DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

ISSUED MONTHLY BY BUREAU OF NAVIGATION

Washington, October 1, 1925-No. 102

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ABBREVIATIONS

The necessary corrections to the List of Radio Stations of the United States and to the International List of Radiotelegraph Stations, appearing in this bulletin under the heading "Alterations and corrections," are published after the stations affected in the following order:

```
= Name of station.
Name
               Geographical location. O=west longitude. N=north latitude.
Loc.
                    S=south latitude.
               — Call letters assigned.
               =Radio system used and sparks per second.
               — Normal range in nautical miles.
Range
               --- Wave lengths assigned; normal wave lengths in italics.
W. I.
               — Nature of service maintained.
Service
                    FX = Point-to-point (fixed service).
                    PG = General public.
                    PR = Limited public.
                    RC=Radio compass station.
                     FS=Fog signal.
                      P = Private.
                      O=Government business exclusively.
Hours = Hours of operation:

N=Continuous service.

X=No regular hours.

F. T. Co. = Federal Telegraph Co.

I. R. T. Co. = Intercity Radio Telegraph Co.

I. W. T. C. = Independent Wireless Telegraph Co.

K. T. Co. = Kilbourno & Clark Manufacturing Co.
               -Kilbourne & Clark Manufacturing Co.
K. & C.
R. C. A.
               = Radio Corporation of America.
S. O. R. S. = Ship Owners' Radio Service.
U. R. Corp. = Universal Radio Corporation.
W. S. A. Co. = Wireless Specialty Apparatus Co.
              =Continuous wave.
C. w.
              -Interrupted continuous wave.
I. c. w.
               Ke.
Fy.
              =Frequency.

→ Altornating current.

A. c.
               — Vaouum tube.
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- After operating company denotes that the change applies only 12

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RADIO SERVICE BULLETIN

NEW STATIONS

Commercial land stations, alphabetically by names of stations

[Additions to the List of Radio Stations of the United States, edition of June 80, 1925, and to the International List of Radiotelegraph Stations published by the Berne bureau]

Station	Call signal	Wave lengths	Service	Hours	Station controlled by-
Hisleah, Fla. ¹	WAX	600, 625, 1599, 2175	PG	N	T. R. T. Co.
New Brunswick, N. J. ²	WIK	22	FX		R. C. A.

Loc. (approximately) 0.89° 17′ 00″, N. 23° 46′ 00″; range, 500; system, composite v. t. telegraph; rates, ship service 10 cents (52 centimes) per word.
 Loc. 0.74° 29′ 15″, N. 46° 30′ 16″; range, 4,000; system, General Electric Co. v. t. telegraph; this station communicates with Buenes Aires, Berlin, and Paris.

Commercial ship stations, alphabetically by names of vessels

[Additions to the List of Radio Stations of the United States, edition of June 30, 1926, and to the Inter-national List of Radiotelegraph Stations published by the Berne bureau]

Albetross KFXN PG X James A. Ross Interlake Steamship Co. Michiga Limestone & Chemica Co. A. W. Colton KFXS PG X Great Lakes Towing Co. Limestone & Chemica Co. Charles C. West Federal KFXK PG X Lockport Steamship Co. Chemica Co. Homestead KFXK PG X Control States Shipping Beard RC A. Campbell KFXG PG X Interlake Steamship Co. Dc. John A. Topping KFXG PG X Columbia Steamship Co. RC A. Campbell KFXG PG X Resell A. Algor							
A. W. Colton KFX8 PG X Great Lakes Towing Co. Charles C. West Federal VDOO 8 FG X United States Shipping Board RFXG PG X Interlake Steamship Co. John A. Topping KFXG PG X Interlake Steamship Co. Laurentian KDTX RFXG PG X Columbia Steamship Co. Laurentian KDTX RFXG PG X Columbia Steamship Co. Laurentian KDTX RWSJ 8 PG X L. D. Potter Owner of versel. Muroma 4. KFXO P X Crosley Radio Corporation Po. Shadow K KFXT P X Crosley Radio Corporation Do. West Canon 4. KFXC P X United States Shipping Board Wynoka 4. KFXI P X Inland & Coastwise Waterways Do.	Name of vessel		Rates	Serviçe	Hours	Owner of veasel	
A. W. Colton Charles C. West Federal Federal Formula C. West F	Albatross	KFXN KFXV			X	James A. Ross Interlake Steamship Co	Michigan Limestone & Chemical
Muroma 4 KFXO P X Crosley Radio Corporation Do. Shadow K KFXT Consolidated Shipbuilding Corporation. Tyse 5 KPXP P X Hubble Towing Co. West Canon 6 KDCV S PG X United States Shipping Board. Wynoka 7 KFXI P X Inland & Coastwise Waterways Do.	Charles C. West Federal Homesteed J. A. Campbell John A. Topping Laurentian	KFXK WDOO KEKR KFXQ KFXG KDTX	8	PG PG PG PG	X	Rockport Steamship Co United States Shipping Board do Interlake Steamship Co Columbia Steamship Co Russell A. Algor.	R. C. A. Do.
Tyee 1	Muroma 4	KFXO	1			Crosley Radio Corporation Consolidated Shipbuilding Cor-	Owner of ves- sel.
	West Canon 4	KDCV		PG .	x	Hubble Towing Co United States Shipping Board Inland & Coastwise Waterways	

Range, 150; system, Cutting & Washington, 1600; w. l., 715, 875; rates, Great Lakes service, 4 cents per **Range, 100; system, Navy, 1000; w. l., 450, 666, 706.

***Range, 300; system, Navy-Simon, 1000; w. l., 450, 660, 706, 800.

***Range, 200; system, R. C. A. v. t. telephone & telegraph; w. l., 100, 119, 660.

***Range, 100; system, Navy-Lowenstein, 1000; w. l., 670, 706.

***Range, 100; system, Navy-Lowenstein, 1000; w. l., 670, 706.

***Range, 300; system, Federal are; w. l., 660, 706, 800, 1800, 2100, 2400.

***Range, 300; system, R. C. A., 1000; w. l., 669, 1100.

Commercial land and ship stations, alphabetically by call signals

[b, ship station; c, land station]

Call signsl	Name of station	Call signal	Name of station
EDCV RDTX KEKR KFSJ KFXG KFXI KFXK KFXN	West Canon	KFXP KFXQ KFXS KFXT KFXV WAX WDOO WIK	Tyee

RADIO SERVICE BULLETIN

Broadcasting stations, alphabetically by names of States and cities [Additions to the List of Radio Stations of the United States, edition of June 30, 1925]

State and city	Call signal	State and city	Call signal
Colorada: Denver (portable) Illinois: Chicago (portable) Decatur Joliet Mount Prospect New Hampshire: Hanever New York: Bay Shore Brooklyn New York	KFXJ WHBZ WJBL WKBB WJAZ WDCR WRST WFRL WBNY	North Carolina: Charlotte Oklahoma: Fort Sill Oregon: Portland Pennsylvania: Harrisburg Tennesse: Nashville Texas: Bendmont El Paso Virginia: Arlington Wyoming: Leramie	WJBG KFRM KTBR WPRO WDAD KPXM KPXH NAA KFBU

Stations broadcasting market or weather reports, music, concerts, lectures, etc., alphabetically by call signals

					-
Ceil signai	Location of station (address)	Owner of station	Power (watts)	Wave length	Fre- quency (kilo- cycles)
ŘPBU KFRM KFXH	Laramie, Wyo., The Cathedral Fort Sill., Okia. El Paso, Tex., 2857 Mentana Street.	Bishop N. S. Thomas. Licut, James P. Beland. Bledsoe Badio Co.	50	270 262 242	1, 110 1, 240 1, 240
KFXI	Denver, Colo. (portable), 917 Fourtsenth Street.	Mountain States Radio Dis- tributors (Inc.).	10	215.7	1, 390
KFXM	Heaument, Tex., 259 Creekett Street.	Neches Electric Co	10	227	1, 320
KTBR NAA WBBZ	Portland, Oreg., 172 Tenth Street. Arlington, Vs. Gölcago, Ill. (portable), 1506 North American Building.	Brown's Radio Shop United States Navy O. L. Carrell	1, 000 50	263 434, 5 215, 7	1, 148 690 1, 390
WBNY	New York, N. Y., 1600 Broadway. Nashville, Tenn., 160 Eighth Avenue, North.	Shirley Katz	500 150	209. 7 226	1, 438 1, 330
WDCH WFRL -	Hanover, N. II Brooklyn, N. Y., 142t East Tenth Street.	Dartmooth College Robert M. Lacey and James A. Borgner (Flatbush Radio Laboratories)	100 100	256 205, 4	1, 178 1, 460
WJAZ	Mount Prospect, Ili., 312 South Michigan Avenue.	Zenith Rudio Corporation	1, 500	322.4	930
WJBG	Charlotte, N. C., 7 West Fourth	Interstate Radio (Inc.)	10	224	1, 340
WJBL,	Decator, H., 201 North Water Street.	William Gushard Dry Goods Co.	500	270	1,110
WKBB WPRO	Joliet, Ill., 607 Jefferson Street Harrisburg, Pa., Fifth and Kel- ker Streets.	Sanders Brothers Wilson Printing & Radio Co	100 100	214. 2 215. 7	1, 400 1, 390
WRST	Bay Shore, N. Y., 5 First Avenue.	Radiotel Manufacturing Co	250	215, 7	1, 300

Government land stations, alphabetically by names of stations

[Additions to the List of Radio Stations of the United States, edition of June 30, 1925, and to the International List of Radiotalegraph Stations published by the Berne bureau]

Station	Cell signal	Wave	Service	Hours	Station controlled by→
Cape Heury, Vs. (section base 8) Middletown, Pa	NHG WYU WWA	1,090	0	N X X	United States Coast Guard. United States Army, Department of Commerce, Bu- reau of Navigation.

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RADIO SERVICE BULLETIN

Government ship stations, alphabetically by names of stations

[Additions to the List of Radio Stations of the United States, edition of June 30, 1925, and to the Inter-national List of Radiotelegraph Stations published by the Berne bureau]

Station	Call signal	Wave length	Bervice	Hours	Station controlled by-
Aldoberan	WYCU	700	0	x	United States Army.

Government land and ship stations, alphabetically by call signals

[b-ship station; c-land station]

Call signal	Name of station	Call signal	Name of station
NGF NHO WWA	Wood's Hole, Mass. (section base 18)o Cape Henry, Vo. (section base 8)c Radio test car No. 1 (periable)c	WYU	Aldeberan

Special land stations, alphabetically by names of stations

[Additions to the List of Radio Stations of the United States, edition of June 30, 1925]

Station	Call signal	Station controlled by-
Buffale, N. Y. Clearwater, Fla. Nashville, Tenn. New York, N. Y. Rogers, Mich. Los Angeles, Calif.	4XC 2XW	Intercity Radio Telegraph Co. George H. Bowles. Nashville Life & Accident Insurance Co. Gimbel Bros. Michigan Limestone & Chemical Co. Los Angeles Evening Express.

Special land stations grouped by districts

Call signal	District and station	Call signal	District and station
2XW 4XC 4XD	Second district: New York, N. Y. Fourth district: Nashville, Tenn. Cherwater, Fia.	6XA 8XAU 8XAW	Sixth district: Les Angeles, Calif. Eighth district: Rogers, Mich. Buffalo, N. Y.

ALTERATIONS AND CORRECTIONS

COMMERCIAL LAND STATIONS

[Alterations and corrections to be made to the List of Radio Stations of the United States, edition of June 30, 1925, and to the International List of Radiotelegraph Stations, published by the Berne bureau]

Beaumont, Tex.—System, Western Electric Co. v. t. telegraph and composite spark, 1,000.

Birmingfort, Ala.—Controlled by Inland and Coastwise Waterways Corpo-

Chicago, Ill. (WGO).-W. I., 715, 875, 890, 1,578; controlled by Illinois Radio Corporation of America.

Clearwater, Calif.—System, Federal, 1,000; w. 1., 600, 720; rates, 8 cents per

word (42 centimes).

DRARBORN, MICH.—W. 1., strike out 600, add 715.

DETROIT, MICH. (WDYC).—W. 1., 140.

DETROIT, MICH. (WDYC).—W. 1., 140.

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Memphis, Tenn.—Controlled by Inland and Coastwise Waterways Corporation.
MIAMI, FLA.—Controlled by Florida Radio Telegraph Co. (E. G. Watts, jr.).
MOBILE, ALA. (WPP).--Controlled by Inland and Coastwise Waterways Cor-
   poration.
New York, N. Y. (WCG).—Range, 150-300; system, I. W. T. Co. arc, Cutting & Washington spark, 1,000 and Marconi spark, 1,000.
PINECREST, FLA.—Controlled by Florida Radio Telegraph Co. (E. G. Watts, jr.).
PORT BEAUCLAIRE, ALASKA.—W. 1., 600, 625; service, P.
ROCKY POINT, N. Y. (WQN).—W. 1., 51.5, 54.5, 57.
STANFORD UNIVERSITY, CALIF.—System, composite, v. t. telegraph.
Tuckerton, N. J. (WSC).—W. 1., 600, 650, 2,200, 2,375.
WYANDOTTE, MICH .-- W. I., add 715.
Strike out all particulars of the following-named stations: Miami Beach, Fla.
    (replaced by Hialeah, Fla.), Rochester, N. Y., Tullahoma, Tenu.
       COMMERCIAL SHIP STATIONS, ALPHABETICALLY BY NAMES OF VESSELS
[Alterations and corrections to be made to the List of Radio Stations of the United States, edition of June 30, 1925, and to the International List of Radiotelegraph Stations, published by the Borne bureau]
ABBON.-W. 1., 450, 600, 706, 800.
AMERICA.—System, Federal arc and Navy-R. C. A., 1,000; w. 1., 450, 600, 706, 800, 1,800, 1,900, 2,000, 2,100, 2,400.
AMERICAN.—Controlled by owner of vessel.
Ara.—System, composite v. t. telegraph and composite spark, 1,000; w. l., 450, 600, 706, 800, 1,800, 2,100, 2,400.

Arapahoe.—System, R. C. A., 1,000; w. l., 600, 706, 800.

Artigas.—Controlled by I. W. T. Co. (U. S. L.).

Ashtabula.—W. l., 715, 800, 875.

Baldbutte.—Controlled by I. W. T. Co. (U. S. L.).

Barratizon—Rango, 150; system, R. C. A. 1,000; w. l. 600, 708, 715, 800, 875.
BARBALLTON.—Range, 150; system, R. C. A., 1,000; w. 1., 600, 706, 715, 800, 875. BAYMEAD.—Range, 150; system, R. C. A., 1,000; w. 1., 600, 706, 715, 800, 875.
Benj. F. Packard.—Mandel Nieder owner of vessel.

Blue Triangle.—System, Navy-Lowenstein, 1,000; w. l., 450, 600, 706, 800;

Export S. S. Co. owner of vessel; controlled by I. W. T. Co.

Bogota.—System, I. W. T. Co., 1,000; w. l., 600, 706, 800.

Braddook.—Controlled by R. C. A. (U. S. L.).
CABRILLO.—W. 1., 600, 706, 800.

CAPE HENLOPEN.—W. 1., 600, 706, 800.

CATHWOOD.—W. 1., 600, 706, 800.
Celilo.—Charles R. McCormick Lumber Co. owner of vessel.
Charles O. Jenkins.—Controlled by owner of vessel,
Chickamauga.—Range, 150; system, Navy-Lowenstein, 1,000; w. l., 600, 706;
    rates, 3 cents per word.
CITY OF BANGOR.-W. I., 600, 706, 800.
CITY OF BENTON HARBOR.—System, R. C. A., 1,000; w. l., 715; Goodrich Transit
    Co. owner of vessel.
Cerr of Detroit III .-- W. l., 715, 800, 875.
CITY OF FAIRBURY.—Controlled by I. W. T. Co.
CITY OF FLINT.—Controlled by R. C. A. (U. S. L.).
CLONTARP.—W. 1., 600, 706, 800; Export S. S. Corporation owner of vessel; controlled by I. W. T. Co.
COEUR D'ALENE.—W. l., 600, 706, 800; Export S. S. Corporation owner of vessel; controlled by I. W. T. Co.
COLDWATER.—Carolina S. S. Corporation owner of vessel.
COLOMBIA.—Panama Mail S. S. Co. owner of vessel.
Colusa,-W. 1., 600, 706, 800.
Comet.—Pan-American Petroleum & Transport Co. owner of vessel; controlled
    by owner of vessel.
DAVID McKelvy.—System, R. C. A. v. t. telegraph; w. l., 600, 708, 750, 800, 900.
Deliste.-W. l., add 2,000, 2,400; Baltimore Insular Line owner of vessel; con-
    trolled by F. T. Co.
Delphine.—System, R. C. A. v. t. telegraph; w. l., 715, 800, 1,800.
Edward L. Doheny, Junior.—Name changed to R. W. Stewart.
Eldorado.—W. 1., 600, 706, 800.
ETHYL.—Ethyl Gasoline Corporation owner of vessel.
EVERETT (KUQR).—Charles R. McCormick Lumber Co. owner of vessel.
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RADIO SERVICE BULLETIN

Franklin K. Lane.—System, R. C. A. v. t. telegraph; w. l., 600, 706, 750, 800,

FRED G. HARTWELL.-W. l., 715, 800, 875; rates, Great Lakes service, 4 cents per word.

FRED W. WELLER.—System, R. C. A. v. t. telegraph; w. l., 600, 706, 750, 800,

Gargoyle.-W. l., 600, 706, 800.

Gratia.—William F. Storey owner of vessel.

Hadnot.—Cities Service Transportation Co. owner of vessel,

Hawahan.-W. l., 600, 706, 800; controlled by owner of vessel.

Hog Island.—Export S. S. Corporation owner of vessel,

IMLAY.—W. l., 600, 706, 800; controlled by I. W. T. Co. INDIANA.—W. l., 715. JOHN A. KLING.—Range, 200; system; Navy-Simon, 1,000; w. l., 715, 800, 875; controlled by owner of vessel.

KNOXVILLE CITY.--W. I., 600, 706, 800.

LAKE WINTHROP.—Name changed to Barbara; A. H. Bull, S. S. Co. owner of

Louisiana.—System, R. C. A., 1,000; w. l., 600, 706, 800.

Magmeric.—W. l., add 450; Carolina S. S. Corporation owner of vessel; controlled by owner of vessel.

MARTINIQUE.—W. 1., 600, 706, 800. MAUNA ÅLA.—W. 1., 600, 706, 800.

MAUNAWILL.-W. 1., 600, 706, 800; controlled by F. T. Co.

Miskianza.—Name changed to Gulf of Venezuela; Gulf Refining Co. owner of vessel; controlled by I. W. T. Co. (U. S. L.).

M. J. Scanlon.—Name changed to Missouia.

Montanan.—Controlled by owner of vessel.

MOUNT HOPE.-W. L, 600; service, P.

MOUNT HOPE.—W. L., 600; service, P.

MUNCOVE.—W. L., 600, 706, 800.

NEBRASKAN.—System, Navy-R. C. A., 1,060; w. l., 450, 600, 706, 800.

NORTHWESTERN.—W. L., 600, 706, 800.

OCTORARA.—W. L., 715, 800, 875.

ORINOCO.—W. L., 450, 600, 706, 800.

ORLEANS.—W. L., 600, 706, 800.

OSSA.—W. L., 450, 600, 706, 800; Expert S. S. Corporation owner of vessel; controlled by I. W. T. Co.

PARRICE HENRY.—Controlled by R. C. A. (H. S. L.)

Patrick Henry.—Controlled by R. C. A. (U. S. L.).

PRESIDENT Jackson.—W. I., 450, 600, 706, 800, 1,800, 2,100, 2,400.

PRESIDENT McKinley.—Range, 150-500; w. I., 600, 706, 800, 1,800, 2,100, 2,400, Princeton.-W. l., 600, 706, 800.

RELAY.-W. I., 450, 660, 706.

Richfield.—System, R. C. A. v. t. telegraph; w. l., 600, 706, 750, 800, 900.

ROBERT E. HOPKINS.—System, R. C. A. v. t. telegraph; w. 1., 600, 706, 750, 800, 900.

ROBERT JOHNSON.—Range, 200; w. l., 600, 706, 800; controlled by F. T. Co. SAGUACHE.—Controlled by I. W. T. Co. (U. S. L.).
SANGAMON.—W. l., 600, 706, 800; Export S. S. Corporation owner of vessel; controlled by I. W. T. Co.

San Juan (WWM).—Panama Mail S. S. Co. owner of vessel.

Santa Olivia.—Name changed to Kansan; American-Hawajian S. S. Co. owner of vessel.

SANTA TECLA.—W. 1., 600, 706, 800. Schoodic.—W. 1., 450, 600, 706, 800. SEA LION.—W. 1., 600, 706, 800. SEVERANCE.—W. 1., 600, 706, 800; rates, 8 cents per word; controlled by I. W.

SHICKSHINNY.—W. 1., 450, 600, 706, 800; Carolina S. S. Corporation owner of vessel; controlled by I. W. T. Co. (U. S. L.).

Sialia.—System, composite v. t. telegraph; w. l., 715, 800, 875.

Sinsinawa.—Export S. S. Corporation owner of vessel; controlled by I. W. T. Co. SIR THOMAS SHAUGHNESSY.—Controlled by owner of vessel.

SOCONY S9.—Name changed to Rioco No. 1; Edward P. Farley & Co. owner of

SOCONY 90.-W. 1., 600, 706, 800. Suphenco.-W. 1., 600, 706, 800.

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TEXAN.—W. 1., 600, 706, 800.
Tide.—W. 1., 600, 706, 800.
Tionesta.—W. 1., 715, 800, 875.
Trader.—Coastwise Navigation Corporation owner of vessel.
Tulsa.—W. 1., 450, 600, 706, 800; Carolina S. S. Corporation owner of vessel;
controlled by I. W. T. Co.
UNITED STATES.—System, R. C. A., 1000; w. l., 715; rates, Great Lakes service,
   4 cents per word.
Vacuum.—System, R. C. A. v. t. telegraph; w. l., 600, 706, 800.
Venezuela.—Panama Mail S. S. Co. owner of vessel.
Victoria.—W. l., 600, 706, 800.
Vigilant.—W. l., 600, 706, 800; rates, 8 cents per word.
Volunteer.—Controlled by R. C. A.
Wahrbena.—Charles R. McCormick Lumber Co. owner of vessel.
WARBLER.—Controlled by I. W. T. Co.
W. B. Keene.—System, R. C. A. v. t. telegraph; w. l., 800, 708, 800.
West Cadbon.—Controlled by R. C. A.
West Carnifax.—Controlled by I. W. T. Co. (U. S. L.).
West Chatla.—System, Navy—R. C. A., 1,000; w. l., 600, 706, 800.
West Gotmoska.—System, Navy—R. C. A., 1,000; w. l., 450, 600, 706, 800.
West Islip.—W. l., 600, 706.
 West Keats.—Californian & Eastern S. S. Co., owner of vessel.
 West Nilus.-W. I., 600, 706, 800.
 West Nosska.—Controlled by I. W. T. Co.
W. G. POLLOCK.—W. 1., 715, 800, 875.
WHITE CAP.—W. 1., 600, 706, 800.
 Willamette,—Charles R. McCormick Lumber Co., owner of vessel.
WILLIAM G. MATHER.—Range, 309; system, Navy-Lowenstein, 1,000; w. 1., 715,
800, 875; controlled by owner of vessel.
Winston-Salem.—W. 1., 450, 600, 706, 800.
Wm. F. Fitch.—Controlled by owner of vessel.
Strike out all particulars of the following-named vessels: Butterfield, City of
    Panama, City of San Francisco, Hukey, Katherine, Lake Weir, Nuuanu, West
    Hesseltine.
    COMMERCIAL LAND AND SHIP STATIONS, ALPHABETICALLY BY CALL SIGNALS
    KOZM, read Gulf of Venezuela; KQII, read Kansan; KSAA, read Rioco No. 1;
KZAI, read Barbara; WAX, read Hialcah, Fia.; WIJ, read R. W. Stewart;
 WJAO, read Missoula; strike out all particulars following the call signals KDIW,
KFZA, KFZB, KIFC, KIJS, KOTN, KZBB, KZBC, WJF, WJJ.
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BROADCASTING STATIONS, BY CALL SIGNALS

(Alterations and corrections to be made to the List of Radio Stations of the United States, edition of June 30, 1925)

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KFAB (Lincoln, Nebr.).—Power, 1,000; w. l., 340.7, fy. kc., 880.
KFAD (Phoenix, Ariz.).—Owner of station, Electrical Equipment Co. and McArthur Brothers Mercantile Co.
KFLR (Albuquerque, N. Mex.).—Power, 100.
KFUJ (Breckenridge, Minn.).—Owner of station, Hoppert Plumbing & Heating Co. and F. H. Rettig.
KFVU (Eureka, Calif.).—Owner of station, Standard Publishing Co., 537 G Street.
KFXF (Colorado Springs, Colo.).—Fy. kc., 1,200.
KOB (State College, N. Mex.).—Power, 1,000.
KWKH (Kennonwood, La.).—W. l., 261, fy. kc., 1,150.
WABC (Asheville, N. C.).—Power, 20.
WADC (Akron, Ohio).—Power, 500.
WAFD (Port Huron, Mich.).—W. l., 275, fy. kc., 1,090.
WBAP (Fort Worth, Tex.).—Power, 100.
WCBH (Oxford, Miss. (near)).—Power, 50.
WCX-WJR (Pontiac, Mich.).—Power, 50.
WDAD (Nashville, Tenn.).—Fy. kc., 1,330.
WEAF (New York, N. Y.).—Power, 5000.
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RADIO SERVICE BULLETIN

WEAJ (Vermilion, S. Dak.).—Correct orthography, Vermillion, S. Dak. WEAN (Providence, R. I.).—Power, 500.
WEBD (Anderson, Ind.).—Power, 15. WEBD (Anderson, Ind.).—Power, 15.
WEBZ (Savannah, Ga.).—Power, 5.
WENR (Chicago, Ill.).—Address, 4201 Belmont Avenue.
WFKB (Chicago, Ill.).—Power, 500.
WGAZ (South Bend, Ind.).—Call signal changed to WiBT.
WGY (Schenectady, N. Y.).—Power, 4000.
WHBL (Logansport, Ind.).—Address, 1214 A Avenue.
WJAG (Norfolk, Nebr.).—Power, 200.
WJBB (St. Petersburg, Fla.).—W. 1., 254, fy. kc., 1180.
WKAV (Laconia, N. H.).—W. 1., 224, fy. kc., 1340.
WKRC (Cincinnati, Ohio).—Address, 507 E. Pearl Street.
WOK (Chicago Heights, Ill.).—Change to Homewood, Ill. WOK (Chicago Heights, Ili.).—Change to Homewood, Ill. WSMH (Owosso, Mich.).—Power, 20. WTAM (Cleveland, Ohio).—Power, 3500. WTAS (Elgin, Ill. (near)).—Power, 2500. WWAD (Philadelphia, Pa.).—Power, 250. Strike out all particulars of the following-named stations: KFAF (Denver, Colo.); KFLP (Cedar Rapids, Iowa); WABI (Bangor, Me.); WGBA (Baltimore, Md.); WGBL (Elyria, Ohio); WJBD (Ashland, Wis.); WSAV (Houston,

GOVERNMENT LAND STATIONS, ALPHABETICALLY BY NAMES OF STATIONS

[Alterations and operations to be made to the List of Radio Stations of the United States, edition of June 30, 1925, and to the International List of Radiotelegraph Stations, published by the Berne bureau]

BOSTON, MASS. (NAD).-W. I., 1363. Salt Lake City, Utah.—Call signal changed to KGD.

Tex.); WSRF (Broadlands, Ill.)

GOVERNMENT SHIP STATIONS, ALPHABETICALLY BY NAMES OF STATIONS

[Alterations and corrections to be made to the List of Radio Stations of the United States, edition of June 30, 1925, and to the International List of Radiotelegraph Stations, published by the Beape buremi

Shenandoah (airship).—Strike out all praticulars.

GOVERNMENT LAND AND SHIP STATIONS, ALPHABETICALLY BY CALL SIGNALS

KDEH, changed to KGD, strike out all particulars following NERK.

SPECIAL LAND STATIONS, BY NAMES OF STATIONS

[Alterations and corrections to be made to the List of Radio Stations of the United States, edition of June 30, 1925]

NEW YORK, N. Y. (2XV).—Change to Brooklyn, N. Y., controlled by Robert M. Lacey and James Bergner, 1421 E. Tenth Street.

M. Lacey and James Bergner, 1421 E. Tenth Street.
Strike out all particulars of the following-named stations: Altadena, Calif. (6XR); Ames, Iowa (9XBB); Anoka, Minn. (9XQ); Buffalo, N. Y. (8XAD); Butte, Mont. (7XM); Canton, N. Y. (8XF); Charleroi, Pa. (8XM); Cincinnati, Ohio (8XAV); Columbus, Ohio (8XJ); Columbus, Ohio (8XR); Dearborn, Mich. (8XAN); Dearborn, Mich. (Maiden Dearborn II—airplane—8XAM); Essex, Mont. (7XAN); Glacier Park, Mont. (7XAM); Glastonbury, Conn. (1XAQ); Gloucester, Mass. (1XI); Granville, Ohio (8XW); Hamilton, Ohio (8XAG); Hollywood, Calif. (6XAV); Lansing, Mich. (8XBB); Los Angeles, Calif. (6XD); Los Angeles, Calif. (6XF); Minneapolis, Minn. (9XBI); Minneapolis, Minn. (9XL); Oakalnd, Calif. (6XAM); Oberlin, Ohio (8XT); Providence, R. I. (1XX); San Diego, Calif. (6XAI); Santa Monica, Calif. (6XAG); Stanford University, Calif. (6XH); Summit, Mont. (7XAK); Washington, D. C. (3XO); Whitefish, Mont. (7XAL); Wilkinsburg, Pa. (8XV); Worcester, Mass. (1XS). Wilkinsburg, Pa. (8XV); Worcester, Mass. (1XS).

USE OF 300 AND 450 METERS RESTRICTED BY GREAT BRITAIN

The British Government has informed this Government that all ships registered in Great Britain and Northern Ireland, from October 1, this year, will be prohibited from using the wave lengths of 300 and 450 meters within 250 miles of the exact of the United States on condition that the United States will from October

RADIO SERVICE BULLETIN

1 similarly prohibit its ships from using these wave lengths within 250 miles of the coast of the United Kingdom.

The department has signified that it is agreeable to the conditions indicated and accordingly all radio operators of United States vessels are not allowed the use of these wave lengths, effective October 1, when within 250 miles of the coasts of the United Kingdom, or of the United States.

NEW INSTALLATIONS OF RADIOCOMPASS

The following-named vessels have been equipped with radiocompass: All America (KDWF), Warwick (KESX), Magnolia (lighthouse tender—WWCY).

CHANGE IN CAPE HENRY RADIO FOG-SIGNAL TRANSMITTER

On September 8, this year the radio fog-signal spark transmitter at Cape Henry Lighthouse, entrance to Chesapeake Bay, Va., was replaced by a 1,000-watt A. C. modulated C. W. transmitter. The wave length of 1,000 meters and the signal characteristic, two dots, one dash, repeated for 20 seconds, silent 15 seconds, have not been changed. This signal will operate continuously in thick weather, also daily in clear weather from 9 to 9.30 a. m. and 3 to 3.30 p. m., eastern standard time.

The Lighthouse Service will appreciate reports from masters of vessels, having occasion to use this radio fog signal, as to its efficiency, range, etc. Address communications to the Commissioner of Lighthouses, Washington, D. C., or to the Superintendent of Lighthouses, Baltimore, Md.

REGULATIONS REGARDING USE OF RADIO IN FRENCH WATERS

The Director for Europe of the United States Shipping Board, Fleet Corporation, has informed this office that on August 24 this year, a decree was issued containing new rules for the use of radiotelegraphy on board ships and aircraft in or above French waters. The principal points interesting foreign ships may be so used up as follows:

Outside harbors and roads, the use of pure nonmodulated continuous wave is free, the use of other waves is subject to general precautions, i. e., avoiding interference; limitation to strictly necessary duration; 600-meter wave is reserved for distress signals and 900 meters for the use of aircraft; authority to be asked of the senior naval officer when French men-of-war are in the neighborhood.

In ordinary harbors and roads, merchant ships can use radiotelegraphy only when necessary because they have no communication with the shore or because no other kinds of telegraphy are available, and only for messages dealing with the ship's voyage and operation. Men-of-war and military sireraft can use radiotelegraphy subject to general precautions as mentioned above; merchant aircraft may use radiotelegraphy or radiotelephony for their safety or for the requirements of their voyage only.

In roads of military harbors, warships and military aircraft must obtain the senior naval officer's authority. Merchant ships may ask for it only for the above-mentioned reasons; if after being called twice for that purpose at a five minutes' interval the next land station does not answer, this means that authority has been granted. Civil aircraft may use radiotelegraphy only for their safety.

Inside naval harbors the rules are about the same, but merchant ships can not use their apparatus at all. Short emissions for regulating apparatus may be authorized on request in most cases.

PORTLAND, ME., WEATHER BROADCASTS TRANSFERRED TO BOSTON

The broadcasting of weather information from the naval radio station at Cape Elizabeth, Me. (NAB-Portland) has been discontinued. This weather information consisting of the 8 a. m. barometric pressure, state of weather, wind direction and velocity at Portland, Me., and forecasts and storm warnings for the Maine coast (Eastport to Portsmouth) has been added to the broadcast made from the naval radio station at Boston, Mass. These broadcasts are made daily, including Sundays and holidays, on a wave length of 1,363 meters, at 11 a. m., seventy-fifth meridian time, supplemented by a broadcast at 5 p. m. whenever any storm warnings or advices are issued in the afternoon. (See Weather Bureau circular National Portland 15, 1925, which should be amended accordingly.)

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RAME HEAD, ENGLAND, STATION AVAILABLE FOR COMPASS BEARINGS

Vessels approaching or entering Plymouth Sound, desirous of using their own radiocompass installations for the purpose of taking bearings of Rame Head station, call signal BYO, location lat. 50° 19′ N., long. 4° 13′ W. (approximately), should call that station in the usual manner and send the signal QTG. This request should be transmitted in advance at the correct routine period, either on 1,100 meters (spark) or 2,800 meters (c. w.), or the request may be made via any general post office coast radio station. Whatever method is used, the time at which the transmission of the signals is required for the purpose of taking a bearing should always be included in the message. These signals will only be, transmitted by Rame Head radio station during the routine period for 1,100 meters (spark). Full details of the methods used for obtaining radio compasses. meters (spark). Full details of the methods used for obtaining radio compass bearings, together with the regulations in force, are given in the Admiralty List of Wireless Signals, 1925 (British). A charge of 5 shillings is made for each transmission by Rame Head, in response to the signal QTG. This will be collected by the accountant-general of the Navy, Admiralty, S. W. 1. The Admiralty provide this service on the express condition that they incur no liability for any consequences resulting directly or indirectly from any inaccuracy in the signals transmitted, from any failure in the service, or from any other cause whatever.

Constant watch is maintained on 2,800 meters (c. w.), except as follows: On 1,100 meters (spark) from 18 to 30 minutes past each hour and to 0918 and 2018 when the station retransmits the radio weather bulletin for shipping.—(Admirally)Notice to Mariners, No. 1202, 1925—British.)

RADIO FOG SIGNALS TO BE ESTABLISHED ON THE GREAT LAKES

About the 15th of the current month the Lighthouse Service will establish radio fog signals at Whitefish Point Light Station, Mich., and Detour Light Station, Mich. Characteristic of Whitefish Point signal; Sounds every 105 seconds; one dash repeated for 60 seconds, silent 45 seconds, thus:

Location, 0.84° 57′ 26″, N. 46° 46′ 17″. Characteristic of Detour Light station signal: Sound every 120 seconds; groups of 4 dashes for 60 seconds; silent 60 seconds, thus:

Location 0. 83° 54′ 55′′, N. 45° 57′ 22′′.

These stations will transmit radio fog signals during thick or foggy weather, on 1,000 meters, also daily in clear weather from 9 to 9.30 a. m. and from 3 to 3.30 p. m., ninetieth meridian. They will not maintain radio communication service.

USE OF 300 AND 450 METERS BY CANADIAN COAST AND SHIP STATIONS

Canadian coast and ship stations are no longer authorized to use the 300 meter wave length. Canadian ship stations should only use the 450 meter wave length for communication with British or European radio compass stations. All other stations should not enter in communication with Canadian ship stations on 450 meters.

CHANGE IN RATES FOR FRENCH STATIONS

The International Bureau of the Telegraph Union, Radiotelegraph Service, has informed this office that the International List of Radiotelegraph Stations, tenth edition, page 425, under the title "France," should be changed as follows: Ordinary radiograms, 20 centimes per word, minimum, 2 france, plus a fixed

surcharge of 50 centimes per radiogram.

Urgent radiograms, 60 centimes per word, minimum, 6 francs, plus a fixed surcharge of 50 centimes per radiogram.

10 of 17 8/25/2012 11:54 PM ALESUND, NORWAY, STATION OPEN

The radiotelegraph and radiotelephone coast station located at the above-named place, geographical location 6° 09′ 30′′ E. (Greenwich), 62° 28′ 20′′ N., call signal, LDM, is now open for general public service. The range of the c. w. modulated telephone system (Telefunken) is 400 miles, wave length, 512 meters, and the range of the c. w. v. t. telegraph system (Telefunken) is 600 miles, wave length 450 and 600 meters. Hours, 9–13, 16–19:30; holidays, 8–10 (Central Europe time). Coast rate, 30 centimes per word, minimum, 3 francs. In addition, the station gives to ships upon request, information relative to icebergs, navigation, and meteorological conditions. The rate charged for this service (request and response) is 4 francs, 50 centimes.

OFFICIAL TIME FOR CUBA

This country on July 19, last, adopted seventy-fifth meridian time, west of Greenwich.

Canadian amateur broadcasting stations

Call signal	Owner	Location
10AB 10AS 10AS 10AY 10DA 10BF 10BF 10BH 10BL 10BL	Moose Jaw Radie Association Bowmanville Radio Club Tilleonburg Radio Club Radio Association of Charlottetown Kelowna Radio Association Clace Bay Radio Club Chatham Radio Club Chatham Radio Club Saskatoon Radio Club Prince Albert Radio Club Halfax Radio Club	Bowmanville, Ontario. Tillsonburg, Ontario. Tillsonburg, Ontario. Charlottotown, Prince Edward Island. Kelowna, British Calumbia. Chace Bay, Nava Scotia. Chatham, Ontario. Alvinston, Ontario. Saskatona, Saskatchewan. Prince Alburt, Saskatchewan.

NOTE .-- All of the above-named stations transmit on 250 meters.

CHANGE IN SCHEDULE OF BALBOA, PANAMA, FOR TRANSMITTING PRESS, TIME, AND HYDROGRAPHIC INFORMATION

This station now transmits press and hydrographic at 0500, time and hydrographic at 1300, and time at 2300, seventy-fifth meridian time.

LOCATION OF CANSO, NOVA SCOTIA, COMPASS STATION

This station is located on an 80-foot hill, 700 yards west of Glasgow Head, in latitude 45° 19′ 24″ N., longitude 60° 58′ 10″ W.

NEW LIST OF AMATEUR BADIO STATIONS

The annual list of Amateur Radio Stations of the United States, edition June 30, 1925, is now available for distribution by the Superintendent of Documents, Government Printing Office, Washington, D. C., price 25 cents per copy.

Remittances for publications should not be forwarded to the Bureau of Navigation or to any of the field offices of the bureau.

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LOST COMMERCIAL RADIO OPERATORS' LICENSES

Printed below is a list of radio operators' licenses which have been reported to this bureau as having been lost. Should any of them be found, they should be returned to the bureau for cancellation. Inspectors and others concerned should see that lost licenses are not being used by unauthorized persons.

		200000000000000000000000000000000000000	-		
Name	Class	Number	Date issued	Port issued	
Anderson, Edward	First	11900	Jan. 8, 1925	San Francisco.	
Barton, Charles G			Jan. 16, 1925	Seattle.	
Bradner, Paul K	do	12200	Oct. 10, 1924	New York,	
Brock, James K.	do	5053	Jan. 10, 1923	Baltimore.	
Candido, James V	do	8874	Aug. 1, 1923	New York,	
Cannon, Howard J		9206	Feb. 18, 1924	New Orleans,	
Cochran, Richard U	do		Sept. 28, 1923	Detroit.	
Delgado, Paul	do	88	Aug. 15, 1923	Washington.	
Dockum, Charles R	do	9254	Mar. 25, 1924	New Orleans,	
Du Pre, J. J.	do		Oct. 24, 1923	Atlanta.	
Durand, Frank P	do	2994	Nov. 2, 1922	Chicago.	
Ellingham, Irving	do	8870	July 30, 1923	New York,	
Engie, Charles	do	10011	Dec. 7, 1923	Do.	
Engor, Marshali H.	Second	4273	July 16, 1925	Chicago.	
Ensor, Marshali H. Farrell, James F	Rivet	24077	Aug. 6, 1924	New York.	
Forguson, Chester R	An	3626	Nov. 22, 1924	San Francisco.	
Gardner Harry IV.	Boomed	2376	July 16, 1923	Ecatile.	
Gardner, Harry E. Garrett, William L., ir.	First	8502	Feb. 27, 1923		
Goldberg, Frank	do	8842		New York,	
Goldman, Jacob L.	40	12259	Mar. 19, 1923 Nov. 20, 1924	Do.	
Gomes, Raymond	40	7285		Do.	
Hilgedick, Winfred C.	do	9337	Nev. 24, 1922	San Francisco,	
ohnson, William K	do:		Oct. 24, 1924	Chicago.	
Jones, Lloyd W	do	9988	Oct. 26, 1923	New York,	
Kotcher, Ezra	40	7902 8647	Sept. 16, 1924	Seattle.	
Monahan Chadas F			Mar. 21, 1923	New York,	
Monahan, Charles J		12484	Feb. 26, 1925	Da.	
Newton, O. A. O'Donnell, Cornelius F		10665	June 21, 1924	Seattle.	
O'Dome Toronh (P.		9223	Mar. 8, 1924	New Orleans,	
O'Dowd, Jeseph T		9393	Mar. 4, 1924	Chicago.	
Peck, W. G.	do	. 89	Aug. 15, 1923	Washington,	
Reisinger, Isom F		10248	Sept. 1, 1924	Atlanta.	
Rohwer, Paul G		62669	Mar. 16, 1925	Chicago,	
COBUL MISURICE	do	11123	Sept. 25, 1924	New Orleans:	
Schulsinger, Max	[do]	9148	Nov. 19, 1928	Do.	
Siegel, Maurice	do	8715	May 8, 1923	New York,	
Shumway, Stanley R.	00	10140	Feb. 18, 1924	Do.	
Simson, A Gael	do	4590	Jan. 4, 1923	Seattle.	
pears, Harry	do	10081	Jan. 22, 1924	New York,	
Stenman, Elmer J.	do	9097	Mar. 10, 1924	Boston,	
Sturiey, George	do	7931	Nov. 25, 1924	Seattle.	
outhworth, Francis G	do	10796	May 17, 1924	New York,	
werdloff, Herman	00	10704	Apr. 7, 1924	Do.	
Chempson, G. S	do	19666	June 25, 1924	Seattle.	
enen, John D	dol	7984	Mar. 9, 1925	Do.	
/ida, Albert M	do	9906	Oct. 8, 1923	New York.	
Walley, Orlines H	do 6	11168	Nov. 14, 1924	New Orleans.	
Wangh, Horry L.		41.04	A sam - O.4 1000 1	Chiana	
Controller water & water and a second	Steamd	4124	Aug. 24, 1922	Chicago.	
Vickizer, Gilbert 8.	Second	10887			
Waugh, Harry L. Wickizer, Gilbert 8. Wilson, Rollin V.	First Beend		June 19, 1924 June 8, 1925	New York, Atlanta.	

USE OF 300 AND 450 METERS RESTRICTED BY NEWFOUNDLAND

The Newfoundland Government will prohibit ships registered in Newfoundland from using the wave lengths of 300 and 450 meters after October I, this year, within 250 miles of the coast of the United States, on condition that the United States will from October 1 similarly prohibit its ships from using wave lengths within 250 miles of the coast of Newfoundland.

This department has signified that it is agreeable to the conditions indicated and accordingly all radio operators of United States vessels are not allowed the use of these wave lengths, effective October 1, when within 250 miles of the

coasts of Newfoundland or of the United States.

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ELECTRICAL INTERFERENCE WITH RADIO RECEPTION

In some localities radio reception is seriously disturbed by interference arising from electrical apparatus in the vicinity. Part of the disturbance from electrical devices is practically inevitable and must be regarded like atmospheric disturbances as part of the inherent limitation of radio reception. Some electical devices when in perfect working order cause disturbances which result in interference with radio reception, while other devices cause interference because of their faulty operation. The only general remedy for electrical interference is cooperative effort on the part of users of radio, users and owners of the electrical sources of disturbance, and distributers of electrical power to reduce or climinate the causes of the trouble. In many cases it is possible to provide filters, shields, chokes, etc., either at the source of disturbance or at the receiving set, which do much to relieve the difficulties.

A brief outline of the sources of such interference and the methods usually used in mitigation is given in Letter Circular No. 182, just issued by the Bureau of Standards. A copy of this circular may be obtained upon application to the Bureau of Standards, Washington, D. C.

SPECIFICATIONS FOR RADIO FREQUENCY INDICATOR, TYPE B

In May, 1924, the Bureau of Standards issued specifications for radio frequency indicator, type B. This frequency indicator was designed to be used in a radio transmitting station to indicate to the operator that the transmitting frequency assigned to the station is being accurately maintained. A number of these instruments have been built by various transmitting stations and calibrated by the Bureau of Standards. Experience with these have suggested several changes which improve the frequency indicator and the specifications have been revised to include the results of this experience. These specifications give complete details for construction.

The frequency indicator is essentially a one-point frequency meter (wave-meter). When the deflection instrument of the frequency indicator gives maximum deflection for the pointer set at the fiducial mark on the top of the device, the transmitting set is known to be operating at the frequency to which the frequency indicator is adjusted. The bureau will calibrate and adjust only radio frequency indicators which are to be used to maintain a radio transmitting station on its assigned frequency. A fee of \$5 is charged for adjusting frequency indicators which are built according to these specifications. A copy of the "Specifications for a radio frequency indicator, type B," Letter Circular No. 180, may be obtained upon application to the Bureau of Standards, Washington, D. C.

STANDARD RADIO FREQUENCY TRANSMISSIONS, OCTOBER TO JANUARY

The Bureau of Standards transmits, twice a month, radio signals of definitely announced frequencies, for use by the public in standardizing frequency meters (wavemeters) and transmitting and receiving apparatus. The signals are transmitted from the bureau station WWV, Washington, D. C., and from station 6XBM, Stanford University, Calif.

The transmissions are by unmodulated continuous-wave radio telegraphy.

The transmissions are by unmodulated continuous-wave radio telegraphy. A complete frequency transmission includes a "general call," a "standard frequency signal," and "announcements." The "general call" is given at the beginning of the eight-minute period and continues for about two minutes. This includes a statement of the frequency. The "standard frequency signal" is a series of very long dashes with the call letters (WWV or 6XBM) intervening. This signal continues for about four minutes. The "announcements" are on the same frequency as the "standard frequency signal" just transmitted and contain a statement of the frequency. An announcement of the next frequency, to be transmitted is then given. There is then a four-minute interval while the transmitting set is adjusted for the next frequency.

The signals can be heard and utilized by stations equipped for continuous-wave reception at distances within about 500 to 1,000 miles from the transmitting stations. Information on how to receive and utilize the signals is given in Bureau of Standards letter circular No. 171, which may be obtained on application from the Bureau of Standards, Washington, D. C. Even though only a few points are received, persons can obtain as complete a wavemeter calibration as desired by the method of generator harmonics, information on which is given in the

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The schedule of standard frequency signals from both the Bureau of Standards and Stanford University is as follows:

Schedule of Frequencies in Kilocycles [Approximate wave lengths in meters in parentheses]

								, m , m ,
Time *	Oct. 5	Oct. 20	Nov. 5	Nov. 20	Dec. 5	Dec. 19	Jan. 5	Jan. 23
10 to 10.08 p. 112	550	1,500	3,000	125	300	550	1,500	3,000
10.12 to 10.20 p. m	(545) 630	1,650	(100) 3, 300	(2, 400)	(1,000)	(545) 630	(200) 1,650	(100) 3, 800
10.24 to 10.32 p. m	(476) 730	1,800	8, 600 (91)	(2, 254)	(952) 345	(476) 780	(182) 1,800	3, 600
10.36 to 10.44 p. m.	(411) 850	2, 600 2, 500	4, 600	(2,007)	(869) 375	(411) 850	(167) 2, 000	4, 000
10.48 to 10.56 p. en	(355) 980	2, 200	4, 400	(1, 934) 266. 5	(800) 425	(353) 990	(150) 2, 200	4, 400
11 to 11.08 p. m	(30f) I, 139	(136) 2, 450	4, 900	(1, 800) 205	(786) 600	1,130	(136) 2, 450	4, 900
11.12 to 11.30 p. m	1,300	2,700	5, 400	(1, 663)	600)	(255) 1, 399	2, 700	5, 400
11.24 to 11.32 p. m	(231) 1, 600 (200)	3,000 (100)	6, 000 ; (50)	(1, 153)	(500) 566 (450)	1,500	3,000	6, 000
	1,200)	(100)	(30)	(982)	(450)	(200)	(100)	(50)

^{*} Eastern standard time for WWV, Washington, D. C.; Pacific standard time for 6XBM, California.

STANDARD FREQUENCY STATIONS

As a result of measurements by the Bureau of Standards upon the transmitted waves of a limited number of radio transmitting stations, data are given in each month's Radio Service Bulletin on such of these stations as have been found to maintain a sufficiently constant frequency to be useful as frequency standards. There may be many other stations maintaining their frequency just as constant as these, but these are the only ones among those observed. There is, of course, no actual guaranty that the stations named below will maintain the constancy shown, but the data indicate the high degree of confidence that can be placed in them. The transmitted frequencies from these stations can be utilized for standardizing frequency meters (wavemeters) and other apparatus by the procedure given in Bureau of Standards letter circular No. 92, "Radio signals of standard frequency and their utilization," and in Bureau of Standards letter circular No. 171, "Requirements, construction and operation of apparatus for measurement of the frequencies of distant radio transmitting stations." A copy of either letter circular can be obtained by a person having actual use for it upon application to the Bureau of Standards, Department of Commerce, Washington, D. C.

Station	Owner	oper Location		Period covered by meas- trements (months)		Deviations from assigned fre- quencies noted in measure- ments	
	1000 HOLE	(kilo- cycles)	Aver- age			Great- est since Aug. 20, 1925	
		-				Per	Per
WQL	Radio Corporation of America.	Coram Hill, Long Is- land, N. Y.	17. 13	9	59	cent 0.2	cent 0.3
N88 WCL	United States Navy Radio Corporation of America.	Annapolis, Md Barnegat, N. J	17.50 17.96	25 7	195 35	2	.1 .4
wgg	do	Tuckerton, No. 1, N. J.	18.86	25	195	.1	.3
WRT WVA WBAF	Telegraph Co.	New Brunswick, N. J.	21.80 22.60 109 510	5 5 6 9	43 17 78 74	.1 .2 .1	.3 .3 .0
WCAP	Charapeake & Potomae Telephona Co.	Washington, D. C	640	24	108	.1	.2
wrc		do	640	21	95	.1	.2
WSB WGY WBZ	Atlanta Journal	Atlanta, Ga. Schenectady, N. Y Springfield, Mass	700 798 908	24 27 17	104 141 55	.2 .1 .1	.7 .6 .3

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REFERENCES TO CURRENT BADIO PERIODICAL LITERATURE

This is a monthly list of references prepared by the Radio Laboratory of the Bureau of Standards, and is intended to cover the more important papers of interest to the professional radio engineers which have recently appeared in technical periodicals. The number at the left of each reference classifies the reference by subject, in accordance with the scheme presented in "A decimal classification of radio subjects—An extension of the Dewey system," circular No. 138, a copy of which may be obtained for 10 cents from the Superintendent of Documents, Government Printing Office, Washington, D. C. Further information about these lists, availabilities of previous lists and of the several periodicals is contained in the extended statement preceding the early lists and published in the Radio Service Bulletin prior to April, 1923, and also in May and September, 1923.

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 Jacobs, C. F. Antonia spreader. United States Patent No. 1,553,244, issued September 16, 1925. R120 R124 16, 1925.
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- R134.75
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- Nancarrow, F. E. Quartz crystal resenstors. Post Office Electrical Engineers Journal (London), 18, pp. 168-174, July, 1925.
 Round, H. J. and Rust, N. M. New facts about oscillating crystals. Wireless World & Radio Review, 17, pp. 217-218, August 19, 1925.
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- Barsoni, C. B. Hard tubes and soft tubes as amplifiers and detectors. Radio News. 7, pp. R330
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