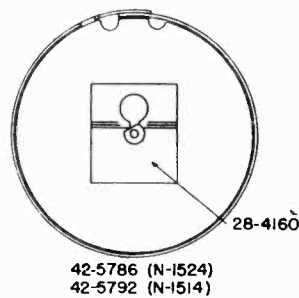
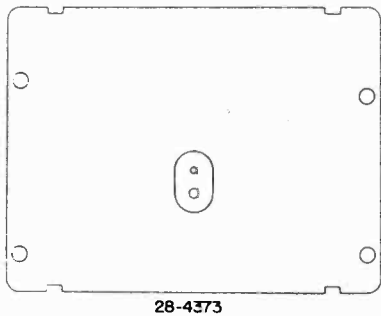
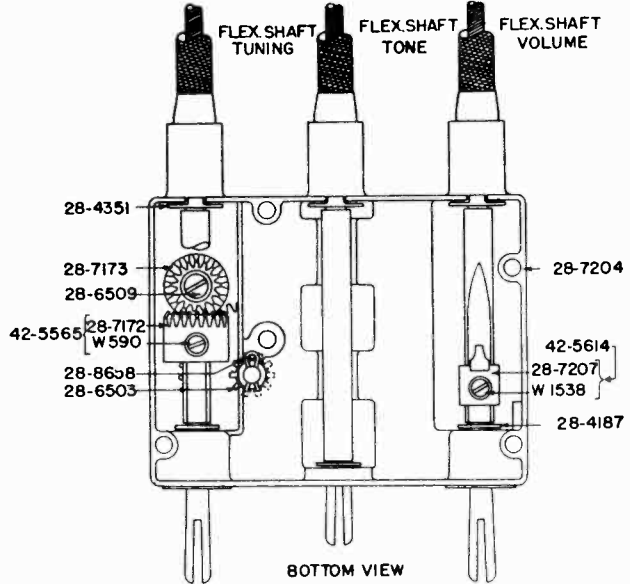
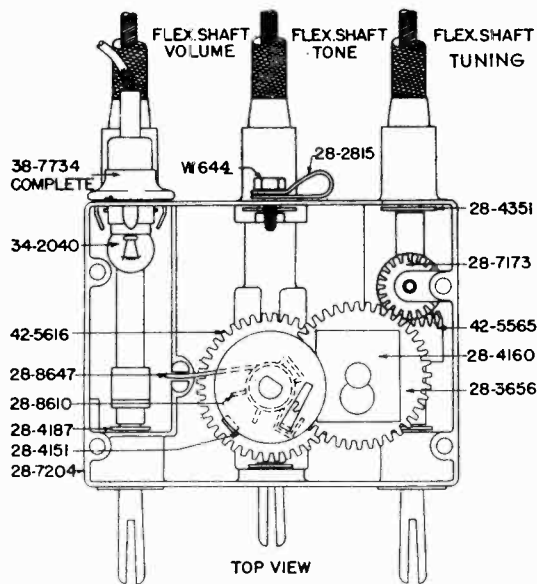
Make all adjustments for maximum reading on the output meter.

- 1 — Connect the antenna lead, Part No. 41-3191, to the antenna receptacle in the radio. Connect a 50 Mmfd. Condenser in series between the signal generator and the antenna lead.
- 2 — Turn the condenser rotor plates completely out of mesh as far as they will go.
- 3 — Rock the tuning condenser while adjusting the low frequency padder. Tune the condenser to the signal and adjust the padder for maximum output. Rotate the tuning condenser back and forth slightly for maximum output. Then readjust the padder for maximum output. Repeat this procedure until no further improvement is noticed.
- 4 — When the antenna stage adjustment is made with the Radio installed in the car, the Radio antenna lead must be connected to the car antenna in the usual manner. Connect the signal generator output lead to a wire placed near the car antenna but not connected to it.
- 5 — When installing the radio in the car, follow the installation instructions carefully. Tune in a weak broadcast signal between 1200 and 1400 Kilocycles on the control scale. Remove the plug button on the end of the radio and adjust the antenna compensator ④ (See Figure 2) for maximum signal.

PHILCO RADIO & TELEV. CORP.

MODELS N-1514, N-1524
Nash Controls Details

NASH CONTROLS — MODELS N-1514 — N-1524



28-8813 TUNING CONTROL SHAFT (N-1524)
28-8815 TUNING CONTROL SHAFT (N-1514)

28-8814 VOLUME CONTROL SHAFT (N-1524)
28-8816 VOLUME CONTROL SHAFT (N-1514)

28-8798 TONE CONTROL SHAFT (N-1524)
28-8817 TONE CONTROL SHAFT (N-1514)

PARTS LIST AND PRICES (Prices Subject to Change Without Notice)

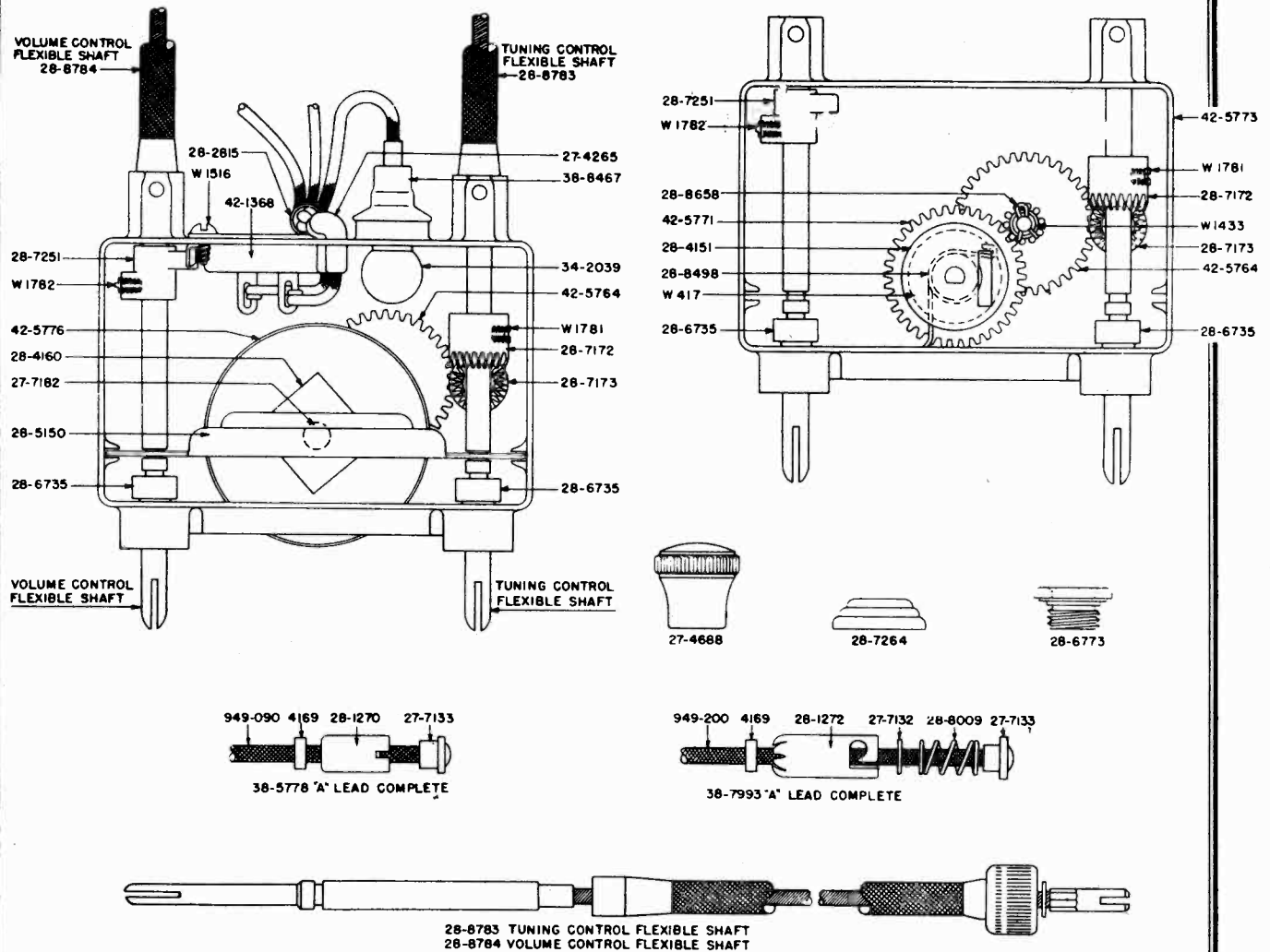
Part No.	Description	List Price	Part No.	Description	List Price	Part No.	Description	List Price
L-1626	Lug	.02	28-4299	Cover	.03	28-8798	Tone Shaft (N-1524)	1.00
W-590	Screw	per 100 2.00	28-4351	Shaft Retainer	.01	28-8813	Tuning Shaft (N-1524)	1.00
W-644	Screw	per 100 1.50	28-4373	Cover	.10	28-8814	Volume Shaft (N-1524)	1.00
W-1514	Screw	per 100 1.30	28-4639	Tone Knob	.	28-8815	Tuning Shaft (N-1514)	1.00
W-1538	Screw	per 100 1.80	28-4690	Tuning & Volume Knob	.	28-8816	Volume Shaft (N-1514)	1.00
27-4345	Terminal	.02	28-4184	Gear	.05	28-8817	Tone Shaft (N-1514)	1.00
27-7133	Terminal	.02	28-4187	Screw	.03	34-2040	Pilot Lamp	.09
27-7242	Fuse Housing	per 100 .40	28-6509	Gland Nut	.25	38-5788	"A" Lead	.
28-1269	Clamp	.01	28-7172	Miter Gear	.10	38-7734	Pilot Lamp Assembly	.35
28-2650	Washer	per 100 .45	28-7173	Miter Idler Gear	.10	38-9388	"A" Lead	.20
28-2815	Clamp	.01	28-7204	Housing	.50	42-5565	Miter Gear Assembly	.15
28-3656	Gear	.02	28-7207	Switch Arm	.05	42-5614	Switch Arm Assembly	.15
28-4151	Friction Washer	.02	28-8009	Spring	.50	42-5616	Drum Shaft & Gear	.10
28-4160	Spring	.01	28-8047	Spring	.03	42-5617	On-Off Switch	.40
28-4184	Knob Base	.02	28-8647	Anti-back Lash Spring	.02	42-5786	Dial Assembly (N-1524)	.35
28-4187	Washer	.01	28-8658	Spring	.03	42-5792	Dial Assembly (N-1514)	.40

* Prices not available at this time.

MODEL P-1517 Packard
Controls Details

PHILCO RADIO & TELEV. CORP.

PACKARD MODEL P-1517 CONTROL UNIT



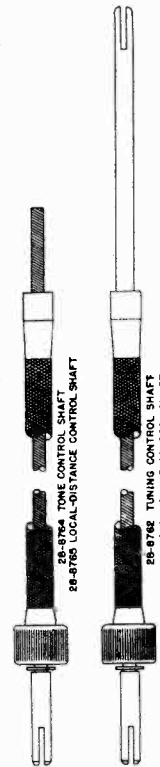
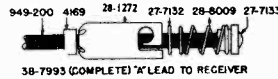
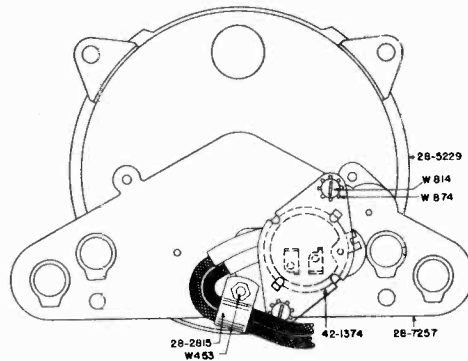
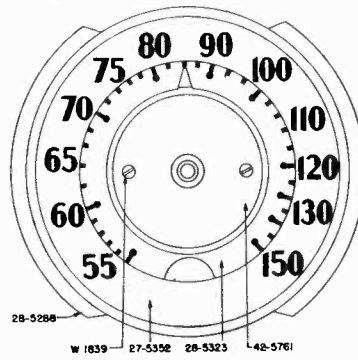
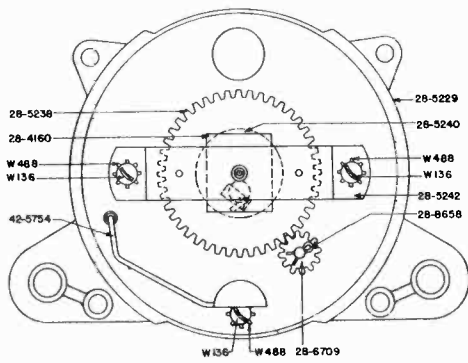
PARTS LIST AND PRICES
(Prices Subject to Change Without Notice)

PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	LIST PRICE	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	LIST PRICE
W-417	Washer	per 100 \$.50	28-7172	Miter Drive Gear	.10
W-1433	Washer	per 100 .15	28-7173	Miter Gear	.10
W-1516	Screw	per 100 1.30	28-7182	Felt Washer	per 100 .30
W-1781	Set Screw	per 100 2.00	28-7251	Switch Lever	.15
W-1782	Set Screw	per 100 2.50	28-7264	Knob Base	.20
4169	Washer	per 100 1.20	28-8009	Spring	per 100 .50
27-4265	Sleeve	per 100 1.25	28-8498	Anti Back Lash Spring	.10
27-4688	Tuning and Volume Knob	.20	28-8658	Spring	.03
27-7132	Washer	per 100 .40	28-8783	Tuning Control Flex. Shaft	1.00
27-7133	Ferrule	.01	28-8784	Volume Control Flex. Shaft	1.00
28-1270	Housing	.01	34-2039	Pilot Lamp	.09
28-1272	Housing	per 100 .85	38-5778	"A" Lead	.10
28-2815	Clamp	.01	38-7993	"A" Lead	.20
28-4151	Washer	.02	38-8467	Pilot Lamp Assembly	.30
28-4160	Spring	.01	42-1368	On-Off Switch	.35
28-5149	Cover	.10	42-5764	Intermediate Gear Assembly	.20
28-5150	Shaft Retaining Plate	.05	42-5771	Drum Shaft and Gear Assembly	.15
28-6735	Bushing	* *	42-5773	Housing and Stud Assembly	.85
28-6773	Gland Nut	.15	42-5776	Dial Assembly	.35

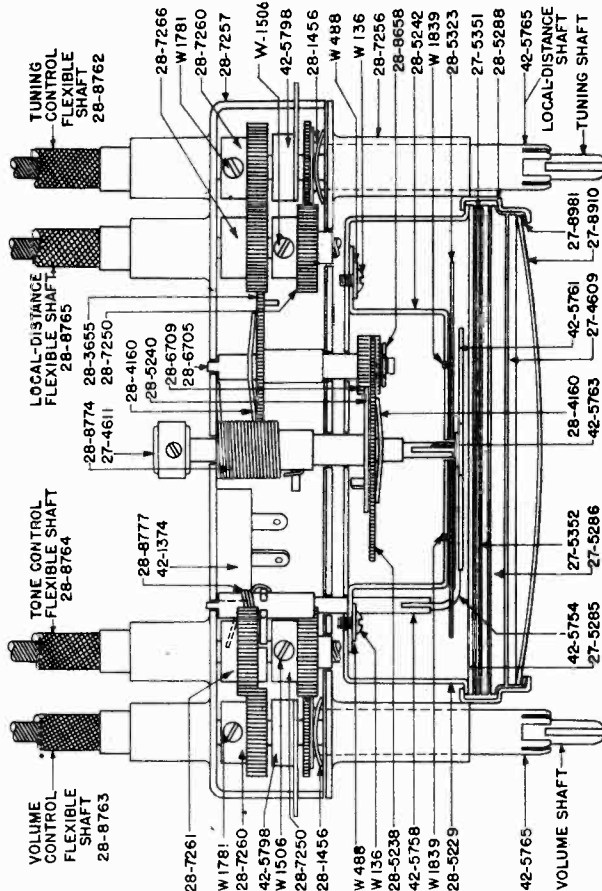
* Prices not available at this time.

MODEL P-1535 Packard
PHILCO RADIO & TELEV. CORP. Controls Details

PACKARD CONTROL MODEL P-1535



PACKARD MODEL P-1535 CONTROL



PARTS LIST AND PRICES
 (Prices Subject to Change Without Notice)

PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	LIST PRICE	LIST PRICE
4189	Rubber Washers	per 100	\$1.20
W-136	Screw	per 100	.80
W-488	Lockwasher	per 100	1.50
W-178	Button	per 100	1.35
W-1506	Lockwasher	per 100	1.30
W-1006	Skt Screw	per 100	.50
W-1839	Screw	per 100	1.60
848-125	Wire	per 100	1.25
27-4689	Gasket	per 100	1.25
27-4611	Printer Knob		.10
27-4285	Printing and Volume Knob		.50
27-5288	Base	per 100	5.00
27-5284	Glass Brailier	per 100	2.40
27-5332	Glass Knob	per 100	2.40
27-7132	Washer	per 100	.40
27-7133	Female	per 100	.21
27-8981	Print Gasket		.21
28-1370	Brass		.01
28-1456	Spring Washer	per 100	.75
28-8815	Clamp Cap	per 100	.01
28-4180	Printion Spring		.20
28-8228	Dial Cover		.20
28-8228	Dial Cover (large)		.20

PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	LIST PRICE	
28-5240	Washer	.40	
28-5242	Bracket	.10	
28-5244	Face	.40	
28-5243	Intermediate Gear	.10	
28-6705	Gear (small)	.10	
28-6705	Gear (large)	.35	
28-7250	Tone and Local Distance Knob	.15	
28-7251	Back Housing	.50	
28-7257	Gear	.10	
28-7280	Idle Gear	.10	
28-7288	Idle Gear	.10	
28-8069	Spring	.50	
28-8782	Volume Shaft	per 100	1.00
28-8783	Volume Shaft	per 100	1.00
28-8784	Local Distance Shaft	per 100	1.00
28-8774	Anti Backlash	per 100	1.00
28-8775	Spring	per 100	1.00
28-8776	'A' Lead	per 100	1.15
28-8783	On-off Switch	per 100	.35
42-1374	Signal Print Shaft	per 100	.20
42-5781	Printer Assembly	per 100	.20
42-5782	Gear and Steer Assembly	per 100	.20
42-5785	Friction Gear Assembly	per 100	.20

*Price not available at this time.

MODEL S-1616 Studebaker

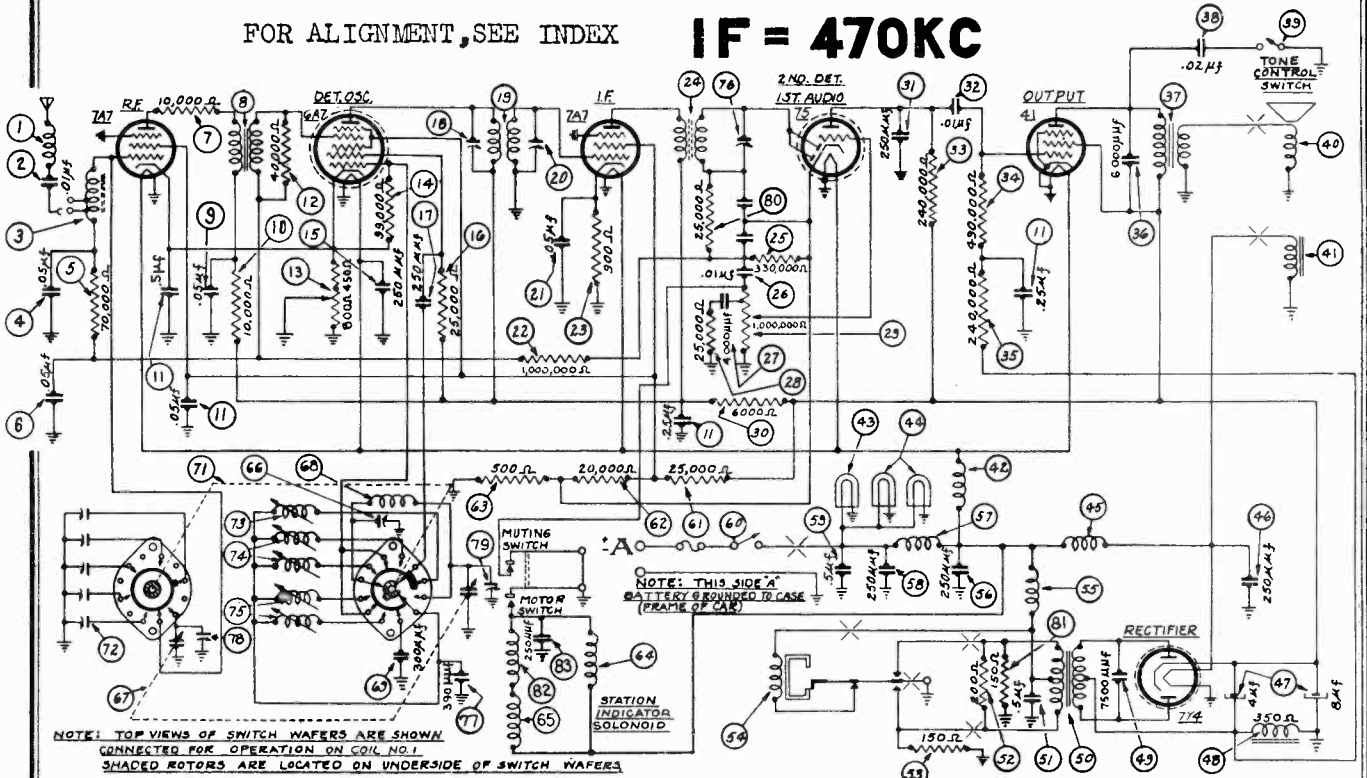
Schematic, Chassis

Parts

PHILCO RADIO & TELEV. CORP.

FOR ALIGNMENT, SEE INDEX

IF = 470KC



JANUARY 1939

FIGURE 1

PARTS LIST

No.	Description	Part No.	No.	Description	Part No.
1	Antenna Choke	65-0062	31	Condenser (.5 mfd.)	30-4565
2	Condenser (.01 mfd.)	61-0014	32	Resistor (200 ohms)	33-120337
3	Antenna Transformer	65-0047	33	Resistor (150 ohms)	In Vibrator
4	Condenser (.05 mfd.)	30-4444	34	Vibrator	41-3398
5	Resistor (70,000 ohms)	33-370337	35	Vibrator Choke	32-2537
6	Condenser (.05 mfd.)	30-4444	36	Condenser (250 mmfd.)	61-0033
7	Resistor (10,000 ohms)	33-310337	37	"A" Choke	65-0057
8	R. F. Transformer	65-0009	38	Condenser (250 mmfd.)	61-0033
9	Condenser (.05 mfd.)	30-4123	39	Condenser (.5 mfd.)	30-4474
10	Resistor (10,000 ohms)	33-310337	40	On-Off Switch and	67-0014-1
11	Condenser (.05-.25-.5 mfd.)	61-0016	41	Volume Control	opt. 67-0014-2
12	Resistor (40,000 ohms)	33-340137	42	Resistor (25,000 ohms)	33-325437
13	Sensitivity Control	33-5264	43	Resistor (20,000 ohms)	33-320337
14	Resistor (99,000 ohms)	33-309337	44	Resistor (500 ohms)	33-150438
15	Condenser (250 mmfd.)	61-0033	45	Solenoid	77-0227
16	Resistor (25,900 ohms)	33-325337	46	Impulse Motor	77-0259
17	Condenser (250 mmfd.)	30-1038	47	Low Frequency Padder	31-6230
18	Padder (Pri. 1st I. F. Trans.)	65-0044	48	Tuning Condenser	63-0011
19	First I. F. Transformer	65-0044	49	Oscillator Transformer	65-0058
20	Padder (Sec. 1st I. F. Trans.)	30-4444	50	Silver Cap Condenser	61-0003
21	Resistor (1,000,000 ohms)	33-510337	51	Selector Switch	77-0198
22	Resistor (900 ohms)	33-190438	52	Antenna Padder Assembly	77-0126
23	Second I. F. Transformer	65-0045	53	Oscillator Transformer	(High Freq.) 65-0049
24	Resistor (330,000 ohms)	33-433337	54	Oscillator Transformer	(Med. Freq.) 65-0050
25	Condenser (.01 mfd.)	61-0014	55	Oscillator Transformer	(Low Freq.) 65-0051
26	Condenser (4,000 mmfd.)	61-0020	56	Padder (Sec. 2nd I. F. Trans.)	61-0031
27	Resistor (25,000 ohms)	33-325337	57	Silver Cap Condenser	(390 mmfd.) 61-0031
28	Volume Control & Switch	67-0014-1	58	First Padder (on Tun. Cond.)	Part of Ant. Padder Assy.
29	Resistor (6,000 ohms)	33-200337	59	Second Padder (on Tun. Cond.)	33-325337
30	Condenser (250 mmfd.)	61-0033	60	Resistor (25,000 ohms)	33-325337
31	Condenser (.01 mfd.)	30-4189	61	Resistor (150 ohms)	33-115337
32	Resistor (240,000 ohms)	33-424337	62	Choke	32-1644
33	Resistor (240,000 ohms)	33-424337	63	Condenser (250 mmfd.)	61-0033
34	Condenser (6,000 mmfd.)	30-4024	64	Dial Assembly	85-0079
35	Output Transformer	65-0048	65	Tone Control and	Automatic Drum 415-1009
36	Condenser (.02 mfd.)	30-4495	66	Automatic Push Button	(Commander) 55-0100
37	Tone Control Switch	42-1140	67	Automatic Push Button	(President) 55-0172
38	Cone & Voice Coil Kit	91-0047	68	Tuning and Volume Knob	(President) 27-4689
39	Field Coil	Not Replaceable	69	Tuning and Volume Knob	(Commander) 55-0102
40	Filament Choke	65-0057	70	Flexible Shaft	57-0467
41	Pilot Lamp	34-2040			
42	Pilot Lamp	34-2040			
43	Choke	32-1374			
44	Condenser (250 mmfd.)	61-0033			
45	Filter Condenser (4-8 mfd.)	61-0018			
46	Filter Choke	32-7959			
47	Condenser (7,500 mmfd.)	30-4567			
48	Power Transformer	65-0046			

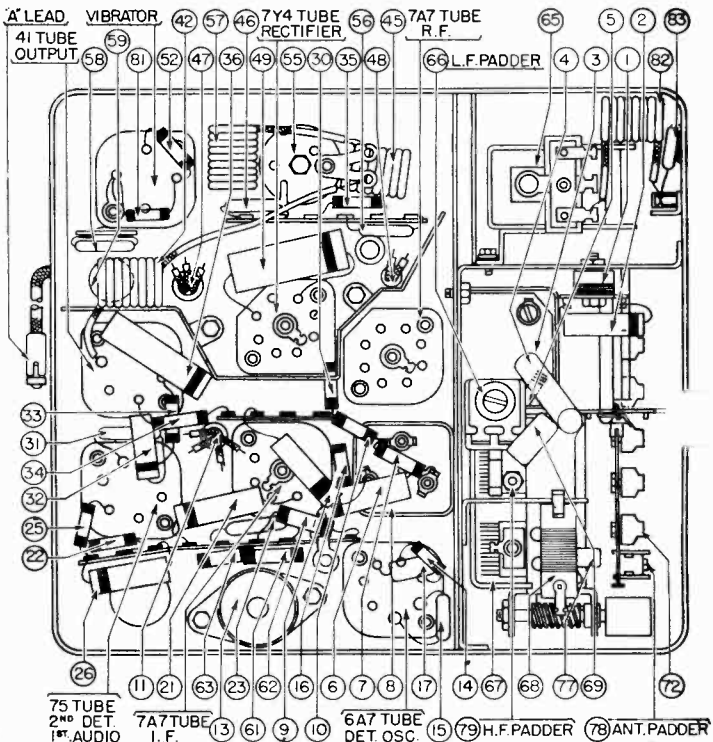
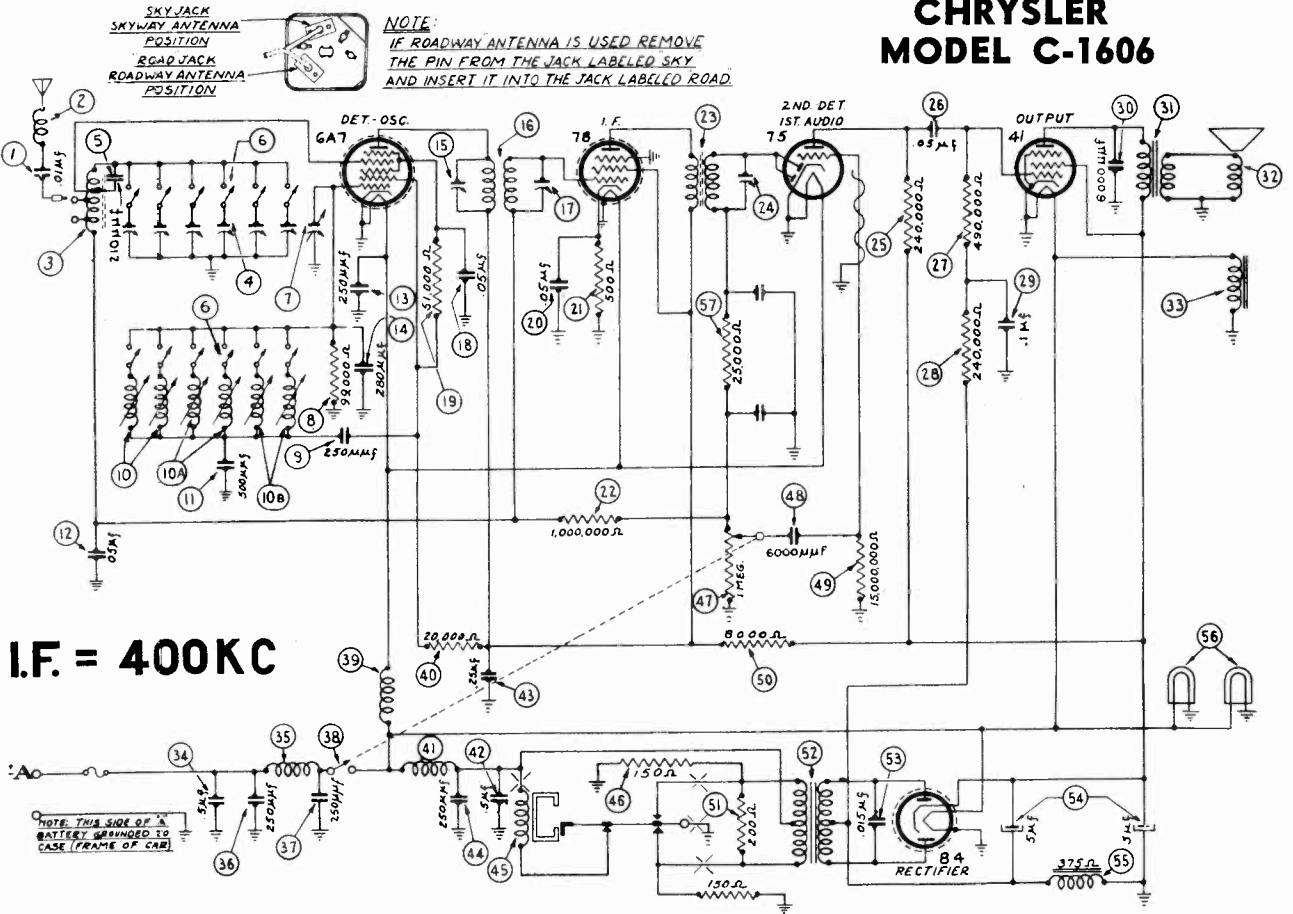


FIGURE 2

Description	Part No.	Description	Part No.
Call Letter Kit	81-0052	"T" Bolt (Rec. Mtg.)	28-6161
Condenser and Lug Assy.	30-1087	Nut (Rec. Mtg.)	W518
Interference Condenser	30-4007	Automatic Cable	95-0030
Distributor Resistor	32-2250	Tone and Volume Cable	95-0076

PHILCO RADIO & TELEV. CORP. MODEL C-1606 Chrysler
Schematic, Chassis
Parts List

CHRYSLER
MODEL C-1606



FEBRUARY 1939

FIGURE 1

MODEL C-1606 PARTS LIST

No.	Description	Part No.	Description	Part No.
1	Condenser (.01 mfd.)	81-0014	On-Off Switch and Volume Control	67-0010
2	Antenna Choke	65-0102	Filament Choke	32-1604
3	Antenna Transformer	65-0120	Resistor (20,000 ohms)	33-320337
4	Antenna Padder Assembly	77-0141	Vibrator Choke	65-0075
5	Condenser (210 mmfd.)	61-0044	Condenser (.5 mfd.)	30-4565
6	Automatic Switch	85-0046	Condenser (.25 mfd.)	30-4446
7	Variator	83-0019	Condenser (250 mmfd.)	61-0033
8	Resistor (99,000 ohms)	33-399337	Vibrator	41-3398
9	Condenser (250 mmfd.)	61-0034	Resistor (150 ohms)	33-115337
10	Oscillator Transformers	65-0125	Volume Control (1,000,000 ohms) and On-Off Switch	67-0010
10a	Oscillator Transformers	65-0126	Condenser (6,000 mmfd.)	30-4445
10b	Oscillator Transformers	65-0127	Resistor (15,000,000 ohms)	33-615347
11	Condenser (500 mmfd.)	61-0027	Resistor (8,000 ohms)	33-280337
12	Condenser (.05 mfd.)	30-4444	Resistor (200 ohms)	33-120337
13	Condenser (250 mmfd.)	61-0033	Power Transformer	65-0072
14	Condenser (280 mmfd.)	61-0043	Condenser (.015 mfd.)	61-0030
15	Padder (Pri. 1st I. F. Trans.)	61-0043	Filter Condenser (5-5 mfd.)	61-0022
16	First I. F. Transformer	65-0118	Filter Choke	65-0073
17	Padder (Sec. 1st I. F. Trans.)	30-4444	Pilot Lamps	34-2064
18	Condenser (.05 mfd.)	30-4444	Resistor (25,000 ohms)	33-325237
19	Resistor (51,000 ohms)	33-351337	Tuning and Volume Knob	55-0164
20	Condenser (.05 mfd.)	30-4444	Push Button Knob	55-0206
21	Resistor (500 ohms)	33-150438	Station Tab Holder	57-0227FA7
22	Resistor (1,000,000 ohms)	33-510337	Push Button Bezel	57-0327FA7
23	Second I. F. Transformer	65-0119	Oscillator Coil Bezel	67-0508FA3
24	Padder (Sec. 2nd I. F. Trans.)	33-424337	Oscillator Coil Bezel Cover	57-0509FA7
25	Resistor (240,000 ohms)	33-424337	Fuse	45-2559
26	Condenser (.05 mfd.)	30-4123	Call Letter Kit	81-0025
27	Resistor (490,000 ohms)	33-449337	Fuel Gauge Resistor	67-0011
28	Resistor (240,000 ohms)	33-424437	Interference Condenser	30-4490
29	Condenser (.1 mfd.)	61-0023	Antenna Lead (Cowl)	95-0065
30	Condenser (6,000 mmfd.)	30-4504	Bracket (Set Mtg.)	57-0502FA1
31	Output Transformer	65-0071	Bolt (Set Mtg.)	97-0034
32	Cone Kit	91-0043	Nut (Set Mtg.)	W55
33	Field Coil	Not Replaceable	Bolt	97-0024
34	Condenser (.5 mfd.)	30-4565	Nut	W1667
35	"A" Choke	32-1374		
36	Condenser (250 mmfd.)	61-0033		
37	Condenser (250 mmfd.)	61-0033		

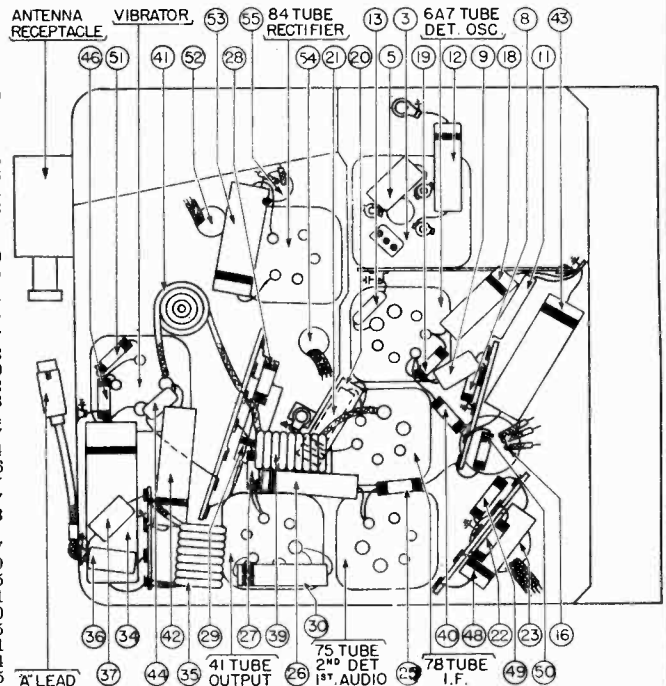


FIGURE 2

MODEL C-1606

PHILCO RADIO & TELEVISION CORP.

Chrysler

Socket, Trimmers, Tuner

Alignment

ADJUSTMENTS MODEL C-1606

All padding adjustments are carefully made at the factory and ordinarily no readjustments are necessary. However, when readjustments are required, the procedure given below must be followed in detail.

Equipment — Fully charged heavy duty storage battery or 6-volt power pack, 077A or 177 Philco Set Tester, 27-7159 Padding screw driver.

General — The output meter must be connected by means of an adapter to the plate of the type 41 output tube and to the Radio chassis.

With the Radio and signal generator set up for operation at the prescribed frequency, turn the Radio volume control on full and set the signal generator attenuator so that a half scale reading is obtained on the output meter. The signal in the speaker should be audible but not loud.

The shielding on the generator output lead must be connected to the Radio housing.

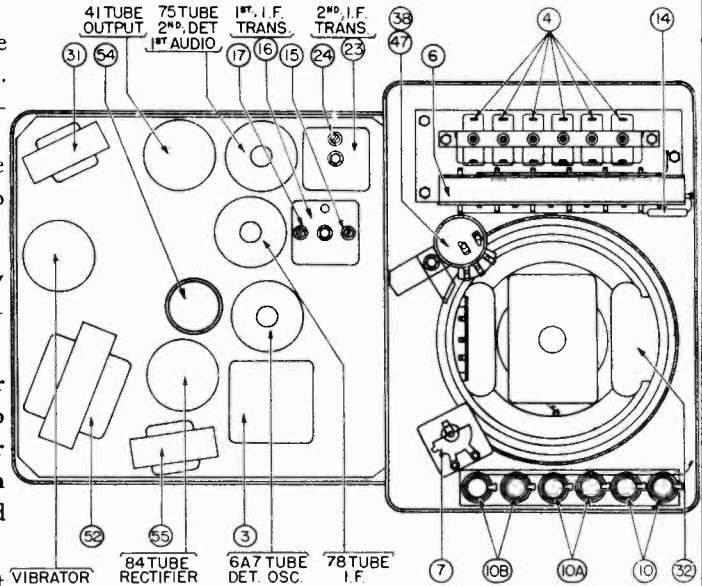


FIGURE 3

OPERATION	SIGNAL GENERATOR		DUMMY CAPACITY	SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS	ADJUST PADDER
	FREQUENCY	CONNECTION			
1	400 K.C.	To Grid of 6A7 Tube	.5 Mfd.	Turn Variator to the Indexed Position	(24) (17) (15)
2	950 to 1500 K.C.	To Antenna Receptacle on Radio	*25 Mmfd. See Note 1	Press Push Button No. 1 and adjust No. 1 Antenna Padder and No. 1 Oscillator Coil (Fig. 4)	Note 2 Fig. 4
3	950 to 1500 K.C.	To Antenna Receptacle on Radio	*25 Mmfd. See Note 1	Press Push Button No. 2 and adjust No. 2 Antenna Padder and No. 2 Oscillator Coil (Fig. 4)	Note 2 Fig. 4
4	750 to 1250 K.C.	To Antenna Receptacle on Radio	*25 Mmfd. See Note 1	Press Push Button No. 3 and adjust No. 3 Antenna Padder and No. 3 Oscillator Coil (Fig. 4)	Note 2 Fig. 4
5	750 to 1250 K.C.	To Antenna Receptacle on Radio	*25 Mmfd. See Note 1	Press Push Button No. 4 and adjust No. 4 Antenna Padder and No. 4 Oscillator Coil (Fig. 4)	Note 2 Fig. 4
6	550 to 950 K.C.	To Antenna Receptacle on Radio	*25 Mmfd. See Note 1	Press Push Button No. 5 and adjust No. 5 Antenna Padder and No. 5 Oscillator Coil (Fig. 4)	Note 2 Fig. 4
7	550 to 950 K.C.	To Antenna Receptacle on Radio	*25 Mmfd. See Note 1	Press Push Button No. 6 and adjust No. 6 Antenna Padder and No. 6 Oscillator Coil (Fig. 4)	Note 2 Fig. 4

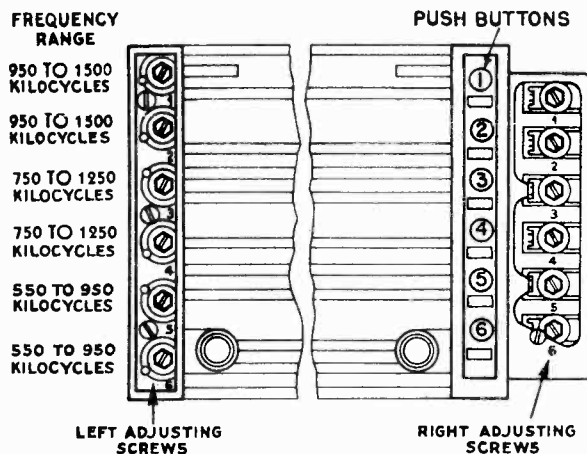


FIGURE 4

Make all adjustments for maximum reading on the output meter.

NOTE 1 — Connect the antenna lead, Part No. L-2765, to the antenna receptacle in the radio. Connect a 25 Mmfd. Condenser in series between the signal generator and the antenna lead.

Special Note — When the cowl antenna is used follow the above procedure. Be sure the lead to the antenna transformer is plugged into the "SKY" socket of the Antenna Transformer.

*When the undercar is used, connect the antenna lead, Part No. 41-3191 to the antenna receptacle in the Radio. Connect a 250 Mmfd. condenser in series between the signal generator and the antenna lead. Be sure the lead to the antenna transformer is plugged into the "ROAD" socket of the antenna transformer.

NOTE 2 — The antenna padder screw is on the right, the oscillator coil screw is on the left (see Figure 4).

ALL ADJUSTMENTS MUST BE REPEATED.

PHILCO RADIO & TELEV. CORP.

MODEL C-1608 Chrysler
Schematic, Chassis
Parts

CHRYSLER MODEL C-1608 SINGLE UNIT DELUXE CAR RADIO

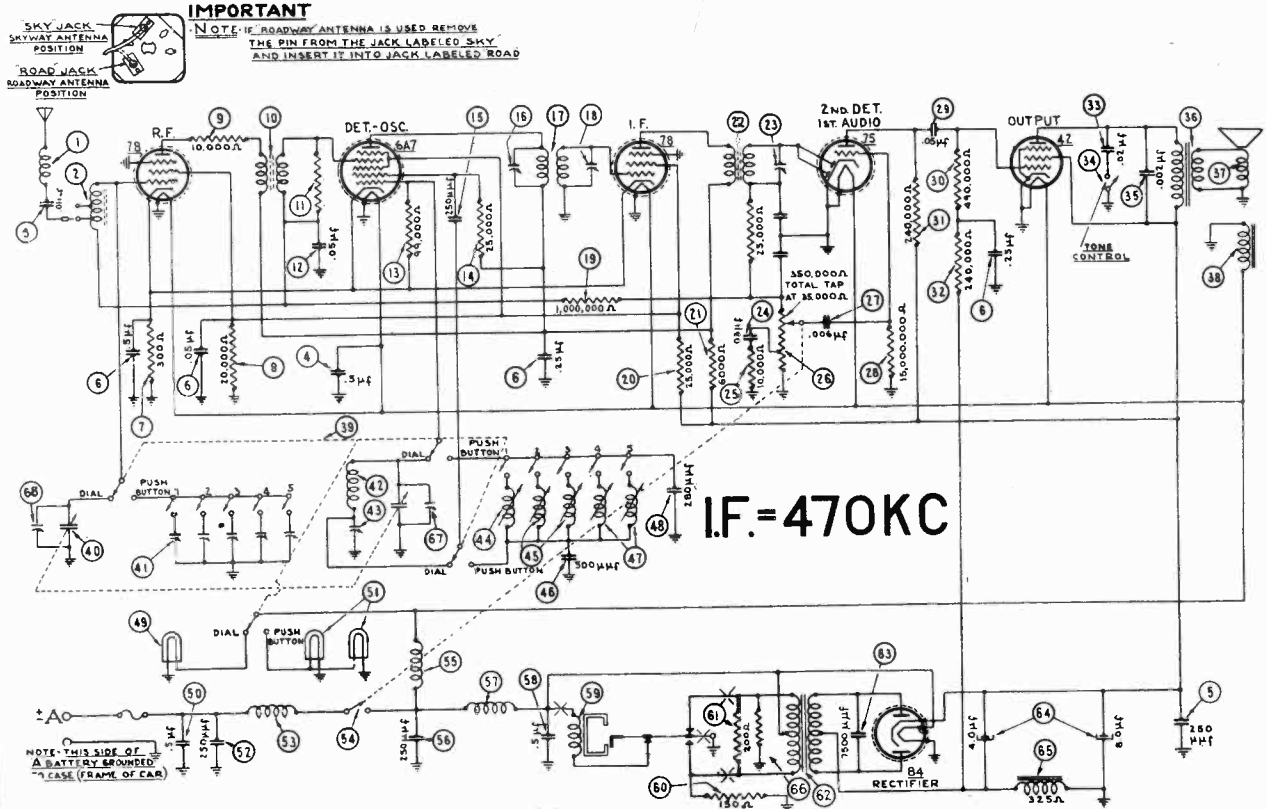


FIGURE 1

PARTS LIST

No.	Description	Part No.	No.	Description	Part No.
1	Antenna Choke	65-0026	43	Oscillator Transformer (High Freq.)	65-0038
2	Antenna Transformer	65-0021	44	Oscillator Transformer (Med. Freq.)	65-0039
3	Condenser (.01 mfd.)	61-0014	45	Condenser (500 mmfd.)	61-0027
4	Condenser (.5 mfd.)	30-4565	46	Osc. Transformer (Low Freq.)	65-0001
5	Condenser (250 mmfd.)	61-0033	47	Condenser (280 mmfd.)	61-0010
6	Condenser (.05-.25-.5 mfd.)	61-0008	48	Pilot Lamp	34-2039
7	Resistor (300 ohms)	33-130438	49	Condenser (.5 mfd.)	30-4565
8	Resistor (20,000 ohms)	33-320337	50	Pilot Lamps	34-2040
9	Resistor (10,000 ohms)	33-310337	51	Condenser (250 mmfd.)	61-0033
10	R. F. Transformer	65-0009	52	"A" Choke	32-1644
11	Resistor (.05 mfd.)	33-339137	53	Volume Control	67-0003
12	Condenser (.05 mfd.)	30-4444	54	On-Off Switch	65-0037
13	Resistor (99,000 ohms)	33-399337	55	Condenser (250 mmfd.)	61-0033
14	Resistor (25,000 ohms)	33-325437	56	Vibrator Choke	65-0034
15	Condenser (250 mmfd.)	61-0034	57	Condenser (.5 mfd.)	30-4465
16	Padder (Pri. 1st I. F. Trans.)	65-0011	58	Vibrator	41-3170
17	First I. F. Transformer	65-0011	59	Resistor (150 ohms)	33-115337
18	Padder (Sec. 1st I. F. Trans.)	65-0012	60	Resistor (200 ohms)	33-120337
19	Resistor (1,000,000 ohms)	33-510337	61	Power Transformer	65-0033
20	Resistor (25,000 ohms)	33-325437	62	Buffer Condenser (7,500 mmfd.)	30-4567
21	Resistor (6,000 ohms)	33-260337	63	Filter Condenser (4-S mfd.)	61-0009
22	Second I. F. Transformer	65-0043	64	Filter Choke (325 ohms)	65-0035
23	Padder (Sec. 2nd I. F. Transformer)	65-0044	65	Resistor (150 ohms)	33-115337
24	Condenser (.03 mfd.)	30-4449	66	First Padder on Tun. Cond.	65-0003
25	Resistor (10,000 ohms)	33-310337	67	Second Padder on Tun. Cond.	65-0004
26	Volume Control (350,000 ohms) & On-Off Switch	67-0003	68	Receiver Housing	77-0096
27	Condenser (6,000 mmfd.)	30-4467	69	Four Prong Socket	27-6044
28	Resistor (15,000,000 ohms)	33-615347	70	Five Prong Socket	27-6035
29	Condenser (.05 mfd.)	30-4518	71	Six Prong Socket	27-6036
30	Resistor (490,000 ohms)	33-449337	72	Seven Prong Socket	27-6037
31	Resistor (240,000 ohms)	33-424437	73	Fuse	45-2359
32	Resistor (240,000 ohms)	33-424337	74	Tuning & Vol. Knob (P7-8)	55-0164
33	Condenser (.02 mfd.)	30-4419	75	Tuning & Vol. Knob (D11-12)	55-0170
34	Tone Control Switch	85-0010	76	Tuning & Vol. Knob (C22)	55-0168
35	Condenser (2,000 mmfd.)	30-4177	77	Tuning & Vol. Knob (S6)	55-0166
36	Output Transformer	65-0020	78	Push Button & Spring (S6)	55-0167
37	Cone & Voice Coil Kit	91-0028	79	Push Button & Spring (D11)	55-0171
38	Field Coil	Not Replaceable			
39	Push Button Switch Assy.	85-0011			
40	Tuning Condenser (manual)	63-0009			
41	Antenna Push Button Padders	77-0091			
42	Oscillator Transformer	65-0031			
43	Low Freq. Padder	31-6230			

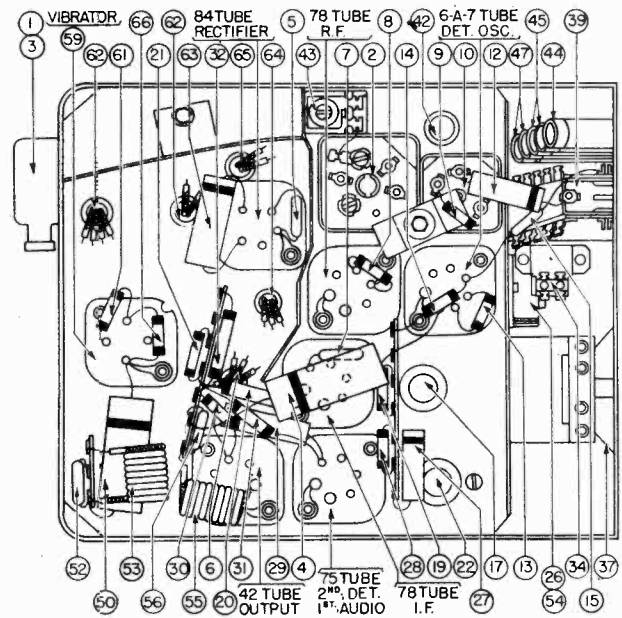


FIGURE 2

No.	Description	Part No.	No.	Description	Part No.
79	Push Button & Spring (P7-8)	55-0165	38-9562	Distributor Resistor Assy.	38-9562
80	Push Button & Spring (C22)	55-0169	30-4490	Interference Cond.	30-4490
81	Push Button & Spring (D11)	55-0171	55-0065	Dial Scale	55-0065
			55-0332	Glass	55-0332
			77-0042	Pointer	77-0042

OCTOBER, 1938

MODEL C-1608
Chrysler
MODEL S-1616
Studebaker

PHILCO RADIO & TELEV. CORP.

Socket, Trimmers
Alignment

MODEL S-1616

MODEL S-1616
ADJUSTMENTS

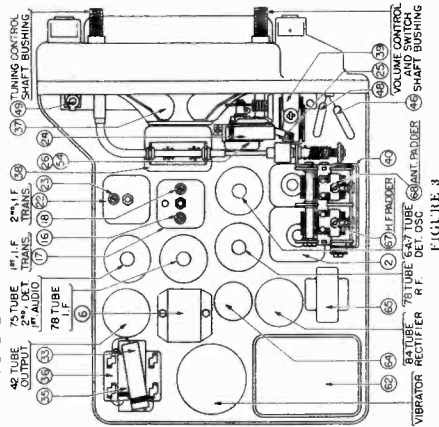
All padding adjustments are carefully made at the factory and ordinarily no readjustments are necessary. However, when readjustments are required, the procedure given below must be followed in detail.

Equipment — Fully charged heavy duty storage battery or 6-volt power pack, 077A or 177 Philco Set Tester, 27-7159 Padding screw driver.

General — The output meter must be connected by means of an adapter to the plate of the type 41 output tube and to the Radio chassis.

With the Radio and signal generator set up for operation at the prescribed frequency, turn the Radio volume control on full and set the signal generator attenuator so that a half scale reading is obtained on the output meter. The signal in the speaker should be audible but not loud.

The shielding on the generator output lead must be connected to the Radio housing.



OPERATION	FREQUENCY	SIGNAL GENERATOR CONNECTION	DUMMY CAPACITY	SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS	PADDER ADJUST
1	470 K.C.	To Grid of 6A7 Tube	.5 Mfd.	Turn Tuning Condenser Plates Out of Mesh as Far as They Will Go.	25
2	470 K.C.	To Antenna Receptacle on Radio	25 Mmfd. See Note 1	Note 2	25
3	1580 K.C.	To Antenna Receptacle on Radio	25 Mmfd. See Note 1	Set Tuning Condenser at 1400 K.C.	Note 4
4	1400 K.C.	To Antenna Receptacle on Radio	25 Mmfd. See Note 1	Set Tuning Condenser at 580 K.C.	Note 3
5	580 K.C.	To Antenna Receptacle on Radio	25 Mmfd. See Note 1	Note 2	25
6	1580 K.C.	To Antenna Receptacle on Radio	25 Mmfd. See Note 1	Set Tuning Condenser at 1400 K.C.	Note 4
7	1400 K.C.	To Antenna Receptacle on Radio	25 Mmfd. See Note 1		Note 4

Make all adjustments for maximum reading on the output meter.
NOTE 1 — Connect the antenna lead, Part No. L-2765, to the antenna receptacle in the radio. Connect a 25 Mmfd. Condenser in series between the signal generator and the antenna lead.

Special Note: — When the cow antenna is used follow the above procedure. Be sure the lead to the antenna transformer is plugged into the "SKY" socket of the Antenna Transformer.
*When the undercar is used, connect the antenna lead, Part No. 41-3191 to the antenna receptacle in the Radio. Connect a 250 Mmfd. condenser in series between the signal generator and the antenna lead. Be sure the lead to the antenna transformer is plugged into the "ROAD" socket of the antenna transformer.

NOTE 2 — Turn the condenser rotor plates completely out of mesh as they will go.
NOTE 3 — Rock the tuning condenser while adjusting the low frequency padder. Tune the condenser to the signal and adjust the padder for maximum output. Rotate the tuning condenser back and forth slightly for maximum output. Then readjust the padder for maximum output. Repeat this procedure until no further improvement is noticed.

NOTE 4 — When the antenna stage adjustment is made with the Radio installed in the car, the Radio antenna lead must be connected to the car antenna in the usual manner. Connect the signal generator output lead to a wire placed near the car antenna but not connected to it.

MODEL C-1608

ADJUSTMENTS

All padding adjustments are carefully made at the factory and ordinarily no readjustments are necessary. However, when readjustments are required, the procedure given below must be followed in detail.

Equipment — Fully charged heavy duty storage battery or 6-volt power pack, 048A or 099 Philco Set Tester, 27-7159 Padding screw driver.

General — The output meter must be connected by means of an adapter to the plate of the type 42 output tube and to the Radio chassis.

With the Radio and signal generator set up for operation at the prescribed frequency, turn the Radio volume control on full and set the signal generator attenuator so that a half scale reading is obtained on the output meter. The signal in the speaker should be audible but not loud.

The shielding on the generator output lead must be connected to the Radio housing.



OPERATION	FREQUENCY	SIGNAL GENERATOR CONNECTION	DUMMY CAPACITY	SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS	PADDER ADJUST
1	470 K.C.	To Grid of 6A7 Tube	.5 Mfd.	Turn Tuning Condenser Plates Out of Mesh as Far as They Will Go.	25
2	470 K.C.	To Antenna Receptacle on Radio	25 Mmfd. See Note 1	Note 2	25
3	1580 K.C.	To Antenna Receptacle on Radio	25 Mmfd. See Note 1	Set Tuning Condenser at 1400 K.C.	Note 4
4	1400 K.C.	To Antenna Receptacle on Radio	25 Mmfd. See Note 1	Set Tuning Condenser at 580 K.C.	Note 3
5	580 K.C.	To Antenna Receptacle on Radio	25 Mmfd. See Note 1	Note 2	25
6	1580 K.C.	To Antenna Receptacle on Radio	25 Mmfd. See Note 1	Set Tuning Condenser at 1400 K.C.	Note 4
7	1400 K.C.	To Antenna Receptacle on Radio	25 Mmfd. See Note 1		Note 4

Make all adjustments for maximum reading on the output meter.
NOTE 1 — Connect the antenna lead, Part No. L-2765, to the antenna receptacle in the radio. Connect a 25 Mmfd. Condenser in series between the signal generator and the antenna lead.

Special Note: — When the cow antenna is used follow the above procedure. Be sure the lead to the antenna transformer is plugged into the "SKY" socket of the Antenna Transformer.
*When the undercar is used, connect the antenna lead, Part No. 41-3191 to the antenna receptacle in the Radio. Connect a 250 Mmfd. condenser in series between the signal generator and the antenna lead. Be sure the lead to the antenna transformer is plugged into the "ROAD" socket of the antenna transformer.

NOTE 2 — Turn the condenser rotor plates completely out of mesh as they will go.
NOTE 3 — Rock the tuning condenser while adjusting the low frequency padder. Tune the condenser to the signal and adjust the padder for maximum output. Rotate the tuning condenser back and forth slightly for maximum output. Then readjust the padder for maximum output. Repeat this procedure until no further improvement is noticed.

NOTE 4 — When the antenna stage adjustment is made with the Radio installed in the car, the Radio antenna lead must be connected to the car antenna in the usual manner. Connect the signal generator output lead to a wire placed near the car antenna but not connected to it.

PHILCO RADIO & TELEV. CORP. Schematic, Chassis Parts
MODEL P-1617 Packard
Parts

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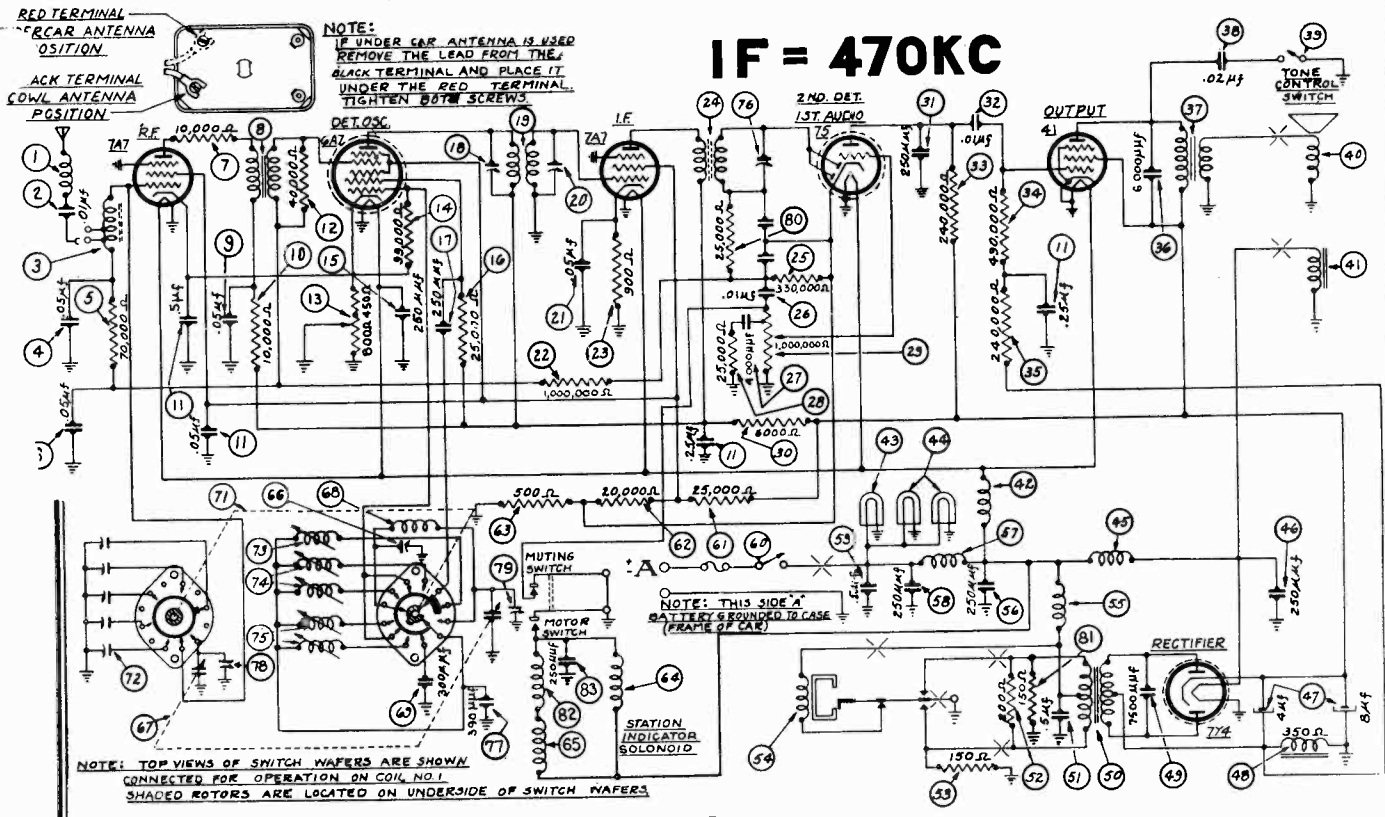


FIGURE 1

PARTS LIST

No.	Description	Part No.	No.	Description	Part No.
1	Antenna Choke	65-0062	67	Filter Condenser (4-8 mfd.)	61-0018
2	Condenser (.01 mfd.)	61-0014	68	Filter Choke	32-7959
3	Antenna Transformer	65-0047	69	Condenser (7,500 mmfd.)	30-4567
4	Condenser (.05 mfd.)	30-4444	70	Power Transformer	65-0046
5	Resistor (70,000 ohms)	33-370337	71	Condenser (.5 mfd.)	30-4565
6	Condenser (.05 mfd.)	30-4444	72	Resistor (200 ohms)	33-120337
7	Resistor (10,000 ohms)	33-310337	73	Resistor (150 ohms)	In Vibrator
8	4. F. Transformer	65-0009	74	Vibrator	41-3170
9	Condenser (.05 mfd.)	30-4123	75	Vibrator Choke	32-2537
10	Resistor (10,000 ohms)	33-310337	76	Condenser (250 mmfd.)	30-1032
11	Condenser (.05-25-.5 mfd.)	61-0016	77	"A" Choke	65-0057
12	Resistor (40,000 ohms)	33-340137	78	Condenser (250 mmfd.)	30-1032
13	Sensitivity Control	33-5264	79	Condenser (.5 mfd.)	30-4474
14	Resistor (99,000 ohms)	33-399337	80	On-Off Switch	77-0175
15	Condenser (250 mmfd.)	30-1032	81	Resistor (25,000 ohms)	33-325337
16	Resistor (25,000 ohms)	33-325337	82	Resistor (20,000 ohms)	33-320337
17	Condenser (250 mmfd.)	30-1038	83	Resistor (500 ohms)	33-150438
18	Padder (Pri. 1st I. F. Trans.)	65-0044	84	Solenoid	65-0057
19	First I. F. Transformer	65-0044	85	Impulse Motor	77-0108
20	Padder (Sec. 1st I. F. Trans.)	30-4444	86	Low Frequency Padder	31-6230
21	Condenser (.05 mfd.)	30-4444	87	Tuning Condenser	63-0011
22	Resistor (1,000,000 ohms)	33-510337	88	Oscillator Transformer	65-0058
23	Resistor (900 ohms)	33-190438	89	Silver Cap Condenser (300 mmfd.)	61-0003
24	Second I. F. Transformer	65-0045	90	Selector Switch	77-0198
25	Resistor (330,000 ohms)	33-433337	91	Antenna Padder Assembly	77-0126
26	Condenser (.01 mfd.)	61-0014	92	Oscillator Transformer (High Freq.)	65-0049
27	Condenser (4,000 mmfd.)	61-0020	93	Oscillator Transformer (Med. Freq.)	65-0050
28	Resistor (25,000 ohms)	33-325337	94	Oscillator Transformer (Low Freq.)	65-0051
29	Volume Control (1,000,000 ohms)	67-0004-1	95	Padder (Sec. 2nd I. F. Trans.)	30-4474
30	Resistor (6,000 ohms)	33-260337	96	Silver Cap Condenser (390 mmfd.)	61-0031
31	Condenser (250 mmfd.)	30-1032	97	First Padder (on Tun. Cond.)	Part of Ant. Padder Assy.
32	Condenser (.01 mfd.)	30-4169	98	Second Padder (on Tun. Cond.)	Part of Ant. Padder Assy.
33	Resistor (240,000 ohms)	33-424337	99	Resistor (25,000 ohms)	33-325337
34	Resistor (490,000 ohms)	33-449337	100	Resistor (150 ohms)	33-115337
35	Resistor (240,000 ohms)	33-424337	101	Choke	32-1644
36	Condenser (6,000 mmfd.)	30-4024	102	Condenser (250 mmfd.)	30-1032
37	Output Transformer	65-0048	103	Interference Condenser	30-4007
38	Condenser (.02 mfd.)	30-4495	104	Interference Condenser	30-4475
39	Tone Control Switch	42-1140	105	Distributor Resistor	33-1198
40	Cone & Voice Coil Kit	91-0047	106	Push Button	55-0173
41	Field Coil	Not Replaceable	107	Push Button Cover	57-0472
42	Flament Choke	65-0057	108	Tuning & Volume Knob	27-4687
43	Pilot Lamp	34-2040			
44	Pilot Lamp	34-2040			
45	Chok	32-1374			
46	Condenser (250 mmfd.)	30-1032			

DECEMBER, 1938

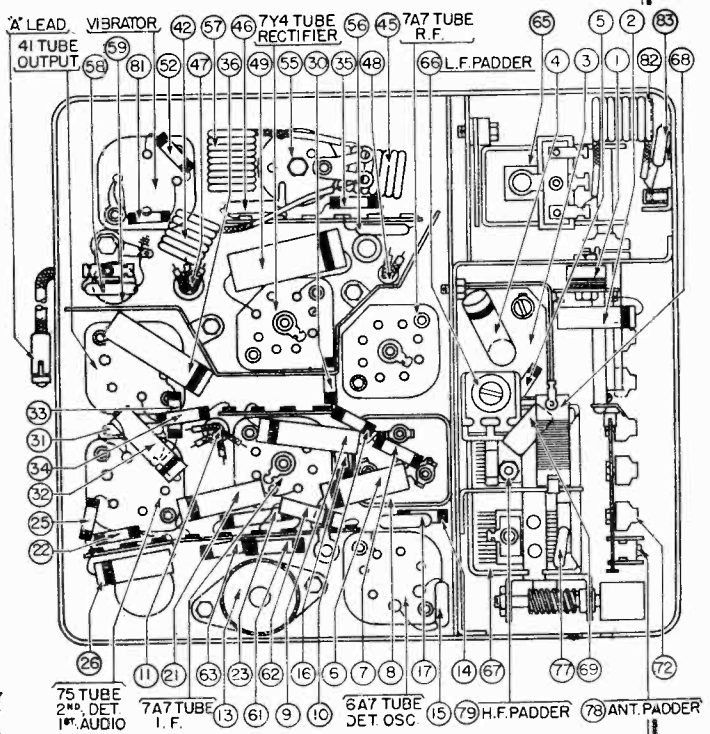


FIGURE 2

Description	Part No.	Description	Part No.
Knob Base	28-4184	Nut	W518
Call Letter Kit	81-0045	Station Indicator	85-0047
"T" Bolt	28-6268		

MODEL P-1617 Packard
 MODEL P-1630 Packard PHILCO RADIO & TELEV. CORP.
 Socket, Trimmers
 Alignment

MODEL P-1617
 ADJUSTMENTS

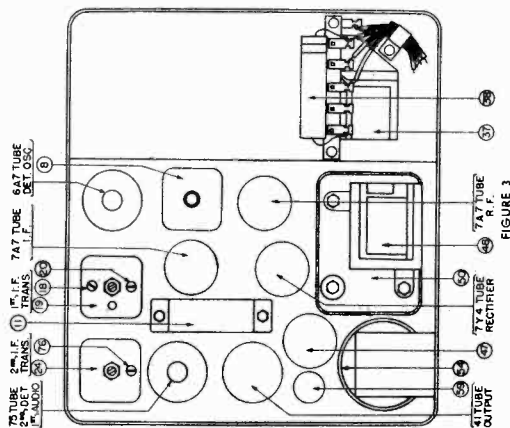
All padding adjustments are carefully made at the factory and ordinarily no readjustments are necessary. However, when readjustments are required, the procedure given below must be followed in detail.

Equipment — Fully charged heavy duty storage battery or 6-volt power pack, 048A or 099 Philco Set Tester, 27-7159 Padding screw driver.

General — The output meter must be connected by means of an adapter to the plate of the type 41 output tube and to the Radio chassis.

With the Radio and signal generator set up for operation at the prescribed frequency, turn the Radio volume control on full and set the signal generator attenuator so that a half scale reading is obtained on the output meter. The signal in the speaker should be audible but not loud.

The shielding on the generator output lead must be connected to the Radio housing.



OPERATION	SIGNAL GENERATOR CONNECTION		DUMMY CAPACITY	SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS	ADJUST PADDERS
	FREQUENCY	CONNECTION			
1	Press the Automatic Station Selector button until "DIAL" appears in the window and stations can be tuned in by Manual Tuning				
2	470 K.C.	To Grid of 6A7 Tube	.1 Mfd.	Turn Tuning Condenser Plates Out of Mesh as Far as They Will Go.	① ② ③ ④
3	1580 K.C.	To Antenna Receptacle on Radio	*20 Mmfid. See Note 1	Note 2	⑤
4	1400 K.C.	To Antenna Receptacle on Radio	*20 Mmfid. See Note 1	Set Tuning Condenser at 1400 K.C.	⑥ Note 4
5	580 K.C.	To Antenna Receptacle on Radio	*20 Mmfid. See Note 1	Set Tuning Condenser at 580 K.C.	⑦ Note 3
6	1580 K.C.	To Antenna Receptacle on Radio	*20 Mmfid. See Note 1	Note 2	⑧
7	1400 K.C.	To Antenna Receptacle on Radio	*20 Mmfid. See Note 1	Set Tuning Condenser at 1400 K.C.	⑨ Note 4

Make all adjustments for maximum reading on the output meter.
 NOTE 1 — Connect the antenna lead, Part No. L-2765, to the antenna receptacle in the radio. Connect a 20 Mmfid. Condenser in series between the signal generator and the antenna lead.

Special Note: — When the cowl antenna is used follow the above procedure. Be sure the lead to the antenna transformer is connected to the black terminal of the Antenna Transformer.
 *When the undercar or roof antenna is used, connect the antenna lead, Part No. 41-3191, to the antenna receptacle in the Radio. Connect a 250 Mmfid. condenser in series between the signal generator and the antenna lead. Be sure the lead to the antenna transformer is connected to the red terminal of the antenna transformer.

NOTE 2 — Turn the condenser rotor plates completely out of mesh as far as they will go.
 NOTE 3 — Rock the tuning condenser while adjusting the low frequency paddler. Tune the condenser to the signal and adjust the paddler for maximum output. Rotate the tuning condenser back and forth slightly for maximum output. Then readjust the paddler for maximum output. Repeat this procedure until no further improvement is noticed.

NOTE 4 — When the antenna stage adjustment is made with the Radio installed in the car, the Radio antenna lead must be connected to the car antenna in the usual manner. Connect the signal generator output lead to a wire placed near the car antenna but not connected to it.

MODEL P-1630

ADJUSTMENTS

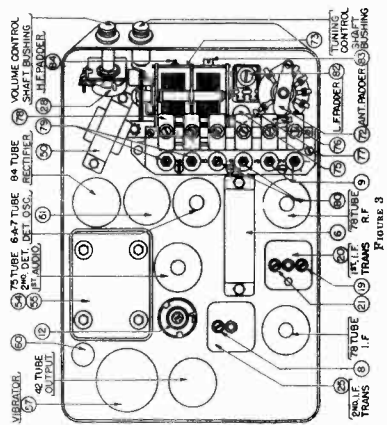
All padding adjustments are carefully made at the factory and ordinarily no readjustments are necessary. However, when readjustments are required, the procedure given below must be followed in detail.

Equipment — Fully charged heavy duty storage battery or 6-volt power pack, 048A or 099 Philco Set Tester, 27-7159 Padding screw driver.

General — The output meter must be connected by means of an adapter to the plate of the type 42 output tube and to the Radio chassis.

With the Radio and signal generator set up for operation at the prescribed frequency, turn the Radio volume control on full and set the signal generator attenuator so that a half scale reading is obtained on the output meter. The signal in the speaker should be audible but not loud.

The shielding on the generator output lead must be connected to the Radio housing.



OPERATION	SIGNAL GENERATOR CONNECTION		DUMMY CAPACITY	SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS	ADJUST PADDERS
	FREQUENCY	CONNECTION			
1	Press the return to dial button until stations can be tuned in by manual tuning				
2	470 K.C.	To Grid of 6A7 Tube	.1 Mfd.	Turn Tuning Condenser Plates Out of Mesh as Far as They Will Go.	① ② ③ ④
3	1580 K.C.	To Antenna Receptacle on Radio	*20 Mmfid. See Note 1	Note 2	⑤
4	1400 K.C.	To Antenna Receptacle on Radio	*20 Mmfid. See Note 1	Set Tuning Condenser at 1400 K.C.	⑥ Note 4
5	580 K.C.	To Antenna Receptacle on Radio	*20 Mmfid. See Note 1	Set Tuning Condenser at 580 K.C.	⑦ Note 3
6	1580 K.C.	To Antenna Receptacle on Radio	*20 Mmfid. See Note 1	Note 2	⑧
7	1400 K.C.	To Antenna Receptacle on Radio	*20 Mmfid. See Note 1	Set Tuning Condenser at 1400 K.C.	⑨ Note 4

Make all adjustments for maximum reading on the output meter.
 NOTE 1 — Connect the antenna lead, Part No. L-2765, to the antenna receptacle in the radio. Connect a 20 Mmfid. Condenser in series between the signal generator and the antenna lead.

Special Note: — When the cowl antenna is used follow the above procedure. Be sure the lead to the antenna transformer is connected to the black terminal of the Antenna Transformer.
 *When the undercar or roof antenna is used, connect the antenna lead, Part No. 41-3191, to the antenna receptacle in the Radio. Connect a 250 Mmfid. condenser in series between the signal generator and the antenna lead. Be sure the lead to the antenna transformer is connected to the red terminal of the antenna transformer.

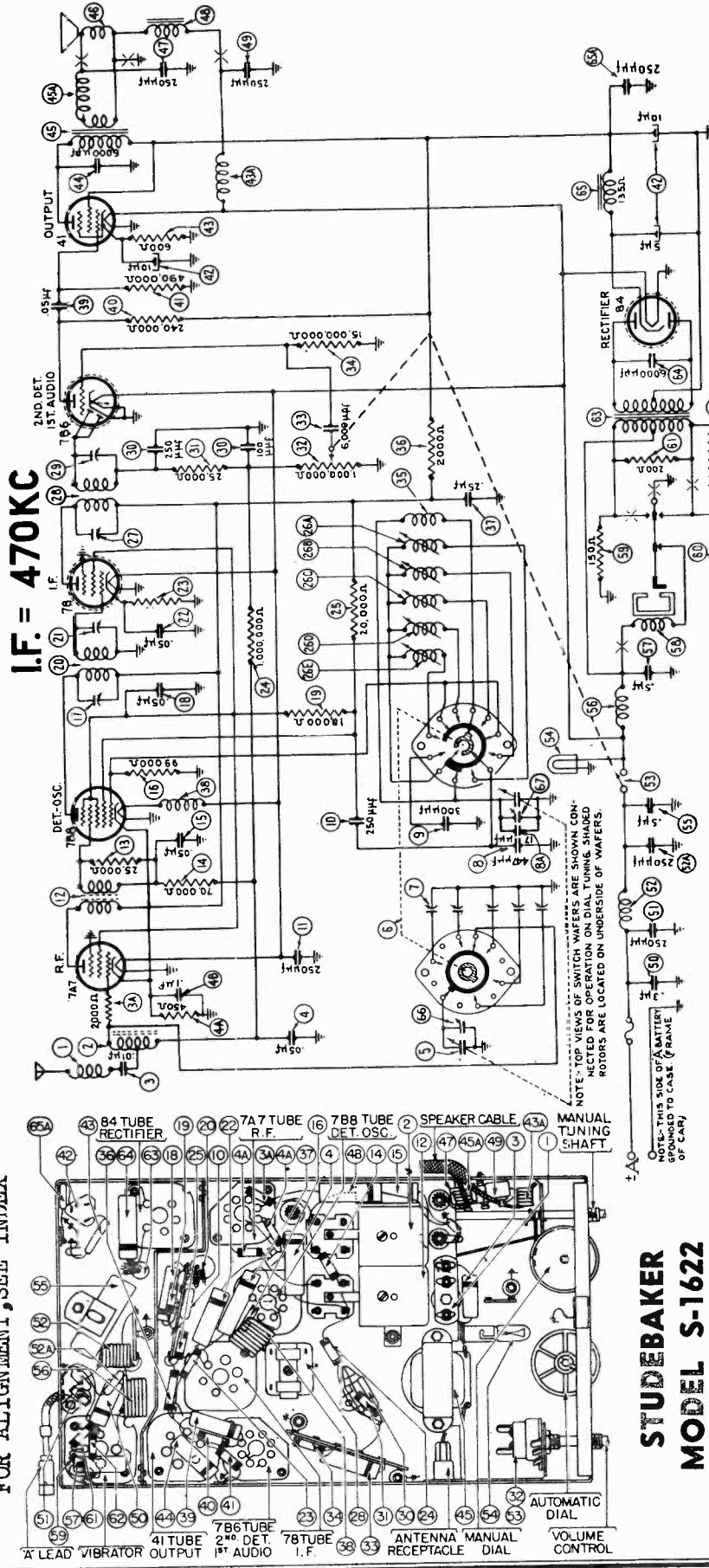
NOTE 2 — Turn the condenser rotor plates completely out of mesh as far as they will go.
 NOTE 3 — Rock the tuning condenser while adjusting the low frequency paddler. Tune the condenser to the signal and adjust the paddler for maximum output. Rotate the tuning condenser back and forth slightly for maximum output. Then readjust the paddler for maximum output. Repeat this procedure until no further improvement is noticed.

NOTE 4 — When the antenna stage adjustment is made with the Radio installed in the car, the Radio antenna lead must be connected to the car antenna in the usual manner. Connect the signal generator output lead to a wire placed near the car antenna but not connected to it.

PHILCO RADIO & TELEV. CORP.

MODEL S-1622

Studebaker Schematic, Chassis Parts



I.F. = 470KC

MARCH, 1939

No.	Description	Part No.	Description	Part No.
1	Antenna Choke	65-0102	Condenser (6,000 mmfd.)	61-0052
2	Antenna Transformer	65-0115	Filter Choke	65-0150
3	Resistor (.05 mfd.)	61-0014	Condenser (250 mmfd.)	61-0083
4	Resistor (2,000 ohms)	33-220337	First Padder (on Tun. Cond.)	61-0083
5	Resistor (.05 mfd.)	65-0148	Second Padder (on Tun. Cond.)	61-0083
6	Resistor (450 ohms)	33-145438	Drive Cord	65-0413
7	Resistor (.1 mfd.)	65-0149	Dial Disc and Drive Assy.	65-0197
8	Tuning Condenser	63-0028	Automatic Dial	61-0193
9	Water Switch	412-1023	Tuning and Volume Knob	61-0193
10	Antenna Padder Assy.	77-0242	Mounting Bracket	61-0193
11	Silver Mica Condenser	61-0047	Fuse	45-2539
12	Condenser (.17 mmfd.)	61-0059	Lead	65-0032
13	Silver Mica Condenser	61-0003	Complete Speaker	30-4002
14	Condenser (250 mmfd.)	61-1038	Distributor Resistor	33-1196
15	R. F. Transformer	65-0114	Fuse Gauge Resistor	77-0385
16	Resistor (25,000 ohms)	33-325337	Steering Post Mfg. Strap	77-0385
17	Resistor (70,000 ohms)	33-370337	Bolt	77-0045FA3
18	Condenser (.05 mfd.)	65-0147		
19	Resistor (99,000 ohms)	33-394937		
20	Condenser (25,000 ohms)	33-220337		
21	Volume Control	65-0134		
22	Resistor (2,000 ohms)	33-220437		
23	Resistor (1,000 ohms)	33-210337		
24	Resistor (1,000 ohms)	33-510337		
25	Oscillator Transformer	65-0136		
26	Oscillator Transformer	65-0136		
27	Oscillator Transformer	65-0138		
28	Oscillator Transformer	65-0139		
29	Padder (Pri. 2nd I. F. Trans.)	65-0149		
30	Padder (Sec. 2nd I. F. Trans.)	65-0149		
31	Condenser	(100—250 mmfd.)		
32	Resistor (1,000 ohms)	33-210337		
33	Resistor (1,000 ohms)	33-210337		
34	Resistor (1,000 ohms)	33-210337		
35	Resistor (1,000 ohms)	33-210337		
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40	Resistor (1,000 ohms)	33-210337		
41	Resistor (1,000 ohms)	33-210337		
42	Resistor (1,000 ohms)	33-210337		
43	Resistor (1,000 ohms)	33-210337		
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45	Resistor (1,000 ohms)	33-210337		
46	Resistor (1,000 ohms)	33-210337		
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53	Resistor (1,000 ohms)	33-210337		
54	Resistor (1,000 ohms)	33-210337		
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96	Resistor (1,000 ohms)	33-210337		
97	Resistor (1,000 ohms)	33-210337		
98	Resistor (1,000 ohms)	33-210337		
99	Resistor (1,000 ohms)	33-210337		
100	Resistor (1,000 ohms)	33-210337		

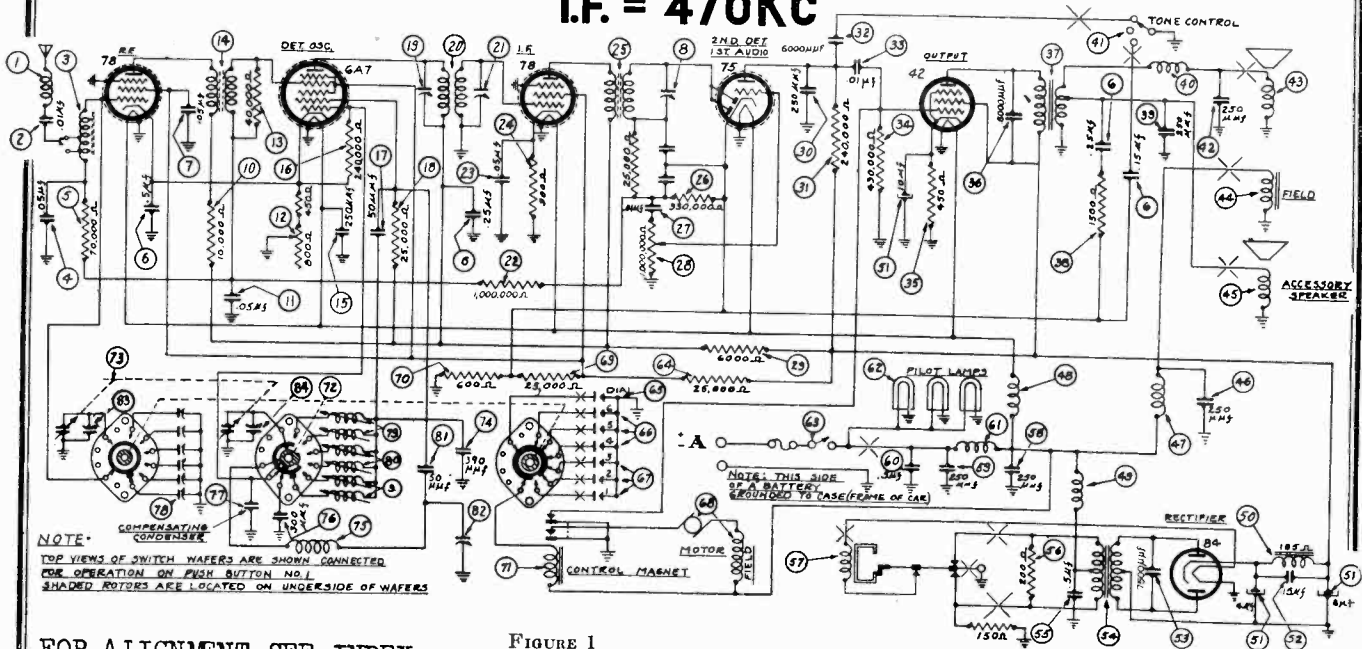
FOR ALIGNMENT, SEE INDEX

STUDEBAKER MODEL S-1622

MODEL P-1630 Packard
Schematic, Chassis
Parts

PHILCO RADIO & TELEV. CORP.

I.F. = 470KC



FOR ALIGNMENT, SEE INDEX

FIGURE 1

PARTS LIST

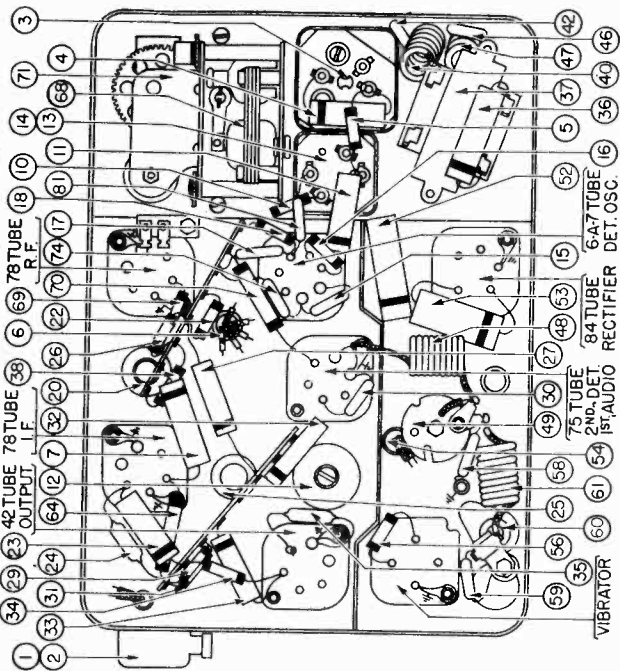
No.	Description	Part No.
1	Antenna Choke	32-1956
2	Condenser (.01 mfd.)	61-0014
3	Antenna Transformer	65-0008
4	Condenser (.05 mfd.)	30-4569
5	Resistor (70,000 ohms)	33-370337
6	Condenser (.15-.25-.5 mfd.)	61-0013
7	Condenser (.05 mfd.)	30-4123
8	Padder (Sec. 2nd I. F. Trans.)	
9	Oscillator Transformers (High Freq.)	65-0004
10	Resistor (10,000 ohms)	33-310337
11	Condenser (.05 mfd.)	30-4444
12	Sensitivity Control (1,250 ohms)	33-5264-4
13	Resistor (40,000 ohms)	33-310337
14	R. F. Transformers	65-0009
15	Condenser (250 mmfd.)	30-1032
16	Resistor (240,000 ohms)	33-124337
17	Condenser (50 mmfd.)	30-1101
18	Resistor (25,000 ohms)	33-325337
19	Padder (Pri. 1st I. F. Trans.)	
20	First I. F. Transformer	65-0002
21	Padder (Sec. 1st I. F. Trans.)	
22	Resistor (1,000,000 ohms)	33-510337
23	Condenser (.05 mfd.)	30-4569
24	Resistor (900 ohms)	33-190438
25	Second I. F. Transformer	65-0003
26	Resistor (330,000 ohms)	33-433337
27	Condenser (.01 mfd.)	30-4479
28	Volume Control (1,000,000 ohms)	67-0002
29	Resistor (6,000 ohms)	33-260337
30	Condenser (250 mmfd.)	30-1032
31	Resistor (240,000 ohms)	33-424337
32	Condenser (6,000 mmfd.)	30-4504
33	Condenser (.01 mfd.)	30-4501
34	Resistor (490,000 ohms)	33-449337
35	Resistor (450 ohms)	33-145438
36	Condenser (6,000 mmfd.)	30-4024
37	Output Transformer	65-0024
38	Resistor (1,500 ohms)	33-215337
39	Condenser (250 mmfd.)	30-1032
40	Choke	32-1374
41	Tone Control Switch	77-0026

No.	Description	Part No.
42	Condenser (250 mmfd.)	30-1032
43	Cone & Voice Coil	91-0047
44	Field Coil Assembly..Not Replaceable	
45	Accessory Speaker	36-1384
46	Condenser (250 mmfd.)	30-1032
47	Choke	32-2657
48	Filament Choke	32-1604
49	Vibrator Choke	32-2537
50	Filter Choke	65-0022
51	Filter Condenser (4-8-10 mfd.)	61-0012
52	Condenser (.15 mfd.)	30-4571
53	Condenser (7,500 mmfd.)	30-4567
54	Power Transformer	65-0010
55	Condenser (.5 mfd.)	30-4565
56	Resistor (200 ohms)	33-120337
57	Vibrator	41-3170
58	Condenser (250 mmfd.)	30-1032
59	Condenser (250 mmfd.)	30-1032
60	Condenser (.5 mfd.)	30-4474
61	"A" Choke	32-1644
62	Pilot Lamp	34-2040
63	On-Off Switch	85-0009
64	Resistor (25,000 ohms)	33-325337
65	Padder & Bracket Assembly	77-0017
66	Push Button Switch	77-0021
67	Push Button Switch	77-0024
68	Motor	83-0001
69	Resistor (25,000 ohms)	33-325337
70	Resistor (600 ohms)	33-160438
71	Motor & Relay Assembly	77-0178
72	Switch Mechanism Assembly	77-0034
73	Tuning Condenser	63-0003
74	Silver Cap Condenser (390 mmfd.)	61-0031
75	Oscillator Transformer	65-0007
76	Silver Cap Condenser (300 mmfd.)	61-0003
77	Thermal Compensating Condenser	61-0011
78	Antenna Padders	77-0017
79	Oscillator Transformer (Low Freq.)	65-0006
80	Oscillator Transformer (Medium Freq.)	65-0005



IMPORTANT

NOTE: IS UNDER CARRIAGE OR ROOF ANTENNA IS USED REMOVE THE HEAD FROM THE BLACK TERMINAL AND TIGHTEN UNDER THE RED TERMINAL TIGHTEN BOTH SCREWS



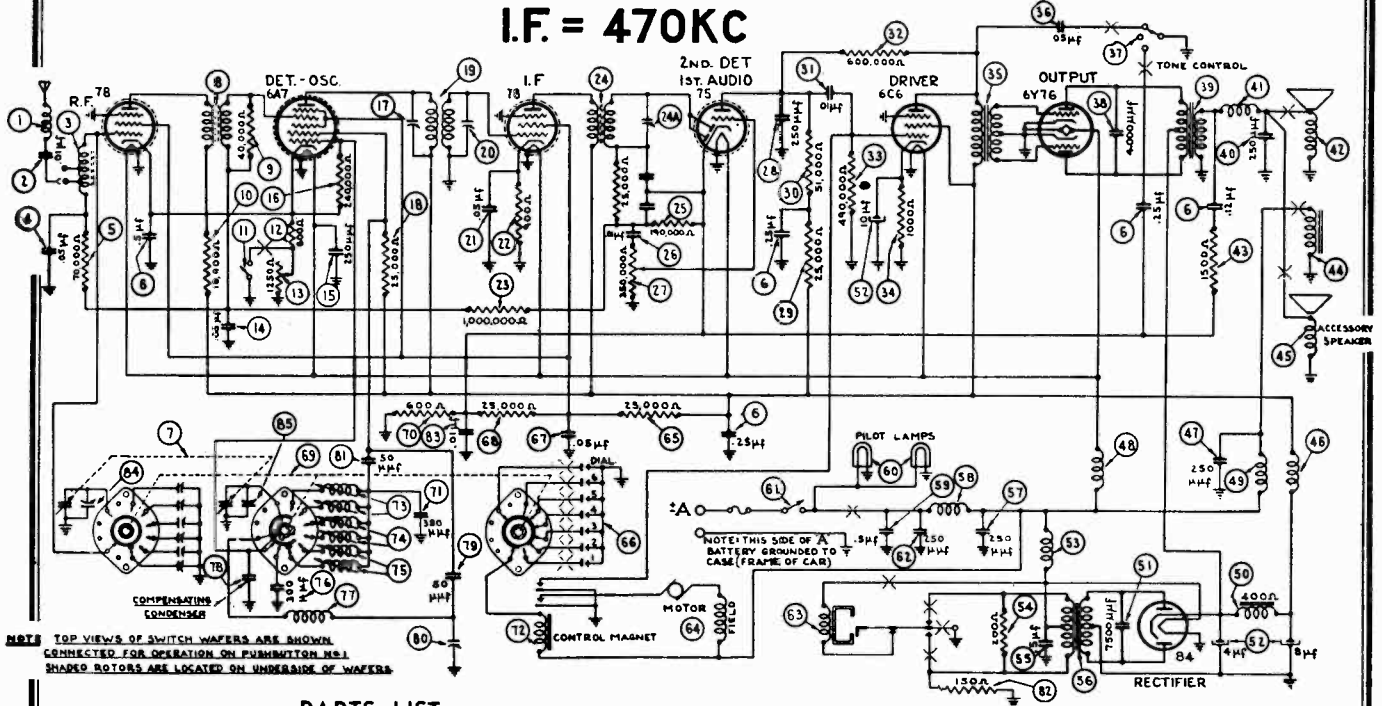
No.	Description	Part No.
81	Condenser (50 mmfd.)	30-1101
82	Low Frequency Padder	31-6230
83	First Padder on Tun. Cond.	
84	Second Padder on Tun. Cond.	
85	Interference Condenser	30-4007
86	Interference Condenser	30-4475
87	Distributor Resistor	33-1196
88	Push Buttons	85-0027

No.	Description	Part No.
89	Return to Dial Switch	77-0025
90	Tone Control Switch	77-0026
91	On-Off Switch	85-0009
92	Tuning & Volume Knob	27-4687
93	Knob Base	28-4184
94	"T" Bolt (Rec. Mtg.)	28-6268
95	Nuts (Rec. Mtg.)	W518
96	Call Letter Kit	81-0018

SEPTEMBER, 1938

MODEL P-1635 Packard
PHILCO RADIO & TELEV. CORP. Schematic, Chassis
 Parts

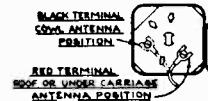
I.F. = 470KC



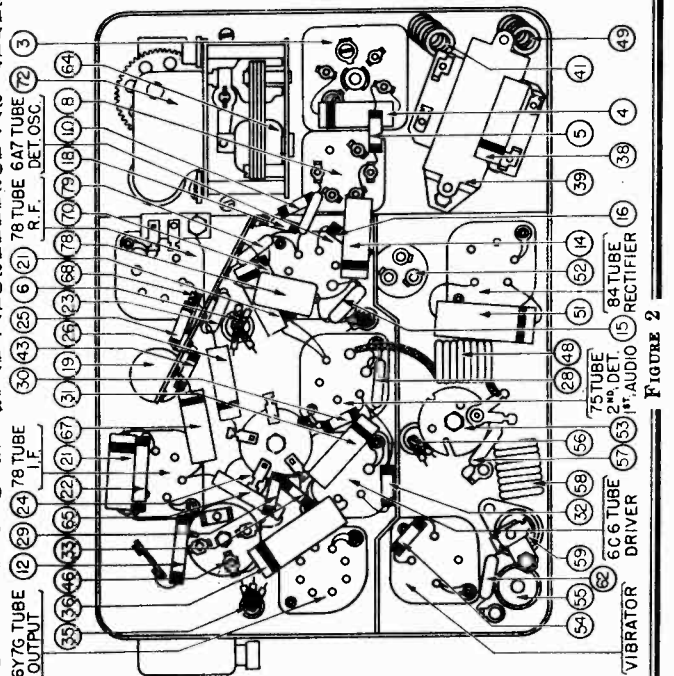
PARTS LIST

No.	Description	Part No.
1	Antenna Choke	32-1956
2	Condenser (.01 mfd.)	61-0014
3	Antenna Transformer	65-0008
4	Condenser (.05 mfd.)	30-4569
5	Resistor (70,000 ohms)	33-370337
6	Condenser (12-25-25-.5 mfd.)	61-0019
7	Tuning Condenser	63-0003
8	R. F. Transformer	65-0009
9	Resistor (40,000 ohms)	33-339137
10	Resistor (10,000 ohms)	33-310337
11	Local-Distant Switch	42-1429
12	Resistor (600 ohms)	33-160438
13	Sensitivity Control (1,250 ohms)	33-5248-4
14	Condenser (.05 mfd.)	30-4444
15	Condenser (250 mmfd.)	30-1032
16	Resistor (240,000 ohms)	33-42433
17	Padder (Pri. 1st I. F. Trans.)	33-325337
18	Resistor (25,000 ohms)	33-325337
19	First I. F. Transformer	65-0002
20	Padder (Sec. 1st I. F. Trans.)	30-4569
21	Condenser (.05 mfd.)	30-4569
22	Resistor (900 ohms)	33-190438
23	Resistor (1,000,000 ohms)	33-510337
24	Second I. F. Transformer	65-0003
25	Padder (Sec. 2nd I. F. Trans.)	33-419337
26	Resistor (190,000 ohms)	33-419337
27	Condenser (.01 mfd.)	30-4479
28	Volume Control (350,000 ohms)	67-0005
29	Condenser (250 mmfd.)	30-1032
30	Resistor (25,000 ohms)	33-325337
31	Resistor (51,000 ohms)	33-351337
32	Condenser (.01 mfd.)	30-4501
33	Resistor (800,000 ohms)	33-460337
34	Resistor (490,000 ohms)	33-449337
35	Resistor (1,000 ohms)	33-210337
36	Input Transformer	32-7779
37	Condenser (.05 mfd.)	30-4012
38	Tone Control Switch	42-1430
39	Condenser (4,000 mmfd.)	30-4185
40	Output Transformer	32-7778
41	Condenser (250 mmfd.)	30-1032
42	Choke	32-1604

No.	Description	Part No.
43	Cone and Voice Coil	91-0048
44	Resistor (1,500 ohms)	33-215337
45	Field Coil	Not Replaceable
46	Accessory Speaker	73-0019
47	"B" Choke	32-1281
48	Condenser (250 mmfd.)	30-1032
49	Filament Choke	32-1604
50	Choke	32-2657
51	Filter Choke	32-7811
52	Condenser (7,500 mmfd.)	30-4567
53	Filter Condenser (4-8-10 mfd.)	61-0012
54	Vibrator Choke	32-2537
55	Resistor (290 ohms)	32-120337
56	Condenser (.5 mfd.)	30-4474
57	Power Transformer	32-7720
58	Condenser (250 mmfd.)	30-1032
59	"A" Choke	32-1644
60	Condenser (.5 mfd.)	30-4474
61	Pilot Lamp	34-2064
62	On-Off Switch	42-1374
63	Condenser (250 mmfd.)	30-1032
64	Vibrator	41-3170
65	Motor	83-0001
66	Resistor (25,000 ohms)	33-325437
67	Push Button Switch	85-0017
68	Condenser (.05 mfd.)	30-4444
69	Resistor (25,000 ohms)	33-325337
70	Rotary Switch Assembly	77-0174
71	Resistor (600 ohms)	33-160438
72	Silver Cap Condenser (390 mmfd.)	61-0031
73	Motor and Relay Assembly	77-0178
74	Oscillator Transformer (Low Freq.)	65-0006
75	Oscillator Transformer (Med. Freq.)	65-0005
76	Oscillator Transformer (High Freq.)	65-0004
77	Silver Cap Condenser (300 mmfd.)	61-0003
78	Oscillator Transformer	65-0007
79	Thermal Comp. Condenser	61-0011
80	Condenser (50 mmfd.)	30-1101
81	Low Frequency Padder	31-6230
82	Condenser (50 mmfd.)	30-1101



IMPORTANT
 NOTE: IF COIL ANTENNA IS USED REMOVE THE LEAD FROM THE RED TERMINAL AND PLACE IT UNDER THE BLK TERMINAL TIGHTEN BOTH SCREWS.



No.	Description	Part No.
83	Resistor (150 ohms)	33-115337
84	Condenser (.01 mfd.)	30-4479
85	First Padder (on Tun. Cond.)	Part of 28
86	Second Padder (on Tun. Cond.)	Part of 28
87	Resistor (25,000 ohms)	33-325337
88	Antenna Padder Assembly	77-0017
89	Interference Condenser	30-4007
90	Interference Condenser	30-4475
91	Distributor Suppressor	32-2250
92	Push Button	55-0021
93	Return to Manual Button	55-0096

No.	Description	Part No.
94	Tuning and Volume Knob	27-4687
95	Return to Dial Switch	Part of 28
96	Switch Knob	28-7255
97	Call Letter Kit	81-0024
98	"T" Bolt (Set Mtg.)	28-6161
99	Nut (Set Mtg.)	W518
100	Stud (Speaker Mtg.)	28-6088
101	Nut (Speaker Mtg.)	W55
102	Dial Face Glass	55-0014
103	Pointer	57-0238

DECEMBER 20, 1938

MODEL P-1635 Packard
 Socket, Trimmers
 Alignment

PHILCO RADIO & TELEV. CORP.

ADJUSTMENTS

All padding adjustments are carefully made at the factory and ordinarily no readjustments are necessary. However, when readjustments are required, the procedure given below must be followed in detail.

Equipment — Fully charged heavy duty storage battery or 6-volt power pack, 077 or 177 Philco Set Tester, 27-7159 Padding screw driver.

General — The output meter must be connected by means of an adapter to the plate of the type 6Y7G output tube and to the Radio chassis.

With the Radio and signal generator set up for operation at the prescribed frequency, turn the Radio volume control on full and set the signal generator attenuator so that a half scale reading is obtained on the output meter. The signal in the speaker should be audible but not loud.

The shielding on the generator output lead must be connected to the Radio housing.

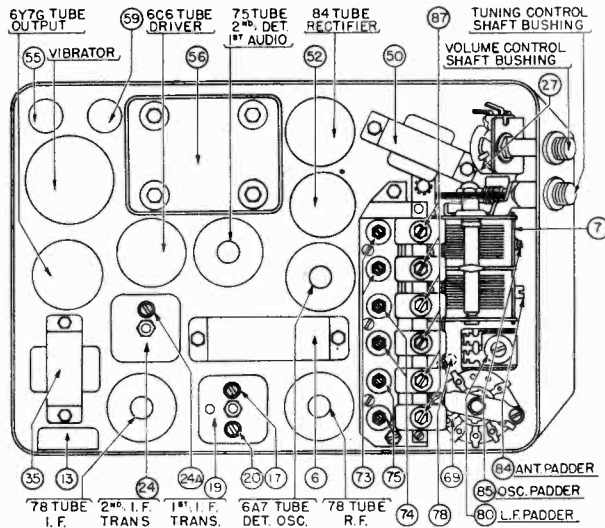


FIGURE 3

OPERATION	SIGNAL GENERATOR		DUMMY CAPACITY	SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS	ADJUST PADDER
	FREQUENCY	CONNECTION			
1				Press the return to dial button until stations can be tuned in by manual tuning.	
2	470 K.C.	To Grid of 6A7 Tube	.1 Mfd.	Turn Tuning Condenser Plates Out of Mesh as Far as They Will Go.	24A 20 17
3	1580 K.C.	To Antenna Receptacle on Radio	*250 Mmfd. See Note 1	Note 2	85
4	1400 K.C.	To Antenna Receptacle on Radio	*250 Mmfd. See Note 1	Set Tuning Condenser at 1400 K. C.	84 Note 4
5	580 K.C.	To Antenna Receptacle on Radio	*250 Mmfd. See Note 1	Set Tuning Condenser at 580 K. C.	80 Note 3
6	1580 K.C.	To Antenna Receptacle on Radio	*250 Mmfd. See Note 1	Note 2	85
7	1400 K.C.	To Antenna Receptacle on Radio	*250 Mmfd. See Note 1	Set Tuning Condenser at 1400 K. C.	84 Note 4

Make all adjustments for maximum reading on the output meter.

NOTE 1 — Connect the antenna lead, Part No. 41-3191, to the antenna receptacle in the radio. Connect a 250 Mmfd. Condenser in series between the signal generator and the antenna lead.

Special Note — When the roof or undercarriage antenna is used follow the above procedure. Be sure the lead to the antenna transformer is connected to the red terminal of the Antenna Transformer.

*When the cowl antenna is used, connect the antenna lead, Part No. L-2765, to the antenna receptacle in the Radio. Connect a 20 mmfd. condenser in series with the signal generator and the antenna lead. Be sure the lead to the antenna transformer is connected to the black terminal of the antenna transformer.

NOTE 2 — Turn the condenser rotor plates completely out of mesh as far as they will go.

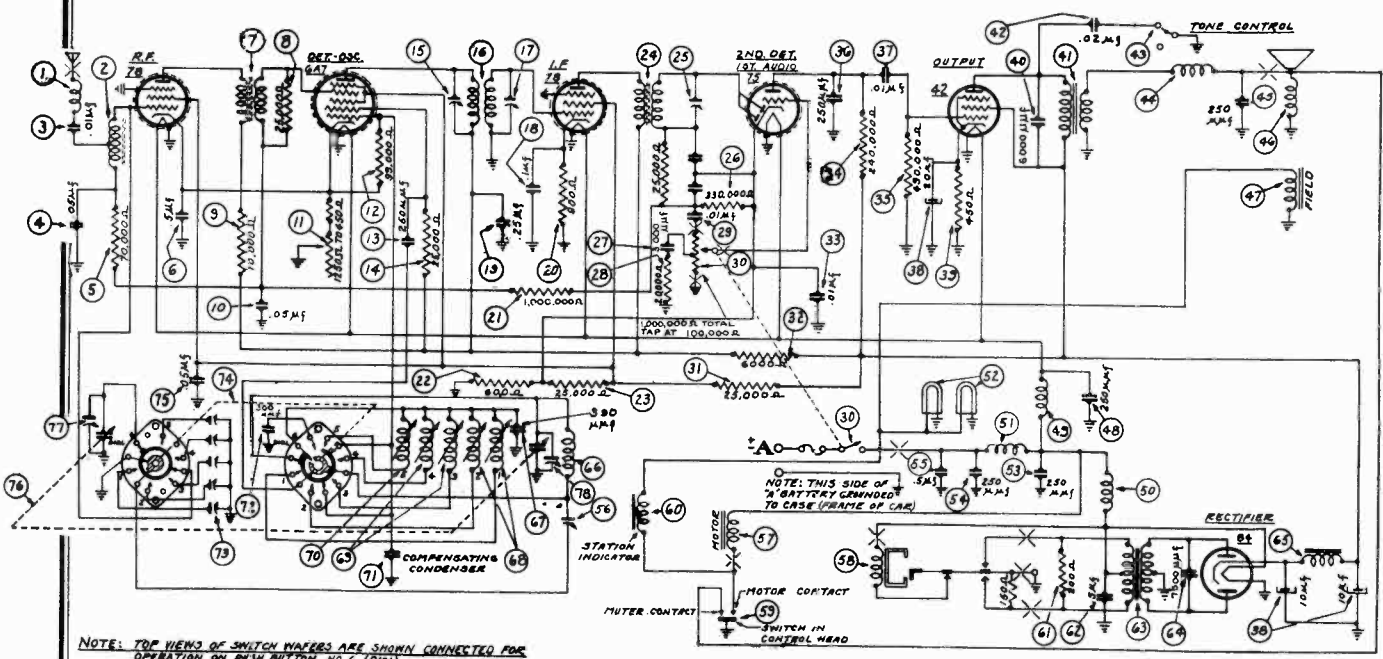
NOTE 3 — Rock the tuning condenser while adjusting the low frequency padder. Tune the condenser to the signal and adjust the padder for maximum output. Rotate the tuning condenser back and forth slightly for maximum output. Then readjust the padder for maximum output. Repeat this procedure until no further improvement is noticed.

NOTE 4 — When the antenna stage adjustment is made with the Radio installed in the car, the Radio antenna lead must be connected to the car antenna in the usual manner. Connect the signal generator output lead to a wire placed near the car antenna but not connected to it.

PHILCO RADIO & TELEV. CORP.

MODEL F-1640 Ford
Schematic, Chassis
Parts

I.F. PEAK 470 KC.



NOTE: TOP VIEWS OF SWITCH WAFERS ARE SHOWN CONNECTED FOR OPERATION ON PUSH BUTTON NO. 6 (DIAL). SHADED ROTORS ARE LOCATED ON UNDER SIDE OF WAFERS.

FIGURE 1

FORD MODEL F-1640 TWO UNIT DELUXE CAR RADIO

NOVEMBER, 1938

PARTS LIST

No.	Description	Part No.	No.	Description	Part No.
1	Antenna Choke	32-1956	43	Condenser (.02 mfd.)	30-4495
2	Antenna Transformer	65-0079	44	Tone Control Switch	42-1406
3	Condenser (.01 mfd.)	61-0014	45	Choke	32-1561
4	Condenser (.05 mfd.)	30-4569	46	Condenser (250 mmfd.)	30-1032
5	Resistor (70,000 ohms)	33-370337	47	Cone & Voice Coil	91-0042
6	Condenser (.5 mfd.)	61-0035	48	Field Coil	Not Replaceable
7	R. F. Transformer	65-0083	49	Condenser (250 mmfd.)	30-1032
8	Resistor (25,000 ohms)	33-325337	50	Filament Choke	32-1804
9	Resistor (10,000 ohms)	33-310337	51	Vibrator Choke	32-2537
10	Condenser (.05 mfd.)	30-4444	52	"A" Choke	32-2477
11	Sensitivity Control	33-5264-4	53	Pilot Lamp	34-2040
12	Resistor (99,000 ohms)	33-399337	54	Condenser (250 mmfd.)	61-0033
13	Condenser (250 mmfd.)	61-0034	55	Condenser (250 mmfd.)	61-0033
14	Resistor (25,000 ohms)	33-325437	56	Condenser (.5 mfd.)	30-4474
15	Padder (Pri. 1st I. F. Trans.)	65-0002	57	Low Frequency Padder	63-0017
16	First I. F. Transformer	65-0002	58	Impulse Motor	77-0148
17	Padder (Sec. 1st I. F. Trans.)	65-0002	59	Vibrator	41-3398
18	Condenser (.1 mfd.)	30-4122	60	Automatic Control Switch	77-0171
19	Condenser (.25 mfd.)	61-0036	61	Control Mechanism Coll	
20	Resistor (900 ohms)	33-190438	62	Resistor (200 ohms)	33-120347
21	Resistor (1,000,000 ohms)	33-510437	63	Condenser (.5 mfd.)	30-4565
22	Resistor (600 ohms)	33-160438	64	Power Transformer	65-0016
23	Resistor (25,000 ohms)	33-325437	65	Condenser (7,500 mmfd.)	30-4567
24	Second I. F. Transformer	65-0003	66	Filter Choke	65-0022
25	Padder (Sec. 2nd I. F. Trans.)	65-0003	67	Oscillator Transformer	65-0052
26	Resistor (330,000 ohms)	33-433337	68	Silver Cap Condenser (390 mmfd.)	61-0031
27	Condenser (3,000 mmfd.)	30-4469	69	Oscillator Transformer (High Freq.)	65-0049
28	Resistor (20,000 ohms)	33-320337	70	Oscillator Transformer (Med. Freq.)	65-0050
29	Condenser (.1 mfd.)	30-4479	71	Oscillator Transformer (Low Freq.)	65-0051
30	Volume Control (1,000,000 ohms) & On-Off Switch	67-0008	72	Thermal Coupling Condenser	61-0011
31	Resistor (25,000 ohms)	33-325437	73	Silver Cap Condenser (300 mmfd.)	61-0003
32	Resistor (6,000 ohms)	33-260337	74	Antenna Padder Assy.	77-0035
33	Condenser (.01 mfd.)	30-4479	75	Wafer Switch Assy.	77-0185
34	Resistor (240,000 ohms)	33-424337	76	Condenser (.05 mfd.)	30-4569
35	Resistor (490,000 ohms)	33-448347	77	Tuning Condenser	63-0015
36	Condenser (250 mmfd.)	30-1032	78	First Padder (on Tun. Cond.)	
37	Condenser (.01 mfd.)	30-4501	79	Second Padder (on Tun. Cond.)	
38	Filter Condenser (10-10-20 mfd.)	61-0028	80	Call Letter Kit	81-0091
39	Resistor (450 ohms)	33-145437			
40	Condenser (6,000 mmfd.)	30-4024			
41	Output Transformer	65-0077			

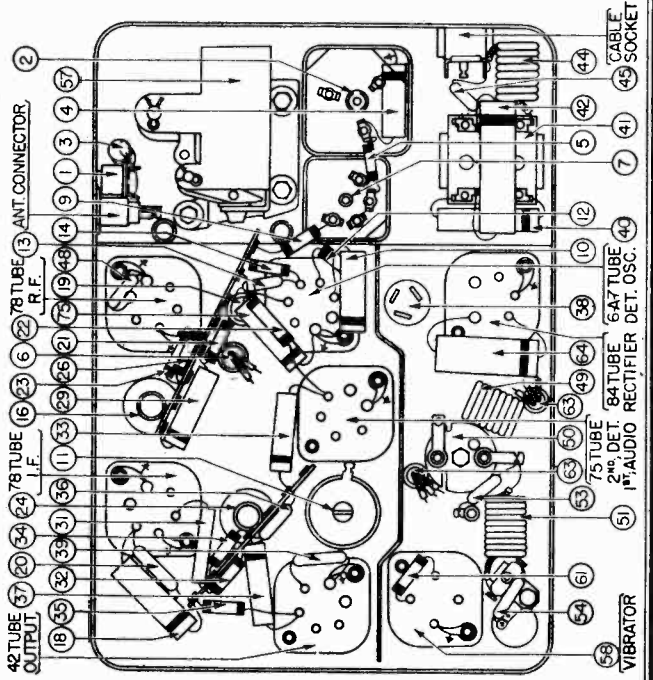


FIGURE 2

Description	Part No.	Description	Part No.
Flexible Shaft	57-0425	"Tee" Bolt (Rec. Mtg.)	23-6161
Dial Assembly	85-0052	Nut (Rec. Mtg.)	W518
Push Button Knob	55-0196	Hook Bolt (Control Mtg.)	97-0043
Tuning Control Knob	55-0234	Nut (Control Mtg.)	97-0048
Volume Control Knob	55-0235	Antenna Lead	95-0063

The letter "P" is stamped on the left end of the housing near the top cover on all Ford Philco Model F-1640 Radios.

MODEL F-1640 Ford
Socket, Trimmers
Alignment

PHILCO RADIO & TELEV. CORP.

Make all adjustments for maximum reading on the output meter.

- NOTE 1 — Connect the antenna lead, Part No. 95-0063, to the antenna receptacle in the radio. Connect a 30 Mmfd. Condenser in series between the signal generator and the antenna lead.
- NOTE 2 — Turn the condenser rotor plates completely out of mesh as far as they will go.
- NOTE 3 — Rock the tuning condenser while adjusting the low frequency padder. Tune the condenser to the signal and adjust the padder for maximum output. Rotate the tuning condenser back and forth slightly for maximum output. Then readjust the padder for maximum output. Repeat this procedure until no further improvement is noticed.
- NOTE 4 — When the antenna stage adjustment is made with the Radio installed in the car, the Radio antenna lead must be connected to the car antenna in the usual manner. Connect the signal generator output lead to a wire placed near the car antenna but not connected to it.

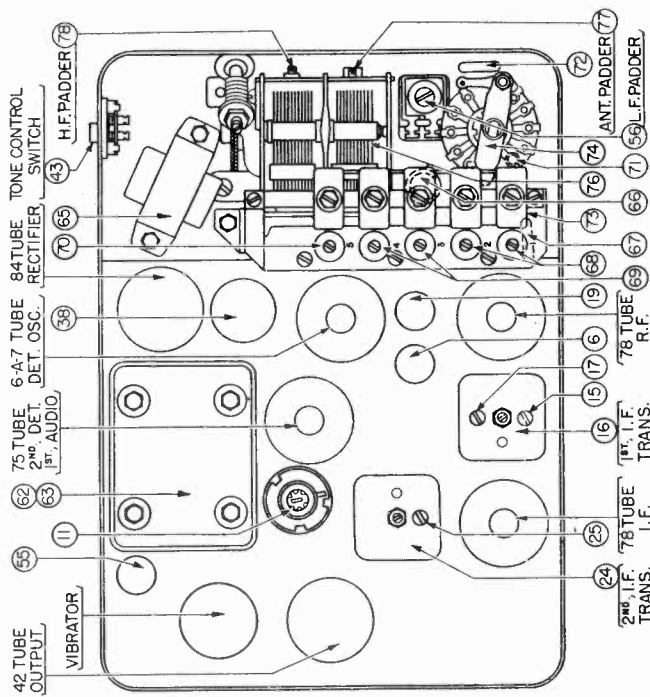


FIGURE 3

ADJUSTMENTS

All padding adjustments are carefully made at the factory and ordinarily no readjustments are necessary. However, when readjustments are required, the procedure given below must be followed in detail.

Equipment — Fully charged heavy duty storage battery or 6-volt power pack, 048A or 099 Philco Set Tester, 27-7159 Padding screw driver.

General — The output meter must be connected by means of an adapter to the plate of the type 42 output tube and to the Radio chassis.

With the Radio and signal generator set up for operation at the prescribed frequency, turn the Radio volume control on full and set the signal generator attenuator so that a half scale reading is obtained on the output meter. The signal in the speaker should be audible but not loud.

The shielding on the generator output lead must be connected to the Radio housing.

OPERATION	SIGNAL GENERATOR		DUMMY CAPACITY	SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS	ADJUST PADDER
	FREQUENCY	CONNECTION			
1		Press the Automatic Station Selector button until "DIAL" appears in the window and stations can be tuned in by Manual Tuning		Turn Tuning Condenser Plates Out of Mesh as Far as They Will Go.	25 15 17
2	470 K.C.	To Grid of 6A7 Tube	.5 Mfd.	Note 2	73
3	1580 K.C.	To Antenna Receptacle on Radio	30 Mmfd. See Note 1	Set Tuning Condenser at 1400 K.C.	77 Note 4
4	1400 K.C.	To Antenna Receptacle on Radio	30 Mmfd. See Note 1	Set Tuning Condenser at 580 K.C.	26 Note 3
5	580 K.C.	To Antenna Receptacle on Radio	30 Mmfd. See Note 1	Note 2	73
6	1580 K.C.	To Antenna Receptacle on Radio	30 Mmfd. See Note 1	Set Tuning Condenser at 1400 K.C.	77 Note 4
7	1400 K.C.	To Antenna Receptacle on Radio	30 Mmfd. See Note 1		

PHILCO RADIO & TELEV. CORP.

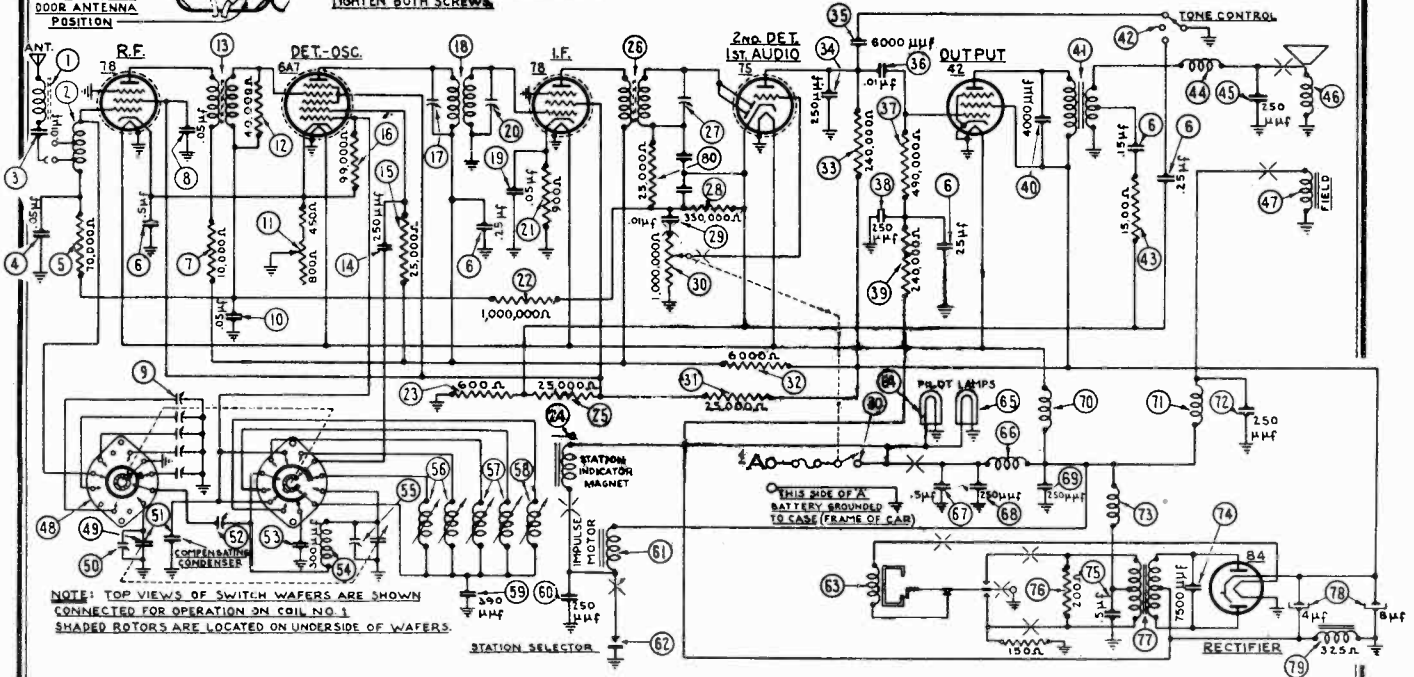
MODEL L-1660
Lincoln Zephyr
Schematic, Chassis
Parts

I.F. = 470KC.

BLACK TERMINAL
COWL ANTENNA
POSITION



NOTE:
IF COWL ANTENNA IS USED REMOVE THE
LEAD FROM THE RED TERMINAL AND
PLACE IT UNDER THE BLACK TERMINAL.
TIGHTEN BOTH SCREWS.

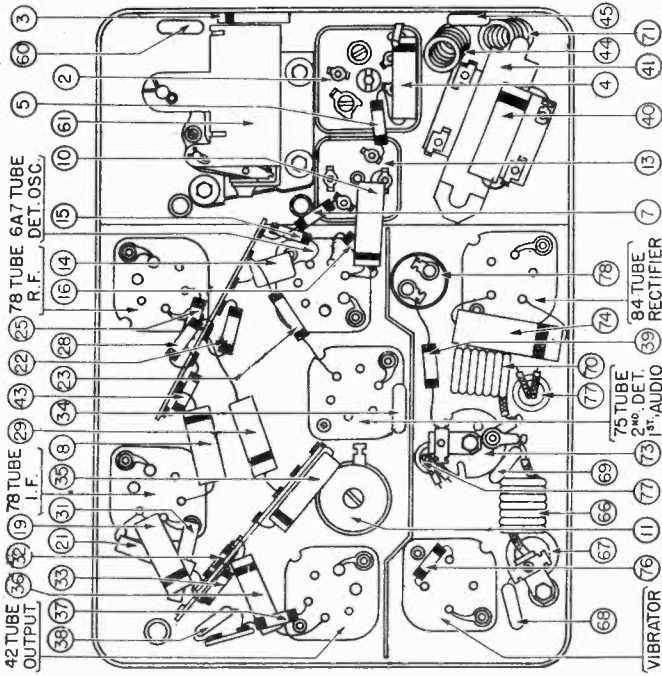


PARTS LIST

FIGURE 1

No.	Description	Part No.	No.	Description	Part No.
1	Antenna Choke	65-0062	33	Resistor (1,500 ohms)	33-215337
2	Antenna Transformer	65-0063	34	Choke	32-1374
3	Condenser (.01 mfd.)	61-0014	35	Condenser (250 mmfd.)	30-1032
4	Condenser (.05 mfd.)	30-4569	36	Cone and Voice Coil Kit	91-0053
5	Resistor (70,000 ohms)	33-370337	37	Field Coil	Not Replaceable
6	Condenser (.15-.25-.25-.5 mfd.)	61-0024	38	Wafer Switch	77-0203
7	Resistor (10,000 ohms)	33-310337	39	Tuning Condenser	63-0012
8	Condenser (.05 mfd.)	30-4444	40	First Padder (on Tun. Cond.)	
9	Antenna Padder Assembly	77-0035	41	Thermel Compensating Cond.	61-0011
10	Condenser (.05 mfd.)	30-4444	42	Low Frequency Padder	63-0017
11	Sensitivity Control	33-5264-4	43	Silver Cap Condenser (300 mmfd.)	61-0003
12	Resistor (40,000 ohms)	33-339137	44	Oscillator Transformer	65-0052
13	R. F. Transformer	65-0009	45	Second Padder (on Tun. Cond.)	
14	Condenser (250 mmfd.)	30-1032	46	Oscillator Trans. (High Freq.)	65-0049
15	Resistor (25,000 ohms)	33-325337	47	Oscillator Trans. (Med. Freq.)	65-0050
16	Resistor (99,000 ohms)	33-399337	48	Oscillator Trans. (Low Freq.)	65-0051
17	Padder (Pri. 1st I. F. Trans.)		49	Silver Cap Condenser (390 mmfd.)	61-0031
18	First I. F. Transformer	65-0002	50	Condenser (250 mmfd.)	30-1032
19	Condenser (.05 mfd.)	30-4569	51	Impulse Motor	77-0120
20	Padder (Sec. 1st I. F. Trans.)		52	Station Indicator Switch	85-0041
21	Resistor (900 ohms)	33-190438	53	Vibrator	41-3170
22	Resistor (1,000,000 ohms)	33-510337	54	Pilot Lamp	34-2039
23	Resistor (600 ohms)	33-160438	55	Pilot Lamp	34-2040
24	Solenoid		56	"A" Choke	32-1644
25	Resistor (25,000 ohms)	33-325337	57	Condenser (.5 mfd.)	30-4474
26	Second I. F. Transformer	65-0003	58	Condenser (250 mmfd.)	30-1032
27	Padder (Sec. 2nd I. F. Trans.)		59	Condenser (250 mmfd.)	30-1032
28	Resistor (330,000 ohms)	33-433337	60	Filament Choke	32-1604
29	Condenser (.01 mfd.)	30-4479	61	Choke	32-2657
30	Volume Control (1,000,000 ohms) and On-Off Switch	67-0009	62	Condenser (250 mmfd.)	30-1032
31	Resistor (25,000 ohms)	33-325337	63	Vibrator Choke	32-2812
32	Resistor (6,000 ohms)	33-260337	64	Condenser (7,500 mmfd.)	30-4567
33	Resistor (240,000 ohms)	33-424337	65	Condenser (.5 mfd.)	30-4565
34	Condenser (250 mmfd.)	30-1032	66	Resistor (200 ohms)	33-120367
35	Condenser (6,000 mmfd.)	30-4504	67	Power Transformer	65-0016
36	Condenser (.01 mfd.)	30-4501	68	Filter Condenser (4-8 mfd.)	30-2295
37	Resistor (490,000 ohms)	33-449337	69	Filter Choke	32-7910
38	Condenser (250 mmfd.)	30-1032	70	Resistor (25,000 ohms)	33-325337
39	Resistor (240,000 ohms)	33-424337	71	Scale Assembly	85-0040
40	Condenser (4,000 mmfd.)	30-4185	72	Tuning Control Knob	55-0179
41	Output Transformer	65-0024			
42	Tone Control Switch	85-0042			

FIGURE 2



No.	Description	Part No.	No.	Description	Part No.
73	Interference Condenser	30-4663	76	"T" Bolt (Rec. Mtg.)	28-6641
74	Interference Condenser	30-4181	77	Nut (Rec. Mtg.)	57-0489
75	Interference Condenser	30-4404	78	Bolt (Spker. Mtg.)	W1721
76	Interference Condenser	30-4307	79	Nut (Spker. Mtg.)	W317
				Automatic Station Selector Drum	55-0197

DECEMBER 1, 1938

MODEL L-1660

Socket, Trimmers

PHILCO RADIO & TELEV. CORP.

Make all adjustments for maximum reading on the output meter.

NOTE 1 — Connect the antenna lead, Part No. 41-3191, to the antenna receptacle in the radio. Connect a 800 Mmfd. Condenser in series between the signal generator and the antenna lead.

Special Note: — When the tire compartment door antenna is used follow the above procedure. Be sure the lead to the antenna transformer is connected to the red terminal of the Antenna Transformer.

*When the cowl antenna is used, connect the antenna lead, Part No. 41-3191, to the antenna receptacle in the Radio. No dummy capacity is necessary. Be sure the lead to the antenna transformer is connected to the black terminal of the antenna transformer.

NOTE 2 — Turn the condenser rotor plates completely out of mesh as far as they will go.

NOTE 3 — Rock the tuning condenser while adjusting the low frequency padder. Tune the condenser to the signal and adjust the padder for maximum output. Rotate the tuning condenser back and forth slightly for maximum output. Then readjust the padder for maximum output. Repeat this procedure until no further improvement is noticed.

NOTE 4 — When the antenna stage adjustment is made with the Radio installed in the car, the Radio antenna lead must be connected to the car antenna in the usual manner. Connect the signal generator output lead to a wire placed near the car antenna but not connected to it.

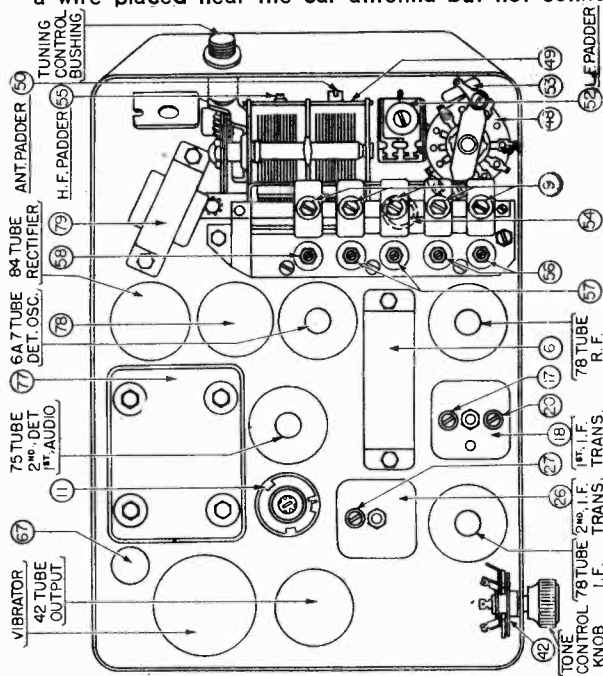


FIGURE 3

ADJUSTMENTS

All padding adjustments are carefully made at the factory and ordinarily no readjustments are necessary. However, when readjustments are required, the procedure given below must be followed in detail.

Equipment — Fully charged heavy duty shortage battery or 6-volt power pack, 048A or 099 Philco Set Tester, 27-7159 Padding screw driver.

General — The output meter must be connected by means of an adapter to the plate of the type 42 output tube and to the Radio chassis.

With the Radio and signal generator set up for operation at the prescribed frequency, turn the Radio volume control on full and set the signal generator attenuator so that a half scale reading is obtained on the output meter. The signal in the speaker should be audible but not loud.

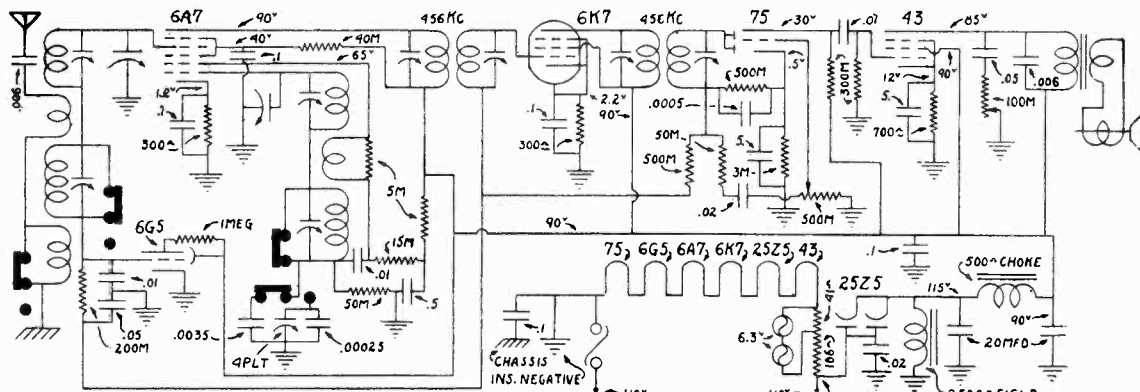
The shielding on the generator output lead must be connected to the Radio housing.

OPERATION	SIGNAL GENERATOR CONNECTION		DUMMY CAPACITY	SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS	ADJUST PADDER
	FREQUENCY	CONNECTION			
1		Press the Automatic Station Selector button until "DIAL" appears in the window and stations can be tuned in by Manual Tuning.		Turn Tuning Condenser Plates Out of Mesh as Far as They Will Go.	27 28 29 30 31
2	470 K.C.	To Grid of 6A7 Tube	.1 Mfd. *800 Mmfd. See Note 1	Note 2	35
3	1580 K.C.	To Antenna Receptacle on Radio	*800 Mmfd. See Note 1	Set Tuning Condenser at 1400 K.C.	36 Note 4
4	1400 K.C.	To Antenna Receptacle on Radio	*800 Mmfd. See Note 1	Set Tuning Condenser at 580 K.C.	36 Note 3
5	580 K.C.	To Antenna Receptacle on Radio	*800 Mmfd. See Note 1	Note 2	36
6	1580 K.C.	To Antenna Receptacle on Radio	*800 Mmfd. See Note 1	Set Tuning Condenser at 1400 K.C.	36 Note 4
7	1400 K.C.	To Antenna Receptacle on Radio	*800 Mmfd. See Note 1		

MODEL 930
Wireless Record Player
Schematic

PILGRIM ELECTRIC CORP.

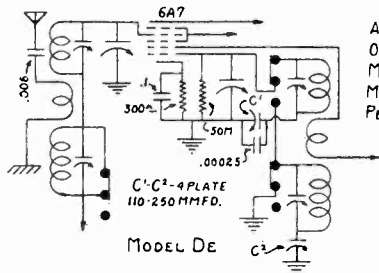
MODELS D, DE
MODELS GH, GHE
Schematics, Voltage



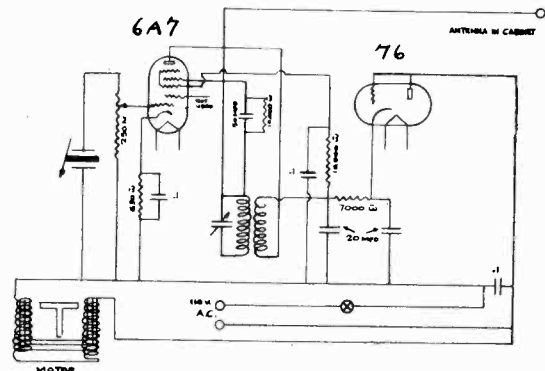
ALL OTHER CONSTANTS ON MODEL DE SAME AS MODEL D. ALL VOLTAGES MEASURED WITH 1000^Ω PER VOLT METER.

MODEL D 426,001 AND UP. IF PEAK 456 KC

Pilgrim Model 930 Electric Wireless Record Player



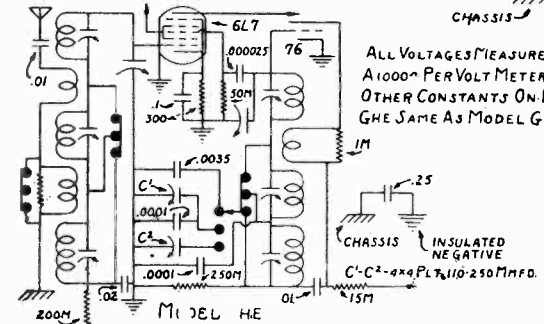
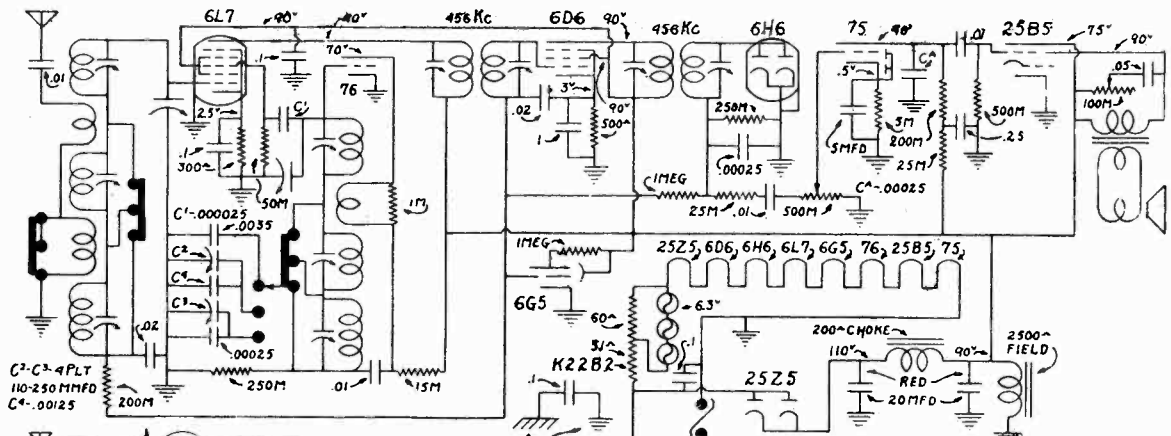
MODEL "D"



ALL VOLTAGES MEASURED WITH A 1000^Ω PER VOLT METER. ALL OTHER CONSTANTS ON MODEL GHE SAME AS MODEL GH.

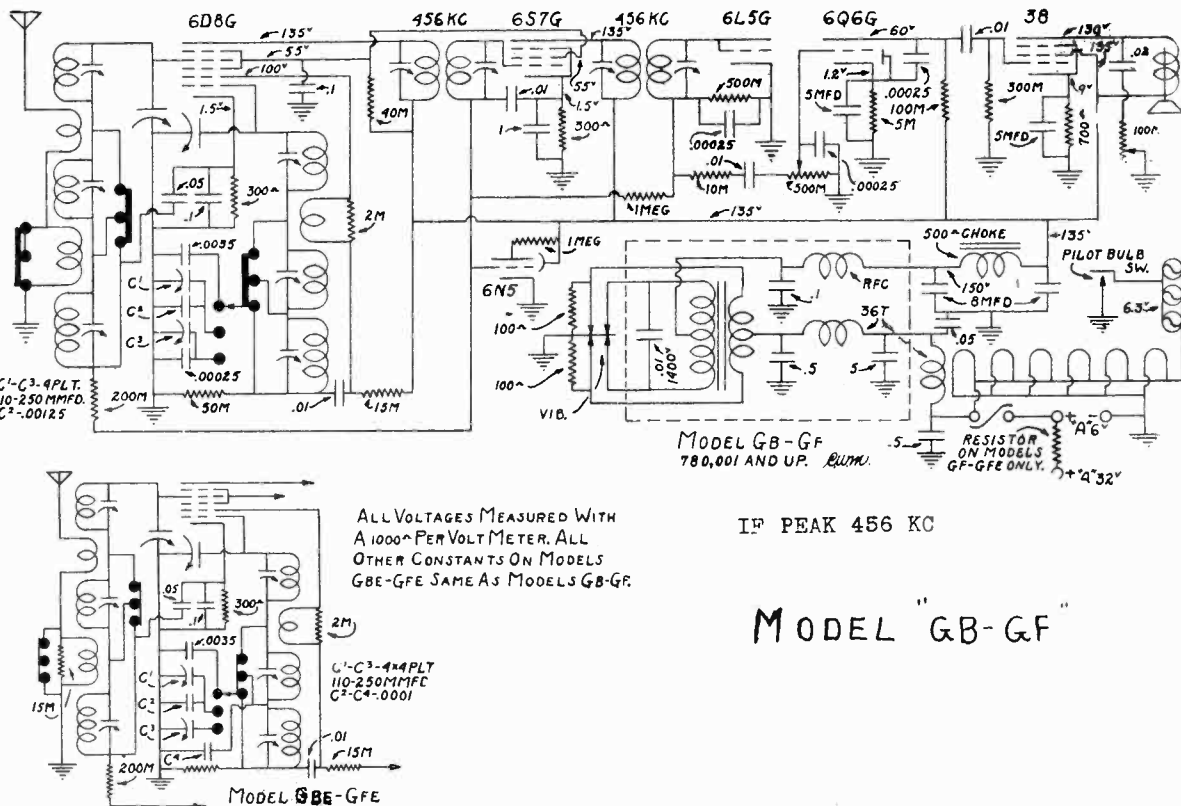
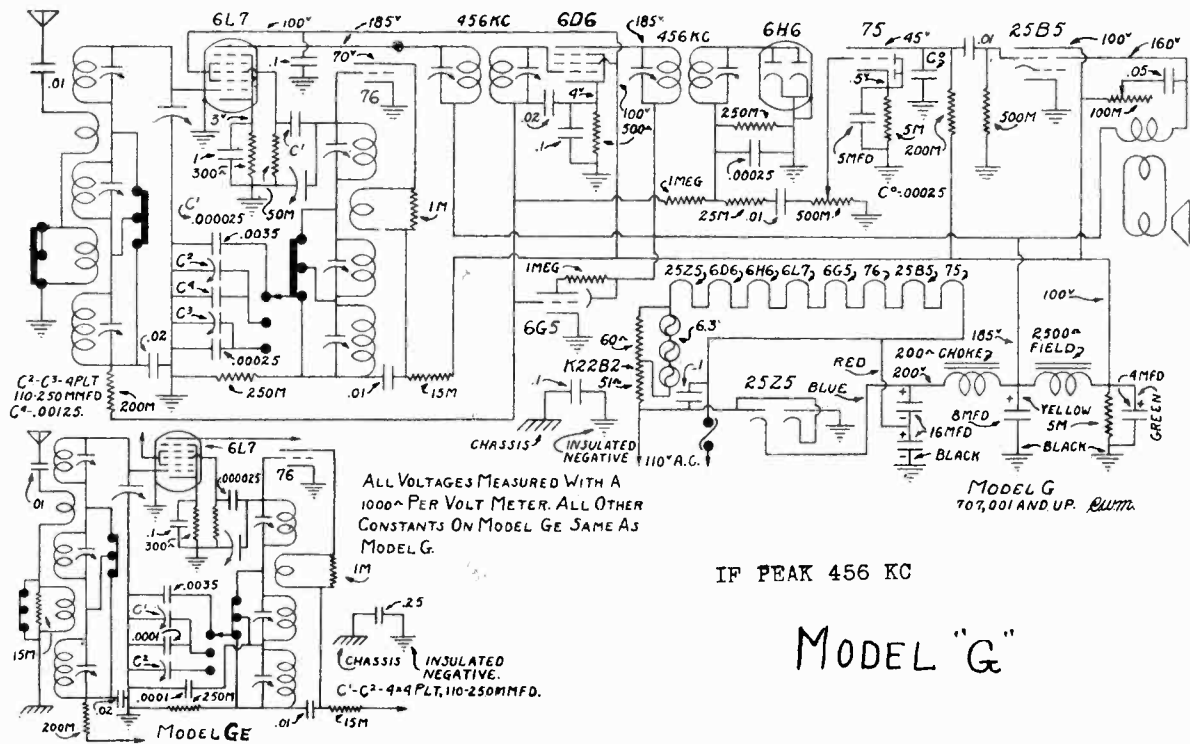
MODEL GH 707,001 AND UP. IF PEAK 456 KC

MODEL "GH"



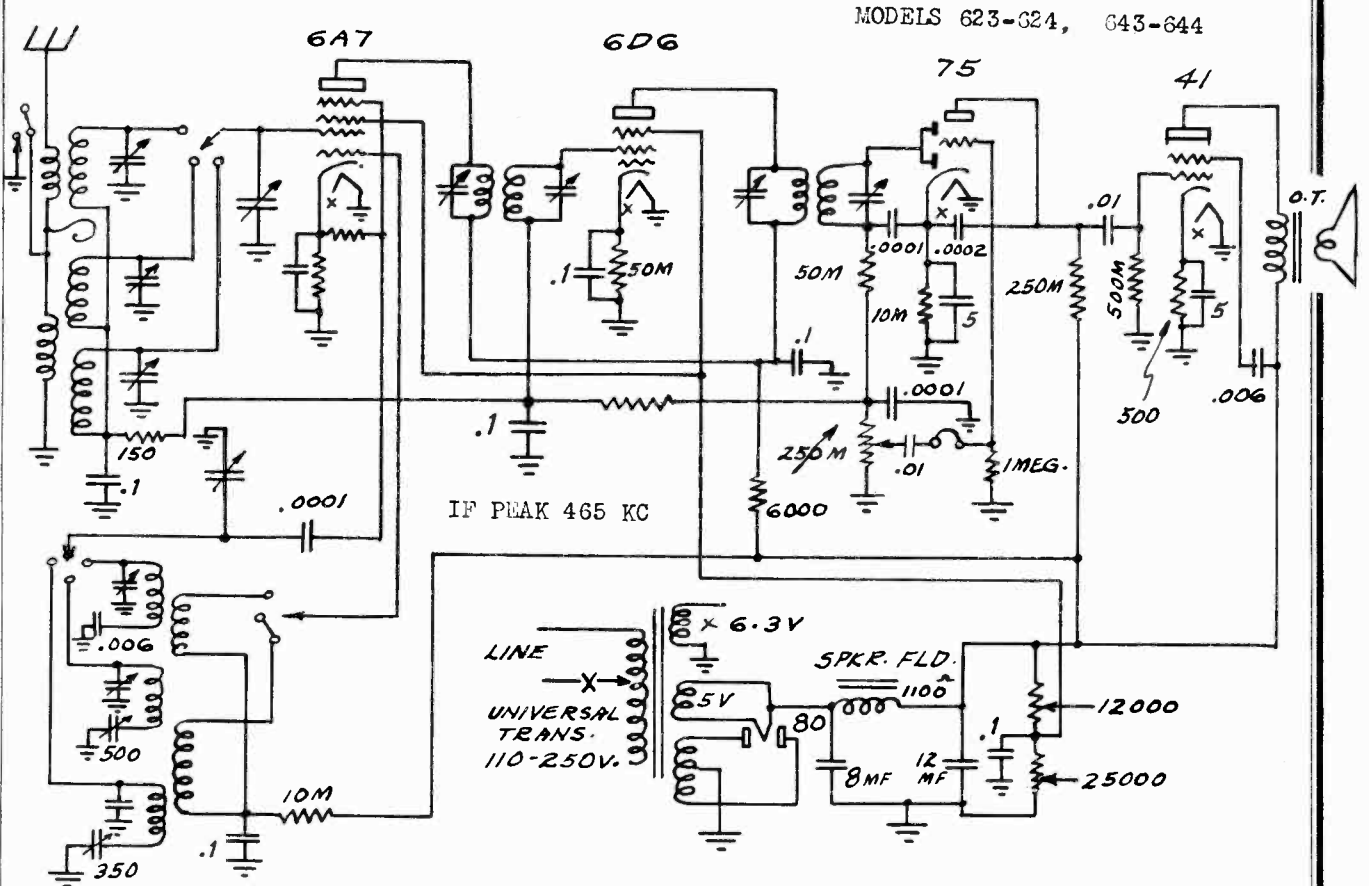
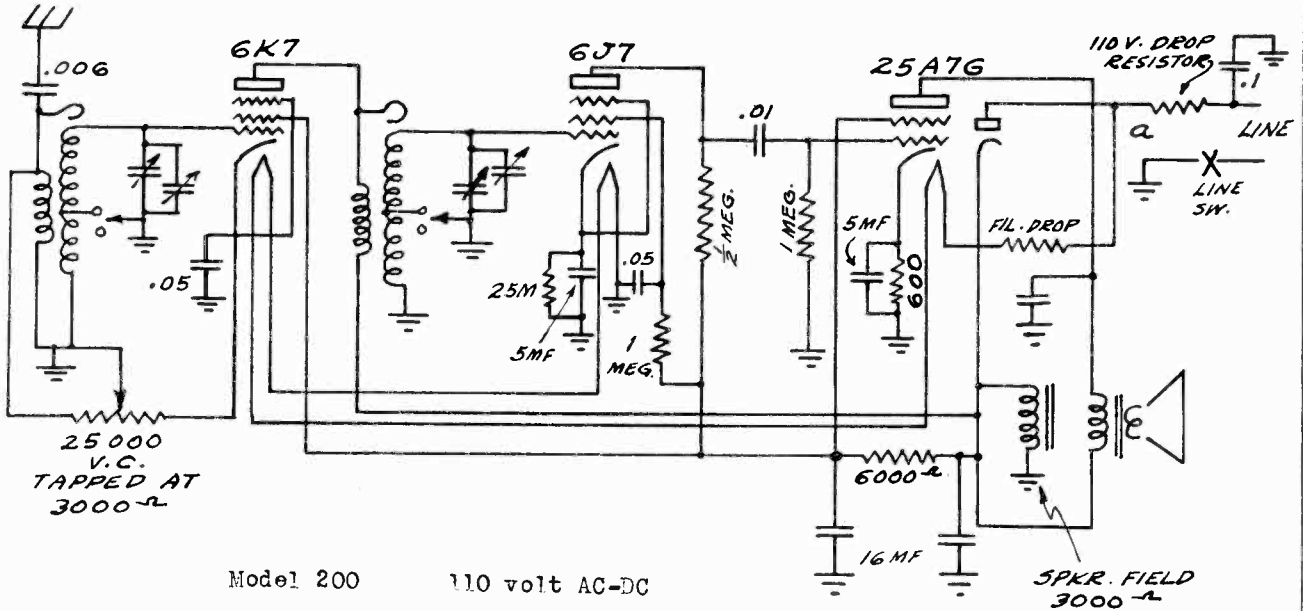
MODELS G, GE
 MODELS GB, GF, GBE, GFE
 Schematics, Voltage

PILGRIM ELECTRIC CORP.



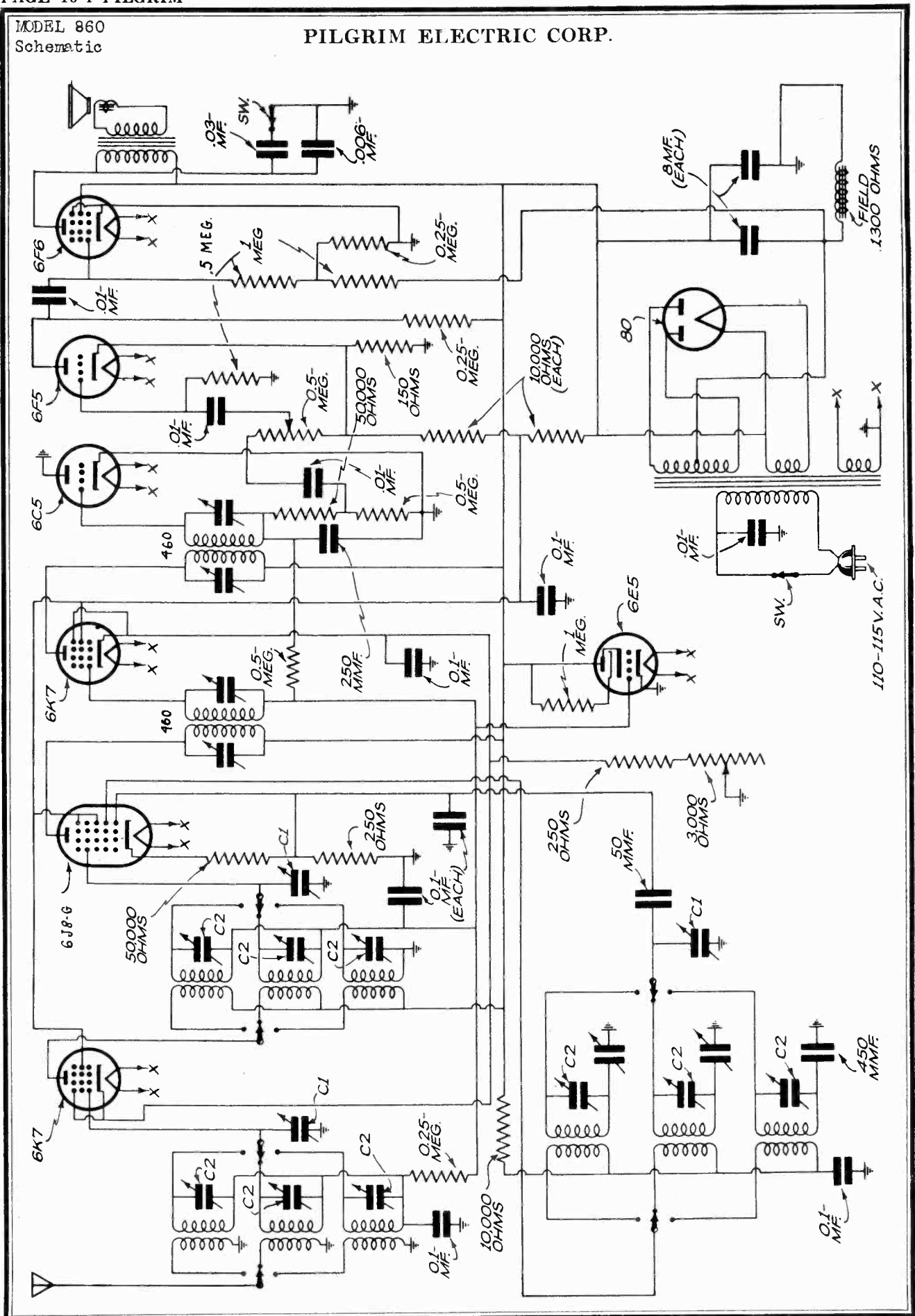
PILGRIM ELECTRIC CORP.

MODEL 200
MODELS 623, 624, 643, 644
Schematics



MODEL 860
Schematic

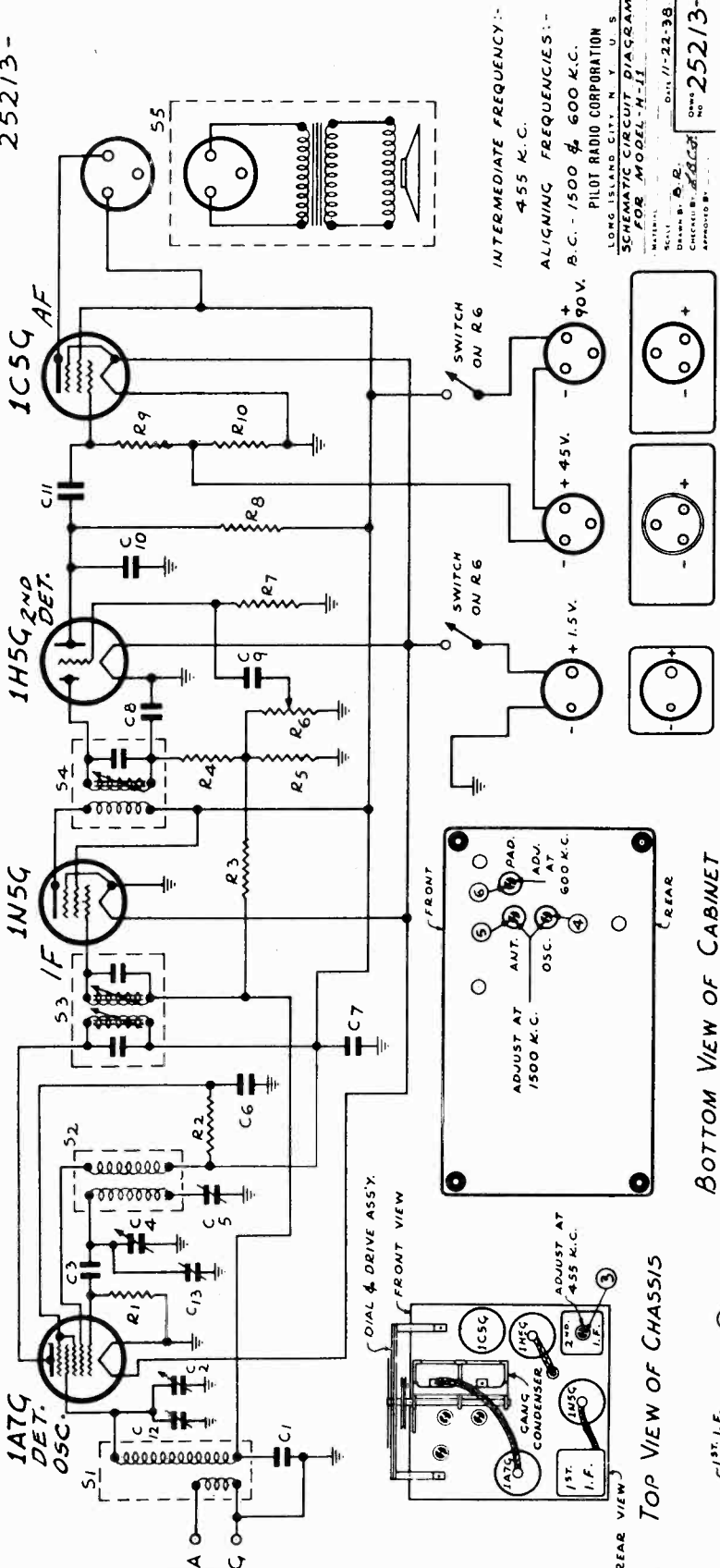
PILGRIM ELECTRIC CORP.



PILOT RADIO CORP.

MODEL H-11
Schematic, Socket
Trimmers, Alignment

25213-



INTERMEDIATE FREQUENCY :-
455 K.C.
ALIGNING FREQUENCIES :-
P.C. - 1500 & 600 K.C.
PILOT RADIO CORPORATION
LONG ISLAND CITY, N. Y. U. S. A.
SCHEMATIC CIRCUIT DIAGRAM
FOR MODEL-H-11
DATE: 11-22-38
CHECKED BY: [Signature]
APPROVED BY: [Signature]
Drawing No. 25213-

'A' BATTERY
- +
- +
- +
- +

'B' BATTERIES
- +
- +
- +
- +

RESISTORS FOR MODEL-H-11

R 1	13191	200,000 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R 2	13241	60,000 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R 3, R 5	13223	3.3 MEGOHMS 1/4 WATT
R 7, R 9	13164	50,000 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R 4	83763-B	1 MEGOHM VOL. CONT. 1/2 W.
R 6	13171	250,000 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R 8	13028	1,000 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R 10		

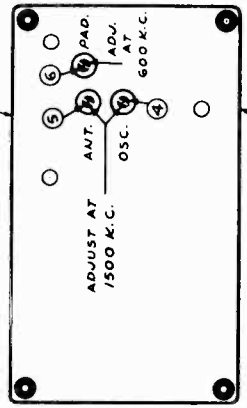
CONDENSERS FOR MODEL-H-11

C1, C6, C9	22055-T	1.01 MFD. 200V. PAPER
C2, C4	79664	GANG CONDENSER
C 3	28016-0	.0001 MFD. MICA
C 5	79431-B	385 MMFDS. PAPPER
C 7	78704	4 MFD. 150V. ELECTRO.
C8, C10	21701-0	.00025 MFD. MICA
C11	22055-W	1.01 MFD. 400V. PAPER
C12, C13	70969-E	TRIMMER STRIP ASSY.

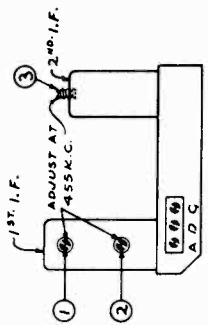
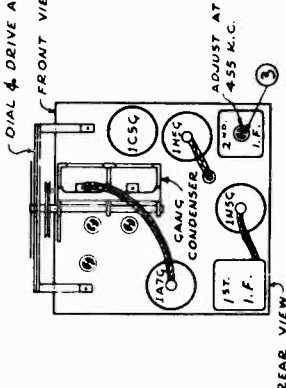
MISCELLANEOUS FOR MODEL-H-11

S1	68040	ANTENNA LOOP ASSY.
S2	73243	OSCILLATOR COIL ASSY.
S3	73192-2-C	1.5" I.F. TRANSFORMER ASSY.
S4	73244	2" P.M. S.P.
S5	40864	5" P.M. SPEAKER

BOTTOM VIEW OF CABINET
FOR CONVENTIONAL ALIGNMENT
SEE SPECIAL SECTION, VOL. VIII



TOP VIEW OF CHASSIS



REAR VIEW OF CHASSIS

GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS.

Circuit Battery-powered Super-Heterodyne, for operation with a conventional antenna, or as a portable receiver with self-contained loop antenna. Permeability tuned IF transformers. Permanent magnet speaker. Automatic volume control, Class A output stage.

CABINET BACK & ANTENNA LOOP ASSY.
C. D. A.

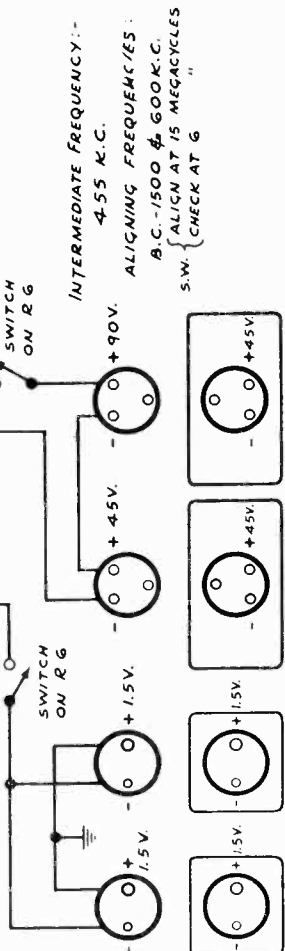
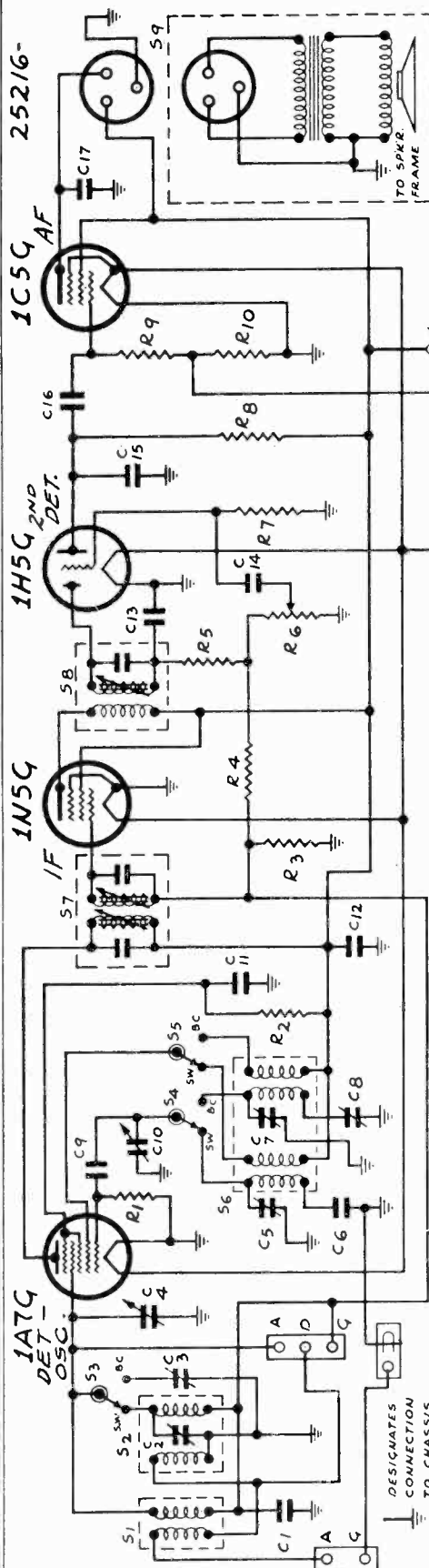
Batteries Required.

One 1-1/2 volt "A" Battery
Two 45 volt "B" Batteries

Tuning Range. 535 to 1600 kc or 560 to 187.5 meters

MODEL H-12
Schematic, Socket
Trimmers, Alignment

PILOT RADIO CORP.



INTERMEDIATE FREQUENCY: -
4.55 K.C.
ALIGNING FREQUENCIES:
A.C. - 1500 & 600 K.C.
S.W. - ALIGN AT 15 MEGACYCLES
CHECK AT G

BATTERIES FOR CONVENTIONAL ALIGNMENT
SEE SPECIAL SECTION, VOL. VIII

CONDENSERS FOR MODEL H-12

C1, C14	22055-T	1.01 MFD.	200V. PAPER
C2, C3	70969-E	TRIMMER	STRIP ASSY.
C5, C7	C4, C10	79664	GANG CONDENSER
C6	28120-W	.005 MFD.	MICA ±5%
C8	79431-B	385 MMFDS.	PADDER
C9	28016-O	.0001 MFD.	MICA
C12	23500-H	4 MFD.	150V. ELECTRO.
C13, C15	27701-O	.00025 MFD.	MICA
C16	22055-W	.01 MFD.	400V. PAPER
C17	22055-K	.002 MFD.	600V. PAPER

RESISTORS FOR MODEL H-12

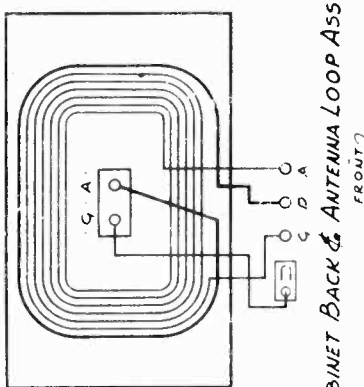
R1	13191	200,000 OHMS	1/4 WATT
R2	13241	60,000 OHMS	1/4 WATT
R3, R4	13223	3.3 MEGOHMS	1/4 WATT
R7, R9	13164	50,000 OHMS	1/4 WATT
R5	83903	2 MEGOHMS	VOLUME CONTROL & SWITCH
R6	13001	1 MEGOHM	1/4 WATT
R8	13048	800 OHMS	1/4 WATT
R10			

Tuning Range.

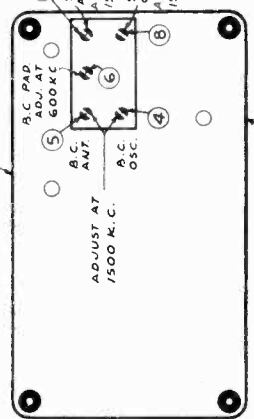
535 to 1600 kc or 560 to 187.5 meters
5.4 to 15.7 mc or 55.5 to 19.1 meters

Batteries Required

Two 1-1/2 volt "A" Batteries
Two 45 volt "B" Batteries

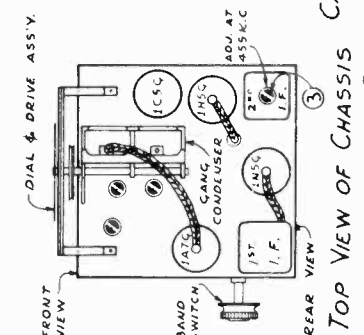


CABINET BACK & ANTENNA LOOP ASSY.

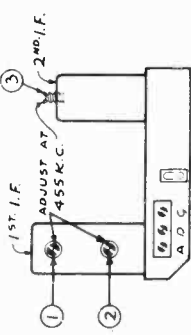


BOTTOM VIEW OF CABINET

GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS.
Output Battery-powered Super-Heterodyne, for operation with a conventional antenna, or as a portable receiver with self-contained loop antenna. Two tuning ranges as listed below. Permeability tuned IF transformers. Permanent magnet speaker. Automatic Volume control, Class A output stage.



TOP VIEW OF CHASSIS

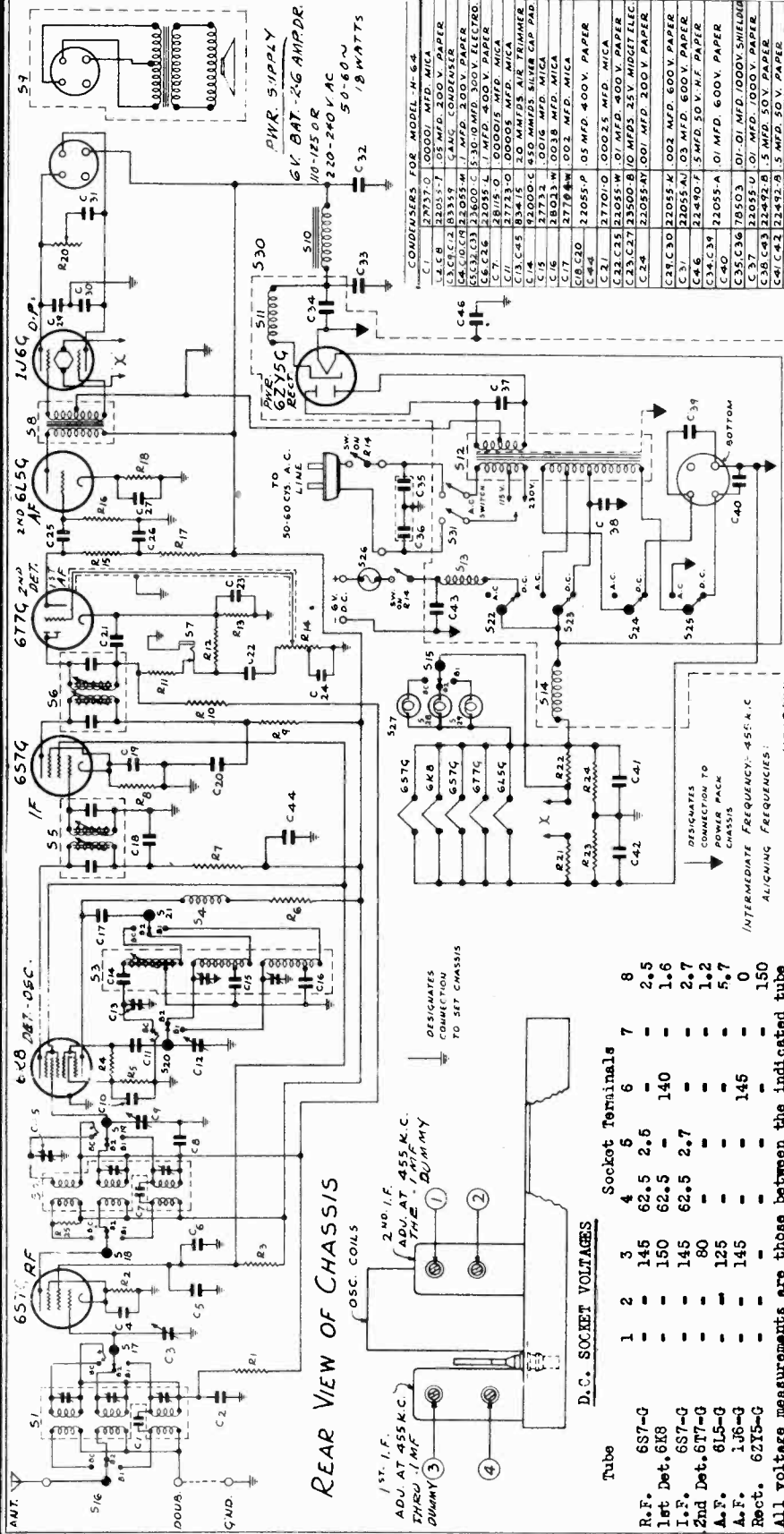


REAR VIEW OF CHASSIS

PILOT RADIO CORPORATION
LONG ISLAND CITY, N. Y. U.S.A.
SCHEMATIC CIRCUIT DIAGRAM FOR
MODEL-H-12
Model H-12
Date 1-1-39
Drawn By: A.R.
Checked By: A.R.
Approved By: J.S.L.
No. 25216

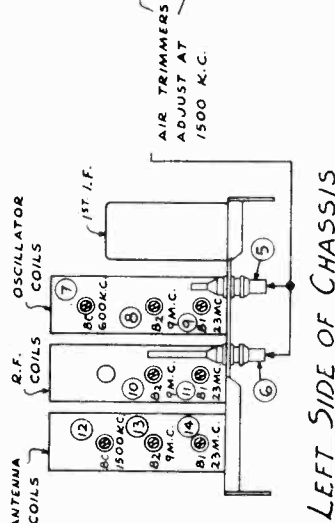
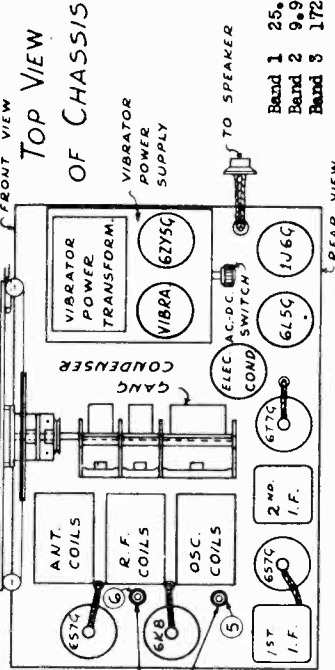
PILOT RADIO CORP.

MODEL H-64
Chassis H60
Schematic, Voltage
Socket, Trimmers
Alignment



REAR VIEW OF CHASSIS

FOR ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE
SEE PILOT PAGE 10-6



COMPONENTS FOR MODEL H-64

C1	2200	0.001 MFD. MICA
C2	2200	0.001 MFD. MICA
C3	2200	0.001 MFD. MICA
C4	2200	0.001 MFD. MICA
C5	2200	0.001 MFD. MICA
C6	2200	0.001 MFD. MICA
C7	2200	0.001 MFD. MICA
C8	2200	0.001 MFD. MICA
C9	2200	0.001 MFD. MICA
C10	2200	0.001 MFD. MICA
C11	2200	0.001 MFD. MICA
C12	2200	0.001 MFD. MICA
C13	2200	0.001 MFD. MICA
C14	2200	0.001 MFD. MICA
C15	2200	0.001 MFD. MICA
C16	2200	0.001 MFD. MICA
C17	2200	0.001 MFD. MICA
C18	2200	0.001 MFD. MICA
C19	2200	0.001 MFD. MICA
C20	2200	0.001 MFD. MICA
C21	2200	0.001 MFD. MICA
C22	2200	0.001 MFD. MICA
C23	2200	0.001 MFD. MICA
C24	2200	0.001 MFD. MICA
C25	2200	0.001 MFD. MICA
C26	2200	0.001 MFD. MICA
C27	2200	0.001 MFD. MICA
C28	2200	0.001 MFD. MICA
C29	2200	0.001 MFD. MICA
C30	2200	0.001 MFD. MICA
C31	2200	0.001 MFD. MICA
C32	2200	0.001 MFD. MICA
C33	2200	0.001 MFD. MICA
C34	2200	0.001 MFD. MICA
C35	2200	0.001 MFD. MICA
C36	2200	0.001 MFD. MICA
C37	2200	0.001 MFD. MICA
C38	2200	0.001 MFD. MICA
C39	2200	0.001 MFD. MICA
C40	2200	0.001 MFD. MICA
C41	2200	0.001 MFD. MICA
C42	2200	0.001 MFD. MICA
C43	2200	0.001 MFD. MICA
C44	2200	0.001 MFD. MICA
C45	2200	0.001 MFD. MICA
C46	2200	0.001 MFD. MICA
C47	2200	0.001 MFD. MICA
C48	2200	0.001 MFD. MICA
C49	2200	0.001 MFD. MICA
C50	2200	0.001 MFD. MICA
C51	2200	0.001 MFD. MICA
C52	2200	0.001 MFD. MICA
C53	2200	0.001 MFD. MICA
C54	2200	0.001 MFD. MICA
C55	2200	0.001 MFD. MICA
C56	2200	0.001 MFD. MICA
C57	2200	0.001 MFD. MICA
C58	2200	0.001 MFD. MICA
C59	2200	0.001 MFD. MICA
C60	2200	0.001 MFD. MICA
C61	2200	0.001 MFD. MICA
C62	2200	0.001 MFD. MICA
C63	2200	0.001 MFD. MICA
C64	2200	0.001 MFD. MICA
C65	2200	0.001 MFD. MICA
C66	2200	0.001 MFD. MICA
C67	2200	0.001 MFD. MICA
C68	2200	0.001 MFD. MICA
C69	2200	0.001 MFD. MICA
C70	2200	0.001 MFD. MICA
C71	2200	0.001 MFD. MICA
C72	2200	0.001 MFD. MICA
C73	2200	0.001 MFD. MICA
C74	2200	0.001 MFD. MICA
C75	2200	0.001 MFD. MICA
C76	2200	0.001 MFD. MICA
C77	2200	0.001 MFD. MICA
C78	2200	0.001 MFD. MICA
C79	2200	0.001 MFD. MICA
C80	2200	0.001 MFD. MICA
C81	2200	0.001 MFD. MICA
C82	2200	0.001 MFD. MICA
C83	2200	0.001 MFD. MICA
C84	2200	0.001 MFD. MICA
C85	2200	0.001 MFD. MICA
C86	2200	0.001 MFD. MICA
C87	2200	0.001 MFD. MICA
C88	2200	0.001 MFD. MICA
C89	2200	0.001 MFD. MICA
C90	2200	0.001 MFD. MICA
C91	2200	0.001 MFD. MICA
C92	2200	0.001 MFD. MICA
C93	2200	0.001 MFD. MICA
C94	2200	0.001 MFD. MICA
C95	2200	0.001 MFD. MICA
C96	2200	0.001 MFD. MICA
C97	2200	0.001 MFD. MICA
C98	2200	0.001 MFD. MICA
C99	2200	0.001 MFD. MICA
C100	2200	0.001 MFD. MICA

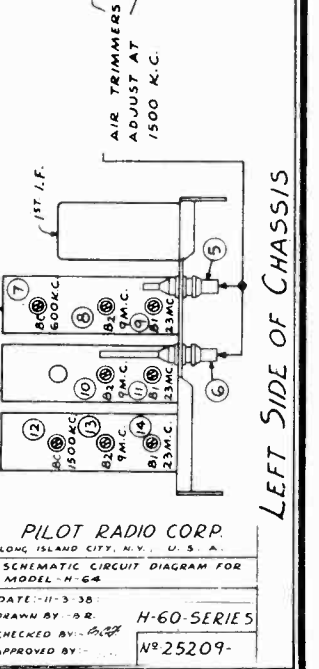
D.C. SOCKET VOLTAGES

Tube	Socket Terminals	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1
R.F. 6S7-G	-	145	62.5	2.5	-	-	-	-	-
1st Det. 6K8	-	150	62.5	-	140	-	-	-	-
I.F. 6S7-G	-	145	62.5	2.7	-	-	-	-	-
2nd Det. 677-G	-	80	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
A.F. 6L5-G	-	125	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
A.F. 1J6-G	-	145	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Rect. 6Z5-G	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	150

All voltage measurements are those between the indicated tube terminal and the chassis, and are made with a 1000 ohms per volt voltmeter. Make measurements with no signal input to the receiver and with the volume control set at minimum volume.

DESIGNATES CONNECTION TO SET CHASSIS

ANTENNA COILS
OSCILLATOR COILS
R.F. COILS
1ST I.F.
2ND I.F.
3RD I.F.



PILOT RADIO CORP.
LONG ISLAND CITY, N.Y., U.S.A.
SCHEMATIC CIRCUIT DIAGRAM FOR MODEL H-64
DATE: 11-3-38
DRAWN BY: JR
CHECKED BY: [Signature]
APPROVED BY: [Signature]
H-60-SERIES
N25209

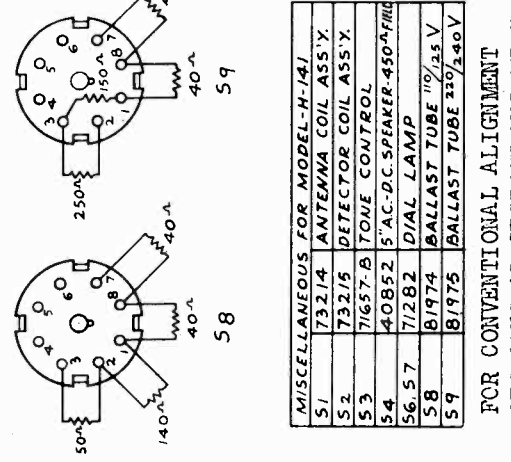
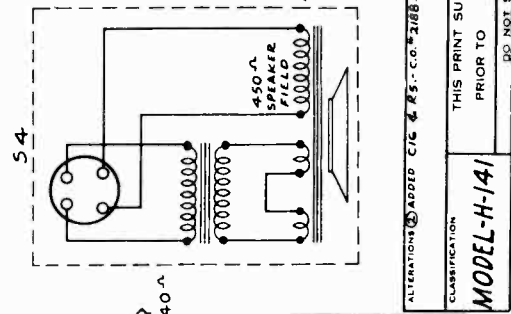
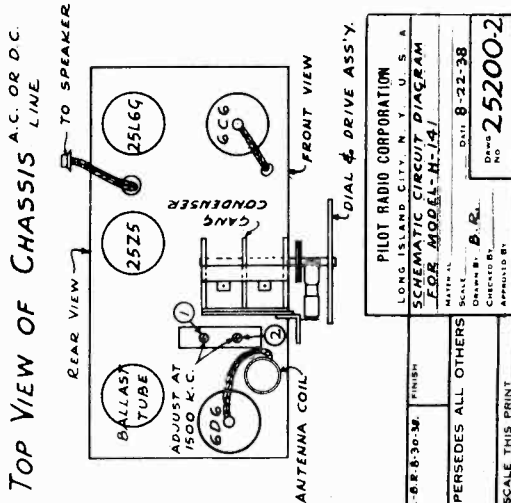
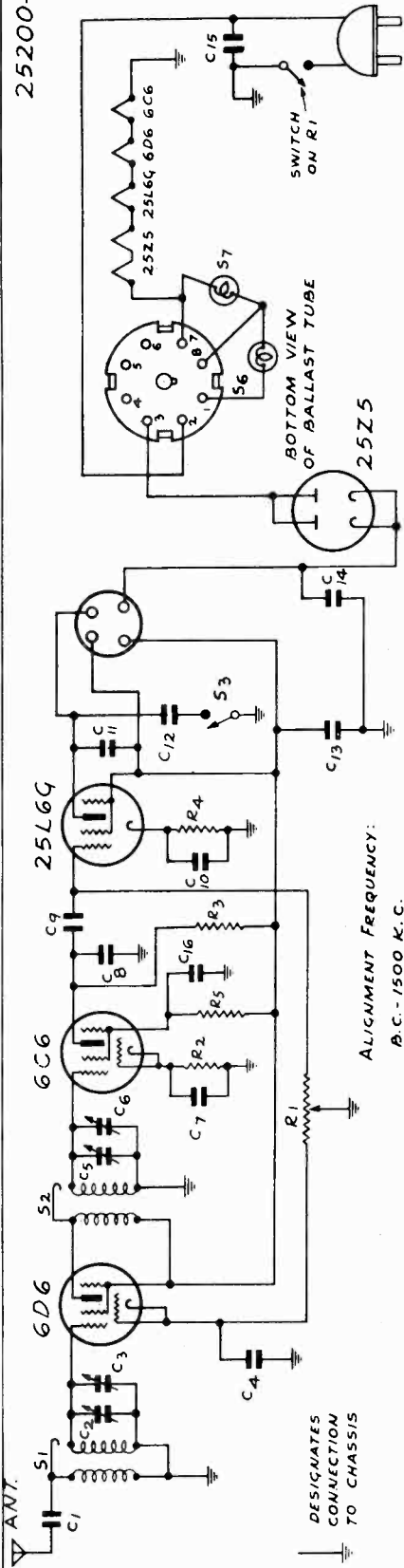
RESISTORS FOR MODEL H-64

R1	1000	100 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R2	1000	100 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R3	1000	100 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R4	1000	100 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R5	1000	100 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R6	1000	100 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R7	1000	100 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R8	1000	100 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R9	1000	100 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R10	1000	100 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R11	1000	100 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R12	1000	100 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R13	1000	100 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R14	1000	100 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R15	1000	100 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R16	1000	100 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R17	1000	100 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R18	1000	100 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R19	1000	100 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R20	1000	100 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R21	1000	100 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R22	1000	100 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R23	1000	100 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R24	1000	100 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R25	1000	100 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R26	1000	100 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R27	1000	100 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R28	1000	100 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R29	1000	100 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R30	1000	100 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R31	1000	100 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R32	1000	100 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R33	1000	100 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R34	1000	100 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R35	1000	100 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R36	1000	100 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R37	1000	100 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R38	1000	100 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R39	1000	100 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R40	1000	100 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R41	1000	100 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R42	1000	100 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R43	1000	100 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R44	1000	100 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R45	1000	100 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R46	1000	100 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R47	1000	100 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R48	1000	100 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R49	1000	100 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R50	1000	100 OHMS 1/4 WATT

MODEL H-141
Schematic, Socket
Voltage, Trimmers
Alignment

PILOT RADIO CORP.

25200-2



C1	27726	200 MMFDS. MICA
C2, C5	70969-E	TRIMMER ASS'Y.
C3, C6	79664	GANG CONDENSER
C4	22055-1	.05 MFD. 200V. PAPER
C7, C10	23500-B	.10 MFD. 25V. MIDGET TUB
C8	28016-O	.0001 MFD. MICA
C9	22055-W	.01 MFD. 400V. PAPER
C11	22055-AJ	.03 MFD. 600V. PAPER
C12	22055-AB	.1 MFD. 600V. PAPER
C13, C14	23500-A	.16 MFD. 150V. MIDGET TUB
C15	22055-AF	.05 MFD. 1000V. PAPER
C16	22055-Z	.02 MFD. 400V. PAPER

R1	183625	1/2 MEG OHM VOL. CONT. 45W
R2	13183	36,000 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R3	13024	500,000 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R4	13055	150 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R5	13007	2 MEG OHMS 1/4 WATT

S1	73214	ANTENNA COIL ASS'Y.
S2	73215	DETECTOR COIL ASS'Y.
S3	71657-B	TONE CONTROL
S4	40852	5" A.C.-D.C. SPEAKER-450-ohm-FIELD
S6, S7	71282	DIAL LAMP
S8	81974	BALLAST TUBE 110/125 V
S9	81975	BALLAST TUBE 230/240 V

FOR CONVENTIONAL ALIGNMENT
SEE SPECIAL SECTION, VOL. VIII

D.C. SOCKET VOLTAGES

	P	SG	Cath
6D6	100	100	21*
6C6	-*	8	8
25L6-G	95	100	8
25Z5	-	-	110

The above figures are for a supply voltage of 115 volts, on 230 volt operation they will be 10% higher.
* Cannot be measured.

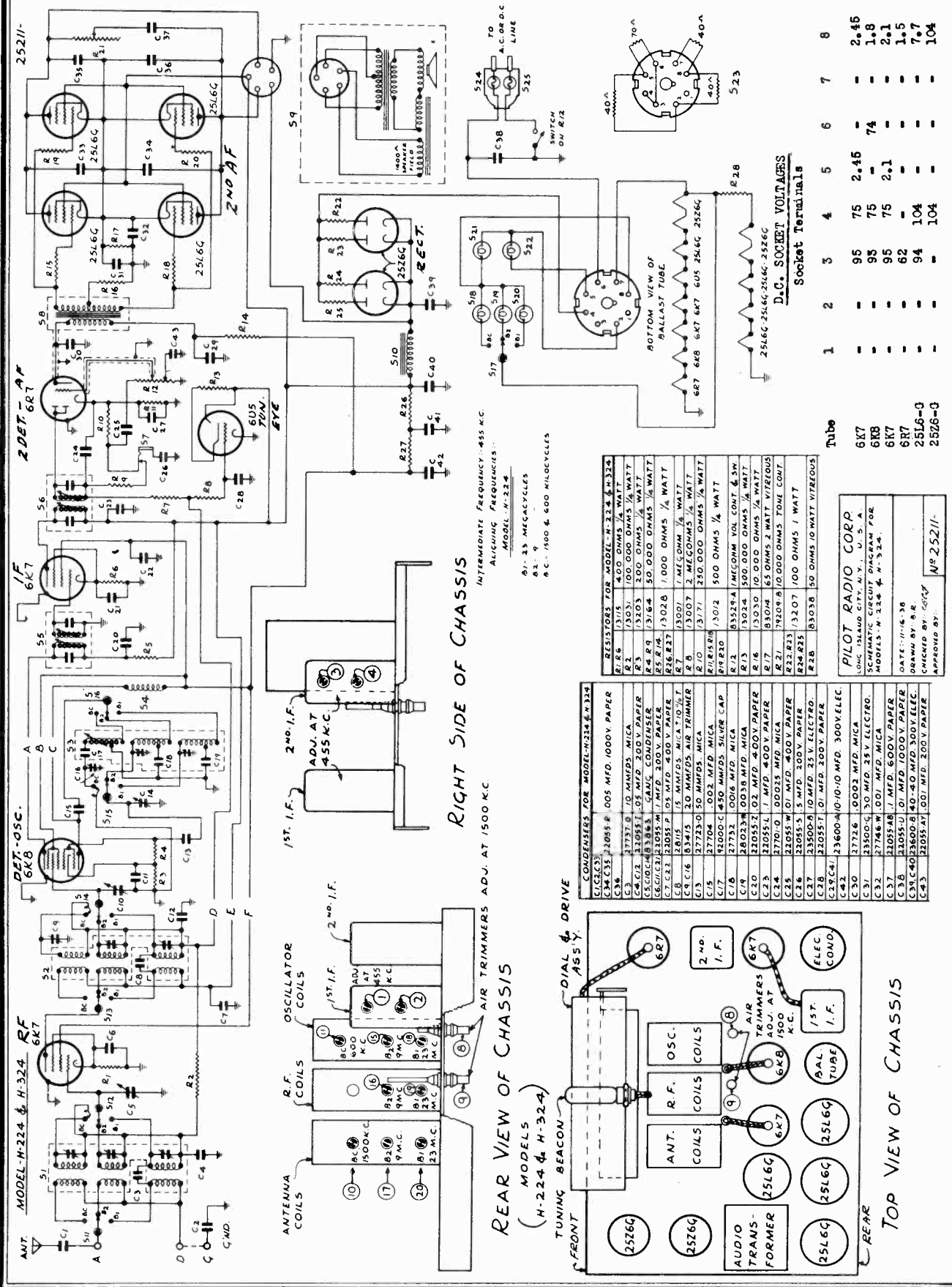
Panel Controls Volume control with On-Off Power Supply switch, Tuning Control, Tone Control.
Pilotubes Required One 6K6 RF Amplifier, one 606 Detector, one 25L6-G Output Tube, and one 25Z5 power supply rectifier.

Power Supply	Voltage	Watts	Ballast Tube
1.25 Watts with 81974 ballast tube.	110-125 AC or DC	40	#81974
1.50 watts with 81975 ballast tube.	220-240 AC or DC	90	#81975

PILOT RADIO CORPORATION
LONG ISLAND CITY, N. Y. U. S. A.
SCHEMATIC CIRCUIT DIAGRAM
FOR MODEL-H-141
DATE: 8-22-38
DRAWN BY: B. R.
CHECKED BY:
APPROVED BY:
CLASSIFICATION: MODEL-H-141
THIS PRINT SUPERSEDES ALL OTHERS
PRIOR TO: DO NOT SCALE THIS PRINT

PILOT RADIO CORP.

MODELS H-224, Chassis H-220
 H-324, Chassis H-320
 Schematic, Voltage, Socket
 Trimmers, Alignment



RIGHT SIDE OF CHASSIS

INTERMEDIATE FREQUENCY - 455 K.C.
 ALIGNING FREQUENCIES
 MODEL H-224
 R1 - 25 MEGACYCLES
 R2 - 9, 100 & 400 HILCYCLES

REAR VIEW OF CHASSIS
 (H-224 & H-324)

TOP VIEW OF CHASSIS

RESISTORS FOR MODEL H-224 & H-324

R1	13.05	400 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R2	13.05	100,000 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R3	13.05	100,000 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R4	2.9	50,000 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R5	1.4	50,000 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R6	1.4	1,000 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R7	13.05	1 MEG OHMS 1/4 WATT
R8	13.05	2 MEG OHMS 1/4 WATT
R9	13.05	250,000 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R10	13.05	500 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R11	13.05	1 MEG OHMS VOL. CONT. 1/2 WATT
R12	13.05	500,000 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R13	13.05	500,000 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R14	13.05	500,000 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R15	13.05	500,000 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R16	13.05	500,000 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R17	13.05	500,000 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R18	13.05	500,000 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R19	13.05	500,000 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R20	13.05	500,000 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R21	13.05	500,000 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R22	13.05	500,000 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R23	13.05	500,000 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R24	13.05	500,000 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R25	13.05	500,000 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R26	13.05	500,000 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R27	13.05	500,000 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R28	13.05	500,000 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R29	13.05	500,000 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R30	13.05	500,000 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R31	13.05	500,000 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R32	13.05	500,000 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R33	13.05	500,000 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R34	13.05	500,000 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R35	13.05	500,000 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R36	13.05	500,000 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R37	13.05	500,000 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R38	13.05	500,000 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R39	13.05	500,000 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R40	13.05	500,000 OHMS 1/4 WATT

CONDENSERS FOR MODEL H-224 & H-324

C1	100 P.F.	100 P.F. 50 V. ELECTRO.
C2	100 P.F.	100 P.F. 50 V. ELECTRO.
C3	100 P.F.	100 P.F. 50 V. ELECTRO.
C4	100 P.F.	100 P.F. 50 V. ELECTRO.
C5	100 P.F.	100 P.F. 50 V. ELECTRO.
C6	100 P.F.	100 P.F. 50 V. ELECTRO.
C7	100 P.F.	100 P.F. 50 V. ELECTRO.
C8	100 P.F.	100 P.F. 50 V. ELECTRO.
C9	100 P.F.	100 P.F. 50 V. ELECTRO.
C10	100 P.F.	100 P.F. 50 V. ELECTRO.
C11	100 P.F.	100 P.F. 50 V. ELECTRO.
C12	100 P.F.	100 P.F. 50 V. ELECTRO.
C13	100 P.F.	100 P.F. 50 V. ELECTRO.
C14	100 P.F.	100 P.F. 50 V. ELECTRO.
C15	100 P.F.	100 P.F. 50 V. ELECTRO.
C16	100 P.F.	100 P.F. 50 V. ELECTRO.
C17	100 P.F.	100 P.F. 50 V. ELECTRO.
C18	100 P.F.	100 P.F. 50 V. ELECTRO.
C19	100 P.F.	100 P.F. 50 V. ELECTRO.
C20	100 P.F.	100 P.F. 50 V. ELECTRO.
C21	100 P.F.	100 P.F. 50 V. ELECTRO.
C22	100 P.F.	100 P.F. 50 V. ELECTRO.
C23	100 P.F.	100 P.F. 50 V. ELECTRO.
C24	100 P.F.	100 P.F. 50 V. ELECTRO.
C25	100 P.F.	100 P.F. 50 V. ELECTRO.
C26	100 P.F.	100 P.F. 50 V. ELECTRO.
C27	100 P.F.	100 P.F. 50 V. ELECTRO.
C28	100 P.F.	100 P.F. 50 V. ELECTRO.
C29	100 P.F.	100 P.F. 50 V. ELECTRO.
C30	100 P.F.	100 P.F. 50 V. ELECTRO.
C31	100 P.F.	100 P.F. 50 V. ELECTRO.
C32	100 P.F.	100 P.F. 50 V. ELECTRO.
C33	100 P.F.	100 P.F. 50 V. ELECTRO.
C34	100 P.F.	100 P.F. 50 V. ELECTRO.
C35	100 P.F.	100 P.F. 50 V. ELECTRO.
C36	100 P.F.	100 P.F. 50 V. ELECTRO.
C37	100 P.F.	100 P.F. 50 V. ELECTRO.
C38	100 P.F.	100 P.F. 50 V. ELECTRO.
C39	100 P.F.	100 P.F. 50 V. ELECTRO.
C40	100 P.F.	100 P.F. 50 V. ELECTRO.

D.C. SOCKET VOLTAGES

Socket Terminal	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
6K7	-	-	95	75	2.45	-	-	2.45
6K8	-	-	95	75	-	74	-	1.8
6R7	-	-	95	75	2.1	-	-	2.1
6R7	-	-	62	-	-	-	-	1.5
25L6-0	-	-	94	104	-	-	-	7.0
25Z6-0	-	-	-	104	-	-	-	104

PILOT RADIO CORP.
 U.S.A.
 SCHEMATIC CIRCUIT DRAWN FOR
 MODELS H-224 & H-324
 DATE: 11-16-38
 DRAWN BY: R.R.
 CHECKED BY: G.C.P.
 APPROVED BY: [Signature]
 No. 25211-

MODELS H-224, Chassis H-220

H-324, Chassis H-320

PILOT RADIO CORP.

Alignment Procedure

PILOTUBES Required.

One 6K7	R.F. Amplifier
One 6K8	1st Detector-Oscillator
One 6K7	I.F. Amplifier
One 6R7	2nd Detector-AVC-1st Audio Amplifier
Four 25L6-G	Output Tubes
Two 25Z6-G	Power Supply Rectifiers
One 6U5	Cathode Ray Tuning Beacon

Power Supply.

A.C. or D.C.

<u>Voltage</u>	<u>Ballast Tubes</u>	<u>Watts</u>
110-125	81973	110

Intermediate Frequency. 455 kc.Panel Controls. Volume with On-Off switch, Tone, Band Selector

Switch, Manual Tuning Control and an 8 key mechanically operated

PIANO TUNING mechanism, with key locking knob. The PIANO TUNING mechanism is only on the H-320 series.

TUNING RANGES. The models H-324 and H-224 chassis have the following tuning ranges:

Band 1	8.72 - 25.5 mc. or 11.8 - 34.4 meters
Band 2	2.96 - 9.95 mc. or 30.2 - 101.4 meters
Band 3	520 - 1725 kc. or 174 - 577 meters

Maximum Power Output. 6 wattsSERVICE DATA

Removal of the chassis from the cabinet, when necessary is done as follows:

1. Remove the power supply cord from the supply outlet.
2. Remove the knobs and felt washers from all shafts on the front of the cabinet. These knobs, except the "locking" knob, are of the "push-on" type.
3. Remove the back of the cabinet.
4. Remove the speaker cord from the socket on the speaker.
5. Remove the four mounting screws located under the cabinet, and carefully slide the chassis out of the cabinet.

RECEIVER ALIGNMENTEquipment Required.

1. Signal Generator. One using fundamental frequencies for all the frequencies used in the receiver is preferred.
2. Output Meter. Generally a copper-oxide rectifier meter is the most convenient.

Dummy Antennas. .1 mfd. condenser
.0002 mfd. mica condenser
400 ohm, non-inductive resistor

Alignment Connections.

The posts marked "D" and "G" on the rear of the chassis should be connected to the ground side of the signal generator.

Connect the "hot" post of the signal generator through the .1 mfd. condenser to the grid of the 6K8 detector-oscillator tube or the 6K7 I.F. Amplifier tubes when aligning the I.F. amplifier.

Connect the "hot" post of the signal generator through the 200 mmf. condenser to the post marked "A" on the rear of the chassis when aligning the Long-Wave and Broadcast Bands. Use the same connections for both short-wave bands, but replace the 200 mmf. condenser with the 400 ohm, non-inductive resistor.

In all measurements, connect the output meter through .1 mfd. 600 volt condensers, from plate to plate terminals of the 25L6-G tubes, as this is a push-pull amplifier.

Procedure.

The volume and tone controls should be turned to the extreme clockwise positions, before starting.

The location of all trimmers is shown in the accompanying figure. Always keep the output from the signal generator at the lowest value which will give a readable deflection on the output meter.

I.F. Amplifier Alignment.

Turn the Band Selector Switch to Band 3 and turn the ROTOR dial to the low frequency end.

Connect the output meter as described under "Connections" and connect the "hot" post of the signal generator to the grid of the 6K8 tube through the .1 mfd. condenser. Then proceed with the alignment as follows:

1. Adjust the signal generator frequency to 455 kilocycles, and adjust the generator output to the lowest value which will give a readable signal on the output meter.

2. Adjust the screws 1, 2, 3, and 4 (see figure), for maximum reading of the output meter. Keep reducing the output from the generator if the output meter reading increases too much.

If the output of the generator to the receiver is too great, the alignment of the receiver will not be correct, as the AVC action will become too great, and the amplifier will appear broad in tuning.

It will seldom, if ever, be found necessary to more than touch up the alignment of the I.F. amplifier. Of course, if the amplifier adjustment screws have been tampered with, it will probably be necessary to completely realign the amplifier. In this case, connect the generator to the grid of the I.F. amplifier tube, and align the last I.F. transformer. Always finish the alignment with the signal input to the 6K8 tube.

A cathode ray oscilloscope is not necessary in making the above adjustments. One may be used, however, if desired.

R.F. AlignmentBand 3 (Model H-324 and H-224)

Connect the "hot" terminal of the generator to the antenna post marked "A" through the .0002 mfd. condenser.

Set the generator frequency to 1500 kc., and the ROTOR dial to the same frequency, with the Band Selector Switch set appropriately. Adjust trimmer #8 for maximum reading of the output meter. (This trimmer is adjusted by moving the brass rod in or out, with a hooked wire, and with a twisting motion. First loosen the lock nut). Then without touching any tuning controls adjust trimmers #9 and #10 for maximum reading of the output meter.

Next, set the generator frequency to 600 kc. and accurately set the ROTOR dial to the 600 kc. mark. Then adjust trimmer #11 for maximum reading of the output meter. Do not move the tuning control while making this adjustment. Finally return and repeat the 1500 kc. adjustments and then tighten the lock nut on trimmers #8 and #9.

Band 2 (Model H-324 & H-224 Short-Wave)

Remove the .0002 mfd. dummy antenna used in aligning the lower frequency bands and substitute the 400 ohm resistor.

Before aligning this band refer to the paragraph headed "Image Frequency".

Set the generator, and the ROTOR dial to 9 mc. Adjust trimmer #15 for maximum reading of the output meter. Be careful you do not tune in at the Image Frequency.

Then adjust trimmers #16 and #17 for maximum reading of the output meter, while slightly "rocking" the gang condenser. Readjust trimmer #15 if necessary to correct the calibration.

Band 1 (Model H-324 & H-224 Short-Wave)

Connections and dummy antenna are the same as on Band 1 above.

Before aligning this band, refer to the paragraph headed "Image Frequency".

Set the generator frequency to 23 mc. and the ROTOR dial to 23 mc. Adjust trimmer #18 to 23 mc. for maximum reading of the output meter. Be careful that the receiver is not adjusted to the Image Frequency. Then adjust trimmers #19 and #20 while "rocking" the gang condenser, for maximum reading of the output meter. Reset trimmer #18 so that calibration is correct if necessary.

Image Frequency

All bands in these two models must be aligned with the oscillator frequency higher than the signal frequency. There can be no error in doing this on the Long-Wave and Broadcast Bands. However, on the higher frequency bands it is possible to incorrectly adjust the alignment in this respect, and end up with the receiver aligned on what should be the Image Frequency.

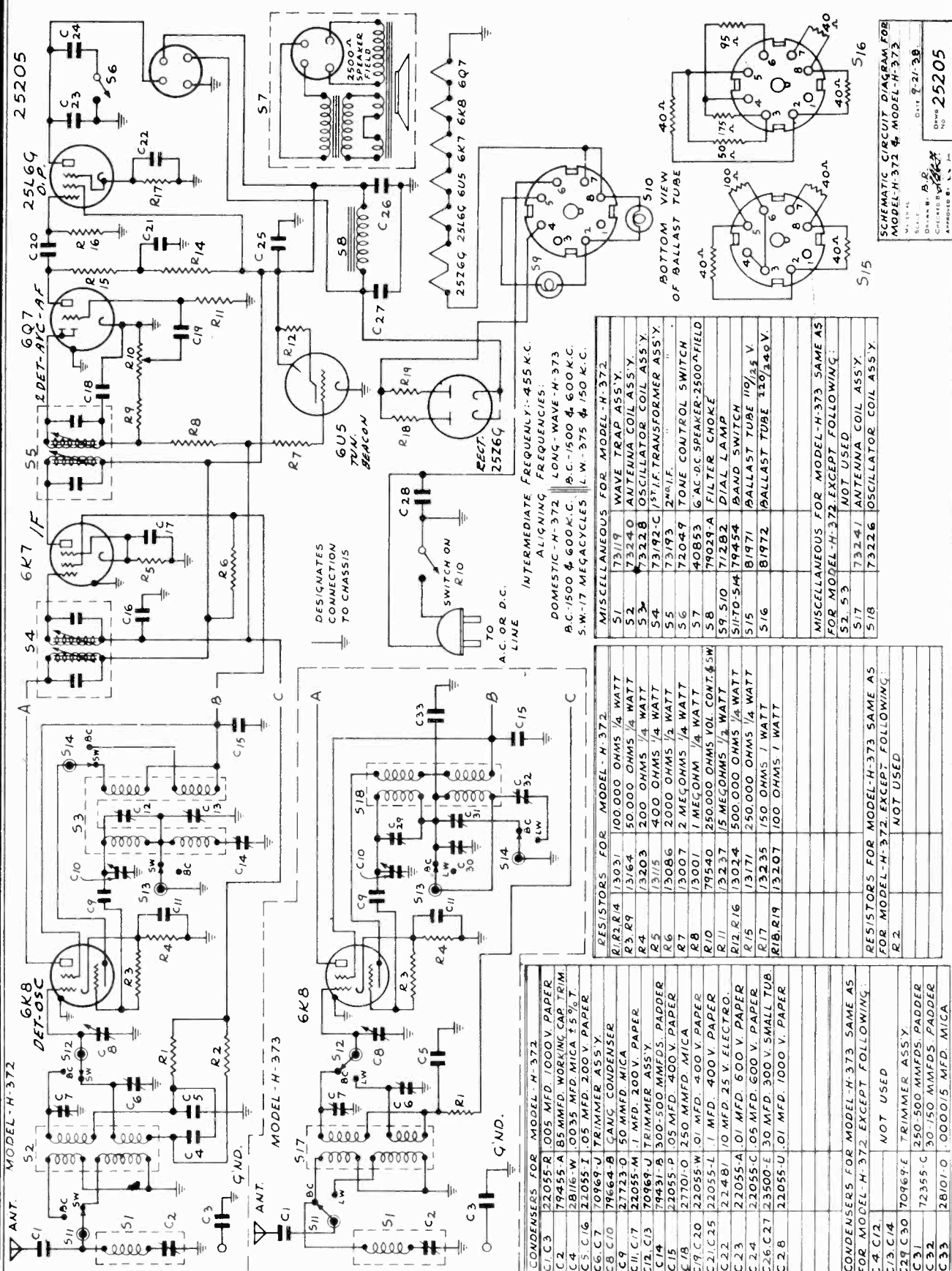
The chances of doing this may be eliminated by adjusting the generator to the correct aligning frequency, and with sufficient output from the generator to pick up two signals with the receiver, separated by twice the Intermediate Frequency, set the ROTOR dial to that one which comes in at the higher frequency marking on the ROTOR dial.

Miscellaneous Service Notes.

If a howling noise (sometimes referred to as Microphonic Howl) is heard, it is very probably because the four red screws under the cabinet have not been removed, along with the two narrow metal strips between the chassis and the bottom of the cabinet. These strips and screws are only intended as additional bracing during shipment, and must be removed before the receiver is put in operation.

The howl can also be caused by a defective tube, or when some part of the receiver which is rigidly fastened to the chassis rubs against the cabinet. The remedy is obvious.

PILOT RADIO CORP. MODELS H-372, H-373, Chassis H370 Schematic



25205

25L6G
D.P.

6Q7
AF

6K7
IF

6K8
DET-05C

6K8
DET-ARC-AF

6U5
TUN.
BEACON

25Z6G
RECT.

25Z6G
25L6G
6U5
6K7
6Q7

25Z6G
6K7
6Q7

25Z6G
6K7
6Q7

CONDENSERS FOR MODEL-H-372	
C1, C3	22055-R 005 MFD. 1000V. PAPER
C2	79455-A 85 MMFD. WORKING CAP. TRIM.
C4	28116-W .0035 MFD. MICA 5% T.
C5, C16	22055-I .05 MFD. 200 V. PAPER
C6, C7	70969-J TRIMMER ASSY.
C8, C10	79664-B GAUC. CONDENSER
C9	27723-O 50 MMFD. MICA
C11, C17	22055-M 1 MFD. 200 V. PAPER
C12, C13	70969-J TRIMMER ASSY.
C14	79431-B 300-500 MMFDS. PADDER
C15	22055-P .05 MFD. 400 V. PAPER
C18	27701-O 250 MMFD. MICA
C19, C20	22055-W .01 MFD. 400 V. PAPER
C21, C25	22055-L 1 MFD. 400 V. PAPER
C22	22481 10 MFD. 25 V. ELECTRO.
C23	22055-A .01 MFD. 600 V. PAPER
C24	22055-C .05 MFD. 600 V. PAPER
C26, C27	23500-E 30 MFD. 300 V. SMALL TUB.
C28	22055-U .01 MFD. 1000 V. PAPER

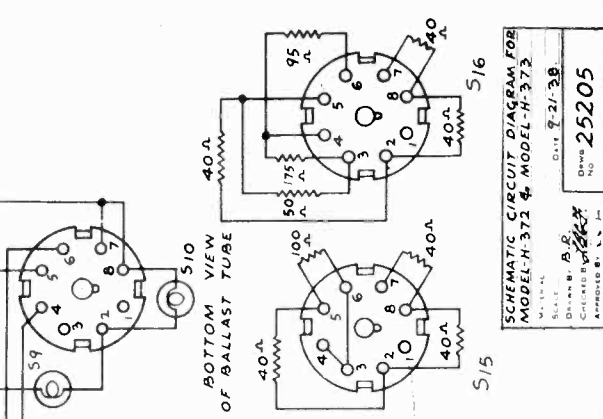
RESISTORS FOR MODEL-H-372	
R1, R2, R4	13031 100,000 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R3, R9	13164 50,000 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R4	13203 200 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R5	13115 400 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R6	13086 2000 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R7	13007 2 MEG OHMS 1/4 WATT
R8	13001 1 MEG OHMS 1/4 WATT
R10	79540 250,000 OHMS VOL. CONT. & SW.
R11	13237 15 MEG OHMS 1/4 WATT
R12, R16	13024 500,000 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R15	13171 250,000 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R17	13235 150 OHMS 1 WATT
R18, R19	13207 100 OHMS 1 WATT

MISCELLANEOUS FOR MODEL-H-372	
S1	73119 WAVE TRAP ASSY.
S2	73240 ANTENNA COIL ASSY.
S3	73228 OSCILLATOR COIL ASSY.
S4	73192-C 15T.I.F. TRANSFORMER ASSY.
S5	73193 2 nd I.F.
S6	72049 TONE CONTROL SWITCH
S7	40853 G.A.C.-D.C. SPEAKER-3500 th FIELD
S8	70821-A FILTER CHOKER
S9, S10	71282 DIAL LAMP
S17, S18	79454 BAND SWITCH
S15	81971 BALLAST TUBE 110/125 V.
S16	81972 BALLAST TUBE 110/125 V.

MISCELLANEOUS FOR MODEL-H-373 SAME AS FOR MODEL-H-372 EXCEPT FOLLOWING:	
S2, S3	NOT USED
S17	73241 ANTENNA COIL ASSY.
S18	73226 OSCILLATOR COIL ASSY.

DESIGNATES CONNECTION TO CHASSIS

INTERMEDIATE FREQUENCY: 455 K.C.
ALIGNING FREQUENCIES:
DOMESTIC-H-372 LONG-WAVE-H-373
P.C.-1500 & 600 K.C. R.C.-1500 & 600 K.C.
S.W.-17 MEGACYCLES L.W.-375 & 150 K.C.



SCHEMATIC CIRCUIT DIAGRAM FOR MODEL-H-372 & MODEL-H-373
DATE: 2-21-38
DRAWN BY: B.P.
CHECKED BY: [Signature]
APPROVED BY: L.N.
NO. 25205

MODELS H-372, H-373
Chassis H-370

PILOT RADIO CORP.

Voltage, Socket, Trimmers
Alignment

IF Amplifier Alignment

1. Adjust the signal generator frequency to 455 kilocycles, and adjust the generator output to the lowest value which will give a readable signal on the output meter.
2. Adjust the trimmer screws 1, 2, 3, and 4, (see to the blue antenna wire through the .0002 mfd. condenser. Set the generator frequency to 375 kilocycles and with the Band Selector Switch set to the Long Wave Band, turn the pointer of the receiver to 375 kilocycles. Adjust trimmer #8 for maximum reading of the output meter. Do likewise with trimmer #7. Then set the generator frequency to 150 kilocycles and the receiver dial pointer to approximately the same frequency. Adjust the screw of trimmer #10 for maximum reading of the output meter, while "rocking" the gang condenser carefully back and forth. Then go back and repeat the 375 kilocycle alignment.

R.F. Alignment

Long Wave Band (Model H-373)

Connect the "hot" terminal of the generator to the blue antenna wire through the .0002 mfd. condenser. Set the generator frequency to 375 kilocycles and with the Band Selector Switch set to the Long Wave Band, turn the pointer of the receiver to 375 kilocycles. Adjust trimmer #8 for maximum reading of the output meter. Do likewise with trimmer #7. Then set the generator frequency to 150 kilocycles and the receiver dial pointer to approximately the same frequency. Adjust the screw of trimmer #10 for maximum reading of the output meter, while "rocking" the gang condenser carefully back and forth. Then go back and repeat the 375 kilocycle alignment.

Broadcast, or Medium Wave, Band (Models H-373 and H-372)

Connections are the same for the alignment of this band as they are for the Long Wave Band. Set the generator frequency to 1500 kilocycles, and the receiver dial pointer to the same frequency, with the Band Selector Switch set appropriately. Adjust trimmer #9 of Model H-373, or trimmer #8 of Model H-372 for maximum reading of the output meter. Also adjust trimmer #6 of Model H-373, or trimmer #7 of Model H-372 for maximum reading of the output meter. Next, set the generator frequency to 600 kilocycles. Then with the receiver dial pointer set at approximately the same frequency, adjust trimmer #10 for maximum reading of the output meter while carefully "rocking" the gang condenser. Finally, return and repeat the 1500 kilocycle adjustment.

Short Wave Band (Model H-372)

When aligning this band connect the "hot" terminal of the signal generator to the blue antenna wire of the receiver through the 400 ohm resistor. Before aligning this band, refer to the paragraph headed "Image Frequency".

Set the generator frequency to 17 mc., and also tune the receiver to this frequency, as marked on the dial. Carefully adjust trimmer #9 for maximum reading of the output meter. Be careful you do not adjust to the "Image Frequency".

Then adjust trimmer #6 for maximum output meter reading, while slightly "rocking" the gang condenser.

Readjust trimmer #9, if necessary, to keep the calibration correct.

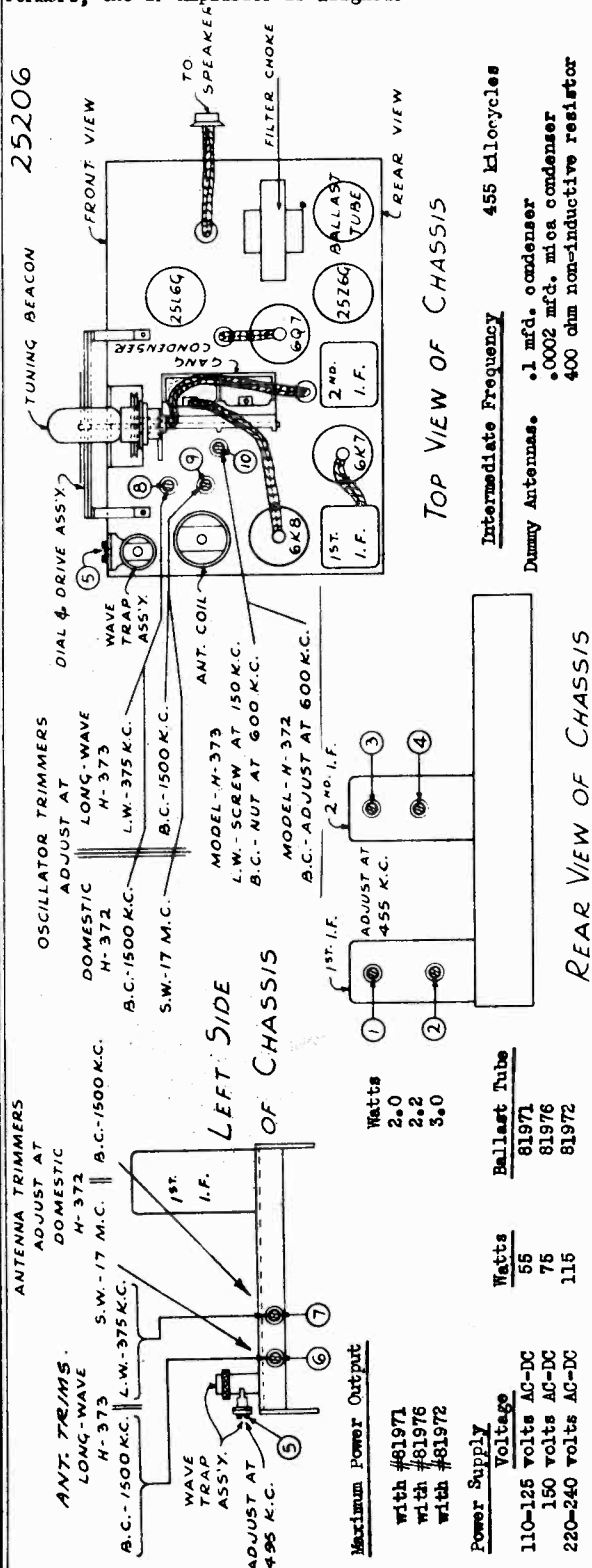
Image Frequency

The Short Wave Band in model H-372 must be aligned with the oscillator frequency lower than the signal frequency. On the high frequency band, it is possible to incorrectly adjust the alignment in this respect, and end up with the receiver aligned on what should be the Image Frequency.

The chances of doing this may be eliminated by adjusting the generator to the correct aligning frequency, and with sufficient output from the generator to pick up two signals with the receiver, separated by twice the Intermediate Frequency, turn the tuning knob so that the dial pointer points to that one which comes in at the lower frequency marking on the dial.

Wave Trap Alignment

With the Band Selector Switch set on the Broadcast or Medium Wave position, connect the generator to the blue antenna wire, with the .0002 mfd. condenser. Set the generator frequency to 455 kilocycles and adjust trimmer #5 for minimum reading of the output meter. There must always be sufficient output from the Signal Generator to have a reading on the output meter to make this adjustment.



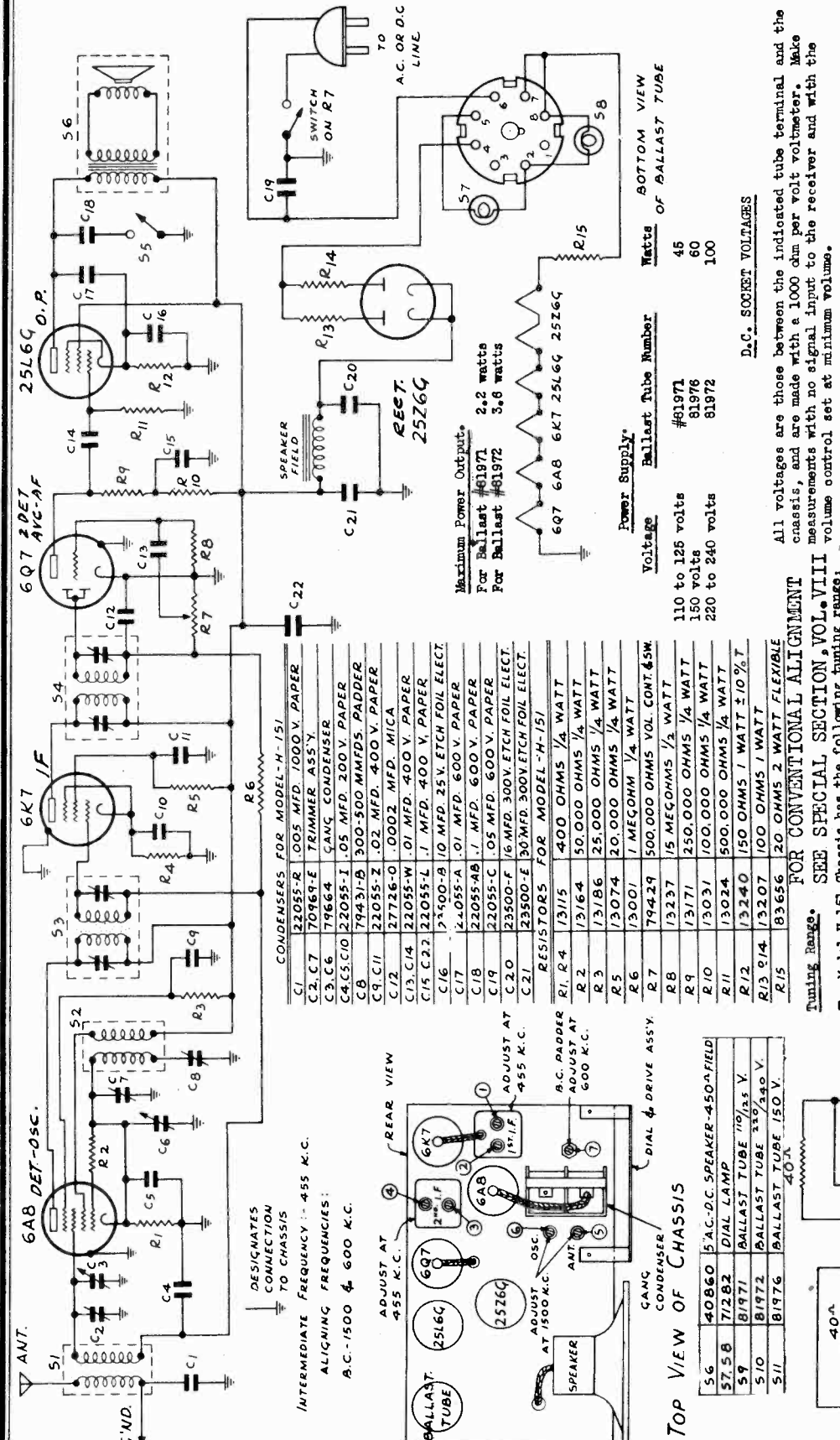
Socket Terminals **D.C. SOCKET VOLTAGES**

Tube	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
6K8	-	-	102(130)	85(110)	-	85(110)	-	2. (2.6)
6K7	-	-	102(130)	85(110)	1.7(2.5)	-	-	1.7(2.5)
6Q7	-	-	45(53)	-	-	-	-	-
25L6-G	-	-	96(125)	102(130)	-	-	-	6.5(8.8)
25Z6-G	-	-	-	110(145)	-	-	-	110(145)

Above figures in parenthesis are for Ballast tube #81972.
Figures not in parenthesis are for ballast tube #81971.

PILOT RADIO CORP.

MODELS TH-150, H-151
Chassis H-150
Schematic, Voltage
Socket, Trimmers
Alignment



CONDENSERS FOR MODEL-H-151

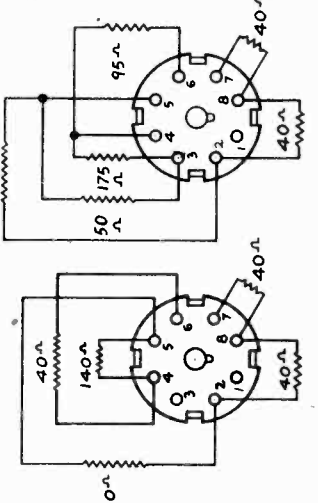
C1	22055-R	.005 MFD. 7000 V. PAPER
C2, C7	70969-E	TRIMMER ASSY.
C3, C6	79664	500 MFD. 200 V. PAPER
C4, C5, C10	22055-I	.05 MFD. 200 V. PAPER
C8	79431-B	300-500 MMFDS. PAPPER
C9, C11	22055-Z	.02 MFD. 400 V. PAPER
C12	27726-0	.0002 MFD. MICA
C13, C14	22055-W	.01 MFD. 400 V. PAPER
C15, C22	22055-L	.1 MFD. 400 V. PAPER
C16	74500-B	.10 MFD. 25 V. ETCH FOIL ELECT.
C17	24055-A	.01 MFD. 600 V. PAPER
C18	22055-AB	.1 MFD. 600 V. PAPER
C19	22055-C	.05 MFD. 600 V. PAPER
C20	23500-F	.16 MFD. 300V. ETCH FOIL ELECT.
C21	23500-E	.30 MFD. 300V. ETCH FOIL ELECT.

RESISTORS FOR MODEL-H-151

R1, R4	131/5	400 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R2	131/64	50,000 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R3	131/86	25,000 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R5	13074	20,000 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R6	13001	1 MEG OHM 1/4 WATT
R7	79429	500,000 OHMS VOL. CONT. & SW.
R8	13237	15 MEG OHMS 1/2 WATT
R9	13171	250,000 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R10	13031	100,000 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R11	13024	100,000 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R12	13240	150 OHMS 1 WATT ±10%
R13, R14	13207	100 OHMS 1 WATT
R15	83656	20 OHMS 2 WATT FLEXIBLE

TOP VIEW OF CHASSIS

S6	40860	5 A.C.-D.C. SPEAKER-450-Ω-FIELD
S7, S8	71282	DIAL LAMP
S9	81971	BALLAST TUBE 110/125 V.
S10	81972	BALLAST TUBE 130/140 V.
S11	81976	BALLAST TUBE 150 V. 40A



Maximum Power Output.
For Ballast #81971 2.2 watts
For Ballast #81972 3.8 watts

Power Supply

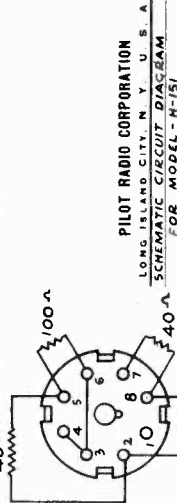
Voltage	Ballast Tube Number	Watts of Ballast Tube
110 to 125 volts	#81971	45
150 volts	81976	60
220 to 240 volts	81972	100

D.C. SOCKET VOLTAGES

All voltages are those between the indicated tube terminal and the chassis, and are made with a 1000 ohm per volt voltmeter. Make measurements with no signal input to the receiver and with the volume control set at minimum volume.

Make sure that the AC or DC supply voltage is correct for the Ballast tube being used at the time of measurement.

Tube	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
6AB	-	-	-	95(145)	52(87)	96(145)	-	1.7(2.6)
6K7	-	-	-	95(145)	65(110)	2(.5.1)	-	2(.5.1)
6Q7	-	-	-	90(135)	95(145)	-	-	5.7(9.0)



Figures in parenthesis are for ballast tube #81971
Figures not in parenthesis are for ballast tube #81972

PILOT RADIO CORPORATION
LONG ISLAND CITY, N. Y. U. S. A.
SCHEMATIC CIRCUIT DIAGRAM
FOR MODEL-H-151

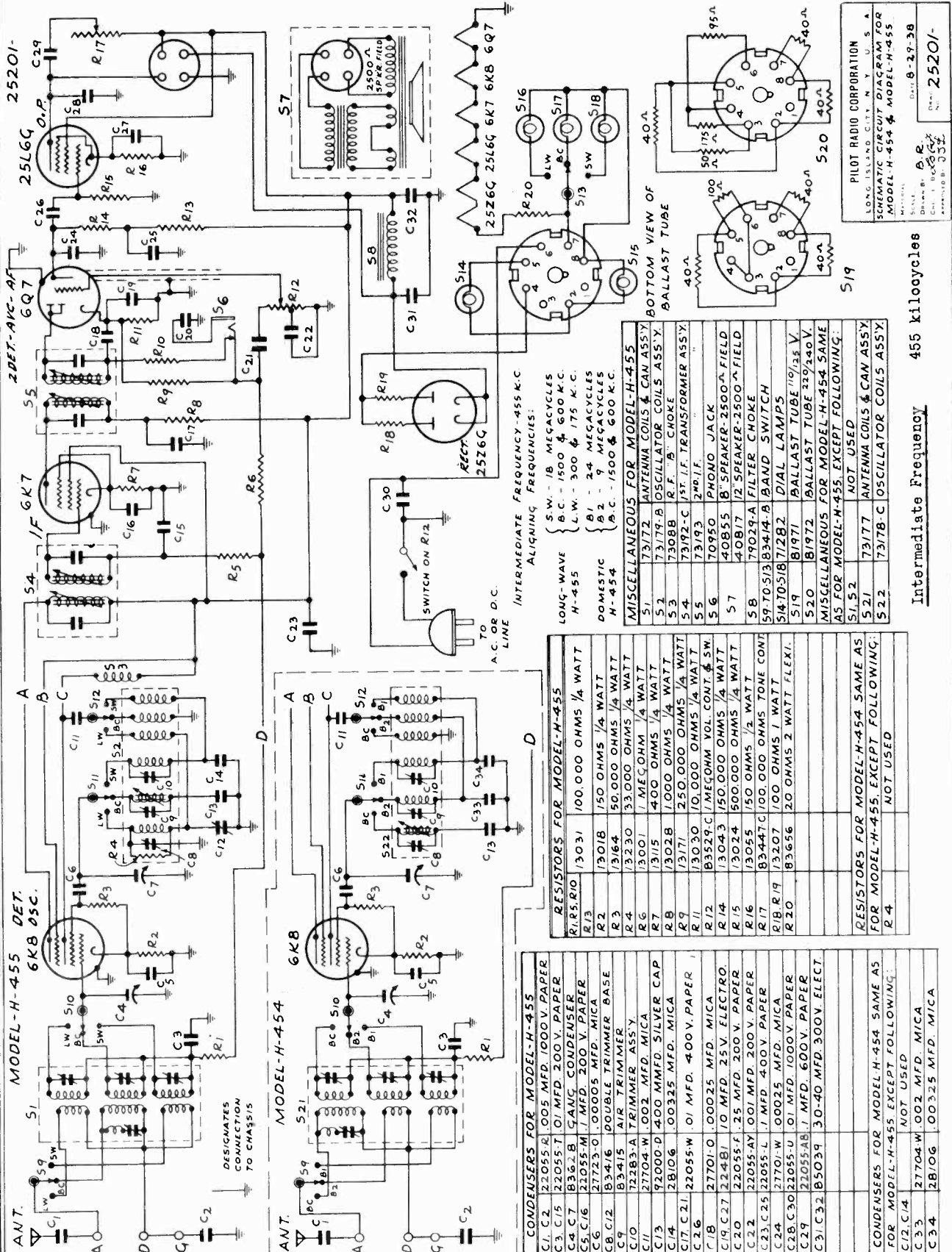
SCALE: DRAWN BY: A. B. CHECKED BY: APPROVED BY:

DATE: 10-12-38
No. 25208

S9
S10
S11

MODELS H-454, H-455
Chassis H-450
Schematic

PILOT RADIO CORP.



CONDENSERS FOR MODEL-H-455

C1, C2	22055-R	.005 MFD. 1000V. PAPER
C3, C15	22055-T	.01 MFD. 200V. PAPER
C4, C7	B36-2-B	5 MFD. 200V. PAPER
C5, C16	22055-M	.01 MFD. 200V. PAPER
C6	27223-O	.00005 MFD. MICA
C8, C12	B3-416	DOUBLE TRIMMER BASE
C9	B3-415	AIR TRIMMER
C10	72283-A	TRIMMER ASSY.
C11	27704-W	.002 MFD. MICA
C13	92000-D	400 MMEG. SILVER CAP
C14	2810-6	.00325 MFD. MICA
C17, C21, C26	22055-W	.01 MFD. 400V. PAPER
C18	27701-O	.00025 MFD. MICA
C19, C27	2248-B	.10 MFD. 25V. ELECTRO.
C20	22055-F	.25 MFD. 200V. PAPER
C22	22055-AV	.001 MFD. 200V. PAPER
C23, C25	22055-L	1 MFD. 400V. PAPER
C24	27701-W	.00025 MFD. MICA
C28, C30	22055-U	.01 MFD. 1000V. PAPER
C29	22055-AB	.1 MFD. 600V. PAPER
C31, C32	B5039	30-40 MFD. 300V. ELECT.

CONDENSERS FOR MODEL-H-454 SAME AS FOR MODEL-H-455 EXCEPT FOLLOWING:

C12, C14	NOT USED	
C33	27704-W	.002 MFD. MICA
C34	2810-6	.00325 MFD. MICA

RESISTORS FOR MODEL-H-455

R1, R5, R10	13031	100,000 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R2	13018	150 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R3	13164	50,000 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R4	13230	33,000 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R6	13001	1 MEG. OHM 1/4 WATT
R7	13028	1000 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R8	13028	400 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R9	13171	250,000 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R11	13030	10,000 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R12	B3529-C	1 MEG. OHM VOL. CONT. SW.
R14	13043	150,000 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R15	13024	500,000 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R16	13055	150 OHMS 1/2 WATT
R17	B3447-C	100,000 OHMS TONE CONT.
R18, R19	13207	100 OHMS 1 WATT FLEXI.
R20	B3656	20 OHMS 2 WATT FLEXI.

RESISTORS FOR MODEL-H-454 SAME AS FOR MODEL-H-455 EXCEPT FOLLOWING:

R4	NOT USED
----	----------

MISCELLANEOUS FOR MODEL-H-455

S1	73172	ANTENNA COILS & CAN ASSY.
S2	73179-B	OSCILLATOR COILS ASSY.
S3	73088	R.F. CHOKES
S4	73192-C	1/2 I.F. TRANSFORMER ASSY.
S5	73193	2MB. I.F.
S6	70950	PHONO JACK
S7	40855	2500- Ω FIELD SPEAKER
S8	40817	2500- Ω FIELD SPEAKER
S9	79029-A	FILTER CHOKES
S10	83414-B	BAND SWITCH
S11	5170-S18	DIAL SWAMP
S12	81971	BALLAST TUBE 220/240V.
S13	81972	BALLAST TUBE 220/240V.

MISCELLANEOUS FOR MODEL-H-454 SAME AS FOR MODEL-H-455 EXCEPT FOLLOWING:

S1, S2	NOT USED	
S21	73177	ANTENNA COILS & CAN ASSY.
S22	73178-C	OSCILLATOR COILS ASSY.

Intermediate Frequency 455 kilocycles

PILOT RADIO CORPORATION
LONG ISLAND CITY, N. Y. U. S. A.
SCHEMATIC CIRCUIT DIAGRAM FOR
MODEL-H-454 & MODEL-H-455
Model H-454
Scale: 1" = 100 Ω
Date: 8-29-38
Part No. 25201-

PILOT RADIO CORP.

MODELS H-454, H-455
Chassis H-450
Socket, Trimmers
Voltage

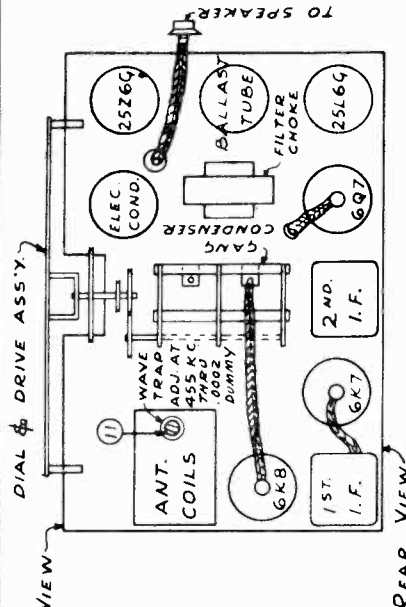
Power Supply

Voltage	Watts	Tube
110 to 125 volts AC-DC	50	81971
220 to 240 volts AC-DC	115	81972

Circuit Super-Heterodyne, with Class A output stage. Three tuning ranges as listed below. Permeability tuned IF transformers. Tone compensated volume control. Continuously variable tone control, Automatic Volume Control.

Maximum power Output

2.0 watts with 81971 ballast tube
3.4 watts with 81972 ballast tube

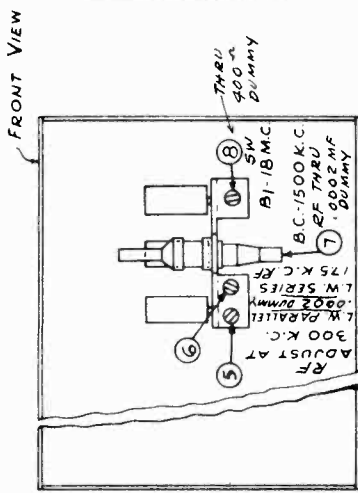


FRONT VIEW

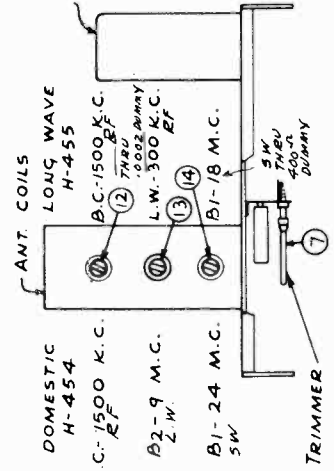
PILOT RADIO CORPORATION
LONG ISLAND CITY, N. Y. U. S. A.
TRIMMER LAYOUT

DATE 9-1-38
DRAWN BY B.R.
CHECKED BY
APPROVED BY

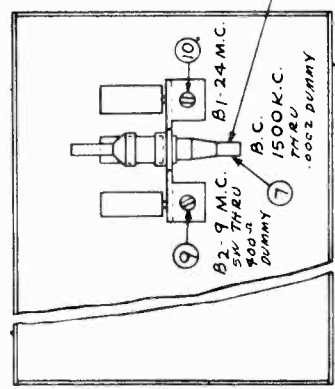
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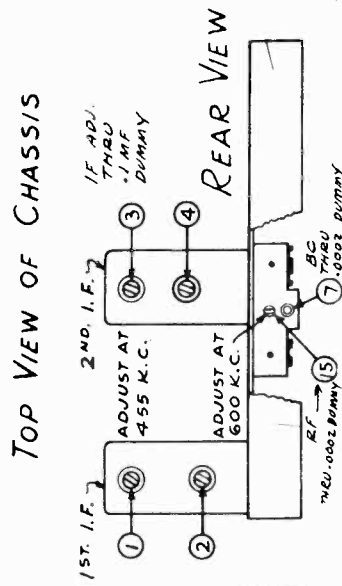
BOTTOM VIEW OF CHASSIS
LONG WAVE - H-455



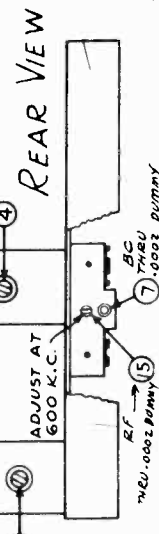
LEFT SIDE



BOTTOM VIEW OF CHASSIS
DOMESTIC - H-454



TOP VIEW OF CHASSIS



REAR VIEW

D.C. SOCKET VOLTAGES

All voltages are those between the indicated tube terminal and the chassis, and are made with a 1000 ohm per volt voltmeter. Make measurements with no signal input to the receiver and with the volume control set at minimum volume.

Make sure that the AC or DC supply voltage is correct for the ballast tube being used at the time of measurement.

Numbers in parentheses indicate use of ballast tube 81972. Socket Terminals

Tube	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
6K8	--	--	95 (125)	95 (125)	--	95 (125)	--	2.3 (3)
6K7	--	--	88 (115)	95 (125)	--	3 (4)	--	3 (4)
6Q7	--	--	60 (80)	--	--	--	--	1. (1.)
25L6-G	--	--	91 (119)	95 (125)	--	--	--	6 (8.2)
25Z6-G	--	--	--	110 (140)	--	--	--	110 (140)

Tuning Ranges The model H 454 Chassis has the following tuning ranges:

Band 1	24.8 to 8.3 mc	or	12.09 to 36.12 meters
Band 2	9.7 to 2.9 mc	or	30.9 to 103 meters
Band 3	1725 to 530 kc	or	174 to 566 meters

The model H 455 Chassis has the following tuning ranges:

Band 1	18.8 to 5.35 mc	or	15.9 to 56.04 meters
Band 2	1725 to 530 kc	or	174 to 566 meters
Band 3	375 to 145 kc	or	800 to 2069 meters

MODELS H-454, H-455

Chassis H-450

PILOT RADIO CORP.

Alignment Procedure

IF Amplifier Alignment Turn the Band Selector Switch to Band 3 and turn the receiver dial pointer to the low frequency end.

Connect the output meter as described under "Connections", and connect the "hot" post of the signal generator to the grid of the 6K8 tube through the .1 mfd condenser. Then proceed with the alignment as follows:-

1. Adjust the signal generator frequency to 455 kilocycles, and adjust the generator output to the lowest value which will give a readable signal on the output meter.

2. Adjust the screws 1, 2, 3, and 4 (see figure), for maximum reading of the output meter. Keep reducing the output from the generator if the output meter reading increases too much.

If the output of the generator to the receiver is too great, the alignment of the receiver will not be correct, as the AVC action will become too great, and the amplifier will appear broad in tuning.

It will seldom, if ever, be found necessary to more than touch up the alignment of the IF amplifier. Of course, if the amplifier adjustment screws have been tampered with, it will probably be necessary to completely realign the amplifier. In this case, connect the generator to the grid of the IF amplifier tube, and align the last IF transformer. Always finish the alignment with the signal input to the 6K8 tube.

A cathode ray oscilloscope is not necessary in making the above adjustments. One may be used, however, if desired.

Wave Trap Alignment With the Band Selector Switch set on the Broadcast Band, replace the .1 mfd dummy antenna with the .0002 mfd dummy antenna. Set the generator frequency at 455 kc and tune trimmer #11 for minimum reading of the output meter. There must be sufficient output from the signal generator to always have a reading on the output meter; do not allow the meter to go to zero and call that the correct adjustment point.

R.F. Alignment

Band 3 (Model 455 Long-Wave) Connect the "hot" terminal of the generator to the blue wire and clip through the .0002 mfd condenser.

Set the generator frequency to 300 kc and with the Band Selector Switch set to Band 3, turn the receiver dial pointer to 300 kc. Adjust trimmer #5 for maximum reading of the output meter. Do likewise with trimmer #13. Then set the generator frequency to 175 kc and the receiver dial pointer to approximately the same. Adjust trimmer #6 for maximum reading of the output meter, while "rocking" the gang condenser carefully back and forth. Then go back and repeat the 300 kc alignment.

Band 2 (Model 455) Band 3 (Model 454) (Standard Broadcast)

Connections are the same for the alignment of this band as they are for the long-wave band.

Set the generator frequency to 1500 kc., and the receiver dial pointer to the same frequency, with the band selector switch set appropriately. Adjust trimmer #7 for maximum reading of the output meter. (This trimmer is adjusted by moving the brass rod in or out, with a hooked wire, and with

a twisting motion. First loosen the lock nut). Then without touching any tuning controls adjust trimmer #12 for maximum reading of the output meter.

Next, set the generator frequency to 600 kc., and accurately set the receiver dial pointer to the 600 kc mark. Then adjust trimmer #15 for maximum reading of the output meter. Do not move the tuning control while making this adjustment. Finally return and repeat the 1500 kc adjustments and then tighten the lock nut on trimmer #7.

Band 1 (Model 455 Short-Wave)

Remove the .0002 mfd dummy antenna used in aligning the lower frequency bands and substitute the 400 ohm resistor.

Before aligning this band refer to the paragraph headed "Image Frequency".

Set the generator frequency to 18 mc and also set the receiver dial pointer to this frequency. Carefully adjust trimmer #8 for maximum reading of the output meter; be careful you do not tune in at the Image Frequency.

Then adjust trimmer #14 for maximum output meter reading, while slightly "rocking" the gang condenser. Readjust trimmer #8 if necessary to keep the calibration correct. These are the only adjustments on this band.

Band 2 (Model 454 - Short-Wave)

Connections and dummy antenna same as on Band 1 above.

Before aligning this band refer to the paragraph headed, "Image Frequency".

Set the generator and the receiver dial pointer to 9 mc. Adjust trimmer #9 for maximum reading of the output meter; be careful you do not tune in at the Image Frequency.

Then adjust trimmer #13 for maximum reading of the output meter while slightly "rocking" the gang condenser. Readjust trimmer #9 if necessary to correct the calibration.

Band 1 Alignment (Model 454 Short-Wave)

Connections and dummy antenna are the same as on Band 2 of model 554.

Before aligning this band, refer to the paragraph headed "Image Frequency".

Set the generator frequency to 24 mc and the receiver dial pointer to 24 mc. Adjust trimmer #10 to 24 mc for maximum reading of the output meter. Be careful that the receiver is not adjusted to the Image Frequency. Then adjust trimmer #14 while "rocking" the gang condenser, for maximum reading of the output meter. Reset trimmer #10 so that calibration is correct if necessary.

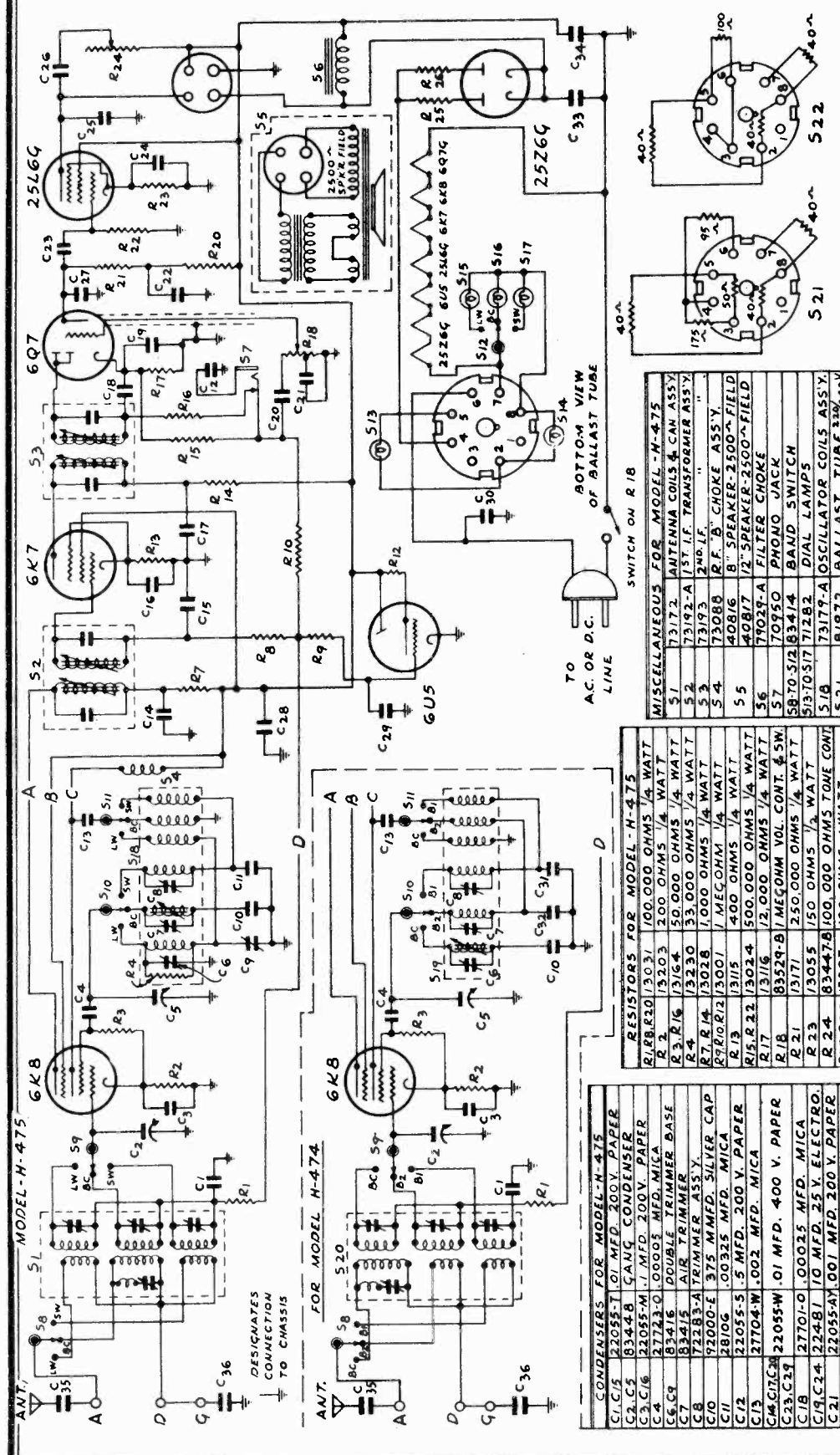
IMAGE FREQUENCY

All bands in these two models must be aligned with the oscillator frequency higher than the signal frequency. There can be no error in doing this on the long-wave and Broadcast Bands. However, on the higher frequency bands it is possible to incorrectly adjust the alignment in this respect, and end up with the receiver aligned on what should be the image frequency.

The chances of doing this may be eliminated by adjusting the generator to the correct aligning frequency, and with sufficient output from the generator to pick up two signals with the receiver, separated by twice the intermediate frequency, set the receiver dial pointer to that one which comes in at the higher frequency marking on the receiver dial pointer.

PILOT RADIO CORP.

MODELS H-474, H-475
 Chassis H-470
 MODELS H-134, H-135
 Chassis H-130
 Schematic



INTERMEDIATE FREQUENCY - 455 K.C.
 ALIGNING FREQUENCIES:
 LONG-WAVE - H-475 6 MEGACYCLES
 S.W. - H-474 & H-475 6 MEGACYCLES
 B.C. - 1500 & 600 K.C.
 L.W. - 300 & 175 K.C.

MISCELLANEOUS FOR MODEL H-475	
S1	ANTENNA COILS & CAN ASSY.
S2	1ST. I.F. TRANSFORMER ASSY.
S3	2ND. L.F. " "
S4	R.F. B. CHOKE ASSY.
S5	SPEAKER-2500~FIELD
S6	12" SPEAKER-2500~FIELD
S7	FILTER CHOKE
S8	PHONO JACK
S9	BAND SWITCH
S10	DIAL LAMPS
S11	OSCILLATOR COILS ASSY.
S12	BALLAST TUBE 350V
S13	BALLAST TUBE 100V/35 V.

MISCELLANEOUS FOR MODEL H-474 SAME AS FOR MODEL H-475, EXCEPT FOLLOWING	
S19	NOT USED
S18	OSCILLATOR COILS ASSY.
S20	ANTENNA COILS & CAN ASSY.

RESISTORS FOR MODEL H-475	
R1	100,000 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R2	300,000 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R3	50,000 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R4	30,000 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R5	1,000 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R6	1 MEG OHM 1/4 WATT
R7	400 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R8	500,000 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R9	2,000 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R10	250,000 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R11	2,500 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R12	150 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R13	100,000 OHMS TONE CONT.
R14	100 OHMS 1 WATT

RESISTORS FOR MODEL H-474 SAME AS FOR MODEL H-475, EXCEPT FOLLOWING	
R4	NOT USED

CONDENSERS FOR MODEL H-475	
C1	.01 MFD. 200V. PAPER
C2	.001 MFD. 200V. PAPER
C3	.0005 MFD. MICA
C4	DOUBLE TRIMMER BASE
C5	AIR TRIMMER ASSY.
C6	375 MMFD. SILVER CAP
C7	.00325 MFD. MICA
C8	.5 MFD. 200 V. PAPER
C9	.002 MFD. MICA
C10	.01 MFD. 400 V. PAPER
C11	.00025 MFD. MICA
C12	10 MFD. 25 V. ELECTRO.
C13	100 MFD. 300 V. PAPER
C14	.1 MFD. 400 V. PAPER
C15	.01 MFD. 1000V PAPER
C16	.00025 MFD. MICA
C17	30-40 MFD. 300V. ELECT.
C18	.001 MFD. 200V. PAPER
C19	.01 MFD. 200V. PAPER
C20	.01 MFD. 200V. PAPER
C21	.01 MFD. 200V. PAPER
C22	.01 MFD. 200V. PAPER
C23	.01 MFD. 200V. PAPER
C24	.01 MFD. 200V. PAPER
C25	.01 MFD. 200V. PAPER
C26	.01 MFD. 200V. PAPER
C27	.01 MFD. 200V. PAPER
C28	.01 MFD. 200V. PAPER
C29	.01 MFD. 200V. PAPER
C30	.01 MFD. 200V. PAPER
C31	.01 MFD. 200V. PAPER
C32	.01 MFD. 200V. PAPER

CONDENSERS FOR MODEL H-474 SAME AS FOR MODEL H-475, EXCEPT FOLLOWING:	
C3	NOT USED
C11	.003 MFD. MICA
C32	.0015 MFD. MICA

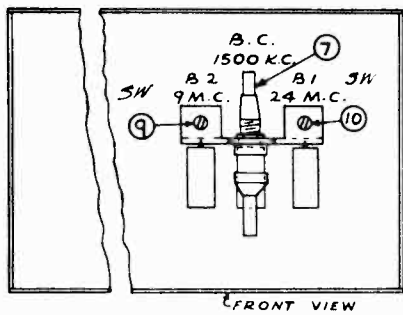
NOTE: Chassis H-470 has push-button tuner; H-130 does not. Otherwise chassis are the same.

PILOT RADIO CORPORATION
 LONG ISLAND CITY, N. Y., U. S. A.
 SCHEMATIC CIRCUIT DIAGRAM
 FOR MODEL H-474 AND FOR
 MODEL H-475
 SCALE: DRAWN BY B. RIDER
 CHECKED BY J. J. JENSEN
 APPROVED BY J. J. JENSEN
 DATE: 8-3-38
 No. 25196-2

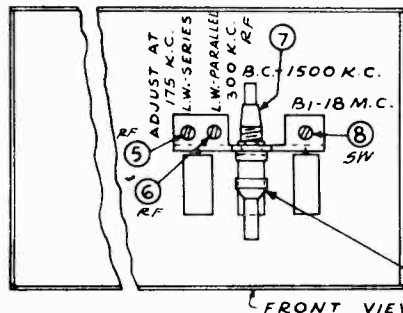
MODELS H-474, H-475
 Chassis H-470
 MODELS H-134, H-135
 Chassis H-130

PILOT RADIO CORP.

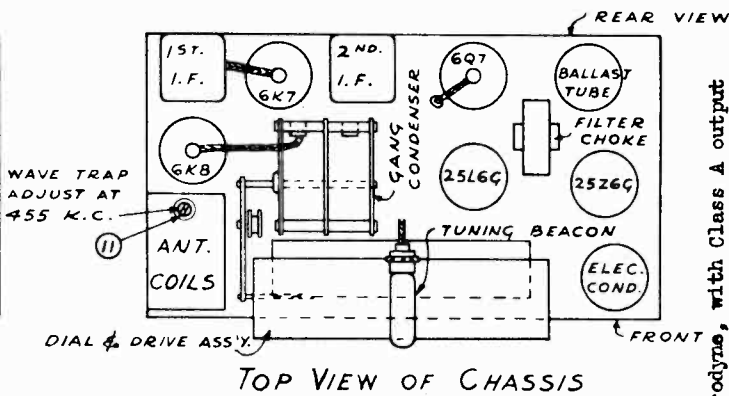
Voltage, Socket
 Trimmers, Alignment



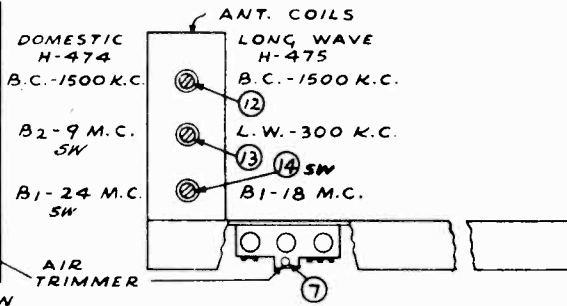
BOTTOM VIEW OF CHASSIS
 DOMESTIC-H-474



BOTTOM VIEW OF CHASSIS
 LONG WAVE-H-475



TOP VIEW OF CHASSIS

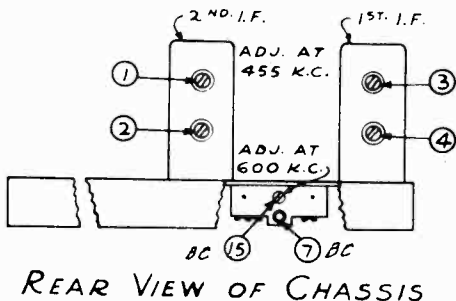


FRONT VIEW OF CHASSIS
 D.C. SOCKET VOLTAGES

Circuit Super-Heterodyne, with Class A output stage. Three tuning ranges as listed below. Permeability tuned IF transformers. Tone compensated volume control. Continuously variable tone control. Automatic Volume Control and Cathode Ray Tuning Beacon.

All voltages are those between the indicated tube terminal and the chassis, and are made with a 1000 ohms per volt voltmeter. Make measurements with no signal input to the receiver and with the volume control set at minimum volume.

Make sure that the A.C. supply voltage is correct for the ballast tube being used at the time of measurement. Figures in parenthesis are for ballast tube #81972, other figures are for ballast tube #81971.



REAR VIEW OF CHASSIS

Maximum Power Output

With #81971 Ballast Tube 2.0 watts
 With #81972 Ballast Tube 3.4 watts

PILOT RADIO CORPORATION
 LONG ISLAND CITY N. Y. U. S. A.
 TRIMMER LAYOUT

MATERIALS
 SCALE
 DRAWN BY: B.R.
 CHECKED BY:
 APPROVED BY:

DATE: 8-5-38.
 NO. 25197

PILOT TUBES Required

- One 6K8 1st detector-oscillator
- One 6K7 IF amplifier
- One 6Q7 2nd detector-AVC-1st audio ampl
- One 25L6-G Output tube
- One 25Z6-G Power supply rectifier
- One 6U5 Cathode ray tuning beacon

Socket Terminals

Tube	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
6K8	-	-	95(125)	95(125)	-	95(125)	-	2,3(3)
6K7	-	-	88(115)	95(125)	-	3(4)	-	3(4)
6Q7	-	-	60(80)	-	-	-	-	1.(1.)
25L6-G	-	-	91(119)	95(125)	-	-	-	6(8.2)
25Z6-G	-	-	-	110(140)	-	-	-	110(140)

Power Supply

A.C. or D.C.

Voltage	Ballast Tube	Watts
110-125	#81971	50
220-240	#81972	115

Intermediate Frequency 455 ko.

Tuning Ranges The model H-474 chassis has the following tuning ranges:

Band 1	24.8 to 8.3 mc	or	12.09 to 36.1 meters
Band 2	9.7 to 2.9 mc	or	30.9 to 103.4 meters
Band 3	1725 to 530 kc	or	174 to 566 meters

The model H-475 chassis has the following tuning ranges:

Band 1	18.8 to 5.35 mc	or	15.95 to 56.04 meters
Band 2	1725 to 530 kc	or	174 to 566 meters
Band 3	375 to 145 kc	or	800 to 2068 meters

MODELS H-134, H-135
Chassis H-130
Alignment Procedure

PILOT RADIO CORP.

MODELS H-474, H-475
Chassis H-470

Alignment Connections

Connect the Black and Yellow wires together and to the ground post of the signal generator.

Connect the "hot" post of the generator through the correct dummy antenna or condenser to the appropriate point as noted hereafter. In all the measurements to follow, the output meter should be connected to the plate and screen grid terminals of the 25L6-G through .1 mfd. condensers in any convenient manner.

IF Amplifier Alignment Turn the Band Selector Switch to Band 3 and turn the ROTOR dial to the low frequency end.

Connect the output meter as described under "Connections", and connect the "hot" post of the signal generator to the grid of the 6K8 tube through the .1 mfd. condenser. Then proceed with the alignment as follows:-

1. Adjust the Signal Generator frequency to 455 kilocycles, and adjust the generator output to the lowest value which will give a readable signal on the output meter.

2. Adjust the screws 1, 2, 3, and 4, (see figure) for maximum reading of the output meter. Keep reducing the output from the generator if the output meter reading increases too much.

If the output of the generator to the receiver is too great, the alignment of the receiver will not be correct, as the AVC action will become too great, and the amplifier will appear broad in tuning.

It will seldom, if ever, be found necessary to more than touch up the alignment of the IF amplifier. Of course, if the amplifier adjustment screws have been tampered with, it will probably be necessary to completely realign the amplifier. In this case, connect the generator to the grid of the IF amplifier tube, and align the last IF transformer. Always finish the alignment with the signal input to the 6K8 tube.

A cathode ray oscilloscope is not necessary in making the above adjustments. One may be used, however, if desired.

Wave Trap Alignment With the Band Selector Switch set on the Broadcast Band, replace the .1 mfd. dummy antenna with the .0002 mfd. dummy antenna. Set the generator frequency at 455 kc. and tune trimmer #11 for minimum reading of the output meter. There must be sufficient output from the signal generator to always have a reading on the output meter. Do not allow the meter to go to zero and call that the correct adjustment point.

R.F. Alignment

Band 3 (Model H-475 - Long-Wave) Connect the "hot" terminal of the generator to the blue wire and clip through the .0002 mfd. condenser.

Set the generator frequency to 300 kc., and with the Band Selector Switch set to Band 3, turn the ROTOR dial to 300 kc. Adjust trimmer #6 for maximum reading of the output meter. Do likewise with trimmer #13. Then set the generator frequency to 175 kc., and the ROTOR dial to approximately the same. Adjust trimmer #5 for maximum reading of the output meter, while "rocking" the gang condenser carefully back and forth. Then go back and repeat the 300 kc. alignment.

Band 2 (Model H-475) Band 3 (Model H-474)
(Standard Broadcast)

Connections are the same for the alignment of this band as they are for the Long-Wave Band.

Set the generator frequency to 1500 kc., and the ROTOR dial to the same frequency, with the Band Selector Switch set appropriately. Adjust trimmer #7 for maximum reading of the output meter. (This trimmer is adjusted by moving the brass rod in or out, with a hooked wire, and with a twisting motion. First loosen the lock nut). Then without touching any tuning controls adjust trimmer #12 for maximum reading of the output meter.

Next, set the generator frequency to 600 kc. and accurately set the ROTOR dial to the 600 kc. mark. Then adjust trimmer #15 for maximum reading of the output meter. Do not move the tuning control while making this adjustment. Finally, return and repeat the 1500 kc. adjustments and then tighten the lock nut on trimmer #7.

Band 1 (Model H-475 - Short-Wave)

Remove the .0002 mfd. dummy antenna used in aligning the lower frequency bands and substitute the 400 ohm resistor.

Before aligning this band refer to the paragraph headed "Image Frequency".

Set the generator frequency to 18 mc. and also set the ROTOR dial to this frequency. Carefully adjust trimmer #8 for maximum reading of the output meter. Be careful you do not tune in at the Image Frequency.

Then adjust trimmer #14 for maximum output meter reading, while slightly "rocking" the gang condenser. Re-adjust trimmer #8 if necessary to keep the calibration correct. These are the only adjustments on this band.

Band 2 (Model H-474 - Short-Wave)

Connections and dummy antenna same as on Band 1 above.

Before aligning this band refer to the paragraph headed "Image Frequency".

Set the generator and the ROTOR dial to 9 mc. Adjust trimmer #9 for maximum reading of the output meter. Be careful you do not tune in at the Image Frequency.

Then adjust trimmer #13 for maximum output meter reading, while slightly "rocking" the gang condenser. Re-adjust trimmer #9 if necessary to correct the calibration.

Band 1 (Model H-474 - Short-Wave)

Connections and dummy antenna are the same as on Band 1 above.

Before aligning this band, refer to the paragraph headed "Image Frequency".

Set the generator frequency to 24 mc. and the ROTOR dial to 24 mc. Adjust trimmer #10 to 24 mc. for maximum reading of the output meter. Be careful that the receiver is not adjusted to the Image Frequency. Then adjust trimmer #14, while "rocking" the gang condenser for maximum reading of the output meter. Reset trimmer #10 so that calibration is correct if necessary.

Image Frequency

All bands in these two models must be aligned with the oscillator frequency higher than the signal frequency. There can be no error in doing this on the Long-Wave and Broadcast Bands. However, on the higher frequency bands it is possible to incorrectly adjust the alignment in this respect, and end up with the receiver aligned on what should be the Image Frequency.

The chances of doing this may be eliminated by adjusting the generator to the correct aligning frequency, and with sufficient output from the generator, to pick up two signals with the receiver, separated by twice the Intermediate Frequency, set the ROTOR dial to that one which comes in at the higher frequency marking on the ROTOR dial.

Miscellaneous Service Notes

If a howling noise (sometimes referred to as Microphonic howl) is heard, it is very probably because the four red screws under the cabinet have not been removed along with the two narrow metal strips between the chassis and the bottom of the cabinet. These strips and screws are only intended as additional bracing during shipment and must be removed before the receiver is put in operation.

The howl can also be caused by a defective tube, or when some part of the receiver which is rigidly fastened to the chassis rubs against the cabinet. The remedy is obvious.

In replacing or resetting the ROTOR dial, always set the gang condenser at maximum capacity.

To reset the dial, loosen the set screws in the ROTOR dial pinion gear. Then, adjust the dial so that the low frequency end of the calibration line, at the base of the arrow tip, is directly under the indicator wire. Then, tighten the pinion gear set screws.

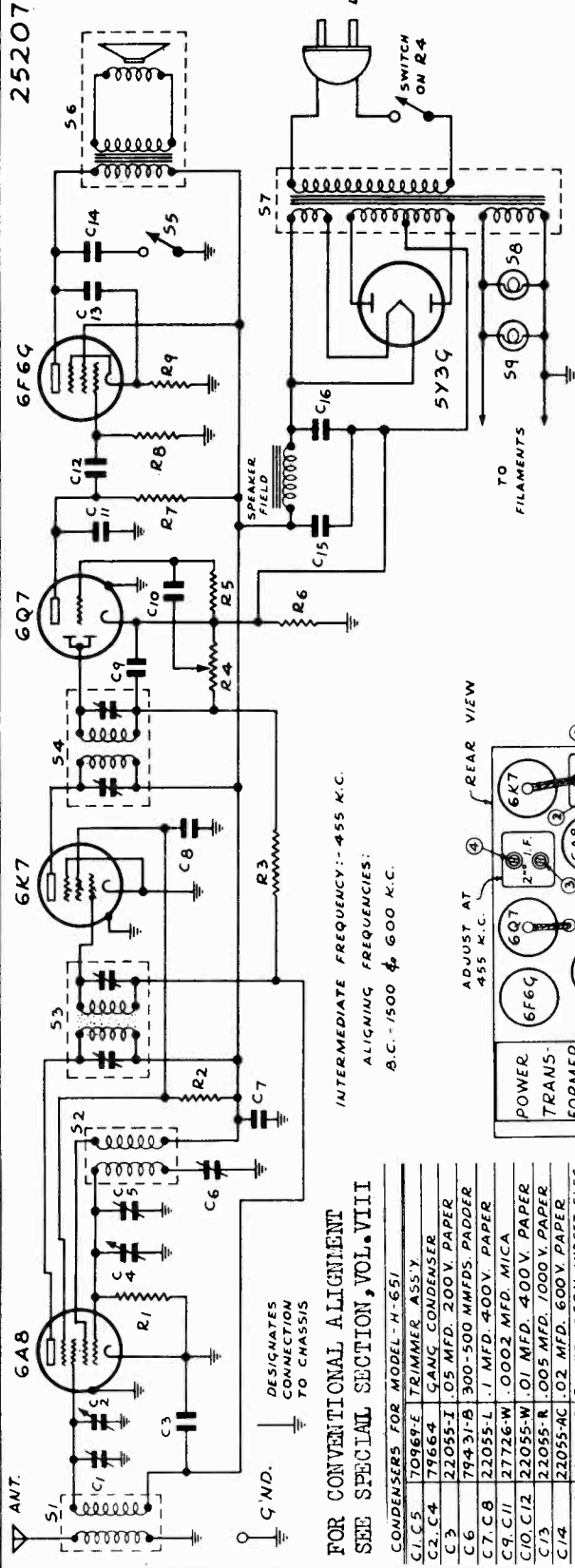
If it should be necessary to remove the ROTOR dial, first remove the top plate which carries the Tuning Beacon Clamp. Next, remove the bearing plates which hold the dial shaft in place, and lift out the whole dial assembly.

In replacing the dial, be sure to compress the "back lash" springs in the double gear approximately 1/16 of an inch.

Never loosen the set screws which connect the link motion to the gang condenser. If this should be done, the calibration of the receiver will be affected.

MODELS TH-650,H-651
 Chassis H-650
 Schematic, Voltage, Socket
 Trimmers, Alignment

PILOT RADIO CORP.



FOR CONVENTIONAL ALIGNMENT
 SEE SPECIAL SECTION, VOL. VIII

- CONDENSERS FOR MODEL H-651
- C1, C5 70969-E TRIMMER ASSY.
 - C2, C4 79664-G GANG CONDENSER
 - C3 22055-I .05 MFD. 200V. PAPER
 - C6 79431-B 300-500 MMFDS. PAPER
 - C7, C8 22055-L .1 MFD. 400V. PAPER
 - C9, C11 27726-W .002 MFD. MICA
 - C10, C12 22055-W .01 MFD. 400V. PAPER
 - C13 22055-R .005 MFD. 1000V. PAPER
 - C14 22055-MC .02 MFD. 600V. PAPER
 - C15, C16 22350-D .8 MFD. 4-50 V. MIDGET ELEC.

- RESISTORS FOR MODEL H-651
- R1 13164 50,000 OHMS 1/4 WATT
 - R2 13068 30,000 OHMS 1/2 WATT
 - R3, R5 13001 1 MEG OHM 1/4 WATT
 - R4 79429 500,000 OHMS VOL. CONT. 45W
 - R6 13080 50 OHMS 1/4 WATT
 - R7 13171 250,000 OHMS 1/4 WATT
 - R8 13024 500,000 OHMS 1/4 WATT
 - R9 13238 400 OHMS 1/2 WATT

- MISCELLANEOUS FOR MODEL H-651
- S1 7315-B ANTENNA COIL ASSY.
 - S2 73200 OSCILLATOR COIL ASSY.
 - S3 73108-B 15% I.F. TRANSFORMER ASSY.
 - S4 73103 2nd I.F. "
 - S5 71657 TONE CONTROL
 - S6 40854 5'A.C. SPEAKER-2000^A FIELD
 - 79428-R PWR. TRANSFOR. 117V.-60 CY.
 - 79428-A " " 220V.-60 CY.
 - 79428-A " " 115-230V.-60 CY.
 - 79428-L " " 150V.-60 CY.
 - S8, S9 78889 DIAL LAMP

PILOT RADIO CORPORATION
 LONG ISLAND CITY, N. Y. U. S. A.
 SCHEMATIC CIRCUIT DIAGRAM
 FOR MODEL H-651
 SCALE: DRAWN BY: A.R. DATE: 10-7-38
 CHECKED BY: [Signature] No. 25207
 APPROVED BY: [Signature]

Maximum Power Output 2 watts

Tuning Range The Model H-651 Chassis has the following tuning range:
 550 to 1720 kc or 566 to 174 meters

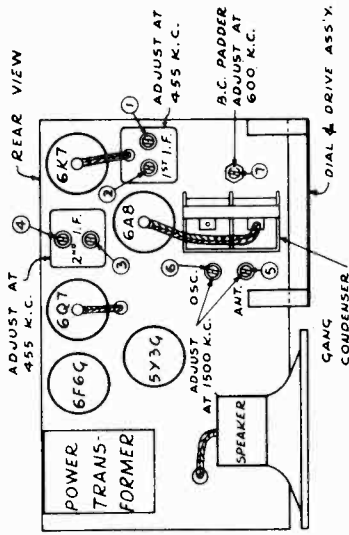
Power Supply	Voltage	Frequency	Watts
	110 to 125 volts	60	50
	160 volts	60	50
	220 to 240 volts	60	50
	110 to 125 or 220 to 240 volts	60	50

TUBES Required

- One 6A8 1st detector-oscillator
- One 6K7 IF amplifier
- One 6Q7 2nd detector-AVO-1st audio amplifier output tube
- One 6F6-G power supply rectifier
- One 5Y3-G power supply rectifier
- Total 5 tubes

GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS.

Circuit Super-heterodyne, with Class A output stage. Tuning range as listed below. Continuously variable tone control and automatic volume control.



TOP VIEW OF CHASSIS

D.C. SOCKET VOLTAGES

All voltages are those between the indicated tube terminal and the chassis, and are made with a 1000 ohm per volt voltmeter. Make measurements with no signal input to the receiver and with the volume control set at minimum volume.

Make sure that the A.C. supply voltage is correct for the transformer tap being used at the time of measurement.

Socket Terminals	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Tube	-	-	185	70	-	185	-	-
6A8	-	-	185	70	-	-	-	-
6K7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-2
6Q7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	11.5
6F6-G	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
5Y3-G	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	270

PILOT RADIO CORP.

MODELS H-484, H-485
 Chassis H-480
 MODELS H-384, H-385
 Chassis H-380
 Schematic, Voltages

CONDENSERS FOR MODEL H-484

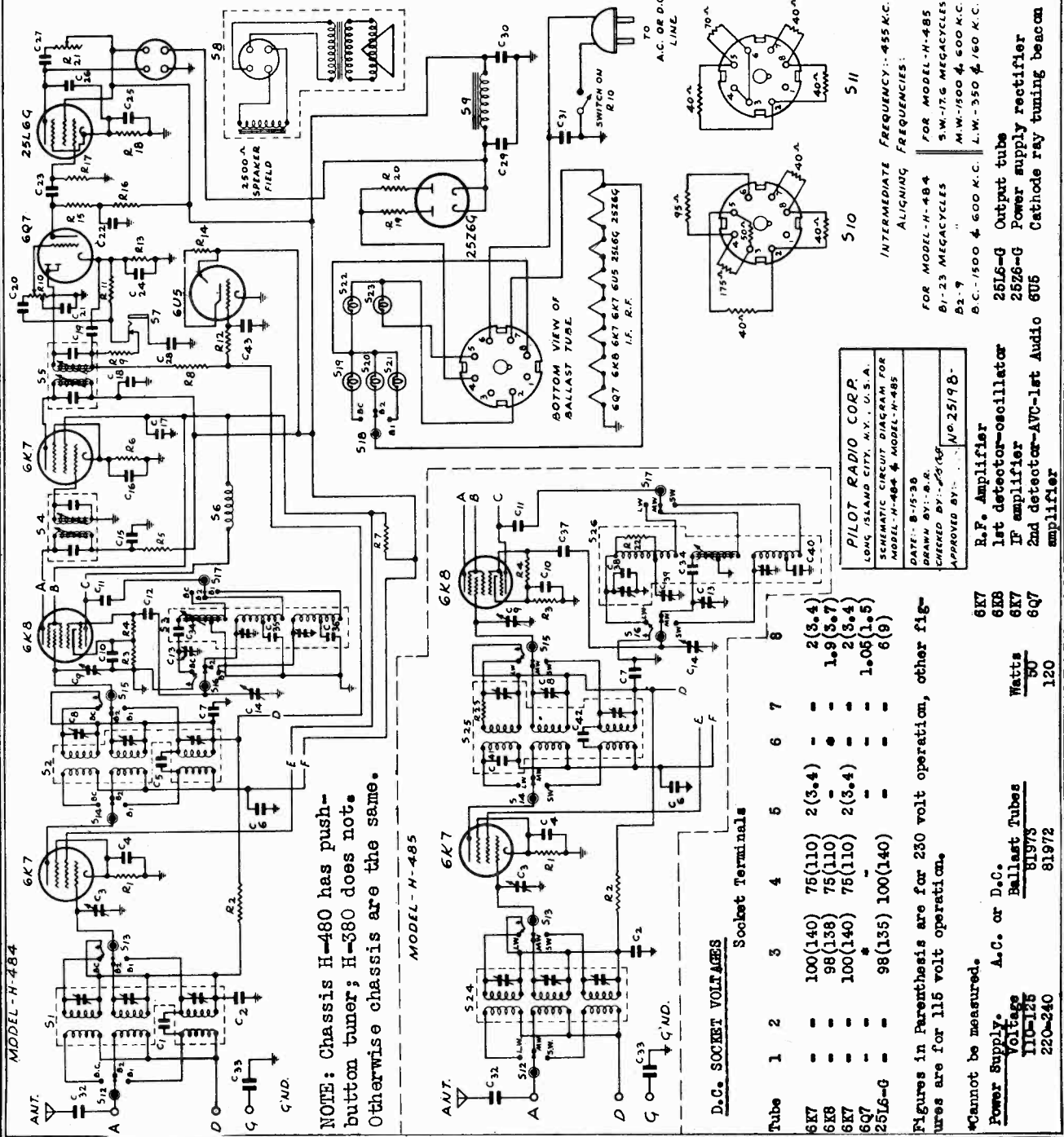
C1	37031	05 MFD. 200V. PAPER
C2	37032	05 MFD. 200V. PAPER
C3	37033	05 MFD. 200V. PAPER
C4	37034	05 MFD. 200V. PAPER
C5	37035	05 MFD. 200V. PAPER
C6	37036	05 MFD. 200V. PAPER
C7	37037	05 MFD. 200V. PAPER
C8	37038	05 MFD. 200V. PAPER
C9	37039	05 MFD. 200V. PAPER
C10	37040	05 MFD. 200V. PAPER
C11	37041	05 MFD. 200V. PAPER
C12	37042	05 MFD. 200V. PAPER
C13	37043	05 MFD. 200V. PAPER
C14	37044	05 MFD. 200V. PAPER
C15	37045	05 MFD. 200V. PAPER
C16	37046	05 MFD. 200V. PAPER
C17	37047	05 MFD. 200V. PAPER
C18	37048	05 MFD. 200V. PAPER
C19	37049	05 MFD. 200V. PAPER
C20	37050	05 MFD. 200V. PAPER
C21	37051	05 MFD. 200V. PAPER
C22	37052	05 MFD. 200V. PAPER
C23	37053	05 MFD. 200V. PAPER
C24	37054	05 MFD. 200V. PAPER
C25	37055	05 MFD. 200V. PAPER
C26	37056	05 MFD. 200V. PAPER
C27	37057	05 MFD. 200V. PAPER
C28	37058	05 MFD. 200V. PAPER
C29	37059	05 MFD. 200V. PAPER
C30	37060	05 MFD. 200V. PAPER
C31	37061	05 MFD. 200V. PAPER
C32	37062	05 MFD. 200V. PAPER
C33	37063	05 MFD. 200V. PAPER
C34	37064	05 MFD. 200V. PAPER
C35	37065	05 MFD. 200V. PAPER
C36	37066	05 MFD. 200V. PAPER

CONDENSERS FOR MODEL H-485 SAME AS FOR MODEL H-484 EXCEPT FOLLOWING:

C1	37031	05 MFD. 200V. PAPER
C2	37032	05 MFD. 200V. PAPER
C3	37033	05 MFD. 200V. PAPER
C4	37034	05 MFD. 200V. PAPER
C5	37035	05 MFD. 200V. PAPER
C6	37036	05 MFD. 200V. PAPER
C7	37037	05 MFD. 200V. PAPER
C8	37038	05 MFD. 200V. PAPER
C9	37039	05 MFD. 200V. PAPER
C10	37040	05 MFD. 200V. PAPER
C11	37041	05 MFD. 200V. PAPER
C12	37042	05 MFD. 200V. PAPER
C13	37043	05 MFD. 200V. PAPER
C14	37044	05 MFD. 200V. PAPER
C15	37045	05 MFD. 200V. PAPER
C16	37046	05 MFD. 200V. PAPER
C17	37047	05 MFD. 200V. PAPER
C18	37048	05 MFD. 200V. PAPER
C19	37049	05 MFD. 200V. PAPER
C20	37050	05 MFD. 200V. PAPER
C21	37051	05 MFD. 200V. PAPER
C22	37052	05 MFD. 200V. PAPER
C23	37053	05 MFD. 200V. PAPER
C24	37054	05 MFD. 200V. PAPER
C25	37055	05 MFD. 200V. PAPER
C26	37056	05 MFD. 200V. PAPER
C27	37057	05 MFD. 200V. PAPER
C28	37058	05 MFD. 200V. PAPER
C29	37059	05 MFD. 200V. PAPER
C30	37060	05 MFD. 200V. PAPER
C31	37061	05 MFD. 200V. PAPER
C32	37062	05 MFD. 200V. PAPER
C33	37063	05 MFD. 200V. PAPER
C34	37064	05 MFD. 200V. PAPER
C35	37065	05 MFD. 200V. PAPER
C36	37066	05 MFD. 200V. PAPER

MISCELLANEOUS FOR MODEL H-484

S1	73405	ANTENNA COILS & CAN ASSY.
S2	73406	OSCILLATOR
S3	73407	12.5 MFD. 350V. PAPER
S4	73408	12.5 MFD. 350V. PAPER
S5	73409	12.5 MFD. 350V. PAPER
S6	73410	12.5 MFD. 350V. PAPER
S7	73411	12.5 MFD. 350V. PAPER
S8	73412	12.5 MFD. 350V. PAPER
S9	73413	12.5 MFD. 350V. PAPER
S10	73414	12.5 MFD. 350V. PAPER
S11	73415	12.5 MFD. 350V. PAPER
S12	73416	12.5 MFD. 350V. PAPER
S13	73417	12.5 MFD. 350V. PAPER
S14	73418	12.5 MFD. 350V. PAPER
S15	73419	12.5 MFD. 350V. PAPER
S16	73420	12.5 MFD. 350V. PAPER
S17	73421	12.5 MFD. 350V. PAPER
S18	73422	12.5 MFD. 350V. PAPER
S19	73423	12.5 MFD. 350V. PAPER
S20	73424	12.5 MFD. 350V. PAPER



NOTE: Chassis H-480 has push-button tuner; H-380 does not. Otherwise chassis are the same.

MODEL H-485

D.C. SOCKET VOLTAGES			
Tube	1	2	3
6K7	-	-	100 (140)
6K8	-	-	75 (110)
6K7	-	-	98 (138)
6Q7	-	-	100 (140)
25L6-G	-	-	98 (135)

Socket Terminals			
Tube	4	5	6
6K7	75 (110)	2 (3.4)	2 (3.4)
6K8	75 (110)	-	1.9 (3.7)
6K7	75 (110)	2 (3.4)	-
6Q7	100 (140)	-	1.06 (1.5)
25L6-G	100 (140)	-	6 (9)

Figures in Parenthesis are for 230 volt operation, other figures are for 115 volt operation.

Power Supply Voltage	A.C. or D.C.	Ballast Tubes	Watts
110-125	A.C.	8197S	90
220-240	D.C.	8197Z	120

MODELS H-484, H-485
 Chassis H-480
 MODELS H-384, H-385
 Chassis H-380

PILOT RADIO CORP.

Socket, Trimmers
 Alignment

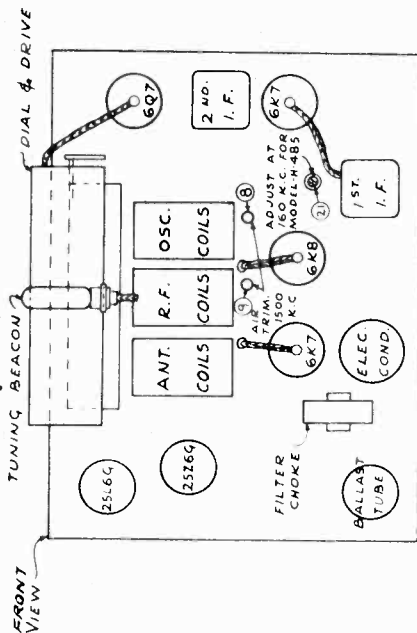
PILOT RADIO CORPORATION	
LONG ISLAND CITY, N. Y. U. S. A.	
TRIMMER LAYOUT	
MATERIAL	DATE 8-17-38
SCALE	DWG. NO. 25199
DRAWN BY A. R.	
CHECKED BY	
APPROVED BY	

Band 2 (Model H-484 Short-Wave)
 Connections and dummy antenna same as on Band 1 above.
 Before aligning this band refer to the paragraph headed "Image Frequency".

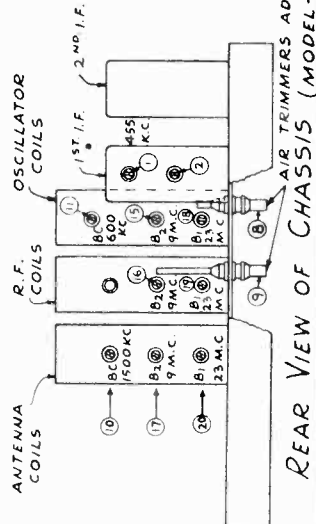
Set the generator, and the ROTOR Dial to 9 mc. Adjust trimmer #15 for maximum reading of the output meter. Be careful you do not tune in at the image frequency. Then adjust trimmers #16 and #17 for maximum reading of the output meter, while slightly "rocking" the gang condenser. Readjust trimmer #15 if necessary to correct the calibration.

Band 1 (Model H-484 Short-Wave)
 Connections and dummy antenna are the same as on Band 1 above.
 Before aligning this band, refer to the paragraph headed "Image Frequency".

Set the generator frequency to 23 mc. and the ROTOR dial to 23 mc. Adjust trimmer #18 to 23 mc. for maximum reading of the output meter. Be careful that the receiver is not adjusted to the image frequency. Then adjust trimmers #19 and #20 while "rocking" the gang condenser, for maximum reading of the output meter. Reset trimmer #18 so that calibration is correct if necessary.

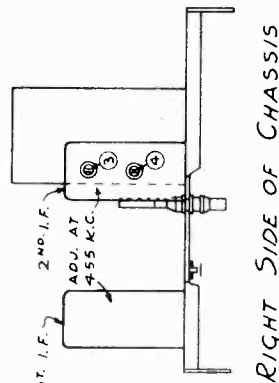


TOP VIEW OF CHASSIS

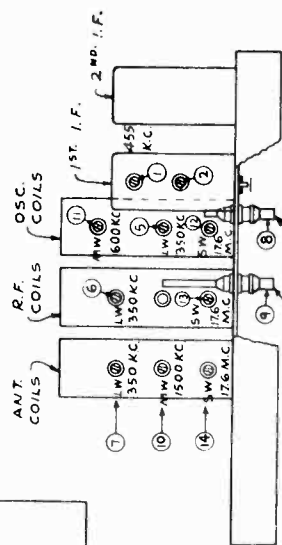


REAR VIEW OF CHASSIS (MODEL-H-485)

REAR VIEW OF CHASSIS (MODEL-H-484)



RIGHT SIDE OF CHASSIS



REAR VIEW OF CHASSIS (MODEL-H-485)

IF Amplifier Alignment. Turn the Band Selector Switch to Band 3 and turn the ROTOR dial to the low frequency end. Connect the output meter as described under "Connections", and connect the "hot" post of the signal generator to the grid of the 6K8 tube through the .1 mfd. condenser. Then proceed with the alignment as follows:

- Adjust the signal generator frequency to 455 kilocycles, and adjust the generator output to the lowest value which will give a readable signal on the output meter.
- Adjust the screws 1, 2, 3, and 4 (see figure), for maximum reading of the output meter. Keep reducing the output from the generator if the output meter reading increases too much.

R.F. ALIGNMENT

Band 3 (Model H-485, Long-Wave) Connect the "hot" terminal of the generator to the blue wire and clip through the .0002 mfd. condenser.

Set the generator frequency to 300 kc., and with the Band Selector Switch set to band 3, turn the ROTOR dial to 300 kc. Adjust trimmer #5 for maximum reading of the output meter. Do likewise with trimmer #6 and #7. Then set the generator frequency to 160 kc., and the ROTOR dial to approximately the same. Adjust trimmer #21 for maximum reading of the output meter, while "rocking" the gang condenser carefully back and forth. Then go back and repeat the 300 kc. alignment.

Band 2 (Model H-485) Band 3 (Model H-484) (Standard Broadcast)
 Connections are the same for the alignment of this band as they are for the Long-Wave Band.

Set the generator frequency to 1500 kc., and the ROTOR dial to the same frequency, with the Band Selector Switch set appropriately. Adjust trimmer #8 for maximum reading of the output meter. (This trimmer is adjusted by moving the brass rod in or out, with a hooked wire, and with a twisting motion. First loosen the lock nut). Then without touching any tuning controls adjust trimmers #9 and #10 for maximum reading of the output meter.

Next, set the generator frequency to 600 kc. and accurately set the ROTOR dial to the 600 kc. mark. Then adjust trimmer #11 for maximum reading of the output meter. Do not move the tuning control while making this adjustment. Fully return and repeat the 1500 kc. adjustments and then tighten the lock nut on trimmers #8 and #9.

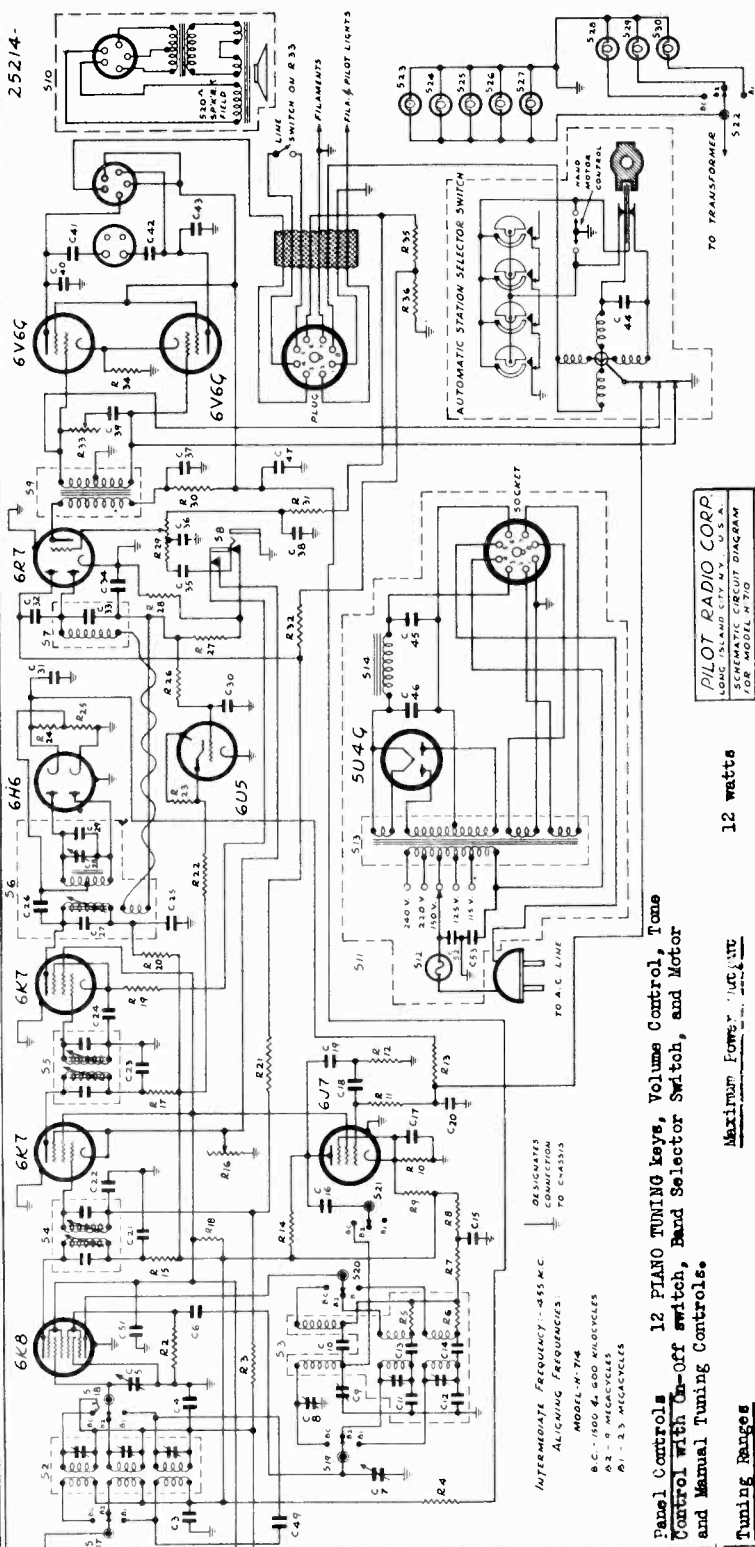
Band 1 (Model H-485 Short-Wave)

Remove the .0002 mfd. dummy antenna used in aligning the lower frequency bands and substitute the 400 ohm resistor. Before aligning this band refer to the paragraph headed "Image Frequency".

Set the generator frequency to 17.5 kc. and also set the ROTOR dial to this frequency. Carefully adjust trimmer #12 for maximum reading of the output meter. Be careful you do not tune in at the image frequency. Then adjust trimmers #13 and #14 for maximum output meter reading, while slightly "rocking" the gang condenser. Readjust trimmer #12 if necessary to keep the calibration correct. These are the only adjustments on this band.

PILOT RADIO CORP.

MODEL H-710
Schematic
Voltage



PILOT RADIO CORP.
LONG ISLAND CITY, N. Y., U.S.A.
SCHEMATIC CIRCUIT DIAGRAM
FOR MODEL H-710
DATE 1-13-38
DRAWN BY A.P.
CHECKED BY G.J.
H-710 SERIES APPROVED BY: N° 25214-

Panel Controls 12 PIANO TUNING KEYS, Volume Control, Tone Control, Tuning On-Off switch, Band Selector Switch, and Motor and Manual Tuning Controls.

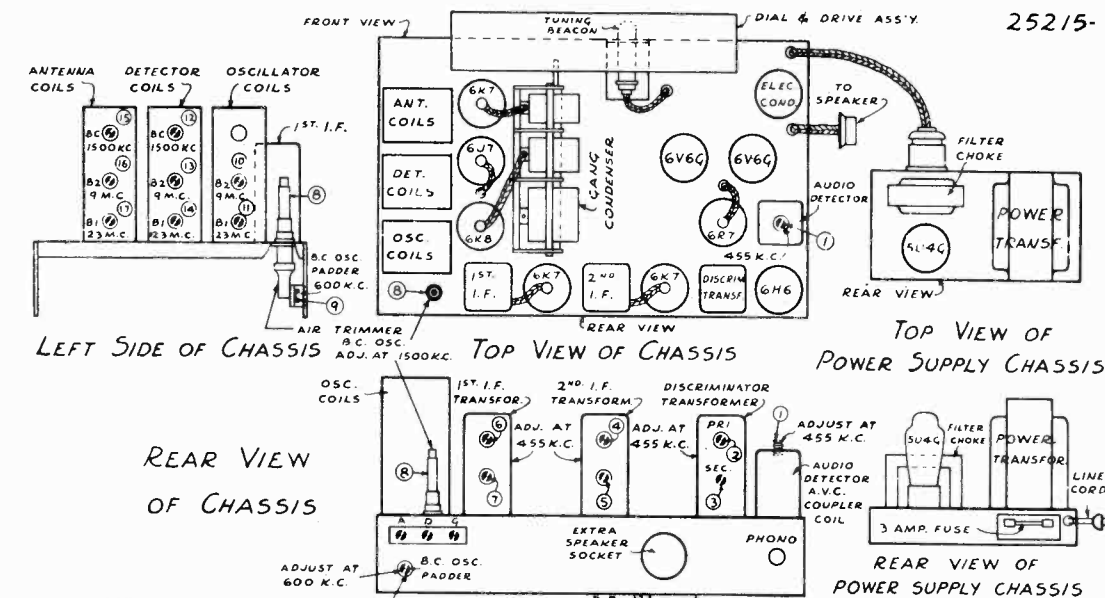
Tuning Ranges	D.C. SOCKET VOLTAGES		Socket Terminals		Tubes	Power Supply Voltage	Frequency	Watts
	1	2	3	4				
Band 1	25.3	8.92	mc	or 11.93	5	117.5	60 cycles	90
Band 2	9.88	2.97	mc	or 30.3	6	115, 125, 150, 220, 240*	60 cycles	90
Band 3	1730	526	kc	or 173.4	7	Universal Transformer	60 cycles	90
6K7 RF	-	-	-	-	8	Super-Heterodyne, with push-pull output stage, and with Automatic Frequency Control of the oscillator on the Standard Broadcast Band. An R.F. stage is used on all bands. Iron Core, Permeability Tuned IF and Discriminator Transformers, which use, in addition, Silver-Mica Condensers.	-	-
6K8	-	-	-	-	9	Continuously variable Tone Control, Tone Compensated Volume Control, Visible Indicators on all controls, Motor operated PIANO TUNING on the Broadcast Band. Manual Tuning is instantly available without extra switching. Motor Tuning, without the keys is also available on all bands. These receivers are supplied with a fuse in the power supply circuit, and a jack is provided for plugging in a high impedance phonograph pick-up. There is also provision for an external speaker.	-	-
6J7	-	-	-	-	10	-	-	-
6K7 IF	-	-	-	-	11	-	-	-
6K7 IF	-	-	-	-	12	-	-	-
6H6	-	-	-	-	13	-	-	-
6R7	-	-	-	-	14	-	-	-
6V6-G	-	-	-	-	15	-	-	-
5U4-G	-	-	-	-	16	-	-	-

RESISTORS FOR MODEL H-710	
R-1	1.5K 50.00 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R-2	1.5K 50.00 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R-3	1.5K 50.00 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R-4	1.5K 50.00 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R-5	1.5K 50.00 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R-6	1.5K 50.00 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R-7	1.5K 50.00 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R-8	1.5K 50.00 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R-9	1.5K 50.00 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R-10	1.5K 50.00 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R-11	1.5K 50.00 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R-12	1.5K 50.00 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R-13	1.5K 50.00 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R-14	1.5K 50.00 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R-15	1.5K 50.00 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R-16	1.5K 50.00 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R-17	1.5K 50.00 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R-18	1.5K 50.00 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R-19	1.5K 50.00 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R-20	1.5K 50.00 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R-21	1.5K 50.00 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R-22	1.5K 50.00 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R-23	1.5K 50.00 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R-24	1.5K 50.00 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R-25	1.5K 50.00 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R-26	1.5K 50.00 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R-27	1.5K 50.00 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R-28	1.5K 50.00 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R-29	1.5K 50.00 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R-30	1.5K 50.00 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R-31	1.5K 50.00 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R-32	1.5K 50.00 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R-33	1.5K 50.00 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R-34	1.5K 50.00 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R-35	1.5K 50.00 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R-36	1.5K 50.00 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R-37	1.5K 50.00 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R-38	1.5K 50.00 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R-39	1.5K 50.00 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R-40	1.5K 50.00 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R-41	1.5K 50.00 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R-42	1.5K 50.00 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R-43	1.5K 50.00 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R-44	1.5K 50.00 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R-45	1.5K 50.00 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R-46	1.5K 50.00 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R-47	1.5K 50.00 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R-48	1.5K 50.00 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R-49	1.5K 50.00 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R-50	1.5K 50.00 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R-51	1.5K 50.00 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R-52	1.5K 50.00 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R-53	1.5K 50.00 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R-54	1.5K 50.00 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R-55	1.5K 50.00 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R-56	1.5K 50.00 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R-57	1.5K 50.00 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R-58	1.5K 50.00 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R-59	1.5K 50.00 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R-60	1.5K 50.00 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R-61	1.5K 50.00 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R-62	1.5K 50.00 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R-63	1.5K 50.00 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R-64	1.5K 50.00 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R-65	1.5K 50.00 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R-66	1.5K 50.00 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R-67	1.5K 50.00 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R-68	1.5K 50.00 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R-69	1.5K 50.00 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R-70	1.5K 50.00 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R-71	1.5K 50.00 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R-72	1.5K 50.00 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R-73	1.5K 50.00 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R-74	1.5K 50.00 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R-75	1.5K 50.00 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R-76	1.5K 50.00 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R-77	1.5K 50.00 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R-78	1.5K 50.00 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R-79	1.5K 50.00 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R-80	1.5K 50.00 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R-81	1.5K 50.00 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R-82	1.5K 50.00 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R-83	1.5K 50.00 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R-84	1.5K 50.00 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R-85	1.5K 50.00 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R-86	1.5K 50.00 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R-87	1.5K 50.00 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R-88	1.5K 50.00 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R-89	1.5K 50.00 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R-90	1.5K 50.00 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R-91	1.5K 50.00 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R-92	1.5K 50.00 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R-93	1.5K 50.00 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R-94	1.5K 50.00 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R-95	1.5K 50.00 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R-96	1.5K 50.00 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R-97	1.5K 50.00 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R-98	1.5K 50.00 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R-99	1.5K 50.00 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R-100	1.5K 50.00 OHMS 1/4 WATT

MODEL H-710

Socket, Trimmers
Alignment

PILOT RADIO CORP.

**Receiver Alignment**

1. Signal Generator. One using fundamental frequencies for all the frequencies used in the receiver is preferred.
2. Output meter. Generally a copper-oxide rectifier meter is the most convenient.
3. Dummy Antennas. .1 mfd. condenser
.0002 mfd. mica condenser
400 ohm non-inductive resistor

IF Amplifier Alignment.

Turn the Band Selector Switch to Band 3 and turn the ROTOR dial to the low frequency end.
Connect the output meter as described under "Connections", and connect the "hot" post of the generator to the grid of the 6K8 tube through the .1 mfd. condenser. See that none of the PLANO KEYS is down. Then proceed with the alignment as follows:-

1. Adjust the Signal Generator frequency to 455 kilocycles, and adjust the generator output to the lowest value which will give a readable signal on the output meter.
2. Adjust the screws 1, 2, 4, 5, 6, and 7, (see figure) for maximum reading of the output meter. Keep reducing the output from the generator if the output meter reading increases too much.

If the output of the generator to the receiver is too great, the alignment of the receiver will not be correct, as the AVC action will become too great, and the amplifier will appear broad in tuning.

It will seldom, if ever, be found necessary to more than touch up the alignment of the IF amplifier. Of course, if the amplifier adjustment screws have been tampered with, it will probably be necessary to completely realign the amplifier. In this case, connect the generator to the grid of the last IF amplifier tube, and then to the first IF amplifier tube, while aligning the transformers following these tubes. Always finish the alignment with the signal input to the 6K8 tube and, with this connection, readjust all screws in the IF amplifier, except the discriminator trimmer #8.

A cathode ray oscilloscope is not necessary in making the above adjustments. One may be used, however, if desired.

If the receiver is placed in a noisy location when the above adjustments are being made, it may be convenient to reduce the sensitivity of the amplifier by means of the sensitivity control.

Discriminator Alignment

CAUTION: The discriminator compensator #3 has been accurately adjusted during manufacture. It will probably never need adjustment, even when tubes are replaced, and for these reasons should never be touched unless there is no doubt about its being out of adjustment, in which case, the following procedure should be followed carefully. The adjustment is quite critical and cannot be done correctly in a hasty manner.

1. Set compensator (3) at the minimum position. This is the setting when the screw slot is vertical and when the red half of the adjusting screw is at the left.
2. Tune the IF amplifier to 455 kc as described under "IF Amplifier Alignment".
3. With the signal generator connected to the grid of the 6K8 tube and with the output of the generator at a low value, note the reading of the output meter. Then very carefully turn compensator (3) until the output meter reading reaches a minimum value. That is the correct setting of this compensator.

It will be necessary to use a screw driver made from some insulating material in making this adjustment. If a metal tool is used, the adjustment will not be correct.

If the adjustment is not correctly made, the oscillator control tube will not function properly. It may even detune the oscillator instead of tuning it.

R.F. Alignment.**Band 3 (Standard Broadcast)**

Connect the "hot" terminal of the generator to the post marked "A" on the rear of the chassis through the .0002 mfd. condenser.

Set the generator frequency to 1500 kc., and the ROTOR dial to the same frequency, with the Band Selector Switch set to Band 3. Adjust trimmer #8 for maximum reading of the output meter. (This trimmer is adjusted by drawing the brass rod up or pushing it down with a hooked wire, and with a twisting motion. First loosen the lock nut). Then, without touching the tuning controls, adjust trimmer #12 and trimmer #15 for maximum reading of the output meter.

Next, set the generator frequency to 600 kc., and the ROTOR dial to approximately the same. Adjust trimmer #9 for maximum output reading while "rooking" the gang condenser. Then go back and repeat the 1500 kc. adjustment, and tighten the lock nut on trimmer #8.

Band 2 (Short-Wave)

Remove the .0002 mfd. dummy antenna used in aligning Band 3 and substitute the 400 ohm resistor.

Before aligning this band refer to the paragraph headed "Image Frequency".

Set the generator frequency to 9,000 kc. (9 mc.) and also set the ROTOR dial to this frequency. Carefully adjust the oscillator trimmer #10 for maximum reading of the output meter. Be very careful that this trimmer is not set on the Image Frequency.

After the oscillator is set, trimmers #13 and #16 are adjusted for greatest reading of the output meter, resetting trimmer #10 if necessary to keep the calibration correct.

The adjustments on this band are more critical than the similar ones on the lower frequency bands and must be more carefully made.

The above adjustments, at the high frequency end of the band, are the only ones to be made on this band.

Band 1 (Short-Wave)

Connections and dummy antenna are the same as on Band 2.

Set the generator, and the ROTOR dial to 25 mc. Adjust trimmer #11 for maximum reading of the output meter, when the lower frequency peak of the two which can be located coincides with the 25 mc. calibration point on the dial. Then adjust trimmers #14 and #17 while "rooking" the gang condenser, until the maximum reading is obtained on the output meter, resetting trimmer #11 if necessary to keep the calibration correct.

These are the only adjustments on this band.

Image Frequency

All bands in this receiver, except Band 1 must be aligned with the oscillator frequency higher than the signal frequency. There can be no error in doing this on Band 3. However, on the two high frequency bands it is possible to incorrectly adjust the alignment in this respect, and end up with the receiver aligned on what should be the Image Frequency.

The chances of doing this may be eliminated by adjusting the generator to the correct aligning frequency, and with sufficient output from the generator to pick up two signals with the receiver, separated by twice the Intermediate Frequency, set the dial on Band 2 to that one which comes in at the higher frequency marking on the ROTOR dial. That is, on Band 2 the two frequencies which will be picked up when the generator is set at 9 mc., will be at 9 mc. and at 8 mc. on the ROTOR dial. Adjust the oscillator trimmer so that the 9 mc. frequency one coincides with 9 mc. on the dial. Exactly the reverse is true on Band 1.

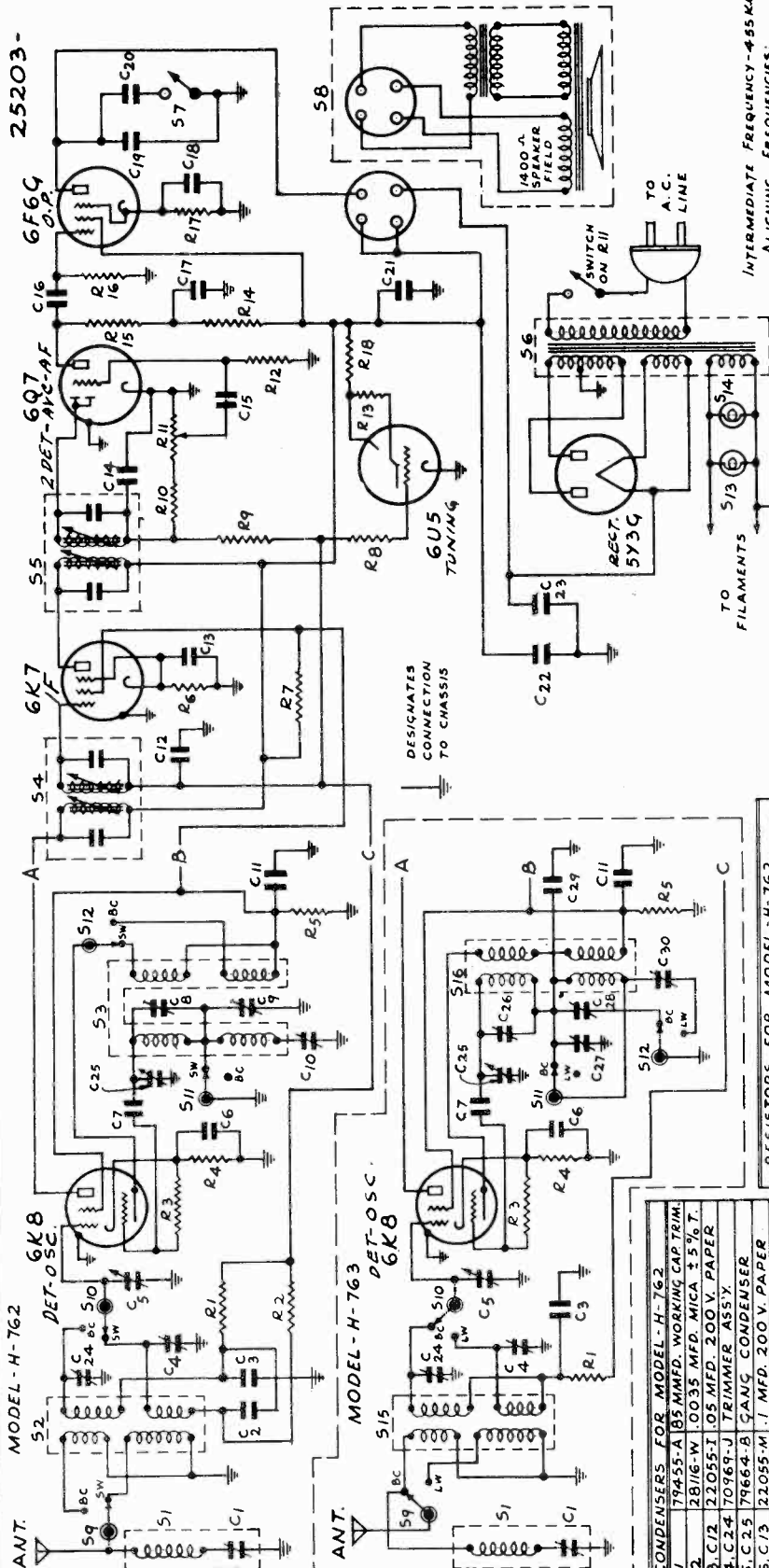
PILOT RADIO CORP.

MODELS H-762, H-763

Chassis H-760

Schematic

25203-



DESIGNATES CONNECTION TO CHASSIS

INTERMEDIATE FREQUENCY-455 KC
ALIGNING FREQUENCIES:

DOMESTIC	LONG WAVE
H-762	H-763
B.C.-1500 & 600 K.C.	B.C.-1500 & 600 K.C.
S.W.-17 MEGACYCLES	L.W.-375 & 150 K.C.
MISCELLANEOUS FOR MODEL-H-762, EXCEPT FOLLOWING:	
52, 53	NOT USED
5/5	73225 ANTENNA COIL ASSY.
5/6	73226 OSCILLATOR COIL ASSY.

MISCELLANEOUS FOR MODEL-H-762	
51	73119 WAVE TRAP ASSY.
52	73224 ANTENNA COIL ASSY.
53	73228 OSCILLATOR COIL ASSY.
54	73192-C 1ST. I.F. TRANSFORMER ASSY.
55	73193 2ND. I.F.
56	83412-R P.W.R. TRANSFORMER-174-50-60CY
	83412-AB " " 230V-50-60CY
	83412-FB " " 115-230V-50-60CY
	83412-L " " 150V-50-60CY
	83697 " " UNIV.-50-60CY
57	72049 TONE CONTROL SWITCH
58	40851 6" A.C. SPEAKER-1400-Ω FIELD
59 TO 512	74454 BAND SWITCH
513, 514	78889 DIAL LAMP

RESISTORS FOR MODEL-H-762	
R1, R2, R14	13031 100,000 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R3, R5, R10	13164 50,000 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R4	13003 300 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R6	13115 400 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R7	13239 2,000 OHMS 2 WATT
R8	13007 2 MEGOHMS 1/4 WATT
R9	13001 1 MEGOHM 1/4 WATT
R11	79429 1/2 MEGOHM VOL. CONT. & SW
R12	13237 1/5 MEGOHMS 1/2 WATT
R13, R16	13024 500,000 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R15	13171 250,000 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R17	13108 410 OHMS 1 WATT
R18	13074 20,000 OHMS 1/4 WATT

CONDENSERS FOR MODEL-H-762	
C1	79455-A 185 MMFD. WORKING CAP TRIM.
C2	28116-W 0.035 MFD. MICA ±5% T.
C3, C12	22055-1 .05 MFD. 200 V. PAPER
C4, C24	70764-J TRIMMER ASSY.
C5, C25	79664-B 5AN5 CONDENSER
C6, C13	22055-M 1 MFD. 200 V. PAPER
C7	27723-0 50 MMFD. MICA
C8, C9	70969-J TRIMMER ASSY.
C10	79451-B 300-500 MMFDS. PADDER
C11	22055-P .05 MFD. 400 V. PAPER
C14	27726-0 0002 MFD. MICA
C15	22055-AU 005 MFD. 400 V. PAPER
C16	22055-AC 02 MFD. 600 V. PAPER
C17, C21	22055-AD 1 MFD. 600 V. PAPER
C18	22481 10 MFD. 25 V. ELECTRO.
C19	22055-R .005 MFD. 1000 V. PAPER
C20	22055-AD 02 MFD. 1000 V. PAPER
C22	23500-C 16 MFD. 450 V. ELECTRO.
C23	23500-D 8 MFD. 450 V. ELECTRO.

CONDENSERS FOR MODEL-H-763 SAME AS FOR MODEL-H-762, EXCEPT FOLLOWING:	
C2, C8	NOT USED
C9, C10	NOT USED
C26, C27	70969-E TRIMMER ASSY.
C28	30-150 MMFDS. PADDER
C30	72385-C 30-150 MMFDS. PADDER
C24	28101-O 1,000,015 MFD. MICA

RESISTORS FOR MODEL-H-763 SAME AS FOR MODEL-H-762, EXCEPT FOLLOWING:	
R2	NOT USED

RESISTORS FOR MODEL-H-762	
R1, R2, R14	13031 100,000 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R3, R5, R10	13164 50,000 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R4	13003 300 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R6	13115 400 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R7	13239 2,000 OHMS 2 WATT
R8	13007 2 MEGOHMS 1/4 WATT
R9	13001 1 MEGOHM 1/4 WATT
R11	79429 1/2 MEGOHM VOL. CONT. & SW
R12	13237 1/5 MEGOHMS 1/2 WATT
R13, R16	13024 500,000 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R15	13171 250,000 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R17	13108 410 OHMS 1 WATT
R18	13074 20,000 OHMS 1/4 WATT

Power Supply Voltage	Watts	Frequency
110-125 volts AC	60	60
160 volts AC	60	60
220-240 volts AC	60	60
110-125 or 220-240 Volts AC	60	60
Universal primary (115, 125, 150, 220, 240)	60	60
Intermediate Frequency	455 kilocycles	

Maximum Power Output 4.7 watts

DATE 7-9-38
DRAWN BY B. G.
CHECKED BY J. S.
APPROVED BY J. S.
No. 25203

MODELS H-762, H-763
Chassis H-760

PILOT RADIO CORP.

Voltage, Socket, Trimmers
Alignment

D.C. SOCKET VOLTAGES

Tube	Socket Terminals							
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
6K8	-	-	240	95	-	95	-	2.8
6K7	-	-	240	95	3.5	-	-	3.3
6Q7	-	-	*105	-	-	-	-	1.4
6F6-G	-	-	225	245	-	-	-	16.
5Y3-G	-	-	-	-	-	-	340	340
6U5	Voltages at the prongs of this tube cannot be measured, however, if the tube is removed from the socket, the voltages on the various terminals may be measured. As all these measured voltages would be measured through a high resistance, except the Cathode which is grounded, none of them are noted here.							

* Not true value, but as measured with voltmeter.

IF Amplifier Alignment

Turn the Band Selector Switch to the Broadcast, or Medium Wave Band, and tune the gang condenser to the low frequency end of the dial. That is the condenser plates completely unmeshed.

Connect the output meter as described under "Connections" and connect the "hot" post of the signal generator to the grid of the 6K8 tube through the .1 mfd condenser. Then proceed with the alignment as follows:

1. Adjust the signal generator frequency to 455 kilocycles, and adjust the generator output to the lowest value which will give a readable signal on the output meter.

2. Adjust the trimmer screws 1, 2, 3, and 4, (see Figure for maximum reading of the output meter. Keep reducing the generator output as the output meter reading increases. When the reading of the output meter cannot be increased by adjusting the four screws of the IF transformers, the IF amplifier is aligned.

If the output of the generator is too great, while aligning the receivers, the alignment will be incorrect. It is very important that this be kept in mind.

It will seldom, if ever, be found necessary to

more than touch up the alignment of the IF amplifier. Of course, if the amplifier adjustment screws have been tampered with, it will probably be necessary to completely realign the amplifier. In this case, connect the generator to the grid of the IF amplifier tube, and then align the last IF amplifier transformer. Always finish the alignment of the IF amplifier with the signal input to the grid of the 6K8 tube.

A cathode ray oscilloscope is not necessary in making the above adjustments. One may be used, however, if desired.

Wave Trap Alignment

With the Band Selector Switch set on the Broadcast, or Medium Wave, position connect the generator to the blue antenna wire with the .0002 mfd. condenser. Set the generator frequency to 455 kilocycles and adjust trimmer #5 for minimum reading of the output meter. There must always be sufficient output from the signal generator to have a reading on the output meter to make this adjustment.

R.F. ALIGNMENT

Long Wave Band (Model H-763). Connect the "hot" terminal of the generator to the blue antenna wire through the .0002 mfd. condenser.

Set the generator frequency to 375 kilocycles and with the Band Selector Switch set to the Long Wave Band turn the pointer of the receiver to 375 kilocycles. Adjust trimmer #8 for maximum reading of the output meter. Do likewise with trimmer #7. Then set the generator frequency to 150 kilocycles and the receiver dial pointer to approximately the same frequency. Adjust the screw of trimmer #10 for maximum reading of the output meter, while "rocking" the gang condenser carefully back and forth. Then go back and repeat the 375 kilocycle alignment.

Broadcast, or Medium Wave, Band (Models H-763 & H-762)

Connections are the same for the alignment of this band as they are for the Long Wave Band.

Set the generator frequency to 1500 kilocycles, and the receiver dial pointer to the same frequency, with the Band Selector Switch set appropriately. Adjust trimmer #9 of Model H-763, or trimmer #8 of Model H-762 for maximum reading of the output meter. Also adjust trimmer #6 of Model H-763, or trimmer #7 of Model H-762 for maximum reading of the output meter. Next, set the generator frequency to 600 kilocycles. Then with the receiver dial pointer set at approximately the same frequency, adjust trimmer #10 for maximum reading of the output meter while carefully "rocking" the gang condenser. Finally return and repeat the 1500 kilocycle adjustment.

Short Wave Band (Model H-762)

When aligning this band connect the "hot" terminal of the signal generator to the blue antenna wire of the receiver through the 400 ohm resistor.

Before aligning this band, refer to the paragraph headed "Image Frequency".

Set the generator frequency to 17 mc., and also the receiver to this frequency, as marked on the dial. Carefully adjust trimmer #9 for maximum reading of the output meter. Be careful you do not adjust to the Image Frequency.

Then adjust trimmer #6 for maximum output meter reading, while slightly "rocking" the gang condenser.

Adjust trimmer #9, if necessary, to keep the calibration correct.

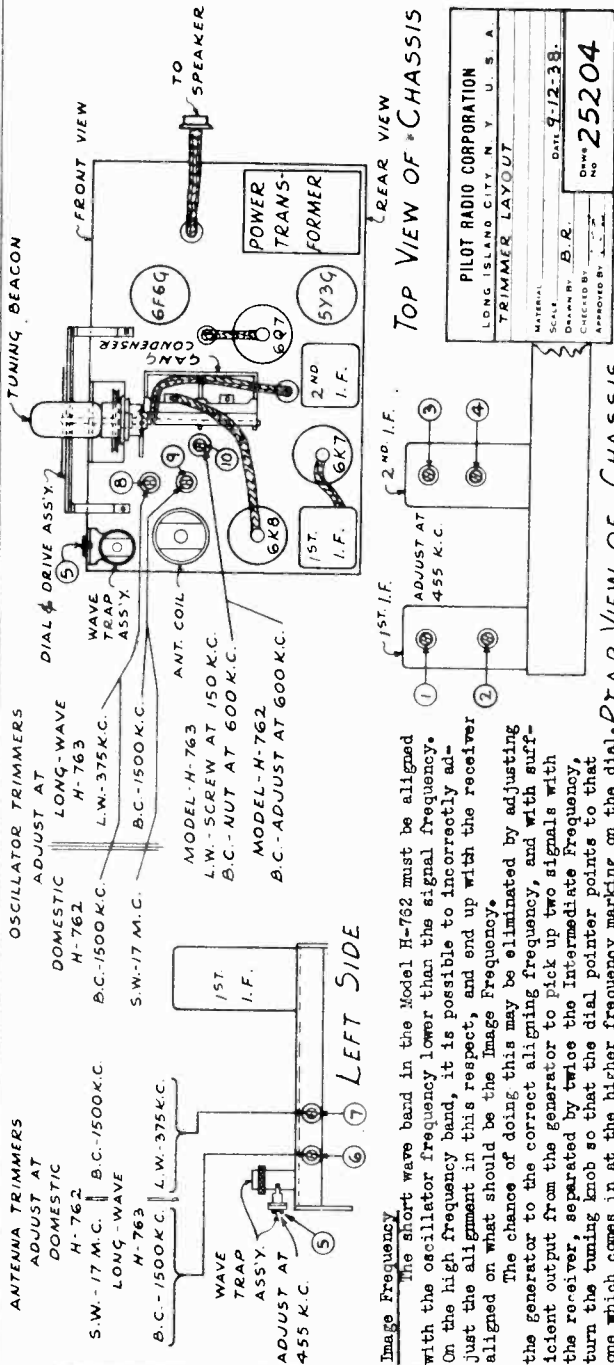
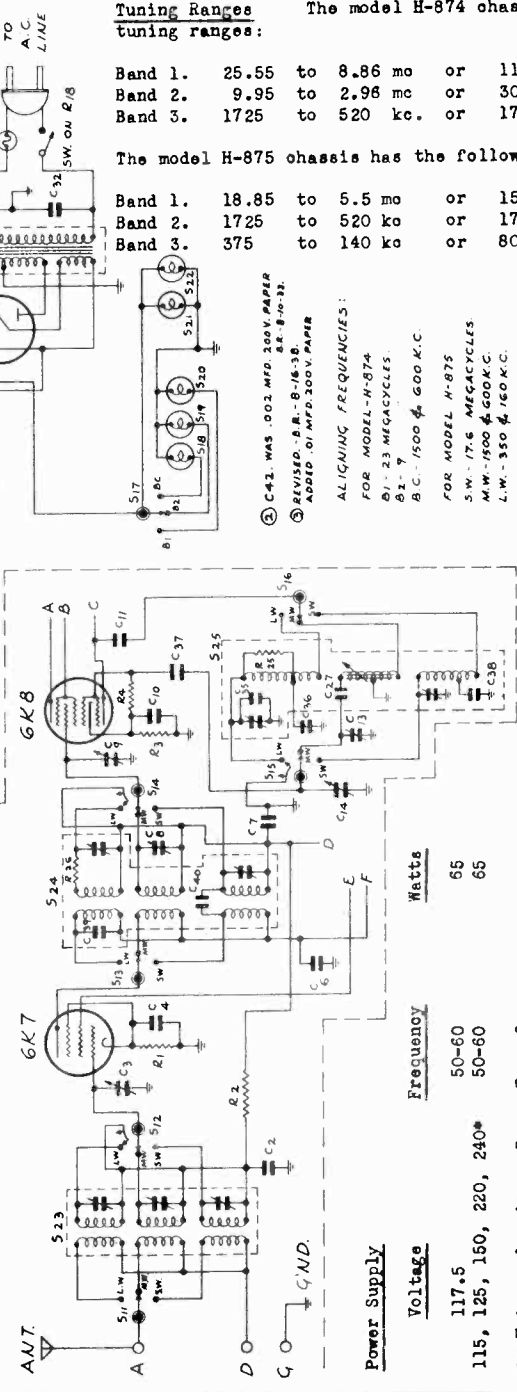
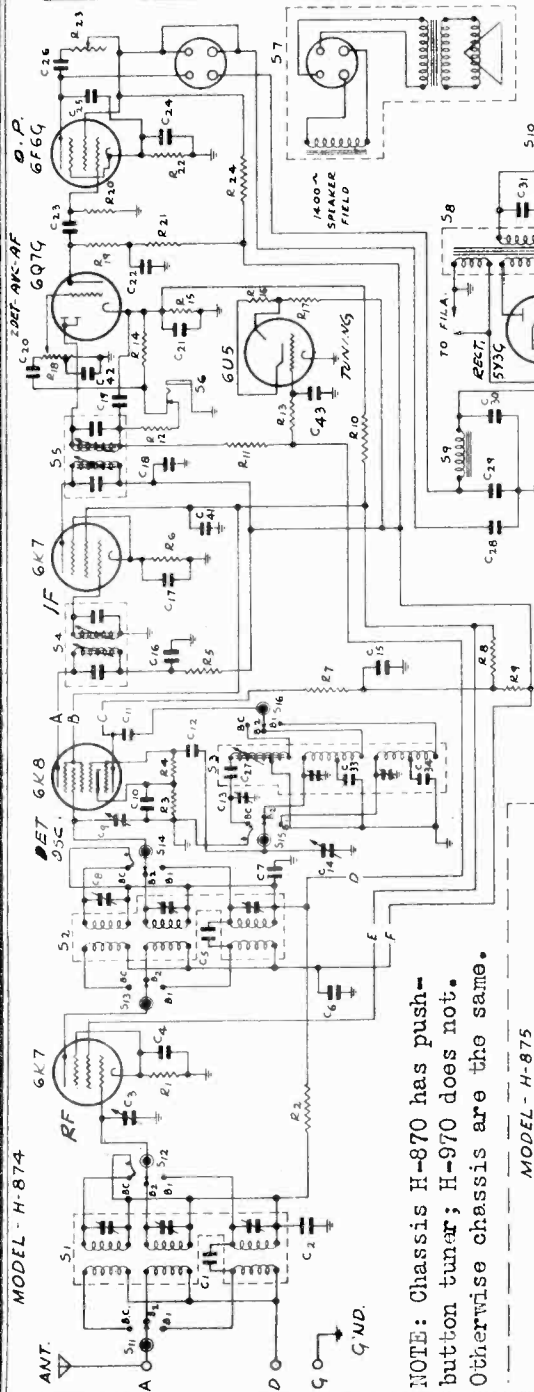


Image Frequency
The short wave band in the Model H-762 must be aligned with the oscillator frequency lower than the signal frequency. On the high frequency band, it is possible to incorrectly adjust the alignment in this respect, and end up with the receiver aligned on what should be the Image Frequency. The chance of doing this may be eliminated by adjusting the generator to the correct aligning frequency, and with sufficient output from the generator to pick up two signals with the receiver, separated by twice the intermediate frequency, turn the tuning knob so that the dial pointer points to that one which comes in at the higher frequency marking on the dial.

PILOT RADIO CORP.

MODELS H-874, H-875
 Chassis H-870
 MODELS H-974, H-975
 Chassis H-970
 Schematic, Voltage

CONDENSERS FOR MODEL H-874	
C1	2737-0 10 MMFDS. MICA
C2	2205-1 .05 MFD. 200 V. PAPER
C3, C7	2354-2 3 GAUG. CONDENSER
C4, C5, C6, C17	2205-5 1 MFD. 200 V. PAPER
C8, C9	2205-1 .05 MMFDS. MICA
C10, C11, C12	2205-1 .05 MFD. 600 V. PAPER
C13, C14	2205-1 .05 MMFDS. MICA
C15	2205-1 .05 MFD. 600 V. PAPER
C16, C18	2205-1 .05 MMFDS. MICA
C19	2205-1 .05 MFD. 600 V. PAPER
C20	2205-1 .05 MMFDS. MICA
C21, C22	2205-1 .05 MFD. 600 V. PAPER
C23	2205-1 .05 MMFDS. MICA
C24	2205-1 .05 MFD. 600 V. PAPER
C25	2205-1 .05 MMFDS. MICA
C26	2205-1 .05 MFD. 600 V. PAPER
C27	2205-1 .05 MMFDS. MICA
C28	2205-1 .05 MFD. 600 V. PAPER
C29	2205-1 .05 MMFDS. MICA
C30	2205-1 .05 MFD. 600 V. PAPER
C31	2205-1 .05 MMFDS. MICA
C32	2205-1 .05 MFD. 600 V. PAPER
C33	2205-1 .05 MMFDS. MICA
C34	2205-1 .05 MFD. 600 V. PAPER
C35	2205-1 .05 MMFDS. MICA
C36	2205-1 .05 MFD. 600 V. PAPER
C37	2205-1 .05 MMFDS. MICA
C38	2205-1 .05 MFD. 600 V. PAPER
C39	2205-1 .05 MMFDS. MICA
C40	2205-1 .05 MFD. 600 V. PAPER
C41	2205-1 .05 MMFDS. MICA
C42	2205-1 .05 MFD. 600 V. PAPER
C43	2205-1 .05 MMFDS. MICA
C44	2205-1 .05 MFD. 600 V. PAPER
C45	2205-1 .05 MMFDS. MICA
C46	2205-1 .05 MFD. 600 V. PAPER
C47	2205-1 .05 MMFDS. MICA
C48	2205-1 .05 MFD. 600 V. PAPER
C49	2205-1 .05 MMFDS. MICA
C50	2205-1 .05 MFD. 600 V. PAPER
C51	2205-1 .05 MMFDS. MICA
C52	2205-1 .05 MFD. 600 V. PAPER
C53	2205-1 .05 MMFDS. MICA
C54	2205-1 .05 MFD. 600 V. PAPER
C55	2205-1 .05 MMFDS. MICA
C56	2205-1 .05 MFD. 600 V. PAPER
C57	2205-1 .05 MMFDS. MICA
C58	2205-1 .05 MFD. 600 V. PAPER
C59	2205-1 .05 MMFDS. MICA
C60	2205-1 .05 MFD. 600 V. PAPER
C61	2205-1 .05 MMFDS. MICA
C62	2205-1 .05 MFD. 600 V. PAPER
C63	2205-1 .05 MMFDS. MICA
C64	2205-1 .05 MFD. 600 V. PAPER
C65	2205-1 .05 MMFDS. MICA
C66	2205-1 .05 MFD. 600 V. PAPER
C67	2205-1 .05 MMFDS. MICA
C68	2205-1 .05 MFD. 600 V. PAPER
C69	2205-1 .05 MMFDS. MICA
C70	2205-1 .05 MFD. 600 V. PAPER
C71	2205-1 .05 MMFDS. MICA
C72	2205-1 .05 MFD. 600 V. PAPER
C73	2205-1 .05 MMFDS. MICA
C74	2205-1 .05 MFD. 600 V. PAPER
C75	2205-1 .05 MMFDS. MICA
C76	2205-1 .05 MFD. 600 V. PAPER
C77	2205-1 .05 MMFDS. MICA
C78	2205-1 .05 MFD. 600 V. PAPER
C79	2205-1 .05 MMFDS. MICA
C80	2205-1 .05 MFD. 600 V. PAPER
C81	2205-1 .05 MMFDS. MICA
C82	2205-1 .05 MFD. 600 V. PAPER
C83	2205-1 .05 MMFDS. MICA
C84	2205-1 .05 MFD. 600 V. PAPER
C85	2205-1 .05 MMFDS. MICA
C86	2205-1 .05 MFD. 600 V. PAPER
C87	2205-1 .05 MMFDS. MICA
C88	2205-1 .05 MFD. 600 V. PAPER
C89	2205-1 .05 MMFDS. MICA
C90	2205-1 .05 MFD. 600 V. PAPER
C91	2205-1 .05 MMFDS. MICA
C92	2205-1 .05 MFD. 600 V. PAPER
C93	2205-1 .05 MMFDS. MICA
C94	2205-1 .05 MFD. 600 V. PAPER
C95	2205-1 .05 MMFDS. MICA
C96	2205-1 .05 MFD. 600 V. PAPER
C97	2205-1 .05 MMFDS. MICA
C98	2205-1 .05 MFD. 600 V. PAPER
C99	2205-1 .05 MMFDS. MICA
C100	2205-1 .05 MFD. 600 V. PAPER



The model H-874 chassis has the following tuning ranges:

Band 1.	25.55 to 8.86 mc	or	11.75 to 33.8 meters
Band 2.	9.95 to 2.98 mc	or	30.13 to 101.3 meters
Band 3.	1725 to 520 kc.	or	174 to 576 meters

The model H-875 chassis has the following tuning ranges:

Band 1.	18.85 to 5.5 mc	or	15.9 to 54.5 meters
Band 2.	1725 to 520 kc.	or	174 to 576 meters
Band 3.	375 to 140 kc.	or	800 to 2142 meters

ALIGNING FREQUENCIES:
 FOR MODEL H-874
 B1 - 23 MEGACYCLES
 B2 - 7
 B.C. - 1500 \pm 600 K.C.
 FOR MODEL H-875
 S.W. - 17.6 MEGACYCLES
 M.W. - 1500 \pm 600 K.C.
 L.W. - 350 \pm 160 K.C.

INTERMEDIATE FREQUENCY - 455 K.C.
 Maximum Power Output 5.8 watts

Socket Terminals	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	Watts
6K7	-	250	95	3.18	-	-	-	-	3.18
6K8	-	247	95	5*	82	-	-	-	3.2
6K7	-	248	95	2.83	-	-	-	-	2.8
6Q7	-	-	97*	-	-	-	-	-	2.8
6F6-G	-	240	260	-	-	-	-	-	17.0
5Y3-G	-	395	-	-	-	-	-	-	395

NOTE: Chassis H-870 has push-button tuner; H-970 does not. Otherwise chassis are the same.

SCHEMATIC CIRCUIT DIAGRAM FOR MODEL H-874 & MODEL H-875
 DATE - 7-5-38
 DRAWN BY - A.R.
 CHECKED BY - G.J.M.C.B.
 APPROVED BY - D.S.
 No. 25192-3

MODELS H-874, H-875
Chassis H-870

PILOT RADIO CORP.

MODELS H-974, H-975
Chassis H-970
Alignment Procedure

PILOT RECEIVERS OF THE H-870 SERIES

SERVICE DATA

Removal of the chassis from the cabinet, when necessary, is done as follows:-

1. Remove the power supply cord from the supply outlet.
2. Remove the knobs and felt washers from all shafts on the front of the cabinet. These knobs, except the "locking" knob, are of the "push-on" type.
3. Remove the speaker cord from the socket on the speaker.
4. Remove the four mounting screws located under the cabinet, and carefully slide the chassis out of the cabinet.

Receiver Alignment

Equipment Required.

1. Signal Generator. One using fundamental frequencies for all the frequencies used in the receiver is preferred.
2. Output Meter. Generally a copper-oxide rectifier meter is the most convenient.
3. Dummy Antennas. .1 mfd. condenser
.0002 mfd. mica condenser
400 ohm, non-inductive resistor

Alignment Connections

The posts marked D and G on the rear of the chassis should be connected to the ground side of the signal generator.

Connect the "hot" post of the signal generator through the .1 mfd condenser to the grid of the 6K8 detector-oscillator tube or the 6K7 I.F. amplifier tubes when aligning the I.F. amplifier.

Connect the "hot" post of the signal generator through the 200 mmf condenser to the post marked A on the rear of the chassis when aligning the Long-Wave and Broadcast Bands. Use the same connections for both short-wave bands, but replace the 200 mmf condenser with the 400 ohm non-inductive resistor.

In all measurements connect the output meter, through .1 mfd 600 volt condensers, to the plate and screen terminals of the 6F6-G tube.

Procedure The volume and tone controls should all be turned to the extreme clockwise positions, before starting.

The location of all trimmers is shown in the accompanying figure. Always keep the output from the signal generator at the lowest value which will give a readable deflection on the output meter.

I.F. Amplifier Alignment Turn the Band Selector Switch to Band 3 and turn the ROTOR-DIAL to the low frequency end.

Connect the output meter as described under "Connections" and connect the "hot" post of the signal generator to the grid of the 6K8 tube through the .1 mfd condenser. Then proceed with the alignment as follows:-

1. Adjust the signal generator frequency to 455 kilocycles, and adjust the generator output to the lowest value which will give a readable signal on the output meter.
2. Adjust the screws 1, 2, 3, and 4 (see figure), for maximum reading of the output meter. Keep reducing the output from the generator if the output meter reading increases too much.

If the output of the generator to the receiver is too great, the alignment of the receiver will not be correct, as the AVC action will become too great, and the amplifier will appear broad in tuning.

It will seldom, if ever, be found necessary to more than touch up the alignment of the I.F. amplifier. Of course, if the amplifier adjustment screws have been tampered with, it will probably be necessary to completely realign the amplifier. In this case, connect the generator to the grid of the I.F. amplifier tube, and align the last I.F. transformer. Always finish the alignment with the signal input to the 6K8 tube.

A cathode ray oscilloscope is not necessary in making the above adjustments. One may be used, however, if desired.

R.F. ALIGNMENT

Band 3. (model 875, Long-Wave) Connect the "hot" terminal of the generator to the blue wire and clip, through the .0002 mfd condenser.

Set the generator frequency to 350 kc., and with the Band Selector Switch set to Band 3 turn the ROTOR-DIAL to 350 kc. Adjust trimmer #5 for maximum reading of the output meter. Do likewise with trimmer #6 and #7. Then set the

generator frequency to 160 kc and the ROTOR-DIAL to approximately the same. Adjust trimmer #21 for maximum reading of the output meter, while "rocking" the gang condenser carefully back and forth. Then go back and repeat the 350 kc. alignment.

Band 2. (Model 875) Band 3. (Model 874) (Standard Broadcast)

Connections are the same for the alignment of this band as they are for the Long-Wave Band.

Set the generator frequency to 1500 kc., and the ROTOR-DIAL to the same frequency, with the Band Selector Switch set appropriately. Adjust trimmer #8 for maximum reading of the output meter. (This trimmer is adjusted by moving the brass rod in or out, with a hooked wire, and with a twisting motion. First loosen the lock nut.) Then without touching any tuning controls adjust trimmers #9 and #10 for maximum reading of the output meter.

Next, set the generator frequency to 600 kc. and set the ROTOR-DIAL to the 600 kc. mark. Then adjust trimmer #11 for maximum reading of the output meter, while "rocking" the gang condenser. Finally return and repeat the 1500 kc. adjustments and then tighten the lock nut on trimmers #8 and #9.

Band 1. (Model 875 Short-Wave)

Remove the .0002 mfd dummy antenna used in aligning the lower frequency bands and substitute the 400 ohm resistor.

Before aligning this band refer to the paragraph headed "Image Frequency".

Set the generator frequency to 17.6 mc and also set the ROTOR-DIAL to this frequency. Carefully adjust trimmer #12 for maximum reading of the output meter. Be careful you do not tune in at the image frequency.

Then adjust trimmers #13 and #14 for maximum output meter reading, while slightly "rocking" the gang condenser. Readjust trimmer #12 if necessary to keep the calibration correct. These are the only adjustments on this band.

Band 2. (Model 874 Short-Wave)

Connections and dummy antenna same as on Band 1 above.

Before aligning this band refer to the paragraph headed "Image Frequency".

Set the generator, and the ROTOR-DIAL to 9 mc. Adjust trimmer #15 for maximum reading of the output meter. Be careful you do not tune in at the Image Frequency.

Then adjust trimmers #16 and #17 for maximum reading of the output meter, while slightly "rocking" the gang condenser. Readjust trimmer #15 if necessary to correct the calibration.

Band 1. Alignment (Model 874 Short-Wave)

Connections and dummy antenna are the same as on Band 2 of Model 874.

Before aligning this band, refer to the paragraph headed "Image Frequency".

Set the generator frequency to 23 mc and the ROTOR-DIAL to 23 mc. Adjust trimmer #18 to 23 mc for maximum reading of the output meter. Be careful that the receiver is not adjusted to the Image Frequency. Then adjust trimmers #19 and #20 while "rocking" the gang condenser, for maximum reading of the output meter. Reset trimmer #18 so that calibration is correct if necessary.

Image Frequency

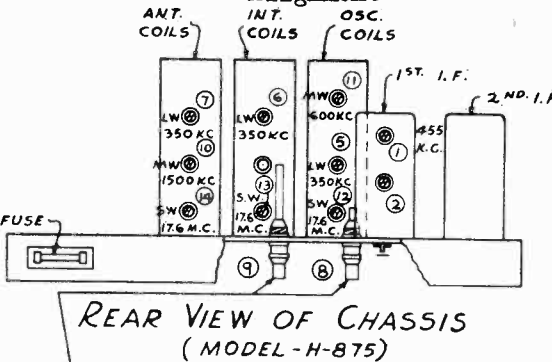
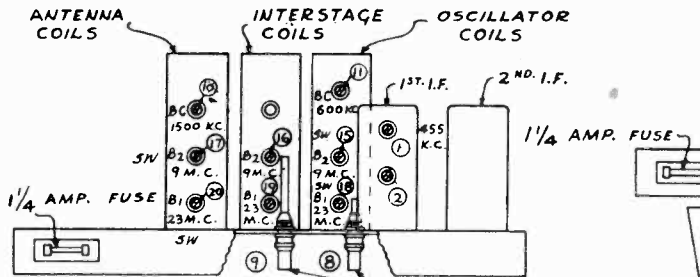
All bands in these two models must be aligned with the oscillator frequency higher than the signal frequency. There can be no error in doing this on the Long-Wave and Broadcast Bands. However, on the higher frequency bands it is possible to incorrectly adjust the alignment in this respect and end up with the receiver aligned on what should be the Image Frequency.

The chances of doing this may be eliminated by adjusting the generator to the correct aligning frequency, and with sufficient output from the generator to pick up two signals with the receiver, separated by twice the Intermediate Frequency, set the ROTOR-DIAL to that one which comes in at the higher frequency marking on the ROTOR-DIAL.

MODELS H-874, H-875
Chassis H-870
MODELS H-974, H-975
Chassis H-970
Socket, Trimmers

PILOT RADIO CORP.

MODEL T-1252
Schematic, Socket, Trimmers
Alignment

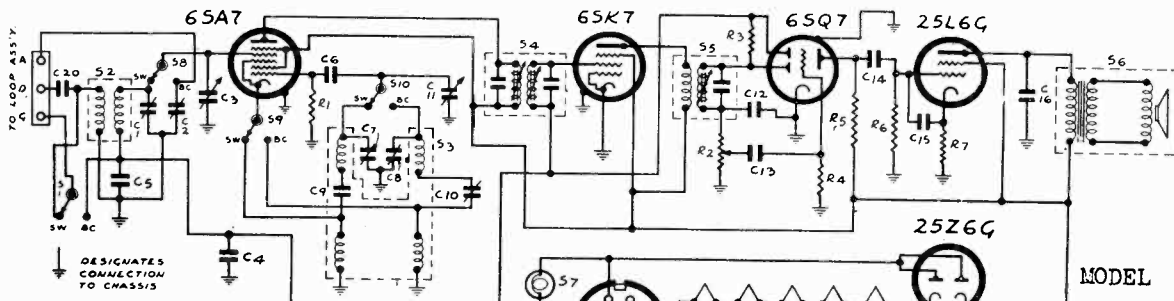
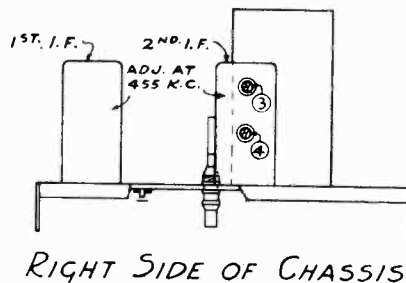
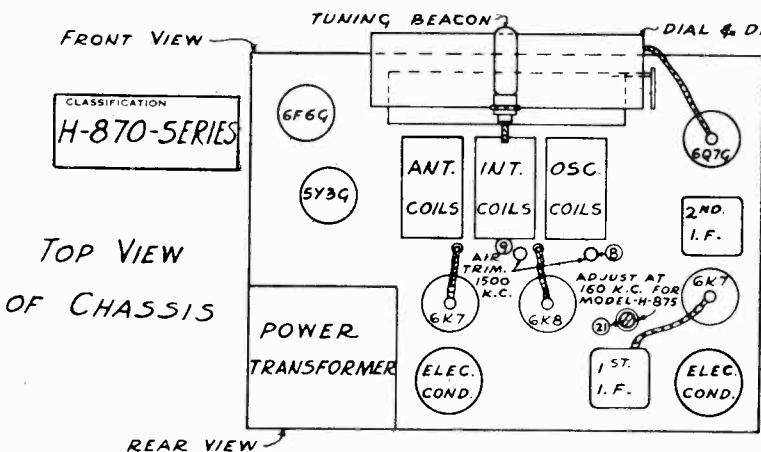


REAR VIEW OF CHASSIS
(MODEL-H-874)

REAR VIEW OF CHASSIS
(MODEL-H-875)

TRIMMER LAYOUT

MATERIAL	
SCALE	DATE 7-5-38
DRAWN BY B. R.	
CHECKED BY	DRWG NO 25193
APPROVED BY	



CONDENSERS FOR MODEL T-1252

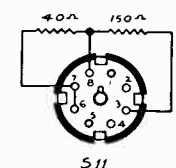
C1, C2	70969E	TRIMMER ASSY.
C3, C11	B-4037	GANG CONDENSER
C4	22055L	1 MFD. 400V PAPER
C5	22055T	0.1 MFD. 200V PAPER
C6	2B016-0	0.001 MFD. MICA
C9	27794-W	5000 MMFD. MICA
C10	79431-B	385 MMFD. PAPER
C12, C15	27701-0	0.0025 MFD. MICA
C13	22055-AU	0.05 MFD. 400V PAPER
C14, C16	22055-W	0.1 MFD. 400V PAPER
C17, C18	23500-0	30 MFD. 300V MIDLIT. ELEC.
C19	22055-4C	0.2 MFD. 600V PAPER
C20	22055-W	0.1 MFD. 400V PAPER

MISCELLANEOUS FOR MODEL T-1252

S1	B4060	BAND SWITCH
S2	73263	S.W. ANTENNA COIL ASSY.
S3	73262	B.C. & S.W. OSCILLATOR COIL ASSY.
S4	73192-0	1ST I.F. TRANSFORMER ASSY.
S5	73267	2ND I.F.
S6	40869	5" SPEAKER
S7	71282	PILOT LIGHT
S8, S9, S10	B4060	BAND SWITCH
S11	81985	BALLAST TUBE (1/2W)

RESISTORS FOR MODEL T-1252

R1	13074	20,000 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R2	79429-A	500,000 OHMS VOL. CONT. 63W
R3, R4	13007	2 MEG. OHMS 1/4 WATT
R5	13147	300,000 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R6	13024	500,000 OHMS 1/4 WATT
R7	13018	150 OHMS 1/4 WATT



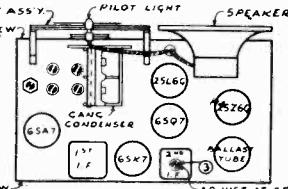
PILOT RADIO CORPORATION
LONG ISLAND CITY, N. Y. U. S. A.
SCHEMATIC CIRCUIT DIAGRAM FOR MODEL T-1252

CONVENTIONAL ALIGNMENT
SEE INDEX

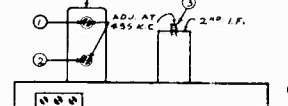
INTERMEDIATE FREQUENCY: 455 K.C.
ALIGNING FREQUENCIES:
B.C. - 1500 & 600 KILOCYCLES.
S.W. - ALIGN AT 18 MECACYCLES.
CHECK AT 4

BOTTOM VIEW OF BALLAST TUBE

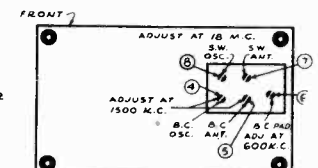
DIAL & DRIVE ASSY. FRONT VIEW



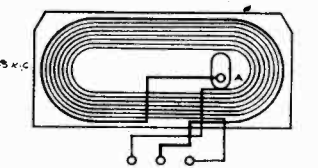
TOP VIEW OF CHASSIS



REAR VIEW OF CHASSIS



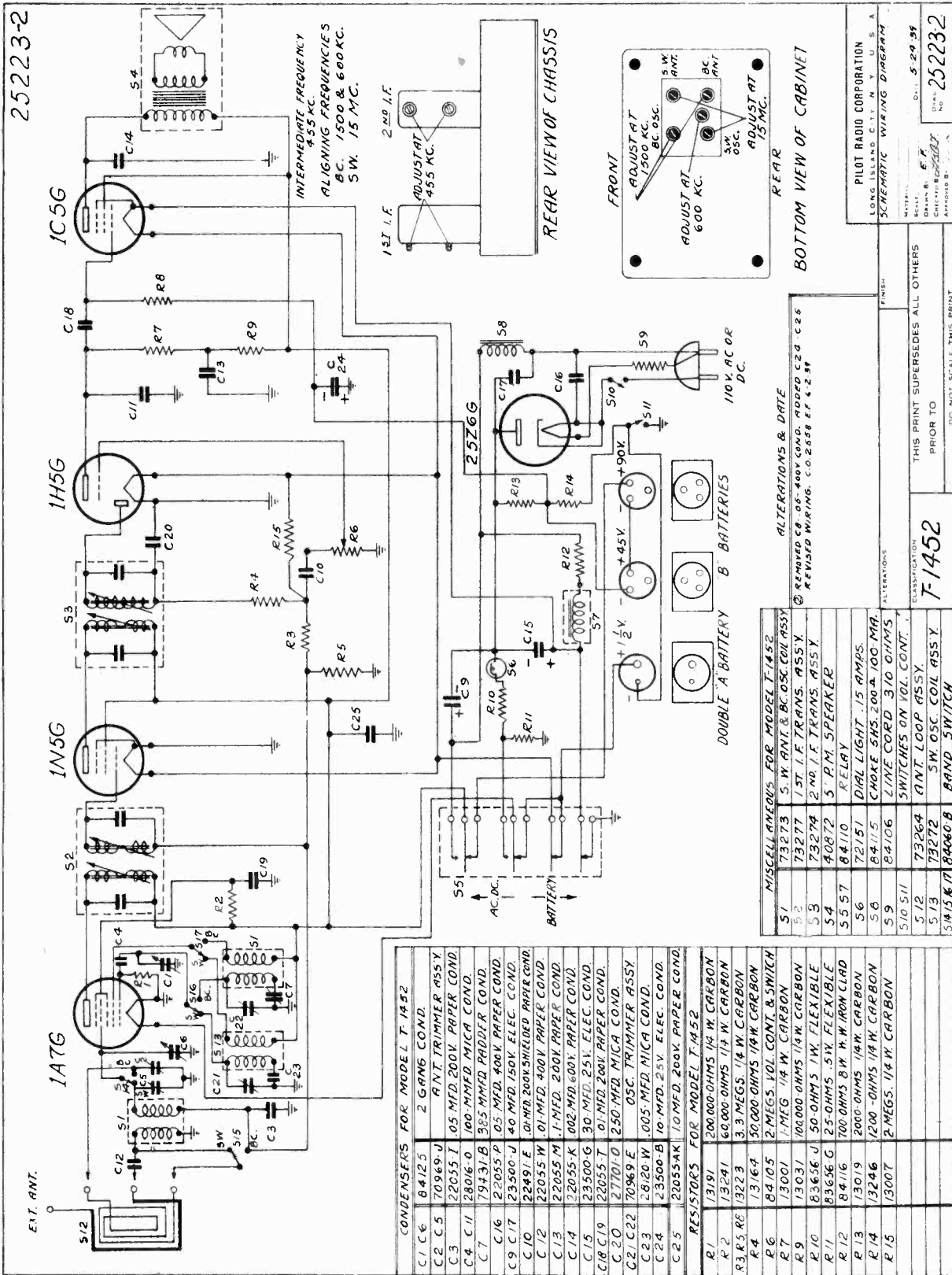
BOTTOM VIEW OF CABINET



MODEL T-1452
Schematic, Trimmers
Alignment, Changes

PILOT RADIO CORP.

25223-2



CONDENSERS FOR MODEL T-1452

C 1/6	84125	2 GANG COND.
C 2/5	70969-J	ANT TRIMMER ASSY
C 3	22055 I	05 MFD 200V. PAPER COND.
C 4	C 11	28016-0 100 MAFD. MICA COND.
C 7	79437-B	385 MAFD. PAPER COND.
C 16	22055 P	05 MFD. 400V. PAPER COND.
C 9	C 17	23500-G 40 MFD. 150V. ELEC. COND.
C 10	22497-E	01-MFD. 200V. SHIELDED PAPER COND.
C 12	22055 W	01-MFD. 400V. PAPER COND.
C 13	22055 M	1-MFD. 200V. PAPER COND.
C 14	22055-K	002-MFD. 600V. PAPER COND.
C 15	23500-G	30 MFD. 25V. ELEC. COND.
C 18	C 19	22055-T 01-MFD. 200V. PAPER COND.
C 20	27701-0	250 MFD. MICA COND.
C 21	C 22	70969-E OSC. TRIMMER ASSY.
C 23	28120-W	005-MFD. MICA COND.
C 24	23500-B	10 MFD. 25V. ELEC. COND.
C 25	22055-AK	10 MFD. 200V. PAPER COND.

RESISTORS FOR MODEL T-1452

R 1	13791	200,000-OHMS 1/4 W. CARBON
R 2	13241	60,000-OHMS 1/4 W. CARBON
R 3, R 5, RE	13223	3.3 MEGS. 1/4 W. CARBON
R 4	13164	50,000-OHMS 1/4 W. CARBON
R 6	84105	2-MEGS. 1/0L. CONT. & SWITCH
R 7	13001	1-MEG. 1/4 W. CARBON
R 9	13031	100,000-OHMS 1/4 W. CARBON
R 10	83656-J	50-OHMS 5 W. FLEXIBLE
R 11	83656-G	25-OHMS 5 W. FLEXIBLE
R 12	84116	700-OHMS 8 W. W. IRON CLAD
R 13	13019	2000-OHMS 1/4 W. CARBON
R 14	13246	1200-OHMS 1/4 W. CARBON
R 15	13007	2-MEGS. 1/4 W. CARBON

MISCELLANEOUS FOR MODEL T-1452

S 1	73273	5-W. ANT. & BC. OSC. COIL ASSY.
S 2	73277	1.5T. I.F. TRANS. ASSY.
S 3	73274	2nd. I.F. TRANS. ASSY.
S 4	40872	5" P.M. SPEAKER
S 5	S 57	84110 RELAY
S 6	72151	DIAL LIGHT .15 AMPS.
S 8	84115	CHOKER SWS-200A 100 MA.
S 9	84106	LINE CORD 310 OHMS
S 10	S 11	SWITCHES ON VOL. CONT.
S 12	73264	ANT LOOP ASSY.
S 13	73272	SW OSC COIL ASSY.
S 14, S 16, 17	84060-B	BAND SWITCH

ALTERNATIONS & DATE

REMOVED CO. 06-400V. COND. ADDED C24-C26
REVISED WIRING. CO. 2658 ET. 4-2-51

DOUBLE "A" BATTERY "B" BATTERIES
110V. AC OR DC.

REAR VIEW OF CHASSIS
FRONT: ADJUST AT 600 KC., 15 MC.
REAR: ADJUST AT 455 KC., 15 MC.

BOTTOM VIEW OF CABINET
FRONT: ADJUST AT 600 KC., 15 MC.
REAR: ADJUST AT 455 KC., 15 MC.

INTERMEDIATE FREQUENCY 455 KC.
ALIGNING FREQUENCIES BC. 1500 & 600 KC.
SW. 15 MC.

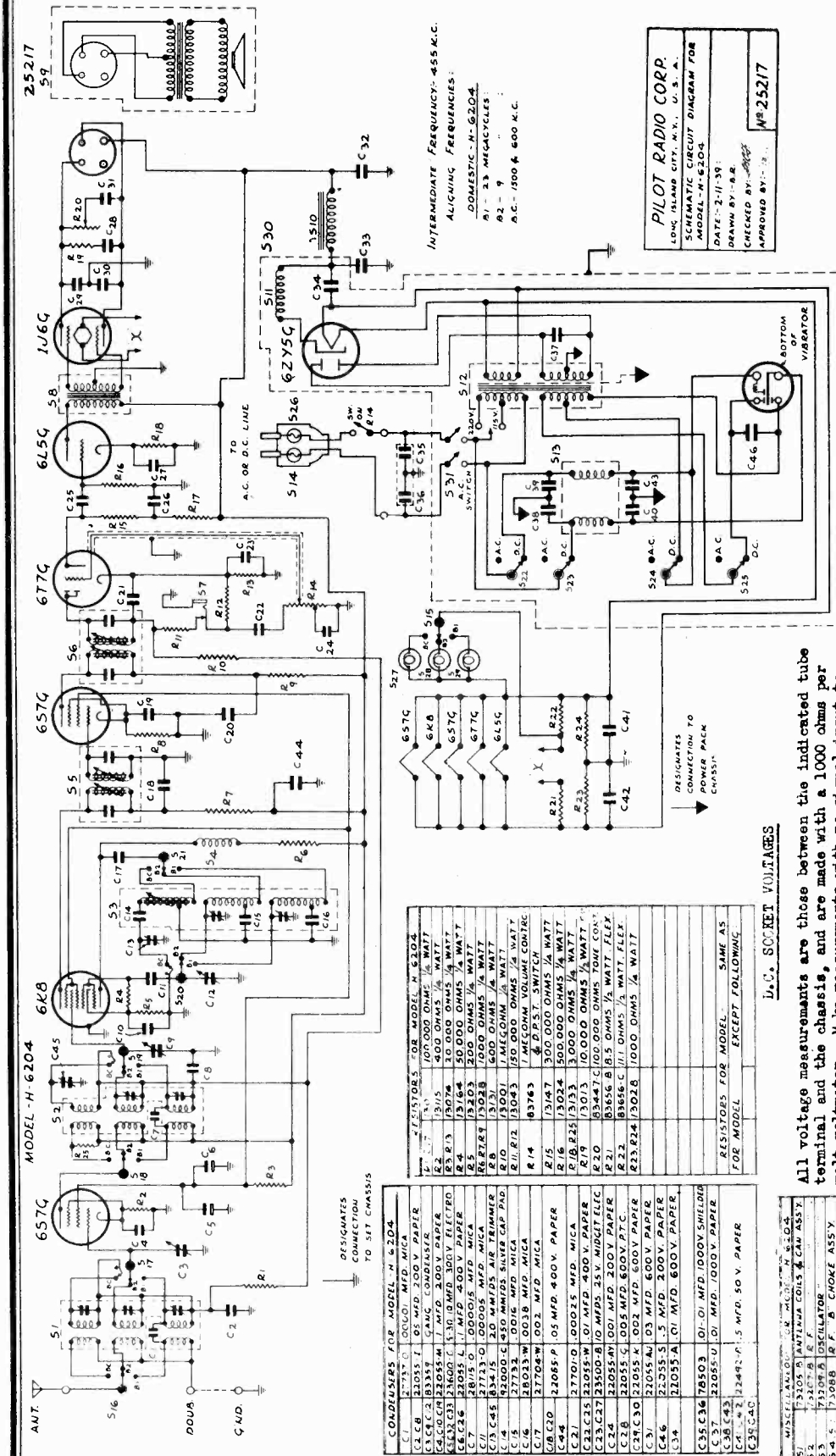
PILOT RADIO CORPORATION
LONG BEACH, CALIF., U.S.A.
SCHEMATIC WIRING DIAGRAM
MATERIAL: SCALE: 5-24-51
DRAWN BY: S. B. RIDER
APPROVED BY: J. F. RIDER

CLASSIFICATION: F-1452
THIS PRINT SUPERSEDES ALL OTHERS PRIOR TO

NO. 252232

PILOT RADIO CORP.

MODEL H-6204
Chassis H-6200
Schematic, Voltage



INTERMEDIATE FREQUENCIES - 455 K.C.
ALIGNING FREQUENCIES:
DOMESTIC - H-6204
R1 - 23 MEGACYCLES
R2 - 9
A.C. - 1500 & 600 K.C.

PILOT RADIO CORP.
LONG ISLAND CITY, N.Y., U.S.A.
SCHEMATIC CIRCUIT DIAGRAM FOR
MODEL H-6204
DATE: 2-11-39
DRAWN BY: J.F.R.
CHECKED BY: J.F.R.
APPROVED BY: J.F.R.
25217

CONDENSERS FOR MODEL H-6204		RESISTORS FOR MODEL H-6204	
C1	50000 MFD. MICA	R1	100,000 OHMS 1/4 WATT
C2	10000 MFD. MICA	R2	400 OHMS 1/4 WATT
C3	10000 MFD. MICA	R3	1000 OHMS 1/4 WATT
C4	10000 MFD. MICA	R4	1000 OHMS 1/4 WATT
C5	10000 MFD. MICA	R5	1000 OHMS 1/4 WATT
C6	10000 MFD. MICA	R6	1000 OHMS 1/4 WATT
C7	10000 MFD. MICA	R7	1000 OHMS 1/4 WATT
C8	10000 MFD. MICA	R8	1000 OHMS 1/4 WATT
C9	10000 MFD. MICA	R9	1000 OHMS 1/4 WATT
C10	10000 MFD. MICA	R10	1000 OHMS 1/4 WATT
C11	10000 MFD. MICA	R11	1000 OHMS 1/4 WATT
C12	10000 MFD. MICA	R12	1000 OHMS 1/4 WATT
C13	10000 MFD. MICA	R13	1000 OHMS 1/4 WATT
C14	10000 MFD. MICA	R14	1000 OHMS 1/4 WATT
C15	10000 MFD. MICA	R15	1000 OHMS 1/4 WATT
C16	10000 MFD. MICA	R16	1000 OHMS 1/4 WATT
C17	10000 MFD. MICA	R17	1000 OHMS 1/4 WATT
C18	10000 MFD. MICA	R18	1000 OHMS 1/4 WATT
C19	10000 MFD. MICA	R19	1000 OHMS 1/4 WATT
C20	10000 MFD. MICA	R20	1000 OHMS 1/4 WATT
C21	10000 MFD. MICA	R21	1000 OHMS 1/4 WATT
C22	10000 MFD. MICA	R22	1000 OHMS 1/4 WATT
C23	10000 MFD. MICA	R23	1000 OHMS 1/4 WATT
C24	10000 MFD. MICA	R24	1000 OHMS 1/4 WATT
C25	10000 MFD. MICA	R25	1000 OHMS 1/4 WATT
C26	10000 MFD. MICA	R26	1000 OHMS 1/4 WATT
C27	10000 MFD. MICA	R27	1000 OHMS 1/4 WATT
C28	10000 MFD. MICA	R28	1000 OHMS 1/4 WATT
C29	10000 MFD. MICA	R29	1000 OHMS 1/4 WATT
C30	10000 MFD. MICA	R30	1000 OHMS 1/4 WATT
C31	10000 MFD. MICA	R31	1000 OHMS 1/4 WATT
C32	10000 MFD. MICA	R32	1000 OHMS 1/4 WATT
C33	10000 MFD. MICA	R33	1000 OHMS 1/4 WATT
C34	10000 MFD. MICA	R34	1000 OHMS 1/4 WATT
C35	10000 MFD. MICA	R35	1000 OHMS 1/4 WATT
C36	10000 MFD. MICA	R36	1000 OHMS 1/4 WATT
C37	10000 MFD. MICA	R37	1000 OHMS 1/4 WATT
C38	10000 MFD. MICA	R38	1000 OHMS 1/4 WATT
C39	10000 MFD. MICA	R39	1000 OHMS 1/4 WATT
C40	10000 MFD. MICA	R40	1000 OHMS 1/4 WATT
C41	10000 MFD. MICA	R41	1000 OHMS 1/4 WATT
C42	10000 MFD. MICA	R42	1000 OHMS 1/4 WATT
C43	10000 MFD. MICA	R43	1000 OHMS 1/4 WATT
C44	10000 MFD. MICA	R44	1000 OHMS 1/4 WATT
C45	10000 MFD. MICA	R45	1000 OHMS 1/4 WATT
C46	10000 MFD. MICA	R46	1000 OHMS 1/4 WATT
C47	10000 MFD. MICA	R47	1000 OHMS 1/4 WATT
C48	10000 MFD. MICA	R48	1000 OHMS 1/4 WATT
C49	10000 MFD. MICA	R49	1000 OHMS 1/4 WATT
C50	10000 MFD. MICA	R50	1000 OHMS 1/4 WATT

U.S. SOCKET VOLTAGES

All voltage measurements are those between the indicated tube terminal and the chassis, and are made with a 1000 ohms per volt voltmeter. Make measurements with no signal input to the receiver and with the volume control set at minimum volume.

Socket Terminals	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
R.F. 6S7-G	-	-	145	62.5	2.5	-	-	2.5
1st Det. 6K8	-	-	150	62.5	-	140	-	1.5
I.F. 6S7-G	-	-	145	62.5	2.7	-	-	2.7
2nd Det. 6T7-G	-	-	80	-	-	-	-	1.2
A.F. 6L5-G	-	-	125	-	-	-	-	5.7
A.F. 1J6-G	-	-	145	-	-	145	-	0
Rect. 6Z5-G	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	150

The model H-6204 chassis has the following ranges:

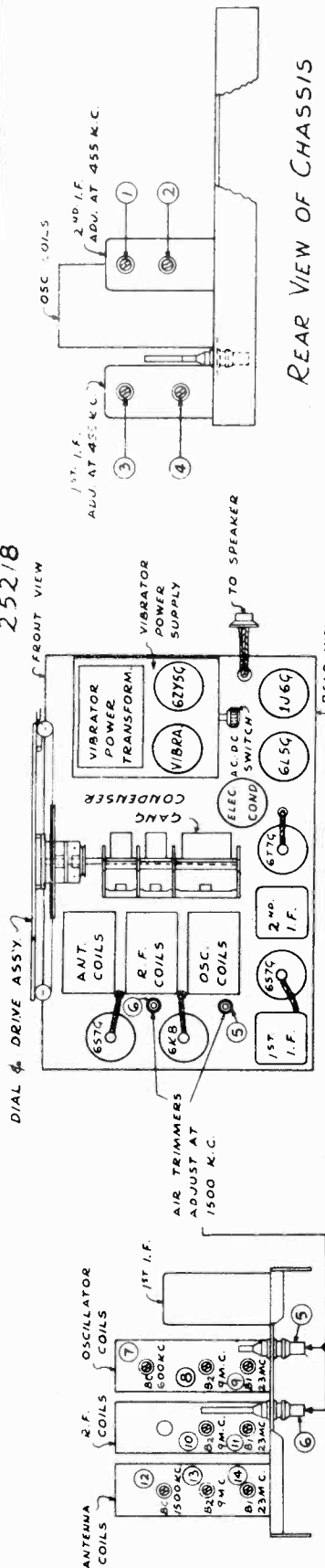
- Band 1 25.5 - 8.85 mc.
- Band 2 9.95 - 2.86 mc.
- Band 3 1.725 - 520 kc.
- Maximum Power Output 2 watts
- POWER SUPPLY

32 volt Storage Battery .5 amperes drain
110-125 or 220-240 volts AC 50-60 cycles 18 Watts

Intermediate Frequency 455 kc

MODEL H-6204
Chassis H-6200
Socket, Trimmers
Alignment

PILOT RADIO CORP.



REAR VIEW OF CHASSIS

FRONT VIEW

TOP VIEW OF CHASSIS

LEFT SIDE OF CHASSIS

PICTURES Required

One 6S7-G
One 6K8
One 6S7-G
One 6S7-G
One 6L5-G
One 1J6-G
One 6Z5-G

R.F. Amplifier
1st detector-oscillator
I.F. Amplifier
2nd Detector
A.F. Amplifier
Output Tube
Power Supply Rectifier

The howl can also be caused by a defective tube, or when some part of the receiver which is rigidly fastened to the chassis rubs against the cabinet.
If the vibrator noise becomes loud or objectional, it is probably because the battery connections are not clean, or because the battery is old and its internal resistance is high, or because the vibrator is wearing out.

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Howl can also be caused by a defective tube, or when some part of the receiver which is rigidly fastened to the chassis rubs against the cabinet.
If the vibrator noise becomes loud or objectional, it is probably because the battery connections are not clean, or because the battery is old and its internal resistance is high, or because the vibrator is wearing out.

I.F. Alignment

Turn the Band Selector Switch to the Broadcast Band and tune the receiver to the low frequency end of the Band.

Connect the output meter as described under "Connections", and connect the "hot" post of the signal generator to the grid of the 6K8 tube through the .1 mfd. condenser. Then proceed with the alignment as follows:-

1. Adjust the signal generator to 455 kilo-cycles, and adjust the generator output to the lowest value which will give a readable signal on the output meter.
2. Adjust the trimmer screws #1, 2, 3 and 4 (see figure), for maximum reading of the output meter. Keep reducing the output from the generator if the output meter reading increases too much.

If the output of the generator to the receiver is too great, the alignment of the receiver will not be correct, as the AVC action will become too great, and the amplifier will appear broad in tuning.

It will seldom, if ever, be found necessary to more than touch up the alignment of the I.F. Amplifier. Of course, if the amplifier adjustment screws have been tampered with, it will probably be necessary to completely realign the amplifier. In this case, connect the generator to the grid of the 6S7-G I.F. tube, and align the last I.F. transformer. Always finish the alignment with the signal input to the 6K8 tube.

A cathode ray oscilloscope is not necessary in making the above adjustments. One may be used, however, if desired.

R.F. ALIGNMENT
Standard Broadcast Band

Connect the "hot" terminal of the generator to the post marked "A" on the rear of the chassis, through the .0002 mfd. condenser.

Set the generator frequency to 1500 kc., and the dial pointer of the receiver to the same frequency with the Band Selector Switch set appropriately. Adjust trimmer #5 for maximum reading of the output meter. Loosen the lock nut and adjust trimmer by moving the brass rod in or out with a hooked wire, and with a twisting motion. Then without touching the tuning controls adjust trimmers #6 and #12 for maximum reading of the output meter.

Next, set the generator frequency to 600 kc., and move the receiver pointer to the same frequency. Adjust trimmer screw #7 for maximum reading of the output meter, while "rocking" the gang condenser. Finally, repeat the 1500 kc. adjustments, and tighten the lock nuts on trimmers #5 and #6.

Band #2

Remove the .0002 mfd. dummy antenna used in aligning the Broadcast Band and substitute the 400 ohm non-inductive resistor in its place.

Before aligning this band refer to the paragraph headed "Image Frequency".

Set the generator frequency to 9 mc. and the receiver dial pointer to the same frequency with the Band Selector Switch set appropriately. Adjust trimmer #8 for maximum reading of the output meter. Be careful you do not tune in at the Image Frequency.

Then adjust trimmer #10 for maximum output meter reading, while slightly "rocking" the gang condenser. Readjust trimmer #8 if necessary to correct the calibration, and finally adjust trimmer #13 for maximum output meter reading.

Band #1

The connections and Dummy Antenna are the same as used in aligning Band #2.

Before aligning this band, refer to the paragraph headed "Image Frequency".

Set the generator frequency to 23 mc. and the receiver dial pointer to the same frequency. Adjust trimmer #9 for maximum reading of the output meter. Be careful you do not tune in at the Image Frequency. Then adjust trimmer #11, while "rocking" the gang condenser, for maximum reading of the output meter. Readjust trimmer #9, if necessary, to correct the calibration, and then adjust trimmer #14 for maximum reading of the output meter.

Image Frequency

All bands in this receiver must be aligned with the oscillator frequency higher than the signal frequency. There can be no error in doing this on the Broadcast Band. However, on the higher frequency bands it is possible to incorrectly adjust the alignment in this respect and end up with the receiver aligned on what should be the Image Frequency.

The chances of doing this may be eliminated by adjusting the generator to the correct aligning frequency. With sufficient output from the generator to pick up two signals with the receiver, separated by twice the Intermediate Frequency, set the receiver dial pointer to that one which comes in at the higher frequency marking on the receiver dial calibration.

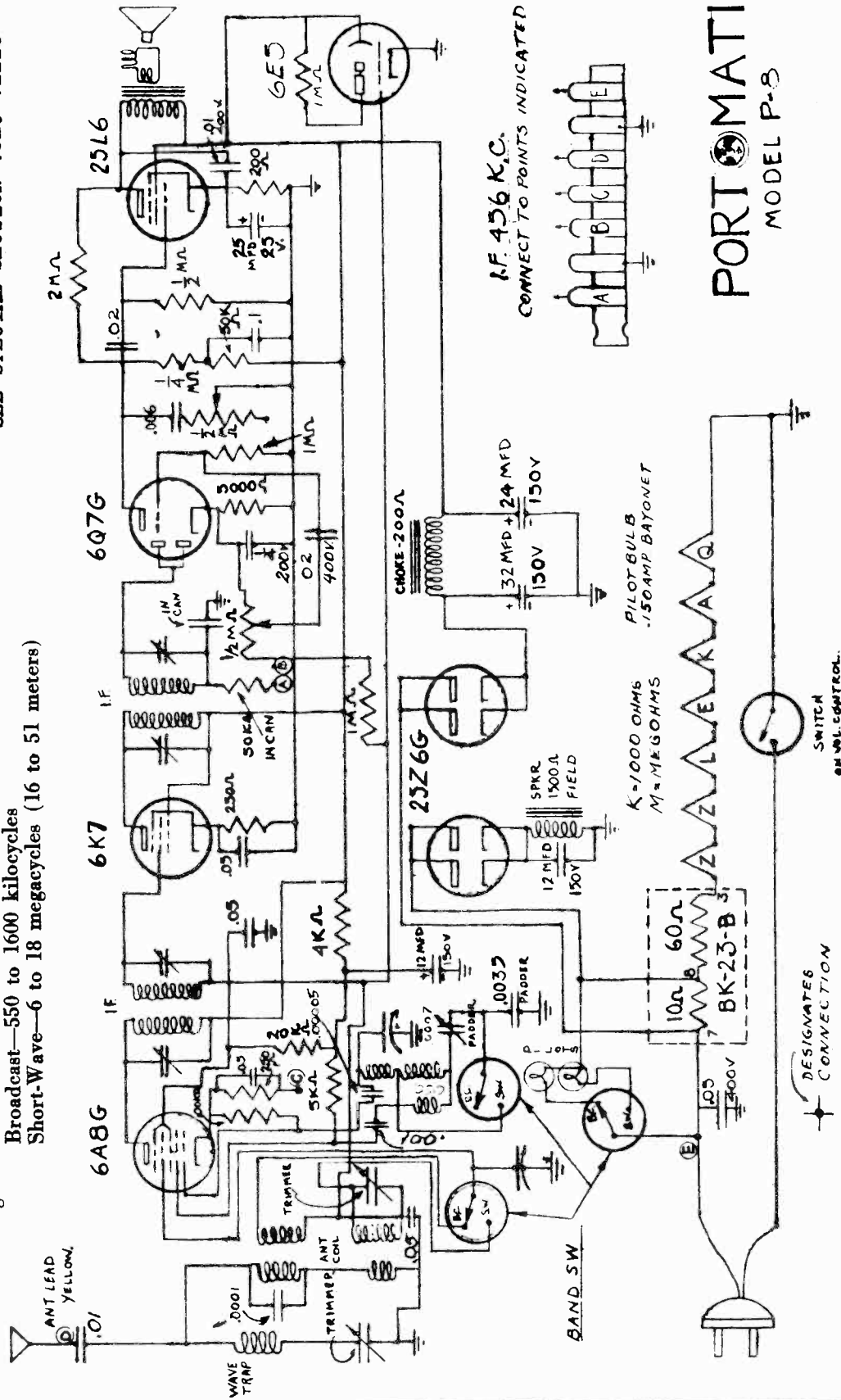
PORT-O-MATIC CORP.

MODELS 18A, 18C, 18R
80F, 80A, 80C, 210F,
210C, 210R, 212F, 212C
212R. Chassis P-8
Schematic, Alignment

CONVENTIONAL ALIGNMENT
SEE SPECIAL SECTION VOL. VIII.

The receiver is designed to operate over the following two tuning

ranges:
Broadcast—550 to 1600 kilocycles
Short-Wave—6 to 18 megacycles (16 to 51 meters)



PORT-O-MATIC
MODEL P-8

STANDARD MODEL
100-125 Volts
AC or DC Current
40-60 Cycles
65 Watts
• higher than 3/4 to 1 amp. standard automobile cartridge fuses.

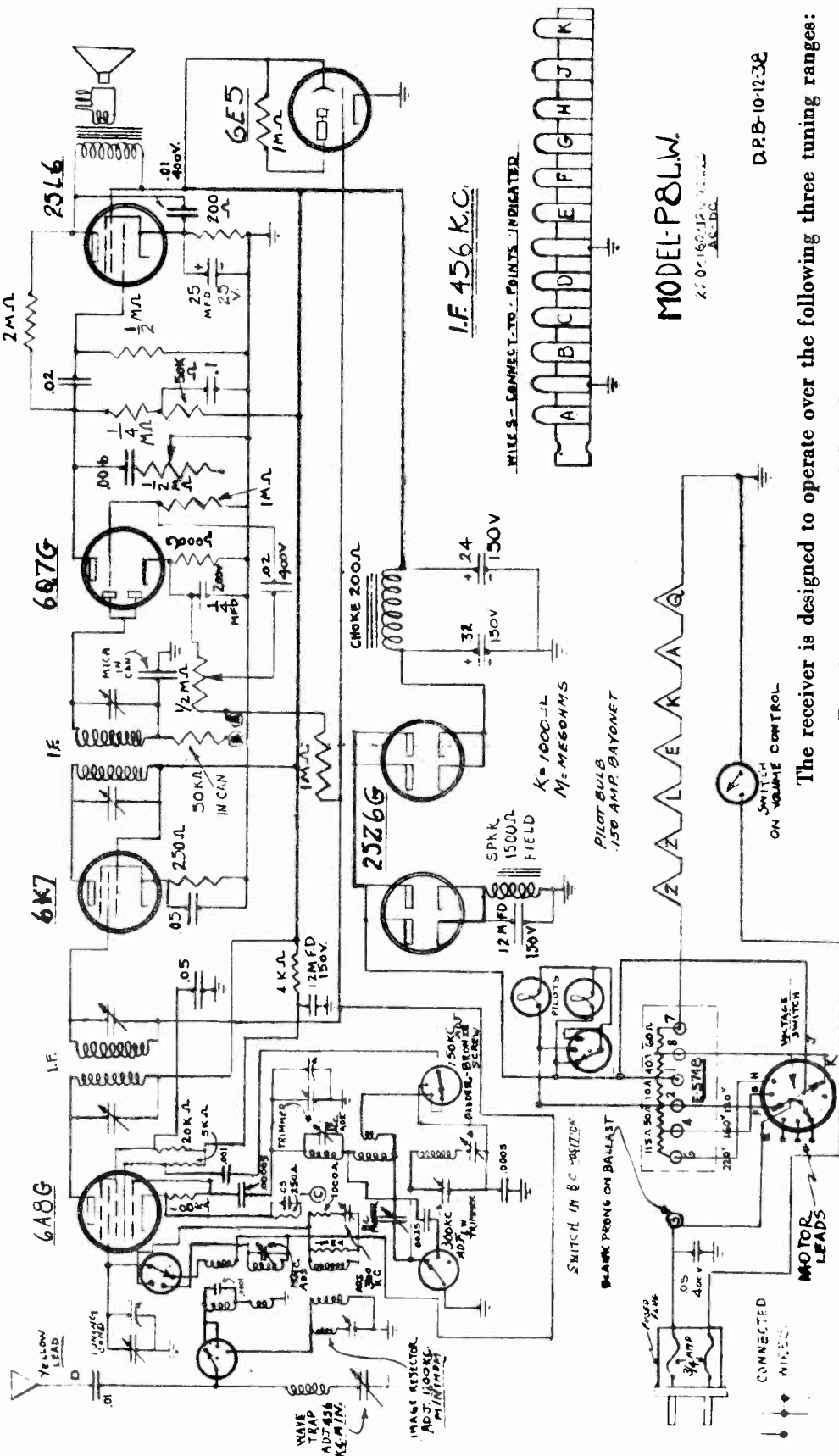
EUROPEAN MODEL—A special switch is provided on the motor-plate located underneath the pick-up arm, and is marked "110-220." With this switch in 220 Volt position, the PORT-O-MATIC will operate safely on voltages from 200 to 250. To avoid damage, if switch is accidentally placed in wrong position, this particular model is equipped with a fused plug at the end of the electric cord. Should these fuses blow, replace same with no

D.P.B. 9-29-38.

MODELS 25A, 25C, 25R,
250F, 250C, 250R
Chassis P8LW
Schematic, Alignment

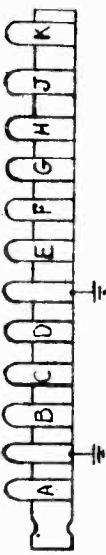
PORT-O-MATIC CORP.

This portable radio will operate on any current or principal voltage throughout the world. By setting the knob, in the back of the radio, it can be used on AC or DC at 120, 160, or 240 volts.



I.F. 456 K.C.

WIRE - CONNECT TO - PRINTS - INDICATED



MODEL-P8LW.

AC-DC

DRB-10-123E

The receiver is designed to operate over the following three tuning ranges:

Broadcast—550 to 1600 kilocycles

Short-Wave—6 to 18 megacycles (16 to 51 meters)

Long-Wave—800-2000 Meters

CONVENTIONAL ALIGNMENT

SEE SPECIAL SECTION

VOLUME VIII.

PORTO MATIC

IMPORTANT:—To avoid damage if switch is accidentally placed in wrong position, this particular model is equipped with a fused plug at the end of the electric cord. Should these fuses blow, replace with no higher than 3/4 to 1 amp. standard automobile cartridge fuses.

RCA MFG. CO., INC.

MODELS TRK-5, Chassis Nos. KC-3A, RC-429, RS-89A
TT-5, Chassis KC-3 Schematic

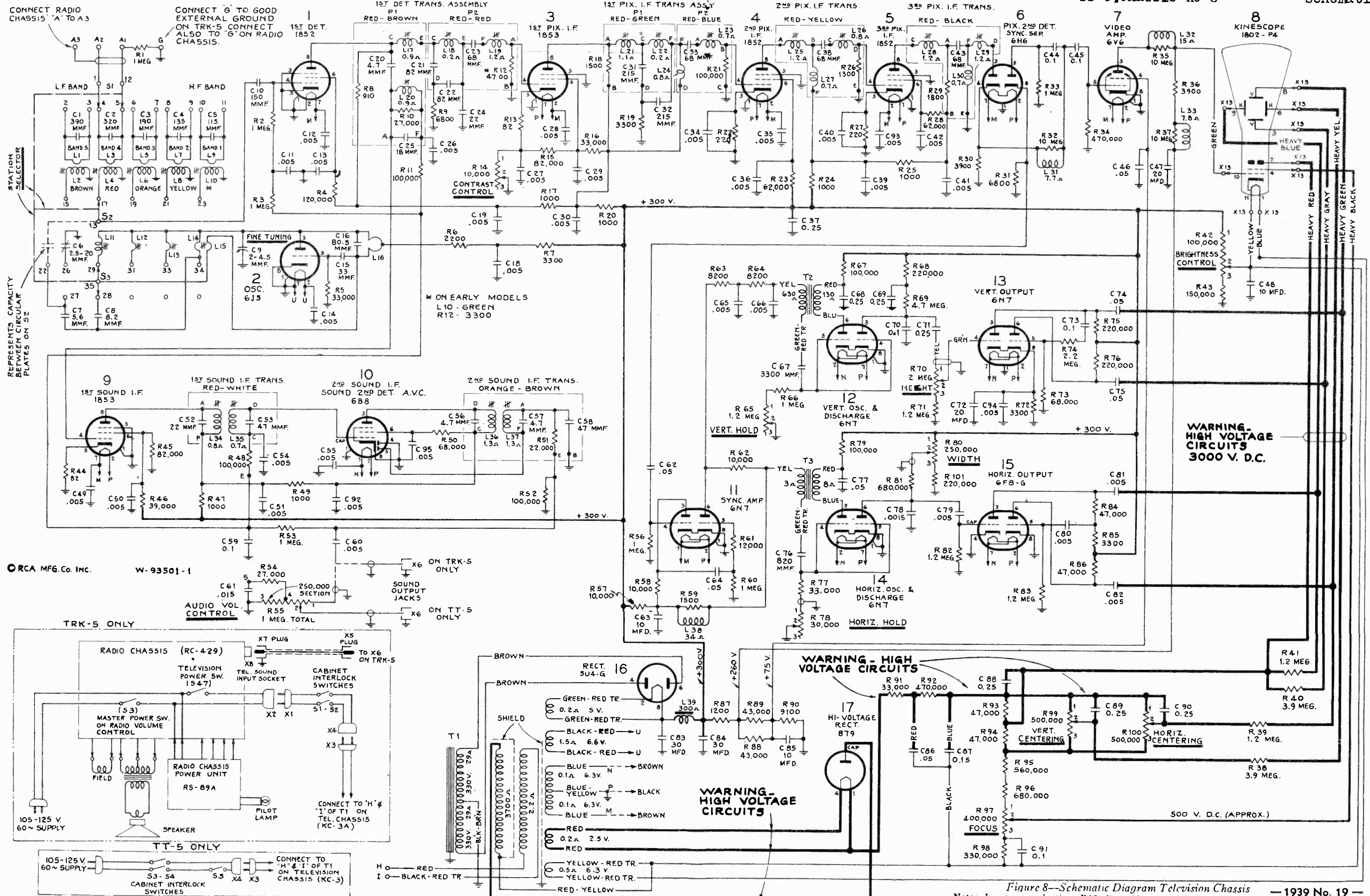
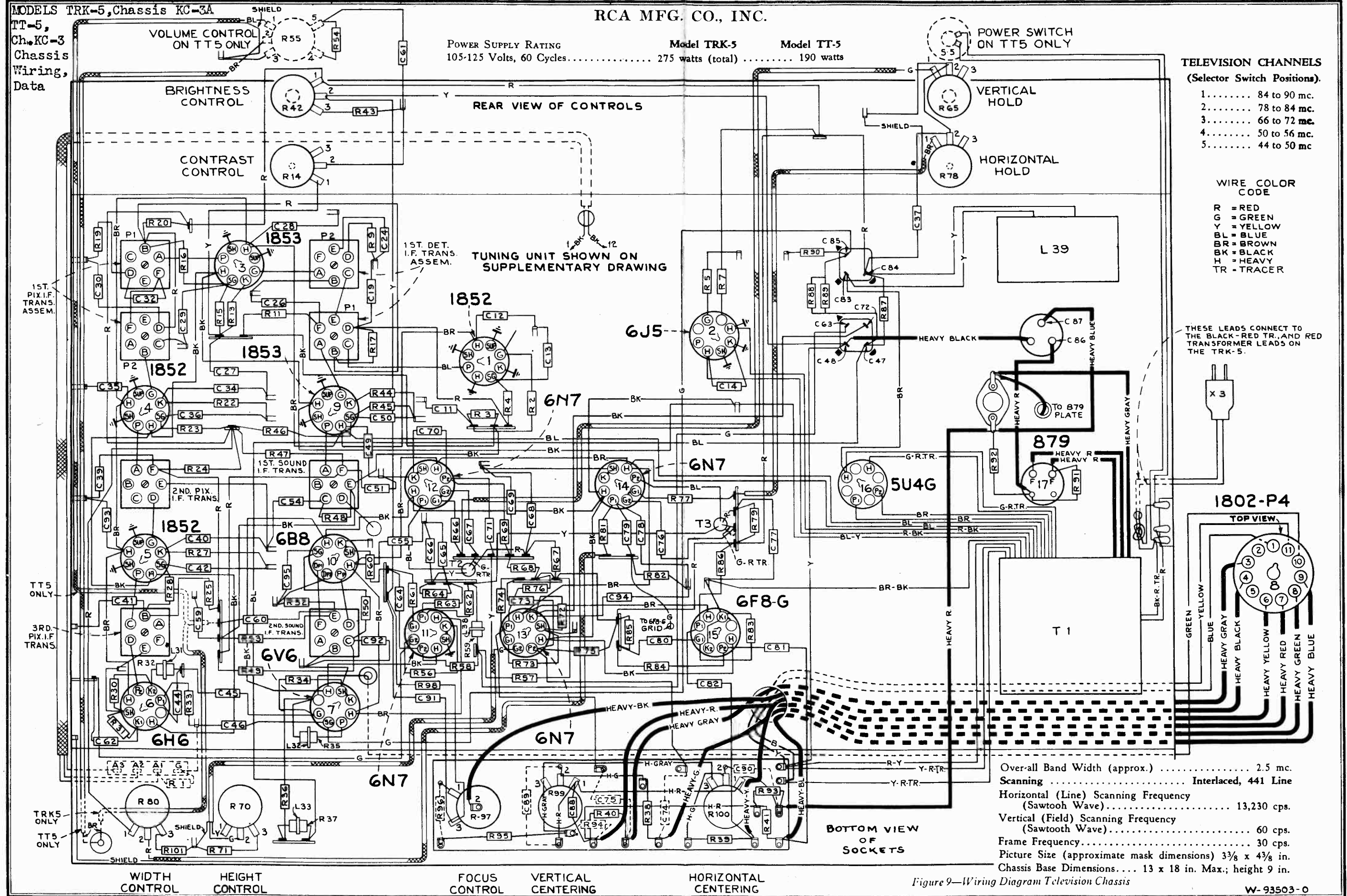


Figure 8--Schematic Diagram Television Chassis - 1939 No. 19 -
Note: In some production, R12 (in grid circuit of 1st-pix-I. F.) is 4,700 ohms

RCA MFG. CO., INC.



POWER SUPPLY RATING
105-125 Volts, 60 Cycles..... 275 watts (total) 190 watts

- TELEVISION CHANNELS**
(Selector Switch Positions)
- 1..... 84 to 90 mc.
 - 2..... 78 to 84 mc.
 - 3..... 66 to 72 mc.
 - 4..... 50 to 56 mc.
 - 5..... 44 to 50 mc

- WIRE COLOR CODE**
- R = RED
 - G = GREEN
 - Y = YELLOW
 - BL = BLUE
 - BR = BROWN
 - BK = BLACK
 - H = HEAVY
 - TR = TRACER

THESE LEADS CONNECT TO THE BLACK-RED TR. AND RED TRANSFORMER LEADS ON THE TRK-5.

- Over-all Band Width (approx.) 2.5 mc.
- Scanning Interlaced, 441 Line
- Horizontal (Line) Scanning Frequency (Sawtooth Wave)..... 13,230 cps.
- Vertical (Field) Scanning Frequency (Sawtooth Wave)..... 60 cps.
- Frame Frequency..... 30 cps.
- Picture Size (approximate mask dimensions) 3 3/8 x 4 3/8 in.
- Chassis Base Dimensions.... 13 x 18 in. Max.; height 9 in.

Figure 9—Wiring Diagram Television Chassis

W-93503-0

Operation Model TRK-5

The power-volume control on the broadcast radio receiver turns on the power for the complete receiver. Pushing the button marked "Television" on the push button panel turns on the Television receiver, if the above power control is "On." The volume control of the broadcast receiver also controls the Television sound volume level.

Station Selector and Fine Tuning.—The outer ring "O" section of the central dual control knob on the Television panel selects the station from which it is desired to receive television transmission.

Five television channels are covered as follows:

- (1) 84 to 90 M.C.
- (2) 78 to 84 M.C.
- (3) 66 to 72 M.C.
- (4) 50 to 56 M.C.
- (5) 44 to 50 M.C.

Set the station selector to the number corresponding to the frequency of the station from which it is desired to receive Television Broadcasts.

The inner section "I" of this knob is used for fine tuning and may eliminate moving ripples or distortion if due to interfering radio signals. A slight inward pressure must be exerted on the knob while turning.

Before the Television portion of the receiver is turned "ON" it is advisable to turn the Brightness and Contrast controls completely counter-clockwise to reduce the illumination of the spot which appears on the Kinescope before the sweep circuits have started functioning.

Contrast and Brightness Controls.—The inner "I" section of the "Contrast" "Brightness" controls is the "Contrast" control and varies the black and white tones of the picture being received. Too little contrast makes the picture all half-tones or grays. Turning clockwise increases contrast from grays, to black and white. See Test Patterns Figs. 2, 4, and 5, Page 10-21.

The outer ring "O" is the Brightness Control and affects the average illumination of the picture. Turning clockwise increases the brightness. See test pattern Figs. 2, 4, 5.

Hold Controls.—The dual knobs on the Television panel marked "Horizontal" and "Vertical" Hold, control the picture stability. The inner section designated by a "I" is the Horizontal Hold Control and when being set should be turned slowly to the point at which the picture "locks in" horizontally. See test pattern Fig. 6, Page 10-21.

The outer ring section designated by "O" is the Vertical Hold Control and when being set should be turned to the point where the picture "locks in" vertically. Pattern Fig. 7.

These two controls on this dual knob should not ordinarily require readjustment after good picture reception has once been obtained. An occasional resetting may be necessary due to changing to a different station, and to the gradual ageing of the tubes.

Focus Control.—This control is located on the rear of the Video chassis, and controls the electron beam focus of the Kinescope. Ordinarily, after once being focused the Kinescope should not require re-focusing for a considerable length of time. See test pattern Fig. 3.

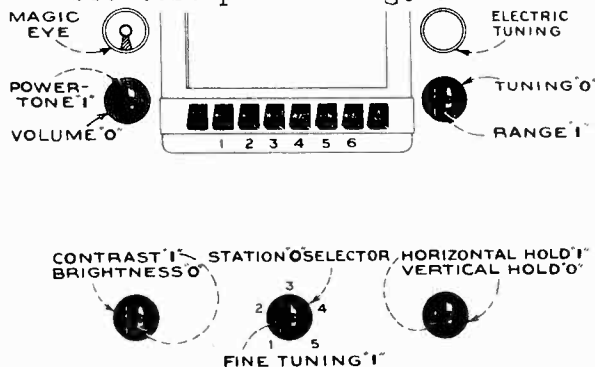


Figure 1—Control Panel Model TRK-5

Operation Model TT-5

The operation of Model TT-5 is the same as that for the Model TRK-5 except that there is a separate "ON-OFF" switch, and a separate sound volume control because the broadcast radio receiver is not included in this model. When Model TT-5 is connected to a broadcast receiver for the Television sound reproduction, the broadcast receiver volume control should be turned to maximum and the Television sound volume controlled with the control on the Television Receiver.

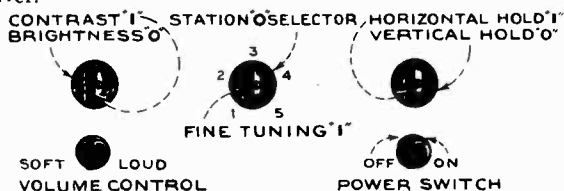


Figure 2—Control Panel Model TT-5

SERVICE DATA

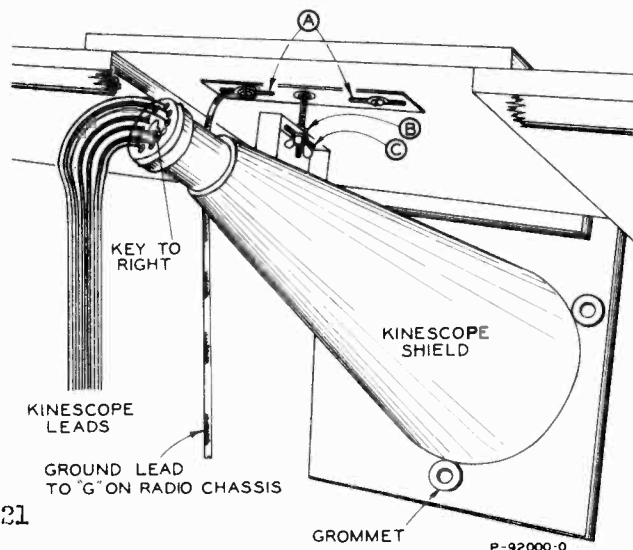


Figure 3—Kinescope Installation

Kinescope Installation Models TRK-5, TT-5: Refer to figure 3.

1. Remove back cover from cabinet.
2. Remove Kinescope mounting shield from shipping carton.
3. Using gloves and goggles remove Kinescope from shipping carton and place in the cone-shaped mounting shield.
4. Guide the Kinescope and mounting shield carefully into the cabinet, placing the Kinescope firmly up against the mask and viewing window. Fasten the mounting shield firmly in place with the thumb screw provided, so that it holds the Kinescope against the mask. If the Kinescope does not line up properly with the mask, loosen the screws "A" and nut "B" and adjust in the direction desired.
5. After the receiver is operating, the Kinescope may be rotated to properly square up the picture with the mask.

CAUTION: When rotating tube the power should be turned "OFF."

Adjustments.—There are a series of screwdriver slot adjustments at the rear of the Video chassis used to obtain the proper picture size and centering. These adjustments are explained fully in the receiver operating instructions, and also in the booklet: *Practical Television* by RCA.

When the receiver is moved from one location to another, some readjustment of these controls may be necessary.

MODELS TRK-5, TT-5
Antenna, Transmission
Line Data,
Voltage

RCA MFG. CO., INC.

Antenna Installation:

In most cases, the antenna should not be installed permanently on the apartment or residence roof until the quality of the picture reception has been observed on a Television Receiver. A temporary transmission line can be run between receiver and the antenna allowing sufficient slack to permit moving the antenna. Then, with a telephone system connecting an observer at the receiver and an assistant on the roof to find an antenna location, the antenna can be positioned to give the most satisfactory results on the received signal. A shift of only a few feet in antenna position or direction may effect a tremendous difference in picture reception. Whenever possible, the antenna location should be chosen or erected so the antenna is not only roadside to the transmitter but removed as far as possible from highways, hospitals and doctors' offices, and similar sources of interference. Auto ignition and diathermy apparatus may cause noise interference which spoils the picture.

In mounting any antenna, care must be taken to keep the antenna rods or pickup wires proper at least 1/4 wave length (at least 6 feet) away from other antennas, metal roofs and gutters or metal objects.

Under certain extremely unusual conditions, it may be possible to rotate or position the antenna so it receives the

cleanest picture over a reflected path. If such is the case, the antenna should be so positioned. However, such a position may give variable results as the nature of reflecting surfaces may vary with weather conditions, as a wet surface has been known to have different reflecting characteristics than a dry surface.

In short, a television receiving antenna and its installation must conform to much higher standards than an antenna for reception of International Short Wave and Standard Broadcast signals because:

- (1) Intervening obstacles have a pronounced shielding effect on the ultra-high frequency waves producing low intensity signals. Severe trouble with multi-path transmissions may be experienced, especially in congested city areas.
- (2) The picture signal is comprised of a very wide band or range of frequencies, all of which must be received with good efficiency.
- (3) It must be continually remembered that the discernment of the eye is much more critical than that of the ear.

The Transmission Line

RCA Victor has made available two types of exterior transmission lines. One is a special low loss weather-proofed line having the correct surge impedance to match the RCA Victor Television antennas and the RCA Victor Television receivers. It is carried as Stock No. 9882 in 1,000 foot rolls. The second type is a standard weather-proofed line also having the correct surge impedance for proper antenna and receiver matching. It is carried as Stock No. 12430 in 90 ft. rolls, Stock No. 12429 in 40 ft. rolls and is available in

1,000 ft. spools as Stock No. 9881. Use of improper lines may result in excessive loss or may lead to line reflections, resulting in multiple images or "ghosts," thus marring the reception.

For transmission line runs up to 200 feet, and where the signal strength on the antenna is relatively high, the Stock No. 12430, or Stock No. 12429 transmission line may be used. For all other applications the Stock No. 9882 transmission line is recommended.

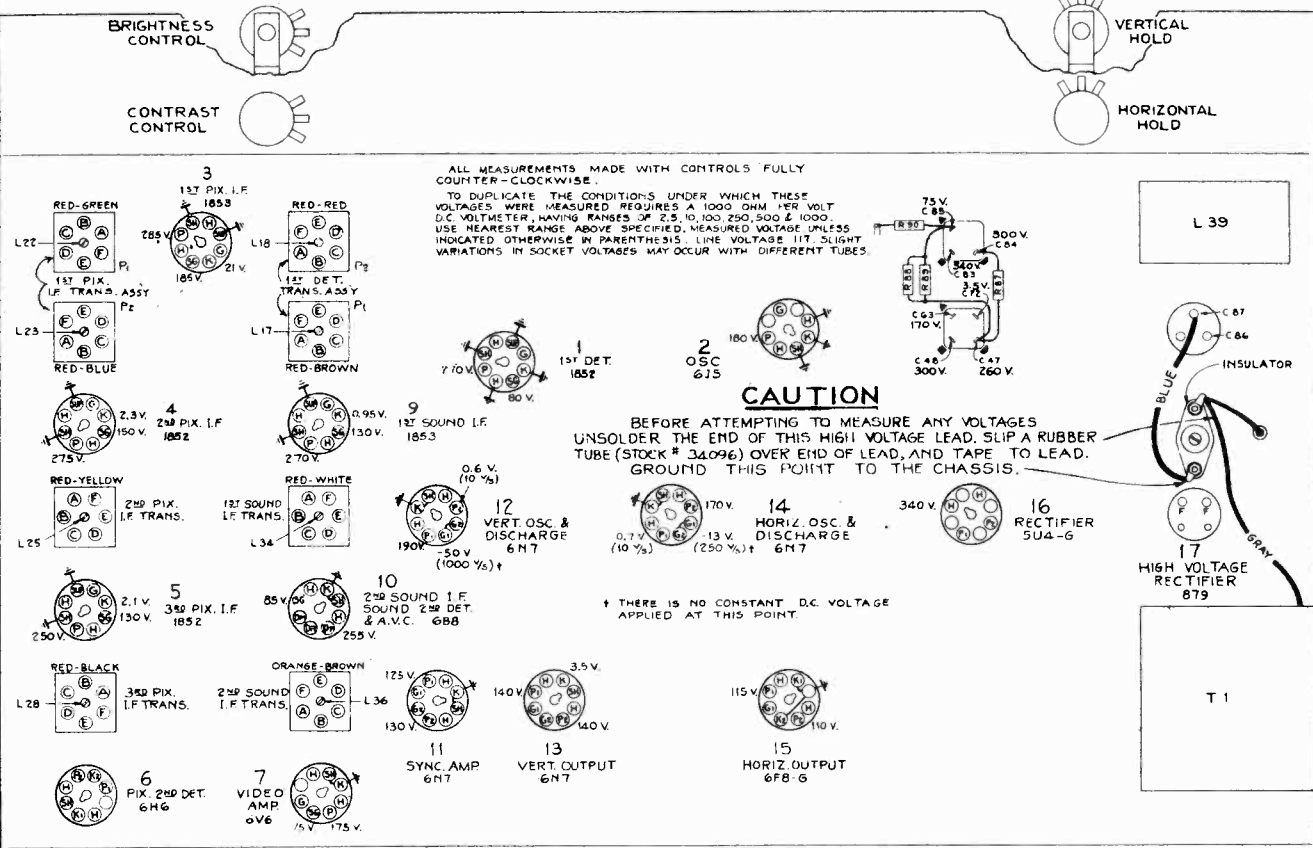


Figure 7—Voltage Diagram Television Chassis

Rear View, TRK-5

RCA MFG. CO., INC.

MODELS TRK-5, TT-5
Chassis KC-3A, KC-3
Socket, Voltage Data
Trimmers, Antenna

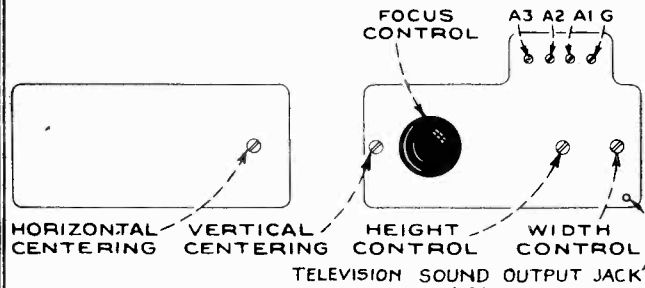


Figure 4—Adjustments at Rear of Chassis

Video Chassis KC-3 (TT-5) KC-3A (TRK-5)

No attempt should ever be made to measure the high (2,000 volts) voltage, because of the dangers and difficulties involved. If at any time it becomes necessary to service the high voltage circuit, the suspected parts should be replaced by parts known to be in good operating condition.

Always replace the red can over the 879 high voltage rectifier.

The most dangerous portion of the receiver is the plate (top cap) lead for the 879 high voltage rectifier. Always be very careful when working near or with this lead.

When working on the high voltage supply portion of this chassis, the following precautions should be observed:

1. Remove power supply cord from the power supply socket.
2. Use only one hand at a time.
3. Connect a shorting lead between ground (firstly) and to the high voltage side.
4. Whenever working with the oil-filled high voltage filter capacitors, keep a constant short across the capacitor, as these capacitors do not completely lose their charge after being discharged a single or several subsequent times.
5. Only one person at a time should work on the unit to prevent any misunderstanding which may result in an accident.

When any changes are made on the Video portion of the chassis, the locations of leads and parts should be returned as closely as possible to their original positions.

Service Hints:

1. In some cases the horizontal sweep oscillator circuit will radiate energy to nearby broadcast receiving antennas and lead-ins, causing interference with standard broadcast receivers. It has been found that this trouble has been cleared up in some cases by use of an RCA "Magic Wave" antenna for the broadcast receiver receiving the interference.
2. If the picture "tears out" when the receiver is jarred it may be due to microphonic 1852, 1853, or 6J5 tubes.
3. The 6J5 oscillator tube should be removed without rocking it in its socket to loosen it, as the motion may cause the 80.5 mmf capacitor C16 to break off.
4. The coils or straps in the h.f. oscillator circuits should not be touched or moved or the alignment of the receiver will be disturbed.
5. The two Video coupling capacitors C44, 45, should be kept clear of chassis.
6. In some cases the metal Kinescope mounting shield may become magnetized by the earth's or some nearby magnetic field, and thus distort the picture on the screen towards the magnetized portion of the shield. The shield can be demagnetized by passing it slowly through a solenoid which is energized by an a-c current.

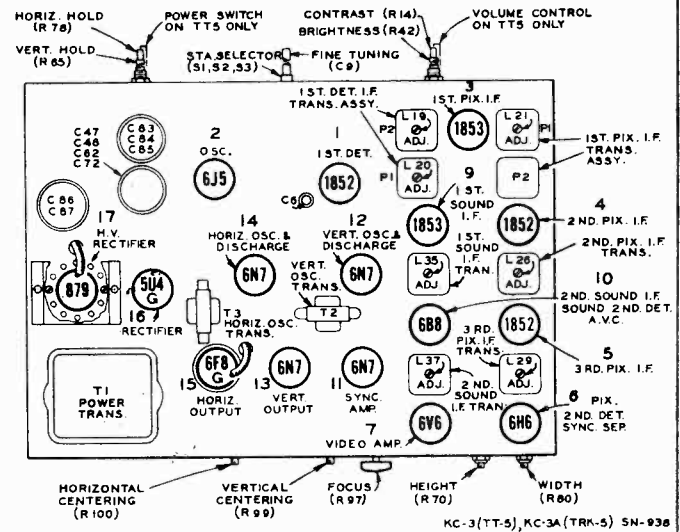


Figure 5—Top View Television Chassis

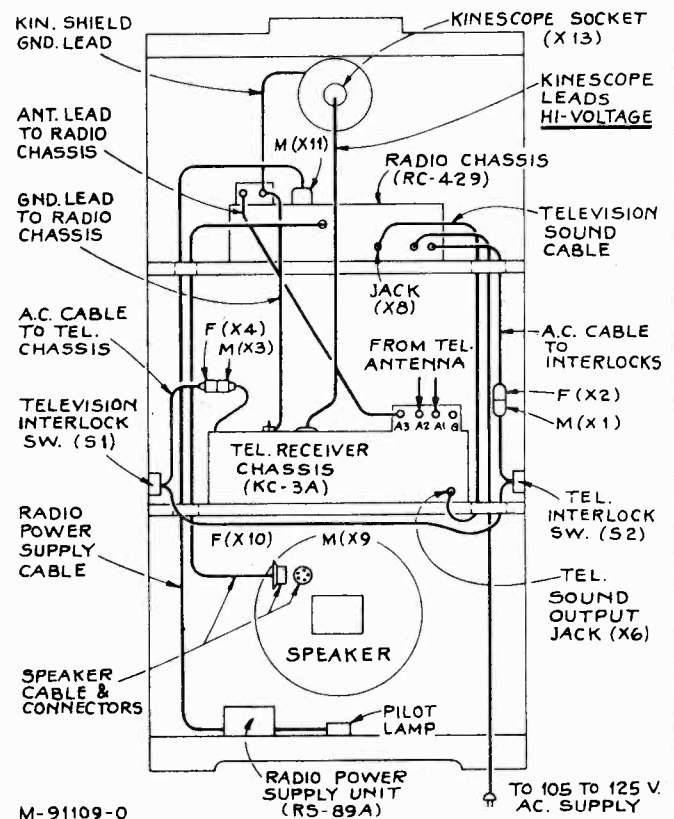


Figure 6—Rear View Model TRK-5

Antenna

The finest television receiver built may be said to be only as good as the antenna design and installation. It is therefore important to use a correctly designed antenna, and use care in its installation.

The RCA Double Dipole Antenna, Stock No. 9871, is recommended for use with these receivers. Both this antenna and the "V" antenna described below are especially designed for a sufficient broad frequency response to cover the contemplated television spectrum with good efficiency and are therefore superior to a single Dipole type antenna.

When greater signal pickup, or where a shielding effect from noise pickup or image reflections are desired, a reflector assembly Stock No. 9872 may be added to the Stock No. 9871 Antenna to obtain an improved signal-to-noise ratio.

The RCA Double "V" Wire type Television Antenna is alternative type of antenna designed for television sight and sound reception. Two points of support are necessary. It serves adequately in suburban areas but may not be sufficiently flexible and efficient for congested city areas where bad reflections and interference are encountered.

MODEL TRK-5
Receiver Chassis RC-429
Specifications, Dial Data

RCA MFG. CO., INC.

MODELS 98T, 98K2
Dial Calibration

Electrical Specifications

FREQUENCY RANGES	Medium Wave ("B" band).....2.3-7.0 mc
Standard Broadcast ("A" band).....540-1720 kc	Short Wave ("C" band).....7.0-22 mc
Intermediate Frequency.....	455 kc
TUBE COMPLEMENT	
(1) RCA-6A8-G.....1st-Det., and Osc.	(5) RCA-6K6-G.....Power Output
(2) RCA-6K7.....I-F Amplifier	(6) RCA-6K6-G.....Power Output
(3) RCA-6Q7.....2nd-Det., A.V.C., 1st Audio	(7) RCA-6U5....."Magic Eye"
(4) RCA-6J5.....Phase Inverter	(8) RCA-5Y3-G (in SPU RS-89A)...Full-Wave Rectifier
Dial Lamps.....	Mazda No. 44, 6.3 volts, .25 amp.
Power Supply Rating.....	105-125 volts, 60 cycles, 75 watts
POWER OUTPUT	
Undistorted.....5 watts	LOUDSPEAKER (RL-70H-5)
Maximum.....5.5 watts	Type.....12-inch electrodynamic
ELECTRIC TUNING RANGES	
Two stations between approximately.....550-950 kc	Two stations between approximately.....690-1,225 kc
	Two stations between approximately.....890-1,500 kc

Mechanical Specifications

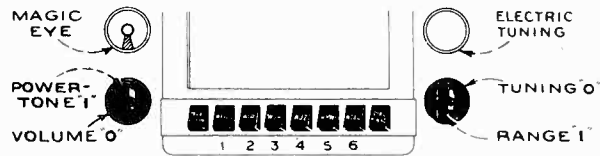
RC-429 CHASSIS BASE DIMENSIONS:	Depth.....6-1/2 inches
Height.....2-1/2 inches	Over-all Chassis Height.....6-1/2 inches
Width.....13 inches	Tuning Drive Ratio.....12 to 1

General Description

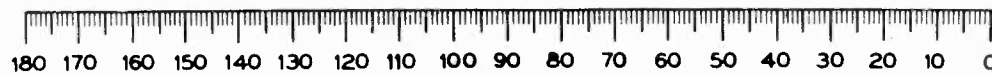
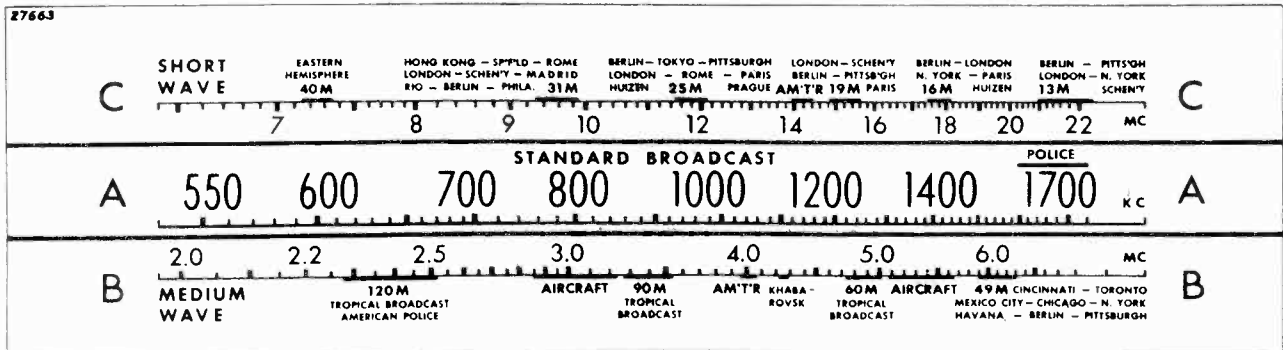
Radio receiver chassis No. RC-429 is used in RCA Victor Television console Model TRK-5.

The audio output of the television chassis is connected to the audio input of the RC-429 chassis by means of jack X-8 and the left-hand push-button switch (S44, S45, S46).

A separate plug-in power supply unit, RS-89A, is used to supply heater and plate voltage to the RC-427 chassis. Service data and diagrams for the power unit are contained in the following pages.



Location of Controls (Radio)

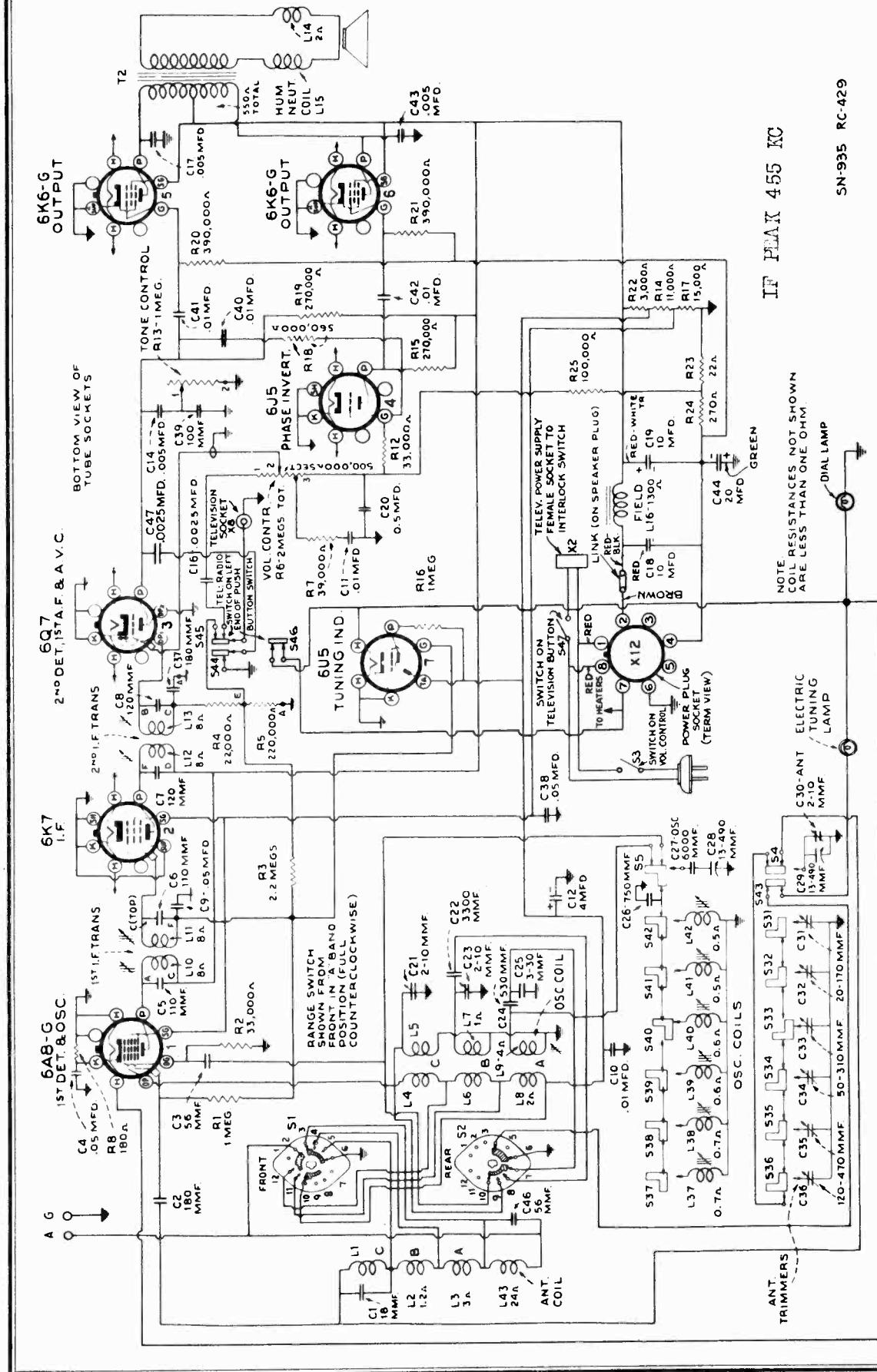


Reduced Reproduction of Receiver Dial, and Corresponding 0-180° Calibration Scales

The corresponding position of the dial indicator for any setting of the calibration scale can be determined by drawing a line from this point on the bottom calibration scale to the same point on the top calibration scale. For example, 28° on the calibration scale corresponds to 1,500 kc on "A" band. Read instructions under "Alignment Procedure."

RCA MFG. CO., INC.

MODEL TRK-5, Chassis RC-429
Schematic, Lead Dress



Schematic Circuit Diagram, Chassis No. RC-429

- Precautionary Lead Dress:**
1. Electric tuning lamp leads to S43 must be dressed in front of the range switch.
 2. Dress leads away from antenna coil.
 3. Leads across back of chassis must be dressed away from television jack (X8).
 4. C26 (750 mmfd.) on push-button switch assembly must be dressed carefully to prevent shorts.

MODEL TRK-5, Chassis RC-429
 Socket, Trimmers, Tuner
 Alignment

RCA MFG. CO., INC.

Alignment Procedure (RADIO CHASSIS)

Cathode-Ray Alignment is the preferable method. Connections for the oscillograph are shown in the chassis drawing.

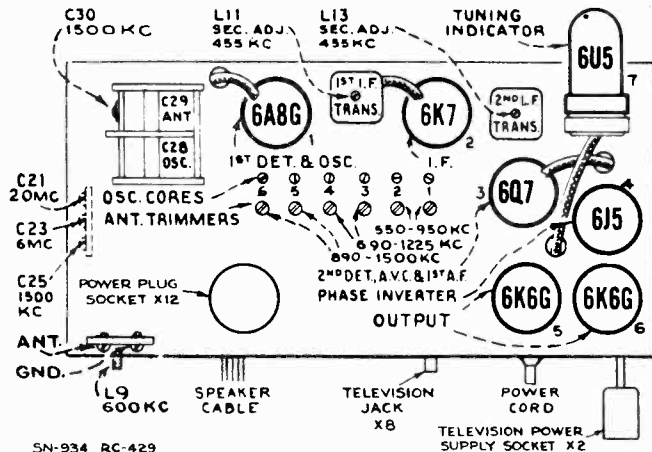
Output Meter Alignment.—If this method is used, connect the meter across the voice coil, and turn the receiver volume control to maximum.

Test-Oscillator.—For all alignment operations, connect the low side of the test-oscillator to the receiver ground terminal (G), and keep the output as low as possible to avoid a-v-c action.

Calibration Scale on Indicator-Drive-Cord Drum.—The tuning dial if fastened in the cabinet and cannot be used for reference during alignment; therefore, a calibration scale is attached to the rear of the drum which is mounted on the front shaft of the gang condenser. The setting of the gang condenser is read on this scale, which is calibrated in degrees. The correct setting of the gang in degrees, for each alignment frequency, is given in the alignment table.

As the first step in r-f alignment, check the position of the drum. The 180° mark on the drum scale must be vertical, and directly over the center of the gang-condenser shaft when the plates are fully meshed. The distance from the front of the chassis to the drum must not exceed 3/8-inch. The drum is held to the shaft by means of two set screws, which must be tightened securely when the drum is in the correct position.

Pointer for Calibration Scale.—Improvise a pointer for the calibration scale by fastening a piece of wire to the gang-



condenser frame, and bend the wire so that it points to the "180°" mark on the calibration scale when the plates are fully meshed.

Dial-Indicator Adjustment.—After fastening the chassis in the cabinet, attach the dial indicator to the drive cable with indicator at the 530 kc mark, and gang condenser fully meshed. The indicator has a spring clip for attachment to the cable.

For additional details, refer to booklet "RCA Victor Receiver Alignment."

Step	Connect the high side of test-osc. to—	Tune test-osc. to—	Turn radio dial to—	Adjust the following for max. peak output—
1	6K7 I-F grid cap, in series with .01 mfd.	455 kc	"A" band, Quiet Point between 550-750 kc	L12 and L13 (2nd I-F Trans.)
2	6A8-G 1st-Det. grid cap, in series with .01 mfd.			L10 and L11 (1st I-F Trans.)
3	Antenna terminal, in series with 200 mmfd.	600 kc	600 kc 150.5°	L9 (osc.)
4		1,500 kc	1,500 kc 28°	C25 (osc.) C30 (ant.)
5	Repeat steps 3 and 4.			
6	Antenna terminal, in series with 300 ohms	6 mc	6 mc 26.5°	C23 (osc.)*
7		20 mc	20 mc 22°	C21 (osc.)*
8	Follow "Adjustments for Electric Tuning."			

* Use minimum capacity peak if two peaks can be obtained, and check for image by tuning radio approximately 910 kc lower.
 Note: The oscillator tracks above the signal on all bands.

Adjustments for Electric Tuning

These models have eight push buttons. The left-hand button is a Television switch. The right-hand button connects the gang condenser for manual tuning. The other six buttons are for electric tuning of six different stations in the standard-broadcast range. The station buttons connect to separate magnetite-core oscillator coils and separate antenna trimmers which must be adjusted for the desired stations. Use an insulated screwdriver or alignment tool such as RCA Stock No. 31031. Allow at least five minutes warm-up period before making adjustments.

The procedure is as follows:

1. Make a list of the desired six stations, arranged in order from low to high frequencies.
2. Push in the dial-tuning button, and manually tune in the first station on the list.

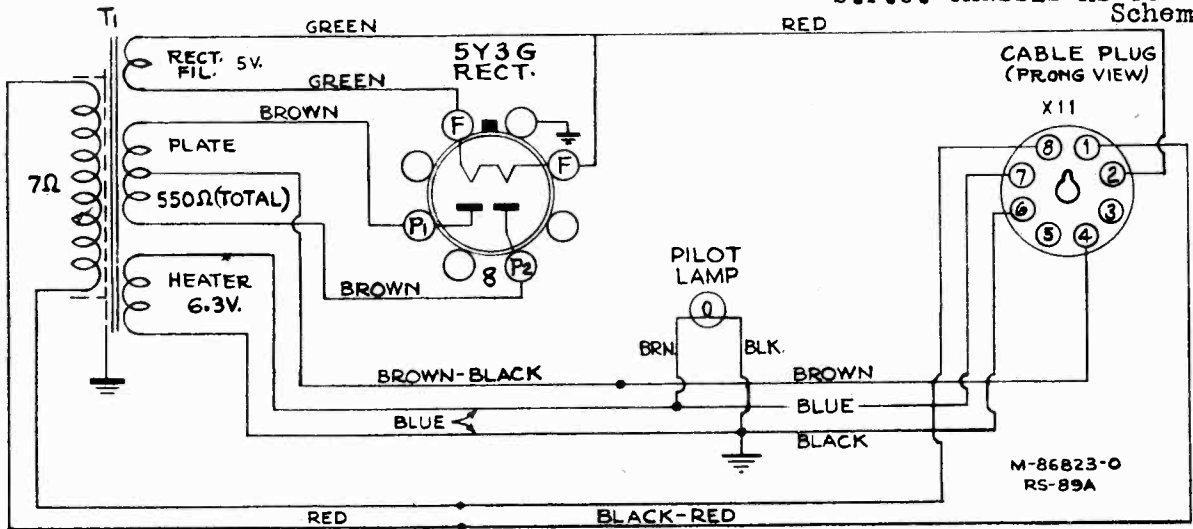
3. Push in station button No. 1 (second from left) and adjust No. 1 oscillator core (L37) to receive this station. Screw the core all the way in, to lowest frequency, and then unscrew slowly until station is received.
4. Adjust No. 1 antenna trimmer (C36) for maximum output on this station.

Clockwise adjustment of cores and trimmers tunes the circuits to lower frequencies.

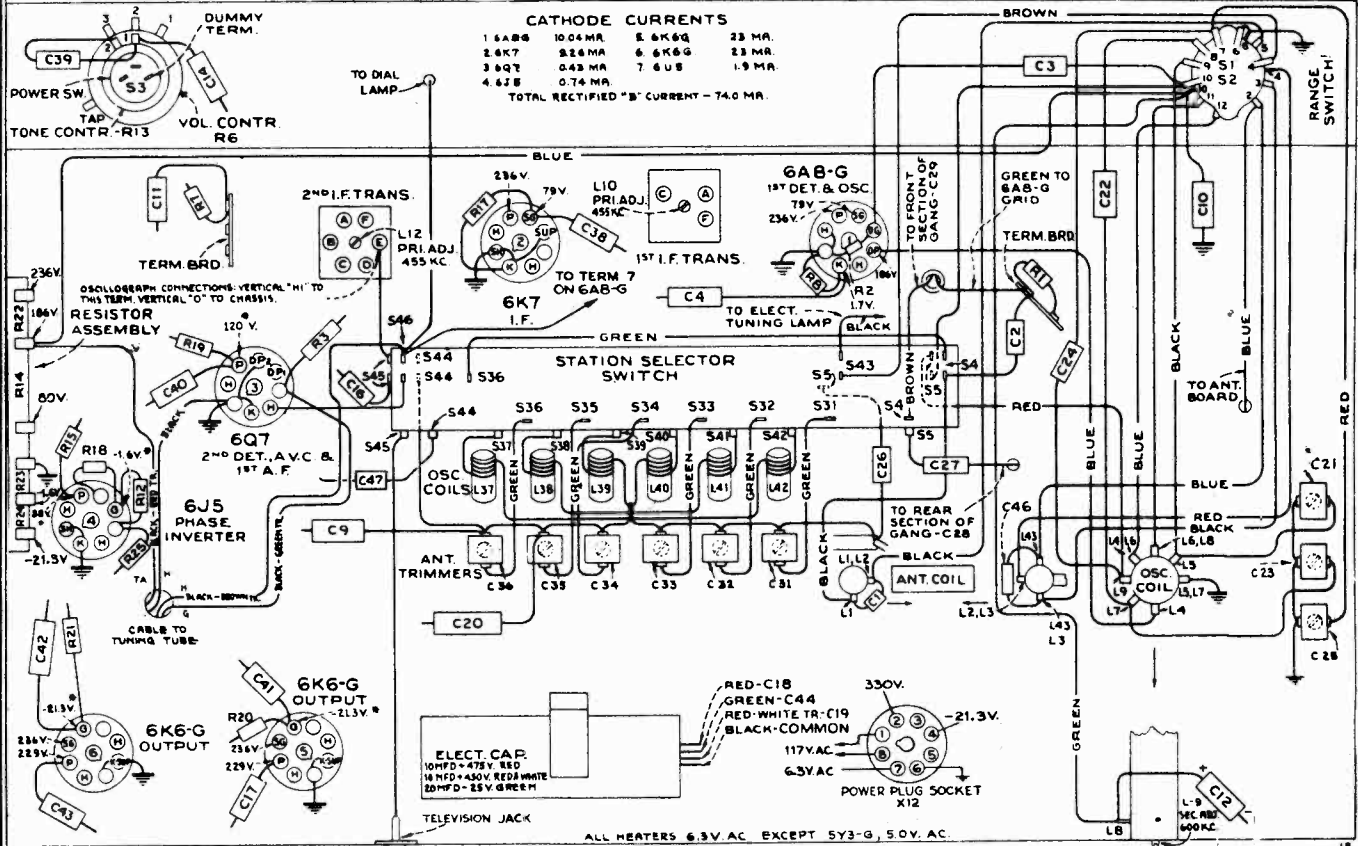
5. Adjust for each of the remaining five stations in the same manner.
6. Make a final careful adjustment of the oscillator cores and antenna trimmers. Use the "Magic Eye" to ensure sharp peaking.

RCA MFG. CO., INC.

MODEL TRK-5, Chassis RC-429
R-F Chassis Wiring, Voltage
S.P.U. Chassis RS-89A
Schematic



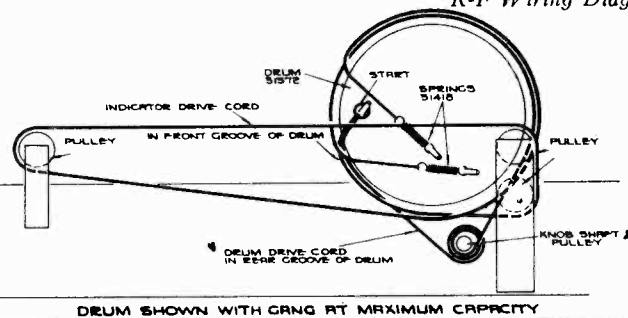
SPU Schematic Diagram, RS-89A



BOTTOM VIEW - REAR OF CHASSIS

R-F Wiring Diagram, Chassis No. RC-429

SN-996 RC-429



Measurements made to chassis unless otherwise indicated, with set tuned to quiet point and volume control at minimum. Values should hold within approximately $\pm 20\%$ with 117-volt a-c supply.

NOTE: Values with star () are operating voltages in circuits with high series-resistance. The actual measured voltages will be lower, depending on the voltmeter loading.

At Left—Dial Mechanism

MODELS TRK-5, TT-5
Parts List

RCA MFG. CO., INC.

REPLACEMENT PARTS

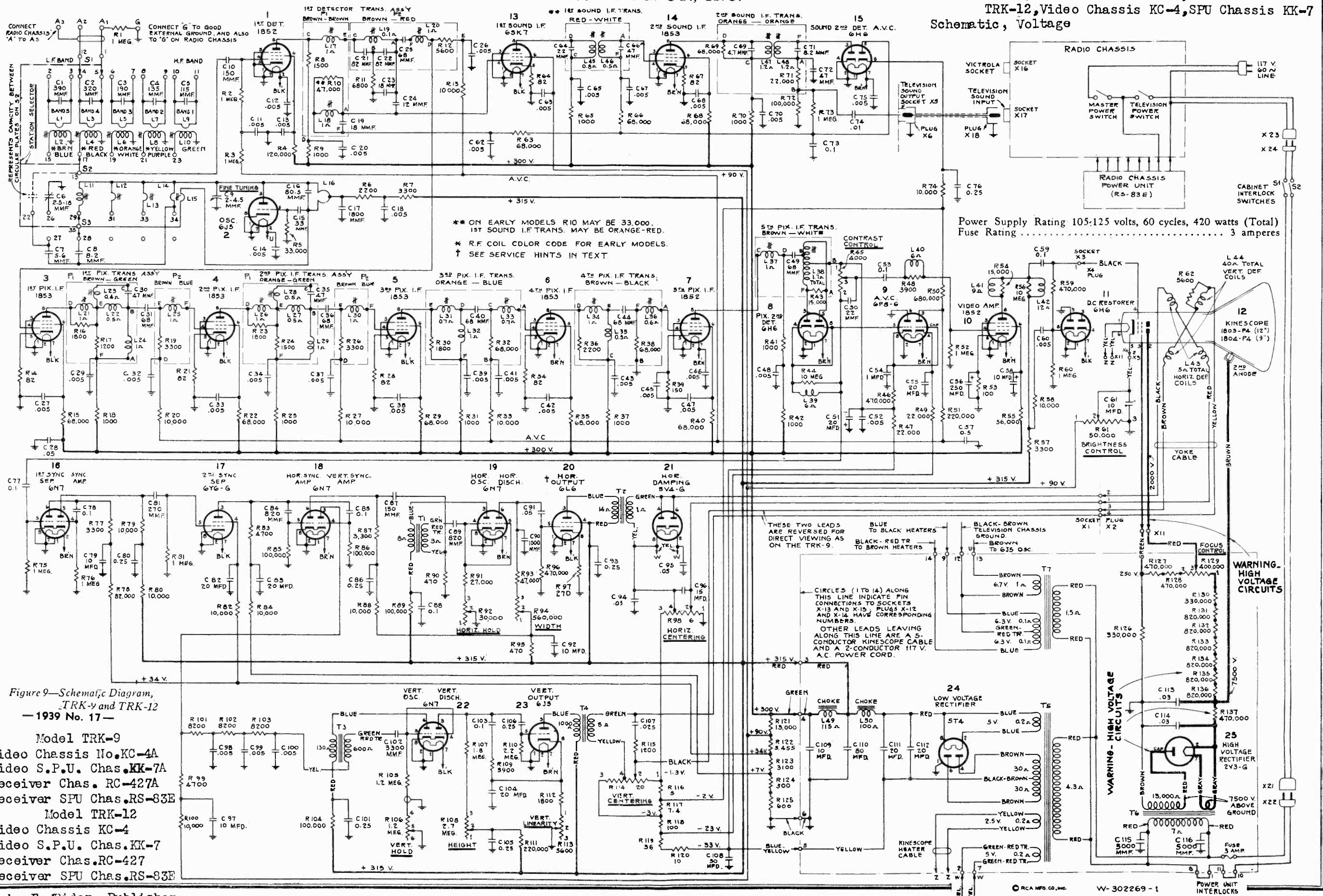
Insist on genuine factory-tested parts, which are readily identified and may be purchased from authorized dealers.

Table with columns: STOCK No., DESCRIPTION, Unit List Price, STOCK No., DESCRIPTION, Unit List Price, STOCK No., DESCRIPTION, Unit List Price, STOCK No., DESCRIPTION, Unit List Price. It lists various electronic components like capacitors, resistors, transformers, and sockets for models TRK-5 and TT-5.

ALL PRICES ARE SUBJECT TO CHANGE OR WITHDRAWAL WITHOUT NOTICE.

RCA MFG. CO., INC.

MODELS TRK-9, Video Chassis KC-4A, SPU Chassis KK-7A
TRK-12, Video Chassis KC-4, SPU Chassis KK-7
Schematic, Voltage



** ON EARLY MODELS R10 MAY BE 33,000.
1ST SOUND I.F. TRANS. MAY BE ORANGE-RED.
* R.F. COIL COLOR CODE FOR EARLY MODELS.
† SEE SERVICE HINTS IN TEXT.

Power Supply Rating 105:125 volts, 60 cycles, 420 watts (Total)
Fuse Rating 3 amperes

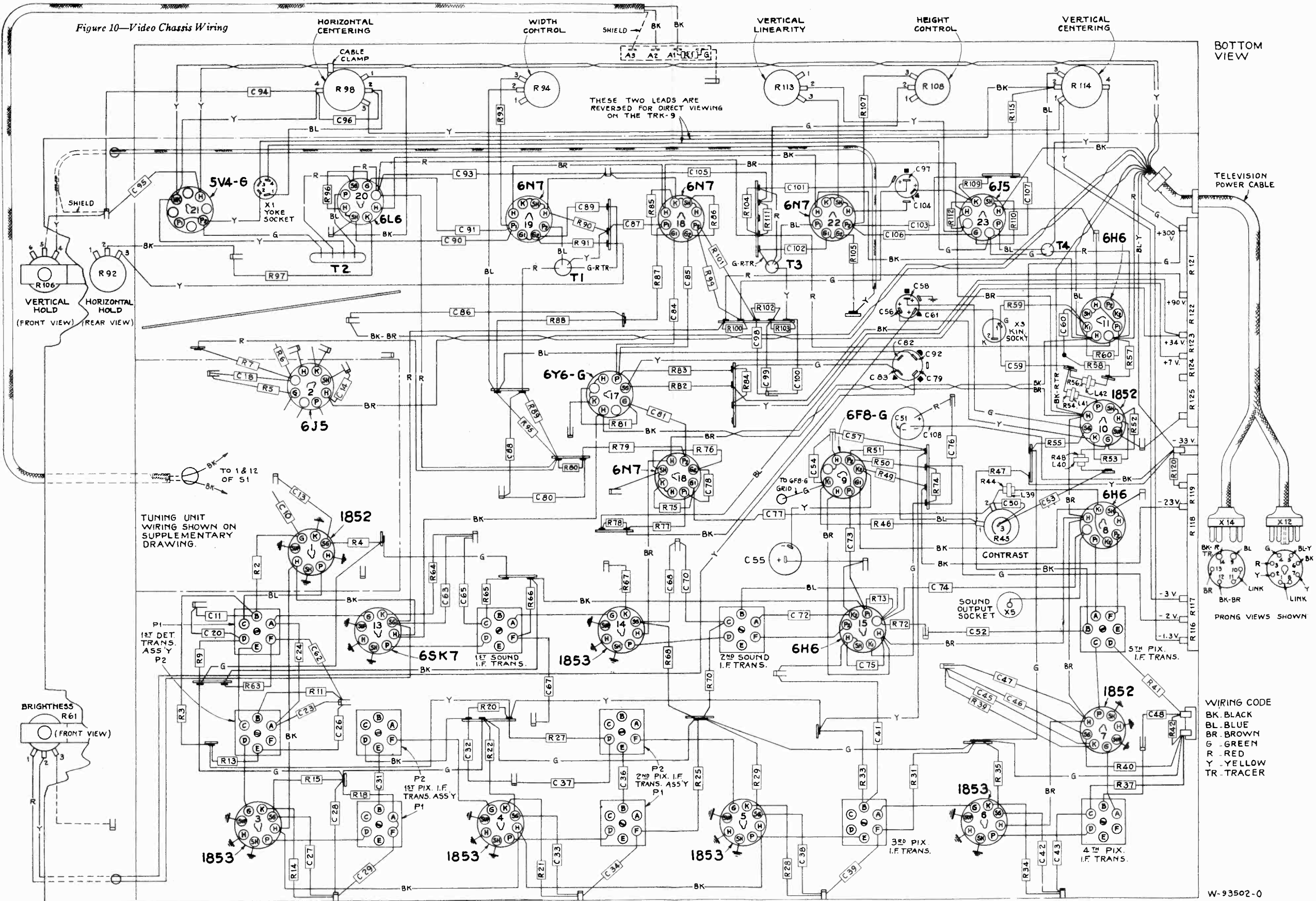
THESE TWO LEADS ARE REVERSED FOR DIRECT VIEWING AS ON THE TRK-9.
BLUE TO BLACK HEATERS
BLACK-RED TR TO BROWN HEATERS
BLACK-BROWN TELEVISION CHASSIS GROUND
BROWN TO 635 OSC.
CIRCLES (1 TO 14) ALONG THIS LINE INDICATE PIN CONNECTIONS TO SOCKETS X-13 AND X-15. PLUGS X-12 AND X-14 HAVE CORRESPONDING NUMBERS.
OTHER LEADS LEAVING ALONG THIS LINE ARE A 5-CONDUCTOR KINESCOPE CABLE AND A 2-CONDUCTOR 117 V. A.C. POWER CORD.

Figure 9—Schematic Diagram,
TRK-9 and TRK-12
—1939 No. 17—

Model TRK-9
Video Chassis No. KC-4A
Video S.P.U. Chas. KK-7A
Receiver Chas. RC-427A
Receiver SPU Chas. RS-33E
Model TRK-12
Video Chassis KC-4
Video S.P.U. Chas. KK-7
Receiver Chas. RC-427
Receiver SPU Chas. RS-33E

MODELS TRK-9, TRK-12
Video Chassis Wiring

RCA MFG. CO., INC.



RCA MFG. CO., INC.

MODEL TRK-12
 Assembly, Operating Controls
 Specifications

TELEVISION CHANNELS (Selector Switch Positions)

1	84 to 90 mc.
2	78 to 84 mc.
3	66 to 72 mc.
4	50 to 56 mc.
5	44 to 50 mc.

Overall Video Band Width..... 4 mc.
 Scanning Interlaced, 441 Line
 Horizontal (Line) Scanning Frequency (Sawtooth Wave) .13,230 cps
 Vertical (Field) Scanning Frequency (Sawtooth Wave).... 60 cps
 Frame Frequency (Picture Repetition Rate)..... 30 cps
 PICTURE SIZE (Approx. Mask Dimensions)
 TRK-9..... 5½ x 7¼ in.
 TRK-12..... 7¾ x 9¾ in.

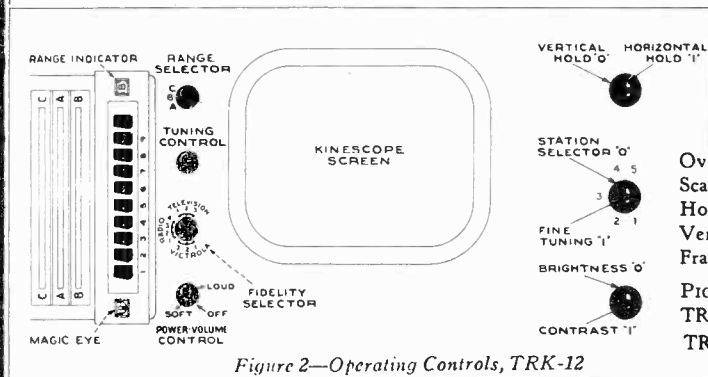


Figure 2—Operating Controls, TRK-12

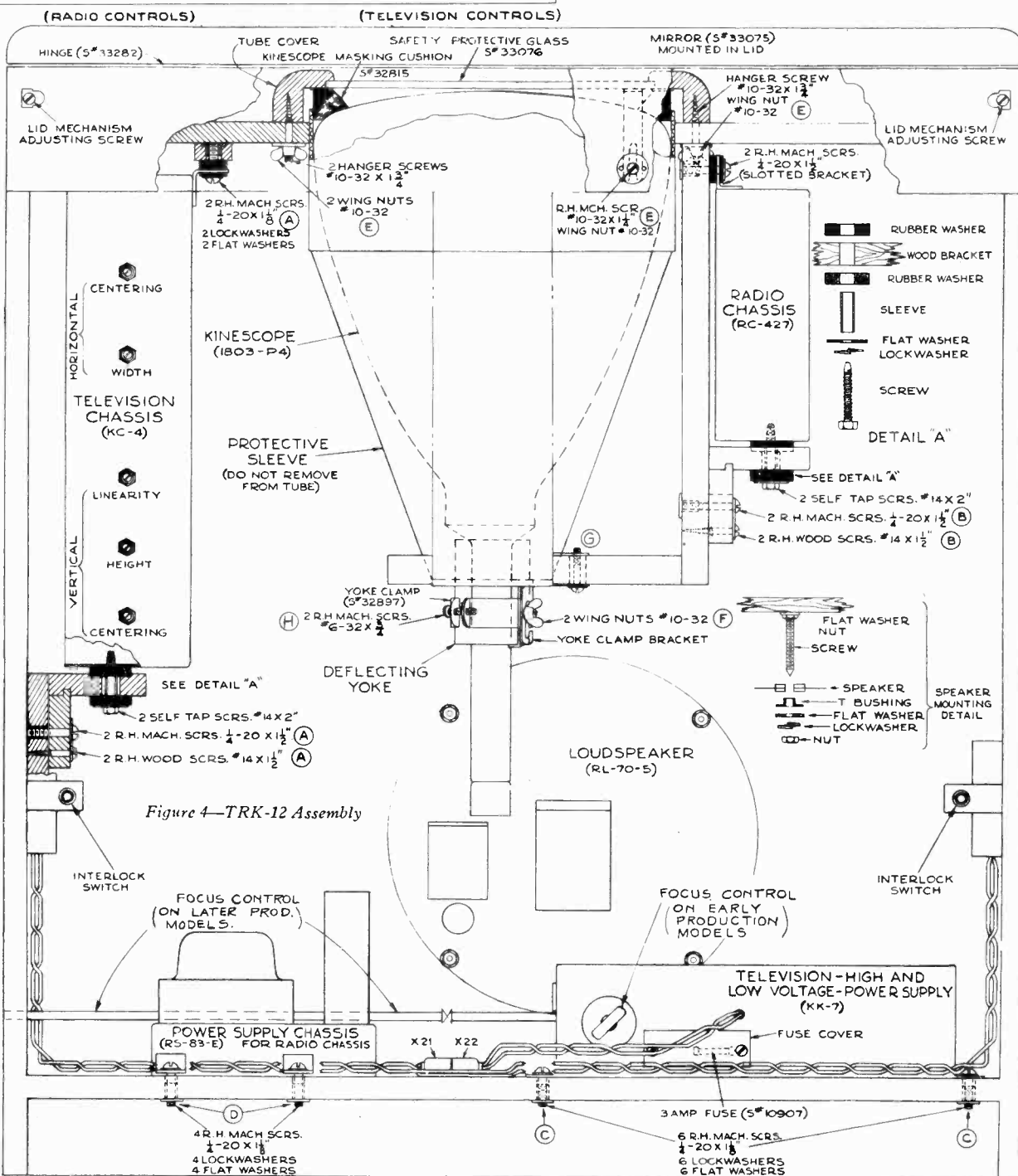


Figure 4—TRK-12 Assembly

MODELS TRK-9, TRK-12
Cabinet Wiring
Socket

RCA MFG. CO., INC.

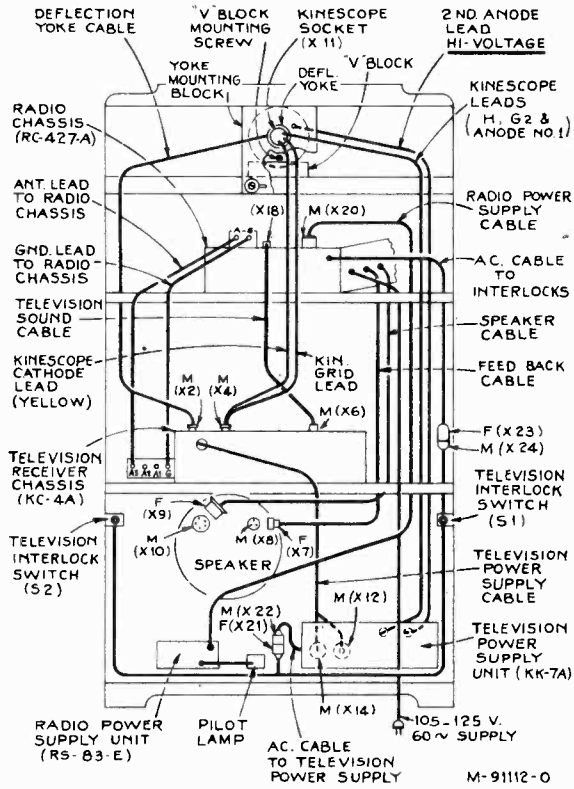


Figure 3—Cabinet Wiring—Model TRK-9

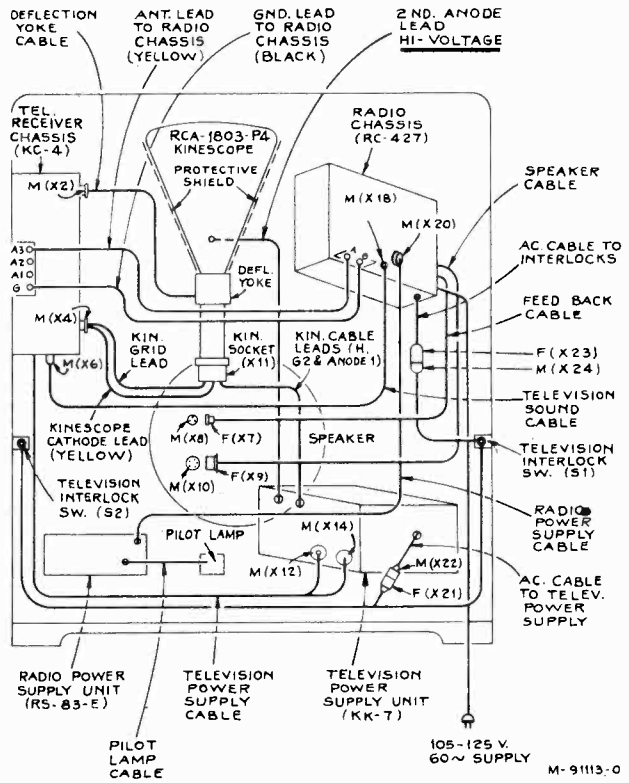
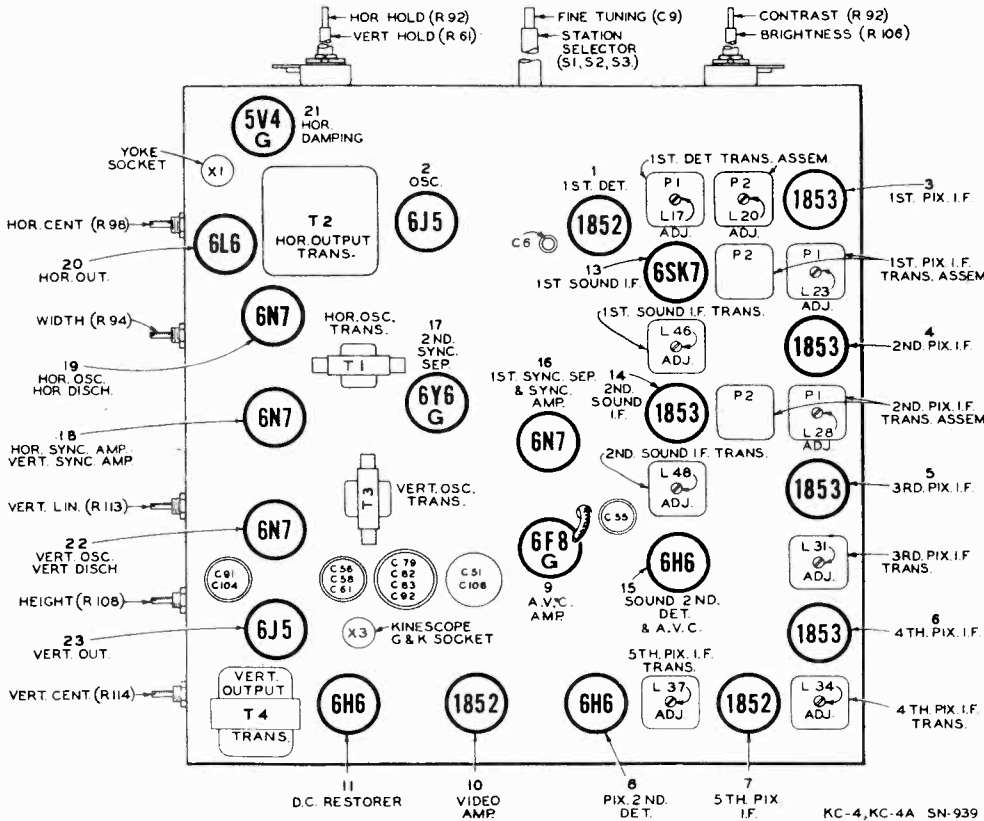
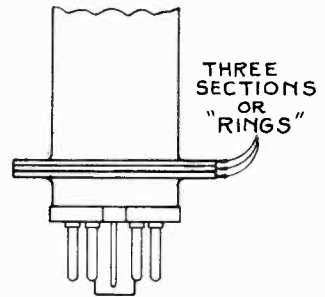


Figure 3a—Cabinet Wiring—Model TRK-12



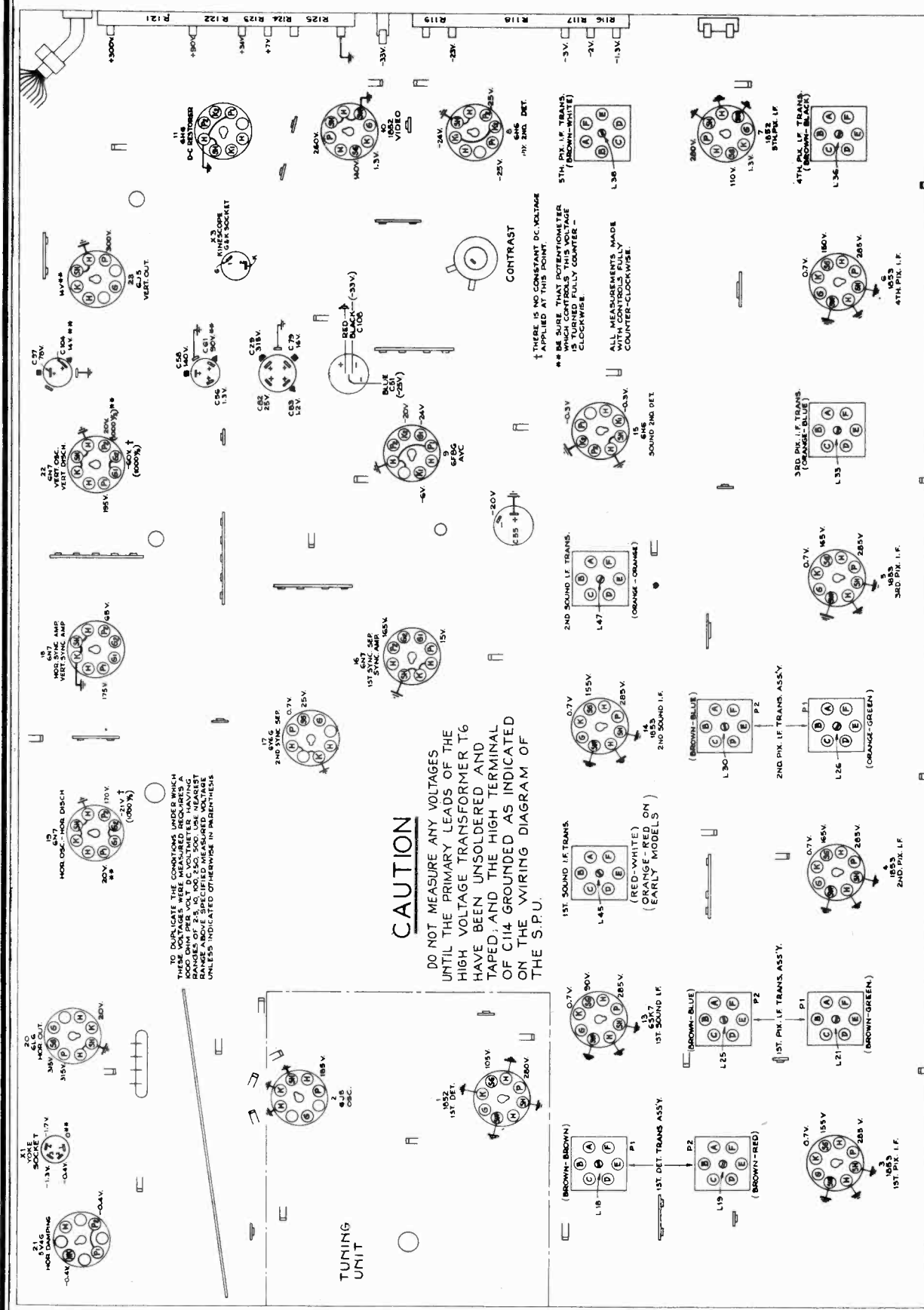
At Left—Figure 5
Top View Video Chassis



(Above) Figure 6
Recommended Type
6L6 Identification

RCA MFG. CO., INC.

MODELS TRK-9, TRK-12
Video Voltage



Measurements made to chassis unless otherwise indicated, with set tuned to quiet point and all controls and adjustments full counter-clockwise. *Values should hold within ±20% with 117-volt a-c supply.

Figure 8—Voltage Diagram

* NOTE: Values with star (*) are operating voltages in circuits with high series-resistance. The actual measured voltages will be lower, depending on the voltmeter loading.

MODELS TRK-9, TRK-12
SPU Chassis KK-7, KK-7A
Chassis Wiring

RCA MFG. CO., INC.

1. Remove power supply cord from the power supply socket. (S-33244)
2. Use only one hand at a time. It is advisable to keep the other hand in one's pocket.
3. Connect a shorting lead between ground (first) and the high voltage side of C-114.
4. Whenever working with the oil-filled capacitors, keep a constant short across the capacitor, as these capacitors do not completely lose their charge after being discharged a single or several subsequent times.
5. Only one person at a time should work on the unit to prevent any misunderstanding which may result in an accident.

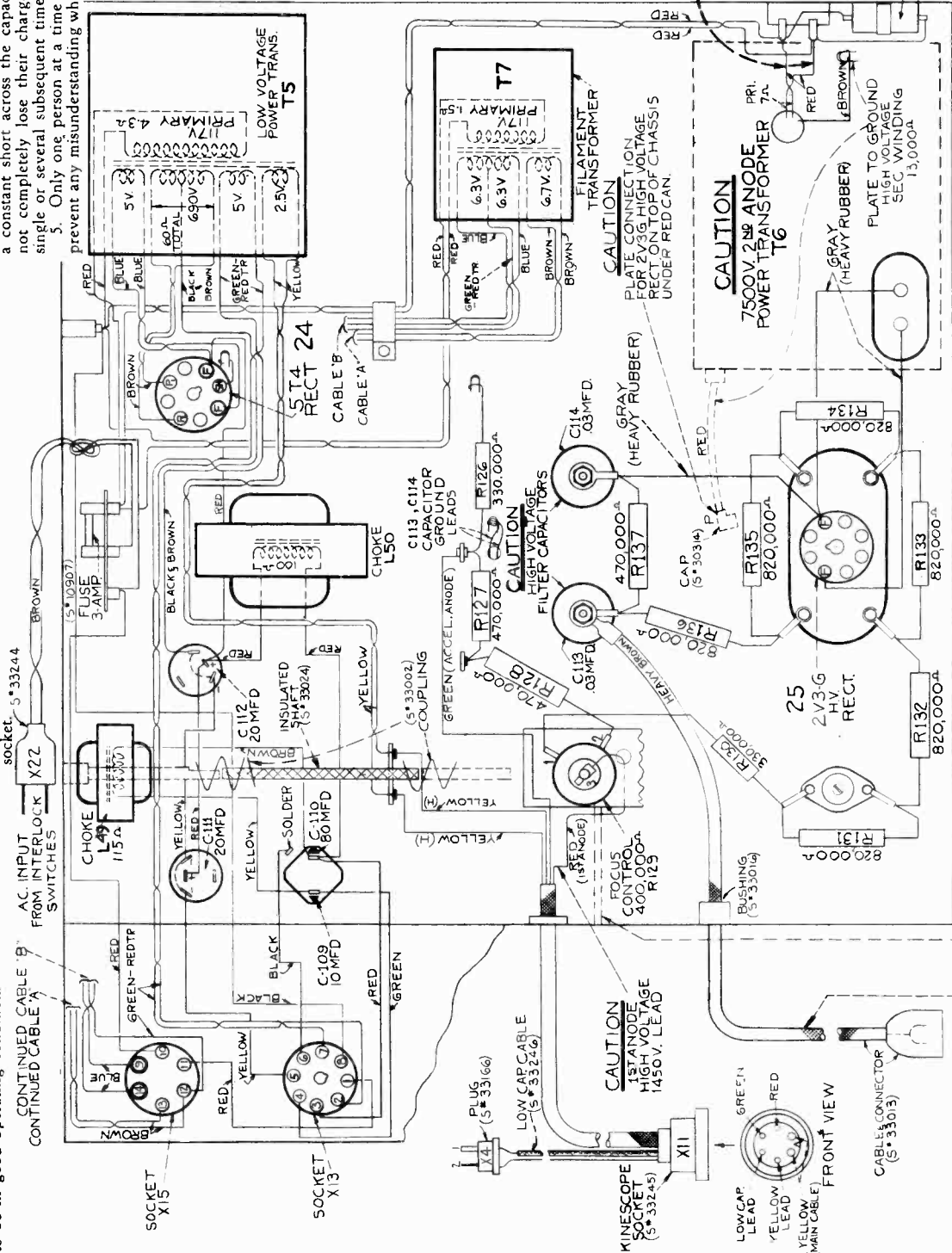
Socket Power Units KK7, KK7A

These precautions should be observed when any work on the SPU is being done:

No attempt should ever be made to measure the high (7,500 volts) voltage, because of the difficulties and dangers involved. If, at any time it becomes necessary to service the SPU, the suspected parts should be replaced by parts known to be in good operating condition.

1. Remove power supply cord from the power supply socket. (S-33244)

2. Use only one hand at a time. It is advisable to keep the other hand in one's pocket.
3. Connect a shorting lead between ground (first) and the high voltage side of C-114.
4. Whenever working with the oil-filled capacitors, keep a constant short across the capacitor, as these capacitors do not completely lose their charge after being discharged a single or several subsequent times.
5. Only one person at a time should work on the unit to prevent any misunderstanding which may result in an accident.



CAUTION
DISCONNECT BOTH OF THESE LEADS, AND CONNECT THE TERMINAL OF C114 TO GROUND BEFORE MAKING ANY VOLTAGE MEASUREMENTS EITHER ON THIS CHASSIS, OR THE TELEVISION CHASSIS

CAUTION
7500V 2A ANODE POWER TRANSFORMER T6
PLATE CONNECTION FOR 2V3-G HIGH VOLTAGE RECT. ON TOP OF CHASSIS UNDER RED CAN.

CAUTION
FILAMENT TRANSFORMER T7
PLATE CONNECTION FOR 2V3-G HIGH VOLTAGE RECT. ON TOP OF CHASSIS UNDER RED CAN.

CAUTION
250,000-ohm FOCUS CONTROL POTENTIOMETER AND ROD WILL BE TURNED 90° ON LATER PRODUCTION MODELS.

CAUTION
250V ANODE HIGH VOLTAGE 7500V LEAD

C-115 C-116
500 MMF

BOTTOM VIEW

FRONT VIEW

Figure 11—SPU Wiring

T-88809 - O

RCA MFG. CO., INC.

MODELS TRK-5, TT-5
MODELS TRK-9, TRK-12
Test Patterns

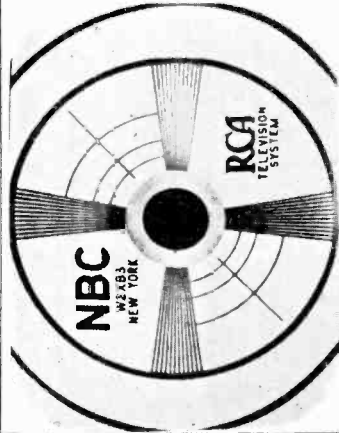


Figure 2—CORRECT PICTURE

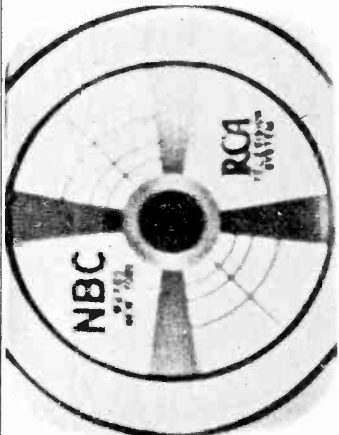


Figure 3—INCORRECT FOCUS
To correct—Adjust Focusing Control for sharpest image

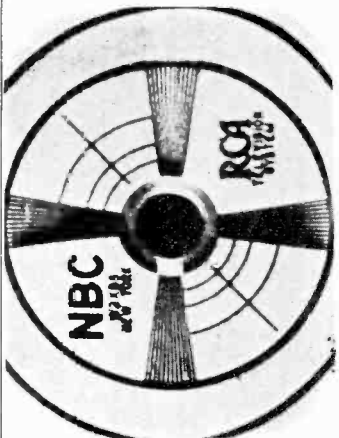


Figure 4—TOO MUCH CONTRAST
To correct—Turn Contrast Control counterclockwise and Brightness Control clockwise

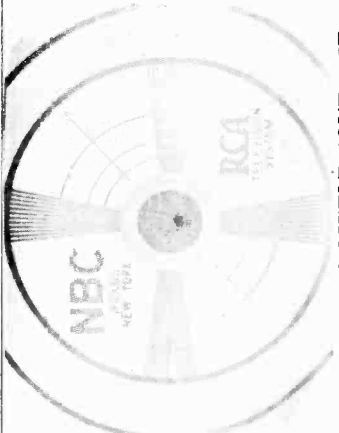


Figure 5—TOO LITTLE CONTRAST
To correct—Turn Contrast Control clockwise and Brightness Control counterclockwise

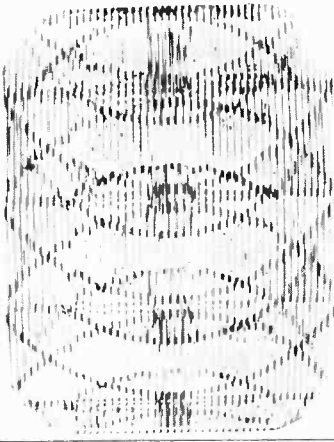


Figure 6—INCORRECT HORIZONTAL HOLD
To correct—Adjust Horizontal Hold Control until picture "locks in"

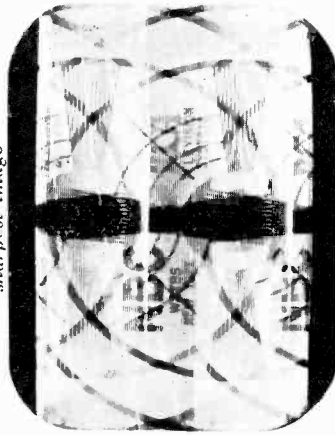


Figure 7—INCORRECT VERTICAL HOLD
To correct—Adjust Vertical Hold Control until picture "locks in"

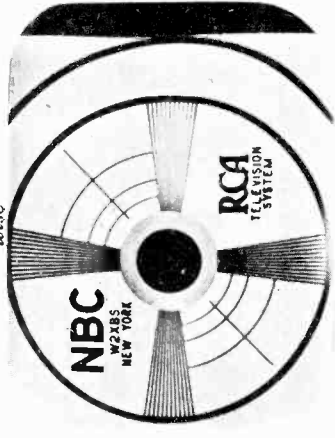


Figure 8—INCORRECT HORIZONTAL CENTERING
To correct—Adjust Horizontal Centering Control (screwdriver adjustment) to center picture horizontally



Figure 9—INCORRECT VERTICAL CENTERING
To correct—Adjust Vertical Centering Control (screwdriver adjustment) to center picture vertically

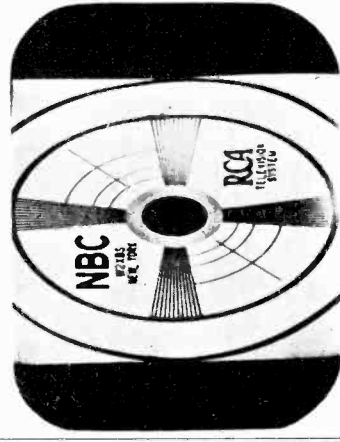


Figure 10—INCORRECT WIDTH
To correct—Adjust Width Control (screwdriver adjustment) for correct width of picture

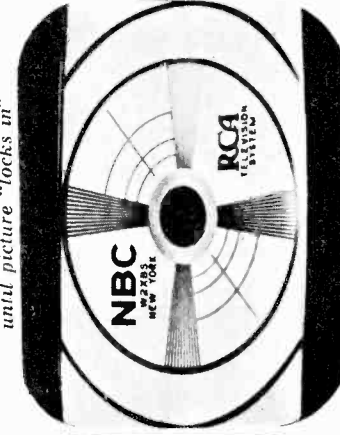


Figure 11—INCORRECT HEIGHT
To correct—Adjust Height Control (screwdriver adjustment) for correct height of picture

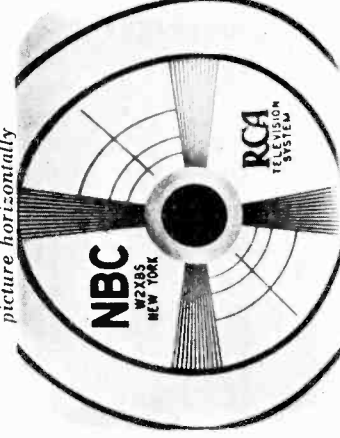


Figure 12—INCORRECT VERTICAL LINEARITY—(Circles flattened at bottom)
To correct—Turn Vertical Linearity Control counterclockwise and Height Control clockwise (screwdriver adjustments)

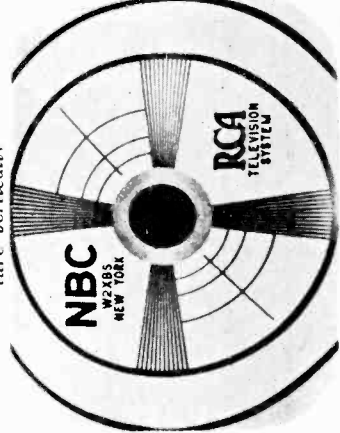


Figure 13—INCORRECT VERTICAL LINEARITY—(Circles flattened at top)
To correct—Turn Vertical Linearity Control clockwise and Height Control counterclockwise (screwdriver adjustments)

MODELS TRK-9, TRK-12

Operating Data

RCA MFG. CO., INC.

1. Turn the Fidelity-Selector Control on the radio panel to "Television," fully clockwise.
2. Turn Power-Volume Control on radio panel clockwise and advance about half way.
3. Set the Station Selector on the Television panel to the desired television station 1-2-3-4 or 5.
4. Turn the Contrast Control fully counterclockwise and then turn Brightness Control slowly until illumination of the screen almost disappears. Advance the Contrast Control until the picture appears at its best as viewed in the mirror on the lid. The Contrast Control turned too far clockwise causes blurring. Make final adjustment for best picture by adjusting both the Contrast and Brightness Controls.
5. The illustrations shown in Figures 2, 4 and 5 give an idea of the effect of the Brightness and Contrast Controls. Incorrect setting has effects somewhat similar to under and over exposure on photographic prints.
6. If the picture is not steady, the "Hold" controls will require slight readjustment. If the picture is moving sideways the Horizontal Hold (inner section of the knob) requires readjustment. If the picture is moving up or down or is off position, then the outer ring "O" of the knob, Vertical Hold Control, requires readjustment. See Figures 6 and 7.
7. Adjust the Volume Control and the Tone Control (Fidelity-Selector knob) for best sound reception.
8. If an interfering ripple is observed in the picture, adjustment of the Fine Tuning knob may reduce or eliminate the distortion.

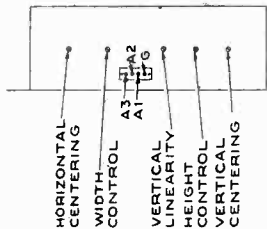
If the picture appears out of focus, carefully turning the Focusing Control knob on the back of the cabinet will remedy the condition.

As long as the Television Receiver is not moved in any way, only an occasional setting of the other controls will be required. A spot in the center and also a slight discoloration of the television screen may gradually appear as the Kinescope ages. This is normal and in no way affects good picture reproduction.

Television Fixed Controls

1. **Horizontal Centering.**—This is a screwdriver adjustment at the top of the row. It serves to center the picture horizontally on the Kinescope screen and is made at the time of installation of the receiver. It may require resetting, due primarily to the earth's magnetic field, if the receiver location is changed, the cabinet turned around, or the Kinescope replaced. Figure 8 shows the effect of incorrect setting of this control.
2. **Width.**—The text screwdriver control determines the width of the picture and is adjusted when the receiver is installed. Further adjustment may occasionally be necessary in order to compensate for the gradual reduction in horizontal deflection with tube life. See Figure 10.
3. **Vertical Linearity.**—The third control is operated in conjunction with the Height Control, No. 4, to give the correct vertical proportions to the picture. It may require readjustment due to changing of the Height Control and due to the gradual aging of the tubes. See Figures 12 and 13. If the picture fills the frame but is crowded near the top, turn Vertical Linearity Control clockwise and Height Control counterclockwise. If crowded towards the bottom, turn these two controls in the reverse directions.
4. **Height.**—The fourth control determines the height of the picture and is adjusted in conjunction with Vertical Linearity when the receiver is installed. Further adjustment will occasionally be necessary in order to compensate for the gradual reduction in vertical deflection with tube life. See Figure 11.
5. **Vertical Centering.**—The screwdriver adjustment at the bottom of this row serves to center the picture vertically on the Kinescope screen and is made at the time of installation. It will require resetting whenever the receiver location is changed, the cabinet turned around, or the Kinescope replaced. See Figure 9.

Figure 15—Fixed Television Controls



- (1) Fully counterclockwise modifies tone, reducing surface noise on old recordings and emphasizing low tones.
- (2) The middle Victrola point minimizes bass response, thus emphasizing higher tones.
- (3) The next point in a clockwise direction sets the instrument for full tone phonograph reproduction.

The position, marked "Radio," sets the instrument for Radio reception and provides four variations of radio tone control. Turning clockwise these are:

- (1) Reduction of static and circuit hiss, and emphasis on low tones.
- (2) Speech point with a modification of low tones.
- (3) Full tone reception for normal recordings.
- (4) High Fidelity reception for special musical programs giving all the tone values possible.

The position marked "Television" sets the instrument for Television reception. The first and second points, give modified tones as for the "Victrola" position, points (1) and (2), and the third point (3) gives full tone reception.

Horizontal and Vertical Hold Controls.—The dual knob at the back of the panel on the right controls the picture stability. The inner section designated by a "U" is the Horizontal Hold Control and when being set should be turned slowly to the point at which the picture "locks in" horizontally. Figure 6 shows the effect of incorrect setting of the control. The outer ring section designated by "O" is the Vertical Hold Control and when being set should be turned to the point where the picture "locks in" vertically. See Figure 7.

These two controls on this dual knob should not ordinarily require readjustment after good picture reception has once been obtained. An occasional resetting will be necessary due to changing to a different station, and to the gradual aging of the tubes.

Station Selector and Fine Tuning.—The outer ring "O" section of the central dual control knob on the right hand side of the panel selects the station from which it is desired to receive television transmissions. The range covers five television channels:

- (1) 84 to 90 M.C.
- (2) 78 to 84 M.C.
- (3) 66 to 72 M.C.
- (4) 50 to 56 M.C.
- (5) 44 to 50 M.C.

The inner "U" section of this knob is used to obtain best picture reception by eliminating of distortion resulting from interfering radio signals. These interfering signals show as a moving ripple in the picture. Adjustment of this knob will often eliminate the interference. A slight downward pressure must be exerted on the knob while turning.

Contrast and Brightness Controls.—The inner "U" Contrast section of the dual knob near the front of the cabinet on the right regulates the sensitivity of the receiver, varying the black and white tones of the picture being received. Too much contrast gives blurred details and a lack of definition, while too little contrast makes it all half-tones or grays. Turning clockwise increases contrast from gray, to black and white. See Figures 2, 4 and 5.

The outer ring "O" is the Brightness Control and affects the average illumination of the picture. Turning clockwise increases the brightness. See Figures 2, 4 and 5.

Focusing Control.—This control is a knob located on the back of the cabinet near the bottom and is used for adjustment of the picture focus. This adjustment affects the sharpness (detail observable) of the picture and must be carefully made when the receiver is first placed in operation. It may be checked occasionally to insure continuous best focusing. See Figure 3.

Pilot Light.—A little jewel pilot light at the bottom of the front of the cabinet tells when current is on.

Other Controls.—There are five other controls on the television chassis. All of these will be permanently adjusted at the time the TRK 12 is installed, but may require occasional resetting. These controls are accessible from the back of the cabinet. See Figure 15. They are adjustable by means of a screwdriver through a vertical row of holes in the left side of the back of the cabinet towards the top.

Receiving the Picture

To obtain picture reception, open the lid of the cabinet and:

Antenna

The RCA Model TRK 12 Television set. All Wave Sound Receiver is designed for operation on the present Television Broadcast Bands between 44 and 90 megacycles to reproduce both picture and sound transmissions, and to receive Radio Broadcasts on the three standard major radio bands between 550 and 22,000 kilocycles.

A television receiving antenna and its installation must conform to much higher standards than an antenna for reception of international Short Wave and Standard Broadcast signals because:

- (1) At the short wave lengths employed, intervening obstacles have a pronounced shielding effect, causing low intensity signals, and often severe trouble with multi-path transmissions; these produce blurring and double images.
- (2) The picture signal is comprised of a very wide band or range of frequencies, all of which must be received with good efficiency.

Only an RCA Television Antenna which has been designed for the particular instrument should be used with the TRK 12 to insure best results. Three types are available:

1. The Double "V" Type, Stock No. 9870.
2. The Double Dipole, Stock No. 9871.
3. The Double Dipole, Stock No. 9871, with Reflector, Stock No. 9872.

Under favorable conditions, good pictures may be obtained with the Double "V" Type. In areas of weak signals or where interference or double images mar the picture a Double Dipole or Double Dipole and Reflector become necessary.

Full instructions accompany all RCA Television antennas and these instructions must be followed implicitly.

The two leads from the antenna transmission line are for connection to the terminals A1 and A2 showing at the back of the cabinet of the television receiver. Terminal C must be connected to a good ground such as a cold water pipe. Terminals A3 and G are connected to the Radio chassis and the circuit is designed so that the Television Antenna is also used for Standard Broadcast and Short-Wave Radio Reception.

An RCA Radio Antenna such as the RCA Magic Wave or RCA Spider Web may be installed. The connection from "A" on the terminal board on the radio chassis to "A3" on the terminal board on the television chassis must then be removed and the leads from the radio antenna connected to the radio chassis in accordance with the instructions accompanying the antenna. The connection from "C" on the radio chassis to "G" on the Television chassis must not be removed.

A good ground connection from the terminal "G" on the antenna terminal board to a cold water pipe or equivalent "good ground" is absolutely necessary to avoid possible danger from electric shock.

TELEVISION

The picture is formed on the Kinescope screen under the lid and is reflected in the mirror on the lid. The lid when opened must be held at the correct angle for best viewing of the picture. Once the TRK 12 is installed and giving good reception, the controls on the panel under the lid are all that are necessary for satisfactory pictures and sound. If the instrument is moved to another location in the home, the screwdriver-operated controls in the back, and also the Kinescope yoke, may have to be reset. The ground connection to the antenna terminal board must always be reconnected.

Controls

There are three dual control knobs for Television to the right of the screen, and four single control knobs in the Radio section to the left. Two of these single control knobs are all purpose controls and are used on Television, Radio and Phonograph reproduction. See Figure 1.

Power-Volume Control.—The knob nearest the front of the cabinet on the left hand side turns on the power to the receiver when rotated clockwise from its extreme "Off" position. Rotating it further increases sound volume for Television, Radio, or Phonograph (when an attachment is used).

Fidelity-Selector.—The second knob from the front in the Radio section selects the type of entertainment i.e. "Victrola," "Radio" or "Television."

Turned to the position marked "Victrola" it provides for operation of a Victrola Attachment such as the RCA R-100 or R-93-C. There are three variations of tone possible:

MODEL TRK-9
 Operating Controls
 Chassis RC-427A
 Loud Speaker Connections
 MODEL TRK-12
 Chassis RC-427
 Socket, Speaker Connections

RCA MFG. CO., INC.

MODELS TRK-5, TT-5
 MODELS TRK-9, TRK-12
 Video Band Switch Wiring
 MODELS TRK-9, TRK-12
 SPU Chassis RS-83E Schematic

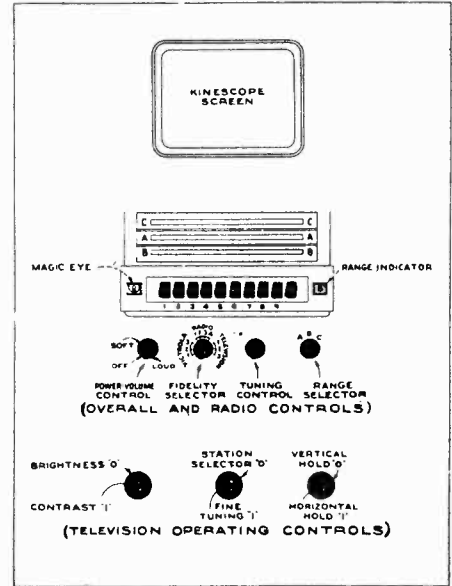
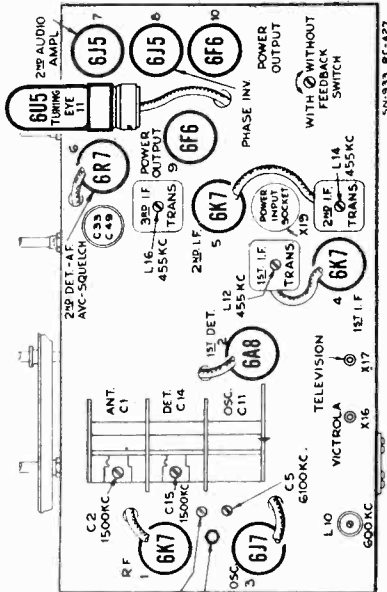
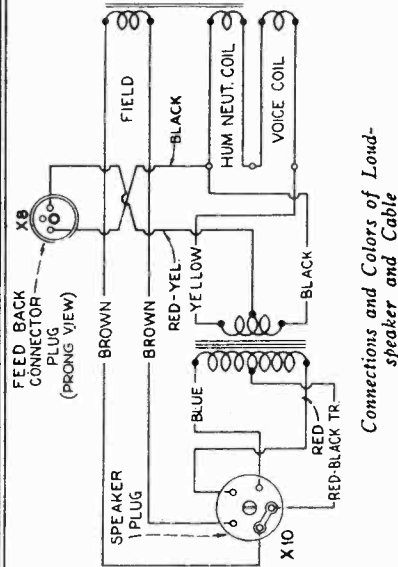
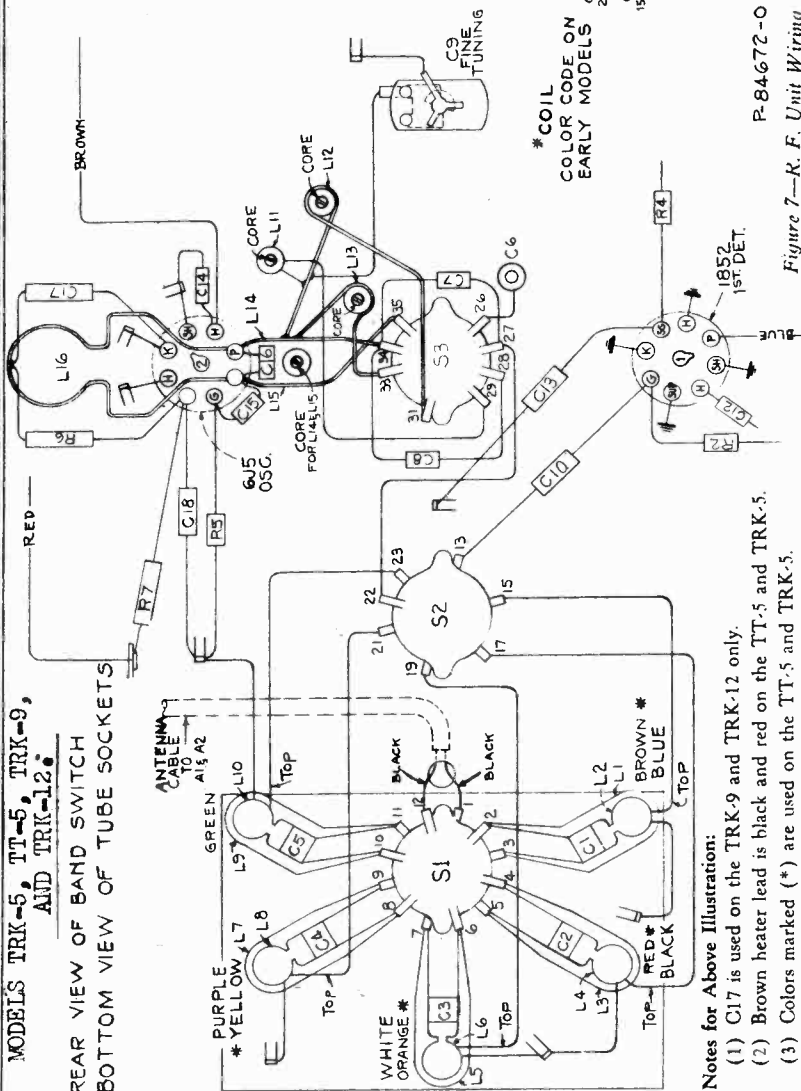


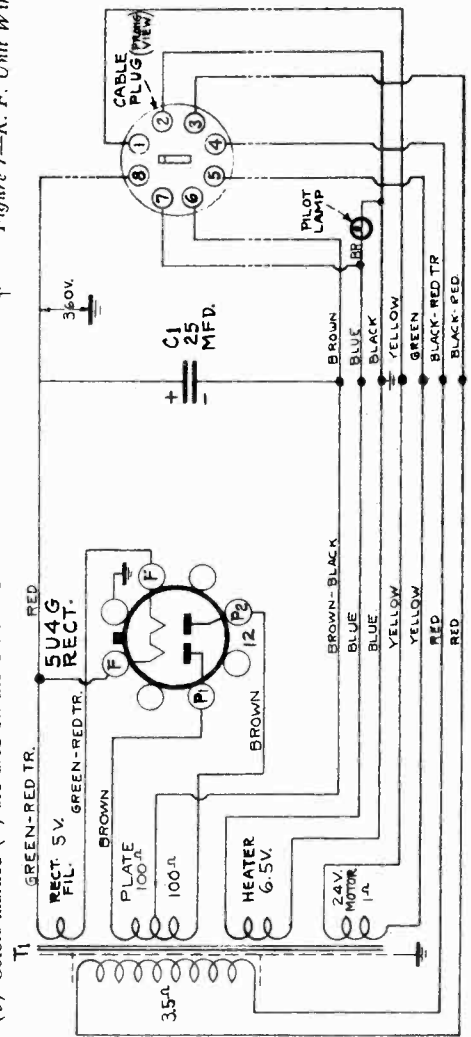
Figure 1—Operating Controls, TRK-9



Notes for Above Illustration:

- (1) C17 is used on the TRK-9 and TRK-12 only.
- (2) Brown heater lead is black and red on the TT-5 and TRK-5.
- (3) Colors marked (*) are used on the TT-5 and TRK-5.

Figure 7—K. F. Unit Wiring



SPU Schematic Diagram, RS-83E

MODELS TRK-9, TRK-12
Parts List

RCA MFG. CO., INC.

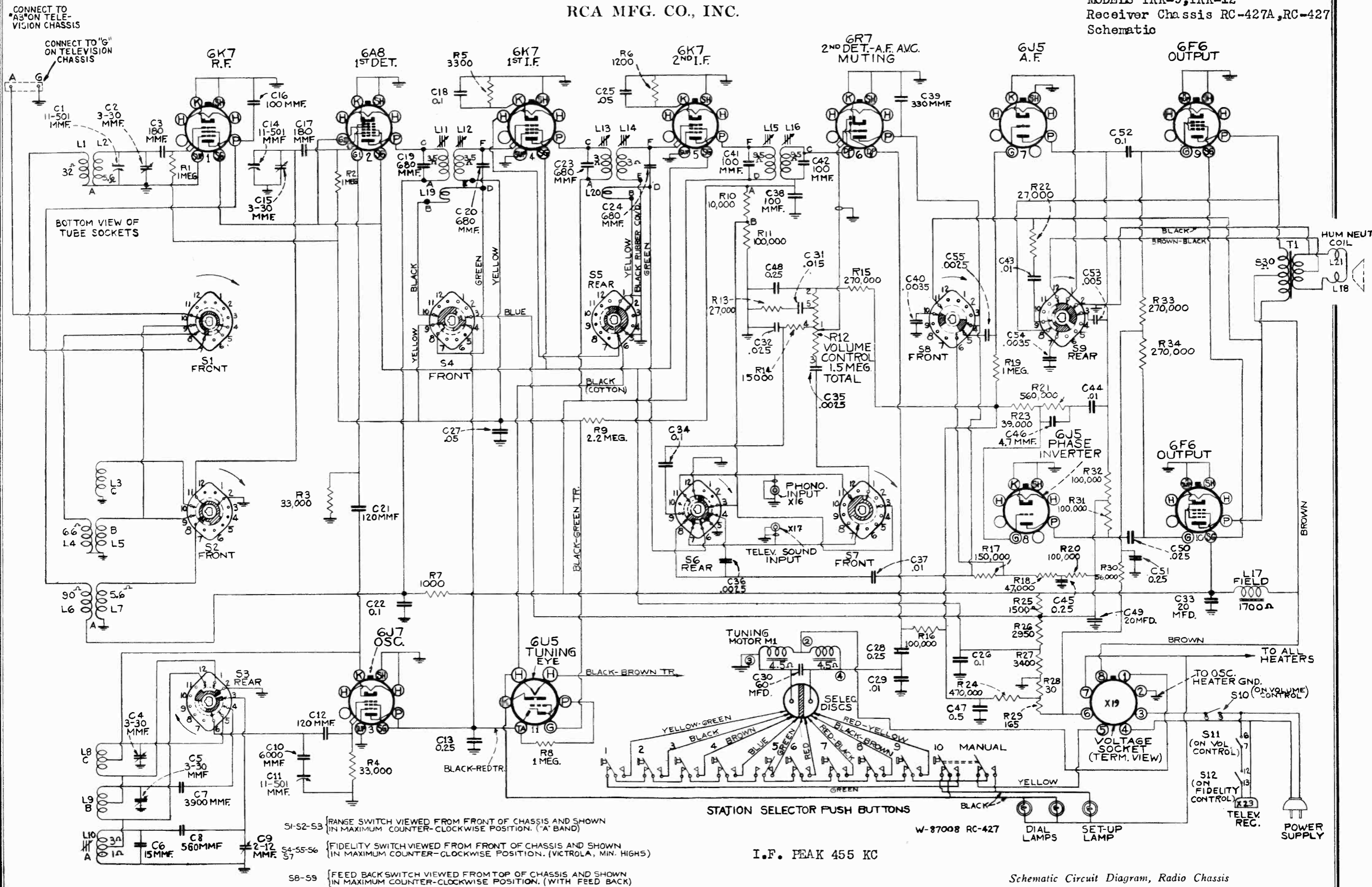
REPLACEMENT PARTS

Table with columns: STOCK No., Unit List Price, DESCRIPTION, STOCK No., Unit List Price, DESCRIPTION, STOCK No., Unit List Price, DESCRIPTION, STOCK No., Unit List Price, DESCRIPTION. Includes sections for TELEVISION CHASSIS ASSEMBLIES, 3-BAND RADIO RECEIVER CHASSIS, and POWER SUPPLY UNIT (TELEVISION AUDIO RECEIVER).

ALL PRICES ARE SUBJECT TO CHANGE OR WITHDRAWAL WITHOUT NOTICE.

RCA MFG. CO., INC.

MODELS TRK-9, TRK-12
Receiver Chassis RC-427A, RC-427
Schematic



STATION SELECTOR PUSH BUTTONS

I.F. PEAK 455 KC

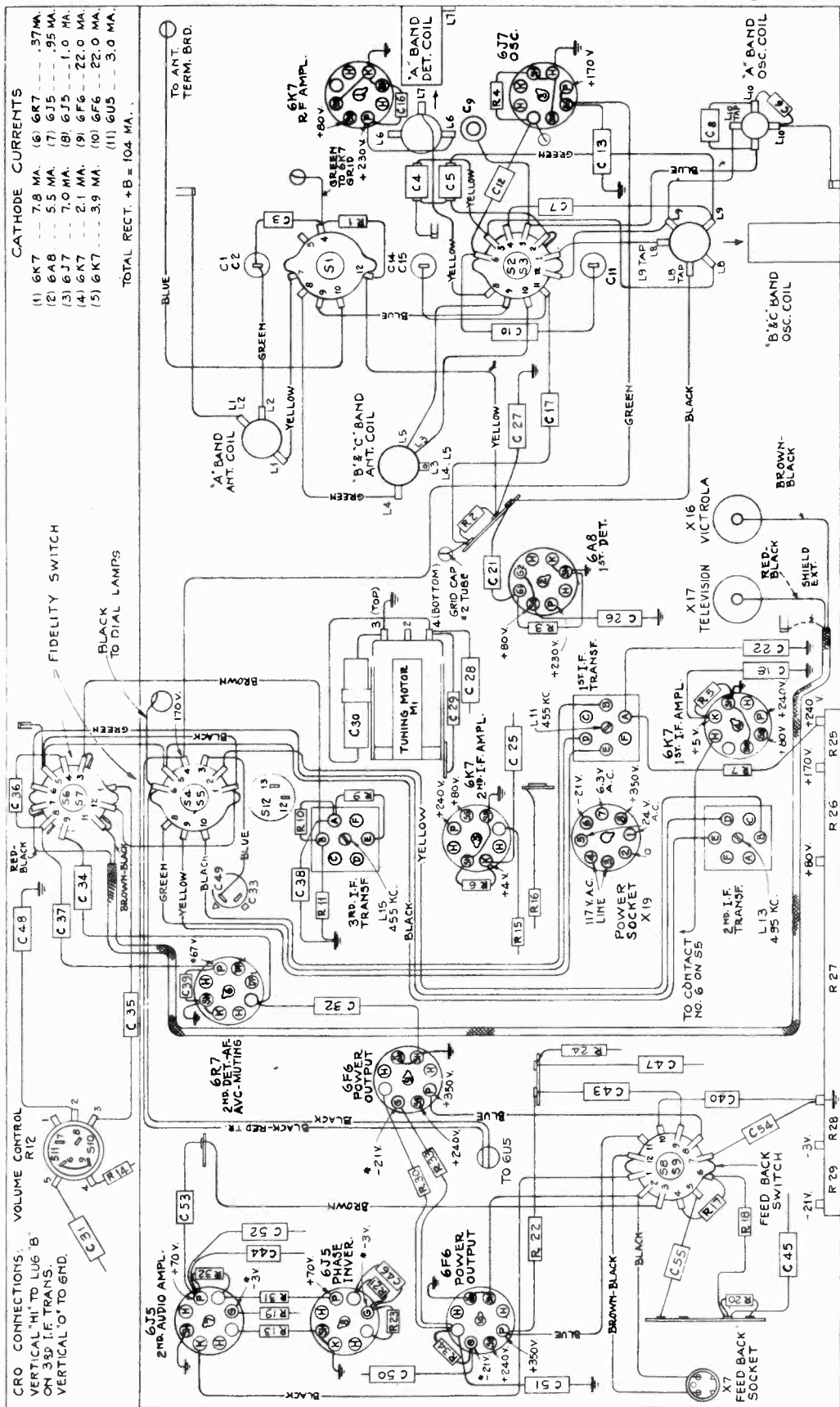
Schematic Circuit Diagram, Radio Chassis

RCA MFG. CO., INC.

MODELS TRK-9, TRK-12 Receiver Chassis Nos. RC-427A, RC-427 Chassis Wiring, R-F Voltage

FREQUENCY RANGES Standard Broadcast ("A" band)..... 540-1,720 kc Medium Wave ("B" band)..... 2.3-7.0 mc Short Wave ("C" band)..... 7.0-22 mc

Dial Lamps..... Two Mazda No. 44, 6.3 volts, .25 amp. One Mazda No. 47, 6.3 volts, .15 amp. (The Mazda No. 47 is the electric tuning set-up lamp, located at center of dial.) Power Supply Rating..... 105-125 volts, 60 cycles, 120 watts undistorted..... 12 watts maximum..... 12-inch electrodynamic Voice-Coil Impedance..... 2.2 ohms at 400 cycles



Measurements made to chassis unless otherwise indicated, with set tuned to quiet point, volume control at minimum. Values should hold within approximately ±20% with 117-volt a-c supply.

ALL HEATER VOLTAGES 6.3 V. A.C. *NOTE: Values with star (*) are operating voltages in circuits with high series-resistance, and when measured will read lower depending on the voltmeter loading.

RCA MFG. CO., INC.

MODELS TRK-9, TRK-12 Receiver Chassis Nos. RC-427A, RC-427 Alignment, Switching Data Calibration Scale

MODELS U-30, U-129 Calibration Scale

Fidelity Switch (S4, S5, S6, S7) table with columns: Switch Position, For, I-F Amp., Audio Amp., 110-V. Supply, Magic Eye, Osc. and Sync-B Supply, Dial Lamps. It lists settings for various functions like Victrola, Radio, Television, and Full Range.



Alignment Procedure (RADIO CHASSIS)

To determine the corresponding frequency for any setting of the calibration scales, refer to the accompanying drawing which shows the dial with 0-180° calibration scales drawn on it. Improvements in the alignment procedure are made by using a pointer for the calibration scale by fastening a piece of wire to the gang condenser frame, and bend the wire so that it points to the "0" mark on the calibration scale when the plates are fully meshed.

Alignment Procedure table with columns: Steps, Connect the high side of test-osc. to, Tune test-osc. to, Set tuning gang to, Adjust the following, To obtain. It lists 12 steps for aligning the radio chassis.

Feedback Switch (S8 and S9)

- 1. Provides inverted feedback by connecting part 1 of secondary of output transformer in cathode circuit of 6J5 2nd-audio tube.
2. Disconnects compensating network (R22, C45, C54, C40) to plate circuit of output tubes.
3. Connects grid of 2nd audio to high side of 1st A-F plate resistor R17 for maximum input.
4. Connects capacitor C53 from plate of 2nd audio to chassis.

Victrola Attachment

A jack (X-16) is located near the antenna terminal board for convenience in plugging in a Victrola Attachment. The cable from the Victrola Attachment should be terminated in a Stock No. 31048 plug to fit the jack.

Electric Tuning Mechanism

When a station button is pushed in, it completes the 24-volt circuit through the corresponding station-setting contact and one-half of the brass selector disc, which is connected to one side of the motor field coil. This energizes the motor, and the rotor is pulled forward, engaging with the gear train that drives the tuning condenser and selector disc. The condenser and disc rotate until the insulation line comes under the particular station-setting contact, and the motor circuit is broken.

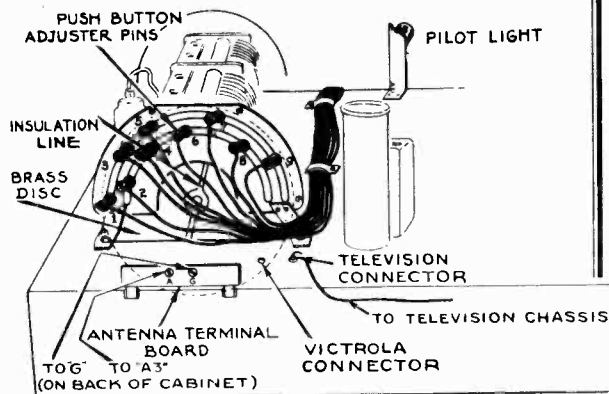
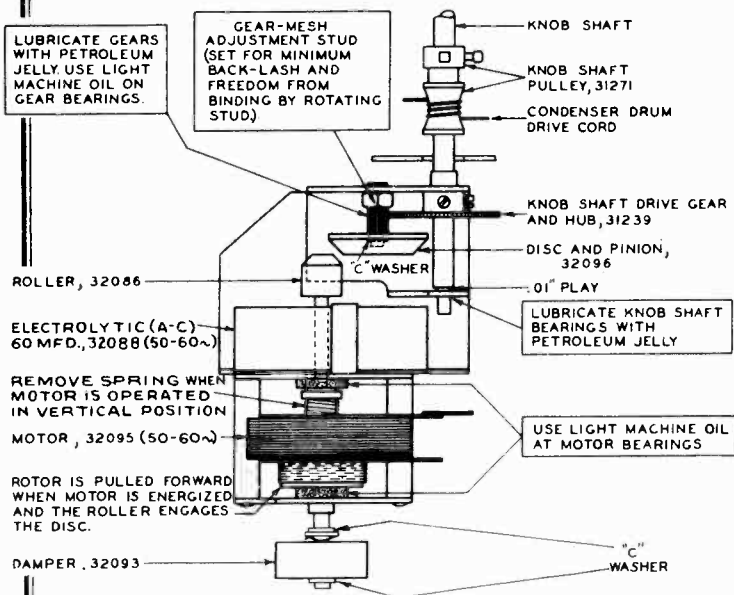
When the electric tuning mechanism is in action, the motor-supply voltage is fed into a diode rectifier circuit which applies a high bias to the first-audio amplifier. This prevents audio amplification and makes the set quiet or "mute" while the mechanism is operating.

The brass selector disc is fastened to the rear shaft of the tuning condenser by means of two set-screws. When the condenser is at maximum (plates fully meshed) the insulation line should be horizontal, with the operating-end at the left (viewed from rear). The brass is beveled at this end.

The selector disc should be set so that the contact-pin plungers in the station-setting contacts project not more than 1/16-in. from the body of the contacts.

LUBRICATION

Motor bearings and gear bearings; use light machine oil.
Gear faces; use "Pure Oil No. 611" or petroleum jelly.
Dial-indicator pulleys and rails; use "Castordag" or petroleum jelly.
Selector disc; apply thin film of petroleum jelly.



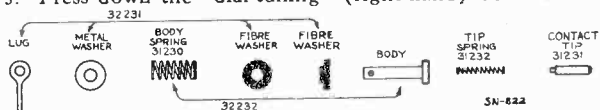
Station Button	Color of Lead To Station-Setting Contact	Station Button	Color of Lead To Station-Setting Contact
No. 1	Yellow-green	No. 6	Red
No. 2	Black	No. 7	Red-black
No. 3	Brown	No. 8	Brown-black
No. 4	Blue	No. 9	Red-yellow
No. 5	Green		

Adjustments for Electric Tuning

With power turned off, disconnect the antenna transmission line and ground connection, turn fidelity control to radio (3rd radio position—6th position from full counter-clockwise). Remove the back from the cabinet and reconnect the antenna transmission line and ground connection. The two interlock switches on the side panels should not be touched and care should be taken not to press on them when making the push-button set-up. Then turn on power, set range selector to "A," allow a few moments warm-up period and proceed as follows:

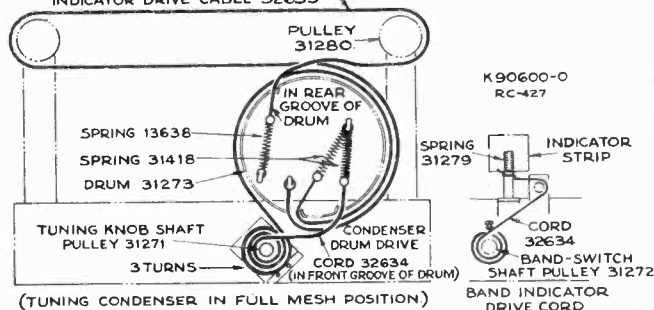
1. Make a list of the desired nine stations, arranged in order from low to high frequencies.
2. Turn on power-volume control, turn range selector to "A" band, and allow a few minutes for warming up.
3. Press down the "dial-tuning" (right-hand) button.

4. Manually tune in the first station on the list, using the "Magic Eye" for accurate tuning.
5. Hold down the "dial-tuning" button and press down station button No. 1 (left-hand). Both buttons will stay down. Move station adjuster contact pin No. 1 to the insulating line on the disc at rear of gang. When the pin is correctly centered on the insulating line, the central dial lamp will go out completely.
6. Press down any other button in order to release the dial-tuning button and station button No. 1. Tune to some other section on the dial, and then press down station button No. 1 again; the electric tuning mechanism will function to tune in the first station, and the central dial lamp will stay on.
7. Repeat this process for the remaining stations.



Components of Station Setting Contact

At Right—Dial Mechanism



MODELS TRK-9, TRK-12

Kinescope Data

Parts List

RCA MFG. CO., INC.

Precautions in Handling Kinescopes

The Kinescope bulb encloses a high vacuum and, due to its large surface area, is subjected to considerable air pressure. For these reasons, Kinescopes must be handled with more care than ordinary receiving tubes.

The large end of the Kinescope bulb — particularly that part at the rim of the viewing surface — must not be struck, scratched or subjected to more than moderate pressure at any time. If the tube sticks, or fails to slip into its socket or deflecting yoke smoothly, investigate and remove the cause of trouble. Do not force the tube.

All RCA Kinescopes are shipped in special cartons and should always be left in the cartons until ready for installation in the receiver. Keep the carton for future use.

The RCA-1803-P4 (12-inch) Kinescope is equipped with a protective lid and shield. Do not at any time remove the close-fitting cone-shaped section of the protective shield from the Kinescope. This section should be installed with the tube in the cabinet and is designed to protect the user while handling the glass bulb.

REPLACEMENT PARTS (Continued)

STOCK No.	DESCRIPTION	Unit List Price	STOCK No.	DESCRIPTION	Unit List Price
7,500 VOLT TELEVISION POWER UNIT					
TRK-12—KK-7					
TRK-9—KK-7A					
33016	Bushing—Porcelain bushing and spring.....	.25	33246	Cable—Low capacity Kinescope grid cable (Model TRK-12 only).....	1.25
33288	Cable—Insulated connector complete with cable for Kinescope (2nd anode).....	2.10	33605	Cable—Low capacity Kinescope grid cable (Model TRK-9 only).....	1.35
33995	Capacitor—.005-.005 mfd., 1,000 v. (C115, C116)	xx	33597	Cap—Blue pilot lamp "Bulls Eye".....	.20
32901	Capacitor—.03 mfd., 7,500 volt (C113, C114)	3.25	32897	Clamp—Deflecting yoke clamp assembly.....	.65
32400	Capacitor—.20 mfd., 450 volt (C111, C112)...	1.05	4573	Connector—2-prong female connector for power supply circuit (X23).....	.30
33023	Capacitor—.80-1.0 mfd., 400 volt (C110, C109)...	2.80	33363	Connector—2-prong female connector, used on interlock cable (X21).....	.45
14854	Choke—Filter choke (L49).....	1.80	33002	Coupling—Flexible bronze coupling (Used in 2nd production receivers).....	.10
32940	Choke—Filter choke (L50).....	3.75	31456	Cover—Eight protective covers for push button markers.....	.08
30314	Clip—Plate connector for 2V3G Radiotron.....	.03	32815	Cushion—Kinescope masking cushion (Model TRK-12 only).....	2.30
33037	Control—Focus control, 400,000 ohms (R129) (Used in 1st production).....	1.00	33019	Cushion—Kinescope masking cushion (Model TRK-9 only).....	1.90
33971	Control—Focus control, 400,000 ohms (R129) (Used in 2nd production).....	1.00	33643	Cushion—Television chassis mounting cushion with screw, spacer and washer (sufficient for one chassis).....	.40
33002	Coupling—Flexible bronze coupling.....	.10	33442	Dial—Three-band glass dial scale.....	1.25
10907	Fuse—3 ampere, 250 volt.....	.08	33329	Escutcheon—Dial escutcheon less buttons, button shaft and dial scale.....	2.60
33015	Insulator—Stand-off insulator only—less hardware.....	.30	32083	Frame—Dial frame with screen less pointer, carriage and rod.....	1.20
32937	Knob—Focus control knob.....	.20	10907	Fuse—3 ampere line fuse.....	.08
33244	Plug—2-prong male connector for A.C. power cord (X22).....	.45	33074	Glass—6 7/8 by 8 1/2 inch safety protective glass (Model TRK-9 only).....	2.40
33166	Plug—Two prong male plug for Kinescope grid-cathode cable (X4).....	.20	33076	Glass—8 1/2 by 11 1/4 inch safety protective glass (Model TRK-12 only).....	3.90
33501	Resistor—330,000 ohms, 1W (1,000V.) (R126, R130).....	.20	33282	Hinge—Piano type lid hinge and screws.....	2.50
33502	Resistor—470,000 ohms, 1W (1,000V.) (R127, R128, R137).....	.20	33468	Knob—Radio tuning, volume or range selector knob.....	.15
33554	Resistor—820,000 ohms, 1W (1,000V.) (R131, R132, R133, R134, R135, R136).....	.20	33470	Knob—Television "Contrast," "Hor. hold" or "Fine Tuning" knob.....	.20
33024	Shaft—Bakelite shaft for focus control.....	.50	33471	Knob—Television "Brightness" or "Vert. hold" knob.....	.25
18007	Socket—Ceramic octal base socket and retaining ring for high voltage rectifier.....	.65	33472	Knob—Television "Station selector" knob.....	.25
33245	Socket—Kinescope socket, less cable (X11).....	.35	33469	Knob—"Victrola—Radio—Television—Fidelity selection" knob.....	.20
31251	Socket—Octal base 5T4 rectifier, or television power supply socket (X13).....	.25	11891	Lamp—6.3 V. pilot lamp, Mazda No. 44.....	.17
12143	Socket—6-prong television power supply socket (X15).....	.50	31589	Marker—Complete set of call letter markers.....	.35
32909	Support—Rectifier socket, plate, and stand-off insulator assembly.....	2.00	31458	Marker—"Dial Tuning" push button marker.....	.01
32939	Transformer—Filament power transformer (T7).....	5.65	31457	Marker—"Victrola" push button marker.....	.01
9861	Transformer—High voltage power transformer (T6).....	22.50	33075	Mirror—20 1/2 by 14 1/2 in. viewing mirror.....	9.00
32938	Transformer—Low voltage power transformer (T5).....	10.00	33225	Nut—Speed nut for mounting high frequency coil assemblies.....	.01
SPEAKER ASSEMBLY					
RL-70F-5					
31825	Cap—Cone center dust cap.....	.05	4577	Plug—2-prong male plug for power supply circuit (X24).....	.45
11469	Coil—Hum neutralizing coil (L21).....	.30	33244	Plug—2-prong male plug, used on interlock cable (X22).....	.45
11234	Coil—Speaker field coil (L17).....	3.85	33166	Plug—2-prong male plug for Kinescope grid-cathode cable (X4).....	.20
31275	Cone—Speaker cone assembly (L18).....	1.75	32816	Plug—4-prong male plug for deflecting yoke cable (X2).....	.20
31567	Plug—3-prong male feed back cable plug (X8).....	.15	12493	Plug—5-prong female speaker cable plug (X9).....	.30
31539	Plug—5-prong speaker plug (X10).....	.25	4574	Plug—6-prong male plug for Television chassis power supply cable (X14).....	.48
31556	Speaker—Speaker complete (RL-70F-5).....	13.45	16836	Plug—8-prong male plug for Television chassis power supply cable (X12).....	.25
31557	Transformer—Speaker output transformer (T1).....	3.20	31542	Pointer—Station selector pointer with carriage.....	.35
MISCELLANEOUS ASSEMBLIES					
TRK-12					
TRK-9					
31358	Button—Station selector push button.....	.15	31287	Rod—Dial frame pointer slide rod.....	.15
33676	Cable—17 1/4-inch shielded audio lead with plugs (X6, X18) (Model TRK-9 only).....	.85	32083	Screen—Dial frame difusing screen with rivets.....	1.20
33480	Cable—38-inch shielded audio lead with plugs (Model TRK-12 only) (X6, X18).....	1.30	4560	Screw—1/20 by 1 1/4 in. long, machine screw, washer and lockwasher for chassis mounting (12 required).....	.06
			33517	Sleeve—Bell mouth sleeve for screw-driver adjustments (Model TRK-9 only).....	.05
			14270	Spring—Knob spring for stock Nos. 33468, 33471, 33472, 33469 knobs.....	.05
			30330	Spring—Knob spring for stock Nos. 33470, knob.....	.03
			33362	Switch—Interlock switch with leads.....	1.80
			31522	Support—Left hand lid support.....	2.25
			31478	Support—Right hand lid support.....	2.20
			9857	Yoke—Deflecting yoke complete with cable and 4-prong plug (L43, L44, R62).....	17.50

XX—Price upon application to your RCA Parts Distributor

ALL PRICES ARE SUBJECT TO CHANGE OR WITHDRAWAL WITHOUT NOTICE.

Schematic, Transformer Data
Lead Dress, Specifications

RCA MFG. CO., INC. MODELS 5Q5A, 5Q5B, 5Q5C, 5Q5D,
5Q5E, 5Q55, 5Q56, Chassis RC-396
MODEL 6Q7, Chassis RC-414A

FREQUENCY RANGES

"Standard Broadcast" (A)..... 540-1,720 kc (555-174 m)
"Medium Wave" (B)..... 2.3-7.0 mc (130-42.8 m)
"Short Wave" (C)..... 7.0-22.0 mc (42.8-13.6 m)
Intermediate Frequency..... 455 kc

RCA TUBE COMPLEMENT

(1) RCA-6SA7..... First Detector—Oscillator
(2) RCA-6K7..... Intermediate Amplifier
(3) RCA-6SQ7..... Second-Detector, A.V.C., and A-F Amplifier
(4) RCA-6F6-G..... Power Output
(5) RCA-5Y3-G..... Full-Wave Rectifier
(6) RCA-6U5 (Model 6Q7)..... "Magic Eye"
Pilot Lamp (1)..... Mazda 44, 6.3 volts, 0.25 amp.

POWER OUTPUT RATING

Undistorted..... 1.5 watts
Maximum..... 8.3 watts

LOUDSPEAKER

Type (5Q5, 5Q55, 5Q56) RL-78-2..... 5-inch Electrodynamic (6Q7)..... RL-79-2..... 6-inch Electrodynamic
Voice-Coil Impedance..... 3.4 ohms at 400 cycles

POWER SUPPLY RATINGS

Rating A..... 105-125 volts, 50-60 cycles, 70 watts
Rating B..... 105-125 volts, 25-60 cycles, 70 watts
Rating C..... 105-125/200-250 volts, 50-60 cycles, 70 watts

CABINET DIMENSIONS

	Models 5Q5, 5Q55, 5Q56	Model 6Q7
Height.....	9 1/2 inches	12-5/16 inches
Width.....	13 3/4 inches	14 1/2 inches
Depth.....	8 3/4 inches	8 1/2 inches
Weight (net).....	18 1/2 pounds	16 1/2 pounds

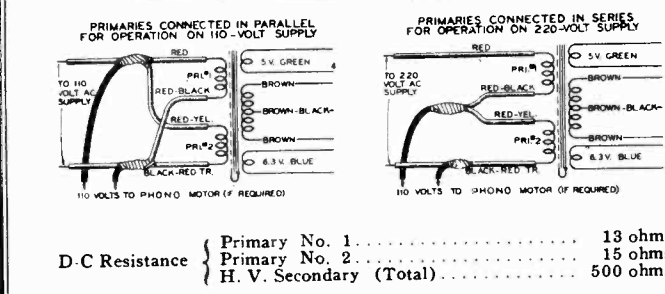
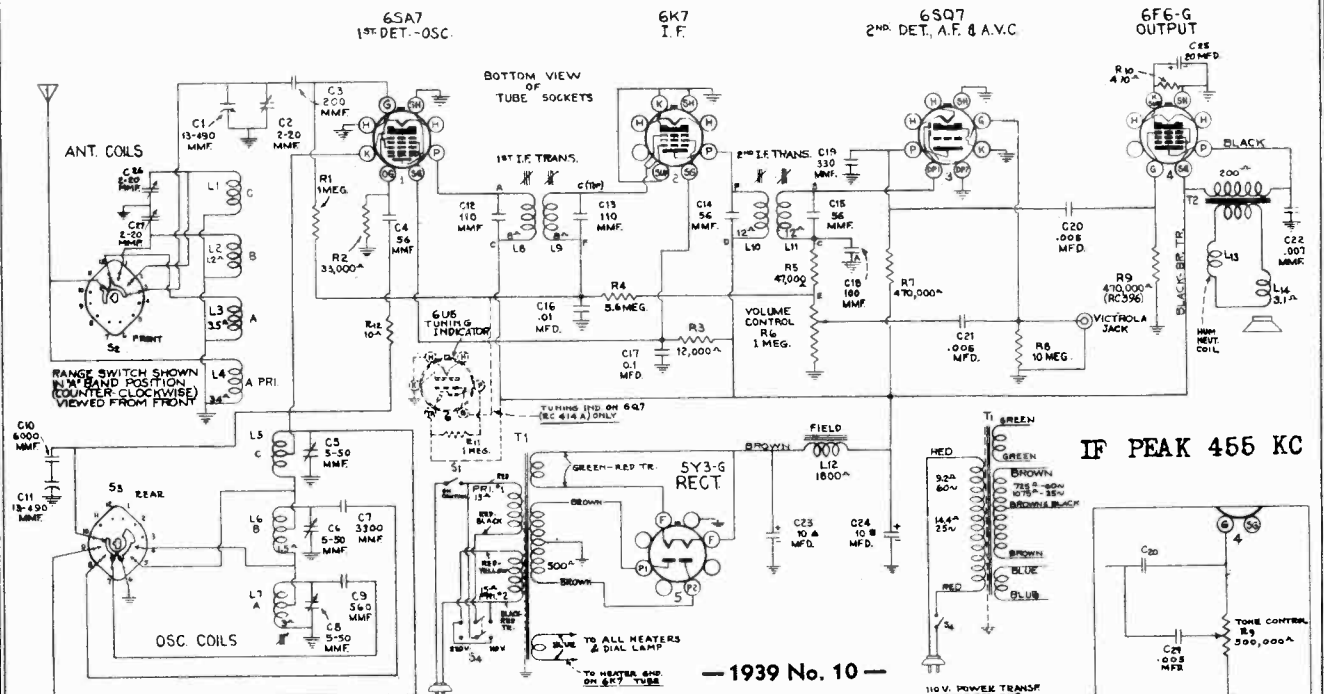
Chassis Base Dimensions..... 12 in. wide, 5 1/2 in. deep, 2 1/2 in. high
Overall Chassis Height..... 7 inches
Tuning Drive Ratio..... 18 to 1

General Description

Models 5Q5, 5Q55, 5Q56 and 6Q7 are three-band table type superheterodyne receivers. They are designed to cover the standard broadcast range of 540 to 1,720 kilocycles, and the short-wave range from 2.3 to 22 megacycles.

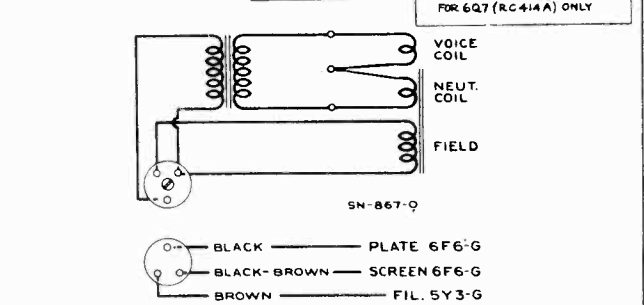
Models 5Q5 and 6Q7 are Export Types.

Features of design include: Magnetite-core I-F transformers; magnetite-core "A" band oscillator coil; automatic volume control; continuously-variable high-frequency tone control on Model 6Q7; edge-lighted straight-line dial; band indicator in dial; jack for Victrola Attachment; and dust-proof electrodynamic loudspeaker.



D-C Resistance { Primary No. 1..... 13 ohms
Primary No. 2..... 15 ohms
H. V. Secondary (Total)..... 500 ohms

Connections of Universal Power Transformer Primary for 220 and 110 Volts



Connections and Colors of Speaker and Cable

Miscellaneous Service Data

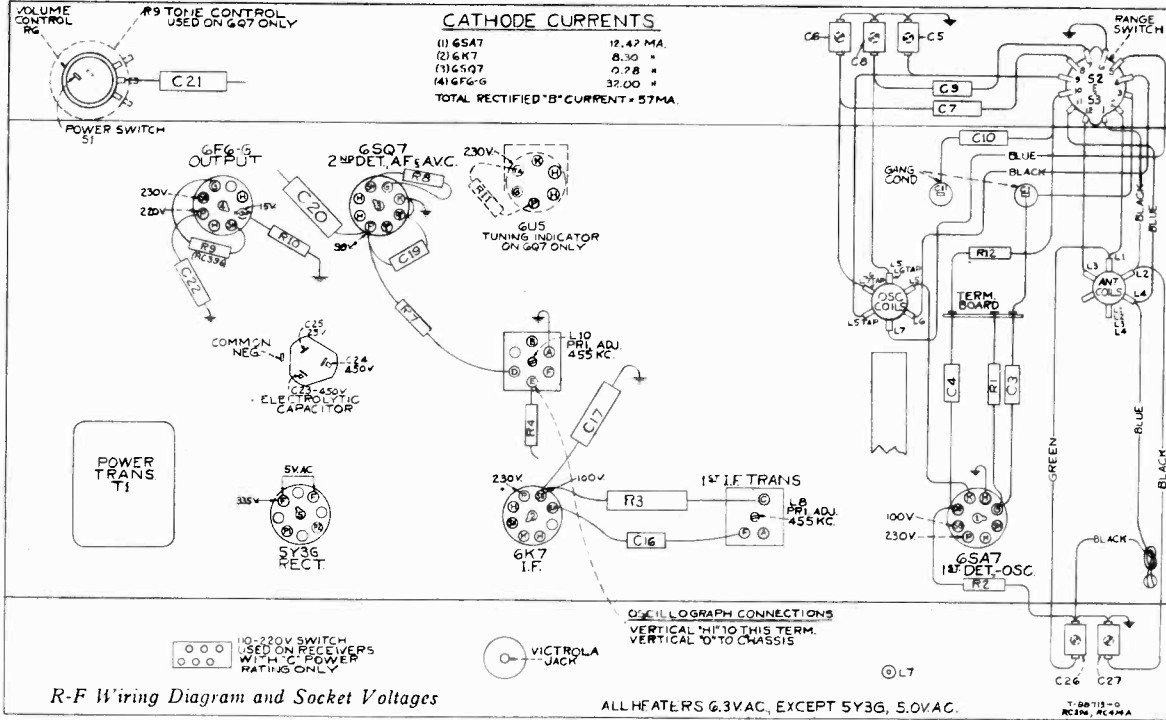
- Precautionary Lead Dress
- Lead from 2nd I.F. (E) to volume control should be kept close to chassis.
 - R.F. coil leads should be kept short and away from coil.
 - Leads to 6,000 mmf. (C10) should be as short as possible and condenser dressed away from chassis, bearing against 10 ohm (R12) resistor.

Victrola Attachment.—A jack is provided on the rear of chassis for connection to a Victrola Attachment. The cable from the attachment should be terminated in a Stock No. 31048 plug to fit the jack.
Loudspeaker.—To center the-loudspeaker voice coil, first remove the front dust cover, then loosen the screws holding the spider assembly. Insert three narrow feelers into the air gap, and tighten the spider screws. Remove the feelers and fasten a dust cover in place with loud-speaker cement.

MODELS 5Q5A, 5Q5B, 5Q5C, 5Q5D, 5Q5E
 5Q55, 5Q56, Chassis RC-396
 MODEL 6Q7, Chassis RC-414A

RCA MFG. CO., INC.

Socket, Trimmers, Voltage
 Drive Cord Data, Scale



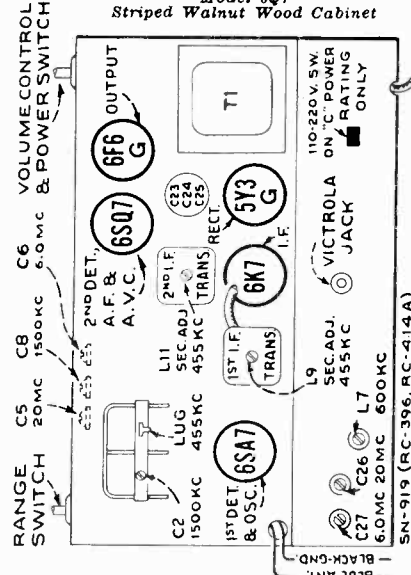
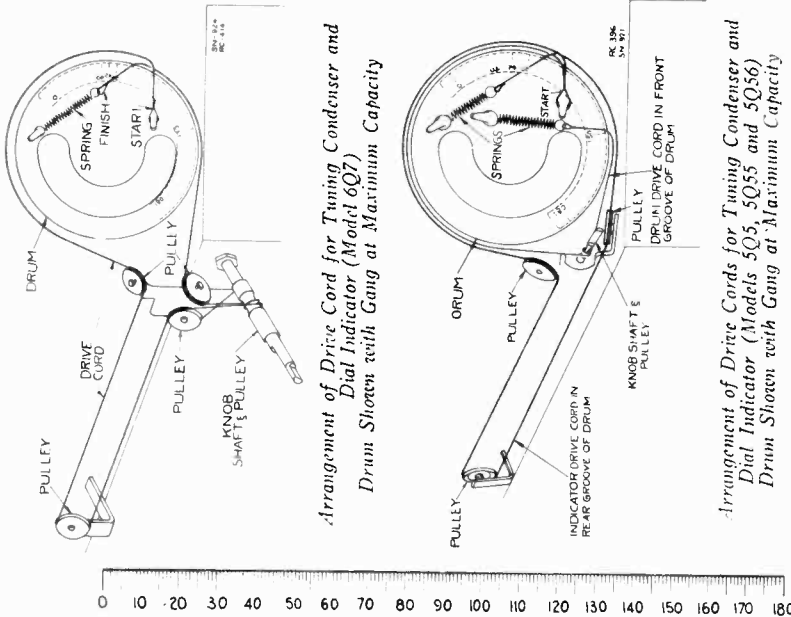
R-F Wiring Diagram and Socket Voltages

ALL HEATERS 6.3VAC, EXCEPT 5Y3G, 5.0VAC.

BOTTOM VIEW - REAR OF CHASSIS

- | MODELS | DESCRIPTION |
|-----------|-----------------------------------------|
| 5Q5A | Brown Plastic Cabinet |
| 5Q5B | Black Plastic Cabinet |
| 5Q5C | Ivory Plastic Cabinet |
| 5Q5D | Maroon Plastic Cabinet |
| 5Q5E | Black Plastic Cabinet with Metal Grille |
| 5Q55 | Mottled Brown Plastic Cabinet |
| 5Q56 | Ivory Finish Plastic Cabinet |
| Model 6Q7 | |
| | Striped Walnut Wood Cabinet |

Measurements made to chassis unless otherwise indicated, with set tuned to quiet point and volume control at minimum. Values should hold within $\pm 20\%$ with 117-volt a-c supply.
 NOTE: Values with star () are operating voltages in circuits with high series resistance. The actual measured voltages will be lower, depending on the voltmeter loading.

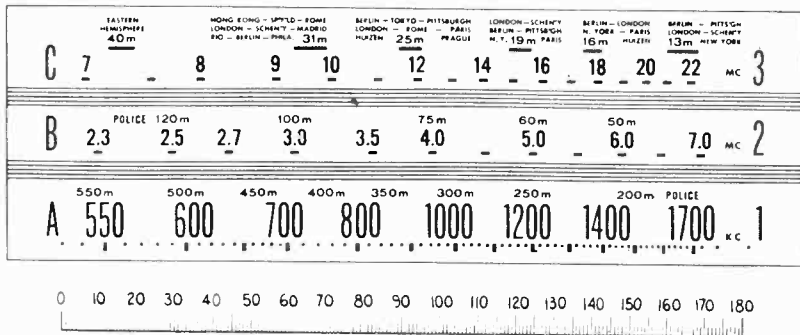


Tube and Trimmer Locations

Calibration Scale

Reduced Reproduction of Receiver Dial, and Corresponding 0-180° Calibration Scales

The corresponding position of the dial indicator for any setting of the calibration scale can be determined by drawing a line from this point on the bottom calibration scale to the same point on the top calibration scale. For example: 33° on the calibration scale corresponds to approximately 7.9 mc on "C" band, and 600 kc on "A" band, etc. Read instructions under "Alignment Procedure."



RCA MFG. CO., INC.

MODELS 5Q5A, 5Q5B, 5Q5C, 5Q5D, 5Q5E
 5Q55, 5Q56, Chassis RC-396
 MODEL 6Q7, Chassis RC-414A
 Alignment, Parts List

Alignment Procedure

Cathode-Ray Alignment is the preferable method. Connections for the oscillograph are shown in the chassis drawing.

Output Meter Alignment.—If this method is used, connect the meter across the voice coil, and turn the receiver volume control to maximum.

Test-Oscillator.—For all alignment operations, connect the low side of the test-oscillator to the ground terminal, and keep the output as low as possible to avoid a-v-c action.

Calibration Scale on Indicator-Drive Cord Drum.—The tuning dial is fastened in the cabinet and cannot be adjusted during alignment, therefore a calibration scale is attached to the rear of the drum which is mounted on the shaft of the gang condenser. The setting of the gang condenser is read on this scale which is calibrated in degrees. The correct setting of the gang in degrees, for each alignment frequency is given in the alignment table.

As the first step in r-f alignment, check the position of the drum. The 45 degree mark on the drum scale (see "Drum Drive and Indicator Cord Assembly" drawings) must be in a horizontal position when the plates are fully meshed. The distance from the edge of the chassis to the drum must not exceed 3/8-inch. The drum is held to the shaft by means of a set screw, which must be tightened securely when the drum is in the correct position.

Pointer for Calibration Scale.—Improvise a pointer for the calibration scale by fastening a piece of wire to the "0" mark on the calibration and bend the wire so that it points to the "0" mark on the calibration scale when the plates are fully meshed.

Dial-Indicator Adjustment.—After fastening the chassis in the cabinet, attach the dial indicator to the drive cable with indicator at the 530 kc mark, and gang condenser fully meshed. The indicator has a spring clip for attachment to the cable.

For additional details, refer to booklet "RCA Victor Receiver Alignment."

STOCK No.	DESCRIPTION	Unit List Price	STOCK No.	DESCRIPTION	Unit List Price
32832	Bracket—Drive bracket, pulleys, and tuning knob shaft complete (Models 5Q5, 5Q55 and 5Q56)	1.20	32910	Transformer—Power transformer—105-120 volts, 25-60 cycles (T1) transformer—105-120 volts, 50-60 cycles (T2)	6.20
32635	Cable—Pointer drive cable (Models 5Q5, 5Q55 and 5Q56)	.24	32911	Transformer—Power transformer—105-120 volts, 50-60 cycles (T1)	4.10
12581	Cap—First I.F. transformer shield cap	.25	32852	Transformer—Power transformer—105-120 and 200-210 volts, 50-60 cycles (T1, T2)	4.50
13723	Capacitor—56 mfd. (C4)	.35	32818	Voice control and switch (R6, S1) (Models 5Q5 and 5Q55)	1.50
13949	Capacitor—56 mfd. (C14, C15)	.35	32928	Volume control, tone control and power switch (R6, R8, S1) (Model 6Q7)	2.50
14262	Capacitor—109 mfd. (C12, C13)	.30		SPEAKER ASSEMBLIES	
32338	Capacitor—110 mfd. (C18)	.35		Models 5Q5, 5Q55 and 5Q56 (RL-78-2)	.02
12694	Capacitor—220 mfd. (C3)	.35	32907	Cap—Cone center dust cap (L12)	1.25
12852	Capacitor—330 mfd. (C5)	.75	32908	Cap—Speaker field coil (L12)	1.25
12637	Capacitor—500 mfd. (C8)	.60	32909	Cap—Speaker hum neutralizing coil (L13)	.25
31403	Capacitor—3,300 mfd. (C10)	.40	32914	Cone—Speaker cone, voice coil, center suspension, and dust cap (L14)	1.20
31405	Capacitor—5,000 mfd. (C11)	.75	32915	Speaker—Complete (T2)	4.00
32830	Capacitor—2.20 mfd. (C26, C27)	.40	32905	Transformer—Output transformer (T2)	1.35
32829	Capacitor—Trimmer capacitor bank, 2 sections	.55		SPEAKER ASSEMBLIES	
4838	Capacitor—0.05 mfd. (C20, C21, C29)	.20		Model 6Q7 (RL-79-2)	.02
5148	Capacitor—0.07 mfd. (C22)	.20	32907	Cap—Speaker cone center dust cap	1.25
14393	Capacitor—0.1 mfd. (C16)	.30	32908	Cap—Speaker hum neutralizing coil (L13)	.25
4839	Capacitor—0.1 mfd. (C17)	.30	32934	Cone—Speaker cone and voice coil (L14) (Model 6Q7)	1.65
92240	Capacitor—Electrolytic, 2 sections 10 mfd., 1 section 20 mfd. (C23, C24, C25)	1.45	5118	Plug—3-prong male for speaker	1.25
32821	Coil—Antenna coil A, B, C, bands (L1, L2, L3, L4)	1.35	32935	Speaker—Complete	5.50
32824	Coil—Oscillator coil—A, B, C bands (L5, L6, L7)	1.00	32905	Transformer—Output transformer (T2)	1.35
32817	Condenser—2-gang variable condenser (C1, C2, C11)	2.60		MISCELLANEOUS ASSEMBLIES	
32654	Cord—Drive cord	.10		Bracket—Dial mounting bracket and lamp bracket assembly—less pointer and pointer slide rods (Models 5Q5, 5Q55 and 5Q56)	.85
32713	Cord—Core and stud for oscillator coil adjustment	.65	32846	Dial—Dial scale	.65
32835	Drum—Drive cord drum	.17	32837	Knob—Black range switch knob (Models 5Q5 and 5Q55)	.15
11891	Lamp—Dial lamp	.55	33085	Knob—Black tuning knob (Models 5Q5 and 5Q55)	.25
32953	Plate—Dial back plate and pointer—less dial scale (Model 6Q7)	1.60	32841	Knob—Black volume control knob (Models 5Q5 and 5Q55)	.15
5119	Plug—3-contact female for speaker cable	.25	32839	Knob—Brown tuning knob (Models 5Q5 and 5Q55)	.25
32834	Pulley—Drive cord pulley and mounting bracket (1 pulley)	.25	33087	Knob—Ivory range switch knob (Models 5Q5 and 5Q55)	.15
32951	Pulley—Drive cord pulleys and mounting bracket (3 pulleys) (Model 6Q7)	.45	33091	Knob—Ivory tuning knob (Models 5Q5 and 5Q55)	.25
13998	Resistor—40 ohms, 1/2 watt (R12)	.20	33086	Knob—Ivory volume control knob (Models 5Q5 and 5Q55)	.15
30681	Resistor—470 ohms, 1/10 watt (R10)	.22	33563	Knob—Maroon range switch knob (Models 5Q5 and 5Q55)	.15
12013	Resistor—1 meg., 1/10 watt (R11) (Model 6Q7)	.15	33093	Knob—Maroon tuning knob (Models 5Q5 and 5Q55)	.25
31389	Resistor—33,000 ohms, 1/2 watt (R2)	.50		MISCELLANEOUS ASSEMBLIES	
12454	Resistor—33,000 ohms, 1/10 watt (R2)	.20		Bracket—Dial mounting bracket and lamp bracket assembly—less pointer and pointer slide rods (Models 5Q5, 5Q55 and 5Q56)	.85
5132	Resistor—470,000 ohms, 1/10 watt (R5)	.15	32846	Dial—Dial scale	.65
12285	Resistor—470,000 ohms, 1/10 watt (R5)	.20	32837	Knob—Black range switch knob (Models 5Q5 and 5Q55)	.15
13730	Resistor—1 meg., 1/2 watt (R1)	.20	33087	Knob—Ivory range switch knob (Models 5Q5 and 5Q55)	.15
11668	Resistor—10 meg., 1/2 watt (R8)	.20	33091	Knob—Ivory tuning knob (Models 5Q5 and 5Q55)	.25
13601	Retainer—Retaining ring for holding tuning knob shaft (Model 6Q7)	.03	33086	Knob—Ivory volume control knob (Models 5Q5 and 5Q55)	.15
14343	Retainer—Tuning knob shaft retainer (Models 5Q5, 5Q55 and 5Q56)	.01	33563	Knob—Maroon range switch knob (Models 5Q5 and 5Q55)	.15
14887	Screw—No. 8-32 square head set screw for drum shaft (Models 5Q5, 5Q55 and 5Q56)	.03	33093	Knob—Maroon tuning knob (Models 5Q5 and 5Q55)	.25
32833	Shaft—Tuning knob shaft, 5/64" and retainer (Models 5Q5, 5Q55 and 5Q56)	.30		MISCELLANEOUS ASSEMBLIES	
32932	Shaft—Tuning knob shaft (Model 6Q7)	.30		Bracket—Dial mounting bracket and lamp bracket assembly—less pointer and pointer slide rods (Models 5Q5, 5Q55 and 5Q56)	.85
31365	Socket—Dial lamp insulated socket	.25	32846	Dial—Dial scale	.65
31251	Socket—Octal base tube socket	.25	32837	Knob—Black range switch knob (Models 5Q5 and 5Q55)	.15
32950	Socket—Magic Eye socket and bracket (Model 6Q7)	.50	33087	Knob—Ivory range switch knob (Models 5Q5 and 5Q55)	.15
14978	Socket—Photograph socket	.25	33091	Knob—Ivory tuning knob (Models 5Q5 and 5Q55)	.25
31118	Spring—Drive cord or pointer cable tension	1.00	33086	Knob—Ivory volume control knob (Models 5Q5 and 5Q55)	.15
32819	Switch—Range switch (Models 5Q5, 5Q55 and 5Q56) (S2, S3)	1.10	33563	Knob—Maroon range switch knob (Models 5Q5 and 5Q55)	.15
32929	Switch—Range switch (Model 6Q7) (S2, S3)	.35	33093	Knob—Maroon tuning knob (Models 5Q5 and 5Q55)	.25
32827	Switch—Voltage change switch—110-220 volts (S4)	2.45		MISCELLANEOUS ASSEMBLIES	
14376	Transformer—First i.f. transformer (L8, L9, C12, C13)	2.45		Bracket—Dial mounting bracket and lamp bracket assembly—less pointer and pointer slide rods (Models 5Q5, 5Q55 and 5Q56)	.85
32825	Transformer—Second i.f. transformer (L10, L11, C14, C15, C18, R5)	2.50	32846	Dial—Dial scale	.65

* Use minimum capacity peak if two peaks can be obtained.
 † Rock gang condenser slightly while adjusting L7.
 ‡ Make test-oscillator connection to lug on tuning condenser stator (oscillator section) in series with .01 mfd. condenser.
 Note.—Oscillator tracks 455 kc above signal on all bands.

ALL PRICES ARE SUBJECT TO CHANGE OR WITHDRAWAL WITHOUT NOTICE.

MODELS 5X5I, 5X5W
Chassis RC-406
Alignment, Parts

RCA MFG. CO., INC.

Model 5X5 Series (Chassis No. RC-406)

Five-Tube, Single-Band, AC-DC Multiplex Superheterodyne Receiver

Model PLF-10 Power Line Filter Coupling Unit

General Description

The following features are incorporated in the design of the Little Nipper Multiplex 5X5 Series Receiver:

First, it is a "standard broadcast" receiver. Second, it will operate any other radio in the home by "remote control" without the use of connecting wires. Third, records may be reproduced through the Little Nipper when used with Victrola Attachment. Fourth, the Model 5X5 (when used with Victrola Attachment) will reproduce records

through any other radio in the home without the use of connecting wires.

When using the 5X5 as a remote control, the Model PLF-10 Power Line Filter Coupling Unit should be used in conjunction with the receiver to be controlled. The filter is connected between the power line receptacle and the receiver being controlled, as shown in accompanying drawing.

Alignment Procedure

Output Meter Alignment.—Connect the meter across the voice coil, and turn the receiver volume control to maximum.

Test-Oscillator.—Connect the low side of the test-oscillator to the receiver chassis, through a .01 mfd. capacitor, and keep the output as low as possible.

The Remote Control Oscillator in the 5X5 is set at the factory to approximately 540 kc. The frequency may be varied between 540 and 800 kc to suit local conditions by adjusting the trimmer condenser C7.

Power-Supply Polarity.—For operation on d-c, the power plug must be inserted in the outlet for correct polarity. If the set does not function, reverse the plug. On a-c, reversal of the plug may reduce hum.

If the electric supply circuit is a three-wire system, it may be necessary to connect a $\frac{1}{2}$ mfd 700-volt capacitor between the two outside lines of the three-wire system.

Steps	Connect the high side of test-oscillator to—	Tune test-osc. to—	Turn radio dial to—	Adjust the following for max. peak output—
1	Tuning condenser stator (osc.) in series with .01 mfd.	455 kc	Quiet point at 1,600 kc end of dial	C1, C2, C3, C4 (1st and 2nd I-F transformers)
2	Antenna term. of ant. trans. in series with 100 mmfd.	1,720 kc	Full clockwise (out of mesh)	C5 (oscillator)
3		1,500 kc	Resonance on 1,500 kc signal	C6 (antenna)

Replacement Parts

Insist on genuine factory-tested parts, which are readily identified and may be purchased from authorized dealers.

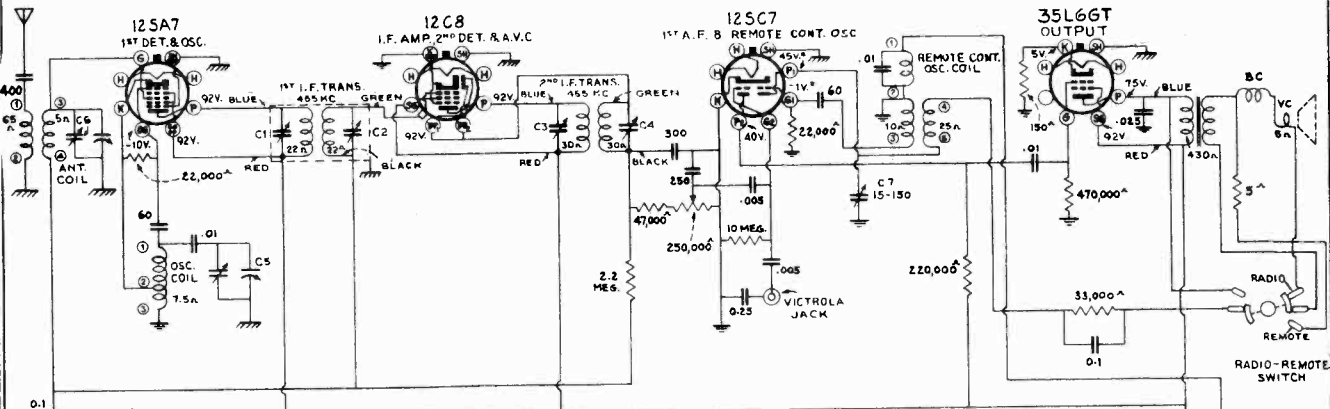
STOCK No.	DESCRIPTION	Unit List Price	STOCK No.	DESCRIPTION	Unit List Price
CHASSIS ASSEMBLIES					
13057	Capacitor—60 mmfd.	.35	32969	Socket—Dial lamp socket	.25
12488	Capacitor—250 mmfd.	.35	14278	Socket—Phonograph socket	.25
12952	Capacitor—300 mmfd.	.35	32537	Socket—Tube socket	.20
30433	Capacitor—400 mmfd.	.35	30585	Spring—Drive cord spring	.06
4838	Capacitor—.005 mfd.	.25	33324	Switch—Phonograph switch	.50
4937	Capacitor—.01 mfd.	.25	33319	Transformer—First i-f transformer	1.40
4870	Capacitor—.025 mfd.	.20	33057	Transformer—Second i-f transformer	1.25
4839	Capacitor—.01 mfd.	.30	32578	Volume control and power switch	1.50
12484	Capacitor—.025 mfd.	.30	POWER LINE FILTER PLF-10		
33321	Capacitor—Electrolytic, 2 sections 30 mfd. each	1.00	13057	Capacitor—60 mmfd.	.35
32572	Coil—Antenna coil	.60	12484	Capacitor—.025 mfd.	.30
33320	Coil—Duplex oscillator coil	.90	33492	Coil—Choke coil	.50
32982	Coil—Oscillator coil	.60	33493	Receptacle—Power receptacle	.40
33323	Condenser—Trimmer 20-150 mmfd.	.35	33491	Switch	.35
32988	Condenser—2-gang variable tuning	2.25	SPEAKER ASSEMBLIES		
32634	Cord—Drive cord	.10	(39105-2)		
32948	Drum—Condenser drive drum	.35	32983	Speaker complete	3.95
31480	Lamp—Dial lamp—Mazda No. 47	.20	32984	Transformer—Output transformer	1.25
12409	Lead—Antenna lead	.45	MISCELLANEOUS ASSEMBLIES		
33322	Resistor—5 ohms, 5 watts	.20	X-639	Cabinet—Ivory finish—Model 5X5I... (net)	2.20
14871	Resistor—33 ohms, $\frac{1}{2}$ watt	.20	X-838	Cabinet—Walnut finish—Model 5X5W... (net)	1.35
13428	Resistor—150 ohms, $\frac{1}{2}$ watt	.20	32942	Dial—Glass dial scale	.30
13998	Resistor—22,000 ohms, $\frac{1}{2}$ watt	.20	33317	Fastener—Push fastener to hold cabinet back	.02
12454	Resistor—33,000 ohms, $\frac{1}{2}$ watt	.20	33306	Knob—Black tuning knob—Model 5X5I	.15
12412	Resistor—47,000 ohms, $\frac{1}{2}$ watt	.20	32447	Knob—Ivory knob—Model 5X5W	.15
12284	Resistor—220,000 ohms, $\frac{1}{2}$ watt	.20	32943	Nut—Speed nut to hold dial	.01
12285	Resistor—470,000 ohms, $\frac{1}{2}$ watt	.20	31846	Spring—Knob retaining spring	.02
12879	Resistor—2.2 meg., $\frac{1}{2}$ watt	.20			
13601	Resistor—10 meg., $\frac{1}{2}$ watt	.20			
32945	Shaft—Tuning knob shaft and bushing	.20			

ALL PRICES ARE SUBJECT TO CHANGE OR WITHDRAWAL WITHOUT NOTICE.

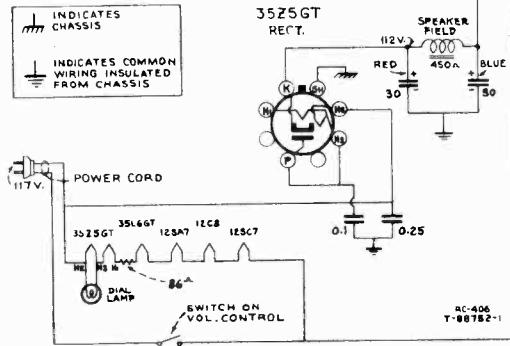
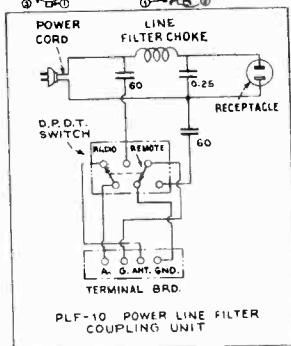
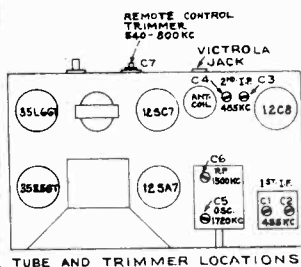
Socket, Trimmers

RCA MFG. CO., INC.

MODELS 5X5I, 5X5W
Chassis RC-406
MODEL PLF-10 Coupling Unit
Schematics, Tuner, Voltage



IF PEAK 455 KC



— 1939 No. 18 —

Electrical and Mechanical Specifications

FREQUENCY RANGE
Receiver 540-1,720 kc
Remote Control Oscillator 540-800 kc

TUBE COMPLEMENT
(1) RCA-12SA7 1st-Detector-Oscillator
(2) RCA-12C8 I-F Amp., 2nd-Det., and A.V.C.
(3) RCA-12SC7 1st A-F and Remote Control Osc.
(4) RCA-35L6GT Power Output
(5) RCA-35Z5GT Half-Wave Rectifier
Dial Lamp (1) Mazda 47, 6.3 Volts, .15 amp.
Intermediate Frequency 455 kc

POWER SUPPLY RATINGS
A-C Rating 100-125 volts, 50-60 cycles, 30 watts
D-C Rating 100-125 volts, direct current, 30 watts

POWER OUTPUT (125 volt, 60 cycle supply)
Undistorted 1.5 watts
Maximum 2.0 watts

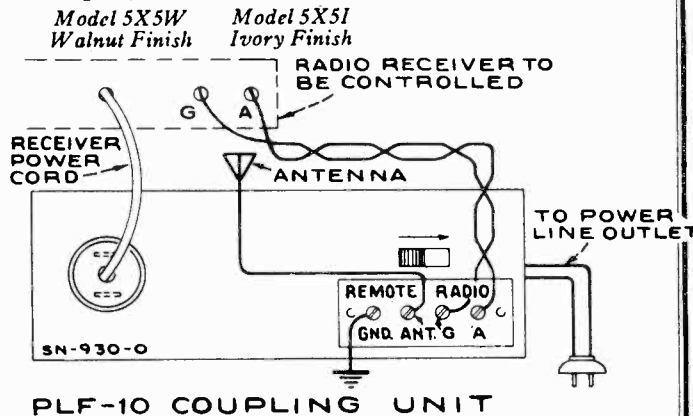
LOUDSPEAKER
Type 4 inch Electrodynamic
Cabinet Dimensions (inches) Height 5½, Width 8½, Depth 4½
Weight (net) 5½ pounds

Set-up Procedure for Remote Control

1. Install the 5X5 and tune in any desired station.
2. Turn the control switch on the back of the 5X5 to its clockwise position marked "Remote." The 5X5 becomes silent.
The 5X5 now becomes a small relay station for signalling to the controlled receiver via the power line wiring.
3. Next tune the main receiver to the exact frequency of transmission of the 5X5, usually 540 kc. Tune carefully to this frequency, setting the volume control as high as permissible with regard to hum and noise conditions. The station to which the 5X5 was tuned will be heard. If the receiver is equipped with tuning indicator (Magic Eye) the correct point will most easily be obtained by observing the indicator.
4. Now any station tuned in on the 5X5 dial will be heard on the controlled receiver. The volume will also be controlled with the 5X5 volume control.
5. If it is desired to operate the controlled receiver on its own controls it is only necessary to set the switch on the Power Line Filter Coupling Unit to its position marked "Radio."
6. In the event that, with the 5X5 being used as a remote control, other receivers in the home are in use, trouble may be experienced due to noise and hum. To avoid this, connect a Power Line Filter Coupling Unit, RCA Victor PLF-10, to each of these other receivers, as shown in accompanying drawing.

Precautionary Lead Dress

1. Dress 1st I-F plate and grid leads against chassis and away from each other. Dress plate lead from 12C8 close to chassis.
2. Dress A.V.C. condenser (0.1) close to chassis and tight to 0.25 mmfd. condenser.



Antenna.—The set is equipped with length of antenna wire. Do not connect the antenna to ground. If an outdoor antenna is used, it should not be longer than 100 feet, including lead-in. If it is longer, connect a 100 to 200 mmf. capacitor in series with the lead-in.

Victrola Attachment.—A jack is provided on the rear of chassis for connecting a Victrola Attachment into the audio-amplifying circuit. The cable from the Victrola Attachment should be terminated in a Stock No. 31048 plug to fit the jack.

First Edition

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Printed in U. S. A.

MODELS U8M, U8W

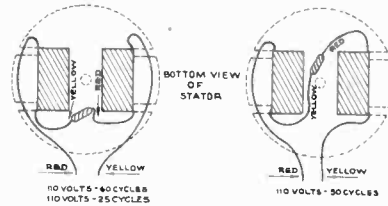
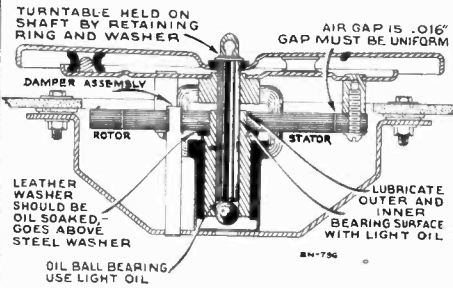
Chassis RC-404A

Motor Assembly, Parts

RCA MFG. CO., INC.

RCA Victor MODEL U-8 (Chassis No. RC-404A)

Five-Tube, Single-Band, A-C, Superheterodyne Victrola



Cross Section of Motor Assembly

Model U-8W
Walnut Finish
Model U-8M
Blonde Mahogany Finish

Motor Coil Assembly and Connections

Replacement Parts

Insist on genuine factory-tested parts, which are readily identified and may be purchased from authorized dealers.

STOCK No.	DESCRIPTION	Unit List Price	STOCK No.	DESCRIPTION	Unit List Price
CHASSIS ASSEMBLIES			MOTOR ASSEMBLIES		
12488	Capacitor—250 mmfd.	.35	31045	Base—Motor support, damper, and bearing cup assembly	.60
12952	Capacitor—300 mmfd.	.35	31046	Bearing—Rotor bearing	.70
4838	Capacitor—.005 mfd.	.25	33353	Cap—Turntable spindle cap (rubber)	.10
4937	Capacitor—.01 mfd.	.75	33357	Coil—Motor field coil—105-120 volts, 25 cycle.	.60
33736	Coil—Antenna coil	.60	31918	Coil—Motor field coil—105-120 volts, 50 cycle.	.70
32962	Coil—Oscillator coil	.35	31917	Coil—Motor field coil—105-120 volts, 60 cycle	.70
13057	Condenser—60 mmfd.	.40	31040	Cushion—One set rubber cushion for turntable mounting	.25
30433	Condenser—400 mmfd.	.35	31047	Cushion—Rubber cushion for rotor bearing.	.15
30303	Condenser—.0035 mfd.	.25	33941	Frame—Motor frame and spindle—60 cycle.	1.10
33584	Condenser—.005 mfd.	.40	33641	Lamination—Rotor lamination—60 cycle	1.30
4870	Condenser—.025 mfd.	.20	33358	Lamination—Stator laminations—25 cycle.	1.30
4839	Condenser—0.1 mfd.	.30	33354	Lamination—Stator laminations—less coil 50 cycle	1.00
12536	Condenser—820 mfd.	.45	33355	Motor—105-120 volts, 25 cycle	11.75
32576	Condenser—Electrolytic, one section 20 mfd., one section 12 mfd.	.90	33351	Motor—105-120 volts, 50 cycle	7.85
32968	Condenser—2-gang variable tuning	2.25	33940	Motor—105-120 volt, 60 cycle	7.30
32634	Cord—Drive cord	.10	32075	Ring—Lead ring for turntable—25 cycle	1.85
33289	Dial—Glass dial scale	.40	33041	Ring—Retaining ring and washer for spindle cap	.06
33297	Drive—Dial drive mechanism—comprising drive drum, cord, shaft, dial color plate, back plate and pulleys assembled	.85	33356	Rotor—Rotor frame, laminations, and spindle shaft assembled—25 cycle	2.55
33006	Feet—Rubber feet	.03	33352	Rotor—Rotor frame, laminations, and spindle shaft assembled—50 cycle	2.45
33295	Indicator—Dial pointer	.25	31036	Rotor—Turntable and rotor lamination for 60 cycle operation	4.55
32571	Knob—Tan knob (tuning or volume)	.15	31042	Stator—Stator assembly comprising coils and laminations for 60 cycle operation	2.50
11765	Lamp—Dial lamp—Mazda 51	.15	32076	Turntable—Finished turntable plate only—25 cycle	1.40
31193	Lead—Antenna lead	.50	31039	Turntable—Finished turntable plate only—50 cycle	.95
33292	Plate—Dial color plate	.25	4083	Washer—Leather Washer	.02
33294	Pulley—Drive cord pulley	.02	33348	Washers—Leather and metal washers for stator bearing	.10
33558	Resistor—86 ohms	.15	14231	Washer—Metal spacing washer	.02
13428	Resistor—150 ohms, 1/2 watt	.20	32074	Weight—One upper and one lower weight for stator—25 cycle (2 each required)	.65
30538	Resistor—330 ohms, 1/2 watt	.20			
13998	Resistor—22,000 ohms, 1/2 watt	.20			
12266	Resistor—39,000 ohms, 1/2 watt	.20			
12412	Resistor—47,000 ohms, 1/2 watt	.20			
12264	Resistor—220,000 ohms, 1/2 watt	.20			
12285	Resistor—470,000 ohms, 1/2 watt	.20			
12679	Resistor—2.2 meg., 1/2 watt	.20			
13601	Resistor—10 meg., 1/2 watt	.20			
33464	Shaft—Tuning knob shaft and bearing	.25			
32969	Socket—Dial lamp socket	.25			
32537	Socket—Tube socket	.20			
32803	Spring—Dial knob spring	.01			
31615	Spring—Drive cord tension spring	.02			
33296	Spring—Drive drum retaining spring	.06			
32667	Spring—Knob or drive drum retaining spring	.02	32907	Cap—Cone dust cap	.02
32966	Transformer—First i-f transformer	1.25	33809	Coil—Speaker field coil	1.10
32967	Transformer—Second i-f transformer	1.05	32904	Cone—Speaker cone and voice coil	1.20
33465	Transformer—Output transformer	1.35	33466	Speaker complete (no output transformer)	4.25
33504	Volume control and power switch	1.50			
PICKUP AND ARM ASSEMBLIES			MISCELLANEOUS ASSEMBLIES		
33121	Arm—Pickup arm complete—less crystal cartridge	1.75	33467	Control—Tone control and Radio-Record switch	1.35
33592	Base—Pickup arm base and pivot arm	.70	33289	Dial—Glass dial scale	.40
33122	Crystal—Pickup crystal cartridge and needle screw	4.35	30863	Knob—Tone control knob	.15
33123	Damper—Viscoloid damper for pickup armature.	.15	32895	Knob—Tuning or volume control knob	.15
33529	Screw—Pickup needle screw	.15	33530	Mounting—Pickup arm rubber cushion, washer and nut	.10
			30870	Plug—2-prong plug for motor leads	.35
			32610	Rest—Pickup arm rest	.10

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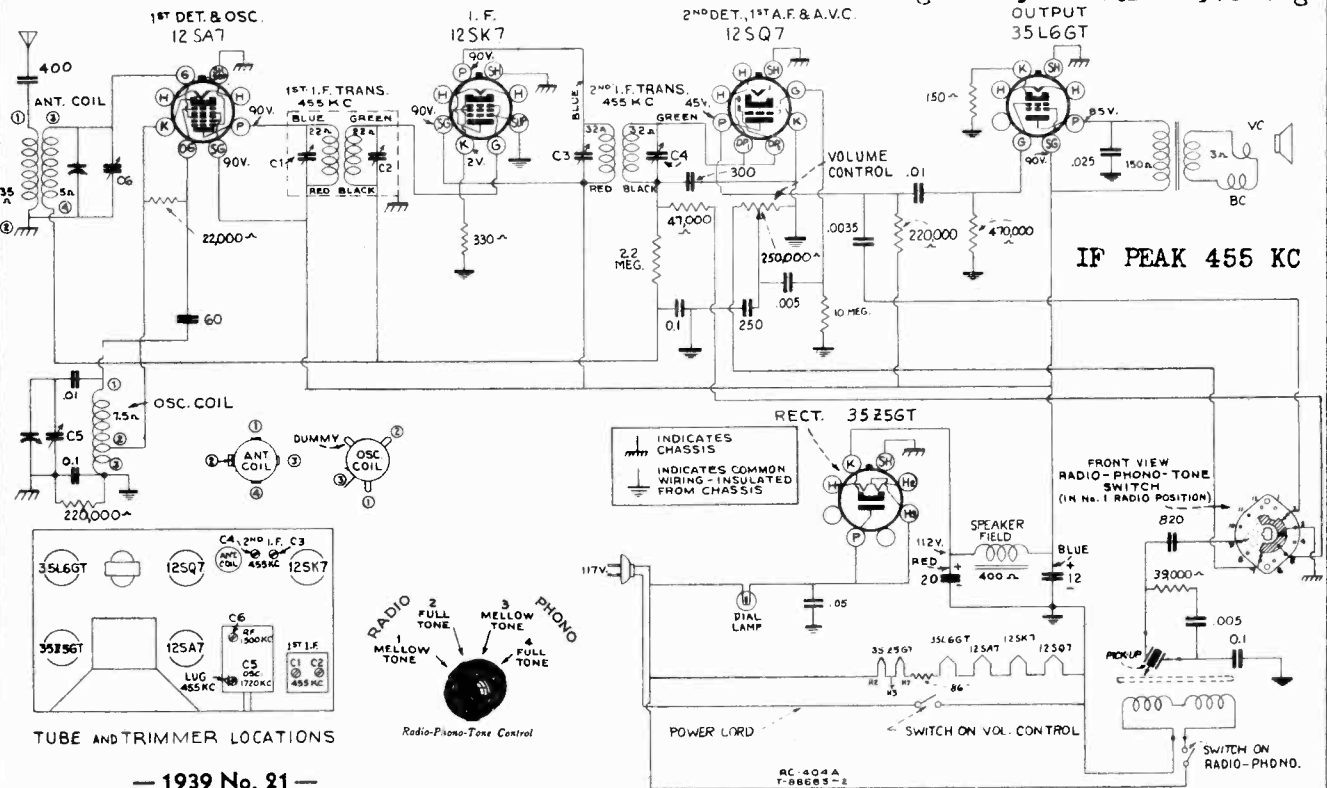
First Edition

Trademark "Victrola" Reg. U. S. Pat. Off. by RCA Mfg. Co., Inc.

Printed in U. S. A.

MODELS U8M, U8W
 RCA MFG. CO., INC. Chassis RC-404A

Schematic, Socket, Trimmers
 Alignment, Phono, Data, Voltage



Electrical and Mechanical Specifications

FREQUENCY RANGE 540-1,720 kc
INTERMEDIATE FREQUENCY 455 kc
TUBE COMPLEMENT
 (1) RCA-12SA7 1st-Detector-Oscillator
 (2) RCA-12SK7 I-F Amplifier
 (3) RCA-12SQ7 2nd-Detector, 1st A-F, and A.V.C.
 (4) RCA-35L6GT Power Output
 (5) RCA-35Z5GT Half-Wave Rectifier
 Dial Lamp (1) Mazda 51, 7.5 volts, 0.2 amp.
POWER SUPPLY RATINGS
 A-5 105-125 volts, 50 cycles, 40 watts
 A-6 105-125 volts, 60 cycles, 40 watts

POWER OUTPUT (125 volt, 60 cycle supply)
 Undistorted75 watts
 Maximum 1.3 watts
LOUDSPEAKER
 Type 5-inch Electrodynamic
 Voice-Coil Impedance 3.4 ohms at 400 cycles
PHONOGRAPH Synchronous (manual starting)
 Records 10-inch and 12-inch, 78 r.p.m.
 Pickup Crystal, 100,000 ohms at 1,000 c.p.s.
 Average Output of Pickup 1 1/2 volts at 1,000 c.p.s.
 across 1/2 meg. load
Cabinet Dimensions (inches) .. Height 6 9/16, Width 14 1/2, Depth 8 1/2
Weight (net) 11 1/2 pounds

Alignment Procedure

Output Meter Alignment.—Connect the meter across the voice coil, and turn the receiver volume control to maximum.
Test-Oscillator.—Connect the low side of the test-oscillator to the receiver chassis, through a .01 mfd. capacitor, and keep the output as low as possible.
Antenna.—The set is equipped with length of antenna wire. Do not connect the antenna to ground. If an outdoor antenna is used, it should not be longer than 100 feet, including lead-in. If it is longer, connect a 100 to 200 mmfd. capacitor in series with the lead-in.

Precautionary Lead Dress

1. Dress 1st I-F plate and grid leads against chassis and away from each other. Dress plate lead from 12SK7 close to chassis.
2. Dress electrolytic capacitor against chassis apron.

Phonograph Service Data

The motor is started by turning the radio-phono tone control to either 3rd or 4th position clockwise and giving the turntable a clockwise spin with the hand. Smooth starting and running will be insured by keeping the bearings well cleaned and oiled.

Hum and Vibration.—A small amount of hum when starting, decreasing to a negligible amount when running, is normal. If excessive vibration occurs it may be due to:

1. Insufficient lubrication, or any failure that will cause binding.
2. Leather washer not oiled. (Check to make certain that the leather washer is above the steel washer.)
3. Motor not properly supported from motor board.
4. Burrs on poles of rotor or stator. Remove with fine emery cloth.

Steps	Connect the high side of test-oscillator to—	Tune test-osc. to—	Turn radio dial to—	Adjust the following for max. peak output—
1	Tuning condenser stator (osc.) in series with .01 mfd.	455 kc	Quiet point at 1,600 kc end of dial	C1, C2, C3, C4 (1st and 2nd I-F transformers)
2	Antenna term. of ant. trans. in series with 100 mmfd.	1,720 kc	Full clockwise (out of mesh)	C5 (oscillator)
3		1,500 kc	Resonance on 1,500 kc signal	C6 (antenna)

Power Supply.—Although this model employs an ac-dc chassis, it is not suitable for use on dc, as this would damage the motor.

5. The damper spring must fit without binding or chattering in the slot in the stator. The stator must be free to deflect in either direction between the limits of the damper spring. The damper spring must exert approximately equal force in restoring the stator to its mid-position when the stator is deflected manually in each direction.

Removing Rotor.—The rotor and turntable assembly simply rests on the ball bearing at bottom of vertical bearing. Remove by lifting up.

Rotor Adjustment.—Loosen the three screws that hold the rotor to the turntable, insert three 16-mil shims at equal distances around the gap between the rotor and stator, and then carefully tighten the three screws. The top of rotor must be flush with top of stator; add additional steel washers beneath the stator if necessary.

Lubrication.—Oiling points are indicated in the diagram.

MODELS 9SX-1 to 9SX-8 incl.
 Little Nipper RCA MFG. CO., INC.
 MODELS 9TX-1 to 9TX-5 incl.
 Little Nipper-2nd
 Parts Lists

"Little Nipper" Models 9SX-1, -2, -3, -4, -5, -6, -7, and -8 Five-Tube, Two-Band, AC-DC Superheterodyne Receivers

9SX-1, -2, -3, -4, -5, -6, -7, -8

Replacement Parts

Insist on genuine factory-tested parts, which are readily identified and may be purchased from authorized dealers.

STOCK No.	DESCRIPTION	Unit List Price	STOCK No.	DESCRIPTION	Unit List Price
31193	Antenna—35 ft. antenna wire—wound on reel	.50	32444	Knob—Station selector knob—Black	.25
X-569	Cabinet—Walnut and Ivory cabinet (9SX-2)	3.50 net	32445	Knob—Station selector knob—Maroon	.25
X-572	Cabinet—Blue and Onyx cabinet (9SX-6)	3.50 net	32446	Knob—Volume control or range switch knob—Walnut	.15
X-575	Cabinet—Onyx cabinet (9SX-7)	3.50 net	32447	Knob—Volume control or range switch knob—Ivory	.15
X-570	Cabinet—Walnut cabinet (9SX-1)	3.50 net	32448	Knob—Volume control or range switch knob—Red	.15
X-573	Cabinet—Ivory cabinet (9SX-3)	3.50 net	32449	Knob—Volume control or range switch knob—Blue	.15
X-576	Cabinet—Marble cabinet (9SX-8)	3.50 net	32450	Knob—Volume control or range switch knob—Black	.15
X-571	Cabinet—Red and Ivory cabinet (9SX-4)	3.50 net	32451	Knob—Volume control or range switch knob—Maroon	.15
X-574	Cabinet—Black and Marble cabinet (9SX-5)	3.50 net	4340	Lamp—Dial lamp—Mazda 40	.17
32392	Capacitor—.0005 mfd.	.20	30540	Resistor—100 ohms, 1/3 watt	.20
32396	Capacitor—.0005 mfd. mica capacitor	.30	32397	Resistor—120 ohms, 1/2 watt, Flexohm	.20
32393	Capacitor—.001 mfd.	.20	30880	Resistor—150 ohms, 1/3 watt	.20
4858	Capacitor—.01 mfd.	.25	30492	Resistor—20,000 ohms, 1/3 watt	.20
31796	Capacitor—.02 mfd.	.20	3594	Resistor—50,000 ohms, 1/3 watt	.20
4886	Capacitor—.05 mfd.	.20	30493	Resistor—150,000 ohms, 1/3 watt	.20
4839	Capacitor—.01 mfd.	.30	3048	Resistor—500,000 ohms, 1/3 watt	.20
32386	Capacitor—10-20 mfd., Electrolytic	1.35	30652	Resistor—1 megohm, 1/3 watt	.20
32394	Capacitor—Trimmer capacitor 1,500 K.C. adjustment (C4)	.20	32398	Screw—No. 6-32 fibre screw—back cover mounting	.08
32395	Capacitor—Trimmer capacitor 1,720 K.C. adjustment (C3)	.20	32390	Socket—8-prong moulded Octal tube socket	.25
32387	Coil—Antenna coil (T1)	1.05	32380	Speaker—Dynamic loudspeaker	2.90
32388	Coil—Oscillator coil (T2)	1.05	32381	Transformer—Output transformer (T6)	1.00
32389	Coil—Short wave antenna coil (T3)	.85	32382	Transformer—First i.f. transformer (T4)	1.80
32379	Condenser—2-gang variable tuning condenser	2.35	32383	Transformer—Second i.f. transformer (T5)	1.80
32384	Cord—Resistance power cord	.95	32385	Volume Control and Switch	1.50
32399	Dial—Indicator dial scale	.35			
32440	Knob—Station selector knob—Walnut	.25			
32441	Knob—Station selector knob—Ivory	.25			
32442	Knob—Station selector knob—Red	.25			
32443	Knob—Station selector knob—Blue	.25			

ALL PRICES ARE SUBJECT TO CHANGE OR WITHDRAWAL WITHOUT NOTICE.

"Little Nipper-2nd" Models 9TX-1, -2, -3, -4, and -5 Five-Tube, Single-Band, AC-DC Superheterodyne Receivers

9TX-1, -2, -3, -4, -5

Replacement Parts

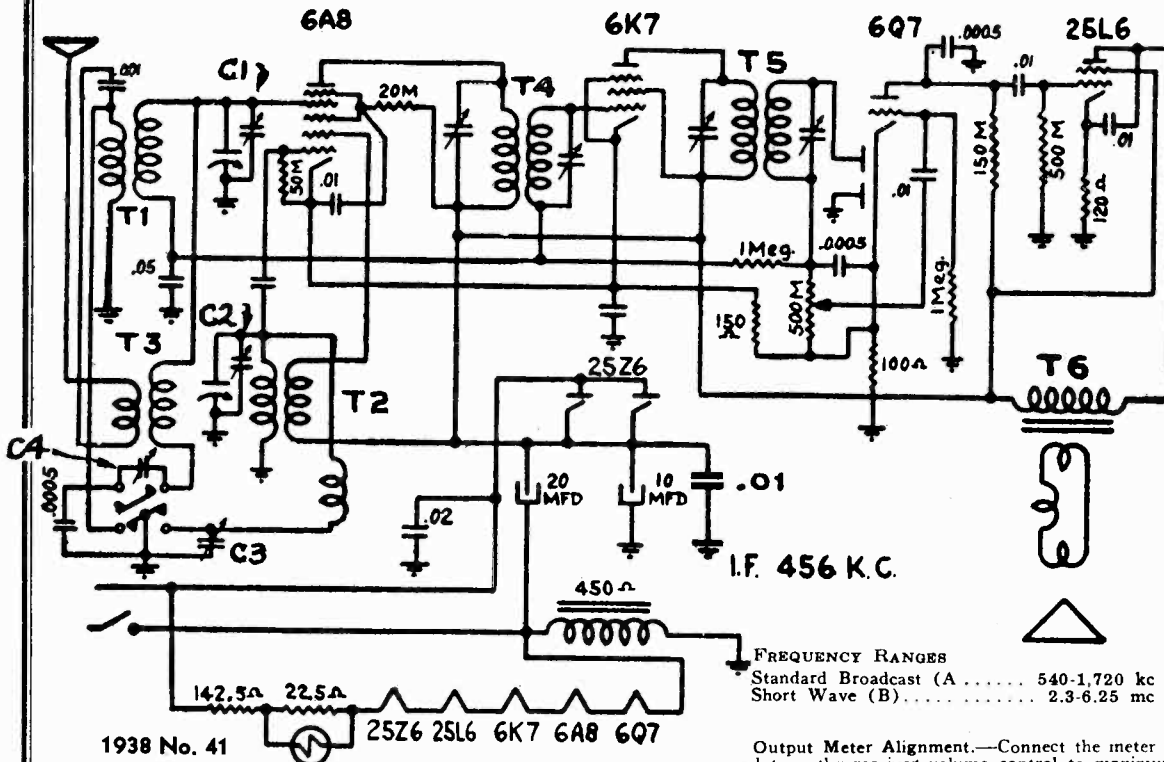
Insist on genuine factory-tested parts, which are readily identified and may be purchased from authorized dealers.

STOCK No.	DESCRIPTION	Unit List Price	STOCK No.	DESCRIPTION	Unit List Price
X-587	Cabinet for 9TX1 (Walnut finish)	1.35 net	32570	Knob—Maroon volume control knob for 9TX4	.15
X-588	Cabinet for 9TX2 (Ivory finish)	2.20 net	32571	Knob—Tan volume control knob for 9TX1 and 9TX3	.15
X-589	Cabinet for 9TX3 (Wood, Mahogany finish)	2.80 net	31480	Lamp—Dial lamp—Mazda 47	.20
X-590	Cabinet for 9TX4 (Arizona Cream Onyx finish)	4.50 net	12409	Lead—Antenna lead	.45
X-591	Cabinet for 9TX5 (Brazilian Green Onyx finish)	4.50 net	14439	Resistor—100 ohms, 1/2 watt	.20
32572	Coil—Antenna coil	.80	32535	Resistor—120 ohms, wire wound	.20
32573	Coil—Oscillator coil	.50	12412	Resistor—47,000 ohms, 1/2 watt	.20
13057	Condenser—80 mmfd.	.35	12264	Resistor—220,000 ohms, 1/2 watt	.20
12488	Condenser—250 mmfd.	.35	12285	Resistor—470,000 ohms, 1/2 watt	.20
12952	Condenser—300 mmfd.	.35	12879	Resistor—2.2 meg., 1/2 watt	.20
30433	Condenser—400 mmfd.	.35	13601	Resistor—10 meg., 1/2 watt	.20
4858	Condenser—.01 mfd.	.25	31199	Shield—Dial lamp shield—Models 9TX1, 9TX2, 9TX4, and 9TX5	.04
4870	Condenser—.025 mfd.	.20	32537	Socket—Tube socket	.20
4886	Condenser—.05 mfd.	.20	32575	Speaker—Complete with transformer	4.00
4839	Condenser—.01 mfd.	.30	32574	Transformer—First i.f. transformer	1.20
32576	Condenser—Electrolytic, one section 20 mfd., one section 12 mfd.	.90	32581	Transformer—Output transformer	1.25
32579	Condenser—Variable tuning condenser	2.25	32534	Transformer—Second i.f. transformer	.90
32577	Cord—Resistance power cord	.95	32578	Volume Control and Power Switch—Models 9TX1, 9TX2, and 9TX3	1.50
32566	Dial—Ivory dial for 9TX2 and 9TX5	.45	32580	Volume Control and Power Switch—Models 9TX4 and 9TX5	1.50
32567	Dial—Maroon dial for 9TX4	.45			
32568	Dial—Tan dial for 9TX1 and 9TX3	.55			
32569	Knob—Ivory volume control knob for 9TX2 and 9TX5	.20			

ALL PRICES ARE SUBJECT TO CHANGE OR WITHDRAWAL WITHOUT NOTICE.

Schematic, Alignment, Socket Trimmers, Notes

RCA MFG. CO., INC. MODELS 9SX-1 to 9SX-8 incl. Little Nipper



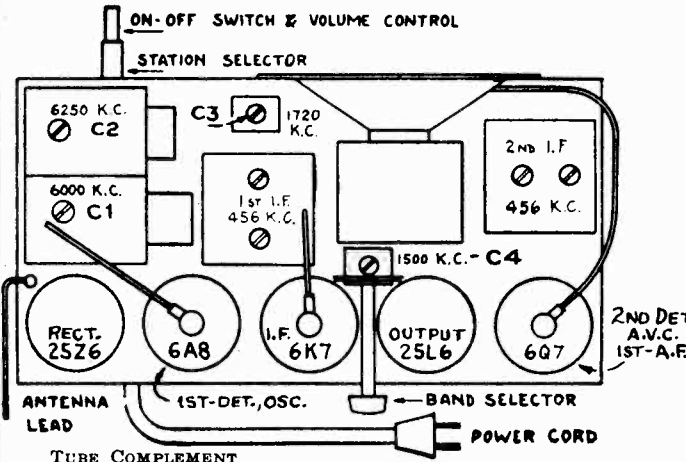
POWER SUPPLY RATINGS
 A-C Rating..... 105-125 volts, 50-60 cycles, 50 watts
 D-C Rating..... 105-125 volts, direct current, 50 watts
POWER OUTPUT (125 volt, 60 cycle supply)
 Undistorted..... 1.5 watt
 Maximum..... 2.0 watts
LOUDSPEAKER
 Type..... 4-inch Electrodynamic

FREQUENCY RANGES
 Standard Broadcast (A)..... 540-1,720 kc
 Short Wave (B)..... 2.3-6.25 mc

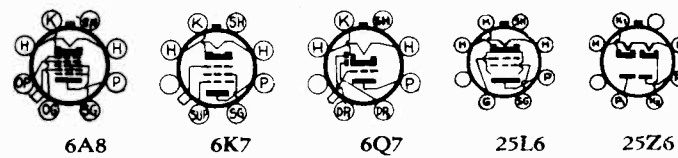
- Model 9SX-1, Molded cabinet, walnut finish, ivory knobs.
 Model 9SX-2, Molded cabinet, walnut body, ivory front, walnut knobs.
 Model 9SX-3, Molded cabinet, ivory finish, red knobs.
 Model 9SX-4, Molded cabinet, red body, ivory front, red knobs.
 Model 9SX-5, Molded cabinet, black body, marble front, jet knobs.
 Model 9SX-6, Molded cabinet, blue body, onyx front, blue knobs.
 Model 9SX-7, Molded cabinet, onyx finish, maroon knobs.
 Model 9SX-8, Molded cabinet, marble finish, jet knobs.

Output Meter Alignment.—Connect the meter across the voice coil, and turn the receiver volume control to maximum.
Test-Oscillator.—For all alignment operations, connect the low side of the test-oscillator to the receiver chassis through .01 mfd., and keep the output as low as possible to avoid a-v-c action.

Steps	Connect the high side of test-oscillator to—	Tune test-osc. to—	Turn radio dial to—	Adjust the following for max. peak output—
1	6K7 I-F grid cap, in series with .01 mfd.	456 kc	Quiet point between 1,650-1,720 kc, with range switch at broadcast position	Two trimmers on 2nd I-F trans.
2	6A8 1st-Det. grid cap, in series with .01 mfd.	456 kc	(counter-clockwise from rear).	Two trimmers on 1st I-F trans.
3	Antenna Term. on antenna trans., in series with 400 ohms.	6,250 kc	Max. clockwise (out of mesh) "B" band	C2 (osc. gang trimmer)*
4		8,000 kc	Resonance on 6,000 kc signal	C1 (ant. gang trimmer)**
5	Antenna Term. on antenna trans., in series with 90 mmf.	1,720 kc	Max. clockwise (out of mesh)	C3
6		1,500 kc	Resonance on 1,500 kc signal.	C4



- TUBE COMPLEMENT**
- (1) RCA-6A8..... 1st-Detector—Oscillator
 - (2) RCA-6K7..... I-F Amplifier
 - (3) RCA-6Q7..... 2nd-Det., 1st A-F, and A.V.C.
 - (4) RCA-25L6..... Power Output
 - (5) RCA-25Z6..... Half-Wave Rectifier
 - Dial Lamp (1)..... Mazda 40, 6.3 volts, .15 amp.



Bottom view of tube sockets

* Use minimum capacity peak if two peaks can be obtained.
 ** After this adjustment, check for image by leaving test oscillator at 6,000 kc, and shifting receiver dial to 5,088 kc, where a weaker signal should be received.

Cabinet Dimensions..... 4½ inches .. 8 inches .. 4½ inches
Weight..... 7 pounds (shipping)

Power-Supply Polarity.—For operation on d-c, the power plug must be inserted in the outlet for correct polarity. If the set does not function, reverse the plug. On a-c, reversal of the plug may reduce hum.

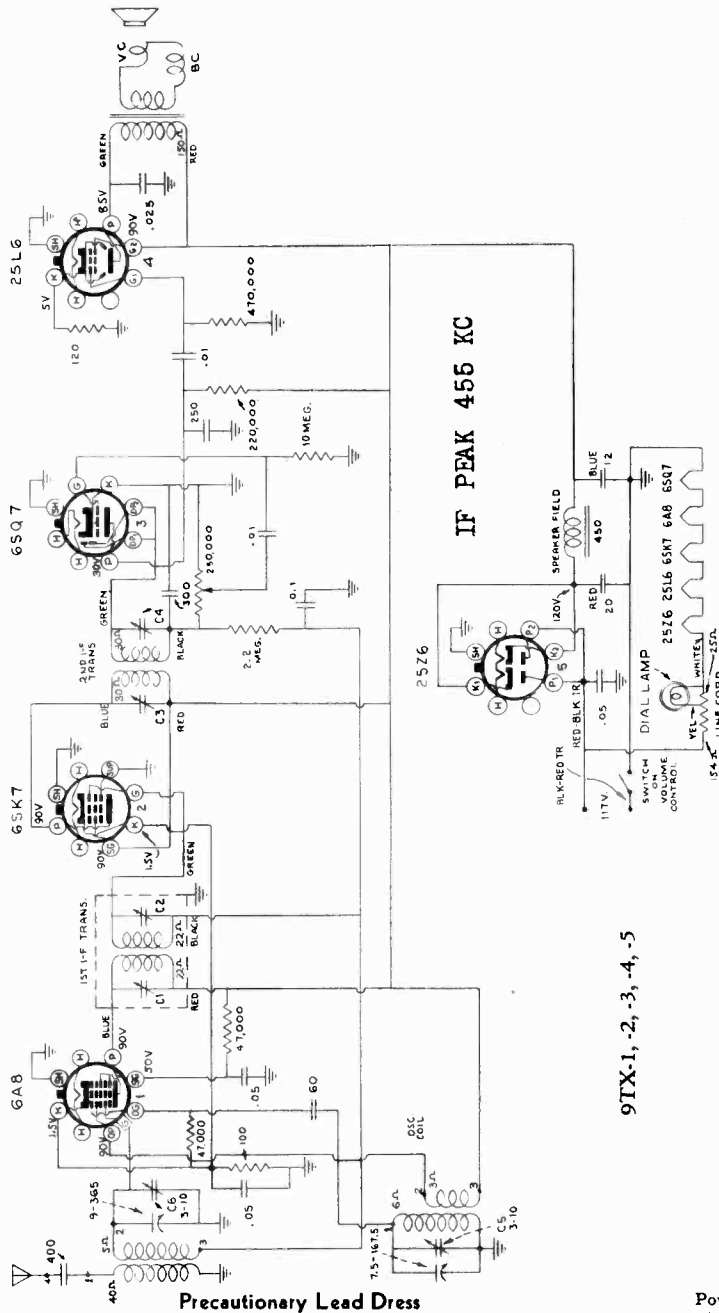
Resistor in Power Cord.—The power cord contains a resistor which becomes warm during operation.

Antenna.—The set is equipped with length of antenna wire. Do not connect the antenna to ground. If an outdoor antenna is used, it should not be longer than 100 feet, including lead-in. If it is longer, connect a 100 to 200 mmf. capacitor in series with the lead-in.

MODELS 9TX-1 to 9TX-5 incl.
Little Nipper-2nd

RCA MFG. CO., INC.

Schematic, Voltage, Socket
Trimmers, Alignment



9TX-1, -2, -3, -4, -5

—1938 No. 49—

Precautionary Lead Dress

1. Dress 1st I-F plate and grid leads against chassis and away from each other. Dress plate lead from 6SK7 close to chassis.
2. Dress electrolytic capacitor against rear apron.
3. Keep leads away from adjusting screws to allow easy access.
4. Dress output plate lead along front apron and away from 6A8.
5. Dress parts at ends of chassis to clear cabinet bosses.

Electrical and Mechanical Specifications

FREQUENCY RANGE.....	530-1,720 kc
TUBE COMPLEMENT	
(1) RCA-6A8.....	1st-Detector—Oscillator
(2) RCA-6SK7.....	I-F Amplifier
(3) RCA-6SQ7.....	2nd-Det., 1st A-F, and A.V.C.
(4) RCA-25L6.....	Power Output
(5) RCA-25Z6.....	Half-Wave Rectifier
Dial Lamp (1).....	Mazda 47, 6.3 volts, .15 amp.
POWER SUPPLY RATINGS	
A-C Rating.....	105-125 volts, 50-60 cycles, 50 watts
D-C Rating.....	105-125 volts, direct current, 50 watts

INTERMEDIATE FREQUENCY.....	455 kc
POWER OUTPUT (125 volt, 60 cycle supply)	
Undistorted.....	1.5 watts
Maximum.....	2.0 watts
LOUDSPEAKER	
Type.....	4-inch Electrodynamic
Cabinet Dimensions	
9TX-1, -2	5 inches Height .. 8 1/2 inches Width .. 4 1/2 inches Depth
9TX-3	5 3/4 inches Height .. 8 1/2 inches Width .. 4 1/2 inches Depth
9TX-4, -5	5 1/2 inches Height .. 8 1/2 inches Width .. 4 1/2 inches Depth
Weight.....	7 pounds (shipping)

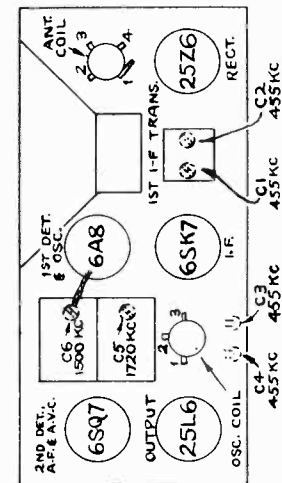
- Model 9TX-3, Two-tone wood cabinet, piano finish, mottled tan dial and knob.
- Model 9TX-4, Molded Arizona cream onyx cabinet, maroon dial and knob.
- Model 9TX-5, Molded green onyx cabinet, ivory dial and knob.

- Model 9TX-1, Molded cabinet, walnut finish, mottled tan dial and knob.
- Model 9TX-2, Molded cabinet, ivory finish, ivory dial and knob.

Alignment Procedure

Output Meter Alignment.—Connect the meter across the voice coil, and turn the receiver volume control to maximum.

Test-Oscillator.—Connect the low side of the test-oscillator to the receiver chassis, through a .01 mfd. capacitor, and keep the output as low as possible.



Steps	Connect the high side of test-oscillator to—	Tune test-osc. to—	Turn radio dial to—	Adjust the following for max. peak output—
1	6A8 1st-Det. grid cap. in series with .01 mfd.	455 kc	Quiet point at 1,600 kc end of dial	C1, C2, C3, C4 (1st and 2nd I-F transformers).
2	Antenna term. of ant. trans. in series with 100 mmfd.	1,720 kc	Full clockwise (out of mesh)	C5 (oscillator)
3		1,500 kc	Resonance on 1,500 kc signal.	C6 (antenna)

Schematic, Voltage, Socket
Trimmers, Alignment, Data

RCA MFG. CO., INC.

MODELS 9TX-21, 9TX-22
Chassis RC-403
MODEL 9TX-23
Chassis RC-403A

Electrical and Mechanical Specifications

FREQUENCY RANGE 530-1,720 kc

INTERMEDIATE FREQUENCY 455 kc

TUBE COMPLEMENT

- (1) RCA-6A8 1st-Detector—Oscillator
- (2) RCA-6SK7 I-F Amplifier
- (3) RCA-6SQ7 2nd-Det., 1st A-F, and A.V.C.
- (4) RCA-25L6 Power Output
- (5) RCA-25Z6 Half-Wave Rectifier
- Dial Lamp (1) Mazda 47, 6.3 volts, .15 amp.

POWER OUTPUT (125 volt, 60 cycle supply)

- Undistorted 1.5 watts
- Maximum 2.0 watts

LOUDSPEAKER

Type 4-inch Electrodynamic

Cabinet Dimensions, 5½ in. high, 8½ in. wide, 4½ in. deep.

Weight (approx.) 7 pounds (shipping)

POWER SUPPLY RATINGS

A-C Rating 105-125 volts, 50-60 cycles, 50 watts
D-C Rating 105-125 volts, direct current, 50 watts

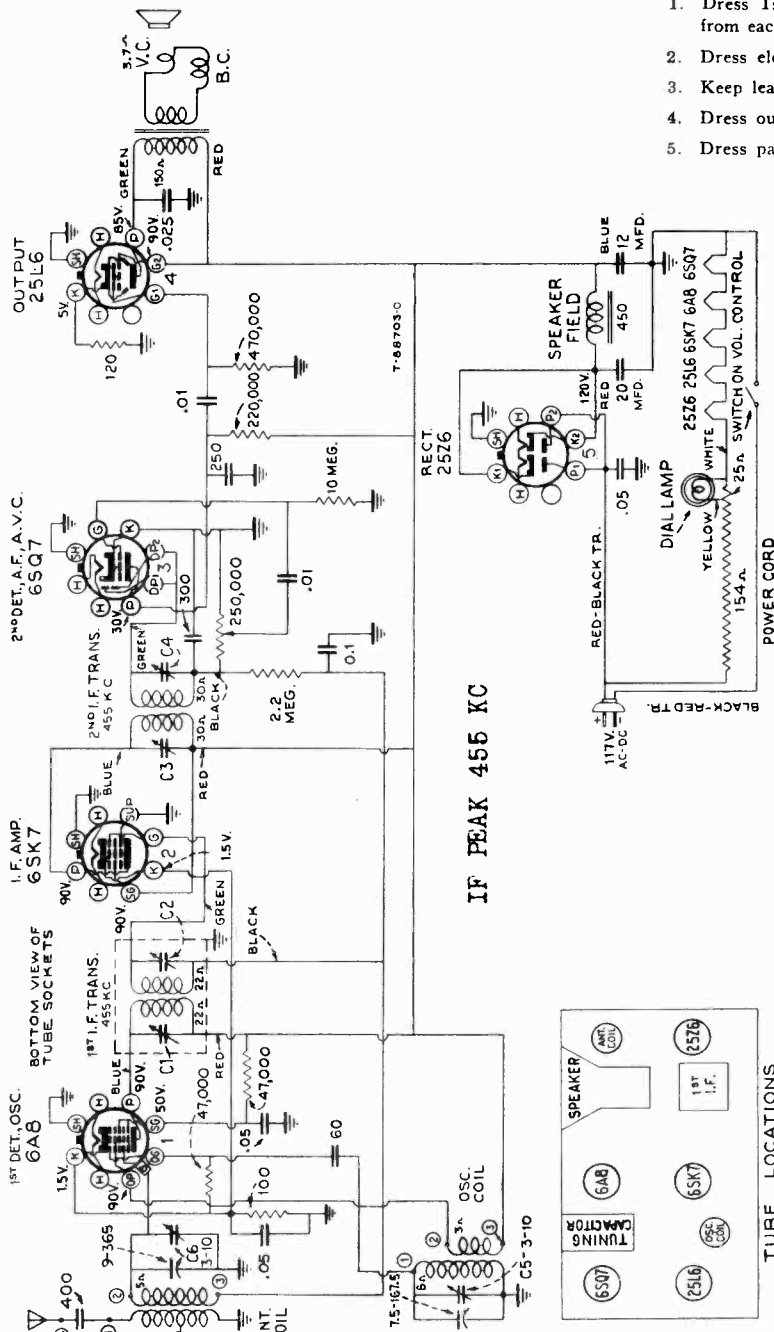
Power-Supply Polarity.—For operation on d-c, the power plug must be inserted in the outlet for correct polarity. If the set does not function, reverse the plug. On a-c, reversal of the plug may reduce hum.

Resistor in Power Cord.—The power cord contains a resistor which becomes warm during operation.

Antenna.—The set is equipped with length of antenna wire. Do not connect the antenna to ground. If an outdoor antenna is used, it should not be longer than 100 feet, including lead-in. If it is longer, connect a 100 to 200 mmf. capacitor in series with the lead-in.

Precautionary Lead Dress

1. Dress 1st I-F plate and grid leads against chassis and away from each other. Dress plate lead from 6SK7 close to chassis.
2. Dress electrolytic capacitor against rear apron.
3. Keep leads away from adjusting screws to allow easy access.
4. Dress output plate lead along front apron and away from 6A8.
5. Dress parts at ends of chassis to clear cabinet bosses.



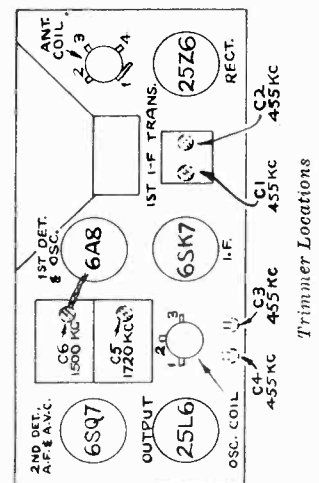
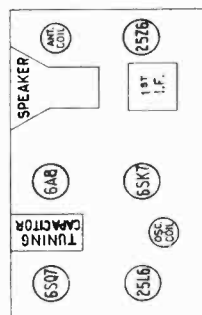
— 1939 No. 5 —

Alignment Procedure

Test-Oscillator.—Connect the low side of the test-oscillator to the receiver chassis, through a .01 mfd. capacitor, and keep the output as low as possible. The antenna should be rolled up and kept at least one foot from chassis during alignment.

Steps	Connect the high side of test-oscillator to—	Tune test-osc. to—	Turn radio dial to—	Adjust the following for max. peak output—
1	6A8 1st-Det. grid cap. in series with .01 mfd.	455 kc	Quiet point at 1,600 kc end of dial	C1, C2, C3, C4 (1st and 2nd I-F transformers)
2	Antenna term. of ant. trans. in series with 100 mmfd.	1,720 kc	Full clockwise (out of mesh)	C5 (oscillator)
3		1,500 kc	Resonance on 1,500 kc signal.	C6 (antenna)

Output Meter Alignment.—Connect the meter across the voice coil, and turn the receiver volume control to maximum.



Trimmer Locations

MODELS 9TX-21, 9TX-22
Chassis RC-403
MODEL 9TX-23, Chas. RC-403A
MODEL 9TX-31, Chas. RC-405

RCA MFG. CO., INC.

MODEL 9TX-32, Chas. RC405A
MODEL 9TX-33, Chas. RC405B
Parts Lists

Models 9TX-21, -22, and -23

Chassis No. RC-403 RC-403 RC-403A

Replacement Parts

Insist on genuine factory-tested parts, which are readily identified and may be purchased from authorized dealers.

STOCK No.	DESCRIPTION	Unit List Price	STOCK No.	DESCRIPTION	Unit List Price
X-638	Cabinet for 9TX21 (Walnut Finish) (net)	1.35	32943	Nut—Speed nut to fasten dial—Models 9TX21 and 9TX22 . . . . .	.01
X-639	Cabinet for 9TX22 (Ivory Finish) (net)	2.20		Plate—Dial color plate—Model 9TX23 . . . . .	.25
X-640	Cabinet for 9TX23 (Wood-Walnut Finish) (net)	3.25	33292	Pulley—Drive cord pulley—Model 9TX23 . . . . .	.02
32572	Coil—Antenna coil . . . . .	.60	33294	Resistor—100 ohms, $\frac{1}{2}$ watt . . . . .	.20
32573	Coil—Oscillator coil . . . . .	.50	14439	Resistor—120 ohms, wire wound . . . . .	.20
13057	Condenser—60 mmfd. . . . .	.35	32535	Resistor—47,000 ohms, $\frac{1}{2}$ watt . . . . .	.20
12488	Condenser—250 mmfd. . . . .	.35	12412	Resistor—220,000 ohms, $\frac{1}{2}$ watt . . . . .	.20
12952	Condenser—300 mmfd. . . . .	.35	12264	Resistor—470,000 ohms, $\frac{1}{2}$ watt . . . . .	.20
30433	Condenser—400 mmfd. . . . .	.35	12285	Resistor—2.2 meg., $\frac{1}{2}$ watt . . . . .	.20
4858	Condenser—.01 mfd. . . . .	.25	12679	Resistor—10 meg., $\frac{1}{2}$ watt . . . . .	.20
4870	Condenser—.025 mfd. . . . .	.20	13601	Shaft—Tuning knob shaft—Models 9TX21 and 9TX22 . . . . .	.20
4886	Condenser—.05 mfd. . . . .	.20	32945	Shaft—Tuning knob shaft and bushing—Model 9TX23 . . . . .	.30
4839	Condenser—.01 mfd. . . . .	.30		Socket—Dial lamp socket . . . . .	.15
32576	Condenser—Electrolytic, one section 20 mfd., one section 12 mfd. . . . .	.90	33293	Socket—Tube socket . . . . .	.20
32944	Condenser—2-gang variable tuning	2.20	33290	Speaker—Complete with transformer	4.00
32634	Cord—Drive cord . . . . .	.10	32537	Spring—Dial knob spring . . . . .	.01
32577	Cord—Resistance power cord . . . . .	.95	32575	Spring—Drive cord tension spring—Models 9TX21 and 9TX22 . . . . .	.05
32942	Dial—Glass dial scale—Models 9TX21, 9TX22 . . . . .	.30	32803	Spring—Drive cord tension spring—Model 9TX23 . . . . .	.02
33289	Dial—Glass dial scale—Model 9TX23 . . . . .	.40	32947	Spring—Drive drum retaining spring—Model 9TX23 . . . . .	.06
33297	Drive—Dial drive mechanism comprising drive drum, cord, shaft, dial color plate, back plate and pulleys assembled—Model 9TX23 . . . . .	.85	31615	Spring—Knob or drive drum retaining spring . . . . .	.02
32946	Drum—Variable condenser drive drum and indicator disc—Models 9TX21 and 9TX22 . . . . .	.35	33296	Transformer—First i. f. transformer	1.20
33006	Feet—Rubber feet for 9TX23 . . . . .	.03	32667	Transformer—Output transformer	1.25
33295	Indicator—Dial pointer—Model 9TX23 . . . . .	.25	32574	Transformer—Second i. f. transformer . . . . .	.90
32447	Knob—Ivory knob (tuning or volume) Model 9TX22 . . . . .	.15	32581	Volume Control and power switch—Models 9TX21 and 9TX22	1.50
32571	Knob—Tan knob (tuning or volume) Models 9TX21 and 9TX23 . . . . .	.15	32534	Volume Control and switch—Model 9TX23	1.50
31480	Lamp—Dial lamp—Mazda 47 . . . . .	.20	32578		
12409	Lead—Antenna lead . . . . .	.45	33291		

MODELS 9TX-31, 9TX-32, 9TX-33

Chassis No. RC-405, RC-405A, RC-405B

Replacement Parts

Insist on genuine factory-tested parts, which are readily identified and may be purchased from authorized dealers.

STOCK No.	DESCRIPTION	Unit List Price	STOCK No.	DESCRIPTION	Unit List Price
X-638	Cabinet for 9TX31 (Walnut Finish) (net)	1.35	33297	Drive—Dial drive mechanism—comprising drive drum, cord, shaft, dial color plate, back plate and pulleys assembled (Model 9TX33) . . . . .	.85
X-639	Cabinet for 9TX32 (Ivory Finish) (net)	2.20		Drum—Variable condenser drive drum and indicator disc (Models 9TX31 and 9TX32) . . . . .	.35
X-640	Cabinet for 9TX33 (Wood—Walnut Finish) (net)	3.25	32946	Feet—Rubber feet for 9TX33 . . . . .	.03
12488	Capacitor—250 mmfd. . . . .	.35	33006	Indicator—Dial pointer (Model 9TX33) . . . . .	.25
12952	Capacitor—300 mmfd. . . . .	.35	33295	Knob—Ivory knob (tuning or volume) (Model 9TX32) . . . . .	.15
4838	Capacitor—.005 mfd. . . . .	.25	32447	Knob—Tan knob (tuning or volume) (Models 9TX31 and 9TX33) . . . . .	.15
4937	Capacitor—.01 mfd. . . . .	.25	32571	Lamp—Dial lamp—Mazda 47 . . . . .	.20
12484	Capacitor—.025 mfd. . . . .	.30	12409	Lead—Antenna lead . . . . .	.45
32572	Coil—Antenna coil . . . . .	.60	32943	Nut—Speed nut to fasten dial (Models 9TX31 and 9TX32) . . . . .	.01
32962	Coil—Oscillator coil . . . . .	.60		Plate—Dial color plate (Model 9TX33) . . . . .	.25
13057	Condenser—60 mmfd. . . . .	.35	33292	Pulley—Drive cord pulley (Model 9TX33) . . . . .	.02
30433	Condenser—400 mmfd. . . . .	.35	32970	Resistor—Dial lamp resistor—24 ohms . . . . .	.15
4870	Condenser—.025 mfd. . . . .	.20	32971	Resistor—Series dropping resistor—42 ohms . . . . .	.15
4839	Condenser—.01 mfd. . . . .	.30	13428	Resistor—150 ohms, $\frac{1}{2}$ watt . . . . .	.20
32576	Condenser—Electrolytic, one section 20 mfd., one section 12 mfd. . . . .	.90	30538	Resistor—330 ohms, $\frac{1}{2}$ watt . . . . .	.20
32968	Condenser—2-gang variable tuning	2.25	32803	Spring—Dial knob spring . . . . .	.01
32634	Cord—Drive cord . . . . .	.10	32947	Spring—Drive cord tension spring (Models 9TX31 and 9TX32) . . . . .	.05
32942	Dial—Glass dial scale (Models 9TX31, 9TX32) . . . . .	.30	31615	Spring—Drive cord tension spring (Model 9TX33) . . . . .	.02
33289	Dial—Glass dial scale (Model 9TX33) . . . . .	.40	33296	Spring—Drive drum retaining spring (Model 9TX33) . . . . .	.06
13998	Resistor—22,000 ohms, $\frac{1}{2}$ watt . . . . .	.20	32667	Spring—Knob or drive drum retaining spring . . . . .	.02
12412	Resistor—47,000 ohms, $\frac{1}{2}$ watt . . . . .	.20	32966	Transformer—First i-f transformer	1.25
12264	Resistor—220,000 ohms, $\frac{1}{2}$ watt . . . . .	.20	32967	Transformer—Second i-f transformer	1.05
12285	Resistor—470,000 ohms, $\frac{1}{2}$ watt . . . . .	.20	32964	Transformer—Output transformer	1.25
12679	Resistor—2.2 meg., $\frac{1}{2}$ watt . . . . .	.20	32578	Volume Control and power switch (Models 9TX31 and 9TX32)	1.50
13601	Resistor—10 meg., $\frac{1}{2}$ watt . . . . .	.20	32545	Volume Control and switch (Model 9TX33)	1.50
32945	Shaft—Tuning knob shaft (Models 9TX31 and 9TX32) . . . . .	.20			
33293	Shaft—Tuning knob shaft and bushing (Model 9TX33) . . . . .	.30			
32969	Socket—Dial lamp socket . . . . .	.25			
14278	Socket—Phonograph socket . . . . .	.25			
32537	Socket—Tube socket . . . . .	.20			
32963	Speaker—Complete with transformer	3.95			

ALL PRICES ARE SUBJECT TO CHANGE OR WITHDRAWAL WITHOUT NOTICE.

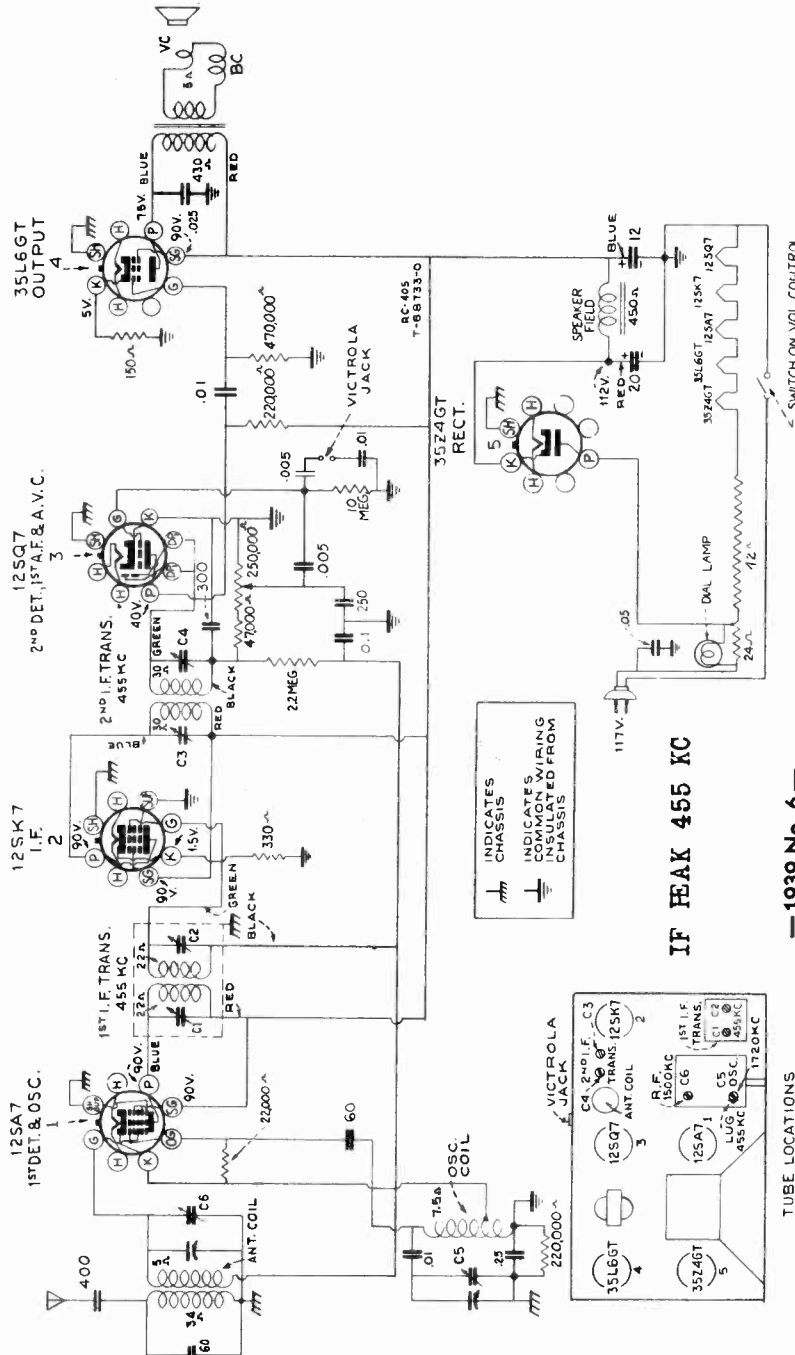
RCA MFG. CO., INC.

MODELS 9TX-31, Chas. RC-405
 9TX-32, Chas. RC-405A, 9TX-33
 Chas. RC-405B
 Schematic, Voltage, Socket
 Trimmers, Alignment, Data

Electrical and Mechanical Specifications

FREQUENCY RANGE 530-1,720 kc
 TUBE COMPLEMENT
 (1) RCA-12SA7 1st-Detector—Oscillator
 (2) RCA-12SK7 I-F Amplifier
 (3) RCA-12SQ7 2nd-Detector, 1st A-F, and A.V.C.
 (4) RCA-35L6GT Power Output
 (5) RCA-35Z4GT Half-Wave Rectifier
 Dial Lamp (1) Mazda 47, 6.3 volts, .15 amp.
 POWER SUPPLY RATINGS
 A-C Rating 105-125 volts, 50-60 cycles, 30 watts
 D-C Rating 105-125 volts, direct current, 30 watts

INTERMEDIATE FREQUENCY 455 kc
 POWER OUTPUT (125 volt, 60 cycle supply)
 Undistorted 1.5 watts
 Maximum 2.0 watts
 LOUDSPEAKER
 Type 4-inch Electrodynamic
 Cabinet Dimensions { Height Width Depth
 9TX-31.. 5 1/2 inches .. 8 1/2 inches .. 4 1/2 inches
 9TX-32.. 5 1/2 inches .. 8 1/2 inches .. 4 1/2 inches
 9TX-33.. 6 1/2 inches .. 9 1/2 inches .. 4 1/2 inches
 Weight (net) 9TX-31, 32.. 4 1/2 pounds; 9TX-33.. 5 1/2 pounds



Model 9TX-31
 Walnut Finish, Tan Knobs

Model 9TX-32
 Ivory Finish, Ivory Knobs

Model 9TX-33
 Heart Walnut, Ornamental Sides
 Tan Knobs

Alignment Procedure

Output Meter Alignment.—Connect the meter across the voice coil, and turn the receiver volume control to maximum.
 Test-Oscillator.—Connect the low side of the test-oscillator to the receiver chassis, through a .01 mfd. capacitor, and keep the output as low as possible.

Steps	Connect the high side of test-oscillator to—	Tune test-osc. to—	Turn radio dial to—	Adjust the following for maximum peak output—
1	Tuning condenser (osc.) in series with .01 mfd.	455 kc	Quiet point at 1,600 kc end of dial	C1, C2, C3, C4 (1st and 2nd I-F transformers)
2	Antenna term. of ant. trans. in series with 100 mmfd.	1,720 kc	Full clockwise (out of mesh)	C5 (oscillator)
3		1,500 kc	Resonance on 1,500 kc signal	C6 (antenna)

Precautionary Lead Dress

1. Dress 1st I-F plate and grid leads against chassis and away from each other. Dress plate lead from 12SK7 close to chassis.
2. Dress electrolytic capacitor against rear apron.

Power-Supply Polarity.—For operation on d-c, the power plug must be inserted in the outlet for correct polarity. If the set does not function, reverse the plug. On a-c, reversal of the plug may reduce hum.

Antenna.—The set is equipped with length of antenna wire. Do not connect the antenna to ground. If an outdoor antenna is used, it should not be longer than 100 feet, including lead-in. If it is longer, connect a 100 to 200 mmfd. capacitor in series with the lead-in.

Victrola Attachment.—A jack is provided on the rear of chassis for connecting a Victrola Attachment into the audio-amplifying circuit. The cable from the Victrola Attachment should be terminated in a Stock No. 81048 plug to fit the jack.

IF PEAK 455 KC

— 1939 No. 6 —

MODEL 9TX-50, Chassis RC-435
Schematic, Voltage, Socket
Trimmers, Alignment, Data, Parts

RCA MFG. CO., INC.

Output Meter Alignment.—Connect the meter across the voice coil, and turn the receiver volume control to maximum.

Test-Oscillator.—Connect the low side of the test-oscillator to the receiver chassis, through a .01 mfd. capacitor, and keep the output as low as possible.

Pre-Setting Dial.—With gang condenser in full mesh, the pointer should be adjusted so that top edge of pointer just touches rivet in dial plate.

Antenna.—The set is equipped with a built-in loop antenna. If an outdoor antenna is used, it may be connected to the "ANT" terminal on rear of cabinet. It should not be longer than 100 feet, including lead-in. If it is longer, connect a 100 to 200 mmf. capacitor in series with the lead-in.

Power-Supply Polarity.—For operation on d-c, the power plug must be inserted in the outlet for correct polarity. If the set does not function, reverse the plug. On a-c, reversal of the plug may reduce hum.

Victrola Attachment.—A jack is provided on the rear of cabinet for connecting a Victrola Attachment into the audio-amplifying circuit. The cable from the Victrola Attachment should be terminated in a Stock No. 31048 plug to fit the jack.

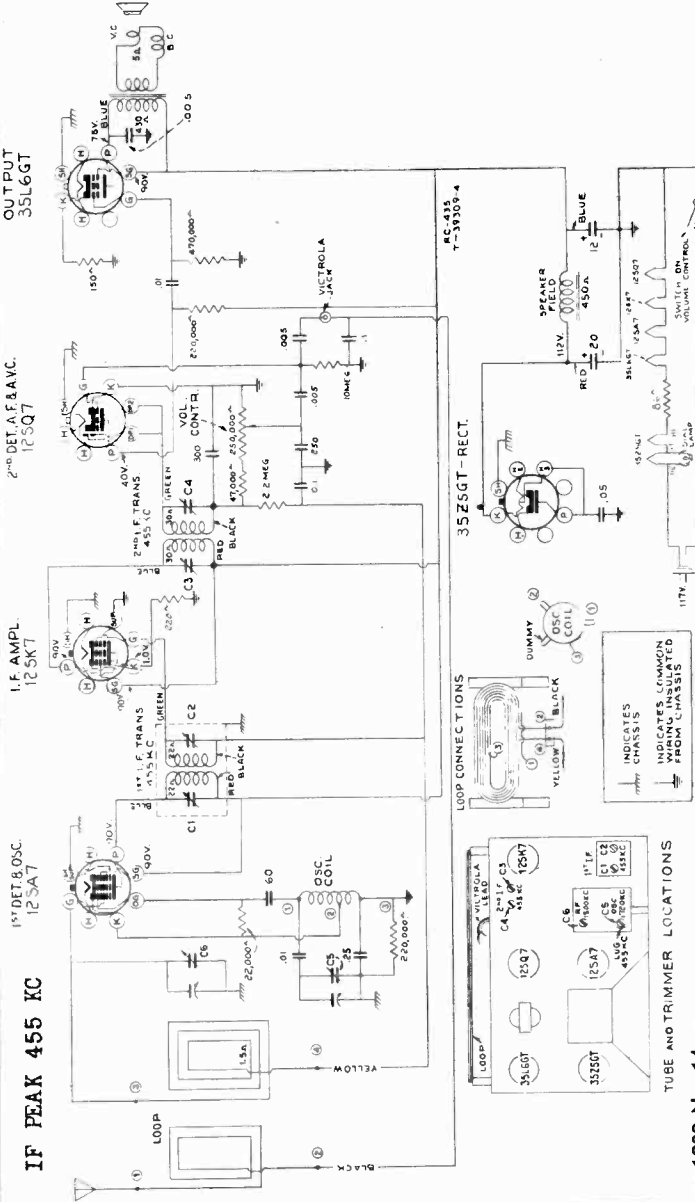
Steps	Connect the high side of test-oscillator to—	Tune test-osc. to—	Turn radio dial to—	Adjust the following for max. peak output—
1	Tuning condenser (osc.) in series with .01 mfd.	455 kc	Quiet point at 1,800 kc end of dial	C1, C2, C3, C4 (1st and 2nd I-F transformers)
2	Antenna term. of ant. loop in series with 100 mmfd.	1,720 kc	Full clockwise (out of mesh)	C5 (oscillator)
3		1,600 kc	Resonance on 1,500 kc signal	C6 (antenna)

Precautionary Lead Dress

1. Dress 2nd I-F green lead close to chassis and under other parts.
2. Dress lead from gang condenser to grid of 12SA7 close to chassis and away from 12SQ7 socket.
3. Dress blue 1st I-F lead under volume control close to chassis.
4. Dress blue 2nd I-F lead close to chassis and behind 12SK7 socket.

Electrical and Mechanical Specifications

FREQUENCY RANGE	540-1,720 kc
Intermediate Frequency	455 kc
TUBE COMPLEMENT	
(1) RCA-12SA7	1st Detector-Oscillator
(2) RCA-12SK7	I-F Amplifier
(3) RCA-12SQ7	2nd Detector, 1st A-F and A.V.C.
(4) RCA-35L6GT	Power Output
(5) RCA-35Z5GT	Half-Wave Rectifier
Dial Lamp (1)	Mazda 47, 6.3 volts, .15 amp.
POWER SUPPLY RATINGS	
A.C. Rating	105-125 volts, 50-60 cycles, 30 watts
D.C. Rating	105-125 volts, direct current, 30 watts
POWER OUTPUT (125 volt, 60 cycle supply)	
Undistorted	1.5 watts
Maximum	2.0 watts
LOUDSPEAKER	
Type	4-inch Electrodynamic
Cabinet Dimensions (inches)	Height 7 1/2, Width 11 1/2, Depth 6 1/2
Weight (net)	6 1/2 pounds



Model 9TX-50 Regular Mahogany Cabinet

Model 9TX-50 Light Mahogany Cabinet

Features of design include: New Type, single-ended tubes (12SA7, 12SK7, and 12SQ7); edge-lighted dial; dust-proof electrodynamic loudspeaker; "Magic Voice"; "Magic Loop"; Television-Victrola Jack; and Beam Power Output.

In list on genuine factory-tested parts, which are readily identified and may be purchased from authorized dealer.

STOCK No.	DESCRIPTION	Unit List Price	STOCK No.	DESCRIPTION	Unit List Price
32868	Capacitor—2 gang variable tuning	2.25	12285	Resistor—470,000 ohms, 1/2 watt	.20
13057	Capacitor—60 mmfd.	.35	12679	Resistor—2.2 meg., 1/2 watt	.20
12486	Capacitor—250 mmfd.	.35	32293	Shaft—Tuning knob shaft and bushing	.30
14328	Capacitor—500 mfd.	.25	32567	Socket—Dial Light	.20
32787	Capacitor—105 mfd.	.20	32537	Socket—Tube Socket	.20
12484	Capacitor—25 mfd.	.30	31615	Spring—Drive cord tension spring	.06
32576	Capacitor—Electrolytic 20-12 mfd.	.90	33298	Spring—Drum retaining spring	1.25
32634	Coil—Oscillator coil	.60	32968	Transformer—I. F. Input	1.25
33662	Coil—Drive cord and indicator drum	.25	33291	Volume Control	1.50
33295	Indicator—Dial pointer	.25	SPEAKER ASSEMBLIES		
31480	Lamp—Pilot Lamp	4.00	33740	Speaker—Complete	4.00
33663	Loop—Antenna loop	1.20	33741	Transformer—Output	1.15
33558	Resistor—86 ohms	.15	MISCELLANEOUS ASSEMBLIES		
13428	Resistor—150 ohms, 1/2 watt	.20	32889	Dial—Dial Scale	.40
14561	Resistor—220 ohms, 1/2 watt	.20	33016	Foot—Rubber foot for cabinet	.03
13998	Resistor—22,000 ohms, 1/2 watt	.20	33742	Knob—Turning on volume control knob	.16
12734	Resistor—27,000 ohms, 1/2 watt	.20	33742	Socket—Phonograph input socket	.20
12264	Resistor—220,000 ohms, 1/2 watt	.20	ALL PRICES ARE SUBJECT TO CHANGE OR WITHDRAWAL WITHOUT NOTICE.		

Schematic Changes
Parts

RCA MFG. CO., INC.

MODEL D22-1A

Model D22-1A

Service Data for Model D22-1 are directly applicable to these instruments except as follows:

- (1) The schematic circuit diagram for Model D22-1A is shown by figure 5.
- (2) The metal rectifier socket wiring for tube No. 14 is shown by figure 2.
- (3) Figure 3 shows the Pickup details.
- (4) The phonograph motor is of the capacitor type. Light machine oil should be used to lubricate the motor bearings. The motor is wired in this instrument as follows: One power-supply lead connects to one terminal of switch S201. The other terminal of S201 connects to one terminal of the brake switch S202. The other terminal of S202 connects to the yellow motor lead. The green motor lead connects to one lead of the motor capacitor. The red motor lead connects to the other capacitor lead and also to the remaining power-supply lead.
- (5) The Radiotron socket voltages (figure 4 herein) apply to all Models D22-1 or D22-1A and should be used in place of figure 4 of the D22-1 Service Data.
- (6) The resistor assembly R44 and R45 is mounted on the front chassis apron instead of the rear chassis apron.
- (7) Change price on Stock No. 11879 Transformer from \$3.50 to \$8.15.
- (8) Change price on Stock No. 11541 Arm from \$0.82 to \$8.15.

- (9) Change price on Stock No. 11480 Microphone from \$7.05 to \$7.50.
- (10) Refer to Substitute and Additional Replacement Parts contained herein for other parts changes.

Stock No.	Model D22-1 A (use replacement parts from D22-1 except as listed below)	LIST PRICE
13405	Armature—Pickup armature.....	.95
4870	Capacitor—.025 mfd. (C47).....	.20
11195	Socket—Five-contact Rectifier Radiotron socket for tube No. 14.....	.15
11887	Transformer—Power transformer—105-125 volts—25-50 cycles.....	6.95
11880	Transformer—Power transformer—105-125 volts—50-60 cycles—(T1).....	5.80
12051	Capacitor—2-mfd. complete with 2-contact male connector for use with motor Stock Nos. 9650 or 9651—(C217)...	4.18
13101	Capacitor—4-mfd. complete with 2-contact male connector for use with motor Stock No. 9735—(C217).....	5.05
4674	Connector—2-contact male connector for capacitor Stock No. 12051 or 13101..	.25
9735	Motor—105-125 volts—25 cycles—(M1)	49.50
9651	Motor—105-125 volts—50 cycles—(M1)	35.35
9650	Motor—105-125 volts—60 cycles—(M1)	35.35
12050	Suspension Spring—Motor mounting spring, washer, and stud assembly—comprising six springs, six cup washers, three spring washers and three studs.....	.60
11997	Capacitor—75 mmfd.—(C216).....	.14
12352	Filter—Microphone and pickup input filter pack—(L307, C218, R223).....	1.85

SEE RIDER'S VOL. VI FOR OTHER DATA

The prices quoted above are subject to change without notice.

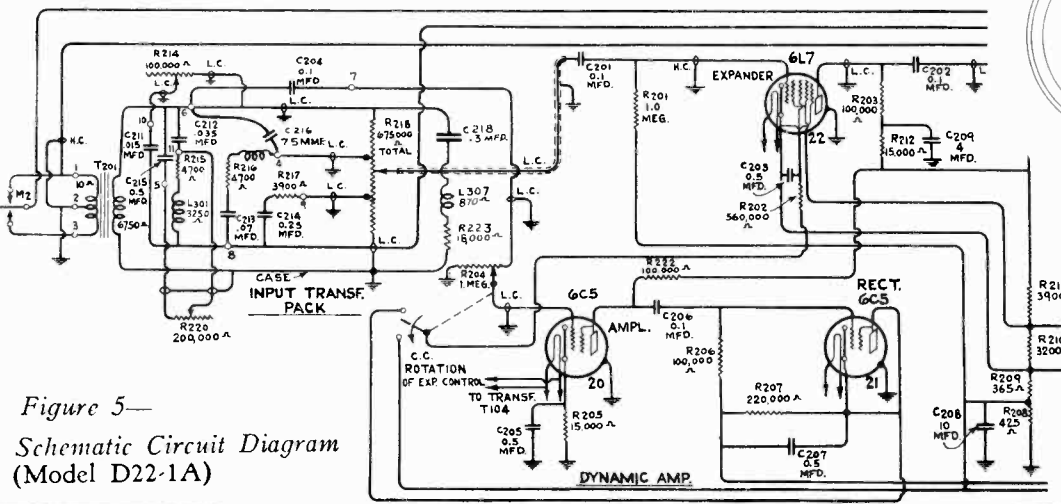
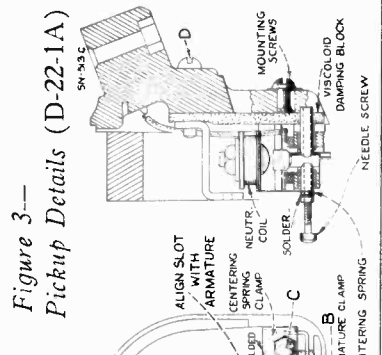
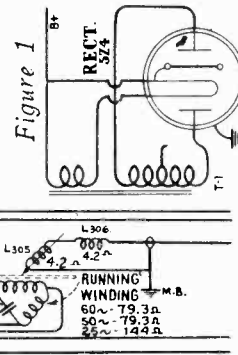
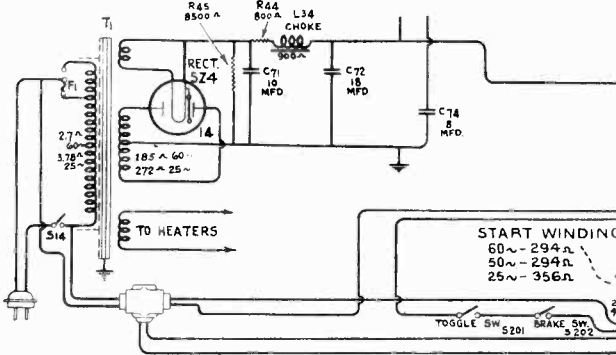


Figure 5—
Schematic Circuit Diagram
(Model D22-1A)

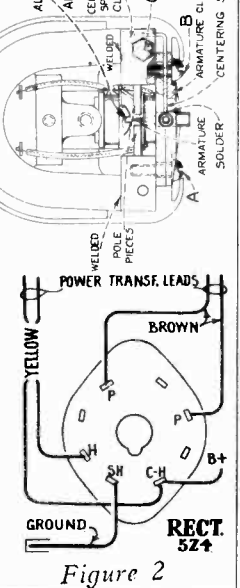
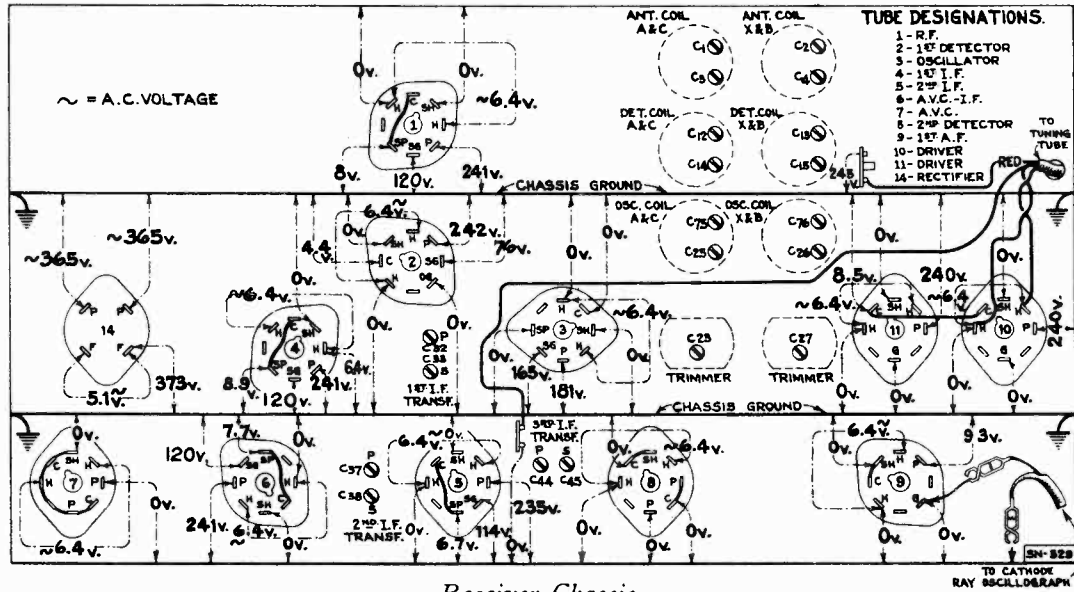


Figure 2

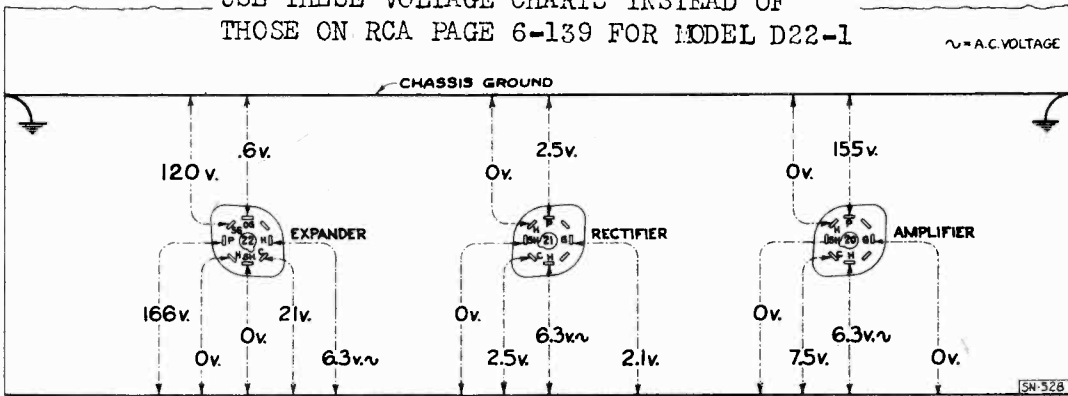
MODEL D22-1
Corrected Voltage
MODEL D22-1A
Voltage

RCA MFG. CO., INC.

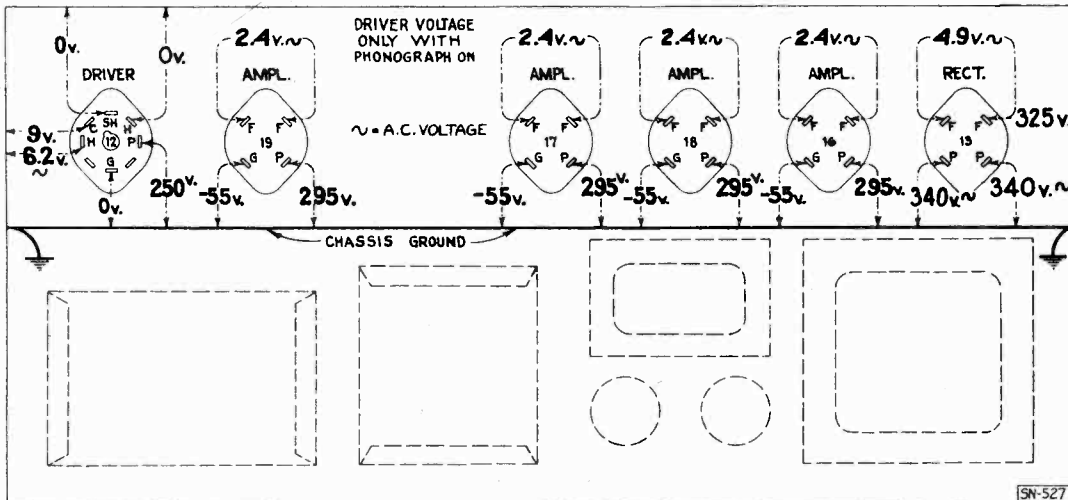


Receiver Chassis

USE THESE VOLTAGE CHARTS INSTEAD OF THOSE ON RCA PAGE 6-139 FOR MODEL D22-1



Dynamic Amplifier



Power Amplifier

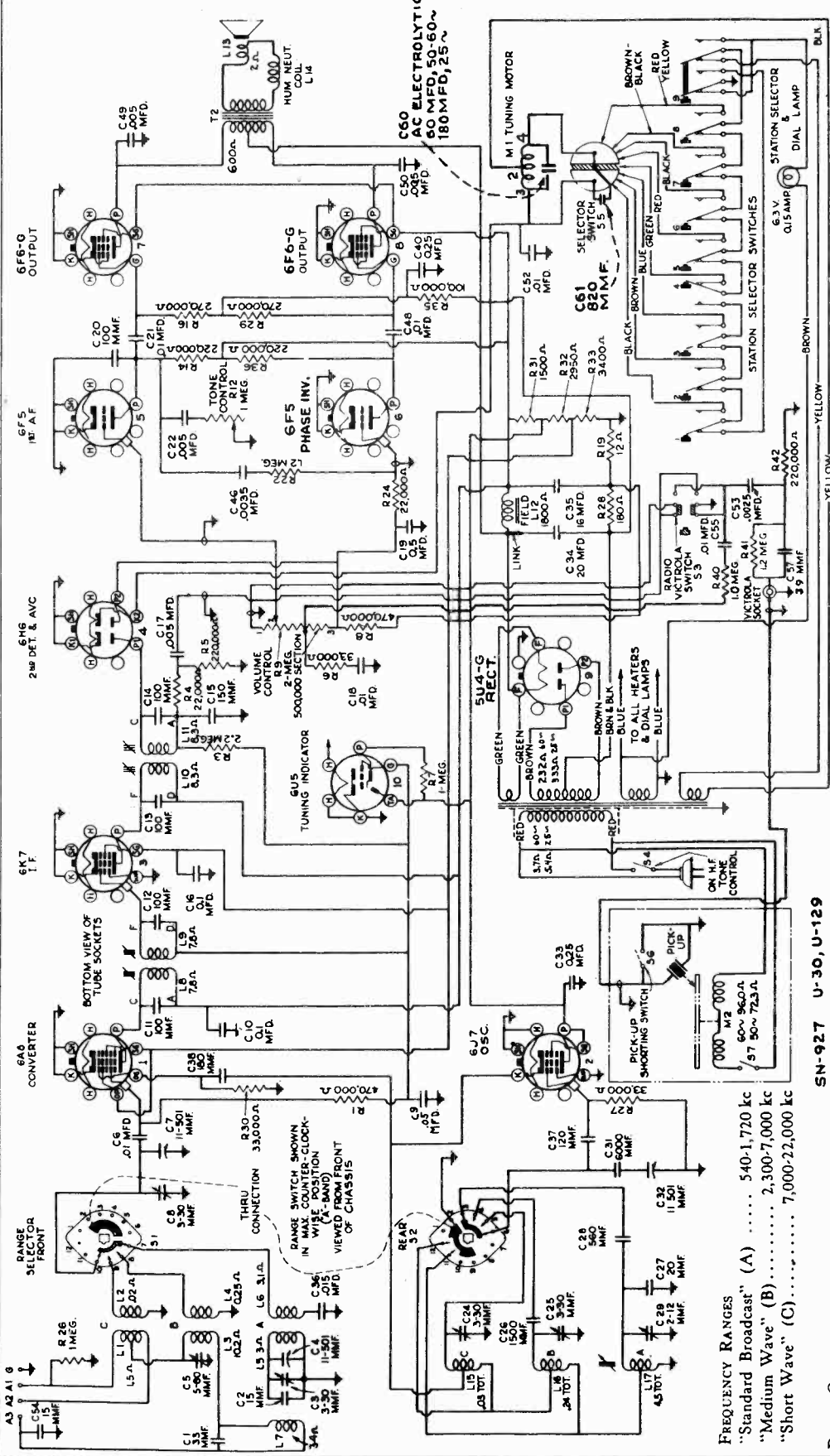
Figure 4—Radiotron Socket Voltages (D22-1 and D22-1A)
Measured at 115 volts, 60-cycle supply—No signal being received

RCA MFG. CO., INC.

MODELS U-30, Chas. RC-335KR
 U-129, Chas. RC-335K
 Schematic, Data

Schematic Circuit Diagram

In Model U-80, a 1.0 megohm resistor (R49) is connected from the Victrola socket to chassis.



SN-927 U-30, U-129
 INTERMEDIATE FREQUENCY 455 kc
 -1939 No. 11 -
 FOR DIAL CALIBRATION
 SEE INDEX
MODELS U-30 and U-129
 Chassis No. RC-335KR,
Ten-Tube, Three-Band, Electric Tuning, A-C Victrolas

FREQUENCY RANGES
 "Standard Broadcast" (A) 540-1,720 kc
 "Medium Wave" (B) 2,300-7,000 kc
 "Short Wave" (C) 7,000-22,000 kc

POWER OUTPUT
 Undistorted 10 watts
 Maximum 12 watts

PHONOGRAPH
 Record Capacity Seven ten or twelve inch
 Turntable Speed 78 R.P.M. (Adjustable)

LOUDSPEAKER
 Type 12-inch Electrodynamc
 Voice Coil Impedance 2.2 ohms at 400 cycles

Type Pickup Crystal
 Pickup Impedance 80,000 ohms at 1,000 cycles

Radio Only	Total
A 105-125 volts, 50-60 cycles, 120 watts	145 watts
A-6 105-125 volts, 60 cycles, 120 watts	145 watts
B-2 105-125 volts, 25 cycles, 120 watts	145 watts
C 105-130/140-160/200-250 volts, 50-60 cycles, 120 watts	145 watts
C-6 105-130/140-160/200-250 volts, 60 cycles, 120 watts	145 watts

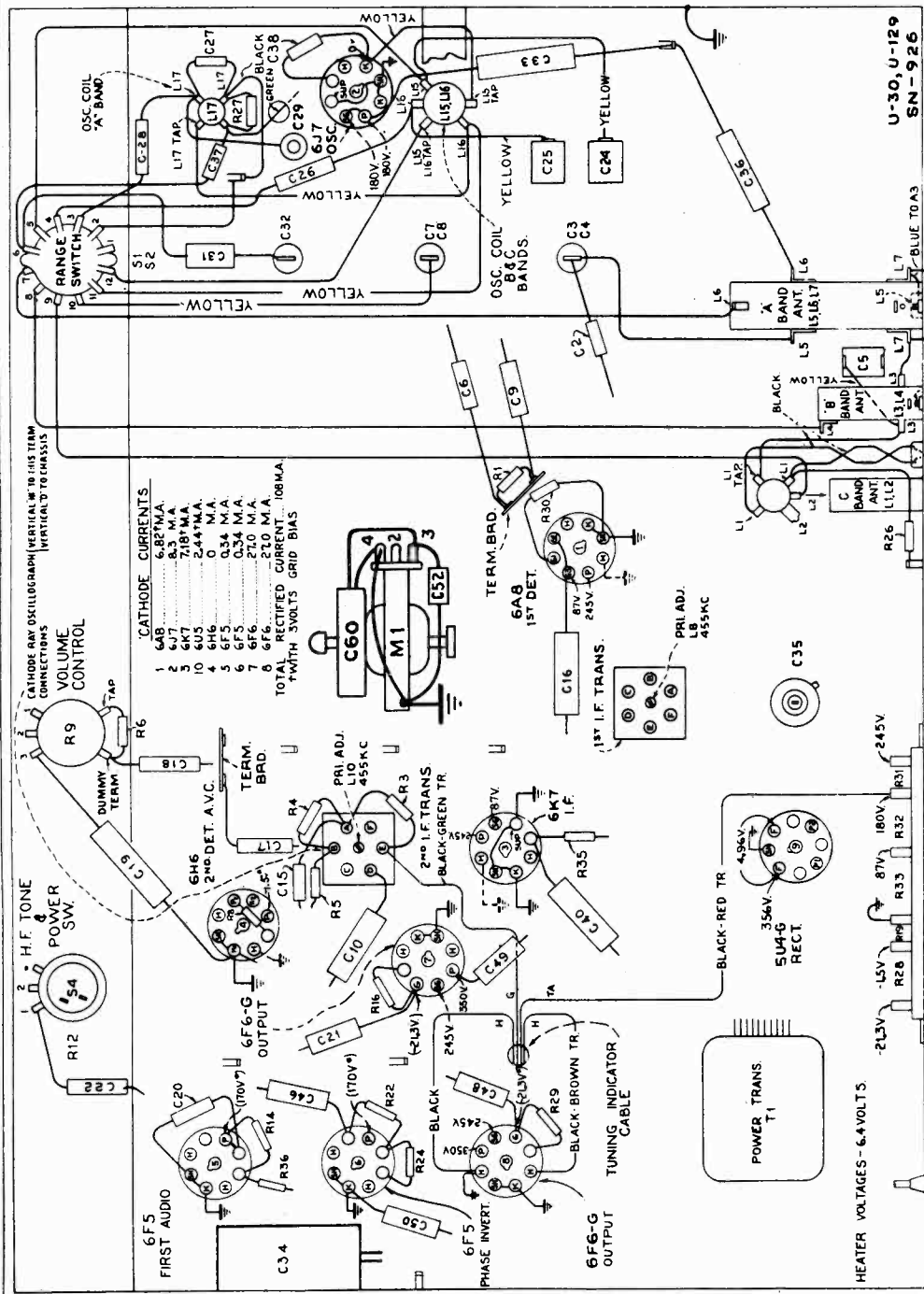
MODELS U-30, Chas. RC-335KR
 U-129, Chas. RC-335K
 Voltage, Chassis Wiring
 Transformer, Notes

RCA MFG. CO., INC.

- TUBE COMPLEMENT**
- (1) RCA-6A8..... First Det.
 - (2) RCA-6I7..... Oscillator
 - (3) RCA-6K7..... I.F. Amp.
 - (4) RCA-6H6..... 2nd Det. and A.V.C.
 - (5) RCA-6F5..... First Audio
 - (6) RCA-6F5..... Phase Inverter
 - (7) RCA-6F6-G..... Power Output
 - (8) RCA-6F6-G..... Power Output
 - (9) RCA-5U4-G..... Rectifier
 - (10) RCA-6U5..... "Magic Eye"

Height (inches).....	34	35
Width (inches).....	36 3/4	33 3/4
Depth (inches).....	17 1/8	17

Weight (Net lbs.).....	101	104
Weight (Shipping lbs.).....	141	134



R-F Winding Diagram and Socket Voltages

Measurements made to chassis unless otherwise indicated.
 Values should hold within approximately ±20% with 117-volt a-c supply.

NOTE: Values with star () are operating voltages in circuits with high series-resistance, and when measured with set tuned to quiet point, volume control at minimum.

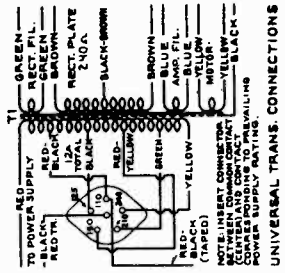
Values with star (*) are operating voltages in circuits with high series-resistance, and when measured with set tuned to quiet point, volume control at minimum.

General Description

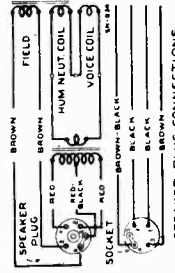
These receivers employ a ten-tube, three-band, "Magic Brain" superheterodyne circuit. Features of design include: "Electric Tuning" for eight broadcast stations; a link-coupled antenna circuit; magnetic-core i-f transformers and "A" band oscillator coil; full automatic volume control; "Magic Eye" tuning tube; improved 12-inch dust-proof electro-dynamic loudspeaker; aurally compensated audio volume control; continuously variable high-frequency tone control; provision for armchair control attachment; illuminated band indicator; noise-reducing antenna adjustment on "A" band;

temperature-stabilized capacitors; phase inverter audio amplifier; and push-pull power output stage.

The phonograph has a self-starting motor, crystal pickup, and may be set to play ten-inch and twelve-inch records singly, or automatically. In the automatic position, seven twelve-inch; eight ten-inch; or a mixed group of seven, ten- and twelve-inch records, may be played in succession. The output of the pickup is "shorted" out when the pickup is on the pickup rest.



Above — Universal Power Transformer Connections



Above — Connections and Colors of Loudspeaker and Cable

U-30, U-129

RCA MFG. CO., INC.

MODELS U-30, Chas. RC-335KR
 U-129, Chas. RC-335K
 Alignment, Socket, Trimmers
 Tuner Data, Antenna Data

ADJUSTMENTS FOR ELECTRIC TUNING

1. Make a list of the desired eight stations, arranged in order from low to high frequencies.
2. Turn range selector to "A" band, turn power on, and allow a few minutes for warming up.
3. Press down the "dial-tuning" (right-hand) button.
4. Manually tune in the first station on the list, using the "Magic Eye" for accurate tuning.
5. Hold down the "dial-tuning" button, and press down station button No. 1 (second from left). Both buttons will stay down. Move adjusting pin No. 1 to the insulating line on the disc at rear of gang. When the pin is correctly centered on the insulating line, the central dial lamp will go out.
6. Press down any other button in order to release the dial-tuning button and station button No. 1. Then press down station button No. 1 again. The electric tuning mechanism will function to tune in the station, and the central dial lamp will stay on.
7. Repeat this process for the remaining stations.

Antenna Connections

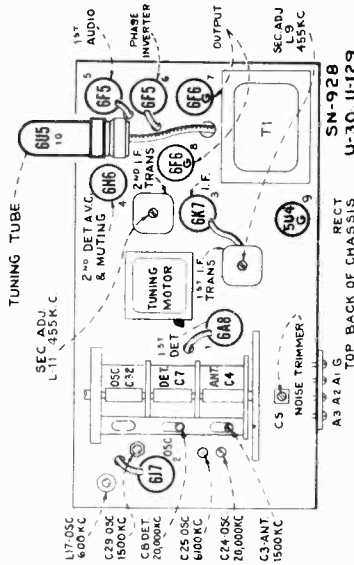
RCA Victor Master Antenna Kit.—Connect the twisted-pair transmission line to terminals A1 and A2 on the terminal board at rear of chassis. Connect the counter-poise to A3. Terminal G may be connected to ground, but this connection is not necessary for correct operation.

Noise-Reducing Adjustment.—After the RCA Victor Master Antenna Kit is connected to the receiver, tune the receiver to a point near 900 kc where no station is heard. Turn volume control clockwise until noise is heard. If no noise of a regular character is audible, start any brush-type motor-driven appliance, such as a vacuum cleaner, electric razor, refrigerator, etc., but do not bring it too near the receiver. This will generate noise as a continuous crackling, or buzz. Adjust C5, which is mounted behind the antenna terminal board, to a point where this noise is reduced to a minimum.

Adjustment of the noise reducing trimmer C5 should be made in the customer's home, with the RCA Victor Master Antenna connected to the receiver.

This adjustment is effective only when the RCA Victor Master Antenna is used. For all other types of antenna, the noise-adjustment trimmer C5 should be screwed all the way down.

Other Antennas.—Use terminals A1 and A3 on the receiver terminal board as antenna and ground connecting points respectively. Terminal A3 may be connected to terminal G, unless this causes interference, in which case this connection should be omitted.



should be cemented in place upon completion of adjustment.

Cautionary Lead Dress.—(1) The lead from the left pilot light should be kept behind the bulb and toward the "Magic Eye," to keep it away from the 6F5 grid cap, (2) leads from mica trimmers to coil should be kept away from the coil and other parts, (3) leads on oscillator coil which are an extended part of the coil winding should be as short as possible, (4) "C" band series capacitor C31 must have leads as short as possible, (5) all leads from antenna board to antenna coils should be dressed toward back apron, (6) the one lead of the line cord and the primary lead of the power transformer which run to the power switch should be twisted together, (7) shielding on leads to Victrola switch should be kept away from the switch terminals and jack.

ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

Calibration Scale on Indicator-Drive-Cord Drum.—The tuning dial is fastened in the cabinet and cannot be used for reference during alignment, therefore a calibration scale is attached to the rear of the indicator-drive-cord drum which is mounted on the front shaft of the gang condenser. The setting of the gang condenser is read on this scale, which is calibrated in degrees. The correct setting of the gang in degrees, for each alignment frequency, is given in the alignment table.

As the first step in r-f alignment, check the position of the drum. The "0" mark on the drum scale must be vertical, and directly over the center of the gang-condenser shaft when the plates are fully meshed. The drum is held to the shaft by means of two set screws, which must be tightened securely when the drum is in the correct position.

Pointer for Calibration Scale.—Improvise a pointer for the calibration scale by fastening a piece of wire to the gang-condenser frame, and bend the wire so that it points to the "0" mark on the calibration scale when the plates are fully meshed.

Dial-Indicator Adjustment.—After fastening the chassis in the cabinet, attach the dial indicator to the drive cable with indicator at the 530 kc mark, and gang condenser fully meshed. The indicator has a spring clip for attachment to the cable.

Service Data

Loudspeaker.—Centering of the loudspeaker is made in the usual manner with three narrow celluloid or paper feelers after first removing the front dust cover. A dust cover

Steps	Connect the high side of test-oscillator to — 6K7 I-F grid cap in series with .01 mfd.	Tune test-oscillator to — 455 kc	Range Selector	Set tuning gang to — Quiet point between 550-750 kc	Adjust the following for max. peak output (2nd I-F Transformer)
No. 1	6K7 I-F grid cap in series with .01 mfd.	455 kc	"A"	Quiet point between 550-750 kc	L10, L11
No. 2	6A8 Det. grid cap in series with .01 mfd.	455 kc	"A"	Quiet point between 550-750 kc	L8, L9 (1st I-F Transformer)
No. 3	Connect A2 to chassis.	20 mc	"C"	20 mc (147.5°)	C24 (osc.)* C8 (det.†)
No. 4	A2 in series with 100 mmfd. Connect A3 to chassis.	6,100 kc	"B"	6,100 kc (145.5°)	C25 (osc.)**
No. 5	A2 in series with 100 mmfd. Connect A3 to chassis.	1,500 kc	"A"	1,500 kc (151.5°)	C29 (osc.) C3 (ant.)
No. 6	A2 in series with 100 mmfd. Connect A3 to chassis.	600 kc	"A"	600 kc (26.5°)	L17 (osc.)
No. 7	A2 in series with 100 mmfd. Connect A3 to chassis.	1,500 kc	"A"	1,500 kc (151.5°)	C29 (osc.)

* Use minimum capacity peak if two peaks can be obtained. Check to determine that the correct peak has been used by turning to 141.5° (19,090 kc), at which point a weaker signal should be received.

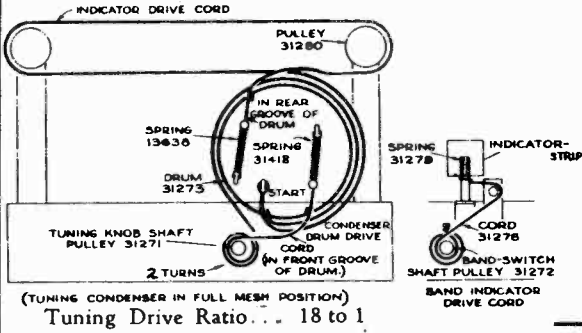
** Use minimum capacity peak if two peaks can be obtained. Check to determine that the correct peak has been used by turning to 124° (5,190 kc), at which point a weaker signal should be received.

† Rock gang condenser and use maximum capacity peak if two peaks can be obtained with C8.

MODELS U-30, Chas. RC-335KR
U-129, Chas. RC-335K

RCA MFG. CO., INC.

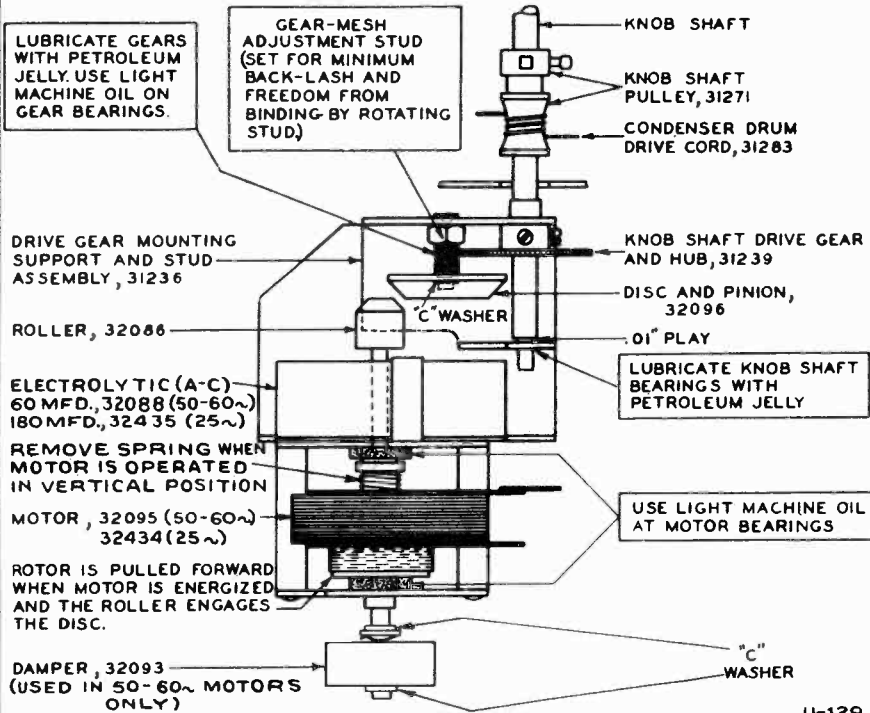
Tuning Mechanism, Data
Armchair Cont. Unit Data



Component Parts of Station Setting Contact

At left—Dial Mechanism

Electric Tuning Mechanism



When a station button is pushed in, it completes the 24-volt circuit through the corresponding station-setting contact and one-half of the brass selector disc, which is connected to one side of the motor field coil. This energizes the motor, and the rotor is pulled forward, engaging with the gear train that drives the tuning condenser and selector disc. The condenser and disc rotate until the insulation line comes under the particular station-setting contact, and the motor circuit is broken.

When the electric tuning mechanism is in action, the motor-supply voltage is fed into a diode rectifier circuit which applies a high bias to the first-audio amplifier. This prevents audio amplification and makes the set quiet or "mute" while the mechanism is operating.

The brass selector disc is fastened to the rear shaft of the tuning condenser by means of two set-screws. When the condenser is at maximum (plates fully meshed) the insulation line should be horizontal, with the operating-end at the left (viewed from rear). The operating-end has dark insulating material and the brass is beveled at this end.

The selector disc should be set so that the contact-tip plungers in the station-setting contacts project not more than 1/16-in. from the body of the contacts.

Lubrication

Motor bearings and gear bearings; use light machine oil.

Gear faces; use "Pure Oil No. 611" or petroleum jelly.

Dial-indicator pulleys and rails; use "Castorag" or petroleum jelly.

Selector disc; apply *thin* film of petroleum jelly.

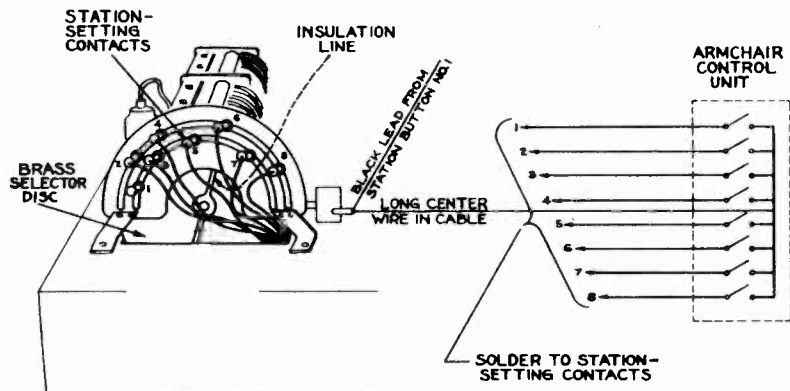
Armchair Control Unit

U-129
SN-923

Station-Setting Contacts and Selector Disc

This illustration shows connections for a G8A Armchair Control Unit. This unit is not supplied with the receiver but may be added as an accessory.

Station Button	Color of Lead To Station-Setting Contact
No. 1	Black
No. 2	Brown
No. 3	Blue
No. 4	Green
No. 5	Red
No. 6	Red-black
No. 7	Brown-black
No. 8	Red-yellow



When a Model G8A Armchair Control is connected to the receiver it duplicates the action of the push-buttons on the front panel when No. 1 button is pressed down. The black lead from push-button No. 1 is unsoldered from No. 1 station-setting contact and soldered to a terminal board which is to be mounted on the frame of selector mechanism. If desired one of the other seven station buttons on the set may be used in place of No. 1 button.

This arrangement allows the use of only seven of the eight buttons when tuning in stations at the set, but allows the use of the entire eight buttons on the Armchair Control. In operating the G8A Armchair Control the push-button must be held down until the station has been tuned in. Care must be taken not to hold two of the station-buttons down at one time as both windings of the motor may be engaged instantaneously causing the motor to be inoperative and overheated.

Automatic Record Changer
Data, Adjustments

RCA MFG. CO., INC.

MODELS U-30, Chas. RC-335KR

U-129, Chas. RC-335K

MODEL U-125, Chas. RC-386

point at which the roller enters the cam. By bending the pin support either toward or away from trip pawl bearing stud, the roller can be made to enter the cam later or earlier, respectively. This adjustment should be made so that the roller definitely clears the cam outer guide as well as the nose of the cam plate.

Lubrication.—Petrolatum or petroleum jelly should be applied to cam, main gear, spindle pinion gear, and gears of record posts.

Light machine oil should be used in the tone arm vertical bearing, record post bearings, and all other bearings of various levers on underside of motor board.

The felt washer between the turntable and spindle bearing should be soaked in light engine oil whenever the turntable is removed, or as required for proper operation.

Do not allow oil or grease to come in contact with, rubber mounting of tone arm base, rubber bumper, or flexible coupling of drive motor.

MISCELLANEOUS SERVICE HINTS

Incorrect adjustment of a particular mechanism of the changer is generally exhibited in a specific mode of improper operation. The following relations between effects on operation and the usual mis-adjustments will enable ready adjustment in most cases.

1. For any irregularity of operation, the adjustment of the main lever "15" should be checked first as in "A."
2. Needle does not land properly on both 10 and 12 inch records.—Make complete adjustments "D" and "E."
3. Needle does not land properly on 12 inch record but correct on 10 inch.—Effect adjustment "E."
4. Failure to trip at end of record.—Increase clutch "5" friction by means of screw "B". Also, see that levers "7" and "12" are free to move without touching each other.
5. Pickup strikes lower record of stack or drags across top record on turntable.—Adjust lift cable per adjustment "C".
6. Needle does not track after landing.—Friction clutch "5" adjustment "B" may be too tight; bind in tone arm vertical bearing; levers "7" and "12" fouled; or pickup output cable twisted.
7. Cycle commences before record is complete.—Record is defective, or adjustment "B" of friction clutch "5" is too tight.
8. Wow in record reproduction.—Record is defective; flexible coupling between motor and changer mechanism not correctly assembled; or instrument is not being operated at normal room temperature (65° F).
9. Record knives strike edge of records.—Records warped; record edges are rough; or knife adjustments "F" and "G" are incorrect.
10. Record not released properly.—Adjust record shelf assembles in respect to shaft by means of adjustment "H".
11. Needle lands in 10 inch position on 12 inch record or misses record when playing both types mixed.—Increase tension of pickup locating lever spring "34".

fully toward turntable; rotate mechanism through cycle until needle is just ready to land on the record; then see that pin "V" on lever "14" is in contact with "Step T" on lever "17". The correct point of landing is 4-11/16 inches from the nearest side of the turntable spindle; loosen the two screws "D" and adjust horizontal position of tone arm to proper dimension, being careful not to disturb levers "14" and "17". Leave approximately 1/32 inch end play between hub of lever "20" and pickup base bearing, and tighten the blunt nose screw "D". Run mechanism through several cycles as a check, then tighten cone pointed screw "D".

After adjusting for needle landing on a 10 inch record, place 12 inch record on turntable; push index lever to reject and return to 12 inch position; rotate mechanism through cycle until needle is just ready to land on the record; the correct point of landing is 5-11/16 inches from nearest side of spindle. If the landing is incorrect, turn stud "E" until the eccentric end adjust lever "14" to give correct needle landing. The eccentric end of the stud must always be toward the rear of the motor board, otherwise incorrect landing may occur with 10 inch records.

F. & G. Record Separating Knife.—The upper plate (knife) "25" on each of the record posts serves to separate the lower record from the stack and to support the remaining records during the change cycle. It is essential that the spacing between the knife and the rotating record shelf "27" be accurately maintained. The spacing for the 10 inch record is nominally .038 inch, and for the 12 inch record is .075 inch.

To adjust, rotate the knife to the point of minimum vertical separation from the record shelf and turn screw and locknut "F" to give .055—.061 inch separation. Screw "G" must not be depressed during this adjustment. After setting screw "F" adjust screw "G" so that when its tip is depressed flush with top of record shelf, the vertical spacing between the knife, in its lowest rotational position, and the shelf, is .072—.078 inch.

H. Record Support Shelf.—The record shelf revolves during the change cycle to allow the lower record to drop onto the turntable. Both posts are rotated simultaneously by a gear and rack coupled to the main lever "15," and it is necessary that adjustments be such that the record is released from both shelves at the same instant. To adjust, place a 12 inch record on the turntable, rotate mechanism into cycle to the point where tone arm is at maximum distance outward from turntable; lift record upward until it is in contact with both separating knives, then loosen screws "H" and shift record shelves so that the curved inner edges of the shelves are uniformly spaced at least 1/16 inch from record edge. Tighten the blunt nose screw "H," run mechanism through cycle several times to check action, then tighten cone pointed screw "H".

If record shelves or knives are bent, or not perfectly horizontal, improper operation and jamming of mechanism will occur.

J. Tone Arm Rest Support (not shown).—When the changer is out-of-cycle, the front lower edge of the pickup head should be 5/16 inch above surface of motor board. This may be adjusted by bending the tone arm support bracket, which is associated with the tone arm mounting base, in the required direction.

K. Trip Pawl Stop Pin.—The position of the trip pawl stop pin "K" in relation to the main lever "15" governs the

**Automatic Record Changer
GENERAL INFORMATION**

Before servicing the automatic record changer, inspect the assembly to see that all levers, parts, gears, springs, etc. are in good order and are correctly assembled.

A bind or jam in the mechanism can usually be relieved by rotating the turntable in the reverse direction.

The changer can be conveniently rotated through its change cycle by pushing the index lever to "Reject," and revolving the turntable by hand. Six turntable revolutions are required for one change cycle.

The turntable, spindle, and pinion gear are assembled by means of a 3/32 inch straight pin. This pin may be removed by gently driving with a standard pin punch.

If the record changer or cabinet is not perfectly level, normal operation is likely to be affected.

The 10 and 12 inch records must be absolutely flat for smooth operation when using a mixture of the two sizes.

A shorting switch, located in the pickup head, operates due to pressure when the pickup is placed on the pickup rest.

ADJUSTMENTS

A. Main Lever.—This lever is basically important in that it interlinks the various individual mechanisms which control needle landing, tripping, record separation, etc. One adjustment is provided for the main lever. Rotate the turntable until the changer is out-of-cycle; and adjust rubber bumper bracket (A) so that the roller clears the nose of the cam plate by 1/16 inch.

B. Friction Clutch.—The motion of the tone arm toward the center of the record is transmitted to the trip pawl "22" by the trip lever "7" through a friction clutch "5." If the motion of the pickup is abruptly accelerated or becomes irregular due to swinging in the eccentric groove, the trip finger "7" moves the trip pawl "22" into engagement with the pawl on the main gear, and the change cycle is started. Proper adjustment of the friction clutch "5" occurs when movement of the tone arm causes positive movement of the trip pawl "22" without tendency of the clutch to slip. The friction should be just enough to prevent slippage, and is adjustable by means of screw "B". If adjustment is too tight, the needle will repeat grooves; if too loose, tripping will not occur at the end of the record.

C. Pickup Lift Cable Screw.—During the record change cycle, lever "16" is actuated by the main lever "15" so as to raise the tone arm clear of the record by means of the pickup lift cable. To adjust pickup for proper elevation, stop the changer "in-cycle" at the point where pickup is raised to the maximum height above turntable plate, and has not moved outward; at this point adjust locknuts "C" to obtain 1 inch spacing between needle point and turntable top surface.

D. & E. Needle Landing on Record.—The relation of coupling between the tone arm vertical shaft and lever "20" determines the landing position of the needle on a 10 inch record. Position of eccentric stud "E" governs the landing of the needle on a 12 inch record; this, however, is dependent on the proper 10 inch adjustment.

To adjust for needle landing, place 10 inch record on turntable; push index lever to reject position and return to the 10 inch position; see that pickup locating lever "17" is tilted

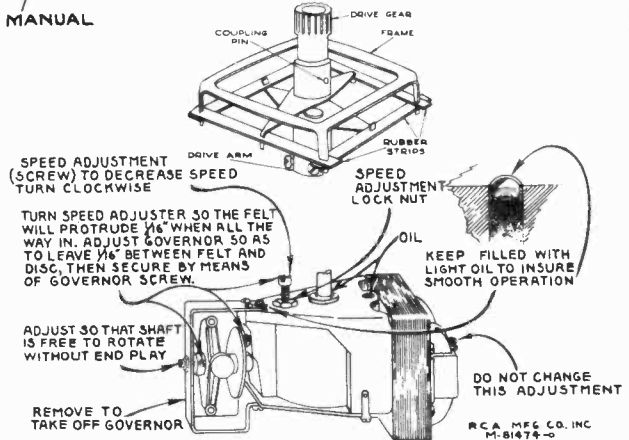
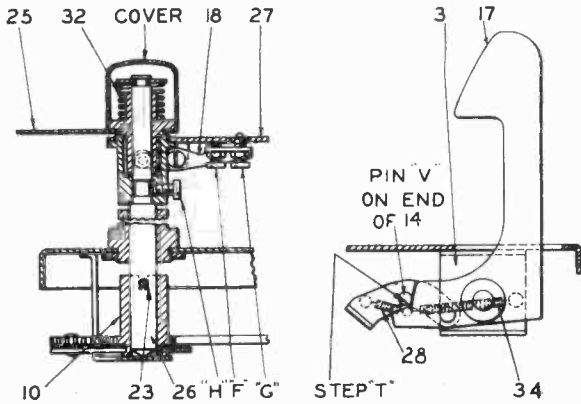
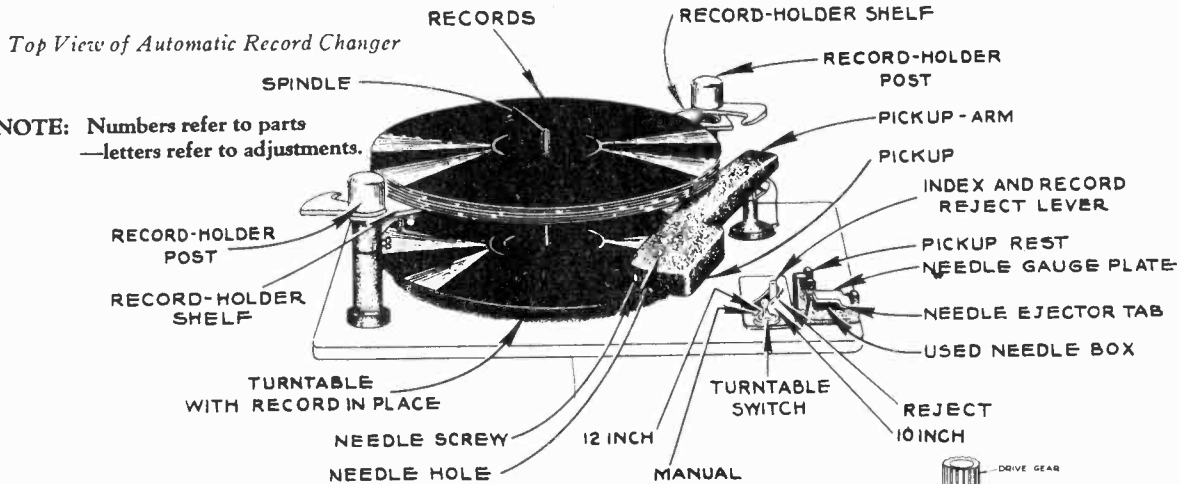
MODELS U-30, U-129
MODEL U-125

RCA MFG. CO., INC.

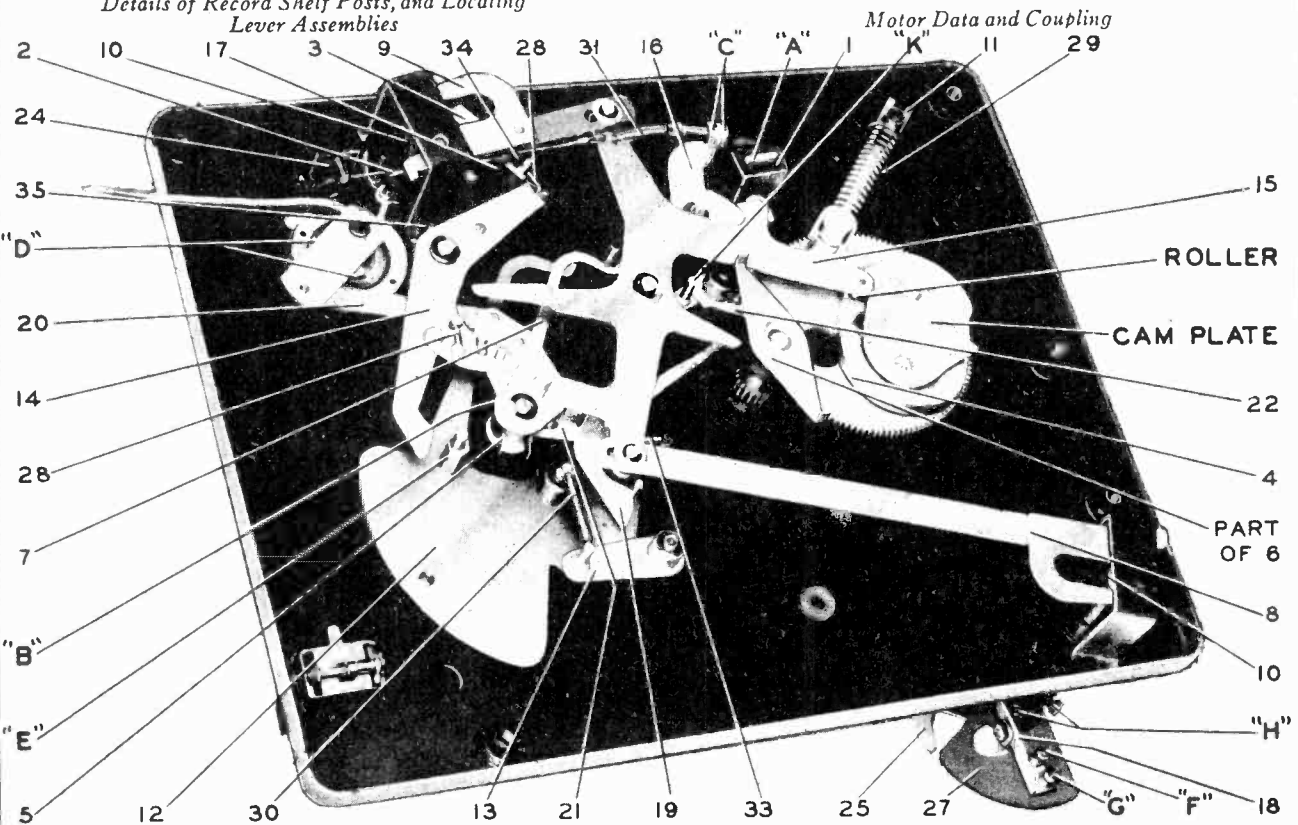
Record Changer
Assembly, Details

Top View of Automatic Record Changer

NOTE: Numbers refer to parts
—letters refer to adjustments.



Details of Record Shelf Posts, and Locating Lever Assemblies



Bottom View of Automatic Record Changer

MODELS U-30, U-129
Parts List

RCA MFG. CO., INC.

REPLACEMENT PARTS

Insist on genuine factory-tested parts, which are readily identified and may be purchased from authorized dealers.

Table with columns: STOCK No., DESCRIPTION, Unit List Price, STOCK No., DESCRIPTION, Unit List Price, STOCK No., DESCRIPTION, Unit List Price. Contains parts for chassis assemblies, motor assemblies, and miscellaneous assemblies.

ALL PRICES ARE SUBJECT TO CHANGE OR WITHDRAWAL WITHOUT NOTICE.

MODEL BT-40, Chassis RC-408
Schematic, Voltage, Socket
Trimmers, Alignment, Parts

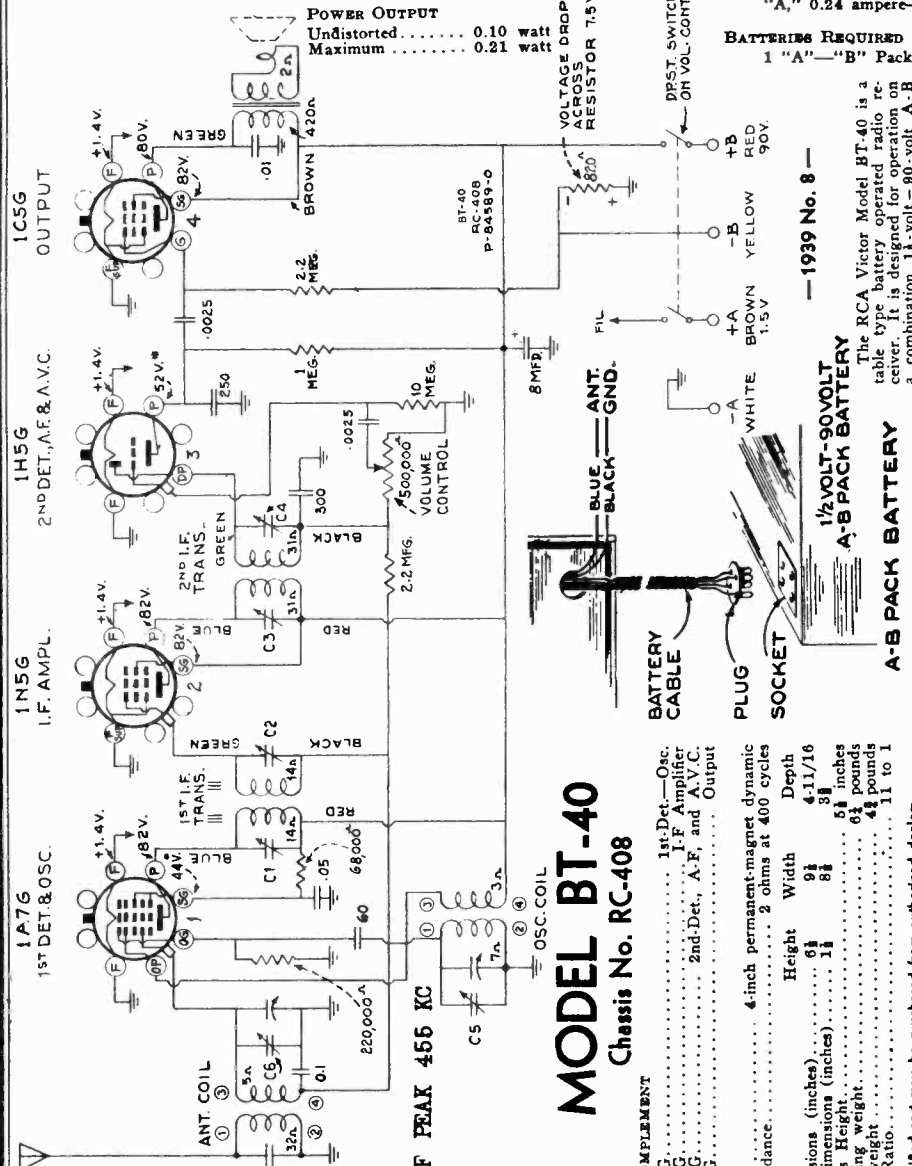
RCA MFG. CO., INC.

Frequency Range..... 540-1,720 kc
Intermediate Frequency..... 455 kc

POWER OUTPUT
Undistorted..... 0.10 watt
Maximum..... 0.21 watt

CURRENT CONSUMPTION
"A," 0.24 ampere "B," 9.0 milliamperes.

BATTERIES REQUIRED
1 "A" — "B" Pack (Eveready No. 748 or equivalent).



Alignment Procedure
Output Meter Alignment—If this method is used connect the meter across the voice coil, and turn the receiver volume control to maximum.
Test-oscillator.—For all alignment operations, connect the low side of the test-oscillator to the receiver chassis, and keep the output as low as possible to avoid a.v.c. action.
For additional details, refer to booklet "RCA Victor Receiver Alignment."
Pre-setting Dial.—With gang condenser in full mesh, the pointer should be horizontal.

Steps	Connect the high side of test-oscillator to—	Tune test-osc. to—	Turn radio dial to—	Adjust the following for max. peak output—
1	1A7G 1st Det. grid cap. .01 mfd.	455 kc	Quiet point at 1,500 kc end of dial.	C1, C2, C3, C4 (1st and 2nd I-F transformers)
2	Antenna lead (blue) in series with 100 mmfd.	1,720 kc	Full clockwise (out of mesh)	C5 (oscillator)
3		1,500 kc	Resonance on 1,500 kc signal	C6 (antenna)

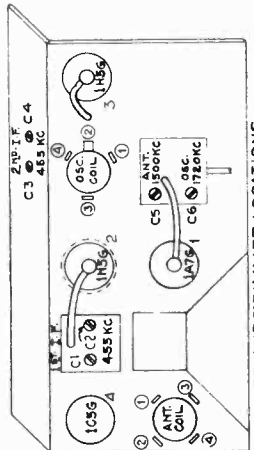
MODEL BT-40
Chassis No. RC-408

RCA TUBE COMPLEMENT

- (1) RCA-1A7-G..... 1st-Det.—Osc.
- (2) RCA-1N5-G..... I-F Amplifier
- (3) RCA-1H5-G..... 2nd-Det., A.F. and A.V.C.
- (4) RCA-1C5-G..... Output

LOUDSPEAKER
Type..... 4-inch permanent-magnet dynamic
Voice-coil Impedance..... 2 ohms at 400 cycles
Type..... 11 to 1

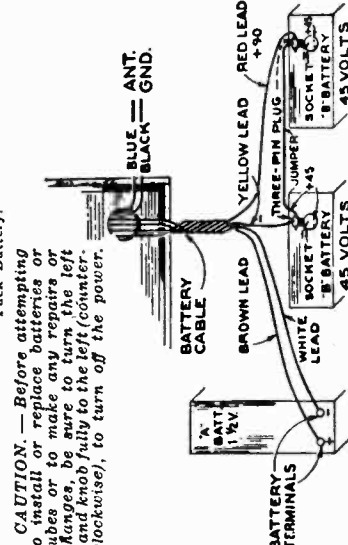
Height..... 6 1/2 inches
Width..... 9 1/2 inches
Depth..... 4-11/16 inches
Chassis Base Dimensions (inches)..... 1 1/2 x 8 1/2
Over-all Chassis Height..... 5 1/2 inches
Weight—Shipping weight..... 4 1/2 pounds
Net weight..... 4 1/4 pounds
Tuning Drive Ratio..... 11 to 1



Insl on genuine factory-tested parts, which are readily identified and may be purchased from authorized dealers.

STOCK No.	DESCRIPTION	Unit List Price	STOCK No.	DESCRIPTION	Unit List Price
11691	Button—Plug button for chassis.....	10	14076	Resistor—820 ohms, 1/2 watt.....	20
13057	Capacitor—80 mmfd.....	35	13715	Resistor—220,000 ohms, 1/2 watt.....	20
12498	Capacitor—250 mmfd.....	35	12948	Resistor—220,000 ohms, 1/2 watt.....	20
12952	Capacitor—300 mmfd.....	35	13730	Resistor—2.2 meg, 1/2 watt.....	20
9397	Capacitor—300.25 mfd.....	20	12479	Resistor—2.2 meg, 1/2 watt.....	20
92787	Capacitor—.05 mfd.....	20	13601	Resistor—10 meg, 1/2 watt.....	20
4489	Capacitor—.01 mfd.....	20	53091	Shaft—Tuning knob drive shaft.....	15
92187	Coil—Antenna coil.....	65	32585	Shield—Tube shield-less cap.....	20
92572	Coil—Oscillator coil.....	70	33058	Speaker complete.....	4.00
33055	Condenser—2 gang tuning.....	2.25	30585	Spring—Drive cord tension spring.....	.06
33080	Cord—Drive cord.....	1.10	32667	Spring—Retaining spring for knobs or drive drum.....	.02
33310	Dial—Glass dial scale.....	3.00	33056	Transformer—First I-F transformer.....	1.40
32948	Drum—Variable condenser drive drum.....	.55	33057	Transformer—Second I-F transformer.....	1.25
32571	Knob—Tan volume or tuning knob.....	.15	33062	Transformer—Output transformer.....	1.30
30560	Plug—4-prong male plug for battery cable.....	.20	33059	Volume control and switch.....	1.60

ALL PRICES ARE SUBJECT TO CHANGE OR WITHDRAWAL WITHOUT NOTICE



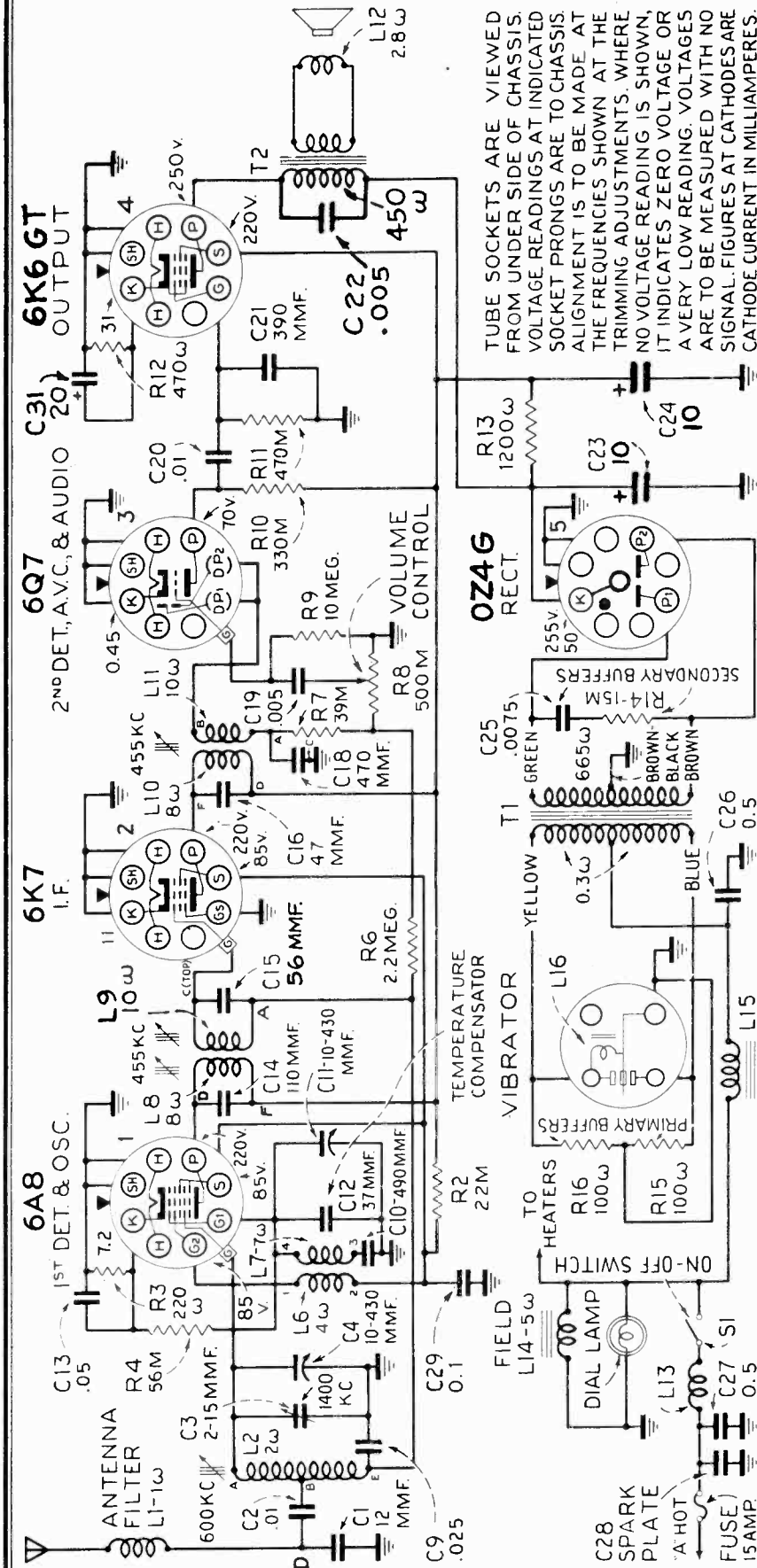
CAUTION—Before attempting to install or replace batteries or tubes or to make any repairs or changes, be sure to turn the left hand knob fully to the left (counter-clockwise), to turn off the power.

1 1/2-VOLT-90-VOLT A-B PACK BATTERY
The RCA Victor Model BT-40 is a table type battery operated radio receiver. It is designed for operation on a combination 1 1/2-volt—90-volt A-B Pack Battery.

SEPARATE 'A' AND 'B' BATTERIES

RCA MFG. CO., INC.

MODEL M50, Chassis RC-357J
Schematic, Voltage, Data



TUBE SOCKETS ARE VIEWED FROM UNDER SIDE OF CHASSIS. VOLTAGE READINGS AT INDICATED SOCKET PRONGS ARE TO CHASSIS. ALIGNMENT IS TO BE MADE AT THE FREQUENCIES SHOWN AT THE TRIMMING ADJUSTMENTS. WHERE NO VOLTAGE READING IS SHOWN, IT INDICATES ZERO VOLTAGE OR A VERY LOW READING. VOLTAGES ARE TO BE MEASURED WITH NO SIGNAL. FIGURES AT CATHODES ARE CATHODE CURRENT IN MILLIAMPERES.

LOUDSPEAKER

- Type..... Electrodynamic
 - Size..... 5 inches
 - V.C. Impedance..... 3.2 ohms at 400 cycles
 - Field Coil Resistance..... 5 ohms
- POWER SUPPLY
- "A"..... 6.3 volt Auto Storage Battery
 - "B"..... Non-Synchronous Vibrator
 - Current Drain..... 6.0 amps.
- CHASSIS FEATURES
- No. I-F Stages..... One
 - Completely Shielded Ant. Filter
 - Magnite-core Adjusted Antenna and I-F Transformers
 - Ignition-Noise-Suppression Filters
 - Antenna Compensator Trimmer
 - Illuminated Dial

— 1939 No. 92 —

Schematic Circuit Diagram

Electrical Specifications

- FREQUENCY RANGE..... 550-1,550 kc
 - POWER OUTPUT
 - Type..... Pentode
 - Undistorted..... 2 watts
 - Maximum..... 3.5 watts
 - Dial Lamp..... 6-8 volts, 0.2 amp., Mazda 51
- ALIGNMENT FREQUENCIES
- I-F..... 455 kc
 - Ant..... 600 and 1,400 kc
 - Osc..... No Adjustment

IF PEAK 455 KC

M = 1000 OHMS

General Description

Model M50 is a five-tube superheterodyne receiver with loudspeaker and radio chassis in the same case. It is equipped with five push buttons, for tuning your five favorite broadcast stations, as well as the standard method of dial tuning. Adjustments for push button tuning are explained under the heading "Push Button Tuning Mechanism." The receiver is designed to be mounted under the dash panel. The operating controls are integral with the radio and speaker case.

Loudspeaker.—The loudspeaker voice coil should be centered in the usual manner with three narrow paper feelers, after first removing the front dust cover. The dust cover should be cemented back in place with ambroid cement after adjustment has been completed.

MODEL M50, Chassis RC-357J

RCA MFG. CO., INC.

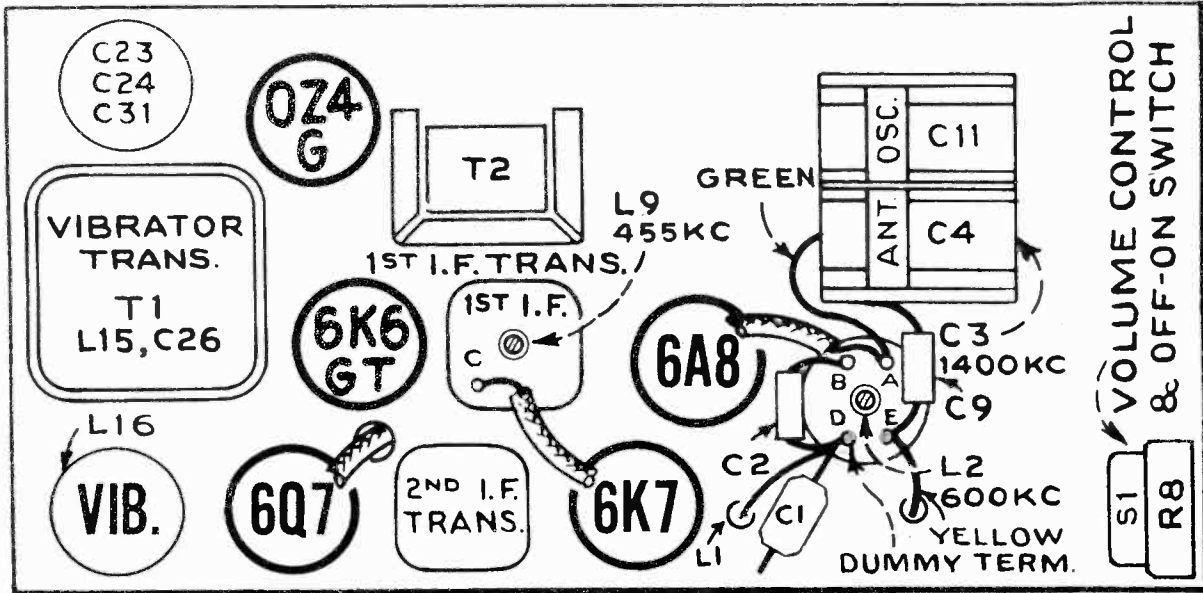
Chassis Wiring, Socket

Trimmers

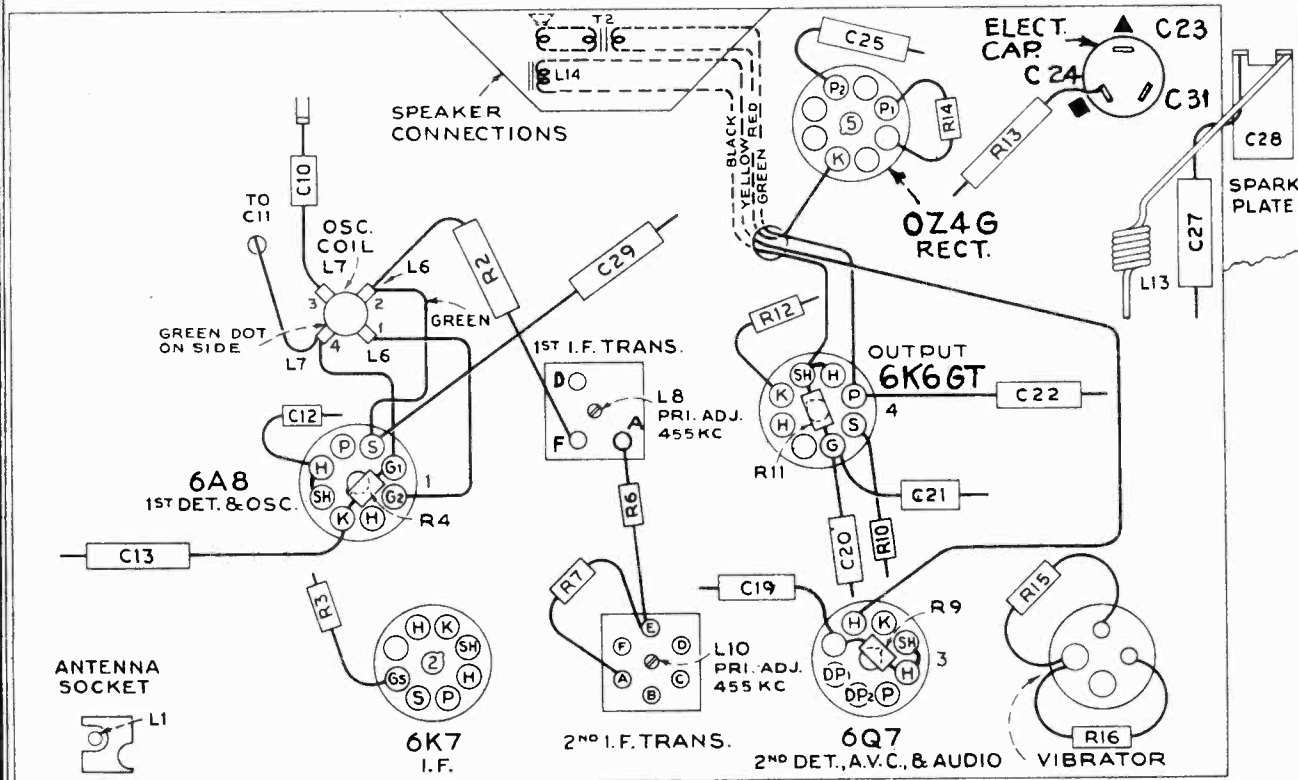
TUBES AND FUNCTIONS

- | | | | |
|------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------|-----------|
| (1) RCA-6A8..... | First Detector—Oscillator | (4) RCA-6K6GT..... | Output |
| (2) RCA-6K7..... | I-F Amplifier | (5) RCA-OZ4G..... | Rectifier |
| (3) RCA-6Q7..... | Second Det., A-F Amp. and A.V.C. | | |

REAR OF CHASSIS



Location of Parts and Alignment Adjustments on Top of Chassis



Location of Parts and Alignment Adjustments on Bottom of Chassis

RCA MFG. CO., INC.

MODEL M50, Chassis RC-357J
 MODEL M60, Chassis RC-357K
 Alignment

PRELIMINARY:

Output meter connections..... Across speaker voice coil
 Output meter readings to indicate 1 watt..... 1.8 volts
 Generator ground lead connections..... To chassis
 Generator modulation..... 30%, 400 cycles
 Position of Volume Control..... Fully clockwise
 Chassis must be in its case with front end removed, when aligning R-F circuit.

MODEL M50

Chassis No. RC 357J

Position of Dial Pointer	Generator Frequency	Dummy Antenna	Generator Connection	Adjustment Symbol	Circuit Adjusted
No Signal 550-750 kc	455 kc	.001 mfd.	6K7 Grid	L-10	2nd I.F. Trans.
No Signal 550-750 kc	455 kc	.001 mfd.	6A8 Grid	L-8, L-9	1st I.F. Trans.
1,400 kc	1,400 kc	.0001 mfd. †	Ant. Lead	C-3	Ant.
600 kc	600 kc	.0001 mfd. †	Ant. Lead	L-2	Ant.
1,400 kc	1,400 kc	.0001 mfd. †	Ant. Lead	C-3 *	Ant.

NOTE: No oscillator alignment adjustments are required in this receiver.

† Make the generator connection to the receiver thru a shielded lead-in having not more than 50 mmf. (.00005) capacity with a male connector attached for connection to antenna socket. If C-2 has been changed, as outlined under "Antenna Circuit," for reason of a high capacity antenna, the Dummy Antenna should be the same value as the antenna itself.

* Re-adjust C-3 after installation as outlined under "Antenna Circuit"

Each step of the alignment should be repeated in its original order for greater accuracy. Always keep the output from the generator at its lowest possible value, to prevent the A.V.C. action of the receiver from interfering with accurate alignment.

Alignment adjustment locations are shown on the top and bottom parts location views of chassis.

Only the dummy antenna indicated in the chart for any particular frequency should be used. Grid cap leads should remain in place during alignment.

Oscillator circuit alignment is not required in this receiver at either end of the band; the oscillator coil is pre-adjusted for inductance in the factory.

Since the oscillator coil is unshielded, the case has some effect on its inductance. Therefore alignment must be done either with the chassis in the case or with a steel plate (covering the bottom of chassis), substituting for the case.

MODEL M60

Chassis No. RC 357K

Position of Dial Pointer	Generator Frequency	Dummy Antenna	Generator Connection	Adjustment Symbol	Circuit Adjusted
No Signal 550-750 kc	455 kc	.001 mfd.	6K7 I.F. Grid	L-10, L-11	2nd I.F. Trans.
No Signal 550-750 kc	455 kc	.001 mfd.	6A8 Grid	L-8, L-9	1st I.F. Trans.
Rock Through 600 kc	600 kc	.0001 mfd. †	Ant. Lead	L-7	Osc.
1,400 kc **	1,400 kc	.0001 mfd. †	Ant. Lead	C-5	Det.
1,400 kc **	1,400 kc	.0001 mfd. †	Ant. Lead	C-3	Ant.
Rock Through 600 kc	600 kc	.0001 mfd. †	Ant. Lead	L-7	Osc.
1,400 kc **	1,400 kc	.0001 mfd. †	Ant. Lead	C-5	Det.
1,400 kc **	1,400 kc	.0001 mfd. †	Ant. Lead	C-3*	Ant.

† Make the generator connection to the receiver through a shielded lead-in having not more than 50 mmf. (.00005) capacity with a male connector attached for connection to antenna socket. If a capacitor has been added in series with the lead from antenna filter L-1 to the antenna coil, as outlined under "Antenna Circuit," for reason of a high capacity antenna, the Dummy Antenna should be the same value as the antenna itself.

* Re-adjust C-3 after installation as outlined under "Antenna Circuit";

Each step of the alignment should be repeated in its original order for greater accuracy. Always keep the output from the generator at its lowest possible value, to prevent the A.V.C. action of the receiver from interfering with accurate alignment.

Alignment adjustment locations are shown on the top and bottom parts location views of chassis.

Only the dummy antenna indicated in the chart for any particular frequency should be used. Grid cap leads should remain in place during alignment.

**** OSCILLATOR CIRCUIT**

A magnetite core is used to provide temperature stability. The conventional high frequency trimmer has been replaced with a fixed temperature-compensating capacitor (C-12) which determines the high frequency range. Since the inductance of L-7 is adjustable, the conventional series trimmer has been replaced with a fixed capacitor (C-10). C-10 is a special capacitor having zero temperature coefficient to provide for oscillator stability in the low frequency range. Aligning the receiver for 600 kc is accomplished by adjusting L-7 to the antenna and det. circuits (gang condenser must be rocked while making this adjustment). The 1,400 kc alignment is accomplished by adjusting the antenna and the det. trimmers (C-3 and C-5) to the oscillator.

MODEL M50, Chas. RC-357J

MODEL M60, Chas. RC-357K

Antenna Data,

Tuner Data.

RCA MFG. CO., INC.

Antenna Circuit

M50

The antenna circuit is designed to work with a low capacity antenna having a total capacity including the shielded lead-in not to exceed 150 mmf. If larger antennas, such as screened top or a double under the running-board having a total capacity of 200 to 550 mmf. is to be used, it will be necessary to reduce the value of the antenna coupling capacitor C-2 from .01 to approximately 200 mmf. (.0002). For even larger antennas such as insulated steel tops, a correspondingly smaller value of C-2 (approximately 125 to 150 mmf.) should be used keeping in mind to use the largest value possible with which the antenna circuit can be aligned.

M60

The antenna circuit is designed to work with an antenna having a total capacity including the shielded lead-in not to exceed 150 mmf. If an antenna having a larger capacity is to be used, it will be necessary to add a capacitor in series with the lead from antenna filter L-1 to the antenna coil terminal ("A"). Where a "Double Under the Running Board" type of antenna is to be used having a capacity of approximately 200 mmf. the capacitor added should be approximately 300 mmf. The insulated running board type having an approximate capacity of 550 mmf. will require a capacitor of approximately 200 mmf. Cars using an insulated steel top of approximately 3,500 mmf. will require a series capacitor of 150 mmf.

M50 M60

After installation, and with antenna connected, tune in a weak station near 1,400 kc and adjust compensator trimmer (C-3) for maximum signal output. This trimmer is accessible by prying off the nameplate between the control knobs.

Antenna Filter

A filter is included in the antenna circuit. Being completely shielded, it prevents radiating ignition interference within the set. It also reduces the possibility of picking up vibrator interference. The filter unit is mounted inside a steel shell which in turn is welded to the chassis. The shielded antenna lead-in makes contact with the filter unit within the steel shell and is held in place by a bayonet type connector.

Push Button Tuning Mechanism

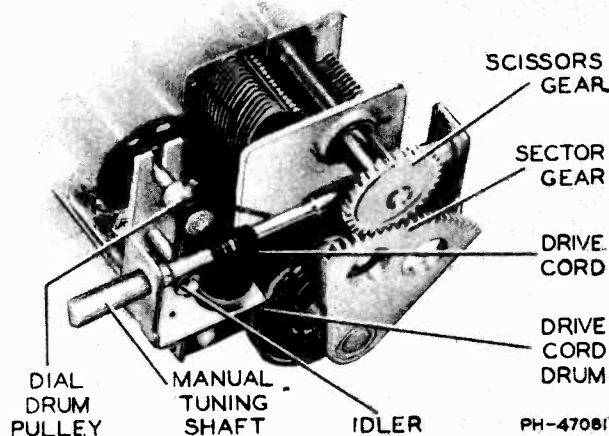
The push button tuning mechanism used in this receiver is of the mechanical type, wherein the movement of the button actually turns the tuning condenser to any pre-determined setting. The movement is actuated thru a Push-Arm, Cam, Rocker Plate and Sector Gear, which meshes with a Scissors Gear directly fastened to the tuning condenser shaft. The scissors gear prevents backlash between the sector gear and the tuning condenser. Since the sector gear is mounted directly on the rocker plate shaft, the position of the rocker plate will accurately determine the position of the tuning condenser.

Setting Up Stations

The push buttons should be adjusted for five favorite stations after the receiver is installed and operating.

Any standard broadcast stations may be chosen. The preferable arrangement is to adjust for stations in the order of frequency, from low to high. Proceed as follows:

1. Loosen the push buttons one-half turn.
2. Using the tuning control, accurately tune in the first station.



Tuning Mechanism

3. With station accurately tuned in, press the first push button fully in and then gently release so as not to jar mechanism.
4. Tighten the push button securely with fingers. Do not force with pliers.
5. Proceed in same manner to adjust the other four push buttons.

Adjustments

The mechanism should be adjusted so that when using either manual or push-button tuning, it operates positively and without backlash or bind. The following hints will be found helpful in adjusting the mechanism properly.

1. With the gang condenser in full mesh, the sector gear should have the two end teeth fully meshed in the scissor gear.
2. The position of the sector gear on the rocker-plate shaft should be adjusted so that there is clearance between the rocker-plates and the frame of the push-button mechanism at both extremities of gang rotation. Thus correct adjustment prevents the rotation of the gang being limited by the rocker plates touching the frame.
3. The drive cord should have $8\frac{1}{2}$ turns around the tuning shaft as shown in the illustration. Three degrees of adjustment of the tension on the drive cord may be obtained by use of the three positions for connecting the drive-cord-tension spring to the drive-cord drum on the condenser shaft as shown.
4. The push-arms, rocker-plate shaft, and pulleys should be lubricated with light grease (sparingly). Care should be taken to keep the lubricant off the drive cord.

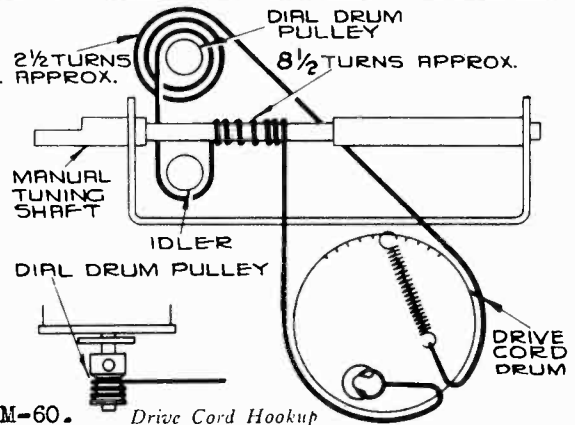
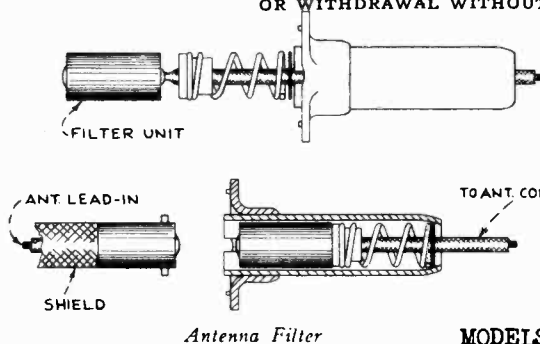
Manual Tuning

A manual tuning knob is provided so that additional stations may be tuned in as desired. The manual tuning shaft is connected thru a cord drive to a drum on the rocker plate shaft. This same cord drives the dial drum by passing over a pulley on the drum shaft. A sketch shows the complete cord drive assembly and the correct number of turns which the cord should be wrapped around the drive shaft and dial drum pulley. Stops are provided on the dial drum so that dial scale adjustment is made by tuning the set to the extreme ends of the band.

STOCK No.	DESCRIPTION	Unit List Price	STOCK No.	DESCRIPTION	Unit List Price
CHASSIS ASSEMBLIES					
MODEL M-50 (RC-357J)					
13002	Capacitor—12 mmfd. (C1)	.35	3584	Ring—R.F. coil retaining ring	.03
31728	Capacitor—37 mmfd. (C12)	.35	31639	Socket—Dial lamp socket	.25
12405	Capacitor—47 mmfd. (C18)	.30	31319	Socket—Tube socket	.25
12629	Capacitor—56 mmfd. (C15)	.35	13686	Socket—Vibrator socket	.20
14262	Capacitor—109 mmfd. (C14)	.30	30902	Transformer—First i-f transformer (L8, L9, C14, C15)	1.90
13894	Capacitor—390 mmfd. (C21)	.35	31593	Transformer—Second i-f transformer (L10, L11, C16, C17)	1.95
30873	Capacitor—470 mmfd. (C18)	.25	31597	Transformer—Vibrator power transformer (T1, L15, C26)	4.85
34250	Capacitor—490 mmfd. (C10)	.40	13688	Vibrator—Plug-in vibrator complete (L18)	3.35
33584	Capacitor—.005 mfd. (C19, C22)	.25	31638	Volume control and power switch (R8, S1)	1.50
30628	Capacitor—.0075 mfd. (C25)	.30	MODELS M-50, M-60 SPEAKER ASSEMBLIES (Speaker 84391-1)		
4937	Capacitor—.01 mfd. (C2, C20)	.25	30782	Cone—Speaker cone and voice coil (L12)	1.20
4870	Capacitor—.025 mfd. (C9)	.20	30781	Speaker—Complete	4.40
30882	Capacitor—.05 mfd. (C13)	.20	30783	Transformer—Output transformer (T2)	1.45
4839	Capacitor—.01 mfd. (C29)	.30	(Speaker 84391-3)		
12741	Capacitor—.05 mfd. (C27)	.30	31771	Cone—Speaker cone and voice coil (L12)	1.25
32240	Capacitor—Electrolytic, 2 sections 10 mfd., and 1 section 20 mfd. (C23, C24, C31)	1.45	31770	Speaker—Complete	4.00
31596	Clip—Spring clip to hold oscillator coil	.02	31772	Transformer—Output transformer (T2)	1.20
31977	Coil—Antenna filter (L1)	.45	MODEL M-60.		
31594	Coil—Oscillator coil (L6, L7)	.75	TUNING UNIT ASSEMBLIES		
31595	Coil—Oscillator coil (L6, L7)	1.35	33667	Button—Push button	.20
11765	Lamp—Dial lamp	.15	31605	Condenser—3-gang variable (C3, C4, C5, C6, C7, C11)	3.60
30641	Lead—"A" lead	.30	MODEL M-50		
30540	Resistor—100 ohms, 1/2 watt (R15, R16)	.20	33666	Button—Push button	.15
14561	Resistor—220 ohms, 1/2 watt (R3)	.20	31766	Coil—Antenna coil—less shield (L2)	1.05
30499	Resistor—470 ohms, 1/2 watt (R12)	.20	31604	Condenser—2-gang variable (C3, C4, C11)	2.55
6134	Resistor—1,200 ohms, 1 watt (R13)	.22	MODELS M-50, M-60		
12695	Resistor—15,000 ohms, 1/2 watt (R14)	.20	31614	Cord—Variable condenser drive cord	.10
13669	Resistor—22,000 ohms, 2 watts (R2)	.25	31725	Drum—Indicator drum assembly	.40
12266	Resistor—39,000 ohms, 1/2 watt (R7)	.20	31610	Drum—Variable condenser drive cord drum	.40
12286	Resistor—56,000 ohms, 1/2 watt (R4)	.20	31612	Gear—Variable condenser drive gear sector—fastens on cam shaft	.60
14983	Resistor—330,000 ohms, 1/2 watt (R10)	.20	33665	Mechanism—Comprising 5 push arms, cams, cam plate, and mounting bracket assembled—less variable condenser	7.00
12285	Resistor—470,000 ohms, 1/2 watt (R11)	.20	31608	Pulley—Indicator drum pulley	.20
12679	Resistor—2.2 meg., 1/2 watt (R6)	.20	31607	Pulley—Pulley for indicator drum bracket	.10
13801	Resistor—10 meg., 1/2 watt (R9)	.20	13471	Ring—Retaining ring for antenna coil	.03
3584	Ring—R.F. coil retaining ring	.03	4389	Screw—No. 6-32 x 3/16-in. set screw for pulley, Stock No. 31608	.03
31639	Socket—Dial lamp socket	.25	31613	Screw—No. 8-32 x 1/2-in. set screw for gear, Stock No. 31612	.02
31319	Socket—Tube socket	.25	31611	Screw—No. 8-32 x 1/2-in. set screw for drum, Stock No. 31610	.02
13686	Socket—Vibrator socket	.20	31609	Shaft—Station selector knob shaft	.20
14261	Transformer—First i-f transformer (L8, L9, C14, C15)	2.05	31615	Spring—Variable condenser drive cord tension spring	.02
30672	Transformer—Second i-f transformer (L10, L11, C16, C18)	2.10	30585	Spring—Push button arm tension spring	.06
31597	Transformer—Vibrator power transformer (T1, L15, C26)	4.85	2917	Washer—"C" washer to hold knob shaft	.03
13688	Vibrator—Plug-in vibrator complete (L18)	3.35	31608	Washer—"C" washer to hold pulley, Stock No. 31607	.01
31637	Volume control and power switch (R8, S1)	1.50	MISCELLANEOUS ASSEMBLIES		
CHASSIS ASSEMBLIES					
MODEL M-60 (RC-357K)					
13002	Capacitor—12 mmfd. (C1)	.35	4289	Body—Fuse holder body for ammeter lead	.03
31729	Capacitor—43.5 mmfd., temp. comp. (C12)	.35	5025	Capacitor—Generator capacitor	.45
30904	Capacitor—100 mmfd. (C14, C15, C16, C17)	.25	33668	Case—Receiver case only	5.30
13894	Capacitor—390 mmfd. (C21)	.35	4291	Clip—Spring clip for amateur lead	.08
14497	Capacitor—680 mmfd. (C30)	.40	31456	Covers—8-protective celluloid covers for call letter markers	.08
33584	Capacitor—.005 mfd. (C19, C22)	.25	33670	Dial—Dial scale and holder	.60
30626	Capacitor—.0075 mfd. (C25)	.30	4286	Ferrule—Bushing and ferrule for fuse holder	.03
14393	Capacitor—.01 mfd. (C2)	.30	5023	Fuse—15 amp.	.08
4937	Capacitor—.01 mfd. (C20)	.25	4290	Insulator—Insulating sleeve for fuse holder	.02
32787	Capacitor—.05 mfd. (C8, C9)	.20	7766	Lead—Ammeter lead complete with clip and fuse holder	.40
30882	Capacitor—.05 mfd. (C13)	.20	31589	Markers—One set call letter markers for push buttons	.35
4839	Capacitor—.01 mfd. (C29)	.30	33669	Mounting—Complete set mounting brackets, strap, washers, screws, bolts, and nuts	.85
12741	Capacitor—.05 mfd. (C27)	.30	31660	Plate—Name plate	.40
33803	Capacitor—Electrolytic, 2 sections 10 mfd. each (C23, C24)	1.05	31646	Spring—Retaining spring for knobs	.02
32363	Capacitor—470 mfd. (C10, C18)	.30	4284	Spring—Spring for fuse holder	.03
31596	Clip—Spring clip to hold oscillator coil	.02	5024	Suppressor—Distributor suppressor	.40
33684	Coil—Antenna coil (L2, L3)	1.35	4285	Washer—Insulating washer for fuse holder	.02
31977	Coil—Antenna filter (L1)	.45	Drive Cord Hookup		
31595	Coil—Oscillator coil (L6, L7)	1.35			
31800	Coil—R.F. coil—less shield (L4, L5)	1.15			
11765	Lamp—Dial lamp	.15			
30641	Lead—"A" lead	.30			
30540	Resistor—100 ohms, 1/2 watt (R15, R16)	.20			
13428	Resistor—150 ohms, 1/2 watt (R3)	.20			
30499	Resistor—470 ohms, 1/2 watt (R12)	.20			
6134	Resistor—1,200 ohms, 1 watt (R13)	.22			
12695	Resistor—15,000 ohms, 1/2 watt (R14)	.20			
13998	Resistor—22,000 ohms, 1/2 watt (R2)	.20			
13477	Resistor—27,000 ohms, 1/2 watt (R5)	.22			
12454	Resistor—33,000 ohms, 1/2 watt (R7)	.20			
12286	Resistor—56,000 ohms, 1/2 watt (R4)	.20			
14983	Resistor—330,000 ohms, 1/2 watt (R10)	.20			
12285	Resistor—470,000 ohms, 1/2 watt (R11)	.20			
12201	Resistor—1.5 meg., 1/2 watt (R6)	.20			
13601	Resistor—10 meg., 1/2 watt (R9)	.20			

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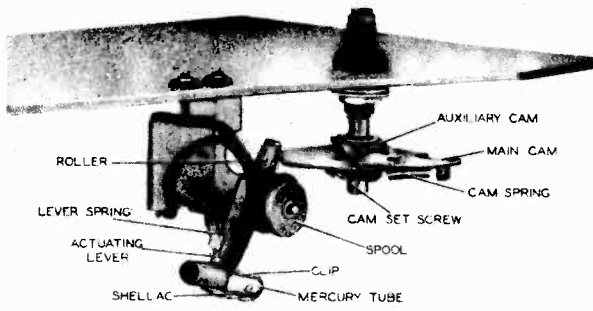
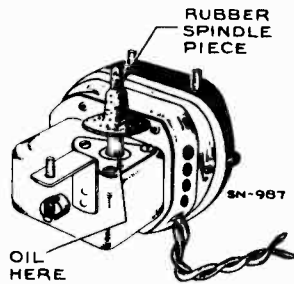
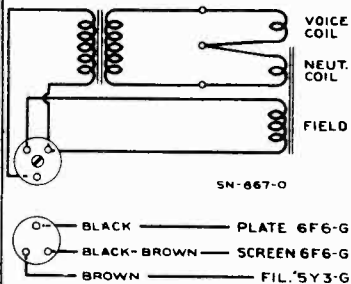
MODELS M-50, M-60.

Drive Cord Hookup

MODEL U50, Chas. RC-414C
Speaker Connections

RCA MFG. CO., INC.

Switch Mechanism, Parts



Connections and Colors of Speaker and Cable

Phonograph Motor

Switch Mechanism

(Shown with pickup in rest position)

Replacement Parts

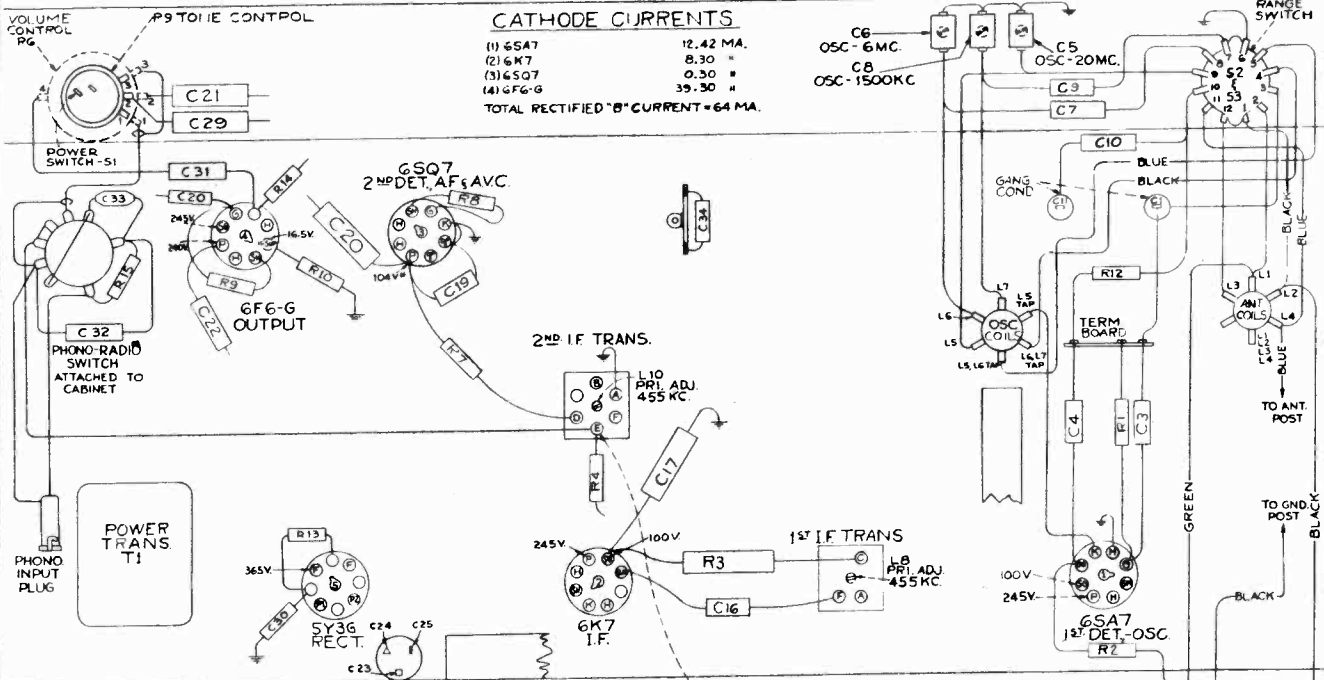
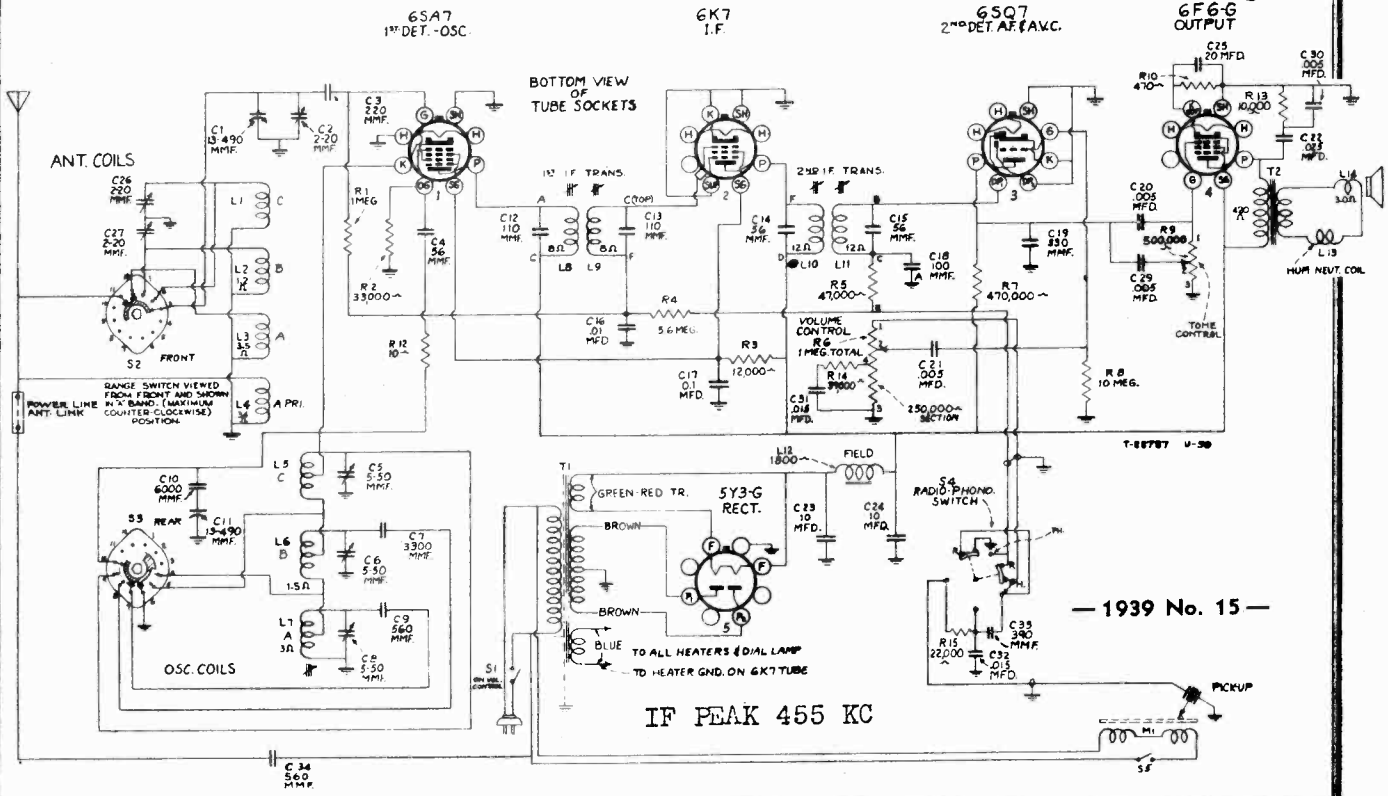
Insist on genuine factory-tested parts, which are readily identified and may be purchased from authorized dealers.

STOCK No.	DESCRIPTION	Unit List Price	STOCK No.	DESCRIPTION	Unit List Price
CHASSIS ASSEMBLIES (RC-414-C)			33114	Damper—Viscoloid damper for pickup armature	.15
32834	Bracket—Drive bracket and 1 pulley assembled	.25	31160	Screw—Pickup needle screw	.12
33411	Bracket—Drive bracket and 3 pulleys assembled	.85	MOTOR ASSEMBLIES		
12581	Cap—Top shield cap for i-f transformer	.25	32650	Field—Motor field coils and laminations, 110 volts, 50 cycle	5.10
32830	Capacitor—2-gang trimmer, 2-20 mmfd. each section (C26, C27)	.40	32336	Field—Motor field coils and laminations, 110 volts, 60 cycle	5.10
32829	Capacitor—3-gang trimmer, 5-60 mmfd. each section (C5, C6, C8)	.55	33220	Motor—105-125 volts, 50 cycles—less mounting plate (M1)	11.25
12723	Capacitor—56 mmfd. (C4)	.35	33219	Motor—105-125 volts, 60 cycles—less mounting plate (M1)	10.75
30949	Capacitor—56 mmfd. (C14, C15)	.25	33361	Shaft—Turntable spindle shaft and gear—50 cycle	1.40
14262	Capacitor—109 mmfd. (C12, C13)	.30	33360	Shaft—Turntable spindle shaft and gear—60 cycle	1.40
32238	Capacitor—110 mmfd. (C18)	.30	AUTOMATIC SWITCH ASSEMBLIES		
30232	Capacitor—220 mmfd. (C3)	.35	33221	Cam—Cam assembly comprising main and auxiliary cams, hub, and set screws	.65
12952	Capacitor—330 mmfd. (C19)	.35	32864	Lever—Actuating lever with roller and mercury tube clip	.45
13894	Capacitor—390 mmfd. (C33)	.35	14195	Screw—No. 10-32 x 5/16 cone pointed set screw for cam hub	.05
12537	Capacitor—560 mmfd. (C9, C34)	.35	32869	Screw—No. 10-32 x 5/16 set screw for cam hub	.01
31403	Capacitor—3300 mmfd. (C7)	.60	32868	Spring—Actuating lever tension spring	.05
31405	Capacitor—6000 mmfd. (C10)	.75	32867	Spring—Cam tension spring	.05
33584	Capacitor—.005 mfd. (C30)	.25	32865	Support—Switch support and terminal board	.40
4838	Capacitor—.005 mfd. (C20, C21, C29)	.25	32866	Switch—Mercury tube with leads (S5)	1.75
14393	Capacitor—.01 mfd. (C16)	.30	31608	Washer—"C" washer for actuating lever shaft	.01
11315	Capacitor—.015 mfd. (C31, C32)	.20	SPEAKER ASSEMBLIES (84604-1)		
4870	Capacitor—.025 mfd. (C22)	.20	33406	Cone—Speaker cone and voice coil (L14)	2.10
4839	Capacitor—.01 mfd. (C17)	.30	5118	Plug—3-contact male for speaker	.25
32240	Capacitor—Electrolytic, 2 sections 10 mfd., 400 V., and one section 20 mfd., 25 V. (C23, C24, C25)	1.45	33222	Speaker complete	6.65
32821	Coil—Antenna coil (L1, L2, L3, L4)	1.35	33407	Transformer—Output transformer (T2)	2.00
32824	Coil—Oscillator coil (L5, L6, L7)	1.00	MISCELLANEOUS ASSEMBLIES		
32817	Condenser—2-gang variable tuning (C1, C2, C11)	2.60	10290	Cap—Ventilating cap	.25
33409	Control—Volume control, tone control, and power switch (R6, R9, S1)	3.00	31464	Damper—Damper plate and rubber sleeve for spindle	.30
32713	Core—Adjustable core and stud for oscillator coil	.35	32837	Dial—Dial scale (glass)	.65
32835	Drum—Drive cord drum with set screw	.55	33415	Escutcheon—Dial scale escutcheon	.80
11891	Lamp—Dial lamp—Mazda No. 44	.17	11771	Foot—Cabinet foot	.02
30868	Plug—2-contact female motor cable plug	.35	33416	Frame—Dial frame, support, color plate, and mounting brackets—less pointer and carriage, and dial scale	1.40
5119	Plug—3-contact female speaker cable plug	.25	32633	Handle—Carrying handle	.90
13988	Resistor—10 ohms, 1/2 watt (R12)	.20	13085	Hinge—Cabinet lid hinge	.22
30681	Resistor—470 ohms, 1 watt (R10)	.22	11865	Holder—Needle cord holder	.30
3078	Resistor—10,000 ohms, 1/2 watt (R13)	.20	33417	Indicator—Dial scale pointer and carriage	.35
31389	Resistor—12,000 ohms, 3/4 watts (R3)	.50	33468	Knob—Radio-Record switch knob	.15
13998	Resistor—22,000 ohms, 1/2 watt (R15)	.20	33508	Knob—Range switch knob (small)	.25
12454	Resistor—33,000 ohms, 1/2 watt (R2)	.20	33470	Knob—Tone control and switch knob (small dual)	.20
12266	Resistor—39,000 ohms, 1/2 watt (R14)	.20	33505	Knob—Tuning knob (large)	.30
5132	Resistor—47,000 ohms, 1/10 watt (R5)	.15	33471	Knob—Volume control knob (large dual)	.25
12285	Resistor—470,000 ohms, 1/2 watt (R7)	.20	33223	Mounting—Complete set motor mounting screws, washers, and spacers	.30
13730	Resistor—1 meg., 1/2 watt (R1)	.20	31054	Mounting—Pickup arm mounting cushion, washers, and nut	.15
11668	Resistor—5.6 meg., 1/2 watt (R4)	.20	30870	Plug—2-contact male for motor leads	.35
13601	Resistor—10 meg., 1/2 watt (R8)	.20	31048	Plug—2-contact male plug for phono. cable	.15
14343	Retainer—Retaining ring to hold tuning knob shaft	.03	32846	Rod—Indicator slide rod	.25
32848	Screw—No. 8-32 square head set screw for drum	.03	33418	Spring—Indicator tension spring	.02
33412	Shaft—Tuning knob shaft	.20	30330	Spring—Retaining spring for tone control knob	.03
31365	Socket—Dial lamp socket (insulated)	.30	4982	Spring—Retaining spring for tuning knob	.05
31251	Socket—Octal base tube socket	.25	14270	Spring—Retaining spring for volume control, range switch, or radio-record switch knob	.05
31418	Spring—Drive cord tension spring	.05	33364	Support—Cabinet lid support (LH)	.50
33413	Switch—Radio-Record switch (S4)	.75	33673	Support—Pickup arm support	.25
33410	Switch—Range switch (S2, S3)	1.00	33414	Turntable	1.55
14376	Transformer—First i-f transformer (L8, L9, C12, C13)	2.45			
32825	Transformer—Second i-f transformer (L10, L11, C14, C15, C18, R5)	2.50			
33112	Transformer—Power transformer 105-125 volts, 50-60 cycle (T1)	4.30			
PICKUP AND ARM ASSEMBLIES					
33216	Arm—Pickup arm—less crystal, needle screw, and cable	2.20			
33218	Base—Pickup arm mounting base and pivot shaft	1.00			
33217	Crystal—Pickup crystal cartridge and needle screw	3.75			

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RCA MFG. CO., INC.

MODEL U50, Chas. RC-414C
Schematic, Voltage
R-F Chassis Wiring



FREQUENCY RANGES
Standard Broadcast (A)..... 540-1,720 kc (555-174 m)
Medium Wave (B)..... 2.3-7.0 mc (130-42.8 m)
Short Wave (C)..... 7.0-22 mc (42.8-13.6 m)
INTERMEDIATE FREQUENCY..... 455 kc

ANT-20MC ANT-6MC

First Edition

R-F Wiring Diagram and Socket Voltages

Measurements made to chassis unless otherwise indicated, with set tuned to quiet point and volume control at minimum. Values should hold within ± 20% with 117-volt a-c supply.

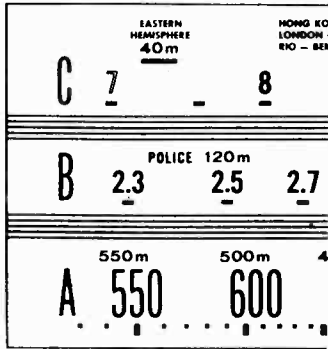
NOTE: Values with star () are operating voltages in circuits with high series resistance. The actual measured voltages will be lower, depending on the voltmeter loading.

MODEL U50, Chas. RC-414C
 Socket, Trimmers, Dial Data
 Alignment, Phono. Data

RCA MFG. CO., INC.

Reduced Reproduction of Receiver Dial, and Corresponding 0-180° Calibration Scales

The corresponding position of the dial indicator for any setting of the calibration scale can be determined by drawing a line from this point on the bottom calibration scale to the same point on the top calibration scale. For example: 33° on the calibration scale corresponds to approximately 7.9 mc on "C" band, and 600 kc on "A" band, etc. Read instructions under "Alignment Procedure."



Calibration Scale On Indicator-Drive-Cord Drum.—In most cases it will not be necessary to remove the chassis from the dial scale for alignment, allowing the dial scale to be used for calibration. However, if alignment is made with the receiver chassis removed, the calibration scale attached to the rear of the drum which is mounted on the front shaft of the gang condenser must be used. The setting of the gang condenser is read on this scale, which is calibrated in degrees. The correct setting of the gang in degrees, for each alignment frequency, is given in the alignment table.

As the first step in r-f alignment, check the position of the drum. The 135° mark on the drum scale must be vertical, and directly under the center of the gang-condenser shaft when the plates are fully meshed. The drum is held in place by one set-screw, which must be securely tightened when the drum is in the correct position.

Pointer for Calibration Scale.—Improvise a pointer for the calibration scale by fastening a piece of wire to the gang-condenser frame, and bend the wire so that it points to the 0° mark on the calibration scale when the plates are fully meshed.

Dial-Indicator Adjustment.—After fastening the chassis in the cabinet, attach the dial indicator to the drive cable with indicator at the 530 kc mark, and gang condenser fully meshed. The indicator has a spring clip for attachment to the cable.

For additional details, refer to booklet "RCA Victor Receiver Alignment."

TUBE COMPLEMENT

- (1) RCA-6SA7..... First Detector-Oscillator
- (2) RCA-6K7..... I-F Amplifier
- (3) RCA-6SQ7..... Second Det., A.V.C., and A-F Amplifier
- (4) RCA-6F6-G..... Power Output
- (5) RCA-5Y3-G..... Rectifier

PILOT LAMP (1).....

Mazda No. 44, 6.3 volts, 0.25 amp.

POWER OUTPUT RATING

Undistorted..... 2.0 watts
 Maximum..... 3.6 watts

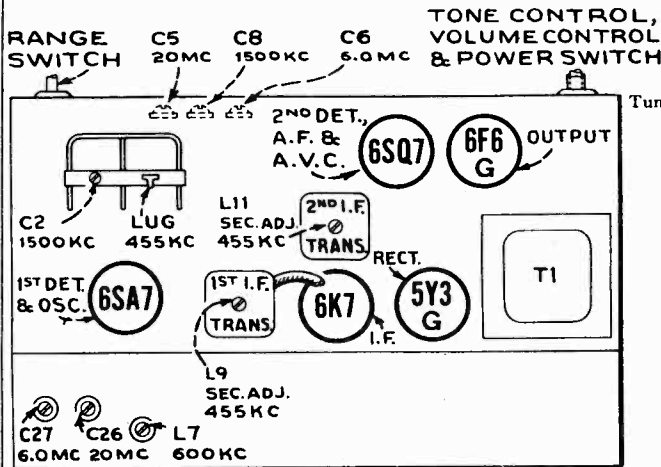
POWER SUPPLY RATINGS

Rating A.. 105-125 volts, 50-60 cycles, 105 watts

LOUDSPEAKER (84604-1)

Type..... 8-inch electrodynamic
 Voice Coil Impedance.. 3.3 ohms at 400 cycles

Steps	Connect the high side of test-osc. to—	Tune test-osc. to—	Turn radio dial to—	Adjust the following for max. peak output
1	6K7 I-F grid cap, in series with .01 mfd.	455 kc	"A" Band quiet point between 550-750 kc	L10 and L11 (2nd I.F. trans.)
2	Tuning condenser stator (osc.) in series with .01 mfd. **	455 kc		L8 and L9 (1st I.F. trans.)
3	Antenna lead in series with 200 mmfd.	600 kc	600 kc (33°) "A" Band	L7†
4		1,500 kc	1,500 kc (152.4°) "A" Band	C2 (ant.) C8 (osc.)
5	Repeat steps 3 and 4			
6	Antenna lead in series with 400 ohms	20 mc	20 mc (155.4°) "C" Band	C5 (osc.) * C26 (ant.)
7		6 mc	6 mc (149°) "B" Band	C6 (osc.) * C27 (ant.)
8	Antenna lead in series with 200 mmf.	1,500 kc	1,500 kc (152.4°) "A" Band	C8 (osc.)



SN-981 (RC-414C)

Phonograph Mechanism:

The phonograph motor is a self-starting, constant-speed induction type. It should be lubricated every six months by applying a few drops of light machine oil to the spindle bearing and oil hole.

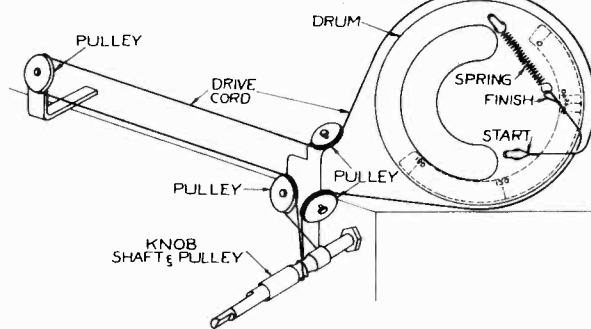
The motor spindle is tapered, and a conical rubber piece fits snugly on the spindle. The hole in the turntable bushing is tapered to fit the rubber. This provides an excellent self-centering floating mounting.

A metal washer is placed on the spindle under the rubber piece. The washer has ears on the under side which fit over a pin that projects through the spindle.

The motor switch is automatic for both starting and stopping, and when properly adjusted, will turn the motor on as the pickup is moved from the pickup rest toward the turntable. The switch should be adjusted so that it will snap into the "off" position when the pickup needle is 1 1/4 inches from the center line of the spindle

* Use minimum capacity peak if two peaks can be obtained † Rock gang condenser slightly while adjusting L7.
 ** Make test-oscillator connection to lug on tuning condenser stator (oscillator section) in series with .01 mfd. condenser.
 Note.—Oscillator tracks 455 kc above signal on all bands.

Tuning Drive Ratio..... 11 to 1



Arrangement of Drive Cord for Tuning Condenser and Dial Indicator. Drum Shown with Gang at Maximum Capacity shaft. The motor may be shut off at any time by placing the pickup on the pickup rest.

Power-Line Antenna:

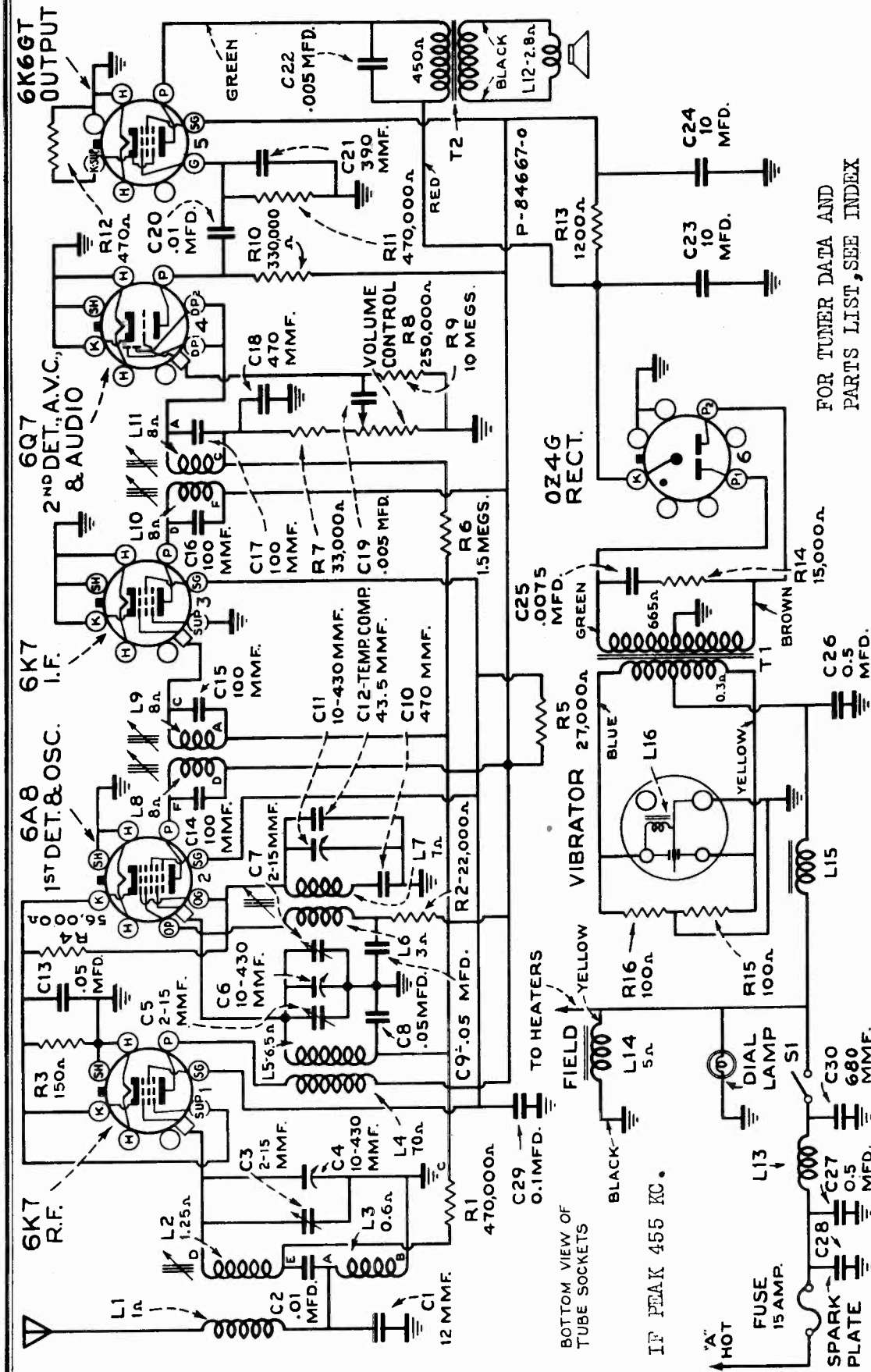
At the back of the motorboard is a terminal board for antenna and ground connections. When it is desired to use the power line antenna, a jumper should be placed across the two outside binding-posts, thus connecting the antenna input of the receiver through a capacitor to the power line. The center binding-post is for the ground connection. When an external antenna is used, it should be connected to the post marked "ANT"

Precautionary Lead Dress:

1. Lead from 2nd I-F transformer to volume control should be kept close to the chassis and dressed against front apron.
2. C-10 should be dressed away from the antenna section of the variable condenser (C-1).

RCA MFG. CO., INC.

MODEL M60, Chas. RC-357K
Schematic



FOR TUNER DATA AND
PARTS LIST, SEE INDEX

POWER SUPPLY RATING		POWER OUTPUT		LOUDSPEAKER	
Supply Voltage.....	6.3 volts	Type.....	Pentode	Type.....	Electrodynamic
Current Drain.....	6.5 amperes	Undistorted.....	2.0 watts	Size.....	5 inches
Fuse Protection.....	15 ampere	Maximum.....	3.5 watts	Voice-Coil Impedance.....	3.2 ohms at 400 cycles

MODEL M60, Chas. RC-357K
 Chassis Wiring, Socket
 Trimmers
 Voltage

RCA MFG. CO., INC.

General Description

Model M60 is a six-tube superheterodyne receiver with loudspeaker and radio chassis in the same case. It is equipped with five push buttons, for tuning your five favorite broadcast stations, as well as the standard method of dial tuning. Adjustments for push button tuning are explained under the heading "Push Button Tuning Mechanism." The receiver is designed to be mounted under the dash panel. The operating controls are integral with the radio and speaker case.

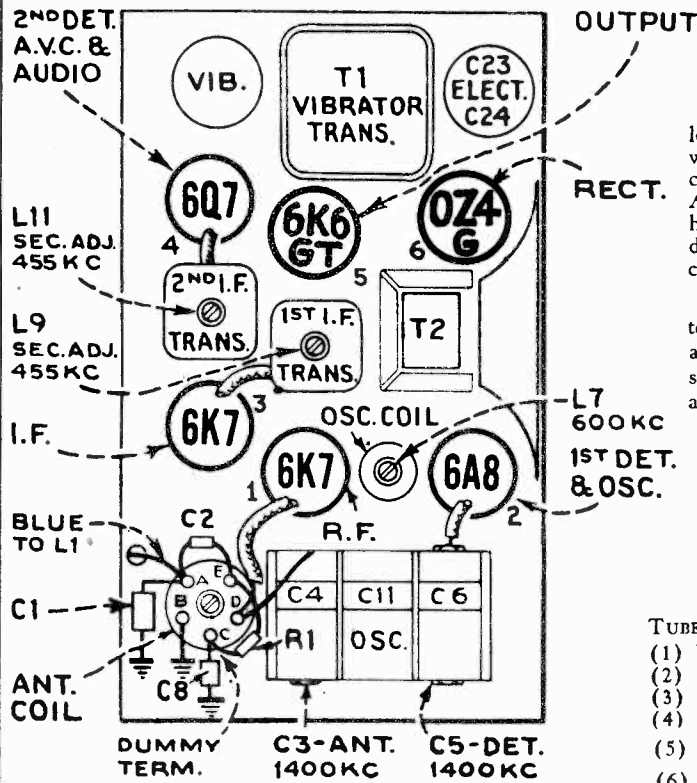
Loudspeaker.—The loudspeaker voice coil should be centered in the usual manner with three narrow paper feelers, after first removing the front dust cover. The dust cover should be cemented back in place with ambroid cement after adjustment has been completed.

ALIGNMENT FREQUENCIES

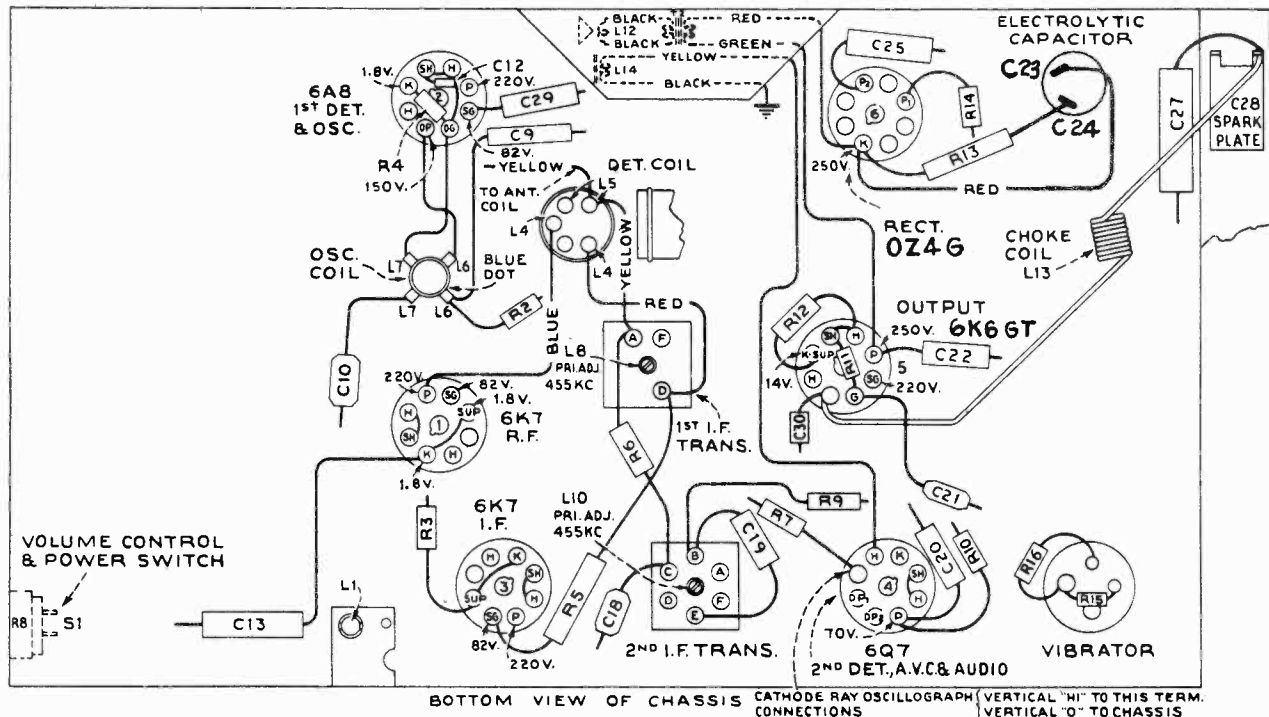
I-F	455 kc
Antenna	1,400 kc
R-F	1,400 kc
Oscillator	600 kc

TUBES AND FUNCTIONS

- (1) RCA-6K7..... R-F Amplifier
- (2) RCA-6A8..... First Detector—Oscillator
- (3) RCA-6K7..... I-F Amplifier
- (4) RCA-6Q7.. Second Detector, A-F Amplifier and A.V.C.
- (5) RCA-6K6GT Output
- (6) RCA-0Z4G..... Rectifier



Top View of Chassis



BOTTOM VIEW OF CHASSIS CATHODE RAY OSCILLOGRAPH CONNECTIONS (VERTICAL "HI" TO THIS TERM. VERTICAL "O" TO CHASSIS)

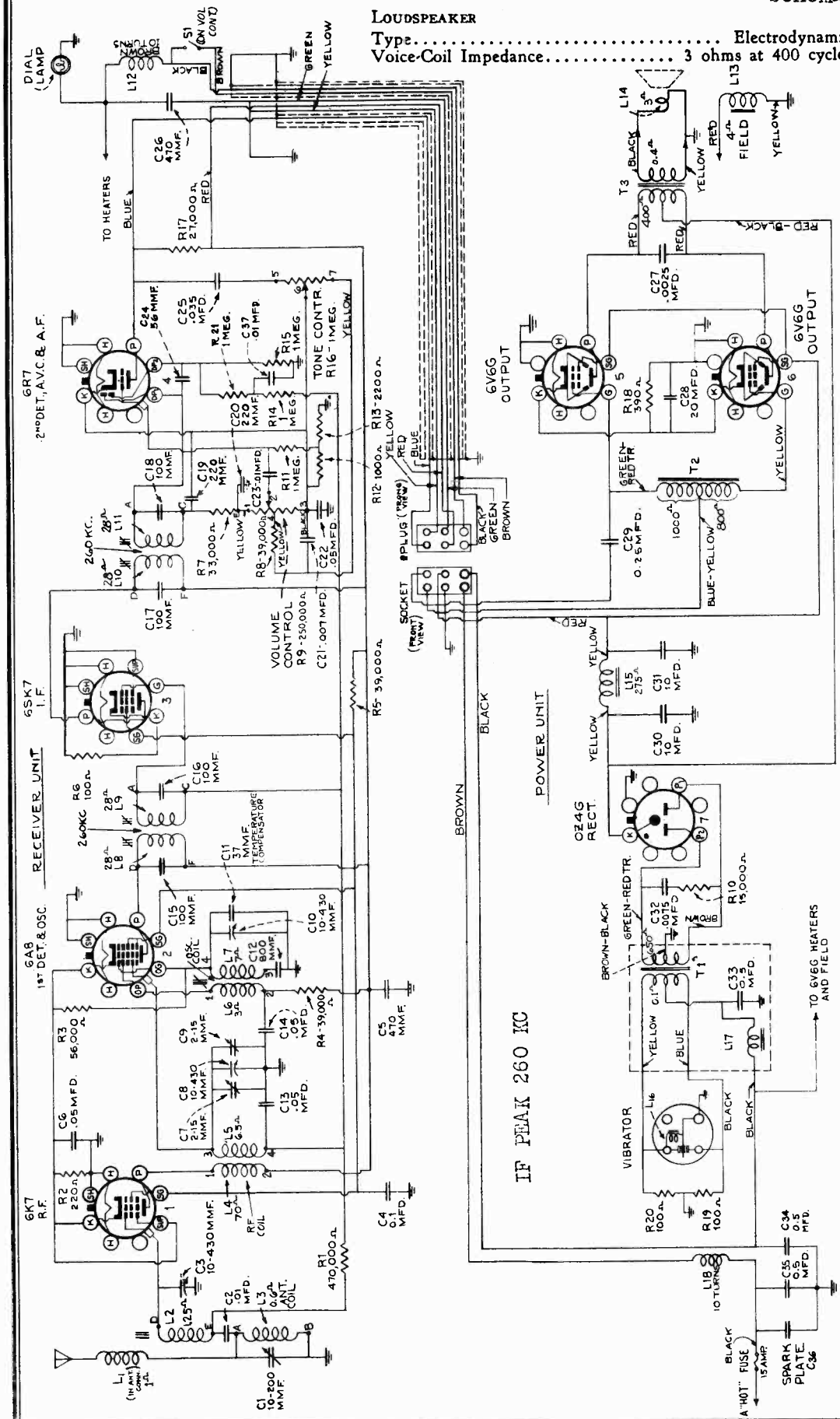
Bottom View of Parts and Socket Voltages

(Measured at 6.3 volts battery supply—Volume control minimum—No signal input—)

To duplicate the conditions under which the above voltages were measured requires a 1,000-ohm-per-volt d-c meter having ranges of 10, 50, 250, and 500 volts. Use the nearest range above the indicated voltage value. Each value should hold within $\pm 20\%$ when the receiver is normally operative at its rated battery voltage.

RCA MFG. CO., INC.

MODEL M70, Chas. RC-394
Schematic



LOUDSPEAKER
Type..... Electrodynamic
Voice-Coil Impedance..... 3 ohms at 400 cycles

Model M-70 consists of a 7-tube, superheterodyne automobile receiver and an eight-inch electrodynamic loudspeaker built in two separately housed components. A small tuning unit for mounting under the instrument panel contains four tubes, while the cylindrical loudspeaker housing for firewall mounting contains three tubes. Design features include an R-F amplifier stage;

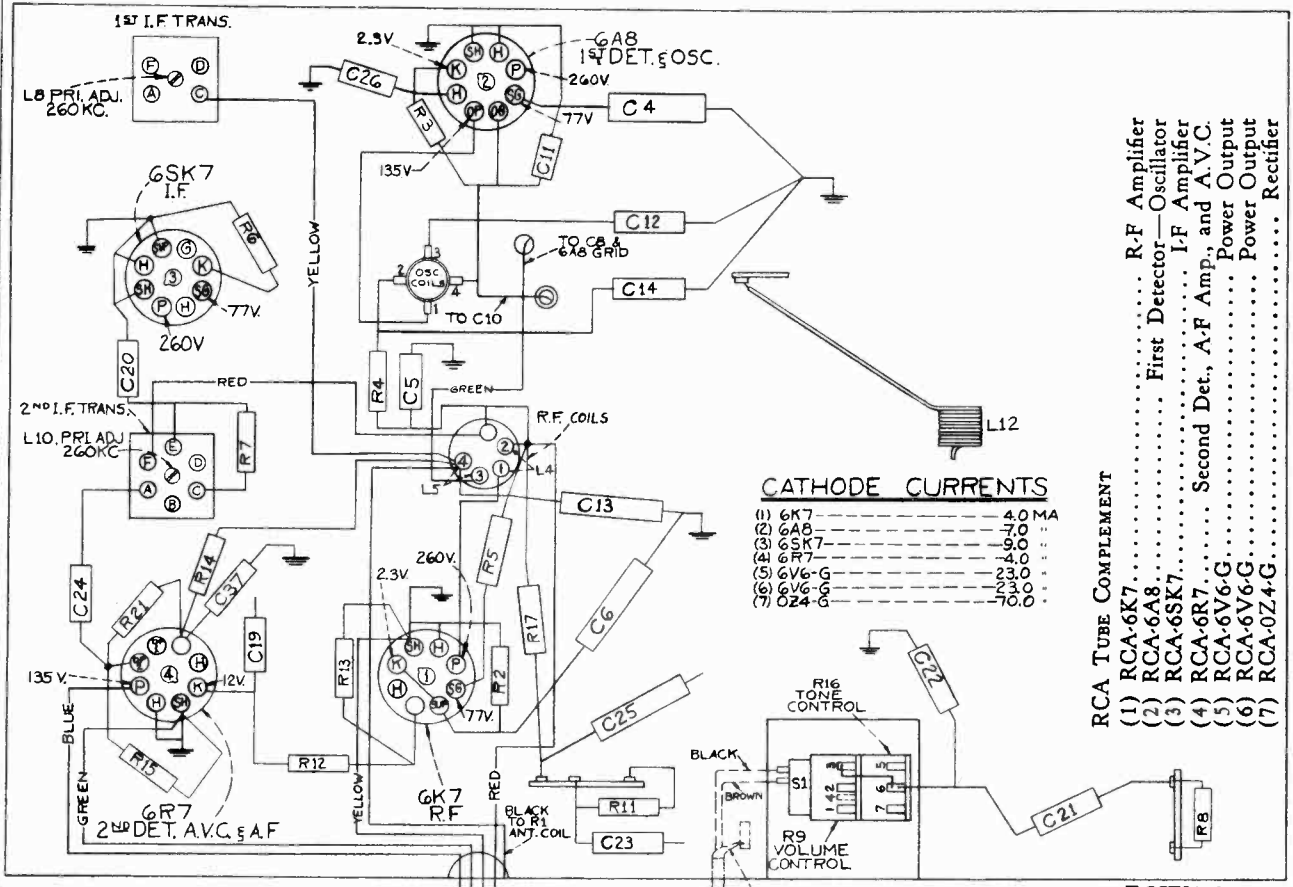
Automobile Receiver
— 1939 No. 12 —
Tuning Range ... 550 to 1,550 kc
INTERMEDIATE FREQUENCY... 260 kc

MODEL M-70
Chassis No. RC-394

POWER SUPPLY RATING
Supply Voltage 6.3 volts
Current Drain 8.7 amperes
Fuse Protection 15 ampere
Pilot Lamp... Mazda No. 51, 6-8 volts, 0.2 ampere
POWER OUTPUT RATINGS
Maximum..... 8 watts
Undistorted..... 6 watts

MODEL M70, Chas. RC-394
Voltage, Chassis Wiring
Tuner Data

RCA MFG. CO., INC.



CATHODE CURRENTS

(1) 6K7	4.0 MA
(2) 6A8	1.0 MA
(3) 6SK7	1.0 MA
(4) 6R7	1.0 MA
(5) 6V6-G	1.0 MA
(6) 6V6-G	1.0 MA
(7) 6Z4-G	10.0 MA

- RCA TUBE COMPLEMENT**
- (1) RCA-6K7..... R-F Amplifier
 - (2) RCA-6A8..... First Detector—Oscillator
 - (3) RCA-6SK7..... I-F Amplifier
 - (4) RCA-6R7..... Second Det., A-F Amp., and A.V.C.
 - (5) RCA-6V6-G..... Power Output
 - (6) RCA-6V6-G..... Power Output
 - (7) RCA-0Z4-G..... Rectifier

BOTTOM VIEW

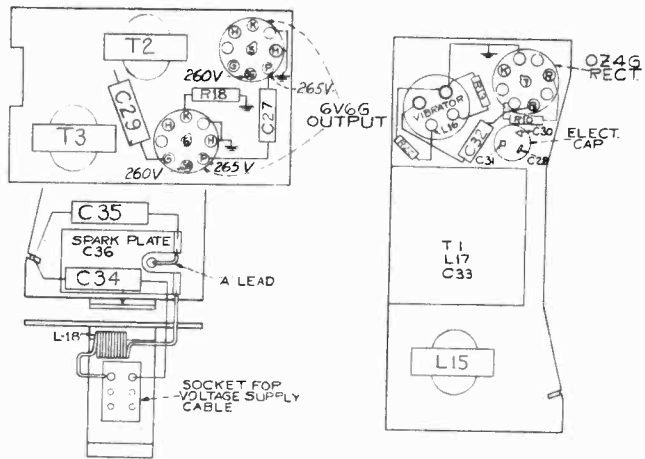
Receiver Unit Parts and Socket Voltages

- RECEIVER CASE DIMENSIONS..... Height, 2½ inches; Width, 5⅞ inches; Depth, 9¼ inches
- SPEAKER CASE DIMENSIONS..... Diameter, 9½ inches; Depth, 5 inches
- OPERATING CONTROLS..... (Left)—(Plastic Knob) Power-Volume; (Wing Knob) Tone; (Center)—Five Station Push Buttons; (Right)—Manual Tuning; Ratio 7½ : 1.
- WEIGHT..... Net, 20 pounds; Shipping, 22 pounds

Adjustment of Push-Button Mechanism

The mechanism should be adjusted so that when using either manual or push-button tuning, it operates positively and without backlash or bind. The following hints will be found helpful in adjusting the mechanism properly.

1. With the gang condenser in full mesh, the sector gear should have the two end teeth fully meshed in the scissor gear, as shown in the illustration.
2. The position of the sector gear on the rocker-plate shaft should be adjusted so that there is clearance between the rocker-plates and the frame of the push-button mechanism at both extremities of gang rotation. Thus correct adjustment prevents the rotation of the gang being limited by the rocker plates touching the frame.
3. The drive cord should have 6½ turns around the tuning shaft as shown in the illustration. Three degrees of adjustment of the tension on the drive cord may be obtained by use of the three positions for connecting the drive-cord-tension spring to the drive-cord drum on the condenser shaft as shown.
4. The push-arms, rocker-plate shaft, and pulleys should be lubricated with light grease (sparingly). Care should be taken to keep the lubricant off of the drive cord.



Power Unit Parts and Socket Voltages

RCA MFG. CO., INC.

MODEL M70, Chas. RC-394
Alignment, Socket, Trimmers
Tuner Adjustments, Antenna
Drive Cord Data

Alignment Procedure

Test Oscillator.—For all alignment operations, connect the low side of the test oscillator to the receiver chassis, and keep the output signal as low as possible to avoid a-v-c action.

Cathode-Ray Alignment is the preferable method. Connections for the oscillograph are as follows: Vertical "H1" to terminal "C" on 2nd I-F transformer; vertical "0" to chassis.

Output Meter.—Connect the output meter across the speaker voice-coil and turn the receiver volume control to maximum (fully clockwise) and tone control to middle of range.

Dial Calibration.—Rotate the gang condenser to its full-mesh (maximum-capacity) position and then adjust dial scale so that the pointer is aligned to the last calibration mark at the low-frequency end of the scale.

Steps	Connect the high side of test-osc. to—	Tune test-osc. to—	Turn radio dial to—	Adjust the following for max. peak output
1	6SK7 I-F grid (No. 4 pin) in series with .01 mfd.	260 kc	No Signal 550-750 kc	L10 and L11 (2nd I-F Trans.)
2	6A8 Det. grid cap in series with .01 mfd.	260 kc		L8 and L9 (1st I-F Trans.)
3 †	* Ant. connector in series with 60 mmfd.	600 kc	600 kc	L7 (osc.)
4 †	* Ant. connector in series with 60 mmfd.	1,400 kc	1,400 kc signal	C7 (det.) C1 (ant.)
5 †	* Ant. connector in series with 60 mmfd.	600 kc	600 kc (rock)	L7 (osc.)
6 †	* Ant. connector in series with 60 mmfd.	1,400 kc	1,400 kc signal	C7 (det.) C1 (ant.)**

* **Note 1.**—This 60 mmfd. capacitor must be inserted at the antenna connector of the receiver. The lead from the test oscillator to the 60 mmfd capacitor may be shielded if desired, but no shielding should be used between capacitor and antenna connector.

† **Note 2.**—These adjustments should be made with unit enclosed in its shielded case, through holes provided for adjustment purposes.

** **Note 3.**—Final adjustment of C1 must be made after the receiver has been installed and the antenna connected. See "Antenna Circuit." steel top of approximately 3,500 mmf will require a series capacitor of 150 mmf.

Antenna Circuit

It is very important that these instructions be followed when installing the M-70 receiver.

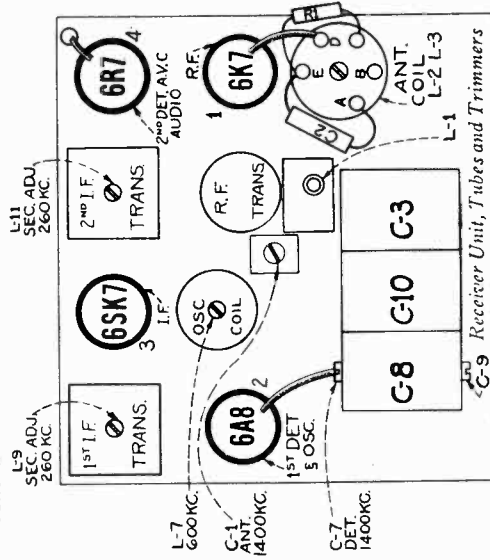
The antenna circuit is designed to work with an antenna having a total capacity including the shielded lead-in not to exceed 150 mmf. If an antenna having a larger capacity is to be used, it will be necessary to add a capacitor in series with the lead from the antenna filter L-1 to the antenna coil terminal ("A"). Where a "Double Under the Running Board" type of antenna is to be used having a capacity of approximately 200 mmf, the capacitor added should be approximately 500 mmf. The insulated running board type having an approximate capacity of 550 mmf. will require a capacitor of approximately 150 mmf. Cars using an insulated

Push Button Adjustment

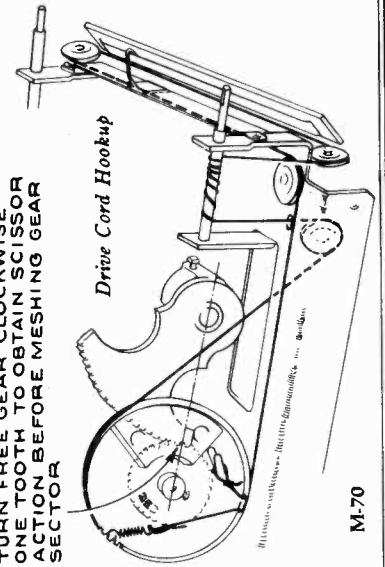
The push buttons should be adjusted for five favorite stations after the receiver is installed and operating.

Any standard broadcast stations may be chosen. The preferable arrangement is to adjust for stations in the order of frequency, from low to high. Proceed as follows:

1. Loosen the push buttons one-half turn.
2. Using the tuning control, accurately tune in the first station.
3. With station accurately tuned in, press the first push button fully in and then gently release so as not to jar mechanism.
4. Tighten the push button securely with fingers. Do not use force with pliers.
5. Proceed in same manner to adjust the other four push buttons.



TURN FREE GEAR CLOCKWISE ONE TOOTH TO OBTAIN SCISSOR ACTION BEFORE MESHING GEAR SECTOR



M-70

Loudspeaker

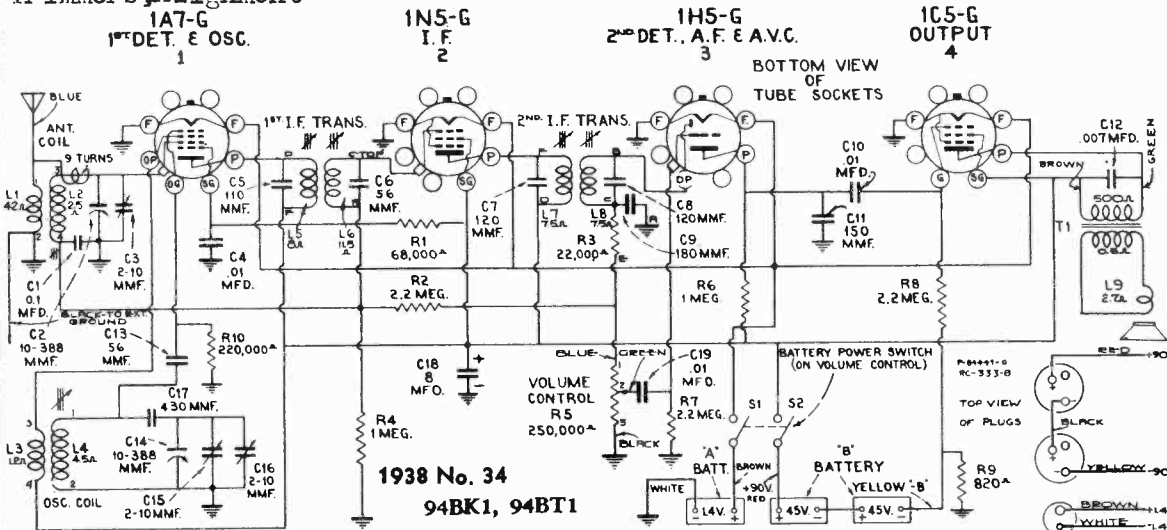
The loudspeaker cone may be centered in the usual manner with three celluloid or paper feelers after gently cutting away the front dust cover. A new cover should be cemented in place upon completion of the adjustment.

MODELS 94BK1, 94BT1

Chassis RC-333B

Schematic, Voltage, Socket Trimmers, Alignment

RCA MFG. CO., INC.



Alignment Procedure

Cathode-ray Alignment is the preferable method. Connections for the oscillograph are shown in the chassis drawing.

Output Meter Alignment.—If this method is used, connect the meter across the voice coil, and turn the receiver volume control to maximum.

Test-oscillator.—For all alignment operations, connect the low side of the test-oscillator to the receiver chassis, and keep the output as low as possible to avoid a-v-c action.

For additional details, refer to booklet "RCA Victor Receiver Alignment."

Pre-setting Dial.—With gang condenser in full mesh, the pointer should be horizontal.

Steps	Connect the high side of test-oscillator to—	Tune test-osc. to—	Turn radio dial to—	Adjust the following for max. peak output
No. 1	1N5-G I-F grid cap, in series with 0.01 mfd.	455 kc	Quiet point between 550-750 kc	L7 and L8 (2nd I-F transformer)
No. 2	1A7-G 1st-det. grid cap, in series with 0.01 mfd.	455 kc		L5 and L6 (1st I-F transformer)
No. 3	Antenna lead, in series with 200 mmfd.	600 kc	600 kc	L4 (oscillator) L2 (antenna)
No. 4	Antenna lead, in series with 200 mmfd.	1,500 kc	1,500 kc	C15† (oscillator) C3 (antenna)

† Trimmer C16 on gang condenser should be unscrewed one complete turn from tight, before adjusting C15.

Precautionary Lead Dress

1. Red lead from second i-f transformer to screen terminal of 1N5-G must be dressed close to and along edge of chassis.
2. Twisted green wire from antenna coil to gang must be 9 turns and kept clear of rotor.
3. Blue and green leads to volume control must be dressed close to chassis and between gang and front apron.

Electrical and Mechanical Specifications

POWER OUTPUT
Undistorted..... 0.115 watt
Maximum..... 0.280 watt

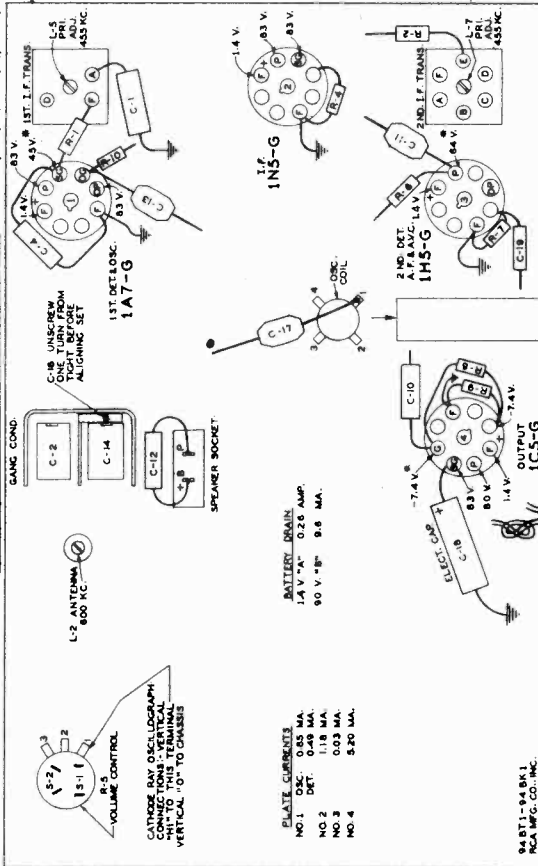
LOUDSPEAKER
Type..... Permanent Magnet Dynamic
Diameter..... 94BK1, 6 inches; 94BT1, 5 inches
Voice Coil Impedance..... 3 ohms at 400 cycles

Cabinet Dimensions (94BT1)..... Height 12½ in. Width 6½ in. Depth 6½ in.
Cabinet Dimensions (94BK1)..... 37½ in. 22 in. 10½ in.
Chassis Base Dimensions..... 2 in. 9½ in. 5½ in.

Over-all Chassis Height..... 6 in.
Weight (94BT1)..... 7½ lbs. net; 10½ lbs. shipping
Weight (94BK1)..... 26½ lbs. net; 39½ lbs. shipping
Operating Controls..... (1) Power Switch—Volume; (2) Tuning
Tuning Drive Ratio..... 8 to 1

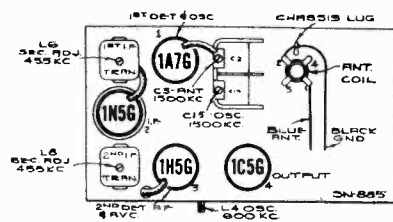
Frequency Range..... 540 to 1,720 kc
RF Alignment Frequencies..... 600 kc (osc., ant.), 1,500 kc (osc., ant.)
Intermediate Frequency..... 455 kc

IF PEAK 455 KC



* NOTE: Values with star (*) are operating voltages in circuits with high series resistance. The actual measured value will be lower, depending on the voltmeter loading. Measurements made to chassis unless otherwise indicated, with set tuned to a quiet point and the volume control at minimum. Values should hold within approximately ± 20% with rated battery voltage.

Socket Voltages, and Location of Parts FOR PARTS LIST, SEE INDEX



Tube and Trimmer Locations

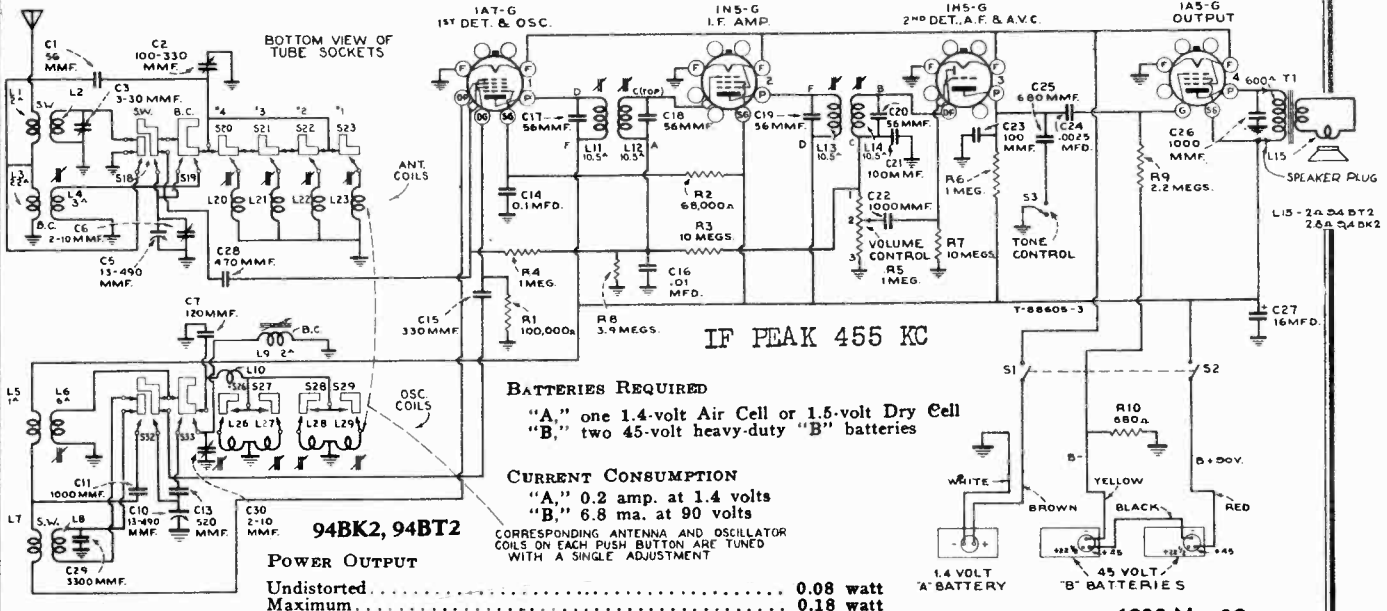
CURRENT CONSUMPTION
"A" at 1.4 volts, 0.26 amp.
"B" at 90 volts, 9.6 ma.

BATTERIES REQUIRED
"A," one 1.4-volt Air Cell or 1.5-volt Dry Cell.
"B," two 45-volt heavy duty "B" batteries.

Schematic, Voltage
Chassis Wiring

RCA MFG. CO., INC.

MODELS 94BK2, 94BT2
Chassis RC-390

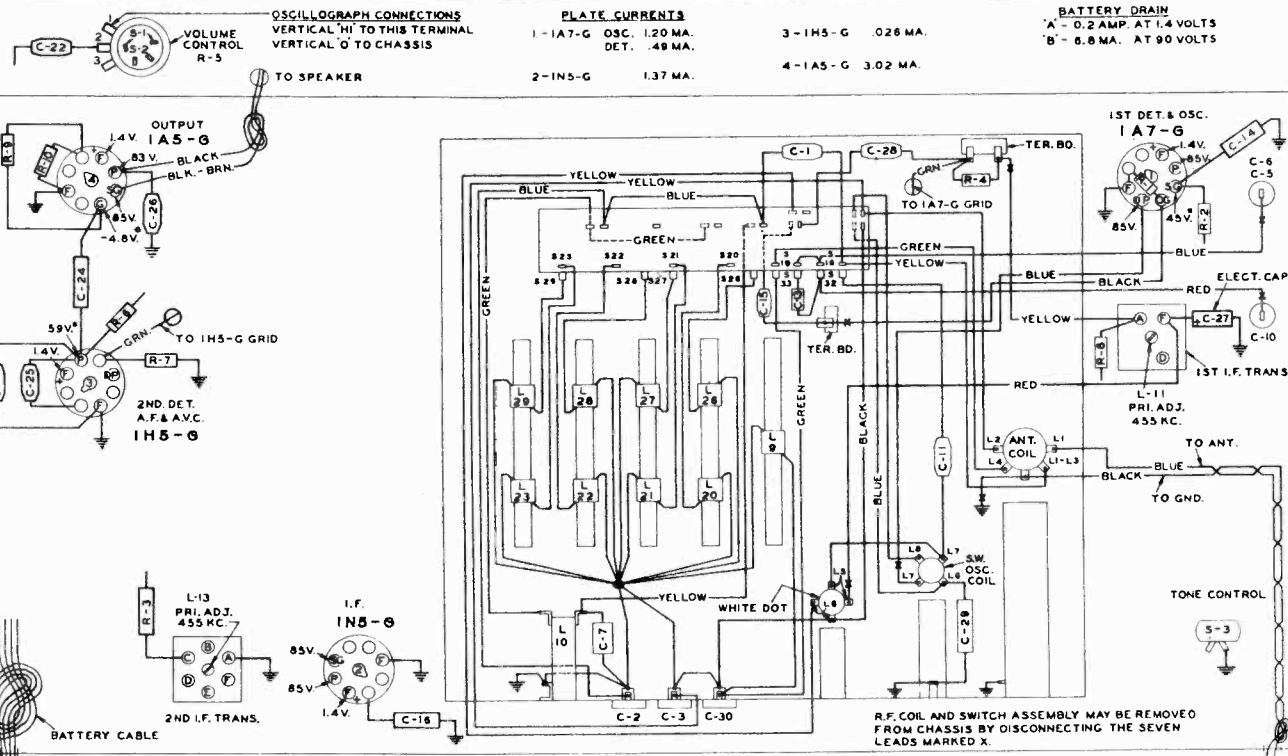


	Model 94BK2	Model 94BT2
Height	37 1/4 inches	10 1/2 inches
Width	22 inches	20-13/16 inches
Depth	10 inches	9 3/4 inches
Net Weight	40 1/2 pounds	15 1/2 pounds
Shipping Weight	53 1/2 pounds	19 pounds
Chassis Base Dimensions	8 inches x 11 1/2 inches x 5 inches	
Over-all Height of Chassis	7 3/4 inches	
Tuning Drive Ratio	12 to 1	

The 94BK2 is a console model; the 94BT2 a table model. Each of these receivers is a low-drain, battery-operated superheterodyne. The design features include gang-tuned push button coils for single control electric tuning adjustments; magnetite-core i-f transformers and "A" band r-f coils; automatic volume control; and permanent magnet dynamic speaker. Push button electric tuning is provided for four favorite broadcast stations; two additional push-buttons provide dial tuning for "Standard-broadcast" and "Short-wave" bands.

LOUDSPEAKER
Type..... Permanent Magnet Dynamic
Diameter..... 94BK2, 8 inches; 94BT2, 6 inches
Voice Coil Impedance (at 400 cycles)..... 94BK2, 3 ohms; 94BT2, 2.2 ohms

FREQUENCY RANGES
Standard Broadcast ("A" Band)..... 540—1,720 kc
Short Wave ("C" Band)..... 5.8—15.4 mc
Four Electric Tuning Positions..... 550—1,500 kc
One station between approximately 550—950 kc (Button No. 1)
One station between approximately 610—1,090 kc (Button No. 2)
One station between approximately 750—1,370 kc (Button No. 3)
One station between approximately 845—1,500 kc (Button No. 4)
Intermediate Frequency..... 455 kc



NOTE: Values with star () are operating voltages in circuits with high series resistance. The actual measured value will be lower, depending on the voltmeter loading.

Measurements made to chassis unless otherwise indicated, with set tuned to a quiet point and the volume control at minimum. Values should hold within approximately ± 20% with rated battery voltage.

MODELS 94BK2, 94BT2

Chassis RC-390

Socket, Trimmers, Alignment

Drive Cord Data, Lead Dress

RCA MFG. CO., INC.

Alignment Procedure

Cathode-Ray Alignment is the preferable method. Connections for the oscillograph are shown on the chassis drawing.

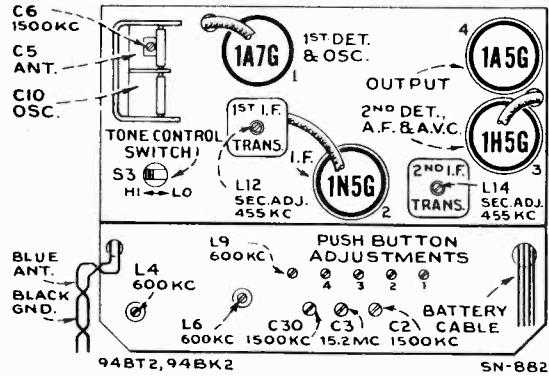
Output Meter Alignment.—If this method is used, connect the meter across the voice coil, and turn the receiver volume control to maximum.

Test Oscillator.—For all alignment operations, connect the low side of the test oscillator to the chassis, and keep the output as low as possible to avoid a-v-c action.

Calibration Marks.—The tuning dial is fastened in the cabinet and can not be used for reference during alignment. Therefore calibration marks corresponding to dial readings of 600 kc, 1,500 kc, and 15.2 mc have been stamped in the plate on the front of the chassis as shown in the accompanying drawing. These marks are used for reference during alignment.

Dial Indicator Adjustment.—With the gang condenser in full mesh, the indicator should point to the extreme left (low frequency) mark on the dial scale.

For additional details, refer to booklet "RCA Victor Receiver Alignment".



Tube and Trimmer Locations

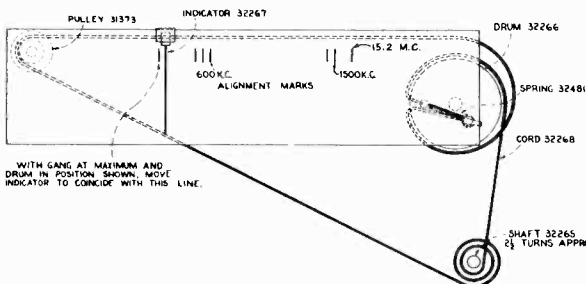
Steps	Connect the High Side of Test Oscillator to:	Tune Test Oscillator to:	Push Button	Turn Radio Dial to:	Adjust for Maximum Peak Output:
1	1N5-G I-F grid cap in series with .01 mfd.	455 kc	B.C. (5)	No Signal between 550—750 kc.	L13 and L14 (2nd I-F Trans.)
2	1A7-G Det. grid cap in series with .01 mfd.	455 kc	B.C. (5)		L11 and L12 (1st I-F Trans.)
3	Antenna Lead (blue) in series with 200 mmfd.	1,500 kc	No. 4		L20-L26 (No. 4 Push Button Adj.) C2 (ant.)
4	Antenna Lead (blue) in series with 200 mmfd.	600 kc	No. 1		L23-L29 *(No. 1 Push Button Adj.) L8 (osc.)
5	Antenna Lead (blue) in series with 200 mmfd.	1,500 kc	No. 4		L20-L26 (No. 4 Push Button Adj.) C2 (ant.)
6	Antenna Lead (blue) in series with 200 mmfd.	600 kc	No. 1		L23-L29 *(No. 1 Push Button Adj.) L6 (osc.)
7	Antenna Lead (blue) in series with 200 mmfd.	1,500 kc	B.C. (5)		C30 (osc.) C6 (ant.)
8	Antenna Lead (blue) in series with 200 mmfd.	600 kc	B.C. (5)		L9 (osc.) L4 (ant.)
9	Antenna Lead (blue) in series with 200 mmfd.	1,500 kc	B.C. (5)		C30 (osc.) C6 (ant.)
10	Antenna Lead (blue) in series with 300 ohms	15.2 mc	S.W. (6)		Signal Near 15.2 mc Cal. Mark†	**C3 (ant.)
11	Follow the "Adjustments for Electric Tuning."				

* Adjust L23—L29 (No. 1 push button adjustment) and L6 at the same time, rocking in for maximum signal.

** Use maximum capacity peak if two peaks can be obtained, rock in for maximum signal. A weaker signal (image) should be received about one-quarter inch to the left on the dial plate.

† If two signals are received, set the dial to the higher frequency (right hand) position.

Note: The oscillator tracks 455 kc above the signal on all bands. After the receiver has been installed and the antenna connected, it is sometimes advisable to make a slight change in the adjustment of the antenna trimmer, C2. In most cases it is desirable to make this adjustment while receiving a station on No. 4 push button. However, if a station received on one of the other buttons is especially weak, it may be advisable to make the adjustment while receiving the weak station on this button.



Dial Drive Hookup and Alignment Marks

Precautionary Lead Dress

- Green lead to first detector grid cap should be pulled out of the chassis as far as possible, and dressed away from the tube envelope.
- Blue lead from push button switch to gang condenser must be dressed over the top of the switch.
- Leads to push button coils must be dressed close to the coils.
- Red and blue leads to gang condenser must be dressed away from chassis.
- Blue antenna lead must be dressed in the end of the chassis away from gang leads and coil windings.

94BK2, 94BT2

RCA MFG. CO., INC.

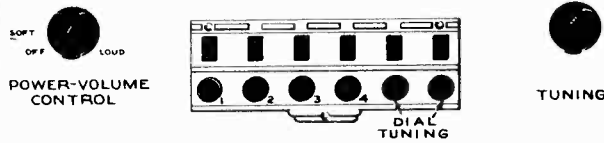
MODELS 94BK2, 94BT2
Chassis RC-390
Tuner Data, Parts

Adjustments for Electric Tuning

These models have six push buttons. The right-hand button connects the receiver for dial tuning on the "Short-wave" band, the next button connects for dial tuning on the "Standard-broadcast" band, and the other four buttons are for electric tuning of four different stations in the standard-broadcast band. Each station button connects separate oscillator and antenna coils which are tandem-tuned by ganged magnetite cores, and may be adjusted for the desired stations. Use a small screwdriver or alignment tool such as RCA Stock No. 31031. Allow at least five minutes warm-up period before making adjustments. Use a regular antenna for the preliminary adjustments.

The procedure is as follows:

1. Make a list of the four desired stations, arranged in order from low to high frequencies.



Location of Controls

2. Push in the broadcast dial-tuning button (second from right), and manually tune in the first station on the list.
3. Push in station button No. 1 (left-hand) and adjust No. 1 push button adjustment to receive this station. Turn the adjusting screw all the way in, to lowest frequency, and then unscrew slowly until the station is received.
4. Adjust for each of the remaining three stations in the same manner. (Clockwise adjustment of the screw tunes the circuits to lower frequencies.)
5. After installation, and with antenna properly connected, re-adjust C2 as outlined in Note under "Alignment Procedure."

Miscellaneous Service Data

To center the loudspeaker voice coil, first remove the front dust cover, then loosen the screws holding the spider assembly. Insert three narrow feelers into the air gap, and tighten the spider screws. Remove the feelers and fasten a dust cover in place with loudspeaker cement.

The push button switch and coil assembly may be removed from the chassis by removing two screws from the front apron, one from the rear apron, removing the 1A7-G grid connector from the grid cap, and disconnecting the seven leads indicated on the Wiring Diagram.

REPLACEMENT PARTS

Insist on genuine factory-tested parts, which are readily identified and may be purchased from authorized dealers.

STOCK No.	DESCRIPTION	Unit List Price	STOCK No.	DESCRIPTION	Unit List Price
RECEIVER ASSEMBLIES			4669	Screw—No. 8-32 square head set screw from drum	.03
32259	Capacitor—3-section variable trimmer capacitor 2-10, 3-30, 100-330 mmfd. (C30, C3, C2)	.65	32261	Screw—Push button oscillator coil adjustment screw and mounting nut	.03
30949	Capacitor—58 mmfd. (C17, C18, C19, C20)	.25	32265	Shaft—Tuning knob shaft	.25
12723	Capacitor—58 mmfd. (C1)	.35	32149	Shield—Tube shield	.20
30904	Capacitor—100 mmfd. (C21)	.25	31251	Socket—Tube socket	.25
12720	Capacitor—100 mmfd. (C23)	.35	32481	Spring—Drive cord tension spring	.05
12724	Capacitor—120 mmfd. (C7)	.35	12007	Spring—Retaining spring for oscillator coil adjustment screw	.02
12952	Capacitor—330 mmfd. (C15)	.35	32255	Switch—Push button switch (S18, S19, S20, S21, S22, S23, S26, S27, S28, S29, S32, S33)	2.95
30433	Capacitor—470 mmfd. (C28)	.40	30953	Switch—Tone control switch (S3)	.45
32269	Capacitor—520 mmfd. (C13)	.45	32263	Transformer—First I-F transformer (L11, L12, C17, C18)	2.30
14498	Capacitor—680 mmfd. (C25)	.50	32264	Transformer—Second I-F transformer (L13, L14, C19, C20, C21)	2.50
12635	Capacitor—1,000 mmfd. (C11, C22, C26)	.60	32262	Volume control and power switch (R5, S1, S2)	1.50
4881	Capacitor—3,300 mmfd. (C29)	.20	SPEAKER ASSEMBLIES (84307-2) Model 94BT2		
5107	Capacitor—.0025 mfd. (C24)	.30	32271	Cone—Speaker cone and voice coil (L15)	1.70
14393	Capacitor—.01 mfd. (C16)	.30	5118	Plug—3-contact male for speaker	.25
4839	Capacitor—.01 mfd. (C14)	.30	32270	Speaker complete	6.00
31323	Capacitor—16 mfd. (C7)	.65	32272	Transformer—Output transformer (T1)	1.65
32254	Coil—Broadcast oscillator coil (L9)	.95	SPEAKER ASSEMBLIES (84477-1) Model 94BK2		
32258	Coil—Antenna coil (L1, L2, L3, L4)	1.20	32274	Cone—Speaker cone and voice coil (L15)	1.80
32260	Coil—Short wave oscillator coil (L7, L8)	.70	5118	Plug—3-contact male for speaker	.25
32256	Coil—Push button osc. series coil (L10)	.60	32273	Speaker complete	7.00
32250	Coil—Push button ant. and oscillator coil (L23, L29)	1.15	32272	Transformer—Output transformer (T1)	1.65
32251	Coil—Push button ant. and oscillator coil (L22, L28)	1.10	MISCELLANEOUS ASSEMBLIES		
32252	Coil—Push button ant. and oscillator coil (L21, L27)	1.10	32279	Button—Push button	.06
32253	Coil—Push button ant. and oscillator coil (L20, L26)	1.10	31935	Clip—Spring clip to hold dial scale	.10
32257	Coil—Push button osc. shunt coil (L5, L6)	.65	32278	Dial—Dial scale (glass)	.60
32249	Condenser—2-gang variable condenser (C5, C6, C10)	2.70	32277	Escutcheon—Dial scale escutcheon and crystal	1.10
32268	Cord—Drive cord	.30	32278	Escutcheon—Push button escutcheon	.70
12800	Core—Variable core and stud for antenna coil No. 32258	.35	31355	Knob—Station selector or volume control knob	.12
32266	Drum—Variable condenser drive drum	.45	32281	Marker—"Broadcast" marker tab	.02
32267	Indicator—Dial scale pointer	.25	32067	Marker—Push button call letter markers	.35
32208	Plug—2-prong male for battery cable	.20	32280	Marker—"Short Wave" marker tab	.02
5119	Plug—3-contact female for speaker cable	.25	14267	Screw—Chassis mounting screw and washer (4 required), Model 94BT2	.04
12827	Plug—3-prong male for battery cable	.20	30467	Screw—Chassis mounting screw and washer (4 required), Model 94BK2	.05
31373	Pulley—Drive cord pulley	.08	14270	Spring—Retaining spring for knob	.05
14887	Retainer—Tuning knob shaft retainer or drive cord pulley retaining washer	.01			
12262	Resistor—680 ohms, 1/4 watt (R10)	.20			
13715	Resistor—68,000 ohms, 1/4 watt (R2)	.20			
14560	Resistor—100,000 ohms, 1/4 watt (R1)	.20			
13730	Resistor—1 meg., 1/4 watt (R4, R6)	.20			
12679	Resistor—2.2 meg., 1/4 watt (R9)	.20			
13167	Resistor—3.9 meg., 1/4 watt (R8)	.20			
13601	Resistor—10 meg., 1/4 watt (R3, R7)	.20			

ALL PRICES ARE SUBJECT TO CHANGE OR WITHDRAWAL WITHOUT NOTICE.

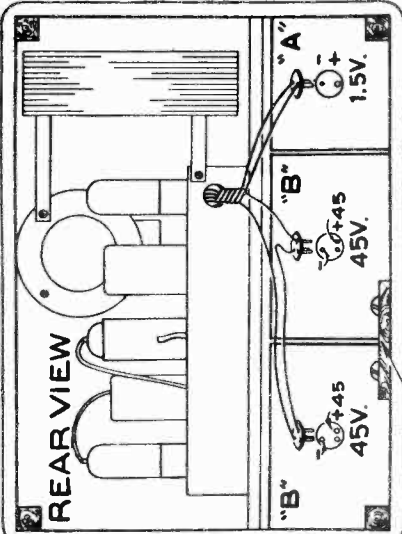
94BK2, 94BT2

MODELS 94BP61, 94BP62, 94BP64, 94BP66
94BP80, 94BP81, Chassis RC-407

RCA MFG. CO., INC.

Schematic, Voltage, Alignment
Socket, Trimmers, Batt. Data, Parts

Cabinet Dimensions (inches).....	Height 9 $\frac{1}{2}$	Width 12 $\frac{1}{2}$	Depth 6 $\frac{1}{2}$
Weight—(Net) less batteries.....	6 pounds		
With batteries.....	13 $\frac{1}{2}$ pounds		
Tuning Drive Ratio.....	10 to 1		



REAR VIEW
REMOVE THIS BLOCK-PLACE BATTERIES IN CABINET AS INDICATED

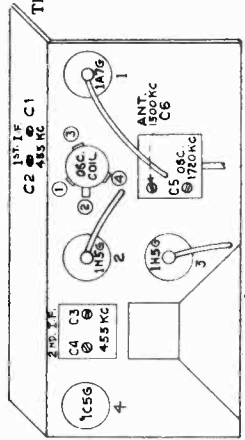
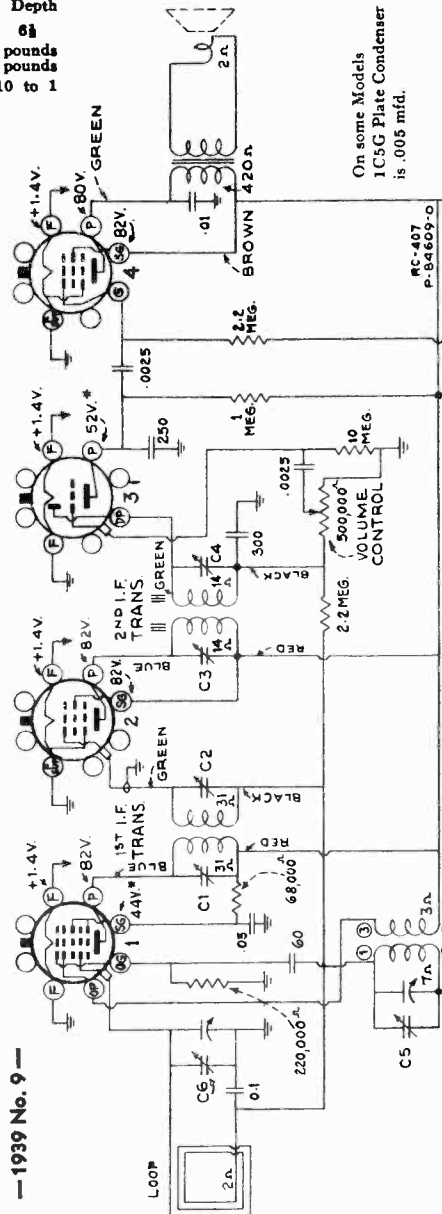
Alignment Procedure

Output Meter Alignment—If this method is used, connect the meter across the voice coil, and turn the receiver volume control to maximum.
Test-oscillator—For all alignment operations, keep the output as low as possible to avoid a-v-c action.
Pre-setting Dial—With gang condenser in full mesh, the pointer should be horizontal.

Steps	Connect the high side of test-oscillator to—	Tune test-osc. to—	Turn radio dial to—	Adjust the following for max. peak output—
1	1A7G 1st-DET. grid cap. in series with .01 mfd.	455 kc	Quiet point at 1,600 kc end of dial	C1, C2, C3, C4 (1st and 2nd I.F. transformers)
2	Antenna coil loop by means of one turn of wire placed near loop	1,720 kc	Full clockwise (out of mesh)	C6 (oscillator)
3		1,500 kc	Resonance on 1,500 kc signal	C8 (antenna)

1A7G 1ST DET. & OSC.
1N5G I.F. AMPL.
2N6 DET. A.F. & A.V.C.

—1939 No. 9—

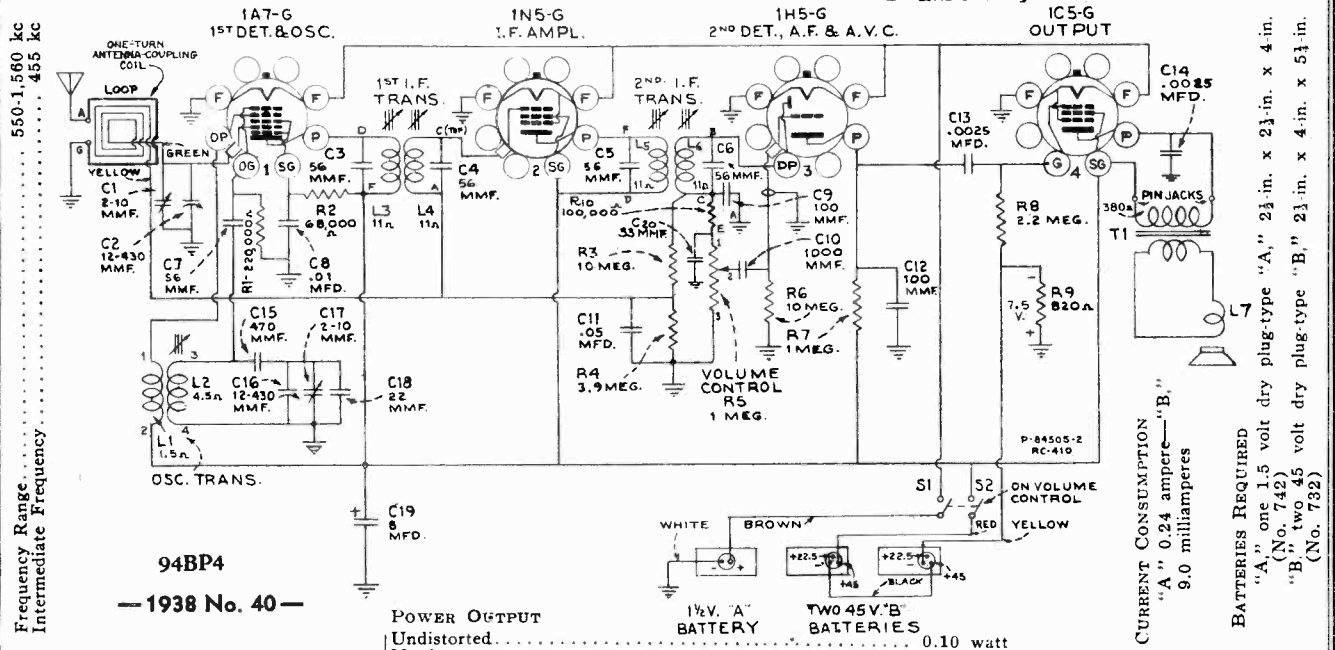


STOCK No.	DESCRIPTION	List Price
CHASSIS ASSEMBLIES		
19057	Capacitor—60 mmd.	.85
12488	Capacitor—250 mmd.	.95
12952	Capacitor—300 mmd.	.95
5107	Capacitor—.0025 mfd.	.20
4838	Capacitor—.005 mfd.	.20
32787	Capacitor—.05 mfd.	.50
4839	Capacitor—.1 mfd.	.50
33303	Capacitor—Electrolytic, 8 mfd.	.70
33055	Coil—Oscillator coil	2.25
33060	Condenser—2-gang variable tuning	.10
32634	Cord—Drive cord	.35
33500	Drum—Complete antenna loop	1.80
32208	Plug—2-contact male plug for battery cable	.10
32841	Plug—3-contact male plug for battery cable	.20
14076	Resistor—820 ohms, $\frac{1}{2}$ watt.	.20
13715	Resistor—68,000 ohms, $\frac{1}{2}$ watt.	.20
12864	Resistor—220,000 ohms, $\frac{1}{2}$ watt.	.20
13730	Resistor—1 meg., $\frac{1}{2}$ watt.	.20
12879	Resistor—2.2 meg., $\frac{1}{2}$ watt.	.20
13601	Resistor—10 meg., $\frac{1}{2}$ watt.	.25
33595	Shaft—Tuning knob shaft and bushing	.25
32895	Shield—Tube shield—less cap	.15
32687	Socket—Tube socket	.20
33096	Spring—Drive cord spring	.08
33301	Spring—Drive drum retaining spring	.08
33301	Transformer—First I.F. transformer	1.40
33302	Transformer—Second I.F. transformer	1.40
33304	Volume control dial switch	1.50
SPEAKER ASSEMBLIES		
33068	Speaker complete. (39128-1)	4.00
33062	Transformer—Output transformer	1.30
MISCELLANEOUS ASSEMBLIES		
33310	Dial—Glass dial scale	.80
33311	Escutcheon—Dial scale escutcheon	.45
33008	Feet—Cabinet feet	.05
33376	Head—Cabinet feet handle—Models 94BP61	.55
33377	Head—Cabinet feet handle—Model 94BP66	.55
33306	Knob—Black tuning knob—Model 94BP68	.15
33308	Knob—Black volume control knob—Model 94BP68	.25
32571	Knob—Tan tuning knob—Models 94BP61, 94BP64, 94BP80	.15
33309	Knob—Tan volume control knob—Models 94BP61, 94BP64, 94BP64, 94BP80	.25
32895	Knob—Walnut tuning knob—Models 94BP62, 94BP81	.15
33307	Knob—Walnut volume control knob—Models 94BP62, 94BP81	.25
33312	Nut—Speed nut to mount dial	.02
31646	Spring—Knob retaining spring	.02

ALL PRICES ARE SUBJECT TO CHANGE OR WITHDRAWAL WITHOUT NOTICE.

Frequency Range.....	550-1,720 kc
Intermediate Frequency.....	455 kc
BATTERIES REQUIRED	
"A," one 1.5 volt dry plug-type "A," 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ in. x 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ in. x 4 in.	
(Eveready No. 142 or equivalent)	
"B," two 45 volt plug-type "B," 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ in. x 4 in. x 5 $\frac{1}{2}$ in.	
(Eveready No. 762 or equivalent)	
CURRENT CONSUMPTION	
"A," 0.24 ampere—"B," 9.0 milliamperes	
Power Output	
Undistorted.....	0.10 watt
Maximum.....	0.21 watt
LOUDSPEAKER	
Type.....	4-inch permanent-magnet dynamic
Voice-coil Impedance.....	2 ohms at 400 cycles

RCA MFG. CO., INC. MODEL 94BP4, Chassis RC-410
Schematic, Voltage, Alignment
Chassis Wiring, Socket
Trimmers, Lead Dress

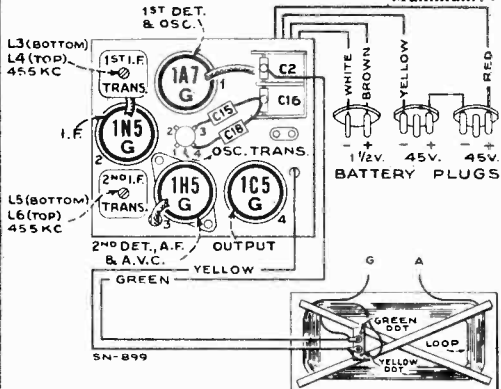


94BP4
—1938 No. 40—

POWER OUTPUT
Undistorted 0.10 watt
Maximum 0.21 watt

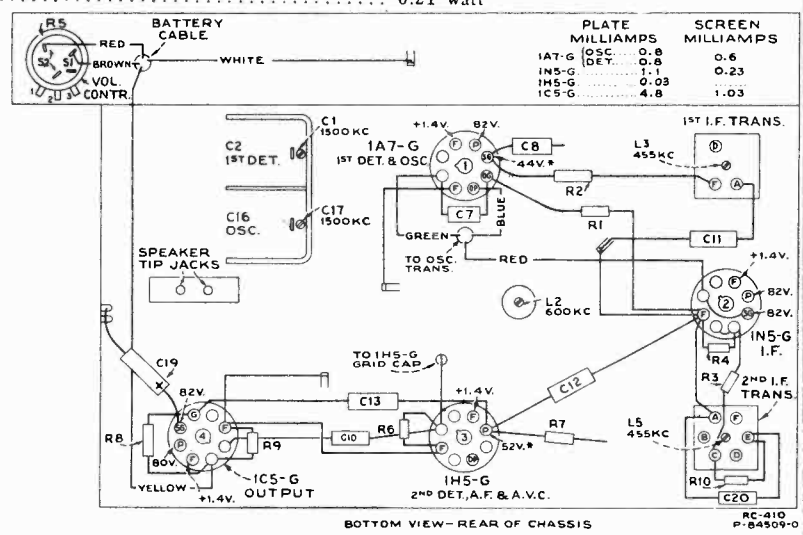
CURRENT CONSUMPTION
"A," 0.24 ampere
"B," 9.0 milliamperes

BATTERIES REQUIRED
"A," one 1.5 volt dry plug-type "A," 2 1/2-in. x 4-in.
(No. 742)
"B," two .45 volt dry plug-type "B," 2 1/2-in. x 4-in. x 5 1/2-in.
(No. 732)



Tube Location

Note: Values with star (*) are operating voltages. Values not starred are actual measured voltages.
Measurements are made to chassis unless otherwise indicated, with set tuned to quiet point. Values should hold within approximately ± 20% with rated battery voltage.



R-F Wiring Diagram and Socket Voltages

Alignment Procedure

Output Meter Alignment.—If this method is used, connect the meter across the voice coil, and turn the receiver volume control to maximum.

Test-oscillator.—For all alignment operations, keep the output as low as possible to avoid a-v-c action.

Pre-setting Dial.—With gang condenser in full mesh, the pointer should be horizontal.

Precautionary Lead Dress.—

1. Dress speaker leads down to chassis.
2. The green lead from the loop to the antenna section of the gang should be dressed between the output and detector tube shields and pulled toward the far corner of the loop by means of the rubber band.
3. The spiral shield on the 1st-A.F. grid lead should be brought as close as possible to the grid cap.
4. Leads to the high side and tap of the volume control should be dressed down to the chassis and away from the output tube plate lead.

Antenna.—An antenna and ground may be connected to "A" and "G" at bottom of cabinet. If total length of antenna and lead-in is more than 150 feet, connect a 300 mfd capacitor in series with lead-in.

Steps	Connect the high side of test-oscillator to—	Tune test-osc. to—	Turn radio dial to—	Adjust the following for max. peak output—
1	1N5-G grid cap, in series with .001 mfd.	455 kc	Quiet point between 550-750 kc	L5 and L6 (2nd I-F transformer)
2	1A7-G grid cap, in series with .001 mfd.	455 kc		L3 and L4 (1st I-F transformer)
3	Assemble chassis and batteries in correct position in cabinet, and fasten rear cover (loop) in place while making the following adjustments, which are accessible through holes in the bottom of the cabinet.			
4	Antenna terminal, in series with 200 mfd. Connect low side of test-osc. to "G" term.	1500 kc	1500 kc*	C17 (osc.) C1 (ant.)
5		600 kc	600 kc*	L2 (osc.) Rock in
6	Repeat steps 4 and 5.			

* Use bottom of "1" in "150" for 1500 kc calibration point, and use center of "0" in "60" for 600 kc calibration point.

MODELS 94BK1, 94BT1
 Chassis RC-333B
 MODEL 94BP4, Chassis RC-410
 Parts List

RCA MFG. CO., INC.

Model 94BP4

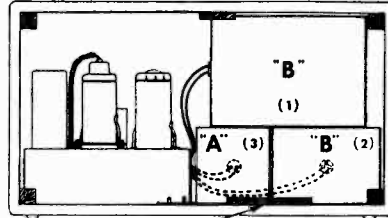
Specifications and Replacement Parts

Battery Arrangement

LOUDSPEAKER

Type..... 5-inch permanent-magnet dynamic
 Voice-coil Impedance..... 2.2 ohms at 400 cycles

	Height	Width	Depth
Cabinet Dimensions (inches).....	7 1/4	14	8 1/4
Chassis Base Dimensions (inches).....	2	7 1/4	5 1/4
Over-all Chassis Height.....	6 1/2 inches		
Weight—Shipping weight, less batteries.....	12 1/2 pounds		
Net weight, with batteries.....	16 pounds		
Tuning Drive Ratio.....	8 to 1		



REMOVE THIS BLOCK. PLUG IN CABLES AND PLACE BATTERIES IN CABINET AS SHOWN, IN THE ORDER INDICATED. REPLACE CLAMPING BLOCK.

Insist on genuine factory-tested parts, which are readily identified and may be purchased from authorized dealers.

STOCK No.	DESCRIPTION	Unit List Price	STOCK No.	DESCRIPTION	Unit List Price
CHASSIS ASSEMBLIES (RC-410)					
32592	Bracket—Dial bracket.....	.15	12879	Resistor—2.2 meg., 1/2 watt (R8).....	.20
12807	Cap—Shield cap for first i.f. transformer.....	.20	13167	Resistor—3.9 meg., 1/2 watt (R4).....	.20
12581	Cap—Shield cap for second i.f. transformer.....	.25	13601	Resistor—10 meg., 1/2 watt (R3, R8).....	.20
32598	Cap—Shield cap for 1H5G.....	.06	14887	Retainer—Tuning knob shaft retainer.....	.01
32596	Cap—Tube shield cap.....	.06	4669	Screw No. 8-32 x 1/2 set screw for drum, Stock No. 30701.....	.03
14021	Capacitor—22 mmfd. (C18).....	.35	32609	Shaft—Dial pointer shaft and pulley.....	.15
12948	Capacitor—33 mmfd. (C20).....	.35	32597	Shaft—Tuning knob shaft.....	.15
30949	Capacitor—56 mmfd. (C3, C4, C5, C6).....	.25	32595	Shield—Tube shield—less cap.....	.15
12723	Capacitor—56 mmfd. (C7).....	.35	31251	Socket—Tube socket.....	4.10
30904	Capacitor—100 mmfd. (C9).....	.25	30956	Socket—2-contact female.....	.30
12720	Capacitor—100 mmfd. (C12).....	.35	14191	Spring—Condenser drive cord spring.....	.04
30433	Capacitor—470 mmfd. (C15).....	.35	30631	Spring—Pointer drive cord spring.....	.03
12635	Capacitor—1,000 mmfd. (C10).....	.50	32263	Transformer—First i.f. transformer (L3, L4, C3, C4).....	2.30
5107	Capacitor—.0025 mfd. (C13, C14).....	.20	32264	Transformer—Second i.f. transformer (L5, L6, C5, C6, C8).....	2.50
14393	Capacitor—.01 mfd. (C8).....	.30	32594	Volume control and switch (R5, S1, S2).....	1.50
4886	Capacitor—.05 mfd. (C11).....	.20	MISCELLANEOUS ASSEMBLIES		
32187	Capacitor—.8 mfd., 150 volts (C19).....	.65	32602	Bezel—Dial bezel and crystal.....	1.20
32148	Coil—Oscillator coil (L1, L2).....	.90	32163	Cone—Speaker cone and voice coil (L7).....	2.20
32591	Condenser—2-gang variable (C1, C2, C16, C17).....	2.50	32600	Escutcheon—Knob escutcheon.....	.35
32634	Cord—Condenser and pointer drive cord.....	.10	32803	Grille—Speaker grille and screen.....	.20
32593	Dial—Dial scale.....	.55	32633	Handle—Carrying handle.....	.90
30701	Drum—Drive cord drum.....	.40	11610	Knob—Volume control or tuning knob.....	.30
32605	Indicator—Dial indicator pointer.....	.30	32604	Loop—Antenna loop complete.....	3.10
32208	Plug—2-contact male for "A" leads.....	.20	32601	Retainer—Knob escutcheon retainer.....	.05
32641	Plug—3-contact male for "B" leads.....	.10	32162	Speaker complete.....	5.30
14076	Resistor—820 ohms, 1/2 watt (R9).....	.20	11349	Spring—Knob retaining spring.....	.05
13715	Resistor—68,000 ohms, 1/2 watt (R2).....	.20	32164	Transformer—Output transformer (T1).....	1.15
14560	Resistor—100,000 ohms, 1/2 watt (R10).....	.20			
12264	Resistor—220,000 ohms, 1/2 watt (R1).....	.20			
13730	Resistor—1 meg., 1/2 watt (R7).....	.20			

94BK1, 94BT1

Insist on genuine factory-tested parts, which are readily identified and may be purchased from authorized dealers.

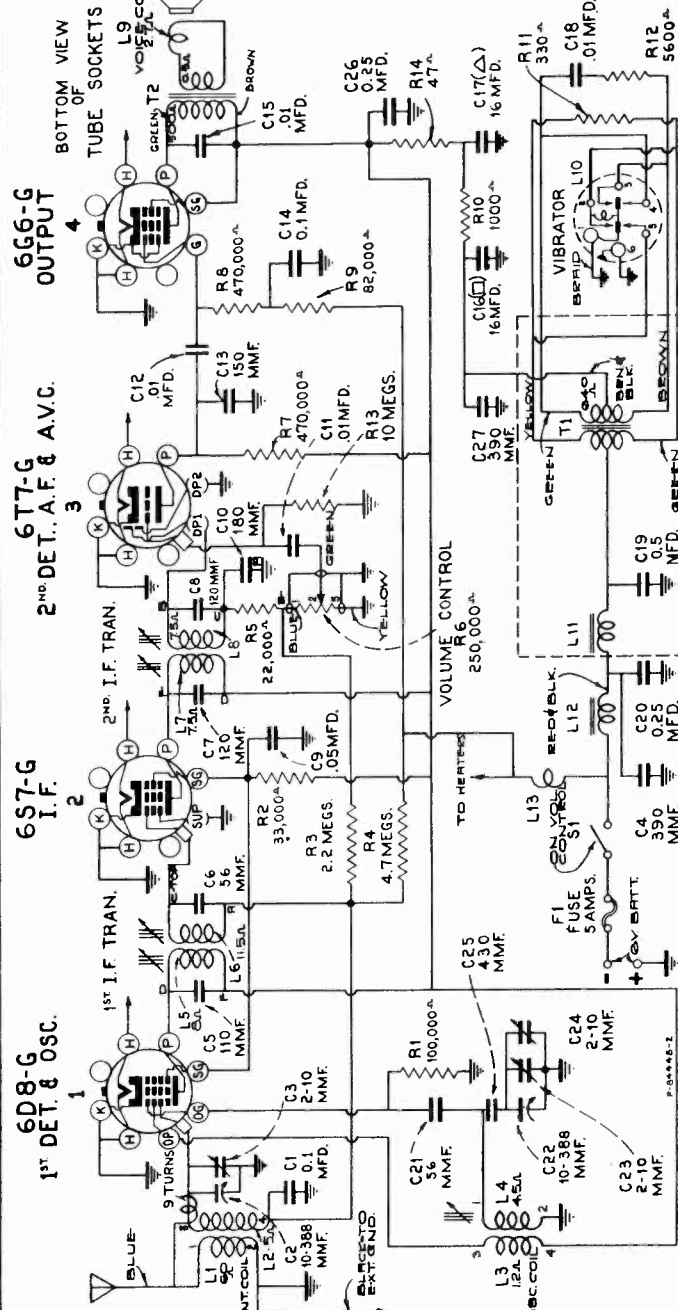
STOCK No.	DESCRIPTION	Unit List Price	STOCK No.	DESCRIPTION	Unit List Price
RECEIVER ASSEMBLIES					
12629	Capacitor—56 mmfd. (C6).....	.35	30952	Shaft—Station selector knob shaft.....	.25
12723	Capacitor—56 mmfd. (C13).....	.35	32149	Shield—Tube shield.....	.20
14262	Capacitor—110 mmfd. (C5).....	.30	11196	Socket—Tube socket.....	.25
12404	Capacitor—120 mmfd. (C7, C8).....	.30	30956	Socket—Speaker socket.....	.30
12725	Capacitor—150 mmfd. (C11).....	.35	14191	Spring—Drive cord tension spring.....	.04
14712	Capacitor—180 mmfd. (C9).....	.30	14261	Transformer—First I.F. (L5, L6, C5, C6).....	2.05
30433	Capacitor—430 mmfd. (C17).....	.35	14308	Transformer—Second I.F. (L7, L8, C7, C8, C9, R3).....	2.90
5148	Capacitor—.007 mfd. (C12).....	.20	30947	Volume control and on-off switch (R5, S1, S2).....	1.50
14393	Capacitor—.01 mfd. (C4, C10, C19).....	.30	SPEAKER ASSEMBLIES		
4839	Capacitor—.01 mfd. (C1).....	.30	Model 94BT1 (Speaker 84226-3)		
32187	Capacitor—.8 mfd. (C18).....	.65	32163	Cone—Speaker cone and voice coil (L9).....	2.20
32150	Coil—Antenna coil (L1, L2).....	1.15	32162	Speaker—Complete.....	5.30
32148	Coil—Oscillator coil (L3, L4).....	.90	32164	Transformer—Output transformer (T1).....	1.15
32147	Condenser—2-gang variable tuning condenser (C2, C3, C14, C15, C16).....	2.40	SPEAKER ASSEMBLIES		
30877	Cord—Drive cord.....	.20	Model 94BK1 (Speaker 84145-2)		
30905	Core—Adjustable core for I.F. transformers.....	.35	30973	Cone—Speaker cone and voice coil (L9).....	2.25
32186	Dial—Dial scale, plate, and brackets assembled.....	.55	30972	Speaker—Complete.....	6.30
30701	Drum—Tuning condenser drive cord drum with set screw.....	.40	30974	Transformer—Output transformer (T1).....	1.90
14635	Indicator—Station selector indicator pointer.....	.20	MISCELLANEOUS ASSEMBLIES		
32208	Plug—2-prong male plug for battery cable.....	.20	30975	Crystal—Station selector celluloid crystal.....	.45
12827	Plug—3-prong male plug for battery cable.....	.20	31355	Knob—Tuning or volume control knob.....	.12
14076	Resistor—820 ohms, 1/2 watt (R9).....	.20	30308	Screw—Chassis mounting screw and washer—(94BT1 only) 4 required.....	.07
14284	Resistor—22,000 ohms, 1/10 watt (R3).....	.15	30467	Screw—Chassis mounting screw and washer—(94BK1 only) 4 required.....	.05
13715	Resistor—68,000 ohms, 1/2 watt (R1).....	.20	14270	Spring—Retaining spring for knob.....	.05
12264	Resistor—220,000 ohms, 1/2 watt (R10).....	.20			
13730	Resistor—1 meg., 1/2 watt (R4, R8).....	.20			
12879	Resistor—2.2 meg., 1/2 watt (R2, R7, R8).....	.20			
14887	Retainer—Retainer for knob shaft.....	.01			

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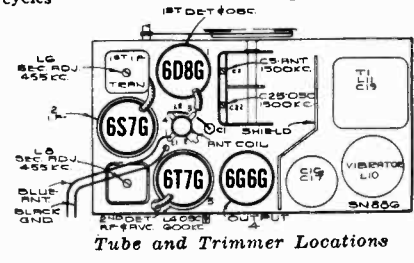
RCA MFG. CO., INC.

MODEL 94BT61, Chassis RC-333C
Schematic, Voltage, Alignment
Socket, Trimmers,
Chassis Wiring

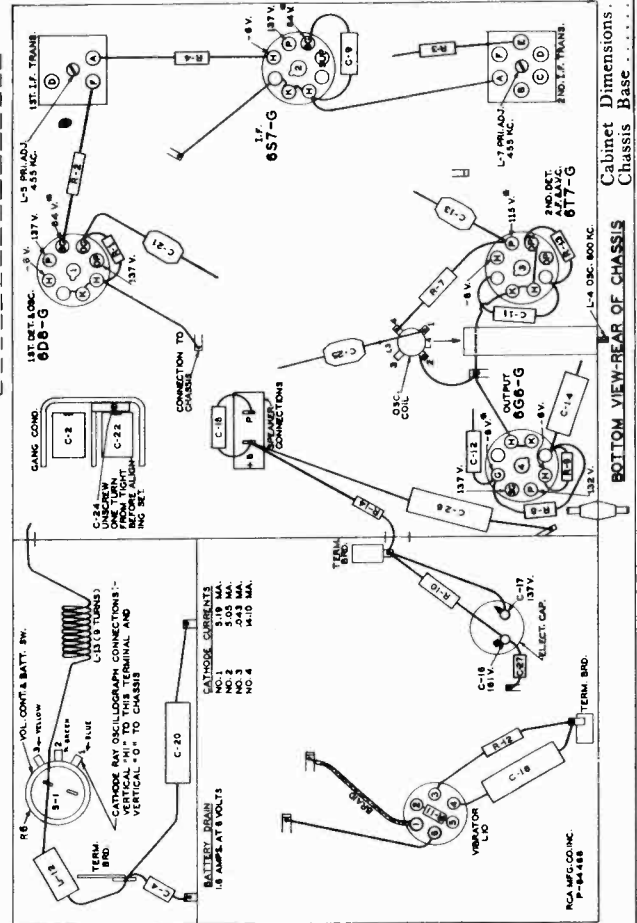
LOUDSPEAKER
Type..... 5-inch Permanent Magnet Dynamic
Voice-coil Impedance..... 8 ohms at 400 cycles



— 1938 No. 35 —



Depth 6 3/4 in.
Width 10 1/2 in.
Height 12 1/2 in.
Cabinet Dimensions
Chassis Base 2 in.



Socket Voltages and Location of Parts

* NOTE: Values with star (*) are operating voltages in circuits with high series resistance. The actual measured voltages will be lower, depending on the voltmeter loading.
Measurements made to chassis unless otherwise indicated, with the set tuned to a quiet point and the volume control at minimum. Values should hold within approximately ± 20% with 6 volts "A."

Alignment Procedure

Steps	Connect the high side of test-oscillator to—	Tune test-osc. to—	Turn radio dial to—	Adjust the following for max. peak output
No. 1	6S7-G I-F grid cap, in series with .01 mfd.	455 kc	Quiet point between 550-750 kc	L7 and L8 (2nd I-F transformer)
No. 2	6D8-G 1st-det. grid cap, in series with .01 mfd.	455 kc		L5 and L6 (1st I-F transformer)
No. 3	Antenna lead, in series with 200 mmfd.	600 kc	600 kc	L4 (oscillator)
No. 4	Antenna lead, in series with 200 mmfd.	1,500 kc	1,500 kc	C23† (oscillator) C3 (antenna)

† Adjust C24 on gang condenser to one complete turn from tight before adjusting C23.

Frequency Range..... 540 to 1,720 kc
R-F Alignment Frequencies... 600 kc (osc.), 1,500 kc (osc., ant.)
Intermediate Frequency..... 455 kc

Cathode-ray Alignment is the preferable method. Connections for the oscillograph are shown in the chassis drawing.

Output Meter Alignment.—If this method is used, connect the meter across the voice coil, and turn the receiver volume control to maximum.

Test-oscillator.—For all alignment operations, connect the low side of the test-oscillator to the receiver chassis, and keep the output as low as possible to avoid a-v-c action.

For additional details, refer to booklet "RCA Victor Receiver Alignment."

Pre-setting Dial.—With gang condenser in full mesh, the pointer should be horizontal.

BATTERY REQUIRED
6-volt Storage "A" Battery.
POWER OUTPUT (6 volts "A")
Undistorted..... 0.45 watt
Maximum..... 0.8 watt

CURRENT CONSUMPTION
At 6 volts, 1.6 amperes.

MODEL 94BT61, Chas. RC-333C
Lead Dress, Parts

RCA MFG. CO., INC.

MODELS 96BK6, 96BT6
Chassis RC-392
Socket, Trimmers
Alignment Procedure

MODELS 96BK6 and 96BT6

Chassis No. RC-392 Alignment Procedure

Cathode-Ray Alignment is the preferable method. Connections for the oscillograph are shown on the chassis drawing.

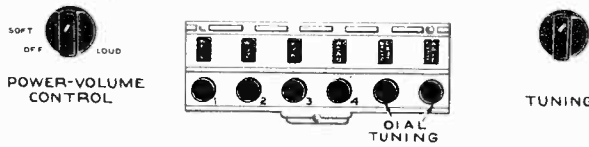
Output Meter Alignment.—If this method is used, connect the output meter across the voice coil, and turn the receiver volume control to maximum.

Test Oscillator.—For all alignment operations, connect the low side of the test oscillator to the receiver chassis, and keep the oscillator output as low as possible to avoid a-v-c action.

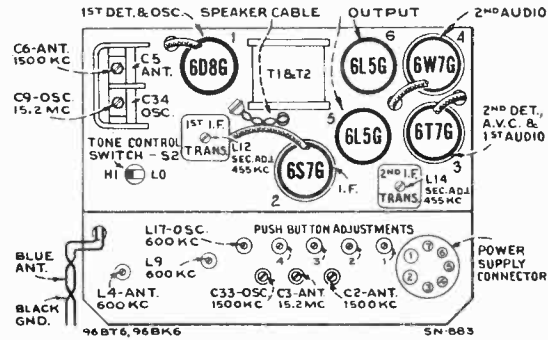
Calibration Marks.—The tuning dial is fastened in the cabinet and can not be used for reference during alignment. Therefore calibration marks corresponding to dial readings of 600 kc, 1,500 kc, and 15.2 mc have been stamped in the plate on the front of the chassis as shown in the accompanying drawing. These marks are used for reference during alignment.

Dial Indicator Adjustment.—With the gang condenser in full mesh, the indicator should point to the extreme left (low frequency) mark on the dial scale.

For additional details, refer to booklet "RCA Victor Receiver Alignment."



Location of Controls



Tube and Trimmer Locations

Miscellaneous Service Data

To center the loudspeaker voice coil, first remove the front dust cover, then loosen the screws holding the spider assembly. Insert three narrow feelers into the air gap, and tighten the spider screws. Remove the feelers and fasten a dust cover in place with loudspeaker cement.

The push button switch and coil assembly may be removed from the chassis by removing two screws from the front apron, one from the rear apron, removing the 6D8-G grid connector from the grid cap, and disconnecting the seven leads indicated on the Wiring Diagram.

MODEL 94BT61 Chassis No. RC-333-C

Precautionary Lead Dress

1. Capacitors C20 and C26 must be grounded with as short a lead as possible. C4 and C27 are soldered direct (no leads).
2. The "A" supply choke (L13) must be dressed clear of chassis. The H.V. secondary leads (brown and green), C18, and R12 must be dressed clear of the chassis and away from other leads.
3. The H.V. secondary mid-tap (brown-black) lead, and the brown lead from L13 to 6G6-G filament must be dressed close to the chassis and away from other parts.

4. The lead from the antenna coil (L1 and L2) to the gang must be 9 turns and kept clear of the rotor.

5. The I-F plate lead (blue) must be dressed close along edge of chassis.

6. R10 must be wired with body as close to terminal board as possible.

Battery Charger Connections.—The positive side of the 6-volt "A" circuit is connected to the receiver chassis, and the chassis is normally grounded. If the charger has a ground on the negative side, the ground should be removed, or changed to the positive. Do not change the length of the leads from the receiver to the battery.

ALL PRICES ARE SUBJECT TO CHANGE OR WITHDRAWAL WITHOUT NOTICE.
Insist on genuine factory-tested parts, which are readily identified and may be purchased from authorized dealers.

STOCK No.	DESCRIPTION	Unit List Price	STOCK No.	DESCRIPTION	Unit List Price
RECEIVER ASSEMBLIES					
30959	Cable—Battery cable complete.....	1.35	14284	Resistor—22,000 ohms, 1/10 watt (R5).....	.15
30987	Cable—Shielded volume control cable.....	.45	12454	Resistor—33,000 ohms, 1/2 watt (R2).....	.20
12581	Cap—Second I.F. transformer shield cap.....	.25	14023	Resistor—82,000 ohms, 1/2 watt (R9).....	.20
12829	Capacitor—56 mmfd. (C6).....	.35	14560	Resistor—100,000 ohms, 1/2 watt (R1).....	.20
12723	Capacitor—56 mmfd. (C21).....	.35	12285	Resistor—470,000 ohms, 1/2 watt (R7, R8).....	.20
14262	Capacitor—110 mmfd. (C5).....	.30	12879	Resistor—2.2 meg., 1/2 watt (R3).....	.20
12404	Capacitor—120 mmfd. (C7, C8).....	.30	30271	Resistor—4.7 meg., 1/2 watt (R4).....	.20
12725	Capacitor—150 mmfd. (C13).....	.35	13601	Resistor—10 meg., 1/2 watt (R13).....	.20
14712	Capacitor—180 mmfd. (C10).....	.30	14887	Retainer—Retainer for knob shaft.....	.01
13894	Capacitor—390 mmfd. (C4, C27).....	.35	30952	Shaft—Station selector knob shaft.....	.25
30433	Capacitor—430 mmfd. (C25).....	.35	3682	Shield—Tube shield.....	.22
14393	Capacitor—.01 mfd. (C11, C12, C15).....	.30	31251	Socket—Tube socket.....	.25
4937	Capacitor—.01 mfd. (C18).....	.25	30956	Socket—Speaker socket.....	.30
30882	Capacitor—.05 mfd. (C9).....	.20	14312	Socket—Vibrator socket.....	.25
30899	Capacitor—.01 mfd. (C1, C14).....	.30	14191	Spring—Drive cord tension spring.....	.04
30965	Capacitor—.025 mfd. (C20, C26).....	.30	14261	Transformer—First I.F. transformer (L5, L6, C5, C6).....	2.05
32152	Capacitor—Comprising 2 sections each 15 mfd. (C16, C17).....	1.05	14308	Transformer—Second I.F. transformer (L7, L8, C7, C8, C10, R5).....	2.90
30968	Coil—"A" filter choke coil (L12).....	.55	32151	Transformer—Vibrator transformer (T1, L11, C19).....	4.10
30950	Coil—Antenna coil (L1, L2).....	1.10	14309	Vibrator—Plug in vibrator (L10).....	4.25
32148	Coil—Oscillator coil (L3, L4).....	.90	30958	Volume control and on-off switch (R6, S1).....	1.50
32147	Condenser—2-gang variable tuning condenser (C2, C3, C22, C23, C24).....	2.40	SPEAKER ASSEMBLIES		
30877	Cord—Drive cord.....	.20	(Speaker 84226-3)		
30905	Core—Adjustable core for I.F. transformers.....	.35	32163	Cone—Speaker cone and voice coil (L9).....	2.20
14289	Clips—Battery clips—1 marked "+" and 1 unmarked.....	.30	32162	Speaker complete.....	5.30
32186	Dial—Dial scale, plate, and brackets assembled.....	.55	32164	Transformer—Output transformer (T2).....	1.15
30701	Drum—Tuning condenser drive cord drum with set screw.....	.40	MISCELLANEOUS ASSEMBLIES		
5140	Fuse—Battery cable fuse (F1).....	.10	30975	Crystal—Station selector celluloid crystal.....	.45
14635	Indicator—Station selector indicator pointer.....	.20	31355	Knob—Tuning or volume control knob.....	.12
12848	Resistor—47 ohms, 1/2 watt (R14).....	.20	30308	Screw—Chassis mounting screw and washer—4 required.....	.07
8063	Resistor—330 ohms, 1/2 watt (R11).....	.20	14270	Spring—Retaining spring for knob, Stock No. 31355.....	.05
30152	Resistor—1,000 ohms, 1 watt (R10).....	.22			
30734	Resistor—5,600 ohms, 1/2 watt (R12).....	.20			

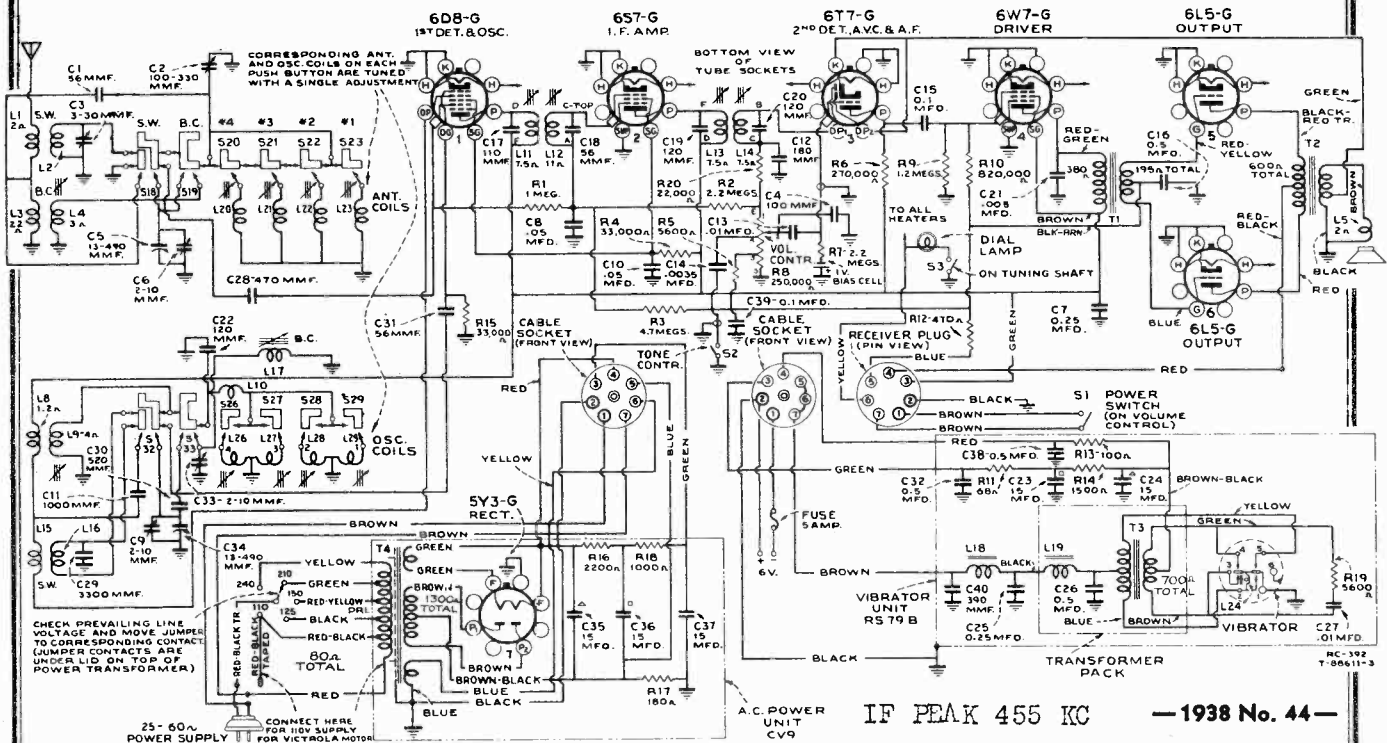
Over-all Chassis Height..... 6 1/2 in.
Weight..... 11 1/2 lbs. net, 14 lbs. shipping

Operating Controls..... (1) Power Switch—Volume; (2) Tuning
Tuning Drive Ratio..... 8 to 1

Schematic, Tuner Data

RCA MFG. CO., INC.

MODELS 96BK6, 96BT6
Chassis RC-392
MODEL CV-9 A-C S.P.U.



Schematic Circuit Diagram for Models 96BK6, 96BT6 and CV-9 A-C Power Unit

FREQUENCY RANGES

- Standard Broadcast ("A" Band)..... 540—1,720 kc
- Short Wave ("C" Band)..... 5.8—18 mc
- Four Electric Tuning Positions..... 550—1,500 kc
 - One station between approximately 550—950 kc (Button No. 1)
 - One station between approximately 610—1,090 kc (Button No. 2)
 - One station between approximately 750—1,370 kc (Button No. 3)
 - One station between approximately 845—1,500 kc (Button No. 4)
- Intermediate Frequency..... 455 kc

POWER SUPPLY RATINGS

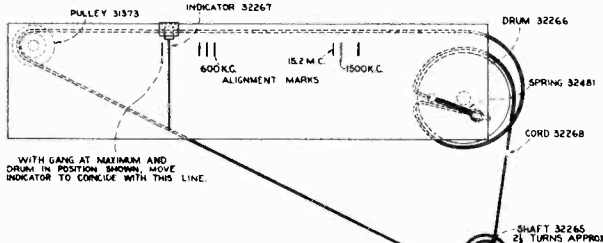
With CV-9 a-c power supply unit:
100-130/140-160/195-250 volts, 25-60 cycles, 45 watts

Adjustment for Electric Tuning

These models have six push buttons. The right-hand button connects the receiver for dial tuning on the "Short-wave" band, the next button connects for dial tuning on the "Standard-broadcast" band, and the other four buttons are for electric tuning of four different stations in the standard-broadcast band. Each station button connects separate oscillator and antenna coils which are tuned by ganged magnetite cores, and may be adjusted for the desired stations. Use a small screw-driver or alignment tool such as RCA Stock No. 31081. Allow at least five minutes warm-up period before making adjustments. Use the regular antenna for all adjustments.

The procedure is as follows:

1. Make a list of the four desired stations, arranged in order from low to high frequencies.
2. Push in the broadcast dial-tuning button (second from right), and manually tune in the first station on the list.
3. Push in station button No. 1 (left-hand) and adjust No. 1 push button adjustment to receive this station. Turn the adjusting screw all the way in, to lowest frequency, and then unscrew slowly until the station is received.
4. Adjust for each of the remaining three stations in the same manner. (Clockwise adjustment of the screw tunes the circuits to lower frequencies.)
5. After installation, and with antenna properly connected, re-adjust C2 as outlined in note under "Alignment Procedure."



Dial Drive Hookup and Alignment Marks

IF PEAK 455 KC — 1938 No. 44 —

With RS-79B d-c power supply unit:
6.3 volts; total current drain 1.85 amps.

POWER OUTPUT

	Undistorted	Maximum
With a-c power unit	2.2 watts	3.5 watts
With d-c power unit	1.7 watts	2.2 watts

LOUDSPEAKER

Type..... Permanent Magnet Dynamic
Voice Coil Impedance..... 2.2 ohms at 400 cycles
Diameter..... 96BK6, 8 inches; 96BT6, 6 inches

	Model 96BT6	Model 96BK6
Height	10 1/2 inches	39 1/2 inches
Width	20 1/2 inches	26 inches
Depth	9 1/2 inches	12 1/2 inches
Net Weight	17 1/2 pounds	21 pounds
Shipping Weight	46 pounds	61 pounds
Chassis Base Dimensions	3 inches x 11 1/2 inches x 5 inches	
Over-all Height of Chassis	7 1/2 inches	
Tuning Drive Ratio	12 to 1	

The 96BK6 is a console model, the 96BT6 a table model. Each of these receivers is a super-sensitive, six-tube superheterodyne.

Power Supply Units

The receiver chassis has a seven-prong male plug for connection to the power-supply unit. Both a-c and d-c power supply units are available, as listed under "Power Supply Ratings." The receivers are shipped with a d-c power unit for use with a 6-volt supply. If an a-c unit is desired, it must be purchased separately as Model CV-9.

If no receiver chassis is available the a-c unit (CV-9) may be tested for proper operation by connecting a 6,500-ohm, 10-watt resistor between terminals 2 and 4 on the cable socket, and shorting terminals 1 and 7. With one voltmeter prod on terminal 2 (ground) the following readings should be obtained: terminal 3, + 200 volts d.c.; terminal 4, + 200 volts d.c.; terminal 5, —5.9 volts d.c.; terminal 6, 6.5 volts a.c. Values should be within ± 20% with rated supply voltage.

Precautionary Lead Dress.—

1. Blue lead from push button switch to gang condenser must be dressed over the top of the switch.
2. Leads to push button coils must be dressed close to the coils.
3. Red and blue leads to gang condenser must be dressed away from chassis.
4. Blue antenna lead must be dressed in the end of the chassis away from gang leads and coil windings.
5. Bias cell must be installed with carbon disc connected to chassis.
6. Leads from power switch to connector plug must be dressed away from other leads.
7. Parts under push button coils must be dressed down away from them.
8. Green lead to first detector grid cap should be pulled out of the chassis as far as possible, and dressed away from the tube envelope.

MODELS 96BK6, 96BT6
Chassis RC-392

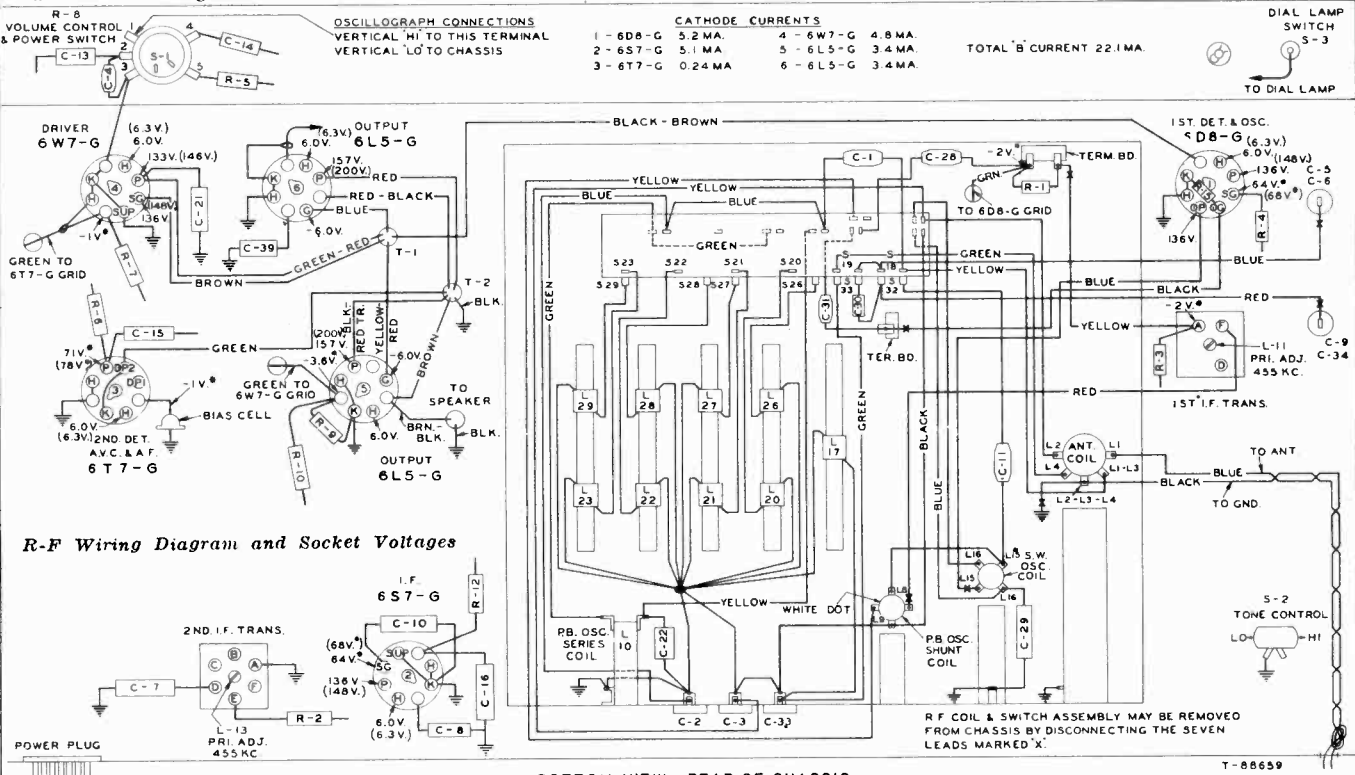
RCA MFG. CO., INC.

Alignment, Voltage
Chassis Wiring

Steps	Connect the High Side of Test Oscillator to:	Tune Test Oscillator To:	Press Push Button:	Turn Radio Dial to:	Adjust for Maximum Peak Output:	
1	6S7-G I-F grid cap in series with .01 mfd.	455 kc	B.C. (No. 5)	No Station Point between 550—750 kc.	L13 and L14 (2nd I-F Trans.)	
2	6D8-G Det. grid cap in series with .01 mfd.	455 kc	B.C. (No. 5)		L11 and L12 (1st I-F Trans.)	
3	Antenna Lead (blue) in series with 200 mmfd.	1,500 kc	No. 4		L20-L26 (No. 4 Push Button Adj.) C2 (ant.)	
4	Antenna Lead (blue) in series with 200 mmfd.	600 kc	No. 1		L23-L29 * (No. 1 Push Button Adj.) L9 (osc.)	
5	Repeat steps 3 and 4 until maximum signal is obtained.					
6	Unscrew C9 (osc.) to minimum capacity.					
7	Antenna Lead (blue) in series with 200 mmfd.	600 kc	B.C. (No. 5)	600 kc Calibration Mark	L17 (osc.) ** L4 (ant.)	
8	Antenna Lead (blue) in series with 200 mmfd.	1,500 kc	B.C. (No. 5)	1,500 kc Calibration Mark	C33 (osc.) C6 (ant.)	
9	Repeat steps 7 and 8 until maximum signal is obtained.					
10	Antenna Lead (blue) in series with 300 ohms	15.2 mc	S.W. (No. 6)	15.2 mc Calibration Mark	C9 (osc.) † C3 (ant.) ††	
11	Antenna Lead (blue) in series with 200 mmfd.	1,500 kc	B.C. (No. 5)	1,500 kc Calibration Mark	C33 (osc.)	
12	Follow the "Adjustments for Electric Tuning."					

* Adjust L23-L29 (No. 1 push button adjustment) and L9 at the same time, rocking in for maximum signal.
 ** Turn L17 adjusting screw all the way out, then turn in slowly until a peak is reached. If two peaks can be obtained the lower inductance setting (screw out) should be used.
 † Use minimum capacity peak if two peaks can be obtained. A weaker signal (image) should be received about one quarter inch to the left on the dial plate.
 †† Use maximum capacity peak if two peaks can be obtained, rock in for maximum signal.

Note: The oscillator tracks 455 kc above the signal on all bands. After the receiver has been installed and the antenna connected, it is advisable to make a slight change in the adjustment of the antenna trimmer, C2. In most cases it is desirable to make this adjustment while receiving a station on No. 4 push button. However, if a station received on one of the other buttons is especially weak, it may be advisable to make the adjustment while receiving the weak station on that particular button.



R-F Wiring Diagram and Socket Voltages

BOTTOM VIEW - REAR OF CHASSIS

Measurements made to chassis unless otherwise indicated, with set tuned to a quiet point and the volume control at minimum. Values should hold within approximately ± 20% with rated supply voltage.

* Note: Values with star (*) are operating voltages in circuits with high series resistance. The actual measured values will be lower, depending on the voltmeter loading.
 Bracketed voltages () refer to operation with CV-9 a-c power unit.

RCA MFG. CO., INC.

MODELS 96BK6, 96BT6
MODELS 96E2, 96K5, 96K6,
96T7, 97K2, 97T2
Parts Lists

Insist on genuine factory-tested parts, which are readily identified and may be purchased from authorized dealers.

Models	96E2	96K5	96K6	96T7	97K2	97T2
STOCK No.	DESCRIPTION	STOCK No.	DESCRIPTION	STOCK No.	DESCRIPTION	Unit List Price
14517	Board—Antenna ground terminal board	32598	Capacitor—100-350 mmfd. (C35, C36)	32598	Capacitor—100-350 mmfd. (C35, C36)	65
30752	Bracket—97T2 and 97T2 bracket and holder—Model 96T2	31370	Switch—Range switch (S1, S2)	31370	Switch—Station selector push-button switch (S4)	8.86
32870	Bracket—Dial color plate and lamp brackets	30902	Transformer—First I.F. transformer (L10, L11, C6, C7)	30902	Transformer—First I.F. transformer (L10, L11, C6, C7)	1.80
30788	Cap—Tune knob cable	14283	Transformer—Power transformer 100-120 volts	14283	Transformer—Power transformer 100-120 volts	3.80
12110	Cap—Tune knob cable	31488	Transformer—Output transformer (T1)	31488	Transformer—Output transformer (T1)	7.60
31490	Cap—Tune knob cable	31488	Transformer—Output transformer (T1)	31488	Transformer—Output transformer (T1)	4.76
15722	Capacitor—15 mmfd. (C1)	31446	Transformer—Output transformer (T1)	31446	Transformer—Output transformer (T1)	8.05
12948	Capacitor—30 mmfd. (C2)	32918	Coil—Voice coil assembly complete with metal housing	32918	Coil—Voice coil assembly complete with metal housing	2.40
14262	Capacitor—100 mmfd. (C3, C4)	32919	Coil—Voice coil assembly complete with metal housing	32919	Coil—Voice coil assembly complete with metal housing	1.80
12724	Capacitor—100 mmfd. (C3, C4)	32920	Coil—Voice coil assembly complete with metal housing	32920	Coil—Voice coil assembly complete with metal housing	1.25
14712	Capacitor—180 mmfd. (C37)	31302	Coil—Voice coil assembly complete with metal housing	31302	Coil—Voice coil assembly complete with metal housing	1.40
30433	Capacitor—70 mmfd. (C2)	31302	Coil—Voice coil assembly complete with metal housing	31302	Coil—Voice coil assembly complete with metal housing	1.20
31435	Capacitor—750 mmfd. (C28)	31302	Coil—Voice coil assembly complete with metal housing	31302	Coil—Voice coil assembly complete with metal housing	1.20
31403	Capacitor—3000 mmfd. (C22)	31302	Coil—Voice coil assembly complete with metal housing	31302	Coil—Voice coil assembly complete with metal housing	1.25
5107	Capacitor—0.05 mid. (C14, C17)	31443	Coil—Voice coil assembly complete with metal housing	31443	Coil—Voice coil assembly complete with metal housing	1.40
14838	Capacitor—0.1 mid. (C11)	31444	Coil—Voice coil assembly complete with metal housing	31444	Coil—Voice coil assembly complete with metal housing	1.40
4839	Capacitor—0.1 mid. (C11)	31444	Coil—Voice coil assembly complete with metal housing	31444	Coil—Voice coil assembly complete with metal housing	1.40
18115	Capacitor—0.1 mid. (C11)	31444	Coil—Voice coil assembly complete with metal housing	31444	Coil—Voice coil assembly complete with metal housing	1.40
32485	Capacitor—Compensating two 10 mid., one 20 mid., and one 5 mid. sections. (C16, C18, C19, C21)	32907	Coil—Hum neutralizing coil (L12, L13, L14, L15, L16)	32907	Coil—Hum neutralizing coil (L12, L13, L14, L15, L16)	0.2
31382	Coil—Antenna coil—A, B, and C bands (L1, L2, L3, L4, L5, L6, L7, L8, L9)	32907	Coil—Hum neutralizing coil (L12, L13, L14, L15, L16)	32907	Coil—Hum neutralizing coil (L12, L13, L14, L15, L16)	0.25
32493	Coil—Antenna coil—A, B, and C bands (L1, L2, L3, L4, L5, L6, L7, L8, L9)	32907	Coil—Hum neutralizing coil (L12, L13, L14, L15, L16)	32907	Coil—Hum neutralizing coil (L12, L13, L14, L15, L16)	0.25
31951	Coil—Antenna coil—A, B, and C bands (L1, L2, L3, L4, L5, L6, L7, L8, L9)	32907	Coil—Hum neutralizing coil (L12, L13, L14, L15, L16)	32907	Coil—Hum neutralizing coil (L12, L13, L14, L15, L16)	0.25
14832	Coil—Antenna coil—A, B, and C bands (L1, L2, L3, L4, L5, L6, L7, L8, L9)	32907	Coil—Hum neutralizing coil (L12, L13, L14, L15, L16)	32907	Coil—Hum neutralizing coil (L12, L13, L14, L15, L16)	0.25
31385	Coil—Antenna coil—A, B, and C bands (L1, L2, L3, L4, L5, L6, L7, L8, L9)	32907	Coil—Hum neutralizing coil (L12, L13, L14, L15, L16)	32907	Coil—Hum neutralizing coil (L12, L13, L14, L15, L16)	0.25
31389	Coil—Antenna coil—A, B, and C bands (L1, L2, L3, L4, L5, L6, L7, L8, L9)	32907	Coil—Hum neutralizing coil (L12, L13, L14, L15, L16)	32907	Coil—Hum neutralizing coil (L12, L13, L14, L15, L16)	0.25
32668	Coil—Antenna coil—A, B, and C bands (L1, L2, L3, L4, L5, L6, L7, L8, L9)	32907	Coil—Hum neutralizing coil (L12, L13, L14, L15, L16)	32907	Coil—Hum neutralizing coil (L12, L13, L14, L15, L16)	0.25
32634	Coil—Antenna coil—A, B, and C bands (L1, L2, L3, L4, L5, L6, L7, L8, L9)	32907	Coil—Hum neutralizing coil (L12, L13, L14, L15, L16)	32907	Coil—Hum neutralizing coil (L12, L13, L14, L15, L16)	0.25
30905	Coil—Antenna coil—A, B, and C bands (L1, L2, L3, L4, L5, L6, L7, L8, L9)	32907	Coil—Hum neutralizing coil (L12, L13, L14, L15, L16)	32907	Coil—Hum neutralizing coil (L12, L13, L14, L15, L16)	0.25
31388	Coil—Antenna coil—A, B, and C bands (L1, L2, L3, L4, L5, L6, L7, L8, L9)	32907	Coil—Hum neutralizing coil (L12, L13, L14, L15, L16)	32907	Coil—Hum neutralizing coil (L12, L13, L14, L15, L16)	0.25
13280	Coil—Antenna coil—A, B, and C bands (L1, L2, L3, L4, L5, L6, L7, L8, L9)	32907	Coil—Hum neutralizing coil (L12, L13, L14, L15, L16)	32907	Coil—Hum neutralizing coil (L12, L13, L14, L15, L16)	0.25
31372	Coil—Antenna coil—A, B, and C bands (L1, L2, L3, L4, L5, L6, L7, L8, L9)	32907	Coil—Hum neutralizing coil (L12, L13, L14, L15, L16)	32907	Coil—Hum neutralizing coil (L12, L13, L14, L15, L16)	0.25
32652	Coil—Antenna coil—A, B, and C bands (L1, L2, L3, L4, L5, L6, L7, L8, L9)	32907	Coil—Hum neutralizing coil (L12, L13, L14, L15, L16)	32907	Coil—Hum neutralizing coil (L12, L13, L14, L15, L16)	0.25
1891	Lamp—Dial or Electric Tuning indicator lamp	32907	Coil—Hum neutralizing coil (L12, L13, L14, L15, L16)	32907	Coil—Hum neutralizing coil (L12, L13, L14, L15, L16)	0.25
31379	Pulley—Indicator drive cord pulley	32907	Coil—Hum neutralizing coil (L12, L13, L14, L15, L16)	32907	Coil—Hum neutralizing coil (L12, L13, L14, L15, L16)	0.25
14871	Resistor—55 ohms, 1/2 watt (R1)	32907	Coil—Hum neutralizing coil (L12, L13, L14, L15, L16)	32907	Coil—Hum neutralizing coil (L12, L13, L14, L15, L16)	0.25
31389	Resistor—12,000 ohms, 1/2 watt (R2)	32907	Coil—Hum neutralizing coil (L12, L13, L14, L15, L16)	32907	Coil—Hum neutralizing coil (L12, L13, L14, L15, L16)	0.25
92151	Resistor—12,000 ohms, 1/2 watt (R2)	32907	Coil—Hum neutralizing coil (L12, L13, L14, L15, L16)	32907	Coil—Hum neutralizing coil (L12, L13, L14, L15, L16)	0.25
14284	Resistor—27,000 ohms, 1/2 watt (R3)	32907	Coil—Hum neutralizing coil (L12, L13, L14, L15, L16)	32907	Coil—Hum neutralizing coil (L12, L13, L14, L15, L16)	0.25
14285	Resistor—27,000 ohms, 1/2 watt (R3)	32907	Coil—Hum neutralizing coil (L12, L13, L14, L15, L16)	32907	Coil—Hum neutralizing coil (L12, L13, L14, L15, L16)	0.25
14286	Resistor—27,000 ohms, 1/2 watt (R3)	32907	Coil—Hum neutralizing coil (L12, L13, L14, L15, L16)	32907	Coil—Hum neutralizing coil (L12, L13, L14, L15, L16)	0.25
14287	Resistor—27,000 ohms, 1/2 watt (R3)	32907	Coil—Hum neutralizing coil (L12, L13, L14, L15, L16)	32907	Coil—Hum neutralizing coil (L12, L13, L14, L15, L16)	0.25
12388	Resistor—470,000 ohms, 1/2 watt (R8)	32907	Coil—Hum neutralizing coil (L12, L13, L14, L15, L16)	32907	Coil—Hum neutralizing coil (L12, L13, L14, L15, L16)	0.25
12013	Resistor—1 meg., 1/2 watt (R9)	32907	Coil—Hum neutralizing coil (L12, L13, L14, L15, L16)	32907	Coil—Hum neutralizing coil (L12, L13, L14, L15, L16)	0.25
15730	Resistor—1 meg., 1/2 watt (R9)	32907	Coil—Hum neutralizing coil (L12, L13, L14, L15, L16)	32907	Coil—Hum neutralizing coil (L12, L13, L14, L15, L16)	0.25
12679	Resistor—2 meg., 1/2 watt (R3)	32907	Coil—Hum neutralizing coil (L12, L13, L14, L15, L16)	32907	Coil—Hum neutralizing coil (L12, L13, L14, L15, L16)	0.25
14843	Resistor—2 meg., 1/2 watt (R3)	32907	Coil—Hum neutralizing coil (L12, L13, L14, L15, L16)	32907	Coil—Hum neutralizing coil (L12, L13, L14, L15, L16)	0.25
14687	Resistor—2 meg., 1/2 watt (R3)	32907	Coil—Hum neutralizing coil (L12, L13, L14, L15, L16)	32907	Coil—Hum neutralizing coil (L12, L13, L14, L15, L16)	0.25
4669	Resistor—2 meg., 1/2 watt (R3)	32907	Coil—Hum neutralizing coil (L12, L13, L14, L15, L16)	32907	Coil—Hum neutralizing coil (L12, L13, L14, L15, L16)	0.25
32871	Resistor—2 meg., 1/2 watt (R3)	32907	Coil—Hum neutralizing coil (L12, L13, L14, L15, L16)	32907	Coil—Hum neutralizing coil (L12, L13, L14, L15, L16)	0.25
31399	Resistor—2 meg., 1/2 watt (R3)	32907	Coil—Hum neutralizing coil (L12, L13, L14, L15, L16)	32907	Coil—Hum neutralizing coil (L12, L13, L14, L15, L16)	0.25
31395	Resistor—2 meg., 1/2 watt (R3)	32907	Coil—Hum neutralizing coil (L12, L13, L14, L15, L16)	32907	Coil—Hum neutralizing coil (L12, L13, L14, L15, L16)	0.25
13871	Resistor—2 meg., 1/2 watt (R3)	32907	Coil—Hum neutralizing coil (L12, L13, L14, L15, L16)	32907	Coil—Hum neutralizing coil (L12, L13, L14, L15, L16)	0.25
31251	Resistor—2 meg., 1/2 watt (R3)	32907	Coil—Hum neutralizing coil (L12, L13, L14, L15, L16)	32907	Coil—Hum neutralizing coil (L12, L13, L14, L15, L16)	0.25
31418	Resistor—2 meg., 1/2 watt (R3)	32907	Coil—Hum neutralizing coil (L12, L13, L14, L15, L16)	32907	Coil—Hum neutralizing coil (L12, L13, L14, L15, L16)	0.25
31418	Resistor—2 meg., 1/2 watt (R3)	32907	Coil—Hum neutralizing coil (L12, L13, L14, L15, L16)	32907	Coil—Hum neutralizing coil (L12, L13, L14, L15, L16)	0.25
31418	Resistor—2 meg., 1/2 watt (R3)	32907	Coil—Hum neutralizing coil (L12, L13, L14, L15, L16)	32907	Coil—Hum neutralizing coil (L12, L13, L14, L15, L16)	0.25

ALL PRICES ARE SUBJECT TO CHANGE OR WITHDRAWAL WITHOUT NOTICE

MODELS 96E2, 96K5, 96K6, 96T7

Chas. RC-351L, 97K2, 97T2

Chassis RC-351K

RCA MFG. CO., INC.

Alignment, Socket, Trimmers
Tuner Adjustments

Cathode-Ray Alignment is the preferable method. Connections for the oscillograph are shown in the chassis drawing.

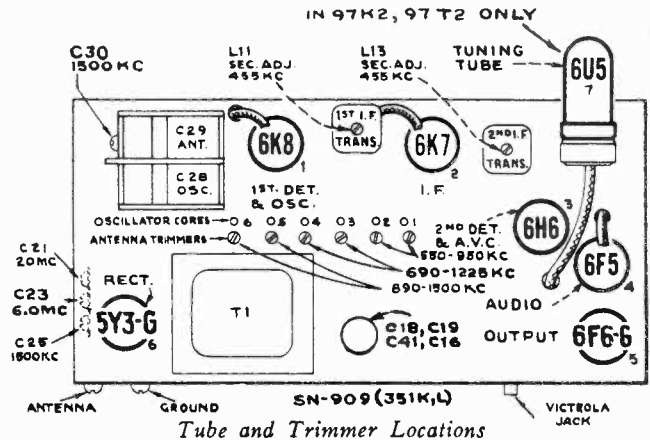
Output Meter Alignment.—If this method is used, connect the meter across the voice coil, and turn the receiver volume control to maximum.

Test-Oscillator.—For all alignment operations, connect the low side of the test-oscillator to the receiver chassis, and keep the output as low as possible to avoid a-v-c action.

Calibration Scale on Indicator-Drive-Cord Drum.—The tuning dial is fastened in the cabinet and cannot be used for reference during alignment; therefore, a calibration scale is attached to the rear of the drum which is mounted on the front shaft of the gang condenser. The setting of the gang condenser is read on this scale, which is calibrated in degrees. The correct setting of the gang in degrees, for each alignment frequency, is given in the alignment table.

As the first step in r-f alignment, check the position of the drum. The 180° mark on the drum scale must be vertical, and directly over the center of the gang-condenser shaft when the plates are fully meshed. The distance from the front of the chassis to the drum must not exceed 3/8-inch. The drum is held to the shaft by means of two set screws, which must be tightened securely when the drum is in the correct position.

Pointer for Calibration Scale.—Improvise a pointer for the calibration scale by fastening a piece of wire to the gang-condenser frame, and bend the wire so that it points to the "180°" mark on the calibration scale when the plates are fully meshed.



SN-909 (351K, L) Tube and Trimmer Locations

Dial-Indicator Adjustment.—After fastening the chassis in the cabinet, attach the dial indicator to the drive cable with indicator at the left-hand end mark, and gang condenser fully meshed.

For additional details, refer to booklet "RCA Victor Receiver Alignment."

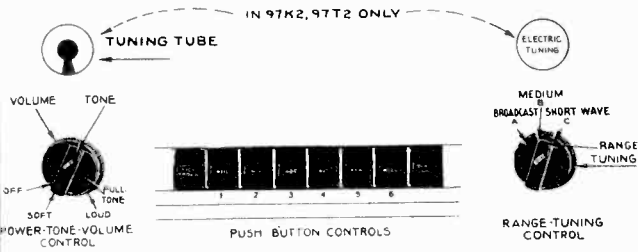
Steps	Connect the high side of test-osc. to—	Tune test-osc. to—	Turn radio dial to—	Adjust the following for max. peak output
1	6K7 I-F grid cap, in series with .01 mfd.	455 kc	"A" band, Quiet Point	L12 and L13 (2nd I-F Trans.)
2	6K8 det. grid cap, in series with .01 mfd.	455 kc	between 550-750 kc	L10 and L11 (1st I-F Trans.)
3	Antenna Terminal, in series with 200 mmf.	600 kc	600 kc (150.5°) "A" band	L9
4		1,500 kc	1,500 kc (28°) "A" band	C25 (osc.) C30 (ant.)
5	Repeat steps 3 and 4.			
6	Antenna Terminal, in series with 400 ohms	6 mc	6 mc (26.5°) "B" band	C23 (osc.)*
7		20 mc	20 mc (22°) "C" band	C21 (osc.)*
8	Follow "Adjustments for Electric Tuning."			

* Use minimum capacity peak if two peaks can be obtained, and rock gang condenser slightly while adjusting C23 and C21.
Note.—Oscillator tracks 455 kc above signal on all bands.

ADJUSTMENTS FOR ELECTRIC TUNING

These models have eight push buttons. The left-hand button is a Victrola switch. The right-hand button connects the gang condenser for manual tuning. The other six buttons are for electric tuning of six different stations in the standard-broadcast range. The station buttons connect to separate magnetite-core oscillator coils and separate antenna trimmers which must be adjusted for the desired stations. Use an in-

sulated screwdriver or alignment tool such as RCA Stock No. 31031. Allow at least five minutes warm-up period before making adjustments.



Location of Controls

The left-hand push button is a Victrola-Attachment switch. The right-hand push button is for dial tuning.

- The procedure is as follows:
1. Make a list of the desired six stations, arranged in order from low to high frequencies.
 2. Push in the dial-tuning button, and manually tune in the first station on the list.
 3. Push in station button No. 1 (second from left) and adjust No. 1 oscillator core (L37) to receive this station. Screw the core all the way in, to lowest frequency, and then unscrew slowly until station is received.
 4. Adjust No. 1 antenna trimmer (C36) for maximum output on this station.
- Clockwise adjustment of cores and trimmers tunes the circuits to lower frequencies.**
5. Adjust for each of the remaining five stations in the same manner.
 6. Make a final careful adjustment of the oscillator cores and antenna trimmers.

Schematic, Lead Dress

RCA MFG. CO., INC.

MODELS 96E2, 96K5, 96K6, 96T7
Chas. RC-351L, 97K2, 97T2

Chassis RC351K

FREQUENCY RANGES

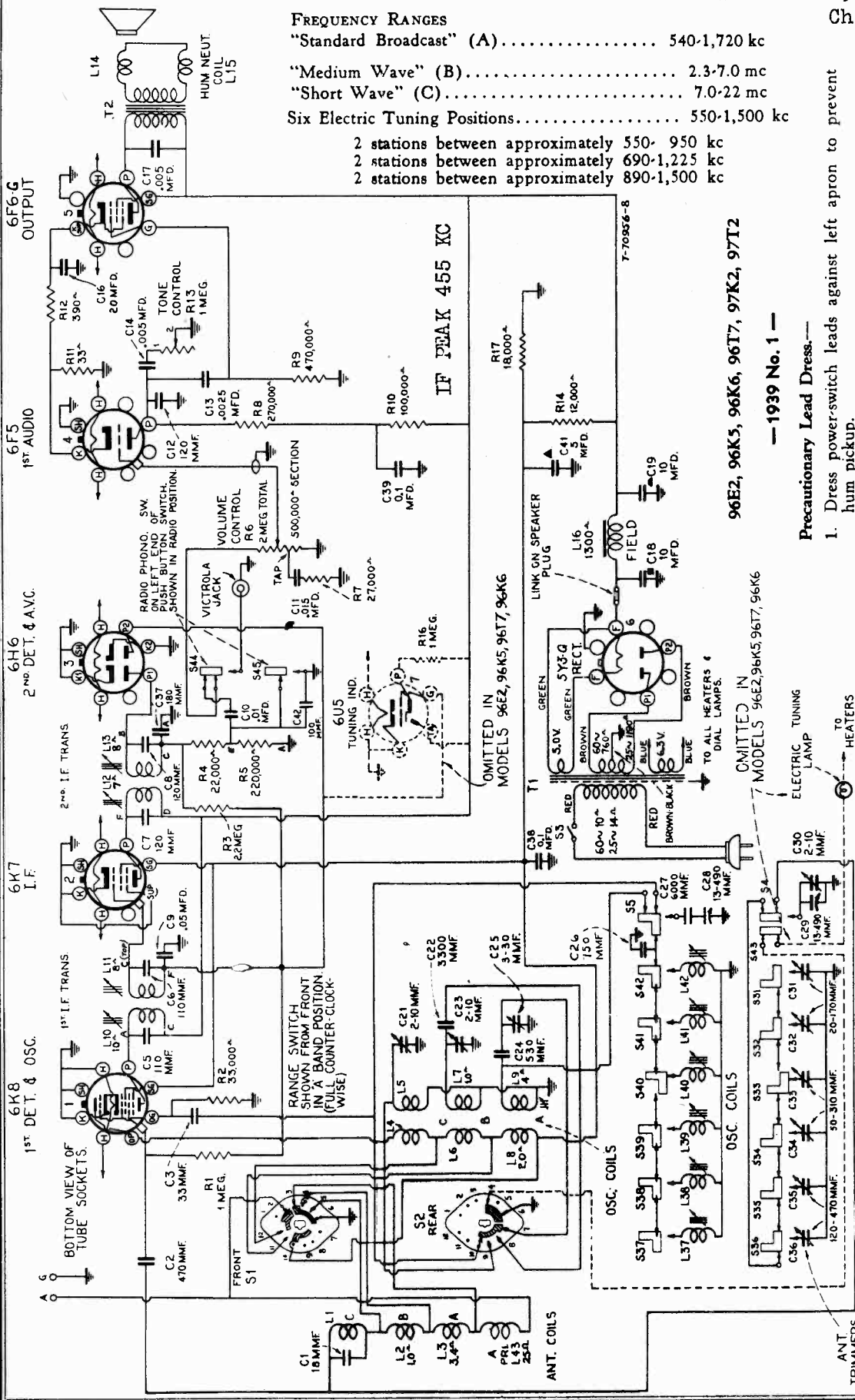
"Standard Broadcast" (A)..... 540-1,720 kc

"Medium Wave" (B)..... 2.3-7.0 mc

"Short Wave" (C)..... 7.0-22 mc

Six Electric Tuning Positions..... 550-1,500 kc

- 2 stations between approximately 550- 950 kc
- 2 stations between approximately 690-1,225 kc
- 2 stations between approximately 890-1,500 kc



96E2, 96K5, 96K6, 96T7, 97K2, 97T2

—1939 No. 1—

Precautionary Lead Dress.—

1. Dress power-switch leads against left apron to prevent hum pickup.
2. Dress R1 away from front of chassis.
3. Electric-tuning lamp leads must be dressed in front of range switch.
4. Dress lead from L5 to range switch away from other leads.
5. Dress leads away from antenna coil.
6. Dress other parts and leads away from R14, as it becomes heated.

96E2, 96K5, 96K6, 97K2

96T7, 97T2

Undistorted..... 2.0 watts

Maximum..... 4.0 watts

105-125 volts, 50-60 cycles, 80 watts

105-125 volts, 25-60 cycles, 80 watts

100-130/140-160/195-250 volts, 40-60 cycles, 80 watts

MODELS 96E2, 96K5, 96K6, 96T7

Chassis RC-351L

LOUDSPEAKER

RCA MFG. CO., INC.

97K2, 97T2, Chas. RC351K

R-F Chassis Wiring, Data

Type..... Electrodynamic
 Voice-coil impedance 84308-1, 84308-4, RL63H-3, RL70H-1... 2.2 ohms, RL79-1..... 3.4 ohms..... at 400 cycles
 Pilot Lamps (1 on Models 96K5, 96K6, 96E2, 96T7) (2 on Models 97K2, 97T2)..... Mazda No. 47, 6.3 volts, .15 amp.

Loudspeaker.—Centering of the loudspeaker voice coil is accomplished in the usual manner with three narrow celluloid or paper feelers after first removing the front dust cover. A dust cover should be cemented in place with ambroid upon completion of adjustment.

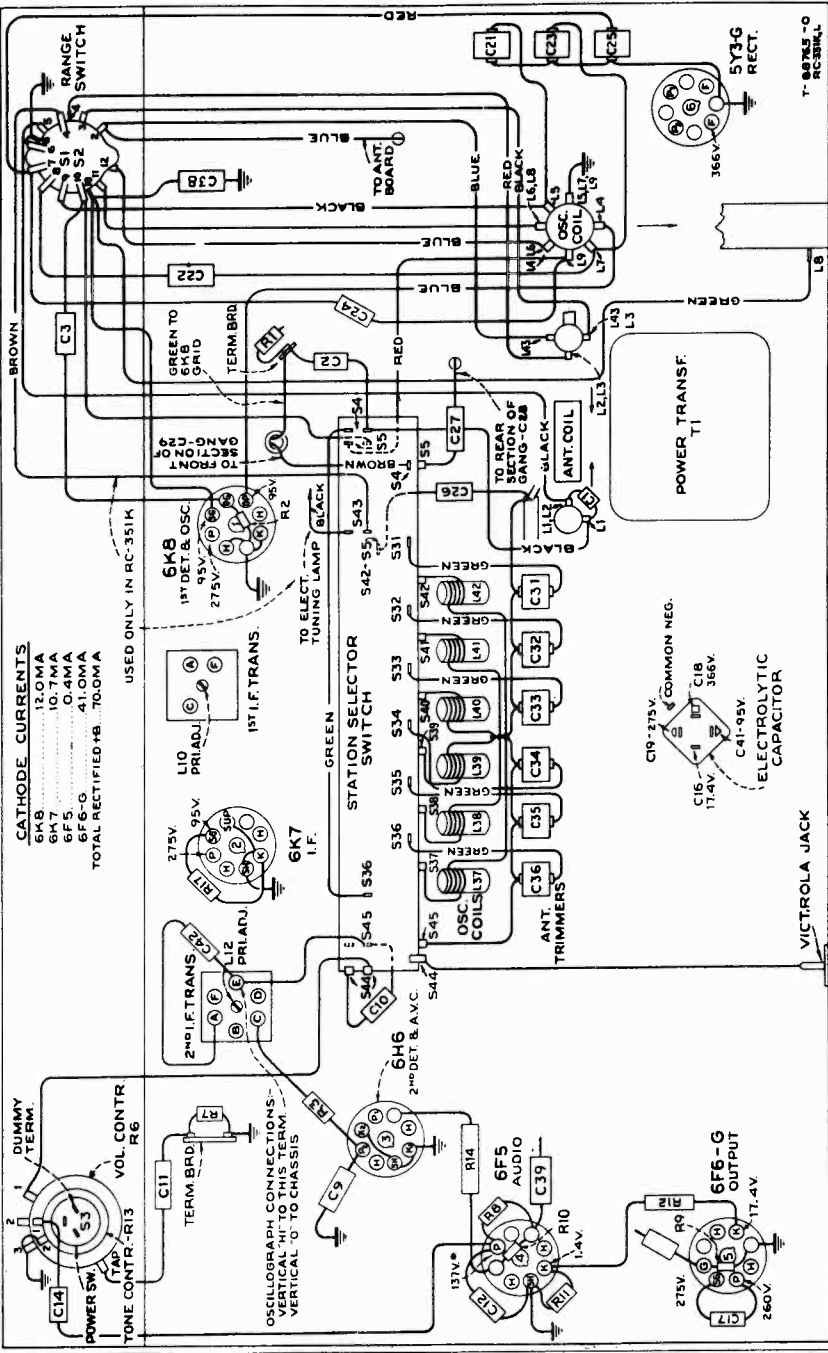
The seven-tube models have a "Magic Eye" tuning tube and illuminated indicator to show when the set is being operated on electric tuning. All models have electric tuning for six stations in the standard broadcast range.

Features of design include: Magnetite-core electric-tuning coils; magnetite-core "A" band oscillator coil; magnetite-core i-f transformers; temperature-compensated capacitor in the oscillator circuit; aural-compensated volume control; high-frequency tone control; jack and switch for Victrola attachment; straight-line dial; dust-proof electrodynamic loudspeaker.

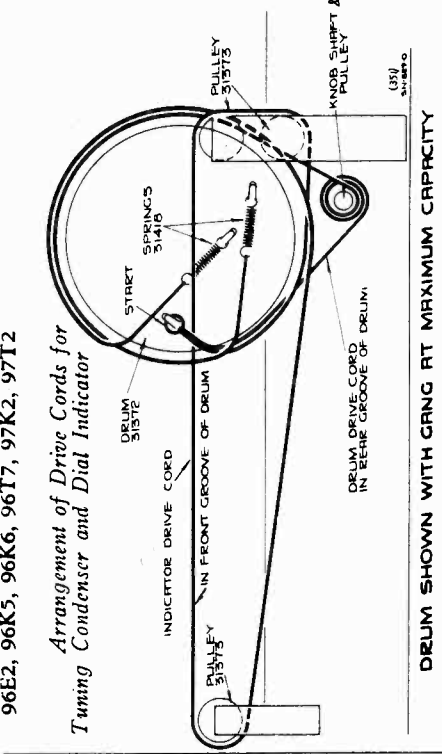
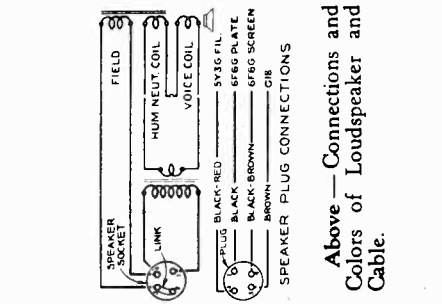
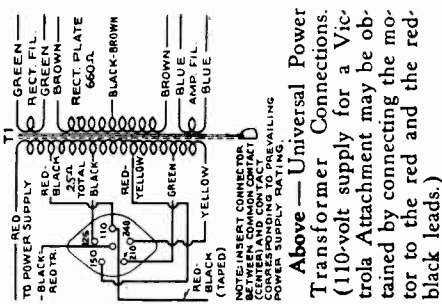
Victrola Attachment.—A jack is provided on the rear of the chassis for connection to a Victrola Attachment. The cable from the Victrola Attachment should be terminated in a Stock No. 31048 plug to fit the jack.

Measurements made to chassis unless otherwise indicated, with set tuned to quiet point and volume control at minimum. Values should hold within $\pm 20\%$ with 117-volt a-c supply.

NOTE: Values with star () are operating voltages in circuits with high series resistance. The actual measured voltages will be lower, depending on the voltmeter loading.



R-F Wiring Diagram and Socket Voltages



Arrangement of Drive Cords for Tuning Condenser and Dial Indicator

96E2, 96K5, 96K6, 96T7, 97K2, 97T2

Schematic, Voltage R-F Chassis Wiring

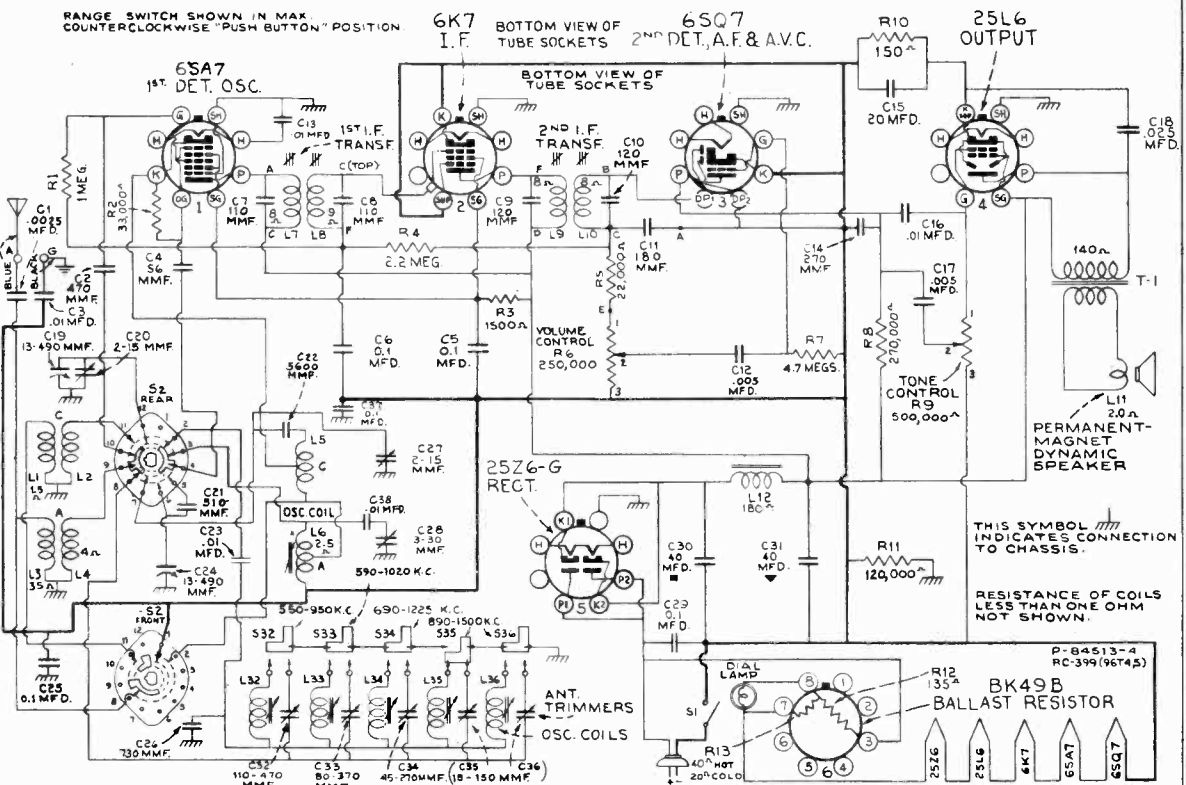
RCA MFG. CO., INC.

MODELS 96T4, 96T5, Chas. RC-399 96T6, Chassis RC-399A

A-C Rating 105-125 volts, 25-60 cycles, 60 watts
 D-C Rating 105-125 volts, direct current, 60 watts
 POWER OUTPUT RATING
 Undistorted 1.5 watts
 Maximum 2.5 watts

FREQUENCY RANGES
 "Standard Broadcast" (A) 540-1,720 kc
 "Short Wave" (C) 5.8-18.0 mc
 Intermediate Frequency 455 kc

Pilot Lamp Mazda 47, 6.3 volts, 0.15 amp.
 LOUDSPEAKER
 Type Permanent Magnet Dynamic
 Diameter 96T4, 5: 5 inch—96T6: 6 inch
 V.C. Impedance 2 ohms at 400 cycles

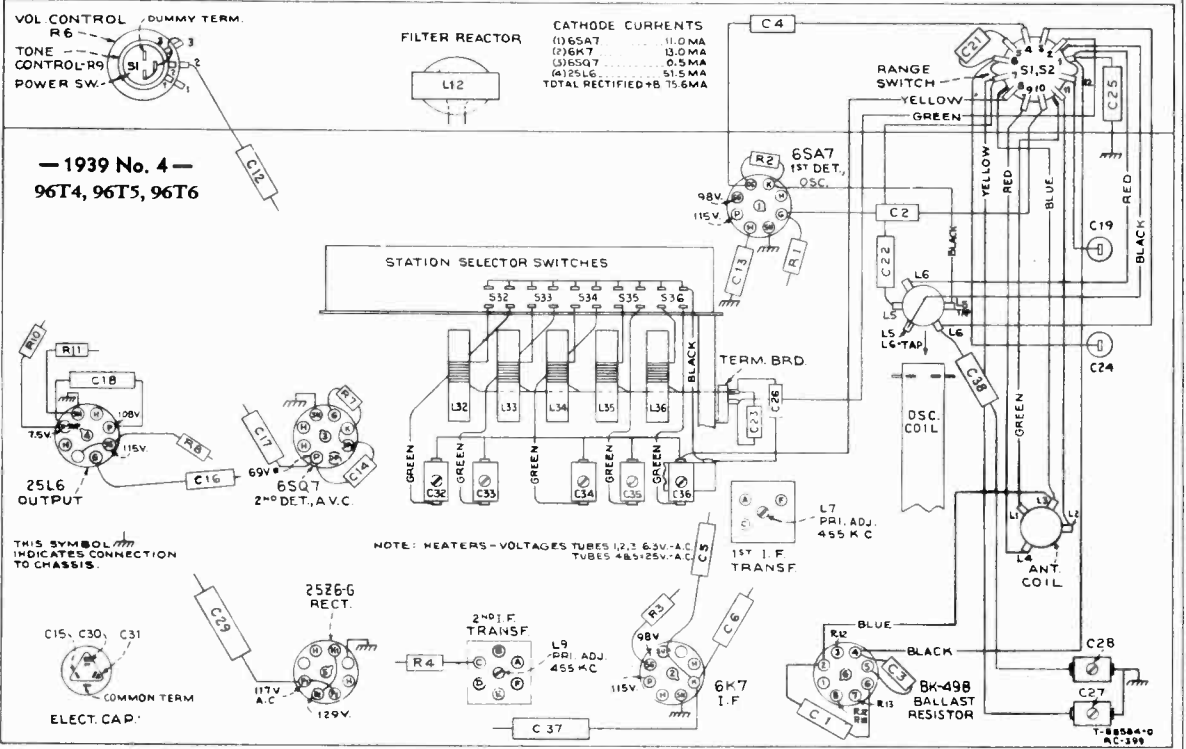


All models have electric tuning for five stations in the standard broadcast range.

Features of design include: Magnetite-core electric-tuning coils; magnetite-core i-f transformers; temperature-compensated capacitor in the oscillator circuit; high-frequency tone

control; straight-line dial; dust-proof permanent magnet dynamic loudspeaker.

Power Supply Polarity.—On d-c operation, the power plug must be inserted in the outlet for correct polarity. If the set does not function, reverse the position of the plug. On a-c operation, a similar reversal of the plug may reduce hum.



R-F Wiring Diagram and Socket Voltages

Measurements made to low-side of volume control unless otherwise indicated, with set tuned to quiet point and volume control at minimum. Values should hold within $\pm 20\%$ with 117 volt a-c supply.

* Note: Values with star (*) are operating voltages in circuits with high series resistance. The actual measured voltages will be lower, depending on the voltmeter loading.

MODELS 96T4, 96T5, Chassis RC-399
96T6, Chassis RC-399A

RCA MFG. CO., INC.

Alignment, Socket, Trimmers
Tuner, Lead Dress, Drive Data

Mechanical Specifications

Models	96T4	96T5	96T6
Height (inches)	9 1/2	9 1/2	11 1/4
Width (inches)	12	12	15 3/8
Depth (inches)	6 1/8	6 1/8	6 13/16
Net Weight (pounds)	11	11	14
Shipping Weight (pounds)	13	13	17
Chassis Base Dimensions	11 1/8 in. wide, 5 in. deep, 2 7/8 in. high		
Over-all Chassis Height	8 inches		
Tuning Drive Ratio	8 to 1		

Alignment Procedure

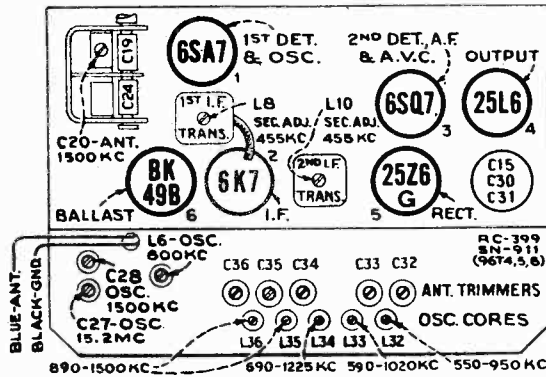
Output Meter Alignment.—Connect the meter across the voice coil, and turn the receiver volume control to maximum.

Test-Oscillator.—For all alignment operations, connect the low side of the test-oscillator to the black lead and keep the output as low as possible to avoid a-v-c action.

Calibration Marks.—The tuning dial is fastened in the cabinet and can not be used for reference during alignment. Therefore calibration marks corresponding to dial readings of 600 kc, 1,500 kc, and 15.2 mc. have been stamped in the plate on the front of the chassis as shown in the accompanying drawing. These marks are used for reference during alignment.

Dial Indicator Adjustment.—With the gang condenser in full mesh, the indicator should point to the extreme left mark on the dial scale.

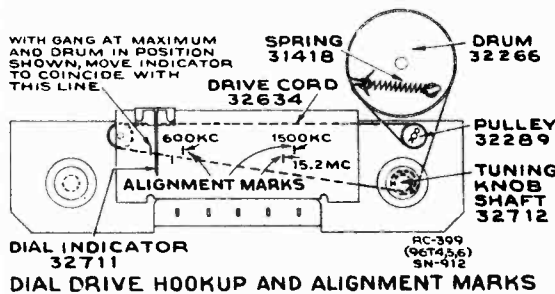
For additional details, refer to booklet "RCA Victor Receiver Alignment."



Tube and Trimmer Locations

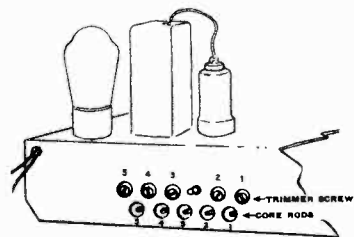
Steps	Connect the high side of test-osc. to—	Tune test-osc. to—	Turn radio dial to—	Adjust the following for max. peak output
1	6K7 I-F grid cap. in series with .01 mfd.	455 kc	"A" band, Quiet Point between 550-750 kc	L9 and L10 (2nd I-F Trans.)
2	Tuning condenser Stator (osc.) in series with .01 mfd.	455 kc		L7 and L8 (1st I-F Trans.)
3	Antenna Lead (Blue), in series with 200 mmf.	1,500 kc	1,500 kc (Cal. Mark) "A" Band	C28 (osc.) C20 (ant.)
4	Antenna Lead (Blue), in series with 200 mmf.	600 kc	600 kc (Cal. Mark) "A" Band	L6 (osc.)
5	Repeat steps 3 and 4.			
6	Antenna Lead (Blue), in series with 400 ohms	15.2 mc	15.2 mc (Cal. Mark) "C" Band	C27 (osc.)*
7	Follow "Adjustments for Electric Tuning."			

* Rock gang slightly while peaking C27, and use minimum capacity peak if two peaks can be obtained on C27.
Note.—Oscillator tracks 455 kc above signal on both bands.



Dial-Indicator and Drive Mechanism

Refer to "Alignment Procedure" for explanation of the "calibration marks" shown in this drawing.



Push-Button Adjustments

- No. 1—Approximately 550-950 kc.
- No. 2—Approximately 590-1,020 kc.
- No. 3—Approximately 690-1,225 kc.
- Nos. 4, 5—Approximately 890-1,500 kc.

Miscellaneous Service Data

Removing Push-Button Assembly.—The push-button assembly is held to the chassis by two nuts on the front apron and may be quickly and easily swung out for convenient access to the sockets and other parts. No unsoldering is required, as flexible leads are used for all connections from the chassis to the assembly.

2. A.C. leads to ballast tube should be dressed away from volume control lead on 2nd I.F. transformer.
3. Coupling condensers C2 and C4 should be dressed away from chassis.

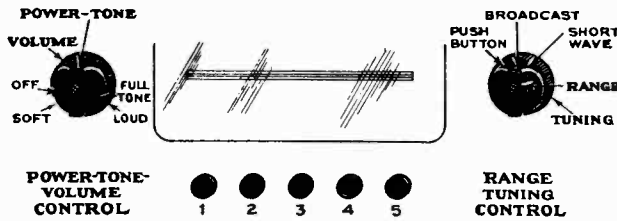
Precautionary Lead Dress.

1. Volume control lead from 2nd I.F. transformer (E) should be dressed down on chassis.

RCA MFG. CO., INC.

MODELS 96T4, 96T5, Chas. RC-399
96T6, Chassis RC-399A
Tuner Adjustments, Parts

96T4, 96T5, 96T6



Location of Controls

Adjustments for Electric Tuning

These models have five push buttons for electric tuning of five different stations in the standard-broadcast range. The station buttons connect to separate magnetite-core oscillator coils and separate antenna trimmers which must be adjusted for the desired stations. Use an insulated screwdriver or alignment tool such as RCA Stock No. 31031. Allow at least five minutes warm-up period before making adjust-

ments. Use a regular antenna for the preliminary adjustments.

The procedure is as follows:

1. Make a list of the five desired stations, arranged in order from low to high frequencies.
 2. Turn Range Control Knob to "Broadcast" position and tune in station No. 1 (560 kc in example) by Manual Dial Tuning, for reference.
 3. Push in station-button No. 1 and turn Range Selector to "PB" position. Adjust No. 1 oscillator core (L32) to receive this station. Screw the core all the way in, to lowest frequency, and then unscrew slowly until the station is received.
 4. Adjust No. 1 antenna trimmer (C32) for maximum output on this station.
 5. Adjust for each of the remaining four stations in the same manner.
- (Clockwise adjustment of oscillator cores and antenna trimmers tunes the circuits to lower frequencies.)
6. Make a final careful adjustment of the oscillator cores and antenna trimmers, using one or two feet of wire as an antenna to ensure sharp peaking.

Insist on genuine factory-tested parts, which are readily identified and may be purchased from authorized dealers.

STOCK No.	DESCRIPTION	Unit List Price	STOCK No.	DESCRIPTION	Unit List Price
CHASSIS ASSEMBLIES (RC399—Models 96T4 and 96T5) (RC399A—Model 96T6)					
32544	Ballast—Ballast resistor tube—type BK49B (R12, R13)	.80	13734	Resistor—120,000 ohms, 1/2 watt (R11)	.20
31379	Capacitor—Dual trimmer, comprising one 3-30 mmfd. and one 2-10 mmfd. sections (C27, C28)	.40	12199	Resistor—270,000 ohms, 1/2 watt (R8)	.20
12723	Capacitor—56 mmfd. (C4)	.35	13730	Resistor—1 meg., 1/2 watt (R1)	.20
14262	Capacitor—109 mmfd. (C7, C8)	.30	12679	Resistor—2.2 meg., 1/2 watt (R4)	.20
12404	Capacitor—120 mmfd. (C9, C10)	.30	30271	Resistor—4.7 meg., 1/2 watt (R7)	.20
14712	Capacitor—180 mmfd. (C11)	.30	32544	Resistor—Ballast resistor tube—type BK49B (R12, R13)	.80
12488	Capacitor—270 mmfd. (C14)	.35	30340	Retainer—Pulley retaining clip	.02
30433	Capacitor—470 mmfd. (C2)	.35	14343	Retainer—Tuning knob shaft retaining ring	.03
12537	Capacitor—580 mmfd. (C21)	.35	4689	Screw—No. 8-32 x 1/2 square head set screw for drum	.03
32714	Capacitor—730 mmfd. (C26)	.45	32712	Shaft—Tuning knob shaft and pulley	.20
13895	Capacitor—5,600 mmfd. (C22)	.70	31365	Socket—Dial lamp socket	.30
5107	Capacitor—.0025 mfd., 700 volts (C1)	.20	31251	Socket—Octal base tube socket	.25
4838	Capacitor—.005 mfd., 1,000 volts (C12, C17)	.25	31418	Spring—Drive cord tension spring	.05
14393	Capacitor—.01 mfd., 300 volts (C3, C13, C16, C23, C38)	.30	32703	Switch—Push button switch (S32, S33, S34, S35, S36)	2.25
4870	Capacitor—.025 mfd., 400 volts (C18)	.20	32702	Switch—Range switch (S2)	1.15
4839	Capacitor—.01 mfd., 400 volts (C5, C6, C25, C29, C67)	.30	14376	Transformer—First i.f. transformer (L7, L8, C7, C8)	2.45
32708	Capacitor—Electrolytic, comprising two 40 mfd. and one 20 mfd. sections (C15, C30, C31)	1.35	14308	Transformer—Second i.f. transformer (L9, L10, C9, C10, C11, R5)	2.90
32705	Capacitor—Push button trimmer capacitor bank (C32, C33, C34, C35, C36)	1.20	32544	Tube—Ballast resistor tube—type BK49B (R12, R13)	.80
31382	Clip—Push button coil mounting clip	.04	SPEAKER ASSEMBLIES (84226-4) Models 96T4 and 96T5		
32706	Coil—Antenna coil (L1, L2, L3, L4)	1.25	32716	Cone—Speaker cone and voice coil in housing (L11)	1.80
32707	Coil—Oscillator coil (L5, L6)	.95	32715	Speaker—Complete	6.70
31385	Coil—Push button oscillator coil—less core 550-950 KC. (L32)	.30	32717	Transformer—Output transformer (T1)	1.40
32704	Coil—Push button oscillator coil—less core 590-1,020 KC. (L33)	.35	SPEAKER ASSEMBLIES (84307-4) Model 96T6		
32340	Coil—Push button oscillator coil—less core 890-1,225 KC. (L34)	.35	32719	Cone—Speaker cone and voice coil in housing (L11)	2.00
31383	Coil—Push button oscillator coil—less core 890-1,500 KC. (L35, L36)	.30	5118	Plug—3-contact male plug for speaker	.25
32249	Condenser—2-gang variable (C19, C20, C24)	2.70	32718	Speaker—Speaker complete	6.00
31413	Control—Volume control, tone control, and power switch (R6, R9, S1)	3.00	32720	Transformer—Output transformer (T1)	1.45
32634	Cord—Drive cord	.10	MISCELLANEOUS ASSEMBLIES		
31386	Core—Core and stud for coil, Stock Nos. 31383, 31385, and 32704	.15	31428	Button—Push button and spring	.06
30846	Core—Core and stud for coil, Stock No. 32340	.30	31487	Clip—Spring clip to hold dial scale	.12
32713	Core—Core and stud for oscillator coil, Stock No. 32707	.35	31095	Cover—One set protective covers for call letter markers	.10
32266	Drum—Condenser drive cord drum	.45	32722	Dial—Glass dial scale	.45
32711	Indicator—Dial indicator pointer	.20	31667	Escutcheon—Dial escutcheon (no crystal)	.55
31480	Lamp—Dial lamp socket	.20	31355	Knob—Range switch knob	.12
32710	Plate—Dial color plate and pointer track	.30	31391	Knob—Tone control knob	.15
5119	Plug—3-contact female for speaker cable	.25	14359	Knob—Tuning knob	.20
32289	Pulley—Indicator drive cord pulley	.10	30773	Knob—Volume control knob	.15
32709	Reactor—Filter reactor (L12)	1.40	30991	Markers—One set station call letter markers	.40
30880	Resistor—150 ohms, 1/2 watt (R10)	.20	32721	Spring—Push button spring	.09
14499	Resistor—1,500 ohms, 1/2 watt (R3)	.20	14270	Spring—Retaining spring for range switch or volume control knob	.05
14284	Resistor—22,000 ohms, 1/10 watt (R5)	.15	30330	Spring—Retaining spring for tone control knob	.03
12454	Resistor—33,000 ohms, 1/2 watt (R2)	.20	4982	Spring—Retaining spring for tuning knob	.05

ALL PRICES ARE SUBJECT TO CHANGE OR WITHDRAWAL WITHOUT NOTICE.

MODELS 96X1 to 96X4, Chas. RC-400 RCA MFG. CO., INC.

96X11 to 96X14, Chas. RC-400A

MODEL U-104, Chassis RC-345H

Parts Lists

MODELS 96X-1, -2, -3, -4 and -11, -12, -13, -14

Chassis No. RC-400 and RC-400A

Replacement Parts

Insist on genuine factory-tested parts, which are readily identified and may be purchased from authorized dealers.

STOCK No.	DESCRIPTION	Unit List Price	STOCK No.	DESCRIPTION	Unit List Price
CHASSIS ASSEMBLIES					
32999	Back—Cardboard back for cabinet	.10	4858	Condenser—.01 mfd.	.25
32544	Ballast—Ballast resistor type BK49B	.80	5198	Condenser—.035 mfd.	.20
32530	Button—Ivory push button for 96X11, 96X12 and 96X14	.15	4886	Condenser—.05 mfd.	.20
32528	Button—Walnut push button for 96X13	.15	4839	Condenser—.01 mfd.	.30
X-580	Cabinet for 96X1 (net)	3.10	32548	Condenser—Electrolytic, one 12 mfd. and one 20 mfd. sections	.65
X-581	Cabinet for 96X2 (net)	3.10	32538	Condenser—Variable tuning condenser	2.40
X-582	Cabinet for 96X3 (net)	3.35	31458	Cover—1 set protective covers for push button markers	.08
X-583	Cabinet for 96X4 (net)	5.80	32539	Cord—Condenser drive cord	.10
X-844	Cabinet for 96X11 (net)	2.90	32540	Cord—Dial drive cord	.10
X-585	Cabinet for 96X12 (net)	2.90	32528	Dial—Black dial scale for 96X2 and 96X12	.35
X-845	Cabinet for 96X13 (net)	3.00	32527	Dial—Ivory dial scale for 96X4 and 96X14	.35
X-846	Cabinet for 96X14 (net)	5.20	32525	Dial—Walnut dial scale for 96X1, 96X3, 96X11 and 96X13	.35
32531	Coil—Antenna coil	.75	32290	Gear—Sector gear fastens on cam shaft of tuning mechanism—Models 96X11, 96X12, 96X13, 96X14	.50
32532	Coil—Oscillator coil	1.00	32542	Indicator—Dial indicator drum	.50
31379	Condenser—Trimmer, one 3-30 mmfd. and one 2-10 mmfd. sections (C5, C7)	.40	32522	Knob—Ivory knob for 96X1, 96X2, 96X4, 96X11, 96X12, 96X14	.15
14079	Condenser—8.8 mmfd.	.35	32520	Knob—Tan knob for 96X3 and 96X13	.15
13057	Condenser—80 mmfd.	.35	31482	Screw—No. 8-32 set screw for condenser drive pulley or sector gear	.03
12488	Condenser—250 mmfd.	.35	32510	Screw—Push button cam locking screw—Models 96X11, 96X12, 96X13, 96X14	.10
31399	Condenser—4,700 mmfd.	.65	32547	Shaft—Tuning knob shaft	.15
31480	Lamp—Dial lamp	.20	32543	Socket—Dial lamp socket and bracket	.20
31589	Marker—1 set push button call letter markers	.35	32537	Socket—Tube socket	.20
32810	Mechanism—Push button tuning mechanism comprising push arms, cam plate, frame, and mounting bracket assembled—Models 96X11, 96X12, 96X13, 96X14	5.40	31615	Spring—Drive cord tension spring	.02
32538	Pulley—Condenser drive pulley and gear—Models 96X11, 96X12, 96X13 and 96X14	.65	30585	Spring—Push button lever spring—Models 96X11, 96X12, 96X13, 96X14	.06
32541	Pulley—Condenser drive pulley—Models 96X1, 96X2, 96X3, 96X4	.35	31846	Spring—Retaining spring for knobs	.02
31808	Pulley—Indicator drum pulley	.80	32546	Switch—Band change switch	.65
32544	Resistor—Ballast resistor type BK49B	.20	32533	Transformer—First i.f. transformer	1.00
14439	Resistor—100 ohms, ½ watt	.20	32534	Transformer—Second i.f. transformer	.90
32535	Resistor—120 ohms, wire wound	.20	32545	Volume control and power switch	1.50
14499	Resistor—1,500 ohms, ½ watt	.20	SPEAKER ASSEMBLIES (84202-3)		
12454	Resistor—33,000 ohms, ½ watt	.20	31202	Cone—Speaker cone and voice coil	1.30
12412	Resistor—47,000 ohms, ½ watt	.20	31201	Speaker complete	3.95
12284	Resistor—220,000 ohms, ½ watt	.20	31203	Transformer—Output transformer	1.00
12285	Resistor—470,000 ohms, ½ watt	.20			
12679	Resistor—2.2 meg., ½ watt	.20			
13601	Resistor—10 meg., ½ watt	.20			

MODEL U-104

Chassis No. RC-345H

STOCK No.	DESCRIPTION	Unit List Price	STOCK No.	DESCRIPTION	Unit List Price
CHASSIS ASSEMBLIES (RC-345H)			PICKUP AND ARM ASSEMBLIES		
31198	Ballast—Ballast resistor tube (R7, R8)	.80	32226	Base—Pickup arm pivot shaft and base assembly	.65
4287	Body—Connector body for dial lamp connector	.02	4286	Bushing—Bushing and ferrule insert for connector cap	.03
30863	Capacitor—300 mmfd. (C9)	.50	4288	Cap—Pickup cable connector cap	.03
12835	Capacitor—1,100 mfd. (C19)	.50	31050	Crystal—Pickup crystal and needle screw	3.75
4838	Capacitor—.005 mfd., 1,000 V. (C18)	.25	32227	Pickup arm and crystal complete—less mounting, Stock No. 31054	6.70
4858	Capacitor—.01 mfd., 500 V. (C17)	.25	12539	Screw—Pickup needle screw	.15
14393	Capacitor—.01 mfd., 300 V. (C1, C8, C10)	.30	MOTOR ASSEMBLIES		
11315	Capacitor—.015 mfd., 400 V. (C11)	.20	9841	Motor—110-volt, 60-cycle—complete with mounting (M1)	6.50
30938	Capacitor—.025 mfd. (C15)	.20	31034	Motor—110-volt, 60-cycle—less mounting (M1)	8.90
30899	Capacitor—.01 mfd., 200 V. (C4)	.30	31037	Rotor—Turntable and rotor lamination assembly—complete for 50-cycle operation	4.55
4839	Capacitor—.01 mfd., 400 V. (C12)	.30	31038	Rotor—Turntable and rotor lamination assembly—complete for 80-cycle operation	4.55
12484	Capacitor—.025 mfd., 350 V. (C20, C18)	.30	31043	Stator—Stator assembly—complete with coils and laminations for 50-cycle operation	2.50
31323	Capacitor—.16 mfd., 150 V. (C13, C14)	.65	31042	Stator—Stator assembly—comprising coils and laminations for 80-cycle operation	2.50
30875	Coil—Antenna coil (L1, L2)	1.10	SPEAKER ASSEMBLIES (84202-3)		
30876	Coil—R.F. coil (L3, L4)	1.10	31202	Cone—Speaker cone (L5)	1.30
31195	Condenser—2-gang variable tuning condenser (C2, C3, C5, C6)	2.50	31201	Speaker—Speaker complete	3.95
14086	Cord—Power cord	.85	31203	Transformer—Output transformer (T1)	1.00
32634	Cord—Variable condenser drive cord	.10	MISCELLANEOUS ASSEMBLIES		
31200	Dial—Station selector dial scale and plate assembly	.40	31205	Crystal—Station selector dial crystal	.20
4286	Ferrule—Ferrule for dial lamp connector	.03	30863	Knob—Station selector or power switch knob	.15
4340	Lamp—Pilot lamp	.17	31064	Mounting—Pickup arm rubber mounting, washer, and nut	.15
31193	Lead—Antenna lead	.50	30870	Plug—2-contact male plug for motor leads	.35
30868	Plug—2-contact female motor cable plug	.35	14267	Screw—Chassis mounting screw	.04
31196	Pointer—Station selector indicator pointer	.25	31053	Screw—Motor mounting screw assembly complete	.30
31198	Resistor—Ballast resistor tube (R7, R8)	.80			
30880	Resistor—150 ohms, ½ watt (R6)	.20			
13734	Resistor—120,000 ohms, ½ watt (R10)	.20			
12285	Resistor—470,000 ohms, ½ watt (R4)	.20			
13730	Resistor—1 megohm, ½ watt (R5)	.20			
12679	Resistor—2.2 megohms, ½ watt (R3)	.20			
13601	Resistor—10 megohms, ½ watt (R9)	.20			
31197	Shaft—Indicator pointer shaft and pulley	.10			
31251	Socket—8-contact tube socket	.25			
14171	Socket—Lamp socket assembly	.40			
4284	Spring—Spring for dial lamp connector	.03			
31096	Switch—Phono. switch (S2)	1.20			
31198	Tube—Ballast resistor tube (R7, R8)	.80			
32209	Volume Control—(Phono.) (R11)	1.00			
31968	Volume Control—Volume control power switch (R1, S1)	1.50			
4286	Washer—Insulating washer for dial lamp connector	.02			

ALL PRICES ARE SUBJECT TO CHANGE OR WITHDRAWAL WITHOUT NOTICE.

Schematic, Voltage, Socket Trimmers, Alignment, Data

RCA MFG. CO., INC.

MODELS 96X1 to 96X4 inc. Chassis RC-400
96X11 to 96X14 inc. Chassis RC-400A
96X-11 96X-12 96X-13 96X-14
Walnut Finish Black Finish Walnut and Ivory Finish Walnut Finish Walnut Finish Ivory Finish

Without Push-Button Tuning

With Push-Button Tuning

Electrical and Mechanical Specifications

FREQUENCY RANGES

"Standard Broadcast" (A) (left) 540-1,720 kc
"Short Wave" (C) (right) 5,800-18,000 kc

TUBE COMPLEMENT

- (1) RCA-6K8 1st-Detector—Oscillator
 - (2) RCA-6SK7 I-F Amplifier
 - (3) RCA-6SQ7 2nd-Det., 1st A-F, and A.V.C.
 - (4) RCA-25L6 Power Output
 - (5) RCA-25Z6G Half-Wave Rectifier
 - (6) RCA-BK-49B Ballast
- Pilot Lamp Mazda No. 47, 6.3 volts, 0.15 amp.

POWER SUPPLY RATINGS

A-C Rating 105-125 volts, 50-60 cycle, 50 watts
D-C Rating 105-125 volts, direct current, 50 watts

INTERMEDIATE FREQUENCY 455 kc

POWER OUTPUT (125 volts, 60 cycle supply)

Undistorted 1.5 watts—Maximum 2.0 watts

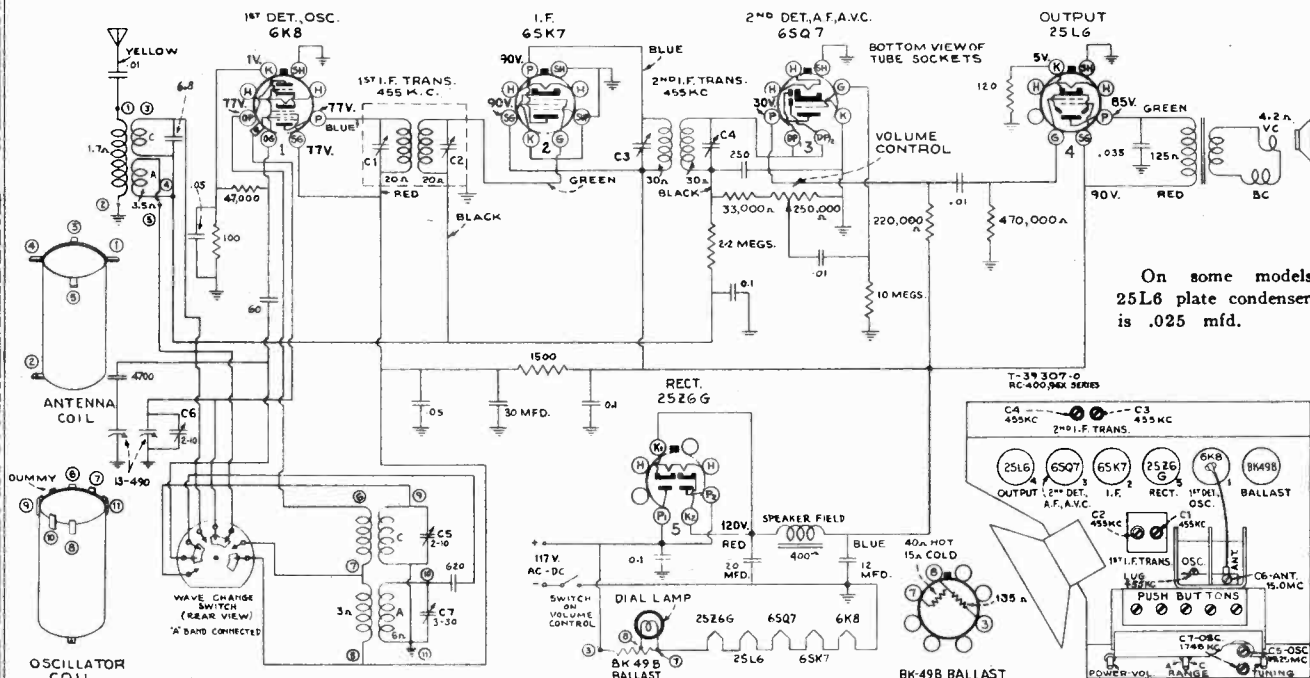
LOUDSPEAKER Type 84202-3 5-inch Electrodynamic

Cabinet Dimensions H. 7 1/4 inches W. 11 1/2 inches D. 7 3/4 inches

Weights (net) 96X1, 2, 3, 4—8 1/2 lbs. .. 96X11, 12, 13, 14—9 1/2 lbs.

Tuning Drive Ratio 8 to 1

25 Cycle Operation.—For 25 cycle operation change filter condensers to 40-40 mfd.



On some models 25L6 plate condenser is .025 mfd.

— 1939 No. 3 —

Alignment Procedure

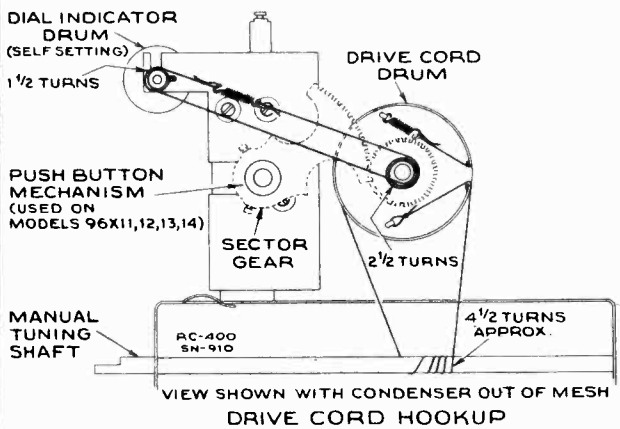
Output Meter Alignment.—Connect the meter across the voice coil, and turn the receiver volume control to maximum.

Test-Oscillator.—Connect the low side of the test-oscillator to the receiver chassis, through a .01 mfd. capacitor, and keep the output as low as possible.

Dial Setting.—To set dial indicator drum, turn tuning condensers fully clockwise and then counter-clockwise.

Push-button Adjustments.—Remove bakelite button and loosen screw two turns with a screwdriver or coin. Tune in the desired station by means of the right-hand control knob. Press push lever down as far as it will go and tighten screw. Release lever and put on push-button.

Steps	Connect the high side of test-oscillator to—	Tune test-osc. to—	Turn radio dial to—	Adjust the following for max. peak output—
1	Tuning condenser stator (osc.) in series with .01 mfd.†	455 kc	Quiet point between 550-750 kc	C1, C2, C3, C4 (1st and 2nd I-F transformer)
2	Antenna lead (yellow) in series with 400 ohms	19.25 mc	Full clockwise (out of mesh) "C" band	C5* (osc.)
3	Same as step 2	15.0 mc	15.0 mc Test oscillator signal	C6** (ant.) See Note No. 1
4	Antenna lead in series with 200 mmf condenser	1,745 kc	Full clockwise (out of mesh) "A" band	C7 (osc.)



* Use minimum capacity peak if two peaks can be obtained.
** Rock gang slightly and check to determine that C5 has been adjusted to the correct peak by tuning to approximately 14.09 mc, where a weaker signal should be received.
† Make test oscillator connection to lug on tuning condenser stator (oscillator section) in series with .01 mfd. condenser.

Note No. 1.—Accurately tune receiver to the 15.0 mc test oscillator signal. This signal will appear twice (14.09 and 15.0 mc) as dial is turned. Use the higher frequency setting of the tuning condensers (gang furthest out of mesh).

Note No. 2.—Oscillator tracks 455 kc above signal on all bands.

MODEL 97K, Chassis RC-351F

RC-351F "M", RC-351F "R"

RCA MFG. CO., INC.

Specifications, Calibration Scale

MODEL 97K

CHASSIS No. RC-351F, RC-351F "M", RC-351F "R" Electrical Specifications

FREQUENCY RANGES

"Standard Broadcast" (A)..... 540-1,720 kc "Short Wave" (C)..... 5.8-18.0 mc

Six Electric Tuning Positions..... 550 to 1,500 kc

Two stations between approximately 550- 950 kc

Two stations between approximately 680-1,180 kc (RC-351F)

Two stations between approximately 690-1,225 kc (RC-351F "M," RC-351F "R")

Two stations between approximately 890-1,500 kc

Intermediate Frequency..... 455 kc

RCA TUBE COMPLEMENT

(1) RCA-6K8..... First Detector-Oscillator

(4) RCA-6F5..... Audio Voltage Amplifier

(2) RCA-6K7..... Intermediate-Frequency Amplifier

(5) RCA-6F6-G..... Audio Power Output

(3) RCA-6H6..... Second Detector and A.V.C.

(6) RCA-5Y3-G..... Full-Wave Rectifier

(7) RCA-6U5..... Tuning Indicator

Pilot Lamps (2)..... Mazda No. 47, 6.3 volts, 0.15 amp.

POWER SUPPLY RATINGS

Rating A..... 105-125 volts, 50-60 cycles, 80 watts

Rating B..... 105-125 volts, 25-60 cycles, 80 watts

Rating C..... 100-130/140-160/195-250 volts, 40-60 cycles, 80 watts

POWER OUTPUT

Undistorted..... 2.5 watts

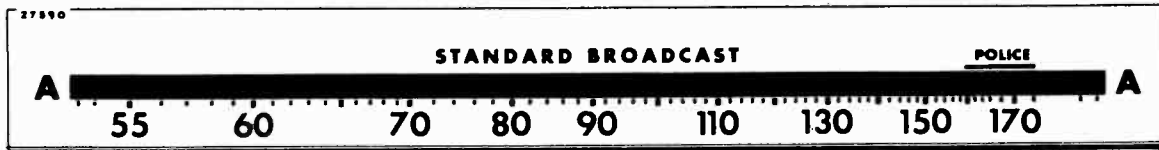
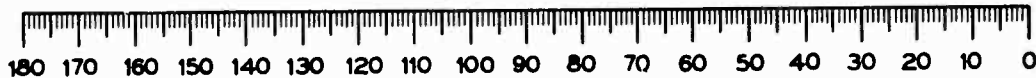
Maximum..... 4.5 watts

LOUDSPEAKER

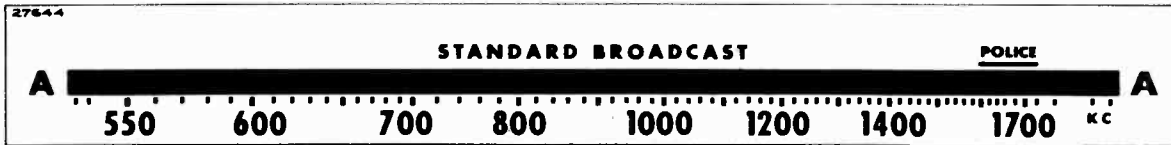
Type..... 12-inch, electrodynamic

Voice Coil Impedance at 400 cycles..... 2.2 ohms

Calibration Scale, RC-351F and RC-351F "M"



The corresponding position of the dial indicator for any setting of the calibration scale can be determined by drawing a line from this point on the lower calibration to the same point on the upper calibration scale. For example, 28° on the calibration scale corresponds to 1,500 kc on "A" band in RC-351F and RC-351F "M."



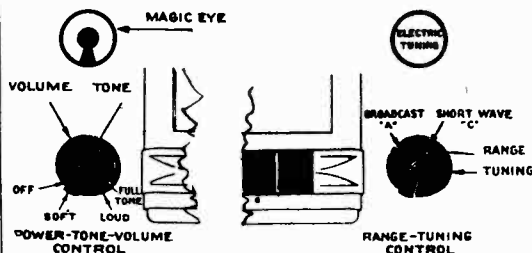
In RC-351F "R," 27.4° corresponds to 1,500 kc, and 15° corresponds to 18 mc.

General Description

This receiver employs a two-band superheterodyne circuit which is operated either manually or by electric tuning on standard broadcast, and includes foreign short-wave, air-craft, police, and amateur stations on the short-wave band.

There are three different productions of Model 97K, conveniently identified by rear chassis stamping as RC-351F, RC-351F "M," and RC-351F "R."

Features of design include magnetite-core adjusted i-f transformers and "Electric Tuning" oscillator coils; jack and switch for Victrola attachment; aural-compensated volume control; continuously variable tone-control; automatic volume control; dust-proof electrodynamic speaker; and straight-line dial.

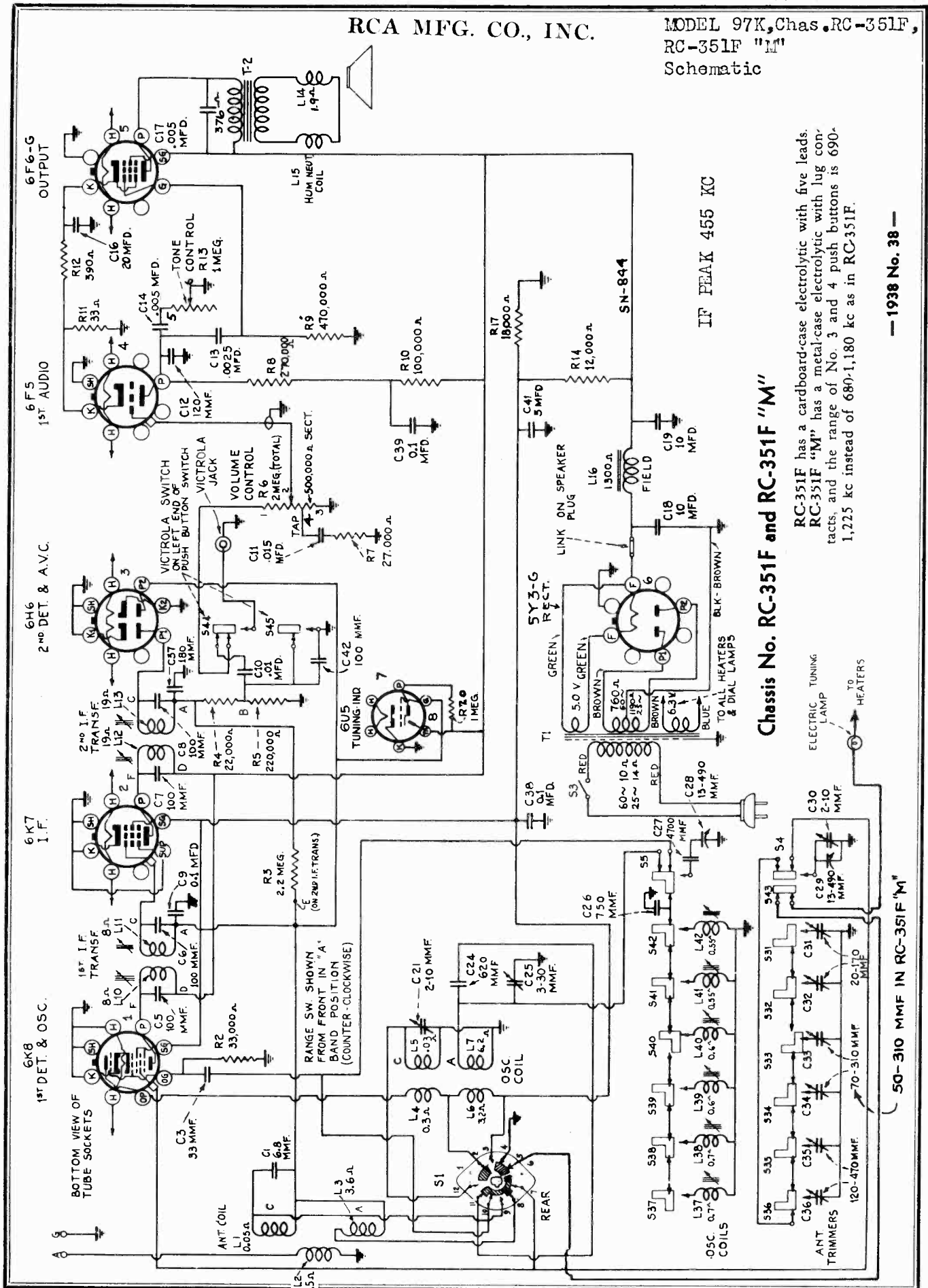


Precautionary Lead Dress.—(1) Dress 110-volt leads away from audio wiring. (2) All leads in vicinity of antenna and oscillator coils must be dressed away from the coils. (3) Electric Tuning lamp leads from push-button switch must be dressed against front apron. (4) Keep speaker leads away from Victrola jack. (5) Lead from C19 in electrolytic (RC-351F "R") must be dressed around left-end of push-button switch, and against chassis base. (6) The leads across back of chassis in RC-351F must be dressed under the electrolytic capacitor to prevent approaching the Victrola jack.

Victrola Attachment.—A jack is provided on the rear of chassis for connection to a Victrola Attachment. The cable from the attachment should be terminated in a Stock No. 31048 plug to fit the jack.

RCA MFG. CO., INC.

MODEL 97K, Chas. RC-351F,
RC-351F "M"
Schematic



IF PEAK 455 KC

Chassis No. RC-351F and RC-351F "M"

RC-351F has a cardboard-case electrolytic with five leads. RC-351F "M" has a metal-case electrolytic with lug contacts, and the range of No. 3 and 4 push buttons is 690-1,225 kc instead of 680-1,180 kc as in RC-351F.

— 1938 No. 38 —

MODEL 97K, Chas. RC-351F,
RC-351F "M"
Voltage, Chassis Wiring
Transformer, Speaker Data

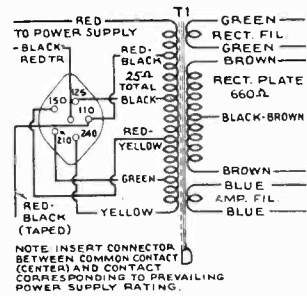
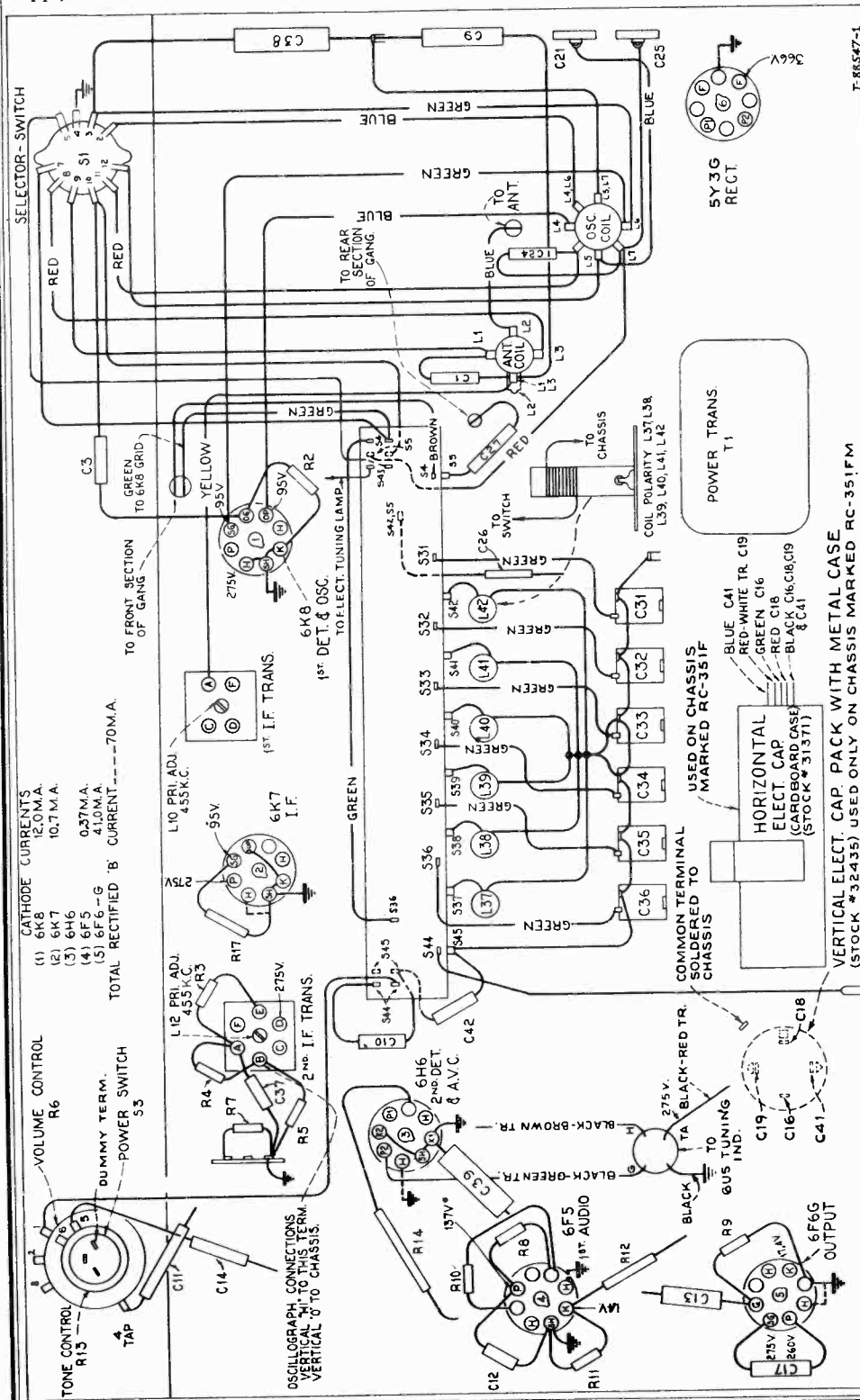
RCA MFG. CO., INC.

Chassis No. RC-351F and RC-351F "M"

R-F Wiring Diagram and Socket Voltages

Measurements made to chassis unless otherwise indicated, with set tuned to quiet point and volume control at minimum. Values should hold within ±20% with 117-volt a-c supply.

NOTE: Values with star () are operating voltages in circuits with high series resistance. The actual measured voltage will be lower, depending on the voltmeter loading.



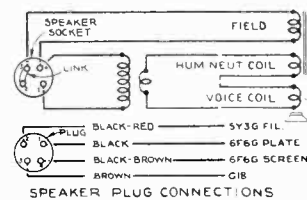
Above.—Universal Power Transformer Connections. 110-volt supply for a Victrola Attachment may be obtained by connecting the motor to the red and the red-black leads.

Mechanical Specifications

Height (inches).....	41
Width (inches).....	27 3/8
Depth (inches).....	14 1/2
Net Weight (pounds).....	54 1/2
Shipping Weight (pounds).....	69
Chassis Base Dimensions.....	13 inches x 6 1/2 inches x 2 1/2 inches
Overall Chassis Height.....	6 inches
Tuning Drive Ratio.....	12:1

BOTTOM VIEW- REAR OF CHASSIS

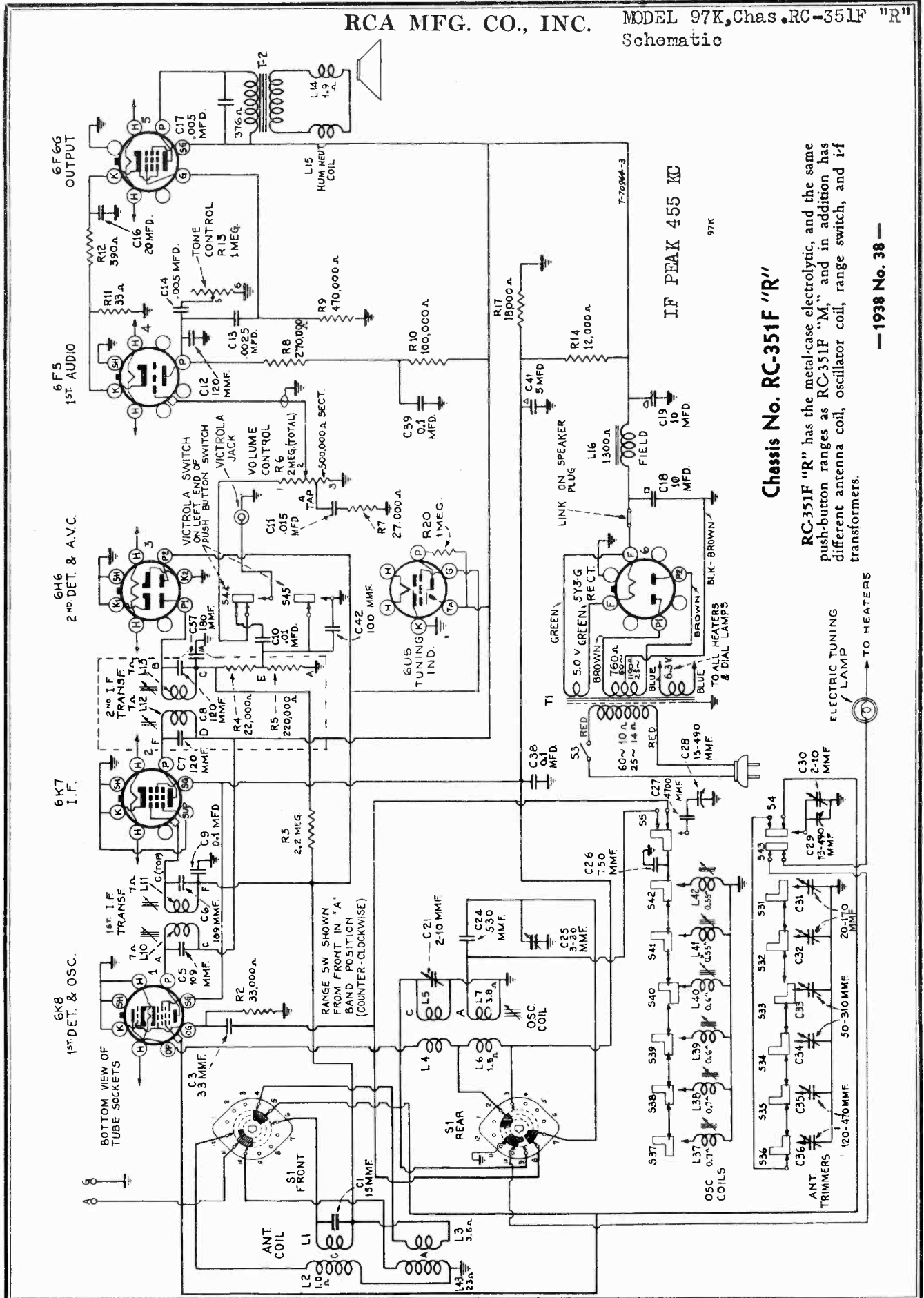
VICTROLA JACK



Above.—Connections and Colors of Loudspeaker and Cable.

RCA MFG. CO., INC.

MODEL 97K, Chas. RC-351F "R"
Schematic



Chassis No. RC-351F "R"

RC-351F "R" has the metal-case electrolytic, and the same push-button ranges as RC-351F "M," and in addition has different antenna coil, oscillator coil, range switch, and if transformers.

IF PEAK 455 KC

—1938 No. 38—

MODEL 97K, Chas. RC-351F "R"
Voltage, Chassis Wiring
Transformer, Speaker Data

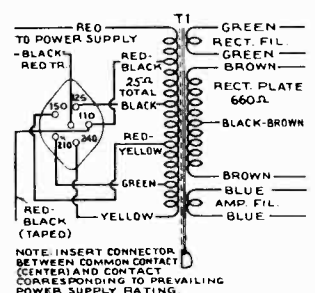
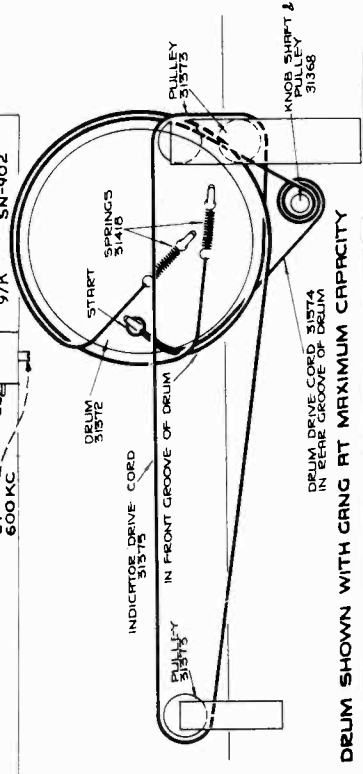
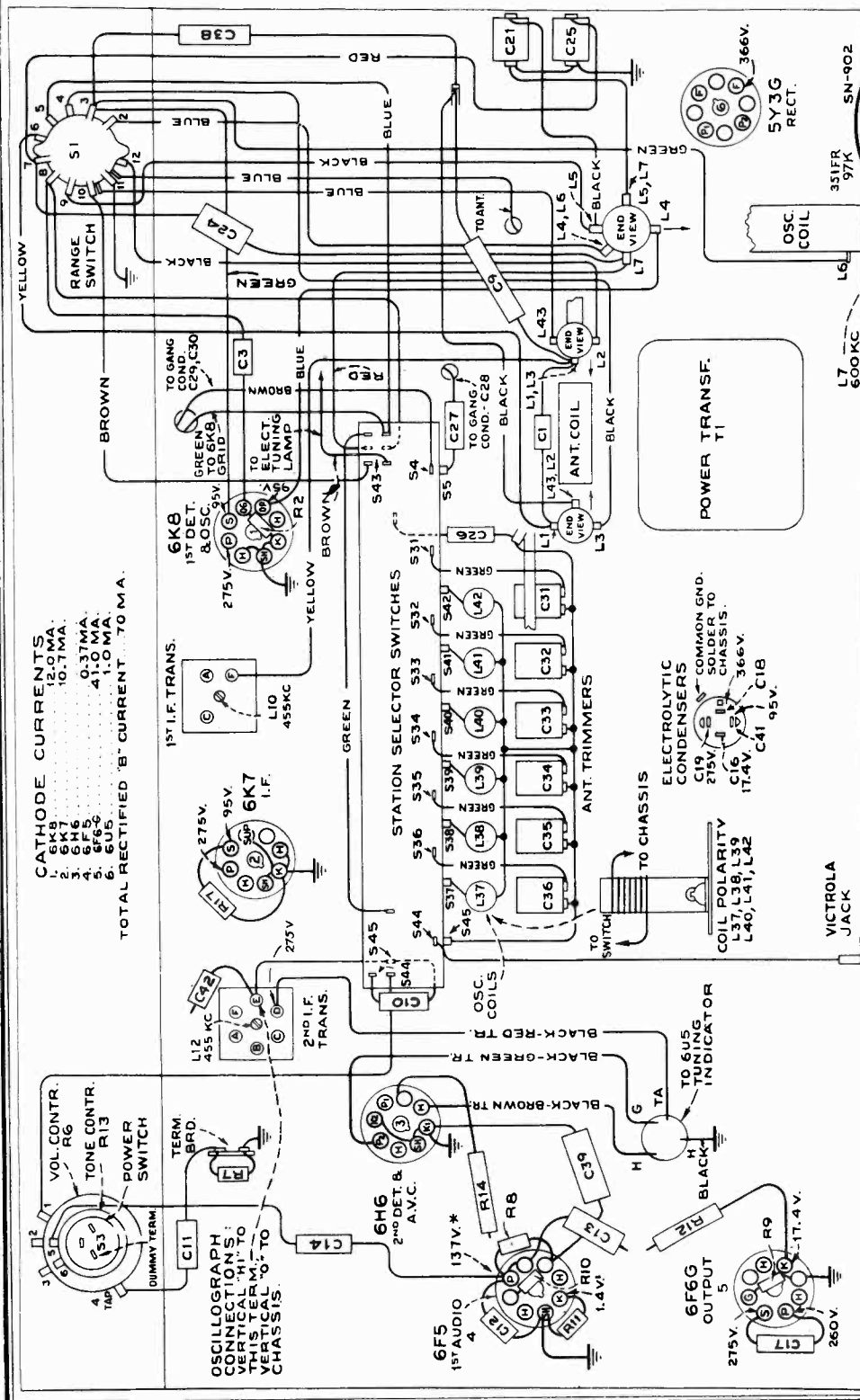
RCA MFG. CO., INC.

Chassis No. RC-351F "R"

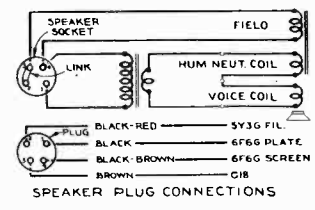
R-F Wiring Diagram and Socket Voltages

NOTE: Values with star () are operating voltages in circuits with high series resistance. The actual measured voltage will be lower, depending on the voltmeter loading.

Measurements made to chassis unless otherwise indicated, with set tuned to quiet point and volume control at minimum. Values should hold within $\pm 20\%$ with 117-volt a-c supply.



Above.—Universal Power Transformer Connections. 110-volt supply for a Victrola Attachment may be obtained by connecting the motor to the red and the red-black leads.



Above.—Connections and Colors of Loudspeaker and Cable.

RCA MFG. CO., INC.

MODEL 97K, Chassis RC-351F,
RC-351F "M", RC-351F "R"
Alignment, Socket, Trimmers
Tuner Adjustments

ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

Cathode-Ray Alignment is the preferable method. Connections for the oscillograph are shown in the chassis drawing.

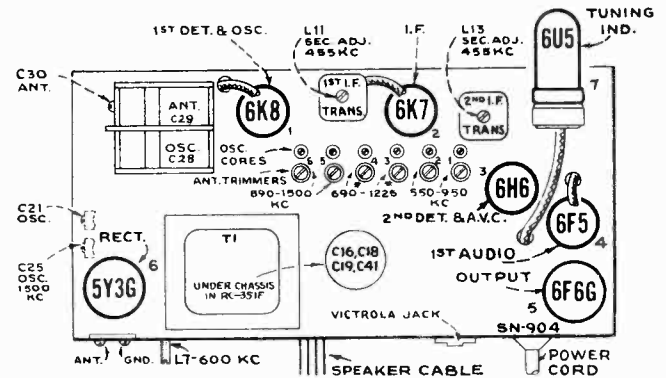
Output Meter Alignment.—If this method is used, connect the meter across the voice coil, and turn the receiver volume control to maximum.

Test-Oscillator.—For all alignment operations, connect the low side of the test-oscillator to the receiver chassis, and keep the output as low as possible to avoid a-v-c action.

Calibration Scale on Indicator-Drive-Cord Drum.—The tuning dial is fastened in the cabinet and cannot be used for reference during alignment; therefore, a calibration scale is attached to the rear of the drum which is mounted on the front shaft of the gang condenser. The setting of the gang condenser is read on this scale, which is calibrated in degrees. The correct setting of the gang in degrees, for each alignment frequency, is given in the alignment table.

As the first step in r-f alignment, check the position of the drum. The 180° mark on the drum scale must be vertical, and directly over the center of the gang-condenser shaft when the plates are fully meshed. The distance from the front of the chassis to the drum must not exceed 3/8-inch. The drum is held to the shaft by means of two set screws, which must be tightened securely when the drum is in the correct position.

Pointer for Calibration Scale.—Improvise a pointer for the calibration scale by fastening a piece of wire to the gang-condenser frame, and bend the wire so that it points to the "180°" mark on the calibration scale when the plates are fully meshed.



* In RC-351F, push buttons 3 and 4 cover 680-1,180 kc.

Dial-Indicator Adjustment.—After fastening the chassis in the cabinet, attach the dial indicator to the drive cable with indicator at the 530 kc mark, and gang condenser fully meshed. The indicator has a spring clip for attachment to the cable.

For additional details, refer to booklet "RCA Victor Receiver Alignment."

RC-351F and RC-351F "M"

Steps	Connect the high side of test-osc. to—	Tune test-osc. to—	Turn radio dial to—	Adjust the following for max. peak output
1	6K7 I-F grid cap, in series with .01 mfd.	455 kc	"A" band, Quiet Point	L12 and L13 (2nd I-F Trans.)
2	6K8 det. grid cap, in series with .01 mfd.	455 kc	Point between 550-750 kc	L10 and L11 (1st I-F Trans.)
3	Antenna Terminal, in series with 400 ohms	15.2 mc	15.2 mc (33.5°) "C" band	C21* (osc.) C30** (ant.)
4	Antenna Terminal, in series with 200 mmf.	1,500 kc	1,500 kc (28°) "A" band	C25 (osc.)
5	Follow "Adjustments for Electric Tuning."			

* Use minimum capacity peak if two peaks can be obtained.

** Rock gang slightly while adjusting C30. Check to determine that C21 has been adjusted to the correct peak by tuning to approximately 40.5° (14.29 mc), where a weaker signal should be received.

Note.—Oscillator tracks 455 kc above signal on both bands.

RC-351F "R"

Steps	Connect the high side of test-osc. to—	Tune test-osc. to—	Turn radio dial to—	Adjust the following for max. peak output
1	6K7 I-F grid cap, in series with .01 mfd.	455 kc	"A" band, Quiet Point	L12 and L13 (2nd I-F Trans.)
2	6K8 det. grid cap, in series with .01 mfd.	455 kc	Point between 550-750 kc	L10 and L11 (1st I-F Trans.)
3	Antenna Terminal in series with 200 mmf.	1,500 kc	1,500 kc (27.4°) "A" band	C25 (osc.) C30 (ant.)
4	Antenna Terminal, in series with 200 mmf.	600 kc	600 kc (148°) "A" band	L7 (osc.)
5	Repeat steps 3 and 4.			
6	Antenna Terminal, in series with 400 ohms	18 mc	18 mc (15°) "C" band	C21 (osc.)*
7	Follow "Adjustments for Electric Tuning."			

* Rock gang slightly while peaking C21, and use minimum capacity peak if two peaks can be obtained on C21.

Note.—Oscillator tracks 455 kc above signal on both bands.

ADJUSTMENTS FOR ELECTRIC TUNING

These models have eight push buttons. The left-hand button is a Victrola switch. The right-hand button connects the gang condenser for manual tuning. The other six buttons are for electric tuning of six different stations in the standard broadcast range. The station buttons connect to separate magnetite-core oscillator coils and separate antenna trimmers which must be adjusted for the desired stations. Use an insulated screwdriver or alignment tool such as RCA Stock No. 31031. Allow at least five minutes warm-up period before making adjustments.

The procedure is as follows:

1. Make a list of the desired six stations, arranged in order from low to high frequencies.
2. Use one or two feet of wire as an antenna to ensure sharp peaking.

3. Push in the dial-tuning button, and manually tune in the first station on the list.
4. Push in station button No. 1 (second from left) and adjust No. 1 oscillator core (L37) to receive this station. Screw the core all the way in, to lowest frequency, and then unscrew slowly until station is received.
5. Adjust No. 1 antenna trimmer (C36) for maximum output on this station.

Clockwise adjustment of cores and trimmers tunes the circuits to lower frequencies.

6. Adjust for each of the remaining five stations in the same manner.
7. Make a final readjustment of the magnetite-cores.

MODEL 97K, Chassis RC-351F,
RC-351F "M", RC-351F "R"

RCA MFG. CO., INC.

Parts List

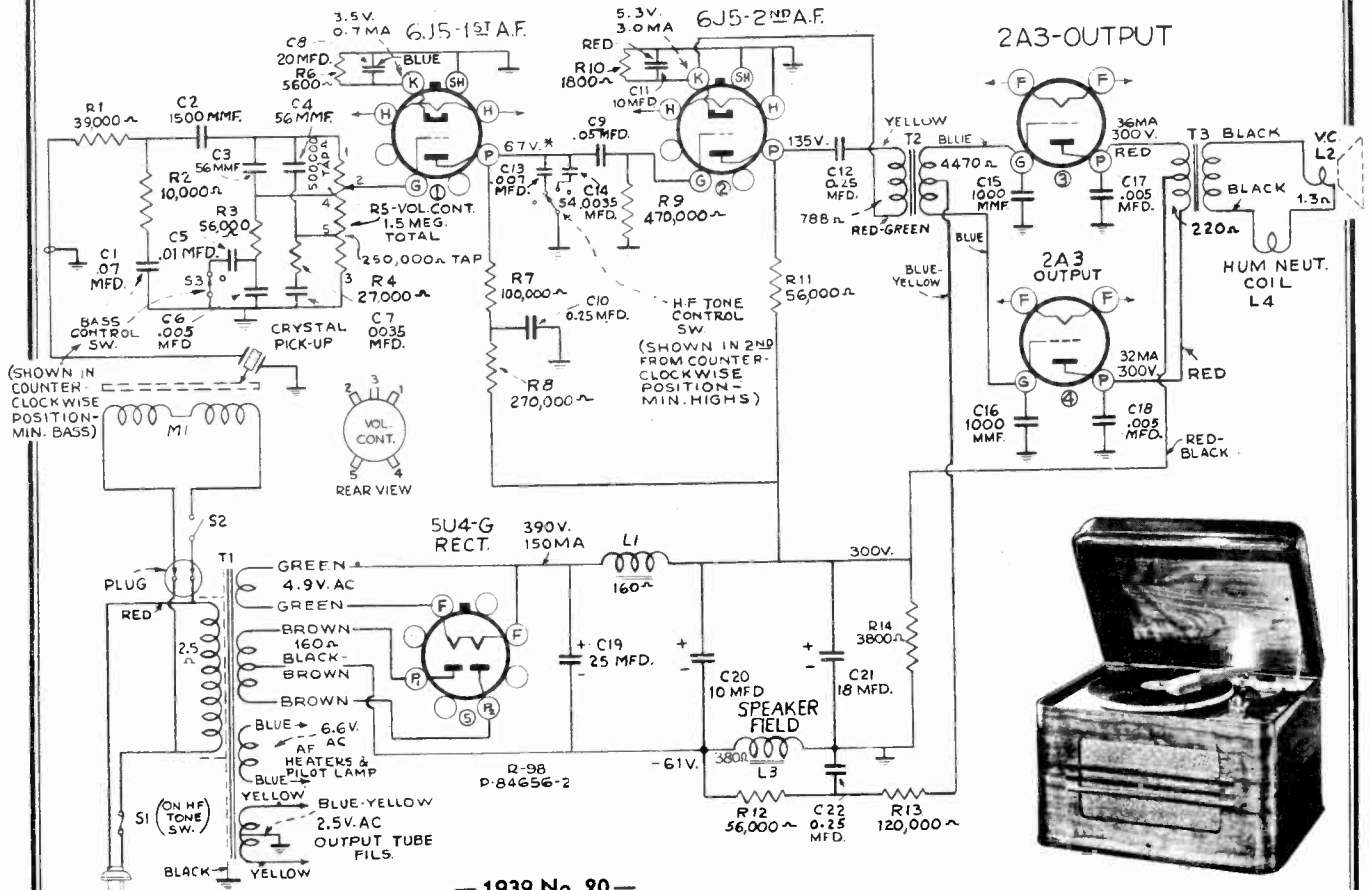
Insist on genuine factory-tested parts, which are readily identified and may be purchased from authorized dealers.

STOCK No.	DESCRIPTION	Unit List Price	STOCK No.	DESCRIPTION	Unit List Price
CHASSIS ASSEMBLIES (RC-351F, RC-351F "M," and RC-351F "R")					
30752	Bracket—Magic Eye mounting bracket	.25	12454	Resistor—33,000 ohms, 1/2 watt (R2)	.20
14517	Board—Antenna—ground terminal board	.25	14560	Resistor—100,000 ohms, 1/2 watt (R10)	.20
12110	Cap—Tube shield cap	.14	11398	Resistor—220,000 ohms, 1/10 watt (R5) used in RC-351F "R"	.15
31379	Capacitor—Dual trimmer 2-10 mmfd. and 3-30 mmfd. (C21, C25)	.40	12199	Resistor—220,000 ohms, 1/2 watt (R5) used in RC-351F and RC-351F "M"	.20
14079	Capacitor—6.8 mmfd. (C1) use in RC-351F and RC-351F "M" only	.35	12285	Resistor—270,000 ohms, 1/2 watt (R8)	.20
12896	Capacitor—15 mmfd. (C1) used in RC-351F "R" only	.35	12285	Resistor—470,000 ohms, 1/2 watt (R9)	.20
31387	Capacitor—Antenna coil trimmer capacitor bank, (C31, C32, C33, C34, C35, and C36) used in RC-351F only	1.30	12013	Resistor—1 meg., 1/10 watt (R20)	.15
32486	Capacitor—Antenna coil trimmer capacitor bank, (C31, C32, C33, C34, C35, and C36) used in RC-351F "M" and RC-351F "R" only	1.40	12679	Resistor—2.2 meg., 1/2 watt (R3)	.20
12948	Capacitor—33 mmfd. (C3)	.35	14343	Retainer—Retaining spring for station selector knob shaft	.03
12720	Capacitor—100 mmfd. (C42)	.35	14887	Retainer—Drive cord pulley retainer	.01
30904	Capacitor—100 mmfd. (C5, C6, C7, C8) used in RC-351F and RC-351F "M" only	.25	4689	Screw—No. 8-32 square head set screw for drum Stock No. 31372	.03
14262	Capacitor—109 mmfd. (C5 and C6) used in RC-351F "R" only	.30	31368	Shaft—Station selector knob shaft and pulley	.30
12404	Capacitor—120 mmfd. (C7 and C8) used in RC-351F "R" only	.30	31418	Spring—Indicator, or drum drive cord tension spring	.05
12724	Capacitor—120 mmfd. (C12)	.35	31364	Socket—Dial lamp socket	.20
13003	Capacitor—180 mmfd. (C37) mounted under chassis in RC-351F and RC-351F "M" only	.35	31365	Socket—Electric tuning indicator lamp socket (insulated)	.30
14712	Capacitor—180 mmfd. (C37) mounted in 2nd I-F transformer in RC-351F "R" only	.30	13871	Socket—Magic Eye socket	.45
32492	Capacitor—530 mmfd. (C24) in RC-351F "R" only	.40	14278	Socket—Pickup socket	.25
31381	Capacitor—620 mmfd. (C24) in RC-351F and RC-351F "M" only	.45	31251	Socket—Tube socket	.25
31435	Capacitor—750 mmfd. (C26)	.40	31367	Switch—Range switch (S1) used in RC-351F and RC-351F "M" only	1.05
31399	Capacitor—4,700 mmfd. (C27)	.65	32490	Switch—Range switch (S1) used in RC-351F "R" only	1.10
5107	Capacitor—.0025 mfd. (C13)	.20	32498	Switch—Station selector push-button switch (S4, S5, S31, S32, S33, S34, S35, S36, S37, S38, S39, S40, S41, S42, S43, S44, S45)	3.85
4838	Capacitor—.005 mfd. (C14, C17)	.25	30902	Transformer—1st I-F transformer (L10, L11, C5, C6) used in RC-351F and RC-351F "M" only	1.90
14393	Capacitor—.01 mfd. (C10)	.30	14376	Transformer—1st I-F transformer (L10, L11, C5, C6) used in RC-351F "R" only	2.45
11315	Capacitor—.015 mfd. (C11)	.20	30903	Transformer—2nd I-F transformer (L12, L13, C7, C8) used in RC-351F and RC-351F "M" only	1.80
4839	Capacitor—.01 mfd. (C9, C38, C39)	.30	14283	Transformer—2nd I-F transformer (L12, L13, C7, C8, C37, R4, R5) used in RC-351F "R" only	3.80
31371	Capacitor—Comprising two 10 mfd., one 20 mfd., and one 5 mfd. sections (C16, C18, C19, C41) (cardboard case type, mounted horizontally and used in RC-351F only)	2.25	31445	Transformer—Power transformer 100-120 volts, 25-60 cycle (T1)	7.80
32485	Capacitor—Comprising two 10 mfd., one 20 mfd., and one 5 mfd. sections (C16, C18, C19, C41) (metal case type, mounted vertically and used in RC-351F "R" and RC-351F "M" only)	1.75	31380	Transformer—Power transformer 100-120 volts, 50-60 cycle (T1)	6.35
31382	Clip—Oscillator coil and core mounting clip	.04	31446	Transformer—Power transformer 100-130/140-160/195-250 volts, 50-60 cycle (T1)	8.05
31378	Coil—Antenna coil, "A" and "C" bands (L1, L2, L3) mounted vertically and used in RC-351F and RC-351F "M" only	1.10	SPEAKER ASSEMBLIES (RL-70-F3)		
32488	Coil—Antenna coil, "A" and "C" bands (L1, L2, L3, L43) mounted horizontally and used in RC-351F "R" only	1.40	13866	Cap—Dust cap for cone center	.03
31377	Coil—Oscillator coil, "A" and "C" bands (L4, L5, L6, L7) mounted vertically (no magnetite core) and used in RC-351F and RC-351F "M" only	1.70	12012	Coil—Field coil (L12)	2.90
32489	Coil—Oscillator coil, "A" and "C" bands (L4, L5, L6, L7) mounted horizontally (with magnetite core) and used in RC-351F "R" only	.90	11469	Coil—Hum neutralizing coil (L14)	.30
31383	Coil—Push-button oscillator coil (L41, L42)	.30	31275	Cone—Speaker cone and voice coil (L13)	1.75
31384	Coil—Push-button oscillator coil (L39, L40) used in RC-351F only	.30	31302	Plug—4-contact male plug	.25
32487	Coil—Push-button oscillator coil (L39, L40) used in RC-351F "M" and "R"	.35	31300	Speaker—Speaker complete	10.95
31385	Coil—Push-button oscillator coil (L37, L38)	.30	14358	Screw—Screw, washer, and lockwasher to hold core in yoke	.04
31369	Condenser—2-gang variable tuning condenser (C28, C29, C30)	2.65	31301	Transformer—Output transformer (T2)	1.70
31366	Control—Volume control, tone control, and on-off switch (R6, R13, S3)	3.00	14357	Washer—Spring washer to hold field coil	.06
31375	Cord—Indicator pointer drive cord	.30	MISCELLANEOUS ASSEMBLIES		
31374	Cord—Variable condenser drum drive cord	.15	12038	Band—Rubber band for "Magic Eye"	.02
30905	Core—Adjustable core and stud for i-f transformer	.35	31397	Button—Station selector push button	.15
31386	Core—Adjustable core and stud for oscillator coils Stock Nos. 31383, 31384, 31385, 32487	.15	31456	Cover—8 protective covers for push button markers	.08
12800	Core—Adjustable core and stud for oscillator coil Stock No. 32489	.35	31396	Dial—Dial scale (glass) used in RC-351F and RC-351F "M" only	.95
31372	Drum—Variable condenser drive cord drum and calibrator dial	.65	32356	Dial—Dial scale (glass) used in RC-351F "R" only	.70
31480	Lamp—Dial lamp	.20	31395	Escutcheon—Station selector escutcheon—less dial scale and push buttons	1.15
5040	Plug—4-contact female plug for speaker cable	.30	31407	Escutcheon—"Magic Eye" or "Electric Tuning" indicator escutcheon	.25
31373	Pulley—Drive cord pulley	.08	31392	Indicator—Station selector indicator pointer	.30
14671	Resistor—33 ohms, 1/2 watt (R11)	.20	31355	Knob—Range switch knob	.12
31388	Resistor—390 ohms, 1 watt (R12)	.22	14359	Knob—Station selector knob	.20
31389	Resistor—12,000 ohms, wire-wound, 5 watts (R14)	.50	31391	Knob—Tone control knob	.15
30151	Resistor—18,000 ohms, 1 watt (R17)	.22	30778	Knob—Volume control knob	.15
14284	Resistor—22,000 ohms, 1/10 watt (R4)	.15	31589	Marker—Station call letter markers for push buttons	.35
12738	Resistor—27,000 ohms, 1/2 watt (R7)	.20	31458	Marker—"Dial Tuning" marker for push button	.01
			31457	Marker—"Victrola" marker for push button	.01
			31393	Screen—Station selector dial color screen and light diffuser	.40
			4982	Spring—Retaining spring for knob Stock No. 14359	.05
			14270	Spring—Retaining spring for knob Stock Nos. 31355 and 30773	.05
			30330	Spring—Retaining spring for knob Stock No. 31391	.03
			31394	Stop—Indicator pointer slide stop	.08

ALL PRICES ARE SUBJECT TO CHANGE OR WITHDRAWAL WITHOUT NOTICE.

RCA MFG. CO., INC.

MODEL R-98, Chassis RS-77
Schematic, Voltage, Socket
Speaker Connections



- 1939 No. 20 -

* NOTE: Values with star are operating voltages in circuits with high series-resistance, and when measured will read lower depending on the voltmeter loading.

Measurements made to chassis unless otherwise indicated, volume control at minimum. Values should hold within approximately ± 20% with 117-volt a-c supply.

RCA TUBE COMPLEMENT

- (1) RCA-6J5 1st Audio Amplifier
- (2) RCA-6J5 2nd Audio Amplifier
- (3) RCA-2A3 Power Output
- (4) RCA-2A3 Power Output
- (5) RCA-5U4-G Rectifier

POWER SUPPLY RATING

- A 105-125 volts, 50-60 cycles, 175 watts
- A-6 105-125 volts, 60 cycles, 175 watts

POWER OUTPUT

- Undistorted 12 watts
- Maximum 13.5 watts

- Cabinet Dimension Height 14 1/2 inches
- Chassis Base Dimensions Height 2 1/2 inches
- Weight (Shipping) 54 pounds

LOUDSPEAKER

- Type Eight-Inch Electrodynamic
- Voice Coil Impedance 1.3 ohms at 400 cycles

MOTOR BOARD

- Motor Self-starting Induction
- Turntable Speed 78 r.p.m. (adjustable)

PICKUP

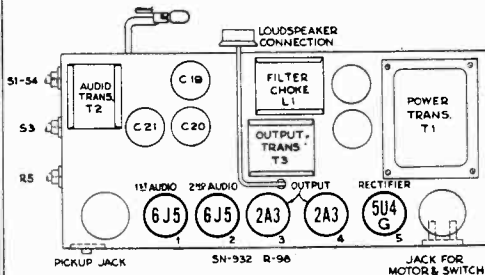
- Type Crystal
- Impedance 100,000 ohms at 1,000 cycles

- Width 19 1/2 inches
- Depth 14 inches
- Weight (Net) 47 1/2 pounds

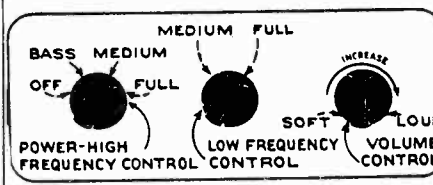
General Description and Service Data

The model R-98 Victrola consists of a crystal pickup, a five tube audio amplifier, a eight inch dust-proof electrodynamic speaker, and a motor turntable mechanism all combined in a hinged-top, table type walnut veneer cabinet. This instrument will reproduce records up to 12-inches in size.

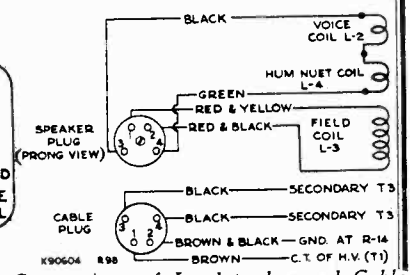
The crystal pickup unit is securely sealed in a metal casing, for protection against extreme changes in atmospheric conditions. If failure occurs, a new replacement crystal unit should be installed.



Top View, Showing Location of Parts



Location of Controls



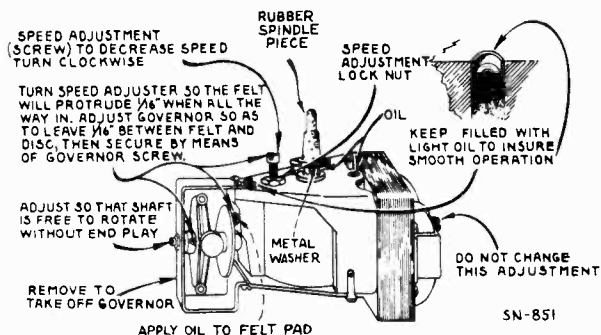
Connections of Loudspeaker and Cable

MODEL R-98, Chassis RS-77
Motor Data, Switch Assembly
Parts List

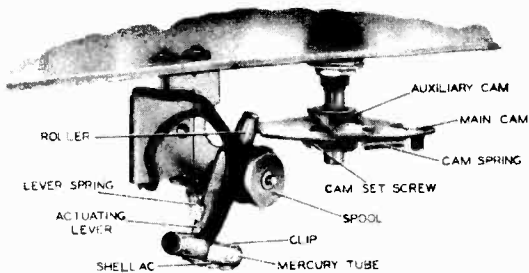
RCA MFG. CO., INC.

RCA Victor MODEL R-98 (Chassis No. RS-77)

Five-Tube, A-C, Electric Victrola (Phono. only)



Motor Lubrication and Adjustments



Mercury Switch Assembly
(Shown with pickup in rest position)

Adjust main cam so that switch trips into the "off" position when needle is 1 1/4 inches from the center line of motor spindle.

Replacement Parts

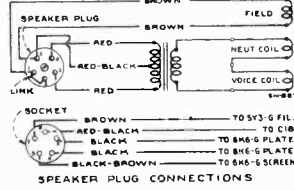
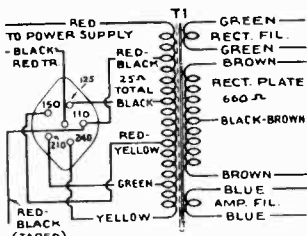
Insist on genuine factory-tested parts, which are readily identified and may be purchased from authorized dealers.

STOCK No.	DESCRIPTION	Unit List Price	STOCK No.	DESCRIPTION	Unit List Price
AMPLIFIER ASSEMBLIES					
12723	Capacitor—56 mmfd. (C3, C4)	.35	31618	Coil—Field coils and laminations for 60 cycle motor	5.50
12635	Capacitor—1,000 mmfd. (C15, C16)	.50	11703	Governor—Governor complete for 50-60 cycle motor	3.05
31033	Capacitor—1,500 mmfd. (C2)	.35	31623	Governor—Governor complete for 60 cycle motor	2.80
30303	Capacitor—.0035 mfd. (C7, C14)	.40	31462	Motor—105-125 volts, 50-60 cycle	20.20
4838	Capacitor—.005 mfd. (C8, C17, C18)	.25	31461	Motor—105-125 volts, 60 cycle	17.35
5148	Capacitor—.007 mfd. (C13)	.20	31616	Screw—Rotor bearing screw and nut for 60 and 50-60 cycle motor	.25
4937	Capacitor—.01 mfd. (C5)	.25	31620	Screw—Speed regulator screw and nut for 60 and 50-60 cycle motor	.20
32787	Capacitor—.05 mfd. (C9)	.20	31621	Shaft—Turntable spindle and gear for 60 and 50-60 cycle motor	1.90
14628	Capacitor—.07 mfd. (C1)	.25	31622	Washer—one felt and one metal thrust washer for turntable spindle	.10
12484	Capacitor—0.25 mfd. (C10, C12, C22)	.30	32914	Weight—Governor weight and spring for 50-60 cycle motor	.30
11203	Capacitor—Electrolytic, 10 mfd (C20)	1.15	32912	Weight—Governor weight and spring for 60 cycle motor	.25
14273	Capacitor—Electrolytic, one 10 mfd., and one 20 mfd. sections (C8, C11)	1.10	AUTOMATIC SWITCH ASSEMBLIES		
11496	Capacitor—Electrolytic, 18 mfd. (C21)	1.35	32863	Cam—Cam assembly comprising main and auxiliary cams, hub, and set screws	.65
14531	Capacitor—Electrolytic, 25 mfd. (C19)	1.55	32864	Lever—Actuating lever with roller and mercury tube clip	.45
33396	Control—H.F. tone control and switch (S1, S4)	1.00	14195	Screw—No. 10-32 x 5/16 cone pointer set screw for cam hub	.05
33397	Control—L.F. tone control (S3)	.45	32869	Screw—No. 10-32 x 5/16 set screw for cam hub	.01
5040	Plug—Speaker cable plug	.30	32868	Spring—Actuating lever tension spring	.05
12466	Reactor—Filter reactor (L1)	4.20	32867	Spring—Cam tension spring	.05
12194	Resistor—1,800 ohms, 1/2 watt (R10)	.20	32865	Support—Switch support and terminal board	.40
33482	Resistor—voltage divider, 3,800 ohms (R14)	.75	32866	Switch—Mercury tube with leads (S2)	1.75
13714	Resistor—5,600 ohms, 1/2 watt (R6)	.20	31608	Washer—"C" washer for actuating lever shaft	.01
14559	Resistor—10,000 ohms, 1/2 watt (R2)	.20	SPEAKER ASSEMBLIES (84613-1)		
12738	Resistor—27,000 ohms, 1/2 watt (R4)	.20	33648	Cone—Cone assembled with voice coil, center suspension and rim gasket	1.75
12266	Resistor—39,000 ohms, 1/2 watt (R1)	.20	5039	Plug—4-prong male connector for reproducer	.30
12286	Resistor—56,000 ohms, 1/2 watt (R12) (R3)	.20	33490	Speaker complete (No Output Transformer)	5.50
17440	Resistor—56,000 ohms, 1 watt (R11)	.22	MISCELLANEOUS ASSEMBLIES		
14560	Resistor—100,000 ohms, 1/2 watt (R7)	.20	13103	Cap—Pilot lamp bullseye	.15
13734	Resistor—120,000 ohms, 1/2 watt (R13)	.20	33403	Cup—New needle cup	.30
12199	Resistor—270,000 ohms, 1/2 watt (R8)	.20	9848	Cup—Used needle cup and pickup arm support	.75
12285	Resistor—470,000 ohms, 1/2 watt (R9)	.20	31464	Damper—Turntable damper sleeve and plate	.30
4794	Socket—Tube socket—4-prong	.25	11771	Foot—Cabinet foot	.02
32537	Socket—Tube socket—8-prong	.20	13085	Hinge—Cabinet lid hinge	.22
14275	Socket—2 contact female for motor power	.25	31355	Knob—Volume control, or tone control knob	.12
14274	Socket—2 contact female for pickup input	.25	33402	Mounting—Motor mounting screws, washers, and spacers	.40
13964	Transformer—Driver transformer (T2)	3.70	14805	Plug—Plug for motor leads	.20
33405	Transformer—Output transformer (T3)	3.85	31155	Spring—Coil spring for used needle cup lid	.04
14271	Transformer—Power transformer, 105-120 volts, 50-60 cycles	7.95	14270	Spring—Retaining spring for knobs	.05
33398	Volume Control (R5)	1.50	31164	Support—Cabinet lid support	.45
PICKUP AND ARM ASSEMBLIES			33401	Turntable	2.30
33399	Arm—Pickup arm less crystal cartridge, cable, and base and pivot arm	1.60			
33400	Base—Pickup arm base and pivot shaft	1.00			
32885	Cable—Pickup arm cable and plug	.25			
31166	Crystal—Pickup crystal cartridge and screw	4.25			
31160	Screw—Pickup needle screw	.12			
MOTOR ASSEMBLIES					
31617	Bracket—Governor end bearing bracket less bearing screw for 50 and 50-60 cycle motors	.30			
31619	Coil—Field coils and laminations for 50-60 cycle motor	7.80			

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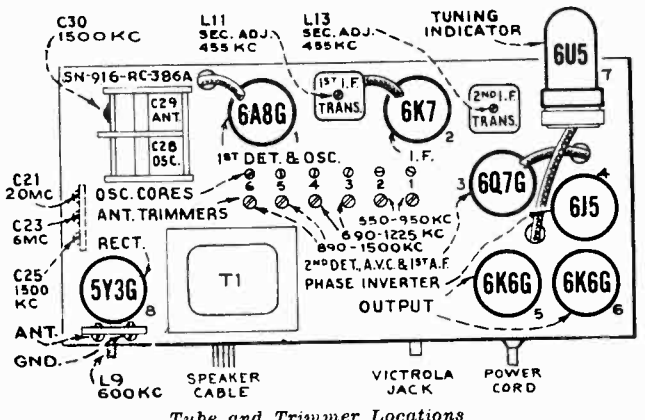
RCA MFG. CO., INC.

MODELS 98T, 98K2, Chas. RC-386A
Schematic, Socket, Trimmers
Transformer, Speaker, Data

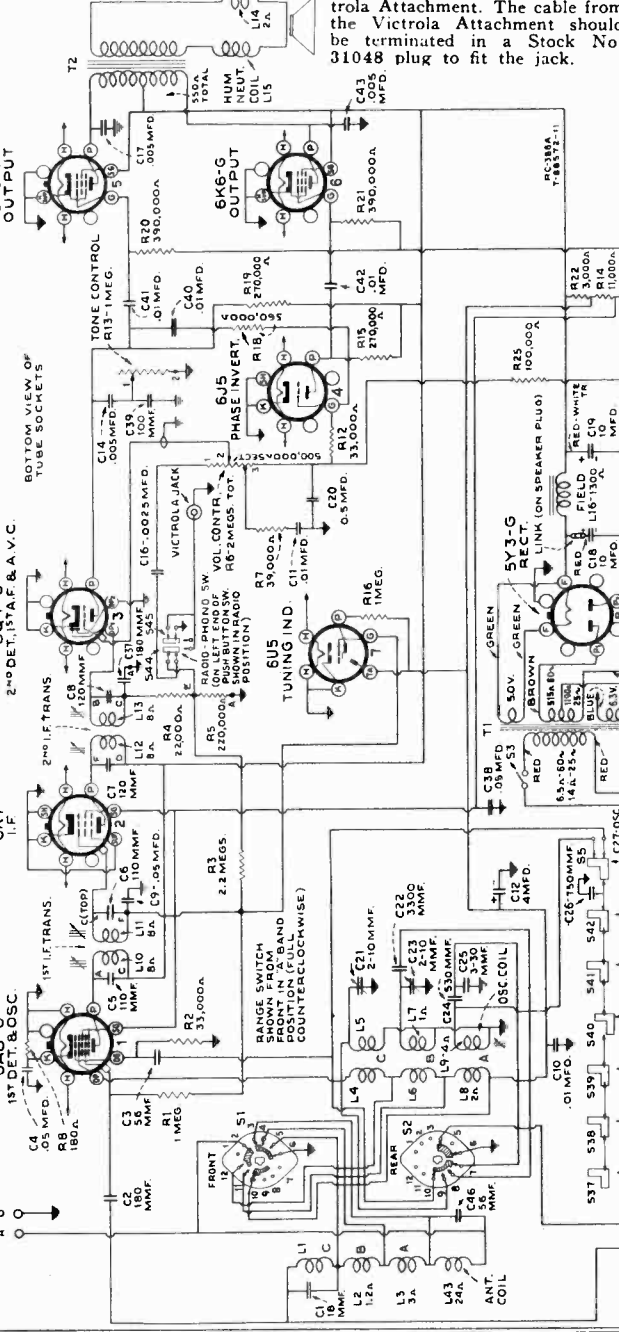


Connections and Colors of Loudspeaker and Cable
Loudspeaker.—The loudspeaker cone may be centered in the usual manner with three celluloid or paper feelers after gently cutting away the front dust cover. A new cover should be cemented in place upon completion of the adjustment.

Victrola Attachment.—A jack is provided on the rear of the chassis for connection to a Victrola Attachment. The cable from the Victrola Attachment should be terminated in a Stock No. 31048 plug to fit the jack.

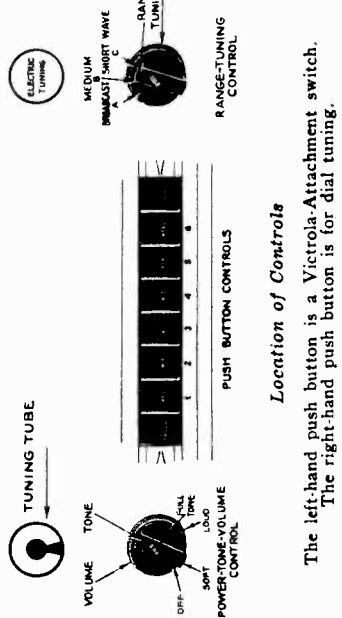


UNIVERSAL TRANS. CONNECTIONS
Above—Universal Power Transformer Connections. (110-volt supply for a Victrola Attachment may be obtained by connecting the motor to the red and the red-black leads.)



IF PEAK 455 KC
— 1939 No. 2 —
98T, 98K2

The 98T is a table model; the 98K2 a console model. Both models have a "Magic Eye" tuning tube and illuminated indicator to show when the set is being operated in the standard broadcast range. Features of design include: Magnette-core electric-tuning coils; magnette-core i-f transformers; temperature-compensated capacitor in the oscillator circuit; aural-compensated volume control; high-frequency tone control; jack and switch for Victrola attachment; straight-line dial; dust-proof electrodynamic loudspeaker.



FREQUENCY RANGES

- "Standard Broadcast" (A) 540-1,720 kc
- "Medium Wave" (B) 2.3-7 mc
- "Short Wave" (C) 7-22 mc

Six Electric Tuning Positions

- 2 stations between approximately 550-950 kc (Buttons 1 and 2)
- 2 stations between approximately 690-1,225 kc (Buttons 3 and 4)
- 2 stations between approximately 890-1,500 kc (Buttons 5 and 6)

Intermediate Frequency 455 kc

POWER SUPPLY RATINGS

- A 105-125 volts, 50-60 cycles, 115 watts
- B 105-125 volts, 25-60 cycles, 115 watts
- C 100-130/140-160/200-250 volts, 40-60 cycles, 115 watts

POWER OUTPUT

- Maximum 5.5 watts

LOUDSPEAKER

- Type Electrodynamic
- Diameter 98T, 6 inches; 98K2, 12 inches
- Voice Coil Impedance 2.2 ohms at 400 cycles

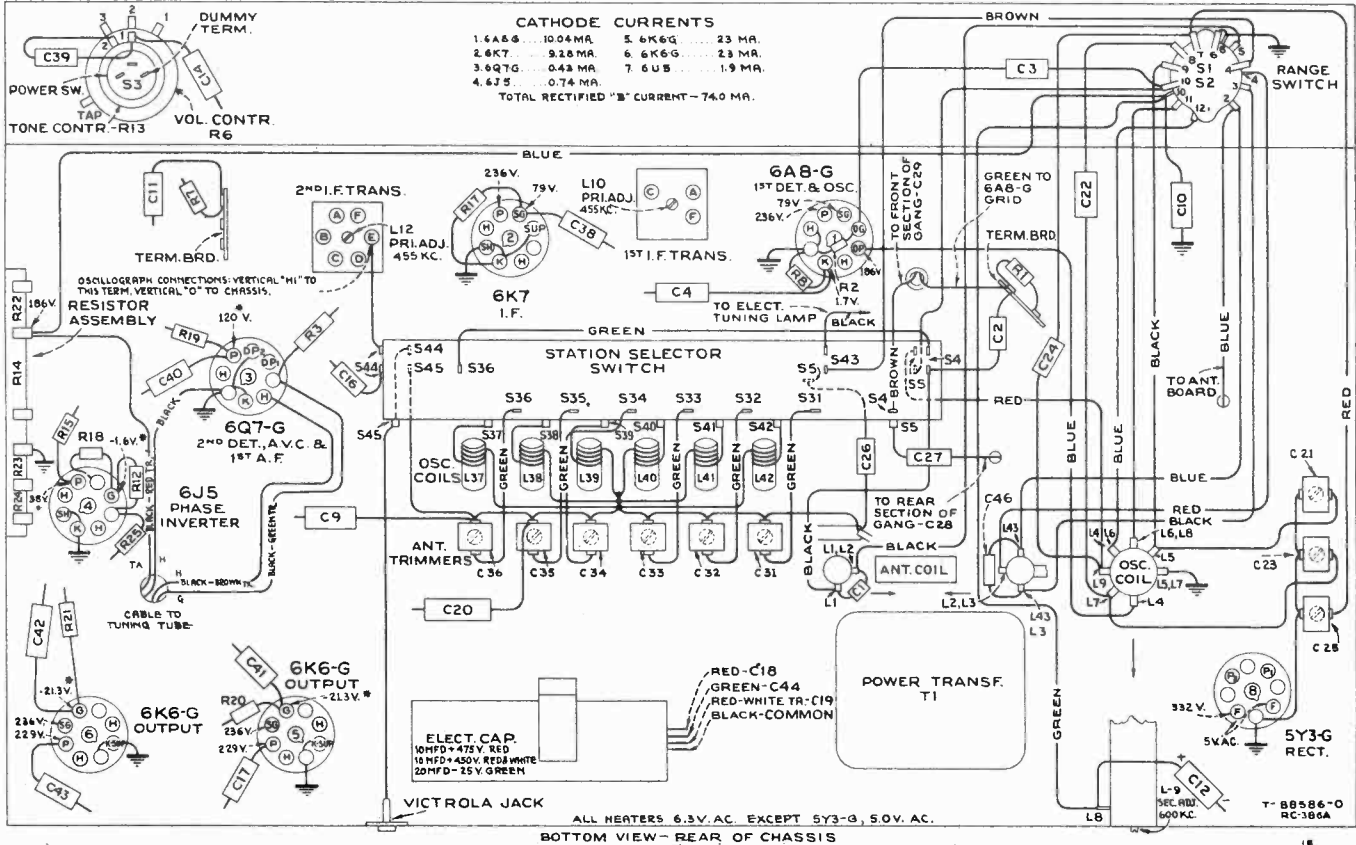
Model 98T

- Height 12½ inches
- Width 18½ inches
- Depth 15½ inches
- Net Weight 55 pounds
- Shipping Weight 73 pounds
- Chassis Base Dimensions 13 in. x 6½ in. x 2½ in.
- Over-all Chassis Height 6½ inches
- Tuning Drive Ratio 12 to 1

MODELS 98T, 98K2, Chas. RC-386A

Voltage, Chassis Wiring
Alignment, Drive Data

RCA MFG. CO., INC.



R-F Wiring Diagram and Socket Voltages

Measurements made to chassis unless otherwise indicated, with set tuned to quiet point and volume control at minimum. Values should hold within $\pm 20\%$ with 117-volt a-c supply.

NOTE: Values with star () are operating voltages in circuits with high series resistance. The actual measured voltages will be lower, depending on the voltmeter loading.

Alignment Procedure

Calibration Scale on Indicator-Drive Cord Drum.—The tuning dial is fastened in the cabinet and cannot be used for reference during alignment; therefore, a calibration scale is attached to the rear of the drum which is mounted on the front shaft of the gang condenser. The setting of the gang condenser is read on this scale, which is calibrated in degrees. The correct setting of the gang in degrees, for each alignment frequency, is given in the alignment table.

As the first step in r-f alignment, check the position of the drum. The 180° mark on the drum scale must be vertical, and directly over the center of the gang-condenser shaft when the plates are fully meshed. The distance from the front of the chassis to the drum must not exceed 3/8-inch. The drum is held to the shaft by means of two set screws, which must be tightened securely when the drum is in the correct position.

Pointer for Calibration Scale.—Improvise a pointer for the calibration scale by fastening a piece of wire to the gang-condenser frame, and bend the wire so that it points to the "180°" mark on the calibration scale when the plates are fully meshed.

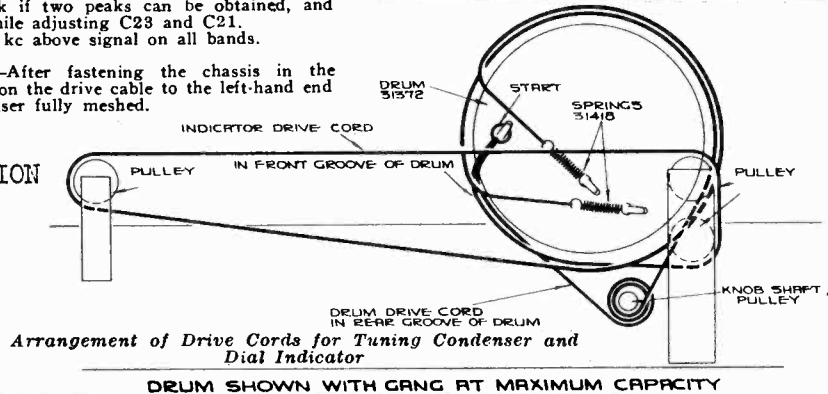
*Use minimum capacity peak if two peaks can be obtained, and rock gang condenser slightly while adjusting C23 and C21.

Note.—Oscillator tracks 455 kc above signal on all bands.

Dial-Indicator Adjustment.—After fastening the chassis in the cabinet, move the dial indicator on the drive cable to the left-hand end mark on dial, with gang condenser fully meshed.

Steps	Connect the high side of test-osc. to—	Tune test-osc. to—	Turn radiodial to—	Adjust the following for max. peak output
1	6K7 I-F grid cap, in series with .01 mfd.	455 kc	"A" band, Quiet Point	L12 and L13 (2nd I-F Transformer)
2	6A8G det. grid cap, in series with .01 mfd.	455 kc	550-750 kc	L10 and L11 (1st I-F Transformer)
3	Antenna Terminal, in series with 200 mmf.	600 kc	600 kc (150.5°)	L9
4		1,500 kc	1,500 kc (28°)	C25 (osc.) C30 (ant.)
5	Repeat steps 3 and 4.			
6	Antenna Terminal, in series with 400 ohms.	6 mc	6 mc (28.5°)	C23 (osc.)*
7		20 mc	20 mc (22°)	C21 (osc.)*
8	Follow "Adjustments for Electric Tuning."			

FOR DIAL CALIBRATION
SEE INDEX



RCA MFG. CO., INC. MODELS 98T, 98K2, Chas. RC-386A Tuner Adjustments, Parts List

Adjustments for Electric Tuning

These models have eight push buttons. The left-hand button is a Victrola switch. The right-hand button connects the gang condenser for manual tuning. The other six buttons are for electric tuning of six different stations in the standard-broadcast range. The station buttons connect to separate magnetite-core oscillator coils and separate antenna trimmers which must be adjusted for the desired stations. Use an insulated screwdriver or alignment tool such as RCA Stock No. 31021. Allow at least five minutes warm-up period before making adjustments.

The procedure is as follows:

1. Make a list of the desired six stations, arranged in order from low to high frequencies.
2. Push in the dial-tuning button, and manually tune in the first station on the list.
3. Push in station button No. 1 (second from left) and adjust No. 1 oscillator core (L37) to receive this station. Screw the core all the way in, to lowest frequency, and then unscrew slowly until station is received.
4. Adjust No. 1 antenna trimmer (C36) for maximum output on this station.

Clockwise adjustment of cores and trimmers tunes the circuits to

Insist on genuine factory-tested parts, which are readily identified and may be purchased from authorized dealers.

lower frequencies.

5. Adjust for each of the remaining five stations in the same manner.
6. Make a final careful adjustment of the oscillator cores and antenna trimmers.

Precautionary Lead Dress.—

1. Dress red leads from power transformer to power switch (S3), in corner of chassis and away from volume control terminals.
2. Dress brown lead from push-button switch to gang over end of switch, and away from C27 and bus between S5 and range switch.
3. Leads to C27 must be as short as possible.
4. Blue lead from range switch to oscillator coil must be as short as possible and dressed away from other leads. All leads should be dressed away from antenna coil.
5. Leads across back of chassis must be dressed under electrolytic away from Victrola jack.
6. Parts and leads should be dressed away from R22-R14 as it becomes heated.
7. Leads from oscillator coil to trimmers must be dressed away from coil.
8. Green lead from S4 to range switch must be clear of other leads and away from front edge of chassis.

STOCK No.	DESCRIPTION	Unit List Price	STOCK No.	DESCRIPTION	Unit List Price
CHASSIS ASSEMBLIES (RC-386-A)					
30752	Bracket—Magic eye bracket and clip	.25	14887	Retainer—Retainer for pointer indicator drive cord pulley	.01
14517	Board—"Antenna"—"Gnd" terminal board	.25	14343	Retainer—Retaining ring for tuning knob shaft	.03
30766	Cap—Rubber cap for magic eye	.15	4669	Screw—No. 8-32 set screw for variable condenser drive cord drum	.03
32142	Capacitor—Dry electrolytic capacitor comprising two 10 and one 20 mfd. sections (C18, C19, C44)	1.90	32671	Shaft—Tuning drive shaft and pulley	.35
31400	Capacitor—Mica trimmer capacitor comprising two sections of 2-10 mmfd. and one section of 3-30 mmfd. (C21, C23, C25)	.50	31199	Shield—Dial lamp shield	.04
32486	Capacitor—Trimmer capacitor bank for push button switch (C31, C32, C33, C34, C35, C36)	1.40	3682	Shield—Tube shield	.22
12722	Capacitor—18 mmfd. (C1)	.35	31364	Socket—Dial lamp socket	.20
12723	Capacitor—56 mmfd. (C3, C46)	.35	31365	Socket—Insulated socket for electric tuning indicator lamp	.30
30406	Capacitor—100 mmfd. (C39)	.35	13871	Socket—Magic eye socket	.45
14262	Capacitor—109 mmfd. (C5, C6)	.35	31251	Socket—Octal base tube socket	.25
12404	Capacitor—120 mmfd. (C7, C8)	.30	14278	Socket—Phonograph input socket	.25
14712	Capacitor—180 mmfd. (C37)	.30	12493	Socket—Speaker cable socket	.30
30232	Capacitor—180 mmfd. (C2)	.35	31418	Spring—Coil tension spring for variable condenser or pointer drive cord	.05
32492	Capacitor—530 mmfd. (C24)	.40	32498	Switch—Push button selector switch (S4, S5, S37, S38, S39, S40, S41, S42, S43, S36, S35, S34, S33, S32, S31, S44, S45)	3.85
31435	Capacitor—750 mmfd. (C26)	.40	32669	Switch—Range switch (S1, S2)	1.10
4881	Capacitor—3300 mmfd. (C22)	.60	14376	Transformer—First i.f. transformer (L10, L11, C5, C6)	2.45
31405	Capacitor—6000 mmfd. (C27)	.75	14283	Transformer—Second i.f. transformer (L12, L13, C7, C8, C37, R4, R5)	3.80
5107	Capacitor—.0025 mfd., 700 volts (C18)	.20	31445	Transformer—Power transformer, 110 volt, 25/60 cycle (T1)	7.80
4838	Capacitor—.005 mfd., 1000 volts (C14, C17, C43)	.25	32144	Transformer—Power transformer, 110 volt, 50/60 cycle (T1)	4.75
4858	Capacitor—.01 mfd., 500 volts (C10, C40, C41, C42)	.25	31446	Transformer—Power transformer, 110-125-150-210-240 volts 40/60 cycle (T1)	8.05
14393	Capacitor—.01 mfd., 300 volts (C11)	.30	SPEAKER ASSEMBLIES (RL-70H-5) MODEL 98K2		
30882	Capacitor—.05 mfd., 200 volts (C4, C9, C38)	.20	13866	Cap—Dust cap for cone center	.03
30867	Capacitor—.5 mfd., 200 volts (C20)	.30	12012	Coil—Field coil (L16)	2.90
32145	Capacitor—4 mfd. (C12)	.70	11469	Coil—Neutralizing coil (L15)	.30
31382	Clip—Coil and core mounting clip for push button switch	.04	31275	Cone—Speaker cone and voice coil (114)	1.75
32493	Coil—Antenna coil (L1, L2, L3, L43)	1.35	31539	Plug—5-contact male plug for speaker	.25
31951	Coil—Oscillator coil (L4, L5, L7, L9)	1.40	32146	Speaker complete	12.10
31385	Coil—Push button oscillator coil 550 to 950 kc. (L37, L38)	.30	14534	Transformer—Output transformer (T2)	3.85
32487	Coil—Push button oscillator coil 690 to 1225 kc. (L39, L40)	.35	14357	Washer—Spring washer to hold field coil securely	.06
31383	Coil—Push button oscillator coil 890 to 1500 kc. (L41, L42)	.30	SPEAKER ASSEMBLIES (84308-3) MODEL 98T		
31369	Condenser—2-gang variable tuning condenser (C28, C29, C30)	2.65	32689	Coil—Speaker field coil (L16)	3.35
32668	Control—Volume control, tone control and power switch (R6, R13, S3)	3.00	32688	Cone—Cone and voice coil mounted and centered on housing (L14)	1.85
32634	Cord—Variable condenser drive or pointer indicator cord	.10	31539	Plug—5-contact plug or speaker	.25
12800	Core and Stud for oscillator coil Stock No. 31951	.35	32687	Speaker—Speaker complete	5.80
31372	Drum—Variable condenser drive cord drum	.65	32690	Transformer—Output transformer (T2)	1.45
32552	Indicator—Indicator pointer assembly	.20	MISCELLANEOUS ASSEMBLIES		
11891	Lamp—Dial or electric tuning indicator lamp	.17	31397	Button—Station selector push button	.15
32670	Plate—Dial color plate (Metal)	.75	31456	Covers—8 Protective covers for push button markers	.08
31373	Pulley—Pointer drive cord pulley (1/4 in. dia.)	.08	32673	Dial—Station selector glass dial	.60
30545	Resistor—180 ohms, 1/2 watt (R8)	.20	32674	Escutcheon—Station selector escutcheon—less push buttons	3.85
5114	Resistor—15,000 ohms, 1 watt (R17)	.22	31355	Knob—Range switch knob	.12
14284	Resistor—22,000 ohms, 1/10 watt (R4)	.15	31391	Knob—Tone control knob	.15
12454	Resistor—33,000 ohms, 1/2 watt (R2, R12)	.20	14359	Knob—Tuning knob	.20
12266	Resistor—39,000 ohms, 1/2 watt (R7)	.20	30773	Knob—Volume control knob	.15
14560	Resistor—100,000 ohms, 1/2 watt (R25)	.20	31458	Marker—"Dial Tuning" push button marker	.01
11398	Resistor—220,000 ohms, 1/10 watt (R5)	.15	31457	Marker—"Record Player" push button marker	.01
12199	Resistor—270,000 ohms, 1/2 watt (R15, R19)	.20	31589	Marker—Station markers	.35
13479	Resistor—390,000 ohms, 1/2 watt (R20, R21)	.20	30330	Spring for tone control knob	.03
12486	Resistor—560,000 ohms, 1/2 watt (R18)	.20	4982	Spring for tuning knob	.05
13730	Resistor—1 meg., 1/2 watt (R1)	.20	14270	Spring for volume control or range switch knob	.05
12013	Resistor—1 meg., 1/10 watt (R16)	.15			
12679	Resistor—2.2 meg., 1/2 watt (R3)	.20			
32143	Resistor—Voltage divider tapped at 22 ohm, 270 ohm, 3000 ohm, 11,000 ohm. (R14, R22, R23, R24)	.90			

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98T, 98K2

MODEL R-100

Victrola Attachment

RCA MFG. CO., INC.

Motor Data, Tone Compensation

Parts List

RCA Victor Model R-100 Victrola Attachment

Motor Data

Smooth starting and running will be insured by keeping the bearings well cleaned and oiled.

Hum and Vibration—A small amount of hum when starting, decreasing to a negligible amount when running, is normal. If excessive vibration occurs, it may be due to:

1. Insufficient lubrication, or any failure that will cause binding.
2. Leather washer not oiled. (Check to make sure that the leather and steel washers are arranged in proper sequence, as shown in the drawings.)
3. Motor not properly fastened in cabinet.
4. Burrs on poles of motor or stator.
5. Slight eccentricity of rotor or spindle.
6. Loose laminations of the stator.
7. Improper horizontal alignment of the rotor and stator (pertaining only to the type motor shown in Figure 1). Correct

horizontal alignment is as shown in the motor assembly drawing. The position of the stator is raised or lowered by adding or removing washers below the leather washer. In the type motor shown in Figure 2, no adjustment is necessary because correct horizontal alignment is provided by the design of the motor.

The damper spring must fit without binding or chattering, in the slot in the stator. The stator must be free to deflect in either direction between the limits of the damper spring. Any binding in the washers or stator bearing which prevents the movement of the stator may cause speed variations in the motor. The damper spring must exert equal force in restoring the stator to its mid-position when the stator is deflected manually in either direction.

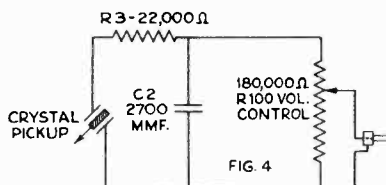
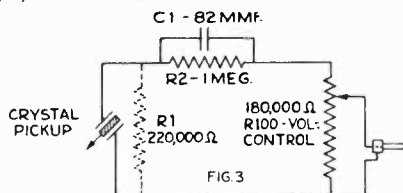
Tone Compensation

Because of the widely varying frequency characteristics of various types of audio amplifiers with which the R-100 may be used, it may be desirable in some cases to make refinements in the pickup circuit of the R-100 to compensate for the characteristics of the amplifier. The following circuits show means of making such refinements.

In Figure 3, R1 controls the low-frequency response; larger values of R1 give increased lows. For maximum low-frequency response, remove R1. R2 controls pickup output, smaller values of R2 giving increased output. C1 controls high-frequency response; to increase highs, increase C1.

Where a decrease in high-frequency response may be desired (for example, as an aid in reducing "needle scratch" on worn records), the circuit in Figure 4 is applicable. In this circuit, C2 acts as loading-on the pickup and is also a controlling factor on the high-frequency response. Smaller values of C2 give more pickup output and also more highs. R3 gives a sharper high-frequency reduction; increasing R3 decreases highs.

The suggested values shown in Figures 3 and 4 should serve as a basis from which slight alterations may be made to suit individual cases.



Replacement Parts

Insist on genuine factory-tested parts, which are readily identified and may be purchased from authorized dealers.

STOCK No.	DESCRIPTION	Unit List Price	STOCK No.	DESCRIPTION	Unit List Price
PICKUP AND ARM ASSEMBLIES					
33121	Arm—Pickup arm complete—less crystal cartridge	1.75	31042	Stator—Stator assembly comprising coils and laminations for 60 cycle operation	2.50
33124	Base—Pickup arm base and pivot shaft	.80	32076	Turntable—Finished turntable plate only—25 cycle	1.40
33122	Crystal—Pickup crystal cartridge and needle screw	4.35	31039	Turntable—Finished turntable plate only—50 cycle	.95
33123	Damper—Viscoloid damper for pickup armature	.15	4083	Washer—Leather washer	.02
33529	Screw—Pickup needle screw	.15	33348	Washers—Leather and metal washers for stator bearing	.10
MOTOR ASSEMBLIES (see figure 1)					
31045	Base—Motor support, damper, and bearing cup assembly	.60	14231	Washer—Metal spacing washer	.02
31046	Bearing—Rotor bearing—50 and 25 cycle	.70	32074	Weight—One upper and one lower weight for stator—25 cycle (2 each required)	.65
33353	Cap—Turntable spindle cap (rubber)	.10	MOTOR ASSEMBLIES (see figure 2)		
33357	Coil—Motor field coil—105-120 volts, 25 cycle	.60	33345	Cap—Turntable spindle cap (rubber) 60 cycle	.15
31918	Coil—Motor field coil—105-120 volts, 50 cycle	.70	33346	Coil—Motor field coil—105-120 volts, 60 cycle	.65
31917	Coil—Motor field coil, 105-120 V., 60 cycle	.70	31040	Cushion—One set rubber cushion for turntable mounting	.25
31040	Cushion—One seat rubber cushion for turntable mounting	.25	33350	Frame—Motor support frame and bearing cup	.45
31047	Cushion—Rubber cushion for rotor bearing	.15	33349	Hanger—Rubber hanger for mounting motor	.10
33941	Frame—Rotor frame and spindle—60 cycle	1.30	33347	Lamination—Stator laminations and bearing—less field coils—60 cycle	1.05
33641	Lamination—Rotor lamination—60 cycle	1.30	33343	Motor—105-120 volts, 60 cycle	6.95
33358	Lamination—Stator laminations—25 cycle	1.00	33041	Ring—Retaining ring and washer for spindle cap	.06
33354	Lamination—Stator laminations—less coil 50 cycle	11.75	33344	Rotor—Rotor frame, laminations, and spindle shaft assembled—60 cycle	2.45
33355	Motor—105-120 volts, 25 cycle	7.65	31039	Turntable—Finished turntable plate only—60 cycle	.95
33351	Motor—105-120 volts, 50 cycle	1.85	33348	Washers—Leather and metal washers for stator bearing	.10
33940	Motor—105-120 V., 60 cycle	0.08	MISCELLANEOUS ASSEMBLIES		
32075	Ring—Lead ring for turntable—25 cycle	2.55	31051	Foot—Cabinet foot	.04
33041	Ring—Retaining ring and washer for spindle cap	2.45	3961	Knob—Volume control and switch knob	.10
33356	Rotor—Rotor frame, laminations, and spindle shaft assembled—25 cycle	2.45	32500	Mounting—Pickup arm mounting comprising one rubber cushion, 1 washer, and 1 snap ring	.15
33352	Rotor—Rotor frame, laminations, and spindle shaft assembled—50 cycle	4.55	31048	Plug—2-contact male plugs for output cable	.15
31036	Rotor—Turntable and rotor lamination for 60 cycle operation		33359	Volume control and switch R1, S1	1.50

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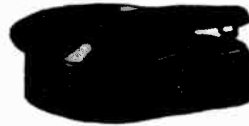
Motor, Pick-up Details
Receiver Connections

RCA MFG. CO., INC.

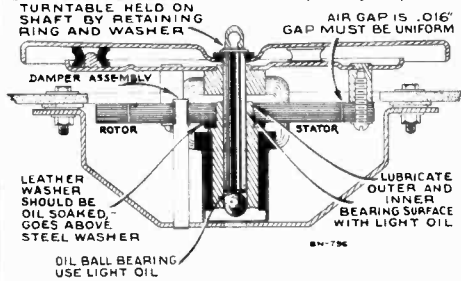
MODEL R-100
Victrola Attachment

Electrical and Mechanical Specifications

MOTOR
78 r.p.m. Synchronous (Manual Starting)
POWER SUPPLY RATINGS
A-6 105-125 volts, 60 cycles, 10 watts
A-5 105-125 volts, 50 cycles, 10 watts
B-2 105-125 volts, 25 cycles, 10 watts



CRYSTAL PICKUP
Impedance 100,000 ohms at 1,000 cycles
Average Output Voltage 1 1/2 Volts at 1000 cycles
across 250,000 ohms load
Cabinet Dimensions 5 1/4 x 8 1/2 x 12 inches
Weight 5 1/2 lbs. (net), 7 lbs (shipping)

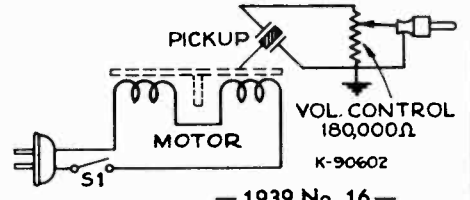
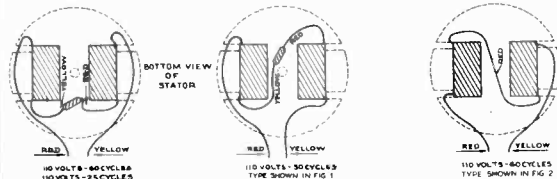
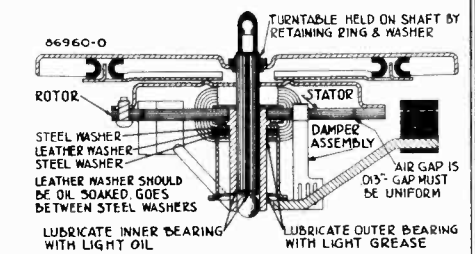


At Left—Fig. 1

At Right—Fig. 2

Lower Left—Motor Coil Connections

Lower Right—R-100 Schematic Diagram



— 1939 No. 16 —

Connecting Victrola Attachment to Radio Receivers

Methods of connecting the Victrola Attachment to various types of audio systems are given in the accompanying text and illustrations. Also included are the model numbers of the various RCA receivers to which the particular method applies. The data given requires that an RCA Stock No. 9824 Radio-Phono switch be used for switching from radio to phonograph, as desired. For ease in connecting the "phono" lead to the Stock No. 9824 switch, the male plug on the end of the lead should be removed by unsoldering or by cutting it off.

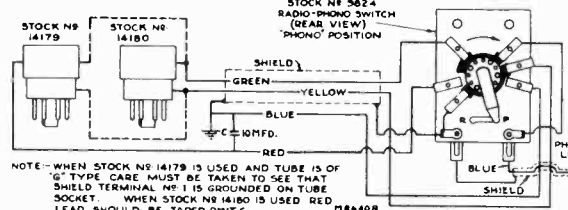
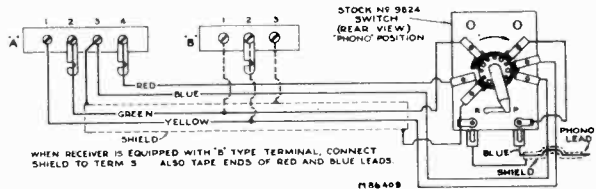
In general, the Victrola Attachment must be used with radio receivers having at least two stages of high-gain audio amplification. The output of the Victrola Attachment should be connected to the input of the first audio tube, and at the same time the output of radio receiver portion of the chassis should be shorted or opened, to prevent radio signals being heard while the Victrola Attachment is in operation.

1939 RCA RADIOS OF THE "90" SERIES:

Plug male connector on the end of the "phono" lead into the female connector on the receiver chassis. Push or turn the "Phono" switch to "Phono" position, and operate the Victrola Attachment according to instructions.

RADIO RECEIVERS USING 6C5 OR 6J5, 6C5G OR 6J5G, TUBE FOR FIRST AUDIO AMPLIFIER.

RADIO RECEIVERS HAVING "PHONO" TERMINAL BOARDS.



Stock No. 14179 Adaptor opens grid circuit, and inserts 2.700 ohm resistor in cathode of 6C5 or 6J5 tubes, for bias on Phono reproduction.

Stock No. 14180 Adaptor opens grid circuit of 6C5 or 6J5 tube.
Stock No. 14180 Adaptor necessary for RCA: C11-1, C13-2, T10-1, C11-3, C13-3.

Stock No. 14179 Adaptor necessary for RCA: C15-3, C15-4.

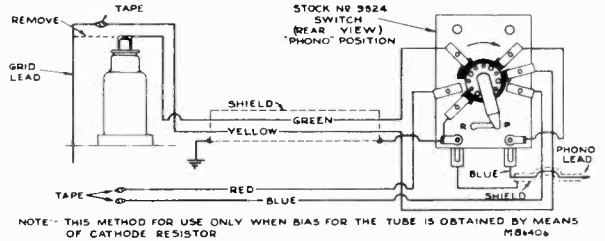
RCA Radio Receivers to which the above illustration applies: 5T1, 5T4, 5T5, 5T6, 5T7, 5T8, 6T5, 8T2, 8T11, 8K11, 85T5, 86E, 86K, 86T, 86T1, 86T4, 86K7, 86T44, 87K, 87T, 87K1, 87K2, 87T2, 88K, 810K, 810K1, 810T, 810T4, 811K, 812K, 819K, 816K, 811T.

For following Receivers, Yellow lead should go on Terminal No. 1, Green lead on Terminal No. 2: 6K2, 6T2, 6K3, 6T10, 7T1, 7K1, 85T8, 86T3, 87T1, 86T2, 86T6, 6K10.

Insulate shield of switch wires from chassis, on following RCA Receivers: 5T, 6T, 6K, 6K1, 7T, 7K, 7X, 8T, 8K, 86X4, 87EY, 87X, 87Y, 8T10, 7X1, 8K1.

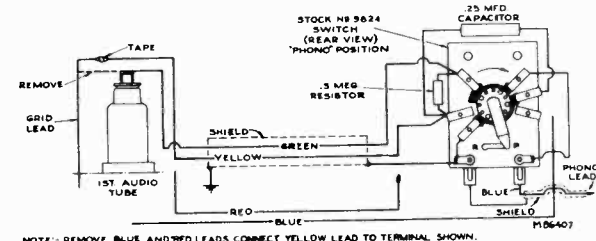
Receivers having a Four Terminal Board: 9K, 9T, 9K1, 9K2, 9K3, 9K10, 10T, 10K, 10K1, 13K, 15K. Reverse Red and Blue leads to Terminal Board of C9-6, T9-9, T8-16, C8-17.

RADIO RECEIVERS WHOSE FIRST AUDIO AMPLIFIER TUBE IS OF THE GRID CAP TYPE.

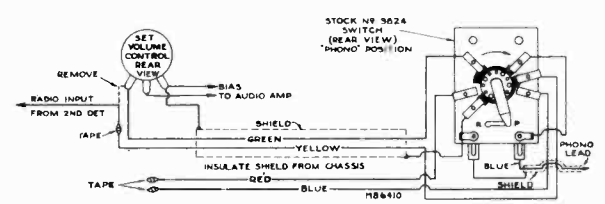


RCA Receivers for which above method applies: 125, 128, 128E, 224E, 225, 226, T6-1, C6-2, T6-9, T7-5, C7-6, T7-12, C7-14, T8-14, C8-15, T8-18, C8-19, C8-20, C9-4, T9-10.

RADIO RECEIVERS WHOSE FIRST AUDIO TUBE IS OF THE GRID CAP TYPE, AND FIXED BIAS FOR TUBE IS OBTAINED THROUGH GRID LEAD.

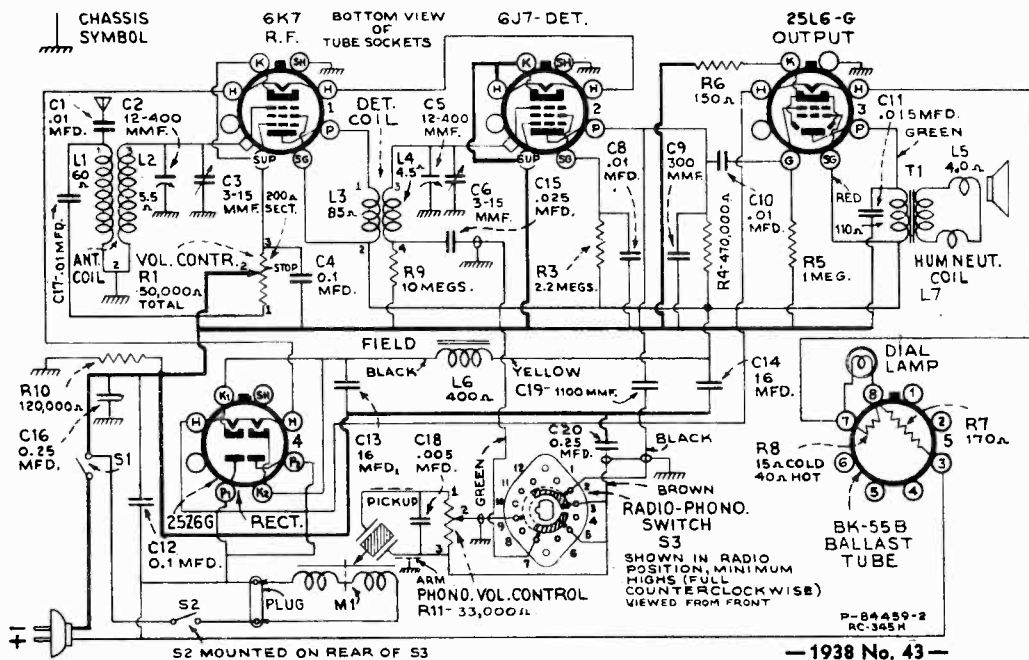


RADIO RECEIVERS WHERE THE VOLUME CONTROL IS IN THE AUDIO INPUT CIRCUIT.

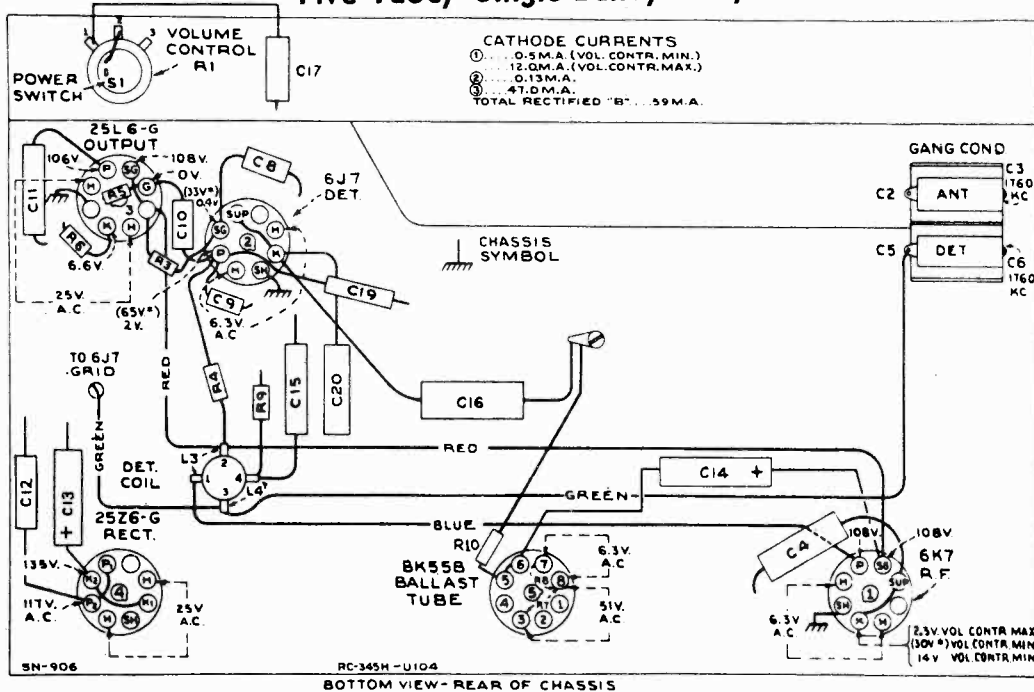


MODEL U-104
Chassis RC-345H
Schematic, Voltage
Chassis Wiring
Alignment Procedure

RCA MFG. CO., INC.



Five-Tube, Single-Band, AC, Victrola U-104



R-F Wiring Diagram and Socket Voltages
Measurements made to common negative line, unless otherwise specified

* Note: Values with star (*) are operating voltages.
Values not starred are actual measured voltages.

Measurements made with set tuned to quiet point, volume control at minimum, using 1,000-ohm-per-volt meter, having ranges of 10, 50, 250, and 500 volts. (Use nearest range above the specified measured voltage.)

Values should hold within approximately ± 20% for 117 volt 60 cycle supply.

Frequency Range..... 540-1,720 kc
Alignment Frequency..... 1,760 kc (ant., det.)
POWER OUTPUT (125-volt, 60-cycle supply)
Undistorted..... 1.0 watt
Maximum..... 1.5 watts

LOUDSPEAKER
Type..... 5-inch Electrodynamic
Voice-Coil Impedance..... 5 ohms at 400 cycles

PHONOGRAPH..... Synchronous (manual starting)

Records..... 10-inch and 12-inch, 78 r.p.m.
Pickup..... Crystal, 100,000 ohms at 1,000 c.p.s.
Average Output of Pickup..... 1½ volts at 1,000 c.p.s. across ¼-meg. load

Dial Lamp..... Mazda No. 40, 6.3 volts, .15 amp.

POWER SUPPLY RATINGS
A-5..... 105-125 volts, 50 cycles, 60 watts
A-6..... 105-125 volts, 60 cycles, 60 watts

Alignment Procedure

Reel up the antenna wire, and connect the high side of test-oscillator through an 80-mmfd. capacitor to the antenna terminal on the antenna transformer. Connect low side of oscillator to receiver chassis through a 0.1-mfd. capacitor. Turn gang condenser to minimum (full out), tune oscillator to 1,760 kc, connect an output meter across the voice coil, and turn volume control to maximum.

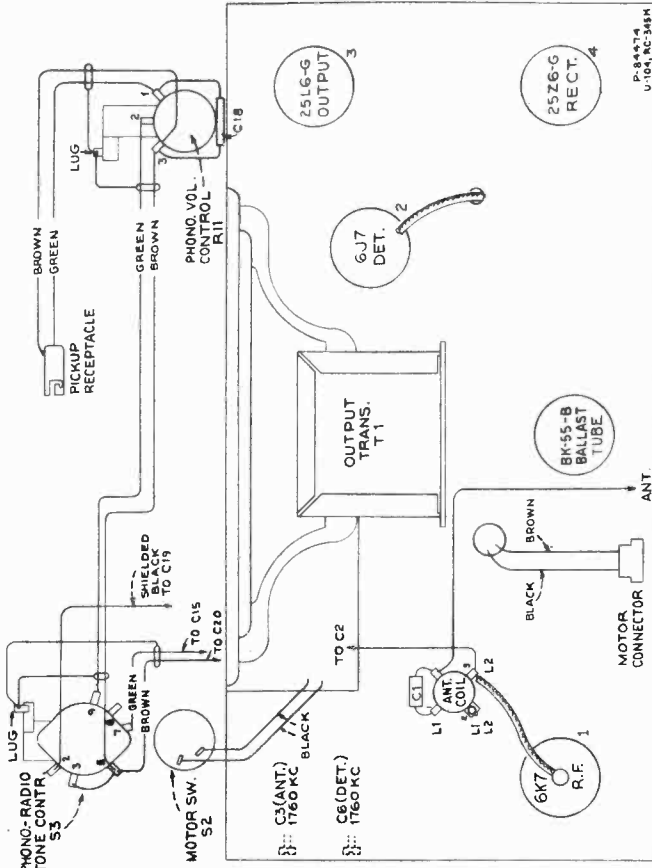
Keep antenna roll and lead clear of chassis during alignment.

Adjust the two trimmers (C3 and C6) on side of gang condenser for maximum output, using lowest possible output from test-oscillator.

Turn pointer, while holding tuning knob, so that the pointer is horizontal and pointing to low-frequency end when the gang condenser is at maximum. Check pointer adjustment on a station.

RCA MFG. CO., INC.

MODEL U-104
 Chassis RC-345H
 Chassis Wiring, Lead Dress
 Pick-up, Phono. Data

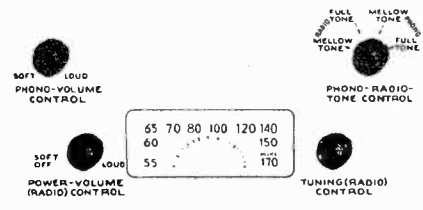


Precautionary Lead Dress

1. Dress power cord and line bypass C12 away from detector coil.
2. Plate lead from 6K7 to detector coil must be dressed close to chassis and run through center of chassis.
3. Green lead from detector coil to gang must be dressed clear of other leads.
4. Green lead from antenna coil to C17 must be dressed against front apron.
5. Dress all heater leads close to base.
6. Yellow lead from cathode 6K7 to volume control must be dressed against chassis, under gang condenser and against front apron.

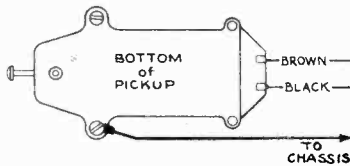
Power Supply.—Although this model employs an ac-dc chassis, it is not suitable for use on dc, as this would damage the motor.

Antenna.—The set is equipped with a 25-foot antenna. Do not connect the antenna to ground. If an outdoor antenna is used, it should not be longer than 100 feet, including lead-in. If it is longer, connect a 100- to 200-mmfd. capacitor in series with the lead-in.



PHONOGRAPHER SERVICE DATA

U-104

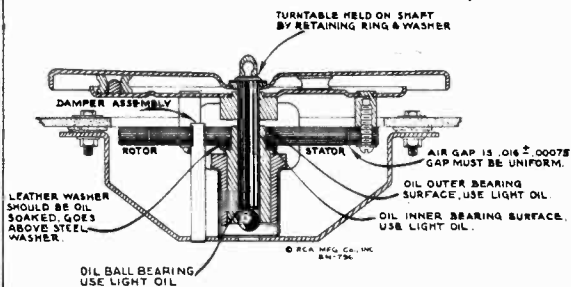


Pickup Connections

The motor is started by turning the phono-radio tone control to either 3rd or 4th position clockwise and giving the turntable a clockwise spin with the hand. Smooth starting and running will be insured by keeping the bearings well cleaned and oiled.

Hum and Vibration.—A small amount of hum when starting, decreasing to a negligible amount when running, is normal. If excessive vibration occurs it may be due to:

1. Insufficient lubrication, or any failure that will cause binding.
2. Leather washer not oiled. (Check to make certain that the leather washer is above the steel washer.)



Cross Section of Motor Assembly

This drawing shows the lubrication points

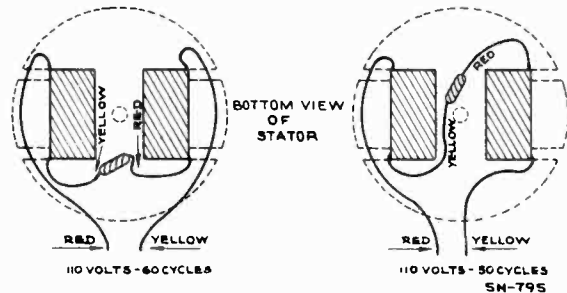
3. Motor not properly supported from motor board.
4. Burrs on poles of rotor or stator. Remove with fine emery cloth.
5. The damper spring must fit without binding or chattering in the slot in the stator. The stator must be free to deflect in either direction between the limits of the damper spring. The damper spring must exert approximately equal force in restoring the stator to its mid-position when the stator is deflected manually in each direction.

Removing Rotor.—The rotor and turntable assembly simply rests on the ball bearing at bottom of vertical bearing. Remove by lifting up.

Rotor Adjustment.—Loosen the three screws that hold the rotor to the turntable, insert three 16-mil shims at equal distances around the gap between the rotor and stator, and then carefully tighten the three screws. The top of rotor must be flush with top of stator; add additional steel washers beneath the stator if necessary.

Lubrication.—Oiling points are indicated in the diagram.

On Phonograph Operation, turn the radio volume control to minimum, and tune to a quiet point on the dial.



Motor Coil Assembly and Connections

D-C resistance of each coil (for 110 volts, 50 and 60 cycles) is approximately 82 ohms

Overall Chassis Height (inches).....	6
Weight.....	16 lbs. (shipping)
Tuning Drive Ratio.....	1 to 1
Depth.....	9 5/8
Width.....	12 1/4
Height.....	9
Cabinet Dimensions (inches).....	2 1/2
Chassis Base (inches).....	9

MODEL U-115

Chassis RC-348E

RCA MFG. CO., INC.

Parts List

STOCK No.	DESCRIPTION	Unit List Price	STOCK No.	DESCRIPTION	Unit List Price
CHASSIS ASSEMBLIES (RC-348E)					
32138	Cable—Shielded cable and female plug for phonograph input	\$0.35	32135	Motor—105-125 volts, 60 cycle	12.60
12723	Capacitor—56 mmfd. (C4)	.35	32177	Shaft—Turntable spindle shaft and fibre gear	1.55
30904	Capacitor—100 mmfd. (C7, C8, C9, C10)	.25	(Motor No. 84484-2, 3, or 4)		
12725	Capacitor—150 mmfd. (C35)	.35	32336	Field—Motor field coils and laminations, 110 volts, 60 cycle (For Motor 84484-2)	5.10
13003	Capacitor—180 mmfd. (C12)	.35	32650	Field—Motor field coils and laminations, 110 volts, 50 cycle (For Motor 84484-3)	5.10
12488	Capacitor—270 mmfd. (C32)	.35	32852	Field—Motor field coils and laminations, 110 volts, 25 cycle (For Motor 84484-4)	6.90
31435	Capacitor—750 mmfd. (C25)	.40	32558	Motor—105-125 volts, 60 cycle (84484-2)	10.50
4838	Capacitor—.005 mfd. (C15, C26, C30)	.25	32637	Motor—105-125 volts, 50 cycle (84484-3)	11.20
14393	Capacitor—.01 mfd. (C13, C14)	.30	32638	Motor—105-125 volts, 25 cycle (84484-4)	12.80
4870	Capacitor—.025 mfd. (C34)	.20	32337	Shaft—Turntable spindle shaft and fibre gear—60 cycle (For Motor 84484-2)	1.40
4886	Capacitor—.05 mfd. (C11)	.20	32651	Shaft—Turntable spindle shaft and fibre gear—50 cycle	1.30
30899	Capacitor—0.1 mfd. (C1, C31)	.30	32653	Shaft—Turntable spindle shaft and fibre gear—25 cycle	1.30
31424	Capacitor—Comprising 2 sections 8 mfd. each (C16, C17) (This type has leads)	1.65	PICKUP AND ARM ASSEMBLIES		
32342	Capacitor—Comprising 2 sections 10 mfd. each (C16, C17) (This type has terminals)	1.20	31212	Base—Pickup arm pivot shaft, trip lever, and mounting base assembly	.95
31382	Clip—Oscillator coil and core mounting clip	.04	32138	Cable—Shielded cable and male plug for pickup arm	.20
32338	Coil—Antenna coil (L1, L2)	.85	31050	Crystal—Pickup crystal and needle screw	3.75
31098	Coil—Oscillator coil (L3, L4)	.85	32137	Pickup and arm complete	7.00
31422	Condenser—2-gang variable tuning condenser (C2, C3, C5, C6, C33)	2.70	12539	Screw—Pickup needle screw	.15
32355	Control—Volume control, tone control and power switch	3.00	SPEAKER ASSEMBLIES		
30877	Cord—Indicator drive cord	.20	31443	Cone—Speaker cone and voice coil (L9)—for Speaker No. 84327-1	1.40
30905	Core—Adjustable core and stud for i-f transformers	.35	31663	Speaker complete (No. 84327-1)	4.95
31386	Core—Adjustable core and stud for oscillator coils	.15	31477	Transformer—Output transformer (T2) (For Speaker No. 84327-1)	1.00
31421	Drum—Variable condenser drive cord drum	.45	32586	Cone—Speaker cone and voice coil for Speaker No. 84327-3	2.40
31420	Indicator—Station selector indicator pointer	.10	32587	Coil—Speaker field coil for Speaker No. 84327-3	2.45
11891	Lamp—Dial lamp	.17	32588	Transformer—Output transformer for Speaker No. 84327-3	1.45
31419	Plate—Dial color plate	.12	MISCELLANEOUS ASSEMBLIES		
30868	Plug—2-contact female plug for motor power leads	.35	14803	Brake—Automatic brake complete	2.95
31373	Pulley—Indicator drive cord pulley	.08	31428	Button—Station selector switch push button	.06
31425	Resistor—Voltage divider—comprising one 22-ohm, one 18,000-ohm, one 8,200-ohm and one 3,900-ohm sections (R3, R11, R12, R15)	.90	31487	Clip—Spring clip to hold dial	.12
31388	Resistor—390 ohms, 1 watt (R9)	.22	31464	Damper—One rubber cap for motor spindle, and one metal damper plate	.30
14559	Resistor—10,000 ohms, 1/2 watt (R17)	.20	31429	Dial—Station selector glass dial	.40
12738	Resistor—27,000 ohms, 1/2 watt (R10)	.20	31095	Disc—10 protective discs for call letter markers	.10
12286	Resistor—56,000 ohms, 1/2 watt (R2)	.20	31667	Escutcheon—Tuning dial escutcheon	.55
3252	Resistor—100,000 ohms, 1/2 watt (R19)	.20	32140	Hinge—Cabinet lid hinge	.25
13734	Resistor—120,000 ohms, 1/2 watt (R18)	.20	31355	Knob—Station selector or radio-record switch knob (small)	.12
12199	Resistor—270,000 ohms, 1/2 watt (R7)	.20	31391	Knob—Tone control and power switch knob (small)	.15
30963	Resistor—820,000 ohms, 1/2 watt (R18)	.20	30773	Knob—Volume control or station selector knob (large)	.15
12679	Resistor—2.2 meg., 1/2 watt (R4)	.20	30991	Markers—Push button call letter markers	.40
13601	Resistor—10 meg., 1/2 watt (R6)	.20	31054	Mounting—Pickup arm rubber mounting, washers, and nut	.15
14887	Retainer—Pulley retainer	.01	32139	Mounting—Motor mounting spacers, washers, and screw—sufficient for one motor	.25
14350	Screw—No. 8-32 square-head set screw for drum, Stock No. 31421	.03	30870	Plug—2-contact male plug for motor leads	.35
31364	Socket—Dial lamp socket	.20	14270	Spring—Retaining spring for knob, Stock Nos. 30773 and 31355	.05
31251	Socket—Tube socket	.25	30330	Spring—Retaining spring for knob, Stock No. 31391	.03
31418	Spring—Indicator drive cord tension spring	.05	30100	Springs—Tension springs for automatic brake—one long and one short	.08
31414	Switch—Push button station selector switch (S12, S13, S14, S15, S16, S17, S20, S21, S22, S23, S24, S25)	3.05	32141	Support—Cabinet lid support	.40
30902	Transformer—First i-f transformer (L5, L6, C7, C8)	1.90	14804	Switch—Automatic brake switch (S26)	.60
30903	Transformer—Second i-f transformer (L7, L8, C9, C10)	1.80	12647	Switch—Radio-Record switch (S27)	.75
31574	Transformer—Power transformer, 100-120 volts, 25-60 cycle (T1)	9.20	31463	Turntable	1.50
31380	Transformer—Power transformer, 100-120 volts, 50-60 cycle (T1)	6.35	MOTOR ASSEMBLIES *		
31575	Transformer—Power transformer, 100-120 and 200-240 volts, 50-60 cycle (T1)	8.35	(Motor No. 84430)		
32176	Bearing—Rotor thrust bearing screw and nut	.25	TRIMMER CAPACITOR BANK AND ELECTRIC-TUNING OSCILLATOR COILS		
32175	Field—Motor field coils and laminations	4.95	(Refer to Electrical Specifications for frequency ranges)		

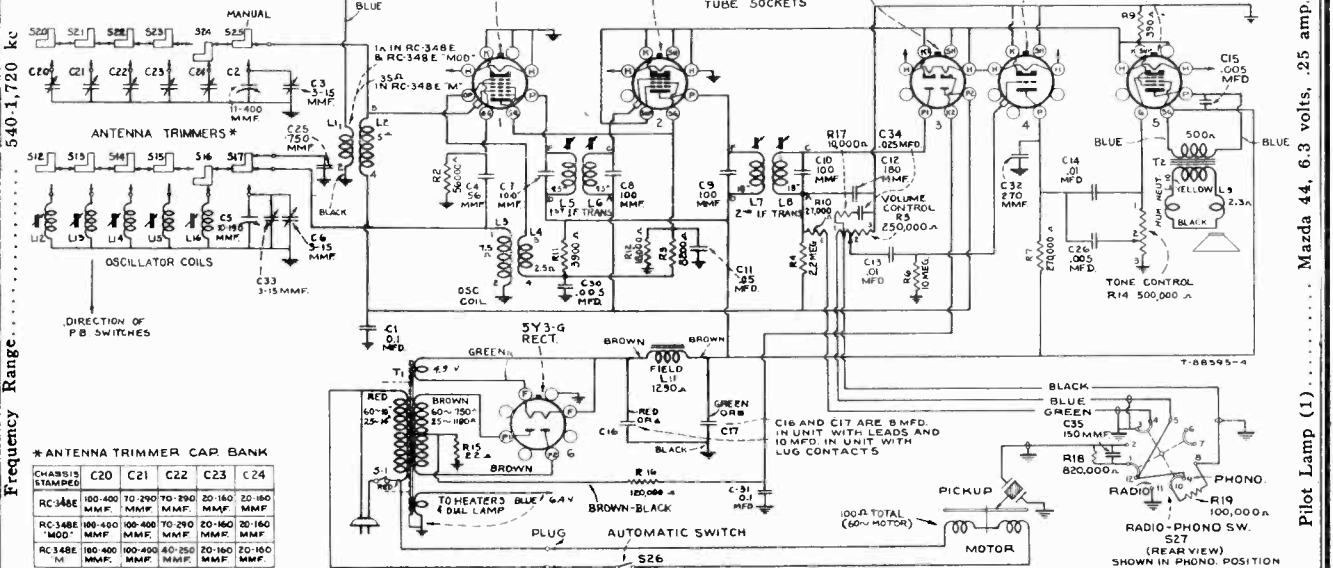
* Motor No. 84430 is type that mounts from below motorboard. Motor No. 84484 is type that mounts from top of motorboard through a cutout.

DESCRIPTION	Chassis Stamped RC-348E		Chassis Stamped RC-348E "MOD"		Chassis Stamped RC-348E "M"	
	Stock No.	Unit List Price	Stock No.	Unit List Price	Stock No.	Unit List Price
Capacitor—Trimmer capacitor bank (C20, 21, 22, 23, and 24)	31416	\$1.20	32066	\$1.30	32339	\$1.20
Coil—Oscillator coil (L12)	31415	.30	31415	.30	31415	.30
Coil—Oscillator coil (L13)	31384	.30	31415	.30	31415	.30
Coil—Oscillator coil (L14)	31384	.30	31384	.30	32340	.35
Coil—Oscillator coil (L15)	31383	.30	31383	.30	31383	.30
Coil—Oscillator coil (L16)	31383	.30	31383	.30	31383	.30

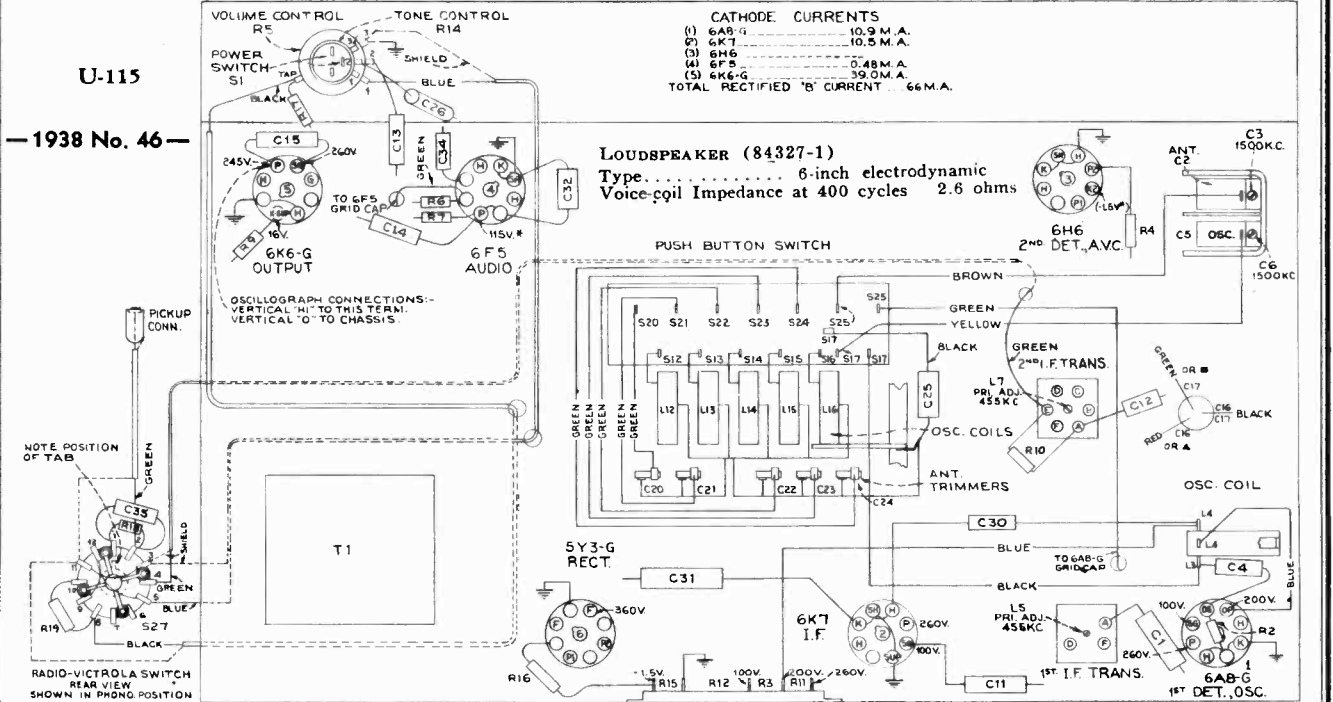
ALL PRICES ARE SUBJECT TO CHANGE OR WITHDRAWAL WITHOUT NOTICE.

Schematic, Chassis Wiring, Trimmers, Voltage Socket Transformer Data Intermediate Frequency 455 kc

RCA MFG. CO., INC. MODEL U-115 Chassis RC-348E, RC-348E "M" RC-348E "MOD"

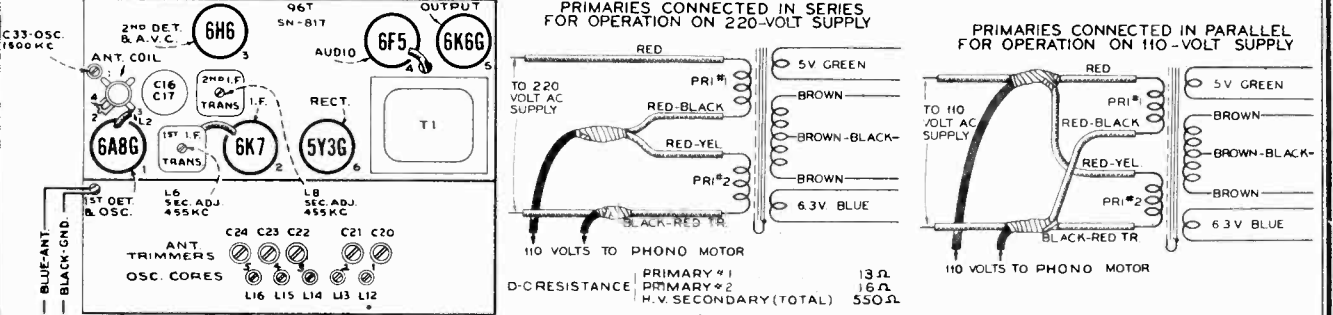


Precautionary Lead Dress.—(1) Dress green lead from antenna coil to switch away from the chassis and gang. (2) Dress lead from 2nd I.F. transformer to volume control away from other leads. (3) Ground bus from 6H6 socket must be close to chassis. (4) Dress leads away from oscillator coil adjustment screws. (5) Dress power transformer primary leads toward left-hand end of chassis. (6) Dress plate lead to output transformer close to chassis.



Measurements made to chassis unless otherwise indicated, with set tuned to quiet point and volume control at minimum. Values should hold within approximately ± 20% with 117-volt a-c supply.

NOTE: Values with star () are operating voltages in circuits with high series-resistance. The actual measured values will be lower, depending on the voltmeter loading.

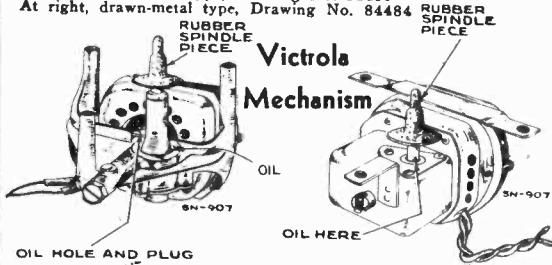


MODEL U-115
Chassis RC-348E, RC-348E "M", RC-348E "MOD"

Alignment, Phono. Data
Tuner Adjustments

Motors Used in Model U-115

At left, cast-frame type, Drawing No. 84430
At right, drawn-metal type, Drawing No. 84484

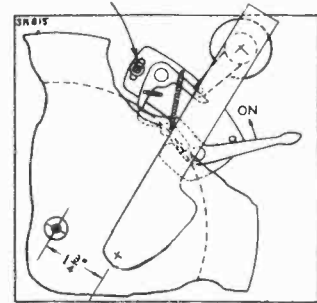


Victrola
Mechanism

ADJUST SWITCH TO TRIP WHEN NEEDLE IS ON 1-3/4" RADIUS FROM C. OF MOTOR SPINDLE

POWER SUPPLY RATINGS

- A-6. 105-125 volts, 60 cycles, 100 watts
- A-5. 105-125 volts, 50 cycles, 100 watts
- B-2. 105-125 volts, 25 cycles, 100 watts
- C-6. 105-125, 200-250 volts, 60 cycles, 100 watts
- C-5. 105-125, 200-250 volts, 50 cycles, 100 watts



The crystal pickup is sealed in a metal case as protection against extreme changes of climate. If failure occurs, do not attempt to repair the unit, but install a new crystal unit.

The phonograph motor is a self-starting constant-speed induction type. Two styles of motor are employed: One style (drawing No. 84430) has a cast frame and mounts from below the motorboard. The other style (drawing No. 84484) has a drawn metal case, and mounts from top of motorboard through a cutout. The two types are shown in the accompanying illustrations.

Motor Lubrication.—Apply a few drops of light machine oil to the spindle bearing and oil hole every six months.

The motor spindle is tapered, and a conical rubber piece fits snugly on the spindle. The hole in the turntable bushing is tapered to fit the rubber. This provides an excellent self-centering floating mounting.

A metal washer is placed on the spindle under the rubber piece. The washer has ears on the under side which fit over a pin that projects through the spindle.

The automatic stop should be adjusted so that the lever will snap to the "off" position when the pickup needle is 1 1/4 inches from the center line of the spindle.

Calibration Marks.—The tuning dial is fastened in the cabinet and can not be used for reference during alignment. Therefore calibration marks corresponding to dial readings of 600 kc and 1,500 kc have been stamped in the plate on the front of the chassis, as shown in the accompanying drawing. These marks are used for reference during alignment.

Drum and Dial Indicator Adjustment.—As the first step in r-f alignment, check the position of the drum on the front shaft of the gang condenser. With the gang at maximum (full mesh) the drum set-screw should be pointing directly down as shown in the drawing. With the drum in this position, and the gang at maximum, move the dial indicator

POWER-TONE-VOLUME CONTROL TUNING CONTROL

- PUSH BUTTON RANGES: RC-348E RC-348E "MOD" RC-348E "M"
- Button No. 1 (left) 550-980 kc . 550-980 kc . 550-980 kc
 - Button No. 2 650-1,080 kc . 550-980 kc . 550-980 kc
 - Button No. 3 650-1,080 kc . 650-1,080 kc . 690-1,225 kc
 - Button No. 4 850-1,500 kc . 850-1,500 kc . 850-1,500 kc
 - Button No. 5 850-1,500 kc . 850-1,500 kc . 850-1,500 kc

along the drive cord to coincide with the left-hand line as shown. The indicator is held to the drive cord by means of spring clips.

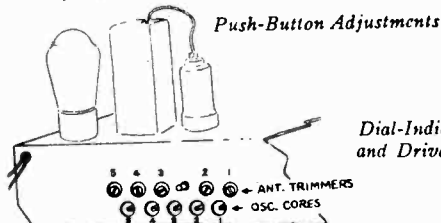
After completion of alignment, and after the chassis has been fastened in the cabinet, turn the gang to maximum and note whether the dial indicator is at the left-hand end mark on the dial; if it is not, loosen the drum set-screw (which is accessible through a slot in the bottom of the cabinet), turn the drum slightly so that the indicator is at this mark, and then tighten the set-screw.

After completion of alignment, seal the i-f core-adjustment screws with household cement.

For additional details, refer to booklet, "RCA Victor Receiver Alignment."

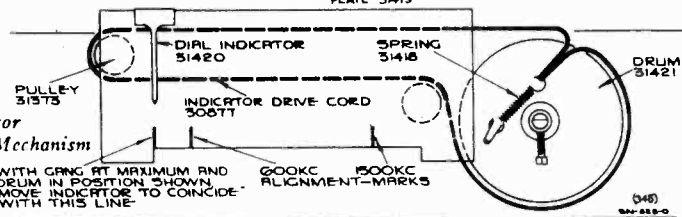
Steps	Connect the high side of test-osc. to—	Tune test-osc. to—	Turn radio dial to—	Adjust the following for max. peak output
1	6K7 I-F grid cap, in series with .01 mfd.	455 kc	Quiet point between 550-750 kc	L7 and L8 (2nd I-F Trans.)
2	6A8-G grid cap, in series with .01 mfd.	455 kc		L5 and L6 (1st I-F Trans.)
3	Antenna lead (blue) in series with 200 mmf.	1,500 kc	1,500 kc calibration mark.	C6 (osc.)* C3 (ant.)
4	Follow "Adjustments for Electric Tuning."			

* The oscillator section of the gang condenser has two trimmers, one on top, accessible through a hole in the chassis, and the other on bottom. It may be necessary to adjust both of these trimmers to secure a peak on 1,500 kc.



Push-Button Adjustments

Dial-Indicator and Drive Mechanism



WITH GANG AT MAXIMUM AND DRUM IN POSITION SHOWN, MOVE INDICATOR TO COINCIDE WITH THIS LINE

Adjustments for Electric Tuning DRUM SHOWN WITH GANG AT MAXIMUM CAPACITY

These models have six push buttons. The right-hand button connects the gang condenser for dial tuning. The other five buttons are for electric tuning of five different stations in the standard-broadcast range. The station buttons connect to separate magnetite-core oscillator coils and separate antenna trimmers which must be adjusted for the desired stations. Use an insulated screwdriver or alignment tool such as RCA Stock No. 31031. Allow at least five minutes warm-up period before making adjustments. Use a regular antenna for the preliminary adjustments.

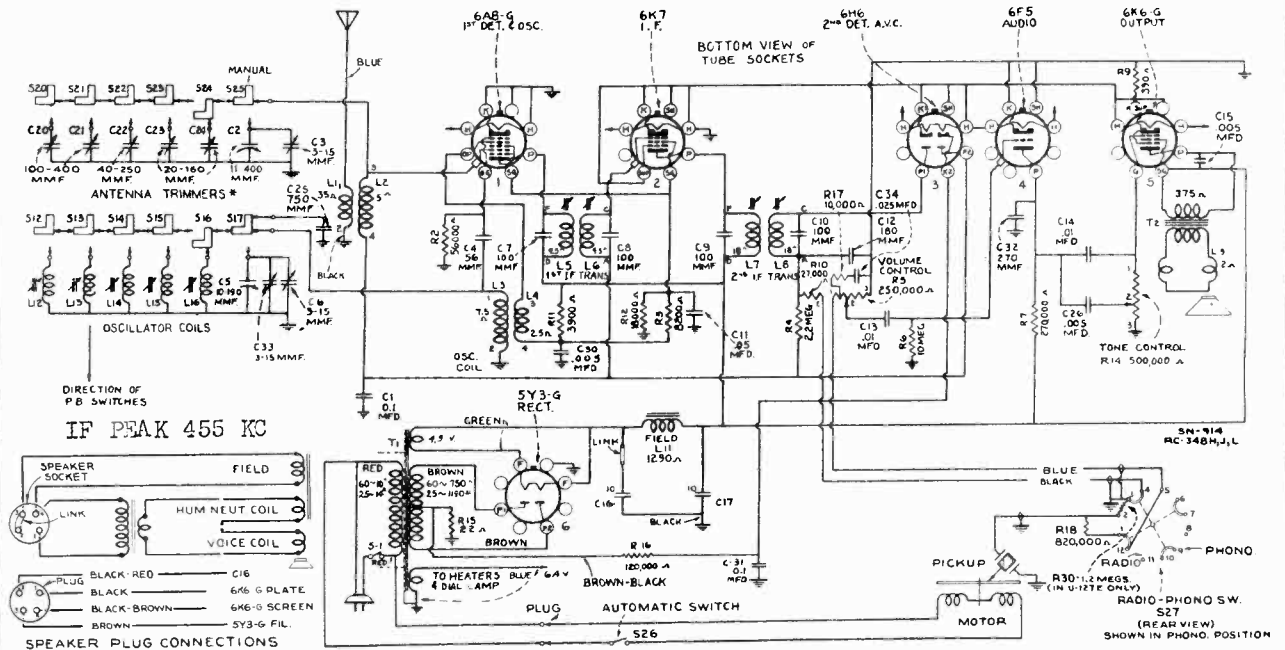
The procedure is as follows:

1. Make a list of the five desired stations, arranged in order from low to high frequencies.
2. Push in the dial-tuning (right-hand) button, and manually tune in the first station on the list.

3. Push in station-button No. 1 (left-hand) and adjust No. 1 oscillator button (L12) to receive this station. Screw the core all the way in, to lowest frequency, and then unscrew slowly until the station is received.
4. Adjust No. 1 antenna trimmer (C20) for maximum output on this station.
5. Adjust for each of the remaining four stations in the same manner.
(Clockwise adjustment of oscillator cores and antenna trimmers tunes the circuits to lower frequencies.)
6. Make a final careful adjustment of the oscillator cores using one or two feet of wire as an antenna.

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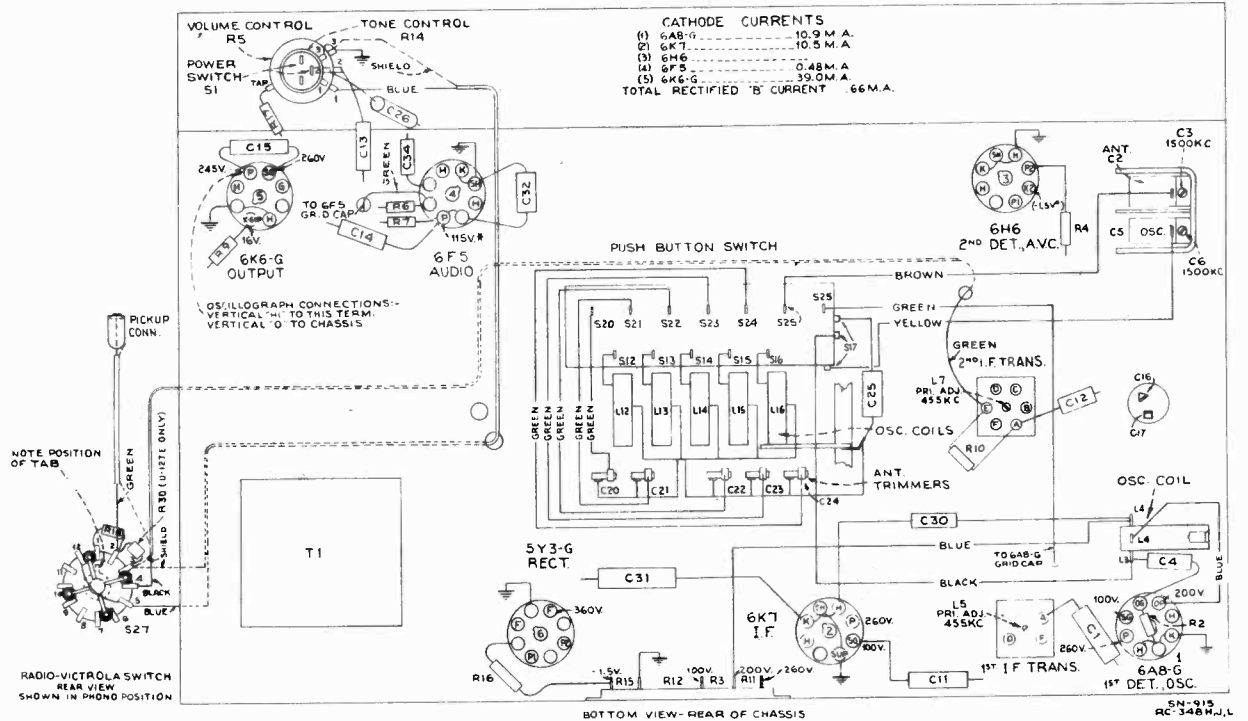
MODELS U-121, Ch. RC-348J
 U-123 (Single Band) Ch. RC-348H
 U-127E, Chassis RC-348L
 Schematic, Chassis Wiring
 Voltage



U-121, U-123 (Single-Band), and U-127E

Precautionary Lead Dress.—(1) Dress green lead from antenna coil to switch away from the chassis and gang. (2) Ground bus from 6H6 socket must be close to chassis. (3) Dress leads away from

oscillator coil adjustment screws. (4) Dress power transformer primary leads toward left-hand end of chassis. (5) Dress plate lead from output tube close to chassis.



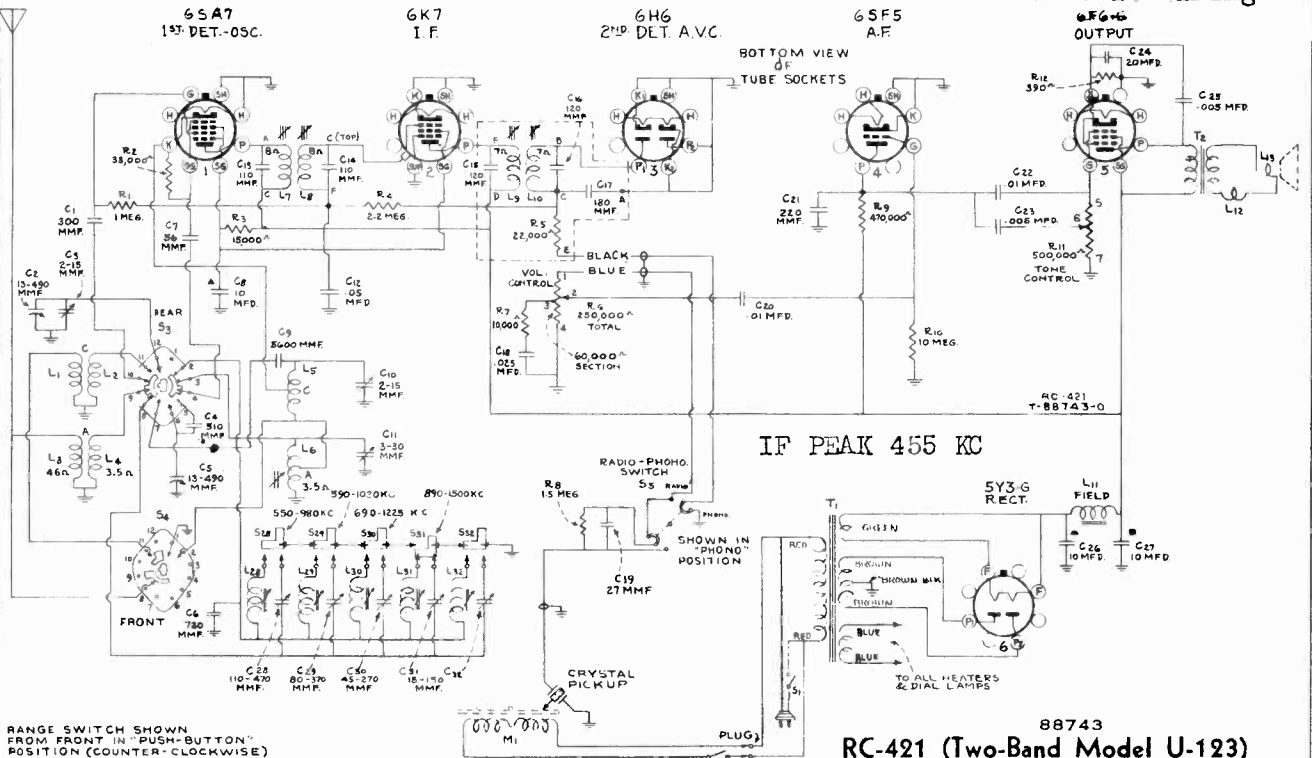
Measurements made to chassis unless otherwise indicated, with set tuned to quiet point and volume control at minimum. Values should hold within approximately ± 20% with 117-volt a-c supply.

NOTE: Values with star () are operating voltages in circuits with high series-resistance. The actual measured voltages will be lower, depending on the voltmeter loading.

MODEL U-123(2 Bands)
Chassis RC-421

RCA MFG. CO., INC.

Schematic, Voltage
Chassis Wiring

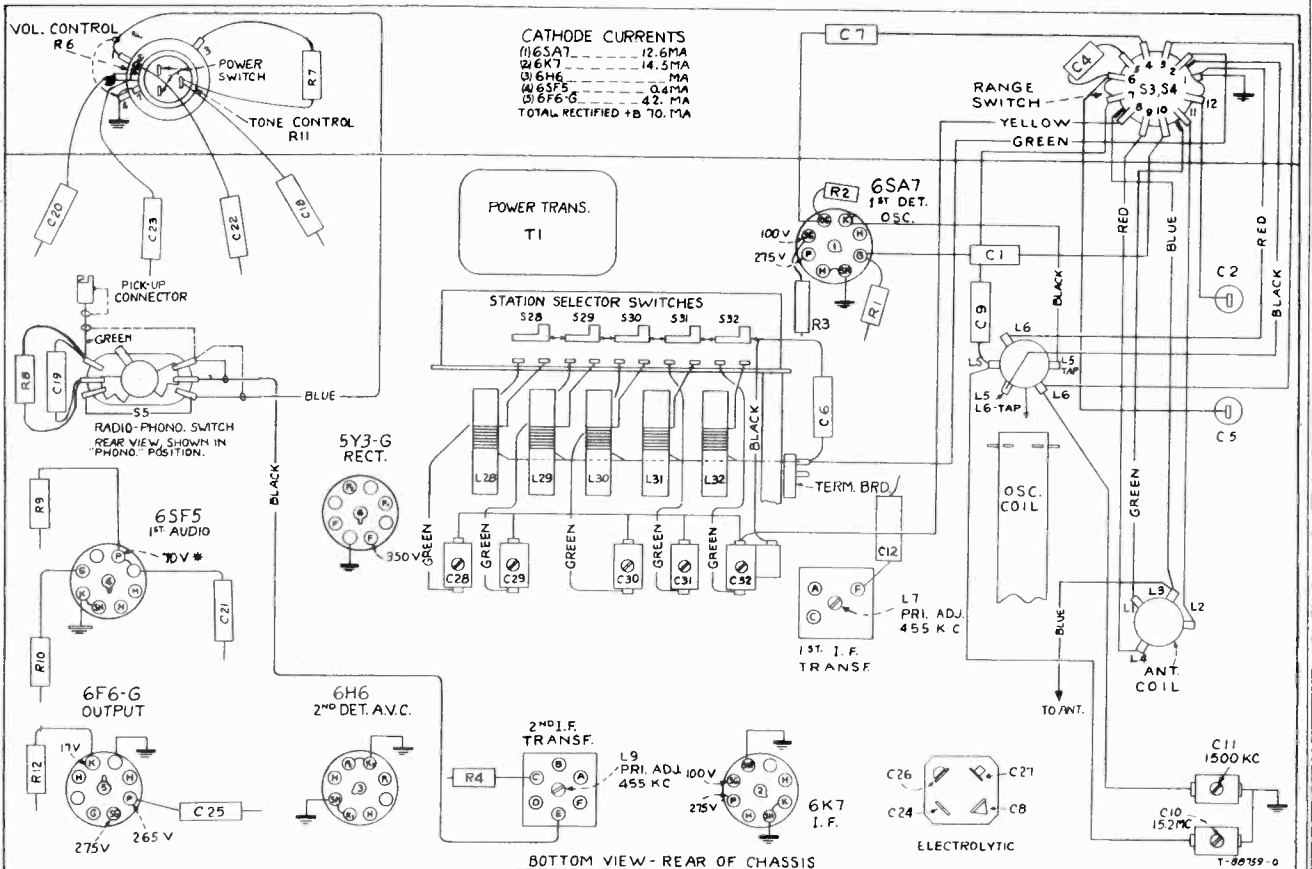


RANGE SWITCH SHOWN FROM FRONT IN "PUSH-BUTTON" POSITION (COUNTER-CLOCKWISE)

Note the following additional d.c. resistances. Voice-coil, 2 ohms; primary of output transformer, 375 ohms; 60-cycle power transformer, primary 9 ohms, secondary 735 ohms.

Precautionary Lead Dress.—Dress the oscillator grid condenser (C7) away from chassis. Leads along back of chassis must be dressed in corner of chassis and away from contact "E" of 2nd i-f

transformer. Keep a-c leads against end of chassis. Dial drum must be 5/32-inch from front apron.



Measurements made to chassis unless otherwise indicated, with set tuned to quiet point and volume control at minimum. Values should hold within approximately ± 20% with 117-volt a-c supply.

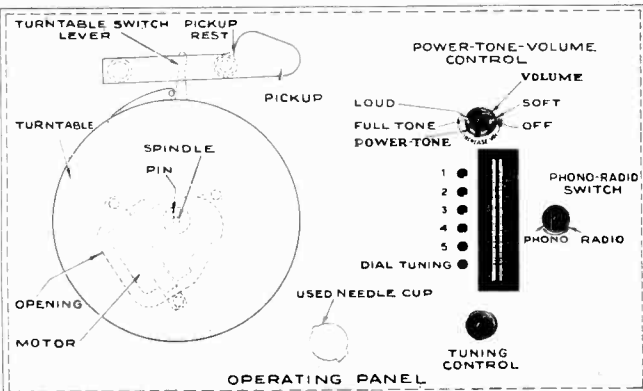
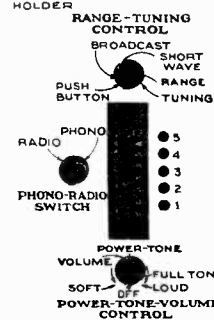
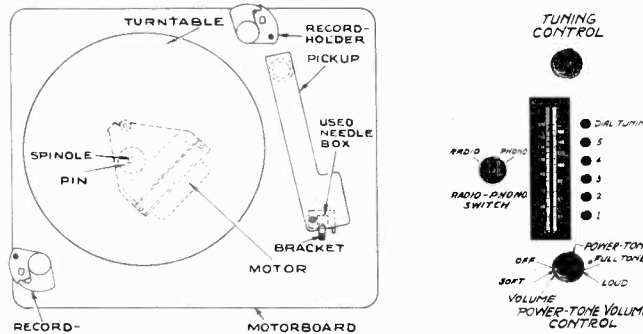
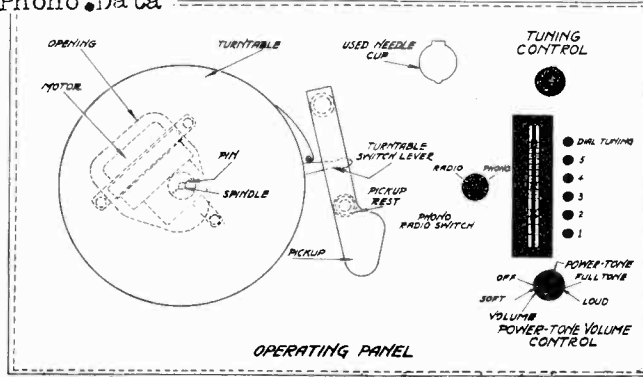
* NOTE: Values with star (*) are operating voltages in circuits with high series-resistance. The actual measured voltages will be lower, depending on the voltmeter loading.

U-127E, Chassis RC-348L
Alignment, Socket, Trimmers
Phono Data

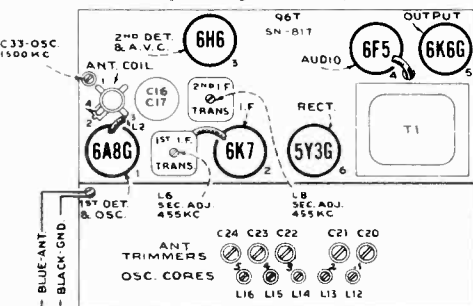
RCA MFG. CO., INC.

MODELS U-121, Ch. RC-348J
U-123, Ch. RC-348H, RC-421

Alignment Procedure

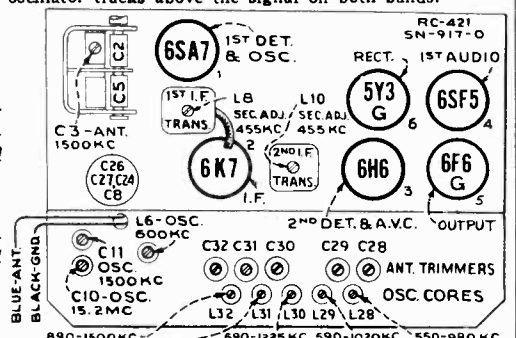


Operating Controls, Model U-127E



At left—Tube and trimmer location for single-band chassis, RC-348J, RC-348H, and RC-348L.

At right—Tube and trimmer location for double-band chassis RC-421.



Cathode-Ray Alignment is the preferable method. Connections for the oscillograph are shown in the chassis drawing. Turn the receiver volume control to maximum.

Output Meter Alignment.—If this method is used, connect the meter across the voice coil, and turn the receiver volume control to maximum.

Test-Oscillator.—For all alignment operations, connect the low side of the test-oscillator to the receiver chassis, and keep the output as low as possible to avoid a-v-c action.

Calibration Marks.—The tuning dial is fastened in the cabinet and can not be used for reference during alignment. Therefore calibration marks corresponding to dial readings of 600 kc and 1,500 kc have been stamped in the plate on the front of the chassis, as shown in the accompanying drawing. These marks are used for reference during alignment.

Drum and Dial Indicator Adjustment.—As the first step in r-f alignment, check the position of the drum on the front shaft of the gang condenser. With the gang at maximum (full mesh) the drum set-screw should be pointing directly down (RC-348 series) and up for RC-421. With the drum in this position, and the gang at maximum, move the dial indicator along the drive cord to coincide with the left-hand line as shown. The indicator is held to the drive cord by means of spring clips.

After completion of alignment, and after the chassis has been fastened in the cabinet, turn the gang to maximum and note whether the dial indicator is at the left-hand end mark on the dial; if it is not, move the pointer the required distance along the cord.

RC-348J, RC-348H, and RC-348L

Steps	Connect the high side of test-osc. to—	Tune test-osc. to—	Turn radio dial to—	Adjust the following for max. peak output
1	6K7 I-F grid cap, in series with .01 mfd.	455 kc	Quiet point between 550-750 kc	L7 and L8 (2nd I-F Trans.)
2	6A8-G grid cap, in series with .01 mfd.	455 kc		L5 and L6 (1st I-F Trans.)
3	Antenna lead (blue) in series with 200 mmf.	1,500 kc	1,500 kc calibration mark	C6 (osc.)* C3 (ant.)
4	Follow "Adjustments for Electric Tuning."			

* The oscillator section of the gang condenser has two trimmers, one on top, accessible through a hole in the chassis, and the other on bottom. It may be necessary to adjust both of these trimmers to secure a peak on 1,500 kc.

RC-421 (Two-band Model U-123)

Steps	Connect the high side of test-osc. to—	Tune test-osc. to—	Turn radio dial to—	Adjust the following for max. peak output
1	6K7 I-F grid cap, in series with .01 mfd.	455 kc	Quiet point between 550-750 kc	L9 and L10 (2nd I-F trans.)
2	Stator of ant. section of gang	455 kc		L7 and L8 (1st I-F trans.)
3	Antenna lead, in series with 200 mmf.	600 kc	600 kc calibration mark	L6 (osc.)
4		1,500 kc	1,500 kc calibration mark	C11 (osc.) C3 (ant.)
5	Repeat steps 3 and 4.			
6	Antenna lead, in series with 400 ohms	15.2 mc	15.2 mc calibration mark	C10 (osc.)*
7	Follow "Adjustments for Electric Tuning."			

* Rock gang for maximum output while adjusting C10. Note.—The oscillator tracks above the signal on both bands.

MODELS U-121, Ch. RC-348J

U-123, Ch. RC-348H, RC-421

U-127E, Chassis RC-348L

RCA MFG. CO., INC.

Automatic Record Changer

Automatic Record Changer

Adjustments, Notes

Before servicing the automatic record changer, inspect the assembly to see that all levers, parts, gears, springs, etc. are in good order and are correctly assembled.

A bind or jam in the mechanism can usually be relieved by rotating the turntable in the reverse direction.

The changer can be conveniently rotated through its change cycle by pushing the index lever to "Reject" and revolving the turntable

by hand. Six turntable revolutions are required for one change cycle.

If the record changer or cabinet is not perfectly level, normal operation is likely to be affected.

The 10 and 12 inch records must be absolutely flat for smooth operation when using a mixture of the two sizes.

A shorting switch, located in the pickup head, operates due to pressure when the pickup is placed on the pickup rest.

ADJUSTMENTS

A. Main Lever.—This lever is basically important in that it interlinks the various individual mechanisms which control needle landing, tripping, record separation, etc. One adjustment is provided for the main lever. Rotate the turntable until the changer is out-of-cycle; and adjust rubber bumper bracket (A) so that the roller clears the nose of the cam plate by 1/16 inch.

B. Friction Clutch.

The motion of the tone arm toward the center of the record is transmitted to the trip pawl "22" by the trip lever "7" through a friction clutch "5." If the motion of the pickup is abruptly accelerated or becomes irregular due to swinging in the eccentric groove, the trip finger "7" moves the trip pawl "22" into engagement with the pawl on the main gear, and the change cycle is started. Proper adjustment of the friction clutch "5" occurs when movement of the tone arm causes positive movement of the trip pawl "22" without tendency of the clutch to slip. The friction should be just enough to prevent slippage and is adjustable by means of screw "B." If adjustment is too tight, the needle will repeat grooves; if too loose, tripping will not occur at the end of the record.

C. Pickup Lift Cable Screw.—During the record change cycle, lever "16" is actuated by the main lever "15" so as to raise the tone arm clear of the record by means of the pickup lift cable. To adjust pickup for proper elevation, stop the changer "in-cycle" at the point where pickup is raised to the maximum height above turntable plate, and has not moved outward; at this point adjust locknuts "C" to obtain 1 inch spacing between needle point and turntable top surface.

D. & E. Needle Landing on Record.—The relation of coupling between the tone arm vertical shaft and lever "20" determines the landing position of the needle on a 10 inch record. Position of eccentric stud "E" governs the landing of the needle on a 12 inch record; this, however, is dependent on the proper 10 inch adjustment.

To adjust for needle landing, place 10 inch record on turntable; push index lever to reject position and return to the 10 inch position; see that pickup locating lever "17" is tilted fully toward turntable; rotate mechanism through cycle until needle is just ready to land on the record; then see that pin "V" on lever "14" is in contact with "Step T" on lever "17." The correct point of landing is 4-11/16 inches from the nearest side of the turntable spindle; loosen the two screws "D" and adjust horizontal position of tone arm to proper dimension, being careful not to disturb levers "14" and "17." Leave approximately 1/32 inch end play between hub of lever "20" and pickup base bearing, and tighten the blunt nose screw "D"; run mechanism through several cycles as a check, then tighten cone pointed screw "D."

After adjusting for needle landing on a 10 inch record, place 12 inch record on turntable; push index lever to reject and return to 12 inch position; rotate mechanism through cycle until needle is just ready to land on the record; the correct point of landing is 5-11/16 inches from nearest side of spindle. If the landing is incorrect, turn stud "E" until the eccentric end adjusts lever "14" to give correct needle landing. The eccentric end of the stud must always be toward the rear of the motor board, otherwise incorrect landing may occur with 10 inch records.

Incorrect adjustment of a particular mechanism of the changer is generally exhibited in a specific mode of improper operation. The following relations between effects on operation and the usual misadjustments will enable ready adjustment in most cases.

1. For any irregularity of operation, the adjustment of the main lever "15" should be checked first as in "A."
2. Needle does not land properly on both 10 and 12 inch records—Make complete adjustments "D" and "E."
3. Needle does not land properly on 12 inch record but correct on 10 inch—Effect adjustment "E."
4. Failure to trip at end of record—Increase clutch "5" friction by means of screw "B." Also, see that levers "7" and "12" are free to move without touching each other.
5. Pickup strikes lower record of stack or drags across top record on turntable—Adjust lift cable per adjustment "C."
6. Needle does not track after landing—Friction clutch "5" ad-

F. & G. Record Separating Knife.—The upper plate (knife) "25" on each of the record posts serves to separate the lower record from the stack and to support the remaining records during the change cycle. It is essential that the spacing between the knife and the rotating record shelf "27" be accurately maintained. The spacing for the 10 inch record is nominally .058 inch, and for the 12 inch record is .075 inch.

To adjust, rotate the knife to the point of minimum vertical separation from the record shelf and turn screw and locknut "F" to give .055—.061 inch separation. Screw "G" must not be depressed during this adjustment. After setting screw "F" adjust screw "G" so that when its tip is depressed flush with top of record shelf, the vertical spacing between the knife, in its lowest rotational position, and the shelf, is .072—.078 inch.

H. Record Support Shelf.—The record shelf revolves during the change cycle to allow the lower record to drop onto the turntable. Both posts are rotated simultaneously by a gear and rack coupled to the main lever "15," and it is necessary that adjustment be such that the record is released from both shelves at the same instant. To adjust, place a 12 inch record on the turntable, rotate mechanism into cycle to the point where tone arm is at maximum distance outward from turntable; lift record upward until it is in contact with both separating knives, then loosen screws "H" and shift record shelves so that the curved inner edges of the shelves are uniformly spaced at least 1/16 inch from record edge. Tighten the blunt nose screw "H," run mechanism through cycle several times to check action, then tighten cone pointed screw "H."

If record shelves or knives are bent, or not perfectly horizontal, improper operation and jamming of mechanism will occur.

J. Tone Arm Rest Support (not shown).—When the changer is out-of-cycle, the front lower edge of the pickup head should be 5/16 inch above surface of motor board. This may be adjusted by bending the tone arm support bracket, which is associated with the tone arm mounting base, in the required direction.

K. Trip Pawl Stop Pin.—The position of the trip pawl stop pin "K" in relation to the main lever "15" governs the point at which the roller enters the cam. By bending the pin support either toward or away from trip pawl bearing stud, the roller can be made to enter the cam later or earlier, respectively. This adjustment should be made so that the roller definitely clears the cam outer guide as well as the nose of the cam plate.

Lubrication.—Petrolatum or petroleum jelly should be applied to cam, main gear, spindle pinion gear, and gears of record posts.

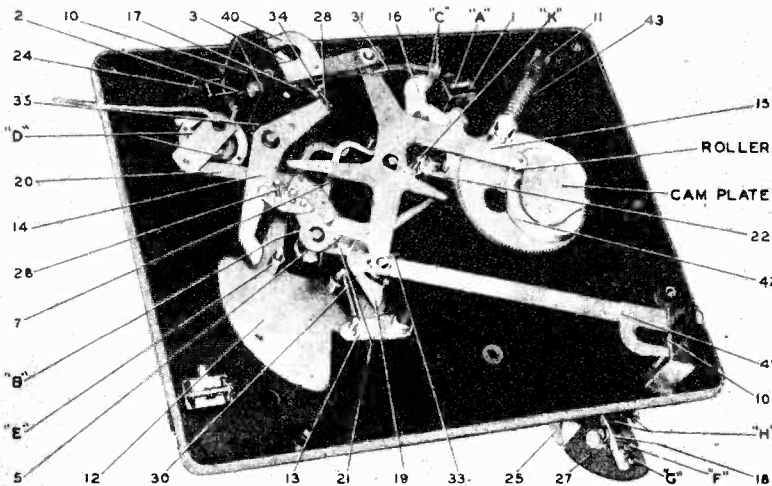
Light machine oil should be used in the tone arm vertical bearing, record post bearings, and all other bearings of various levers on underside of motor board.

Apply a few drops of light machine oil to the motor spindle bearing and oil hole adjacent to the spindle bearing. The oil hole has a screw plug.

Do not allow oil or grease to come in contact with, rubber mounting of tone arm base, rubber bumper, or rubber spindle cap.

MISCELLANEOUS SERVICE HINTS

1. Justment "B" may be too tight; bind in tone arm vertical bearing; levers "7" and "12" fouled; or pickup output cable twisted.
2. Cycle commences before record is complete—Record is defective, or adjustment "B" of friction clutch "5" is too tight.
3. Wow in record reproduction—Record is defective; or instrument is not being operated at normal room temperature (65° F.).
4. Record knives strike edge of records—Records warped; record edges are rough; or knife adjustments "F" and "G" are incorrect.
5. Record not released properly—Adjust record shelf assemblies in respect to shaft by means of adjustment "H."
6. Needle lands in 10 inch position on 12 inch record or misses record when playing both types mixed—Increase tension of pickup locating lever spring "34."



NOTE: Numbers refer to parts—letters refer to adjustments

Specifications, Tuner Data
Record Changer Details

RCA MFG. CO., INC.

MODELS U-121, Ch. RC-348J
U-123, Ch. 348H, RC-421
U-127E, Ch. RC-348L

Electrical and Mechanical Specifications

Frequency Range..... 540-1,720 kc
RC-421 also has a short-wave band of..... 5.8-18.0 mc
PUSH BUTTON RANGES (RC-348J, 348H, and 348L)
Two stations between approximately 550- 980 kc
One station between approximately 690-1,225 kc
Two stations between approximately 850-1,500 kc
PUSH BUTTON RANGES (RC-421)
One station between approximately 550- 980 kc
One station between approximately 590-1,020 kc
One station between approximately 690-1,225 kc
Two stations between approximately 890-1,500 kc

TUBE COMPLEMENT
(1) RCA-6A8-G (6SA7 in RC-421)..... First-Detector, Oscillator
(2) RCA-6K7..... Intermediate-Frequency Amp.
(3) RCA-6H6..... Second-Detector, A.V.C.
(4) RCA-6F5 (6SF5 in RC-421)..... Audio Voltage Amplifier
(5) RCA-6K6-G (6F6-G in RC-421)..... Power Output
(6) RCA-5Y3-G..... Full-Wave Rectifier

POWER OUTPUT (RC-348J, 348H, and 348L)
Undistorted..... 2 watts, Maximum..... 4 watts

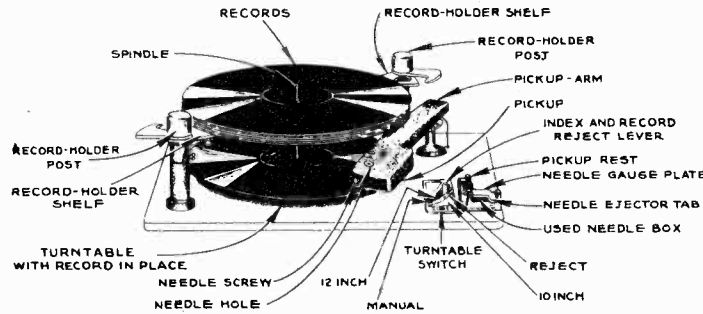
POWER OUTPUT (RC-421)
Undistorted..... 2.5 watts, Maximum..... 4.5 watts

POWER SUPPLY RATINGS

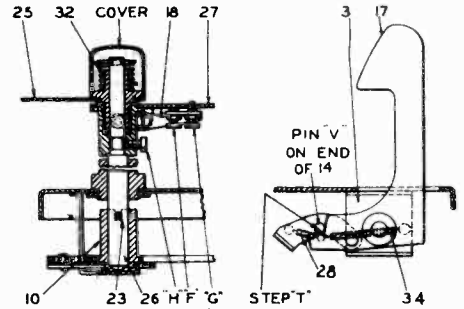
A-6..... 105-125 volts, 60 cycles, 100 watts total
A-5..... 105-125 volts, 50 cycles, 100 watts total
B-2..... 105-125 volts, 25 cycles, 100 watts total
C-6..... 105-125/210-250 volts, 60 cycles, 100 watts total
C-5..... 105-125/210-250 volts, 50 cycles, 100 watts total

Loudspeaker (electrodynamic)	RL-70F-3	RL-70F-3	RL-70H-6	RL-63H-5
Diameter.....	12-inch	12-inch	12-inch	8-inch
Voice-Coil Impedance at 400 cycles.....	2.2 ohms	2.2 ohms	2.2 ohms	2.2 ohms
CABINET DIMENSIONS :	U-121	U-123	U-127E	
Height (inches).....	34	34	25 1/2	
Width (inches).....	25 1/2	30 1/2	29	
Depth (inches).....	16 1/2	17	16 1/2	
Weight (net) pounds.....	55	74	52	
Weight (shipping) pounds.....	73	94	71	
Chassis Base Dimensions.....	3 inches x 11 1/2 inches x 5 inches			
Over-all Chassis Height.....	6 1/2 inches			
Tuning Drive Ratio.....	6 to 1			

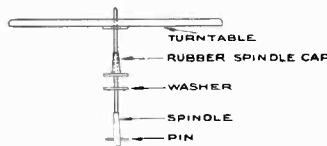
Radio features include: Magnette-core electric-tuning oscillator coils and magnette-core i-f transformers; automatic volume control; automatic bass compensation; continuously-variable high-frequency tone control; temperature-stabilized capacitors in oscillator circuit; electro-dynamic loudspeaker; straight-line dial and electric tuning for five stations in the broadcast range.



Top View of Automatic Record Changer



Details of Record Shelf Posts, and Locating Lever Assemblies



Turntable Assembly (All Models)

The crystal pickup is sealed in a metal case as protection against extreme changes of climate. If failure occurs, do not attempt to repair the unit, but install a new crystal unit.

The phonograph motor is a self-starting constant-speed induction type.

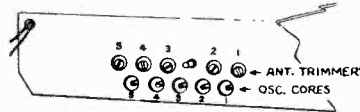
Motor Lubrication (Models U-121 and U-127E).—Apply a few drops of light machine oil to the spindle bearing and oil hole every six months. The oil hole is located in the motor casting, adjacent to the spindle bearing, and has a screw plug.

The automatic stop (Models U-121 and U-127E) should be adjusted so that the lever will snap to the "off" position when the pickup needle is 1 1/4 inches from the center line of the spindle.

Adjustments for Electric Tuning

Push-Button Ranges in RC-348J, 348H, and 348L
(Single-Band Receivers)

- No. 1 and 2..... Approximately 550- 980 kc
- No. 3..... Approximately 690-1,225 kc
- No. 4 and 5..... Approximately 850-1,500 kc



Push-Button Ranges in RC-421
(Two-Band Model U-123)

- No. 1..... Approximately 550- 980 kc
- No. 2..... Approximately 590-1,020 kc
- No. 3..... Approximately 690-1,225 kc
- Nos. 4, 5..... Approximately 890-1,500 kc

These models have six push buttons. The right-hand button connects the gang condenser for dial tuning. The other five buttons are for electric tuning of five different stations in the standard-broadcast range. The station buttons connect to separate magnette-core oscillator coils and separate antenna trimmers which must be adjusted for the desired stations. Use an insulated screwdriver or alignment tool such as RCA Stock No. 31031. Allow at least five minutes warm-up period before making adjustments. Use a regular antenna for the preliminary adjustments.

The procedure is as follows:

1. Make a list of the five desired stations, arranged in order from low to high frequencies.
2. Push in the dial-tuning button, and manually tune in the first station on the list.

3. Push in station-button No. 1 and adjust No. 1 oscillator core to receive this station. Screw the core all the way in, to lowest frequency, and then unscrew slowly until the station is received.

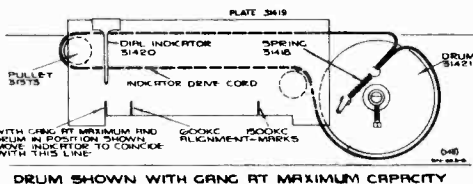
4. Adjust No. 1 antenna trimmer for maximum output on this station.

5. Adjust for each of the remaining four stations in the same manner.

(Clockwise adjustment of oscillator cores and antenna trimmers tunes the circuits to lower frequencies.)

6. Make a final careful adjustment of the oscillator cores using one or two feet of wire as an antenna.

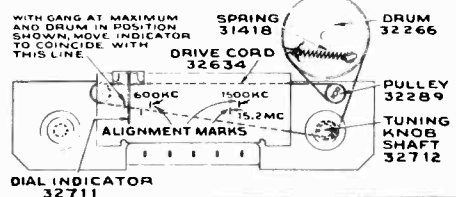
Models U-121 and U-127E have a non-automatic Victrola mechanism with crystal pickup, automatic stop, and self-starting constant-speed motor. Model U-123 has an automatic Victrola mechanism which permits playing seven 12-inch or eight 10-inch records in succession. It has a crystal pickup and constant-speed self-starting motor.



Dial Mechanism

RC-348J, 348H, and 348L

RC-421



MODELS U-121, Ch. RC-348J
U-123, Ch. RC-348H

RCA MFG. CO., INC.

U-127E, Ch. RC-348L

Parts List

Replacement Parts Models U-121, U-123 (Single-Band), and U-127E

Insist on genuine factory-tested parts, which are readily identified and may be purchased from authorized dealers.

STOCK No.	DESCRIPTION	Unit List Price	STOCK No.	DESCRIPTION	Unit List Price
CHASSIS ASSEMBLIES					
(U121-RC348J) (U123-RC348H, Single-Band) (U127E-RC348L)					
32339	Capacitor—Capacitor bank for push button switch assembly (C20, C21, C22, C23, C24)	1.20	31156	Crystal—Pickup crystal cartridge and needle screw	4.25
12723	Capacitor—56 mmfd. (C4)	.35	32884	Pickup and arm complete	7.45
30904	Capacitor—100 mmfd. (C7, C8, C9, C10)	.25	31160	Screw—Pickup needle screw	.12
13003	Capacitor—180 mmfd. (C12)	.35	31161	Shaft—Pickup pivot arm and shaft assembly	.45
12488	Capacitor—270 mmfd. (C32)	.35	MOTOR ASSEMBLIES		
31435	Capacitor—750 mmfd. (C25)	.40	Model U-121 and U-127E		
4838	Capacitor—.005 mfd., 1,000 volts (C15, C26, C30)	.25	31464	Damper—Comprising 1 rubber spindle sleeve and 1 metal damper plate	.30
14393	Capacitor—.01 mfd. (C13, C14)	.30	32652	Field—Motor coils and laminations, 105-120 volts, 25-cycle	6.90
4870	Capacitor—.025 mfd., 400 volts (C34)	.20	32650	Field—Motor coils and laminations, 105-120 volts, 50-cycle	5.10
30882	Capacitor—.05 mfd., 200 volts (C11)	.20	32338	Field—Motor coils and laminations, 105-120 volts, 60-cycle	5.10
30899	Capacitor—.01 mfd., 200 volts (C1, C31)	.30	32638	Motor—105-120 volts, 25-cycle	12.80
32342	Capacitor—10-10 mfd. electrolytic capacitor (C16, C17)	1.20	32637	Motor—105-120 volts, 50-cycle	11.20
31382	Clip—Coil and core clip for push button oscillator coils	.04	32658	Motor—105-120 volts, 60-cycle	10.50
32338	Coil—Antenna coil (L1, L2)	.85	30870	Plug—2-contact male for motor leads	.35
31098	Coil—Oscillator coil (L3, L4)	.85	32653	Shaft—Turntable shaft and gear for 25-cycle motor	1.30
31415	Coil—Push button oscillator coil, 550 to 980 KC. (L12, L13)	.30	32651	Shaft—Turntable shaft and gear for 50-cycle motor	1.30
32340	Coil—Push button oscillator coil, 690 to 1,225 KC. (L14)	.35	32337	Shaft—Turntable shaft and gear for 60-cycle motor	1.40
31383	Coil—Push button oscillator coil, 850 to 1,500 KC. (L15, L16)	.30	MOTOR ASSEMBLIES		
31422	Condenser—2-gang variable tuning condenser (C2, C3, C5, C6, C33)	2.70	Model U-123		
32355	Control—Volume and tone control and power switch (R5, R14, S1)	3.00	32956	Coil—Field coil and laminations for 25-cycle motor	7.15
32634	Cord—Drive cord	.10	32955	Coil—Field coil and laminations for 50-cycle motor	5.90
31386	Core—Core and stud assembly for push button oscillator coils	.15	32954	Coil—Field coil and laminations for 60-cycle motor	5.35
31421	Drum—Tuning drive drum and hub	.45	32960	Gear—Motor spindle gear and pin	.75
11891	Lamp—Dial lamp	.17	32873	Motor—Motor complete, 25-cycle, 110 volts AC	15.95
32136	Lead—Phonograph input shielded lead and connector (U-121 and U-123)	.35	32872	Motor—Motor complete, 50-cycle, 110 volts AC	13.75
32908	Lead—Phonograph input shielded lead and socket (U-127E only)	.40	32871	Motor—Motor complete, 60-cycle, 110 volts, AC	13.25
31419	Plate—Dial color plate	.12	30870	Plug—2-prong male plug—used on motor leads	.35
30868	Plug—2-contact female for motor leads	.35	32959	Spindle—Turntable spindle complete with metal pinion and fibre gear for 25-cycle motor	2.90
31420	Pointer—Dial indicator pointer	.10	32958	Spindle—Turntable spindle complete with metal pinion and fibre gear for 50-cycle motor	2.90
31373	Pulley—Tuning indicator drive pulley	.08	32957	Spindle—Turntable spindle complete with metal pinion and fibre gear for 60-cycle motor	2.90
31388	Resistor—390 ohms, 1 watt (R9)	.22	32875	Switch—Motor control switch	.30
14559	Resistor—10,000 ohms, 1/2 watt (R17)	.20	MOTORBOARD ASSEMBLIES		
12738	Resistor—27,000 ohms, 1/2 watt (R10)	.20	Model U-121 and U-127E		
12286	Resistor—56,000 ohms, 1/2 watt (R2)	.20	14803	Brake—Automatic brake and switch	2.95
13734	Resistor—120,000 ohms, 1/2 watt (R16)	.20	31464	Damper—Comprising one rubber spindle sleeve, and one metal damper plate	.30
12199	Resistor—270,000 ohms, 1/2 watt (R7)	.20	30870	Plug—2-contact male for motor leads	.35
30963	Resistor—820,000 ohms, 1/2 watt (R18)	.20	32610	Rest—Rubber rest for pickup arm	.10
30208	Resistor—1.2 meg., 1/2 watt (R30) (U127E only)	.20	30100	Springs—One set of springs for automatic brake	.08
12679	Resistor—2.2 meg., 1/2 watt (R4)	.20	32743	Switch—Radio-Record switch (S27)	.95
13601	Resistor—10 meg., 1/2 watt (R6)	.20	14804	Switch—Switch only for automatic brake (S26)	.80
31425	Resistor—Voltage divider resistor tapped at 22 ohms, 18,000 ohms, 8,200 ohms, and 3,900 ohms (R15, R12, R3, R11)	.90	31463	Turntable—Record turntable	1.50
14887	Retainer—Indicator drive pulley retainer	.01	MOTORBOARD ASSEMBLIES		
31482	Screw—No. 8 square head set screw for drive drum	.03	Model U-123		
5040	Socket—4-contact socket for speaker cable	.30	31149	Base—Tone arm mounting base	.35
31364	Socket—Dial lamp socket	.20	32876	Board—Motorboard complete with all riveted and welded posts and brackets—less operating mechanisms	6.50
31251	Socket—Octal base tube socket	.25	14209	Bumper—Main lever rubber bumper (1)	.08
31418	Spring—Drive cord tension spring	.05	9848	Cup—Used needle cup, rest, and lid complete	.75
31414	Switch—Selector switch for push button switch assembly (S20, S21, S22, S23, S24, S25, S12, S13, S14, S15, S16, S17)	3.05	32877	Escutcheon—Index escutcheon	.40
30902	Transformer—First i.f. transformer (L5, L6, C7, C8)	1.90	31151	Guide—Pickup lift cable guide (coil spring, 80T 2-in. large) (2)	.10
30903	Transformer—Second i.f. transformer (L7, L8, C9, C10)	1.80	31150	Mounting—Pickup arm base rubber mounting complete	.45
31445	Transformer—Power transformer, 110 volts, 25-60 cycle (T1)	7.80	31155	Spring—Needle cup lid tension spring	.04
31380	Transformer—Power transformer, 110 volts, 50-60 cycle (T1)	4.75	OPERATING MECHANISM		
31575	Transformer—Power transformer, 110-220 volts, 50-60 cycle (T1)	8.35	Model U-123		
PICKUP AND ARM ASSEMBLIES					
Model U-121 and U-127E					
31212	Base—Pickup arm pivot shaft, trip lever, and mounting base assembly	.95	31134	Bracket—Pickup locating lever mounting bracket (3)	.30
32138	Cable—Shielded cable and male plug for pickup arm	.20	32878	Cam—Cam and drive gear (42)	2.80
31050	Crystal—Pickup crystal and needle screw	3.75	6808	Clutch—Trip lever friction clutch assembly (5)	.35
32137	Pickup and arm complete	7.00	31129	Cover—Cap for top of record post	.45
12539	Screw—Pickup needle screw	.15	32883	Damper—Motor spindle rubber drive sleeve and metal damper plate	.30
PICKUP AND ARM ASSEMBLIES					
Model U-123 (Single-Band)					
31162	Cable—Pickup arm lift cable and clips	.15	31116	Finger—Trip lever friction finger assembly (7)	.45
32885	Cable—Pickup arm output cable	.25	32879	Gear—Rack gear for front left-hand record post (41)	.60
			32880	Gear—Rack gear for rear right-hand record post (40)	.55
			31121	Gear—Record post gear (10)	.90
			31123	Guide—Main lever spring guide (11)	.40
			31114	Lever—Index lever assembly (12)	.75
			31137	Lever—Index lever tension spring lever (13)	.30
			31138	Lever—Locating lever and pawl assembly (14)	.70
			31113	Lever—Main lever assembly (15)	1.35

RCA MFG. CO., INC.

MODELS U-121, Ch. RC-348J
 U-123, Ch. RC-348H, RC-421
 U-127E, Ch. RC-348L

MOTOR ASSEMBLIES, MOTORBOARD ASSEMBLIES, and OPERATING MECHANISM

ALL PRICES ARE SUBJECT TO CHANGE OR WITHDRAWAL WITHOUT NOTICE.

Model U-123 (Two Band) Same as in Single-Band U-123

STOCK No.	DESCRIPTION	Unit List Price	STOCK No.	DESCRIPTION	Unit List Price
31140	Lever-Pickup lift cable lever and spring assembly (16)	.55	31103	Hinge-Cabinet lid hinge (For Model U-127E only)	.50
31135	Lever-Pickup locating lever assembly (17)	.85	32662	Holey-Needle card holder (For Model U-121)	.35
31130	Lever-Record separator elevating lever complete with adjusting screws (18)	.80	31391	Knob-Tone control knob	.12
31132	Lever-Trip detaining lever (19)	1.85	30773	Knob-Dummy or radio-record switch knob	.15
31131	Lever-Trip regulator lever (20)	.25	30991	Marker-One set station call letter markers	.40
31133	Pawl-Trip pawl assembly (21)	.80	31064	Mounting-Pickup arm rubber mounting, washers, and nuts (For Model U-121 and U-127E only)	.15
31124	Pin-Record post drive pin (22)	.04	32870	Screen-Photograph compartment lamp screen (For Model U-123 only)	1.00
14207	Roller-Pickup lift cable roller and bracket assembly (24)	.55	31470	Spring-Motorboard mounting springs, bolts, and washers (For Model U-123 only) (4 required)	1.0
31118	Screw-Cone pointed set screw for trip lever hub or record post shaft	.06	32721	Spring-Retaining spring for push button	.02
4563	Screw-Special screw to adjust friction clutch tension (25)	.75	30330	Spring-Retaining spring for tone control knob	.03
31117	Shaft-Record separator post lift (26)	.40	14270	Spring-Retaining spring for tuning, volume control, or switch knob	.05
31122	Shaft-Record post shaft assembly (27)	1.25	11831	Support-Cabinet lid support (For Model U-121 only)	1.85
31125	Spring-Cam, 190-in. O.D., 4.3/64-in. lg. (18 turns, 6-in. O.D., 3-in. lg.)	.05	31478	Support-Cabinet lid support (For Model U-123 only)	2.20
32882	Spring-Main lever tension spring (43) (18 turns, 6-in. O.D., 3-in. lg.)	.08	30946	Switch-Index-Record switch (S5)	.60
14190	Spring-Pickup locating lever short spring or locating lever pawl tension spring (28) (16 turns, 100-in. O.D., 19/32-in. lg.)	.05	32743	Switch-Index-Record switch (For Model U-123 only)	.95
31136	Spring-Index lever tension spring (30) (25 turns, 190-in. O.D., 15/16-in. lg.)	.04	31467	Escutcheon-Dial scale escutcheon	.55
3866	Spring-Pickup lift cable tension spring (31) (20 turns, 196-in. O.D., 1-in. lg.)	.04	32799	Escutcheon-Push button escutcheon	.50
31127	Spring-Record separator pressure spring (32) (8 turns, 6/8-in. O.D., 3/4-in. lg.)	.02	30688	Hinge-Cabinet lid hinge (For Models U-121 and U-123)	.85
14191	Spring-Trip detaining lever tension spring (33) (15 turns, 190-in. O.D., 3/4-in. lg.)	.04	Replacement Parts Model U-123 (Two-Band)		
31875	Spring-Pickup locating lever tension spring (34) (14 turns, 220-in. O.D., 27/32-in. lg.)	.04			
32436	Spring-Locating lever tension spring (35) (16 turns, 182-in. O.D., 21/32-in. lg.)	.05	CHASSIS ASSEMBLIES (RC-421)		
32981	Tunable complete	2.00	32138	Cable-Pipeno. input cable and socket	.35
31128	Washer-C washer for top of record post	.04	31379	Capacitor-Dual trimmer-comprising one 3-30 mfd. and one 2-10 mfd. sections (C10, C11)	.40
SPEAKER ASSEMBLIES (RL-70F3) Models U-121 and U-123 (Single-Band)		13805	Capacitor-27 mfd. (C19)	40	
		12723	Capacitor-56 mfd. (C7)	35	
12622	Capacitor-108 mfd. (C13, C14)	30	12622	Capacitor-120 mfd. (C15, C16)	30
14479	Capacitor-120 mfd. (C17)	30	30232	Capacitor-200 mfd. (C21)	35
31275	Cone-Speaker cone and voice coil (L14)	1.75	30808	Capacitor-310 mfd. (C1)	35
31302	Plug-4-contact male plug	.25	32714	Capacitor-730 mfd. (C6)	45
31300	Speaker-Speaker complete	10.95	13855	Capacitor-5,800 mfd. (C9)	70
14358	Screw-Screw, washer, and lockwasher to hold core in yoke	.04	48938	Capacitor-.005 mfd. (C23, C25)	.25
31301	Transformer-Output transformer (T2)	1.70	4837	Capacitor-.025 mfd. (C20, C22)	.25
14357	Washer-Spring washer to hold field coil	.06	4870	Capacitor-.05 mfd. (C12)	.20
SPEAKER ASSEMBLIES (RL-63H6) Model U-127E		14366	Board-3-contact speaker terminal board	15	
		12012	Cap-Cone center dust cap	.30	32705	Capacitor-Push button trimmer capacitor bank (C28, C29, C30, C31, C32)	1.90
11469	Coil-Hum neutralizing coil	.30	31382	Clip-Push button coil mounting clip	1.20
31309	Cone-Speaker cone and voice coil	1.75	32706	Coil-Antenna coil (L1, L2, L3, L4)	.04
14358	Plug-Contact male plug for speaker	.25	32707	Coil-Oscillator coil (L5, L6)	1.25
14358	Screw-Screw, washer, and lockwasher to hold speaker in yoke	.04	31385	Coil-Push button oscillator coil-less core, 550-950 kc (L28)	.30
14355	Transformer-Output transformer	10.25	32704	Coil-Push button oscillator coil-less core, 590,020 kc (L29)	.35
14357	Washer-Spring washer to hold field coil	.06	32340	Coil-Push button oscillator coil-less core, 600-1,225 kc (L30)	.35
MISCELLANEOUS ASSEMBLIES		32798	Button-Push button	1.0	
		13103	Cap-Pilot lamp cap (bullseye) (For Model U-123 only)	.15	
31487	Clip-Spring clip to mount dial scale	.12	32449	Condenser-2-kang variable (C2, C3, C5)	.70
31095	Cover-One set protective discs for call letter markers	.05	32355	Control-Volume control, tone control, and power switch (R6, R11, S1)	3.00
32742	Dial-Glass dial scale (For Models U-121 and U-123)	.45	32334	Cord-Drive cord	.10
31429	Dial-Glass dial scale (For Model U-127E only)	.40	31386	Core-Core and stud for coil, Stock No. 31383, 31385, and 32704	.15

MODEL U-125, Ch. RC-386

Alignment, Tuner Data

RCA MFG. CO., INC.

ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

Cathode-Ray Alignment is the preferable method. Connections for the oscillograph are shown in the chassis drawing.

Output Meter Alignment.—If this method is used, connect the meter across the voice coil, and turn the receiver volume control to maximum.

Test-Oscillator.—For all alignment operations, connect the low side of the test-oscillator to the receiver chassis, and keep the output as low as possible to avoid a-v-c action.

Calibration Scale on Indicator-Drive-Cord Drum.—The tuning dial is fastened in the cabinet and cannot be used for reference during alignment; therefore, a calibration scale is attached to the rear of the drum which is mounted on the front shaft of the gang condenser. The setting of the gang condenser is read on this scale, which is calibrated in degrees. The correct setting of the gang in degrees, for each alignment frequency, is given in the alignment table.

As the first step in r-f alignment, check the position of the drum. The 180° mark on the drum scale must be ver-

tical, and directly over the center of the gang-condenser shaft when the plates are fully meshed. The distance from the front of the chassis to the drum must not exceed $\frac{3}{8}$ inch. The drum is held to the shaft by means of two set screws, which must be tightened securely when the drum is in the correct position.

Pointer for Calibration Scale.—Improvise a pointer for the calibration scale by fastening a piece of wire to the gang-condenser frame, and bend the wire so that it points to the "180°" mark on the calibration scale when the plates are fully meshed.

Dial-Indicator Adjustment.—After fastening the chassis in the cabinet, attach the dial indicator to the drive cable with indicator at the 530 kc mark, and gang condenser fully meshed. The indicator has a spring clip for attachment to the cable.

For additional details, refer to booklet "RCA Victor Receiver Alignment."

Steps	Connect the high side of test-osc. to—	Tune test-osc. to—	Turn radio dial to—	Adjust the following for max. peak output
1	6K7 I-F grid cap, in series with .01 mfd.	455 kc	"A" band, Quiet Point between 550-750 kc	L12 and L13 (2nd I-F Trans.)
2	6A8-G det. grid cap, in series with .01 mfd.	455 kc		L10 and L11 (1st I-F Trans.)
3	Antenna Terminal, in series with 300 ohms	20 mc	20 mc (23°) "C" band	C21* (osc.) C30** (ant.)
4	Antenna Terminal, in series with 300 ohms	6 mc	6 mc (33°) "B" band	C23 (osc.)†
5	Antenna Terminal, in series with 200 mmf.	1,500 kc	1,500 kc (28½°) "A" band	C25 (osc.)
6	Follow "Adjustments for Electric Tuning"			

* Use **minimum** capacity peak if two peaks can be obtained.

** Rock gang slightly and use **maximum** capacity peak if two peaks can be obtained with C30. Check to determine that C21 has been adjusted to the correct peak by tuning to approximately 28° (19.09 mc), where a weaker signal (image) should be received.

† Use **minimum** capacity peak if two peaks can be obtained. Check to determine that C23 has been adjusted to the correct peak by tuning to approximately 51° (5.09 mc), at which point a weaker signal (image) should be received.

Note.—Oscillator tracks 455 kc above signal on all bands.

ADJUSTMENTS FOR ELECTRIC TUNING

This model has eight push-buttons. The front button is the Victrola switch. The rear button connects the gang condenser for manual tuning. The other six buttons are for electric tuning of six different stations in the standard-broadcast range. The station buttons connect to separate magnetite-core oscillator coils and separate antenna trimmers which must be adjusted for the desired stations. Use an insulated screwdriver or alignment tool such as RCA Stock No. 31031. Allow at least five minutes warm-up period before making adjustments.

Use one or two feet of wire as an antenna to ensure sharp peaking.

The procedure is as follows:

1. Make a list of the desired six stations, arranged in order from low to high frequencies.
2. Push in the dial-tuning button, and manually tune in the first station on the list.
3. Push in station button No. 1 (second from front) and adjust No. 1 oscillator core (L37) to receive this station. Screw the core all the way in, to lowest frequency, and then unscrew slowly until station is received.
4. Adjust No. 1 antenna trimmer (C36) for maximum output on this station.

Clockwise adjustment of cores and trimmers tunes the circuits to lower frequencies.

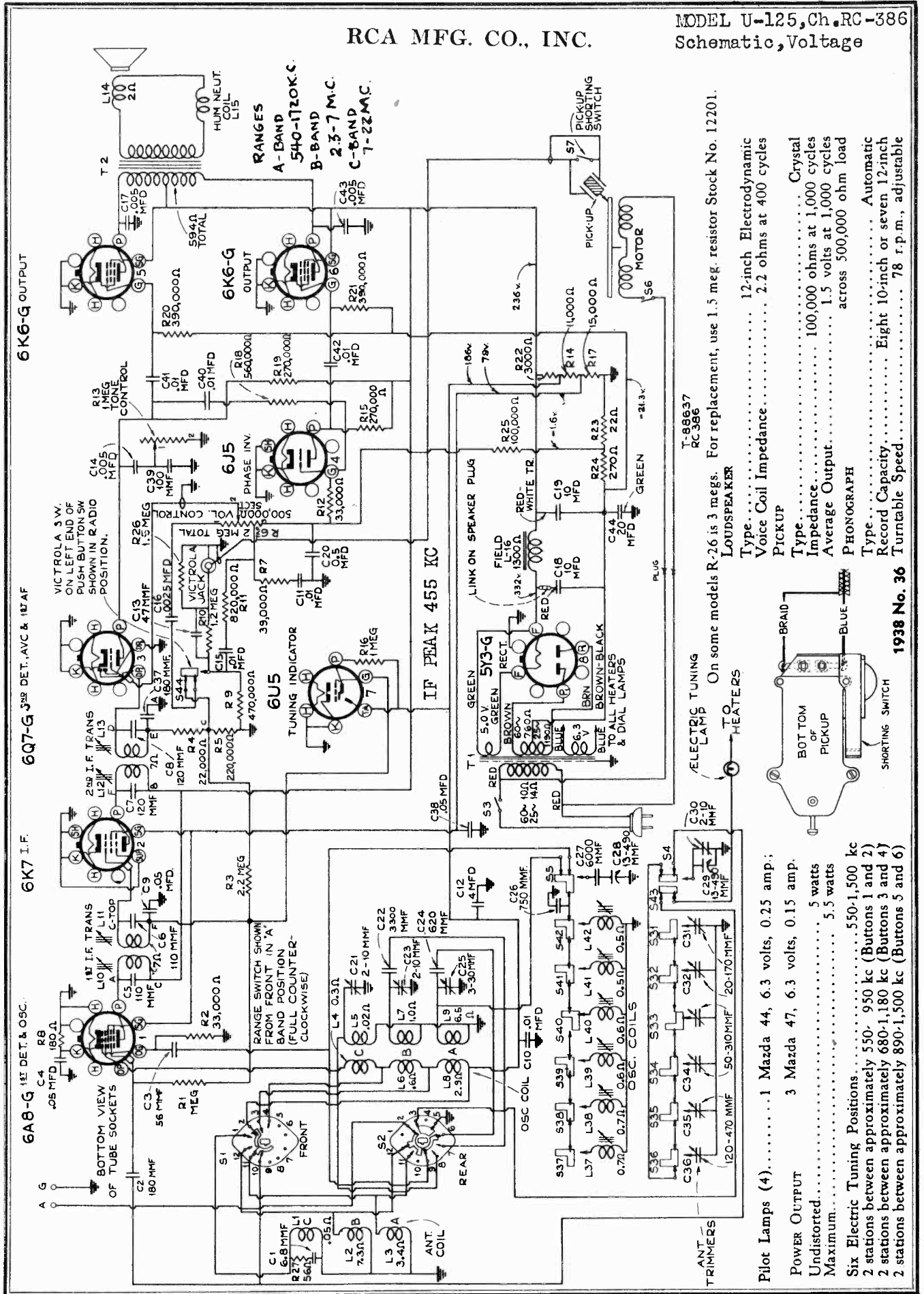
5. Adjust for each of the remaining five stations in the same manner.
6. Make a final careful adjustment of the oscillator cores and antenna trimmers.

Precautionary Lead Dress.—

1. Dress red leads from power transformer to power switch (S3), in corner of chassis and away from volume control terminals.
2. Dress brown lead from push-button switch to gang over end of switch, and away from C27 and bus between S5 and range switch.
3. Leads to C27 must be as short as possible.
4. Blue lead from range switch to oscillator coil must be as short as possible and dressed away from other leads. All leads should be dressed away from antenna coil.
5. Leads across back of chassis must be dressed under electrolytic away from Victrola jack.
6. Parts and leads should be dressed away from R22-R14 as it becomes heated.
7. Leads from oscillator coil to trimmers must be dressed away from coil.
8. Green lead from S4 to range switch must be clear of other leads and away from front edge of chassis.

RCA MFG. CO., INC.

MODEL U-125, Ch. RC-386
Schematic, Voltage



For replacement, use 1.5 meg. resistor Stock No. 12201.

T-88637
RC386

ELECTRIC TUNING LAMP

On some models R-26 is 3 megs.

LOUDSPEAKER

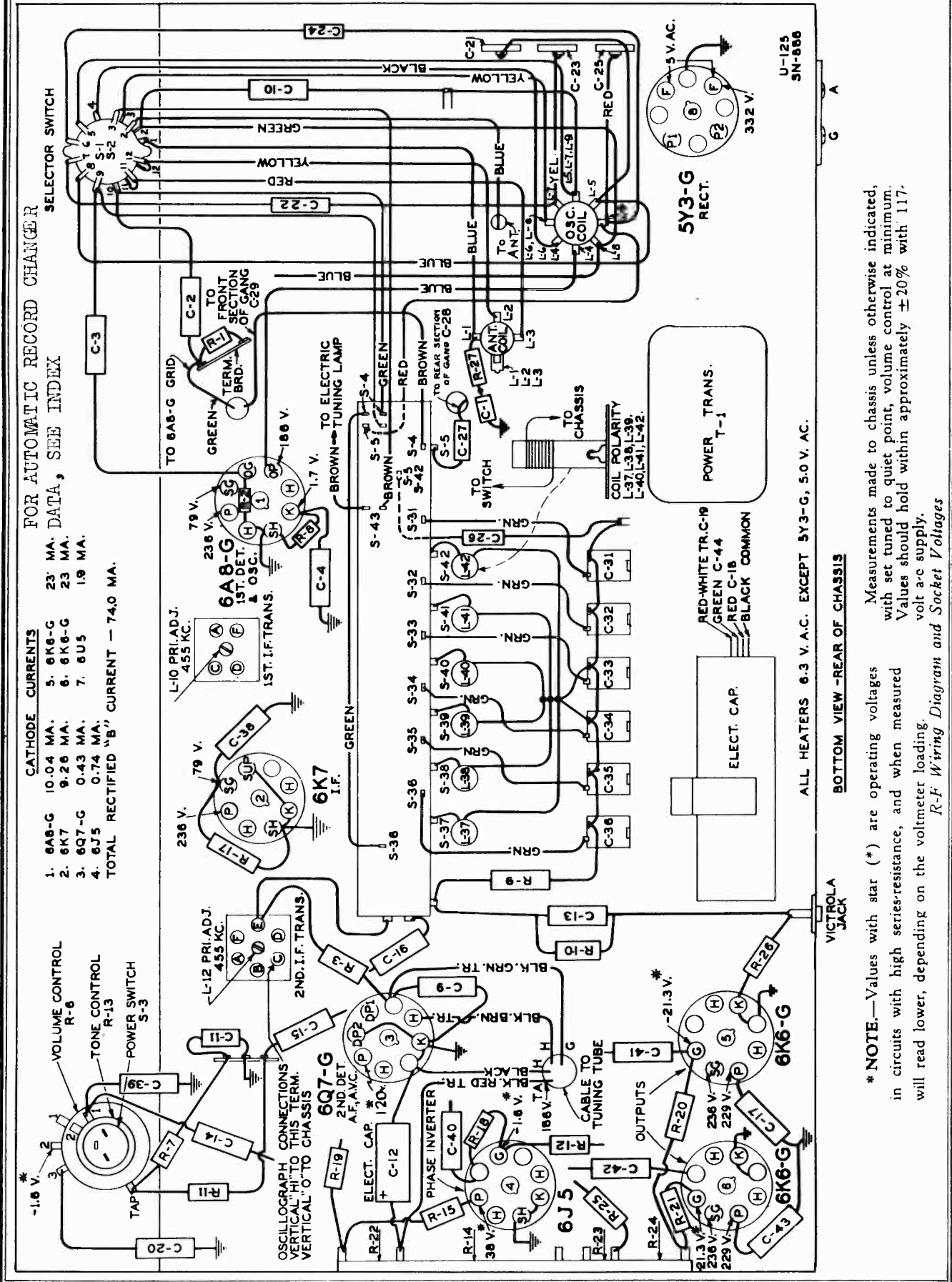
- Type..... 12-inch Electrodynamic
- Voice Coil Impedance..... 2.2 ohms at 400 cycles
- PICKUP Type..... Crystal
- Impedance..... 100,000 ohms at 1,000 cycles
- Average Output..... 1.5 volts at 1,000 cycles
- PHONOGRAPH Type..... Automatic
- Record Capacity..... Eight 10-inch or seven 12-inch
- Turntable Speed..... 78 r.p.m., adjustable

1938 No. 36

- Pilot Lamps (4)..... 1 Mazda 44, 6.3 volts, 0.25 amp.;
3 Mazda 47, 6.3 volts, 0.15 amp.
- POWER OUTPUT Undistorted..... 5 watts
- Maximum..... 5.5 watts
- Six Electric Tuning Positions..... 550-1,500 kc
- 2 stations between approximately 550- 950 kc (Buttons 1 and 2)
- 2 stations between approximately 680-1,180 kc (Buttons 3 and 4)
- 2 stations between approximately 890-1,500 kc (Buttons 5 and 6)

MODEL U-125, Ch. RC-386
Chassis Wiring, Voltage

RCA MFG. CO., INC.



RCA MFG. CO., INC.

MODEL U-125, Ch. RC-386

Parts List

REPLACEMENT PARTS

Insist on genuine factory-tested parts, which are readily identified and may be purchased from authorized dealers.

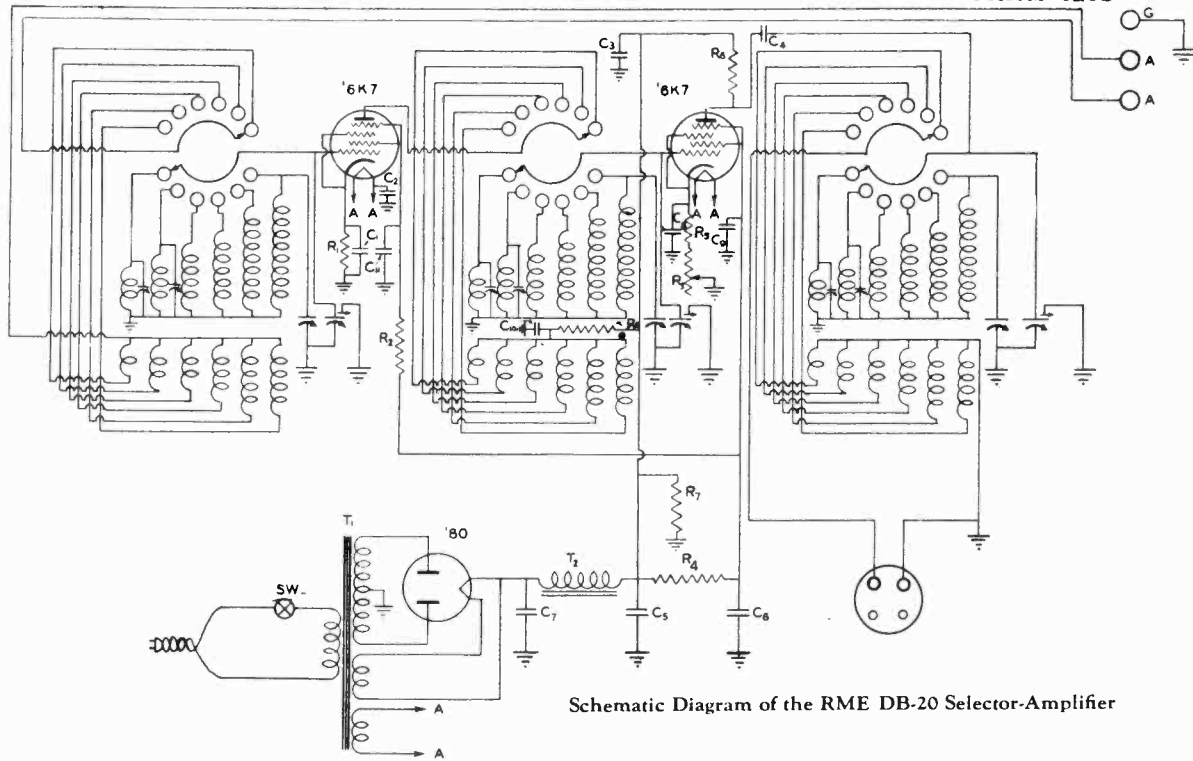
STOCK No.	DESCRIPTION	Unit List Price	STOCK No.	DESCRIPTION	Unit List Price
RECEIVER ASSEMBLIES					
14517	Board—Antenna ground terminal board	.25	14376	Transformer—First i-f transformer (L10, L11, C5, C6)	2.45
30752	Bracket—Magic Eye mounting bracket	.25	14283	Transformer—Second i-f transformer (L12, L13, C7, C8, C37, R4, R5)	3.80
31400	Capacitor—Triple adjustable trimmer two sections 2-10 mmfd., one section 3-30 mmfd. (C21, C23, C25)	.50	31445	Transformer—Power transformer 105-125 volts, 25-60 cycles (T1)	7.80
14079	Capacitor—6.8 mmfd. (C1)	.35	31446	Transformer—Power transformer 100-130/140-160/200-250 volts, 50-60 cycles (T1)	8.05
31387	Capacitor—Antenna coil trimmer capacitor bank 20-470 mmfd. (C31, C32, C33, C34, C35, C36)	1.30	32144	Transformer—Power transformer 105-125 volts, 50-60 cycles (T1)	4.75
13141	Capacitor—47 mmfd. (C13)	.35	SPEAKER ASSEMBLIES		
12723	Capacitor—56 mmfd. (C3)	.35	(RL-70H-5)		
12720	Capacitor—100 mmfd. (C39)	.35	13866	Cap—Dust cap for cone center	.03
14262	Capacitor—110 mmfd. (C5, C6)	.30	12012	Coil—Field coil (L16)	2.90
12404	Capacitor—120 mmfd. (C7, C8)	.30	11469	Coil—Neutralizing coil (L15)	.30
13003	Capacitor—180 mmfd. (C2)	.35	31275	Cone—Speaker cone and voice coil (L14)	1.75
14712	Capacitor—180 mmfd. (C37)	.30	31539	Plug—5-contact male plug for speaker	.25
31381	Capacitor—620 mmfd. (C24)	.45	32146	Speaker complete	12.10
31435	Capacitor—750 mmfd. (C26)	.40	14534	Transformer—Output transformer (T2)	3.85
4881	Capacitor—3,300 mmfd. (C22)	.70	14357	Washer—Spring washer to hold field coil securely	.06
31405	Capacitor—6,000 mmfd. (C27)	.85	MOTORBOARD ASSEMBLIES		
5107	Capacitor—.0025 mfd. (C16)	.20	Base—Tone arm mounting base		
4838	Capacitor—.005 mfd. (C14, C17, C43)	.25	31149	Board—Record changer base complete with all welded and riveted posts and bearings—less all operating parts	.35
4858	Capacitor—.01 mfd. (C10, C40, C41, C42)	.25	31152	Bumper—Main lever rubber bumper (1)	.08
14393	Capacitor—.01 mfd. (C11, C15)	.30	9848	Cup—Used needle cup, rest, and lid complete	.75
30882	Capacitor—.05 mfd. (C4, C9, C38)	.20	31148	Escutcheon—Index escutcheon	.40
30867	Capacitor—.05 mfd. (C20)	.30	31151	Guide—Pickup lift cable guide (Coil spring, 80T 2-in. large) (2)	.10
32145	Capacitor—.4 mfd. (C12)	.70	31150	Mounting—Pickup arm base rubber mounting complete	.45
32142	Capacitor—Comprising two 10 mfd., one 20 mfd. sections (C18, C19, C44)	1.90	31155	Spring—Needle cup lid tension spring	.04
31382	Clip—Oscillator coil and core mounting clip	.04	OPERATING MECHANISM		
31402	Coil—Antenna coil—A, B, and C bands (L1, L2, L3)	1.15	31134	Bracket—Pickup locating lever mounting bracket (3)	.30
31401	Coil—Oscillator coil—A, B, and C bands (L4, L5, L6, L7, L8, L9)	2.00	31144	Cam—Cam and gear assembly (4)	2.80
31383	Coil—Oscillator coil—A band (L41, L42)	.30	6808	Clutch—Trip lever friction clutch assembly (5)	.35
31384	Coil—Oscillator coil—A band (L39, L40)	.30	31146	Coupling—Motor coupling complete with turntable drive gear, rubber strips, motor coupling, and drive arm (6)	1.80
31385	Coil—Oscillator coil—A band (L37, L38)	.30	31129	Cover—Cap for top of record post	.45
31369	Condenser—2-gang variable tuning condenser (C28, C29, C30)	2.85	31116	Finger—Trip lever frict on finger assembly (7)	.45
31366	Control—Volume control, tone control, and on-off switch (R8, R13, S3)	3.00	31119	Gear—Long arm and rack gear for front left-hand record post (8)	.60
31375	Cord—Indicator pointer drive cord	.30	31120	Gear—Short arm and rack gear for rear right-hand record post (9)	.55
31374	Cord—Variable condenser drum drive cord	.15	31121	Gear—Record post gear (10)	.90
30905	Core—Adjustable core and stud for i-f transformer	.35	31123	Guide—Main lever spring guide (11)	.40
31386	Core—Adjustable core and stud for oscillator coil, Stock Nos. 31383, 31384, and 31385	.15	31114	Lever—Index lever assembly (12)	.75
31372	Drum—Variable condenser drive cord drum and calibration dial	.65	31137	Lever—Index lever tension spring lever (13)	.30
11891	Lamp—Phono, compartment lamp	.17	31138	Lever—Locating lever and pawl assembly (14)	.70
31480	Lamp—Dial and "Electric Tuning" lamp	.20	31113	Lever—Main lever assembly (15)	1.35
30868	Plug—2-contact female plug for motor cable	.35	31140	Lever—Pickup lift cable lever and spring assembly (16)	.55
5040	Plug—4-contact female plug for speaker cable	.30	31135	Lever—Pickup locating lever assembly (17)	.85
31373	Pulley—Drive cord pulley	.08	31130	Lever—Record separator elevating lever complete with adjustment screws (18)	.80
32143	Resistor—Voltage divider comprising one 11,000-ohm, one 3,000-ohm, one 22-ohm, and one 270-ohm sections (R14, R22, R23, R24)	.90	31132	Lever—Trip detaining lever (19)	.30
13220	Resistor—56 ohms, 1/2-watt (R27)	.20	31115	Lever—Trip lever assembly (20)	1.85
30545	Resistor—180 ohms, 1/2-watt (R8)	.22	31131	Lever—Trip regulator lever (21)	.25
5114	Resistor—15,000 ohms, 1-watt (R17)	.20	31133	Pawl—Trip pawl assembly (22)	.80
14284	Resistor—22,000 ohms, 1/10-watt (R4)	.15	31124	Pin—Record post drive pin (23)	.04
12454	Resistor—33,000 ohms, 1/2-watt (R2, R12)	.20	14207	Roller—Pickup lift cable roller and bracket assembly (24)	.55
12266	Resistor—39,000 ohms, 1/2-watt (R7)	.20	31118	Screw—Cone pointed set screw for trip lever hub or record post shelf	.06
14560	Resistor—100,000 ohms, 1/2-watt (R25)	.20	4563	Screw—Pickup lift cable screw and nuts	.04
11398	Resistor—220,000 ohms, 1/10-watt (R5)	.15	14195	Screw—Set screw for flexible coupling	.05
12199	Resistor—270,000 ohms, 1/2-watt (R15, R19)	.20	31117	Screw—Special screw to adjust friction clutch tension	.03
13479	Resistor—390,000 ohms, 1/2-watt (R20, R21)	.20	31126	Separator—Record separator knife (25)	.75
12285	Resistor—470,000 ohms, 1/2-watt (R9)	.20	31122	Shaft—Record separator post shaft (26)	.40
12486	Resistor—560,000 ohms, 1/2-watt (R18)	.20	31125	Shaft—Record post shelf assembly (27)	1.20
30963	Resistor—820,000 ohms, 1/2-watt (R11)	.20	31141	Spindle—Turntable spindle shaft and spring	1.40
12013	Resistor—1 meg., 1/10-watt (R16)	.15	30776	Spring—Cam pawl tension spring on main gear (12 turns, .190-in. O.D., 43/64-in. lg.)	.04
13730	Resistor—1 meg., 1/2-watt (R1)	.20	14190	Spring—Pickup locating lever short spring or locating lever pawl tension spring (28) (16 turns, .180-in. O.D., 19/32-in. lg.)	.08
30208	Resistor—1.2 meg., 1/2-watt (R10)	.20	31145	Spring—Main lever tension spring (29) (18 turns, 9/16-in. O.D., 3-in. lg.)	.05
12201	Resistor—1.5 meg., 1/2-watt (R26)	.20	31136	Spring—Index lever tension spring (30) (25 turns, .190-in. O.D., 15/16-in. lg.)	.05
12679	Resistor—2.2 meg., 1/2-watt (R3)	.20	3666	Spring—Pickup lift cable tension spring (31) (20 turns, .195-in. O.D., 1-in. lg.)	.04
14343	Retainer—Retaining spring for station selector knob shaft	.03	31127	Spring—Record separator pressure spring (32) (8 turns, 3/4-in. O.D., 3-in. lg.)	.02
14887	Retainer—Drive cord pulley retainer	.01	14191	Spring—Trip detaining lever tension spring (33) (15 turns, .190-in. O.D., 3/4-in. lg.)	.04
4669	Screw—No. 8-32 square head set screw for drum, Stock No. 31372	.03	31875	Spring—Pickup locating lever tension spring (34) (14 turns, .220-in. O.D., 27/32-in. lg.)	.04
31368	Shaft—Station selector knob shaft and pulley	.30			
3682	Shield—Tube shield	.22			
30868	Socket—2-contact female socket for motor power cable	.35			
12493	Socket—5-contact female socket for speaker cable	.30			
13871	Socket—Magic Eye socket	.45			
14278	Socket—Pickup input socket	.25			
31251	Socket—Tube socket	.25			
31418	Spring—Indicator or drum drive cord tension spring	.05			
31398	Switch—Range switch (S1, S2)	1.25			
31370	Switch—Station selector push-button switch (S4, S5, S31, S32, S33, S34, S35, S36, S37, S38, S39, S40, S41, S42, S43, S44)	3.85			

ALL PRICES ARE SUBJECT TO CHANGE OR WITHDRAWAL WITHOUT NOTICE

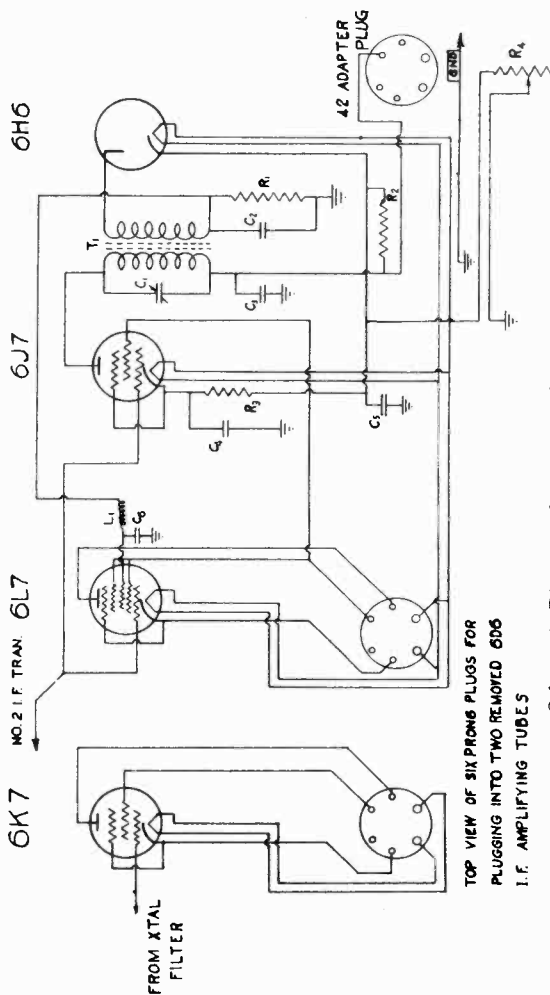
MODEL RME DB-20
Amplifier Schematic

RADIO MFG. ENGINEERS, INC.

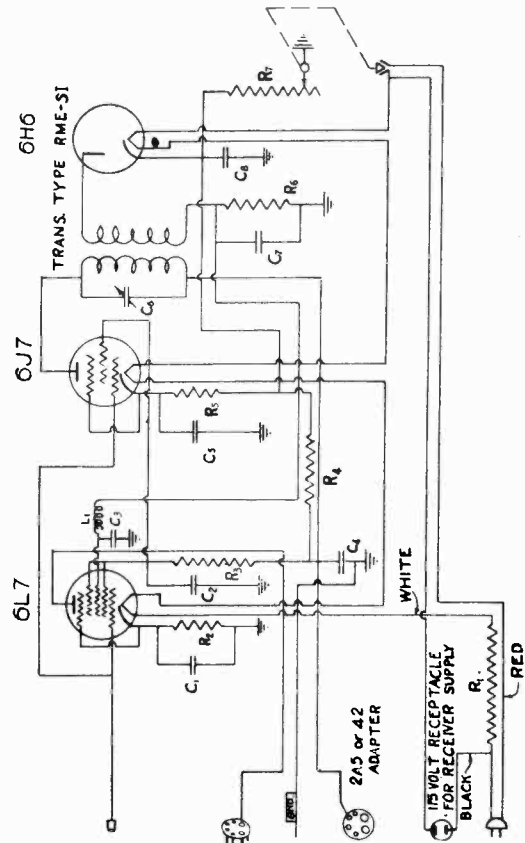
MODEL RME LS-1
MODEL RME LS-2
Noise Suppressors
Schematics



Schematic Diagram of the RME DB-20 Selector-Amplifier



Schematic Diagram of the RME LS-1 Noise Suppressor



Schematic Diagram of the RME LS-2 Noise Suppressor

MODEL RME 69
 Socket, Trimmers
 Controls

RADIO MFG. ENGINEERS, INC.

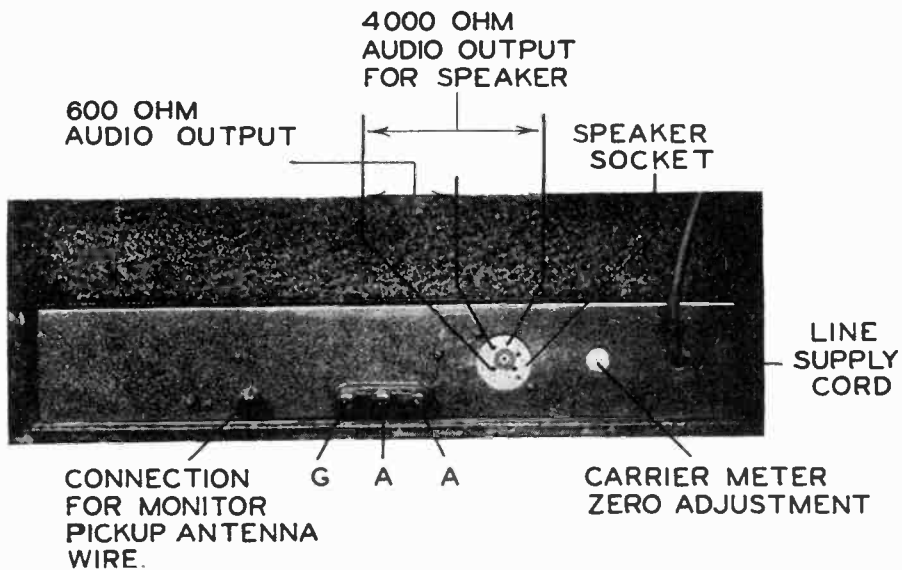


FIG. 3

FOR SCHEMATIC SEE VOLUME VII.

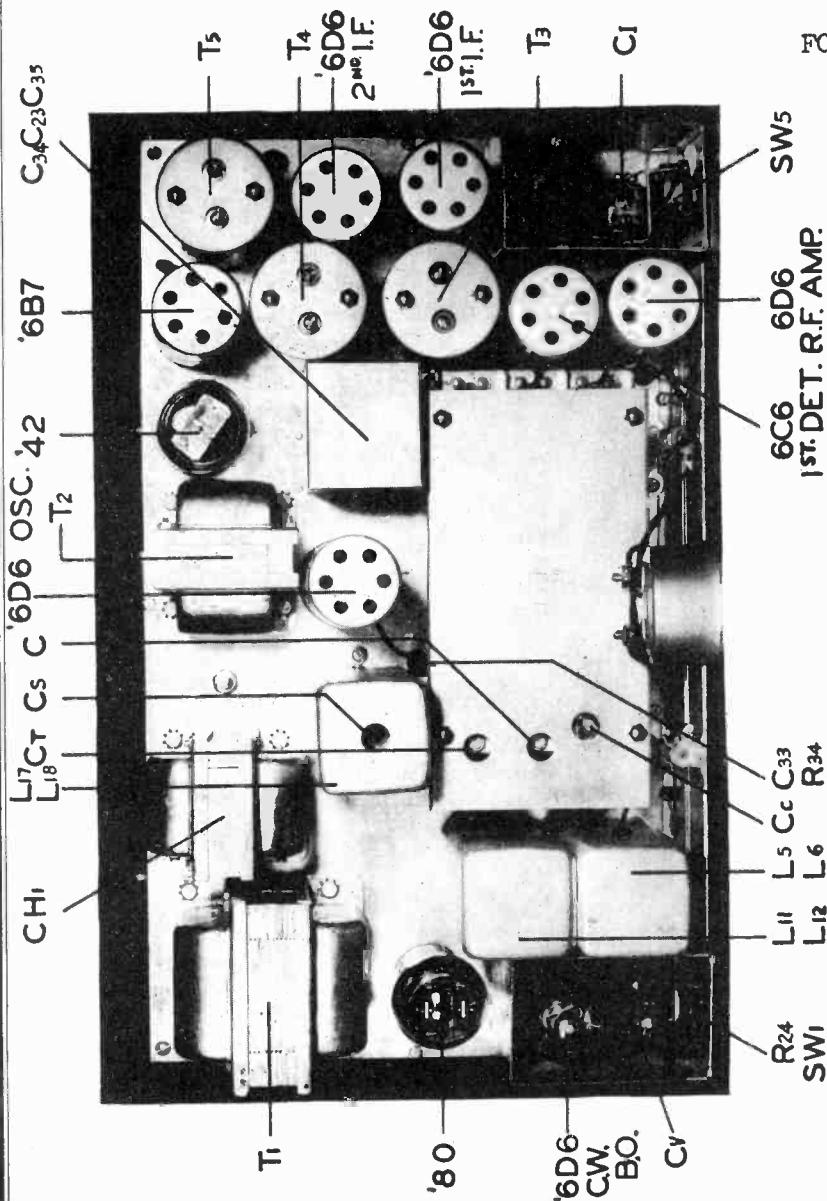


FIG. 4

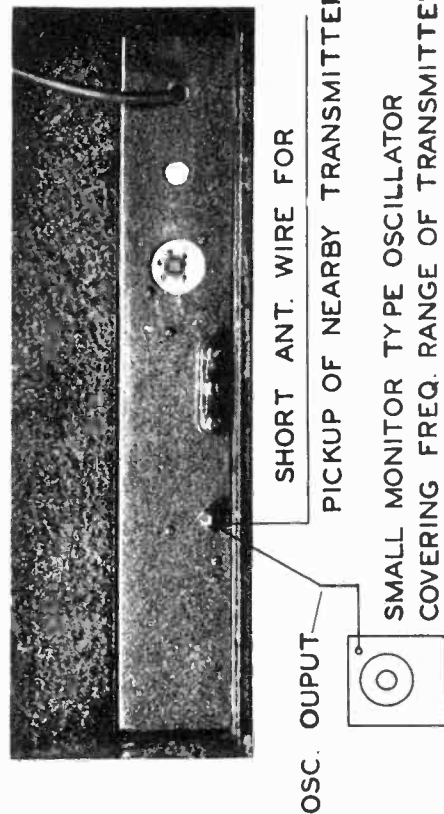


FIG. 6

RADIO MFG. ENGINEERS, INC.

MODEL RME 69
Chassis, Trimmers
Panel View

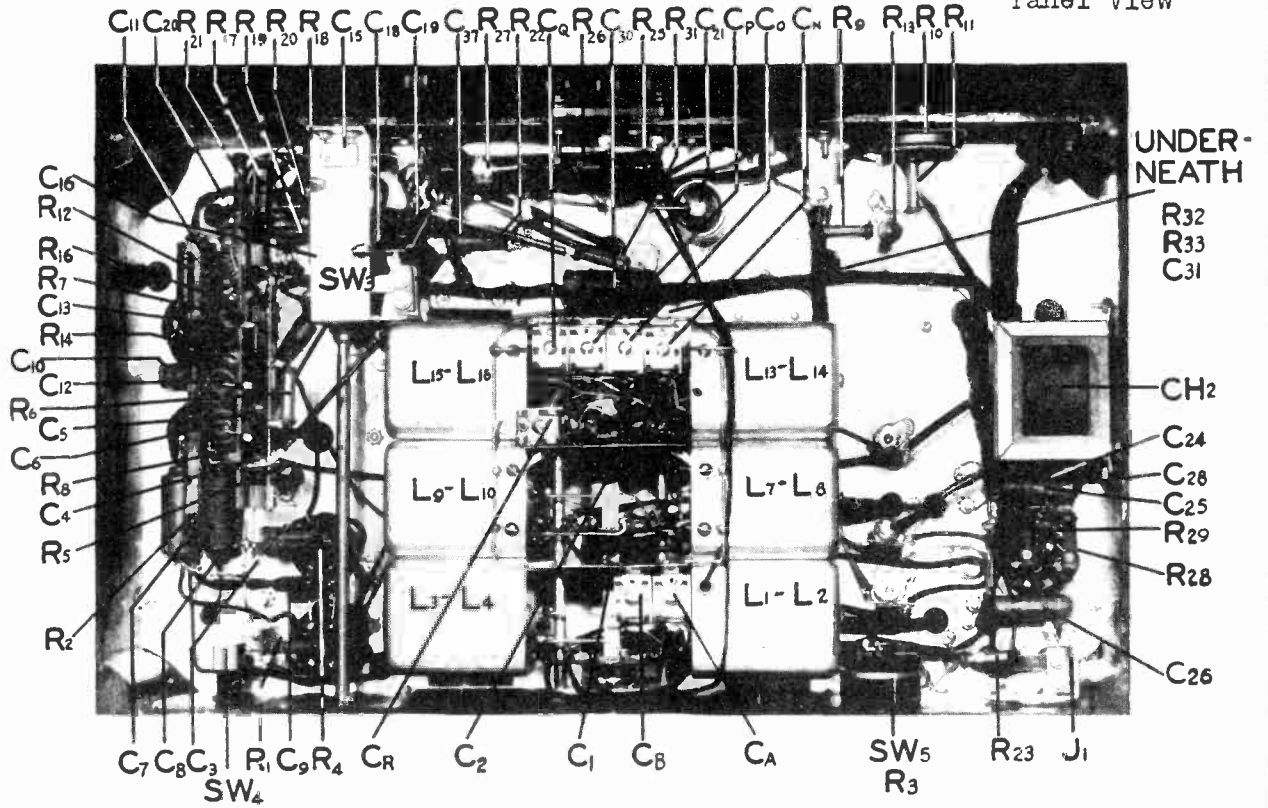


Fig. 11A

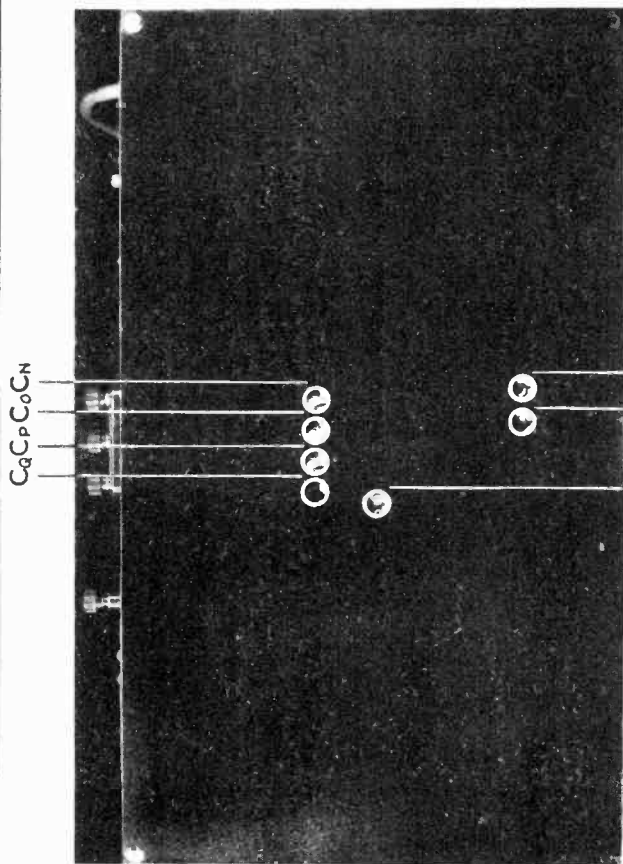


Fig. 11B

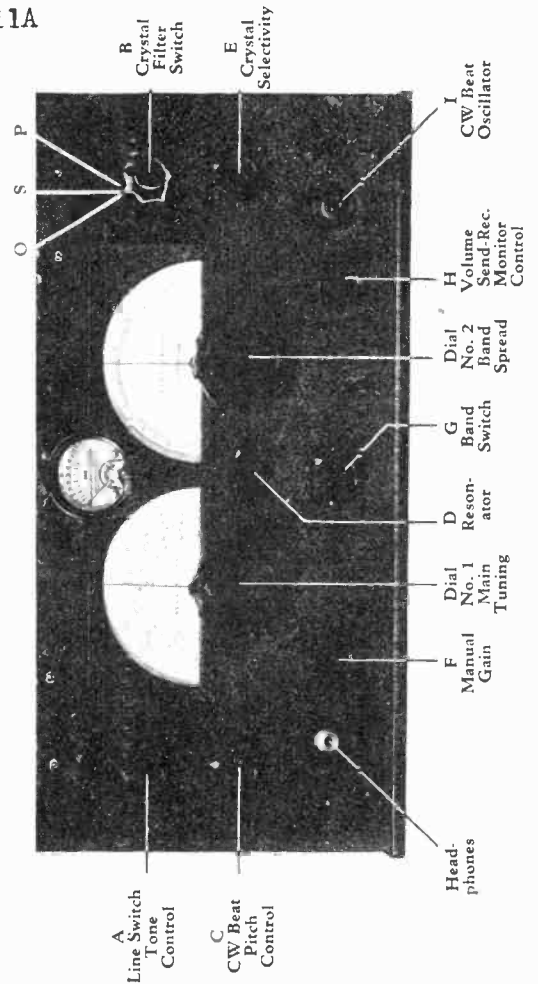


Fig. 2A. Front Panel Layout of the Standard RME-69, AC Model.

MODEL RME 69

Alignment
Part 1

RADIO MFG. ENGINEERS, INC.

receiver in which is installed a quartz filter. It is therefore better if no test oscillator is had, since a broadcast station of constant signal strength will furnish adequate test signal for alignment of the intermediate frequency amplifier, using the quartz filter for establishing the proper IF frequency as indicated in the following procedure.

The meter on the RME-69 receiver affords an excellent method of indicating the peak alignment of each of the transformers. The location of the three intermediate frequency amplifier transformers, T-3, T-4, and T-5 is given on Figure 4 of the illustrated sheet attached. The two padding condensers located in each of these transformers and accessible through apertures in the top of the shields can also be seen.

OUTLINE OF PROCEDURE FOR CORRECT ALIGNMENT OF THE INTERMEDIATE FREQUENCY AMPLIFIER TRANSFORMERS OF THE RME-69 RECEIVER.

The intermediate frequency amplifiers in the RME-69 Receiver are designed for a frequency of 465 KC. Since these receivers are always supplied with a quartz crystal filter, it is essential that the intermediate frequency amplifier transformers be accurately aligned with the crystal frequency. Crystals are supplied in frequencies slightly at variance from the above stated value of intermediate frequency by an amount not greater than one kilocycle plus or minus 465 KC. Rather therefore than align the intermediate frequency amplifier stages of the RME-69 to a set frequency of 465, it is essential that the alignment be done in conjunction with the quartz filter so that alignment of the intermediate frequency amplifier is achieved at the frequency of the filter. This is done as follows and when the process as herein outlined is followed accurately, maximum results will be obtained. The use of any other process of a general type will produce inferior results.

The first step in the alignment procedure is to tune in a broadcast station, preferably in the low frequency portion of the broadcast band. The signal should be one of medium signal strength so that the R meter indicates a signal level of R9 or slightly less. If no station of this amplitude is available but a stronger station is available, a reduction in the efficiency of the antenna by the connection of a short wire to the antenna post may help to bring the signal strength as indicated down to R9. Usually between 550 and 600 KC in most any territory a station can be received at most any time for this test and adjustment.

When the station has been chosen, let us assume that its frequency is 700 KC, the next step is to slightly detune the main tuning control so that the frequency reads approximately 715 or 720 KC. This of course will tune the station out. It does not necessarily have to be the frequency mentioned or the exact frequency of detune, but the general procedure is to tune the main tuning control slightly higher than the chosen station so that it may be brought back to resonance by decreasing the scale reading of the band-spread control. This is done merely to provide vernier tuning.

With the station chosen and resonated on the band-spread scale, the crystal filter is switched to the series position which is the middle position of the three available. The band-spread scale is then adjusted with respect to the signal so

SERVICE NOTES FOR THE RME-69 RECEIVER

ALIGNMENT

One of the first evidences of misalignment in a receiver is low over-all gain of the receiver. In the RME-69 Receiver this is evidenced by low meter readings on signals which were formerly capable of producing higher meter readings. Due to the tremendous gain available in the audio system of the RME-69 Receiver, a misalignment due to loss of gain may not be noticed if the condition of the receiver is judged by audio output, since it may be possible to turn the volume control to the maximum output position and still obtain high values of audio output. Misalignment, however, does not affect the circuits of the audio amplifier and has solely to do with the intermediate frequency amplifier and, to some extent, the radio frequency amplifiers. Principal among the contributions to low gain is the part which the intermediate frequency amplifier plays in providing over-all sensitivity and selectivity of a satisfactory order.

Misalignment of the radio frequency section (principally that part of the section which is made up of the high frequency oscillator) is the control of the receiver calibration. This also is susceptible to certain outside influences which can cause variations to such a degree that the stated calibration of the receiver is changed to other values. However, this effect is not a common effect and usually the calibration of the receiver, unless tampered with by inexperienced hands, will remain very close to its stated value indefinitely.

This loss of gain when occurring in the radio frequency section of the receiver is usually due to the fact that the oscillator has been grossly misaligned so that it is apparent in the frequency calibration of the receiver. In other words, it might well be said that a loss of sensitivity in the receiver occurring simultaneously with a wide-spread condition of off calibration might indicate the fact that the loss of gain is caused by misalignment of the radio frequency section of the receiver.

On the other hand, if the gain of the receiver is low, but the calibration is correct, it might be said without hesitation that the most probable cause for the low gain is the misalignment of the intermediate frequency amplifiers relative to the trimming condensers of the intermediate frequency amplifier transformers.

It is for the purpose of realignment of these intermediate frequency transformers that the following test procedure is outlined. **IMPORTANT NOTE.** It is essential that the 465 KC intermediate signal which is used for realignment of the intermediate frequency amplifier is not set according to any arbitrary calibration on the test oscillator itself since it has been found that commercial test oscillators for service work vary considerably, at least to an extent which will not permit proper alignment of a communication type

RADIO MFG. ENGINEERS, INC.

station, preferably on the low frequency end of Band 1. Then tune the main tuning control slightly to the high frequency side of it, say 10 KC or more higher in frequency than the selected station.

Then resonate the station again by means of the band-spread control. Next set the crystal switch to the series position as indicated on Figure 2A by the position "S" on control "B". Now vary the band-spread control as may be required to produce peak reading of the signal on the R meter by resonating with the crystal resonance peak.

With this setting achieved, vary the dial Number 1 slightly higher and slightly lower by five kilocycles as can be approximated by the calibration of the dial (one half division each way since one division is representative of 10 kilocycles) and notice the drop in the R meter reading. The drop so achieved by varying the setting of Dial 1 five kilocycles above and below the selected signal should be productive of an R meter drop of 40 db. or greater. In other words, if the signal when resonated produces an R meter reading of 60 db. on the R meter scale, setting the dial Number 1 five kilocycles higher in frequency than the frequency of the signal being used should make the R meter fall to 20 db. or less. Similarly, setting the dial Number 1 five kilocycles lower in frequency than the station being used, the R meter should again fall from 60 db. on the scale to 20 db. or less. Should it fail to do this, the phasing condenser (C-1, Figure 4) should be adjusted and a test made as just described by five kilocycle above and below adjustment of Dial 1 until the proper variation in the R meter is achieved.

It will be found that the condenser C-1 will usually run at a very low value of capacity, very close to its minimum capacity adjustment. Therefore only slight turning of this condenser will be productive of changes which materially affect the attenuation of the crystal filter. It is usually found that this condenser is not required to be adjusted since it holds its setting very well over long periods of time. The procedure just outlined gives the proper method for checking the phasing and adjusting when necessary.

ALIGNMENT OF RADIO FREQUENCY SECTION OF THE RME-69 RECEIVER

Alignment of the radio frequency section of the receiver will affect principally the calibration of the receiver. Within certain limits this of course will also affect the sensitivity. A small variation in frequency (up to 2%) will not materially reduce the sensitivity of the receiver although they of course will show up as variations in the calibration as indicated by the required setting of the main tuning dial indicator. Correction for any variation in calibration can be made by following the suggestions outlined below.

Band 1 includes the frequencies between 550 and 1500 KC. For band one there are two frequency adjustments for adjusting the indicator to proper calibration. One of these, Cs, is adjusted as indicated on Figure 4 through the top of the shield can just in the rear of the main tuning condenser assembly. Just in front of this aperture and on the main tuning condenser assembly is Ct which is used to adjust the

that a maximum motor reading is obtained. This procedure is one which requires patience and accuracy of adjustment since the receiver is ultra sharp with the crystal filter in and there will be one definitely sharp peak indicating crystal resonance. The receiver should be tuned to this peak and left on it during all adjustments to be made regarding the intermediate frequency amplifier.

When this peak has been tuned to and the meter is at maximum reading, a small standard intermediate frequency trimmer tool of the insulated screw-driver type should be used. Then the control "E", Figure 2A, should be set so that the condenser it adjusts is set at 50% mesh. Then, without particular attention to a course of procedure in tuning, any transformer may be adjusted at any particular time, the important factor being that they all be adjusted so that the R meter is brought to and left at a maximum motor reading. Usually this adjustment will not require very much turning of the adjustment screws. A good procedure to follow is to start with the No. 1 transformer and align in sequence No. 2 and No. 3. All adjustments should be made as before mentioned so that the motor reading is maximum.

It is advisable from time to time to make sure that the signal is still adjusted to peak resonance of the crystal by slightly varying the adjustment of the band-spread control. When this procedure has been completed as outlined and all transformers have been adjusted and left at maximum motor reading, the intermediate frequency amplifier of the receiver is in peak adjustment and the crystal aligned with it for maximum effectiveness in filter action.

RME-69 RECEIVER INTERMEDIATE FREQUENCY
AMPLIFIER ALIGNMENT WITH SILENCER INSTALLED

The general procedure for alignment of the intermediate frequency amplifier as described above also applies to receivers in which the IS-1 silencer has been installed. Preliminary adjustment as above described should be made with the silencer threshold control set at maximum clockwise position, of rotation. When the intermediate frequency transformer has been aligned as outlined, the silencer transformer may be peaked by turning the band switch to No. 6 band on the receiver and tuning in and resonating the frequency band around 30 megacycles so that the receiver is sensitive at that point. Then under conditions of automobile ignition interference the silencer control should be set to maximum counter-clockwise rotation position and the small screw accessible through the hole in the noise rectifier transformer located on the silencer auxiliary chassis should be adjusted for a minimum response, of the interference noise. This insures accurate alignment of the noise amplifying system with that of the intermediate frequency, a condition which must necessarily exist for efficient silencer action.

After the intermediate frequency amplifier has been aligned as per the instructions under the article concerning intermediate frequency transformer alignment, a check of the phasing of the crystal filter should be made. Tune in a broadcast

MODEL RME 69

Alignment, Part 3

RADIO MFG. ENGINEERS, INC.

Band 2: 2 megacycles and 3 megacycles.
 Band 3: 4 megacycles, 5 megacycles, 6 megacycles.
 Band 4: 7 megacycles, 9 megacycles, 11 megacycles,
 13 megacycles.
 Band 5: 14 megacycles, 15 megacycles, 17 megacycles.
 Band 6: 30 megacycles.

After the calibration has been made accurately on all of the frequencies, or if the receiver has been found to be accurately set insofar as its calibration is concerned on all frequencies, the trimmers C_b and C_a have a distinct effect upon the RF grid circuits for bands 5 and 6 respectively. They are adjusted as follows: With a steady incoming signal on between 14 and 15 megacycles and the most effective setting of the control "D" for signal in that region, and with the antenna connected, the condenser C_b is adjusted for maximum meter reading. With these same conditions existing on 30 megacycles, with the band switch set on band 6 and the antenna connected, C_a is adjusted for maximum response on a given steady signal. All other trimming and adjusting is done manually by means of control "D", Figure 2-A, and is a variable RF amplifier and detector grid padder which can be critically adjusted for peak resonance at any frequency it is desired to tune to.

It is of importance to note the setting of the condenser C_c (Figure 4). This is the antenna coupling condenser used when the receiver is set to Band 1. It as well as condenser "C" (Figure 4) should be set to practically its minimum capacity in order to provide constant alignment and proper coupling to the antenna when using Band 1. Excessive capacity in the condenser C_c will cause misalignment of the RF amplifier and hence promiscuous beating of harmonically related broadcast frequencies to the effect that a number of whistling tones will be received on the high frequency end of the broadcast band. Excessive capacity on C will somewhat contribute to the same result but will, more than that, reduce the sensitivity on the broadcast band. When the receiver leaves the factory, they are set at a very small capacity and should not be set at any other capacity or material reduction in the efficiency of operation will be produced.

Whenever the receiver is gone over for alignment, it is well to remove the dust cover from the condenser assembly and inspect the permanence of position of the rotor plates of the ganged condenser controlled by the knob "D". This is located between the two main variable condensers and is located underneath the dust cover which is removable by unscrewing the four acorn nuts holding it down on the condenser assembly. Some times the rotors become loosened and misplaced angularly with respect to each other. They should always be adjusted so that the rotors are at full mesh at the same time. Any slight angular displacement of one rotor with respect to the other will materially reduce the sensitivity of the receiver and destroy the preselection, thereby reducing the image frequency rejection and also the sensitivity, especially on the high frequency bands.

The padders C_b and C_a (Figure 11-B) materially contribute to the image signal rejection on the bands 5 and 6. Special care should therefore be taken in the adjustment of these condensers when the receiver is aligned.

frequency for the high frequency end of Band 1. The procedure is this: Put the main tuning indicator to a position so that the main tuning condensers are fully meshed. The pointer of the main tuning control should then be set at maximum left end of scale so that the pointer falls just below the line above the numbers indicating the various channels. In this respect it will partially cover the top half of the numerals indicating the different tuning bands on this scale. In other words, the line which borders the semi-circular scale at the extreme counter-clockwise position should rest on the top edge of the pointer as it is turned to maximum counter-clockwise rotation and the condenser plates are at full mesh.

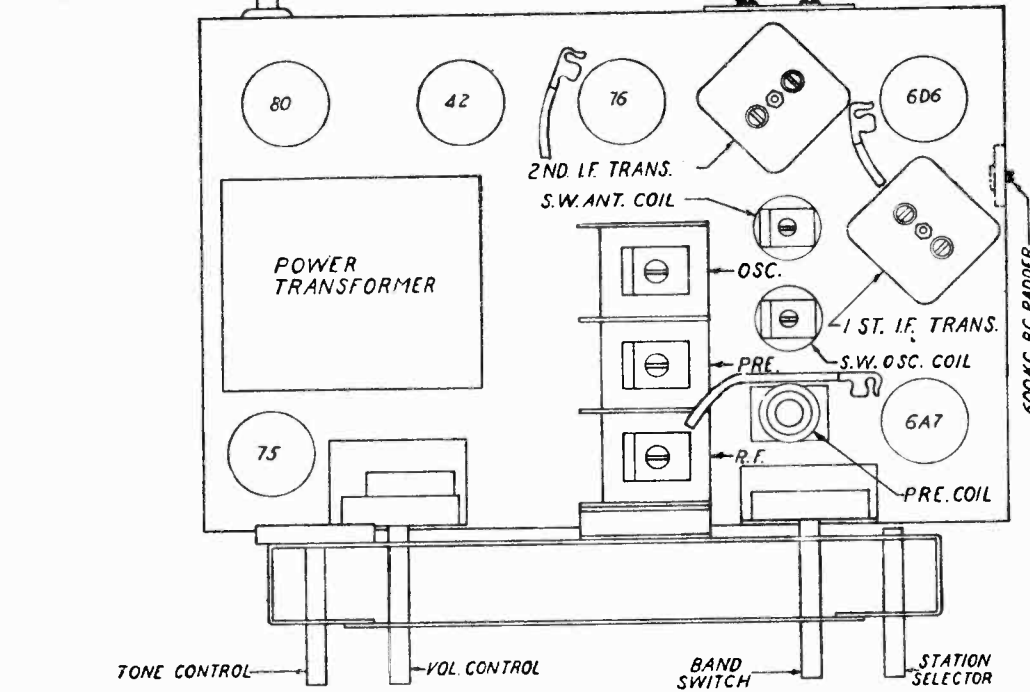
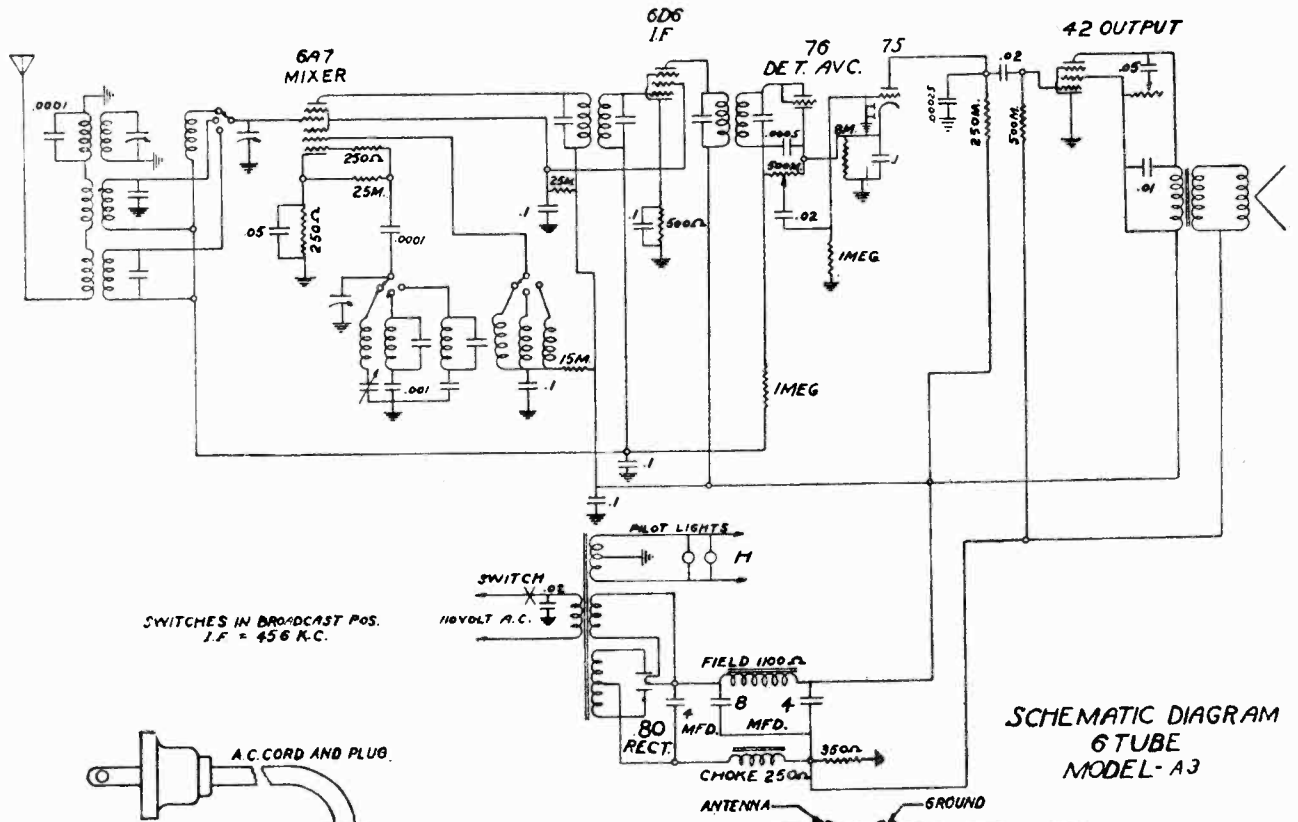
The next step is to choose a station or a signal of accurately known frequency, around 700 KC, and set the main indicator to the frequency of the signal which is going to be used for the test. For example: There is a station available with fairly good signal strength or a test oscillator is available which can ACCURATELY be set at 700 KC. If the receiver indicator on the main tuning dial is set at 700, and the receiver is considerably out of calibration of course the signal will not be received. However, leave the indicator at the correct frequency of the signal being used for the test and set the band-spread control to a reading of 180 on the dial at which position it has no material effect on the tuning circuits of the receiver and permits the calibration of the main tuning dial to indicate accurately the frequency of setting.

Then by means of condenser C_a (Figure 4) accessible through the trimming hole in the oscillator shield can for Band 1, adjust until the signal is brought in with the pointer set at the proper frequency. Then choose a signal at about 1200 or 1300 kilocycles, and set the main tuning dial indicator to the correct frequency for that signal and bring the signal in on that setting with trimmer C_t . It will then be necessary to return to the former frequency setting of 700 KC to make sure that the variation of C_t has not made some slight change in the setting for the lower frequency calibration point and it may be necessary to readjust C_a slightly again. Then in order to make certain of the accuracy of both settings return to the frequency chosen between 1200 and 1300 KC and if necessary, slightly readjust C_t again. After several checks on each frequency, it will be found that the calibration can be made satisfactorily.

Calibrations on the higher frequency bands are controlled for Bands 2, 3, 4, 5, and 6 by the trimmers C_r , C_q , C_p , C_o , C_n , (Figure 11-B) respectively. High side beat is used on all frequencies in the RME-69 Receiver which means that all of the condensers C_r , C_q , C_p , C_o , C_n , must be set to the lowest capacity setting which will provide a beat and the proper calibration for the frequencies in the respective bands. Calibration frequencies used are as follows:

RADIO PRODUCTS CORP.

MODEL A3
Schematic, Socket
Trimmers, Alignment



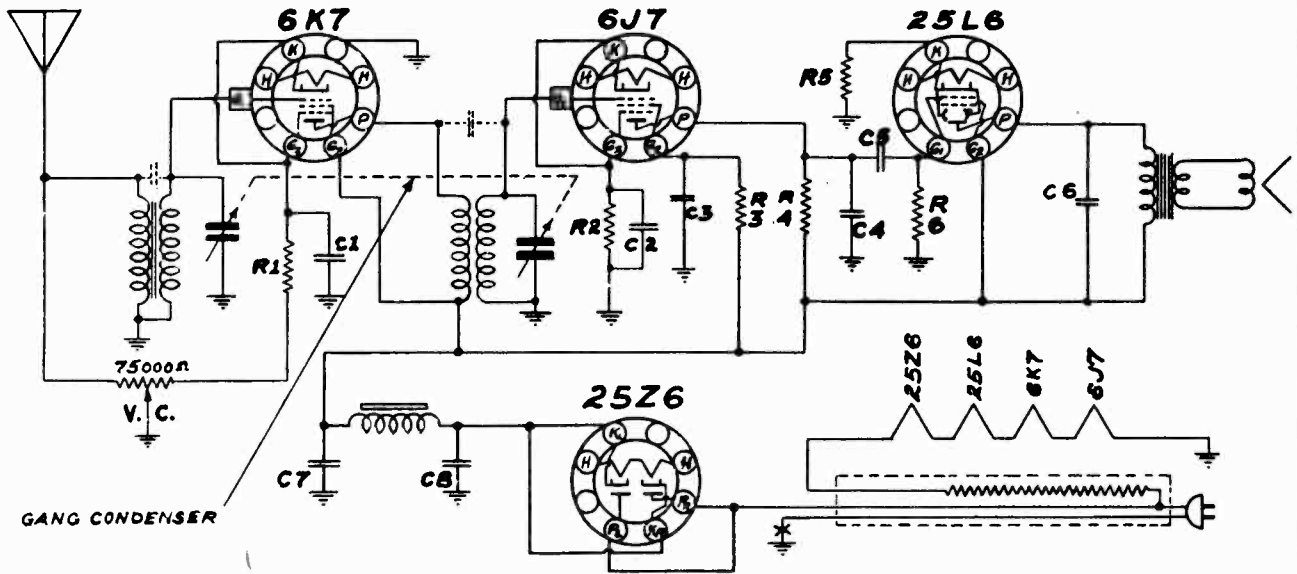
CONVENTIONAL ALIGNMENT - SEE SPECIAL SECTION VOLUME VIII.

FREQUENCY RANGES AND ALIGNMENT FREQUENCIES;

BROADCAST - 540 to 1700 KC - Adjust the OSC, RF and ANT. to maximum peak of 1400 KC, then pad the oscillator circuit at 600 KC while rooking gang condenser.
 SHORT WAVE - 5800 to 15200 KC - Adjust the OSC and ANT. trimmers to maximum peak of 14000 KC. No padding required.
 POLICE - 1700 to 5000 KC - Adjust the ANT. coil trimmer to a maximum peak of 4000 KC. No other adjustments are required.

MODEL 4H
Schematic, Socket
Trimmers, Alignment

RADIO PRODUCTS CORP.



CAPACITORS

NO	MFD.	TYPE	NO	MFD.	TYPE
C1	.1	200V.	C5	.01	400V.
C2	.25	200V.	C6	.02	400V.
C3	.1	200V.	C7	10.0	ELECT.
C4	.00025	MICA	C8	30.0	

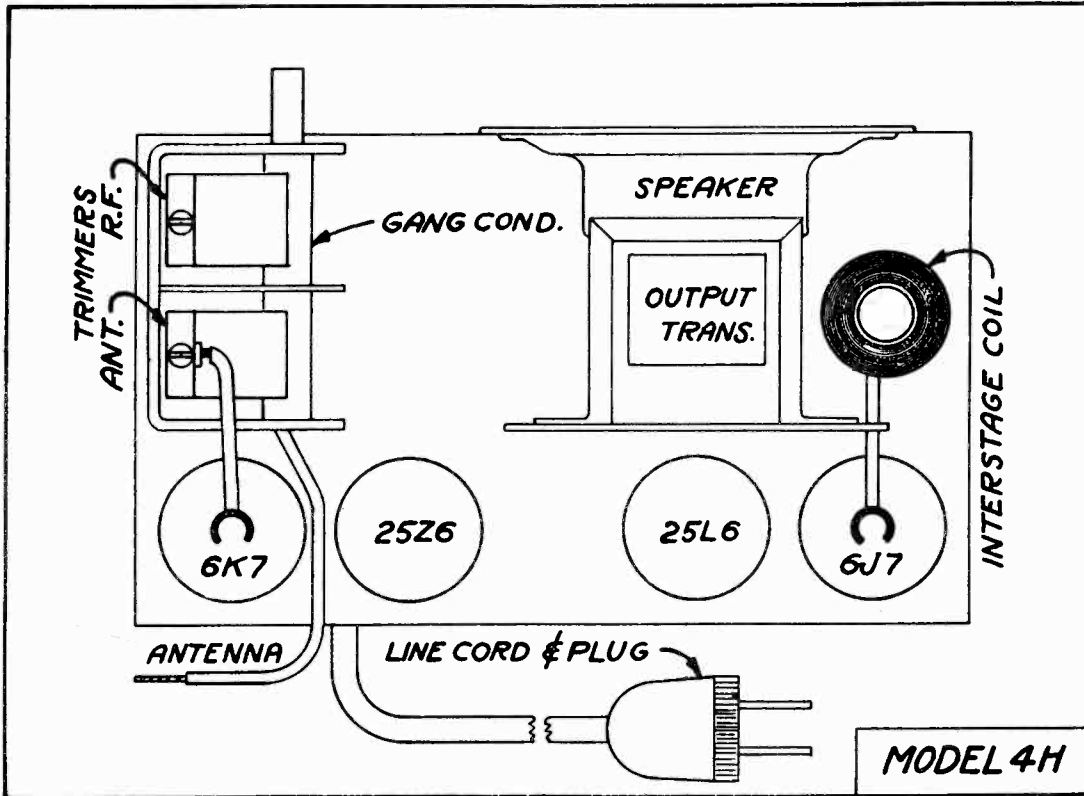
RESISTORS

NO	OHMS	WATTS	NO	OHMS	WATTS
R1	250	1/4	R4	500,000	1/4
R2	25,000	1/4	R5	110	1/2
R3	2,000,000	1/4	R6	500,000	1/4

RESISTANCE OF LINE CORD 173 OHMS

SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM
MODEL 4H

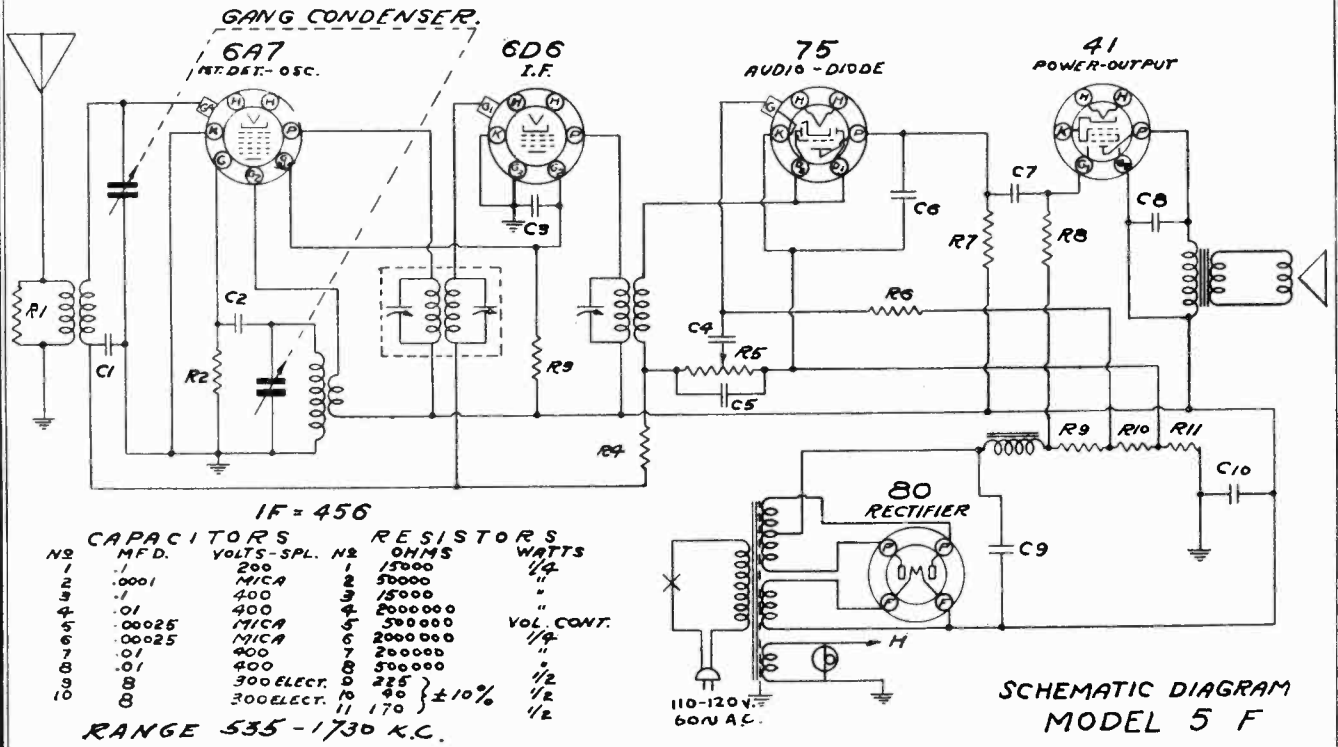
4 TUBE T.R.F. RECEIVER, RANGE 535-1730 KILOCYCLES.
POWER SUPPLY: AC(60 CYCLE) OR DC, 105-125 VOLTS.
CAUTION: DO NOT USE A GROUND ON THIS RECEIVER.
ALIGN AT 1400 KC THROUGH 100 MMF. CONDENSER.



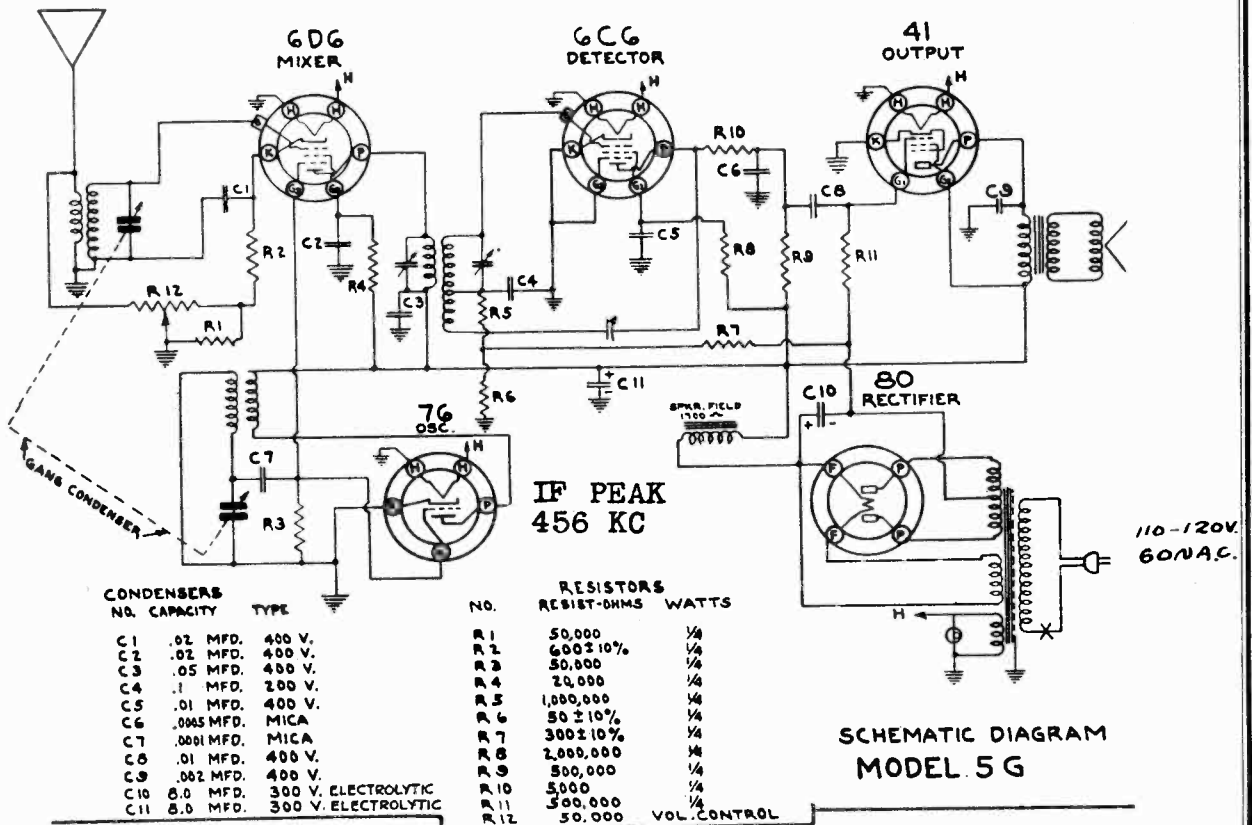
MODEL 4H

RADIO PRODUCTS CORP.

MODEL 5F
Schematic
Alignment
MODEL 5G
Schematic



FOR ALIGNMENT OF MODEL 5F, SEE THAT FOR MODEL 4A, PAGE 9-1



MODEL 5F

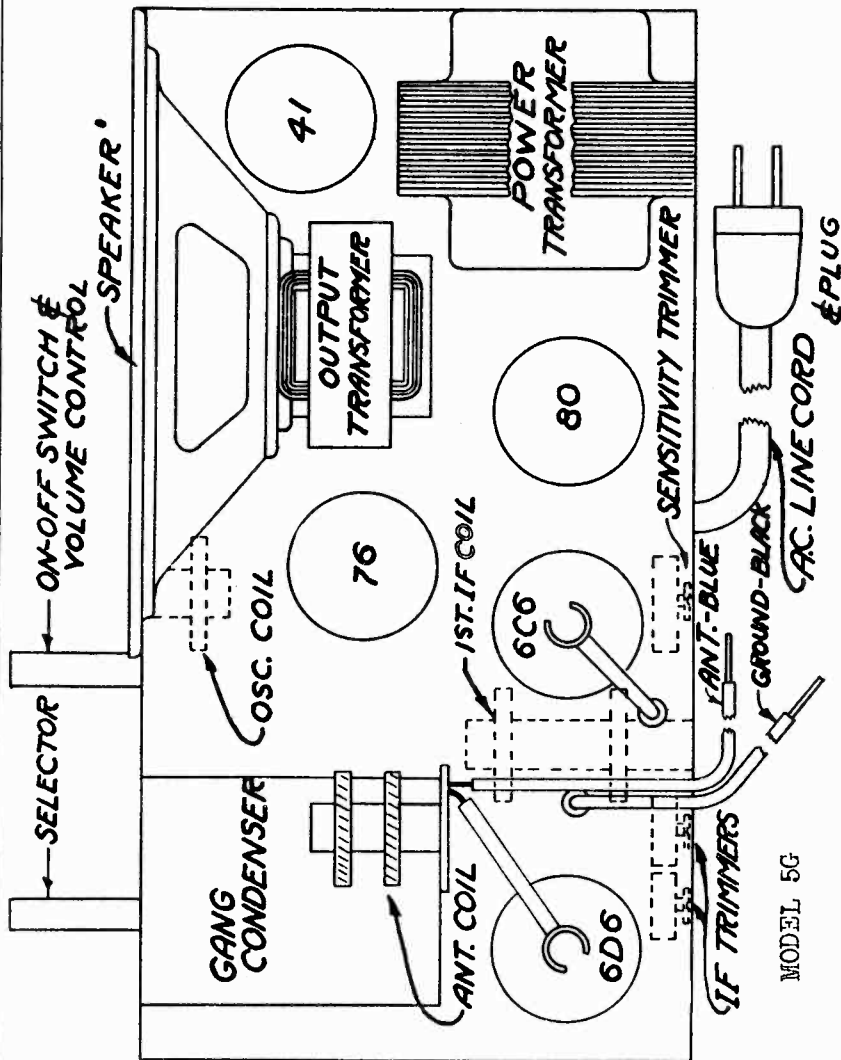
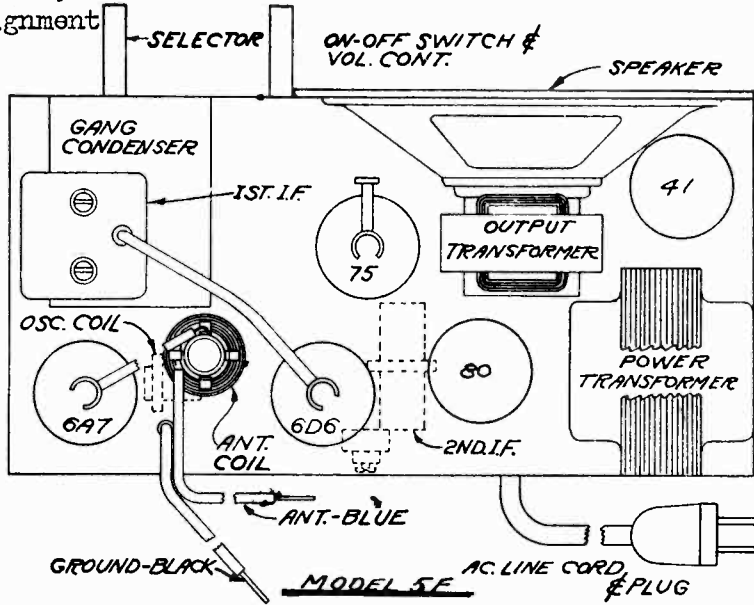
Socket, Trimmers

MODEL 5G

Socket, Trimmers

Alignment

RADIO PRODUCTS CORP.



ALIGNMENT DATA AND SERVICING

Connect the signal generator through a .1 mfd. condenser to the grid of the 6D6 tube. Connect an output meter across the voice coil of the speaker. Set the generator to 456 K.C. and align the I.F. transformer for maximum reading on the output meter. Set the sensitivity control about 1/4 turn counter-clockwise from the point where the whistles start and re-align the I.F.

Feed the generator through a 100 mmf. condenser to the antenna lead of the receiver. Set the generator to 1400 K.C. Turn the dial of the radio to 1400 K.C. Align the oscillator and antenna trimmers on the gang condenser for maximum output on the meter.

ADJUSTMENT OF SENSITIVITY CONTROL

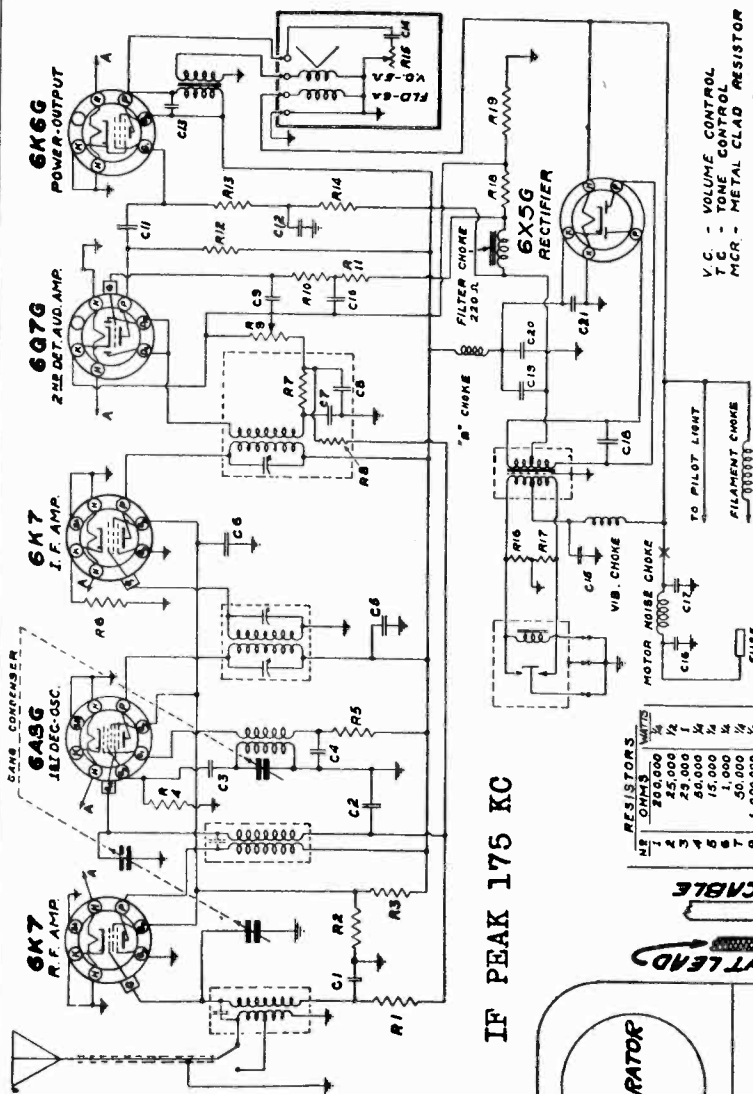
The sensitivity control is accessible from the rear of the cabinet, (see layout) and takes the form of a trimmer condenser, which may be

adjusted with a small screw driver or knife blade. This control is adjusted at the factory to give normal sensitivity for a set of this type; and in most locations there will be no need for re-adjustment. However, in rural areas where signal strength is low, the gain of the receiver can be increased by three or four times by turning the trimmer in the following manner:

1. Tune in a station.
2. Increase sensitivity by turning trimmer in a clockwise direction until the station signal is distorted by a whistle.
3. Turn trimmer slowly counter-clockwise until whistle ceases. This is the point of maximum sensitivity.
4. Tune in several stations. If some of these signals still whistle, the sensitivity must be again retarded slightly.

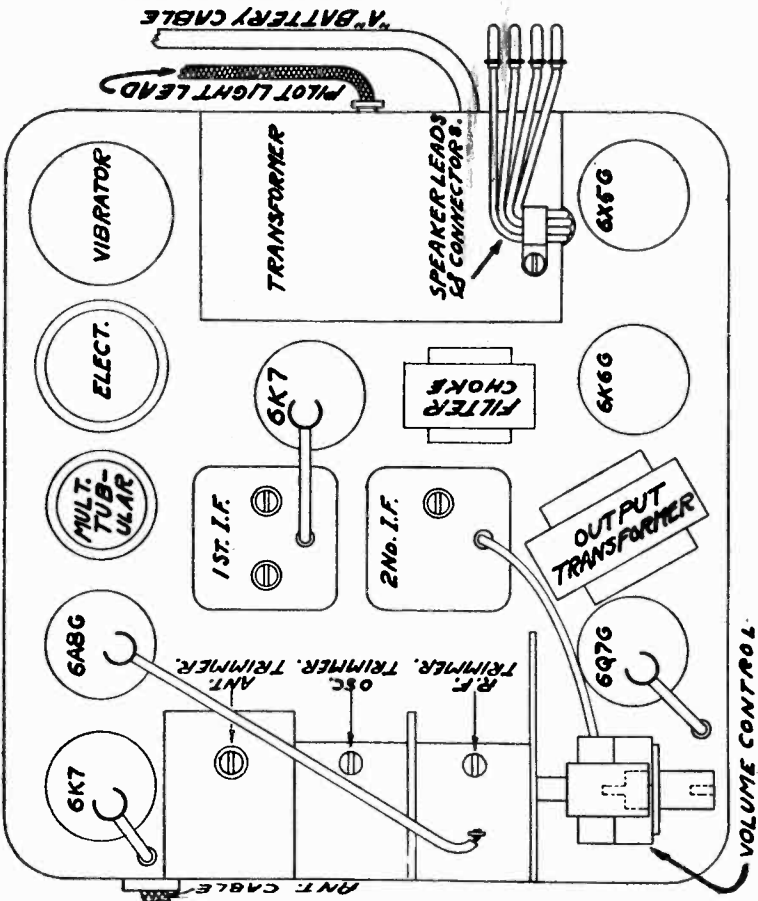
MODEL 69 Auto
Schematic, Socket
Trimmers, Alignment

RADIO PRODUCTS CORP.



R.F. ALIGNMENT. Adjust the test oscillator to 1550 K.C. and connect the output to the antenna through a .00005 mfd. mica condenser to give the equivalent of a low capacity average antenna. When this adjustment is made, the signal must be introduced into the receiver through the shielded lead supplied with the receiver. The plug should be inserted to conform with the "Low Capacity" position. (See Figure 1). Set the gang condenser to minimum and adjust the oscillator trimmer to peak. (Center section of gang condenser). The next step is to set the test oscillator and receiver to 1400 K.C. and adjust the front and rear trimmers of the gang condenser to peak. The rear section of the gang condenser tunes the antenna amplifier stage (6K7 tube), and the front condenser section tunes the detector grid coil of the 6A8G tube.

IF PEAK 175 KC



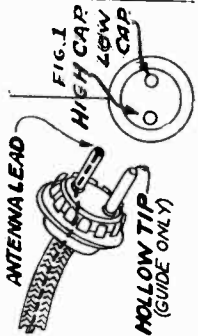
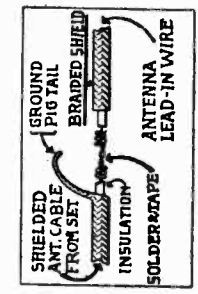
RESISTORS

NO.	OHMS	WATTS
1	200,000	1/2
2	25,000	1/2
3	25,000	1/2
4	15,000	1/2
5	15,000	1/2
6	1,000	1/2
7	50,000	1/2
8	1,000,000	V.C.
9	500,000	1/2
10	2,000,000	1/2
11	200,000	1/2
12	200,000	1/2
13	500,000	1/2
14	100,000	T.C.
15	100,000	T.C.
16	20	1
17	15	1
18	30	1
19	50	1
20	50	1

CONDENSERS

NO.	CAP.	WAVE	V.
1	.08	200	V
2	.05	200	V
3	.0001	400	V
4	.0001	400	V
5	.0001	400	V
6	.00025	200	V
7	.00025	400	V
8	.01	400	V
9	.01	400	V
10	.01	400	V
11	.01	400	V
12	.005	800	V
13	.005	800	V
14	.05	400	V
15	.05	400	V
16	.002	50	V
17	.002	50	V
18	.0075	1,000	V
19	6.0 (ELECT)	350	V
20	6.0 (ELECT)	350	V
21	.01	400	V

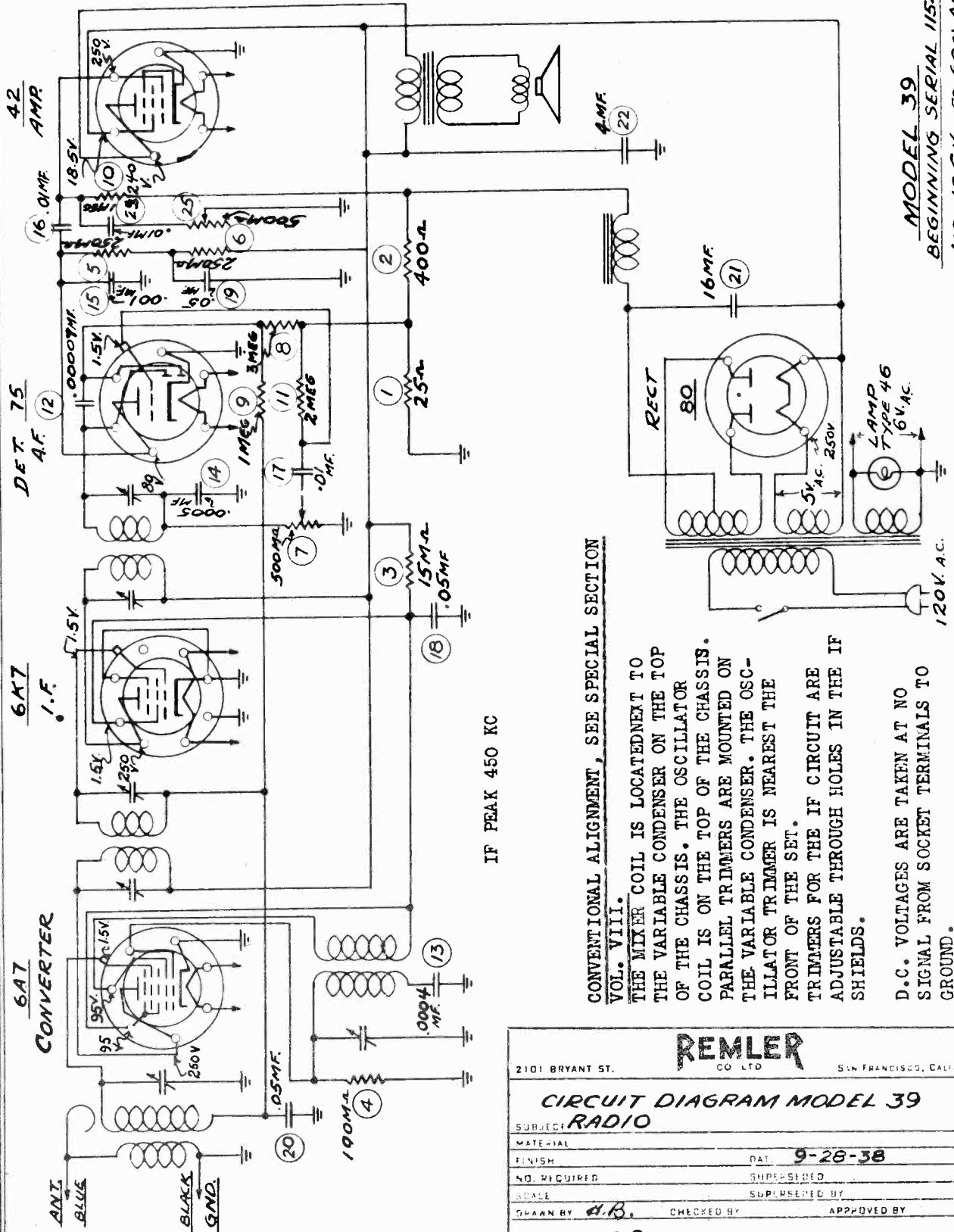
MODEL 69
SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM



I.F. ALIGNMENT. Adjust the test oscillator to 175 K.C. and connect the output to the grid of the first detector tube, 6A8G, through a .1 mfd. condenser. The ground on the test oscillator can be connected to the chassis ground. Align the trimmers of the first and second I.F. transformers to peak or maximum reading on the output meter.

REMLER COMPANY, LTD.

MODEL 39, Above Ser. 115439
Schematic, Voltage
Alignment



MODEL 39
BEGINNING SERIAL 115432
110-125V. 50-60N A.C.

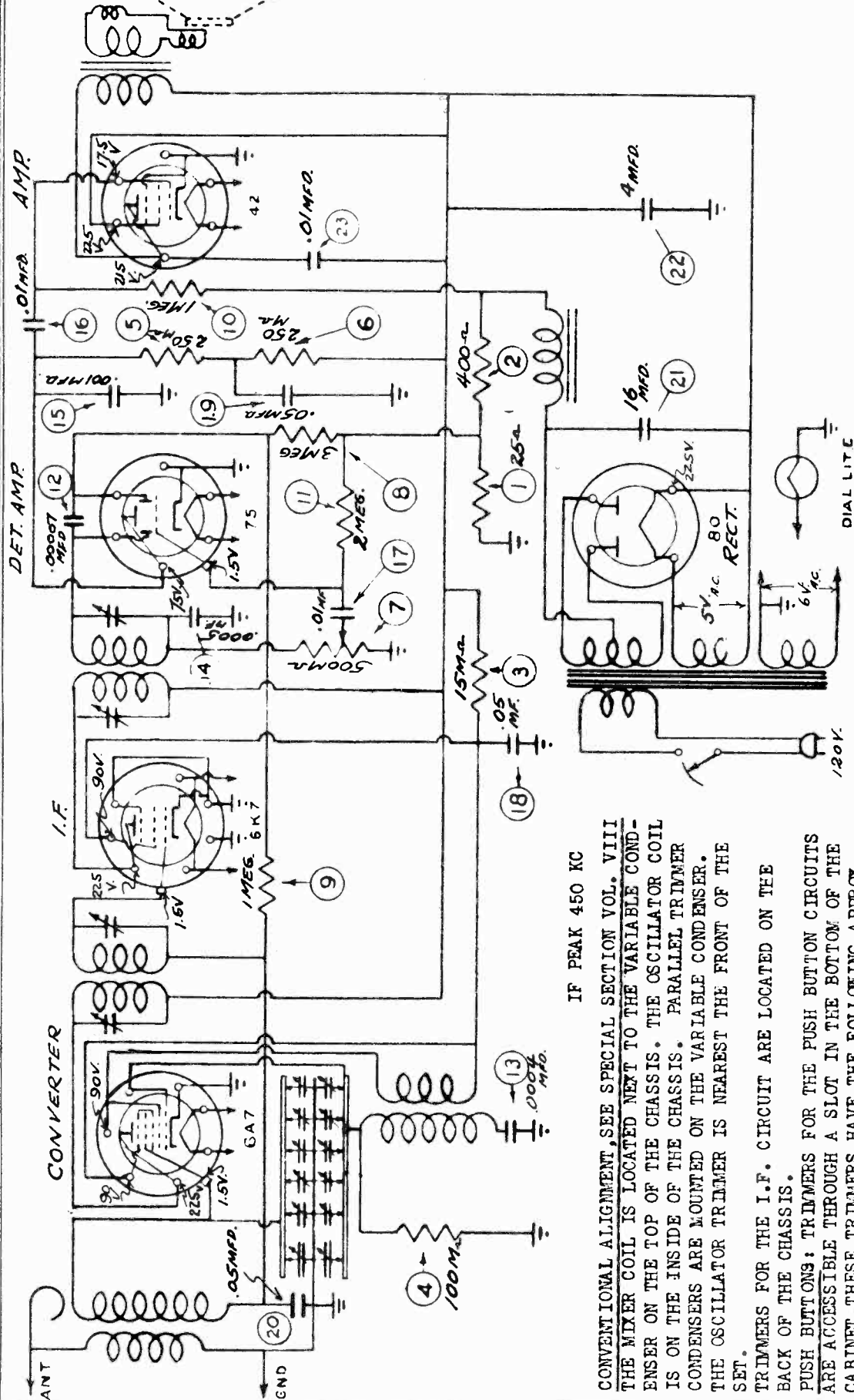
IF PEAK 450 KC

CONVENTIONAL ALIGNMENT, SEE SPECIAL SECTION VOL. VIII.
 THE MIXER COIL IS LOCATED NEXT TO THE VARIABLE CONDENSER ON THE TOP OF THE CHASSIS. THE OSCILLATOR COIL IS ON THE TOP OF THE CHASSIS. PARALLEL TRIMMERS ARE MOUNTED ON THE VARIABLE CONDENSER. THE OSCILLATOR TRIMMER IS NEAREST THE FRONT OF THE SET.
 TRIMMERS FOR THE IF CIRCUIT ARE ADJUSTABLE THROUGH HOLES IN THE IF SHIELDS.
 D.C. VOLTAGES ARE TAKEN AT NO SIGNAL FROM SOCKET TERMINALS TO GROUND.

REMLER	
2101 BRYANT ST.	SAN FRANCISCO, CALIF.
CIRCUIT DIAGRAM MODEL 39	
SUBJECT RADIO	
MATERIAL	
FINISH	DATE 9-28-38
NO. REQUIRED	SUPERSEDED
SCALE	SUPERSEDED BY
DRAWN BY A.B.	CHECKED BY
APPROVED BY	
Mod. 39	Dwg. No.

MODEL 55, Above Ser. 114626
Schematic, Voltage, Alignment

REMLER COMPANY, LTD.



2101 BRYANT ST. SAN FRANCISCO, CALIF.
REMLER
CO. LTD.

MODEL 55
Beginning Serial No. 114626
110-125 50-60W A.C.

IF PEAK 450 KC

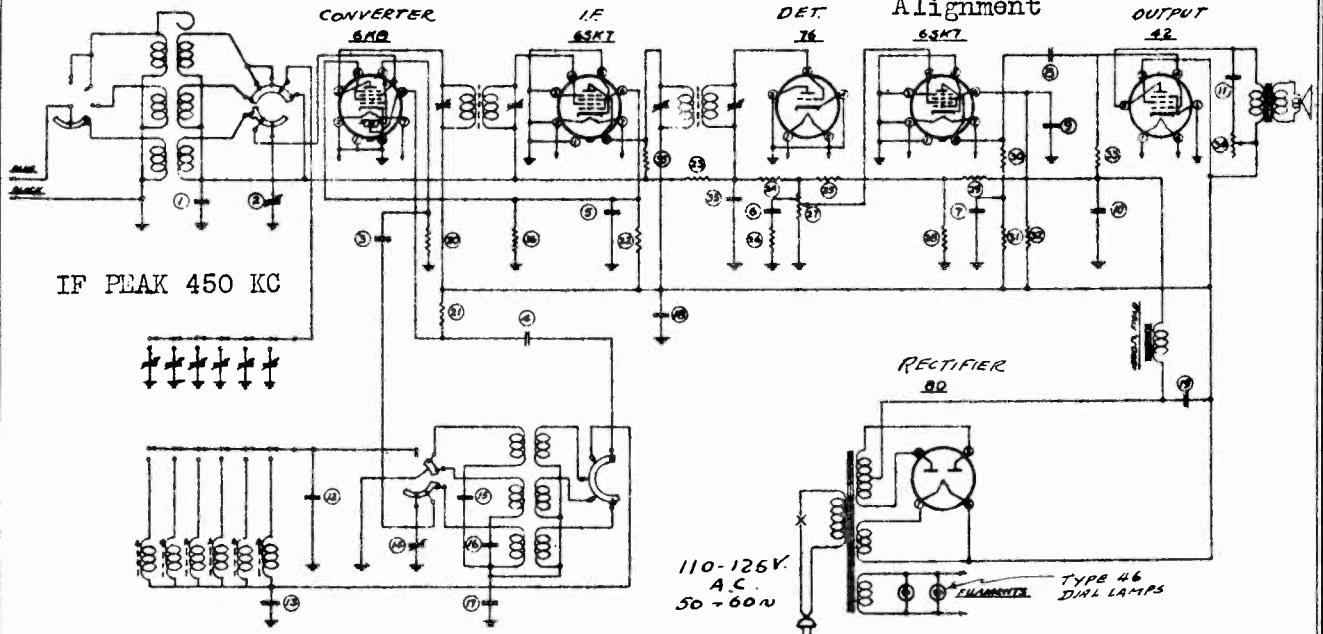
CONVENTIONAL ALIGNMENT, SEE SPECIAL SECTION VOL. VIII
THE MIXER COIL IS LOCATED NEXT TO THE VARIABLE CONDENSER ON THE TOP OF THE CHASSIS. THE OSCILLATOR COIL IS ON THE INSIDE OF THE CHASSIS. THE PARALLEL TRIMMER CONDENSERS ARE MOUNTED ON THE VARIABLE CONDENSER. THE OSCILLATOR TRIMMER IS NEAREST THE FRONT OF THE SET.

TRIMMERS FOR THE I.F. CIRCUIT ARE LOCATED ON THE BACK OF THE CHASSIS.

PUSH BUTTONS: TRIMMERS FOR THE PUSH BUTTON CIRCUITS ARE ACCESSIBLE THROUGH A SLOT IN THE BOTTOM OF THE CABINET, THESE TRIMMERS HAVE THE FOLLOWING APPROXIMATE TUNING RANGES: #1 GROUP, 520-850 KC; #2 GROUP, 520-850 KC; #3 GROUP, 620-1075 KC; #4 GROUP 680-1075 KC; #5 GROUP 975-1600 KC.

VOLTAGE READINGS TAKEN FROM SOCKET TERMINALS TO GROUND WITH NO SIGNAL.

MODEL 73
REMLER COMPANY, LTD. Schematic, Voltage, Tuner Alignment



NO.	DESCRIPTION	NO.	DESCRIPTION	NO.	DESCRIPTION
1	.05 MFD COND. 500 V.	11	.05 MFD COND. 500 V.	20	50,000 Ω 1/2 W RESISTOR
2	400 MMFD VAR. COND.	12	500 MMFD COND.	21	50,000 Ω 1/2 W RESISTOR
3	3L5 MMFD COND.	13	1000 MMFD COND.	22	10,000 Ω 1/2 W RESISTOR
4	1000 MMFD COND.	14	1000 MMFD VAR. COND.	23	1 MFD. 1/2 W. RESISTOR
5	.05 MFD COND. 100 V.	15	500 MMFD COND.	24	50,000 Ω 1/2 W RESISTOR
6	.01 MFD COND. 500 V.	16	1000 MMFD COND.	25	1 MFD. 1/2 W RESISTOR
7	.05 MFD COND. 500 V.	17	5000 MMFD COND.	26	500 Ω 1/2 W RESISTOR
8	.05 MFD COND. 500 V.	18	1 MFD COND.	27	5000 Ω POTENTIOMETER
9	.1 MFD COND. 500 V.	19	1L5 MFD COND.	28	50 Ω 1/2 W RESISTOR
10	10. MFD COND. 25 V.	20	5000 Ω 1/2 W RESISTOR	29	5000 Ω 1/2 W RESISTOR

REMLER
CIRCUIT DIAGRAM MODEL 73

DATE: 7-28-34
REVISED: 10-1-34
DESIGNED BY: J. W. REMLER
CHECKED BY: J. W. REMLER
APP. NO. 73
Dwg. No.

SETTING UP PUSH BUTTONS:-

The push button set up may be changed as follows:

The selection of stations should be arranged with the location of the lowest frequency station on the extreme left button. A resonance indicator or output meter will aid in making the adjustments. With the band switch on "BC", tune in the desired station with the selector, depress the button and turn the band switch to "A". Now with a screwdriver adjust the trimmer on the top of the chassis nearest the back and adjacent to the speaker. When the desired station is tuned in adjust the trimmer nearest the front panel for maximum volume. Now turn the band switch to "BC" to check the adjustment. Proceed with the next lower frequency station for the next set of trimmers with the band switch on "A".

CONVENTIONAL ALIGNMENT, SEE SPECIAL SECTION VOL.VIII.

The mixer coil is located on the right side of the variable condenser and the oscillator coil on the left side. Trimmers for oscillator and mixer coils are adjustable through holes in the coil supports.

The broadcast trimmers are at the top, the medium wave in the middle and the short wave nearest the bottom of the support.

Trimmers for the I.F. transformers are accessible through openings in the top of the I.F. transformer shields.

VOLTAGE READINGS A.C. voltages:- Line 120 volts; Heaters-6volts; Rectifier filament-5 volts.

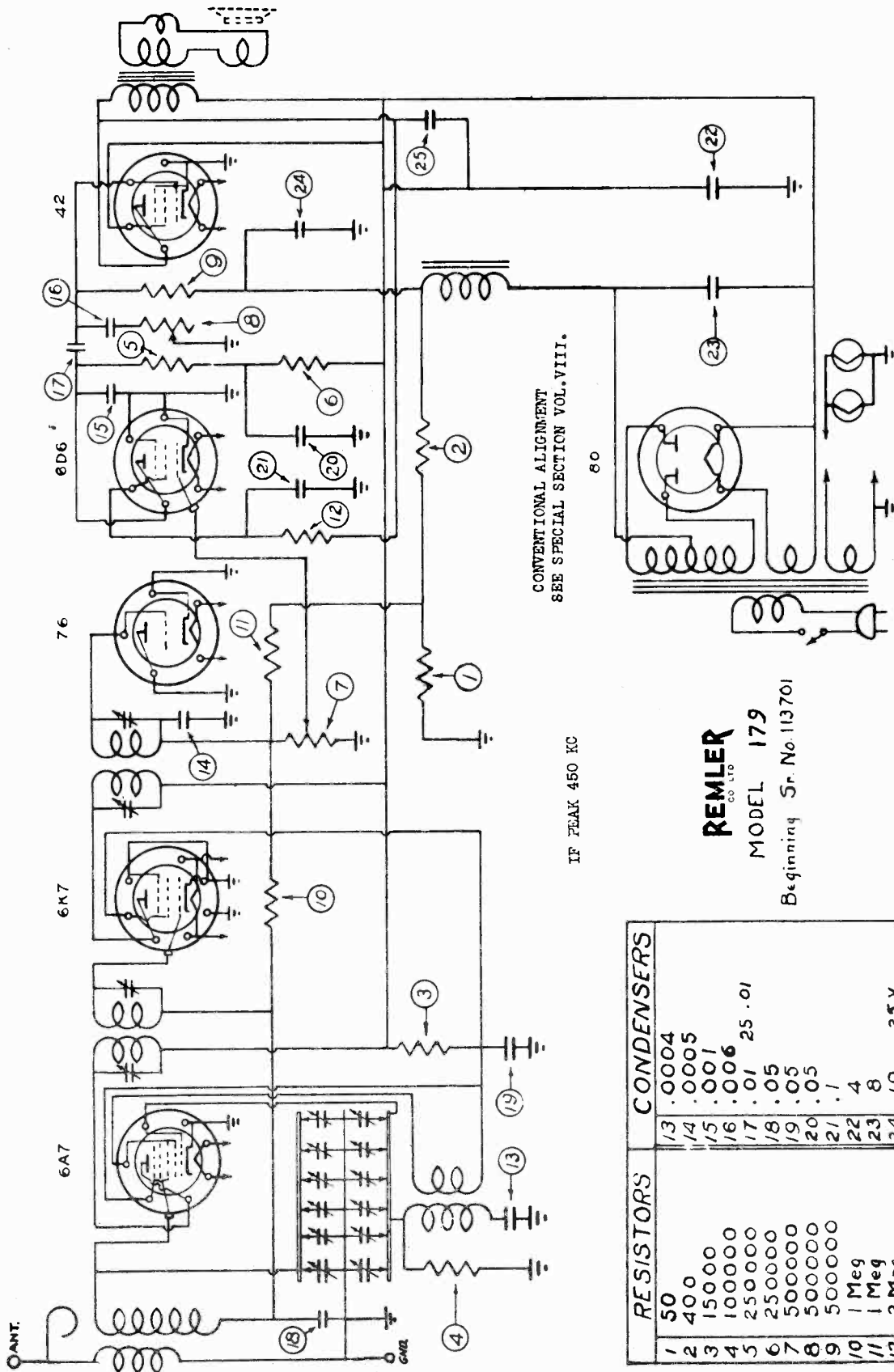
D.C. voltages (Taken with no signal from ground to points indicated) 80 Rectifier filament--250 volts; 42 plate--235 volts; 42 Screen--250 volts; 42 bias--20 volts; 6SK7---audio plate 60,---audio screen 10, I.F. plate 250,---I.F. screen 100,---and I.F.bias 2.5 volts; 6K8-----plate 250,---oscillator plate 90,---screen 100, and bias supply 2.5 volts.

MODEL 179

Above Ser. 113701

Schematic, Alignment

REMLER COMPANY, LTD.



RESISTORS	CONDENSERS
1 50	13 .0004
2 400	14 .0005
3 15000	15 .001
4 100000	16 .006
5 250000	17 .01 25 .01
6 250000	18 .05
7 500000	19 .05
8 500000	20 .05
9 500000	21 .1
10 1 Meg	22 4
11 1 Meg	23 8
12 2 Meg	24 1.0 25 V.