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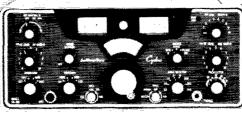
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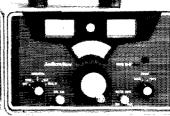
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- Semi-Automatic Break-In CW MOX VOX
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## Unless you pay \$3000 or more, you can't buy a microphone as good as the E-V 729...for only \$15\frac{30}{20}.

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The biggest advantage of the 729 is its cardioid pickup pattern. When put to the test of critical VOX operation, you'll quickly note that unnecessary tripping of the control circuit is reduced. In most cases, loudspeaker volume can be substantially increased, as well, making the entire level of your operation much more pleasant and effective.

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516F-2 AC Power Supply



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OUR COVER
A bit of photographic trickery
was necessary
to fit W6KPC's
antenna within
the limits of our
cover. For an
accurate representation and
full details of
the antenna,
see page 11.



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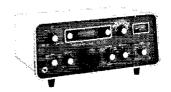
### -CONTENTS-

TECHNICAL —	
Collinear Yagi QuartetA. J. F. Clement, W6KPC	11
Let's Talk TransistorsRobert E. Stoffels	17
A Solid-State Speech Processor  Joseph J. Spadaro, WB2EYZ	21
Gimmicks and Gadgets: A Code-Practice Oscillator and CW Monitor <i>Kirk Butler, WB6TUM</i>	24
A 21/28-MHz. Transverter for 3.5-MHz. Transceivers Dennis M. Petrich, KØEOO	26
Atmospheric Noise and Receiver Sensitivity  Harry R. Hyder, W7IV	32
Perfect Morse Code from Teletype Tape — Inexpensively Jerry Hall, KIPLP	40
Technical Correspondence	44
Recent Equipment: Inoue FDFM-2	46
Transmission Line Sections for R. F. Chokes and BypassingGeorge F. Moynahan, Jr., W6AXT	49
BEGINNER AND NOVICE -	
A Coax-Fed Trap-Dipole For 80 Through 10-Meters  Lewis G. McCoy, WIICP	37
OPERATING—	
1969 Field Day Results	50
Armed Forces Day 1969	70
A Rough Summer	74
GENERAL —	
Australis — Oscar 5	61
Chart of New Suballocations6	34A
Of, By and For the Radio AmateurDon Waters	66
QCEN and Charity Drives	
James E. Weaver, WASCOA/WA9FEW That Planet Mars QSO Cup Fred Johnson Elser, W6FB/W7OX	96 98
ARPS. 74 IARU ARRL Museum. 69 Index to Advertisers. ARRL QSL Bureau. 48 "It Seems to Us " Coming Conventions. 73 League Lines. Correspondence From Members 78 Operating News. Feedback. 73, 90, 98 Silent Keys. Hamfest Calendar. 72 World Above 50 Mc. Happenings of the Month. 62 YL News & Views. Hints & Kinks. 42 WIAW Schedule.	80 158 9 10 99 90 103 83 88 101

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Washington  East Bay* Hawaii Neyada Sacramento Valley San Francisco San Joaquin Valley Santa Clara Valley  North Carolina South Carolina Virginia West Virginia Colorado New Mexico Utah Wyoming  Alabama	W75WJ W86DHH KH6BZF W7PBV W6KYA/ W6KYA/ WA6JDT W64PU W6VZT WA4UQC W4PED K4GR W8JM W05NIN W5NUI W7QWH W7CQL W4WLG	Paul J. Parker Lee R. Wical Leonard M. Norman John F. Minke, III Hugh Cassidy Ralph Saroyan Albert F. Gaetano Caivin M. Demosey Charles N. Wright Robert J. Slagle Donald B. Morris Charles M. Cottereil James R. Cottereil James R. Prine, D. V. M. Thomas H. Miller Wayne M. Moore	TISION  2236 Whyte Ave. 45-601 Luluku Rd. 652 Utah St. 6230 Rlo Bonito Drive 77 Coleman Drive 6204 E. Townsend 6215 Old Adobe Rd. VISION 1604 West Canal St. 711 Merriwether Drive 3515—25th St., N., 1136 Morningstar Lane N DIVISION 430 South Swadley St. P.O. Box 1128 3148 South 3360 East 142 South Montana Ave.	Walnut Creek 94595 Kaneohe 96744 Boulder City 88005 Carmichael 95608 San Rafael 94901 Fresno 93702 Los Gatos 95030  Tarboro 27886 North Augusta 29841 Arlington 22207 Falrmont 26554  Lakewood 80228 Los Alamos 87544 Sait Lake City 84109 Casper 82601  Huntsville 35811
East Bay* Hawaii Nevada Sacramento Valley San Francisco San Joaquin Valley Santa Clara Valley North Carolina Virginia Virginia Vest Virginia Colorado New Mexico Utah Wyoming Alabama Canal Zone	W75WJ W86DHH KH6BZF W7PBV W6KYA/ W6KYA/ WA6JDT W64PU W6VZT WA4UQC W4PED K4GR W8JM W05NIN W5NUI W7QWH W7CQL W4WLG	Paul J. Parker Lee R. Wical Leonard M. Norman John F. Minke, III Hugh Cassidy Ralph Saroyan Albert F. Gaetano Caivin M. Demosey Charles N. Wright Robert J. Slagle Donald B. Morris Charles M. Cottereil James R. Cottereil James R. Prine, D. V. M. Thomas H. Miller Wayne M. Moore	TISION.  45-601 Luluku Rd. 652 Utah St. 652 Utah St. 652 Utah St. 6230 Rio Bonito Drive 77 Coleman Drive 6204 E. Townsend Ave. 115 Old Adobe Rd. VISION. 1604 West Canal St. 711 Merriwether Drive 3515 — 25th St., N., 1136 Morningstar Lane N DIVISION. 430 South Swadley St. F.O. Box 1128 3148 South 3360 East 142 South Montana Ave. DIVISION. 2208 Rodgers Dr. P.O. Box 107	Walnut Creek 94595 Kaneohe 96744 Boulder City 89005 Carmichael 95608 San Rafael 94901 Fresno 93702 Los Gatos 95030 Tarboro 27886 North Augusta 29841 Arlington 22207 Falrmont 26554 Lakewood 80228 Los Alamos 87544 Satt Lake City 84109 Casper 82601 Huntsville 35811
Washington  East Bay* Hawail Neyada Sacramento Valley San Francisco San Joaquin Valley Santa Clara Valley  North Carolina South Carolina Virginia West Virginia Colorado New Mexico Utah Wyoming  Alabama Canal Zone Eastern Fiorlda*	W75WJ W86DHH KH6BZF W7PBV W6KYA/ W6KYA/ WA6JDT W64PU W6VZT WA4UQC W4PED K4GR W8JM W5NIII W7QWH W7CQL W4WLO KZ5OB W4VPY	Paul J. Parker Lee R. Wical Leonard M. Norman John F. Minke, III Hugh Cassidy Ralph Saroyan Albert F. Gaetano Calvin M. Dempsey Charles N. Wright Robert J. Slagie Donald B. Morris ROCKY MOUNTAI Charles M. Cottereil James R. Prine. D. V. M. Thomas H. Miller Wayne M. Moore SOUTHEASTERN Donald W. Bonner Russell E. Oberholtzer Ronald J. Locke, Howard L. Schonher	TISION.  45-601 Luluku Rd. 652 Utah St. 652 Utah St. 652 Utah St. 6230 Rio Bonito Drive 77 Coleman Drive 6204 E. Townsend Ave. 115 Old Adobe Rd. VISION. 1604 West Canal St. 711 Merriwether Drive 3515 — 25th St., N., 1136 Morningstar Lane N DIVISION. 430 South Swadley St. F.O. Box 1128 3148 South 3360 East 142 South Montana Ave. DIVISION. 2208 Rodgers Dr. P.O. Box 107	Walnut Creek 94595 Kaneohe 96744 Boulder City 89005 Carmichael 95608 San Rafael 94901 Fresno 93702 Los Gatos 95030 Tarboro 27886 North Augusta 29841 Arlington 2207 Fairmont 26554 Lakewood 80228 Los Alamos 87544 Sait Lake City 84109 Casper 82601 Huntsville 35811 Margarita Jacksonville 32211 Golumbius 31902
Washington  East Bay* Hawail Nevada Sacramento Valley San Francisco San Joaquin Valley Santa Clara Valley North Carolina South Carolina Virginia West Virginia  Colorado New Mexico Utah Wyoming  Alabama Canal Zone Eastern Florida* Georgia West Indies	W75WJ W86DHH KH6BZF W7PBV W6KYA/ W6KYA/ WA6JDT W64PU W6VZT  WA4UQC W4PED K4GR W8JM W05NIN W5NUI W7CQL W4WLG KZ5OB W4YPX W4YPX W4YLG K74CO	Paul J. Parker Lee R. Wical Leonard M. Norman John F. Minke, III Hugh Cassidy Ralph Saroyan Albert F. Gaetano ROANOKE DI Calvin M. Dempsey Charles N. Wright Robert J. Slagle Donald B. Morris ROCK Y MOUNTAI Charles M. Cottereil James R. Prine. D. V. M. Thomas H. Miller Wayne M. Moore SOUTHEASTERN Donald W. Bonner Russell E. Oberholtzer Ronald J. Locke, Howard L. Schonher José Medina-Hernández	TISION  2236 Whyte Ave. 45-601 Luluku Rd. 652 Utah St. 6230 Rlo Bonito Drive 77 Coleman Drive 6204 E. Townsend Ave. 115 Old Adobe Rd. VISION 1604 West Canal St. 711 Mcriwether Drive 3515 25th St., N. 1136 Morningstar Lane N DIVISION 430 South Swadley St. P.O. Box 1128 3148 South Montana Ave. DIVISION 2208 Radgers Dr. P.O. Box 107 7306 Arbie Drive P.O. Box 1902 Box 1480	Walnut Creek 94595 Kaneohe 96744 Boulder City 89005 Carmichael 95608 San Rafael 94901 Fresno 93702 Los Gatos 95030 Tarboro 27886 North Augusta 29841 Arlington 2207 Fairmont 26554 Lakewood 80228 Los Alamos 87544 Sait Lake City 84109 Casper 82601 Huntsville 35811 Margarita Jacksonville 32211 Golumbius 31902
Washington  East Baya' Hawai' Nevada Sacramento Valley San Francisco San Joaquin Valley Santa Clara Valley North Carolina Virginia Virginia Vest Virginia  Colorado New Mexico Utah Wyoming  Alabama Canal Zone Eastern Florida* Georgia	W75WJ W86DHH KH6BZF W7PBV W6KYA/ W6KYA/ WA6JDT W64PU W6VZT WA4UQC W4PED K4GR W8JM W0SIN W5NUI W7CQL W4WLG KZ50B W4YPX	Paul J. Parker Lee R. Wical Leonard M. Norman John F. Minke, III Hugh Cassidy Ralph Saroyan Albert F. Gaetano ROANOKE DI Calvin M. Dempsey Charles N. Wright Robert J. Slagle Donald B. Morris ROCKY MOUNTAI Charles M. Cottereil James R. Prine, D. V.M. Thomas H. Miller Wayne M. Moore SOUTHEASTERN Donald W. Bonner Russell E. Derholtzer Ronald J. Locke Howard L. Schother José McGinn-Hernández	1SION.  45-601 Luluku Rd. 652 Utah St. 652 Utah St. 652 Utah St. 6230 Rio Bonito Drive 77 Coleman Drive 6244 E. Townsend Ave. 115 Old Adobe Rd. VISION. 1604 West Canal St. 711 Mcriwether Drive 3315 — 25th St., N. 1136 Morningstar Lane N DIVISION. 430 South Swadley St. P.O. Box 1128 3148 South Swadley St. 142 South Montana Ave. DIVISION. 2188 Rodgers Dr. 1-06 Arbie Drive P.O. Box 107 77 766 Arbie Drive P.O. Box 107 77 77 786 Arbie Drive P.O. Box 107 77 786 Arbie Drive P.O. Box 1902 P.O. Box 1907 P.O. Box 1902 P.O. Box 1902 P.O. Box 1902 P.O. Box 1902 P.O. Box 1907 P.O. Box 1902 P.O. Box 1903 P.O. B	Walnut Creek 94595 Kaneohe 96744 Boulder City 89005 Carmichael 95608 San Rafael 94901 Fresno 93702 Los Gatos 95030 Tarboro 27886 North Augusta 29841 Arlington 22207 Falrmont 26554 Lakewood 80228 Los Alamos 87544 Satt Lake City 84109 Casper 82601 Huntsville 35811
East Bay* Hawaii Nevada Sacramento Valley San Francisco San Joaquin Valley Santa Clara Valley North Carolina South Carolina Virginia West Virginia Colorado New Mexico Utah Wyoming Alabama Canal Zone Eastern Florida* Georgia West Indies Western Florida	W75WJ W86DHH KH6BZF W7PBV W6KYA/ W6KYA/ WA6JDT W64PU W6VZT  WA4UQC W4PED K4GR W8JM W05NIN W5NUI W7CQU W4WLO KZ5OB W4YPX W4RZL K74CO W4RKH	Paul J. Parker Lee R. Wical Leonard M. Norman John F. Minke, III Hugh Cassidy Ralph Saroyan Albert F. Gaetano ROANOKE DI Calvin M. Dempsey Charles N. Wright Robert J. Slagle Donald B. Morris ROCKY MOUNTAI Charles M. Cottereil James R. Prine, D. V.M. Thomas H. Miller Wayne M. Moore SOUTHEASTERN Donald W. Bonner Russell E. Derholtzer Ronald J. Locke Howard L. Schother José McGinn-Hernández	1SION.  45-601 Luluku Rd. 652 Utah St. 652 Utah St. 652 Utah St. 6230 Rio Bonito Drive 77 Coleman Drive 6244 E. Townsend Ave. 115 Old Adobe Rd. VISION. 1604 West Canal St. 711 Mcriwether Drive 3315 — 25th St., N. 1136 Morningstar Lane N DIVISION. 430 South Swadley St. P.O. Box 1128 3148 South Swadley St. 142 South Montana Ave. DIVISION. 2188 Rodgers Dr. 1-06 Arbie Drive P.O. Box 107 77 766 Arbie Drive P.O. Box 107 77 77 786 Arbie Drive P.O. Box 107 77 786 Arbie Drive P.O. Box 1902 P.O. Box 1907 P.O. Box 1902 P.O. Box 1902 P.O. Box 1902 P.O. Box 1902 P.O. Box 1907 P.O. Box 1902 P.O. Box 1903 P.O. B	Walnut Creek 94595 Kaneohe 96744 Boulder City 88005 Carmichael 95608 San Rafael 94901 Fresno 93702 Los Gatos 95030  Tarboro 27886 North Augusta 29841 Arlington 22207 Falrmont 26554  Lakewood 80228 Los Alamos 87544 Sait Lake City 84109 Casper 82601  Huntsville 35811 Margarita Jacksonville 32211 Columbus 31902 Alayaquez, P. R. 00709 Fort Walton Beach 32548
Washington  East Bay* Hawail Neyada Sacramento Valley San Francisco San Joaquin Valley Santa Clara Valley  North Carolina South Carolina Virginia West Virginia Colorado New Mexico Utah Wyoming  Alabama Canal Zone Eastern Florida* Georgia West Indies West Indies Western Florida  Arizona Los Angeles	W75WJ W86DHH KH6BZF W7PBV W6KYA/ W6KYA/ WA6JDT W61PU W6VZT  WA4UQC W4PED K4GR W8JM W05NIN W5NIN W7CQL W4WLG KZ5OB W4YPX W4RZL KP4CO W4RKH	Paul J. Parker Lee R. Wical Leonard M. Norman John F. Minke, III Hugh Cassidy Ralph Saroyan Albert F. Gaetano ROANOKE DI Calvin M. Dempsey Charles N. Wright Robert J. Slagle Donald B. Morris ROCKY MOUNTAI Charles M. Cottereil James R. Prine, D. V.M. Thomas H. Miller Wayne M. Moore SOUTHEASTERN Donald W. Bonner Russell E. Derholtzer Ronald J. Locke Howard L. Schother José McGinn-Hernández	1SION.  45-601 Luluku Rd. 652 Utah St. 652 Utah St. 652 Utah St. 6230 Rio Bonito Drive 77 Coleman Drive 6244 E. Townsend Ave. 115 Old Adobe Rd. VISION. 1604 West Canal St. 711 Mcriwether Drive 3315 — 25th St., N. 1136 Morningstar Lane N DIVISION. 430 South Swadley St. P.O. Box 1128 3148 South Swadley St. 142 South Montana Ave. DIVISION. 2188 Rodgers Dr. 1-06 Arbie Drive P.O. Box 107 77 766 Arbie Drive P.O. Box 107 77 77 786 Arbie Drive P.O. Box 107 77 786 Arbie Drive P.O. Box 1902 P.O. Box 1907 P.O. Box 1902 P.O. Box 1902 P.O. Box 1902 P.O. Box 1902 P.O. Box 1907 P.O. Box 1902 P.O. Box 1903 P.O. B	Walnut Creek 94595 Kaneohe 96744 Boulder City 88005 Carmichael 95608 San Rafael 94901 Fresno 93702 Los Gatos 95030  Tarboro 27886 North Augusta 29841 Arlington 22207 Falrmont 26554  Lakewood 80228 Los Alamos 87544 Salt Lake City 84109 Casper 82601  Huntsville 35811 Margarita Jarksonville 32211 Columbus 31902 Mayaquez, P. R. 00709 Fort Walton Beach 32548  Phoenix 85016 Alhambra 91801
Washington  East Bay* Hawai! Nevada Sacramento Valley San Francisco San Joaquin Valley Santa Clara Valley North Carolina South Carolina Virginia West Virginia  Colorado New Mexico Utah Wyoming Alabama Canal Zone Eastern Fiorida* Georgia West Indies West Indies West Indies Western Fiorida Arizona Los Angeles Orange	W75WJ W86DHH KH6BZF W7PBV W6KYA/ W6KYA/ WA6JDT W64PU W6VZT WA4UQC W4PED K4GR W8JM W0SIN W5NUI W7CQL W4WLG KZ50B W4YPX W4RZL KY4CO W4RKH W7CAF W66KZI W6DEY	Paul J. Parker Lee R. Wical Leonard M. Norman John F. Minke, III Hugh Cassidy Ralph Saroyan Albert F. Gaetano ROANOKE DI Calvin M. Dempsey Charles N. Wright Robert J. Slagle Donald B. Morris ROCKY MOUNTAI Charles M. Cottereil James R. Prine, D. V.M. Thomas H. Miller Wayne M. Moore SOUTHEASTERN Donald W. Bonner Russell E. Derholtzer Ronald J. Locke Howard L. Schother José McGinn-Hernández	1SION.  45-601 Luluku Rd. 652 Utah St. 652 Utah St. 652 Utah St. 6230 Rio Bonito Drive 77 Coleman Drive 6244 E. Townsend Ave. 115 Old Adobe Rd. VISION. 1604 West Canal St. 711 Mcriwether Drive 3315 — 25th St., N. 1136 Morningstar Lane N DIVISION. 430 South Swadley St. P.O. Box 1128 3148 South Swadley St. 142 South Montana Ave. DIVISION. 2188 Rodgers Dr. 1-06 Arbie Drive P.O. Box 107 77 766 Arbie Drive P.O. Box 107 77 77 786 Arbie Drive P.O. Box 107 77 786 Arbie Drive P.O. Box 1902 P.O. Box 1907 P.O. Box 1902 P.O. Box 1902 P.O. Box 1902 P.O. Box 1902 P.O. Box 1907 P.O. Box 1902 P.O. Box 1903 P.O. B	Walnut Creek 94595 Kaneohe 96744 Boulder City 88005 Carmichael 95608 San Rafael 94901 Fresno 93702 Los Gatos 95030  Tarboro 27886 North Augusta 29841 Arlington 22207 Falrmont 26554  Lakewood 80228 Los Alamos 87544 Salt Lake City 84109 Casper 82601  Huntsville 35811 Margarita Jarksonville 32211 Columbus 31902 Mayaquez, P. R. 00709 Fort Walton Beach 32548  Phoenix 85016 Alhambra 91801
Washington  East Bay* Hawail Nevada Sacramento Valley San Francisco San Joaquin Valley Santa Clara Valley North Carolina South Carolina Virginia West Virginia  Colorado New Mexico Utah Wyoming  Alabama Canal Zone Eastern Florida* Georgia West Indies West Indies Western Florida  Arizona Los Angeles Crange San Dilego	W75WJ W86DHH KH6BZF W7PBV W6KYA/ W6KYA/ WA6JDT W64PU W6VZT  W44UQC W4PED K4GR W8JM W05NIN W75NUI W75NUI W76WH W7CQL  W4WLG KZ50B W4YPX W4RZL KP4CO W4RKH W7CAF W66ZI W6DEY W66ZI W66COE	PACIFIC DIV Paul J. Parker Lee R. Wical Leonard M. Norman John F. Minke, III Hugh Cassidy Ralph Saroyan Albert F. Gaetano ROANOKE DI Calvin M. Dempsey Charles N. Wright Robert J. Slagle Donald B. Morris ROCKY MOUNTAI Charles M. Cottereil James R. Prine. D. V. M. Thomas H. Miller Wayne M. Moore SOUTHEASTERN Donald W. Bonner Russell E. Oberholtzer Ronald J. Locke, Howard L. Schonher José Medina-Hernández Frank M. Butler, Jr. SOUTHWESTERN Gary M. Hamman Harvey D. D. Hetland Roy R. Masson Richard E. Leffler Ceell D. Hinson	TISION.  45-601 Luluku Rd. 652 Utah St. 652 Utah St. 652 Utah St. 6230 Rio Bonito Drive 77 Coleman Drive 6204 E. Townsend Ave. 115 Old Adobe Rd. VISION. 1604 West Canal St. 711 Merrjwether Drive 3515—25th St., N., 1136 Morningstar Lane N DIVISION. 430 South Swadley St. P.O. Box 1128 3148 South 3360 East 142 South Montana Ave. DIVISION. 2208 Radgers Dr. P.O. Box 1902 Box 1480 323 Elliott Rd., S.E. IDIVISION. 2313 E. Campbell Ave. 2408 Cedar St. 1434 South Olive St. 1434 South Olive St. 1912 Millford Pl. 1434 South Olive St. 1912 Millford Pl. 1933 Coventry Court	Walnut Creek 94595 Kaneohe 96744 Boulder City 88005 Carmichael 95608 San Rafael 94901 Fresno 93702 Los Gatos 95030  Tarboro 27886 North Augusta 29841 Arlington 22207 Falrmont 28554 Lakewood 80228 Los Alamos 87544 Sait Lake City 84109 Casper 82601  Huntsville 35811 Margarita Jarksonville 32211 Columbus 31902 Mayaquez, P. R. 00709 Fort Walton Beach 32548  Phoenix 85016 Alhambra 91801 Santa Ana 92707 El Cajon 92020
Washington  East Bay* Hawai! Nevada Sacramento Valley San Francisco San Joaquin Valley Santa Clara Valley North Carolina South Carolina Virginia West Virginia  Colorado New Mexico Utah Wyoming Alabama Canal Zone Eastern Fiorida* Georgia West Indies West Indies West Indies Western Fiorida Arizona Los Angeles Orange	W75WJ W86DHH KH6BZF W7PBV W6KYA/ W6KYA/ W6KYA/ W64SDT W64PU W6VZT  W44UQC W4PED K4GR W8JM W6SIN W5NUI W70WH W7CQL W4WLG KZ50B W4YPX W4RZL KP4CO W4RKH W7CAF WA6KZI W6DEY W46COE WA6OKN	PACIFIC DIV Paul J. Parker Lee R. Wical Leonard M. Norman John F. Minke, III Hugh Cassidy Ralph Saroyan Albert F. Gaetano ROANOKE DI Calvin M. Dempsey Charles N. Wright Robert J. Slagle Donald B. Morris ROCKY MOUNTAI Charles M. Cottereil James R. Prine. D. V. M. Thomas H. Miller Wayne M. Moore SOUTHEASTERN Donald W. Bonner Russell E. Oberholtzer Ronald J. Locke, Howard L. Schonher José Medina-Hernández Frank M. Butler, Jr. SOUTHWESTERN Gary M. Hamman Harvey D. D. Hetland Roy R. Masson Richard E. Leffler Ceell D. Hinson	TISION.  45-601 Luluku Rd. 652 Utah St. 652 Utah St. 652 Utah St. 6230 Rio Bonito Drive 77 Coleman Drive 6204 E. Townsend Ave. 115 Old Adobe Rd. VISION. 1604 West Canal St. 711 Merrjwether Drive 3515—25th St., N., 1136 Morningstar Lane N DIVISION. 430 South Swadley St. P.O. Box 1128 3148 South 3360 East 142 South Montana Ave. DIVISION. 2208 Radgers Dr. P.O. Box 1902 Box 1480 323 Elliott Rd., S.E. IDIVISION. 2313 E. Campbell Ave. 2408 Cedar St. 1434 South Olive St. 1434 South Olive St. 1912 Millford Pl. 1434 South Olive St. 1912 Millford Pl. 1933 Coventry Court	Walnut Creek 94595 Kaneohe 96744 Boulder City 88005 Carmichael 95608 San Rafael 94901 Fresno 93702 Los Gatos 95030  Tarboro 27886 North Augusta 29841 Arlington 22207 Falrmont 26554 Lakewood 80228 Los Alamos 87544 Salt Lake City 84109 Casper 82601  Huntsville 35811 Margarita Jarksonville 32211 Columbus 31902 Mayaquez, P. R. 00709 Fort Walton Beach 32548  Phoenix 85016 Alhambra 91801 Santa Ana 92707 El Cajon 92020 Thousand Oaks 91360
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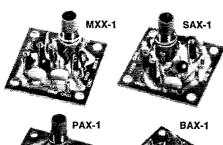
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It is an incorporated association without capital stock, chartered under the laws of Connecticut. Its affairs are governed by a Board of Directors, elected every two years by the general membership. The officers are elected or appointed by the Directors. The League is noncommercial and no one commercially engaged in the manufacture, sale or rental of radio apparatus is eligible to membership on its board.

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#### Atlantic Division

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Vice Director, Harry A. McConaghy... W3EPC
8708 Fenway Dr. Potomac, Bethesda, Md. 20034

#### Central Division

#### Dakota Division

#### Delta Division

#### Great Lakes Division

#### Hudson Division

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SUMNER H. FOSTER. 2110 Gobiln's Gully Dr., S.E., Cedar Rapids, Iowa 52403 Vice-Director: Ralph V. Anderson. 528 Montana Ave., Holton, Kansas 66436

#### New England Division

ROBERT YORK CHAPMAN.......W1QV 28 South Road, Groton, Conn. 06340 Vice-Director:

#### Northwestern Division

ROBERT B. THURSTON. W7PGY 7700 31st Ave., N.E., Seattle, Wash. 98115 Vice-Director: David O. Bennett. W7QLE Box 455, St. Helens, Ure. 97051

#### Pacific Division

#### Roanoke Division

#### Rocky Mountain Division

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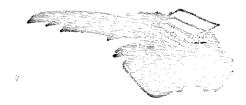
#### Southeastern Division

#### Southwestern Division

#### West Gulf Division

ROY I. ALBRIGHT W5EYB 107 Rosemary, San Antonio, Texas 78209 Vice-Director: Lester L. Harbin..... W5BNG 4515 Calmont, Fort Worth, Texas 76107

\* Member Executive Committee



## "It Seems to Us..."

#### ARRL FILM COVERAGE

Like that at our own conventions, initial reaction to the first public showings of the new ARRL p.r. film, "Ham's Wide World," has been quite favorable. A print is now in the hands of each division director, as a central distribution point to fill requests in his area. These are for the moment largely TV stations where amateurs have sold management on providing a free half-hour of time. (Or, like W5VA, who are the management!).

Yet, to attain the fundamental objectives of exposure to a substantial portion of the public, especially youth, it is obvious the effort must be expanded. We have paid for the creation and production of the film; that money will have been poorly invested if we do not obtain reasonably widespread

distribution of its message.

The film will have a useful life of at least five years, perhaps ten — not because of physical deterioration, but rather its content. Dress habits, style of cars which happen to be in the scenes, etc., will eventually become dated. We need a considerable amount of exposure the first few years. And we cannot expect volunteers to do the entire job for us.

Considering this situation during its late-September meeting, the Executive Committee authorized the procurement of 50 additional prints and approved plans for their distribution. Half the reels will be initially earmarked for school showings - high-school and colleges. The other half will be reserved for additional TV outlets—the smaller ones, for the most part, where program chiefs are looking for good, non-commercial material. As TV outlets are satisfied and requests diminish - perhaps in six months — the full stable of prints will be used for the school distribution. The agency specializing in this service will make our film the subject of special flyers, and of course list it in the catalogs of free-loan materials.

All this takes quite a bit of doing, especially in the financial area—something on the order of \$15,000 is involved. There will be additional amounts in later years. It is a job that needs to be done. And there is no group other than your ARRL with the resources to do it.

#### LIFE MEMBERS

Two years ago the Board adopted new bylaws providing for Life Membership at twenty times the annual dues rate (\$130) to Full Members in Canada and the U. S. It has proved a popular measure—the 76 additional LMs elected at the Executive Committee meeting in September brought the total to nearly 600; more than 200 other members are at one stage or another on the eight-payment plan. It is almost certain that by the end of 1970 there will be 1000 or more hams displaying Life Membership ceramic wall plaques and wearing the special lapel pins.

Flipping through the names on the master record cards produces some interesting facts and impressions. We spotted 113 who are more-than-ordinarily active in League affairs, or are prominent in the business end of amateur radio, or writers of ham radio articles, or known nationally for their accomplishments. This of course is no real surprise. But the other, nearly -700 names in the file are from the whole broad spectrum of hams bankers and grade-schoolers, sergeants and colonels, college professors and college students, girls in the early teens and men past 70. And there are at least three husband-and-wife teams (at \$130 per person - no quantity discount!). All good hams and true — but not necessarily deeply involved in leadership or other prominent spots in our organizational structure.

The point? Simply that it underscores the solid, grass-roots support of ARRL. It takes much of the squish out of the overripe wordtomatoes occasionally tossed claiming the League is a clique of professional engineers (or whatever is the critics' favorite phrase at the moment). It is evidence of — as one ham put it in QST's Correspondence Section a couple of months ago - the often-silent majority. Together with more-active participation such as the hotly-contested elections now in process in six divisions (e.g., 6 candidates for director in the Atlantic, 4 in the Delta Division), it shows the League is indeed a healthy, useful, democratic organization that has a broad base of support. And that's just as it should be.

Q5T-

### League Lines . . .

A late-September decision of FCC left the incentive-licensing cw sub-bands at 25 kHz. rather than expand them to 50; and the 6-meter band as is rather than impose the further license-class restrictions previously announced. At press time the remaining changes are still on the schedule to become effective November 22, as illustrated in the chart on page 64A. Any last-minute modifications will be bulletined by W1AW and the OBS system.

Never knew we had so many swing-shifters! The morning trial of W1AW code practice has met with enthusiastic response from such a wide audience that starting December 10 (and at suitable intervals thereafter) a morning qualifying run will be transmitted. Info in next issue. If you like it, please tell us so.

K7UGA now has 21 fellow-Senators co-sponsoring his S-1466 bill to grant amateur license eligibility to aliens intending to become citizens (without having to wait five years for the usual process). Assuming amateurs everywhere share such a view, a <u>letter to your own</u> senator supporting the bill would be very helpful at this time.

A series in "Telephone Engineer & Management" on <u>basics of transistors</u> was recommended to us as ideal for amateur consumption as well; we agreed, and with permission — plus a few changes for more amateur orientation — the first installment appears on page 17.

Amsat continues to pursue a launch commitment for <u>Australis-Oscar 5</u>; mid- to late- <u>November is likely</u>. The orbit is expected to be essentially the same as the example used in the October QST tracking article (page 54); thus, <u>all data in the article will apply</u>. Listen to W1AW bulletins for further information on the launch.

Within a period of just a few days in September, 3 ardent DXers qualified for the first of the 5BDXCC awards -- W4QCW, DL7AA, W1EVT. QCW worked 'em all during the first three months of the year; getting the cards took the rest of the time.

Stripped of the legal language in our Articles & by-laws, a feature (page 66) in this issue describes in simpler words the <u>League's organizational structure</u> and in general how things function. As the diagram there shows, members hold the driver reins.

If you run across an AX prefix after the first of the year, contain your ecstasy -- it's not the mysterious east, but rather Australia, with a special prefix in commemoration of the 200th anniversary of Captain Cook's journey.

FCC figures indicate that not only has <u>CB finally stopped its rapid growth</u>, but is static and possibly decreasing. With only 20% of licensees renewing, must be a lot of used gear around somewhere.

Mexico now has its own version of incentive licensing. All hams licensed since 1951 must pass a code test -- 10 wpm for 10 minutes for second class, 15 wpm for 15 minutes for first class, with a passing mark of 91%! Already we've received several requests from XEs for W1AW practice schedules.

Washington sources indicate FCC has the word from above to recoup from license application fees even more of its operating costs. We may soon see an <u>upped schedule</u> of fees for all radio services.

## The

## Collinear

## Yagi

## Quartet

A Super Rotary for 10-Meter DX

BY A. J. F. CLEMENT,\* W6KPC

This will be the third sunspot cycle in which the author has built experimental high-performance arrays for use on the 28-MHz. band. The data collected on the arrays built during the 1948 and 1958 sunspot maxima was carefully studied and analyzed. Considerable weight was given to actual DX operating results achieved on a month-to-month basis during good and poor propagation conditions. All the while, over many years, a watchful eye was kept on what kind of antennas the v.h.f. boys were building for maximum DX results.

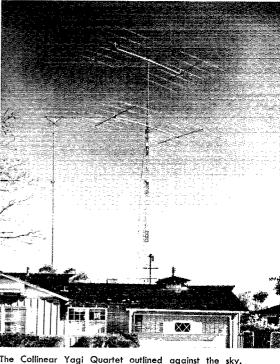
Out of all this, a germ of an idea began to take shape: a collinear arrangement of highperformance antennas to form a large-aperture array. As the idea grew, a number of objectives were listed:

- 1) The antenna should be a rotary beam.
- 2) It should show at least 15-db. gain over a dipole.
- To reduce QRM, the azimuth pattern width should be less than 35 degrees.
- 4) The vertical angle of the main lobe should not exceed 8 degrees.
- 5) The array should be supportable by readily-available commercial towers of best design.

The writer's experience has shown, rather conclusively, that the Yagi antenna achieves greater performance for a given wind resistance and weight than any other antenna design. It was decided, therefore, that a high-performance Yagi would become the basic element of the large-aperture, high-gain array.

\*17171 Gresham St., Northridge, Calif, 91324. 'Clement, "The Yagi-Dagi," QST, September, 1951. 'Clement, "The Driven Beast," QST, May, 1958.

This wouldn't be an unusual structure on 2 meters. But on 10...!! Needless to say, it has paid off in results.



The Collinear Yagi Quartet outlined against the sky. The top pair of elements is 108 feet above the ground. Round cross booms are made of Sitka spruce, 3½ inches in diameter at the center, tapering to 2½ inches at the ends, and are 25 feet long. The short vertical members at the ends of these booms each support a wire truss (broken up by insulators) that prevents droop in the Yagi boom.

A fairly close-spaced 6-element Yagi with balanced high-impedance feed was built and tested. It was anticipated that four of these 6-element Yagis would then be assembled into the final array. The Yagi's basic dimensions are shown in Fig. 1.

The reason for the rather close spacing was mainly mechanical; it was imperative to make all parts of the Yagi as light and thin as possible in order to cut down the wind resistance and total weight of the four that would make up the final array. It would have been better to have used a boom length of about 30 feet instead of the 25 feet shown, although close spacing can yield excellent results if great care is exercised in tuning all elements for maximum forward gain. Close spacing is bothersome, however, in that it lowers the feed-point impedance drastically; also, an unwanted amount of reactance shows up at the feed point of the driven dipole. These two irksome problems were dealt with as follows:

1) "T" matching was used to raise the feedpoint impedance. The hope had been for 200 ohms, but the best that could be squeezed out of many experiments was 150 ohms. Several T-bars of various diameters, spacing and lengths were tried. Smith-chart plots were laboriously run on each try. Had a boom length of 20 feet

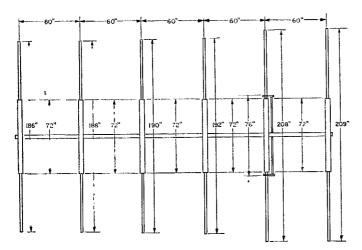
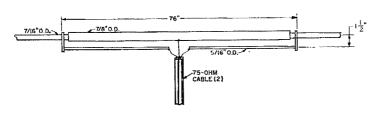


Fig. 1—Dimensional layout of the 6-element Yagi. Lower drawing shows the method of feeding the driven element. Material is seamless Dural tubing. Boom diameter is 1½ inches, 0.050-inch wall. A 4-foot solid wood insert is placed in the center part of the boom to furnish added resistance to bending.



been used 200 ohms would have been easy to attain. The main objective, of course, was to raise the resistance and to lower the reactance.

2) The reactance at the feed point had to be dealt with very carefully. The main thing to worry about was how to be sure to end up with exactly the same reactance in all four Yagis. The reason? All four Yagis must be fed exactly in phase to perform properly as an array. A ±10-degree tolerance on phase angle was set as a limit. To achieve this accuracy in phasing, only simple linear elements were used in the feed system. Only T matching and driven-dipole length juggling were used to achieve a fairly low reactance but high resistance at the feed point. As it turned out, my driven dipole had to be lengthened somewhat to yield what was desired on the Smith chart. The test setup used is shown in Fig. 2.

It must be emphasized at this point that the use of a radio-frequency bridge, or some other accurate way to separate reactance from resistance over the bandwidth of the antenna, is a "must." Fiddling around with s.w.r. bridges may be OK for simple antennas, but can lead one astray when working with more complex assemblies.

After about seven months of Smith charts and on-the-air testing I had a small, light (only 24 pounds), 6-element Yagi that had an effective wind area of only 3.6 square feet (this small wind area and weight is of overpowering importance, as will be seen later) and, as determined by extensive field-strength measurements during the testing period, had an indicated gain

of at least 10 db. over an ordinary horizontal dipole at the same height.<sup>3</sup>

#### The Array

The final important decision of array configuration had to meet the original criteria: It could not be too bulky, too heavy or have too much wind resistance; also, it had to have a narrow pattern in azimuth and elevation and also a very low angle of radiation.

To obtain the required narrow pattern in azimuth, collinear (side-by-side) placement of two Yagi antennas was decided upon. Fig. 3 shows the azimuthal pattern that only two ordinary collinear dipoles will produce. Fig. 4 shows the azimuthal pattern of four collinear dipoles. It was reasoned that since a single 6-element Yagi would certainly have a narrower azimuthal beam width than a pair of collinear dipoles, two 6-element Yagis placed side by side should produce about the same azimuthal pattern as shown in Fig. 4.

The optimum spacing, boom-to-boom, for two 10-db. Yagis should be about ¾ wavelength. This spacing, about 25 feet for 10 meters, should give a full 3 decibels extra gain for the two-Yagi collinear array over a single 6-element

<sup>3</sup>Yagi antennas of this length (about 0.7 wavelength) have shown approximately 9-db. gain over a dipole in a number of extensive sets of measurements. See ARRL Antenna Book (11th edition), Figs. 4-63 and 4-68. The book Yagi-Uda Antenna, by IIda and Mushiake, gives 7-10 db. for 4-element and 9-11 db. for 5-element antennas measured experimentally. No element spacings are stated, but presumably were in the neighborhood of 0.25 wavelength between elements as the authors found spacings of this order to be about optimum; if so, the 4-element antenna would have been 0.75 wavelength long. — Editor.

QST for

Yagi antenna.<sup>4</sup> This 12-element combination array, then, should show a pattern close to that given in Fig. 4 and have a forward gain of approximately 13 db. Such an array could be called a "Collinear Yagi Duet."

An important consideration with respect to collinear spacing is the formation of side lobes which rob energy from the main forward lobe. Collinear spacing in excess of 34 wavelength will cause side lobes to appear in the azimuthal pattern. Vestigial side lobes will just start to be evident when 34-wave spacing is reached. The above considerations fixed my boom-to-boom spacing at 34 wavelength.

To achieve even more gain, it was decided to stack two collinear Yagi duets, one pair over the other pair. This would make a 24-element array made of four 6-element Yagis, hence the "Collinear Yagi Quartet."

#### Stacking

The general idea in stacking antennas is to increase the aperture, or intercept area, of the array. This gives more gain; however, the ground-reflected energy will modify this as compared with the free-space gain. Fig. 5 shows how the ground-reflection factor (which applies to any type of horizontally-polarized antenna) changes as the antenna height is increased. At a height of ½ wavelength the maximum occurs at an elevation (vertical) angle of 30 degrees; at 1 wavelength there are two maxima, one at about 4 degrees and the other at 48 degrees; and so on. Note that for each ½-wavelength increase in height a new lobe appears in the pattern, but that the lowest one keeps dropping down.

A horizontal antenna having good vertical directivity, such as a multielement Yagi, will have relatively little radiation above 30 degrees or so in the vertical plane, so the amplitudes of the higher-angle maxima in the ground-reflection patterns are of minor importance. The lowest maximum is the one of interest, as it gives rise to the useful "main lobe" in the vertical-plane pattern of the actual antenna.

'This is based on unpublished work to which the author had access. There is relatively little in the literature on this point. One reference (Fishenden and Wiblin, "Design of Yagi Aerials," Proc. IEEE (London), Part III, January 1949) states that "mutual effects are usually found to be unimportant at spacings greater than 1½\(\chi\_1\)... and the gain of N units is approximately N times the gain of a single unit. — Editor.

<sup>5</sup>Reproduced from the ARRL Antenna Book, page 46. These patterns are plots of the formula  $2 \sin (h \sin \beta)$ , where h is the height in electrical degrees and B is the vertical angle in degrees above horizontal. The formula is based on the assumption that the ground is perfectly conducting. — Editor.

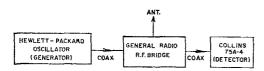


Fig. 2—Test-equipment setup for measuring antenna impedance.

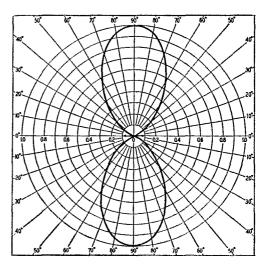


Fig. 3—E-plane pattern of two half-waves in phase, collinear.

It is obvious that two identical antennas stacked at different heights above ground cannot have their main lobes at exactly the same elevation angle. For example, if two Yagis are stacked 1/2 wavelength apart and the lower of the two is 1/2 wavelength high, its ground reflection factor will maximize at 30 degrees. while the maximum for the upper antenna, at a height of one wavelength, will occur at about 14 degrees. But as the heights are progressively increased, the main lobes will tend toward coincidence. To get really good coincidence, the upper antenna should be up about 3 wavelengths and the lower one up at, say, 23% wavelengths (5%-wavelength separation). For this case calculation shows that the theoretical ground-reflection factors are 4.75 degrees for the top antenna and 6.5 degrees for the bottom one -- less than 2 degrees separation.6

The reader can now understand why the Collinear Yagi Quartet was designed so that the upper duet of collinear Yagi antennas was placed at a height of 3 wavelengths while the bottom duet was placed almost as high, at 23 k wavelengths. This is 103 feet (at 28.6 MHz.) for the top pair and 81 feet for the bottom pair above ground. (Imagine what this would be on 20 meters — 206 and 162 feet, to be exact! One can see why stacking is, in general, less beneficial on 20 meters but very effective indeed on 10 meters when 100-foot-high antennas are used.)

This helps in visualizing what is going on in the construction of the composite pattern. The customary method of calculating the overall pattern is to take the average height of the two antennas and apply the ground-reflection factor for that height. In the above example, using this method shows that the ground-reflection factor maximizes at 5.3 degrees for the composite antenna (average height = 2-11/16 wavelengths). This method is applicable at any height. However, if the factors for the individual antennas are not reasonably close to coincidence there is some sacrifice of possible gain, as the author points out. — Editor.

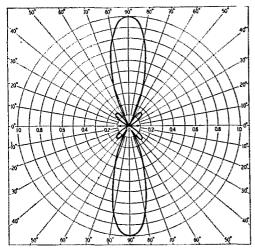


Fig. 4—E-plane pattern of four half-waves in phase, collinear.

One may wonder why  $\frac{5}{8}$  wavelength was chosen as the stacking distance, vertically, between the Duets. It turns out that  $\frac{5}{8}$  wavelength is not a bad compromise between the optimum distance of 1.0 wavelength<sup>7</sup> on one hand and a host of mechanical problems on the other hand. At 1.0 wavelength, the added gain due to stacking is in excess of 3 db., while at  $\frac{5}{8}$  wavelength one can still achieve about 3 db. of gain by having

TKasper, "Optimum Stacking Spacings in Antenna Arrays," QST, April, 1958, Data from this article also is in the ARRL Antenna Book (Fig. 4-64 in the 11th edition), — Editor.

lobe coincidence as described above. General rule; Vertical stacking distance = 34 of boom length, s

Even at <sup>5</sup>\[\] wavelength the upper mast becomes large and heavy. In my case the mast was made of high-strength aircraft steel tubing having a wall thickness of over \(^1\_4\) inch. Imagine what this mast would have to be made of if the spacing had been 1 wavelength. The entire array ended up weighing about 700 pounds, including motor, indicator, mast, booms, feed lines, and antennas. A Tri-Ex LM470HD free-standing crank-up tower was selected to support this big array.

#### Phasing and Feeding

The four Yagi antennas are fed as shown in Fig. 6. Notice that double 75-ohm coax pairs go three half waves from the balun to the two upper collinear Yagis. Also, only two half waves of double 75-ohm coax pairs go from the balun to the bottom collinear Duet; also, these two lower lines are transposed at the balun. The balun transforms from a balanced 50-ohm line on the antenna side to an unbalanced 50-ohm line on the transmitter side. The 150-ohm antennas are all "transported" electrically to the unbalanced side of the balun and are then effectively paralleled.

Four 150-ohm impedances, when paralleled, give a resulting impedance of 37.5 ohms. When

\*Orr, The VHF Handbook, 1st edition, page 112. (The Uda-Mushiake book mentioned in Footnote 3 shows an experimentally-measured stacking gain of 3 db, with two 5-element antennas stacked ½ wavelength apart. For this array, the authors stare that the measurements showed that the gain is maximum when this spacing "is nearly equal to a half-wavelength." — Editor.)

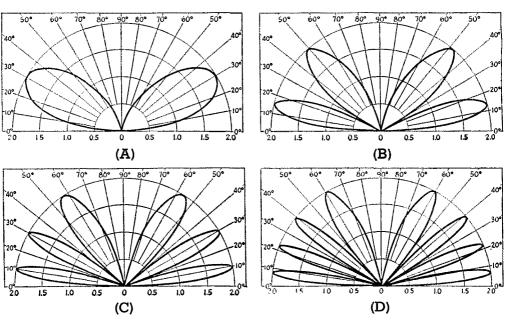


Fig. 5—Factors by which the vertical pattern of a horizontal antenna is multiplied when the antenna is above perfectly-conducting ground. A: height ½ wavelength; B: 1 wavelength; C: 1½ wavelengths; D: 2 wavelengths. See ARRL Antenna Book, Figs. 2-26 through 2-37, for patterns at intermediate heights.

the actual input impedance was measured it was found to be about 42 ohms. From 28.0 MHz. to 29.0 MHz. the v.s.w.r. never exceeded 1.8:1, with about 1.3:1 at 28.6 MHz.

## Experimental Data The Pattern

After the Collinear Yagi Quartet had been in use for ten months Cameron Pierce, W6QY, and I measured the azimuthal (horizontal) pattern. About ten miles away from W6KPC is a mountain range. It is a clear shot from the Collinear Yagi Quartet to the ridge of this range. Fortunately, Dale Hoppe, W6VSS, owns a QTH right on top of this mountain. Cam and Dale set up a KWM-2 and a dipole on the mountaintop.

Back at W6KPC the Collinear Yagi Quartet was pointed directly at the QTH of W6VSS and attenuator No. 1, Fig. 7, was set so that the S meter on the Collins 75S3-B at W6KPC read exactly S9 with the KWM-2 at W6VSS turned on. This No. 1 attenuator was never again touched; it was used only to set the received signal to S9 with the antenna head-on to the W6VSS source.

Next, the antenna array was rotated ten degrees off the line to W6VSS. The S meter dropped off slightly, so it was brought back up to 89 by cutting out resistance units in the second precision attenuation decade box. Next, the array was rotated another 10 degrees (now a total of 20 degrees off W6VSS); resistance was cut out of box No. 2. This process was repeated every 10 degrees around the whole azimuthal circle. At each 10-degree stop the amount of attenuation removed from box No. 2 was tabulated.

At this point it is important to note that what was being tabulated was db. of attenuation, a precise item. This attenuation table was then converted to a table of volts vs. angle. Field strength is, of course, measured in volts, not attenuation. In the process of conversion, the new tabulation was also "normalized;" the largest voltage being set equal to unity. This final table was then plotted on a standard azimuthal chart to yield a field-strength diagram. The resulting pattern is shown in Fig. 8. Both the forward and rear lobes show a pattern width at the half-power point (0.707 on the voltage scale) of 28 degrees. The beautiful shape of the forward lobe shows why Collinear Yagi Duets are here to stay as DX antennas.

The reason for the rather large rear lobe is simple: The individual Yagis were tuned for maximum forward gain, not for maximum front-to-back ratio. One will also notice, however, that the rear lobe is down 6 db. from the front lobe; this means that on the nose the power radiated to the rear is only one quarter of the power radiated in front—a cheap price to pay for a 28-degree front lobe and no side lobes.

#### Gain

Antenna gain can be determined approximately if one knows the horizontal and vertical field-strength patterns of the antenna's main lobe

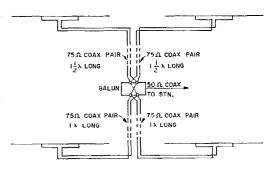


Fig. 6.—Method of feeding the four Yagis in the Quartet. Note that the twin 75-ohm transmission-line lengths are not drawn to scale. Line lengths are electrical; i.e., physical length in wavelengths times velocity factor. The 50-ohm balun (made by Telrex) is connected for 1-to-1 impedance ratio.

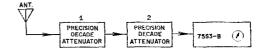


Fig. 7—Equipment setup at W6KPC for making pattern measurements. The measurements were made on a constant-output transmitter located about 10 miles away in line-of-sight.

and knows that the minor lobes are small compared with the main lobe. Based on carefully-conducted measurements of the horizontal pattern and some assumptions with respect to the main lobe's vertical pattern, the author feels confident that the Collinear Yagi Quartet has a real gain of the order of 16 db. This gain is effective at an elevation angle of only 6 degrees.

#### Results

Results are all that really count. The Quartet's combination of high gain and low takeoff angle really produces results, making extremely long hops possible from the  $F_2$  layer. Since the Quartet was erected last spring, I have been able to work long-haul DX stations both earlier and later than other 10-meter stations in the Los Angeles

"The method of calculating gain mentioned above is based on a formula in which three assumptions are inherent: (1) horizontal and vertical beam widths are approximately the same; (2) the amplitudes of secondary lobes are negligible; and (3) the beam is narrow terrors become appreciable when the beam width exceeds 20 degrees). The formula has the form Gain =  $N/\theta_1\theta_2$ , where  $\theta_1$  and  $\theta_2$  are the horizontal and vertical beam widths in degrees and N is a number that varies with different sources. Jasik's Antenna Engineering Handbook, McGraw-Hill, gives N=30.000; Lindsay, in "Quads and Yagis," QST, May, 1968, used N = 40,000. In both cases the gain is over an isotropic antenna, or 2.14 db, greater than over a half-wave dipole. For a beam width of 28 degrees, N = 30,000 gives a power gain of ,38 while N = 40,000 gives a gain of 51. These are, respectively, 15.8 and 17.1 db, over isotropic. A similar array using stacked collinear 6-element Yagis, but with wider element spacing and greater spacing between Yagis, described in the paper referred to in Footnote 4, was said to have a gain of 15 db, over a half-wave dipole. - Editor.

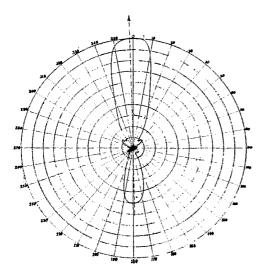


Fig.8—Measured horizontal field-strength pattern of the Collinear Yagi Quartet.

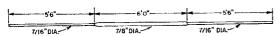
area; in other words, the array is both a band opener and a band closer. Not infrequently, W6KPC would be the only West Coast station being heard by the DX station. The most power ever used was 700 watts p.e.p. from a Collins KWS-1.

All this winter, using 600 watts p.e.p., and working at 27.820 MHz., A6KPC (Army MARS) used the Quartet (s.w.r. = 2.5:1) to handle consistently, day by day, phone-patch messages from GIs in Vietnam to their relatives here at home. So far (January 25, 1969) I have not missed contacting the Vietnam Net a single day, except for the very few week ends when I have been away from home.

DX includes such rare and choice morsels as follows:

YJ8BW	XW8BX	YO2B1/7	ZB2A
5W1AT	XW8BS	EA9AQ	OD5BZ
ZB2A	VQ8CC	ZC4MO	YO2BB
VQ9JW	UP2OV	9H1M	T1EUR
6W8DY	ET3USA	4X4SO	CN8HD
%D3D	ET3REL	5A4TH	UV3AAM
TU2CF	ISISCB	UO5BZ	6W8DY
91.1KZ	HA2KRB	UV3AAE	YO9CN
SVIAE	ZD5X	LAIMB	ZD5V
LX1JW	SL3ZV	VR1P	VK9TG
9U5HI	VP8JJ	ZS3HT	%D7DI
CR6LX	XD5V	GD3RFK	OH2SB
			Q5T-

#### Appendix



1) In the typical 10-meter element shown above in the drawing consider the 6'0" center section first. The projected area is diameter × length:

 $= \tilde{j}_8'' \times (6 \times 12'') = \tilde{j}_8'' \times 72''$ 

= 63.0 square inches.

Next, consider the tip section (on one end only):

 $= 7_{16}'' \times (5.5 \times 12'') = 7_{16}'' \times 66''$ 

= 28.875 square inches.

There are two tips, so  $2 \times 28.875$  sq. in. = 57.75 square inches.

The total area of one element is  $63.0 \pm 57.8$  = 120.8 square inches. As there are six elements,

 $6 \times 120.8 = 724.8$  square inches.

Civil-engineering codes allow the use of only ½ of the projected area if the elements are cylindrical (which they are). This simply says that a cylinder is more streamlined, and has only ¾ the wind resistance that a flat plate, strip, or square element would have. We can, therefore, reduce our 724.8 square inches to two thirds of this value:

 $= \frac{23}{3} \times 724.8 = 478.37$  sq in. = 2.32 ft<sup>2</sup> effective wind area.

My real antenna has elements of different lengths, hence my effective area of 3.6 square feet. The boom, broadside, has less area, so is ignored.

The elements were stressed by me for bending and found to be good for 100 mph winds.

2) Now, consider the 25-foot-long by 3-inch-diameter wooden beam that holds the upper two 6-element Yagis apart by \$\frac{3}{4}\$ wavelength. The wood beam tapers from 3\frac{1}{2}-inch diameter at the center to 2\frac{1}{2}-inch diameter at each end. This gives it an average diameter of 3.0 inches.

Beam area =  $3'' \times (12 \times 25'')$ 

= 900 square inches (projected area)

 $\frac{2}{3} \times 900 = 600$  square inches (effective wind area) = 4.16 square feet.

3) Now, consider the vertical mast separating the stacks. The upper part of this mast is 2 inches in diameter (OD) and is 6 feet 0 inches long. The projected area is

$$(6 \times 12'') \times 2'' = 144$$
 square inches = 1.0 square foot.

The lower mast is 3 inches in diameter and is 16 feet 0 inches out of the tower.

 $(16 \times 12'') \times 3 = 576$  square inches

= 4.0 square feet projected area.

Adding the two together gives 1.0 + 4.0 = 5.0 square feet.

The effective wind area of the mast is

 $33 \times 5.0 = 3.3$  square feet.

4) The bending moment,  $M_{\rm A}$ , at the top of the tower (bottom of the mast) for the antennas alone is  $M_{\rm A} = {\rm Area} \times {\rm Wind\ Pressure\ (40\ lb\ per\ ft^2)} \times {\rm distance.}$ 

In our case we have two antennas (we ignore the bottom bay, as it has no mast):

 $2 \times 3.6 = 7.2$  square feet of antenna up 22 feet (264 inches).

264 inches).  $7.2 \times 30 \text{ lb/ft}^2 \times 264 \text{ inches} = 7.2 \times 30 \times 264$ 

=5700 in. lb (contribution of two Yagis).
5) The bending moment, MB, caused by wind drag on the 25-ft wood beam:

 $M_{\rm B} = 4.16 \; {\rm ft^2 \times 30 \; lb/ft^2 \times 22 \; ft} \; (264 \; {\rm inches})$ 

 $= 4.16 \times 30 \times 264$ 

= 32950 inch pounds.

6) For the contribution of the mast, assume the center of pressure to be halfway up the mast (this is conservative):

$$(M_{\rm M} = 3.3 \ {\rm ft^2 \times 30 \ lb/ft^2 \times 11 \ ft} \ (132 \ {\rm in.})$$
  
= 3.3 × 30 × 132

= 13200 in. lb.

7) The total combined moment on the mast's base is:

$$M = M_{\rm A} + M_{\rm B} + M_{\rm M}$$

= 57000 - 33000 + 13000

= 103000 inch pounds.

8) From appropriate tables, one selects a mast that will withstand this amount of bending moment. My mast (SAE 4130 Aircraft Steel) is 3 inches OD. 4-inch wall, and is good for a moment of 130000 inch pounds.

This is the first article in a nine-part series on basic semiconductor operation, written especially for readers having limited technical background. In slightly different form (and including some simple electrical fundamentals that are omitted here because an amateur must know them already in order to get his license) the series was published a few years ago in Telephone Engineer & Management, a magazine serving the telephone industry. It was brought to our attention by one of our members who is also a telephone man, with the suggestion that probably most amateurs would find it as interesting and useful as he had. We thought so, too. The editor of Telephone Engineer & Management, Ray H. Smith, and the author, Robert E. Stoffels, very kindly gave us permission for reprinting, with minor changes to slant the material more toward amateurs than the telephone personnel to whom it was originally directed.

Mr. Stoffels is in charge of the development program on the electronic automatic telephone exchange (EAX) at Automatic Electric Laboratories, Northlake, Ill. He has been with that



Robert E. Stoffels

company since 1952, except for a twoyear period in the U. S. Army Signal Corps in the Army's Communication Engineering Agency. Although not an amateur, he has leanings in that direction—a few more w.p.m. in his code speed and he'll be joining us!

#### Let's Talk Transistors

Part 1—The Structure of Matter and its Application to Transistors

BY ROBERT E. STOFFELS\*

Conduction within a transistor is a function of materials in it and its atomic or subatomic composition.

The subject of Semiconductor Physics (a fancy way of saying Structure of Matter) is little more than a review of high school chemistry, but it is necessary in order to understand the theory of internal conduction in a transistor. For a transistor is not filled with a vacuum, as is the vacuum tube, and electrons are not boiled off a filament or cathode, since there is no filament or cathode. The conduction within the transistor is rather a function of the material of which the transistor is composed, and of its composition from an atomic and subatomic standpoint.

Matter (which may be defined as any substance that has weight or occupies space) consists of

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some 103 basic elements. (For many years there were believed to be only 92 elements; now the scientists in this field believe there may be even more than 103.) Examples of some elements are carbon, aluminum, oxygen, hydrogen, etc. Now these elements may be combined in certain ways (e.g., by applying heat) to form what are known as compounds. These compounds have characteristics entirely different from those of the constituent elements, and can be broken down into these elements only by resorting to other chemical means. For instance, hydrogen (a gas) may be combined with oxygen (a gas) to form water (a liquid). A drop of water may be physically divided over and over again, but it still remains water. In order to once again produce the hydrogen and oxygen, chemical (as opposed to physical) means must be resorted to.

When we have repeatedly subdivided this drop of water, however, until we can no longer break it down any more, we have what is known as a molecule of water. Thus a molecule is defined as the smallest particle of matter which can exist by itself and still retain all the properties of the original substance.

If the particle of matter under discussion is a

basic element, then this repeated division finally results in a single atom. This atom is of great importance to us in a study of transistors, since we will be dealing primarily with elements. Because an element may be subdivided into atoms, but no further, and still retain the properties of the material, it is obvious that an atom of one element is of necessity different from an atom of another element. In other words, an atom of aluminum is distinctly different from an atom of copper.

#### Structure of the Atom

Although an atom of a material cannot be subdivided while still retaining the properties of the material, it can be divided into various subatomic particles. We shall be concerned with three of these particles—the electron, the proton, and the neutron.

The electron, which is the lightest of these three particles, has a diameter of 0.00000000000000022 inch, and bears an electric charge of -1. The proton, which is some 1850 times as heavy, bears an electric charge of +1. The neutron may be considered to be a combination of an electron and a proton; it bears no electric charge, and its weight is, of course, about the same as that of the proton.

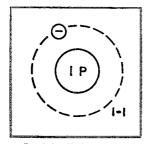


Fig. 1-1—Hydrogen atom.

These three particles, in varying quantities, make up the atoms of all 103 elements. The simplest of the elements is hydrogen (Fig. 1-1); an atom of hydrogen consists of one electron and one proton. Thus, this atom is electrically neutral — that is, it contains an equal number of electrons and protons. It is interesting to note (and really quite logical) that an atom of each and every element contains an equal number of electrons and protons, and thus is electrically neutral. For you know that a bit of aluminum, or a bit of iron, or a bit of anything else, is not electrically charged in its natural state. (Of course we can, without much difficulty, remove electrons from an atom, thus causing the material to become electrically charged. An example of this will be explained later.)

The next most complicated element is helium (Fig. 1-2). It contains two electrons, two protons, and two neutrons. And so it goes throughout the list of elements — from the very simple hydrogen to the extremely complicated "Lawrencium", which contains 103 electrons, 103 protons, and

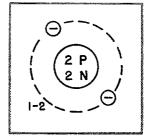


Fig. 1-2-Helium atom.

about 151 neutrons. It might be mentioned here (and you may remember from your high school chemistry) that the "atomic number" of an element is equal to the number of electrons the atom contains, and the "atomic weight" of the element is equal to the sum of the protons and the neutrons in the atom. (Because the weight of the electron is so small compared with the weight of the proton and neutron, the "weight" of the atom is very nearly simply the sum of the weights of the protons and the neutrons.)

The two elements with which we shall be most concerned in our studies of transistors are germanium and silicon. Silicon contains 14 electrons, 14 protons, and 14 neutrons (Fig. 1-3). Germanium contains 32 electrons, 32 protons, and 41 neutrons (Fig. 1-4).

Now the arrangement of these three particles (electrons, protons, neutrons) within the atom is not unlike a very miniature solar system. That is, the protons and neutrons cluster together, thus forming a "nucleus". The electrons (which, you will remember, are very light compared to the other two particles) move in approximately elliptical orbits around this nucleus. Thus the protons and neutrons forming the nucleus are similar to our sun, and the electrons rotating around the nucleus are like our planets. Just as in our solar system all planets are not equidistant from the sun, so also in the atom all electrons are

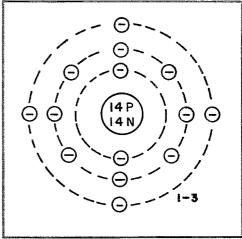


Fig. 1-3—Silicon atom.

not the same distance from the nucleus. In fact, for some very involved reasons, there are never more than two electrons in the first orbit around the nucleus, never more than eight in the second orbit, and so on.

#### "Valence" Electrons

To a large extent the number of electrons in the outer orbit of its atoms determines the characteristics of each particular element. For instance, helium, which has a total of two electrons (thus filling up the first orbit), and neon, with a total of ten electrons (thus filling up the first two orbits), are both chemically inert elements. They are, so to speak, completely satisfied with the present state of affairs; they strongly resist any attempt to remove electrons, and have

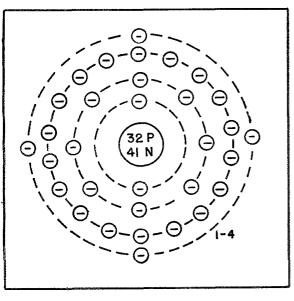


Fig. 1-4—Germanium atom.

no desire to acquire any electrons. Thus helium and neon are used where chemical combination is not desired.

However, other elements are not all so stable; their outer orbits are not completely filled, and outer-orbit electrons are free to move about and be transferred from one atom to another. Sodium, for example, has its first two orbits filled, and also has one electron in its third orbit. This last electron is something of a "lone wolf", and an atom of sodium is always on the lookout for a means of chemically combining with some other element so that it can, at least temporarily, give up this electron. On the other hand, chlorine. which is just one electron shy of filling up its outer orbit, is always on the lookout for some element which is willing to give up an electron to fill this space. Thus sodium and chlorine are "naturals" for a chemical composition, and the resultant compound, sodium chloride (NaCl), is ordinary table salt.

The electrons in this outer orbit are known as "valence" electrons, and as mentioned before they are very important in determining the characteristics of a particular element. Both germanium and silicon, the two elements normally used in the construction of semiconductors, have four electrons in their outer orbits—that is, four "valence" electrons.

Now that we have examined the structure of the atom, let us briefly consider its actual size. It has been estimated that if a copper penny could be enlarged to the size of the earth's path around the sun (diameter 186,000,000 miles) then the electrons would be the size of baseballs and would be about three miles apart. Thus it is obvious that the copper in the penny is not particularly dense—there is a great deal of space between the electrons. To take another example: if the carbon atom were expanded some million-million times, then the electrons would be the size of basketballs and the orbital spacing would be 12 miles.

We mentioned earlier that although each atom of a material was electrically neutral, it was not particularly difficult to remove an electron from an atom, thus leaving it positively charged. For example, when a glass rod is rubbed with silk, some of the loosely held electrons in the atoms within it are "rubbed off" and transferred to the silk. Thus when the two are separated these atoms—and thus the entire glass rod—will be positively charged; that is, it will have more protons (positive charge) than electrons (negative charge). This principle is used in children's toys in flying small foil airplanes.

We have now discussed, at some length, the construction of the atom, and have pointed out that its most important characteristic, at least from the standpoint of semiconductors, is the number of electrons in the outer orbit (in fact we shall completely ignore, in future discussions, everything except the electrons in this outer orbit). But the importance of these electrons, and the manner in which they move, cannot be overemphasized. It is the uncontrolled movement of these outer-orbit electrons that provides the current-carrying means in electrical conductors. And it is the controlled movement of these outer-orbit electrons that provides the current-carrying means in transistors and diodes.

Those electrons in the outer orbit of an atom that are free to move with relative ease from one atom to another are known as "free" electrons. In conductors (copper, silver, aluminum) there are a relatively large number of these "free" electrous; in insulators (glass, rubber), there are relatively few (see Fig. 1-5). And between these are a number of materials which are neither good conductors nor good insulators. Germanium and silicon are two of these materials, and they are called semiconductors. A bar of pure germanium one centimeter in thickness and 10 centimeters long will have a resistance of approximately 600 ohms; if the germanium is somewhat impure the resistance will be on the order of three or four ohms. It is obvious that germa-

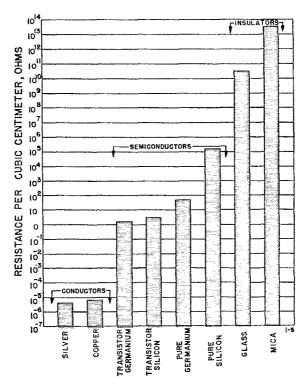


Fig. 1-5—Resistances per cubic centimeter of various conductors, semiconductors, and insulators.

nium is not nearly so good a conductor as copper (a 10-centimeter bar of which would have a resistance of 0.0001 ohm.) nor so good an insulator as glass (a 10-centimeter bar of which would have a resistance of 10 billion ohms.) Thus the name semiconductor.

The current-carrying characteristics of a piece of germanium (or, to put it another way, its resistance) may be varied by carefully controlling the motion of the electrons in the outer orbit of the germanium atom. This controlling function (performed by using the third wire of the transistor) is the basis for the operation of a transistor, and will be discussed in a later article.

#### Questions:

- 1. Carbon is an example of:
- (a.) an element (b.) a compound (c.) a mixture
- 2. Sodium Chloride is an example of:
- (a.) an element (b.) a compound (c.) a mixture
- Water may be broken down into its constituent hydrogen and oxygen by physical division. (True or False!)
- 4. The electric charge on the electron is:
  (a.) minus one (b.) plus one (c.) neutral
- 5. The electric charge on the neutron is: (a.) minus one (b.) plus one (c.) neutral

- 6. The electric charge on the proton is:
- (a.) minus one (b.) plus one (c.) neutral
  7. The valence electrons of an atom are those electrons in: (a.) the innermost orbit (b.) the outermost orbit
- 8. How many valence electrons does germanium have?
- 9. How many valence electrons does silicon have?
  10. The resistance of a semiconductor may be varied by special means. (True or False?)

#### Answers:

1. (a); 2. (b.) 3. false (such separation is chemical division). 4. (a.); 5. (c.); 6. (b.); 7. (b.); 8. four; 9. four; 10. true (this is the basis of the transistor).

## Strays 🐒

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## A Solid-State Speech Processor

#### Compression and Clipping for Increased Voice Power

BY JOSEPH J. SPADARO,\* WB2EYZ

A controlled amount of clipping added to compression gives a better overall result, in speech processing, than either alone.

The object of this speech processor is to raise the average-to-peak power level in the speech spectrum with negligible change in audio quality. This will result in a corresponding increase in the average r.f. power, when used with a transmitter. It creates greater output from an s.s.b. transmitter, which normally is limited by the p.e.p. rating of the output tubes, and it permits much greater modulation power for a.m. rigs.

The proper use of this speech processor can double the d.c. power into the final of a modern s.s.b. transmitter without degradation to the audio quality.

The January 1969 issue of QST carried a splendid article explaining the virtues of speech processing. The article treated rather thoroughly the relative merits of r.f. clipping, audio clipping, and speech amplitude compression. It showed that theoretically the average-to-peak value of a transmitted signal can be enhanced considerably by the addition of r.f. or audio clipping of high-amplitude pulses. It also showed that r.f. and audio clipping, when properly applied, result in much greater effective power increase, or punch, than can be obtained from compression alone.

This article prompted the author to develop the audio speech processor described here. Previously, he had successfully built a speech compressor, but experience showed that the compressor, when used properly with a modern s.s.b. transmitter having effective a.l.c. circuits, offered only a small improvement in transmitter punch. The enhancement was primarily in maintaining a constant microphone level and was most advantageous only when the overall speech-input level was not kept reasonably constant.

The present speech processor employs two fundamental principles: level speech output through the use of automatic gain control (a.g.c.), and clipping of audio pulses at a pre-

\*2154 57th St., Brooklyn, New York, N.Y. 11204.

¹Collins, "Ordinary and Processed Speech in S.S.B Application," QST, January, 1969.

determined amplitude to raise the average-to-peak level.  $^3$ 

These functions are best related when the a.g.c. (or compression) precedes the amplitude clipper. Under these conditions more consistent clipping can be achieved since the audio level fed into the clipper is comparatively constant. To translate this concept into hardware, it was decided to add a clipper circuit to the output of the speech compressor already in use.

#### Adding a Clipper

The typical clipping voltage for germanium diodes is about 0.2 volt. Therefore, adding diodes directly at the output of this particular compressor circuit would prove ineffective since the compressor output is about this same level. It is necessary to add another stage to the circuit to act as a voltage amplifier and raise the audio amplitude high enough for clipping by the diodes.

After careful scrutiny of the compressor circuit it was realized that the transistor stage following the output transistor  $Q_2$  in the original compressor is, in fact, a voltage amplifier. This transistor is in the compressor feedback loop and serves as a convenient signal takeoff point for subsequent clipping.

#### Compressor Circuit

Several minor and one major improvement were made to the compressor circuit. Fig. 1 is a schematic of the speech processor, a portion of which includes the compressor circuit. All components used are essentially equivalent to those originally specified in August 1965 QST. The 1N270 diodes have very low forward resistance and are better than the 1N34s. The 20- and 25- $\mu$ f. capacitors were replaced by 22  $\mu$ f., 10-volt types for uniformity. The single-pole single-throw switch was replaced with a triple-pole double-throw slide switch. This enables the operator to bypass the processor without the need for disconnecting cables. Also,  $k_2$  is now a fixed 10,000-ohm carbon resistor.

One major improvement was the addition of a 0.002- $\mu$ f, ceramic capacitor directly from the base of transistor  $Q_1$  to ground. Although great care was taken in providing a good ground for the unit, the author was plagued by r.f. feedback, detected as random clicking pulses during trans-

<sup>2</sup>Moate, "An Audio Peak Limiter for Voice Transmission," OST, August, 1965.

<sup>3</sup>The only previous design using this combination of which the author is aware was described by J. L. Tonne, W5SUC, in September 1956 QST. Appropriately, the article was titled "Compression and Clipping."

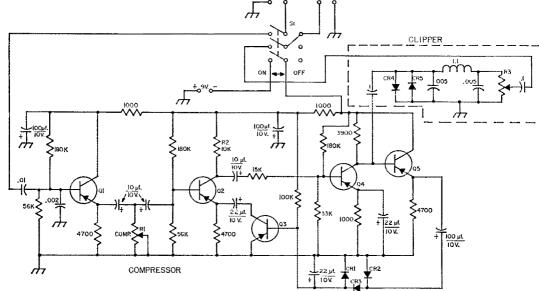


Fig. 1—Circuit diagram of the speech compressor. Capacitances are in  $\mu f.$ ; capacitors with polarity marked are electrolytic, others are ceramic. Resistances are in ohms (K = 1000); fixed resistors are  $\frac{1}{2}$ -watt composition. CR<sub>1</sub>-CR<sub>5</sub> incl.—1N270 or equivalent.

L<sub>1</sub>—3-3.5 henrys, miniature type desirable.

mission. The capacitor completely stopped the feedback.

A single 9-volt transistor radio battery serves as the power supply, and will last a reasonably long time even for the most ambitious operator.

#### Clipper Circuit

The clipper, which is coupled to the collector of Q4 through a 0.1-\(\mu f\). capacitor, consists of two diodes back-to-back followed by a constant-k filter which cuts off all frequencies above 2500 to 3000 Hz. A 50,000-ohm shunt resistor is added, the object of which is to provide a relatively constant high-impedance termination for the filter under varying load conditions. The use of a 50,000-ohm linear potentiometer for the termination permits adjusting the output level to the transmitter. The output of the processor can then be matched to the microphone output so that switching from one to the other will not require readjustment of the transmitter microphone gain control. The output range of the processor is greater than that of the original compressor.

The filter includes a UTC DOT-8 choke, which has proved very effective. However, any choke having an inductance of about 3 henrys should perform satisfactorily.

The compression and clipping levels could be independently adjusted by using a 50,000-ohm potentiometer between  $Q_4$  and the clipper. However, the additional control is not necessary nor is it recommended, as the processor works extremely well without it.

Q<sub>1</sub>-Q<sub>5</sub>, incl.—2N1375 or equivalent. R<sub>1</sub>—10,000-ohm control, audio taper. R<sub>2</sub>—For text reference.

R<sub>3</sub>—50,000-ohm control, linear taper. S<sub>1</sub>—3-pole double-throw slide switch.

Observations of the audio output on an oscilloscope verified that the clipping is "soft." That is, when the amplitude is clipped it does not result in a sharply-squared-off wave-form, but rather a compressed or shortened version of the original pulse. This feature is considered to be the result of the combination of a.g.c. (compression) and clipping, together with the low-pass filter, and the final result is an audio output essentially free of harmonics above the filter cutoff frequency.

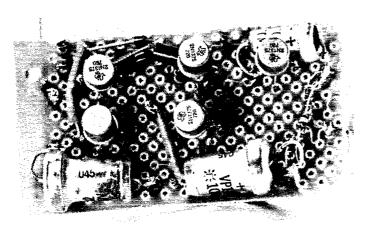
#### Construction

As in the construction of most audio devices, layout of components is not critical. For example, the circuit components can be laid out physically just as they are depicted in the schematic, with satisfactory results. Layout details are left to the reader. Other than good construction practices there are no restrictions about component placement.

In the original version the author, having had previously constructed the compressor, merely added the clipper circuit on a separate 4-prong tie-point standoff. The processor was combined with a phone patch, being housed in a  $3 \times 4 \times 5$ -inch Minibox. (Incidentally, phone-patch quality is considerably enhanced when channeled through the processor.) A later version, built on prepunched board using flea clips as tie-points, is shown in Fig. 2.

The most important point to remember during construction is a good circuit ground solidly connected to the chassis ground.

QST for



#### Adjustment

The limitations of the processor must be realized. The best that it can do is double your signal strength, when using good-quality equipment that already includes such features as a.l.c. Beyond this point there will be noticeable deterioration of the voice quality and an objectionable increase in background noise. The optimum setting is just below the level where these two conditions occur.

Only one adjustment actually exists, since  $R_3$  merely serves to set the output initially. The author's experience is that the optimum adjustment for  $R_1$  is about ½ to ½ turn (100 ohms on an audio-taper potentiometer). Once set, this adjustment should satisfy all operating conditions from armchair ragchewing to pulling out the rare ones. A condition that can justify a higher setting of  $R_1$  is when an operator is distant from the microphone, provided that background noise is nonexistent. Tests performed on the air verified that although more d.c. plate current could be drawn, the punch power no longer increased when the limiting control  $R_1$  reached the point of noticeable distortion.

Adjustment of the processor can be facilitated if you are equipped with a hi-fi system. By connecting the processor to the auxiliary input of the amplifier and attaching headphones to a suitable output, one can actually hear the optimum adjustment while speaking.

#### Performance

Due to the complexity of voice waveshapes a quantitative evaluation of the processor is beyond the scope of this article. However, certain significant observations have been made which, though qualitative, verify the claim made at the outset—that the processor can increase the punch of your high-quality rig up to two times.

The performance of this unit has been verified by (1) significant additional heat dissipation in

Fig. 3—Oscillograms of the word "eye" with (above) no processing and (below) processing with the adjustments made as described in the text. The more nearly constant amplitude of the peaks in the lower trace is an indication of the increase in average power.

Fig. 2—One side of a punched-board assembly of the processor. The three 100-μf. electrolytic capacitors and the five transistors are visible. Other components are mounted on the reverse side.

the power-output tubes,<sup>4</sup>
(2) doubling of the estimated average d.c. plate current, (3) glowing reports from distant receivers, and (4) actual visual verification on an oscilloscope.

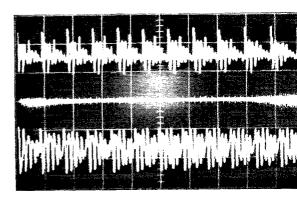
Fig. 3 shows a picture of audio signals made on a Techronix 549 storage oscilloscope. Sweep

rate was set at 10 milliseconds/cm and the amplitude was set at 0.2 v./cm. The scope could independently record and store a trace on either the upper or lower half of the screen. The scope was triggered with the voice sound "eye" which was simultaneously recorded on the screen. The upper trace was made using a straight microphone and the lower trace using the processor. The increase in average-to-peak ratio is easily recognizable in the lower trace. These traces are also representative of patterns observed on the scope during conversational speech. The amplitude variation was always much more uniform when using the processor and the observed average-to-peak ratio was always higher. All scope patterns were observed with the processor adjusted just below the point where distortion or background noise are objectionable, as discussed earlier.

#### Acknowledgments

Thanks to Mr. Alfred Jorysz, electrical engineer, for assistance in developing the circuit, to "Pappy" (H. Bohning), W2MZV, for his confirmatory tests and to B. Walsh, WB2QLR, for his assistance.

<sup>4</sup>This is an extremely important consideration in the use of any speech processor which increases the average-to-peak power ratio. Many transmitters simply are not built to stand the effects of increased average input, either in the final-amplifier tube or tubes or in the power supply. If heating in the final tube is the limiting factor, adding a cooling fan may be a satisfactory answer. The author added one in his own equipment.— Editor.



## A Code-Practice Oscillator and CW Monitor

#### BY KIRK BUTLER,\* WB6TUM

When you transmit code, do you monitor your signal by listening to it on a receiver or by copying the output of an audio oscillator that is simultaneously keyed with your transmitter? If you don't, you're probably not sending your best. The device shown in the photographs and in Fig. 1 will let you monitor your transmissions by the second method. In addition it will permit you to practice code when you are not on the air by simply plugging a key into the jack on the front panel.

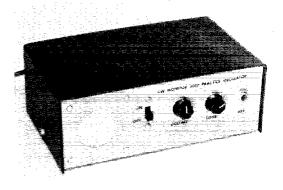
#### The Circuit

As shown in Fig. 1, the circuit for the cw monitor and code-practice oscillator consists of a power supply, an audio oscillator, and an rfactuated trigger.

The power supply includes filament transformer  $T_1$ , which steps down the line voltage to 12.6 volts, half-wave rectifier  $CR_1$ , and capacitor-input filter  $C_1$ .  $R_1$ , a 100-ohm resistor in series with  $CR_1$ , protects the rectifier by limiting the surge of current which occurs when the filter capacitor is initially charged.

A unijunction relaxation oscillator,  $Q_1$ , is used to generate the audio tone required for monitoring and for code practice. The oscillator is turned on by grounding the junction of  $C_2$  and  $LS_1$ . For code practice this is accomplished by closing a key plugged into  $J_2$ , and for monitoring it is accomplished by forward biasing  $Q_2$ . Each time the oscillator is turned on,  $C_2$  charges through the tone control,  $R_3$ . When the voltage developed across  $C_2$  gets to be a half volt or so greater than the voltage between base 1 and the n side of the emitter junction, the emitter junction becomes sufficiently forward biased to conduct. This permits the charge on  $C_2$  to flow through base 1 and the speaker, thus discharging the capacitor.

\* 2010 Laguna Drive, La Habra, California 90631.



To enhance the appearance of the oscillator/monitor, the cover of the device was covered with contact paper that looks like black grained leather.

The cycle repeats itself at an audio rate, and a tone is produced in  $LS_1$ .

Potentiometer  $R_3$  controls the tone by establishing the rate at which  $C_2$  charges. The greater the resistance of  $R_3$ , the longer it takes  $C_2$  to charge, and the lower the tone becomes,  $R_4$  provides a minimum resistance to keep the oscillator from shorting out when  $R_3$  is set at its lowest resistance.  $R_2$  controls the volume of the oscillator by varying the supply voltage for  $Q_1$ .

The rf-actuated trigger comes into play when the unit is used as a cw monitor. Rf developed across a pickup coil connected to  $J_1$  is rectified by  $CR_2$ , and the resulting dc is filtered by  $C_3$ and applied between the base and the emitter of the trigger transistor,  $Q_2$ . When sufficient forward bias is developed to cause  $Q_2$  to conduct, the trigger acts as a virtual short and completes the ground return of the oscillator.

#### Construction

The selection of a chassis or box for the monitor/oscillator is not critical. To provide an attractive and economical case, a  $5 \times 7 \times 3$ -inch aluminum chassis can be decorated with adhesive paper or it can be painted. A perforated board, which was bolted to  $\frac{1}{2}$ -inch spacers attached to the case, was used to mount most of the parts. Although a board is not necessary, it does provide a simple and neat layout. Sockets were used to simplify the testing of possible substitutes for  $Q_1$  and  $Q_2$ . Many low-leakage germanium

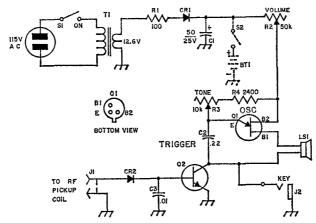


Fig. 1—Schematic of the monitor/oscillator. Resistances are in ohms, k=1000. Capacitances are in  $\mu F$ .

BT<sub>1</sub>—9-volt battery.

C<sub>1</sub>—Electrolytic.

C<sub>2</sub>—Tubular.

C<sub>3</sub>—Disk ceramic.

CR<sub>1</sub>,CR<sub>2</sub>—1N91. J<sub>1</sub>—Phono jack.

J2-Open-circuit phone jack.

LS<sub>1</sub>—Small, 8- or 10-ohm speaker.

Q1-2N2160.

Q2-2N388.

R<sub>1</sub>,R<sub>4</sub>—1/2-watt composition.

R<sub>2</sub>—Audio taper.

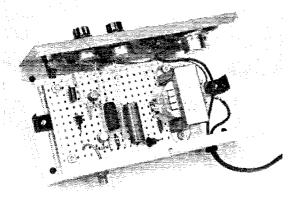
R<sub>3</sub>—Linear taper.

S1, S2-Spst slide switch.

T<sub>1</sub>—12.6-volt filament transformer, any current rating.

npn transistors can be used in place of the 2N388 at  $Q_2$ . (Silicon types will work, but they require a larger forward bias voltage in order to conduct.) However, if the leakage currents of the transistor are large,  $Q_1$  will oscillate continuously because its ground return path will be effectively completed.

Any 12-volt filament transformer can be used in the power supply, and a 6-volt transformer can be used at a slight loss of volume. The current rating of the transformer is not important since the oscillator/monitor only draws 2 or 3 mA.



Underside view of the oscillator/monitor. To prevent the weight of the transformer from possibly breaking the board when the unit is moved about, the transformer was bolted to two of the spacers used to support the board.

Because of the low current drain, the entire power supply can be replaced by a 9-volt transistor radio battery. The connections for a battery and a power switch for same are shown as dotted lines in Fig. 1.

The jacks for the key and the rf pickup coil should be chosen to match existing connectors. If a phone jack is used for the key, it should be the open-circuit type so that the oscillator will not be grounded when the key is removed.

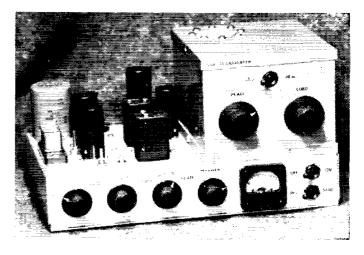
Any small, 8- or 10-ohm speaker can be used with good results at  $LS_1$ . A broken transistor radio is a good source for a speaker. If grille cloth is not to be found in your junk box, burlap can be used instead.

#### Operation

To use the monitor/oscillator as a code-practice oscillator, it is only necessary to plug a key in  $J_2$  and start sending. To use the gadget as a cw monitor, it's necessary first to make an rf pickup coil. Any size insulated wire can be used. As a starter, try two turns of wire of approximately the same diameter as the tank coil. Place the pickup coil about a half inch from the p-a coil — be sure there is no voltage present in the rig when you are positioning the coil - and key the transmitter. If the signal from the pickup coil is insufficient, the oscillator will sound weak and distorted or it will not oscillate at all. If this is the case, the rf pickup can be increased by adding turns to the pickup coil or by moving the coil closer to the tank inductor.

The oscillator was tested with a DX-60 on 80 through 10 meters, and it worked well on all bands. The monitor easily followed signals of 40 w.p.m.

The transverter is built on a 7 imes 11 $\times$  2-inch chassis with bottom cover. A 6  $\times$  4  $\times$  5-inch utility box (LMB) houses the final amplifier. Along the chassis, from left to right, are the controls for the band switch  $(S_1)$ , drive control  $(R_1)$ , meter switch, and the receiving tuning capacitor (C1). Of the two toggle switches to the right, the upper one controls the external transverter power supply, while the lower one controls the two change-over relays. The pi-network control and band switch are on the front of the amplifier compartment. The screened ventilation hole in the top cover of the box is located immediately above the 6146.



## A 21/28-MHz. Transverter

## for 3.5-MHz. Transceivers

#### 70 Watts P.E.P. with Simple Construction

BY DENNIS M. PETRICH, \* KØEOO

ANY owners of 80-meter transceivers are interested in operating on the higher-frequency bands from time to time, but do not feel that the cost of a new five-band rig is justified. Finding myself in this position, the problem was solved by building the transverter shown on these pages. With this unit added to the monobander, I can cover both 10 and 15. With a good junk box at hand, the cost was only about thirty dollars.

Fig. 2 shows a block diagram of the transverter. On receiver it operates as a conventional converter. A 21-MHz. signal, for instance, is fed to a 6AK5 r.f. amplifier, and then to a 6J6 mixer, where it is combined with a 25-MHz, signal from the oscillator to produce a 4-MHz, signal at the input of the transceiver. For a 28-MHz, signal, the oscillator frequency is 32 MHz., which again results in 4-MHz, mixer output. On transmit, the 4-MHz, signal from the transceiver is fed to a 12AU7 mixer/Class A amplifier where it is combined with the 25-MHz. (or 32-MHz.) signal from the oscillator to produce a 21-MHz. (or 28-MHz.) signal at the input of the 6CL6 driver. The final is  $6146 \text{ AB}_1$  linear operating at about 70 \* 6909 Bethia Lane, Minneapolis, Minn, 55428,

watts input. The 10-meter band is covered in steps of 500 kHz., the oscillator frequency being changed appropriately.

It should be pointed out here that the tuning of the transceiver when working into the transverter will be in a direction opposite to normal. When the transceiver is tuned to 4 MHz., the received and transmitted signals will be at the low edge of whatever 500-kHz. segment has been selected; when the transceiver is tuned to 3.5 MHz., the received and transmitted signals will be at the high-frequency end of the chosen segment. Similarly, lower-sideband transceiver operation results in upper-sideband output from the transverter, a fortunate circumstance for those having 80-meter transceivers providing only lower-sideband output.

The complete r.f. circuit is shown in Fig. 1. The input and output circuits of the receiver r.f. amplifier are gang-tuned by a dual-section capacitor,  $C_1$ . A double-tuned bandpass circuit couples the mixer to the input of the transceiver. The oscillator is crystal-controlled, the proper crystal being selected by  $S_1$ . The output circuit of the oscillator is tuned to twice the crystal frequency in all cases.

If you are stuck with a monoband transceiver for the 80-meter band, this article shows how you can get on 10 and 15 with relatively little trouble and expense.

26 QST for

On transmitting, the 3.5-MHz. signal from the transceiver is fed to the mixer cathode through an attenuating network that reduces the drive to a suitable level. The 50-ohm resistor provides a proper load for the transceiver. The mixer circuit may be a bit unorthodox, but it proved to be the best of several tried.

The output circuits of the transmitter mixer and driver are individually tuned by  $C_3$  and  $C_4$ . The capacitors in these circuits, as well as those in the receiver r.f. amplifier stage, have sufficient range to cover both 21 MHz. and 28 MHz., so coil switching is required only in the oscillator. The final-amplifier output circuit is a pi network suitable for matching 50-ohm antenna systems. The 6146 is neutralized by the capacitive bridge method.  $C_5$  is the neutralizing capacitor. Drive to the final amplifier can be adjusted by means of  $R_2$  in the cathode circuit of the driver.

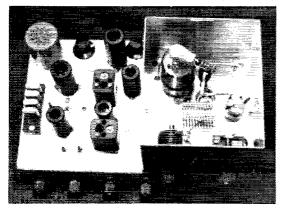
Final-amplifier grid, screen, or plate current can be monitored by meter  $M_1$ . The multiplying resistances shown result in full-scale readings of 5, 25 and 200 ma., respectively, with 1000 ohms in series with the meter.

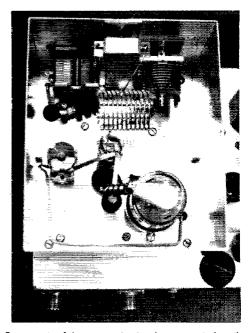
The transmit-receive change-over functions are performed by two relays,  $K_1$  and  $K_2$ .  $K_1$  shifts the input and output r.f. connections.  $K_2$  applies 180 volts regulated to the receiving mixer and r.f. amplifier, and cutoff bias to the grid of the final amplifier on receive. On transmit, the relay applies 325 volts to the transmitter mixer/amplifier and driver, and cutoff bias to the receiver r.f. amplifier and mixer.

The power-supply diagram is shown in Fig. 3. A silicon-diode bridge rectifier with center tap provides 700 volts for the final-amplifier plate, and 325 volts for the transmitter mixer and driver. A pair of VR tubes in series, operating from the center tap, supply 180 volts, regulated, for the oscillator and receiving tubes, and the screen of the final. A filament transformer in reverse,  $T_2$ , driven by the filament winding on  $T_1$ , provides -120 volts for biasing purposes.

#### Construction

Most of the necessary constructional details will be found in the photographs and their captions. However, one or two special precautions were found to be necessary. The only difficulty





Components of the output pi network are mounted on the front wall of the amplifier compartment,  $C_8$  to the left,  $C_6$  to the right, with the coil and its band switch in between. The neutralizing capacitor is at left center.

eucountered in obtaining satisfactory results from the unit when it was first put into operation was in stabilizing the receiving r.f. amplifier stage. The trouble was finally eliminated by adding pigtails of flexible wire to ground the center of the rotor shaft, between the two sections of the dual tuning capacitor. It seems probable that this would be unnecessary if two separate capacitors, each with its front- and rear-bearing wiper contacts, were ganged.

The box that I used for the amplifier compartment had a hammertone finish. If this type of box is used, the finish should be scraped way in the appropriate areas to allow good electrical contact between the box walls and the covers, and between the bottom cover and the chassis. R.f. input and output connections were made using RG-58/U to provide a shielded conductor. Aside from these precautions, only the usual practice of keeping r.f. connecting leads as short as possible, and keeping low-potential leads down flat against the chassis was followed.

The receiving r.f. amplifier input and output coils  $(L_5/L_6)$  and  $L_4$ ) are in shielding cans mounted directly above their tuning capacitors, which are below chassis. The 6AK5 is between the two coils. The tube to the left of the forward shield can is the receiving mixer. The slugs of the bandpass coils  $(L_1/L_2)$  and  $L_3$  are in front of this tube. To the rear of this tube are the tuning slugs of the crystal-oscillator coils, and the oscillator tube. The tube to the left of the rear shield can is the transmitting mixer. Along the rear edge of the chassis are the power-control relay  $(K_2)$ , and the diver tube (between the input and output tuning controls of this stage).

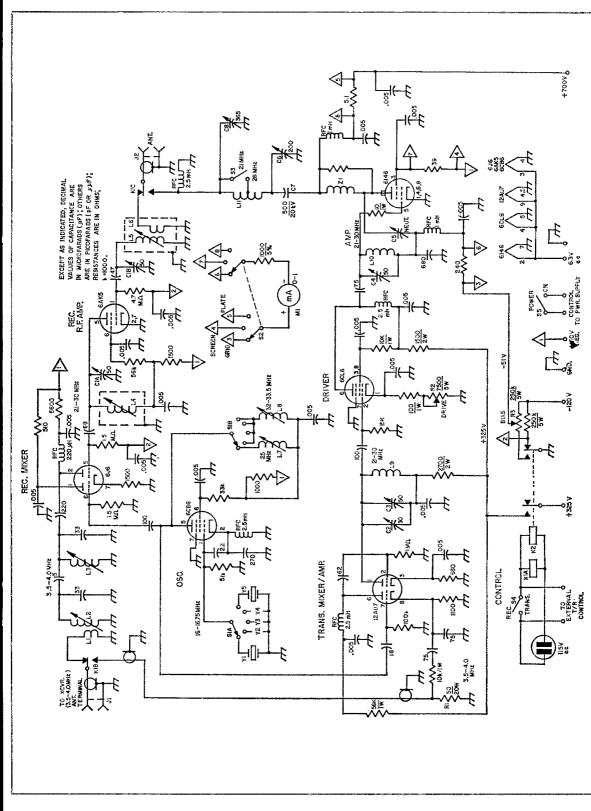


Fig. 1-Circuit diagram of the 15- and 10-meter transverter. All resistors are 1/2-watt composition, unless indicated otherwise. All 0.005- $\mu$ f, capacitors are 1000-volt Jisk ceramic. Other fixed capacitors are mica, preferably ilver mica.

2-6-30-pf. ceramic trimmer. \_1-Dual 50-pf, variable,

3, C4-50-pf. air frimmer. 5-10-pf, air trimmer,

Ce-200-pf. variable, 0.02-inch plate spacing (Hammarlund MC-200M, or similar).

C7-Doorknob ceramic.

Cs-325-pf. variable (broadcast receiver t.r.f. type).

L<sub>1</sub>, L<sub>5</sub>—Approx. 1.4 μh., slug-tuned (Miller 4403) Lz, L3-Approx. 46 µh. slug-tuned (Miller 4408) <2—Three-pole double-throw relay, 115 v.a.c.</p> -s-Approx. 2.5 µh., slug-tuned (Miller 4404). .7 -- Approx. 3 µh., slug-tuned (Miller 4404), I. J2—Chassis-mounting coaxial receptacle. L<sub>6</sub>-3 turns over ground end of L<sub>5</sub>. L<sub>1</sub> —6 furns over ground end of L<sub>2</sub>. Ki-D.p.d.t. relay, 115 v.a.c.

L11-11 turns No. 18, 1-inch diameter, 10 turns per inch, tapped at 7 turns from Cs end (AirDux 810T). L10-6/2 turns similar to L9. (AirDux 616T).

 $Z_1$ -5 turns No. 16 wound on and connected across a S<sub>1</sub>—2-pole single-section 5-position ceramic rotary switch. Y3-16.25-MHz. crystal (for 28.5 to 29-MHz. output). Y3-16.75-MHz. crystal (for 29.5 to 29.7-MHz. output). Y4-16.5-MHz. crystal (for 29 to 29.5-MHz. output). Y1-12.5-MHz. crystal (for 21 to 21.5-MHz. output)  $Y_2$ —16-MHz. crystal (for 28 to 28.5-MHz. output). R<sub>1</sub>.—Ten 470-ohm 2-watt resistors in parallel. S3, S4, S5-S.p.s.t. toggle switch. R2, R3 -- Linear-taper controls.  $5_2$ —Similar to  $S_1$ , 3 positions. M1-0-1-ma, d.c. meter. Ly-81/4 turns No. 20, 34 inch diameter, 16 turns per inch

100-ohm 1-waff resistor.

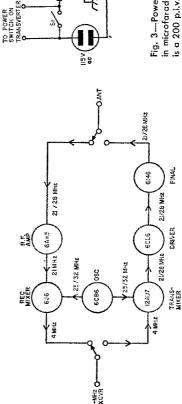


Fig. 2—Block diagram of the transverter. A common oscillator drives both transmitting and receiving mixers. The receiving mixer and r.f. stages are biased off on transmit,

0+325 V 000 × silicon, rated at 800 p.i.v. 750 ma. All capacitors are Fig. 3.—Power-supply wiring diagram. Capacitances are is a 200 p.i.v. 750-ma. silicon diode. All other diodes are in microfarads; resistances are in ohms (K = 1000). CR1 1.5 H 00mA electrolytic, except the 0.01- $\mu$ f. capacitors which 1000-volt ceramic disks. L1, L2-Filter choke.

v 007+0-

• +180 V REG

06.3 Vac

0-120 <

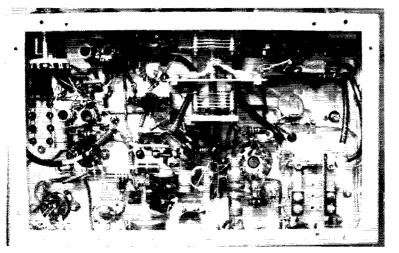
S

I<sub>2</sub>--6.3-volt 1-ampere filament transformer.

ma.; 6.3 volts, 6 amperes; 5-volt winding not

I<sub>1</sub>—Power transformer: 800 volts, center-tapped, 200

Si-S.p.s.t. toggle, switch.



Under-chassis view. The dual receiving tuning capacitor is near upper center, with a shield running between the two sections. At the upper left is the crystaloscillator switch. The pair of coils below the switch are the oscillator coils. Those above the switch are in the receiving output bandpass coupler. The driver input and output coils are below and to the left of the dual capacitor, at right angles to each other. The antenna change-over relay is in the lower righthand corner.

#### Receiving Adjustment

The wiring should checked thoroughly before applying power to the transverter. The crystal oscillator should be checked first with power applied, and  $S_4$  in the receiving position. Turn  $S_1$  to the  $Y_1$  position (12.5-MHz. crystal). Using the g.d.o. as an r.f. indicator, adjust the slug of  $L_7$  for maximum response at 25 MHz. Then turn  $S_1$  to the  $Y_3$  position (16.25-MHz. crystal), and adjust  $L_8$  for maximum response at 32.5 MHz. This single adjustment should be satisfactory for all 10-meter crystals.

Next, connect the transverter to your transceiver or receiver, and feed the signal generator to the transverter antenna jack. Tune the generator to 21 MHz., and adjust the receiver to 4 MHz. Turn  $S_1$  to the  $Y_1$  position, and  $C_1$  to maximum capacitance. Adjust  $L_4$  and  $L_5$  to peak the generator signal on the receiver S meter. Be sure to reduce the signal-generator output as the coils are adjusted closer to resonance to avoid overloading the receiver input circuits. Then adjust  $L_3$  for maximum response.

Now move the receiver tuning down to 3.5 MHz., and change the signal-generator frequency to 21.5 MHz. Retune  $C_1$  for maximum signal, and peak  $L_2$ . Repeat the adjustments of  $L_2$  and  $L_3$  once again to make sure that the bandpass coupler is working properly. With an input signal of constant level, there should be no appreciable



change in response as the generator is swept across the band.

Now return the signal generator to 29.5 MHz., and adjust your transceiver or receiver to 3.5 MHz. Adjust  $C_1$  of the transverter for maximum receiver signal. Some slight readjustment of  $L_4$  may improve the response at 29.5 MHz. without significant change in the response at 21 MHz.

At this point, the receiver section should be completely aligned, and connecting an antenna to the transverter should yield a barrage of 15- or 10-meter signals when the bands are open.

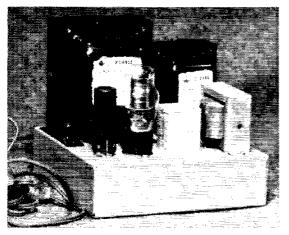
#### Transmitter Alignment

To align the transmitting section, place  $S_1$ in the Y<sub>1</sub> position and connect the signal generator, through a 0.005-\mu f. capacitor to the cathode (Pin 8) of the 12AU7 mixer. Set the signal generator to 4 MHz., and switch the transverter to transmit. With the signal generator turned off, adjust the final-amplifier bias voltage (by means of  $R_3$ ) to -51 volts, or for an idling current of 16 ma. Turn the signal generator on, and adjust it for its fullest output at 4 MHz. Advance the drive control to maximum ( $R_2$  shorted out), and peak  $C_3$  for maximum amplifier plate current. This should occur with  $C_3$  near maximum capacitance (with  $C_2$  adjusted appropriately to make this occur). Next, dip the plate meter with the amplifier tuning capacitor,  $C_6$ . Peaking  $C_4$  should now result in a marked increased in plate current.

Next, shut the transverter off, and disconnect the 700-volt and 180-volt leads from the final. Connect your receiver input to the transverter's antenna connector, and tune the receiver to 21 MHz. At this time, turn the transverter back

Along the rear apron of the chassis, from left to right, are input and output r.f. connectors, a phone jack for external power-control connections, the bias-adjusting control, ground terminal and power-supply connector. The phone jack has two insulated terminals, requiring a 3-circuit plug. (For safety, the power connector should be a male type.—Editor)

30



The power supply is assembled on a  $7 \times 7 \times 2$ -inch chassis. The bias transformer is between the 0A3 voltage regulator and the low-voltage filter choke. Diodes, filter capacitors, and resistors are inside the chassis.

on, and peak the receiver on the signal being generated by the signal generator, and amplified by the driver. With  $C_3$  and  $C_4$  peaked, and the final-amplifier output circuit tuned to resonance, adjust the neutralizing capacitor,  $C_5$ , for minimum signal on your receiver S meter. The gain of the receiver should be set quite low for this adjustment. The final is now neutralized, and no further adjustment of  $C_5$  should be necessary.

Care should be taken, when peaking  $C_3$  and  $C_4$  to make sure that you aren't tuning up on the crystal-oscillator signal rather than the generator signal. A quick check can be made by turning the signal-generator's output level down. If no change in plate current results, you are tuning up on the wrong signal. Readjusting  $C_3$  and  $C_4$  will solve the problem.

Disconnect the receiver from the antenna terminals of the transverter, and replace it with a 50-ohm dummy load. Reconnect the 700-volt and 180-volt leads to the final amplifier. With the signal generator still feeding the transmitting mixer, as before, you should now be able to load the final to a plate current of 115 ma., representing an input of 70 watts. Check the screen current to make sure that it's running under 15 ma. The meter should show no grid current for  $AB_1$  operation.

Next, turn  $S_1$  to the  $Y_4$  position (16.5-MHz. crystal), and turn  $S_3$  to the 10-meter position. Adjust the signal generator to 3.5 MHz., and peak  $C_3$ ,  $C_4$  and the pi-network tuning capacitor as before. Maximum amplifier plate current should result with  $C_3$  and  $C_4$  near minimum capacitance. Now adjust the pi-network controls for proper loading of the final amplifier. You should now be ready to drive the unit with your transceiver, and the signal generator can be disconnected.

To use the transverter with a transceiver, connect the output of the transceiver to the input of

the transverter through a length of coax line, and connect the antenna to the output of the transverter. The transverter requires very little driving power. Most of the transceiver power will be absorbed by the 50-ohm resistor at the input of the transverter. Since this resistor has a rating of only 20 watts, the input to the driving transceiver should be limited by keeping the microphone gain down. If full input to the transceiver is necessary for tuning up, the transceiver should be adjusted first while working into a dummy load, or 80-meter antenna, before applying the signal to the transverter. I use an NCX-3 transceiver, and I have found it satisfactory simply to tune the transceiver by peaking it up on a 21or 28-MHz, signal on receive, since this operation also tunes the transmitter stages. For the low power required to drive the transverter, accurate tuning isn't necessary.

Now, apply power to the transverter ( $S_4$  in the transmit position). Switch the transceiver to c.w. and back off the carrier insertion. Adjust  $C_3$  and  $C_4$  for a peak in final-amplifier grid current, increasing the carrier insertion if necessary to obtain a small reading. As soon as the driver circuits have been peaked, back off on the carrier insertion until the grid current just disappears. Then adjust the transverter pi network for an input of 70 watts. Then switch to s.s.b., and adjust the microphone gain control until the meter shows a slight flicker on the loudest voice peaks.

When loaded to a plate current of 115 ma., measurement with a Bird wattmeter showed an output of 38 watts. On the first try, several JAs and UAßs were worked with reports of excellent quality on both bands. The transverter is now being used to drive a Thunderbolt linear, and no problems have arisen.

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## Atmospheric Noise and Receiver Sensitivity

BY HARRY R. HYDER,\* W7IV

N an earlier article the point was made that the limiting factor in reception at frequencies below 30 MHz is atmospheric noise rather than receiver sensitivity.

It is interesting to try to find out just how much atmospheric noise is likely to be present on the bands below 30 MHz. This will help us in judging just how much receiver sensitivity is really worthwhile. There are some interesting bypaths to this question. But first we had better define the nature of the phenomenon.

Atmospheric noise is the result of electrical discharges occurring in the atmosphere all over the world. Since it is the summation of an extremely large number of random sources, at any specific time and place it tends to have a fairly smooth value — except, of course, when there is a local electrical disturbance, at which time the individual discharges can be unpleasantly

While hf atmospheric noise can be somewhat directional, the directional properties are neither marked nor predictable, so this factor is usually not considered. The same is true of polarization. -Our only knowledge of the level of atmospheric noise is statistical. For many years, scientists have been measuring the level of atmospheric noise at various locations, seasons, times of day, and frequencies. The data compilations show average values, but variations from the average can be large. Some general conclusions can be drawn, though.

- 1) Noise levels are generally higher in the summer than in the winter.
- 2) Noise levels are generally higher at night than during the day.
- 3) Noise levels generally decrease the farther one gets from the equator.
- 4) Noise levels are generally higher at lower frequencies.

The "bible" on atmospheric noise is Report No. 322 of the International Radio Consultative Committee (CCIR), published in 1964 by the International Telecommunications Union, Geneva. This is obtainable through the Environmental Sciences Service Administration (ESSA) of the U.S. Department of Commerce. It is a 77-page booklet devoted mostly to three types of graph, plus some explanatory material.

\* 2523 N. 57th St., Scottsdale, Arizona 85257.

Hyder, "Receiver Sensitivity", QST, September, 1969.

Each two pages contains three graphs. The first is a noise "weather map" of the world, for a particular season and four-hour time block. The contours on the map represent lines of constant noise field strength, although the numbers actually refer to "antenna noise factor" at 1.0 MHz; we will explain that later. The second graph of the set relates the lines on the map to frequency, from 10 kHz to 100 MHz. The third graph, not reproduced here, shows the variability of the noise in statistical terms. Examples of the first two graphs are given in Figs. 1 and 2.

One interesting thing that the curves show is that the noise appears to dip around 1 MHz and peak around 10 MHz. This is because of propagation effects. Atmospheric noise would continue to decrease above 1 MHz if it were not for skywave transmission, which brings in atmospheric noise from great distances. This effect is most marked on the 7- and 14-MHz bands.

The second graph also shows levels of manmade and galactic noise. Man-made noise we are all familiar with. Galactic noise is radiated by the sun and a large number of other sources outside the atmosphere. Sometimes on 21 MHz and usually on 28 MHz it is the principal source of noise. It is somewhat more directional than atmospheric noise, and also has some short- and long-term variations.

Before we explain these curves, we must examine the matter of how much noise is present in a receiver when there are no other noise sources.

#### Receiver Noise

The two noise sources present in the absence of atmospheric noise are noise generated in the antenna and noise generated within the receiver itself.

Any resistance has a noise energy that is independent of anything but its temperature. This is true of the radiation resistance of an antenna and it is true of the resistance of a dummy load or the internal resistance of a signal

The noise power delivered by any resistance to a matched load will be equal to

 $P_N = kT$  watts per hertz of bandwidth where k is Boltzmann's constant,  $1.38 \times 10^{-23}$ joules per degree Kelvin, and T is the temperature in degrees Kelvin. Kelvin degrees are the

The statement is often made that receiver noise figure tends to unimportance (extreme cases excepted, of course) as the frequency goes lower in the spectrum. Here are the figures that demonstrate it.

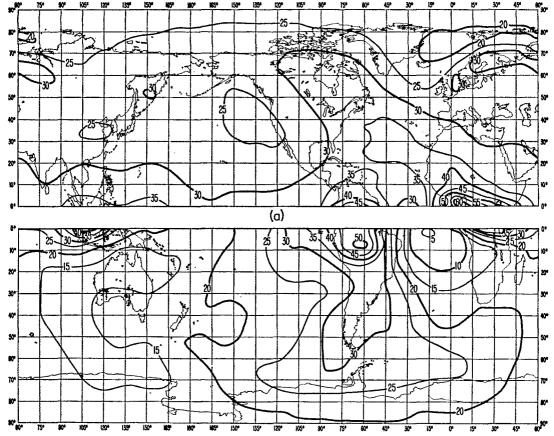


Fig. 1—Contours of mean values of atmospheric noise. Figures are in decibels above thermal noise at 290 degrees Kelvin at 1 MHz. This is one of a series of similar charts prepared for different seasons (winter, in this case) of the year, and time blocks (1200-1600 in this case).

same as Centigrade (or Celsius) degrees, except that the reference point is absolute zero rather than the freezing point of water. Since absolute zero is  $-273^{\circ}$  C,  $0^{\circ}$  C ( $+32^{\circ}$  F) is 273° Kelvin. Most noise calculations are referenced to a "normal" temperature of 290° K (17° C, 63° F).² This makes the thermal noise power  $4\times10^{-21}$  watts per hertz of bandwidth, which is a good figure to remember.

The second noise source is the receiver itself. Noise generated within the receiver has two major points of origin. The first is the resistive component of the input tuning network, and the second is the first stage of amplification. Other noise sources within the receiver also contribute, but usually only to a minor degree.

All receiver noise sources are lumped together in what is called the "noise factor", which can be defined as the number by which the receiver effectively multiplies the noise power generated by an antenna at 290° K. "Noise figure" is the noise factor in decibels. Thus if we have an antenna temperature of 63° F, which is 290° K, we have an antenna noise power of  $4\times 10^{-21}$  watts per hertz. If we have a receiver noise factor

of 10 (10 dB noise figure), we have a total equivalent noise power input (to a noiseless receiver) of  $4 \times 10^{-20}$  watts per hertz.

"Watts per hertz of bandwidth" may require a little explanation.

If we were to feed a cw signal into a receiver, the audio output would not change as we varied the bandwidth, as long as the receiver gain remained constant. This is because a cw signal is a single, discrete frequency that can be completely bracketed within the narrowest bandwidth position we have. Noise, however, has no distinct frequency; it is spread over a wide band. Thus the wider the bandwidth of our receiver, the more noise it will let in. In fact, the noise power the receiver accepts is directly proportional to the bandwidth.3 If the antenna noise power is  $4 \times 10^{-21}$  watts per hertz and the receiver bandwidth is 2.1 kHz, the equivalent noise input power is  $4 \times 10^{-21} \times 2.1 \times 10^3 = 8.4$  $\times$  10<sup>-18</sup> watts or 8.4 micromicrowatts.

True thermal noise, due to temperature alone, and caused by random motion of electrons, has

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> CCIR 322 uses 288° K; the difference is trifling.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The "noise bandwidth" of a receiver is not exactly the same as the measured "3-dB bandwidth," but the difference can usually be neglected.

a constant power per hertz at all frequencies from zero to essentially infinity. Atmospheric noise power is frequency-dependent, but over the width of a receiver passband it is uniform in amplitude, so it is legitimate to assume that the atmospheric noise power accepted by a receiver is directly proportional to bandwidth also.

And this brings us to an important point: If atmospheric noise has most of the characteristics of thermal noise, there is no reason why its effect can not be viewed as a noise factor applied to the antenna. The noise curves in CCIR 322 view it in just this way. The contours on the noise map and the ordinate on the noise-vs-frequency graph are in " $F_a$  in dB above kTB", where " $F_a$ " is the antenna noise factor. Since it is in dB, it is a noise figure.

This is very convenient, because it eliminates most of the arithmetic. Starting from a reference temperature of 290° K, the atmospheric noise merely raises the antenna temperature by a certain number of degrees, and makes the antenna noise input power a certain number of dB higher. The number of dB that you can expect atmospheric noise to add can be found from the maps and curves in CCIR 322, for any location, season, four-hour time block, and frequency band. The word "expect" is used in its mathematical sense; that is, the value one would expect  $F_a$  to have if the results of a long series of measurements were averaged. The measurements actually were made at certain spot locations during cer-

tain time periods, and extrapolated to the whole world by elaborate computer techniques. There has, however, been quite good correlation with measurements made at other times and places.

#### Antenna Characteristics

Do the characteristics of the antenna have an effect on the reception of atmospheric and galactic noise? Mostly, no.

Atmospheric noise is generally considered to be "isotropic"; that is, coming essentially from all directions. An antenna can have gain in one direction only because it has loss in others; the sum of the gains in all directions for any antenna is unity, 0 dB. The amount of atmospheric noise picked up by an antenna is therefore independent of its directivity characteristics. This is why it is possible to specify an antenna noise figure without regard to the type of antenna. The effective value of  $F_a$  is a function of the overall efficiency of the antenna and transmission line, but most high-frequency systems are quite efficient and this factor can be neglected.

Galactic noise is somewhat directional, and this fact can be taken advantage of in commmunication between specific points. However, in the random type of communication engaged in by amateurs, using relatively low-gain antennas (less than 12 dB), the directionality of galactic noise has no predictable benefits, and it too should be assumed to be isotropic.

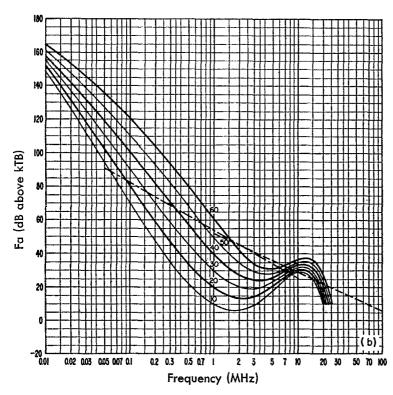


Fig. 2—Variation of radio noise with frequency, winter season, 1200-1600 hours. Solid lines, expected values of atmospheric noise; dashed line, expected values of galactic noise; dot-dash line, expected values of man-made noise at a quiet location.

#### Receiver Characteristics

You cannot calculate exactly the noise figure of your receiver, but you can make a good approximation from advertised characteristics. The manufacturer usually tells you the number of microvolts it takes to produce standard audio output at some specified signal-to-noise ratio, and sometimes even specifies the bandwidth at which this measurement was made. If he has not done the latter, we will give him the benefit of the doubt and assume that it was 2.1 kHz.<sup>4</sup> He has also specified that the receiver was designed to work from a 50-ohm antenna system.

In giving us these figures, he has really specified an input signal-to-noise ratio and an output signal-to-noise ratio. Since a rather loose definition of noise factor is input signal-to-noise ratio divided by output signal-to-noise ratio, he has indirectly told us the approximate noise factor

Let's take a hypothetical but typical set of receiver specifications and work our way through them.

Design source resistance 50 ohms Sensitivity for 10 dB S/N 0.5  $\mu$ V Bandwidth 2.1 kHz

While thermal noise power is independent of resistance, noise voltage is not. Voltage is always equal to  $\sqrt{PR}$ , whether it is noise or dc. The rms noise voltage across a matched 50-ohm source resistance is therefore

$$=\sqrt{4\times10^{-21}\times2.1\times10^3\times50}$$

 $= 2 \times 10^{-8} \text{ volts}$ 

= 0.02 microvolt at 290°K in 2.1-kHz bandwidth.

To put this in the same frame of reference as the microvolt sensitivity number, we have to convert it to an equivalent noise voltage in series with the 50-ohm source resistance, which we do by multiplying the noise voltage by two, resulting in 0.04 microvolt. The input signal-to-noise ratio is therefore (in dB)

= 
$$20 \log_{10} \frac{0.5 \text{ microvolt}}{0.04 \text{ microvolt}}$$

 $= 20 \log_{10} 12.5$ 

=22 dB

The specified output signal-to-noise ratio is 10 dB, so the approximate noise figure of the receiver is 22 dB - 10 dB, or 12 dB. This figure includes the effects, beneficial or adverse, of any mismatches between the antenna and the receiver.

#### Adding in the Noise

Determining the degradation of signal-tonoise ratio due to atmospheric noise is merely a matter of picking appropriate numbers from the graphs and applying them to the receiver characteristics.

To do this with the least confusion, it is best to assume that receiver noise can be represented

<sup>5</sup> See earlier article (footnote 1).

by the equivalent noise power input to a noiseless receiver. Antenna noise power and receiver noise power can then be added directly.

For our hypothetical receiver with a 12-dB noise figure (noise factor, f = 16), the total equivalent noise input power is

= 
$$kTBf$$
  
= (4) (10<sup>-21</sup>) (2.1) (10<sup>3</sup>) (16)  
= 134 × 10<sup>-18</sup> watts

Of this,  $8.4 \times 10^{-18}$  is due to the antenna at 290°K. Receiver-generated noise alone is therefore  $(134 - 8.4) (10^{-13}) = 1.26 \times 10^{-16}$  watts.

The signal power is obtained by assuming that the receiver is matched to 50 ohms (it usually isn't) and calculating what power the receiver would absorb when supplied with the specified signal voltage in series with 50 ohms.<sup>6</sup> This is

$$P = \frac{E^2}{4R}$$
=  $\frac{(0.5 \times 10^{-6})^2}{4 \times 50}$ 
=  $1.25 \times 10^{-15}$  watts

Now let's say that from the curves in CCIR 322 we have found that the "expected" value of  $F_{\bullet}$  for a particular location, season, time block, and frequency is 20 dB, a power ratio of 100. This makes antenna noise

 $8.4 \times 10^{-18} \times 100 = 8.4 \times 10^{-16}$  watts Receiver noise and signal power have stayed the same. What is the signal-to-noise ratio? As

same. What is the signal-to-noise ratio? As before, we divide signal power by the sum of antenna and receiver noise power.

$$\frac{S}{N} = \frac{1.25 \times 10^{-15}}{(8.4 \times 10^{-16}) + (1.34 \times 10^{-16})}$$
= 1.3
= 1.0 dB

This ratio would represent an extremely marginal signal. Tests have shown that for voice, a 1.0-dB signal-to-noise ratio gives a little better than 50 percent intelligibility. It would hardly be an enjoyable QSO.

Next we will find the signal voltage necessary to produce a 10-dB signal-to-noise ratio when  $F_{\bullet}$  is 20 dB.

The required signal power is ten times the sum of antenna and receiver noise powers.

= 10 [(8.4 
$$\times$$
 10<sup>-16</sup>) + (1.34  $\times$  10<sup>-16</sup>)]  
= 9.7  $\times$  10<sup>-15</sup> watts

The equivalent signal voltage is

$$= \sqrt{4PR}$$

$$= \sqrt{(4)(9.7)(10^{-15})(50)}$$

$$= 1.4 \mu V$$

<sup>6</sup> Definitions of sensitivity and noise figure do not require that the receiver be matched to the source resistance. The power being calculated is the "available" power, which the receiver might not avail itself of (see article referred to in footnote 1).

7 These particular tests were based on intelligibility of "nonsense syllables", wherein the listener could not in any way guess, by a mental filtering process, what he was supposed to be hearing. With actual speech patterns, the intelligibility would undoubtedly be higher. Of course, some people claim that all ham conversations consist of nonsense syllables.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Most receiver manufacturers appear to have adopted this bandwidth for ssb reception.

Now suppose that our hypothetical receiver had a specified sensitivity of 1.4 µV for a 10-dB signal-to-noise ratio, rather than 0.5 µV. This is 9 dB worse. Would the output signal-to-noise ratio be 9 dB worse for the same atmospheric noise conditions? Let's see.

Since the specified signal-to-noise ratio is 10 dB, the equivalent total noise input power is equal to one tenth the available signal power produced by 1.4 µV in series with 50 ohms. We previously calculated this signal power to be 9.7  $\times$  10<sup>-15</sup> watts, so total noise is 9.7  $\times$  10<sup>-16</sup> watts. Of this, thermal noise at 290°K is  $8.4 \times 10^{-18}$ watts, an insignificant amount, so we will consider that all of the input noise (when the antenna is at 290°K) is due to the receiver. When Fa is 20 dB, however, antenna noise becomes 8.4  $\times .10^{-16}$  watts. Adding this to the receiver niose results in a total equivalent noise input of  $1.8 \times 10^{-15}$  watts. The resulting signal-to-noise ratio is

$$\frac{S}{N} = \frac{Signal\ Power}{Total\ equivalent\ noise\ input\ power}$$

$$= \frac{9.7 \times 10^{-15}}{1.8 \times 10^{-15}}$$

$$= 5.4$$

$$= 7.3\ dB$$

In other words, a decrease of 9 dB in rated receiver sensitivity has resulted in a signal-tonoise ratio degradation of less than 3 dB. Furthermore, as  $F_a$  increases, the degradation becomes even less. If  $F_a$  had been 30 dB the difference between a 0.5-µV receiver and a 1.4-µV receiver would have been less than 1.0 dB. And  $F_a = 30 \text{ dB}$  is not a high value for antenna noise; on some bands it is a low value.

Here are some typical values of  $F_a$ : Two sets of conditions have been chosen; a low-noise (Duluth, Minn., in winter daylight) and a highnoise (Miami, Fla., on a summer night).

Band	$F_{a}$ , Low Noise	$F_{a}$ , High Noise
$1.8~\mathrm{MHz}$	45 dB*	75 dB
3.5	40*	65
7	30	55
14	30	35
21	22	25
28	18**	22**

<sup>\*</sup> Man-made noise in a quiet rural location

These figures show quite graphically that only on 28 MHz, and possibly 21 MHz, is there any justification for striving for extremely high sensitivity. And even here, the gain in output signalto-noise ratio is only a fraction of a dB for each dB reduction in noise figure.

Finally, let's compare two receivers. Brand A's maker proudly claims that every receiver he ships has at least  $0.5 \mu V$  sensitivity for 10 dB signal-to-noise ratio. Brand X's producer just says "High Sensitivity" in his ads. To cut the cost, he has eliminated the rf amplifier; signals go directly to a fairly low-noise mixer. His sensitivity is actually 2 µV, but he doesn't dare advertise this figure. Just how much worse is Brand X?

We will use the "quiet" values of  $F_n$  listed previously, and find the output signal-to-noise ratio for Brand X when it is supplied with the same signal that would produce a 10-dB ratio in Brand A. Here are the figures:

Band $F_a$ Brand $X S/$	
1.8 MHz 45 dB 9.96 dB	96 dB
3.5 40 9.9	}
7 30 9.1	L
14 30 9.1	Ĺ
21 22 6.4	4
28 18 4.2	2

Under these conditions, Brand X is within 1 dB of being as good as Brand A on all bands from 1.8 to 14 MHz, even though its sensitivity is 12 dB lower. On 21 and 28 MHz, the losses are 3.6 and 5.8 dB, respectively.

If sensitivity were the only receiver characteristic of importance, and if Brand X cost much less than Brand A, it would be worth while to buy Brand X and use a simple single-stage preamplifier on the 21 and 28 MHz bands, Brand X could easily be made better than Brand A on these two bands.

Of course, sensitivity is not the only receiver characteristic of importance. Stability, selectivity, and freedom from spurious responses and cross-modulation are probably more important. and cost a lot more to design into a receiver than does mere sensitivity.

While it should be obvious that a low-noise receiver will always produce a better signal-tonoise ratio than one of moderate performance, in real life the difference is likely to be insignificant.

## 🎠 Stravs 🏖

Interested in the phenomena of Unidentified Flying Objects? Data-Net is an association of radio amateur and others interested in the subject. For information on Data-Net's on-the-air activities and membership, including issues of the Data-Net Report, contact Michel M. Jaffe, WB6RPL, 624 Farley St., Mountain View, California 94040.

#### Stolen Equipment

The following equipment was stolen from the National Guard Armory in Melrose, Mass.: R.F. Communications Co. Pilot ssb transceiver S/N 1552 and 12 V dc battery eliminator S/N 406. Two microphones were also taken At the time of the theft, the equipment contained a crystal for 4640 kHz operation. Contact Col. Joseph Salidino, National Guard Armory, Commonwealth Avenue, Boston, Mass. Tel.: 617-782-9544.

The Post Office Department promises faster mail service with the Zip codes. Use yours when you write Headquarters. Use ours, too. It's 06111.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Galactic noise

A Coax-Fed Trap-Dipole For

## 80 Through 10-Meters

BY LEWIS G. McCOY,\* WIICP

As pointed out many years ago in  $QST^1$ , it is possible to design a coax-fed antenna, using traps, that will present a fairly good match for coaxial feed lines across the 80-through 10-meter bands. This article describes the construction of such an antenna. The antenna is simple to construct and can be used in either a horizontal or inverted V configuration if space is a problem. Before describing the construction of the antenna, let's see how it works.

#### Trap Antennas

Whenever coaxial feed lines are used to feed an antenna it is important that the lines be matched at the antenna to keep the SWR as low as possible. The SWR on a feed line is always dependent on the impedance of the antenna. If we use 50-ohm line, and the antenna impedance is 50 ohms, then the coax will be "matched" and the SWR will be 1 to 1. If the antenna impedance were 100 ohms, the SWR would be 2 to 1. The worse the mismatch, the higher the SWR will be. And, the higher the SWR, the more losses you will have in the feed system. Even more important, the SWR may be too high to allow proper tuning and loading of the final amplifier stage in the transmitter. For this reason, we want the antenna to have an impedance as close as possible to that of the coax.

Shown in Fig. 1 at A is a half-wave dipole. The impedance of this antenna will depend on several factors but probably the most important is the height of the antenna above ground.

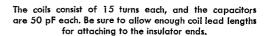


Fig. 2 is a graph showing just how much an antenna's impedance will vary in relation to its height above a perfectly-conducting ground. If we were to take an average of how high amateurs install antennas we would probably find that the average height of 80-meter antennas would be about 30 feet. This would put the "average" impedance somewhere between 40 to 70 ohms. This being the case, you could feed the antenna with either 50- or 70-ohm coaxial cable and have a reasonably good match on 80 meters.

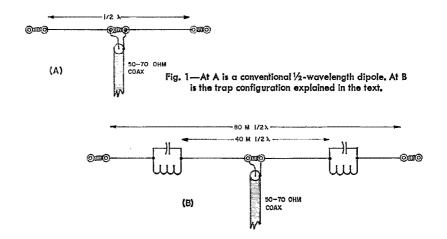
Let's suppose we switch our rig to 40 meters, and attempt to use the 80-meter dipole for the antenna. What happens to the impedance of the antenna on 40 meters? Instead of a value of 40 to 70 ohms, the impedance will be on the order of 4000 ohms! With 50-ohm coaxial feed, the mismatch would be about 80 to 1—quite a bad mismatch, you'll admit. If we want to use the 50-ohm coax, and use the antenna on both 80 and 40, our problem boils down to making the antenna look like a match on both bands.

One method of doing the job is to insert traps in antenna as shown in Fig. 1 at B. The traps are parallel tuned circuits. When a 80-meter signal is fed to the antenna, the overall electrical length works out to be a one-half wavelength and be a good match for the 50-ohm coax.

Here is a coax-fed, multiband antenna for either General or Novice class operation. The antenna is easy to make and get working and can be used either horizontally or as an inverted V.

<sup>\*</sup> Novice Editor

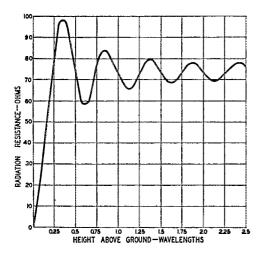
 $<sup>^{1}\,\</sup>mathrm{Buchanan}$  , "The Multimatch Antenna System," QST, March 1955.



When a 40-meter signal is fed to the antenna, the traps act to divorce the outer parts of the antenna and the antenna looks like one-half wavelength on 40 meters, and also is a fairly good match for the coax.

On the 20- through 10-meter bands, the antenna works out to be close to odd multiples of half wavelengths and has a low impedance, providing a fairly good match on these bands also.

Of course, the question in the builder's mind would be: How efficient the trap antenna would be compared to a plain dipole? If the traps are made with low-loss capacitors and a reasonably large wire diameter in the coil, the ohmic losses can be held to a minimum. Under such conditions, this type of trap dipole can be a fairly efficient antenna. The reason we emphasize "this type" of trap antenna is that it shouldn't be compared to trap beams, where a severe compromise on element spacing can take place. In any event, this type trap antenna can be a fairly good one for single coax feed, plus the advantages of multiband operation.



However, we must point out that the antenna has one drawback, particularly as far as the Novice who operates 80 meters is concerned. Whenever a multiband antenna of this type is used, it must be remembered that the antenna will radiate harmonics equally as well as the fundamental signal. While any antenna will accept harmonics and radiate them, some will radiate harmonics better than others, and the trap dipole is of the latter type. An 80-meter dipole is a more selective antenna than a trap dipole so there is always some harmonic rejection on the part of the antenna.

The reason we emphasize 80-meter Novice operation is because this is the band that gives rise to harmonic problems for the Novice. Not that a ham transmitter should radiate any harmonics, but in 80-meter Novice operation the second harmonic falls in commercial-service bands and many hams are cited by the FCC each year.

Getting back to the trap dipole, while it will radiate harmonics, this is not a serious drawback since the problem can be eliminated by installing a filter<sup>2</sup> or a transmatch<sup>3</sup> in the feed line. The transmatch is preferable because it will add additional selectivity to your receiving setup.

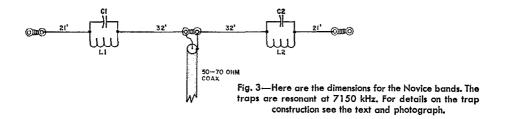
#### Making The Trap Antenna

Fig. 3 is a circuit drawing of the trap dipole. These dimensions will provide a good match for either 50- or 70-ohm coax cable in the Novice portions of the 80- and 40 meter bands. For General Class operation, the antenna as shown will provide a reasonably good match on any of the bands from 40-meters down. However, for 80-meter operation, it is best to change the outer lengths of the antenna (those portions

Fig. 2—This graph shows the variation in the impedance of a dipole for different heights above a perfectly conducting ground.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Understanding Amateur Radio, p. 213.

<sup>3</sup> The Radio Amateurs Handbook, 1969 ed., page 353.



from the traps out) to make the antenna resonant in the desired section of 80 meters. As shown, the antenna will provide a good match from 3700 to 3750 kHz with the SWR rising sharply toward either band edge. More about this in a moment.

The traps are made from Air Dux coil stock; a single length of the 2006T will be adequate for both traps. The coil stock has 6 turns per inch, is 2½-inches in diameter, and comes in 10-inch lengths (World Radio Labs Cat. No. 20 F 105). The capacitors are a transmitting type, Centralab 8508-50Z (Allied Radio Cat. No. 43 F 1101). Using this type coil stock and capacitors the traps will easily handle the amateur legal power limit.

The photographs of one of the traps shows the construction method. Allow several inches of lead length at each coil end so that the wires can be fed through the support insulator. This will take any strain off the coil ends. Of course the antenna wire should also be fed through the insulator ends. Use No. 12 or 14 solid copper wire for the antenna because if the antenna is supported at the ends it must also support the weight of the coax feed line. In order to reduce the strain on the coax at the center insulator, the coax end should be mounted as shown in Fig. 4. Wrap the coax around the insulator as shown and clamp the two sections together and also tape the exposed end of the coax to prevent moisture accumulation inside the coax. Be sure to clean any enamel away from the antenna wires before soldering the coil and capacitor leads to the antenna wires.

As mentioned earlier, the antenna shown is cut for the Novice band on 80. For General Class operation, the amateur should select that portion of 80 he plans to use more than others and cut the antenna accordingly. The inner portions of the antenna, up to and including the traps, should be the same dimensions as shown in Fig. 3. For operation on the low end of 80, near 3500 kHz, make the outside lengths 30 feet long. Insert an SWR bridge in the line and then "prune" the ends for the lowest SWR reading.

One trick that some hams use is to feed the ends of the antenna through the end insulators, put a clip on the antenna ends, and then adjust the lengths by clipping the ends back on themselves as shown in Fig. 5. If the antenna is used in an inverted-V configuration, it is a fairly simple matter to determine the best match for

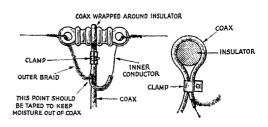


Fig. 4—To provide adequate support for coax at antenna feed point, the coax should be installed as shown in this drawing.

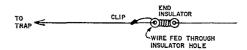


Fig. 5—This trick, used by many hams, allows the antenna to be adjusted for resonance anywhere within the 80-meter band. Be sure to have the clip short at the same point on each end of the antenna to insure balance.

any portion of the 80-meter band and then change the overall length accordingly. In the inverted-V method of installation it is an easy matter to get at the end clips and change them. This method eliminates pruning the antenna wire.

#### Installing The Antenna

As already stated, the antenna can be mounted either horizontally or as an inverted V. If at all possible, try to get the antenna up at least 30 feet above ground in the horizontal mounting, in fact, the higher you get the antenna, the better it will perform. If you don't have a long enough span, the ends of the antenna can be dropped down but be sure the ends are clear of the ground.

For the inverted V you'll only need a center support. Again, get the antenna as high as possible. While the angle of the inverted V isn't too critical, the ends should be kept out towards the horizontal as much as possible. Also, keep in mind our caution about harmonics and use a filter or transmatch, particularly for 80-meter operation.



The transmitter-distributor and polar relay interconnected for keying Morse code from teleprinter tape. Octal socket and plug fittings on the interconnecting cable facilitate easy separation. Should it be desired to remove the relay from the circuit, a plug with appropriately jumpered pins restores the connections required for RTTY operation of the TD.

## Perfect Morse Code from Teletype Tape\_Inexpensively

BY JERRY HALL,\* KIPLP

THE use of a teleprinter transmitter-distributor or TD and perforated RTTY tape for sending Morse code has probably been a dream of almost every ham who owns such equipment. After all, both cw and RTTY signals are based on constant band rates - only the type of coding changes. The uses for such a scheme could be numerous: cw identification for repeaters or while operating RTTY, call-up tapes for many types of cw operation such as nets, schedules and contests, as well as ew bulletin transmissions, code practice, and so on. The advantages would be that tapes can be prepared in advance and stored indefinitely, used many more times than just once, and that the operator is not required to focus his full attention on the information actually being sent.

Indeed, all cw bulletin and code-practice transmissions from W1AW are made from teleprinter tapes — the same tapes which are used for the transmission of RTTY, in the case of official bulletins. At W1AW the conversion from RTTY tape to Morse signals is performed in a Frederick Electronics Corp. model 1402 tape reader and a Frederick model 660A teleprinterto-Morse-code converter. However, this set-up has more resemblance to a small computer than it does to a piece of amateur equipment, and would be difficult for the average ham to duplicate without great expense.

A few years ago W4AWY presented a simple method of obtaining Morse code characters from teleprinter tape. 1,2 The tape was to be punched with a particular RTTY letter combination for each Morse letter or figure, for the best timing results. When the tape was played through the

TD, the resulting fsk signal resembled Morse keying. The necessity to add a switch to the TD to change from RTTY to Morse operation, and the compromise in code element timing with resulting less-than-perfect code by that method, though, may have discouraged a number of operators.

#### CW from the TD

The TD, however, can be used to generate perfectly proportioned Morse code, sounding like a very well adjusted electronic keyer or like the W1AW code practice and bulletin tapes. A simple modification to the TD is required, but the modification can be completely removed in a few minutes time. The modification has no effect on normal use of the TD for RTTY operation.

The scheme requires the addition of a polar relay, the contacts of which do the actual cw keying. (The relay can be one relegated to the junk box after changing to electronic keying, or might be acquired through surplus channels for a few dollars — see QST Ham-Ads.) One winding of the relay is used to close its keying contacts upon command from the TD, starting a dot or a dash element. The second winding of the relay, upon a separate command from the TD, opens the contacts and ends the Morse code element. The duration of the dots or dashes is controlled by altering the times between turn-on and turnoff commands, through appropriate RTTY letter combinations on the tape.

In operation for ew keying by this method, one teleprinter character (163 milliseconds in duration for a 60-wpm TD) is used for a Morse dot and its succeeding space. Thus, a string of dots will occur at the rate of 6.13 per second. A dash and its succeeding space is equal in

<sup>\*</sup> Assistant Technical Editor, QST.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Sapp, "CW Without Hands," RTTY, June, 1963. <sup>2</sup> Sapp, "C.W. Sign-Off with RTTY 'Tape," QST, March, 1964.

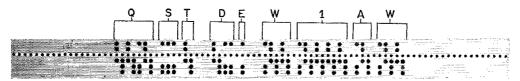


Fig. 1—Teleprinter tape perforated for the cw message QST DE W1AW. A blank separates the cw letters; three blanks separate the words.

duration to two teleprinter characters, so a string of dashes will occur at the rate of slightly more than three per second. One can determine the code speed by multiplying 2.4 times the number of free-running dots per second,<sup>3</sup> and for a 60 wpm TD this equates to a maximum cw keying rate of 14.7 wpm. Of course by allowing more time between turn-on and turn-off commands or using long spaces between cw letters, slower cw speeds can be sent.

#### Installation

Fig. 2 shows a typical wiring diagram for installing the relay. The contact-closing winding of the relay is placed in series with the TD commutator segment for the first selector pulse. As a perforated tape is played through the TD, any character containing a mark in the first selector pulse position will energize this winding, which will close the keying contacts. Because of the nature of the relay, the contacts will stay closed even after the current through this winding is removed. They will remain closed either until a current of the opposite polarity is passed through this winding, or until a current of the proper polarity is passed through the second winding. In effect, the relay latches itself closed.

The contact-opening winding of the relay is placed in series with either the fourth or the fifth selector-pulse commutator segment, at the operator's preference. The fifth position gives almost a perfect 1:1 dot-to-space ratio for 60-wpm. TDs (dot on time equals 54 percent), but

 $^2$  ARRL, The Radio Amateur's Handbook, code transmission chapter.

for Western Union and other TDs set for 65 or 67 wpm the fourth position might give a more pleasing weighting.

Be sure to observe the correct polarity for connecting the relay windings. If either winding is reversed, no keying will result. If both windings or the polarity of the power supply voltage is reversed, contacts 1 and 4 of the relay will close during the "key up" period, but to correct this situation it might be easier merely to use contacts 1 and 5 of the relay for the cw keying, rather than to rewire the two windings or to change the power supply connections.

#### Operation

To prepare a tape for transmission of cw, simply punch the teleprinter letter "B" for each dot and punch "UM" for each dash. Although other characters will also yield the desired results, the Bs and UMs have short and long sounds, making it convenient to say "B UM B" to yourself when you might ordinarily say "dit dah dit" for the cw letter R, for example. Use either a blank or a space-bar function for spacing between cw letters and use three blanks between cw words. These spacings will result in a perfect 1:3:7 ratio for element, letter, and word spacing. Use five spaces for the separation of paragraphs or the equivalent.

(Continued on page 82)

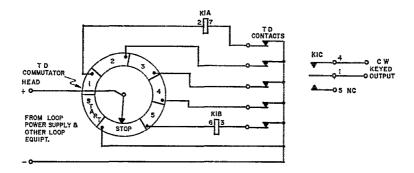


Fig. 2—Typical polar keying relay installation with a Teletype Corp. model 14 transmitter-distributor. Satisfactory operation of the relay will result with loop currents ranging from 60 mA down to 2 or 3 mA, depending on how well the relay is adjusted. See text regarding connection polarity of relay windings. K<sub>1</sub>—Polar relay, Western Electric 255A or 314A or equivalent (see QST Ham-Ads).



#### AN RF-ACTUATED BREAK-IN SYSTEM

Most of my operation has been in 40- and 80-meter cw networks and round tables. Because operating without fast break-in became frustrating at times, I put together a simple reactuated break-in system. The results have been most gratifying.

Fig. 1 shows the system in schematic form. When there is no signal input, the positive end of  $BT_1$  effectively floats because  $Q_1$  is not conducting. At this time, because of the positive bias voltage supplied by  $R_1$ ,  $Q_2$  conducts heavily and shorts out the 10,000-ohm control,  $R_2$ . When the transmitter is operated, the signal from a pickup loop is fed to  $J_1$  and rectified by  $CR_1$ , and the resulting positive voltage is used to drive  $Q_1$ into conduction. This effectively connects the plus end of  $BT_1$  to ground. As a result,  $BT_1$ applies to the base of  $Q_2$  a negative voltage that overcomes the positive bias supplied by  $R_1$ . This turns off  $Q_2$ , thus allowing the transistor to act like an open or nearly open circuit. With the transistor short removed, the resistance of  $R_2$ is added to that of the rf gain control in the receiver, and the sensitivity of the receiver is reduced during transmitting periods.

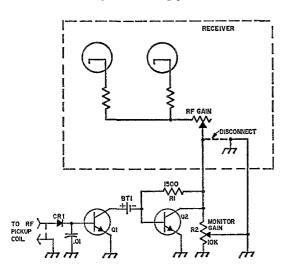


Fig. 1—WA6HDX's rf-actuated break-in system. Resistances are in ohms, k=1000. Capacitance is in  $\mu F$ ; the capacitor is disk ceramic. Details of the pickup coil are given in the text.

BT<sub>1</sub>—1.5-volt cell. CR<sub>1</sub>—1N34A. Q<sub>1</sub>,Q<sub>2</sub>—2N388. See text.

 $R_1$ — $\frac{1}{2}$ -watt composition.  $R_2$ —Wire-wound.

When installing this break-in system, only one receiver connection—the one between the rf gain control and ground—needs to be opened. If the gain control is well bypassed, the leads going to the break-in device can be any convenient length.

The pickup coil can be several turns of insulated wire loosely coupled to the transmitter output coil. Caution should be observed that there are no voltages present when the loop is installed and its position adjusted.

Type 2N388 transistors were used at  $Q_1$  and  $Q_2$  because they happened to be in the junk box. Any 100- to 200-milliwatt transistors with a collector-to-emitter voltage rating of 20 volts or more can be used instead.

When the receiver gain control was set wide open, 0.8 volt dc was measured between the collector of  $Q_2$  and ground, and 22 mA was found to be flowing in the lead going to the arm of the receiver gain control. When a signal from the transmitter keyed the system at the same gain-control setting, 11.6 volts dc and 8 mA were measured. As the rf gain control was turned down, these voltage and current readings became correspondingly less.

The circuit does have one disadvantage: Because the output impedance of  $Q_2$  is not zero ohms when the transistor is conducting, there is some loss of gain — estimated to be 3 dB — when the receiver is running wide open. This is of no importance here. If desired, a spst switch may be used to short out the device, so that the full gain of the receiver may be restored for the reception of weak signals. — Raymond B. Brightman, WA6HDX

## SIMPLIFIED CIRCUIT BOARD CONSTRUCTION

Here is a circuit board construction technique that is simple and easy to duplicate. I use Vectorbord that is copper clad on only one side and has holes for small push-in terminals (T28) on a 0.2-inch grid. To insulate a push-in terminal from the copper I use a 14-inch diameter twist drill to rout out the copper around each hole where a terminal is to be used. A couple of twists with a hand-held bit is usually sufficient for each hole.

Wiring is done on the non-foil side of the board, and all grounds are made by soldering push-in terminals to the foil side of the board. This provides an excellent ground path for all frequencies up to and including uhf. The results are neat and reproducible, and it's easy to make a compact parts arrangement. I prefer this method to standard printed circuit board con-

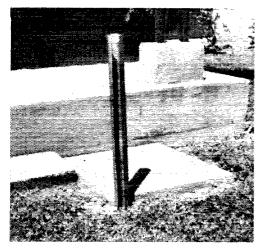


Fig. 2-A cut section ready for installation.

struction. It eliminates the need for etching, and permits the breadboard circuit to be used as the final product. Circuit changes are easy to make with this method — not so with etched-circuit boards.

The Vector P-91 insertion tool, which costs only 50 cents, can be used to install the T28 terminals. — Dick Preiss, WA6VCG

#### A DRIVE-SHAFT COUPLING SCHEME FOR A BASE-MOUNTED ROTATOR

In order to simplify rotator servicing, some hams locate a rotator at the bottom of a tower and use several sections of TV mast to turn a beam on top. However, if a few strong winds come up after such an arrangement has been installed, the keyed TV masts may develop a large amount of play. If this is the case, usually the next step is to install bolts at the joints. However, after a few more windy days, it's likely that the bolts will be damaged and the bolt holes will be chewed out.

I discussed this problem with several hams, and we came up with a better coupling scheme. The result is an antenna system that is in good condition with practically no play, even though it has gone through several bad winter storms.

To stand the amount of pressure necessary to insure no slippages, and to keep backlash at a minimum, 1½-inch outside diameter steel masts should be used to support the antenna, and steel parts — cut sections from an extra TV mast of the same diameter, and 15%-inch muffler clamps — should be used to make the couplings. Before their installation, all the steel pieces, except the threads on the clamps, should be given a heavy coat of paint. Once the clamps are secured, it's a simple matter to paint the clamp threads.

Begin the installation by obtaining the necessary masts to support the antenna, one mast to make the couplings, and four muffler clamps for

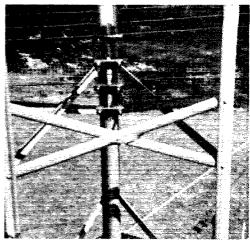


Fig. 3—One of the completed couplings.

each mast-to-mast joint. (At some auto supply stores muffler clamps can be bought for thirty cents or less apiece.) For each joint cut off a tento twenty-inch section from the extra TV mast. Then, borrow a saber saw - a heavy duty type if you can - and cut the sections of TV mast lengthwise on only one side. For this job use a jig of some sort to hold the work steady, and to prevent the saw blade from running into the far side of the inner wall of the tubing and breaking. Although a slight departure from a straight line is okay, for best results try to cut the mast sections as straight as possible. Next, with whatever means you have available, open up the slit pieces so that they will slip with ease over the 11/2-inch outside diameter antenna masts. The cut sections should look like the one shown in Fig. 2.

Install the masts and rotator inside the framework of your tower. Then, take the bottom mast section loose from the rotator and slip on one of the prepared pieces. Slide the slit section up to the top joint. As shown in Fig. 3, install one of the muffler clamps about an inch below the joint, and another an inch above the joint. Then install two more, one, two or three inches above the joint, and the other the same distance below the joint. In the beginning, finger tighten each clamp. Then, using a wrench, tighten each clamp a little at a time until all are reasonably tight. The splicing section should be pulled in until it provides a snug fit around the junction of the two masts. Take care not to overtighten the clamps: otherwise, you might collapse the masts or the coupling. Finally, repeat the coupling-installation procedure for the remaining joints.

In a variation of this coupling scheme, a local ham uses two-inch galvanized water pipe as the drive shaft. With pipe of this size and thickness it was necessary to cut the splicing sections in two and use three muffler clamps above and three clamps below each mast-to-mast joint. — Gene Ferguson, W8NPF



#### DIRECTLY DRIVEN RESONANT RADIATOR ANTENNA

Technical Editor, QST:

I have been reading the antenna section of the 1969 edition of The Radio Amateur's Handbook, and would like to comment on the short paragraph on page 371 on the DDRR antenna. (See Fig. 1.)

This antenna has many features that are advantageous to radio amateurs or other users, particularly for mobile use, and it is unfortunate that the autenna is not better understood outside the professional engineering community. I think this is because no completely, or even moderately, accurate account of how the antenna functions has appeared outside the professional journals. Most of the discussions of this antenna for hobbyists seem to be based on the article in Electronics1 or perhaps that in Popular Electronics.2 These articles were excellent in their presentation of empirical performance data and design information but they did establish some misconceptions about the operation of the antenna.

The name, directional discontinuity ring radiator, is a relic of these early articles. Years ago, the Northrop Corporation redefined DDRR to stand for "directly driven resonant radiator," which reflects a better understanding of the antenna operation. There are other commonly used names. I prefer the name "transmission-line antenna."

Shortly after the appearance of the article in Electronics, the correct theoretical explanation of the antenna operation was given in an article by R. W. Burton and R. W. P. King in the *Microwave* Journal.3 They pointed out that the antenna was not basically new and that its operation was adequately explained by several past theoretical articles. Since the publication of the Microwave Journal article, there has been no controversy on the DDRR antenna and it has been used for many purposes, although not always under the DDRR name.

In a letter to QST which was published in Technical Correspondence for December 1967, I commented on K1KLO's Connecticut Longhorn (QST, August, 1967) which turned out to be a version of the transmission-line antenna. The M.A.B.A.L. antenna by K1KLM (QST, July, 1968) also seems to be more appropriately explained as a transmission-line antenna than as a horizontal version of the loop antenna described by Patterson (Electronics, Aug. 21, 1967) and McCoy (QST, March, 1968).

My letter in Technical Correspondence gave all the specific references to this antenna type that I am familiar with, except for a few in some of the other ham and hobby magazines that I considered at the time I read them to be not very informative.

1 Boyer, "Hula Hoop Antennas; A Coming Trend?",

Electronics, Jan. 11, 1963. <sup>2</sup> Pafenberg, "The Hula-Hoop," Popular Electronics, July, 1963.

<sup>3</sup> Burton and King, "Theoretical Considerations and Experimental Results for the Hula-Hoop Antenna," Microwave Journal, November, 1963.

The article by R. C. Fenwick4 is my favorite on this antenna, since it shows the wide range of physical forms the antenna can assume with the same basic explanation still valid for its operation.

In summary, the DDRR is a well understood autenna with many features to recommend its use. Unfortunately, other than at the professional level, I know of no articles which give the correct theory for it, even though there are no difficulties in the theory. I think that continued use of the term "directional discontinuity ring radiator" is undesirable. - Dr. Wade Blocker, K6CAF, 17221 Osborne St., Northridge, Calif. 91324.

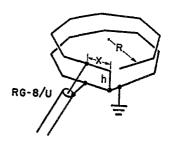


Fig. 1—The DDRR vertically polarized antenna. Length around top (open) wire or bottom (closed) wire, in feet, = 252/f (MHz), e.g., 64.7 feet for 3.9 MHz. Height,  $h_r = 8.5/f$  (MHz), e.g., 2.2 feet at 3.9 MHz. The feedpoint distance, x, is given approximately by x =28/f (MHz), e.g., 7.2 feet at 3.9 MHz. If an excellent ground is available, the bottom wire would not be required, otherwise it should be laid on the ground or the roof or whatever flat plane the DDRR is placed over. The antenna shown is the version tried by WØMOX, and is simpler to construct than the original circular configuration.

#### CAPACITIVE VOLTAGE DIVIDERS

Technical Editor, QST:

W4PPB makes an excellent point regarding the need for an rf choke at the output of a pi network. However, he is also helping to perpetuate an error, that "dc voltage on series capacitors divides inversely as the capacitance of each unit." This is so widely "known" (it has appeared on page 25 of the Handbook for years) that it is taken for granted, yet it is incomplete. A little thought will show that only resistors can form a divider for dc; capacitive reactance is an open circuit at dc.

Any capacitor has leakage resistance, both internal and due to the circuitry associated with it. For typical small capacitors such as W4PPB discusses, the time constant formed by the capacitor and its leakage resistance is at most a few seconds. At the instant of switching on, the voltage will indeed divide as W4PPB says, but after the time of several time constants has elapsed, the voltage division will settle down to that determined by the leakage resistances acting as a divider. Both the initial transient and the steady-state conditions are important and must be allowed for in the design. Misunderstanding of this point can lead to errors in design and perhaps to considerable expense. -James M. Lomasney, WA6NIL, 2501 Waverly St., Palo Alto, Calif. 94301.

August, 1969.

<sup>4</sup> Fenwick, "A New Class of Electronically Small Antennas," IEEE Transactions on Antennas and Propagation, May, 1965, p. 379.

<sup>5</sup> Thurston, "D.C. Voltages and the Pi Network," QST,

#### REED RELAYS FOR CODE KEYERS

Technical Editor, QST:

While gathering parts to build the solid-state keyer given in the ARRL Handbook,6 I could not find a source for the Magnecraft W102X1 reed keying relay. I have talked with a Magnecraft engineer, and he explained that the relay in question is no longer in production. The W102X1 has been replaced by the W102MX-1 relay. This relay has a release time of better than ½ ms. It has a 100-ohm 40-mA dc coil. It is better constructed and is cheaper than the one used in the Handbook. The W102MX-1 relay can be purchased through the Allied Radio Corp., 100 N. Western Ave., Chicago, Ill. 60680. It sells for \$2.18 plus postage (plus a 50¢ handling charge on orders of less than \$5.00). The Allied part number is 41-F-4444.

The keyer works well on most speeds. I didn't like the monitor shown, and went to my own design. All in all, I am quite satisfied with its operation. - Ellwood E. Brem, K3YVV, 140 Frandor Rd., Lower Burrell, Pa. 15068.

#### SHEET FRISKET FOR ETCHED CIRCUIT BOARDS

Technical Editor, QST:

The article on printed-circuit-board construction in the August issue of  $QST^7$  presents one of the most practical systems I have seen for building small quantities of circuit boards. The one disadvantage of this system is that the home builder has to be skillful with a small brush. For those builders who can't draw a straight line with a ruler, much less paint "frisket" over a traced circuit outline, I would like to recommend the use of sheet frisket instead of the liquid type.

Sheet frisket (such as E-Z Frisket) comes with a special rubber-base adhesive on the back. You simply peel off the protective backing and it's ready to use. Place the frisket film over the traced circuit outline on the copper-clad board; it quickly adheres to the surface. Use an X-acto knife to cut an outline of the area to be etched and peel the frisket away from the board. After etching, the frisket film is easily removed from the board. E-Z Frisket is available in  $9 \times 12$ -inch sheets, package of 8 for \$1.20. -J. R. Fisk, W1DTY, Editor, Ham Radio Magazine, Greenville, N. H. 03048.

#### DECADE-COUNTER ICs FOR THE WB2MEX FREQUENCY COUNTER

Technical Editor, QST:

WB2MEX did a good job on his frequencycounter article in the August issue of QST.8 However, I would like to make a few technical comments and suggestions. Mr. Grillo probably used the SN7493N, a straight divide-by-16 binary counter, because they were readily available to him. However, anyone building this counter from scratch can save himself a batch of money and a lot of wiring if he will use the SN7490N instead. The SN7490N is designed specifically for BCD counting and, unlike

<sup>6</sup>ARRL, The Radio Amateur's Handbook, p. 212 in 1968 edition, p. 214 in 1969 version. Also, Opal, "An Electronic Keyer using Integrated Circuits," QST, August, 1967. This same relay has been favored by other keyer builders, such as Van Cleef, "ICKEY — An Integrated-Circuit Electronic Keyer with Dot and Dash Memories," QST, November, 1968.— Editor,
7 Schiebold, "Fast 'n' Easy Printed Circuit Boards,"

QST, August, 1969.

8 Grillo, "A Frequency Counter with Binary-Coded Decimal Readout," QST, August, 1969.

the SN7493N, does not require the external diodes to reset to zero on the tenth count. Besides saving the cost of 42 diodes, the SN7490N is \$1.10 cheaper than the SN7493N. A constructor could save nearly \$20 by making this substitution.9 The SN7490N pin or base diagram is exactly the same as that for the SN7493N shown in Fig. 1 of Mr. Grillo's article, and will work just as well.10

I've been designing with the Texas Instruments SN7400 series ICs for over two years now, and I most emphatically cannot recommend operating these units at 7 volts as the author suggests. All the data sheets specify 7 volts as the absolute maximum supply voltage. The normal operating voltage is 5 volts. When you've got well over \$100 worth of ICs involved, as you do here, you're taking a big chance on losing some money by operating them at their limits. The 7-volt supply was specified, no doubt, to make the lamps operate brighter and present a more pleasing appearance. But I'd rather live with dimmer lamps than to have to make frequent replacements. I suggest a compromise to 6 volts. - Louis E. Frenzel, Jr., W5TOM/3, 11287 Columbia Pike, Silver Spring, Md. 20901.

#### "MEASURING" UNKNOWN INDUCTANCES

Technical Editor, QST:

Some time ago I had a couple of old filter chokes whose inductance I did not know. Although I searched through all of the books I had, I was unable to find any method to tell me how to find their inductance. Even the Handbook didn't help me!

By using Ohm's law, I was able to come up with the following method which I think may help others. By measuring the voltage drop across a known resistor in series with the unknown inductance (or capacitance), the reactance may be found. From then on, the inductance may be found by formula. The reactance is found from the formula:

$$X = R\sqrt{\frac{E^2}{E_1^2} - 1}$$

where E = supply voltage (60-Hz ac),

 $E_1 = \text{voltage drop across known resistor, and}$ R = value of known resistor in ohms.

I reasoned that, since the current through the reactance and the known resistor are the same, the following formulas would apply.

Total impedance,  $Z_1 = \sqrt{X^2 + R^2}$ . Therefore,

$$I = \frac{E}{\sqrt{R^2 + X^2}}$$
.  $E_1 = IR$ , and by substituting

for 
$$I$$
,  $E_1 = \frac{ER}{\sqrt{R^2 + X^2}}$ ;  $E_1^2 = \frac{E^2 R^2}{R^2 + X^2}$ .

 $E_1^2R^2 + E_1^2X^2 = E^2R^2$ , or  $E_1^2X^2 = E^2R^2 - E_1^2R^2$ .

By dividing both sides of this equation by  $E_{12}$  and extracting the square root, we come to the final formula for X, above. - Robert Palmer, W8PY, 6712 Cortland, Allen Park, Mich. 48101.

<sup>9</sup> This information is based on mid-1969 prices. We've recently received informal word from a representative of Newark Electronics Corp., Grand Rapids, Mich., that the price of either the SN7490N or the SN7493N is \$7.66 in single-lot quantities. - Editor.

10 When replacing the SN7493N with the SN7490N type of IC, the diodes to be omitted are those connected to pins 2 and 3 of each IC, Figs. 5 and 7 of the original article. Pins 2 and 3 are then left open for  $U_1$  through  $U_7$ , and merely connected directly to the "reset" line for U8 through U14. The BCD readout will remain exactly as described in the original article. - Editor.

### The Inoue FDFM-2

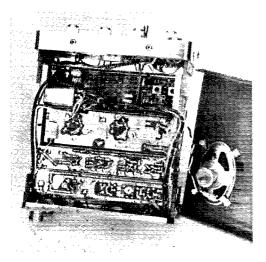
#### 2-Meter FM Transceiver



NTIL fairly recently, getting on fm was a relatively inexpensive business, thanks to the availability of thousands of former police, fire, and commercial-service fm rigs at near give-away prices. Supply and demand have hit this happy picture now, and the price of good used gear is rising accordingly. As a result, the design and manufacture of fm equipment especially for the amateur trade is becoming more attractive all the time.

One way to shade costs to a degree is to import from other countries, notably from Japan, in the case of electronic equipment. The FDFM-2 and allied Inoue Communications Equipment for vhf fm service show the skill of the Japanese in catering to the U.S. amateur market. The transceiver shown here is little more than pocket size, yet it delivers 2 watts of quality fm, and has a receiver that will give the best modern American fm gear a good run.

The FDFM-2 can be operated from its detachable battery pack holding 8 D cells, or from the car battery with the fused cable supplied for this purpose. Use is mainly a matter of pressing the microphone push-to-talk switch. If the antenna looks like a 50-ohm load at the operating frequency, no tuning or loading adjustments are



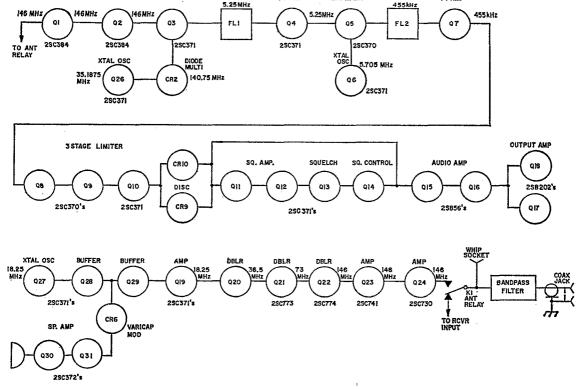
The FDFM-2 transceiver, less battery pack, is only 3 by  $6\frac{1}{2}$  by  $7\frac{1}{2}$  in size, yet it contains a high-performance superhet with 19 transistors, and a 2-watt transmitter with 13 transistors. Crystal selector permits operation on three different repeater input and output frequencies

required. A 6-position channel-selector switch permits operation on three different repeater input-output frequency combinations. Position 1 normally is set up for transmitting on 146.34 MHz and listening on 146.94. Position 2 then permits direct operation on 146.94. You can set up the other two pairs of switch positions similarly for other repeater frequencies, though only the 34-94 crystals are normally supplied with the unit.

Other controls include a meter switch, for signal-strength or battery-voltage readings on the small panel meter; an audio gain control, a squelch level control, and a power on-off switch. A small screw-in whip fits into a panel socket, for hand-carried use. When you work mobile you attach a coax-fed car antenna to an SO-239 fitting on the back of the FDFM-2.

With dry batteries in fresh condition the transmitter output is in excess of one watt. On the car battery you get two watts easily. Maximum transmitter drain is about ½ ampere on the dry cells, with a receiver standby drain under 50 mA. With a signal coming in, and the audio gain turned up, receiver drain hits about 125 mA on peaks. Running in the car, transmitter drain is about 1 amp, and receiver drain is just slightly more than with the battery pack. You could leave the FDFM-2 on almost indefinitely and not have to worry about running down your battery—a far cry from the dynamotor-operated battery killers many fellows are using for fm mobile work these days!

An interior view of the FDFM-2, like that of any other compact solid-state equipment, is not very revealing. The transmitter and receiver crystal sockets are visible near the top. The bandpass filter connected in the antenna line may be seen mounted on the rear wall.



I-F AME

2nd MIXER

I-FAMP

Fig. 1—Block diagram of the FDFM-2 transceiver, showing signal paths and stage functions. The power system, not shown, may be the detachable battery pack, the car battery, or an accessory a.c. supply. The battery cable has built-in fuse protection against wrong-polarity connection of the car battery.

#### The Line in

1st MIXER

REAMP

RF AMP

The FDFM-2 is all solid-state, and the transistors and other components are all-Japanese. They are mostly common types, however, for which American replacements are available. The receiver is of advanced design, with many interesting features. Two r.f. stages,  $Q_1$  and  $Q_2$  in Fig. 1, feed the first mixer,  $Q_3$ . Injection to this stage is from a 38-MHz crystal oscillator,  $Q_{26}$ , and a diode multiplier,  $CR_2$ . Frequencies in the first five stages depend on the signal frequency, of course, and those indicated in the block diagram are for receiving a 146-MHz signal.

Output of the first mixer, on 5.25 MHz, is link-coupled to a bandpass filter,  $FL_1$ , and thence to an i.f. amplifier,  $Q_4$ , and the second mixer,  $Q_5$ . Here a 5.705-MHz crystal oscillator,  $Q_6$ , provides the necessary beat frequency to give 455-kHz output. This is low-impedance coupled to a 4-circuit filter,  $FL_2$ , and out to a 455-kHz i.f. amplifier,  $Q_7$ . The three limiter stages,  $Q_8$ ,  $Q_9$  and  $Q_{10}$ , are untuned RC-coupled, the necessary selectivity having been determined by  $FL_2$ . The discriminator, with diodes  $CR_9$  and  $CR_{10}$ , salvages the audio on the signal, and passes it along to the squelch stages,  $Q_{11}$  through  $Q_{14}$ , and to the audio amplifiers,  $Q_{15}$  through  $Q_{18}$ .

Receiver performance leaves little to be desired. In this writer's experience the FDFM-2 does considerably better than some of the fm gear presently in use, especially in mobile service on 146.94. We have found it possible to hear many more stations than can be worked, due partly to the lower-than-average power of the transmitter, but more, we suspect, to inattention to receiver performance on the part of many fm users. Too often, it appears that being able to receive the local repeater satisfactorily has been all that is asked of the mobile fm receiver, and coverage, other than through repeaters, is often less than it could be. You can be sure of one thing: with the FDFM-2, you're going to hear anyone who can hear you.

A 0.1- $\mu$ V signal gives a plainly-audible response, and  $0.3~\mu$ V gives almost complete quieting. The squelch threshold can be set so that any readable signal will break it. We still recommend listening with the squelch off, however, as this may help you to spot distant activity that might otherwise escape notice.

Crystals for the receiver are third-overtone types between 34.6875 and 35.6875 MHz. Those for the transmitter are between 18.0 and 18.5 MHz, presumably fundamental cuts. Several large crystal suppliers in this country have the

#### Inoue FDFM-2 2-Meter F-M Transceiver

Height: 3 inches. Width:  $6\frac{1}{2}$  inches. Depth:  $7\frac{1}{2}$  inches.

Weight: 41/4 pounds. Battery pack adds 0 inches to depth and 0 pounds to weight.

Power requirement: 13 volts dc, 1 A (700 mA on battery pack). Receiving drain 50 mA.

Price Class: \$250.

Manufacturer: Inoue Communications Equipment Co., Japan. Importer: Varitronics, Inc., 3835 North 32nd Street, Phoenix, Arizona 85018. Distributor: Stellar Industries, 10 Graham Road West, Ithaca, N.Y. 14850.

necessary information to supply crystals within the desired tolerance, or they can be ordered from Varitronics.

Transistors in the FDFM-2 are all bipolar types, but no overloading problems have been encountered by the writer. Rejection of out-of-band signals is undoubtedly aided by the bandpass filter circuit in the antenna line.

The transmitter has four stages operating at the crystal frequency: an untuned crystal oscillator,  $Q_{27}$ ; two buffer stages,  $Q_{28}$  and  $Q_{29}$ , with phase modulation applied to the output of  $Q_{28}$ ; and an amplifier,  $Q_{19}$ . Three doubler stages,  $Q_{20}$ ,  $Q_{21}$  and  $Q_{22}$ , all with double-tuned output circuits, multiply up to the operating frequency, and feed two amplifier stages,  $Q_{23}$  and  $Q_{24}$ . Transmitter output is fed to one terminal of the antenna relay,  $K_1$ . A bandpass filter is connected in the line to the 50-ohm coaxial output.

#### Accessories and Allied Items

The writer's reaction, at first sight of the FDFM-2, was that it would be nice to have a 12-volt amplifier unit permanently mounted in the car, with provision for plugging in the output of the FDFM-2 when it was not being used with its battery pack. This turned out to be something less than an original idea; you can get one, for mobile service, or another with 115-volt a.c. supply, for home use. They're the FM-20M and FM-20BM, respectively. It is also pretty wellknown, by now, that the FDFM-2 has a bigger brother, the 2S. It looks like the FDFM-2, but delivers 5 watts output. There is a regulated power supply, for ac use of either transceiver, called the PS-1500. The battery pack, not shown in our photograph, is the BP-1. Extra crystals and a mobile mounting bracket round out the line of accessories.

Also now being imported is the Inoue FDAM-3, an a-m/fm transceiver for the 50-MHz band, having tunable transmitter and receiver, with separate oscillators and tuning dials. A 50-MHz version of the FDFM-2 is also available.

--- W1HDQ

#### A.R.R.L. QSL Bureau

The function of the ARRL QSL Bureau System is to facilitate delivery to amateurs in the United States, its possessions and Canada of those QSL cards which arrive from amateur stations in other parts of the world. All you have to do is send your QSL manager (see list below) a stamped self-addressed envelope, about 4½ by 9½ inches in size, with your name and address in the usual place on the front of the envelope and your call printed in capital letters in the upper left-hand corner.

Cards for stations in the United States and Canada should be sent to the proper call area bureau listed below.

Recent changes are in bold face.

W1, K1, WA1, WN1<sup>1</sup>— Hampden County Radio Association, Box 216 Forest Park Station, Springfield, Massachusetts 01108.

W2, K2, WA2, WB2, WN2 — North Jersey DX Assn., P.O. Box 505 Ridgewood, New Jersey 07451.

W3, K3, WA3, WN3 — Jesse Bieberman, W3KT, RD 1, Balley Hill Rd., Malvern, Pennsylvania 19355.

W4, K4 — H. L. Parrish, K4HXF, RFD 5, Box 804, Hickory, North Carolina 28601.

WA4, WB4, WN4<sup>1</sup> — J. R. Baker, W4LR, 1402 Orange St., Melbourne Beach, Florida 32951.

W5, K5, WA5, WN5 — Hurley O. Saxon, K5QVH, P.O. Box 31367, El Paso, Texas 79931.
W6, K6, WA6, WB6, WN6 — No. California DX Club,

WO, NO, WAO, WBO, WNO—NO. California DX Club, Box 11, Los Altos, California 94022.

W7, K7, WA7, WN7—Willamette Valley DX Club, Inc.,

W7, K7, WA7, WN7 — Willamette Valley DX Club, Inc. P.O. Box 555, Portland, Oregon 97207.

W8, K8, WA8, WN8 — Paul R. Hubbard, WASCXY, 921 Market St., Zanesville, Ohio 43701.

W9, K9, WA9, WN9 — Ray P. Birren, W9MSG, Box 519, Elmburst, Illinois 60126.

WØ, KØ, WAØ, WNØ — Des Moines Radio Amateur Association, P.O. Box 88, Des Moines, Iowa 50301.

KP4 — Alicia Rodriguez, KP4CL, P.O. Box 1061, San Juan, P.R. 00902.

KZ5 — Gloria M. Spears, KZ5GS, Box 407, Balboa, Canal Zone.

KH6, WH6 — John H. Oka, KH6DQ, P.O. Box 101, Alea, Oahu, Hawaii 96701.

KL7, WL7 -- Alaska QSL Bureau, Star Route C, Wasilla, Alaska 99687.

VE1 – L. J. Fader, VE1FQ, P.O. Box 663, Halifax, N.S. VE2 — John Ravenscroft, VE2NV, 353 Thorncrest Ave., Montreal 780, Quebec.

VE3 — R. H. Buckley, VE3UW, 20 Almont Road, Down-view, Ontario.

VE4 — D. E. McVittie, VE4OX, 647 Academy Road, Winnipeg 9, Manitoba.

VE51 — A. Lloyd Jones, VE5JI, 2328 Grant Rd., Regina, Saskatchewan.

VE6 — Karel Tettelaar, VE6AAV, Sub. P.O. 55, N. Edmonton, Alberta.

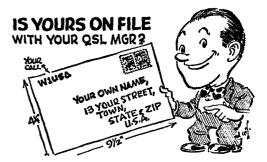
VE7 — II. R. Hough, VE7HR, 1291 Simon Road, Victoria, British Columbia.

 VE8 — George T. Kondo, VE8 ARRL QSL Bureau of Department of Transport, Norman Wells, N.W.T.
 VO1 — Ernest Ash, VO1AA, P.O. Box 6, St. John's Newf.

VO1 — Ernest Ash, VO1AA, P.O. Box 6, St. John's Newt. VO2 — Goose Bay Amateur Radio Club, P.O. Box 232, Goose Bay, Labrador.

SWL — Leroy Waite, 39 Hannum St., Ballston Spa, New York 12020.

1 These bureaus prefer 5 × 8 inch or #50 manila envelopes.



# Transmission Line Sections for R,F. Chokes and Bypassing

BY GEORGE F. MOYNAHAN,\* JR., W6AXT

RECENTLY, during construction of a 144-MHz. transmitter, I was faced with a requirement for a highly effective r.f. choke, and later, for an equally effective r.f. bypass capacitor. Conventional lumped components were simply not good enough, and I'had thought initially of using tuned circuits. Then the thought came that a simple solution to both problems was to use quarter-wave line sections; a shorted section for a choke and an open one for a bypass capacitor.

Though both quarter- and half-wave sections of transmission lines have been used extensively for tank circuits in v.h.f. and u.h.f. gear, other applications of such line sections seem to have been neglected. It is well-known that the impedance looking into the open end of a shorted lossless line section (Fig. 1-A) is infinite. With even small flexible coax, such as RG-58 or 59, the impedance of a shorted electrical quarter

wavelength is extremely high.

At the same time, such a short length of line provides a very low-resistance path for d.c. or low-frequency a.c. A great advantage of a choke section, Fig. 1-C, is that it is predictable, and not subject to unexpected series-resonance modes which result from distributed capacitance in conventional r.f. chokes. Another advantage is that the choke is inherently shielded, so it can be placed in regions of high field intensity, with little or no adverse effect. In contrast, when the usual lumped-inductance choke is located in a strong r.f. field, the mutual inductance resulting may make the choke virtually useless

Just as shorted quarter-wave sections can be used as chokes, open-circuited sections (Fig. 1-B and D) are highly effective as bypass elements, in place of conventional capacitors. In practical examples the actual value of impedance at the end of an open quarter-wave line is not zero, but even with ordinary coaxial cable, lower impedance and consequently more effective bypassing can be obtained than with even high-quality capacitors.

There is no need to keep either type of line section in straight form. The cable can be wound on a small support, or it can be arranged against the chassis in any convenient place. In the 144-MHz, band and higher frequencies, line sections assume quite convient proportions.

In determining the length of the line section, the reduced propagation velocity, and conse-

\* Professor of Electrical Engineering, San Jose State College, 125 South Seventh Street, San Jose, California 95114.

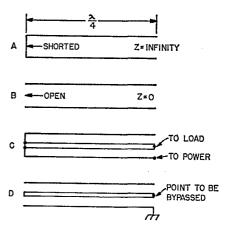


Fig. 1—Derivation of r.f. choke and bypass applications of resonant line sections. Actual length of lines used is subject to the velocity of propagation within the line.

quently the reduced wavelength in the dielectric media, must be taken into account. This velocity factor is given in cable manufacturer's specifications, and is found in many handbook tables, including that in the ARRL V.H.F. Manual.1 For solid polyethylene insulation, as used in RG-58, 59, 8 and 11 cables, the factor is 65.9. A quarter-wave section of such line is 65.9 percent of the length of a line having no insulation. For foamed polyethylene insulation the propagation factor is 75. When in doubt, the user can check the resonant frequency of a line section readily with a grid-dip meter.2 This step is advisable, in any case, as there may be some variation in propagation velocity from one piece of cable to another.

If it is convenient to do so, the line section can be installed where it is to be used, and the length trimmed for optimum performance. This is desirable, as it then compensates for lead lengths involved in the installation as it is actually used.

Line sections used as chokes and bypass elements in the 144-MHz. transmitter mentioned earlier turned out to be a great deal more satisfactory in the critical applications than the more familiar lumped elements.

<sup>1</sup> Radio Amateur's V.H.F. Manual — Table 8-III, Characteristics of Commonly-Used Transmission Lines. P. 180, Ed. 1; 173, Ed. 2.

<sup>2</sup> In Fig. 8-25 of the Radio Amateur's V.H.F. Manual a half-wave line section is shown being checked. A quarter wavelength, with one end open, may be dipped in the same way, coupling to a small loop at the end to be shorted.



W7PX/7

#### REPORTED BY AL NOONE.\* WAIKQM/WB6SAZ

B' now we hope everyone has had sufficient time to recover from what must be the most grueling of contest weekends, the June 1969 Field Day. VE2ARC/2 sums it up nicely with, "Never again . . . see you next year."

After plowing through 1255 logs in various condition; some letter-perfect, some unbelieveably confusing — we find 11,400 enthusiastic hams descending on various locations throughout the U.S. and Canada in an emergency preparedness test of incomparable magnitude.

Highlighting the results in the pages to follow are the three most popular entry classes for 1969, all record breakers. They are as follows:

Some 242 logs were received for Class 2A. Of these, W1TX/1—the Conn. Wireless Association—comes out on top with a record 18,479 points. Second most popular was Class 3A with W5WMU/5, the Lafayette ARC of Louisiana submitting an outstanding score of 25,498. The third highest number of logs received was in Class 1B with K6YNB/6 (K6YNB, WB6CWD) breaking a long-standing record in the two-operator portable class.

\* Communications Assistant, ARRL.

In addition to the above it appears the Pacifico Radio Club, K6BAG/6 has set a new high in the number of QSOs made during a Field Day with 5,298 contacts.

If your score appears to be 200 points or so lower than expected, this is undoubtedly due to the fact that credit was not allowed for Message Origination or Handling. This came about largely as a result of errors in word counting, leaving out checks, not indicating a precedence or failing to give the required information in the text. Better luck next year! My personal thanks for the hundreds of pictures submitted with your logs. I'm only sorry we couldn't use all of them.

The November Sweepstakes is approaching rapidly — see you then.

#### Soapbox

"Ran up the highest score on High Street, guess that's cause I'm the only op on High Street!"—WA3EWV.
"Out of all the contacts we made on 20-meter phone, the most unusual was the one who came back to my long CQ FD saying, "WA1JQC, Avon calling. . . . !"—WA1JQC. "We feel FD sharpened us up for emergency situations and we plan on another worthwhile outing next Field Day."—WA7JWC/7. "My only complaint is that most stations

OST for

didn't indicate whether they were portable. To remedy this completely, I recommend instead of giving signal reports that aren't required, to give your station classification (Class A, B, C, or D) and possibly the number of xmtrs followed by the section." — WA5QIQ/5. "Several of the area Hams held a successful 27-hour emergency field day session last weekend down at Ben's Run. Perhaps their great success was due to the fact that seven days prior to the actual event the eager amateurs swooped down on the site, erected antennas, set up all their gear, and after a short period of frustration trying to find someone to talk to on the air, discovered they were a week early." —??? "This year's FD the "wildest' 'yet. Were QRT almost 13 hours during and after the worst thunder and wind storm in area in years. The only road accessible to FD site was 2 feet under water." - WA9QFT/9. "We had the hardest time convincing anyone that we were in North Dakota." -WA7GVT/6. "Suggest additional multiplier or bonus points for Novice QSOs to entice greater participation in this segment of our amateur bands." W9CSF/9. "Someone assembled our 20 meter beam backwards and the rotor broke down. Never again, see you next year."— VE2ARC/2. "The only thing that didn't break down was the generator." — WB2ZIW/2. "Why not make it twice a year." - WA6QKL/6. "Had mixed assortment of Yagi's and quads on all bands except 80. Lower frequency score somewhat poor as the portable 100 foot tower would not crank higher than 20 feet." - W5WMU/5. "Had an intense electrical disturbance during FD and understand from a news article that we were being heard on gates and electric stoves! Is this possible???" — KØFSK/6. "The only trouble we really had was pursuading a 3 inch scorpion that he really didn't want to talk on the mike at 3AM. W7CFJ/7. "Despite all the rush, panic, confusion, hard rock pancakes, QRM, horses tangled in the extension cord and generator trouble; we managed to have the greatest time of our life." WA6TOW/6. "Great FD, had to operate with the mobile power supply packed in ice to keep it from burning up. Boy was it hot." — W5IUP/5. "Score does not reflect the amount of fun I had here in Vermont, will give it another try next year." — WA1KBZ. "Wool socks got wet putting up antennae so they were neatly stuffed inside the Maruder-dried out in no time! (Quite true!)." -- VE7BAV/7. "Murphy's Law once again had the victory, but never giving up, next year we will sneak out again under cover of darkness to an undisclosed location to once again let the world know that W9PCS is still in there pitching." - W9PCS/9. "We still can't get away from signal reports on FD, some fellows demand one.' K5LIB. "No wonder I didn't get very good signal reports, I was asleep!" - WA5VQK/5. "I like the optional set-up rules this year." - WA3BGE/3. "We claim the FD Persistence Award for our Novice contingent for their valiant efforts to raise someone on 15 CW at 3AM local time."— WA6GFY/6. "With our LUC, Murphy couldn't possibly strike, and didn't!" — K8LUC/8. Murphy struck again when one of the members parked his new car near the tree to be used for the 80 meter antenna. You guessed it, on the first throw the lead weight, missing the tree completely, landed dead center of the roof. Second try hit a bee's nest, victims-three antenna committee members!" -- W8RTR/8. "First couldn't start the generator starter; then couldn't start the generator. Home cooking by WNILNG kept morale up!" — K1RQE/1. "A compass would have helped when raising the dipole. Next year we won't play maypole at midnight."— K7ICY/7. Took 3 hours off for a party when some friends dropped in."—VE4EI/4. "We had trouble getting people to believe we were camped in the snow, and freezing!" — W7OBE/7. "Perhaps a true test might be to call a Field Day without advance notice." WA2WVL/2. "Strongly recommend that provisions in the rules be made to eliminate the use of any time-sharing devices." - W1TX/1. "This location proved to be ideal. - KZ5AT/KZ5. "We doubled the effort and doubled last year's score. Now if we can do it again next year." -W9YH/9.

> 1970 FIELD DAY JUNE 27-28

Class A stations are clubs and groups in the field with more than 2 operators. Scores are tabulated according to the number of transmitters operated simultaneously at each station. The figures and letters following each call indicate the number of valid contacts, the d.c. power inputs used, the number of participants at each station and the final score. The "power classification" used in computing the score is indicated by the letters A, B, C or D after the number of QSOs shown. A indicates power up to and including 10 watts (multiplier of 4); B indicates power over 10, up to and including 50 watts (multiplier of 3); C indicates over 50 watts, up to and including 200 watts (multiplier of 2); D indicates over 200 watts (multiplier of 1).

#### CLASS 1A

One	Transmitter	

	One Transmitter			
WA3EPT/3	Hopkins ARC	840-4	ABC- 9-1	2 970
W8NP/8	Massillon ARC	908-	A-15-1	
W7HS/7	Utah DX Association	1621-	BC- 9-1	1,200
W2W8/2	Radio Amateurs of	1021-	DC- 9-1	0,803
11 2 11 15/2		1067-	DO M	0000
K4ID/4	Greater Syracuse		BC- 7-	9600
KISMT/9	Capitol Hill DX Club	1292-	BC- 8-	9465
	Great Lakes ARC	932-	B- 4-	8788
W7EU/7	Utah ARC	1357-	C-20-	8342
W4JJ/4	Panama City ARC	865-	B-22-	8185
VE2ND/2	Montreal Field Day			
	Assn		ABC- 4-	8014
WIQI/1	Candlewood AR Assoc	804-	AB-16-	8012
KIKDP/1	Mariboro AR Assoc	1194-	AC- 8-	7984
W3NNL/3	Schuylkill River Rats	430-	AB- 7-	7112
K5LIB/5	Caprock ARS	1054-	C-25-	6724
W5Y L/5	Thibodaux ARC	1053-	Č-11-	6718
W6VZT/6	Santa Clara Co. Races	696-	AB- 4-	6501
K5YAA/5	(nonclub group)	1027-	~~ 6-	6362
W8RTR/8	Canton ARC	571-	AB-15-	5940
WIOP/I	Providence Radio	011-	2117-10-	0040
11 101 / 1	Association, Inc	793	ABC- 7-	5917
KH6RS/KH6	Maui ARC	866-	C- 8-	5796
K2BM1/2	Old Fat Albert and the	000 <del>-</del>	O- 8-	2/90
K2DW1/2	Old Fat Aibert and the	711	BC- 4-	2001
WØDEP/Ø	Gang	744-		5681
	(nonclub group)	556-	B- 4-	5604
WAGPFP/Ø	(nonclub group)	603-	BC- 9-	5570
K3QBD/3	First State ARC	550-	B-13-	5550
WAØAGM/Ø	(nonclub group)	882-	O- 3-	5492
W4MVB/4	Beaches AR Society	861-	C-11-	5376
K9LIO/9	(nonclub group)	803-	BC- 4-	5338
W4ZA/4	Richmond ARC	531-	B-19-	5179
K7EFA/7	Yellowstone Radio Club.	783-	C-25-	5098
VE4AA/4	Winnipeg DX Club	728-	C-13-	4968
W8TFZ/8	Aviation RC of North			
	American Rockwell	594-	AC-11-	4968
W7OTV/7	Tualatin Valley Emer-			
	gency Radio Club	429-4	BC-10-	4607
W6VLD/6	McDonnell Douglas	120		1001
	Astronautics RC	486-	BC- 8-	4576
K8HHF/8	Upper Arlington ARC	720-	C- 3-	4520
K4KE/4	(nonclub group)	634-	C- 7-	4404
KZ5PA/KZ5	Crossroads ARC	647-	B- 6-	4282
W4ORF/5	(nonclub group)	663-	O- 6-	4178
WOYLC/0	Niobrara Valley RC		C-14-	
11 0 1 110/9	moorara vancy no	596-	C-14-	4176

#### W5BGE/5



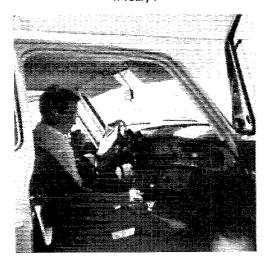
#### Class-A Call-Area Leaders

(Calls in bold-face type represent over-all class leaders)

				(Carre til artis	) man 12 kg . ot		,,			
	1A	2A	3A	4A	5A	6A	7A	8 <b>A</b>	10 A	12A
	W1QI/1	W1TX/I	WIARR/1	WITA/1	W1FW/1	W1KWX/1	W1EKT/1	WA6GFY/6	W1NY/1	VE3WE/3
	W2WS/2	W2HO/2	K2GQ/2	W2MU/2	W2AOH/2	K2AA/2	W2LT/2	K7AUO/7	W5ANR/5	-
	WA3EPT/3	W3ABT/3	K3MTK/3		K3HKK/3	W3SK/3	K3BKG/3	W9SW/9	W6RO/6	15A
	K4ID/4	W4UC/4	W4IZ/4	W48KH/4	K4IUV/4	W4CUE/4	W4BFT/4		WA9WSL/9	
1	K5LIB/5	KZ5AT/5	W5WMU/5	K5JYP/5	W5SW8/5	K5PXP/5	W5SC/5	9 A		W2RJ/2
	W6VZT/6	K6VKY/6	W6IOS/6	WA6LXN/6	W6NT/6	W6VB/6	W6ULI/6		11A	
i	W7HS/7	K7MNZ/7	W7GV/7	W7IO/7	W7PX/7	W7NDC/7	W7NCW/7	W3RCN/3		
	W8NP/8	W8EV/8	W4FU/8	W8FY/8	W8ICS/8	W8FO/8	W8ACW/8	W6CX/6	K6BAG/6	
	K1SMT/9	WA9LOT/9		K9HZS/9	W9LM/9	WA9JYL/9	W9PCS/9	W7DK/7	W9YH/9	
	WØDEP/Ø	WAØCJU/Ø		WØEQU/Ø	WAØNPZ/Ø	WØOUI/Ø	200200	K8BYI/8		
	VE2ND/2	VE3RAM/3	VE7EZ/7	VE3MRC/3	VE3JJ/3		VE3NAR/3	VE3VM/3		

WA0SKH/0	H.P. Loveland ARC	621-	A.C- 8-	4132
K6BEP/6	(nonclub group)	528-	AC- 3-	4088
WA6AXA/6	Murphy's Lawyers	605-	C- 5-	4030
		414-	B- 3-	3926
WAØIVU/Ø	(nonclub group)			
W4LX/4	Ft. Meyers ARC	55 l-	C- 6-	3906
W8BVU/8	Cooley Electronics Club			
	& Redford HS RC	215-	AB- 4-	3874
W8BE/8	K-W Society	586-	C-11-	3716
WA5RFV/5	Favetteville High ARC.	378-	BČ- 5-	3708
		532-	C-17-	3592
KØKYK/Ø	Tristate ARC, Inc.	032-	O-11-	009%
WB6TWJ/6	Greater Tijuana AR and			
	Philosophical Society.	517-	C3-	3502
W9EJ/9	Society of Radio Ops	546-	C-33-	3476
W5HTK/5	Enid Amateur Radio			
***************************************	Club Daytona Beach AR	505-	C-15-	3430
K4BV/4	Daytone Beach AR	000		0.00
D4DV/4	Agence Death Air	465-	AC-28-	3402
CANTON ON CATTAC	AssocTiki Mobile Club	492-	C- 5-	3352
			C- 0-	
W2PGS/2	Oswego AR Association.	486-	C-18-	3316
WA3ERJ/3	(nonclub group)		ABC- 3-	3314
WØDX/Ø	Newton AR Association.		AB- 3-	3309
WA2EIN/2	Suburban ARC	342-	B- 5-	3278
VE3TM/3	(nonclub group)	544-	B- 5-	3264
WAØPOC/Ø	The IDGS Group	469-		3254
WA7CZQ/7	(nonclub group)	506-		3236
K7CCH77	Coos Co. Radio Club	000-	C- U-	0200
K/CCH//	Coos Co. Ladio Citio	451-	C-10-	3106
7711 C 7070 10	Inc. Prairie ARC, Inc.			
W9GFD/9	Prairie ARC, Inc	446-	C-12-	3076
K5TLG/5	Miami ARC	439-	C- 9-	3034
WAØNLP/0	Honeywell ARC	461-	C- 9-	2966
K6LDA/6	Crescent Bay Emergency			
	Amateur Radio Net	407-	AC-10-	2962
WA7LNH/7	(nonclub group)	316-	BC- 4-	2947
K9TNA/9	Twin Co. Races Officers.	276-	AB-10-	2893
	will Co. Races Officers.	276-	B- 4-	2884
K2HYQ/2	(nonclub groEp)		BC-12-	
W6BLY/6	Whittier Radio 50 Club	430-		2879
KØFCR/Ø	Mars ARC	408-	C	2848
W6YRA/6	U.C.L.A. Radio Club	438-	C8-	2828
K7SIK	Anaconda Radio Club	396-	C-16-	2776
KØSOQ/Ø	Hastings ARC	362-	C-10-	2772
WASTAP/S	(nonclub group)	414-	C- 3-	2684
K6QHQ/6	South Bay AR Society	411-	Č- š-	2666
W7FO/7	Butto A DC	365-	C-15-	2590
WØWYV/Ø	Butte ARCBellevue ARC, Inc	363-	Ö-10-	2578
	Dellevue A.R.C. Ille		CD-10-	2541
WØAA/Ø	Minnesota Wireless Assn.	439-	OD-10-	
W9OWT/9	La Salle Peru RC	390-	~~~-	2540
WASOCG/8	Rabbit Hash FD			
	Operators	349-	BC3-	2530
W7ED/7	Gallatin ARC	351-	C-12-	2506

W4OZF/4



VE3GOG/3 K7YMF/7 W7OBE/7	Dryden ARC	349- 344-	C- 3- C- 3-	2494 2464
	(nonclub group)	310- 331-	BC- 4-	2425 2386
WA9LWJ/9		361-		
WAØRBW/Ø W7JHR/7 WAØQFS/Ø	Ltd	349- 310-	C- 6- C- 3- C- 7-	2366 2294 2280
WØUPB	Thomas Brass Pounders.	313- 334-	C-13- C- 4-	2278 2204
K9MDO/9	Inc. Weyauwega Field Day	367-	C	2203
KØKBX/Ø WB4HPC/4	Benton Co. ARC International Harvester	296- 291-	C- 3- C- 5-	2176 2146
WASRAA/8 W7IDA/7 WAØAWA/Ø	Little Eleo Troubles, Inc. Weyauwega Field Day Conglomeration. Benton Co. ARC. International Harvester Amateur Radio Club. Hlawatha ARC. Bonner Co. ARC. Ornate Order of Blood- shot Eyeballs. (nonclub group). Elliot Lake ARC. Mason Co. ARC. Mason Co. ARC. Held Day Lids. Hiltoppers.	323- 321- 285-	C- 4- C- 8-	$2138 \\ 2126 \\ 2110$
WA9RPQ/9	shot Eyeballs	316- 279- 245- 271-	C- 6- C- 3- C- 3- BC-12-	2098 2074 2070
WA9RPQ/9 VE3HK/3 K8DXF/8 WB2DRG/2	Mason Co. ARC	271-	BC-12-	2032
WAGQIT/Ø	Field Day Lids. Hilltoppers. Chilliwack ARC. Sioux Falls ARC.	304- 266- 232- 292-	C- 5- C-10-	2024 2006
WAØQIT/Ø VE7ASC/7 WØZWY/Ø WB2ULS/2 WB6YNU/6	Sioux Falls ARC	292- 291-	Ö-21- C- 7-	1992 1952 1946
	(nonclub group)	252-	C-12-	1912
W8DYY/8 W3SL/3	Association	252- 284- 208-	C-26-	1912 1904
VE4EI/4 KØOYM/Ø WØZWY/Ø	Association	208- 248-	C-26- C-10- BC- 2- C-10-	1890 1888
13/OFT /0	Sloux Falls ARC Phone Group. (nonciub group) Babcock & Wilcox ARC. Truro ARC. So. Co. AR Society. M.J. ARC. No. Dorchester ARC. Kern River Valley ARC. Cosl-Cara Novices. Baltimore Polytechnic	280- 279- 232- 217-	C- 8- C- 6- C- 9-	1880 1874
WSRCC/8 VEIAO/1 W6CTH/6	Babcock & Wilcox ARC. Truro ARC.	232- 217-	Č- 6-	1874 1792 1722 1718 1702
W6CTH/6 VE5MA/5	So. Co. AR Society M.J. ARC	253- 217-	C- 2-	1718 1702
WOOTH/5 VESMA/5 VESNDR/3 WA6OUX/6 WN8DCX/8 W3CDI/3	No. Dorchester ARC Kern River Valley ARC.	253- 217- 207- 134- 127-	C-12- AB- 2- B- 7-	1642 1609 1553
WN8DCX/8	Institute Radio Club	193-	C-10-	1552
W6CE/6			C 10	
WAØOZP/Ø W9OG/9 W1AEC/1	Tristate AR Society	185- 179- 210-	BC- 5- C-15- C-10-	1510 1477 1460 1412
W1AEC/1 W2ZJ/2 W9YW/9 W9JCL/9	Elmira AR Association	202- 134- 201-	BC- 4- C- 2- AC- 5- D- 4-	1410
W9JCL/9	Neenah-Menasha ARC.	160	AC- 5- D- 4-	1406 1402 1396
W6KII/6 K3UIB/3	Navai Supply Depot and	332- 396-	D- 4-	1388
W7YB/7	Mission San Jose HS ARC Tristate AR Society Southeastern Mass ARA Rho Tspillon AR Assoc. Neenah-Menasha ARO Dunsmuir ARC, Inc. Naval Supply Depot and Explorer Post 681. Montana State Univ. ARC	198-	C- 4-	
KL7EKZ/KL7 WAØTAV/Ø WB2VGL/2 KØFBF/Ø	Muskeg Radiops	151- 327-1	3CD~ 4~	1388 1306 1304 1298
WB2VGL/2 KØFBF/Ø	(nonciub group) Cedar Rapids Amateurs	142-		
WØYHE/Ø WA1JWG/1 WB2ZIW/2	Elephant Club	121- 172- 81-	B- 6- C- 4- B- 4-	1289 1238 1149
WB2ZIW/2	Outside Agitators Club	154- 127- 105-	6 % A-	1124 1073 1030
WØAJA/Ø KØEXN/Ø WA7FKT/7	Fearsome Fern Creek 4. Inonclub group) Cedar Rapids Amateurs for Progress Elephant Club. Inonclub group) Outside Agitators Club. Coon Valley ARC. Click & Chatter Club. ETB-JJI-LKY-FKT Renegades.		BČ-10- C- 8-	1030
W4DOC/4 WB2VPY/2	Atlanta Radio Club Cheming Co. AREC	104- 131-	C- 4- C- 6-	986
W7YN/7	Assn	64- 193- 115- 81-	C-12- D- 4- BC- 5-	984 979
W7YN/7 WAØAAV/Ø W4ABK/4 W1VSR/1			RD- 5-	914 873 868 823 797
W4QM/5	(nonclub group)	62-	BC- 5-	823
WAUQOZ/Ø	Pan-Banders Radio Club	95-	C- 3-	770
WNOWXL/0 W9AML/9	Central Illinois RC	153-	D- 8- C- 6-	659 620
W1V8R/1 W4QM/5 KØEPY/Ø WA0QOZ/Ø WA0WXL/Ø W9AML/9 W5PYI/5 WB2NTE/8 WA7KWY/7	(nonclub group) Pan-Banders Radio Club Skyline Novices. Central Illinois RC. Mineral Wells ARC. (nonclub group) (nonclub group)	95- 55- 153- 70- 46- 140-	C- 4- D- 8- C- 6- 7- C- 4-	620 614 558
WAILWIII	frontian Rroad)	140-	O- 40	500
		C	QT	fo-

K5VVN/5	New Iberia Senior High Amateur Radio Club	25-	C- 3-	550
WNØUCZ/Ø WB8DRZ/8	Hiawatha AR Novices Gahanna Lincoln ARC	11-	C- 3- B -3- BC- 4-	499 497
WA9SLR/9	Waupaca ARC Post 339 ARC	77- 77- 1-	13- 4-	431 406
WA9YEM1/9 WAØUIR/Ø	(nonclub group)	28-	C- 4- C- 3-	368 253
K4JLA/4 WN7IWU/7 W1FWH/1	(nonclub group)	56-	D-13- C- 4- D- 1-	112
		26-		26
	Conn. Wireless Assoc	1981-	DC 91 1	8.479
W1TX/1 KZ5AT/KZ5	HSAESO MARS	1875- 1171- 1595-	BC-15-1 B- 5-1 BC-20-1 BC-6-	4,196
WA9LOT/9 WSEV/8 W3ABT/3	(nonclub group) Kanawha Radio Club Univ. of Pa. ARC Richardson ARC	1595-	BC-20-1	10,414
W3ABT/3 K5RWK/5	Univ. of Pa. ARC Richardson ARC	1355-	BC- 6- C-22-	
K5RWK/5 W8UDG/8 W8LT/8		1004- 991-	C-22- AC-12- BC-18-	9778 9776 9362
WSLT/8 KSHKB/8 K6VKY/6	Onio State Univ. ARC Northern Onio ARS So. California Amateur	1389-7	ABC-25-	9362
	Network Amateur	1431-	Ç-12-	8986
WAØCJU/Ø W8DQL/8 W5AC/5 WAØJXT/Ø W9HHX/9	Viking AR Society	464- 1386-	Ä- 8- C-21- C- 9-	8982 8916
W5AC/5 WAGIXT/0	MSC Radio Committee,	1411- 1092-	C- 9- BC-10-	8866 8814
W9HHX/9	Milwaukee School of			-
W3ISE/3	Engineering ARC TSFTPOKCSTATLC	1347- 1367-	BC- 9- C- 6- BC- 9-	8683 8602
W3ISE/3 K3NSS/3 W9YT/9	Badger AR Society	1259- 1189-	C- 8-	7934
WMERH/M	Johnson Co. ARC. (nonclub group) East Texas DX Society.	943-	BC- 9- C- 8- BC-18- BC- 4- BC- 9- C-20-	8191 7934 7877 7703 7677 7590 7529
W5GKF/5 W5ABD/5	East Texas DX Society	928-	BČ- 9-	7677
WULRN /	Arapahoe Radio Club	896- 1138-	BC-16-	7529
W2HO/2 W1HEB/1	Westside ARC. Arapahoe Radio Club. Boiled Owls of N.Y. Middlesex ARC. Ottawa Valley Mobile	1095-	BC-16- BC-20-	7428 7189
VE3RAM/3	Ottawa Valley Mobile	1059-		7154
K8LGS/8	Radio Club, Inc Northern WV FD Assoc, Jay Hawk ARS	869-4	ABČ-Įį̃-	$7154 \\ 7105 \\ 7082$
WØLB/Ø VE1FO/1	Halifax ARC	1069-	BC-16-	7074
W4UC/4 W9YB/9	Halifax ARC. Five Flags ARA, Inc Purdue ARC. Henderson (Ky) ARC	1057- 1061-	C-20- ABC-11- C-55- BC-16- AC-17- C-	7034 6966
W9YB/9 W4KVK/4 WA6BVL/6 WB2SMD/2	Henderson (Ky) ARC	1050- 719-	C=10-	6900
WB28MD/2	Moraga Hilitoppers. WNY Teen Contest Club	890-	AB- 6- BC- 5-	6880 6835
W6KA/6 W5HF/5	Pasadena Radio Club Combined NW Arkansas Amateur Radio Club	606-	AB-16-	6834
K9BGL/9 W5PDO/5	Amateur Radio Club., Belleville AR Foundation Los Alamos ARC	1029- 845-	C-20- BC- 5- C-13- C- 8-	6774 6754 6738 6632
	Los Alamos ARC	845- 1023- 972-	C-13-	6738
W8DSO/8 K7MNZ/7	(nonclub group)	971- 925- 921-	Ö-16- C- 8- C-12-	6226 6150 6126
	Tri State ARC. (nonclub group). Aberdeen ARC. Waiton Radio Assoc. West Park Radions	921-	Č-12-	6126
W8IPA/8 W0VZG/0	Pilot Knob ARC, Inc	949- 898-	C-15- C-16-	6094 5988
W8IPA/8 WØVZG/Ø K7SKW/7 K4AF/4	Waiton Radio Assoc West Park Radiops Pilot Knob ARC, Inc Mt. Baker ARC, inc Bolling AFR Support	861-	Č-18-	5966
	Mt. Baker ARC, inc Bolling AFB Support Group, MARS. Midwest ARC, inc Shy-Wy Radio Club. Feach State Contest Op- erators Society Welland Co. ARC. Northshores ARC. Northshores ARC. Nigolet HS ARC.	596- 676-	AC- 5- C- 7-	5964 5892
K9QPJ/9 K7AYF/7 K4TBN/4	Shy-Wy Radio Club	913-	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	5878
	erators Society	894	C- 7-	5764
VE3BSZ/3 K6HAI/6	Welland Co. ARC Northshores ARC	385 808	AB- C-12-	5662 5648
W8IMX/8	Weirton ARC	794- 842-	C- 6- BC-16-	5564 5461
WAGUYE/9 W9IU/9 WMXW/9 WAØVTU/9 VE3FOX/3	Kokomo Firebird RC	634-	AB- C-12- C- 6- BC-16- C-32- C-40-	5375 5358
WAØVTU/Ø	Pikes Peak RA Ass'n Inc.	793- 787-	C-40- C-25-	5322
VE3FOX/3		782- 748-	C- 6-	5292
WA9TXE/9 W81Z/8	erators. erators. erators. Sagnaw auley ARA Regina ARA (nonetub group) San Francisco RC. Inc. Saskatoon ARC GLERC Radio Club. Racine Megacycle Club. (nonetub group)	748- 639-	C- 6- C-17- BC-16- C-17-	5288 5257 5226
VE5NN/5	Regina ARA	771- 608-	C-17-	5226 5181
W6PW/6	San Francisco RC, Inc	747	BC- 6- C- 6- C-25-	5092
VE5AA/5 WA4QPL/4	GLERC Radio Club	776- 737- 730-	C-25- C-15-	5056 5022
W9UDU/9 W7CTX/7	Racine Megacycle Club.	730- 546-	C-15- C-15- BC5-	4980 4938
W4EXU/4	Hacine Megacyte Club. (nonclub group) Rowan AR Society Chattanooga ARC Hazleton H8 ARC Filnt Hills ARC (nonclub group)	722- 748-	C-15- C-26- C-8-	4932 4888
K3VE1/3	Hazleton HS ARC	700-	Ö- 8-	4800
WSEKT/S	(nonclub group)	698- 731-	C-12- C- 4- C- 7-	4788 4786 4764
WA9TXE/9 W81Z/8 VE5NN/5 W55NN/5 W6PW/6 VE5AA/5 WA4QPL/4 W9UDU/9 W7CTX/7 W4EXU/4 W4AM/4 K3VEL/3 W0HT/0 W3EKT/8 W8EVW/2 W4NLX/4 K9QFR/9	(nonclub group)	694- 680-	C- 7- C-12-	4764 4680
K9QFR/9	Sangamon Valley DX			
W6MSO/6	Assn. Ingiewood ARC Nellis AFB MARS Wichita ARC, Inc. North Augusta-Belve-	608-A	C- 6- BC-13- C- 7-	4678 4659 4650
W7HWL/7 WØSOE/Ø	Wichita ARC, Inc.	668-	Ö-20-	4608
W4VHH74	North Augusta-Belve- dere Amateur Radio			
WØJUI/Ø	clere Amateur Radio (Club North Iowa ARC Maplewood Radio Unit Southeastern Virginia Wireless Association	658- 622-	C- 8- C-15- BC-15-	4548 4532 4524
K2AQI/2	Maplewood Radio Unit	649-	BC-15-	4524
WB4MZT/4	Southeastern Virginia Wireless Association. Mountain State Trans- mitters, Inc. Middlesex AR Society. Delaware Valley RA. Point Comfort ARC.	681-	C- 4-	4486
K8VNQ/8	Mountain State Trans- mitters, Inc	647-	C	4482
W1EDH/1 W2ZQ/2	Middlesex AR Society	519-A	BC-10-	4468 4457
	Point Comfort ARC	641-	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	4446
W5LN/5 WA4ECY/4 WAØTYL/Ø	Cherry Wold ADC	670- 633-	BC-10- BC-13- C-10- C-7- C-13-	4420 4398
WAØTYL/Ø W8HRQ/8	(nonclub group)	530 <b>-</b> 628-	BC- 5- C- 3-	4395 4368
WA2AQH/2	Mapiecrest Mountain	635-		4329
K3RTE/3 WA3DFM/3	(nonclub group) Two Rivers ARC Portland Amateur Wire-	614- 888-	CD- 4- C- 4- AC-20-	4284 4263
KIRQE/I	Portland Amateur Wire-			
	less Association	576-	C-12-	4256

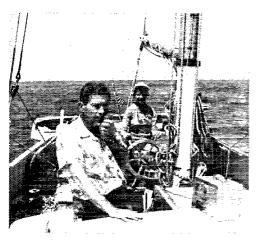


WN9ZJI

VE6NC/6	Northern Alberta RC	674-	C-22-	4244
VE4DF/4	Flin Flon ARC	601-	Č- 3-	4206
W5HYI/5	Carbide ARC	566-	Č- 6-	4196
KØCIA/Ø	North Omaha DX Soci-	000-	O- 0-	4100
Trocina, b	etv etv	684-	C- 5-	4104
VE4BB/4	Winnipeg ARC	756-	CD-20-	4093
WA5VAQ/5	Scout Explorer Post 72			2000
11 220 1 22 27 0	Last Frontier Council.	582-	C- 9-	4092
WAØRXQ/Ø	Goldfield Radio Club	515-	BC- 7-	4053
K8SJU/8	(nonclub group)	572-	Č- 6-	4032
W48GE/4	(nonclub group)	605-	Č- š-	4030
K58VD/5	Baton Rouge ARC	1338-	Ď-17-	4014
K9CJU/9	RA Megacycle Society	598-	BC-12-	4009
WAOKSS/0	Bell ARC	562-	BC- ~	3975
WA2PNU/2	Bell ARC Larkfield ARC	489-	AC-20-	3967
WØCIW/Ø	Fullerton RC, Inc	561-	C-10-	3966
VÉ7GG/7	Guy's Gamblers	550-	CD- 5-	3958
K9TSM/9	Goshen ARC	555-	C-11-	3930
WA0DGW/0	Steele Co. ARC	555-	Č- 7-	3930
W5ND/5	Orange ARC	521-	C-10-	3926
K2LSA/2	State Line Radio Club	505-	BC- 8-	3901
VEILC/I	Loyalist City ARC	411-	BC-10-	3896
WA4TFZ/4	Albemarie ARC	540-	C- "	3840
K9FEI/9	Allison ARC	523-	C-10-	3738
W2RVK/2	IBM Owego ARC	408-	BC- 4-	3723
W9UKY/9	Chicago Radio Traffic		-	
	Association	482-	AC- 9-	3714
W5GZG/5	Dallas Ten Meter Net	548-	C- 7-	3688
K8LIB/8	Ford Amateur Radio			
	League, Tin Lizzy Club	548-	C-20-	3688
WØBRI/Ø	Kimmswick St. Louis			
	Contest Club	509-	C- 7-	3654
W3FT/3	Baltimore ARC, Inc	542-	C-20-	3652
W5GAD/5	Jefferson AR Station	519-	BC-14-	3580
WITKZ/I	Wellesley AR Society	491-	C-10-	3546
VEIZH/I	Greenwood Ham Club	490-	C-12-	3540
W2JUG/2	West Jersey RA	428-	BC-10-	3520
K5SAM/5	Edmond AR Society	453-	C-12-	3518
WAØTGM/Ø	Project X Radio Club	448-	BC- 3-	3517
W8YPT/8	Chippewa ARC	438-	BC-35-	3480
W2JTZ/2	Chaminade HS RC	468-	C-10-	3418

#### VE3DOP/3

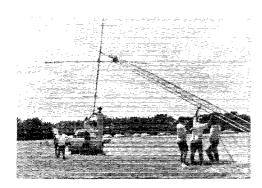




#### W6DO/2

WAØQYC/Ø	Bloomington AR Klub	425-	C- 7-	3416
WA9JNY/9	Electronic Explorer Fost	,		
	373,	450-	€5-10-	3300
K9HDH/9	Elkhart Red Cross ARC.	483-	Č~ 5-	3298
WB6YYM/6	(nonclub group)	481-	Č- ñ-	3286
W2BE/2	Trylon RC.	420-	AC-10-	3228
W4NN/4	Eglin AR Society	468-	C-10-	3208
VE2DID /2	(nonclub group)	460-	6-16-	3160
K4GG/4	Manatee ARC	421-	0-10-	3126
W4IGW/4		420-	C= 6=	3120
WAORAX/O	(nonclub group)		C-10-	3118
WØAP/Ø	Albert Lea ARC	453-		
	Grand Island AR Society	117-		3102
W9AB/8	Michiana ARC	361-	BC-12-	3066
W3AVK/3	West Branch AR Assoc.	443-	C= 6-	3058
WA4YRB/4	The Virginia Hams	364-	C- 6-	2984
W2RHM/2	Black River Valley ARC.	387-	6.'	2922
W4VMT/4	Biscayne ARC	433-	CD-13-	2922
WASSRA/8	St. Joseph HS ARC	384-	€-17-	2904
W3PSH/3	Keystone ARC	255-	H- 4-	2895
WA5PFH/5	North Arkansas ARS	413-	C-10-	2878
K7RJM/7	Folk Co. ARC	372-	BC- 4-	2838
W6UUS/6	Convair Radio Club	394-	AC- 8-	2776
W2QW/2	Raritan Valley RC	316-	BC- 7-	2757
W8VY/8	Kalamazoo ARC	275-	BC-10-	2749
K2CCP/2	WDBG RC	314-	BC-15-	2748
WA9MVP/9	Central Indiana VHF/	.,	200	~ 1 -1.1
**********	UHF Club, Inc	391-	CD- 8-	2707
K5SKF/5	Gaylark RC	380-	` Č- 6-	2680
K9VHB/9	Ottawa Radio Club	682-	Ù-2ù-	2646
WØRCH/Ø	Ploneer Radio Club	403-	C-12-	2618
WB2YTP/2	(nonclub group)		CD-	2614
KØFSK/Ø	(nonclub group)	330-	`Ğ- 3-	2580
VE7UI/7	North & West Vancouver	0.00*	C- 0-	£000
VETOI/T		977 D	CD-17-	2565
WASUPU/8	Amateur Radio Club			2185
	Hazel Park ARC	320-	BC-15-	
WA5KAS/5	The Three Hamskateers.	314-	_ G~ 3~	2484
WA9BRE/9	Argonne ARC	288-	BC- 4-	2469
W7IEU/7	Sno Co Key Klix	180-	AB- 3-	2453
W4BUW/4	Patrick Henry ARC		.CD-11-	2451
WB8EDZ/8	Explorer Post 285 RC	402-	C'	2412
K5FIQ/5	Kirtland AFB ARC	335-	€× 3-	2410
WØEBE/Ø	Southwest Missouri ARC	301-	C=30=	2406
WA9PBZ/9	Pike High School RC	294-	C-12-	2384
KØGFV/Ø	Iowa-Missouri ARC	288-	C'- 9-	2328
K4DXZ/4	Lee-Chambers CD	319-	('- 4-	2314
VE7ARM/7	Richmond ARC	177-	AB- 6-	2300
W9MEP/9	Sterling-Rock Falls ARS	263-	BC- 5-	2211
WØKQU/Ø	Central Kansas ARC	432-	ĈĎ- ~	2173
W9PJ/9	La Crosse ARC	262-	C-10-	2172
WA0OZB/0	Austin ARC	258-	C- 7-	2158
WZQYV/2	Niagara Radio Club, Inc.	255-	AG	2128
VE7AWJ/7	Powell River ARC	251-	BC- 9-	2115
	101101111111111011110	201-	₩. O-	W . I U

W2YPN/2 WB9ACU/9	Albany HS ARC Lincoln Amateur Wire-	280-	BC- 3-	2104
	less Society	283-	C- 5- C-10-	2098
VE7BAR/7	Burnaby ARC	282- 476-	C-10-	2092
VE7BAR/7 KØJOQ/Ø VE7BWI/7	(nonclub group)	476-	CD- 4- C- 6-	2065
WA3JBE/4	St. John's College H.S.	242-		2052
	ARC	275-E	3CD- 3-	2050
WAØJRE/Ø WA5UZB/5 WAØHOU/Ø WA3GMV/3 W9EJH/9 WB6ZSY/6 WB4KBC/4 KIJFI/I W3NB/3	inonciub group). Beaver Valley ARC. St. John's College H.S. ARC. Wichita Tec-ni-chat ARC	494-	C-10- BC-	2040 2029
WASUZB/5	Wichita Teo-ni-chat ARC (nonclub group) Blue Valley RC McDowell HS ARC. Madison Co, ARC SPUGLIGN. Jesuit ARC. Roger Williams VHF Soc. Chesapeake ARC. VHF For	246- 230-	BC-12-	2029 2010
WA3GMV/3	McDowell HS ARC	666-	P. 0.	1998
WaEJH/a	Madison Co. ARC	164-	Ö- å- O- å- OD- 7-	1984
WB6ZSY/6	SPUGLGN	221-	_C- 3-	1932
K11EI/1	Roger Williams VH & Soc	143-	GD- 7- B-19-	1905 1897
KIJFI/I W3NB/3 KSEWN/8 WAØNQA/Ø WAØDNZ/9 K2CT/2 W8SGT/8 WA3JDV/3	Chesapeake ARC	602-	B-12- BC-25- B-10-	1886
KSEWN/8	Chesapeake ARC. VHFers. Independence ARC	163-	B-10-	1886 1867
WAUNQA/U	Independence ARC	341-F	SCD	1867
WASDN2/9 W2CT/2	AIORAD Albany (NY) ARA Central Buckeye ARA Indiana Univ. of Pa.	199- 127-	BC-15- BC-15- AC- 6- BC-12-	1851 1830
W88G'178	Central Buckeye ARA	160-	BC-12-	1818
WA3JDV/3	Indiana Univ. of Pa.			
WBSAGA /S	ARC. Lawton Comm. Schools. Valley VHF Club. Emerald AR Society Meriden ARC. Inc.	230- 169-	C- 3- BC- 4-	1780 1707
K9UNI/9	Valley VHF Club	144-		1696
WA7FQD/7	Emerald AR Society	172-	( '× 6-	1696 1632 1623
WINRE/I	Meriden ARC, Inc	165-	BC-20- BC-4- BC-10-	1623
W3GOY/3	Brandywine HS ARC	145- 172-	BC-10-	1599 1591
WAIJVL/1	Sharon HS ARC	129-	BC- 3-	1990
KØGPV/Ø	Southwest Iowa ARA	160- 127-	C- 3-	$\frac{1560}{1530}$
W5RIN/5	Beaumont ARC,	127-	AC- 0-	1530 1504
WA9FIII/9	Elmwood Park CD	104-	BC- 7-	1467
W5AW75	Emerald AR Society, Meriden ARC, Inc. London Co, ARC, Brandy wine HS ARC Sharon HS ARC South west Iowa ARA Beaumont ARC Manzeno HS RC, Elmwood Park CD, Big Spring ARC, (nonetub group)	104- 176-	BC-10- BC-3- AC-6- BC-7-6- C-27- B-10-	1456 1438
WA3KOQ/3	(nonclub group)	519-	97- 2-	1438
WADPEK/5 WAGPEV/6	Watonga ARC	90- 261-	BD-10-	$\frac{1420}{1407}$
WB8AOA/8 K9UNI/9 WAFFQD/7 WINRE/1 W4WVJ/4 W3GQY/3 WAIJVL/1 K0GPV/0 W5RIN/5 WA5RAA/5 WA5PFK/5 WA5RFK/5 WA5FIFK/5 WA0FFK/5 WA0FK/7 WA0FIF/9 K7WYV/7 WA5IPE/5	(nonclub group) Watonga ARC Ruskin HS ARC, Big 25 Sportsman's Club	6×8-	BD-10-	1376
K7WYV/7	(nonclub group)	159- 114-	C- 4-	1354
WA5IPE/5	Wheat Straw ARC,	114-	BC- 6-	1326
	ices ARC NOV-	102-	B- 3-	1318
VE3BSQ/3 WA5VMC/5 KØVKN/Ø WA8VDE/8	Big 25 Sportsman's Club (nonclub group). Wheat Straw ARC. West Valley ARC Nov- less. Quinte ARC. Moore's Mob. Fort Hays QSOers. (nonclub group).	102- 102- 137-	B- 3- BC- 7- C- 3- C- 6-	1236
WA5VMC/5	Moore's Mob.,	137-	~ 3-	1236 1222 1208
MOVEN/O	(nonclub group)	68- 131-	C- 6- C- 5-	1186
WØFHO/0	Winowa ARC	93-	AG 7-	1170
WØFHO/Ø WA8ZVH/8 WA2HUB/2	Winowa ARC. (nonclub group)	86-	AÈ 7-	1170 1116
WA2HUB/2	Meadow Island DXpedi-	110-		1066
WN9YUD/9 WA9YCK/9 W9CZH/9 WA8ZNC/8 WN9YXX/9 W5KEG/5 WB4IDX/4 K7ICY/7 WB9ATI/9 WN0TWK/0 WB6KFW/6	tion	66-	BC- 3- C- 7- D- 5-	998
WA9YČK/9	Chi Bur Ban Mobileers	188-	D- 5-	964
W9CZH/9	Winslow ARS, Inc. Eastern Ohlo Contesters, Fremd HS ARC. Canden ARC. The 3 Goods	142-	('D- 6-	934
WASZNC/S	Eastern Onio Contesters,	366-	ČD- š-	854 822
W5KEG75	Camden ARC	37- 31-	( ?- S-	786
WB4IDX/4	The 3 Gooths	35-	Ö- 5- AB- 3- C- 4- BC- 8-	786 775
K7ICY/7	Beaverton HS RC	133-	C- 4-	698 650
W NOTWK /	Explorer Post 11 RC	322- 27-	B- 4-	636
WB6KFW/6	South High ARC	176-	BC- 7-	465
WAORXC/0	Cloquet HS ARC	42- 65-	€~ 4-	442
WN0TWK/0 WB6KFW/6 WA0RXC/0 K9ONA/9 W8GQ/8 WA8JXE/8	Camden ARC. The 3 Goochs. Beaverton HS RC. Cathedral HS ARC. Explorer Fost II RC. South High ARC. Cloquet HS ARC. Cloquet HS ARC. Murphy's Subterranean Circus and the Tenn Valley Indians. No. Hollywood Youth's Outhmist Radio Club.	44-	B- 5- B- 1-	390 332
WASJXE78	Murphy's Subterranean		17- 1-	(,(,)2
	Circus and the Tenn.			
W6JAP/6	Valley Indians	47-	BC- 3-	318
	Ontimist Radio Club	187-	CD	225
W2OYH/2 K8CQA/8	Morris Radio Club	25- 68-	B- 4- C- 3-	225 171
K8CQA/8	Optimist Radio Club., Morris Radio Club Tusco Radio Club	68-	C= 3=	136
Lhree	Pransmitters Operating Sim	ultane	ously	
W5WMU/5 W5KHB/5	Lafayette ARC27	776-AE	3CD-22-2	5,498
W5KHB/5	Old Natchez ARC	1898-	B-13-1	7.882
WA0SDC/0	Silly Darn Corntesters	1749-	BC-10-1	5,257
WARAB/A WAØSDC/Ø W4FU/8 K3MTK/3 W4IZ/4 W4VYS/4	Silly Darn Corntesters. Onio Valley AR Assoc. Suburban ARC, Inc. North Florida ARS Louisville's Active Radio	1650~	BCD-22-2 B-13-1 BC-10-1 CD-20-3 BC-23-1 BC-50-1	4.351
W41Z,4	North Florida ARS	1902-7	\BC-50-Î	3,790
W4VY8/4				
	Operators Irving Amateur RC	1428-	BC-11-1 BC-14-1 ABC-12-1	2.890
WA5CKF/5 W9AA/9 W6IOS/6	Hamfesters RC	1647-7	ABC-12-1	2,789
W6IOS/6				
VE7EZ.7	City. Victoria Short Wave	1417-	BC-30-1	1,994
	Club.,,,,	1751-	BC-30-1	1,471





W8TO/8
K6CLZ/6 W4TRC/4 W1ARR/1 K6YA/6 W7GV/7 K2GQ/2 W8DB/8 K4UWH/4 WAØIOT/Ø WA9ZMP/9
W9AXI)/9 W9CQO/9 W2CXM/2 W7KB/7 WA2LQO/2 K3HUO/3
W1DC/1 K5VOZ/5 K4BQP/4 KH6WO/KH6 W6H8/6 W8ZHO/8
W4RUL/4 W3VA/3 K4C8H/4 WB2RLO/2 W30K/3 V2DXL/2 VF2ARC/2 W4FDV/4 W2SE/2 W66NVY/6 W66NVY/6 W64TCO/9 W8HLD/8 W5HO/5 W9MJL/9 K4BAI/4 W9BFO/9 W86AUA/6 W3GV/3 W36AUA/6 W3GV/3 W3FE/3 W3FE/3 W3FE/9

War DZ/a
K7UGT/7
K3AER/3 WA9QJX/Ø

K2JD/2 W2HFP/2 WA3DJQ/3 WB2SEQ/2

VE3KCD/3 W8QK/8 WØBRN/Ø WA5RMC/5 WIAQ/1

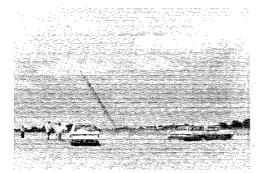
W3DUU/3 WA9HQB/9 WA4LXA/4 W5QCN/5

K9JSI/9 VE6NQ/6 WA3EWJ/3 W6NI/6 W8GFG/8

W9CSF/9 W7DP/7 K4JUA/4 W3PGA/3 W8BI/8 W1GB/1 W6SOV/6 K4HUF/4 W5PFC/5 W7PXL/7

Columbus AR Associa-	1000 700 00 11 000
tion	1667- BC-23-11,227 IL57- BC-21-11,198 1691- C-31-11,146 1665- BC-14-11,044 1035- BC-26-10,061 1519- C-25- 9914 1397- AC-25- 9872 1990-BCD-12- 9872 1104- BC-15- 9843 1017- BC-10- 9878
Murphy's Marauders Foothills AR Society	1665- BC-14-11,044 1035- BC-26-10.061
Old Pueblo RC	1519- C-25- 9914 1397- AC-25- 9872
MVARCS	1990-BCD-12- 9672 1104- BC-15- 9643
Murphy's Marauders. Foothills AR Society Old Pueblo RC. Irvington RAC. MVAROS. Johnson City Assn. Inc. Independent ARC. Naperville Central H& Amateur Radio Club.	1017- BC-10- 9578 1465- C- 6- 9390 1382- C-10- 9292 1088-ABC-25- 9038 1365- C- 6- 9010 1351- C- 8- 8906 986-ABC-32- 8623
Rockford AR Association Ozaukee RC, Inc.	1382- C-10- 9292 1088-ABC-25- 9038
Cornell University ARC . Charite's Clods	1365- C- 6- 9010 1351- C- 8- 8906 986-ABC-32- 8623
Johnson City Assn. Inc. Johnson City Assn. Inc. Naperville Central H& Amateur Radio Club. Rockford AR Association Ozaukee RC, Inc. Cornell University ARC. Charlie's Clods. Grumman ARC. So u th Co m m u n i ty YMCA RC. 1200 Radio Club. (uonclub group). Lee County AREC. Honolulu ARC. Crescenta Valley RC. Muskegon Area Amateur Radio Council. Greenville ARC. Tamaqua Area SSB ARA Kentuckiana RC. Fair Lawn ARC. Delaware Lehigh ARC. Overlook Radio Society. Montreal ARC. Raleigh AR Society. New Providence ARC. Redwood HS ARC. (nonclub group).	
(nonclub group)	1286- BC-15- 8397 1229- C-13- 8394 1255- C-32- 8330 1197- BC-10- 8215 1241- C-30- 8186 912- BC-22- 8027
Lee County AREC	1197- BC-10- 8215 1241- C-30- 8186 912- BC-22- 8027
Muskegon Area Amateur	912- BC-22- 8027
Greenville ARC. Tamagua Area SSB ARA	1265 - CD-40 - 7967 1155 - AC-12 - 7900 1155 - AC-12 - 7900 1044 - BC-12 - 7872 1139 - C-15 - 7834 751 - AB-12 - 7826 1029 - BC-16 - 7519 1903 - BC-19 - 7397 1905 - BC-19 - 7397 1007 - AC-31 - 7058 175 - BC-20 - 9974 703 - BC-20 - 9974 703 - BC-20 - 9874 1045 - SC-15 - 6887 1045 - C-12 - 6785 1048 - C-12 - 6785 1088 - C-12 - 6688 1088 - C-12 - 668
Kentuckiana RC Fair Lawn ARC	1139- C-15- 7834 751- AB-12- 7826 1029- BC-16- 7519
Overlook Radio Society	751- AB-12- 7826 1029- BC-16- 7519 1093- BC-19- 7397 995- BC-14- 7104
Raleigh AR Society	1093- BC-19- 7319 1093- BC-19- 7397 995- BC-14- 7104 1007- AC-31- 7058 975- BC-20- 6974 700- BC-15- 694
Redwood HS ARC	700- BC-15- 6941 983- BC- 9- 6897 1045- C-27- 6870
Catalpa AR Society Central Louisiana ARC	1045- C-27- 6870 982- BC-15- 6785 1199- CD-21- 6701 968- C-12- 6608
Columbus Ga, ARC, Inc.	968- C-12- 6608
Queen City Emer. Net The F.O. Gypsies	959- C-14- 6554 1151-BCD-35 6494 980- C- 3- 6480
Radio Assn. of Erie Bowie ARC	940: BC-27- 6449 824- BC- 6- 6439
Redwood HS ARC inonclub group). Catalpa AR Society. Central Louisiana ARC. Vermillion Co. ARA. Columbus Ga. ARC. Inc. S.E. Illinois Ham Soc. Queen City Emer. Net. The F.O. Gypsics. Radio Assn. of Eric. Bowie ARC. ARINC ARC CRES AREC. inonclub group).	968- C-12- 6608 959- C-14- 6554 1151-BCD-35 6494 980- C-3- 6480 940: BC-27- 6449 824- BC-6- 6439 837- BC-14- 6365 712- BC-18- 6351 769- BC-10- 6314
CRES AREC. (nonclub group) U.S. Naval Avionics Facility Radio Club Sierra Nevada AR So-	928- C-10- 6168
Sierra Nevada AR So- clety	750-ABC-25- 6125
Lake Shore AR Assoc. Roosevelt High School Amateur Radio Club.	
Unioncount AR Assoc	799-BCD- 6- 6053 905- C-10- 6030 847- BC-13- 5964 825- C-14- 5960
Amateur Radio Club (nonclub group) Unioncount AR Assoc High Point HS ARC American Red Cross Emergency Radio Club Kitchener-Waterloo ARC	
Kitchener-Waterloo ARC	595- B-13- 5955 856- C-14- 5936 819- C-25- 5914 837- BC-10- 5897
Three Rivers ARC (nonclub group)	856- C-14- 5936 819- C-25- 5914 837- BC-10- 5897 1128- CD-11- 5837
Assoc. Radio Amateurs of So. New England	
Fall Creek ARC Knox Radio Club	829- BC-14- 5805 785- BC-12- 5774 774- BC 5609 596-ABC-10- 5605
Tarrant Co. 6 meter Emergency Net	
Calgary AR Association . Montgomery ARC	771- BC-14- 5520 726- AC-15- 5466 807- C-30- 5442 798- C-25- 5388 619- BC-12- 5240
East Whittler RC Shenango Valley AR	619- BC-12- 5240
Michigan City ARC	659- AC- 7- 5204 651- BC-23- 5178 719- C-17- 5114
High Point HS ARC. American Red Cross Emergency Radlo Club Kitchener-Waterloo ARC Calhoun Co. Hams Three Rivers ARC. (nonclub group). Assoc. Kadio Amateurs of So. New England. SPARC. Fall Creek ARC. Fall Creek ARC. Fall Creek ARC. Co. 6 Emergency Mc. Emergency ARC. Calgary AR Association Montgomery ARC. East Whittler RC. Shenango Valley AR Field Day Group Michigan City ARC. Walla Walla Valley RAC. So. Mismi Radio Club. Aero ARC. Dayton AR Association. Hamden AR Association. Hamden AR Association.	719- C-17- 5114 716- C-20- 5096 738- C- 5- 5038 722- BC-22- 5025 606- C-30- 4976
Dayton AR Association. Hamden AR Association.	722- BC-22- 5025 696- C-30- 4976 541- AB- 7- 4962 690- C-11- 4940
Hamden AR Association. (nonclub group) Washington Co. RACES, Jackson ARC. Valley RC of Eugene.	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Valley RC of Eugene	712- CD-12- 4940 643- C-12- 4878
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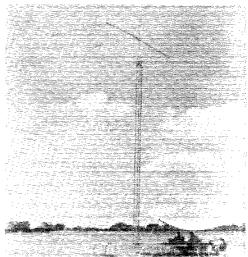
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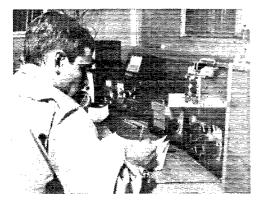
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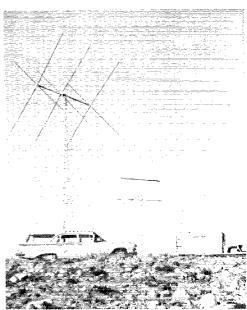
	117 002/7		
K8WWK/8	Jacks Amateur Comm		
W5NK/5	KlubGreater New Orleans	674- BC- 7-	4869
# 9TA NT 5.0	Greater New Orleans	672- C-15-	6
W6AK.6	ARC Sacramento ARC	672- C-15- 805-BCD-12-	$\frac{4832}{4827}$
W6KBL/6	Humboldt ARC	617- C-10-	4702
W5T8V/5	Pampa ARC	637- (-15-	4622
WA3LOS/3	IBM Gaithersburg ARC		4002
	& Comsat ARC	628- BC-20-	4613
K3ZAC/3	Warminster ARC	548- BC-15-	4472
W0CS/0	(nonclub group)	580- BC-30-	4432
W7LBP/7	(nonclub group)	628- C- 4-	4416
WASURP/8	Fairview HS ARC	531- BC-10-	4380
VE4JK/4	Southwestern Manitoba		
W9BZN/9	Amateur Radio Club	596CD-15-	4338
K4YHB/4	IMO VHF ARC	770-BCD-16-	4301
M41 ND/4	Charles E. Newton Jr. Amateur Radio Club.	# A FE	
K0LIR/0	St. Louis ARC	580- C- 7- 556- AC-21-	4280
KP4BFF/KP4	Sabana Seca ARC	568- C-10-	$\frac{4230}{4208}$
W8VPV/8	Cuyahoga Falls RC	496-ABC-15-	4208
WA2CSP/2	Chatham Swamp Patrol.	507- BC- 9-	4173
K3HDO/3	District Heights RC	558- C- 6-	4148
W2BX72	Cumberland RC. Llvingston ARC, Inc.	524- BC- 6-	4112
W2MO/2	Livingston ARC: Inc	466- BC-17-	4079
K3OTY/3	EIDS RSON CHID	434- BC	4058
WA3CCP/3	ARTICS ARC	390-ABC-11-	4031
W9INL/9	Bloomington ARC	422-ABC-20-	4030
W8ODJ/8	Buckeye Shortwaye ARA	692-BCD-20-	3951
WØRR/Ø	Heart of America RC	505- BC- 8-	3920
VO2A1/VO2	ARC of Western Labra-		
********	dor,	518- C- 7-	3908
W2FD/2	Limestone Radio Society		
	& Favetteville Manlius		
WA9MVX/9	HS Radio Club	511- BC-22-	3881
WASHIVA/9	Delaware Co, Civil De-	FDF . (35 4	
W3VV/3	fense Unit #1	535- CD- 4-	3863
W4AQL/4	Co. Cook Dodie Club	410- BC- 9-	3829
VE3PRC/3	Ga. Tech Radio Club Peel ARC	463- BC- 9- 494- BC-11-	3786 3770
K7ODJ/7	N.E. Washington Sevens.	490- C- 8-	3740
WA2JUM/2	Massapequa ARC	485- BC-10-	3737
11 .120 () 111/2	massapequa ARC	100- DC-10-	0131



WA4YKI/4	(nonclub group)	433-ABC- 4- 3695	VE4QD/4	Brandon ARC 356- BD- 8- 1904
VE3SRS/3 W8BAP/8	Sudbury & District ARC. Scioto Valley ARC	433-ABC- 4- 3695 401- BC-20- 3689 581- CD-15- 3668	VE3TCD/3 W4HFH/4	Elgin AR Society 169- AC- 9- 1898 Alexandria Radio Club . 190- B-13- 1860
K9EAM/9	Green Bay Mike and Key	508- C-15- 3648	W1BD/1 K2YBN/2	Central Vermont ARC 285- CD-12- 1827 Rancogas Valley ARA 157- BC- 7- 1814
WAØNNR/Ø VE3DRT/3	Club Ottumwa ARC Skywide ARC	621- CD 3608 500- C 3600	W3BMD/3 VE3CQD/3	Rancocas Valley ARA 157- BC- 7- 1814 Indiana Co. ARC, Inc 156- C-10- 1736 Kingston ARC 148- BC- 4- 1703
W6AF/6 W8CQK/8	Oroville AR Society Battelle-Columbus ARC.	426- C-14- 3556 426- C-12- 3556	WA71M1/7	Queer Sounding Trans-
K2UAN/2 WASVNU/8	North Country ARC	417- C- 7- 3502 392- BC-17- 3471	K88WW/8 W3WWI/9	Clark Co. ARC. Inc. 116-ABC- 7- 1524
K2BOH/2	(nonclub group)	419-ABC- 7- 3437 460- BC- 9- 3435	K3GYS/3 W4TJM/4	Joe's Place
W8EQ/8 WA3FJY/3 VE3SWA/3	South Waterloo RC	461- AC- 6- 3402 373- BC-16- 3401		Communication So- clety 203- BD- = 1459
W9VT/9 WB2HIW/2	Tritown RC East Brunswick ARC	632-BCD-21- 3399 517-ACD-10- 3338	W3LWW/3 W6PM1/6	United RAC Harbor
WØGWX/Ø WØCKF/Ø	Lee's Summit ARC, Inc.	537-BCD 3327 450- C-20- 3300	KØJWN/Ø	Area
WAØULB/Ø W2YX/2	Akron AR Operators Litcom Comm. Club	462- BC- 4- 3285 431- BC- 3- 3276	WASZIZ/8 W9PEK09	Cardinal Mooney ARC 35- BC- 5- 1142 Owett Co. Radio 46- C- 4- 1116 Brightleaf ARC 340- BC-14- 1103
WA5BRF/5 W8YDK/8	Hot Springs RAC Milford ARC Colonic Central HS RC	443- C-10- 3258 316-ABC-20- 3255	K4LI/4 WA9VYB/9	HAWKS
WA2DNR/2 WB6ZLM/6	Woody's Woodneckers	406- C- 6- 3236 413- C- 3- 3078	WB4DCW/4 WA9QAO/9	(nonclub group) 522- CD- 4- 568
W2BPE/2 W8NJH/8	(nonclub group) Stuart Rockafellow ARS.	535-BCD- 7- 3077 266-ABC- 6- 3077	K10UM/I	Somerville CD Unit 66- BD 396  Transmitters Operated Simultaneously
W5KA/5 WB2DXM/2	Austin ARC	321- BD-25- 3063 394- AC- 6- 3006 307- BC-16- 2980	WA6LXN/6	and the state of t
WA5WKP/5 WA5SIM/5	Twin City Hams Miss. Sideband Net	633- CD- 8- 2935	W48KH/4 W8FY/8	West Valley ARC 2145- BC-13-19,180 (nonclub group) 2008-ABC-34-14,596 Van Wert ARC 1471- B-32-14,239 Niggara Frontier Dx Assn. 2166 13-13, 1996 Keesler ARC 1900- BC-37-13, 468 Delmont Radio Club 1652 C-18-10,912
W4GG/4 VE3CML/3	NIBS ARC	388- C 2928 351- C- 7- 2906 849- C- 7- 2894	W2MU/2 K5JYP/5 K3SSC/3	Keesler ARC
W5SRW/5 K2HJY/2 W2GLO/2	Mesilia Valley RC Medford Wireless Ass'n	349- C- 7- 2894 277- BC- 8- 2877 215- BC- 9- 2857	W6NWG/6 W2SEX/2	Palomer Radio Club 1460- BC-20- 9833
WAUTIR/Ø WABHR/4	Levittow ARC Storm Lake ARC	332- BC-10- 2849 339- C-12- 2834	W7IO/7 W8DC/8	Arizona ARC Inc1416- BC-60- 9796
WIECV/I K2EAW/2	Mike and Key Club Southington ARA, Inc. Webster Explorer Radio	427- CD-14- 2805	K9HZ8/9 W3BN/3	Motorola Engineers 1424- BC-24- 9521 Reading Radio Club Inc 1378- C-30- 9268
WA5OLS/5	Post	307- BC-11- 2798 333- C- 8- 2798	WØEQU/Ø W6ZE/6	122-   124-
KL7EKO/KL7 WA9WHV/9	(nonclub group)	332- C 2792 314- BO- 5- 9709	K2DNW/2 W9EE/9	
W4B8/4 WA9IAK/9	Delta ARCNA-BA-GE	330- Č-10- 2780 362- C- 5- 2772	WAUUGU/Ø K4KQ/4	P.H.D. A.R.A. Inc
W6PMK/6	North Peninsula Elec.	360- (2-9- 2760	W6LÜC/6 WAØJBX/Ø	Santa Barbara ARC Inc 1236- BC-15- 8381 Wecomo
W8ETA/8 WØAFG/Ø	(nonclub group)	360- C- 4- 2760 324- C-10- 2754 707- D-45- 2721	W3CBJ/3	Santa Barbara Arc Inc., 1230- 100-15- 8119  Wecomo
K7NWS/7 K6ASU/6	Boeing Employees ARS . Nevada Co. ARC	316- BC- 9- 2714	W2MMD/2	
K9FHQ/9 K8CFT/8	Clinton Co. VHF ARC Fayette AR Group Page Montgomery Co	244-ABC-16- 2709 310- C- 5- 2660	K4YKN/4 VE3MRC/3	Gloucester Co. ARC
KØHFX/Ø W2FWG/2	Page Montgomery Co TARCOM Black Hills ARC	338- CD-15- 2654 309- BC-16- 2643	W3CWC/3 W2FL/2	Antietam Radio Assi Inc. 1518- CD 7405 Holmdel ARC 1000-ACD-32- 7389
WØBLK/Ø W8SNE/8	Almont Area AR Assn	339- C-10- 2634 274- BC-19- 2612 347-BCD- 5- 2546	W2DLT/2 W2YKQ/2 WB2CZN/2	Lake Success RC 735-ABC-15- 7101  Lake Success RC 878- BC-19- 6976  North Borgon ABC 788-ABC-11- 8984
KØBFT/Ø W6BML/6	(nonclub group) SIS-Q ARC Mahoning Valley ARA Explorer Post 703	347-BCD- 5- 2546 312- C- 4- 2472 256- BC- 7- 2352	W7CO/7 W4CA/4	Western Wash, DX Club. 1729-BCD-15-6905 Roanoke Valley ARC 964-C-20-6784
W8QLY/8 WA3IEM/3 K3LLL/3	Explorer Post 703 Rocky & His Friends	993-ABC- 5- 2346	WITA/I W4NZS/4	Nashua Mike & Key Club. 711- AC-12- 6672
W3QLP/3 WB9AWB/9	Explorer Fost 6 RC Ridgewood Radio Elec-	183- B- 6- 2247 211- C- 6- 2246	W2GLQ/2	Seymour Johnson AFB   Mars Group   934   C-20   6614   Nulley AR Society   938-BCD-20   6666   No. Chautauqua ARC   898   C-30   6538
WØCBL/Ø	tronics Club	193- BC - 2198 369- CD- 8- 2187	K2PCQ/2 W6JBT/6	No. Chautauqua ARC 898- C-30- 6388 Citrus Belt ARC 852- BC-25- 6361
W6QFK/6 W8GET/8	San Gabriel Valley RC	179-ABC-16- 2172 247-ABC-10- 2166		
K8UZW/8 W1BCG/1	Parma Radio Club Shoreline ARC	184- BC-15- 2135 148- B- 6- 2132		
VEIEMO/1 WØLAC/Ø W38YP/3	Blackhawk ARC	228- CD-10- 2126 221- C-20- 2126		
WØBZN/Ø	(nonelub group)	254- C- 3- 2124 229- C- 6- 2114		
K9IX8/9 WA3JKH/3	Newton ARC Elkhart HS ARC Montrose Area HS ARC.	206- AC- 6- 2072 237- BC- 5- 2037		
WA2FLO/2 W6DSL/6	North Shore ARC Barstow ARC White Sands ARC	196- BC- 7- 2024 189- BC- 3- 2006	2000 - 10 10	/18-18-18-18-18-18-18-18-18-18-18-18-18-1
K5WSP/5 K8NOW/8	Metropolitan Ragchew-	163- C- 4- 1978		
K1NQG/1	ers Club Fidelity ARC	199- BC-5- 1971 207- BC-11- 1932		
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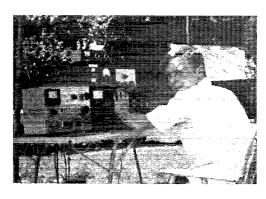
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OST for 56

W3CSL/3 K9VHF/9	Monessen ARC 861- AC-15- 6322 Hamilton-Southeastern High School ARC 820- BC- 8- 6261
WB6KQY/6	
W18YE/1 WA6TOW/6 W2RP/2	na Division RC 924-BCD- 9- 6203 Wewport Co. RC 775- BC-88- 6174 Coastside ARC 817- BC-7- 6133 Westchester AR Ass'n. 841- CD-8- 5882 Guelph ARC 812- C-15- 5872
	Westchester AR Ass'n 841- CD- 8- 5883 Gueloh ARC 812- C-15- 5872
W3UU/3 W4BFM/4 W2DMM/2	Harrisburg RAC
W2DMM/2 K6FB/6 W7ECA/7 WA7IUQ/7	Decatur ARC Inc. 795- C-19-5810 QRP Chapter 1 NYC 510- B-13-5790 H-P Radio Club 1021- CD-7-5729
WA7IUQ/7 W3KGN/3	Electric City RC
W3KGN/3 W5SH/5 K1JMR/1	Ft. Worth Kilocycle Club. 1126-ACD 5639 Norwood ARC 533- BC-10- 5635
VEIND/I VE3NSR/3 W3WK/3	Fredericton ARC
WA5SOD/5	Okla. Central VHF ARC & F.A.A. Aero. Center
K8LUC/8 W4PQP/4	ARC
W4FQF/4 W3EQ/3	ting Society 807-BCD-20- 5509 Hayerford Twp. Emergen-
37E/9 A T /9	cy Radio Net 679- BC-20- 5505 Lakehead ARC 798- CD-13- 5464
W2CVT/2 K2VSU/2 K3TQM/3	Poughkeepsie ARC
WØNH/Ø WA9EDW/9	Missouri Valley ARC Inc., 677- BC 5212 Barrington ARS 716- BC-15- 5171
W8ID/8 K5QHD/5 W4VTA/4	Seneca RC 628- BC-20- 4993 Garland ARC 697- AC-15- 4988
	Confederate Signal Corps Inc
W3OI/3 WAØKWK/Ø W6SD/6	Inc. 1649 BC-14 4906 Lehigh Valley ARC Inc. 635 C-20 4810 mondub group) C-29 C-8 4774 San Fernando Valley RC. 712 ABC 9-4757 Story Co. ARC 591 C-26 4546
W6SD/6 W0YL/0 W6MMM/6	Story Co. ARC 591- C-26- 4546 So. Branch of The Ter-
W2BMW/2 K2BFB/2	rible Thirteen
	Penn Jersey YLRC 535- C-11- 4410 Bayou-Meto 565- C-6- 4390
WA3MO1/3 WA5VLG/5 W7BB/7 W8VTD/8 W7FEL/7 W68G/6 WA8LVE/8 K6AGF/6 W6AB/6	Lake Washington ARC 844- CD-20- 4382 Warren AR Ass'n Inc 550- BC-10- 4211
W7FEL/7 W6SG/6 WASI VE/9	Clailam Co. ARC. 535- C- 4210 Marin ARC. 536-ABC- 8- 4199 (nonclub group) 528- C- 4168
K6AGF/6 W6AB/6	Tri-Co. ARC. 664-BCD-18- 4075 Satellite ARC. 541- BC- 9- 4046 Eagle Rock RC. 453- BC-10- 4027
W7DZH/7 WA9YJV/9	Eagle Rock RC
K6AGF/6 W6ABJ/6 W7DZH/7 WA9YJV/9 WA8ZGE/8 W1MV/1 W8MOP/8 K8PBO/8 K4WCC/4 WA1KTA/1 VE2CLA/2 W8PO/8 W2CHT/2	Consider the provided in the
K8PBO/8 K4WCC/4	Mayhams RC
WA1KTA/1 VE2CLA/2	Lexington H.S. RC. 385- AC-16- 3558 Laurentian Area RC. 443-BCD-10- 3457
7. C C S T T T / D	Intercity RC
WA6BAI/6 VE6ASN/6 W3ZIC/3	Intercity RC. 388- BC- 3409 Genesee Radio Amateurs 493- CD-27- 3403 Santa Monica HS ARC. 365-ABC- 9- 3370 Tulare Co. ARC. 360- AC-15- 3268 Border Area RC. 371-BCD-14- 3256 Ft. Venango Mike & Key
W3ZIC/3 W9EBN/9	
W8SW8/8 WB8DCC/8	Club. 358- AC- 7- 3244 Sky Wire RC 34- AC-18- 3166 Piqua RC 319- AC-10- 3068 Greenville Sr. HS ARA 317- BC- 6- 2986 Antelope Valley ARC 328-ACD-10- 2887
W8SWS/8 WB8DCC/8 W6YDQ/6 K4KH/4	
W0ZRT/0 W9UVI/9 WB6VVY/6	Bismarck Area RC
WØZRT/Ø WØUVI/9 WB6VYX/6 KL7EGL/KL7 WA8F8E/8 W7TYG/7	(nonclub group)
WA2WHM/2 K4CPO/4 WA9LIV/9	Red Bank HS ARC 145-ABC-12- 2051 Nashville ARC 165- AC- 9- 1964 Waukegan VHF Society
WA4BXI/4 W5WEI/5 WØASM/Ø WØVMN/Ø K8EEN/8	I Tappa Key. 201-BCD-5- 1205 O'Brien Co, AR Ass'n. 248- CD-13- 866 Pingville AR Ass'n. 344- C-11- 761
KSEEN/S	Teenage AR Society 718- C-15- 1636 I Tappa Key. 201-BCD- 5- 1205 O'Brien Co, AR Ass'n. 248- CD-13- 866 Pingville AR Ass'n. 344- C-11- 761 Mt. Vernon ARC Inc. 269- BC- 7- 568
	Transmitters Operated Simultaneously Merrimack Valley ARC 2366 RC-17-18 481
W1FW/1 W2AOH/2 W6NT/6 K3HKK/3	Bergen ARA
K3HKK/3 W8ICS/8	Nittany ARC, Inc 1793-BCD-22-14,365 Indian Hills RC 1789-BC-30-12,763
WSICS/8 W3NC/3 W6NRY/6	Merrimack Valley ARC, 2366-BC-17-16,461 Bergen ARA. 1773-ABC-22-15,688 Newport AR Society, Inc. 2018-BC-32-14,385 Nittany ARC, Inc. 1793-BCD-22-14,365 Indian Hills RC. 1789-BC-30-12,763 R.F. Hill ARC 1695-BC-11,910 East San Gabriel Valley AREC 1746-BCD-30-11,901
W7PX/7 W9LM/9 W6IFZ/6	
W6IFZ/6 VE3JJ/3 K8BYX/8	Hellgate ARC. 1378- BC-12-11,238 The Northwest ARC, Inc. 1643- BC-16-10,960 Richmond ARC, Inc. 1506- Ac22-10,554 West Side RC. 1350- BC-17-10,353
K3BYX/8 K1MUJ/1	Field Day Society 1433- BC-32- 9810
K4IUV/4 W7RGL/7	(nonclub group)1326- C- 8- 9156
	Ramsey R.C. 1066-ABC-10- 7994
WAØNPZ/Ø W2DQ/2 K2USA/2 K4HTA/4	Suffolk County RC. 1170-BCD-18- 7959 K2USA ARC. 1268- CD-18- 7941 Vienne Wireless Society 1039- BC-27- 7881
TTTT 1 10/ 4	Vienna Wireless Society1039- BC-27- 7881



#### WN2JSH/2

W3PIQ/3 W38GJ/3 W9CCU/9 WA8MTX/8

W6PIY/6 W9GYN/9 W1LG/1 K8DEV/8 K6GIP/6 WA2SCZ/2 W9AZ/9

W3HZW/3 K2OQJ/2 W8NCM/8 WB2ELW/1 K1BWB/1 W4POX/4 WA1AXK/1 W8BAE/8 W5SWS/5 W3AD/3

VE3AEA/3
WØLGW/Ø
WØISS/Ø
WA3IUD/Ø
WØRTI/Ø
VO1AA/1
W9CAF/9
W4VTF/4
W3EIA/3

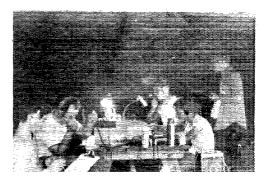
W9HYT/9

WA4YNW/4 W6JJ/6 W3VPR/3 K6SD/6 WB2FFL/2 VE3BA/3 K1LOE/1 VB3HVC/3 WA2ANL/2 K9RHH/9 W2AAD/2

W4MOE/4 W4NV/4 W5BTC/5

South Hills Brass Pound-		
ers and Modulators	10KG DC 10	7779
The area Melley ATA	1000 OC-12-	(118
Beaver Valley ARA Wheaton Community Ra-	1393- CD-13-	7728
wheaton Community Ra-		
dio Amateurs Monroe County Radio	1089-ABCD-20	)-7477
Monroe County Radio		
Communications Assn	961- BC-16-	7149
West Valley ARA	881- AC	6436
Elk Grove ARC Hartford County ARA	707-ABC-11-	5796
Hartford County ARA	649-ABC-15-	5706
Clinton County ARA	725- C- 9-	5550
Monterey Park ARC	702- AC-25-	5542
West Jersey RC	611-ABC-20-	5352
Kankakoo Area Radio So-	011 1xD 0 20	
ciety Ine	518-ABC-25-	5313
ciety, Inc. Kent County ARC	561-ABC-10-	
St. Peters Prep. RC		5292
(nonelish group)	561- BC- 9-	5286
(nonclub group) South Towns AR Society.	678- C-20-	5268
South Towns AR Society.	635- AC-35-	5214
Bow Radio Association	658- C-18-	5148
Portsmouth RC	650-ABC- 9-	5026
Whitman ARC	572- AC-15- 618- BC-12-	5004
Crawford County ARC	618- BC-12-	4974
Chetimachi ARS Lancaster Radio Trans-	625- C- 7-	4950
Lancaster Radio Trans-		
mitter Society, Inc.	617- AC-16-	4930
Peterboro ARC	654- C- 8-	4924
Peterboro ARC South Platte AR Society.	653- C- 9-	4918
Potaluma AR Klub	653- C- 9- 476- C- 7- 554- BC-15-	4856
Boeing-Vertical BEARS	554- BC-15-	4543
Faribo ARC	561- BC- 8-	4519
Empire RC	546- BC- 8-	4515
CONDA	549 DC- 6-	4497
Oblance ADO	543- BC 504- C-15-	
Chicago ARC	504- C-15-	4224
Catawda valley ARO, Inc.	498- C-8-	4188
SONRA Chicago ARC Catawba Valley ARC, Inc. Lebanon Valley Society of		
Radio Amateurs	586- CD-18-	3981
S.E. Wisconsin Hill-top-		
	381- BC- 8-	3829
Brandon-AR-Society. Santa Cruz County ARC.	388- BC-20-	3812
Santa Cruz County ARC.	475-ACD-12-	3729
Anne Arundel RC	427- C- 8-	3562
ARC of El Caion	380- AC-17-	3546
Taconic ARC	434-BCD-20-	3498
Taconic ARC	380- C-15-	3480
Canamay RC of Maga	373- C- 9-	3438
Capeway RC of Mass Humber Valley ARC	390- C-8-	3391
(The Group!	500- AC- 5-	3378
"The Group",	286- BC-17-	3362
Falls RAC Harmonic Hill Radio	200" DC-17"	0002
Francis IIII Radio	and DOD.	9980
League Buncombe County ARC.	506-BCD	3259
	283- C-10-	3118
(nonclub group)	297-ABC-10- 779- C- 7-	3038
Wichita AR Society	779- C- 7-	2758

#### WIARR/1

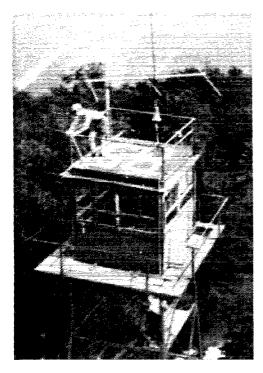




### KP4BFF/KP4

WB8CBD/8	Manistee High School	100 0 0 0000
WB4MJV/4	ARC Citrus Center ARC	187- C- 8- 2639 411- D 2233
W7AIA/7	Clark County ARC	184-BCD-15- 1818
W8KGG/8	Huron Valley ARA	92- BC- 8- 1627
Six	Transmitters Operated Simu	iltanrously
W38K/3	Penn Wireless Assn, Inc	2381- BC-32-17,785
W6VB/6	TRW Systems Amateur	
********	RC	2361- BC-35-17,368
W61SA/6	Southern Pacific Amateur	
77011 0	Radio Contest Society	2560-BCD- 9-16,820
K2AA/2	South Jersey Radio Assn.	2326- BC-42-16,399
K6SYU/6	Anaheim Amateur Radio	
W1KWX/1	Assn.	1806-ABC-30-12,836
W TIV W Y/I	Western Mass, Valley Amateur Radio Club.	1672- C-23-11.432
K6LI/6	North Bay ARA	1403- BC-30-10,163
W4CÚE/4	Dimpingham Amatau	140a- DC-a0-10,103
11 100 11/1	Birmingham Amateur RC	1338- C-12- 9628
W2ZZ/2	Bergenfield Amateur Ra-	1000- 0-12- 9020
11202/2	dio Klub	1281- BC-14- 9401
W4BBB/4	Radio Amateur Club of	1281- 10-14- 9401
	Knoxville	1294- AC-18- 8706
W4IYU/4	Middle Tennessee ARS,	
	inc	1105- C-25- 8250

### K3ZSK/3



K6DKX/6	San Carlos Civil Defense Radio Club	
W2IN/2	Radio Club 1102-BCD-19- 7259 (nonclub group) 971- BC-14- 7038	
W6MLK/6	Hi-Frequency Amateur Mobile Society 643-ABC-16-6869	
WØOUI/Ø W7NDC/7	Mobile Society 643-ABC-16- 6869 Denver Radio Club, Inc. Spokane Dialtwisters,	
	Spokane Dialtwisters, Inc 871- C-20- 6626	
WB4FYP/4 WA9JYL/9 W2DMC/2	Inc	
WA9JYL/9 W2DMC/2	Crystal Radio Club 602- BC-13- 5841	
WA2BPO/2		
W2RAK/2	Laboratory ARC. 691- BC-15- 5817 Flatbush Radio Club. 638-ABC-25- 5742 Toledo Radio Club. 669-ABCD-15-5660 Utica Amateur RC. 677- BC-20- 5624 North Hills Radio Club. 718- BC-12- 5568 Beloit Amateur RC, Inc. 687-ACD-10 5462	
W8FO/8	Toledo Radio Club 669-ABCD-15-5660	
K618/6	North Hills Radio Club. 718- BC-12- 5568 Beloit Amateur RC, Inc. 687-ACD-10 5462	
W2RAF/2 W2FO/8 K2IQ/2 K6IS/6 WB9AMF/9 K5PXP/5	North Hills Radio Club. 718- BC-12- 5568 Beloit Amateur RC, Inc. 687-ACD-10 5462 Arkansas River Valley Amateur Radio Club. 651-ABC-15- 5387	
	Amateur Radio Club 651-ABC-15- 5387	
W8HHF/8	Toledo Mobile Hadlo Assn	
W8TQE/8 W5QX/5 WA3JUA/3 W7SAA/7	Assn. 4 Assn. 674 BC-20 5346 Assn. Amateur RC 565 BC-35 5153 San Angelo Amateur RC (nonclub group) 598 BC 6 5016 Salem Amateur Radio 503 BC 6 4761	
WAJJUA/3	San Angelo Amateur RC 598- BC- 6- 5016 (nonclub group) 503- BC- 6- 4761	
W7SAA/7	Salem Amateur Radio	
W5DPA/5	Club	
W5DPA/5 W9UA/9 W8KEA/8 WA3GVI/3	Fox River Radio League. 292- AC- 7- 3642 Midland Amateur RC. 236- BC-12- 2822	
WA3GVI/3	Easton Amateur Radio	
W3FQR/4	Soc	
W5BJR/5	Greene County Amateur	
	Transmitters Operating Simultaneously	
W6ULI/6 K6QEZ/6 VE3NAR/3 W2LT/2 K3BKG/3 W8ACW/8 W9PCS/9 W8JUU/8 W9FK/9 W1EKT/1	Fullerton Radio Club 2126- BC-30-19,380 Ampex Employees ARC. 2216-ABC-29-16,564 Nortown ARC	
VE3NAR/3	Nortown ARC 2059-ABC-60-16,561 Ridgewood Radio Club. 1529- C-10-12,074	
K3BKG/3	Ridgewood Radio Club. 1529 C-10-12,074 So. Chester Co. ARC Inc. 1560 AC-25-11,486 Genesce Co. Radio Club. 1578-ABC-25-11,167 York Radio Club. Inc. 1352- BC-20-10,051 Van Buren Co. ARC, Inc. 1254-ABC-28-9475 West Allis RAC. 102-1254-ABC-28-9475	
W8ACW/8	Genesce Co. Radio Club . 1578-ABC-55-11,167	
W8JUU/8	Van Buren Co. ARC, Inc. 1254-ABC-28- 9475	
W9FK/9		
***************************************	Quanapowitt         Radlo           Ass'n.         1117-ABC-30-9071           Huntsville ARC.         1080-BC-28-8463           San Antonio Radio Club.         871-BC-30-8143           Luzerne Co. RACES.         694-BC-22-6307           Cumberland ARC.         723-C-13-5938	
K4BFT/4 W5SC/5 K3ADA/5 K3IEC/3 W6CUS/6 W1BIM/1 W7NCW/7	Huntsville ARC 1080- BC-28- 8403	
K3ADA/5	Luzerne Co. RACES 694- BC-22- 6307 Cumberland ARC 723- C-13- 5938	
W6CUS/6	Cumperiand ARC	
WIBIM/1		
W9YCR/9		
	t Transmitters Operating Simultaneously	
W9SW/9	Chicago Surburban Radio Association 2125- C-60-14,560	
WA6GFY/6 W6BXN/6 K7AUO/7	Radio Association 2125- C-60-14,560 Lockheed ARC 857- BC-37- 7897 Turlock ARC 871-BCD-25- 5379	
K7AUO/7		
K6QEH/6	ARC	
= :		
	Transmitters Operating Simultaneously Radio Club of Tacoma 2832- C-30-19,032	
W7DK/7 VE3VM/3 K8BYI/8	Niagara Peninsula ARC . 2209-ABC-32-15.617	
	Southeastern Michigan	
W3RCN/3	Amateur Radio Ass'n. 1479- BC-14-12,692 Rock Creek AR Ass'n. 1661- BC-30-11,822 Mt. Diablo ARC 1042-ABC-30-10,326	
W3RCN/3 W6CX/6 W6DCC/6 K3CSG/3 W6UCS/6	Rock Creek AR Ass'n       1661- BC-30-11,822         Mt. Dlablo ARC       1042-ABC-30-10,326         The Corona Gang       1066-BCD-18- 8467	
K3CSG/3	The Corona Gang. 1066-BCD-18- 8467 Abington ARC. 767- BC-22- 6997 Monterey Bay RC. 430- BC- 9- 4667	
W6RO/6	Transmitters Operating Simultaneously Associated Radio Ama-	
	Associated Radio Ama- teurs of Long Beach 1586- AC-48-12,004 Ft. Smith Area ARC 1349- C-25-10,294	
W5ANR/5 W1NY/1	Hampdon Co Dadio	
	Assn., Inc	
K6EAG/6 WA9W8L/9	Assn., Inc. 1222-BCD-25- 9239 Hayward Radio Club 783-ABC-25- 8929 Indian Hill ARC 1056-ABC-12- 8686	
	a Transmitters Operating Simultaneously	
K6BAG/6	Pacifico Radio Club 5298-ACD-18-22,645 Twin City ARC 3082- AC-51-21,154	
W9YH/9		
	Twin City ARC 3082- AC-51-21,154	
	e Transmitters Operating Simultaneously	
VE3WE/3	re Transmitters Operating Simultaneously Scarborough ARC 2018-ABC-15-18,617	
VE3WE/3	e Transmitters Operating Simultaneously	

## CLUB AGGREGATE MOBILE SCORES

Radio Amateurs Mobile Society (Calif.)32 Long Island Mobile Amateur Radio Club12	
Beacon Radio Amateurs (Md.)	
(Ind.)	3978 2978
Allowhead leadlo almadedia (Maining)	1082

58 QST for

#### CLASS B

Grouped in this listing are the scores of portable stations manned by one or two operators. Where two persons participated, the call of the other operator (if known) is given below that of the amateur whose call was used. Figures following the calls indicate number of contacts, power and final score.

K6YNB/6     WB6CWD   W7CFJ/7   K01JP	1141-/	1B-1	5.889
W7CFJ/7\	1357-	B-1	3,950
K8MMM/81	909-	B-1	2,663
WASLRE   WA5QIQ/5   WA5RMF	1361-	C-	8366
WA5RMF   VE7IG/7 (2 or	ors.)		
	prs.) 519- 94-AI	B- 3C-	7407 7406
K4PQL/4 7 W2FBA/2 \ W3CSZ   K7YUJ/7 \	485-A	B-	7293
W3CSZ   K7YUJ/7   WA7GWU	708-	B-	6572
K9FFA/9 K9DMV	1096-	C-	5680
Wax VW/a	383-	В-	5571 -5533
K9MMH/9 \ W9YIH	1-001		
W9YIH } W8GEG/8 } WA8PZA }	846-	C-	5276
WBANB/6 (	560-	В-	5240
K4HAV/4 WA7DNZ/7 WA7EWC W4BRB/4	553- 504-	C-	5177 5136
WA7EWC } W4BRB/4 \	736-	Č-	4816
WAELO	453-	B-	
W4EPO   VE6AQV/W6 KØGXC/Ø   WAØPIU   WB8ANV/8   WB8ANW   W6LNW (20p)	706-I		$\frac{4477}{4461}$
WB8ANV/8)	666-	C-	4196
WBSANW (20p)	rs.)		
	203- 345- <i>i</i>	A- AB-	4054 4046
WAZHEO/7	420-	В-	3980
WATISN	207-	A-	3926
K3ZSK/3 WA3BGN WA7HEO/7 WA7ISN WA6EUZ/6 WB6YGX WA3GJU/4 W3YLJ	605-	C-	3830
Waylj			
WSTHN	379-	B-	3811
WA9MQI/9 \ WA9TLP	556-	C-	3736
K9ORP/9	388-4		3711
VEIIM/1 ) VEITG	547-	C-	3682
WASYDJ/8	572- 237-	C- B-	3632 3401
K2SAQ (			
W8SSL/8 ) W8AJA	434-I	3C-	3361
WA2JJN/2 \ K8PAO	455-	C-	3330
WASRCN/8 ) WASUDS	460-	$\mathbf{C}$	3160
WB2PJH/2 K7LTV/7	453- 324-	C-	3118 2916
K7LTV/7	324- 482-	C-	$2916 \\ 2892$
WØKBG/Ø WØIYH	-		
KH6GQF/KH KH6GLU	6 \ 48		-2814
W8VWY/8   K8NGQ	262-	C:-	2758
WAURKQ/U }	402-	C-	2612
WAIJTG/1 WAIIBT	368-	C-	2408
	prs.)		
	238- 222-	B- B-	2342
WAWQZN		-	2198
KH6GJT/KH0 KH6GMP	3 \ 25	55-C	-2160
WA5VQK/5 WA2DFI/2	195- 181-A	B-	$\frac{2155}{2146}$
K3SPX/3	141-	B-	2134
WB6VFG/6 \	320-	C-	2120
WB6ZMQ } WA8LVT/8 (	102-	A-	2036
WA8LWH			
WA7EZB/7 \	305-	C-	2030
WB2VQG/2 WAØJJU/Ø WAØVJJ	303- 336-	C-	2018 2016
WAØVJJ'"			
WA9QFT/9 WA9RFB	200-A		2009
W3LDD/3 KØKLH/Ø	298- 282-	Ç-	$1988 \\ 1892$
WADOOU )			
K7RNO/9 }		C-	1874
WAØNVZ/Ø	184-	)B~	1856

W6KEV/6 WB6LRV/6 WB6SDV	120- 229-	B- C-	$\frac{1820}{1774}$
KP4CQC/KP4 W9YAL/9 ) W9ZAV	251- 207-F		1706 1703
KL7FJK/KL7 KL7GDF	1		1664
VE7BAV/7 WA7JWC/7 \ WA7JOH	175-1 208-		
VE3CPW/3 VE3AVB	199-	-	
W3EAN/3 \ W3EBY     WA5MGC/5 \	224- 221-		1544 1526
WA5RES / WB4DJO/4	345-		
W2CXV/2 (2 (	oprs.) 166-E	C-	1429

VE6PR/6 VE6AWW }	62- B-	958
VE6AWW J VEIHJ/1 \	40- B-	940
VEIATE		
WAØUAW/Ø WAØOHO	336- C-	872
W4FIN/4	37- A-	866
K7BBO/7	111- C-	866
W5ELF/5	210- D-	830
WA5SKZ ( WB6QFA/6	364-BC-	806
VEIAAQ/I	96- C-	776
VEIAEA	DU- U-	110
WN1LCO/1	96- C-	776
WA9WW1/91	( 64- B-	776
K9YCG	60 6	***
WAØRKF/Ø ( WAØRKE	93- C-	758
K4VUD/4	275- C-	750
WN8BYD/8	38- B-	742
W4UDS/4	370- C-	740
WB2UVX/2	368- C-	736
WB2ZGS/2 WA9WMT/9	89- C- 52- C-	$\frac{734}{712}$
WN8CMQ/8	85- C-	710
VE7AF3/7 )	42- A-	704
VE7AIP		
K3LJA/3	53- B-	677
WA71FA/7 \ WA71SQ	79- C-	674
WB4DJP/4	225- C-	670
WAQUALI/0 L	23- B-	607
WNØZBO		
WAØFLL/Ø	66- C-	596
W6HB/6	64- C-	584



#### W4IZ/4

11.71	-/ -		
W2PXL/2 (2 oprs.)	W4LKB/4	10- A-	580
65- A- 1370	WNØWVX/Ø	28- C-	568
WA8YBV/8 161- C- 1366	WIGTO/I	39- B-	551
WAØNDV/Ø\ 310-CD-1354	WIDKC	<b>40</b>	
WAOPWP	VE7BZA/7	38- B-	542
WASUPB/8   273- C- 1334	VE7AAQ		., .,
WASSVE	W7ZOI/7	19- A-	542
WAIGYZ/1   62-AB- 1289	K7IUN		.,
KIZSZ	WA6QKL/6	268- C-	536
K9ENM/9 (2 oprs.)	WB6ZBM		
360- D- 1280	WN2GTK/31	20- C-	520
VE3DOP/3 \ 97- B- 1273	WN2HGJ		
VE3FLE /	WN9BJR/9	33-AB-	484
WA5SWM/5 140- C- 1240	K4BEI/4	46- C-	476
WN8ZAC/8 (2 oprs.)	WA4SIZ (		
132- C- 1192	WB2HUP/2 \	74-AB-	426
VE3IR/3 \ 172-BC- 1173	WN2JEE		
VE3CKW /	WN8AFP/8	3- C-	418
W6GNJ/9 \ 161- C- 1166	W9ACU/9	35 C-	410
W9VAK	WA7FIB/6	33-BC-	398
WA6MYJ/6 154- C- 1124	K5ATT )		_
WA8WWS/8 \ 554- C- 1108	WB4JFW/4	141- C-	389
WA8ZOG j	W2FSL/2	28- C-	368
WAØPLN/Ø (2 oprs.)	K3QQL/3 \	140- C-	340
149- C- 1094	WA3BCM (	00.15	000
WB4IOJ/4 148-BC- 1091	WN2IQF/2	95-AB-	290
W7CW8 355- D- 1065	WN2HVA/2	5- B-	268
WA61/TS/6 \ 97- C- 982	W3QEI/3	121- C- 77- B-	242
W6QXD	WA4UXD/4		$\frac{231}{216}$
WB4JXO/4   121-BC- 977	K7JRE/1 WNØWSI/1	108- C- 8- C-	216
WN4MNF I	WAGVHD/0	210- D-	210
K9QKA/9 \ 129- C- 974	WB8AYC/8	89- C-	178
K9UJN	WAIKBZ/I	85- C-	170
K3YIJ/3 \ 254- D- 962	WASYNU/8	41- B-	123
K3PCX   254- D- 802	W7DRA/7	24-AB-	108
COLUMN J	11 14/464/1	La MD.	11/13

WA5SOE/5 WN2JSH/2 WN6GQO/6 WAØRBR/6	23- 21- 20- 18-	В <del>-</del> 4В-	69 63 60 55
WASYNI/S	17- 25-	B- D-	51 25
WAYUIR/9 WASYNI/8 WSNWW WA7LDZ/7 WN2HWG/2 WN2HWI	} 1-7-	A- C-	18 14
WMZHWL/Z	' 3-		9
Two Tro	insmit 905-	ters C-	5830
WB2GGP/2 }			
WØUOW/Ø \ WØWLO   WA98YD/9 \	435-I	_	5754
WA98YD/9 ( WA9VNJ ) W6ICJ/6 (	531-	B-	5179
W6ICJ/6 ) W6FUV	675-	C-	4650
W6FUV   WB6ANT/6   WB6WVB   WA2BCK/2	483-4	rc-	3742
WA2BCK/2 WA2DHS	529-	$C_{-}$	3574
WAGNEZ/MI	472-	G-	3432
K6ELX/6 )	396-4	ABC	-3290
	398-	C-	2988
WA3HYY/3 \ K3TLX \ WA5THM/5 \ W5EJQ \ WA5KXG/5 \	513-0	-	2943
W5EJQ (			
WASKAG/S ( WASUHG ) WAIJGK/I (	369-C		2581
WB6DJG (	235-	C-	1810
WAIGOI/1 ( WAIJLD	200-	C-	1600
WB2WII/2 ( WB2ZCC )	171-	C-	1426
W6KSI/6 \ WA6AKI	105-	В-	1345
W7DFO/7 1	116-2	C-	1312
WA7JRY WA2NDN/2\	128-	C-	1276
WA2CMF			
	326- 52-	C- B-	1052 858
WN5WTE/5 WN5WTD WN3LHN/3		D*	
WN3LLZ	30-	Ç=	780
WA9QNM/91	284-	C-	568
WA9OBP WA8YTL/8 WB8BPD	217-	C-	434
WA2FDR/2 WB2YUW	212-B	CD-	407
WA5JLE/5 \ WA5DTK	122-	C-	244
MADIR )			

#### CLASS C

One Tro	ınsmitt	'er
W3AA/3 W4OZF/4 (3 o	627-	B-6043
WA2WVL/2	635- (WA2	s WQG C-5717
WVL) WB6SHO/6 K6ZJY/6	228-	BC-3757 B-3278
WA3HGV/2 WAØBJY/Ø (4		C-3098 C-2978
W6QHP/6 W2QNR/2	428- 241- 172-	AC-2733 B-2722
K2DTQ/2 (K2 WA9BVL/9	DTQ \ 155- 202-	W2AUB) B-2493 C-2438
K7NHV/Ø K6HJJ/6	230- 174-	C-2270 BC-2038
K2JVB/2 WB6KZN/6 WA6THI/6	120- 140- 143-	B-2020 AC-1910 AC-1885
WB6DFO/6 WA6HGH/6	148-	AC-1858 AC-1836
W6TEE/6 WB6PHQ/6 K0WNV/0 (K	113-	BC-1743 BC-1735
KØWNV/Ø (K WA9VEO) W6FQF/6 (2 c	169- ps.) 111-	C-1721 B-1699
W6MOG/6 W2FWV/2	275- 77-	CD-1492 B-1440
K6SEA/6 W5IUP/5 K6SBL/6	89- 132- 84-	AC-1399 C-1388 AC-1354
WB2ZBV/2 K3GKB/3	46- 118-	A-1228 A-1203
W7AEA/7 (2 6 WA6DKZ/6	147- 62-	C-1082 AC-1066
W6FRE/6 WA6UNL/6 K5AJK/3/4/8	44- 68- 24-	AC-1048 C-1022 C-1016
WB6IAW/6	53-	C-1016 C- 904 C- 877
W2EQZ/2 W3BBD/3 W6QY8/6	34- 71- 45-	B- 859 C- 839 AC- 823
WA7DEQ/7 (: K2CQM/2	2 ops.) 69- 31-	C- 821 B- 819
Regua/e	38-	AČ- 814

WA6QGT/6	44-	C- 796	WIDTY	158-	C- 316
K9SFQ/9	43-	Č- 787	WA2CRW		CD- 310
WA9CHY/8/9	<b>17</b> →	Č- 753	WAZDNB	152-	C- 304
WA2EBS/2	26-	B- 751	WOJUV	152-	C- 304
WA78ZQ/9	60-	Č- 740	WA9WMW	100-	B- 300
K2JEF/2	24-	B- 724	WB6ZWH (W		C12 300
WA6AEL/6	35-	C- 715	ZWH	99-	B- 297
K6R1J/6	37-	B- 700	WÄICYK	119-	BC- 293
WB8AFF/8	37-	B- 700	WIDIT	92-	B- 286
W2LFX/2	21-	B- 684	WaTNO/9	143-	
W2KPQ/2	20-	B- 670	WASSVZ	141-	C- 286 C- 282
W6JON 6	27-	C- 643	VEIAE	135-	G~ 270
K3ORP/3/8/9	73-	Č~ 638	WAZFCJ	87-	B- 261
WA6OYF/6	23-	C- 607	WN6ABP	15-	B- 245
WB6MLB/6	59-	A- 554	WNIJFX	7-	C- 242
WA6TBU/6	17-	Ĉ- 553	WTAGE	80-	B- 240
K3FXW/4	38-	C- 542	WASRXM	112-	C- 224
K2PKH/2	9-	B- 522	WN5WCO	10-	BC- 221
W6LV1/6	24-	Č- 416	WA7JQO	107-	BC- 216
W7AZU/7	- ĝ-	A- 362	WA9RPD	106-	C- 212
W9BZU/9	14-	C- 326	WN2HWN	68-	B- 204
WA7DGF/7	13-	C- 317	W7NML (W7	INTAGE.	D- 204
WAIKZU/1	12-	C- 272	WATIQY)	200-	D- 200
			WAIKTŽ	99-	BC- 199
Three Tra	nsmit	ter <b>s</b>	WNOWWX (	4 0000	DC- 199
W6DO/2	40-4	BC- 635	MINN MY (	44-	D. 10F
11020/4	TO-A.	00- 000	W2PU (WA2	17 A 72 " a	B- 185
			WALUKWAA	90-	
CLAS	S D	1	117 4 (41) 1737	90-	C- 180

CLAS	SD	WAØPVV	88-	ă-	176
<b>V</b>		WAZICU	64-		
One Tran	ısmitter	WBZTUT	41-	DQ-	167
K4WAR (4 ops.	1	KIMNT	54-	 D	164 162
RIVAR (4 Ups	) 14- C-5884	ELIVIN I		Ď.	102
		WAIJHW	80-	Ç-	160
		WA3GAX	78-	Q-	156
K2IOJ (K2IOJ		WN6FOQ	52-		156
	199- C-3194	WB8CLF	72-	_0-	144
K3MJW	185- C-2910	WA3HSE	50-	BC-	140
WB6LJL (2 ops		W3FHR	44-	В-	132
	352- C-2312	WAØVQR	44-	В-	132
W3KQE	121- B-1289	W3GN	130-	.D~	130
WA8WGX	214- C-1284	W9ZPC	64-	C-	128
K4HY	38- BC-1054	WAGOITI	128-	D-	128
WB6TNU S	295- B- 885	WA2ETO	111-	AD-	120
WASIXI (K3Z)	IB, opr.)	WA2FBI	40-	B~	120
	142- C-884	W3ZNF	116-	BD-	118 115
	300~ D- 800	W4FZK	115-	D-	115
	250- C- 700	WB8BSO	57-	C-	114
WAIKEM S	288- BC- 683	KIWXZ	56-	Č٠	112
W2LEJ 3	325- C- 650	WB8BZX	83-	Č-	114 112 106
W2PA (W2s PA	QH)	WA9WVJ	53-	Č-	106
	27- B- 643	KOMGG	46-	Č-	92
WA5QZH 2	269- C- 538	WASWEN		CĎ-	89
WIAW (K6OSC	opr.)	K9DTB	44-	Č.	gg
	500- D- 500	WAIKKM	42-	Ğ-	88 84 82
WIOKA 2	244- C-488	WAOTRY	41-	Ć-	80
W2LHL	158- B- 474	WASPYS	27-	B-	81
WA2GUL I	185- BC- 459	WASCPY	80-	Ď-	87
	214- C- 428	WASEWV	39-	- 6-	80 78 77
	110- D- 410	WB2SIH	77-	Ď-	- 42
WAICR8/1 (W.		VE7BMM	38-	G-	40
WN1 KOV)	100- BC- 408	W7LT	37-	ŏ-	76 74 73 72 62
WAØVJN	197- C- 394	WN2JAE	26-	BČ-	43
	190- C-380	WATHNL	36-	-9 <sub>C</sub>	10
VE3BKO/W1	65- Č- 374	WB4LHH	31-	~	
	22- B- 366	WAØTVH	21-	BČ-	22
WA5CMC I	108- CD- 3£1	WIBDI	27-		62
WERQZ	25- C- 350	WB6JUC	2(-	-2 <sub>C</sub> -	54
WB6AUH	16- B- 348			BD-	48
WB6VCQ I	165- C- 330	WASCMZ		BÇ-	46
		K9DNW	14-	AB-	46
MYONED	54- BC- 324	WN60WL	16-	C-	32

#### W6VB/6



#### Class-B Call-Area Leaders

(Bold Face=Over-all class leaders) 1 Xmtr 2 Xmtr WA1JTG/1 W2FBA/2 W3YVQ/3 K4PQL/4 WA5QIQ/5 K6YNB/6 W7CFJ/7 K8MMM/8 WA1JGK/1 WB2GGP/2 WA3HYY/3 WA5THM/5 W6ICJ/6 W7DFO/7 WA8YTL/8 WA9SYD/9 WØUOW/Ø K8MMM/8 K9FFA/9 KØGXC/Ø

#### Class-C Call-Area Leaders

(Bold Face=Over-all class leaders

1 Xmtr

WA2WVL/2 W3AA/3 W4OZF/4 W5IUP/5 WB6SHO/6 W7AEA/7 WB8AFF/8 WA9BVL/9 WAØBJY/Ø

3 Xmtr W6DO/2

#### Class-D Call-Area Leaders

(Bold Face=Over-all class leaders) 1 Xmtr WA1KEM K2IOJ K3MJW K7WWR W8BZ W9DUA K4WAR W3JX8/5 WB6LJL 3 Xmtr K3YGG WB4FPB W7ĂĞE WA8WGX WA9WMW 4 Xmtr W3UDX WAØVJN VEIAE 2 Xmtr WA1JQC WB2VDX WA3JRA 5 Xmtr W8HH 7 Xmtr WA9SIP WB4ICJ WSES WB6KPR

W41YT WN9ZJI W2EWZ W3DKI, WB6CGZ WN9BIF WA8ZCO WA2BRF WB8ASH W41SS W43JDT	28- 14- 25- 24- 5- 10- 2- 2- 1-	DODDOODBBAAB	28 28 25 24 12 10 6 4 3	

Tuo Transmitters WB6KPR (3 ops.) 616-K7WWR (2 ops.) 797-ABC-5443 K7CBP (13 ops.)
552- C-3912
WB4ICJ (K4VTY W4GHY)
493- C-3558
WA1JQC (WA1s JQC JYE)
400- C-2910 W9DUA (10 ops.)
W5ES (8 ops.) 311WA3JRA (3 ops.)
514BC-1163 W8BZ (5 ops.) 693- CD- 869 WB2VDX (WB2VDX WN2ITE) 71-BCD- 350 WN6IBU (2 ops.) 51- BC- 132

Three Transmitters W9KTB (3 ops.) 390- BC-3152 K3YGG (10 ops.) 463- CD-2375 WB4FPB (3 ops.) 273- C- 746

Four Transmitters W3UDX (15 ops.) 317-BCD-2869 W3LP (4 ops.) 330- BC- 687 Five Transmitters W8HH (8 ops.) 141- C- 482

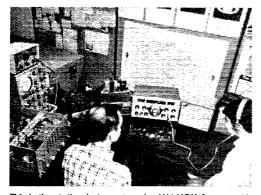
Seven Transmitters WA9SIP (13 ops.) 328-ABC-3891

**95**7-

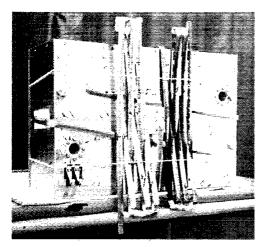
### Australis-Oscar 5

Best results from Australis-Oscar 5 tracking can be obtained if your antenna can be steered in the elevation as well as azimuth mode—as can this one shown right. The antenna also employs circular polarization to reduce fading of the satellite's signal. Plans call for expanding the antenna to a stacked array in an H configuration.

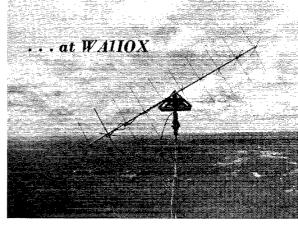
That's some horizon angle at WA11OX, eh?



This is the station being set-up by WATIOX for use with Australis-Oscar 5. The station belongs to the Talcott Mountain UHF Society and is located at the Talcott Mountain Science Center for Student Involvement, Avon, Connecticut. Recently, ARRL granted \$1500 to the Science Center to be used in equipping the station for amateur satellite and moonbounce work.



This is Australis-Oscar 5 shown with its self-erecting steel-tape measure antennas folded for launch. The electronics of the Australian-built satellite have been prepared for flight by Amsat. The satellite is designed to transmit on 29.450 and 144.050 MHz. The "hen scratches" are imperfections in the photograph.





Here is the set-up for reducing telemetry data obtained from Australis-Oscar 5. K1YON matches output of an audio oscillator with the audio tone received from the satellite. The frequency of the telemetry tone is then read from the calibrated dial of the oscillator. An alternate method uses a frequency counter to directly sample and read the telemetry audio tones of Australis-Oscar 5.



WATISD checks-out the strip chart recorder for recording the signal strength of Australis-Oscar 5. Comparison will be made between the ten- and two-meter signals of Australis-Oscar 5. Under the direction of WATIUO, this station will be in charge of orbital determination of the satellite on behalf of Amsat, and will supply WTAW with orbital predictions (obtained from K2LME of the East Coast VHF Society) for bulletin transmission.

November 1969

# Happenings of the Month

## FCC EASES IMPACT OF INCENTIVE LICENSING

The Federal Communications Commission on September 24 adopted a further order in Docket 15928, curtailing somewhat the "Act II" restrictions scheduled to go into effect November 22, 1969.

The frequencies 50.1-54.0 MHz will remain open to all licensees (except Novices). The bottom hundred kHz, presently restricted to holders of Advanced and Extra Class licenses, continue to be restricted.

The first 25 kHz of the 80, 40, 20 and 15-meter cw bands have been restricted to Extra Class licensees since a year ago; this will continue to be true. The additional cw restrictions scheduled for November 22, 1969 have been cancelled.

Further restrictions on phone operation will go into effect as scheduled, however. The frequencies 3825-3900; 7200-7250; 14,200-14,275; and 21,275-21,350 kHz, will be restricted to holders of Advanced and Extra Class licenses on November 22 this year. The two Extra-Class-only phone segments, 3800-3825 and 21,250-21,275 kHz, are unchanged. (See chart on page 64 A)

The text of this order will be found at the end of this department.



Harcld Bourell, WØAZ, was presented this plaque in appreciation of his service as Engineer-In-Charge, of the District FCC office at Kansas City. The occasion was a retirement dinner sponsored by the Mid-Continent Chapter, Quarter Century Wireless Association and the Kansas City DX Club.

#### ELECTION RESULTS

Three incumbent directors, one present vice director and two new vice directors have been elected without membership balloting, since they were the only candidates to be nominated for their respective offices by the members. Noel B. Eaton, VE3CJ, continues as director from the Canadian Division for a sixth term. Dakota Division director Charles G. Compton, W\$BUO, was reelected, also to his sixth term. In the Pacific Division, a second term has been declared for J. A. Doc Gmelin, W\$6ZRJ. Another second-termer is Ralph V. Anderson, K\$NL, vice director from the Midwest Division.

In Canada, incumbent vice director Colin C. Dumbrille, VE2BK, has moved to Bermuda and thus did not stand for reelection. The only candidate for the vacancy is A. George Spencer, VE2MS, of Beaconsfield, Quebec. George, who is 48, makes his living as a partner and chief electrical engineer for Bechtel and Company in Montreal, designing the electrical work for large industrial plants. He's been an assistant director of ARRL in the Canadian Division this year; past president, Niagara Peninsula Radio Club; past president, Buncombe County Amateur Radio Club of Asheville, N.C.; and past president, Montreal Amateur Radio Club. Previous calls were VE3BJC, VE2ASA and VE3DNU since George was first licensed in 1948.

The new vice director from the Pacific Division—replacing G. Donald Eberlein, W6YHM, who didn't run—is Hugh Cassidy, WA6AUD, of San Rafael, California, where he is postmaster. Hugh has been an assistant director, Pacific Division, ARRL since 1965; SCM of the San Francisco Section since 1964; past president, past secretary, Marion Radio Club; president and past secretary, Northern California DX Club; and treasurer, Amateur Radio News Service, He's a member of the Disaster Committee, Marin Chapter American Red Cross, and of RACES. Hugh is former editor of "QSA 5" published by the Marin Radio Club, and presently is editor both of the San Francisco Section Courier and the West Coast DX Bulletin.

The remainder of the offices in the Atlantic, Dakota, Delta, Great Lakes, Midwest and Southeastern Divisions are contested. Ballots were mailed the second week in October to Full Members of record on September 20, 1969. Any Full Member of these divisions who has not received his ballot by the first week in November should immediately write to the Secretary, ARRL, Newington, Connecticut 06111. Ballots to be counted as valid must arrive at ARRL headquarters before noon, November 20, 1969.

Ray Meyers, W6MLZ, former Southwestern Division director (right) appears to be telling Andy Devine, WB6RER "If you can't find it in a League publication, it hasn't been printed." Occasion is operation of special events station K6USA during a three-week demonstration to a different or a different radio by the Los Angeles Council of Radio Clubs. (Photo courtesy State Mutual Savings and Loan Association.)

#### W6 QSL BUREAU CHANGES HANDS

The San Diego DX Club has resigned as handlers of the W6-K6-WA6-WB6-WN6 ARRL QSL Bureau after ten years of fine service to the amateurs of California. Effective November 15, the bureau will be handled by the Northern California DX Club, Post Office Box 11, Los Altos, California 94022.

The W5 QSL Bureau has a new box number and Zip code: Box 31367, El Paso, Texas 79931.

#### Harry M. Engwicht, WISHC Quaple B. Smith, WISKDR

With sorrow we report the death of Harry M. Engwicht, W6HC, director from the ARRL Pacific Division from March 14, 1955 to January 1, 1968. Harry had an arm severely mangled when the inner portion of a crank-up tower dropped. Reports from the hospital indicated he was recovering, but he died suddenly on Monday morning, September 22. Harry had been professor of electrical engineering at San Jose State College; he was 66 years old.

Another September death was that of Quayle B. Smith, W3KDR, of Washington, D.C. who did a lot of the behind-scenes legal work for ARRL as a member of Paul Segal's law firm in the late 40s and the 50s.

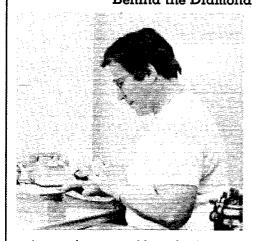


#### OHIO LICENSE PLATES UP \$4.00

The Ohio Legislature has raised the extra fee for special license plates — amateur, physician, initials — from \$1 to \$5 per year, in addition to the regular fee of \$10. The change, instituted in House Bill 501, affects 1970 plates.

Strangely enough, the bill seems to have been unnoticed in amateur circles until its adoption. This points up the need for amateurs in and near state capitals to keep their eyes and ears open when the legislatures are in session.

#### Behind the Diamond



Among the career girls at headquarters, none has a greater variety of jobs to perform than Miss Marion Bayrer, a veteran of 32 years service at the Headquarters. Starting as

#### Number 20 of a Series

a file clerk in 1937, Marion's efficiency and capacity for detail have led her into supervision of out-going and internal mail; overseeing individual orders for publications; ordering of office supplies; advertising for and hiring clerical help; overseeing the reception desk; trouble-shooting QST delivery problems and a few dozen other chores, all under the title of circulation assistant.

A charter member of the ARRL Girl's Club Marion has been its president several terms. She's been a mainstay of its fund-raising affairs, such as the picnic lunch which was offered to the other employees on a day in June for several years; the proceeds went to the Hartford Times farm camp and Camp Courant, a day camp sponsored by Hartford's morning newspaper. On that occasion, she usually ended up as chief hamburger chef.

Away from 225 Main Street, Marion is an active member of Immanuel Congregational Church in Hartford; its businesswomen's club; and the church choir, in which she sings.

#### WHO THE DEVIL IS WHO?

19th in a Series of Call Conversion Charts

Here are additional calls of amateurs taking advantage of new rules which allow Extra Class licensees licensed 25 years ago or longer to acquire two-letter calls. If you should be listed here, let us know by post card right away.

Now	Was	Now	Was	Now	Was	Now	Was
K2BF K2BK W3LR W3VT W3YN W5OB	W2BYN WA2OJD W3CGF W3LOE W3LCI W5BUK	W50H W5PP K6NW K6OG K6OU K6RA	W5BDV W5BXY W6BPE W6JGQ W6JFJ W6EKN	K6PZ K6QL W8JB W8JX WØGV WØKX	W6LVF W6NUK W8COK W8BIE WØCDP WØZHJ	Wøla Wølk Wøln Wølr Wølv	WØLFB WØBRP WØUWG WØCNX WØRHV

## CANADIAN FIRM SUPPORTS ARRL TARIFF VIEW

In a shift from earlier policy, Delta Electronics, Ltd., of Rexdale, Ontario, now supports the ARRL view previously filed with the Tariff Review Board that import duties on amateur equipment should be removed.

The firm's new president, J. H. Baldwin, VE3BS, said in a letter to Canadian Director Eaton:

"I am pleased to report that Delta Electronics has reconsidered its stand concerning reduction of tariffs on amateur gear. As you know, the startup of manufacturing in a limited market has always been a difficult and uneconomic job. Traditionally, import duties have been the means of protecting the small operator

from large foreign competitors, thus encouraging growth of local industry at the temporary expense of the local user. It is for this reason, with full intention of manufacturing amateur gear in Canada, that Delta previously opposed the ARRL brief to the Tariff Board for relief of duty (page 78, December 1968 OST).

"Delta Electronics has since concluded that even with tariff protection it would not be possible to manufacture amateur gear in Canada in the foreseeable future. This being the case, Delta now supports the stand taken by the Heath Company (formerly Daystrom) that removal of tariffs will be beneficial to the amateur fraternity and ultimately to our company. It is our intention to convey this change of view to the Tariff Board . . ."

#### TEXT OF INCENTIVE LICENSING ORDER

## Before the FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION Washington, D. C. 20554

In the Matter of

Amendment of the Amateur Radio Service Rules to provide for reserved frequency bands for Amateur Extra and Advanced Class operators.

RM-1357, RM-1393 RM-1493.

#### ORDER

Adopted: September 24, 1969;

Released: September 26, 1969

By the Commission: Commissioner H. Rex Lee absent.

1. On August 24, 1967, the Commission adopted its Report and Order in Docket No. 15928 (FCC 67-978, 9 FCC 2d 814), which made the allocation of certain sub-bands as "incentives" exclusively to the Extra and Advanced Class amateur operator licensees. The first phase of these allocations went into effect November 22, 1968, and the second phase is scheduled to become effective November 22, 1969.

2. In its Report and Order, the Commission said: "Notwithstanding this schedule, the Commission intends careful review and if it is determined that there is insufficient occupancy of any part of the reserved frequency segments, then the effective date of the implementation schedule will necessarily

be stayed in whole or in part, as appropriate." In its Order denying RM-1287, August 9, 1968, the Commission said regarding Docket No. 15928 that: "...it is its intention...to make necessary changes if the effective utilization of the frequencies involved is threatened." In the same Order, it said: "So that Commission review may be meaningful, it is planned to gauge the results following each stage of implementation."

3. Three petitions and much correspondence have been received suggesting variations and counter proposals to the current rules and the scheduled frequency reservations. RM-1357, filed October 7, 1968, by Neil W. Petlock, proposed an advanced telegraph license which would require only a high speed code test to qualify for use of the Extra Class telegraphy allocations. RM-1393, filed January 1, 1969, by John A. Attaway, proposed that the exclusive Extra Class telegraphy segments 7000-7025 and 14000-14025 kHz not be expanded on November 22, 1969, and suggests that a reservation of a 10 kHz instead of 25 or 50 kHz would provide a better balance of band usage. RM-1493, filed August 6, 1969, by Emery T. Mitton, proposed that the Extra-Advanced exclusive sub-band 50.0-50.1 MHz be reduced to 50.00-50.05 MHz and a telegraphy only segment of the band be established at 53.5-54.0 MHz so as to be available to Technician Class operators.

4. The Commission has considered the abovementioned petitions and correspondence, occupancy surveys of the reserved sub-bands, and license statistics which show a definite shift toward the higher classes of licenses in reaching the following conclusions:

- a. The exclusive telegraphy sub-bands for the Amateur Extra Class licensees are relatively lightly used compared to the telegraphy usage of the balance of the band by the other Classes of operators. Therefore, further expansion is not justifiable as a productive incentive to qualify for the Extra Class license at this time.
- b. The telephony sub-bands reserved for exclusive operation of Advanced and Extra Class licensees are so well used during periods of moderate and heavy amateur activity that the previously adopted further expansion is necessary for the purpose of providing a continuing incentive to qualify for these classes of licenses. Comparison of the current number of licensees of each class and the space available to them in each of the four amateur high frequency telephony bands under consideration confirms the need for such adjustment. Therefore, the telephony allocations in the 3.8, 7.2, 14.2, and 21.25 MHz bands will go into effect on November 22, 1969, exactly as previously adopted by the Commission on August 24, 1967.
- c. The interest in, and use of, the current space reserved for Advanced and Extra Class operators between 50.0 and 50.1 MHz is so moderate that the further expansion to 50.00-50.25 MHz scheduled for November 22, 1969, is unwarranted.
- 5. In reaching the above conclusions, the Commission has given consideration to the proposals advanced by the petitioners. The proposal of Mr. Petlock (RM-1357) is not consistent with the Commission's intent to encourage a balanced achievement at the highest level, both in code and technical ability, and is therefor denied. As noted above, further expansion of any of the four Extra Class exclusive telegraphy sub-bands is not justified by the present level of activity. However, a reduction at this time from the present 25 kHz segments as proposed by Dr. Attaway (RM-1393) would not be consistent with the desirability of continuing an incentive to qualify for the Extra Class license. Accordingly, his petition is granted to the extent provided herein and denied in other respects. In view of Mr. Mitton's statement (RM-1439) that the 50 MHz band is very lightly occupied, and in the absence of any affirmative showing for a need to realign the frequencies in that band, his petition
- 6. In view of the foregoing, the Commission finds that the amendments to Part 97, Amateur Radio Service, as set forth in the attached Appendix, are in the public interest, convenience, and necessity. The authority for such amendments is contained in Section 4(i) and 303 of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended.
- 7. Accordingly, IT IS ORDERED, That effective November 22, 1969, Part 97 of the Commission's Rules IS AMENDED as set forth in the attached Appendix.
- 8. IT IS FURTHER ORDERED, That the petitions filed by Neil L. Peticok (RM-1357, John A. Attaway (RM-1393), and Emery T. Mitton (RM-1493), to the extent that they are at variance with the rule changes adopted herein, ARE DENIED.

#### FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

BEN F. WAPLE Secretary

#### APPENDIX

Part 97 of the Commission's Rules is amended as follows:

Section 97.7(a) & table, and par (c) [Note deleted] are amended to read as follows:

§97.7 Privileges of operator licenses.

(a) Amateur Extra Class and Advanced Class. All authorized amateur privileges including exclusive frequency operating authority in accordance with the following table.

Frequencies	Class of license authorized
3500-3525 kc/s 3800-3825 kc/s 7000-7025 kc/s 14000-14025 kc/s 21000-21025 kc/s 21250-21275 kc/s	Amateur Extra Only
3825-3900 kc/s 7200-7250 kc/s 14200-14275 kc/s 21275-21350 kc/s 50-50.1 Mc/s	Amateur Extra and Advanced

(c) Technician Class. All authorized amateur privileges on the frequencies 50.1-54.0 Mc/s and 145-147 Mc/s and in the amateur frequency bands above 220 Mc/s.

#### RULES FOR LIFE MEMBERSHIP

- Life Membership is granted only by the Executive Committee, upon proper application from a Full (U. S. or Canadian licensed) Member.
- 2. The Life Membership fee is twenty times the annual dues rate, or currently \$130.
- 3. An applicant may choose an alternative time-payment plan of 8 quarterly instalments, \$16.25 each. In such instance he will provided an interim two-year Full Membership certificate. Upon completion of the payments, Life Membership will be granted.
- 4. Life Memberships are non-transferable, and dues payments are non-refundable. In the event an applicant is unable to complete payments on the instalment plan, he will be given a term of membership, at the annual dues rate, commensurate with payments received.
- 5. Other licensed amateurs in the same family, and at the same address, of a Life Member may retain or obtain Family Membership upon payment of the annual dues of \$1, but without receipt of QST. The dues of the Family Member may be prepaid for any number of years in advance, but there is no special rate.
- Application forms are available upon request from the Secretary, ARRL Newington, Conn. 06111.



## Of, By and For the Radio Amateur

BY DON WATERS\*

ou can easily miss the inconspicuous sign at the long entry drive. What you spot first as you drive north a mile or so on Main Street out of the small town center of Newington, a residential suburb of Hartford, Connecticut, is the imposing array of antenna towers surrounding a small brick building. Then, if you look, you can see a sprawling, attractive building, set well back from the road on campus-like

This is the headquarters of the American Radio Relay League. The small brick building with the antennas, of course, is the Hiram Percy Maxim Memorial Station, better known to hams around the world as W1AW, the voice of ARRL. These were the call letters of Maxim, the League's co-founder and first president. The spacious main headquarters building houses the League staff — and the offices of QST and the other ARRL publications. The offices are attractive and efficient but essentially Spartan in furnishings and decor.

The headquarters building is the hub of a vast activity which involves the 70 full-time staffers, 16 elected directors, 16 elected vice directors, 5 officers, some 250 appointed assistant directors, 74 elected section communications managers, some 6000 appointees in the field organization, 18 members of two pilot Advisory Committees, two dozen district QSL bureaus with many helping hands, about 1300 affiliated amateur radio clubs, and nearly 100,000 members in the U.S., Canada and around the world. All of the League's "official family," except the headquarters staff itself, are volunteers, serving the League and its membership without pay in the interests of amateur radio.

Into and out of the headquarters building flow thousands of pieces of mail each week, making the League by far the largest customer (around \$75,000 annually) of the Newington Post Office. The annual telephone bill (including telegraph) is more than \$11,000. About 1000 visitors from all over, including patient wives and curious children, tour headquarters each year. When you add the hundreds of field trips by the staff, directors and volunteer leaders to hamfests, conventions and club meetings, the contact with the membership is continuous and very impres-

League Headquarters is also the center of what is in effect a major business enterprise, with an annual budget of about a million and a half

\* Public Relations Consultant, ARRL

dollars. This money - your dollars - goes to provide the monthly issues of QST, the Radio Amateur's Handbook, various other League publications, such membership services as the Technical Information Service and Training Aids, awards, contest sponsorship, staff salaries, travel to clubs and conventions, representation before FCC and ITU, in addition to all the miscellaneous and customary expenses of any office. League headquarters is additionally the world headquarters of the International Amateur Radio Union with its 81 member societies in as many countries in Europe, Africa, Asia, Australia, New Zealand and Latin America.

How is all this organized? Who does what to whom? How does the League function by, for and through its members? It's all spelled out in the Articles of Association, the By-Laws, and in the pamphlet, Operating an Amateur Radio Station. These, however, are rather formidable reading, so here is a review and rundown in what hopefully will be a more palatable form.

#### The Policy Makers

Let's start at the top. The League membership has vested basic policy-making authority in its Board of Directors - 16 members, one from Canada and one from each of 15 U.S. divisions. Each director is elected by the membership in a division, along with a vice director who serves a concurrent term. They all serve without compensation, although directors are reimbursed for certain out-of-pocket expenses. To qualify for nomination by any 10 Full Members, a candidate for either office must have been a licensed amateur and a full League member for four continuous years and without any direct commercial radio interests. In addition to establishing overall policy, it is a director's responsibility to keep himself informed of conditions and activities in his division, the needs and desires of the members so he may faithfully and intelligently represent their true interests. To do so, he visits clubs, hamfests and other ham gatherings as much as he can, maintains an extensive cor-

Did you know that ARRL's "official family" is more than 6000 strong? Here's a review of the League's organization and how it functions.

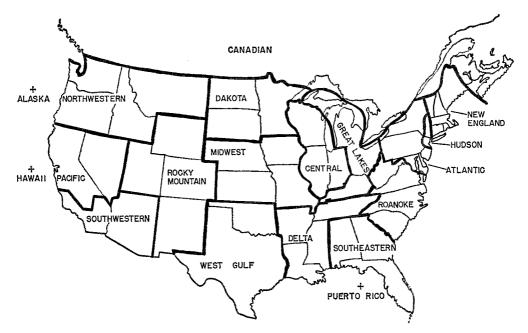


Fig. 1—Boundaries of the 16 League administrative divisions.

respondence, distributes a newsletter, and appoints assistant directors to help him maintain contact with the membership.

Half the Board comes up for election each year so there is continuity, each member serving a two-year term. The full Board meets at least once each year in May. Usually these meetings are in Hartford, but they have been held also in San Francisco, Washington, Denver, Quebec and New Orleans.

To direct affairs in the interim, an Executive Committee consisting of the President, First Vice President, General Manager, and four directors elected by the Board meets at least four times a year.

The Board has established five standing committees of directors to deal regularly with basic League functions, or with special problems as they might arise. The Finance Committee has guidance responsibilities in both investment policies and budgetary projections. The Planning Committee is a general reference body which makes studies and recommendations from time to time, as for example of band occupancy and the suitability of subband segments, as directed by the Board. The Membership & Publications Committee, as indicated by the name, concerns itself with membership promotion and the supervision of the League's family of publications. Duties of the Public Relations Committee are also evident from its name. The Merit & Awards Committee coordinates issuance of the QST Cover Plaque, ARRL Merit Award, and other such honors when issued.

In addition, two pilot advisory committees have been established as an experiment, aimed at closer contact with the membership in specialty areas and a source of recommendations to the

Board in these areas: Contests, and VHF Repeaters. Substantially serving also as "committees" are the area staffs of the National Traffic System.

#### Officers and Staff

The officers of the League are elected by the Board and responsible to it. They are (with current incumbents) a President (Robert W. Denniston, WØDX), a First Vice President (Wayland M. Groves, W5NW), no more than two additional Vice Presidents (Roemer O. Best, W5QKF), a Secretary (John Huntoon, W1LVQ) and a Treasurer (David H. Houghton). There is also one Honorary Vice President, Francis E. Handy, W1BDI, who served as Communications Manager for 42 years until his retirement in 1967.

President Denniston of course presides over meetings of the Board, but basically has the responsibility to "represent the League in its relationships with the public and the various governments, governmental agencies and officials with which the League may be concerned." He also is the official spokesman of the Board of Directors in regard to all matters of League policy. Vice Presidents Groves and Best assist in these functions as required. WØDX is also president of the International Amateur Radio Union, an affiliation of 81 national amateur societies around the world.

The Secretary of the League has mostly corporate duties — recording of minutes of the Board and Executive Committee, filing of records of the corporation, and "keeper of the seal." In charge of ARRL funds is Treasurer David Houghton, who served also as Circulation Man-

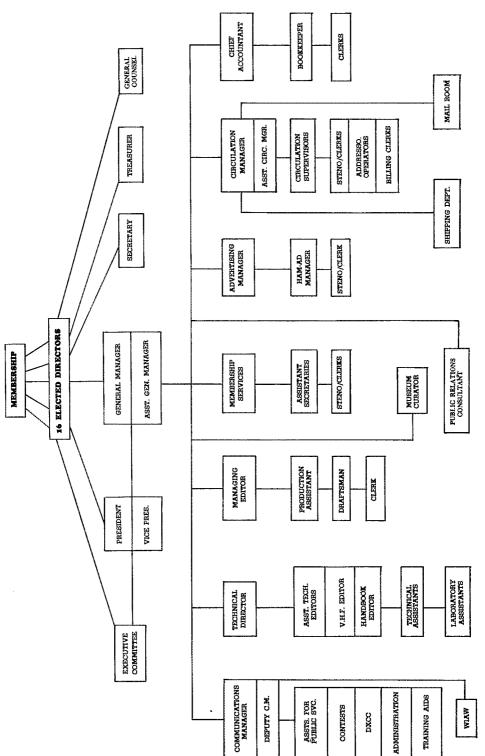


Fig. 2—The "wiring diagram" of the League's organizational structure.

ager on the Hq. staff for 43 years prior to retirement in 1965, and is primarily responsible, in consultation with the Finance Committee, for the League's fine portfolio of securities investments.

General Counsel Booth, W3PS, a Washington, D.C. attorney, represents the League in legal matters and functions as a continuing contact and "listening post" with the Federal Communications Commission, the Congress and other agencies concerned with amateur radio matters in the Federal government. The Associate Counsel, Arthur K. Meen, Q.C., VE3RX, a Toronto attorney, performs a similar function in Canada, working closely with Director VE3CJ. Public Relations Counsel Don Waters, who operates his own firm in Ridgefield, Conn., works with the General Manager, the staff, and with directors upon request, primarily on matters concerned with membership relations, communications with amateurs generally, recruiting and, to a lesser extent, on communications with the non-amateur public in behalf of amateur radio.

All directors, vice directors and officers of the League are listed in the front of each issue of QST. The division boundaries are shown in Figure 1.

Practical implementation of many League functions is accomplished through a Headquarters staff under the direction of the General Manager, who serves "at the pleasure of the Board." He is responsible for routine management of the affairs of the League, following policies and guidelines and pursuing objectives laid down by the Board. He hires the other employes and is responsible for their work. The organization chart, Fig. 2, illustrates these functions as well as the overall administrative structure of the League.

#### Field Organization

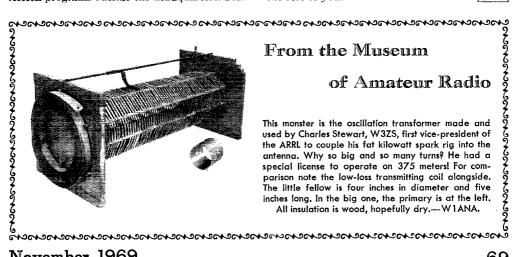
The term "field organization" can be (and sometimes is) applied to all the elected and appointed officials of the League who are unpaid, plus all the members participating in various ARRL programs outside the headquarters. Principally, however, it refers to those elected officials and appointees of the ARRL Communications Department who are active in the League's sponsored operating (i.e., on-the-air) programs.

The key people in the field organization are the 74 Section Communications Managers, elected for two-year terms by the membership in each section. Most sections are defined by state boundaries and are listed in the front of each issue of QST. (A detailed list by counties is in the League pamphlet, Operating an Amateur Radio Station, free on request to any member.) The SCM is responsible for field appointments and the ARRL operating program in his section. A substantial portion of QST each month is devoted to sectional reports of activities.

His appointees include a Section Emergency Coordinator and community Emergency Coordinators who maintain the section emergency communications plan. Route Managers to coordinate traffic handling, Phone Activities Managers who coordinate organized voice communications activities in the section, Official Relay Stations who operate in the various established nets via cw and RTTY, the Official Phone Stations who do the same for voice, Official Bulletin Stations who transmit League bulletins on a regular schedule, Official Observers who assist in promoting compliance with government regulations by providing a cooperative monitoring service, and Official VHF Stations who provide organized services in the VHF bands.

These people, too, all serve without compensation.

This, then, in essence, is how ARRL is organized and how it functions. To a degree that is true of few (if any) other avocations, this is the means by which radio amateurs over the past half-century have made amateur radio what it is today. Any amateur can be a part of this organization — and nearly 100,000 are. At \$6.50 in dues per year or \$130 for Life, it has got to be a ham's biggest bargain. Where are all the rest of you?



November 1969

# ARMED FORCES DAY 1969

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#### Communication Test Results

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Once again, the annual Armed Forces Day communications tests conducted by the Departments of the Army, Navy, and Air Force on 17 May 1969 conclusively demonstrated the close partnership and mutual respect prevailing between U.S. radio amateurs and the U.S. Department of Defense. With several military radio stations participating, tests included military-to-amateur crossband operations in cw, RTTY, and ssb modes and receiving contests for both cw and RTTY.

#### Crossband Results

Military radio stations WAR, NSS, NPG, and AIR had a combined total of 8877 QSOs during the 12 hours and 45 minutes devoted to the military-to-amateur crossband portion of the communication tests. Commemorative QSL cards have been mailed to all contacts who could be identified in the Spring 1969 issue of the Radio Amateur Callbook Magazine. (Any amateur who has not received a QSL card confirming his contact should address a request for clarification to Armed Forces Day Contest, Room 5A522, The Pentagon, Washington, D. C. 20315. This request must include the amateur's call sign, station worked, time of contact and frequency utilized by the military station.)

#### CW Receiving Contest Results

There were 466 perfect entries for the 25 wpm cw Broadcast Message originated by the Secretary of Defense. The complete text of the 25 word per minute Morse-Code Message is printed below followed by the call signs or names of individuals who received a Certificate of Merit for submitting a perfect contest entry:

- --- R --- 172100z мау 69
- FM WASHINGTON DC
- TO ALL ARMED FORCES DAY PARTICIPANTS

GR 214 BT ON THIS ANNUAL OBSERVANCE OF ARMED FORCES DAY I AM PLEASED TO EXTEND GREETINGS TO RADIO AMATEURS IN ALL FIELDS OF MILITARY AND CIVILIAN ENDEAVOR PD THE LONG STANDING MUTUALLY AD-VANTAGEOUS RELATIONSHIP WHICH EXISTS BETWEEN THE AMATEUR RADIO FRATERNITY AND THE MILITARY COMMUNICATIONS SERVICES IS NOW REFLECTED IN A DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE DIRECTIVE PUBLISHED IN NOVEMBER 1968 PD THAT DOCUMENT REAFFIRMS MORE THAN A HALF CENTURY OF MILITARY INTEREST AND SUPPORT OF AMATEUR RADIO PD THE MILITARY AFFILIATE RADIO SYSTEM PROGRAM SPONSORED BY THE MILITARY DEPARTMENTS IS TANGIBLE EVIDENCE OF THAT INTEREST AND SUPPORT PD FUNDAMENTALLY CMM IT SHALL BE THE POLICY OF THE DEPARTMENT OF

DEFENSE TO ENCOURAGE AND COOPERATE IN THE DEVELOPMENT OF AMATEUR RADIO CMM TO AVOID ANY ACTION WHICH WOULD TEND TO JEOPARDIZE THE INDEPENDENT PREROGATIVES OF THE INDIVIDUAL RADIO AMATEUR AND TO MAINTAIN LIAISON WITH RECOGNIZED US AMATEUR RADIO ORGANIZATIONS PD THE INTERNATIONAL AMATEUR RADIO UNION AND THE AMERICAN RADIO RELAY LEAGUE ARE RECOGNIZED AS PREEMINENT SPOKESMEN FOR AMATEUR RADIO PD AS IN THE PAST CMM THE MILITARY DEPARTMENTS WILL CONTINUE TO COOPERATE WITH THOSE OR-GANIZATIONS IN THE PRESERVATION AND PROMOTION OF AMATEUR RADIO IN THE PUBLIC AND MILITARY INTEREST PD MY BEST WISHES TO YOU ALL FOR EVERY FUTURE SUCCESS SGD MELVIN R LAIRD CMM SECRE-TARY OF DEFENSE BT QRU AR

#### C.W. Certificate Winners:

WA1AAQ/5, W1ABE, W1AJK, W1BB, W1BDI, WA1-BLZ, WICZE, WAIDRS, WIECH, WIEKB, WIELL, K1ESG, W1EXG, WA1FGN, W1GBB, WA1GFH, W1-GUP, WAIHDE, WIKKB, WNIKRP, WAIGHI, WIGGD, WAIHDE, WIKKB, WNIKRP, WILZL, WIMCG, WIMTQ, WIOMN, WIUPG, WIWPR, WIWXS, KIZYW, W2AGH, WA2AUZ, K2AXI, VE2BTW, W2BVE, K2BVS, W2BWL, WB2CGE, WA2CKL, W2CLQ, W2COG, W2DJM, W2DRV, W2EAF, WB2EHZ, WA2EMY, WROEGO, WROCOM, WROCOW, W2COW, W2CO WB2EVA, WB2FGQ, WB2GMN, WB2GOK, W2GQN, W2HKJ, WB2IEC, WA2IOG, K2IOJ, W2JDC, WB2JGO, WEILG, WEILG, WAZIOG, KEIJG, WEIGG, WEIGG, WEIGG, WEIGG, KIJWM, WAZKIP, WZLC, KLZLHF, WZLYH, WZNZ, WZNZ, WZNZ, WZNZ, WZNZ, WZNZ, WZNZ, WZNZ, WZNZ, WZZNZ, WZ MYYWO, W2ZCH, KZEH, WAZYSI, WAZYIS, W3ZWI, WYYWO, W2ZCH, KZEFM, WAZEFP, W2IX, W3ABC, WA3ACE, W3ADE, W3BFF, W3BFP, W3CA, K3CKT, K3DYT, W3ECP, W3EOV, VE3ERU, V2SESH, W3FA, W3FU, K3GOH, K3HNP, K3HPG, K3HTZ, W3IDO, WA3ILB/I, K3ILC, W3IVD, W3JET, W3JM, WA3JTT W3JXK, W3KV, WA3LKH, W3MAA, K3MNT, W3NNL, W30XS, W38FY, W38S, W3TRC, W3VK, W30XS, W3FKC, W3VK, W3WR, W3ZLP, W4ABY, W4ADK, W4AHQ, W4AT, K4AWY, W4BBZ, W4BD, W4BMW, W4BN, W4BP, KL4BWR, W4CJW, K4DSN, WB4ECK, W4EFY, K4ELD, K4EOF, W4FFF, W84FIN, K4FN, K4FX, W4GEF, W4GRG, WB4HGT, K4HOE, K4HOS, W4-WA4GOC. HYY, WB4IRV, WA4ISM, W4IYB, W4JDR, W4JJU, W4JRA, W4JXD, W4JXM, K4KHT, W4KNE, K4KR, WB4KZF, WB4KZI/4, WB4LNV, W4MKU, K4MS, W4-NEI, W4NPG, W4NTE, W4PKI, W4PQL, W4PVW, WA4PWF, W4RHZ, W4SCF, K4SJH, W4UMO, WP4UW, W4VDM, W4VOL, W4VX, WB4VYZ, W4WDF, W4YOH, W4VDM, W4VOL, W4VX, WB4VYZ, W4WDF, W4IOH, WA4VSX, W5AIR, W5AJG, K5BJN/6, WA5BNK, WA5BZR, W5CCF, WA5CER, WA5DEM, W5EGZ, W5EJY, W5FBJ, W5FMO, W5HGT, W5HN, W5IGZ, K5JGZ, WA5JJF, W5JMP, WA5KPO, W5LLS, W5MCC, WA5MFZ, WA5MIB, WA5MML, W5MV, W5MW, W5NDY, W5NFJ, WA5GL, WA5NOM, W5NV, W5DR, W MFZ, WA5MIB, WA5MML, W5MV, W5MW, W5NDV, W5NFJ, WA5GL, WA5NOM, W5NV, W5OB, K5OBO, W50M5N, W0VX, KVPEV, W5PVE, K5QFV, WASQOZ, W5RCF, K5RIR, WA5RXA, WA5SHP, W5TOO, WA5VRL, W5YAJ, K5YBN, K5ZU, W6AAQ, W6AEE, W6AIG, WB6AO, K6AU, K6BA, W6BGF,

70 QST for

WA6DEI, W6DOU, K6DY, WB6EJU, W6ELT, WA6EPT, W6ENA, W6EY, W6FAX, W6FD, W6FLW, W6FNG, WA6FPM, W6FQ, KH6FX, W6GC, K6GPB, K6HB, W6HDJ, W6HKM, W6HTS, W6INI, W6IQ, WB6IRJ, W6HDJ, W6HKM, W6HTS, W6INI, W6IQ, WB6IRJ, W6ISQ, WA6JBW, W6KS, W6LIP, WB6MH, W6MMG, W6MXO, K6MV, W6NH, K6OT, W6OWP, WA6OXJ, W6PU, W6QIL, W6QQ, W6RBK, W6RDK, K6SHZ, W6TZ, W6TZD, WB6URS, W6VK, WB6VLI, W6VPC, K6VYJ, W6WD, W6WJ, K6WTE, W0YFV, WB6YQS, K6YWI, WA6ZBL, WB6ZFV, WN6ZXN, WA7BEV, K6YWI, WA6ZBL, WB6ZFV, WN6ZXN, WA7BEV, W7CFJ, WA7CMD, W7EA, WA7ELF, W7ETK/Ø, W7EU, W7FHD, W7EYF, K7GAQ/6. W7EXT. W7HNA, W7HRM, WA7IEJ, WA7ISA, W7JMH, W7JX, WYRNA, WYRRIN, WAYLES, WAYLER, WYMEN, WYGNIH, WYA, WYKN, K7KSA, WYLEK, WYMAE, WYMGE, WYNGW, WYOCX, K7OFW, WYPAE, WYSJT, W7SMR, K7VJU, K7WSW, WYYOG, WBSAIF, W8AIL, WSAST, WBC, W8BEG, W8BEG, W8BEG, K8COU, K8ENX, KSEQN, W8FB, W8FF, W8FLA, K8HLJ, W8HZA, W8IJV, W8IBX/2, K8KIR, K8KSN, WASMRM. W8OMY, W8ORD, W8PDW, W8QLJ, W8RLR, K8RXD, W8RXH, WASSRM, W8SS, W8SYZ, W8TCO, K8VWN, W8WVL, WA8WWS, WOLONG WA9AVM, W9ANB, WA9AVM, WA9I W8YCP, W8VYU, WASYSB, K9AAG, K9AHH. WA9AXD, W9CB, W9CBE, WA9CCP, W9CXY, WA9DHI, W9DM, WA9EAL, W9EGR, W9FC, W9FG, W9FLB, W9GCZ, W9GWC, WA9LAE, WA9IAL WA9QMB, WOSUF, W9GWC, W9HMR, W9HTO, W9IDO, W9IZD, W9JNB, WA9MHU, WA9MOP, WA9MOQ, WA9QMB, WA9QOR, WA9QOQ, K9OHI. K9ONI, WA9RNT, W9501, WA9YDS, KORAA. W9VHD, W977AK, W4FA W9SUF, W91CO, W99YOU, W9ZEN, W9ZSQ, WØAH, KØAUU, KØCOU, WØFA, WAØHHN, KØHPJ, WØKIK, WØKIS, WØLEK, WAØNJF, KØOJQ, WAØPRL, WAØQEX, WØRXD, WØUCE, ARCHER, FRANCIS O., SR., RMNC (SS) USN (RET); BROZEK, C. J., RM2; BURLESON, DOYEL W .; CHENOWETH, CHARLES E., CWO2: CHRISHOLM,
THOMAS W.; COFFEY, JAMES C.; COURTNEY,
WILLIAM, RM3; COX. CLARK W., USNR (RET);
CUDDINGTON, EDWARD C., RM2; DAVIS, JAMES F.; FAULK, GLEN RICARDO, RM1, USN; GREGORY, F.; FAULE, GLEN RICARDO, AMI, COM, GARGOTA, ARTHUR F., RMI; JONES, JOHN R., GYSGT; KWANT, LARENCE J.; LANGLEY, BERNARD R.; LORD, BENJAMIN P.; LUND, D. S.; MC KEETHAN, ALTON; POWERS, C. A., RMC; REID, WILLIAM; RUSSELL, CLYDE H.; SIGNORELLI, P. R.; SOREN-SEN, G. E., RM2; STUCKERT, ROBERT I.; TADAY. ALEXANDER A.; WATKINS, PETER H.; WATSON, JOSEPH A., RM1; WELLS, EDWARD O., RM1.

#### RTTY Receiving Contest Results

There were 424 perfect entries for the 60 wpm RTTY Broadcast Message originated by the Secretary of Defense. The complete text of the 60 word per minute radioteletypewriter message is printed below followed by the calls or names of the successful participants who received a Certificate of Merit for submitting a perfect contest entry:

н 172130z мау 69

FM WASHINGTON DC

TO ALL ARMED FORCES DAY PARTICIPANTS

ON THIS 20TH ANNUAL ARMED FORCES DAY I AM PLEASED TO EXTEND GREETINGS TO RADIO AMATEURS IN ALL FIELDS OF MILITARY AND CIVILIAN ENDEAVOR. THE MUTUALLY ADVANTAGEOUS RELATIONSHIP WHICH HAS LONG EXISTED BETWEEN THE MILITARY COM-MUNICATIONS SERVICES AND THE AMATEUR RADIO FRATERNITY IS NOW REFLECTED IN A DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE DIRECTIVE PUBLISHED IN NOVEMBER 1968. THAT MILESTONE DOCUMENT IN THE MORE THAN HALF CENTURY HISTORY OF AMATEUR RADIO ATTESTS TO THE INTEREST IN AND SUPPORT OF AMATEUR RADIO BY THE DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE. THE MILI-TARY SPONSORED MILITARY AFFILIATE RADIO SYSTEM PROGRAM IS TANGIBLE EVIDENCE OF THAT INTEREST AND SUPPORT. FUNDAMENTALLY, IT SHALL BE THE POLICY OF THE DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE TO AVOID ANY ACTION WHICH WOULD TEND TO JEOPARDIZE THE INDEPENDENT PREOGRATIVES OF THE INDIVIDUAL

RADIO AMATEUR, TO ENCOURAGE AND COOPERATE IN THE DEVELOPMENT OF AMATEUR RADIO AND TO MAINTAIN LIAISON WITH RECOGNIZED U.S. AMATEUR RADIO ORGANIZATIONS. IN THE LATTER CONNECTION THE AMERICAN RADIO RELAY LEAGUE AND THE INTERNATIONAL AMATEUR RADIO UNION ARE RECOGNIZED AS THE PRE-EMINENT SPOKESMEN FOR AMATEUR RADIO. AS IN THE PAST, THE COMMUNICATIONS SERVICES OF THE MILITARY DEPARTMENTS WILL CONTINUE TO COOPERATE WITH THESE ORGANIZATIONS IN THE PROMOTION AND PRESERVATION OF AMATEUR RADIO IN THE MILITARY AND PUBLIC INTEREST. MY BEST WISHES TO YOU ALL FOR EVERY FUTURE SUCCESS. SIGNED MELVIN R. LAIRD, SECRETARY OF DEFENSE.

BT QRU AR

#### RTTY Certificate Winners:

W5MCO, W5NKG, W5NU, K5OLU, WA5OUD, W5PVE, WA5SLC, WA5TKU, K5VOZ, K5YBN, W5YIU, K5YN, WA6AAY, WOACON WA6BNC, WB6AAL, W6AWP, W6ACN, W6AEE, WA5ZR. W6AWY. W6BGH, WB6AQR, W6BIK, W6BLV, K6BPI, WB6BRY, K6BUU, WB6BWZ, W6CJC, WB6CPL, WA6COW, W6CYY, WB6DBD, W6DOU, WA6DVH, W6DWK, WB6DWM, K6DZN, W6EGH, W6ELZ, K6EPT, W6FAX, W6FFY, W6FLW, K6GKX, K6GUQ, WN6GVU, W6FRE. KH6GKL, W6GYW, W6GY, W6GYH, W6HCQ, WA6HG, W6HKB, W6HTS, W6HYG, KH6IBI, W6JDN, W6JKY, W6JPY, W6JT, W6JWF, K6JWQ, W6JYB, W86KLP, W6KS, WA6KZF, W6LDG, W6LFK, K6LFM, W6LGC, W6LRT, V6LVR, WB6MHO, WB6MMC, WB6OGD, W6OWP, K6OYR, K6NCG. W6LSW. W6LVR. WA6PDR WB6ODR, WB6PMV, K6F11, WA6RBT, W6QIG, WB6QJW, WA6PIR. WC6QMJ, W6QZC, WA6RBT K6SHZ, WB6TFC, WB6TMQ, WA6RZB, W6SCR, WA6TVL, WA6TWG, WB6UUX, W6VPC, WA6VGE, W6VVF. W6TX. WB6VYR, WATCCK, VETON WTEZU, K6WA. WB6WRS, W7APE, WA7BEU. WA7BVN. VE7CZ, W7DCR. W7DFX. WA7FAB, W7FEN. WA7DTF K7GYH, W7IGK, W7IXD, K7JJS, W7JMH, WA7KQN, W7MAE, WA7MGX, K7MLO, W7NFR, W7LBK. WA7NHO, K7PMG, K7SPJ, K7UXK, K7WTQ, K7WWR, W7YDX, K8AN, W8AN, WA8AWU, W8BC, W8BEK, I, KSEQN, WSFEU, WASFYF, KSGJL, WASHCK, WSIHU, WSIJV, WA1AAQ/5, WA1CBP, WA1CTR, WA1CXD, WA1DHM, W8FEU. W8CWE/1, W8GYV. WA1BRL, WAIBKL, WAICHF, WAICHR, WAICHR, WIFK KIKMY, WILLB, WIMCG, WINPL, WIOMN, WIREK, KIRYP, KIZKH, K2AGI, W2BLV, WA2CUB, W2CY, WB2DIV, W1CHAM, WIREK, WIREK W2DWE, K2EDF, W2FAM, WB2FEL, WA2DVU. WB2HXZ, W2JA,, WB2HXZ, W2JA,, WA2MQX, WB2JBH. K2KAQ. WB2FOC, W2OKO. WA2LKF, K2OEQ, WB2OUZ, K2RRM, W2RUT, K2SBD, K2SEV, W2SUH, WA2VYS. W2SV. WB2TSV, W2VIK, WA2VSO. WA3BCO, WA3BFN. WA2YFB, WA2ZVL, K3ABA WA3BHX, W3CA, W3CPR, W3CRO, W3CUL, K3CYD, K3ECF, W3EEK, W3EOV, K3FJU, WA3GBK, K3GK, W3IRS, W3IVD, WA3KIG, WN3KZR, WA3HEN, W3MHD, WA3LKH. W3LOY. W3NSI, W3NST, W3PYW, K3QJO, K3RCM, K3RTR, W3SFY, K3SYM, K3UUL, K3UWJ, K3VIK. W3VR, K3YSI, K3ZDR, W4AAY, K4AOB, K4AWY, WB4BLL, W4CQI, W4CTT, K4CZ, W4DBF, W4DYE, K4EID, WB4ESM, WA4FHY, K4FPW, W4FY, K4GJW, K4GVE, WA4GZY, WB4HEW. W4HSR/5, WB4IFI, W4IRZ, W4JDR, W4JRA, W4KNE, K4KZH, WB4LNY, WA4MBQ, K4QJH, W4SKX, WA4TFB, WA4UPI, WA4UMK, WA4UNW, WA4USB, W4VBD, K4VDM, WA4WCL, WA4WTN, W4YPG. AG5AB, W5AJG, K5BJN/6, WA5BNK, K5BYF, W5CAJ. WA5CER, WA5DEM, W5DKK, W5DNH, W5EAH, W5EDZ WA5FH, K5GFV, W5HN, W5JGH, WA5JJF. WA5JQS, KZ5KR, W5LLG, W5LNG, K5MBB, K8JHA, WASKPT, W8MBB, WA8MOA, W8OMY, K8KAG, WASUGA, W8PYM, W8TCO, KSTID, WASVEB, K8ZPR, W9ATK, WA9AVM, K8WQS. WASYSB. W9BUF, W9CAV, WA9CCP, W9AZW. K9BRL, K9CCX. W9CUW, K9DAS K9CMX, WA9CCQ, W9DRN, W9DVJ, W9DY, W9EPT, W9EWC, W9FXC,

W9GDV, K9GSC, K9GWT, W9GYL, W9HMR, WA9KEJ, K9LRO, W9LVC, W9MGV, K9OJQ, W9ONI, K9PJB, K9PJB, K9PJB, K9POU, W9PRO, W9QVQ, WA9RSN, WSSUF, WA9TTJ, W9TYT, K9UKH, K9UTN, W9VMG, W9WNB, W9YGN, W9ZBM, W9ZDI, W9ZGC, W9ZQE, KØATZ, WØCXT, WAØCXY, KØDYM, KØECG, WØFA, KØFLK, WØFWD, WØHFP, WAØHXA, WØIBZ, WBØILV, WØJOL, WØJUV, WØKIS, WØLDO, WØLFH, WAØPWI, KØPWZ, KØQLB, WAØRTD, WØRXD, WØSIR, WØTCK, WØTDH, WØUCE, WØUSO, WØVCM, WØVLB, WAØVQM, WØYSK, WØYYM, WØZWN

ANDREWS, CHARLES, CAPT; BADE, RAYMOND P.; BRODIE, WILLIAM H., JR.; COMBS, JAMES;

CORKINS, DANIEL M.; DAVIS, F. E., M.D.; DOR, MAN, D. D., RM2; FOOTE, JOHN R.; GOODMAN, DAVID J.; GRAVES, JAMES R., JR.; GREGORY, ARTHUR F., RM1; HOLD, ROBERT V.; JOSEY-CHARLES C.; KAUFMAN, WALTER, 11.T (CAP), LOWE, G. F.; MARSHALL, S. B., RMSN; MEADOWS, J. R.; MENADIER, PAUL T.; MILLER, TERRY R., RM2; MUELLER, C. B.; NCOIC BASE MARS STATION BROOKS AIR FORCE BASE, TEXAS; ROBERTS, CONRAD E., JR.; SMAPLE, WESLEY J.; RMC; SCHUMACHER, LEN; SMITH, HENRY, JR., ET1; ROTH, TIMOTHY J.; TUCKER, LARRY L.; WELLS, EDWARD O., RM1; WENDLAND, W. Q.; WILHELM, DONALD L.



California — The AARU K6SYU Annual Dinner Dance will be held November 8 at Michaels' Inn, Fullerton, at 8 p.m.

Minnesota — The Faribault Area Radio Club will host the winter hamfest of the Handi-Ham System/Piconet on Saturday, December 6, from 9 a.m. to 4 p.m. Meeting will be held at the Faribault Eagles Club rooms, located on Minnesota Highway 60, 1½ miles west of Faribault. The Hamfest will consist of speakers, luncheon, Handi-Ham System meeting and Piconet meeting, and eyeball QSOs. Registration is \$1.50 (includes luncheon). Write Faribault Area Radio Club, P.O. Box 772, Faribault, Minn. 55021.

Oklahoma — The Annual Texoma Hamarama will be held again this year at the beautiful Lake Texoma State Lodge, November 14, 15, and 16. Registration is \$2.00 per person. There will be plenty of programs, swapping and goodies. This is a family affair for anyone interested in ham radio. Special interest to all old timers, is the annual joint meeting of the Quarter Century Wireless Association where all Chapters in this Div. will join for a grand visit. Plan a pleasant weekend for all. There is plenty of camping and trailer spaces available. For lodge or cabin accommodations, write or call directly to the Lake Texoma Lodge, Kingston, Okla. 73439. Tel.: 405-564-2311. Mail registrations for the Hamarama to Texoma Hamarama, P.O. Box 246, Kingston, Okla. 73439.



Ontario — The Skywide ARC will host the annual convention of the Radio Society of Ontario on the week end of November 14, 15 at the Holiday Inn — Don Valley (Don Valley Parkway and Eglinton Ave., East, Toronto). There will be a candlelight dinner and dance on Friday evening, an early bird buffet breakfast, a buffet luncheon, and a banquet and speaker on Saturday. All forums, demonstrations, and exhibits are free. All ladies events are included in the ladies registration fee. Registration before October 30 is \$5.00 for ham and \$3.00 for his lady; \$6.00 and \$4.00 after October 30. Dinners and buffets are extra. For more information write Skywide ARC, P.O. Box 83, Station "N", Toronto 14, Ontario, Canada. Please make your own hotel room reservation if you wish a bedroom at the hotel on November 14 or 15.

Texas — See Oklahoma (Texoma Hamarama)



### Strays

#### I would like to get in touch with . . .

- . . . former AACS operators who were active during World War II. W8AGQ.
- . . . teenagers interested in the National Teenage Net on 7289 kHz at 2400Z. WA8YXE.
- ... radio amateurs who are also falconers. K9GED. ... foreign amateurs visiting the U.S. as members of musical organizations. WA4DLF.
- ... hams in Southeastern New York, Connecticut and New Jersey interested in becoming part of a weather net. WB2KDP.
- ... amateurs associated with the Norwich Pharmacal Company in Canada, U.S., Central and South America for the purpose of forming a Norwich Pharmacal Company net, WA2ZWA.
- . . . radio amateurs interested in glass. K1PJW.
- . . . anyone interested in a Farmers Net. W1MGP.
- . . . hams interested in forming a 75- or 20-meter chess net. WA2CTQ.
- . . . radio amateurs in Siracusa Province of Sicily, (IT1), on 10 and 15 meters. WA1BHM.
- . . . hams who are also aircraft control-tower operators. WBSABN.

From time to time, a number of terms descriptive of the various power of ten appear in the pages of *QST*. For future reference, here is a list along with the symbol and quantity:

Quantity	Prefix	Symbol
1012	tera	$\mathbf{T}$
109	giga	G
106	mega	M
103	kilo	k
102	hecto	h
10	deka	da
10-1	deci	d
10-2	centi	e
10-3	milli	m
10-6	micro	μ
10-9	nano	n
10-12	pico	p
10-15	femto	f
10-18	atto	a

QST for

# **Strays**

The design of the new sub-allocation chart which appears on page 64A of this issue is the creation of W8UMS, to whom our thanks.

#### Feedback

If you've thought the resistor values in the ATC / DTC circuit on page 30 of May 1969 QST should be balanced, you're right! (Fig. 1, "The Mainline TT/L-2 F.S.K. Demodulator," by Petersen.) The resistor shown erroneously in the lower portion of this stage as 6200 ohms (connected to the wiper of  $S_{6B}$ ) should be 620,000 ohms. The circuit will function improperly with the value shown.

Footnote 5 at the bottom of page 46 in September QST (Wetherhold, "Modern Filter Design") gave the wrong price for the toroids available from Weinschenker; the figure should be \$1.50 instead of \$1.00. As there have been price changes for these coils from almost all suppliers recently, QST Ham-Ads should be checked for the latest information before ordering.

I regret to say that an error has been found in my article on page 42 in April 1969 QST, "Application of Broadband Balun Transformers." In Fig. 1A the single winding on the toroidal core is reversed in winding sense. Fig. 1 illustrates the correct winding form on the core. This error was called to my attention by Joe Bauer, W2WQ, for which I am grateful. — W2IMU.

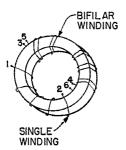
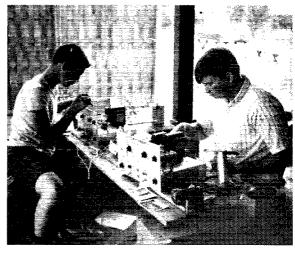


Fig. 1—Correct method of winding 1:1 balun transformer. Refer to R. H. Turrin's article in April 1969 QST for a discussion of the third winding.

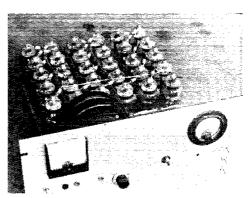
#### COMING A.R.R.L. CONVENTIONS

January 17-18 — Southeastern Division, Miami, Florida.

NOTE: Sponsors of large ham gatherings should check with League headquarters for an advisory on possible date conflicts before contracting for meeting space. Dates may be recorded at ARRL for up to two years in advance.



These young Novices Mark, WN4OJB (left), and Bryan WN4OGF (right), spent their long hot summer on an hf transmitter project from the ARRL Handbook. The rigs have General Class capabilities so the boys are studying hard for their next higher class licenses, too.



Who says you can't build a low-cost linear amplifier? This novel AB<sub>1</sub> amplifier uses thirty 1625 tubes (available for 25 cents each from some surplus houses) in parallel. They operate class AB<sub>1</sub>, and have a combined plate impedance of 75 ohms. The designer, K6KOL, uses no impedance-matching circuit in the output. Rather, he feeds RG-11/U directly from the plate circuit—through a dc-isolating circuit, however! This approach makes it unnecessary to use band switching or tuning controls. No doubt he uses some harmonic-suppression device at the output so that he can remain on good terms with the FCC, and with his neighbors.

His power supply consists of six TV transformers, 400 mA each, with their secondary windings parallel-connected. Full-wave rectification is used, and the filter capacitor provides 900 µF of capacitance. Roy reports an efficiency of 60 percent on 80 meters.—WICER

November 1969



#### CONDUCTED BY GEORGE HART,\* WINJM

#### A Rough Summer

We write this on the last day of summer (or is it the first day of fall?). It was a real rough one. Hot and sticky weather prevailed in much of the country; just plain hot in much of the rest of it. Too much rain in some parts of the country, too little in others. And as fall approached, the South Atlantic spawned a number of ferocious hurricanes, sending some into the Caribbean, some up the Atlantic Coast, sowing fear and destruction and misery in their wakes.

A really destructive hurricane is a fearsome thing, a true manifestation of nature on the rampage. As it approaches, first there is increasing cloudiness, sometimes a ring of tornados with stinging rain. Then comes the churning winds as the center approaches. The calm of the storm's eye is deceptive, for it is usually followed by another episode of destructive wind and rain. Suddenly the sky clears as the eye of the storm howls on its way to wreak havoc elsewhere. The winds continue under clear skies but rapidly diminish, and soon all is calm again. The sun shines on the devasted landscape through crystal clear air, thoroughly cleansed by the rain, and all that is left is for the populace to come forth from whatever shelters in which it has taken refuge, survey the damage, bury the dead and start the long, arduous work of rehabilitation.

Hurricane Camille, which devastated parts of Mississippi and Louisiana in mid-August, was one of the worst hurricanes ever to hit the U.S. mainland, perhaps the worst. The story of the glorious accomplishments of radio amateurs during this storm will be written later, as soon as the reports stop coming in and the work of piecing the story together can commence. Meanwhile we amateurs, not to be fooled by our own publicity, are taking stock of ourselves. Sure, the public press sings our praises. But how did we *teally* do? How prepared were we? How flawless was our overall performance in the light of lessons we learned, or should have learned, in previous emergencies? These are matters we discuss among ourselves, not in full view of the public. Most dedicated amateurs take the view that if we didn't do the absolute best of which we are capable, it wasn't good enough.

The reports being received contain much in the way of self-criticism—that is, criticism of amateurs for each other or for themselves. Do

\*Communications Manager, ARRL.

not look for this as a part of the chronicle of amateur activities during Camille; this chronicle will accentuate the positive, tell which amateurs or amateur groups did what and how they did it. 'The fault-finding will be kept within the fraternity, perhaps in the form of an "ARPSC Field Bulletin." We haven't put out one of these in some time.

The title for the above was suggested by a piece which appeared in the RF Carrier, a publication of the Dayton (Ohio) Amateur Radio Assn. It's a piece of self-appraisal worth quoting.

"Anyone for wind, rain, tornado, hurricane, flood? Who would ever think that water in an underground river at Bellevue and Norwalk would overflow? That dam at Mansfield . . . Twelve inches of rain over the whole northern part of the state . . . Winds of 160 knots at Gulfport and Biloxi . . A twelve-foot tide on an 8-foot beach . . .

"What did you do about any of the above? Were you the one who asked the only station on Kelly Island to leave his station and wade through the mud and rain looking for a camper driving a yellow Camero - this in spite of the report that there were no casualties on Kelly Island? Did you promise your neighbor that you would send traffic into Mississippi to find out how Aunt Susie's half-sister's second cousin twice removed made out in the storm? Did you get on the air and break any net handling storm emergency traffic and tell them that you had health and welfare traffic? Or did you, as a good operator should, listen and listen and listen and not say a word until net control asked if there was a station for Ohio traffic?

"Did you listen to the rapid-fire manner in which the traffic stations pushed the traffic through and the fumbling that was the mark of the operator who wanted to help but had never practiced in any of the regular nets? This operator heard a W7 in Oregon spend 15 minutes breaking a station on 14.320 to see if there was any traffic for him from Gulfport. The net was handling only hospital and medical traffic. A station in Chicago asked a "mobile" in Gulfport (the only station on the air from there) for a fone patch — this within five minutes after the mobile told about one phone line working from the town to the airport and that he had to drive 75 miles north for a tank of gasoline and a drink of water.

"Sure, we know you want to help, and can. But please listen, listen, LISTEN! Wait for NCS

to ask for someone from your area. Do not originate traffic into an affected area unless you are an official Red Cross station. Do join the AREC or one of the traffic nets and prepare yourself for the operation."

Well said, OM, and more later. -- W1NJM.

#### Traffic Talk

We must again announce a delay in getting the "Public Service Honor Roll" listing started. The reason? Well, leave us not give lame excuses, but the fact is that we are, as the saying goes, "flat out." There are just too many things to do and consider and too little time to do them.

Nevertheless, by the time you read this, things should be rolling, and we are now hoping to run the first HR column in February QST as a result of November data. No promises, this time!

Meanwhile, you might be interested in the tentative setup for points. These were outlined in a recent ARPSC-LO Bulletin. There hasn't been much reaction, so it is hoped they are acceptable, at least as a starter.

(1) For reporting into any ARRL-registered net but not being net control or handling a liaison function: I point for each phone net with a maximum of five points per month; 2 points for each CW net, with a maximum of 10 points per month.

(2) For serving as net control: 3 points for phone nets, with a maximum of 12 points per month; 4 points for CW nets with a maximum of 16 points per month.

(3) For serving as a regularly-assigned liaison station between nets, either NTS or independent, including TCC function: 3 points, with a maximum of 12 points per month.

(4) For handling a legal phone patch on the amateur bands: 1 point for each patch, regardless of length or distance, maximum of 20 points per month.

(5) For making BPL: 3 points per month, regardless of traffic total.

(6) For each record message handling in a real communications emergency: 1 point, regardless of precedence, no maximum.

(7) For serving as net manager of a registered ARRL net: 5 points per month, NTS TCC directors may also claim these points.

How many points to "make" the monthly Honor Roll? Twenty-five (25). This is not so difficult that the average amateur cannot do it in a month if he exerts a reasonable amount of effort, not so easy that he can do it without some effort. Also, except in an emergency situation, no one can do it by performing only one type of function. Versatility is rewarded.

Eventually there will be some kind of a form (probably a card) on which application can be made for the PSHR. This will itemize each point claim and be sent to the SCM, who will summarize the claims with his monthly report so that they can be placed in the monthly QST column.

There will be many questions. If in doubt about whether or not you can claim points for any particular function, ask. We may have to devise some answers as we go along. No doubt the answers to some of the questions that are raised will require changes in the criteria — but we hope not complications. It is complicated enough; by any and all means we must keep it from becoming more so.

The Public Service Honor Roll (anyone think of a better name?) is run strictly on the honor system. Those without honor are requested not to participate.—W1NJM.

National Traffic System. The Central Area Staff of NTS met at Des Moines, Iowa, on Aug. 20, for approximately 4½ hours during the ARRL National Convention. Present were Chairman W9VAY, 9RN Manager W9HRY, CAN Manager WA9RAK, TCC Director WØLCX, member-at-large KØAEM, and as observers former 9RN Manager W9QLW and ARRL Communications Manager W1NJM. Absent were RN5 Manager K5IBZ and TEN Manager WØLGG.

Much of the time spent was in discussion of SET problems, such as left-over traffic, failures, extent of advance planning, frequency sharing with nets in other areas, starting and ending time of nets. The staff recommended no advance planning for future SETs, other than notification of the date(s) on which it would be held; that during the



Here are some of the members of the Albany County ARPSC that attended the picnic held at Thatcher Park, N. Y. on July 20. Left to right are WA2ETB, WA2BAH, WB2ICZ, WN2JPS, WA2EAJ, WA2OYV, WB2PUH, WB2RBG, WB2HIH, WB2DXM, WA2VQZ, WA2EAH, W2APF, WA2YBK and WB2SWB.



Members of the Columbia Amateur Radio Club sponsored a booth at the Sweeney (Texas) Pride Day Fair. WA5MFO (left), WA5LKX and K5KEI are shown operating the booth while two prospective novices man the counter.

SET EAN QNY up and CAN QNY down only; that all nets should start and end at the same time, to avoid "loose ends."

The necessity for training more good operators was discussed. Sez Chairman W9VAY: "All the savvy traffic men and women heard across the bands were not born that way." It was determined that training of operators is principally a section-level undertaking, and recommended that SCMs in the Central Area be informed of the desirability of forming novice traffic nets. At the same time, it was recommended that SCMs again be oriented regarding the existence of CAS and its functions in assisting them in any NTS inter-net problems.

W2FR has issued 2RN certificates to W2FEB, WA2BHN, WA2UWA and WB28MD. A Third Region certificate has gone to K3ZSK according to K3MVO. K51BZ reports that RN5 held some extra sessions during the Hurricane Camille disaster and that special commendation goes to W5RUB and K5VDA, in Mississippi, and W4FVY and W4OGG who helped with the Camille traffic from outside the stricken area. WA6ROF reports very little to complain about on RN6. WA9RAK in instituting a new method of NCS reporting on CAN aimed at getting better representation information.

#### .lugust reports:

Ses-			.iver-	Represen-
Net sions	Traffic	Rate	age	tation (%)
1RN62	503	.343	8.1	92.4
2RN62	596	.723	9.6	93.9
3RN62	528	.411	8.5	99.2
4RN56	498	.362	8,9	83.9
RN562	1237	.532	19.5	86.7
RN662	1059	.687	17.1	0.001
RN762	310	.300	5.0	35.0
8RN62	714	.436	11.5	94.1
9RN62	895	.747	14.4	92.3
ECN47	55	.091	1,2	73.1
TWN44	193	.225	4.4	44.8
EAN31	2155	1,419	69.5	94,6
CAN31	1954	1.460	63.0	100.0
PAN31	1242	.969	40.0	99,0
Sections <sup>1</sup> 1852	13961		7.4	
TCC Eastern1472	965			
TCC Central932	935			
TCC Pacific1242	1116			
Summary 2588	28,916	CAN	16,2	
Record2987	31,117	1.440	16.4	*****

<sup>1</sup> Section and local nets reporting (52): BUN (Utah); VN, VSBN (Va.); GSN (Ga.); GBN, OQN (Ont.-Que.); PTTN, EPA, PFN, EPAEPTN (Pa.); SCN (Cal.); TN (Tenn.); CN, CPN (Conn.); WFPN, GN, VEN, FMTN, QFN, FPTN, TPTN (Fla.); AENB, AEND, AENH, AENR (Ala.); Copperstate (Ariz.); LAN (La.); NJEPTN, PVTEN (N.J.); KYN, KTN (Ky.); NCNL, NCNE (N.C.); OSSB, BN (Ohio); LLN (III.); QMN, WSSB (Mich.); OLZ (Okla.); WSN (Wash.); NYS, NLI (N.Y.); QIN (Ind.); OZK (Ark.); SCN (S.C.); MSN, MJN, MSPN (Minn.); RISPN (R.I.); WSSN, WIN, WSBN (Wise.).

<sup>2</sup> TCC functions, not counted as net sessions.

Transcontinental Corps. W3EML reports that Hurricane Camille traffic, as well as fair traffic, raised TCC traffic totals above average for August. WøLCX says traffic and conditions are inproving and that TCC Central should be back infull swing soon. TCC Pacific had a good month, but W7DZX is looking for more help.

#### August reports:

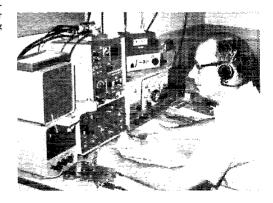
	nc- ons	% Suc- cessful	Traffic	Out-of-Net Traffic
Eastern1	47	96.0	3048	965
Central	93	95.7	1994	935
Pacific1	24	96.7	2232	1116
Summary3	64	96.1	7274	3016

The TCC Roster: Eastern Area (W3EML, Dir.) — W18
BJG EJI NJM YKQ, KIESG, W28 FR GKZ PU ZVW,
K2RYH, W428 BHN BLV CAL, WB2RKK, W3EML,
K3MVO, W48 NLC UQ ZM, K4KNP, W38 AHZ CHT,
K8KMQ, WA88 POS ZGC, W\$UCE/3. Central Area
(W\$UCX, Dir.) — W40GG, K4AT, W5MI, W98 CXY
YAY, W498 BWY RAK VZM, W98 HI INH LCX ZHN,
K\$AEM, W4\$ IAW, MLE RVR. Pacific Area (W7DZX,
Dir.) — W68 BGF BNX EOT IPC IPW VNQ VZT,
K6DYX, W468 BRG LFA ROF, WB6HVA, W7KZ,
WA7CLF, K\$JSP.

#### Public Service Diary

On April 29, VE2ZB called VE2DEA to report an automobile mishap on the Bonaventure Expressway in Montreal. The police were notified and a cruiser was dispatched while five other amateurs stood by on frequency in case additional aid was needed.

On May 5, VE2DGU discovered another accident, this time on the Decarie Expressway, and put out the call for assistance on the VE2RM repeater. Again it was VE2DEA who answered and sum-



Here is the operating position at WAØHTN. Bud is active in all phases of NTS from St. Louis, Mo., and is active in several local VHF nets and Navy MARS as well. He holds an ORS appointment, BPL Medallion and A-1 Op award. He also likes to tinker, and most of the station is homebrew or built from kits.

moned the local constabulary while three additional stations stood guard on the frequency.

VE2WP reported on May 20 that a truck was blocking rush hour traffic at exit 21 of the Decarie Expressway in Montreal. VE2AKM called the Quebec Provincial Police to clean up the mess.— VE2ALE, SEC Quebec.

Extensive flooding occured along the Four Mile Run section of Alexandria, Va., on July 23, disrupting telephone service throughout the city. At the request of the civil defense coordinator, the Alexandria RACES net was activated at 0047Z. RACES stations on frequency were W4JAZ, W4KVG, W4LNT, K4GCM, WB4EIY, WB4JJE and WA5MAM/4. Arrangements were made at local hospitals to receive emergency victims and stations were set up at a fire station and police command post. Several mobile units were later used to transport displaced families to relief centers. At 0545Z normal telephone service had been restored so the RACES operation was secured at 0610.— W4LNT, RO Alexandria, Va.

Flooding also caused amateurs to be mobilized on August 2 in Somerville, Mass., when after two inches of rain, EC K1DZG was advised by K1YUB that the civil defense director had requested communications aid. The ARFC group went into action and established communications among the base station and several mobile and portable units. WA1KPS set up a relay post in a fire station when telephone service was interrupted. — K1DZG, EC Somerville, Mass.

On August 12, the Beehive Utah Net was twice called upon to assist motorists in distress. K6QMX/7 had discovered an accident near Rawlins, Wyoming and asked BUN operators to assist in summoning an ambulance to the scene.

At approximately the same time, WA7GGV was having car trouble in a remote wilderness area along the Idaho-Montana border. WA7IZR assisted in obtaining aid. — W7QWH, SCM Utah.

On April 21, it was discovered that a breakdown had occurred in the telephone system connecting Campton, N.H., and the central office in Plymouth. The trouble was such that it was impossible to dial the operator to report the breakdown.

At the request of neighbors, K1CTI fired up and contacted W1UX who was controlling the Granite State Phone Net. K1PCY of Manchester contacted his local exchange which in turn contacted the Plymouth office to report the trouble. — W1QV.

The Monroe County, Mich., AREC again provided communications for the Boy Scout Canoe Races on May 17. The race course covered a distance of about ten miles and stations were set up at the start and finish lines and at three checkpoints along the path. Seven amateurs took part in the effort which lasted about two hours. — WSNDM, EC Monroe County, Mich.

On May 25, eleven Wayne County, Mich., amateurs helped with parade communications for the cities of Ecorse and Melvindale using f.m. on two meters. Nine mobiles and one portable station participated in the exercise which according to officials, was handled in a very professional and businesslike manner. — W8BEZ, EC Wayne County, Mich.



Radio amateurs in the Kansas City area volunteered to help with communications for a hike sponsored by the Great Frontier District of the Boy Scouts of America. WØICU/Ø is shown relaying the information that the last group of hikers has arrived at the end of the 50 mile trudge.

More than fifteen amateurs, all members of the West Valley (Calif.) Amateur Radio Association, the Santa Clara County Amateur Radio Association or the San Jose Civil Defense Organization, furnished communications for the Fiesta de los Roses, a parade viewed by 75,000 persons on June 1. Fourteen mobile and fixed stations utilizing two meter f.m. guided the 243 units of the parade over the two and one-half mile route in about four hours. — WAGRYB.

On June 22, amateurs helped the SCRRRE Rallye team with communication for a sports car rally held near Chicago. WA9PPD, WA9ZGF, WA9ZNI and WA9ZYG participated during the eight hour event in which there was a heavy load of traffic to be passed. The secretary of the team said, "It makes us all rest a little easier knowing that men like these . . , are around to help—just in case."

Thirty-cight SEC reports were received for the month of July. Again this is five reports fewer than during July, 1968. The 38 reports represent an AREC membership of 14,448; the 43 reports of last July represented 15,393 members. Thus, a decrease of 945 reported members is in evidence. Sections reporting were: Ala, Alta, Ariz, Ark, Colo, Conn, EFla, EMass, EPa, Ind, Iowa, Ky, LA, Mar, MDC, Mich, Mo, Mont, Nebr, Nev, NLI, Ohio, Ont, Org, Que, SDgo, SF, SCV, Sask, SDak, SNJ, STex, Tenn, Utah, Va, WFla, WNY, WPa.

	Independent	Net	Reports	

Net	Sessions	Check-ins	Traffic
Hit & Bounce	31	319	409
Northeast Traffic		346	289
North American SSB	, , , 26	589	425
20 Meter ISSB	21	285	3822
Cleaning House		367	180
All Service	, 5	75	42
			05T-



# Correspondence From Members-

The publishers of QST assume no responsibility for statements made herein by correspondents.

#### HELP?

¶ Can a mere "schnoock" of an Associate Member get a few words in edgewise?

Back in depression days, a friend's father interested me in ham radio. With no money at the time, this interest lay dormant until recent years, when I began casting about for interests for my future retirement years, so I wouldn't die of acute boredom a couple of years later, as so many have. I then remembered the ARRL, and sent in my check.

Frankly, hamdom disappointed me. I expected a call from my nearest club inviting me to meetings and classes, a flood of advertising from various manufacturers of ham gear, and an invitation from the closest dealer to come and inspect his stock. Especially after reading so many letters and editorials in QST about how the number of licensed hams has been almost static of recent years, I thought I'd have to beat the would-be help off with a stick!

Hooooo boy, was I disappointed! I got my issues of QST and CQ and that was the total. Even when I wandered into a local parts store, a few blocks from my home, wanting some expert advice on why it would be better to buy one of their rebuilt receivers rather than a solid state all-wave job, I was told they have no solid state receivers in stock and was completely ignored while I wandered through the gear display rooms, wistfully reading the price tags, and wishing I had some sort of a mentor with me.

I hate to read that the ARRL is getting so hidebound that members are dropping out in disgust. To me, the organization is the soul of the hobby, and should be enthusiastically supported and helped to grow, even if it means a few changes. — Noel Hakman, Los Angeles, California

¶ I have been licensed only one year but I have noticed something which sort of startled me. I've found hams are the best bunch of guys I've ever met! From their own busy schedules they'll take time to help some desperate Novice.

When I started out I had a superegenerative receiver, but thanks to K1FUU, I own a BC342. Many times I've needed technical help or even my equipment worked on! WAIGRR was always there to help out.

To these men I'd like to say thank you and hope that I'll grow to be like them. — Paul Alberghini, WN1KAH, Burlington, Vt.

#### APPRECIATION

¶ I just wanted to take a moment to express my appreciation to the staff of ARRL for "being there." More specifically, I thank you for the code practice that helped me obtain my Extra Class license recently, for the articles and information in QST Magazine which I have enjoyed over the years, for the operating activities that add to the pleasure of being on the air, for the representation before the

FCC and the international spectrum allocation conferences, and for your assistance to clubs and individuals interested in amateur radio.

Despite the fact that no one can please everyone all of the time, I'm convinced that you sincerely try to recommend, support and do what you believe will be of the greatest over-all benefit in the perpetuation of this wonderful hobby of ours, while accepting criticism and comments from those who disagree with your efforts.

Forgive me for taking your dedication for granted at times, and please accept my continued support.

— Richard P. Whitton, WØDSW, St. Louis, Mo.

#### **FRIVOLOUS**

¶ Your editorial on Newcomers in the September issue of QST points up both how and how not to attract people into amateur radio. Just how you can label as frivolous anyone of any age who has television, girls, and cars is beyond any shadow of logic. Supposedly you are trying to entice these people into both amateur radio and ARRL membership. Yet, you persist with these inane remarks. What kind of nicenelly schoolmarms do you have on your staff?? — Stanley Jaffin, WB4IRK, Arlington, Virginia.

#### EARLY AVIATORS

¶ Your September issue, under "Strays," page 35, had an interesting story about Cliff Tait's attempt to fly solo round-the-world, with the aid of hams.

The tie-up between amateur radio and flying is not new. In 1912, at Cicero Field, Chicago, I flew a Wright biplane with a ham transmitter—a Ford spark-coil, some dry cells, a spark-gap, a condenser, a helix and a key—on a "breadboard" tied to the empty seat beside me. When I was directly over the Field, at about 200 feet, my signals were received on a crystal set in the Lillie-Thompson hangar.

In December, 1920, I piloted the first Maine-Florida passenger airmail flight, flying an Aeromarine 39L, with P. H. Spencer, of Hartford, as my passenger. Fellow members of ARRL aided in the success of this flight.

I was fortunate to be able to count as my good friends, H. P. Maxim, WIAW; C. D. Tuska. IZT; Ken Warner, W1EH; Guy Entwistle, W1AL; and Roland Bourne, W1ANA; the men who laid the foundation of ARRL.

I'm now a "ham dropout" — my last call was "10S" — but I am studying for a comeback, with the help of ARRL books and fellow members of "The Goldcoasters," a south Florida association of ancient hams. My work, commercial aviation — with time out as a military pilot in WWI, WW II, and Korea — has, up to now, side-tracked my ham appetite. I shall return. I've maintained my commercial flying license, and use it, so I should be able to "crack" the FCC exam. — Harry D. Copland, Fort Lauderdale, Florida.

#### W Ø QSL

¶ To thank our QSL manager, WØDMA, would be impossible after 30 years of handling cards every month regular as a clock. I know everyone who had cards will give a hearty thanks to Al and wish him the very best. — Bud Dolsberry, WØOAQ, Leavenworth, Kansas.

¶ Having resigned as your QSL Manager, after 30½ years, I wish to take this opportunity to thank all of you for your fine cooperation, for the many expressions of appreciation, and for the many stamps you have sent me to help with my other hobby.

It has been a tremendous amount of work, but it has been fun. Every monthly mailing seemed just a little bit like Christmas time, knowing the joy that many of those "treasures" brought to you. I feel that my work has been quite rewarding, if it has been the means of adding a little more enjoyment to our great hobby for each of the hundreds of you that I served.

In 1939, when I was appointed QSL Manager, I had the area from Colorado east through Indiana. All these states comprised the Ninth District until the area was divided into the Ninth and Tenth Districts after WW II. At this time I became Manager for Zero-land. Many of those I served in the early years are still top DX men in the now Ninth District. I still hear from some of them. With more free time, I hope to get back on the air and contact all of you.

I want to wish the Des Moines Radio Amateur Association all good luck in handling the Bureau. I know they will do a good job of it.

Goodbye to all of you, good DNing and 73. It would be nice hearing from you. — Alva A. Smith, WØDMA, Catedonia, Minn.

#### **PUBLICATIONS**

I am writing this letter to add my views on a booklet written for kids, ages nine to fifteen years, so they can easily understand the purpose of amateur radio and understand the basic amateur theory. Even though I received my first ticket at the age of 12 and my Advanced at 14, I am no brain, and I could never have made it without help the way the License Manual is written now.—Bill Carnett, WB8AYH, Rochester, Michigan.

¶ I agree with K4UVD's comments on your "Last Generation" format on publications. Take a good look at your other "competitive" publications and their clean graphics and formats. — Don Upp, Trotwood, Ohio.

¶ I have had much pleasure from recent copies of QST, which in my opinion have shown a trend toward more up-to-date techniques than has been evident for some time. I especially liked the articles on integrated circuits, counters and frequency standards. Doug DeMaw's article on transistorized gear interested me greatly as I have been working on a 30-watt unit for the 75-meter and maritime mobile frequencies for some time without too much success. Maybe he will come out with something along these lines in the future. — Donald C. Hanna, VE2CD, Mansonville, P.Q., Canada.

¶ Thanks for all your efforts for the ham. I know you folks don't get much thanks and a heck of a lot of moaning and groaning. But I have held an associate membership and full membership for on and off over 20 years and think you people always have done and still are doing a great job for us rank and

file ham-type creatures. Don't know how you folks can sell the publications you put out for the low, low prices involved. But on their behalf and mine our sincerest thanks.—W. Reid Ross, W7HOP/W6ABE, Carson City, Nevada.

#### REJOINING

I Enclosed is my check for another year. It is with deep pleasure that I continue my subscription and my support to an organization that has done much to improve this wonderful hobby "ham radio". I also was against "incentive licensing" to begin with, but facts and figures show that through this method the operators have increased their overall knowledge to radio communications. You've made a firm believer out of me. I strongly feel there are a lot of hams back there who are unjust in their feelings on what the ARRL is trying to do for them. Sure, there's always those individuals who seek to destroy anything that might be against their wishes, and through this selfishness have tried to sway others to their "line of thinking." But, gentlemen and fellow hams, here I sit in Vietnam just yearning for the chance to get on the air. Be thankful you can still enjoy your hobby. - T/Sqt. William R. Mest, WA5INZ, APO San Francisco, California.

¶ My five year "drop-out" has ended. It is time to rejoin and constructively participate in the activities of ham radio rather than criticizing or complaining from the side.

Even as an outsider at the time, the stimulation of incentive licensing prompted me to pass the Extra Class in December. It appears to be a success because the clear frequencies I anticipated are packed as ever. I also suspect the ratio of active Extras to active Generals is pretty high.

People resist change, procrastinate, and tend to be hypocritical, and hams are no exception. Therefore, the League's administration will continue to be attacked for one reason or another in the same manner as university or government administrations. This is a healthy reaction, if not carried to an extreme and if the ultimate goal of improving ham radio is kept in mind. The definition of 'improving' is subject to discussion by concerned members of the League. Therefore, I wish to rejoin the League to let my voice be heard. We may not always agree but we won't be stagnant! — Wes Bolin, K4APL, Perry, Georgia.

#### UNUSUAL EXPERIENCES

I have one recommendation which you might like to consider. I feel that QST could devote a page or two each month to unusual experiences which have happened to hams as a result of our hobby. For example I once worked a YL who claimed she was a topless waitress in southern California. All this took place on cw, no less. On another occasion I worked a Japanese maritime mobile 2000 miles off the San Francisco coast and wound up touring his ship with him and my family the afternoon of my birthday. I am certain this list would be endless if you asked around. I would also like to see some short fiction with a radio theme in the pages of our magazine. There is more romance (not the love-in kind) and general human interest in ham radio than in any other hobby in the world. I think we lose some of it when QST is devoted to strictly technical articles and contests.

The last 15 months I have spent as a hum have been the most enjoyable in my life. Again, thank you for your part in this.— Terry B. Dunham, WAGDPY, Pleasanton, California.

# I.A.R.U. News

INTERNATIONAL AMATEUR RADIO UNION, THE GLOBAL FEDERATION OF NATIONAL NON-COMMERCIAL AMATEUR RADIO SOCIETIES FOR THE PROMOTION AND CO-ORDINATION OF TWO-WAY AMATEUR RADIO COMMUNICATION

#### NEW MEMBERS PROPOSED

The Magyar Radioamator Szovetseg, national society of radio amateurs in Hungary has made application for membership in the Union. MRS has a membership of 627, all of whom are licensed to transmit, and constitute the country's total amateur population. The society has two club stations, HA5KBP and HA5ML. Officers are: Jozsef Gausz, HA5BJ, President; Pal Kocze, HA5CK, Secretary; Bela Berzsenhi, HG5EB, Treasurer; and, Gyorgy Farago, HA5BG, and Gyula Csaba, HA5KAB. The society's official publication is Radioamator QTC. The official society address is Magyar Radioamator Szovetseg, Budapest, VI., Gorkij fasor 6, Hungary.

Amateur licenses are issued by the Koslededesi es Postaugyi who have a favorable attitude toward amateur radio. Membership in MRS is necessary to obtain an amateur license. There is an age limit of 14, and an annual license fee of \$2.00 U.S. Operating privileges are available in the 80, 40, 20, 15, 10 and 2 meter, and 432 and higher MHz bands. A maximum power input of 500 watts is available. Separate classes of license are provided for hf, and vhf, and



Here is a group of Deutscher Amateur Radio Club members during a recent visit to IARU/ARRI headquarters. Standing are from left, DJ5PN, DJ9KU, XYL of DJ5TL, DJ5TL, and bottom row, W2BBX (the group's escort) and DK2PG.

additionally, there is a beginners class of license. Licenses are normally only available to citizens. However alien amateurs from countries which have diplomatic relations with Hungary can receive permission to operate.

Application has also been received from the Trinidad and Tobago Amateur Radio Society, representing the islands of Trinidad and Tobago. Membership in the society is 53, including 31 licensed radio amateurs. Officers are: T. E. Tempro, 9Y4LP, President; Kenneth Robertson, 9Y5KR, Vice-President; J. M. MacDonald, 9Y4MM, Secretary-Treasurer; and, Malcolm Kerr, 9Y4GM; B. L. Lucas; Michael Petronis, 9Y4CRV; Cyril Balwah, 9Y4VT; and, Arnim Rudder, 9Y4AR. Annual membership fee is \$2.50 U.S.; the society has an emergency corps, and a public relations program. The society's official address is Trinidad and Tobago Amateur Radio Society, P. O. Box 1167, Port of Spain, Trinidad.

The licensing authority for Trinidad and Tobago is the Comptroller of Customs and Excise. T&TARS maintains regular liaison with the government authority, and the Comptroller's attitude toward amateur radio is described as "improving." Only one class of amateur license exists. There is an age limit of 18, and a code test at 12 words per minute. The annual license fee is \$8.20 U.S. Operating privileges are available in the 80, 40, 20, 15, 10, 6 and 2 meter bands with a maximum power input of 1000 watts. Licensing reciprocity is practiced with Commonwealth nations, and with the United States.

IARU member societies are now participating in a mail vote on the admission of MRS and T&TARS.

#### RADIO CLUB PARAGUAYO HONORED

The Radio Club Paraguayo, IARU member society in Paraguay, has received the "Honor of Merit" medal from the Ministry of Public Works and Communications of Paraguay. In presenting the medal, Minister Marcia Samaniego cited RCP's services to the nation and to technology, service through emergency communications, and the fruitful social relations, domestic and international, brought about by amateur radio. RCP has a membership of 184 licensed amateurs; there is a total of 210 licensed ZPs. The society is in regular contact with the Administracion Nacional de Telecomunicaciones, the government authority in charge of amateur licensing.

QST for

#### EUROPEAN BAND PLAN

Since cw/phone sub-bands are not generally allocated by administrations in Region I (Europe and Africa), the amateurs have adopted a set of voluntary sub-allocations. Last May at the IARU Region I Conference in Brussels, the European Band Plan was updated to:

Frequency Band	Types of Emission
3.5 — 3.6 MHz	cw only
3.6 — 3.8 MHz	cw and phone
7.0 — 7.04 MHz 7.04 — 7.1 MHz 14.0 — 14.1 MHz 14.1 — 14.35 MHz 21.0 — 21.15 MHz	cw only cw and phone ew only cw and phone cw only
21.15 — 21.45 MHz	cw and phone
28.0 — 28.2 MHz	cw only
28.2 — 29.7 MHz	cw and phone

Note 1: RTTY operation is recommended to take place around 14,090 kHz.

Note 2: 3500 - 3510 and 3790 - 3800 kHz reserved for inter-continental working.

#### U.S. - GUATEMALAN RECIPROCITY

A reciprocal operating agreement between the United States and Guatemala became effective on October 2, 1969. There are now 42 such agreements between the U.S. and other nations; a list appears in last month's column.

#### COOK BI-CENTENNIAL

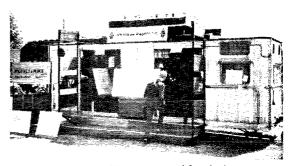
Celebrating the 200th anniversary of the arrival of British explorer James Cook to New Zealand, ZL amateurs have been authorized to use the prefix ZM for the period from October 1, 1969 to December 31, 1970.

During this same period, the New Zealand Association of Radio Transmitters is sponsoring a "ZM Cook Bi-Centenary Award." Applicants must contact 50 different ZM stations—at least one each from the districts ZM1-ZM4. Applicants must submit a copy of their log, certified by two other amateurs. QSL cards are not required. Endorsements will be made for cw, phone, and band of operation.

Logs, along with three IRCs to cover mailing costs, go to NZART Awards Manager ZL2GX, 152 Lytton Road, Gisborne, New Zealand.

#### CONTEST

The Radio Club Venezolano announces sponsorship of the "El Dorado World Wide SSB Contest," from 0000 GMT November 8, to 2400 GMT November 9. All bands from 3.5 to 28 MHz, a-m or ssb may be used. Stations should call "CQ El Dorado Contest" and exchange a 5-digit number (RS report plus contact number starting with 001). Information on scoring and awards is available from the Radio Club Venezolano, Apartado 2285, Caracas, Venezuela. Entries must be in the hands of RCV by March 15, 1970.



Commemorating the 700th anniversary of Stratford-upon-Avon, special station GB3SUA was operated July 11 through 13 on all hf bands. The station is shown above as photographed by visitor K3RDT.

#### WHO'S A MEMBER?

From time to time we receive inquiries asking who are the member societies of IARU. So, in response to popular demand, we present a list of the 81 national amateur radio societies who constitute the International Amateur Radio Union:

Algeria, Amateurs Radis Algeriens; Angola, Liga dos Amadores de Radio de Angola; Argentina, Radio Club Argentino; Australia, Wireless Institute of Australia: Austria, Oesterreichischer Veruchssenderverband: Bahamas, The Bahamas Amateur Radio Society: Barbados, Amateur Radio Society of Barbados; Belgium, Union Belge des Amateurs Emitteurs; Bermuda, Radio Society of Bermuda; Bolivia, Radio Club Boliviano; Brazil, Liga de Amadores Brasileiros de Radio Emissao; Bulgaria, Central Radio Club of Bulgaria; Burma, Burma Amateur Radio Transmitting Society; Canada, Canadian Division ARRL; Ceylon, The Radio Society of Ceylon; Chile, Radio Club de Chile; Colombia, Liga Colombiana de Radio Aficionados; Congo, Union Congolaise des Amateurs de Radio; Costa Rica, Radio Club de Costa Rica; Cyprus, Cyprus Amateur Radio Society; Czechoslovakia, Central Radio Club of the Czechoslovak Socialist Republic; Denmark, Experimenterende Danske Radioamatorer; Dominican Republic, Radio (lub Dominicano, Inc.; East Africa, Radio Society of East Africa; Ecuador, Guayaquil Radio Club; El Salvador, Club de Radio Aficionados de El Salvador: Faroe Islands, Foroyskir Radioamatorar: Finland, Suomen Radioamatooriliitto r.g.; France, Reseau des Emetteurs Français; Germany, Deutscher Amateur Radio (lub, e.V.; Ghana, Ghana Amateur Radio Society; Greece, Radio Amateur Association of Greece; Guatemala, Club de Radioaficionados de Guatemala; Honduras, Radio Club de Honduras; HongKong, Hongkong Amateur Radio Transmitting Society, Ltd.; Iceland, Islenzkir Radioamatorer: India, The Amateur Radio Society of India; Ireland, Irish Radio Transmitters Society; Israel, Israel Amateur Radio Club; Italy, Associazione Radiotecnica Italiana; Ivory Coast, Association des Radio-Amateurs Ivoiriens; Jamaica, The Jamaica Amateur Radio Association: Japan, The Japan Amateur Radio League; Korea, The Korean Amateur Radio League, Inc.; Lebanon, Association des Radio-Amateurs Libanais; Liberia, Liberian Radio Amateur Association; Luxembourg, Reseau Luxembourgeois des Amateurs d'Ondes Courtes; Malaysia, Malaysian Amateur Radio Transmitters Society; Malta, Malta Amateur Radio Society; Mauritius,

Mauritius Amateur Radio Society; Mexico, Liga Mexicana de Radio Experimentadores a.c.; Monaco, Association des Radio-Amateurs de la Principaute de Monaco; Morocco, Association Royale des Amateurs Emetteurs du Maroc; Mozambique, Liga dos Radio Emissores de Mocambique; Netherlands, Vereniging voor Experimenteel Radio Onderzoek in Nederland; Netherlands Antilles, Vereniging voor Experimenteel Radioonderzoek in de Nederlandse Antillen: New Zealand, New Zealand Association of Radio Transmitters, Inc.: Nicaragua, ('Inh de Radio Experimentadores de Nicaragua: Nigeria, Nigerian Amateur Radio Society; Norway, Norsk Radio Relac Liga; Panama, Liga Panamena de Rudio Aficionados; Paraguay, Radio Club Paraguayo; Peru, Radio Club Peruano: Philippines, Philippines Amateur Radio Association, Inc.: Poland, Polski Zwizek Krotkofalowcow; Portugal, Rede dos Emissores Portugueses; Rhodesia, Radio Society of Rhodesia; South Africa, South African Radio League; Spain, Union de Radioasicionados Espanoles; Surinam, Veceniging van Radioamateurs in Suriname; Sweden, Foreningen Speriges Sandarcamatorer; Switzerland, Schweizerischer Kurzwellen-Amateure; Syria, Technical Institute of Radio; United Kingdom, Radio Society of Great Britain: United States, The American Radio Relay League, Inc.; USSR, The Radio Sports Federation of USSR: Uruguay, Radio Club Uruguago; Venezuela, Radio Club Venezolana; Western Samoa, Western Samoa Amateur Radio Club; Yugoslavia, Savez Radioamatera Jugoslavije: Zambia, Radio Society of Zambia.

#### Morse Code From Teletype Tape

(Continued from page 41)

blanks may be used while perforating the tape. Fig. 1 shows a tape punched for this cw message.

Probably the simplest method of sending slower than the maximum code speed is to use the same pattern as above for keying individual cw letters, and to use a greater number of blanks for spacing between letters and words. Using this idea, 8 blanks between cw letters and 24 blanks between cw words results in an overall code speed of 5 w.p.m. (although the individual letters are still sent at the maximum rate). To send properly proportioned code at a slower speed, punching "UM" followed by a blank for a Morse dot, "U Blank Blank Blank M" followed by a blank for a dash, and using 3 additional blanks for cw letter spacing or 9 additional blanks for word spacing will result in a code speed of 4.9 wpm with a 51.3-percent dot-to-space ratio.

Although we did not try the idea, faster speeds might be obtained with a 60-wpm TD by an arrangement of two polar relays connected to various commutator segments of the TD and with the relay keying contacts placed in parallel. Of course faster cw speeds could be achieved by using a TD geared for 75- or 100-wpm operation.

One thing is important if your fsk input is permanently wired into the transmitter—the frequency-shift keying must be disabled while playing the cw tape! Otherwise you will end up with simultaneous A1 and F1 emission, likely an invitation to hear from an FCC monitoring station.



#### November 1944

. . . Looking ahead, as he frequently does, Editor K. B. Warner is pre-occupied with post-war frequency allocations and describes the endless meetings and hearings that are going on in New York and Washington these days, There was also a lot of "tea-cupping," as well. Maybe it wasn't tea, anyway. Since this is a democracy, this kind of thing is part and parcel of it, but he is confident that the amateur will come out with adequate frequency space. He does foresee, however, a change in the technical requirements. No longer will sloppy signals and interfering signals be tolerated. Higher and higher frequencies are to be used. At present there is no allocation at all above 300 Mc for anybody. Unfortunately, these frequencies are only numbers to a lot of the negotiators, with no appreciation of practical problems or usages.

. . . Warner further comments on how lucky we were that the first transatlantic successes came at a sunspot minimum. . . . The cover this month shows a serious GI, still in uniform, studying the *Handbook* and making plans for his

new post-war rig.

. . . There is so much activity on 112 Mc. WERS in certain congested areas that Samuel J. Semel, SIC, offers a 224 Mc. rig as a sort of overflow out. Powered by a W.E. 316-a oscillator, the rig has about 24-watts input and this is ample for the service. Battery power not recommended because of the high drain.



#### November 1919

"The Lid is Off" is the caption of the cover picture which shows an enthusiastic ham rising out of what looks something like a trash can, waving his new license. There is not too much dope on technical matters, since the magazine went to press just too early.

... There is great deal of enthusiasm, however, and next month should see the old ball rolling again in great shape.
... Hiram Percy Alaxim, in a lead article writes about the importance of ARRL. It is hoped to caroll every amateur as a League member. Maxim, under the pen name of "The Old Man" writes unenthusiastically about "Rotten Impulse Excitation." These articles are gens. Maybe sometime they'll be collected and published as a book. They ought to be.

. . . The Editor foresees lots of trouble in getting our rigs to operate on 200 meters. He wants to bear from anybody who has such an outfit in successful operation. "The frequencies are so high," be laments.

. . . Spark is still with us, of course, and that old master of this technique, M. B. West, &AEZ, has an article on "Transmitter Efficiency."

... Some new "hard" tubes are advertised and the prewar tubular audion has practically disappeared. What a pity! Some of those were very good indeed, even if one had to fiddle with the plate voltage a little, Storage "B" latteries also make their debut. — WIANA.

The Post Office Department promises faster mail service with the new Zip codes. Use yours when you write League Headquarters. Use ours, too. It's 06111.

82 QST for

#### CONDUCTED BY BILL SMITH,\* KØCER

#### Quick and Easy Antenna Matching

Tuning the vhf bands one often hears discussions on antennas. They are probably the single most popular topic. More often than not, we may hear someone say, "My SWR was a bit high so I trimmed the feedline and got it down." What the fellow means is that his antenna may now accept transmitter power more easily, but the SWR has not been lowered, or affected in any way. The mismatch at the antenna still exists. What has happened is that the location of the standing-wave null has been found, usually by the cut-and-try method. Standing-waves on the transmission line may be viewed as a sine wave. Trimming the feedline could have placed the SWR bridge in the null at the reference line, Fig. 1.

A mismatch may be easily and quickly found. Simply insert an electrical quarter-wave length of coax in your transmission line between the bridge and the original transmission line, making sure, of course, that they are of the same impedance. See Fig. 2. If the plate current being drawn by the transmitter or the SWR bridge reading changes (usually both will change), your antenna is not matched. The only place to correct the problem is at the antenna, by adjusting the matching device.

The ideal situation is to adjust the matching device with the antenna at its normal operating position, so that the effect on its impedance of ground, and objects simulating ground is tuned out. Usually, however, this is neither practical nor safe. There is another way.

Lower the antenna to the ground, and using a step-ladder, or some similar supporting structure, point the antenna straight up. The mast may be attached to the top of the step-ladder with a U-bolt around the mast and passed through the ladder's top platform.

The reflector should be no less than one quarter-wave above ground to minimize ground reflections. A greater distance is to be preferred Be sure the sky that the antenna is looking towards is unobstructed for several wavelengths by trees, utility lines and so forth. Even on the most crowded city lot, these objectives can usually be met.

Now we can safely reach the matching device. Disconnect the feedline and in its place, insert the SWR bridge. Reconnect the feedline to the bridge and apply some rf power. Your wife or

a buddy is handy there. Note the SWR at the antenna. I'll bet you will be amazed! Now adjust the matching network for minimum SWR, either while wearing a dry pair of gloves to prevent rf burns, or while the transmitter is momentarily shut off. You should move also out of the antenna's immediate area to eliminate any body reactance. Some retuning of the transmitter also will be necessary to assure maximum rf transfer.

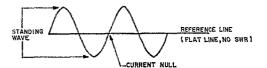


Fig. 1—A sine-wave look at standing waves.

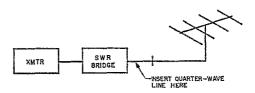


Fig.2—Checking for SWR with a quarter-wave insert.

Quarter-wave lengths by frequency, velocity factor
included:

50 MHz 39 in. 220 MHz 8¾ in. 144 MHz 13½ in. 432 MHz 4½ in.

After the proper match is realized, remove the SWR bridge, reattach the feedline and seal it with some type of weather-proofing material. Spraying with Krylon, wrapping with electrical tape and spraying again is usually sufficient in most climates. Several light sprayings of Krylon is better than a single heavy application. All the metal hardware should be checked for corrosion and buffed clean with a wire brush before sealing the connection.

The antenna may now be returned atop the tower, and little change in matching will be noted. You could also again try the quarter-wave line at the transmitter before raising the autenna.

<sup>\*</sup>Send reports and correspondence to Bill Smith, KgCER, ARRL, 225 Main St., Newington, Conn. 06111.

And while you're at it, check the feedline for signs of weathering or abrasion against the tower or house-entry location.

You probably won't notice any great change in signal reports after all this, unless you had an extremely bad mismatch before, but you will have the satisfaction of knowing your antenna is now permitting maximum signal transfer, both receiving and transmitting.

#### In Historical Perspective

One recent evening the vhf bands were particularly quiet. While rummaging about in my junk closet I came across some musty-smelling issues of vhf rags, none of which are any longer in print. One that caught my eye was the November, 1947, issue of The VHF News, written by Bill McNatt, W9NFK. I was curious just what was happening on v.h.f. 22 years ago this month. Some of those involved are still going strong, some have faded, and others have joined Silent Keys. But this is what was happening in November, 1947.

There was a front-page squabble going over what other than DN! The new 2-meter DN record was apparently claimed by WØWGZ in Iowa and W3GV, Pennsylvania. Their contact was figured to be 26,375 miles farther than the previous record. Their DN record? About 675 miles!

Then there were several pages of who worked whom, including a report from none other than Helen Harris of Lakewood, Ohio, then billed as W8UKS' XYL. Helen is now, of course, W1HOY/KP4, and Sam is working moonbounce from Puerto Rico. W4FJ, reporting on 2 meters down Richmond way, proclaims horizontal is the "most effective and certainly the most practical polarization." Ted goes on to say he will soon be experimenting with 420. He now is national leader in states worked on that band.

W1HDQ reports a new 235-MHz band record. (Remember they were *megacycles* 22 years ago, and the band was 235 to 240 Mc) W1CTW worked W2HWX over a 200-mile path.

There were articles on using the SCR-522 surplus gear, a simple coax SWR meter, and preamps built around 6J4s and 6J6s, and a lengthy discussion on what makes tropo ducting work.

So you see, there have been changes in the last 22 years, but some of the topics and some of the "doers" remain the same. Next month this column will mark its 30th anniversary, this monthly coverage of the vhf scene having been originated by W1HDQ in the December, 1939, issue of QST.

#### Author's Note

Your column conductor has returned to Sioux Falls, South Dakota after a three-year absence. I will again be signing my KØCER call and will be active on 144 MHz meteor scatter and tropo schedule requests will be honored as occupational time allows. For the next 30 days, please address all correspondence for this column to League Headquarters, from where it will be forwarded.

#### Wyoming Repeater News

The 2-meter repeater project of the University of Wyoming Amateur Radio Club should be completed by the time this appears in print. The site is Sherman Hill, near Laranie. The call is K7SDD, also the home-station call of the trustee, Chris

Humphries. Similarly, a Downtown-Laramie repeater carries the call of the UWARC president, Bob Rule, WA7EGK. Output frequency: 146.76; input 146.16 MHz.

Originally it had been intended to use 146.34—146.94, but the change was made to avoid problems with the WØWYX, repeater on Squaw Mountain, west of Denver. It is hoped that participants will make provision for transmitting on 146.76, for direct work when the repeater is not in operation. Eventual plans call for a second repeater, on 146.34—146.94, with corner-reflector antennas aimed west. This will be set up so that signals on both input frequencies will be relayed on both output frequencies. The WØWYX repeater is not heard west of Sherman Hill, so this arrangement should provide western Wyoming coverage for users of the popular 34–94 combination.

This combination would have been useful to the undersigned, who recently spent a week in Wyoming without hearing a peep on either 34 or 94, though we did have fruitful discussions with WA7EGK in Cheyenne, and W7LVU, in Casper. The latter has applied for authorization to operate a repeater on Casper Mountain. Links on 450 MHz will tie in with the Laramie and Squaw Mountain repeaters. — W1HDQ.

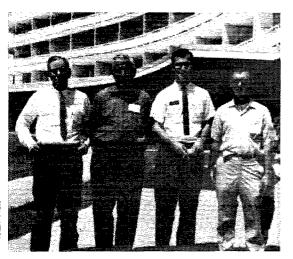
#### **OVS and Operating News**

50-MHz DXers, having finished with the summer E-season, are now awaiting TE openings to South America and possible F-layer to the Pacific. There is very little six-meter news this month. However, W6ABN says XEIGE and XEIPY worked ZK1AA on September 7 around 2000 GMT. K6JYO reports that WB6KAP worked ZK1AA also, during the first week of September. HISXDS stopped and visited W6ABN; Swany was enroute to Vancouver, B.C., where he'll be signing VE7AFL again.



Groundwork for a vhf repeater. The possibilities for a cross-state repeater were investigated by this expedition to the top of Mission Peak, Near Wenatchie, Washington, early in September. Facing the camera is Jim Hartwell, K7UDG. Jon Marcinko, W7FHZ, is looking the other way. Third member of the party, Bill Balzarini, K7MWC, was the photographer. K7WWC is VHF PAM and OVS, K7UDG an EC, and W7FHZ is Northwestern representative on the ARRL Advisory Committee on VHF Repeaters.

84 QST for



These are four well-known vhf men who attended the 1969 Central States Vhf Conference at Boulder, Colorado in August. Left to right, W4FJ, WØEMS, K8REG and WØLER. (All conference photos via W4FJ)

K7ICW reports Es from Las Vegas on August 2, 3, 4 and 10, and notes that a contact with K4AYO, Miami, was the only double-hop E during August. Constant monitoring for ZK1AA has so far proven fruitless for Al.

On August 9, WA1DFL, Mass., worked several 9s and K8CLA/Ø in Grand Forks, North Dakota. In Ohio, WA8YHN noted the same openings caught by K7ICW and WA1DFL, working 5s, 6s and Øs. WA8YHN last noted Es on August 16 when he worked K4UJZ, Fort Lauderdale, Florida.

John, KH6GHC, is now well settled with Motorola in Chicago and says he will be making company trips this fall to South America. He was in Aruba in August and talked with PJ3AD and PJ3AL. Both said few openings to the U.S. had been noted this year and all were poor. John says anyone he overlooked with a KH6 confirmation may write him at 950 Beau Drive, Des Plaines, Ill. 60016.

144 MHz was very active during late summer and early fall. Tropo and meteor scatter accounted for a number of additions to the states worked boxes.

W1AZK, New Hampshire, has a weekly schedule with K4GL, South Carolina. They have made contact several times this summer on random meteors. W1AZK had Perseid schedules with WØDRL and WØENC with no success, but those paths are 1500 miles. K1UGQ, who signs W2CRS when in New York, had two Perseid contacts, WASPIE and WØNXF, bringing his total to 30 states worked from his Maine location.

W3BHG, Delaware, has added three new states, WA9DOT in Wisconsin on tropo back in July, and WØLER, Minnesota, and WØNXF. Nebraska, during the August Perseids. K4EJQ, Tenn., worked VE2DFO on Perseid meteors, and several Minneapolis stations over an 800-mile tropo path. Bunky says activity still is below what he calls "normal." In Georgia, W4ISS is active with a beefed-up 5894 and stacked 6-element Yagis. He reports an August 27 tropo contact with W8KAY, 550 miles. Frank, if your states totals equal or better the lowest total listed in your call area, you're eligible for listing in the states worked boxes. The same applies to everyone, of course.

W5UGO, Oklahoma City, says his August Perseid contact with Wyoming's K7VTM, was state number 43. Larry leads the 5th call area on 2 meters. Close behind is Larry's father, W5HFV. His total now numbers 36 states after successful Perseid exchanges with K2RTH and K3ARN.

In California, K6MYC is working on collinear designs again. Back in April, 1967, Mike described, in this column, how to add a director to the common collinear design for more gain. Now he says adding a second director, spaced 10½ inches from the first, will yield a gain of 2.2 dB over the standard collinear design. Mike and K6HCP also are experimenting with spacing Yagi configurations during moonbounce schedules with ZL1AZR and VK3ATN.

K7ICW had several unsuccessful Perseid schedules, but listened to both ends of a contact between K6JYO and K7VTM. He called K7VTM after the contact was completed, but the Wyoming operator was talking with K6JYO on the telephone! Al notes several periods of good tropo conditions during August from Las Vegas to Phoenix and Southern California.

What happened to the 8s? But W9YYF, Illinois, caught a good midwest tropo opening August 21, working from Tennessee to Oklahoma and Nebraska. W9YYF also noted a small aurora opening August

2.1	METED	STANDING			
W1J8M35	8 1400 8 1478 8 1310 8 1300 8 1370 7 1275 8 1296 7 1100 7 1040 7 1225 6 800 7 1450	W5HFV27	10	1285	
KIABR34 WIAZK34	8 1478 8 1412	W5MCC25 K5PTK18	8	1430 1330	
KIHTV 32	8 1310	Kar IK48	. 0	1990	
KIHTV	8 1300	WAGDO 18	5	1326	
K1UGQ30	8 1370	WRWSO 15	4	1390	
KIWHS29	-8 - 1300	□ K6HAAI3	4	1380	
KIBKK28	7 1275 8 1296	W6NLZ12	5 4	$\frac{2540}{1240}$	
W1FJH 24 W1HDQ 24 K1MTJ 20 K1JIX 18 K1RJH 17	7 1100		4	1258	
W1HDQ24	7 1040				
K1MTJ20	7 1225	W7JRG27	- 6	1320	
KIJIX18	6 ,800	K7NII24	5	1290 1246	
KIRJH17	7 1450		4	1240	
W2NLY37 W2CXY37 W2ORI37 W2BLV36 W2AZL36 WA2FGK33	8 1390 8 1360		9	1260	
W2CXY37	8 1360 8 1320	K8DEQ32	8	1150	
W2BLV 36	8 1150	WSIDI 57	- 8	$\frac{1150}{1150}$	
W2AZL36	8 1380	WANOH 26	- 6	1165	
WA2FGK .33	8 1340		ŝ	1000	
K2RTH32	8 1215	WSTIU24 KSZES22 WASVHG.13	8888	675	
W2CRS26	8 1270 8 1150	WA8VHG.13	ñ	465	
WA2FGR .33 K2HTH32 W2CRS26 W2CNS23 W2DWJ23 WA2EMB .22 W2DNR22 W2DNR22	8 1340 8 1215 8 1270 8 1150 6 860				
WA2EMB.22	8 1335		9	1300	
W2DNR22	7 1200	WA9DOT .41	9	1303	
WB2FXB .21	6 915	K9AAJ,41	9	1200 1150	
WB2FXB .21 K2YCO20 WA2PMW.19	7 750	WGAAG 30	- ğ	1200	
WAZEALW.19	6 1000	W9YYF. 36	- 8	1050	
W3RUE. 36 W3KWH. 35 W3GKP. 32 K3GFA. 25 W3BHG. 25 W3BHP. 25 W3HB. 21 K3OBU. 21 W3LHF. 19 WA3GPL. 19 W3TFA. 18	8 1100	W9IFA33 W9PBP32	888	1060	
W3KWH35	8 1100 8 1335 8 1100 8 1200 8 1140 8 1310 7 930 6 700 6 625		- 8	820	
W3GKP32	8 1108				
K3CFA25	8 1200 8 1140	KØM QS 45	10	1590	
W3BDP 95	8 1100	WODED, 45	10	1380 1369	
W3HB21	8 1310	WØDQY41	- 9	1300	
K3OBU 21	7 930	WOLFE40	- ÿ	1100	
W3LHF19	6 700		9	$\frac{1250}{1380}$	
WA3GPL19	$\frac{6}{8}$ $\frac{625}{1342}$	WØEYE35 WØENG35	9	1380	
WalthLa	5 1042	WØLCN28	g	1000	
	9 1150		8	1295	
W4WNH38	0 1980		•		
W4HJQ39 W4WNH38 W4HHK38	9 1280	F8DO 1	1	5100	
K4EJQ,37	8 1125	KH6UK 2 OHINL I	ž	2540	
K4LXC30	8 1403 8 1325	OH1NL 1	1	5850	
K401F 35	8 1225				
W4CKB34	8 1325	VELAUC, , 7	2	.500	
W4FHR. 38 K4EJQ. 37 K4IXC. 36 K4QIF. 35 W4CKB. 34 W4FJ. 34 W4FJ. 34 W4VHH. 33 W4AWS. 29	\$ 1125 8 1403 8 1325 8 1225 8 1325 8 1150	VESPOT 17	- 7	1340 975	
W4VHH33	8 1100 8 1350	VE2HW 11	- 5	800	
11 4A 11 0 , 28	o reson		2765878882	1283	
W5UGO43	10 1398	VE3BQN31 VE3AIB29	7	$\frac{1250}{1340}$	
	9 1289	VESAIB29	- 8	1340	
K5WXZ36	10 1450	VESASO28	్థ	$\frac{1285}{1100}$	
W5HFV36	10 1285	VE7BOH. 6	3	1248	
WAUKO 90	9 1360		~		
K5WXZ. 36 W5HFV. 36 W5AJG. 33 W5UKQ. 29 W5LO. 28	8 1150 7 1254	VK3ATN 3	3	10417	
The figures a		call refer to states, Revised November,	call	areas	
and mileage of	best DX. 1	Revised November,	1969	,	

25 when he worked stations from Minnesota to New York and Ontario. W9IFA reports unsuccessful Perseid schedules with W3LUL and W1JSM, though complete calls were heard.

In Minneapolis, WøLER reports Perseid contacts with W3BHG, W4LSQ and VE2DFO. VE2DFO was worked on a random ssb CQ. WøLER heard K4LXC and W4CKB, both over 1400-mile paths to Florida. Several good bursts came through, but no contact was made. WøLFE, Missouri, had a successful Perseid shower, adding two new states, W1JSM and W3BDP. WøNXF added two states also. Bob worked W3BHG and K1UGQ. He says the shower was "very, very good." Remarks from others said "poor" to "average." WøENC, in western South Dakota, reached 35 states worked by exchanging meteor signals with K4GL, South Carolina. Bob also worked VE3ASO, K8LZF and W8IDT for a fine showing from South Dakota.

Canadian VE2DFO keeps extremely active. Don started meteor schedules on July 27 and between that date and August 13, he worked KØMQS, WA9DOT, WØLER twice, K4EJQ, WØLFE three times, WØBFB and W9YYF. This was his first attempt at m.s. and he came away with these suggestions for other m.s. novices: use 15-second calling sequences for shower meteors and 30 seconds for random on cw., and short calls on ssb, especially when searching for random meteor contacts. On September 1, Don completed a contact with K4IXC, 1340 miles on a random meteor burst that lasted 45 seconds! VE6MX says f-m activity continues in Alberta. He reports simplex contacts with VE6AVV and VE6WZ. VE6MX is using a 4CX25OB amplifier for his f-m work.

Several letters, all pro, have been received about single-band operating nights suggested in the September column. Some of the fellows have asked for even more of this type activity. The number of reports received following the first three months or so should provide guidelines for such future activity.

220 MHz is showing signs of life again. We hope the single-band operating nights (see September column) will encourage more use of this band.

WB6NMT is scheduling KH6EEM on moonbounce, using an array of 16 ten-turn helices and a kW. WB6NMT offers 220 moonbounce schedules to anyone equipped to handle the job properly. K7ICW tried a Perseid meteor scatter schedule with W5ORH. The 15-minute try netted but two pings. WAØQLP, Rapid City, South Dakota, gave 220 meteors a try also. He ran a schedule with W6AJF and heard pings and short bursts, but made no contact. A tropo contact with WØEYE, Colorado, was WAØQLP's first state on 220. He offers schedules with anyone willing to give 220 a try.

432-MHz DXing has been exceptional this past summer. Many changes in the states worked boxes have been recorded. Competition is keen in the second call area. K2ACQ, Lockport, N. Y., has moved back into the lead, having added WA2-WEB/8, West Virginia, W3CGV, Delaware and W9JIY, Illinois. K2ACQ operates nightly on 432.045. He is followed closely by K2UYH. Al added WA2WEB/8, his number 17.

It was K2UYH and WØDRL who proved during the August Perseid shower that there is a possibility of m.s. contacts at 432 MHz. Some of the details were given last month, but here are more from K2UYH. Scheduling from 0900 to 1000 GMT, WØDRL copied a 5-second K2UYH burst on August 10. Nothing was heard either way on the 11th. On the 12th, WØDRL copied one 15-second and one 5-second burst. K2UYH copied a single

5-second burst from Kansas. K2UYH says these results agree with predictions by Lovell and Brown in Exploration of Space by Radio and other similar radio astronomy texts. They say signal strength should decrease linearly with the frequency for constant-sized antennas, while duration should drop by the square of the frequency. Therefore, Al concludes that for a constant-sized antenna, such as a parabolic reflector, signals on 432 should be only 5 dB below the strength of 144-MHz signals. Since m.s. signals at 144 are generally strong, often 10 to 20 dB can be sacrificed and be still usable. Al says, however, duration is the real problem. Bursts at 432 will last only one-ninth as long as the same condition would produce on 144, leaving only the extremely long duration bursts of ionization of any value at 432. K2UYH and WØDRL will continue their schedules through the winter meteor showers.

W2BLV and W2DWJ report working new states; both adding WA2WEB/8. K3IUV also added that West Virginia portable, operated by the East Coast Vhf Society.

In Virginia, K4QIF closed in on W4FJ, now trailing the national leader by only one state. K4QIF clicked with W8YIO, Michigan, W9JIY, Indiana, and others during an August 25-30 tropo session. Rusty now has 19 states worked.

On August 27, W4FJ worked K9HMB, Illinois, plus numerous stations in Ohio, Michigan and New York, as a big high-pressure area slowly drifted across the upper Ohio Valley.

K8REG, Ohio, says tropo was excellent on August 27. He worked W4FJ, K4QIF, K2UYH and K2CQG. On August 26, Vince noted aurora on 432, hearing but not working W8YIO, W8HVX, WA9HUV and W9ZIH.

WASVHG now has 8 states. WØDRL in Kansas is Brian's latest addition. He says to keep an eye on KSLZH in Michigan who is now running 500 watts and 40-element collinear.

W9JIY, Indianapolis, found good tropo on August 28. He worked WØDRL, K2ACQ and K4QIF. WA9HUV reached 17 states, contacting South Dakota's WØIT on August 23. Also on that night, and the one before, Norm worked Ohio, Michigan, Pennsylvania, Kansas and Minnesota. W9WCF likewise found WØIT, and moved to 19 states worked. That 20 state mark at 432 doesn't look so formable now, does it?



Also attending the Central States meeting were, left to right, WØDRL, K5WXZ, WØEMS and WØEYE, Chairman of this year's conference.

#### 220- and 420-MHz. STANDING 220 MHz. W1HDQ...13 K1JIX...12 K1BFA... 8 5 4 3 $\frac{450}{600}$ W2CNS... 7 W2SEU... 6 $\frac{525}{220}$ W3RUE...14 K3IUV....11 W3UJG... 9 $\frac{585}{310}$ $\frac{400}{400}$ K2CBA...17 W2DWJ...15 K2DNR...13 W2SEU...12 K2RTH...12 W2CRS...10 1090 54 740 600 325 W4FJ. 20 K4QIF 19 K4EJQ 12 K4SUM 11 W4HJZ 9 K4NTD 9 K4GL 5 995 1065 550 420 560 W3TIJG...14 W3RUE...10 K3IUV...10 W4HJZ.... 9 K4NTD... 9 K4GL.... 5 W4VHH... 5 5 4 480 480 310 835 450 K4IXC.... 3 K4GL.... 3 22 1090 W5RCI...19 W5ORH...12 W5AJG...7 W5UKQ...6 W5AWK...3 880 700 1010 64322 W5RCI...10 W5AJG...3 W5LO....2 $910 \\ 1050$ 522 $\frac{590}{222}$ 660 W6WSQ... W6DQJ... 4 2 360 W6WSQ... 4 K7ICW... 4 W7JRG... 2 W8PT....11 K7ICW... 4 W7JRG... 2 22 $\frac{225}{420}$ ē K8DEO...17 K8REG...16 W8HVX...15 W8MNT...13 W8RQI...10 W8CVQ...10 WASVHG. 8 625 625 660 600 WØEYE... 8 4 910 VE3AIB... 7 450 6 6 6 4 425 #20 MHz. K3EAV/1 .14 6 K1BFA ... 10 4 W1QVF ... 10 5 K1JIX ... 10 4 K1HTV ... 10 4 W1HDQ ... 10 3 WALJTK ... 9 3 $625 \\ 450$ 700 470 400 460 400 250 W8FWF... 7 W9WCD...19 WA9HUV.17 $\frac{825}{780}$ 7756555 WA9HUV.14 W9AAG...14 WA9NKT.12 K9AAJ...12 780 800 560 425 490 K2ACQ... 19 K2UYH... 17 K2CBA... 16 K2ACQ... 16 W2CLL... 15 W2BLV... 14 W2DWJ... 13 WA2EMB... 12 WA2EMS... 19 WA2EUS... 9 K2YEO... 9 K2RIW... 9 925 840 2670 925 693 8 550 886646643 WØDRL...18 WØLER... 8 WØEYE... 6 $1185 \\ 709 \\ 425$ 500 330 720 VE2HW... 4 VE3DKW.12 VE3EZC.. 7 VE3AIB... 5 750 940 510 450 $\frac{3}{7}$ 260

During the same opening, WØLER, Minneapolis, worked Indiana, Illinois, Kansas and South Dakota. John is looking for Kentucky on 432. He is active each evening, 0300 to 0400 GMT, on 432.015.

1296 MHz reporting was exceptional this month. W2DWJ, Elizabeth, New Jersey is active with 100 watts and a 7-foot dish. Bill reports K2JNG and WB2IOE working nightly over a 65-mile path. K2DZM is running s.s.b. and a 5-foot dish. Also reported active are W2CQH, W2CCY and WA2VTR. All are hoping for some 1296 activity in New England soon.

On September 1, K2UYH worked K4SUM. K2-UYH has a 3CX100A amplifier delivering 40 watts, and K4SUM was running 10 watts from a tripler. Al says the contact is significant as evidence of good tropo possibilities at 1296, if there were just more activity to make use of favorable conditions when they develop sound familiar. K4SUM heard W2DWJ on the same opening, but couldn't attract his attention. Joe lists three states in three call areas and a best DX of 215 miles on 1296. He says in addition to himself, active also in his area are W3AHQ, W3NG, W4API. W4EXS and W4UBY.

In the midwest, WA9HUV is building a 12-foot dish on a polar mount. High power and moonbounce echo tests are also in the works. W9WCD has just az-el mounted a 16-foot dish and is suffering from "a busted back and crinkled legs." W9JIY says he and WA9HUV are keeping schedules, recording signal strength correlation with weather conditions. They have found no correlation between 432 and 1296. W9JIY also reports more interest in 1296 developing around Indianapolis. Bill says W9EVD is building a converter and varactor tripler, while W9NTP is getting ready to build gear.

#### Late Reports

There was a rush of news after Bill's normal deadline this month, so we add these brief tidbits: W7HIX/KG6 (Guam) reports that propagation apparently associated with the TE mode opened the path to Japan and the Asian Mainland frequently, from late August on. He had worked all Japanese call areas by Sept. 15, and was hearing harmonics from Red China regularly in the 50-MHz band.

For the U.S. Southwest and Mexico, the TE season opened Sept. 20. LU6EAM worked XE1PY, 0130 to 0140 GMT. KTICW, Las Vegas, Nev., worked CE3QG at 0240, hearing him until 0410. W5WAX and K5WVX worked XE1PY, CE3QG, LU8AHW, OA4C, LU3DCA and XE1CK in that order, between 0115 and 2230.

We'll let you name the mode on this last one, but WB6KAP reports reception of the ZK1AA beacon 5 nights in July from the 15th on, and 6 out of the first 9 nights of August. He sent a tape of a 20-minute QSO with Stewart around midnight (PDT) Aug. 9, with ZK1AA's cw running S3 to 5.

The third week of September provided some rare inland tropo on 144, 220 and 432, from South Carolina and Georgia to the Maritime Provinces. With something approximating a skip effect, never observed in the more frequent coastal inversions, most of the contacts were over 400 to 750 miles.

Some of the longer hauls worked on 144 on Sept. 22-23: VE1AFB — W3LUL, VE1ANW — W4JFU; K1BKK, Barre, Vt., and W1AZK, Chichester, N. H. — W4VHH/4, Belvedere, S. C., also worked by W1VTU, K1HTV and K1RJH in Connecticut. K4YYJ, Salisbury, N. C., and W4NUS at Charlotte seemed to be about the northern edge of this for the W1's, and stations only about down to the New York area were working the Carolina stations. All the Carolina stations, and K4GL, not mentioned above, but active in the DX picture, are in the western mountainous areas of the states, remote from coastal inversion effects.

This propagation was working on 432, as well. K1HTV, Meriden, Conn., heard W4VHH/4 every time the latter was on 432, and W4NUS, as well, though no contact was made.

The value of being active regularly was never better demonstrated than during this spell of several nights and mornings of long tropo. The usually-observed signs would not have worked, as signals from the outer edges of the normal working range were not up appreciably. Frequent CQ's and religiously-kept skeds were much more effective.

K2ACQ, Lockport, N. Y., and K4EJQ, Bristol, Tenn., had been keeping nightly 432 skeds for a long time, with no result, but on the night of Sept. 25, at 10 local time, they worked with good signals. This made K2ACQ the first in his call area over that "impossible" barrier to State No. 20 on 432! K2YCL, near Rochester, also worked K4EJQ.

#### Those Activity Nights

The proposed high-band activity nights, detailed in September QST, page 84, are still in the tuture as we write, but favorable comments are still coming in. The only question now remains is: "Will the reports come in?" Be sure to let us know who you worked on 144 Oct. 4, on 220 Oct. 11, and on 432 Oct. 18. Get details in at once, especially for the 432 nights, as that is close to our deadline. Repeat the effort in November, as follows: 144 — Nov. 1; 220 — Nov. 8; 432 — Nov. 15, 6 p.m. Saturday to 2 A.M. Sunday, your local time. Just report contacts made, and add observations about the evening's activities.



#### CONDUCTED BY LOUISE RAMSEY MOREAU,\* WB6BBO

#### That "Impossible Dream"

THIRTY years ago W7FWB, Ethel Smith, now K4LMB, read a lace bordered advertisement in QST that, by its frilly appearance was designed to catch the eye of the "sugar and spice" readers. Instead of appealing to Ethel's feminine love of perfume and lace, the advertisement was a challenge to her to discover just how many YLs there were in the amateur ranks and possibly form a club of some kind. By October of 1939, the YLRL dream had become a reality with a Constitution and By-Laws, and a growing membership. The present system of District Chairmen was in effect to promote organization, and YLRL was well on its way.

From 1939 to 1941 an't very long but in those two years the foundations for YLRL were firmly set, and YLRL "Chapters," now known as affiliated clubs were appearing across the country. When the door slammed shut on Amateur Radio after Pearl Harbor, the women operators distinguished themselves in all phases of war work with many of them entering the armed services in the communications branches.

Although the actual organization was shelved for the duration of World War II, the lack of opportunities did not put an end to the club, for when the ban was lifted the gals picked up where they had left off and YLRL continued to grow.

A YL is simply another Amateur Radio Operator who happens to be feminine, and YLRL is an organization that maintains that feminine identity in the almost half million amateur population of the world. In contests our voices may reveal our sex when we are on fone, but on cw, or RTTY, we are hidden by the facelessness of our calls. The YLRL sponsored contests have added a hint of that lace border of 1939, with the YLAP each fall, a contest for women operators that started as a QSO party in December 1939, and has long since become the YLRL Anniversary Party. YL-OM, the other major contest has just completed its 19th year as one of the very popular activities of the amateur calendar.

The colorful certificates that are the tangible evidence of our activity include WAS-YL, WAC-YL, YLCC, which are available to any operator who meets the requirements, and that very restricted DX-YL, that is issued only to women amateur operators.

\*YL Editor QST, Please send all news notes to WB6-BBO's home address; 1036 East Boston St., Altadena, Calif. 91001.

# Dear YL:-

That border is the nearest thing to a pair of lace gimmicks that our printer has — and we had to catch your eye some way!

Goodness knows—and you won't tell—how many of you YL key-twitchers there are—but we figure there's a lot of you who should read TWO HUNDRED METERS AND DOWN: The Story of Amateur Radio. Why? Read on.

Advertisement QST, May 1939, Beginning "Dear YL"

The past thirty years have seen the dream of a world-wide organization of women come into reality assisted in part by the YLRL plan of adopted YLs to help the DX gals over the stumbling blocks of international red tape. YL Harmonics, the club publication that began as a news sheet, as so many do, has grown into a bi-monthly magazine. Recently Harmonics received several citations from the Amateur Radio News Service for its illustrations, legibility of content, and general format. The membership has grown from the twelve women who answered Ethel Smith's request in 1939, to stand up and be counted to almost a thousand YLs located in all fifty states, and an equal number of countries making YLRL the largest, as well as the oldest of women's amateur radio clubs.

The average member of YLRL, according to a survey made by WA6AOE two years ago, has been licensed for 10½ years, and has been a YLRL member for 8. To make the picture a little fuller, fifty seven of the members have QCWA on their QSL cards, and several are now qualified to belong to OOTC. Membership is open to all women who hold a current Amateur Radio Operator's License, and Novices are as welcome as Extra class.

To the telegraph profession the numeral "30" means "The end. No more." For YLRL, this thirtieth anniversary is defined best by the old show business line "It's only the beginning."

#### YLRL Election Results

The officers for the year 1970 will be President VE3EZI, Ivy Smythe Vice-president K5PFF, Audrey Beyer Secretary KL7FJW, Betty Marsh Receiving Treasurer

W6YKU, Jaquelyn Van de Kamp Disbursing Treasurer WB2JCE, Janice Fontana

#### District Chairmen

First District
Second District
Third District
Fourth District
Fifth District
Sixth District
Seventh District
Lighth District
Ninth District
Tenth District
KH6 District
KH7 District
VE District
VE District

K1QFD, Phyllis Hoffman W2UXM, Sallie Lobenthal WA3FWI, Zeta Morgan WA4UWK, Maxine Harris WA5JFZ, Jane Eastman WA60GK, Dorothy Leif K7QGO, Mae Hipp K8CEN, Louise Gambill WA9CNV, Pauline Course WA9FSK, Kay Swezey KH6TI, Ardelle E. Johnson K17GFU, Trudy Hobbs VE1AKO, Christine Weeks

#### TOT Memorial Week: November 22-24, 1969

The Ontario Trilliums will again hold the Trilliums' Memorial week in honor of Albert Theodor Jensen, from 0030 GMT November 22, 1969 through 0030 GMT November 24, 1969.

The Trilliums being the host club will call "CQ TMW." All others will call "CQ TOT."

Exchange signal report, name and QTH, Trilliums will give their club numbers. Cw contacts will count as 2 (two) points, fone contacts count as 1 (one) point. Low power multiplier of 1.25 for all transmitters running 150 watts cw, 150 watts am. 300 watts p.e.p. and under.

Each Trillium station may be contacted only once regardless of band or mode. Logs must show: Date, Time in GMT, RST, Band Mode, TOT Number, as well as name and address and claimed score. All logs must be signed by the operator.

Non member with the highest score will be presented with a plaque, and will have his name inscribed on the Albert Theodor Jensen Memorial Trophy donated for the contest by Jack and Dot Abel. Remember, there is no prize for the leading Trillium other than the fun of the contest. Only non members are able to qualify for the award.

To be sure of contacts the TOTs will be active on the following frequencies at the following times:

Frequency	Date	Time (GMT)
$3.685~\mathrm{Mhz}$	Nov. 22	1900
3.685	Nov. 23	0200 and 2215
3.855	Nov. 22	1600
3.855	Nov. 23	0000 and 1945
7.103	Nov. 22	1500 and 2300
7.103	Nov. 23	1830
7.240	Nov. 22	2000
7.240	Nov. 23	1500 and 2330
14.035	Nov. 22	0200  and  2200
14.035	Nov. 23	1715
14.140	Nov. 22	1700
14.140	Nov. 23	0100 and 2100
14.240	Nov. 22	0030 and 2100
14.240	Nov. 23	1600

Send logs to Bubbles Timlick, VE4ST, 1317 Magnus Avenue, Winnipeg 14, Manitoba, Canada. Logs must be postmarked not later than December 31, 1969, and received not later than January 15, 1970.

#### YLAP - Windup

It still isn't too late to celebrate the 30th Annual YLRL Anniversary Party. The phone portion of the contest will be November 5, 6, 1969. See October YL News and Views for the contest rules.

#### Meet the Club - H.A.W.K.

Hawk came into existence October 6, 1957 when five YLs met at Purdue University. W9RTH, Adah Elliott, was appointed President, W9JYO, Thelma Zimmerman, appointed Vice president, K9IXD, Doris Singer, Secretary, and W9LYU, Betty Timberlake, Treasurer. By-laws were drawn up, and there was a club paper edited by K9IXD. In less than a year there were twenty one members. At that time one of the membership requirements was that the YL be an active member of YLRL. The club had some rather unusual members, W9RTH was the first licensed woman radio operator in Marion County; W9JYO was the first licensed woman operator in the state of Kentucky in 1932; K9FZX was the first licensed YL operator in Whitley County.

On August 1, 1958, the Montgomery AREC Club, in Illinois, heard about the H.A.W.K.s and their emblem, procured a stuffed hawk that was captured in Montgomery County, and gave it to the club. This bird is treasured by all the members and is named Bobbi. Bobbi is well known throughout Indiana and has been present at many of the amateur radio gatherings.

Club meetings are held the same day as the Indiana Radio Club Council, the second Sunday



November 1969

of April, and the second Sunday of October. The club certificate is issued to any ham who works 10 members, Custodian is K9ILK, Fran Welsh.

Members of this very active club have been honored many times. K9IVG was SCM of Indiana, and was awarded Outstanding Amateur of Indiana. K9IXD received the same award for her activity in the clubs, and this year it was again given to W9RTH.

#### Giselle Walls --- K3WAJ

The OM, who was in the local fire company, occasionally brought receivers home to trouble shoot and it was then that Giselle discovered that there was more to communications than the telephone and broadcast radio. The great awakening came when she visited a nearby amateur, and as Giselle puts it: "After seeing the operating, and what was possible, there was no stopping me until I passed the test."

You might say that she literally got her call as a "Christmas gift" for her hard-earned license arrived on Christmas Eve 1962, and she made her first contact on Christmas Day.

Giselle was involved in scouting when she received her license so she ended up with a class in radio that was so successful that several of her students now hold General Class. Her favorite form of operating is fone on 75, 20 and 15 meters. She prefers traffic as an activity, and has been PAM for the past two years on the E.Pa. Emergency and Traffic Net, where she has also been Net Control Station.

A member of YLRL, she was 3rd District high score in the 1967 and 1968 YL-OM contests, also



K3WAJ, Giselle Walls

she holds A-1 Operator, as well as OPS appointment and belongs to ARRL, Secane Radio Club and ISSB. In her spare time Giselle enjoys painting with oils, swimming, playing the organ, and gardening.

Besides the OM, Rody, K3YPF, and a 16-year-old son, the Walls household includes one cat, one rabbit, one parakeet, and a ten-year-old turtle.

#### Strays 🖏

#### Feedback

ARRL DX Test . . . here's how the Top Ten C.W. Operator Box should have looked: W1BPW, K1DIR, W1AX, W4KFC, W3GRF, K1ZND/8, W3WJD, W3NU, WB2CKS, W4LCP. Likewise, K1THQ should be listed as No. 9 in the Top Ten Phone Box.

#### Silent Keps

IT is with deep regret that we record the passing of these amateurs:

W1ENF, Bernardo H. Knight, Easthampton, Mass. W1HPJ, Stephen F. Scigulinsky, Jr., Westfield, Mass.

WIPV, ex-WILEL, Patrick Volpe, Stoneham, Mass.

W1TLI, Frederick L. Terrien, Essex Junction, Vt. K1VHA, Louis A. DeVaux, Shelton, Conn. WA2CKP, William V. Kacen, Fair Haven, N. J. K2EE, Walter B. Weber, Williamsville, N. Y. W2KDA, John J. Danielson, North Bergen, N. J. W2LO, Nelson Dunham, Highland Park, N. J. W2MHK, Samuel G. Nelson, Flemington, N. J. WB2OAW, Michael K. Daniels, Roslyn Heights,

N.Y. WA2TOA, Douglas W. Mazurek, Union, N. J. WA3CWK, Raymond D. Bechtel, Pottstown, Pa. W3EW, Lawrence T. Phelan, Berwyn, Pa. W3KDR, Quayle B. Smith, Bethesda, Md. W3QFR, William McCandless, Pittsburgh, Pa. W3SYU, Robert B. Evans, Trevose, Pa. K4AA, Edwin Nuttall, Boynton Beach, Fla. K4BD, Edward O. Reid, Clearwater, Fla. W4RBM, Robert E. Grow, Largo, Fla. W4RDM, Robert P. Jean, Tampa, Fla. W4RJZ, James H. Hayes, North Charleston, S. C. W5BZ, Harry J. Dutel, New Orleans, La. W5NEH, Olin A. Boyer, Dallas, Texas. W5PYE, Dorothy C. McClain, Moscow, Texas. K5ZGD, Harry H. Sandberg, Houston, Texas. W6AD, Mon L. Webb, Sr., Folsom, Calif. W6BUN, Alex W. Callam, Woodland Hills, Calif. W6HC, Harry Engwicht, San Jose, Calif. W6NMS/DJ0KB, Gustav W. Gunkel, Long Beach, Calif.

K60X, ex-W6AIS, Edwin R. Knowles, Lancaster, Calif.

WA6SCC, ex-W6BCT, Charles G. Norton, Garden Grove, Calif.

WB6UIM, Norman K. Edgars, Whittier, Calif. W7JX, Leonard G. Davis, Butte, Mont. K8LCH, Eugene Gander, Columbus Grove, Ohio K7LED/W7DXS, William T. Brown, Seattle, Wash.

KTNCK, Fred A. Barlow, Gillette, Wyo. WSONH, Maurice McMurry, Grand Rapids, Mich. WASRKF, William R. Wasson, Garden City, Mich. KSWLX, Larry L. Paggeot, Whitehall, Mich. WSZCW, John Cox, Newark, Ohio. W9ACE, Melvin J. Baer, Chicago, Ill. K9BPA, Wilmeth K. Wills, Muncie, Ind. K9QWV, Donald L. Weber, Evansyille, Ind. WA9TKO, Robert N. Mitchell, Arlington Heights,

W9UZU, Franklin S. Thompson, Edwardsville, III.
W9UZU, Franklin S. Thompson, Edwardsville, III.
W9UIT, Kenneth A. Lane, Rolling Meadows, III.
WØDIY, Roswell R. Marsh, Sioux Falls, S. Dak.
W6FMU, Richard G. Nuckolls, Fairfield, Iowa.
W6GF, Paul E. Anway, Independence, Mo.
W6IGG, Dick Jannsen, Sioux Falls, S. Dak.
WA6JTA, Roger H. Ries, Pueblo, Colo.
W6KGG, William E. Gage, St. Paul, Minn.
W6LM/W6EHE, Harris F. Raley, Denver, Colo.
W6OAZ, John Hollmberg, Foley, Minn.
W6UEX, H. Otto Lorenzen, Atlantic, Iowa.
W6VWTT, Myron C. Scott, Larned, Kans.
W6VWV, Ferris L. Taylor, Leavenworth, Kans.
ex-KP4BI, Juan A. Wirshing, Ponce, Puerto Rico.
ex-EBSCX, V. S. Alexandersen, Palma de Mallorca,
Spain.

#### Feedback

Because of a clerical error, the call of Paul N. Harrison was listed incorrectly in the Silent Keys column for September 1969. The call should be K6EMR, not W6EMR.

# How's DX?

#### CONDUCTED BY ROD NEWKIRK,\* W9BRD

#### How:

Letter in the box from friend Grommethead Schultz vacationing down east. Explains why he hasn't shown on sked lately. Burned out the 6L6G final in his suitease portable and too busy to remove 132 stripped self-tapping screws to replace it. Not too QRL to peck out a few newsy lines, fortunately. Let's see what else Grom's got to say. . . .

#### Dear Jeevesie:

. . . Been livin' it up, man, socializing with my go-go ham cousin, X. Cedrin Heddick, He's a big club type out here, rarely on the air but very active. Seedy, as everyone more or less affectionately calls him, was born a little too soon. All these old-fashioned years we've had to make do with instant-Utopian in describing him. Recently we discovered he's really Concerned and Dissident, He was born directly under the sign of Aquarius which must have flapped loose and lumped him.

In fact Seedy was undoubtedly born several centuries early. It always burns him up to realize that fate had the temerity to place X. Cedrin in an imperfect environment, And it galls him no end that the world doesn't immediately dismantle itself (bottom bricks first) and reassemble in shining perfection overnight, especially since he loudly offers such remarkably clear insight and snap solutions to age-old problems. Yup, if there's anything at all good about this old globe you won't get a glint of a hint from Heddick. He came to bury the world in wailing invective, not to praise it.

Like most self-styled Utopians, Seedy radiates glaring inconsistency and subjectivity. This is no better demonstrated than in his approach to amateur radio. At one club meeting he flails out against unqualified "appliance operators," their threat to the game and their heavy QRM; at the next he wrings his hands and warns that incentive licensing will throttle amateur radio's "growth" and depopulate precious frequencies. Then he rails against Techs disinclined to pursue higher grades of license, later following this with a tirade against the 20-w.p.m. code requirement for Extraonly phone slots.

In DX matters Seedy is equally ambivalent. After fretting loudly about DXCC's competitive appeal, the pile-ups, etc., he champions his own hopeless version of a certification for working this or that. He gripes mightily about various entities on ARRL's DXCC Countries List, then screams in agony because his own VK7 QSL goes only as Australia. After getting royally sucked in on a bogus DXpedition or two he denounces ARRL for letting such things happen, and now he's upset because the League wants further details on his own claimed operation from Tirans.

This noise would be harmless enough but his glib remedies for club difficulties, usually resulting in higher and higher dues, too often kick loose an avalanche of bigger troubles. These he disowns, blaming their development on the winds of change

\* 7862-B West Lawrence Ave., Chicago, Ill. 60656.

VK9BM's mission location at Mendi, Papua, serves as your QTH of the Month. Capuchin Fr. Ben Madden runs a KWM-2 into that quad and is regularly workable near 14,230 kHz. around 1300 GMT. (Photo via W4TZT)

14,230 kHz. around 1300 GMT. (Photo via W4TZ

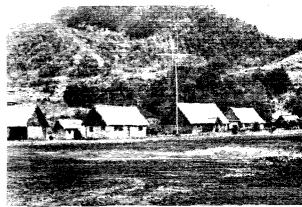
and similar jazz. Yet most of the gang can't take Seedy too much to task for mongering calamity, crisis and cash-crash programs to solve same because he is entertaining, and we suspect his raucous hobby within the hobby is mostly tongue-in-cheek to begin with. Trouble is, the club's younger impressionables aren't fortified with enough wisdom to fully appreciate Heddick's sport. They sometimes flinch when he hollers that the sky is falling,

- Grommiebaby

Grommiebaby? That does it. We've barely time to mail the rest of these pages and head for the airport. Memorable, indeed — gotta try to save what's left of Schultz.

#### What:

20 phone's turn for a tour via your "How's" Bandwagon with wagoneers Ws 1ARR 1BGD/2 2DY 2VOZ 3HNK 3ICQ 4YOK 6YRA 8YGR 9BF 9LNQ, KS 1UHY 4TWJ 6TWT, WAS 1FHU JJHQ JJMR 2DZZ 2FOS 2YWR 4MMO 5PPZ 5RTB 6EQW 8YXE, WBS 2DZZ 6YVS, VETSBT, 1ICTL and Mr. P. Kilroy overflowing the tailgate. Oh, let's try it by geographic breakdown this trip, remembering that "UD6HB (185) 1" means that UD6HB was noted active near 14,185 kilo-Hertzes around 0100 hours Greenwich Mean Time. And away we go. . . .



BX (205) 17, KV (205) 17, SY, XW88 AL 12, CS 12, CV (203) 15, YAs 1FG (216) 16, 1HD (202) 3, 1ZA (215) 16, 2HWI (340) 15, ZG4s AK CB (151) 16, 4LØCR (165) 10, 4878 PB (210) 18, YL (190) 16-18, 4X48 AE (240) 2, HJ 4, VG (250) 23, YM 23, 4Z4A1 22, 7Z3AB (280) 18, 9K28 BV CF (203) 17, 9M2s AV (207) 14, BD (201) 16, BI 15, DQ (242) 15, DW (208) 10, DY (209) 15, FR GV (264) 14, KL (236) 15, KR (203) 14, RH (210) 16, RI (244) 15, VI 14, 9N1MM (210) 1, 9V1s AR 15, HD (205) 17, OF (223) 13, OH (201) 14, OI (241) 12, OX (244) 16, PA PC (216) 17, PD (240) 16 and PP (217) 15.

17. OF (223) 13, OH (201) 14, OI (241) 12, OX (244) 16, PA PC (216) 17, PD (240) 16 and PP (217) 15.

AFRICA — AZCAQ (180), CN88 BB (128) 7, HD (332) A 21, HL (211) 16, MJ (160) 9, CR8 4AB (206) 2, 4BR 6GA (233) 7, 614 23, 7BC (202) 6-15, FCD (202) 5, 7CH 6GA (243) 14, 7CO (203) 5, 7DB 7DS 7IC 7PC (217) 14, CT3AO (240) 5, EAS 8DE (242) 7, SFE (210) 5, SFF (244) 8, SFM 9AA (119) 16-17, 9ER (242) 0, EL28 AC (225) 2, AF BA (203) 8, BI (207) 1, BV, ET38 REL (238) 14, USA (300) 7, ZU, FB8s XX (213) 11, ZZ (119) 5-12, FH8CD (255) 11-12, FISS DG (174) 15, MB (175) 5, FR76 ZG (206) 3, ZD (198) 11, ZL (223) 12, SUIIM (200) 3, TL8GL (225) 21, TT8AF, TU28 AZ (180) 7, BA 23, VOSS AC CA CU CV (205) 14, ZDS 3K (203) 23, SB (170) 17, 5X (205) 15, 9BM (185) 9, ZES 1BP 1CB (201) 5, 1CU 1CW (215) 13, 1CY (202) 15, 1DB (204) 14, 1DO (227) 13-14, 3JC (208) 5, 5JU (204) 15, ZSS HLL 1J 1JD 1PG 1TZ 1X 1YR 2AA 2BJ 3JJ (225) 7, 3IU 6, 4AJ 5BS 5PG 5RE 6ALO 6BDZ 6DP 6GH 6TW, 3VSS AA (116) 7, BZ NC (208) 3, MDL (140) 21, 5AS 1FK (218) 14, 1TL (295) 5, 1TM (206) 3-4, 1TN (250) 23, 2TR (332) 19, 3TL (267) 17, 5TH (274) 4, 5H3s LV (220) 13, MB (188) 18, 5R8s AK (218) 15, AS (220) 4, 5Z4LW, 6O1KM, 6WS AU (215) 8, DQ (210) 22, DY (180) 18, 7PSAB (215) 13, 7X28 FQ MD (225) 20, 9G1s GB DY 7, CL (332) 21, 9J2s BQ (197) 18, BR (210) 18-19, JN (203) 5, 9O5s DG (221) 5, F (190) 0, 9USRH (224) 3, 9X5s AA (208) 19-20 and SP (260) 21.

18-19, JN (203) 5, 9055 DG (221) 5, LF (190) 0, 9U5RH (224) 3, 9X55 AA (208) 19-20 and SP (260) 21.

CEANIA — C21JW (268) 9, CR8AI (244) 14, DU5 1AN 1AW 15, 1DBT (106) 15-17, 1MBN 1ZAE 1ZAF (265) 15, 1ZAG 2SAT 3SL 9FB (192) 14, 9FI, DX% BEN MR, FK8s AC 6, BC 20, BK (105) 7, FO8s AA (205) 3, BH (255) 7, BS BV 4, BW (175) 6-7, BX (206) 11, BY (150) 6, CS (100) 7, KC6s AT BW BY CI CT JC (264) 6, RT (267) 8, KG6s AKR (275) 12, AQ1 AQY SM, KH6s ABQ (205) 7, AH (205) 7-8, BZF 5, CKL EDY (256) 12-13, GKV (250) 7, SP (226) 7, KJ6s BZ CF (275) 8, KM6s BI (243) 9, BQ (267) 9, DQ (340) 3, KS6s BX CG (212) 8, CQ (242), CV, KW6s AA GJ (270) 8, GL, KX6s BS 10, BU DB (298) 12, DC DQ 19, FJ FR (255) 12, HE HG (300) 13, HJ HU NB VF (230) 13, VKs 1GD (245) 14, 1GU 12, 1RY (215) 18, 2ADJ 2APK 2BFI 2FU 2SA 2SF 2VA 2XT 3AD 3AJT 3AKP 3BAI 3BG 3GC 3HW 3JA 3MO 3MU 3TG 3XI 4EF 4EJ 4FA 4FC 4G7 4LX 4MW 4OP 4UC 5FM 5GN 5LO 5MD 5NJ 5WA 5WO 6CB 6CT 6IZ 6LU 6NS 60C 60V 6RU 6US 6VY 7KB 7KJ 7RM 7RX 8BB 8CM 9AM (245) 11-12, 9BB (270) 11-13, 9BM (230) 13, 9BS 9DJ 9JA 9KA 9KS 9KY (268) 8, 9LB (232) 16, 9MK 9TB 9UC 9WD (202) 12-13, 9XI (226) 16, 9KB (110) 7, VRS 1L (230) 9-11, 10 1Q (212) 6, 2CC (270) 8, 2DI 2DK (175) 0, 2EK (254) 9, 2EQ (235) 5, 2FT 2FV (252) 11, 3C (255) 7, 4EL 4EZ 6TC (222) 5, VSS PH TJ 14, W3AWU/YB6 15, YBS 1BA 1BM (165) 18, 2AJ 61AB/g (194) 12-13, 9ABA (231) 14, 4ABA (210) 19-20, βAF βBM (216) 16, YJSRG (270) 8, ZLS 1HJ 1RD 1UA 1NX 2ANR 2APZ 2NY 3AAA 3ABJC (270) 8, 3MN 30H 3LE 4BX 4CU, 5WIS AD 5-6, AR and AS.



YO3RF, a DX hound for thirty years, enjoys collecting world-wide friends with 400 watts, an S-20R, crystal converter and ground-plane in Bucharest.

TUROPE — CTs 1MK 2AK (210) 16, 2AP (203) 1-2, L. 2AR 20, 2AS, EAS 110 2AW 20, 3JV 4DX (205) 18, 4LH 6AR (207) 7, 6BN (167) 8, Fs 2W8/FG (140) 18, 9RY/FG (240) 21, 9UC/FG (201) 21, GC8HT 22, GDs 3KDB (270) 6-7, 3LNS 6, 6IA (152) 8, GIs 3JM (222) 7, 4AZ 7, GM8HP (214) 6, GWs 3NW 2 20, 3OYJ 4NX (208) 20, HAS 3MB (175) 1, 5AM (220) 0-2, 5CA 5CQ (328) 23, 5KDQ 7LF (218) 4, HBØLL (242) 7, HV38J (190) 6-7, ISIs C8 (252) 7, GF (272) 7, JWs 1CI (210) 12, 2QK (205) 2, 3XK (110) 12, 9DL (228) 6-7, JXs 4YM 5, 8IL, (240) 10, LAS 1K (212) 6, ISI 60J 88J 901 (AD 5, LG5LG, LX1BW (227) 5, LZ2KKZ (210) 1-3, M1D (105) 7, OE4WBW (215) 4, OH6s AA (130) 12, NI (211) 5, OKIs ADM AGQ APB (210) 17, 1NH 1NR (207) 2, OYS 2A (314) 7, 2BS 18, 9LV (227) 0, PI1GHK (206) 14, SK6AB 20, SM2s AGR CXX, SPS 1BTF 3PL 4AJ 5CJT 5CK 5WW 8AJK 9ANH 9BLF, SVS 1AD (261) 19, 1AN 1BV 23, 1BY (224) 3, \$WDD \$WMM 5, \$WN 4, TAIS MGP (208) 6, KT (210) 19, NC (276) 7, RF (205) 1, TFS 2WLS (332), 3BV (220) 2, UAS 1DZ 1KBW 2KAW (214) 4, \$6K0D 6LC 6XG, UB5S EO KDH KSP (225) 13, OD (225) 5-6, WE WF WJ 22, UC2BF (240) 5, UN1s KAI KAM (2015) 1, U73s BJ FD 3, RO (200) 20, UP2s CP (199) 20, KAB 0, KDH, UO2s AN (205) 6, KFG (212) 5-6, KEM (203) 5, UR2s AO AR (217) 6, DL LH (210) 20, UT5s AB AM (204) 3-4, KKM (203) 5, KTH (204) 5, LE, UV3s BJ FD 3, UW3s BV 5, FD OC VT, YO2s BB (203) 4, BC (215) 3-5, BN (203) 4, YUS 2HCD (202), 2KZ 2REC 23, 3DQ 5, 3BY (209) 0, ZB2AY (210) 1, 3AS 2CP (295) 9, GVC (220) 12, BI (200) 4, 4U1TTU (154) 7, 9H1s BL and M (221) 5.

BL and M (221) 5.

SOUTH AMERICA — CES 1AD 1LB 2HG 2PN 3ABQ 1.0 646 10, 3ADX 3FI (190) 23, \$\textit{\textit{AGC}}\$ (129) 6, \$\textit{\textit{\textit{BAD}}\$ (170) 10, \$\textit{\textit{BAE}}\$ (266) 10, \$\textit{CPs}\$ 1GT 1HF 2IG 3BD 3BB 5, 5AY, CX7BF, FY7YM (193) 1, HCs 1NM 2JP 8FN (208) 2, HKs 1XAK (243) 4, 3AB 3AW (195) 23, 3BAS 4, 3BED (218) 8, 3DIJ (203) 12, 3WO 4, 5BQW 7BAL 5, \$\textit{\textit{BKX}}\$ (265) 8, \$\textit{\textit{BKZ}}\$ (237) 6-7, KC4s AAD USB (320) 0, USN (322) 10, USV (283) 9, LUs 4ABO 6BBH (162) 23, OAS 2HC 2J (135) 5, 4BU (150) 6, 4HJ 4RH 4W (151) 6, 4WR 4ZD 6BU 4, 8BA 8CV (287) 22, PYs 1HX 1PA 2DFR 2FF 2PA 2PE 6CO \$\textit{\textit{RE}}\$ (146) 21, PZIs BK BW CE 21, CF 1)F (160) 0, VP8s FL JG (200) 2, JT (180) 21, KD (247), KF (178) 21, KO (160) 20, KV (178) 21, VS 1KZ 1WX 1YC 4YC 5AKT 5BCZ 5CKR 5CV 5CZ 05GL/7 7AV 2, ZPS 3AL 5BJ (180) 0-1, 5JB, 4M7AV (219) 9, 8R1U (240) 10-11, 9Y4s AA (214) 5, LO 4, PS 4, VB (175) 21-22, VT (210) 9 and VV.

(240) 10-11, 974s AA (214) 5, LO 4, PS 4, VB (175) 21-22, VT (210) 9 and VV.

ETEREABOUTS — COS 10V 5, 2DC (185) 7, 2FA (206)

1 1, FG7s XL (332) 21, XT, 8F6CT (197) 22, HH9DL (205) 4, H18s LA 11, XAM 2, XEK (188) 22, XEW XPA, HP1s LV (126) 7, RC XGH (240) 6-7, HR8 1DB 1KAS (200) 7, 1W8G 1W8T 1WTA 1XAP/YN 9AA, KG4s AA 5, AL (140) 6, DO (270) 9, DS (208) 3-4, KL7s BIA BJW 4, FAZ FHH 8, MF, KP4s AST DAZ DCF YD, KV4s EY FZ, KZ5s JQ KD NC NF RF WH (185) 5, OXs 3BL 5AK (170) 1, 5AP (272) 8, 5BA (209) 7, 5BK 5BL (210) 14, PJs 1AA (120) 23, 2CB 5, 2CC 4, 2CH (205) 22, 3AC (165) 22, 7IC 9HH (204) 1, 9VR, TGs 8IA 9F8 9RN 9RV (215) 4-5, 9UZ 0-1, TTs 2AD (190) 5-6, 2CAP (239) 13, 2ES 2H0 (255) 9, ØNU, VPs 1BW 5-6, 1RC (170) 20, 2AZ (250) 7, 2GAI (195) 22, 2GAI (198) 1-2, 2GAI (198) 1-2, 2GBL 2GSM (251) 5, ZCZ (185) 1, 2KC (226) 6, 2KM 2LA 3, 2LS 2MA 2SAB (203) 20, 2SY (205) 2, 2VI (213) 15, 2VY 5AA (210) 23, 5TH (170) 23, 7AI 7NA (210) 20, 7NS (190) 7, 9BK (130) 22, 9BY (225) 19, 9CP 19, 9DB 19, 9DI 19, 9FJ (206) 6, 9FO 20, 9GD (210) 16, 9K 9L 2-12, 9WB (225) 23, XES 1CCB 13, KIRS 5-7, 1MM 5, 1TK 2LX 7, 21B 5, 2PS 3AF, XP1AA (204) 1, YNS 1ADM (105) 7, 1GLB (265) 13, IRST 2JS (245) 7, 2RAC 3KM 9JUL, YS1SRD, ZFIS CW (207) 5-6, DT, 6Y5s AH GB SR, 8P6s AZ (140) 22 and CC (141) 22.

Twenty's telegraphers get the spotlight next month with the sid of We 1ARR 1FK 1TAT 3HNK 3JZJ/5 3KNG 4YOK 5JPC 6BAB 6EAY 7BE 7EKB 8BQV 8IBX/2 8YGR 9BF 9GX 9LNQ, Ke 1LWI 1UHY 4TWJ 5MHG/6 6GAK 6TWT 8DHT 8PYD 8TRF 9SRR/2, WAs 1FHU 1JKZ 1KEX 2BHJ 2FOS 2YWR 3GYT 5PPZ 6JVD 9SQY 9ZCP, WBs 2DZZ 4GTI 6VVS 9BUV, VES 3GHO 3GLG 7BST, 11ER and others to file. Then we'll get back to 15 c.w.) We 1ARR 1DTY 3HNK 3JJJ/5 4LQC 4YOK 4DK 7BE 7EKB 8BQV 8YGR 9BF, Ke 5MHG/6 8DHT, WAS 1FHU 1JKZ 2FOS 3GYT 3KSQ 9SQY, WBs 2DZZ 4LAL 9BUV, WNS 2DRS 2HPB 2JAM 4JYB 5YMV 8DSF 6WOW, 1LER; (15 phone) We 1ARR 1VRK 2DY 3HNK 4YOK 6YRA 8YGR 9BF 9LNQ, WAS 1FHU JHQ 14KZ 2FOS 6EQW 9SQY, K4TWJ, WB2e BHJ DZZ; (40 c.w.) We 7BE 8YGR, Ke 2JWZ 8DHT, WAS 1FHU 1JKZ 2BHJ 3GYT, WBS 4LAL 6VVS, VE3GHO; (40 phone) We 3HNK 8YGR; (80 c.w.) W1SWX, K8DHT, WAIE FHU FNJ; (75 phone) WASIIS; (10 c.w.) We 1DTY 3JZJ/5, Ke 5MHG/6 8DHT, WB4EPJ; (10 phone) W3HNK, WA6EQW and WB2DZZ. In case you didn't

notice, 28 MHz. opened a bit earlier than usual. Let's hope it doesn't close much earlier than usual. The same goes for old 160, about which venerable band W3DPJ has this to say: "At sunrise on August 31st I worked my first 1.8-MHz. VKs, 3ACA 3APN and 5KO. Next morning I QSOd KL/IR, for my last state and 30th country on 160." Tom and KSDHT also caught up with VP9GJ (G3PQA). W1BB reports W8s GDQ and ANO working VKs 3GU and 5KO respectively during the same period, and hears of KH6IJ top-band activity. Fire away!

ASIA—W2CTN's pasteboard processing plant continues A in high gear, Jack recently added OD5BA to his list. "Logs are on hand from January 25, 1969." By the way, when patronizing QSL managers, for direct reply include self-addressed envelopes, or self-addressed envelopes with International Reply Coupons when appropriate. This is only fair when seeking postal response from anyone. And do you W/K/VE/V0s have ample s.a.s.e. on file at your local ARRL QSL Bureau branch? .... West Coast DX Bulletin learns that AP2AD goes for International Reply Coupons and mint postage but asks that enveloped currency be eschewed. High intercept loss .... "I operated HL9KH in November and December of '68" testifies K2QOK. Ed welcomes QSL inquiries at his Jersey address .... Turkish national TA2AE decides, "Td like to have a QSL manager." All can be reached % TRAC, P.O. Box 699. Karakoy, Istanbul QSLs direct .... Catch a JR yet? That prefix lately joined JA and JH to represent Japan.

AFRICA—"As of early September QSLs for all ZDSCS

OCEANIA — W6NTQ, guest op at FOSAA over August CEANIA — W6NTQ, guest op at FO8AA over August 26-27, 1969, can confirm about 350 QSOs on those dates. "The pile-ups were fantastic," Bob tells W1CW ...... Geoff Watts's DX News-Sheet reminds us that YBØ stands for Djakarta, YB1 west Java, YB2 central Java, YB3 east Java, YB4 south Sumatra, YB5 central Sumatra, YB6 north Sumatra, YB7 Kalimantan, YB8 Celebes, and YB9 other points east of Java. .... West Coast DX Bulletin hears that ZLs may become ZMs during Captsin Cook Bicentennial festivities this year and next, also that VK9 suffixes may become more geographically indicative, VK9A through VK9M going for Papua and YN.9C. stations, VK9N Norfolk isle, VK9X Christmas, and VK9Y Cocos-Keeling ...... New KM6BI operator Bob finds about a thousand unanswered QSLs cluttering up the place. Hope he finds logs to match! And then some spare time as well.



UA3KWK operator Sereya, a DX veteran at the age of six, gets around well on 20 c.w. (Photo/QSL via W1TS)

piete, accurate nor "othcial". . . . .

ELSRL, Box 69, Monrovia, Liberia
FKSBN, Box 352, Noumea, New Caledonia
HS3JB, Box 5917, APO, San Francisco, Calif., 96288
JWs 3KJ 7UH (via NRRL)
KA2BSA (to KA2UR via FEARL)
KX6VF, Box 444, APO, San Francisco, Calif., 96555
MP4TCQ, J. Hammond, Radio Trp., 222nd Sig. Sqdn.,
BFPO 64
ODSRA (via W9CTN), see teat.) OD5BA (via W2CTN; see text) OK1FBV (via WA9VIH; see text)

ONJBA (via WAZIN; see text)
OKIFBV (via WAJNYIH; see text)
PJ1AA, Box 879, Curacao, N.A.
ST2SA, Box 125, Madani, Sudan
SVICH (W/K/VE/VOs via WA3KSQ)
VP2VI, P.O. Box 75, Tortola, Br. V.I.
VP7BG, C. Clabough, % RCA, Grand Bahamas, Patrick
AFB, Fla., 32925
VOSCR, R. Mills, Admiralty Office, Vacoas, Mauritius
VU2KV, K. Venkataraman, Box 182, Calcutta 1, India
WA4MMO/KC6 (to WA4MMO)
YB1BC, R. Soeprapto, P.O. Box 288, Bandung, Indonesia
YUs 2NRJ \$M\$ (via SRJ)
ZL2AAT/K (via ZLZAFZ)
ZS3JJ, J. Slabbert, Box 5639, Windhoek, S.W. Afr.
4J\$FR, via CRC, Box 88N, Moscow, U.S.S.R.
4L\$\text{\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$C\$}}}}, via CRC, Box 88N, Moscow, U.S.S.R.
4L\$\text{\text{\$\text{

ex-CO2ZQ (to WA4ZZG)
F6HC/FC (to DL1DA)
F6PJ/FC (to DK3LR)
F6RS/FC (via DL3LL)
F6RS/FC (via DL3LL)
F0US (to W1PRI)
FO8AA (see text)
GB3ZET (via GM3XPQ)
GC5AET (to DJ1QP)
GC5AET (to DJ1QP)
GC5AOK (to F6AGN)
HB9XWH (to W1PRI)
HB6XVO (to DL4CE)
HB6XVO (to DJ4WG)
HB6XVO (to DJ4WG)
HB6XVA (to W86SCM)
HB6XXA (to W86SCM)
HB7UL (via WA9ZAK)
HL9KH (see text)
HS1CB (via DL7FT) HSICB (via DL7FT) JD1AAH (via JA1BIR) JD1YAB (via JARL)

JW8MI to (LA8FI)
ex-KX6ER (to W2GMP)
MP4TDB (via ON5MG)
OK5TOL (via OK1WC)
TF2WLQ (to WA2WIB)
TF2WLQ (to WA2WIB)
TF2WLR (to K7NTW)
ex-TN8AA (to TR8DG)
VR1O (to G3NRA)
VR1Q (via WA3ATP)
VS6BC (via GM3JDR)
WF6NNW (to WA6AHF)
YBØAAF (to DL18U)
ZD3D (via WA9UVE)
ex-ZD8CS (see text)
ZD8DB (to WØEZT)
ex-ZD8CS (see text)
3V8MOL (via W2GHK)
4W1BG (via F5XN)
5LØZ/mm (via DJ4SO) JW8MI to (LA8FI) 5LØZ/mm (via DJ4SO) 9U5DS (see text)

These specs come courtesy Ws 1AM 1AX ICW 1DTY IICP 1SWX 2CTN 3JZJ/5 3MPX 4ZSH 5BZK 9BF 9GNX, Ks 6KA 8DHT 8UDJ, WAs 1FHU 1FNJ 1JHQ 1KQM 3JBN 3KSQ 4MMO 9SQY, WBs 2 DZZ 4EPJ Columbus Amateur Radio Association CARAscope

(W8ZCQ), DARC's DX-MB (DL3RK), DX News-Sheet (G. Watts, 62 Bellmore Rd., Norwich, Nor. 72 T., England), Far East Auxiliary Radio League (M) News (KA2LL). Florida DX Club DX Report (W4BRB), International Short Wave League Monitor (A. Miller, 62 Warward Ln., Selly Oak, Birmingham 20, England), Long Island DX Association DX Bulletin (W2GKZ), Newark News Radio Club Bulletin (see note), North Eastern DX Association DX Bulletin (W7GKZ), Newark News Radio Club Bulletin (K1IMP), Northern California DX Club DXer (Box 108, Menlo Park, Calif., 94025), Southern California DX Club Bulletin (WA6GLD), UBA's On the Air (ONs 4AD 5VA), Utah DX Association Bulletin (K7DEQ), VERON'S DXpress (PAGS FX LOU TO VDV WWP) and West Coast DX Bulletin (WA6AUD) ..... The Newark News Radio Club Bulletin amateur section now is edited by Jerry Heien, 3822 Marshall Ct., Bellwood, Ill., 60104. Former editor LeRoy Waite, still one of NNRC's mainstays, continues to handle the ARRL SWL Bureau at 39 Hannum St., Ballston Spa, N. Y., 12020, where he deals with the heavy spill-over of s.w.l.-addressed QSLs that appear in the Bureau's many channels. Is short-wave amateur-band listening booming? You'd better believe it — s.w.l.ranks still produce the highest grade of serious, responsible and dedicated ham.

#### Whence:

three consecutive week ends. My 7-MHz. rig runs 400 watts to a vertical." . . . . Noted in aforementioned club publications: HStCB, 21,385 kHz. around 1700 GMT, is the only Thailander available for W/K QSOs at this writing (monitor W1AW!). . . OD5BZ hasn't given up his MP4QBR Qatar intentions but red tape is discouraging. . . JA3UI supplants JA1DM as Japan DX Radio Club publications editor. . . New or renewed Far East Auxiliary Radio League memberships go to KA2s CR (WBSDPL), LM (W9GMN), OO (K6YZA), QW (WA4-AQW), UR (K3FUR), WT (WA5TKP) and W3TQ, FEARL now is led by pres. KA2FL, veep KA2SF, see. KA2UR, treas. W6VOM, gen. mgr. KA2EB, awards mgr. KA2KS and News ed. KA2LL. KA2UR also is custodian of KA2BSA, recently inaugurated Boy Scout affiliate.

News ed. KAZLL. KAZUK also is custodian of KAZBSA, recently inaugurated Boy Scout affiliate.

AFRICA — K3CRC and W4NQV chorus SU1IM's offer A of 5B-DXCC contacts on 3.5 through 28 MHz. Another multiband prospect is CR7BC who likes sideband, c.w. or a.m. with 150 watts and various skyhooks on 40 through 10 meters ... \_ ZS1JH rus homebrew a.m. on 10 in summer, 15 in winter, and occasionally fires up from ZD5, ZE, 7P8 and other areas ... \_ "AZCAU prefers rag chews and does not take to break-breaking," hints W4ZSH ... \_ ET3USA's W4EJP reports. "We now have a 7-MHz. three-element beam, and the W/Ks come through pretty well around 0230 GMT. We hope to be active on 40 as much as possible around that time. Our new 3.5-MHz. antenna is tied to the top of a 100-ft. water tower, so watch for us on 75 and 80, too." W6PAN has it that no new Ethiopian ham licenses are being issued while authorities there ponder aspects of the whole radio matter ... \_ Tidbits via the press of clubs and groups: XT2AA vows an early Mali venture if his TZ connections click. CT1FL may give CR3KD local Portuguese Guinea QRM as CR3FL in January. . . ZS5PG captured Utah DX Association Award No. 1 by QSOing W78 LEB LRV QWH, K78 BGU IOF ZIA, WA7s DTG GWU EVO and ICG.

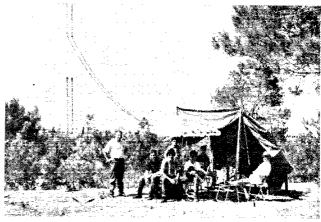
OCEANIA — Wireless Institute of Australia will issue a Cook Bicentenary Award next year to DXers outside Australia who manage to work fifty Aussies in 1970 using their special AX label. S.a.e. with IRCs to Awards Mgr., WIA. P.O. Box 67, E. Melbourne, Vic.. Australia, 3002, should net you full particulars. Not to be outdone by their brother society down under, New Zealand's NZART will offer their own version of the CBA based on QSOs with fifty N. Z. stations using the special ZM prefix, contacts to include at least one per call area, ZM1 through ZM4. Check with NZART awards manager ZL2GX for full scoop. Qualifying QSOs for this one may date on or between October 1, 1969, and December 31, 1970...... KX6BU haunts 3510 kHz. at 0800-0900 GMT on Tuesdays to help

DLØTD/LX, manned by DJ7KH, DK1s BN OS XS, DLs 4ER 8RH and 9WN, enjoyed a May DXcursion to the back yard of LX1SL. In view at right (I. to r.) are DK1XS, DL8RH and DJ7KH. More than a thousand QSOs with Luxembourg ensued, about half of these with W/K/VEs. (Photos via DL4ER)



OST for

5B4FD/p was top overseas scorer and a popular DX target during Radio Society of Great Britain's 1969 National Field Day. The effort resulted from ZC4PW's and K5LMG's work with Cypriot lads studying English and radio in Nicosia. Their ticket was temporary but Pat and Coy (far right and far left in the picture) hope to help gain authorization for increased 5B4 activity. Meanwhile several ZC4 stations represent Cyprus from military installations. (Photo via K5LMG)



5B-DXCC boys along .... VK5DS tells W3JZJ/5 he's been getting a couple of good hours daily into the States on 28 MHz.... W44MMO/KC6 knocked off from the Western Carolines for North Carolina in September after a lively DX spree .... "CR8AI says there are three new hams in Dili," cheers WB4HJN, "but they have insufficient funds for rigs." DXers interested in rectifying this situation can join forces with WB4HJN. CR8AI has almost two years more to go but CR8AH leaves Timor come February ..... KH6s NR and SP may be whooping it up on Kure isle this month, sideband and c.w. on 15 and 20 meters. 15 and 20 meters.

B and 20 meters.

LUROPE — YU4CA, whose first three months on s.s.b.
brought home 196 countries, cruises 80 meters with
200 watts nowadays hunting 5B-DXCC customers.....
WB8ABN (F9MH-ZF1CW) commends the ham hospitality
offered by F2TR, s.w.i. REF-19064, 3A2CN and others
during his summer continental caper. Rick observed massive
mountains blocking off the Stateside short path in Monaco
where ham skywires abound ...... K3CUI points out

mountains blocking off the Stateside short path in Monaco where ham skywires abound .... K3CUI points out that two (four for top class) QSOs with Presov, Czechoslovakia, stations between April 1 and November 30, 1969, will qualify you for 50-SRR, a commemorative certification fostered by club station OK3KPN. If you opt for the special version include one OK5-prefixed Presov type. OK3OM can supply more complete data .... Geneva's International Amateur Radio Club offers WCPR-50 and WACPR diplomates the former for confirming OSOs with stations in 

Albania breakthrough.

seven years of hamming," admits WAØLGS. "Though

## Strays 🐒

#### Feedback

June VHF QSO Party Results - W1EUJ should be listed as #4 in the Top Ten single-op multi-band grouping. The score of W2OW, Binghamton ARA, was inadvertently left out of the results. Should be 12,100-226-50-ABCD, WNY multi-op.

35TH ARRL DX Test - The entry of FG7XL should be listed as multi-op.



BY JAMES E. WEAVER,\* WASCOA/WA9FEW

"W 8VND this is W8CHT mobile 8. We are at point 37. Will call when the pick-up is completed and we are on our way again. Over."

"W8CHT this is W8VND. Roger, Hank. Clear."

\*\*\*\*

"W8VND from WA8DFD mobile 4. We can't find anyone at point 55. Shall we go on to the alternate point? Over."

"WASDFD this is W8VND. Roger. Wait . . ."
"WASDFD, headquarters advises that the point captain has just telephoned. She apparently left for her alternate location just before you got to point 55. Proceed to alternate. Over."

"W8VND this is W4PII mobile 4. Am at alternate for point 10. Captain appears to be here, but she will not open the door. We can see her at the window. She must be afraid to let us in. Over."

"W4PII from W8VND. Roger. I'll have the headquarters people telephone and tell her to let you in. Wait. . . ."

\*\*\*\*

Operation of a clandestine organization? Not unless the Muscular Dystrophy Association of America and the American Cancer Society are secret societies. These transmissions are typical of the many calls made by members of the Queen City Emergency Net while assisting fund drives by these charitable groups.

According to Mr. Stanley L. Stock, recently-retired district director of the Cincinnati, Ohio, MD association, QCEN was the first amateur radio group to assist the annual Mothers March for Muscular Dystrophy. That was in 1962. The Net has participated in every March since then.

Stock reported the success of the Cincinnati ham radio experiment to national MDAA officials, and word of it spread throughout the coun-

\* 11652 Hollingsworth Way, Cincinnati, Ohio 45240.

try. Several local MD Marches in the U.S. now receive amateur assistance . . . all because of that first operation between QCEN and the Cincinnati MD Association.

Success of the MD-QCEN venture was noticed in Cincinnati, also. Several years ago the American Cancer Society requested and received Net help in its annual crusade. Assisting the Cancer Society has become an annual event.

Job of the amateurs in these fund-raising efforts is to pick up money from the several neighborhood collecting points, and to transport it to the bank. Volunteer workers take donations received through door-to-door soliciting to neighborhood captains at the collecting points before the amateurs arrive. There are more than 100 collecting points in the Greater Cincinnati area for the MD drive. The Cancer drive has nearly 75 points.

Security is the by-word. Every detail involved in making the pick-ups is thoroughly planned to ensure the safety of the mobile crews and their cargoes.

Basic operating plans are simple. A portable station is set up at MD or ACS headquarters in downtown Cincinnati. Through this station Net members at headquarters maintain continual contact with W8VND, the Net's outlying emergency communications center. W8VND operators

Several amateur radio clubs and emergency groups provide communications assistance for fund-raising drives for charity in their communities. This article describes how but one of these groups, the Queen City Emergency Net of Cincinnati, Ohio, assists the Muscular Dystrophy Association of America and the American Cancer Society.

96 QST for

keep constant track of the location of each of the more than 20 mobiles from the time they leave their homes until they have deposited the collections in the bank. Coordination of the entire operation — relaying changes in instructions, answering questions, solving emergencies which arise — is through W8VND, as well.

Neighborhood collecting points are identified by code numbers, only, over the air. Using their actual addresses or the names of volunteer workers could be an invitation to rob mobile crews at the collecting points. Each mobile driver and rider team is given a list of collecting points they are to serve, their addresses and telephone numbers, and the names of the captains on duty at them. Addresses and telephone numbers for alternate points are included.

Driver-rider teams also receive official identification cards. At each collecting point the hams sign receipts for the money they will be given, and the point captains compare the signatures on the ID cards and on the receipts before the collections are released.

Radio transmissions are held to a minimum during the drives to ensure security still further. Several days before the pick-ups are made, drivers of mobiles and operators of base stations meet with the Net's charity drive chairman. Written, coded instructions, and coded maps of the areas to be covered by each mobile are handed out. The complete operating plan is discussed thoroughly, and questions are answered so that each amateur knows exactly what he should do. Through this briefing it is possible to restrict radio contacts to keeping track of the movements of the mobiles, and to changing the operating instructions as unforeseen emergencies arise.

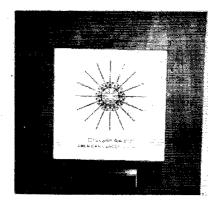
All instructions and maps are returned to the QCEN drive chairman as the mobiles return from their pick-up routes — another step to make the collections as secure as possible from year to year.

Benefits to the charity drives derived from QCEN support are two-fold. An additional supply of volunteer workers is made available, and the donations are quickly, efficiently and safely transported to the bank from locations scattered over a wide area.

In preparing for their assistance to the drives, Net chairmen become more experienced in the type of planning required to develop response plans for emergency preparedness. A lot of members must be called upon to do an important job . . . a job which requires efficient, dependable and responsible action.

With just a short time set aside for collecting the donations from neighborhood captains and getting them to the bank, the operation must be planned thoroughly. However, because unforeseen situations nearly always arise, the amateur in charge of the ham phase of the drives must be flexible, and must be prepared to react quickly to changing situations.

For QCEN, the MD Association and the Cancer Society solicitations provide valuable tools for checking the communications efficiency of its members. In these activities QCEN'ers follow



The American Cancer Society's Crusade Award was presented to the Queen City Emergency Net for its communications and collection assistance during the April 24 pick-up of the 1968 Crusade donations. Mr. Ed Momberg, program director for the Cincinnati-Hamilton County (Ohio) Unit of the Cancer Society made the presentation to Earl Nichols (W4PII), QCEN president, at the Net's October 18 meeting.

maps through the hilly, Ohio River valley terrain . . . at night . . . and thereby become acquainted with areas new to them—areas which one day may be the scenes of disasters in which QCEN will be working.

When added to its service as the emergency communications arm of the Cincinnati Area Red Cross and its affiliation with the Cincinnati Community Radio Watch<sup>1</sup>, these annual charity drives are two more events through which the Net can assist the community.

<sup>1</sup> Weaver, "QCEN & Community Radio Watch," QST, September, 1968.

#### Back Copies and Photographs

Back copies of *QST* referred to in *QST* issues are available when in print from our Circulation Department. Please send money order or check—75c for each copy—with your order; we cannot bill small orders nor can we ship c.o.d.

Full size (8 by 10) glossy prints of equipment described in QST by staff members (only) can be furnished at \$1.50 each. Please indicate the QST issue, page number, and other necessary identification when ordering, and include full remittance with your order—we do not bill nor ship c.o.d.

Sorry, but no reprints of individual QST articles are available, nor are templates available unless specifically mentioned in the article.

#### That Planet Mars QSO Cup

BY FRED JOHNSON ELSER \* W6FB/W7OX

N intense wave of enthusiasm and accomplishment swept across the fraternity of amateur radio in the early 1920s. Refinement of the mighty spark, development of the regenerative vacuum-tube receiver, tube transmitters, phone, superhets came one right after another. Six-minute transcontinental relays, trans-Atlantic receiving tests, two-way work across the Atlantic, then the Pacific. 330 meters, 220 meters, 200 meters — 110, 40, 20. Record after record was set, smashed, and set again. Trophy after trophy was offered, sought after, won. It was an exciting age, almost impossible to explain to those who didn't live through it. In just five years, ham radio was completely changed, its ranks trebled, its equipment radically altered.

Toward the end of the decade, the inevitable. reaction set in. For one thing, there were no new worlds to conquer, or so it seemed. For another, the generous, temporary allocations made to the U. S. amateur service by the Hoover Conferences (sample: a 20-meter band that ran from 14,000 to 16,000 kHz!) were shunted aside by the first worldwide frequency bands adopted at the 1927 International Radio Conference (sample: a 20meter band running from 14,000 to 14,400 kHz and no 15-meter band as yet). The new bands at 5 and at 34 meter did not present easy victories to DX hunters as 20 and 10 had done when first opened. You had to hang that funny W in front of your call for the first time. And new rules called for filtered dc power supplies and stable transmitters, which in turn required new receivers which would stay where they were put.

At this time I made my first visit to ARRL headquarters, occupying the entire top floor at 1711 Park Street in Hartford. There I met for the first time some amateur personages I had "worshipped afar off" — Ken Warner, W1EH; A. A. Hebert, W1ES; Ross Hull, Australian 3JU; a relative newcomer named Ed Handy, W1BDI whose new work, The Radio Amateur's Handbook, had just been published.

But most important, by rare good fortune I met Hiram Percy Maxim, W1AW, our founder and president. Mr. Maxim, in person, was just as impressive, magnetic and salty as the famous "Rotten Radio" articles he penned under the pseudonym "The Old Man." I learned of his other hobbies: automobiles, amateur movies, the cosmos—especially the planet Mars. He had, for instance, a globe of the red planet with all the markings yet discovered.

After this memorable visit, in 1928 I returned to my old home in Manila, where I'd been a pioneer ham and set a few modest early records

\*Colonel, USA, retired, Box 2573, Palm Springs, California 92262



Elser-Mathes Cup

on 200 and then on 40 meters from my stations 1ZA and K3AA. The Philippines were under U. S. jurisdiction then, and part of the ARRL field organization. Stanley M. Mathes, Lieutenant Commander USN, ex-70E and then K1CY, was SCM in 1928–1929—a ball of fire where amateur radio was concerned. Out of his visit to my shack high in the Igorot country came the inspiration to offer a unique trophy—knowing that the swift advance of radio technology would outdistance any ordinary goal, ours was to be for the first amateur two-way communication with Maxim's pet planet, Mars.

The award itself must be carefully chosen for it to serve as a beacon for achievement in the best Maxim tradition. Accordingly, Stan and I visited a store in Baguio where many examples of Igorot native worldcarving were on display. Our choice was a large carved bowl, about a foot high. On its base there were two seated figures; standing beside them were two more figures, supporting the bowl. The base symbolizes Earth and the seated figures its inhabitants. The bowl is Mars and the standing men are the amateurs who bridge the gap of space. A plate fastened to the bowl bears the legend: "First Amateur Radio Two-Way Communication Earth & Mars"

and the spaces for names, calls and dates, not yet filled. Around the base another plate identifies the "Elser-Mathes Cup."

The trophy reached headquarters in 1929. It now has a prominent spot in the ARRL Museum, on view to a thousand visitors each year.

The moon has been broached by Man. With one more giant leap for mankind, perhaps the cup can be awarded — I hope it is in my lifetime.

OST for

# Operating News

GEORGE HART, WINJM, Communications Manager

ELLEN WHITE, WIYYM, Deputy Comms. Mgr.

DXCC: ROBERT L. WHITE, WICW Training Aids: GERALD PINARD

Sweepstakes Time. Yes, it's that time of year again, when hundreds of amateur stations crawl all over each other in search of those clusive contacts. Hope you're planning to get in on the fun — because that's what it is, a pile of fun.

How do we figure that out? Well, look at it this way. That new antenna of yours hasn't been really tested out. Does it have a screwy directional pattern? Will its radiation angle hit a good compromise between DX and local contacts? Will it load well all over the band? The performance in the SS will tell you these things. How about that new rig? Will it hold up under rigorous operating?

Did the talk at the last club meeting get you going? It should have, because the spirit of competition and rivalry is conducive to the most fun there is in operating. Can you beat out that guy who does all the bragging? How about racking up a sizable score anyway, so your club's aggregate can top that club in the next town? Intra-club competition can go a long way toward sharpening the competition between or among clubs.

As noted elsewhere, there are no changes in the rules this year except that for a trial, on recommendation of the Contest Advisory Committee, there will be no power multipliers this year. If you have a full gallon, use it, because you won't get any additional credit for sticking with low power.

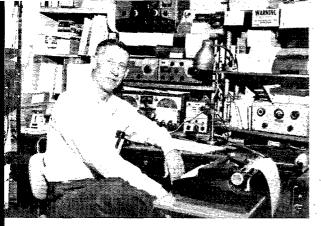
Administration: LILLIAN M. SALTER, WIZJE Public Serwice: WILLIAM O. REICHERT, W79HHH:

During the FD there were blank spaces in the bands below 3525, 3825 and all the other "extra class" bands. It's easy enough to figure out why: only extra-classers operating stations of extra-class licensees (or trustees) could operate there, and the only contacts they could make (on the same frequency, anyway) were other extra-class licensees operating other extra-class stations. Made it pretty restrictive, so most avoided operating there altogether. The same situation will obtain in the SS, but it won't be quite so severe because in the SS most amateurs operate their own stations using their own calls. With all power multipliers off, the QRM up the band should be something else. Maybe the advanced and extra classers will take refuge in their restricted segments and as a result we will have more activity in these segments than we had during the FD. Would this be good or bad? Depends on your point of view.

Watch out for nets and ragchews. Contests are unpopular with many amateurs because the contest QSOs are characterized by stations popping up here and there without warning and often without listening first. If you hear a net in operation, don't plop on it and call CQSS, you'll mess up the net and probably not get an answer anyway. Listen first on a frequency before you call CQSS on it.

Keep your bug or keyer under control. It's easy enough, in all the infectious excitement generated by this kind of operating, to get

November	December	January
1-2 Massachusetts QSO Party (p. 122, Sept. 1968 QST), logs due Dec. 1, 1969 1-3 Delaware QSO Party, p. 119 Oct. Zero District QSO Party, p. 132 Oct. 5-6 YL/AP phone, p. 111 Oct. 6 Qualifying Run, W60WP 8 Frequency Measuring Test for ARRL Official Observers 8-9 SS phone, p. 60 Oct. 15 Qualifying Run, WYAW 15-16 SS ew, p. 60 Oct.	3 Qualifying Run, W60WP 6-7 Connecticut Towns 7-11 QSO Party, p. 118 6-8 Nevada QSO Party, p. 126 10 Morning Qualifying Run, W1AW 16 Qualifying Run, W1AW	8 Qualifying Run, W6OWI 10-11 VHF SS 14 Qualifying Run, WIAW 17-18 Louisiana QSO Party 17-19 CD Party, cw* 24-26 CD Party, phone * 31-Feb. 1 Simulated Emergency Test 31-Feb. 2 OOTC QSO Party * League officials and appointees, only. Feb. 7-8 DX phone 14 FMT 21-22 DX cw



carried away; but you'll notice that those who run up the biggest scores don't send particularly fast. They just keep grinding away, and contacts get the exchange right the first time without repeats.

Shall we say something against the all-toocommon practice of sending N for the numeral nine or O for the cipher Ø? Oh sure, it saves a smidgen of time, and there is no real harm in it, but somehow it gives us the shudders, possibly because it represents an unauthorized and really illogical substitution or abbreviation. If you use a N for nine, then O ought to stand for one, not zero. For a zero, you'd use Z, wouldn't you? If O is a substitute for zero, why not substitute a J for a 1, or other similar? On the other hand, how about taking the few extra seconds to send numerals where they are called for and your complete call as the station of origin? Don't be sloppy.

See you in the SS, gang! Good luck! — W1NJM.



Nr. 3 W 1EVT

#### Meet Your SCM

Charles Cotterell, WØSIN, is currently SCM (and Asst. Director) for Colorado. Chic has an extensive back-ground as EC and SEC and is well versed in Public Service. He was first licensed under the call WØSIN in 1954, and is currently most active on 75. He is, however. well equipped for most of the bands, including 1296 MHz. WØSIN's contest activity encompasses hidden transmitter hunts, Sweepstakes, the Field Day, CD Parties, etc. Chic is active in the Empire Radio Club, Hamsters VHF/UHF Club and the Denver Radio Club. He has held the post of Director, Vice President, President and current bulletin editor for the DRC. in addition, he writes an amateur news column for the Denver Post. Chic enjoys hunting and fishing when time permits and is a member of B.P.O.E.

#### **BRASS POUNDERS LEAGUE**

Winners of RPL C	Pertificate	for Augu	ıst Traf	fie:
Call Orig.	Recd.	Ret.	Del.	Total
W3CUL460	2801	2446	296	6003
K6BPI3222	648	570	78	4518
K7UDG178	2126	2094	32	4430
K5BNH14	963	886	36	1899
W7BA12	916	864	46	1838
KOONK, 150	763	752	33	1698
KØZZR527	562	. 0	527	1616
W3VR123 K5TEY2	629	581	17	1350
K5TEY2	655	631		1291
WA6OXE0	572	669	24	1165
WØLCX19 WA4UAZ28	585 523	465	36	1105
WATUAG28	523 527	507 0	$\frac{16}{527}$	1074
KØLJV0 WA5PPF45	468	142	326	1054 981
W90'EM 23	442	386	54	905
W25/MII 21	172	365	00	868
W3EML31 WB4NQA84	389	318	63	854
K4VFY 569	142	747	1	853
WASCFT114	849	349	ŝ	817
W5RUB	355	349	5	724
WA7HKR2	364	335	19	720 706
K*LNE11	362	324	9	706
W8UPH	343	296	44	694
WASOUG4	348	311	5	668
WB4FLA15	320	320	ε,	660
W6MLF199	243	216	i)	658
W6VNQ20	317	312	.2	651
WASUPI43	307	290	10	650
WAØRVR55 WB2RKK34	$\frac{301}{311}$	265 254	13 22	634 621
WB4AIW19	301	273	28	621
WA2CAL	284	250	19	602
WASWZF14	289	285	E	593
WA9SFB	292	246	47	587
W61PW 5	284	260	24	573
WØAA/Ø562	- 0		-ò	562
W3MPX 82	278	184	5	549
WASETX 42	237	208	58	545
K8ONA130	196	196	22	544
WB6BBO53	91	395	2	541
W7DZX9	279	231	2	521
W9CXY 10	252	244	- 8	514
W4SQQ27	249	221	122	509
W6EOT3	248	250	0	501
Late Reports:				
K9FZX/9				
(June)5	544	538	5	1092
W9JYO (June) 432	132	117	15	698
W9FWH (June) 10	254	245	- 18	517
Mara Than (	3ma (3ma	+ 44		

#### More-Than-One-Operator Station

5	CEH.			620	)	1	1.	O
	BPLI	or	100	or	more	origi	nation*-plus	deliveries
	CTTTT	96		2.1	45°77 TT	100	11:0.13*/>	100

622

WA5KIV 252 WB4H0H 237 K5FMV 227 W4BAZ 208 WB4KPE 202 WA4WAR 195 WA5WJP 195 WA5WJP 196 WA8DWI, 161 W4RZI, 146 WA6BYZ, 141 WA6DIL 134 WA4AGH 127 K4YZU 122 KH6GHZ 122 WA3HIV 120 WA4VUE 120 WA5UBQ 120 WITXL 119 W3TN 148 VEREMQ 117 WB4HUS 115 WA5FII 113 W91YO 106 W20E 105 W32BHJ 101 W32BHJ 101 K2DEL 101 Late Reports: W86ILF (July) 119 W9EQO (June) 111 W9QOQ (June) 110 W9ICU (June) 104 WB6PKA (July) 102 WA5FIT 113 WA31UV 112 WB2UVB 107

#### More-Than-One-Operator Stations

W2AE/2 231 **WA9LGQ 225** 

WARLEY 231

BPI. Medallions (see July, 1968 QST, p. 99) have been awarded to the following amateurs since last month's listings; WA2CAI, WA5KIV, WA6DIL, KTUDG, WA6MIZW, WA0THQ

The BPL is open to all amateurs in the United States, Canada and U.S. Possessions who report to their SCM a message total of 500 or a sum origination and delivery points of 100 or more for any calendar month. All messages must be handled on amateur frequencies within 48 hours of receipt in standard ARRL form.

#### Maxim Memorial Station News

With increasing demands on station time (plus an unexpected staff departure), W1AW will be readjusting its schedule, effective immediately. The readjustment will, however, mean more general operating time plus a bonus! Beginning December 10, an occasional morning qualifying run will be transmitted — in direct response to your enthusiastic comments on the new morning code practice.

We continue to be on the lookout for careerminded hams interested in working for amateur radio through employment at the Headquarters and at W1AW. Interested? Write ARRL, 225 Main Street, Newington, Connecticut 06111.

#### ARRL CODE PROFICIENCY PROGRAM Ouglifying Runs

Any person can apply for an ARRL code proficiency award. Neither League membership nor an amateur license is required. Send copies of all qualifying runs to ARRL for grading, stating the call of the station you copied. If you qualify at one of the six speeds transmitted (10-35 w.p.m.) you will receive a certificate. If your initial qualification is for a speed below 35 w.p.m., you may try later for endorsement stickers. Each month the ARRL Activities Calendar notes the qualifying run dates for W1AW, and W6OWP (W6ZRJ, alternate) for the coming 3-month period.

WIAW will transmit a qualifying run on all listed c.w. frequencies at 0230 GMT November 15. (In converting, 0230 GMT November 15 becomes 2130 EST November 14.)

W6OWP (W6ZRJ, alternate) will transmit a qualifying run

on 3590 and 7129 kHz. 0500 GMT November 6. (In converting, 0500 GMT November 6 becomes 2100 PST Nov. 5.)

#### Code Practice

W1AW transmits daily code practice according to the following schedule. For practice purposes, the order of words in each line may be reversed during the 5-13 w.p.m. transmissions. (Each tape carries a checking reference.)

Speeds	Local times/days	GMT times/days
10, 13, 15	7:30 p.m. EST daily 4:30 p.m. PST	0030 daily
5, 7½, 10, 13, 20, 25	9:30 р.м. EST \ SnTTh 6:30 р.м. PST ∫ Sat	0230 MWFSn
"	9:00 a.m. EST MWF 6:00 a.m. PST	1400 MWF
35, 30, 25 20, 15	9:30 p.m. EST MWF 6:30 p.m. PST	0230 TThSat
**	9:00 A.M. EST TTh 6:00 A.M. PST	1400 TTh

The 0230 GMT practice is omitted four times a year on designated nights when Frequency Measuring Tests are made in this period. To permit improving your fist by sending in step with W14W (but not over the airl), and to allow checking the accuracy of your copy on certain tapes, note the GMT dates and texts to be sent in the 0230 GMT practice on the following dates:

Date Subject of practice text from September QST

Nov. 10: It Seems to Us, p. 9

Nov. 13: Squelch Circuits, p. 18

Nov. 19: Grinding Technique for Surplus Crystals, p. 26

Nov. 25: Amateur Radio Public Service, p. 65

Date Subject of practice text from Understanding

Amateur Radio, First Edition

.Dec. 5: The Receiving Antenna, p. 115

Dec. 8: Types of Beams, p. 116

#### W1AW SCHEDULE, NOVEMBER 1969

The ARRL Maxim Memorial Station welcomes visitors. Operating-visiting hours are Monday through Friday 1 P.M.-1 A.M. EST, Saturday 7 P.M.-1:00 A.M. EST and Sunday 3 P.M.-11:00 P.M. EST. The station address is 225 Main Street, Newington, Conn., about 7 miles south of Hartford. A map showing local street detail will be sent upon request. If you wish to operate, you must have your original operator's license with you. The station will be closed November 27, in observance of Thanksgiving.

	•	L.F	4.5				
GMT*	Sunday	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday
0000					RTTY OBS		
0030	<del></del>	(	ODE PRAC	CTICE DAILY	10-13-15 w.ı	.m	
0100				C,W,	OBS1		
0120-01304			3.7006	7.020	3.520	$7.150^{6}$	7.020
0130			$3.700^{6}$	7.080	3.555	$7.150^{6}$	7.080
0200				PHONI	E OBS2		
0205-02304			3.820	50.120	145.600	1.820	3.820
0230	<b>←</b> — GC	DE PRACTI	CE DAILY	(35-15 w.p.m.)	TThSat), (5-2	5 w.p.m. MV	VFSn)———
0330-04004			3,555		1.805		3.555
0400	RTTY OBS3				RTTY OBS3-		
0410-04304		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	3.625	14.095	7.095	14.095	3.625
0430	PHONE OB	32 -			PHONE OBS2		
0435-05004		3	7.220	3.820	7.220	3.820	7.220
	CLUT ODGI			0.040		3.020	1.220
0500	C.W. OBS1				-C.W. OBSI-		
0520-05304			3.7006	7.020	3.945	$7.150^{6}$	3.520
0530-0600			$3.700^{6}$	7.080	3.945	$7.150^{6}$	3.555
1400	<del>.</del>	CODE PI	RACTICE <sup>1</sup> (	5-25 w.p.m. MV	VF), (35-15 w.	p.m. TTh)	-→
1800-1900		$21/28^{5}$	21/285	21/285	21/285	21/285	
1900-2000		14.280	7.255	14.280	7.255	14.280	
2000-2100		14.280	21/285	14.095	21/285	7.080	
2130-2230		14.100	14.280	14.100	14.280	14.100	
2230-2330		7.255	21/285	21.16	21/285	7.255	
2200-2000	* * * * * * * * * *	1.600	41/40	21.10	21/400	1.200	

- <sup>1</sup> CW OBS (bulletins, 18 wpm) and the code practice on 1.805, 3.52, 7.02, 14.02, 21.02, 28.02, 50.02, and 145.6 MHz.
- <sup>2</sup> Phone OBS (bulletins) 1.82, 3.82, 7.22, 14.22, 21.27, 28.52, 50.12, and 145.6 MHz.
- <sup>3</sup> RTTY OBS (bulletins) 3.625, 7.095, 14.095, 21.095 and 29.015 MHz.
- 4 Starting time approximate. Operating period follows conclusion of bulletin or code practice.
- <sup>5</sup> Operation will be on one of the following frequencies: 21.02, 21.08, 21.27, 21.41, 28.02 or 28.52 MHz.
- $^{6}$  W1AW will listen in the Novice segments for Novices, on the band indicated, transmitting on the frequency shown.
- Bulletins sent with 170-Hertz shift, repeated with 850-Hertz shift.
- Maintenance Staff; W1s QIS WPR. \* Times-days in GMT. Operating frequencies are approximate.



#### DX CENTURY CLUB AWARDS



From August 1, 1969 through August 31, 1969, DXCC certificates based on contacts with 100-or-more countries have been issued by the ARRL Headquarters to amateurs listed below.

#### New Members

W6GB. 282 PY7VKZ. 206 JA1EZL. 177 G2NH. 145 OKIAMH 141 W4MBD. 124 WA3HTQ. 120 YU3EY. 120	OKIAPV. 118 DK3EQ. 117 4X4AM. 114 11ZGA. 112 CR7HC. 111 DJ2YE. 109 K6HPZ. 109 SP5BAK. 109	W2HGV 109 WA98LD 109 DJIKE 107 WA8RIE 106 K5FTB 105 JA8BFI 104 K3RFB 104 LA1ZE 104	KIHDO 103 W3CU 103 DL9MX 102 G3RUV 102 KIASJ 102 KIJDL 102 W5LNL 102	W7KE	LU4ECO 100 WA2COL 100 W4CEB 100 WA6AKN 100 WB6WQA 100 XEICD 100 YU3EYZ 100
		Radiote	elephone		
W6GB	PY7VKZ 146 K2DDK 141 W6EBO 136 K10KW 130 VE6AGV 129 DL3VX 126	G2NH	KH6AFN 107 WB2QPP 107 WØAUB 107 WA9SLD 105 W6HUR 104 WA8YXE 104	5Z4JH 104 HB9AKQ 103 LAIZE 103 WIKJL 103 WB4GLG 102 WA5POH 102	K8YEK. 101 WA3GYY. 101 WØIBZ. 101 K2OYN. 100 WØDBQ. 100

#### Endorsements

Endorsements issued for confirmations credited from August 1, 1969 through August 31, 1969 are listed below. Endorsement listings from the 120 through the 240 level are given in increments of 20, from 250 through 300 in increments of 10 and above 300 in increments of 5. The totals shown do not necessarily represent the exact credits given but only that the participant has reached the endorsement group indicated.

<b>340</b> DL7AA	W2NQ W8EVZ	W4FRO W6KTE	W1YRC W3NB	W3HTO W7PK	220 CR6CA	JAINLX W2RIR	W6EBO	WA3ATX WA3EPB
			W6HVN		DJ4XA	WB2OZW	160	W4DUQ
335	315	305		250	K3MNJ	WB6OLR	Cl3UYK	W4LF
ON4NC	K6OW	SMØKY	270	OE7UD	K6OZL	WB6UDC	LA7QI	WA7FFS
W6IBD	K9BGM	W2PN	K9GZK	WIQV	VE3MZ	W8AYS	SM3ÅRE	
	PYTHX	WEEUF	KØBUR	W2LNB	VE5JS	W8BQV	VE3CKW	120
330	WiGL	WOWFS	KOMAS	W4GYP	WB2VAE	W9YYG	W3AIZ	$G2\widetilde{A}\widetilde{Y}G$
W5WZQ	WA2DIG		LAIK	11 202 2 2	W3BK	HULLU	W3CRE	HHODL
WSYCP	WSDE	300	W4RJL	240	WSIOP	180	W5HCJ	K2QBW
110101	YV5BPJ	K4RZK	WAGHRS	KIĞÜD	W4AOU	DLITY	WASUMH	K5ĴBC
325	LASDIA	SM5RK	WOWNB	K2DDK	WAORT	KIKNO	MUSOMII	K6GAK
K4TWF	310		WØCPM	OH2SB	W6JKR	K4RTA	140	K8RWL
W4BBR	DLIDC	290	AN DOLINI	PY1DH.	W7TLG	K6BAG	('R6EI	WIBB
WABBIG		DJØPN	200		WILLG			
200	JAIAG	WAØKDI	260	WB2PWU	000	VE5XJ	F8BC	WAIJHQ
320	K3DCP	ZL3AB	KIKDP	WASHUP	200	VK9KS	K4TWJ	W4CBG
DL1BO	VE3AAZ		K4ADU	W4GRG	CN8BB	VQ8CC	OZ2X	WASCUV
G8JM	WIRLQ	280	WIRLV	W7LZF	F9TE	WZKF	WIESN	WASEWY
K4EZ	W4CKB	HK5AOH	W2MZV	WØOMM	JA1LQC	WA2HI.H	W2EGI	WA9MQI
			20.	1. 4.4.	1 -			
			Ka	diotelep	none			
320	W6KTE	KØMAS	W4ELB	W4RJL	HB9ADE	DJ2UU	VE4JK	WB2MOI
W4FPS	WSDE	WISEB	W6CCB	W7EPA	KIQMV	K4RTA	VS6AL	WA9UMH
		WØCPM	W6ZBS	W8JFD	KØYIP	VK9KS	W3KVS	
315	300	WAØKDI	ZL3AB		LUSDB	W1DO	W4GRG	
LU9DAH	$_{ m SM5RK}$	111111111111111111111111111111111111111	411111111111111111111111111111111111111	220	VE5QK	WIVRK	W6GRV	
W2ODO	200	260	240	CR6CA	W3HTO	W5TBH	W9KRU	1.20
WASEFL	290	DL9OV	CR6DU	SMØMC	W3UJ	W9WFS		KIBBF
W7ADS	HJT	HPIJC	HAT	W2VBJ	W4GVE	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		K4BKF
WØGAA	WIBHP	VESAAZ	JAIBN	WB2VAE	WB6UDC		140	WIRLY
npunn	W8IJZ	WB2WOU	JASADQ	WB2VZW	W8CFG	160	DJ8YO	WAIJHO
305	ZL3NS	YV5BPU	PY2DSQ	WA4TSP	WSGHN	CTIUA	DL4PX	W3BK
EA2HX	270	TABLE	SM5YV	W8ZOK	WOGILL	Kärfi	K3YBN	WASYFW
K4TWF	HKN	250	VP7DL	200	180	K4VYN	OE1SJ.	WA9FWY
VE2W Y		F5JA	WB2RLK	CT1FL	CN8BB	K7PXI	VRIL	WA9FZQ
Y E/2 W 1	KØBUR	r ggA	WDZKLIK	CITED	CHODD	1711 VI	4 15111	11 1101 110



#### Stolen Equipment

The following equipment is reported missing from the First US Army MARS station, A3USA, W3USA, Fort George G. Meade, Md.; Transceiver, Collins KWM-2A, serial No. 15513; power supply, Collins 516F-2, serial No. 23397; linear amplifier, Collins 30L-1, Serial No. 69; and crystal packet, Collins CP-1, part No. 597-040-00. Anyone with information is requested to contact the First US Army MARS Director, Headquarters First US Army, Attn.: AHACE-PT, Fort George F. Meade, Md. 20755 or telephone collect: 301 677-3316 or 677-3858.

OST congratulates . . .

Tom Miller, W4TQK, selected for promotion to Brigadier General, USMC.

Marie DeForest, widow of inventor Lee DeForest, licensed as WB6ZJR.

Edmund G. Tynan, W3WXW/9, appointed Assistant Editor of *Electro-Technology* magazine.

John P. LaBlonde, W9FZC, and F. E. "Mac" McNally, W9NLA, for receiving merit awards from Wisconsin Governor Warren P. Knowles.

Robert Ehrlich, W2NJR, named secretary of the American Telephone and Telegraph Co.

 All operating amateurs are invited to report to the SCM on the first of each month, covering station activities for the preceding month. Radio Club news is also desired by SCMs for inclusion in these columns. The addresses of all SCMs will be found on page 6.

#### ATLANTIC DIVISION

DELAWARE—SCM, John L. Penrod, K3NYG—SEC/PAM: W3DKX. RM: W3EEB. The 1969 Delaware Hamfest is now history, and we wish to thank the hard-working committee for making it such a success. Governor Peterson had proclaimed the week "Amateur Radio Week." Vacation took W3DEO to Alaska where he panned for gold. WA3GSM is building a homebrew transistor s.s.b. transceiver. WA3IIX is mobile with an SB 34. W3HKS reports that winter will turn on his activity again, Maine made state No. 26 for W3BDP on 2 meters. WA3DUM is college-bound but promises to be active on week ends handling traffic. K3RBU is attending with an HW-100 and mobile supply. The First State ARC won the W3HC Memorial Field Day Trophy. Net reports: DEPN, QNI 32, QTC 8; KCEPN, QNI 32, QTC 2; DTMN, QNI 32, QTC 1. Traffic: W3DKX 31, WA3DUM 24. WA3GSM 11, K3NYG 2.

EASTERN PENNSYLVANIA—SCM. George S. Van Dyke, Jr., W3HK—SEC: W3ICC. RMs: W3EML, K3-MVO, W3MPX, K3SLG, WA3GLI, K3MYS. V.H.F. PAM: W3FGQ, OBS reports were received from W43-AFI, W43JKO, W43JKB, K3WEU: OO reports from W43IUV, W43FBP, W3KEK, K3RDT, W43EEC; OVS reports from W43IOB, W43JWL, K3WEU, W43-EEC, W3ZRR.

Net	Frea.	Overal	es	ONI	OTC	RM/PAM
EPA	3610·	Daily	6:45p	308	255	W3MPX
PTTN	3610	Daily	6:00p	315	175	W3MPX
PFN	3960	MonFri.	5:30r	479	410	K3SLG
ENTN	3740	Daily	7:15P	182	102	WASIUV
EPAEP&T	3917	Daily	6:00p	428	229	WA3GLI
VHF (6)	50.64	MonFri.	7:00p	86	35	W3FGQ
VHF (2)	145.35	Mon - Eri	8.000	61	30	Warco

WHF (a) 30.64 Mon.-Fri. 2:00r 86 35 W3FGQ NHF (c) 145.35 Mon.-Fri. 2:00r 61 30 W3FGQ NHF (c) 145.35 Mon.-Fri. 2:00r 61 30 W3FGQ NHF (c) 145.35 Mon.-Fri. 2:00r 61 30 W3FGQ NHF (c) 145.35 Mon.-Fri. 2:00r 87 WA3JAP, vice-pres.; WA3JFP, secy.; WA3JMG, WA3JAP, vice-pres.; WA3JFF, secy.; WA3JMG, WA3JAN is back to school. WA3IAC got a new car and a commercial license (FCC not tags]). K3NSN is busy teaching the handicapped to become hams. W3AXA is back from XE-Land. QRN and QRM don't stop K3MVO. W3EU is so busy in retirement he is considering going back to work. WA3JYC worked his first VK. WA3ATQ and many others helped with Camille traffic. OO WA3FBP says it is hard to find stations to send cards. K3WEU's Book Review Net is active again on 50.3 Me. at 8 P.M. Tue. evenings. WA3JKB is back from a Florida and North Carolina vacation. WA3CFU reports no contacts on 6 the entire trip to and from Florida. WA3JWL got his big "G" ticket. W3EML is busy with TCC. WA3LVC got his big "G" ticket. W3EML is busy with TCC. WA3LVC got his big "G" ticket. W3EML is busy with TCC. WA3LVC got his big "G" ticket. W3EML is busy with TCC. WA3LVC got his big "G" ticket. W3EML is busy with TCC. WA3LVC got his big "G" ticket. W3JWF is back in school. W3FPC is on a.m. awaiting repair of his s.s.b. rig. W3CUL-says it took four fairs and a hurricane to keep herboached down. K3RFB reports his 14-year-old daughter is now WN3NFH; he also finally made the DXCC after almost making it in W5-, W4- and W2-Lands! WA3JSU expects to be operating from Wesleyan University, Conn., soon. K3NPC reports that after 15 years he made WAS and WAC! Traffic. (Aug.) W3CUL 6003. W3VR 1350, W3EML 868, W3MPX 549, WA3IHV 277, K3MVO 235, WA3IUV 202, K3NSN 172, WA3EXW 141, WA3JGN 134, WA3-ATQ 118, K30IO 102, WA3JKO 89, WA3JEM 153, WA3FIG 53, WA3GFI 52, W3FBF 52, W3HK 41, WA3JZB 41, WA3JZB 41, WA3JWF 39, K3WEU 39, WA3JRY 37, W3FGQ 34, WA3LVC-30, WA3IVC

WA3CFU 23, WA3FBP 21, WA3FPM 21, WA3MKQ 17. K3VBA 16, WA3ADN 15, W3FPC 15, W3VAP 15, WA3IAC 14, W3CBH 12, W3JSX 12, WA3JSU 10, WN3LYC 10, WABIOB 9, K3KTH 8, W3BUR 6, WA3CKA 6, K3KKO 6, W3VA 5, WA3IAJQ 3, WA3IAZ 2, W3ADE 1, W3BNR 1, W3EU 1, K3FOB 1, W3ICC 1, W3KEK 1, K2NPC 1. (July) K3PIE 46.

MARYLAND-DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA—SCM, John Munholland, K3LFD—SEC: W3LDD.

Net	Freq.	Time	Days	Sess.	QTC	QNI	Mgr.
MIDD	0010	00007	rs. 9	20	011	Are.	Watter to DA
MDD		2300Z		29	211	9.1	WØUCE/3-RM
MDDS		0030Z		12	13 .	3.7	W3CBG/RM
MDCTN		2200Z			94		W3ATQ/PAM
MEPN	3920	2200Z		22	58	23.4	K3IAG
MSTN	FO 100	1700Z			п	F ()	WA3EOP
MTMTN	145.206	0000Z		4	6 56	$\frac{5.0}{9.4}$	WalfW
INT TALL TAL	140.200	UTUUZ	1-0	26	90	9.4	WOLFW

W3JPT reports that the call of the AISAT Club station is WA3NDS. W3RUN and K1PKQ/3 have joined the ranks of Extra Class ticketmen. W43EQM and a busy summer DXing, building, hamfesting and operating in the MDDS Traffic Net. W3CBG resumed activity in c.w. traffic circles with an SP-600 receiver on the line in place of his AR-88, now retired to the status of a collector's item. W43HEN/mobile had a ball on 2 meters in Chicago and kept in touch with the home QTH via K3OJI phone patches. WA3KTD, K3TBD, W3IFW, WA3CBC, K3-QMD, W3MAH, WAJHEI/3, W3LQY, K3JOM, K3-PVW and K3GZK keep things lively on the 2-meter termite frequency. W3KDD is a newcomer to the 2-meter band, W2KAN, "Sparks" on the nuclear-powered SS Savannah, gave the 2-meter gang around Baltimore some maritime-mobile contacts on a recent trip up the Chesapeake Bay. At the Aug, meeting, of the Friendship ARC, W3FPC presented W3PG (ex-W3HEC) an award from ARRL for the technical excellence of his QST article on gamma matches, K3JYZ is busy, busy between business trips getting up bigger and better antenna towers for the upcoming contest season. K3LCH has retired into the mountains of Colorado with a WØ call, W3BVL and W3LDD got the first two Worked-All-Maryland-Counties certificates awarded by the Maydale ARC W3GKP contest season. K3LCH has retired into the mountains of Colorado with a WØ call. W3BVL and W3LDD got the first two Worked-All-Maryland-Counties certificates awarded by the Maydale ARC. W3GKP continues his moonbounce tests on 2304 Mc. and recently copied his own signals on the rebound—a "first," he thinks. Reports from club secretaries on special events are invited for publication in this column. Traffic: WA3IYS 360, W3ATQ 252, W3TN 211, W3DYA 110, WA3IAQ 87, WA3GUI 65, W3LQY 49, K3GZK 31, W3CBG 29, W3EOV 28, WA3HEN 28, WA3IRQ 24, W3ZNW 24, WA3GXN 17, WA3IHW 17, K1PKQ/3 6, W3SEQM 5, W3PRC 5, WA3AJR 1.

SOUTHERN NEW JERSEY—SCM, Edward G. Raser, W2ZI—Asst. SCM: Charles E. Travers, W2ZYPZ. SEC: W2ZIVW. RMs: WA2BLV. WA2KIP PAMs: W42BLV. W42KIP PAMs: W42UVB, W2ZI. Thanks for all those getwell cards and phones calls I received at the hospital. It sure bolstered my courage to pull through the two operations and hasten my recovery. CU at the NJPN Dinner in Trenton, Oct. 25, See W42TAF for reservations. The SJRA FD score was 16.417 points, with 40 operators. W2ZQ participated in Field Dayagain this year; also made a nice score in the NJJ. QSO Party headed by K3CPF and his crew, WB2JSS, WB2GBG, W42BJY, WB2EWS, W2HCR. and WB2BKF. This crew also made 6070 points in the V.H.F. Contest. NJPEN reports for July/Aug. 67 sessions, QNI 732 total traffic 465. A fine NJN Bulletin was received from WB2RKK, who will enter Purdue U. this fall. W2IU put in a new buried ground system, WB2SFX is back on the air with a fine signal. W2BAY is working 2-meter portable on Cape Cod and was awarded a "Worked All Cape Cod" certificate. K2EVV will be chief operator at VFW portable station AFIN this year at the Trenton State Fair. W2RAF received a citation for last year's operation. U. K2ARY reports transmitting 7 Bulletins. WA2BLV has been busy working overtime. WB2DRG was high traffic man in Aug. He puts out a nice was high traffic man in Aug. He puts out a nice

40-Meter Training Net Bulletin. Sure sorry to lose WA9PRE/2, who moved to Denver, Colo., also WZZVW, who is moving to Alberqueque, N.Mex. WB2APX is working lots of DX and enjoying it. WN2KKK applied for AREC membership. A new traffic man is WA2BPL. Traffic: (Aug.) WB2DRG 324, WA2BLV 210, WB2UVB 131, WB2VEJ 77, W2PU 48, K2RXB 36, WA2ANL 24, W2BLM 19, WA2BPL 15, WB2SFX 13, WA2KLP 12, W2ZI 11, W2ORS 8, W2ZQ 8, W2DNF 7, W2JI 5, WB2APX 2. (July) W2III 17

WESTERN NEW YORK—SCM, Richard M. Pitzeruse, K2KTK—Asst. SCM: Rudy W. Ehrhardt, W2PVI. SEC: W2RUF. PAM: WB2VSL. RMs: K2-KIR, W2FR, W2RVTA, W2RUF. The list of section nets appears in the June column. A new appointee is WA2AIV as OO. Renewals are K2KNV as OO. ORS and OVS, WA2GLA as OPS and W2EMW as ORS. W2RUF wishes to remind all ECs to send their reports to her by the 4th of each month. W2RUF attended the Old Timers gathering at the home of W2RN. K2UAN passed his Extra Class exam. I am very sorry to have to report the passing of K2EE. Walt was active in many traffic and emergency nets. Fortunate were those who knew the holder of the shortest call, until his passing at age 88. K2KQC is fabricating a 4-day hamfest at Niagara Falls for the 4th week of July 1970. Anyone interested in helping should contact Valerie. The Walton Radio Assn. operated W2LZ at the Delaware County Fair. Special certificates are being sent to the 250 contacts. W2ZTC is recovering from his illness and hospital stay. In the new gear line, W2TFL has a new SB-101. K2EZK a new kw. linear and W2EWG a new vertical. W2AFB has a new 40-meter dipole now up 50 feet, W2CFP is now active on RTTY. Dave welcomes inquiries into the ECARS. K2DNN is the new chief of communications and Radio Officer of Chemung County Civil Defense. NYSCN now meets Sun, at 1000 local time and Mon. and Thurs. at 1945 local time with all sessions on 3877 kc. WA2GLA has the Swan 500C back in service. W2FDI Dave welcomes inquiries into the ECARS. K2DNN is the new chief of communications and Radio Officer of Chemung County Civil Defense. NYSCN now meets Sun. at 1000 local time and Mon. and Thurs. at 1945 local time with all sessions on 3677 kc. WA2GLA has the Swan 500C back in service. W2FDI is the new chairman of the Rochester v.h.f. group. The NCARC reports a very successful and enjoyable picnic. RAGS, operating W2AE/2 at the New York State Fair in Syracuse, presented a very favorable image to the public for ham radio. NYS reports a traffic total of 423, with 698 check-ins for Aug. Don't forget to get your inputs to me for the new ARPSC Honor Roll. Congratulations to BPLers WA2CAL, W2OE and W2AE/2. Traffic: (Aug.) WA2-CAL 602, W2AFR 430, W2OE 340, W2MTA 329, K2-KQC 232, W2AE/2 231, WA2BEX 171, W2RUF 135, W2HYM 97, W2FEB 96, WA4PDM/2 84, WB2VND 49, WA2DHS 34, WB2HLI 34, W2CGD 33, W2OHO 30, K2UIR 21, KZIMI 20, W2PYI 20, W2RQF 26, W2MSM 18, WB2GKQ 18, W2WS 18, WB2RHJ 15, WB2RWR 13, K2DNN 12, K2SPO 11, WAYJB 11, W2AFFB 10, WB2WGF 26, W2CFP 8, K2KIR 7, K2KTK 7, WAZICU 3, (July) W2PZL 6, K2VCZ 4.

WESTERN PENNSYLVANIA—SCM, John F. Wojtkiewicz, W3GJY—SEC: W3KPJ, PAMs: W3WFR, K3ZNP. RMs: WA3AKH, W3KUN, W3LOS, W3NEM Traffic nets: KSSN, 2330 GMT; WPA, 0000 GMT 3585 kc. A big welcome to W3GGJ, who has returned to the section, W3SDV chases DX with a 50-ft tower and a TH6 beam. WA3HDK teaches school, W3LOS has been appointed net mgr. for the WPA Traffic Net. W3KPJ would like to contact, by mail or radio, hams who are stamp collectors. Lake City is represented by WA3LTB. W3SN teaches code and theory at the Erie YMCA. The following Novices are graduates of the Indiana County ARC: WN3MWA, WN3MYB, WN3MWF, WN3MWY, WN3HWY, WN3HW

K3FVO has moved to Warren County. K2BBK/3 teaches at Clarion State College. Interested in an appointment? If so, drop your SCM a line. I would like to take this opportunity to wish you and your families a very Happy Thanksgiving and thank you for your continued support. Endorsements: W3IDO as RM, K3VQV as ORS. Check the expiration date on your license. It may be time to renew. Traffic: (Aug.) WA3IPU 206, K3ZNP 189, W3LOS 118, W3-KUN 72, WA3BLE 62, WA3AKH 51, K3EXE 42, W3GJY 33, K3SMB 28, W3YA 16, K3SJN 5, W3SN 4, W3IDO 3, WA3JBN 2, W3UHN 2. (July) K3ZNP 103.

#### CENTRAL DIVISION

ILLINOIS—SCM, Edmond A. Metzger, W9PRN—SEC: W9RYU, PAMs: WA9CCP and WA9PDI (v.h.f.). Cook County EC: W9HPG, Net reports:

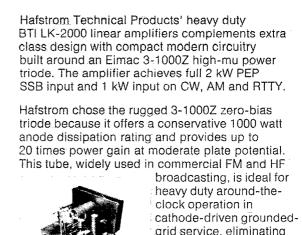
Net	Freg.	Times	Days	Tfc.
IEN ILN	3940 kc. 3760 kc.	1400Z 0100Z	Sun. Daily	No report 232
NCPN NCPN	3915 kc. 3915 kc.	1300Z 1800Z	MonSat. \ MonSat. \	329
III. PON III. PON	3915 kc. 3915 kc.	2245Z 1430Z	MonFri. \ MonFri.)	546
III. PON	145.5 Mc.	0200Z	M.W.F.	40

III. PON 135.5 Mc. 0200Z M.W.F. 40
III. PON 50.25 Mc. 0200Z M.W.F. 40
New officers of the Hiawatha Amateur Wireless Keyers Society are WA9QPU, WA9TDV, WA9VYB and WN9-BJB. The club plans to tour teletype's Skokie plant for its next meeting. WA8IBM is now portable nine in Springfield and is the new Youth Director of the Sangamon County Chapter of the American Red \*\*Cross.\*\* W9VWY. WA9UHB, W9KCOI, WA9NSO and W9KQX attended the Central States U.H.F. Society at Boulder, Colo., and W1HDQ was the principal speaker at the hanquet. WA9TCW has enrolled in the University of Wyoming. K9GHR has just had a book published by Howard Sams entitled 101 Questions and Answers about .1mateur Radio. WN9ZIA has passed the General Class test. A new call in the Bloomington area is WA9CEB. A new Central Area Advisory Group, which is a part of the ARRL ARPSC program, has been formed. Contact W9VAY for details on this traffic program. W9CKA is the newly-appointed manager of the Central Illinois Public Service Company's Southern Division. W39UNR has an HQ-170 and W4 wattmeter. WN9CGT is a new Chengo call. WA9VVU is now CP-25. The above three (calls) are brothers. WN9BJC worked an Illinois University teacher, and native YA2HW1 from Kabul, Afghanistan. WA9UNR and W49ZIK was appointed OVS. W9LIW passed the Extra Class exam (he is 67 years young). WA9WYC is now Advanced Class. The Big Thunder Amateur Radio Club's Mini-Hamfest was an FB outing and many eyeball QSOs were held. Danville, Ill., was the scene of the first annual Vermillion County ARA Hamfest. A good time was had by those attending. WA9QZE is attending the University of Illinois. W9EY is back in business with a QSK rig. WA9OBP, a student at the U. of I., has a new HW-100, and his brother, WN9CIG, is a new licensee. WN9BUQ is a new Novice in Streamwood. WA9RSP received his Advanced Class: ticket. WA9SLT and WA9VOL are enjoying their new 2-meter f.m. rigs. Traffic: WA9SFB 587, W9NXG 244, K9AVQ 172, WA9WNH 171, W9HOT 128, K9RAS 107, WA9BRQ 104, W9DOQ 59, WA9LDOT 56, WA9NZF 36, W9LNQ 31

INDIANA—SCM, William C. Johnson, W9BUQ—Asst. SCM; Mrs. M. Roberta Kroulik, K9IVG, SEC; W9BUQ.

Nets	Freq.	Time	Aug. Tfc.	Mgr.
IFN ISN	3910 3910	1330Z Daily 2300 M-F 0000Z Daily 2130 M-S 2300Z S-S	152 517	K9IVG K9CRS
QIN Ind. PON Ind. PON V.H.F.	3656 3910 50.7	0100Z Daily 1245Z Sun. 0100Z M-T	168 46 130	WA9FDQ K9EFY WA9NLE

It is with deep regret I report that K9BPA, of Muncie, and W9QWV, of Evansville are Silent Keys. K9LSB reports that the Allen County Radio Technical Society repeater station is very active, K9LSB, EC for Allen County, mailed out registration forms to all amateurs in Allen County to join the AREC program. K9FZU and WA9WCE operate c.w. on 7.1 Mc. They will adjust to your speed. WA9ZIQ is home





# From gigahertz to nanoseconds in one simple switch.



You might expect a good high-power oscillator in the gigahertz range would make a good high-power switch in the nanosecond range. Sort of flip side of the coin. What makes an Eimac planar triode good at one thing makes it good at another.

Eimac planar triodes, shown here actual size, are so versatile you can use them to switch very short pulses at very high peak powers.

In areas where solid state devices simply can't compete.

For example, an Eimac planar triode will generate 10-nanosecond pulses, or will switch with risetimes as short as 1 nanosecond, in circuits for solid-state-component test equipment. For testing Gunn, Impatt and LSA devices they'll replace bulky switch tubes and power supplies at voltages as high as 10 kV without danger of burnout. Or in ECM applications you can use them to trim space and weight without sacrificing reliability.

Ask your Varian/Eimac distributor about a simple solution to your high-voltage problem. Or call information Operator for Varian Electron Tube and Device Group.

division varian

from the service after a 4-year hitch. K9EFY is looking for an IPON net mgr. as he will resign Dec. 31, 1969. I would like to ask all ECs to make a monthly report. You never can tell when an emergency will occur in your area. Be ready at all times, Indiana placed fifth in the ARPSC-LO Bulletin traffic report. As one can see, reporting is important regardless of how small your traffic count is. K9VHY reports that the Indiana QSO Party was a success, W9PMT, mgr. of the Hoosier v.h.f. nets, reports Aug. traffic as 71. QIN Honor Roll: K9VHY 28, WA9YZM 25, WA9MTY 19, K9HYV 19, WA9KAG 18, W9QLW 16. Amateur radio exists because of the service it renders. BPL certificates went to W9UEM WA9LGQ W9JYO for Aug. and to W9ICU for June traffic. Traffic (Aug.) W9UEM 905, W9JYO 403, W9FWH 336, WA9-LGQ 265, K9FZX 227, W9HRY 227, K9IYG 179, WA9BWY 130, WA9GOQ 93, W9CMT 86, K9CRY 67, WA9GOHX 60, W9QLW 59, K9YBM 59, K9CRS 58, K9YHY 58, W9JBQ 57, W9RTH 48, W9RUC 46, W9YYX 23, K9RWQ 22, WA9QEQ 21, W9SNQ 26, W9YYX 23, K9RWQ 22, WA9QEQ 21, W9SNQ 28, W9YYX 23, K9RWQ 22, WA9QEQ 21, W9SNQ 28, W9YYX 24, W9SIZ 19, W9PMT 18, WA9BVL 17, K9EFY 14, K9BSL 12, WA9BHG 11, WA9CHY 11, W9EJW 10, WA9YZA 8, WA9YRY 7, K9ILK 6, WASCAL 1, (June) K9FZX/9 1092, W9JYO 696, W9FWH 517.

WISCONSIN—SCM, Kenneth A, Ebneter, K9GSC—SEC: W9NGT, PAMs: K9DBR, WA9IZK, W9NRP, WA9QNI, W9AYK and WA9QKP, RMs: K9KSA and WA9TXN.

Net	Freq.	Time	Days	QNI	QTC	Mgr.
BWN			MonSat.	320	162	W9AYK
BEN	3985 kc.			805	73	WA9QKP
WSBN	3985 kc.		Daily	1203		WA9QNI
WIN	3662 kc.		Daily	203		WA9TXN
WSSN			TueThursSat.	52		K9KSA
WRN			Sun. (RTTY)	20	3	K9GSC
SWRN SW2RN			MonSat.			K9DBR
5W2RN	145.35 Mc.	03302	Daily	136	16	WA9IZK

WA9QKP has been appointed PAM for the BEN at Noon. Renewed appointments: W9RQM as ORS; K9ZYS and W9KHH as OVSs; WA9QNI and W9RQM as OPSs; WA9QNI as PAM; W9LQC. W9BUG and W9SZL as ECs. W49YCY is on with a Drake T-4X and 2-B, His father received his Novice ticket as WN9CHP. W9NLJ operated as W9NLJ/LA while on his vacation near Oslo, WA9RAK is on with an Apache and an SB-10. K9IMR got married and moved to Milwaukee. W49LWJ has also married and moved to Milwaukee. W49LWJ has also married and moved to Junction City. BPL for Aug. traffic went to W9CXY. Traffic: W9CXY 514, WA9RAK 204, K9CPM 188, W9ESJ 156, W49QKP 148, W9NRP 67, W49TXN 58, W9KRO 53, W9SUF 48, K9TBY 41, W9DXY 36, W9AYK 35, K9FHI 34, K9KSA 21, W9BCH 20, WA9PKM 19, K9GSC 12, W9RQM 11, WA9UNN 10, W9DND 9, K9LGU 9, W9IQW 4, WA9SAB 1.

DAKOTA DIVISION

MINNESOTA—SCM, Larry J. Shima, WØPAN—SEC: WAØMZW, RMs: WAØRRA, WAØIAW, PAMs: WAØMWW, WAØDWM, KØGYO. WAØMRW was presented with a Certificate of Merit by WØBUO. Dakota Division Director, at the Brainerd Area Amateur Radio Club Pienic in appreciation of Clarence's "outstanding contributions to amateur radio." WAØKFJ is undergoing basic training with the Air Force at Lackland AFB. The Minnesota Post Office Net meets at 1230 local time on 3910 kc, each Sun. Net Manager KØKKQ is looking for more check-ins. WØUWG recently received his Extra Class license, WØLH is a new resident in Minnesota. WAØIAW is now mobile. The Minnesota Weather and Service Net meets on 3912 kc, at 1745 local time daily. Stations are invited to participate and provide weather information from their area, KOMMVP is a new A-1 Operator Certificate holder. local time daily. Stations are invited to participate and provide weather information from their area. KØMVF is a new A-1 Operator Certificate holder. Don't forget to participate in the Sweepstakes. Any Minnesota anateur is invited to send the SCM a monthly report of his activities. Reports can be sent on the section nets during the first 5 days of the month. Check last month's QST for net listings. The following appointments were acted upon during Aug.: KØORK, renewed as ORS: WAØMNE, appointed as OBS; WAØUTQ, new OVS; KØJTA, new OPS; WØHEN, OBS renewed; WAØOEJ, OPS renewed: WØFFX, EC Kanabec and Mill Lacs Counties renewed. Traffic: (Aug.) KØZZR 1616. KØLJV 1054, WØAA/Ø 562, WAØOEJ 254, WAØTQT 252, WAØIAW 215, WAØVAS 150, WAØHRM 112, WAØRRA 92,

WAØTGM 86, WØZHN 84, KØMVF 82, WØBUC 66, WOPAN 61, KØGYO 59, WAØVYV 51, KØORK 46, WAØVRP 36, WOATO 34, WAØURW 33, WAØVTZ 32, WAØACI 31, WAØMMV 30, WAØRKF 30, WAØIAD 23, WAØCJU 27, WAØVDG 25, WAØJPR 22, WAØJRA 20, WOUMX 18, WAØRKE 15, WNØYAH 14, KØZBI 14, WØBUO 13, WAØGRX 13, WØKLG 12, WAØNQH 12, WAØVIS 12, KØZXE 11, WAØDWM 10, WØBE 9, WAØMNE 9, WAØTYL 9, KØWXH 9, KØJTA 8, WØEQO 7, KØZRD 7, WAØOEF 6, KØFLT 5, WØIYP 5, WAØPMM 5, WAØJKT 3, WØKNR 3, WAØUWL 3, (July) WAØJFT 2

NORTH DAKOTA—SCM, Harold L. Sheets, WØDM SEC: WAØAYL. OBS: KØSPH. PAM: WØCAQ. RM: WAØRSR. WAØOVW had a 20-meter c.w. QSO with WAØGQI, of Fargo, who is with the Navy now operating TF2WLW in Iceland. The corn. feed at KØPYZ was attended by 25 hams and 45 in all. WAØZOK has a SB-101 pushing a High Gain 5-band doublet. WAØGRX is a busy gal now acting as a substrute rural mail carrier. WAØHIW. ex-WAØPPK, has been in the hospital since arriving home in El Centro after the hamfest at the Peace Garden. KØDWX and family were in an auto accident during the Labor Day weck end. WØDM will be teaching radio classes again this winter in the Junior High School system, as well as supervising the Central High School system, as well as supervising the Central High School auditorium. WAØAYL returned to the old grind after two weeks in Ohio and Long Island visiting his folks and other relatives. WAØAAD has been working for the Park Board in Grand Forks teaching tennis. WAØRSR would like to have you c.w. fellows do some checking into the C.W. Net. VE4YC, and his XYL, from Brandon, were guests of WAØRWM. NORTH DAKOTA-SCM, Harold L. Sheets, WØDM 7

ND RACES Net 20 sessions 474 check-ins 48 tfc. KØSPH RO N. Dak, PON 15 sessions 186 check-ins 38 tfc. WAØHUD ND CW Net 8 sessions 0 check-ins 0 tfc. WAØRSR RM

Traffie: WAØHUD 70, WØDM 12, WØWWL 6. WØNMV 36, KØSPH 26,

SOUTH DAKOTA—Acting SCM. Edward C. Gray, WAØCPX—SEC: WAØFUZ. PAM: WAØCWW. RM: WAØCPX—SEC: WAØFUZ. PAM: WAØCWW. RM: WOIPF. WVØZIC is a new Novice from Bruce. WØDIPF and WØIGG are Silent Kevs. WAØYAK, of Colome, has a new Heath-kit line. WØIPF, of Huron, has a Drake TR-4 now. KØOTZ is back in South. Dakota at Hartford. WAØUDJ, at Artas, has been on the nets. WAØUNE. Rapid City, and WAØSKA, Huron, are new ECs. Participation is needed on the SDN C.W. Not on 3645, Send WØNEO or WAØPNB a write-up and picture of yourself for their new directory and historical summary. Please send your station activities to the SCM every month. About 80, samateurs attended the picnic at Mitchell, Late Session Net. 1215 ONI. 74 QTX: Morning Net, 432 QNI, 72 QTX; NJQ Net, 309 QNI, 55 QTX, 49 informal. Traffic: WAØPNB 53, WØIG 32, WØHOJ 31, KØAIE 24, WAØFUZ 28, WØFJZ 5.

#### DELTA DIVISION

ARKANSAS—Acting SCM, Robert D, Schaefer, WA5HS—SEC: W5PBZ, RM: W5WND, PAM: WA5-QMQ, WA5QMQ and K5YWL operated at K5OAZ in Long Beach, Miss, during the burricane disaster, W45V0M is the new pres, of the NAARS. Congratulations to WA5PWP on passing the Extra Class exam. It's good to have WA5GPO and WA5KJT back on the air after long absences, K5CEH, K5VBF and WA5QMQ handled 622 messages from the National Rural Letter Carriers Convention in Hot Springs, Welcome to new Novices WN5ZGI, WN5ZKE and WN5ZGH in the Harrison area, Ft. Smith has a lot of 2-meter f.m. activity and a repeater in heing constructed, Fayetteville has a repeater on 6 meters, About 25 DX chasers attended the Annual ADXA Meeting in Little Rock, Speakers were W5KUC, WA5-GFS and ex-9Q5BD. The EC Net has been reactivated and now meets on 3995 ks at 23307 Sun.
Traffic: K5CEH 622, W5NND 274, WA5IIS 206, W5-OBD 165, WA5TJB 38, WA5TLS 4.

LOUISIANA—SCM, J. Allen Swanson, Jr., W5PM—SEC: W5OB, RM: K5ANS, V.H.F. PAMS: WA5DXA, W5UQR, I regret to report the passing of WA5PGO. I am W5UQR. I regret to report the passing of WA5PGO. I am going to dispense with the regular remarks in this column and give you an idea of what Louisiana Hams did during Hurricane Camille. It is estimated that over 2000 messages, civil government. Red Cross, welfare, etc., were handled. Seven definite frequencies on 75 s.s.b. one on 40 and one on 20 were declared emergency frequencies by the FCC Office in New Orleans. From the New Orleans area 25 of the gang went to Waveland, Bay St. Louis, Gulfport, Biloxi and Pascagoula, From Baton Route 18 of the fellows went to the Coast while approximately 50 stayed in BR and operated from the Civil Defense Emergency Center, From Monroe Area 8 hams went to the Coast and handled Red Cross traffic. The Navy's Communication Van went to Waveland and was manned by three of the gang, who operated under the call WA5-DN7/5. Navy MARS (8th ND) with 91 stations and 6 nets handled 1900 messages, Four of the Metairie gang assisted W5FMO on the Red Cross Net and handled traffic 18 hours per day for over a week, Nets that were active were LAN (c.w.) Gulf Coast S.S.B. Net, Central Gulf Coast Hurricane Net, Delta S.S.B. Net, Central Gulf Coast Hurricane Net, Delta S.S.B. Net and the Delta 75 S.S.B. Net. Civil defense had two nets going for days on the high end of 75. Traffic: W5GHP 407, W5FMO 400, WA5WKP 279, WA5QVN 265, W5CEZ 255, K5YMY 134, W5MB 110, W5PM 109, W5OB 96, WA5WBZ 90, WA5NYY 49, W5MQ 29, W5EA 10, W5JYA 1.

MISSISSIPPI—SCM, Clifton Comfort, WA5-KEY—SEC: WA5JWD has moved to the University of Miss, to enter law school. K4RIN/5 is now W5RUB. WA5SKI is back from summer vacation. WA5SUE reports increasing activity on 2 meters on the Coast. W4PBY, of Birmingham, is WA5YYU of Meridian. WA5KPS has started a proposal on auto tags similar to the law passed in Alaska (June Q8T). There are about 20 Mobiles in the state, Sun., Aug. 17 "Camille" came to the Mississippi Coast. The practice of the MSBN and CGCHN of using different net control stations each day with changes each quarter paid off. We had trained net controls where they were needed. The fellows within 150 miles of the Coast took the work load for this, several putting in over 40 hours each those from out of state who came and helped us. There were nets as far away as California that went into session "for the purpose of handling traffic to or from the Mississippi Disaster." Traffic: W5RUB 724, K5FMY 377, WA5KPS 352, WA5FII 314, WA5UBQ 314, WA5MTW 278, WA5WJP 266, K5HUW 218, WA5-RMS 211, WA5IDF 209, WA5WJP 36, WA5MDD 32, WA5MDD 67, WA5QQT 66, W5RNB 65, WA5MDD 32, W5SLO 52, WA5OOO 36, WA5OSN 31, W5WZ 18, WA5-SIM 13, W5BCM 4.

TENNESSEE—SCM, Harry A. Phillips, K4RCT—SEC: W4WJH. PAMs: W4PFP, WA4YBT, WA4EWW, WB4HMA. The Middle Tn. Am. Radio Club provided communications for a sports car rally. The members relayed scores from check-points to a central point. W4-WBK now has a fancy new fransmitter to match his receiver. Tennessee amateurs were active for long hours after Hurricane Camille struck the coast. On Aug. 20 the TSSB Net operated for 4 hours and handled 77 messages. Much credit is given to those who participated by monitoring 3980 for incoming traffic and those who monitored the emergency nets in the strucken area. The Gibson County C.D. units took two rigs, truck and supplies to the area to assist in traffic-handling. Traffic: (Aug.) WA4UAZ 1074, K4AT 409, W40GG 348, WB4GSS 123, W45QE 116, WB4HYY 61, W4WBK 54, WA4WW 51, WB4HMA 49, WB4JFT 48, W4WJH 46, WB4HLH 37, K4LTA 35, WB4ANX 27, W41HE 20, K4AMC 17, WA4GLS 16, W4FFP 16, W4-IGW 13, WA4KYT 12, WN4LHK 9, WA4EWW 8, K4UMW 8, WA4YFG 7, WB4HSS 5, WB4JDD 4, WA4ZBC 4, WA4YEM 3, (July) W4OGG 241.

#### GREAT LAKES, DIVISION

KENTUCKY—SCM, George S, Wilson, III. W4OYI SEC: W4VYS, Appointed: WA4WWA as OBS, WA4-UAZ as OPS and ORS. Endorsed: WA4BZS and W4CSN as ECs; W4JUI as OO; W4BAZ, K4VDO and W4VUE as ORSs; K4UMN and W4NBZ as OPSs. Nine has to be some sort of record for BPL in one month. Congrats to W4BAZ, K4YZU, WA4AGH, WA4-VIE, WB4FLA, WB4HQW; WB4HUS, WB4IOU and WB4KPE.

Net	QNI	QTC	Net	QNI	qrc
KRN	307	26	KYN	414	687
MKPN	450	131	FCATN	90	36
KTN	225	957			

The State Fair produced 2060 messages filed, 872 of which were for servicemen abroad. The nets did a fine, efficient job of moving it, and MARS gets a pat

on the back as well. WB4HQW occasionally loads the paper clip I gave him on 80. Everyone's most heartielt "welcome home" to W4MWX after his siege in the hospital. Despite some justifiable complaints, the C.D./CAP exercise proved its point and admirably demonstrated our effectiveness and enhanced our reputation as the dependable emergency communications service. Special thanks to the travelling portables. KYNers were treated to some perfect c.w. when W4UX took a several-hour stint of traffie-handling from K4HY with his award-winning code-typewriter. His Q8T article won him the cover-plaque, presented at the Kenvention. Traffic: (Aug.) WB4FLA 660, W4BAZ 258, WB4KPE 256, WB4IOU 254, WB4HUS 245, WA4-VUE 176, WA4AGH 172, WB4EQW 170, K4YZU 130, WB4FDK 97, W4UK 81, W4OYI 72, WA4GHQ 69, W44DYL 52, WA4WSW 47, WB4EOR 44, K4UMN 41, W4CID 39, K4TRT 39, W4KJP 27, WA4FYH 23, WA4MNZ 22, K4FPW 20, WB4HTN 16, W32ZB 16, WB4ILF 15, K4VDO 15, WB4GQV 13, K4MPT 12, WB4MSQ 7, K4YCB 7, WB4EQY 6, K4HOE 6, W4JUI 4, K4AVX 1. (July) K4AVX 6.

MICHIGAN—SCM, Joseph L. Pontek, K8HKM—Asst. SCMs: Rodger C. Phillips, WA8LWK: Howard A. Walker, W8JTQ, SEC: W8MPD, RMs: W8FWQ, W8-RTN, WASOGR, K8KMQ, W8GAI, PAMs: K8GOU, K8JED, V.H.F. PAM: W8CVQ, Appointments: WA8JED, W8NDM as ECs; WA8MCQ as OO: WA8QCW, K8CKD, W8PEB as OPSs: WA8MCQ and W8-RTN as ORSs, Silent Keys: W88ANE and W8QBM.

Net	Freq.	Time	Days	QNI	OTC	Sess.	Mar.
QMN	36 <b>63</b>	2300	Daily	590	304	61	W8FWQ
WSSB	3935	0000	Daily	784	230	31	K8WRJ
UPEN	3920	2230	Daily	466	38	28	WA8LHC
PON-Day	3937	1600	Daily	692	512	31	K8LNE
GLETN	3932	0230	Daily	947	275	31	K8HLI
BR/MEN	3930	2230	M-Sat.	922	130	26	K8LJS
PON-CW	3645	0000	M-Sat.	88	18	18	VE3DPO
M6Mtn	50.4	0000	M-Sat.	103	31	19	WASLRC

WASLWK would like to hear from all high school radio clubs or anyone knowing of such clubs, W8UBD is now W8JE. W8BLP took a bathtub across Lake Michigan the hard way; he floated it, K8UDJ has a 100-flt, tower up now, The CMARC is planning abother theory class. The UP had a successful picnic, GLETN's new officers are K8HLI, mgr.; W8AGQ, asst. mgr.; W9DRP, seey. The SEMARA has club Q8Ls now, WA8ZDR has a quad up now, Have received a lot of reports from Michigan hams who helped out with hurricane traffic and W8DT made TV with his efforts, Plans call for some club visits this winter. Please give us much lead on the invitation. This allows for program selection and scheduling, K8LNE and WA8WZF are sure consistent about BPLing, Traffic; (Aug.) K8LNE 706, WA8WZF 593, W8ITQ 386, K8KMQ 253, W8NOH 158, WA8MGM 130, W3MO 110, K8ZJU 105, W3IZ 103, K8MNC 76, WA8LXY 74, K8GHS 70, WA8SQC 65, W8GAI 64, K8HLI 57, WA8MCQ 33, K3LD 44, W8DSE 38, K8GOU 35, K8TIY 35, WA8PII 29, WB8-ANR 27, W8FX 27, W8ACW 24, WBSDTT 19, W8UC 19, W8VIZ 18, WBSCFV 17, WASONZ 15, W8TTN 12, W8ZBT 12, W8AGQ 11, W8DSE 11, WA8VGQ 7, W8TBP 6, W8BEZ 5, W8DQL 4, W8DSE 11, WA8VGQ 7, W8TBP 6, W8BEZ 5, W8DQL 4, W8SS 2.

OHIO—SCM, Richard A. Eghert, W8ETU—Asst. SCM: Roger Barnett, K8DDG, SEC: W80UU, RM: W8IMI, PAM: K8UBK, V.H.F. PAM: WA8ADU, Aug, net reports:

Net	QNI	QTC	Sess.	Freq.	Time.	Mgr.
OSSBN	1858	1535	64	3972.5	1530 & 2345Z	KSUBK
BN	660	- 611	62	3580	'0000 & 0300Z	W8IMI
06MtrN	501	137	59	50.61	0000Z ·	WA8ADU
				50.16	0200%	
OSN	$207^{\circ}$	119	30	3580	2325Z	WA8VNU

OSN Net certificates went to WB8CHW, WA8YUB and WA8ZNC. The traffic session at the Findlay Hamfest was presided over by K8UBK, ably assisted by WA8MHO. W8IMI represented BN, and W80UU and several ECs held up the AREC end of things. W8CHT spoke on behalf of 8RN, and WA8VNU represented OSN. W80UU announced that the section has been divided into 24 areas of jurisdiction, each comprising three to five counties, Each of these areas will be heated up by one EC. We feel that AREC will be hetter organized and more effective with a fewer number of ECs handling more sizeable pieces of the section. The fine details have yet to be worked out, but our more eager ECs have already stretched their operations into adjoining counties with good results. WA8DWL was inadvertently left out of the BPL listing last month, Sorry, Nellie. To date I've got ten reports of fair stations at Canfield, Darke and

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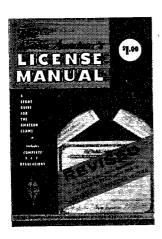
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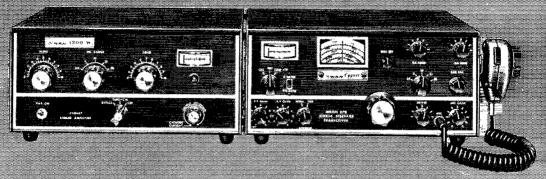
Wayne Counties, as well as the State Fair. All handled traffic for the public with the operation at the State Fair clearing over 1400 messages, Darke Co. EC W8ARW reports that a 7300-volt power line fell across the wires to the club station and wiped out all the gear. Mahoning Co. EC W8OE advised that the AREC-C.D. Club will conduct free code and theory classes again this fall. I regret to report the passing of W8EEI and W8OIS. W8GDQ reports working VK3-GU on 160. Congratulations to new Advanced Class WA8GRR. WA8YHN says he worked a W9 in Indiana running a kw. to a TV antenna 1000 feet high on 6. Stark Co. AREC-RACES is now publishing a bulletin. The Marimgton High School ARC has applied for ORS and OPS appointments. K8POL, advisor/trustee of the RC of Explorer Fost 285, gives interesting details of this year-old club of scouts. The club started out with six members, all unlicensed, and embarked on a self-training program and now is in business with seven licensees and a club station boasting operation on all bands through 6, Hurricane Camille made its impact felt through priority traffic. All the nets report traffic action, with the Apricot Net turning in its usual fine performance. Manager K8ONA reports that the net was in session from sun-up to midnight for 12 days. New appointments: WA8YTH and WA8ZNC as OPSs, WA8UPI and WA8TUL us COS, W8BPB as OVS and WA8TRE, WSID, WA8UUL us COS, W8BPB as OVS and WA8TRE, WSID, WA8UUL WA8UPI and WA8ZNC as ORSs. BN certificates went to WA8UPI. WA8YUB and W8ETU. (Aug.) Traffic: WA8CFT 817. WSUPH 694, WA8OCG 668, WA8UPI 650, WA8ETX 545, KSONA 544, KSUBK 404, WSSUS 338, WA8GTX 317, WSUPH 694, WA8OCG 668, WA8UPI 650, WA8ETX 545, KSONA 544, KSUBK 404, WSSUS 338, WA8CFT 317. WSUPH 694, WA8CFT 150, WA8DWL 236, WBBAKW 316, WSQZK 209, W8OE 195, WASDWL 236, WBBAKW 316, WSQZK 209, W8OE 195, WASDWL 236, WBARW 316, WSQZK 209, WSOE 195, WASDWL 236, WBARW 31, WSEMF 11, WSWBG 114, WSGUZ 187, WABULF 161, WASDWT 199, WASCWL 49, WASDWL 49, WASCWL 49, WASDWL 29, WASCWL 49, WASDWL 20, WSGUL 137,

#### **HUDSON DIVISION**

HUDSON DIVISION

EASTERN NEW YORK—SCM, Graham G. Berry, K2SIN—Asst. SCM/RM; Ruth E. Rice, WA2VYS. SEC: W2KGC, PAM: WB2VJB. V.H.F. PAM: WB2-YQU. Section nets: NYS on 3675 nightly at 2300Z; Section nets: NYS on 3675 nightly at 2300Z; Sightly on 3590 at 2300Z; NYSFT&EN nightly on 3925 at 2300Z. Appointments and renewals: K2AXI, W2WGE and K2CXO, new FCS for Orange. Greene and Rockland Counties, respectively: WB2YQU and WA2FYE as OVSS; K2MME as ORS; W2TFV and W2ANV renewed as ORSs, Station activities: WB2PYZ received his old call, W2FGI from the FCC. WB2RBG is college-bound and facing inactivity. WA2HXM reports much activity by the Holy Cross Radio Society, with regular meetings on 14.250 at 1800Z Sat. W2EAF now is net mgr. for Navy MARS. WA2OJD holds a new Extra Class ticket. W2SZ is planning a membership drive with the opening of R.P.I., and will be active in contests this year as well as handling traffic, August picnic notes: NYS and NYSPT&EN both held Annual Picnics. From Sept. column: WB2-RBG is not a "her"—don't know what happened. The New Rochelle Club provided communications for the city swim meet for the 11th year in a row, with K2EBX in charge and K2JQB, WB2RLS and W2DPV active on 2 meters, W2DPV now is Deputy RACES Officer for New Rochelle. Please be sure your club hulletins and news letters get to the SCM and Asst. SCM as well as to K21ES for coverage in the Hudson Council Neusletter. Vacation notes from the staff shows W2VYS Maine-bound; K2SJN and WA2QEG back from a European trip and a visit in London to RSGB Hq. All stations in the area, particularly ECs from other counties, are invited to join in the Westchester County AREC net, 3925 kc M-W-F at 8 p.M. local time. The FSS honor roll for August check-ins includes W2ANV, WA2VYS, WA2VYT, WB2-FUV and WB2IFN. It's easy to see how E.N.Y. racked up a 29th place in the annual Communication Dept. tabulation for traffic but we could do even better with more reports to the SCM from individual

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## Deluxe Cygnet 270 Transceiver 5 BANDS 260 WATTS for fixed, portable or mobile operation

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SPECIFICATIONS: Power Input: 260 watts P.E.P. in SSB voice mode, and 180 watts in CW mode Frequency Range: 3.5-4.0 mc, 7.0-7.3 mc, 14.0-14.35 mc, 21.0-21.45 mc, 21.0-21.45 mc, 28.0-29.7 mc © C.F. Networks: Crystal Lattice Filter. Same as used in the Swan 500 C. 2.7 kc band width at 6 db down, 4.6 kc wide at 60 db down. Ultimate rejection exceeds 100 db Unwanted sideband suppressed 50 db. Carrier suppressed 60 db. 3rd order distortion down approx. 30 db. Audio Response: flat within 3 db from 300 to 3000 cycles in both transmit and receive modes PI Antenna coupler for 50 to 75 ohm coaxial cable Solid state VFO circuit temperature and voltage stabilized Receiver sensitivity better than ½ microvolt at 50 ohms for signal-plus-noise to noise ratio of 10 db 100 kc Crystal Calibrator and dial-set control S-meter for receiver, P.A. Cathode meter for transmitter tuning Improved AGC and ALC circuit. Separate R.F. and A.F. gain controls Sideband selector Provision for plug in of VOX unit, external VFO, headphones, and Cygnet Linear Tube compliment: 12BA6 VFO amp., 12BE6 trans. mixer, 6GK6 driver, 6LO6 pwr. amp., 6BA6 rec. R.F., 22BE6 rec. mixer, 12BA6 1st I.F. amp., 12BA6 2nd I.F. amp., 12AX7 prod. det. A.F. amp., 6AQS A.F. output, 12AX7 mlc. amp., 6JH8 bal. mod., 12AV6 AGC-ALC amp. Dimensions: 5½ in. high, 13 in. wide, 11 in. deep. Net weight:

Amateur net: \$525

PLUG-IN ACCESSORIES: Model 508 External VFO, Model 510X Crystal oscillator, Model VX-2 VOX unit.

OTHER ACCESSORIES: Model FP-1 Phone Patch, Mobile Mounting Kit, Model 45 Manual Switching 5 band Mobile Antenna, Model 55 Remote Switching 5 band Mobile Antenna.

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stations. W2TPV now is in Alaska. K2UYK reports his station now has full break-in on c.w. W2CRS says anyone interested in v.h.f. should check into the East Coast Round-up Sun. on 3980 at 2130 local for discussions. Traffic: W2EAF 279, WAZGQW 95, WAZYYS 85, WB2VJB 40, WAZYYT 40, W2ANV 26, WAZFBI 26, WB2FUV 25, W2TPV 18, K2SJN 17, K2UYK 17, WAZCRW 16, WB2RBG 6.

NEW YORK CITY AND LONG ISLAND—SCM, Blaine S. Johnson, K2IDB—Asst. SCM: Fred J. Brunjes, K2DGI. SEC: K2OVN. PAM: W2EW.

NLI*	3630 kc.	1915/2200	Nightly	K2UAT/RM
NLIVHF*	145.8 Mc.	1930	MTWTF	WB2ROF/PAM
NLIPhone*	3932 kc.	1600	Daily	WA2UWA/PAM
Clear Hse	3925 kc.	1100	Daily	WA2GPT/Mgr.
Mic Farad	3925 kc.	1300	Ex. Sun.	K2UBG/Mgr.
East US	3683 kc.	0001	Nightly	K2UBG/Mgr.
All Syc	3925 kc.	1300	Sun.	K2AAS/Mgr.
NYSPTEN	3925 kc.	1800	Daily	K2SPO/Mgr.
			. *	

\* Section Nets. All times above are local.

K2UBG was operating mobile/4 in Virginia at the time of Hurricane Camille and he checked into the Mississippi Hurricane Net on 3925 kc. K2UBG allow that those Gulf Coast stations did one heck of an I'B job. During this period, the Mike Farad Net, which normally trailies on 3925 kc. moved off about 3 or 4 kc. and handled about a dozen pieces of hurricane trailie from there. WA2HMO reported that he's having QSK trouble so I immediately leaped for my Q-Sig manual to see what sort of malady this might be. It seems quite serious. However, within the framework of his initial report one could make at least two interpretations. Either stations are hearing him between his signals, or he is hearing stations between their signals, I sent a signal in May and another in July; do you suppose he heard me in June? W2DBQ participated in the Hurricane Disaster Net on 14,320 kc. s.s.b. during "Camille's" debut. WB2DZZ is extremely proud of the SI/Line stuff he recently acquired to go along with the liT Classic 33 beauty. Friends should be advised that the red-rimmed eyes are due to the new system's magnetic attraction for DX-type signals which quickly added 15 new countries to the DX portfolio. The Jumpsuit and QCWA Net's Sat./Sun. schedule is new: 14,232 kc. from 1500-1630 and 14,345 kc, at 1700 (both times are in Zebra). W2PF says the monthly meetings of the Luncheon Club at the Engineer's Club in N.Y.C. were resumed on 9/17/69. Anyone interested may contact either W2NQR or W2PF. WA2BRF has up to 10 states on. 2 meters now, but allows he'd rather chew with the locals which isn't quite so wham-bam! Hey, WA2PMW has his RTTY rig sittin' on 145.62 Mc. all day with an Auto-Start box hooked to it. All you do is charge in on the channel (with your RTTY of course) and leave the rascal a message if he's not there. His report says you'll get a reply, but it's not clear whether you'll get back a recording, or he'll call you later, Five other members of the same 'the-Boro RC have this peachy-keen feature. If they all monitor the same chann

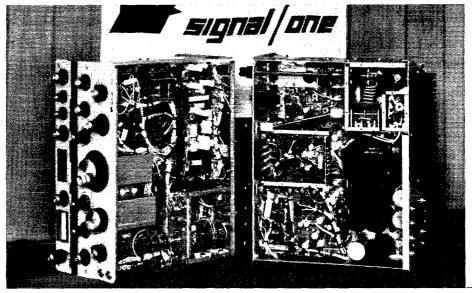
NORTHERN NEW JERSEY—SCM, Louis J. Amoroso, W2ZZ—SEC: K2KDQ, RM: WB2RKK. PAMs: W2PEV, K2KDQ, WA2KZF and WA2TBS.

#### ARPSC Section Net Schedules

	Atta by beginn the beneaties								
Net	Freq.	Time	Days	Sess.	QNI	Tfc.	Mgr.		
NJN	3695 kc.	7:00 р.м.	Dy	31		301	WA2BLV		
NJN	3695 kc.	10:00 P.M.	Dy	31	312	145	WA2BLV		
NJSN		8:00 г.м.	Dy	31	236	49	WB2RKK		
NJEPTN	3950 kc.	6:00 P.M.	M-Sat.	31	467	290	W2PEV		
NJPON	3930 kc.	6:00 p.m.	Sun.	5	83	30	WA2TBS		
NJAN	50,425 kc.	8:00 P.M.	M-F	22	221	43	WA2KZF		
PVETN	145.710 kc.	7:30 р.м.	Dy	31	204		K2KDQ		
	146,700 kc.	9:00 P.M.		31	238	118	WA2TBS		

New appointments: WB2FEH as OPS, OO reports were received from W2TPJ, K2BMI and WB2NYK, WB2-FFH is the new mgr, for the NJSN, replacing WB2RKK who is now in college, Good luck, OM, and many thanks to WB2RKK for a great job. WA2DNB, WB2NYK and WB2OQM also are off to school. WN2-

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- Pre-IF noise blanker

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- True break-in CW, silent VOX
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KYB is a new ham in the Chester area, WN2LES is in Linden, WA2IHV received his Advanced Class license, WB2NYK reports DXCC totals of 157/139, WA2EIN is on RTTY with his SB-101, WB2DRJ received his DXCC, WB2FEH now is using a keyer, WA2DQE has a new Swan 350, WB2BCS reports 15 new members, WA2EUX is chasing 20-meter DX, WB2VLC is going to NCE, WA2CRF added the SR-2000 to the shack, WA2RIN is home after 35 months in DL4-Land, WB2QQU is going to Cornell, KZZIP moved to Denver and WA2QPD moved to Montana. Good luck to both, WA2NHH has his monitor working for his SSTV setup, WB2DFG is using a new Swan 500C, WA2QBJ added the GT-550 to the shack, WB2HXR's solid state 2-meter receiver is putting out a good signal. W2TUK and W2ZZ presented the ARRL charter to the BARK group. Our SEC is looking for some new ECs, If you are interested in this type of work, please contact K2KDQ or W2ZZ. ARRI. charter to the BARK group. Our SEC is looking for some new ECs, if you are interested in this type of work, please contact K2KDQ or W2ZZ. A special note to all DN men; Keep an envelope or credits with the W2-K2 QSL Bureau. The address is P.O. Box 505, Ridgewood, N.J. The SCM does not handle QSL cards for DN QSO. The Bureau takes care of that job, Good luck to all in the SS and hope to work you. Trailie: (Aug.) WB2RKK 621, K2DEL 389, K2KDQ 323, WB2FUW 312, WA2IGQ 215, WB2DDQ 180, WA2BHJ 165, WB2FEH 115, WB2NSV 107, WA2TBS 80, WA2BAN 70, WA2DNB 65, W2PEV 60, WA2HSJ 58, WA2DQE 54, K2TTC 41, WB2CWP 36, WB2WZ 25, WB2XZJ 25, WA2CC 22, WB2WZD 25, WB2WZD 21, WB2CCF 19, WA2CCF 19, WA2CCF 19, WA2CCF 10, WA2CCF 11, WA2CCF 11, WA2CCF 10, WA2KZF 8, WB2WNZ 7, K2ZFI 7, WA2EUX 66, W2EWZ 6, K2PEP 6, WB2BCS 4, WB2DRJ 4, W2DRV 2, WB2VFX 1, (July) W2CVW 25, W2DRV 9, WA2GIE 7, K2ZFI 6, W2ABL 4, W2EWZ 3.

#### MIDWEST DIVISION

MIDWEST DIVISION

IOWA—SCM, Wavne L. Johnson, KOMHX—SEC:
KOLVB, PAMI: WOPZO, RMI: WOLGG, OBSs: WØLCX, WØJAQ, WAØMIT. New appointee: WAØMLE.
as OO transferred from Kansas. The Marshalltown
group did a fine job as hosts of the 75-Meter Pienie.
Their central location helps the good attendance.
WØLMM at Des Moines has joined Silent Keys. Members of the Iowa 160 Meter Net paid their respects
to Pvt. Ricky Swaney, son of WØMEL, who was
killed in conflict in Vietnam. The Southwest Iowa
ARC classes of WØRMG have new Generals WAØTSN,
WAØTSP and WAØTSR, WNØZNN reports six new
hams in Clayton County because of the efforts of
WØSFK, WAØAWH has transferred to a new job in
Colorado, All Marv's friends wish him the best of
luck, WAØOTE is DXing on 40, WAØKWH and
WAØJJN are recent new Extras, ARRL Midwest officials are meeting on 7280, Sun, at 0100Z, Everyone
is welcome. It is certificate-renewal time, is yours up
to date? Happy Turkey Day.

Net	Freq.	Day	GMT	ONI	orc	Mar.
Iowa 75	3970	M-Sat.	1830	1445	238	WØPZO
Towa 160	1815	Daily	0100	635	7	KØTDO
Iowa SSB	3970	M-Sat.	2359			WØYLS
TLCN	3560	Daily	0030	163	131	KØAZJ
PON	3015	W-F	0030			WANDYV

Traffic: (Aug.) WØLCX 1105. WAØBSF 177. WØMLE 146. WAØOTQ 128. WØUPX 104. WAØLAB 102. KØ=AZJ 95. WØLGG 77. WØKB 74. WAØYVR 60, WAØKZL 42. WØJPJ 34. WAØVDC 22. KØTDO 21. WAØPOE 16. WAØNIT 10. WAØQZL 9. WAØUYH 9. WAØPOPK 7. WØDMX 6. WØMOQ 6. WAØVDP 6. WAØGVJ 5. WAØOTE 5. KØEXN 4. WAØROM 2. (July) WØMLE 124. WØDUA 88.

MISSOURI—SCM, Robert J. Peavler, WØBV—SEC: WØBUL. New appointments: WAØVRI as ORS and OPS. Appointments renewed: WAØKUH as OBS, WAØFMD as ORS, PHD certificates went to WAØUGU, WAØOFO and KØIKZ, With deep regret I report the passing of Paul E. Anway, WØGF, ex-WAØIKK. A lawyer for the Kansas City Power and Light Company, Paul was active in amateur radio for many years. Net reports:

Net	Freq.	Time	Days	Sess.	QNI	QTC	M gr.
MEN	3885	2230Z	M-W-F	13	134	1.6	WØBUL
MNN	7063	1800Z	M-Sat.				WØOUD
MON	3585	00002	Daily	20	128	69	KØAEM
MoSSB	3963	2300Z	M-Sat.	26	842	139	WØRTO
MoPON		2200Z		26		129	WAGTAA
SMN	3585	2100Z	Sun.				WØOUD
PHD			Tue. (GMT)	4	68	4-	WAGKUH
				•		-	

City

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## The Galaxy FM-210 2 Meter FM Transceiver

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#### - SPECIFICATIONS

Frequency range: 143-149 MHz. Antenna Impedance: 50 Ohms Nominal Power Req'mts: 12-14 VDC (or optional power booster)

Transmitter: Power Input: 5 watts (10 W. with pow. booster) • Freq. Control: 3 Chan. crystal controlled • Microphone: High Impedance req'd. • Deviation: Adj. narrow or wideband with clipper filter also adj. for optimum clipping level.

Receiver: Sensitivity: SINAD .5uv for 12db, 1uv provides 20 db quieting.

• Adjustable squelch • Modulation Acceptance: FM wideband (narrow band available) • Type: Dual Conversion, FET front end for minimum cross modulation and overload • IF Frequencies: 10.7MHz and 455 KHz • Freq. Control: 3 chan. crystal controlled • Audio Output: 3 watts (intr'nl 3.2 spkr.)

**Power Booster:** Provides high power operation from either 12-14VDC or 117 VAC. Makes an ideal fixed station accessory. (\$39.95).



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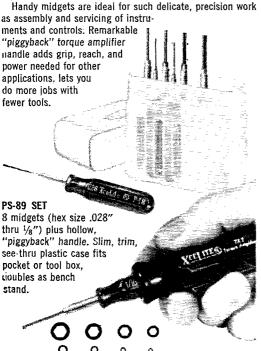
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The fimes given above will be moved one hour later with the shift to Standard Time, Congratulations to WOEXQ, who was named Ham of the Year by the St. Louis Amateur Radio Club, WOUQP passed the Extra Class exam; WAØRBZ, WAØRCA and WAØDUOX the Advanc-d Class, New Novices: WNOZIX and WNOZLP, WAØVBG graduated from Northeast State College in Aug, and has gone to teach in Iowa. WOLNV has moved to Green Bay, Wis, WØKKC has moved to Kansas Citv. where he is a professor in the college system, KØRPH, WØMXI and KØWBD are running phone patches to Vietnam, Thailand and Japan on MARS frequencies, KØETY is trying radio control of model airplanes, WAØTSI reports that the FCC edice on Kansas Citv now holds annateur exams only on Thurs, at 1:00 P.M. Traffic: KØONK 1698, WAØRVR 634, KØVSRM 362, WAØVRI 324, WAØHTN 62, WØWY 49, KØORB 34, WØBUI 33, WAØHRD 23, WAØFKD 23, WAØFKD 23, WAØFKD 23, WAØFKD 24, WAØFKD 25, WAØFKD 25, WAØFKD 25, WAØFKD 25, WAØFKD 25, WAØFKD 26, WAØFKD 25, WAØFKD 21, WAØKUI 4, WØBVL 2, WNOZLP 2.

NEBRASKA—SCM, V. A. Cashon, KØOAL—SEC; KØODF. The NSN report was not received in time for submission to ARRL. Not reports must be received at this QTH by the 7th of each month for the preceding month, NEB I and NEB II were inactive for the month of Aug. Now that the summer suson is coming to an end, it is hoped that net reports are received in time and that more stations will forward their station activity reports. Hope everyone had an enjoyable summer.

Net	Freq.	GMT	Days	ONI	QTC .	Mgr.
NMN	3982	1230	Daily	991	53	WAØJUF
WNN	3950	1300	M-Sat.	536	7	WØNIK
AREC	3982	1330	Sun.	215	6	WØIRZ
CHN	3982	1730	Daily	902	41	WAØGHZ

Tradic: (Aug.) KØNEB 131, WØLOD 62, KØHWK 52, KØKJP 44, WAØJIH 39, KØJTW 38, WØBFV 34, WAØHWR 33, KØJFN 27, WAØOMY 27, WAØQCZ 17, WAØLOY 16, WAØBØK 15, WØHIK 15, WAØPCC 15, WAØGHZ 12, WAØQCX 12, KØSFA 11, KØDGW 9, WØFQB 8, WØHTA 8, KØODF 8, WAØDTY 7, KØHHT 6, WAØHTA 8, KØODF 8, WAØDTY 7, KØHHT 6, WAØHTA 8, WØZOU 3, WØATU 4, WAØFFS 5, WAØEEI 5, WAØFFS 5, WAØEEI 5, WAØFFS 5, WAØEEI 5, WAØFFS 5, WAØFFS 4, WAØFFS 5, KØDATU 4, WAØFFS 4, WAØJTS 4, WAØFFS 5, WOWRA 12, WØWFFS 2, WAØJTS 1, WAØSCS 1, WAØUPK 1, (July) WAØJH 21.

#### NEW ENGLAND DIVISION

CONNECTICUT—SCM, John J. McNassor, W1GVT—RM: WAIHSN, PAM: K1YGS, V.H.F. PAM: K1-SXF, Aug. activity report:

Net CN	Freq. $3640$	<i>Days</i> Daily	Time 1845	Sess. 31	$\frac{QNI}{212}$	$_{205}^{QTC}$
CPN	3965 M-S	1800 Sun.	1000	31	435	94
VHF 2	145.98	M-S	2200	21	79	20
VHF 6	50.6	M-S	2100	21	144	1.5

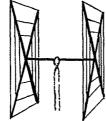
High QNI: CN-W1EJI, W1EFW and K1EIR, CPN-W1DQJ, W1GVT, K1SXF, K1YGS and WAIJVV. The high standards set by former SEC, W1PRT, makes it difficult to get a replacement who will continue in the same manner. Willingness and ability are prime requisites—any suggestions? Please read the ARPS Section in each QST, Providing emergency communications is a vital part of amateur radio and an ideal way to fill our Public Service requirement. Director W1QV's Newsletter includes thanks to our retired PAAI, W1PBH, tor his dedicated service. PAMI K1YGS sent News-notes and Net Rosters to CPN Members. The picnic season included outings by Murphy's Marauders and the V.H.F. 6- and 2-Meter Nets. W1JMY and K2SRF are recovering from recent illnesses, Congratulations to: K1VTM for Extra Class; K1EIC, K1EIR, WA1JQC and WA1HOL for Advanced Class: WA1JYE for WAC; WA1JQC for WAS; and W2NBP and W1TS on their retirement! Home-Brewers: WA1HOL, solid state, keyer: WA1FNJ, automatic CQer; W1EOR, 5-watt all-band s.s.b, transmitter plus linear! Traffic outlets, are appreciated—in all areas. On your fall and winter schedule please include time to check in on CN, CPN, V.H.F. 6 or V.H.F. 2-wou meet the nicest people there! Traffic: (Aug.) W1EFW 24t. W1EJN 168, WA1IGF 139, W1AW-192, K1EIR 79, WA1IGA 58, WA1IMO 56, WA1KMR 56, K1EIC 48, WA1JGF 45, W1GVT 43, W1WCG 36, WA1JVV 35, K1QPN 28, WA1JQC 25, WA1GFW 17,

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## QUADS Worked 42 countries in two weeks with my Gotham Quad and only 75 watts . . . W3—

CUBICAL OUAD ANTENNAS these two element beams have a full wavelength driven element and a reflector (the gain is equal to that of a three element beam and the directivity appears to us to be excep-



tional! ALL METAL (except the insulators) — absolutely no bamboo. Complete with boom, aluminum alloy spreaders; sturdy, universal-type beam mount; uses single 52 ohm coaxial feed; no stubs or matching devices needed; full instruction for the simple one-man assembly and installation are included; this is a fool-proof beam that always works with exceptional results. The cubical quad is the antenna used by the DX champs, and it will do a wonderful job for you!

#### 10/15/20 CUBICAL QUAD SPECIFICATIONS

Elements: A full wavelength driven element and reflector for each band.

Frequencies: 14-14.4 Mc.; 21-21.45 Mc., 28-29.7 Mc.

Dimensions: About 16' square

Power Rating: 5 KW. Operation Mode: All. SWR: 1.05:1 at resonance.

Boom: 10' × 11/4" OD, 18 gauge steel,

double plated, gold color.

Beam Mount: Square aluminum alloy plate, with four steel U-bolt assemblies. Will support 100 lbs.; universal

polarization.

Radiating elements: Aluminum wire, tempered and plated, .064" diameter.

X Frameworks: Two 12' × 1" OD aluminum 'hi-strength' alloy tubing, with telescoping 7'8" OD tubing and dowel insulator. Plated hose clamps on telescoping sections.

Radiator Terminals: Cinch-Jones twoterminal fittings.

Feedline: (not furnished) Single 52 ohm coaxial cable.

Now check these startling prices note that they are much lower than even the bamboo-type:

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10-15-20 CUBICAL QUAD	\$35.00
10-15.CUBICAL QUAD	30.00
15-20 CUBICAL QUAD	32.00
TWENTY METER CUBICAL QUAD.	25.00
FIFTEEN METER CUBICAL QUAD.	24.00
TEN METER CUBICAL QUAD	23.00
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BEAMS "Just a note to let you know that as a Novice, your 3-E1. 15 Beam got me RI Section Winner and New England Division Leader in Novice Round-up. See June. QST, p. 57 for picture of ant. (below). Tnx for a fine working piece of gear. 73s, Jay, WA1JFG"

Compare the performance, value, and price of the following beams and you will see that this offer is unprecedented in radio history! Each beam is brand new! full size (36' of tubing for each 20 meter element for instance);



absolutely complete including a boom and all hardware; uses a single 52 or 72 ohm coaxial feedline; the SWR is 1:1; easily handles 5 KW; %" and 1" aluminum alloy tubing is employed for maximum strength and low wind loading; all beams are adjustable to any frequency in the band.

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## ALL-BAND VERTICALS

"All band vertical!" asked one skeptic. "Twenty meters is murder these days. Let's see you make a contact on twenty meter phone with low power!" So K4KXR switched to twenty, using a V80 antenna and 35 watts AM. Here is a small portion of the stations he worked: VE3FAZ, TI2FGS, W5KYJ, W1WOZ, W2ODH, WA3DJT, WB2-FCB, W2YHH, VE3FOB, WA8CZE, K1SYB, K2RDJ, K1MVV, K8HGY, K3UTL, "W8QJC, WA2LVE, YS1-MAM, WA8ATS, K2PGS, W2QJP, W4JWJ, K2PSK, WA8CGA, WB2-KWY, W2IWJ, VE3KT. Moral: It's the antenna that counts!

FLASH! Switched to 15 c.w. and worked KZ5IKN, KZ5OWN, HC1-LC, PY5ASN, FG7XT, XE2I, KP4-AQL, SM5BGK, G2AOB, YV5CLK, OZ4H, and over a thousand other stations!

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K1YGS 17, W1LUH 16, W1QV 11, W1YBH 11, W1BDI 10, WA1FXS 8, W1BNB 6, W1CTI 5, W1CUH 5, W1OBR 3, (July) W1WCG 91, K1QPN 14, (June) W1WCG 42, (May) W1WCG 155.

## CONNECTICUT TOWNS SEVEN-ELEVEN QSO PARTY (For Connecticut Stations Only.)

December 6-7, 1969

All Connecticut amateurs are cordially invited to participate in the Connecticut Towns QSO Party, sponsored by the Connecticut Wireless

Party, sponsored by the Connecticut Wireless Associat on, Inc. Rules: 1) The operating periods of the party are broken up into three sections; 7:00 PM to 11:00 PM EST Saturday Dec. 6, 7:00 AM to 11:00 AM Sunday Dec. 7, and 7:00 PM to 11:00 PM Sunday Dec. 7, and 7:00 PM to 11:00 PM Sunday Dec. 7, and 7:00 PM to 11:00 PM Sunday Dec. 7, 2) Any and all amateur bands, phone and cw, may be used. Suggested operating frequencies are: phone 1.815 3.925 7.26 14.275 21.350 28.7 50.12 145.12; cw 1.810 3.56 7.06 14.06 21.06 28.06 50.1 and 145.1 MHz. 3) Stations may be worked once per band per mode. No cross band or cross mode contacts are permitted. Mobile stations may work other fixed stations more than once per band. (from different locations) but may count them as a multiplier only once. 4) Context exchange consists of contact number, signal report and town your station is located in (tax town for motor vehicle registration to be used in determing town you're located in). 5) Score one point per contact. Multiply total contact points by the number of towns worked (total of 169) to determine final score. 6) Logs must show band, mode, time of contact, contact number, signal report and town. Include your class of license and county for purposes of awards determination. All logs must be postmarked no later than January 15, 1970 and should be sent to Norman Williams, K1UDD, Box 388, Stafford Springs. Connecticut 06076, 8) A trophy will be awarded the top scorer in the state. Additionally, certificates will be awarded the top Novice and Technician scorer in the state. Connecticut Wireless Association members are not eligible for awards.

This is an opportunity to meet new friends and renew old acquaintances. So get on the air this December weekend and meet the gang in the Connecticut section.

EASTERN MASSACHUSETTS—SCM, Frank L. Baker, Jr., WIALP—SEC WIAOG received reports from WIRPF, Wals IRY and DXI. We were all saddened by the death of WIEAE, who was operating in our c.w. net at the time, WIPV also became a Silent Key. KIPNB has taken over as RMI for the 80 c.w. band, WILE, new EC for the New Bedford Area, has appointed WIUID, who is Radio Officer for New Bedford, as Asst. EC. He says that the So, Eastern Mass. ARA, WIAEC, will play an important part in the set-up. WAIKOW has a Ranger I on the air, WIRSP has an NC-200 on 10. KIGAZ has the call WB4MZR down South, WIAKC, on 2, is working the gang up this way. WIHHU was in the hospital, W4CEH, ex-WIBNU, called on the land phone. KIZZY has a tower for beams. KICZH is getting ready for 160/80 DX he also will be on 2-80. WAIs IRY, JVL, JYY, JVMI and WNIIRX set up a rig at the Foxboro Fair and handled fraffic. KIIBR and gang renovated WIAEC's shack. WIPVD/LZW has been on from Eastham with an SB301-401 on several bands. KIESG has a TCC certificate, WAIEYY and WIOJM are in the hospital. WIAOG cheeks in on the East Coast ARS on 7255 kc. KJJRE/I made WAC. KIYUB has a 4BTV antenna, WNILIX has 29 states. WAIJKZ has WAC, and three-element min beam on 15 s.s.b. KIPNB is working some at WFGL/WFMP. The EMIZMN had 21 sessions, 178 QNIs, 96 traffic. The 5-Meter Cross Band Net had 14 sessions, 28 QNIs, 1 traffic. New on 6 RTTY: WAIHUY, KIFWF, WAIHWY, F.m. repeater WIELU in Marlboro has input 146,340, output 146,940, WIELP has an SB-500. WIEUJ has a 600-wat rig on 220, KIQDR is building a new wooden tilt-over mast for 220/432 Mc. Mass. Chapter NAHC is on 50.4 at 10 a.m. Sun. Raytheon RC officers are WIYLB, pres.: WIMOJ, vice-pres.; WILRB, freers are WIYLB, pres.: WIMOJ, vice-pres.; WILRB, ficers are WIYLB, pres.: WIMOJ, vice-pres.; WILRB,

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Adapts to AM or FM Modes, Fixed or Mobile

Wouldn't it be nice to have a 2-meter base station that installed in the car in seconds or worked FM or AM when you wanted? The HW-17A is your piece of gear, OM. Has a built-in 117 VAC supply for fixed use, and once you've installed the optional HWA-17-1 Mobile Power Supply in your car, you're ready to run mobile.

And to operate wideband FM, to use those repeaters around the country, just install the HWA-17-2 FM adapter.

The Heathkit HW-17A is really a separate receiver & transmitter on one chassis (only the power supply and audio output/modulator are common). Covers 143.2 to 148.2 MHz...ideal for MARS & CAP ops. The solid-state dual conversation superhet receiver with a prebuilt, prealigned FET tuner has 100 kHz calibration, ANL, squelch and 1 uV sensitivity. Selectivity is 27 kHz @ 6 dB down. A front-panel meter monitors received signal strength and relative power



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Kit HWA-17-1, 5 lbs. \$24.95\*

output. The 3-position front-panel switch has a "Spot" position for finding transmit frequency, a Receive/ Transmit position and a Battery-Saver position that cuts current drain way down during those long periods of mobile monitoring. A space-saving 3 x 5" speaker is built in.

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W1WNK has an Advanced Class license, W1MNK has an SB-401 and an SB-200, on the air, W1MX announces the Fifth Mass, QSO Party to be held Nov. 1, K3QDD/1, chairman, K1BJZ is getting some of her rigs repaired, W1TZ is living on a boat down in Hyannis, W1LIN and K1HFG are moving to Longmeadow, K1-IUW now is a married man, W4VZP is ex-W1DXO. Massasoit ARA held a meeting, WAIINS showed some slides, Amateur Radio On the Air Assn. held a meeting at Mt. Hood in Melrose with WAIFHU, K1PNB, W1s ALP, HKJ, WAIs JVL, LIX, K1ESG, K7JRE and a few XYLs attending, EiJUCT is editor of the Whitman Club's monthly bulletin. Appointments endorsed: W1AKN, WAIDXI, KIERO as ECs; W1PEX as OPS; K1BJZ as OBS; K1PNB as RM for S0 Novice band; W1BHY as ORS, W41FNM is a new OPS, W1VLU, now in Sandwich, is Asst. EC and RO to W1AKN, WAIDXT has his Advanced Class license. Your attention is called to our Novice Net, on 3733 kc, Mon., Wed., Fri. at 6:30 P.M. and code practice at 8:15 P.M. Anyone wishing to help out should get in touch with K1PNB. New Novices: WN1s LPH, LPN, LPO, LPC, LPK, LPL, LOV, LOS, LPD, LPM, LQJ, LQK, LQP, LQH, LQI, LQN, LRJ, LQW, LRK, LRI, Other new ones: Wals LON, LOO, LPV, LOI, LOJ, LOK, LPZ, LQB, LQM, LRL, LRM, WAILQR is a new club, the St. Stephens ARC in Lynn. Traffic: (Aug.) K1ESG 451, W1PEX 306, WA1EYY 259, WAIJVL 173. WAIFAD 119. WAIIRY 117, W1EMG 100, K1PRB 91, W1HKM 53, W1TR 33, W1BUF 31, WAIHFE 25, WAIJJL 21, W1AOG 18, WA1-HKK 18, W1DOM 14, WAIDPX 11, W1CZB 10, K7-JRE/1 8, K1YUB 7, WAIDEC 5, WAIDED 4, K1PNB 4.

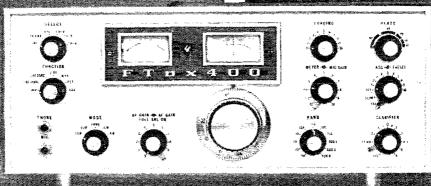
MAINE—SCM, Peter E. Sterling, KITEV—WAIFCM is returning to the U, of M, and hopes to be active from WIYA. New hams in Maine are WNILPG, WNILOX, WNILOZ and WAILPS. Welcome to the fraternity, fellows, KIGUP has been on from his new QTH with QRP power. WIGJZ and WIWAS worked VE2DVO on 2 meters. He is running a 40-element colinear beam up 65 feet so point your beams into the north, boys, he is looking for contacts. WAIKNX is on with a new HW-100. I am still looking for news to put in the column. How about it, fellows, there must be some news in the state? WIAI has moved to his new QTH in Saco and hopes to be on the air soon. WNILNG has moved into his new house in Westbrook, KIRSA is back on the air with a 522 and eleven-element beam. Traffic: WAIFCM 203, WAIKLO 42.

NEW HAMPSHIRE—SCM, Donald Morgan, KIQES—SEC: KIRSC. RM: KIBCS. PAM: KIAPQ. Welcome to WAILOQ (T) Salem, WAILOH (T). Kingston, WNPLQO Nashua, The GSPN report shows 946 checkins and 85 traffic. The 18th N.H. QSO Party was very successful with KICXP the winner. The Bow Radio Club is to be complimented on running such a nice party. WAIJTM is a new ORS and at a new location. KIAC was endorsed as ORS for another year. We have two holders of OO Class I and II. We can always use dedicated personnel in the appointed field. Any and all interested should contact the SCM. KI-IIK is heard frequently after a long absence. Club activity is picking up once more. The ham population continues to grow within the state. A new 6-meter net is contemplated in southern N.H. Interested members should contact and support KISYJ. Mobile activity is on the increase. KIAPQ and KIRSC need support and net controls. Be courteous, it pays large dividends. Traffic: KIBCS 124, KIPQV 28, KIQES 9, KIIIK 2.

RHODE ISLAND—SCM, John E. Johnson, K1AAV SEC: KIDII, RM: WIBTV. PAM: WITXL, V.H.F. PAM: KITPK, RISPN report: 31 sessions, 474 QNI, 99 traffic. This month, I think we should thank all the members who consistently over the months send their traffic reports to the SCM, WITXL, our PAM, has worked hard on traffic and has several BPL awards to his credit. WIBTV, our RM, has worked hard to keep the C.W. Net operating, Assisting him are WIYKQ, WAIBLC and KIQFD, our only XYL appointee, KITPK, our V.H.F. PAM, has worked several months with the AREC in addition to the traffic nets, KIVYC, of Pawtucket, has been very active on 6 meters, WB2HPW/1, of the U.S. Navy, is a recent member of the nets and is very active in the Newport area, KINJT has been very active reporting on the RISPN traffic. These are only a few of the many traffic people in the state but their reporting has been excellent over the years. All club

#### 





## HE FT Dx 400 TRANSCEIVER

Conservatively rated at 500 watts PEP on all bands 80 through 10 the FT dx 400 combines high power with the hottest receiving section of any transceiver available today. In a few short months the Yaesu FT dx 400 has become the pace setter in the amateur field.

FEATURES: Built-in power supply . Built-in VOX Built-in dual calibrators (25 and 100 KHz)
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This imported desk top transceiver is beautifully styled with non-specular chrome front panel, back lighted dials, and heavy steel cabinet finished in functional blue-gray. The low cost, matching SP-400 Speaker is all that is needed to complete that professional station look.

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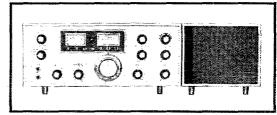


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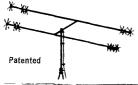


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El. Length	11'
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Single Feed Line	52 ohm
SWR at Resonance	1.5 to 1.0 max.

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activities should be reported to the SCM as soon as your plans are known. Traffic: W1TXL 384, W1YKQ 150, WB2HPW/1 81, W1BTV 32, K1QFD 29, K1TPK 29, WAIBLC 15.

VERMONT—SCM, E. Reginald Murray, KIMPN—Every once in a while this column digresses from the usual format of listing complete net activity. This is such an occasion for two reasons. First, we do not have reports from all nets and second, some frequency and time changes are in the works. By next month we should be back on schedule. It is with great regret that we must report WIWOO (Middlebury) and WITLI (Essex Jet.) as Silent Keys. Both were active on 2-meter f.m. and will be missed by all of us. WAIHSG (Newport) was elected Vt. SB Net Mgr. WAIJGK now is attending Middlebury College. Welcome to Novice WNILPA (St. Albans). Note the Green Mountain Net now is on 3932 and the VTNII Net now is the MNV Net, still on 3885. Traffic: KIBQB 159, WAIIZD 18, KIMPN 15, WAIGKS 14, WAIJGK 12.

WESTERN MASSACHUSETTS—SCM, Percy C. Noble, WIBVR—C.W. RM: WIDVW, SEC:—, PAM:—, We hope to fill both of these posts soon, This year's officers of the Hampden County Radios Assn. are KIANF, pres.; WILS, vice-pres, and program chairman; WAIDNB, seev.; Alphone Brousso, treas, WAI-IAU is the new Zero Beat editor, and WAIGOK the new publisher (replacing WHC who has done such a fine job the past several years). A total of 34 calls were seen during Field Day at Middlefield! New appointments: WAIIRC as OPS, WAIJCT as OPS, WAIABW, KIWZY, WIZPB as OPS, WAIJCT as OPS, WAIABW, KIWZY, WIZPB as ORSs. Oh, gosic, there were oftens, too, but I've already sent the forms in to ARRL, We need many new ECs, Any of you willing to tackle this very difficult job? WIDVW, our C.W. Route, Manager, reports the following for the West, Mass. C.W. Troffic Net (daily on 3560 ke, at 7:00 p.M.—all invited) for Aug.: '110 QNIs with a total of 102 messages handled. The top six in attendance were WIBVR 31 sessions, WIDVW 18, WAIJCT 17, WI-ZPB 16, KIWZY 9, WIKK 7, If it seems to some of you that I stress c.w. activity, here is the story: First of all, that is our closest knit ARRL activity; and secondly, and perhaps more important, is the fact that I receive much more information from them. You other fellows send in your reports to me and by golly they will be mentioned in this column. Fair enough? Traffic: (Aug.) WIBVR 100, WIZPB 90, WIDVW 69, WIHH 22, KIWZY 18, WAIJCT 17, WAI-ABW 1. (July) WIIC 23.

#### NORTHWESTERN DIVISION

IDAHO—SCM, Donald A, Crisp, W7ZNN—The FARM Net convenes at 0200 GMT on 3935 ke, week days, The RACES Net convenes at 1515 GMT on 3991 ke, week days, WA7MDT is a new ham in Arimo, Idaho, WA7MGH is a new call in Tetonia, WN7MFJ just got on the air in Ashton, San Diego 200th Anniversary—Idaho Contest is scheduled for the week of Nov. 3-Nov. 9. Awards will be made to the Idaho amateurs with the most contacts with San Diego amateurs. W7GHT received an ORS endorsement. Your SCM attended a very informative Northwestern Division League meeting at Walla Walla, The Gem State Club set up an amateur radio display in a downtown store window to attract new prospects for a club-sponsored code and theory class, W7HPH has sold his home in Boise and plans to travel. FARM Net report: 20 sessions, 449 check-ins, 104 traffic handled. Traffic: W7GHT 156, WA7BDD 55, W7IY 20, K7OAB 11, W7FIS 2, W7ZNN 2.

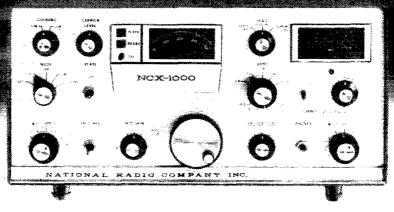
MONTANA—SCM, Joseph A. D'Arcy, W7TYN—SEC: W7RZY, PAM: W7ROE.

Montana Traffic Net 3910 ke. 0000 GMT M-F Montana Post Office Net 3950 ke. 0245 GMT Daily

K7NDV is the new EC for Silver Bow County, WA7-RQS is in the service stationed at Fort Meade, K7VRH has moved to KH6-Land, W7IMZ, at Missoula, and the club will sponsor the Glacier Park Hamfest next year. If you would like to help out, write to Jerry and he will line you up. The Anaconda Amateur Radio Club has a new call, W7VNE, a memorial to Mal Jurung, of Anaconda, New calls in the Anaconda area are WN7NAA and WN7NFV. W7RZY is back from school in Florida, K7CHA also went along, W7LBK is now on 2 meters, K7ABV is a new OBS for c.w. in the section. We still need OO stations. The Butte Club's paper, the T-ler, is available if you will send an SASE to W7OIO.

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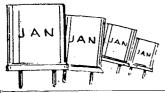
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2400 Crystal Drive Fort Myers, Florida 33901 W7JX is a Silent Key and will be missed, Traffic: (Aug.) WA7IZR 56, (July) WA7IZR 316, W7LBK 26.

OREGON—SCM. Dale T. Justice, K7WWR/WA7KTV—SEC: W7HLF, RM: W7ZFH, PAM: K7RQZ, August net reports: K7IFG and WA7HKV report for the SRN, sessions 56, traffic 162, check-ms 1032, K7YQM reports for the Oregon AREC Net, sessions 31, traffic 64, check-ins 747, contacts 71, maximum number of counties 17, K7YIA reports for the Salem Area AREC Net, sessions 31, traffic 64, check-ins 237, W7VIF reports tor the OEN, sessions 61, traffic 48, check-ins 4459, contacts 503, K7OUF is building up the NSN after the summer months, WA7IJV is handling a lot of traffic into Portland, W7MLJ still is heading the Post Uflice Net, which meets at 6:30 local time on 3920 kc, Wed, W7DEM keeps us informed of activities in Grants Pass, W7HLF sends in his first SEC report, New appointment: WA7KIU as EC for Hood River County, WA7FTN handled 486 phone patches to 8.6, Asia during August, Traffic: K7RQZ 338, WA7IFS 98, WA7IJV 81, K7WWR 50, K7OUF 44, W7BNS 37, W7CPK 34, K7YQM 28, K7IFG 26, WA7HKV 25, WA7JMD 13, WA7KTV 13, W7DEM 11, W7MLJ 10, WA7JAU 8, K7-USZ 6. HSZ 6

WASHINGTON-SCM, Harry W. Lewis, W7JWJ-Net traffic reports:

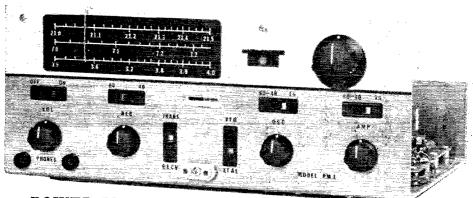
Net	QNI	QTC	Sess.
WARTS	Ĭ411	228	31
NTN	893	279	31
WSN	324	294	31
AREC	20	8	5

Aug. saw activity with traffic being originated from two fairs in Washington. The Amateur Radio Association of Bremerton set up a booth at the Kitsap County Fair. It was manned by WA7GWL and WA7LTF, with assistance from W7NMT and W7AAO. Two transmitters were in operation; one on 50.38 Mc, and one on 14.3 Mc, W7AXT was on the receiving end and relayed traffic into the National Traffic System with W7ZIW assisting. The Rodeo City Radio Club of Ellensburg was on the air from the Ellensburg Fairgrounds during the annual rodeo with the call W7WKB/7 and with W7BQ handling the traffic, W47KWY has passed the Advanced Class exam, moved to a new QTH, rebuilt his Lyseo transmitter and is now erecting new antenas. W7SAB has a new vertical under construction for his Lyseo transmitter and is now electing new anienas, WYSAB has a new vertical under construction for 3845 kc. omni-directional for slow-scan TV schedules with KH6BAS. The Air Show was held at the International Airport near Spokane in Aug. The Inland Empier V.H.F. Club operated with WTWIL, KTPWK and KTLRD, WTLWX served as a base station. K7-TWW was thief coordinator of the entire air show. The number was to serve the public in parking and comand K7LRD, W7LWX served as a base station. K7-TWW was chief coordinator of the entire air show. The purpose was to serve the public in parking and communications to the aircraft pit area, grandstand and flight line. Others assisting were K7TWW, K7UCJ, K7EIU, W7DBJ, K7OEY, WA7KOI, K7RZE, K7UXS, WA7CJM, W7LVB, W7GBU and WA5EJYI? WATKOB is a new ORS, a football player at age 15 and an FB e.w. operator on W8N, The Northwest S.S.B. Net recently held elections with W7OEB, the new mgr.: K7-KPC, secy.-treas.; K7SUQ, K7OUV, W7VDR, WA7GWF, directors. The new officers of the WARTS Net are W7JWJ, mgr.: WA7DZL (PAM), director-at-large; K7YFJ, rec. secy.; W7QGP, secy.; W7UVI, WA7HSJ, K7AJT, WA7CYY, directors with W7BUN offering to back up the secy. as needed. Traffic: K7UDG 4430, W7BA 1838, WA7HKR 720, W7DZX 521, W7PI 379, W7KZ 378, W7AXT 279, W7WEIT 224, W7JWJ 162, WA7-KOB 107, W7GYF 82, W7MCW 82, W7BQ 81, W7ACQ .77, K7CTP 62, W7APS 51, W7BTB 51, W7HEU 51, WA7-EDQ 47, W7GVC 33, WA7DZL 31, WATHSJ 27, WA7-EDB 25, WA7LOL 25, K7LRD 22, K7UZB 19, WA7FVT 12, W7ZHZ 8, K7GZI 7, W7RXH 5, W7AIB 4, K7BBO 4, W7BUN 4, K7YFJ 4.

#### PACIFIC DIVISION

EAST BAY—SCM, Paul I. Parker, WB6DHH—How come I didn't hear from as many of you this month. Your comments make this column. W6TTS is trying to build a linear and is finding parts just as hard to get as for the receiver he was building a few months ago. WA6DIL made the BPL list again this month. This is a young fellow in high school and he sure is doing a fine job handling traffic on the Northern Calif. Net. W6IPW also got his fingers into the traffic pie this month. Good going to both of you. K6PJ reports that 21 Mc, has been treating him very well these days and he has managed to get in some DX. W6RGG is going to start transmitting the pertinent DX Bulletins on 14,002 ke, Mon, at 0200Z and on 146.54 Mc. Wed, and Fri. Look for him, The East Bay Radio Club had a

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picnic on Sept. 14 and sure had good weather for that one. The Mount Diablo Amateur Radio Club again hundled the Walnut Mestival under the care and direction of WA6ANE. That just about does it and I sure would like to hear more from everyone next month. Traffic: W61PW 573, WA6DIL 373, WB6DIH 1, K6PT

HAWAII—SCM, Lee R. Wical, KH6BZF—SEC: KH6GQW, RM: KH6GHZ, PAM: KH6AD, V.H.F. PAM: KH6EEM, QSL Mgr.: KH6DQ, RACES Nets: (40, 40, 6 and 2 meters) Coordinate with KH6AI.

	r reas.	1 2 mes	
Nets	(Mc.)	(GMT)	Days
Friendly Net	7.290	2030Z	M-F
Boy Scout Ham Radio Net	21.360	1800Z	Sat.
Parific Interisland Net	14.320	0830Z	M-W-F
S.E. Asia Net	14.320	1200Z	All
Marianas Islands Net	3.850	6830Z	2, 3, 4th Tue.
Gecko Net (Marianas Is.)	14.240	0930Z	Tue. & Thurs.
Pacific DX Net	14.240	0700Z	Tue. & Thurs.
Marine Corps Net	21.380	1900Z	All
Confusion Net (phone-patches)	21.400	0200Z	A11

Plan to attend the Southwestern Division Convention Oct. 17-19 at the tilton Inn in San Diego, Calif, With all his traffic-handling experience we welcome KH6GHZ as our new RM. Meade tormerly was our SEC. We wish to welcome two new ECs to our ranks, KH6GQP is EC for Mani Island, KH6GLU, of Pacific DX Net tame, is EC for Molokai Island. We still need ECs for Kanai and Hawaii islands. Any takers? VS6DR passed through Honolulu recently. The new U.S. Ambassador to Japan, Mr. Armin H. (Hank) Meyer, W3ACE, ex-EP3AM, stopped for a brief stay in KH6-Land before proceeding to his new post in Tokyo, I have a certificate for KH6FON, who moved to the mainland without leaving his forwarding address. KH6FRE, in Oklahoma City, is signing W5JKJ. Traffic: KH6GHZ 227, KH6BZF 83, KH6GQW 37, KH6GRG 28, KHNO/KH6 7.

NEVADA—SCM. Leonard M. Norman, W7PBV—SEC: WA7BEU, The Sierra Hamfest was successful

#### **NEVADA QSO PARTY**

December 6-8, 1969

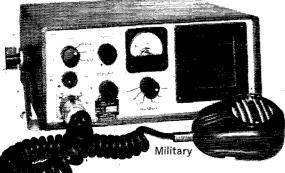
Nevada amateur radio operators announce their first QSO Party contest, open to all amateurs worldwide. An attractive certificate signed by Governor Paul Laxalt of Nevada will be awarded to the highest scoring winners. Rules: 1) Contest time 0001 GMT Dec. 6 to 0800 GMT Dec. 8, 1969. 2) CW and RTTY operation scheduled on the odd hours, phone operation on the even hours. 3) Nevada stations will score one point for each contact multiplied by the number of ARRL sections mand/or. foreign countries worked. 4) Outside Nevada stations will score 5 points for each Nevada station worked and multiplied by the total number of different Nevada counties (maximum of 17). 5) Credit will be given for contacts with the same station for each different band and/or type of emission used: 6). A cetificate will be awarded for high score in each foreign country, each ARRL section, each of the United States (other than a section vinner), each Nevada county (other than a section or state winner), who submits a log for proof of working 5 or more stations. 7) An additional certificate will be awarded to one Novice in each of the 50 United States (who did not win under rule 6). 8) Contacts by non-Nevada stations must be with Nevada stations and may be while operating fixed, portable or mobile. 9) Suggested frequencies are: CW 3735 7175 14135 21135 28035, RTTY 3620 7140 14090 21100 29010, Phone 3935 7275 14335 21435 29000, VHF 52.525 145.8 146.34 146.94, 10) The general call is "CQ NV". 11) Information to be exchanged time in GMT, call, frequency, emission, location of station contacted. Legibility and accuracy are very important. 12) Total your score and be sure to include your name, call and complete address. If operating portable or mobile note the location of operation.

Mail log to Nevada QSO Party, Box 73, Boulder City, Nevada 89005, no later than Dec. 22, 1969. Include a #10 addressed stamped envelope or IRC. Decisions of the judges will be

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because of the hard work of W7OYQ, W7PC, W7SRM, W7THH, K7YVN, K7ZAU, W7ZFN, HH2PR and many others. Nevada's first ARRL QSO Party will be held from 0001 GMT Dec. 6, 1969, to 0800 GMT Dec. 8, 1969. Special certificates signed by Governor Paul Laxatt will be awarded to the high score winners. See operating rules in this issue. K7ICW and XYL W7SNP attended the v.h.f. meeting in Boulder, Colo. WA7CQS headed a drive for Hurricane Camille's victims, netting 14 tons of food, clothing, etc. K7ZQV is active again on c.w. The Nevada Emergency Net meets on 3996.5 kc. at 1800 local time Mon. and Thurs, with WA7EJZ as NCS.

SACRAMENTO VALLEY—SCM, John F. Minke, III, W6KYA/WA6JDT—ECs: K6RHW, W6SMU, WA6TQJ. RMs: W6LNZ, W8VDA/6.

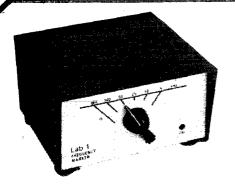
Freq. 3630 kc. Days 3630 kc. 0300Z Daily WA6LFA 3630 kc. 0430Z Daily WB6WGR 3737 kc. 0400Z Daily WB6WHF Northern California Net NCN/2 (Slow Speed) California Novice (CNN) Yolo County C.D. 0300Z

Several S.V. members attended the Sierra Hamfest at Bower's Mansion near Carson City, Included in the attendance were three SCMs (S.V., S.J.V. and Nev.) and two ARRL Directors, W6ZRJ and W6KW. W46UIT is a new station for Beale AFB with WAOKKR as the chief-operator. K6RPN, of Grass Valley, had trouble with a pack rat stealing his tubes. The rat got away, but if he had caught him, Doug says he would have taught the "electronically-minded" rat how to send a CQ. W6FRE recently worked W6GDQ in Rio Linda from Austin, Nev., on 2 meters. Our neighboring Nevada section will hold a QSO Party the first week end in Dec. Let's give them a hand by participating. Contact W7PBV for details. If you participated in the California QSO Party, pleas send me your logs. Traffic: (Aug.) W6LNZ 52, WA6UIT 9, W6VUZ 5, WB6MAE 4, W6KYA 2. (July) WB6ZJV 20, WA6RBD 10.

MAE 4, W6KYA 2. (July) WB6ZJV 20, WA6RBD 10.

SAN FRANCISCO—SCM, Hugh Cassidy, WA6AUD—SEC: W6WLV. WB6IOX has found that an apartment is not the best QTH for an amateur station. K6NF reports 25 hot-shot Morse operations on his Western Amateur Radio Morse Circuit, 7100 kc, at 8:00 AM, and 7:00 P.M. local times. K6SRM was in the July CD Party and made over 100 c.w. QSOs. WA6JUV has completed work on an electronic keyer. WA6QXV keeps the traffic circuits with check-ins to the Mission Trail, Golden Bear, California Weather Nets and Navy MARS. K6TWJ continues to be a long-time regular on the Golden Bear Net, 3375 kc. at 0200Z. WB6JQP continues to handle much traffic when home and came close to BPL in Aug. WA6BYZ did get in there and made BPL for the eighth straight month in 1969. W6-BWV has had little time on the air with other matterstaking his time. W6WLV has taken to looking for DX in addition to checking in with the Northern California, Net, K6MHO and K6UFT got their DXCC certificates. W6JJJ is a transplant from W3-Land and is checking into some traffic nets. W6WLV continues to note the jump from zero to the middle of the pack for the section in the last SET and says that with next year's SET coming soon, he aims to move higher in the list. Hal reports 5 active emergency nets within the San Francisco section, W6EAJ has been doing some OO work from the wilds of the Mattole River Country. W6HVN was the speaker at the Marin Radio Club Sept. meeting. W6EEE was stricken in her home on an island in San Francisco Bay and had to have emergency evacuation. WB6EUO has returned from a trip to Scandinavia where he visited many amateurs in SM-LA- and OH-Land. The K6GWE repeater provided 24-hour coverage over the Labor Day week end for any possible highway emergencies. K6KGI, from Enreka way, recently received the Army Commendation Medal for action in Vietnam, The Marin Club provided 2-meter communications for a Jaycee Orange Crate Derby and also handled communications for the Dipsea Race in August, Traffic: (Aug.) WA6BYZ 438,

SAN JOAQUIN VALLEY—SCM, Ralph Saroyan, W6JPU—I want to wish everybody a very nice Thanksgiving. If you look around, you will find a lot to be thankful for, WB6YXB put up a 2-meter beam and is active on the high frequencies. W6JUK is finding out what a kw, does on 2 and 6 meters. WN6KKD, a new Novice, has a Swan 500C. W6ZFN is now using an S/Line on all bands, with a quad beam on 10-15-20 meters. K6OZL has 250 countries confirmed. W46SCE is active on the various nets handling traffic. W6IIK



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- Keep your receiver calibrated Locate those sub bands
- Readouts at 5, 10, 25, 50, 100 KHz. Useful to 50 MHz.



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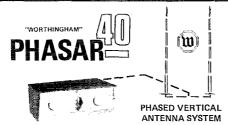
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is on with a Swan 350C. W6QLY is on 75 s.s.b. WN6-OCZ is on the air with an HQ-110 and a T-60. W6DPD is building a 2-meter amplifier using a 3CX1000A. The new officers of the Tulare County Radio Amateur Club are W6NKJ, pres.; W86OCZ. vice-pres.; WA6MLQ, seev.; W61LR, act. chairman. W6ASV showed pictures of FD activities at the TCARC. WB6ZHN. WA6ZRK and W6VSR are on 2-meter f.m. WB6YCK put up a trapped doublet. K6RGZ is holding code ciasses. WB6-RLX is active on 2-meter f.m. It fakes only a few minutes to send those Form 1 cards, so send them. Traffic: (Aug.) K6OZL 10, WA6SCE 9. (July) WB6-YXB 55.

SANTA CLARA VALLEY—SCM, Albert F. Gaetano, W6VZT—SEC: W6VZE, RM: WA6LFA, W6VK has resigned as EC for the Half-Moon Bay area as he has moved to Nevada, WB0DUC has been appointed for that area, W6MMG vacationed in W1-Land during the month of Ang. W6BPT has been quite active in routing MARS traffic into NCN, This has been good for the net and also good for MARS because it gives them some good outlets they don't have. Keep up the good work, Pinky. WA6OXE had the high traffic count in the section for the month of Aug., which indicates that he has been quite busy. The QCWA Annual Pienic was well attended and all had a good time. K6DYX, who is trustee of the Monterey Navy School station, K6LY, reports the station has its new beam and 100-ft. tower up. The Sierra Hamfest was held just outside of Carson City, Nev. and was attended by many S.C.V. members, as well as the Pacific and Southwestern Division Directors and the S.C.V. SCM. It was a fine barbocue and everyone had a good time. Southwestern Division Directors and the S.C.V. SCM. It was a fine barbecue and everyone had a good time. In fact, the turnout for the affair was over two hundred, which is astounding when you consider there are about fifteen hams in the whole area. Traffic is starting to pick up again on NTS, All we need now is the winter hand conditions so that copy will be better. Traffic: WA6OXE 1165. W6RSY 345, W6NW 140. K6DYX 123. WA6LFA 121. W6VZE 114, W6DEF 112, W6BPT 96, W6ZIJ 64, W6VZT 46, W6YBV 36, W6OH 23, W6AUC 21.

#### ROANOKE DIVISION

NORTH CAROLINA—SCM, Calvin M. Dempsey, WAUQC—Asst, SCM; James O, Pullman, WAVTR. SEC: W4EVN, RM: W4IRE, PAM: W4AJT, V.H.F. PAM: W4HJZ, K4EO has signed up eight members for the AREC and says he will have more soon. The Yadkin Valley Emergency Net is getting started and is operating on 23.9 Mc. The Carteret-Craven Amateur Radio Club sent me its club bulletin, The club has several stations that will be on 2 meters soon. The Raleigh Amateur Radio Society has 44 members and a lot of plans in the making. W4ED won the prize at Shelby tor being the oldest ham, Jim is a tine ham and has more get-up-and-go than a lot of the younger ones, The Shelby Hamiest was great, The boys did a real fine joh as usual. It was good to see our Director, W4KFC, and W4ACY at Shelby.

Net	Freq.	Time	Days	QTC	Mar.
THEN	3923 kc.	0030Z	Daily	123	WA4VNV
NC 88B	3938 kc.	0030Z	Daily	28	WB4GFL
NCN(E)	3573 kc.	2330Z	Daily	79	W4IRE
NCN(L)	3573 kc.	0300Z	Daily	56	WA4CFN

Tratlic: (Aug.) W4IRE 234, W4EVN 150, WA4GMC 68, WB4HGT 63, K4VBG 42, W4FDV 32, K4TTN 29, WB4GHK 28, W40FDE 21, WB4KKL 17, WA4NKX 16, WB4HH 9, K4ZKQ 7, WA4UQC 5, WB4BGL 2, K4CIA 1, (July) W4IRE 77.

SOUTH CAROLINA—SCM, Charles N. Wright, W4-ED—SEC: WA4ECJ, PAM: W4VFO, RM: k4BSS/4.

Sun., 3930 kc. 0830 and (530 EST 12 Noon Daily Aug. Tfc.: 72 Aug. Tfc.: 127 SCN 3795 kc. 2345Z and 0300Z SCSSBN 3915 kc. 0000Z Daily Daily

Many of the S.C. gang eyeballed with W4KFC and W4ACV at the Shelby Hamtest, W4EZF and W4GUZ, in Seneca, have gone s.s.b. with a Swan 500C after many years of a.n.ing. In Anderson, WB4AOF has a new TR4 and WA4MWC, WB4EOC and W4FVV have gone s.s.b. on 2 meters, K4RSL is now in his new QTH. From Spartanburg, K4NZE is now AB8USA in Vietnam, WB4CBJ reports that the Carolina Repeater Society has successfully tested a new 2-meter site near Pelion at the WB4CBJ QTH. Its v.h.f. autenna is up 35 feet and the u.h.f. is up 27 feet, First tests conducted by WB4CBJ, K4MOC, W4TYS, W44MWA, K4DSK, W4EGV, W4MAR, W44MPC, WB4KUJ and WB4ENS indicate that the location is a very good one,

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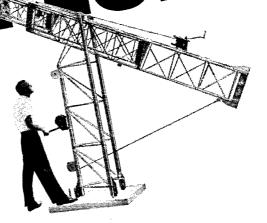
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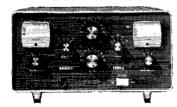
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that there really is a S.C.! Traffic: K4BSS/4 162, W4-NTO 95, K4OCU 38, W4FVV 5.

VIRGINIA—SCM, H. J. Hopkins, W4SHJ—SEC: K4LMB, PAM: W4OKN, RMs: K4MLC, WA4EUL. This space is not ordinarily used for editorializing or expounding philosophy, but since it's our last we might be allowed a little license in that direction. For the past twelve years, or more, the Virginia SCM has been elected by administrative procedure—a single candidate was nominated. You members have just participated in a balloted election in which there were three seemingly equally qualified candidates. While we would like to acknowledge individually the many good wishes and kind expressions that have been sent, it would be most difficult within a reasonable time. Our sincere thanks to all of you. Also thanks for the excellent effort and dedication toward the organization and its activities. It is a real pleasure to report that in calendar year 1968 Virginia again placed in the top 20 percent for ARPSC activities, It is most gratifying to be able to turn over a winning team to the new SCM—believe me, we've got one. Thirty-six amateurs and an equal number of family members and guests turned out for the 2nd Annual VSBN Pienic at the country home of W4OUK in mid-Aug. W4YZC has upgraded to Extra and W4TOJ and WB4FDT to Advanced, W4VZR provides v.h.f. RTTY transmissions of W1AW Bulletins on 146.7 Mc. almost nightly. The Fish Net is active on 28.650 nightly in the Richmond area with WA4OPW at the helm. W4JUJ skeds former VN Mgr., W4LK, who is now in Florida. W4KAO is active on VSBN from Emporia, a rare part of the section. After nearly 19 years in the same QTH, W4SHJ has moved, Don't forget the time change, back to standard, as you tune for your favorite nets on 3680, 3935 and 3947, W4NLC W4-SQQ and K4KNP are still the Virginia "iron men" in 4KN, but K4PQL looks like a front-runner in this department. The v.h.f. and repeater crew from Lynchburg turned in a great performance during disastrous conditions in flood-stricken communities. The 75 meter nets,

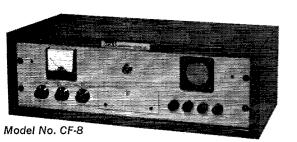
WEST VIRGINIA—SCM, Donald B. Morris, W8JM—SEC: W8FV. RMs: K8TPF, K8MYU. PAMs: K8CHW, W8IYD. Net Mgr.: C.W.—WB8BBG; phone—WB8AQE. The late session of the C.W. Net meets at 10 p.m. on 3570. Congratulations to the Tri-State ARC of Huntington for staging an outstanding Division Convention. From the Division, Director and Vice-Director, W4KFC and W4ACY, respectively, attended; from Headquarters. WIICP and WIUED. The Kanawha ARC of South Charleston has resumed publication of Splatter with WA8FLF as editor. WA8TYP replaces W8HCY as EC for Kanawha County, WB8BBG received his Advanced Class license and hit a new high in traffic work, I regret to report the passing of WA8-CDN, WA8LJN and W8FVU, ex-84Ql in the '20s. The Mountain State Emergency Net, which meets on 3920 at 8:30 a.m. Sun., held 4 sessions in Aug., with 47 stations and 7 messages. WVN Phone Net, on 3890, reports 31 sessions, 372 stations and 68 messages, C.W. Net held 56 sessions with 241 stations and 114 messages. W8DUV and W8DUW attended the Great Lakes Division Convention. WA8NDY and WA8WCK are actively in c.d. work, Traffic: WB8BBG 307, WA8FOS 297, WA8ZZI 65, WA8NDY 50, WA8YHH 37, WA8RQB 33, WA8WIX 30, W3CKX 19, WA8WCK 11, W8JM 9, WB8-AQE 6, WA8YSB 6, WA8I-FW 3, W8DUV 2, K8MSP 2, K8ZDY 2, WB8AVQ 1, K8MND 1, W8QEC 1, K8MSP 2, K8ZDY 2, WB8AVQ 1, K8MND 1, W8WEJ 1.

#### ROCKY MOUNTAIN DIVISION

COLORADO—SCM, Charles M. Cotterell, WØSIN—Asst. SCM: Neal Morris, KØTIV. SEC: WAØHLQ. RM: WØLRN. PAM: WØCXW. V.H.F. PAM: WAØ-LIK. Could use a volunteer or two as V.H.F. PAMs in other areas of the state. There is quite a lot of v.h.f. activity all over at present. The Denver RC had a good meeting on 2-meter repeaters with amateurs from as far away as Pueblo. OO WØLRW is now getting started with one cooperative notice. KØHWB again leads with 15. OVS WØWYX reports two openings on



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#### AMERICAN RADIO RELAY LEAGUE

Newington, Connecticut 06111 \* 146.34 into Texas and New Mexico. The repeater again is active most of the time. He has been active on the 420-Mc. band with others. WØWYX and WØKFH are new OPS appointees. WØGV is a new OO. WØBPT and WØLKD are new ECS. Hope all ARRL members will cooperate. We need to build the AREC up a lot. CCN reports 17 sessions, QTC 31. Hi-Noon had 31 sessions, QNI 865, QTC 70 and 988 minutts. Columbine had 26 reported sessions, QNI 885, QTC 112 and time of 1256. They run quite a few phone patches, WAØ-UUK, WØECN and WØBWJ report a lot of rig time on "Camille." Thanks, fellows. WØLRN has a new linear, WØWYX has so many antennas he can't count them, He uses an 8-ft, coax cavity. WØOWP is working on an emergency unit. Traffic: WØLRN 150, WØ-WYX 110, WØBWJ 36, KØMNQ 33, WAØMNL 29, WØSIN 15, WØKFH 14, WØLRW 9, WAØKOQ 3, WØ-i.CE 2. LCE 2.

NEW MEXICO—SCM, James R. Prine, W5NUI— The 2-meter f.m. repeater program in the state con-tinues to provide reliable coverage from Los Alamos to El Paso, Many modifications have been made in antennas and equipment at Sandia Crest to improve this link, Fall is now with us and 1 trust that you have taken the precaution to service the emergency a.e., power unit since Field Day, Running that generator up to temperature at least once each month will insure that it will work when most needed, Station activity report cards are available from your SCM, WA5SJR, of Carlsbad, joined the Silent Kevs Aug, 7, Traffic: R5-MAT 98, W5DMG 42, WA5UJY 15, K4VXJ 12, W5NUI S, WA5OHI 7, WA5MIY 6, K5IFJ 2. to El Paso. Many modifications have been made in an-

UTAH—SCM, Thomas H. Miller, W7QWH—SEC: W7WKF, RM: W7OCX, Nets:

QNIQTCTime Days Freg. 7272 kc. Sess. BUN UARN 616 1930Z Daily 31 67 3987.5 kc. 1530Z Sat.-Sun.

BUN participated in hurricane traffic. BUN also participated directly in emergency traffic on two occasions during August. The Rainbow Canyons ARC of Cedar City is busy working on a 2-meter repeater. 2-meter activity really is on the upswing in Utah. Most stations seem to be leaning to f.m. The ARRL film, "Hams Wide World," made its debut in Salt Lake City on KSI.-TV, thanks to the efforts of WILEB and WØ-BWJ, Send station activity reports to the SCM, Forms are available upon request from the SCM, K77IA is sporting a new four-element quad on a 30-ft, boom, It shouldn't be too hard to find his house in Brigham City, Traffic: W7OCX 120, W7EM 62, WA7GTU 4. BUN participated in hurricane traffic, BUN also par-

WYOMING—SCM, Wayne M. Moore, W7CQL—SEC: K7NQX. RM: K7KSA. PAMs: W7TZK, K7SLM. OBSs: K7SLM, K7NQX. W7SDA, K7TAQ, WATHA. Nets: Pony Express, Sun, at 0800 on 3920: YO. daily at 0130 GMT on 3810; Jackalope, Mon. through Sat, at 1215 on 7260: Wx Net. Mon. through Sat, at 0630 on 3920: PO Net, 1900 Mon. through Fri, on 3950. K7NCK, of Gillette, passed away Sept. 5 after a lingering illness, Fred was a very active ham and an all-around nice guy who will be missed by all. W7TZK has been transferred to Baggs, Wyo. K7UHS has moved to Denver and WNNBO has moved from Denver to Casper. transferred to Baggs, Wyo. K7UHS has moved to Denver and WYNBO has moved from Denver to Casper. The 2-meter repeater atop Sherman Hill is now in continuous operation, receiving on 146.16 Me, and re transmitting on 146.76 Me. It is operating under the call K7SDD. The heavy hamming season is now starting. Help the nets by checking in as often as you can, Traffic: K7VWA 56, W7TZK 50, W7SDA 46, W7OBE 13, K7KSA 10, WA7AUV 6, WA7GOV 1.

#### SOUTHEASTERN DIVISION

ALABAMA—SCM, Donald W. Bonner, W4WLG—SEC: K4KJD. RM: W4HFU. PAM: W44EEC. The Birmingham Amateur Radio Club, W4CUE, has had a marked revival of interest in the past year. The club has a new tri-band beam up now and operates on 80-2 meters and meets the 1st and 3rd Thurs. New hams in Decatur are WN4NLK, WN4NLL and WN4NLN. WB4BLX and WB4LAL both have new HW-100 rigs. WB4LNM has his Advanced Class ticket and a new HW-22. K4UMD has a new Swan-270 transceiver. Thanks also to everyone who helped with the communications to the Gulf Coast after Hurricane Camille recently. Thanks also to Decatur for an FB hamfest this year. It was good to have Director Bolvin with us again. W4CAH is back in Birmingham from Georgia. Jerry is active on 6 and 2. The AENB C.W. Net seems to be doing well now but needs more regular chegk-lins. to be doing well now but needs more regular check-ins, especially from the south of Birmingham. Traffic: WBHIN 313, WFFY 244. KABSK 140. K4AOZ 138, WB4JMH 125, WB4LAL 111, WB4EKJ 102, W4HFU 88,

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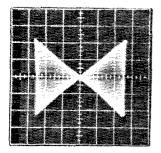


Figure A

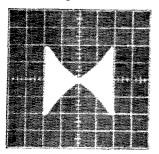


Figure B

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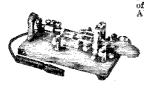
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WMANJG 14, WA4TMY 14, WB4ADT 12, K4KJD 4, WN4KSJ 2.

EASTERN FLORIDA—Acting SCM, Ronald J. Locke, W4YPX—SEC: W4IYT. Asst. SEC: W4SMK. RMs: K4EHY (C.W.), W4RWM (RTTY), PAM 75: W40GX. PAM 40: W4SDR. PAM V.H.F.: WA4BMC. Official Bulletin reports were received from WA4EYU, K4LPS and K4DAX. The organization of the traffic nets and emergency ARPSC groups including RACES and AREC was strained but not broken when Hurricane Camille crossed the coast and slammed into Louisiana, Alabama and Mississippi. A group of medical types from the Jacksonville area sped to Biloxi to aid the victims of the disaster. One of these, W4SME, set up his station with the help of ex-W44NEV and handled over 800 pieces of traffic for the stricken area. Around the state many other stations acted as relays for W4SME,5 and the storm-hampered amateurs along Old Muddy. W84JDA, W94AIW, W44SCK and more too numerous to mention handled volumes of emergency and H&W messages for civil authorities and residents. Our kudos also to the competent West Florida Phone Net, especially K4VFY/5, On-the-air meetings of the Florida LOS now are held on 3940 after the Florida Sidebanders Emergency Net every Wed. with W4SMK at the helm. All LOs, please take note and attend. Our EC for Dade County, WB4HKP, is organizing a Dade Emergency Planning Committee composed of one member from each public-service-minded club in the county. The Melbourne and Tampa Hamfests were great successes as usual. WA4RGO needs mobile stations to complete the links in the Mobile Emergency Net, which will make sure of Florida's amateur population being ready for future hurricanes. Get your f.m. and s.s.b, mobile units in good working order. Traffic: (Aug.) W84AIW 22, K4EHY/4 414, WB4FLW 34, W84AFD 157, W4ILE 152, W4DVO 124, W84GHD 1524, W4FPC 115, K4DAX 108, W4YPX 106, WN4IIV 101, W8BZY/4 101, W4SDR 98, W4ZHX 98, W4EHW 82, W44BGW 32, W44FPC 115, K4DAX 108, W4YPX 106, WN4IIV 101, W8BZY/4 101, W4SDR 98, W4ZHX 98, W4EHW 82, W44BGW 32, W44FPC 115, K4DAX 108, W4YPX 106, W94IIV 101, W8BZY/4 101, W4SD

GEORGIA—SCM, Howard L. Schonher, W4RZL—SEC: WA4WQU, RM: W4FDN, PAMs: K4HQI, W4-YDN, W4LRR reports local activity on 146,940 fm. with a net on at 8 r.m. Fri. nights. The Georgia Southern ARC has a new club call, WB4NXH, on campus at Georgia Southern College. The club is issuing a W-10-U award for working 10 university clubs. The first four awards went to W4DQD, WA4UFW, W9UZS and W8IEC. The Georgia Single Sideband Net had 692 check-ins with 175 messages and 25 patches. The Georgia State Net had 291 check in with 150 messages, K4TXK left Georgia for a new location in California. W84EFS has a new SB-200, WA4VWV had an auto accident and nearly demolished the SR-150. WA4JSU is active on 3975. WB4NQA had extensive lightning damage. K4HQI was inactive because of vacation. WB4-NQA was very active during the aftermath of Hurricane Camille, W4DDY is back on the active list with EAN assignments accounting for much of the activity. K4BAI was just beginning to get back in the swing of traffic when a move to a new QTH curtailed activity. WA4UQQ returned from a European honeymoon and is back on the air. WA4GXZ is completing an HW-12 and soon will be lost to s.s.b. He has been active on GSN and 4RN. Traffic: WB4NQA 854, W4RZL 288, WA4WQU 144, W4YDN 129, W4CZN 127, WA4RAV 113, WB4DMO 74, W4FDN 61, K4TXK 61, W4TYE 61, W4YDI 88, W4AGXZ 27, WB4EPS 25, WB6UTC/4 4.

WEST INDIES—SCM, Jose Medina Hernandez, KP4CO—The West Indies section is active again. For re-appointments or new appointments for SEC, RM, PAM, V.H.F. PAM, OBS, RM RTTY, etc., please notify the SCM by post card or by air. Thanks to KP4DV, our former SCM, for the orientation. Congratulations to the Radio Club de Puerto Rico on the fine deluxe edition of its Ground Wave and to the Puerto Rico Amateur Radio Society on its fine bulletin. Actively phone-patching on 14,270 kc. daily are KP4s FS, BBK, ABD, AVD, CK, CPG, WR, FJ, AWP, AAK, CSZ, DCR, AKS, CQY, CKY, ES, AST and CO, KP4s BJA, PT and BI have joined the Silent Keys, On-the-air club activities: 7330 kc., Radio Club de Puerto Rico, P.R., KP4ID; Amateur Radio Society,

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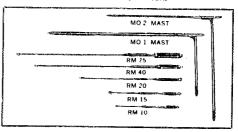
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P.R. Water Resources Radio Club, KP4CSC, Sun. 1400 GMT on. KP4 6-meter activity is very high. KV4EY needs help to get a KV4 radio club going and works as VPZVY for DXpeditions, KP4BW is busy with commercial broadcasts, KP4BA runs the WX Net.

WESTERN FLORIDA—SCM, Frank M. Butler. Jr., W4RKH—SEC: W4IKB, PAM: W4MQQ, RM: K4UBR RM-RTTY: W4WEB. Nets:

Freq. 3957 kc. Days Sess. QNI QTC WFPN 3957 kc. 2200Z 3651 kc. 2230/0200Z 363 474 Daily 31 50 378 Daily 62 NW Fla FM 146.94 Mc. 0030% Thurs.

Several hams from N.W. Fla. went to the "Camille" disaster area to provide communications, including W44LBM, W9CTA/4, K4VFY, W44IMIC, WB4FQU, WA4EVU, WB4HEQ and WA4WAX. Pensacola: WB4-NPZ and WN4NTT are new hams, The FFARA sponsors a WAP Award. Contact K4FKV for details, WB4-QVM had to have his appendix removed, W4HJ joined the Silent Keys, WB4HKM has a new SB-200, Fort Walton: K1WYS made top section score in the June U-H.F. QSO Party, and second place in the S.E. Division. WB4NQV received his Tech. Class ticket, WB4-NRM got his General and W4FDJ and K4HXS moved up to Advanced Class, Defuniak Springs: K4VWE resumed the Sat, night NCS job on WFPN. Bomifay: K4AVO is the second ham in a month to become active from this rare county. Marianna: WB4NSR, the XYL of W4KCA, received her Tech. Class license. Tallahassee: W44EOQ is trying to clear up rig trouble. W4MQQ was appointed PAM for h.f. and OPS, Perry: WA4GHE moved here from Madison; he is on 2-meter f.m. only at present, K4AVS is active on 75-meter s.s.b. Cross City: WA9CWV is now stationed here. W7NQY was transferred overseas. Traffic: (Aug.) K4-VFY 853. WA4WAR 275, WB4EQU 188, K4LAN 90, W41KB 58, WB4NHH 30, WB4DVM 26, WA4ECQ 21, WA1EBN/4 18, K448K/4 15, CJuly) K4-LAN 72, WB4DVM 44, WA4WAR 20, WB4EQU 10. WB4HKM 8, W4KCA 7.

#### SOUTHWESTERN DIVISION

ARIZONA—SCM, Gary M. Hamman, W7CAF—SEC: K7GPZ. PAM: W7UXZ, RM: K7NHL, The Arizona Automobile Assn, extends its thanks to all amateurs who participated in the Bring-Tem-Back-Alive program during the three major holiday week ends last summer. K7KCB and W7GX coordinated the activities at W7IO/7, which was located in the AAA building. The Arizona Repeater Assn, has completed testing an additional receiver site in Mesa and plans to have the receiver operational soon. Nets operating in Arizona are as follows: are as follows:

Net	Time (MST)	Davs	Freq. (Mc.)
Ariz. Post Office Net	2030	Mon.	3.560
Ariz. Post Office Net	1430	Sun.	3.915
Ariz. RACES Net	0800	Sun.	3,9905
Ariz. Repeater Assn.	2000	Tue.	146.94
Copperstate Net	1900	MonFri.	3.878
Maricopa RACES	1900	Wed.	28.68
Maricopa RACES	2000	Thurs.	50.44
Maricopa RACES	1900	Thurs.	145.35
Phx. VHF Net	2000	Wed.	50.35
Pima RACES Net	0845	Sun.	3.9905
QCWA Net	0900	Sun.	3.935
Twelfth Region Net	2000	Daily	3.570

Traffie: K7NHL 313, W7GEP 104, W7AMM 100, W7LLO 31, WA7ISP 26, WA7GAE 23, W7UXZ 20, W7CAF 15, W7SBZ 15, W7JMQ 14, W7DLF 10, WA7HLU 8, WA7NAR 4, K7RBH 4, WA7HUH 2.

LOS ANGELES—SCM. Harvey D. D. Hetland, WA6KZI—Asst. SCM: Donald R. Etheredge, k6UMV. The new 40 PAM is K6BWD, who recently returned to Smogsville atter two and a half years as W7EJU in Las Vegas. A new ORS is W6IVC. W6JET is back with OBS skeds following a spell in the hospital. W6DQX's station was torn down for a move, but is expected back by 88 time. WB6OLD plans to give W6DQX some strong SS competition. WB6GGL reports a new TR4 and new mobile antenna. W6INH has a new tri-band pigeon roost; WA6JHD is active on 40 and 20 meters with a new mobile. WB6KGK reports repairs to bis 2-meter rig. WB6KXI is heard frequently during the evenings on the Western Public Service System on 3952 kc. EC W6LVO plans to rebuild AREC in the Whittier area, W6MLF reports high traffic totals including 199 originations, mostly from USOs in the area, W6OEO is off on a three-month vacation! WB6UHF W60EO is off on a three-month vacation! WB6UHF reports an FB mobile trip with WB60LD and WB6-KPN to Oregon to fish. K6VNX is bothered by nearby power lines generating QRN, but Mrs. VNX completed

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Don Stoner, W6TNS 8751 Industrial Lane Cucamonga, California 91730 a Heathkit SW receiver and is working on the code, WA6KZI has been active on the low end of 40-meter e.w. A new General is WA6MPF and a new Advanced Class licensee is WB6WUW. K6AEH has a new vertical as well as a Swan in the new VW. W6FD is busy building a new 20-meter beam. W6EJK has a new SB200 linear. W6SBL sports an FT DX-100. W6UTE is now mobile. W60RG reports that San Diego ATV stations are being received regularly in the L.A. area, Club program chairmen are advised that the Southern Calif. ATV Club is available to put on talks and demonstrations for clubs in our area (contact W60RG). W6TFS run 22 watts output on ATV mobile! WA6WKF reports continued skip openings on 50 Mc. The LERC/W6LS Prizetest is scheduled for Dec. 4. WA6ABP is working on a 15-meter mobile rig, WB6VZI just finished an SB-301 receiver, WB6KPN keeps weekday skeds with VK2AFN on 28.050 Mc, as well as keeping an eye open for 10-meter openings, Section annateurs are encouraged to keep the SCM informed of their current activities by mailing a contribly activity report at the conclusion of to keep the SCM informed of their current activities by mailing a monthly activity report at the conclusion of each month. In exchange for the monthly report you will be provided a current copy of the SCM's monthly bulletin. Didt-inmadum-indi. The exchange of bulletins with clubs is welcomed. The SCM's midress can be found on page 6 of each issue of ONT. Truffic: (Aug.) W6MLF 658, WB6BBO 541, K6CDW 158, W6QAE 138, W6MN 126, W6INH 63, W6DQX 46, W6BHG 42, WB6-KXI 34, W6FIT 24, W6UEO 20, WB6UZS 20, K6CL 12, W6IVC 8, WB6KGK 8, W6DGH 7, K6EA 6, W6FD 6, WA6TWS 6, K6BWD 5, W6TN 4, WB6LFF 2, W6-USY 2, WB6ZVC 2, W6HUJ 1, WA6JHD 1, WA6WKF 1, Chily) W6MLF 452, WB6KXI 16, W6JPH 13, K6EA 7, W6IVC 7, WA6ABP 1.

ORANGE—SCM, Roy R, Maxson, W6DEY—RM W6BNX has been handling many phone patches for the personnel of the U.S. Coast Guard and they have presented him with a plaque for this invaluable service. RN6 Mpr. W68GOF advises he is back in school with a 9-unit load, WA6GVD took part in the New Orleans Hurricane Watch and also passed the Advanced Class exam. OPS W68UK enjoyed a trailer trip to Arizona seeing several of the QCWA gang and enjoying some nice QSOs, K6OT is having line noise again. W8ELW/6 still is waiting for his 6th district call and has started construction of a tilt-over antenna mast. ORS WB6-ZEC expects his traffic to drop now because of school activity. OVS WB6PHO reports on a number of 6-meter openings and got his 13th state, Maryland, on 6. OPS W6GB received DXCC, 282 countries. WA6ORJ moved from Pomona to Tustin. He recently received a Montego in the Lincoln Merceury Showroom Contest. The AARU, Inc. K6SYU Annual Dinner Dance will be held Sat., Nov. 8, 1969, at 8 p.m. at Michaels' Inn. Fraffic: WA6ROF 251, W6BNX 235, W8ELW/6 112, K6-MCA 78, W6WRJ 62, WB6ZEC 34, WA6GVD 16, K6OT 9, W6GB 4, W6BUK 2.

9, W6GB 4, W6BUK 2.

SAN DIEGO—SCM, Richard E. Leffler, WA6COE—Art Smith, W61N1, has been appointed Asst. SCM for the coming year. Art is active with the North Shores Club. We're glad K6BPI is now out of the hospital after his heart attack in Aug. W6SEZ is now on RTTY. Both the 75 and 2 AREC Nets are undergoing reorganization. Help by filling out the new questionaires and forms. Hams desiring to become active in these AREC nets should contact the SEC. WA6KHN. Novices should contact W6SEZ to enroll in the new Novice AREC Net Sun. morn. at 3725 kc. This group meets at 0900 and is open only to Novice check-ins. Both the North Shores and V.H.F. Clubs held picnics in Sept. Don't forget the OBS skeds nightly on 3920 at 2030 (WB6IMN) and on TWTh nights on 21,300 at 2100 (WB6IDNB). The Aug. meeting of the S.D. DX Club was held at the home of W60ME. ARC-El Cajon had HB9ABU/6 speak at the Aug. meeting. V.h.f. activities: The f.m. group met at the home of K4AFS/6. WB6TTC finished his homebrew TV camera while W6-GTZ worked on converting the CMU-15 for grid-modulation on ATV. K6KTP is experimenting with new FET converter circuits for his ATV. K6KFO is active on 1240 Ale. Happy Thanksgruing. Traffic: (Aug.) K6-BFI 418, W6VNQ 651, W6EOT 501, W6LRU/6 84, W6-BGF 81, W66IMN 57, WA6BDW 34, K6HAV 13, W6-YKF 6, WA6COE 5, WB6UNB 4. (July) W6EOT 327.

#### WEST GULF DIVISION

NORTHERN TEXAS—SCM. L. E. Harrison, W5LR—Asst, SCM: Gene Pool, W5NFO, SEC: W5JSM, PAM: W5BOO, PAM: v.h.f.): W45KHE, Asst, SEC (Eastex) W45KHE, RM: W5QGZ, The West Gulf Division Convention was well organized and the most "all-inclusive" from a League standpoint in many years. Congratulations to K5IBI and staff, K5GMY,

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2 METER TRANSCEIVER

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- SELF CONTAINED VFO
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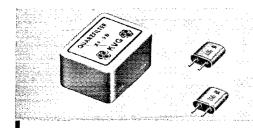
OPERATES ON 2 BANDS AUTOMATICALLY 1. Loading coils for 80 & 40M doublet operation
2. Adjustable ends to set 80 meter resonance
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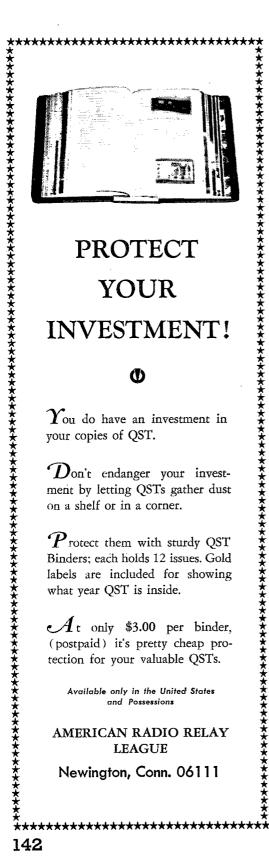
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Filter Type		XF-9A	XF-9B	XF-9C	XF-9D	XF-9E	XF-9M
Application		SSB- Transmit.	SSB	AM	AM	FM	cw
Number of Filter Crystals		5	8	8	8	8	4
Bandwidth (6dB down)		2.5 kHz	2.4 kHz	3.75 kHz	5.0 kHz	12.0 kHz	0.5 kHz
Passband Ripple		< 1 dB	< 2 dB	< 2 dB	< 2 dB	< 2 dB	< 1 dB
Insertion Loss		< 3 dB	< 3.5 dB	< 3.5 dB	< 3.5 dB	< 3 dB	< 5 dB
Input-Output	Zŧ	500 Ω	500 Ω	500 Ω	500 Ω	1200 Ω	500 Ω
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Shape Factor		(6:50 dB) 1.7	(6:60 dB) 1.8	(6:60 dB) 1.8	(6:60 dB) 1.8	(6:60 dB) 1.8	(6:40 dB) 2.5
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Stop Band Attenuation		> 45 dB	> 100 dB	> 100 dB	> 100 dB	> 90 dB	> 90 dB
Price		\$19.95	\$27.50	\$29.50	\$29.50	\$29.50	\$20.95

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Arlington RC pres., is planning a Christmas Party for all members. The same goes for the Kilocycle Club, Dallas Club, Irving and surrounding area. W6-EWX/K6AAK, of West Texas, now is residing in Point Mogul, Calif. W8tUJN, Pottsboro, reported his thoughts regarding Act II to W5EYB, Another report came from our top OO, W5PBN, of Richardson. W5.PM, of Childress, is interested in QCWA work. The Tex, C.W. Net has seven stations assigned to RN5. SCM, records show 17 League affiliated clubs in Nortexas. The Irving ARC reports a class for Generals now is in operation; the same for the Fort Worth Kilocycle Club. WA6KHE savs we should check up on ourselves, since our number of licenses has decreased at the rate of 11K/yr. The EC program is proceeding very well but we have found that many people like the authority accompanying EC work but very few want the ulcers attached thereto. This reminds me: How many of you answered Hart's note in July Q8T pp. 63-64 on traffic talk? Folks, the point system is coming. We recently received a flurry of requests for OPS appointments, Qualifications are demanding and dedicated operators are scarce, K5-QKM is the new Henderson County EC, ARRL station appointments are available to Conditional/General Class or higher. Code practice is available from W4RHZ, W4RUB, W6ZF, W6ZRJ, W47DNI, W8CAM, W0FA, NAV (7301 kc.) and NPD (7375 kc.). What happened to the EC in Waco? Our Route Mgr. is having rig trouble. Traffic: (Aug.) K5BNH 189, WA5PPF 981, WA5KIV 256, K1ZAT/5 126, K5LZA 73, W5LR 20, W5MSG 2, W5PBN 2, July) W5JSM 68.

OKLAHOMA—SCM, Cecil C. Cash, W5PML—Asst. SCM: W. L. (Smoky) Stover, K5OOV, SEC: WA5FSN, RMs: W5QMJ, WA5RYM, PAMs: W5MFX, K5TEY, WA5JGU, K5ZCJ. Your SCM and wife just returned from North Carolina where we visited our son, who is stationed at Fort Bragg with the 82nd. A.B. Div. W5MFX reports he and his wife vacationed and visited their son in New York. W5FW and wife, W5PWN, just returned from Florida by way of Houston where they visited their daughter. Asst. SCM K5OOV vacationed in Tennessee, K5WPP, EC for Muskogree County, has moved back into fown and and visited their son in New York, W5FW and wife, W5FWh, just returned from Florida by way of Houston where they visited their daughter. Asst. SCM K5COV vacationed in Tennessee, K5WPP, EC for Muskogee County, has moved back into town and has his antennas back up, WA5ZOO, ex-WAØNFP, now of Enid, who is a minister, has been elected vice-pres, of the Disciples Amateur Radio Fellowship. The Assn. Inct. in Seattle recently. The OCVHFARC operated a traffic booth at the State Fair as usual. The Oklahoma City v.h.f. repeater WA5ZAA, is now on the air. The Electron Benders of Tulsa, W5OK is holding code and theory classes for up-grading liceuse and also Novice instruction. Circle Nov. 14, 15 and 16 on your calendar. This is when the Texhoma Hamarama at Lake Texhoma State Lodge will be held. The West Gulf Division has our copy of "The Han's Wide World," which is being circulated for viewing. The first run of it was on KSWO-TY Ch. 7 in Lawton at 5 p.M. (2200Z) Sun., Sept. 14, The film is available from the West Gulf Division Director. Traffic: (Aug.) K5TEY 1291, WA5OIO 81, WA5LWD 66, WA5IMO 60, WASZOO 45, W5FKL 40, W5OMJ 24, K5SWL 8, WA5FSN 14, WA5YRO 11, W5PML 10, W5MFX 8, W4IQ 4, K5OCX 2, K5OOV 2, W5JIL 10, Indiv MEASTAN 5.

SOUTHERN TEXAS—SCM, G. D. Jerry Sears, WSAIR—SEC: K5QQG. PAM: W5KLV. RM: W5EZY. Congrarulations to new ECs, WA5TCP, Jasper County; WA5JCJ. Fort Bend County; and WA5TMN, Angelina County. We w-lcome to Southern Texas from Western New York KIDIK/5, now at Texas A. & M. and an OO. OO K5SBR/5, reporting for W5AC at Texas A. & M. says there is little activity on 144-Mc, s.s.b. EC W5TFW reports that during the Annual Dick Dowling Days Celebration at Sabine Pass communication was furnished by Port Arthur ARC members W45DUG/5, W5HYV/5, W5FCD/5, W5APX/M and W5TFW/5, with visitor WA5-VYW/5 and fixed WA5RVL for outside contacts. 2 meters gave excellent coverage of the area Aug. 30-31 and Sept. gave excellent coverage of the area Aug. 30-31 and Sept.

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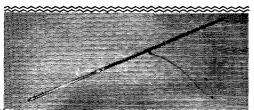
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1. W5BOY, Corpus Christi, is the proud recipient of a new Extra Class license, WA5RCF reports for the Uni-versity of Texas Club station, W5EHM. The club, with 17 participating, furnished communications and message 17 participating, furnished communications and message service during the Austin Aqua Festival. 2 meters worked out very well. Many amateurs in Southern Texas have been quite busy handling emergency and welfare traffic as the result of two hurricanes. There is not enough room here to list all who helped. Thanks, fellows, your efforts are much appreciated by many. EC WASFJN suffered a heart attack in July but now is back in business. It you missed the West Gulf Division Convention at Amarillo you missed a real fine well-planned convention. Everyone enjoyed the event and the Panhandle ARC deserves a big "thanks" for an enjoyable meeting, Traffic: WASFJN 349, W50JA 198, W50BC 194, W5EZY 149, WASAUZ 112, WASTHM 103, W5EHM 91, K5HZR 79, W7WAH/5 62, K5ROZ 35, W5BGE 30, WSABQ 24, W5TFW 24, K5WYN 8, W5AC 4, WASQKE 4, W5KLV 2.

#### CANADIAN DIVISION

CANADIAN DIVISION

ALBERTA—SCM/SEC, Don Sutherland, VE6FK—PAM: VE6ADS, ECs: VE6SS, VE6AFQ, VE6XC, VE6XM, The new directors of ARLA are: North—VE6BB; Edmonton—VE6ASF, VE6AVQ; VE6VF; Central—VE6SS, VE6AVQ; Celgary—VE6TF, VE6AFS, VE6ATG; South—VE6AJZ, VE6ABS, The editor of the Alberta Amateur is VE6AWW, The Amateur is VE6ADX was the heart of the scheme, Without his facilities and inimitable NCS operation, we would be hard pressed. VE6SB handled the Banff Gate area with his usual success and efficiency. Thanks to all who helped out in this effort to save lives and help people to enjoy the holiday week ends. Congratulations to VE6ATG and VE6ATH on the birth of their son Randall. I enjoyable visit from KH6BZF, SCM Hawaii, this summer. VE6APO is now VE6BB, VE6BR soon will be on with a new SR2000—if he can keep the final intact. VE6PL soon will have his antennas up. We have missed Medicine Hat on the APSN, The Aug, QNI for the APSN was 900, but traffic was only 27 not counting BEBA traffic, Traffic: VE6FK 25, VE6UD 4, VE6AKV 2.

BRITISH COLUMBIA—SCM, H. E. Savage, VE7-FB—Well what do you know—after ten years we missed a month's report! Reason—new bus, new country and wonderful vacation. We met VE7PJ, had supper with the family and saw the moon-landing. VE7ASY reports forest fires are ending and he is getting down to BCEN business, time 0200 GMT, 3650 kc. VE7AZK was organist during the Pacific National Exhibition. VE7KY still is in the intensive care ward showing some improvement. VE7AYQ is signing VE3FS for awhile. Vancouver ARC's code classes are conducted by VE7BZQ and VE7AXB. Reports have it that VE7UJ's homebrew S.S.B. rig is a dream to see and work. VE7DB was rear-ended by a truck the day he was to MC the Okanagan International Hamfest. Reports are fair. VE7BJL, at his age, has gone s.s.b. with a DX-400. VE7LL, the Green Key Man of Burnaby, is trying to put all of the Burnaby ARC members on RTTY. The SCM and SEC have tried by letters to clubs to obtain applications for ECs and information on club activities. How about you? Are you interested in EC appointment? Traffic: (Aug.) VE7ASY 97, VE7AC 30, VETGG 5. (July) VE7LL 16, VE7AC 10, VE7SE 9, VETGG 7.

MANITOBA—SCM, John Thomas Stacey, VE4JT—MTN has now returned to seven-day-a-week operation and is looking for stations. The net meets at 6:45 p.m. Central Time on 3615 kc, and VE4EI is the manager. Thanks go to VE4FQ for a fine job of recorder for MTN during the summer, VE4QJ continues to render excellent service to the evening phone net. Now that summer is over I am hopeful that operating reports will be more plentiful. Traffic net reports: Phone Net. sessions 31, QNI 524, QTC 7. C.W. Net. sessions 9, QNI 25, QTC 5, Traffic: VE4-CR 9, VE4FQ 9, VE4QJ 9, VE4RO 7, VE4JA 4, VE4RL 3, VE4FO 2, VE4RB 1.

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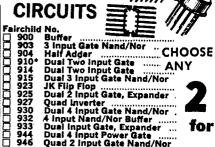
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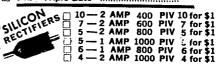
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MARITIME—SCM, William J. Gillis, VEINR—SEC; VEIHJ. The NSARA-sponsored convention held on the Labor Day week end was well attended and enjoyed by all, including VEILG, who evidented his 94th birthday, VEIAPV, 16 years old, of Dartmouth, widen transmitter hunt; VEIAMR, the DX trophy; VEIYO, the VEIGR trophy; VEITT, the ladies' code contest; VEIZN, the men's code contest, Other presentations went to VEIAFU, VEIALV, VEIYO and VEIRO. New NSARA executives are VEIAUE, pres.; VEIAQU, lst vice-pres.; VEIQD, 2nd vice-pres.; VEIAKO, sery, treas, The Newfoundland 75-Meter Phone Net is looking for more participation on 3785. Congrats to VOICX on his fine efforts in support of the White Cane work, APN reports QNI 296, QTC 62, sessions 88, Traffic: VEIAMR 64, VEIRO 31, VEITT 14, VEIAAX 12. was the volumest in attendance, VEIARY won the hidden transmitter hunt; VEIAMB, the DX trophy:

ONTARIO—SCM, Roy A. White, VE3BUX—VE3-GMQ has had to resign as EC for Leeds County as he is going to college. Have we a volunteer for the job? VE3CMT has moved to Chatham, N.B. VE3ERU is moving to the kingsville Lake area. Congrats to VE3GBA who got married in Aug. Congrats also to the Metro ARC which did such a splendid job with its ham shack at the Canadian National Exhibition using the call VE3CNE. Thanks to the many thoughtful people who sent me "get well" cateds during Aug. VE3CAB tells me the "get well" cateds during Aug. VE3CAB tells me the 2-meter, 300 ft. repeater tower north of Napanee will be operational by the first of the year. This is a ioint cifort of the Kingston and Belleville Clubs and, when completed, should make regular contact feasible from Windsor right through to Montreal, We, up here in VE3-Land, heard lots of energency traffic being handled by our triends to the south during the recent hurricanes. It certainly proved that amateur radio can provide energency communications when called for. In other words, we provide a public service and serve the public interest. VE3FXC is going to install a "Mini-beam" on top of his trailer before leaving for Mexico so that he can check on us poor devils shoveling snow this coming winter. Glad to hear VE3FQM on now and then, VE3RR is back from a trip to the Yukon und VE3RT is back home after a holiday in VE7-Land, Aly thanks to VE3DPO for sending me a membership certificate in the Gey-Bruce C.W. Not. VE3BXL is in Victoria Hospital in London for a little body work. The latest word from D.O.C. is that ceriprocal agreements concerning "hinto party" traffic exist between Bolivia, Chile, Costa Rica, El Salvador, Honduras, Israel, Mexico, Peru, U.S.A. and Venezuela, but not with Great Britain Australia and Inttle body work. The latest word from D.O.C. is that occiprocal agreements concerning "third party" traffic exist between Bolivia, Chile, Costa Riea, El Salvador, Honduras, Israel, Mexico, Peru, U.S.A. and Venezuela, but not with Great Britain, Australia and New Zealand, Traffic: (Ang.) VE3EMO 227, VE3DPO 86, VE3FRE 79, VE3GI 74, VE3DBG 60, VE3EBH 53, VE3GCE 40, VE3DU 28, VE3FHL 19, VE3APL 16, VE3FWD 13, VE3EBC 4, VE3VD 4, VE3AWE 2. (July) VE3AWE 7.

QUEBEC—SCM, J. W. Ibey, VE2OJ—Because of illness their report must be brief, A full report will appear in the next issue of QST. Traffic: VE2OJ 21, VE2EC 20, VE2DR 14, VE2CP 8,

SASKATCHEWAN-SCM, Gordon C. Pearce, VE5-SASKATCHEWAN—SCIAL GOTOON C. FEBRUE, 1200-HP—Activity on the bunds in Suskatchewan was fairly steady all summer with all bands, especially 2 meters, being quite active, both 2-meter mobile and 75-meter mobile activity has been steady. The Saskatoon Club handled the communications for the 75-meter mobile activity has been steady. The Saskatoon Club handled the communications for the Motor Race Rally and the Regina Club handled communications for a Moose Jaw-Regina Walkathon. The new RM is VESGL and his net mgr. is VESSC, Saskatchewan and Canada generally had the pleasure of hosting GI3CVH as he travelled by our from the East to the West Coast and back, VESPZ and VESEQ and others were out of commission for a while in the hospital. The XYL of VESIR passed away suddenly in Aug. VESKZ has planted the seeds for a new antenna farm. The newly-appointed director District No. 1 of the SARL is VESHO, of Estevan. Traffic: VESGL 79, VESSC 38, VESBO 8, VESSN 6, VESSN 5, VESKZ 5, VESBO 4, VESDN 4, VESEQ 2, VESHZ 2, VESYR 2, VESYL 1.



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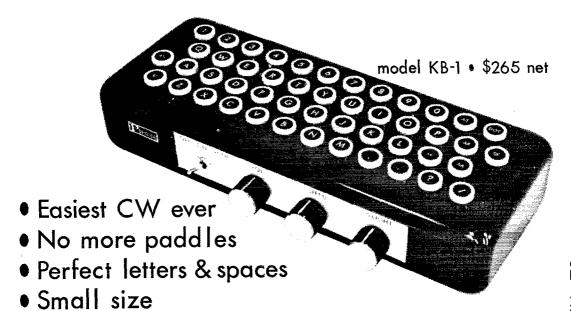
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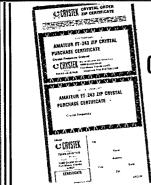
SERIES 71 High power 6 position switches commonly used for switching antennas, transmitters or receivers at frequencies up to 500 Mhz. The unit is weatherproof and can be mast mounted. The illustrated unit has the unused input shorted to ground. It is also available with a wide range of connectors, different coil voltages and non-shorting contacts or resistor terminations. Each of the six inputs has its own actuating coil for alternate or simultaneous switching.



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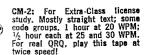


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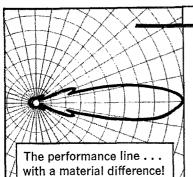


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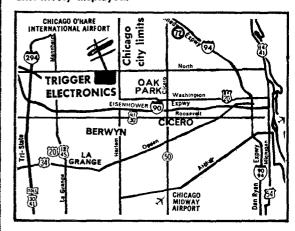
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SPIDERS For boomless quads. Heliarc welded aluminum. Al's Antenna Accessories, 1339 South Washington St., Kennewick, Washington 99336.

R389, R390, R390A, 51J4, 75A4, 75S3A, NC101X, HR050T1, HR060T1, SP600, KWM-1, KWM-2, 62S1, 312B5, HA-2, and others. List for SASE, W2ADD.

SELL, trade or buy Call Books, Handbooks, magazines, and old radio sets and parts. Ery Rasmussen, 164 Lowell, Redwood, City, California 94062.

WANTED: An opportunity to quote your ham needs, 30 years a ham sear dealer. Collins, Sisnal/One, Drake, Swan and all others. Also \$25,000.00 inventory used sear. Request list. Chuck W&UCG, Electronic Distributors, 1960 Peck, Muskeson, Mich. 49441.

TRANSFORMERS rewound. Jess, W4CLJ, 411 Gunby, Orlando, Fla. 32801.

GREENE-Center of dipole insulator with or without balun. Free flier. O. Watson Greene, Box 423. Wakefield, R.I. 02880. WANTED: OST copies in good condition 1920, 1921, 1922 and August of 1958 to complete personal 50-year collection. Rex Bassett, W4QS, Box 4163, Fort Lauderdale, Florida.

TOROIDS. Uncased 88 or 44 mhy. 5 for \$1.50 ppd. M. Wenschenker, K3DPJ, Box 353, Irwin, Penna, 15642.

REPAIR and calibration service. Write before shipping. Tronics, Inc., 6608 Edsall Road, Alexandria, Virginia 22312 TOROID Coils 88 mh uncased postpaid, 5/\$2.00, La Zachry, P. O. Box 845, Apple Valley, Calif., 92307.

HALLICRAFTERS SR-150, Mobile Mount, Antenna, \$375.00; SX-117W/spkr, \$225.00; Heath SB-200 Linear, \$195.00; HW-29, \$45.00; CB GWI4A, \$89.00. All in excellent condition. W2ERV, 14 Bernice Dr., Freehold, New Jersey 07728.

OSTS: August 1922 to date, in excellent condition, complete with single exception of March 1953. Highest offer by January 1, 1970: you pay freight. Write Mrs. Scott Cooper, 1714 Alder Court, Bozeman, Montana 59715.

NOVICE Crystals, 75 cents. Free list. Gregory Ginn, 1240 21st St., Hermosa Beach, Calif. 90254.

MECHANICAL, Electronic Devices Catalog, 10¢. Teletype re-perforator Model 14 with rewinder new, unused, \$69.95. Sylicon rectitier 4000PRV-lamp, \$3.95 ea. Fertik's, 5249A. "D", Philadelphia, Penna, 19120.

RESISTORS, Resistors, Resistors, Resistors. Only 8¢ each; 10/60¢ Ppd. May be assorted. Garrett Industries, 4504 Nunnswood, Lakeland, Fla. 33803.

NOVICES: Need help for General Ticket? Complete re-corded audio-visual theory instruction. Easy, no electronic background necessary. Write for free information. Amateur License. Box 6015, Norfolk, Virginia 23508.

WANTED: All types of tubes. Top prices paid for Varian and Eimac. Jaro Electronics Corp., 150 Chambers St., New York. N.Y. 10007.

Brand new Yaesu FT-DC-400 transceiver and FL-DX-linear. W8AO, 2912 Riverview Boulevard, Silver Lake.

Ohio 44224.

DX AWARDS Log: This 150-page book just published giving number and type of contacts needed for over 100 major awards for hams and SWLs by clubs world-wide includes cost and how and where to apply. Individual logs provided for each award to keep complete record of contacts and confirmations. Required over two years to prepare. Most complete and up-to-date source of DX Awards available. \$3.95 postage paid (\$4.95 foreign). The McMahon Co., (W6IZE), 1055 So. Oak Knoll, Pasadena. Calif. 91106.

EICO 753 Transceiver. A.C. 751 power supply. Stable, transistorized. VFO. immaculate, professionally wired, with manuals and Turner 350 mike. Inspection invited. Deliver 50 miles. Asking \$185. K8MGT, 69 E. Dodridge St., Columbus, Ohio 43202.

For Sale or Trade: One RME-4350 receiver, with matching speaker, in xcint condx. Price: \$90.00 or will swap for Ranger xmtr. Must be in gud condx. Also want Foldover tower. W8-GUN, Charles H. Moore, Nunica, Mich. 49448.

FOR Sale: NCX-3, NCX-A, absolutely perfect condx. \$180.00, Boutell, 901 Nicholson, So. Milwaukee, Wis. 53172.

HALLICRAFTERS FM/AM, base receiver covers all 144 MHz, no xtals needed, \$75.00; 220 MHz transmitter pair 4X150As, \$75. Other 220 MHz gear excess to my needs; lit test and VHF/UHF equipment sell or trade. SASE, pls. W4API, Box 4005. Arlington, Virginia 22204.

SELL: Swan 250 with AC and DC power supplies, plus speaker and cabinet. Asking \$300.00. R. S. Caverhill, W2EBC, 1688 Stanley Road, Cazenovia, N.Y. 13035.

WANTED, Kits to wire, 10% of cost. Satisfaction guaranteed, Dick Doollittle, W9KMF, 3121 15th St. So., Wisconsin Rapids, Wts. 54494.

ROTARY OSL File, pockets for 160 cards included (file maximum 500), \$7.95 postpaid, K9VCZ, McNamara, MB Products & Sales, 1917 North Lowell, Chicago, Illinois 60639.

COLLINS 73S3, \$380.00; 32S3 with 516F2 AC supply, \$575. 312B4, \$125.00, or package for \$1050. Heath SB-200. \$200.00; MM-2 'scope with rec. adapter, \$50.00; Ameco 2-Meter conv. 26-30 IF, F/W. \$30.00. Late Ranger I with PTT, \$75.00; Teletype 15 printer, \$65.00; I4TD, \$40.00; I4 typing reperf with keyboard, \$75.00. All with 60 wpm years and no waivers. Motorola two-case on 146.94, \$70.00, L5 kc mech. filter for 75S3B, new, \$45.00, All gear in top condition, W8POZ, 1990 Alhanbra, Ann Arbor, Michigan 48103. Tel: a.c. (313)-761-1269. DRAKE T-4X with neat homebrew power supply, just like new, \$325.00; Collins 32V3, in exclut condx with many spare tubes, including 4D32, \$150.00. Marion Wise, W4PRO, 15 Willow Rd., Hampton, Va. 23364.

Willow Rd., Hampton, Va. 23364.

SBE-34 Transceiver, late model, includes mike, calibrator, mobile mount, manuals. In exclut condx: \$275.00. W1MIJ, 58 Felch Road, Natick, Mass. 01760.

GOVERNMENT Surplus Electronics Bargain Catalog, 96 plctured pages, Send 25¢. Meshna, Nahant, Mass. 01908.

DRAKE TAX. R4A, MS4, AC4 for \$600. In xclnt condx. Eugene Ornstein, 1347 Ocean Ave., Brooklyn, N.Y. 11230.

WANTED: Plate transformer 2000 or 2500 VAC, 500 Ma. each side of CT, Give mfr. model number and full data in your letter. W2CVY, 70 Beech Terrace, Wayne, N.J. 07470. FOR Sale: H-P oscilloscope, Model 150-A with voltage current amplifier, Mod. 154-A, high gain amplifier, Model 151-A plug-in units. Perfect condition: \$600. F.o.b. Springfield, Ohio 45504, R. A. Pitzer, 111 Englewood Drive, Tel: a.c. (513)-399-

VALIANT modified for SSB exciter or adapter. This ris worked 225 countries AM/CW/SSB. In exclnt condx, with new finals, Prefer NYC area, Price \$130, WA2LOR, 1105 Towne House Village, Hauppage, L.1., N.Y. 11787.

Towne House Village, Hauppage, L.I., N.Y. 11787.

"DON And Bob" new specials: Galaxy GT-550 \$399.95;
Drake R.4B, \$363.00; T-4XB, \$380.00; Hammarlund HQ-215,
\$449.00; Tri-Ex W-51, \$330.00; Hy-Gain TH6DXX (Reg.
\$169), \$144.95. Write tor quote, USED Collins 75A.4, \$350.00;
KWS-1, \$650.00. Guaranteed buys, Rotron 3380 rpm Squirrelcage whisper fan 2 14" dia, \$5.95; Ray 61E6C, \$3.95; Motorola HEP170, 2.5A 1000 Piv. 39¢ each, 1-82 indicator with
driver, transformer, \$5.95; Telex HMY-2K headset, \$3.95;
2.5V 10A filament xfrmr \$3.95. We stock many discontinued
tubes, manuals. Write us your needs. Complete export facilities. Prices f.o.b. Houston, Sales guaranteed Bankamericard,
GECC. Don, K5AAD, Bob, WASUUK, Madison Electronics,
1508 McKinney, Houston, Texas 77002, Tel: a.c. (713)-CA42668.

WANT: Heath DX-60B or similar; advise on condx, price. Bill Houston, Will answer all replies to this address. 506 S Gilbert. Powell. Wyoming \$2435.

FOR Sale: NC-300 receiver, very clean, in exclut condx, recently aligned, Asking \$250.00, or best offer. A. H. Watson, K1ABP. Fiske Hill Road, Sturbridge, Mass. 01566.

WANTED: Manual for AN/WRA-1, WB4FEA, 609 Mountain Ave., S.W., Roanoke, Va. 24016.

INVADER 2000, PL-175As shortly replaced, mint condx, \$550.00: Heath Ham-Scan HO-10, new, \$50.00. Panoramic Panadaptor PCA-2T 200, \$35.00: National 50/60 NBFM adaptor, new, \$15.00. Roger Batista, WB2ZBM, 1219 Taylor Ave., Bronx, NYC 10472.

SALE: OSTs complete sets: '25-'32, '37-'39, '44, '52-'59; '61-64, Nearly complete sets: '42, '43, '60, '65, Other issues available and some duplicates of above issues. Make offers, Paul Capitolo, W6RQG, 1735 LeRoy Ave., Berkeley, Calif.

SURPLUS Gear wanted. Frequency shift converter CV-182: frequency shift exciter O-39C/TRA-7: antenna tuning unit BC-939-B: power supply RA-87-A: radioteletypewriter control C-808/GRC-26A. Advise condition, price in your first letter. All inquiries answered. Carlton D. Trotman. W3RKX, c/o Upward Bound, Lincoln University, Lincoln University, Penna. 19352.

Penna. 19352.

\$ERFECT SX-115 rec., \$275; SP-44 Panadapter with inst., \$40; Autronic Keyer and paddle. \$40; Hallicrafters factory-wired VTVM. \$25; factory-wired HC-1 capacity bridge. \$20; General Radio 805 standard signal gen. 16 KHz to 50 MHz recalibrated one volts to one microvolt. Excellent condition \$350, or will trade for measurement 202 FM generator, Knight 10 Kc, 100 Kc, 500 Kc xtal frequency generator, \$15. Well-built homebrew 2125 and 2975 Hz. T.T. signal source within 5 Hz. \$20, Billey 100 KHz xtal and oven, \$5.00. Clean HT-32, \$200. Perfect HT-33A, \$300. Fritz Franke, 919 Ridge Court, Evanston, Illinois 60202.

SELL: Heathkit Shawnee HW-10 six-meters transceiver. Saturn Six mobile antenna \$115.00. WB2AIZ, 15 Ellmyer Rd.,

HW-32, latest factory modifications, little use, mobile mike, mounting bracket, book: Hustler 20M coil section, \$100, Budd Meyer, 6505 Yellowstone, Forest Hills, N.Y. 11375.

WANTED: Poly-Comm 2, in perfect condx. All wire a.c. and d.c., and mike. WA3LGC, i36 Lamont Ave., Glenoiden, Penna. 19036.

WANTED: Good electronic keyer and Vibroplex, XEINE, Box 2807, Mexico City, Mexico.

HY-GAIN TH6-DXX, new. Best offer takes it. Sry, won't ship. Monto. Wisteria Path, Sands Point, Port Washington, N.Y. 11050.

HEATH SB-200, perfect, \$220.00, K4 Huntsville, Ala. 35801. Tel: 536-9776. K4BBF, 3606 Skyview,

15 KSR Teletype page printers, gud condx, \$35,00 each F.o.b. Pictures. Charlie, KØQVL, 2015 No. 50th St., Omaha, Nebraska

MANUALS: R-274/FRR, TS-173/UR, TS-323/UR, \$5.00 each. Hundreds more. List 20¢. S. Consalvo, 4905 Roanne Drive, Washington, D.C. 20021.

HOME Owners Assn. says "Nix"! Rohn FK45G Heavy duty fold over tower extra section below hinge, 60 ft, with antenna support tube 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 all hardware included and many extras, additional bolts, accessory shelf for Ham-M or TR-44 2"; extension tube 8 ft. long, 2" Farnir self aligning ball thrust bearing, erection tool, extra guy wire, instructions. New never erected. \$360.00, Stoner RT-1 transistorized RT1Y converter, like new, with manual—\$85.00, Wanted; 75A4, serial above 3000. Clean! Phil Stout. W3LL 324 Broadmoor Road, Baltimore, Md. 21212, Tel: (301)-435-0226.

FOR Sale: Ham and engineering book collection. Send for list, K1APA. 3 Sunny Acres. Brattleboro, Vermont U5301. WANTED: Veriable capacitor. Dual 200 UUF, 2000 volt, Johnson 155-505 or equivalent. David Higgins, K1BCG, 54 Milwaukee Ave. Bethel, Conn. 06801.

SELL: HA-10 amplifier, spare final, 2 Dow-Key relays, \$165.00: HW-32, absolutely mint, \$85, Pick up linear or pay postage. I will deliver it within 100 miles radius, Mike Wilke, WB4AQL, 5607 Cambridge Rd., Montgomery, Alabama 36111.

WRL'S Used Gear has trial-terms-guarantee! 75S1, \$299.95; G-50, \$159.95; SR150, \$299.95; HW-12, \$89.95; Swan 250, \$279.95; Duobander 84 \$119.95; NC-200, \$299.95; B459.95; Sr39.95; Valiant, \$149.95; Ranger, \$99.95; Galaxy 100, \$139.95; Galaxy Wk II, \$299.95, Many more, Free "Blue Book" List from WRL, Box 919. Council Bluffs, Iowa 51501. 58-100 Heath Transceiver, Built-in speaker, \$325,00. W8QUR, 3023 Emmick, Toledo, Ohio 43606.

MUST Sell: TR-108 with xtals. Viking 500 xmttr, DX-60 xmttr, HG-10 VFO. Knight V-44 VFO. Jim McClure, WA9-BYR, 627 Dundee Ave., Barrington, Illinois 60010.

AEROMOTOR Tower 85 ft., four legs. 35 ft. masting; gin pole, prop pitch rotor; antennas; Mosley S-402 and TH-36; Telrex 11 el. 6M; Ranger II; HX-30; T/R switch, Will shin Joe Engressia. 9050 SW 117 Ave. Miami, Florida 33156.

R4B, MS4, with WWV, 160 and all of 10 meters, \$350,00. DX-35 with spotswitch added, \$20. Ed Knobloch, WB2BDF, 160-33 Highland Ave., Jamaica, L.I. N.Y. 11432.

HEATH SB-630 station console, Well wired, \$75.00. Crystals 80-10 meters, free list, \$1.00 postpaid, Steve, WA2FKE, 12 Sanderson, W. Caldwell, N.J. 07006.

GALAXY V Mk II with VOX. AC-35 power F-3 CW filter. In top condx. First certified check for \$250 takes. Brooks Carter, W4FQ, Rte 1. Box 239D, Irmo, S.C. 29063.

SELL. NCX-5. Mark II. and NCX-A power supply, \$450; \$8-620 Scanalyzer, \$90; HO-13 Hamscan, \$50; Galaxy Rejector, \$15.00; HK-1B keyer, \$15.00; 14AVO, \$20.00; Etco Dipper, \$20.00; Waters compreamp 359, \$15.00; D-104 mike, \$10.00; APX-6 transponder with al! tubes, power supply, und modulator, \$25.00; homebrew 6M kilowatt linear (4Cx250B's) with piwer power supply, \$100 or your best offer. Sony 105 tap6-recorder, \$70.00. K. R. Hill, W3ELY, 404 Benoaks Drive East, Severna Park, Md. 21146.

WIRELESS Shop, New and reconditioned equipment. Write, call or stop by for free estimate. 1305 Tennessee, Vallejo, Calif. 94590. Tel. a.c. (707)-645-2797.

ALE: \$10 Gotham 2-element 20-meter beam. You pick up. tob Newman, K4UWS, 1407 Pinedale Dr., Opelika, Alabama

SELL ()r swap Apache xmtr, SBI0 SB adapter, vacuum tube voltmeter new. Electric guitar. Want: Swan 230 6 meter trans. Peter Donneau, WIYIX, II Blanche Ave., Cumberland, R.I.

WOER, unmodified, clean, mike, rocks, accessories, \$35.00. 8C-639A, RA-42A, exclint, \$50.00. Send for list. Surplus, commercial material. Want local mit 75A2, HRO-60. 4RO-50. W6KEC, 320-A S. 2nd Ave., Arcadia, Calif. 91006. TWOER, unmodified, SALE: Clegg 22'er. in exclnt condx. \$150.00. Bickell, W4ZSB, 2160 N. E. 56th Pl., Ft. Lauderdale, Fla. 3308.

TR-3, AC-3, MS-4, \$325.00, Also Johnson I KW Matchbox with SWR bridge, \$95.00, Ship either at your expense. Fred Jackson, W4CEH. 1717 Meredith Lane, Belleair, Clearwater, Jackson, W Fla. 33516.

COLLINS 75A4, SN5774, 3.0 KHz filter, \$350.00; Gonset GSB-100, \$125.00. Both are in mint condition. Take the pair for \$450.00. Jim Lindsay, W3HQY, 3218 Polk Road, Norristown, Penna. 19403, Tel; a.c. C155-884-6638.

COLLEGE: For sale—SR-400, used 10 hours, Swan 350, Heath phone patch, etc. WB4APZ, Tel: a.d. (813)-995-5314.

TELETYPE Equipment and parts. New and used, We stock just about any teletype item, Write for more details, RTTY Electronics, P.O. Box 655, El Cerrito, Calif. 94530.

FIRST Best offer: HW-32A, HP-23, mike, complete package only; NC-300, Dumont 208B 5-inch 'scope, \$25.00; 5 ft. rack cabinet, \$25.00. Les Kalmus, K2SHL, 10 Bull Run, West Nyack, N.Y. 10994.

SELL: NCX-3 in gud condx, without power supply, \$165.00. Call 1-215-692-7547 or write 518 Nottingham Drive, West Chester, Penna, 19380, W3CAW.

SELL or Swap: U.S. diver's scuba tank with J-valve and Aquamaster regular, \$90. RCA color CT-100 with bad kine, \$40 f.o.b. will consider swap on good Ham-M, mobile antenna, linear parts, etc. Rex Nielson, W9CRQ, 1808 So. 64th St. West Allis. Wis. 53214.

GALAXY V xxvr and a.c. power supply. Just got married and need the money. A sacrifice at \$200. In perfect mechanical and electrical shape. WB2NZV, 14 Gordon Place, Glen Rock. N.J. 07452.

SWAN 400, 80-10 VFO, power supply and mike, All in mint condx. All for \$325.00. E. Parks, 6486 Nancy St., L.A., Calif, 90045.

SELL: Complete 1969 Heath Station: SB-301 rcvr w/c.w., a.m. filters plus two and six-meter converters. SB-401 xmtr, w/xtal pack. SB-200 linear. SB-620 scanalyzer, SB-630 console, SB-610 Monitor 'scope. 60 ft. Tri-Ex crank-up tower. Mosley TA-33 beam. \$1250.00 J. R. Doak. W8OJM. Tel: a.c. 1914)-679-6032 or write Box 486, Woodstock, N.Y. 12498.

SELLING Out: Viking II, \$1000; SX-100 \$75.00, blus most elaborate xmtr ever, \$00 w. 4-654s PA. \$11A's modulator, scope, 6-E commercial cabinet, loaded with extras, Meters, relays, variable power devices, Built to meticulous professional standards, \$200,00, W2GCO, Ted Skoglund, West Lake Road, Cazenovia, N.Y. 13035, Tel; a.c. (315)-655-9397.

SELL Digital voltmeter. Nixle readout, like new, sacrifice. Send for data. J. Rider, Box 301, Prospect Heights, Ill. 60070,

HEATHKIT DX-60B, HG-10B, microphone, excellent condition, \$90 or best offer. WAØUOX, 710 Line St., Kirksville, Mo. 63501.

HALLICRAFTERS HT-32 and SX-101 Mark III. in xcint condx, very little use, both \$390.00. W4AVU. Phone a.c. (703)-293-5207 between 6 and 10 PM EST. FOR Sale: SB-500 for HW-100, \$150,00; SB-310 with all filters, \$210,00; EUW-20A, \$100; 395.4 KHz filter, \$10, or first best offers. J. Taschetta, RR 1, Box 11, Bridgman, Michigan 49106

HW-12 mint condition. \$88,00. L. Johnson, 2400 opeka. Kansas 6614.

Jams, Topeka, Kansas 6614, FOR Sale: F.M. Signal Generator 1-20 mc, gud condx, \$30: BC-221-T freq, meter, with manual and calibration book, new condx, \$80: Ameco 2-meter converter 7-11 i.f., xcint, \$15: BC-654A, \$10: Heath grid dip meter, fair, \$5: RCA 7-inch VTVM, xcint, \$30; audio oscillator, \$20: RF signal generator, \$15: Telrad xtal standard, \$15: Supreme 3-in, 'scope \$20: surplus aircraft transmitter, \$10; also many misc, components, Keith Knowlton, KIPH, Charlton City, Mass, 01508.

COLLEGE Expenses, must sell: NC-190 revr, \$150: Clega 22'er, \$160.00: both are in xclnt condx. Richard Eisenberg. WBZRFT. 920 Hewlett Dr., Valley Stream, L.I., NY, 11581. 4CX250B tubes, new, postpaid, \$21.00 pair, C. M. Pruett, Star Rte C. Flamingo Bay, Ft. Myers, Fla. 33901. SELL: Collins, Central Electronics, Monitor Radio. Heathslit, Henry Model 2K, and many more. Stamped envelope for list, Don't miss this fine gear surplus to my needs. Ted Valpey, W1ATP, P.O. Box 87, Mellen Street, Holliston, Mass, 01746.

Mass. 01/40.

32.S3 SN #11607 with matching power supply, all modifications with factory realignment, in mint condx. \$525. Mosley Classic 33, TR-33, 10 foot top section Rohn Tower with 40 foot each refor cable and RG-8/U \$130, Johnson 250w, Matchbox w/o bridge, \$40. Terms: freight collect, Cash, certified check, or money-order. Contact Ed Lauster, WAZMXW, Telephone 9 to 5: 867-8484, ext. 216, after 5 PM, a.c. (212)-HO5-3836.

SWAN 350 with 117-XC power supply, speaker, \$350. All in xclnt condx, original packing and manuals. Used little, never mobile. WBDXR, 933 Havensport Drive, Cincinnati, Ohio 45240. Tel. a.c. (513)-851-2919. SELL: Drake R.4 and T.4X with a.c. p/s and Clegg Zeuss with p/s/mod unit. Mall in xcint condx. \$750 F.0.b. River Forest, III. Art. WA910P, 811 Franklin. River Forest, III.

60305.

CYCLONE SR-400 xcvr P/S 500 a.c. Cost \$950. Will sell for \$599,95. Prefer local pick-up deal, or you pay shipping. Certified check. Ronald M. Nagata. W6ROZ. 1330 Curtis St., Berkeley. Calif. 94702. Tel: a.c. (415)-526-7345.

HW-22. \$70. Mobile supply, \$30. Nixie readout digital voltomm meter \$60: soild-state 80 and 40 meter c.w. xmtr with VFO. 30 watts input. Attractive cabinet. \$70: Heathkit vtm, \$25.00: Hallicrafters TO-9 keyer. \$40: Heathkit r.f. lab generator. \$30: Roberts 6900s stereo portable taperecorder, mike, a.c. supply, \$250.00. K7AZB/6, P/O. Box 252. Mountain View. Calif. 94040.

SELLING Cheap, Roing to college: Drake 2.C receiver with

252, Mountain View, Calif. 94040.

SELLING Cheap, Roing to college: Drake 2 C receiver with 2-CO speaker/Q multiplier; 2-NT transmitter; Hy-Gain 14AVO, \$150 takes the entire station, in perfect brand-new condx, with xtras, Larry Moss, 138-05 Cronston Avenue, Rockaway, N. Y. 11694. (NYC area): Tel: a.c. 2122-474-6155, SELL: 5" Heathkit oscilloscope, Model 0-3, \$28; also 3" RCA Mod. 1245, \$32. Both are in xcint condx. W2KWC, 31 Swing Lane, Levittown, Li., N.Y. 11756.

VIKING Invader 200, HQ-170A receiver, \$200 each, Will ship, O, G, McKinney, Ir., 403 So. Jefferson St., Lewisburg, West Virginia 24901. NCX5MK2 (mint), heavy duty a.c. power supply. Choice of NCXD or Elico 752 d.c. supply. All cables. Reluctance PTT mike. Hustler antenna 80 thru 10 coils. Best reasonable offer. Will deliver within 50 miles. W8GNN/5, Rtc #2. Mountain Home. Arkansas 72653.

Home. Arkansas 72653.

SWAN 500, homebrew p/s, VOX. Best offer: Ham-M rotator, 40 ft. 8 conductor cable, \$50: TA33SR 40 ft. RG/8-U, \$50: Heath Tweer, \$10: Homebrew 160 rts. 6146 final, \$10: homebrew 20-10 SSB xcitr, 61006 final, \$35: Gonset phone patch, \$10. WB2PWU, Ed Gerber, 48 Greystone Road, Rock-ville Centre, N.Y. 11570, Tel: a.c. (516)-766-5793.

WANTED: Collins S/Line Swan 250, Give are: Description. price. WA3HMQ, 301 Blacksmith Rd., Campbell, Penna, 17011.

SELL: Two Western Electric pushbutton telephones. One wall, one desk. HA-700 Lafayette general coverage receiver, All mint condx. First best offer. 379 Adams Ave.. West Hempstead. N.Y. 11552. Tel: a.c. (516)-489-5899. HALLICRAFTERS HT-40 xmir. Not a kit! New condx. \$50.00. A. Wilson, Box 392, Pineland Park, East Brewster, Cape Cod, Mass. 02640.

FREQUENCY Synthesizer, 10 KHz to 26 MHz in 10 Hz steps \$100. or first best offer Defunct storage 'scope with memotron tune, \$25.8 d figit solid-state frequency and period counter. Nixie readout, with manual: needs work—\$200. Other test equipment. Send SASE for list, Davco DR30. \$200. Rick Factor, WA2IKL, 30 W. 60th St.; NYC 10023.

HALLICRAFTERS SX-130 general coverage communications revr. With matching R-50 spkr. And manual. Used only 4 Months. Will accept reasonable trades, \$150.00. WN9BUR, Mike Moore, 918 Hunter, Wilmette, III. 60091. Tel: a.c. rcvr. Will Months. Will Moore Moore DX-pedition XYL approved? VP2M QTH, DeLuxe station. Universal power supply, 6-160 antennas, You supply transcerver. Beautiful house and karden overlooking Caribbean. Swimming pool. K Hollatz, VE3FHO, P.O. Box 1178. Elmira, Ontario P., Canada.

OSTS: October 1948-October 1968 complete run. Includes 6 OST binders (like new). Everything for \$25.00 F.o.b. Clifton, N.J. Bob Eckert. 133 East 7th St., Clifton, N.J. 07011.

OSTS 1922 to date, two copies missing. Bound new in N.J. Bob Eckert. 133 East (In St., Uniton, N.J., 0/011.

CSTS 1922 to date, two copies missing, Bound new, in original carton. Raytheon 4D32 tube. First best offer. Dean Reiss, WgEIK, 2418 6th St., Wausau, Wisconsin 54401.

HE-45B and VFO, excint: \$65.00: power supply B.B. \$5.00: 10-meter converter, old tubes. Call a.c. (5161-IV9-4295 for Peter, WBPAAA, 11 Woodview Road. West Hempstead, L.I., N.Y. 11551.

PERFFECT Condx: HT-37, \$190.00. Eico 'scope, \$25.00. W2TXV, Tel: a.c. (516)-676-4477.

W2TXV, 1ef; a.c. (516)-5/6-44/7, COMPLETE Station for sale, or individual components: DX-100B (10 fnr 160 M, 125 watt A./CW xmtr), Allied R-100 revr, Heath AM-2 s.w.r. meter, Hy-Gain 4-band trap dipole, Blitzbug, mike, antenna relay, coax, and all manuals, \$225,00 or first best offer takes all, Will not ship, sry, Write; W3RBK, Doug Spencer, 361 Castlewood Drive, Devon, Penna, 19333.

renna, 19433.

IOHNSON Viking Ranger transmitter/exciter, factory-wired, with Viking Matchbox coupler; \$100,00; National NC-98 receiver with speaker, \$50,00. All in very gud condx. Erich Kessler, Ex/K2GVU, Tel: a.c. (215-345-424].

NEW Electro-Voice #619KK dynamic mike, Prize, Factory sealed carton. Sells for \$30. My price \$20,00. plus shipping. W2JBL.

W.J.B.L.
SELL: 32S-1. 75S-1. 516F-2 and SM-1. \$700. 32V-1 and
\$5A-1. \$200: SRE-33. SB1-1.A and SB1-MIC. \$275: HA-1.
TO-Keyer, \$50: deluxe Vibro-Keyer, \$20: Deluxe Vibro-Reyer, S20: McElrov
Rug. \$20: Instructorgraph, \$15.00: BC-2211: Heath HM-110A,
\$25.00: Simpson 260, \$25.00: Eico 460, \$50.00: D-104 \$15.
Following \$10 each: E-V 910, Heath HM-11, Johnson 250-26.
Eico 352. Meissner 10-1154 analyst, Heath BE-3. Miscellaneous. Vernon Phillips, W7NPV, 523 West Babcock, Bozeman,
Montana 59715. COLLINS Mint condx. 75SI with noise-blanker: 32SI and 516F-2, \$775. Egbert, W@MMM/6, 17333 Tramonto, Pacific Palisades, California 90272, Business phone: a.c. (213)-399-93[1, ext. 3854,

OSTI, ext. 3854.

CHRISTIAN Ham Fellowship now organized for Christian hams who wish to fellowship with other Christian hams. Request free information how to witness to other hams. Christian Ham fallbook. Si donation, for free details Ham Ham ellowship, 5857 Lakeshore Drive, Holland, Michigan 49423.

FOR Sale: 2M FM Motorola "Dispatcher" xevr 12V with all aces, and mounts; cost \$595 all xistor, Sell for \$50, D-104 mike and stand, \$10, 2M or 6M FM modulator wbullt-in power supply 110 V. \$10, H12BA halo w/mast and coax, \$7.00. Will ship, WA2BOV.

\$7.00. Will ship. WA2BQV.

ANTIQUE 1926 RCA UV-199 type tube wanted, Must be in operating condx. W91QI, Robert Streeter, 4417 Hessen Cassel Road, Fort Wayne, Indiana 46806.

[M(BC221) frequency meter, unconverted, with original calibration book, \$40: prop pitch motor, WW2, small, \$40: (2) 4X250B new in sealed Eimac containers, \$20 each; 450TL, never used, in Eimac carton, \$35.00: 450TH, used, in gud condx, \$15.00: Dumont 241 'scope, in gud condx, \$45.00: xtal set, FT243, 120 xtals in 25 ke increments from 5675 to \$650 kc, \$25.00: Powersat, I KVA, 7.5A, 115VAC, \$8: Adjusta-A-Volt, 1500-B, 115V in, 0-135V out, 2KVA, 15 amps, \$20.00: Transtat, 95V-130V in, 115 V out, 9,5A, 1,1 KVA, 56.00: Variac 200C \$A, 115VAC, \$6. W6WZD, 182 Attento, Ave., Atherton, California 94025.

Ave. Atherton. California 94025.

FOR Sale: TS-186 freq. meter: 100-10.000 mcs, new, spares, Transit case. Calibr. book inc. optg. instrx. schematic: \$175; HQ-170AC (part of estate), used 10 hrs. spotless, Spkr; all \$200, STs: 1930-1968 run. Write wants or \$ASE for list. 25¢ ea. plus postage. CQs 1946-68 run. 20¢ ea. "Radio", "Audio Engarg", ARRL and W. Coast Handbooks. List savailable. Also: 60 tech manuals older surplus cept, any reasonable price for lot. List of 1400 RDz and TDZ xals, All separated, only in lots of 100, 10¢ etcl. E. Halton, W1QWU, Providence College, Providence, R.I. 02218. SELL: 4 BTV antenna with capacity hat new \$25.00. F. Rodio, Brooklyn, N.Y. 248-2293.

COLLINS 755-3B, 325-3. 516F-2. All absolutely in perfect condition. \$1000. KOAHO, 45 Green Meadow Park, Clear Lake, Iowa 50428.

COLLINS 8/Line absolutely mint condition, purchased Feb. 68, 75S-3B, 32S-3, 30L-1 & 516F2 all for \$1925.00; WA6JJE Lansing Wong, 1125 South Westmorteland Avenue, Los Angeles, Cal. 90006 Phone (Day) 387-7986, (Nite) 387-6642. WANTED: Drake 4-line or Collins KWM-2 complete station for MARS opn. Must be late serials, not abused and good cash price delivered Baltimore, Md. Rob Williams. W3BSE, 3003 Tadcaster Rd. 21228.

NEW Galaxy GT-50. Will consider your gear in trade. W4UHP, 1300 Milton Street, Clearwater, Florida 33516.

75A4 late number \$370.00, Heath SB101 with AC supply \$325.00, HO13 Ham Scan \$10.00, 40Ft.-Tri-Ex crank-up tower \$49.00, Globe King \$00B \$99.00 2 to 4 KV 100 mil. power supply kit \$49.00, Viking VFO \$10.00, Dr. W. F. O'Rourke, 102 East 23rd Street. Scottsbulft, Nebraska, 69361

KRAFT KP4-B, Lanier Cimet, Falcon 56, Foam-Glide I, all excellent and complete \$275. Roger T, Scagss, 615 Joe Morse Drive, Cooperas Cove, Texas 76522. Tel. 817-K17-2632.

FOR Sale: Heath SSB, HX-29 transmitter, HR-20 receiver and HP-20 power supply. \$150.00 Gonset 2-meter communicator GC105, 117VAC/12VDC, \$125.00. Regency FM monitor receiver MR-10B, 152-174 MHz. \$50.00 All F.O.B. Gil Voyles, 5103 Marshburn Avenue, Arcadia, California \$1006.

NCX-5 with NCX-A power supply and speaker: \$375. Central Electronics 200V: \$345. Dr. M. F. Hash W7YHS, 319 N 20th St., Billings, Montana 59101.

26th St., Billings, Montana 55101.

SELL: NC-303 with XCU-300 xtal cal, Eico 720, xmtr, Heath HG-10B VFO. Excellent condx/manuals. WB6YSB, 733 N. Palm, Upland, California 91786.

"HOSS trader Ed Moory" says if you don't buy your ham seat from him, you night pay too much! Shop around for your best price and then call the "Hoss" before you buy! New display equipment lactory stranty. Swan 350-C, \$419,00: F1X-400. \$489,00: B71 Lk-2000 linear, \$599,00: new \$B-34, \$359.00: "no first reasonable written offer will be refused on new late model Swan 500C and power spily." try me". New Rohn 50 ft. foldover tower prepad, \$189,00: New Mosley Classic 33 and Demo Ham-M Rotor, \$209,00: New Mosley Classic 33 and Demo Ham-M Rotor, \$209,00: New Mosley Classic 33 and 5179,00: Swan 500, \$339,00: "mint", 75A-4, \$359,00: "Ed Moory Wholesale Radio Company" Box 506, Dewitt, Arkansas 72042. Phone (501) 946-2820.

FOR Sale: Collins 75S-3B, excellent cond. \$325.00. John McFarlin. 929 E. Jones Street Apt. No. 45, Santa Maria, California 93454, Tele. 805-WAS-0257.

SELL: Collins 75A-3, \$215.00, and 32V-3, \$125.00, both recently aligned. Teletype model 19 with communication keyboard and table, \$125.00. All equipment in excellent condition. Buyer pick up, Wri e WZCMD.

DX60B, only 6 months old, \$70 postpaid, WAØYAK, Chan Skippy, Colome, So. Dak. 57528.

FOR Sale: Collins 74S-3 \$435, 32S-3 \$475, 516F-2 \$110, 512B-5 \$135, beautiful condition, original cartons, manuals and cables, \$1100 for package complete. Henry-2KD, 30 hours of use, \$500. WA4WAO, 1815 Forney Drive N.W., Hunts-ville, Ala. 35805: Tel. 205-534-5512.

DRAKE 2-C receiver, excellent condition, \$175 or best reasonable offer, John P, O'Banion, WB6WOF, 8929 Grovetree Way, Elk Grove, California 95624.

BEEN drafted: HT-37 \$195, very condition, HQ-170C needs work on 80 meters otherwise very good, Or? W. 711 N. Taylor Kirkwood, Mo. 63122, Tele, 314-96-52310. 0C, \$170. WØHBH,

HO200 matching speaker DX60B and HG10B yfo, all mint condition, excellent, used two weeks first \$260.00 takes. E. Braff W2HCH. 851 Jay Drive, Wantagh, N.Y., 11793.

COLLEGE: Must sell NCX-3, NCX-a, wood condx- \$190. Ranger I. clean- \$65. Gary Kaser WA8KME, 314 Birch Lane, Paw Paw, Mich. 49079.

FORCED to sell Hallicrafters S-108 \$85, S-85 \$75, SX-130 \$140, R-51 clock speaker \$25, National NC60C \$40, All in mint condition with manuals, moving to mobile home, Kenneth Bailey, 1261 East 35th Place, Gary, Indiana 46409 219-

887-3140.

SIX meters: Lafayette He-45B w/VFO, halo antenna, 100 ft. coax. Best offer. Steve. WB2UFN, phone 212-AX7-8435.

COLLINS 75S3, 32S1, 30L1, 516F2, 312B4 with cables, manuals, etc. \$1290 to clear estate. Will deliver anywhere in the southeast of midwest within reason. W8AZT, 6127 Southhampton Drive. Davion, Ohio 45459, Tele, (513) 434-1694.

SELL: Collins 32S-1. Performs like 32S-3. Modified by Henry Radio, 516F-2. AC supply and speaker in matching cabinet included \$42S, 75S-3 \$375. All for \$775. FOB. Wanted: 75S-3B with or without CW crystals. W6DQ, 8 Surrey Lane. Rolling Hills. California 90274.

QST'S thirty years complete, 1937 through 1966. Excellent condition, All in official ARRL binders. First best offer. Capt. W. A. Smith, W7WS-Route 6, Box 61B, Tucson, Arizona 85704.

WANTED: Johnson KW match box, Millen 90651 GDO, impedence bridge. State condx, age, min.price, All replies ans. C. Harrow, Box 505, Conway, N.H. 03818 WB4HQG/1, WB4AQG.

FOR Sale: Invader 200, mint, \$225. Heath HA-10 with 3B28's, all new tubes, Dow-Key 260B-2604, \$160, A. Reges, 6220 North Grand Avenue, Kansas City, Missouri 64118.

INSTRUCTION wanted for fee beginner in theory and code in Manhattan, N.Y.C. Eves. (212)724-1738. Mr. Edgar,

SELL: TBM-8 transmitter with modulator and power transformer. Make an offer, Chaminade Radio Club, W2JTZ, Jackson Avenue, Mineola, New York 11501.

SELL: Hallicrafter 2000 including power supply, little use, excellent \$1200.00 W4EOJ Gallant, 4411 No. Federal Hwy. Pompano Beach, Florida 33604.

WANTED: Central-Electronics 600-L. Prefer LA or San Dieso area. Charles Judson. WA6AIF, 10914 Ashton Avenue. Los Angeles, Ca. 90024 213-473-3187.

Angeles, Ca. 90024 213-473-3187,
TEST Equipment: HP524D counter \$495, HP400 DR vtvm \$45.,
Dumont 401 BR \$150., Tektronix RM 15 \$400. All equipment
in excellent condition. D. Gr. Wilson, W6GOT, 2036
Briarwood, Santa Maria, Ca. 93454 805-WA5-0754.
WANT/swap pre-1925 radios and tubes, Dick Sepic, 1945 East
Orange Grove Blvd., Pasadena, California 91104.
4-400 TUBES wanted, prefer new unopened, will consider
used tubes if output has not fallen off. Also need 0-200, 250,
ur 300 mmi vacuum variables, Will sell Knight 2 mtr. transceiver TR-108 with vfo like new, no scratches or dents, works
fine, with manuals \$75, WA4YFI, Bill Smitherman, Route 2,
East Bend, N.C. 27018.

KNIGHT TR-108 two meter transceiver; Hy-Gain two meter halo; Knight T-150A, AM-CW transmitter; WRI., Globe Scout 65B, AM-CW transmitter; Keyer and Brown BTL paddle, Rav Crawford, W4VRO, 7120 Kingsbury Cir., Tampa, Florida

SELL: Hallicrafters SX-101A in mint condition, \$190, WB2SFC, 134 Utterby Road, Malverne, N.Y. 11565, Tel. 516-593-7804.

RTTY gear—model 15, comm. keyboard and letters, sync., motor, 60 wpm and 75 wpm gears, floor standing case, pwr. supply, paper, excellent cond, \$100,00; model 14 typing toperi, with keyboard, case, sync., motor, tape, end-of-line indicator, excelent cond., \$75,00; model 14 TD sync., motor, excelent, \$25,00; prefer Northeast deal; W2CVR, Box 472, Schenectady, N.Y. L301, tone, 518-495-8754.

SELL: KWM-2 (Serial No, 13409), PM-2 (A-C Pwr. supply), and CC-2 (Samsonite carrying case). Excellent condition, All 10° \$725. Good package for portable applications. Confact WAIKAY, 15 Moraine Street, Belmont, Massachusetts 02179.

WAIKAY, 13 Moraine Street, Belmon, Massagnusetts 02172, CIROUNDED Grid filament chokes, 30 amps, \$4.00, Plate chokes 800 MA, \$2.00, PPUSA 48, William Deane, 8831 Sovereign Road, San Diego, California 92123.

WANTED-Drake R-4B and T-4XB, Joseph Nolin, Tel, Monday thru Thurs, evenings, a.c. (518) 399-8774, Scotta, N.Y.

TECHNICIAN: East growing, cable relegision company, needs

TECHNICIAN: Fast growing cable television company needs electronic technicians in several areas. If you are young, outdoors type, and have experience in trouble shooting and repair of transistorized amplifers, send complete resume or call Aurovideo Inc., 1380 Main Street, Waltham, Mass. 02154, 617-891-6748

SELL: Polycomm 62B. Excellent, \$150. Richard Stannard, 18 Circle Drive, RD1 Voorheesville, N.Y. 12186.

Circle Drive, RD1 Voorneesville, N,Y, 12186.
PREPARE for FCC exams, You need Posi-Check, Not a copy of anything, Original, expertly devised multiple-choice questions covering materials used in FCC exams, in the same form as FCC exams, with keyed answers, explanations, IBM wheets for self-testing, Over 300 questions and/or diagrams for each class. Each class complete in itself. Basic questions duplicated where they apply. General class \$3.50, Advanced class \$3.75, Extra class \$4.00. Third class postal prepaid, Add 32¢ per copy for first class mailing, 64 ¢ for airmail. Send check or money order to Posi-Check, P.O. Box 3564, Urbandale Station. Des Moines, Iowa 50322.
WANTED: Unaltered HRO-St., HRO-M or HRO-5. Prefer

WANTED: Unaltered HRO-Sr., HRO-M or HRO-5. Prefer pick-up deal, Ralph Sieloff W2WKR, 64 S. Cottage St., Valley Stream, N.Y. 11580.

SELL: \$30.00 each-Elco 720 transmitter, RCA WR-59A Sweep generator, Heathkit AJ-12 stereo tuner, Heathkit SA-2 stereo amplifier, Clough-Brengle 79B Audio generator, \$90.00, Hammarlund HQ-110 receiver, WA9ZWY, 1414 Harvey Avenue, Berwyn, Illinois 60402.

VACATION: in Coronado, California, Will exchange large two bedroom apartment with TA-33 and 40 meter vee, near ocean, for OTH on west coast, Week to six months. K600, John Morris, 868 G. Ave., 92118.

FOR Sale: Collins 75A4, SN 2606—3,1 & 5 filters—\$350.00. Hallicrafters SSB/AM xmtr—HT 37, including new plate xfm -\$175.00. National NC 109 revr, all band, FB novice—\$75.00. Heath HO-10 monitor scope—\$35.00. All above equipment is glean and in sood working order. Lila Howard, WA2JIO clean and in 516-FL4-2046,

CÓLLINS 5154, \$600.00., NCX-3 AC.DC supply, \$240.00., Heath Keyer, \$30.00., 9524 Venier Knob, \$25.00., Collins 302C3 wattmeter, \$80.00., 516F2 transformer (used) \$22.50., Bird dummy load 100-1000mc, \$30.00. Items FOB. James Zimmerman, KØARV, 2925 Wildwood Court, N.E., Cedar Rapids, lowa 52402.

WANTED: Collins 75S-3, 32S-1 or 32S-3, 312B-4, 516F-2. Hallicratters XX-117, HT-44 combo. All must be mint with magnuals. WA6JWK/4, 2304 N. Florida Street, Arlington, Va..

SWAN 350 little use, excelent, homebrew ps \$275. Robert Fortman, 65 Aleta Drive, Rochester, N.Y. 14623. BECKMAN eput meter 5310; transistorized; operates to 200 Ke, \$195.00. Other units available. Parts, Sundtek, 131 Allen Ave., Springfield, Oregon 97477.

Ave., Springfield, Oregon 97477.

HEATH DX-40 - \$25. Lafayette HE-80 - \$70, Ameco nuvistor 2M converter \$30. 2M big wheel - \$5. Stephen Slavsky, WB271E. 83-60 118th Street, Kew Gardens, N.Y. 11415.

OST'S 1032 to date CO's '61 thru' percent 25¢ each SASE for list TA-36 beam fine condition make offer cash and carry. Bob Rowe W1AOW/WA31PK, Hillside Road, RD No. 1, Mechanicsburg, Penna. 17055.

SB-301 w/cw filter, SB-401 w/all xtals, \$519,00. Model 19 in excellent cond. w'table, tape, paper, p/s, and model 2B strip printer thrown in: \$199, Pickup preferred, K3MNJ, 8361 Langdon, Phila., Penna. 19152.

RRA revr w. p/s 115-600KHz) - \$55. RAL revr (.3-23 MHz) - \$99. RBS revr (2-20 MHZ - \$47. RBO revr (.5-1.6, 5-15 MHz) - \$28. TCS xmtr - \$27. BC-1000 FM xevr (40-48 MHz) - \$24. Prefer pickup, Grattan Gray, 636 Hollywood, Monroe, Mich. 48161.

48161.

CRYSTALS Airmailed: Novice 03% all bands any frequency \$1.50, Fast service from Mid-America. MARS. Marine. SSB. Nets. CD. Custom finished etch stabilized FT-243.01% any kilocycle or fraction. 3500 to 8600 \$1.90, titse or more this range \$1.75, (nets. ten same frequency \$1.45), 1700-3499 and \$601-30.000 \$2.95, overtones above 10.000, 10.000 to 13.500 kindamentals \$2.95. Add 506 cach for .005% Add 75¢ for Handbook—other construction articles, Be specific. Free order-bulletin. Crystals since 1933. Airmailing 10¢ crystals, surface 6¢ C-W Crystals, Marshfield. Missouri 65706.

YDFO recording tape—I inch—\$10.00, FICO resistance-canaitance-compartor bridge—model 950B, \$12.00. WB2GKF, Stan Nazimek, 506 Mount Prospect Avenue, Clifton. New Jersey 07012.

NATIONAL NCX3 w/mtchg NCXA p/s like new, 100 water into Waters load, \$195, F.O.B., Telrex 3/cle 20M heam \$75 F.O.B., Swan MkII amplifier (warranty card) \$540 F.O.B. WA6NGA, 2706 Portobello Drive, Torrance, California 90503.

FOR Sale: Lafavette HA-460 6 meter AM transceiver, 20 watts, built-in vfo and ac/dc supplies. Excellent condition, Hallicrafters S-38D receiver, Best reasonable offer, Spicer, K8HJM, 334 N. Miami Street, Trenton, Ohio 45067,

GALAXY V MK II. power supply with speaker cabinet, c.w. filter, and calib. First reasonable offer takes it. David Heinsohn. WASLUM, 937 Deerwood Drive, Dallas, Texas 75232. sohn. WASLUM, 937 Deerwood Drive, Dallas, Texas 75232. HALLICRAFTERS SR-400 xcv and P-500 ac power/speaker, \$649; SX-117 receiver, \$215; Heath 2cr, \$29; OF-1 O-multiplier, \$5; Eico 710 grid dipper, \$29; unused Harman-Kerdon MX-20 multiplex adapter, \$19; 4X1504\* \$5; 4K250K\*s, \$17; Gardiner code machine and ten tapes, \$15; Bill Bode, 13241 Eton Place, Santa Ana, California 92705.

NATIONAL NCX-500, \$325.00; ac supply \$85.00, never used, brand new, factory sealed cartons, warranted, "Chick" Whiteley, W4TKX, 2806 Cornwallis Drive, Greensboro, N.C. 27408; call 919-292-1350.

CROWDED shack! Must clean up excess TV-RTTY-FAX, VHF/UHF/SSB/FM gear, test equipment, linear, panadaptor, converters, wattmeter, antenna, Stamp for list, state interests. Want GR874 adaptors, W4API, Box 4095, Arlington, Virginia 22204.

COLLINS 5112 \$250, 310-B4 all band exciter 2E25 final, like new \$95, W3WXC, Richard Klein, 997 Warfield Lane, Huntingdon Valley, Penna, 19006.

6281 Collins Converter, Almost new in original carton. \$450.00. W5ROD 12311 Wood Manor, Dallas, Texas 75234. OST's 1933 to 1968 excellent condition. Best offer over \$125. W2DVH 61-58 71st Street, Middle Village, L.I. N.Y.

DISCOUNTS: L. A. Amateur Radio Sales, 20% off list on TH6DXX or CL33 W/Ham-M RG8/U 10/ft, RG58U .05/ft, GD-104 mike, \$28; Drake T4XB, \$375; R4B, \$355, GSB201 MK II 2KW. \$339; BTI LK2000 reg \$795 "Display" \$699; Swan 500C, \$485; MK II linear, \$589, Prices f.o.b. Send s.a.s.e., for used equipment list/quotes. 24214 Crenshaw Blvd., Torrance, Calif. 90503

Calif. 90503

MUST Sell for college expenses: Valiant I, \$130.00; SX-11 receiver, \$140; HT-40 transmitter, \$50 or your offer, WA2APC, 27 Hearle Dr., Pequannock, N.J. 07440.

WIKO in new OTH, hafta sell: Mint condx NCX-5 with a.c. supply, \$425,00. NCL-2000, new matched 8122's, \$395, Vikings 500, mint condx, \$295. Harold Greene, 211 Circuit, Hanover, Mass. 02339, Tel: a.c. (617)-878-1256.

HOME on half acre lot in New York includes 40 ft. E-Z way tower, rotor and TA-33 Jr and 66-ft. dipole. Two bedrooms, two baths. Hamshack may serve as third bedroom, beasement, oreezeway and attached garage. Beautiful brook in rear of lot, Fifteen miles Buffalo, ten miles UB campus, Unper 20's, M. I. Chriswell, W2RUN, Box 79, Clarence Ctr., N.Y. 14032.

TOROIDS 88 and 44 mhy. center-tapped, never potted, 5/\$2.00 postpaid. Model 32KSR 60 or 100 speed page printer, little used. \$200. Model 19 set. \$95. FRXD10 14 typing reperforator—TD combination. \$25. 11/16" oiled tane. \$37box/10 or \$10/case/40. Tape winders tsync motor), \$6.00; facsimile (12 x 19, 250 sheets), \$4.00. Heath Seneca, \$110; facsimile 40.00 facs 110. New Clesg 66:r. \$150.00 RCA CV-57URR Terminal unit, \$120. Wanted: Ham-Mrotator, stamp for list, Van. W2DLT, 302Z Passaic, Stirling. N.1. 07980.

rotator, stantp tor the stainless, brass, bronzes, threaded hardware for Antenna-Towers-Equipment building. Indoors-Outdoors! Antenna, guying, accessories. Boom mount, Lists—dime! Walt, W8BLR, Ham Hardware Headquarters, 29716 Briarbank, Southfield, Michigan 48075.

Briarbank, Southfield, Michigan 48075.

MUST Sell for college expenses: Drake TR-4 transceiver, sower supply, and speaker shipped prevaid to the buyer, \$500. Transceiver is one year old, SX-117 receiver in excellent condition. One owner, Complete with 10 MHz WWV crystal, Shipped prepaid, Price, \$200. All payments should be cashiers check or money-order, Martin Mitchell, 2128-70th Street, Lubbock, Texas 79412.

HW-12, \$75.00; HQ-100AC, \$95.00; T-60, \$29.00. all f.o.b. Skokie, Illinois, Brian McCuair, 5056 Jarvis, Skokie, Ill. 60076. Tel: a.c. (312)-674-5033, FOR Sale: Hammarlund HQ-129X, FB condx, general coverage rev., \$65.00. Ameco 15-watt xmtr, c.w. \$8.00. Phone a.c. (516)-269-9818, Joho, WBZSBA.

FOR Safe: Mosley TA33SR beam \$69.00. AR22 rotator \$20.00. NC. HR050T revr, \$125.00. Johnson Ranger \$85.00. All Al. K9HQC, Lawrence Van Someren, Baldwin, Wisconsin \$4002.

WANTED: Mint 80-10 linear, HW32, Heath 3" scope, Ameco PT preamp, Sell: 90 ft. heavy duty tower. Give full particulars, K3WIU, Waymart, Pa. 18472,

Ameeo PT preamp. Sell: 90 ft. heavy duty tower. Give full particulars. K3WIU. Waymart. Pa. 18472.

KLEINSCHMIDT keyboards that can be used to build the Touchcoder II keyer (July 1969 "OST"). Complete with cover-shield, manufacturer's drawings, control switches, harnesses, etc. Modernistic design, new in factory sealed cartons, \$10 each (shipped postage collect). Will Shepard, 12.000 Twin-Cedar Lane. Bowie. Maryland 20715.

GREAT Circle bearings to over 700 points, with return bearings, distances (miles or kilometers), zones, continents, competitive and time of the continents of the continents of the continents of the continent 
COLLINS transceiver 2-9MHz 95w an cw ARC-2 \$60. Jerry Malone, W1FNZ, 27 Maple, Cambridge, Massachusetts 02139.

SELL: HQ-145X rcv'r like new, with cover, manual, original carton. Best offer over \$145.00. Tel: AC (215) 259-8986 after 6:00 P.M. Weekdays or write Rev. Richard F. Hall, 22 S. Springfield Rd. Apt. 2-C, Clifton Heights. Pa. 19018.

HALLICRAFTER SR150 complete with ACPS 150-120, DCPS 150-12, rack MR-150, new condition \$450.00. Mini-products C4 coax antenna \$21.50. \$60 ft, roll RG/62U, \$14.00. Amphenol 865 Commander Colorbar generator, new, \$100.00. Williams, Apt. 802, 9060 Palisade Avenue, North Bergen, N.J. 07047.

N.J. 07047.

DX'ers: Custom built Cushcraft 4 element 20 mtr. beam, 30 ft. boom, 10 DB gain, weight 65 lbs, 10 months old mint condx, no shipping. \$75.00. Wanted: Mosley S-402 2 element 40 mtr. beam, state condition, W9HOG, 703 Huntington. Schaumburg. Ill. 60172. Phone: 312-894-1328.

FOR Sale: Swan 500 C. 117 xc power supply, \$510. This equipment used very little and is mint condition. K9LWA, Robert White. 2540 Birch Drive, Richmond, Indiana 47374.

HEATHKIT SB-620 "Scanalzer," factory aligned, all 1.F. frequencies including Swan 5174 KHz. Excellent, \$100. Excellent. Both have manuals. K6ATS 'Hardy,' 238 4th Ave.. Chula Vista, Calif. 92010. a.c. 714-420-4478.

COUNTER, 100kc, Berkley, eput, model 7150BDK, excellent condition, \$2000 test like.

AVE., Chula Visla, Calif. 92010. a.c. 714-420-4448.

COUNTER, 100kc, Berkley, eput, model 7150BDK, excellent condition. \$200. John Link. 1081 Aron St., Cocoa, Fla. 32922.

SELL: 8 tube, RT159B/URC4 walkie talkies, 121.5 and 243 mc. 2 complete units, 2 without tubes, 1 for spare parts. Can be converted to 6, 2, 1¼ meters, Will supply necessary references etc. Best offer takes all. WA8FSF, R. Schultz, Rt. 2, Chesaning, 48616.

ATTENTION DX. We are Collins distributors with warranty repair and complete export facilities. Write for best trades, quotes on Collins, other equipment, new and used, all items guaranteed. GECC, Bankamericard, prices fob Houston, Madison Electronics, 1508 McKinney, Houston, Texas 77002. (713) 224-2668.

WANT RCA 852—204A, etc. Also any Taylor transmitting tubes. Defective or open filament OK. 2 KW P.E.P. solid-state power, supply: 2700-3000 v, output. 115V or 230 V primary. 7x12° chassis; similar to Handbook or Bandit 2000C supply: 340. F.o.b. Winona, Minn. Martin Peterson. 1311-W. 5th. EICO 667 tube and transistor tester, 880: Whippany Labs L'I Lulu 6-meter xmtr, \$70: RCA 450 MHz FM equipment: CSU15C base station, \$145.00; CMU15A, \$60. Both complete cables, mikes. etc. W2CILL, RFD 1. Box 28R, Flanders. N.J. 07836. FOR Sale: Ranger and H0-140X with Central Electronics O-Mult. plus all my equipment: \$175.00. Local area deal only. Call Al, at 645-0002. 1718 Ave T, Bklyn, NY 11228.

WANT Receivers. SX-88. N C-183D, BC-779. SP-600 LF, NC-400. Must operate perfectly. No modifications, clean, no junk, California 95405.

SELLING: Complete station. Gonset GSB-100, \$75: Swan Mark

California 95405.

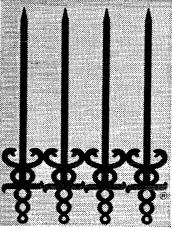
SELLING: Complete station. Gonset GSB-100, \$75; Swan Mark II linear and power supply, \$395; NCX-3 and power supply (NCXA-AC), \$135; ACX-2 CO; 2AC, and 2NB, \$145; Drake MN-2000 (new), \$15; Heath SB-100 and Adcom power supply, \$295,000 Money orders and cashier's checks will be the only type of payment accepted. John Bennott. 1821-Ave. M, Lubbock. Texas 79401.

HEATHKIT DX-20, 11 vrs storage, in mint condx w/manual, crystals. balun, \$39.00. Drake 2-A receiver in excint condx, w/code records, key, oscillator, manual; \$139.00. K6RMM, 491945 Gloria Ave., Encino, Calif. 91316.

MUST Sell: Hammarlund HO-110-C built-in clock, O-multiplier.

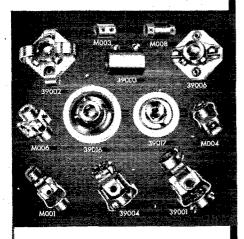
MUST Sell: Hammarlund HO-110-C built-in clock, Q-multiplier, crystal calibrator, mint condx, \$85.00 or first best offer. Cliff Kreifels, WAØRSG, 2110-25th St., Columbus, Nebr., 68601.
WANTED: Variac controlled—rack mounting 2000V 500 ma. p/s. K2ARO, Edna Drive, Hyde Park, N.Y. 12538.

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#### Index of Advertisers

Amateur Electronic Supply Co AMECO a division of Aerotron, Inc. American Radio Relay League	122 130 5
Binders Emblers License Manual Amendership Publications Amidon Associates Arrow Electronics, inc.	142 134 110 149 150 134 137
Barry Electronics. Bilada Manufacturing Co. Brown Brothers Machine Co. B.T.I. Amateur Division (Hafstrom)	147 142 146 124
Clegg Associates, E. T. Cleveland Institute of Electronics. Collins Radio Co. Communication Associates, Inc. Crystek. Cubex Co.	141 112 133 148 132
Dames Co., Theodore E. Design Industries, Inc. Digl-Key Dow-Key Co., Inc., The Drake Co., R. L.	134 146 149 148 159
RIMAC a division of varian	106 139 1 136 126
Fair Radio Sales Funk, Ronald L.	138 140
Galaxy Electronics. Globe Plotter. Goodheart Co., Inc., R. E. Gotham.	115 136 144 117
HAL Devices. Cov. Hallicrafters Co. Cov. Hammarium Mfg., Co., Inc. Ham Radio Center. Harrison Radio Hatry Electronics Heath Co., The Heath Co., The Heath Co., The Henry Radio Stores Hotel Beachcomber Hunter Sales, Inc.	138 7. II 136 160 128 111 135 138 132
Instructograph, Co., inc	146 7
J-J Electronics. Jan Crystals.	136 124
	124
J-J Electronics. Jan Crystals. Lefevette Regio Floetronics Corp.	124
J-J Electronics. Jan Crystals.  Lafayette Radio Electronics Corp. Lampkin Laboratories, Inc. Lattin Radio Labs. Linear Systems, Inc.  Millen Mfx. Co., inc., James.	124 118 139 141 127 158
J-J Electronics. Jan Crystals.  Lafayette Radio Electronics Corp. Lampkin Laboratories, Inc. Lattin Radio Labs. Linear Systems, Inc.  Millen Mfg., Co., Inc., James. Mini-Products, Inc.	124 118 139 141 127 158 122 123
J-J Electronics. Jan Crystals.  Lafayette Radio Electronics Corp. Lampkin Laboratories, Inc. Lattin Radio Labs. Linear Systems, Inc.  Millen Mfg., Co., Inc., James. Mini-Products, Inc.  National Radio Co., Inc., National Radio Institute.  Omega-T Systems, Inc.  ORD, Inc.	124 118 139 141 127 158 122 123 126 139 150
J-J Electronics.  Jan Crystals.  Lafayette Radio Electronics Corp. Lampkin Laboratories, Inc.  Lattin Radio Labs. Linear Systems, Inc.  Millen Mfg., Co., Inc., James. Minl-Products, Inc.  National Radio Co., Inc., National Radio Co., Inc., National Radio Institute.  Omega-T Systems, Inc.	124 118 139 141 127 158 122 123 126 139 150 134 148 145
J-J Electronics Jan Crystals.  Lafayette Radio Electronics Corp Lampkin Laboratorics, Inc Lattin Radio Labs Littin Radio Labs Littin Radio Labs Littin Radio Labs Littin Radio Labs Millen Mfg., Co., Inc., James Millen Mfg., Co., Inc., James Millen Products, Inc Mational Radio Co., Inc., National Radio Co., Inc., National Radio Institute.  Omega-T Systems, Inc. ORD, Inc. Pennwood Numechron Co. Pickering Radio Co., 147, Poly Paks.  Radio Officers Union Radio Shop, Lab 1. RCA Electronics Components and Devices. Cov	124 118 139 141 127 158 122 123 126 139 150 134 148 145 149 11V
J-J Electronics Jan Crystals.  Lafayette Radio Electronics Corp Lampkin Laboratorics, Inc Lattin Radio Labs Linear Systems, Inc  Millen Mfg., Co., Inc., James Minl-Products, Inc. National Radio Co., Inc., National Radio Co., Inc., National Radio Institute.  Omega-T Systems, Inc. ORD, Inc. Pennwood Numechron Co. Pickering Radio Co., 147, Poly Paks.  Radio Officers Union Radio Shop, Lab 1 RCA Electronics Components and Devices Cov Rohn Mfg., Co.  Sams & Co., Howard M. Savoy Electronics, Inc. Signal One Spectronics. Spectronics.	124 118 139 127 158 122 123 126 139 150 134 148 148 149 149 141 143 143 143 143 144 143 144 144 144
J-J Electronics Jan Crystals.  Jan Crystals.  Jafayette Radio Electronics Corp.  Lampkin Laboratorics, Inc.  Lattin Radio Labs.  Lattin Radio Labs.  Lattin Radio Labs.  Lattin Radio Labs.  Ji99,  Limear Systems, Inc.  Millen Mgc, Co., Inc., James.  Minl-Products, Inc.  National Radio Co., Inc.,  National Radio Co., Inc.,  National Radio Institute.  Omega-T Systems, Inc.  ORD, Inc.  Pennwood Numechron Co.  Pickering Radio Co., 147,  Poly Paks.  Radio Officers Union.  Radio Shop, Lab 1.  RCA Electronics Components and Devices.  Cov Rohn Mig., Co.  Sams & Co., Howard M.  Sayoy Electronics, Inc.  Signal One  Skylane Products.  Spectrum International  Stoner Electronics Corp.  Telex Communication Engineering Labs.  Technical Materiel Corp.  Ten-Tec, Inc.  Trizger Electronics.	124 118 127 158 122 128 122 128 129 150 134 148 145 148 149 129 141 143 143 144 141 141 141 141 141 141
J-J Electronics Jan Crystals.  Lafayette Radio Electronics Corp Lampkin Laboratorics, Inc Lattin Radio Labs Linear Systems, Inc Millen Mig., Co., Inc., James Minl-Products, inc National Radio Co., Inc., National Radio Institute Omega-T Systems, Inc. ORD. Inc.  Pennwood Numechron Co. Pickering Radio Co., 147, Poly Paks.  Radio Officers Union Radio Shop, Lab 1 RCA Electronics Components and Devices Cov Rohn Mig., Co. Sams & Co. Howard M. Savoy Electronics, Inc. Signal One Skylane Products Spectrum International Stoner Electronics Co., Inc. Swan Electronics Corp.  Telrex Communication Engineering Labs Technical Materiel Corp Ten-Tec, Inc Trigger Electronics Tri-N Mig., Co. Unadiila Radion Products Universal Mig., Corp Vangorden Engineering Vangorden Engineering Vangorden Engineering	124 118 139 141 127 158 122 123 126 139 148 145 149 149 141 141 141 141 141 141 141 141
J-J Electronics Jan Crystals.  Jan Crystals.  Lafayette Radio Electronics Corp Lampkin Laboratorics, Inc.  Lampkin Laboratorics, Inc.  Lattin Radio Labs Lattin Radio Labs Millen Mig., Co., Inc., James.  Millen Mig., Co., Inc., Cander.  National Radio Co., Inc., Cander.  National Radio Institute.  Omega-T Systems, Inc., Corp.  Pennwood Numechron Co. Pickering Radio Co., 147, Poly Paks.  Radio Officers Union.  Radio Shop, Lab 1.  RCA Electronics Components and Devices. Cov Rohn Mig., Co.  Sams & Co., Howard M.  Savoy Electronics, Inc., Signal One.  Skylane Products. Spectrum International Stoner Electronics Co., Inc., Swan Electronics Corp.  Telrex Communication Engineering Labs. Technical Materiel Corp. Ten-Tec., Inc.  Trigger Electronics.  Tri-N Mig., Co.  Unadilla Radiation Products.  Universal Mig., Corp.	124 118 139 141 127 158 122 123 126 139 141 140 145 145 145 145 141 141 141 141 141 141



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The SPR-4 is a general purpose receiver which may be programmed to suit any interest: SWL, Amateur, Laboratory, Broadcast, Marine Radio, etc. Frequency Coverage: 150-500 KHz plus any (23) 500 KHz ranges between .500 and 30 MHz.

FEATURES: ● Linear dial with 1 KHz readout ● 4-pole crystal filter in first IF ● 4-pole LC filter in second IF ● Three bandwidths: 0.4 KHz, 2.4 KHz, and 4.8 KHz for: CW, SSB, AM ● AVC time constants opimized for each mode ● Superior cross-modulation and overload performance ● Power: 120 VAC, 220 VAC, and 12 VDC ● Crystals supplied for LW, standard broadcast and seven shortwave broadcast bands ● Built-in speaker ● Notch Filter.

ACCESSORIES: 100 Khz calibrator, noise blanker, transceive adapter (T-4XB), DC power cord, loop antenna, crystals for other ranges.

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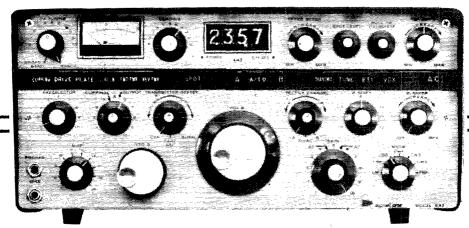
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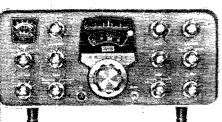
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• SB-110A covers 50 to 52 MHz with crystals supplied . . . total coverage 49.5 to 54 MHz . Same Heath Linear Master Oscillator as used in SB-101 for exact frequency control • Switch selection of Upper Sideband /Lower Sideband / CW • 180 watts PEP SSB input — 150 watts CW input • Features same high quality crystal lattice filter as used in Heath SB-101 • Operates PTT or VOX • Separate offset CW carrier crystal for pure, clean CW note • Automatic Level Control helps prevent overdriving and distortion • Automatic Noise Limiter • Built-in 100 kHz calibrator • Built-in Antenna Switching . One kHz dial calibrations bandspread equal to ten feet per megahertz • Three oscillator modes aid CW, cross-mode or split frequency — LMO-controlled transmit and receive, crystal-controlled transmit and receive and crystal-controlled transmit with variable-tuning receive . Fast, easy assembly Kit SB-110A, 6 M Transceiver, 23 lbs.....\$299.00\* HP-23A, AC Power Supply, 19 lbs...... \$51.95\*

PARTIAL SB-110A SPECIFICATIONS — RECEIVER SECTION: Sensitivity: 0.1 uv for 10 dB signal-plus-noise to noise ratio. Selectivity: 2.1 kHz @ 6 dB down, 5 kHz max. @ 60 dB down. Image rejection: 50 dB or better. IF rejection: 50 d8 or better. Audio output power: 1 watt. AGC characteristics: Audio output level varies less than 12 dB for 50 dB change of input signal level (0.5 uv to 150 uv). TRANSMITTER SECTION: DC power input: SSB, 180 watts PEP; CW, 150 watts. RF power output: SSB, 100 watts PEP, CW, 90 walts (50 ohm non-reactive load). Output impedance: 50 ohm nominal with not more than 2:1 SWR. Carrier suppression: 55 dB down from rated output. Unwanted sideband suppression: 55 dB down from rated output @ 1000 Hz & higher. Distortion products: 30 d8 down from rated PEP output. Hum & noise: 40 dB or better below rated carrier. Keying characteristics: VOX operated from keyed tone using grid-block keying. GENERAL: Frequency coverage: 49.5 to 54.0 MHz in 500 kHz segments (50.0 to 52.0 MHz with crystals supplied). Frequency selection: Built-in LMO or crystal control. Frequency stability: Less than 100 Hz drift per hour after 20 minutes warmup under normal ambient conditions. Less than 100 Hz drift for ±10% supply voltage variations. Dial Accuracy: Electrical, within 400 Hz on all band segments, after calibration at nearest 100 kHz point, Visual, within 200 Hz. Dial backlash: No more than 50 Hz. Calibration: Every 100 kHz. Power requirements: High voltage, +700 v. DC @ 250 ma. with 1% max. ripple. Low voltage, +250 v. DC @ 100 ma with .05% max. ripple. Bias voltage, —115v. DC @ 10 ma with .5% max. ripple. Filament voltage, 12.6 v. AC/DC @ 4.355 amps. Dimensions: 143%" W x 63%" H x 133%" D. ceiver that puts thousands of hams on 6 ... and the SB-500 — the new 2 meter Transverter that gives more sideband and CW capability on 2. Check the features and specs below ... and be convinced that when you go to the high bands, go with the SB gear from the Hams at Heath.

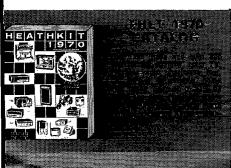
 SB-500 covers complete 2 meter amateur band when used with SB-110A having a full complement of crystals • Tunes 144 to 146 MHz when used with SB-101, SB-301 / SB-401 combination and HW-100 • 140 watts PEP input • 50 watts output for a really big signal on "two" • Highly sensitive receiver - 0.2 uV for 10 dB S+N/N for solid copy QSO's . Fast, easy, exact tuning . Uses a pair of inexpensive 6146's in ABI configuration in the final • Driving unit supplies final plate voltage ... all other operating voltages come from built-in, very stable supply — no extra outboard supply to buy . Supplies ALC voltage to driver to prevent flat-topping . Reliable, relay-controlled T/R switching . No cable changing necessary to go from lower band gear to 2-meters - internal relays do it all by just turning the SB-500 on . Built-in meter monitors plate current or relative power . Built-in 1 MHz crystal calibrator • SB-Series styling Kit SB-500, 2 M Transverter, 19 lbs.....\$179.95\*

Kit SB-600, Station Speaker, 6 lbs......\$19.95\*

SB-500 SPECIFICATIONS - RECEIVER - Sensitivity: 0.2 microvolt for

10 dB signal-plus-noise to noise ratio for SSB operation. Spurious Response: All are below 0.1 microvolt equivalent signal input, except at 145.390 MHz (50 MHz IF only). Antenna Input Impedance: 50 ohm unbalanced. TRANSMITTER - DC Power Input: 140 watts PEP. Power Output: 50 watts (50% duty cycle). Output Impedance: 50 ohm with less than 2:1 SWR. GENERAL - Frequency Range: Any 2 MHz Segment between 144 and 148 MHz into 50 MHz or 28 MHz tuned IF. Mode of Operation: SSB or CW only. Power Requirements: (1) 120/240 VAC, 50/60 Hz at 82 watts (internal). (2) 700 to 800 VDC at 200 mA (from driving unit). Fuse: 34 ampere slow-blow for 120 VAC (formerly 3AG); 1/2 ampere slowblow for 240 VAC. Front Panel Controls: Meter-calibrate switch, final tuning, off-on (function) switch, preselector, final loading, driver tuning. Chassis Controls: Relative power adjust & bias adjust. Rear Apron Connectors: RF output, ALC, linear relay, relay, drive, power plug, low f receiver, low f antenna, fuseholder. Tube Complement: 6CB6 transmitter mixer, 6CB6 crystal calibrator, 6DS4 receiver RF amplifier, 6DS4 receiver mixer, 12GN7 transmitter Rf amplifier, (2) 6146 final amplifiers, (types 6146A or 6146B may be directly substituted), 7059 heterodyne oscillatoramplifier, 8156 RF driver, OA2 voltage regulator. Diode Complement: 5 silicon diades, 750 mA, 500 PIV; 3 in power supply, 2 in ALC, 1 Germanium

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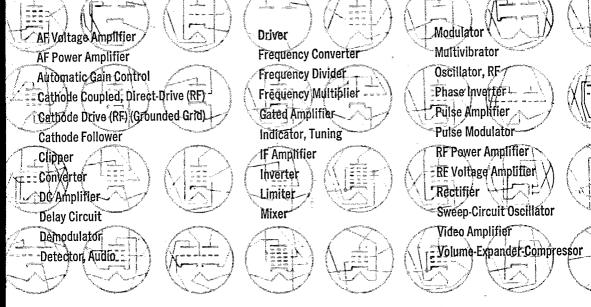
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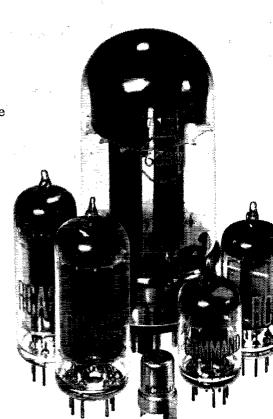
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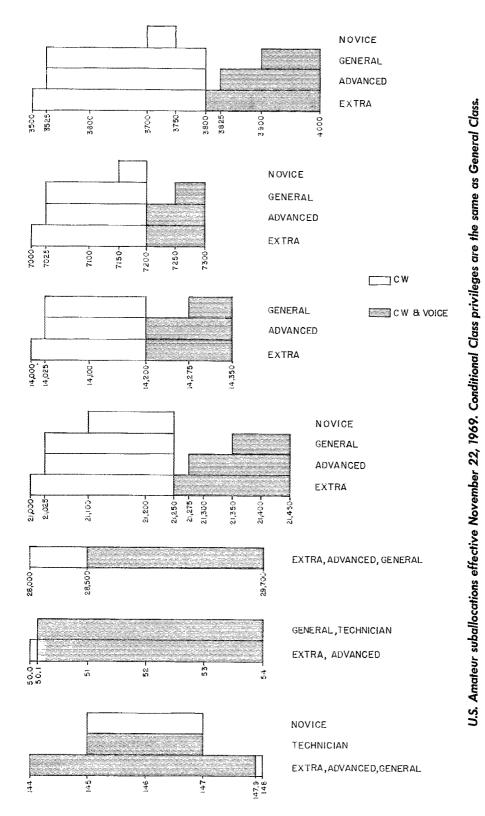
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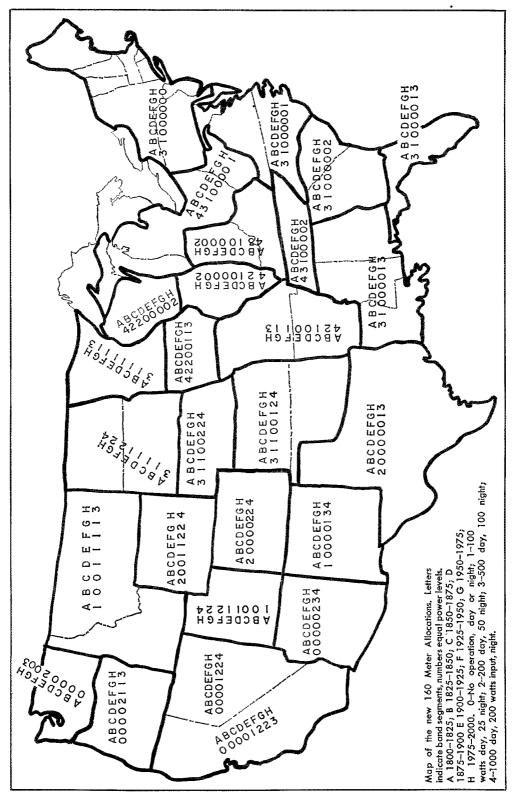
RCA Electronic Components, Harrison, N.J.







November 1969



64B